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THE MILITIA BALLOT IN BRITISH ARMY

Its Revival Would Mean Much To the Army Of The Great Empire

GREAT SOCIAL RESULTS WOULD FOLLOW

Better Soldiers and Better Officers Would Result from the Adoption of Lord Robert's Plan

London, Jan. 16.—The official spokesmen of the British Government have drawn attention to the militia ballot of a century ago as a system that will probably have to be developed again in the near future. To an eye-witness of many of the South African engagements and of the process of disillusionment that developed there the canvassing of such expedients comes like something expected.

Discontent with the standard of fitness which voluntary enlistment and a low rate of pay have furnished is the source of the militia ballot suggestion. Fears of an invasion of England by Napoleon I. in the beginning of the last century, when most of the British regiments of regular troops were on the Continent of Europe engaged with one or other of the great Revolutionary's marshals, led Parliament to pass an act by which the male population of serviceable age took the chance of the ballot to decide who were to be armed and enlisted for the defence of their country. These defenders were not needed, and the army was soon back on the sole basis of voluntary enlistment.

Fifty years later the scare of another possible invasion by the French brought forward the civilian volunteer movement which became popular and still endures. The men raised in this way were trained in their respective districts as volunteer battalions of the regular regiments whose depots are in their respective areas. All regiments of British infantry are named by territorial designation, but there has been absolutely no training together of volunteer and regular. Excepting only the adjutant, who is detached from his regular regiment to act as expert trainer, all volunteer officers are civilians. From these battalions isolated companies or details have been drafted out as volunteers to fill up spaces in the regular regiments, but they have gone out to strictly volunteer conditions and return to civilian life at the end of the war period for which they volunteered.

But this system, too, is condemned outright by Lord Roberts, Commander-in-Chief. After half a century's existence its mode of training is officially described as useless. The annual training time of the volunteers has been six weeks in the early summer—two drills of about two hours each twice a week and at the end of the period an inspection by the general officer commanding the military district.

If a volunteer battalion has organized a camp of a week's duration, with picket practice and practical field movements, it has again rested entirely with each man whether he would go or not.

Now Lord Roberts has stepped in and described the volunteer who has performed only the parades and drill ground evolutions as useless. His services are not to be accepted in future unless he can give much more time to camp training. The immediate effect he foresees will be the withdrawal of those who have regarded volunteering as merely a pastime.

This order, aiming at the sharpening up of the volunteer service, may be looked for to produce considerable social results. There has been very serious falling off in enlistment in the regular army; but along-side this the increase in the civilian volunteers has been very great in the past two years. Hitherto, practically every volunteer has qualified for the small grant made by the War Office for efficiency at the end of the period of training. With the much severer test now to be imposed it is inevitable that a considerable proportion of those who have hitherto passed muster will leave volunteering altogether, and Lord Roberts already contends that it would be better so, as he considers a certain number of fit men better as a fighting power than a great number who may know their drill and mechanical exercises but do not come up to his standard of fitness for the field.

It is nearly two years since the present writer saw a British Brigadier of Infantry free his mind on another branch of the British military system. It was in the first days of the fighting round Cronje's laager at Paardeberg. This General saw a scattered group lagging behind their advancing companies. He shouted at them, his features darkening with anger:

"You belong to my brigade! I know you! You are reservists! You know what I'd do to you!"

What were his objections to reservists? They had served short terms, mostly five years, in the army and were liable to be called back for active service, most of them, for the next seven years. They were classed according to the period between their leaving the colors and the date when they were entitled to their full discharge from military liability. As the pay of a reservist is only a few shillings a week he must have civilian employment.

The reservist had by his circumstances usually to drop into the ranks of unskilled labor; he had usually married, and by leaving the army at his first opportunity of discharge he had classed himself as one for whom the army had not much fascination. For these and other reasons this General was against reservists. He said they were a damper on the enthusiasm of the young men; that they were growlers, too fond of comfort and worse than useless.

Possibly he was over-severe, but other officers who were doing their best made the same complaint. Some of them argued that the country would get better men if it gave this, too. He said: "The army cannot enter into competition with the labor market." And thus he got back to his commendation of conscription. As he is one of the few British commanders who has enhanced any military reputation in the present war and won promotion and is still in the prime of life it may be that his advice will have weight yet at headquarters.

As England's political ambitions continue along lines that may conflict with those of European Powers whose armies are raised by conscription the compulsion according to many of the officers whose experience has been in South Africa, will press upon her that they can be met only by forces raised by similar means.

Then assuredly the question of the training of officers themselves becomes paramount. It is not conceivable that a military system would last a week in which the rank and file were drawn by compulsion from a vigorous and progressive industrial community and the officers had the same training, or lack of training, which has been systematic hitherto.

It has not been suggested that men selected by ballot should be sent on long service to India or the other great stations abroad which have up to now furnished the best trained officers. Thus, the leavening of critical intelligence pressed into the home service which would afterward return to the civil community, and become part of the electorate would come into contact with the home-trained officer.

SOLDIERS FIGHT THEIR COMRADES

Force of Government Troops Have Encounter with Another Body

KILLED 18, AND WOUNDED 63

One Contingent of Troops Heard Firing and Concluded that They were Opposed by Rebels

New York, Jan. 16.—News of a serious mistake in which a force of Government troops fought another body of Government soldiers, thinking it was composed of Colombian revolutionists, has been brought to Colon, Colombia, by the Colombian warship General Pinson, cables the correspondent of The Herald at that place.

The mistake happened in the vicinity of Dibulla, near Rio Hacha, and it resulted in 18 men being killed and 63 wounded.

Captain Merritt, of the General Pinson, says that that vessel landed 400 men in Dibulla to drive back the insurgents. The revolutionists retreated toward Rio Hacha, when the Government troops advanced. It was decided to divide the Government force into two bodies in order to capture the rebels. One of these met the rebels and after a sharp engagement the insurgents retreated. The other body of Government troops then came up, having heard the firing, and the mistake followed. Thinking that it was opposed by rebels, each force started firing. The fight was kept up for four hours, when General Palisco discovered the mistake, and stopped the battle, which had been evenly contested.

SMALLPOX PEST ALARMS LONDON

The Epidemic Spreading in Almost Every Direction

MAY SWEEP THE WHOLE WORLD

Merchants Fear Coronation Visitors Will be Few—Smallpox Breaks Out in Widely Separated Districts

London, Jan. 16.—Great Britain, and especially London, is in the throes of a serious smallpox epidemic. What alarms the authorities most is that the scourge is not confined to any districts, but appears in virulent form in the most widely separated places.

On all sides in the United Kingdom extensive and alarming precautions are on foot to deal with the unprecedented outbreak. The total number of smallpox cases in London now only amounts to about 900, but the cases are so scattered that they create the greatest anxiety. Merchants in the capital fear that it will greatly diminish the number of visitors at the coming coronation of King Edward.

The manager of one of the largest trans-Atlantic lines was asked to-day if he expected an unusual number of Americans to be present in London at the time of the coronation of King Edward. He said: "No. By May, I fear, we shall have such a smallpox scare and epidemic that London will be in quarantine when King Edward is crowned."

ORDERED VACCINATED.

That this is by no means a pessimistic forecast is evidenced by the fact that the line referred to began this week to have the crews of its ships vaccinated prior to leaving London for New York. Other lines are following its example, fearing that any day the American authorities may place London ships under an embargo on account of smallpox.

Medical men point out that the danger lies not so much in the proportion to the population as in the proportion to the usual smallpox figures of the metropolis, which generally scarcely amount to a score per annum.

London's laboratories are all phenomenally busy in turning out lymph, thousands of tubes of which are daily supplied, but even so the demand cannot be met. Almost all of the large firms are ordering their employees to be vaccinated. Corporations are appropriating sums for the erection of smallpox additions to the hospitals, while several steamers have been purchased in London for the accommodation of the present and expected patients. Expert opinion prophesies that the epidemic will not reach its height until May. The effect of such a condition of things on the coronation, international business and English trade is almost incalculable.

SCOURGE IN HISTORIC HOUSE.

One of the most serious phases of the epidemic in London is the appearance of the plague in the vast stately pile which stretches from the Strand to the Thames and is called Somerset house after Protector Somerset, who started to build a palace on the site in 1649 and had his head cut off before he could finish the work. Kings and queens lived there afterward.

The present building, which is about 150 years old, now shelters nearly 2,000 government clerks and is visited daily by a great stream of all sorts and conditions of people who want to deal with the audit office, the registrar general of births, marriages and deaths, inland revenue office and the probate registry.

It was in the last mentioned department that the trouble began and the authorities believe the germ of the disease was introduced in a will that had been drawn up by a smallpox victim. The fact calls attention to the danger probate clerks run continually from sickroom documents.

The disease has spread to the internal revenue department, and owing to the great number of people with whom the stricken clerks were thrown into contact before they became sufficiently ill to cause suspicion gives rise to alarm. It seems impossible to keep smallpox from spreading in London.

ANNUAL MEETING

The Peterboro Horticultural Society Meet on Wednesday Evening

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Horticultural Society, who have charge of the Victoria and Central parks held their annual meeting in the Council Chamber on Wednesday evening. A large number of those interested were present and received the report of the society for the year 1901, which was in every way a success. The horticultural exhibition which was held in September was not as great a success as it should have been. The entries were few in number but were of a better quality than previous years.

Referring to the parks the committee have had a very busy year, having taken charge of the Central park in addition to Victoria park, and have expended a large amount of money in making improvements. The Central park has been levelled and seeded and is now a credit to the society and the town. In Victoria park many improvements and repairs had been made making the park the more beautiful.

The financial statement was presented and showed a balance of $46.00 to the credit of the society.

After receiving the reports of the directors an the financial statement the following officers were elected:

President—Mr. Adam Hall, (re-elected.)

First Vice-President—Mr. Jas. Stevenson.

Second Vice-President—Mr. D. W. Dumble.

Directors—Hon. J. R. Stratton, Col. H. C. Rogers, Dr. Geo. Burnham and Messrs Jas. English, H. Nesbitt, F. Adams, T. B. Bradburn, W. H. Hill, T. A. S. Hay, A. L. Davis, Percy Hamilton and E. A. Peck.

Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. H. L. Beal.

Auditors—Messrs. T. A. S. Hay and A. Stevenson.

Mr. Beal was strongly commended for the very efficient way he had done his work last year, and he was re-elected with $10 added to his salary, making it $90.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

Messrs. W. H. Hill, Percy Hamilton, Jas. Stevenson, and H. Nesbitt were appointed as a park committee.

The prize list committee was appointed as follows:

Messrs. D. W. Dumble, (chairman), Percy Hamilton, T. A. S. Hay, and Alfred Saunders.

The President, Mr. Hill, and Dr. Burnham were appointed a committee to wait on the town council to ask for the annual grant.

Some suggestions were offered regarding the society's exhibition, at which it was thought that a good exhibit of ladies work would be a great inducement, also to have school children exhibit a plant which they had cared for themselves. The matter was left for the decision of the directors.

It was decided to ask the town council to appoint park commissioners, so that the society would have the protection of the law in case any person did wilful damage to any of their flower beds, shrubs, etc.

Mr. Hill spoke in the very highest terms of Mr. Cooney, who was caretaker of the parks for the past year. These sentiments were endorsed by those present.

INDIA TO CELEBRATE

King Edward's Coronation will be Observed There on Jan. 1, 1903.

London, Jan. 16.—An Allahabad despatch says that a gorgeous pageant is being prepared to be held on Jan. 1, 1903 at Delhi to celebrate King Edward's coronation. Lord Curzon, Viceroy of India, is arranging for the attendance of all the feudatory chiefs. There will be present a vast army of European and native troops, for whom a vast camp, covering miles, will be prepared.

It is expected that the Prince of Wales will represent the King. The function is destined to eclipse Viceroy Lytton's durbar when Queen Victoria was proclaimed Empress of India, and to outrival in splendor anything recorded. The Ameer of Afghanistan will be specially invited.

ITEMS OF NEWS BY CABLE AND LETTER

Greatest Fleet of Warships Ever Assembled at the Coronation

BIG NAVAL REVIEW TO BE HELD

Prince of Wales will Take Supreme Command of the Great Fleet of Warships on June 26th

London, Jan. 15.—The last vestige of the 966-ton four-masted Norwegian iron sailing ship Mersey, with her cargo of 1,400 tons of South American dyewood for the Yorkshire factories, sank beneath the Goodwin quicksands. She struck the sands, as already reported, early on Saturday morning nearly opposite Deal.

The crew were saved by the life boats but nothing could be done for the ship. A few hours' rolling on these shifting sands broke her back, then the sand began to swallow her piecemeal; hull and cargo sank foot by foot, until nothing but her masts stood up from the water. She had disappeared in three days, and left no trace.

Many a score of vessels had gone before her into these depths, but not often so rapidly. Sometimes a mast will stand for a long time, like the finger-post pointing the way to destruction. Thus the large sailing ship Hawkbank, wrecked in the same way and on the same spot, kept a mast standing until the recent gales washed it away.

Old tradition says that what is now the Goodwin Sands was once the fertile island called Lomea, in the possession of Earl Godwine. From him it passed to the abbey of St. Augustine at Canterbury. The sea always wanted it, and when the abbot, in the extremity of his piety, used the stones intended for the sea wall to build the steeple of Tenderden church, the sea got its chance and utilized it by swallowing the fair isle of Lomea. The final destruction was in 1099 the year before the death of William Rufus. But the sea had been gnawing at Lomea all through the century.

Now the sands are ten miles long, stretching north-east and south-west and one and a half to three miles broad. They lie opposite Sandwich and Deal, and the average distance from the mainland is five and a half miles. They form a natural breakwater to the Downs. At low tide in the summer time the sand is firm enough for cricket.

The deadliest day's work of the Goodwin Sands was on November 26, 1703, when thirteen men-of-war and 1,200 officers and men perished there.

The sands will hold neither lighthouse nor beacon, but there are four fine lightships and many buoys.

LIQUID FUEL IN THE NAVY.

London, Jan. 15.—Experiments to discover a means of making the consumption of oil possible in our warships are being vigorously pushed forward. During the past year various systems of burning liquid fuel have been tried on the torpedo-boat destroyer Surly at Portsmouth, but the experimental work is shortly to be moved to a wider stage and the battleships Mars and Hannibal and the cruiser Arrogant are to see what they can do to make the use of oil fuel practicable.

NO BED FOR SEVEN YEARS.

London, Jan. 15.—An old man named Charles Cheverton was charged at Chelmsford with sleeping in the stokehole of Ingatestone Church and being without visible means of subsistence. He appeared in the dock wearing a ragged overcoat fastened around the chest by a leather strap. The sum of 4s. 1d. was found on him, and it was stated that he lived by exciting public sympathy in his wretched appearance. The man admitted that he had not slept in a bed for 6 or 7 years, and was sentenced to 14 days' imprisonment.

London, Jan. 16.—Provisional arrangements are being made for the great naval review at Portsmouth, which promises to be one of the most notable spectacles of the Coronation.

The combined fleet (the greatest ever assembled) will anchor in four lines stretching from Horse Sand Fort, at the lower end of Spithead, to Cowes Roads, or beyond. The British portion of the fleet will comprise the Channel, Reserve and Cruiser Squadrons, together with a number of specially commissioned ships. It is proposed that the splendid cruiser Good Hope, the Cape Colony's gift to the Navy, should be given a place of honor in the lines.

At the head of the principal line of ships is to be moored H.M.S. London, which is now being completed for sea at Portsmouth. On this fine battleship the Prince of Wales on the day of the review will hoist his flag as Admiral of the United Kingdom, and take supreme command of the huge gathering of warships. His immediate subordinates will be Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom, and Admiral Sir E. R. Fremantle, Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom.

June 26 is the day proposed for the review, and the Prince of Wales is expected to fly his flag during that day only.

It is expected that every foreign naval power will be represented. If anchorage room can be found for the ships, the principal foreign powers may send squadrons.

The task of making arrangements for this naval pageant has been entrusted to Admiral Sir C. F. Hotham, the naval commander-in-chief at Portsmouth. In service circles it is stated that a military review, presumably at Aldershot, will also be included in the Coronation ceremonials.

ANCIENT IRISH RELICS.

London, Jan. 16.—An ancient Irish corrack, or canoe boat, has been discovered by workmen employed at turf cutting in a bog near Tuam, and the interesting object is to be despatched to-day to the Royal Museum at Dublin.

The corrack, which is in a good state of preservation, was found several feet below the surface. It measures 52 feet long, and the Great Southern and Western Railway Company provided a special double compartment for its conveyance to Dublin, where it will be placed among the other Celtic relics in the museum.

FRIVOLOUS CHURCH MUSIC.

Paris, Jan. 16.—The Bishop of Langres has published an energetic protest against the tendency of modern French religious music to become noisy and sensational. After invading the opera, this false art, as the bishop terms it, has forced its way into the sanctuary, and much of the music heard in the churches to-day is far from being church music. Even in the most serious solemnities it is not always serious airs that predominate, and more than once members of the laity have come away from funeral services profoundly scandalized by the unbecoming vaudeville-like airs.

DUTCH MONUMENT OVERTHROWN

Capetown, Jan. 16.—The Dutch Taal monument at Burghersdorp, erected some years ago to signalise the triumph of the Dutch language in Cape Colony, has been wrecked, and the headless body lies in the dust. The perpetrators of the act are unknown.

WARSHIPS KEPT IN READINESS

No Additional News Regarding the Critical Situation in Venezuela.

Washington, Jan. 16.—No additional advices concerning the critical political situation in Venezuela has been received here. The battleship Indiana is still at Curacao, under order to proceed to La Guayra, Venezuela, if requested to do so by Herbert W. Bowen, the United States Minister at Caracas. The Navy Department announced to-day that the stay of the North Atlantic squadron at Culebra Island, near Porto Rico, had been extended to Feb. 2. Should conditions in Venezuela change for the better by that time the squadron will then proceed to Guantanamo, Cuba, where, according to the changed itinerary of the squadron, it will arrive on Feb. 6.

DELAYS CESSION OF INDIES

Agitation of Danish Subjects Checks Sale of West Indies.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The agitation reported to have sprung up in Denmark in opposition to the transfer of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States has administered, in the opinion of the officials here, a check to the proposition which will operate indefinitely. Unfortunately for the project, it came at a time when the session practically had been arranged for; the treaty had been drawn and the Danish government had approved it informally when it was obliged to withhold action in the final stage by force of public sentiment. It is believed, however, that the work already done will not be a total loss. The subject will be allowed to rest undisturbed for a while to be reopened at an opportune moment.

Unnecessary to Suffer from Asthma

This distressing complaint can be perfectly cured by inhaling Catarrhozone a vegetable antiseptic that destroys the germs which cause the disease. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth from a convenient pocket inhaler, and after permeating the minutest air cells, is exhaled slowly through the nostrils. It stops the cough, makes breathing regular, and erradicates the Asthma so thoroughly from the system that it never returns, it will speedily cure you. Large outfit, $1.00. Small size, 25cents. Druggist or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

FRANCE FACES THE FIRE-EATER

Takes a High Hand With Troublesome Venezuela

FRENCH SUBJECT WRONGED

Deprived of Estates Which He Had Legally Obtained and Which France Will Restore

Paris, Jan. 16.—The European Governments are learning how to handle Venezuela and the puny but saucy South American States. The Federal Government has taken a high hand with Venezuela, and will make the troublesome Republic relax a little in its tyranny. A French subject has been wronged and France has sent a stern order to Venezuela to back down. It is expected that Venezuela will follow its usual custom and obey. All the South American fire-eating States need is firmness, and France is dealing with them after the most approved fashion.

This morning the Government cabled to Caracas, instructing the French Consul there to insist that M. Secrestat, who recently arrived at La Guayra on the French line steamer St. Laurent, from Bordeaux, be allowed to land. M. Secrestat, when he reached La Guayra, was on his way to Caracas, in order to protest there against the seizure of the estates of General Matos, the revolutionary leader, which had been legally leased to his father, a merchant of Bordeaux. He was prevented from landing by the Venezuelan authorities.

THE OTONABEE POWER CO.

The Wire for This Company Has Been Purchased

Mr. W. H. Meldrum, on behalf of the Otonabee Power Co., has placed an order through the Kingan Hardware Co., agents for the Dominion Wire Co., for forty tons of copper wire to be used in transmitting electric power from the power house at No. 5 dam to their various customers in town. About a month ago copper wire was selling at from 18 1-2 to 22c per pound, and the careful foresight and business ability of the management of the company, which was exercised in delaying the purchase until there was a drop in the price to 13 1-2c a pound, has resulted in the saving to the company of a large sum of money. Another large saving was made by the purchase of the plant from the Can. Gen. Electric Co., which was purchased at a lower price by $6,000 than any other similar plant in the country.

The work of stringing the wires will be commenced early in March, although three wires will be run from the Auburn Power Co. to No. 5 dam on Monday to supply power to the large pumps which are to be used in pumping water out of the wheel pits.

The wire purchased will be drawn by the Dominion Wire Company, and will be covered by the Canadian General Electric Co. of town.

WATER WORKS BY-LAW PASSED LAST NIGHT

Commissioners to be Elected by People to Take Charge of the Water Works System

MR. E. H. D. HALL APPOINTED TOWN SOLICITOR

For the Present Year at the Usual Salary of Five Hundred Dollars—Duties to Commence at Once

The Town Council held a short session in the Town Council Chamber last night for the purpose of dealing with the Waterworks Bylaw.

Those present were: Mayor Dane, Aldermen Batten, Clinkscale, Best, Rush, Turner, Morrison, Edgecumbe, Shortly, McGregor.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

ACCOUNTS.

The following account was received: J. E. A. Fitzgerald...... ....$7 00 —Referred to Finance Committee.

COMMUNICATIONS

From E. B. Edwards enclosing bylaw to fix the salary of the Waterworks Commissioners.—Received.

From Dan McCabe asking for the renewal of his bowling alley license at the same figure as last year.—Referred to License Committee.

From the Superintendent of the Ontario Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville, acknowledging receipt of application for Norman Kirk for admission to that institution and stating the terms on which he would be accepted.—Received.

Ald. Batten moved, seconded by Ald. Clinkscale, that the Mayor be authorized to issue certificate and the Town Treasurer be authorized to issue a cheque covering the expenses of transportation, etc., for Norman Kirk.—Carried.

From Wm. Taylor stating that he had paid the sum of thirty dollars for a pedlars' license, and asking the usual rebate of twenty dollars to a resident of the town.—Referred to License Committee.

Ald. Best moved, seconded by Ald. Batten that the bylaw relating to the purchase of the Peterborough Waterworks receive its final reading.—Carried.

The bylaw received its third reading and was passed and signed.

Ald. Rush moved, seconded by Ald. Shortly that the Finance Committee be authorized to issue debentures for the purchase of the waterworks at the sum of $2[illegible],000, and that the Committee be authorized to borrow that amount temporarily.—Carried.

Ald. McGregor moved, seconded by Ald. Turner, that the services of Mr. E. B. Edwards, as Town Solicitor be dispensed with from this date.—Carried.

Ald. McGregor moved, seconded by Ald. Best, that Mr. E. H. D. Hall be appointed Town Solicitor, for the present year at the usual salary of $500.—Carried.

Alderman Morrison drew the attention of the Council to the fact that a number of pedlars from outside places were canvassing the town to the detriment of the merchants.

Ald. Morrison moved, seconded by Ald. Clinkscale, that the pedlars from outside places be referred to the License Committee with power to act.—Carried.

An Alderman drew the attention of the Council to the fact that some hackmen in town had conveyed diphtheria patients to the hospital in their hacks and had used them for the purpose of driving people about town without any disinfectant being used. He said diphtheria was increasing in town and some steps should be taken to check it.—Referred to the Board of Health.

The Council adjourned.

WORTHLESS BONDS.

Warning Note by Provincial Auditor Respecting Municipal Servants' Securities

According to the report of Provincial Secretary Stratton just issued, the province has been blessed during the year with honest officials for in the opening paragraph he announces that there were no absconding municipal treasurers and no losses of importance in the form of deficits. From the statement of the auditor sufficient importance is not attached by the local auditors to the securities given for the responsibilities of county, township and other municipal treasurers. "There is reason to believe," he says, "that these securities are in many cases worthless, being improperly drawn out, cleaned or expired by effluxion of time." The auditor strongly urges schools, separate and public, as well as high school boards to use the cash books recommended by the government.

240 FILIPINOS SURRENDER

Col. Marisigan's Men Lay Down Their Arms—Sickness Among Employees

Manila, Jan. 16.—The rebel Colonel Marisigan, who yielded to Gen. Bell in Batangas province and received five days in which to collect his men and arms, has surrendered unconditionally, with 240 men armed with 219 rifles, in addition to numerous secret tax collectors.

The renegade priest who was with Col. Marisigan and who stole an image of the Virgin, which he used in extorting money and valuables from the superstitious, also came in and restored the image, an act which caused great rejoicing among the religious natives.

Gen. Bell has released all the prisoners except those who are accused of crimes.

Armed stragglers continue to surrender daily, and the western part of Batangas is completely cleared of insurgents. Col. Marisigan, whose force was the principal support of Gen. Malvar, considers that the latter has been so weakened by these surrenders that he is now incapable of causing any serious disturbance.

The rapid increase of sickness among civil employees led to a meeting to-day between the department chiefs and the Philippine Commission to discuss the matter. It was practically decided that hereafter all these employees are to have a half holiday on Saturdays.

DENMARK 'BACK DOWN.

All Negotiations for the Sale of Her West India Islands Have Come to an End

Washington, Jan. 16.—All negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indians to the United States have come to an end, the Danish Government having declined to proceed further.

Much indignation is felt in official circles over this outcome, as the Ministry at Copenhagen had agreed to all the terms of a convention for the transfer of the islands, which lacked only the signatures to make it complete.

The failure of the negotiations is attributed to the timidity of the new Liberal Ministry of Denmark, which, after having determined to dispose of Denmark's American possessions, became frightened over the agitation against the transfer.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs: Fair and decidedly cold at first, then moderating.

WEATHER NOTES.

A decidedly cold wave has moved into the Lake Superior Region from northward and much colder weather is indicated for Ontario and Quebec to-day, with zero temperatures in Northern localities. If, however, the prevailing temperature continues in the West the cold in Ontario is not likely to be lasting.

ANNUAL MEETING

West Peterborough Agricultural Society Met on Wednesday

The annual meeting of the West Peterborough Agricultural Society was held in the Town Council Chamber on Wednesday. A large number attended the meeting and took part in the discussion of different business matters. For some years past there has been considerable discussion as to the advisability of holding the exhibition for two days instead of three as has been customary. This subject was again brought up on Wednesday, but no definite action has been taken. After discussing general business the election of officers was held and resulted as follows:

President—F. H. Dobbin.

First Vice-President—G. W. Bennett.

Second Vice-President—Dawson Kennedy.

Directors—Messrs. T. M. Hunter, J. J. Turner, sr.; Thos. Hooper, sr.; R. J. Mackay, T. E. Bradburn, Robt. Vance, H. C. Garbutt, John Stothart, R. M. Leary.

Auditors—Messrs. Wm. Collins and J. R. Bell.

The Agricultural Society have joined the Poultry Association, and purchased 25 coops from the Petrolia Association.

It was decided to send two delegates to attend the meeting of the Fairs and Live Stock Association in Toronto on February 19 and 20. The delegates will be appointed at the first meeting of the exhibition board.

Sore Throat and Hoarseness

with their attendant dangers may be speedily averted and remedied by the use of Polson's Nerviline. Excellent to gargle with—ten times better than a mustard plaster, and more convenient for the outside. Nerviline penetrates the tissues instantly, soothes the pain allays inflammation, and cures sore throat and hoarseness simply because that's what it is made for. The large 25 cent bottle of Nerviline is unexcelled as a household liniment. It cures everything.

WEDDING BELLS

A quiet wedding took place Wednesday morning, when Miss Florence May, daughter of Mrs. R. L. Chapman, Johnston street, Kingston, was married to Capt. Thomas Donnelly, chief inspector of Lloyds. Rev. Prof. McComb D.D., Queen's University, officiated, assisted by Rev. John Mackie, M.A. of St. Andrew's Church. Mr. Edwin Moore assisted the bridegroom, and the Misses Pearl Clogg and Ruby Donnelly were the bridesmaids. The bride's wedding dress was of white brocaded silk, trimmed with chiffon and Duchesse lace; ornaments, pearls. Miss Clogg was dressed in pink organdie over pink silk, and Miss Donnelly was costumed in blue grenadine over white silk. The groom's present to the bride was a ring of diamonds and sapphires, and his presents to the bridesmaids were sunbursts of pearls. The traveling dress of the bride was brown broadcloth, with hat to match. After the wedding breakfast the newly married couple left for Detroit and Chicago.

The many friends of Captain Donnelly in Peterborough will join in hearty congratulations.

A Great Increasing Army

composed of men and women that spend heart and soul in the vain effort to overcome a lack of vigor in the body. To replace inertia by vigor, to make good, red blood that will build up the system, to have strong nerves, you must eat more, digest more, assimilate more. How can it be done? By using Ferrozone. It invigorates, strengthens, [illegible], magical health giving powers. Get Ferrozone to-day and make yourself strong and well.

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Dividend-Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Canada.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district a [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 17, 1902

A MUNICIPAL TELEPHONE.

The city of Glasgow seems determined to keep the lead in the municipal control of public franchises, and also in the general excellence of the services furnished. The telephone system installed and operated by the municipality is said to be the best and most efficient in operation at the present time. Full advantage has been taken of every invention and improvement available, and not only the central exchange and the house and office equipment, but the outside plant and all appurtenances are thoroughly modern. The central exchange, although capable of accommodating 12,000 subscribers, was laid out originally for only 10,000, and a multiple board of that capacity was designed and installed. The connections are so designed that the operators have no means of listening to conversation, and the privacy desired by subscribers is an accomplished fact. The system is so composed that there is no overhearing between line and line, and, as the operators cannot tap the line, the subscribers are assured against eavesdropping of every kind. Subscribers ring each other's bells, thus distributing over the whole city work which, if concentrated in the switchroom, would sensibly interfere with the rapidity of making connections.

In the central districts of the city the entire outside work is underground, the cable wires being taken through conduits, and the wires to offices and houses being carried under the pavements. The conduits are of three-inch cast-iron pipe. There are sufficient spacious manholes with ventilating covers and trapped drains connecting with the sewerage system. In the outlying parts of the city, although the underground conduits and cables are employed on all main routes, the wires to the houses of subscribers are strung on poles. These are all constructed with due regard for taste, safety and convenience. It is only a few months since the formal opening of the system, and the installation is not yet complete. But the work is going ahead rapidly, and the people are not obliged to sleep on their arms for fear some right will be encroached upon or some advantage will be secured in the interest of an enfranchised corporation. The object of every move is to give the public the best available service, and it will no doubt be fully accomplished. The perpetual bickering of corporate management is fortunately absent.

SUGGESTIONS FOR HOME BEAUTIFYING

The popular home art of mat and rug making is developing wonderfully in Canada since the introduction of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns. Some of these home productions are veritable gems of feminine skill; they are as handsome as imported rugs and wear much longer. Any lady with a stock of rags, pieces of cloth, flannel or yarns, dyed proper colors with Diamond Dyes, can, with one of the new designs in mats or rugs make up a floor ornament at small cost. The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q. will mail free to any address a full range of patterns to select from.

A summary method of reducing funeral expenses has been found in Hull, an enterprising British town. A municipal crematorium has been established where the cost of cremation including an urn to hold the ashes, is only a little more than $5. It would be still lower were not the price of coal and coke exceptionally high now. An epidemic of smallpox has been the direct influence in bringing about this reform, whose benefits, however, are likely to endure in a simplification of mortuary outlay.

Naked Greeks and Romans.

A TRAVELING correspondent of the "Argonaut" writes that one rainy day lately he met "Mr. Middle West" in the Louvre. He was seated, looking across the room at that beautiful picture, "La Gioconda."

"Sit down, I've got something to say," said he. I sat next to him. "I've had a relapse; I'm not feeling well today. I've just come up from the museum downstairs and I've seen the same nakedness there that I saw in Italy. I don't know whether it is on account of my nervous prostration that I cannot see straight, or have not mental veracity, as you say a great Englishman named Carlyle called the great quality of seeing things correctly; but, however that may be, I am sick and tired and utterly disgusted with the exposure of the naked human figure in Italy and France. In Italy you see these naked old Greeks and Romans everywhere—in the shops, museums, picture galleries. They are unfit for anything but the bathtub. Do you suppose that I will let my two young daughters see these things? Not for all the riches of the great State of Ohio would I do it. I gave a groan whenever I saw young American girls going through these museums and galleries. I never saw Italian, French, German or English girls—only American girls—looking at Jupiter as the swan and Leda, for instance.

"Now I am sitting here looking at that lovely Joconda, dressed nearly up to the neck, with her charming smile and interesting face. That's all I want to see of a woman, or a man—the face. Ralf Stanzio painted one picture of a woman, not a Madonna, dressed up to the neck; La Fornarina, she was a bakeresse the guide told me. He loved her; think of loving a woman who stood all day in front of a roaring furnace, baking bread, in hot summery Italy. He painted another one of her showing her—well, not dressed up to the neck. But my wife says I must not talk of such things. I have seen five thousand such naked ladies in Italy—of course I mean in pictures and statues—and I'm tired of them. I prefer looking at cow or horse pictures. It rests me.

"But isn't that Joconde picture a beauty! That's the way to paint men and women, dressed up to the neck. When I see naked pictures in a man's house, I think there's a coarse streak running through him. When I see them in a woman's house—it disgusts me. When I get back to Chicago I am going to send five thousand nightshirts to the Italian Government as a present, to cover the naked statues, and I am going to give them my pyjamas, too—that new-fangled scheme my wife makes me wear. She says they are fashionable. What's the use of being fashionable when you are in bed?—nobody sees you. My father slept in his jeans, and he lived till he was eighty, too. That's a copy of a German joke."

Anxious Father (from top of stairs)—Say, Mary Jane! Mary Jane—Yes, papa. "Is it eleven o'clock yet?" "Yes, papa." "Well, give the young man my compliments, and ask him to kindly close the front door from the outside."—Chicago "Daily News."

A clergyman observed his little son attentively studying a map of the world. "What place are you looking for, Willie?" he enquired. The small boy knit his brows and traveled a circuitous route with his forefinger before he answered earnestly, "Trying to find Christendom."

The Woman Who Works and Does Not Feel Well

Paine's Celery Compound

IS HER BEST HELPER.

It Gives Her Energy, Vigor and Strength When Brain and Nerves are Tired and When She Feels Exhausted.

From the great cities and towns of Canada come thousands of thankful letters from women and girls testifying to the marvellous effects of Paine's Celery Compound.

Women in their homes, in stores, offices and workshops, suffering from insomnia, headache, backache, languidness, nervous debility, neuralgia, liver complaint and kidney disease have been made strong, vigorous and happy through the use of Dr. Phelps' wonderful prescription, Paine's Celery Compound. This heaven-sent blessing to women is the only guaranteed medicine in the world for the ills of females. Mrs. A. H. Walsh, Creemore, Ont., says:

"For many years I was sorely troubled with violent headaches, so that at times I was completely prostrated and unable to attend to household duties. I started to use Paine's Celery Compound, and experienced immediate relief; and since using it I have not had a recurrence of the trouble. I consider Paine's Celery Compound an invaluable remedy, and will always be pleased to say a word for it."

LONDON'S ANNUAL BUDGET

It Costs Over $50,000,000 Every Year to Run the Big City.

London, Jan. 16.—Statistics taken from the new edition of the London Manual show that the total annual cost of London government is £10,082,873, which is about 72 shillings per head of the population. The borough councils spend £3,884,300. The Boards of Guardians spend £2,513,714 and the School Board spends £2,462,951. The expenditure of the London County Council is £2,247,948.

Street improvements carried out by the County Council and not included in the above figures have cost £5,625,[illegible] in the twelve years ending March, 1901, which is the period that the County Council has been in existence. The Metropolitan Board of Works in the thirty-three years of its existence spent £11,525,971 on the streets of London, including the construction of the Thames Embankment.

Man and Wife in Distress.—Rev. Dr. Bochror, of Buffalo, says: "My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." [illegible] sold by [illegible]

On Her Feet

All day long and racking with pain from her head to her heels. That is what many a self-supporting girl must experience. On those days each month, when in other circumstances she would go to bed, she must still be at the desk or counter and struggle through the day as best she may.

Backache, headache, and other pains caused by womanly diseases are perfectly cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures the cause of those pains. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. *It makes weak women strong and sick women well.*

PAIN ALL GONE.

"I have taken your medicine with the greatest satisfaction," writes Mrs. George Biehl, of Lockport Station, Westmoreland Co., Penna. "Your 'Favorite Prescription' has cured me of uterine trouble that I suffered from for fifteen years, and painful monthly troubles. I can honestly say I can work a whole day and not get tired, and before taking Dr. Pierce's medicines I always felt tired. My pain is all gone and I feel like a new person. I suffered with headache all the time, but have no headache now since taking your medicine. I have been cured of troubles that I suffered from for fifteen years, and the best doctor in the state could not cure me."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections, no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the tooth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
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—Mr. John Fallon has removed from Mr. Doherty's residence. He is gathering [illegible] in the South for medical purposes.

$3.10 $3.10

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some good which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor

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of your bird. He's a pretty little fellow and you wouldn't like to lose him. TAKE CARE that he gets no inferior seed. Cottams is the best known, and the only safe food for improving the form, plumage and song.

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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

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Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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Telephone [illegible] and [illegible], day or night

Be Your Own Boss

I'll start you in the Mail Order business [illegible]

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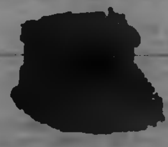

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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Asthma Cure Free

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

Sent ABSOLUTELY FREE on receipt of postal. Write your name and address plainly.

There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. WELLS, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and Asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, Asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves, but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-size bottle."

REV. DR. MORRIS WECHSLER

Rabbi of the Cong. Bnai Israel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3, 1901.

DRS. TAFT BROS.' MEDICINE CO.:

Gentlemen: Your Asthmalene is an excellent remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever, and its composition alleviates all troubles which combine with asthma. Its success is astonishing and wonderful.

After having it carefully analyzed we can state that Asthmalene contains no opium, morphine, chloroform or ether. Very truly yours,

REV. DR. MORRIS WECHSLER.

AVON SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1901.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: I write this testimonial from a sense of duty, having tested the wonderful effect of your Asthmalene, for the cure of Asthma. My wife has been afflicted with spasmodic asthma for the past 12 years. Having exhausted my own skill as well as many others, I chanced to see your sign upon your windows at 130th street, New York. I at once obtained a bottle of Asthmalene. My wife commenced taking it about the 1st of November. I very soon noticed a radical improvement. After using one bottle her asthma has disappeared and she is entirely free from all symptoms. I feel that I can consistently recommend the medicine to all who are afflicted with this distressing disease. Yours respectfully,

O. D. PHELPS, M. D.

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Gentlemen: I was troubled with Asthma for 22 years. I have tried numerous remedies but they have all failed. I ran across your advertisement and started with a trial bottle. I found relief at once. I have since purchased your full-size bottle and I am ever grateful. I have a family of four children and for six years was unable to work. I am now in the best of health and am doing business every day. This testimony you can make such use of as you see fit.

Home address, 235 Rivington street.

S. RAPHAEL,
67 East 129th st., City.

Trial Bottle Sent Absolutely Free on Receipt of Postal.

Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT BROS.' MEDICINE CO., 79 East 130th St., N. Y. City.

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

ASK FOR THE ALES AND PORTER —OF— The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(Signed) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Electric Lamps 25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co LIMITED

We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for DRY PICKED CHICKS.

Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
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—IF YOU USE— SOLDER write for prices to the CANADA METAL CO'Y William St. Toronto, On

ARE YOU STOUT.

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PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES

GUARANTEED

BEAUDRY & BROWN

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"So that is the way the wind sets, is it?" the young officer thought to himself as he quickened his steps, and left Lord Otway alone with Katharine. "By Jove! I don't wonder. I never saw such a face before. It's poor chance Mistress Barbara has of being Lady Thanecourt in the future, I'm thinking!"

Barbara turned at this moment and saw Ormande bending eagerly to Katharine, and speaking in a low voice.

If the dart of two vicious eyes could have had power to slay, Katharine would there and then have fallen to the ground a dead woman, but fortunately she was ignorant and even unconscious of the fact that Barbara was looking at her, and she was roused from a moment of inexpressible happiness, happiness that would come as Ormande's voice murmured in her ear, by Barbara's clear, shrill tones:

"Now, Miss Brereton, please; we are quite ready!"

"You will let me turn over?" Ormande urged eagerly; "yes, Miss Brereton, please do, I read music very well, I assure you. I won't make any mistakes, and I am not going to dance, you know."

Katharine hesitated. She had a strong instinct that this should not be; but a sort of wild longing, a mad desire, came upon her to live in this happiness a few moments longer.

"For one moment," she whispered to herself, feverishly, as she lifted her deep, star-like orbs to those frank, tender, blue ones that lived in her memory day and night. "Only one moment. To-night I will let myself dream he is mine; to-morrow I will wake out of the dream and know he is hers. It will be no wrong to her. It is my secret, mine alone! One moment out of the long, long life that will be hers. Only one moment! It is nothing to her; she will never miss it, while —while to me it is sunshine, it is happiness, it is life!"

Alas! Poor Katharine!

CHAPTER XV.

The waltz Katharine chose was one of Strauss', soft, dreamy, delicious—she played without her music, hardly conscious indeed that she played. Ormande stood leaning on the piano —he utterly forgot the excuse which he had urged so eagerly as a means to procure him that position. the music was on the stand, but it was unopened and unturned, for his eyes were fixed only on the girl's tremulous, lovely face, with such an intensity of tenderness and love that she was dazed by it into a dreamy, ecstatic state, which she had never experienced before, and had neither strength nor will to comprehend or question.

Captain Derwent, pulling his tawny mustache, watched the two at the piano with an amused though sympathetic smile.

"By Jove! it is a case with Otway wonder where he met her, and who she is. How the deuce does she come under the same roof as Barbara Mostyn! — it's a rum thing they should be together." He happened at this moment to glance in the direction of Miss Mostyn, and his brow contracted suddenly. "She means mischief, too," he thought quickly "By Jove! I pity that girl; if ever there was a good savage cat, it is Barbara Mostyn. This is going to be interesting. I never imagined I should get in for a comedy when I agreed to run down to Brexley. Comedy, deuced nearer like a tragedy, I fancy."

Barbara was dancing with one of her most distinguished guests, a man whom she had only known slightly, but whom she had anxiously entreated Lady Clara Lennox to get down to Brexley for her fete, and whose coming had filled her pretentious heart with delight.

For although Barbara was a rich woman, and of very good birth and descent, she was by nature an arrant snob, and her greatest ambition was to be classed with that portion of the world who has its every doing chronicled in the society journals, and which lives on notoriety.

Thus, though she had had the entree, as her father's daughter and Lady Drummond's niece, into the very best set, she had speedily left it to enter one more amusing, more rapid and less exclusive. This step taken, Barbara never ceased to regret it, for she found to her surprise and dismay that, although of enormous importance in her own eyes, she was a person of very secondary consideration with those ladies who controlled the higher social circle, and who refused to lend the light of their countenance to any one who had strayed from their ranks into any others.

And so it was that Barbara, to her intense vexation, found herself sometimes left out in the cold when some great entertainment was being given by one of these ladies. Her circle now was mainly composed of seedy, titled people, who all tolerated her for the sake of her money.

Lady Blanche Bellairs was one of the sole remaining great social leaders who admitted Miss Mostyn to her friendship, and, as we know, even she was not altogether disinterested in so doing.

The guests who now filled Brexley Hall were all in society, let that be clearly understood, but they all belonged to the racing, semi-Bohemian semi-frisky class which has been so popular of late years. Lady Clara Lennox was one of the most prominent of these, and Barbara clung to her with much outward show of affection, patronizing the faded woman, who was so very poor, and using her as a means to obtain such things as she desired.

This partner in her waltz, a celebrity in the political world, was the guest par excellence of the present house party, Lord Otway alone excepted, and Barbara's mortification can be imagined when, as the waltz came to an end, he immediately, and somewhat eagerly, too, requested an introduction to Miss Brereton.

"She is distinctly the most lovely creature I have ever seen in my life," he observed, with a want of tact that was only equalled by his candor, "Brereton— Brereton! Why, dear me, can she be Robert Brereton's daughter, I wonder? Upon my word, I do believe she is!"

And then Katharine's brief mad dream of happiness was broken; the spell that had chained her soul to Ormande's was snapped asunder; and she was standing up, hurriedly and nervously, having her hand nearly shaken off by Mr. Montrose.

Ormande felt a throb of jealousy seize him as he saw Mr. Montrose draw Katharine's little hand through his arm, and walk away with her to have a good, long chat; but his jealousy was as nothing to that which surged and stormed in Barbara's angry breast.

That she should stand by and see herself defeated at every turn! It was simply maddening! She put her hand on Lord Otway's arm as he stood gazing after Katharine.

"I have seen nothing of you," she said in what she tried to make very dulcet tones. "Shall we have a chat, too? We must do without our music, since Miss Brereton is so much engaged just now."

"Is there no one else who can play?" Ormande asked bluntly. He resented her words, though why, he scarcely knew. "Surely there is some one able to play a waltz; it can't be very difficult."

He spoke almost irritably.

Barbara shot an angry gleam at him.

"I am afraid I can't permit any of my guests to be so energetic," she said with a smile; "but I fancy I might manage to get through one myself. Will you come and turn over for me, too, Lord Otway?"

She drew off her long white gloves, and tripped over to the piano.

Katharine was trying to reply to the dozens of questions Mr. Montrose poured out about her father and herself, as Miss Mostyn seated herself at the piano. But at this she started up suddenly.

"I must go," she said, hurriedly; "Miss Mostyn wants me to play."

"Stuff and nonsense! She is playing herself; and you have certainly done your share. Sit down again; I want to hear all you can tell me of poor old Brereton. What a good old chap he was!"

Tears filled Katharine's eyes. It was like dew to the parched flowers, this praise and affectionate remembrance of her father.

"I think I will ask you to excuse me to-night, Mr. Montrose," she said rather nervously; "you see, I cannot allow Miss Mostyn to play while I am here."

"I don't see anything of the sort," Mr. Montrose replied, good-humoredly, "but I will not keep you my dear, if you want to go, only you must promise to have a good long chat with me after."

Katharine gave him a grateful glance, and hurried across the floor to Miss Mostyn's side.

The rest were not dancing, for truth to tell, Barbara was a very indifferent musician, and she was only striking a few bars while she talked to Lord Otway.

Katharine's heart turned cold as ice as she saw the young man leaning in the same position on the piano, smiling down at Barbara with the old tender look in his eyes that she knew so well.

"My one moment is dead and buried —he belongs to her now," she thought, bitterly and sadly.

How was she to know that Ormande was only wound into standing there and smiling, because Miss Mostyn was speaking of Katharine— speaking in a soft, gentle, affectionate way, that made its path straight into Ormande's love-laden heart. No, Katharine did not know that, she could not penetrate beneath the surface, and the surface was conclusive enough for her.

Barbara saw the girl coming, but she pretended not to do so. As Katharine came up to her chair she gave a little jump of surprise.

"Oh, my dear, how you startled me; do you want anything?"

"Only to relieve you and do my duty," Katharine answered, bravely forcing a smile to her pale lips.

"I am very happy as I am. Go and talk to Mr. Montrose. I am sure you must have heaps to say to one another, since you are such old friends."

Katharine hesitated; there was no mistaking the hint conveyed in these words to leave Miss Mostyn and Lord Otway undisturbed, and yet somehow the girl was uncomfortable.

"She is vexed with me," she thought to herself, and she waited a moment undecidedly.

"Please tell me more about your cousin, Lord Otway," Barbara said, totally ignoring Katharine; "I am so interested. I feel as much relieved to find he is alive as though he were my cousin, too," and Barbara gave a shy little laugh.

Katharine's face was turned from her. The girl was standing at the farther end of the piano. She could hear every word, and try though she might, she could not move a limb to get away. Ormande was gazing at her eagerly, all ignorant of the ugly expression that came on Barbara's face, and Captain Derwent had sauntered up to the piano also.

"Yes, tell us more, old fellow," he said languidly, as he caught Barbara's words. He wondered whether Katharine would permit him to address her without the ceremony of an introduction, which latter formality Captain Derwent despaired of obtaining from anybody present.

"I think I have told you all," Ormande replied. "Craven has gone off to Australia or Kamschatka, or some such outlandish place; he is a foolish boy. After all, he is not the first, nor the last, who will get into difficulties, and if he had only come to me with his trouble I might have been able to pull him through."

Barbara murmured some soft words, conveying her belief in this theory, and Ormande went on, his eyes still glued to that slender, black-robed figure, to the soft, delicate, cream-white throat that bore the small head so proudly.

"He would have spared us much anxiety and suffering. His disappearance nearly killed his little sister, poor child; but I expect he rushed away on the spur of the moment to escape from his difficulties, and—"

"They were money, weren't they?" Captain Derwent observed. "Ah! lots of us would like to be in Kamschatka, too, sometimes. Let me see, you said something about Adair losing everything in that Japanese swindle, didn't you? I was deuced near putting the small spare cash I possess into it, too! Glad I am I was warned in time! Another fellow I know who is exactly the same position. I can tell you we shook hands with each other the other day when we found out what an escape we had had. You know the man I mean, Miss Mostyn, a dark, handsome, clever fellow, Gordon Smythe? You remem——"

But Captain Derwent got no further in his reminiscence just then, for Katharine, who was trembling in every limb, gave an inarticulate cry, and half staggered against the piano.

Both men turned toward her quickly, and Barbara rose from her chair suddenly. Was the girl going to faint?

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

Her cold, curt, "Are you ill, Miss Brereton?" was the most efficacious remedy for Katharine at this moment.

"It is so warm. May I— will you allow me to retire?"

And as Barbara assented with a curt nod, Katharine turned and moved away from the piano.

"Thank you, I do not need help, I am better alone," she murmured to both Lord Otway and Captain Derwent, and bending her head, she went away slowly, walking like a woman in a dream. That horrible, indefinable sensation that had come to her earlier in the day came to her now, a sensation that a net was closing slowly but surely round her, and she was being drawn, despite all her efforts, gradually into the cruel hands of the man who weaved this mesh about her —this man, who was at once her husband and foe!

CHAPTER XVI.

All through the next day Ormande watched in vain for a glimpse of Katharine. She was invisible, and Barbara was always at his elbow wishing to take him here, show him this, explain that, and have his advice on her various institutions and charities.

"Ah! if I only had you for my vicar!" she sighed, trying to bring a soft, tender, religious look into her most worldly face.

Lord Otway was very unsettled and miserable all through this long summer day; he had come down here on purpose to speak to Katharine, to declare his love and learn his fate. It hurt him beyond description to remember that she —his proud, dainty, delicate, beautiful love — she was living here, dependent on Barbara's will and subservient to her word. It was chiefly this thought that had brought him down so soon.

"It is early days, I know it," he had murmured to himself as he resolved to fling aside all doubt and speak openly of his love; "she does not know me yet —she does not even think of me; while I, I cannot let one moment of the day go without her sweet image rising to haunt and tempt me. And she has gone out into the world alone to brave its storms! She! —my queen, my lovely queen! How proud and beautiful she will look in the old rooms at Thanet! Even my father will bow down and do her homage. Aunt Blanche, too" —for one instant a shade fell on Ormande's face, but only for an instant —"Aunt Blanche will fall a desperate victim to her; she adores pretty girls, and Katharine is more than pretty —she is absolutely the loveliest girl in all the wide, wide world! Who could resist her?"

That Katharine was not happy, Lord Otway had discovered from the very first. He could never recall her exquisite face without that sad expression round the mouth, that hungry, longing look in the wonderful gray eyes; but the charm she had woven upon him had taken such swift and potent hold on him that, lost in its sweetness, Ormande had not, strange as it may seem, pondered much as to the cause of this unhappiness. He had even forgotten the episode that had occurred at the railway station that bygone day, just before he was able to offer her his friendship and assistance, and not until now did he recall with a start the fact that the Mr. Gordon Smythe whom he had met casually in London during his close inquiries for Craven Adair was one and the same with that dark, evil-faced man whom he had watched crossing the line at Northminster Station, and whose pictured face had jarred on him so keenly in that quiet, peaceful cottage home in Ledstone.

It was that muffled cry, that Katharine had uttered last night at the mention of Gordon Smythe's name, that brought it all back so clearly to Ormande, and he felt disturbed, troubled, and thoroughly miserable during this bright August day that followed on a restless night, the day for which he had longed so eagerly. If Katharine would only come —if he could only have one moment with her alone, the young man said to himself restlessly. He felt that he could not restrain himself much longer, but must pour forth this secret love burden, must learn his fate and so ease his heart.

Barbara, too, on her side, was thinking deeply. She had purposely avoided going near Katharine, for she felt that if she did go she would not be able to refrain from saying such unpleasant things as would make the girl keep to her original plan and leave the Hall; and Barbara had not the remotest intention of permitting that. Katharine must remain in her grasp. She was to be punished —yes, punished and discredited before she quitted Barbara's home. As far as Ormande was concerned, to her intense chagrin, Miss Mostyn was obliged to confess there was no doubt as to the fact that he was madly, passionately in love with Katharine —that was evident to the meanest intelligence. Barbara had suffered a small torture as she observed the smiles and noticed the amused whispers the young man's dreamy, raptured condition had provoked; but as to Katharine, Barbara could arrive at no definite conclusion as yet. The girl was so cautious, so proud. There was only one point which Miss Mostyn grasped eagerly, Katharine's uneasiness and unhappiness.

"She no more felt the room hot last night than I feel a frost in the air now," she mused to herself as she walked beneath the trees, and talked eagerly and confidentially to the young man whom she had vowed she would make her husband. "She was all right until something was said. What was it?" Barbara wrinkled her brow. "Let us try and remember. What were we talking about just then? Captain Derwent was with us —what did he say? I must remember."

Barbara recalled the conversation as carefully as she could, going back step by step, and contracting her brow with vexation, as she could arrive at no satisfactory solution of the mystery.

To be continued.

—Miss Minnie Trevithick, of Tokio, Japan, who has been attending Whitby Ladies' College for the past three years, left for her home in Japan yesterday. Miss Trevithick has made many friends in town who will wish her a pleasant journey to her home.

Down on the Modern Theater.

EVERYONE is familiar with General Sherman's famous definition of war. The great Italian actress, Eleonora Duse, now applies the same harsh epithet to stage life. She says it is "hell—downright hell."

Duse has confessed to an interviewer that she is "tired of the theater, but not of art, tired of the theatrical part of stage life, tired of the necessary cooperation of artists, managers, sceneshifters and lamp-lighters."

"Yes," she continued, "I am tired of all and everything liable to obstruct my artistic endeavors and to interfere with my plans, executed or intended. I am dreaming of entering the lecture platform, but will do things in quite a different way from the ordinary.

"I mean to enliven the lecture platform and broaden its scope by retaining some of the stage's features. My American tour will be my swan's song as far as stageland is concerned.

"After that I will endeavor to realize this dream of making the world acquainted with the great masterpieces of literature without detracting their attention by undue scenic effects and the awkwardness or stupidity of actors playing incidental parts.

"One or two ladies or gentlemen will be engaged as my assistants, merely to look their parts and give me the cue. As for myself, I couldn't think of assuming several roles as some do at dramatic recitals.

"I needn't repeat," she continued, "that I leave the stage without regret, yet at the same time I am almost forced to do something of the kind. I can't be for ever playing Dumas and Sardou, Ibsen and Sudermann. No one of account is writing new plays for me, and those that are written might as well remain unacted.

"I tell you la Duse is threatened by literary famine. Shall I wait until the public tires of my repertoire? Besides, I must rid myself of the slavery of stage life. That's no life at all. I assure you it is hell, dowright hell."

Curious Whims.

Eccentricity is often nothing but the exaggeration of individuality, as with a scholar of some distinction who died towards the end of the last century. His peculiarity expressed itself in the way in which he tried to carry his scholarship, or the symbols of it, into the grave. By the terms of his will he left six thousand guineas to his sister on condition that his funeral was carried out on curiously-prescribed lines. His coffin was painted green, and was followed by only six gentlemen—all relatives being invited—who were to receive ten guineas each provided they did not dress in black. The body was fully dressed. Under the head was placed a copy of Horace, and at the feet Bentley's Milton. In one hand was a pocket edition of Horace, and in the other a small Greek Testament; and another copy of Horace was laid underneath. The hired mourners sang over the closed grave the last stanza of the twentieth ode of the second book of Horace; and subsequently, after a generous supper, another ode was sung. "Which done," ran the final injunction of the will, "I would have them take a cheerful glass, and think no more of me." A French historian had a whimsical fancy for reading and writing by candlelight. At full noonday, in the brightest summer weather, he would have his candle by his side, and he would carry it in his hand when showing his visitors to the door.

Appearances Deceived Him.

The Bather—I like this mixed bathing idea. It's worth dressing for.

Her Friend—I had an idea from your appearance that you thought the reverse.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Wit and Wisdom From New Books.

"When the lights are out," he said; "when forever and a night the actor bids the stage farewell; when stripped of mask and tinsel, he goes home to that Auditor who set him his part; then perhaps he will be told what manner of man he is. The glass that now he dresses before tells him not; but he thinks a truer glass would show a shrunken figure."—"Audrey."

It is a miserable thing to linger on the threshold. The daring spirits pass across and close the door.—"Sister Teresa."

The devil possesses no one who does not desire him.—"Sister Teresa."

Men are born to hardship. It is the alloy which gives firmness to their metal.—"When the Land Was Young."

The over-exercise of a critical faculty is always dangerous, and by too much judging of port Benjamin ruined his career.—"The Seal of Silence."

Professional artists are very tiresome people. Amateur sinners are much more interesting.—"Casting of Nets."

To learn the worth of a man's religion, do business with him.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

Rules of grammar cannot give us a mastery of language, rules of rhetoric cannot make us eloquent, rules of conduct cannot make us good.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

A poet may be a good companion, but, so far as I know, he is even the worst of fathers.—"D'ri and I."

Altruism is a privilege rather than a duty.—"The Symphony of Life."

Heaven and hell are very real, but they are states of mind.—"The Symphony of Life."

When the law sets out to punish, it doesn't stop with the guilty only.—"The Manager of the B. and A."

They took his humor for flippancy because their own flippancy was devoid of humor.—"Men and Books."

The Up-to-Date Undertaker.

A Yankee undertaker advertises: "Why live and be miserable, when you can be comfortably buried for twenty dollars?" We shall expect something of the kind over here soon. Don't be surprised when you take up your morning paper if you read this sort of thing: "Billy Morgan looked down the barrel of his daddy's gun to see where the bullet went to when it went off. The funeral was handsomely conducted by Smith & Co., who have always a large staff on hand, and are open to bury the whole neighborhood at twenty-four hours' notice. A pound of tea given away with every coffin. Order early and avoid disappointment."

Proof Adduced.

"Everybody says the baby is just like me."

"What nonsense. Why, it hasn't said a word since it was born."

A Hopeless Case.

"Are the Guggistons in such reduced circumstances?" "Oh, yes. Why, I understand they are obliged now to live within their income."—N.Y. "Life."

What Became of the Pompeiians?

MAX NORDAU raises an interesting question concerning Pompeii. He writes as follows to the "Neue Freie Presse" (Vienna):

"One thing has always been a puzzle to me. Here was a flourishing city of about 30,000 inhabitants, most of whom evidently were well-to-do. A few hundreds, at most, lost their lives in the destruction of the city; the rest escaped. The eruption of Vesuvius continued only a few days, after which the district returned to its usual placid condition. In many places the deposit of ashes and lava was only a yard thick, and it was not more than three yards thick at any point yet excavated.

"How did it happen that these 30,000 homeless persons showed no desire to return to their beautiful houses, so well built that they are standing to this day, and which could have been restored, at the time, with very little labor? Why did they not make the slightest attempt to regain their valuable property in land and buildings, furniture, bronze, gold, silver and jewels? Did the men of that time have so little love of home that they could leave it without a backward glance at the first unpleasantness? Were the Pompeiians so rich that the loss of their perfectly appointed homes appeared trivial to them, so that they preferred settling elsewhere to restoring their city? Or did superstition prevent the attempt?

"This indifferent renunciation of their patrimony by a whole cityful is to me an insoluble enigma which forces itself the more strongly upon my attention now as I walk along the finely paved streets between houses which need only new roofs to make them again habitable."

For Sale—An Island Kingdom.

The chance is now open to any millionaire to own an island kingdom or to become a Highland lord and live in an historic castle. The advertisement offering these estates appeared in some United States newspapers, and was signed by the business agent of the Duke of Argyll.

"The Island Kingdom of Tiree," as the advertisement calls it, is one of the Inner Hebrides, an island about thirteen miles long and nowhere more than six miles wide. It is only twenty feet above the level of the sea, and there are hardly any trees on it; but the land is mostly fertile, and the tenants, who live by farming, cattle-raising and fishing, pay the duke rentals aggregating more than fifteen thousand dollars a year.

"Excellent winter bathing, good golf links, splendid beaches, safe bathing and good sea-fishing" are some of the island's attractions that might be expected to appeal to a purchaser.

Inveraray Castle, Argyllshire, the ancestral abode of the Dukes of Argyll, is also advertised; but it is not an ancient building. The oldest part of it dates back to a period not earlier than 1750, and much of the castle has been rebuilt since 1877.

The scenes pictured by Scott in the "Legend of Montrose" were supposed to have taken place in what is known as the "old" castle, which stood near the sea and has been quite swept away. No such romantic interest attaches to the present castle.

But the man who buys the island kingdom of Tiree—or Tyree, as some of the books call it—will probably find in modern fiction a good many allusions to it. From the novels of William Black alone might be compiled a pretty good guide-book to the Hebrides, islands that, as another admirer has said, are "beautiful in calm, wonderful in storm."

President Loubet's Wardrobe.

A correspondent of the "Cri de Paris" has ascertained certain facts in regard to President Loubet's wardrobe which are being copied with extraordinary avidity by the Parisian and provincial press. It seems that M. Loubet has five Prince Albert coats—two for summer, two for winter, and one extra for grand occasions. This last one has been worn only three times—at the opening of the exposition of 1900, at the reception of the King of Sweden, and at the garden party in honor of the Shah of Persia. This "gala" coat differs from the others in that it has heavy silk lining and lapels. M. Loubet invariably wears a plain, black satin tie—not tied by hand, but sewn together and attached with a clasp. M. Loubet used formerly to wear false cuffs, but one day, while making a sudden gesture, the right-hand cuff slipped off and rolled on the floor. This happened at the Luxembourg Palace, when M. Loubet was president of the Senate. Since then, M. Loubet's shirts have been made with permanently attached wristbands. M. Loubet's trousers are very peculiar. They are black or gray in color, but their cut is of the old-fashioned pattern, with the top of the trousers coming up as high as the armpits. M. Loubet has always worn trousers of this quaint type, and is so accustomed to them that he has an inveterate dislike for evening clothes, which, with low-cut, open waistcoat, render the armpit trousers impossible. The president's wardrobe is, however, provided with several pairs of evening trousers suitable for low-cut, open waistcoats.

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

Those of the public who may imagine that there is no room for initiative and ingenuity in the cats' meat trade, says the London "Chronicle," are vastly mistaken. In Kensington an enterprising young fellow is said to be making a fortune through the happy idea of supplying, on request, fish instead of meat for the cats on his round. The pets of the prosperous can obtain meat at almost any time, and they will not look, for the most part, at the wares of the cats' meat man. But no cat can resist a tasty bit of fish, be it offered when it may, and a huge success is the result of the innovation. Again, there are certain purveyors who take trouble to obtain a close knowledge of every single animal on their rounds and its little peculiarities. This knowledge once gained, the cats' meat man buys and cuts his portions accordingly, taking care that each cat gets its favorite bit. All chance of rivalry is removed at once by this means, for a cat will not for weeks, unless driven by desperate hunger, touch the [illegible] of a rival purveyor.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of The Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

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—Three electric lights have been placed in the sheds of the Charlotte Street Methodist Church. This will be a great convenience to people leaving rigs in the sheds on Sunday nights.

—Messrs. Hopper and Harnett, manufacturing confectioners, corner of King and George streets, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Harnett is retiring from the business, which will be carried on by Mr. Hopper.

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ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS solicitors, notaries, etc. [illegible] Chambers, 15 Wellington Street West, Toronto.

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RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. R. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1894. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc., [illegible] street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work [illegible]. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 384 Park Place— Painting, [illegible] Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 384 Park place.

.Perfect Manhood.

In rightly yours; but if you are not the man you should be, if you are losing your energy, your vital force, memory, annoyed by Varicocele, shrunken parts, and feeling if you don't care what happens, you are suffering from Lost Vitality; it comes upon men unawares; do not deceive yourself or remain in ignorance while you are being dragged down by this disease; no matter what the cause may be, whether early abuse, excess, [illegible] OUR LATEST METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. We guarantee it as a positive cure for these conditions; it is the outcome of years of experience; it equalizes the circulation, stops all drains, thoroughly vitalizes the parts, restoring them to their normal condition and make [illegible] institutes. Read the following facts:

1. We do not accept an incurable case for treatment.
2. Each time you call you see Dr. Goldberg personally. He has 14 Diplomas, etc., which should be sufficient guarantee to his ability. All other chronic, private and Blood Poison Specialists either have some doctor in charge of their office or have an assistant to deceive you.
3. We are doing business on our own reputation, not of our predecessor.
4. Our records show more actual cures than all the other Specialists combined.
5. You need pay nothing until you are convinced you are cured.

OUR LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE
Varicocele and Stricture without operation or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Nervous, Kidney, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call or write for Blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE. [illegible] Sundays 9 to 12, 2 to 5 p.m.
All Medicines for Canadian Patients shipped from Windsor, Canada.
DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave.
Patients' private entrance, 7 Wilcox st., DETROIT, MICH.

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well known fact, that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life, would do well to regard with suspicion, any lumps or growths on their body. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily, should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 17, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The County Council will meet on the 28th instant.

—Subscribers who owe for The Times are requested to call and settle.

—The Cordage Company are getting in their machinery.

—The market tolls will be re-let in March.

—The sleighing is fairly good at present.

—Diptheria is very prevalent at present.

—The Lakefield Cement Works is now in operation.

—Work on the new dam at the locks is progressing.

—The Chief has a purse for which he would like an owner.

—Read Messrs. H. Le Brun & Co's. advertisement in this issue.

—The staff at the Post Office has been weakened on account of vaccination.

—Preparations for the poultry show are rapidly and satisfactory progressing.

—The members of the Ministerial Association will meet in the Central School this afternoon at 3.30, to give religious instruction.

—At the police court yesterday a man from a northern village was given a week in gaol to give him a chance to sober up.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

—The Star in "The Flaming Arrow," Go-on-Go-Mohawk, who played in the Opera House on Wednesday evening is a pure Indian. She gets a salary of [illegible] per week.

—Mr. T. G. Eastland, the popular representative in the County Council from the Burleigh District will probably be the next Warden. It is a case of the right man in the right place.

A very pleasant "At Home" took place in the T.A.S. Hall last night. The ladies of the society have a faculty for these social events. All the ladies present admired the new "Star" stove which has been placed in the hall by Cybille Wilhelmy.

Men Wanted

A number of men wanted for W. & A. McArthur lumber camps. Apply at the Cavanagh House, to T. Cavanagh.

Induction at All Saints'

The Bishop of Toronto will officiate at the induction of Rev. W. L. Armitage, to the Rectory of All Saints' church, on Wednesday evening next, January 22nd.

Public Library

The following is a list of new books added to the Public Library.

The Ethics of Spurgeon	Jonathan
Lord Milner	Luke
Considerations on Painting	Le Farge
Old Bowen's Legacy	Dix
[illegible]	Jenks
Times of Fortune	Munro
Angel	Croker
Why Not, Sweetheart?	Henshaw
[illegible]	Lawrence

TO RE-OPEN ROLLING MILL

Senator Cox Anxious to Control Belleville Rolling Mills

Belleville, Jan. 16.—A committee of the Council has under consideration a proposal from Senator George A. Cox for a transfer of the control of the rolling mills here. If the mills can be procured at a moderate rental a company in which the Senator is interested will re-stock and operate the mills.

IT'S FUN

To be Well!
Leave Coffee,
Use POSTUM.

DONE!

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

NOTE—The Times invites its readers to contribute to its columns. It does not hold itself in any way responsible for the opinions expressed by its correspondents.—Ed. Times.)

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Miss Cora Wallace, of Lindsay, is visiting in town.

—Miss Ethel Davidson is visiting friends in Campbellford.

—Mr. Geo. Hall, of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of his cousin, Miss Hamilton, Elm street, town.

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt has recovered from his recent illness and is able to be out again.

—Mr. F. H. Coombs, musical instructor at Trinity College School, Port Hope, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. "Rolly" Dame has severed his connection with Mr. Bradley's store, and will resume his old position with Messrs. Richard Hall & Sons.

—Mr. George B. Hilliard, of Lakefield, gave The Times a pleasant call yesterday.

—Mr. Christopher Leary, who is spending the winter with his son in New Mexico, is hale and hearty, and will return in the spring.

—Mr. H. W. Cole, of Ottawa, who has been spending the past few days in town, returned to his home yesterday.

—Miss McAuliffe will leave to-morrow for Chicago. Her large circle of friends in Peterborough wish her all success in her new calling as trained nurse.

—Mr. J. J. Turner received a telegram from his son Reg. from Halifax just before he sailed for South Africa on Tuesday. Reg. says he is in the best of health and sends best wishes to the family and friends.

Bargains in Clothing

Messrs. H. LeBrun & Co. have purchased the bankrupt stock of the T. O. Rush Co., and are now conducting a big sale. Genuine bargains are offered. No one should miss this opportunity of securing clothing at low prices. See advertisement elsewhere.

Card of Thanks

Peterborough, Jan. 14, 1902.

London Life Insurance Company.

Gentlemen,—I desire to thank you for the exceedingly prompt manner in which you paid the insurance on the life of my deceased son, John J. Judge, I having received the amount from your Assistant Superintendent, Mr. Geo. [illegible], three days after the papers were made out.

(Signed) JAMES JUDGE.

Bargain List for January

Three big novels by best authors for 25 cents. Six composition or dictation books for 25 cents. Handsleighs reduced to below cost, to clear the lot. Twenty-five cent dolls for 18 cents. One dollar kid body dolls reduced to 40 cents. Purses, stationery, fancy goods, games, school books and in fact everything carried in our line going at bargain prices. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

DIPTHERIA PREVALENT

Not of a Mild Type—Great Care Should be Taken to Keep It from Spreading

At the present time there are a large number of cases of diphtheria in town. At the hospitals many are being cared for and even then a good many are sick at their homes. The diphtheria this winter is of a very mild type, but nevertheless great care should be taken to prevent its spreading. Parents, especially, should be very careful and not send children from a home where diphtheria exists, to any of the schools, or to allow them to come in contact with neighbor's children or the children on the streets.

Parents and others cannot be too careful at this particular season and guard against their children getting their clothes and feet wet. We hope in a few days that this disease will have received a very strong check and that in a short time the town will be rid of the trouble.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

LAKEFIELD.

—Everybody in Lakefield reads The Times.

—There is to be another supply boat on Stony Lake next season. The boat will be driven by steam, and will be owned by Messrs. Trude & Choate, our enterprising butchers. They will supply fresh meat, vegetables, &c. to the cottages.

—The Strickland Canoe Factory are still in a big rush, orders coming in every day for their celebrated boats. On Wednesday three cases of canoes were shipped to England.

—The Congregational meeting of the Presbyterian Church was held on Wednesday evening, and was largely attended. The reports, &c., submitted, showed that the church was doing excellent work.

—The inaugural meeting of the School Board took place on Wednesday evening.

—The Cement Company are now busily engaged in the manufacture of Portland Cement. The product is said to be of a very superior class, on account of the purity of the marl at Buckley's Lake. Mr. Kilbourn and those associated with him in the enterprise deserve the greatest possible credit for the way they have done their work, which has been accomplished under unprecedented difficulties. The works, although only partly in operation, are turning out 180 barrels of cement per day.

—Mrs. H. Strickland, and two children, of Toronto, are guests at the Craig House.

—Mr. J. B. Hilliard was in Peterborough on Thursday.

—On account of the resignation of Messrs. [illegible] and [illegible] from the council, a new election has been ordered.

The Long Distance Telephone

is the Ideal Rapid Transit.

Long Distance Equipment

increases the speed and cuts down over-time charges. The Contract Department will furnish particulars

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

WALTER J. ENGLISH ARRESTED FOR FRAUD

Gave Worthless Cheques in Payment of Bills.

(Special to The Times.)

Toronto, Jan. 16.—During the progress of the hockey match between the Wellingtons and Stouffville at the Caledonian rink to-night Detective Alfred Cuddy appeared. He found Mr. Walter J. English, of Peterborough, and placed him under arrest. The arrest was made at the instance of A. Clubb & Sons, tobacconists. They charge that English purchased goods in their store, and that he paid for them by giving a cheque which the firm declare is worthless. Young Mr. English has been engaged as referee by the Ontario Hockey Association, and in that capacity has been in and out of Toronto. About ten days ago he stopped at the Walker House. When leaving he paid his bill by giving two cheques, one for $10 and the other for $15.00. Both cheques were drawn on the bank in Peterborough, and were forwarded there for collection by the bank in which they were deposited by the Walker House. A few days later they were returned from Peterborough with the answer, "Not sufficient funds." The Walker House manager has not laid any charge in the matter as yet.

Still another hotel is anxious to have a settlement with the Peterborough young gentleman. About two weeks ago he stopped at the Grand Union Hotel for a day or two. He left without paying his bill. The Grand Union people will not lay information against English.

CHILDREN ARE DELIGHTED WITH Malt Breakfast Food

The children are all delighted with Malt Breakfast Food; they love it, and ask for the second serving.

Tests and experiments carefully conducted by some of our ablest physicians, prove that Malt Breakfast Food will keep the growing child fully nourished, with stomach and bowels in perfect condition. For breakfast and supper, no other article of food can compare with Malt Breakfast Food for the little ones. Malt Breakfast Food partially cooked and predigested is the true food for weak stomachs of young and old; it is relished when all other foods are rejected. Ask your Grocer for it.

SENSATION IN COBOCONK

Mrs. Story and Dr. Fitzgerald of That Place Have Eloped

Coboconk, Jan. 16.—Early this morning this place was very much excited by the rumor of an elopement last night. Dr. Fitzgerald and Mrs. John Story, both of this place, are the principal figures in the case. For some time past the couple have been on most intimate terms, and they decided to depart for parts unknown on their own responsibility. The police in the surrounding country have been notified of the occurrence and are on the look out for the couple, who are reported to have driven into Peterborough to-day and taken train for parts unknown. Mrs. Story had with her her three children.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

PUBLICITY IN REGARD TO MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

"It is my desire," said Mayor Low, of New York, in assuming his office, "that the newspapers be afforded every opportunity to inform the public of the acts of my administration. I believe in publicity in regard to municipal affairs, and I wish the representatives of the press to feel that they are at liberty at all times to ask about any matters in which the people of the city may be interested." An honest municipal administration has no occasion for secrecy; it is only fraud and trickery that need a dim light. Compulsory publicity and the resulting open criticism of corporate management have been suggested as a cure for the worst evils of trusts, pools and similar combinations. They certainly would be a sovereign remedy for mismanagement of and hugger-mugger in the business affairs of municipal corporations.

Add Cream

to 4 spoonfuls of

Grape-Nuts

and you have a
delicious meal
without cooking.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.

P. O. Box 878

'Phone 110

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports, QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 13th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is nobody to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

ADVERTISE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO
—TO—
QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Weaving Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean [illegible] a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, [illegible] King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box [illegible] Tweed P.O.

MAN WANTED—TO TAKE THE AGENCY in Peterborough for the World's Only [illegible]. Apply to F. C. P., care of Times office.

No Time to be Lost!

Slaughter Sale

OF THE

T. O. RUSH CO.

Bankrupt Stock

Consisting of $5,000 Worth of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings

Bought at 64½c on the Dollar

This will be the greatest Bargain Distribution of the winter. Figure out the Savings that are possible on this brand new Clothing bought at 33⅓ per cent off regular Wholesale Prices, and you will see what matchless opportunities this Sale affords.

Everything Slaughtered!
Everything Rushed!
Everything Cleared in a Month!

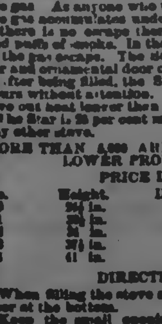
In the Store Formerly Occupied by the T. O. RUSH CLOTHING CO., next door to Tully's Drug Store.

We have no room in our own Store on account of our extraordinary RED LETTER MOVING SALE to reduce stock before moving into new premises

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made



THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion. Why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No.	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11 [illegible]
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	12.00
2	31 in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	37½ in.	13 in.	[illegible]
4	41 in.	16 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 30 feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The Ferreira Paid a Dividend of 450 Per Cent in 1898 and a 150 Per Cent on Account of 1899 (June) Before War was Declared.

Gold output of Transvaal mines for 1898, 4,555,000 ozs. $76,500,000.

Gold output for Transvaal mines for 1899, (9 months) 4,101,441 ozs., $70,000,000.

A very attractive method which enables the small investor to speculate in South African Stocks is by the formation of a "combination," or "trust". It is also the safest way. By this we mean that shares should be purchased in any five different companies, and by this method the possibility of loss is considerably reduced, as should one or more of the selections prove unprofitable, the profits on the others will more than likely compensate for any loss and prove sufficient to make the whole transaction remunerative.

Below will be found combination showing number of shares, present value and amount required, viz. $115.79, to carry them on 20 per cent margin. This combination will, we believe, show a good profit in a short time. Prices mentioned subject to change:

COMBINATION No. 1.

20 Klerksdorp at £14 9s, $71 90 per cent.	$14 38
20 Witkopje at £15, $73 12, 20 per cent.	14 63
20 Heidelburgs at £19 $92 62, 20 per cent	18 53
20 Salisbury at £1 7s 6d, $134 06, 20 per cent	26 81
20 Buluwayo Exp. at £2, 2s. 6d., $207.18	41 44
	$115.79

We shall be pleased to give particulars of other combinations. Write for booklet which will be ready about the end of January.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 — 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

Choicest line of HOLIDAY NECKWEAR ever shown in Peterboro, at

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

355 George Street

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 30 NO. 15 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY JANUARY 18 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BOERS ARE CONVICTED OF BURNING FARMS

Lord Kitchener Accuses Them Out Of the Very Mouth of Botha

A BOER GENERAL REFUSED TO BE HUMANE

Kitchener Offered to Leave Boer Families in Their Homes on the Veldt, But Botha Said No

London, Jan. 17.—The frantic charges of cruelty which pro-Boer sympathisers both in England and on the continent have made against Lord Kitchener and the British troops in South Africa have been repeatedly denied and refuted. If the Germans and other Boer admirers were only open to the truth, they might have been brought to a less excited state of mind long ago. But to-day the English papers are ringing with an incrimination of the Boers from the lips of Botha, the Boer general, on the very charges on which the English soldiers have been so unsparingly denounced. A blue book issued by the War Office this morning ought to give the pro-Boers a remorseful time and send them to the penitent bench for all their disloyal and untruthful utterances. In this blue book further details are given on the subject of the concentration camps by Lord Milner and General Kitchener. The causes of the excessive death rate are explained and the charges of cruelty are effectually refuted. Some time ago Commandant Schalkburgher, a Boer officer, charged the British troops with forcibly removing and exposing pregnant women, and other accusations of rough and cruel treatment.

Lord Kitchener devotes special attention to these libels, and in his emphatic repudiation of the charges, says:—

"I offered Botha to leave the families and relatives of fighting burghers in undisturbed possession of their farms if Botha would agree to spare the farms of the families of the surrendered burghers. Botha emphatically refused, saying, 'I am entitled to force every man to join, and if they do not join to confiscate their property and leave their families on the veldt.'"

This is a damning statement against the humanity of the Boers. It proves out of the very mouths of the Boers misdeeds and cruelty for which they and their friends in Europe have so mercilessly blamed the British soldiers, and that they have actually prevented milder measures being accorded to their own wives and families.

The blue book gives statistics for the month of December last, when there were 117,017 inmates of the camps and 2,380 deaths, to which number 1,767 were children.

THE MURRAY STREET CHURCH

Reports Show a Successful Year—Election of Officers

The annual business meeting of the Murray street Baptist church was held in the Sunday school room on Thursday evening, when the reports of the several departments were received and adopted.

The pastor, Rev. Mr. Bastow, presided, and opened the meeting with devotional exercises. Mr. Albert Martin, the able clerk presented his report for the past year, which gave the number joining the church as 11, as against 37 the previous year. The number leaving the congregation was [illegible]. The total membership on January 1st 1901, was [illegible] and on December 31st, [illegible].

Following Mr. T. F. Matthews presented the Treasurer's report for the past year, which on motion, received and adopted.

The Finance Committee's report was read by Mr. W. Aldridge, Chairman of the Finance Committee, which was very satisfactory.

The several other reports including those of the Trustees, Music, Fellowship, Sabbath School and Young People's Societies were satisfactory.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The business of receiving the reports having been concluded, the election of officers was proceeded with, resulting with return of Dr. Scott and Mr. V. Eastwood as Deacons, by acclamation, and in fact most of the following officers and committees in the same manner.

Clerk—Mr. Albert Martin.

Assistant Clerk—Mrs. Bastow.

Treasurer—Mr. T. F. Matthews.

Finance Committee—Messrs. W. Aldridge, G. Cochrane, V. Eastwood, G. Matthews, C. B. Routley, and R. Harding.

Music Committee—Messrs. T. F. Matthews, Dr. Scott and Mrs. Hunter.

House Committee—Mrs. Harding, Mrs. Jas. Montgomery and Mrs. Geo. Cochrane.

Visiting Committee—Mrs. Bastow, Mrs. Donnelly, Mrs. (Dr.) Scott, Mrs. Martin, Miss M. Nicholls, Mrs. Thos. Ellies, Mrs. Jas. Montgomery, Mrs. Harding, Mrs. W. Montgomery, Mrs. Jas. Ellis.

Missionary Committee—Foreign—Mr. B. B. Edwards and Miss Roberts.

Home Mission—Mrs. (Dr.) Scott and Miss E. Aldridge.

Grande Ligne—Miss Nicholls and Mrs. G. Matthews.

Northwest—Mrs. Hunter and Mrs. W. Montgomery.

Ushers—Messrs. G. Cochrane, G. L. Rowsel, R. Harding and R. Merril, they also to have charge of the ventilation of the church.

Committee on Improvement Fund—Messrs. H. Webber, Geo. Lee, J. C. Grant and P. White.

Auditors—Messrs. Merrill and Redden.

Representative on Central Charity Board—Mr. W. Aldridge.

VOTE OF THANKS.

On motion of Messrs. R. Harding and and Dr. Scott, a vote of thanks was tendered the building committee and trustees for the excellent manner in which they had performed their duties in connection with the improvements to the church.

Mr. T. F. Matthews moved, and Dr. Scott seconded a vote of thanks to Mr. Geo. K. Martin for his earnest labor in connection with the choir. The motion was carried by an unanimous standing vote.

At the close, Rev. Mr. Bastow stated that he was most pleased to be in cordial sympathy with all that had been said, done, or suggested, and was delighted with results of the past year as shown in the report, and he hoped for a still better showing next year.

The very harmonious meeting, so indicative of a church's prosperity, came to a close by the singing of the hymn, "Blest be the Tie that Binds," and prayer by Dr. Scott.

To Re-Open Rolling Mills

Belleville, Jan. 16.—A committee of the Council has under consideration a proposal from Senator George A. Cox for a transfer of the control of the rolling mills here. If the mills can be procured at a moderate rental a company in which the Senator is interested will re-stock and operate the mills.

BOOTH SALVATIONISTS GOING TO DOWIE

General's Son-in-Law Declares the Zion Leader to Be Elijah Reincarnated

London, Jan 18. — The The Central News Agency announces that owing to grave doctrinal differences Gen. Booth's son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Clibborn, and Percy Clibborn have resigned from the Salvation Army and joined the church of John Alexander Dowie.

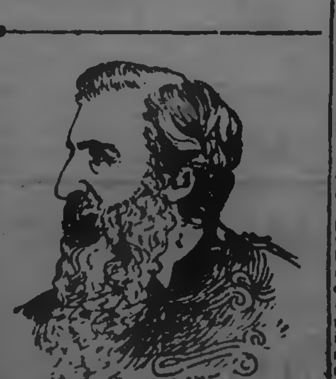
According to the Daily Mail Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Clibborn had many communications from John Alexander Dowie while the latter was in England. They demanded the right to preach the Dowie doctrine of faith healing while remaining in the Salvation Army. This demand was refused by Gen. Booth, who sent his most trusted lieutenant, Holland, to win them back, but in vain.

The formal resignations of Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Clibborn reached the London headquarters of the Salvation Army last Sunday.

DAUGHTER TO JOIN.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Gen. Booth's son-in-law, Commissioner Booth-Clibborn, and brig.-Gen. Percy Clibborn, a brother of the Commissioner, both leaders of the Salvation Army in Continental Europe, have joined Dowie's Zion. To The World correspondent Dowie said to-night:

"It is true Commissioner A. S. Booth-Clibborn, husband of the Marechale Kate Booth-Clibborn, of the Salvation Army, has joined us. We had much delightful intercourse with these friends in London and Paris last year. Gen. Percy Clibborn, head of the Salvation Army in Italy, has also joined. Mrs. Booth-Clibborn is not yet of us, but we expect that she will be led of God."



GENERAL BOOTH.

Booth-Clibborn's letter asserts he believes Dowie to be Elijah reincarnated. In part he says.

"Thank God for Zion. Oh, the joy of knowing there is a people who dare to live and teach the whole World without compromise or discount and who fear no man or nation. I have always had such a horror of compromises. My life has been nine times attempted. I have been condemned to death by the Nihilists under the seal of their Paris head-centre, but never could I go out of my way to brave death or use carnal weapons. I have decided to offer myself to you, dear doctor, for Zion, and do so."

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

NOTE—The Times invites its readers to contribute to its columns. It does not hold itself in any way responsible for the opinions expressed by its correspondents.—Ed. Times.]

About Electricity.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—When and where was electricity first used as motive power for any purpose? AN OLD READER.

Ans.—The first electric motor was made by Barlow of Woolwich, England, in 1820; the first electric railroad was operated by Thomas Davenport at Springfield, Mass., in 1835.

Concerning Women.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—Three brothers, being married, have one or more daughters each. Will you kindly inform my which daughter has the right to use "Miss," without the use of the Christian name, or whether more than one has a right to use it? E. H.R.

Ans.—The eldest daughter of the eldest brother is Miss So-and-so, even though she may be younger than her cousins.

Our Mid-winter Climate.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—There was a rumor in the streets about noon yesterday that a man from Calgary, N.W.T., where the cold waves come from, had been overcome by the heat and taken to Kennedy's meat market refrigerator for relief. This was somewhat exaggerated. Finding the heat becoming oppressive on the sunny side of the street the Calgary man asked a policeman to steer him against a beer tunnel, where he remained until sundown. Our mid-winter climate cannot be maligned with impunity. This is no joke. PAT.

Origin of "Uncle Sam."

Editor Morning Times.

—. What was the origin of the name "Uncle Sam" as applied to the United States Government? 2. What noted reformer married a nun? 3 How many people passed through the gates at the largest single day's attendance at the following Expositions: Pan-American, World's Columbian, Exposition Paris; 1889, Centennial?

Ans.—During the War of 1812 Elbert Anderson supplied provisions to the United States Government, large quantities of which he brought in Troy. One of the inspectors there was Samuel Wilson, generally known as "Uncle Sam." As the packages of provisions were approved they were branded "E. A—U. S." A stranger happening to ask what the letters meant, was told by a joker that they stood for. "Elbert Anderson—Uncle Sam." The joke became current in Troy and then passed out to the American world at large. 2. Luther; he married Catharine von Bora. 3. For the Pan-American no figures are at hand; Columbian, "Chicago day," Oct. 9. 716,881; Paris Exposition of 1889, largest attendance, 400,000; Centennial, "Pennsylvania day," Sept. 28, 1876, about 258,000.

Peterboro' Post Office.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—The writer, for past forty years has been a daily visitor of the Peterborough Post Office, and says unhesitatingly that the present conditions and arrangements therein are a disgrace to the Government and an outrage to the public.

To gain entrance to the office it is necessary to elbow ones way through the single entrance by pushing with the hand on a filthy door, thus running the risk of being inoculated with some outragious disease. On gaining admission we find a crowd at the General Delivery wicket elbowing one another in their haste to be served. This wicket is closed during the noon hour daily—the only time that people in employment have an opportunity of going to the office. It should never be closed.

Rather than put up with unsatisfactory delivery, one is forced to take a box at the exhorbitant charge of two dollars a year. I consider the box delivery as much for convenience of the Post Office authorities as those who rent them, and that $1.00 a year would be a reasonable rent. I have given up my box for the reason that I considered the present charge unreasonable.

There is ample room in the building by remodeling the office so as to properly meet the requirements of the public.

There should be two doors of entrance and two of exit, and a suitable arrangement made so that people would have to line up one behind another at the General Delivery wicket.

The Peterborough office is a large one, yielding a large revenue, and should have more consideration by the Government.

W. H. CLEXTON.

What Mr. Clexton says will meet with the hearty endorsement of the public. Mr. J. H. McClellan, we know, has vainly endeavored to get something done to the building. A new floor—which is bulged up in many places—is badly needed.

Peterborough contributes a large postal revenue—larger than many of the smaller cities of the Dominion—and it is a shame that things are as they are. The fact is, the building is not enough to accommodate the business to be done. On certain days it is almost impossible to get inside the building at all, so great is the crush. There should also be more space behind the staff, who are being worked half to death. As we said before Mr. McClellan has done all he can, but his efforts should be supported by decisive action by the Council of Peterborough and Ashburnham, and by the Board of Trade.—Ed Times.

Poor Girl, Pity Her.

Growing! Yes, into weakness, but not strength. Studies—plenty of them. Tired, of course she is, and weak too. Does not eat enough, and digests far less than enough. This condition is so frequent, but how seldom noticed even by fond parents. Give her Ferrozone, then watch her appetite improve, her cheeks and lips grow rubby, her step elastic, her spirits bouyant. All this simply the result of eating and digesting enough, making blood, and thereby strengthening the nerve and brain power. Ferrozone gives a woman's strength to weak girls. Your daughter [illegible] needs Ferrozone, get it to-day.

A SEVERE REBUKE

How the British Consul at New York gave a Snub

New York, Jan. 17.—With diplomatic politeness the British Consul-General at New York has administered a severe reproach to the busybodies who have been collecting "old clo'" for the Boer captives at Bermuda. The assumption that cast off clothing would be welcome by men whose maintenance has been undertaken by the British Government involves the other assumption that the men were being neglected, if not actually ill-treated; and that their simplest wants unless supplied from outside, would go unsupplied. No information warranting any such belief, or even any such suspicion, has ever come from Bermuda. His Excellency states that there is now in the colony a quantity of clothing sent to Bermuda for the prisoners of war, which, at the present time, is not required; that if, notwithstanding, any new and unused clothing is forwarded for the prisoners of war, they would not be precluded from receiving it, but that it has been found necessary to prohibit further distribution of worn clothing from the United States, as a matter of sanitary precaution, and in deference to the advice of the military authorities.

How One Million is Spent.

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and Consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing preeminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with its germ-killing, healing vapour. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25c and $1 at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

MOULDER'S BANQUET

Annual Banquet of the Iron Moulders' Union Last Night

The Iron Moulder's Union, No. 191, met in their hall last night in regular session to appoint the officers for the ensuing term. Following is a list of the officers elected.

President—Hugh Robertson.

Vice-President—Wm. Bardill.

Corresponding rep.—Wm. Green.

Fin. Secy.—Thos. Stenton.

Rec. Sec. and Treas—Sam Cottingham.

Door-keeper—Frank Turner.

Trustees—Messrs. J. Crowe, Wm. Green and R. Mulligan.

After the business had been concluded an adjournment was made to McCallum's restaurant where, a most sumptuous oyster supper was partaken of. The tables were most tastefully laid and reflected great credit on the decorative ideas of Mr. McCallum. Covers were laid for about 75 persons, the tables occupying a large amount of the available space. After enjoying the supper the members spent an hour or so in social intercourse interspersed with songs, recitations, etc. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. McCallum for the most enjoyable evening they had spent and hoped they would again assemble at a future time to enjoy a spread at Mac's

Toothache Cured in One Minute.

Not only toothache but any nerve pain is cured instantly by Polson's Nerviline. Thousands have testified that its wonderful, penetrating pain-subduing properties make it an absolute cure for neuralgia, rheumatism, toothache, cramps, colic and all other pains and aches that beset mankind. The world is challenged to equal Nerviline as a household liniment. Large bottle 25 cents.

Rumors of Peace in South Africa

London, Jan. 16.—The Globe's financial editor says a report from well informed quarters was current in the city to-day that the Boer chiefs had made overtures to the British Government to the effect that they were prepared to lay down their arms, provided that they were not exiled. Wednesday next is the Boer feast day, and the surrender of the Boers would probably occur then.

The War Office officials asserted that no proposals to surrender had been received from the Boers.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: The Boer delegates in Holland evidently anticipate that some kind of peace overtures will shortly be made, though they are reticent as to their reasons for this belief. They maintain, however, that the demand for an unconditional surrender must be abandoned.

It is privately admitted that the delegates will not reject what they call "any fair offer of terms." If the negotiations be started by a neutral Power the delegates will earnestly seek to obtain a modus vivendi, which will reconcile Mr. Kruger's desire for complete independence with the terms offered by Great Britain.

JOHN REDMOND'S TASTELESS JEER

Irish Member Says to Chamberlain "You Ought to be King."

ANOTHER FIGHTING SPEECH.

Colonial Secretary Again Defends the Conduct of the War and the Action of the Cape Government

London, Jan. 17.—While King Edward was reading the speech from the throne in the Imperial House yesterday His Majesty emphasized the portion referring to the humanity of British soldiers, amid murmurs of assent from the House.

After the speech had been formally read and the addresses in reply had been moved and seconded, the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, spoke in general terms against the course of the Government in South Africa, urging conciliation in place of brute force. He said the same, to a large measure, was true in Ireland, where the Government at present was "floundering between concession and coercion," and urged the adoption of the most liberal programme toward Ireland.

Mr. MacNeill, Irish Nationalist member for South Donegal, created the earliest scene by deploring the fact that the Nationalist members "had been immured in dungeons at the behest of Mr. Wyndham," the Chief Secretary for Ireland. He moved the appointment of a committee to investigate the matter. When the speaker declined to accept the motion, Mr. MacNeill questioned his ruling and was called to order.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Sir William Harcourt, by attacking the institution of martial law in Cape Colony and by accusing the Government of grossly unconstitutional conduct in advising the Ministers of the Cape Colony not to summon the Cape Parliament, brought up Mr. Chamberlain, who was in a most militant mood. Mr. Chamberlain declared that Sir Wm. Harcourt ought to have placed a question of such vast importance in the form of amendment and proceeded to justify absolutely the action of the Cape Government. Mr. Chamberlain said he did not care a scrap for legal opinions on one side or the other, that the Government had to deal with an emergency, and that it had followed the universal practice of all countries. He also said the Government of the Cape Colony would ask Parliament to indemnify their acts.

Mr. Chamberlain was protesting against the suggestion that he should overrule the Privy Council when Mr. Redmond interjected, "Hear, hear. You ought to be King." Amid laughter Mr. Chamberlain replied, "That is very good of the honorable gentleman, but that is not my ambition."

The House of Commons then adjourned.

BOERS MAY ASK FOR CONDITIONS

Result of a Conference of the European Delegates

THE PREMIER GIVES A REPLY

When the Enemy sues for Peace the Matter Will be Considered by the British—The Progress of the War.

IN THE UPPER HOUSE.

London, Jan. 17.—Replying to questions in the House of Lords yesterday, Lord Salisbury said, that no overtures had been made to the Boer Executive in Europe lately. Earl Spencer, the acting Liberal leader, said he recognized the impossibility of granting the Boer demands for independence. Yet he deprecated insisting upon unconditional surrender, and asked the Government to explain its intentions in the matter of ending the war. He urged that autonomy be granted as in Australia and Canada. Lord Salisbury, said he was glad to hear Earl Spencer vent an utterance for which he, the Premier, had been frequently and unsparingly condemned. It was quite true that there was no possibility of granting the Boers independence. "When the Boers sue for peace," he declared, "we will tell them, but until they do so the less we say about peace terms the better."

CANADIANS ILL.

Ottawa, Ont. Jan. 17.—The Militia Department was notified by cable that Kenneth Morrison, of the South African Constabulary, is dangerously ill from enteric fever at Heidelberg. His father is P. Morrison, of Yorktown, N. W. T. Another cable states that Beverley A. G. Scofield is dangerously ill from enteric fever at Heidelsberg. His next of kin is Mrs. Fenwick, of Fairville, N.B.

LYNCH WILL SPEAK.

London, Jan. 17.—Colonel Arthur Lynch, formerly of the Irish Transvaal brigade, who was elected member of Parliament for Galway, is said to be determined to speak in the House of Commons, and his chief desire is to avoid arrest before he reaches Westminster. He says he is prepared to prove that he was not a combatant, but merely a newspaper correspondent. It will be remembered that prior and subsequent to his election he was hailed with acclaim as a gallant soldier of fortune and used violent language toward England.

DENIED BY KUYPER.

London, Eng. Jan. 17.—A despatch to the Times from Brussels says that Dr. Kuyper, the Netherlands Prime Minister, authorises a contradiction of the report that he went on a mission to London in reference to securing peace in South Africa. He declared that his visit was purely private, and had no connection whatever with the [illegible]

KRUGER DECIDES TO SUE TO OBTAIN PEACE

The Executive of the South African Republic Approach Great Britain

SALISBURY QUESTIONED AS TO BOER DELEGATES

Lord Salisbury is Non-Committal —"When The Boers Sue for Peace. We'll Tell Them Our Terms."

Brussels, Jan. 16.—The Rotterdam correspondent of the Mail and Empire telegraphs that the Executive Committee of the South African Republics held a meeting at The Hague on Tuesday. He is informed on high authority that after hearing a report from one of the leading members of the committee, who had been in communication with Mr. Kruger the previous day, it was unanimously decided to approach England with a view to arranging terms of peace.

A member of the committee said that if the demand for unconditional surrender was withdrawn there would certainly be peace before the end of the month.

It was stated that Dr. De Kuyper, the Dutch Premier, had just returned from London, whither he had gone to sound the British authorities as to the probable results of a direct approach by the committee on lines that were indicated. He was assured on high authority that the most careful consideration would be given to any proposal that might be made.

IMPORTANT CAPTURE.

Ladybrand, Orange River Colony, Jan. 16.—The British captured a Boer laager at Poodekranz, near Ficksburg, with 10 wagons and 3,000 sheep. It was discovered that boots, candles, clothing and Martini bullets were being made at this laager.

Hermanus Steyn, a cousin of the former President of the Orange Free State, has been superseded by Van Niekerk, whose commando consists of 70 persons, 30 of whom are boys under 13 years of age.

Colonel Pilcher's column has been very active in the neighborhood lately, and small captures are daily reported. Large quantities of sheep and cattle have also been taken. It is reported that there is a greater tendency to surrender among the fighting burghers in the neighborhood than for a year past.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT

A Popular Local Conductor Tells a Travelling Story.

As usual it was in the Snowden House back parlor, and the genial proprietor had finished a yarn when Conductor Fred Haskell entered and took his seat. Fred is popular with the boys, and he had no sooner filled his pipe than he was requested to tell a story.

"Once upon a time, when I was on the main line—long before I took to the *Lakefield Lightening Express*— I was making my rounds through the car, when an incident occurred that I'll never forget.

A tired father sat with a 6 month-old babe in his arms, trying to soothe it to sleep.

In the double seat were two more little chaps under 5, and scarce a year apart in age, sleeping the sleep of the innocent.

On the father's face were signs of recent grief, and his anxious expression presaged unknown troubles in the future.

In vain he tried to quiet the crying babe, which evidently felt the need of a mother's tender care.

The passengers, who had settled themselves down in an uncomfortable attempt to beat the Pullman company, began to arouse and mutter their indignation at the "squalling brat," as one of them described it under his breath.

The poor, tired father brushed a tear from his care-furrowed cheek, and in a voice broken with deep feeling, he said:

"My friends, I am very sorry if this little chap disturbs you. I am doing the best I can. His mother"—here the voice almost broke down—"his mother, the devoted wife of the past few years, whose maiden home we passed just the other side of Port Hope, she is at rest—"

"In a box in the baggage car, I suppose," interrupted a sympathetic passenger, who recalled that old story of similar import, while the others began to feel they had been most uncharitable.

"Is at rest. I was about to say, back in the tourist sleeper. She told me when she started this was the first time in five years she had had a chance to get a good night's rest, and that if I didn't take care of the children in here and let her enjoy it she wouldn't go a step."

And every family man in the coach agreed that the poor fellow's excuse was perfectly valid.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Jan. 17.—The great desert in the forbidden hinterland of Tripoli, Northern Africa, which has not been visited by Europeans for fifty years, has now been explored by Mr. Edward Dodson, a young Englishman, who went out last March.

The members of the expedition experienced much difficulty with the authorities; at one place they were placed under arrest, and on two occasions threatened by the Arabs, who prepared to ambush them.

One of the most notable things on their journey to Murzuk was the great petrified forest. For ten hours they travelled across an area of petrified trees varying in circumference from seven feet to a few inches. Every branch of this forest was, of course, lying prone, and this together with the presence of marine shells showed that this part of the Great Sahara had at one time been submerged.

One night they were surrounded by thunderstorms. No less than five distinct storms were in progress all round and the guns and spears of the party became surrounded by a halo of phosphorescent light, which greatly alarmed the superstitious attendants, who regarded this as a further judgment upon them for travelling with "unbelievers."

THE WOMAN HERMIT

London, Jan. 17.—Notwithstanding the unusual severity of the weather, the woman who has been living on the seashore close to Ardmaddy Castle, Argyllshire, for some time past, is still clinging to her chosen retreat without any shelter whatever. She seems impervious to cold and wet, and takes her morning dip in the open sea with as much spirit as she did in the height of summer. She declares her intention of remaining at Ardmaddy and braving the elements till the spring is over, and is quite [illegible] to her occupation.

[illegible]

[illegible] has just cost a young man named Emile Feret his life in peculiarly distressing circumstances.

The young man attempted to climb a garden wall with the intention of placing a bouquet on the window sill of the young lady to whom he was shortly to be married. But his fiance's father mistook him for a burglar and fired upon him and killed him on the spot.

Victoria B. C., Jan. 17.—Hope for the safety of the British warship Conder is all but abandoned. Naval men here are convinced that it went down to the bottom during the recent typhoon while on the way from here to Honolulu. The admiralty officials will dispatch the Phaeton Saturday in search of her.

The Conder was thirty-one days from here to Honolulu on Jan. 3, the date of the last mail, and left here Dec. 2, on the evening of the storm in which the collier Mattewan was lost. She may be sailing to the islands however, as warships often do, and with scant canvas and without her propeller working she would be delayed. The mail due at San Francisco on Saturday from the islands is anxiously awaited.

HAD CREW OF 130 MEN.

The Conder is described in the British admiralty list as a screw sloop. It was built at Sheerness and was launched in 1898. It was of steel and sheathed, with a tonnage of 980. It was 180 feet long, had 33 feet beam and drew 11 feet 6 inches. Six four-inch quick-fire guns and four three-pounders constituted her armament. Her speed was thirteen knots. Her full complement of men was 130 and the last admiralty navy list gave her the following officers: Commander, Clinton Sclater; lieutenants, James B. Mason, Hay Winthrop and Henry V. T. Prester; surgeon, Thomas S. Hartley; assistant paymaster, William H. Frankgin; gunner, Arthur D. A. Burns; engineer, George J. Ditton. She was commissioned at Chatham Nov. 1, 1900, and practically all of her present crew joined her at that time.

A MUSICAL ERROR.

London, Jan. 17.—An amusing mistake occurred during the Boxing Day Eisteddfod at Rhyl recently. While the duet competition for tenor and soprano voices was in progress the audience was much puzzled by some peculiarity in the singing. When the judge gave his award the mystery was cleared up. He said that he was obliged to disqualify the two competitors who would otherwise have won, because they had sung the wrong parts, the lady having taken the tenor and the gentleman the soprano. They, therefore lost the prize of two guineas.

Quarantine Removed

The quarantine, which has been placed on the Nicholls Hospital and a boarding house on Aylmer street for the past fourteen days, was removed yesterday by the health officers, no further cases of smallpox being reported.

The Frise house on McDonnell street is still quarantined, and will not be opened for another week.

The smallpox patient at Jackson park is progressing favorably. Dr. Bingham is anxious to get away from the hospital, and says that after Monday the attendant will be able to attend to the patient.

Mr. H. A. Pugh's Generosity

Ashburnham Public School is again to profit by Mr. H. A. Pugh's kindness. For the past two years he has given handsome prizes for spelling and arithmetic in various classes.

Next June he intends to repeat them, and will present a handsome volume to the pupil who comes highest in these two subjects combined, in each of the following classes: Junior Second, Senior Second, Junior Third, Senior Third, Junior Fourth and Senior Fourth.

The prizes will be awarded according to the showing made by the pupils in their monthly reports, and as these depend upon the results of the weekly examinations (and in spelling upon daily tests) it can be readily seen that the successful pupils must attend regularly and work faithfully throughout the whole term.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs: Comparatively mild, with light local snowfalls or flurries. The cold wave from the northward moved rapidly into Ontario and Quebec during yesterday and last night and this morning [illegible] records 32 degrees below zero, Ottawa and Parry Sound 11 below zero, and Montreal 8 below. [illegible]

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 18, 1902

REV. MR. LANGFELT'S SERMON.

The sermon recently preached by the Rector of St. Luke's bids fair to become historic. That a clergyman should so far imperil his salary as to say what he thinks his heavenly Master requires him to say, is the theme of general comment. It does not seem often to occur to clergymen that to offend God is worse than to offend man. They do not believe it, and therefore how could they think it? In other respects also the general verdict is in Mr. Langfelt's favour: Pity long since gave way to disgust, and that to anger, anent the the same subject. General expressions of contempt for a certain class are rife, and they are touched up with ridicule and sarcasm to a degree that would head off any man not a slave and a fool. What—if we can have patience to discuss it—is the argument on the other side? Forsooth, the divine right of every man to drink as much whiskey as he can. The principle underlying the contention is a noble one, but what of the manifestation? Is there any man fool enough to believe that he has a right to become an eyesore to the public and an object of general disgust just because he chooses to think so? Once more we congratulate the reverend gentleman. So long as no names are mentioned let the good work go on. The castigation of types hits us all more or less—some less—but some more. In the old days public nuisances got a dose of the town-pump. If licence holders only knew it the reason why the public has become roused at last is on account of the drinker, not on account of the seller. "No Admission to Soaks" put over every bar would leave the freedom of the temperate, where it is, and satisfy the craving of public opinion for some mitigation of a nuisance.

Hotel-keepers get a blame which they in many instances do not justly incur, but it is their own look-out, and if they wish to allow others to outrage public opinion while they bear the consequences they won't know what struck them when voting time comes. The last plebiscite revealed a majority of the total vote upon the lists in favour of prohibition, and although one more chance is to be given its opponents to knock it out on preliminaries, we are afraid that the causes suggested have been too long at work. Is there no way of putting things in a healthy shape without destroying (or saving) the just with the unjust? If we were to take about one-one thousandth of the entire population of the town—say one hundred—and put them in a cage, the town would, presto! be a sober decent town. When necessary, repeat the measure. Imprison "drunks" and make them sober up. We are inclined to advocate a policy like this: When a case is ripe (that is rotten) have an information laid and a summons got out. Cite the wretched and trembling (verily) offender to appear. Let a jury decide that in the public interests, both as a preventive measure for the benefit of the young and as a protection to the fool himself, the offender shall be confined till such time as he "comes to." By degrees the swizzlers will disappear and we shall have a sober people—some through choice others through compulsion—not only sober but free—free, to exercise their common sense, and not tempted to break a law that will never be honestly administered. It must always be remembered by those who assert their right to do as they think please, that the other side has the same right, and the majority also. Few hotelkeepers encourage drunkenness. Old soakers as a rule drink twice as much as they pay for, filling up with whiskey that part of the glass intended for water. Who supposes that the vendor wishes to sell more whiskey than water? It is not so. The guzzler is also a nuisance in the bar. He is there in season and out of season, even at scrubbing time, and pleads at the door before it is time to open. Why blame the hotelkeeper? Whiskey is made to be sold. The remedy suggests itself: Public opinion and the common gaol will solve the difficulty. Let it be tried in earnest. We assume in court to judge of another man's conduct even towards himself, why omit it in the case of whiskey, and above all things, why make it an excuse for crime?

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"Accuracy, Care and Attention."

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ALL RANKS AND CONDITIONS.

of our people are now using Paine's Celery Compound the great health restorer. No other medicine in the world has such a record of cures to its credit. It makes new, flesh blood, corrects digestion, gives energy to body, nerves and brain. If you feel unwell, give Paine's Celery Compound a trial.

John Nugent, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

PETERBOROUGH MARKET

Wheat	0 72 to 0 73
FLOUR AND MEAL.	
Flour, patent process, cwt	2 00 to 2 25
Flour, bakers, per cwt	2 25 to 2 45
COARSE GRAIN	
Barley, per bushel	0 50 to 0 55
Peas, small	0 80 to 0 85
Peas, [illegible]	0 80 to 0 85
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Buckwheat	0 50 to 0 50
Rye	0 48 to 0 50
WOOL AND HIDES.	
Wool, unwashed	0 08 to 0 08
Fleece Wool	0 11 to 0 12
Veal Calf skins	0 08 to 0 10
Deakins	0 40 to 0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	7 00 to 8 00
Sheepskins	0 50 to 0 80
MEAT POULTRY &c	
Beef by quarter per cwt	4 50 to 5 50
Mutton per lb	0 06 to 0 08
Lamb, quarter	0 07 to 0 08
Dressed hogs per 100 lbs	7 50 to 7 75
Pork, by quarter, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lard	0 12 to 0 13
Chickens, per pair	0 30 to 0 40
Ducks, per pair	[illegible]
Geese each	0 75 to 1 00
Turkeys each	0 [illegible] to 1 50
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18 to 0 20
Butter, crock	0 16 to 0 18
Eggs, per doz	0 20 to 0 22
Hay, per ton	8 50 to 9 50
LIVE STOCK.	
Cattle, choice butchers (steers and heifers)	0 04 to 0 04 1-2
Medium butcher (steers and heifers)	0 03 to 0 03 1-2
Light cattle & cows	0 02 1-4 to 0 02 3-4
Feeders, 1000-1100	0 03 to 0 03 1-2
Stockers	0 02 to 0 02 1-2
Hogs, select, 160-200	6 15 to 6 25
Fats and heavies	5 75 to 6 00
Lights	5 50 to 5 75
Sows	0 03 1-2 to 0 03 3-4
Stags	2 00 to 2 00
Sheep	0 02 1-2 to 3-4
Lambs	0 03 to 0 03 1-4
GENERAL.	
Potatoes	0 60 to 0 70
Turnips	[illegible]
Wood, hard	4 50 to 5 00
Wood, soft	2 00 to 3 00
Straw, per load	2 00 to 3 00
Tallow, rendered, per lb	0 05 to 0 06

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The Prohibition Act in Prince Edward Island, having been sustained by the Supreme Court of the province, we have the spectacle of a portion of Canada with legal prohibition where the law is being enforced. Do the islanders feel the drought?

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DIPTHERIA PREVALENT

But of a Mild Type—Great Care Should be Taken to Keep It from Spreading

At the present time there are a large number of cases of diphtheria in town. At the hospitals many are being cared for and even then a great many are sick at their homes. The diphtheria this winter is of a very mild type, but nevertheless great care should be taken to prevent its spreading. Parents, especially, should be very careful and not send children from a house where diphtheria exists, to any of the schools, or to allow them to come in contact with neighbor's children or the children on the streets. Parents and others cannot be to careful at this particular season and guard against their children getting their clothes and feet wet. We hope in a few days that this disease will have received a very strong check and that in a future time the town will be rid of the trouble.

NO MAN IS STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

The stomach is the vital center of the body. It is the organ from which all other organs are fed. A weak stomach means a weak man. There never was a strong man with a weak stomach. What is called "weak stomach" is in general a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, which prevents the proper digestion of the food which is taken into the stomach, and so reduces the nutrition of the body. When all food is taken away the body starves. When the food eaten is only digested and assimilated in part it only nourishes the body in part, and so the body is partly starved. And this starvation is felt in every organ of the body dependent on the blood which is made from food.

The great variety of the cures performed by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is due to its remarkable power to heal diseases of the stomach and allied organs. It cures through the stomach diseases seemingly remote, but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and the other organs of digestion and nutrition. "Weak" heart, lungs, kidneys and weakness of other organs is cured with the cure of the weak stomach.

Mr. Thomas A. Swartz, Box 103, Sub-Station C., Columbus, Ohio, writes: "I was taken very sick with severe headache, then cramps in the stomach, and food would not digest, then kidney and liver trouble, and my back got weak so I could scarcely get around. The more I doctored the worse I got until six years passed. I had become so poorly I could only walk in the house by the aid of a chair, and I got so thin I had given up to die, thinking that I could not be cured. Then one of my neighbors said, 'Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and make a new man out of yourself.' The first bottle helped me so I thought I would get another, and after I had taken eight bottles I was weighed and found I had gained twenty-seven (27) lbs. in about six weeks. I have done more hard work in the past eleven months than I did in two years before, and I am as stout and healthy to-day, I think, as I ever was."

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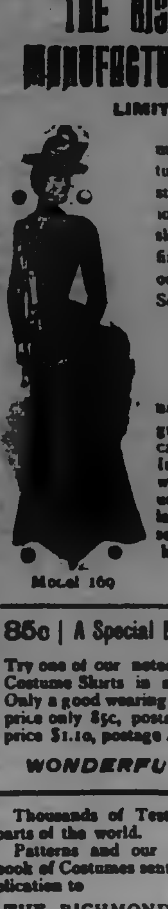

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"We were discussing about that stupid Craven Adair; dear me, how sick and tired I am of hearing his name, and Captain Derwent said something about that Japanese swindle." Barbara crushed a pink-tipped daisy beneath her bronze heels; she was not listening to a word Ormande was saying about his parish and charities in London; she had no sympathy with anything of the sort, except when it came to posing before the world as a generous, beneficent, charitable young creature who did so much for her fellow creatures, and was altogether so noble and good —her thoughts were far more interesting than Ormande's descriptions. "The swindle," she mused on, "and then he said something about escaping that, and he mentioned something, too, about Gordon Smythe, who——" Barbara stopped in her musings. "Smythe," she repeated, reflectively; "Smythe —ah!" Her cheeks grew rosy red for a moment, but that was the only outward sign she gave of the delight that filled her at that moment. "She flinched and gave that exclamation when Smythe was mentioned; that is the clue I want! Did she not speak to me the other day of her cousin, a Mr. Smythe, when I questioned her about her former life? Of course that is it; she is afraid of Gordon Smythe; she must be, else why should she shrink when his name is mentioned? Afraid of Gordon Smythe." Barbara said this over and over again to herself, deriving great pleasure from the sentence. "Perhaps he knows something about her; perhaps she has done something wrong —if I can only find out. Well, much as I hate her, I am sorry for her if she happens to be in Gordon Smythe's power; if ever a man was utterly heartless and cruel, he is that man. I can't be wrong, at any rate, it is a clue worth following up."

Ormande tried to conjure up a great amount of interest as he spoke of his London work, but somehow the real ring was absent to-day; he was restless, and had no thoughts, no interest for anything except Katharine.

"If she will only listen to me. If she will give herself to me Heaven knows she shall not repent the gift. I will treasure her as I treasure life itself; I will smooth away the troubled look from her face, and change that sorrowful expression in her sweet, sweet eyes. She shall not even speak of this sadness, whatever it is, that has shadowed her young life unless she herself wishes to tell me of it. Oh, Katharine! my darling! my darling! I dare not let my self hope; it seems too good, too wonderful to be true!"

The walk under the trees might have continued much longer, but that Barbara suddenly espied Captain Derwent in the distance and observed that she wished to speak to the young officer. Lord Otway parted from his hostess with a sigh of relief, and intended to wander away and seek Katharine in every corner and nook he could find; but Fate was against him; he fell into Mr. Montrose's hands, and was forced to listen to a long panegyric on politics. All at once Mr. Montrose changed the subject.

"That is a lovely girl, that daughter of poor Robert Brereton's!" he said abruptly; "she should not be in a position of this sort."

Lord Otway would have liked to have taken the older man's hand and nearly wrung it off.

"I can't understand it," pursued Mr Montrose, thoughtfully. "She told me last night that she had no relations in the world except a cousin of her father's, and yet I know for a certainty that her mother's brother is alive, and a rich old curmudgeon he is, but he ought to do something for the girl."

"Perhaps Miss Brereton prefers to be independent," said Ormande, wishing that he could declare proudly that henceforth Katharine would need no relation, that she would be tenderly cared for and guarded as his wife — the words almost trembled on his lips, but he restrained himself.

"I dare say, though, old Dalrymple does not even know of the girl's existence. I recollect pretty Grace Dalrymple got into terrible disgrace with her family when she ran away with handsome, penniless, Robert Brereton." Mr. Montrose went on, and then he paused and seemed to think deeply, and the result of the thought came out in his next words —"I shall look old Dalrymple up directly I return to town. I have lost my heart to the girl. Bless me, what a sweet young thing she is!"

It was a distinctly absurd and unclerical feeling, but Ormande, Lord Otway experienced a wild desire to fling his arms around the staid, matter-of-fact politician, and embrace him warmly for those words.

"My darling! My darling! Who can resist you? Who can help loving you, my beautiful queen? My dear, dear love!" he murmured to himself, reverently and tenderly.

* * * * * *

"Here's more things for you to write, miss," said Patty, as she entered Katharine's room late in the afternoon. "Lor'! what a lot you do write! Don't you never feel tired-like in the hand, miss?"

Katharine had a smile for the girl, but she was looking very white, and, indeed, was ill, agitated, and depressed. She had been kept very busy all day. Barbara was constantly sending up fresh relays of work, but Katharine was glad of it. She turned to some occupation with feverish eagerness, only grateful and thankful if she could lose herself in it for a time.

"The post's been, miss, and here's two letters for you," said Patty, after she had conveyed all the instructions that had been given her.

Katharine took the letters and read them through.

One was from Lady Drummond, a short note, full of kind interest as to how Katharine was getting on, and how she liked her present quarters; the other was from Miss Weston, a sweet, affectionate epistle, saying how dull the house was now without Katharine's lovely face to brighten it, and how Dorcas was never tired of asking when Miss Brereton would come again.

"I saw dear Mrs. Smythe," Miss Weston wrote, "the other day. Poor lady, she never ceases lamenting over you; she seems very lonely and depressed, too, and though she did not say so, still I cannot help thinking she is worried, either by or about her son. She is not looking well, and so I have persuaded her to come and stay with me for a few days, then we can chat over our dear child; and if we cannot have you with us, that will be the next best thing." Then followed a string of inquiries as to Katharine's health and comforts, and an entreaty that the girl would turn to her if she needed anything.

Katharine lifted the letter, written in the old-fashioned Italian handwriting, to her lips, and a sigh broke from her heart at the same time. She could not help it, nor the pang of reproach that came as she read about poor Lucy Smythe.

"I have sacrificed myself to save her from grief and now it seems my sacrifice was in vain. Poor Lucy, poor Cousin Lucy! Heaven grant you may never learn what a black heart lives in your idol's breast! Well, I must not begin to think. I promised myself this morning that I would not do it. Thank Heaven, I have some work to do; it is the greatest blessing that could come to me now."

She took up her pen and wrote away briskly, until the dinner gong sounding in the distance told her how late it was.

"I—I hope they will not want me in the drawing-room to-night," she said to herself, hurriedly, as she rose to her feet rather unsteadily and put one hand to her throbbing temples. "I do not think I could go; I am so tired."

Aye, that she was; tired and ill, too —nearly worn out!

With a deep sigh of relief, Katharine sank into a chair by the open window and let the cool, sweet evening air fan her wan face. She heard nine o'clock strike after a while, and then she knew that Barbara would send no message for her that evening.

The dinner rested untouched on the table, she did not feel equal to swallowing one mouthful, despite the fact that Mrs. Parsons had sent her up a delicate and most dainty meal.

The fresh, soft air was more to her than food; and slowly rising, weary and cramped from long sitting, Katharine determined to steal down into the gardens and refresh herself for a while.

If she kept well to the back of the building, she could not possibly meet any of the guests. Very slowly she made her way down the stairs, and from thence into the sweet smelling grounds.

"God is good," she murmured, her spirits reviving, as she moved along. "If we have sorrows and troubles, He gives us nature as a comforter to pour balm on our wounds."

But the comfort did not last long. Katharine soon went back into the old dreary burden of thought.

She was dazed, overwhelmed, almost prostrated by the news Ormande had brought back from town. How had Gordon managed to throw every one on such a false scent? Katharine's sad heart grew colder as she remembered the dead boy lying unmourned, unknown at the bottom of that cruel pit, and recalled his honesty, the ring of sincerity in his frank young voice, the flash of roused honor in his blue eyes, that were so like another pair of blue ones she knew so well.

It hurt her to hear the poor fellow disparaged and called ungenerous and wrong, when she could testify so clearly to his straightforwardness and his honor. It seemed to her a double murder, this slander of him, when he could not defend himself.

"Oh, that I could give my life for his!" said the girl, to herself, passionately —"that it had been me Gordon killed that day! Death surely cannot be so bitter as life is to me now!"

A hundred times in the dark night hours Katharine had sat up in bed with a start, waking from a dream wherein she saw strange hands lifting Craven Adair from his tomb and calling on her to come forward and tell all she knew. At such moments as these the girl did not know how to soothe or comfort herself. True, as yet nothing had come, not a sign or a word was given that the crime had been traced, but how long would this be? Some day the mine might be opened, the body found, and then——

With a shudder Katharine buried her face in her trembling hands, though even that dread "then" did not seem to be fraught with greater horrors than she was called upon to bear now, guarding such a secret, and being linked forever to such a man as Gordon Smythe.

All the affectionate words Mr. Montrose had uttered last night of her dead father, much though they gratified her, left behind them a sting. Katharine felt that she dared not even think of her beloved one with this ghastly shadow hanging over her head, that his grave, loving eyes would be full of sadness and reproach to contemplate his daughter — his proud, honorable little Kattie—a confederate or companion in such a crime.

"Oh, if I could but go to sleep, to sleep for years, and then wake to find it one long, hideous dream!" she cried out now, as she moved under the dark, whispering trees, losing her weariness in the emotion and agitation that crowded fast upon each other's heels in her troubled breast.

She came to a standstill at last by the side of a sturdy old tree, and leaning up against it with her arms, Katharine bent her head on them and cried softly to herself. It was not a passionate paroxysm of weeping; the tears stole slowly down her cheeks — tears of bitterness, of despair, of hopelessness, tears in which the misery of her broken-hearted love found vent with the rest.

The summer moon was high in the heavens, casting quaint, fantastic shadows on the ground; its silvery light crept through the faintly moving leaves, and lingered on the girl's bowed head, as if wishing to bless and comfort her.

Away in the distance Katharine could hear singing voices and laughter. They had no part in her life. What had she to do with singing and laughter?— those belonged to such happy people as Barbara Mostyn — Barbara, the woman Ormande loved.

Katharine pressed her wet face still closer on her arms as her heart contracted with a thrill of exquisite pain. Yes, laughter and songs went with happiness. She must stand by and hear them, must see the blessed sunshine pour down its golden warmth on others' heads, while she, alone, forgotten——

Katharine gave a great start; something rustled among the bushes close by; then there was a short bark of delight as one of the dogs came running up to her; then the faint fragrant scent of a cigar stole to her nostrils, and then some one came from out of the shadows into the moonlight and spoke her name eagerly, hurriedly.

"Kate— Miss Brereton, what happy chance led me to come this way?"

Ormande was holding both her hands in his. Katharine was conscious of a sense of delight at his firm, strong touch.

The moon's rays lit up her face with its great luminous eyes and its tear stains. Those grief marks were too much for Ormande. He uttered a smothered exclamation; involuntarily his hold tightened on her slender hands, and he drew her a shade closer to him.

A passion of words trembled on his his lips, but Katharine, her heart leaping wildly, her pulses thrilling, her senses growing dazed and dreamy as they had grown last night, spoke first.

"I—I had no idea it was so late, I must run in; please let me go, Lord Otway. I must go, really I must."

Ormande only held her firmer in that tender, passionate hold, that spoke almost as clearly as words what lived in his mind.

"No, no!" he muttered, eagerly, huskily, the joy of the moment almost unnerving him, "do not leave me! Katharine, I must speak to you. I can bear it no longer. This uncertainty is unbearable. Katharine, my darling! My darling!"

CHAPTER XVII.

"Katharine, my darling!"

The words ran like liquid fire in the girl's veins, she was riveted by them, magnetized by them into a condition of complete silence, which she was powerless to break.

Ormande met the dazed, questioning glance of her lovely eyes; they made his heart throb with their marvelous, mysterious beauty.

"Have I frightened you, my dearest heart?" he said gently, with unutterable tenderness. "Ah, forgive me; you were not to know, how could you, how I have longed, prayed to see you all this weary day, and when I came upon you suddenly, I—I— you won't laugh at me, darling, will you? —I just lost my head entirely," he laughed softly, but his laughter was pregnant with happiness. Katharine only heard it dimly; she was conscious of nothing but the grasp of his strong hands, the musical tenderness of his voice. She still stood gazing at him with her great gray eyes, full of that dazed dreaminess which hung over her so persistently. "And now," Ormande went on, "now I want to hear you say you have forgiven me; I want more than that, Katharine, but I must try and be patient, I must not expect too much; I must be content, if you will only tell me first that you are not angry with me. I love you so much, dear," he cried, wistfully, feeling, he scarcely knew why, a sense of despair strike through him, as he met that still, quiet gaze; "I love you so much, you are my sunshine, my very life. I cannot remember how I lived before I met you, Katharine, and my love has grown more and more each day, till I can no longer keep it to myself; I am obliged to tell you all about it." He paused for a moment, still she stood as one transfixed, gazing at him. How strange, how weirdly beautiful her face was in the moonlight; she did not look of earthly mould, there was a spiritual transparency in the delicate pallor of her skin, a——

Ormande gripped her small hands in an agony of sudden fear; she had never seemed so ethereal to him before, as she did now.

"Speak to me, Katharine!" he cried, eagerly, passionately; "say something, if it is only that you forgive me, for — for loving you so much. Oh, my darling, my darling, you will not be so cruel to me, you will let me hope— I do not care how far distant it is! I will wait, yes, weeks, months, years, I will wait, if you will only give me a word of hope, dearest!" He was now strung to the highest point of agitation and emotion. "Do you not see it is cruel to keep me in such doubt? I love you, Katharine— I love you so much!"

The dream was broken, the sense of vague, delirious ecstasy gone. With a shudder, she awoke— awoke to find her hands in Ormande's grasp, and Ormande's low voice ringing in her ears. Joy flamed up for a single moment great, triumphant, inexpressible joy— but only for a moment; the next she saw it die away, and black despair creep into its place.

"You love me?" she said; "you love me?"

She spoke almost mechanically, her brain was stunned, it did not work very quickly; her eyes met his again and at the world of passion, of unfathomable tenderness in their blue depths, she shivered.

"You love me!" she whispered, faintly. "It—it is not true— no, no, it cannot be true."

The full horror burst on her all at once; here was happiness, great, wondrous golden happiness, held to her lips, and she must not drink. Was it not enough to make any woman falter and shrink before such temptation?

"You are wrong," she murmured huskily, eagerly trying to wrench her hands from his hold. "You are wrong; why do you say such things? You love me?" and she laughed wildly. She was hardly conscious of what she did, only one thing stared her in the face, she must send him away; she must push him from her, lest she should sink beneath this awful blow, and bring shame and sorrow on him as well as on herself. How blind she had been —how blind! It was not Barbara Mostyn he loved, it was she —she, poor Katharine Brere—

To be continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

PROGRESS AND SUCCESS.

Progress and success have been our business merged up to the present time. No need to enlarge on our dispensing facilities; this department is run on the most approved system; promptness and accuracy mark all our work.

We are daily renewing and augmenting our stock of Perfumes, Atomizers, Sponges, Brushes, Combs and Toilet goods.

THE PUBLIC VERDICT.

The public verdict is immensely in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. It is the great family medicine of the present day and never fails to do which it promises. Paine's Celery Compound will permanently cure kidney disease, liver complaint, ills resulting from impure blood, dyspepsia and stomach derangements. We sell the kind that cures. [illegible], Peterborough, Ont.

Garfield's Last Tears.

A pathetic incident is related apropos of the day of fasting and prayer which was appointed by all the governors of the United States at the time President Garfield was removed from Washington, D.C., to Long Branch, in the hope that the change might help him to recover from the bullet wounds inflicted by Guiteau. "Crete," said the President to his brave little wife, about eleven on that Thursday morning, as the ringing strokes from the belfry of the Episcopal Church, almost across from the cottage, reached his ears, "what are they ringing that bell for?" "That!" said Mrs. Garfield, who had been waiting for the surprise—"that's the church where we were when you first came down. They're all going to pray for you to get well;" and, falling on her knees, she said, "and I'm going to pray, too, James, that it may be soon; for I know already that the other prayer has been heard." From where he lay Garfield could see the carriages draw up, and group after group go in. He could even hear the subdued refrain of "Jesus, lover of my soul," as it was borne by on its heavenward way. Thrilled with emotion, a tear trickled down the President's face. Then he closed his eyes and turned his face as a sweet woman's voice arose, singing from one of Sir Michael Costa's oratorios. "Turn Thou unto me, and have mercy upon me," sang the voice, "for I am desolate; I am desolate and afflicted; the troubles of my heart are enlarged. Oh, bring Thou me out of my distresses, out of my distresses, my God!" The people in the church sat almost spellbound under the voice, for the singer was affected deeply, and made it seem to all, what it must have been to her, a prayer in music.

Avoid Contact With Sick Pets.

Dogs and monkeys are subject to tuberculosis and are said to be capable of communicating the infection to human beings. A large number of the canaries that die in captivity fall victims to the same disease. Parrots suffer from a malady peculiar to themselves. The bacillus that causes it is thought to originate pneumonia in man. Cats have been known to be the carriers of diphtheria, and possibly of scarlet fever and other infectious diseases. Great care should be taken during an epidemic to keep pet animals out of the reach of infection, or else away from the children, and at any time a bird or animal that seems ailing should be at once isolated.—Ladies' Home Journal

Realism.

Church—How did you like that war drama at the theater the other night?

Gotham—It seemed like the real thing. There was a boy eating peanuts in the gallery, and the shells were dropping all about.—Yonkers Statesman.

OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO SERVE OUR PATRONS THOROUGHLY AND WELL.

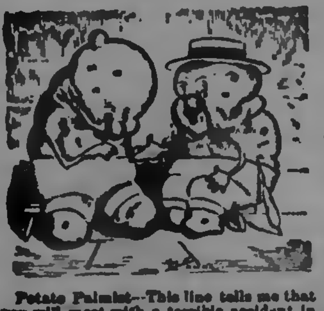
Kindly favor us with a visit at your earliest convenience, so as to assure yourself that we serve the public thoroughly and well. Our dispensing department is under the most competent management, insuring perfect safety in the preparation of prescriptions. Our drugs, medicines and tinctures are the purest and our general stock suited to the wants of the most critical.

YOU NEED THE BEST.

If you are rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, nervous, weak or run down, you need the best medicine that medical science can suggest. We strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound for your troubles. It has cured others afflicted as you are; it cannot fail in your case. We sell the kind that makes sick people well. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Not a Happy Outlook.

"Life."



Potato Palmist—This line tells me that you will meet with a terrible accident in your old age. You will be skinned alive, your eyes will be dug out, then you will be boiled, and finally mashed to a pulp.

OUR PAST RECORD.

Our past record of successful catering to the wants of a critical public is the best guarantee we can offer to all who are not yet numbered among our permanent customers. Please remember that we make a specialty of filling physicians' prescriptions. Our stock of perfumes, Toilet articles, Brushes, Sponges etc., is large and varied.

THE MOST RELIABLE AND POPULAR.

Paine's Celery Compound is the most reliable and popular family medicine, and is specially recommended for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, nervous diseases and sleeplessness. If you have not succeeded in banishing your troubles, come to us for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. It will not disappoint you. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterborough, Ont.

Those of the public who may imagine that there is no room for initiative and ingenuity in the cats' meat trade, says the London "Chronicle," are vastly mistaken. In Kensington an enterprising young fellow is said to be making a fortune through the happy idea of supplying, on request, fish instead of meat for the cats on his round. The pets of the prosperous can obtain meat at almost any time, and they will not look, for the most part, at the wares of the cats' meat man. But no cat can resist a tasty bit of fish, be it offered when it may, and a huge success is the result of the innovation. Again, there are certain purveyors who take trouble to obtain a close knowledge of every single animal on their rounds and its little peculiarities. This knowledge once gained, the cats' meat man buys and cuts his portions accordingly, taking care that each cat gets its favorite bit. All chance of rivalry is removed at once by this means, for a cat will not for weeks, unless driven by desperate hunger, touch the strange cuts of a new purveyor.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of The Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. Johns, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.
Apply at once,
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Are what you want for all forms of female troubles; an infallible remedy discovered by a foremost female specialist; guaranteed as a positive cure; will positively establish the normal functions; used monthly by over 50,000 ladies. For sale at druggists, or sent on receipt of price $1.00. Astna Drug Co. Windsor, Ont. Canada

—The Strickland Canoe Factory are still in a big rush, orders coming in every day for their celebrated boats. On Wednesday three cases of canoes were shipped to England.

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—IN—
THE TIMES

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

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If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

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Money to loan at lowest current rates.
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ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 13 Wellington Street West, Toronto

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SNOWDEN HOUSE Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day Commercial rooms.

WALKER HOUSE, Toronto adjoining Union Station. This favorite hotel, overlooking Toronto Bay, has 129 bedrooms, electric elevator, [illegible], watchman on duty all night. $2.00 per day, or $1.50 choice rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 321 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

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If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

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Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

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If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

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Don't neglect these most important organs of the body, as you will regret it. Have you pain in the back, a dull feeling in the region of the kidneys? At times your water comes freely, a large quantity, light in color, with no peculiar sensations, while at other times you do not make it quite so freely, it is dark in color, you make a small quantity, and a sort of burning sensation? If such is the case give your condition immediate attention or more serious complications will set in. Our Latest Method Treatment is guaranteed as a positive cure for such conditions, and remember WE CURE YOU OR NO PAY.

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If you have this awful disease you are in danger until completely Cured; the various symptoms you notice should be a warning to take immediate treatment. Don't put it off until too late, as it continually gets worse. If you have sore throat, patches on tongue or mouth, swollen glands, hair falling out, blotches on body, itching skin or other signs of this awful disease call on us. We give you a written guarantee to cure you by our LATEST METHOD TREATMENT without Mercury or Potassium, and you

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call and see us, as we will give you a thorough examination free of charge and may be the means of saving you years of suffering.

Each time you call you see Dr. Goldberg personally.

He has 14 diplomas, certificates, etc., which testify to his standing and abilities. The number of years we have been established in Detroit and the cures we effected have ranked us the foremost specialists of the country. We can give no stronger guarantee of our abilities to cure you than the fact that you need pay nothing until cured.

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Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, Stretching, or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call or write for blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE. Hours 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 WOODWARD AVE. [illegible]

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well known fact, that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life, would do well to regard with suspicion, any lumps or growths on their body. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars, send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily, should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 18, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The sleighing is good all over the country.

—Wood and hay are coming into town in large quantities.

—On Thursday night the thermometer registered 14 below zero.

—There should be a large market to-day.

—The 57th Regt. Band will give a concert in Lindsay on the evening of Jan. 28th, leaving here by special train at 7 o'clock.

—Mr. Whitney Mockridge, Christian Scientist, who is at the head of a Concert company that bears his name, will appear in the opera house here on January 28th.

—Whiten has got the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

Card of Thanks

Peterborough, Jan. 14, 1902.

Standard Life Insurance Company.

Gentlemen,—I desire to thank you for the exceedingly prompt manner in which you paid the insurance on the life of my deceased son, John J. Judge, I having received the amount from your Assistant Superintendent, Mr. Geo. Lee, three days after the papers were made out.

(Signed) JAMES JUDGE.

Bargain List for January

Three big novels by best authors for 25 cents. Six composition or dictation books for 25 cents. Handsleighs reduced to below cost, to clear the lot. Twenty-five cent dolls for 10 cents. One dollar kid body dolls reduced to 60 cents. Purses, stationery, fancy goods, games, school books and in fact everything carried in our line going at bargain prices. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

MELANCHOLY DAYS COME NO MORE WHEN

Malt Breakfast Food

IS MADE YOUR FIRST MORNING DISH.

Too many men and women have their melancholy days—times when real despondency reigns supreme. Such melancholy days come when dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach derangements make life a burden. In ninety-nine cases out of every hundred these miserable troubles are brought on by the use of grain foods containing elements that hamper digestion.

Malt Breakfast Food used regularly at the first meal of the day, while it aids digestion and keeps the stomach in perfect condition, also adds to physical and mental strength. You should always eat to live, not to suffer. Malt Breakfast Food is a perfect health food, suited for the child or adult. Its delicious and appetizing qualities are praised by all who use it. Try it; melancholy days will never return when you become a user of Malt Breakfast Food. All Grocers sell it.

Wm. Badge in Trouble

Wm. Badge and George Moncreif, who have for some time been conducting a second-hand store on Simcoe street are having their own troubles. The former is the proprietor of the store and he claims that Moncreif has appropriated certain moneys. Moncreif claims to be a partner in the business and claims that the partnership has existed and does exist and in proof of his statement has produced a license which is taken out in the names of Badge & Moncreif. Defendant, Moncreif, pleaded not guilty to a charge of appropriating the money and elected to be tried by a jury. He was remanded till Monday.

Presentation to Ashburnham Public School

Mr. J. W. Garvin, B.A., one of the newly-elected school trustees in the village, has presented to Ashburnham Public School, through the School Board, a very handsome set of "Canada, an Encyclopaedia of the Country," in five large volumes.

This work is prepared by a corps of eminent writers and specialists, and is edited by J. Castell Hopkins, the author of several well-written books.

The school is to be congratulated on securing such an excellent work of reference for the pupil's and teachers, and the hearty thanks of all concerned are due and tendered to Mr. Garvin for his thoughtful and public-spirited [illegible].

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Rev. W. L. Armitage, returned from Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. W. G. Morrow and Miss Emma Morrow spent yesterday in Toronto.

—Father Keilty, of Douro, is staying at the Rossin House, Toronto, for a few days.

—Mr. Jas. Clark, of Port Hope, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Herbert W. Pattom, manager of the Dominion Publishing Company, was in town yesterday.

—His honor Judge Weller was stricken with apoplexy, and although his case is a serious one, hopes are entertained for his recovery. At a late hour last night no change was noticed in his condition and he was still unconscious. His many friends will hope for his speedy recovery.

—Rev. Father Phelan, who has been in Lindsay, passed through town on Thursday on his way to Young's Point where he will remain for some time. Previous to leaving Lindsay, Father Phelan was the recipient of a number of addresses and costly gifts from the parishioners, as a mark of their affection.

You Need Nerve Force and Restoration of Physical Energy.

Paine's Celery Compound

BUILDS UP STRENGTH AND HEALTH

It Is a Boon to Men and Woman Workers.

Paine's Celery Compound gives nerve force and true bodily strength to men and women workers, enables them to swing through the toils and duties of each day with true pleasure.

Paine's Celery Compound quickly builds up a perfect physical well-being for the weak, rundown and languid of all ages, and brings to every sufferer a health and happiness as nothing else can do. Our best and ablest physicians recognize Paine's Celery Compound as a true nerve food and system-builder, and regularly prescribe it in some of the most serious cases of nervous prostration and failing strength. In purchasing, beware of substitutes and the many imitations and worthless celery preparations; get PAINE'S, the kind that "makes sick people well."

General Wm. W. Henry, American Counsul, city of Quebec, says: "It gives me great pleasure to indorse Paine's Celery Compound, both on account of the results obtained from personal use of the remedy and knowledge of the remarkable cures it has performed. I believe it has no equal in curing diseases of the nervous system and building up those who are weak and out of health. It has cured several friends of mine of rheumatism in its worst form."

Men Wanted

A number of men wanted for W. & A. McArthur lumber camps. Apply at the Cavanagh House, to T. Cavanagh.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

Victoria Club of the Y. W. C. A. Met And Elected Officers.

The quarterly meeting of the Victoria Club of the Young Women's Christian Association was held Thursday afternoon, when the following officers were elected:

President,—Miss Banks Clement.
Vice-President,—Miss Jessie Daly.
Secretary,—Miss Edna Pratt.
Treasurer,—Miss Edna Yelland.
Pianist,—Miss Mattie Robertson.

The quarterly report was read by Miss May Edwards, showed the club to be in a prosperous condition.

WEDDING BELLS

Mr. Ernest Rosborough, of Smith, Married to Miss Lilian Bell of Dummer

The Norwood Register says: "A very pretty wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac N. Bell, on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 8th, when their eldest daughter, Lilian, was united in marriage to Mr. Ernest Rosborough, of Smith Township.

The bride looked charming in a lovely gown of white organdie with silk and lace trimmings. The bridesmaid, Miss Ida Bell, sister of the bride, was prettily attired in a gown of white over pink, trimmed with silk over lace. Mr. J. Rosborough, brother of the groom, acted as best man. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. D. Clark of South Dummer, in the presence of the immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties.

After the ceremony the party sat down to a sumptuous wedding breakfast after which the newly married couple left for their home in Smith, followed by the congratulations of a large number of friends.

FIXED THE FAMILY

Grape-Nuts Set Them Right.

It is better to have a food epidemic in a family than an epidemic of sickness. A young lady out at Hibbing, Minn, tells about the way Grape-Nuts won her family. She says, "When recovering from typhoid fever my doctor ordered Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food. I gained four pounds the first week, and, as the package was kept on the table for me, the whole family started to eat the new food.

We soon noticed a difference in my younger brother's face, which had been pale and bloodless, and who had been suffering from chronic inflammation of the stomach. In a short time he began to eat so heartily that we all remarked about it, and before long he got so he could eat anything without the least bad effect.

We often eat Grape-Nuts dry as we would candy or nuts, and it has a richer taste than when soaked in water. The best way is to put on some good, rich cream.

My sister found that after we began eating Grape-Nuts she had a much greater supply of milk for her babe. We have quit eating hot bread and meat for the evening meal and take in place some Grape-Nuts, with cream, and a little fruit, and have all improved greatly in health.

Please don't publish my name." Name can be given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected

BOVRIL

IS LIQUID LIFE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO
—TO—
QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,

QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

An Authority

On Birds, to explain little difficulties—that's what users of COTTAMS SEED enjoy. Directions on each packet embody the best professional practice; and a stamp for reply will bring you advice by return mail.

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART COTTAM & CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents put up under 6 patents, sell separately—Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder 5c.; Seed, 10c. With COTTAM SEED you get this 25c. worth for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, (96 pages, illustrated) price 25c. To users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty binding will be sent post paid for 12c.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitor for Applicants.

The Power Question

A meeting of those interested in the power in the Otonabee River between Peterborough and Lakefield will be held this morning at 10.30, in the Town Clerk's office, in order to take action regarding the regulation of the flow of the stream.

DIAMOND DYES

Earth's First and Best

Diamond Dyes the peoples' choice,
Diamond Dyes make all rejoice;
Diamond Dyes for mothers, wives,
Diamond Dyes make glad their lives;
Diamond Dyes are fast are true,
Diamond Dyes make old things new;
Diamond Dyes cost but a dime,
Diamond Dyes save money, time;
Diamond Dyes a household name,
Diamond Dyes have world-wide fame;
Diamond Dyes stand every test,
Diamond Dyes earth's first and best.

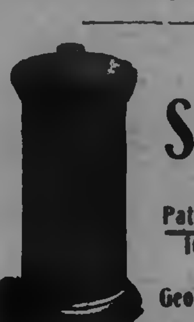
Have you tried to make a Hooked Mat or Rug? With such helpers as Diamond Dyes to color your materials, any intelligent woman can make up a pretty floor ornament. Send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., and you will be sent sheets of pretty designs.

In Heart Disease it works like magic.—"For years my greatest enemy was organic Heart Disease. From uneasiness and palpitation it developed into abnormal action, thumping, fluttering and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief, and the bad symptoms have entirely disappeared. It is a wonder-worker."—Rev. L. S. Dana, Pittsburg, Pa.—135

Sold by [illegible]

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made



THE

STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,

BY

Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 5,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No.	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	21½ in.	9 in.	$11.20
1	30½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	34 in.	10½ in.	15.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	19.00
4	41 in.	15 in.	25.00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 25 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $25 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, 85 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box 169 Tweed P.O.

MAN WANTED—TO TAKE THE AGENCY in Peterborough for the World's Only Sanitary Dustless Floor Sweeper. Big money for a hustler. Apply to F. G. P., care of Times office.

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, INDEPENDENTLY rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Erie, Oneonta Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT wanted at once. Apply to Mrs. Walter Weller, 8 Weller Street.

No Time to be Lost!

Slaughter Sale

OF THE

T. O. RUSH CO.

Bankrupt Stock

Consisting of $5,000 Worth of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings

Bought at 64½c on the Dollar

This will be the greatest Bargain Distribution of the winter. **Figure out the Savings** that are possible on this brand new Clothing bought at 33⅓ per cent off regular Wholesale Prices, and you will see what matchless opportunities this Sale affords.

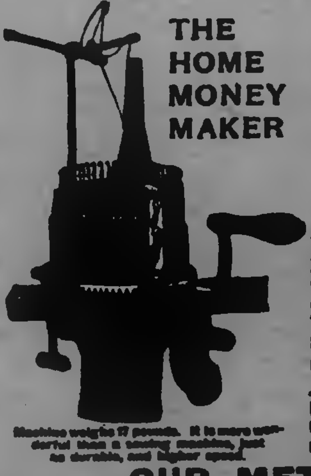
Everything Slaughtered!
Everything Rushed!
Everything Cleared in a Month!

In the Store Formerly Occupied by the T. O. RUSH CLOTHING CO., next door to Tully's Drug Store.

We have no room in our own Store on account of our extraordinary RED LETTER MOVING SALE to reduce stock before moving into new premises

H. LeBRUN & CO.

More Home Knitters Wanted



THE HOME MONEY MAKER

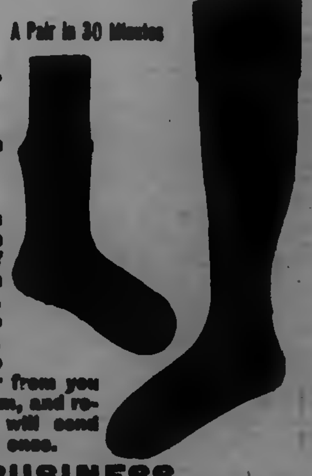
Machine weighs 17 pounds. It is more wonderful than a sewing machine, just as durable, and higher speed.

To Work at Their Homes Under the Direction of

The GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO.

37 MELINDA ST., TORONTO,

To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.



A Pair in 30 Minutes

We want a few more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple, and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide, requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Contract, order form, and remittance, as a guarantee, and we will send machine and outfit to begin work at once.

OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS

We wish to secure the services of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the introducers of this plan and the largest knitting concern in Canada.

After long experience, we have been able to produce an Automatic Machine by which all kinds of seamless knitting is now done by our Family Machine, thereby enabling anyone of ordinary intelligence to quickly learn to do the work from the Instruction Guide. All we require is that you use the machine according to directions. The Machine being made expressly for this purpose, and the operation so simple, it cannot possibly make a mistake in its work.

The great demand now is for Bicycle Stockings, Woodmen's Socks, and Motormen's Mittens, and as we are unable to supply the demand, have taken this method of advertising for more help.

The large export trade to the North-west Territories, British Columbia, and the British Colonies, furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combined co-operation of the many families we are employing, together with the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out, by which we save rents, insurance, interest on capital, etc., enables us to undersell any manufacturers of this class of goods, and we have sale for all the knitting we can have turned out.

The price we pay for finished bicycle stockings is $10.00 per hundred, or at the rate of 10c per pair; woodmen's socks, 8c, and motormen's mittens, 12c a pair. All other work in proportion to size.

The machine can be operated by any one of a family, and at our prices any energetic family should be able to sustain themselves comfortably, and in time be a source of independent comfort.

Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a sock or stocking partially knitted, and remaining in the machine ready to be continued, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of sample socks or stockings and a simple and complete Instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us satisfactory, we send a quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We prepay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapidly done, the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute. We have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty pairs of socks or stockings a day, and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, you can readily see that $15.00 or $20.00 per week can be easily earned.

We furnish our workers all the materials, yarn, etc., free, and everything that is necessary for the work. We are furnishing the machines only for the exclusive use of those desiring to take employment with us, who must, in order to become a member, send us this Contract Order Form, properly signed by them, and at least one good reference, and remittance accordingly, to give us the necessary assurance that the quantities of valuable yarn we may send from time to time will not be wasted or misappropriated. Our interests are mutual, and this confidence must be established if we are to succeed. We guarantee fair dealing and prompt payment for work, so do not ask us to deviate from our terms, as we cannot make a distinction with one and not another; besides, we are doing an extensive business, and must be governed by business principles.

The manufactured price of the machine is $15, and positively will not be sold to any others than those who will agree to do knitting for us.

If at any time after you commence, and have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, and wish to discontinue, we will take back machine and refund the amount paid for same, after deducting cost of our expense only.

There is a Large Demand by the Trade for this class of work. Our workers can depend upon it year after year, and if you engage with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as long as you do it satisfactorily for us and return it promptly. We entrust our workers with large quantities of valuable yarn, and as we give references as to our honesty and integrity, we must ask you to do the same, in order that we may know with whom we are dealing.

We have, in as brief a manner as possible, endeavored to show you what our work is, and we simply say as to the machine, it is just what we represent it to be, and will positively do everything we claim for it, or refund the money. Each machine, securely packed with an outfit, is set up for work, thoroughly tested, and a sock or stocking partially knitted before boxing and shipping. Should you decide to engage with us, it will be necessary to send us Cash Contract Order Form, properly signed by you, and at least one good reference, together with the remittance, accordingly, upon receipt of which we will forward machine and outfit ready to commence.

Respectfully yours,

GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 Melinda Street, Toronto

Our References—Express Companies, Banks, or Toronto Business Houses.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending $3.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping, and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of twelve dollars to pay the agent and 25 cents for the return charges on the money to us.

We are so frequently and unnecessarily asked if one can learn to knit without a teacher. We say, Yes; it requires no teacher; any person of ordinary intelligence who can read the Instruction Guide can learn to knit at once.

ORDER FORM

$15.00 Cash Contract Order Form.

To the Glasgow Woolen Co., 37 Melinda St., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I desire to do the work as described in this advertisement, and enclose $15 to pay for one Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions, and everything necessary for the work, the same to be sent to me by Express, CHARGES PREPAID.

It is understood and agreed that any time after I have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, $15, and wish to discontinue, that the Glasgow Woolen Co. will take back the machine and outfit, and after deducting their expense, refund me the amount paid for same.

Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here:

Full name ....

P. O. .... Street ....

County .... Prov. ....

Nearest Express Office is at ....

For reference I name the following person:

....

....

Be sure to use this form when sending your remittance for the machine and outfit, which you must fill in and have signed by at least one good reference in the proper place. Tear off and return to us, and also state here how much time you can devote to the work; also how you wish to be paid, weekly, monthly, or as you send in the work.

....

....

Send your remittance by Express, Money Order, Registered Letter, or Post-Office Money Order, and we will promptly forward machine, outfit, and simple guide for doing the work. This is the best offer ever made for the benefit of Canadians who want to work and make money at home.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

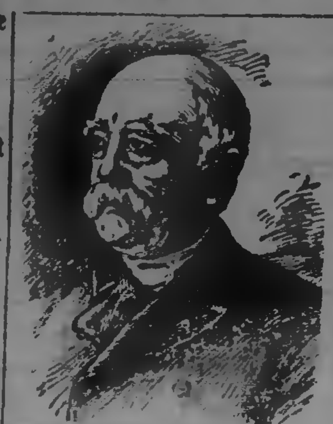
BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 16 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY JANUARY 20 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GERMANY'S CHANGE TOWARDS ENGLAND

Chancellor Von Buelow's Attitude Less Hostile Towards Great Britain

He Takes a Lesson from the Great Statesman Bismark



Berlin, Jan. 20.—The late Prince Bismark, although dead, is not forgotten. In the Reichstag last night Chancellor Von Buelow, in referring to the foreign relations, said that the government would follow in the footsteps of the great Prince Bismark, and seek rather to palliate than to offend Britain.

The chancellor's change of tone towards Great Britain is one of the surprises of current international politics. It is quite possible that his imperial and imperious master felt that the popular diversion of twisting the lion's tail had gone far enough in Germany, and gave a hint to that effect with the result as stated. A curious coincidence with this change of attitude is the unanimity with which the German press have turned the vials of their wrath on the United States. These attacks are cabled across the Atlantic, and appear in American papers with even more sensational headings than garnished previous abuse of the British. Editorial retort is sharply pointed, and the German press in turn receives United States opinion red hot. If it were not for the danger that lurks in these journalistic incitements this scolding match by cable would be amusing and not devoid of instruction, as showing the temper in which the exponents of opinion in rival nations regard each other. German attacks on Britain were purely gratuitous, though they sprang mainly from resentment over unsuccessful commercial rivalry when German merchants discovered that the markets of the world have limitations. But towards the United States the feeling in Germany is one of fear as well as dislike. The fear arises from the staggering impact of the energy and enterprise of the United States, backed apparently by unlimited capital. The German papers are saying that the rivalry of the United States is not that of a nation, but of a continent, and that Europe can only meet it as a continent, and they are proposing a continental tariff combination against the United States—as though nations that are rivals in everything else could become united on the point where their rivalry is keenest. But the "American terror" is a very real thing to German industry just now, and the exhibition of ill-feeling towards the United States is quite natural under conditions little short of exasperating.

CONQUERING THE WAZIRI TRIBE.

New Method of Fighting the Mahsuds Was Successful

WERE ATTACKED ON ALL SIDES

British Forces Appeared in Half a Dozen Totally Unexpected Places—Bring Tribesmen to Their Places

London, Jan. 20.—A special correspondent in writing to The Chronicle from Simla says:—

"The blockade of the Mahsud Waziri tribe has now lasted for a little over twelve months, having been formally inaugurated on December 1, 1900. Throughout the blockade, the tribesmen have not ceased, to raid whenever opportunity presented itself, and latterly these raids assumed a particularly daring character. A month or so ago we lost a number of regular soldiers, and, what the Waziris esteem much more highly, a quantity of rifles and ammunition. It was this last affair which finally decided Lord Curzon to sanction retaliatory measures. Doubtless with a certain amount of reluctance the Viceroy recognised that the blockade system, to which he had resolved to give a patient trial, would have to be abandoned, or rather, combined with a system of counter-raiding on our part. In sanctioning active measures, Lord Curzon was careful to stipulate that there were not to be of the regulation frontier type, which has generally proved of so little avail. The slow and ostentatious mobilisation of a large force on the frontier, followed by a military promenade through the enemy's country, has always given the tribesmen plenty of time to clear away their cattle and such other valuables as they have, together with their families, to some place of safety beyond our reach. It was a wise and statesmanlike decision to abandon this cumbrous kind of expedition, and no time was lost in putting it into effect.

SECRET PREPARATIONS.

"All the preparations were made in absolute secrecy, and very few, even of the blockading force itself, were aware that anything out of the common was about to take place. It was decided to send four mobile columns into the Mahsud country, with instructions to inflict as much damage as possible, and retire again before the enemy could assemble at any one spot in sufficient force. To ensure mobility, the columns were without either guns or transport, and carried the whole of their food and ammunition.

"There is not the slightest doubt that these operations took the Mahsuds absolutely by surprise. The arrangements were most skillfully planned and carried out. The fact of the Tochi column entering their country from the rear naturally caused the tribesmen, on hearing of its advance, to move in that direction in some force. No sooner had they done so than the other columns entered on their flank and rear, and every moment fresh reports must have reached their leaders of the appearance of our men in half-a-dozen totally unexpected quarters. These conflicting stories and the complete suddenness of it all were altogether too much for the Mahsud Maliks; and before they could gather in force at any one spot, our columns were safely back in their own lines. The operations, which reflect the greatest possible credit on all concerned, will undoubtedly have a most excellent effect, not only on the Mahsuds themselves, but on some of the neighboring tribes as well. The operations will probably be continued until the recalcitrant tribesmen have been completely brought to their knees."

EMPEROR MAY VISIT THE U. S.

Kaiser Wilhelm May Also Come to Visit Canada

SEPTEMBER TO BE THE DATE

Should the Royal Visit Take Place a Gala Time will Follow—Trip Depends on Success of His Brother

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A report from an authentic source is current in diplomatic circles to-day that the kaiser will visit the United States in the autumn. A semiofficial organ suggests that the emperor's plans depend on the success of the visit of his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia. If he is treated with the respect due to a member of the royal family the emperor will sail in September on the Hohenzollern and will remain about two weeks in America with a large escort of German warships.

Emperor William has occasionally told Americans that he would like to visit the United States. The only obstacle in the way of gratifying his desire is that reasons of state may forbid his leaving the fatherland for the period of time required even for a short visit to the United States. Nevertheless, those who know the kaiser intimately say that his majesty, when he takes a sudden notion, is not easily balked even by reasons of state.

Prince Henry has been accorded twentyfour days' leave for the purpose of visiting the United States. He will leave Bremen Feb. 18 on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, reaching New York Feb 24, and returning on the Deutschland March 20. The arrangement has been made in accordance with the kaiser's desire to give crack vessels of the German merchant fleet the joint honor fo carrying the Imperial traveler.

ITINERARY IS CONSIDERED

A long conference took place to-day between the navy authorities and Baron Seckendorff, Prince Henry's court chamberlain to determine the prince's itinerary. The information regarding Chicago's invitation to the prince was conveyed to his imperial highness.

The kaiser has intrusted his brother with an additional mission to induce American yachtsmen to compete at the Kiel regatta. His majesty is also anxious that the American jackies of the Mediterranean squadron be permitted to row in the barge races for crews of warships.

Prince Henry will convey to Miss Alice Roosevelt as a gift from the kaiser one of the most magnificent pieces of jewelry the court artists have ever fashioned.

Elaborate preparations are made for social entertainments on board the Hohenzollern. By the emperor's special order a splendid silver service has been sent to Kiel from the royal silver treasures in the old Schloss. His majesty personally inspected the treasures and selected the service which is to be used on board the Hohenzollern on special occasions. Emperor William's programme is that Prince Henry shall reciprocate the New York and Washington festivities with a grand banquet on board the Hohenzollern, inviting the president, the members of the cabinet and others.

Cramps are Like Burglars

they come unexpected, and when they are least welcome. Be armed with a one minute cure for cramps and keep Polson's Nerviline handy; it acts instantaneously. Nerviline's anodyne power is unique, for its composition expresses the highest medical progress of the age. Polson's Nerviline is a true comfort in all derangements of the stomach and bowels it is an absolute specific. Nerviline has five times greater medicinal value than any other remedy and is sold in large 25 cent bottles. Try it.

MR. EDWARDS AND COUNCIL

Mayor Denne Gets a Letter from the Ex Solicitor

A letter appeared in the local evening papers addressed to the Mayor, from Mr. E. B. Edwards, regarding his dismissal from the Town Solicitorship. Mr. Edwards contradicts the statement that he had unwarrantably and improperly interfered in the matter of the issue of the patent to the town for the water lots. The Mayor omitted to send The Times a copy of the letter, but this does not prevent us referring to it. It may be that our chief magistrate did not care to give it the publicity that its appearance in this widely-read journal would afford, preferring to confine it to narrower bounds. However, this is of little consequence.

Mr. Edwards we think will make a mistake if he proposes to dig up the past. We have a vivid recollection of the outfall sewer muddle which cost the town many thousands of dollars, and which many believe was entirely unnecessary had the proper course been taken by him. Then there is the Mason case (a vast sinkhole for the town's good money) which could have been settled, we believe for $250, and which cost the people more than ten times this sum. Many similar cases could, it is believed, be referred to, showing that his period of twenty years' service as solicitor was not without its drawbacks. It can be said, however, on the other side, that Mr. Edwards is well posted in municipal law. His by-laws have been, usually, we believe, carefully drawn, and without many flaws.

As regards the action of Mr. Edwards in the matter of the patent, we are credibly informed that evidence will be forthcoming at the proper time to fully justify the council in taking the course it did. The following is the letter, which we take the liberty of publishing without the Mayor's consent:

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor, of Peterborough:

Dear Sir,—The statements made at the last meeting of the Council to the effect that I had unwarrantably and improperly interfered in the matter of the issue of the patent to the Town, are not correct. So far from interfering with the issue of the patent, my sole object in calling upon Mr. White was to expedite it, and to see that it was properly issued in accordance with the agreement prepared and signed by Mr. MacMurchy and myself as solicitors for the C.P.R. and the Town respectively, when we were before Mr. White on the 31st, December last, and my whole course with regard to the matter was, as I hope to be able to clearly show, in accordance with my duty and in the best interests of the Town.

As the statements made are calculated, if not contradicted, to injure me as a professional man independently of the office of Town Solicitor, and as I think it is but fair that any officer of the Town for over 20 years should not be summarily dismissed without being given a chance to be heard in answer, to any charges made against him, I desire that I may have an opportunity at an early meeting of the Council of being heard in answer to what is alleged against me.

Yours truly,
E. B. EDWARDS.

Peterborough, Jan. 18th, 1902.

ITEMS OF NEWS BY CABLE, LETTER

A Year of Awakening in the History of British Industry

UNSATISFACTORY TRADE YEAR

American Rivalry Have Told on British Manufacturers to an Important Extent—What the Result will be.

London, Jan. 20.—The year that has closed has not been a satisfactory one for trade. The volume of national business, in both exports and imports, has materially declined. Lines of commerce which we not long since regarded as peculiarly our own have been absorbed by foreign rivals. International competition has been exceedingly keen, and two factors — American rivalry and the economic results of the war expenditure —have told on our manufacturers.

Yet on the whole the condition of labor has been good. There has been no really serious labor struggle during the past twelve months. The long-continued fight at Penrhyn and the fierce struggle in the fishing industry at Grimsby only affected small localities, and, despite certain disputes in the Welsh coal-mining trade and among the North of England shipbuilders, there seems no fear of any immediate strike of magnitude. The reduction of wages which must soon come through the diminution of work is bound to cause some friction, but the leaders of both masters and men have for some time been displaying great prudence in minimising those differences which must sometimes arise.

The year 1901 may be known to future generations as the year of national industrial awakening. Our leaders of commerce received a severe shock early in the year by the great strides American manufactured goods made among us. The formation of the American Steel Trust was rightly regarded as a direct challenge to our free trade. The Americans, followed in a lesser degree by the Germans, met us at the very headquarters of our trade. Foreign pig iron has been sold in Glasgow, in Lancashire, and around the Tyne at prices with which our home producers, acting on the old lines, could not hope to compete.

This has led, in two or three instances, to the closing of English mills; in some other cases, factories have been completely overhauled and reorganised under foreign engineers, while several captains of British industry have crossed the Atlantic to learn at first hand the methods of our rivals. All who have done so have returned profoundly impressed by the need of reorganisation in our manufacturing methods.

HOHENZOLLERN SETS SAIL.

Kiel, Jan. 20. — The Imperial yacht Hohenzollern sailed for New York at 9.30 this (Saturday) morning.

London, Jan. 20. —The London ratepayers this Christmas have had to provide for over 4,300 more paupers than the total recorded for Christmas, 1900.

The latest official return shows that 107,539 persons were in receipt of poor law relief at the end of the second week of the present month, of whom 68,130 were in the workhouses and 39,409 were outdoor paupers. This is the highest total registered at any Christmas period since the year 1872.

Moreover, the number of paupers in every 1,000 inhabitants (23.7) is greater this December than in the corresponding period of the preceding five years. Last Christmas it was 22.5. The return is naturally regarded as being distinctly disappointing.

MORE AMERICAN SCHEMES.

London, Jan. 20.— The American coal owners have been maturing big schemes for the conquest of the coal trade of Europe. They can produce hard coal for about half the cost Welsh mine owners can. They are handicapped, however, by the long journey to European centres, with the corresponding heavy cost of carriage. To meet this they are building special coal steamers of 10,000 ton size. Already they have made great headway on the Mediterranean coast line.

MINER FROZEN TO DEATH.

Vancouver, B.C., Jan.20.— News from Nelson tells of the death of a miner from exposure fifty miles west of that place. The unfortunate man and three others started across the mountains to visit a claim. Before night they became lost in drifts of soft snow on the mountain top. They missed their way and spent three days in the extreme cold and biting wind of the worst blizzard on record in that section. On the fourth day Stevens, Wall and Thomas managed to reach a camp, and at once sent back for Rockaway, who had been left exhausted on the trail. He was found frozen to death.

INDIANS MUST CUT THEIR HAIR.

Washington, Jan. 20. — The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has issued an order which compels all male Indians in the United States to have their hair cut frequently, or at least not to wear it long. The order is addressed to the various Indian agents thoroughout the country, and directs them to induce the male Indians under their charge to cut their hair, using force only when necessary. The order also prohibits Indians of both sexes from painting their faces and forms.

Portland, Oregon, Jan. 20.—A special to the Oregonian from Astoria, Ore, says:—

Frank Rakowski, a soldier in the United States army, was to-day degraded at Fort Canby and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the military prison on Alcatraz Island. Col. Rakowski had threatened to assassinate President Roosevelt.

Rakowski was a member of Captain Cloke's company, stationed at Fort Stevens. He was on detached duty at Fort Columbia, Washington, when he voiced the Anarchist sentiment, and after arrest by the civil authorities was turned over to the military officials at Fort Canby. He was tried before a general court martial.

A few days before Christmas Rakowski became intoxicated at Chinook and while in a saloon there made the following statement:

"President McKinley got what he deserved. My time of enlistment in the army will soon expire, and when it does, I'll see that President Roosevelt gets the same dose that Czolgosz gave McKinley."

Rakowski's sentence is dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and confinement in the military prison on Alcatraz Island for a period of ten years.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 20.—The steamer Dirigo has arrived from Skagway, bringing fifty passengers, some of whom are from the Klondike. They report that much excitement prevails at Dawson over the striking of a second bedrock in Eldorado Creek, thirty feet beneath the first. The gravel ran from one to five dollars to the pan. Circle City, once one of the leading camps in the north, is now deserted except by storekeepers, all having stampeded to Good Pasture Creek, in the Tanana country, where rich gravel has been discovered. The White Pass and Yukon Railroad is blockaded and passengers have to be transferred across a big snow slide a mile and a half wide and 100 feet long, which covers the track to a depth of eight feet.

London, Jan. 20.—The Lord Chief Justice Baron Alverstone, to-day sustained the contention of the defence of Dr. Krause that the charge of inciting to murder must fail, as there was no evidence that the letters in the case had reached Broeckmann; but the question of "Attempting to persuade" must go to the jury.

The trial of Dr. Krause, the former Governor of Johannesburg, on the charge of inciting Cornelius Broeckman, the public prosecutor of Johannesburg (who was executed by the British authorities in South Africa) to murder John Douglas Foster, an English lawyer who was on the staff of Lord Roberts, opened at the Old Bailey yesterday.

Dr. Krause was found guilty and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

London, Jan. 17.—An English engine fitter who after long experience in this country worked in two modern tool shops in the United States, and visited over thirty others, has contributed his impressions to Engineering.

As far as his experience in American machine tools goes, England is ahead of America in the heavier classes of tools. When it comes to the lighter classes, America has taught England many wrinkles lately, which she has taken advantage of, as anyone who has visited the Glasgow Exhibition may see. The chief fault of the American tools, he thinks, is their excessive lightness, and the writer is glad to see that, while England has copied some American notions she has at the same time improved on them by giving them a more substantial form.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN LIKELY TO CLASH.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN IN THE FAR EAST

These Two Powerful Nations May Soon Battle For Supremacy

BEAR MUST CONTROL SITUAUION

The Visit of the Marquis of Ito to Russia Has No Political Significance—Statement of Russian Officer

London, Jan. 18.—That there is serious trouble brewing between Russia and Japan, no one who has made a study of the political situation will deny. Recent events will go to prove that war between these two great nations is gradually becoming nearer.

As was the case with the Thibetan mission to St. Petersburg so it is with the alleged Japanese mission; Russia, having emphasised in every possible way the importance of the Marquis Ito's visit to the Russian capital, ends by agreeing with the Japanese press that the sojourn of Japan's ex-Premier in the empire of the Czar was of no particular importance, Marquis having simply desired a holiday from the cares of state. The Marquis, however, desired to return home by the new Trans-Siberian Railway, but this pleasure the Russian Government, by certain representations, has caused him to forego. "All the Russia desires from Japan," says the Novoe Vremya, in referring to the incident, "is that she should respect the independence of Korea."

But scarcely has the Marquis Ito left the empire than a Russian army officer is heard to declare in an authoritative statement—for all statements of Russian officers are authoritative —that "Korea must sooner or later come under the protection of Russia, and even now the influence of the latter country in Korea is sufficient to oppose a certain amount of resistance to that of Japan." These words are from an address delivered by Lieut.-Col. Agapejeff, recently returned from active service in Manchuria, before the Russian Imperial Club in St. Petersburg. He boldly declared that had war broken out between Russia and Japan last spring the former would have been in a dangerous position, "for railway communication had not been completed, and her naval force in the Far East was insufficient, while a small Japanese naval force would have been able to cut off Port Arthur from supplies, for which that port depended on Vladivostock and Japan itself, and at the same time Port Arthur might have been isolated on the land side by a sudden descent of Japanese troops.

"Now, although Japan at a week's notice could throw 70,000 men into Manchuria, and in a few weeks reinforce them by an army of 150,000, Russia would have a better chance of success; but, nevertheless, she has good reason not to wish for war with Japan, for the geographical situation of that country would prevent Russia, with the weaker fleet, from inflicting as much damage on Japan as Japan could inflict in her turn by a descent on Russian territory, or by a bombardment of Russian ports."

In regard to Manchuria, Col. Agapejeff pointed out that any one of three courses was "legitimately" open to Russia:—"She might be content to guard merely the railway lines connecting Dalny and Port Arthur with the Ussuri district, or she might annex Manchuria." The third course, Col. Agapejeff said, was to leave China in possession of the north-western part of Manchuria and retain the eastern and richer portion of the country.

BRITAIN AND ABYSSINIA

France Utters a Growl Over Britain's Action

A British Railway to be Built—England's Influence Extending.

London, Jan. 20.—The French press voices a growing jealousy of England as the dominating influence in Abyssinia. The cause of the trouble is the intention of a British company to build a branch railway from the main line of the Abyssinian railroad to the port of Zeila. The present terminus of the main line is at the port of Djibuti, which is under French control. The Paris Temps is protesting very strongly against this course, maintaining that Zeila is an inadequate port, while Djibuti is an excellent one. It further holds that the traffic for some time to come will scarcely be sufficient to pay the expenses of the Djibuti section and considers it absurd to divide the line into two branches. The Temps pretends to see the British Government at the back of the railway company, and feels that the latter is obtaining a subsidy from some source. British interests in the Abyssinian Railway, says The Times, are larger than is generally known. They include contracts with the French Railway Company, by which the company is bound not to enter into financial arrangements without the concurrence of the British capitalists, who enabled it to finish the line to its present point. British capital also controls the sole rights of the construction of future extensions of the line.

AS A WORLD POWER BRITAIN IS SUPREME

Her Influence Greater Now Than Ever Before in Her History.

THE THREATENED INDIA A MYTH

The Empire is Everywhere Alive and Secure—The Clayton-Bulwer Treaty Was Due to South Africa.

London, Jan. 20.—Herr Max Nordau says that the continental prophets of evil greatly exaggerate the prejudice which England has suffered in her interests as a world power by the war. During the past two years England has done nothing and has left nothing undone which would not have been done or left undone without the Transvaal war. She played a leading part in China. The sphere of influence she has reserved for herself has been respected by all the other Powers. She did not prevent the Russians from establishing themselves in Manchuria, but it is very doubtful whether she ever intended to do so. She has not permitted Koweyt to fall under foreign control. She keeps a vigilant eye on her interests in Afghanistan, and there are no signs of Abdurrahaman's successor being more accessible to Russian influence than was his father. Many influential Russian politicians still have a sufficiently high opinion of England's importance in the world to seek, non-officially and, perhaps, even otherwise, an agreement, if not an alliance, with England. They even resort, as a means of pressure, to the threat of an invasion of India, which Herr Max Nordau thinks is not very clever and makes little impression in England. He declares that the concession made to the United States in connection with the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty was not due to events in South Africa. It was rather a consequence of England's new political doctrine, which consists in conciliating her mighty cousin across the ocean by every available means and in excluding from the domain of political possibilities a hostile encounter with him. The British world empire, Greater Britain, has not been shaken by the tremendous efforts required by the Transvaal war. It has, on the contrary, been strengthened. Herr Nordau speaks of the devotion shown by Canada and Australia, which are practically independent, to the Mother country, between whom and themselves there are historical and racial ties that form a stronger bond of union than any written laws or constitution. Finally, the writer says that the attitude of the colonies was not dictated by any material interest, but simply by that sentimental affection of a child for a beloved parent, at which conscious politicians sneer.

AUSTRALIANS CHEERED FOR NOBLE CANADA

J. G. Henderson to Pay £10,000 If Charges of Inhumanity be Proved

MONEY TO GO FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES

Australians at a Mass Meeting Rose and Applauded the Mention of the Loyalty of This Dominion

London, Jan. 20.—A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, to the Times that a patriotic meeting, attended by thousands of persons, has passed a resolution approving Great Britain's conduct of the war in South Africa and Chamberlain's refutation of foreign slanders. The mention of Chamberlain's name evoked cheers, and at the reference to "Noble, loyal Canada" the people rose and cheered.

J. G. Henderson writes the Times offering to pay £10,000 if the charges of inhumanity on the part of British troops in the South African war be proved within six months. Treasurers of four London hospitals are named as arbiters. If Henderson loses, half the money is to go to hospitals in London, the rest to be divided between hospitals of Paris, Berlin, Brussels, and Amsterdam.

POULTRY SHOW

Promises to be a Grand Success this Year—A Large Number of Entries In

The annual exhibition of the Peterborough Poultry and Pet Stock Association opens to-morrow in the market building. There are over 700 entries already in the hands of the secretary, and this should be a guarantee of a first-class show. The building will be open to the public at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon and will be open to the public on Wednesday and Thursday from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

Mr. A. E. Silverwood, one of the best authorities on poultry raising, will give an address on "Poultry, from the purchaser's standpoint," to-morrow evening, and on Wednesday afternoon will speak on Poultry raising, from the breeder's standpoint." These addresses will be delivered in the market building, and should be well attended.

The association have purchased a large number of new coops and as they are of the most approved pattern, the visitors will have a much better opportunity to see the exhibits than heretofore. The entry list contains the names of a large number of the best poultry raisers and breeders in Ontario, and their exhibits will begin to arrive this afternoon and will be placed in their allotted coops at once. The exhibition should be attended by every person in the district, as this show promises to be second to none in Ontario.

ONTARIO'S LUMBER OUTPUT

It is Estimated That it Will Be Larger Than For Years.

Ottawa, Jan. 18.— The output of pine logs in the lumber woods of Ontario, according to estimates received by the Department of Crown Lands from the timber inspectors, will be 800,000,000 feet board measure. This is the largest in years. Last year the quantity was estimated at 700,000,000 feet, but was actually 621,000,000 feet, the difference being doubtless due in part to the scare occasioned by smallpox. The chief interest this year are 50,000,000 in each of the Webbwood and Sault Ste. Marie Districts. The cut of square timber this year is estimated at 906,000 cubic feet. The wages in the lumber woods range from $25 to $30 per month with board, which is higher than usual.

BILLBOARD ADVERTISEMENT.

Railways Will Do Away With It and Take Space in Papers.

Mr. M. C. Dickson, the popular District Passenger Agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, told The Times the other day that his company were increasing their newspaper advertising as they found it [illegible] profitable.

It is also understood that in 1902 the railroads will cut down on back fence and billboard advertising and expend the amount saved and more in taking more space in daily and weekly publications and periodicals.

Advertising is becoming a sort of exact science with the railroads, and the cry for economy in railroading has reached the advertising department and yet the appropriations for the department are being constantly increased. This means that more care will be taken, said a railroad man yesterday, in selecting advertising mediums.

Just a Cold in the Head

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in Nasal Catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the Throat, Bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says, "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of Catarrh of the Head and Throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against Colds, Coughs and Catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre, or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price, $1.00. Small size, 25 cents. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

KENTUCKY MOB'S ATTACK

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Lynch a Negro

At Dawn Would-be Lynchers Fearing Identification, Disappear—More Trouble Being Feared. Governor Beckham Sends Militia to Flemingsburg.

Maysville, Ky., Jan. 20—A mob attacked the jail at Flemingsburg, near here, before daylight to-day in an endeavor to secure Charles Gaskins, colored, who is charged with killing James Ryan, the son of Officer Ryan, of Flemingsburg, last summer. Gaskins had been confined in the Newport jail ever since the crime, but was removed to Flemingsburg yesterday, his trial having been set in the Circuit Court there. Every precaution had been taken to prevent his seizure. An additional number of deputies had been sworn in, and were stationed about the jail. The Sheriff refused the demand of the mob to deliver the prisoner, and immediately the determined men broke windows in the jail to effect an entrance, but were unsuccessful. Finally dynamite was used. A cartridge of the explosive was thrown, but it fell short. One of the guards ran to secure it, and was shot and seriously wounded by the mob. At dawn, the would-be lynchers, fearing identification disappeared and the guards have been doubled.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 20 —Governor Beckham to-day ordered the Frankfort military company and a detail of the Lexington Battery to Flemingsburg to protect the negro there, against whom an attempt at lynching was made early to-day. The battery will be equipped with a Gatling gun. The troops are in command of Assistant Adjutant General Haley.

Never Say Die

You may be weak, miserable, nervous, sleepless, your digestion may be poor and you despair. Never say die, until you have used Ferrozone, the most wonderful blood maker, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. It tones up the whole system. You can eat anything and digest it if you use Ferrozone. You sleep well, You make blood quickly, strength increases daily, in a short time you're well. Try Ferrozone, which you can obtain at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

NOW READY—
Second Edition.

Immense demand necessitated a second edition of this year's

"Guide to Investors,"

over 500 pages, illustrated, cloth bound book. We will present you with a free copy, either upon call or written request, at any of our offices. Our

"Daily Market Letter,"

issued free, every afternoon, carefully and conservatively, outlines the probable immediate movement of the markets.

Orders solicited, purchase or sale, cash or exceedingly moderate margins, small or large amounts.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed U.S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES
Butchart & Watson
Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg
Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.
Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year [illegible] in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 20, 1902

The application of a Mrs. Fitzsimmons to have her name changed by the courts, because she has been "reliably informed that there is a notorious pugilist character of the same name," shows how fleeting a thing is fame.

Now that they talk of getting Lieut. Hobson into politics, there will be another naval hero to be demolished. He has tried his hand as a bottler of fleets, a champion osculatist, and the discoverer of what Dewey didn't do. Now he wants to risk himself in politics. Perhaps it's Hobson's choice.

His Majesty has introduced a most economical fashion. Black frock coats with deep velvet cuffs are to be the vogue. Many a fringy-sleeved garment will now be resurrected and adorned with new velvet cuffs. Now, if it could only become the "correct caper" to have velvet cuffs on trousers legs, what mirrors of fashion some of the gentlemen who decorate our public squares in summer would become.

The British M.P. receives no remuneration, but he is liable to be called upon to pay up and look pleasant just as much as one of the remunerated ones of this continent. Mr. Grenfel, M.P. for South Bucks, recently told his supporters something of the financial demands made upon him. The football, cricket and similar clubs regarded him as fit meat, while countless institutions gave him the privilege of contributing to their support. He recently had the happiness of learning he had been unanimously chosen president of a ping-pong club. Thus, as La Rochefoucauld tells us, good or bad fortune generally pursues those who have the greatest share of either. The prosperous man seems as a magnet to attract prosperity, or in the vernacular, "Them as has, gits."

A Scientist's Grim Discovery.

Dr. Casagrandi, in reading a paper before a medical association in Rome, stated that he had employed a number of women wearing long skirts to walk for one hour through the streets of the city, and, after the promenade was over, he had taken these skirts and had them submitted to a very careful bacteriologic examination. There were found on every skirt large colonies of noxious germs, including those of typhoid fever, consumption, influenza and tetanus (or lock-jaw). Numerous other bacilli were likewise well represented on each skirt. Dr. Casagrandi maintained that, in view of these facts, women, and especially mothers, should at once discontinue wearing trailing skirts, and other members of the Medical Congress unhesitatingly expressed the same opinion, and passed resolutions to that effect. That women should subject themselves to the filth, to say nothing of the possible dangers of trailing gowns, has long been a wonder to those acquainted with bacteriology. Nevertheless, so long as fashion calls for long skirts, no reform can be expected, for the great majority of women are bound to be in the fashion regardless of any ordinary considerations. There is some encouragement, however, in the fact that many of the younger women of the present wear their golf and bicycle skirts throughout the day, and merely dress for dinner and the evening.

Presentation to Ashburnham Public School

Mr. J. W. Garvin, B.A., one of the newly-elected school trustees in the village, has presented to Ashburnham Public School, through the School Board, a very handsome set of "Canada, an Encyclopedia of the Country," in five large volumes.

This work is prepared by a corps of eminent writers and specialists, and is edited by J. Castell Hopkins, the author of several well-written books.

The school is to be congratulated on securing such an excellent work of reference for the pupils and teachers, and the hearty thanks of all concerned are due and tendered to Mr. Garvin for his [illegible] and public-spiritedness, that [illegible] [illegible].

Keep to the Point.

It was once remarked by Professor Huxley, after falling into an indiscretion which annoyed him, that when a man says what he has no need to say he is sure to blunder. The truth of the observation will hardly be questioned unless by the very few, if there are any such, who never say more than there is necessity for saying. Most of us acknowledge, if we review our own experience in the matter, that we have frequently erred by saying what needed not to be said. But why is it that people so persistently commit this mistake? In the ordinary small talk of the household, or of society, it matters little whether it is committed or not. But when serious matters are in question, whether in conversation, in set speech, or in correspondence, a case is frequently spoiled by irrelevance or redundance. To say what you mean to say is comparatively easy; to leave off when you have said it is difficult, and for many people impossible. In Huxley's case the fault, which he probably did not often commit, was due neither to want of clear thinking, nor to want of facility in the use of words. One or the other or both of these causes will explain the inability to "keep to the point" which is usually apparent in the speech and writing of uneducated persons. But often, also, the speaker or writer forgets that extraneous considerations, interesting enough to himself, are of no interest to those whom he wishes to convince.

Anthony Hope and His Mother.

An American author who has recently returned from London, where he came much in contact with Mr. Anthony Hope Hawkins, tells this anecdote illustrating one of the most charming personal traits of the famous novelist.

Mr. Hawkins has private apartments in Buckingham street, next door to the house in which William Black lived for many years. This place is about a mile from the parish house occupied by the author's father, who is a rector of the Established Church. The constant coming and going of parishioners at the old home made it impossible for the novelist to enjoy the privacy and immunity from interruption necessary to the prosecution of his literary labors, and compelled him to find a working-place away from his parents' house.

He had just entered into the full enjoyment of this arrangement when he discovered that his absence from the family roof was a source of keen anxiety to his mother, who could not bring herself to relinquish her motherly solicitude for the comfort of her son. She was in constant fear that he was not properly cared for, and spent many wakeful hours at night worrying over him.

Immediately on learning of her anxiety the son asked permission to spend his nights in his old room under the family roof, using his apartments in Buckingham street simply as a place in which to do his work. Every night, and often at great inconvenience, he returns to the parish house, solely to insure the peace of mind of his mother, who is now well advanced in years.

Affection of a Beaver.

A beaver dying of a broken heart! That sounds incredible enough, to be sure, yet one famous beaver, owned by W. J. Broderip, the naturalist, actually pined away in homesickness for his absent keeper. Binney, as this tender-hearted little fellow was called, was a great pet in the household, Mr. Broderip tells us in his "Leaves from the Note Book of a Naturalist," and he had not been long in his London home when he set about building a dam for himself in the city house as cheerfully as if he had been in his native haunts.

Plenty of dainty titbits from the kitchen found their way to Binney through the hands of the housekeeper who took great interest in him, and speedily won his affection. He showed his devotion to her in many pretty and amusing ways. At last, on the removal of his master from town he was taken to the Tower of London, and put in commodious quarters, under the care of a kind attendant. Everything was done to make Binney happy, but he lost all appetite and took no interest in his surroundings. Sweetmeats were brought, but he would not touch them, and only grew daily thinner and weaker. At last the attendant, in despair, took Binney back to the housekeeper with whom he had lived since the earliest days of his captivity. At sight of her the little creature gave a cry of delight, and dragged himself to her side. But it was too late to restore his former health and spirits. He died within a few days, much to the grief of all his friends.

Reincarnation Defined.

The doctrine of reincarnation, along with Karma and other Oriental hypotheses relating to the spiritual life, has attracted much attention in the Occident of late years, and, as now appears, it has even become a subject of discussion among the Dutch Jews. The Bombay "Guardian" gives a dialogue on "transmigration" of souls, between two gentlemen of this nationality. As the doctrine is often found to be a difficult one for Western comprehension, we give the "Guardian's" report of the conversation, which has the merit of being at least a clear statement: Strauss—O, say, Mishter Isaacs, vot new dochtrine ish dis I hear? Dey call it tdrampsemikrashun. Isaacs — O, tdrampsemikrashun, tdrampsemikrashun; you not know vot dot is? Strauss—No, und I hears very much about it sometimes now. Isaacs—Vell! Vell! I soon dtell you vot tdrampsemikrashun is. It is dis vay. You are now Strauss. Some day you dies, und den your soul or spirit goes into a tdonkey. Den some mornin' I gets up und I valks oudt early down ve vay, und I meets dot tdonkey, und it (you) brays und brays, und says, "Mishter Isaacs! Mishter Isaacs!" Und I says, "Vy, who are you? I tdon't know you." Und you says, "Vy Mr. Isaacs, you tdon't know me? Vy, I am Strauss!" Und I says, "Vot, you Strauss? No! No! Vy you are a tdonkey." Und you says, "No, no; I am Strauss, but I have chust been tdrampsemikrated." Then I sthrokes your long ears, und pats you big cheek, und I says: "Vell, vell, now, Strauss; is dis dou? Vy, how little you have changed!" Tdot is de tdrampsemikrashun doctrine."

Woman, Why?—You have sallow skin, pimples, eruptions, discolorations. Why resort to cosmetics and powders to hide the effects? Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills regulate the system and restore to the cheek the healthful rosy bloom and peach blush of youth. From one to two pills a dose will clarify and purify the complexion in short order. 10 cents for 40 doses.—[illegible]

Sold by [illegible]

Fire! Fire!!

When that cry sounds how people rush to help and sympathize! And when some fireman rescues a woman from the flames, the streets echo with applauding shouts.

And yet if that woman had perished in the flames it is possible that she would have suffered less than she suffers almost daily from the inflammation which disease has lighted in the delicate womanly organism.

That fire of inflammation can be put out. The gnawing ulcer can be cured. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription not only establishes womanly regularity and dries enfeebling drains, but it heals inflammation and ulcerations and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I suffered for four years with what four physicians pronounced ulceration and prolapsus of the uterus," writes Mrs. Ada Brooks, of Kirbyville, Taney Co., Missouri. "Also inflammation of bladder and urethra. My case was chronic and complicated. Had several good physicians, but kept getting worse. Had been confined to my bed five months when I wrote to you. I received your reply very soon and then dismissed my physician and began taking Dr. Pierce's medicines. I took eight bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and began to get better at once. In two months I could sit up in a chair, and kept getting better. In four months could do all my house work including washing and sewing."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

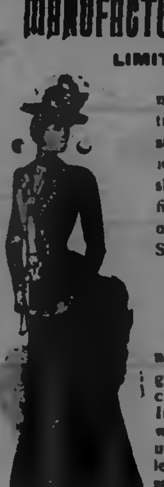
Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings............ 1 00
Silver fillings............ 50c
Gold crowns............ 5 00
Painless extraction...... 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

Mexican Girls.

Much has been written of the beauty of the senoritas of Mexico. Many a tourist goes there with exalted ideas of the charms of the high-caste young women with raven hair, soft olive complexions and bewitching eyes. Evidently the charms of that matchlessly balmy climate and the wonderful picturesqueness of scenes everywhere have blurred the critical vision of many of the writers, and as a result they dwell upon the beauty of the senoritas. However, according to one Mexican correspondent, the beauties are by no means plentiful. "A large part of the Mexican young women have prominent, heavy noses. This characteristic is more noticeable among the people in the rural pueblos in the valleys. From fourteen to twenty, most senoritas are in their prime so far as facial beauty is concerned. From twenty to thirty the dark pigment in their complexion develops rapidly, and nine out of ten of them ruin the softness of their complexions by inordinate use of the cosmetics and face washes which comprise a surprisingly large proportion of the national imports from Europe and the United States. There is no denying that the eyes of the average Mexican girl, except in the lowest classes, have a peculiar mildness. The long, heavy eyelashes over the dark eyes give an expression of seriousness and pathos that one never forgets. The hair of the senorita is seldom fine and fluffy. All the women in the peon class deck their coarse hair squarely across the forehead, while the young women of the upper class deck their foreheads with an infinite lot of frizzes and intricate mazes of finely spun curls. A curious fact is that some of the old families in Mexico have followed a fashion in hair arrangement, characteristic of the particular family, for several generations. For instance, there is the rich and powerful Yorba family of Chihuahua. Every woman in the family for more than one hundred years has frizzed, curled and plastered her hair after the style Grandma Yorba (a famous belle in her day and an acquaintance of old Queen Mercedes) adopted in the last days of Spanish dominion over Mexico. The exquisite black-lace mantilla shading the eyes, the high comb, and the coral and pearl jewelry become a senorita more than they would any other woman in the world. Perhaps it is the oddness of these graceful charms that has won the general praise of so many visitors to Old Mexico. The senorita at the opera, with her coquettish fan, her beribboned hat, and her gorgeously colored silken gowns, looks very attractive, but at close range only a few of the women have the freshness, the vigor and the clear-cut, refined expressions of American young women of like station."



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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

What was that she was thinking — Katharine Brereton! Alas, poor wretch! for one moment she had forgotten that she had no longer a right to that name — she, another man's wife! She looked about her in a blind, wild way, as if seeking for some escape, some path that would take her from this last awful trouble and lead her to peace.

"Dearest, what is it?" Ormande asked, eagerly. "Do you doubt me? —do you think I am deceiving you? Katharine, you will not wrong me like that, will you, dear? Oh, if I could but find words strong enough in which to speak of my love!"

"Katharine! —Katharine!" he implored, suddenly, his voice growing hoarse with agitation. "You will not send me away without a kind word; you will give me one tiny little word of hope! Only one, dear —only one!"

His weakness gave her strength.

As his voice faltered and his eyes fell, a shiver went through Katharine and she felt a pain come into her heart beside which all other pains were as nothing; it was a dull, remorseful ache, like the pang that comes when one wounds an animal that has served one faithfully. She had felt it only once before, on the first night of her arrival at Brexley, when she suddenly recalled that she had flung away his gift of roses, to have their tender beauty crushed beneath the wheels of a passing train.

Ormande's misty eyes were fixed on her white face. For one instant she paused; the next she was prepared to tear out her heart, and stamp out its life-blood carefully and completely.

"I cannot tell you how grieved I am, Lord Otway, at what has just occurred, believe me." She moistened her pale lips. "Believe me, if—if I guessed it for one instant, I should have taken great care to prevent you from being exposed to the pain I am compelled to —to give you to-night. I——"

Ormande broke in suddenly.

"Do not bandy fine words!" he cried out, with a fierceness that was foreign to his nature. "I cannot bear it. Tell me, Katharine, honestly, straightforwardly, is —is there any hope for me?"

She grew, if possible, a shade paler in the pause that followed, then drawing up her head quietly, with an effort that was almost maddening, she answered him:

"There is none!" she said, coldly and curtly.

"None!" He echoed the word hopelessly, miserably. "None!"

His arms fell to his sides heavily. He seemed changed from a bright, radiant boy to an old, worn and trouble-laden man. Katharine checked the cry of agony that almost broke from her lips. Oh, to be free to grasp this treasured happiness for one brief moment; to stretch out her hands and be drawn into that close tender, strong embrace. She felt as if she would gladly die held in his arms, and pressed to his great, noble heart.

Surely, surely her cup of sorrow was full now— full to the brim. What grief could equal this last one? Hitherto her pain had been for herself alone, but now he was drawn into it. He must suffer, too, this generous, gentle, brave man who was so dear to her, so very dear!

If she could only spare him! If she could temper the blow! Open her heart and confess all the misery it sheltered there. For a moment she wavered, he would see that she was not cruel, and that she, too, was given a heart as warm, as capable of loving, as his own. Should she not do this? —if his love was denied to her, might she not have his comfort, his soothing friendship?

Even as this thought was born, Katharine killed it. Friendship between Ormande and herself could never be. She must not, she dared not tempt him so much! She felt that it would be more than human nature could stand, and Katharine loved him so deeply, too well to let him imperil his honor for her sake.

She was growing very weak, her limbs weary from fatigue and ill-health, were trembling under her. Ormande had turned away and, leaning against a tree, had buried his face in his hands.

A broken sob burst from Katharine's overcharged heart. Why —why should Heaven be so harsh to her? Let the suffering rest on her head if it would but let him at least be spared.

The sound of distant voices laughing and singing came to her ears on the faint evening breeze. They rang the knell to Katharine's brief, sad love dream.

"Lord Otway," she said, striving to make her tones steady as well as clear, "I want you to —to forgive me for being the cause of this pain. I want you to tell me that you forgive me, and —and that you will try and forget it all as soon as you can."

Ormande turned to her suddenly.

"Forgive you, dear? Oh, yes, yes!" he said, brokenly; "but forget —that is another thing, Katharine. Forgetfulness does not come for the asking, and the blow has struck too deep to be easily effaced."

"Oh, I am sorry, I am sorry!" he heard her whisper wretchedly to herself. "If I had only known; but I never dreamed of —of this."

The young man's tender heart went out to her; there was such a bitter wail in the words, such a sense of despair in her attitude.

"You have nothing to blame yourself with, dear. Heaven knows that. If —if I have been a fool, well, I have myself to thank for it; it serves me right. Why should you love me? —you, so beautiful, so proud, so——"

"Stop! Oh! in Heaven's name, stop!" she broke in, her voice choked and thick.

"Katharine!" Ormande put his hands on her shoulders, and stooping, looked into her face; "Katharine, take care! I—I begin to think that you do not hate me, that —it may be presumptuous of me, Katharine" —he spoke hurriedly, his tones thrilling her to the heart, "but" —he ceased, stood upright, and paused for an instant, then very quietly he said: —"Answer me truly, Katharine; do you love me, or do you not?"

She faltered one instant, then rearing her head she looked him direct in the eyes.

"I cannot love you," she answered very slowly and distinctly. "I cannot. I—I am not free!"

Ormande started as though he had been shot; his blue eyes fixed themselves in an agony of despair on her face; and Katharine, feeling that she could bear it no longer, pulled her cloak about her and without another word or look, turned away from him into the dark shadows of the trees.

As she moved on in a blind, mechanical fashion, she felt the collie push his nose into her hand, and she looked down at the dog.

"Go back to him, Dan," she said, in a hard, dry voice. "Go back to him, for— for he is all alone and needs you," and as if understanding her, the dog trotted back into the moonlight, and then stood hesitating and shivering beside the young man's prostrate form as he lay prone on the ground, weeping out his sorrow.

And overhead the moon shone down with its placid silvery light, and the trees rustled as though murmuring regrets over two broken young hearts and two blighted lives.

CHAPTER XVIII.

The next morning, as Miss Mostyn was in the hands of her maids, there came a most annoying piece of intelligence, brought by Mrs. Trevanion, that Miss Brereton was too ill to leave her bed.

"And you have come to me direct from her, I suppose, Aunt Mildred?" Barbara cried in alarm. "Olympe, give me that toilet vinegar. It is sure to be a fever, or some other horrible infectious thing; please don't come so close to me, Aunt Mildred!"

Mrs. Trevanion hastened to assure her sweet Barbara that she had not been near Miss Brereton, or even Miss Brereton's room.

"And you must not be alarmed," she said, in great trepidation; "Parsons has seen her, and tells me it is only an attack of rheumatism, or something of the sort. Really, I must say, dearest, Miss Brereton seems a very impossible young person; if you would be wise, Barbara, you would send her about her business at once!"

Miss Mostyn sniffed at her strong smelling salts for a moment, then opened her eyes.

"When I want your advice, Aunt Mildred, I will ask for it," she observed, curtly.

"Is she going to spoil all my plans?" she thought, and then minced away on her high heels to that part of the house in which Miss Brereton was located.

There was no answer to her sharp tap at the door, and turning the handle unceremoniously, Barbara walked in.

Katharine was lying on the pillows, perfectly rigid and still; her beautiful hair was unbound and was thrown in careless luxuriance away from her. She was deathly pale, save for the deep black marks that encircled her closed eyes.

In her nervousness and selfishness, Barbara hesitated to approach the bed; it seemed to her as though it was the face of a dead woman she saw. But while she was thinking of this, the long, dark eyelashes were raised, and Katharine's eyes met hers. Barbara frowned for a moment. Despite the pallor, the unmistakable marks of suffering, Katharine's face was as supremely lovely as ever; and knowing this, Barbara's jealous hatred swelled still more in her breast.

"They tell me you are ill," she said, without in the least modulating her high, clear voice. "I hope it is nothing serious."

All traces of her brief sympathy and kindliness had disappeared. Katharine, ill as she was, saw that; she felt that she would get no pity from this girl or receive any friendly attention.

She struggled to raise her head from the pillow.

"It is nothing much—a cold," she murmured, and the hoarseness in her tones bore testimony to the truth of the last assertion. "I— I shall be better in an hour."

"I am sure I hope so," Miss Mostyn observed curtly, "for there is a great deal to be done here before to-morrow. Really I think Lady Drummond should have ascertained the condition of your health before engaging you, but Aunt Ellen is always so impetuous."

Katharine drew her breath with something like a sigh.

"I—I am afraid I do not please you," she said, humbly and weakly. "I had better go away."

"Oh, we settled all that yesterday," Barbara said, stretching her thin lips into a semblance of a smile. She was looking about her with sharp, quick eyes to discover anything that might go to strengthen the suspicion that had come into her mind. "If you can't get up, you can't, and so there is an end to the matter. I need not tell you how very inconvenient this is, coming to-day of all days, but I presume you would not be ill if you could help it. I will leave these letters on the table for you to answer if you can, in an hour's time, and please let me know when they are done."

And with that, Barbara walked out of the room, closing the door behind her with a sharp bang.

As Miss Mostyn entered the large breakfast room, she discovered Lord Otway there alone, standing by one of windows. His face looked strangely worn and pale; there was an air of misery over it which had completely changed it.

He greeted Barbara with a smile, and then went on to say that a most unfortunate circumstance had occurred to cut short his visit, and call him back to town.

Barbara's heart stood still for a moment.

"What, go away before my birthday, Lord Otway? No, no, I cannot allow it!"

Ormande's eyes were fixed on the sunlit trees outside.

"I'm afraid I have no choice, Miss Mostyn. I really ought to have been back at work last week. I—I must go now."

"But you only came yesterday, and then you told me you should stay several days. Has anything happened since then?"

Barbara put the question almost innocently. At once she had guessed the truth— something had occurred between Katharine and him; and Ormande answered her hurriedly:

"Yes, something has happened. Miss Mostyn, and I must go."

"Oh, dear!" Barbara sat down mournfully. "There is going to be nothing but disappointment, and I did hope it would have been such a pleasant time. You going away so hurriedly, and there is my dear Miss Brereton upstairs so dreadfully ill, I am quite alarmed about her."

The shot told. Ormande started, and she saw one of his hands clutch the stout window frame, while his face faded into a greater pallor.

"Miss— Miss Brereton ill!" he said, speaking as well as his agitation would let him. "I—I——" he could get no further.

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"Oh, it is nothing infectious," Barbara answered blandly. "I have just come from her. It is only a very bad cold and rheumatism. I knew you would be sorry, Lord Otway, you have such a kind heart, and are always so sympathetic to people in her position of life." She was watching him keenly all the time, though apparently she was occupied in culling for herself a small bouquet of roses from the branches of the creeper that nodded in at the windows.

Ormande said nothing. For the life of him he could not speak.

Katharine was ill, that was all he could think of. Katharine, his beautiful Katharine, the queen of his his dreams, the love of his whole heart, ill, ill, and suffering alone, and he must know this and do nothing; it completely unnerved him. Hope had died in his breast during the long night hours; it was crushed down, never to rise again; how could he let it live with the memory of those last words ringing in his ears?

"I cannot love you; I cannot — I am not free!"

But though hope was dead, his love lived stronger than ever.

He forgot his own suffering to remember hers. The look of agony on her dear, sweet face as he beheld it last night rushed to his mind once more. If —if only he might be allowed to comfort her, to give her help with this burden of love that was weighing her down.

Barbara watched him intently.

"How he loves her!" she said to herself, with bitter mortification and venom. "He thinks her an angel of beauty and purity. I must destroy that conclusion. He shall not go away till he has seen of what clay his idol is made. Then, —then" — Barbara picked a rose to pieces with thin, hard fingers —"then he must learn to turn to me for sympathy. He is so simple I think I shall be able to manage him. Now, if everything turns as I have planned, I may yet hold the trump card in my hand," and while she was thinking this swiftly to herself, she was speaking in what seemed gentle, womanly accents to Ormande about Katharine.

"Do you know Lord Otway, I have wanted to discuss her with you ever since I knew you were coming. I am so distressed about her. She is not happy. Oh, no, no! she is not happy. She seems to me"— Barbara pronounced each word distinctly —"as if she had some great secret on her mind, something she was afraid of, herself I wish" —Barbara picked another rose —"I wish that you in your capacity as clergyman would try and comfort her a little. I am sure——"

But Ormande broke in sharply.

"It is impossible," he said, shrinking from so great a temptation as seeing and speaking to Katharine again. "Miss Brereton would resent my interference, and rightly, too."

"But you, yourself, see that she is unhappy, poor girl. I long to do something for her. She is so sad, yet you think her beautiful, Lord Otway, don't you?"

Ormande passed one hand over his blue eyes, that had lost their joyous radiance.

"Yes," he said, quietly; "she is most beautiful. Poor child!"

"Ah! how glad I am to hear you say that! I wanted to rouse your interest in her so much, dear Lord Otway!" —indeed, there was quite a flush of excitement on Barbara's cheeks —"I want her to make a friend of me —to confide in me. It is strange and sad that one so young as she should look as she does."

Ormande felt, he scarcely knew why, uneasy. There was much apparent sympathy and interest in Miss Mostyn's manner, but somehow it did not ring true in his ears.

He was loyal to his darling.

"You forget that Miss Brereton has been very ill; her accident was naturally a blow to her nerves, and now——"

"Her accident! Oh, did she tell you about it? She is always so reticent with me." Barbara was feverishly eager to know all he knew. "How did it happen?"

Lord Otway looked at her in surprise.

"Miss Brereton is the lady whom I was fortunate enough to assist one afternoon at Northminster Station. You may remember, Miss Mostyn, it was the day I went to find your tennis racket."

Barbara bit her lip suddenly. Remember— aye, that she did, right well!

So it was Katharine she had to thank all along for her disappointment and neglect while she was at Maple Tree House; she who had come forward suddenly to be the barrier in the path that was to lead to the glories of Thane Castle; she who was the cause of all the failure. If Barbara had hated Katharine before, she positively loathed her now; her ears buzzed with the hot blood that rushed into her brain. She was conscious of only one desire —to be revenged; to see Katharine dragged down to utter misery and destitution her charms gone, her beauty destroyed —nothing of that pure, sweet loveliness left; and in that moment she swore that if mortal hands could do this, she would do it. She forced herself to smile as she answered Lord Otway.

"Indeed! —this is a surprise! Miss Brereton did not mention it to me. Oh, then I need not enlist your sympathies on her account; of course, you gave them long ago!"

"You —you will not go to-day. Promise me that you will not. I want you so badly!" she sank her voice coaxingly. "I want you to stay and help me in my anxiety about Katharine."

Ormande hesitated only a moment, but the blood had surged into his veins and his heart had thrilled at that name. What would he not have done for Katharine's sake? Who knew but that he might be able to give her some comfort in her trouble? and even that poor consolation was as joy to his hopeless, longing heart.

* * *

The letters Miss Mostyn had left in her companion's room were all ready and finished before lunch time.

Patty carried them downstairs and met Miss Mostyn on her way.

"Tell Miss Brereton I require her in the library this afternoon," she said, curtly, to the girl, and passed on.

Patty looked after her with much indignation.

To be continued.

The House of Rothschild.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN is not generally regarded as a very important financial center, but for more than a century it has been the headquarters of the foremost banking-house of modern times—the Rothschilds. It was in this city that the great establishment had its modest beginning, and since rising to affluence and power and extending its operations to all parts of the globe, the ancient seat has never been abandoned. The following facts regarding the origin and development of the Rothschild house are taken from the August issue of the "Bankers' Magazine:"

The founder of the house was Mayer Anselm (1743-1812), the son of Anselm Moses Bauer, a small Jewish merchant of Frankfort-on-the-Main. His father wished him to become a rabbi, but he preferred business, and ultimately set up as a money-lender at the sign of the "Red Shield" (Rothschild) in the Frankfort Judengasse. He negotiated his first great government loan with Denmark in 1802, and his transactions on behalf of William, Elector of Hesse-Cassel, were so profitable that when he died ten years later he was a very wealthy man. He left behind him five sons, and branches of the business were established in Vienna, London, Paris and Naples, each being in charge of one of the sons.

The third of these brothers, Nathan Mayer, has generally been regarded as the financial genius of the family and the chief originator of the transactions which have created for the house its unexampled position in the financial world. He came to Manchester about 1800 to act as a purchaser of manufactured goods for his father; but at the end of five years he removed to London, where he found full scope for his financial genius. The boldness and skill of his transactions, which caused him at first to be regarded as rash and unsafe by the leading banking firms and financial merchants, latterly awakened their admiration and envy. By the employment of carrier-pigeons and fast-sailing boats of his own for the transmission of news, he was able to utilise to the best advantage his special sources of information, while no one was a greater adept in the art of promoting the rise and fall of the stocks.

The colossal influence of the house dates from an operation of his in 1810. In that year Wellington made some drafts which the English Government could not meet; these were purchased by Rothschild at a liberal discount, and renewed to the Government, which finally redeemed at par. From this time the house became associated with the allied powers in the struggle against Napoleon. It being chiefly through it that they were able to negotiate loans to carry on the war. Rothschild never lost faith in the ultimate overthrow of Napoleon, his all being virtually staked on the issue of the contest. He is said to have been present at the Battle of Waterloo, and to have watched the varying fortunes of the day with feverish eagerness. Being able to transmit to London private information of the allied success several hours before it reached the public, he secured an immense profit by the purchase of stock, which had been greatly depressed on account of the news of Blucher's defeat two days previous.

Rothschild was the first to popularise foreign loans in Britain by fixing the rate in sterling money and making the dividends payable in London and not in foreign capitals. Latterly he became the financial agent of nearly every civilized government. It is said that since 1815 the Rothschilds have raised for Great Britain alone more than $1,000,000,000; for Austria, $250,000,000; for Prussia, $200,000,000; for France, $400,000,000; for Italy, $200,000,000; for Russia, $125,000,000; for Brazil, $70,000,000.

In 1896 they took $15,000,000 of the February loan of the United States through the Belmont-Morgan syndicate.

There are at present living eleven barons of the Rothschild name. Of these Nathaniel, Alfred and Leopold are located in London; Gustav, Edward, Adolphe and James are in Paris, and Nathaniel, a baron of the Austrian Empire, is head of the house in Vienna.

"Maintaining an identity as unchangeable as the Hebrew race to which they belong, and with purposes as inflexible as the ruler of Russia, and a policy as far-seeing as the Church of Rome," says the "Bankers' Magazine," "the Rothschilds have steadily built up the prestige of their name until it now outranks that of any other, while their fortune has grown year by year until it has attained to colossal figures. Those who have a talent for guessing have set the actual sum at two thousand million dollars, but until some member of the firm displays a confidential mood, the correctness of this conjecture must remain unverified. Whatever the amount may be, its vastness is undoubted, and the accumulations of a century and a half are being swelled each hour by innumerable tributes from every quarter of the world."

Why She Quit the 'Phone.

"The young woman employed as a stenographer had a beau named Will, to whom she talked some twenty-five times a day," says the Boston "Record." "The lawyer who labored under the impression that he was paying for the stenographer's time was not pleased that Maggie should drop her work and rush frantically to the telephone every time the bell rang, and stand there for fifteen minutes debating whether or not Will ought to have told Clara that secret which he knew well enough was none of Clara's business. One day the lawyer left his office, and, going to another telephone in the building, called up his own office. Of course Maggie rushed frantically to the 'phone, and answered.

"'Hello,' said the lawyer, in a muffled voice. 'This is a lineman testing the wire. Kindly stand one foot in front of the receiver and say hello.'

"Maggie obeyed.

"'Thank you. Now stand two feet to one side and say hello.'

"Maggie complied.

"'Thank you. Now stand two feet on the other side and say hello.'

"It was done.

"Thank you. Now stand on your head and say hello.'

"Maggie seems to be somewhat backward in answering the telephone now."

Passenger cars (or coaches, as they are usually designated) in early days were simply stage coach bodies mounted on four wheels, and as time progressed several were linked together, thus forming a "train."

Wood pulp paper as military clothing is used by the Japanese troops. It is marvelously tough, and has an appearance that might well be regarded with satisfaction for summer wear. It holds stitching uncommonly well, while its warmth is undoubted.

A Race With a Tiger.

A RACE for life on a bicycle from a man-eating tiger sounds more like a passage from a novel of adventure than it does like an actual event. Yet Monsieur H. Rosny, the noted French author, traveler and sportsman, claims to have taken part in just such a race in the Malay Peninsula. He says:

A bicycle gleaming under a shed caught my eye that first morning at Nieuwenhuys plantation. I could not resist the temptation—I had not ridden since leaving France. So I sped along among the rice and coffee-fields for about six miles, until I found myself in the heart of a forest.

While I was enjoying the beauty of the place there was a crunching of branches, and I became conscious that something massive but light-footed was approaching. Thirty yards from where I sat a tiger had issued from the jungle.

I dared not move a finger. To reach my bicycle I must get to the road. This was impossible without attracting the attention of the brute, and in two leaps he would be upon me.

With extreme nonchalance the tiger at length turned toward the depths of the forest. I could bear it no longer. I tore from my hiding-place, clambered over intervening obstacles, caught the bicycle, and ran alongside, my hands on the handlebar.

In a flash, as I was mounting, I caught sight of the great body crouching for the leap. I heard the tiger at the first bound land not far behind me. In the minute space between the first and second bound I got myself well started and balanced for the struggle.

His fourth bound brought the tiger very near. The next time I felt the wind of his fall. A second later his shoulder or paw touched the tire and made me swerve.

What I no longer feared or even thought of now happened—I lost one pedal, then both. I regained them with some trouble, but on account of the delay a claw once more grazed my rear tire.

At this instant we came to a very narrow bridge—two boards side by side over an irrigation canal. The wheels went over it true as an arrow. The passage must have slightly retarded the awful thing behind me, for although I dared not look behind I felt him to be farther off.

We were now between two fields of bananas. A small tree had been cut and thrown on the road so that it completely barred the way. There was nothing to do but try to go over at top speed. I sailed right in furiously, and although nearly thrown over, I succeeded in recovering my balance—went on, on, reached a smart decline, and rolled down like a cannon-ball. At a turning of the road the plantation buildings came in view.

I cannot say when the tiger abandoned the race. But when I shot amid the group of my friends, fell and scrambled to my feet, completely out of breath and my eyes bulging out, my first instinct was to look around in the expectation of finding the brute at my heels, ready to slay us all.

For a week afterward I ran that race again in day-dreams and awful nightmares; and every time I passed in front of my mirror I saw myself as haggard as a lunatic.

Printers' Blunders.

THERE is a fatality often attending the final stages of the printing of a book or an article. Proof after proof has been corrected with scrupulous care, and there seems nothing more for author or proofreader to do, when a line or word falls out, giving an opportunity for some stupendous blunder in setting things straight. The corrector of the press is sometimes himself responsible for a literary atrocity, when some brilliant flash of stupidity occurs to him too late to be submitted as a query to the poor author. Thus a certain scholar found the Candian vessel, in which he described Beza as voyaging, transformed into the anachronism of a Canadian vessel. Mr. Howells tells us of the agony he suffered at the discovery of a fearful misprint in his "Pilot's Story." The tale is of a young planter who has gambled away the slave girl who is the mother of his child. She breaks out upon him with the demand

"What will you say to our boy when he cries for me there in St. Louis?"

In this form the line passed the author himself and the first proofreader; but the final reader, evidently a pronounced realist, thought it could be improved, and accordingly changed it into:

"What will you say to our boy when he cries for 'Ma,' there in St. Louis?"

The whole edition had been struck off before the enormity was discovered by Mr. Howells himself, who happened to call on the publisher just as the sheets had come in from the printers at Cambridge. Mr. Fields at once decided that the sheet should be reprinted, so Mr. Howells had a hair-breadth escape from a mischance that might have gone far to ruin his career.

The hymnbook of one of the Methodist churches in England is guilty of an outrageous subversion of the moral standard when it attributes to Doctor Isaac Watts the sentiment:

My days of praise shall ne'er be past,
While life and thought and being last.
Or immorality endures.

Mr. William Archer mentions a curious instance of the inveterate persistence of a misquotation from edition to edition of a classic author. He has never come across an edition of the Waverley Novels in which the motto to Chapter XXV. of "The Talisman" did not run thus:

Yet this inconsistency is such
As thou, too, shalt adore;
I could not love thee, love, so much,
Loved I not honor more.
Montrose's Lines.

But the quotation ought to run:

Yet this inconstancy is such
As you, too, shall adore:
I could not love thee, dear, so much,
Loved I not honor more.
Richard Lovelace.

Obviously, the misquotation was originally due, in part, at least, to Scott himself, but it is impossible to believe that he was responsible for the nonsensical and unmetrical "inconsistency."

Papa Was Easy.

Edith—If you don't stop playing poker with papa I won't marry you.

Flyhigh—If I don't stop maybe I won't have to marry you.

Friendly Criticism.

Mrs. Psyche Green—Do you think her parlor carpet is pretty?

Mrs. Portia Smith—Pretty? No! Why, it doesn't even attract the moths.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of The Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

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Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. Johns, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

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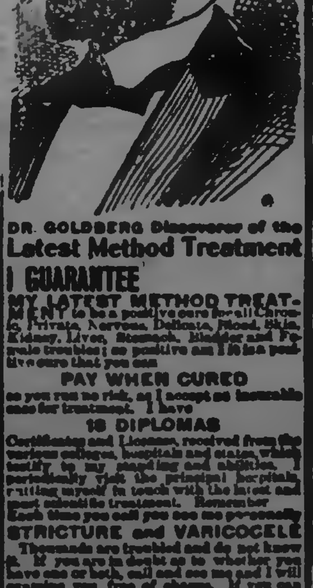

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as you run no risk, as I accept no incurable case for treatment. I have

18 DIPLOMAS

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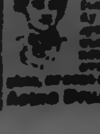

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Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c. a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 20, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to the columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—There was no police court on Saturday.

—The sleighing yesterday was very good.

—There was a large market on Saturday.

—The smallpox case in Jackson Park is rapidly convalescing.

—A meeting of the Dan Spence Memorial Committee will be held on Wednesday evening.

—The price of wood still continues high although the amount coming into town is very large.

—The sidewalks are very slippery. On Saturday a number of people received severe falls.

—The Woodmen of the World will give a concert to-morrow evening in their hall.

—St. John's branch of the Woman's Auxiliary to Missions, will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3.30 in the Guild room. All members are invited to be present.

—The condition of Judge Weller, is, we are pleased to say, considerably improved, and strong hopes are entertained for his recovery. His many friends hope to see his Honor able to be around in a short time.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

Men Wanted

A number of men wanted for W. & A. McArthur lumber camps. Apply at the Cavanagh House, to T. Cavanagh.

Little Lake Cemetery Company

The annual meeting of the Little Lake Cemetery Company will take place this afternoon at three o'clock, when the election of officers will take place.

Our Douro Friends.

Mr. Wm. Condon, of Douro, who for several years was the agent of The Times in that township, and who added several hundred subscribers to our list, was in town on Saturday and gave us a call. Mr. Condon says that everybody in Douro reads The Times; if any one has any doubt as to this, we can refer them to Mr. Condon.

No Winter Races

After several attempts to organize a winter meet, the matter has been dropped for the present. It is to be regretted that this is the case. Peterborough should have first class annual horse races. There should be a permanent organization to manage this and other similar sports. If such citizens as Messrs. Harry Winch, H. LeBrun, Wm. Croft, Alex Elliott, J. M. Brooks, Martin Connors, Dr. Poole took the matter up, it would be a success.

Fire on Sunday

The fire brigade was called to a fire in rear of the Snowden House about ten o'clock yesterday morning. The fire was located in the back yards in which Mr. Harold Snowden had a fine collection of fowl. The origin of the fire is almost a mystery as Mr. Snowden was in the building about 10 minutes before the fire broke out and everything was all right. The entire flock of poultry were killed by the fire and as they were entered for the Poultry Show and were sure prize winners Harold feels rather discouraged. The carrier pigeons belonging to Mr. Dixon Jewitt were in the same building, and fortunately effected their escape.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Hon. Senator Cox was in town Saturday.

—Miss Kelly, of town, is visiting friends at Young's Point.

—Miss Myrtle Fitzgerald, of Lakefield, is visiting friends in town.

—Rev. J. P. Wilson preached in Port Hope yesterday.

—Miss Renwick, of Buffalo, is visiting at her home in Ashburnham. She will return to-day.

—Mr. D. D. Galletly was presented with a gold locket by the members of Norwood choir, recently.

—Mrs. Chas. Lyle is in Bowmanville, attending the funeral of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Burden, of that place.

—Mr. P. Costello, of Buffalo, who has been visiting at his home in Lindsay, is renewing acquaintances in town.

—The many friends of Mr. Hubert McBain, who has been ill in Toronto, will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly convalescing.

—Mr. R. Crowe, County Commissioner, is being treated for illness of the stomach at St. Joseph's Hospital. His many friends are feeling very anxious about him.

—Dr. Packenham, a former Peterborough boy, is receiving the congratulations of his many friends on his appointment to Principal of the Technical School, Toronto. For many years Dr. Packenham was registrar of the Educational Council, and chairman of various Educational Boards.

Left for England

On Saturday, Mr. J. J. Turner, sr. received the news that his mother, who resides in England was seriously ill. Mrs. Turner is a very old lady and the fact of her advanced age is causing the relatives considerable anxiety. Mr. Turner left on the midnight express on Saturday night for Montreal and Halifax from which place he will sail to-day. The many friends of Mr. Turner will wish him a speedy journey and a safe return.

Strangers' Fellowship Tea

At the conclusion of the Men's meeting in the Y.M.C.A. yesterday afternoon, about twenty-four of the young men who are comparative strangers in town assembled by previous invitation to partake of a "Fellowship Tea," given by the Stranger's Fellowship Club of the Association. The object of these functions, of which this was the initial effort, is to bring the stranger young men in contact with one another and to form acquaintances that shall prove pleasant and beneficial to them. By a mutual introductory arrangement each young man learns not only the name of each of the others, but the place from which he hails, his place of employment and his church in Peterborough. The tea last evening, which was given in the rooms of Mr. Lane, was a pronounced success. Mr. J. Manning, President of the Club, presided, and the time intervening between the Men's meeting and church service was pleasantly and profitably spent. It is the intention of the Stranger's Fellowship Club to continue these functions monthly.

NO SUNDAY FUNERALS

The Cemetery Board Has Decided to Forbid Interment on Sunday

At a meeting of the Little Lake Cemetry Board on Friday afternoon it was decided to prohibit Sunday interments unless in extreme cases, and then only by the presentation of a physicians certificate.

Similar action has been taken by a large number of cemetry companies throughout the province.

CHURCH NOTES

Rev. H. Emory of Whitby, preached in the George St. Methodist church yesterday and in the Charlotte St. church in the evening.

Rev. E. B. Lancely, B.A. of Port Hope, preached in the George St. church last night and in the Charlotte St. church in the morning.

At the George St. church the anthem was "Hast Thou Not Known," and in the evening the choir rendered the anthem "O Lord, How Manifold." Miss McCarter rendered a solo "The Plains of Peace" in very fine voice.

Holy Communion was celebrated at All Saints' yesterday morning. Rev. Arthur Murphy preached at both services. In the morning his text was "Manna" and in the evening "The Children of Israel Crossing the Red Sea." In the afternoon Rev. Murphy delivered an address, taking as his subject 'A Foolish Richman.'

The mission services which Rev. Mr. Murphy has been conducting at All Saint's came to a close yesterday.

Collections were taken up at the Methodist Churches yesterday in aid of Educational Institutions.

BLACK AND RICH

Is the Way Postum Coffee Should Be.

A liquid food that will help a person break a bad habit is worth knowing of. The president of one of the state associations of the W.C.T.U., who naturally does not want her name given, writes as follows: "Whenever I was obliged to go without coffee for breakfast a dull, distracting headache would come on before noon. I discovered that, in reality, the nerves were crying out for their accustomed stimulant.

At evening dinner I had been taught by experience that I must refrain from coffee or pass a sleepless night. In the summer of 1900, while visiting a physician and his wife I was served with a most excellent coffee at their dainty and elegant table and, upon inquiry, discovered that this charming beverage was Postum Food Coffee, and that the family had been greatly benefited by leaving off coffee and using Postum.

I was so in love with it, and so pleased with the glimpse of freedom from my one bondage of habit and so thoroughly convinced that I ought to break with my captor, that upon my return home I at once began the use of Postum Food Coffee and have continued it ever since, now more than a year.

I don't know what sick headache is now, and my nerves are steady and I sleep sound generally eight hours regularly. I used to become bilious frequently and require physic, now seldom ever have the experience.

I have learned that long boiling is absolutely essential to furnish good Postum. That makes it clear, black and rich as any Mocha and Java blend. Please withhold my name, but you may use the letter for the good it may do."

TO CONTROL THE WATER.

MEETING OF THOSE INTERESTED IN THE OTONABEE RIVER

The Flow of Water to be Controlled in the Interests of Manufacturers—A Permanent Association to be Formed

A meeting to discuss questions of great importance to the town and manufacturers, was held in the Town Council Chamber on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mayor Denne presided at the meeting and those present were Messrs. Jas. Kendrey, M.P., John Carnegie, T. E. Bradburn, Adam Hall, J. H. Shook, W. A. Scott, J. Kearns, W. H. Meldrum, A. Stevenson, Wm. Irwin, F. Hilliard, W. Henderson, R. R. Hall, John Hull, (Lakefield), J. H. Kilbourn, (Young's Point), R. B. Rogers, Superintending Engineer of the Trent Canal, and Mr. E. H. D. Hall, Town Solicitor.

The principal subject under discussion was the water power of the Otonabee River. The trouble is in regard to the flow of water in the Otonabee river, which it is claimed, has been seriously damaged by the holding back of a large volume of water at the dam at Young's Point. The Cement Company have control of this dam and it appears that they have put in a number of stop logs and consequently lessened the flow of water in the Otonabee river. This has caused a very serious state of affairs at dams where manufacturing concerns rely on the water to obtain power to run their establishments. At Auburn several water wheels had to be stopped as there was not sufficient power to turn them, while at the Waterworks dam the water had fallen three feet in a day or two and this threatened a water famine in the town, and in case of a fire would be seriously hampered.

THE ENGINEER'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Rogers, Superintending Engineer of the Trent Valley Canal, said that the water had been regulated the same as usual up to Thursday, and as Kilbourn had asked for more power for the Cement Works, as the full amount of power required could not be obtained from the amount of water held back, the 30-foot timber slide had been raised, and as a result the flow of water down the river had been decreased. Considerable discussion took place and it was decided to ask the government to assist the town in securing a better flow of water and one that would be sufficient for the purposes required in the town. After further discussion it was decided to form an Association, to be known as the Trent Power Conservation Association for the purpose of furthering all their common interests in the due consideration and control of the waters tributary to the system. A committee, consisting of Mayor Denne, Messrs. Carnegie, Kendrey, Kilbourn, Shook, Scott, and Meldrum be appointed to draft a constitution for such an Association.—Carried.

Mr. A. Stevenson was on motion appointed secretary of the meeting.

The meeting adjourned after some further discussion relative to the Association.

Tons of Paper

The Times' circulation has grown so rapidly that we buy our paper in five and ten ton quantities. The first installment of ten tons reached the storeroom of this great family journal on Friday, and the balance will follow in a few days. The fact is the g.f.j. is being appreciated and read. Its fearless advocacy of what it conceives to be right, is making for it many friends. We hope to continue the good work, and while the influence and power of the paper is increased, we will endeavour to see that it will always be found on the side of Truth and Justice.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

NOTE—The Times invites its readers to contribute to its columns. It does not hold itself in any way responsible for the opinions expressed by its correspondents—Ed. Times.

Methodist Church Rules.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—I noticed a vigorous letter in The Globe a few days ago, regarding the rules governing the Methodist Church. A certain divine is taken severely to task for saying in a sermon that the hard and fast rules of the Methodist Church in relation to amusements, had the effect of keeping the young people out of the church—young people who desired innocent recreation. Another old-time Methodist insists that the rules are right and proper, and that to relax them would be highly dangerous. The Minister replies that the so-called rules are not the rules of John Wesley at all, but of a conference held in the United States, at which a series of rules were rushed through at the last moment. But all the churches are beginning to see that they will have to make concessions if they are to lure the young. Creeds must either receive modification or be ignored altogether. Already we have a revising committee whose duty it is to pronounce the mind of God in the twentieth century in relation to the destiny of the human race! It has been found that the narrow creed of four hundred years ago will not suit the conscience of today, and we proceed to make God over again in the new—for that is what it means. Four hundred years ago there was a certain concept of God in the minds of the Calvinists—a concept which is simply astounding to the modern conscience—a concept which set forth a being [illegible] to us, who

"Sent ane to heaven and ten to hell,
Ane for his glory."—

an anthropomorphic God who had eternally decreed that only a moiety of the race should be saved, and that the mass should perish, "all for his glory!"

Thanking you Mr. Editor, for your valuable space, I am, &c.

A READER.

THE WATER COMMISSIONERS

Nomination Takes Place Jan. 27th—Elections One Week Later

The mayor has issued a warrant for the nomination and election of water commissioners for the town, to take charge of the waterworks and its management.

Nominations will take place on Monday next, Jan 27th, at 1 o'clock, in the Town Council Chamber. If more than two candidates are nominated the election will be held on Monday Feb. 3rd.

There will be three commissioners—two are to be elected, the Mayor making the third. The same polling places and the same deputy returning officers as in the municipal elections will be used in this voting.

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Western Union Code.

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CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.
P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Great Reductions
—IN—
SPECTACLES

We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.50; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

PRINCE MAY PASS THROUGH

The Emperor of Germany's Brother May Visit Peterborough.

Prince Henry, who is to visit the United States in connection with the launch of the Emperor's new yacht, which is being built in the United States, will visit Niagara Falls and possibly Ottawa, in which case he will pass through Peterborough. The launch of the new yacht will take place on Feb. 24.

Should the Prince travel through Canada, the Royal train, used by the Duke of Cornwall, will probably be used.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

Bargain List for January

Three big novels by best authors for 25 cents. Six composition or dictation books for 25 cents. Handsleighs reduced to below cost, to clear the lot. Twenty-five cent dolls for 18 cents. One dollar kid body dolls reduced to 40 cents. Purses, stationery, fancy goods, games, school books and in fact everything carried in our line going at bargain prices. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS
QUEBEC
February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from
PETERBORO
—TO—
QUEBEC
and return—
$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

CANADIAN PACIFIC
—FOR—
Week of Winter Sports,
QUEBEC
Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,
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PETERBORO to QUEBEC
$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

THE
Most Perfect Stove Made
THE
STAR
Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau,
Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 5,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No.	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	24½ in.	8 in.	$11 20
1	26½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	31 in.	10½ in.	15.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	18.00
4	41 in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 75 feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

An Authority

On Birds, to explain little difficulties—that's what users of COTTAMS SEED enjoy. Directions on each packet embody the best professional practice; and a stamp for reply will bring you advice by return mail.

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents [illegible] under 6 patents, sell separately—Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With 1 lb. pkts. COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK (96 pages, illustrated) price 25c.; to users of COTTAM SEED a copy with [illegible] will be sent post paid for 12c.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, 83 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box 100 Tweed P.O.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The Ferreira Paid a Dividend of 450 Per Cent in 1898 and a 150 Per Cent on Account of 1899 (June), Before War was Declared.

Gold output of Transvaal mines for 1898, 4,555,000 ozs. $76,500,000.

Gold output for Transvaal mines for 1899, (9 months) 4,101,441 ozs., $70,000,000.

A very attractive method which enables the small invester to speculate in South African Stocks is by the formation of a "combination," or "trust." It is also the safest way. By this we mean that shares should be purchased in say five different companies, and by this method the possibility of loss is considerably reduced, as should one or more of the selections prove unprofitable, the profits on the others will more than likely compensate for any loss and prove sufficient to make the whole transaction remunerative.

Below will be found combination showing number of shares, present value and amount required, viz. $115.79, to carry them on 20 per cent margin. This combination will, we believe, show a good profit in a short time. Prices mentioned subject to change:

COMBINATION No. 1.

20 Klerksdorp at £14 9s., $71.90 per cent.	$14 38
20 Witkopje at £15, $73.12, 20 per cent.	14.63
20 Heidelburgs at £19 $92.62, 20 per cent	18 53
20 Salisbury at £1 7s 6d., $ 340, 20 per cent	26 81
20 Buluwayo Exp. at £2, 2s 6d., $207.18	41 44
	$115.79

We shall be pleased to give particulars of other combinations. Write for booklet which will be ready about the end of January.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS
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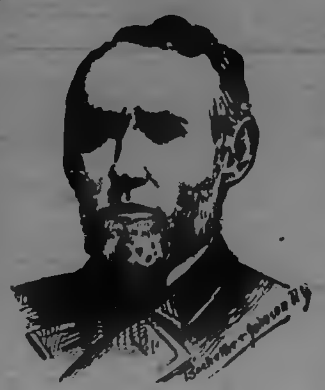
VOL. 28 NO. 17 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY JANUARY 21 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PHILLIPINE WAR A BLOT ON UNCLE SAM

A Committee of the U. S. Senate Asked For

The War Said to be a Disgrace to The Country

Washington, Jan. 21—Senator Hoar has introduced a resolution calling for a select committee of enquiry into the war in the Philippines, and the subject has led to animated debate. Senator Lodge protests that it would be a grave "reflection" upon the regular Philippine Committee, of which he is chairman, to go outside of it for investigators. The worthy senator does not want the facts of that inglorious campaign to be inquired into, yet a fearless probing is necessary, both as to the question why the American nation has an army of 60,000 in the islands for the purpose of their subjugation, and what have the army been doing? In his speech Senator Hoar said he had seen with his own eyes a document signed by Gen. Anderson, who was in command of the U.S. troops in the Philippines before Gen. Merritt arrived, in which that officer explicitly states that he promised the Filipinos their independence. This has been hinted at before, but never so explicitly asserted. Mr. Hoar affirms that Gen. Anderson admits "twice over his signature" that such a promise was made. This is a new and most material fact. The country is entitled to know all about it. The question is one of national attitude and national good faith. Besides, it has been bellowed from a thousand stumps that no such promise was ever made by any officer of the United States. Senator Hoar now declares that he has seen written proof (presumably in the War Department) that it was made. This relates to past events, nearly touching the national honor, but there are things going on to-day in the Philippines which, as Senator Hoar says, are "a foul blot on the flag." He speaks of conversations which he has had with "brave soldiers and officers of high rank," who have told him of atrocities committed in the Philippines in the name of the United States. On these things, too, the light should be turned. These military witnesses should be allowed to declare from the housetops what they now only dare to whisper in the ear of Senators. They should be called before a committee in open session, and, under guarantee of complete immunity for any testimony they may give, should be asked to tell the whole country the whole truth. At present they are under the kind of terrorism which necessarily rests upon men in the military service.



SENATOR HOAR.

A letter from Manila, received in this city furnishes a sample of the way the war has been conducted, and the atrocities committed under the flag of the United States. The letter says: "We are having a hot time down here of which no doubt you are well acquainted by this time. I don't know what the papers in the States estimate the loss at, but I will give it to you correctly up to date—65 men, 3 officers killed; wounded 12 officers, 270 men on the American side. But you ought to see what we done to the other fellows. We killed so many that we can't count them. We know that there are 2,000 killed; from that up to 5,000 niggers are laying everywhere. I have just returned from the front, which is nine miles back of Manila. I never will forget the sight I saw. I was out in the fight for five days. * * It is very hard to try to write all that I saw on the battlefield, but I will tell you a few incidents. * * It is a comical sight to see them [illegible] as we advance. We burn all the houses we come to, but make sure that there is nothing worth taking before we burn it. Different boys have found all kinds of jewelry and money, but I have not been fortunate enough to find any yet. As we were advancing on Caloocan a number of our boys were wounded, but after we got in town we killed every native in sight; then burned the town down, all but the church. Another boy and I went into the church and pulled down Christ off his perch, and took his robes, which I have now in my trunk. I am gathering all kind of relics both from the Spanish and Filipino war. Eat! Why, you ought to see the way the boys are living—pigs and chickens all the time, and all they want to drink with what wine they capture. * * What natives that are in Manila, the non-combatants, are very polite to us now, not as before. If they see you coming along the sidewalk, they will get off in the street till you pass. If they don't, we kick them off. You bet, we run the place now. The Tenn. are making a record for themselves. They were bringing in 60 natives as prisoners from the firing line, and when they got in Manila, they had two. The colonel asked where the rest of the men were? They told him they were tired, and stopped to take a rest. About an hour you could see dead niggers floating down the Pasig river, all shot full of wholes. Since the natives cut the officers and two men in pieces, killing a nigger is just like killing a dog. As long as I was in the field I was on an ambulance wagon and saw the fight from one length of the line to the other. I will go to the front again in two days, as I have that time off, and in my next letter I will give you more details of the fight."

These are all the points of public interest, taken from the letter of a member of the Hospital Corps. Such facts whispered into the ear of U.S. Senators may well prompt them to ask for an inquiry by a special commission, to the end that "a foul blot on the flag" might be expunged and removed.

DESPERATE PRISONERS MAKE THEIR ESCAPE

Eleven Convicts on McNeils's Island Dig a Tunnel To the Outside of Their Cell

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 20.—Eleven of the most desperate prisoners in the United States Penitentiary on McNeil's Island, made their escape between 1 and 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, and up to a late hour last night were still at liberty. It was the most daring and successful escape ever attempted in this State, and the character of the men implicated makes it doubtful whether they will be retaken without loss of life.

A hole in the brick wall of cell No. 10, occupied by convicts Snyder and Davis, reveals the method of escape. The wall was about a foot in thickness and the floor of the cell is of equal thickness covered with concrete. A tunnel was dug at the junction of the wall and the floor, sloping outwardly until it formed a connection with the air chamber about two feet below and a foot outwardly from the corridor wall of the cell. Through this air chamber the prisoners crawled about forty feet to where it opened into the boiler room, the opening being covered by an iron grating. This obstacle was overcome by the use of saws, and the prisoners had then only to walk out of the back door of the boiler room, across the yard and scale the board fence. A few yards from the prison grounds the dense growth of timber afforded them temporarily a safe retreat.

The prisoners took advantage of the latitude allowed them during the dinner hour to consummate their plans. The guards, with the exception of two who were on duty on the wall overlooking the corridor, were eating dinner in the dining room.

A dinner gang was at work putting the tables in order and the other convicts had the privilege of the corridors. One by one the men slipped into cell No. 10 and crawled through the hole unnoticed. When the guards came out and lined the prisoners up for dinner eleven were missing.

Warden Palmer at once sent a squad of guards in pursuit and made a tour of the island.

With two launches, three row boats, and thirty men guarding the shore-line, it is believed by the officers that if the men were still on the island at 9 o'clock last night their escape will be blocked.

SEND A POSTAL CARD

If you are as thoroughly interested in the making of homemade mats and rugs as thousands of others in Canada, you will lose no time in securing this season's designs. If your dealer cannot supply you with sheets of patterns or sell you the Heavy Scotch Hessian patterns ready for working, send a postal with your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., manufacturers of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns, and they will mail you full range of designs free of cost. Thousands of ladies are saving their [illegible] pieces of cloth, flannel, dress [illegible] old underwear and yarns, color them with Diamond Dyes, and [illegible] them to make up handsome [illegible] Mats and Rugs.

VEN. ARCHDEACON CASEY.

He Entered Upon his Duties in Lindsay on Sunday.

The Ven Archdeacon Casey, who for eight years has filled the position of Rector of St. Peter's Cathedral, has entered upon his duties in Lindsay.

During his term in Peterborough, the reverend gentleman has endeared himself to the members of his congregation and the citizens generally. Peterborough's loss is Lindsay's gain in this instance. That his future may prove as useful and as proficient in good works as his past, and that he may be spared many years of useful life, is the earnest wish of his many Peterborough friends, Catholic and Protestant alike.

BIG CONFLAGRATION ON GEORGE ST. ABOUT 12 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING

Miss K. Rudkins' Millinery and Dressgoods Store and Howdens' Butcher Shop are Completely Gutted by the Fire

BLAZE SUPPOSED TO HAVE STARTED IN MISS RUDKINS' STORE

The Stock in Longs' Confectionery and Simons' Taylor Shop Badly Damaged by Smoke and Water—The Loss is Partly Covered by Insurance

Shortly after 12 o'clock this morning fire broke out in a building owned by the Toronto Loan and Saving Co., and occupied by Miss Rudkins and Mr. W. G. Howden. When first noticed flames were issuing from the upper windows and from the roof. The fire had gained considerable headway before it was discovered when an alarm was at once sent in for the Fire Brigade to which they promptly responded. On arriving at the scene of the fire the entire building was enveloped in flames the illumination of which lighted the streets for blocks around.

Willing hands rendered every assistance to the firemen to aid them in checking what threatened to be the most serious fire that this town ever suffered.

The entire stock of dry goods, millinery etc., in Miss Rudkins store was burned. Not a single article was saved. Mr. W. G. Howden also lost everything in his store. A new sausage machine and new motor which were placed in position yesterday were completely destroyed.

The only thing that saved the entire block was the direction from which the very light wind came. What little wind there was came from the East and was barely strong enough to move the heavy clouds of smoke from the scene of the fire.

The origin of the fire is unknown. About ten minutes before the alarm was given, a gentleman passed the building and did not notice any signs of fire.

Immediately on the arrival of the firemen two lines were connected to a hydrant opposite the fire on George St. and a third taken from a hydrant further up and carried down a lane in rear of the stores giving three streams of water in a very few minutes. A fourth was brought from a hydrant near the Bank of Toronto, this one was taken by the firemen to the top of the store occupied by Pete Simons and Co. This kept the roofs on either side of the fire from catching.

The new extension ladder came in for its part of the business and proved very successful, the firemen being able to reach the roof from the street. After an hour of steady fighting the fire was got under control.

The floors in the building, together with the roof fell in in about half an hour, and the shower of sparks thrown up caused considerable anxiety.

The back end of Mr. Harry Long's store caught fire a number of times, but was put out before much damage was done.

The loss to Miss Rudkins will be heavy as we understand there was very little insurance on the contents and a large stock was carried. Mr. Howden lost everything in his store on which he had very little insurance. A large amount of meat was burned in addition to the fixtures in the store.

Mr. Harry Long suffered considerably from water and smoke. His loss will be covered by insurance. Mr. P. Simons loss is estimated at about $600. chiefly from smoke and water. A few days ago Mr. Simons got in several cases of new goods for the spring trade. His loss will be fully covered by insurance.

The full extent of the damage to the buildings cannot as yet be ascertained, but it will probably be covered by insurance.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND ARE HAVING TROUBLE

Objection to a Renewal of the Modus Vivendi With France

BRITAIN MUST ACT NOW

Or The Old Colony Will Put Up The Most Vigorous Kind of A Protest

The Whole Question Must Be Cleared Up, Even if War is the Issue—How France Has Entrenched on the Island

Quebec, Jan. 20—The attitude of Newfoundland in objecting to the renewal of the modus vivendi with France concerning the French shore of the island which expired on Dec. 31, though not unexpected, creates a great deal of interest throughout Canada. It is feared that Great Britain's continued opposition to the colony's demands must tend toward Newfoundland's drifting in the direction of the United States.

Nothing is more natural than Newfoundland's present attitude. For many decades, successive governments of the islands have persistently urged upon the home authorities the final settlement of this awkward question, and Great Britain has as often shirked it, contenting itself with urging the acceptance upon the colonists of a new modus vivendi, or at least an extension of the former one.

The islanders out of consideration for the mother country and in order to prevent her from being embarrassed by France at times when she was harassed with other foreign complications, have made very great sacrifices over and over again in consenting to these frequent renewals of the modus vivendi, and now are in no humor to lend themselves to further procrastination in the matter of a definite settlement of the vexed question.

So long as the statu quo is permitted, the commercial progress and prosperity of a great part of the island are quite impossible. The French pretensions have been so extended in the last few years that they virtually amount to alien sovereignty over much of the coast line. In proportion as Great Britain seems disposed to take the matter up vigorously with France, the French demands become more and more audacious.

By the Treaty of Utrecht in 1713, amplified and amended by the treaties executed at Paris in 1763 and at Versailles in 1783, the full sovereignty of Newfoundland was ceded to Great Britain, while to France was given the right to catch and dry fish on certain parts of the coast, covering an extent of more than 800 miles, to build there temporary huts and stages for the drying of fish, and to occupy the Miquelon Isles off the southern coast of Newfoundland, as a real shelter for the fishermen of that nationality frequenting the neighboring seas.

France now pretends that the French fishery privileges are exclusive, and not concurrent with the participation therein, on the same basis, of the colonists. Apart from this exclusive right of fishing, the French also demand the uninterrupted use of a strip of land half a mile from high water around the whole 800 miles of coast comprised in the disputed territory.

Despite Britain's nominal ownership of the island, the French pretensions practically amount to an insistence upon the sovereignty of the coast, while the colonists are relegated to the barren and inhospitable interior. England's continued submission to these pretensions have involved the prohibition of mining upon the coast, where valuable deposits of minerals exist, and the tearing down, by crews of French warships of wharves, lobster factories and other buildings erected there by the Newfoundlanders, and this without protest by the British government, notwithstanding that the island is supposed to be British territory.

It is pretty certain that France is insisting upon these pretensions only for the purpose of obtaining a quid pro quo elsewhere from Britain for abandoning them. Although the demands of the islanders for the right of developing the hinterland of the western slope of the island do not appear to be very extravagant, they are contested by the French, and the Newfoundlanders are tired of Britain's continual sacrifice of their interests.

By the convention of 1818 American fishermen got the right to take fish of every kind on the southwest and west coast and to dry and cure their fish on the unsettled parts of the southern seaboard, but such rights were to cease on any part of the coast as soon as it became peopled, and the absence of a similar provision from the French treaties is blamable for all the trouble over the present French shore, as it is called.

Canadians now believe that if Great Britain continues either unwilling or unable to afford the Newfoundlanders the relief to which they are entitled, the present dissatisfaction in the island must culminate in the strong expression of a desire for annexation to the United States. Canada's desire for the entry of Newfoundland into the confederation excites much interest in the present condition of affairs, but the islanders know that the United States would make short work of the French claims, while Canada could do little or nothing to settle them.

LATE WM. BATEER

His Demise Occurred in Asphodel on Sunday After a Short Illness.

Mr W. Batteer aged 84 years and 8 months.

One of Asphodels oldest and most highly respected citizens passed away on Sunday in the person of Mr. W. Batteer at the age of 84 years and 8 months. Mr Batteer had been in his usual health until about ten days ago when he was taken very ill. The deceased was born in the County of Cavan, Ireland and came to America in 1847, settling in New York State where he remained for a short time and then moved to the township of North Monaghan, Canada where he resided until about nine years ago when he settled in Asphodel township where he has since resided. Deceased was married when he first came to America to Dorothy Bothwell, daughter of the late James Bothwell of the county of Monaghan, Ireland. She still survives him and with two sons, David and William, and one daughter, Miss Margret, are left to mourn his death.

Mr. Batteer was a Presbyterian in religion and was a member of the Orange Order. He never took any active part in public or municipal affairs but was known to a wide circle of friends.

The funeral takes place to-morrow to the Little Lake Cemetery.

Moore Preceptory, 13, G. R. C.

The following officers were installed on Tuesday night by V. E. Sir Kt. W. H. Walkey, assisted by Rt. Em. Sir Kt. E. H. D. Hall.

Sir Knt. D. N. Carmichael ... ...P.P
" Walter Stocker Constable
" Rev. W. L. Armitage...Mar
" Wm Miller ... ...Chap
V. E. " Chas Cameron... ... ...Reg
" " David Spence ... ...Treas
" Alex Gibson... ......Sub-Mar
" John Crane... ... ... Guard
" John M Shaw...Capt of G
" R. A. Dutton... ...Almoner
" A. Williamson ....S. B.
" I. W. Wallace... ... ... "
" G. L. Rossel...Sword Bearer
" Dr. Gillespie... .. Organist

SPORTING ITEMS

CURLING.

The following games were played in the Charlotte street rink last night in accordance with the schedule as drawn up.

No. 1 Ice.
Kerr (skip) 7—C. Rutherford (skip) 14.
No. 2 Ice
Morrow (skip) 16—Stanger (skip) 14.
No. 3 Ice
Knapman (skip) 8—Giroux (skip) 15

TO NIGHTS GAMES.

The following rinks will play to-night at the Charlotte street rink.

No. 1 Ice.	
Wm Scott	R. Hicks
T P Matthews	H G Patterson
Thos. Brightman	A Stevenson
H B Edwards, sk...	R Neill, sk...
No. 2 Ice	
J McIntyre	Dr. Robinson
Dr. Moher	K Houston
M Green	J Pentland
A Blade, sk...	G W Morrow, sk...
No. 3 Ice	
Dr McClelland	A J Gough
O Bradburn	S D Hall
J Connal	R Munroe
R Kerr sk...	T Rutherford sk...

DISTRICT CUP MATCHES.

Norwood and Keene played off yesterday afternoon in the District Cup Series of the Ontario Curling Association with the result that Keene won by 16 shots.

No. 1 Rink.
Norwood 13, Keene 21
No. 2 Rink.
Norwood 12, Keene 20.

HOCKEY

In the junior series of the O. H. A. championship series the Belleville juniors defeated the Cobourg team at Cobourg by a score of 6—4. The match was very fast and exciting. A large number turned out to witness the game.

SKATING.

Mr. Oliver Dusty, one of our young flyers has received word from a young man in Midland, accepting the challenge published in this paper about two weeks ago. The race is to take place in Peterborough or Lindsay. An effort should be made to have the race run off here, as Oliver is a local man. He is still open for a race with any local or district amateur, for one or two miles.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth, and after spreading through all the respiratory organs, is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and cures in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size, 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dismissed the Case

George Moncreif, who was charged with theft by Wm. Badge, with whom he was engaged in conducting a second-hand store on Simcoe street, was up before Police Magistrate Dumble yesterday for preliminary hearing. The Magistrate after hearing the evidence, dismissed the charge. Mr. R. E. Wood, County Crown Attorney, represented the Crown; Mr. E. B. Stone for the private prosecutor and Mr. D. O'Connel for the defence.

Wants to Burn the Landlords

London, Jan. 21.—The Times' correspondent at Dublin reports that the progress of a revised plan of campaign in the West of Ireland has not been appreciably checked by the recent prosecution of certain members of Parliament and other agitators. Speaking after the sale of the goods of a tenant for refusing to pay rent in Roscommon, John O'Donnell, M.P., over whose head two convictions for bringing about an illegal assembly are hanging, said that notwithstanding all the Government's efforts, a fire had been started in the North and West of Ireland which would make such a conflagration as would burn "all landlords to [illegible]."

TROUBLE IN THE BOER RANKS IN SOUTH AFRICA

Evidence of Demoralization of the Burghers Constantly Coming In

DOES NOT MEAN IMMEDIATE END OF WAR

The British Need Larger Columns and More Horses—Boer Prisoners Falling Into British Hands Appear Satisfied

London, Jan. 21.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says: Nearly every day produces evidence of demoralization of the Boers in the Transvaal. A petition bearing the signatures of many prominent prisoners captured recently by the British has been issued, imploring Botha to "end quickly the terrible war."

Commandant Trichard has also written Botha, telling him he must come quickly and talk with his (Trichard's) commando, as his men are very much dissatisfied, threaten to surrender, and will no longer listen to their immediate commander. Prisoners now falling into the hands of the British invariably seem relieved rather than otherwise at being captured.

But it must not be inferred from this that wholesale surrenders of the Boers are necessarily imminent. The only alternative is to continue the paring down process uninterruptedly. The great difficulty being met with by the British forces in these operations is want of horses. What is required apart from spare horses is large columns, only half the men being employed at night. It is impossible to require the men to stand more than three night marches weekly.

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

OF THE LITTLE LAKE CEMETERY CO. YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Very Satisfactory Reports of the Directors, Superintendent and Auditors Received—Officers Elected for 1902

The annual meeting of the Little Lake Cemetery Company was held in the Town Council Chamber yesterday afternoon and was well attended. Among those present were, W. H. Moore, President; E. A. Peck, secy-treas.; Messrs. Lundy, Dennistoun, Jas. Stevenson, Shortly, Stapleton, Hay, Dr. Burnham, T. H. G. Denne, T. Wise, superintendent, and Mr. Foord, the late superintendent.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The report of the Directors was presented by Mr. W. H. Moore, as follows:

To the shareholders of the Little Lake Cemetery Company.

The Directors of the Company have to present the following report for the past year:

When your Directors came into office a year ago there was to the credit of the Company in bank the sum of $2504.00. Shortly afterwards they obtained $3,000 of Town Debentures, thus making the Company's investment fund $10,000, which is intended as a nucleus for a fund, the income of which will maintain the grounds in future years, when the present annual income may become much decreased.

Your Directors have also purchased a parcel of land near the cemetery gate at a net cost of $450.00, which they thought it wise to secure to provide a site for the Superintendent's residence, at a future date, and thereby enable the Company to utilize the valuable lands covered by the present residence and outbuildings, for Cemetery purposes. Your Directors have also had constructed a concrete sidewalk, four feet wide, from the entrance gate to the Superintendent's residence, and from there to the Chapel at an expense of $400.00.

The gross receipts of the year exceed the expenditure on all accounts, and the balance in Bank to the credit of the Company at the Commencement of this year was the sum of $897.11.

A detailed statement of expenditure and receipts of the year is shown in the Auditors and Superintendent's Reports, which will be submitted to you.

Substantial improvements of various kinds have been made in the grounds during the past year, particulars of which are given in the Superintendent's report, which will be laid before the meeting.

Your Directors much regret to have to report the resignation of the Company's Superintendent, Mr. W. H. Foord, which took effect on the first instant, and they have in acknowledgment of his efficient and faithful services, covering a period of ten years, during which he has shown a personal interest and zeal that we trust may be found in future superintendents, supplemented his salary during the past year by the sum of $50.00.

Your Directors have appointed Mr. Frank Wise as Superintendent in place of Mr. Foord, at a salary of $550.00 and a free house.

W. H. MOORE,
President L.L.C. Co.
20th January, 1902.

The report was adopted as read.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

The report of the Superintendent was read by Mr. Foord as follows:

To the President, Directors and Shareholders of the Little Lake Cemetery Company.

Gentlemen,—I beg to submit the following report of the improvements made during the year ending December 31st, 1901.

A concrete walk 480 feet long and 4 feet wide with gutter of same material, 18 inches wide, was laid from the entrance to the office; also a concrete walk 90 feet long and 4 feet wide from the office to the Chapel. Twelve walks in section A were filled in and sodded over, which will save considerable expense in hoeing and keeping free from weeds, and which will improve the landscape very much. Additional special lots in section L have been graded up, the terraces sodded and lots seeded down.

700 feet of drains 6 feet deep were laid with tile in the walks in Section D from ranges 9 to 16, and marble lot markers placed where the wooden posts were fitted out on part of Section D, thus laying it out in blocks of from 4 to 8 lots each between the markers. The trees along Crescent St. and throughout the grounds were thoroughly pruned, which admitted light much needed for the growth of grass, and greatly improved the general view and appearance of the grounds.

The lands recently purchased at the corner of Haggart and Crescent streets, near the Cemetery gate, have been graded, which greatly improves the entrance to Cemetery.

An addition to the waterworks was made from Section Q to Section L. The waterworks system now in the Cemetery is one of which the Shareholders may well congratulate themselves, it being the most complete and effective I have met with in the best Cemeteries either in Canada or the United States. All of the grounds where burials have been made can now be watered with 60 feet of hose with a pressure of water of 75 to 90 lbs.

I would respectfully recommend that during the coming season sections R and Y be graded down to the grade of Section L and laid out in special lots, as this class of lots is in much demand, and are a good source of revenue for the Cemetery Company; that additional drains be made on the north side of Section C, to intersect the present drain on Ravine Avenue; the paths on Section H filled in and sodded over and all grave markers in the single grave plot be laid flat on the graves or placed low enough in the ground to allow the mowers to pass over them, for besides being a great detriment in cutting the grass, so many headstones make the Cemetery appear more like a marble yard than a well kept Cemetery.

In severing my connection with the Little Lake Cemetery Company permit me to make acknowledgment of the great and unvarying kindness I have ever received at the hands of the Directors and all interested in the Cemetery.

I shall always look back to my nearly twelve years' service as your Superintendent with feelings of deep pride at the progress that has been made in lasting improvements and in beautifying the grounds, unequalled in Ontario, which never could have been brought about, however great had been my zeal, except for the ever-present supervision, assistance and encouragement given by the Directors.

The great personal interest I have always felt in the Cemetery will ever

Continued on Page 4.

NAVAL BATTLE BEING WAGED IN THE HARBOR OF PANAMA

Revolutionary Fleet Trying to Land Men off Sabana

It is Being Opposed by Government Vessels

Colon, Columbia, Jan. 20.—A naval battle, which began at 6 o'clock this morning, is taking place in the harbor of Panama. The revolutionary fleet consists of the steamers Padilla Darien and Gaitan. They are trying to force a landing off Sabana.

The Government ships are the Chilian Line steamer Lautaro, seized by Gen. Alban; the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamer Chucuito, chartered by Gen. Alban, and the Panama Canal Company's steamer Boyaca also chartered by the Columbian Government.

As this despatch is sent three shots have just passed over the Chucuito, and she has answered with several shots. They fell close to the Padilla, which is seen to be retiring.

The guns at Las Bovedas are also firing at the rebel ships.

The Government forces are throwing up entrenchments.

The United States cruiser Philadelphia is close to the scene of the fighting.

Pimples and Blotches

how unsightly, sometimes disgusting, mortifying to the sufferer and unpleasant to all. An evidence of poor blood and lowered vitality of the eliminating organs. They need toning up—the whole system does. You can quickly bring about the improved condition by using Ferrozone. Poisons are driven out of the blood, organs grow stronger, the blood richer, the nerves stronger. Pimples and blotches disappear, color becomes good. [illegible] Just try and see how much [illegible] is gotten out of a box of [illegible]

NOW READY---

Second Edition.

Immense demand necessitated a second edition of this year's

"Guide to Investors,"

our 400 page, illustrated, cloth bound book. We will present you with a free copy, either upon call or written request, at any of our offices. Our

"Daily Market Letter,"

issued free, every afternoon, carefully and conservatively, outlines the probable immediate movement of the markets.

Orders solicited, purchase or sale, cash or exceedingly moderate margins, small or large amounts.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 21, 1902

WHY DO THE HEATHEN RAGE

As a matter of fact at the present moment "the heathen" are not raging, nor are they imagining a vain thing. They are simply working off the same old witticisms at the expense of prohibitionists, who, of course, call down a divine blessing on what they are about to do (and leave undone). Bless us! who is afraid of the p.p.'s, otherwise known as the Pious Prohibitionists? Everybody knows that they haven't backbone enough for a crawfish. Such is the tenor of the jibes and sneers of unfeeling critics. But all this does no good to the country, and we are patriotic amongst other good things. Lies and counter-lies, prayers and solemn affirmations, preaching and prohibition, and all the delicacies of the season, are as nothing to a sober action decently and manfully done, such as sawing a cord of hardwood. For the sake of all that is serious let us stop this infernal nonsense and try and be men. It is easy to be a fool. We have proved that ourselves. Come on, boys! young and old, and let us acquit ourselves like men and give over the smiling ways of Judas and a hypocrisy that would put Satan himself to shame for pure silliness.

We read how in Winnipeg the other day the poor things cried out in bitter distress: "We have been betrayed! we have been betrayed!" Some fainted, while others went out to the pump to get a drink. But who takes them seriously? Certainly not Mr. Roblin. He says he has got to legislate for the people, not for a lot of faddists, who would betray him as they have betrayed each other, if they got a chance. We can fancy the mighty scorn in his eye as the Attorney-General looked at the hysterical creatures, crying for his blood. Bah!

PROGRESS AND SUCCESS.

Progress and success have been our business reward up to the present time. No need to enlarge on our dispensing facilities; this department is run on the most approved system; promptness and accuracy mark all our work.

We are daily renewing and assorting our stock of Perfumes, Atomizers, Sponges, Brushes, Combs and Toilet goods.

THE PUBLIC VERDICT.

The public verdict is immensely in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. It is the great family medicine of the present day and never fails to do what it promises. Paine's Celery Compound will permanently cure kidney disease, liver complaint, ills resulting from impure blood, dyspepsia and stomach derangements. We sell the kind that cures. R. S. MACDONALD, Peterborough, Ont.

◆

A naughty woman stumbles for she cannot see what may be in her way.

Trust not the woman that thinketh more of herself than another; mercy will not dwell in her heart.

The gods honor her who thinketh long before opening her lips.

A woman that is not loved is a kite from which the string has been broken: she driveth with the wind and cometh to a long fall.

A woman that respects herself is more beautiful than a single star; more beautiful than many stars at night.

Woman is the one for that which pains the father; she is balm for his troubles.

A woman who mistakes her place can never return to where she first was; the path has been covered up from her eyes.

A woman desirous of being seen by men is not trustworthy; fear her glance.

Give heed to her to whom children have come; she walks in the sacred ways and looks not love.

JUST WHAT WE WANT.

We ask the privilege of having one trial in the way of supplying your needs in goods that first-class druggists handle, or the filling of your doctors' prescriptions. Our endeavors to please you and the satisfactory way in which you will be served will make you a permanent customer.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION

to our fresh stock of Paine's Celery Compound, the most popular family medicine of the day. Thousands of testimonials from the best people of Canada are sufficient proofs of its virtues for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, blood diseases, liver complaint, kidney diseases and all nervous troubles. Try a bottle and be convinced. H. H. EDMISON, druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

PROBLEMS OF EDUCATION

An Eminent Writer Takes Objection to Our System

In these breezy days of the jocund youth of a new century, when idols and ideals are being shattered in military, scientific, commercial and political life, it is not surprising that enterprising pioneers in the educational field should discover that the traditional system of educating children is all wrong. Such an one is writing at length in the current number of the Forum, and he thus contrasts the past with the system of the future:

"A system which sets children formal tasks before they have developed substantial interests; which treats them all as units in a mass, to be put through the same course in the same time, in the same way; which stretches a few formal subjects taught exclusively from single text books, over the whole elementary period; which makes the recitation simply an affair of memory, and the examination simply a larger recitation, with more flurry and worry, which switches students onto one track or another for life before they have discovered their natural destination; which makes the cast iron course the main thing, and subjects and children alike incidental thereto; which is subjected to no rigid requirements from above, but is content to accept whatever product is left over from athletic and social distractions; which selects teachers wholly on technical grounds, and measures their worth by quantitative standards only, which counts language synonymous with letters, acquisition the equivalent of insight, and science a satisfactory substitute for art; which drives the boys from the dullness of the elementary school routine into premature work, the secondary school scholars into offices to relieve the monotony of the course into which they have drifted, and the brightest college graduates into law or business as a welcome escape from the wholesale murder of literature in the name of philology of which they have long since grown weary—that system in each and every part is a dismal failure, which it is our duty to expose, condemn, and redeem.

"On the other hand, a system which reveals to the kindergarten child the beauty and joy of the world's treasure house before it puts the cold iron keys in his hands; which, when it must train him to acquire and handle these keys, still lets him use them to unlock the myths, legends and stories of man's great visions and deeds, the marvel and mysteries of rock and soil, plant and animal, sea and star; which is ever on the watch for the bent of each individual mind, and eager to give it free play; which nevertheless, rigidly requires the task freely chosen to be done as the individual's best, and to be measured by absolute standards; which secures strong men and highly trained women as teachers, and brings them close to all students, and intimately near to the chosen few who are able to appreciate them; which goes behind the form of words to the meaning of great works of art, and grasps details in their larger signification; and which wins to the lifelong service of pure truth, beauty and goodness, the choice youth in each undergraduate class—that system is a magnificent triumph, a triumph the first fruits of which we even now can enjoy, for the sake of which we are all called to labor, and the assurance of which is the best heritage we can hope to hand down to our children."

The application of a Mrs. Fitzsimmons to have her name changed by the courts, because she has been "reliably informed that there is a notorious pugilist character of the same name," shows how fleeting a thing is fame.

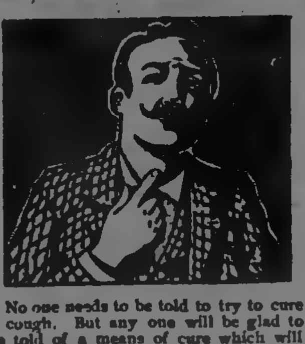
Now that they talk of getting Lieut. Hobson into politics, there will be another naval hero to be demolished. He has tried his hand as a bottler of fleets, a champion osculatist, and the discoverer of what Dewey didn't do. Now he wants to risk himself in politics. Perhaps it's Hobson's choice.

His Majesty has introduced a most economical fashion. Black frock coats with deep velvet cuffs are to be the vogue. Many a fringy-sleeved garment will now be resurrected and adorned with new velvet cuffs. Now, if it could only become the "correct caper" to have velvet cuffs on trousers legs, what mirrors of fashion some of the gentlemen who decorate our public squares in summer would become.

◆

The Great Serpent of all Diseases. – Kidney disease may well be called the "boa constrictor" disease, unsuspecting and unrelenting, it gets the victim in its coils and gradually tightens till life is crushed out, but the great South American Kidney Cure treatment has proved its power over the monster, and no matter how firmly entrenched, it will release, heal and cure.—131

Sold by H. H. Edmison.



No one needs to be told to try to cure a cough. But any one will be glad to be told of a means of cure which will be thorough and lasting. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a medicine which can be confidently relied on to cure diseases of the organs of respiration. It cures obstinate, deep-seated coughs, bronchitis and bleeding of the lungs. It cures when nothing else will cure, and the local physician says: "There is nothing more that we can do."

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

The dealer, tempted by the little more profit paid by less meritorious medicines, will sometimes try and sell a substitute when the "Discovery" is asked for. No substitute medicine will satisfy the sick like "Golden Medical Discovery." It always helps. It almost always cures.

"Two years ago a severe cough started on me and I was also bothered with catarrh," writes Mr. F. Skjod, of Danewood, Chisago Co., Minn. "I could not sleep nights, as the cough was worse at night. I tried several cough medicines, but to no avail, until a year ago, when I got so bad I could not breathe through my nose at times. I then tried Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After taking eight bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and at the same time using Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, I am a well man. I can thank Dr. Pierce for my good health, and will recommend his medicines to any one suffering from the same trouble."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

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Rev William Caven, D.D., Knox College.
Rev. Father Ryan, St. Michael's Cathedral.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

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BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents put up [illegible] COTTAM SEED [illegible] Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK [illegible] COTTAM SEED [illegible]

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THE TIMES

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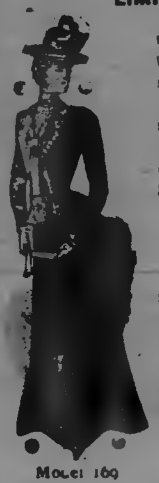

Model 169

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Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

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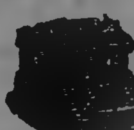

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"And never so much as to ask how she were, poor thing, and her that bad! Lor'! I'd sooner serve a stone nor Miss Mostyn; that I would!"

Katharine received the message in utter silence. By sheer force of will she had dragged herself from her bed and struggled into her clothes.

Mrs. Parsons, toiling up to inquire how she was early in the morning, had found the girl sitting on the edge of the bed, grasping the back of a chair and holding her head erect, with closed eyes and compressed lips. In the twinkling of a second the good housekeeper had taken matters into her own hands.

She had sent Patty flying for hot water and mustard, into a large tub of which she plunged Katharine's two little feet; then twisting up the masses of dark hair, she applied a small mustard plaster at the back of the neck.

Katharine slept for two hours; then, though she was as weak as a kitten; she insisted on getting up.

"The pain is gone — quite, quite gone," she assured Mrs. Parsons, who was much dissatisfied at this independent spirit on the part of her patient. And so, by dint of courage and determination, Katharine managed to sit at the table and dispatch the letters.

She felt very weak afterward, but nothing should prevent her going down as Barbara had desired.

The library was empty, so she thought, as she entered it, and she stood for one minute to recover herself.

"I—I hope I shall not be foolish and faint, or do anything stupid," she said to herself, unsteadily.

And even as she thought this, she put out her hand, and groped blindly for a chair; she was conscious of nothing for an instant but a sort of heavy cloud enveloping her, and then the cloud rolled away, and she awoke to find herself held closely in two strong arms, and a voice murmuring passionate, despairing love words in her ear.

She lifted her eyes slowly, and let them rest on those dear blue ones as one would gaze on the exquisite beauty of heaven's sky.

Ormande recovered himself first.

"You are better, dear?" he asked, eagerly. "Tell me you are better."

She rested against his heart for one instant in silence. She was gathering strength enough to draw herself away from his hold.

As if divining this wish, Ormande moved her gently to a large armchair, and put her into it as he would have put a little child.

Then he stood with folded arms gazing down at her, a world of passionate love dwelling in his eyes.

"Why do you look like that?" he asked in choked, husky tones. "Katharine— it— it breaks my heart!"

"They— they told me you were gone."

Ormande's brow contracted.

"You wish me to go, dear?" he asked gently.

She shook her head feebly, but her eyes went up to his and he understood their plaintive beauty as well as though she had spoken.

"Yes, yes, you are right," he said agitatedly. "It is better we do not meet. I will go. I will do anything to spare you pain, Katharine."

A mist rose before her eyes.

How good, how noble, how generous he was! Surely no man was ever like him.

She put out her trembling hand toward him.

"I believe you, I believe you," she whispered. "Would to Heaven you could do this, but you cannot. Lord Otway, I—I want to speak to you. I want to ask you to try and forget me. You said last night that was not possible. I am glad," she went on eagerly, a faint tinge of color creeping into her cheeks, "glad I have spoken to you again. It will be a great relief to me. I do not want to be the cause of bringing a shadow on your life. I want to know that you are bright and happy as I have always known you. The— the future must hold so much happiness for you, I——"

"Katharine," he interrupted her, his voice quivering with emotion, "Katharine, you do care then what becomes of me, you do care!"

"Care!" she repeated, and unconsciously the whole strength of her love rang out in that one word. "Care what becomes of you! Oh, Ormande!"

With a smothered cry he was on his knees beside her.

"Katharine, my darling, my darling!"

He had her two small hands in his, and covered them with his passionate kisses

"Give me one moment of Paradise," he pleaded, as she would have drawn them out of his hold, her sweet face quivering with emotion. "Only one moment before I go away from you into the dark shadows of my lonely life, Katharine. Answer me this, if —if you had been free, dear, if fate had been kinder, could you have given me your love?"

There was a sudden pause between them; involuntarily they had both risen to their feet, their hands clasped close together; Katharine's head was bent, but urged by the magnetic power of his will, she raised it slowly, and their eyes met. A look of joy flashed across Ormande's face as he read the answer written in them; with a murmur of tenderness, he stooped to press his lips to hers, then suddenly he checked himself.

She loved him but she was not free. With a groan he bent his lips to her hands instead, raining kisses on them; then he straightened himself, and, putting his right hand on her beautiful, bowed head, he said quietly and solemnly:

"Heaven bless and guard you, my darling, now and henceforth!" and then, without another word or look, he turned and went away.

Katharine clung to the oaken mantel-piece as he went, then suddenly she lifted her hands and kissed them hurriedly, passionately.

"Ormande! Ormande! my heart will break!" she said to herself, and, flinging her arms out, she fell forward on the cushions of the chair, her slender form shaken with sobs.

How long she lay there Katharine never knew; she was insensible to everything but her grief. She did not know that directly Lord Otway had gone, the window had been pushed open quietly, and a man had come into the room from the terrace outside— that this man was close beside her, regarding her with a sneer and a look of triumphant delight on his dark, handsome face. She knew nothing, cared for nothing, but this bitter new sorrow, and would have lain there prostrate from weeping and [illegible] not gone forward and touched her gently on the shoulder.

As she started up and turned round slowly, he spoke.

"A very pretty scene, on my life; but scarcely so pleasant for a husband as one might suppose! Come, Mrs. Gordon Smythe! I am waiting for a welcome. A wife should show some little signs of delight when she meets her husband, after such a long absence as ours has been. What have you to say to me, eh?"

CHAPTER XIX.

Katharine's very heart-beat seemed to stop. A sudden, a horrible feeling of fear came upon her. She clung to the arms of the chair with her poor, weak hands, and gazed up into Gordon Smythe's dark face as the caged animal gazes at the serpent that will presently devour it. Was it some hideous dream? Was it really she who crouched there on the floor and felt that heavy hand on her shoulder? She had passed through such a succession of terrible mental crises that she was scarcely mistress of herself. But her pale, tear-stained face, her dazed eyes, did not touch Gordon's pity. He had an old score to settle with the girl, and he did not intend to be thwarted in his intention to be even with her; his passionate anger and jealousy were roused at the scene he had just witnessed. It maddened him to remember with what detestation Katharine had always regarded him; how utterly indifferent she had been to his personal attractions; how little pains she had taken to let him see in what contempt she held him! And then to recall the parting with Ormande, and to know that another man possessed the love, the loyalty, he considered should be his own. Katharine's beauty, as she had lifted her eyes, laden with their message of love, to answer that sage question of Ormande's, had infuriated Gordon beyond description. He registered a vow then that he would humble her; he would have her at his feet; that she should give the sweetness of her beauty and love to him, her husband. Now, more than ever, he determined to punish her, and, with the fear of discovery and detection gone, Gordon saw the path opening to this occupation, more particularly since he had discovered that Katharine loved and was loved in return.

"Come," he said again, suavely, pressing his hold still closer on her shoulder, "come, have you no words of welcome for me, eh?"

His voice recalled her to herself.

With a gesture full of loathing, she pushed herself onto her feet and staggered back from him.

"Do— do not touch me!" she gasped, with a shudder that made her tremble from head to foot. "Do — do not touch——"

Her voice died away inaudibly.

Gordon laughed softly, but his eyes flashed at her like a flame of angry lightning.

"You are not generally so particular, are you?" he asked with a sneer, as he sat across a chair and folded his arms on the oaken back. "I fancy —I may be mistaken, of course!— but I fancy I saw that gentleman, whoever he may be, indulging in some very strong protestations of affection to you just now!"

Katharine was leaning against the tall mantelpiece, quivering in every limb. The old pain had come back into her head, her temples were throbbing, and she felt very ill. Dimly she comprehended that the small peace she had hitherto been allowed was at an end

He smiled to himself with great satisfaction as he noticed her drawn, despairing face.

"Most husbands, of course, would object," he went on in a careless manner; "but I am not so strict. By all means enjoy yourself when you are alone; when I am with you that is a different matter. Such graces as you have to spare I naturally expect will belong to me. I do not care to share my wife with any one, not even with the heir to an earldom."

Gordon drew out a dainty, jeweled case, and having abstracted a cigarette, closed the lid with a click and put it in his pocket.

"You do not object, I suppose?" he asked, coolly, and then he reached over to the table for a match and lit the cigarette. "I am afraid," he said with a sneer lingering round his lips ~~—"I am afraid that I must have given~~ you a great start just now. You did not think to see me here, did you?" He blew a tiny cloud of smoke into the air. "Had you done so, no doubt the very entertaining scene I witnessed just now would have been avoided or postponed. I really regret that our relations with each other have not been of a nature to admit of a correspondence, as then you would have learned that I was a friend of your employer, and was about to run down to this very charming old house to participate in what seems likely to be a really pleasant fete."

He put the cigarette between his teeth again and smoked it in silence, watching the girl between his half-closed eyes, and thoroughly enjoying the agony she was enduring.

"As I have just said, a letter would have prepared you for my coming. We really must not fail to communicate with each other in the future, when circumstances may happen to separate us for awhile." He broke off some of the cigarette ash into a little Dresden plate that stood at his elbow. "We really must do this," he repeated, and then all of a sudden he was on his legs, had dashed his cigarette into the fire grate, and had firm hold of Katharine's two wrists.

"Where are you going?" he demanded, his ugly passion creeping from beneath the veil of suavity.

Fear, pride, loathing, horror, all combined to give Katharine strength. She looked him straight in the eyes with her large orbs full of contempt and disgust.

"Let me go!" she said in low, distinct tones. "Let me pass — murderer!"

Gordon laughed shortly and tightened his grip on her wrists.

"Oh, dear, no! I am not going to deprive myself of the pleasure of your company just yet. I have really a great deal to say to you, my wife!"

Katharine shivered, and her heart sank like lead in her breast.

"Take care!" she murmured, as well as her pallid lips would let her. "Take care! Do not try me too much! If you have forgotten our compact, I have not. Leave me free, —— or I will ——"

"What?" he broke in very slowly. "You will do what? Beware [illegible] patience, my dear girl, and you will see that there is positively nothing you can do. Our compact, you say! Well, what of it? I promised to leave you unmolested. Yes, I remember saying something of the sort, but it really makes no difference now what I said."

"You —you swore an oath"— the poor girl's courage was deserting her —"an oath!" The words died away in a broken sob, and her head sank forward on her breast.

"Ah! no doubt. I have done many foolish things in my time; but, of course, as you can see for yourself, if I had sworn fifty oaths it can affect nothing now. Facts are unpleasant things, but it is always best to look them in the face; and the facts in our case are these —that you, of your own free will —mark that! of your own free will —became my lawful wife, and gave me full and legal power of controlling your life. Whether I swore one oath or twenty has nothing to do with it. You are my wife; you married me of your own will, and by no one else's, and so, my dear Kittie" —with another laugh —"the best thing you can do is to reconcile yourself to facts, and make up your mind to be as good a wife as you possibly can be. I will not be very exacting, only ——"

Katharine interrupted him; with a strength born of despair she wrenched herself free from his hold.

"Never! never! never!" she cried, her voice husky with agitation. "I would sooner die than —than this should be. I will speak out; I will tell the truth; I will expose you; I—I——"

"Yes," Gordon drawled, moving a step nearer. "Yes. You will tell the truth. What truth?" He paused a moment. "What truth will you tell to the whole world?"

"What truth?" Katharine stood gazing at him with distraught eyes; she was riveted, stunned by his words. "You —you ask me that?"

"Undoubtedly!" Gordon assumed a puzzled air. "Undoubtedly I do, for I assure you, my dear girl, I am at a loss to understand your words; at least, I cannot see what unpleasant truth you can have to explain, unless —unless"— he came a step nearer to her, fixing her with his coal black eyes, and magnetising her beneath their power as a snake magnetises its victim —"unless" — he pronounced each word very slowly — "it be to proclaim to the world a story that will not redound to your own credit or reputation. I suppose you have got that old madness in your brain again —that wild, improbable story that you married me because you wished to save my life, having seen me commit a murder at some vague and mysterious time. Really, my dear Katharine, I had hoped that this lunacy would have been cured. Of course, great allowance is given to a woman when she is in the state of mental distress that you were in when you became my wife; but there is a limit to everything, and when it comes to your declaring you must tell the truth" — his eyes searching hers still more fiercely —"why, then, my girl, it is time that I, too, turned and said that I would give my version of the matter, which is, after all, a very one for any girl to own. Shall I tell it to you now? Listen!" —nearer and nearer he went toward her —"if the world asks me why you became my wife, I shall answer this —that I did it to make an honest woman of you; that you had loved me not wisely but too well, and that in order to save your reputation I sacrificed myself most generously, and gave you my name. You understand that, Kattie; it is quite clear to you, isn't it? You see now that any story of yours I shall immediately declare to be an hallucination of your brain, brought on by the mental trouble you had suffered. I don't want any mistake, my dear girl. I want you to see and understand clearly that if any truth is told, it is you and not me who will suffer the most!"

He clenched her wrists again as he finished, and, uttering a broken cry of horror and despair mingled, the unhappy girl sank nerveless, prostrate at his feet, utterly crushed beneath the fiendish cruelty and wickedness of those wicked words.

"If I could die! If I could die now!" she thought wildly to herself. She was alive to the full horror of the moment. Weak, sick, faint as she was, no merciful swoon or oblivion came to her rescue; no dark cloud crept over her brain and wrapped her for a time in unconsciousness. Her limbs had given way, the power to stand up proudly and defy this villain was taken from her; but the weakness did not touch her brain. She was sensible —keenly, awfully sensible— to the terrible position in which she was placed; and even in this moment she was not selfish in her sorrow, for her generous woman's heart found time to beat sadly as she thought of the wasted love poor Lucy Smythe had poured out on this man, and the shock that any portion of the truth would be to the weak, doting mother.

"It is as well we should understand our positions at once, isn't it?" he said, with a ring of triumphant pleasure in his voice. "We shall have no more nonsense in future, no more threats about telling the truth, for we know what we have got to expect, don't we? And I think it would be advisable if you were to get up from that very unnecessary and uncomfortable position; it might give rise to unpleasant remarks if a servant were to come in. Allow me to assist you to a chair."

To be continued.

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Nevil's Uncle Jerry.

As the junior partner of the old-established firm of solicitors, Gale, Tempest & Hopkinson, of Lincoln's Inn Fields, I was brought up in closest touch with the office staff.

One old clerk, who had started as office boy to the firm named, was called S. Nevil, but his baptismal patronymic was generally shortened by his confreres into Snivel, a name which described his temperament to a fine point. How he had been kept on so long was a mystery to many, but it was mainly through my instrumentality. The fact is that Nevil fell ill with influenza, and during his absence his daughter called for some wages due him. I saw and was greatly impressed by her. Her manners were those of a woman of gentle birth and breeding, but her face, which was more than beautiful, had those lines of patient suffering which plainly told her story. There was no need to ask her it, for it was plainly enough written. I really guessed that by domestic tyranny he found an outlet for his petty nature which his own sex would not allow him to exercise on them.

After seeing his daughter I resolved that Nevil's place in our office was to be permanent so long as I could use my influence in his behalf, and at Christmas I—but that is outside the story.

One morning as Nevil came into my office with some letters for signature I was struck with his woful appearance, and, as I have foreshadowed my interest in his family affairs, it was natural that I should ask what was the matter with him.

"A dreadful and shameful 'oaks has been played on me, Mr. 'Upkinson, sir," he said. Nevil was always erratic with his h's when "put out."

"Sit down, my man, and tell me all about it," I said, for, much as I disliked the man, I could not help feeling sorry for him, so distressed did he seem.

"You know," he continued, "that I have always looked forward to Uncle Jerry leaving some of his wealth to us when the end came."

"Well, Nevil," I interrupted, "has he died?"

"No, sir; worse than that. I am afraid I would not be so cut up about that, but he has played a dirty trick on me and mine that I am as much disgusted as disappointed."

As I saw he was bursting to tell me his sorrow I told him to proceed with the story of his wrongs.

"You must know that Uncle Jerry last Christmas, as was his usual custom, invited all his poor relations to dine with him.

"The night passed smoothly, excepting that two cousins got excited in a political argument. These evenings wound up with a speech from our host, and then, after singing 'Auld Lang Syne,' we would separate. The speech last Christmas was a memorable one, and I remember each word burnt itself into my memory as it fell from Uncle Jerry's lips.

"'My dear relatives,' he commenced, 'you will be sorry to learn, as I am to announce it, that this *gathering*, which it has been my pleasure as well as my duty to hold at this season of good-will toward all men, is to be the last.

"'Yes, the last, I grieve to repeat. You are all, I think, aware of the sudden collapse of the company which promised to be one of the greatest and most successful undertakings of modern time. I will be brief, as the subject is to me a painful one. In that

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If you are rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, nervous, weak or run down, you need the best medicine that medical science can suggest. We strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound for your troubles. It has cured others afflicted as you are; it cannot fail in your case. We sell the kind that makes sick people well. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

A Pious Parrot.

"If Coco meant the half of what he said, and was even a quarter as wise as he looked, he was a wonderful bird," says a writer in "Forest and Stream." "I met him in Paris, where he lived with an old English lady, who spent her life in her own apartments between her maid and her parrot. Coco was thus her almost constant companion, her guide, counsellor and friend. He had an *easy flow of conversation*, and said many funny and apt things that I have forgotten, but no one who saw and heard him at his devotions of a Sunday morning is likely to forget it. His mistress, being unable to attend the English chapel, read the service in her own room aloud, with Coco for congregation, for none ever exceeded the unction of his long-drawn 'Amens,' nor the contrite quaver of his 'Good Lord, deliver us' in the litany, and when it came to 'miserable sinners,' he rolled up his eyes and nodded his old head in dismal approval.

"It would have been unkind to smile during the performance, for Coco's feelings were sensitive, and, moreover, the old lady found comfort in the thought that he, perhaps, dimly understood. She told the following story in proof of his sagacity: A friend came to visit her one day who also owned a parrot. The talk turned upon the rival birds, and the visitor instanced, in proof of her pet's powers, an intricate sentence that he had been taught to say. She repeated the sentence several times, mimicking a parrot's nasal voice. Coco, meanwhile, showed evidence of great excitement. He sidled hand over hand across the back of the sofa on which the visitor sat, puffing out his chest and holding his breath till all of his feathers stood on end. Something was on his mind, and he was straining to get it off. As the visitor rose to go, his efforts culminated, and as she passed out of the door he screamed the sentence after her, exactly as he had heard his rival quoted."

Redmond and Parnell.

THOSE who have sought to trace a parliamentary likeness between Mr. John Redmond and Mr. Parnell have surely insisted overmuch on the "Saxon" side of their characters, says the London "Outlook." Many opportunities of carefully observing "the Uncrowned King" in the House of Commons [illegible] failed to discover in him a single one of those attributes which by common consent are assigned to Irishmen, either on or off the stage. This is not so in the case of Mr. Redmond. Mr. Parnell, admittedly, was a consummate master of strategy, a man of unflinching will, and one who kept his unruly pack in order by the sheer force, as it seemed, of a superior mind dominating an inferior. He may have been respected, unquestionably he was feared, but no one can make ever a pretense of saying that he was liked. His was the Anglo-Saxon nature in its iciest and least alluring form; and in him there was also a considerable dash of the mystic. Mr. Redmond is not a conscious plagiarist, but it can hardly be doubted that he has modeled himself largely, perhaps by force of long association — upon [illegible] remarkable man, his former [illegible] at the same time, and looking a little below the surface, there are sharp points of contrast between the two. Mr. Redmond though an Anglicized Irishman, remains an Irishman still; Mr. Parnell never was an Irishman at all, save in regard to his national aspirations.

Mr. Redmond's "mysticism," too, is rather the natural shield of a cautious politician who has learnt reticence by long practice of the game than an endowment of Nature. He has taught himself how to school and keep curbed the impulses of an essentially Irish temperament; and that he generally succeeds says much for his self-restraint. But when he does burst out—which is seldom—you know that in scratching the Parliamentarian you have found the Milesian. Mr. Parnell, on the other hand, never generated aught but white heat. In his latest platform speech Mr. Redmond has allowed himself a license which he studiously eschews when addressing the House. Nevertheless, even before an Irish audience he never entirely forgets that he is playing a "costume part," while the rougher, though equally congenial, role of "principal villain" is left to Mr. Dillon, and no attempt is made to interfere with the masterly stage-management of Mr. O'Brien. There is a good deal to be said for this sort of division of labor, since it leaves Mr. Redmond free to accept, without any sense of incongruity, the compliments which Mr. Balfour and other Front Bench leaders are wont from time to time to pay to his statesmanlike qualities. It would also—but this possibly is trenching too nearly on prophecy—make easier at some dim and distant date a "deal" between Mr Redmond, on behalf of his compatriots, and a "Saxon" Government for the settlement of the Irish question, because you can always negotiate better with one with whom you are on terms of outward and ceremonial politeness.

A Miracle Explained.

The vagaries of memory are some of the most interesting of those connected with the human mind and body. Why do we forget certain things and remember others? Myriads of these irregularities are as yet unaccounted for; perhaps not even the cleverest metaphysician will ever account for them.

Professor James reminds us how something which we have tried in vain to recall will afterward, when we have given up the attempt, "saunter into the mind," as Emerson says, as innocently as if it had never been summoned.

Again, bygone experiences will revive after years of oblivion, often as the result of some cerebral disease or accident.

Such a case is the one quoted by Coleridge of a young woman in Germany who could neither read nor write, but who was said to be possessed of a devil because, in a fever, she was heard raving in Latin, Greek, and in an obscure rabbinical dialect of Hebrew. Whole pages of her talk were written down, and were found to consist of sentences intelligible in themselves, but not having the slightest connection with one another. To say that she was possessed of a devil was the easiest way of accounting for the matter.

At last the mystery was cleared up by a physician, who traced back the girl's history until he learned that at the age of nine she was taken to live at the house of an old pastor, a great Hebrew scholar, and that she remained there until the pastor's death. It had been for years the old man's custom to walk up and down a passage near the kitchen, and read to himself in a loud voice.

His books were examined, and among them many of the passages taken down at the young woman's bedside were identified. The theory of demoniacal possession was abandoned.

OUR MOTTO :

"Accuracy, Care and Attention."

Our continued success in business is the best proof that we enjoy the unbounded confidence of the public. We dispense drugs with the greatest possible accuracy, care and attention. Our stock of Toilet preparations is always up-to-date, and our Perfumes the finest and cheapest.

ALL RANKS AND CONDITIONS

of our people are now using Paine's Celery Compound the great health restorer. No other medicine in the world has such a record of cures to its credit. It makes new, flesh blood, corrects digestion, gives energy to body, nerves and brain. If you feel unwell, give Paine's Celery Compound a trial.

John Nugent, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

NO SUNDAY FUNERALS

The Cemetery Board Has Decided to Forbid Interment on Sunday

At a meeting of the Little Lake Cemetery Board on Friday afternoon it was decided to prohibit Sunday interments unless in extreme cases, and then only by the presentation of a physicians certificate.

Similar action has been taken by a large number of cemetery companies throughout the province.

Left for England

On Saturday, Mr. J. J. Turner, sr. received the news that his mother, who resides in England was seriously ill. Mrs. Turner is a very old lady and the fact of her advanced age is causing the relatives considerable anxiety. Mr. Turner left on the midnight express on Saturday night for Montreal and Halifax from which place he will sail to-day. The many friends of Mr. Turner will wish him a speedy journey and a [illegible] return. [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Intercolonial Railway.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

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Write for descriptive literature to

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10 King St. West
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E. TIFFIN
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Moncton N. B.

For Sale

$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.

Apply at once,
T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

DR. GOLDBERG Discoverer of the Latest Method Treatment

I GUARANTEE

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT to be a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous, Delicate, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Stomach, Bladder and Female troubles; so positive am I of its positive cure that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

so you run no risk, as I accept no incurable cases for treatment. I have

18 DIPLOMAS

Certificates and Licenses, received from the various colleges, hospitals and states, which testify to my standing and abilities. I periodically visit the principal hospitals, putting myself in touch with the latest and most scientific treatment. Remember Each time you call you see me personally

STRICTURE and VARICOCELE

Thousands are troubled and do not know it. If you are in doubt as to whether you have one or both, call and see me and I will examine you free of charge. If you can not call write for question blank, as I can cure you with my LATEST METHOD TREATMENT at home as well as at my office. I have cured thousands of patients suffering from the above troubles at home whom I never saw. Every case I accept I give a written guarantee to cure.

KIDNEY and BLADDER

Troubles, painful and frequent urination, deposits or strings in urine, weak and aching back succumb to my LATEST METHOD TREATMENT in short time—no cure no pay.

SKIN DISEASES

Syphilis, copper colored patches, eczema, dry and moist tetter, scrofula, [illegible] pimples, all forms of itching diseases succumb to my Latest Method Treatment in short time. Positively NO MERCURY OR POTASSIUM USED.

I CURE

All Chronic, private, nervous, delicate, blood, skin, kidney, liver, bladder, stomach, female and rectal troubles.

Call or send for symptom blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE.

Hours—9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG
208 Woodward Ave., Detroit
Entrance 7 Wilcox St.

BOVRIL
"Alas! my poor Brother"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble, and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
Office—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)........$12,000,000
Reserves.................... 7,764,703

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. [illegible]

THE TORONTO SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY.

3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.
4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 2 or 3 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 355 Water street. Money to loan at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. B. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors, etc. [illegible] Water Street. Money to lend. E. Peck. R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. [illegible] Chambers, 10 Wellington Street West, Toronto.

HATTON & BRADBURN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton. [illegible] Bradburn, B.A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE Peterborough — First class in every particular; $2.00 per day; commercial rooms.

WALKER HOUSE, Toronto adjoining Union Station. This favorite hotel, overlooking Toronto Bay on the lakeshore, electric elevator; office staff and experienced watchman on duty all night. $2.00 per day, or $2.50 choice rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informant's names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and honorary secretary. Office, Division Court Chambers.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 [illegible] street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 366 Park Place—Painting [illegible] Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 366 Park place.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Princess T[illegible]

[illegible]

Aetna Drug Co. [illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c. a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 21, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to this column. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The water in the river is very low.

—Three more weeks and Lent begins.

—Queen Victoria will be a year dead to-morrow.

—There was not much wood on the market yesterday.

—The County Council meets on Tuesday Jan. 28th.

—On Sunday night the thermometer registered 13 below.

The Woodmen of the World will give a concert in their hall this evening.

—Prof. O'Brien, the scientific palmist, is now sojourning in Lindsay.

—The University of Toronto Glee Club will appear to-morrow night in the opera house.

—A large number of fine birds have arrived for the Poultry Show which opens to-day.

—Rev. Mr. Armitage will be inducted as rector of All Saints' Church, to-morrow evening.

—A large staff of men were busy yesterday arranging the coops in the Market building for the Poultry Show which opens to-day.

—Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons received an order yesterday morning for two small-pox tents, and one cooking tent from Chatham. The order was filled and the tents shipped last night.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee, that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

—At St. Lukes Church on Sunday evening, prayers were offered for the Canadian Volunteers who recently sailed from Halifax en route to South Africa. Hymns appropriate to the occasion were sung during the service.

—Several of the Wards of the Peterborough and Lindsay Children's Aid Societys have recently been visited by Mr. Wm. O'Connor, Inspector Neglected and Dependent Children's Department. Mr. O'Connor reports that nearly all the children have good homes and are well cared for. There are at the present time a few young children for whom the Societies would like to obtain good homes.

The Rev. Joseph Kilgour gave a very instructive address to the young people of Mark St. Church at the Epworth League Christian Endeavor. His remarks were listened to were very attractive, and he has promised to again favour them with a similar discourse in the near future, and we feel confident from the interest displayed by the members that the next meeting will be much more largely attended.

—The Times is grieved to learn that one of the Aldermen recently slipped on the icy pavement and bumped his head [illegible]: but if his fall should bump him and his colleagues into a realizing sense of the fact that the condition of the pavements during the winter months, when it is scraped to the "bone" of snow, is not satisfactory. This g. f. l. will not have grieved in vain. Fact is, a man who will scrape the snow off down to the pavement, should be pooled.

Bargain List for January

Three big novels by best authors for 25 cents. Six composition or dictation books for 25 cents. Handsleighs reduced to below cost, to clear the lot. Twenty-five cent dolls for 15 cents. One dollar kid body dolls reduced to 60 cents. Purses, stationery, fancy goods, games, school books and in fact everything carried in our line going at bargain prices. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

Men Wanted

A number of men wanted for W. & A. McArthur's lumber camps. Apply at the Cavanagh House, to T. [illegible]

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Sam McKibbin, of Lakefield, was in town yesterday.

—Mr W. H. Ford was down from Toronto yesterday on business.

—Miss Mary E. Payne, left yesterday to attend the Normal School, Ottawa.

—Mr. Edward Dowl, of Holland Landing, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Lawson, 431 Bethune St.

—The condition of His Honor Judge Weller is greatly improved, much to the relief of his many friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. LaValle, of the Orillia Export Lumber Co., are the guests of Mr. R. Hicks, McDonel street.

—Mr. F. G. Lund, of Toronto, Vice-President of the Poultry Association is in town attending the exhibition.

—Rev. J. G. Potter returned yesterday from a very successful trip to Keene and Westwood in the interests of the Bible Society.

—Mr. Wm. O'Connor, of the Children's Aid Society, Toronto, has been in town since Friday. He gave The Times a call previous to leaving for home.

—Mr. W. C. Hartnett, formerly of the firm of Hooper and Hartnett has entered into partnership with Jas. Butler, grocer on Hunter street.

—Evangelist H. D. Kennedy has just closed a very successful series of evangelistic meetings at Keswick, and has opened a four week's campaign at Thornhill.

—Mr. McConnell, of Indian Head, N.W.T., formerly of Peterborough, is visiting friends in this district. Mr. McConnell has a very large farm in the North West and we believe is doing well.

COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS

Dastardly Attempts Made to Have Our People Buy Worthless Medicines Labelled As Celery Compounds

These Are Dishonest Men Who Foist Their Worthless Substitutes On The Public, Deceived Those Who Intend Buying

Paine's Celery Compound

If the sick, suffering or friends of such who are using or about to use Paine's Celery Compound for the banishment of disease and the restoration of health, wish to avoid deception, loss of money and serious dangers, they should see for themselves when buying that the name PAINE'S is on each wrapper and bottle that is offered. Any other preparation offered as a celery compound is a fraud and deception of the worst character.

The manufacturers of Paine's Celery Compound already know of many cases of suffering aggravated and intensified by these vile substitutes for Paine's Celery Compound sold to unsuspecting people. These spurious brands of celery compound are sold by some dealers for the sole reason of the immense profit that is derived from their sale. As far as the unscrupulous dealers are concerned, they care little whether the patient is killed or cured; profit, and a mighty one too, is their great object. If you cannot get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound from your dealer, the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, will send two bottles express charges paid to your nearest Express Station for two dollars, or six bottles for five dollars. Money must accompany order.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Wedding Bells

A happy wedding took place in St. Peter's last night, when Mr. Edward Flatterty, of Emily, was joined in the holy bonds of matrimoney to Mrs. Lynch. The bride looked charming in a dress of white silk. After the ceremoney the of white silk. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to the residence of the bride on Aylmer street, where they partook of the wedding supper. The bride was supported by Miss M. Sullivan, while Mr. Frances Buck did the honor as best man.

STRAWS SHOW WHICH WAY THE THE WIND BLOWS

The fact that grocers and general dealers are selling less oatmeal, cracked wheat and other cheaply prepared grain foods to-day than a year ago is significant. It means that our people are now using something more popular and more conductive to health. Malt Breakfast Food has become the decided choice of old and young of all classes, who have found in it nutritive qualities that the grain foods never possessed. Malt Breakfast Food has grown the cheapest proofs of its virtues as an aid to digestion, for the reason that it contains no starchy ingredients so common in other foods. Weak stomachs find it comforting and refreshing; it builds up the body and strengthens bones, muscles and tissues. Strong and weak find it a perfect food. See your grocer.

Bartenders Organize.

Peterborough local No. 282, Bartenders Union was instituted on Monday by the general organizer of the Hotel and Restaurant employees International Alliance.

The object of the new organization is to promote social intercourse and create a beneficiary fund for members in distress.

The officers of the Union are:

President.—John Jayes.
Vice-President,—Leo Claney.
Recording Secretary.—Bert Kennedy.
Financial Secretary,—Thos Robinson.
Treasurer,—Aaron Henry.
Inspector,—Jas. Hoskins.
Inside Guard,—John [illegible].

Little Lake Cemetery Report

Concluded from page 1.

continue (it cannot do otherwise with the grateful memories I carry away) and I propose to return at every opportunity to observe a continued advancement which I sincerely hope and believe will mark the management of your new Superintendent.

I also append my financial statement for the past year.

Respectfully submitted.
W. H. FOORD,
Superintendent.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

For the year ending December 31st, 1901.

To sale of lots	$1953.00
To sale of graves	132.00
To digging graves	445.26
To vault fees	34.00
To sodding graves	400.25
To watering flowers and extra care of lots	713.32
To removing bodies	17.00
To building foundations	171.77
To trust funds for perpetual care of lots	200.00
To miscellaneous work and other sources	35,63
	$4123.13
Also received on real Estate a/c.	$100.00

UNCOLLECTED OR STILL DUE.

To sale of lots	203.66
To sale of graves	15.50
To digging graves etc	252.83
	$471.99

EXPENDITURE, CEMETERY LABOUR.	
By Superintendent's salary	700.00
By workmen's wages	1300.87
By team and horse hire	163.80
	$2164.67
Balance of income over labour expenditure	$1958.46
	$4123.13

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. H. FOORD.
Superintendent.

The report was adopted on motion.

AUDITORS REPORT.

The report of the auditors for the year 1901 was presented and showed the finances of the company is a sound condition. Below is given the auditors report with a statement comparing the receipts and expenditure for the past year with 1900.

RECEIPTS

	1901	1900
Bank balance (1 Jan)	$2604.00	$964.73
Debenture interest	355.33	323.06
Sales of lots and graves	2000.70	
General Receipts	1853.42	3500.44
Trusts Funds	300.00	
	$7083.15	$4788.11

EXPENDITURE

	1901	1900
Superintendent's salary	$700.00	$696.66
Secretary's salary	100.00	100.00
Auditors' salary	10.00	10.00
Wages	1300.00	963.64
Horse and team work	163.00	63.00
Repairs and supplies	354.56	205.02
Flowers, trees, etc	30.79	50.00
Printing, stationery, etc.	65.75	57.25
Water	25.00	58.75
Real estate	453.10	
Debentures	3000.00	
Interest on overdraft	9.65	
Miscellaneous	2.50	5.00
Bank balance (31 Dec)	807.21	2604.00
	$7083.15	$4788.11

We certify that we have examined the above balance sheet, the Treasurer's books and vouchers and the Superintendent's fortnightly returns, and we find the same correct. The balance on deposit in the Ontario Bank at the end of the year was Eight Hundred and Seven 21-100 Dollars as above stated. The securities held by the Company, and consisting of seven debentures of the Town of Peterborough, amounting to ten thousand dollars, have also been examined by us.

Auditors, James A. Hall, T. Q. Quartermaine.

Dated the 16th day of January, 1902.

The auditors' report was adopted and is very satisfactory. While the balance on hand is not as large as in 1900 it is a very satisfactory report, as many improvements were made during the past year which are referred to in the report of the Superintendent. The general business being concluded, the meeting adjourned, after which the Directors held a short meeting.

DIRECTORS MEETING.

Mr. R. M. Dennistoun, moved, seconded by Dr. Burnham,—That the shareholders of the Little Lake Cemetery Company place on record a minute expressing their great regret at the resignation of Mr. Foord, who for twelve years has been the Superintendent of the Cemetery. During his long term of office Mr. Foord has proved himself a capable officer, an excellent horticulturist, a careful manager of finance, a thoroughly practical superintendent, and in addition a courteous gentleman in all his dealings with the shareholders who hereby express their pleasure at his appointment to a responsible position in Toronto, and we hope that he may be as successful in the future as he has been in Peterborough.—Carried.

The election of officers was proceeded with, and resulted as follows:

President.—W. H. Moore.
Sec.-Treas.—E. A. Peck.
Directors—Messrs. Lundy, Dennistoun, Stevenson, Shortly, Stapleton, Hay, Dr. Burnham, and Denne.
Managing Committee—Messrs. Stevenson, Hay, Shortly, Stapleton, and the President.

Dr. Burnham moved, seconded by Mr. Dennistoun—That a telephone be placed in the office of the Superintendent, providing a rate similar to that paid for private telephones can be secured, and that the superintendent have certain hours for his office hours during which time he could attend to telephone messages.—Carried.

Considerable discussion took place regarding this matter and it was suggested that Mr. Wise, the superintendent appoint certain hours—12 to 1 noon and 6 p.m. to 7 p.m. to attend to such calls as were made by telephone. It was plainly shown that when the telephone was in Mr. Foord's office that he was frequently called from his work in the most distant part of the cemetery, to answer the telephone on very trivial matters. For this reason it was decided to have certain hours appointed so that it would not be any loss of time to the superintendent.

The meeting adjourned.

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SUBSTANTIAL
FLESH

and good Brains
are made from

Grape-Nuts

So'd by Grocers

ONE CENT

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BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.
P. O. Box 878

'Phone 110

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Great Reductions —IN— SPECTACLES

We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5 00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1 00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

Severely Bitten by a Horse

A horse belonging to Mr. George Hutchinson is fast developing man-eating tendencies. Yesterday the horse made a rush for a small boy who was playing with a dog on the market and bit the boy severely over the eye, making an ugly gash. Three stitches were required to close the wound.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid damp feet, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Polson's Nerviline as an absolute reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than other remedies its power over pain is simply beyond belief. Buy a large 25c. bottle to-day, test it, and see if this is not so. Polson's Nerviline always cures rheumatism.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the best treatment [illegible] Peterson, [illegible]

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO
—TO—
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and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

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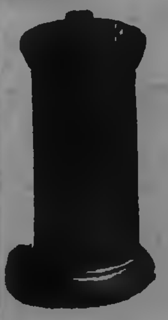
THE

Most Perfect Stove Made



THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau,
Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 5,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11 00
1	30½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	36 in.	10½ in.	14 00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	18.00
4	41 in.	16 in.	20 00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 2 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 28 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 2 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, 88 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to [illegible] P.O.

SOUTH AFRICAN
MINING SHARES

The Ferreira Paid a Dividend of 450 Per Cent in 1898 and a 150 Per Cent on Account of 1899 (June). Before War was Declared.

Gold output of Transvaal mines for 1898, 4,555,000 ozs. $76,500-000.

Gold output for Transvaal mines for 1899, (9 months) 4'101,442 ozs, $70,000,000.

A very attractive method which enables the small invester to speculate in South African Stocks is by the formation of a "combination," or "trust." It is also the safest way. By this we mean that shares should be purchased in say five different companies, and by this method the possibility of loss is considerably reduced, as should one or more of the selections prove unprofitable, the profits on the others will more than likely compensate for any loss and prove sufficient to make the whole transaction remunerative.

Below will be found combination showing number of shares, present value and amount required, viz. $115.79, to carry them on 20 per cent margin. This combination will, we believe, show a good profit in a short time. Prices mentioned subject to change:

COMBINATION No. 1.

20 Klerksdorp at £14 9s, $71 90 per cent	$14.38
20 Witkopje at £15. $73 12, 20 per cent	14.63
20 Heidelburgs at £19 $92 62, 20 per cent	18.53
20 Salisbury at £1 7s 6d, $134.06, 20 per cent	26.81
20 Buluwayo Exp. at £2, 2s. 6d., $207.18	41.44
	$115.79

We shall be pleased to give particulars of other combinations. Write for booklet which will be ready about the end of January.

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MORNING DAILY
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TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 18 — PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY JANUARY 22 1902 — PRICE TWO CENTS

TERMS TO THE BOERS ARE NOW MODIFIED

Will Not be Given the Consideration Which was Previously Offered

COMMANDO OF BOERS CUT UP A BRITISH PATROL

Captured Leaders Will be Banished—There will be no Extermination and no General Confiscation

London, Jan. 21.—The House of Commons this evening debated the amendment to the address in reply to the King's speech, asserting "that the House, while prepared to support all proper measures for the effective prosecution of the war, is of the opinion that the course pursued by the Ministry and its attitude toward settlement, have not conduced to the rapid termination of the war, and a durable peace."

In the course of the debate Colonial Secretary Chamberlain said that the assumption of Lord Rosebery in his recent speech at Chesterfield, that the Boers could at any time have the terms that Gen. Kitchener formerly offered to them, was a mistake. The Boers had flatly refused those terms, and since then Great Britain had lost heavily in lives and treasure. To offer such terms again would be bad diplomacy, and would encourage the Boers to continue the struggle. True, these terms still represented the spirit in which the Government would approach the conclusion of peace, but their details must be modified. The Government was not animated by vindictiveness, and was not deaf to reasonable overtures coming from responsible boers; but it was not prepared to take any action resembling weakness, doubt, or vacillation. Therefore the proclamation of August would not be withdrawn. There would, however, be a very large amnesty, as large as could be conferred with justice to the loyalists, those who surrendered, and Great Britain. There would be no extermination of the people, but the banishment of leaders who did not surrender could not be revoked. The settlement would be less hard than that imposed by the Northern States of America on the Southern States. There would be no general confiscation. He did not fear that irremovable bitterness would remain in South Africa. The war in America had resulted in complete reunion. Mr. Chamberlain instanced indications that the Boers were already inclining towards a settlement. Two thousand burghers, he said, were fighting on the British side, and the prisoners at Bermuda had petitioned for permission to take the oath. More than two hundred were willing to take the oath of allegiance immediately, and all the others were willing to take the oath of neutrality. Numbers of the prisoners at Ceylon had asked to be taken into the British service.

After Mr. Chamberlain's speech, Mr. Dillon, Irish Nationalist, moved to amend the amendment on the lines of the Irish pro-Boer views. The motion was rejected by a vote a 283 to 64. The minority consisted of Irish members and nine pro-Boer Radicals.

NO OVERTURES SO FAR

London, Jan. 22.—The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the House of Commons this afternoon said there was no foundation for the reports that overtures for peace in South Africa had been made by the Boer envoys.

TURNIPS AS JAM.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 22.—The embalmed beef investigation will be concluded tomorrow. Four Canadian firms, it seems, supplied corned beef for South Africa, and one firm evidently put in a poor lot. The result is that the reputation of Canada has been injured by the carelessness, or worse, of this one firm.

It is probable that an enquiry may be made into the shipment of Canadian jams, which were certainly not what they should have been. One Canadian officer declares that Canadian jam which he opened at Johannesburg consisted of turnip pulp with a little fruit flavoring.

CUT UP A BRITISH PATROL

Cradock, Cape Colony, Jan 22.—Wessels' commando of Boers on Saturday last cut up a patrol of fifty men belonging to the local town guard, on the Tarkastad Road. A few stragglers have returned. The remainder of the party are missing.

END THE WAR QUICKLY.

London, Jan. 21.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says:—Nearly every day produces evidence of demoralization of the Boers in the Transvaal. A petition bearing the signatures of many prominent prisoners captured recently by the British has been issued, imploring Botha to "end quickly the terrible war."

Commandant Trichard has also written Botha, telling him he must come quickly and talk with his (Trichard's) commando, as his men are very much dissatisfied, threaten to surrender, and will no longer listen to their immediate commander. Prisoners now falling into the hands of the British invariably seem relieved rather than otherwise at being captured.

But it must not be inferred from this that wholesale surrenders of the Boers are necessarily imminent. The only alternative is to continue the paringdown process uninterruptedly. The great difficulty being met with by the British forces in these operations is want of horses. What is required apart from spare horses in large columns, only half the men being employed at night. It is impossible to require the men to stand more than three night marches weekly.

DR. HARBOTTLE SENT TO THE CENTRAL PRISON

The Alleged Pro-Boer Shoots One of His Suspected Tormenters and is Sentenced to One Year in the Central

Brantford, Jan. 21. — Dr. Harbottle of Burford was yesterday sentenced by Judge Hardy to one year in the Central Prison for shooting Herman Stuart on November 29, with intent to do bodily harm. Harbottle, who was reputed to be a Boer sympathizer, was constantly in conflict with the youth of Burford, and occasionally he and his home had been attacked. Dr. Harbottle believed that Stuart was one of his tormentors, and on the day in question the two men met at the village post office and walked along side by side for some few hundred yards. Suddenly the doctor drew from his pocket a revolver and fired straight into Stuart's face. The bullet grazed Stuart's temple and came out three inches behind the ear.

At the trial yesterday Mr. Stuart swore that the defendant had overtaken him on the sidewalk in question, and though they walked along in each other's company there had been no conversation. He did not know that the doctor was armed until he drew a revolver from his right pocket and fired. The ball struck him on the temple, the course of the bullet being from about an inch behind the eye three inches along the head. He was stunned by the shock, but did not fall, and picking up his cap, walked east to a doctor's office. The wound bled freely. He could not say what the motive for the deed had been. He had had no quarrel with the defendant. He thought, however, that spirit was the cause. The doctor's dislike of him came through an action brought against some boys by the defendant because of alleged damage to property during a demonstration. The witness had driven a load to Paris to attend the trial, and had himself been a witness there.

DR. HARBOTTLE EVIDENCE

Dr. Harbottle, the defendant, in his evidence said that his house had been stoned many times. He had been in danger of his life, and at times could not leave the house. He had reason to suspect Stuart of taking part in some of these assaults. He had seen him throw a stone at the house, and whenever Stuart was within hearing distance he (Stuart) would call out insulting names. Frequently shots were fired at the house. He had done all in his power to have the assault stopped. The revolver had been in his pocket since one evening when he had heard that an attempt would be made to enter his house, and he had armed himself in self-defence. In referring to the shooting, the witness said Stuart stepped up beside him and walked to the post office. The witness waited in the office so as to give Stuart time to get out of the way and go home. Stuart walked very slowly, apparently waiting for the witness to come up. "When I came up with him," said the doctor, "I tried to pass him, but he kept step with me and jostled me off the sidewalk. At the corner I drew the revolver and fired at him in such a manner that his hat would have been taken off and he would not have been hit at all. I did not intend to hit him, and would not have done so had he not dodged and thrown his head forward. I did not plan to shoot at Stuart particularly, and I did not do it for vengeance, but I wanted to have the attention of the authorities called to the fact that I was not protected."

The judge held that the annoyance referred to was no justification for the accused taking the law into his own hands in the manner in which he did. He found him guilty as charged, but, having regarded to his advanced years, his scholarly attainments and his eccentric nature, would let him off as lightly as possible.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Companion Court Queen, No 206, Independent Order of Foresters

At the regular meeting of Court Queen No. 206 Independent Order of Foresters the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Comp. Smith .... C.R.
" Logan .... V.C.R.
" Flynn .... P.C.R.
" Smith .... Auditor
" Dallon .... F.S.
" McDonald .... R.S.
" Brown .... S.W.
" Hillier .... J.W.
" Burns .... J.B.
" Armstrong .... Treas
" Mason .... Court Depty
" Black, M. D. .... Court Pyhs.

Here is a Pointer

Because you havn't used Catarrhozone is the best reason why you should use it right away. It will cure the Catarrh that makes your breath so heavy and your hearing so poor. Catarrhozone is a scientific cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and Asthma, recommended by doctors and druggists as a certain cure. Mr, Henry A. Taylor, the oldest druggist in Halifax, says, "Catarrhozone gives satisfaction wherever it goes. It is simple and convenient to use, and enjoys fully three times the sale of any other Catarrh remedy sold in the city." Catarrhozone is guaranteed to cure, and if it fails you can have your money returned. Price $1.00 for two months' treatment. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

NO TERMS TO THE BOERS.

Cape Colony Premier Still Calls for Unconditional Surrender.

Cape Town, Jan. 22—Sir John Gordon Sprigg, Prime Minister of Cape Colony presided to-day at a meeting of the Vigilance Association. In the course of an address he said that the termination of the war rested with the Boers, it being only necessary for them to lay down their arms. This, he added, would probably not occur just yet.

He was entirely opposed to England offering anything in the nature of terms to induce the Boers to submit. Recollections of the blow inflicted on the loyalists by the Majuba settlement induced him to take a leading part in the movement to prevent any recurrance of that fatal calamity. Unconditional surrender was absolutely essential, and the Boers were sure to receive better treatment than they deserve.

AMENDING THE MUNICIPAL ACT

T. H. Preston, M. P. P., will Have a Shot at it This Season

Mr. T. H. Preston, M.P.P. for South Brant, intends introducing the following bill before the Local Legislature: An Act to amend the Municipal Act. Section 551 of the said Act shall be amended by adding the following subsections:—4a, for directing and regulating the payment by the owners, lessees or occupants of real property, of the expense of cleaning and disposing of earth closets and privy vaults, and of adding such expense to the collector's roll, and collecting the same in like manner and with other municipal taxes. 4b, in the event of a municipality undertaking the work in the last sub-section referred to, as a municipal service, the said works shall be done exclusively by the officers and workmen employed by said municipality in such service, and the said municipality, its officers and workmen shall, in such case, have all the powers and authorities conferred upon the local Board of Health and its officers and workmen.

KICKED BY A HORSE

Mr. Jas. Cullen, of Town, Severely Injured in the Face by a Kick from a Horse

Mr. Jas. Cullen is suffering from the effects of a severe kick from a horse and as a result will be confined to his residence for some time. He was putting his team in the stable when one of the horses broke loose and ran into the yard. Mr. Cullen followed and tried to catch the animal and when quite close the beast turned and kicked Mr. Cullen in the face. One of the sharp caulks cut in near the eye, the other cutting his chin. Dr. Caldwell dressed the wound and Mr. Cullen is progressing favorably, although his face is badly swollen and is very painful.

Wellingtons Lose First Game

Last night the Wellingtons of Toronto played the Victorias, of Winnipeg, in that city for the Stanley Cup. The game was played under Manitoba rules and resulted in a score of 5—3 in favour of the Victorias.

The second match will be played tonight on the same ice under the O.H.A. rules and it is thought that the Wellingtons will win out.

SPORTING ITEMS

CURLING.

Results at the rink last night in the schedule games are as follows,—

No. 1 ice.
Meredith,—Giroux.
McWilliams—Matthews.
Green,—Brightman.
Neil (skip) 10,—Edwards (skip) 15.
No. 2 ice.
Dr. Robinson,—Tooley.
Jeffries,—Dr. Maher.
Henston,—Dr. Green.
Morrow (skip) 15 Blade (skip) 9.
No. 3 ice.
Dr. McClelland,—R. Hartley.
Bradburn,—Salisbury.
Frost,—R. Waddell.
Kerr (skip) 6 T. Rutherford (skip) 21.

HOCKEY.

The match between Lindsay and Peterborough which was to be played last night did not come off as expected. It appears that the Lindsay team has been disqualified by the O.H.A. for playing a man that was not eligible in their game with Port Hope.

There is considerable rivalry between Port Hope and the Peterborough's intermediates and when they meet in the Charlotte Street rink on Friday night a very exciting game may be expected.

Out of The Shadow

The discouragement, the despair of ill-health, out into the noon-tide glory of health, vigor, and strength. Are you wishing to replace weakness by strength, despondency by hope and expectation, pale cheeks and lusterless eyes, by the rose's bloom and sparkling eyes. If you but use Ferrozone, you will make rich, red blood, your nerves will grow strong. Old time vigor will return, and with it endurance that will enable you to live an active, energetic and successful life. Remember the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Annual Meeting of Bible Society

The annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held in St. Paul's Church on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29th at 8 p.m. The Rev. Bernard Bryan, Rector of the Church of Epiphany Toronto, will address the meeting. It is strongly urged that all friends will keep this date free from all other engagements.

Sure Cure For Sea Sickness, Nausea

Maladies of this type yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from these complaints, just keep Nerviline at hand. A few drops in sweetened water gives instant relief, and in the course of half an hour the cure is complete. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline in the house will save doctor bills, and a vast amount of suffering every year.

ANNUAL MEETING Y. W. C. A.

SATISFACTORY REPORTS OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS

The Reports Show the Association to be in a Flourishing Condition — Good Work Done by the Society

The annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association was held last night, and most satisfactory reports were presented from the various departments of the work.

The meeting opened with devotional exercises followed by the president's address, giving a world-wide view of the Association's work.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The President's address was read by Miss Roberts, and was as follows:

My dear sisters,—I am glad to meet you here to-night in this large comfortable room. I would like to give you a little—very little—glimpse of what our Association is doing in the world—in the regions beyond. Mrs. Harris, President of the Dominion Association says you girls here and all the other girls who are members of this association all over the world, are the daughters; the secretary, the matron, with the Board, are the mothers; the Dominion association the grandmother, and the World association the great grand mother. The strongest ropes are made of strands, strong only through union. It is this union that makes the strength of our association, our standard—self sacrifice, and love, a kindly welcome, and a warm sympathy. The world needs it.

How skillful grows the hand
That obeyeth love's command.

Remember the light that shines farthest, shines brightest at home. The badge of the world's Y.W.C.A. is a medal with the Eastern Hemisphere on one side and the Western on the other side and the motto "By love serve one another," on one side and "Not by might nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord," on the other. Our object is to take each other by the hand and help each other nearer to our Lord Jesus Christ; to know more of his forgiving love; to testify for Him in our consecrated lives; to lead each other up to the highest ideals of womanhood. The Y.M.C.A. and the Y.W.C.A. are a necessary link between the world and the church—the down town office of the church. There are nine national Y.W.C.A. buildings in London, England. There are seventy homes and the central office gives an idea of the amount and magnitude of the task. They have a city office in which is a man secretary with two lady under-secretaries, also a continental office. Here we find thirty nationalities, strangers in a strange land seeking a home in the association. The secretary here speaks all these languages. In the homes in London the girls can bring their lunch or get hot coffee for 1d and soup, bread and coffee for 2d. The headquarters of the Y.W.C.A. in Ireland is in Dublin. This association this year is sending out twenty-five Irish ladies to the foreign fields. One mother has given five daughters to this work. In Rome the President is the sister of the British Consul. There is great need here and peculiar difficulties. Roman Catholic girls are not allowed to enter a Protestant church, but the Y.W.C.A. is not so regarded. The home, educational and social advantages are valued; here the secretary has to be very tactful, and finds many hungry hearts. The Italian girls look like Americans, but are prettier. In Gibraltar among the jargon of tongues it is like home to see the Y.W.C.A. sign; here are bright cheery rooms, filled where possible with beautiful flowers—indeed flowers are found in every Y.W.C.A. home, bringing a message of love and purity from their Creator. In Heidelberg, Germany, they have a directory in which is the name and address of every association in the world. A copy of this is given to every girl who is going to other places; letters of introduction are given, and letters are sent before she leaves to the association in the place she is going to, asking them to meet her at the railway station. In France the Y.W.C.A. is flourishing. In Paris they have most beautiful homes and over one door is written "Asked of God, 1890; given of God 1895."

In November 1901, during the Y.W.C.A. week of prayer held in London, England, there were several representatives from different parts of the world, and the place for which was given the most earnest prayer was Alexandria in Egypt. Miss Rose Johnstone related how she had been led into the work from the desert and how God had signally shown his approval. Often there is no bed left for the workers because of the number of applications, girls of all nationalities finding themselves alone in Alexandria, and needing the safe shelter of a home. She told of the happy Christian influence of the home prayer, which was offered for means to procure a larger home—before the week was over £250 was sent for this purpose from a distant land—the first received. In China and Japan there are Y.W.C.A. homes; there is also great need to extend the work in these lands. Miss Daw told of the spread of the work among Bengals Christian women. The notes on the monthly subject are translated into seven Indian languages, teaching them how to study the bible. Mr. Dovey spoke of the extension of the work in Australia. The picture of the Y.W.C.A. building at Bombay, complete and furnished, together with the encouraging reports from so many places, was often the subject of praise.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The Secretary's report was read by Mrs. Kennedy, Secretary of the Board, and was as follows:

In taking a look over the past year and meditating over the changes that have taken place, how heavy clouds have been lifted, how hearts have been touched and responded to the call of help, how a long felt need has been realised in a way being opened up to extend our work for young women, and thereby advance the Kingdom of Christ. We realise a new era has broken in upon us, and now at the close of another year, our hearts do rejoice. We give thanks and sing "Praise God from Whom all Blessings Flow." We are encouraged to trust more implicitly in the promises of God, to look to Him for more grace and patience, to toil on faithfully against every obstacle, knowing that He will bring us off more than conquerors over every foe.

During the month of March, Miss Carson, our travelling secretary, visited us, and while she was here a general meeting was held. Through the kindness of Mrs. A. L. Davis, her home was thrown open on this occasion and a very enthusiastic meeting took place. It was the general opinion of those present that the rooms we were occupying on Brock street were not large enough for the successful carrying on of our work and that an effort should be made to secure larger premises, which resulted in our locating in our present rooms on George street, which were very kindly given us by Hon. Geo. A. Cox for one year free of rent. The members of the Board desire to express a deep sense of gratitude to Mr. Cox for his kindly and timely offer.

At the regular meeting of the Board, held in April, it was thought best to appoint an advisory board of four gentlemen, namely Messrs. Davis, Dennistoun, Roger and Potter, their counsel being of material assistance on several occasions. It was also unanimously carried at this meeting that a trained secretary be secured for our work. Miss Dickson was selected, whose duties commenced the 1st of September, when the new rooms were opened. Public meetings were held on the last Sunday and Monday of the month, which were addressed by Miss Carson, being largely attended.

We as a Board appreciate the enthusiasm and general interest taken by the public, and at the same time wish to thank all those who have very kindly assisted us in the furnishing of our new rooms, also to heartily thank the Young Men's Christian Association for furnishing the gymnasium. We also wish to tender our thanks to the editors of town papers for the cordial way they have accorded us the press, also to thank the teachers of the various classes for their cheerful services given gratuitously. Only those associated with the Board know how grateful we feel. We cannot close without testifying to the faithfulness of our general secretary Miss Dickson. Since her appointment, the work has been going on very satisfactorily. We believe we were blessed in securing a young woman of strong Christian character, one whose heart is in the work for saving young women. We hope our new Board will meet with even more encouragement and success than we have in the year that has just closed.

LIBBIE B. KENNEDY,
Secretary of Board.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The treasurer's report was presented by Miss Morrow as follows:

General statement of receipts and expenditures of the Young Women's Christian Association for the year ending December 31st, 1901.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand Dec. 31, 1900	$ 28 98
Subscriptions and Fees	614 16
Employment Bureau	14 80

Continued on page 4.

AFTERMATH OF THE FIRE

The Losses in Some Cases will be Heavy—Amount of Insurance Carried

The losses in yesterday's fire are very heavy. Miss Rudkins had a stock of goods valued at $5,000 in the store on which there was only $2,500 insurance.

Mr. W. G. Howden's loss, which consisted of stock on hand, fixtures, etc., amounts to about $1,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

Mr. Pete Simons stock of tailoring goods was damaged to the extent of about $600, and is covered by insurance.

Mr. Harry Long suffers more severely than was expected, by the fire. The damage to his property is about $4,500, being made up as follows: Damage to building, $3,000: furniture, $1,000 stock, $500. There is $3,500 insurance on the building, and we believe the stock and fixtures were fully insured.

The Toronto Saving & Loan Co., who own the Crystal Block, valued at $15,000, have only $6,500 insurance in the Western.

One of the plate glass windows in front of the Peterborough Bookstore was broken by the intense heat.

The Crystal Block was completely gutted. The ground floor is all that remains intact.

The cause of the fire is still a mystery. The building was all right about an hour before the fire broke out.

NON-COMS WILL DANCE

It Will Take Place on Either February the Third or Fourth.

The dance under the auspices of the non-Commissioned Officers of the 57th. Regiment will take place on Feb. 3rd and 4th, and promises to be a grand affair. The committee have decided to have the dance in the Opera House as this is the most suitable place for an affair of the kind in town. The hall will be gaily decorated and the brilliant uniforms of the officers and men will present a pleasing sight.

The dance will be given by the kind premission of Lt. Col. Edwards and officers of the regiment. The committee which has charge of the affair is composed of Col. Sergt, R. Cotterill, Staff Sergt. Sharp, Sergt. G. C. Burnham, Corporals, Paddon, Best Lundy and Gemmell, Sergt Burnham is Hon. Secy. of the dance. It is quite likely the crack band of the regiment will be present and supply part of the music.

THE GIFT OF THE CHOIR

A Handsome Set of Brevaries, Ritual and Pen Presented to Rev. Father McColl

In order to show his appreciation of the excellent work done by his two choirs, Rev. Father McColl, previous to his departure from Ennismore, invited the members of his two choirs to a supper. All the members and ex-members turned out and the Presbytery presented a very lively appearance. After the good things provided had been disposed of, a pleasant evening was spent in songs, recitations, etc., and also speeches regarding the departure of Father McColl were made. Father McColl always grateful and kind made a very nice address setting forth the importance of the work to be done by the choir and the necessity of having a high standard of music. He thanked the choir for the deep interest they had always taken in their work, and hoped that they would in future as in the past look upon the preparation of music for the services as a holy duty.

Father McColl was made the recipient of a neat address and a handsome set of Brevaries, Ritual and pen.

Father McColl was taken completely by surprise but recovered himself and made a feeling reply, in which he expressed his sincere appreciation of the honor done him.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT RESENTS IRISH SLURS

Hon. Mr. Balfour Vigorously Denounced the Imputations and was Loudly Applauded

CHAMBERLAIN CRITICIZES THE LIBERAL PRESS

Mrs. Redmond Interupts the Speaker and Mr. Redmond Called to Order—Are Allans in Alleged Trust

London, Jan. 22.—Mr. Balfour's spirited rebuke last night of the Nationalists in the Commons for the imputation on the loyalty of Canada and Australia was warmly applauded in Ministerial circles.

O'Kelly asked whether steps would be taken to induce the colonies to pay a share of the cost of the war.

Mr. Balfour evoked loud Ministerial and Liberal Imperialist cheers by his grateful acknowledgement of the contributions the colonies had already voluntarily made in men and money, and said the imputation in question was uncalled for, and expressed in quite unnecessarily offensive language.

W. Redmond asked what the colonies had paid.

The Speaker ruled him out of order.

Redmond, whose wife is an Australian shouted: "Why not ask Australia to pay as well as Ireland?"

Cries of "Order!"

The incident illustrated the solidarity of the Ministerialists and Liberals in appreciation of the part Canada and Australia played in the war.

On the other hand Chamberlain criticised the Liberal press for insisting that the colonies should have no say in the South African settlement.

STEAMSHIP TRUST.

No confirmation is obtainable here of the statement that the Allan Line is included in the plans now being submitted by J. Pierpont Morgan for a gigantic trust of transatlantic steamers, though steamship authorities here may doubtless the Allans, like most British firms, would sell ships if a sufficiently big price were given.

WEDDING BELLS

Two Cathedral Weddings Yesterday Morning—The Contracting Parties.

CROWLEY—FLAHERTY

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the marriage took place of Mr. Patrick Flaherty, of Otonabee, to Miss Annie Crowley, daughter of Mr. David Crowley of the same place. The bride was assisted by her sister Miss Catherine Crowley, while Mr. Michael O'Brien performed the duties of groomsman.

DOHERTY HEFFERMAN

At nine o'clock mass yesterday, Mr. Michael Hefferman, of Otonabee, was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Doherty, daughter of Mr. John Doherty, also of Otonabee. The bride was assisted by Miss Mary A. Doherty and Mr. Thos. Powers performed the duties of groomsman.

POULTRY SHOW

Formally Opened to the Public Yesterday Afternoon—The Exhibits

The Peterborough Poultry and Pet stock exhibition opened yesterday afternoon at two o'clock. The attendance in the afternoon was not large, in the evening a large number visited the building in spite of the weather, and were well pleased with the exhibits. Mr. True, of Lindsay, was busy all afternoon in judging the poultry and his work will not be completed until early this afternoon.

The exhibits number over 800 and are the finest collection of birds ever shown here.

A large number of ducks, geese and turkeys are on exhibition and among them are several very large birds, one turkey especially is worth the entrance fee to see it.

Last night Mr. Silverwood, of Lindsay, one of the best authorities on poultry gave an address on "Poultry, from the purchasers stand point," which was greatly appreciated. Mr. Silverwood is an experienced poultry raiser and knows how to handle the subject. This afternoon he will speak on "Poultry, from breeders standpoint.

There should be a good attendance today and to-morrow. The doors are open from 10 a.m., to 10 p.m.

Court Langton Installation of Officers

The following officers were duly and legally installed in Court Langton, No. 314, C.O.F., at their meeting on Monday night:—W. J. Anderson, J.P.C.R.; R. N. Jones, C.R.; J. Reynolds, V.C.R.; D. Patterson, Rec. Sec.; A. T. Dugan, Fin. Sec.; H. Evans, Treas.; W. Evans, Chap.; R. J. Bannan, Sen. Wood.; B. Panter, Jun. Wood.; W. McCallum, Sen. Beadle; E. E. Good, Jun. Beadle. Dr. T. Newton Greer, Court Physician; R. N. Morris and J. J. Hartley, Auditors; W. Wilson, J. J. Hartley, E. E. Good, Hall Trustees.

A Brief But Telling Letter From a Famed Educational Establishment.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is Called

The "Wonder-Working Machine."

NO OTHER REMEDY HAS EVER BEEN SO HIGHLY RECOMMENDED

When the nervous system is out of repair, disease in some form lays its deadly hand upon you. Nerve troubles give full and forcible warning of their presence. Your insomnia, dyspepsia, indigestion, excruciating neuralgia, rheumatism, liver complaint and kidney disease are all strong reminders that the brain and nerve centres need nourishment and strength.

Paine's Celery Compound does for you a work that no other medicine can accomplish. It quickly nourishes all nerve tissues and purifies the blood, removing from it all impurities and poisonous acids. All who give Paine's Celery Compound a trial soon experience strength and freedom from disease. The Sisters of the Convent of the "Holy Names of Jesus and Mary," Montreal, write as follows:

"We feel it our duty to add our testimony in favor of your "wonder-working" Paine's Celery Compound. Many Sisters suffering from debility dyspepsia, sleeplessness and indigestion, have been completely relieved after taking it. We shall strongly recommend its use in all our houses, as the best medicine to restore health, and give tone and vigor to the nervous system."

The Difference

We take the following from the Lindsay Post:

"Ratepayers who notice any neglect of duty on the part of snowplow contractors should drop a postal card to Town Commissioner Chalmers or leave a statement in writing with Town Clerk Knowlson, when the matter will be attended to promptly."

In Peterborough things are different. A man may keep on complaining and no notice whatever is taken of his grievance. We know of cases where street watering was neglected for weeks, and the Town Engineer notified personally and by letter without the slightest notice being taken of it. This state of affairs cannot last forever.

Good Things
in a
Bad Place

Pies, puddings, cake and goodies of all sorts (missionaries excepted) are intended for human use, but such good things should not be put in a bad stomach. They are nearly always made up of nourishing articles such as milk, sugar, butter, flour, etc., but the combinations are too hard for any but healty stomachs to digest.

You must use carefully selected food if you are a little below par, and the sooner you do this the sooner your stomach will heal up and get strong again so that you can eat whatever pleases the appetite.

Don't be a crank and think you can only drink hot water and eat white bread.

Use Grape-Nuts breakfast food with some rich cream, and you will discover the food will agree with the weakest stomach and supply the highest form of nourishment, pre-digested and ready for quick change into good, rich blood.

Strength (nerve strength) comes from feeding on Grape-Nuts. There's a reason. Try it and prove for yourself.

It seems good to be [illegible] and feel well fed.

SAGACIOUS PEOPLE

consider necessary, possession of complete information, while entering a speculative undertaking. For such people we have published, for free distribution, a handsome, 64 page illustrated, cloth bound

"Guide to Investors,"

also our

"Daily Market Letter,"

which is a valuable assistant. Will you allow us to mail it to you, for a while, gratis?

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Worcester, Baltimore, Washington, Cleveland, Newark, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany, Poughkeepsie, Montreal, Toronto, Reading, Atlantic City, Cincinnati, Toledo, Columbus, Detroit, Providence, Lowell, Hartford, Springfield.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL-SMELTER—MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend-Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 22, 1902

THE ADVERTISING OF MUNICIPAL SECURITIES.

Gustave Simon, Bond Editor, The Financier.

Although the advertising of bonds and securities has been somewhat overlooked, still it is important enough to warrant some attention in advertising trade journals, as it presents an excellent field.

The municipality which wishes to call the attention of bankers throughout the United States to its bond offering, usually fails absolutely to recognize high-class banking journals, thinking that its local papers will do all that is necessary for the sale of its securities. This is a mistake. Let us say that the village of Sparhock has an issue of $60,000 in bonds for sale, and the authorities wish to bring the facts before all parties who may be interested in the offering. The first step they take is to run a small advertisement, calling for bids, in the Sparhock Trumpet, which only reaches to a very small degree the class of people who are bond buyers. Bankers are not reached in this way. Tell this to the officials in charge and they will say that no further appropriation for advertising has been granted, or will be granted.

Thus, a good, reliable publication, which reaches the proper firms dealing in municipals is overlooked, and, as papers of this class are largely taken by firms dealing in these securities, they are often unaware of the proposed sale, losing for the village large sums, which, if it would use publications of this kind, they would receive in bids and premiums.

But, say the village inserts an advertisement in a well-standing paper, publishing matters on municipal bonds. In short order inquiries will begin to pour in; bids will be submitted, and finally on the date of the sale, high competition will be the result. Many times has the writer tried to influence a village official to look into the matter with more consideration, but to no avail.

Cannot a reliable journal advance the premium on a bond by at least one-half per cent., if the wording of an advertisement is correct and attractive? Say the issue is for $50,000. Even on a par value a bid of one-half per cent higher would net a profit to the municipality of $250, which would certainly pay the advertising cost many, many times over.

Generally the officials of a village will listen to some eloquent lawyer, who will lay before them the uselessness of advertising their bond sales outside of the local papers. In this case, it is quite probable that a private deal will be effected, and the general banking world will be kept in the dark about the proceedings, thus casting discredit upon the place of issuance. The financial papers make it a point to report matters correctly, but this is sometimes impossible, owing to the confusing reports and the lack of details as to the issue. And so, if three or more papers insert a little unofficial notice, it does more harm than good. But if the official notice is inserted, it is matter taken for granted, and bids from the investment bankers will follow to the satisfaction of the municipal officers.

It should also be the business of the financial journal to have a complete debt statement of the place issuing the securities, or it would be beneficial to insert this important factor in connection with the advertisement. Village clerks, recorders, treasurers, and all others in charge of sales, know full well that a small, one-inch advertisement will do more service than a six-inch unofficial report as culled from some other source. A splendid specimen of a bond ad is the following:

SPARTANBURG COUNTY

South Carolina.

$60,000 4 Per Cent. 20 Years.

The County Board of Commissioners of Spartanburg County, So. Carolina, will receive bids until DECEMBER 3D, 1901, for $60,000.00 of 20-year 4 per cent. coupon bonds of said County, bearing date of January 1st, 1902, interest payable 1st January, 1st July.

The bonds are non-taxable.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

The present bond debt of the county is........................$212,000 00

And the assessed value of property is............................$11,808,271 60

Copy of act authorizing bonds and any further information can be had by addressing

J. D. LEONARD.
County Supervisor,
Spartanburg, S.C

It will be noticed that every point is carefully covered, and if other municipalities will take a lesson from this notice, they will be sure to obtain far better results than they anticipate. The bankers at once see when the bonds mature, how much interest they bear, the debt of the county, and, in fact, everything is concisely stated entirely to the credit of the city.

ASSESSMENT LEGISLATION.

A most important duty which devolves upon the Legislature at the present session is the putting right, beyond doubt or quibble, of that notorious section 28 of the Assessment Act, which has come to be known as the scrap-iron law. The law-makers thought they had accomplished the end last year, but they discovered that Maxwell knew what he was talking about when in his standard work, "The Interpretation of the Statutes," he says, "Language is rarely so free from ambiguity as to be incapable of being used in more than one sense." Perhaps the Judges of the Court of Appeal will agree with the decision which has been given, but if they do, there must be new legislation, and that at the earliest moment.

Afterwards it will be necessary to deal with the numerous less important inequalities of the present Assessment Act, of which we will hear something one of these days, when the commission hands out its final report. The scope of that commission was so wide and the injustices, real and imaginary, which were brought to its attention were so varied, that it will be strange if many of the issues raised by their recommendations do not give the Legislature a great deal of work. No law gets closer to the firesides of our Province than the Assessment Act, and a far-reaching revision of it—a revision introducing changes which should be applicable to conditions for many years—should be adopted only after consideration, the most careful, calm, and non-partizan which the members of the Legislature can bestow upon it.

It is a question if such consideration will be available during the present session. In the first place time will be limited, for a great many speeches must needs be delivered for subsequent service in pamphlet form, carefully franked to the back townships. And, besides, there is that prohibition problem from the Privy Council to be disposed of. While in the public accounts every fifty cent item for a coal scuttle will have to be probed to make sure a scandal is not concealed. A pre-election fever is already in the air and will grow as the session advances. A grave problem like the Assessment question will be in danger of being slighted. By a year from now every taxpayer in the Province would have had an opportunity to acquaint himself with the provisions of the proposed legislation, and to discuss all the pros and cons of it as it would apply to himself and his neighbors. And it would be a fine subject for a brand new Legislature to tackle.

Reincarnation Defined.

The doctrine of reincarnation, along with Karma and other Oriental hypotheses relating to the spiritual life, has attracted much attention in the Occident of late years, and, as now appears, it has even become a subject of discussion among the Dutch Jews. The Bombay "Guardian" gives a dialogue on "transmigration" of souls, between two gentlemen of this nationality. As the doctrine is often found to be a difficult one for Western comprehension, we give the "Guardian's" report of the conversation, which has the merit of being at least a clear statement: Strauss—O, say, Mishter Isaacs, vot new dochtrine ish dis I hear? Dey call it tdrampsmikrashun. Isaacs — O, tdrampsmikrashun, tdrampsmikrashun; you not know vot dot is? Strauss—No, und I hears very much about it sometimes now. Isaacs—Vell! Vell! I soon dtell you vot tdrampsmikrashun is. It is dis vay. You are now Strauss. Some day you dies, und den your soul or spirit goes into a tdonkey. Den some mornin' I gets up und I valks oudt early down ve vay, und I meets dot tdonkey, und it (you) brays und brays, und says, "Mishter Isaacs! Mishter Isaacs!" Und I says, "Vy, who are you? I tdon't know you." Und you says, "Vy Mr. Isaacs, you tdon't know me? Vy, I am Strauss!" Und I says, "Vot, you Strauss? No! No! Vy you are a tdonkey." Und you says, "No, no; I am Strauss, but I have choost been tdrampsmikrated." Then I sthrokes your long ears, und pats you big cheek, und I says: "Vell, vell, now, Strauss; is dis dou? Vy, how little you have changed!" Tdot is de tdrampsmikrashun dochtrine."

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors. Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box. Sold by E. H. Hiscoke.

A Girl With Grit

Will "go" until she drops, and think she's doing rather a fine thing. Very often the future shows her that she was laying the foundation for years of unhappiness. When the back aches, when there is irregularity or any other womanly ill, then the first duty a woman owes to herself is to find a cure for her ailments.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in cases of womanly disease will insure a prompt restoration to sound health. It regulates the periods, stops unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free* of charge. All correspondence absolutely private and confidential. In his thirty years and over of medical practice Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured more than half a million women. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I will drop you a few lines to-day to let you know that I am feeling well now," writes Miss Annie Stephens, of Belleville, Wood Co., West Va. "I feel like a new woman. I took several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have no headache now, and no more pain in my side; no bearing-down pain any more. I think that there is no medicine like Dr. Pierce's medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Naked Greeks and Romans.

A TRAVELING correspondent of the "Argonaut" writes that one rainy day lately he met "ar Middle West" in the Louvre. He was seated, looking across the room at that beautiful picture, "La Gioconda."

"Sit down, I've got something to say," said he. I sat next to him. "I've had a relapse; I'm not feeling well today. I've just come up from the museum downstairs and I've seen the same nakedness there that I saw in Italy. I don't know whether it is on account of my nervous prostration that I cannot see straight, or have not mental veracity, as you say a great Englishman named Carlyle called the great quality of seeing things correctly; but, however that may be, I am sick and tired and utterly disgusted with the exposure of the naked human figure in Italy and France. In Italy you see these naked old Greeks and Romans everywhere—in the shops, museums, picture galleries. They are unfit for anything but the bathtub. Do you suppose that I will let my two young daughters see these things? Not for all the riches of the great State of Ohio would I do it. I gave a groan whenever I saw young American girls going through those museums and galleries. I never saw Italian, French, German or English girls—only American girls—looking at Jupiter as the swan and Leda, for instance.

"Now I am sitting here looking at that lovely Joconde, dressed nearly up to the neck, with her charming smile and interesting face. That's all I want to see of a woman, or a man—the face. Ralf Stanzio painted one picture of a woman, not a Madonna, dressed up to the neck; La Fornarina, she was a bakeressee the guide told me. He loved her; think of loving a woman who stood all day in front of a roaring furnace, baking bread, in hot summery Italy. He painted another one of her showing her—well, not dressed up to the neck. But my wife says I must not talk of such things. I have seen five thousand such naked ladies in Italy—of course I mean in pictures and statues—and I'm tired of them. I prefer looking at cow or horse pictures. It rests me.

"But isn't that Joconde picture a beauty! That's the way to paint men and women, dressed up to the neck. When I see naked pictures in a man's house, I think there's a coarse streak running through him. When I see them in a woman's house—it disgusts me. When I get back to Chicago I am going to send five thousand nightshirts to the Italian Government as a present, to cover the naked statues, and I am going to give them my pyjamas, too—that new-fangled scheme my wife makes me wear. She says they are fashionable. What's the use of being fashionable when you are in bed?—nobody sees you. My father slept in his jeans, and he lived till he was eighty, too. That's a copy of a German joke."

Like sheep that be leaderless are many women come together for much talk.

The happiest mother of daughters is she who has only sons.

The minds of women are quicksilver and their hearts of wax.

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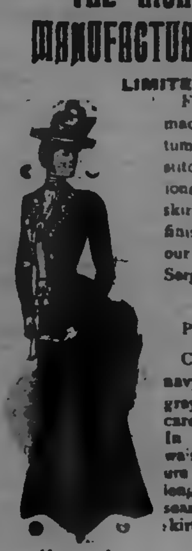

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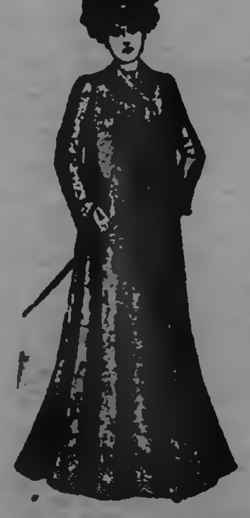

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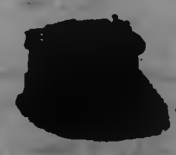

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

He drew the girl to her feet as he spoke, and would have supported her to a seat, but Katharine recoiled from him, and staggered into the big arm-chair without his aid.

His brow darkened, then cleared.

"Never mind; I can wait. I have won so far—the rest [illegible] follow," he muttered between his teeth.

And Katharine, in that pause, was thinking wildly, desperately.

"Let me be calm. I must temporise, then I must get away — anywhere, to the utmost ends of the world!— to escape from him."

Poor girl! She had her woman's wits to aid her, but she was no match for such a nature as Gordon Smythe's. She little knew that her silence and calmness were translated as rightly as though she had spoken out her thoughts.

Gordon smiled complacently as he watched her.

"She thinks to deceive me!" he muttered to himself. "Poor fool! An escape will not be so easy, as she will find! By Jove! I never bargained for a jealous woman as an ally, nor for a lover to play into my hands. Katharine is the sort of being who will tear out her very heart for the man she loves. Curse him!"

He took out another cigarette and lit it quietly, then came nearer to the girl and sat down.

"Now we are going to be sensible, aren't we? Commend me to you Kattie, for a clever woman. You were simply wasted in Ledstone, a second-rate, dirty, provincial town."

Katharine shuddered. He could even dare to speak of Ledstone then —Ledstone, the place where——"

Gordon took no notice of the shudder.

"You require bright scenes, blue skies, and cheerful society, and you shall have it. I have often heard you descant to my mother on the charm and beauty of continental life, my girl, and a thoroughly jolly one you shall find it. I can answer for that!"

Katharine was trembling in every limb. Words of loathing, hatred, pride rose to her lips, but she forced them back; she must be silent, she told herself feverishly, and wait. Some chance of escape must be found —it should be found, even if it cost her her life.

Gordon smiled to himself and smoked on slowly.

"You are very silent, Kattie," he observed, turning his lurid eyes on her. "Don't you like the plan? Oh, well, we must give it a trial, and then if you can suggest anything better, why, of course, I will be quite ready to—— No, no, my dear wife, sit down;" for, with an inarticulate murmur Katharine had sprung to her feet again. "Sit down, I have not half finished, and you need not be alarmed that Miss Mostyn will require you; she has very kindly given us the use of the library for this afternoon. I dare say she imagines, naturally, that a husband and wife have a good deal to say to one another, and so she——"

"You— you have told——" Katharine could get no farther; words failed her, and, bending forward, she buried her ashen face in her hands.

Gordon smiled again as he blew another cloud of smoke from between his lips.

"I told her," he said softly, "that it was with great joy I had received and accepted the kind invitation she telegraphed to me yesterday afternoon, as I was most desirous of making my peace with the dearest and loveliest little wife in the world— a wife who was at that moment under her roof, and acting as her companion. I think Miss Mostyn a very sympathetic woman; very sympathetic, indeed!" Gordon finished drily.

Katharine was weeping bitterly.

"Come," he said softly. "Come, you have shed quite enough tears for to-day. I don't want your eyes to be spoiled entirely— they are much too beautiful. Come!" he put his hand suddenly on her shoulder. "Do you hear me, Katharine?"

The bitterness of her despair woke her proud anger.

"Leave me!" she cried wildly, darting from the chair and his touch. "Leave me! I—I can bear no more. If you come near me again, I will kill myself; I swear it!"

For one instant she reared her tall, graceful form with a superb gesture.

"I loathe you, I hate you, Gordon Smythe!" she said in fierce concentrated accents, "and though I sacrificed myself once, I will not again. Go! Go, before I rouse the entire household, and tell them what a coward and villain you are. Go, I say, or——" Her voice broke; as quickly as it had come, her strength left her. She clutched wildly at a chair, at anything for support, her form swaying to and fro uncertainly. A low, broken groan came from her white lips as she felt herself caught in Gordon's strong, hateful arms, and clasped close to his black, murderous heart; and then the tension of the brain relaxed, the horror faded into the background; mistily and vaguely, nature gave forth her aid at last, and Katharine knew no more.

"You loathe me, you hate me, do you?" Gordon muttered, gazing down at the still, white, lovely face. "Loathe me, hate me though you may, I am your master, Katharine, and you know it at last!"

Bending his lips, he poured passionate kisses on her unconscious face, and then, putting her down on the cushioned chair, stood guard over her till she should recover, till the poor, weary, heart-broken spirit struggled back to life again— a life that was worse to her than death itself!

CHAPTER XX.

Gordon Smythe had a very distinct plan for the future sketched in his mind as he sat gazing at Katharine's mute, white face. He had been making up his mind ever since that journey to Bromley, and the discovery he made, there, that he should bring Katharine to her senses, not only for the sake of satisfying his revenge, but as a means of procuring for himself a life full of luxury and idleness.

The girl's beauty was his only capital, but Gordon knew his world. Katharine's face was a possession to conjure with. He had resolved to leave London; in point of fact, London was getting just a trifle too hot to hold him, and he had not spent so pleasant a time there since Craven Adair's disappearance that he should care to make it his perpetual home; added to which the occupation which his ambitious heart had determined on following was not one calculated to flourish in England, or under English legislation. The continent held forth much brighter prospects to him, with Katharine as his decoy; in plain words, he saw no reason why he should not turn his long experience in gambling to a most excellent account. At any rate, he meant to try, regardless of any obstacle the girl might put in his path, and heedless of his mother's failing health, from the constant worry and care he had caused her.

All this he planned and arranged during the past week or so, and it really seemed to him a stroke of the most extraordinary luck when he received a telegram from Barbara Mostyn, begging him to overlook the briefness of the invitation, and to give her the pleasure of his company at Brezley Hall without further delay.

Gordon had been a little amazed at this invitation, but in the very first moment of his meeting with Barbara he had fathomed the mystery, and had discovered that jealousy and hatred of Katharine were at the bottom of it all. Although he had told Katharine he had spoken of their marriage to Miss Mostyn, he had only deceived her; he never did anything hastily, and he wanted to see how the land lay with Barbara before he confided too much to her. He had lied to Katharine on this point, because he wished to impress upon her that there was no escaping him, and as we have seen, he succeeded even beyond his hopes.

"Now let me see how I must continue," he thought to himself, rising to pace to and fro, and making no effort to restore Katharine to consciousness. "I want no scenes with that parson chap; he might give me some trouble. I must get her more completely into my power. If I boldly state that she is my wife, that will not do. She has a tongue in her head and would speak, and though I have managed to silence her effectually, her words might have an ugly significance to others; very ugly, taking into consideration the fact that Adair has disappeared. Let me think. That Mostyn girl is as eager to do her harm as I am to get her completely under my thumb. She would help me in anything, but that fellow Otway may give me some trouble. Surely I am not going to be beaten when I have got so far as this."

His brows contracted, and he bit his lip savagely, but all of a sudden his face cleared.

"I have it!" he muttered to himself; "of course the very thing! What a fool I was not to think of it before! The sweet Barbara will perform her share most admirably, while Katharine"— he moved a step nearer — "Katharine will do anything in the world to save that man from trouble. She will sacrifice health, honor, even life itself for her love. I know her —I know her well!"

His eyes fastened themselves savagely on her wan, lovely face, and a mad sort of feeling surged up in his heart, as he realised that with all his brutality, his strength, his wicked power, he could never be master of the girl's soul; he could never be anything but hateful and degraded in her eyes.

He turned away with a short, uncomfortable laugh; conscience will assert itself sometimes, and brief-lived though it was, a wave of self-disgust passed through Gordon Smythe's breast as these thoughts came. But that feeling soon passed, and old, evil ones sprang up in its place.

"Yes," he said, over and over again to himself. "Yes, that will do; nothing could be better. I fancy Miss Mostyn will come to my aid. I must risk that, however, for there is no time to lose; she is coming to herself. I must strike while the iron is hot, and then get at the gentle Barbara afterward."

Katharine's lips had parted, and a sigh had come from between them.

Gordon had thrown himself into his old attitude on a chair, and, with his arms folded, was carefully surveying her with a smile. Consciousness did not come entirely at first, but, as the faintness wore off, the dazed look vanished out of her lovely orbs.

A small stand of liquors and spirits was on one table, and Gordon, rising, poured out a little dose of brandy.

"Drink this!" he commanded abruptly. "No, don't refuse. You will require all your strength, I can tell you."

In fact her undeniable illness was alarming and provoking to him. A sick wife was not exactly what he wanted. Weakened beyond all description, Katharine found herself obeying him. She swallowed the spirit, and he left her in peace for a moment or two, then, drawing up his chair close to her side, he bent forward confidentially.

"I am glad we are beginning to understand each other so well, Kattie," he said, in that semi-affectionate, familiar tone which made her proud blood boil; "it is so much better to begin as we mean to go on, isn't it?"

Gordon smiled to himself; he understood her face thoroughly.

"Of course you have determined to be a sensible girl, and do everything as I wish, Kattie; haven't you?"

She shivered, and clung to the arm of the chair for protection, as it were.

"I will never link my life to yours! I will die first!" she muttered, hoarsely and quickly.

Gordon laughed outright.

"A most praiseworthy declaration! Die! Oh, by all means, my dear, die, if it will give you any satisfaction to do so! Tastes differ! I don't consider that death holds out such tempting prospects; but then I forget— all martyred young females talk of dying on the smallest provocation, don't they?"

Katharine shivered again. What—what was she to do with such a nature as this to struggle against?

"Laugh away!" she said bitterly, in tones of utter misery. "I know there is not a spark of honor, of manliness, of generosity in you to which I can appeal, but"— her voice sank from weakness— "I do— do not mean to even speak with you again if I can help it; there are others who will help me when the truth is told, who will——"

"Are there?" Gordon interrupted with a sneer. "You think the world will treat you with kindness and consideration when my story has been told?"

Katharine's anguish-laden eyes met his.

"They will not believe your story," she said feebly.

"Will they not? I must beg to differ from you in that, Kattie. Perhaps you think they will believe yours. Foolish child! Why, when it came to be proved, it would melt into thin air!"

Katharine drew a deep, sharp breath.

"You— you forget!" she whispered. "There is always the— the old mine, and—" she could say no more.

"The old mine? Oh, yes, of course, that remains; but what of it? There is nothing in the mine that would support your accusation!"

Katharine repeated the last words to herself in a slow, dazed way. She looked at him undecidedly, then gave a broken cry, and buried her face in her hands suddenly.

Was he right after all, and her brain was going? The thought rushed wildly into her mind.

"Absolutely nothing!" Smythe went on suavely. "And with Craven Adair out in Australia, why, you see, my dear Kattie, your story would be nowhere beside mine; would it?"

"Oh, what crime have I ever committed that my life should be darkened and cursed by you as it is now?"

The words broke fiercely from her pale lips, and Gordon frowned.

"Come," he said roughly, "we have had enough heroics for to-day; let us arrive at a good, practical understanding. You are my wife, there is no gainsaying that. You wish our marriage to be denied and kept secret, do you not?"

A momentary gleam of light in her eyes answered him.

"Very well," he observed; "now it suits my purpose to be kind to you, Kattie, much as you may be surprised at the fact, therefore I wish to tell you that I will meet you in this desire half way. Our marriage shall be secret. No one but ourselves shall know of it. We will meet as friends and cousins while we remain under this roof together, for if either of us goes away suddenly it will be a very regrettable thing, from many points of view, and you shall be as independent and free of me as you were before I came."

He paused.

Katharine, in her surprise, agitation and excitement, was leaning forward, with parted lips.

"Yes, I am quite in earnest," he said, answering that look with a sneering smile. "Quite. Do you doubt me?"

She did not reply. She was almost too weak for words, but at length a whisper broke from her lips.

"But— but you have told Miss Mostyn!"

"I only said that to frighten you at first," he answered promptly. "No one knows anything of this, and no one shall know! You must swear to guard our marriage secret, to divulge it to no one, until I take the seal from your lips. Be sure I shall say nothing; it is you who must be careful not to utter a word."

Katharine gazed at him blankly; she did not comprehend him; this sudden veering round unsettled her more than she could say.

"In fact, so earnestly do I enforce this secrecy," Gordon went on, "Kattie, that I shall add a little condition to our compact, to be fulfilled if you break it by breathing one word to any single living soul that we are man and wife. Give me your hand!"

She hesitated; at any other time she would have started up proudly and dashed past him, but to-day she was not herself in the very smallest degree; she was still ill. The brief interview with Ormande had broken her down yet further, and now she was quivering and trembling with dread and loathing at the horrible thing that had come to pass, the sinister fate that had thrown her into Gordon Smythe's power.

"Give me your hand!" he said sharply, and with that he stretched out his own strong, sinewy one and grasped hers.

"Now, hear my condition," he said, in slow, even tones. "I command you to be silent, to meet me, until such times as I shall name, with only the natural ease that would be between two cousins, such as we are; if—mark this clearly, Katharine!— if I hear that you have spoken of our marriage, I will, without hesitation, shoot or kill Ormande, your lover, dead on the spot. You see that—" Katharine was trembling in every limb. What horrible, what awful words were these! "Do you understand me quite clearly?" came the smooth, cruel voice of her torturer, "or shall I repeat the condition once again? You know I make no idle threats, Kattie; I am not a man who fails in any purpose I wish to carry out, and so I warn you. If—I only say if— you hold this man dear, you will remember our little bond, and keep a still tongue in your head. After all, I am only serving you, my dear girl. You are not desirous of publishing the fact of our marriage to the world, nor am I; but in case you may feel a sudden desire to confide in any one, I have thought it wise to restrict you by one little condition—a very small one, after all, you must own, Kattie, and as it fits in so well with your wishes, one that you will easily keep, I feel sure."

The girl lifted her beautiful eyes to that smooth, implacable face, but she was met by the same sneer, the same inscrutable smile, and experienced the same utter misery as had come upon her before. She felt she was not equal to try and grapple with the hideous, fast-growing thread of thought that burned in her bosom. To what end? Let her puzzle and plan as she might, she would never read the mystery aright, and that there was some hidden, mysterious motive for this new torture Katharine knew only too well.

"Kill Ormande, your lover!"

Her lover— her brave, frank, loyal, generous-hearted lover— the man who had knelt at her feet and prayed for her love, and who had studied her so much that his own sorrow at her refusal should not touch her! Kill him? It would be like shutting out the sun, robbing the earth of its fairest flower, its sweetest fragrance. Such a pure nature as Ormande's was something to be guarded and treasured in this sordid, cruel world; Gordon had sworn to kill him, if—if she — Katharine started to her feet with a cry.

"No, no!" she murmured incoherently; "you— you will not, must not, harm him! I love him, I love him; he shall not—"

Half blindly she staggered back against the table.

"Air, air!" she breathed wildly; "give me—air—"

Gordon half-led, half-carried her to the open window. He could have shouted aloud with joy. The battle had been won so easily.

As he saw the faintness leave her he spoke again.

To be continued.

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Private Marriages of Royal Widows.

WRITING of the alleged morganatic marriage of the late Empress Frederick, the Paris correspondent of London "Truth" says:

"A Berlin paper stated some days ago that the Empress Frederick was at the time of her death the wife of Count Seckendorf, her house marshal. The other journals call on the Government to disprove 'the monstrous assertion.' Why should it be a monstrous assertion? The Count was an old and faithful friend of the Empress. He accompanied her in her artistic tours. Frederick esteemed him highly. It is now some years since her youngest daughter married. Why should she not marry a gentleman so distinguished as the Count? The truth is that the private marriages of royal and imperial widows are not the exception, but the rule, and have been so for centuries. Some august widows were satisfied to look much lower for their second husbands than the Empress Frederick is said to have done. In France and Italy marriage with a person of inferior rank was thought a sign of greater weakness than a 'friendship.' The worship of a first husband or wife does not necessarily exclude affection for a second. I had a relative who presented colored glass windows that cost £1,000 apiece to churches in memory of his first wife when he was walking about London with his second wife. There was never a widow more devoted to the memory of her first husband than the late Duchesse d'Orleans. Nevertheless, she was believed to have married her secretary. 'A conscience marriage' is easy in Catholic countries save in France. Nobody except the priest who officiates need know about it. 'A conscience marriage' might be celebrated very quietly in England by publication of banns with a slight change of names changing, say, Guelph to Wolf, or Bonaparte to Goodshare. There is also the registrar's office, where things might pass with utter privacy. Scotland is the country of all others where private marriages can best be entered into. No solemnization is required and the status that arises from a mere exchange of vows is stable."

A Contrast.

CONTRASTING the England of today with the England of forty years ago, E. L. Godkin says in the New York "Evening Post:" "The poor man in England who had ever left his home then was somewhat of a prodigy; now nearly half of his substance goes in excursion fares. A dissenting minister used to be an object of abhorrence and contempt; now he is quoted in Parliament by politicians. A lord used to be an object of dread and reverence; now he is hardly better than a foreign count. In the England that I remember, third-class passengers on the then newly-built railroads stood in boxes like cattle; now they sit on cushioned seats, the third-class cars being so like the first-class that the gentry have largely taken to using them. The loveliest parts of the country at this summer season are thronged with excursionists, and it is fair to say that there are no longer secluded spots in England. The famous seat of the lake poets, Cumberland and Westmorland, is so overrun with tourists that the road through the mountains seems to be leading to a fair; the small steamers on the lakes are thronged to their utmost capacity. Unhappy is the place which has some touch of 'Americanism' in its history. The railroads dump on it thousands of our countrymen, who poke their noses everywhere, cut chips off every wooden memorial, and apply the hammer to every stone one, and almost compel the inhabitants to move out. The 'American' in England used too often to be regarded as a low-class foreigner; to-day he is a welcome guest who has a right to have his curiosity gratified, and whose weaknesses and desires are referred to in almost every paper read before a learned society, so that now hardly anybody achieves fame so readily as an 'American' traveler. The old cabined, cribbed, confined English hotel, consisting of a private house converted into an inn, and kept by an ex-butler or housekeeper, has almost disappeared. New hotels, 'on the American plan,' are springing up everywhere, and the English railroads are copying them at their stations, to their great advantage. In fact, it would be difficult to imagine a greater transformation than the England of my youth has undergone."

Temptation.

In our carelessness we may often tempt other people without knowing it. Sir Edward Malet writes in "Shifting Scenes" that he had gone to a hotel, at Milan, and eager to see the sights, sallied forth, leaving his portmanteau yawning, his dressing-case ajar, and money on the table.

I thought of nothing save that I was once more in Italy. Still, I locked my door, and took the key with me. When I came back, an aged and shriveled housemaid followed me into my room. She was wringing her hands.

"Ah, mio signore," cried she, going up to the dressing-table and opening a little drawer. "Is this yours?"

In the drawer lay ten or a dozen gold pieces.

"Yes," I said, "they are mine."

"Ah, signore, how could you do it? How could you leave this money about? It was all lying on the table."

"Why, I locked my door. I knew it was safe."

"No," she cried, "it was not safe! It was cruel to put such temptation in my way!" She sank upon a chair and burst into tears. "Think of me, signore. I am very poor. I have six children to keep and a husband who can do no work. The money would make me rich, and you leave it on the table, the gold pieces all loose to dazzle my eyes and to put the devil into my heart! Through your thoughtlessness I might go to jail, my children might starve, my husband die. Ah, signore mio, never do it again! Think of the poor. Be merciful to us. Do not put temptation in our way."

It does not seem to have occurred to Sir Edward Malet that possibly the old housemaid was trying to work him for a gift of the gold pieces.

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,500 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills if no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Great Reductions
—IN—
SPECTACLES

We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

For Sale

$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.
Apply at once,
T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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COPYRIGHTS &c.

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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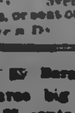
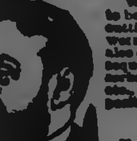


Princess Tablets
Are what you want for all forms of female [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] used monthly by [illegible]

[illegible] Bargain List for January

Three big novels by best authors for 25 cents. Six composition or dictation books for 25 cents. Handsleighs reduced to below cost, to clear the lot. Twenty-five cent dolls for 15 cents. One dollar kid body dolls reduced to 40 cents. Purses, stationery, fancy goods, games, school books and in fact everything carried in our line going at bargain prices. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.



VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE

We guarantee the Latest Method Treatment discovered by Dr. Goldberg to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging or wormy condition, equalizes circulation and at once stops Pain in the groins also stops all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, consequently vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers. In Stricture it absorbs the tissue, stops smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all prostatic troubles it is the treatment par excellence. So positive are we that our Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call and see us, as we will give you a thorough examination free of charge and may be the means of saving you years of suffering.

Each time you call you see Dr. Goldberg personally

He has 12 diplomas, certificates, etc., which testify to his standing and abilities. The number of years we have been established in Detroit and the cures we effected have ranked us the foremost specialists of the country. We can give no stronger guarantee of our abilities to cure you than the fact that you need pay nothing until cured.

OUR LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time. Also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call or write for blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE. Hours, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave.,
Patients' private entrance, 7 [illegible] St., DETROIT, MICH.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT.
STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)..........$12,000,000
Reserves.......................7,764,703

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.

3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.
4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, [illegible] Water Street. Money to loan at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to loan. [illegible] R. Peck R. M. Dennistoun. A. Stevenson.

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 15 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public, G. W. Hatton. C. R. Bradburn, B.A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day Commercial rooms.

WALKER HOUSE, Toronto adjoining Union Station. This favorite hotel, overlooking Toronto Bay has 125 bedrooms, electric elevator; office clerk and experienced watchman on duty all night. $2.00 per day, or $2.50 choice rooms.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. [illegible] Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; [illegible] Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, [illegible] Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and decorations at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY [illegible] Park place.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
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THE MILLER-YOUNG BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO
P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitor for Applicants.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings.............. 1 00
Silver fillings............. 50c
Gold crowns................ 5 00
Painless extraction........ 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

An Authority

On Birds, to explain little difficulties—that's what users of COTTAM'S SEED enjoy. Directions on each packet embody the best professional practice; and a stamp for reply will bring you advice by return mail.

[illegible]

ONTARIO'S LUMBER OUTPUT

It is Estimated That it Will Be Larger Than For Years.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.— The output of pine logs in the lumber woods of Ontario, according to estimates received by the Department of Crown Lands from the timber inspectors, will be [illegible] feet board measure. This is the largest in years. Last year the quantity was estimated at 700,000,000 feet, but was actually 631,000,000 feet, the difference being doubtless due in part to the scare occasioned by smallpox. The chief increase this year are [illegible] in each of the Webbwood and Sault Ste. Marie Districts. The cut of square timber this year is estimated at [illegible] cubic feet. The wages in the lumber woods range from [illegible] per month with board, which is [illegible].

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort, Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 22, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, or a mature collection for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.)

—The diptheria epidemic is on the increase.

—University of Toronto Harmonic Club to-night.

—The band will be in attendance at the Poultry Show to-night.

—University of Toronto Harmonic Club to-night.

—The Poultry Exhibition opened yesterday, over 600 birds are in the coops.

—The small-pox patient at Jackson Park is making satisfactory progress toward recovery.

—A good second hand piano for sale at a bargain. Apply at The Times Office.

—The annual meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Board will be held on Saturday, Feb. 8th.

—The fire on Monday night shut off the electric light and prevented The Times from being issued at the usual hour.

—Every person should take in the poultry show to-night, the finest lot of stock ever shown in Peterborough. Band in attendance.

—University of Toronto Harmonic Club to-night.

—Persistency has often won success for an advertiser by urging him on through days of discouragement and gloom. Try The Times and be convinced.

—The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society will be held on Thursday, the 23rd inst., at 4 o'clock p.m., in the Town Council Chamber.

—A subscriber sends The Times the following,—Drawn by one team of horses from Rob. Coleman's farm, five miles, over heavy road, 126 feet of stone, owned by W. H. Meharry to the town crusher, measured by J. Rayer. Beat that if

Invitations are being issued by the members of the Chosen Friends for an evening At Home in their lodge room in the S.O.E. hall on the evening of Jan. 23rd. A good programme and refreshments will be provided and a very enjoyable evening is anticipated.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The Dainty Widow.

The musical comedy of "The Dainty Widow" will be presented in the opera house to-morrow night. The company and play is highly spoken of by the press, and should draw a good house. Admission 25, 35, and 50c. Plan at Ormond & Walsh's.

Woodmen of the World Concert

A most successful concert was given last night in the S.O.E. hall, under the auspices of Sherwood Forest Camp, Woodmen of the World.

Mr. W. H. Meldrum occupied the chair in a most pleasing manner, and introduced each part in a few well chosen words. The programme consisted of instrumental and Vocal music, readings and recitations.

Mr. Moore Congratulated

Mr. W. H. Moore is just now receiving the congratulations of his friends on his re-election to the position of President of the Little Lake Cemetery Company. The cemetery has been so well managed in the past that it is long been regarded as the most beautiful burial ground in Canada. It is therefore an honor to be at the head of so worthy an institution.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. L. McDonald, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is in town on a visit.

—Miss Barlen's many friends will regret to learn of her illness.

—Mrs. J. J. McHain, and Miss Ada McHain have returned from Toronto.

—Miss Fraser, of Barrie, is the guest of Mrs. R. A. Dutton, town.

—Mr. Harry Foote has recovered from his recent illness, and is able to be out again.

—Mr. J. D. True, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday attending the Poultry show in the capacity of Judge.

—Miss Edith Montgomery left on Monday morning to visit friends at Perry Harbour.

—Mr. Ed. G. Menarry left on Monday for Winnipeg, after a months visit with his mother Mrs. R. Menarry, Aylmer st.

—Mr. R. J. McCullough, of Winnipeg, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCullough, town.

—Mr. Charles Brownlee, of Sault Ste Marie, is visiting his mother, Mrs. David Brownlee, Ashburnham.

—Rev. George Warren, of Lakefield, and Rev. E. A. Langfeldt of Ashburnham conducted special services in Havelock, last night.

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, Rector of St. Luke's Ashburnham, left yesterday for Havelock, where he conducted service last night. He was accompanied by Rev. Mr. Warren, of Lakefield. They will return this morning.

—The Rev. Mr. Waddell, of Dunedin, New Zealand, who has been sojourning in the old country for a few months has returned on his way homeward, and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Hugh Waddell. An opportunity will be given for friends to meet Dr. Waddell on Friday evening in St. Andrew's church hall, when he will favour them with a lecture on "An Evening with Irish Humour."

Water Commissioners

In a few days the ratepayers will have an opportunity to select two Water Commissioners. Already several names have been mentioned in this connection, among whom are: Dr. Boucher, R. B. McKee, W. H. Hill, T. F. Matthews, T. E. Bradburn, and Harry Winch.

Opera House To Night

The University of Toronto Harmonic club appears in the Opera House tonight. They come highly recommended and consist of 35 members. A full house should greet this entertainment. It is a rare treat. The plan is open at Ormond & Walsh's and is fast filling up. Prices, 25, 35 and 50c.

WATER COMMISSIONERS

Names of Several Prominent Citizens Mentioned for the Position

On Monday next the ratepayers will be called upon to nominate two candidates for the position of water commissioners. There are a number of names mentioned in this connection, amongst whom are Mr. W. H. Moore, Dr. Boucher, Ald. Rush, Harry Winch, T. E. Bradburn, T. F. Matthews, R. B. McKee and others. These are all good men, and it would be difficult to choose two from amongst them. However, The Times is on the first choice. He is an old and he the first choice. He is an old and esteemed citizen, has a large stake in the town, and would be sure to safely guard well the interests of the ratepayers. It is just such gentlemen as he who ought to be selected.

Mr. Harry Winch is another whose claims are strong. He is well qualified in every way, and we think the ratepayers would make no mistake in selecting him. Dr. Boucher is equally acceptable and has had experience on the board of directors of the Water Company. The Doctor is in favor of proceeding slowly in extending the mains—that is, he would not extend unless a revenue sufficient to pay was assured.

Mr. Bradburn, Mr. Matthews and the others are also well qualified, and, it seems to us, there will be no fear of the future with such splendid material to choose from.

SPOT HIM.

Perhaps Coffee is Getting Its Work in on You.

People who think they can digest coffee and yet are sick half the time might learn a valuable lesson in health and get some happiness out of life if they would make up their minds to quit coffee and take Postum Food Coffee.

You can trace the results so accurately as to leave no possible doubt of the cause of the sickness and the reasons for the return of health.

A lady from Blue Mount, Miss, gives her experience. She says: "I always used to drink milk but in '98 I went down to the southern part of the state to teach school and boarded in a family of coffee drinkers. I began drinking one-half of a cup at a meal. The habit grew on me and I increased the amount.

Gradually I became nervous, my complexion grew sallow and yellow and finally my stomach would frequently throw off the food. I gradually ate less and less, depending upon the coffee to keep me up. Finally I concluded that the trouble was malaria, and the doctor advised me to leave that part of the country. So I went back up to the hills in the hope of getting better. Instead of that I got worse. Palpitation of the heart set in and I got so weak I could scarcely work.

I took a great many remedies, but found no relief. I went to the mountains in California for two months without improvement. I was thoroughly discouraged about my condition when one day a friend said, 'why don't you give up coffee?' 'Quit coffee,' I said, 'why that is about all I live on.' She begged me to try leaving it off and use Postum Food Coffee.

I did not have much faith in the experiment, I had tried so many things without benefit, but I decided to yield to her entreaties. In less than two weeks after I quit coffee and began using Postum the pall of ill health left me and I began to sleep as sound as anyone. My complexion improved, and my stomach began to regain its strength.

Now, after three months' use of Postum, I feel as well as I ever did, I would not be without Postum Food Coffee and will never drink another drop of coffee. It came too near killing me." Mrs. Vera Daniel, Blue Mountain, Miss.

Y. W. C. A. Report

Continued from page 1.

Nicholls Fund	100 00
Proceeds of entertainment by King's Daughters	68 71
Income from boarding house	1283 42
	$2104 76

EXPENDITURE.

Rent	$240 00
Fuel	149 88
Gas	60 00
Water rate	30 40
Salaries and wages	497 30
Provisions and supplies	825 69
Accts. for printing, plumbing house furnishing etc.	238 85
Telephone	27 20
Sundries	21 72
Bal. on hand	13 76
	$2104 76

BOARDING HOME REPORT.

The Y. M. C. A. Boarding Home has to outward appearance been pursuing the even tenor of its way during the past year, and yet each day has had its own particular history.

During the spring and early summer some of the elderly ladies gave up their rooms and, in the ensuing vacation season, we had but few boarders remaining, so that at one time five rooms were vacant. Notwithstanding this, the years income is somewhat in advance of the year previous.

In the month of June the home had somewhat the character of a convalescent home, several of the transient boarders being invalids, one came from Nicholls Hospital, to gain strength before returning home, another who has since gone to the better land came to be near medical advice and treatment, another who is still an invalid, came to have attention for a bad throat. First one and then another came with eyes requiring treatment and care, one recovered, the other has had a weary time of suffering, but has been so grateful for the care she received while here. One of the permanent boarders in the home also became seriously ill and required the services of both doctor and nurse, but we are thankful to say recovered quite satisfactorily.

Besides these we had several others for short periods and some very interesting people, among whom I mention an elderly Quaker lady from England going on a mission to New Zealand. She had travelled much and seen many Y.W.C.A. Homes, but expressed herself as so comfortable and so much at home here. In conversation with her she reminded one of a King's daughter shining with the reflected beauty of Christ our Lord. Her visit was a benediction.

Another interesting visitor was a young lady missionary from China who had been obliged to leave on account of the recent troubles there. Still another who was engaged in mission work in South California and had had a varied experience among the orientals who find their way there.

Some have needed the help of a place to stay either while on a journey or when coming to town to look for work and have appreciated the help gladly given.

For the last three months the home has been full. Mothers have expressed their pleasure and thankfulness for the institution of the Y.W.C.A. Boarding Home so that when their daughters have their own home they can not only find a comfortable place at moderate prices but have home protection and security and not only be shielded from evil associations, but surrounded with those that are pure and good.

We hope and pray that young women so brought together may be influenced to reach after and attain to stronger, broader, higher lives of reality and usefulness, blessing others in their turn and so may the purpose of the Young Women's Christian Association be fulfilled, which is the extension of the kingdom of Christ among young women.

Thanks from the manager of the boarding home are due the friends who have sent gifts at Christmas and at other times during the year.

Appended is the financial report.—

ANNUAL STATEMENT 1901

Balance on hand	$ 9.65
Received from Meals	60.07
Received Transient Boarders	100.00
Received Regular Boarders	1107.70
	$1282.42
Provisions and Supplies	825.60
Wages and Salary	295.00
Coal and Coal Oil Lamps	90.46
A Hall Plumber	10.15
Given Association	6.00
Gas	21.00
Water Rates	10.05
Balance on Hand	16.62
	$1282.42

GENERAL SECRETARY'S REPORT.

In reviewing the history of the past twelve months in the Peterborough Young Women's Christian Association those who have prayed, trusted, and labored for the extension of the work for young women in our midst, have proven the truth of the words "Faithful is he that calleth you, who will also do it." The steps taken for enlarging the borders of the work have demanded a faith which believes that nothing is impossible with God, and which acts accordingly. As a result, the present commodious quarters on George street were opened for the general work of the association on Sept. 29th, 1901. Since that time the names of 92 new members have been received, making a total senior membership of 142 at the close of the year. In addition to the senior membership must be mentioned the junior department organized in the month of September. This department consists of two self-government clubs, for girls from 8 to 15 years of age, the "Victoria" and the "Alexandra" numbering 70 and 60 respectively, and making a total junior membership of 130 and a total association membership of 272.

Time will permit only of a brief summary of the work in the various departments of the association.

First and foremost stands the Religious Department. This association aims to secure the all-round development of every young woman connected with it, in her social, physical, intellectual and spiritual life—the spiritual permeating all and above all.

During the earlier part of the year a bible class was held weekly, and in the month of March the association was privileged to have the Dominion city secretary, Miss Carson give a series of bible readings and gospel addresses in the Association rooms and to several of the young people's societies in the different churches. One result of these meetings was the institution of a Sunday afternoon gospel meeting; the service consisting of a song service followed by a helpful practical talk. The meetings were discontinued during the summer months, but recommenced in October. The association was also favored by a visit from Miss Little, the college secretary for the Dominion Y.W.C.A., who gave several very helpful addresses and suggestions for work.

In the month of October the Sunshine society was reorganized in the form of an "I will trust" club, its chief work being bible study. The meetings are held weekly and the study for the present year is the "Life of Christ," the lessons being illustrated by the use of Perry pictures. In addition to the regular bible study sets of promises from God's Word (one for each day) are distributed weekly, to be used and passed on to others.

The world's week of prayer for young women was observed by special Sunday and week-night services, which were most helpful to those privileged to attend.

The educational work consists of classes in Book-keeping and stenography, dress making, wood carving, instrumental music, English composition and English literature. We desire to express here the thanks of the Association to Miss M. Marks, Miss Agar, Miss Main, Miss Anderson, Miss Detcher, the Misses Dennistoun and Sheriff Hall, who are so cheerfully and willingly giving their services for the work in this department.

In connection with the social department, monthly social evenings were held in the early part of the year, a reception at the opening of the new rooms in September, which was very largely attended, also a social evening and entertainment in November. The reception held on New Year's Day was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed by all who were present.

One special feature of the new rooms is the gymnasium, furnished through the kindness of the Young Men's Christian Association. The apparatus consists of Whitley exercisers, clubs, wands, punching bags, and basket ball, the size of the room not permitting of a more extensive outfit. Arrangements are being made for the addition of a plunge bath, to complete the furnishings. Evening classes are held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of each week, and several young women have testified to the benefit received from these classes after the work of a busy day.

In connection with the junior department, weekly club meetings are held, the "Alexandra" on Tuesday afternoon, and the "Victoria" on Thursday. The work of the Victoria club has been arranged as follows: Monthly business meetings, practical talks, bible talks, and natural history lessons. Through the kindness of Miss Jessie Dennistoun, physical culture classes are held in connection with the club on Friday afternoon of each week.

In addition to the gymnasium and club work, junior department sewing classes are held each Saturday afternoon under the able direction of Mrs. Stewart and seven competent assistants. The average attendance at the club meetings is 40, and at the sewing classes 70.

The total number of visitors to the new Rooms, not including attendance at classes, meetings, and receptions, has been 1002, from Oct 1st to Dec.. A daily average of 14.

Looking backward we thank God for the progress made in the various departments of the work, knowing that what has been accomplished has not been by might nor by power, but by "His Spirit," and looking forward to the year before us with its infinite possibilities, we cannot do better than take the New Year's message given by the world's president of the Y.W.C.A. to the Associations of the world.

God is able. AGNES J. DICKSON.
General Secretary.

REPORT OF NOMINATING COM.

Names for new Board as follows: Mrs. Walsh, Miss Roberts, Mrs. Jory, Mrs. Beck, Mrs. Gillespie, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Dennistoun, Miss Stewart, Miss Mills, Mrs. (Dr.) Morrison, Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. McPherson, Mrs. Max Dennistoun, Miss Edmison, Mrs. Burnham, Miss Nicholas, Miss Morrow, Mrs. Kilgour, Mrs. Bamford, Mrs. Nugent, Miss Reyer, Mrs. Waddell, Mrs. Boucher, Mrs. Shortly, Mrs. Garvin, Mrs. Lundy, Miss Chamberlain, Mrs. Kennedy.

The meeting closed with singing and prayer.

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made

THE

STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,

BY

Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As any one who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	21½ in.	9 in.	$11 20
1	30½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	34 in.	10½ in.	15.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	19.50
4	41 in.	15 in.	25 00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 32 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

RICAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

Your Hotel

will serve

Grape-Nuts

if you ask

Order the food served dry and with cream to pour over it

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a Wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name.....................................

Address.....................................

County...........................

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports, QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The Ferreira Paid a Dividend of 450 Per Cent in 1898 and a 150 Per Cent on Account of 1899 (June). Before War was Declared.

Gold output of Transvaal mines for 1898, 4,555,000 ozs. $76,500-000.

Gold output for Transvaal mines for 1899, (9 months) 4'101,441 ozs, $70,000,000.

A very attractive method which enables the small invester to speculate in South African Stocks is by the formation of a "combination," or "trust." It is also the safest way. By this we mean that shares should be purchased in say five different companies, and by this method the possibility of loss is considerably reduced, as should one or more of the selections prove unprofitable, the profits on the others will more than likely compensate for any loss and prove sufficient to make the whole transaction remunerative.

Below will be found combination showing number of shares, present value and amount required, viz. $115.79, to carry them on 20 per cent margin. This combination will, we believe, show a good profit in a short time Prices mentioned subject to change:

COMBINATION No. 1.

20 Klerksdorp at £14 9s, $71 90 per cent.	$14.38
20 Witkorje at £15, $73 12, 20 per cent.	14.63
20 Heidelburgs at £19 $92 62, 20 per cent	18.53
20 Salisbury at £1 7s 6d, $134.06, 20 per cent	26.81
20 Buluwayo Exp. at £2, 2s. 6d., $207.18	41.44
	$115.79

We shall be pleased to give particulars of other combinations Write for booklet which will be ready about the end of January.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Moore, 14 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box 30 Tweed P.O.

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VOL. 28 NO. 19 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY JANUARY 23 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

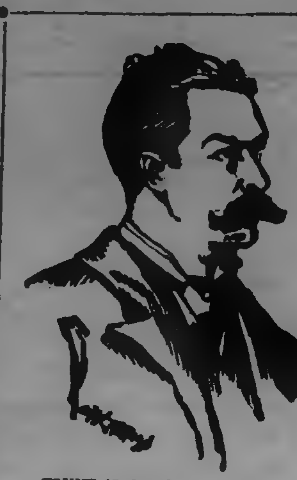
GERMANY'S ATTEMPT AT IMPERIALISM

Her Effort to Lead in the World's Commerce Ends in Failure

Her Expenditure Far Beyond Her Income, Dark Days are Ahead

Berlin, Jan. 21—Germany's return for a "world-power" ambition is a financial breakdown whose meaning is enforced by its coming when the rest of the world is mainly prosperous.

Her colonial empire has grown, but her revenues from railroads are declining. Trade has "followed the flag"—and the subsidies — but the smaller states cannot, Von Thielmann says, pay their share of the federal expenses. Germany owns more than half the world's fastest passenger ships, but some of them are "laid off" and shipping shares are below par. She is becoming a great naval power, but her imperial debt is four times what it was when William mounted the throne. Her army is a marvel of costly preparation for unimaginable wars, but "affairs have become even more unfavorable than we were able to foresee." The poor have groaned under higher tariffs and increased cost of living, but the gap between national income and outgo widens.



COUNT HERBERT BISMARK.

Grave results are feared in the near future. It will be difficult, if not impossible, to restrain the ambition of the emperor to possess a first-class navy. Like the Emperor Napoleon, the German ruler may be forced to seek relief by war.

GROWTH OF BRITISH SHIPPING TRADE

No Signs of Decay in the Trade of the British Isles

A LARGE INCREASE IN TONNAGE

Mr. Gerald Balfour Gives Some Statistics That are Interesting—The Life of the Nation.

London, Jan. 22.—Mr. Gerald Balfour, President of the British Board of Trade, delivered an address on Britain's shipping trade the other day at a dinner of the Liverpool Shipbrokers' Benevolent Society. In the course of it he said that the growth of the British shipping industry since the accession of Queen Victoria had been marvelous, even in an age of progress. The number of vessels on the register of the Empire had increased from 26,000 in 1836 to 35,000 in 1900, and steamships from one in forty to one in three. There had also been an enormous increase in the tonnage of steamships. With all this enormous advance there had been, with the substitution of steam for sailing ships, a very great diminution in the loss of life at sea.

Dealing with the question of foreign competition, he said that the transference of British vessels to foreign flags had naturally occasioned a great deal of comment within the last few years. During the past year there had been two transferred vessels of the gross tonnage of not less than 600,000, but it was to be remembered that during the same year there had been added to the British register 1,200,000 tons gross, the significant fact being that 93 per cent of the latter was new tonnage, almost entirely constructed in the United Kingdom. Of the vessels transferred, 33 per cent. were constructed before 1885, and no less than 65 per cent. were constructed before 1890. That was a very material fact, he said, in the true significance of this transference of ships to foreign flags. He admitted that they could not regard with anything like indifference efforts made by foreign governments to secure a larger share of the carrying trade of the world.

The British shipping trade occupied a unique position among the industries of the country. More than any other, it was essential to, and intimately connected with, the life of the nation. If the British lost their mercantile marine, it would mean nothing less than the destruction of the British Empire. That Empire was essentially an Empire of the sea; it rested upon two great supports, the navy in the first instance, and the mercantile marine in the second. Heavy would be the responsibility of any government which by fault of commission or commission placed in jeopardy the mercantile marine.

SENSATIONAL CASE TO OPEN

Lawyer Patrick, Charged With Murder of Millionaire, to be Tried.

New York, Jan. 21—The trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, charged with the murder of William Marsh Rice, the eccentric Texas multimillionaire, will begin before Recorder Goff in general sessions to-morrow. It will prove, it is expected, one of the most sensational murder trials ever held in this country.

The murder was committed at 500 Madison Avenue on September 23, 1900. Patrick was not indicted until the following April. He had been arrested a month after Rice's death and was held, together with valet Charles F. Jones, who will be the principal witness for the prosecution, charged with forgery. The murder theory did not develop until months afterward.

Acute and Chronic Rheumatism

are equally influenced by the almost magical pain-subduing power of Polson's Nerviline, equal in medicinal value to five times the quantity of any other rheumatic remedy. Nerviline cures because it reaches the source of the disease and drives it out of the system. Nerviline is an unusually good rheumatic cure, and makes many unusual cures. Just rub it in the next time you have an attack. The immediate result will surprise you. 25 cents.

CLOTHES WANTED NOT YEOMANRY

Boers Capture and Strip a Patrol and Then Release Them

A REBEL GETS HIS DESERTS

Scheepers Tried and Shot for Murder—Boers are Gathering on the Natal Border

Ladybrand, Orange River Colony, Jan. 19.—A corporal's patrol of Imperial Yeomanry, belonging to Major Heath's commando, were captured by the Boers in the mountains nearby and stripped of their clothing. They were then released and returned to the camp. Although the British take every precaution to prevent these surprises, it is almost impossible, owing to the rough nature of the country and the Boers' acquaintance with the passes and defiles. Small batches of prisoners are arriving here daily from the columns operating nearby. Major Heath captured six Boers north of Kurremsburg, where heavy firing was heard yesterday.

SCHEEPERS SHOT.

Graf Reinet, Cape Colony, Jan. 19.—Commandant Scheepers, the well-known leader of Cape rebels, was shot on Saturday last after trial by court martial. Scheepers admitted slaughtering a native spy but denied six other murders with which he was charged and proven guilty at the trial. He admitted that on two occasions he had flogged natives for reporting the presence of Boers on farms, but it was at the request of the farmers themselves that he had inflicted this punishment.

BOERS CONCENTRATING.

London, Jan. 22.—Information has been received here of the concentration of 1,500 Boers, under Botha, near Vryheid, on the Natal frontier.

APSLEY

—Since election and council day is over our village is resuming its peace and quietness. About the deepest question that is now discussed around the Corkscrew Drum is snow.

—Messrs. Lumbsen, carpenters, of Warsaw, were in the village last week making arrangements and drawing the plan for Mr. T. Wilson's new house.

—Our new stage driver gets our mail up to us two hours earlier than usual. We always appreciate improvements.

—Mr. Duncan Brown, who left here two years ago for New Ontario, has returned. There are worse places than Apsley.

—At foreman Stone's lumber camp, of the Dickson Co., the boys are running the logs into the lake at the rate of over 1,000 per day.

—The oft-repeated expression, "away back at Apsley," was recently heard again from the lips of some of our friends, who seem to be quite in love with the fact that they live "at the front." They have somehow got the impression that we are in a land so far north that the sunbeams are frozen into icicles, where the polar bear chatters his teeth to think of approaching; where even the cold, old moon shivers to shine upon us, and where gravitation is frozen to death. Why is it that intelligent people at the front have such rankly erroneous ideas as to where and what Apsley is? Why is it that when we go into towns along the line that our loyalty to our community is attacked, and we bear expressions about our village that cause a creepy feeling to run up our back, and makes us mad? When we take time to consider, it is not hard to explain. How can we expect any better report to spread concerning our community when people come up here from the front (principally preachers and schoolteachers), with exalted opinions of themselves, and desire to make a name for themselves, having no original ability they plan to be generous. They send to some church, Ladies' Aid or Missionary Society for a contribution of second-hand clothing, with a long letter of heart-melting poverty stories of the poor people of Apsley. Some of the stories are even laughable. One man is said to have stated that the people were so poor they lived on turnip skins. What did they do with the turnips? Another is said to have made a long lamentable speech to a Toronto congregation about the work he was doing among the heathen in the north, when his mission field was in Peterborough County. As a result of such reports large sacks and boxes of articles to wear are sent up each year enough to stock a good-sized dry-goods store. Any one knows that we may travel north or south, east or west, and in every community, along the line as well as further back, there are always some who are lazy enough and low enough to be willing to be considered objects of charity rather than work; and some also will be found who are stingy enough to take the small end of nothing, whittle it down to a point, push the pith out of a hair and use it for soap grease; and some there are in this world who have so little principle that they will depart from a straightforward, upright life for the sake of a handful of "charity rags." To such are the articles given with the exception of a few cases. We willingly acknowledge there are a few who need help, but they can be amply supported from their own neighborhood. There have been Peterborough congregations appealed to for helping the poor people of Apsley while some of our Apsley people sat in the congregation and wondered who it was for. There are also some who come up here for a short time during hunting and fishing season to enjoy a few of the many luxuries our country affords. They also report a rough, hilly, rocky country. One reason is that in order to either fish or hunt one must leave the more settled districts for the rougher parts to insure success. Another reason may also be given. Let me illustrate. Here is a green valley, with trees, running streams and surrounded with hills. Put a donkey into it. He sees the grass as food to eat, the stream as furnishing water to drink, the trees as giving him shade to rest in. Put an artist into it. He sees the figure that the landscape will make on canvas. Put a miller into the same valley and he will see the motive power of the stream. We would say to our visitors, don't show your donkey elements by letting us see how much there is that you don't know. However, lest we be mistaken, or our judgment mis-led, we will not ask you to accept our logic. We will give you facts, that you may reason for yourselves. In our village there are four new buildings to be erected, three of which are already started, two dwellings and a church. Our men have a special advantage to earn money. They may attend to the farm work during the spring and summer seasons, then those who desire may go into the neighboring lumber camps, where they get from $20 to $25 per month throughout the winter. Farmers have all the up-to-date implements to work with. [illegible] some have fine horses, nice harness, robes, cutters and buggies as good as will be found. Besides being comfortable otherwise, we find in almost every home one of the latest Singer sewing machines; in many we find the large steel range, which retails at $70 each, and in almost every home there are musical instruments galore, all kinds from a jew's harp to a piano. These things do not speak of poverty. Apsley cheese factory turned out this summer about 75,000 lbs. of cheese, which means about $7000.00 of hard cash; and this is only one of the many factories in this section of country. In many respects it is cheaper to live here than in other places. People along the line will pay from $5.00 to $6.50 for a cord of wood while we get it so cheap that we only burn the part that splits easy. Farmers at the front on 150 or 200 acres cannot go into the dairy farming to the extent they would like to, because the land is taken up for pasture in the summer, and as sufficient fodder cannot be raised for winter supply, while in this country the whole farm with the exception of a part used for grain and roots may be used for pasture and depend on the beaver meadows, which supply an abundant crop of hay that cattle thrive on all winter. Where is there one of our town friends who would not travel far or pay two prices for only a dinner of the delicious mountain lamb that we can grow fat on, and it only costs a cartridge and some genuine sport. We are not clothed in rags nor fed on turnip skins, even if the clergy do say we are. There are good clothes, fur coats, caps and mitts in abundance where they are needed. The man who wants to work can live here just as comfortably as anywhere, but a lazy man can starve if he really wants to. We do not mean to discourage giving; it is a good principle and a Christian grace, but we don't believe in giving where it encourages laziness, or where it is used as a means to proselyte. Thank you, friends, for your mission rags, but we don't want them, the country doesn't need them, and honorable citizens are ashamed of them.

THE SNOW STORM

Heaviest Fall of Snow in Years—Streets in Town Blocked

The storm which visited this section of the country on Tuesday night and yesterday was the heaviest for a number of years. The snow on the level is now about 24 inches. The storm began in earnest about eleven o'clock on Tuesday night and continued for some hours, yesterday it had abated some what but still a considerable amount fell. The high wind on Tuesday night drifted the snow, which blocked the streets and roads. The streets in town were waist deep with snow in many places yesterday morning. The roads in the country are almost impossible. The trains on the rail roads were all late yesterday. The Toronto mail C.P.R. was nearly two hours late and the express due here at 4.45 was one hour late. The Toronto train G.T.R. was over two hours behind time.

Malt Breakfast Food

Imparts Health, Strength and Vigor to Nursing Mothers

It has been most satisfactorily demonstrated that Malt Breakfast Food is the best morning diet for nursing mothers, as it provides ample nutrition for the maintainence of health, strength and vigor, and wonderfully promotes the secretion of milk.

Malt Breakfast Food, because of its many nutritive qualities and virtues is daily prescribed to nursing mothers by our best doctors. No other food is so easily and rapidly digested, and no other contributes so largely to comfort and happiness. Mothers with weak and capricious stomachs should give Malt Breakfast Food an immediate trial, it will quickly place them on the highway of health, give them pure blood and a well regulated nervous system. See your Grocer.

ABOUT TRADE PERIL WITH UNITED STATES

Mr. John Charlton Makes Strong Pleas For Canada

CANADA WILL RETALIATE

Unless the United States Modifies Her Tariff Laws Materially

Declares Canada is Indignant at the Treatment She is Receiving from Uncle Sam—A Plea for Reciprocity.

Chicago, January 22—Retaliation by Canada in the enactment of tariff laws against the United States will result unless this country adopts a reciprocity agreement with its sister country, according to John Charlton, member of the Canadian parliament, who spoke last night at the Marquette club's banquet. Public sentiment in the Dominion of Canada, he declared, is rapidly ripening to the enactment of high rates of tariff that will place that country in a position to do the United States much harm.

"If the United States refuses to grant concessions in the way of reduction of rates for Canadian products; if the policy of buying little and selling much is continued, the dream of the United States of becoming a great export nation will be met with the barrier of high tariff rates by the various great nations of Europe," he said. "The relations between these two countries must be settled not on the principle of the huckster, that one side must make a profit by the trade, but on the broad policy of mutual benefit."

Mr. Charlton's speech was a presentation of Canada's side of the reciprocity question that has been debated fiercely in the houses of congress and by joint commissions for years. It was the plea of the farmer, the miner and the manufacturer of the north for the admittance of his goods free of duty into the United States.

The speaker argued for the reduction of the great discrepancy in the balance of trade between the two great nations of the American continent. The balance of trade last year was $70,000,000 in favor of the United States, he showed. Even with the wide-open markets desired by the Canadian Government and the Canadian people that balance, though considerably reduced, would still show a good amount to the credit of this country, Mr. Charlton said.

"Public feeling in Canada leads the nation to believe, continued Mr. Charlton, that it is not fairly dealt with; that while buying freely it is not permitted to sell its own products. The Canadian farmer buys annually from this country $32,000,000 worth of machinery and in return is allowed to sell $8,250,000 of his products. That is not fair. All we desire is fair treatment. If reciprocity is denied the Canadians will adopt retaliatory measures. Your duties on our products are now 25 per cent. We will make our duties on your products 50 per cent. and rebate from 20 to 40 per cent. to countries which adopt reciprocity treaties with us. It would not be more unfair than we are treated, but it would be a very undesirable solution of the problem of trade relations. I would deprecate this action except as a last resort, but then I would adopt it willingly."

Members of the club listened with close attention to the speech. As member of the joint commission, appointed by the United States and Canada to come to some terms as the basis of a reciprocity treaty between the two countries his words were taken as authoritative regarding the sentiment in the northern country.

"This club has been a factor in molding public opinion in the past," said Frank O. Lowden, the toastmaster for the occasion, as the distinguished Canadian closed his address. "I may say to you, sir, that your words have not fallen on deaf ears."

Shortly after when former Congressman George E. Adams arose to speak he said, "What true American would not welcome a settlement of every question that arises between Canada and the United States in such a manner as to advance the moral, intellectual and mercantile welfare of the whole continent of North America?"

FIGHTING PARSON JOINS YEOMANRY

Anglican Clergyman Enlists Earns a Right to His Title

THE VICAR OF WEST MERSEA

His Wit and Kindliness Have Endeared Him to His Parishioners Who are Sorry at His Departure

London, Jan. 18.—The Rev. Pierrepont Edwards, vicar of West Mersea, and formerly known as the "Fighting Parson of Southwark" has joined the Essex Battalion of Imperial Yeomanry as a trooper.

Writing to the hon. secretary of the Colchester Rifle Club, who, with twenty members, has also joined the Yeomanry, Mr. Edwards says:—"My advice to all members of the club is be good—if you cannot be good-looking—but all may be both by donning the uniform of the Essex Imperial Yeomanry."

In an interview yesterday the patriotic clergyman said that with tithe at its present figure he could not take a commission in the Yeomanry or Volunteers, as certain other clergymen were able to do. Neither could he become Chaplain of the Essex Yeomanry, because the Bishop of Colchester, himself once a captain of Dragoons occupied that position. He therefore joined as a trooper, and saw no more harm in a parson learning to ride and shoot than in playing ping-pong which was hardly an asset in our national defences.

Enough people, continued Mr. Edwards, did no more than shout for Empire, while better men gave their lives for it. Besides, he would like to justify his title of "fighting parson" in a more dignified way than heretofore. The only foreign enemies he had yet encountered had been Italians, but if a German band—and the vicar paused significantly.

"After all," said the interviewer, "mediaeval bishops rode in front of armies, using a sort of iron flail."

"You must not talk about them," said the vicar. "The flail was not all they used. Their language on the battlefield was dreadful. I shall not emulate them. But the Empire is as much to the 'cloth' as to anybody else. Surely a man should not keep his love of fatherland when he takes Holy Orders.

"Yeomanry training is, or should be a training in manliness, and my idea is that if parsons are to do any good at all they must share the life of the people around them. It would be a bad day for the laity if the clergy became a caste apart.

"By the way," he added, "I should be very glad if some clergyman would volunteer to take duty for me while I am in training."

Conversing on horsemanship, Mr. Edwards appeared doubtful whether some cunning old troop horse might not prove more than a match for "a simple country parson," but he was determined to see the matter through. Bishops, he thought, might regard clerical troopers benignantly, for the Archbishop of York was once in the army.

The Rev. Pierrepont Edwards resides on Mersea Island, the scene of Baring Gould's "Mehalah." His wit and kindliness have endeared him not only to Mersea Islanders, but to all Colchester, in which town he was formerly curate.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Jan. 22—A telegraph line is being built across South Africa and occasionally bits of information regarding the undertaking find their way to civilization. These reports show that the hardships suffered by linemen and the difficulties they are compelled to overcome are something tremendous. The line has now been carried up to the southern shore of Lake Tanganyka. During the last 200 miles the road was impassible for vehicles and all the supplies and material had to be transported by carriers. One section of the line passes through a swamp in which vegetation grows to such a height during the wet season as to stop the wire and cause troublesome leakage. The natives cannot be induced to go in during the season and cut down the weeds owing to the swarms of crocodiles. On another section the elephants have caused several interruptions by breaking off the poles. In some of the forests through which the line passes trees are met measuring over 100 ft. in circumference. Some of the ravines are impassable even to the linemen during the rainy season owing to the paths being under water and the rank growth of vegetation.

London, Jan 22—Marie Corelli in a letter to a paper caps the climax of the anti-German feeling existing in England. This authoress declaims passionately against the similarity of the new British army uniforms with those of the German army. "Bearing in mind," she writes, "the absolutely criminal offence against our king by the vile prints circulated in Germany, is it justified or justifiable to insult our brave officers by compelling them to wear any uniform even remotely resembling that worn by admitted slanderers of our king, army and country?"

Andrew Lang joins the long list of critics of Rudyard Kipling's poem, "The Islanders," with a scathing denunciation of the author's personality. Mr. Lang takes the character in "Stalky & Co.," generally supposed to be Kipling himself, holds him up to derision for his "unathletic brutality," and concludes:

"The Americans notoriously excel in many games, like the Australians. Surely they are none the worse for that. It is not the games, but the fanaticism about the games and the rubbish written against the games that we have to regret."

London, Jan. 22.—Sir Edward Grey's first impressions of Lord Rosebery's Chesterfield speech have been confirmed after careful analysis. He has told a Liberal meeting at Newcastle so.

"We have not had unity hitherto," said Sir Edward, "and in my opinion if unity is to be obtained it must be obtained on lines laid down by that speech.

"It is to greater national efficiency that the Liberal party must devote its attention. I say the Liberal party because the stock of thought of the present Government is exhausted. Such ideas as they had are crushed under the weight of misfortune and miscalculation, and the Liberal party is free to develop ideas and discuss purposes and plans for the future."

As to the effect of the Roseberry speech, Sir Edward would say nothing which would anticipate party development. "You must take all that is said as individual opinions only, and the most important individual opinion of all, that of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, has yet to be expressed.

"In that speech there is a policy before the country, something with completeness and shape about it.

"Recently you have had nothing more than a running commentary upon affairs, but you want more than that. You want an alternative. You want to know that there are people who can mould things better for the national welfare, and you get that for having something with shape and completeness about it.

"But bear in mind if that be the merit of Lord Rosebery's speech, you must take the speech as a whole. If the policy is to be of use it must be taken as a whole. Incorporation, I maintain, must remain the end of the two Boer territories. We must be lavish in repairing the ruin of the country when peace is secured.

"The widest possible amnesty must be given, though some men are beyond the Boer language nor prescribe it, as the pale of amnesty. I would not touch the language has in it the spirit of the people."

Speaking of Boer independence, Sir Edward said that Lord Rosebery declared that he would not make overtures to the Boers, and he thought his Lordship was right. Such an advance on the Government's part would be a mistake.

THE WAR STILL COSTING $1,000,000 PER DAY

Statement by Hicks-Beach in the British House of Commons Yesterday

CAPE COLONY CLEARED OF THE BOER FORCES

Continuous Rains Everywhere Interrupt British Operations—British Columns Unable to Move Against the Enemy

London, Jan. 22.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach stated in the House of Commons to-day that the cost of the Boer War from April 1, 1901, the commencement of the current financial year, to December 31, was £46,300,000.

DELAYED BY RAIN.

London, Jan. 22.—A report to the War Office from Lord Kitchener, which is dated Johannesburg, yesterday, says continuous rains everywhere have interrupted the British operations. Gen. French reports that the number of Boers in Cape Colony is 150, under Commandants Fouche and Myburgh, and 130 under Commandant Wessels.

DISCUSSION IN THE COMMON.

London, Jan. 22.—Sir William Harcourt continued the debate on the address in reply to the King's speech in the House of Commons this evening. He asked how could the Government expect the Boers to lay down their arms under a proclamation when every leader who came forward came with a halter around his neck. If the Government wanted peace overtures from the Boers they should be approached differently from the manner outlined by Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the Prime Minister of Cape Colony, who had declared that they must come on their knees. Sir William quoted from the proclamation of Acting President Schalkburger of the Transvaal, of September 6 last year, ten days before Lord Kitchener's proclamation, the passage in which the Boer leader said, "We have been all along for peace." Sir William urged the Government to make up its mind respecting the terms on which it wished to have the war ended, and let the Boers and all the world know them.

Winston Spencer Churchill (Conservative) said he preferred a settlement by compromise rather than by force, as the latter would entail the tremendous expense of long military occupation.

The Opposition amendment to the address in reply to the King's speech was rejected by the House of Commons by a vote of 333 to 123.

The division on the amendment illustrated the divisions in the Opposition. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, Mr. John Morley, and Sir Charles Dilke supported it, as did Sir Henry Fowler, although some other Imperialists, including Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Richard Haldane, abstained from voting. Mr. Herbert Asquith was absent. All the Irish and extreme Pro-Boers abstained from voting.

DENIES BRIBING NEWSPAPERS.

The Hague, Jan. 22.—Dr. Leyds, the former Transvaal plenipotentiary writes to the Daily News correspondent scornfully repudiating the allegations that he bought the support of the Continental press for the Boer cause. He says that such a performance would have been beyond the power of money, and points out that the burghers have the sympathy not only of Europe, but of all the world outside of King Edward's dominion.

Dr. Leyds asserts that charges attributing newspapers purchasing to Boer representatives in Europe are the result of ignorance, stupidity and malice.

LADYBRAND BURGHERS SURRENDER.

Ladybrand, Orange River Colony Jan. 22.—Four hundred native refugees were sent from the north-east Sunday and are now quartered in St. Augustine's mission at Modderpoort.

Fourty-three Ladybrand burghers have taken the oath of allegiance during the past few days.

DEWET MUST BE ENERGETICALLY DEALT WITH

It is Expected That When the Fresh Troops from Australia and Canada Arrive in S. Africa Operations will be Expedited

London, Jan. 21.—Winston Spencer Churchill (Conservative), in resuming the debate in the House of Commons to-day on the amendment moved by Frederick Cawley (Liberal) to the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne at the opening of parliament, gained the distinct approval of the opposition benches by his criticism of the government's shortcomings in South Africa, the insuffiency of the troops supplied to Lord Kitchener and other matters. He said he preferred a settlement by compromise rather than by force, as the latter would entail the tremendous expense of long military occupation.

WHEN CANADIANS ARRIVE.

Bloemfontein, Jan. 21.—It is believed here that, in view of the British concentration against Dewet, Botha is likely to make another move in force against Natal.

Dewet, however, can now command a larger force than can be brought together in the Transvaal and the military authorities recognize that he must be energetically dealt with.

Accordingly a growing number of columns are vigorously pressing him, but the country in the northeastern part of the Orange Colony where he is favors his tactics of scattering and then reuniting his force.

A feeling of hopefulness, however, prevails.

It is noticeable that the surrenders which are taking place are only to a very small extent of Free Staters, who for the most part, represent the irreconcilables.

Everyone expects that military operations will be greatly expedited when the new troops arrive from England, Australia and Canada, and their advent is awaited with keen expectancy.

London, Jan. 22.—Mr. Chamberlain has cabled the governors of Australia and New Zealand, inviting each to send a farther contingent of one thousand men to South Africa.

A representative here of the Associated Press learns that at the close of the war the British government contemplates offering special encouragement and facilities for emigration on a large scale to South Africa.

IMPUTATION REBUKED.

London, Jan. 22.—Mr. Balfour's spirited rebuke last night of the Nationalists in the Commons for the imputation on the loyalty of Canada and Australia was warmly applauded in Ministerial circles. O'Kelly asked whether steps would be taken to induce the colonies to pay a share of the cost of the war. Mr. Balfour evoked loud Ministerial and Liberal Imperialist cheers by his grateful acknowledgements of the contributions the colonies had already voluntarily made in men and money, and said the imputation in question was uncalled for and expressed in quite unnecessarily offensive language. W. Redmond asked what the colonies had paid. The Speaker ruled him out of order. Redmond, whose wife is an Australian, shouted: "Why not ask Australia to pay as well as Ireland?"

KITCHENER'S WEEKLY RETURN.

London, Jan. 22.—Lord Kitchener reports that since Jan. 13, 31 Boers were killed, 13 were wounded, 170 were made prisoners, and 41 surrendered.

CAUGHT HIM SINGLE-HANDED.

London, Jan. 22.—The capture of Commandant Breytenbach, which has already been reported, was effected single-handed by Capt. Tremayne, who, seeing a Boer fleeing in the distance, pursued him alone and caught him.

* * *

Ottawa, Jan. 21—Mr. George Johnson, statistician of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, has compiled a statement showing that 18 per cent. of born Canadians live in the United States. The number of Canadians resident in the Republic, as shown in the last three census counts, was:

1880 717,157
1890 980,938
1900 1,181,778

There is a crumb of satisfaction in the fact that between 1890 and 1900 the increase was only 200,840, whereas in the preceding ten years it was 263,781. There is a bitterness even in thinking of this, however, because while in 1890 of every hundred Canadians in the count, 83 were in their own country and 17 in the United States, in 1900 there were only 82 in Canada and 18 in the United States. Going back twenty years, there were in 1880 86 Canadians out of each hundred at home, and only 14 in the United States. It would seem too, that, after falling off somewhat, the exodus had increased of late years. A Massachusetts state census is taken every ten years, half way between the natural census years. It's records and those of the national count show the number of Canadians in the state as follows:—

1885 147,352
1890 207,601
1895 243,732
1900 293,169

This shows an increase in this one state, between 1885 and 1890, of 60,249; between 1890 and 1895, of 36131, and between 1895 and 1900, of 49,437. Probably what is here noted in regard to Massachusetts is true of the other states to which Canadians go in largest number.

Vienna, Jan. 16.—A hurricane, the violence of which has not been equaled in many years, struck this city, and district to-day, and during the last hours of the storm there were more than a hundred accidents, requiring the use of ambulances. Many persons had limbs broken, and two were fatally injured. In the outskirts, a freight train was blown over.

There were earthquakes yesterday and to-day at Agram, capital Croatia and Slavonia.

In Budapest there was a heavy gale, accompanied with snow. Wreckage that had been blown on the track derailed a train near Eger.

Denmark is being storm swept. Neither the English nor German mails that were due to-day have yet arrived. The barque Arab has foundered in the North Sea and 22 persons perished.

The Anaemic Young Girl

Perhaps she is sixteen. Suddenly she seems to lose strength. Her beauty fades because her strength fails, her eyes lose their lustre. How her spirits droop! It alarms you, but all this may be corrected quickly. Get her Ferrozone, it is a nerve tonic, it aids the stomach to do its work. Appetite? she'll eat anything and digest it too. Ferrozone is an absolute specific for the anaemia of young people. Ask your druggist for it.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district a [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 25, 1902

PRAISE FOR THE GLOBE.

The Globe, despite its tendency to squirm upon the Prohibition question, comes forward manfully on the educational question, and acknowledges that the Ontario school system is a failure. We strongly suspected this all along, and have mildly protested against the tendency of our schools to breed a race of children better in figures than in the principles of morality. But along comes the heavyweight journal to our aid with the frank and truthful admission that the annual report shows a falling off in both High and Public Schools. But why should the people of Ontario have been compelled to wait until the [illegible] of the Education Department at Toronto was confronted with the painful facts? We have been accustomed to hear magnificent eulogies of our educational system, which took more prizes abroad than a Shorthorn bull, but it has only served once more to illustrate the old and well-known fact that appearances are often deceitful, and that Bray is a poor watchdog. Of course we had to know the truth sooner or later, but it raises a variety of questions in the popular mind, not the least important being, "Why did you tell us the reverse?" It must be borne in mind also that our population has increased while the schools fall away, which is doubly painful. It is true the increase in population in ten years was only 31,000 (the natural increase alone should have been 300,000!) but it is large enough to give increased support to The Times's contention. But, then, after all, what do people want? Do they really want these things, or are they shamming?

BEET ROOT SUGAR.

The development of the beet root sugar industry in the United States is an interesting matter, although as yet it is comparatively trivial in relation to the total consumption. Approximately speaking, the United States uses about 6,081 tons of sugar per day. Last year there were 39 beet sugar factories in the country, with a total output of 160,000 tons, or about 411 tons per day, the total being equal to some 24 days' consumption. The production, however, showed a steady increase since the first establishment of the industry, the statistics being as follows:

Year	Factories	Product
1893	6	12,018 tons
1897	7	37,536 tons
1900	34	76,859 tons

It is claimed that the output for 1902 will amount to 250,000 tons, but on the other hand it is shown that the total consumption of sugar in the United States increased in 1900 by more than 141,000 tons above what it had been in 1899, and the ratio of increase is also developing.

BALLOT PAPER IRREGULAR

Amaranth Township Wants Recent Election Declared Void.

The Township of Amaranth, in the County of Dufferin, has got into a muddle also on the recent election for councillors. On the same ballot paper a vote was taken asking the opinion of the ratepayers whether or not they were in favor of the county road scheme. There were seven candidates for election, and the names of the seven added to the vote on the road scheme made the ballot paper a little long. It is claimed by some ratepayers that on account of the small majorities received it is likely that the irregular ballot paper affected the result.

G. M. Vance, barrister, of Shelburne, has received the necessary instructions, and proceedings are being taken to have the election of the four councillors declared void.

Mary Stuart's Rehabilitation.

MARY STUART'S champions have been well to the front lately, and quite a library might now be formed of histories of her reign, volumes written to defend her character, and novels founded on her life. In the eighteenth century John Wesley, a man of just judgment, investigated her case during his rare intervals of leisure and came to the belief that most of the charges brought against her were false, and only supported by forged documents. As the years have rolled on many men have become of the same opinion as the great preacher, and have refused to take the Elizabethan view of Mary Stuart's conduct.

In a work recently issued by Mr Samuel Cowan there is a fresh interest for admirers of the Queen of Scots, by reason of the portraits of Mary (no less than sixteen) given with the two volumes. Some of these have never been published before, and in more than one she appears as a really beautiful woman who might well charm all beholders. In fact, these portraits quite justify the price asked for "Mary Queen of Scots, and who wrote the Casket Letters?"

Many portraits supposed to represent Mary Stuart differ so remarkably that doubt is often expressed as to her having been so beautiful as her contemporaries alleged she was; yet out of twenty-four a good dozen will give the idea that this famous Queen was indeed a handsome woman, and as for the remaining twelve likenesses, as contradictory as they are unflattering, allowance must be made for incompetent artists and for the possibility that these dissimilar portraits represent other women.

Catherine de Medicis had three daughters, Claude, Duchess of Lorraine; Elizabeth, Queen of Spain, and Margaret, Queen of Navarre; and three daughters-in-law, Mary Stuart, wife of Francis II.; Elizabeth of Austria, wife of Charles IX., and Louise of Lorraine, wife of Henry III. The queen-mother had a passion for portraits, especially for those of her own relatives, and occupied artists constantly. Besides her own collection—in the contemplation of which she passed many an hour—she kept a stock for presents to royal kindred and great people. Catherine was a generous giver, from motives of policy, even when dealing with persons she distrusted or disliked.

It is quite possible that the portraits of these Valois queens and princesses have become rather mixed in course of time, and some without names have been passed off as likenesses of Mary Stuart, when really representing the odd-looking Claude, Duchess of Lorraine, who had a curiously long nose, or her better-featured sisters, Elizabeth and Margaret. They would all appear richly dressed, some wearing crowns as queens, and this would help considerably in the mistake. Mary Stuart used to be sumptuously attired when Dauphiness and Queen of France and when, as Queen of Scotland, she was Darnley's wife. Her later portraits, of course, represent her in widow's dress.

Proof Adduced.

"[illegible] says the baby is [illegible]."

"What nonsense. Why, it hasn't said a word since it was born."

A Hopeless Case.

"[illegible] the Gugglestons in such [illegible] circumstances?" "Oh, yes. Why, I understand they are obliged now to live within their income."—N.Y. "Life."

Anxious Father (from top of stairs)—Say, Mary Jane! Mary Jane—Yes, papa. "Is it eleven o'clock yet?" "Yes, papa." "Well, give the young man my compliments, and ask him to kindly close the front door from the outside."—Chicago "Daily News."

A clergyman observed his little son attentively studying a map of the world. "What place are you looking for, Willie?" he enquired. The small boy knit his brows and traveled a circuitous route with his forefinger before he answered earnestly, "Trying to find Christendom."

A SCRAP OF LIFE HISTORY

AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS OF WRETCHEDNESS, HAPPINESS AND NEW LIFE WERE BESTOWED BY

Paine's Celery Compound

Mrs. W. Wigglesworth, Liverpool, N. S., has given for the benefit of suffering women a scrap of her life history. It is interesting to those who have thus far failed to secure a permanent cure for nervous diseases and the many complications that result from such dangerous troubles. Her case baffled the best medical skill, and many considered her incurable. A friend who had tested the curing powers of Paine's Celery Compound, advised the use of the great medicine, and soon a happy change came to the sufferer. The terrible dangers — nervousness and insomnia—which threatened her life were forever banished. Mrs. Wigglesworth writes thus: "For fifteen years I suffered from nervous diseases and other serious troubles. A lady friend recommended me to use Paine's Celery Compound, and I have since received great benefit. Paine's Celery Compound has done what no other medicine could do for me. I can sleep well now, and my appetite is splendid. I advise all who are sufferers from nervousness and other diseases to use it. Seven bottles of Paine's Celery Compound restored my health wonderfully."

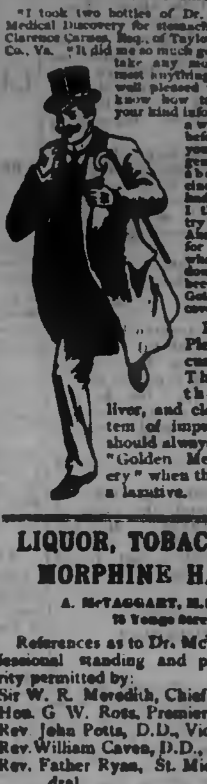
Avoid Contact With Sick Pets.

Dogs and monkeys are subject to tuberculosis and are said to be capable of communicating the infection to human beings. A large number of the canaries that die in captivity fall victims to the same disease. Parrots suffer from a malady peculiar to themselves. The bacillus that causes it is thought to originate pneumonia in man. Cats have been known to be the carriers of diphtheria, and possibly of scarlet fever and other infectious diseases. Great care should be taken during an epidemic to keep pet animals out of the reach of infection, or else away from the children, and at any time a bird or animal that seems ailing should be at once isolated.—Ladies' Home Journal

Eat and Run.

There isn't a man who would be seen running through the street munching a piece of pie. Why not? Because it would mean dyspepsia and stomach trouble? Not at all; but because it wouldn't look well. As a matter of fact many a business man snatches a lunch in such a hurry that he might as well take it on the run. That is one reason for the prevailing "stomach trouble" among men of business.

There is a certain remedy for diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It is Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The worst cases of dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach have been cured by this medicine. It cures where all other means have failed to cure.



"I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Taylorstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, and how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. Am now glad I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness. They stimulate the sluggish liver, and cleanse the system of impurities. They should always be used with "Golden Medical Discovery" when there is need of a laxative.

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The Duke of Norfolk takes pleasure in telling many stories about himself. Here is one of them: A large party of Americans arrived one day at Arundel, with an order to go over the Castle. As the butler was away, the Duke, fond of a joke, acted his part, and conducted them personally through the various stately rooms. They plied him hard with questions, such as, "What sort of man is the Duke?" "Is he good-looking?" "Couldn't we have a peep at him somewhere?" "Is he a good master?" "And how long have you been in his service?" etc. The Duke preserved a perfectly rigid demeanor through all this personal cannonade, replying respectfully to all their queries, and when the party left was rewarded with a handsome tip of half a crown.

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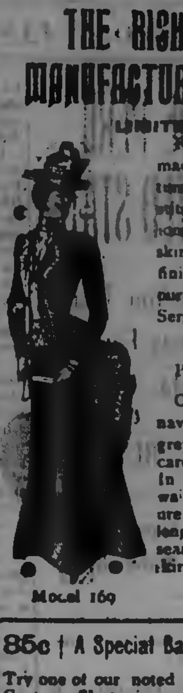

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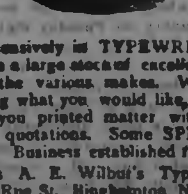

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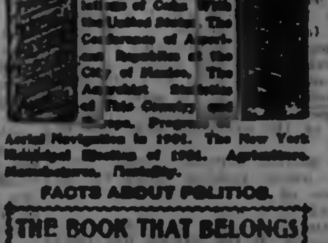

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"You must go up to your room and rest, Kattie; remember we have our parts to play and there must be no breaking down. Come; rouse yourself; you are known to have been ill, so your looks will not cause any surprise if you are seen. Come, that is good, and, Kattie"— just stopping her for an instant—"we understand each other, don't we, eh?"

Her eyes met his unflinchingly, and the next moment, with weak, faltering footsteps, she had crawled across to the door and he was alone.

CHAPTER XXI.

The dinner table at Brexley Hall that evening was unusually merry and pleasant. Barbara this time was adorned in a brilliant red gown, and with her flashing diamonds in her hair and round her throat and arms, she certainly made an imposing picture, which, if not exactly to every one's taste, certainly seemed to afford intense satisfaction to herself, as she caught her own reflection in one or another of the mirrors that studded her rooms. The real reason of this unusual hilarity was easily discovered in the person of Gordon Smythe, the new guest; every one united in declaring Mr. Smythe to be the most delightful and amusing of men. He kept the whole party in one long roar of laughter, with his really witty anecdotes, and altogether he was humorous, bright, spontaneously funny, and a great addition to the Brexley Hall party.

Barbara had allotted herself to Lord Otway to-night, and although she laughed and chatted to one and another of her guests, she was watching him keenly all the while.

"Is it a fast day, Lord Otway?" she asked by and by, lifting her eyes with assumed innocence to his face. "Oh, I wish you had told me; I would have made other arrangements, and——"

But Ormande broke in quietly on this.

"I am not very hungry, Miss Mostyn," he answered. "The day has no special religious significance."

His tone was so cold that Barbara bit her lip suddenly. It infuriated her to see him sitting there with that new born sorrow on his fair, frank face, and to know that it arose through Katharine, while he was as utterly indifferent to her, Barbara Mostyn, important though she might be, as though she had never existed. She had known that he was in the library when she sent for Katharine to come down there, and then had calmly suggested to Gordon Smythe, who had arrived at luncheon time, that he should stroll in and enjoy the papers there. She had no very settled determination in her mind as to what might arise from this, and she had only Ormande's sad face from which to glean any satisfactory news of what had occurred. Olympe, her maid, had brought her the intelligence that Miss Brereton was too ill to remain up longer that day— and putting two and two together, Barbara began to be very cheerful indeed. Her spirits had risen ever since Gordon Smythe had been in the house; she felt convinced that his dark, handsome eyes did not wear that strangely elated look for nothing; she told herself it was a very clever move of hers to have brought him there so unexpectedly.

"Is he not a charming man?" she said, turning to Lord Otway, as a shout of laughter had followed on some new sally of Gordon's. "Really, he seems to have brought a new atmosphere with him, hasn't he?"

"Yes," Ormande answered quietly, "he has."

All the doubt and the amazed horror that he had experienced that day at Northminster Station at first sight of Gordon Smythe's face returned to him again. He marveled how it was he could have ever forgotten it, or the extraordinary feelings it had produced on his mind that never- to- be- forgotten day. When he had come across Gordon in his inquiries after his cousin, he had been so deeply engrossed in his anxiety, and in the sweet thought of Katharine that all connection between this man and the man of that summer afternoon completely vanished. Truth to tell, he was rather favorably impressed by Gordon, as he managed to convey to Katharine in those few words he uttered when they were outside Brexley Station. But now that impression was gone altogether.

"I cannot love you. I am not free!"

These words rang again and again in his ears, stifling all hope, beating in despair.

"Not free!" What did it mean? Ormande had asked himself as he had wandered through the grounds after leaving Katharine in the library. Not until he was sitting at dinner, gazing at Gordon Smythe, did he arrive at anything like an answer to this query. "Not free!" That meant that another held some control over the destiny of her future. Back like lightning came the sound of a girl's agonized voice uttering words of despairing hatred and contempt. Where had he heard it? was the thought that flashed into Ormande's mind. At first he could not remember, though he ransacked his memory, then the veil of mystery was lifted, and he felt himself standing on Northminster platform, gazing down at the gleaming metals, and listening to that strange, sweet voice.

He gave a great start as this came back to him.

Not free— not free to love him! Had he not seen from the very first that she was shadowed by some great sorrow? Sometimes it almost seemed as if the sorrow were not untouched by fear, too. Ormande drew his breath quickly. Those words she had spoken that bygone afternoon. What did they mean? She said something about having kept her vow, the exact words he could not naturally recall, but their meaning flashed back. Had he not here a clue to the reason of that barrier that stood in the path of their great happiness? Not free to love him! Did it mean that she was bound to another; that——"

Barbara tapped him lightly on the hand with her costly fan.

"I shall be quite jealous of your thoughts, Lord Otway, if you don't spare me one word."

He turned, and colored suddenly.

"I beg your pardon, Miss Mostyn; I am very rude, I fear; but the truth is, I am not quite myself to-day. I hope you will forgive me."

"You do indeed look pale. I am glad Lady Blanche is not here to see you; she would be quite uneasy, I am sure."

"That would be absurd—I am not ill," Ormande answered, flushing slightly. Then, as if to change the conversation: "Have you heard from my aunt lately, Miss Mostyn?"

"I had a sweet birthday letter from dear Lady Blanche only this evening; I really must show it to you—it makes me so conceited, Lord Otway. Lady Blanche says such sweet things. I only wish I could have her here, but she is quite given up to her nursing your poor little cousin, she tells me."

"Yes. Marian has time to remember her own sufferings now that her mind is relieved about Craven."

Barbara tried to make her face appear deeply interested.

"Ah, yes; and when will that naughty Mr. Craven send you news of himself? You will be having a letter soon, I suppose?"

"Yes," replied Ormande; "soon, I suppose."

His eyes at that moment met Gordon Smythe's, and at the contact a strange thing happened. Ormande noticed that Mr. Smythe shivered and turned pale, and all at once a doubt sprang to life in Ormande's pure, simple breast— a doubt that curiously connected Craven's whereabouts with Gordon Smythe.

"I must question this man more closely," Ormande decided to himself. "Now I come to remember, it was all very vague and frothy about Craven. I do not feel satisfied." As these words formed themselves slowly in his mind, he kept his eyes on Gordon, who undoubtedly objected to the gaze, by the way in which he fidgeted in his chair.

"Curse his eyes!" he muttered to himself; "they send a cold shiver through me, they are so like those others, with their big, blue stare in them. I am not easy in my mind about this man. I will hurry things up; there must be no failure now; from the look on Miss Barbara's face I should say the movement was ripe to begin."

Gordon devoted himself to Lady Clara Lennox, and carefully refrained from even glancing in Ormande's direction again while dinner lasted. When the ladies rose Lord Otway rose, too, and, making his way into gardens, gave himself up to his troubled thoughts again.

It was a bitter thing to face his disappointment. Not until this moment did he realize how much he had allowed himself to dwell on the certainty of Katharine becoming his wife. Vision after vision of happiness, which had come almost unconsciously, rose to confront his misery and mock at his despair.

The memory of that one last look in Katharine's lovely eyes lived to haunt him, but as the memory made his heart throb and his pulses thrill, there always came those few sad words to check the brief transport of joy:

"I cannot love you. I am not free!"

There was something vague and disagreeable in them, and, with the confusion of ideas and thoughts roused at sight of Gordon Smythe filling his breast, Ormande grew more and more troubled. He wandered away beneath the trees, and Barbara seeing him from the drawing-room windows, bit her lip; suddenly she longed to rush after him, but the demands of her duty as a hostess prevented this.

Just as her face was clouding over and a frown was settling on her brows, the door opened and Gordon Smythe came in.

"The air is very cool and delicious outside, Miss Mostyn; do you feel equal to a stroll?" he asked, with a smile lurking at the corner of his mouth.

Barbara's face cleared as if by magic.

"He wants me," she thought to herself; and then, seeing that the other men had come in, and she might with etiquette leave her lady guests, she gave a Gordon a cold smile.

"I shall be delighted, Mr. Smythe. If you will come this way I can pick up some sort of wrap; these summer evenings are rather treacherous."

Several of the younger ladies looked rather enviously after Barbara as she carried off the delightful Mr. Smythe. Gordon's flashing eyes had worked havoc in their very commonplace hearts.

But Barbara never devoted a thought to this, and if Gordon saw the disappointment which was legibly inscribed on one or two faces, it only added to the intense satisfaction which reigned in his breast. He carefully adjusted a silk shawl round Barbara, and then they passed out through the hall together.

Ormande, away in the distance, caught the gleam of the diamonds in Barbara's hair, and he watched the flashing of the jewels, enhanced by the clear, strong moonlight, in a dreamy, preoccupied way. Had he guessed for one instant what the matter was that seemed to be so interesting between Miss Mostyn and her companion—he was too far off to distinguish who that companion was—he would not have stood there leaning moodily against a tree, his arms folded across his aching heart.

"If I were wise I would go from this place now, without a moment's delay. The pain, surely, will not be so great when I am at work among my poor people in my old haunts. There will be no spectre there in Katharine's shape to torment me and torture me; while here the very trees whisper her name. She is everywhere. Yes, I ought to go—yet—"

Yet Ormande, like many another man felt that he could not tear himself away from the place where, for a few short hours, his love-dreams had lived and grown. Like many another, he clung to the joy of seeing his beloved, hearing her speak, perhaps touching her hand, and so, despite the warning voice of wisdom, he remained on.

He had yet to experience the crowning blow to the sorrow that was so new and bitter to him.

CHAPTER XXII.

Gordon Smythe made no plans to circumvent Katharine in case she should take it into her head to leave Brexley, and so escape him. First of all, he knew she was in no condition to run away, her wan face and weakened strength told their own tale, and secondly, he was more than aware that his threat of danger to Ormande would stay the girl, were she ten times as strong as she was. He had judged her aright. Katharine's love was no empty word— it was complete, absolute, entire! She had never indulged in the little flirtations and frivolities which are the usual and harmless prerogatives of girlhood; she had grown up a simple, pure-minded, [illegible] creature, who, when love had come, grasped it with both hands and treasured it beyond her very life.

Yes, Gordon Smythe had struck the right nail on the head when he spoke those calm words of vengeance toward Ormande. His very calmness lent them additional weight, and Katharine, as she lay through the long night hours with beating heart, throbbing temples, and a heart as heavy as lead, within her breast, went over them again and again.

"He will do it! Yes, yes; he will do it if I go against him!" she whispered through her pallid lips. "Have I not seen myself what— what awful wickedness he can do? Ormande! Ormande, my darling! you must not, you shall not, be hurt! I will— do anyth—"

And then Katharine's senses faded for a moment from the intensity of her misery. But only for a moment; the next the old words returned, and she went on fighting with herself, struggling, fearing, full of dread apprehension, knowing nothing, seeing nothing beyond the fact that Ormande's life was threatened should she dare to disobey her husband and her foe.

Finally she fell asleep from sheer exhaustion, and woke to find Patty standing by the bed.

"Mrs. Parsons wouldn't have you disturbed on no account," Patty explained, as Katharine uttered an exclamation of dismay when she learned the time. "She said as how you weren't wanted, and the sleep 'ud do you good; and now, miss, please you're to eat up this omelet— yes, every bit; the cook sent it up with 'er respectful duty, miss, and she'll be quite hurt if you don't like it."

Katharine pushed the hair back from her brows and supported her head in her two hands.

"Put it down, Patty," she said in a low voice. "I—I will try and eat it, but I am afraid it will be impossible. My head is still so bad."

"I wish Miss Mostyn 'ud try and write her nasty letters herself when she's bad, that I do," Patty declared vehemently. "She ain't got no more heart nor a block of stone." Then she came back to the bed and looked at Katharine with eyes full of sympathy. "Lor! you do look bad, miss,

I hope from my heart— I shall never see Brexley Hall or village again. But I must not keep you here, Aunt Blanche. I know your weakness about the horses; besides, I am in a hurry. Good-by, Marian, dear. You must begin to get strong and well before Craven comes back you know. No, thank you, Aunt Blanche. I would rather walk; I am going into a neighborhood not altogether fit for you ladies. I will say good-by now."

"Oh, not good-by, Ormy," Marian cried, giving him her pet name; "not good-by! You will come and see us won't he, Aunt Blanche?"

"Ormande knows he will pain me very much if he does not do so, Marian," the elder woman replied; and then the carriage rolled away.

Ormande replaced his hat with a sigh of relief and sorrow mixed. This unexpected meeting with his aunt had suddenly riven apart the thick, vague, horrible clouds that had surrounded him ever since that memorable day at [illegible]. Even now he can scarcely recall all that occurred then; he has a confused memory of bands playing, voices laughing, soft draperies flying in the ball-room; but beyond that, nothing but those words of Mr. Montague's— those words that told of Katharine's shame!

Ormande had been nearly crushed to earth by the events that followed one another so quickly. Try as he would now, he could not unravel the mystery. Was it true that Katharine's eyes had spoken a lie that afternoon in the library, when they had met his and answered him as well as though her tongue had uttered the words, that she loved him with all her soul? Was that deep, soul-giving look an acted lie? And if so, why?— to what end? Why should the girl have troubled to coquette with him? What end could she gain?

Had he been utterly deceived in Katharine? Was she nothing more than a cruel, worldly, heartless woman, who, even while she permitted him to kneel at her feet and pour out the sweet treasures of his love before her, was plotting and planning an elopement with another, and that other a married man? Was all her outward purity and simplicity one huge sham? and had he been nothing but an amusement and a laughing stock for herself and her lover?

Those and many other mad and bitter thoughts ran in the poor fellow's brain, as he had paced to and fro through the early morning hours at Brexley, when at last the ball was concluded and the fete done; and then, when he had left his room and gone down into the hall, where he had given orders to have his portmanteau conveyed at once, he came upon Barbara, and his torture was renewed, his trouble redoubled.

Miss Mostyn, in most effective dishabille, was full of the shameful affair of the night before.

"Oh! Lord Otway, what am I to do? I feel almost broken-hearted!" she cried, putting her lace handkerchief to each dry eye. "I am sure I feel as much as though that poor misguided girl had been my sister. Do you know, she actually refused to listen to my words of advice and wisdom. I had occasion to go to her room before dressing for dinner, and there I found her all ready for starting, her box packed, her hat on. Naturally I was astounded, and asked what it meant; and then she informed me— yes, with her own lips, calmly, deliberately— that she was leaving my house forever, and was going away with Gordon Smythe. I—I really feel quite ashamed to speak of such things to you, Lord Otway; but you are a clergyman, and it relieves me to tell you all my trouble. I went down on my knees to her"— Barbara here had clutched her hands together with a gesture significant of despair— "but all to no good; her mind was made up; she declared if I knelt there till doomsday she would never give way. Gordon Smythe was her lover, he needed her, and she should go. I spoke of his wife— you know he told us he had a wife, Lord Otway— I tried to awaken a spark of conscience, of principle, but I failed. All I got in return for my trouble was insolence and a shocking amount of depraved bravado! Oh, I have been terribly disappointed [illegible] Ellen [illegible] Miss Brereton, and, of course, she would not have been allowed to come [illegible] respectability; and"— [illegible] turned up the whites of her eyes— "now I have been harboring a snake in the grass, and all my sympathy and affection— for, do you know, Lord Otway, I was getting quite fond of Miss Brereton— have been wasted on one who has proved herself utterly unworthy and immoral."

To be continued.

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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The House of Rothschild.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN is not generally regarded as a very important financial center, but for more than a century it has been the headquarters of the foremost banking-house of modern times, the Rothschilds. It was in this city that the great establishment had its modest beginning, and since rising to affluence and power and extending its operations to all parts of the globe, the ancient seat has never been abandoned. The following facts regarding the origin and development of the Rothschild house are taken from the August issue of the "Bankers' Magazine:"

The founder of the house was Mayer Anselm (1743-1812), the son of Anselm Moses Bauer, a small Jewish merchant of Frankfort-on-the-Main. His father wished him to become a rabbi, but he preferred business, and ultimately set up as a money-lender at the sign of the "Red Shield" (Rothschild) in the Frankfort Judengasse. He negotiated his first great government loan with Denmark in 1802, and his transactions on behalf of William, Elector of Hesse-Cassel, were so profitable that when he died ten years later he was a very wealthy man. He left behind him five sons, and branches of the business were established in Vienna, London, Paris and Naples, each being in charge of one of the sons.

The third of these brothers, Nathan Mayer, has generally been regarded as the financial genius of the family and the chief originator of the transactions which have created for the house its unexampled position in the financial world. He came to Manchester about 1800 to act as a purchaser of manufactured goods for his father, but at the end of five years he removed to London, where he found full scope for his financial genius. The boldness and skill of his transactions, which caused him at first to be regarded as rash and unsafe by the leading banking firms and financial merchants, latterly awakened their admiration and envy. By the employment of carrier-pigeons and fast-sailing boats of his own for the transmission of news, he was able to utilize to the best advantage his special sources of information, while no one was a greater adept in the art of promoting the rise and fall of the stocks.

The colossal influence of the house dates from an operation of his in 1810. In that year Wellington made some drafts which the English Government could not meet; these were purchased by Rothschild at a liberal discount, and renewed to the Government, which finally redeemed at par. From this time the house became associated with the allied powers in the struggle against Napoleon, it being chiefly through it that they were able to negotiate loans to carry on the war. Rothschild never lost faith in the ultimate overthrow of Napoleon, his all being virtually staked on the issue of the contest. He is said to have been present at the Battle of Waterloo, and to have watched the varying fortunes of the day with feverish eagerness. Being able to transmit to London private information of the allied success several hours before it reached the public, he secured an immense profit by the purchase of stock, which had been greatly depressed on account of the news of Blucher's defeat two days previous.

Rothschild was the first to popularize foreign loans in Britain by fixing the rate in sterling money and making the dividends payable in London and not in foreign capitals. Latterly he became the financial agent of nearly every civilized government. It is said that since 1815 the Rothschilds have raised for Great Britain alone more than $1,000,000,000; for Austria, $250,000,000; for Prussia, $200,000,000; for France, $400,000,000; for Italy, $300,000,000; for Russia, $125,000,000; for Brazil, $70,000,000.

In 1895 they took $15,000,000 of the February loan of the United States through the Belmont-Morgan syndicate.

There are at present living eleven barons of the Rothschild name. Of these Nathaniel, Alfred and Leopold are located in London; Gustav, Edward, Adolphe and James are in Paris, and Nathaniel, a baron of the Austrian Empire, is head of the house in Vienna.

"Maintaining an identity as unchangeable as the Hebrew race to which they belong, and with purposes as inflexible as the ruler of Russia, and a policy as far-seeing as the Church of Rome," says the "Bankers' Magazine," "the Rothschilds have steadily built up the prestige of their name until it now outranks that of any other, while their fortune has grown year by year until it has attained to colossal figures. Those who have a talent for guessing have set the actual sum at two thousand million dollars, but until some member of the firm displays a confidential mood, the correctness of this conjecture must remain unverified. Whatever the amount may be, its vastness is undoubted, and the accumulations of a century and a half are being swelled each hour by innumerable tributes from every quarter of the world."

Why She Quit the 'Phone.

"The young woman employed as a stenographer had a beau named Will, to whom she talked some twenty-five times a day," says the Boston "Record." "The lawyer who labored under the impression that he was paying for the stenographer's time was not pleased that Maggie should drop her work and rush frantically to the telephone every time the bell rang, and stand there for fifteen minutes debating whether or not Will ought to have told Clara that secret which he knew well enough was none of Clara's business. One day the lawyer left his office, and going to another telephone in the building, called up his own office. Of course Maggie rushed frantically to the 'phone, and answered.

"'Hello,' said the lawyer, in a muffled voice. 'This is a lineman testing the wire. Kindly stand one foot in front of the receiver and say hello.'

"Maggie obeyed.

"'Thank you. Now stand two feet to one side and say hello.'

"Maggie complied.

"'Thank you. Now stand two feet on the other side and say hello.'

"It was done.

"'Thank you. Now stand on your head and say hello.'

"Maggie seems to be somewhat backward in answering the telephone now."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. Johns, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Great Reductions

—IN—

SPECTACLES

We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

For Sale

$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.

Apply at once,

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

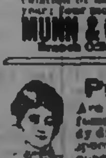
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.



Princess Tablets

Are what you want for all forms of female troubles; an infallible remedy discovered by a foremost female specialist; guaranteed [illegible] positive cure; will positively [illegible] the normal function; used monthly by over 10,000 ladies. For sale at druggists, or sent on receipt of price, $2. Aetna Drug Co., Windsor, Ont.

Court Langton Installation of Officers

The following officers were duly and legally installed in Court Langton, No. 344. C.O.F., at their meeting on Monday night:—W. J. Anderson, J.P.C.R.; R. N. Jones, C.R.; J. Reynolds, V.C.R.; D. Patterson. Rec. Sec.; A. T. Dugan, Fin. Sec.; H. Evans, Treas.; W. Evans, Chap.; R. J. Bannan, Sen. Wood.; B. Panter, Jun. Wood.; W. McCallum, Sen. Beadle; E. E. Good, Jun. Beadle. Dr. T. Newton Greer, Court Physician; R. N. Morris and J. J. Hartley, Auditors; W. Wilson, J. J. Hartley, E. E. Good, Hall Trustees.

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)..........$12,000,000
Reserves.................... 7,764,703

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.

3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.
4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 370 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams LL. B

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. A. R. Peck, R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 18 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton, C. B. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. R. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

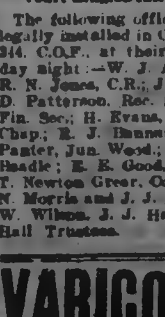
CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger & Glazier, etc.; 381 [illegible] street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

[illegible] FRY, [illegible] Park Place—Falling into Line— Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Give A. FRY [illegible] Park place.

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



We guarantee the Latest Method Treatment discovered by Dr. Goldberg to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging or wormy condition, equalizes circulation; it at once stops Pain in the groin; also stops all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, consequently vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers. In Stricture it absorbs the tissue, [illegible] smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all private troubles it is the treatment par excellence. So positive are we that our Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call and let us as we will give you a thorough examination free of charge [illegible] may be the means of saving you years of suffering.

Each time you call you see Dr. Goldberg personally

He has 14 diplomas, certificates, etc., which testify to his standing and abilities. The number of years we have been established in Detroit and the cures we effected have ranked us the foremost specialists of the country. We can give no stronger guarantee of our abilities to cure you than the fact that you need pay nothing until cured.

OUR LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time, also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, [illegible] CONSULTATION FREE. [illegible] FREE. Hours, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. [illegible]

All Medicines for Canadian Patients shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave.,
Patients' private entrance, 7 Wilcox st., DETROIT, MICH.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making your fortune

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek. Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG
BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO
P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake, With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 25th January, 1902,

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or monumental misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth............$6 00
Gold fillings 1 00
Silver fillings............. 50c
Gold crowns 5 00
Painless extraction 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

An Authority

On Birds, to explain little difficulties—that's what users of COTTAM'S SEED enjoy. Directions on each packet embody the best professional practice; and a stamp for reply, will bring you advice by return mail.

[illegible]

KICKED BY A HORSE

Mr. Jas. Cullen, of Town, Severely Injured in the Face by a Kick from a Horse

Mr. Jas. Cullen is suffering from the effects of a severe kick from a horse and as a result will be confined to his residence for some time. He was putting his team in the stable when one of the horses broke loose and ran into the yard. Mr. Cullen followed and tried to catch the animal and when quite close the latter turned and kicked Mr. Cullen in the face. One of the calks struck him just [illegible] the eye, the other cutting his chin. Dr. Caldwell dressed the wound and Mr. Cullen is progressing favorably, although his face is badly swollen and is very painful.

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed). T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort, Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 23, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Where's your snow shoes?

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The Chosen Friends will give an "At Home" in the S.O.E. hall to-night.

—The Children's Aid Society will hold their annual meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—The Young Bachelors of the town have decided to hold their dance at a future date.

—The chief has a pipe which was picked up on Simcoe street, for which he would like an owner.

—Mr. J. W. Pearson, the Montreal horse king, purchased a car load of horses yesterday, which were shipped east.

—The snow storm yesterday morning was very heavy. Many of the of the country roads are completely blocked.

—The snow storm which started on Tuesday evening and continued all day yesterday, is the heaviest on record. About two feet of snow has fallen, and the storm is not over yet.

—Mr. George Graham, proprietor of the Oriental Hotel has placed a new revolving register in his well appointed house. This one of the first to be placed in a hotel in Ontario.

—A bus load of young people drove to Selwyn on Tuesday evening and arrived back in town at noon yesterday. They spent several hours on the road trying to get home.

—As the advertising twig is bent, so the advertising tree will be inclined. Begin modestly, but surely. It is not space that counts, but earnestness. Try The Times.

—On Friday next the hotel men of Ontario meet at Toronto for the purpose of waiting on the Government to protest against the prohibitory liquor law. We believe a number will go from Peterborough.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

—The Dan Spence Memorial committee were to have met last night, but owing to the unfavorable condition of the weather, very few were present. No business was taken up, and the committee adjourned.

—Three bus loads of people drove to Fraserville on Tuesday afternoon. The young folks arrived in town by train yesterday morning and the busses and drivers got back late in the afternoon, and state that the roads are in a terrible condition.

Had His Foot Crushed.

A young man named Bovey, an employee of the Matthews Co., had his foot badly crushed yesterday as a result of jumping from an elevator while it was in motion. It will be some days before he will be out again.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Wake Up, Mr. May!

Complaints have reached The Times regarding the way the snow plowing is being done on Brock street. This street appears to be sadly neglected. A lady, whose duties make it necessary for her to get to business shortly after seven in the morning, was forced yesterday and on other occasions, to wade through deep snow. Complaints have been made to the Town Engineer, but no attention is paid to them.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Mr. R. M. Roddy, of Millbrook, was in town yesterday.

—Captain C. H. Rogers, of Colborne, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Herb. Kendrick, of Campbellford, is visiting in town.

—Messrs. G. H. Williamson and Horace Ayers, of the Y.M.C.A., leave today to attend the provincial convention being held at Berlin.

—Mr. A. H. Leake, director of McDonald Manual Training Schools of Ontario was in town yesterday for the purpose of interviewing those who are anxious to take advantage of the bonus offered by the Ontario Government. A number of those interested interviewed Mr. Leake, including several from the adjoining country and villages.

Norwood and Apsley Railway

There is to be a meeting of the directors of the Norwood and Apsley Railway on Saturday next, at Norwood. It is proposed to make another effort to get the road built.

Small Blaze Yesterday

About seven o'clock the fire brigade were called to the residence of Mr. J. F. Allen, Wescott, street. A small quantity of wood near the kitchen stove had became ignited. The blaze was extinguished without the assistance of firemen.

Glee Club Concert

The concert given by the Toronto University Glee Club, at the Opera House last night was well attended. An excellent programme was run off. A number of those taking part did not arrive in town till 10 o'clock on account of the train from Toronto being two and one half hours late.

A Narrow Escape.

Mr. T. Rutherford and a couple of other citizens were passing up Aylmer street about eleven o'clock on Tuesday night and discovered a fire in Mr. Wm. Hetherington's blacksmith shop. It had evidently started from the stove, and was extinguished without sending in an alarm.

Deaf as a Door Nail

Not an uncommon expression, but quite true of many people who are hearing can be perfectly restored by inhaling Catarrhozone. It quickly relieves and cures all kinds of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, and diseases of the respiratory organs. Don't give up hope till you have tested Catarrhozone. It has restored lost hearing to thousands, and can do the same for you. Catarrhozone is a vegetable antiseptic, pleasant and convenient to use, absolutely certain to quickly benefit and ultimately cure. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size, 25c. at druggists, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Native Birds of Canada

Through the thoughtfulness of Mr. R. B. Rogers, kindly assisted by Mr. E. Elcome, taxidermist, the teachers and senior pupils of Ashburnham Public School were treated to a series of excellent lantern views of the "Native Birds of Canada." The views were shown in the Ashburnham Town Hall on Saturday evening, Jan. 18, and were much appreciated by those who were present. Previous to the presentation of the views, some time was spent in playing games of various kinds. The pupils are now busily engaged in practising for the fourth annual school concert to be held in the Town Hall on Friday, Jan. 31. The proceeds are for the public school piano fund.

I. O. O. F. District Rally

Arrangements have been completed for an Oddfellows Rally to be held in Peterborough, on Thursday, March 13, beginning at half-past seven sharp, when the Initiatory Degree will be presented. This will be followed by the presentation of the three degrees, the Oriental degree and refreshments, coupled with speech, song and story.

The Initiatory and first degrees will be exemplified by Otonabee Lodge, No. 13, and the First and Third Degrees by Peterborough Lodge, No. 111. Invitations have been sent to the lodges at Pontypool, Millbrook, Havelock and Norwood. It is expected that each of these lodges will bring several candidates for degrees.

This gathering will give members of outside lodges a chance to see the degree work, and will give all a chance to become better acquainted, and promote that social and fraternal spirit for which Oddfellowship is noted.

Attention is called to the early hour at which the meeting begins, 7.30. This is to give a chance to get through before the arrival of the C.P.R. midnight train.

OFFICERS' MEETING

The Officers of the 3rd Dragoons Met Yesterday—Regiment is to be Re-organized

A meeting of the officers of the Third Prince of Wales Canadian Dragoons was held in town yesterday afternoon and discussed matters connected with the reorganization of the regiment under the new regulations, and to consider the season's arrangements. Under the new regulations the Dragoons will have thirty officers, where formerly there was 24, and the strength of the regiment will be raised from 290 to 361 of all ranks. Each squadron captain will be raised to the rank of major upon qualification, and will have a captain and four lieutenants under him. This reorganization is on imperial lines, and indicates the important part mounted troops take in modern warfare.

WITHOUT MEDICINE

Good Food Will Cure Disease.

A good natural food that will correct constipation is a valuable thing. Grape-Nuts has that reputation among those that know.

A lady writes from San Pedro, Cal., that after suffering a long time from indigestion and irregular bowels she changed her food and used Grape-Nuts regularly. She says she immediately began to improve and in a short time was entirely well. Commenting further she says, "The only fault I find with it is that it is so good I want to eat it all the time. Please omit my name, but I will answer any letters if stamped envelope is enclosed." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

INDUCTION AT ALL SAINTS

Rev. Mr Armitage Becomes the First Rector of the Congregation

The service at All Saints' Church last evening, in which Rev. Mr. Armitage was inducted by the Bishop of Toronto to the Rectorship of All Saints' Church, were most impressive, indeed.

After the solemn reading of the instrument by the Bishop, and his investment of the incumbent with a copy of the Holy Scriptures, and Book of Common Prayer, the service of the day was said, Rev. Mr. Langfeldt, and Rev. Mr. Tifft, Omemee, read the appointed lessons, after which the Nunc Dimittis was sung.

The sermon by the Bishop, which followed, was an able exposition of the duties devolving upon the faithful pastor, and the aid which is due him from the people. The reverend Bishop took as his text, I Thess. 5; 12-13. This is an appeal by Paul for those specially appointed to minister to the Thessalonians. The relation of the minister of the gospel to his people may be considered under three aspects,—his duties as pastor, his position over them in the Lord, and his pulpit administration.

As a pastor, "he laboreth among them," is the best expression of the work of the faithful and earnest preacher. His efforts must prove ineffective if confined to his public ministrations on Sunday. He must enter into the private life of the people on working days. He is not always to be found in the study, but more frequently day by day in the streets and lanes of his parish. Thus his work is of an incessant nature, and the business which a clergyman undertakes is serious and urgent. The idea that through the week, while the merchant is closely engaged in his office, while the farmer is at work in his fields or bush, while the laborer is toiling for his living, the clergyman has nothing to do but prepare his next sermon is a wrong one. There is the wanderer to be sought out, the deathbed to be visited, the absentees to be looked up, the new-come strangers to be located, the systematic visiting of the parish to be maintained, and the spiritual standing of his people to be cared for. He must comfort the bereft, admonish the evil doer and act as peacemaker in petty difficulties.

As over them in the Lord, he is vested with authority, but he is not to lord it over God's heritage. Dominance in contradictory to the calling of the clergyman. His mission is ministerial, not magisterial. He has no right to claim power over the conscience of any man, and no power to forgive sin. He administers the sacraments of grace and the disciplines of Christ—excommunication for continuance in known sin and restoration on sincere penitence. Every person is encouraged to tell the story of the cross, but the layman has his proper sphere—in the home, at work, in bible-class and Sunday School. God is not the author of confusion, he has appointed apostles, prophets, evangelists, preachers and teachers.

In his pulpit administration he finds that too often people are impatient of admonition, preferring to be entertained by some fluent declamation on leading topics of the day or by some piece of the history nicely analyzed.

The true preacher must admonish, he must be fearless and courageous in his utterances. In return, he should be known and esteemed by his people. They should manifest an active interest in him and mindfulness of his temporal estate. Too often a congregation measure their respect and love of their clergyman by his own personal qualities. If he is not possessed of winning manner socially and otherwise, all he can expect, is that they will put up with him.

The Bishop expressed his complete satisfaction in inducting the first rector of All Saint's. He required no introduction, for he had labored amongst them for four years, his work is known and they learned to love him. He trusted that the full charge might be product of closer relationship, that we the rector's hands might be strengthened and that it might draw closer the bonds of sympathy and co-operation between pastor and people. It meant a separation from St John's, but there should be no separation of the people and the spirit of rivalry or competition should be entirely absent. He solicited the prayers of the people for their rector, that he might be strengthened, directed and sustained by the Lord. During the offertory the choir sang "What Shall I Render unto the Lord for all His Benefits Towards Me?"

Besides the Bishop and Rev. Mr. Armitage, there were present Revs. Langfeldt, Davidson and Tifft.

After the services, a reception was tendered to the Bishop in the basement of the Church.

Dismiss Your Fears

There is no need of soiling the hands in using the Diamond Dyes. While the goods are in the bath tub, just lift and stir them with two sticks, and see how easy it is to dye with Diamond Dyes, and how little need there is for soiling the hands in the dyeing operation. Diamond Dyes are made in all the new and fashionable colors, and one package will dye as much material as three packages of any other make of dye. Diamond Dyes give the richest colors to fabrics heavy and fine; you get grand results when dyeing the heaviest cloths and blankets or the finest lawns and muslins.

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are worth seeing. Send your address at once to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., and you will be supplied with sheets of newest designs.

CRYSTAL WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McWilliams of Town Married 15 Years—Event Celebrated

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McWilliams, who reside on Bolivar street, celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding on Tuesday evening. A large number of their friends gathered at their residence to participate in the celebration. The evening was very pleasantly spent in various popular methods of entertainment, to which Mr. and Mrs. McWilliams contributed in a most hospitable manner. During the evening they were the recipients of many congratulations and well wishes, and numerous handsome and appropriate gifts.

Cathedral Wedding

At St. Peter's cathedral yesterday morning, Rev. Dr. O'Brien united in marriage, Mr. Michael Bird, of town, and Miss Annie Hawley, of Hastings. Miss Maggie Bird was bridesmaid, and Mr. Jas. Bird assisted the groom.

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 50 cents.—3 Sold by S. E. Ebbs.

Bovril

Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion. Why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11.50
1	30½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	36 in.	10½ in.	15.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	18.50
4	41 in.	15 in.	25.00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard rooms the size of which is 45 by 33 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

THE POULTRY SHOW

The Attendance Yesterday was Fair—The Show Closes To-Night

The poultry exhibition was very well attended yesterday notwithstanding the unfavorable weather. A large number of birds arrived late on Tuesday night and yesterday morning, and to-day the coops are full. Mr. True, who is the poultry judge completed his task early yesterday afternoon. He was very busy and had some very particular work before him in awarding the prizes, the birds were all of the one standard and it was very difficult to decide which one was the best.

A large number of pigeons are on exhibition also a large cage of canaries.

The exhibit of dressed poultry is not as large as it might be, the exhibit however is fine and well prepared.

There is on exhibition in one of the coops a very rare bird. The entry card gives the variety as, American boar, Wild Cockerel from Japan and is said to be an exhibit of Lord Kitchener. Judging from the appearance of the bird he should be a splendid fighter as he has great spurs. The public are notified that this bird may be rather cross and must not try to feed him with candies as his disposition is treacherous his name would signify. This bird is of various colors, red green, purple and yellow.

The exhibition will be open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m., to-day but as a number of exhibitors will remove their birds at 5 p.m. the public should make it a point to visit the show at an earlier hour when they will see the entire exhibit.

SPORTING ITEMS

The rinks played last night at the Charlotte street rink according to the schedule drawn up and resulted as follows,—

No. 1 Ice.

Roy (skip) 13 Gibson (skip) 11.

No. 2 Ice.

Kempson (skip) 16 Davidson (skip) 7.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchant, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

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This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........ ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports, QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

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A. G. P. A, Toronto

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SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The Ferreira Paid a Dividend of 450 Per Cent in 1898 and a 150 Per Cent on Account of 1899 (June). Before War was Declared.

Gold output of Transvaal mines for 1898, 4,555,000 ozs. $76,500,000.

Gold output for Transvaal mines for 1899, (9 months) 4'101,441 ozs, $70,000,0.0.

A very attractive method which enables the small invester to speculate in South African Stocks is by the formation of a "combination," or "trust." It is also the safest way. By this we mean that shares should be purchased in say five different companies, and by this method the possibility of loss is considerably reduced, as should one or more of the selections prove unprofitable, the profits on the others will more than likely compensate for any loss and prove sufficient to make the whole transaction remunerative.

Below will be found combination showing number of shares, present value and amount required, viz. $115.79, to carry them on 20 per cent margin. This combination will, we believe, show a good profit in a short time Prices mentioned subject to change:

COMBINATION No. 1.

20 Klerksdorp at £14 9s, $71 90 per cent	$14.38
20 Witkopje at £15, $73 12, 20 per cent	14.63
20 Heidelburgs at £19 $92 62, 20 per cent	18.53
20 Salisbury at £1 7s 6d, $134.06, 20 per cent	26.81
20 Buluwayo Exp. at £2, 2s, 6d., $207.18	41.44
	$115.79

We shall be pleased to give particulars of other combinations Write for booklet which will be ready about the end of January.

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Wm Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Moses, 83 King street East, Toronto.

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VOL. 28 NO. 20 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY JANUARY 24 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

PROPOSED NAVY FOR COLONY OF AUSTRALIA

Will the New Commonwealth Create a Strong Navy of Its Own?

BRITAIN IS NOT IN FAVOR OF THE IDEA

Would Prefer That the Great Colony Would Assist the Mother Land in Contributing to the British Navy

London, Jan. 24—One of the important questions which the Government of the New Australian Commonwealth will have to decide is whether it will contribute a sum of money to the British Admiralty, the contribution to be used in strengthening the Royal Navy, or whether it will create and maintain a navy of its own. The British Admiralty has advised the former course, and Admiral Beaumont has urged it in a memorandum addressed to Lord Hopetoun, the Governor General. For a time it seemed certain that the advice would be followed. The Military and Naval Defence Bill introduced in the Australian Parliament by Sir John Forrest, the Minister of Defence, treated the protection of Australia as if it were purely a question of land warfare. It contemplated the organization of a land force numbering ultimately nearly three-quarters of a million men, but the construction of not a single ship. Of late, however, there have been signs of a reaction in Australian opinion. Sir John Forrest himself now realizes that there is a naval as well as a military side to Australian policy. In a recent speech he declared: "I am convinced that the present policy of mere payments of money to the Imperial Government in return for naval defence furnished entirely by that Government will not satisfy the people of Australia." This view of the matter finds advocates even in the British press. The Spectator, for example, warmly approves the plan of forming a separate Australian navy.

As a matter of fact, the Australian colonies have for some time been doing something for their own sea defence. All the States have naval reserves; Queensland, Victoria, South Australia and New Zealand have gunboats of their own. It certainly does seem that confederation ought to quicken, instead of chilling, the sea life of Australia and that, even from an imperial point of view, it would be a mistake to miss the opportunity of training a school of Australian seamen. Australia is an island-continent, and the volume of its sea-borne trade is to-day double that of the whole Russian Empire. Under the circumstances it would seem expedient that Australians should be specially encouraged to develop the naval side of their own defence. The Spectator explodes the fallacy which lurks in the argument put forward by the British Admiralty, the argument, namely, that Australia will defend herself best by increasing the sea-power of Britain, and that the best way to do this is by supplying money to augment the imperial sea-going fleet. While this sounds plausible, it is misleading, because, as a matter of fact, a cash contribution made by Australia would not add a penny to the naval strength of the Empire. It would merely relieve the British taxpayer to a certain extent. If the United Kingdom received no cash contribution from Australia, it would spend not a farthing less upon its fleet, but would estimate the naval needs of the Empire exactly as before. If, on the other hand, Australia spent her money on providing a naval contingent of her own, the naval force provided by her would be a real addition to the Empire's naval strength, just as her military contingents are real additions to the imperial land forces. She would have called into existence not only extra ships and guns, but, what is far more important, extra men.

As for the assertion that Australian ships would have to be built by the British Government and commanded by British officers, the Spectator contends that it would be better for Australia, like Japan, to place its orders with private firms. It is not disputed that, until Australian naval officers were trained, it would be wise to place the Australian navy under a British Admiral, just as Australian military forces are placed under an experienced British General. But, according to the Spectator, the aim should be to qualify Australian officers as quickly as possible to take command of their own ships, in order that the Australian community might acquire a keen personal interest in sea-power, and its maintenance. In certain matters, no doubt, there would have to be a strict agreement between the Australian Naval Office and the British Admiralty, especially in the matter of the guns and the ammunition used. So, also, outside of their own waters, Australian warships would naturally be attached to some imperial squadron. A foreign cruise would practically mean a loan of the vessel to the British Admiralty.

It is probable enough that the existence of an Australian squadron would make the people of Australia turn their attention to the sea, as nothing else would. It is certain, too that the Australian Commonwealth, with its huge seaboard and considerable maritime population, ought to supply a naval reserve of seven or eight thousand seamen. The time may come when the British Empire will regret a failure to turn such resources to account.

KRUGERISM AT HOME BEING DISPOSED

The Calumny From Which the British Empire is Suffering

A LOT OF LYING STATEMENTS

How Traitors at Home Injure the British Cause—W. T. Stead's Lying Proclivities

London, Jan. 24—It seems that much of the calumny the British Empire suffers from in foreign countries originates within the Empire. This is notably exemplified by some investigation work which has recently been done by the London Daily Chronicle.

Mr. Maxwell, the Standard correspondent, in his spirited denunciation of this campaign of calumny has declared that the libels were manufactured in Germany. The Daily Chronicle has unquestionably tracked down the lying story of the maltreatment of the Boer women in the Irene camp to a leaflet printed in the United States by C. D. Pierce, "Consul-General of the Orange Free State," reproducing an interview with a certain Fred LaValle which appeared in the Clarion Ledger of Jackson, Missouri, for May 14th, 1901.

On the back of these leaflets are anonymous letters, purporting to come from English people, ordering supplies of these documents, of which they had come to know "through the Stop-the-War Committee office in London," or through the Pro-Boer journals. One of the leaflets prints a statement about Kitchener's "Hints to kill prisoners," which is given on the authority of what purports to be an extract from a Pro-Boer newspaper in London.

The trail is followed up one stage further by a correspondent in Monday's Chronicle, who quotes from Mr. W. T. Stead's circular, "British Atrocities in South Africa," issued on November 7th, 1901, a passage in which the writer, after charging the Government with inflicting death by famine, on women and children, asks: "Is cannibalism less awful than the enforced degradation of matron and maid, compelled by hunger, to submit to the extremity of shame in British camp and Kaffir kraal?" The "foul and filthy lies," are, in their origin neither of German nor American fabrication.

As we have before had occasion to point out, more damage is being done to our common country by those who simply are trying to embarrass the Government of England for party reasons, than by the paid work of foreign Krugerites.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE AND LETTER

Commission Appointed to Consider Biblical Interpretation

DISTINCT CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

One Holds That the Scriptures Should be Broadly Interpreted, the Other That They Should be Strictly Read

Rome, Jan. 23.—The announcement of the Tablet that a special Pontifical Commission had been appointed for the consideration of all questions concerned with Biblical studies has caused great dissatisfaction at the Vatican, for it appears that the Pope had pledged the Commission to absolute secrecy. The Commission will have a most arduous task in determining the degree of inspiration of the different books of the bible. There are two distinct tendencies in Roman Catholic circles. There are those who would give a somewhat broad and liberal interpretation to the Scriptures and others who would have only a literal interpretation. Three years ago Mgr. d'Hulst, one of the most eminent of the French clergy maintained that the inspiration of the Bible was limited to passages relating to morals and doctrine. This opinion, at the instigation of the Jesuits, was condemned by an encyclical letter issued by the Pope. This letter, however, did not convey the idea that the Pope claimed infallibility in making his protest, and, in fact, it seemed later on that he was disposed to adopt a broad view of the interpretation of Scripture. Last year an eminent French Dominican and Orientalist, residing at Jerusalem, Father Lagrange, maintained in the Dominican Review that the story of paradise and of Eve and the apple should be regarded not as a reality, but simply as a symbol or legend. The Jesuits tried hard to secure the Pope's condemnation of this opinion, but failed to do so. In fact, it was intimated to Father Lagrange that he was free to hold the opinion he had expressed, and that he would have the protection of the Vatican. This little incident, which is not generally known, shows what an arduous conflict has been going on round the Pope on this question of the interpretation of the bible.

TOO OLD AT 23.

London, Jan. 23.—The Admiralty have given instructions for the armor-plated coast defence ships Gorgon and Hecate to be placed on the non-effective list of the Royal Navy as unfit for further service as effective ships of war. The Gorgon and Hecate are sister ships of 3,480 tons displacement and belong to the same class as the Cyclops, which was recently condemned as unfit for further service. These ships were built just 23 years ago.

London, Jan. 22.—A 50-page supplement to Friday's "London Gazette," was issued last night, containing the names of 7,624 bodies which have forwarded to the Home Secretary for presentation to His Majesty King Edward VII. addresses and resolutions expressive of sympathy of the King and the Royal Family on the occasion of the lamented death of her late Majesty Queen Victoria, and congratulations to the King upon his accession to the throne. It is a wonderful list, catholic to a degree, embracing political bodies of all complexions, religious bodies of all denominations, commercial, municipal, judicial, professional, bodies, learned institutions, charities, hospitals, school boards, men's societies, women's societies. It is as though every aggregation of human beings everywhere in the British Isles that could, by hook or crook, be called a "body" had risen up with one accord to hail the King. The only individual in the list appears to be Mrs. Hogg-flesh.

AMAZING MAIDEN TRIP.

London, Jan. 23.—The steamer Cymric, of Glasgow, which recently arrived at Baltimore, has made a remarkable "maiden" trip. She left Greenock in September, 1900, a new vessel, and has since steamed twice round the world, covering 57,000 miles, and calling at over fifty ports. During the fourteen months the Cymric has burnt 5,000 tons of coal.

LIQUID FUEL V. COAL.

London, Jan. 22.—The destroyer Surly, which for the past two years has been used for the purpose of experiments with liquid fuel, has been ordered to carry out a twenty-four hours' trial at sea. Up to the present one of the greatest obstacles encountered has been the thick volume of black smoke belched forth from the vessel's funnels whenever her furnaces were in full blast. The oil used is a thick mineral product, not unlike coal tar in appearance, and bears no resemblance to that used for domestic purposes. It is blown from the tanks into the furnaces by a steam spray, which distributes it upon a bed of Welsh coal, and the Admiralty are endeavoring to solve the problem of how to make it act satisfactorily in boilers designed for coal heating. So far the experiments have not given very promising results, but although dearer than coal, liquid fuel has many advantages, not the least being a considerable economy of labor.

AMBUSHED BY TORPEDOES.

Cherbourg, Jan. 23.—The armored cruiser Admiral Trehouart came into port to-day. On her way here she was waited for by the submarines, Morse, Narval, and Francais, which were submerged and attacked her from below. The Morse torpedoed the Admiral Trehouart, which in actual warfare would have been destroyed. The experiments are looked upon by the naval officers as being very important.

Philadelphia, Jan. 23.—Walter W. Bell, a journalist and real estate man of this place, was one of the 32 men who organized 46 years ago the Last Man Brotherhood.

The brotherhood bought a bottle of the finest wine the world could afford. This was to be opened and drank by the last man when all his fellows were dead. Then the brotherhood went ahead with its annual banquets. This year finds Mr. Bell the last man. All his 31 fellows are dead. So he will hold the banquet on the regular date and drink the bottle of wine.

THINKS COW SERUM CURES CONSUMPTION

A Brooklyn Physician Claims to be Able to Beat Consumption

A YOUNG WOMANS RECOVERS

Other Doctors Inclined to Discredit Confident Claims—Animal Said Declared to Have Been Free from Tuberculosis

New York, Jan. 23.—Emma H. King, the trained nurse, who was inoculated with consumption germs some time ago and later treated with serum from a cow, has wholly recovered from the operation, and Dr. George H. Barney of South Brooklyn points to the fact as proof of his theory that tuberculosis can be cured.

Shortly after Miss King received the hypodermic injection of tubercular bacilli from a patient, the doctor announced that the young woman had the disease. Then he trotted out the tuberculous cow and from the serum he prepared gave the patient injections of it.

The board of public health one day seized the cow and killed it, and the surgeon said there was no trace of disease about the animal.

Miss King has returned to Brooklyn and is feeling very well. This shows, the doctor says, that consumptive cow serum is the real thing for those who have tuberculosis. Other physicians say he is prejudiced in his belief and that it is only his own opinion.

Boycott on Germans Grows

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—The Polish boycott of German goods is spreading. The Association of Agricultural and Cooperative Societies, covering several provinces around Vilna, has passed a resolution not to purchase any more German products. Many firms which had always handled German agricultural machinery and implements are now exclusively ordering implements and machinery of American manufacture.

The Cause of Nervous Headache

This most distressing and common malady doubtless has its origin in some unbalanced condition of the nervous system. Probably the simplest, safest and most efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. Twenty drops in sweetened water gives immediate relief, and this treatment should be supplemented by bathing the region of pain with Nerviline. To say it acts quickly fails to express the result. Sold everywhere in large 25c. bottles.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

ANNUAL MEETING HELD YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

In the Council Chamber—Satisfactory Reports Presented by the Secretary-Treasurer and Agent of the Society

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held in the Town Council Chamber at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The attendance was very good. Among those present were,—Mr. J. J. McBain, Pres., Mr. R. M. Dennistoun, Sec., Mr. P. Campbell, Treas., George Cochrane Agent, Rev. Father McColl, Rev. Dr. Torrance, Rev. Armitage, Rev. J. P. Wilson, Mr. H. Burnham, Wm. Henry and Mrs. Garvin.

The report of the Secretary, Mr. R. M. Dennistoun, was read as follows:—

SECRETARY'S REPORT

During the past year the progress of the Society has been steady and uniform. There has never been a day when there were not children in the Shelter being cared for by our competent Matron, and in addition, there has been a steady run of quiet work which has been done without attracting much attention from outside. A careful record has been kept of all the children placed in foster homes and the reports of the Provincial Visitor, as received from Mr. Kelso, have been examined and where necessary action has been taken upon them. Many cases have been investigated and warnings have been given to parents whose conduct towards their children, while not sufficiently cruel to justify the Society in taking possession of the children, was yet of such a nature as to call for interference. It is believed that, the influence of the Society has proved a powerful factor in the community, in many cases where no direct action has been taken. Parents now know that there is an organization which can reach them, and many are afraid of the disgrace of an exposure, with the result that there are fewer local cases of cruelty to children reported than formerly.

The following is an outline of a few of the cases dealt with during the year.

Case F.—A very pretty little girl of twelve years of age; father insane mother dead: completely placed in a good foster home where she is highly thought of.

Case S.—A little boy of four years of age and his sister aged eight years; placed in the Shelter under order of the Magistrate. Both children now with well-to-do farmers who are acting as faithful foster parents.

Case F.—This child was placed in the Shelter on the 24th, Oct. 1900, and remained there until the 18th. Oct. 1901. The reason being that he had a defect in his eyesight which prevented his adoption by foster parents. He was finally sent to Mr. Kelso in Toronto for treatment.

Case S.—This child was weak minded and remained in the Shelter 122 days. He was then admitted to the Asylum at Orillia. His parents were both insane and there was no place for the child but the common gaol if the Society had not intervened.

Case H.—This case was from the Township of Belmont. The stepfather is serving a term in the penitentiary; mother left without means of supporting the child. Placed in good home.

Case E.—A child, eighteen months of age, illegitimate; mother unable to provide for child. Placed in the Shelter for a short time when it was adopted by an excellent family.

Case A.—A boy, fourteen years of age; destitute. Put in charge of a farmer under contract with the Society; has now $35 in the Bank and is making his own living.

Case B.—A child, living under very distressing circumstances with stepfather. Placed in the Shelter under order of the Magistrate and now in a good home in Town.

Case D.—A little girl, five and one half years of age, illegitimate, now in a good home in town.

Case W.—Two little boys; mother in gaol on charge of insanity father utterly unable or willing to provide for children. Taken from the back country and placed in comfortable homes. And so we might go on at considerable length.

One of the pleasantest duties of this department is to receive and record the reports upon the children who have been placed in foster homes. As a rule the child is found to be healthy, happy, attending school, receiving religious instruction and a knowledge of household or farm work, at the same time gaining the affection of the foster parents. Those of us who know the utterably deplorable condition of the same children a few months previously have reason to be well satisfied with the results.

THE SHELTER.

The Shelter is warm, comfortable and well managed. Mr. and Mrs. Henry not only perform the routine duties of their office well but in addition gain the affection of the children under their charge. Nineteen children were admitted during the year. Ten of these were town children and nine from the Country. Three children were on hand when the year began making 22 for 1901.

POLICE COURT

One of the Society's Solicitors has attended the trial of all juvenile offenders and has offered to the Magistrate all assistance possible in investigation and disposing of such cases. In a number of instances children have been allowed their liberty upon the undertaking of our Society to keep an eye upon them as far as possible.

ILLEGITIMACY.

In several instances illegitimate children have been taken into the Shelter as it has been made a rule that no case of cruelty, destitution or desertion will be refused admission.

WARNINGS ETC.

Our agent Mr. Cochrane has been active in the discharge of his duties. Many cases have been investigated, warnings served, and truants reproved. Parents have been notified of daughters who were keeping late hours and undesirable company. All communications are treated as confidential and those who call upon the Society to take action need have no fear of consequences to themselves.

FINANCES.

Sufficient funds have been forthcoming, often from very unexpected sources, to keep us out of debt. Thanks are due to many contributors and public institutions for moneys received.

We trust it will not be forgotten that we rely on the kind and continued support of charitable people for the future. Over $17,000, was bequeathed to the New York Society last year.

We hope our Canadian people when making their wills will remember our Children's Aid Society as there is no sweeter charity in the world to-day than the rescue from cruelty and destitution of the little children.

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.

Thanks are again due to several members of the medical profession for kind services rendered during the year with great cheerfulness.

I append a number of reports received from the Government Visitor, Mrs. Harvey. Of course all the reports are not as favorable as the ones attached but the latter are a fair sample.

A number of communications were read from the Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children stating that the different wards of the Society had been visited and were all in good homes where they were receiving careful training and were being well cared for.

Rev. W. L. Armitage, moved, seconded by Rev. J. P. Wilson, that the report be adopted,—Carried.

Mr. H. Burnham said it was particularly gratifying to the Society and others that the work of the Society was in such a flourishing condition and that the work done had proved so satisfactory showing that the offices were in close touch with the work to be done.

Mr. P. Campbell, Treasurer, presented the financial statement for the year 1901. The receipts have been very good and although the expenses were considerable still there was a balance to the credit of the Society amounting to $261.80. This report was very satisfactory and was adopted as read.

Mr. Geo. Cochrane, Agent of the Society, presented his annual report as follows.

Continued on page 4.

LATEST FROM OTTAWA

The Senate Still Tory by Small Majority

THE DIVORCE LAW RULING

The Forthcoming Session of Parliament Likely to be a Short One

Salmon Eggs Ship Well—A Grist of News From The Dominion Cabinet.

Special to The Times

Ottawa, Ont. Jan. 24—The result of the by-elections has not affected the standing of the two parties, and will not affect their relative strength during the next session of Parliament, which opens on February 13. Even in the instance where a constituency went Conservative by a small majority the incident was of no significance, more than that the Liberals, knowing the immense majority they have in the house, do not mind in the least if this is cut down a little.

In addition to that it is a fact that the Senate, which has so long during Laurier's tenure of the Premiership been of an opposition majority, is fast turning Liberal. The Conservative majority has almost disappeared. They were motley old gentlemen, these senators, and in Canada, as differing from the United States, senators are not elected, but appointed by the Government for life, so that when a Government changes the new Government may have a majority in the house and yet a minority in the Senate, through which all its bills could be thrown out.

SENATE STILL CONSERVATIVE

At the present time the Senate stands forty-three Conservatives to thirty-four Liberals, but there are four vacancies, and they may be counted virtually as Liberals. The Premier will not hesitate to fill these before Parliament meets, so that the Senate will then have forty-three Conservatives against thirty-eight Liberals. This gives the opposition a majority of five, but as there is every likelihood of at least that number being absent at different times through sickness and advanced age this majority will not trouble the Government very much. When the four appointments mentioned have been filled it will mean thirty appointments made by Laurier during his five and a half years in power, as against forty-one appointments made by the Conservative leaders during the eighteen years that they have been in power.

As stated before, the Senate used to be made up almost entirely of old men, men whose voices could not be heard in debate by those in the gallery, and there have been instances of men having been brought from their homes on stretchers to vote on important questions. Since the Liberals came into power, however, they have been steadily dying off, and it has been Premier Laurier's policy to appoint middle-aged, vigorous men, whose aggressive attack in the Senate probably will drive the remnant of the old gentlemen holding the seats to their graves.

Little can as yet be said about the work that will be done during the coming session. But it would be very strange if somehow or other the temperate matter, although really of direct interest only to the provinces of Manitoba and Ontario, were not brought up.

The latest in both provinces is the impending "referendum." In both provinces the Government is trying to save itself with this. The question of prohibition was in the first place submitted to the populace by means of a plebiscite, and the populace voted in favor of it. Then the Privy Council voted that temperance legislation was quite legal for the provinces to pass, and now the Governments of both provinces are so afraid that the people did not know what they were doing when they asked for prohibition that they have decided to give them a chance to put themselves on record once more by means of this ingenious affair called a "referendum."

It need not be thought, however, that the referendum is a certainty, for it will in all probability take a few weeks at least yet for the different political forces in the provinces to agree upon the exact proportion of the vote that is to settle the question. Some favor a straight majority of the votes cast and others a majority of the possible vote to be cast. It looks very much, however, as if they would decide upon accepting 62 1-2 per cent. of the actual vote cast to bring prohibition into effect.

DIVORCE LAW RULING LIKED

There is a name which at the present time is blessed by hundreds of Canadians, and that is the name of Chief Justice Meredith of Ontario. His pronouncement regarding the Canadian divorce law has met with considerable approval. There are very few people in Canada who favor the dispatch with which divorces are granted in certain states of the union, but there is a feeling that if there is a provision in the law at all for divorces that they should be made available to the poor as well as to the rich.

As the situation is at present only very wealthy people can afford the expense, and to this Chief Justice Meredith referred in his decision in the case of Joshua Curtis. This was one of those accusations for bigamy that have set the people of Canada, who have had divorces granted to them in the United States and have married again here by the ears.

He procured a divorce from his first wife in Kansas City, the wife defending the action, and afterward he married a second wife at Niagara, both being Canadians. They were arrested by the provincial authorities, who have started in on an anti-American the jury on the technical point that they were British subjects and that American divorces could not affect them.

The Chief Justice took the case from the jury on the technical point that there was no proof that Curtis was a British subject, but his real opinion was shown when he said that there was no evidence that the prisoner wished to evade the Canadian criminal law, but that in his opinion he evidently went to the United States to get rid of the injustice which limits divorce here to Parliament, where nine-tenths of the citizens cannot go on account of the expense involved, to rid themselves of unhappy marriages.

SALMON EGGS SHIP WELL

The Government, or rather the Fishery Department, is much pleased at the success they have had with the shipment of salmon eggs to New Zealand. They were sent out last year via San Francisco and were sent, together with California Salmon eggs, in charge of United States officials. Word was received at the Department that, although a number of them perished on the trip, 200,000 were in good living condition when they arrived.

The border officials of the United States Customs Service feel highly elated over the capture of the old Jew who had thousands of dollars' worth of gems hidden away in little bags that were sewn in the armpits of his undershirt. They claim that they have been looking for this man for years and never managed to catch him till now. They had a large number of special men here for some time watching for the importation of the unset jewels, which can be made free into this country.

Their eagerness however, to believe all the information that was given them just about that time caused them to make a mistake in the case of the President of the Montreal Lacrosse Club and one of the directors of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, who, being a working jeweler with a reputable business, was in the habit of carrying a few trinkets amounting to about $100 in value in his waistcoat pocket. An enemy denounced him as a smuggler, and he was nabbed. They let him out on $500 bail, however, and he now threatens suit against the United States and is a martyr among his friends who number among them the best men in Montreal and Ottawa.

The people upon whom the eyes of the United States customs are fixed just now, however, are some of the wholesale furriers, who make a practice of selling cheap and agreeing to see that the purchases are sent to the States duty free. Some of these in Canada have for years been so situated that they cannot cross the borders, and of late seizures have been made, which will prevent a few more from doing so.

From Austria to Aid Boers.

London, Jan. 23.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Buda-Pesth says that Baron Paul Bourovlinis, who has served with the Boers, and Baron Lussens will leave Buda-Pesth in February with a strong body of recruits for the Transvaal.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs,—Friday. A few light local snowfalls or flurries, but mostly fair and moderately cold.

The severe storm has now reached Nova Scotia, attended by heavy gales and rain. The heavy snowstorm embraced the country from Lake Ontario to the Gulf of St. Lawrence. A cold wave is moving into Alberta this morning, the first this month. A [illegible] is also [illegible] to Texas.

HAMILTON AND METHUEN MAKE ANOTHER HAUL

Methuen, After a Running Fight of Eight Miles, Captured All the Boer Waggons and Cattle

BOERS CAPTURED IN ORANGE RIVER COLONY

1,100 Boers Move Eastward Toward the Brandwater Basin—Another Canadian Ill—Scheepers' Execution

Ladybrand, Jan. 23.—Tennant's column encountered a large Boer force under Commandant Rautenbach near Witney on Monday. The Boers had a large amount of grain, a quantity of stock, and eighty waggons. The British captured a lot of the grain, which was burned.

The burghers offered only a slight resistance. They removed three of their wounded. Later they were reinforced by 150 men from the north. The Koos commando has also been reinforced, and now numbers 250 men. They have twelve waggons containing families.

To-day and yesterday 1,100 Boers moved eastward towards the Brandwater basin. A number of Boer refugees have arrived here from Ficksburg.

London, Jan. 23.—Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Johannesburg, Transvaal Colony, dated Tuesday, January 21, says—General Methuen overtook a Boer command near Boschpoort January 20, and, after a running fight of eight miles, captured all their waggons and cattle and twenty-four Boers.

General Bruce Hamilton made a night march against General Botha, near Witbank, January 18, and captured twenty-seven of the Boers.

ANOTHER CANADIAN ILL.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—A cable to the Governor-General from Mr. Chamberlain to-day, states that Haliburton Jackson, of the S.A.C., is dangerously ill from Nephritis and dysentry at Heidelburg. His mother is Mrs. Jackson, of Moose Land, Halifax.

HOWARD'S MURDER IN SOUTH AFRICA

Lieut. Jeff Davis Was on Scene Ten Minutes After Tragedy

CANADIAN SCOUT ON THE WAR

He Contends That the Struggle in South Africa is Not Nearly Finished

Montreal, Jan. 24—Jeff Davis was at the Windsor Hotel yesterday—or rather, Lieutenant Jeff Davis, who, for some time now, has been fighting the battles of the Empire in South Africa.

Lieut Davis, who, as scout, was attached to the Canadian Mounted Rifles had a good deal of interesting information to communicate about the present situation in South Africa.

"It is quite impossible," said he, "to make any forecast at present with regard to the war are in South Africa It is my opinion that the war is a considerable distance yet from a satisfactory conclusion. I think that the probabilities are that a very considerable period will elapse before the struggle is over, and as for the predictions frequently made to the effect that the horizon will be cleared before the coronation, why no one can make such forecast with any degree of certainty. Personally, I believe the war will be still going on then as now.

"The great trouble is the immense country which the British forces have to cover in their operations. The troops stand every chance in this wilderness of getting into all sorts of ambuscades, owing to their officers' ignorance of the country. Every column which starts out on an enterprise seems to be watched, and the news of the movements of the British forces is communicated to the Boers in the most astonishingly effective manner. The result is that when the British column thinks it has the enemy in a tight place at the end of days of weary marching, why they find the Boers have completely disappeared, and are nowhere to be seen. This is most wearing on, and disappointing to the British troops.

"It seems to be almost impossible to deal with these Boers, they are so mobile and elusive. They won't fight, but are repeatedly getting away and without the reach of the British arms. They are well nigh impossible to deal with in daytime, and the only chance to strike an effective blow at them is at night, and you can understand the difficulty of carrying on operations under these circumstances.

"The English soldier is brave—as brave as can be, but he is not the man for the style of warfare prevailing in South Africa. He will fight hard and rigidly, obey orders under all circumstances, but he cannot take the initiative. He can obey, but he cannot plan. Thrown upon his own resources in the field, he is sadly at sea. He cannot reason out a definite plan of action with the necessary swiftness. He is not individually a reliable military agent.

"Very different is the material which Canada and Australia has sent to South Africa. Here we have bodies of troops eminently fitted for scouting. Men who have all their lives been accustomed to act on their own initiative in their various callings, and who quickly make up their minds upon an emergency and having decided are in a position to take the full responsibility for their actions."

It would be hard to calculate the immense amount of assistance which has been rendered to the British arms in South Africa by the troops which have been sent thither by the colonies of Canada and Australia.

"Yes, I know 'Gat' Howard. In fact, I was at his side about ten minutes after he was foully murdered. Poor 'Gat' was brave, but he met his end at last. He had got separated from the main column, was surrounded and had given up his arms, when he was cruelly shot and killed by a man I know well and who is yet alive. This man shot him through the mouth and also through the shoulder. The orderly was also killed and a Kaffir servant was shot but feigning death managed to afterwards escape. I came up about ten minutes later, but Howard was dead, and nothing could be done."

Lieut. Davis is returning to his home at Calgary, N.W.T. He may return later to South Africa.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at [illegible] per year payable in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 24, 1902

Curious Bits of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

It is not surprising that more people live to be over 100 years old in warm climates than in the higher latitudes. The German Empire, with 56,000,000 inhabitants, has 778 centenarians. France, with 40,000,000, has 213. England has only 146, and Scotland 46. Sweden has 10, Norway 23, Belgium 5, Denmark 2, Spain 401, and Switzerland none. Servia, with a population of 2,250,000, has 575 people over 100 years old. It is claimed that the oldest living person, one Bruno Cotrim, living in Rio de Janeiro, is 180 years old.

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 35."

In comparison with the English tongue, foreign tongues seem parsimonious in some ways of expression and wasteful in others. For instance, it is impossible to "kick" a man in French. You must give him a "blow with the foot." The Portuguese do not "wink" at one; they "close and open the eyes." In the languages of the American Indians there is no word with which to convey the idea of "stealing," perhaps because the idea of property is so vague. It is related of one of the early missionaries that, in attempting to translate the Bible into Algonkin, he could find no word to express "love," and was compelled to invent it.

The first thing that strikes a landsman on a man-of-war is the rigid discipline observed everywhere. On some of the ships belonging to the tropical countries, however, discipline is very lax. The "Defense," a Haytian man-of-war, was lying in the harbor of Port au Prince. One day a mess cook, for some reason, cleaned about a peck of knives and forks on the gun-deck, and, being suddenly called away, and not wishing to spend time to go to the galley, he seized the mess-pot full of knives and forks and stuck it in the muzzle of the ten-inch gun, putting the tampion in after it. About an hour afterward the admiral came aboard, and as the gun was loaded with blank cartridge, they used it to fire a salute. It happened that the gun was aimed toward the town, and almost pointblank at the Grand Hotel. The guests assembled on the porch to witness the ceremonies, when they were saluted with a rain of knives and forks, which stuck against the wooden walls like quills on a porcupine. Fortunately no one was hurt, although there were many narrow escapes.

A Famous Necklace.

The famous pearl necklace of the Countess Castiglione, which has just been sold by auction to a French jewelry [illegible] for eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars, is one of the most beautiful things of its kind in existence. The piece consists of two hundred and seventy-nine pearls, which are [illegible] in five strings. Each string [illegible] put up separately and knocked down to different bids. Granberg of Paris succeeded in securing all of them, thus giving him possession of the beautiful necklace in its entirety. The countess was an eccentric character. To punish France for having become a republic she shut herself up in her house and never let the light of day shine on her, contenting herself with candles and gas. At the same time she abolished mirrors from her apartments, and thus spared herself the pain of looking at her face as it aged.

Live up to your engagement. Keep your own secrets, if you have any.

When you speak to a person, look him in the face.

Down on the Modern Theater.

EVERYONE is familiar with General Sherman's famous definition of war. The great Italian actress, Eleanora Duse, now applies the same harsh epithet to stage life. She says it is "hell—downright hell."

Duse has confessed to an interviewer that she is "tired of the theater, but not of art, tired of the theatrical part of stage life, tired of the necessary cooperation of artists, managers, sceneshifters and lamp-lighters."

"Yes," she continued, "I am tired of all and everything liable to obstruct my artistic endeavors and to interfere with my plans, executed or intended. I am dreaming of entering the lecture platform, but will do things in quite a different way from the ordinary.

"I mean to enliven the lecture platform and broaden its scope by retaining some of the stage's features. My American tour will be my swan's song as far as stageland is concerned.

"After that I will endeavor to realize this dream of making the world acquainted with the great masterpieces of literature without detracting their attention by undue scenic effects and the awkwardness or stupidity of actors playing incidental parts.

"One or two ladies or gentlemen will be engaged as my assistants, merely to look their parts and give me the cue. As for myself, I couldn't think of assuming several roles as some do at dramatic recitals.

"I needn't repeat," she continued, "that I leave the stage without regret, yet at the same time I am almost forced to do something of the kind. I can't be for ever playing Dumas and Sardou, Ibsen and Sudermann. No one of account is writing new plays for me, and those that are written might as well remain unacted.

"I tell you la Duse is threatened by literary famine. Shall I wait until the public tires of my repertoire? Besides, I must rid myself of the slavery of stage life. That's no life at all. I assure you it is hell, downright hell."

Curious Whims.

Eccentricity is often nothing but the exaggeration of individuality, as with a scholar of some distinction who died towards the end of the last century. His peculiarity expressed itself in the way in which he tried to carry his scholarship, or the symbolism of it, into the grave. By the terms of his will he left six thousand guineas to his sister on condition that his funeral was carried out on curiously-prescribed lines. His coffin was painted green, and was followed by only six gentlemen—no relatives being invited—who were to receive ten guineas each provided they did not dress in black. The body was fully dressed. Under the head was placed a copy of Horace, and at the feet Bentley's Milton. In one hand was a pocket edition of Horace, and in the other a small Greek Testament; and another copy of Horace was laid underneath. The hired mourners sang over the closed grave the last stanza of the twentieth ode of the second book of Horace; and subsequently, after a generous supper, another ode was sung. "Which done," ran the final injunction of the will, "I would have them take a cheerful glass, and think no more of me." A French historian had a whimsical fancy for reading and writing by candlelight. At full noonday, in the brightest summer weather, he would have his candle by his side, and he would carry it in his hand when showing his visitors to the door.

Appearances Deceived Him.

The Bather—I like this mixed bathing idea. It's worth dressing for.

Her Friend—I had an idea from your appearance that you thought the reverse.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Wit and Wisdom From New Books.

"When the lights are out," he said; "when forever and a night the actor bids the stage farewell; when stripped of mask and tinsel, he goes home to that Auditor who set him his part; then perhaps he will be told what manner of man he is. The glass that now he dresses before tells him not; but he thinks a truer glass would show a shrunken figure."—"Audrey."

It is a miserable thing to linger on the threshold. The daring spirits pass across and close the door.—"Sister Teresa."

The devil possesses no one who does not desire him.—"Sister Teresa."

Men are born to hardship. It is the alloy which gives firmness to their metal.—"When the Land Was Young."

The over-exercise of a critical faculty is always dangerous, and by too much judging of port Benjamin ruined his career.—"The Seal of Silence."

Professional saints are very tiresome people. Amateur sinners are much more interesting.—"Casting of Nets."

To learn the worth of a man's religion, do business with him.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

Rules of grammar cannot give us a mastery of language, rules of rhetoric cannot make us eloquent, rules of conduct cannot make us good.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

A poet may be a good companion, but, so far as I know, he is even the worst of fathers.—"D'ri and I."

Altruism is a privilege rather than a duty.—"The Symphony of Life."

Heaven and hell are very real, but they are states of mind.—"The Symphony of Life."

When the law sets out to punish, it doesn't stop with the guilty only.—"The Manager of the B. and A."

They took his humor for flippancy because their own flippancy was devoid of humor.—"Men and Books."

The Up-to-Date Undertaker.

A Yankee undertaker advertises "Why live and be miserable, when you can be comfortably buried for twenty dollars?" We shall expect something of the kind over here soon. Don't be surprised when you take up your morning paper if you read this sort of thing: "Billy Morgan looked down the barrel of his daddy's gun to see where the bullet went to when it went off. The funeral was handsomely conducted by Smith & Co., who have always a large staff on hand, and are open to bury the whole neighborhood at twenty-four hours' notice. A pound of tea given away with every coffin. Order early and avoid disappointment."

The bride of William A. Clark, jr., the son of Senator W. A. Clark, the Copper King, has a dress in her trousseau made of hair-like copper wire that was created in Paris especially for her. The effect is said to be unique.

Mrs. O'Brady—Shure Oi want to bank twinty pounds. Can I draw it out quick if I want it? Postmaster—Indeed, Mrs. O'Brady, you can draw it out to-morrow if you give me a week's notice.—London "Punch."

IT'S AN ILL OMEN,

Thinks the wife, to have the wedding ring slip from the finger. "Something is going to happen."

Something is *happening*. That ring could hardly be pulled from the finger when it was put there a few years ago. Now it slips off by its own weight. How thin the fingers have grown! And the fingers don't grow thin alone. How thin the face is and how thin the once plump form. Almost unconsciously the wife has been fading and wasting away. The strength given to children has never been regained. Drains which should have been stopped have been neglected.

That is a common experience with women, unless some friend has shared with them the secret of the strengthening and healing power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates the periods, dries the drains which undermine the strength, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes the baby's advent practically painless and gives vigor and vitality to nursing mothers.

"Words cannot tell how grateful I am for your kind advice and good medicines," writes Mrs. John Cooke, of Hastings, Northumberland Co., Ontario. "I have been in poor health for four years back and this spring got so bad I could not do my work. I went to the doctor and he said I had ulceration and falling of the internal organs, but thought I would try your 'Favorite Prescription.' I took five bottles and three of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, and I can safely say that I never felt better in my life."

A Ladies' Laxative—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One single, small pellet is a laxative dose.

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Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

A Dearth of "Hold-ups."

PREVIOUS to Mr. McKinley's first inauguration, his acquaintance with the members of his Cabinet was a very slight one, only Mr. Sherman being at all intimate with the Chief Executive. The getting acquainted was rather of slow progress, as all were engrossed in their new and intricate duties. One evening the conversation chanced to turn upon the youthful ambitions of the members. Each related his early plans for the future, and when Secretary Wilson's turn came, the Iowan said: "My ambition has not yet been realized. I wanted to be worth $1,000,000 and have two good pairs of suspenders at the same time. As yet, I have neither." The Cabinet unofficially laughed at this frank confession, and Secretary Gage, after a minute, confessed that he had never simultaneously possessed two pairs of dependable suspenders. Secretary Long remarked that when he graduated from Harvard he had two pairs of new trousers, each with good new galluses, but that the experience had never responded to an encore; while the now Justice McKenna said that, although he came from the Pacific Slope, two pairs of "hold-ups" were unknown to him. Others made similar confessions, and finally Secretary Bliss, the wealthiest man present, said with a laugh: "This seems to be a strange coincidence. Last Saturday evening Mrs. Bliss came in to my study and said: 'Papa, are you going out at all this evening?' I replied that I did not so intend, and asked the reason of her question. 'Oh, nothing,' she replied, 'only if you are not, Ed'—our son—'wants to use your only good suspenders.'"

As a sort of final course to this tale, Mr. McKinley tells that Secretary Wilson related this conversation at the breakfast table the morning following. Three of his children were present. It was in the early holiday season. Each of the children sat interested and observing. Christmas came, and in the stocking of the Secretary of Agriculture were found three dozen pairs of suspenders of a high degree of excellence. The children had remembered the story. All Secretary Wilson then needed to realize his youthful ambition was the $1,000,000.

And this is one of the very few humorous stories the late President told repeatedly with gusto.

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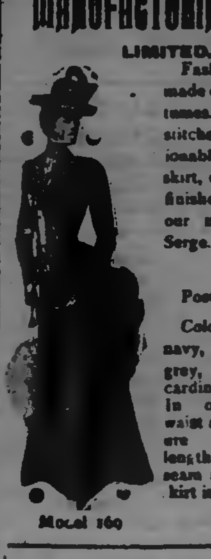

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

Lord Otway had been compelled to listen to this long speech, though each word struck deep into his wounded heart and gave him exquisite pain, with an air of outward composure. Commiseration was not possible to him, neither was indifference. Barbara was savagely delighted at sight of his white, wan face; though she was supposed to love him, and though she meant to be his wife, it was not in her nature not to rejoice at such a triumph for her jealous revenge.

She uttered many soft disappointments at losing him so soon. She was quite depressed; she had so hoped he was comfortable; that Brexley air would do him good; that they could have had long chats over parochial administrations in which she required advice like his so much, etcetera; and she would only let him go on the distinct understanding that he really and honestly would return if it were in the least degree possible. Oh! and if— if Lord Otway were to see or hear hear anything of that unfortunate girl, would he kindly let Miss Mostyn know at once!

"For," Barbara had finished, with a sigh; "I am not so prejudiced as most women are, dear Lord Otway, and I will ever go to her and again entreat her to leave her life of sin, and become penitent. Should she need any help, I will always give it to her — always, no matter what the world may be inclined to say. If we women do not put out a hand to our sinful sisters, it is a sorry thing, is it not Lord Otway?"

Ormande had shuddered and flinched, as he shuddered and flinched now whenever Barbara's shrill, clear voice rang in his ears.

And it was of Katharine she spoke, Katharine, his angel, his pure, lovely-faced saint! Katharine, the one and only being whom he had ever allowed to creep into his heart and be enthroned there. Katharine, whose image had been blended in those sweet, lost dreams of a future, when his saint and his angel should also be his wife. Was not the cup of sorrow too bitter?

No wonder a blight and a shadow had fallen on the handsome, frank young face. The prospect had been very hard to bear when she had told him his love was hopeless, but its weight was as nothing compared to now. Then, although hope was debarred him, he had the glorious, the ever sweet knowledge that he loved and was beloved.

A week had gone since that day— only a week, to Ormande it seemed one long, weary year. He had prayed so hard for comfort, for light in his darkness, for peace of mind and resignation. He had prayed for forgiveness, too, for in his humility he said, "I put her before Heaven, and I have sinned most terribly!" but though his prayers soothed they could not bring forgetfulness, and as he walked away from his aunt's carriage through the dusty, hot, August scorched streets, his heart was crying out for his love —not for the Katharine, as he knew her now, but for his pure, lovely-faced Katharine, who had seemed to him to be the earthly embodiment of one of those sweet, grave, good spirits sent sometimes by a beneficent Providence to strengthen and purify man for this earthly existence.

And then, suddenly, his thoughts changed, and with a shiver he remembered her in her lone estate, and a great flood of emotion broke loose in his heart. He had not permitted himself hitherto to dwell much on Katharine, where she was, what she was doing, or aught appertaining to her, and it seemed to him all at once as if he had been too selfish.

"I should have trodden down my own feelings, crushed my own pain. What is my broken heart to her soul's danger! Yes, yes, I have been wrong, I see it all plainly now. I must seek her out, I must find them, and by every means in my power I must try to awaken the dormant good that lies hidden in her heart. I have neglected my Master's duty; henceforth I will forget my own sorrow, forget myself to think of her and of her salvation! I will commence my task this very day, this very hour!"

And such is the strange destiny that hangs about we dwellers on this globe. While Ormande was determining this —having no clue to the whereabouts of the woman he meant to succor, imagining her to be, perhaps by now, miles away on the broad ocean —he was even then going toward her; in a few more moments they would meet!

CHAPTER XXIV.

Lord Otway was bound, as he had told his aunt, on a few hours' hard work in some of the dingiest slums in this rich, bustling, prosperous London. It was not, as he had said, exactly a neighborhood in which to take Lady Blanche, or, indeed, any refined, highly cultured woman, but he did not shrink from it. He knew every place so well, and the welcome he received, if expressed in blunt and somewhat uncouth language, was none the less pleasant to him for that.

Here, situated in the very heart of poverty and wretchedness, was a home for nursing sisters; a quiet, unpretentious place, with no pomp or outward fuss connected with it, but which, for all that, was one of the busiest and best conducted establishments it was possible to find. Lord Otway knew it well. He had had much help and sympathy from these good women in his work; he knew their value, and he set a high store upon it. Their charity was worth more than fifty such model villages and patronesses as Brexley and Barbara Mostyn any day, he said to himself.

On this afternoon, when he had conquered the excitement and emotion that followed on his sudden determination, Ormande plunged into his work. There was a great deal of sickness —fever and other ailments —and it was not long before he found he must have a coadjutor.

"If Sister Dora is not engaged she will do it," he said to himself, confidently, and he turned his footsteps to the home above mentioned.

The matron received him cordially.

"Please sit down, Lord Otway," she said, with a smile; "Sister Dora is just at this moment engaged with a lady. You look quite worn out with the heat. You must let me give you a cup of tea; yes, I insist."

The matron had observed the change in Lord Otway's face, and it had puzzled and distressed her very much.

"Sister Dora has been away for a week," she said. "She came home suddenly this morning. It seems that the gentleman she was nursing insulted her by swearing at her in a most shocking way; now you know how sweet Sister Dora is, and it must have been something very great to make her throw up any duty she had undertaken. She went to this case in a strange way. She was at Euston Station seeing a friend depart for the north when she happened to be quite close to this gentleman as he was knocked down by a cab and run over. Pitying his wife in her distress — for Sister Dora says the poor creature was like one stunned and in a dream—she offered to go home with the injured man, and there she has stayed until this morning, when she surprised me by coming back quite unexpectedly. She speaks in the highest terms of Mrs. Smythe, who ——"

Ormande sprang suddenly from his chair.

"Mrs. Smy— Smythe," he repeated, in a very quick way, and with a fierceness the matron had never seen in him before, he asked: "Tell —me, when did this happen? The date, give me the date!"

Amazed and a little alarmed, the matron obeyed, and a great sighing sob broke from his lips. If — and something seemed to tell him that this Mrs. Smythe was the one he sought —if it were so, then Katharine might yet be saved, for the date of the accident was the date of the evening of the Brexley fete, and of the day on which Katharine had eloped with Gordon Smythe.

He stood for one moment with his face grown white with agitation. If this were only so! He had no words deep enough to offer to Heaven in his gratitude for the mercy that had shadowed this girl; but he must be sure —he must be convinced.

"You say this —this lady is here now?" he said feverishly, ignoring the matron's eager offer of brandy or wine. "I should like to see her."

"Nothing easier," the matron answered soothingly. She felt a wave of pity steal over her at sight of his troubled face. "I will ask her to come in here. Shall I tell her you wish it, Lord Otway?"

He stretched out a hand.

"No; do not mention my name. Only let her come!"

The matron withdrew, and Ormande stood with one hand clenching the chair beside him. In that moment he had conquered himself and his own weakness; he had silenced the longing that filled his heart; he had nothing but his duty before him — was no longer an earthly man with earthly desires; nothing but the servant of his God.

His back was turned to the door, and as it opened, and a soft footstep sounded on the boarded floor, a slight, only a slight shiver went through him, then his face grew cold and stern once more.

"The matron tells me you wish to speak to me," Katharine said hurriedly; and then, with a low cry, she shrank back with outstretched arms against the wall, while an agonised murmur broke from her lips of "You! You——!"

There was a world of unconquerable misery in those two small words, misery that was greater than she could bear.

Ormande shivered again at what he thought was her attitude of shame and disgrace. He was silent a moment, and then he spoke:

"Yes, it is I. I thank Heaven that we have been permitted to meet in this strange way. I have been trying to find an easy method of bringing us face to face and here it comes, unsought, unasked." He lifted his cold hand from the chairback. "Will you not sit down?" he went on, in his grave, stern, measured tones, that struck so cruelly on her sensitive ear. "I wish to speak to you, if you can spare me a moment."

Katharine unloosened the lace around her throat; she was even paler and thinner than when he had seen her last. There were marks of deep anguish on her lovely face.

"Remorse has followed; she cannot be wholly lost while conscience still lives," was Ormande's hurried thought.

He came a step nearer, and brought a chair forward, but Katharine shook her head.

"I prefer to hear what you have to say to me standing," was her answer, in a voice that was weary and full of bitter pain.

Ormande paused a moment, then moistening his lips, he moved up to her, and came to a standstill just before her.

His heart was beating madly, wildly. The task he had set himself was greater than he had supposed, but his courage did not fail, nor his purpose falter.

"Katharine," he said, solemnly, but with his deep love dwelling in every tone; "what have you done! My poor girl!! My poor girl!!"

A sob rose to her lips, but she choked it back.

Now the fulness of Gordon's revenge rose to confront her in all its hideousness. She was dishonored in Ormande's eyes; she stood there seeming to him a shameful thing, who had wantonly and wilfully rushed into the path of sin. She, Katharine Brereton, the proud, pure spirit whose record was as white, as blameless, as an angel's! Two or three words would set all this right, only two or three words, and yet she must not— she dare not— utter them.

A shudder ran through her at the fiendish cruelty that had planned this torture. From Barbara Mostyn's insults she had never winced. She knew the girl to be her greatest enemy, and therefore she expected nothing kind and sympathetic, though even Gordon would have been startled could he have heard the avalanche of abuse hurled at his wife's head by his confederate. He had instructed Barbara to dismiss the girl, to hint at a flirtation with her guest, and to boldly tackle her on the question of any understanding between Katharine and himself, but he did not tell Miss Mostyn to permit her jealous hatred and anger so far as to behave like a thorough virago and a fish fag. Barbara's insults had fallen off Katharine's proud contemptuous mind, but Ormande's pity, his gravity, his sorrow, was another matter. It shattered the cold, icy indifference that she had wrapped round her heart on the night she found she was to leave Brexley and follow her husband to town; even the accident at Euston immediately on their arrival and his sufferings did not melt it, but Ormande's voice pierced through to her heart of hearts and rent the patched up wound asunder. Katharine felt her limbs tremble beneath beneath her as she leant against the wall.

To be continued.

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The Famous Maelstrom

(Norwegian letter in the Chicago "Record-Herald.")

We sailed through the famous maelstrom, which the ancients believed guards the entrance to the sublimest beauty of the fjords of the Lofoden Islands, and has furnished so much material for the imagination of the authors of Norwegian legendry and modern novelists. It is a reality—not one, but several maelstroms actually exist, and any of them will answer the descriptions given by Victor Hugo, Jules Verne, Edgar A. Poe and writers of lesser fame. The chief and most dangerous is an extraordinary whirlpool between the islands of Moskene and Rosst, near the southern extremity of the Lofoden Archipelago. It is called Moskaesé-Strommen. Another, by the island of Vaero, called the Saeistrom, is almost as dangerous. There are many narrow channels between the mountains where great volumes of water, coming from opposite directions, meet as the tide flows in and out. They form temporary whirlpools twice a day, and during the spring tides, or when the natural currents are accelerated by heavy western gales, passage is impossible. No vessel could survive them. Even whales have been caught and whirled around until they were dead. Between times these channels look innocent enough. Even small boats can pass safely through them at the proper time each day, and the departure of the mail boats is regulated accordingly, but they have caused the loss of many lives. Boats have actually disappeared, being sucked into the vortex and carried to the bottom to whirl and whirl and whirl until the waters are tired and flow away, carrying the wrecks and the bodies of the dead with them on the undercurrent, to emerge miles and miles distant.

It is not strange that the ignorant and superstitious sailors of the Middle Ages attributed this mighty and mysterious action of the waters to supernatural power, and their imaginative minds, always creating monsters and miracles out of natural phenomena which they cannot understand, placed in them an octopus, whose awful arms were always extended to grasp unwary mariners who were so unfortunate as to come within his reach. Later writers and more intelligent represented the maelstrom as a vast caldron in which the waters revolve with terrific speed, their centrifugal force extending a long distance, and gradually drawing toward the center all who venture within their power. The mariners struggle and shriek in vain. The monster is inexorable, and when the crisis comes the vessel springs out of the water and then shoots suddenly down into the vortex, while the shrieks of terror and despair are drowned in the rushing of the hungry torrent and the howling of the winds.

The straits are very dangerous, and all vessels are warned to keep out of them. The notes upon the charts issued by the Norwegian hydrographic office say that "when the wind is steady at flood and ebb tide each day, the whirlpool is still for half an hour or more, when boats may then pass through, but half way between flood and ebb tide the passage becomes dangerous, although it can be used by steamers and large vessels, when there is no wind, for several hours a day. Toward the height of the tide, or when a gale is blowing, the water revolves with a speed of twenty-six miles an hour in mighty whirlpools, in which the largest steamers would be helpless."

Concerning King Solomon.

Several statesmen, a newspaper correspondent or two, and a deacon in one of Washington City's churches were discussing various subjects of more or less bearing on a game of poker which had been played earlier in the evening. It was merely a game for fun, out of deference to the deacon, or part of the evening would have been wasted in conversation, and the deacon surprised the assembly.

"Were any of you gentlemen aware," he said, "that King Solomon was a poker-player?"

"He couldn't have been the wisest man if he was," ventured a correspondent who is known for his bad luck.

"There is evidence that he was, just the same," insisted the deacon.

"Evidence or testimony?" queried a statesman, who is also a lawyer.

"What's the difference?" asked a correspondent.

"Testimony is a mere statement, and may be false or true; evidence is that by means of which a fact is established. See?"

"I'm—er," hesitated the deacon, "I guess all of you will admit Solomon's testimony as evidence."

"Put it," said the lawyer.

"Well," exclaimed the deacon, "if you will consult the fourth verse of the tenth chapter of Proverbs, written by King Solomon, as announced in the first verse, you will find this statement: 'He becometh poor that dealeth with a slack hand; but the hand of the diligent maketh rich.' Now, what have you got to offer in rebuttal?"

And every man there admitted that Solomon evidently knew what he was talking about.—William J. Lampton.

Interchange.

When all men fought, and learning failed,
Letters were rare, and knights were mailed;
Now learning calls for so much care,
Letters are mailed and knights are rare.

—Tudor Jenks in "Century."

The bronze statue of Washington and Lafayette, designed by Bartholdi, being a replica of the statue in the Place des Etats Unis in Paris, stands at the junction of Morningside and Manhattan avenues at One Hundred and Fourteenth street, New York. It is the gift to the city of Charles Broadway Rouss, the blind merchant.

General Joubert was not a bitter enemy of England. When contesting the presidency with Mr. Kruger in 1893 he said: "I fought against the English for our liberty, but I have now, as I had then, no ill feeling whatever against any other power."

A Story of Charles Frederic Goss.

Recently a Chicago newspaper man paused before a bookstore window which was heaped high with copies of The Redemption of David Corson, and he said to his companion:

"There is one instance, at least, in which lightning struck in the right place. If the size of an author's heart determined the measure of his success every book written by Charles Frederic Goss would sell a million copies.

"When I struck Chicago I had neither job nor prospect of one. There was not a man in the whole big city who knew me, and it didn't take many days of knocking about from one newspaper office to another to convince me that not a human being here cared to know me. But that was where I made my mistake. One night I happened to step inside Mr. Moody's Chicago Avenue Church. Mr. Charles Frederic Goss was in charge of the work, and at the close of the services I met him. He passed over the conventional revivalistic questions regarding my spiritual condition, but quickly found out where I was stopping, and that I was looking for work and had met with disappointment in my applications. From that hour I felt that I certainly had one friend in Chicago—and he a very cheerful one.

"Week after week passed, and finally a month and a half, before I secured my first position. In the latter part of that probationary period I was in constant terror of the day of reckoning that was to come with my landlady, to whom I had not paid a dollar. Strangely enough, however, she never mentioned the matter or suggested that I find some other place. My credit appeared to be as firm as that of the bank cashier at my right, who paid his board every Saturday night, before the whole company, handing out crisp bills as he took his seat at the table.

"Finally, when I was able to pay her I spoke of the unaccountable forbearance she had shown me as a stranger.

"'Oh, I knew you were all right,' she replied. 'Mr. Goss came here to the house and talked with me about you. Any boarder who has him for a friend can let his bills run with me as long as he needs.'

"All this time the author of David Corson had been keeping my courage up by assuring me there was a place for every honest man who had a desire to work; but he had never so much as hinted that he had personally established my credit at the boarding-house where I was in arrears.

"He always gave away a large share of his salary, and was never so happy as when helping some person in desperate circumstances. In his college course he had a great battle to retain his grasp on the faith which had been taught him in boyhood. This struggle can be traced very distinctly in the pages of his novel."

A Heated Discussion.

"At this point," said the narrator, "she broke down and wept scalding tears." "My goodness!" exclaimed the listener, "she must have been boiling over with rage."—Chicago "News."

Man's Self-Conceit.

If the wonders of the exhibition which Glasgow has made so successful, have begot any general sense of pride in the achievements of mankind, and particularly of those pushing and ingenious folk who dwell in the City by the Clyde, a perusal of Professor Rucker's speech at the meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in the Scottish metropolis, will prove a wholesome corrective, says the "Outlook." He wound up his remarks with the confession that, "with all our searchings, we have not torn the veil of mystery from the world around us." There is nothing so true, and nothing so salutary to remember. Mankind tends evermore to self-conceit; that tendency is encouraged by the daily newspaper. Perhaps some physicist in his researches blunders on some simple property of matter, or condition of the forces about us, and the Roentgen rays are the result. Immediately arises in the press a shriek of exultation. One would think at such times that Nature was about to open out her heart and reveal all her mysteries. But the only fact in the matter appears to be that the human intellect is not fit to comprehend the nature of things. The nature of things is all about us; it only remains mysterious to us because of our incapacity to grasp it. As Professor Rucker reminds us, the span of human life is a very short time in which to study the manifestations of Nature. If we lived longer the problems would appear different. Nor can we transmit our individual knowledge. Each person has to begin at the beginning; he is the slave of his faculties, which, very evidently, were not intended to grasp all at once the character of the universe. The most profound thinkers and investigators know best how ignorant man is. Professor Rucker follows a long line of presidents in reminding us that we know practically nothing.

The Arts of Childhood.

"We hear a good deal these days about the lost arts," said the man who, though old in years, is still young at heart. "I wonder if the world realizes that some of the most precious arts of childhood are in danger of becoming extinct? How many boys today can make a kite, properly hung and with a tail sufficient to balance, the ends nicely bent and worked down with a bit of broken glass? I interviewed my young nephew the other day, and was thunderstruck to discover that he knew nothing about it. Could he make a water-wheel, a windmill, an elder pop-gun, a jack-lantern, a buzz-wheel, an air-gun from a goose-quill, with a sliced potato for ammunition; a willow whistle, a squirt-gun? No; he knew nothing about them. 'But surely,' said I, almost pathetically, 'you can make a cornstalk fiddle?' 'Do you mean a violin, unk?' said he, yawning. Then I gave it up. I don't believe the youths of to-day know enough to stick a feather in a corncob and throw it into the air. I am going to write a book some day upon the arts of childhood to save them from utter annihilation."—Detroit "Free Press."

"He thinks he's popular, eh?" "Does he? Why, whenever his name appears in the paper, he fancies the public reads it this way: 'John (cheers), Henry (applause), Muggin (loud and continuous cheering).'" — Philadelphia "Press."

Professor Baboey—Ah, well, love is blind. Miss Penelope—Oh, no, Professor; love isn't blind—it is cross-eyed; it sees a lot of things it doesn't see, and it doesn't see a lot of things it ought to see.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"Cure are No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

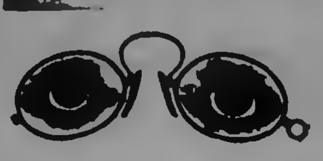
We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Great Reductions
—IN—
SPECTACLES



We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

For Sale

$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.

Apply at once,
T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

The Difference

We take the following from the Lindsay Post:

"Ratepayers who notice any neglect of duty on the part of snowplow contractors should drop a postal card to Town Commissioner Chalmers or leave a statement in writing with Town Clerk Knowlson, when the matter will be attended to promptly."

In Peterborough things are different. A man may keep on complaining and no notice whatever is taken of his grievance. We know of cases where street watering was neglected for weeks, and the Town Engineer notified personally and by letter without the slightest notice being taken of it. This state of affairs cannot last forever.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT
STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL
Capital (all paid up)..........$12,000,000
Reserves..................... 7,764,703
General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.
PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.
3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.
4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. Poussette, K. C., R. F. McWilliams LL. B

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON barristers, Solicitors and Notaries Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 15 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton. C. R. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 314 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 314 Park place.

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE

We guarantee the Latest Method Treatment discovered by Dr. Goldberg to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the hanging or wormy condition, equalizes circulation; it at once stops Pain in the groins, also stops all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, consequently vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers. In Stricture it absorbs the tissue, stops smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all private troubles it is the treatment par excellence. So positive are we that our Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call and see us, as we will give you a thorough examination free of charge and may be the means of saving you years of suffering.

Each time you call you see Dr. Goldberg personally

He has 18 diplomas, certificates, etc., which testify to his ability. The number of years we have been established in Detroit and the cures we have made, prove that we are the leading specialists of the country. We can give no stronger guarantee of our ability to cure you than the fact that you need pay nothing until cured.

OUR LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time. Also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Special Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call or write for Question Blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE. Hours, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave.,
Patients' private entrance, 7 Wilcox st., DETROIT, MICH.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG
BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.
P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate telephone and telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 8th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth...........	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings.............	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

An Authority

On Birds, to explain little difficulties—that's what users of COTTAMS SEED enjoy. Directions on each packet embody the best professional practice; and a stamp for reply will bring you advice by return mail.

[illegible]

WEDDING BELLS

Two Cathedral Weddings Yesterday Morning—The Contracting Parties.

CROWLEY—FLAHERTY

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the marriage took place of Mr. Patrick Flaherty, of Otonabee, to Miss Annie Crowley, daughter of Mr. Lewis Crowley of the same place. The bride was assisted by her sister Miss Catherine Crowley, while Mr. Michael O'Brien performed the duties of groomsman.

DOHERTY—HEFFERNAN

At nine o'clock same morning, Mr. Michael Heffernan, of Otonabee, was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Doherty, daughter of Mr. John Doherty, also of Otonabee. The bride was assisted by Miss Mary A. Doherty and Mr. Thos. Powers performed the duties of groomsman.

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you a wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 24, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The market yesterday was very quiet.

—The Poultry exhibition closed last night.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The trains were running on time yesterday.

—What do you want for 30 cents? Go to Kidd's and get it. 353 George st.

—A set of false teeth awaits an owner at the police station.

—The town teams were engaged in levelling the drifts of snow on George street yesterday.

—The citizens of Campbellford are agitating for an electric road which would take them out to the lake front.

—Blessed is he who advertises in this g.l.l., for he shall gather unto himself many shekels.

—A drunk, who was in gaol for a week on remand, was discharged yesterday by the magistrate.

—Why not try H. F. Kidd's choice Breakfast Cereals? 353 George st.

—Two inmates of the Protestant home, George Redmond and George Weddon, had a mix-up the other day and as a result, Redmond has laid a charge of assault against Weddon.

—The roof of the Campbellford skating rink fell in with the weight of snow. There will be no skating there this winter as the building will have to be reconstructed.

—Our prices right; our goods the best; Send in your coin, we'll do the rest.—H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—Archie Moore is busy this winter attending dances. Archie is a favorite conductor and is very popular at dances. He was in Lindsay last night where the railroad men were holding a hop.

—To-morrow evening at St. Andrew's Church Hall, Rev. Dr. Waddell, of Dunedin New Zealand, will give one of his most popular lectures, "An evening with Irish humor." All are cordially invited, as this will be a most interesting address.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee, that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

BIRTHS.

LAWSON—At 431 Bethune street, on 22nd instant, the wife of Mr. George W. Lawson, of a son.

LOST

LOST.—Last night, a ladies' gold watch, hunting case, between Tooley's hotel and the Munroe House. Finder will be rewarded by returning watch to Munroe House.

—Teas, coffees, cocoas, spices, are daily sold at closest prices.—H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

Knickerbocker Dance.

The dance given under the auspices of the Knickerbocker Club last night was one of the most successful events in the history of that organization. A large number of invited guests were present and a very pleasant evening was spent with music and dancing. Refreshments were served and the gathering broke up at an early hour this morning. The young people who enjoy a pleasant evening will look forward to the next [illegible] of this club.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. Jas. Dawson is visiting in Hastings.

—Miss Grace Ely, of Tarry-town-on-the-Hudson, is visiting Miss Gertie Kendry, town.

—Rev. Dr. Symonds, of Trinity College School, Port Hope, will deliver a lecture here on Tuesday evening next on the subject "Philip Brooks," under the auspices of the Fortnightly Club.

—His Lordship, the Bishop of Toronto, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClelland during his stay in town He returned to Toronto yesterday morning.

That Dainty Widow

The presentation of the comedy, "That Dainty Widow," at Bradburn's opera house last night, was very good. There is a freshness and a go about it that is most pleasing, and every member of the company is a professional. If any one was more pleasing than another it was Miss Stanton in her splendid violin selections.

Drugging Will Not Cure Catarrh

This loathsome disease is caused by germs that invade the air passages of the head, throat and lungs, and can be cured only by inhalation of medicated air. Stomach medicines, atomizers, snuffs are ineffectual, because they fail to reach the cause of the trouble. Catarrhozone is successful because it is inhaled in every part of the breathing organs, and has power to kill the germs, heals the inflamed tissues and prevents droppings in the throat. Catarrhozone treats more than one thousand square feet of the mucous surface with every breath taken through the inhaler, and affords instant relief. It perfectly cures Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis. Sold by druggists. Two months' treatment, price $1.00 Small size 25c., or by mail from Polson & Co, Kingston, Ont.

THE POLICE COURT

At the Police Court yesterday morning Pat Collins was assessed $3, for drawing the snow from his yard and dumping it on the street. The town authorities have no objection to people removing the snow from their yards but certainly object to it being piled on the streets. It can be drawn to the river bank and dumped there.

A PRONOUNCED SUCCESS

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are a pronounced success and are the most popular with the ladies. These patterns are colored beautifully on heavy Scotch Hessian or Burlap, all ready for working, and are made in the following standard sizes: 18 x 30 inches, 24 x 36 inches, 30 x 54 inches and 36 x 72 inches. The prices are so low that all homes can afford one or more of them. If your dealer cannot supply you, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, P.Q., and they will send post paid, newest designs to make selections from.

STRUCK BY FALLING TREE

Tree Fell on a Man and He is Now Lying in Nicholl's Hospital

A young man named Thain whose home is in Campbellford was the victim of a serious accident last Friday while working in the lumber camps of McCamus and McLeod, near Gooderham. Thain was sawing down a tree, and when it was about half cut the tree split and toppled over striking Thain before he could get out of the way. The heavy end of the tree struck him on the shoulder and left arm, dislocating the former and bruising his arm.

He was taken to Lindsay where his injuries were attended to by Dr. Gillespie and as he required further treatment he was brought to the Nicholl's Hospital. Mr. Thain had a narrow escape from being killed instantly.

Weary Brain Workers

Fagged out. Ideas come as slow as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure—that's gone too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs air, and your digestion needs a bracer too. Your blood requires Phosphorus and Iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's food for the blood and nerves. It will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

THE POULTRY SHOW

Closed Last Night at Ten O'Clock - Very Unfavorable Weather

The Poultry Association's annual exhibition is now a thing of the past, and while it has been very successful in some respects there are others in which it has not. The townspeople have not patronized the show this year as they should have done. The past two days have been very unfavorable, the heavy snow storm has prevented the country people from coming into town, and this has helped to make the attendance much smaller.

The show this year has been the best yet in exhibits, and it is hoped that the next exhibition will be better attended.

Messrs. Learmouth & Walsh of Hastings, were among the largest exhibitors and succeeded in carrying off 18 prizes out of 24 entries, besides several special prizes.

Mr Knight, of Bowmanville, was to the front again and carried off a large number of prizes.

Messrs. Wilson & Sons, Hawkestone, were the largest exhibitors at the show. They had 45 entries, and carried off 41 prizes, including 5 specials. Mr. Geo. Mitchell, of Cobourg, also secured a large number of prizes in the bantam and pigeon classes.

A Charming breakfast dish

Grape-Nuts

Grocers sell them

Children's Aid Society

Concluded from page 1.

AGENTS REPORT.

To the Officers and Members of the Children's Aid Society of the Town and and County of Peterborough.

In following up the plan that I adopted last year, I commenced a thorough canvass of the Town and with the advice received from Relief Officer Miller, I located eighteen families who were deserving of help and Christmas cheer in the way of clothing and baskets of provisions, the latter of which were very kindly supplied by the King's Daughters' Society of St. John's Church and by some of the ladies of the Murray Street Baptist Church all of whom were anxious to do all they could towards bringing Christmas comforts to as many as possible and for their self-sacrificing work they are deserving of the thanks of this Society. I also received assistance to the amount of seventeen Dollars ($17.00) in cash from friends of the Society, which was expended in clothing and extra baskets.

On the afternoon of December 24th, I went to the Shelter and assisted by Mrs. Henry and Mrs. McAndrews the clothes were parceled to suit the various needs, as I had prepared a list of the ages of the boys and girls in the families, nor did we forget some of the parents who were in need of warm clothing for the Winter. In this way we made up eighteen parcels of clothing and in each candies, oranges, picture books, dolls etc., were enclosed. That evening Mr. Henry and myself proceeded to distribute the clothing and some of the baskets and during the evening visited the eighteen families, and I must say that the joy and thankfulness shown by the children and parents amply rewarded us, and we could truly say, that it was more blessed to give than to receive.

The thanks of the Society are due to the ladies and merchants of the town who so kindly contributed the fruits and toys before mentioned.

By the Christmas Eve distribution over sixty persons were benefited.

GEORGE COCHRAN.

Agent.

Number of visits made and cases investigated in the Town, 93.

Number of visits made and cases investigated in County.—24.

Notices served for non-attendance of children at public school in the County—7

I must also say that the childrens' rooms have been repapered and floors painted making the Shelter much more comfortable, but the roof leaks very badly and will have to be re-shingled this Spring.

On motion the report of the Agent was adopted.

At this point, Mrs. Garvin inquired if the Society could not assist in some way in giving information to the Truant Officer regarding the non-attendance at school of many children of school age. There are a large number of children in town who should attend the schools but do not. Mr. Cochrane said that in the country there were a large number of children who did not go to school and he thought the Trustees should appoint a Truant Officer and compel the children to go to school. In town the Agent had on different occasions compelled people to send their children to school.

Mr. H. Burnham moved, seconded by Mr. Campbell, that a committee be appointed to look into the matter.—Carried.

Mr. Dennistoun, moved, seconded by Mr. Burnham, that this meeting desire to express to Mr. Geo. Cochrane their hearty appreciation for the good work he has done in assisting the Society to after neglected and ill-treated children. Mr. Cochrane has proved himself to be the right man in the right place.—Carried.

OFFICERS ELECTED

The election of officers for the year 1902 was proceeded with, and resulted as follows.

Hon. Pres.—Hon. J. R. Stratton.

Pres.—Mr. J. J. McBain.

Vice Pres.—Mrs. Kendry and Mr. A. C. Dunlop.

Secretary,—Mr. R. M. Dennistoun,

Treas,—Mr. Peter Campbell,

Solicitors,—Messrs. Edwards and Dennistoun.

Board of Management,—Mesdames, Birdsall, Peck, Garvin, Davis, Wards, Buck, O'Sullivan, Birnie, Gow and Dickson, Rev. Father McColl, Revs. Torrance, Langfeldt, Wilson, Messrs. Denne, Dr. Burnham.

Advisory Board,—Messrs. McBain, Dennistoun and Cochrane.

Rep. Charity Board,—Mr. McBain,

Mr. McBain in a neatly worded speech referred to the regret the Society felt in the departure of Rev. Father Casey from Peterborough and expressed the wish that he may be as successful in his new parish as he was in Peterborough. In the course of his address he said that in Mr. Dennistoun the Society had a most careful and enthusiastic officer who took a very deep interest in the working of the Society and in caring for the children in their care. In Mr. Campbell they had a man who was a good financier and one who kept their money safe. Mr. Campbell is a man who would encourage any wasteful expenditure and he was pleased to see him re-elected to the office of Treasurer. Mr. Cochrane then came in for a few words, he was undoubtedly the right man in the right place, he had a wonderful tact for finding out those in need and in knowing just what was needed. The Society had in Mr. Cochrane an officer of whom they should be proud.

Mr. Burnham moved, seconded by Mr. Dennistoun, that the Society desire to express their warmest thanks for the great assistance rendered by Rev. Father Casey and to express their regret at loosing one who had always taken the deepest interest in the work of the Society, and to extend to him their sincere wishes for success in his new parish.—Carried.

The meeting adjourned.

—Phone us for a pound of our 35c. Java-Mocha blend coffee, guaranteed. H. F. Kidd, phone 379.

Two Years Abed.—"For eight years I suffered as no one ever did with rheumatism; for two years I lay in bed; could not so much as feed myself. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. After three doses I could sit up. To-day I am as strong as ever I was."—Mrs. John Cook, 287 Clinton street, Toronto.—6

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

Wellingtons Defeated

The "Vics" won their second game from the Wellingtons by a score of 5-3. The Stanley Cup, therefore remains in Winnipeg.

—Purest groceries, cheapest prices, Satisfaction guaranteed. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

TO MATHEMATICAL EXPERTS

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—As I presume all the mathematical experts in town and Ashburnham read The Times, I propound the following conundrum:

At a contest here there was a sum of money placed in a glass jar, and the one guessing nearest to the amount was to receive the money, and the one the farthest away was to receive another prize. The guesses ranged from $1,000 to $100,000,000, and one person guessed "nothing." Now, I want to know which is the farthest away from the amount. The party who guessed "nothing" claims that you can get a percentage of the figures and not so of "nothing." Would you consider "nothing" a guess, as there was certainly something in the jar, if nothing more than air. Please answer through the columns of The Times.

X. Y. W.

A Splendid Chance

About 40 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

"Heaven Bless The Originator of

MALT BREAKFAST FOOD."

A prominent Montreal Grocer said the other day: "Our lady customers are as capricious about the use of cereal foods in their homes as they are in the selection of a new hat or bonnet. However, since we have introduced Malt Breakfast Food to them, they seem to like it and stick to it."

A lady in Halifax, N.S., writing to the manufacturers of Malt Breakfast Food, says; "I have given your famous food a trial, and pleased to say it is the only cereal food that I have been able to use regularly from day to day. It agrees with my rather weak stomach, it has strengthened my digestion, and is giving a steady increase in weight. Heaven bless the originator of Malt Breakfast Food; it is a boon to my family." Grocers every where.

—We will cheerfully refund the money on a trial order if the goods are not entirely satisfactory. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS Roadbed Equipment Scenery

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Traffic Manager
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JNO. M. LYONS
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Moncton N. B.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some good which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
398 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company. Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, 82 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box 182 Tweed P.O.

To Let.

TO LET—A commodious seven-room brick house, being No 7 Walton street furnished or unfurnished. Apply to C. Clements, care Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co. or at Mrs. Balfe, 440 Dounie st.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received…………………coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name……………………………………

Address……………………………………

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SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

Are Not Too Far Away to do Business in.

CABLE COMMUNICATION brings the Canadian investor into almost as close touch with the South African market as the British or Continental investor, and it is a well known fact (among intelligent people) that the London, England, market is the MINING MARKET OF THE WORLD. As we receive cables daily, the Canadian investor is placed by this means on an almost equal footing with the English investor.

We give the names of half a dozen of different companies in which we have done an extensive business during the past two months, showing low prices at which we handled these shares and the present prices:

	Low Price.	Present Price.	Advance.
Heidelburgs …. ….	12s 6d	19s od	$1 62
Klerksdorp…………	11s od	16s od	1 25
Witkopje…………	10s 6d	16s od	1 37
Salisbury…………	26s od	28s 6d	2 12
Chartereds…………	£3 6s od	£4 9s od	5 75
Oceanas…. …………	£2 2s od	£2 7s 6d	1 37

These are only a few instances, but numbers of others could be mentioned showing equally large or larger advances, and all our advices indicate that the upward movement in Kaffir (South African) stocks has hardly commenced. Of the above companies it is predicted that Heidleburgs and Salisburys will touch £5, and Witkopje, Klerksdorps and Oceanas are expected to show a profit of from 200 to 400 per cent on present prices. In addition to securing the best representatives possible in London, England, and receiving advices from such source regarding the condition of the market, we have also our SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA.

South African shares bought on 20 per cent. margin or for cash as desired. Direct communication with London by cable.

Write or call for our booklet or any further information desired.

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THE Most Perfect Stove Made

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and so riveted to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 5,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11.50
1	30½ in.	9 in.	[illegible]
2	31	10½ in.	[illegible]
3	34½ in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
4	44 in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 25 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 2 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No 2 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

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—TO—

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and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
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—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,

QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 21 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY JANUARY 25 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BOER RESISTENCE REMAINS UNBROKEN

As Boer Prisoners are Shipped to Confinement Royalist Ranks Grow.

PROCESS OF WEARING DOWN THE BOERS.

De Wet is Once More at Large with a Force of 1,400 — Five Distinct Commandoes Moving About

London, Jan. 27.—A correspondent of The Standard, writing under date of Pretoria, Dec. 6, says that the campaign of 1901 has shown that the Boer made no idle boast when he said, a year ago, that the war was then only beginning. "We have now reason to hope, however, that the end has begun," the writer continues. "During the year the commandoes have been greatly diminished in numbers, and therefore, its aggressive force. Yet we have hardly broken the back of the real resistance. In the Transvaal the commandoes are still more or less intact. Five distinct commandoes—Botha's in the east, Viljoen's in the north, Delarey's in the west, and Beyer's and Badenhurst's in the northwest—move where they will in comparative freedom. In the Orange River Colony De Wet is once more at large with a force of 1,400 men. The story of the various operations during the year is a curiously even one. Every engagement of note has been provoked by the enemy, and with one or two exceptions, he has failed in his object. In the general operations our troops have invariably succeeded in doing well, and many of the smaller laagers have been successfully rounded up by those column commanders who are not afraid to ride hard, and make long night marches.

WEARING DOWN THE BOERS.

"The ascertained facts in connection with nearly every surprise attack made by the Boers in force appear, indeed, to have reversed the popular idea that the assailants must necessarily get the worst of it. Where we have scored, and where we shall continue to score, is in the fact that our losses are easily, while those of the enemy cannot but be indifferently, replaced. As to how long hostilities are to last, there is nothing clear to guide opinion. We are sensibly wearing down the Boers; but as we cannot (or will not) adopt the principle of fighting them as they fight us, the process of attrition will necessarily continue to be slow.

"As the number of Boers who are being shipped to distant confinement increases, the ranks of loyalist residents are growing and with the repeal of the oppressive grondwet, the freedom of the judiciary, and other relics of a decadent past, a new era has already set in.

"With the New Year will at least come the firmer promise of a continent delivered from that greater Tammany which menaced all that was sound and pure in modern Government. The destinies of a coming Federation, only second to that of Australasia now lie in the hands of capable men of a progressive race, and when the noise of war has altogether passed away it will be the privilege of Briton and Boer to work amicably together in building up a homogeneous colonial nation, whose duty it will be to make of South Africa what its resources justify—the home of great national industries, and one of the brightest jewels of the Empire."

ANTI-PROHIBITIONISTS WAIT ON PREMIER ROSS.

Brewers and Others Advance Reason Why the Government Should Not Take Action in the Matter.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—The much-heralded anti-prohibition deputation took possession of the steps, side seats and landings of the grand stairway in the Parliament Buildings at 1.3 o'clock this afternoon, but it was 1.45 before the spokesman of the delegation began to make their representation to the members of the Government, all of whom were present, and occupied seats on the first landing. The deputation must have numbered full 600, as they filled the three flights of steps and the corridors leading from the main entrance to the foot of the centre stairway. Among the visitors were many representatives of every branch of the liquor business and many other industrial enterprises.

THE FIRST SPEAKER.

Mr. Eugene O'Keefe, the wellknown brewer, was the first speaker. He said that the delegation had come before the Government to show by argument a prohibitory liquor law should not be enacted. Then without further words he introduced Mr. Geo. Slemin, another prominent brewer, who advanced the argument that they were not asking for any wrongs to be remedied, but rather that their rights should be protected. The Government to which they paid licenses should see that their business as could be properly carried on. The wrongs which prohibitionists affirmed were existing in the province were in many cases imaginary. The Government had given prohibition legislation in the Dunkin and Scott Acts, both of which had proven miserable failures. It would be impossible, the speaker asserted, to make men sober by legislation. He did not believe one man in five hundred drank to excess. The very men he had been fighting twenty-five years ago were fighting him to-day.

Ald. Spence was one of these. Many of the petitions that had been presented were filled with names gathered in churches where men signed them under peculiar circumstances, and not according to their opinion in many cases. They did so because people were looking at them. The speaker believed that the Provincial Government would not like to see outside brewers sending their products into the country, when the manufacturers who have been working here for many years could not do so. There was no use for a brewer to manufacture goods if he had no opportunity for disposing of them in the local market. Mr Slemin felt that it was not the intention of the Provincial Government to discourage industrial effort in the Province and to build up work across the line.

In conclusion Mr. Slemin said if a prohibition law were enacted ample compensation should be made to aid those engaged in the liquor business. He was followed by Mr. Smith of St. Thomas, who blamed the Methodist Church for trying to run the country or at least those engaged in the liquor traffic. He felt like the previous speaker, if the Government did prohibit the liquor traffic that it should give the losers by their legislation full compensation and do so by a Commission. If a law were placed on the Statutes it could not go further than the Scott Act, which had been repudiated.

Mr. Harry Line of London spoke in the interest of the cigar manufacturers, and declared that to enact a prohibitory law would not only disturb the conditions obtaining in the hotel business, but would also vitally affect kindred enterprises.

He was followed by Mr. Robinson, representing the coopers of the province. He argued that any legislation affecting the liquor dealers would throw thousands of people out of work and greatly disturb the labor conditions in the province.

LASHED BY JOHN L. SULLIVAN

Actor in Role of Uncle Tom Mercilessly Castigated by Aid in Play.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 23.—The Academy of music in the famous license city of Chelsea was crowded last night with an audience that saw the most remarkable performance of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" on record. The excitement was due to the fact that John L. Sullivan, the former pugilist, made his initial appearance in this section of the country as Simon Legree.

Spurred on by the plaudits of the spectators Sullivan acted as none ever did before. At least, that is what the unfortunate man who played Uncle Tom declared after he had purchased a quantity of arnica and retired to a sequestered nook for the purpose of repairing personal damages.

With countless delicate touches, many of them unperceived by the audience, Sullivan worked up to a climax where Legree whips Uncle Tom to within an inch of his life.

Sullivan believes in holding the mirror partly up to nature, and he did it. He wound his ten-foot whip around the writhing form of Uncle Tom to such good purpose that the actor playing the part screamed in agony and finally fell fainting to the stage.

A Splendid Chance

About 46 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

SAYS CARDINAL IS CONVERT

Dowie Claims a High Dignitary in the Roman Catholic Church.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—In his talk at the Auditorium yesterday John Alexander Dowie said he might soon be able to make an announcement that a cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church had decided to join "Zion."

"People were somewhat surprised," he said, "when they heard of the Booth-Clibborns joining Zion. They may be even more greatly surprised at no distant date to hear that a cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church has joined us. One of the cardinals is now wavering on the verge. He has almost made up his mind that Zion is the only true religion and at any hour abandon the faith of the earliest Christian Church.

"This cardinal is one equal in power in the pope's church to Cardinal Newman, who wrote 'Lead, Kindly Light,' and equal intellectually to Cardinal Manning. His name I cannot now divulge. Zion is the coming church of this world and the only right path to the next one."

Dowie devoted most of his talk to condemning all who disagreed with his statements that he was "Elijah the restorer," and predicted that he would win the suit his brother-in-law, Samuel Stevenson, had filed against him charging him with fraud and asking for a receiver for the Zion City lace industries.

THE COLONIAL FORCE AND AFRICAN WAR

How English Officers Have Played Into The Hands of the Boers

STRONG PLEA FOR THE COLONIES

How the Strathconas Were Deprived of the Horses — War Should Have Been Over Long Ago.

Capetown, Jan. 6—The African Review says that the Cape Colony Ministry holds the view that the Colonial forces could have expelled the Boer invaders unaided if permitted to go their own way about it, and it quotes the remarks of the premiers of Australia and New Zealand on the treatment of the Colonists by Englishmen. Mr. Barton said that his government was unable to offer troops to the War Office without a "substantial suggestion that they were wanted." and Mr. Seddon declared that New Zealanders must not be snubbed. "Colonial troops object to being separated into small units and robbed of the leading of their own officers; they object to being made stop-gaps and emergency corps; and who shall blame them? They hold that if they had been allowed to act independently of the imperial troops they would have finished the war before now. In this conviction we believe that they are fully justified."

The Review goes on to say that "as to Canada, after the monstrous scandal connected with Strathcona's Horse, it is wonderful that the Dominion should have been amiable and forgiving enough to do anything farther for us. Lord Strathcona's Horse was composed of the flower of Canada. Many of the troopers were the sons or grandsons of distinguished army men from the old country who settled in Canada a couple of generations ago. Others were the scions of some of the first families evolved in the process of making a nation yonder. All were men to whom being snubbed or treated as second-bests was quite a new experience. The Canadians — in common with the Australians, New Zealanders, Cape Colonists, and Natalians—were past masters in the art of rough-riding and in the science of how to keep their horses in health and condition on the veldt. What happened? Some buffle headed Jack-in-office, noticing the condition of the Canadian troopers' horses approvingly, actually ordered the troopers to 'swap them' with the worn out, ill used and ill cared for nags of some crack cavalry regiment of the imperial army! We have this tale on excellent authority, and we give it as a sample of a score or more similar tales which have come to our ears and caused our cheeks to tingle. Colonists have told us over and over again that, if we want to bring about imperial federation for defence, to say nothing of any larger schemes of imperial unity, we must adopt quite a different course of action and conduct in our dealings with the citizen soldiers who come to our aid in the hour of our need."

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Brussels, Jan. 24.—About the middle of October, the continental pro-Boer press circulated a sensational story about the fighting at Graspan, near Reitz, when British soldiers were said to have fired at Boers from behind women and children. Lord Kitchener some time ago denied this report.

The following is an authenticated account written by a British officer who took part in the fight, and reproduced here by the "European Express":—

About twenty minutes past twelve p.m., parties of Boers, who were at first taken for our own men, appeared. When it was realized who they were, the men formed up outside the circle of waggons and began firing. It was thought the Boers would not have fired on the wagons containing their own women and children, but they showed no hesitation in doing so. The long-range firing only lasted a short time, but while it was going on one woman and one child were wounded, and one child was killed. All these were shot by the Boers themselves.

Then they galloped the position from three sides, and seeing it was our only chance everyone was ordered to fall back on some Kaffir kraals. As we were in the act of doing so, one party of Boers was within 100 yards of us, some had dismounted, and some were still on their horses, but they were all firing indiscriminately among the packed wagons. I saw the women getting out of the wagons and running towards the Boers.

After we got back to the kraals it was impossible to see in detail everything that went on, but the Boers occupied the wagons, from behind which they kept up a continual fire. Most of the women were removed by them down the hill under cover, and a good number of wagons were also removed. Kaffirs were also employed to collect horses and cattle and to get the wagons away.

Lieutenant Mair, and three men who had stopped to help Captain Finlay, who was dangerously wounded while getting back on the kraals, were deliberately shot in cold blood with their hands up. Sworn evidence as to this has since been taken up by order of the Commander-in-Chief.

During the fight, the Boers also abused the white flag. Under cover of this they sent in a summons to surrender and when we ceased fire to let the bearer come in, they rushed men up to closer range and to more advantageous positions. They tried it a second time but we refused to receive it.

Of course the account in the cutting is an absolute invention, even down to the death of our guide. He is very much alive, though during the fight, he was sitting under a wall with a cartridge ready to shoot himself if we surrendered.

PECULIAR STATE OF A PRINCESS.

Vienna, Jan. 24.—From the Sanatorium of Oeswig, near Dresden, comes the report of the aggravation of the condition of Princess Louise of Coburg. The physicians say that she is suffering from partial brain paralysis, and that her condition is hopeless. The Princess' former craving for costly dresses has now changed to a passion for flowers. She talks to them as though they were human beings, giving each flower a special name.

AN ECCENTRIC BANKER.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—At a fancy dress ball at the Metropole Theatre, Herr von Bleichroeder a young member of the well known banking family having become rather excited, lighted a cigarette with a bank-note for 1,000 marks—$250. Count von Schonborn Buchheim, an Attache of the Austrian Embassy, made some remark about the young man's foolishness. High words were exchanged, and the two men came to blows. The police had to interfere, and separated them after some difficulty. Herr von Bleichroeder was found to be badly hurt on the eye. A duel will probably take place. Herr von Bleichroeder was formerly an officer of the reserve in the guards.

JOCKEY COMMITS SUICIDE.

Newmarket, Eng., Jan. 24.—Lew Warner, an American horseman, dies to-day, as the result of a self-inflicted shot wound. His suicide was due to his sufferings from pleurisy. William Duke brought Warner to England, and the latter subsequently joined Edward Corrigan's stable here.

AN UNCONFIRMED STORY.

Vienna, Jan. 24.—The Neue Freie Press to-day prints an unconfirmed story of an attempt to assassinate King George of Greece. According to the story, his Majesty was walking in the Park at Phaleron, when a man brandishing a knife, rushed upon him. A Park inspector jumped between was arrested.
the and received a stab, intended for the King. The would-be assassin

BAD YEAR FOR SHIPPING.

London, Jan. 24.—A review of the British shipping for 1901, says:—The year in shipping was bad. Freights across the Atlantic were forced down to almost vanishing point. Small vessels and tramp steamers have been forced to stop running, and are now lying up in the harbors on both sides of the ocean. Large houses are doing their freight trade at a loss. How far this lowering of rates is the result of diminished trade, and how far it is promoted by the group of trans-Atlantic railway kings seeking to secure control of the ocean trade, yet remains to be seen. The purchase of the Leyland Line by the group of Americans working through Mr. Pierpont Morgan was the first step in a determined effort to conquer one trade. Many shares were bought up in the German-American lines, and offers were made for them. Attempts were also made to buy up one great English line. It is too early yet to say that these efforts have failed.

FRENCH CRUISER TO VENEZUELA

M. Secrestat Denied a Landing by The President.

OUTCOME MAY PROVE SERIOUS

France Sends Warships and Will Awe or Coerce the Naughty South American Republic.

Paris, Jan. 24.—There was the Fashoda incident in Africa; France was interested in that. Now the French are talking about the Secrestat incident in Venezuela. President Castro of that daring, but troublesome, hot-headed South American state known as Venezuela, has absolutely refused to allow M. Secrestat to land and take over his father's plantation, despite the repeated and vigorous protest of the French consul. This is an insult and a defiance to France. As a consequence, the French cruiser d'Estrees is now at Carupano, and, will probably awe Venezuela into making an apology, while other French warships will also be ordered to go to the coast of the South American republic.

In spite of the protests made by the French consul, President Castro has sustained the action of the Venezuelan authorities at La Guaira, who refused to permit M. Secrestat, jr., of Bordeaux to land, although the Government had previously assured the consul that the traveler might debark. It is held by the authorities that while the French line steamer, St. Laurent, on which M. Secrestat, Jr., was a passenger, was at Fort De France Island of Martinique, or at the Island of Trinidad, he conferred with General Matos, the revolutionary leader. The Consul made enquiries on the subject which established the fact that Gen. Matos was not at Martinique or at Trinidad when the St. Laurent touched at those islands, but was off the Venezuelan coast, on board the steamer Libertador.

It is claimed that this incident makes it necessary for the French Government to take the steps necessary to cause French citizens to be respected, and it is believed that the French cruisers Tage and Suchet, now at Fort De France, will receive orders to go to La Guaira.

Harrowing the Boers

The casual reader of war news should not missinterpret the events of the past fortnight. Three weeks ago the Ottawa Citizen pointed out that Gen. Kitchener had hemmed in the hot-bed of Boer resistances with blockhouses and had gone out from Pretoria to Belfast to inaugurate a general bucketing of the commandoes in the parallelogram of territory enclosed by the Delagoa Bay railway on the north, the Natal railway from Johannesburg to Laing's Neck on the south, the Portugese border on the east and a line of blockhouses from Brugspruit on the Delagoa Bay line to a point on the Natal railway on the west. That territory includes Ermelo, Bethel and Standerton, where the best fighting men among the Transvaalers hail from. Our contemporary said that important events might be anticipated, and they have, though the results to date have not been of a decisively successful character. Some wise armchair correspondence in London attribute this to renewed activity of the Boers. This is correct in a sense, but the renewed activity consists in the commandoes being chivied around that parallelogram by Kitchener's columns like rodents in a rat pit, and quite naturally they are putting up a nasty fight. Our old friend, De Wet, has been poked up out of his seclusion and first made a rush towards Helibron where he encountered Wilson's column and was beaten off; then he moved in the direction of Lindley and was met by three converging columns and roughly handled by Gen. Dartnell; next he turned northward and the same night jumped onto those Yeomanry and cleaned up the outfit. It was three failures to one success. In the same manner a number of commandoes have been harried with varying results, and unless they succeed in breaking through the blockhouse cordon they will be unable to maintain their strenuous activity long. If Kitchener can continue forcing them as he has been doing, even though he Boers score isolated successes, the attrition will be rapid. It is a big section of country, about 10,000 square miles, but if the British columns continue to stimulate the Boer "activity" they will soon tire them out in spite of occasional reverses.

MADE A CHINESE VICEROY

Sir Robert Hart Rewarded for Efforts in Behalf of Peace.

Tacoma, Wash, Jan. 23.—The Empress Dowager and the Chinese government have at last given evidence that they appreciate the efforts of Sir Robert Hart, Inspector-General of the Chinese imperial maritime customs, toward peace during the "boxer" outbreak of 1900. A Chinese decree, dated Dec. 11, appoints him to the brevet rank of the junior guardian of the heir apparent, specifying that this honor is conferred in recognition of valuable assistance and advice given by him during the peace negotiations.

This appointment gives Sir Robert the rank of Viceroy and will greatly increase his power and influence among natives throughout China. For the first time in years all newspapers published in treaty ports unite in commending the Empress and the government for their action.

There is No Substitute For

Malt Breakfast Food

No grain food preparation for breakfast can ever become a substitute for Malt Breakfast Food. The members of a family having once used Malt Breakfast Food can never be deceived by substitutes or the "something just as good," that some dealers try to supply for the sake of extra profit.

Malt Breakfast Food with its delicious nutty flavor makes an immediate and favorable taste impression that young and old prize and enjoy. No other breakfast food can so well whet the appetite for an enjoyable breakfast. When you have partaken of Malt Breakfast Food at the morning meal you go forth to your labors with full vigor and energy, fortified in body and nerves and the possessor of a clear brain. Our best physicians and food experts recommend Malt Breakfast Food. At all Grocers.

THE TRENT WATER CONSERVATION ASSOCIATION

A Large Number of Power Users Attended the Meeting Yesterday Afternoon

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR

Constitution and By-Laws of the the Association Adopted—Government to be Asked to Control Dams

A meeting of those interested in the water power on the Trent Valley waterways were held in the Town Council Chamber yesterday afternoon. Mr. Kilbourn of Young's Point, occupied the chair. Mr. A. Stevenson preformed the duties of Secretary. Among those present were,—Messrs D. Gilmour, Trenton; Fowlds, Hastings; Sadler, Fenelon Falls Walters, Lindsay; and Messrs. Hall, Shook, Scott, McDonald, Deane, Ferguson, Hilliard, R.R. Hall Henderson, Carnagie, Curran and R. B. Rogers.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. Kilbourn stated that since the last meeting he had written to Hon. Latchford, Provincial Minister of Public Works stating that a movement had been inaugurated relating to the damming back of the waters in the Lakes north of us and that the association was anxious for the Government to take action concerning the storage of water for water-power. He had received no reply but expected in a few days that he would hear from the department. Mr. Gilmour presented a largely signed petition to be forwarded to Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals asking the Department to take over the dams on the Trent Valley Water System and to control them so that a better and more regular flow of water could be obtained.

The first business taken up was to consider the by-laws of the association as drafted by Mr. R. R. Hall. After some discussion and by-laws of the association were decided on.

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS OF THE TRENT WATER CONSERVATION ASSOCIATION.

Whereas it is deemed expedient to form an Association of parties interested in the waters of the Trent Canal System for the purpose of preserving a more regular and higher minimum flow in the Rivers and Lakes forming a part of the Trent Canal System.

Now therefore be it resolved and it is hereby resolved that the following constitution and By-laws be adopted.

NAME

This Association shall be known as The Trent Water Conservation Association.

OBJECTS.

The Object of this Association shall be to preserve a higher level of water in the various Lakes and Rivers forming a part of the Trent Canal System and Lakes and Rivers flowing into the same and to preserve a higher and more regular uniform flow of water in the several Rivers forming a part of the Trent Canal System and for such purpose to petition the Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of Ontario and to send deputations to interview them or either of them from time to time as the Association sees fit, and to promote the objects of the Association by such further and other means from time as they may deem expedient.

MEMBERS.

Any person interested in Navigation, Lumbering, Manufacturing, Waterpower, Transportation and trade and commerce shall be eligible to be a member of this Association.

Any person who is eligible to become a member of this Association may become one by paying an annual fee of $2.00 and upon receiving a majority of the votes present at any General Meeting of the Association,

OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

The Officers of the Association shall consist of an honorary President a President, two Vice-Presidents and Secretary to be nominated and appointed yearly by the Association and shall hold office until their successors are appointed.

EXECUTIVE.

The affairs of the Association shall be managed by an Executive of three in number of whom the officers of the Association shall be ex officio members and such Executive shall be nominated or appointed yearly and shall hold office until their successors are appointed. In case of the death or resignation of any officer or member of the members of the Association the vacancy thereby created may be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the Executive from among the members of the Association.

FUNDS OF ASSOCIATION.

The funds of the Association shall be kept in the name of the Association in a Chartered Bank to be selected by the Executive and all cheques, drafts or orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the Secretary and counter signed by either the President or one of the Vice-Presidents.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Association shall be held on the third Wednesday of January in each year hereafter at Peterborough.

A general meeting of the Association may be called at any time by the President by a Circular letter upon giving one week's notice or a general meeting of the Association may, be called by any three members of the Association in case the President refuses to call such meeting by giving like notice.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The constitution and By-laws having been approved the election of officers was proceed with and resulted as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Hon. Geo. A. Cox.
Pres.—D. Gilmour, Trenton.
1st. Vice. Pres.—Mr. Kilbourn.
2nd. Vice Pres.—T. Sadler, Lindsay.
Sec. Treas.—A. Stevenson.
Executive Committee.—Messrs. Kendry Shook and R. R. Hall.

Mr. Gilmour, in a neatly worded address thanked them for the honor they had bestowed on him in electing him to the office of President of this Association. He said he had come to town to-day and had visited the works of the Cereal Company and thought the town should be proud of having such an establishment here.

Trenton was followed in the same track as Peterborough and was getting in some large industries. The question of water power was one which was most important to all manufacturers and in his capacity as President of the Trent Valley Water Conservation Association he would do all in his power to assist the other members of the Association to induce the Government to take over the control of our six dams and to have new ones built so that the large reservoirs afforded by lakes in the northern part of the Trent Valley Water route could be utilized at a time of the year when water was low. He pointed out on a map where the height of land lay that divided the water courses to the Georgian Bay and to the Trent Valley Water System. He said if these waters were properly regulated that spruce and other woods which are shipped to the United States to be manufactured could be brought this way and manufactured in Canada.

Mr. Carnagie said that the information given by Mr. Gilmour was most beneficial and interesting. He thought it should be a source of pleasure to all to know that our chain of water ways extended so far to the north and west and was of the opinion that the Dominion and Provincial Governments should be urged to take up the matter and build dams where needed.

Mr. Deane moved, seconded by Mr. Carnagie, that this Association would recommend the appointment of one commissioner, satisfactory to both Governments to take charge of the entire stretch of water in this system.—Carried.

Mr. Walters, who has charge of the slides etc., in the northern part of this water system, said that in the lakes and rivers in his section there were altogether 8 dams and that three men were engaged the entire year to regulate the waters in that section.

A new reserve dam will be built on Nogeys creek this year and repairs made to others. These dams were all controlled by the Ontario Government.

Mr. Carnagie moved, seconded by Mayor Deane, that whereas this Association have heard read the petition of the Trenton Electric Works Co., and others to be presented to the Hon. A. G. Blair praying that the dams at the outlet of Hollow Lake, Raven Lake and Wren Lake may be acquired by the Dominion Government and operated by the department of Railways and Canals and whereas it is in the interests of a large number of people interested in navigation, lumbering, manufacturing, and farming from Hollow Lake to Trenton that the prayer of such petition be granted, now therefore it is resolved that this Association unanimously and heartily approve of the objects to be attained by the granting of this petition and that this Association send a deputation to Ottawa to urge upon the Government the importance of assuming control of these several dams.—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

The Town and the Farm

This great family journal was taken to task the other day by a subscriber who lives in the country. He objected to a paragraph which appeared in the paper in which the writer eulogized the city youth. The item did not reflect the opinion of the paper. So far as this g.i.j. is concerned we believe that the home grown, hand spanked, barefooted hard-fisted country boy makes a much better fight in the battle of life than the pampered, high collared, creased trousers youth of our cities, whose clothes have always been dusted with a whisk broom instead of a shingle. Let the town man out of a job try a year on the farm. Plowing behind a mule will take the kink out of his topnot, the frog out of his throat, the gas off his stomach, the weakness out of his legs, the corns off his toes, and will give him an appetite, an honest living and a sight of heaven. These, now, in the language of Artemus Ward, them's our sentiments.

—Our prices right; our goods the best; [illegible] your cash, [illegible] the [illegible]. R. Kidd, [illegible] George street

INDIAN WOMAN'S WALK

Mrs. Muskrat Set Out for Hiawatha on Foot on Wednesday Night

Mrs. Muskrat, an Indian woman from Hiawatha came to town on the evening train from Lindsay, on Wednesday evening. She started to walk to her home in Hiawatha through the snow after the heavy storm. She got to the Crowley settlement in Otonabee, about four miles from town, where she was in for the night. Next afternoon she resumed her journey on foot.

Slowly Dying From Catarrh

Thousands are in this terrible condition but don't realize their danger. If you have the slightest taint of Catarrh, would it not be wise to commence Catarrhozone treatment now and be perfectly cured in a short time? This pleasant remedy cures without the use of drugs, atomizers or snuffs. You inhale the medicated vapor, which spreads to all parts of the breathing organs, kills the germs and heals the inflamed portions. Catarrhozone clears the throat and nose [illegible] and never fails to cure the [illegible] also catarrhal [illegible]. A trial will [illegible] Catarrhozone, which [illegible] small size 25c. at druggists or [illegible] & Co. Kingston, Ont.

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

MAILED FREE.

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"Guide to Investors"

said to be the most detailed, complete work relative to Wall St. and its Securities ever issued, also our

"Daily Market Letter."

Your speculative or investment account solicited, be it large or small. Every facility to satisfactorily handle your business. If you are interested in any special stock, we will, upon request, supply full and reliable data relative to same which may prove of saving to you. We maintain a statistical correspondence department, whose sole duty it is to compile absolute facts, from the statements rendered from time to time, by various companies, as will best guide those interested in their stocks, to derive the most favorable results.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 25, 1902

"Shadowed" in Paris.

WHEN a literary fish of any importance is taken nowadays one may be sure that a good many editors and publishers have been dangling their well-baited books before its nose. For two years or more Captain Dreyfus has had offers for what he might ultimately choose to publish. The business of offering advances and royalties to authors is not usually attended with a great amount of personal danger. But there is an American woman, a journalist, living in Paris, who could tell a different tale, says the "Saturday Evening Post." Two summers ago, just as the great trial was drawing to its close, she was in London, and there met an enterprising "American" publisher. Conversation turned, as did all conversation that summer, in either England or France, upon Dreyfus, and the publisher confided to the lady his desire to publish something veritably from the pen of Dreyfus. The lady, it happened, was on terms of some intimacy with the inner circle of Dreyfus' friends, and when she left England for Paris she was commissioned to do what she could to get something for the publisher, either from Captain or Madame Dreyfus.

Two days after she left London a man approached the publisher with the positive assurance that he could arrange the whole affair within a fortnight. (In parenthesis it may be said that such men were not uncommon that summer.) The publisher, remembering the proverb concerning a bird in the hand, rushed to the nearest telegraph office and sent a message to the lady in Paris as follows:

"Suspend Dreyfus negotiations for the present. Will write."

The telegram was delivered, but almost simultaneously the lady was waited upon by a polite representative of the police department, with a demand for an explanation. What negotiations was she carrying on and with whom? She told her story and felt that it was received with the blandest incredulity. She promised to show the police the letter from London when it came, and reminded her visitor of her "American" citizenship. The official departed. Unfortunately, the press of business sent the publisher scurrying toward Scotland, and he, not realizing how important it was, neglected to write to the lady in Paris.

She soon discovered that she was being "shadowed," and that her every movement was being watched by mysterious people. At first she laughed, and merely sent a little note of enquiry to London. No answer came, and the watching continued. Her nerves began to give way, and finally she went to the United States ambassador with the whole story. The shadowing ceased. It would be interesting to know by just what diplomatic processes this incident was arranged.

JUST WHAT WE WANT.

We ask the privilege of having one trial in the way of supplying your needs in goods that first-class druggists handle, or the filling of your doctors' prescriptions. Our endeavors to please you and the satisfactory way in which you will be served will make you a permanent customer.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION to our large stock of Paine's Celery Compound, the most popular family medicine of the day. Thousands of testimonials from the best people of Canada are sufficient proofs of its virtues for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, blood diseases, liver complaint, kidney diseases and all nervous troubles. Every bottle sold is warranted. [illegible], druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO SERVE OUR PATRONS THORUGHLY AND WELL.

Kindly favor us with a visit at your earliest convenience, so as to assure yourself that we serve the public thoroughly and well. Our dispensing department is under the most competent management, insuring perfect safety in the preparation of prescriptions. Our drugs, medicines and tinctures are the purest and our general stock suited to the wants of the most critical.

YOU NEED THE BEST.

If you are rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, nervous, weak or run down, you need the best medicine that medical science can suggest. We strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound for your troubles. It has cured others afflicted as you are; it cannot fail in your case. We sell the kind that makes sick people well. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Curious Bits of News.

Scotland for many years held the record for the highest mill chimney in the world, but now the Silver Works Company, at Antwerp, has beaten that record with a shaft 410 feet high, surmounted by a lightning conductor 60 feet high.

An examination of the ravages due to tuberculosis shows that England, with a damp and foggy climate, only loses 50,000 consumptives per annum, while in France, with a much healthier climate, the victims, on an equal population, are annually 150,000.

The flags to be hoisted at one time in signaling at sea never exceed four. It is an interesting arithmetical fact that with eighteen various colored flags, and never more than four at a time, no fewer than seventy-eight thousand six hundred and forty-two signals can be given.

In the recent heat wave in Rome four swimmers made up a party at eleven o'clock in the morning and proceeded to take their breakfast in the Tiber. They appeared on the river bank carrying a table loaded with dainties, pushed off, and had their meal without returning to the bank, and, what is more surprising, without touching the bottom.

A singular deed has been filed in Northumberland County, Pa. It is dated October 9, 1792. In a series of whereases it traces the ownership of the land conveyed from the Creator of the earth, who, "by parole and livery of seizin did enfeoff the parents of mankind, to wit, Adam and Eve, of all that certain tract of land called and known in the planetary system as the earth."

Berlin is in possession of a shorthand writer with a unique specialty. He attends all funerals of prominent persons and takes down verbatim the addresses of the officiating clergymen. Then he prepares highly ornamented copies of the addresses and sells them to the friends of the eulogized dead. His business is so good that he has found it necessary to engage a staff of assistants.

OUR MOTTO:

"Accuracy, Care and Attention."

Our continued success in business is the best proof that we enjoy the unbounded confidence of the public. We dispense drugs with the greatest possible accuracy, care and attention. Our stock of Toilet preparations is always up-to-date, and our Perfumes the finest and cheapest.

ALL BANKS AND CONDITIONS.

of our people are now using Paine's Celery Compound the great health restorer. No other medicine in the world has such a record of cures to its credit. It makes new, flesh blood, corrects digestion, gives energy to body, nerves and brain. If you feel unwell, give Paine's Celery Compound a trial.

John Nugent, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

The "Mexican Herald" tells of an exciting scene witnessed in the Romita ring during a bull fight on bicycles. Two of the chulos placed the banderillos, or short stabbing sticks, into the neck of the bulls. When the second bull entered the ring, Jose Basurto, manoeuvring his bicycle cleverly, placed the sticks with great daring, while his comrade coolly sat on his wheel, which was propped to stand upright in the center of the ring. Luckily, the bull paid no attention to him.

In Lower California there is a colony of outlaws, including some of the most noted escaped criminals who operated during the latter half of the nineteenth century. They live in a strange, rugged stretch of country, with the Gulf of California on one side and a range of foothills which spread down toward the Mexican border on the other. There are no ports at this point on the coast of California, and no railroads reaching in from the other direction, so the men are pretty well isolated. They are practically prisoners, but as they do no harm nobody has troubled to interfere with them.

Arrangements are being made by a Mr. Robinson of New York for a round-the-world trip on a motor car. It is proposed that the tour shall start from Calais about May, 1902. Moscow will be taken in via Paris and Berlin. Thence the route will follow the great Siberian Railway to Vladivostock, when ship will be taken to Japan. This interesting country will be traversed and the party will re-ship to America. No difficulty is anticipated in crossing the American Continent, though up to the present no one has accomplished the feat. At New York passage will be taken for Liverpool; from there the run will be to Dover, when the tour will conclude.

"Fifty casks of a special design and the strongest possible construction," says the "Youth's Companion," will soon be sent to Behring Sea by the United States Revenue Marine Service, and placed upon the highest hummocks of the floe ice. It is hoped by tracing their future course to test the direction of the currents that cross the polar regions. The casks are twenty-eight inches long and sixteen inches in diameter, pointed at the ends and painted black, so as to be seen easily. Inside of each are directions printed in several different languages, asking the finder to write to the nearest United States consul, giving the latitude and longitude in which the cask was found, and the date."

Annual Meeting of Bible Society

The annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held in St. Paul's Church on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29th at 8 p.m. The Rev. Bernard Bryan, Rector of the Church of Epiphany Toronto, will address the meeting. It is strongly urged that all friends will keep this date free from all other engagements.

—As the advertising twig is bent, so the advertising tree will be inclined. Begin modestly, but surely. It is not space that counts, but persistence. Try The Times.

Training

is indispensable to athletic success. In training, much stress is laid upon diet; careful attention to the quantity and quality of the food eaten, with regularity of meals. That is the secret of strength for every man. No man can be stronger than his stomach. The careless and irregular eating, of business men, causes disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. There can be no sound health until these diseases are cured.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the body to be built up into vigorous health by the assimilation of the nutrition extracted from food.

"I was taken with the grippe, which resulted in heart and stomach trouble," writes Mr. T. R. Caudill, of Montland, Alleghany Co., N. C. "I was unable to do anything a good part of the time. I wrote to Dr. Pierce about my condition, having full confidence in his medicine. He advised me to take his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which I did. Before I had finished the second bottle I began to feel better. I have used nearly six bottles. I feel thankful to God for the benefit I have received from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I can highly recommend it to all persons as a good and safe medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

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Rev. Father Ryan, St. Michael's Cathedral,
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Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

WATER COMMISSIONERS

Names of Several Prominent Citizens Mentioned for the Position

On Monday next the ratepayers will be called upon to nominate two candidates for the position of water commissioner. There are a number of names mentioned in this connection, amongst whom are Mr. W. H. Moore, Dr. Boucher, Ald. Mash, Harry Winch, T. E. Bradburn, T. F. Matthews, R. B. McKee and others. These are all good men, and it would be difficult to choose two from amongst them. However, The Times is to the first choice. He is an old and to the first choice. He is an old and esteemed citizen, has a large stake in the town, and would be sure to safely guard well the interests of the ratepayers. It is just such gentlemen as he who ought to be selected.

Mr. Harry Winch is another whose claims are strong. He is well qualified in every way, and we think the ratepayers would make no mistake in selecting him. Dr. Boucher is equally acceptable and has had experience on the board of directors of the Water Company. The Doctor is in favor of proceeding slowly in extending the mains—that is, he would not extend unless a revenue sufficient to pay was assured.

Mr. Bradburn, Mr. Matthews and the others are also well qualified, and, it seems to us, there will be no fear of the future with such splendid material to choose from.

OUR PAST RECORD.

Our past record of successful catering to the wants of a critical public is the best guarantee we can offer to all who are not yet numbered among our permanent customers. Please remember that we make a specialty of filling physicians' prescriptions. Our stock of perfumes, Toilet articles, Brushes, Sponges etc., is large and varied.

THE MOST RELIABLE AND POPULAR.

Paine's Celery Compound is the most reliable and popular family medicine, and is specially recommended for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, nervous diseases and sleeplessness. If you have not succeeded in banishing your troubles, come to us for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. It will not disappoint you. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

A Common Sort of Bore.

"If no better reason can be found, a decent consideration for the comfort of others should prevent one's talking of ailments," says Dr. John K. Mitchell in "Harper's Bazar." "Besides being bad manners, the subject is wholly without interest for any but the speaker; the hearer only listens more or less perfunctorily in hopes presently to seize the chance of telling her own melancholy condition. Besides, to talk of ills, mental or bodily, helps to fix them in the mind, to intensify them—and is all too apt to suggest the exaggeration of them in order to make a good round tale. Moreover, if you talk about them too much or too often, even the long-suffering physician may grow tired of being battered with symptoms whose catalogue he has heard recited a hundred times over, and thus the very means taken to impress them will bring about its own defeat. Still more determined, if you are nervous yourself, should be your stand against letting others talk of their ills to you. Even the healthy cannot stand the continual presentation of disease to them without liability to imaginary invalidism thereafter."

"Thought it meant death sure."—Mrs. James McKim, of Dunnville, Ont., says of her almost miraculous cure from heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic."—9

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

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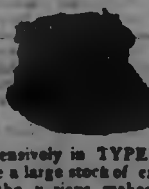

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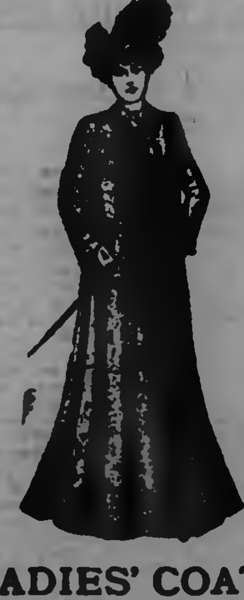

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"Do not— oh, do not pity me!" she cried in husky, choked accents; "it—it is more than I can bear!"

"Can you ask me to stand before you as you are now, and not pity you?" Ormande asked almost fiercely. "Katharine, it is impossible! When I think of what you were to me only a few days ago— what I deemed you to be— my heart fails me with sorrow and dismay!" He passed his hand over his brow. "Katharine," he went on after a slight pause, "I speak to you now, not as your friend or your lover, but as your clergyman. You are living a sinful life, you are wronging Heaven and yourself, and I cannot stand by and suffer you to do this without protesting, urging, pleading to you to renounce your sin, to repent and return to the place you once held. I do not ask your reasons for this strange, incomprehensibly strange, conduct. Doubtless you are satisfied yourself; but I do entreat you to listen to my warning voice, and to save your soul ere it be too late!"

Katharine neither spoke nor moved for a moment; in that time she seemed to pass through the bitterness of death itself. Oh, for freedom to cry aloud the truth, to say: "Cease, you wrong me; I am his wife!" to justify herself in his eyes, but she could not do this. Gordon's threat was before her, staring at her which ever way she might turn, and though he was still ill though he had gone almost to the last gasp during the past week, he was now himself again as far as brain power went, and Katharine, nervous and unstrung, feared to turn at every sound lest some secret emissary had gone forth to harm or maim her dear love. Had any other creature in this matter-of-fact nineteenth century sworn such a vow of murderous revenge, she would not have regarded it as otherwise than absurd; but Gordon was so different, to her it seemed as though he were in league with the evil one himself, he was so horribly, indescribably steeped in wickedness.

Ormande read the conflicting emotion on her face, and his heart leaped at the sight.

Bending forward eagerly he continued his pleading, so lost himself in his task, the light flashed in his eye, the color rose to his cheeks, his intensity of anxiety moved her almost to tears, but she remained motionless through it all. At the end she was silent, not a sound passed her lips save a deep broken sigh.

Ormande watched her breathlessly. Had he won the day? He was almost too excited to breathe.

Katharine aroused herself. She must answer him, and without delay.

"I thank you, Lord Otway," she began, steeling her voice till it was as cold as ice; "I thank you for the undoubted interest that you have always shown in my welfare. Believe me, I—I should be only too glad to respond to your urgings now, but"—her voice broke only for a moment—"but it is— is impossible. Mr. Smythe is ill, and needs me. Please let me pass. It is growing late."

"Katharine!"— there was a wildness in the cry— "Katharine! hear me, only hear me! I—I love you so much that I cannot, I dare not let this sin rest on your soul. Will—will you not show me a gleam of that better, nobler nature you possess? Leave this man; your place is not by his side, his wife comes first. No matter what affection you may have for him, there is always duty. Send for his wife, dear Katharine, and then you will have proved yourself to be the sweet-hearted woman I have always thought you. Come from out the shadow of sin. Katharine, only promise me this, and I shall be content!"

He paused breathlessly; but one glance at her face told him he had failed.

"I regret," the poor girl said, with all the firmness she could muster, "I regret that I cannot agree to your demand. This— this interview is very painful to me, Lord Otway; you will forgive me for not prolonging it," she gathered herself together and moved to the door; once there she turned her face, quivering with emotion. "Do not judge me too harshly," she said, in an agony of sorrow; "perhaps, some day, you will see my actions in a different light, and—and know me as I really am; but should that never be, I must be content, remembering that you cared sufficiently for my future life as to speak so openly as you have just done. I—I thank you; from my heart I thank you, I——"

She faltered, and then her voice broke altogether, and with a sob she moved to the door, and passed slowly out.

"Katharine!" Ormande stretched his hands toward her retreating form. "Katharine!"

Love, deep anguish stricken love, welled up in his heart again and mingled in his cry of entreaty, but if the girl heard it she took no heed, and the next moment he caught the sound of her voice speaking to the matron as calmly as though nothing had happened to distress or upset her. With a groan his arms fell to his side heavily, and his head sank on his breast.

"She has rejected my aid," he said, sorrowfully, to himself, as he sat by the table and buried his face in his hands. "She will not listen to my words. What can I do? What can I do? Sooner, far sooner would I see you dead and in your grave, than have listened to you as you spoke to-day. Oh, Katharine, Katharine! my dear, my only love! lost to me forever and ever! Our paths must lie far apart in this world, my darling —there is a gulf between us that can never be bridged over—alas, that it should be so, but you have chosen your path and will tread it to its sorrowful, miserable end, while I—I, who would lay down my life for you —must learn from now to drag your memory from my heart, and to forget you altogether —yes, altogether!"

When Lord Otway reached his quiet home that night he found a letter awaiting him. It was from Mr. Montrose, and was written in haste.

"Old Dalrymple died last night," it said, "and I find that he has left every farthing of his money to the children of his sister, Robert Brereton's wife; so my good offices [illegible] she declared. "Alas! the pain no better at all?"

Katharine rested quietly for a moment or two, then she smiled at the girl, her own, sweet smile.

"Yes, it is better," she said slowly; "it is better now, Patty." Then, as if to herself, she said: "The—the worst is over—I will struggle no more."

"There's a note, miss, for you on the tray; it was given me by one of the strange gentleman's valets as I come along."

Once alone, Katharine tore open the note.

"Meet me in the coppice at twelve sharp; do not fail to come. You must make any excuse you think fit, but I shall expect you. If you don't come you will not be surprised at anything that may happen. G. S."

Katharine tore the note into atoms, paused only a moment, then ate some breakfast in a set mechanical fashion, and then rose and performed her toilet in the same way. Her face was very pale, but she looked what she really was, much stronger, and there was a strange air of determination about her that almost savored of dogged sullenness.

"For his sake! his sake!" she murmured every now and then to herself, as she coiled up the masses of her hair, and robed herself in one of her simple, pretty morning frocks. "Come what may, I must be brave; I must forget myself for his sake!"

Her very desperation gave her new strength; she would not, dared not, let herself think of the future; it was the present that filled all her thoughts. Gordon's fierce, evil face haunted her, his threats bore double weight while he was under the same roof as Lord Otway.

"What use in moaning and wailing," she said bitterly to herself, as she sat down for one moment to rest from the fatigue of dressing. "I am face to face with the most hideous problem that ever came to mortal woman. He is sure of me; he knows his power. For myself I have no fear, no apprehension; it is through Ormande he strikes me." She shivered slightly. "His words are no idle boast. Have I not witnessed myself how horrible he can be in his wickedness and cruelty? Were I disposed to cavil and set him at defiance, a hundredfold, I have but to remember Craven Adair's fate, and I should be brought to my senses."

Barbara was chatting with a number of people in the hall as the girl came down.

"Ah, Miss Brereton, you are better; that is good. I don't want any one to be ill on my birthday. You are looking very pale, why not go into the air? It will be much better for than sitting in the house. I see you have your hat."

Barbara had gone back to the frank, semi-affectionate tone she had adopted to win her way with Katharine. She threw an extra little warmth into it now, as she wished to patronize the girl before the assembled guests.

"That girl is simply too beautiful for words," was Lady Clara Lennox's remark as Katharine vanished.

And Barbara, hearing this, gazed after the tall, graceful figure with venomous jealousy rankling in her breast; but her frown soon changed into a smile as she noted which way Katharine had gone.

"Patience," she murmured to herself. "Patience; my time is coming!"

Katharine walked through the August sunshine as pale as a statue, and almost as cold in her heart as though she had indeed been made of stone. Her feet moved mechanically away from the lawns, where all was bustle and confusion preparing for the arrival of the villagers in the afternoon, and all their festivities.

She neither asked nor puzzled herself as to what Gordon required of her now. The fact remained that he did want her, and she was obeying him for Ormande's sake. What was there on earth she would not have done for him?

The coppice reached, Katharine stood and looked about for Gordon. There were no signs of him at first, but after a time she felt the scent of his cigar steal on the summer air, and in a moment he had sauntered around a corner and was beside her.

"Punctual, to the minute, Kattie," he said, with his most approved sneer. "See what it is to be so attractive; you fly to obey my smallest word."

"You have sent for me! What do you want?"

Katharine's voice was as hard and as cold as her face had grown.

Gordon smoked on in silence for a moment.

"I leave here to-morrow morning early! You must accompany me!" was his abrupt reply.

Katharine shuddered, and her two hands met together convulsively. She was utterly unable to speak for an instant.

"I hope that plan will not inconvenience you, Kattie!"

She resisted the sudden inclination to strike him across his smooth, smiling face; her nerves were strung up to their highest pitch.

"Your hour?" she said, in low, husky tones, still clasping her hands.

Gordon gave himself up for a moment to the enjoyment of his cigar, the sneering smile lingering on his lips.

"Really, this is quite pleasant. Ah! I can foresee a most delightful existence with you, my dear Kattie; the dearest and most obedient wife in the world."

"Your hour?" she broke in, fiercely. "Tell me——"

She had leaned against a tree; there was not a particle of color in her cheeks.

Gordon laughed softly, and was about to make some remark when suddenly he threw away his half-smoked cigar, and, with one stride, was close beside her.

To be continued

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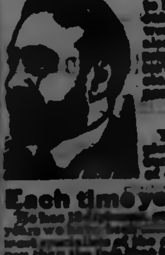

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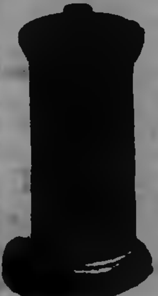
COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........ ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..
Address..
County..................................

THE Most Perfect Stove Made



THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau,
Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat! The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion— why! The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN [illegible] ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
1	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
2	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
3	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
4	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 40 by 30 feet, with 18 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your teeth troubles here at once.

Full set of teeth..........	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings..........	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

—The Rev. Mr. Waddell, of Dunedin, New Zealand, who has been sojourning in the old country for a few months has returned on his way homeward, and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Hugh Waddell. An opportunity will be given for friends to meet Dr. Waddell on Friday evening in St. Andrew's church hall, when he will favour them with a lecture on "An Evening with Irish Humour."

—A subscriber sends The Times the following:—Drawn by one team of horses from Rob. Coleman's farm, five miles, over heavy road, 120 feet of stone, [illegible] by W. H. Mahoney to the [illegible], [illegible] by J. Rogers. [illegible] hoping to get home.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG
BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.
P. O. Box 676
'Phone 1[illegible]

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof for an Act to Incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham: and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee: and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise lands for the purposes of the Company and for parks and pleasure grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons [illegible] Railway, and for other purposes. Dated at Peterborough this [illegible]

[illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 25, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Merchants are now busy stocktaking.

—The County Council meets on Tuesday next.

—The market to-day will not be very large.

—Ring up phone 370 and get some decent coffee. H. F. Kidd, 353 George st.

—The Board of Works and Legal Committee met yesterday.

—The Board of Health will meet on Monday next at 4 p.m.

—The road grader is kept busy on the streets, levelling the high banks of snow.

—The next and probably the last dance of the Knickerbocker Club will be held on Friday evening next.

—Phone us for a pound of our 35c. Java-Mocha blend coffee, guaranteed. H. F. Kidd, phone 370.

—Our lovely open winter,
With soothing balmy airs.
Is liable at any time
To close up for repairs.

—Whiten brings the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

—The small-pox patient at Jackson Park is rapidly convalescing, and Dr. Bingham, who has had charge of the case, has been relieved of his duties. Dr. Bingham went to Toronto yesterday.

—We will cheerfully refund the money on a trial order if the goods are not entirely satisfactory. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—Many householders are now lamenting because they didn't purchase hardwood from the farmers last week when the price was only $4.40 per cord. As the roads are now bad their orders will have to be placed with local dealers at five plunks per cord.

—As will be observed by reference to our advertising columns, application is being made to the Provincial Legislature for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and operate branch lines from that town to Lakefield and Clear Lake, to Chemong Lake, to River Otonabee and Rice Lake.

LOST

LOST.—Last night, a ladies' gold watch, hunting case, between Tooley's hotel and the Munroe House. Finder will be rewarded by returning watch to Munroe House.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A Pathetic Letter

The following note, slightly soiled and bearing quite conspicuously the tear stains, was picked up near one of the Central school buildings the other day, and tells its own tale of stern devotion to duty on one hand and unmitigated anguish on the other: "Friend Ray,—I will write you a little note this evening to tell you that I have decided not to keep regular company with any boy while I am in school, for I must make use of my school time while I can; and besides, I have no desire to go with one boy all the time, anyway. So you needn't come any more at present, but we can still be friends, and I expect you can find someone you like better anyway, and so can I. You needn't answer this. Your everlasting friend."

—What do you want for 30 cents? Go to Kidd's and get it, 353 George st.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Miss Walton, of Rochester, N. Y., is visiting Mrs. S. Clegg, Stewart st.

—Mr. David Gilmour, of the Gilmour Co., Trenton, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Fowlds, of Hastings, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mr. Niedler, of Fenelon Falls, was among the visitors to the town yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bert Sutcliffe were visiting friends in Lindsay during the week.

—Miss Ingram, of Bethany, who has been visiting friends in town for some time, returned to her home on Thursday.

—Mayor Denne, Ald. Best, and Mr. E. H. D. Hall, Town Solicitor, have returned from Toronto, where they were on civic business.

—Judge Ketchum, of Cobourg, was in town yesterday holding Division Court. He is performing the duties of His Honor, Judge Weller.

—Mr. R. M. Dennistoun, of town, has been elected a member of the Governing Body of Trinity College School, Port Hope. Mr. Dennistoun is receiving the congratulations of his many friends upon his appointment to so important a position.

—Mr. J. E. Pearse, son of Mr. Edgcumbe Pearse, of town, has been appointed to the position of city engineer of Newport News, Va., where he has resided for many years. The many friends of Mr. Pearse will be pleased to learn of his appointment to so important a position.

A Successful Operation

The many friends of Mrs. Alf. Garlick, Water street, will be pleased to learn that the operation which she underwent yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's Hospital, was successfully performed, and she is doing as well as can be expected. The operation was performed by Dr. Halliday, assisted by Dr. Grey.

A STRAIGHT SHOT

Brought About By Accident

A lady who accidentally began eating Grape-Nuts and quickly discovered the strength that she gained, feels disposed to write regarding the food.

She says: "Grape-Nuts has done so much for me. When I came out of school I was broken down in health from overwork and nervousness. Every summer, during the hot weather I have been practically exhausted and generally have lost five pounds or over. Quite by accident I began using Grape-Nuts and though I liked it very much at first but the taste grew on me so much that I am extravagantly fond of it. I ate it all last summer and was surprised to find that I kept up with plenty of strength, my nerve force increased, and I lost no flesh.

I know exactly what has sustained me for I have made no change in my way of living except to take on Grape-Nuts. I never tire of it. I always use it with cold cream in summer and warm cream in winter. This is a straightforward, honest letter, and I trust it will be of service to you." Lucy J. Rowen, Cedar Falls, Ia.

OPENING POSTPONED

The New Chemong Public Hall to be Opened February 3rd.

The new Council Chamber and Public school, erected by the Dominion Government at Chemong, was to have been formally opened on Thursday last by Mr. J. H. McClellan. On account of the snow storm the opening has been postponed until Monday, Feb. 3.

A large number of Indians from all parts of the Province arrived here on Thursday, intending to drive out to Chemong, but found it impossible to do so, and returned home.

Pill Sense.—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Little Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old-timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal. 40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations.—5

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the last regular meeting of Court Stanley, Ancient Order of Foresters, held a few nights ago, the following officers were duly and legally installed by Bro. W. J. Johnston, District Chief Ranger for 1902: H. McWha P.C.R.; R. Whatley, C.R.; B. Moore, S.C.R.; Geo. R. Record, Secretary; S. Adlam, Financial Secretary; W. J. McWilliams, Treasurer; Wm. Tinkler, Sr. Woodward; Geo. Mein, Jr. Woodward; T. McWilliams, Sr. Beadle; R. Dale, Jr. Beadle; Dr. Scott, Physician; R. J. Goodnough, Chaplain; S. Adlam, Cor. to Ancient Foresters; E. R. Williams, D. Holt, A. Gilbert, Auditors; Geo. Tremain, D. Hamilton, E. R. Williams, Trustees. The officers of Companion Court Queen Alexandria were also duly installed by Bro. Geo. R. Record, after which refreshments were served to all present.

—Why not try H. F. Kidd's choice Breakfast Cereals? 353 George st.

POLICE COURT NEWS

The Chief is evidently determined to enforce the snow by-law and yesterday Wm. McColl, a blacksmith on George street was up before the Magistrate for not shovelling the snow from in front of his premises. He was not fined, the Magistrate held that Mr McColl did not intend to violate the law.

An employee of the Canadian General Electric Co. was fined $2 and costs for assaulting his foreman.

A few days ago two aged inmates in the Peterborough Protestant Home had a difference of opinion and their tempers getting up the old men came to blows and as a result Robert Redman charged George Weddon with assault. The case was heard by the Magistrate yesterday and after listening to part of the evidence he endeavored to effect a settlement between the two, but Redman declared he could not live in the same house with Weddon. The Magistrate pointed out to them that they were causing considerable trouble to those caring for them and advised them to return to the home and live quietly. Redman is still dissatisfied and declares he will leave the institution. He may after giving the matter careful consideration, decide to stay where he is.

Good Coffee

Is elegant IF !!

you can digest it.

POSTUM, WELL MADE

is superb, and you

CAN !! digest it.

Home Letters Are Convincing

Paine's Celery Compound

PROVES ITS VALUE BY CURES EFFECTED IN CANADA

NO FOREIGN OR DOUBTFUL TESTIMONIALS ARE USED TO INFLUENCE THE SICK

The cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound are wonderful and startling and of such a nature as to attract the most widespread attention. The straightforward, honest facts, published from time to time come direct from our own Canadian men and women, who can easily be interviewed about their restoration to health. No doubtful, foreign or manufactured letters are used to catch the sick and suffering. Mr. R. Morris, Brockville, Ont., tells of his blessed experience with Paine's Celery Compound as follows:

"Having suffered with neuralgia in the head for two years, I tested the skill of doctors and made use of many kinds of medicines, as well as the electric battery, but got no relief from any of these sources. I decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial, as I noticed by the press it was highly recommended for my troubles. I used several bottles and it cured the neuralgia as well as the dyspepsia from which I suffered. I recommend Paine's Celery Compound to anyone suffering as I did with terrible neuralgia and dyspepsia. I trust you may insert this letter in the press so that others may be benefited."

A GENEROUS GIFT

Messrs Richard Hall and C. McGill Give $7,000 to the Nicholls Hospital

The annual meeting of the Nicholls Hospital board was held in the Town Clerk's office on Thursday. The reports of the past year were presented and adopted. A special feature of the meeting was the announcement that Mr. Richard Hall and Mr. Chas. McGill had presented the sum of $7000 to the Hospital fund.

The expenditure of the past year has been very heavy owing to the large number of patients in the Hospital. The donation assumes the character of a public benefit as the Town is not asked to pay anything toward the maintenance of the institution. The year 1902 is entered upon with $462 to the good.

The motion met with approval.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers resulted as follows,—

Chairman—Mr. Richard Hall.
Hon. Sec.—Mr. W. H. Hill.
Sec.-Treasurer—Mr. J. Crane.
Finance Committee—Messrs. W. H. Hill, A. P. Poussette, W. Madill, C. McGill and Mayor Denne.
Property Committee—Messrs. W. Aldridge, John McClelland, W. Madill, Thomas Morrow and Mayor Denne.
Supply Committee—Messrs. John McClelland, Wm. Madill, W. Aldridge, Hugh Waddell and W. H. Hill.
Visiting Committee—January and July—Messrs. W. H. Hill and Mayor Denne.
February and August—Messrs. A. P. Poussette and John McClelland.
March and September—Messrs. W. Aldridge and H. Waddell.
April and October—Messrs. Richard Hall and Thomas Morrow.
May and November—Messrs. C. McGill and W. Hill.
June and December—Mr. Jas. Stevenson.

The business concluded, the meeting adjourned.

Sabbath School Entertainment

The Sabbath School of St Paul's Church gave a most enjoyable entertainment in the school room last night. A varied programme of music, dialogues, etc., in which the boys and girls acquitted themselves creditably was given to a fairly large and thoroughly appreciative audience. Aside from the social enjoyment these gatherings afford, they are a direct benefit to the school, acting as an incitement to new and energetic effort on the part of the pupils, collectively and individually.

A modern weapon in the battle for health.—If disease has taken your citadel of health, the stomach, and is torturing you with indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, South American Nervine is the weapon to drive the enemy from his stronghold "at the point of the bayonet," trench by trench, but swift and sure, it always cures.—4

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

PETERBOROUGH WON

From Port Hope Last Night by a Score of 5 to 2—Exciting Game

The Charlotte street rink was the scene of one of the fastest and most closely contested matches ever played in town. The Intermediate team played the Ontarios of Port Hope in the O.H.A. championships series and defeated them by a score of 5 goals to 2. At half-time the score stood 2—1 in favour of the Ontarios, and at that time it looked as though they were winners. The second half of the game was the fastest and the Intermediates were determined to win. The puck was taken into close range of the Ontario's goal a number of times but they could not score. The checking was splendid. Both teams were well up in the art of stick handling and being fast skaters kept the puck going all the time. The teams lined up as follows:

INTERMEDIATES

Goal,—Wasson.
Point,—Glover.
Cover Point,—Armstrong.
Forwards,—Wittcroft, Morgan, Armstrong, Graham.

ONTARIO'S.

Goal,—Mercer.
Point,—Bourne.
Cover Point,—Brown.
Forwards—McMillan, Bunny, Colman (Capt.), Lawrenson.

The Intermediates goal was guarded by Wasson, the veteran goalkeeper of the Peterborough's whose work has always been admired.

Rolly Glover at Cover Point played a star game. The fact that the score was kept down so well is largely due to his excellent playing.

In the players on the forward line and the cover point we cannot decide who played the best game. The work of these players was excellent and it would be difficult to find other men to take their place.

The Port Hope team were well supported by their defence. Their forward line was very aggressive and made many determined rushes on the Intermediates goal but they did not always count on the defence at that point.

The Port Hope players indulged in considerable rough play and in a number of occasions one would be sent to the fence.

The referee did his work very well and gave very good satisfaction.

The attendance at the rink was about the largest that ever witnessed a match. It is estimated that there were about 1500 people present. The Port Hope team brought about 150 from Port Hope, Cobourg and Millbrook.

The return match will be played in Cobourg next week and it is hoped the Intermediates will be winners again.

The gate receipts last night amounted to $270.00.

The Lakeviews played at Norwood last night and were defeated. The score was 12—4 in favour of Norwood.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains

They arise from the formation of gas owing to improper digestion. A very prompt and efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. It relieves the distension instantly, and by its stimulating action on the stomach, aids digestion. Nerviline cures dyspeptic pains by removing the cause. Nerviline is also highly recommended for cramps, colic, summer complaint and inflammation. Sold in large 25c bottles everywhere.

A New Exchange

The Times has just received the first number of a paper issued in the interests of the pork men. It is called "The Hog," and it fairly bristles with good things and is plentifully interlarded with humor—a regular rib-tickler, in fact. In addition to the usual supply of solid meat, there is a corner for tenderlines, and there is a short "tail." It is an offal nice paper. We never sausage a one before. Like the Times it has no motto, but a good one would be: "Hold the pork, fry ham coming," or "In hog signo vinces."

Nervous Dyspepsia

How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds a real misery to life. Not the stomach, but the nerves are affected. Starved nerves make the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone because it is a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich, red blood. This is the savings bank of health. The richer the blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the nervous system, strengthens the digestive organs, and, presto! the nervous disturbance disappears. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Dept. C, Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $1 to $8 a day; you can do it without outlay; it is copying book. Walton & Mason, 51 King street East, Toronto.

WANTED—Place by a good general servant girl. Apply for information to Box 160 Tweed P.O.

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, INDEPENDENTLY rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Erie, Oneonta bldg., Chicago Ill.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

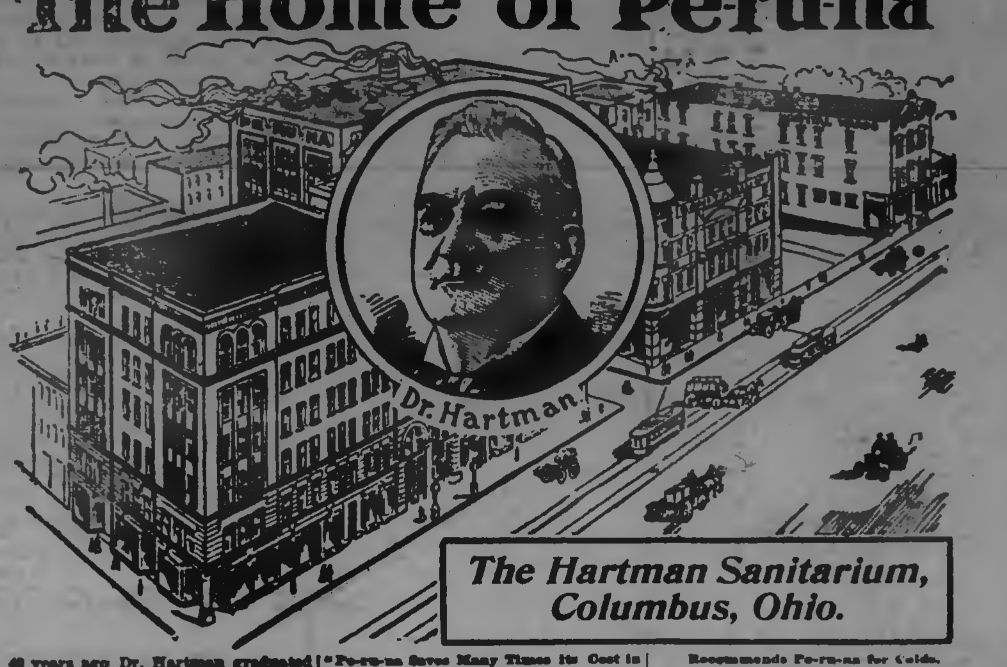
It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

BOVRIL

AN OLD PHYSICIAN'S

Prescription for Chronic Catarrh-- In Use Over Forty Years.

The Home of Pe-ru-na



The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

40 years ago Dr. Hartman graduated at the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, and immediately commenced the practice of medicine in Millersville, Lancaster Co., Pa. Subsequently he practiced in Lancaster City until twenty years ago. He then lectured on the subject of medicine and chronic diseases in all the principal cities in the United States.

During all this time the doctor has been a specialist in the treatment of chronic catarrh. He has probably treated more cases of catarrh than any other physician in the world. Several thousand people (suffering from this stubborn disease) are constantly under his treatment which he carries on by correspondence.

The remedy upon which the doctor relies for the cure of this vast multitude of people is Peruna. Peruna is without doubt the only reliable internal specific for catarrh yet devised by the medical profession. It cures catarrh wherever located—catarrh of the head, catarrh of the throat, of the stomach, lungs, liver, bowels, kidneys, or catarrh of the pelvic organs. Catarrh of these various organs includes a host of diseases known by different names.

Peruna is not a patent medicine, but the regular prescription of a regular physician in the regular practice of medicine. The remedy Peruna is manufactured only by The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, O., where it is supplied to druggists all over the United States and Canada.

Anyone suffering from catarrh, severe or mild, acute or chronic, in any organ or part of the human body, should begin the use of Peruna at once. If at any time during the treatment the patient wishes to ask any question of Dr. Hartman concerning any detail of the disease or treatment he should write the doctor who will promptly answer, free of charge.

Catarrh of Bronchial Tubes Cured.

Mr. W. B. Walby, Hotel Windsor, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"I have been taking Peruna for catarrh of the bronchial tubes for three weeks, and was truly surprised to find that it affected a complete cure."

W. B. WALBY.

"Pe-ru-na Saves Many Times its Cost in Doctor Bills."

Mr. Geo. A. Gauvin, No. 18 Spring Garden, Halifax, N. S., is Vice-President of the Halifax Camera Club, Lieutenant of Ramblers' Cycle Club, Halifax, writes:

"I feel it a duty as well as a pleasure to speak in high praise of Peruna, especially valuable in cases of catarrh so frequent during the winter season in this country. I have used it myself with fine results, also in my family and found that it has saved me many times its cost in doctor bills.

"Peruna is not only a cure for cold, but a splendid preventive. I know of no medicine, patent or otherwise, which is so powerful to remove disease from the system.—GEO. A. GAUVIN.

"Have Enjoyed Perfect Health Since Using Pe-ru-na."

Miss Florence E. Kenah, 424 Maria St., Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"A few months ago I caught a severe cold which settled on my lungs and remained there so persistently that I became alarmed. I took medicine without benefit, until my digestive organs became upset, and my head and back began to ache severely and frequently.

"I was advised to try Peruna, and although I had little faith I felt so sick that I was ready to try anything. It brought me blessed relief at once, and I felt that I had the right medicine at last. Within three weeks I was completely restored and have enjoyed perfect health since.

"I now have the greatest faith in Peruna."—F. E. KENAH.

"Pe-ru-na Keeps me in Fine Health."

Miss Ella Pittaway, No. 85 Primrose Ave., Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"I cannot speak too highly of Peruna as a medicine of special value during the inclement weather. I was subject to catarrh of the head and throat until I tried Peruna, and I now find that a few doses taken in time invariably cures me, and also that it acts as a special preventative of throat difficulties.

"It keeps me in fine health, and I value its qualities very much."

MISS ELLA PITTAWAY.

Recommends Pe-ru-na for Colds.

Mr. E. H. Cunningham, Mgr. Cable Co., Halifax, N. S., writes:

"During the past winter I contracted a severe cold which I found difficult to throw off. After using several remedies without success, I purchased a bottle of Peruna, and was so pleased with the result, that I now wish to recommend it to all persons suffering as I did."

E. H. CUNNINGHAM.

"Feel Better and Stronger Than for Years."

Miss M. Jean Sargent, Frankford, Ont., writes:

"A few months ago I caught a severe cold coming home from an evening party, being too thinly dressed. It developed into catarrh of the throat, and I soon found that it was more serious than I had anticipated.

"Having read of Peruna and its claims of quick cure, I determined to try it, and sent for a bottle. I am very much pleased to state that the results were far better than I had anticipated or expected. The third day after using it my cough had nearly disappeared, and my appetite had returned, within another week I felt better and stronger than I had done for years.

"I therefore gladly indorse it."

M. JEAN SARGENT.

Everybody should have a copy of one of Dr. Hartman's free books on chronic catarrh. The doctor has lately written a book on pelvic catarrh, to which women are especially liable. Sent free to women only. "The Ills of Life" which can be secured at most up-to-date drug stores," and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Peruna can be purchased for $1.00 per bottle at all first class drug stores.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

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QUEBEC

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	Low Price.	Present Price.	Advance.
Heidelburgs	12s 6d	19s 0d	$1 62
Klerksdorp............	11s 0d	16s 0d	1 25
Witkopje..............	10s 6d	16s 0d	1 37
Salisbury	20s 0d	28s 6d	2 12
Chartereds	£3 6s 0d	£4 9s 0d	5 75
Oceanas....	£2 2s 0d	£2 7s 6d	1 37

These are only a few instances, but numbers of others could be mentioned showing equally large or larger advances, and all our advices indicate that the upward movement in Kaffir (South African) stocks has hardly commenced. Of the above companies it is predicted that Heidleburgs and Salisburys will touch £5, and Witkopje, Klerksdorps and Oceanas are expected to show a profit of from 200 to 400 per cent on present prices. In addition to securing the best representatives possible in London, England, and receiving advices from such source regarding the condition of the market, we have also our SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA.

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IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 22

PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY JANUARY 27 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

THE DANISH WEST INDIA ISLANDS SOLD TO THE UNITED STATES.

Minister Brun Authorized to Conclude Treaty Without Delay

Prompt Ratification by United States Congress is Anticipated

Review of Previous Efforts for Acquisition of Group

Little Archipelago Strong in Historic and Romantic Interest

Copenhagen, Jan. 27—Authority to sign the Danish West Indies treaty was cabled to the Danish Minister at Washington, on Saturday afternoon. It is expected that the treaty will be signed to-day and that it will be immediately transmitted to the senate. Its prompt ratification is expected.

Washington, Jan. 27—The treaty for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States was presented to Secretary Hay on Saturday by the Danish minister, Mr. Brun. Both the secretary and Mr. Brun declined to discuss the matter in any way, and would not give any intimation of what the terms of the treaty provide.

It is learned, however, that one clause provides that the treaty shall be submitted to a vote of the people of Denmark before it becomes operative. This will be done simultaneously with its presentation to the senate for ratification, provided it is signed by Secretary Hay. There is an intimation that the signatures will not be affixed to the treaty for some days because of this qualifying provision.

The Danish West Indies are three little islands lying immediately east of Porto Rico at the gateway of the Caribbean sea. Santa Cruz is the largest of the three and contains seventy four square miles of territory, more than five-sixth of it being cultivated. Its total population is 20,000, most of which is of negro descent. St. Thomas is the second in size and is the first in importance because of its situation and fine harbor.

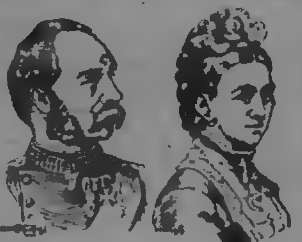
St. Thomas contains the commercial metropolis of the islands, the town of Charlotte Amelia, which is better known as St. Thomas. Charlotte Amelia has 12,000 inhabitants, and the total population of the island is only a few hundreds larger. It contains but thirty-three square miles of territory, most of it too rocky for cultivation.

The third island in the bunch is St. John, a little rocky islet on which less than 1,000 people live. Altogether the purchase adds but 34,000 people and less than 110 square miles of territory to the United States.

In 1867 Secretary of State Seward made an attempt to buy three islands for $7,500,000. The Danish Government agreed to make the sale, provided the people of the islands were agreeable. Rev. Dr. Hawley, pastor of the church which the secretary attended at Auburn, N.Y., was sent to St. Thomas to supervise an election held to give the people a chance to express their views. On all three islands but twenty-two votes were cast against the proposed union with the United States, several thousand being recorded in its favor.

The sentiment of the people was almost unanimous. But the plan had many opponents in congress. Among these was Senator Sumner, then at the head of the committee on foreign relations. Many years later another attempt was made to buy out Denmark's possessions in the Caribbean. This time the price was fixed at less than $5,000,000, but in spite of the reduction it came to nothing. Meanwhile King Christian and the Danish Government have been growing increasingly anxious to sell.

Whatever the islands may lack in any other direction they are strong in historic and romantic interest. They were discovered by Columbus on his second voyage to America in 1493. But Columbus was not looking for a few little scattered islands, and when he found how small they were he hoisted sail and went away after naming them the Virgin Islands. Then for more than 150 years they lay unvisited by white men. In 1657 some adventurous Dutchmen sailed into the splendid harbor of St. Thomas and started a little settlement there. That lasted for ten years. Then the Dutch gave up the attempt, and a few years later the Danes took their place. Since then the English, French and Spanish have alternated in the control of one or more of the islands, which finally passed under the permanent control of Denmark in 1815.


KING AND QUEEN OF DENMARK.

But the chief romantic interest which attaches to St. Thomas lies in the fact that it was for years one of the headquarters of the famous pirates and buccaneers who so long infested and ravaged the Spanish main.

All three of the islands are thought to be the tops of what were once volcanic mountains. In appearance they are typically tropical. The temperature of the island of Santa Cruz ranges from 66 to 82 degrees. It has many splendid driveways, leading through avenues of palms, tamarinds and bananas. There are two towns on the island, Frederiksted and Christiansted. Neither is of any importance from a commercial standpoint. Practically all of the 20,000 inhabitants of the island speak English, and the only sign of their allegiance to Denmark is the flag and a little garrison of about 100 Danish soldiers. Frederiksted is a small town of stucco-covered, two storied buildings, the fissures in the walls and the tumbling walls being a result of the sack of the city in 1878, when the negroes on the island revolted against the Danish government.

THE BOERS SHOT DOWN A COUPLE OF NURSES

Shot Them Down in Cold Blood—Swift Vengeance by Canadians—Boer Leader Paid Penalty

Here is another instance of the ruthless cruelty of the Boers.

A train was proceeding from Pretoria to Nylstroom, when it was attacked by the Boers. A major was killed and two nurses shot dead in cold blood. One of these nurses had been known to show a leaning towards the British wounded, and she was deliberately aimed at. The Canadian scouts and a portion of the regular infantry pursued the Boers, and captured the leader and thirteen men. The leader was instantly shot.

Mr. Davis states that while the Boers hate the British, they hate with a special hatred the colonials, because they recognize that the colonials have rendered the most effective service in the war.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—Lieut. Jeff. Davis, has just returned from South Africa, where he spent two years at the front—first as a trooper in the second contingent, then as sergeant-major in the Canadian Scouts, and subsequently as lieutenant, which promotion was accorded him for a daring ride of seventy-two miles between the Boer lines carrying despatches from General French to General Smith-Dorrien—a ride fraught with great danger in the Eastern Transvaal, and which had to be accomplished at night—a ride which, successfully performed, received hearty commendation from his superiors.

Lieut. Davis is on his way to his home in Calgary, but he thinks he will go once more to South Africa, and accept a position on the Constabulary under Colonel Steele.

MURDER OF GAT. HOWARD.

Mr. Davis gives an authentic account of the death of "Gatling" Gun Howard, as he arrived at the spot ten minutes after the murder—for it was a murder—took place, and learned the details from a Kaffir servant, who had escaped, as well as from Captain Beattie, who, though wounded in the affair, was able to join the column of which Mr. Davis was a member.

Colonel Howard, accompanied by Captain Beattie, an orderly named Northerly, and a Kaffir servant, rode in advance of the column of scouters, whose business it was to find the Boers, to a place called Nooriplatts, on the border of Swaziland. In a natural declivity a number of Boer wagons had been collected, although the Boers themselves, having seen the column approaching from a distance, removed behind some hills. Colonel Howard and his staff moved forward and entered the depression or hollow in which the wagons were huddled together. Seeing that he was almost alone the Boers from the hills began firing. Captain Beattie was hit, so was the orderly, but Colonel Howard remained unhurt. A Boer field cornet descended the hill and ordered the Colonel to throw up his hands. This he did. His arms were taken from him, and he was brought behind a cart, where he was deliberately shot by the field cornet—once in the mouth and once in the shoulder. The orderly was riddled with bullets. Captain Beattie made his escape and rushed for the advancing column. The Kaffir servant, though column. The Kaffir servant, though struck, managed to crawl away. When the column came up the scouts began to fire, and got their guns in position. The Boers retreated. Howard and the orderly were then quite dead. They were buried side by side.

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BRITISH WAR TACTICS CRITICISED BY U. S.

A Lively Discussion in the United States Senate Over the War

HOW ABOUT PHILLIPINE WAR?

The Question Knocked the Wind Out of the Garrulous Senator, Who Was a Pro-Boer.

Washington, Jan. 25—The Senate on Saturday was the scene of another incident over the South African war. It will be remembered that the Senator from Colorado asked for the intervention of the United States Government on behalf of the Boers. The Senator again moved in the matter, referring to the execution of Commandant Scheepers, whom he said was assassinated in cold blood.

"It is said," continued Mr. Teller, "that the resolution might be offensive to the government of Great Britain, but if the Geneva convention, to which the United States and Great Britain were parties, means anything it means that we should intervene in such a case as this. If this man was captured as stated while lying in a hospital Great Britain in putting him to death is guilty of a vile assassination."

Mr. Teller read the articles of the Geneva convention applying to the case and said:

"These are rules of warfare which the czar of Russia would respect, which half civilized Turkey and semibarbarous Persia would respect. Under these rules this was a case in which the United States or any other nation party to the Geneva convention had ample right to intervene. It was the business of this government to have ascertained the facts regarding this case and to have protested against this execution. Are we so pusillanimous, so afraid of offending the susceptibilities of Great Britain as to have refrained from doing our duty in a case where humanity was about to be violated?"

Mr. Teller referred to what he said was Great Britain's efforts to destroy two struggling republics and asserted that if the truth had been told by British official reports more Boers had been "slaughtered" during the past year than had been admitted by Great Britain to have been in arms in the whole of South Africa.

Without further comment Mr. Teller, in view of the execution of Commandant Scheepers, asked that the resolution be postponed indefinitely. It was so ordered.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Paris, Jan. 25.—The Scientific Committee of the Aero Club is preparing an important series of surgical experiments to be made at various heights. Special balloon cars are to be fitted with all the essentials of an operating room.

Various problems of heart action under anaesthesia and subsequent recuperation are to be worked out. The first subjects will be guinea pigs and a dog.

A new balloon for the exploration of the Sahara desert is about to be made by Colonel Debureau, an officer of engineers, who has devised an ingenious scheme for the automatic discharge of water ballast. The same arrangement will open a safety valve automatically when the balloon descends and keeps the balloon up.

M. Debureau expects to travel a long way close to the ground, so as to reach the French stations in succession.

London, Jan. 25.—An army order has been issued by Lord Roberts relating to the conditions of efficiency for volunteers. In part it is as follows:

"Volunteers of all ranks should understand that, in view of recent developments in the conditions and requirements of modern warfare, the training of troops, regular or auxiliary, must be conducted on a systematic and progressive principle, in which practice in the essential duties of war is an imperative feature. The force must adapt itself to such a system of training as will admit of its members, from the highest to the lowest, being exercised and inspected in actual actual operations over suitable country or in actual works of defence. An annual camp, with which the year's training should in this manner culminate, is therefore indispensable. To facilitate such training in the case of those corps which, in the opinion of the general officer commanding, are unable to train in complete units, provisional regiments or battalions under officers of the regular forces, and consisting of batteries or companies detailed from volunteer corps, will be formed at suitable stations during certain months of the camping season. Further instructions regarding these arrangements will be issued in due course.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 25.—The Hotel Cecil was burned to the ground this morning. The loss is $60,000, and the insurance small. Some of the inmates had narrow escapes, but all got away uninjured.

The hotel was undergoing repairs, and only a few guests were in the house. The fire broke out at 4.45 a.m., and ran up the elevator shaft to the sixth storey, and filled all the intervening floors. The guests could not use the elevator, and had to take to the windows and fire-escapes. Chas. Lamb, a traveller from Hamilton, escaped without a stitch of clothing. His night-shirt caught fire, and he tore it off, and then his undershirt was burned, and he had to tear that off also. When he got out into the wintry air he was in nature's garb. Another guest hung from one of the hotel windows for ten minutes until he was taken down by a fireman.

Dr. and Mrs. Brownlees, of Ottawa, were in the sixth story when the fire began. The doctor ran to the elevator, but his escape was cut off, and then he went to a window where the fire-escape was. Breaking the inner and outer windows the doctor lifted his wife out, and held her on his arm while he slid down the fire-escape to the first storey, where they landed on a shed. Both were in their night attire.

The insurance is said to have been only about $10,000. The hotel was of stone, six stories high, and was being refitted for the approaching session of Parliament. All the domestics and others in the house lost everything they had.

ANOTHER VERSION.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 25.—Nothing but the walls remain of the Hotel Cecil on Wellington street, near Parliament Hill, a house much used by Senators and members of Parliament during the session. Fire broke out there about five o'clock this morning, though an over heated flue and before it was over the hotel was completely gutted.

New York, Jan. 25.—Five-year-old Martha Manges is looked upon by the police of the Butler street station as a genuine heroine. Fatherless, with her mother unconscious in Seney Hospital, the little girl took care of her two brothers and six-months old baby sister, for three days. When the police found the little family of four Martha was rocking the baby in her arms, and the other two youngsters, James, three years old, and Alphonso, two years old, were wrapped in an old quilt trying to keep warm. In the three rooms that the Manges family had, not a scrap of food could be found, nor was there a fire in the old cooking stove.

MOTHER'S STRUGGLE.

Henry Manges, the father of the family, died six months ago. In his lifetime the family was always well cared for and well fed. After his death the mother was compelled to keep Martha in the house to attend the younger children, while she went to work, and the "little mother" became proficient in her task.

Mrs. Manges left her home to go to work last week. In the house at the time was a small loaf of bread and a little meat. While walking along Fifth avenue the woman suddenly sank unconscious to the pavement. An ambulance from the Seney Hospital was summoned, and the surgeons tried in vain to revive her. There was no clue to her identity, and for three days the woman lay unconscious.

When the mother did not return, little Martha put the other children to bed and sat up the greater part of the night to await her return. The next day what little was left of the bread was eaten up, and the children lay huddled together the better part of the day.

Finally, the next day, the crying of the baby attracted the attention of the neighbors, and the children were given a little food. Detective Lynch, of the Butler St. station, heard of the case and investigated, and had the family taken care of.

Goshen, N. Y., Jan. 25. — The Rev. Clarence Blakely, of the Dutch Hollow Reformed Church, has brought down upon his head a torrent of indignant denial from the young members of his congregation, whom he accuses of kissing in the sanctuary.

At the weekly prayer meeting, last night, the clergyman announced that there must be no more love-making in the church, and said that time after time the services had been interrupted by smacks of kisses. He said that for the last six months he has known that it was the habit of young men and women to attend the church, which is lighted by kerosene lamps, simply that they might sit altogether in the semi-darkness and make love. During the week of prayer, he declared, he was annoyed nightly by loud smacks heard at frequent intervals from various parts of the church. He asked the trustees to furnish more lamps, but the request was ignored, and he has determined to check the practice or resign.

"The house of prayer shall not be desecrated in this manner," he said. "The woman who accepts the kisses of a dozen men is brazen and unwomanly, but when she attempts to indulge in promiscuous kissing and hugging at services held for the purpose of Divine worship she is guilty of a grievous sin."

Mr. Blakely, who is a widower, criticized the young men even more severely. The young men and women of the church assert there is no foundation for the clergyman's charges.

London, Jan. 25.—Of the report of the isthmain Canal Commission at Washington, favoring the acceptance of the offer of the Panama Company to sell its property and rights to the United States for $40,000,000, the Saturday Review says:

"The Americans can do one thing to perfection. They can drive a hard bargain. The sufferer on this occasion is France, which was completely hoodwinked by the American bluff anent the Nicaragua Canal. The Panama directors have agreed to sell their rights for $40,000,000, and the United States will jump at the proposal. The Americans have made a very good bargain—better, perhaps, than is seemly in international dealings."

The Outlook somewhat in the same vein says: "With extreme cleverness the Americans, under cover of establishing a great national principal, made the French owners of the Panama route eager to sell their property. The Americans were perfectly persuaded all along that the Panama route was the better one in nearly every particularly. The thrifty Frenchman, out of whose pocket the money was originally wheedled, must grin and bear this finial shame as he may. Completed by American capital and energy the canal will be a boom to international commerce, and will probably give an impetus to the construction of the American merchant marine, with a navy to match it."

THE MANCHURIAN TREATY.

Pekin, Jan. 26. — The Manchurian treaty is expected to be signed within a week. The diplomats here do not manifest much interest in it, as they do not believe any written treaties will in the slightest degree affect the policy of Russia in Manchuria.

A separate contract with the Russo-China Bank assures to the bank complete control of the railroads and mines.

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PREFERS BRITAIN TO GERMANY

Russian Writer Would Not Like to See Germany Control Egypt

HAVE NO DESIGNS ON INDIA

He Thinks India in English Hands is Less Dangerous than in German—Situation at Corea

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—The well known publicist M. Syromiatnikov has communicated to The Novoye Vremya two articles dealing at length with the proposals, recently set forth in the National Review, in favor of an Anglo Russian understanding in Eastern Europe, in Persia, and the Far East. In general, the writer concurs to a large extent in the views put forward in the English review, while treating each question from the purely Russian standpoint. For instance, he would prefer to see France in Egypt, but Great Britain far rather than Germany, whose influence, if established on the Mediterranean, would be most dangerous to Russia and the Slav world. In regard to Persia, the article recommends a railway between Baku and Karachi, connecting with one of the bays on the Persian Gulf. Such a line, which might be constructed by the British and Russians in common, would place the Caucasus in direct communication with India, and would undoubtedly constitute the best means of effecting a reapprochement between Russia and England. As to Russian designs on India, the writer dismissed them as non-existent, and he says that in any case India in English hands is less dangerous than it would be in German.

INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS.

After remarking on the somewhat indefinite condition of international claims on the Persian Gulf, where Great Britain possesses no pre-eminent right, M. Syromiatnikov proceeds to discuss the Far Eastern question. He says that it would be a veritable act of treason to Korea if Russia were to sacrifice that country to Japan and England, but she cannot prevent the Japanese from working in their own interest in Korea, while Japan, in return, ought not to object to Russia doing the same in Manchuria. Moreover, in Manchuria, Russia has diplomatic deeds of ownership by her expenditure of money on fortifications and railways, and the sacrifice of thousands of Russian lives.

In concluding his review, the writer expresses hearty satisfaction at seeing British publicists taking the initiative in opening a discussion with Russia direct, instead of, as usual, through Berlin, and he thinks that the Russians ought to respond by a straightforward examination of the sincere and serious proposals laid before them. "In any case," he says, "the abasement of England could only be of advantage to us up to a certain point."

REGULAR HORNET'S NEST

Stirred Up at Harvard by a Pro-Boer Professor

Boston, Jan. 27—Professor Andrews, of Harvard University, has stirred up a regular hornet's nest with his appeal for a pro-Boer mass meeting to be held by the students. Already numerous graduates have sent letters to the faculty protesting against such a meeting. One prominent graduate wrote as follows:

"It seems to me that before this meeting could condemn or even consider British conduct in the Boer war it should, first review American behavior in the Philippine war, and discuss the necessary brutal nature of warfare in general. The phrase 'civilized warfare' is one of the most preposterous of self-contradictions."

COLNTY COUNCIL REFORM

Blenheim Township Wants to Go Back to the Old Reeve System Again.

The Blenheim Township Council are taking the lead in an agitation against the present system of representation in the County Council. They have prepared a petition to the Ontario government to be presented at the present session asking that the system be changed and that the reeves of the various townships form the County Council. The Blenheim Council will before presenting the petition ask the approval of every township and town and village council in the province.

It is said that there is a unanimous feeling against the present system. The Peterborough municipalites are strongly in favor of a return to the old system.

30,000 PRISONERS

This is Said to be the Number of Boers in Our Hands.

London, Jan. 27—The number of Boer prisoners now in the hands of the Imperial authorities is estimated to be over 30,000, and the number of Boers killed, wounded or captured for the past year is 18,320. Mr. Brodrick last February stated that the number of Boers in the field was about 20,000, and the inference is that not more than 2,000 are still in the field. But it is probably certain that either Mr. Brodrick's figure was too small, or that the enemy have had large accessions to their ranks from the Cape rebels, or in the shape of foreign mercenaries.

Twenty Years of Bronchitis

Captain Dunlop, of Kingston, commander of the steamer "Bohemian," of the R & O fleet, suffered unceasingly for twenty years, and although he took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained until he used Catarrhozone, which cured him quickly and permanently. The Captain says, "Catarrhozone is the best cure for Bronchitis in the face of the globe, pleasant to use, quick to relieve, and sure to cure." Catarrhozone is a wonderful cure for all diseases of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes. Two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

PANIC-STRICKEN DONS DESERTED BRITISH CREW

Crew of the Hullera Espanola Left the Crew Of the Alfonso to Their Fate

THE VESSEL SANK IN ABOUT SIXTY SECONDS

The Captain of the Alfonso Clung to the Anchor Chain of the Spanish Vessel—Collision Occured in a Fog

Oporto, Jan. 25.—Details have been received of the disastrous collision off the Portugese coast between the Liverpool steamer Alfonso, and the steam collier Hullera Espanola, which sailed under the Spanish flag. It will be recollected that the whole of the crew of the Alfonso, nineteen in number, were drowned, except Captain Burnett. There was an intermittent fog at the time, and a sharp lookout was being kept on the English vessel.

The mate was on the bridge. Seeing a strange vessel looming up in the darkness he hurriedly warned Captain Burnett, who rushed on deck. He was however, unable to reach the bridge in time. There was a terrible crash as the Hullera drove right on to the Alfonso. The Captain saved himself by clinging to the anchor-chain of the Spanish vessel. A moment's glance showed that the English vessel was hopelessly damaged.

The men had but a poor chance for saving their lives, for within the space of about sixty seconds the vessel went to the bottom. It might, however, have been possible to have saved the lives of most of the English crew, but the sailors on board the Spanish ship were, it is asserted, seized with panic.

HULLERA BACKED AWAY

Instead of standing by the Alfonso, the Hullera backed into the fog, and the moment the vessels separated, the Alfonso went down. The Spaniards rushed to their boats, but these had three oars and no rowlocks. The Spaniards further refused Captain Burnett's urgent request to look out for any of the unfortunate members of his crew who might be struggling in the water. Soon all sight of the Hullera was lost in the fog, and although the boats in which the survivors escaped, were somewhat damaged, they only sank a little forward. Luckily, however, the Portugese schooner Rodolfo came in sight about twelve hours later, and picked up and landed the Spanish crew and Captain Burnett.

Considerable bitterness is felt here among the English community at the reports of the way in which the British sailors were deserted.

The Captain of the Hullera says his vessel was registered 978, and carried 2,103 tons of coal. About eleven at night off Averio, he sighted the lights of a vessel bearing down on him and signalled her to bear away. The other replied that it would not. He (the Spanish captain) then ordered full speed astern; but it was too late, the Hullera's bow crashed into the side of the English ship, whose captain leaped on the Spanish ship. The Alfonso for such it proved to be, foundered three minutes later. He ordered his boats to immediately look out for survivors, but it was in vain. The Hullera lost one of her crew of twenty-four, drowned. She sank at half-past one, two and one-half hours after the collision.

SMALLPOX VANFUL ASTRAY.

Drunken Driver and Four Stricken Children Found Stranded in the Street.

New York, Jan. 27—William Shepard of 79 Hutton street, Jersey City, found a smallpox van containing four children ill with the disease, and two mothers, at Cambridge avenue and Hutton street, at 7.30 o'clock last night. Michael Kelly, the driver, was so drunk that he could not hold the reins. Shepard drove the van to the Sixth precinct police station and told the sergeant to look up the driver. The police wouldn't touch him.

Health officers were notified and they hustled for a man to take the van to Snake Hill. In the meantime the mothers and their children were crying bitterly with the cold. A volunteer driver was finally found and the van was started across the meadow after Kelly had been dumped in with the patients. The mothers were Mrs. Schaefer and Mrs. Nolan of 616 John street, West Hoboken. Each had two children, ill with smallpox, and had volunteered to go to the pesthouse to nurse them. They left West Hoboken at 3.30 in the afternoon.

The police think Kelly spent most of the intervening four hours in saloons. It is feared that many people, may have been brought in contact with the patients, and health officers were trying, late last night, to trace the course taken by the drunken driver.

POLICE COURT NEWS

Volunteers Must Produce Certificate of Enlistment—Snow By-Law

Members of the local regiment who have not yet paid their poll tax are reminded of the fact they they are required to bring to the tax collector a certificate of their enlistment in lieu of the tax. Unless this is done they will appear in the Police Court to answer for themselves. One of such cases was up before the Magistrate on Saturday, but the defendant produced a certificate from his Commanding Officer and was accordingly off. Under ordinary circumstances he would have had to pay the costs in connection with the case. All volunteers are requested to make a note of this and attend to the matter at once.

A couple of citizens were up before the Magistrate for not shovelling the snow from the sidewalk in front of their places. No convictions were made.

For removing the snow from their yards and dumping it on the street two citizens were assessed $2.00 each.

CHURCH NOTES.

—Rev. J. C. Davidson Rector, conducted the services at St. John's Church yesterday. Holy Communion was dispensed in the morning at 8.30; Morning Prayer and sermon at 11; Evening Prayer and sermon at 7.

—Rev. W. L. Armitage, Rector, conducted the services at All Saints' Church yesterday. The services were of a special character, being the first time Rev. Armitage conducted the services as Rector of All Saints'.

—Rev. Canon Green, the Rector of St. James' Church, Orillia, conducted the services at St. Lukes Church yesterday. Rev. E. A. Langfeldt preached in St. James' Church Orillia.

—Rev. Dr. Torrance conducted the morning service at St. Pauls. In the evening Rev. A. W. Craw, B.A. of Warkworth occupied the pulpit.

—Rev. J. Bastow conducted the services in the Murray Street Baptist Church.

—At St. Andrew's Church, Rev. J. P. Potter conducted the services.

—Rev. Wilson preached to large congregations in the George Street Methodist Church.

—Rev. D. O. Crossley conducted the services at the Charlotte Street Methodist Church.

—What do you want for 25 cents? Go to Kidd's and get it. 383 George st.

BALFOUR DENIES PEACE STORIES

No Proposals Made to Britain on Authority of Boer Leaders

THE LANDLORDISM IS DOOMED

Says T. P. O'Connor in a Fighting Speech—Amendment Badly Defeated—Laurier said to be in Sympathy with Irish Cause

London, Jan. 25.— In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. A. J. Balfour made a comprehensive denial of the peace stories. He declared that since the negotiations between Lord Kitchener and Gen. Botha no proposals having in view the termination of the war in South Africa, had been received from anyone professing to have the authority of the Boer leaders to make proposals, and that no discussions looking to peace were now proceeding.

T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist, made a strong fighting speech in support of John Redmond's amendment to the address. He was frequently cheered. Mr. O'Connor made a special point of the recent reception of the Irish delegates in the United States by President Roosevelt, who, he said, was in thorough sympathy with the Irish movement, and by the Canadian Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who, he added, held the same views.

The speaker further asserted that the greatest of all obstacles to a good understanding between the United States and Great Britain was the Irish question, which haunted, and which would continue to haunt, Great Britain in all parts of the world. The Irish members before now had made Ministeries, and they would make and unmake more Ministeries. Landlordism in Ireland was doomed. The Government knew it was beaten all over Ireland on the question of compulsory land purchase, and the present debate marked the commencement of a new epoch in the progress of Ireland.

Mr. Redmond's amendment was rejected by a vote of 237 to 134.

NOMINATIONS TO-DAY.

For the Position of Water Commissioners for the Town

Nominations will be held to-day at 10 a.m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the positions of Water Commissioners, two are to be elected by the people, the Mayor making the third. As the position of Water Commissioner is a very important one it is necessary that only the men best qualified for the position should be elected. In passing the by-law to acquire the Water Works System, the town made a very wise move, and now that we have the Water Works we want some one with good business abilities to be Commissioners. These commissioners must be men who do not entertain very extravagant ideas, they must conduct the work so that out of the revenue we will have a surplus over and above the expenditure or then we will be obliged to put our hand into our pockets and pay the deficit in taxes.

The duty of the electors to-day is to choose only men who have proven themselves good business men, men who have made a success of their business. This is the only class of men who are worthy of the position, and we hope that this will be the class of men who will be nominated.

—If you have anything to sell or exchange advertise in The Times.

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Dividend-Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 27, 1902

NOTE AND COMMENT

The Boers are said to be willing to abandon their demand for full independence. Before Kitchener is done with them they'll be willing to do a great deal more than that.

* * *

A vessel arrived at New York the other day, bringing 2,000 tons of Scotch potatoes to feed the Gothamites. Who are talking about cutting off Britain's food supply!

* * *

Germany is face to face with one of the worst periods of depression it has ever experienced. Not less than 25,000 workingmen are without employment or means of support in the city of Berlin alone, and systems of public relief at all the industrial centres are being rapidly established, to alleviate the distress of the unemployed.—Leslie's Weekly.

A rigid protective system, reinforced by huge bounties did not save Germany. It but added to the distress of the industrial classes.

* * *

In approving the sentence of death on Scheepers, the Boer commander convicted of many crimes, Kitchener will be supported by enlightened public opinion generally. There has been too much leniency shown to the Boers in previous instances.

* * *

There are two Emile Zolas in France. One of them is an inventor and does not lack ability in the art of advertising himself and his inventions. In a Paris newspaper this notice has appeared: "M. Emile Zola, of Paimboeuf, inventor of the spring nippers, notifies the public that he has nothing to do with his namesake, Emile Zola, the writer."

* * *

The Earl of Portsmouth owes his baptismal name of Newton to the fact that his great-great-grandfather, Viscount Lymington, married the niece and coheiress of the famous Sir Isaac. There has been a pretty constant succession of "Isaac Newtons" in the family since, but they have not notably inherited the tastes of their distinguished ancestor.

THE LATE CENSUS.

Population of Towns and Villages Given

Ottawa, Jan. 24—The following is the returns of populations of towns and villages in this locality:

Peterborough	11,239
Belleville	9,117
Port Hope	4,188
Deseronto	3,527
Madoc	1,157
Trenton	4,215
Perth	3,588
Campbellford	2,485
Hastings	815
Beaverton	856
Uxbridge	1,487
Havelock	934
Norwood	845
Midland	3,174
Fenelon Falls	1,139
Bobcaygeon	914
Omemee	574
Brockville	8,940
Millbrook	917
Bowmanville	2,731
Tweed	1,168
Stirling	845
Carleton Place	4,059
Smith's Falls	5,154
Cobourg	4,239
Oshawa	4,394
Whitby	2,110
Ashburnham	1,647
Lakefield	1,344
Orillia	4,906
Lindsay	7,003

It will thus be seen that Peterborough and Ashburnham combined had a population, when the census was taken, of 12,886. This has been increased several hundred since then, so that our population stands to-day at about 14,000 or 14,500.

Crowning English Queens.

"In looking forward to the coronation of King Edward," writes Eleanor Cobby in The London Queen, "we all feel how much of grace and beauty and interest the presence of Queen Alexandra will lend to the splendors of the scene, and, as a rule, most English Queens have been solemnly crowned, whether they reigned in their own right or as wives of royal husbands. To this rule, however, there are seven exceptions. The first was Margaret of France, the young, plain, amiable second wife of Edward I. He had spent so much money in conquering Wales and in trying to conquer Scotland that he could not afford the expense of a coronation for his girl bride, and she had to do without the splendors of the pageant.

King Henry VIII. took care that Anne Boleyn should be crowned with extreme magnificence. He desired to show the world how much he loved her and how very much he defied the Bishop of Rome. The four wives who succeeded her were never crowned at all. For one thing, money ran short, and for another, there may have lurked, even in his masterful mind, a sense of the 'fitness of things' which may have caused him to shrink from publicly crowning so many ladies in such rapid succession. At any rate, the beloved Jane Seymour, the despised Anne of Cleves, the girlish Catherine Howard and the wary Catherine Parr were never consecrated in public as Queen-consorts of England.

"Henrietta Maria, wife of Charles I., refused to be crowned. She was young, she was pretty, she was a French Princess and a bigoted Roman Catholic, and she declined to take part in a State function which would compel her to partake of the Sacrament according to Church of England rites.

"Sophia Dorothea of Zell cannot be reckoned amongst the seven, because she was never called Queen of England at all. While George I. was being crowned, and anointed and—bored, the Lady of Ahlden was pining in her long monotonous captivity.

"Caroline of Brunswick is the last and most remarkable instance of the uncrowned English Queens. Though George IV. had been forced from popular indignation to give up the bill of pains and penalties against her, nothing would induce him to let her share his coronation. She was not permitted to be present in Westminster Abbey at all. Repulsed from all the entrances, she returned to her house, to die within three weeks of a violent fever, brought on by months of fearful excitement. The strained cord snapped. The brave heart was broken at last."

A Colored Mayor.

There is one colored Mayor in the United States—Isiak T. Montgomery the wealthiest man in Mound Bayou, Miss. Leslie's Weekly discovered him recently and has furnished a sketch of his very interesting career:—

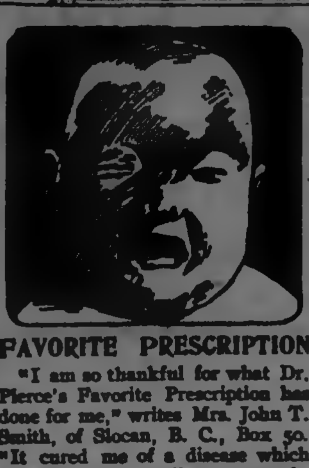
"Mr. Montgomery came into prominence several months ago at the convention of colored men held in Chicago, where his views upon the negro question elicited much admiration. His career has been one of unusual interest, as he was born a slave on the plantation of Jefferson Davis in Mississippi. Noticing the boy's brightness, the late President of the Confederacy made him a sort of body servant, and he was taught to read and write. With this start he practically educated himself, and when the slaves on the Davis plantation were liberated Montgomery started north to earn his living. He accumulated a few thousand dollars and, returning to Mississippi, conceived the idea of founding a town for the industrious members of his own race who could obtain work from the whites, and who were unsuccessful in working for themselves. He leased plots of ground which he had purchased at a low rental, with the result that negro families flocked to this portion of Mississippi from all portions of the Gulf States. To-day the town has a population of nearly 1,000, contains several important industries, as well as churches and schools. It is what might be called a one-man town, for the Mayor has planned and carried out about everything of importance in it. It is the market for a section of the country fifty to seventy-five miles around it, and one of the most important railway stations on the Illinois Central."

Jerusalem's Water Supply.

To a Greek engineer, Mr. Franghia, is due the long-delayed inauguration of a new water supply for Jerusalem. Time was when the Holy City was well supplied with water, as, indeed, all ancient cities were. Solomon's Pool was one of the ancient sources, or rather reservoirs, for into it were discharged four fountains and aqueducts from two more distant sources. From the Pool two aqueducts ran into the city, known as the high-level and low-level aqueducts. The former of these long ago ceased to be available, but the latter has done duty in a perfunctory sort of way from Bethlehem. From that place a new four-inch iron pipe has now been laid in as direct a line as possible, over hill and valley, and it was the turning on of the water thus delivered in the city that was celebrated in November. All Jerusalem assisted at the glad event. The pipe delivers the water at two points—the Haram or Temple area, were it will be available to Moslems only, and at the fountain erected in the Valley of Hamoon by Sultan Suleiman Ibn Selim in the sixteenth century. Here the water will be free to all, Christian, Moslem and Jew. The ceremony of the inauguration in the Temple area—the Great Mosque of Omar—was quite simple. The Pasha and the authorities assembled early in the morning, and after a short religious service the nine brass taps inserted in the last section of the piping were turned on. The water will eventually be let into the great fountain called El Kas. The officials tasted the water, the band played, and the people cheered after their fashion. At the other outlet, which was inaugurated in the afternoon, the public attended in large numbers, and the place was made gay with garlands and flags. The Pasha having declared the supply open, the taps were turned on, and there was a general rush for the water which had been brought so wonderfully and incomprehensively up the steep Valley of Haunan. The siphon action in hydraulics is not a thing which enters into the calculations of even the most learned of Syrians and Turks. Henceforth, then, the Holy City will be in no danger of the water famine which has often afflicted it. The Pasha and the municipality had done their best, and at the beginning of the year arranged for water being brought up by train in large tanks. An iron pipe and a little science have now done what the Turks and their tanks could not do, and Jerusalem is rejoicing over the boon of living water.

The bride of William A. Clark, jr., the son of Senator W. A. Clark, the Copper King, has a dress in her trousseau made of hair-like copper wire that was created in Paris especially for her. The effect is said to be unique.

Mrs. O'Brady—Shure Oi want to bank twinty pounds. Can I draw it out quick if I want ? Postmaster—Indade, Mrs. O'Brady, you can draw it out to-morrow if you give me a week's notice.—London 'Punch.'



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"I am so thankful for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for me," writes Mrs. John T. Smith, of Slocan, B. C., Box 50. "It cured me of a disease which was taking away all my strength, helped me through the long months before baby came and I have a big strong baby girl, the most healthy and happy of all my three."

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Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Down on the Modern Theater.

EVERYONE is familiar with General Sherman's famous definition of war. The great Italian actress, Eleanora Duse, now applies the same harsh epithet to stage life. She says it is "hell—downright hell."

Duse has confessed to an interviewer that she is "tired of the theater, but not of art, tired of the theatrical part of stage life, tired of the necessary cooperation of artists, managers, sceneshifters and lamp-lighters."

"Yes," she continued, "I am tired of all and everything liable to obstruct my artistic endeavors and to interfere with my plans, executed or intended. I am dreaming of entering the lecture platform, but will do things in quite a different way from the ordinary.

"I mean to enliven the lecture platform and broaden its scope by retaining some of the stage's features. My American tour will be my swan's song as far as stageland is concerned.

"After that I will endeavor to realize this dream of making the world acquainted with the great masterpieces of literature without detracting their attention by undue scenic effects and the awkwardness or stupidity of actors playing incidental parts.

"One or two ladies or gentlemen will be engaged as my assistants, merely to look their parts and give me the cue. As for myself, I couldn't think of assuming several roles as some do at dramatic recitals.

"I needn't repeat," she continued, "that I leave the stage without regret, yet at the same time I am almost forced to do something of the kind. I can't be for ever playing Dumas and Sardou, Ibsen and Sudermann. No one of account is writing new plays for me, and those that are written might as well remain unacted.

"I tell you la Duse is threatened by literary famine. Shall I wait until the public tires of my repertoire? Besides, I must rid myself of the slavery of stage life. That's no life at all. I assure you it is hell, downright hell."

Curious Whims.

Eccentricity is often nothing but the exaggeration of individuality, as with a scholar of some distinction who died towards the end of the last century. His peculiarity expressed itself in the way in which he tried to carry his scholarship, or the symbolism of it, into the grave. By the terms of his will he left six thousand guineas to his sister on condition that his funeral was carried out on curiously-prescribed lines. His coffin was painted green, and was followed by only six gentlemen—no relatives being invited—who were to receive ten guineas each provided they did not dress in black. The body was fully dressed. Under the head was placed a copy of Horace, and at the feet Bentley's Milton. In one hand was a pocket edition of Horace, and in the other a small Greek Testament; and another copy of Horace was laid underneath. The hired mourners sang over the closed grave the last stanza of the twentieth ode of the second book of Horace; and subsequently, after a generous supper, another ode was sung. "Which done," ran the final injunction of the will, "I would have them take a cheerful glass, and think no more of me." A French historian had a whimsical fancy for reading and writing by candlelight. At full noonday, in the brightest summer weather, he would have his candle by his side, and he would carry it in his hand when showing his visitors to the door.

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Her Friend—I had an idea from your appearance that you thought the reverse.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Faulty Kidneys.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you frequent headaches? Have you failing vision? Have you dizzy feeling? Are you depressed? Is your skin dry? Have you a tired feeling? Any of these signs prove kidney disease. Experience has proved that South American Kidney Cure never fails.—Sold by [illegible]

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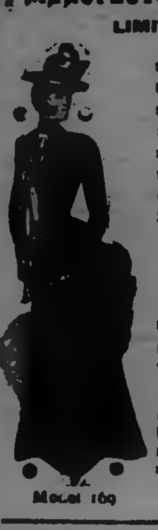

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Anxious Father (from top of stairs)—Say, Mary Jane! Mary Jane—Yes, pa pa. "Is it eleven o'clock yet?" "Yes, papa." "Well, give the young man my compliments, and ask him to kindly close the front door from the outside."—Chicago "Daily News."

A clergyman observed his little son attentively studying a map of the world. "What place are you looking for, Willie?" he enquired. The small boy knit his brows and traveled a circuitous route with his forefinger before he answered earnestly, "Trying to find Skeetertown."

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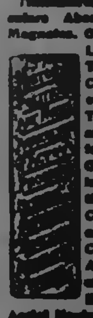

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"Fling your arms about me quickly," he muttered, almost fiercely; then as she shrank back, "do you hear me? At once! Cling to me! Obey me. You know our compact."

Katharine hesitated, but he seized her two hands, and dragging them up to his neck, clasped them there; then he let his own arms hang down by his side, and the effect on any stranger would be that Katharine was clinging to him, pleading with all the abandon of a lover.

Such, at least, was the translation that came to Ormande's mind as, in company with Barbara Mostyn, he turned a corner and beheld these two together.

The blood flamed to his face, and then receded, leaving it as white as a sheet.

Katharine's head was turned away; she did not know what or who was near her; she had turned faint and cold at this contact with a man who was more horrible to her than the vilest animal.

As Gordon loosened her arms and she staggered back, she heard a shrill voice say very sharply:—

"I am afraid we intrude here, Lord Otway!" and raising her shamed, miserable eyes, she saw Ormande's well-loved form just moving away. With a groan she buried her face in her hands, and Gordon leaned comfortably against a tree and surveyed her through his half-closed eyes.

"You really need not hide your face, Kattie," he said, in that mocking manner that lashed her proud heart to fury; "there is nothing so very strange in the fact of a wife lavishing caresses on her husband, though I grant you it is very flattering to my vanity. Since you are so disconcerted, however, I will take my leave for a time, and I shall find a moment in which to communicate to you my arrangements for going from here. I need scarcely add, dear Kattie, that I shall expect you to be quite ready to fall in with those arrangements— it might be as well if you were to pack your box at once, one is always better prepared in advance. Ta, ta, my dear."

And, with another soft laugh, he sauntered away as leisurely as he had come.

A sob broke from Katharine's lips as she was alone. She was beginning to see the system of refined torture this man would submit her to. The meeting in the coppice had been a pre-arranged thing in his mind; he wished to let Ormande see her in a position that would rouse his doubt and jealousy, and he had succeeded only too well. A rebellious feeling rushed into the poor girl's mind; she had prayed so often of late for deliverance from this man, for peace and forgetfulness, and her prayers seemed left unanswered.

"There is none to care," she said to herself; "let the end come. I am weary of fighting."

But the next instant she was herself again, and was more firmly resolved than ever that she would be true to her love, true to her vow. Come what might, she must, she would stand between Ormande and danger.

"I will go away, as he commands," she determined; "but once in London, I will find some plan to outwit him and escape him. The path is full of difficulties now, but a way will be open to me. It shall! it shall!"

And then Katharine had to call up all her courage and strength as she perceived Mrs. Trevanion and another lady sauntering toward her.

"What are you doing here, Miss Brereton?" inquired Barbara's aunt with much austerity as the girl would have hurried past her; "there is work for you in the library. Stay!" as Katharine would have hurried away, "you have some scissors at your chatelaine, I see; kindly cut off this braid that is torn on my skirt."

Katharine knelt obediently on the ground, and Mrs. Trevanion pursued her conversation with the other lady.

"I assure you it is true; he told Barbara so himself, so there can be no doubt whatever, can there?" she said.

"Of course not," the lady replied; "but I confess I am astonished nevertheless. He is a most delightful man, and deserves a good wife. Do you know where the mysterious Mrs. Gordon Smythe is?"

"Oh, I fancy she is some disreputable—— Pray, what is the matter, Miss Brereton? I wish you would not start in that manner, it makes me so nervous." This to Katharine, who had indeed given a great start as these words came to her ears. The girl bent her face still lower over the refractory braid, but the scissors trembled in her hand so much that she could do nothing for the moment. Mrs. Trevanion, after that rebuke, continued her conversation again. "Yes, I am quite sure she must be a person he is ashamed of! Barbara says he spoke as if his marriage were a great trial to him! Such a nice man, too; I had no idea he had a wife! It seems so sad that he should have got such a bad one, does it not?"

The lady assented most warmly. Gordon's handsome face had made a great impression on her, and then Mrs. Trevanion, perceiving that her skirt was all right again, moved on without as much as giving Katharine a word of thanks.

The girl stood with dazed, white face, as she was once more alone. She could not see what all this was leading to; that Gordon had some distinct and definite plan in her mind was more than evident to her. One thing followed so quickly on another, she had no chance of battling against them; she must simply submit to circumstances, and to Gordon's evil, yet undoubted power.

The brief look that had flashed a moment ago from Ormande's blue eyes would have riven her heart in twain at any other time, but now she was plunged in such a seething sea of grief, misery and dread, that the full bitterness of the sting was gone.

All she knew, all she thought of now was to get away from this place, to get Gordon Smythe away from the man she loved. She lived in one long agony while they were together. She cared not what sacrifice she made, so that Ormande was safe.

* * *

The fete progressed bravely; bands played in Brexley Hall grounds all the long day, there were speeches, and much shouting in Barbara's honor, and everything wore a smiling and festive air. Barbara walked about among her people very splendidly arrayed, with a set smile on her face, and a decided thrill of satisfaction in her heart. She dearly loved this ostentation, and the unlimited tribute to her sovereignty.

She stood under a canopy and gave away prizes to the successful scholars in her model schools; she presented gifts to the old folks from her almshouses; she stopped to sympathize with a group of invalids who were brought out from their beds in the hospital, and she was altogether the most important person in the county that day. Yet, pleasant as Barbara found it, there was a crumpled rose-leaf to be discovered.

Lord Otway, at her express solicitation, stayed by her side all day; she wished to make him share in her ministration, to draw him into this rush and whirl of parochial festivity, but though the young man obeyed her, and stood by her while she distributed her gifts and smiles, he moved and looked like an automaton. Not a muscle of his face relaxed from the strange, sad gravity that had fallen on it after they had left the coppice that morning and seen Katharine's two arms linked round Gordon Smythe's neck. He was very pale, and there was a sombre fire in his eyes that added to the beauty of the blue orbs, but which somehow impressed the beholder with undoubted distress. Both Barbara and Gordon noticed it— the first with a frown the other with a smile of triumph; and so the long-expected day wore away.

In the evening there was to be the ball to which the whole of the neighboring houses for miles around had received invitations.

Ormande, Lord Otway, would have given all his worldly possessions to have rushed away madly from Brexley Hall before the whirl and rush of the dance commenced. His aching heart longed to be buried in some far distant spot where even the name of the woman he loved so dear could never be breathed.

"She does not love me! She has deceived me!" he had said bitterly to himself all through the long weary day. "She loves another, and that other a man whom my instinct warns me is bad to the core. To tell me she was not free, to look at me as she looked and yet to cling to him, to put her arms round his neck, and——"

He was thinking this madly as he stood at one of the open windows of the drawing room after dinner was over. The lower part of the house was deserted, while upstairs all was bustle and confusion as the fair occupants arrayed themselves for conquest.

Ormande had no excuse ready to leave that night, but he determined, with a sigh, that on the morrow he would go quite early.

"I must," he said to himself. "I have been blinded for a time, now I must tear away the illusion and be myself again."

He stood on for awhile, and presently Mr. Montrose came up to him. The good-natured politician's face wore a puzzled and anxious look.

"All alone, Otway?" he said, with a glance around. "I am glad of it. I rather wanted to speak to you. Do you know anything of this fellow Smythe who is down here?"

Ormande hesitated; his blood seemed to boil at the sound of his rival's name.

"No, nothing," he answered at last. "What—what of him?"

Mr. Montrose put his hands behind his back and pursed up his lips. It was an old trick of his. He replied to Ormande hurriedly:

"This— that I think he is an awful scoundrel; you know he has a wife? Miss Mostyn told me that he had informed her of the fact only last night, and yet I very much fear he is playing the deuce with that lovely girl of poor Robert Brereton's."

Ormande's right hand went out to grasp a chair.

"You— you speak as if you knew something, Mr. Montrose. Let me know the worst at once. Aye, you may look, you have guessed my secret. I am not ashamed of it. I love Katharine Brereton with all my heart!"

"Then may Heaven help you!" was the elder man's reply given solemnly, "for there is unfortunately no room for doubt. Gordon Smythe and the poor girl have left the Hall, and gone away together as man and wife."

CHAPTER XXIII.

Lady Blanche Bellairs was once again in the very highest of spirits. Her anxiety about poor Craven Adair had been soothed, her distress mitigated, and she had nodded her head many times with delight at the news that Ormande was actually a guest of Barbara Mostyn's at Brexley Hall.

"At last he begins to see the wisdom of the plans I have made for him," she communed with herself. "In a few days I expect I shall have to write my letter of congratulation. Thanecourt ought to be exceedingly obliged to me for the amount of trouble I have taken over Ormande's future, and over the welfare of Thane, but he won't care a rap —not he! As long as he lives the life he likes best, it matters not what becomes of his son, his property or any of his belongings in the days that are to follow."

But Lady Blanche was much too delighted at the prospect her imagination conjured up to allow the old grievance against her brother to linger as long as it generally did. In her eagerness to see the family of Thanecourt upheld, with all the pomp and glory of former days, Lady Blanche did not give much consideration to the question of her favorite nephew's happiness. Ambition overshadowed affection; though, to do her justice, she would have modified her wishes exceedingly had she had the very least idea of Barbara's true character. The girl was always on her best behavior with Lady Blanche, and her manners and ways were irreproachable.

"Yes," she mused, on the day following the one that was celebrated with so much eclat in Brexley village, "yes; I shall have a visit from Ormande soon, asking my advice and my blessing. He shall have both; advice that the marriage shall be as speedy as possible, and a blessing that Heaven's protection shall rest on himself and his wife. Dear Ormande! God grant him every earthly blessing! If ever a man deserved it he is that man!"

The really kind-hearted lady was suddenly awakened from her pleasant dreams of the future by the fact that Martin Adair was ordered by the Northminster doctor to go to London to have further advice; and Lady Blanche, as though to atone for past neglect, resolved to take the girl up to town and stay there for a week or so, in order to try the new treatment recommended.

To be continued

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What Has 1902 in Store.

What surprises has the new year 1902 in store for us? The Daily Mail of London withdraws the veil a little with a pleasing fillip to the following effect:—

"So far as extensive inquiry indicates, no epoch-making change in any one field of human endeavor is to be anticipated in England; rather will it be a year of universal steady progress on lines already laid down—a year of perfecting many improvements of whose value the public has already had a foretaste.

"In one department, at any rate, important, perhaps astonishing, strides may be expected—viz., the conquering of the air. M. Santos Dumont has demonstrated the practicability of driving and guiding an airship even against adverse currents. By patient and heroic effort he has dragged the 'flying machine'—if the metaphor be permissible—from the realm of remote possibility to that of actual tried fact; and when London makes its first acquaintance with his airship, as it sails around the dome of St. Paul's—a feat M. Santos Dumont has promised to perform— the present remaining difficulties will be found to have greatly diminished.

"Safer methods of travelling by sea and land will also be a feature of the year. The Midland Railway Company is to adopt a new type of locomotive. Moreover, automatic signalling, whereby the train itself lowers and releases the signals as it travels, is to come into operation on one section of a great system, while another company is seriously contemplating running its trains by motor instead of the ordinary locomotive. One such automobile locomotive has actually been built by the French firm of Panhard & Levassor for a light railway.

"During 1902 the motor is also to be applied to canal traffic. The slow, if sure, horse appears to be doomed. The first motor-drawn barges will be seen on the River Lea, near Luton. The motor will travel over a mono rail laid along the towpath, and will haul a 70-ton barge at the rate of three and a half to four miles an hour. The canal horse seldom exceeds one mile an hour.

"Before the end of 1902 it is probable that turbine passenger steamers will be flying between an English port and the French coast. A railway company interested in the cross-Channel traffic has such a scheme in hand, but the publication of precise details is undesired at the present juncture. By the application of the turbine system to Channel steamers the journey from London to Paris will be shortened by over an hour. Another shipbuilding record will be the construction of the mammoth liners for the new Canadian mail service. The vessels will be 825 feet in length, and by far the longest ships afloat. Some idea of the immensity of these floating towns may be gained from the fact that they will be 120 feet longer than the Oceanic or the Celtic, the two largest steamships now in existence, or 124 feet longer than the Great Eastern, which was regarded for nearly 50 years beyond all practical size.

"The business man in journeying to and from America experiences some inconvenience as a result of being cut off from the world for the six or seven days which the voyage occupies. He misses his daily newspaper. The recent progress made in wireless telegraphy, however, justifies the hope that during 1902 newspapers may be printed on board Atlantic liners during the voyage, giving the passengers in a concise form the most important items of intelligence from different parts of the world. The messages would be transmitted by means of the Marconi system, and immediately on receipt would be printed as usual and sold by the deck newsboys as 'extra specials.'

"Admirable though the Metropolitan Fire Brigade is, it is not unlikely that an entirely new kind of engine will be tried. The adoption of the horseless engine in use in America has been considered, and 1902 is likely to see it tested. Messrs. Merryweather & Sons already construct such engines. A steam fire engine is capable of travelling at a speed of 30 miles an hour, compared with the maximum sixteen or seventeen miles achieved by a couple of horses.

"An invention which will see the light in 1902 is not without its humorous aspect. Englishmen have long and deservedly had the reputation of being very backward in the acquirement of foreign languages. An enterprising Frenchman, M. Bisoray, is coming to their rescue. He proposes to establish in London depots supplied with gramophones which, on a penny being put in the slot, will give the listener a lesson in French. Ladies will attend to the machine, and all the pupil will have to do will be to say whether he is a 'beginner' or 'advanced.' Thereupon he will be conducted to the required machine. The spirit of change will even spread to that most conservative of British institutions—men's dress. The peculiar compromise between a frock and lounge coat illustrated on this page is a promised innovation.

"It is claimed to be conducive to both comfort and elegance; but it will apparently take some time for the eye to get used to it. Nearly all kinds of men's clothing will be braided in 1902, a fashion which will certainly give a distinctly 'dressy' appearance. For 'motor' wear tanned and dressed goat skin will be 'the thing.' In either brown or black it will look well, and the high metallic-looking glaze the skin takes is not unpleasing."

Looking for an Heir.

The Empress Regent of China is a figure with all the perennial interest of an inscrutable mystery. From Pekin, to which she has returned, and where, after all the trouble, things are pretty much as they were before the rebellion of the Boxers, and the besieging of the Ambassadors, the same old stories of intrigue are coming in on every wind. Her primary difficulty just at the moment is over the question of a new heir to the present Emperor. The old one has been dismissed in disgrace. He, it is said, insulted the Empress-Regent. In all probability the insult took the form of some slight show of independence. The matter is a pressing one, for the death of the present tractable head of affairs, who makes a splendid base of legal authority, would leave the Empress in a most insecure and unsatisfactory position. At the same time the choice is limited to the dynasty, but the possibilities of evil to a tenure of power like that of her Majesty are terribly great in the presence of unknown forces. Simultaneously come reports of a thorough reorganization of the Chinese army under Japanese officers and of arsenals everywhere working overtime to turn out Mauser rifles.

Lost in the Desert.

THE helplessness that a man feels when he is lost is one of the most terrible parts of his experience. Perhaps this is at its worst when it is not he but the guide who is at fault. The late G. W. Steevens, the war correspondent, had a terrible experience of the kind in the Egyptian desert.

"We had been journeying all day, hoping to reach the monastery at night. I began to feel sleepy and to droop in the back. I swung my leg over the pommel, and settled myself to ride astraddle. Then I decided to sit side-saddle on the off-side for an hour, then change and ease the strain again. So I rode, looking steadily at the great yellow blotch ahead of me.

"But now the sun was dipping down again under our hat-brims. It was past four. It would be dark at half-past five; if we had not sighted our monastery then, we were helpless.

"The eagerness with which the guide raced up each new eminence, the strained hopefulness of his stare, the slow disappointment you could read in the relaxed limbs, the fresh hope renewed, but each time fainter, with which he dashed for the next prospect —he was at fault. To my eye one ridge, one dip, one hill was exactly like every other. We had been riding ten hours and must have come fifty miles; our monastery was only forty-five. We had missed it and it was all but dark.

"A night in the cutting wind of the desert, a night without tent, water, fire or fodder was the very best we had to look forward to. The worst—but just then up panted Said.

"'Have you seen, Said?'

"'Effendim, I have seen; I saw from the hill back yonder. Come and see for yourselves.'

"And he led us back to the brow of the bluff, and there, surely, yes, there gleamed something white. The monastery, hurrah! It can't be four miles off. We will walk; the camels can follow. So up got the patient camels and off we strode, five miles an hour, over sand as hard and crisp as the early morning snow.

The blazing crimson and orange of the sunset blinded our eyes to the white blob of the monastery. But faster and faster we walked. Now crimson and orange blazed no more; it was really dark now; we had come five miles and had not arrived.

"'Are you sure you saw, Said? Quite sure?'

"'Effendim,' replied Said, 'I thought I saw something white.'

"Nothing in sight white now. The guide was thrown out utterly; and there we were, fifty-five miles from home, camels done up, and foodless; camel boys, starving; thirsty and waterless ourselves; with possibly two days' food and certainly not two days' water; lost, clean lost in the Libyan Desert."

That night their sleep was broken by fears. At early dawn they were up and searching. Mr. Steevens continues:

"Then the sun comes up, and the desert is yellow again; and now what sound is that? Yes, a yell from Said. Surely he has seen. On to the camels and briskly westward.

"'Have you seen, Said?'

"'No, but behold—a camel track, and I know this place.'"

The Inventor.

A SMALL man with blear eyes and shaking hands took the seat opposite me. I was not surprised to hear him call for absinthe.

"You are sitting at the table with an unrecognized genius," he said, without looking at me.

"So are you," I retorted. I was then a struggling art student in Paris.

"You laugh," he said, "but it is true. Your voice is sympathetic, and I will tell you."

"Thanks," I said.

"You are an artist, and have, undoubtedly, remarked the natural affinity of colors. White, for instance, is supposed to contain all colors."

He had hit on my favorite subject for discussion, and I leaned back prepared to listen.

"Have you observed," he asked earnestly, "that people with blue eyes have yellow hair?"

"The Irish," I answered, "have black hair and blue eyes. It's a beautiful combination."

"Yes; that's my point. I can change the color of the eyes."

"What!"

"You mix paints! You get green from yellow and blue! You make a color darker or lighter! You make black with red and purple! I do the same with eyes! A year ago I discovered an injection for the retina of the eye that would change its color. Suppose you have light gray eyes. I inject such a colored fluid as will make them black, blue—any color!"

I looked at his eyes. They were a rottish green.

"My own eyes," he continued, "I tried to change to green as an advertisement. It was before I had perfected my invention, and—I lost my sight. Tell me, are my eyes green?"

I became conscious that he had been gazing directly past me and had not looked at me once.

"You are blind?" I said.

"Entirely," he answered indifferently. "But what matters it? I have perfected my invention. Had I a paltry five-franc piece I could make all the women in the world beautiful. Women are the power of the world. Ah, France, ma chere patrie, then shouldst thou rule the nations of the earth again!"

I handed him a five-franc piece.

"Your story is worth it," I remarked, "whether it be true or not."

He slipped the money into his pocket and turned to go.

"It's a loan," he said, over his shoulder; "you shall hear from me."

That evening I lounged in the Art Students' Club in a haze of smoke. I had found friends. Tobacco makes man confidential, and I told them my story while they puffed on their pipes in silence. Then each spoke in turn.

"I gave him five francs when I first arrived," said Rand.

"Sacre! I gave him ten," said Montjoie.

"Donnerwetter! and I gave him fifty," cried Becker.

"But is he really blind?" I asked.

"No," said Rand; "you were the blind one."

R. M. M. in the "Metropolitan."

"What is worse than a giraffe with a sore throat?" "A centipede with chilblains."—Boston "Christian Herald."

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,250 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 204 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 204 Park place.

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.
Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG
BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.
P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made

THE
STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau,
Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat! The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion— why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and is riveted to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11.50
1	28 in.	9 in.	13.00
2	31 in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	[illegible]
4	41 in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 30 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 2 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILKELEY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 27, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Some of the street crossings have been left in bad shape.

—Central Charity Board will meet this evening at 7.30.

—Ring up phone 370 and get some decent coffee. H. F. Kidd, 353 George st.

—The nominations for candidates for Water Commissioners will be held today at 10 o'clock.

—The county council will meet tomorrow, when the first duty will be the election of a warden.

—The Board of Health will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Town Clerk's office.

—Why not try H. F. Kidd's choice Breakfast Cereals? 353 George st.

—A ladies' gold ring, which was found on the market on Saturday, awaits an owner at the police station.

—Subscribe for The Times, Peterborough's brightest and best daily. Only 25 cents per month, delivered.

—Mr. Harry Lindley, the veteran comedian, has left on a trip to the Pacific Coast with a new company.

—Our prices right; our goods the best; Send in your coin, we'll do the rest.—H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—The first meeting of the Board of Directors of the Y.W.C.A., for the year 1902 will be held this afternoon at 3.30.

—Ald. Morrison's move against outside peddlers has been copied into the Lindsay papers, which urge a similar move in Lindsay.

—It is the careful manner in which he covers his field, that often makes the successful advertiser. This is always done by using the columns of Times.

—Orillia Board of Trade has invited General Manager Hays, of the G.T.R., to visit that town to discuss summer resort business. A public banquet will be arranged for.

—We were in error in stating in Saturday's issue that Dr. Gray assisted at the surgical operation which was performed on Friday on Mrs. Alfred Garlick. It should have been Dr. McGrath.

—In these active days the question "To advertise, or not to advertise?" is simply another form of that older question which perplexed Hamlet—"To be, or not to be?" Always use The Times.

—We want your trade. Let us fill your order once, and we've got it. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—The cause of the continued shortage in eggs and their consequent high price, has been discovered. In some parts of the country, owing to the increased cost of feed, many plump and promising pullets have been slaughtered for the market. Alongside of wiseacres like these the man who killed the goose which had been laying the golden eggs for him looks like a successful financier.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

A Splendid Chance

About 46 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A Presentation

On Saturday afternoon, Mr. Frank Ward, of the C.G.E. Co., was presented with a medal by a number of his admiring friends as a token of the esteem in which he is held by them, after which a very pleasant social event took place.

The Times Again

Once more The Times has scored. A few days ago a lady who boards at the Morgan House, lost a gold watch. An advertisement was inserted in The Times, and the watch was promptly restored to its owner. The finder was Miss Armine Laplante who picked it up on Charlotte Street. It always pays to advertise in The Times.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

—We will cheerfully refund the money on a trial order if the goods are not entirely satisfactory. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss Nina Sherin, of Lakefield, is visiting in town.

—Rev. R. A. Langfeldt is spending a few days in Orillia.

—Mrs. B. Mallory and Miss Mallory, of Toronto, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Bradd.

—Mr. Geo. Gowlands, of Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClelland, town.

—Mrs. Eastwood, of Nebraska, U.S.A., is visiting friends in town after an absence of thirty-three years.

—Mr. C. H. Rogers, of Cobourg, returned home on Saturday, after spending a few days in town, the guest of Col. H. C. Rogers.

—Rev. Canon Greene, L. Th., Rector of St. James' church, Orillia, preached in St. Luke's, Ashburnham, yesterday.

—Mr. J. M. Kilbourn, President of the Lakefield Cement Company, leaves in a few days for an extended trip to the Holy Land. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Kilbourn and by Mr. and Butchart, of Owen Sound.

—Mr. W. C. Hartnett, late of Harper & Hartnett, and who was about to enter into partnership with Mr. Jas. Butler, in the grocery business, has accepted a position in Kent county, and leaves this week to take up his new duties.

A Cowardly Deed

As the result of a mean and altogether unwarranted act, Miss Barlee, of town lost her beautiful Irish terier "Mike" on Friday night or Saturday morning from the effects of a dose of poison. That any person should take revenge on the animal is very strange as the dog would not injure any person, in fact was a sort of favorite. For some time past considerable poisoning of dogs has been going on in town and if the guilty parties can be identified they will certainly be dealt with most severely.

Local Legal

The following appears in Saturday's Globe:

Smith v. Smith,—D. O. Cameron, for plaintiff, moved for order for interim alimony and disbursements. W. H. Blake, for defendant, contra. Order against defendant, formerly of Peterborough, made for $10 weekly interim alimony and for costs and interim disbursements. And motion having been turned, by consent, into a motion for judgment, order made allowing plaintiff to sign judgment for permanent alimony at the rate of $10 a week, payable monthly, and for costs as between solicitor and client.

Advice to Mothers

If your little boy or girl comes home with a sore throat, the first thing to do is to rub the throat and chest with Polson's Nerviline. Use Nerviline freely — a whole bottle full wouldn't burn or blister the tenderest skin. Rub in until all taken up by the pores, and just before the child goes to sleep give him a glass of hot water into which 20 drops of Nerviline has previously been stirred. This is a sure, pleasant and speedy cure. Large bottles 25c.

A New Code of Manners

The C.P.R., it is said, has established a new code of chair car manners which ought to add to the popularity of that line. A drover, who had just been west with a car of stock and was on his way west on the fast train, removed his shoes to give his weary feet a chance to rest. The porter demurred to the introduction of this time-honored practice of passengers who object to taking a sleeping car, and politely suggested that the atmosphere of the smoking car was better suited to the performance. The indignant stockman took the hint and went forward, but he swears he will never ship another pound of freight over the line or travel on one of its stock passes again. Now is the time for all lovers of good manners and common decency on railroad trains to really to the support of the C.P.R.

BANQUET TO MR. KILBOURN

The President of the Lakefield Cement Works to be Honored

The citizens of Lakefield have decided to banquet Mr. J. M. Kilbourn, the President of the Lakefield Cement Company, previous to his departure on an extended trip to the holy land. The banquet will take place in the Craig House on Friday evening next.

This is a well deserved tribute to a man who has done much for the village. Mr. Kilbourn has created an industry in Lakefield that will prove a lasting benefit to the people of the village and surrounding district. Already upwards of $75,000 has been spent in wages alone.

Many of our leading citizens have been invited. Peterborough will join heartily in honoring such a man.

A GOOD CHANGED

A Change of Food Works Wonders.

The wrong food and drink causes a lot of trouble in this world. To change the food is the first duty of every person that is ill, particularly from stomach and nervous troubles. As an illustration: A lady in Hickmon Mills, Mo., has, with her husband, been brought around to health again by leaving off coffee and some articles of food that did not agree with them. They began using Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.

She says, "For a number of years I suffered with stomach and bowel trouble which kept getting worse until I was ill most of the time. About four years ago I left off coffee and began taking Postum. My stomach and bowels improved right along, but I was so reduced in flesh and so nervous that the least thing would overcome me.

Then I changed my food and began using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food in addition to my Postum Coffee. I lived on these two principally for about four months. Day by day I gained in flesh and strength until now the nervous trouble has entirely disappeared and I feel that I owe my life and health to Postum and Grape-Nuts.

Husband is 73 years old and he was troubled, for a long time, with occasional cramps, and slept badly. Finally I prevailed upon him to leave off coffee and take Postum. He stood out for a long time, but after he tried Postum for a few days he found that he could sleep and that his cramps disappeared. He was satisfied and has never had coffee since.

I have a brother in California who has been using Postum for several years; his whole family use it also because they have had such good results from it.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

About Santa Claus.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—1. What has Santa Claus (or St. Nic) to do with Christmas? 2. When and where did the custom of hanging up stockings originate? 3. Whence came the custom of Christmas tree and candles? 4. When did the Christmas tree reach England and America, and how?

F. J. S.

Ans.—1. Nothing really; his feast day is Dec. 6, and the saint seems to have been carried along to the Nativity because St. Nicholas is the patron saint of childhood and Christ was a child at Christmas. 2. It originated in Germany, but no date can be ascribed for its beginning. 3. It came from Germany and is like Christmas festivities the world over, a relic of the old pagan Teutonic customs. 4. Prince Albert brought it into England from Germany, about 1842. It came to America with the Pennsylvania "Dutch." and probably became common here after the Germans began to make their numbers apparent.

Municipal Ownership.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—We should never condemn a proposition because someone else or some other party approves it.

Equal rights to all and special privileges to none, is, I think sound doctrine. Taking this postulate for our guide, if we find that municipal ownership of public utilities conforms to it we should approve it; if not, then—and then only—should we condemn it.

What are equal rights but opportunities that all should have an equal chance of enjoying? What are special privileges but opportunities granted to a few, to the exclusion of the many?

Government control will not secure equal rights, for we have that, now in many instances. City governments have control of street railways under its police power and under the law of eminent domain, but what good does it do? Just as soon as something beneficial is proposed influence is brought to bear to nullify it. And so it will always be as long as these public utilities are owned, controlled and operated by the government, for as long as the private corporation public utility camel has its head in the municipal tent there is always danger of its getting its whole body in.

This is not socialism, but democracy. Socialists seldom or never propose public ownership of public utilities or anything else for the purpose of securing or establishing equal rights, but because they think things will be better done, which I deny, for by making an employee of a private company an employee of the Government will not give him a greater intellect or greater skill.

This being so, no other reason exists for the public ownership of public utilities but to establish equal rights. The true line of division between socialism and democracy does not lie at the end of governmental officialdom and where public utility corporations begin, but at the end of public utility corporations and where strictly private business begins.

Wherever two or more companies would interfere with one another or combine to the detriment of the public when granted a franchise in public business, and when any number of men can be in the same business without a franchise that is private business, with which the government has nothing more to do than to leave strictly alone and not interfere with it even to the extent of taxing or subsidising it.

CHAS. H. CILISKE

SAMPLES OF CHOICE GRAIN FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF SEED

Editor Morning Times.

Dear Sir,—By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season of samples of the most productive sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured by the Director of the Experimental Farms from the record breaking crops recently had in the Canadian North-West. It will be worth while for farmers generally to renew their seed of oats when varieties which have produced more than 100 bushels per acre can be had. The distribution this spring will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field peas, Indian corn and potatoes. Every farmer may apply, but only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes, and applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent free of charge through the mail.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of March, after which the lists will be closed, so that all the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing should mention the sort or variety they would prefer, and should the available stock of the kind asked for be exhausted, some other good sort will be sent in its place.

WM SAUNDERS
Director Experimental Farms

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1902.

OH, FOR A CROMWELL

Editor Morning Times.

Sir—It should swell an Englishman's heart with satisfaction to know that he sprang from a race that produces such superb examples of mankind as Secretary Chamberlain, who, in answering the swash-buckler abuse of members of the German Reichstag, egged on by Chancellor Von Buelow, (and who would if they dared shake their fists under an Englishman's nose) in a speech at Birmingham, in a gentlemanly manner, thus exclaimed: "What I have said I have said. I withdraw nothing; I qualify nothing; I defend nothing. I will not follow the example that has been set me." On the other hand, how largely did Chancellor Von Buelow draw in his horns and bleat as feebly as a sucking calf, as follows: "But if this repudiation (of Chamberlain's sharp thrust) is to be an excuse for leading us into a different attitude regarding the South African war, or a pretext for creating unfriendly relations between ourselves and a people with whom we were never in hostility, and to whom we are also bound by weighty interests, I will have nothing to do with anything of the kind."

Well might the Chancellor call them "weighty interests," seeing that the whole "caboodle" of German princes and princesses, in the remotest manner related to the English royal family, are receiving pensions from the people of England, being deprived of which would leave many of them to labor with their hands for a living. Sorry am I that a majority of the English people have apparently lost the grand spirit of Cromwell and his ironsides, who would quickly send back to Hanover the whole Guelph tribe, and thus rid themselves of an intolerable burden.

FREE LANCE

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

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Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

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ADVERTISE
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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

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If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, 81 King street East, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

To Let.

TO LET—A commodious seven-room brick house, being No 7 Walton street furnished or unfurnished. Apply to C. Clemens, care Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co., or at Mrs. Sollitt, 443 Downie st.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchant, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..............................

Address..............................

County..............................

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE
:: THE ::
Intercolonial Railway.

MARITIME EXPRESS
LEAVES
MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to
WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough [illegible] January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

Are Not Too Far Away to do Business in.

CABLE COMMUNICATION brings the Canadian investor into almost as close touch with the South African market as the British or Continental investor, and it is a well known fact (among intelligent people) that the London, England, market is the MINING MARKET OF THE WORLD. As we receive cables daily, the Canadian investor is placed by this means on an almost equal footing with the English investor.

We give the names of half a dozen of different companies in which we have done an extensive business during the past two months, showing low prices at which we handled these shares and the present prices:

	Low Price.	Present Price.	Advance.
Heidelburgs........	12s 6d	19s od	$1 62
Klerksdorp........	11s od	16s od	1 25
Witkopje........	10s 6d	16s od	1 37
Salisbury........	20s od	28s 6d	2 12
Chartereds........	£3 6s od	£4 9s od	5 75
Oceanas........	£2 2s od	£2 7s 6d	1 37

These are only a few instances, but numbers of others could be mentioned showing equally large or larger advances, and all our advices indicate that the upward movement in Kaffir (South African) stocks has hardly commenced. Of the above companies it is predicted that Heidleburgs and Salisburys will touch £5, and Witkopje, Klerksdorps and Oceanas are expected to show a profit of from 200 to 400 per cent on present prices. In addition to securing the best representatives possible in London, England, and receiving advices from such source regarding the condition of the market, we have also our SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA.

South African shares bought on 20 per cent. margin or for cash as desired. Direct communication with London by cable.

Write or call for our booklet or any further information desired.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001   61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO
—TO—
QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,
QUEBEC
Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,
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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 23 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY JANUARY 28 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

A NEW YORK NEWSPAPER ON THE BOER WAR

The Brooklyn Eagle Speaks on Britains Behalf

The Great Journal Finds Britain in the Right

The Boers Should Yield Now and Save Further Loss of Life

New York, Jan. 28—Not all of the United States papers see only one side of the British-Boer controversy, and that the Boer side. The Brooklyn Eagle, for one, does not hesitate to declare that the Boers are debarred from asking the intervention of other nations by reason of having themselves chosen to abide by the arbitrament of war. It says:

"The question of responsibility runs clear back to the beginning of the war. The Boers took up arms and invaded British territory when they thought they had caught the English unprepared, and at a propitious season for their own soldiers. The immediate results proved the shrewdness of their move. They swept down into Natal almost unhindered and inflicted serious losses. But at the same time they put out of the question any settlement except the gage of battle. The Authority to which the Boers are most fond of appealing declares that he who takes the sword shall perish by the sword, but their preachers always skip that verse."

The Eagle goes on to say that by all the rules of civilized warfare, and by all the dictates of humanity, the party fairly beaten in an appeal to battle should yield. This is a view that is certainly not given the weight it is entitled to by the anti-British press of the States and the continent. The Boers precipitated the war. They were beaten months ago; to-day their cause is represented only by bands of guerillas. The concentration camps are one of the results of this persistent struggle by roving bodies, and if the camps are not all they might be the whole responsibility certainly does not rest on the British, whose conduct of the war has been marked by humanity and consideration unheard of in any other war of which civilization has record. Our Brooklyn contemporary, on this feature of the discussion, drives home the fact that the Boers, in surrendering, have nothing to be afraid of: "One war and three years' time does not change the instincts and traditional policy of a great people. The English have a long record of good government for their colonies, of giving liberty, comfort and content to the alien peoples whom they govern. The Boers went to war to prove that they were not British subjects. That was the whole controversy. They have been whipped down to a point where organized resistance is hopeless. They keep up a guerilla warfare on that one question of allegiance. If their flying parties of raiders would come in organised government, organised industry would begin in their country with the new year and organised local self-government would follow just as soon as it was clear that such government was not a cloak under which future insurrections could be built up."

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA

The Feeling in the United States in its favor Growing

Chicago, Jan. 28 — The Times-Herald says: "Our largest exports to Canada consist of manufactures of iron and steel. Canada seeks a reduction of our tariff on fish, lumber and coal, all of which we need. Unless we make some reciprocal deal with Canada we are likely to see her free list curtailed at our expense, while the preferential tariff in favor of British goods may be changed so as to put American goods at a prohibitive disadvantage in the Canadian market. If Congress is wise it will make provision for the negotiation of a reciprocity treaty with Canada before anything intervenes to give our profitable mutual trade a serious setback."

COLUMBUS MONUMENT, NEW YORK HARBOR

BRITISH TAX PAYER IN GOOD POSITION

More Lightly Taxed Than any Other Nation in the World

POSITION OF THE TAXPAYER

Sir Robert Giffen Published an Article that Shows How Lightly the Nations is Taxed Compared to Other Nations

London, Jan. 28—Sir Robert Giffen has published a series of recommendations on the subject of taxation, which fairly represent the general opinion of the tax-paying classes. Everybody knows that the population of Great Britain is more lightly taxed for imperial purposes than any other country in the world. The income tax payer naturally grumbles while paying 14d. in the pound for a badly conducted war. The legatees and heirs of testators leaving property also grumble, but when these classes are deducted nobody feels taxation. There is a trifling impost on tea and sugar, but if a man avoids spirits, expensive wines or tobacco he contributes little or nothing to the revenue. A non-smoking teetotaller, is as nearly exempt from taxation in England as it is possible to be. The income tax-payers, who were willing to pay 1 shilling and 2 pence in an emergency, are not willing to do so now that the war has become chronic. This deficit in the budget will involve the readjustment of the whole incidence of taxation. This readjustment gives to the government of the day the opportunity of paying Germany back in the currency she best understands. "Do ut des" was Bismark's principle. England has now received from Germany a series of slights, insults and attacks, which, though slowly appreciated, have, nevertheless, sunk deeply into the popular mind. A 10 per cent. duty on some of the manufactures imported from Germany will enable the German public to ascertain the price of the policy adopted by their statesmen. A German friend of mine, writing from Berlin this week, says, "And now I must ask you a riddle: How on earth has this country got the reputation of commercially conquering the world? The very worst descriptions of the distress you read in the papers cannot be so bad as reality is. I am in a position to judge this, as our works employ about 300 men. And trade is in exactly the same position. Hundreds of fellows are without jobs. In short, everybody has reason to complain. Even our ministers and statesmen begin to do so, and they are, as you know, the very last men in the world to bother themselves about such problems."

POLICY OF CO-OPERATION WITH UNITED STATES

Lord Salisbury's Policy Shown in Recent Disclosures—Comments on Germany—Suggestion as to Pressure on Americans.

London, Jan. 27.—The general feeling evoked here by Lord Cranborne's disclosure of the British attitude in the Spanish war is one of quiet satisfaction. There were far more influences favorable to Spain at work here before the war began than the newspapers knew of. The fact that the British Ministry not alone resisted them for itself, but emphatically stood in the way of their success with other powers, illustrates afresh how firm Lord Salisbury's conviction is that the friendliest possible co-operation with America is Great Britain's true policy in foreign affairs. As regards the time chosen for the disclosure, on the eve of Prince Henry's visit to America, official circles smile at the idea that the Foreign Office intended to make a counter stroke, intended, that is, to follow up Mr. Chamberlain's thrust at Chancellor von Bulow by spoiling any possible political effect of Germany's present bid for American friendship.

OFFICIAL POSITION.

The official position may be summed up thus: "We should have been quite content to leave the matter where President McKinley left it at Buffalo, but for repeated, even semi-official, continental innuendos, calculated to misrepresent the facts. The continental journals are now busy in attempting a new interpretation of the facts, but Lord Cranborne's statement remains unimpeached and unimpeachable. They know the facts at Washington. We know them here; there is nothing more to say."

It is evident that the British Government does not feel called upon to particularise the point whence they received the proposals for pressure on the American Government or the exact character of those proposals, though the German comments this week have suggested the following pointed challenge. If Germany was so friendly to America throughout the struggle it has to explain the action of the German fleet in Manila Bay. Why do not Germany's friends in the American Senate call for the full report of all the transactions between the German, American and British naval forces in the Philippines during 1898?

ADVENTURER'S WIFE IN WANT

Canadian Spouse of Supposed French Nobleman Penniless

Chicago, Jan. 28 — While Charles Jules Francois, who has posed before Chicago society as Count De Neufchateau, is a prisoner at the Harrison street station his wife is a penniless wanderer. Following the arrest of her husband, Mrs. Francois, who until three years ago was Ethel Mary Hutchinson, a well-known Montreal belle, was turned out of her apartments in the Auditorium Annex. At the time of the arrest she had no money and she was compelled to ask the management of the hotel for a loan of ten cents with which to pay her carfare to the home of friends on the south side. It has also developed that Francois stopped at the Hayes hotel and paid no board. He will have a hearing to-day.

It is the belief of the house detectives of the Annex, that Mrs. Francois, who is a young and handsome woman, is herself the victim of the man who is said to have swindled financiers and hotel keepers all over the United States and Canada. Their investigations have disclosed the fact that when she was married to Francois in St. Mary's church, Montreal, 1899, the man was then posing as a wealthy steel magnate.

The career of the pretended count has been an extended one since his marriage with Miss Hutchinson. As general, count, engineer and financier he has traveled through North America, it is said, swindling hotel-keepers and duping merchants and bankers. In Canada Francois posed as the friend and associate of Charles M. Schwab, the millionaire president of the United States Steel Corporation and of H. C. Frick, the former partner of Andrew Carnegie. A letter from President Schwab was found among his belongings yesterday.

When the man's description and name were telegraphed through the country light was thrown on his career. Letters and despatches received by the police from Boston, Toronto, Montreal, Cleveland, Pittsburg, and Philadelphia tell of his manipulations.

GUARDS OFF FOR THE BOER WAR

Girls They Leave Behind Sob and Cling to Their Necks

London, Jan. 28—The brilliancy of the king's escort of Life Guards, whose bands kept constantly playing, was nothing to what occurred earlier in the day, when the Guards' re-enforcement left their barracks en route for South Africa.

The Guardsmen tramped through the dark streets of the metropolis at 6 o'clock in the morning, accompanied by an uproarious mob of civilian friends, singing songs to the accompaniment of the band. The songs and music, however, did not drown the crying of women, who clung to the necks and arms of almost every man in the contingent.

DENOUNCED BETTING

Rev. D. O. Crossley Speaks Strongly Against Gambling

At the Charlotte street Methodist church on Sunday night, Rev. D. O. Crossley took occasion to refer to what he considered the greatest evil connected with sporting events. He had received information that at the hockey match on Friday night between Peterborough and Port Hope that a large sum of money—nearly $2,000—had changed hands. In the course of his remarks he strongly denounced the gambling element, and hoped for the day to come soon when these evils would be done away with.

DEMISE OF PETER HENRY

He Passed Away Yesterday Morning at St. Joseph's Hospital

The death occured yesterday morning at St. Joseph's Hospital, of Mr. Peter Henry, second son of the late Thomas Henry, after having been in that institution for over a month, suffering from cancer of the tongue. Deceased was 39 years of age, and until about four years ago, was a resident of the town, and was most popular amongst a very large circle of friends. For fiveyears before leaving town he was engaged in the well-known mercantile firm of Henry & Co., and for fifteen years previous had been employed with Mr. Jas. Stevenson, ex-M. P. About four years ago, deceased went to Seattle, and took a position with "Catholic Progress," with which publication he was connected until he was forced through illness to return to Peterborough. Mr. Henry's ready wit and genial disposition made him many friends who will learn with the deepest sorrow of his death.

The sympathy of the entire community will go out to the family, who have been so stricken with sorrow in the past few months.

The funeral will take place to-morrow from the family residence, Sherbrooke street.

BOARD OF HEALTH

Met Yesterday Afternoon and Discussed Matters of Importance—Accounts Passed

The Board of Health met in the Town Clerks Office yesterday afternoon. Those present were, Mayor Denne, Messrs Metheral, Byers, Dr. Moher, McPherson, Schneider and Dr. Burnham.

Dr. Greer acting M. H. O.

Mayor Denne moved, seconded by Mr. McPherson, That Dr. Moher be appointed chairman.—Carried.

The Mayor reported verbally that Dr. Illingham had left the smallpox tent, as the patient was sufficiently recovered for him to leave, and had been paid $200, and that in connection with the quarantine at D. Thorntons he had paid to Thornton $42. He also reported regarding other expenses in connection with the smallpox.

Mr. McPherson moved, seconded by Mr. Metheral, That the payments reported by the Mayor be confirmed.—Carried.

Dr. Burnham moved, seconded by Mr. Byers, That this Board recommend that the R. C. Separate School Board have the Lake Street School disinfected under the supervisions of the Acting Medical Health Officer, and that the M.H.O. be authorized to have circulars printed giving directions for checking the spread of diphtheria &c., and that the Sanitary Inspector deliver the notices to such house holders as the M.H.O. deems necessary. Carried.

Meeting then adjourned.

Weak Back and Spinal Pains

Pains in the back number their victims in thousands. Only very powerful and penetrating remedies will reach these distressing complaints, but Polson's Nerviline is as sure to cure them as anything in this world can be sure. Rub Nerviline over the sore parts night and morning and see how quickly it drives out the pain. Five times stronger than any other. Good for internal and external use. Large bottles 25c.

—We want your trade. Let us fill your order once, and we've got it. H. F. Kidd, 393 George street.

REPUBLIC OF FRANCE BESET BY PERILS

Ceasarism Appears as a Foe to Republican Institution

A NAPOLEON'S AMBITION

He Declares His Desire to be Emperor of the French without Revolution

The Perils to Which the Republic is Subjected Clearly Defined—The Royalist Cause Likely to Make Trouble

Paris, Jan. 28 — Waldeck-Rousseau's brilliant and powerful speech at St. Etienne — the formal commencement of the Ministerial electoral campaign —has profoundly impressed France. He has clearly indicated the perils to which the third republic is now exposed, and has predicted that the "coming consultation with the country,"—as he styles the parliamentary elections — the friends of Republican institutions will win the greatest victory they have ever known.

"Our foes we know now as we have known them before," said the Premier.

"Formerly the anti-Republican coalition took its name from Boulanger. To-day it is Nationalism, in which each faction thrives upon the expecgectation of duping the rest. To-morrow it will be Caesarism. Boulangerism is a vain memory; Nationalism—we have pulled its teeth and clipped its claws, and now we come to bury Caesar."

In this graphic way the head of the "Government of Republican defense, the Cabinet which has lasted longest and accomplished most since the fall of the second Empire, has flung down the glove to treason. During the next four months France will be in a sea of popular unrest and agitation.

The Cabinet has all along been largely dependent on the Socialist vote, without whose co-operation it could scarcely have lasted six months. During the previous session of Parliament the Socialists were conciliated by the Law of Associations. Had it not been for the action of the government against the religious orders the Socialists would have insisted on a progressive income tax and an old age pensions bill.

It remains to be seen, however, whether Waldeck-Rousseau can play the game of Republican concentration indefinitely. Many sagacious Frenchmen are asking themselves who could take the place of the strongest government the third Republic has known. An alternative Republican government, they will tell you, is scarcely practicable, for while there are many Republican statesmen, few have shown the adaptability of M. Waldeck-Rousseau.

"We must face the possible alternatives," said a well-known Paris journalist. "The Nationalists wish for a dictator, but are unable to produce one. The Duc D'Orleans has steadily lost ground since he endeavored to go to the front.

"Consequently the more conservative elements in French politics who fear Socialism are turning their eyes toward the Bonapartists, as rallying many strong political factors. They are looking to Brussels and asking of what stuff Victor, the heir of the Napoleons, is made.

Prince Victor Napoleon is presumably the Caesar whom M. Waldeck-Rousseau is getting ready to "bury." He has recently declared his desire to be "the Emperor of the French without distinction of party, creed or interest." Beyond this he has neither agitated nor advertised. He possesses one valuable quality that is wanting in some of his rivals—he knows how to play a waiting game.

True, he has neither funds nor organization, and his party in Parliament is infinitesimal, but he is in no way worse off than was Napoleon III when he made his futile attempts at Boulogne and Strasburg. He could, moreover, count on the tacit support of many elements that were consistently hostile to Napoleon II.

M. Waldeck-Rousseau's cabinet has survived many a crisis and displayed a vitality unprecedented in France. It will confront Caesarism as sternly as it has confronted Nationalism. But the approaching contest will have world-wide interest, for it is the unexpected that usually happens in France.

SPECIAL MEETING

Of the Town Council to Give the Waterworks By Law its Third Reading—Council will Meet Again To-Night

The Town Council met in special session last night, when there were present:

Mayor T. H. G. Denne and Aldermen Shortly, Rush, McGreggor, Morrison, Clinkscale, Batten, Best and Roger.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

WATERWORKS BY-LAW.

A by-law to authorise the borrowing of $220,000 for the purchase of the waterworks passed its third reading.

VICTORIA MUSEUM.

Ald. Shortly moved, seconded by Ald. Edgecumbe—That Aldermen Corkery and Edgecumbe be appointed to represent the town on the board of management of the Victoria Museum.—Carried.

Council then adjourned till this evening at eight o'clock.

THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

That the population of Ontario has increased by the meagre number of 51,000 in ten years is disheartening. The natural increase alone, without counting immigrants, should have been at least 200,000. After all the booming and bragging done about our supposed development, we are revolving like a top and making no progress, all the while listening to the hum. No arguments can gainsay the facts. As usual some journals are flourishing herrings, to draw people off the scent, but the people of Ontario are not fools and will certainly want to know the why and wherefore. The province has shared in the general prosperity of the Dominion, but whilst every province but ours has shown a respectable increase in population, the Province of Ontario will lose in the number of its representatives at Ottawa no less than six. The number of our loss at Ottawa represents our falling behind in comparison with the other provinces. The unit of representation was fixed by the British North America Act, and there we are. Our loss in prestige and importance is tremendous, and that we should lose in the number of our representatives at all is a very serious reflection on somebody. What the loss would have been if it had not been for nature coming to our aid in mineral resources it is difficult to surmise. This shouting about the development of New Ontario becomes ridiculous, in view of these facts. Why provide for an overflow when there isn't any? It is time to quit talking politics. We must take stock. If the old system maintained for so many years in spite of protest of allowing our logs to be taken across the lake for American sawing—if this policy were stilll continued, we should all be somewhere else by this time. It is disgraceful that a province so splendid as ours should have fallen so far behind.

DEATH OF MRS. LACHAPELLE

Recently Underwent an Operation from Which She Did not Recover

The death yesterday of Eliza Brabant, wife of Mr. Edward Lachappelle of Auburn, at St. Joseph's Hospital came as a great shock to her large circle of friends by whom she was held in the highest respect. Some days ago she underwent an operation at St. Joseph's Hospital, which, though from a medical point of view, was highly satisfactory proved of too exacting a character to permit of recovery.

Deceased was a daughter of the late Joseph Brabant of Seymour township and was forty-five years of age. Her death will be sorely felt by her husband and her brothers and sisters. The funeral will take place to-morrow at nine o'clock from the family residence Auburn, to St. Peter's Cathedral and from thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery for interment.

Just a Cold in the Head

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in nasal catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says, "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of Catarrh of the head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price $1. Small size, 25 cents. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston Ont.

BANQUETED BY THE MAYOR

Town Council, Civic Officers and Prominent Citizens Partook of Mayor Denne's Hospitality

After the Town Council concluded their business last night, Mayor Denne invited the Aldermen to adjourn to the Oriental Hotel where a spread was waiting for them. Arriving at the Oriental the party was considerably reinforced by the different civic officers of the corporation. The party, numbering about 30, proceeded to the large dining room and found there tables neatly decorated and laden with a sumptuous repast. The Mayor took his position at the head of the table with Mr. D. W. Dumble on his left and Mr. S. R. Armstrong on his right. The guests taking the seats assigned to them, the party proceeded to partake of the sumptuous feast prepared for them. Each guest was presented with a neatly arranged menu card, gotten up in book form, as a remembrance of the occasion. After full justice had been done to the excellent menu, the party enjoyed a smoke, during which the toast list was presented as follows:

THE KING.

Mayor Denne proposed—"God Save the King."

THE NEW MEMBERS.

Ald. Best proposed; Ald. McGregor and Morrison responded.

THE OLDER MEMBERS.

Ald. Morrison proposed; Ald. Best, Rush, Shortly, Clinkscale, Corkery, Edgecumbe and Batten responded.

PEACE AND PROSPERITY.

Ald. Shortly proposed; Mr. Dumble responded.

THE MAYOR.

Ald. Roger proposed; His Worship, Mayor Denne, responded.

THE TOWN OFFICIALS.

Ald. Corkery proposed; Chief Rossel, Messrs. Armstrong, [illegible], Dr. Moher, Dr. Greer, E. H. D. Hall, Sheriff Hall, Clarke, McGrath, McKee, Aldridge and Kincaid responded.

THE PRESS.

Ald. Rush proposed; Messrs. McKay, Clarry, and Hall, representing the Review, Examiner and Times, respectively, responded.

THE LADIES.

Ald. Batten proposed; Ald. Roger and Mr. Clarry responded.

OUR HOST AND HOSTESS.

On rising to respond to the toast, Mr. Graham was most heartily applauded. He said it had always been a pleasure to him to do any business with the mayor or council, and he thanked them for the hearty manner in which they responded to the toast.

On rising to respond to the toast to The Mayor, His Worship said:

Gentlemen,—I hardly know what to say in response to the hearty manner in which the toast has been proposed and accepted by you. I thank you all for the very hearty manner in which you drank to my health. I consider it a great honor to be elected Mayor of Peterborough, the first town in the first province of this great Dominion of ours. A year ago I reluctantly consented to be a candidate for the Mayor's chair, and I was elected. During the past year I did everything I could do to further the interests of the town and with the most hearty co-operation of the aldermen we accomplished a great deal, and, I think, conducted the business of the municipality in a satisfactory manner. This year I was again chosen to be Mayor, and was elected without opposition, an honor for which I am truly grateful. This year the council has a great deal of very important business to transact, and I think that with the same assistance I received last year I will be able to give a good account of my stewardship. One important step has been taken, and that is the purchase of the waterworks and I think with two good men and myself that we can make a successful start this year. No one has any idea of the amount of time required to attend to the duties of a public office. I hope with the assistance of this year's council that further progress will be made and that the relations of the council will be as cordial this year as they were last.

In responding to the different toasts everyone complimented the mayor and council on receiving their election by acclamation. The evening was most profitable and enjoyable and will lead to a more friendly and social feeling between the officers of the town in its many branches. The town officers were heartily commended for the most courteous and obliging manner in which they attended the many requests made on them.

The gathering broke up at an early hour after singing the national anthem.

Mayor Denne has proved himself to be an able an efficient manager of the business of the town, and last night proved himself to be a most agreeable and entertaining host. The council and town officials of 1902 will long remember the pleasant evening spent as the guests of Mayor Denne.

JUST WHAT WE WANT.

We ask the privilege of having one trial in the way of supplying your needs in goods that first-class druggists handle, or the filling of your doctors' prescriptions. Our endeavors to please you and the satisfactory way in which you will be served will make you a permanent customer.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION

to our fresh stock of Paine's Celery Compound, the most popular family medicine of the day. Thousands of testimonials from the best people of Canada are sufficient proofs of its virtues for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, blood disease, liver complaint, kidney disease and all nervous troubles. Try a bottle and be convinced. H. H. EDMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

—Phone us for a pound of our Mocha Java-Mocha blend coffee, guaranteed. H. F. Kidd, phone 372.

BOTHA'S LIEUTENANT NOW IN THE TOILS.

THE ALACRITY OF BRITISH SURPRISED HIM.

Boer Prisoners of War as Matriculants to University---Botha's Regrets

Important Documents Captured by Col. Remington at Schimmelhoek—Boers Were Repulsed

London, Jan. 27.—What is regarded as an important capture is that of General Benjamin Viljoen, who, according to a despatch from Lord Kitchener, has recently been taken in the neighborhood of Lydenburg. Viljoen was Botha's most able aide-de-camp, and the event will undoubtedly have a good effect on the Boers north of the Delagoa Bay railroad line.

BOTHA'S REGRETS.

London, Jan. 27.—Lord Kitchener has cabled interesting and important extracts from the official correspondence of Botha, which was captured by Col. Remington at Schimmelhoek. Among other documents is a letter to his "provisional" government, in which he explains his failure to enter Natal. He says:—"To my regret, I must report that it was impossible for my commandoes to enter Natal because the enemy was aware of our plans, and he already had troops just opposite all the drifts on the Buffalo River."

BOERS REPULSED.

Johannesburg, Jan. 27.—Commandant Boyers made an unsuccessful attempt to rush the blockhouses near Pietersburg the other day. After firing for twenty minutes the Boers cleared out, leaving three dead and three wounded on the field.

IN THE EASTERN TRANSVAAL.

Standerton, Jan. 27.—The British columns operating in the Eastern Transvaal have been particularly successful of late in surprising laagers and capturing Boers. The lines of blockhouses, restricting the enemy's movements are largely responsible for British success. The area of this region is nearly 12,00 square miles, and affords plenty of room for the enemy, but its feeding capacity is being gradually reduced to nil. The British columns moving up and down this portion of the country are slowly but surely depleting it of everything eatable.

BOER COLLEGIANS.

Cape Colony, Jan. 27.—The examination lists of the Cape University published to-day, show that a number of Boer prisoners o war at Simonstown have been given during their confinement an opportunity to obtain a college education. Nine prisoners at the Simonstown camp have passed the preliminary examination. Some of the prisoners at St Helena have passed the higher examination, and applications have been received from prisoners of war at Bermuda to enter for the examinations next December.

PRO-BOER PETITION TO BE SENT TO CONGRESS

Signed By Over 200,000 Persons in The Union

Confident That a Sympathetic Expression Will be Favorably Entertained by Great Britain

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 28 — Webster Davis has gone to New York with a petition bearing the signatures of 212,694 citizens of the South and West, which is eventually to go before Congress, asking for national sympathy for the Boers.

The signatures have been received in answer to an appeal sent out by Mr. Davis four months ago, and are addressed to Congressmen, asking them to vote for a resolution already framed.

The petition asks Congress to declare "that the people of the United States feel a strong sympathy for the people of the South African Republic and the Orange Free State; that they are pained by the report of the present sufferings of this Christian people, and they unite in the hope that this declaration, which they feel it their duty to make, will be favorably considered by the Government of Great Britain in a settlement of their unfortunate differences."

Mr. Davis himself intends to turn over the petition to the Boer Consul in New York, to be placed in the proper hands.

SUCCESSFUL STUDENTS OF THE CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE, CHATHAM, ONT.

On Jan. 6th, Harry Collins, a former student of the above institution and an ex-public school teacher in Kent County, secured the appointment as Commercial Master in the Collegiate Institute, Chatham, Ont., at a salary of $900 per annum. Mr. Collins has been holding a similar position with the Quebec High School, and in releasing him from his engagement there, that board left the matter of choosing his successor very much to himself, simply making the conditions that he should be some person who had had a successful experience as public school teacher, and had also been a graduate from the Canada Business College. The result was that on Jan. 15th, Mr. Herman Jenner, of Charing Cross, another graduate from the college and an ex-public-school teacher of Kent County, was sent to Quebec to fill the position of Commercial Master in the High School there, made vacant by Mr. Collins leaving, the initial salary being $700.

These are only fair samples of what this excellent school of business training is continuously doing for its graduates.

They have supplied about eighty-five teachers for business colleges and schools with Commercial Departments in the past, and help of this kind were sent to the management, and could not be filled on account of not having sufficient qualified material on hand at the time.

Mr. W. C. Campbell, of Wingham, Ont., another former public school teacher, from Huron County, and double gold medalist at the June examinations, 1901, commenced with the Sutherland, Innes Co., of Chatham, Ont., on Jan. 7, and is the 34th student of that institution that has been taken into the employ of this firm.

Miss May Dalgleish, an ex-public-school teacher of Middlesex County, and a student of the college, has taken the position of stenographer with the Stott Milling Co., Detroit, Mich.

Among positions filled during the early part of January are the following:

Bart Sheldrick as assistant bookkeeper with the Wm. Gray & Sons Co., Limited, Chatham, Ont.; Miss Edith Ryan as [illegible] with the Chatham [illegible] Co., Chatham, Ont.; Bert [illegible] as assistant bookkeeper with John R. Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Miss [illegible] Fleming as book-keeper with Baker & Robinson, Dundas, Ont.

ACCURATE AND ABLE

are the words best fitted to describing our "Daily Market Letter" issued free every afternoon. It is conservatively and carefully edited by people of ripe experience in Wall Street matters; so prepared as to best assist the speculator in making his ventures profitable. Our 400 page, cloth-bound, illustrated

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we publish for free distribution, to enable our large and growing clientele to participate in the great profits distributed annually, through the medium of dealing in the large and increasing number of Stock Exchange securities.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

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Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 28, 1902

PROHIBITION IN MAINE

Take the city of Portland as an example, where prohibition has been the law for fifty years. That city has a population of 40,000. The Committee of Fifty in 1898 reported that the law is not obeyed there at all, except that the trade is carried on secretly, which was formerly carried on openly. A great deal of the drinking is, however, not even secret. The report of the committee says:

"While the public temptation had in some degree diminished by the abolition of 'gilt-edge' saloons, there lurked a greater danger in the many clubs which had sprung up, chiefly for drinking purposes. No distilleries or breweries were suffered to exist in the city. Yet neither the supply nor the price of liquors was lessened, but the quality was worse. While the traffic at open bars had from time to time been to some extent driven away from the principal streets, still open bars existed in large numbers. Furthermore, to those who shunned the open bars the apothecary shops supplied liquor by the bottle as frequently as desired."

A new and vicious class sprung up in the population who were most active in times of the strictest enforcement of the law. There arose pocket peddlers, most of whom were young men who loiter about the streets and wharves in the lower quarters of the city, and supply customers from the bottle. They serve a drink which produces "a violent and dangerous form of intoxication."

In 1898 one hundred and sixty-one persons paid a tax for the purpose of selling liquor in Portland. They were scattered among the following places where liquor was sold:—First, the ordinary saloons, then the hotel bars, the apothecary shops, bars, including the so-called eating houses, the kitchen bars, the pocket peddlers, the bottling establishments, the jobbing houses, the express companies and the clubs. Within a stone's throw of the G.T.R. station about a dozen saloons are clustered.

The gentlemen who investigated the state of things in Portland for the Committee of Fifty states that in a score or so of such saloons visited by him from six to twenty persons were found who were there to drink, most of them young men, some of them boys between twelve and sixteen years of age. Sometimes older girls appeared to drink and to talk with the men. The kitchen bars, which numbered at that time about eighty, are found in the alleys, tenements and tumble-down houses in the poorer sections of the city. They infest whole blocks in different parts of the town. At least five of the principal hotels sell liquor. They are sometimes fined, but the fine as a rule does not reach a high license fee. Then there is this sentence in the report of the committee:—

"The drug stores have ever been a fruitful source of drunkenness in Portland. About 20 of these exist simply for the purpose of selling liquor."

OUR PAST RECORD.

Our past record of successful catering to the wants of a critical public is the best guarantee we can offer to all who are not yet numbered among our permanent customers. Please remember that we make a specialty of filling physicians' prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Sponges, etc., is large and varied.

THE MOST RELIABLE AND POPULAR

Paine's Celery Compound is the most reliable and popular family medicine, and is specially recommended for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, nervous diseases and sleeplessness. If you have not succeeded in banishing your troubles, come to us for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. It will not disappoint you. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterborough, Ont.

JUST WHAT WE WANT.

We ask the privilege of having one trial in the way of supplying your needs in goods that first-class druggists handle, or the filling of your doctors' prescriptions. Our endeavors to please you and the satisfactory way in which you will be served will make you a permanent customer.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION to our fresh stock of Paine's Celery Compound, the most popular family medicine of the day. Thousands of testimonials from the best people of Canada are sufficient proofs of its virtues for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, blood diseases, liver complaint, kidney diseases and all nervous troubles. Try a bottle and be convinced. H. H. EDMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

THE LATE CENSUS.

Population of Towns and Villages Given

Ottawa, Jan. 24.—The following is the returns of population of towns and villages in this locality:

Peterborough	11,239
Belleville	9,117
Port Hope	4,188
Deseronto	3,337
Madoc	1,157
Trenton	4,215
Perth	3,588
Campbellford	2,485
Hastings	815
Beaverton	855
Uxbridge	1,637
Havelock	981
Norwood	945
Midland	3,174
Fenelon Falls	1,133
Bobcaygeon	914
Omemee	574
Brockville	8,940
Millbrook	917
Bowmanville	2,731
Tweed	1,168
Stirling	845
Carleton Place	4,089
Smith's Falls	5,154
Cobourg	4,239
Oshawa	4,394
Whitby	2,110
Ashburnham	1,647
Lakefield	1,244
Orillia	4,908
Lindsay	7,003

It will thus be seen that Peterborough and Ashburnham combined had a population, when the census was taken, of 12,886. This has been increased several hundred since then, so that our population stands to-day at about 14,000 or 14,500.

PROGRESS AND SUCCESS.

Progress and success have been our business forward up to the present time. No need to enlarge on our dispensing facilities. This department is run on the most approved system; promptness and accuracy mark all our work.

We are daily renewing and assorting our stock of Perfumes, Atomizers, Sponges, Brushes, Combs and Toilet Goods.

THE PUBLIC VERDICT

The public verdict is immensely in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. It is the great family medicine of the present day and never fails to do what it promises. Paine's Celery Compound will permanently cure kidney disease, liver complaint, ills resulting from impure blood, dyspepsia, and stomach derangements. We sell the kind that cures. H. S. MACDONALD, Peterborough, Ont.

A Pathetic Letter

The following note, slightly soiled and bearing spots suspiciously like tear stains, was picked up near one of the Central school buildings the other day, and tells its own tale of stern devotion to duty on one hand and unmitigated anguish on the other: "Friend Roy,—I will write you a little note this evening to tell you that I have decided not to keep regular company with any boy while I am in school, for I must make use of my school time while I can; and besides, I have no desire to go with one boy all the time, anyway. So you needn't come any more at present, but we can still be friends, and I expect you can find someone you like better anyway, and so can I. You needn't answer this. Your everlasting friend."

OUR MOTTO:

"Accuracy, Care and Attention."

Our continued success in business is the best proof that we enjoy the unbounded confidence of the public. We dispense drugs with the greatest possible accuracy, care and attention. Our stock of Toilet Preparations is always up-to-date, and our Perfumes the finest and cheapest.

ALL RANKS AND CONDITIONS of our people are now using Paine's Celery Compound, the great health restorer. No other medicine in the world has such a record of cures to its credit. It makes new, fresh blood corrects digestion, gives energy to body, nerves and brain. If you feel unwell, give Paine's Celery Compound a trial. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

COUNTY COUNCIL REFORM

Blenheim Township Wants to Go Back to the Old Reeve System Again.

The Blenheim Township Council are taking the lead in an agitation against the present system of representation in the County Council. They have prepared a petition to the Ontario government to be presented at the present session asking that the system be changed and that the reeves of the various townships form the County Council. The Blenheim Council will before presenting the petition ask the approval of every township and town and village council in the province. It is said that there is a unanimous feeling against the present system. The Peterborough municipalities are strongly in favor of a return to the old system.

NOTE AND COMMENT

The Boers are said to be willing to abandon their demand for full independence. Before Kitchener is done with them they'll be willing to do a great deal more than that.

•• • ••

Germany is face to face with one of the worst periods of depression it has ever experienced. Not less than 35,000 workingmen are without employment or means of support in the city of Berlin alone, and systems of public relief at all the industrial centres are being rapidly established, to alleviate the distress of the unemployed.—Leslie's Weekly.

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's wall.

The Author's First Reverse.

On reading A First Acceptance, in the September "Contributors' Club," we wondered if the author had ever contemplated a far more surprising experience than the first acceptance, and that is the first rejection after the first acceptance! That is indeed a crisis in the young author's career. Up to the time when he received his first acceptance, the novice, however high his conceit had swelled, as each new plan and aspiration feebly projected itself on paper, had yet in the bottom of his soul realized that his arms were untried, and that he might be riding for a fall. But when tangible proof of his first success had reached him, and the magic words "The check will follow upon publication" had dazzled his vision, how proudly he scanned the future which was his by virtue of the ink-bottle!

Idea after idea floated before him; "songs without words" to which he would supply nouns and adjective; thoughts inadequately expressed, fancies inhospitably received, which he would succor by the might of his right hand. Or perhaps the didactic devil tempted him, and he fancied the whole world his congregation, to whom he would preach at his leisure.

Alas, fellow scribbler, passing through this Fool's Paradise, we pity you; by the Law of the Jungle—

"As high as we have mounted in delight,
In our dejection do we sink as low."

Perhaps the next step will lead you to the Pons Asinorum which ends in the Via Dolorosa. We have crossed it ourselves, we who had thought our feet so firmly planted on the ladder of literature that we needed only to mount higher and higher till we o'ertopped the stars.

When we had spent our first check a thousand times in anticipation, and at least twice in reality, we decided in gratitude to honor with our continued favor that hospitable magazine which had at last recognized our genius.

No longer stealing out at night to conceal the trembling fingers with which we dropped that long white envelope into the post-box, but flauntingly, in the garish daylight, in the face of all men, we sent forth our manuscript as a conqueror demanding tribute.

Then we waited; security is ever serene. Poor tremblers on the threshold may listen with beating heart for the postman's quick peal of the bell, or look longingly at his non-committal gray coat and his fatal bag. All these sensations were of the past for us; they belonged to the era before we were recognized.

Then suddenly a bolt from the blue—that homing pigeon, our manuscript, returns to us again. At first astonishment is paramount—there must be some mistake. Next wrath—it is a conspiracy to defraud us of our just reward; an envious world cannot tolerate our success. Last, a still, small, spiteful voice within us whispers: "Your bubble is pricked. I always told you that there wasn't much in you, after all!"

What happens to us then? Where are our visions of thoughts clamoring to be clothed in winged words? Where are the songs only waiting to sing themselves through our lips to a silent world? What has become of our pulpit?

How are the mighty fallen! How doth the city which we would have enlightened sit solitary! Ours is no common sorrow; we are none of those who have only suffered the casual buffetings of fortune; ours is the bitter trial of the man who has faced betrayal in the house of his friend.

Fellow quill-drivers, answer us: is there any shock to vanity like unto this, or any lesson in modesty?—"Atlantic Monthly."

The Wandering Shade.

Then came I to a knight who stood before the wall swearing mightily.

Now there was no one near him, and he stood looking at a small black box which hung against the said wall. Yet sware he with exceeding great fervor and many gnashings of the teeth and tearing of the hair, saying:

"Blank - blankety - blank - blank to blanknation! Why 'nell don't you gimme Black 7-11-44?"

Then came a small spirit voice from the mysterious box:

"Number, please!"

Then did the angry knight curse still more fearfully and clutch the black box from the wall and cast it upon the floor and spring up and down on it until naught was left but splinters and wire. Whereupon I approached to expostulate with him.

"Lo, friend," quoth I, "this is unseemly! What hath the unfeeling box done that thou thus gettest upon thine ear?"

Alas! the words he spake to me I may not even repeat; but suffice it to say that even yet the remembrance of them maketh my ghostly hair to curl; and I cannot even think of the black box without involuntarily dissolving into thin air—which same causeth me sundry and much inconvenience.

But 'tis truly a wonderful age and a strange land where men have prepared against the wall a machine to which they retire when angry and ease their feelings by swearing into it.

But it puzzleth me to figure out what becometh of all the profanity. And what meaneth the spirit when it answereth in a still, squeaking voice:

"Number, please!"—San Francisco "Bulletin."

Best Twelve Books of the Year.

The readers of the "Academy" have been asked to name the best twelve novels published during the first ten months of the year. The voting comes out like this:

Kim	80
History of Sir Richard Calmady	77
The Eternal City	61
Tristram of Blent	61
The Serious Wooing	44
The Right of Way	44
The Benefactress	30
Sister Teresa	26
The Column	25
The Octopus	21
The Crisis	20
New Canterbury Tales	20

Syndicate Criticism.

First dramatic critic—That was an awfully dull play last night. Second Dramatic Critic—Wasn't it? It was all I could do to keep from saying so in the paper.—"Life."

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box.—7 Sold by H. H. Edmison.

"I Advise All women who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

That advice is based upon practical experience. After suffering for months, and finding no benefit result from the treatment of the local physician, Miss Belle Hedrick wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice. She acted on the advice, regained her appetite, recovered her strength, and gained several pounds in weight.

"Write to Doctor Pierce" is good advice for every woman to follow. It costs nothing. Dr. Pierce invites sick women to consult him, by letter, free. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years, Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured over half a million women.

"I suffered from female weakness for five months," writes Miss Belle Hedrick of Nye, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I was treated by a good physician, but he never seemed to do me any good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took thirteen bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and eight of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' When I had used the medicine a month my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of housework. I had scarcely any appetite, but it is all right now. Have gained several pounds in weight. I advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels.

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Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street wil have prompt attention.

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

Accordingly the Bellairs' coachman and footman, with the wide barouche, and its two sleek, handsome horses, were conveyed away from Maple Tree House up to the metropolis. The boxes were packed, and Northminster was robbed of its ruler for a little while.

Gentle, quiet, loving Marian Adair had soon worked her way into her aunt's warm heart, and between the two women, who had sorrowed and dreaded together, a bond had sprung up that would not easily be broken.

Lady Blanche stayed at a good old-fashioned hotel, and despite the fact that London was quite empty, she enjoyed her brief visit immensely. Marian Adair, too, was happy; her beloved was not dead; in time he would be back with her again—no amount of pain could null that pleasure —she would have been content to remain a cripple and a hunchback forever if her dear Craven could only be with her once again, with his frank, handsome face and merry, loving voice. But as a matter of fact, the great doctor's opinion had been productive of much pleasure and satisfaction to the girl's aunt, and altogether, Lady Blanche Bellairs was in the best of possible spirits, when she suddenly experienced a check, and a cloud fell on the brightness of her horizon.

As Marian and she were driving through London one afternoon, the second day of their arrival, Lady Blanche all at once gave a great start.

"Why, surely I cannot be mistaken," she said, hurriedly to herself, "that is Ormande!"

Marian's pale, thin face was suffused with a flush of delight. The child adored her big, tender-voiced cousin.

"Yes, yes, it is he, Aunt Blanche! Oh, do let us stop and speak to him!" she cried.

Accordingly the horses were pulled up, and as Ormande was passing the well-appointed carriage, his head bent dejectedly, his whole bearing as different to his former springy, bright, cheery, one, as it was possible to imagine, a voice suddenly reached his ears, and the next moment he was having his hand grasped by Marian's two small ones, and was meeting the gaze of her handsome perturbed eyes, that had a perfect world of questioning in their depths.

"I had no idea you were in town, Ormande. When did you come?" Lady Blanche asked, her anxiety forcing itself into her voice.

Ormande gave her the date, and she remembered at once that it was the day following the Brexley fete.

"You, too, have given me a surprise," he said, with a faint flicker of a smile. "It is a wonder to see you in London, Aunt Blanche."

"I came for Marian; Dr. Stewart ordered it!"

Lady Blanche was gazing at him fixedly. What had come to him? How changed he was! changed not only in appearance, but in voice and manner. He looked as if some blight had fallen on him, blotting out all his former brightness. What had happened? Lady Blanche moved uneasily on the soft cushions of the barouche. So he had been up in town a whole week, and she had been picturing him beneath the trees at Brexley with Barbara, and — — There was a look on the young man's face that his aunt neither understood nor liked. Her quick instinct warned her that she must be prepared for disappointment, and unconsciously a feeling of coldness and resentment flashed into her mind.

"You are looking ill, Ormande," she said, curtly. "What is the matter?"

Ormande smiled again faintly.

"There is nothing the matter Aunt Blanche; I am only a little tired. There is a good deal to do. We have had an epidemic of sickness in our parish lately."

Lady Blanche frowned.

"Your parish seems to be very unhealthy, Ormande. You are in a perpetual condition of epidemics. Is your holiday over?" this last question was put very abruptly.

Ormande nodded his head.

"Yes, it is over," he said, and his aunt fancied she detected a tiny ring of pleasure in the words.

"I thought you were at Brexley," she went on, her grievance coming uppermost again. "Why did you leave, and why did you not write and tell me you were in town?"

"I cry peccavi, Aunt Blanche," Ormande replied. "I have been going to write to you several times, but I have not had a moment."

"A pleasant existence for the future Earl of Thanecourt," observed Lady Blanche gloomily; then, very shortly, "and how did you leave Barbara?" she asked. She was anxious to learn if all was over, and her hope gone entirely.

"Miss Mostyn was well, I fancy," he answered half wearily.

Lady Blanche frowned, this time very deeply.

"Did you enjoy the visit? Is not Brexley Hall a charming old place? And the village, too, Ormande, should have pleased you, if——"

"I saw everything," the young man broke in hurriedly, "and I hope—you, behalf of that girl are not needed now, as, of course, being next-of-kin, she must inherit. I am glad, and yet I am sorry; it is such an awful state things. I am convinced she never went away of her own free will, her face was too sweet and true to belong to a bad woman; and he, at any rate, must be a villain to have tempted her as he has done. I cannot tell you, Otway, how grieved I am about this. I was a firm friend of her father's, and I know that this would just have broken his great, noble heart. Can you do nothing? Forgive me for suggesting it, but your vocation seems to fit you more for this task than myself. Something must be done now. She will be mistress of Charlton Abbey, and, as old Dalrymple's heiress, a person of importance, but even were she only a beggar I should feel the same. We can easily trace out this Smythe, and then the rest is clear——"

Ormande read no farther, for tears blinded his eyes. Had he not tried already, and had he not failed? Katharine, with her own hand, had cut herself adrift. Who could save her now?

CHAPTER XXV.

"You are worn out; let me take your place for an hour. I will call you if there is any need; you can trust me to do so."

Sister Dora hesitated, she glanced with her heavy eyes from the in-valid's ghastly, white face to the scarcely less pallid one of Katharine's

"You are not fit," she said, involuntarily, "and I am used to this, you know."

"Heaven forbid that you should be used to such a task as has been yours during the last few days. I cannot try to thank you, dear Sister Dora, for your goodness in coming back with me yesterday. I shudder to think what I should have done without you."

The nurse took one of Katharine's slender hands in hers, while a slight flush suffused her cheeks. "I do not often falter in my duty," she said, hurriedly, "but——"

Katharine stopped her gently.

"I understand! Ah, yes, I understand so well, and I see now I was selfish to bring you back, but you are such a comfort to me, such a comfort, you will never know how great."

Sister Dora gently caressed the pretty hand she held; there had sprung up in her heart suddenly a great sympathy and affection for this pale, beautiful girl, who called herself wife to the blasphemous bully whose coarse tongue and cruel words had driven her for a time from her task of nursing him. Sister Dora had no need of an interpreter to know that Katharine loathed and feared this man to whom she was bound; the look that came into the girl's lovely eyes sent a pang straight to the nurse's warm, gentle heart, and this look had seemed to deepen during the hours that had passed since the afternoon of the previous day, when Katharine had found her way to the nursing home to plead for her to return.

It was very strong now, that expression of intense, silent anguish, and there were traces, too, on the fair young face of such suffering as is fortunately rare. Sister Dora, in her life of ministration, had seen as much sorrow as it was possible to see but she had never before beheld such a look as lived on Katharine Smythe's exquisite face.

"You will make me vain," she said with a faint smile, though her eyes were wet; "I know I am supposed to be a decent nurse, but you make me out something more, my dear."

Katharine gave no answering smile, but she closed her fingers round the other's hand, while she fixed her gaze steadily on the sick man.

"You must go and rest," she said softly, after a moment's pause. "No, no! —I could not sleep, and the night hours are worse when one is doing nothing! They seem never-ending! Go. I will certainly call you if he gets restless, but the doctor said this narcotic would last probably till morning."

Sister Dora rose reluctantly. She looked anxiously at the girl, so slender and graceful in her simple white flannel dressing-gown, with her dark hair loose on her shoulders.

"My dear," she said, involuntarily, "you will forgive me, but have you no one to share this trouble with you? You are too young to bear such an anxiety all alone. This is the sunshine time of your life; you ought not to be cast into such shadows already. Have you no mother — no sister——?"

"No, I am alone!— quite alone!" Katharine uttered the words with unutterable sadness. They were so true —so very true. There was only one person in the whole world to whom she could turn in this trouble, and that was Gordon's mother, poor Lucy Smythe. But here again she dared not act as she would have done for Gordon, in his few sane moments, never ceased to impress on her that he absolutely refused to allow his mother to come to him or to be informed of his accident.

"I've got a wife, what more do I want?" he said, with a feeble grin. "A most devoted wife, too! Why don't you cut and run, eh, Katharine? Why don't you take your chance of getting away from me? Is it—is it because you are so fond of me that you cannot bear to leave me, even for a moment? —or is it" —and here he laid his hot hand on the girl's wrist, and drew her shrinkingly toward him —"is it that you fear me still? Aye! fear me even when I am lying stricken down? Is it because you know so well that, come what may, if you play me false, I will carry out my revenge, aye, even if it cost me my life?"

She knew he meant every letter of his threat; she knew if she were to take advantage of this illness to slip off her bonds and escape him, that so soon as the old vigor was returned to Gordon's frame, he would relentlessly seek out Ormande, her beloved, and work him the injury he had sworn to do.

But, apart from this, Katharine was, in every sense, a true woman. Evil as Gordon Smythe had proved himself to be in her life, no thought of leaving him, now this calamity had fallen upon him, ever crossed her mind. He was helpless and sick, and her place was by his side. No matter what had gone before, she could not and would not desert him now.

To be continued

OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO SERVE OUR PATRONS THOROUGHLY AND WELL.

Kindly favor us with a visit at your earliest convenience, so as to assure yourself that we serve the public thoroughly and well. Our dispensing department is under the most competent management, insuring perfect safety in the preparation of prescriptions. Our drugs, medicines and tinctures are the purest and our general stock suited to the wants of the most critical.

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If you are rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, nervous, weak or run down, you need the best medicine that medical science can suggest. We strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound for your troubles. It has cured others afflicted as you are; it cannot fail in your case. We sell the kind that makes sick people well. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

—As will be observed by reference to our advertising columns, application is being made to the Provincial Legislature for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and operate branch lines from that town to Lakefield and Clear Lake, to Chemong Lake, to River Otonabee and Rice Lake.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Woman's Plea For Man's Rights.

THE papers had a story the other day that the President had refused promotion to an army officer because he had jilted his fiancee. Whether this is true or not, it's interesting. The President is a chivalrous man, and whatever he did really do about the officer's promotion, we may be sure that he condemned him for his ungallant behavior to the lady. Most men would condemn him. To go back on your best girl—especially when the wedding-cards are printed and the trousseau ready—is an offence few men would condone. Singularly enough, women—who are the sufferers by it—are very lenient to this infirmity of purpose.

I have often heard girls say, writes Josephine Bonner in the "Argonaut," that they would rather be jilted than married to a man who had lost his affection for them, and I think they told the truth. When Pope said every woman was at heart a rake he expressed his idea in coarse, eighteenth century English. What he meant to say was that every woman is at heart a sentimentalist. However fate and fortune may make her marry, she has her little dream of marrying for love. Presupposing that she is a "nice girl," she would rather be left like Ariadne than go on into the dark and unexplored places of matrimony with a man who no longer cared for her. I am inclined to think her respect for the man would not suffer much—might possibly increase—if he had the temerity to rise up and tell her he had made a mistake and did not love her. Women have been doing this themselves since Pandora opened the box, and nobody blamed them. It was a lady's privilege to change her mind, and that settled it. Maybe we are beginning to feel that the privilege is a little one-sided, and that down-trodden man ought now and then to have a holiday when he, too, can have caprices and not know whether he loves Polly or Sally best.

There is another point in his favor which the men who condemn him do not consider—the courage it takes. It takes nerve to head a cavalry charge in battle, to stand up in a duel, to enter a burning building, but it is nothing to the nerve it must take to look a loving woman in the eye and tell her you don't care for her. Men have not been doing this for centuries as women have, and they do not really understand the fell horror of it. I have no doubt many have gone so far as the front door, or even the hat-rack in the hall, fully intending to break their fetters; then, at the sound of a foot on the stairs, a frou-frou of skirts, have felt their courage oozing away, and decided a lifetime of living a lie was better than dealing one decisive, staggering blow. I don't know whether they were heroes, knaves, or fools—one often is confused in such decisions. Men, I think, would approve of them; women would be sentimentally harrowed, and in their hearts be just a little contemptuous.

The heroism of the situation would depend entirely on how the man acted for the next—say, twenty years. Anybody can be heroic for a moment; time is the test of the real thing. It would seem one of those noble, foolish actions, like the charge of the Light Brigade, which would be pitiful if they were not grand—to spend a lifetime living such a futile lie. It would be so little worth while, so little gain, for such a large expenditure of suffering. Whereas, if the man were not of the mould of heroes, let his wife see he had married her under protest, and that she bored him to death—what would be the gain then? Even if she had not a grain of pride, the woman could hardly be happy with such begrudged attentions and ungrateful companionship. As for the man, he would brood on his wrongs and bemoan his one moment of unselfishness, till a bear with a sore head would be an amiable companion compared to him. In the general distribution of new twentieth century privileges, I don't see why the right to change the mind in matters sentimental should not be now and then extended to the male of the species.

A Query.

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia "Record."

The Origin of a Name.

DR. GEORGE DAVIDSON of the University of California has been wondering for four years past how Cape Nome got its name. Geography is his special field, and it is his professional concern to know the wherefore of geographical names. But "Nome" beat him. He set to work to trace it back to its origin, and the earliest appearance he could find for it was in a British Admiralty chart of 1853. That led him to surmise that the cape was named by officers of the English frigates "Herald" and "Plover" during an expedition in search of Sir John Franklin. So he wrote to the Admiralty Office in London to enquire if there were any "Nomes" on the list of men who sailed in those vessels. The reply, recently communicated by Dr. Davidson to the "National Geographic Magazine," was that when the chart in question was first made, aboard the "Herald," attention was called to this point by the mark (?Name). The chart was sent home in a hurry, and the draughtsman who inked it made the mark read "C. Name." But he did not make his "a" distinctly, and the Admiralty hydrographer made it "C. Nome." And as Cape Nome the point has been ever since, and is likely to remain so until it gets rich enough to support a board of aldermen. Then its name will be changed, for that is one of the mischiefs that aldermen can be trusted to do.

Easy Indifference.

"Why did we arrive late and leave before the opera was over?" asked the youngest daughter; "it was very enjoyable." "Of course it was," answered Mrs. Cumrox, "but, my dear, we had to show people that we didn't care whether we got our money's worth or not."—Washington "Star."

The orator commenced his peroration with these words: "As Lady Godiva said towards the end of her memorable ride, 'I am nearing my clothes.'"—"Sporting Times."

A Fashionable Sham.

A SHORT time after Mme. Sybil Sanderson's first debut in New York, when the papers were ringing with praises of her jewels, her beauty and her voice, she was the guest of honor at a dinner-party, at which her hostess remarked: "Those jewels that you wore in 'Manon,' Miss Sanderson, are the most beautiful that I have ever seen." "Good heavens!" cried Miss Sanderson, "you didn't think that they were real, did you? Those are only stage jewels. If they had been real, I would deserve all that the American papers have said about me."

The New York "Sun" declares that fashionable women are at present wearing quantities of false jewels cleverly made, and perfectly set in gold in simulation of the real article. One of the pictures of the Duchess of Manchester which was printed in the newspapers showed her wearing a pearl necklace which was said to be "the famous Manchester pearls." This claim was knocked in the head only the other day when a New York firm of manufacturers of imitation jewels began a suit against the duke for something like six hundred dollars for this very necklace for which his grace had failed to pay. "It has only been within the last few seasons," adds the "Sun," "that this vogue of artificial jewelry has become fixed. . . The possession of genuine pearls, for instance, is possible only to the very few, for necklaces of well-matched pearls are worth small and even large fortunes. Many of the most perfectly matched ropes have taken years in their accumulation, while others are heirlooms that have passed from one generation to another in the royal families of Europe. When the pearl necklace became so fashionable in America there was a demand for them that could not be supplied, and now nine-tenths of the beautiful ropes that are worn are false. The new imitation pearls are indistinguishable from the real except under a glass and to the eye of an expert. They are perfect in shape, finish, color, and the wonderful satiny surface that gives the pearl its beauty. . . . The diamond imitations are only effective at night, for this stone is one which most successfully defies the art of imitation. A counterfeit pearl takes an expert for its detection, while any one at all accustomed to handling diamonds can readily discover the imitation stone. The Paris makers are sending to this country now some very clever products in this line, the settings being artistic, and the stones tiny and closely set. These are extremely effective at night, and are worn for stage purposes by many actresses who are famous for their so-called diamond collections. These imitations are not cheap. On the contrary, they are constantly advancing in price. For hair ornaments the imitation stones are in much demand. There are some who say that they really outglisten the genuine diamond under the electric light. But they are impossible for wear in the daylight, and by no means approach the degree of perfection to which the pearl counterfeit has been brought."

Dinner at a Hundred Dollars a Plate.

ONE of the most remarkable private dinners in the history of Delmonico's was given in New York lately by Mr. George Heye. For the pleasure of entertaining nine guests from fifteen minutes past seven o'clock until half-past ten o'clock, Mr. Heye transformed the Red Room of Delmonico's into a miniature bower in a pine forest, and spread before them a repast which cost him about one hundred dollars for each of the ten covers laid. Hundreds of pine-boughs had been brought from the woods, and these were so adjusted upon the walls, ceiling and floor of the apartment as to completely conceal their original character. Invisible wires were stretched through them and connected with hundreds of small incandescent electric light globes, which peeped out from the green boughs on walls and ceiling. Each globe was shaped like an orchid, and shone with a pale-green light that lent reality to the semblance of the rare, woodland flower. Over the crash that covered the floor had been strewn pine-boughs, tangles of thick woodland moss, and bushels of autumn leaves in all their rich tints of scarlet, yellow and gray. A round table, eight feet in diameter, made of unfinished oak, rose from the litter of moss and leaves, and its stout legs were completely covered with green and gray moss. Ranged around the table were the ten chairs, each of which, especially built for this occasion, was made of black birch-boughs, fashioned in varied rustic designs and with the bark left on the surface. The center of the table was a mound of maiden-hair fern, moss and oak-leaves in their autumnal tints. Twenty or thirty electric globes, like those peeping from the walls, were arranged among the ferns and mosses in the center of the table, and in front of each cover was a cluster of thirty of the rarest of natural green orchids that the hothouses of New York could supply. There was no other illumination of the room than that furnished by the green globes of the small electric lights, and the effect was like that of twilight in a pine forest. The name-cards for each guest were painted on oak-leaves, and the menus on squares of white birch-bark about ten by seven inches in size. The wines were all of the rarest and most expensive vintages.

Trapped.

Theodore—It's all right, darling. I have met your father, and we took to one another at once. He even went so far as to borrow ten dollars of me. Surely, he can't refuse me your hand after that.

Edith—Dory, I'm afraid you've made a mess of it. Pa told me about the ten dollars, and said I'd better let you slide; that you were too easy.—Boston "Transcript."

At the Author's Front Door.

Messenger-boy—Is this Mr. Ernest Seton-Thompson's, or Mr. Ernest Thompson-Seton's, or Mr. Sempson-Tuton's, or Mr. Ernest Thoton-Sempson's? Maid—Wait a minute, can't you. He didn't say what it would be to-day. I'll go and ask him.—Cleveland "Plain Dealer."

"He thinks he's popular, eh?" "Does he? Why, whenever his name appears in the paper, he fancies the public reads it this way: 'John (cheers), Henry (applause), Muggin (loud and continuous cheering).'" — Philadelphia "Press."

Professor Dabney—Ah, well, love is blind. Miss Penelope—Oh, no, Professor; love isn't blind—it is cross-eyed; it sees a lot of things it doesn't see, and it doesn't see a lot of things it ought to see.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"Sure Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

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Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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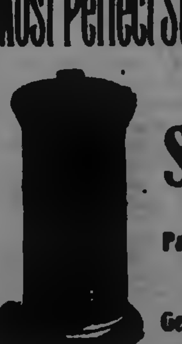

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After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

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3	37½ in.	12 in.	18.00
4	41 in.	14 in.	20.00

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When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 28, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The sidewalks are very slippery.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—Why not try H. F. Kidd's choice Breakfast Cereals? 353 George st.

—The Town Council will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

—The County Council will meet at one o'clock today.

—There is considerable wood being brought to town.

—The chief has a pocketbook for which he would like an owner.

—A number of pitch-holes are being formed on George street.

—The soft weather of Sunday changed very quickly to very cold weather.

—Prices for the new County of Peterborough maps reduced to $2 while they last. Times Bookstore.

—The annual meeting of St. Paul's congregation will take place on Wednesday evening, February 5th.

—We will cheerfully refund the money on a trial order if the goods are not entirely satisfactory. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—Patrick Costello, having no visible means of support was given two months at Nesbitt's boarding house yesterday.

—A good ad in a poor paper is as good as a bad ad in a good paper. Both bring equally poor results. Remember this, and place your ad. in The Times.

—Whiten keeps the latest designs in photo mounts. At Whiten's you get a guarantee that all his photos are finished in the best Platino finish, and positively no common photos are made in his studio.

—The annual meeting of the Peterborough Bible Society will take place in St. Paul's church to-morrow evening when Rev. Bernard Bryan, Rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Toronto, will deliver an address.

—What do you want for 30 cents? Go to Kidd's and get it. 353 George st.

—Robert Redmond is deeply concerned lest his connection with the police court case last week may be wrongly construed. He was complainant in the case and hopes that as a law abiding citizen of the town for over forty years that this should be a sufficient guarantee as to his character.

Mr. H. J. Heinz Company

We are in receipt of papers from Mr. Carese LeBrun, who is one of the New York City representatives of the H. J. Heinz Company, containing a report of the annual banquet of the travellers of that wonderful concern. There is an illustration showing the banquet hall with over 350 of the managers and representatives of the company present. Carese's many friends in Peterborough will be pleased to know that he is a success in his new occupation.

BIRTHS

DAVIDSON—On Saturday, January 18, the wife of Mr. Fred Davidson, of a son.

In a Railway Wreck

A letter received by The Times from Capt. George S. Thompson, of Sudbury, formerly of Peterborough and Lindsay, gives particulars of a narrow escape which he had recently from being killed in a railway wreck. As it was he was considerably shaken up and bruised. The Captain's many friends in Peterborough and Lindsay will be glad to know that he escaped without serious injury. Capt. Thompson says that Mr. Sam. Campbell, for many years wine clerk at the Croft House, had a narrow escape. He intended taking the train to Sudbury, but something turned up at the last moment that prevented his doing so. Sam was always lucky, even when betting on the dark horse at the Peterborough winter races.

AN OLD RESIDENTER DEAD

Demise of Jos. Larende, who for Over 50 Years Has Lived in Town

Mr. Jos. Larende, who for over 50 years has been a resident of town died at his residence No. 343 Hunter street, on Sunday last. Deceased was born at Point Levis, Quebec, 75 years ago, where he spent his early life subsequently moving to Peterborough. Deceased leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters to mourn his death. During his long residence here he had made many friends and was respected by all who knew him. The funeral will take place this morning at nine o'clock from the family residence to St. Peter's Cathedral and from thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery for interment.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss Lillie Fitzgerald is visiting friends in Lakefield.

—Capt. Jas. A. Fraser, of Hastings, spent Sunday in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wright, of Toronto, were in town on Sunday.

—Mr. Wm. Gallon, of Apsley, is spending a few days in town.

—Mrs. Scott Raff, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. R. H. Leary.

—Miss Mabel Stewart, of Toronto, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. R. H. Leary.

—Mr. Hubert McBain came down from Toronto to spend Sunday with his parents.

—The many friends of Judge Weller will be pleased to learn that he is improving rapidly.

—Rev. W. B. Kenny, of Millbrook, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Mrs. R. J. Kidd, Rubidge street.

—Mrs. J. H. Belleghem is recovering from her recent attack of typhoid fever at the Nicholls Hospital.

—Mr. W. A. Bell, who for some time past has been travelling agent for Noxon Bros. in this district, has been transferred to Kingston.

—Rev. Father McClosky, of Campbellford, is still confined to his room from the effects of a fall he received some time ago. Rev. Father O'Sullivan is officiating every Sunday in the Campbellford church.

—Mr. T. G. Eastland, the popular representative of the northern district in the County Council, arrived in town yesterday from Norwood, where he had been attending a meeting of the directors of the Norwood and Apsley Railway, of which he is a director.

—Mr. M. J. Kingsley, of Lakefield Roller Mills, left yesterday on a business trip to Oshawa, and to Traverse City, Mich., He is accompanied by his son, Mr. Michael L. Kingsley. They will be away a week or ten days.

—Rev. J. S. Potter, Sailors' Missionary, of Kingston, is passing through town on his way to Toronto. He remained over last night, the guest of his son, Rev. J. G. Potter, to take in the Guild concert.

A FICKLE PUBLIC

Quickly Decides That

Malt Breakfast Food

Is The Great Nourisher for Body and Brain

The public, always fickle and changeable, has, after testing Malt Breakfast Food as a flesh and muscle producer, and health-giver for one year, come to the conclusion that it is the great nourisher for body and brain. The history of cereal foods in Canada cannot furnish such a series of victories as Malt Breakfast Food has achieved in the families of Canada. This delicious and healthful breakfast food has quite captured a fickle public, who in the past required a continuous weekly change of grain foods, not finding any one of them satisfying. Grocers everywhere who sell Malt Breakfast Food, say it gives more general satisfaction than any other food ever placed on the market. Ask your grocer for a package and try it.

CHEQUES MADE GOOD

Walter J. English Allowed to Go on Suspended Sentence

Mr. Walter J. English, who was accused in Toronto of issuing cheques for which there were no funds, came up before Magistrate Denison yesterday morning on remand, and was allowed to go on suspended sentence. The amount of the cheques had been made good.

A PLEASING AFFAIR

Annual Concert Given Under the Auspices of St. Andrew's Guild

The annual concert given under the auspices of the Young Mens' Guild of St. Andrew's Church, took place last night. The spacious lecture room was tastefully decorated with flags and bunting, and added much to the charm of the evening. There was a large attendance, every seat being occupied.

Mrs. Scott Raffe, vocalist, of Toronto, charmed the audience with her sweet voice, while Mr. Donald McGreggor, also of Toronto, was loudly applauded.

Mdlle. DeCrey, of town, played the accompanyments and Mr. Gliddon's orchestra rendered a number of very choice selections. Altogether the entertainment was a huge success.

DEATH OF MR. PURSER

A Well Known Resident of Buckhorn Passed Away on Sunday

The death occurred on Sunday at Buckhorn, of Mr. Samuel Purser at the age of 53 years. The deceased gentleman was born in Ireland and came to this country when he was quite young. For some years his father carried on a blacksmithing business in Peterborough. The late Mr. Purser conducted a general store at Buckhorn for the last quarter of a century. In addition to the store he also had charge of the Post Office at that place.

Mr. Purser was well known as a progressive business man and was for some time connected with the steamboats on the upper lakes, being owner of the steamer Dawn. On religion Mr. Purser was an Anglican and was interested in fraternal societies, being a member of Court Littlejohn, C.O.F., under whose auspices he will be buried. He was also a member of the Orange Order.

Mr. Purser was twice married, his first wife being Libby Cookson, of Kingston, and his second wife Marion Elliott, of Harvey township.

He leaves to mourn his death a widow, two sons and two daughters, all residing at home.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

Do You Like Goodies?

TRY

Grape-Nuts

For Breakfast
Lunch or Dinner

NOMINATIONS YESTERDAY

For the Position of Water Commissioners Bring Out a Large Number of Candidates

Nominations took place yesterday at 10 o'clock, at the Town Clerks Office, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the position of Water Commissioners for the town. Altogether thirteen men were nominated for the position, as follows:

W. H. Moore,—nominated by Wm. Van Every, seconded by J. McClelland.

W. H. Hill,—nominated by Robert. Neil, seconded by Robt. Fair.

T. F. Matthews,—nominated by P. Hamilton, seconded by A. J. Gough.

W G Morrow—nominated by Robt. Fair, seconded by Robt Neil.

W. H. Wrighton—nominated by A. S. McGuire, seconded by Wm. Davidson.

George Ball—nominated by Geo. McGregor, seconded by G B. Cooney.

John Belcher—nominated by Jas. Montgomery, seconded by R. Sheehy.

T. E. Bradburn—nominated by F. D. McKay, seconded by Robt Fair.

R. B. McKee—nominated by H. Best, seconded by Wm. Langford.

Wm Fair Nominated by L. Spry, seconded by Wm. Croft.

Adam Dawson — nominated by Wm. Davidson, seconded by J. J. Hartley.

J. B. McWilliams—nominated by R. F. McGregor, seconded by J. Robson.

R. M. Dennistoun—nominated by R. H. Leary, seconded by R. H. Hill.

Of these a number have withdrawn up to last night, and doubtless more will withdrawn to-day. Those who have already withdrawn are—Messrs R B McKee R. M. Dennistoun.

After the nominations were over Mr. Moore proposed that His Worship Mayor Denne act as chairman and call on those nominated to express their views on the handling of the Water Works. This question was heartily endorsed by His Worship who invited the candidates to take seats within the railing.

Mr. W. H. Moore was the first called on and spoke briefly but decidedly. He said it was gratifying to him to know that the policy of the town controlling its own franchises which he had so strongly advocated in the past was now to be given a trial by the town assuming control of the Waterworks. It was now their duty to select two men who would devote time and energy towards making the scheme a success and in the selection of commissioners care should be exercised.

The men selected should, in his opinion have held some public office before, men who have business ability, broad minded men who are not afraid to be what they honestly believe to be in the best interests of the town. He thought that those elected should serve without remuneration. That should be the object of every candidate, the history of the town could show that during the past 40 years the aldermen had served the town for no remuneration, and generally speaking in a most creditable manner. The Town Trust, had been carefully looked after and the Little Lake Cemetery Co., in which the directors served gratuitously had placed at the disposal of the town a cemetery which was not equalled in Ontario. Personally he did not seek nomination for so important an office without seeking further responsibility.

Mr. George Ball was the next speaker, while his name has been mentioned, he did not seek the office and thought that a man like Mr. Moore should be induced to take it. If it went to an election he would stay in the contest. He did not see that the commissioners should have had previous experience. The speaker thought there was no occasion for an election, we could easily decide on two suitable men and elect them by acclamation and save the expenses of the election.

Mr. Adam Dawson said he was gratified to receive the nomination also to see the interest taken by the ratepayers. He would retire if Mr. Moore and some other gentleman could be elected by acclamation.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams said he had always advocated municipal ownership and would like to see Mr. Moore and Mr. Ball elected as commissioners as they were the only ones he had known to advocate municipal ownership.

Mr. Dumble spoke at some length. He considered the town had taken a very wise step in acquiring the Waterworks. He is not in favour of charging exorbitant rates for water. He thought the municipality should be satisfied with a revenue sufficient to pay remaining expenses and pay interest on the money invested. Mr. Dumble paid glowing tributes to the services of Mr. Henderson as superintendent of the Water Co. and to Mr. Moore who has served the town most faithfully in the council. He thought Mr. Moore would be the best man they could choose for the position.

Mr. H. Best spoke a few words regarding the purchase of the Waterworks. He thought the town had got a good investment and if carefully managed they should never regret their action.

At the suggestion of Mr. J. B. McWilliams and others, The meeting adjourned till 4 o'clock this afternoon when candidates would be asked to be present and present their views more fully, and to see if some arrangement could be arrived at so that an election would be unnecessary.

THE BEST EVIDENCE OF POPULARITY IS THE EVER-INCREASING DEMAND

The ever-increasing demand for the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns is a sure and certain indication of their popularity. The fascinating art of mat and rug making in the home is now cultivated by women of all ages and classes. The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns combine beauty and simplicity. After securing one of these patterns any lady can easily hook it and produce a really valuable and attractive room ornament. The manufacturers of the celebrated Diamond Dyes are prepared to send to any address sheets of pretty and suitable designs to enable you to select from. The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal.

WHERE IS ARTHUR DUGGAN?

His Nephew in Carnduff, Assa. Writes Asking Where He is.

The Chief of Police received the following letter yesterday asking the whereabouts of Arthur Duggan.

The letter is as follows:

Chief of Police,
Peterborough,—

Dear Sir. Would you kindly let me know if there is any person by the name of Arthur Duggan any where round Peterborough. If there is please let him know that his nephew, Herbert Duggan would like to hear from him as soon as possible. With many thanks to you I remain,

H. M. Duggan,
Carnduff, Assa.,
N. W. T.

Any person knowing anything about Arthur Duggan will confer a favour on his friends by showing him this letter.

—Ring up phone 270 and get some decent coffee. H. F. Kidd, 353 George st.

PROVINCIAL MEETING Y.M.C.A.

Very Satisfactory Report of the Several Meetings Held

The local delegates to the Provincial convention of the Y. M. C. A., who returned home last evening, give a very satisfactory report of the several meetings held.

The convention, the 32nd annual meeting of the Associations of Ontario and Quebec, opened in Berlin, on Thursday last, and closed on Sunday evening, with an attendance of 212 delegates. The principal speakers were Rev. Elmer Harris, who has charge of the Bible Study work; Mr. Walter Wood, Educational Director, of Chicago, who gave an account of the progress of the work during the past fifty years; Mr. Mitchener, International Field Secretary, who was the central figure of the convention; Mr. A. B. Williams, who conducted the students' conferences during the convention; and Mr. J. M. Moore, Railroad Secretary, who "ran an express train" at the Saturday evening session. This feature of the convention was greeted by unstinted applause, and created a wonderful enthusiasm; Mr. Moore had with him an express crew of five men, who gave to the meeting an account of the benefits of the Association in their respective spheres. It is interesting here to note that the railway corporations of America contribute annually $250,000 for this department of the Association work.

The convention on the whole, was most successful. At the Saturday morning session, the sum of $1,800 was raised for provincial finances, on a budget of $6,200.

The meetings on Sunday were especially large, over 1200 men attending the meeting held in the Opera House. The next convention will probably be held at Peterborough, as an invitation to that effect was strongly urged by Mr. Williamson, the local Secretary.

Thousands of Our Canadian Women Have Found the True Fountain of Health

Paine's Celery Compound

A SURE BANISHER OF ILLS PECULIAR TO WOMEN

Dr. Phelps' famous prescription, Paine's Celery Compound, has been, and is now freely prescribed by many of our ablest physicians for the ills peculiar to women. They have found the wonderful remedy to be exactly what has been claimed for it. It has been proved again and again that Paine's Celery Compound is the one great cure for that form of nervousness peculiar to women, and gives to weak, run-down and suffering females a perfect and robust womanhood. All women who suffer from irregularities, hysteria, nervous prostration, anaemia, liver and kidney troubles or blood diseases, should at once give Paine's Celery Compound a trial. Its cures are happy and permanent. Miss Jessie M. Ross, Quyon, Que., says:

"It affords me much pleasure to testify to the great good that Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I was completely run down in health and a victim of female weakness, and after using three bottles of Paine's Celery Compound I was completely cured. It is the best blood purifier I know of."

—Our prices right; our goods the best; Send in your coin, we'll do the rest.—H. F. Kidd, 353 George street

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

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Moncton N. B.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to Incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 18th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

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TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

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An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

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The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........ ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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Address......

County......

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We give the names of half a dozen of different companies in which we have done an extensive business during the past two months, showing low prices at which we handled these shares and the present prices:

	Low Price.	Present Price.	Advance.
Heidelburgs	12s 6d	19s od	$1 62
Klerksdorp	11s od	16s od	1 25
Witkopje	10s 6d	16s od	1 37
Salisbury	20s od	28s 6d	2 12
Chartereds	£3 6s od	£4 9s od	5 75
Oceanas	£2 2s od	£2 7s 6d	1 37

These are only a few instances, but numbers of others could be mentioned showing equally large or larger advances, and all our advices indicate that the upward movement in Kaffir (South African) stocks has hardly commenced. Of the above companies it is predicted that Heidleburgs and Sallisburys will touch £6, and Witkopje, Klerksdorps and Oceanas are expected to show a profit of from 200 to 400 per cent on present prices. In addition to securing the best representatives possible in London, England, and receiving advices from such source regarding the condition of the market, we have also our SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA.

South African shares bought on 20 per cent. margin or for cash as desired. Direct communication with London by cable.

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Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company. Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 60 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 588, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

A Splendid Chance

About 40 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

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February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

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—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
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QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

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PETERBORO to QUEBEC

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The Morning Times

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VOL. 23 NO. 24 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY JANUARY 29 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GENERAL METHUEN'S YEOMANRY IN TROUBLE

Lord Kitchener Reports That They Lost Eight Killed Five Wounded, Forty-One Prisoners

LORD KITCHENER SENDS IN WEEKLY REPORT.

General Bruce Hamilton Pursues the Boers in the Vicinity of Ermelo, and Forces Them to Disperse

London, Jan. 28.—A long despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Johannesburg, Monday, Jan. 27, gives details of the military operations since January 21. They are mostly unimportant, but indicative of continued activity on the part of the Boers. General Methuen's Yeomanry got into trouble near Ristolcim, Western Transvaal, and lost eight men killed, five wounded, and forty-one made prisoners. The prisoners have since been released. This was offset by Gen. Bruce Hamilton's pursuit of the Boers in the vicinity of Ermelo, Transvaal Colony, resulting in the dispersal of a Boer laager at Nelspan. The Boer losses were two men killed, four wounded, and ninety-four made prisoners, including Field Cornet Du Villiers, captain De Jager and Lodwate de Jager a former member of the first Volksraad. In addition, Colonel Plumar captured forty-five Boers. Lord Kitchener reports that Field Cornet B des' command quarrelled while discussing the question of surrender. B des and three of his foll. wers surrendered. The other encounters have already been reported. The week's Boer losses wer 31 men killed, 29 wounded, 322 made prisoners, and 58 men who surrendered.

HALIFAX BIDS FAREWELL TO MOUNTED RIFLES

Scenes of Enthusiasm and Excitement as the Victoria Sailed Away—Final Message from Many Friends

Halifax. Jan. 28.—"Farewell, God speed you, and a glorious return home." This was the telegram received last evening by Col. Evans, dated Regina, and signed by the "Men of the West." There were hundreds on the wharf at the dockyard to-day who echoed the same sentiment when anchors were weighed on the Victorian, and as she passed down the harbor and was lost to view as she sped for South Africa. The big hotels were crowded last night. At the Halifax the officers were bidding good-bye and having the last hand-clasp with many of their friends. The telegraph operator was kept busy receiving and answering telegrams. Col. Evans received over a score of such messages, including a personal one from Lord Minto, wishing him a safe passage, a successful campaign and triumphant home-coming. The colonel also received a telegram from Major Maud, secretary of the Governor General wishing them good luck and every success. Others were received from officers and men who had served under Col Evans in the 1st Battalion of the C.M.R., "Wishing the boys a successful campaign against the enemy of the Empire, and a safe return."

SANG AULD LANG SYNE.

Before the night had merged into morning, the men gathered about the door and in the corridors of the hotel, and with hands crossed with those of their citizen friends, sang, "Auld Lang Syne." Pickets were sent out to gather some of the boys in who had become too demonstrative on the street. The regiment was inspected at the camp this morning by the commanding officer. Every man looked fit and firm, and in fine condition for the six-thousand-mile journey across the sea.

The finely-equipped corps passed through the gates of the old camp grounds for the last time, and to the martial music of the band the men passed through the line of spectators, many singing as they tramped, "There is Only One Girl In The World For Me."

Large crowds had gathered at the corners on Windsor street cheering and waving hands, then following the troops to the embarkation point. The same demonstrative scenes when the "Riders of the Plains" or the heroes of Paardeberg marched to the air of "Soldiers of the Queen," were re-enacted. The same wave of patriotism was shown in the line of march to the embarkation point, and was manifested when troops sailed away. It was the last farewell of the boys, and a rousing send-off. It was 9 o'clock when the Red Cross boys paraded at the Armouries. All were there. There was little or no delay. The men were formed in line, and after inspection by Col. Worthington, the men marched out the main door of the Armouries headed by the bugle band of the 63rd Regiment, and the fife and drum corps of the 66th. There was hand-shaking, and many farewells. All were given rousing send-offs.

The horses of the Canadian Mounted Regiment were all safely placed aboard the troopship Victorian yesterday, preparatory to leaving for South Africa to-day. The animals are an especially good lot and, on the whole, quiet and tractable. They have been well looked after since their arrival here. Out of the whole number purchased only eight have been lost through accidents and sickness. Twenty-five horses which are not in condition to stand the long voyage will be left behind. The C.M.R. is the best equipped regiment that has ever left Canada for South Africa. Both as to uniforms and accoutrements the force has been fitted out with the greatest care.

CHANDOS

—The Coe Hill and Apsley stage was unable to make its regular trip on Wednesday on account of the heavy snow storm.

—Mr. Hugh Clery, of Manitoba, is visiting his mother at present.

—Messrs. D. Hobbins and J. Armstrong, of Peterborough, were visiting friends here last week.

—Mr. John O'Brien was the guest of Mr. John Campbell on Sunday.

—Messrs. W. H. Rooney and W. Crossan, of Coe Hill, were measuring cedar for Mr. Alex. Trotter last week.

—Miss Nellie O'Brien is visiting friends in Peterborough.

—Miss Annie Hobbins, of Peterborough, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Jas. Scott, has returned home.

—Mr. Pat Menague passed through here on Monday on his way to the lumber camps.

—Mr. Pat Scott, of Coe Hill, was the guest of Mr. Wm. Baggs on Sunday.

Sluggish Intellect

CAUSED BY COFFEE

"Careful inquiry in the school-room developed the fact that those children who are habitually given coffee to drink have sallow complexion, are nervous, more or less irritable, and very sluggish intellect, or an overwrought and abnormal imagination, results of extreme nervousness. My own experience with coffee drinking kept me afflicted for some years with severe and constant headaches, with extreme nervousness at times.

"I was compelled to abandon coffee altogether, and was quickly relieved of the headaches and other troubles. I was fortunate enough to secure a package of Postum Food Coffee, but my first attempt at making it was a failure. After another trial and following directions (which are very easy, by the way), I secured a delicious drink, far superior in my mind to coffee. I have continued to use it from the start, and my improvement has been steady with no ill effects at all."

The above was written by a school-teacher, Miss E. Barnard, of Oxford, Kan.

It is an easy matter to leave off the coffee habit, if Postum Cereal Food Coffee is used in its place, particularly when attention is given to its proper preparation. The whole secret of the preparation is in allowing the Food Coffee to boil long enough to bring out the taste and food value.

All first-class grocers sell Postum.

BEET SUGAR IN AFRICA

Almonds and Apricots Also Grown in South Africa

London, Jan. 29—According to the report of the Cape of Good Hope Department of Agriculture arrangements are being made to grow large quantities of sugar beets in South Africa. The report says, "As to South Africa, there are immense tracts of land in this colony suitable for the cultivation of sugar beets, and we do not hesitate to assure those who go the right way about it that there is success before them and a good market for all the sugar they can produce." Another matter that is booming agricultural conditions in South Africa is the growing and producing of prunes, apricots and paper-shell almonds. Formerly all these commodities were imported, but they are now being grown at home. Large jam factories and fruit drying establishments are springing up.

PETERBOROUGH BIBLE SOCIETY

Annual Meeting to be Held at St. Paul's To-Night

The annual meeting of the Bible Society ought to demand the attention and interest of all in a Christian community. The Rev. Bernard Bryan, Rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Toronto, will give the annual address in St-Paul's church to-night at 8 o'clock.

There is no factor binding Christendom together greater than this great organization. A few excerpts from recent addresses will show the attitude of eminent English divines to the work the society is doing.

The Archbishop of Canterbury: "A man must read history with his eyes shut if he cannot see now that one of the great instruments that God is using to prepare the way for bringing the whole human race together at the foot of the Cross is the work of the Bible Society."

The Archbishop of York: "Of all the wonders connected with the mission work of the church during its whole history, I consider that of the Bible Society outdoes everything else."

The Earl of Halsbury: "What we are engaged in doing is that which, as Christians, we are called upon to do by the Highest Authority of all—namely, to distribute and circulate to all peoples and tongues and nations that message which was once delivered to the saints."

ARENA

THE CARNIVAL

The first carnival of the season was held in the Keene rink on Friday evening last, and in spite of the very bad roads was a success in every way. The list of costumes was very large and above the average as regards the general get up of them. The following is a list of those given in:

Ladies.

Miss G. Warner, Red Cross Nurse.
Miss B. C. Read, Spanish Lady.
Miss Kathleen Powel, Bedtime.
Miss Katie Skinner, Japanese Girl.
Miss Lottie M. Bell, Nurse.
Miss Edyth Drummond, Night
Miss Edythe Henderson, Goddess of Night.
Miss Jean Campbell, Mrs. Noah.
Miss Nellie Drummond, Old Market Lady.
Miss Kathleen Walsh, Witch.
Miss Marguerite Walsh, Goddess of History.
Miss Ruth English, Milk Maid.
Mrs. S. Cruikshank, Tambourine Girl.
Mrs. S. Mather, Japanese Lady.
Miss Nellie Read, Cinderella.
Miss Lilly Bell, Red, White and Blue.
Miss Jennie Edwards, Telephone Girl.
Miss Clara Bell, Music.
Miss Reah Humphries, Sailor Lass.
Miss Ella Noyes, Lilly of the Valley.
Miss Jennie Weir, Maid of Athens.
Miss Kate E. Roach, Army Nurse.
Miss M. McCann, Mrs. Josiah Allen.
Miss Flora Roach, the All Round Girl.
Miss Clara Roach, New Orleans Mammy.
Miss Pearl McCann, Milk Maid.
Miss Annie Bove, Forest Fairy.
Miss Belle McIntyre, Samantha Ann.

Gentlemen

Mr. Harry Noyes, Uncle Sam.
Mr. Roland Weir, Mechanical Toy.
Mr. Bert McIntyre Josiah Allen.
Mr. Allison Mather, Shepherd Boy.
Mr. Ormond Weir, the Swell.
Mr. Tom Campbell, Courtier.
Mr. George McIntyre, Brownie.
Mr. T. J. Wallace, Admiral.
Mr. Wesley Montgomery, Kruger.
Mr. Walter Linton, Mexican Joe.
Mr. Harry Dinsdale, Sailor.
Mr. Gordon Laing, Hockey.
Mr. Albert B. Bettie, Soldier Boy.
Mr. Percy Skinner, Little Lord Fauntleroy.

A number as usual did not hand in their names and therefore cannot be reported.

The judges awarded the prizes as follows:

Best Costumed Lady, Miss Lilly Bell.
Comic Costumed Lady, Miss Belle McIntyre.
Best Costumed Girl, Miss Jennie Weir.
Comic Costumed Girl, Miss Katie Skinner.
Best Costumed Gent, Mr. T. J. Wallace.
Comic Costumed Gent, Mr. Bert. McIntyre.
Best Costumed Boy, Mr. Percy Skinner.
Comic Costumed Boy, Mr. Rollie Weir.

Races

The races were won as follows:

Mile—1st, Gordon Laing. 2nd, Clyde Stewart.

Half Mile—1st, Ormond Weir. 2nd, Leo Walsh.

Partners—1st, O. Stewart and Miss Lilly Bell. 2nd, Fred Walsh and M. Walsh. 3rd, A. Edwards and Miss Jennie Weir.

CURLING CLUB

Keene Curling Club won the D. cup of the O.C.A. in a match with Lakefield and Norwood. Skips Campbell and Kennealey are being congratulated on all sides over the victory. J. S. Russell, of Toronto, one of the organizers of our club over 40 years ago sent two splendid watch charms to be given to the skips. Keene now holds two cups, viz: Campbellford Single Rink and the D. in the O.C.A. They have started out this winter to win all in sight.

—Our prices right; our goods the best; Send us your coin, we'll do the rest.—H. F. Kidd, 388 George street

THE PETERBORO INDIANS NUMBER NOT INCREASING

Rice Lake and the Chemong Band of Aboriginies

The Condition of the Two Settlements, as Well as the Alnwick Indians—All of the Great Mississagua Tribe

The following particulars regarding the Indians of this district are taken from the blue book issued by the Dominion Government:

RICE LAKE BAND

Reserve—The Rice Lake Reserve is located on the north shore of Rice lake in the township of Otonabee, county of Peterborough. It contains about seventeen hundred and fifty acres of land, of which about seven hundred and fifty acres are cleared; about two hundred and forty acres of this is under lease to white tenants, while the locatees cultivate the remainder of said cleared land.

Vital Statistics—The total number shown by the present census is eighty-one, composed of twenty-two men, one women, and thirty-eight young people under twenty-one years of age. During the past year there were two births, one joined the band by marriage, and there were two deaths—an increase of one since last report.

Health and Sanitary Precautions.—The health of the Indians, generally speaking, has been fairly good. They seem very comfortable in their homes, and keep their premises remarkably clean.

Resources and Occupations.—The resources of this band are trapping, gathering wild rice, basket-making; some go to the lumber camps and drives in summer.

Buildings.—The buildings on this reserve, with few exceptions, are frame and are kept in a good state of repair.

Stock and Farming Implements.—The stock is good, and the Indians possess a lot of agricultural implements.

Education.—Some of the children here attend school very regularly, and appear to be learning fairly well.

Religion.—The members of this band are all Methodists; they have one church, and Mr. Windsor, a missionary, preaches to them every Sabbath evening. They have a Christian Endeavor meeting every week, in which some of the members of the band take quite an interest.

Temperance and Morality.—On the whole, these people are law abiding and well-behaved, although there are a few who indulge in strong drink occasionally.

MUD LAKE BAND

Reserve.—This reserve is located on Mud lake in the township of Smith, county of Peterborough. It contains about two thousand acres.

Vital Statistics.—The total number shown by the present census was one hundred and sixty-five, composed of forty-five men, thirty-six women, and eighty-four young people under 21 years of age. During the past year there were five births, six deaths, two joined the band by marriage, and one member of this band has joined another band by marriage, leaving the number in the band the same as last year.

Health and Sanitary Precautions.—There has been a good deal of sickness among these Indians during the past year, chiefly consumption. The children have been vaccinated, sanitary measures are well observed, whitewash is freely used, the houses present a clean and tidy appearance and every precaution is taken to prevent contagion.

Resources and Occupations.—In agricultural pursuits these Indians are making steady improvement, a few of them working all their holdings and are doing fairly well. A good many of them work in lumber camps in the winter and get good wages.

Buildings.—The buildings on this reserve are of log and frame, and are kept in good repair.

Stock and Farming Implements.—The stock is fair indeed and quite a number of the Indians are well supplied with implements.

Education.—There is one school on this reserve. The present teacher is an Indian. Very fair progress has been made.

Religion.—The members of this band are all members or adherents of the Methodist church. A minister comes to the reserve every Sabbath, and they all attend services very regularly.

Characteristics and Progress.—These people on the whole are industrious and appear to take a great interest in their homes.

Temperance and Morality.—The Indians here appear very honest and well behaved, there being very little intemperance in the band.

THE ALNWICK BAND

The Alnwick band number 244, and are Methodists in religion.

METHODISM AND THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC

If prohibition becomes law in Manitoba and Ontario it will be due to the exertions of the Methodist ministry. They more than those of any denomination have resolved to exterminate the liquor traffic, and the recent unequivocal language used by them in their interviews with both Mr. Ross, in Toronto, and Mr. Roblin, in Manitoba, must convince those gentlemen that however many such allies as "The Westminster," they may have in their desire for the referendums, they have none amongst the ministers of the Methodists. The proposed referendum is a tactless proposition, we must admit. It will incense the prohibitionists as a mere attempt to side-track them, after repeated promises and plebiscites, while it renders the position of the antis no whit the better. As an attempt to "stave off the evil day," it will not be a huge success; of that we may be certain. Why indeed was a plebiscite ever taken, and there have been two, if another has to be made to find out what present day opinion is. We cannot blame prohibitionists for feeling that what has "gone before" has been merely a sop to jolly them along.

The ministers of the Methodist Church, however, are determined men, who think that they know what they want and who decline to be bamboozled by politicians, even if they happen to have upon other things similar political opinions. "It will hurt the party," does not work with them. On the other hand let us seek for the reason of the more moderate views of Presbyterians and Catholics. It is understood that the Catholic Church leaves the matter open. The Presbyterians, however, though many of their leading divines have taken a sympathetic course with Mr. Ross and prefer waiting. The old question here arises. If these things are so, if there are these differences of opinion, are we really ripe even for a referendum? Popular opinion must and will of course in the end rule, but, as we have said, it looks as if prohibitional opinion were divided. These reverend gentlemen who are thus responsible for dividing prohibitional opinion on the very eve of the day of battle must feel that victory at present would be premature. Who, also, can be found fault with if after this halting between two opinions displayed by the "temperance body," he turns away in contempt as he often has turned before.

The longer the question is debated the more seriously necessary it becomes to find out why the debate is lasting so long, and if we find that the province is not ripe it would only be fair to prohibitionists to allow them to wait over till such time as they have weeded out the traitors in their camp. One thing we may positively assert and that is that if prohibitionists risk an appeal to the electorate and are beaten the question will be shelved perhaps forever. If this be so the referendum will be a life-preserver thrown to them in the nick of time.

WATER COMMISSIONERS

Candidates Held Meeting Yesterday—Names That are Already Withdrawn

A meeting of the candidates for the position of Water Commissioners was held in the Town Council Chamber yesterday afternoon when several influential citizens endeavoured to persuade some of those nominated to withdraw, and leave two men elected by acclamation. After considerable discussion no such arrangement could be arrived at as most of the candidates were determined to go to the polls.

A number of candidates among whom were some of the best men have withdrawn, Those who withdrew are: —Messrs. R. B. McKee, R. M. Dennistoun, W. H. Wrighton, W. G. Morrow, W. H. Moore and J. B. McWilliams.

We are sorry to see some of these men withdraw their names as we consider that in the above list the town has lost one or more candidates who would be elected and who would be the right man in the position.

The election will be held on Monday next. The following is a list of those who will seek election:— Messrs. W. H. Hill T. F. Matthews, T. R. Bradburn, J. R. Belcher, Adam Dawson, Wm. Fair and Geo. Ball.

Of this number two only can be elected and the rate payers should elect the two best men on the list to the very important position of commissioners.

CHARITY BOARD

Statement Presented Showing Relief Given During 1901 and for January

The Charity Board met last evening, when Mr. R. Innes, chairman, Rev. Father McColl, Ald. Rush, Ald. Batten, Messrs. J. J. McBain, Wm. Yelland, Fowler, Kemp and Miller were present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

A letter was read from Ven. Archdeacon Casey, acknowledging the receipt of the "very thoughtful and flattering" resolution passed by the Board at its last meeting.

The following is the statement of orders given:—

	1901	1902
Groceries	$976.20	$60.60
Wood	230.50	78.40
Tickets	22.65	2.65
Sundries	178.85	4.00
	$1,408.20	$145.75

A number of accounts were ordered to be paid. A number of charity cases were dealt with and the Board adjourned.

—Ring up phone 370 and get some decent coffee. H. F. Kidd, 388 George st.

MR. EDWARDS ADDRESSES THE TOWN COUNCIL.

On the Subject of His Dismissal From the Position of Town Solicitor

SAYS HE DID NOT UNWARRANTABLY INTERFERE

In the Issuing of the Patent for Water Front Lots—Mayor Denne Lays Another Charge Against Him.

The Town Council met in special session last night when there were present Mayor T. H. G. Denne and Aldermen shortly, Rush, McGreggor, Roger, Clinkscale, Batten, Corkery, Morrison and Best.

The minutes of Monday night's meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The Town Engineer submitted his third annual report, which was referred to the Board of Works.

Mr. E. B. Edwards, late town solicitor wrote that he had received notice from the clerk of the Private Bills Committee, saying that Bill No. 12, respecting the town of Peterborough will be considered by the Committee on Friday next, Jan. 31st, at 10 a.m.—Received.

From E. B. Edwards, denying that he had unwarrantably interfered in the issuing of the patent for the water side lot crossed by the C.P.R. spur line, and stating that his only object in interviewing Mr. White was to expedite the matter.—Received.

From the Auburn Power Co, asking permission to erect along the north side of Dalhousie street the poles necessary to connect with the Central Milling Co., with which firm they have entered into a contract for the supply of power.—Referred to the Board of Works, with power to act.

From a number of ratepayers asking that a pipe sewer be constructed on Harvey street, from McDonnell to London street.—Referred to the Board of Works.

From Ald. J. J. Turner, asking Council to grant him leave of absence for two or three months, he having been called home to England to attend the illness of his mother, who is not expected to live.—On motion of Ald. Rush seconded by Ald. Clinkscale, this request was granted, and Ald. McGregor appointed to act as Chairman of the License Committee in Ald. Turner's absence.

THE TOWN SOLICITORSHIP.

Ald. Best moved, seconded by Ald. Clinkscale,—That a by-law appointing Mr. E. H. D. Hall as Town Solicitor, at a salary of $600 a year, be given its several readings.

Ald. Roger urged that it was not fair to Mr. Edwards to pass this by-law before he had been given a hearing; and besides, Ald. Edgecumbe was unavoidably absent and had expressed a wish to be present when this question was taken up. In view of these facts, Ald. Roger moved that the by-law be laid over till another meeting, at which Mr. Edwards be invited to be present.

Ald. Best pointed out that it was imperative that Council act at once in this matter as the Town's Bill was before the Private Bills Committee, and both Mr. E. H. D. Hall and Mr. Edwards were acting thereon.

Ald. Roger replied that there could not be two solicitors acting for the Town. The resolution passed authorizing the appointment of Mr. Hall was either legal or illegal; hence the necessity of passing this by-law at all.

The Mayor replied that Mr. Edwards can be heard after the by-law is passed. No member of the council entertains any ill-will towards him, but as he has been relieved of his office by resolution it is absolutely necessary that this by-law naming and confirming the appointment of his successor should be dealt with at once.

Ald. Roger understood that Council had acted upon what they considered at the time extreme provocation; still he thought they would in a calmer mood see that, in common British justice, Mr. Edwards should be given an opportunity of explaining matters. The Mayor should have notified Mr. Edwards that the by-law was coming up to-night.

Ald. McGregor remarked that Mr. Edwards had no life-lease of the Solicitorship; Council had no further use for his services, and he did not see that he should be accorded more consideration than would be shown an ordinary workingman because he happened to be a member of a very exclusive union. The Council had a perfect right to act as they did in the matter.

Ald. Roger not securing a seconder to his motion, the by-law appointing Mr. E. H. D. Hall Town Solicitor passed its several readings.

THE STREET RAILWAY.

Ald. Roger moved, seconded by Ald. Rush,—That the Council support the application to Parliament of the Peterborough Radial Railway Co. for an act of incorporation, and express itself satisfied with the manner in which the matter has been advertised.—Carried.

PAYMENT AUTHORIZED.

Ald. Roger moved, seconded by Ald Rush,—That the Treasurer be authorized to issue cheques in payment of the several deputations to Toronto re the water front lots, and also cheques for $65 and $15 to the Crown Lands Dept. and A. J. Cameron, respectively.—Carried.

MR. EDWARDS ARRIVES.

At this juncture Mr. E. B. Edwards put in an appearance, and on motion of Ald. Roger, seconded by Ald. Shortly was invited to address the Council.

In his opening remarks, Mr. Edwards alluded to his 21 years official connection with the Town's affairs, in conjunction with five or six years' association with his predecessor, the late W. S. Scott, during which time he had naturally grown deeply interested in any measure of interest to the Town. This matter is not simply a question of dollars and cents, for of late the Town has grown to such an extent that for a number of years its Solicitor's duties have become far in excess of the salary paid for them.

Regarding the reason assigned for his dismissal, Mr. Edwards emphatically denied having stepped in between the Mayor and Mr. Aubury White, Deputy Commissioner of Crown Lands. Since 1889 he has corresponded with, and interviewed Mr. White respecting the water front lots in question. When the latter gentleman was here last year he had accompanied him and the Mayor and Ald. Roger to the site; subsequently he had drawn up the Town's agreement, and furnished a description of the land, and dealt particularly with the right of way of the C.P.R. As a result of an interview with Mr. McMurchy, the C.P.R's solicitor, a patent was to be secured to the Town for all the land in question, less 66 feet for the railway, reserving to the Town the right to cross said railway at Sherbrooke, King and Charlotte streets, should such crossings become necessary—the Town to give the C.P.R. a free deed of such lands utilized by their tracks. At that time the C. P. R. produced a blue tracing of its route on their map at a different angle to the original plan agreed upon. The latter provided for the track running directly across the island in question, while the C.P.R's plan showed the railway cutting across one corner and hugging the Town closer than intended by agreement. This he considered detrimental to the Town's interests.

Turning to his recent visit to Toronto, Mr. Edwards, after explaining his interview with the Hon J. R. Stratton concerning the date the Bill would come before Parliament, and his conversation with Mr. Dawson relative to a copy of the Gazette containing the advertisement of the Bill being on hand, proceeded to give in detail what transpired between himself and Mr. Aubury White. His sole purpose in visiting this gentleman, he said, was to hasten the issuing of the patent, and to see that such was being done in the proper form. He was actuated by no other idea and did not know that there had been anything in his conduct or speech to warrant any other conclusion. Mr. E. E. S. Lindsay, a Toronto lawyer, was present, and the whole interview lasted but a very short time.

Two weeks after the agreement had been drawn up, Mr. White was not ready to issue a patent. This agreement does not include a description of the land in question. On the 31st December, he had asked Mr. White if he had a description of the land, and found that he had not. A former description made by Mr. Cameron did not show the conditions as well as the later one agreed upon, and his object in calling upon Mr. White each time he was in Toronto was to see that the Town's interests were fully assured.

On the 14th January he again called on Mr. White and in course of conversation remarked that the patent could not be issued till a description of the land deeded to the C.P.R. was forthcoming, as, that Company's patent would be issued first and the Town's last. He (Mr. Edwards) also mentioned to Mr. White that the C.P.R.'s plan did not show correctly the course of its track, upon which he replied that if any question is raised now the whole matter will have to be opened up again. Mr. White asked what difference a variation in the two plans would make, when I explained that the Town would be affected thereby, and said "I would not take any responsibility in the matter if any protest is made and the orginal arrangements disturbed." Mr. White then suggested that I had better write Mayor Denne that the patent could not be issued till a description of the C.P.R's allotment was produced, to which I said I did not want the matter to lay over—the patent was not ready at this time—and either the Mayor or I would write any further instructions if there were any."

Continuing, Mr. Edwards said that he had told Mayor Denne on the 14th, by

Continued on page 4.

Paine's Celery Compound

CURES THE SICK

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT GAINS MARVELLOUSLY IN FAME AND POPULARITY

We make the affirmation with all sincerity and honesty that "Paine's Celery Compound Cures the Sick." Do not for a moment entertain the idea that because you have failed with one or more of the common patent medicines that your case is a helpless one. Let this blessed assurance cheer your heart. Paine's Celery Compound has raised up thousands whose condition was as serious as yours, to a new and happy life. In proof of this, we point to the marvellous gain in fame and popularity all over the world made by Paine's Celery Compound while other medicines have sunk into obscurity and forgetfulness. If you are a sufferer truly desiring renewed health, lose no time in trying the wonderful life-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound; no disappointments; no failures. Mr. H. Ball, Chatham, Ont., tells of his rescue from death:

"I was so seriously ill I was obliged to take to my bed, where I laid for four months. The doctors here and in Toronto said my trouble was Addison's disease of the kidneys, and told me I would never walk again. I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. After having used a number of bottles I was enabled to attend to business, and felt like a new man. Before using the compound I was very much reduced in flesh; to-day I weigh over 200 pounds. I can affirm with confidence and honesty that Paine's Celery Compound saved my life."

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 29, 1902

PROVINCIAL ARBITRATORS

Commenting on Mr. Kribs' bill providing for the appointment of a board of provincial arbitrators to adjust the terms of sale and purchase of all public utilities taken over by municipalities, the Kingston Whig, speaking in the light of experience gained in the recent arbitration in that city, says: "The bills referred to will be very interesting. The regret is that that which deals with the purchase of public utilities did not come up a year ago so that it might have a hearing before the arbitration which occurred here on the light question. It may be that Mr. Kribs has not been able to evolve anything out of his inner consciousness which will make the acquirement of public utilities less expensive. It is hardly to be expected. But what he can suggest — or what may be suggested as an outcome of his agitation—is a commission of experienced men, men who have gone through these arbitrations and know their defects, to draft a bill, which will, if made law, be an improvement upon anything which is now upon the statute books."

IGNORANT SCHOOL TRUSTEES

Rev. Dr. Milligan Condemns Principle of Putting Teachers Up at Action

Ignorant trustees putting school teachers up at auction was a defect in Ontario's educational system, which Rev. Dr. Milligan condemned in an address at the opening of the spring session of the Normal school recently.

The pastor of old St. Andrew's dealt in some detail with the difficulties of a teacher. One difficulty was that they had to deal with raw human nature. Another difficulty might be with parents, and in dealing with this point he adverted to the question of authority. He believed in maintaining authority—he took occasion to remark that he was not averse to the use of corporal punishment when judiciously used, to maintain that authority. While Canada had great advantages, she had also some great defects, one of which was lack of reverence for superiors, courtesy to equals, deferential bearing to inferiors. How often did they hear "Yes, sir"? Manners and respect for authority must be taught in the schools, and he spoke of the need of dealing with parents, so as to enlist their support.

A third difficulty might be trustees, and in this connection he took occasion to regret that people had to take their trustees in the present way. He wished they could have some qualification for trustees. He told of a rural school section in which he had lived, in which at the school meeting the only thing discussed seemed to be to get the cheapest teacher. Finally they got as trustee an old bachelor who was an old skinflint, and he ruined the school for several years to the great injury of a number of fine boys. He often wished the school could be under qualified commissioners. Teachers, instead of being valued at their true worth, were put up at auction.

The fourth difficulty was the temptation to make a great deal too much of external results. Statistics had a value, but might be very dangerous.

Hon. Richard Harcourt and Inspector Hughes also spoke, the latter incidentally condemning Kipling's reference to the "flannelled fools."

Of the 125 pupils in attendance at the school this term only nine are young men, the balance being women.

Mining For Rubies.

ONE advantage gained by the victory of the British over King Thebaw of Burmah some years ago, was the acquisition of the famous ruby mines, from which had come the finest "pigeon-blood" stones in the world, and it was expected that an immense treasure of these gems would be found in the royal palace. But, although in the looting of the monarch's hastily-abandoned residence, jars filled with rubies were discovered, nearly all of them were of little value, being flawed and in other respects poor specimens.

It was a great disappointment. Nevertheless, confidence in the resources of the mines was unshaken, and capitalists in England were so eager to buy shares in a company organized to exploit the ruby fields that the police were obliged to defend, with drawn clubs, the officers of the concern against a swarm of half-crazed would-be investors.

Shares in the enterprise were boomed to astonishing figures, but tumbled alarmingly when news began to leak out that the ruby craze was likely to prove a bubble. Mining had been begun on an extensive scale, but somehow the gems did not materialize, and it looked as though the fields were much less valuable than had been supposed, or as if the deposits had been exhausted. After some years investors made up their minds that their money was as good as lost. Hence the great and delightful surprise conveyed by the recent intelligence that the mines have begun to pay dividends.

Experience has taught improved methods of mining, and an electrical power plant has been set up by the company for washing the ruby-bearing earth, called "byon." This byon is widely distributed throughout the Mogok Valley. Natives have worked the upper crust of it for centuries, says the "Saturday Evening Post," and the idea now in view is to get at the lower levels and dig down to bed-rock, where, because of their weight, the largest crystals are likely to be found. A fine stone of twenty-eight carats was picked up recently, and its value may be imagined from the fact that a ruby of one carat is worth four times as much as a diamond of the same size.

The British company (as reported by Mr. G. F. Kunz to the Geological Survey) is now producing fully one-half of the world's yield of rubies, and its leases are said to include practically all of the ruby-bearing territory of Burmah.

Protection of Words.

IN the November "Era" William S. Walsh pleads for much-abused words and phrases:

"In these days when everybody is writing and everybody seems to succeed, would it not be well to start a Society for the Protection of Words and Phrases? Many of these are so brutally overworked by the amateur! The winged words, the words that burn, the thoughts that breathe, the telling phrases, do they not clamor loudly for a rest? That very sentence affords an illuminating example of what I mean. How apt, how vivid, how expressive it would be if all its epithets had not lost their vitality through overwork. To the sated reader the whole sentence is but the echo of an echo, it not merely means nothing, but it is robbed even of its sound and fury. The greenhorn who complained of Hamlet that it was too full of quotations unconsciously expressed a great fact through the medium of a bull. In a wrongheaded way he pointed out that constant reiteration has reduced the grandest passages in the language to mere commonplaces. Give our familiar quotations a rest. Lay to sleep our household words. Let fortune for a while cease to favor the brave. Let us feign that the poet is made. Let a man who would steal another's thunder be arrested for felony. Let us win no more golden opinions. Let the favored few withdraw to some select seclusion, and the countless thousands to some dry-eyed privacy. Thus may nouns, adjectives and phrases, after a long rest, reawaken with the freshness of the morning upon them, their original meanings recreated, energetic, effective, brilliant, as on the day when they were first conceived and brought forth."

A Dream Story.

From time to time I have been so interested and amused by reading in the "Spectator" accounts of vivid and realistic dreams that I feel tempted to narrate one that happened to me, leaving it to your judgment as to whether it is worthy of notice in your paper. In November, 1896, I awoke one morning fully impressed with the idea that I was receiving as a gift an unusually large gypsy ring, set with a single sapphire with a brilliant on each side. The dream was a pleasant one to the female mind, and I soon fell asleep again, but only to awake with a still stronger impression that the jewel was actually in my hands. So curious were my sensations that on my maid entering my room at 8 o'clock I told her of the two dreams, most minutely describing the ring, and I also asked my husband to bear witness to the statement should anything follow to confirm the dream. Two hours later the postman arrived, and so great was my excitement and astonishment at seeing a small, neatly done up packet (evidently a ring case) that I dare scarcely open it, and decided to ask my maid to do so. Before breaking the seal I asked her to repeat the description of the ring that I had previously given her, and then the little packet was opened, and the joyful exclamation followed: "Why, my lady, here it is!" The ring was sent to me by a friend in memory of his wife, who had died some months before; but I had absolutely no idea that I should be the recipient of any souvenir of her, nor did I ever see her wearing the ring in question. The same maid is still in my service, and can (as well as Sir Astley) substantiate my story.—Letter in the London "Spectator."

Stevenson's Grave.

A visit to the grave of R. L. Stevenson would disappoint many people. While some time back visits to this famous hill were most frequent, the limit must now be six persons yearly. And no wonder! The place is quite overgrown with weeds, and perhaps will some day be hard to discover.—New Zealand "Times."

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

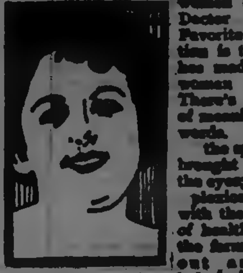
His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,250 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

"A New Woman."

Disease makes many a woman prematurely old. Dark-rimmed eyes, hollow cheeks and wasted form are accompanied by listlessness and loss of ambition. Home duties are a weariness, and social pleasures have no attraction.

One of the commonest expressions of



women cured by Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is this: "It has made a new woman of me." There's a world of meaning in the words. It means the sparkle brought back to the eyes; the complexion tinted with the rosy hue of healthy blood; the form rounded out anew in graceful curves; the whole body radiant with health.

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Partridges' Eggs.

New Orleans "Times-Democrat."

"But few persons are aware of the fact," said a well-known physician yesterday, "but it is true, nevertheless, that the egg of the partridge is one of the most nutritious things in the world. They are not used for eating purposes except in very rare cases, and then it generally happens in remote rural districts. I have known negro families in the State of Louisiana during the laying season to live on the eggs of partridges. And they would flourish handsomely and grow fat on account of the rich properties of the eggs. These eggs, of course, never find their way into the market, because they are never taken from their nest except by such persons as I have mentioned, and they rob the nests, I suppose, because their principal food supply comes from this source. Quail meat comes pretty high in the market at all times, and the average man will find it more profitable to spare the eggs and wait for the birds when the hunting season rolls around. These men would pass a hundred nests in one day without disturbing an egg. The sport of hunting the birds is an additional incentive. The average negro does not care so much about this aspect of the case. He figures that the white man, having the best gun and the best dog, will beat him to the bird. So he goes after the eggs. One partridge will lay anywhere from a dozen to twenty eggs, and a nest is a good find. I know of many families in rural sections who feast on these eggs in the laying season. I have tried the egg myself as an experiment. I found it peculiarly rich. It has a good flavor, is very palatable, and, in fact, is altogether a very fine thing to eat. Really I believe that the egg has more nutrition in it than the fully developed bird, but, of course, as one of the men fond of the game in the field, I would like to discourage the robbery of the nests."

ONE of the Philippine tribes enforces a "widow tax." The law governing it was undoubtedly founded on more than a superficial knowledge of human nature, and is productive of advantages. "Marriage in haste" among the Tagacaolos, of Mindanao, therefore, leads to a very prolonged and literal "repenting at leisure." Upon the death of the wife the widower must pay a certain sum of money or a certain amount of goods to his father-in-law before he is entitled to look about for an eligible successor to the deceased. With them money is a rare article, and the usual means of barter is by plates of the ordinary ironstone pattern. One hundred of these is considered ample payment to the bereaved parents, and then the man may "a-wooing go." On the other hand, if the husband dies, the widow at once becomes the slave of her parents-in-law, and so remains for life, unless some relative comes forward and produces the requisite payment. The natural result of this rule is that all married people are extremely solicitous of one another's health and welfare. In sickness the invalid is scrupulously attended to by husband or wife, who is perhaps haunted more by a thought of those one hundred plates than by fear of death in the family. Divorce they know not, but polygamy is universal, and a man may have as many wives as his means permit of. Therefore, in case of the death of a much-married man his parents either have enough slaves to render future work on their part unnecessary, or else they are in a position to open up a crockery store. A cheap means of life insurance, this payment is called "cabalban" or "the widow tax."

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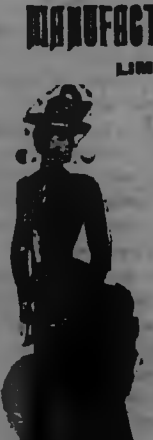

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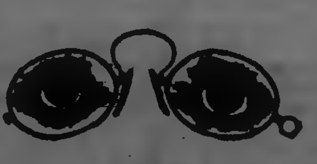

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

The task was terribly hard; had Katharine known how hard she might have hesitated before taking it up. She had, in addition, the natural worry and anxiety connected with a severe illness, strange and distressing insults to contend against. Gordon had been carried by his wish, unpressed as he was lifted from beneath the wheels of the cab that crushed him, to some rooms which he had used for some time past; and Katharine's first experience had been a half concealed sneer, a wholly contemptuous smile, and a shrug of the shoulders from the landlady as the girl introduced herself as Gordon Smythe's wife. And as it began, so it continued; from one and all, Sister Dora excepted, Katharine received the barest courtesy, and she lived in the perpetual condition of feeling that she was being degraded and debased before all the world.

Truly Gordon Smythe's enmity was to be shunned and feared! The girl could not fail to understand that he refused to have his mother with him, because by so doing he would undo all the malicious injury he had caused Katharine to suffer at one blow. The presence of his mother, and her great affection for the girl, would naturally reinstate Katharine in the opinion of the landlady and others with whom she was brought in contact, and that was not what he intended or desired.

Sister Dora stood for one moment longer, and then, with a final caress to the girl's head, she moved away.

"I shall sleep with one eye open, so do not hesitate to call me, dear," she said, softly; and then she passed into the next room, and Katharine was alone— alone with her husband, with Ormande's voice, love-laden even in its deep distress, ringing in her ears, his entreaties and reproaches eating into her very heart of hearts. Not one word of the cruel, insulting tirade that Barbara Mostyn had poured out on her had remained even to annoy her, but not one single syllable of the words Ormande had uttered was forgotten or ever would be.

"Will the day ever come when this cloud of shame will be lifted from me, and he will know the truth? Shall I be free to breathe and live as I breathed and lived only a few short months ago? Will the sunshine ever gladden me again, or am I doomed to exist always in this atmosphere of dull, black despair! If— if only I could have spoken to him, have exonerated myself in his eyes! Oh, Ormande, my love! My love!"

As she sat there in the silent night hours Katharine was not giving way to rebellious thought or bitter reproach, against the cruel fate that had come upon her; she was praying fervently— earnestly— for strength to be patient and brave; for courage to bear the heavy burden thrust on her young shoulders that, though all the world should turn and revile her, she might not falter in her heart, but live as she was, in truth and in deed, a pure, good, noble woman.

And even while she was uttering this prayer the deep, gloomy clouds above her head lightened a little, and through the chink, could she have only seen into the future, Katharine would have beheld a faint ray of gold, that spoke of a sun that would shine for her again. While she was submitting herself to God's hands the end was drawing near; the end of sorrow and torture, the end of shame and misery, of a double sacrifice that had nearly cost her her life.

* * *

"Well, this is really delightful!"

So declared Lady Blanche Bellairs, rising from her chair in the comfortable room at her hotel to greet a smart young lady who had followed up her card. "My dear Barbara," kissing her affectionately, "have you dropped from the clouds?"

"No, a hansom deposited me at your door," said Barbara, with her affected laugh, as she warmly embraced Lady Blanche and then gave a peck at Marian Adair's delicate cheek. "Aunt Mildred was obliged to come up to town to see her lawyer and her dentist, and, of course, I was compelled to come, too."

"And I am very glad that you were," added Lady Blanche, with a smile of keenest pleasure on her handsome face. "Where are you staying? Oh! why don't you come here, Barbara?— it would be so nice!"

"So it would. I wonder if Aunt Mildred would mind. We have sent our things to the Metropole, but we can easily alter that. It is so sweet to be near you again, dear Lady Blanche, that I think I shall urge her to come here!"

"Why not send a telegram— and then you can take off your hat, and have some tea. Marian and I were just going to have ours."

Barbara agreed to do this, and was soon ensconced comfortably in the most luxurious arm-chair in the room, chattering away in her clear, high tones that made Marian's every nerve start and jar.

Miss Mostyn's eyes were busy while she talked. She was watching the door eagerly, and wondering whether Ormande would be likely to come in this afternoon; the letters she had received from Lady Blanche had told her that he was back in town and hard at work, but she imagined, naturally, that he would be constantly with his aunt; hence this sudden urgent business which summoned Mrs. Trevanion to her lawyer and her dentist at one and the same time.

Lady Blanche beamed affably at the cold-faced girl opposite. She was honestly glad to see Barbara, who always showed herself in her very best light to Ormande's aunt, posing as a sweet, sympathetic, unselfish girl.

"This is delightful," declared Lady Blanche over again, and Barbara smiled her metallic smile in recognition.

"You have not been to see Lady Drummond yet, Barbara, I suppose?" Lady Blanche asked, after a while.

Barbara frowned.

"Aunt Ellen is away, I fancy;" then with a short laugh, "the fact of the matter is, that Aunt Ellen and I have come to loggerheads, Lady Blanche, and are not very good friends just now."

"Dear me, my dear; I am sorry to hear that. I hope it is only a small quarrel."

"Oh, that is a question of indifference to me, quite. I consider Aunt Ellen to be very wrong, and as I have some honor; I told her so."

"We all know that Lady Drummond is rather eccentric, Barbara."

"We must draw a line somewhere," was the answer given a little shortly. Barbara paused, and then, looking up, said suddenly, "I will tell you all about it, dear Lady Blanche;" and forthwith she launched out into the whole story of Katharine, imparting a very high color to the affair, and growing quite eloquent. "She positively stated to my face, Lady Blanche, that she was going away with this man Smythe, whatever happened, although she knew him to have a wife alive! Is there, could there be any justification for such a woman? And yet Aunt Ellen refuses to believe a word I tell her; she has got some Quixotic, absurd notion into her head, that because this creature's father saved her man's life, she must hear nothing against her, no matter how strong the proof may be that she is all I have said."

Barbara's cheeks had flushed, and her voice had grown unconsciously vicious; her mad hatred and jealousy for Katharine were such that she could not let herself mention the girl's name without expressing it; indeed, so strong was her rancor now that Lady Blanche looked up at her in much astonishment.

"It seems a very sad story, Barbara," she said. "One can hardly imagine a woman to be so lost to all sense of decency and self-respect as this Miss Brereton appears to be, and after all she may not be entirely to blame. Surely if she is wrong, Mr. Smythe is still more so. Have you heard the full rights of the story, do you think?"

Barbara bit her lip savagely; here was Lady Blanche taking Katharine's part, and pleading her cause.

"Oh, the girl is thoroughly bad, there can be no doubt on that score!" she answered, almost sharply. "She is an adventuress, and has imposed on Aunt Ellen. I don't believe she is Robert Brereton's daughter, although to hear her talk of her society acquaintances, one would imagine her to be a princess at least." This was said most spitefully, for Barbara had not forgiven or forgotten the episode of Katharine claiming friendship with the Duc d'Avignon. "She was quite au fait with all sorts of sensational dodges," Miss Mostyn continued, determining with much inward satisfaction that she would soon destroy all interest that Lady Blanche might have been inclined to feel for Katharine. "Why, she was the very interesting invalid whom Lord Otway rescued on the railway at Northminster. You may remember her, dear Lady Blanche; some lady took pity on her and nursed her; isn't it strange how these women succeed!"

Lady Blanche turned to her niece. "Marian, my dear, it is time you took your tonic; go and ask Graves for it."

Ormande's aunt was a broad-minded woman, but she was full of innate delicacy; and this story, more particularly the manner in which Miss Mostyn was telling it, grated on her fine susceptibilities more than she could well describe. Besides, Barbara's last words had given her a clue to a problem that she had been trying to solve for the last ten days.

As they were alone, she leaned forward to Barbara.

"Was— was this Miss Brereton an inmate of your house while Ormande was there?" she asked.

The angry flush that rose to Miss Mostyn's face was in itself an answer, had Lady Blanche seen it; but Barbara had more venom to vent on one who had never wronged her by word, act or thought.

"Yes, she was there, and it is my opinion, Lady Blanche, that she came there on purpose to meet him again; that she worked her way, through Aunt Ellen, knowing that Lord Otway would be a guest of mine. At any rate she made the most of her opportunities, although, fortunately for himself, Lord Otway did not seem even to know she was present."

And Barbara cast down her eyes with a conscious blush as she uttered this lie glibly.

Lady Blanche listened in silence and some pain; her woman's heart jumped at once to the truth; here was the answer to the question that had troubled her, here the solution to the mysterious change that had come upon her favorite boy.

Barbara misread her silence; she was afraid she had, perhaps, gone a trifle too far, and all at once she determined to bring things to a culmination.

Rising suddenly, she went across to Lady Blanche's chair and knelt beside the elder woman with what passed muster for a very pretty assumption of girlish modesty.

"I— I could have forgiven her all but that," she whispered, sinking her voice; "but Ormande is so—so dear to me that—— dear Lady Blanche, you understand me, don't you? You won't think me unmaidenly or immodest in telling you this— the dearest secret of my heart?"

Barbara bent her face to the other's knee, and Lady Blanche unconsciously caressed the sleek plaits; but though her face wore a tender, sympathetic look, it was troubled also.

"It is a secret that makes me very happy, Barbara, dear," she said gently; "nothing would give me greater pleasure than to see you as Ormande's wife."

Barbara pressed her lips to the white, jeweled hand.

"Ah! you make me so glad—so glad!" she murmured.

"Ormande is so dear to me," Lady Blanche went on, the troubled look deepening on her face; "and, to tell you the truth, Barbara, of late I have been very anxious about him. He seems so changed; he never runs in and out to chat with me as he used to do; whenever I send for him to come, he makes some excuse, as though he wished to avoid me altogether. It is both strange and alarming."

Barbara, whose head was bent, bit her lip again suddenly. This confirmation of Katharine's supremacy in Ormande's heart was simply gall and wormwood to her.

Lady Blanche paused only for a second.

"This change has come on him since he left Northminster. Tell me, Barbara, was he like this when with you? Can you give me any reason for it?"

"I— I— think I can, dear Lady Blanche. I am afraid it was— it is all my fault. I was so unkind to him."

Here Barbara introduced a most artful break in her voice. She was playing a difficult role, but she felt it was likely to be a most successful one. The quick start Lady Blanche had given, and the way in which her brow and eyes had cleared, were observed at once, despite the fact that Miss Mostyn's eyelids were still dropped.

"I have been reproaching myself ever since; and— and to tell you the real truth, dear Lady Blanche, I could not rest until I came up to London and told him how very sorry I am for my stupidity and unkindness. He will forgive me— he is sure to be; [illegible]"

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

Once, during a dry season in China, the late Li Hung Chang called on Minister Conger, and spoke of the weather. "Yes," said Mr. Conger, "it seems to be dry everywhere. It is dry in America, too. I read in one of our papers the other day that in many places in the West the people were praying for rain." "What!" said the earl, "do your people pray to their God for rain?" "Oh, yes," said the minister, "they often pray for rain." "And does their God send it when they pray for it?" asked the earl. "Yes, sometimes their prayers are answered, and sometimes they are not." "All the same like Chinese joss, hey?" said the earl, with a grin and a chuckle.

General Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America, tells a story of a prayer-meeting held in New York on the East Side during the recent mayoralty campaign. In the midst of a prayer, he relates, one pious brother said: "Oh, Lord, we pray Thee that the Democratic party may hang together in the coming election." "Amen, answer prayer, Lord," put in a Republican who was near. "But I do not mean it as the Republican brother means it, Lord. I pray that we may hang together in concord and accord," continued the Democrat. "Amen, Lord," again said the Republican; "any cord, so long as they hang."

Lord Kelvin once paid a visit with a friend to some well-known electrical works. They were escorted over the workshops by the senior foreman, a man of much intelligence and an enthusiastic electrician. Entirely unaware of his visitor's identity, he minutely explained the details of the plant and machinery, and lectured him in his role of layman quite professionally. Lord Kelvin's friend was on the point of interrupting several times, but an amused signal from the great master of electricity kept him silent. When the tour of inspection was complete, Lord Kelvin quietly turned to the foreman and asked: "What, then, is electricity?" This was a poser for the man, who, somewhat shamefaced, confessed that he could not say. "Well, well," said Lord Kelvin gently, "that is the only thing about electricity which you and I don't know."

A certain congressman who had instructed his butler to say to all undesirable callers that he was in the bath and could not be seen, was recently visited by a constituent with a grievance to exploit. He called every day at the house, but no matter at what hour he presented himself he was invariably informed that the congressman was bathing. "I must see him," he finally said one day to the servant; "my business is most important; I'll wait until he is through with his bath." "Da's no use," replied the negro butler; "gen'leman done waited foe hours de udder day; he wa'n't through den." Whereupon the disappointed constituent is said to have written this upon his card: "You may succeed, if you persevere, in getting your body clean one of these days; but if you should spend the rest of your life in a bathtub it would not purify your conscience or your political record."

A correspondent of the "Canadian Gazette" (London) relates the following story to illustrate the abnormal development of the late Li Hung Chang's bump of curiosity. "One day I was unwise enough to tell him that it was possible to tap the telegraph wires at any point along the line. This got me into a nice mess, for Li insisted on stopping the train in the heart of the Rocky Mountains, and although Le Fung Lee pointed out to him that the tapping might interrupt the transcontinental business of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, he was determined to see Mr. Joseph Baker (an expert telegrapher who accompanied us) tap the wires. The obliging Baker, to my surprise, willingly consented, and entertained His Excellency with an agile pole-climbing feat and a spectacular manipulation of the wire. Joe came down the pole with a most plausible story of what the operators at the end of the line had said to him, but he afterwards confided to me that he had 'only fooled the old man.' Li, however, was delighted, and talked of wire-tapping until he heard about a typewriter we had on board. Then Mr. Baker was kept busy for half a day explaining to His Excellency and the equally interested members of his suite the intricacies of the writing machine."

A Duel of the Wits.

There had been a somewhat protracted discussion in the smoking room between the Aged Cynic and the Prize Idiot, and it had now reached the stage of flickering snappiness, which indicates the beginning of the end.

"After all," said the Prize Idiot, "there is no fool like an old fool."

The Aged Cynic surveyed him calmly. "There is no ass like a young ass," he retorted.

"A tu quoque is the repartee of the intellectually destitute," sighed the Prize Idiot, wearily.

"When your case is bad abuse the other side," quoted the other cheerfully.

"Wise men make proverbs, and fools repeat them," said the Prize Idiot in his most hydraulically crushing manner.

"And who was the wise man who said that?" asked the Aged Cynic innocently; and the Prize Idiot is now making elaborate arrangements for having his seat moved further back.

An Ancient Problem.

How often do passing events recall the halcyon days of our youth? It was announced at a recent mission meeting, to which apparently a sewing circle was attached, that the women seemed shy of making clothes for the other sex, and in regard to attempts that had been made, it was stated that the boys had been able to stand up in the suits, but when they stooped, or tried to move about a bit, there had been trouble. Times have evidently not changed in this respect, and cutting down the parental left-offs to fit little Willie is as much a problem today as it was forty years ago. We have all more or less experienced the trouble referred to, and we can sympathise with the little victims of that mission.

Mamma—Well, did you tell God how naughty you have been? Lily—No, I was ashamed. I thought it had better not get out of the family.—Harlem "Life."

Plumber's Philosophy.

In "Captain Bluitt," the new novel by Charles Heber Clark ("Max Adeler") is a plumber who is nevertheless an honest man. When called to account for a blunder of one of his workmen, he explained as follows:

"You see, things was built crooked in this world on purpose. There ain't nothing that was arranged to go exactly right. You know better than I do, doctor, that if we went sailing along through life smooth and pleasant, like drifting with the tide, we'd never amount to nothing, now would we?"

"No."

"Very well, then; there's big troubles and there's little troubles. You may lose your money or your health or your relations or you may not; but, anyhow, it'll rain on the day you fix for a picnic, or your train'll be late the day you particularly want to make a connection with another train, or you'll stub your toe so's you can't walk just as you arrange for a pedestrian tour, or the rain'll come on hard when you've left home without your umbrella (did you ever notice that?), or a frightful bore'll drop in to see you just when you thought you'd like to be alone. It's always that way, isn't it?"

"Yes."

"You start out in life believing that you're going to have nearly perfect bliss, and lo and behold! there's something every day in the year and nearly every hour in the day to worry and annoy you. Now, why is it, doctor? Why is it?"

"What is your theory, Davis?"

"It's like this. Here we have, as the books say, evidence of design. The road of life was made rough, on purpose. And why? Doctor, you know well enough. It was made so for our good."

"I have heard something like that before, I think," said the doctor.

"Of course! If things was always right, life would be too easy. We need discipline—discipline of adversity. It makes us strong to fight trouble. Our patience is tried, and so we know we have patience and we get more patience and so forth. You know all about it."

"And you think the man who chokes a flue is appointed to help the thing along?"

"Certainly. Probably he never quite means to choke the flue. Some overpowering outside agency directs him, makes him careless, throws him off his guard. He plays his part in the great drama of life. The man who chokes the flue or fixes a pipe to leak is working to make men better. You might call him the Angel of Discipline."

"You think, then, that the whole matter is supernatural?"

"Well, I don't know as I quite call it that. It's just the way things is fixed. You try to toss a book on the table and it falls on the floor. If you tried to throw it on the floor it would have fell on the table. You go through your house in the dark and hold your arms straight in front of you, and an open door goes between your arms and you hit your nose. You could hardly steer straight enough in broad daylight to get the door into the space between your arms, but you do it sure in the dark. Out in the ocean you sail along for days and never see a sight of a ship. Let a fog come up and it's five chances to one you'll have collision in two hours! No, I don't exactly say supernatural; them's just the lines on which the world is built. There ain't no intention that things'll go straight."

"Then it's your thought that a hidden power compelled you to fix the pipe in my bathroom so that it would leak?"

"Well, I don't want to shirk no responsibility or to blame anybody else. But the fact is I did my very best. I thought it was all tight and snug. But there had to be a hitch somewhere for your uplifting towards higher things and so I s'pose my attention was called off, by some mysterious influence, from a weak place in the joint, and you had the benefit. You learned something more about self-control and the hollowness of life when the water came through on the ceiling paper. No doubt you are this very minute nearer heaven because I inadvertently missed that tender place in the joint. It ought to have been added to my bill."

All in the Point of View.

Madame Wu Ting-Fang, wife of China's representative at Washington, says it is becoming the custom in China for ladies to have feet no smaller than those of a five-year-old child, and so the feet of little girls are not confined or bound until they reach that age. By that time they are strong, and if the binding be properly done, there is no severe or agonizing pain. Really the suffering is slight, and by the time a girl attains her full growth the pains cease altogether. Foreigners, she says, have an exaggerated idea of the suffering incident to the making of small feet. But so important is it, from an aristocratic standpoint, for a girl to fulfil in this particular the Chinese idea of beauty that she is willing to endure a little pain to secure that end. According to our own ideas, the binding of children's feet is simply barbarous; but that it is largely a matter of point of view may be seen by what the Chinese lady has to say about the tight waist of women who represent the highest civilization: "I for one prefer having small feet to a little waist. My vital organs are not affected in any way or injured by the confinement of my feet in childhood, but the health of many a woman is ruined by the constriction of her waist."

Unexpected Erudition.

An absent-minded professor of languages dropped into a restaurant one day for luncheon.

"What will you have, sir?" said the waiter.

"Fried eggs," replied the professor.

"Over?" said the waiter, meaning, of course, to ask whether he wanted them cooked on both sides or only one.

"Ova?" echoed the professor, surprised at his apparent familiarity with Latin. "Certainly. That is what I ordered. Ova gallinae."

This the waiter interpreted as meaning "extra well done," and that is the way they came to the table.

A Combination Needed.

Mr. Botts—I think, my dear, I have at last found the key to success. Mrs. Botts—Well, just as like as not you'll not be able to find the key-hole.—Yonkers "Statesman."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's [illegible] sir"—"Wasp."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them— but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings..........1 00
Silver fillings..........50c
Gold crowns..........5 00
Painless extraction..........25c

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$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.
$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
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bird fanciers know that "COTTAMS" is the most nutritious food in all seasons—double the value of any other seed.

It is carefully prepared by an experienced fancier from selected and cleaned stock, in best proportions for health, song and brilliant plumage.

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THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

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is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

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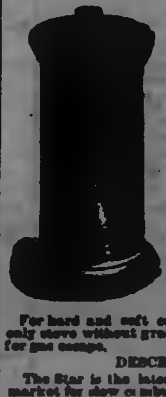

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion— why! The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and connected to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 40 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11.50
1	30½ in.	9 in.	12.00
2	26 in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	27½ in.	12 in.	19.00
4	41 in.	15 in.	22.50

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention!

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 35 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

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CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
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The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

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Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, *Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.*

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 29, 19 2

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—A large amount of wood is being brought into town.

—Why not try H. F. Kidd's choice Breakfast Cereals? 253 George st.

—The 57th Regt. Band went to Lindsay last night to give a concert.

—Some of the streets in the outskirts of the town are in a horrible condition.

—There has been a number of withdrawals from the list of candidates for the Waterworks Commissionership.

—We want your trade. Let us fill your order once, and we've got it. H. F. Kidd, 253 George street.

—A large staff of men were engaged in town to shovel the snow out of cuts in the railway between here and Toronto. The men left yesterday.

—As will be seen in another column, Mr. John Belcher is a candidate for the position of Water Commissioner, and intends to stay in the field.

—Mr. Whiten requests us to state that if there are any of the royal chorus that have not had their photos taken yet they must come at once or they will be too late to be in the group.

—We will cheerfully refund the money on a trial order if the goods are not entirely satisfactory. H. F. Kidd, 253 George street.

—A good ad in a poor paper is as good as a bad ad in a good paper. Both bring equally poor results. Remember this, and place your ad. in The Times.

—A contemporary prints the following: It is usual for the editor in passing to thank the public for past favors. We thank nobody. What we have had we have earned—twice over. We have turned grindstone to grind more axes and for less pay and fewer thanks than any other man living—or dead.

Mayor Denne To Set Keystone

At the invitation of the Otonabee Power Company, the Mayor, Council and members of the Press will leave town to-day, at 3 o'clock, and proceed to No. 6 dam, when Mayor Denne will set the key stone in the big arch of the Company's new power house.

Good Rule in Advertising

Biggs—I want to give you a piece of advice.

Diggs—All right; but first let me give you a piece.

"Well what is it?"

"Follow the good advice you are going to give me," and advertise in The Times—Peterborough's brightest and best daily newspaper.

Awarded the Contract

The Central Milling Company expect to be running their new mill, near the C.P.R. depot in a few days. The building is completed and the machinery will be placed in position in a few days. The contract for power has been placed with the Auburn Power Co. for sufficient electric power for the plant, contract dates from March 1st.

—Phone us for a pound of our 25c. Java-Mocha blend coffee, guaranteed. H. F. Kidd, phone 370.

The Band Concert in Lindsay

The concert given by the Band of the 57th Regiment in Lindsay last night, was a great success, the Opera House being comfortably filled. The band left Peterborough at seven, by special train, which was secured through the efforts of Mr. Wm. Bunton and the courtesy of Mr. M. C. Dickson, of Toronto. The programme was unusually good, each number being loudly applauded. Mr. Rupert Gliddon, the accomplished leader, was repeatedly called to the fore in acknowledgment of the enthusiastic applause. A large number of Peterborough citizens accompanied the band.

Passed Through Yesterday

Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy, with a party of friends passed through Peterborough yesterday afternoon in their private car for Toronto to attend the marriage of Miss Ethel Matthews and Mr. Jack Ross, which takes place to-day. During their stay in Toronto, Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy will be guests at the Queen's Hotel. Miss Shaughnessy, who will officiate as one of the bridesmaids at the wedding, will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Matthews. Sir Thomas did not alight from his car while in Peterborough.

—What do you want for 20 cents? Go to Kidd's and get it. 253 George st.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mrs. George Scollie is visiting in Cobourg.

—Miss Kerr, of Cobourg, is the guest of Miss Dumble, town.

—Mr. Robert Heidman, who has been visiting in Stratford, has returned to town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cathcart, of Bendette, Minnesota, *formerly of town* are visiting Mrs. Erskine, Waterford street.

—Mr. H. E. Bradley, Peterborough's up-to-date tailor, has returned from the convention of the Custom Cutters' Association of America, which was held at Milwaukee.

—Rev. Dr. Waddell, of Dunedin, New Zealand, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Hugh Waddell, leaves to-day for Texas. From there he will return to New Zealand. Rev. Dr. Waddell has made many warm friends in town who will wish him a safe journey to his distant home.

A Good Time

Owing to the unexampled prosperity of the whole country and of every interest there never was a time when advertising brought better returns than it brings to-day. There never was a better time to increase trade and to establish a business concern in the knowledge and confidence of the whole people. An ad. in The Times is sure to bring good results.

Nervously Exhausted

Sleepless, poor digestion, easily tired, blue as indigo, that's how you feel. Do you want to feel strong, make plenty of blood, enjoy buoyancy, strength and vim. You can do so by using Ferrozone. How it sharpens the appetite and imparts a feeling of buoyancy, strength and vim! Improves the appetite, digestion, assimulation, sleep. How surely Ferrozone does this, you can ascertain by using it. Ferrozone is a blood builder, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

A Petition and Acceptance

To John E. Belcher, Esq., C. E.

Sir,—We earnestly request you to allow yourself to stand for election as one of the Water Commissioners for the town.

We feel that it would be of decided advantage to have one of the Commissioners an engineer, and especially with our system from its beginning.

(Signed)

Wm. Snowden, Thos. F. Attrill, H Long, R. A. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough; A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D.; H. LeBrun, W. Taylor, T. E. President A. F. of L.; R. J. Munro, Doddy, R. F. McGregger, W. Henry, and others.

To His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Wm. Henry, President A. F. of L.; H. Long, Wm. Snowden, W. Taylor, R. F. McGregger, R. J. Munro, H. LeBrun, T. E. Doddy, T. F. Attrill, A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D., and to my nominator and seconder, James Montgomery and R. Sheehy, and others:

Gentlemen,—In view of your request I will accept nomination for the Waterworks Commissionership, and, as you suggest, will do what I can, if elected, in the way of placing my knowledge of the system and its workings at the service of the town.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN E. BELCHER.

TEN DAYS

Change

From coffee to

POSTUM has done

much for MANY

It may do much

for YOU.

CATHEDRAL WEDDING

Marriage of Miss Nellie Donnatel to Mr. Daniel Foley of Town

St Peter's Cathedral was the scene of a pretty and interesting event yesterday morning, being the occasion of the wedding of Miss Nellie Donnatel, daughter of Mr. Thos. Donnatel, of town, to Mr. David Foley, also of town. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father McColl. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Annie, the duties of groomsman were performed by Mr. Patrick Foley, brother of the groom. The newly married couple will receive the congratulations of a host of friends. For the present they will reside in town.

FORTNIGHTLY CLUB

Rev. Dr. Symonds Delivered a Splendid Lecture Before the Fortnightly Club Last Night.

The regular meeting of the Fortnightly Club was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall last evening and was very well attended. The chairman Sheriff Hall introduced the speaker of the evening to Rev. Dr. Symonds in a well chosen speech and expressed the pleasure of the club in again having an opportunity of listening to him.

Rev. Dr. Symonds on arising to speak was heartily applauded and was attentively listened to throughout his address on Philip Brooks. This is the first time Mr. Symonds has addressed the club since his departure from town some months since to take a very responsible position at Trinity College School, Port Hope.

At the conclusion of the address a hearty vote of thanks was tendered the speaker for his very pleasing and instructive address.

Your Hotel

will serve

Grape-Nuts

if you ask

Order the food served dry and with cream to pour over it

COUNTY COUNCIL MEET

MR. T. G. EASTLAND ELECTED WARDEN BY ACCLAMATION

Messrs. Sherrin and O'Brien Appointed Auditors, and Mr. W. A. Stratton Sessional Clerk

The January Session of the County Council opened at the Court House yesterday afternoon, when the following members were present, Messrs. Casement, Crowe, Fitzgerald, Costell Shaw, Eastland, Anderson, Peck, Pearce and Dr. Jeffs.

The first business taken up by the Council was the election of Warden.

Mr. Fitzgerald, moved, seconded by Mr. Peck,—That Mr. Eastland be warden. No other name being offered, Mr. Eastland was declared elected by acclamation, and ascended to the chair with the usual ceremony. In a short speech Mr. Eastland thanked the council for the honor they had done him and hoped the business would be conducted with harmony during the year.

Mr. W. A. Stratton was appointed sessional clerk on motion of Mr. Pearce and Dr. Jeffs.

The election of Auditors was then proceeded with and after considerable voting, Messrs. W. Sherin of Lakefield and Wm. O'Brien of Douro, were appointed auditors.

Mr. Pearce moved, seconded by W. Fitzgerald, that the council adjourn and go into committee.

WARDEN EASTLAND

The hearty congratulations of The Times is extended to Mr. Thomas G. Eastland on his election to the position of Warden of the County of Peterborough. Mr. Eastland is probably the youngest Warden that has ever graced the position, being only 41 years of age. He was born in this town, where he spent his youthful days, removing to Apsley many years ago, where he now fills the position of Postmaster and Crown Lands' Agent.

Warden Eastland represents No. 3 Division in the County Council. This Division comprises the Townships of Harvey, Galway, Cavendish, Burleigh, Anstruther and Chandos. He was entitled to the honor, having served five years in the County Council, and has always taken a leading part in conducting the affairs of the municipality. His popularity is such that his election to the highest position in the County was made unanimous.

Town Council

Concluded from page 1.

telephone, of what had transpired, and had also mentioned the matter to Mr. Armstrong the same day—He read a letter from Mr. White, in which he did not think anything which had transpired in his office should lead to such a climax as Mr. Edward's severance from his position as solicitor, and that while Mr. Edwards had interferred regarding the C.P.R's right of way, he had at the same time urged expedition in issuing the patent.

The late solicitor also read a letter from Mr. Lindsay, who was present at the interview, in question in which he inferred from what he heard that Mr. Edwards was only trying to expedite matters. Mr. Edwards incidentally remarked that Mr. White had spoken rather hasty about anything turning up to cause further delay.

Mr. Edwards here entered into what promised to be a rather lengthy delineation of the powers of all councils over civic officers, the professional duties entailed by a Town Solicitor, his duty as regarding the patent in question, and the courtesy due him after so lengthy a service in the Town's interest, when Ald Toger drew his attention to the fact that the by-law appointing Mr. Hall as solicitor had been already passed. He was not aware of this, regretted that he had been placed in a false position by being granted a hearing after the by-law had been passed and at once took his seat.

MAYOR DENNE'S REPLY.

The Mayor in his opening remarks said he noticed that Mr. Edwards had addressed himself to the Mayor and not to the Council. Mr. Edwards had no authority whatever to go and interview Mr. White on January 14th. When the agreement between the Town and the C.P.R. had been signed his duties in connection there with had ceased.

On Oct 16th last a resolution had been passed authorising the Mayor to conclude a bargain for lots on the water front at $5 an acre. This matter had been in Mr. Edward's hands since 1890, and when he (the Mayor) took office, he made up his mind to bring it to a settlement, for when the canal is completed it will be necessary for Peterborough to have docking accommodation. When he went to England he asked Town Clerk Armstrong in his absence to forward any letters from the Crown Lands Department to the Solicitor with instructions to give them his immediate attention. On his return he found that one such letter had been forwarded to Mr Edwards. Subsequently he (the Mayor) met the Hon. J. R. Stratton, whose government he accused of unnecessary delay in the water lots measure. The Hon. Gentleman promised to look into the matter, which he did with the result that he (the Mayor) got a calling down for not answering a letter from the department of seven week's standing. An investigation showed that in answer to the letter in question Mr. Edward's had merely drafted one in reply for the clerk to fill in certain blanks as to description of the water lots, which he was unable to do so; so the letter remained unanswered until his (the Mayor's) return.

Continuing, Mayor Denne said that it was only on the urgent solicition of Mr. Armstrong that he had consented to take Mr. Edwards with him to Toronto, for the reason that Mr. McMurchy, the C.P.R.'s solicitor, had told him that Mr. Edwards was the first man in this section of the country to have a law suit with his company, and he had been fighting them ever since. The Hon. J. R. Stratton had also been told the same story.

As to the water lots, said the Mayor, the size of the island was of no account for the reason that the railway had been given the right of way. That agreement was signed, and should be given up to. On his writing to Mr. White as to the course of the delay in issuing a patent, he replied confidentially "that Mr. Edward's had called and interferred" "Now, continued the Mayor, "Mr Edward's duties in this matter ceased when the agreement was signed. If he was so anxious to get the matter settled why had he not done so 12 years ago?" Mr. Edwards remarked that he did not say he had had charge of the [illegible] since 18[illegible]—the patent was not ready issuing at that time, as the government were asking an exhorbitant figure for the lots. The price was reduced after Mr. White's visit last summer.

To Mr. Edwards, Town Clerk, Armstrong explained that the letter referred to by Mayor Denne was one of 13th August last. Mr. Edwards was at Stony Lake and sent a pencil draft of a reply planks for him to fill in, which he could not do. Neither could Mr. Edward's clerk fill in the planks as a description of the land in question could not be found in the Solicitor's office.

Mr. Edwards replied that he be forwarded the material with which to fill in the planks as far as possible then, and thought the answer had been forwarded. Another survey was necessary at this time, but Mr. Cameron could not be found.

Mayor Denne replied that this survey was not made till his return from England, when he hunted up Mr. Cameron, and if Mr. Edwards had done the same he would have saved considerable delay.

Mr. Edwards replied that if the difference between Aug. and Sept. caused any delay, he could not understand why a patent could not be issued between September and December.

The Mayor,—"Did you explain this to the council?

Mr. Edwards,—"I did not know there were any meetings."

The Mayor,—"There were only seven."

Mr. Edwards,—The matter was near the council, being in the Town Clerk's hands."

In reply to Mr. Edwards, Town Clerk Armstrong admitted that the gist of what Mr. Edwards told him of his conversation with Mr. White in Toronto amounted to the same as he had explained to the Council; only to him (the clerk) Mr. Edwards said that "Mr. White was angry." He had repeated to the Mayor exactly what the solicitor had told him.

Council then adjourned.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth and after spreading through all the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and cures in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

A YOUNG LIFE ENDED

Sudden Demise of Thos. Ross, Son of Wm Armstrong, Stewart St.

The death occurred yesterday at his home, 250 Stewart Street, of little Thomas Ross, the seven-year-old son of Mr. Wm. Armstrong after an illness of only a few days. Mr. Armstrong had only returned from Brandon yesterday morning and knew nothing of his son's illness until he went to his house. A message informing him of the illness of his son had been sent to Brandon but did not arrive there until after he had departed. The boy had been ill for scarcely a week, suffering from a form of inflamation and all possible medical aid had been employed, but to no avail. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon at 2.30 and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

A True Nerve Tonic

Acts not so much upon the nerves themselves, as upon the digestive functions, and the abundant formation of rich, red blood. The nerves cannot be fed on medicine. They can be fed and strengthened by digested and assimilated food. Ferrozone's marvellous action arises from its power over the digestive and assimilative functions of the body. You take it, the blood grows richer, redder. You feel strength and vigor, digestion ceases to be noticed, for it has become good. Work is easier, for you have the strength to do it. In a short time you have health. Use Ferrozone.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,

Solicitors for Applicants

Polson's Nerviline Cures Rheumatism

The remarkable strength and marvellous soothing power of Nerviline renders it quite infallible in rheumatism. Five times stronger than any other remedy, its penetrating power enables it to reach the source of the pain and drive out the disease. Nerviline is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing in its action than any other medicine heretofore devised for the cure of rheumatism. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

A Splendid Chance

About 40 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this *proposition*—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........ ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County..............................

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

Are Not Too Far Away to do Business in.

CABLE COMMUNICATION brings the Canadian investor into almost as close touch with the South African market as the British or Continental investor, and it is a well-known fact (among intelligent people) that the London, England, market is the MINING MARKET OF THE WORLD. As we receive cables daily, the Canadian investor is placed by this means on an almost equal footing with the English investor.

We give the names of half a dozen of different companies in which we have done an extensive business during the past two months, showing low prices at which we handled these shares and the present prices.

	Low Price.	Present Price.	Advance.
Heidelburgs	12s 6d	19s od	$1 62
Klerksdorp............	11s od	16s od	1 25
Witkopje............	10s 6d	16s od	1 37
Salisbury	20s od	28s 6d	2 12
Chartereds	£3 6s od	£4 9s od	5 75
Oceanas....	£2 2s od	£2 7s 6d	1 37

These are only a few instances, but numbers of others could be mentioned showing equally large or larger advances, and all our advices indicate that the upward movement in Kaffir (South African) stocks has hardly commenced. Of the above companies it is predicted that Heidleburgs and Salisburys will touch £5, and Witkopje, Klerksdorps and Oceanas are expected to show a profit of from 200 to 400 per cent. on present prices. In addition to securing the best representatives possible in London, England, and receiving advices from such source regarding the condition of the market, we have also our SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA.

South African shares bought on 20 per cent. margin or for cash as desired. Direct communication with London by cable.

Write or call for our booklet or any further information desired.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,

QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 444, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 24 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY JANUARY [illegible] 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE INVASION OF ENGLAND BY FIFTY THOUSAND GERMAN TROOPS

How a Young German Officer Figures It Out

Britain Would Be Taken By 50,000 German Troops

Her Channel Fleet Would Be Overpowered Before Aid Arrived

Berlin, Jan. 29—The following appears in the leading papers, and will make interesting reading:

If trouble were to arise, the only means by which Germany could injure England would be by raid or invasion, which has been carefully thought out. Col. Schneider says, "The invading army would be infinitely finer in physique than the English army. It is certain to be composed of men who would be able to carry their rifles and their ball ammunition, and, unless killed or wounded, would easily last through the two or three days fight that would probably settle the fate of the invasion one way or another. It is hoped in Germany that the concentration of her navy upon that small fraction of the British fleet which could be spared from Imperial obligations to guard her coasts would give a local superiority in numbers sufficient to obtain command of the sea for some thirty hours, time enough to land a force of some 50,000 men, amply sufficient, in the opinion of the German general staff, to deal with the armed crowd, as they reckon, after careful study, our home defence forces to be. The invading force would be a most carefully selected one. Every detail would be thought out. The place of embarcation, the route to London or Glasgow, the possible battlefields — all would be known to the leaders by a previous careful survey on the spot."

FRANCE MORE PEACEFUL

London, Jan. 29—Although our relations with Germany are strained, there is reason to believe that a corresponding relief is felt in diplomatic circles in respect to our relations with France. It will be noticed that France has laid down no great warship during the past twelve months, having restricted nearly the whole of her naval activity to the development of her submarine fleet. A French novel, by M. Olivier Saylor, entitled "Les Maritimes," which has already been the occasion of five duels, giving an interesting insight into the condition of the French navy. The French admirals and officials are satirised under easily recognizable pseudonyms. If the Naval Intelligence Departments of other nations are up to their duties, they will obtain a copy of this novel and study it. There is reason to believe that it is being read with much interest in the Chancelleries of other powers.

The inactivity of France in relation to naval matters is alleged by well informed people to encourage the British Treasury to cut down the expenditure on the navy and army during the forthcoming session. According to Sir Robert Giffen, our greatest statistician, in a letter to the Times, the new budget that the Chancellor of the Exchequer will ask for will be £156,000,000. Sir Robert, however, only estimates the expenditure of the South African occupation during the coming year at £26,000,000. On the lowest estimate, the South African war can scarcely fail to cost less than £15,000,000 in excess of Sir Robert's friendly forecast. The revenue estimated for the current year is £142,000,000, plus an increased yield of the new taxes. On Sir Robert Giffen's estimate, there is a deficit of £10,000,000, but if we add the probable extra cost of the South African occupation we get £25,000,000, while the army and navy estimates, instead of being only £61,000,000 are more likely to require £80,000,000. The estimated deficit, therefore, for next year, instead of being £10,000,000, will be about £45,000,000. It is not, of course, expected that the Government will reveal the whole of the deficit at once. They will postpone to the end of the session the supplementary estimates which are necessary for carrying on the ordinary business of the year and for defraying the cost of the noble but reckless statesmen, to whom imperial interests are but the ping pong of existence.

ENGLAND'S BID FOR GRATITUDE

Ministry Believed to be Fearful of Intervention in Africa

Washington, D.C., Jan. 29—The attitude of Great Britain during the Spanish American war, as announced in a speech by Lord Cranborne, regarding the question of European intervention, was quietly discussed by Senators, but no members of the Committee on Foreign Relations would speak for publication. Three members of this committee privately concurred in the opinion that the making public of British Foreign Office secrets at this time is done for three purposes:

First—To prevent any action by the United States looking to intervention between Great Britain and the Boers.

Second—To secure more favorable consideration of the pending settlement of the boundary dispute between Alaska and Canada.

Third—To somewhat dampen the enthusiasm with which unusually cordial relations are being fostered between the United States and Germany.

These members believe the English Ministry is especially apprehensive that the United States may join with other nations in taking steps looking to a termination of hostilities in the Transvaal.

Imperial Yeomanry Fought Gallantly

Ladybrand, O.R.C., Jan. 29.—Particulars have been received regarding the capture of a troop of Imperial Yeomanry near this place on Sunday last. The patrol was acting as escort for some unarmed natives who were engaged in wheat cutting near Lindeguesrust. As the patrol was passing through a defile they were surrounded by a force of 150 Boers, who sprang from their hiding places and attacked them suddenly. They made a gallant fight, but owing to the strength of the enemy were unable to accomplish much. Eighteen men and one officer were captured, but subsequently released.

Wants France to Intervene in South Africa

Paris, Jan. 29.—The session today of the Chamber of Deputies was devoted to interpellations concerning the attitude of France on the Transvaal war.

M. Berry, (Conservative) introduced the interpellation. Several speakers dilated upon the horrors of the concentration camps and the alleged violations of the rules of war. M. Berry urged the French Government to bring about intervention in South Africa.

Abbe Lemire also called upon the Government to aid the Boers, not only by sympathy, but by diplomacy to become a friendly people. The abbe concluded with saying:—"We made the United States free, let us make the Boers free also."

M. Delcasse, replying, said:—"Whatever may be the sympathies all here profess for that courageous people intervention on the part of France would only result in entangling her foreign policy, and it is the duty of the Government to return the entire liberty of that policy."

The Chamber unanimously approved the declarations of M. Delcasse, and then adjourned.

BRITISH RAILWAY TO THE NYANZA

Commander B. Whitehouse Returns from Completing Work

CONVEYANCE OF THE TROOPS

Soldiers Can be Conveyed From Bombay India, to the Lake in About Fourteen Days

London, Jan. 29.—Commander B. Whitehouse, R.N., has lately returned to England on the completion of the British portion of the Victoria Nyanza railway. He and one assistant, C. S. Hunter, of the Uganda Railway, and these two surveyors, accompanied by thirty Swahilis, spent thirteen months in exploring in two small steel boats every part of the British shore of the Nyanza. Over 2,200 miles of coast line, of mainland and islands have now been accurately charted, and in parts the maps of the lake shore have been altered beyond recognition.

Speaking of the expedition Commander Whitehouse observed that he had always understood that the objective of the Uganda Railway was the nearest point of the Victoria Nyanza from Mombasa, so that the huge area of its shores could be tapped for trading purposes. In old days the best route to the lake was through German territory, the journey from the coast to Uganda taking forty-five days. The old English route necessitated from sixty to seventy days' travel, with a great many difficulties and possible delays to be reckoned with. Now there was only one route worth using—namely the British railway, with which no caravan route could possibly complete, as on the opening of through traffic the journey from shore to shore would be done in two days.

"During the journey, the expedition visited many islands quite unknown, and came across numbers of savage naked people previously unvisited. I am glad to say that, except on one occasion, and even then the affair was satisfactory settled, we never had any trouble with the natives, all of whom, though many had never seen Europeans, were friendly and amiable. Even some of the tiniest rocky islets were found to be tenanted by fishermen. Preparations are being made for the development of the lake traffic with the opening of the railway, and passengers leaving the train at Port Florence will step on board twin-screw steamers alongside the jetty, which will convey them to the different stations. The Government centre of Uganda is at Entebbe, 148 miles from Port Florence. One of the steamers for this service has already left England, and should be on the lake by June. Another steamer will follow. These vessels are 175 feet long, and draw six feet of water. The completion of the railway will make an immense difference to our important territories in Equatorial Africa. For instance, it may be noted that, if necessary, in case of disturbances, troops from India can now arrive on the lake from Bombay in about fourteen days."

The Pain of Sore Feet

Just about the most tantalizing of all pains comes from sore feet. To get relief bathe the feet in warm water and then rub them with Polson's Nerviline. It penetrates through the pores of the skin, takes out the soreness, reduces swellings, invigorates the tired muscles, tones up the circulation, and prevents the feet from becoming sore again. Nerviline is a protection and safe-guard against the pains and aches of the entire family and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, etc. 25 cents.

BRITAIN'S WAR POLICY AND THE COLONIET

Her Kindly Treatment of the Dutch a Great Mistake

PROTEST FROM CAPE COLONY

War Greatly Prolonged by the Present Policy—Why the Cape Dutch Rebel

Capetown, Jan. 29—The colonials are greatly disgusted with the unaccountable leniency of the military authorities toward the Cape Dutch who join the Boers for a short spell of fighting, pot a few British soldiers at long range and then, their thirst for the sport being assuaged, go back to their farms and profess the most intense loyalty to the Government. It is a very common practice for young Cape Dutchmen to temporarily attach themselves to the nearest commando, and after a few weeks campaigning go home as if they had been engaged in the most innocent diversion. In almost every instance it is known how their absence has been spent, but except in the case of men of prominence the punishment is made so light that it not only does not deter others from going out, but does not even deter the same persons from repeating the performance. This is carrying forbearance too far, and instead of conciliating the wavering Dutch, must simply arouse their contempt. It shows moreover, that while the military have ostensibly a free hand in South Africa a tight rein is kept on its affairs in London, and all the evils of a divided authority are felt in a crisis which calls emphatically for the promptness and energy which can only be given by individual control. It has been proved time and again that to show weakness in dealing with the South African Dutch simply encourages them to rebel, and it would not be surprising if the infatuated policy of the British produced an uprising in the colony. The effect of such weakness on Canada, Australia and the other members of the Empire which contributed their sons so freely in the cause of the Mother Country must be disheartening. They certainly did not contemplate sending their children to be shot down by men who can walk into the British camp red-handed from the slaughter and receive no heavier punishment than a light fine or a few weeks' imprisonment. It may be necessary to treat the Dutch colonials in a kindly manner, but it cannot be necessary to condone murder, and the British will not only prolong the contest indefinitely, but lose the respect of all reasonable people, including their own colonial kin, by pursuing such a course.

Catarrhal Poisons and Their Remedy

The poisonous secretions from catarrh are dangerous because they affect the stomach and bowels, giving rise to an unhealthy condition of these organs. Catarrh is the source of much ill-health and was considered practically incurable until it was demonstrated to the satisfaction of the medical profession that by the use of Catarrhozone any case of nasal or throat trouble can be permanently and quickly cured. Catarrhozone by its unusual merit has enlisted the support and endorsement of the most prominent medical authorities, who freely state that anyone giving it a trial is sure to receive permanent benefit. Sold for $1. Small size 25c. At druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

PASSING OF THE OLD SOLDIER

But Two Officers Living Who Commanded Armies in Civil war

Washington, Jan. 29—In a talk with a reporter for the Evening Star, General Oliver O. Howard said there are but two officers living who commanded armies during the civil war. "As I count them up," said General Howard, "from Generals Scott, McDowell, McClellan, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and others, down to include myself and General Logan, there were twenty-seven such commanders, and of them I do not know of more than two living — Lieutenant General Scofield and myself. So we are getting rather lonely. Scofield and myself commanded army corps before being assigned each to an army and department. I think there were over forty corps commanders on the Union side in the civil war. Of them only ten are living. As I recall them, there are Sickles, of the Third Corps; Stanley and Thomas John Wood, of the Fourth Corps; Wilcox, of the Ninth Corps; Siegel, Carl Schurz and Stahl, of the Eleventh Corps; Granville M. Dodge, of the Sixteenth Corps; 'Baldy' Smith and General Alexander McDowell McCook."

AGAINST REFERENDUM

The Temperance People Express Their Views Regarding Another Plebiscite

The following resolution was passed at a meeting Monday evening last by representatives from the Ministerial Association, and the following temperance societies: W. C. T. U., the S. O. T., I. O. G. T and R T of Temperance:

It was resolved—"That this meeting places itself on record as unqualifiedly in favor of a law prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in Canada, except for mechanical and medicinal purposes, as the only correct method of dealing with the liquor traffic, that through all time has proved a menace to everything that tends to the upbuilding of the home, society, the church and the nation.

In the present crisis in Ontario, when the highest tribunal in the British Empire has declared by its decision on the Manitoba Act that it is within the power of the individual provinces of Confederation to enact a law embodying a large measure of prohibition, be it resolved that it is the duty of the Ontario Government at its present session to avail itself of this privilege, and enact a law along these lines, this step we deem not only in the best interests of the province, but it will also be a fulfilment of promises repeatedly made by the Hon. George W. Ross, Premier of Ontario, and his predecessor, Sir Oliver Mowat, that so soon as this question was definitely settled, the Government would be prepared to grant as large a share of prohibitory legislation as would be legally permissable, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Government, and to each of the local papers.

You are Tired

Your color is not good. Restless one moment, fretfull and blue the next. The world's out of joint. You're out of joint with the world. Not temper, not feeling, but weakness. Neglect is unwise. You grow steadily worse. Get good rich blood, then feel new vigor, strength and buoyancy. You see a dozen things to do; you will do them too, if you use Ferrozone. It sharpens the appetite and you enjoy your food; you get color, and old-time strength comes back. That's because Ferrozone aids digestion, makes red blood. Ferrozone is strength for the nerves and vigor for the brain. Be sure of the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

BIBLE SOCIETY

Annual Meeting of Peterborough Branch in St. Paul's Church Last Night

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Branch of the B. and F. Bible Society was held last night in St. Paul's church with Sheriff Hall in the chair. The meeting opened by the singing of "Blest be the Tie that Binds," and with prayer by Rev. Mr. Bastow, of Murray St Baptist church. Rev. M. [illegible] read as a scripture lesson the nineteenth Psalm, after which Rev. Mr. Potter, of St. Andrew's church, Secy. of the local branch, read his annual report, with the depositary's and Treasurer's reports. These showed very satisfactory progress. The executive had met and divided the district to be covered, into sections, and they earnestly urged that the work be made as easy as possible for those who devote their time to the arduous work of collecting. The several reports were adopted.

The chairman then introduced Rev. Bernard Bryan, Toronto, representing the British and Foreign Bible Society, who addressed the meeting.

There are many encouraging things about a meeting such as this. It first shows an interest in an excellent work. The B. and F. Bible Society exists for the translation, publication and circulation of God's Word into all languages and to all lands. It is fulfilling the great commission of our Saviour when he said: "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature; and lo, I am with you always." A review of the work of this Society since 1804 shows great accomplishments in distributing the bible without note or comment.

It is by means of these meetings that the interest grows ever in the work. As when Christ is lifted up as the most beautiful in ten thousand, we grow more like Him, so when we get to know about God's work, we gain an interest in it. A young man once told the speaker that he had begun to read about missions; a short time after he told him he had commenced to pray about missions, and shortly after this he began to give to missions. Later he offered himself as a missionary, but owing to poor health was not accepted. Nevertheless he devoted a large portion of his income to the work.

Meetings of this kind also afford an opportunity for manifesting our oneness in the Lord Jesus Christ. Truly we have one Lord, one faith, one baptism, we love one Lord, we love one book, and our great desire should be to circulate that book and win this world for Christ.

Mr. Bryan had in his study a volume entitled "The Testimony of the Ages," giving the testimony of centuries of literature and science to God's Word. In the latter portion of the book was a picture of an aged and venerable man bowed over a book, and with hands clasped in prayer. Beneath was this question: "Who is it?" There are many answers. From Francis Bacon, from Sir Isaac Newton, from Benjamin Franklyn author of the Philosophy of Common Sense, and from many others comes the glad testimony of the value of that Word. Great and good men have prized it—do we not all know the blessing of its possession? Where would we be to-night if the translation and circulation of the scriptures had travelled east instead of west? Just where the eastern nations are to-day. We owe all that is good and fair in our land to this source. Voltaire attacked the bible 100 years ago, but he has passed into history, and the bible, whose decay he predicted, remains. It is attacked to-day in the most insidious manner, but Christ found the Hebrew Scripture just as we have it to-day, and He treated it as a book above criticism. The infallibility of the Word of God goes side by side with the infallibility of God. When the temple of Solomon was being built, it was said the king went from one to another inquiring who made his tools. The carpenter, the stonemason, and all replied that the blacksmith had made them. The blacksmith, on being questioned said he had made his own

Continued on page 4.

PETERBOROUGH PUBLIC LIBRARY

So far as the needs of the public are concerned, "The Public Library," (which isn't public at all) might as well be in a hay loft. The authorities or the government or the Town Council or whoever else it is that conserves the mental health of the people of Peterborough are either ignorant of their duties or very neglectful of them. We are not here speaking of the directors. The book-covers are dirty, the gas lamps are wretched and far between. The paper room might as well have a brace of tallow candles in it as the delapidated Auer lights suffered to go to seed over the tables. As for the public at large, probably not more than ten per cent. know that there is such a thing as this library. The stairs alone would appal anyone with a weak heart or weak limbs. The old are practically debarred from its use altogether. If it were not for Mr. Peters the place would not be worth going to. But there is a more serious complaint still to be made: Why are the periodicals not allowed to remain? Why must they be sold and removed from the building? Anyone at all conversant with library work knows that a fyle of magazines is a most valuable means of reference. As it stands to-day in a town of (with Ashburnham) 12,000 inhabitants, the library is a disgrace in every particular, and when we consider the semi-darkness prevalent both day and night, it is like crawling into a barn to seek to consult the marvellous array of good books that adorn the shelves. Many of the books are stacked from the floor up, as if searchers of both sexes were expected to lie down on the floor to find what they wanted. Mr. Peters alone redeems the situation from total depravity. When we consider the disgusting foulness of the air we wonder indeed that he is alive to tell what he knows. The effect of these inconveniences is to reserve the library for a few. It is astonishing how low the average is of intelligent reading in our midst. Whose fault is it?

County Council

The County Council met at two o'clock yesterday, pursuant to the adjournment, the Warden, Mr. T. G. Eastland, in the chair. All the members were present. The chairman of the Committee to strike the Standing Committee for the year presented his report.

Mr. Pearce moved, seconded by Dr. Jeffs, that the report be adopted.

Mr. Shaw, chairman of the Committee on appointments presented his report.

The Otonabee Power Co. invited the County Council to be present at the ceremony of laying the keystone at their new power house yesterday afternoon. On motion, Messrs. Fitzgerald and Costello were appointed a committee to represent the council.

—A good ad in a poor paper is as good as a bad ad in a good paper. Both bring equally poor results. Remember this, and place your ad. in The Times.

Malt Breakfast Food

Gains Thousands of Users Every Month

A valuable and health-giving food product, one that is thoroughly relished by young and old, soon becomes popular in our Canadian homes.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only breakfast grain food that has fully met the expectations and desires of our people seeking for improved digestive vigor and bodily strength. It is the only food that supplies, when eaten with cream or milk, the exact elements and in the correct proportions, of a scientifically perfect health food. It is the only food that has ever been fully endorsed by food experts. The Ralston Health Club, the largest organization existing in the world for the purpose of [illegible] correct methods of living, strongly indorses Malt Breakfast Food. Ask your grocer for it.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE MAY SOON COLLAPSE

Important Change in the Position Nations Imminent

IT IS SAID THAT ITALY PROPOSES TO WITHDRAW

What the Effect Would be on Europe Should the Alliance be Dissolved

London, Jan. 29—It is now no secret that Italy and France have entered into an agreement defining their respective spheres of influence on the Mediterranean coasts of Africa, an agreement allotting to Italy the right to occupy Tripoli and its hinterland, when the Sultan's authority in that region shall be no longer recognized. The disclosure of this friendly understanding has, naturally, cast some doubt on Italy's intention of renewing her alliance with Germany and Austria. An anxious enquiry on the subject was met the other day in the Reichstag by the Chancellor, Count von Bulow, in a defiant rather than a reassuring way. The military resources of the Fatherland, he said, were incomparably greater than they had been at the time when Italy became a member of the Triple Alliance. Italy's support was no longer indispensable, and although Count von Bulow refrained from making any explicit reference to Austria, he intimated distinctly that Germany was strong enough to stand alone.

What the effect would be of Italy's withdrawing from the Triple Alliance and maintaining a strict neutrality in the event of a war between Germany and Austria on the one side and France and Russia on the other is apparent. To appreciate the bearing of such an incident on the situation we should recall the strategic plans which have been frequently discussed in Berlin newspapers, and have been based on the assumption that the Franco-Russian League would have to face all three of the Central European Powers. These being the factors of the problem, the solution seemed simple enough on paper, so far as the land fighting was concerned. Italy, it was taken for granted, would throw the whole of her military force against the southeastern flank of France, which country, to protect itself, would need to mass about one-half of its army in the same quarter. Under the circumstances, France could place only the remaining half of its army on the Rhine to resist attack on the part of Germany. But why, it may be asked, would Germany necessarily possess a preponderance of force upon the Rhine? The answer is that, in the case supposed, the entire military force of Austria would be available for operations against Russia, and that, consequently, only a third of the German army would be required for the same purpose. Thus two-thirds of the German strength would be arrayed against one-half of the French on the line of the Rhine, and, unless there were a marked disparity of skill on the part of the commanders, the result could not be doubtful.

This, at all events, was the conclusion reached by German military experts. Now let us see how their reasoning would be affected by Italy's neutrality. As before, Austria would be at liberty to launch her entire military force against Russia and it might still be assumed that only a third of the German army would be needed on the Vistula. Even so, Germany would be able to marshal only two-thirds of her military strength against the whole of that of France, which last-named country would no longer dread attack on its south-eastern frontier. Under these conditions the latter country would have decidedly the better chance of success, provided, of course, the skill of the opposed commanders should be about equal. Thus far, we have not glanced at the naval side of the hypothetical contest. Even the combined fleets of Germany, Austria and Italy would at present be unable to cope with those of France and Russia, and, obviously, the disparity would be greater, were Italy to proclaim herself a neutral.

The withdrawal of Italy from the Triple Alliance, however, would indicate a belief that the friendship of France and Russia was worth more to her than that of Germany and Austria. Such a belief might lead her to go beyond a mere declaration of neutrality and become an active partner of the Franco-Russian League. In such an event the whole military force of Italy could be used against Austria and the last-named power would need at least a half of her army to defend her western frontier, as was the case in 1866. Only half of Austria's strength being thus available for operations against Russia, she would need to be aided by at least half of Germany's. Germany, therefore, could employ only half of her soldiers on the Rhine to face the entire French army. Under the circumstances, the Germans would be unable to defend the Rhine, unless, indeed, their general were a man of great military talent and opposed to an incompetent French commander. There is no reason to suppose that the Germans now possess a Frederick the Great, or that the French would allow a Prince de Soubise to lead them to a second defeat at Rosbach.

We have thus far assumed that, whatever part Italy might take, Austria would remain faithful to Germany. That is by no means certain. It might be deemed prudent at Vienna to maintain a strict neutrality. In that event Germany would be left entirely isolated, and would be in imminent danger of succumbing to her enemies.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY APPEALS TO PRES. ROOSEVELT

Asks That the Verdict of the Committee of Inquiry be Quashed in Favor of That of Admiral Dewey

Washington, Jan. 29. — The Navy Department has made public Admiral Schley's appeal, delivered to the President about a week ago. Admiral Schley asks that the President review the findings of the court, on three grounds, in each case basing his appeal on the finding of Admiral Dewey, as opposed to the majority report. The first ground of appeal is the holding of Secretary Long that "the conduct of the court in making no finding, and rendering no opinion on those questions (that of command and of credit for the victory) is approved, indeed it could, with propriety, take no other course, evidence on these questions during the inquiry having been excluded by the court."

On this point the petition says that the Secretary of the Navy was in error in stating that the court excluded testimony to show that, as Dewey said, Schley was the senior officer in the battle of Santiago was in absolute command, and entitled to the credit due for the victory which resulted in the total destruction of the Spanish ships.

The petitioner asks the President to annul Secretary Long's endorsement on this point and that he specifically approve Admiral Dewey's statement, declaring that Schley was in command. He says that only in this way can exact justice be done him under the precept.

The second ground relates to the alleged withdrawal of the squadron at night from Santiago Bay and the character of the blockade, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises. This was one of the points upon which Admiral Dewey specifically dissented. The petition recites the findings of the court to the effect that the flying squadron did not withdraw at night, and declares that, by this statement the court obviated the necessity of expressing its opinion as to whether or not a close or adequate blockade was established, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises.

Therefore, Admiral Schley asks the President to annul the Secretary's endorsement, which "marks valid the failure of the majority members thereof to report their opinion upon that portion of the said eighth specification." And it is also asked that there be substituted therefor Admiral Dewey's holding that "the blockade of Santiago was effective."

The third ground recites Admiral Dewey's opinion to the effect that the passage from Key West to Cienfuegos was made by the flying squadron with all possible dispatch, having in view the importance of arriving off Cienfuegos with sufficient coal, that the blockade of Cienfuegos was effective; that the Adula was permitted to gain information and finally that the passage from Cienfuegos to a point off Santiago was made with as much dispatch as possible, while keeping the squadron a unit. The petition declares that this opinion being at variance in certain points with the majority opinion, is the only one justified by the evidence, and facts before the court, and it is asked that the Secretary's approval of the majority findings be set aside and annulled in each instance, where it is at variance with Admiral Dewey's opinion, and that the latter's opinion should be approved for the reasons heretofore set out in the bill of exception filed with the Secretary of the Navy.

It is finally stated:

"That if this testimony was all false they should have so announced, and if all or any part of it was true the said applicant was entitled to the benefit of it, and by declining to consider or pass upon it they have deprived him of his common law and constitutional rights."

A Petition and Acceptance

To John E. Belcher, Esq., C. E.

Sir,—We earnestly request you to allow yourself to stand for election as one of the Water Commissioners for the town.

We feel that it would be of decided advantage to have one of the Commissioners an engineer, and especially with our system from its beginning.

(Signed)

Wm. Snowden, Thos. P. Attrill, M Long, R. A. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough; A. C. Dunlop, L. N. Carmichael, M.D.; H. LeBrun, W. Taylor, T. E. Buddy, President A. E. of L.; R. J. Munro, R. F. McGregor, W. Henry, and others.

To His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Wm. Henry, President A. F. of L.; M. Long, Wm. Snowden, W. Taylor, R. F. McGregor, R. J. Munro, H. LeBrun, T. E. Buddy, T. P. Attrill, A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D., and to my nominator and seconder, James Montgomery and R. Sheehy, and others:

Gentlemen,—In view of your request I will accept nomination for the Waterworks Commissionership, and, at your request, will do what I can, if elected, in the way of placing my knowledge of the system and its workings at the service of the town.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN E. [illegible]

IN SELECTING YOUR BROKER

It is wise to determine their financial strength, also years of experience. We have been in this business for years: our record for fair dealing is above reproach, and our financial stability beyond doubt.

Let us mail you our 400 page, cloth bound illustrated

"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

They will give you valuable information relative to Wall Street and its markets. Issued free from any of our offices.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 30, 1902

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—In 1900 the town of Neepawa assumed the municipal ownership of electric lights and established a telephone service. The project met with the usual interested opposition; it was prophesied that the first year would show a deficit of at least $4,000. The Neepawa Register, after a year's trial of the scheme, republishes the prognostications of its opponents, and sets against them the following facts:

"At the town meeting a year ago Mayor Howden gave a thorough explanation of affairs in connection with the plant during the portion of a year it had been in operation, and claimed that a fair test would show the town's expenditure to have been a splendid investment. That the mayor was far from being unduly optimistic is borne out by the figures we give below. These show the receipts and expenses up to the end of November. Mayor Howden has made himself fully conversant with the operation of the plant, and has devoted a great deal of time in oversight of it, and is to be congratulated upon the results shown. There are 1,400 incandescent lights installed, which with the street lights makes a total of 1,550; while the number of telephones in use is 130. The figures are:

Receipts.

Incandescent lighting	$4,484 73
Street lighting	1,150 00
Telephones	1,870 00
Total	$7,504 73

Expenses

Wood	$1,600 00	
Oils	175 57	
Salaries	2,105 52	
Insurance	280 90	
Repairs, etc.	289 58	
Incidentals	277 50	
Interest	1,050 80	
		$5,779 36

Leaving a profit of ... ...$1,725 37 which will pay the interest due last year, $720; sinking fund for same year, $600; and sinking fund for this year, $600. In the above statement the salaries, interest and sinking fund have been computed up till the end of 1901, so that we have the month of December to the good, less the amount of wood burned, and this should add another $300 to our profit account. Next year we should be able to improve considerably on this showing, as by use of the water power we will reduce our expenditure for fuel, besides adding to the years of usefulness of our machinery."

A. BROOKS.

THE FUNCTIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS

Because the Board of School Trustees is dependent on the Council for its appropriation, it may be supposed that it is a secondary body in other senses. There could be no greater mistake. It is one of the most important bodies of the whole community, and parents should see to it that men of the best kind offering are selected to represent them. On their good or bad administration depends the health and general welfare as well as the mental training of the little ones. In the larger cities of the United States this view of the matter is coming to be better understood. The Principals' Association of New York has just held a meeting, and the proceedings indicate that school boards across the lines have not been any more selected for their fitness to deal with the general economy of the public schools than they have in Canada; the principals have apparently undertaken the task of leading to the desired reforms, and demonstrating for the benefit of the people the closer relationship existing between not only the health of the children attending the schools, but of the public generally. One feature of the meeting referred to was the examination of a sanitary expert on the condition of the schools. It is to be hoped that in connection with one subject he touched upon we are better off in Canada than they are in Greater New York, for it was stated that "the school rooms in this borough (Brooklyn) are not thoroughly scrubbed out more than once a year," and this provoked the not unreasonable plea that it is high time that some women were appointed on the district boards "who know something about housekeeping, and who will not rest until the schools are kept at least as clean as the average of the homes from which the children are drawn." Attention to the care of the teeth and the regular medical inspection was strongly urged. Objection is sometimes raised to what some regard as the intrusion of domestic matters into the school arena. No one would advocate any undue intrusion of the kind, but the schools are a domestic matter of the highest order, and must be regarded as such. The school board of the future must be elected with this in view, and it is none too soon to make a start.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

Notice was given by Ald. Crane, in Toronto Council, that he will move that a petition be presented from the Council to the Dominion parliament, asking the government of Canada to pass such legislation as will enable them to take over and thereafter operate the telegraph and telephone systems in Canada, except so much thereof as pertains to railway companies' private business, and that a circular be prepared and sent to all the municipalities in Canada, urging them to send in similar petitions to parliament.

When You Know How.

"I WILL be beautiful," she said, as she turned away from the mirror. "Surely in this modern, progressive age it is possible for any girl to acquire beauty."

So she invested in all kinds of cosmetics, had them applied by an artist, and went to a big ball. The next morning she scanned the society columns of the papers eagerly, but there was not a word about "the beautiful Miss Brown." She merely figured among those who were "also present."

"Still," she added, "it is possible to be beautiful when you know how, and I will experiment until I discover the secret."

Thereupon she employed a beauty doctor, and was rubbed and massaged every day for a month or more, but it was no use. The gossip departments of the papers spoke of this girl and that girl as "beautiful," but never of "the beautiful Miss Brown."

"Possibly," she thought, "something is the matter with my gowns. Much depends upon proper harmony or contrast, which often makes the beauty. I will have one designed especially for me by the most gifted of costumers."

The papers said she was "beautifully gowned," but that was all.

"I will become engaged," she cried, in despair. "If necessary, I will marry. Brides are almost invariably beautiful."

But when her engagement was announced the papers merely referred to her as "the charming and gifted Miss Brown."

"Alas!" she exclaimed, "can I not be beautiful? Is that great boon possessed by so many girls, no more favored by nature than I am, to be always denied to me? What is life to me, if I am thus handicapped? A mockery, truly! I will have none of it."

In this humor she went boating, and, giving it the appearance of an accident, deliberately fell into the water, from which she was quickly rescued by an athletic young man.

"Why," she cried, the next day, as she thought it all over, "was I not allowed to die?"

Then her glance fell upon a daily paper, and her eyes instantly brightened.

"Gallant rescue of a beautiful girl," she read. "Pretty Adele Brown, the beauty of the season, saved from a watery grave."

"Why, of course," she commented, thoughtfully. "It's very simple when you know how. Now I think of it, a rescue or a scandal will make a girl beautiful any day."—N.Y. "Town Topics."

Funny Answers.

An English teacher, commenting on the "wonderfully funny" answers given by his pupils to questions, cites the following specimens:

A boy, aged ten, thus answers a question as to the cause of the Transvaal disturbances: "Krugger and Kannerbullism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin' come out and fite or else give up the blud of the English you have took. he is a boardutchman and a wickid heethin. lord Kitchener has sent for his goary blud and to bring back his scanderlus hed ded or alive."

An essay on Gladstone, by a boy of eleven, states: "Mr. Gladstone lovd everybody. he lovd publicans and cinners and Irishmen. he wanted the irish to come to England and have home reel, but Mr. Chamberlin says, no, no. so alars he got his blud up and killd Mr. Parnel. Mr. Gladstone died with great rispect and is burried in Westminster with pieceful ashes."

The Duke of Norfolk takes pleasure in telling many stories about himself. Here is one of them: A large party of Americans arrived one day at Arundel, with an order to go over the Castle. As the butler was away, the Duke, fond of a joke, acted his part, and conducted them personally through the various stately rooms. They plied him hard with questions, such as, "What sort of man is the Duke?" "Is he good-looking?" "Couldn't we have a peep at him somewhere?" "Is he a good master?" "And how long have you been in his service?" etc. The Duke preserved a perfectly rigid demeanor through all this personal cannonade, replying respectfully to all their queries, and when the party left was rewarded with a handsome tip of half a crown.

A Pleasant Duty.—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes. 50 cts."—9

Sold by S. H. [illegible]

Consumption

is a disease of civilization. When the Indian was a stranger to the white man he had no name in his vocabulary for this dreaded malady.

Without arguing as to the curability of consumption, it may be stated positively that Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures weak lungs, hemorrhages, bronchitis, deep-seated and stubborn cough, and other diseases which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption. There is no alcohol in the "Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

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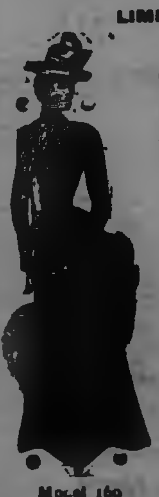

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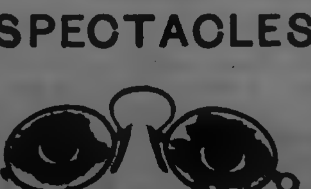

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

Lady Blanche bent and kissed the girl's lips.

"Forgive you!" she cried briskly. "Of course he will; only give him the chance. Poor Ormande! Why, he looked the picture of misery. You cruel little thing, to make him so unhappy! I never saw a man so wretched in all my life!" Then, with a burst of true feeling: "My dearest child, you have taken a load off my mind. I never thought of this. I feared and imagined the worst, and instead there comes this delightful news that the very thing for which I have longed so much—a romance between you and Ormande—really exists, and will exist on, let us hope, for years and years. Forgive you! Of course he will; and listen, Barbara—he shall come here this very evening, and you——"

"Don't tell him I am here when when you send." There was no mistaking the eagerness in Miss Mostyn's voice. "I—I should not like that."

Lady Blanche pinched the girl's flushed cheek.

"Trust me," she nodded her head gently. "I am no fool, as you shall see, my child, and will be the first to own in the future. There, kiss me, Barbara, my dear; henceforth, my daughter, you have made me happier than I have felt for many—many a day, and——"

"But," Barbara broke in hurriedly, "you must not expect too much to-night, dear Lady Blanche. Remember, Ormande has to forgive me, and he cannot do it all at once," with a shy, nervous laugh. "Think of his dignity. No, I must humble myself first, but cannot expect to be received back into favor too soon."

"You are two silly children, and don't deserve to be humored; but there"—with another kiss—"I promise to be deaf and blind until you allow me to see, hear, question and congratulate."

And Barbara Mostyn drew a sharp sigh of acute relief. So far, so well; before eight should be ended she would have played the last card in the game and that was to land her into that desirable position of Ormande's wife and future Countess of Chancecourt.

What would be the result?

CHAPTER XXVI.

Ormande, Lord Otway, was toiling wearily up the stairs of his humble, unpretentious home on the evening of the day that had seen the arrival of Miss Mostyn in London. He had had a long, tiring day among the poverty-stricken and the sick; working to comfort and console—working to forget.

He stood for a moment in the doorway of his room, then hesitated; then, as if urged by some uncontrollable power, he moved across to a writing-table, and unlocking one of the drawers, drew out a small piece of paper and gazed at it with an earnestness that was almost painful. It was a rough pencil sketch of Katharine's lovely face. Ormande had seen Captain Derwent doing this picture, and, waiting his opportunity, had managed to persuade the young officer to give him the sketch. It was his dearest—his saddest—possession.

"If I had but saved her!" he groaned; "if she were only free from this shadow and taint of sin, even though Death itself claimed her, I should be content! Oh, my dear, dear love! Lost—lost to me and to Heaven!"

It was not often he permitted himself to give way, and now, with an effort, he controlled his emotion, and looking away the sweet pencilled face, he rose resolutely to his feet.

Then, for the first time, he became aware of a note awaiting him on the table.

"From Aunt Blanche," he murmured, brushing his eyes, and opening the envelope.

Lady Blanche wrote only a few lines.

"Dear Ormande—If you have no other engagement, I wish you would run up and dine with us to-night. I want to see you particularly. Don't disappoint me this time, my dear boy; I see nothing of you now.

"Your affectionate aunt,
"Blanche Bellairs."

"Poor Aunt Blanche," Ormande murmured to himself. "I am too selfish. I forgot that she and Marian were all alone. I must go to-night, weary though I am. The sooner I wean myself from solitude the better!"

Nevertheless, it was with a heavy sigh that Ormande dressed for dinner and drove off to the hotel where Lady Blanche was staying. He was cheered a little by the warm greeting he received, and smiled like his old self as Marian Adair flung her arms round his neck with a cry of joy not to be mistaken.

Dinner was served at once, and then Lady Blanche spoke of the business for which, presumably, she had summoned her nephew this evening. She seemed in very good spirits Ormande thought, and he exerted himself to be as bright as he could.

Once dinner was over, Lady Blanche made a sign to Marian.

"I know you will excuse me, Ormande, but it is time for Marian to have the bandages changed, and I like to superintend this all myself. Go into the other room. I don't suppose you will be very dull. You will find all the newspapers, and"—with an imperceptible pause—"and other things."

Ormande, of course, obeyed his aunt, and sauntered into the adjoining apartment, but no sooner there than he started back with a sudden exclamation.

"Miss Mostyn! You here?"

What a crowd of horrible memories rose to torment him as he stood meeting that set, cold smile! He was too surprised even to take the hand Barbara extended to him.

"You here?" was all he could say.

Barbara came toward him softly.

"Yes; I would not let Lady Blanche tell you. I wanted to give you a surprise, Lord Otway," with a tiny little pause and a sigh. "I—I hope it is a pleasant one to you."

Ormande put his hand into hers.

"How could it be otherwise?" he said quite mechanically. In vision his eyes seemed to see that other pale, beautiful face gleaming from beyond Barbara's neat, fashionable head.

"Oh, I am so glad—so glad!" she cried, and so saying, she drew him across the room to a comfortable chair.

"Sit down," she said softly, "and let us chat. I have so much to talk about."

She drew up another chair, and sank into it with a rustle of her silk skirts, then, glancing at him: "How pale you are!" she exclaimed.

Ormande passed his hand over his brow.

"The heat of this summer has tried me very much," he answered, evasively. He felt a sense of annoyance and disgust creep over him. In a vague sort of way he seemed to recognize that he had been tricked into meeting this girl, for whom he had nothing but dislike and contempt.

"Ah, yes; and you work so hard," Barbara said, with a tender inflection in her voice. "You need some one to take care of you, Lord Otway, and see that you do not fall ill."

"A man is a poor thing if he cannot stand his share of work," Ormande answered coldly. Not one word was mentioned about Katharine, for which Ormande was grateful. To have to listen to harsh, vulgar abuse of her, even though he believed her to be living in sin, would have been more than he could bear; and he knew that Miss Mostyn would have no womanly tenderness in touching on the subject. He little guessed how cruel and wrong Barbara had acted toward the girl whose only fault had been her unconscious rivalry with the heiress of Brexley Hall.

"I am afraid Marian must be ill," he said, quietly, "or my aunt would not have neglected you, as she appears to be doing now, Miss Mostyn."

"Oh, please don't trouble, Lord Otway. I am such an old friend of dear Lady Blanche's that she knows I shall make myself at home; besides, I want for nothing while you are with me."

Ormande frowned. These words, and more especially the manner in which they were uttered, jarred on him painfully.

"Nevertheless, I think I will find her," he said with increased coldness.

Barbara rose as he was moving, and put one hand on his arm.

"Don't go," she whispered, with a flush rising to her face. "I want to speak to you, Lord Otway, very particularly."

* * *

When Lady Blanche returned to her room from attending to Marian's wants, she found Miss Mostyn standing alone by an open window.

"Where is Ormande?" she asked in surprise.

"Lord Otway has gone." Barbara's voice was choked and thick, her face was also very pale. "You—you promised not to ask any questions, dear Lady Blanche," she said hurriedly. "He—he cannot quite forgive me; but—it is sure to come right; quite sure to come right in the end!"

Lady Blanche smiled and nodded her head.

"Silly children!" she remarked, as she kissed Barbara and said good-night. "But, there, you are only like all other lovers since the world began, and no one can arrange these matters save your two important selves. Now run away, and sleep well, my dear—and dream of the happiness in the future!"

Lady Blanche might have modified her cheerfulness if she had known the real truth, that Barbara Mostyn had humiliated herself so far as to offer her hand and her fortune to Ormande, Lord Otway, and had received a cold, courteous refusal, a refusal in which contempt and astonishment mingled to a large degree. Even Lady Blanche would have stood aghast had she known this; for, middle-aged as she was, she was still as modest as a girl; but Barbara never intended any one to know, and as she walked down to her bedroom that night—baffled, and raging with anger—she swore that not only would she be Ormande's wife yet, but that, once in that coveted position, she would punish him severely for all the disappointment and vexation his conduct had caused her. She had no plans but her brain was skilful in manipulating mean and dishonorable things and that she would be even with Ormande she never for one moment allowed herself to doubt.

Lady Blanche Bellairs and Barbara were seated at breakfast the next morning, and enjoying a good feminine chat, while Mrs. Trevanion was engaged in performing commissions for her tyrannical mistress and niece, and Marian Adair was at her lessons, and wondering sadly when her dear Craven would send her news from Australia, when the door was opened and Lady Drummond came in with a rush.

"Now, what do you think?" she cried, before she had barely got through the formality of shaking hands with Lady Blanche, and bestowing a nod on Barbara. "I heard the news last night; met Carruthers, who told me you were here, Barbara, and so up I rushed to tell you all about it, and vindicate my cause!"

"That sounds like Bedlam!" Barbara said coldly; she had a presentiment something disagreeable was going to happen.

Lady Drummond shrugged her lip, and nodded her head.

"Wait a moment, my dear!" she observed, with annoying coolness. "First of all, I have found out Katharine and her husband——"

"Husband!" broke in Barbara, sneeringly.

"Yes, Barbara, husband! Ah, I know I was right! If ever honesty, purity and uprightness were written on a woman's face, that face was Katharine Brereton's. You would fall in love with her at once, I know, Lady Blanche; you could not help it."

"Lady Blanche, fortunately for herself, is gifted with more wisdom and common sense," was Barbara's rude reply; to which, however, her aunt made no direct response.

"Yes, I have found Katharine, and found her, not an outcast, or a disgraced woman, but one who will rank with yourself, Barbara. She has inherited all old Dalrymple's money, and her home, henceforth will be at her own estate, Charlton Abbey."

Lady Blanche gave an exclamation, and Barbara was rendered speechless.

Charlton Abbey, the one place above all others of which she had ever been jealous and envious; it was situated only eight miles from Brexley, and had always been a thorn in Miss Mostyn's side, rising as far above her own possession in antiquity, beauty and value as the diamond does above glass. And this had come to Katharine, the girl she loathed, hated and detested! The thought was maddening.

"Pray where did you get this fairy story from, Aunt Ellen?" she asked with a very disagreeable laugh.

"From Mr. Montrose, who happens to be one of Katharine Sm, the's trustees——"

To be continued

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A Curious Man's Thoughts on Winter.

At the moment of writing it is only fair to say that King Frost has not yet got us in his icy grip. But as it is not unusual to expect something of the sort at this season of the year, we may very well stand up and look at the prospect of sport which any seasonable weather of the kind may bring us. There is sliding for instance. If you don't happen to possess a pair of skates, or to own a friend who will lend you a pair, Nature is determined that you shall not lose all chance of risking your neck, just because you are lacking the usual outfit.

Of course for really superior slides you ought to put a little water down overnight; but as you have probably grown out of little frivolities of that sort, you can confidently rely on your next door neighbor's little boy doing what is necessary in the matter. Doubtless you will not leave your house in the morning with any idea of becoming actively engaged as a display slider. It is not until you find one of your feet slowly but surely creeping upwards to the sky, as the song says, that it will occur to you to throw up your hands and drop into the conventional attitude as a measure of self-protection. You will probably be encouraged in this course by noticing that a small but enthusiastic knot of bystanders is endeavoring to raise a cheer for your benefit. The next moment the programme comes off with a loud bang and you scramble to your feet, and address yourself loudly to nobody in particular in a way that makes the thoughtful observer trustfully hope that the recording angel wasn't looking your way at the moment.

It is commonly understood that the gentler sex are denied the relief that is afforded to mere man by the possession of an elastic vocabulary. But a casual slide that is spread out on the pavement is perfectly catholic in its tastes, and is open to receive all comers. The slide makes no invidious distinctions as to age or sex. Anybody with a limb to break is warmly welcome. It seems a little hard, however, that when an accident of this kind does take place by the unexpected co-operation of a member of the fair sex, the unhappy victim is almost invariably a lady who should be old enough to know better. The young and flighty damsels who could fall on an extemporaneous slide and make quite an elaborate and picturesque display of the business, are usually most successful in avoiding accidents of the kind; while, on the other hand, elderly ladies will practically make a bee-line for the trouble and then shower a liberal perspective of knitted wool and red flannel on the unsympathetic spectator.

The part that snow plays in our lives varies according to circumstances. As the poet said, distance lends enchantment to the view. And when you are looking at the snow-clad landscape over the top of something cheerful and hot in a large glass, there is doubtless a good deal to be said for the poetic side of beautiful snow. At the same time, I am not one who believes in coddling when the snow is on the ground. I am glad to say I can enjoy as well as anyone a brisk walk along the open country when the snow is lying thickly around; and I think there are few moments when one feels more keenly than at such times what a glorious lark it is to be alive. The tingling of the blood as it comes through the veins, imparting a healthy glow to the cheek and all the rest of the details, as per patent medicine advertisement, are all benefits of the snow that I keenly recognise and cordially appreciate. But what does me all up, so to speak, is to have a small boy come up behind and sock me unawares in the neck with a half-melted snowball.

Of course, we are all young, and, after all, we can afford to laugh at trouble of that kind. Usually, if I am out in a fair-to-medium suit of clothes, and I find that snowballing is in the air, I endeavor to make for cover. But if the worst comes to the worst, and I find that my hat has been knocked off and my clothes are more or less blobbed with melting patches of snow, I consider I have lost all the dignity I set out with, and that I may as well start throwing back. I have a sort of feeling that, since I am no longer respectable, I may as well go the whole hog and have my fling with the crowd. I always look forward with some dread to the winter in the distant future when I may have become too old, or as the East End damsel said, "too much of a bloomin' lydy," to throw back. It seems to me that it is very cruel to snowball an old fellow who can only dance around and squirm and call on high Heaven for help; and I have no doubt that it is precisely this aspect of the case that makes it so deliriously enjoyable to the average boy on the snowballing lay. Indeed, to regard the matter from a sportive standpoint, the boy may consider that the old gentleman is in the same boat as the hunted fox, who is said to enjoy the hunt as much as anybody.

A Queer Lawsuit.

The other day Mrs. Norma Adams and Samuel Gardner, who live on adjoining farms, began suit to determine the ownership of a brood of fourteen turkeys, says the San Francisco "Argonaut." The brood, headed by two old hens, a white and a bronze, had been running the fields of both farms all summer. Mrs. Adams owned the bronze hen and Mr. Gardner the white. Each claimed that their respective hen was the mother of the brood. One of the witnesses before the justice testified that he had once turned a dog upon the straggling band of turkeys. At the approach of the dog the young birds flew into a tree, the bronze hen ran into the woods, while the white hen stood under the tree and gave battle to the dog, which she repulsed, then called the brood to her, and they marched off. After hearing this witness, the justice decided that the white hen was the mother of the brood, and gave the turkeys to Gardner.

Rebuttal Evidence.

"There, my dear," said the returned hunter, "there's one bird for you, anyway. Bagged him just as I was about to give up in disgust." "Oh, George!" she exclaimed, "it's a carrier-pigeon, isn't it?" "Not much! It's a quail." "But it has a card tied to its leg, with some message on it. Let's see. It says: 'Jona Jones, Poultry and Game, Central Market.'"—Philadelphia "Press."

Curious Bits of News.

Luigi Garreno, a journalist of Rome, in order to get up a story on the Pope's daily life, recently secured employment in the Vatican as a gardener.

Petrified tropical fruits have been found in coal from Spitzbergen, the island group in the Arctic Ocean, midway between Greenland and Nova Zembla.

A writer in "Blackwood's Magazine" mentions as an incident of life in Labrador the burial of a live pet in a barrel under the November snow. The owner of the animal (a black bear, by the way) dug up the barrel twice during the winter, but did not awaken the occupant, who was permitted to sleep on till May.

Edward Beaupre of the Territory of Assiniboia, Canada, claims to be the tallest man in the world. His exact height is seven feet, ten and three-fourths inches, and he is still growing, and expects to reach the eight-foot mark. He is twenty years old, wears a number twenty-one shoe and a number twenty-one collar.

A Chinese manuscript lately discovered in the Paris library proves the startling fact that anaesthetics were used in China seventeen hundred years ago. A certain concoction, it states, was given by the doctors before performing an operation, which rendered the patient unconscious. The anaesthetic was a simple preparation of hemp.

The translation of the Bible from ancient to modern Greek, against which students in the Grecian capital have been rioting, and coming into fatal conflicts with troops, was ordered by Queen Olga, because she found so many Greeks could not read the language of their classic ancestors. The students oppose the translation on the ground that it would be desecration to put the Bible into Greek as it is now spoken.

Four hundred and ten thousand immigrants landed on the shores of the United States last year. Many of them were Christians, many others were not. The majority even of those who were had no copy of the Bible. In the hands of each, as he set foot upon the soil of his new home, the New York Bible Society placed a copy of the Scriptures. Twenty-one different languages were represented, the largest number being in German, the next largest in Swedish.

Because a beautiful young white woman, the heroine in Sir Walter Besant's serial story, "No Other Way," is forced to marry a negro criminal, the "Sunny South," one of the leading literary weeklies of the South, has announced the discontinuance of the publication of the story. The "Sunny South" declares the story passes the dead-line of Southern sentiment. It appears that the novel was selected after a synopsis had been submitted, and not until the fourth instalment were the objectionable features discovered. The editors declare the plot of the story to be "an obsession, the result of mental indigestion, from which we shall endeavor to save our readers."

Hang Trouble on a Chair.

"Laugh and grow fat" is a saying as old as the hills. It has long been an accepted fact that humor is a promoter of digestion and merry words the deadliest foes of disease. A doctor named Kennedy writes an interesting article on the value of laughter, in which he shows it is not only a remedial agent, but is also a valuable preventive against a host of diseases. The physical effects of laughter are thus put down by Dr. Kennedy: Laughter increases the blood circulation. It enlarges the heart. It expands the lungs. It jiggers the diaphragm. It promotes the dioculation of the spleen. In other words, laughter stirs up the vital regions of the body, gives them healthful exercise, and produces a mental exhilaration which acts upon the system much as a brisk walk in a crisp atmosphere does upon the appetite. As strong allies to laughter, Dr. Kennedy gives the following directions for mental peace of mind: Beware of theologians who have no sense of mirth; they are not altogether human. Keep your chin up. Don't take your troubles to bed with you; hang them on a chair with your trousers or drop them in a glass of water with your teeth.

Society Slang.

It is rather amusing to watch the changes in society slang; for the "best" society has its own special vulgarities, which change from decade to decade—even from year to year. Lady Blessington, if she were reincarnated and suddenly projected into a woman's afternoon chatter at a smart club, would think she had missed her country, observes an English exchange. A few years ago it was the mode to scatter Gallicisms freely into conversation. But the French craze has passed, and even such an old servant as "chic" is never heard, and rarely seen but in the fashion articles. To-day's slang—in the "best" circles of England—has probably reached the lowest depth of fatuous vulgarity. Its keynote is abbreviation. What are "undies?" Well, they are the things that a woman puts on first in the morning and takes off last at night, when she gets into her "nighties." "Tinny-winny" is another favorite Masonic word among those in the social know. It corresponds to the 'bus conductor's "little bit of all-right." And if you want to go a step further in compliment, you may describe your new frock—if you are a woman in the "best" set—as "quite too deevie for words." We hope Dr. Murray has a contributor on the pounce for these words in Mayfair. He has missed "deevie" from the New English Dictionary, but he is in time for "tinny-winny," to say nothing—as, of course, nothing should be said—of "undies."

Surgeon (after the operation)—I am glad to be able to assure you, Mrs. Tyte-Phist, that the danger is now over and your husband will recover. We have successfully removed the appendix vermiformis, and it is of such a unique formation that I shall preserve it for use in my medical lectures. Mr. Tyte-Phist (opening his eyes)—You'll allow me something for it, I suppose, doctor?—Ex.

"How did it happen?" "Oh, I got into a game where the limit was the ceiling—and somebody took off the ceiling."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 35."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
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Painless extraction	25c

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$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.
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It is carefully prepared by an experienced fancier from selected and cleaned stock, in best proportions for health, song and brilliant plumage.

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VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. [illegible]

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been accomplished. [illegible]

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or each time you write it receives my personal attention. [illegible]

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG, [illegible]

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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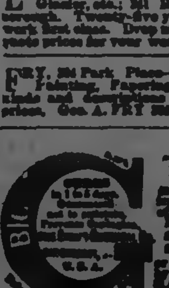

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THE Most Perfect Stove Made

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for hours without a touching. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Pr
0	24½ in.	9 in.	$11.
1	28½ in.	9 in.	12.
2	34 in.	10½ in.	15.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	19.00
4	41 in.	15 in.	22.00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 30 feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
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To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

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Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 270 · 388 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 30, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

[NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market to-day should be well attended.

—There was a considerable amount of wood on the market yesterday.

—The Ashburnham Public School concert will be held on Friday night.

—The morning trains on the C.P.R. were late yesterday owing to a run off this side of Tweed.

—The C.G.E. Co. expect to have their power house at Auburn in running order by March 1st.

—The Girls' Guild of All Saints intend giving a social evening on Shrove Tuesday, Feb. 11th.

—The sleighing in the country is very good. There are a number of pitch holes.

—The last dance under the auspices of the *Knickerbocker Club* will be held to-morrow evening.

—The ruts on George street are very dangerous, and we would suggest that the town grader be used to level them down.

—The Peterborough hockey club play in Cobourg to-night, and will be accompanied by a large crowd of backers.

—The Peterborough Cheese Board will hold their annual meeting on Saturday, Feb. 8. Important business will be dealt with.

—Messrs. Hawthorne and Edminson have completed their work on the equalized assessment of the county, and the report will be laid before the present session of the County Council.

—The non-coms dance on Tuesday next promises to be the most largely attended affair of the kind held in town this season. The Committee is working very energetically to make the dance a success.

—A brisk runaway took place yesterday morning on Hunter street, when a horse attached to a cutter, took fright and dashed around the Post Office corner, and up Water st., where it was stopped. No damage was done.

—Mr. Whiten requests us to state that if there are any of the royal chorus that have not had their photos taken yet they must come at once or they will be too late to be in the group.

A NARROW ESCAPE

Mr. Harry Phelan Has a Narrow Escape from Being Killed

Mr. Harry Phelan had a narrow escape from being killed yesterday afternoon. He was walking down Simcoe street, and when opposite P. Grady's hack livery met a runaway horse which turned into Grady's yard, knocking him down. By great exertion he jumped up and caught the horse, thereby saving his own life, and saving Mr. Grady's hack from destruction. Mr. Phelan is to be complimented upon his plucky and daring act, and we are pleased to know that he came through the experience without a scratch.

Your vote and influence is respectfully solicited by T. F. MATTHEWS, Candidate for the office of Water Commissioner.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Special Services

The Gilmour Memorial Church is holding special Evangelistic meetings. Rev. J. V. Fadenburg is the evangelist. Although the weather and roads have been bad, the attendance has been good, and result all that could be expected. Meetings will be held Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., also every night this week.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

—Mrs. R. H. Bradburn is visiting her parents in Lindsay.

—Miss Lillian Archambault, of Lindsay, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday, on business.

—Miss Annie Hobbins, who has been visiting friends in Lindsay, has returned home.

—Miss Nellie O'Brien, Clydesdale, Ont., is the guest of Miss Nellie Hobbins, Charlotte street.

—Mr. F. J. Davis of the Barnado Home staff, Toronto, was in town on Tuesday.

—Mrs. J. C. Smith, of Eldon Township, is visiting her brother, Mr. A. Campbell, 289 Hunter street.

—Mr. Thomas Robson, Fenelon Falls, spent a few hours in town yesterday, and dropped in to see The Times.

SPLENDID RESULTS AND PERFECT SUCCESS WHEN THE DIAMOND DYES ARE USED

Diamond Dyes have long ago become the popular dyes in the homes of the civilized world. They are sure and reliable under all circumstances, giving the choicest, most brilliant and most lasting colors.

Diamond Dyes are the safest to use in the home. No poisonous ingredients to irritate the hands are ever used in the manufacture of these famed dyes. Common and imitation package dyes are largely composed of dangerous materials.

Diamond Dyes are so easy to use that a child can dye as successfully as a grown person. Beware of common and crude dyes sold simply for the sake of large profits. Insist upon having the Diamond Dyes and your work will be well done.

If you are interested in home mat and rug making, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, and you will receive the season's designs to select from.

The Salvation Army

The red-hot revivalists of Toronto, are coming to Peterborough for a twelve days' campaign, and will hold forth in the Salvation Army barracks, commencing to-night. The party comprises Brigadier Pugmire, Staff Captain Manton, and Capt. Urquhart.

Red Hot Revivalists

Brigadier Pugmire was converted in an Army meeting in the old land a number of years ago and became an Officer shortly afterwards. He has commanded some of the Army's largest Corps, notably Brighton, Regent Hall, and Clapton Congress Hall in London, England. In the latter place over a thousand souls were brought to Christ during his ten months' campaign. He also served in the United States, having pioneered the Colored work in the Kansas and Missouri district.

The Brigadier and Mrs. Pugmire were distinguished by the honor of being placed in the jail at Fort Scott, for preaching Christ in the open air.

For two and a half years he had the oversight of the Army's work in the Maritime Provinces; then he became Social Secretary at Territorial Headquarters. Very recently he relinquished the Provincial Officership of the East Ontario and Quebec Province since which time he has been appointed Spiritual Special by the Commissioner.

The Brigadier possesses a splendid voice, a kind spirit, and a compassionate heart, and is an excellent soloist, a good musician and an attractive and successful platform worker.

The Brigadier is accompanied by Staff Captain Manton, of Toronto. The Staff Captain is one of the oldest Salvationists in Canada, and has been an officer for seventeen years, having served in many different parts of Canada. For the past five years he has held various positions at the Territorial Headquarters. The Staff-Captain is a very sweet singer, and is specially suited for revival work.

Capt. Urquhart is a lad of considerable musical ability and hails from Eastern Canada.

The Peterborough Army had a special day last Sunday. Their meeting, which commenced at 10.30 a.m., did not finish until 10 p.m., some of the soldiers put in a full day without refreshments, at the barracks. In the evening twenty new members were sworn in. Success to them.

About fifty-one people have professed conversion in the Army during the past three months. Welcome news this from any source.

Capt. Maude Patterson, who has seen some years' service on the coast, delivered a lecture to the Band of Love last evening on "British Columbia, its People, Products and Prospects," which was highly instructive.

HANDY HUSBAND

Knew How to Get Part of the Breakfast Anyhow

"'I know one dish I can prepare for breakfast as well as any cook on earth,' said my husband one day when the cook was ill and he had volunteered to help get breakfast. He appeared with his dish and I discovered it was Grape-Nuts, which, of course it was easy to prepare for it was perfectly cooked at the factory, but it was a good illustration of the convenience of having Grape-Nuts about.

We just added a little cream, and, of course, had a delicious bit of food. We took up Grape-Nuts immediately after returning from a five years' sojourn in a hot country, and our stomachs were in bad condition and we were in bad health generally.

When we first tried it I confess we thought there were other and better things to eat and were told we must acquire a taste for this new food. Sure enough, in a day or two we liked Grape-Nuts better than any other kind of food on the table. We both gained steadily in health and strength, and this was caused by Grape-Nuts and Postum Food Coffee.

A friend of ours had a similar experience. She was seriously ill with indigestion and could find nothing to eat that would not give her heart burn and palpitation, especially at night.

She found that a small dish of Grape-Nuts with cream made her a satisfactory supper and gave her a comfortable night's rest. In a short time she gained several pounds in weight." The writer lives in Topeka, Kan. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE KEYSTONE LAID.

BY MAYOR T. H. G. DENNE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

At the Power House of the Otonabee Power Company at No. 5 Dam

The new power house of the Otonabee Power Company was the scene of a very interesting event yesterday afternoon, being the occasion of the laying the keystone over the main entrance by his Worship Mayor Denne in the presence of over fifty prominent citizens of the town and county among whom were Aldermen Clinkscale, Batten, Rush, McGregor and Shortly, representing the town council; Messrs. G. W. Fitzgerald and P. Costello, representing County Council; Messrs. T. F. Matthews, P. Hamilton, and Wm. Hamilton, jr., representing the manufacturers; Messrs. E. M. Elliot, Jas. Davidson, Jas. English, Wm. Fair, Adam Hall, President Canadian Cordage & Manufacturing Company; W. G. Ferguson, sec'y. Otonabee Power Co.; W. H. Meldrum, Manager Otonabee Power Co., and others too numerous to mention.

At two o'clock yesterday afternoon the invited guests assembled at the Town Council chamber and proceeded from there to No. 5 dam, about four miles north of town, on the Otonabee river. Several sleighs were required to convey the party to the new power house, which is in the course of erection. On arriving there those of the party who felt chilly warmed themselves at a large bonfire, after which they made a short inspection of the work which is being done. At 3.30 the party were called together in front of the building, and Mr. George Fitzgerald, County Councillor, addressed the assemblage, and said it was a great pleasure to him to be present to-day, at this important event, the laying of the key-stone of the building to be occupied as a power house by the Otonabee Power Co. The County Council had been invited, but as their duties were important, they could not come in a body and had selected Mr. Costello and himself to represent the Council at this important event. Some months ago considerable commotion had been made regarding the lease of the dam from the Dominion Government. The lease had been secured after some delay, and now the building for the power house was nearly completed and the work of building piers and excavating for the wheel pits was rapidly nearing completion. He was one of the first to subscribe for stock in the company and as a result of the efforts of those interested in the organization of this company, we are assembled here to witness a most pleasing and interesting ceremony to-day. He then called on Mayor Denne to place the keystone in position.

THE KEYSTONE

being placed in position by His Worship, he turned to the assemblage, and said, "I declare the keystone of the Otonabee Power Company well and truly laid." His Worship said the duties of the Mayor of the Town of Peterborough are very numerous but this was a new duty and a very great pleasure to be present here to-day to lay the keystone of the Otonabee Power Co. The company are starting off under unusually good prospects. At the present time they have contracts signed which will bring in a revenue of $8,500, and contracts assured to the company amounting to $6,000, making a total revenue counted on by the company of $13,500. In wishing the company every success, I am repeating the wish of a very large majority of the manufacturers and citizens of the Town and of the County. A few years ago work was started in the Trent Valley Canal and this is the first immediate result of the work done, which will be a very great benefit to the town. In concluding, Mayor Denne expressed the wish that his successor and successors may have the opportunity of performing the same pleasant duty which he had just performed, at every dam on the river between Peterborough and Lakefield. The Town Council have always been pleased to deal with manufacturers who were looking for a site in the town, and was always prepared to deal with them in a most reasonable manner, and he was sure would always continue to do so. Again expressing his wish that this undertaking will prove a success for those interested in the organization and management of the company, the Mayor retired.

EX-REEVE ADAMS

of Ashburnham, was next called, and replied as follows:

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen,—I cannot express my thanks for the invitation to be present to-day at this pleasant event. I am greatly surprised at the magnitude of the work on hand, and at the large amount already completed. I think the undertaking of the Otonabee Power Company in putting in so large a plant for the generation of electric power will have a very great influence on the growth of the town and the village of Ashburnham. He assured the company that he wished them every success.

Mr. P. Hamilton was next called on and said he had not expected to be called on and had not thought of anything in particular to say. About 30 years ago we did not dream of power being produced on the Otonabee River and transmitted to manufacturing concerns miles away. We find many changes to-day from what it was 30 years ago. In those days a manufacturer must have water to turn his machinery—to-day electric power was transmitted 100 and 200 miles in many places. The future is before us and we must make the best of it. The large amount of power generated here will have considerable influence in increasing the manufacturing interests of the Town of Peterborough. We cannot tell what will take place in one or two years but no doubt the fact of getting a large amount of power at a very cheap rate will make an immense improvement in the town.

Mr. T. F. Matthews said that those present would greatly appreciate the invitation extended to them to be present by the members of the Power Company. He had pictured to himself what work was being done but his eyes had been opened to-day, his calculations were not equal to the amount of work done. The nerve energy and muscle that had been employed in the undertaking were deserving of success and new manufacturers and others would receive power much cheaper than ever before. The enterprise is backed by the entire population of the town and while considerable amusement had been aroused over dam No. 5 he was sure that the company would have the hearty support of the entire community.

Mr. R. R. Hall, Solicitor for the company, was next called on and in reply said it was very gratifying and pleasing to them to see such a representative attendance at this ceremony. Since the first steps were taken to organize the company it had not been all plain sailing. Some obstacles had been placed in the way which have been removed and will, in the end, be a great benefit to the town. A paper published in the States advertises the town of Peterborough as the best place in America to obtain sufficient water and electric power at very cheap rates for manufacturing purposes. The company had a large number of communications from American manufacturers asking for rates for electric power with a view of locating here. He thought that the town council should become interested in the work of the newly formed Trent Water Conservation Association which was formed to try and induce the government to take some steps to have a more better regulated flow of water in the Otonabee and connecting waters.

After Mr. Hall had concluded speaking those assembled viewed the work in the rock cut where a large number of men are employed in taking out the rock for the foundation of the wheel pits. The power house is 25x40 feet and is built entirely of stone, which was taken out of the raceway below the dam, the wheel house will be 25x65 feet directly under which the wheel pits are being made. The tail race is 600 feet long and 75 feet wide giving a good outlet to the water after it has passed through the wheels.

The work of excavation will be completed in about two weeks and then the wheel pits will be built and the machinery will be placed in position. The machinery will be capable of producing 1500 H.P. and machinery for another 500 H.P will be installed when required. The entire electric plant was purchased from the C.G.E. Co. and is now being set up. The pole line for the transmission of the power is completed now into the village of Ashburnham. The Company having got permission from the G.T.R. Co. to put the poles along the right-of-way of the company. The village of Ashburnham has given the required permission for the poles to be placed along certain streets in the village. The Town Council have also dealt very generously with the company and gave them permission to place a pole line along such streets as was necessary to reach their numerous customers. A shot was set off in the rock cut at the power house to show the guests how it worked.

About 6 o'clock the party returned to town well pleased with their outing as the guests of The Otonabee Power Company.

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Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tasteless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

CARD TO ELECTORS

To the Electors of the Town of Peterborough:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been urged by the numerous friends of Municipal Ownership to allow myself to be placed in nomination for one of the Water Commissioners, I have consented to be a Candidate. The grounds upon which they urge my election are, amongst others, that I am really the father of Municipal Ownership in this town, and have consistently fought the battle therefor throughout, and that at its incipient or experimental stage, such a one should be given the first opportunity to prove the feasibility of the scheme. They further urge that my record has been pure from all cliques and other corrupting influences, and that I will stand up fearlessly for the rights of all alike, without fear, favour or affection. It is needless to say that if elected I will do my utmost to carry out the most sanguine expectations of my numerous friends and water consumers generally. Respectfully asking you one and all for your vote and influence, I am, ladies and gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

GEORGE BALL.

Devised By An Eminent Physician and Recommended by our Ablest Doctors

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT HEALTH RESTORER FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

The indorsation of Paine's Celery Compound by men occupying high positions in the medical profession has not been brought about by hasty conclusions. Their verdict in its favor was pronounced only after severe tests and direct proofs of cures.

Medical evidence freely given by honest and unbiased physicians, places Paine's Celery Compound ahead of all other prescriptions and medicines as an infallible cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous diseases, liver and kidney troubles, derangements of the stomach, and troubles arising from an impure condition of the blood.

Mrs. L. Lefave, Chapleau, Ont., writes about herself and daughter as follows: "For years I was troubled with rheumatism and nervousness. I was treated by doctors, and tried medicine after medicine without any good results. Fortunately a friend of mine advised me to try Paine's Celery Compound. I did so, and after using four bottles I found I was stronger and better than I had been for years. My daughter was cured of kidney disease after suffering for twelve years, by using a few bottles of the compound."

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TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

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Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received ....coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County..

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895	Jan. 6, 1902
Anglo-French	£7¾	£4 1-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¾
Bantjes	7½	1 1-16
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19¾	8½
Croesus (new)	3½	½
Crown Reef	12½	16½
De Beers	32½	42¾
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6½
East Rands	12½	8¾
Ferreira	22	22¾
Goch (new)	3½	3 1-16
Geldenhuis Estate	7½	7¾
Glencairn	4½	2 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16
Herriott	12½	7
Johnies	6½	2 13-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6½
Jumpers	8¾	5½
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾
Kimberly Roodepoort	4¾	1¾
Knights	11¾	8 3-16
Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4½
Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2½	1½
Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
Modderfontein	17½	13 5-16
Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
New Rietfontein	6¾	2 3-16
Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Randfontein	4½	3 5-16
Randfontein Porges	3½	2½
" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3½
S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Sheba	2½	1 5-16
Simmer & Jack	8¾	7½
Transvaal Devils	2½	1½
Transvaal Gold	8¾	2 11-16
Van Ryn	11	3¾
Vogelstruis	6½	1¾
Wolhuter	12	9¾
Worcester	6	9

Orders filled for any South African shares either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 · 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

BIBLE SOCIETY

Concluded from page 1.

and those of all the others. So in connection with missionary work, the B. and F. Bible Society is the blacksmith, supplying the Word in the languages required. The Church Missionary Society which last year received between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000 and circulated the scriptures in 100 different tongues, received them all from this Society. And all others had to come to the same source. Every missionary in China, Japan and India turns his eyes back to England saying "send the Book in this language." The missionary work of to-day would simply collapse were it not for the Bible Society. It is carrying on a marvellous work in its own way and on its own lines. Last year they published 5,047,719 copies of the Scriptures, and not long ago exceeded their funds by $40,000 for its translation into the Russian tongue. It has now been translated into 406 languages, 1,000 persons are engaged in the work of translation. About 2,000 languages remain into which to translate it, but these 406 are the great conquering languages.

The bible is now within the reach of 1,200,000,000 souls. 812 male colporteurs were engaged last year, and 612 bible women. These women read the Word to 40,000 heathen women every week, and advanced 2,700 to a knowledge of reading themselves. They distributed during the year 22,884 copies of the scriptures. Christ had said "Other sheep have I which are not of this flock," and the work of this Society was as much divinely sanctioned as "the church, the bible, or the ministry.

The Upper Canada Society is the strongest auxiliary in the world, having 600 branches. Last year we sent $6,948.50 as a free contribution to the B. and F. Society; $3,000 to the Quebec Auxiliary, distributed 27,450 copies of Scripture, and had seven colporteurs engaged.

There are three ways of rendering most valuable service—by prayer, work and giving. A little girl once asked as a birthday gift, two bibles, one in English, and one in the Hindoo language. In one she wrote her own name, and kept it as her own. In the Hindoo copy she wrote: "From Annie, a little girl in England, who loves the Lord Jesus Christ, to some one in India whom she hopes will learn to love Him, too." Years afterward, in offering herself as a missionary she chose India as a field. On conversing with a family who had all been converted, she was surprised to find the same copy which she had sent as a girl.

Votes of thanks were tendered the speaker, the managers and collectors, and after the offertory had been taken the meeting closed with the doxology and Rev. Mr. Davidson pronounced the benediction.

A Pleasant Duty.—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes. 50 cts."—9

Sold by H. H. Hintson.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS Good Roadbed Equipment Scenery

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TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTed at once. Apply at Snowdon House.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Moore, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 50 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 564, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

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VOL. 23 NO. 26 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY JANUARY 31 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

FEARS A NEW REVOLT IN THE PHILLIPINES

Senator Hale Talks of Giving Up Islands

Says Time is Coming When Filipinos May Be Free

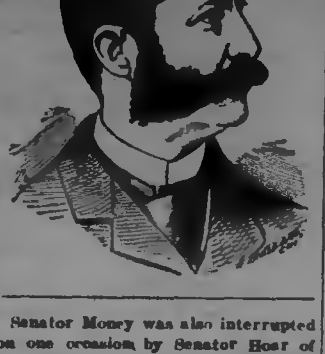
The Public Astounded by Declaration of Member From Maine

Money Attacks Lodge's Bill for Rule of the Philipine Group

Washington, Jan. 31—"It is my belief that conditions in the Philippines will continue to grow worse instead of better; that instead of there being peace insurrection will become more violent. The time is coming when we will begin to consider without regard to party alliances the desirability of extending complete liberty to the Filipinos by aiding them to set up a republic of their own and by withdrawing our forces from the islands."

This view of our ultimate destiny in the Philippines expressed by Senator Hale of Maine yesterday afternoon caused a profound sensation. Senator Hale has heretofore refrained from giving expression to his convictions about our Philippine policy, although his friends have known that he has had little sympathy with his party's plan of holding the islands.

Senator Hale's view was expressed as an interruption of Senator Money's speech upon the Lodge Philippine tariff bill. The senator from Mississippi opened the debate upon that measure for the Democrats. At the beginning of the day's session Senator Carmack, in behalf of the minority of the committee on Philippines, introduced the minority report on the Lodge bill, which defines the Democratic position. The report has already been published in full.



Senator Money was also interrupted on one occasion by Senator Hoar of Massachusetts. Mr. Money had made the unchallenged statement that previous to the beginning of hostilities by our land forces in the Philippines the Filipinos had organized and were maintaining town and city governments throughout the archipelago which were conducted in such manner as to prove conclusively that they were capable of self government. Mr. Hoar recalled that Washington had said that a people who could organize and maintain town governments were capable of self government.

Mr. Money then made an extended speech in criticism of the government policy in the Philippines, declaring: "We are committed to it, I suppose, until we have a lucid interval and we are not likely soon to have that." He maintained that the United States in acquiring the islands and holding them had done one of the most foolish things ever done by a nation and he was afraid we would "not have sense enough to retrace our steps."

Mr. Hale here interrupted to say that the situation in the Philippines would grow worse.

Replying to a question of Mr. Hale as to what he would do with the islands Mr. Money said: "Let them go to the devil and take care of themselves as far as the American people are concerned."

GIRL SHOT DEAD IN BUGGY

Her Young Companion Also Has Wounds in the Head

Coffeen, Ill., Jan. 29—A horse and buggy stopped in front of a livery barn here last night without a driver. Investigation showed the buggy contained the dead body of Miss Gertrude Clifford, who lived near Donnellson, and Fred Brockman, unconscious and almost dead.

Brockman was restored to consciousness and put under arrest. The girl's death was caused by a bullet wound through the temple. Brockman had two bullet wounds in the head. It is doubtful whether he will live.

When asked about the affair he refused to say anything except that a letter would be found in the buggy to explain matters. The letter was found in his overcoat. Officers took charge of it and declined to make public its contents.

Miss Clifford was a member of a highly respected family near Donnellson and was about 20 years of age. Brockman is 20 years of age.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE

Postal Clerk Injured by Explosion While Stamping Package

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 29 — J. W. Martin, a post office clerk, was injured to-day by the explosion of nitro-glycerine or an infernal machine. While stamping letters and packages with the "received" stamp a package addressed to a local hardware house exploded.

Examination revealed on it the name of a New York smokeless powder concern. The interior of the parcel showed a tin box in which the explosive had been packed. The local hardware firm disclaims having ordered such a package or having been notified of its shipment.

Rheumatism is a Constitutional Disease

The pain and localized conditions are mere results of constitutional conditions. Poisoned blood sends its evil influence to various parts of the body, and to cure permanently you must treat it constitutionally. Nothing so completely dispels these poisons from the system as Ferrozone. It makes new blood. It imparts vitality and vigor, enabling the system to throw off the poisons that engender rheumatism. Ferrozone also fortifies the system against the weakening effects of rheumatism, and cures, not simply relieves as most medicines do. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

COLONIES TO BE REPRESENTED IN BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS

Resolutions Moved in Home Parliament to Reduce Irish Representation and Admit Members from Canada and Australia

London, Jan. 30.—In the Commons yesterday an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, moved by Louis Sinclair (Conservative) was debated. The amendment urged a redistribution of the electoral system, increasing the English and Scotch and reducing Irish representation, and admitting representatives of Canada, Australia, and other colonies.

Hon. A. J. Balfour opposed the amendment on behalf of the Government, on the ground that Parliament must dissolve after a redistribution bill is passed, and that the time is not now ripe to deal with the details of the subject.

James Bryce, (Liberal) protested against a redistribution of the Irish representation, as it would merely increase the discontent in Ireland without benefitting England.

Sir Charles Dilke declared the preponderance of opinion in Australia was against representation in the Imperial Parliament.

Edward Blake (Nationalist) suggested that the whole scheme for colonial representation was to be explained by a desire to compel the colonies to relieve the United Kingdom of a large share of the cost of the South African war.

The amendment was defeated.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Toronto, Jan. 27.—This morning a representative of The Star called on Warden Gilmour at the Central Prison, and requested an interview with Dr. Harbottle, who is serving one year for shooting at Herman Stewart in Burford on Nov. 29th last. The request was cordially granted, and the Warden led the way through the iron-gated doors and past the blue-coated guards.

Dr. Harbottle, a man well past the sunny side of life, stepped out of a little room in answer to his name. Clean-shaven, hair turning grey, thin, with the look of an ascetic, and a voice almost as gentle as a woman's—here was the doctor who in shooting at Stewart in the little town in Brant Country had become the subject for big heads in the newspapers, and a well advertised man in a day.

It will be remembered that Dr. Harbottle was accused of being a pro-Boer, and was subjected to so many persecutions by the villagers that his house was barricaded like a fortress, and his life in the village made a miserable one. The shot was the outcome of these persecutions, and the imprisonment, so the doctor's friends say, is the result of an attempt to clear the village of a gang of thugs.

"Are you a Boer sympathizer?"

In answer to this question, Dr. Harbottle, who is a Catholic, showed that his Catholicity was streaked with Presbyterianism, for he said: "I believe in predestination and foreordination. I believe that the Lord runs wars just the same as He runs the weather, and I took the result of the war just as I took the weather."

"You are a university man?"

"Yes; educated in this Province, and Hon. J. M. Gibson and I contested for the same scholarship in the same year."

Dr. Harbottle then related the story of his persecutions at length, prefacing it with the statement that he had a relative, Frank Harbottle, who went to the front with the second contingent, and that from his own home money had been sent for the widows and orphans in the British army.

Life has not been safe in Burford if Dr. Harbottle's story is true, and it is substantiated with the names in every case. He is by no means the only one who has been annoyed and insulted, outraged by violence or threats. He tells of a string of offences that would do justice to a western town in frontier days.

James Kerns' residence was visited by thugs, his windows broken, and his woodpile set on fire.

The residence of Daniel Dunn, a bailiff, was bombarded, and Dunn had to hide under a stairway to escape the missiles hurled in.

Dr. Chrysler's home was bombarded with stones, resulting in the hastening of the death of the doctor's wife.

Fred Pettit was shot at under cover of darkness.

As the result of a quarrel, one village tough shot at another.

Shots were frequently heard on the street after nightfall.

Even the clergymen were not exempt, and Rev. Albert Margarett's residence was rotten-egged, the fire wagon run over his lawn, and his sidewalk upset. The clergyman eventually resigned his charge.

These are the outrages that Dr. Harbottle says have taken place in Burford, apart from those to which he has been subjected.

"Murder is imminent in Burford." This is what Dr. Harbottle quotes one of the local authorities as saying when the outlawry was at its highest.

MAGISTRATES ACCUSED.

The doctor also makes the statement that once when culprits were charged with breaches of the peace similar to those mentioned, money was supplied for their defence by certain magistrates in the vicinity.

In relating his own persecution, Dr. Harbottle said, "They burst in my windows with military rifles, then fired in blank cartridges, which were supplied, I believe, by the military there. Then they put up a notice in the post-office that they had shelled my house from the Cornish House, and were waiting for more ammunition and supplies."

In explanation of his shooting at Stewart, Dr. Harbottle said: "I am a good shot, and Stewart would never have been touched if he had not dodged. At the nearness of range I could without trouble have shot him, but I merely wished to scare him and give my persecutors a lesson, and it was only because he dodged that the bullet struck him at all."

Dr. Harbottle, in speaking of efforts made to secure his release, said: "To be freed is not uppermost in my mind. I stand for the principle involved, and wanted to have the oppressed protected. I did not ask the people of Burford to give me their practice. All I wanted was to have them let me alone."

Dr. Harbottle is wearing the prison suit, and has the comparatively pleasant position of head nurse or prison surgeon's orderly, and his knowledge of medicine and men makes him quite a busy man.

New York, Jan. 28.—"The killing of men under the name of war," wrote Andrew Carnegie in a letter which was read at the P. F. Collier dinner at the Metropolitan Club last night "is the foulest blot upon humanity to-day. We see much discussion as to what is or what is not permissable under civilized warfare. My view is that this is a contradiction of terms. There can be no such thing as civilized warfare. We have made little progress in the path of genuine civilization as long as we can find no better substitute for the settling of international disputes than the brutal murder of one another. As a general proposition, it may be stated that the nation which refuses peaceful settlement is responsible for the war which ensues. Britain, having done this in its dispute with the Transvaal Republic, is responsible for the extermination of a brave and heroic Christian people.

"But let us remember that we are today engaged in shooting down Christian Filipinos whose only crime is that they believe in the declaration of independence. Sad that both branches of the so-called most highly civilized race should be guilty of the most uncivilized crimes. Let us all pray that this disgrace is soon to pass away."

A Splendid Chance

About 40 volumes of that great English publication, "The Field, the Country and the Gentleman," for sale at a bargain. A splendid chance to secure a magnificent library for a song. Apply at Times Bookstore.

WAR WITH GERMANY AFTER PRINCE'S VISIT

Poultney Bigelow Predicts a Struggle Between U. S. and Germany

DUE WHOLLY TO TRADE INVASION

Declares Our Commercial Dealings Are Calculated to Produce Friction at Any Time, Despite Evidences of Friendship

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 31 — Poultney Bigelow had interesting things to say to his friends at the Chicago Club tonight in regard to the American visit of Prince Henry of Prussia. It is Bigelow's opinion that the political influence of the Embassy will be infinitesimal and that before the shouts of acclaim quit ringing in the Prince's ears the Republic and the Empire will be at each other's throats in the struggle of a war.

"The political influence of Prince Henry's visit is not worth a snap," declared Bigelow. "We shall embrace him with effusion. We shall do everything that American hospitality dictates, we shall cheer him and we shall send him home with the happiest impressions of American personal life. And within six months we shall fight Germany just as gayly as we fought Spain. Before the Franco-Prussian war in 1870 this Emperor's father was the honored guest of Louis Napoleon in Paris and the personal relations were of the most friendly character.

"But wars are not made or unmade by such things as personal visits. Our official relations with the German Empire are good, but it is merely on the surface. Our commercial dealings are calculated to produce friction at any time.

"The German aristocracy is an aristocracy of landlords who cordially hate every article of commerce with which the name America is identified. There is not a single export from the United States that does not compete with the product of a German aristocrat who has much to say about peace and war.

"The German aristocrat realizes that America has invaded Europe for the purpose of dominating its markets, and he is just ignorant and conceited enough to think he can improve things by fight. Germany wastes no sentiment in diplomacy. The only safe policy for America to-day is a steady reduction of our Custom House tariffs to show the world that we believe commerce should be reciprocal; that we are willing to buy as well as sell."

"I suppose I shall get myself disliked for this," said Bigelow, "but it does not matter. I want to say that, despite the futility of Prince Henry's visit, it is the most important embassy since Lafayette came from France. It is the first time in history that we have been treated as equals by Germany—mark you—the first time in history. They are beginning to realize our importance.

"We should make a brave show of our army and navy for Prince Henry, so as to impress him with our power. Keep the Shafters and the Algers in the background; they are political incompetents and of no use on earth. Let him see the real soldiers and sailors of our army and navy."

Bigelow, who as a youngster was a playmate and schoolfellow of Emperor William and his brother, praised Prince Henry's characteristics warmly. He added:

"The Emperor is the German Roosevelt—agressive and impulsive, whereas his brother is more inclined to the quiet and domestic. One would never suspect that he had any more pretense to official destination than the average intelligent, well-educated young man."

WE'LL ALL BE CRAZY

Detroit Doctor Says the World Will Be a Lunatic Asylum

Detroit, Jan. 29—Dr. R. B. Hoyt, a former member of the Board of Education, has gathered statistics which convince him that at the present rate of increase of insanity the population of this country will be mad in two hundred and sixty years.

"Within the last fifty years," he said," the number of insane persons and fools has increased 300 per cent. That means if the increase continues that the entire population of this country within 260 years will have gone insane or become foolish."

TESL CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

High Frequency Currents Used at the Brompton Hospital

London, Jan. 29—Dr. Symes-Thompson, consulting physician at the Hospital for Consumption, Brompton, in a lecture delivered here, spoke hopefully of the experiments which are being carried on at the hospital in the treatment of phthisis by means of Tesla's high frequency currents and the injection into the veins of a chemical substance that is fatal to the bacilli.

He quoted statistics showing that the deaths from tubercular maladies in London had decreased 55 per cent. in forty years, and predicted that such diseases would be extinct within a century.

Special From Norwich, Ont.

The recovery of Mr. Norman Batty Hardware Merchant, one of Norwich's oldest and most successful citizens, has excited much comment. For years Mr. Batty has been an unceasing sufferer from Catarrhal Asthma, and although no end of time and money was spent relief was not obtained until Mr. Batty commenced Catarrhozone treatment, which perfectly cured him. This case is only equalled by that of Mrs. Bannon, wife of J. J. Bannon, druggist, who was also cured of Asthma and Hay Fever by Catarrhozone after 30 years' suffering. Fully a hundred persons in this town have been cured of catarrhal troubles by Catarrhozone, which is a remarkable proof of its value. Two months' treatment, price $1. Small size 25c. Sold by all druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

COUNTY COUNCIL

Standing Committees Struck and Appointments Made

The County Council were in session all day yesterday with Warden Eastland in the chair and all members present.

The minutes of the opening meeting were read and confirmed.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES

Mr. Pearce presented the report of the Committee appointed to strike the Standing committees as follows:—

The Committee appointed to strike the Standing committees for 1902, beg leave to report, recommending the following, viz:—

County Property,—Messrs. Casement, Crowe, Costello and Peck. Mr Peck to be Chairman.

Appointments to Office—Messrs Crowe, Anderson, Pearce, and Shaw. Mr. Shaw to be Chairman.

Roads and Bridges—Messrs Jeffs, Peck Crowe, Fitzgerald, Costello, Anderson, Casement, Pearce and Shaw. Mr. Anderson to be Chairman.

Schools—Messrs. Peck, Pearce, Fitzgerald, Anderson, Jeffs and Casement. Mr. Fitzgerald to be Chairman.

Petitions—Messrs. Anderson, Fitzgerald Crowe, Shaw, Jeffs and Costello. Mr Costello to be Chairman.

Printing—Messrs. Shaw, Anderson, Crowe, Costello and Jeffs. Dr. Jeffs to be Chairman.

Finance—Messrs. Jeffs, Peck, Fitzgerald, Crowe, Costello, Casement, Pearce Anderson and Shaw. Mr. Pearce to be Chairman.

Equalization and Assessment—Messrs. Jeffs, Peck, Pearce, Crowe, Costello, Fitzgerald, Casement, Anderson and Shaw. Mr. Casement to be Chairman.

Joint Committee—Messrs Crowe, Pearce Peck, Casement, Anderson, and Shaw be a committee to confer with the Town of Peterborough and adjoining Counties in all matters of joint interest. Mr. Crowe to be Chairman.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. B. PEARCE,
Chairman.

On motion of Mr. Pearce and Dr. Jeffs, the report was adopted.

APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Shaw, Chairman presented a report of the Committee on Appointments, as follows:—

The Committee on Appointments beg leave to report recommending as follows:—

1. That Mr. W. B. Ritchie be appointed Trustee of the Norwood High school.

2. That Messrs. E. A. Peck and R. C. Strickland be appointed members of the Board of Audit of Accounts in connection with the administration of justice.

3. That John E. Belcher, C.E., be reappointed County Engineer.

4. That Dr. William Caldwell be reappointed gaol surgeon at a yearly salary of $150, payable as formerly, the sum to cover all extras heretofore charged.

5. That Mr. Henderson Nesbitt be reappointed caretaker of the Court House at a yearly salary of $175, payable as formerly.

6 That Mr. Archibald Fulton be appointed caretaker for the Gannon Narrow Ferry, at a salary not to exceed $150, payable and under the same conditions and regulations under which the position has heretofore been held.

7. That Mr. Thomas Flood be appointed caretaker of the Pigeon Creek bridge at a yearly salary of $25, as formerly.

8. That Mr. John Jones be appointed caretaker of the Buckhorn bridge at a yearly salary of $5.

9. That the nomination of a student by this Council to the Guelph Agricultural College be left in the hands of the Warden, with power to act.

10. That the Warden and Messrs. Casement and Peck be representatives of this county on the Board of Management of the Peterborough Historical Society.

11. That Mr. Edward Young be appointed caretaker of the Young's Point bridge at a yearly salary of $5.

12. That Mr. William Lockington be appointed caretaker of the Nassau bridge at a yearly salary of $5.

13. That Mr. Wm. O'Leary be appointed caretaker of the Chemong Lake bridge his salary and duties to be fixed by the Road and Bridge Committee.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

R. SHAW,
Chairman.

Messrs. Shaw and Crowe moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. Fitzgerald moved in amendment that the report be referred back and Wm. Whelan's name inserted as caretaker of Gannon's Narrow's Ferry instead of Arch Fulton.

The amendment was lost, but the report was referred to the Committee of the Whole in order to allow the names of the nominating officers for the next elections to be added.

NOMINATING OFFICERS.

The Council then went into committee to consider the appointment of nominating officers. The result was that a clause appointing the following was added to the report:—

Division No. 1—James Drummond, Otonabee.

Division No. 2—Geo. W. Bennett, North Monaghan.

Division No. 3—J. W. Ratcliff, Chandos.

Division No. 4—Jas. Calder, Norwood.

Division No. 5—Francis Moher, Douro.

TOWNSHIP TREASURERS.

Statements were read from the treasurers of Lakefield, Douro, Otonabee Town of Peterborough, and Northumberland and Durham giving the monies paid by those municipalities to the County during the year.

Mr. Pearce pointed out that all treasurers of municipalities paying money to the County should have had statements before the Council.

Mr. Casement moved that the County Treasurer communicate with those municipalities that have failed to comply with the law in this regard and that those still neglecting be proceeded against.—Carried.

Continued in to-morrows issue.

A Sick Stomach

is always relieved, and its unpleasant consequences averted by taking thirty drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. It instantly relieves the nausea and by its soothing and stimulating powers, calms the stomach and enables it to complete the process of digestion. Nerviline has been proved more than a million times the best remedy for stomach and bowel troubles. Nerviline will cure you. 25c.

—Mr. Whiten requests us to state that if there are any of the royal chorus that have not had their photos taken yet they must come at once or they will be too late to be in the group.

MURDERERS SHOOT THE GUARDS AND ESCAPE

Biddle Brothers at Liberty in Pittsburg---Had Aid from Persons Outside

SAID 10 HAVE BEEN AIDED BY WARDEN'S WIFE

Prisoners Provided With Saws and Revolvers—Guard Hurled Over Railing to Stone Floor Beneath

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 30.—Edward and John Biddle, awaiting execution in the county jail for the murder of Grocer Thomas B. Kahney, of Mount Washington, overpowered the guards at four o'clock this morning, and escaped.

Both prisoners had been provided with saws, with which they cut the bars in their cells, and were ready at any moment to make an opening sufficiently large to pass through. The prisoners occupied adjoining cells on the second range. They had evidently been preparing for escape for some time, and had assistance from the outside, as both were armed with revolvers.

Shortly before four o'clock one of the Biddles called to Jas. McGeary, who had charge of the outside gates, and asked for some cramp medicines in a hurry, saying his brother was dangerously sick.

McGeary hastened to the cell with the medicine, when John Biddle sprang through the opening in the cell, and, seizing the guard around the waist, hurled him over the railing to the stone floor beneath, a distance of 16 feet.

Edward Biddle joined his brother immediately, and both, with drawn revolvers, hurried to the first floor, where they met Guard Reynolds, and shot him.

There were but three men on duty, and the third was on one of the upper ranges. He was ordered down at the point of the revolvers, and the three guards were put in the dungeon.

The keys were taken from Keeper McGeary, and the two desperate prisoners had a clear field. The only persons who witnessed the escape were prisoners, who could not interfere or give an alarm. The Biddles went to the wardrobe, where the guards keep their clothing, and each put on a new suit. They then unlocked the outside gates, and passed out into the street.

The escape was not discovered until the daylight guards came on duty at 6 o'clock. They were informed by prisoners where the night guards had been put, and they were soon released from the dungeon, and sent to the hospital.

The escape of the Biddles was subsequently explained in a statement issued by Warden Peter K. Soffel. The warden asserts that his wife is responsible for the furnishing of the revolvers and saws to the Biddles which enabled them to escape. In her infatuation for Edward Biddle, it is alleged, she has left her husband and her four children, and it is supposed is to meet the escaped convicts at a place agreed upon.

The story of the matter is brief. Mrs. Soffel was the only person admitted to the jail since last Sunday. Yesterday afternoon she visited them during the warden's absence. Last evening she retired at 9 o'clock. She told her husband that she was going to visit a sister at McDonald, and that she would retire early, so that she could get an early start. Warden Soffel was about the jail until after midnight. He retired to his own room, which is separate from Mrs. Soffel's shortly before 1 o'clock. When he awoke this morning he asked for Mrs. Soffel, and was informed that she was absent. Later, when the details of the escape became known, he telephoned to McDonald, and was informed that Mrs. Soffel was not there.

Warden Soffel immediately made a frank confession of his suspicions. Nothing suspicious was noticed in the actions of the two prisoners, nor was anything wrong discovered when the day guards went off duty yesterday afternoon. The murderers evidently sawed the bars during the night using what appears to have been soap to deaden the noise and to reduce friction.

The two guards injured will probably recover. The bullet wound sustained by Reynolds is not regarded as dangerous. The physicians have been unable to ascertain as yet the full extent of McGeary's wounds. His head is badly contused, but there are no signs that his skull was fractured by his sixteen-foot fall.

For several months preceding the Kahney murder, daring burglaries were of almost nightly occurrence. The police seemed powerless to prevent them. On the morning of April 12 last Mrs. Kahney was awakened by burglars, and called to her husband, a cripple, who was sleeping in an adjoining room with one of his children. As he entered the door of his wife's room he was shot dead. The burglars then fled. A few hours later, Detective Patrick Fitzgerald and two officers surprised the Biddle brothers at their home, but before they were captured, Fitzgerald was killed and Edward Biddle, who shot him, was dangerously wounded.

Walter Dorman, another of the gang, and two women, Jennie Rodine and Jennie Seebers, were also arrested. Dorman turned State's evidence, and the two Biddles were convicted of Kahney's murder, and sentenced to be hanged, John on the 14th of this month, and Edward on the 16th, but three days before the date set for John's execution they were respited until February 26th and 27th by Governor Stone, so that their cases could go before the Pardon Board at its coming meeting. Dorman, is still in jail awaiting sentence. The women were released.

The entire detective force is at work on the case, but up to ten o'clock there was no clue as to the direction the murderers had taken.

A Petition and Acceptance

To John E. Belcher, Esq., C. E.

Sir,—We earnestly request you to allow yourself to stand for election as one of the Water Commissioners for the town.

We feel that it would be of decided advantage to have one of the Commissioners an engineer, and especially with our system from its beginning.

(Signed)

Wm. Snowden, Thos. P. Attrill, H Long, R. A. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough; A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D.; H. LeBrun, W. Taylor, T. E. Boddy, President A. F. of L.; R. J. Munro, R. F. McGregor, W. Henry, and others.

To His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Wm. Henry, President A. F. of L.; H. Long, Wm. Snowden, W. Taylor, R. F. McGregor, R. J. Munro, H. LeBrun, T. E. Boddy, T. P. Attrill, A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D., and to my nominator and seconder, James Montgomery and R. [illegible], and others [illegible]

Gentlemen,—In view of your request I will accept nomination for the Waterworks Commissionership, and, as you suggest, will do what I can, if elected, in the way of placing my knowledge of the system and its workings at the service of the town.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN E. BELCHER.

A Good Number

An article on Marconi, a new serial and other note-worthy features, make the February Canadian Magazine decidedly attractive. M. O. Scott gives some information about Marconi's relations with the Canadian Government not before given to the public. From this it appears that Marconi will shortly return to Ottawa, after a consultation with his London backers. The article also indicates that the Ministers are vieing with each other to see who will have the credit of controlling the wireless telegraphy of the future. The new serial is entitled "The Four Feathers, and is by A. E. W. Mason, whose novels are well known, especially "Parson Kelly." Its scenes are laid in Ireland, London and the Soudan, and is mainly a military story. Professor Shortt writes of the Imperial problem and points out that the time is at hand when it may be necessary to defend the rights and liberties of the mother country from encroachments on the part of the colonies. The Hon. J. W. Longley traces Canada's religious development, and protests against assuming from the statistics of ecclesiasticism that religion has developed. Mr. Longley thinks people are not so devout and religious to-day as they were a century ago. Norman Patterson describes the famous tidal bore at Moncton; W. D. McBride has a profusely illustrated article on passenger coaches, past and present, and M. O. Scott writes of the changing aspect of Sable Island. The departments are as interesting as usual.

ONE ON THE BOYS

Mother Rather Got the Start of Them

Sometimes the mother plays a turn on the young people and greatly to their benefit. A young lady in Memphis, Tenn., Miss B. Dye of 222 Carroll Ave., comments in an interesting way about the harmless little deception her mother played upon one of the family during the summer.

She says, "Every member of our family could write a testimonial about Postum Food Coffee and what it has done for us. Father has really been made over since quitting coffee and using Postum, but I must tell you about brother.

When he came home from college last summer he was thin and looked dreadfully. We questioned him about his food and drink. He said he drank coffee, 'Of course I can't get along without a good cup of coffee three times a day.' Mother did not say anything to him, but made Postum for him just the same, and at the next meal he complimented her on the coffee. Several times he said, 'Now if I just had such coffee as this at school I could make better averages in my studies.'

So during the whole summer he drank Postum, thinking it was strong coffee, and we could all see, from day to day, how much he was improving in health. His complexion gradually cleared up, and he gained in every way. When he went back in the fall mother told him the secret she had kept for over three months, and put several packages of Postum in his trunk.

You may depend upon it, the lesson was one he will never forget. My younger brother quit coffee about a year ago and has been using Postum Food Coffee, and he has been built up from a regular invalid until he is now a fat, rosy-cheeked boy, full of life and fun. Just the other day he remarked he was getting along so much better in his studies than ever before and he wondered what caused the change. Mother remarked, 'It is Postum.'"

MODERATE INVESTMENTS

judiciously made in Stocks, grain, and cotton, yield larger profits than can be derived from utilizing the same amount in any other manner. Many people secure their maintenance solely in this manner. To do so successfully, one needs full information, a thorough understanding of the methods of trading, and complete knowledge of the security or commodity in which they are dealing. To supply these essentials, we have issued for free distribution a 400 page, cloth bound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

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Careful perusal of both, will enable anyone to invest money, keep the principal intact, and make it pay an income.

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Dividend-Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 31, 1902

MUNICIPAL BOOK KEEPING

The annual report of the Municipal Auditor in the Government service, Mr. J. B. Laing, shows that there has been a great change for the better in the case of municipal monies, and greater vigilance displayed in the audits since the new system was put into force. The report commences with the gratifying assurance that the improvement in municipal accounts throughout the province, to which attention was called in the report for last year, still continues, and it is further stated that there have been no losses of importance in the form of deficits of municipal treasurers to report for 1901. This seems as though a system, which will prevent the deficits and sometimes defaults of the past, has been successfully inaugurated. Regularity is now the order of the day, though the reports indicate that here and there during the past year a treasurer was occasionally found who did not make use of the account forms recommended by the Government, but such cases were rare and are getting more so year by year, but generally the municipal treasurers in Ontario used and appreciated the new forms of account because they tended to accuracy. One matter in connection with the municipal finances seems to need some greater care and attention. Sufficient attention, we are told, is not given by local auditors to the guarantees of municipal treasurers. The Provincial Auditor says, "there is reason to believe that these securities are in many cases worthless, being improperly drawn out, outclassed or expired by affluction of time." Many recommendations are made as to details which municipal officers will do well to attend to carefully.

GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT

A report has been issued by the Census Bureau at Washington, showing that there were in the United States in 1900 877 establishments, with an invested capital of $567,000,606, engaged in the manufacture of gas. This sum represents the value of land, buildings, machinery, tools, implements and the live capital utilized, but does not include the capital stock of any of the corporations. The value of the products was $75,716,693, to produce which involved an outlay of $4,773,569 for salaries of officials, clerks, etc.; $12,436,296 for wages, $14,709,[illegible] for miscellaneous expenses, including rent, taxes, etc., and $20,005,356 for materials used.

The report says that the modern tendency toward concentration of industrial enterprises is well exemplified in the gas industry, in which there is an increase, as compared with 1890, of only 18.2 per cent. in the number of establishments reporting, while the increase in the capital is 119.1 per cent. The average capital per establishment for 1900 was $646,622, as compared with $342,740 for 1890, the average capital in 1900 being nearly double that in 1890. The increase in the number of cubic feet of gas consumed is 82.7 per cent. The average product per establishment has risen from $40,217,670 cubic feet in 1890 to 76,630,402 cubic feet in 1900, an average increase of 85.4 per cent. per establishment. The reduction in price from $1.42 to $1.05 per cubic foot has caused the value of products to show a lower rate of increase, the $56,987,290 reported in 1890 increasing 32.9 per cent. to $75,716,693, produced in 1900.

The conclusion is warranted that, although the wider uses to which gas has been adopted have caused a striking increase of 82.7 per cent. during the decade in the number of feet consumed, the rapidly increasing use of electricity for lighting purposes has not only tended to prevent the erection of other gas plants, but has resulted in the dismantling of nearly fifty establishments during the decade.

The striking increase in capital (119.1 per cent.) is found, the report says, chiefly in the items of machinery, tools, implements and equipment, and is due to the constant demand for new equipment required to provide for increasing service. This also explains the fact that the percentage of increase in the value of products (32.9 per cent.) is so much smaller than the per cent. of increase in capital, another factor being the reduction in the price of gas during the past decade, which would reduce the percentage of increase in the value of products.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

A striking feature of the recent mu- where did you come from baby dea nicipal elections throughout Ontario has been the general interest taken in the question of municipal ownership. With few exceptions in the cities and larger towns the question has entered into the campaign in some form or other and has been almost in every case upheld by the ratepayers. There is a growing sentiment in favor of the municipalities controlling natural monopolies. This feeling can be traced to the gradual irritation and dissatisfaction which has been increasing under the exactions of corporations, backed by legislation of the Ontario Government discriminating against municipalities in favor of bodies that can put up for the machine fund.

In addition to the vote by Ottawa on the telephone question, the town of Milton carried a plebiscite to control the electric lighting system. W. F. Maclean's unexpectedly long run against Mayor Howland is attributed to the popularity of his municipal ownership platform.

DIAMOND DYES

HAVE GIVEN AN IMPETUS TO THE WORK OF HOME DYEING

The days of old fashioned home dyeing work passed away when the Diamond Dyes were given to the world. To-day, the operation of coloring — making old things look like new—is easy and quick work when the Diamond Dyes are used. All over this Canada of ours Diamond Dyes are known as money and time savers. They lead all other dyes in the world in strength, fulness, of color, brilliancy and fastness. Diamond Dyes are warranted never to fail when the simple directions are faithfully followed.

He Said "No."

THE great Young Men's Christian Association Convention recently held in Boston brought delegates from all parts of the world to testify to the value of the Christian religion as the highest rule of conduct for a practical life. It was natural, as the delegates met each other, for them to exchange vital experiences. The following was told by one who had traveled eight thousand miles to attend the meetings:

"My father was a rancher on a small scale in Australia. He had only a thousand sheep or so and a couple of square miles of run for pasture. He was an English emigrant of sturdy yeoman stock, and while the free life of a shepherd had taught him tolerance and kindness, he remained true in principle to the strict lessons of his early years.

"The nearest neighbor or station was ten miles away, but the ranchmen used to think nothing of riding twenty or forty miles to a centrally located farm on Saturdays to spend the night in carousal, and ride back on Sunday.

"The isolation was so depressing and the heat so exhausting that when the men came together once a week in this way, drinking and gambling seemed inevitable. In the kindled passion and excitement of these coarse pleasures they thought they might forget for a few hours the suffering and privation of their lot.

"At last it was my father's turn to entertain. He must invite the herders of the kraals and ranches within a radius of nearly fifty miles.

"'Boys,' he said to his two sons, my brother and myself, 'it's the parting of the ways. We either live as we have lived, simply, in the fear of God, minding our business, paying our debts if we can, saving our money if possible, and being cut by every man round here, or we fall into the ways of our neighbors, and drink and gamble ourselves into perdition. I am not going to break your mother's heart, and I say "No" even if they burn us down.'

"It was the critical moment of our lives. I could have fallen at my father's feet and worshipped him when he made that decision. He looked like a god—determined and invincible.

"So it came about that my brother and I divided the circuit between us, and I rode to the north and he to the south. To every ranchman this message went: 'Father invites you for Saturday and Sunday as usual. There will be no cards or liquor—only a quiet talk about old England and the welfare of the colony.'

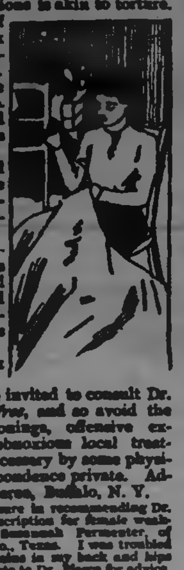
"We waited that Saturday afternoon with trembling, not expecting a single guest. But suddenly one rode up, and then another, and another, until the whole section was represented. There never had been so large a gathering. They came in curiosity and with respect.

"With mother opposite him, father said grace at table, and we boys saw tears flow down rugged cheeks. That night the men talked long about bushmen and rabbits and fences and drought, and how to stand by each other.

"The next morning, as he did every Sunday morning, father conducted prayers, this time before fifty of the roughest men I had ever seen assembled; and there was singing of hymns, broken here and there by sobs and tears. When they parted, my father, although a recent comer, was the acknowledged leader of the community.

"That section became the most prosperous section in all the country round. And I thought if Christian courage could accomplish that, it was good enough for me to live and die by. My father's 'No' was the one thing needed to save the community, and it saved it."

Sewing as a business is an exacting and exhausting occupation. Long hours, fine work, poor light, unhealthy atmosphere —these are only some of the things which fret the nerves and hurt the general health. Often there is a diseased condition of the womanly organism which causes backache or headache and the working of the sewing machine under such conditions is akin to torture.



Thousands of women who work have written grateful letters to Dr. R. V. Pierce, whose "Favorite Prescription" has cured their womanly ills and established their general health. "Favorite Prescription" establishes regularity, dries unhealthy and offensive drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*, and so avoid the indelicate questionings, offensive examinations and obnoxious local treatments deemed necessary by some physicians. All correspondence private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for female weakness," writes Mrs. Susannah Permenter, of Paola Store, Shelby Co., Texas. "I was troubled with bearing-down pains in my back and hips for six years, and wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice. I tried his 'Favorite Prescription' and six bottles cured me. I feel like a new person and I thank Dr. Pierce for my health. Life is a burden to any one without health. I have told great many of my friends about the great medicine I took."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

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Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

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"When the lights are out," he said; "when forever and a night the actor bids the stage farewell; when stripped of mask and tinsel, he goes home to that Auditor who set him his part; then perhaps he will be told what manner of man he is. The glass that now he dresses before tells him not; but he thinks a truer glass would show a shrunken figure."—"Audrey."

It is a miserable thing to linger on the threshold. The daring spirits pass across and close the door.—"Sister Teresa."

The devil possesses no one who does not desire him.—"Sister Teresa."

Men are born to hardship. It is the alloy which gives firmness to their metal.—"When the Land Was Young."

The ever-ever lee of a critical faculty is always dangerous, and by too much judging of port Benjamin ruined his career.—"The Seal of Silence."

Professional saints are very tiresome people. Amateur sinners are much more interesting.—"Casting of Nets."

To learn the worth of a man's religion, do business with him.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

Rules of grammar cannot give us a mastery of language, rules of rhetoric cannot make us eloquent, rules of conduct cannot make us good.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

A poet may be a good companion, but, so far as I know, he is even the worst of fathers.—"D'ri and I."

Altruism is a privilege rather than a duty.—"The Symphony of Life."

Heaven and hell are very real, but they are states of mind.—"The Symphony of Life."

When the law sets out to punish, it doesn't stop with the guilty only.—"The Manager of the B. and A."

They took his humor for flippancy because their own flippancy was devoid of humor.—"Men and Books."

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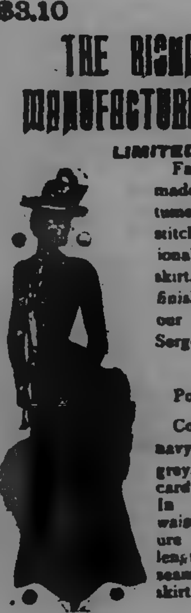

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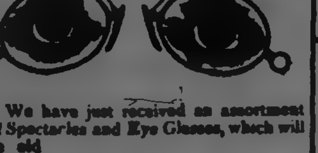

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HUSBAND AND FOE.

A NOVEL

"Katharine Smythe, indeed! On my word, Aunt Ellen, you are easily imposed upon. Pray have you seen the lady's marriage certificate, and does she stoop to the pretence of wearing a ring?"

"I have seen Katharine's eyes as she told me she was Gordon Smythe's lawful wife, a fact Mr. Smythe has taken great pains to impress upon every one since that wife has inherited a fortune, and that is enough for me, Barbara!"

Lady Drummond's voice was full of quiet contempt, and Lady Blanche's face wore a puzzled, pained expression.

"Eyes! Pooh! bah! The woman is an arrant humbug! Aunt Ellen, I am sorry for you!"

"And I for you, Barbara. I regret that any relative of mine should possess so mean a spirit; you should rejoice that one of your own sex has come out unscathed from the fire of shame and scandal. Katharine has been cruelly wronged! She did not tell me that, but I know it; I am certain of it! Some day the truth may be told, and then you, too, may learn how easy it is for us to judge others, and let our own faults slide."

Then, turning to Lady Blanche, Lady Drummond continued: "Mr. and Mrs. Smythe go down to-day to Charlton Abbey; the doctors have given him permission, and he will be carried there by the easiest means possible. Katharine has asked me, and I shall pay her a visit as early as I can. Let all the world side against her, I will still believe and respect her, for her father's sake first, and now for her own!"

CHAPTER XXVII.

The news of her strange inheritance seemed to Katharine like nothing but a wonderful dream. She could not believe her ears as she stood before Mr. Montrose, and learned that riches, and all that makes life luxurious had come to her.

"I have had some difficulty in finding you, my dear," Mr. Montrose had said, as the girl still stood speechless and amazed before him.

They were talking in a little room that led off the one where Gordon was lying. He could hear every word, and this sudden wealth was something more than marvelous and delightful to him.

Katharine was quick to notice the almost pained hesitation with which her father's old friend addressed her. Mr. Montrose called her by no name, thus proving that he already judged her as Gordon had intended she should be judged, and she could do nothing but submit to this. When the question of immediate ways and means had been entered into, Mr. Montrose was about to take his departure, when he was stopped by Gordon's voice, weak and low, calling him from the next room.

"I have heard all you have been saying," he muttered, with a gleam of his old sneer in his eyes and lips. "So— I am married to a rich woman, it seems! Aye," as both Katharine and Mr. Montrose started involuntarily, "we are married, sure enough, aren't we, Kattie?"

Katharine was silent for a moment. She found it difficult to stifle her contempt for this man who, now that she could give him riches, determined that she was worthy of the consideration which, as a woman, had been her due from the first; but the next moment a sense of great freedom came over her, and, lifting her eyes to Mr. Montrose, she said, very simply:

"I am his wife. I have been his wife from the first."

And then Gordon talked on excitedly about Charlton Abbey, and declared they should go there at once; he was strong enough to stand twenty journeys, and he was eager to be at home with his dear wife— his wife, who had been like an angel; had nursed him back from the grave; and so on till he grew exhausted.

Mr. Montrose, watching Katharine, saw her shiver involuntarily. There was much to be questioned— much to be known; but a glance at her face determined him to question nothing yet. It was sufficient that he knew her to be Gordon Smythe's legal wife; in time he might find out the truth of this strange affair— the meaning of Katharine's sad face— but not yet.

After that, it was all bustle and confusion to the girl. She seemed to live in a dream, out of which the meeting with Lady Drummond and her warm, affectionate manner rose gratefully. She was claimed on every side by lawyers, by doctors, and chiefly by Gordon, who, with cunning dread, feared lest she should slip away from him now by some chance.

It was not Katharine he doubted; he knew the power he had over her. But now that her position was changed, he feared that she might open her heart to her new friends and so escape him. His one desire, one idea, was to leave London and get away to Charlton Abbey, there to remain until his strength was fully returned.

The day came at last that was fixed for the journey. Lucy Smythe, whom Gordon had at length permitted to be informed of all that had happened, was in an agony of fear. All astonishment at the news of Katharine's wealth and the strange marriage had been swallowed up in the natural anxiety her mother's heart had undergone from the first moment. She had rushed up to be with her darling. She had no time to thought to devote to any one but Gordon; and if she had noticed Katharine's pale, changed face, it would only have seemed to her right and natural under the circumstances.

The presence of Lucy Smythe was a relief to poor Katharine, for apart from the terrible mental burden she had been called upon to endure, she was nearly worn out with her constant work in the sick room.

"I think I must go with you and nurse you a little," said Sister Dora gently, just as she was taking her departure.

Katharine smiled faintly.

"Come and stay with me, yes. But I need no nursing, dear; I am not ill."

The sister gave no reply, but a pang went through her heart as she gazed at the girl's face, that spoke all so clearly of the sickness within.

"Poor child!" she said to herself. "Poor child! Whatever power has linked you to that brute has killed your young life as easily as one can crush a flower. I would give much to see that shadow leave her, but while she is near her husband that can never be."

Katharine's first impression of her new home was not a pleasant one. The day was dark and gloomy, and the difficult and painful task of lifting the sick man from the special carriage in which he had traveled direct from London, gave a gruesome and saddened aspect to everything. All she was conscious of was a desire for rest, for solitude, for peace; the beauty, the magnificence of Charlton Abbey, its spacious grounds, its lofty walls, its luxurious appointments, all were lost on her. She walked into the quaint, old-fashioned hall in a set, mechanical fashion, returning the servants' greetings as in a dream. The look on her young face and in her beautiful eyes haunted Mr. Montrose for many and many a day afterward.

"What can be her secret? What can it be?" he mused with contracted brow, as he greeted her, having sacrificed a most particular appointment in London on purpose to do so.

He would have shrunk back aghast could he have guessed that the shadow that hung over her young head was one that would have changed the strongest and stoutest heart — the shadow of murder!

As she walked up the broad staircase, the memory of all her misery returned to the girl with a rush.

"This is mine, and yet what am I? The wife of a murderer; the wife of one who if known would be shunned and feared. It is a mockery. What right has this old house with my tainted life?"

Mr. Montrose alone understood and grasped something of the truth.

He took both her cold, small hands in his, when he went away the next morning.

"Now promise to send for me whenever you may need me, my dear," he said, gently, and with real affection in his voice. "Look on me not only as your trustee, but as your friend."

There were tears in Katharine's eyes as she thanked him, and she stood on the doorstep and waved her hand in farewell greeting, as he drove down the avenue, then she turned and moved indoors slowly, with her fingers clenched tightly together.

"Oh, daddie! daddie!" she moaned to herself. "If Heaven would only let you come and take me! I am so tired, so weary of living like this—so weary and worn!"

Lucy Smythe noticed that evening almost for the first time how ill the girl looked.

"You have worked too hard, my darling. You have worn yourself out. Ah! but you had something to make you work, Katharine —our dear one's life. It is not with every one that I would so gladly share my boy, Kattie, but you —you are worthy of him!"

Katharine listened to no more; with a smothered exclamation she turned hurriedly away and left the room, hurrying on till she reached her own apartment.

"It is this hypocrisy, this awful, horrible veil of hypocrisy that clings about me —that kills me!" she said passionately to herself. "Oh, to be free —to tear myself from it all — to end it all!"

Be patient, Katharine; be patient, brave spirit! Fate is stronger than man! There is a limit to human endurance, and your limit is at hand!

* * *

A week had passed since the arrival of the new owner at Charlton Abbey, a week in which Katharine had drifted each day more slowly, yet more gradually, into a dull, lethargic state which, had there been loving eager, watchful eyes to note, would have caused them much alarm and anxiety; but there was no one to observe her. She was mistress, sole and entire mistress, of this grand domain, yet she lived as utterly alone and uncared for as though she were the veriest outcast. As she faded and weakened, so Gordon Smythe flourished; under his mother's tender care, with the strong impetus of realising how pleasant life could be now, the sick man made wonderful progress; the excitement and natural increased feebleness as the results of the long journey wore off marvelously, and at the end of the week, to Lucy Smythe's great joy, there was a marked change in her darling's appearance and condition.

Gordon, however, was not satisfied with himself yet; he wanted to be quite well again. He never tired of cursing the ill fate that had stretched him on a sick bed at such a moment, when, for the first time, money and all its power was put into his grasp.

"And I will punish her! I have not done with her yet!" ran the venomed thought in his mind —always the same thought! —revenge on the girl who regarded him as so contemptible and miserable a thing, who had been crushed to earth by him; and yet whose spirit, whose noble nature he had not even touched. "Yes, I will be revenged on her; she shall learn what it is to despise me and refuse my love! I can always hurt her through that other — curse him! — and I will!"

Katharine had evinced neither surprise nor objection when she found that her new home was within so close a distance of Brexley Hall. The girl was really ill. This apathetic condition was the forerunner of a thorough break-up in the nervous system; she was becoming lost in the heavy lassitude and depression that grew worse and worse every day. Her life was spent in her room. Gordon had his mother and a regiment of servants to fulfil his smallest command, and Katharine was free to be alone with her thoughts. She never approached her husband, even for a moment, and this strange proceeding awakened great curiosity in the household, who could not understand the arrangement at all.

Gordon bit his lip savagely at this move; it looked to him like defiance, and roused his anger.

"Where is Katharine?" he asked his mother shortly, one morning. "Send her to me; I want her."

"Katharine is not at all well, my darling," was Lucy Smythe's reply, given quickly; "indeed, I am most anxious about her, Gordon. I have intended speaking to you for some time about her, but I did not like to worry you, my dearest one!"

Gordon's only reply to this was an oath, growled out curtly.

"She's all right; send her to me," he reiterated; and with a sigh that she could not repress, Mrs. Smythe obeyed.

Katharine was passing down the stairs when the message reached her. She paused for an instant, with one hand pressed to her aching brow, then, as if mechanically, she [illegible] into the room where Gordon was.

"You have come at last, have you!" he greeted her with a sneer.

To be continued.

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Kaiser as He Is.

RAY STANNARD BAKER, in a volume, "Seen in Germany," gives this picture of the Emperor William:

"He is a brown-faced man, the brown of wind and weather, of fierce riding on land and of a glaring sun on the sea. His face is thinner than one has pictured, and there is a hint of weariness about the eyes. His hair gives the impression of being thin, and his famous moustache is not so long nor so jauntily fierce as one has imagined. There is many a dry-goods clerk in Berlin who has out-Kaisered the Kaiser in growing a moustache. But, owing to the sin of retouching, there is one thing that few of William's photographs show to advantage, and it is the most impressive characteristic of his face. And that is its singular sternness in repose. Square, iron jaws, thin, firm lips, a certain sharpness and leanness of visage, a penetrating eye, all speak of invincible determination, pride, dignity. Indeed, herein lies the force of personal majesty—for William, however much one may smile at his passion for royal display, has many of those splendid attributes of character which would make a man great in any sphere of life. It would be a large company of Germans, indeed, among whom one would fail to select him instinctively as the leader. A first impression, therefore, may thus be summed up: The Kaiser is less a great king than one has imagined, and more a great man. The longer one remains in Germany, and the more he learns of William and his extraordinary activities, the deeper grows this impression. We Americans have never quite overcome our first prejudices against the Kaiser, bred during the early days of his reign, when the mantle of royalty—and the Hohenzollern mantle at that—was new to his shoulders, and he said and did strange things; but in Europe—where they have grown accustomed to his vagaries, now, indeed, much less pronounced in their manifestations, and have set them down as the expressions of a strong and original individuality—the Kaiser occupies a place of high and genuine esteem. An American who remains long in Germany feels this change in sentiment strongly, and, when the Kaiser passes, he raises his hat with all the others, not merely because this is royalty, but because it is character and strength of purpose."

As might be expected, the Kaiser is most popular in his capital:

"One, hearing a commotion on Unter den Linden, with a flash of white plumes in the distance, and the swift clatter of hoofs, may well crowd up to see. A pair of splendid horses, traveling like the wind, two richly uniformed men on the box, and the Kaiser, the Kaiserin, and another lady in the open carriage behind. You observe that the Kaiser sits with his back to the horses, giving the place of honor to his wife, for William has set the highest ideals in courtesy to women—the Anglo-Saxon ideals, which often form a strong contrast to the rougher Teutonic custom. He wears a glistening silver helmet, which he touches with military precision as the people on the streets shout and lift their hats. No cavalcade of guards accompany the carriage, and there is apparently no effort to guard the lives of its occupants, except in so far as they are protected by the terrific speed at which the horses are always driven. It is one of William's pleasures to show himself and his family frequently to his people, and the royal carriage may be seen at all hours in the streets of Berlin. The Kaiser's departure from the palace is always signaled by the fall of a flag, which serves as a notification to the people to prepare for his appearance among them. Nearly every afternoon he rides out, usually in uniform, with some of his staff-officers, galloping down the Linden and into the Thiergarten, where he often spends an hour in exercise."

Henley's Attack on Stevenson.

THE literary sensation in London is William E. Henley's onslaught, in the Christmas number of the "Pall Mall" magazine, upon the Stevenson worshippers. In tone it is not dissimilar from that of his attack on indiscriminate eulogists of Burns. As Stevenson's closest friend, he strips Stevenson's personality of the fantastic romance woven about it, and shows him to have been at times a vain, ungrateful, self-righteous, anxious egotist, possessed of abundant but imitative gifts. Even those who attempt to defend the justice of the criticism find that it lays Henley open to charges of disloyalty and bad taste. The London "Daily News" is emphatic in its protest. It says:

"We are not surprised that the literary world is scandalized. It is astonishing that any man of ordinary feeling should have written in such terms of a dead friend. One thing is made quite clear by the article. Stevenson has a genuine hold upon the affections of his countrymen, and that affection will last long after Mr. Henley's ill-judged screed is forgotten."

This view, however, is not shared by some who cannot be charged with jealousy of Stevenson. Just as Mr. Henley knew Stevenson best in his middle and Mr. Balfour in his later life, so Miss Eve Blantyre Simpson, the authoress of "Robert Louis Stevenson's Edinburgh Days," can speak of him as boy and youth. Miss Simpson states her view as follows:

"Mr. Henley has done a brave deed in his trenchant article on his friend 'Lewis.' He depicts him as he was before he began to pose as a famed man and was by preference the thorough-bred Bohemian. Mr. Henley recalls him to Edinburgh folk as he was and as the true Stevenson would have wished to be known."

Explained Too Much.

The caller explained his mission.

"It's a worthy cause," he said.

"It is, indeed," admitted the up-to-date merchant. "You may put our firm down for five hundred dollars."

"Good!" exclaimed the caller. "It's to be done very quietly and unostentatiously, of course. The money will be given in a lump sum from 'a few friends,' without any names whatever."

"No one will know who gives?" asked the merchant.

"No one," answered the caller.

"No list published?"

"None."

"Cross the name of our firm off."—Chicago "Post."

Anecdotal.

At North Berwick, near Edinburgh, the other day, a golfer whose ardor is greatly in advance of his skill got into difficulties at the second hole. Repeated "foozles" left his ball badly "cupped" on the brink of a bunker. He turned to his caddie in despair. Said he: "I've tried my brassie, and my cleek, and my mashie, and none of them will lift out that ball. What should you say I should take now?" "Sir," was the perfectly respectful and sympathetic response, "I wad mysel' be taking, were it just me mysel', the four-twenty train back to Edinburgh." And he did.

The English papers are full of apocryphal incidents, alleged to have taken place in Canada during the recent Royal visit. It is related, for instance, that a proud and touchy resident in the neighborhood of Perth declined to go to Ottawa to see the Duchess because, although he went to see the Prince of Wales in 1860, the Royal family had never returned his call. Less ceremonious was the Western alderman who, grasping the Duke's hand with firmness and effusion, exclaimed, "I met your old man here forty years ago."

A recently published story of the late Lord Morris, Chief Justice of Ireland, illustrates his scorn of red tape and petty details. A question had arisen as to the cost of heating the Irish law courts, and a consequential treasury official was sent over from London to Dublin on purpose to investigate the matter. When he introduced himself and explained his errand, Lord Morris smiled with suspicious blandness and said: "Certainly, I will put you in communication with the person immediately in charge of that department." Then he sent out a messenger, and presently there entered an old charwoman. Lord Morris arose and left the room, saying as he did so: "Mary, here is the young man to see about the coal."

Father Taylor, the sailors' friend, was a man who at all times spoke with an engaging frankness, which sometimes became more brusque than was desirable. A banker from the West End of Boston once visited Father Taylor's church during a fervid revival, and varied the usual character of the meeting by a rather pompous address. Its purport was that the merchant princes of Boston were a very beneficent set of men, whose wealth and enterprise gave employment to thousands of sailors, and that it was, above all, the duty of seamen to show their gratitude to the merchants. At the close of his speech the banker was somewhat taken aback when Father Taylor rose and asked, simply: "Is there any other sinner from up-town who would like to say a word?"

Not long ago a Western Kansas politician was asked by his wife to lay aside politics long enough one day to dig the potatoes in the garden. He consented, and, after digging for a few minutes, went into the house and said he had found a coin. He washed it off, and it proved to be a silver quarter. He put it in his jeans and went back to work. Presently he went to the house again and said he had found another coin. He washed the dirt off of it, and this time it was a silver half-dollar. He put it in his jeans. "I have worked pretty hard," said he to his wife; "I guess I'll take a short nap." When he awoke, he found that his wife had dug all the rest of the potatoes. But she found no coins. It then dawned upon her that she had been "worked."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

Smoking-Cars For Women.

SMOKING seems to be growing in favor among the fair sex, especially on the Continent. So apparent has this become of late that the railroad authorities of Belgium have been seriously considering the advisability of introducing cars in which only women shall be allowed to travel. What has particularly served to bring the matter before the officials' notice is an incident that happened a few weeks since, when a young woman entered one of the carriages on the Southern Railroad reserved for ladies, and in a few minutes after the train had started from Brussels lit a cigarette and began to smoke it. Whereupon the other women in the compartment became very indignant, threatening to complain to the guard as soon as the train stopped. "I am in a carriage reserved for ladies," observed the smoker, blandly, "and I am not aware of any law which prohibits ladies from smoking." When the train stopped, the guard was informed of the proceedings, but was loath to interfere, and the result was that when the woman smoker arrived at her destination, she consulted a lawyer, who has now by an action in court raised the interesting question: Should railroad companies be compelled to provide separate smoking cars for women who wish to smoke while they are traveling? Some of the companies, however, appear to have taken time by the forelock, for it is understood that arrangements have already been made on some of the Belgian railroads to provide smoking compartments exclusively for women addicted to the use of tobacco.

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"So Sure, So Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

For Sale

$375—House and Lot near Cordage Factory. $10 cash and $5 per month.

$500—Frame House and Good Garden. $25 cash and $6 per month.

$1100—7-Room Brick, Centre of Work. $50 cash and $10 per month.

Apply at once,

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Wide Awake

bird fanciers know that "COTTAMS" is the most nutritious food in all seasons—double the value of any other seed.

It is carefully prepared by an experienced fancier from selected and cleaned stock, in best proportions for health, song and brilliant plumage.

NOTICE of [illegible] Be sure "BART COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible]

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

All sexual complaints, especially private diseases—which have been improperly treated, sooner or later affect the kidneys and bladder.

Have you pain in the back, a dull feeling in the region of the bladder? At times your water comes freely, [illegible]

PAY WHEN CURED.

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. Read what one of my grateful patients [illegible]

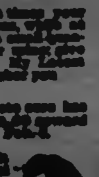
[illegible] F. LINDSEY

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT CURES

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG,

[illegible]



King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS

OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY.

3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.

4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 3[illegible] Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams LL. B

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. R. A. Peck R M Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 16 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 151 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, [illegible] Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and Decorations at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY [illegible] Park Place.

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. [illegible] U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, [illegible] Circular sent on request.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

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CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.

P. O. Box 876
'Phone 110

THE

Most Perfect Stove Made

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why! The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and so fastened to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for [illegible] hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Pr.
0	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 40 by 22 feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,

License Inspector West Peterborough

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. [illegible]

Address A. E. [illegible] Works, 5 [illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

CASH BARGAIN GROCERY

Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 290 - 388 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, JANUARY 31, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Peterborough Colts and Cobourg juniors play here to-night.

—The County Council were at work in committee yesterday.

—The candidates for Water Commissioners are getting in their work.

—The sidewalks are very slippery, and many people are nursing bruises as a result.

—Two tramps were remanded by the Magistrate yesterday, and are in gaol for a week.

—The roads in the country are very good—better, indeed, than many of the streets in town.

—There was a large amount of hay and wood on the market yesterday. Hay was selling at $10.50 per ton.

—Great preparations are being made for the non-coms. dance on Tuesday evening next.

—A great curio exists at Jackson Park—the small-pox tent—and is being photographed at a long range by a great many.

—The last of the series of dances by the Knickerbocker club will be held on Friday evening next in their rooms on Simcoe street.

—The 18-months-old child of Mrs. H. Lambert was badly scalded on Saturday last by the contents of a teapot accidently falling on the child.

—The banquet to Mr. J. M. Kilbourn will take place this evening at the Craig House, Lakefield. Quite a number are going from town.

—Hastings Star: "Mr. Dawson, of St. Paul's church choir, Peterborough, rendered 'Jesus, I am Resting,' very beautifully at the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening.

—Lent begins on the 12th of February. Easter will come towards the end of March, which is much earlier than for many years. A short winter is therefore to be expected.

—Mr. Crocker, of the Central Y.M. C.A., Toronto, will address the men's meeting on Sunday afternoon at 4.15, on the theme, "A Man Complete." In the evening a review of the proceedings of the late convention will be given.

—After the general Wednesday evening service in the Charlotte Street church, the following members were elected as society representatives to the quarterly official board for the ensuing year: Messrs. J. C. Elliot, Geo. Minorgan, Jas. Foster, Jas. McCreary, G. J. Toovey, W. P. Adamson and A. W. Irwin.

Your vote and influence is respectfully solicited by T. F. MATTHEWS, Candidate for the office of Water Commissioner.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

The Band Concert

Lindsay Post: Owing to an unfortunate combination of events the attendance at the concert given last evening in the Academy of Music by the 57th Regiment Band of Peterboro was somewhat slim. It was assuredly not due in the smallest degree to lack of appreciation, as our citizens still remember with keen pleasure the fine concert given by the band last year, and those who were present last evening enjoyed a program that would reflect credit upon any concert band in the province. Bandmaster Gliddon has every reason to feel proud of his musicians.

Recruiting To-Day

Recruiting will be carried on to-day between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. at the drill shed by Sergt. Major J. O. Hagan, A.M.C. Kingston for the purpose of enlisting recruits for the garrison at Kingston. The Sergt-Major arrived in town last evening and leaves to-night for Lindsay. He is anxious to secure a number of first class men who are willing to enlist. The men will be paid to Kingston as soon as possible.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. M. Lundy has entered the local branch of the Bank of Toronto.

—Sergt.-Major O'Hagan, A. M. C., Kingston, is in town and gave The Times a call.

—Mr. G. S. Leonard, of the local branch of the Bank of Toronto has been transferred to the London branch.

—Mr. John Tapson, of Bowmanville, expert piano tuner, has been engaged by the Stanley Piano Co., of town.

—Mrs. C. B. McAllister was chaperon to a large party of young folks who attended the hockey match at Cobourg last night.

—Mr. E. W. A. O'Dell, agent of the Boot and Shoe Makers' Union, is in town, advocating among the merchants a more exclusive trade in union made boots and shoes.

—Mr. George H. Brown, of Chemong Park Hotel, passed through town for home yesterday morning, after having visited his mother in Port Hope for a day.

—Mr. R. T. Hill, of Hall's Bridge, was in town yesterday, and dropped in to see The Times. He is one of our most esteemed subscribers in his section, and is always a welcome visitor to our sanctum.

—Mr. G. Milne Hamilton, of the Peter Hamilton Co., left yesterday to assume his position with the Lake Superior Power Co. Mr. Hamilton's many friends in town will be pleased to hear of his success in his very important position.

Officers Installed

At the last meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees the following officers were installed for the ensuing year.

R F McGregor	Past Com
T M Cobb	Com
H F Kidd	L Com
J Titterson	R K & F K
A Morrison	Chaplain
Dr McClelland	Phys
D Lough	Sergt
H Huffman	M A
W Marks	1st G
R Hopkins	2nd G
G Pigeon	Sent
J Hardwicke	Picket

The installing officer was J. Titterson, Senior Past Commander.

Mr. Mitchell's Upset

While Mr. Joseph Mitchell, the well known Hunter street tonsorial artist, was enjoying the luxury of a drive yesterday afternoon in Ashburnham, the cutter came in contact with a bank of snow and upset, standing "Joe" on his head in several feet of snow. He was with difficulty rescued, and put right side up again. Fortunately no injury was sustained either to the rig, horse or driver.

A MARVELOUS FOOD TRIUMPH

Malt Breakfast Food.

The Leader in Every Town and City

Professor W. M. Williams, M.D., of London, England, the greatest living scientist in the chemistry of foods, in "The Chemistry of Cookery," says, "By mixing malt with a cereal in proper proportions an excellent and easily digested food is obtained, and one which I strongly recommend for invalids as well as for strong people."

Malt Breakfast Food fully meets the views of the celebrated scientist. Being a partially cooked food it is predigested, has no insoluble starch to hamper digestion, it soothes and quiets the irritated stomach, braces the nerves, gives to the weak needed strength, and keeps well people strong and active from day to day. It is the leader in every town and city. At all grocers.

A SEVERE FALL

An Old Man Severely Hurt by a Fall in Front of Commercial Hotel

An old gentleman was walking down George street, yesterday at noon and when in front of the Commercial House he missed his footing on the large and dangerous pile of ice on the sidewalk and suffered a very severe fall one of his arms being badly bruised.

We think the authorities should see to the ice at that place, and if the water from the roof cannot be stopped from falling on the sidewalk, an effort should be made to have the ice removed. Every time the snow melts on the roof, a stream of water falls on the sidewalk and freezes there, making the ice. Some action should be taken in this matter, and probably save the town the trouble and expense of a lawsuit.

Sent to Mimico

Bertha Freeborn was taken away from gaol yesterday to the Mimico Industrial School, where she will have an opportunity of earning her livelihood, and of being properly cared for at the same time. Mr. Stratton sent the bailiff for her. To the King's Daughters this happy release from gaol is due, and it speaks highly for their efficiency and grasp of the situation that, they have been able to accomplish so much where others either have failed or neglected to make an effort.

CARNEGIE OFFERS $10,000

Town of Lindsay is Offered $10,000 for a Free Library

Andrew Carnegie, the great philanthropist, has offered the town of Lindsay $10,000 for a free public library, on condition that a free site be given and a guarantee of $1,000 be given to maintain the library.

We understand that almost any town can have money under similar terms and for similar purposes from Mr. Carnegie, but many hesitate to tie themselves up in such a way.

Well Fed

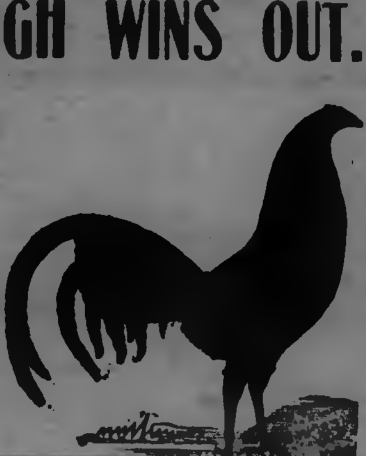
Well Bred

You can pick

a steady user of

Grape-Nuts

PETERBOROUGH WINS OUT.



At Cobourg Last Night in a Closely Contested Game With Port Hope

ABOUT 500 PEOPLE ACCOMPANY BOYS

The Game Was Witnessed by About 2,000 People—700 from Port Hope

We win! Hurrah!! The game of the season—the game which has for a week filled every person with a consuming anxiety as to the result—was played on the Cobourg ice last night between the hockey teams of Port Hope and Peterborough. To say that every citizen manifested a hearty interest in the outcome of the match is putting the matter to mildly. This was evidenced by the fact that about 500 people went to Cobourg to see the game, and to cheer the boys on to victory. In addition to a large number who left on the noon train, five coach loads of people left by special train in the evening. At Millbrook, nearly 100 were added to the number. If there has existed in the minds of any a doubt as to the respective abilities of the teams, the score last night on a strange rink, following the game of last week, should serve to banish it.

The teams lined up as follows:

ONTARIOS		PETERBORO.
R. Mercer	GOAL	B. Wasson
A. Bourne	POINT	R M Glover
Sutherland	COVER POINT	H Armstrong
	FORWARDS	
W McMillan,		F. Whitcroft
C Boney		H. Morgan
C Coleman		C Graham
W Laurenceson.		R Armstrong

In the first half the game was very fast and exciting, and both teams played good clean hockey. The score at half time was 3-0 in favor of Peterborough.

In the second half, some of the Ontarios, particularly Coleman, one of the forwards, showed a tendency to play rough, and Harold Armstrong and Whitcroft were badly injured. Port Hope succeeded in scoring three goals in the last half, while Peterborough only scored one, making the score at full time 4-3 in favor of Peterborough.

NOTES.

—The referee was very impartial, but did not see some of the rough plays.

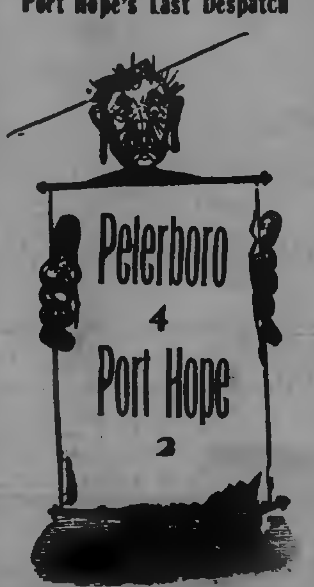
—The feature of the game was Harold Armstrong's rushes.

—The gate receipts at the Cobourg rink were about $1,000.

—There was considerable betting done, and it is estimated that about $1,500 changed hands as a result of the game.

—Roy Armstrong, for a junior, played a good game, and shows great promise as a stick handler.

Port Hope's Last Despatch



—Graham was very effective in stopping rushes, while Harold Armstrong proved a veritable war horse at breaking up the combination work of the Ontarios.

—Quite a contingent of the fair sex accompanied the boys to Cobourg and helped to cheer them on to victory.

—The rink at Cobourg was so crowded that many could not get in at all, and many who did get in were unable to see the greatest part of the game. A great number of people were perched on the rafters, and from that point of vantage yelled and hooted to the full extent of their lungs.

—While the crowd was coming out of the rink, one of the galleries gave way, and caused considerable excitement. Nobody was injured, however.

NORWOOD AND APSLEY RAILWAY TO BE BUILT

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS MEET AND MAKE ARRANGEMENTS

$10,000 Subscribed and $1000 Paid—Hopeful Feeling That the Road will be Built—$171,000 in Government Subsidies

A meeting of the provisional directors of the Norwood and Apsley Railway was held in Norwood on Saturday last, 25th instant, for the purpose of opening stock books and placing the company on a business footing. There were present: Messrs J. B. Pearce, President; W. E. Roxborough, Sec.-Treas; J. W. Ratcliffe, Chandos; T. G. Eastland, Wm. Gallen, Apsley; Dr. Jeff, Havelock; J. Andrews, Asphodel; John Sexsmith, Belmont; J. Finlay, Norwood, and others.

After the last minutes of the last meeting had been read and approved, the President stated that it was necessary, under the charter, to organize permanently. In order to do this stock books must be opened and stock subscribed. He went on to say that already 100 shares at $100 each had been taken up, which represented $10,000, ten per cent having been paid and deposited to the credit of the company in the bank at Norwood.

The stockholders will meet in about a month and elect a permanent board of directors.

The proposed road will begin at Norwood and run to Apsley, a distance of 35 miles. It will cost about $12,000 per mile, or a total of $400,000. Of this sum the government subsidies amount to $171,000, leaving $229,000 to be raised from the sale of stock and bonds.

TO THE ELECTORS

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been requested by a large number of ratepayers to offer myself as a candidate for the position of Water Commissioner for the Town of Peterborough, I have consented to do so, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. If elected my policy will be to treat rich and poor alike, and regard the general welfare of the town in the careful and economical management of the water works.

WILLIAM FAIR

CARD TO ELECTORS

To the Electors of the Town of Peterborough;

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been urged by the numerous friends of Municipal Ownership to allow myself to be placed in nomination for one of the Water Commissioners, I have consented to be a Candidate. The grounds upon which they urge my election are, amongst others, that I am really the father of Municipal Ownership in this town, and have consistently fought the battle therefor throughout, and that at its incipient or experimental stage, such a one should be given the first opportunity to prove the feasibility of the scheme. They further urge that my record has been free from all cliques and other corrupting influences, and that I will stand up fearlessly for the rights of all alike, without fear, favour or affection. It is needless to say that if elected I will do my utmost to carry out the most sanguine expectations of my numerous friends and water consumers generally. Respectfully asking you one and all for your vote and influence, I am, ladies and gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

GEORGE BALL.

Do Not Try To Cure Effects

WISDOM DIRECTS YOU TO USE

Paine's Celery Compound

TO GET RID OF THE CAUSE OF YOUR SICKNESS

To use medicine to cure effects instead of using Paine's Celery Compound to get rid of the cause, is great folly. Paine's Celery Compound will make you strong and well. All the while you are using it the nerves gain in power and strength, the digestive organs are fully toned, and lost health rapidly returns. It is folly to neglect what some call the insignificant ills, aches, pains and tired feelings that thousands of people experience at this time of the year. Paine's Celery Compound should be used at once to brace up the diseased nerves, purify the blood and fortify the system. Weak children, frail and weary women, and tired and broken-down men find a new and happy life after Paine's Celery Compound is used for a short time. Mrs. Laura Garland, Crawford street, Toronto, says:

"Your Paine's Celery Compound has most wonderfully improved my health. Before using it my appetite was poor—almost gone; I was also weak and debilitated, and suffered severely from pains in the head.

Paine's Celery Compound certainly does all that is claimed for it. I have recommended it to my friends, and they all speak highly of the results received from it; I wish Paine's Celery Compound the success it so richly deserves.".

To the Ratepayers the Town of Peterboro.

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been nominated for the position of Water Commissioner for the ensuing term I have consented to place my services at the disposal of the town if it is the wish of the ratepayers that I should do so.

As a director of the Peterboro Water Company during the past six years I may claim to have a pretty thorough knowledge of the system and methods which have placed the Company on a sound financial basis. The experience thus gained will, I believe, enable me to discharge the duties of the office to your satisfaction. It is not my intention to canvass for votes, but if elected will cheerfully devote my best energies to making the system serve the best interests of the municipality. Yours truly,

W. H. HILL

Peterborough, Jan. 29, 1902

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—

The LARGEST Ever Made to the Canadian Public

++++++++++++++++++++++++++

An Automobile Worth $2,000 Will be given Free

On June 1st, 1902—to the Person who will come the Nearest to the Exact Number of Coupons we Will Receive.

++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

Are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billiousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DISPEPSIA AND HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

Money Refunded if You are Not Satisfied.

Remember It costs nothing to guess, and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000.00 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILL BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up-to-date merchants, at the standard price, 50c a box or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us: We will mail them to you postage prepaid on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., Que.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received....................coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County....................................

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅝	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¾	Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4⅝
Bantjes	7⅝	1 1 16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅝	1⅝
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅝	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅝	8⅝	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅝	⅝	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5 16
Crown Reef	12⅝	16⅝	New Rietfontein	6¾	2 3 16
De Beers	32⅝	42¾	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15 16	6⅝	Randfontein	4⅝	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅝	8¾	Randfontein Porges	3⅝	2⅝
Ferreira	22	22¾	" Robinson	2 7 16	1 9 16
Goch (new)	3⅝	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1 8	3⅝
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅝	7¾	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅝	2 5 16	Sheba	2⅝	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7 16	Simmer & Jack	8¾	7⅝
Herriott	12⅝	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅝	1⅝
Johnies	6⅝	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8⅝	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅝	Van Ryn	11	3¾
Jumpers	8⅝	5⅝	Vogelstruis	6⅝	1¾
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾	Wolhuter	12	5⅝
Kimberly Roodeport	4¾	1¾	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¾	8 3 16			

Orders filled for any South African shares either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations Write for our booklet.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

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FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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Help Wanted.

TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTED at once. Apply at Snowdon House.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 864, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterborough Light & Power Co.

LIMITED

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,

QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

GRAND TRUNK

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

Rheumatic Joints.—Mrs. George Smith, 6a Charron street, Point St. Charles, Que., says: "Rheumatism in my joints caused me sufferings that words cannot describe how terrible. I took four bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure and am a well woman. I have recommended it to others with as good results. Think the treatment nothing short of a wonder."—80

Sold by R. H. Simpson.

FEBRUARY

1902

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 27 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY FEBRUARY 1 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

HOW JAMES BRYCE PREDICTS WAR DEFEAT

The British Parliament Says England Will Lose South Africa

HIS STATEMENTS ARE NOT ENTERTAINED

The War Will be Prosecuted Until the End—British Supremacy in South Africa Must be Maintained

London, Feb. 1—The anti-British papers published the following:

When a man of international reputation like the Right Hon. James Bryce predicts the "probable loss of South Africa to Britain," it may be realized how seriously the carrying out of the British policy is regarded by responsible statesmen. Mr. Bryce was asked to participate in a movement to raise money here to endow a chair of history in a South African college. He wrote in reply:

It seems almost a mockery in the frightful state of things in South Africa, with martial law everywhere, all interest in education paralyzed, the people unable to move from place to place, an intensity of passion aroused which threatens bitterness for generations to come, and the probable loss of South Africa to Britain, to go on the platform with smooth generalities about history—a history which has not saved us from repeating the blunders of 1775—and the dulcet notes of peace where there is no peace."

W. H. Lecky, M.P., the eminent historian, whose only indication of his view on the war has been his expression of approval of the arbitration petition, replied with thinly veiled irony to the same invitation:

"It shows no small courage to start such a scheme amid all the present troubles of South Africa. I sincerely hope you may find support among the many rich men in London who have made their fortunes in South Africa."

But the scheme is being proceeded with as a part of the elaborate pretense that settled conditions are now beginning to prevail in South Africa, though it is admitted that even if the war should end to-morrow the resuming of representative government in Cape Colony must be postponed indefinitely, while the British power can only be preserved in the "annexed" republics by a permanent garrison of a hundred thousand men.

The British Government is to have a free hand for its war policy at this session of parliament, just as it had at the last.

The prospect of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman leading a united opposition on anti-jingo lines has been shattered by the developments of the debate on the war amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne. That amendment, halting and self-contradictory in terms, consolidated the centre section of the Liberal party, but failed to conciliate the moving spirits of Liberal-Imperialism or the anti-war wings. So the Government is left master of the Parliamentary situation. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman can do nothing positive without being deserted and attacked by one or the other of the dissident forces.

The teeth of the opposition have been drawn already, and even its bark is silenced.

The Ministerialists, except a few who have been in South Africa and appreciate the situation there, are for remorselessly grinding the Boers under the British heel. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's diplomatic pretenses of magnanimity to the Boers were received by his followers in sullen silence, while every reference to rigorous measures was cheered with an enthusiasm proportionate to its ruthlessness.

The practical acquiescence of the civilized world in a continuation of this war of conquest and extermination gives the British Government unfettered liberty to pursue it to any end it chooses, and that opportunity is to be fully availed of.

London, Feb. 1—The Post, replying to above says that there is not much stock taken in what Bryce or the subsidized Boer press of London says regarding the war. So far as Britain meeting defeat is concerned, there is every reason to believe that the conclusion of the war and complete triumph of British arms is close at hand.

FRENCH HAS DISPERSED FOUCHE'S COMMANDO

Lord Kitchener Reports That Colonel Du Moulin Was Attacked by Niewhoudt's Command and Boers were Repulsed

London, Jan. 31.—Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Pretoria, dated Thursday, January 30, reports that the camp of Colonel L. E. Du Moulin, of the Sussex Regiment, was attacked by Niewhoudt's command, and that after severe fighting the Boers were repulsed.

Lord Kitchener also reports that Gen. French captured twenty-six men belonging to Fouche's command in the north-eastern part of Cape Colony, and that the command was completely scattered.

A London despatch to the Associated Press yesterday, said that the War Office casualty list (issued yesterday) showed that in a hitherto unreported engagement at Abraham's Kraal, near Koffyfontein, Orange River Colony, January 29, Colonel Du Moulin, of the Sussex Regiment, and eight men, were killed, and seven men were wounded.

DENMARK CAREFUL NOW

Won't Approve Sale of West Indian Islands Until Congress Acts.

London, Jan. 31—A despatch to the Morning Post from Copenhagen states that the preliminary treaty for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States will not be submitted to Parliament until it is accepted by the American Congress, and a plebiscite of the islanders has been taken. The course is followed owing to the experience met with in 1867 when the United States Senate refused to ratify the purchase of St. Thomas.

Consumption is Infectious

Every precaution should be taken to prevent its spread of the "White Plague." Persons coming into contact with consumptives should inhale Catarrhozone several times each day as it is a powerful destroyer of disease germs, and renders them innocuous. Catarrhozone is a most efficient preventive and may be thoroughly relied on to promote expectoration, soothe the cough and benefit in many ways too numerous to mention. Both from a medical and scientific point of view Catarrhozone is the most valuable addition to the armament against consumption. Its merit cannot be too warmly applauded. Sold at all druggists, two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c., or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

DRUNKENNESS AMONG MOTHERS

It is Growing Appallingly, Says Bishop Coleman of Delaware.

New Brunswick, N.J., Jan. 21—Bishop Leighton Coleman, of Delaware, said in an address here last night on "The Church Idea of Temperance," that there is to-day an appalling growth of drunkenness among women. He continued:

"A short while ago I addressed a meeting of leading society women in New York City, when I made that statement. It was proved that my statement was literally correct, so far as New York City is concerned. I am sorry to say that it appertains to women, and to mothers particularly, those who have the care and instruction of our future men and women. It is a sad outlook when mothers are not living in soberness and chastity."

Came Here from Cornwall

The health authorities in town are very wide awake and yesterday a traveller named Hockins, who came here from Cornwall was corralled, and had to produce the necessary evidence that it was safe for him to be at large. Mr. Hockins had stopped at the Cornwall hotel where smallpox had broken out. He had been vaccinated and produced the doctor's certificate to that effect, and was allowed to go.

TO COLONIZE SOUTH AFRICA

British Subjects Now in America to Be Asked to Go There

Tacoma, Wash. Jan. 31—The Rev. I. N. Barr, for two years rector of the Episcopal church at Watcom, has gone to South Africa by way of London to arrange with Sir Alfred Milner for what he says will be one of the most extensive colonization schemes ever attempted by the British Government. He says:

"The British Government has come to the conclusion that the only way by which the race prejudice in South Africa can be eradicated is by the sending into that country of a large number of British-born people, at present residing in parts of the world not under the British flag. To send in the people fresh from England or some of her colonies would only intensify the feeling and prolong the present miserable war.

"In America there are thousands of British-born subjects who still cherish a love for the British flag, and it is to those people that the authorities charged with a peaceful solution of the South African question turn. To induce them to leave their homes and seek new ones in this tropical country most liberal inducements will be offered in the way of grants of land, cattle, farming utinsils, etc.

"These colonists would receive the homes of the Boers which have been declared forfeited to the Crown, and also unoccupied lands. Houses will be built for them by the Government."

Mr. Barr will return in July prepared to give the details to the American farmers who are willing to emigrate. Barr has been President of the local British League. His only son was killed in battle by the Boers.

ELECTION ON MONDAY

Those Who May Vote for the New Water Commissioners

There appears to be some misunderstanding in the minds of many as to those who are entitled to vote for Water Commissioners. It should be understood that every ratepayer is entitled to vote on Monday, as in municipal elections. Only in the case of by-laws is the voting restricted to freeholders. Any person who is entitled to a vote at an election for Mayor or Councillors, has a vote on Monday. In the case of people having property in the different wards they can only vote once and that in the division in which they live. Each voter can choose two candidates and vote for them. Mr. T. E. Bradburn has retired from the contest. His card appears elsewhere.

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET

Tendered to President and Directors of the Lakefield Cement Co. Last Night

The complimentary banquet tendered by the citizens of Lakefield to Mr. J. M. Kilbourn, President, and the Directors of the Lakefield Cement Co. at the Craig house Lakefield, last night, was a grand success. The tables were laid in a most elaborate manner and were laden with a bounteous supply of good things. A large number of prominent citizens from town were present. A number of very complimentary addresses were delivered. The banquet was most successful, and great credit is due to the efforts of mine host Craig.

MR. H. E. BRADLEY'S TRIP

Attended the Convention of Custom Tailors of America, at Milwaukee

Mr. H. E. Bradley, of the firm of H. E. Bradley & Co., the proprietor of Peterborough's well known and popular custom tailor and gent's furnishing establishment has returned from Milwaukee where he attended the annual convention of the Custom Cutter's Association of America. The convention was held from Jan 20th to 24th and was attended by over 250 representative custom cutters of the United States and Canada. Of the 250 or more representatives in attendance there were fifteen custom cutters from the Dominion. Mr. Bradley being one of that number. The enterprise shown by this firm in being present at this very important convention is only characteristic of the energy displayed by them since Mr. Bradley assumed the management of the business.

At the convention, styles and methods of producing up-to-date styles of garments were cut drafted and fitted in the convention and criticism of their style and fitting points must have proved of great value to those present. Mr. H. Taylor, of Toronto, was elected president of the Association. The next convention will be held at St. Paul, Minn. Mr. Bradley speaks very highly of the hospitality extended by the citizens and merchant tailors of Milwaukee.

On Wednesday evening the visitors were entertained by an elaborate smoker at one of the leading clubs, and on Thursday, as an opera party attended one of the best theatres in the city. On Friday a dance at the Calumet Club, and on Thursday preceding they were entertained at the Schlitz palm gardens.

Mr. Bradley met several high-class tailors in Chicago, during a conversation, one of them remarked that the cheapest suit they turned out was $75. Of course there are reasons to explain for this, as for this, as instance rents in the city are very high, one custom tailor paying a yearly rental of $20,000.

The people of Peterborough will surely appreciate Mr. Bradley's progressive spirit in attending a convention that is attended by only a few of the most enterprising tailors of Canada.

Alive, Yet Half Dead

Feeling miserable. This is the condition of thousands of growing girls and women. Can't eat enough to be truly alive. Digest so little of what they do eat, as to scarcely know what life really means. Miserable Of course. Eat more, digest more, and feel streaming through life's renewed current, the buoyancy, the strength, the hopefulness of youth. Simply done if you'll just try Ferrozone, the wonderful blood maker, nerve, strength and brain vigor. Ormond & Walsh, Druggists, know all about it. Call and ask them about it.

A GOOD OUTLOOK IN PHILIPPINES

Peace Prospects in Archipelago Have Never Been Brighter

THE NATIVE POLICE AT WORK

Eighty-Two Military Posts Have Already Been Handed Handed Over to the Filipinos

Manila, Jan. 31.—The general outlook for pacification on the Archipelago, everywhere outside of the Island of Samar, has never been more favorable than at the present time since the original outbreak of the Filipino insurrection. The insurgents have been broken up into small bands and are everywhere fleeing for shelter. Daily they surrender, are captured or are killed.

The policy of reconcentration and the stern measure of closing the ports to commerce have accomplished everything expected of them. General Chaffee still hopes that by the end of February the island of Samar alone will remain non-pacific.

Those provinces bordering on the Provinces of Batangas and Laguna, in Southern Luzon, have been patrolled by the native constabulary, who have done excellent work, and who have received the commendation of General J. Franklin Bell, commanding in those provinces.

The members of the United States Philippine Commission are proud of this constabulary, which was organized following their suggestion, and the greatest care is exercised in the selection of officers for this force. During the past month eighty-two military posts have been handed over to the native constabulary.

BURLEIGH FALLS POWER

An Office Opened in Toronto, and Work Soon to Begin

The Central Ontario Power Company, Limited, having their head office at Peterboro', have opened a branch office in Toronto at No. 1 Toronto street, phone Main 3,212. The following gentlemen constitute the Board of Directors:—

President—James Kendry, M.P., President of Auburn Wollen Mills Company and Auburn Power Company, Peterboro'; First Vice-President—Edward T. Adams, M.D., Toronto; Second Vice-President—R. S. Hudson, Assistant General Manager Canada Permanent & Western Canada Mortgage Corporation; Director—Eugene Coste, M.E. late Chief of Dominion Government Geological Survey; Managing Director—J. Alex. Culverwell.

Mr. Culverwell states that work will begin to develop this fine power, which is amongst the most valuable in the Province.

HUNTSVILLE MAN ARRESTED

On a Charge of Obtaining Money Under False Pretences

William Greenstade was arrested yesterday morning by the police on the information contained in a letter from Huntsville. The man came here a short time ago from Huntsville, where, it is charged, he received money under false pretences. He has been working in the C. G. E. Works here for some time. An officer from Huntsville arrived in town last night and took the prisoner away with him this morning.

To Break up a Cold

all you require is a glass of hot water, a little sugar, and thirty drops of Polson's Nerviline. Take it real hot, and in the morning you will wake up without a cold. When depressed or tired, try Nerviline; it will tone you up better than stimulants. Nerviline wards off all sickness and keeps people well. Large bottles 25c.

Young People and the Church

To the Rev. Dr. Hamlin, pastor of the Church of the Covenant in Washington, belongs the credit of having solved the problem of keeping people in the church. Strange as it may seem, efforts hitherto have been devoted to providing spiritual and secular entertainment for the religious and the religiously inclined in buildings apart from the church, such as the Y M C A and the Y W C A. It is true that for a time the Endeavor and kindred societies did their playing at religion in the church buildings themselves, but the minds of the young men and women became filled with vanity and insubordination. They wished to run their own show, and it has been disastrous to the churches as a consequence. For a long time we have been of opinion that to counteract this separatist tendency, clubs should be got up in and about the churches, each after its kind, and we are glad to see that a well-known divine, having tired of playing to the young people's gallery, is advocating the adoption of the club plan. Failing a feeling of religious loyalty and enthusiasm in young people for the church of their nativity or adoption, it is necessary to resort to some such device, and the "club" device is the best we know of. The germ of the disease, however, lies in infidelity. No young man or woman, alive to the interests of his faith, will draw off for his or her own gratification and amusement from their own church. But further hardening of the heart has succeeded each appeal, and we shall be glad, as we have said, to find that the vanity of the young has ceased to trespass upon the integrity of the church.

How much better it would be if St. Paul's, the George Street Methodist and similar bodies had their own clubs and their own amusements instead of feeding rival corporations of avowedly similar aims. It is very stupid, but it is also extremely sad that things are as they are, and we shall await the outcome with some eagerness.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN CONNOLLY

One of the Oldest Settlers and Pioneers of Township of Ops

One of the oldest settlers and pioneers of the township of Ops died after a lingering illness on Tuesday last, in the person of Mr. John Connolly at the age of 75 years. Deceased was born at or near the village of Bailieboro, where his parents settled when they came to this country in the early part of the century. During his lifetime he took an active interest in public matters, having filled the position of Deputy Reeve and Reeve, for many years. When the County Council assembled in Peterborough, he was one of the members, and afterwards served in the Council of Victoria County. In 1878 he was chosen as Liberal candidate for the Dominion house and after a very stubborn fight was defeated.

When Mr. Connolly's illness became serious, the entire family were called to his bedside. It gave the father great consolation to have his family beside him during his last days. The family left to mourn the death of a kind and loving father are Nicholas, at home; Anastasia, at home; Mrs. P. J. Murphy, of Ops; Mrs. Henry O'Keefe, of Minto, N. D.; James Connolly, of Ops; Mrs. John O'Keefe, of North Dakota; William Connolly, Chief Clerk of Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, D.C.; Joseph Connolly, of Linden; Miss Nellie and Frank, who reside at home.

WE'LL ALL BE CRAZY

Detroit Doctor Says the World Will Be a Lunatic Asylum

Detroit, Jan. 29—Dr. R. B. Hoyt, a former member of the Board of Education, has gathered statistics which convince him that at the present rate of increase of insanity the population of this country will be mad in two hundred and sixty years.

"Within the last fifty years," he said," the number of insane persons and fools has increased 300 per cent. That means if the increase continues that the entire population of this country within 260 years will have gone insane or become foolish."

THOUGHT HE WAS CRAZY

How a Drummer Nearly Had the Life Frightened Out of Him.

A good story is told about a local barber (who requests the Times not to publish his name). It appears that he put up a job on a drummer, who was a guest at the Snowden House, and who was a practical joker himself.

There were two chairs in the shop, and when the drummer entered there was only one barber at work, and not another soul in the place.

The barber received him pleasantly and set to work at once. He was well lathered and the shaving had begun when the barber made a curious remark.

"I had a strange customer in the chair this morning," he said. "He had two sets of eyebrows. I told him about it and wanted to shave off the extra pair, but he wouldn't let me and acted as though he was frightened about it."

"That was strange," said the man in the chair, beginning to feel uneasy.

"Yes," went on the barber, as he waved his razor in graceful curves about the customer's chin, "it was rather queer. Then, a few minutes later, I noticed that both the boss and the man on the other chair had double sets of eyebrows, too. I told them about it. At first they laughed. I said I had worked here many moons and had never noticed those double eyebrows before. Then the boss said, 'Why, the man's crazy. Let's go and get the police.' Then they both ran out of the shop. That was just before you came in. Now, there isn't a thing the matter with me. I ain't crazy. Do you think I am? Do you notice anything queer about me?"

"Not a thing," said the man in the chair, as cold chills ran up and down his spinal column. "Not a thing in the world. Would you just as leave use cold water on my face?"

The barber went back to the washbasin and the half-shaved customer jumped out of the chair and grabbing his hat, rushed out into the street.

He hasn't been back since, and from the twinkle in the eye of the genial proprietor of the Snowden House when the drummer entered, a tall suspicion that the incident was a hoax, took possession of him.

PEACE PROPOSALS ARE STILL BEING DISCUSSED

Holland Wishes to Send Commission to Boers to Urge Them to Cease Fighting

GENERAL KITCHENER'S REPLY IS NOW AWAITED

Germany Anxious to Show She had no Hand in the Affair—Premier Kuyper Declines to Tell What He Wrote to England

London, Thursday, Jan. 30.—The inevitable guesses regarding the Dutch communication to Great Britain are multiplying. As all of them profess to be derived from "high authority" all are different, and it is difficult to regard any of them as worthy of notice. A Hague despatch to the Daily Mail professes to have the precise nature of the note. The kernel of this version is that the Netherlands ask Great Britain to allow a Dutch commission to go to South Africa, to enlighten the Boer leaders in the field as to the real state of affairs, including the hopelessness of European intervention, and the uselessness of prolonging the struggle. It is stated that the note informs Great Britain that the Dutch Government is in nowise authorized by the Boer leaders in Europe or South Africa to take this step, but appeals to its own initiative to be allowed on the ground of humanity to accomplish the mission. It is this, says the correspondent, that Great Britain is considering, and he believes that if General Kitchener does not object it will consent. General Kitchener's reply is now awaited.

ACCEPT GENEROUS AMNESTY.

London, Jan. 30.—The Central News Agency declares that it has excellent authority for stating that the Boer leaders have intimated through Dr. Van Kuyper, the Dutch Premier, their willingness to abandon their claim to independence as a sine qua non to any peace negotiations, but that they would accept an immediate and generous amnesty for all combatants in the war in place of their independence claim.

The St. James Gazette states that the communication from the Dutch Government was couched in very friendly and respectful language, and gave expression to the sincere sorrow with which the prolongation of hostilities is watched by the people of Holland, and of their desire to see peace speedily consummated. The Netherlands Government intimated that it would facilitate in every way possible a settlement between the belligerents. The document concluded by placing the services of Holland at the disposal of the British Government should the occasion arise in which the Dutch Government might act as friendly mediators.

The stock market developed general activity to-day on account of the peace rumors. Consols were 1-2 higher. Kaffirs were a leading feature of the opening. The volume of business was large, and the prices were about the same as at the close last night. Subsequently Kaffirs advanced 1-2. Home railroads and Americans have advanced from 1-2 to 1. A Paris despatch says there was a strong tendency early this morning to rush to the Bourse to speculate on Kaffirs.

The Premier, Lord Salisbury, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Lord Lansdowne, took the unusual course of visiting the House of Commons this afternoon. They held private consultations with their Ministerial colleagues in the committee-room. The incident aroused considerable interest in the lobby, where the visit was connected with the note of the Dutch Government on the subject of peace in South Africa.

TOOK THE INITIATIVE

Paris, Jan. 30.—The French papers all comment on the statement made by Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour in the British House of Commons yesterday in regard to the overtures for peace between Great Britain and the Boers. The Figaro asks whether Mr. Balfour's statement is not a manœuvre initiated with the object of bringing up the question of negotiations.

The Pappel finds Mr. Balfour's language very ambiguous, and suggests that the British are embarrassed by intervention. Great Britain, it says, would prefer to treat with Acting President Schalkburger, of the so-called Transvaal Government.

The Gaulois says Mr. Balfour's statement foreshadows a more important announcement. It indicates that the Dutch Government has discreetly intervened between the belligerents in order to facilitate a basis of agreement. The Boers, the paper says, want peace, but an honorable peace.

The Temps prints a despatch from Amsterdam, giving a two-column interview with a former Transvaal functionary on the latest peace rumors. He says a necessary condition of peace is the recall of Lord Milner. Then peace will be possible under the British Empire system and the establishment of a high court.

The Patrie publishes an interview with Dr. Leyds, European representative of the Transvaal, in which he affirmed that peace was only possible on one condition, which was well known to the English Government, thereby implying the independence of the South African Republics.

GERMAN ANXIOUS.

Berlin, Jan. 30.—The correspondent of The Mail and Empire is assured that the Government desires it to be understood that Germany is not cognizant of, and has no connection with, the Dutch communication to Great Britain in regard to a settlement of the war in South Africa. The German Government is even sceptical as to the importance of the contents of the note.

Most of the newspapers here express the opinion that further news as regards the attitude of the British Government on the Dutch proposals will be necessary before it can be decided whether the peace prospects are better than they were before.

DECLINES TO TELL.

The Hague, Jan. 30.—The Boer delegates state that they are absolutely ignorant of the contents of the Dutch note to Great Britain.

In the first Chamber of the States General to-day, the Premier, Dr. Kuyper, replying to a question on the subject, confirmed the accuracy of A. J. Balfour's statement in the British House of Commons yesterday, regarding the Dutch Government's offer to help in bringing about peace in South Africa. The Premier added that he was prevented, by courtesy, from disclosing any details concerning the note, so long as the British Government had not published its contents, or until a reply to it was received.

The Boer delegates disclaim any knowledge of the contents of the Dutch note to Great Britain.

Items of Interest

Boston, Mass., Feb. 1.—Secretary R. G. Preston, of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, has started for Washington to lay before George F. Hoar, senior senator from Massachusetts, petitions urging that a reciprocal trade arrangement between the United States and Canada be negotiated and ratified. The petitions have been endorsed by boards of trade of about forty cities and manufacturing towns, and have been signed by the leading business men of those places. In all more than 10,000 names are enrolled. Secretary Preston will present Senator Hoar a letter setting forth the position of those who favor reciprocity legislation.

Rome, Feb. 1. — The reorganization of the "Opera dei Congressi" is being completed on this side of the Alps. The second section is in process of formation favorable auspices and with select names—Toniolo, Medolago, Rezzara, Abbate Murri and so on, our friends of the vanguard, the Pope's Zouaves, our safest economists. Signor Toniolo stands for science, Count Medolago for the parent bloom of the democratic spirit, Signor Rezzara is the organizer; the Abbate Murri represents the Abbe Lemire. These are the representatives of the brilliant Guelph school, the picked troops of the church, the precious national reserve. At Rome the Abbate Murri has manag-

THE BAD CONDITION OF OUR SIDEWALKS

Sir,—I desire through the columns of your paper to draw the attention of the authorities to the very dangerous condition of some of our sidewalks. Since the soft weather and consequent thaw on Sunday last there have been a number of very dangerous places formed on the sidewalks in town. Yesterday I was walking down George street and in front of the Commercial hotel had great difficulty in keeping my feet. The snow on the roof had melted on Sunday and overflowed the eavetrough and run down the side of the building to the sidewalk, where it formed into ice. This bank of ice extends nearly half way across the walk and although many people have passed the place with great difficulty still nothing has been done to remove the danger. Yesterday an old gentleman suffered a very severe fall at this place. The next place I wish to draw the attention of the authorities to is the dangerous condition of the crossings since the recent heavy snow storm. These places are raised considerably higher than the street and are very narrow and dangerous. A few hours work by one man would make these places more passable. Hoping these places will be attended to by the authorities, and thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space, I remain

RATEPAYER

It Has Saved Thousands From The Grave

Paine's Celery Compound

Sickly children, weary women, and tired, brokendown men find in Paine's Celery Compound health, strength and happiness. For all the diseases which are really the result of weakened nerves, such as dyspepsia, head ache, sleeplessness, rheumatism and kidney and liver troubles, Paine's Celery Compound is the only remedy that absolutely cures. It has done more good for humanity than any other medical discovery of the past fifty years, and well deserves the hearty and grateful praise of the thousands whom it has snatched from the jaws of death.

Rev. John S. Michaud, Bishop of Burlington, Vt., one of the most prominent priests of the Roman Catholic Church in America, writes as follows: "I have been asked why I recommend Paine's Celery Compound, and I desire to put on record frankly my reasons for this endorsement, hoping that my words may inspire those readers who need health and strength with faith to try Paine's Celery Compound and prove to themselves its worth.

"At the Fanny Allen Hospital, an institution in which I am deeply interested, Paine's Celery Compound has been used successfully. The Sisters of Mercy at Mount St. Mary's Academy on Mansfield Ave., rely upon Paine's Celery Compound as a tonic and strengthener. In my own household one of the domestics has taken Paine's Celery Compound for liver trouble of long standing, and says, 'It has done more good than any other medicine.' Several priests have spoken to me in praise of this remedy, and I believe it has the confidence of my associates. Even did I not know from personal observation of the worth of Paine's Celery Compound, I should feel like praising it for the simple reason that it is prepared by the Wells & Richardson Co., a firm whose members I have known for nearly a quarter of a century, and in whom I have perfect confidence."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

MODERATE INVESTMENTS
Judiciously made in stocks, grain, and cotton, yield larger profits than can be derived from utilizing the same amount in any other manner. Many people secure their maintenance solely in this manner. To do so successfully, one needs full information, a thorough understanding of the methods of trading, and complete knowledge of the security or commodity in which they are dealing. To supply these essentials, we have issued for free distribution a 400 page, cloth bound, illustrated
"Guide to Investors"
also send gratis, each afternoon, our
"Daily Market Letter"
Careful perusal of both, will enable anyone to invest money, keep the principal intact, and make it pay an income.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."
[illegible] — The only licensed N. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.
W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES
Butchart & Watson
Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.
Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.
Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $2 per year payable in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 1, 1902

A GROWING INDUSTRY

The best sugar factories of Michigan have an aggregate capacity for handling 6,000 tons of beets per day, and during the year just ended 68,400 acres of beets were harvested, for which the growers received $3,167,-520. The average output of sugar per ton of beets at the Michigan factories is 219 pounds, which for the present season amounts to 125,496,000 pounds, or 62,748 tons, or 4,183 carloads of 15 tons each. This amount would make a solid train load of sugar 31.6 miles long. This amount is 75 per cent. of Michigan's yearly consumption of sugar. Its value at 4 1-2 cents per lb. is $5,647,320. Next year there will be 17 factories in the States, and it is expected that 800,000 tons of beets will be produced and converted into sugar. To produce 3,000,000 tons of beet sugar annually would require 600 plants each having a daily capacity of 500 tons of beets. These plants would represent the following investment and annual business: investment in plants, $300,000,000; working capital, $60,000,-000; acres of beets, 3,000,000; valuation of land growing the crop, $150,-000,000; tons of beets 27,000,000; tons of sugar, 3,000,000; value of beets, $125,000,000; annual payment roll for labor in factories, $42,000,000; tons of coal used annually, 5,540,000; tons of limerock used annually, 1,800,000; tons of coke used annually, 300,000; freight paid railroads annually $27,000,000; annual payment for bags and barrels, $6,000,000; farmers' families raising beets, 700,000; men employed in factories, 120,000, and 1,200,000 men employed raising beets during the season.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us. H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

CARNEGIE OFFERS $10,000

Town of Lindsay is Offered $10,000 for a Free Library

Andrew Carnegie, the great philanthropist, has offered the town of Lindsay $10,000 for a free public library, on condition that a free site be given and a guarantee of $1,000 be given to maintain the library.

We understand that almost any town can have similar under similar terms and for similar purposes from Mr. Carnegie, but many hesitate to tie themselves up in such a way.

Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and kindred ailments, take wings before the healing qualities of South American Nervine. Thomas Hoskins, of Durham, Ont., took his preacher's advice, followed directions, and was cured permanently of the worst form of Nervous Prostration and Dyspepsia. He has recommended it to others with gratifying results. It's a great nerve builder.—10
Sold by H. H. Edmison.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Wit and Wisdom From New Books.

"When the lights are out," he said; "when forever and a night the actor bids the stage farewell; when stripped of mask and tinsel, he goes home to that Auditor who set him his part; then perhaps he will be told what manner of man he is. The glass that now he dresses before tells him not; but he thinks a truer glass would show a shrunken figure."—"Audrey."

It is a miserable thing to linger on the threshold. The daring spirits pass across and close the door.—"Sister Teresa."

The devil possesses no one who does not desire him.—"Sister Teresa."

Men are born to hardship. It is the alloy which gives firmness to their metal.—"When the Land Was Young."

The ever-exercise of a critical faculty is always dangerous, and by too much judging of port Benjamin ruined his career.—"The Seal of Silence."

Professional saints are very tiresome people. Amateur sinners are much more interesting.—"Casting of Nets."

To learn the worth of a man's religion, do business with him.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

Rules of grammar cannot give us a mastery of language, rules of rhetoric cannot make us eloquent, rules of conduct cannot make us good.—"Aphorisms and Reflections."

A poet may be a good companion, but, so far as I know, he is even the worst of fathers.—"D'ri and I."

Altruism is a privilege rather than a duty.—"The Symphony of Life."

Heaven and hell are very real, but they are states of mind.—"The Symphony of Life."

When the law sets out to punish, it doesn't stop with the guilty only.—"The Manager of the B. and A."

They took his humor for flippancy because their own flippancy was devoid of humor.—"Men and Books."

The Up-to-Date Undertaker.

A Yankee undertaker advertises. "Why live and be miserable, when you can be comfortably buried for twenty dollars?" We shall expect something of the kind over here soon. Don't be surprised when you take up your morning paper if you read this sort of thing: "Billy Morgan looked down the barrel of his daddy's gun to see where the bullet went to when it went off. The funeral was handsomely conducted by Smith & Co., who have always a large staff on hand, and are open to bury the whole neighborhood at twenty-four hours' notice. A pound of tea given away with every coffin. Order early and avoid disappointment."

WE LOOK FOR YOUR TRADE

Serving the public with care, attention, honest goods and low prices, has given us a high position amongst druggists of Canada. We look for your trade, and will use every endeavor to make you a regular customer.

Our supplies of pure Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Preparations, Perfumes, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, etc., will interest you.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. H. EDMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

The Band Concert

Lindsay Post: Owing to an unfortunate combination of events the attendance at the concert given last evening in the Academy of Music by the 57th Regiment Band of Peterboro was somewhat slim. It was assuredly not due in the smallest degree to lack of appreciation, as our citizens still remember with keen pleasure the fine concert given by the band last year, and those who were present last evening enjoyed a program that would reflect credit upon any concert band in the province. Bandmaster Gliddon has every reason to feel proud of his musicians.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, fluttering, sinking, smothering, or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heart-sick patient into the haven of radiant and perfect health. Gives relief in most acute forms of heart disease in 30 minutes.—11
Sold by H. H. Edmison.

German Etiquette.

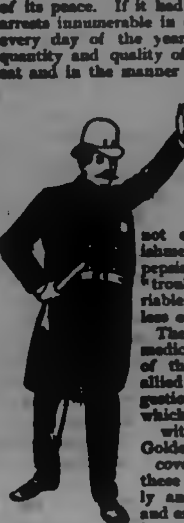
THE visitor in Germany is often embarrassed by the superfluity of titles, which seem to be showered indiscriminately. The Germans are great sticklers for the dignity of station, and William H. Dawson, in "German Life in Town and Country," shows how actions at law have been instituted because of the withholding of titles rightfully acquired.

Mr. A. must be spoken of as Mr. Court Councillor A., Doctor B. as Mr. Privy Councillor Professor Doctor B. And wives must share their husbands' privileges, and be addressed as Mrs. Court Councillor A. and Mrs. Privy Councillor B.

The English "reverend" has no equivalent, but the clergyman becomes Mr. Pastor So and So. Mr. Brown, the editor, is addressed as Mr. Editor Brown, and on the same principle we have Mr. Stamp-Collector Jones, Mr. Postmaster Robinson, Mr. Road-Inspector Smith, and so on.

You address a lady whom you know but slightly as "Gracious lady" or "Gracious mademoiselle," as she may be married or single. "Obedient servant" is still a gallant greeting where the acquaintance is slight or where a lady is saluted; and it should be remembered that to salute first in public is not the prerogative of the German lady.

The superficial side of courtesy as seen in letter-writing is simply allowed to run riot. Here is the beginning of an official letter which a person of educated rank may any day receive, to his



The Law

Of health has no uniformed guardians of its peace. If it had there would be arrests innumerable in every restaurant every day of the year. Both in the quantity and quality of the food they eat and in the manner of its consumption men and women sin each day against the laws of health. Those who will not heed Nature's warnings cannot escape her punishments, and dyspepsia or stomach "trouble" is the invariable penalty of careless eating.

There is no other medicine for disease of the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition which can compare with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures these diseases perfectly and permanently, and enables the building up of the whole body into vigorous health.

"I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Taylorstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. I am glad I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS.
A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto.

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:
Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. William Caven, D.D., Knox College.
Rev. Father Ryan, St. Michael's Cathedral.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

CANADIAN PACIFIC
—FOR—
Week of Winter Sports,
QUEBEC
Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,
Will issue return tickets,
PETERBORO to QUEBEC
$14.80
Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.
A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

Help Wanted.

TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTED at once. Apply at Snowden House.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Macon, Room 711, 44 and 60 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers, sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 565, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

ARE YOU STOUT.
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ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise
There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise
If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

THE TIMES

Advertise
If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

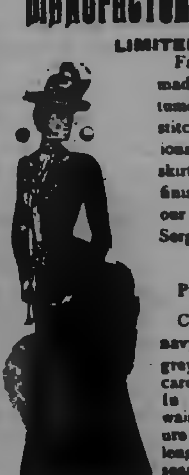
Advertise
Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise
If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise
If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

ADVERTISE

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.



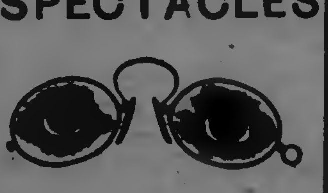
Model 160

$3.10 $3.10
THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.
LIMITED.
Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10
Postage 50c extra.
Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c
Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.
WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.
Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to
THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory, Bradford, England

Great Reductions
—
SPECTACLES



We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold
At Half Price
These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

MUSICAL PEOPLE ARE A UNIT IN PRONOUNCING
ART BELL
Pianos and Organs
as the most perfect of Canada's productions and entitled to first consideration.
Royalty is numbered among Bell purchasers, which extend to many nations.
Descriptive Catalogue No. 68 is Mailed for the Asking.
THE BELL ORGAN & PIANO CO. Limited
GUELPH ONT.
2261 St. Catherine St., Montreal
Art Warerooms, 146 Yonge St., Toronto.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough
Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction
CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

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A NOVEL

His eyes went savagely to her face, and a frown came as he looked at her. His mother was right, and she was ill; yet ill as she was, she was as cold and silent as she had ever been. The dignity of her bearing, the sense of the chasm that gaped between them, made his anger and vexed pride rise higher.

"Get on your hat; I am going out," he said sharply.

Katharine paused for a moment, then her astonishment found a vent even in her dazed condition.

"Going out?" she repeated vaguely.

Gordon threw off the silken coverlet that lay across his legs, and pushed himself into a sitting position on the couch.

"Yes, going out. The doctors would keep me boxed up here for always. Ring the bell—I shall go for a drive. What is the use of keeping servants and horses if you do not use them? I am sick to death of lying here; they shall carry me down and put me in the barouche, or whatever they call the thing. I want you there, too; and for Heaven's sake put some different expression into your face! You look sulky enough to make a man cut his throat."

"I—I am ill," Katharine murmured feebly. "I cannot go. I cannot!"

Another curse escaped Gordon Smythe's lips.

"Ill!" he said, with a short laugh; "ill, indeed! I have another word for it. You are languishing, longing for your lover—the lover who will never be yours. Ill! Well, the sooner you cure yourself the better you will please me."

Katharine turned away, groping for the door like a blind person. Any one with a scrap of heart must have felt an agony of pity sweep over them as they watched her go. Not so Gordon Smythe. He was thoroughly without a heart—bad to the core, pity was unknown to him.

When Katharine's maid went up to her mistress's room half an hour later, she found the girl in a dead faint on the floor, from which she was roused with much difficulty.

"Say nothing of this," Katharine commanded as soon as she could speak, while the woman fanned her, and put scent on her white face. "I am only tired."

The maid, an old domestic of the house, was silent, but she thought the more. She had just come from watching the operation of carrying Mr. Smythe from his room to the carriage, and something like the real solution of Katharine's strange, cold manner had been discovered by such of the household who, like herself, had been present at the scene. Rarely had such a fearful exhibition of temper, such horrible language, desecrated the venerable halls of Charlton Abbey; and yet the man who thus debased himself to the brute level was even then scarcely out of the grasp of death and danger.

"You must not fret, ma'am," the woman said, offering what she imagined might be sympathy under the circumstances. "Mr. Smythe was put in most comfortable; old Thomas is driving him, and he has got his valet, too. I don't think he can come to any harm; at least, we will hope not. It was a strange fancy, but then invalids do have strange fancies, you know, and they often know what is good for them, ma'am."

How long Katharine lay in silence and quiet she never knew; it might have been moments, it might have been hours; but all of a sudden she was aroused from the dim, misty dream into which she had fallen. The door was flung violently open, and then some one was clutching at her knees, wildly, madly crying to her at the same time, in tones of frenzy:

"Oh, Katharine! My boy! my boy! my son Gordon!"

Dazed and almost stunned, Katharine staggered back, and Lucy Smythe dragged herself to her feet.

"Come!" she almost screamed. "Come; we may not be too late! They exaggerate, don't they? Bad news is not always true! Come, let us go to him at once—at once! Katharine, why do you hesitate? Are you his wife, and yet you do not rush toward him now?"

"What has happened?" asked Katharine, mechanically.

The horses had taken fright at a traction engine, the carriage had been overturned, and Gordon Smythe, insensible and horribly mutilated, had been carried into the Brexley Asylum, which happened to be close at hand. The old coachman had been killed on the spot, and the valet was terribly shaken and frightened, but he had nevertheless ridden back with all the speed he could to tell the news at Charlton Abbey. It transpired that the coachman had entreated Gordon to permit him to turn back half an hour before the accident happened, but with strong and strange perversity Gordon had refused; he seemed possessed with a desire to drive past the Brexley Asylum, and nothing would move him from this. The result of his obstinacy was death and destruction to himself and others.

The village doctor sent word that if his mother and wife would see Gordon Smythe alive once more, they must drive to Brexley as soon as the news reached them.

Katharine heard all this without a murmur; she was trembling in every limb with the sense of horror that had fallen on her; but even ill, worn as she was, she once again sacrificed herself to think of another. Turning to the poor mother, she flung her arms about her neck and drew her for one moment into a tender embrace.

"Be brave, dear; be brave!" she whispered, calling up all her strength and courage to give comfort to this tortured heart. "All may not be so bad. Come, we will drive over to him at once. Lean on me, dear, and keep up your heart. We will soon be there!"

"Oh, Katharine! My boy! my boy! my darling boy!"

Lucy Smythe clung to the girl's slender form, weeping bitterly, wildly; she was scarcely sane at this moment.

Katharine gave her orders as quietly as she could, and then, with her arm still round the poor woman, drew her downstairs, the maid following after.

Only one instant did the girl falter, and then the maid interposed hurriedly:

"Do you think you are fit to go, ma'am; you are so ill."

But Katharine was firm.

"My place is with her," she said, in her faint, low tones; "but you can come, if you will, also, Marshall."

The long, dreary drive was accomplished at last.

The doctor met them in the entrance.

Without a word Lucy Smythe looked up into his face, then with a groan she pushed past him, and ran into the room where they told her her son was.

"You must be prepared for the worst, Mrs. Smythe," the physician said to Katharine. "Your husband cannot possibly survive his injuries! In his condition it was simply madness to have attempted any exertion, much less take this long drive. I am convinced, even if the accident had not happened, the consequences of such exertion must, in any case, have been dangerous, perhaps fatal!"

Katharine grasped the door with her right hand. She had faced the fact of Gordon's death often during the first days of his accident, but now the awful reality struck her. He was going out of this world, going without having cleansed his soul from the terrible—the ghastly—sin that had laid on it during the past months. She had no feeling of respect for the coward who had so cruelly persecuted her, but the thought of this death—unshriven, unconfessed—was to her most awful.

"Let—let me go to him!" she gasped, urged by the tumult of feeling to rush to him, and on her knees implore him to repent, and ask pardon before it was too late.

"He has asked for you many times. He seems to have something on his mind. I can't quite understand what it is he wants, but he keeps asking for some person who he says lives here in the asylum; perhaps you can help us, Mrs. Smythe."

Katharine made no answer, but followed the doctor with slow, faltering steps, into the chamber of death. With dim eyes she saw the heap on the floor, beside which Lucy Smythe was crouching, clinging to it with trembling hands. She saw some one in a nurse's garb, and another man's figure, who was standing gazing vacantly at the scene, with wide, staring blue eyes, from under a shock of white hair.

The nurse moved up to the doctor swiftly.

"We have discovered who it is he wanted to see here," she said in low tones to the doctor. "I sent upstairs for some lint, and they gave it to Number Thirteen to bring down and directly Mr. Smythe saw him he gave a scream, and exclaiming: 'You have come! you have come!' fell back in this swoon, from which I cannot rouse him, sir."

The doctor knelt down by the dying man, and Katharine, leaning back against the wall, watched him with distended eyes, feeling her heart grow colder and colder within her.

Suddenly Gordon moved, his eyelids opened, and he saw Katharine. There was a scintillation of expression in them which the doctor translated.

"I think he wants you, Mrs. Smythe."

The girl drew near and bent low over the prostrate form of her husband and her foe.

The pallid lips, opened and a whisper came from them:

"Pray for—forgive—Katti—I—I—am sorry! Be—be good—to—him!"

Katharine's eyes were full of tears.

"Yes—yes, I forgive you, Gordon," she answered, quickly; "do not think of me—think of yourself, dear. Will you not ask God to pardon you? Oh, Gordon! Gordon! before it is too late, will you not do this?"

To be continued

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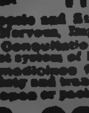

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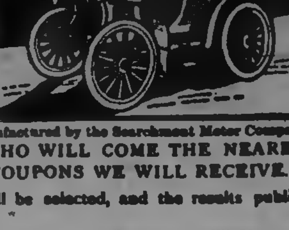

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Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 25 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rose St., Binghamton, N.Y.

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

Cable Address, Milyoungco.
Western Union Code.

THE MILLER-YOUNG BROKERAGE COMPANY

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.

P. O. Box 878
'Phone 110

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE
:: THE ::
Intercolonial Railway.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
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E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
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JNO. M. LYONS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

GRAND TRUNK [illegible]

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO
—TO—
QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

CASH BARGAIN GROCERY

Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] - [illegible] George St.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 1, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There should be a large market to-day if the weather is favorable.

—The County Council will conclude its business this forenoon, and will adjourn.

—The work on the new dam at the locks is being pushed along, notwithstanding the cold winter weather.

—The Times is in receipt of a club of 50 new subscribers from Otonabee. Everybody reads the Times.

—The thermometer registered 12 degrees below zero yesterday morning.

—Mr. R. M. Roy photographed the small-pox hospital at Jackson Park yesterday.

—The Peterboro' Rugby Club have received $40 from the London Club. Another ten spot is still owing.

—There will be a big gathering of the Indians at Chemong Lake reservation, on Feb. 4th, the occasion being the opening of the new hall.

—The vacancy caused by the removal of the Rev. W. Archibald to Craighurst, will be filled by Mr. Dickinson, at present lay assistant to Mr. Creswick at Buckhorn.

—At the police court yesterday a drunk and disorderly character was up for a hearing. He was discharged on the condition that he leave town at once.

—Mr. Whiten requests us to state that if there are any of the royal chorus that have not had their photos taken yet they must come at once as they will be too late to be in the group.

—Lindsay Post: A leading north ward citizen is endeavoring to compute the weight of the last snowfall. He is not yet in a position to give approximate figures, but says the total will be enormous. He estimates that he shovelled fully 1000 tons off his stable and woodshed, and in making paths about his premises.

LOST

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

Four More Recruits

Sergt.-Major O'Hagan, of Kingston, was in town yesterday for the purpose of enlisting men for the garrison at Kingston. Four recruits were accepted and forwarded to Kingston yesterday afternoon. The men are George Valois, Robt. Jones, Albert Jordan and Jas. Honeybell.

The Sergt.-Major was well pleased with the result of his trip. He will be in Lindsay to-day. Major Miller very kindly assisted in selecting the recruits.

Your vote and influence is respectfully solicited by T. F. MATTHEWS, Candidate for the office of Water Commissioner.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Officers Banquet

The annual banquet given by the officers of the 45th Regiment took place in Hastings on Thursday evening, at the Clarendon House. The affair was a grand success, about 60 being present. The popular proprietor of the Clarendon, Mr. A. B. Spillman, was assisted by Messrs. W. McCallum and E. C. Walton, of town. He put up a bill of fare that was unsurpassed. A jolly night was spent in songs, toasts and speechmaking. The chair was ably filled by Capt. Birdsall, who performed his duties in a manner satisfactory to everybody.

Captain Birdsall has been connected with the regiment for many years and on the death of Major Fowlds, which occurred some months ago, Captain Birdsall will be promoted in a short time to the rank of Major.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—His Honor Judge Weller is steadily improving.

—Miss Daisy Sawers, who has been ill, is convalescing.

—Mr. Frank Moore, Toronto, is visiting in town.

—Miss A. J. Brown has gone to Toronto to take a course in the Central Ontario Art School.

—Mr. W. A. Chrisholm, of the York County Loan left yesterday for Galt to see his brother, who is very ill.

—Miss Nellie Wood, Ashburnham, has returned from a very pleasant visit to Campbellford.

—Mr. Sowden, representing the P. F. Collier & Son Publishing Co., was in town yesterday, and gave The Times a call.

—Mr. W. Green and Mrs. M. A. Beather both celebrated their 76th birthday on Thursday. They received the congratulations of their many friends.

—The Times had a call yesterday from Mr. S. G. Faulkner, Manager for British Columbia for the North America Life Assurance Company. Mr. Faulkner looks as though life in the Pacific province agreed with him.

To-Day Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore to-day, can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

A Canadian Product That Canadians Are Proud Of

Malt Breakfast Food

Healthful and Strengthening is The Popular Breakfast Cereal

The manufacturers of Malt Breakfast Food have fairly captured our people with their delicious breakfast cereal. Men, women and children, after one trial, desire it every morning. No other breakfast food sold by grocers has such a constant and steady demand from all classes of society.

Malt Breakfast Food excels all other foods in richness of flavor, satisfying qualities and ease of digestion. These rare virtues have made Malt Breakfast Food popular in thousands of homes. Canadians are proud of this health-giving food; product manufactured in their midst, and our physicians are cheerfully endorsing it. No other Food manufactured can compare with Malt Breakfast Food for sustaining strength, and for producing bodily and mental vigor and energy. Grocers in all cities and towns sell it.

THE PURCHASE MONEY PAID

Cheque for $330,000 Given to Waterworks Co., Yesterday

The town took possession of the Waterworks yesterday afternoon, a cheque for $330,000 being handed to the Company. Mayor Deane, Ald. Roger, Town Solicitor E. H. D. Hall and Treasurer Brownscombe acted on behalf of the town, and Messrs. R. A. Morrow, G. W. Hatton and R. B. McKee represented the Company.

Peterborough Juniors Lose

The juniors of Cobourg and the Peterborough Colts played a rather exciting game of hockey in the Charlotte street rink last night. The game was fast and furious at times, and it was with some difficulty that the referee, Mr. Ernie Wasson, kept track of the men. The Cobourg boys are very good skaters and much faster than the Colts. The score at half time stood 2-1 and at full time 7-3 in favor of Cobourg.

NAVIGATION NOTES

Mr. Hickey, boat builder and contractor, has started to overhaul the steamer City of Peterborough, and put her in first-class shape for navigation in the spring.

Mr. Buck, of Norwood, has awarded Mr. Hickey the contract of building his new steam yacht. The boat will have a length of 47 feet and 8 foot beam.

The Peterborough Canoe Co. are building two new yachts in the old Bridge Works building.

EATING IN HAVANA

Yankees Club Together

In Havanna it is the custom to serve only bread and coffee for breakfast. A little colony of Americans that felt they could not do their work until noon on this kind of a diet clubbed together and began importing Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.

One of them writing about the matter, says, "The modern cooking range had never been known in Cuba until the American occupation, and even now they are scarce, so that a ready cooked food like Grape-Nuts recommends itself; then the Yankees were accustomed to the food and felt they could hardly get along without it. They began buying, in five case lots and one by one the larger grocery stores began keeping Grape-Nuts in stock so the business spread until now great quantities of Grape-Nuts are used in Cuba, and is not only used by the Americans but the other inhabitants as well."

This is an illustration of the way the famous food has pushed its way into all parts of the world. Wherever English speaking people go they demand Grape-Nuts. They can be found in South Africa, Egypt, India, China, Japan, Australia and South America.

Many Americans speak of the homelike feeling it gives them to see the numberless busses in the streets of London decorated, with great blue signs with the word "Grape-Nuts," done in yellow letters, and all over England the great, purveying shops distribute Grape-Nuts.

English roast beef has largely given way to American roast beef, and the old-fashioned English breakfast of bacon and potatoes is now supplemented with Grape-Nuts and cream. The change was made for a reason. It has been discovered that almost magical power rests within the little granules, and this power is set free in the body that makes use of the famous food.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL AT THEIR JANUARY SESSION

The Beet Sugar Question — The Hiawatha School — The Radial Railway — Other Business

(Continued from last issue.)

Below is given a further report of the proceeding of the County Council now in regular session.

BEET SUGAR QUESTION.

On Wednesday Messrs. Adam Hall, Geo. E. Elliott, Wm. Collins and others interviewed the County Council regarding the establishment of a sugar beet factory in town and for the purpose of seeking assistance to secure the acreage asked for by manufacturers. The committee spent some time before the council and explained the advantages a sugar factory would be to the county. After considerable discussion the matter was referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

HIAWATHA SCHOOL.

is in very bad condition, and a dispute has arisen as to the advisability of building a new school. This section is very small and while some of the ratepayers would like to have a new school house others are very much opposed to it. Messrs. Thos Thompson, a trustee of the school and James Kiley and ex-trustee appeared before the council regarding the matter. They reported that the Public School Inspector had withheld the government grant and that he had not visited the school for more than a year. Mr. Kiley said the school was all right, warm, clean and comfortable and plenty large enough for the number of scholars in the section. The section was small and to build another school they would have difficulty in securing a suitable site for the building. Several others were present and presented their views and after considerable discussion some of the ratepayers said if a new school could not be built they would ask permission to withdraw from the section.

On motion of Messrs. Casement and Pearse, the matter was referred to the School Committee, and Mr. Brown requested to make a report.

INVITATION ACCEPTED

Messrs. W. H. Meldrum and R. R. Hall appeared before the council and on behalf of the Otonabee Power Company invited them to attend the laying of the corner stone at the Otonabee Power Co's power house in the afternoon. The invitation was accepted.

THE RADIAL RAILWAY.

Mr. G. W. Hatton appeared before the council and asked them to memorialize the Legislature, asking that incorporation be granted to the Peterborough Railway Co. without demanding the usual notice, in order to get the incorporation through at the present session.

Mr. Peck stated that he had looked into the bill and was sure it would not prejudice or effect the interests of the county or of the municipalities.

This memorial was only to save the time it would take to advertise the bill. Council adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Council held a session in the afternoon. All members present except Messrs. Fitzgerald and Costello who were appointed a committee to represent the council at the laying of the keystone at the Otonabee Power Co's power house.

ROAD TO CORDOVA.

Messrs. Sexsmith, Curtis and Knox appeared before the council and asked that a road be built between Havelock and the Cordova Mines. The importance of the mines and the development of the works were touched on and the grant claimed.

The matter was referred to the Road and Bridge Committee.

RAILWAY CATTLE GUARDS

During the past few years a number of horses and cattle were killed on the railways and a deputation waited on the council to ask for assistance in compelling the railway companies to provide a cattle guard at the crossings that would be of some use. The ones now being used were of no use as cattle could walk over them at any time.

On motion it was decided to call the attention of the government to the fact that the cattle guards were not effective, and that the warden be authorized to appoint a deputation to accompany any general deputation that may go to interview the Government on the subject.

The motion was carried.

THE CHILDREN'S AID.

Messrs. McBain, Dennistoun and Cochran appeared before the council and explained the results of the work done by the Children's Aid Society and asked for a grant from the Council.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

COUNTY VALUATION.

On motion the report of Messrs. Hawthorne and Edmison, County Valuators was presented. The motion was adopted.

Below is given a summary of the report by which it will be noticed that in some cases the valuation has increased and in others decreased. The largest increase is in Havelock, being $88,848, while in Douro the largest decrease is noticed amounting to $148,385.

Below is given a statement comparing the new and the old equalized values:

	New Eq. Value.	Old Eq. Value
Ashburnham	$ 443,764	$ 370,273
Havelock	146,736	67,888
Harvey	210,774	191,061
N. Monaghan	667,210	654,152
Douro	790,504	888,899
Dummer	665,311	667,411
Ennismore	465,368	377,420
Lakefield	267,735	260,947
Norwood	210,654	201,867
Asphodel	885,365	815,888
Belmont	812,650	870,646
Methuen	21,114	16,979
Burleigh	32,630	22,126
Anstruther	36,510	12,437
Chandos	66,128	61,078
Galway	66,169	62,944
Cavendish	12,768	4,716
Otonabee	2,068,812	2,012,300
Smith	1,485,869	1,567,891
Total	$8,680,344	$8,381,807

On motion the report was received and referred to the committee on equalization.

The Council then adjourned.

Sole Canadian Agents

Messrs. Parker & Co., the well known stockbrokers, of Toronto, received a cable yesterday from the London & Paris Exchange, Limited, of Basildon House, Moorgate street, Bank of London, Eng., appointing them sole agents for the Dominion of Canada, to represent them in South African, West African and Australian mining shares. Read their advertisement in another column.

A Petition and Acceptance

To John E. Belcher, Esq., C. E.

Sir,—We earnestly request you to allow yourself to stand for election as one of the Water Commissioners for the town.

We feel that it would be of decided advantage to have one of the Commissioners an engineer, and especially with our system from its beginning.

(Signed)

Wm. Snowden, Thos. P. Attrill, H Long, R. A. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough; A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D.; H. LeBrun, W. Taylor, T. E. Boddy, President A. F. of L.; R. J. Munro, R. F. McGregger, W. Henry, and others.

To His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Wm. Henry, President A. F. of L.; H. Long, Wm. Snowden, W. Taylor, R. F. McGregger, R. J. Munro, H. LeBrun, T. E. Boddy, T. P. Attrill, A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D., and to my nominator and seconder, James Montgomery and R. Sheehy, and others:

Gentlemen,—In view of your request I will accept nomination for the Waterworks Commissionership, and, as you suggest, will do what I can, if elected, in the way of placing my knowledge of the system and its workings at the service of the town.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN E. BELCHER.

You Can Dress Well and Stylishly at Small Cost

Any woman or intelligent girl by using the tested and popular Diamond Dyes can re-color any faded and dingy garment, making it look as good as new. The most fashionable colors are found in the Diamond Dyes, colors that never fade or crock. Every family making use of the Diamond Dyes can save quite a large sum of money each year, and all are neatly and well dressed. To achieve such happy and desired results, Diamond Dyes must be used; the common dyes destroy your materials.

The demand for the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns is steadily on the increase. Women and girls are deeply interested in the work of mat and rug making. If your dealer cannot furnish you with sheets of designs for showing the newest things in floor ornaments, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will get them by mail.

TO THE ELECTORS

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been requested by a large number of ratepayers to offer myself as a candidate for the position of Water Commissioner for the Town of Peterborough, I have consented to do so, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. If elected my policy will be to treat rich and poor alike, and respect the general welfare of the town in the careful and economical management of the water works.

WILLIAM FAIR

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough.

MR. BRADBURN WITHDRAWS

To the Ratepayers of the Town of Peterborough:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Upon returning home last night after an absence from town since Monday morning last, I found my name had been placed in nomination as a candidate for Water Commissioner. As a citizen largely interested in property in the town, I am vitally concerned in the election of these commissioners, and feel the importance of good men of business experience being selected, and I would willingly serve the citizens if they so desired. But as I have been out of town and the campaign has been well inaugurated in my absence, I feel that I would not be doing justice to myself or my friends if I remained in the field under the circumstances. Besides in the candidates nominated there are gentlemen of ability and capacity to fill the position, and give the town excellent service. Therefore, I desire to take this earliest opportunity to withdraw my name as a candidate, and while my name will appear on the ballot paper, I ask all my friends and the citizens generally to refrain from voting for me.

Thanking my proposer and seconder, and the many who have thus so generously offered me their support, I remain,

Yours Respectfully,
T. E. BRADBURN.

CARD TO ELECTORS

To the Electors of the Town of Peterborough;

Ladies and Gentlemen, —Having been urged by the numerous friends of Municipal Ownership to allow myself to be placed in nomination for one of the Water Commissioners, I have consented to be a Candidate. The grounds upon which they urge my election are, amongst others, that I am really the father of Municipal Ownership in this town, and have consistently fought the battle therefor throughout, and that at its incipient or experimental stage, such a one should be given the first opportunity to prove the feasibility of the scheme. They further urge that my record has been free from all cliques and other corrupting influences, and that I will stand up fearlessly for the rights of all alike, without fear, favour or affection. It is needless to say that if elected I will do my utmost to carry out the most sanguine expectations of my numerous friends and water consumers generally. Respectfully asking you one and all for your vote and influence, I am, ladies and gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

GEORGE BALL.

To the Ratepayers
—OF—
# the Town of Peterboro.

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been nominated for the position of Water Commissioner for the ensuing term I have consented to place my services at the disposal of the town if it is the wish of the ratepayers that I should do so.

As a director of the Peterboro Water Company during the past six years I may claim to have a pretty thorough knowledge of the system and methods which have placed the Company on a sound financial basis. The experience thus gained will, I believe, enable me to discharge the duties of the office to your satisfaction. It is not my intention to canvass for votes, but if elected will cheerfully devote my best energies to making the system serve the best interests of the municipality. Yours truly,

W. H. HILL

Peterborough, Jan. 30, 1902

Take One of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills after dinner. It will promote digestion and overcome any evil effects of too hearty eating. Safe, prompt, active, painless and pleasant. This effective little pill is supplanting all the old school nauseous purgatives. 40 doses, 10 cents.—43

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

Personal.

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, INDEPENDENTLY rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Erie, Oneonta Bldg., Chicago Ill.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

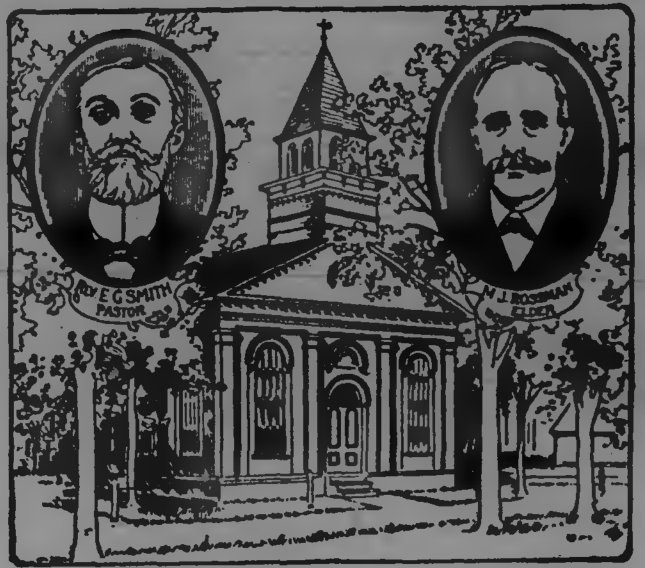
	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅜	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¼	1¼	Langlaagte Estate	7¼	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅜	1 1 16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¼	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11 16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅜	8⅜	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11 16
Croesus (new)	3⅜	⅜	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5 16
Crown Reef	12⅜	16⅜	New Rietfontein	6¼	2 3 16
De Beers	32⅜	42¼	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅜	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅜	8¼	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2¼
Ferreira	22	22¼	" Robinson	2 7 16	1 9 16
Gech (new)	3⅜	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1 8	3⅜
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅜	7¼	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5 16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¼	1 7 16	Simmer & Jack	8¼	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅜
Johannes	6⅜	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¼	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅜	Van Ryn	11	3¼
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅜	1¼
Kleinfontein (new)	6¼	2¼	Wolhuter	12	5⅜
Kimberly Roodepoort	4¼	1¼	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¼	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 — 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

PRESBYTERIAN PASTOR PRAISES PE-RU-NA.


REV E G SMITH PASTOR
M. J. ROSSMAN ELDER

First Presbyterian Church of Greensboro, Ga., and Its Pastor and Elder.

THE day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true today of most proprietary medicines. But Peruna has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low stations, that no one hesitates to see his name in print recommending Peruna.

A dignified representative of the Presbyterian church in the person of Rev. E. G. Smith does not hesitate to state publicly that he has used Peruna in his family and found it cured when other remedies failed.

Rev. E. G. Smith, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Greensboro, Ga., writes:

"Having used Peruna in my family for some time it gives me pleasure to testify to its true worth. My little boy seven years of age had been suffering for some time with catarrh of the lower bowels. *Other remedies had failed, but after taking two bottles of Peruna the trouble almost entirely disappeared.* For this special malady I consider it well nigh a specific. As a tonic for weak and worn out people it has few or no equals."—REV. E. G. SMITH.

Mr. M. J. Rossman, a prominent merchant of Greensboro, Ga., and an elder in the Presbyterian church of that place, writes:

"For a long time I was troubled with catarrh of the kidneys and tried many remedies, all of which gave me no relief. Peruna was recommended to me by several friends, and after using a few bottles I am pleased to say that the long looked for relief was found and I am now enjoying better health than I have for years. It is certainly a grand medicine."—M. J. Rossman.

Hon. S. D. McEnery, United States Senator from Louisiana, says the following in regard to Peruna:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—Peruna is an excellent tonic. I have used it sufficiently to say that I believe it to be all that you claim for it.—S. D. McEnery.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada.

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ESTABLISHED 1882.

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IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 28

PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY FEBRUARY 3 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

A BRIGHT FUTURE FOR SOUTH AFRICA

A Hopeful Picture Drawn by an Officer of the Second Contingent

THE DUTCH ELEMENT SOON TO DISAPPEAR

Lord Milner Says that the Rand Will Have Five Million Population in Less Than Ten Years

Ottawa, Feb. 3—Lieut. Morrison, who went to the war with the second contingent, says in the Ottawa Citizen, in speaking of Lord Milner's statement that the Rand would be the home of five millions of people in five years:

Lord Milner is a very conservative gentleman and if he actually committed himself to such a statement it must be within the range of probabilities. The Transvaal has been a source of surprises and will continue to be. In view of its natural resources, its excellent climate, its fertility, its coal iron and gold deposits, there is no reason why the new colonies in South Africa should not one day become another United States. The clearing away of the Boer approximates the pushing out of the Indian nations in America. The Boer neither developed the country himself nor allowed others to develop it any more than he could help, and the ultimate crisis arrived when the advance of civilization and commerce would not be denied. When the country is pacified there is no reason why its settlement should not proceed with phenomenal rapidity.

We have always entertained the idea that one of the most potent factors in putting an end to the war would be to reopen the country to settlement and commerce. It would go forward with such a boom that the lingering remnant of the Boers would find themselves ignored, and fall into the position of roving desperadoes which is their real relation to the scheme of things. The British Government has been gradually moving on those lines, and has no doubt been wise in not being in too much hurry about it as up to a certain stage of the war the danger exists of permission to enter the country being taken advantage of by an advance guard of frothy adventurers intent on reinforcing the Boer commandoes. That trade and commerce is being gradually re-established is apparent from the increased returns of the output of gold and the gradual resumption of a confident tone in the quotations on the stock market.

The probability of a great influx of population as the war closes, however, makes unnecessary any anxiety as to the future of the Boer in his relation of British sovereignty in the Transvaal. In a comparatively short time after the war ends the Boer will be such a minor factor in the population as to remove him beyond the possibility of affording a racial problem. The Boer will be swamped, hopelessly outnumbered and probably entirely assimilated in one generation. As a "race problem" he will be a less considerable factor than a few shiploads of alien immigrants. Nearly 25,000 of them are already being prepared for the assimilation process in the prison camps of Cape Colony, St. Helena, Bermuda and Ceylon.

WHERE TO VOTE TO-DAY

Polling Places for the Recording of the Votes

To-day the ratepayers of the town will elect for the first time, two water commissioners, who, with Mayor Dunne, will have the management of the waterworks of the town. All ratepayers who were entitled to vote at the last municipal elections are entitled to vote and should attend the polls early, and record their votes for the men best suited for the position. The polling places and deputy returning officers are as follows:

WARD NO. ONE.

Polling Division No. One—At M. H. Halpin's store, corner George and Perry streets. A. Williams, Deputy Returning Officer.

Polling Division No. Two—At Lewis Spry's shop, Stewart street. Joseph Lundy, Deputy Returning Officer.

WARD NO. TWO.

Polling Division No. Three—At the Town Council Chamber. Chas. Cameron, Deputy Returning Officer.

Polling Division No. Four—At Greene Bros. store, corner Charlotte and Dounie streets. J. Mendel Green, Deputy Returning Officer.

WARD NO. THREE

Polling Division No. Five—At J. & W. Metheral's shop, Aylmer street. Joseph R. Metheral, Deputy Returning Officer.

Polling Division No. Six—At Wm. McCall's shop, McDonnell street. John Irwin, Deputy Returning Officer.

WARD NO. FOUR.

Polling Division No. Seven—At William Lee's shop, Smith street. Geo. W. Powell, Deputy Returning Officer.

"IT IS A LIE!" SAYS PRINCE

Oukhtomsky Denies That Russia Stirred Up Boxer Trouble.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2—"It is a pure humbug and lie from beginning to end, as far as I know, and certainly as far as it concerns myself," was Prince Oukhtomsky's emphatic comment upon the publication of an English newspaper of alleged secret documents indicating that Russia instigated the Boxer movement in China for political purposes. In the article free use was made of the names of Prince Oukhtomsky and Mr. von Grote, who has been engaged in gold mining in Mongolia with the aid of St. Petersburg capital and American miners and mining machinery.

"Furthermore, the unpreparedness of Russia and the losses she sustained do not indicate that the Russian Government was better informed about the Boxers than other powers."

MAN HAD SEVERAL FITS

And Was Taken to a Hospital Where He Was Refused Admission

The ambulance was called on Saturday afternoon to one of the hotels in town, for the purpose of removing a man who was in a fit, to one of the hospitals. After some difficulty the man was placed in the ambulance and taken to a hospital, where he was refused admission. He was later taken to the police station, where he is at present.

The man says he deserted from the American army some months ago, and for the past few weeks he had been working for a farmer near Omemee. He had been in town on Saturday, and it is thought, had been drinking heavily.

BIDDLE BOYS TAKEN IN A DESPERATE FIGHT.

One of Them Fatally Shot, the Other Wounded—Mrs. Soffel Shoots Herself—She Confesses Her Guilt

Butler, Pa., Feb 1.—The Biddle brothers, who escaped from the Allegheny County Jail in Pittsburg Thursday morning, and Mrs. Kate Dietrich Soffel, wife of Warden Peter Soffel, were [illegible] about nine miles west of here, after a bloody conflict, by Detectives Charles McGovern, John Roach, and Albert H. Swinehart.

Ed. Biddle is lying in the Butler County Jail in a dying condition; Jack Biddle, his brother, is in the adjoining cell, riddled with buckshot. His condition is not considered serious. Mrs. Soffel, it is said, shot herself during the battle, placing a revolver to her left breast, and drove the ball clear to the back, but her condition is not critical.

The detectives are uninjured. There were about 30 shots exchanged in the fray. The capture was completed about one and a half miles from Prospect.

STOLE HORSE AND SLEIGH.

The Biddle brothers, who were under sentence of death for the murder of Thomas D. Kahney, escaped from the Allegheny County Jail in Pitsburg yesterday morning, after sawing their way through the bars of their cell, throwing one guard over the railing to the stone floor, 16 feet below, and shooting down another. Mrs. Soffel, the wife of the warden, had furnished them the saws and the revolvers, and the men escaped through the warden's house, which adjoins the jail. Mrs. Soffel left with the Biddles.

The three remained hidden in Allegheny, and left in the evening, walking the road towards Butler. Late at night they stole a horse and sleigh from a farmer. The fact that a sleigh had been stolen was telephoned to Pittsburg, and the officers were thus put on their track.

Driving along the road the officers got information at several places that the trio had driven on ahead, and finally near Mount Chestnut saw them returning. Later it developed that the fugitives' horse had become jaded, and the men turned about, hoping to give battle successfully and then gain a start.

PREPARED FOR A FIGHT.

Seeing them approaching Detectives McGovern and Roach got their Winchesters ready, and Swinehart drew a revolver. McGovern recognized the Biddles when the sleighs were 100 yards apart, and at the same moment the fugitives saw that they were cornered, and prepared for battle.

The detectives sprang from their sleigh and called on the Biddles to surrender. Ed Biddle rose in his seat, and taking careful and deliberate aim with his shotgun, fired at McGovern, but the load scattered harmlessly on the road. McGovern and Roach fired at the men, who sat together, while Mrs. Soffel sat on one side. Jack Biddle sprang to an upright position and fired three shots at the detectives, but Swinehart, steadying himself, and aiming, fired a bullet from his revolver that disabled Jack's arm. McGovern rushed forward and literally shot the two men out of the sleigh. Ed Biddle stumbled out on the road, and Jack, who had been trying to protect the woman by interposing his body between her and the rain of bullets, fell on top of his brother. Their weapons fell alongside of them.

Then Mrs. Soffel shot herself, and the horse ran away, but was caught.

The detectives approached the wounded men cautiously. Roach saw Ed Biddle reach into his coat pocket, where a revolver was afterwards found, and shot him again. Then Detective McGovern ran up within five feet and fired his Winchester at the brothers. The Biddles yielded, and the detectives, handcuffing them and shackling their legs, brought them to Butler. Mrs. Soffel was made as comfortable as possible in the sleigh, and was brought to the hospital here. The shotgun which Jack Biddle had was stolen from the hotel at which the party had eaten dinner.

BIDDLE DENIES CRIME

When the wounded Biddle boys were brought into the jail it was thought Ed was dying. He asked for a priest, and Father Welsh was summoned. Before talking privately to the priest Ed spoke to the detectives. "I have been accused of a great many crimes," he said, "I admit that I could have committed many, when the opportunities presented themselves. I want to say now that I did not kill Detective Fitzgerald, nor did I shoot Thomas Kahney, nor was my brother implicated in the affair. Mrs. Soffel aided us in getting out of the county jail. Had it not been for her we would have made our escape from our pursuers to-day. She gave up everything for us, and I was bound to back her. I did not shoot her."

"Oh, Father," he exclaimed to the priest, "bless me and tell me that my sins are forgiven. Although I have been pictured to you as a desperate man," Biddle continued," I still have some heart and gratitude for the woman who helped us escape. She merely did it out of good feeling for us. I persuaded her to do it. I told her I was guiltless of the crime for which I was about to be executed, and she was impressed, and yielded to my suggestion. I planned it all."

MRS. SOFFEL'S CONFESSION

Mrs. Soffel confessed that she aided the Biddles to escape, doing it because she was persuaded they were innocent.

Peter K. Soffel, warden of the Allegheny County jail, resigned his position yesterday, and the resignation was accepted by the Prison Board. Soffel was told last night his wife had been captured. "I am glad of it," he said, "and I hope she will be punished for her crime in aiding the murderers to escape."

Before resigning Soffel said: "In one way I would like to stay here—if the whole three are captured alive. I would like to see them brought back here and placed under my care. My care, I say. Oh, but I wish that would happen! I tell you the revenge that I would take would be sweet! Well, it is all over. My life is ruined.

"Perhaps I have not done right, but I tried to do my duty to the best of my ability. The world will find fault with me now, but I cannot help it. If this had not happened, and if the Biddles had been hanged on February 26th and 27th, the world would have lauded my for permitting my wife to visit them in their last miserable hours, and try to cheer them and prepare their minds for the change that was coming to them. But, of course, now everything is different, and I am censured."

A CORRECTION MADE

Mrs. David Thornton's Expenses in Connection with the Quarantine of Her House Were Heavy

Mrs. D. Thornton wishes to correct a statement which appeared in the papers a short time ago as to the renumeration she received in connection with the quarantine of her residence at the time it was infected with smallpox. In justice to Mrs. Thornton, it can be said she did not receive $42, but only $21 for board for three men who were quarantined at her house. The board bill amounted to $18, leaving her but $3 for quarantine expenses which, Mrs. Thornton states, amounted to over $50. Mr. Thornton received $21, half the usual amount for guarding the house during quarantine.

MANY CRIMES OF BOER COMMANDERS

The Case of Scheepers as Seen By An American Journal

A JUSTLY CONDEMNED TRAITOR

The United States Congress Are Being Asked to Condemn Great Britain.

Detroit, Feb. 3—The Detroit News is by no means a friendly sheet to England. From the commencement of the war in South Africa it has leaned strongly to the side of the Boers, and there is no mistaking in which direction its sympathies lie. Still it preserves a spirit of fair play and occasionally gives evidence of rising above its ordinary prejudices. For example in reference to the proposed intervention of the United States with Scheeper's case (the matter it will be remembered was brought up in Congress while the notorious Boer leader under sentence of death, was shot) our Detroit contemporary says:

"A plea of mercy is always justifiable and commendable. There is less warrant for making an argument against the system of justice in vogue in a neighboring government. Just at present a resolution is before Congress suggesting that the United States interfere in the execution of Commandent Sheepers, who is sentenced to be shot on Saturday next. The resolution suggests that he be treated according to the usage of warfare, which implies an accusation that the British army has departed from that usage.

"Full details of the Scheepers case are not at hand, but the general statement is that he killed a British soldier with his own hand after the latter had surrendered. His sentence to death indicates that he has had a fair trial. Under such circumstances it is quite proper to plead for mercy in his behalf, for it is always justifiable, but it is highly improper to suggest to the British government that it has unjustly condemned a man."

Since the foregoing was written the particulars of Scheepers' crime have been laid before the British parliament. His offence was a serious one. He was proven guilty of murdering 6 natives and flogging a British soldier. Under the circumstances nothing short of his own death would have satisfied the ends of justice. Very wisely the United States government refused to intervene in the matter.

ADJOURNED ON SATURDAY

County Council have Completed Their Work—No Grant to Beet Sugar Factory

The County Council were engaged in Committee work nearly all the time on Friday. They went into session at 2 o'clock with the following members present,—Warden Eastland, in the chair, Messrs. Crowe, Costello, Fitzgerald, Anderson, Peck Jeffs and Pearce in attendance.

Two or three deputations were heard. The Reeve of Belmont addressed the Council respecting the maintenance of the bridge at Round Lake.

Mr. R. H. Leary, President of the Peterborough Poultry Association appeared before the council and asked for a grant of $15.00 to help them out financially. The Town Council had given the Association a similar amount.

COMMITTEE ON SCHOOLS

The Committee on Schools, through its chairman, Mr. G. W. Fitzgerald, reported as follows:

The Committee on Schools beg leave to report recommending as follows:

1. Inasmuch as this council has no jurisdiction in the matter your Committee recommend that no action be taken upon the application of the trustees of School Section No. 11, Otonabee, requesting this council to instruct the County School Inspector as to his duties with respect to the Government grant, which has been withheld on his recommendation. Your committee would also recommend that all parties interested meet together and amicably adjust their difficulties.

2. That the application of the Peterborough Teachers' Association be granted asking the council to give permission to the association to meet on Thursday and Friday, instead of as heretofore.

3. In reply to the communication from the trustees of School Section No. 4, Otonabee, asking this council to make a grant towards the continuation class equivalent to the Legislative grant thereto, your committee recommend that the statutory requirements in that respect be conformed to not only with this school but also with the Havelock and Lakefield schools.

4. That the report of the Public School Inspector be received.

5. Your committee recommend that the County Treasurer pay for this county's share of the maintenance of the Norwood High School for the year 1901, the sum of $608.54, and also to the Model School the sum of $150.00.

6. Your Committee recommend that the County School Inspector and Messrs. J. Davidson, Norwood; William A. Evans, Lakefield; and Duncan Walker, Peterborough, be the County Board of Examiners to examine teachers and give certificates in accordance with the statute in that behalf.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

G. W. FITZGERALD,
Chairman.

County Council Chambers,
Peterborough, Jan. 31, 1902.
The report was adopted.

COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

Dr. Jeffs, the chairman of the Printing Committee, reported as follows:

The Committee on Printing beg leave to report recommending as follows:

1. That the County Clerk be instructed to grant to the Norwood Register, Lakefield News and Havelock Standard, alternately, the printing of the lists of convictions and assessment schedules required to be published and printed at the same price as last year.

2. That in answer to the complaint of the Lakefield News as to the printing of the list of the returns of convictions during the past year, your committee wish to point out that such ground of complaint arose through the fact that the Lakefield News had previously received a larger share than they were entitled to.

3. That all other County printing be divided by the Clerk between the Peterborough Examiner, Peterborough Review and Peterborough Times, in as equal a manner as possible, save and except that the County Clerk shall apportion between the Lakefield News, Norwood Register and Havelock Standard, whatever printing of letter heads posters and other work he can conveniently give them.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

DR. JEFFS,
Chairman.

County Council Chambers,
Peterborough, Jan. 31, 1902.
The report was adopted.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Jan. 30

After observing how Britain has for a year or more patiently submitted to a deluge of continental calumny on account of the operations in South Africa, it is gratifying to find that one of the ablest and best-informed writers on the war, Dr. Conan Doyle, has published a clear and convincing statement of the British case. It is in the form of a pamphlet of 166 pages, entitled "The War in South Africa, its Cause and Conduct," and the author's intention is "to translate it into all European tongues and send a free copy to every deputy and every newspaper on the continent and in America," thus supplying an antidote to the venom of the liars and slanderers who have everywhere been endeavoring to poison public opinion against Britain.

In the opening chapters Dr. Doyle recapitulates the causes of the war, making it abundantly clear that the aggression came not from Britain but from the Boers. He analyses the grievances of the Uitlanders and shows that their seriousness reveals the ignorant and ridiculous nature of the contention that Britain fought to "grab" the gold mines and aid the capitalists, and by documents demonstrates that when Britain was thinking only of peace the Boers were discussing nothing but war. It would now be superfluous to repeat the argument regarding this phase of the question, but when later on the author deals with the charges of barbarism on the part of the British authorities and soldiers the evidence is worthy of some attention. He points out that "guerilla warfare cannot enjoy all its own advantages and feel none of its own defects. It is a two edged weapon, and the responsibility for the consequences rests upon the combatant who first employs it." One of these consequences is the merciful establishment of the concentration camps, about which so many vile and calumnious falsehoods have been circulated. A mass of evidence from trustworthy British, Dutch and Boer sources is produced, which shows incontestibly the falsity of the charges. For instance, Dr. Doyle shows that a photograph of an emaciated child, which was circulated in the United States and on the continent as a proof of the horrors of the concentration system, was taken by the British authorities on the occasion of the criminal trial of the mother for the ill-usage of the child. In like manner the charges that the Boer women have been ill-treated are shown to be a tissue of lies. A little of the evidence may be quoted. M. Constancon, formerly Swiss Consul at Pretoria, who has been constantly travelling over a large portion of the Transvaal, writes in part as follows:

"The women could not say enough in praise of the soldiers and their behavior towards their sex. Whenever a camp was established close to the homestead the officers have always had a picket placed round the house for the object of preventing all pilfering, and the women, rich and poor, have everywhere been treated as ladies. Why the Boer women were so unanimous in their praises is because they were far from expecting such treatment at the hands of the victors."

And the Austrian, Count Sternberg, says:

"I can only repeat that the English officers and the English soldiers have shown in this war that the profession of arms does not debase, but rather ennobles man."

Commandant Alberts, writing to Major Waiters at Boksburg, says: "I must express to yourself and the other officers at Boksburg my heartfelt thanks for the great kindness shown towards my wife," and another surrendered burgher states that "when Miss Hobhouse was here I frequently saw her priming herself or being primed. Some of our women would tell her anything for a dress or a pair of boots." From the charges against the British troops Dr. Doyle turns to the far graver charges made against the enemy, and produces long lists of murdered natives, of wounded soldiers shot in cold blood, and of treacherous misuses of the white flag. Regarding these he bitterly observes that "no protest seems to have been raised by the pro-Boer press in England and on the continent." In his conclusion he states that history has shown that it is the fights that are fought to an absolute finish that leave the last rancour, and he makes the following suggestion:—

"It has occurred to me that it would be a wise and practicable step to form a Boer reservation in the northern district of the Transvaal (Watersburg and Zoutpansburg). Guarantee them, as long as they remain peaceful under the British flag, complete protection from the invasion of the miner or the prospector. Let them live their own lives in their own way, with some simple form of home rule of their own. The irreconcillable men who could never rub shoulders with the British could find a home there, and the British colonies would be all the stronger for the placing in quarantine of those who might infect their neighbors with their own bitterness. Such a State could not be a serious source of danger, since we could control all the avenues by which arms could reach it. I am aware that the Watersberg and the Zoutpansberg are not very desirable places of residence, but the thing is voluntary, and no man would need to go there unless he wished. Without some such plan the Empire will have no safety-valve in South Africa."

THE UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN TRADE

A Movemnt on Foot Looking to a Reduction of the Tariff

CANADA WILL NOT RETALIATE

Unless Uncle Lowers His Tariff—Canada is Not in Need of the American Market.

Philadelphia, Feb. 3—The Public Ledger, in discussing the trade relations between Canada and the United States, says:

Within the last few weeks a petition, signed by business men in all parts of the country, has been presented to Congress asking that legislation be enacted that will promote reciprocal trade with Canada. Almost simultaneously the Dominion authorities have begun the consideration of measures which, if adopted, will possibly render futile any efforts the American business men have made. These measures have in view the raising of the tariff upon all articles imported from the United States. Two peculiar features of the situation are the statement that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, hitherto a low tariff man, is inclined to yield to alleged pressure and adopt a high tariff policy, and that Lord Pauncefote is in sympathy with the efforts of the American business men to revive the Joint High Commission, which Secretary Hay declares to be dead.

It is chiefly the manufacturing interests in Canada that are demanding a retaliatory tariff against this country. They have noted with much dissatisfaction that large numbers of Canadians have left home and obtained employment in the mills and factories of the United States. They claim that if the Dominion were placed under a protective tariff, factories would be built at home, the people would not have to go abroad to secure work and greater prosperity would result. It is further claimed that indifference to fostering trade relations with the United States at present arises from the fact that the Canadian farmers are disposing of all their products to Great Britain and South Africa, and so do not need another market. Unfortunately those who are urging this course do not appear to foresee or are indifferent to the certainty that if the Canadian Government adopts high tariff measures against the United States, the New England industries, which will be seriously hurt, will certainly appeal to Congress for the establishment of retaliatory duties. As Canada buys nearly twice as much from this country as she sells, the result would bear heavily on her if Congress were to accede to the appeal. As a matter of fact, a tariff war would be harmful to the interests of both countries, although inevitably Canada would suffer the more severely.

THE BOERS OBEYING COMMAND OF LEADERS

Commandant Erasmus, now a Prisoner, States That Boers are Helpless

GENERAL KITCHENER WILL MAKE BIG EFFORT

Correspondent Says That the Dutch Offer was Declined—More Money for Carrying on the War

London, Feb. 1.—Reuter's correspondent at Standerton has had an interview with Commandant Erasmus, who was recently captured. The correspondent states that he gathered from the words of Erasmus that the Boers now in the field realize that they have already lost their independence—they are fighting now simply because their leaders tell them to do so. Erasmus stated that one of the reasons why the Boers still remained in the field was the issue of a proclamation reproducing some conciliatory speeches delivered in England and suggesting an offer of certain terms. These speeches were quoted by the members of the Government as affording encouragement.

WAS THE OFFER DECLINED?

London, Feb. 1.—A despatch from The Hague says that England respectfully declined to allow Holland to send a Dutch commission to Africa to try to convince the Boers of the hopelessness of their cause.

WILL MAKE BIG EFFORT.

London, Feb. 1.—The Daily News' Ladysmith correspondent reports that preparations are indicative of a general effort to crush the Boer commandos in all parts of the country during the months of March and April. No less than twenty-three columns are now chasing General De Wet over a prescribed area of country and the capture or annihilation of his force is imminent. In the Northwestern part of the Transvaal the Boers are preparing for resistance. They are storing large quantities of grain and other supplies in Bushmanland, where military operations will be most difficult. The correspondent predicts that the troubles will continue in Bushmanland for perhaps years.

MILNER ON FLOGGING.

London, Feb. 1.—In a blue book recently compiled at the instance of Lord Milner, the question of dealing with native labor is discussed at great length. The High Commissioner admits that the control of the liquor traffic among the blacks and the abolishing of flogging will be a tremendous undertaking.

MORE MONEY FOR WAR.

London, Feb. 1.—The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, in introducing a supplementary army estimate of £5,000,000 in the House of Commons to-day, said this brought the total of the cost of the war for the present year up to £61,070,000. On January 1 there were still 237,000 British troops in South Africa. The expenses of the war had now been reduced to about £4,500,000 per month.

PROGRESS OF BOER CAUSE

Opinion on the Continent Changes in Favor of England

Rome, Feb. 3—Continental opinion as to great Britain is probably voiced as correctly in the Italian capital as anywhere else. Consequently considerable importance attaches to the declaration of the Tribuna that "One of the results of the extravagance of 'German Anglophobia' is the reduction of anti-British feeling outside of Germany.

"There is no doubt of the accuracy of this view. A wave of indignation against Germany is taking the place of the pro-Boer wave throughout Europe. Here in Italy the change of sentiment is very marked. Probably the disgust with the German tariff policy has something to do in bringing about an alteration in the Italian attitude toward Germany while the slighting references made by Count von Bulow to the Dreibund have contributed to the same end. But whatever the cause, the result is patent. Pro-Boer sympathy is on the rapid decrease in Italy."

Judging from the Vienna dispatches to the papers of Rome, Milan, Florence and Naples, Austrian opinion is also veering toward London under the influence of similar factors, with this difference, however, in the form of expression: Austrian journals point out that the present British-German excitement is only momentary and the feeling in Germany regarding the Boer war will pass away.

As the Fremdenblatt is the organ of the Austria-Hungarian Foreign Office, the utterance is all the more remarkable. Such an announcement can mean nothing if it does not imply that England is in the right and not in the wrong in the South African controversy.

THE STORM YESTERDAY

Wall at Crystal Palace Block Blown in and Damaged P. Simon's Store

As a result of the fire in the Crystal palace block two weeks ago, Mr. Pete Simons is to-day a very heavy loser. The heavy wind which accompanied the storm yesterday blew down the wall on the south side, which fell with a crash on the roof of the building occupied by Mr. Pete Simons, and carried roof and everything with it into the cellar. The stock and fixtures are almost a total loss. With the force of the fall one of the plate glass windows was blown out and a shower of collar boxes, braces umbrellas etc., were blown into the street. The roof and flooring in the back part of the building are not badly damaged but the front half is a complete wreck. Some days ago Mr. Simons warned the town and owners of the burnt building that the high walls were not safe and should either be taken down or securely braced and had this been done the damage done last night might have been avoided. The front and wall on the north side of the building are not in a safe condition and should be attended to.

The country roads are now in very bad shape. The east and west roads are drifted in many places, and are impassable. The trains on the railroads will be late to-day owing to drifts in the cuts on the roads.

If Catarrh is Your Trouble.

you will find instant relief and absolute cure in Catarrhozone, which kills the germs that cause the disease, cures the cough, prevents droppings in the throat, relieves congestion and quickly heals the inflamed membranes. Catarrhozone cures perfectly the most chronic cases of Catarrh, lung and throat troubles, and is delightful, simple and safe to use. Catarrhozone is a scientific treatment highly indorsed by doctors and druggists, and sells everywhere for $1.00, small size 25 cents. By mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

GERMANY AFTER PHILIPPINES

That's a Vienna Paper's Guess as to Significance of Prince Henry's Visit.

Vienna, Feb. 2—The Neues Wiener Tageblatt has discovered that the sale of the Philippine Islands to Germany by the United States is probable. The paper says that negotiations to this end have been proceeding for some time.

It adds that the visit of Prince Henry to the United States is a preliminary to the announcement that the islands have been sold.

The paper adds that the transference will be partly compensated for in money and partly in political and commercial concessions. The other powers are fully cognizant of the negotiations. Resentment from Russia and Great Britain is expected.

There's a Story in Morning Tiredness.

A story of poor blood, weakened nerves, of a starved brain. Plenty of food, mind you, but perhaps poorly prepared and too poorly digested to maintain a vigorous body. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, gives strength to the nerves, cures the fagged feeling that prevents vigorous thought and action. Use Ferrozone, it makes blood and good blood feeds the nerves. Strong and vigorous nerves are just another name for good health. If you seek health, and a relief from the tired morning feeling, use Ferrozone. Sold only by Ormond & Walsh.

GIRL FORETELLS HER DEATH

Kenosha Factory Employe Prophesies Demise and Dies Shortly After.

Kenosha, Wis., Feb. 2—Miss Anna Kleamer, aged 18, of this city, yesterday foretold her death, which occurred a few hours afterward. Miss Kleamer was employed at the Chicago-Rockford Hosiery Company and in the morning started to work in apparently her usual health. While on the way to the factory she suddenly turned to several girl companions and said:

"I will die to-day."

Shortly after this and before the party of girls could reach the factory the girl fainted. She was taken to her home and died a few hours afterward. Death is said to have been due to acute peritonitis, but the coroner will hold an inquest.

UNERRING LAWS

govern the rise and fall of [illegible], as they do the ebb and flow of the tides. To be successful in Wall Street [illegible] handsome cloth bound, illustrated 400 page

"Guide to Investors,"

which we [illegible] for free distribution, [illegible] for the past ten to thirty years. Those who have [illegible] to mail you free our

"Daily Market Report."

We feel confident it will be to your interest to do so.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

[illegible]

[illegible] — The only licensed U.S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL-SMELTER-MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. | McIntyre Block Winnipeg.

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between [illegible] and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make [illegible] headquarters at the Times Office, where they [illegible] the newsiest with writing materials.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to time of [illegible].

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 8, 1902

THE ELECTION TO-DAY

The election which is to take place to-day is an important one to the ratepayers of Peterborough. Two Water Commissioners are to be selected by the votes of the town, the third being the Mayor. These gentlemen will have charge of the waterworks, which became the property of the town on Friday last, and which cost the people $230,000.

Upon the wise inauguration of the new order of things will depend, in a great measure, the success or the failure of the waterworks as a municipal concern. It is therefore highly important that two good men be selected from amongst those in the field. Let it be a business matter entirely with the voter, so that the two men best fitted to perform the duties of the office will be chosen. Men who will run the business in the future as it has been in the past should be preferred, for any other policy would be fatal.

The Times will simply print the names of the candidates, leaving the voters to judge for themselves: Messrs. T. F. Matthews, W. H. Hill, George Ball, John E. Belcher, C.E., Wm. Fair and Adam Dawson.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN CONNOLLY

One of the Oldest Settlers and Pioneers of Township of Ops

One of the oldest settlers and pioneers of the township of Ops died after a lingering illness on Tuesday last, in the person of Mr. John Connolly at the age of 79 years. Deceased was born at or near the village of Bailieboro, where his parents settled when they came to this country in the early part of the century. During his lifetime he took an active interest in public matters, having filled the position of Deputy Reeve and Reeve, for many years. When the County Council assembled in Peterborough, he was one of the members, and afterwards served in the Council of Victoria County. In 1878 he was chosen as Liberal candidate for the Dominion house and after a very stubborn fight was defeated.

When Mr. Connolly's illness became serious, the entire family were called to his bedside. It gave the father great consolation to have his family beside him during his last days. The family left to mourn the death of a kind and loving father are Nicholas, at home; Anastasia, at home; Mrs. P. J. Murphy, of Ops; Mrs. Henry O'Keefe, of Minto, N. D.; James Connolly, of Ops; Mrs. John O'Keefe, of North Dakota; William Connolly, Chief Clerk of Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, D.C.; Joseph Connolly, of Linden; Miss Nellie and Frank, who reside at home.

CARNEGIE OFFERS $10,000

Town of Lindsay is Offered $10,000 for a Free Library

Andrew Carnegie, the great philanthropist, has offered the town of Lindsay $10,000 for a free public library, on condition that a free site be given and a guarantee of $1,000 be given to maintain the library.

We understand that almost any town can have money under similar terms and for similar purposes from Mr. Carnegie, but many hesitate to tie themselves up in such a way.

NAVIGATION NOTES

Mr. Hickey, boat builder and contractor, has started to overhaul the steamer City of Peterborough, and put her in first-class shape for navigation in the spring.

Mr. Buck, of Norwood, has awarded Mr. Hickey the contract of building his new steam yacht. The boat will have a length of 47 feet and 8 foot beam.

The Peterborough Canoe Co. are building two new yachts in the old Bridge Works building.

Stevenson's Advice to Writers.

IN the December number of "Harper's Magazine" there are some letters by R. L. Stevenson which have not previously been published. They contain, as lengthy letters written by R. L. S. always did contain, sundry excellent remarks. We append a few excerpts:

"Beware of realism; it is the devil: it is one of the means of art, and now they make it the end! And such is the force of the age in which a man lives that we all, even those of us who most detest it, sin by realism."

"In your art bow your head over technique. Think of technique when you rise and when you go to bed. Forget purposes in the meanwhile; get to love technical processes, to glory in technical successes; get to see the world entirely through technical spectacles, to see it entirely in terms of what you can. Then, when you have anything to say, the language will be apt and copious."

"Cling to your youth. It is an artist's stock-in-trade. Don't give in that you are ageing, and you won't age. See the good in other people's work; it will never be yours. See the bad in your own, and don't cry about it; it will be there always. Try to use your faults; at any rate, use your knowledge of them."

"The sins of the most innocent, if they were exactly visited, would ruin them to the door. And if you know any man who believes himself to be worthy of a wife's love, a friend's affection, you may rest assured he is worthy of nothing but a kicking. We are not meant to be good in this world, but try to be, and fail, and keep on trying, and when we get a kick, to say 'Thank God!' and when we get a buffet, to say 'Just so: well hit!'"

Two Furniss Stories.

THE poor Saxon "towrist"—what he may suffer in the Emerald Isle! There is a story on record of three Irishmen rushing away from the race meeting at Punchestown to catch a train back to Dublin. At the moment a train from a long distance pulled up at the station, and the three men scrambled in. In the carriage was seated one other passenger. As soon as they had regained their breath one said:

"Pat, have you got th' tickets?"

"What tickets? I've got me loife; I thought I'd lost that gettin' in th' thrain. Have you got 'em, Moike?"

"Oh! Begorrah, I haven't."

"Oh, we're all done for, thin," said the third. "They'll charge us roight from the other side of Oireland."

The old gentleman looked over his newspaper and said:

"You are quite safe, gintlemen; wait till we get to the next station."

They all three looked at each other. 'Bedad, he's a directhor—we're done for now entoirely."

But as soon as the train pulled up the little gentleman jumped out and came back with three first-class tickets. Handing them to the astonished strangers, he said: "Whist, I'll tell ye how I did it. I wint along the thrain—'Tickets, plase; tickets, plase,' I called, and these belong to three Saxon towrists in another carriage."

A stoutly made little fellow of eight to his mother, who happened to be extremely thin:

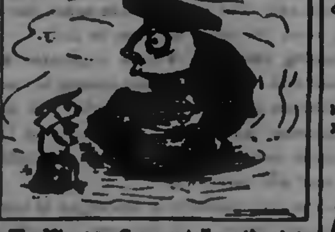
"Oh, mother, I do believe you must be the very sweetest woman in the world!"

"Thanks, very much, Lawrence. But why so affectionate? What do you want?"

"I don't want anything. I only know you must be the very sweetest woman in the world."

"Really, you are too flattering. Why this sudden outburst of affection?"

"Well, you know, I've been thinking over the old, old saying, 'The nearer the bone the sweeter the meat.'"—Harry Furniss, in "The Strand."



The Minnow—Can you tell me the story of Jonah and the whale?

The Cod—Can I tell you that story! Why, boy, I'm the whale!—"Life."

Omar at Golf.

Not only devotees of the game, but all admirers of Omar's quatrains will find pleasure in "The Golfer's Rubaiyat," by H. W. Boynton. There is philosophy, satire and wit in the verses, and the imitations in form have a worth of their own. These are stanzas chosen at random from the little book:

Wake! for the sun has driven in equal flight
The stars before him from the Tee of Night,
And holed them every one without a Miss,
Swinging at ease his gold-shod Shaft of Light.

Lately, agape beside the door of Fame,
Sudden a Touch upon my shoulder came,
And thro' the Dusk an Angel Shape held out
The greater Guerdon; and it was—the Game!

A bag of Clubs, a Silver-Town or two,
A Flask of Scotch, a Pipe of Shag—and Thou
Beside me caddying in the Wilderness—
Ah, Wilderness were Paradise enow.

And some we loved, the foolest with a Club,
Ordain'd to sclaff, to foozle, and to flub,
Have turned in Cards a Round or two before,
And played that final Green without a Rub.

There are many grotesque and humorous illustrations in the margins and on borders, and the make-up of the volume is unique throughout.

Adam—I say, Eve. Eve—Well? Adam—Do you think there is anything in that saying that clothes make the man?

It is not surprising that more people live to be over 100 years old in warm climates than in the higher latitudes. The German Empire, with 55,000,000 inhabitants, has 778 centenarians. France, with 40,000,000, has 213. England has only 146, and Scotland 46. Sweden has 10, Norway 23, Belgium 5, Denmark 2, Spain 401, and Switzerland none. Servia, with a population of 2,250,000, has 575 people over 100 years old. It is claimed that the oldest living person, one Bruno Cotrim, living in Rio de Janeiro, is 150 years old.

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's wall.

A Tale of the Quick and the Dead.

AN old friend of Mr. Abell, proprietor of one of the Baltimore papers, asked to have his boy taken into that office and taught the business. He was added to the city staff as a special favor. The city editor sent the youngster out to Druid Hill Cemetery to describe that aristocratic burial place. He was instructed to prepare a list of the distinguished lot owners and to mention all the famous dead who rested under the velvety turf. The reporter was neither experienced nor careful. He went to the office of the cemetery company, and, being allowed access to the books, copied such names as seemed worthy of selection. In writing his notes the young man mixed his lists, gave to the distinguished dead the names of the living lot owners, and made up his list of the distinguished survivors from his catalogue of the dead.

The article was immediately put in type, and appeared the following morning.

When Mr. Abell reached his office that day he found a throng of citizens awaiting him.

"What can I do for you, sir?" he demanded in his brusque manner of the first man in broadcloth who pushed into his private office.

"Do? What haven't you done? I am G. Washington Smith and your paper says that I am buried at Druid Hill. It's shameful, sir; and I demand a correction."

"Does my paper say you are dead?" asked Mr. Abell gravely, looking at his visitor over the top of his glasses.

"It does, and——"

"Well, I want to say to you, Mr. G. Washington Smith, that if my paper says you're dead, you are dead. Good morning; this is no place for ghosts!"

Children's Unconscious Witticisms.

"Terra-cotta is stuff squeezed out of a little insect and used to turn puddings red."

"The zebra is like the horse, only striped, and is chiefly used to illustrate the letter Z." (Also "A donkey with a football jersey on.")

"Faith is that quality which enables us to believe what we know to be untrue."

"Parliament is the place where they go up to in London to talk about Birmingham."

"A Limited Monarchy is a government by a monarchy, who in case of bankruptcy would not be responsible for the entire national debt. In private life you have the same thing with a Limited Liability Company."—Quoted by Dr. Macnamara, M.P., in "New Liberal Review."

Equal to Three.

Public vehicles in Paris are allowed to carry only as many passengers as can find seats. After that number has been admitted no one is allowed to enter. The explanation will serve to introduce an incident reported by a correspondent of the Pittsburg "Dispatch."

A crowd of men and women, each with a numbered ticket, showing the order in which they were to enter the next street car, stood at the Place de l'Etoile station when the down-town car arrived.

Surveying the crowd, the conductor cried out: "Only three places in the car! Who has ticket No. 1?"

With that Mrs. Blank of Chicago, the stoutest woman in the American colony, approached, holding up the ticket called for.

"Step aboard, madam," said the conductor, ringing his go-ahead bell.

"Wait! Wait! I've No. 2!" called a little Frenchman.

"You're too late," replied the conductor. "Every place is taken."

The Vital Question.

He—You are truly the first girl I ever loved. She—That isn't the point. Are you sure I will be the last?

An Old Letter.

A WHOLESALE merchant of Philadelphia, in looking over old papers and records, recently came across an interesting document. It was a letter of instruction sent forty years ago by a merchant in St. Louis to his agent in San Francisco. He thus describes it in the Philadelphia "Times:"

"It related to the disposal of a lot of goods which had been shipped by way of Cape Horn, and although it contained over fifteen thousand words and a copy of a good-sized invoice, it was written on just two sheets of paper.

"The paper itself is a sort of tough, opaque tissue, very thin and light, and when folded the letter slips easily into an envelope three inches wide.

"Why it was gotten up in such a peculiar style is explained by the stamp on the corner, which is one of the old 'pony express' series, embellished with a picture of a man on horseback, spurring at a gallop across the plains.

"I knew, of course, that the Pacific mail of that period was carried by relay express riders, but I never before realized what great pains were taken to reduce the weight to the lowest possible point. I am told that the letters were stored in little flat pouches under the flaps of the saddle, and that they were usually written on a specially prepared tissue.

"The one I have described must have occupied an expert clerk several days, for the penmanship, while microscopic, is beautifully executed, and as clear and legible as print.

"The stamp is of the denomination of fifty cents, and, taken altogether, it would be hard to find a more striking reminder of the astonishing progress that has been made in this country in a trifle over one generation.

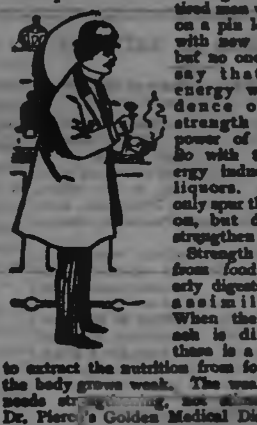
"Everything about the little brown letter speaks of dangers, difficulties, and rude, primitive conditions. It is difficult to realize that the route it traveled is now the great highway of a thousand rushing trains, bearing the transcontinental commerce of the nation."

In Germany.

A fat man who lived on the Rhine
Was asked: "At what hour do you dine?"
He answered: "Eleven,
Three, four, five, and seven,
Six, eight, and a quarter to nine!"
—"Life."

Kidney Duty.—It is the particular function of the kidneys to filter out poisons which pass through them into the blood. When the kidneys are diseased they cannot do their whole duty, and should have the help and strength that South American Kidney Cure will afford in any and all forms of kidney disorder. It relieves in 6 hours.—44

Sold by [illegible].



The Excuse

Made by many a man for taking a drink at the bar is that he needs a bracer. He feels weak, his stomach is "out of sorts" and liquor makes him "feel good." The tired man who sits on a pin leaps up with new energy, but no one would say that this energy was evidence of the strength giving power of a pin. So with the energy induced by liquors. They only spur the body on, but do not strengthen it.

Strength is made from food properly digested and assimilated. When the stomach is diseased there is a failure to extract the nutrition from food and the body grows weak. The weak body needs strengthening, not stimulating. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, so that the nutrition of food is perfectly extracted and assimilated and the body nourished into health and strength.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is no other medicine "just as good" for diseases of the stomach and allied organs.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy have been of great benefit to me," writes (Prof.) Pleasant A. Oliver, of Vista, Fulton Co., Ark. "Before I used the above mentioned remedies my sleep was not sound; digestion bad; a continual feeling of misery. I now feel like a new man."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels and liver.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections, no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

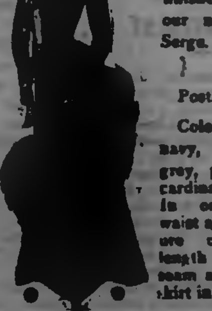
Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to Incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake, With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants



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Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

Model 169

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Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

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Edwin Gordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every kind of Obesity [illegible]

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A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

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A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B. HOSKEN Dept. O 125 Monroe St. Grand Rapids. Mich.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. [illegible] 2 stamps to DR. D. HINKLY XX-9 Grand Rapids, Mich.

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 329 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN Of Nineteen Aught Two Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none) —AT— H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,
Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

ASK FOR THE ALES AND PORTER —OF— The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE, OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST, MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(Signed) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some good which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

The Handiest, Quickest, Cheapest and Most Reliable Servant

For your private and general business IS A TELEPHONE

—Try it.

The Bell Telephone Co'y OF CANADA, LTD.

Electric Lamps 25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co LIMITED

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough. Telephone [illegible] day or night

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BEAUDRY & BROWN [illegible]

HUSBAND —AND— FOE.

A NOVEL

There was a spasmodic movement of the head, then, a moment's silence; then three words, uttered in a husky voice, with a glance at the strange man's figure with its staring vacant eyes and whitened hair.

"He—is—Craven——" The rest died away, and as Katharine turned suddenly and gazed at the creature they called Number Thirteen, Gordon Smythe gave a broken sob, and, with his mother's arms clinging about him, passed away from the world and his sins forever.

With outstretched hands, Katharine staggered back. The mother's cries of agony were ringing in her ears; that strange weird face, so like, yet so unlike, that boyish one that had glared at her from the darkness of the pit, before her; that still, dead form on the floor, all that remained of the living, handsome Gordon; these, one by one, slowly faded from her senses, and there came instead a great rush of darkness, a singing in her ears, and then — oblivion.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Once more an August sunshine poured its golden radiance on the land. Brexley village was again en fete to celebrate the birthday of its lady head and ruler. All was bustle and confusion, just as it had been twelve months before, and Barbara Mostyn surrounded by a throng of guests, posed, talked, and patronized in her old familiar style.

"Are we not to see your fair neighbor, the young widow with the romantic history, Barbara?" Lady Clara Lennox asked in a casual way, as she sauntered with her hostess under the trees.

Barbara drew her thin lips still tighter.

"I do not receive persons of her calibre," she replied curtly.

"Why?" Lady Clara opened her sleepy eyes to their fullest extent. "Has she done anything wrong, really? Oh, do tell me, Barbara. She seemed such a nice, quiet girl when she was with you last year, and your aunt, Lady Drum——"

"Aunt Ellen should be ashamed of herself!" Miss Mostyn's face was white with anger. "But then every one knows that she is mad on some things, and this so-called Mrs. Gordon Smythe is one of them."

"So-called!" Lady Clara repeated languidly, now thoroughly enjoying herself. "Oh, wasn't she married then, Barbara? I thought there was some romantic history about how she saved ——"

"She is a vile adventuress!" Barbara almost hissed between her teeth, "and if I had my way I would sweep all such people out of the land!"

Lady Clara hummed softly to herself; she began to see daylight.

"By the way, my dear, when do you expect Lord Otway to return?"

Barbara's face changed, and she cast down her eyes demurely.

"He did not say exactly when, in his last letter," she answered.

Lady Clara was silent for a moment

"He is a good correspondent, isn't he?" she remarked.

Barbara's brows contracted for a second, then she replied smoothly:

"Yes, very; but then he has so much to say to me, you know Clara."

Lady Clara pursed up her lips as she sauntered on alone, some one having come to claim Barbara.

"What strange things men are. Now what can be the attraction in Barbara Mostyn for such a nature as Lord Otway's. It is very odd, almost as odd as the manner in which he suddenly threw up his curacy last year, and went out as a missionary to China. I could have wished him a better ultimate fate than marriage with Barbara Mostyn!"

Lady Clara sauntered on and on until, somehow, she had reached the skirts of Brexley Hall grounds, and was looking out on the village road. As she stood there, deep in her thoughts, a smart little carriage, drawn by a pair of pretty ponies, came toward her, and in the slender, black-robed figure of the lady driving Lady Clara was quick to recognize Katharine, Mrs. Gordon Smythe.

A flush mounted to our heroine's lovely cheeks, and then a smile came as, at a gesture, Lady Clara motioned her to draw up, and then went forward gracefully, with her hand outstretched in greeting.

"I am delighted to meet you, Mrs. Smythe," she said warmly and truthfully, for she had both liked and admired Katharine, and Barbara's spite had only deepened this feeling. "You remember me, of course?"

"Perfectly," Katharine answered, with a smile.

Not a trace of the serious illness that had fallen on her after Gordon's death remained to mar her beauty; but for the sad expression in her gray eyes, she looked as she did the first night we saw her. Life now was very different to her; she was revered— beloved and admired by all around her; she had everything that money could procure; her purse was ever open to alleviate suffering and the distressed. By every means in her power she was trying to wipe away from Craven Adair's saddened life the memory of the cruel wrong from which he had endured. Her path lay clear and bright before her, with only one shadow upon it, and that one a shadow that would never pass—the bitterness of her hopeless, never-ending love for one who had considered her not even worthy the name of woman.

Lady Clara chatted on briskly.

"I hope you will let me come and see you, Mrs. Smythe," she said after a while.

"I shall be so glad," was Katharine's reply, given in her simple, unaffected manner. "We are very quiet. I have only my cousin, Mrs. Smythe, an old friend, Miss Weston and Mr. Adair and his sister staying with me; but I will give you none the less a hearty welcome."

"I shall drive over without delay." Lady Clara's eyes were fixed meditatively on Katharine for a moment. "By the way, how is poor Mr. Adair nowadays?—better? Ah, I am glad, and so will Lord Otway be when he hears the news. I must tell Barbara to be sure and write it to him."

The older woman noticed in an instant the quick flush followed by the deadly pallor and in that instant she had fathomed the real meaning of Barbara's insolence and hatred toward her fair neighbor at Charlton Abbey.

"So!—sits the wind in that quarter!" she mused to herself. "Where — where were this man's eyes, that he should have passed over the girl for Barbara Mostyn! It is a [illegible] extravaganza. It doesn't [illegible] right, but I suppose it must be, or he would not keep up this correspondence with Barbara."

Katharine, during this pause, had been gathering her reins together in her hand.

"I believe Marian writes to her cousin about her brother; but —but we have had no news from him or of him for months. She— we should like to know how Lord Otway is/and if he is well."

"Barbara seems to be more fortunate than you—or, rather, Miss Adair, is," Lady Clara answered slowly. "She tells me she receives a letter every week. But, then, if report be true, that is not unnatural, is it, Mrs. Smythe?"

Katharine retained enough pride to smile as though she were perfectly indifferent; and the next moment, after another pressing and gracious invitation, she drove on, leaving Lady Clara looking after her with a softened look on her worldly face.

"There goes a woman whom to know is to like and admire. How could Otway be so blind! Why she loves the very ground he treads on; while, as for Barbara—"

Lady Clara finished with a most expressive shrug of the shoulders, and turned to walk back to the Hall.

Katharine drove on quietly for a time, then a mist gathered over her eyes, a mist that at last developed into big heavy tears that blinded out the road and all that lay beyond. Fortunately the ponies knew their path, and trotted along very confidently until they reached the gates of Charlton Abbey.

"Take the ponies to the stables, Tim," she said, without turning her tear-stained face to the groom, and then with swift steps she walked into the most shady and secluded part of her grounds. The fact that Ormande corresponded with Barbara, while to all Marian's loving epistles not one single line in reply had come, was the most undeniable proof to Katharine's eyes that this man whom she loved so dearly not only held her to be a guilty, sinful creature— despite the full and complete explanation which, through Mr. Montrose, had been given to the world after Gordon's death— but that he refused to hold communication with any even of his own relatives who came in contact with her.

Had Clara Lennox guessed one-quarter the pain the words had given she would never have uttered them, and she would have been inexpressibly grieved could she have followed Katharine and watched her fling herself down on the turf and give way to a burst of unconquerable tears.

Katharine had lain there for some time when she heard voices come toward her. Starting up she hastily brushed her eyes and crept back behind a tree. She caught the tones of Marian Adair's clear voice—at first faint, then nearer, and the tones seemed full of strange pleasure, almost excitement, then she heard her own name called by the girl:

"Katharine! Katharine, dear! where are you?"

And then came another voice, at whose sound Katharine started as though she had been shot, and clung to the stout tree to support her trembling limbs, for it was Ormande who spoke—no myth, no dream— but Ormande himself!

To be continued

A Dearth of "Hold-ups."

PREVIOUS to Mr. McKinley's first inauguration, his acquaintance with the members of his Cabinet was a very slight one, only Mr. Sherman being at all intimate with the Chief Executive. The getting acquainted was rather of slow progress, as all were engrossed in their new and intricate duties. One evening the conversation chanced to turn upon the youthful ambitions of the members. Each related his early plans for the future, and when Secretary Wilson's turn came, the Iowan said: "My ambition has not yet been realised. I wanted to be worth $1,000,000 and have two good pairs of suspenders at the same time. As yet, I have neither." The Cabinet unofficially laughed at this frank confession, and Secretary Gage, after a minute, confessed that he had never simultaneously possessed two pairs of dependable suspenders. Secretary Long remarked that when he graduated from Harvard he had two pairs of new trousers, each with good new galluses, but that the experience had never responded to an encore; while the now Justice McKenna said that, although he came from the Pacific Slope, two pairs of "hold-ups" were unknown to him. Others made similar confessions, and finally Secretary Bliss, the wealthiest man present, said with a laugh: "This seems to be a strange coincidence. Last Saturday evening Mrs. Bliss came in to my study and said: 'Papa, are you going out at all this evening?' I replied that I did not so intend, and asked the reason of her question. 'Oh, nothing,' she replied, 'only if you are not, Ed'—our son—'wants to use your only good suspenders.'"

As a sort of final course to this tale, Mr. McKinley tells that Secretary Wilson related this conversation at the breakfast table the morning following. Three of his children were present. It was in the early holiday season. Each of the children sat interested and observing. Christmas came, and in the stocking of the Secretary of Agriculture were found three dozen pairs of suspenders of a high degree of excellence. The children had remembered the story. All Secretary Wilson then needed to realise his youthful ambition was the $1,000,000.

And this is one of the very few humorous stories the late President told repeatedly with gusto.

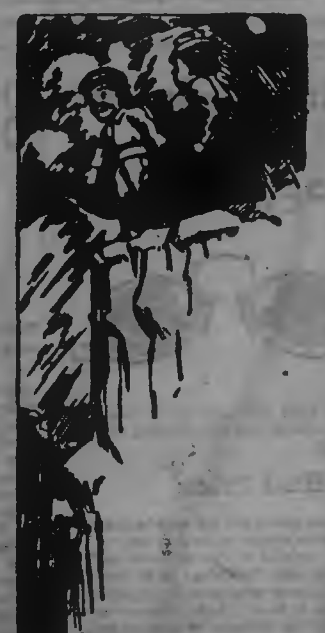
"To his highly well-born Herr Doctor (for the doctor may be taken for granted). The undersigned permits himself devotedly to inform your highly well-born self that your honored writing has received, and so forth." And the writer may in conclusion assure the highly well-born recipient of his "most excellent high esteem," and subscribe himself as "highly respectful and most obedient."

Most people insist on receiving the exact degree of respect which they deem to be due to their position, as the pronouncement of a Berlin jury indicates. A lady accused a tradesman of an intended insult in that he had only signed himself in a letter "Most humbly" and not "Respectfully and most humbly," and the court took the [illegible] view and fined the offender.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Dooley on Judges.

"IF I had me job to pick out," said Mr. Dooley, "I'd be a judge. I've looked over all th' others an' that's th' only wan that suits. I have th' judicyal timperamint. I hate wurruk. Ivrybody else is pushed an' hurrid in this tumultchuse age. Th' business man has to get to th' bank before it closes an' the banker has to get there befure th' business man escapes, an' th' high-priced actor has to kill off more gradyates iv th' school iv actin' than iver he did, an' th' night editions iv th' pa-apers comes out earlier ivry mornin'. All is rush an' worry. Kings and imprors duck about their jooties like bell-hops, th' pampered son iv luxury at Newport is thrying f'r a mile a minyit in his autymobill an' th' on'y leisure class left in th' wurruld is th' joodicyary. Somewhere a la-ad hits somewan on th' head with an ax or sinds him a bunch iv prussic acid done up to look like candy. Maybe he does, an' maybe he don't; but annyhow, that's what he's lagged f'r. Th' polis are in a hurry to get to th' pool room befure th' flag falls in th' first race, an' they carry th' case to th' gran' jury; th' gran' jury indicts him without a thought or a suspicion iv a har-rd feelin', th' judge takes his breakfast on th' bench to be there in time, an' charges th' jury to be fair, but not to f'rget th' man done it, an' th' jury rayturns a verdict iv guilty with three cheers an' a tiger. Th' pris'ner has hardly time to grab up his hat befure he's hauled off to his funeral obsequies, an' th' onprejudiced public feels happy about it. I don't believe in capital punishment, Hinnissy, but 'twill niver be abolished while th' people injys it so much. They're jus' squarin' thimsilves f'r th' rayvoltin' details whin wurrud comes that Judge Tamarack iv Opolis has granted a stay iv proceedin's. Says Judge Tamarack: 'I know very little about this case except what I've been tol' be th' larned counsel f'r th' dayfinse, an I don't believe that, but I agree with Lord Coke in th' maxim that th' more haste th' less sleep. Therefore, to all sheriffs, greetin': Fen jarrin' th' pris'ner till ye hear fr'm us. So th' pris'ner waits an' dhreams he's a lightnin'-rod, an' th' public waits an' ivrybody waits. Th' high coort is busy in its way. Ivry two or three years it is discovered takin' a nap at a county seat in th' corn belt an' it hands down a decision f'r th' defindant in a case f'r damages growin' out iv th' Shay rebillion. Thin it dhrops off again. Th' higher up a coort is th' less they see iv each other. Their office hours are fr'm a quarther to wan leap years. Ye take a lively lawyer that's wurruked twinty hours a day suin' sthreet railroad comp'nies an' boost him on to a high coort an' he can't think out iv a hammock."



"Mary, I feel dizzy. Suppose I should fall."

"Horrors! I should cast myself down on top of you."

"Well, after all, 'twas but a momentary feeling. I guess I won't fall, Mary."

Among the Old Masters.

A GOOD looking young woman, who had evidently been fed on large quantities of "culturese," was piloting about the Art Museum in New York the other day a fat and comfortable middle-aged soul, whose agreeable but totally uninspired features showed that hers was the proud privilege of being mother to her companion. The girl dragged her mother from canvas to canvas, explaining things in a high-pitched voice, and a portion of their conversation is recorded by the "Tribune."

"Rembrandt was a Dutchman," she observed. "You see how full of shadows his pictures are."

"Shadows, indeed," returned the mother. "I must say, though, it was well for that lady he did put her in the shadow. He must have been well paid for painting her, I should say," she added with scorn.

The two passed on to Rubens.

"Ain't they fat, those ladies—if you can call 'em ladies!" exclaimed the portly matron, for once interested.

"He used his wife as a model, mother," volunteered the cultured one.

"Well, now," said mother, wrathfully, "to think a man would make such a show of his own wife! No, I may not be so well educated as you, but I know better than that, I hope."

The conversation, carried on in clear tones, had attracted the attention of half the room. The girl blushed deeply and drew her mother away in the direction of the modern rooms. The hopeless remark floated back:

"No, Antoinette, it ain't no use. Them old masters all look alike to me."

Stranger—And don't your congregation consider it a sin to tell a lie? Kentucky Parson—It depends on the lie, stranger. We don't consider it any great harm for a man to make out he has been bitten by a snake in a prohibition district.—Philadelphia "Record."

Anecdotal.

Frederic Villiers, the well-known war artist and correspondent, declares he saw the following sign in a prominent hotel in an Australian town where water was scarce: "Please don't use soap when washing, as the water is required for tea."

"Do you mind me calling you May?" once said a very fashionable and gushing society lady to the young Duchess of York; "I love your name so much!" "Not at all," said the Duchess in a dangerously quiet tone of voice; "if you do not mind me not answering you!"

Douglas Jerrold, the English wit, was once sitting with George Henry Lewes and a poet named Heraud, who was something of a bore, and a good deal laughed at. Lewes asked Jerrold: "Have you ever seen Heraud's Descent Into Hell?" "No; but I should like to," tersely replied the wit.

At dinner at Balliol the Master's guests were discussing the careers of two Balliol men, one of whom had just been made a judge and the other a bishop. "Oh," said Henry Smith, "I think the bishop is the greater man. A judge at the most can only say 'You be hanged,' but a bishop can say 'You be damned.'" "Yes," characteristically twittered the Master, "but if the judge says 'You be hanged,' you are hanged."

In a high school one day last week a teacher desired to refresh a boy's memory and help him to answer a question. Acting on the supposition that a mental review would lead him to a correct conclusion, she said: "Now, go away back"— Unconsciously from the entire class there came a responsive murmur: "And sit down." The teacher was compelled to join in the audible smile, and hardly knows yet whether the boy's answer was right.

The story is told of Ambassador Choate that returning from a college boat race he was once approached by a fresh young undergraduate, who introduced himself as the son of one of Mr. Choate's old friends. The youth was smoking a pipe, and constantly blew great clouds of smoke into Mr. Choate's face. Observing that the ambassador was looking rather steadily at his pipe, the student said, proudly: "A birthday present." "Ah," replied the lawyer, without taking his eyes from the loud-smelling bowl, "I should never have thought you were so old!"

A bailiff having long tried in vain to arrest a Quaker at last resolved to adopt the disguise of being a Quaker himself and so get access to the interior of the house. He knocked accordingly at the door, enquired if Friend Aminadab was at home and if he could see him. The housekeeper said: "Walk in, friend, and he shall see thee." The bailiff, delighted to have got this success, was directed to wait. But after waiting an hour he became impatient, rang the bell and said to the servant: "Thou promised me I should see Friend Aminadab." "No, friend," answered she; "I promised he should see thee. He hath seen thee, but he doth not like thee."

A curate, it is said, on applying to His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury when Bishop of London, to be licensed, was ordered to read some verses of Scripture, as a test of his capacity for conducting public worship. When he had done so, in fear and trembling, the Bishop declared that he was "Not loud enough." "But," pleaded the poor curate, "a lady in church only yesterday told me I could be heard most plainly all over it." "Ah!" exclaimed the Bishop, "you are engaged." The curate blushingly owned the soft impeachment. His Grace darkly smiled and then solemnly said, "Now listen to me, young man. While you are engaged don't believe everything the lady tells you, but after you are married believe every word she says."

Robert G. Ingersoll used to be fond of telling how, when he first came to Washington from the West, he once encountered in one of the corridors of the Capitol an old negro woman vigorously scrubbing the floor when she heard anyone coming, and, when the footsteps died away, busily reading her Bible. He slipped up on her very quietly one morning, and, taking her by surprise with her precious book, said: "Mary, do you believe all you read there?" "I sutanly do," she replied; "ebery word, Colonel Ingersoll." "Do you believe that God made man out of dust?" "In coase I does." "Say, it happened to rain hard about that time and the dust was gone and there was nothing but mud?" To which old mammy retorted: "Den de good Lawd knowed enough to know dat it was time to make dem lawyers and infidels, Colonel Ingersoll."

Ocular Demonstration.

"Mrs. Decollete, over there, puts every cent her husband makes on her back." "He's making very little, then." —Philadelphia "Press."

Not the Fashion in Natal.

There was a young lady of Durban,
Who imported a Paris-made turban.
It was blue, green, and red,
But the natives all said
That the style was remote and suburban.
—"Punch."

Reciprocity Limited.

In May and June steamers laden with green peas and strawberries leave Brittany daily for England. These are the spoils of the rich lands about Brest. After Fashoda and the Dreyfus affair, when an anti-English feeling was rampant, a grocer of this district, distinguished in his abuse of the British, denounced the whole race as "despicable preserve-merchants." "Why 'despicable preserve-merchants?'" someone asked. "Because they make the jams they sell to us. They have no sugar and no fruit. Despicable? Why, they take our sugar and our fruit, and they make us buy their jams!"

A Substitute.

"Don't you miss your husband very much now that he is away?" "Oh, no! At breakfast I just stand his newspaper up in front of a plate, and half the time I really forget he isn't there." —Exchange.

The Human Brute.

The saddest words of tongue or pen,
Likewise the gladdest words, we know.
The saddest are "It might have been."
The gladdest are "I told you so."
—Philadelphia "Record."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Wasp."

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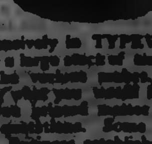

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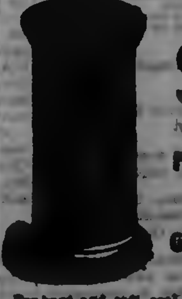
THE
Most Perfect Stove Made



THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion. [illegible] The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of [illegible].

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the top of coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When lifting the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. [illegible] Star stove in our [illegible] the size of which is [illegible] feet, with [illegible] ceiling. We have [illegible] and the [illegible] coal we have used on the coldest day [illegible] found [illegible] in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room [illegible] past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and with [illegible] that it is giving excellent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

News and Opinions
—OF—
NATIONAL IMPORTANCE

THE SUN ALONE
CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail..................$6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail......$8 a year

The Sunday Sun
is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

CASH BARGAIN GROCERY

Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 200 - 322 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 3, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The market on Saturday was not very large.

—The election of Water Commissioners takes place to-day.

—The County Council concluded business on Saturday and adjourned.

—Messrs. Bates Bros., bakers, have been given a Government license to sell postage stamps in the north end.

—The Board of Directors of the Y.W.C.A. will meet this afternoon at 3.30. A full attendance is requested.

—The Peterborough branch of the Labor Union is still growing. No less than fifty-four new members were initiated on Friday night.

—The County Council made no grant to the beet sugar factory promotion, but appointed a committee to act with the town in the matter.

—G. E. Whitea is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 166 Hunter street west.

—At a meeting of the Labor Union on Friday night, considerable discussion took place about water commissioners, and we understand that the members of the union heartily endorsed Mr. George Ball as commissioner.

—The County Council has made a grant of $25.00 to bona-fide residents of the county who joined the third contingent for South Africa; $30 to the Poultry Association, and $100 to the Children's Aid Society.

—Rev. Father Murphy, C.S.P., of New York, will deliver a temperance lecture in St. Peter's Cathedral on Sunday evening next, preparatory to forming a Women's Temperance Society in connection with St. Peter's Total Abstinence Society.

LOST

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

Snow By-law Enforced

A Murray street resident was in the police court on Saturday morning, charged with breaking the snow bylaw, in that he did not shovel the snow from in front of his residence. The magistrate found the accused guilty, and fined him $1, or ten days in default.

DIED

SAINSBURY—At Newtonville, on Wednesday, November 20th, aged [illegible] years, Priscilla Harding, relict of the late Francis Sainsbury.

Your vote and influence is respectfully solicited by T. F. MATTHEWS, Candidate for the office of Water Commissioner.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

A New Postmaster

Mr. John C. Purser, of Hall's Bridge, has been appointed postmaster at that place, in place of his father, recently deceased.

Mr. Peck's Hospitality

The members of the County Council, together with the County officials, were entertained on Friday evening by Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Peck, at their handsome home in Ashburnham. After refreshments had been served, a pleasant evening was spent in speeches and social [illegible].

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. W. T. Hall is in Toronto for a few days on business.

—Constable McFadden, of Huntsville, was in town on Saturday.

—Rev. R. L. Campbell, of Toronto, is visiting his brother, Mr. Alex. Campbell, Hunter street.

—Rev. and Mrs. E. A. Langfeldt have returned from a visit to Lindsay.

—Miss McCarter who has been residing in town for the past few weeks, leaves this week for Ottawa, where she has accepted a position as soloist in the First Presbyterian Church. Her many friends in town will be sorry to learn of her departure.

—Mr. Benjamin Sherin, of Reston, Souris District, Manitoba, is in town on a visit. Mr. Sherin left Manitoba in December, and has been visiting friends in different places since then. He reports the past season as a very prosperous one for the farmers in Manitoba and the North-west, and like others, speaks glowingly of the country's prospects.

Dr. Bingham, our popular and efficient local Medical Health Officer, returned from Toronto on Friday, where he went after attending the small-pox patient in Jackson Park. The doctor has resumed his duties as public health officer. His many friends in town were pleased to greet him after his long voluntary confinement.

CHURCH NOTES

—At All Saints' church, Holy Communion was celebrated yesterday morning at 8.30. At the morning and evening services Rev. W. L. Armitage occupied the pulpit. His subject in the evening was "How We Feel." The annual offertory was taken up for Diocesan Missions.

—At St. John's church, Holy Communion was dispensed in the morning at 8.30. The Rev. J. C. Davidson occupied the pulpit at the morning and evening services.

—At St. Luke's, Ashburnham, morning prayer and communion at 11. Evening service at 7. Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, M.A., occupied the pulpit.

—At St. Paul's church, Rev. Dr. Torrance occupied the pulpit in the morning, and Rev. Geo. Yuill, assistant pastor, preached at the evening service.

—The services at St. Andrew's were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. G. Potter. The attendance at the evening service was very large.

—At the George Street Methodist church, holy communion was celebrated at 10 a.m. The regular morning and evening services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Wilson.

—Notwithstanding the inclement weather of yesterday, a large number of men attended the meeting at the Y.M.C.A. in the afternoon. The address delivered by Mr. Crocker, of Toronto, on "A Man Complete," was masterful and most beneficial to all present.

—The regular monthly song service was held in Charlotte Street Methodist Church last evening. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Crossley, preached most effectively and the music was good.

Liberated on Saturday

Wm. Greenslade, the Huntsville man who was arrested on Friday, charged with obtaining money under false pretences, was given his liberty on Saturday. A settlement was effected between the parties. It appears that some misunderstanding existed between Greenslade and a person to whom he was indebted, as to the payment of the debt, and since his arrival here, he had overlooked the matter, but as he had made a satisfactory settlement, he was liberated.

WOLVES ARE PLENTIFUL

An American Timber Ranger Treed by Them in Haliburton County

Wolves are reported to be very numerous in the wilds of Haliburton this year. A few days ago a party of Americans were in the vicinity of Dorset inspecting timber, and one of the party strayed from the others, and when about two miles away, heard the mournful howl of the wolf. On looking around he saw a large pack of the hungry brutes after him, and at once scaled a high tree. He remained for some hours in the tree-top, when his comrades found him and drove off the wolves, killing many of them, and released their friend.

In view of the bounty of $10 on a wolf, we are surprised that our local sports spend money and time in shooting rabbits, when they could make more money in the north country hunting wolves.

TURNED OUT TRUE

Coffee Drinking Responsible

"At a dinner party a number of years ago a physician made this statement, 'Coffee drinking is responsible for more ills than any other one thing, but it is impossible for me to make my patients believe it.'

Neither would I believe him but continued to drink my coffee with sweet content. After a time I became aware of the fact that I was frequently lying awake nearly all night without any apparent reason, and the morning found me tired out and nervous.

The insomnia increased, then came a dull pain at the base of the brain and severe pressure at my heart. My outside work was given up for I could hardly bear the little fatigue of the day. 'Nervous prostration brought on by overwork,' the doctor said. I thought of the words of old Dr. Bagley, 'Coffee is the poison that is responsible,' etc., etc.

I had heard of Postum Food Coffee and determined to try it. The first cup was so weak and flat that it was not fit to drink. The next time it was prepared I looked after it myself to see that the directions were followed properly. The result was a revelation. I found it a delicious beverage.

The cure was not wrought in a day but little by little my nerves became stronger, the pain ceased, and again I could sleep like a tired child.

I am now completely restored to health by Postum Food Coffee used in place of ordinary coffee, have regained the fresh complexion of girlhood, and I can realize the truth of the old Doctor's statement. I wish people could understand that truth before they permit coffee to break them down.

I have known of several others who have been restored to health by leaving off coffee and taking up Postum Food Coffee. Please do not publish my name, but I am willing to answer letters of inquiry if stamp is enclosed." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

An Appeal for Mr. Belcher.

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—In view of the fact that we are on the eve of the election for Town Commissioner, I would like to say a word on behalf of a man who is put forward not as a representative of any one class or interest, but of them all. I refer to Mr. Belcher. Some, I understand, are running as the candidates of either the financial, the waterworks or workingmen's interest, but Mr. Belcher, as his requisition shows, has been put forward as a representative of the citizens in general. He is a kindly gentleman, who is accessible to any man at any time, and highly thought of by his professional brethren, who have elected him to the highest positions. I hope he will be elected.

WM. SNOWDEN

The Child at Prayer.

(Published by request.)

A baby to a Baby prays.
O, Infant Jesus, meek and mild,
From 'mid the glory and the rays,
Look on a little child.
As one child to another may,
He talks without a thought of fear,
Commending to a Child to-day
All that a child holds dear:
His father, mother, brother, nurse,
His cat, his dog, his bird, his toys,
Things that make up the universe
Of darling girls and boys.
All sheep and horses, lambs and cows,
He counts them o'er, a motley crew,
And children in the neighbor's house,
And all the people, too,
His friends, why all the world's his friend,
This four-years darling, golden-curled,
'Tis long before it has an end,
The bede-roll of his world.
A child lifts up his little hands,
Unto a Child; and it may be
The Host of Heaven at gazing stands,
That tender sight to see.

U. S. OFFICIALS

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—A bets B that no United States official, and no State official in this country, has an official prefix—such as "Honorable"—to his name, except the Governor of Massachusetts, who is by law "His Excellency;" and one other official whom A does not remember. Does A win, and who is the other official?

A. B.

Ans.—No civil officer of the United States has any official prefix to his name: the Governor and Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts are respectively entitled by the Constitution "Excellency" and "Honor," the Governor of New Hampshire is also entitled "Excellency" by the Constitution.

A New Feature

Mr. T. Turcotte, the genial and efficient asst.-sec'y. of St. Peter's T. A. S., is introducing into the rooms of this already up-to-date society, a new feature, that has much attraction for several of our young men. It consists of a gymnasium which, although not very extensive at present, is to be enlarged in the near future. The interest which Mr. Turcotte takes in everything connected with the comfort and pleasure of the members of this flourishing society, and the success which has attended his efforts, speaks well for his capabilities as sect'cy.

Bad Neuralgia's Agony.

Have you failed to get permanent relief? Are you almost frantic with neuralgic pain? If so, why not use Polson's Nerviline? It is the only neuralgic remedy that has never failed to cure even the worst cases, and it will surely cure you. Five times the strength of other remedies, it penetrates the tissues and drives out the pain instantly. Quick relief, sure cure. Large bottles 25c.

A Change of Managers

Mr. Ed. Salisbury, who for the past few months, has filled the position of local agent of the Dominion Express Company, has been promoted to the office of Inspector. His place is taken by Mr. A. H. McInnes, of Parkdale, where he had charge of the Company's office. During Mr. Salisbury's management, the business of the Company has increased enormously. His many friends in Peterborough will regret his departure, but will be pleased at his advancement. Mr. McInnes comes well recommended, and no doubt will soon become as popular as his predecessor, which is saying a good deal.

ORDERED TO THE FRONT

Lieut. Jack Fessenden Sailed Yesterday for South Africa

Lieut. Jack Fessenden, son of Mr. C. Fessenden, who has been stationed at Portsmouth, in the Imperial service, received orders a few days ago to report at the front in South Africa. Lieut. Fessenden sailed from Portsmouth yesterday. His many friends in town hope that he will come safely through his experience. Lieut. Fessenden is a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston, and has many friends in town.

DEANERY MEETING

Deanery of Northumberland will Meet at St. Luke's To-day

The Deanery of Northumberland will meet at St. Luke's, Ashburnham, today and to-morrow, in which parish the members will be entertained. Service will be held to-night at St. John's church, where the sermon will be preached by Rev. Canon Spragge, of Cobourg. All are invited.

ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT

Of the Ashburnham Public School on Friday Evening a Great Success

The annual entertainment by the scholars of the Ashburnham Public School, was held in the Town Hall, on Friday evening. An excellent program was presented by the scholars which consisted of readings, recitations, vocal and instrumental music. The hall was crowded with a most appreciative audience. The program was as follows:

Chairman's address.
Recitation—Johnny Markle.
Song—Mr. H. Milne.
Dialogue—"A scene in Court."—3 boys.
Recitation—Miss Mabel Pringle.
Cradle songs—7 girls.
Garland drill—22 girls.
Jacky Horner—6 boys.
Recitation—Harry Fisher.
Chorus—"Prince George."
Recitation—Miss Mabel Pringle.
Dairy Maid's Drill—12 girls.
God Save The King.

CARD TO ELECTORS.

To the Electors of the Town of Peterborough:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—Having been urged by the numerous friends of Municipal Ownership to allow myself to be placed in nomination for one of the Water Commissioners, I have consented to be a Candidate. The grounds upon which they urge my election are, amongst others, that I am really the father of Municipal Ownership in this town, and have consistently fought the battle therefor throughout, and that at its incipient or experimental stage, such a one should be given the first opportunity to prove the feasibility of the scheme. They further urge that my record has been free from all cliques and other corrupting influences, and that I will stand up fearlessly for the rights of all alike, without fear, favour or affection. It is needless to say that if elected I will do my utmost to carry out the most sanguine expectations of my numerous friends and water consumers generally. Respectfully asking you one and all for your vote and influence, I am, ladies and gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

GEORGE BALL.

A Petition and Acceptance

To John E. Belcher, Esq., C. E.

Sir,—We earnestly request you to allow yourself to stand for election as one of the Water Commissioners for the town.

We feel that it would be of decided advantage to have one of the Commissioners an engineer, and especially with our system from its beginning.

(Signed)

Wm. Snowden, Thos. F. Attrill, H Long, R. A. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough; A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D.; H. LeBrun, W. Taylor, T. E Boddy, President A. F. of L.; R. J. Munro, R. F. McGregor, W. Henry, and others.

To His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Wm. Henry, President A. F. of L.; H. Long, Wm. Snowden, W. Taylor, R. F. McGregor, R. J. Munro, H. LeBrun, T. E. Boddy, T. F. Attrill, A. C. Dunlop, D. N. Carmichael, M.D., and to my nominator and seconder, James Montgomery and R. Sheehy, and others:

Gentlemen,—In view of your request I will accept nomination for the Waterworks Commissionership, and, as you suggest, will do what I can, if elected, in the way of placing my knowledge of the system and its workings at the service of the town.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN E. BELCHER.

TO THE ELECTORS

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been requested by a large number of ratepayers to offer myself as a candidate for the position of Water Commissioner for the Town of Peterborough, I have consented to do so, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. If elected my policy will be to treat rich and poor alike, and respect the general welfare of the town in the careful and economical management of the water works.

WILLIAM FAIR

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company. Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $50 to $80 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B, Cl[illegible].

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians, etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 364, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

Kidney Duty.—It is the particular function of the kidneys to filter out poisons which pass through them into the blood. When the kidneys are diseased they cannot do their whole duty, and should have the help and strength that South American Kidney Cure will afford in any and all forms of kidney disorder. It relieves in 6 hours.—14

Sold by [illegible]

To Keep Pace With The Times

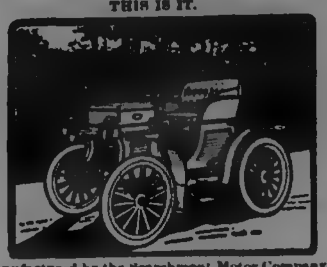
TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile **Will be Given Free**



WORTH $2,000. **WORTH $2,000.**

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

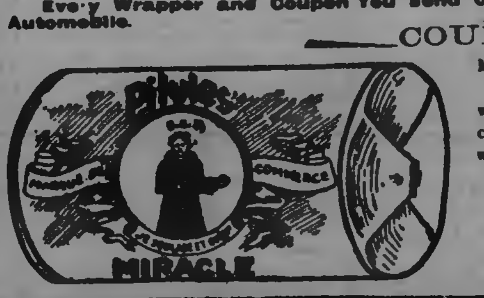
Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON



Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.......................... coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County..

Great Reductions

—

SPECTACLES

We have just received an assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, which will be sold

At Half Price

These goods are the very best, and will be sold as above, while they last. A competent occulist will be on hand on Wednesdays and Saturdays to fit the sight. $5.00 Glasses reduced to $2; $3.00 Glasses reduced to $1.00; $1.00 Glasses reduced to 50c.; 50c. Glasses reduced to 25c.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
MARKET BLOCK.

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

ADVERTISE

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅝	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 9-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¼	Langlaagte Estate	7¼	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅝	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¼	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅝	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅝	8⅝	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅝	⅞	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅞	16⅝	New Rietfontein	6¼	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅝	42¼	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅝	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅝	8¼	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅜
Ferreira	22	23¼	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3⅝	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅝
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅝	7¾	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 9-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¼	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅜
Johnnies	6⅞	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¼	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅝	Van Ryn	11	3¼
Jumpers	8⅝	5⅝	Vogelstruis	6⅝	1¼
Kleinfontein (new)	6¼	2¼	Wolhuter	12	5⅝
Kimberly Roodepoort	4¼	1¼	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¼	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

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Week of Winter Sports,
QUEBEC
Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 23 NO. 29
PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY FEBRUARY 4 1902
PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITAIN SAID TO BE LOOKING FOR TROUBLE

THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT INTERFERE IN THE WAR.

Appealing to England For the Beaten Boer

McCOLL ON BOER WAR

Says England Should be Magnanimous If She Would Prosper

London, Feb. 4.—The problem confronting England in its future relations with the Boers is discussed in fearless and forceful fashion in the current issue of the Fortnightly Review by Canon Malcolm MacColl, one of the band of outspoken Englishmen who believe that England is accumulating trouble by the annexation of the Boer Republics. He classifies himself as one of the "non-party" minority, who cannot perceive the wisdom of the annexation policy. He was among the large body of Englishmen who was opposed to the policy in the case of Alsace and Lorraine "as a long stride back in civilization." Canon MacColl is of the opinion that if, after the British had taken Bloemfontein and Pretoria, they had proferred peace to the Boer Republics on the condition "of at least a modified independence and an indemnity of $500,000,000, which they could have raised on the security of the mines, the war would have ended at once, and we should have secured friendship, instead of hatred."

He thinks if President Kruger had opposed the proposition he would not have been supported by his people. However this may be the writer recognises the fact that Liberals and Conservatives agree that the annexation of the Boer Republics "becomes inevitable after the war." He then discusses what this signifies for Great Britain based upon the statement of the opinion of British military authorities that it will require an army of 100,000 in South Africa for a long period after the war is over. One of the results of this heavy demand upon the military resources of the empire, from Canon MacColl's point of view, will be the "paralysis" of British diplomacy. Effective diplomacy rests on military power. "There can be no force behind our diplomacy while we have 150,000, or 10,000, soldiers locked up in South Africa." The effect of the war upon the British electorate is suggestively treated. Will the forcible annexation of the Boer Republics be worth its cost to British workmen? The writer does not think so, and indulges in this prophetic strain:

"When the glamour of the war is past, and the necessities of life have become dearer, and myriads of men are out of work, as they will be when the spurious stimulus imparted to various trades by the war, has ceased, and are cast upon the rates, those who feel the pinch will certainly rebel against a state of things which imposes grevious hardships upon them without any return of appreciable value. The workers have never been severely tried since they received the franchise, and it would be rash to calculate on their forbearance in anything approaching the distress which followed Waterloo. They can achieve their ends by constitutional means, and the party that promises most is likely to win."

Canon MacColl, in urging "Amnesty, clemency and conciliation" for the Boers, cites the speeches of various British statesmen, notably that of Sir Hugh Cairns against Lord Canning's proclamation confiscating the property of the people of Oude, India, who had risen against England, taking advantage of the Sepoy rebellion:

"Whatever other nations may do," said Sir Hugh, "England ought not to retrograde from those laws of war which civilization has introduced. How, then, upon the principles of justice and the practice of civilized nations, which this country is bound to observe ought we to treat the property of the conquered people? You might as well confiscate the lives of the conquered as their property. The matter is so clear that I am ashamed to ask the House to listen to the opinion of one or two great authorities upon the subject."

The better policy of conciliation and amnesty was adopted by the Tory Government of 1858, and Oude has since remained loyal to the British allegiance, Canon MacColl proceeds:

"The Government has avowedly given the Generals in South Africa a free hand, and Lord Roberts is presumably the author of the policy of confiscation and devastation. Let us remember that the worst accusations made against the Boers do not approach in gravity and heinousness the case against the people of Oude. The Government need not go to a distracted opposition for a policy. They have it ready at hand as a splendid heirloom from a Tory Government in 1858. It is the antithesis of the policy that has been tried in South Africa, and success was as speedy and conspicuous as that has been the reverse."

The Government is, therefore, urged to send to South Africa a Commission of high-minded Englishmen of both parties to take counsel with the Boers and report a plan of conciliatory settlement. Probably Canon MacColl's voice is that of one crying in the wilderness. It may bring no response from the Government, but the Government would do well to heed the writer's warning as to the policy of confiscation:

"Nothing nerves men with such reckless valor and desperate tenacity of purpose as the feeling that they have been rendered destitute, and left without a ray of certain hope for the future."

LOST

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

The Proposed Peterborough Sugar Refinery Buildings will be Built and Appear Very Much Like this Cut of the Peninsular Sugar Co., Caro, Mich., which is a very Successful Corporation—Factory Requirements of 1000-Ton Plant Every 24 Hours

120,000) tons beets at $4.00 ton	$480,000
10,000 " Lime Rock at $2.00	20,000
20,000 " Coal at $2.50	50,000
1,200 " Coke at $4.00	4,800
Bbls. and Sacks	30,000
20,000 yds. Filter Cloth	6,000
Laboratory and other supplies	10,000
Sal. Soda, Tallow, Sulphur and Muriatic Acid	4,000
Labor	125,000
Incidentals	20,000
	$749,800

GIANT AND GIANTESS TO WED

Combined Height, 16 Feet 2 Inch; Weight, Over 700 Pounds.

Helena, Mon., Feb. 4—The largest man and woman in the United States, if not in the world, will be married at Helena or Butte within the next few weeks.

The contracting parties will be Miss Ella Murray of Missouri, 8 feet 1 inch tall, weighing something over 400 lbs., and Edward Beaupre, "The Montana Cowboy," who tips the scale at 367 lbs. and is 8 feet tall.

Miss Murray's father, it is said, has tried in vain for some time to induce someone to marry her, offering a home and liberal expense money as an inducement. A party assembled at a local hotel and decided to write to Miss Murray and tell her about Beaupre and ask her if she would fall in love with him.

Beaupre, when approached on the subject, agreed to the proposition and said that he would remain in this neighborhood a reasonable time to get her reply.

Beaupre is a Montana boy by birth, is 21 years old and has never been out of the State. It is the first time he ever visited the capital of the State. Butte is the largest city he ever saw. He is a cowboy, wears No. 22 shoes and never had a glove on his hands. His clothing has to be made to order. His smooth and bland face gives him a boyish appearance, but in stature he is colossal.

The giant is unable to find a bed large enough to accommodate him in any of the hotels, so he has to content himself with a mattress on the floor.

VICTORIA MUSEUM

Some of the Recent Gifts Made—There is Room for More

Lt.-Col. H. C. Rogers, President of the Historical Society, contributes the following letter concerning the affairs of the society in connection with the Museum.

Peterborough, Jan. 31st.

To the Press of Peterborough.—

Gentlemen,—On behalf of the Peterborough Town and County Historical Society, I would ask you to kindly remind the public that the Victoria Museum, in Inverlea Park, though temporarily closed during the winter months, is always open for the reception of relics and curios, so that the already good beginning towards a valuable collection may not lack completion from forgetfulness. Allow me at the same time to point out that the articles received either as gifts or loans, may be of no intrinsic value, but acquire value from rarity, association or circumstances.

Let me give an instance where an ordinary article becomes interesting from its history. A few days ago our townsman, Mr. Stephen Coveney, brought me an old battered hammer, whose story I will give in his own written words:

"I am only a poor old hammer. Before 1855 I worked in the Plymouth dock yard; my owner was one George Ancock; he was a ship carpenter on board the Victory. I was his right hand man. I then worked in Woolwich dock yard, where my boss died, and then his son had me, and during his time the Crimean war broke out, and I was taken on His Majesty's ship Agamemnon, Sir Charles Napier's flag ship. After the war was over I went to Chatham dock yard and was given to Walter Ancock, a captain of a raising barge. It was there that my face got so badly smashed. About 25 years ago I was given to my present owner."

(Signed) STEPHEN COVENEY.

Mr. J. H. Burnham has recently secured for the Museum a unique Indian relic, found in Dummer, pronounced by Mr. Boyle of the Archaeological Museum, of Toronto, to be "a hammer stone used by the Indians at their dances and ceremonial pow wows; and it is the only one found so far east as Peterborough—all hitherto found were south of a line from Toronto to Goderich." Mr. Burnham also found a directory for '67 and '68, and some Crown Land reports, with maps of the same date. I feel confident that many interesting relics and records are lying in people's storerooms and garrets neglected and seldom seen, which if placed in the museum would be giving pleasure to many, and would be preserved for posterity.

Anything left with me at the post office or given to Mr. May, the secretary, will receive attention and acknowledgement and be placed in the museum prior to its opening in April.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, in advance for making this plea to our fellow-citizens, who should, I think, be equally interested in this work, I beg to remain

Your obedient servant,
H. C. ROGERS,
Pres. P. H. Socy.

AN INDIAN PRINCESS COMING TO CANADA

Princess Sophie Bamba Dhuleep Singh to Live in Toronto

She is the Daughter of the Maharajah of Lahore India, and is Studying Medicine

Chicago, Feb. 4 — Princess Sophie Bamba Dhuleep Singh has determined to leave the Northwestern University Women's medical School, where she has been studying.

On her daily trips between her home, at 464 West Adams street, and the school, the daughter of the Maharajah of Lahore has been pelted with lumps of snow.

"Such a thing would not be permitted in England," she said, "I never encountered such rude young people in all my life. I shall leave Chicago and continue my studies in the Women's Medical College of Toronto. I want no more of the United States. I like democracy, but I dislike rudeness."

The princess came to Chicago last fall from England and entered the Women's Medical School.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH

Two Young Men in Douro Have a Narrow Escape from Death

A very serious accident occurred on Thursday last on Mr. J. Charlton's bush farm in Douro. Mr. Wm. Charlton and C. Curtin were engaged in cutting down a tree when a blast of wind caught the tree and broke it across the cut. In its descent it fell across a leaning tree which caused the butt to fly up into the air. Mr. Charlton was struck by it and thrown about ten feet into the air and landed in a brush heap. He sustained several severe bruises besides having his lip split open, nose broken and collar bone cracked. He remained at the camp until next day when he went to Lakefield on a load of posts.

FLEET PROCEEDS TO BATTLE

Warships of Columbian Government Sail to Meet the Enemy.

Panama, Columbia, Feb 4—The fleet of the Columbian Government, composed of the gunboats Boyaca and Chucuito, and the armed launch General Campo, sailed from here last night, having received orders to communicate with the Columbian General, Castro, by all means. General Castro is on the Azura peninsula, southwest of Panama, and has not been heard from in some time. An engagement between the vessels of the government and the fleet of the Colombian Liberals, composed of the gunboats Parilla, Darien and Gaitan, will probably take place at Yeguala, thirty miles from here, the place where the Government and Liberal vessels had an indecisive encounter yesterday.

The True Tragedy of Life

Is ill-health, disappointed ambitions, usefulness destroyed. Pathetic! nay, tragic. Poor blood, weak nerves, a tired brain. Is there hope? Yes! Because there is a cure.

Ferrozone Tablets make blood; not blue blood, but the fluid that strengthens the whole body. Ferrozone does this quickly by improving digestion, stimulating assimulation and by imparting health and tone to the whole system. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, will tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone. Ask them to tell you of the wonderful curative properties of Ferrozone Tablets.

Holland trys to Get Boers Out of Trouble

HOLLAND VERY ANXIOUS

Wants the United States to Help the Boers Out of Trouble

Washington, Feb. 4—In addition to its overtures to Great Britain to bring about peace in South Africa, the Government of the Netherlands has informally approached the United States Government with the understood purpose of securing its aid to induce Great Britain to consent to treating with the Boers. The subject has been discussed by Secretary Hay with members of the diplomatic corps, notably with Baron Gevers, the Minister of Holland, and presumably with Lord Pauncefote, the British Embassador, but in no case has the matter ever progressed beyond verbal exchanges.

Baron Gevers was at the State Department yesterday and had a brief conversation with Secretary Hay. In the talks between the Secretary of State and the Minister of Holland neither official has committed his Government in any way, and no suggestion or proposal has been reduced to writing. Neither side has regarded these exchanges of views as official, although notes of the conversations may have been made, and with propriety, for the information of the Dutch Government and President Roosevelt.

The attitude of the Roosevelt Administration is similar to that of the Administration of Mr. McKinley. This Government is adhering to the rule that in a war between civilized nations, an offer of mediation cannot properly be made unless both parties to the conflict request it, or it is known that such an offer will be favorably received. While Mr. McKinley was President he went so far as he believed to be proper in suggesting to Great Britain that the United States Government would be glad to serve as the intermediary for the transmission of any message to the Boers. The response of Great Britain left no doubt of the purpose of that Government to conduct the Boer war without outside diplomatic aid, and the tone of its answer was aptly described in a headline in The Sun, "To all Nations; hands off."

Recently Boer representatives in this country have made frequent appeals to the State Department to take some action to bring about a cessation of hostilities, but in view of the British Government's attitude and the rule mentioned, no further action has been taken, although it cannot be said that Secretary Hay has not discussed the subject privately with Lord Pauncefote. Should, however, the British Government and authorized representatives of the Boers show any indication of being willing to accept the good offices of the United States, President Roosevelt will act promptly.

A FREE LIBRARY FOR PETERBOROUGH

Carnegie has invaded Canada with his gifts of ten and twenty thousand dollars for public libraries, with the customary condition attached of maintenance by the municipality. Let us consider this question for a moment: Is it undignified to receive gifts from a foreigner? England did it with Peabody and has done it with a hospital ship in South African waters, and in many other cases which we cannot call to mind just now. Should Peterborough refuse such a gift? We think not. It would be setting an example in squeamishness that would lack all precedent. The precedents are all the other way. There remains then merely the question of asking for a gift. Here we pause. We, therefore, say that if Mr. Carnegie chooses to give us a handsome donation we would take it and go half way to receive it. Why not then go the half way first and he might see us. Suspecting our intention he might come the other half—with the money.

As to maintenance, the endowment by Mrs. Nicholls would no doubt help us out unless some blockhead raised an objection, which we think improbable. Couldn't somebody start the report that we want a Carnegie gift so that he would hear of it!

PRE EMINENTLY THE BEST

Paine's Celery Compound

THE TRUSTED AND NEVER-FAILING MEDICINE IN HOMES WHERE SICKNESS PREVAILS

As the sun daily diffuses its light and heat for the benefit of rich and poor, so do the life-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound bless the sick in granite mansion and humble cottage. To-day, it is the trusted and popular medicine in our Canadian homes.

Paine's Celery Compound makes pure, rich and healthy blood by driving poison germs from the system. It is the true food for weak and shattered nerves. It invigorates and gives new tone to the system. It gives the refreshing sleep so necessary to brain and nerve centres. It brings buoyancy of spirit in place of lassitude and despondency. It makes sick people well and strong. Mrs. Anna Dawson, Willsesport, Ont., says:

"I consider it a pleasure and a duty to put on record what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I have been afflicted with nervousness and sleeplessness, and at times have been without sleep for fifty hours. All ordinary medicines failed, and nothing else met my case until I used Paine's Celery Compound. Now I never miss a night's sleep. I strongly recommend your medicine to all nervous sufferers."

THE WATER COMMISSIONERS

Messrs. Hill and Matthews the Choice of the People

The ratepayers of the Town performed a new duty yesterday for the first time, that of electing from the ranks of the business men of the town two men who are to act with Mayor Denne as water commissioners. Considerable interest was taken in the election, from the opening till the closing of the polls conveyances of different kinds were busily engaged in taking voters to the polls.

The supporters of the different candidates were sure their particular man would be elected and it came as a great surprise to many that the vote polled in some instances was large while in others it was small.

The following is the result of the polls:

T. F. Matthews	633	votes
W. H. Hill	604	"
Geo Ball	480	"
John Belcher	300	"
Adam Dawson	185	"
Wm. Fair	85	"
T. E. Bradburn	25	"

The first two, Messrs. T. F. Matthews and W. H. Hill were declared elected.

Mr. T. E. Bradburn was absent from town on nomination day and did not return until Thursday night and although his name appeared on the ballot he declined the honor of election and asked the ratepayers not to vote for him.

Mr. Bell's Vain Effort

Mr. F. Bell, the efficient Clerk of Smith, attempted to drive to Chemong yesterday, but was unable to get through. The drifts were of enormous depth and are totally impassable. Like De Wet, he was forced to track [illegible] and never his tracks.

HOME FROM THE WAR

Major Forrest and Two of His Comrades In Arms

Who Served With Gen. Howard. Arrived in the City Yesterday.

Ottawa, Feb. 4—After two years' service in South Africa a small detachment of khaki-clad Canadians arrived in the Capital yesterday morning. The latest arrivals from the seat of war are Sergt.-Major A. H. Forest, Ottawa; Sergt. D. Hinch, Guelph, and Trooper H. Bredin, Calgary. Forest and Hinch first served in D battery, R.C.A., and Bredin enlisted in the C.M.R. When their terms expired all three enlisted in Howard's scouts. They are members of a party of ten who returned to Canada by way of England.

Speaking of the war they took a pessimistic view of the situation. Bredin stated that at the present state of going it is hard to say when the war will be terminated. The Boers are scattered over a wide area fighting in small detachments. In many cases their farms have been overrun, their houses destroyed and their wives and families placed in concentration camps. They have thus nothing at stake and are practically tramps under arms.

Questioned regarding the alleged ill-treatment of Boer prisoners in the concentration camps the three Canadians stated emphatically that there is absolutely no ground for complaint or adverse criticism. "Why the Boer prisoners are fed better and treated better all round, than the British soldiers were," was Bredin's statement.

The three Canadians were with the main body of Howard's scouts when the gallant leader was shot down a half mile away. By the aid of an interpreter they secured many particulars from Howard's colored companion. The latter stated that his master was wounded twice by Boers in ambush.

Care In The Manufacture of Malt Breakfast Food

Scientific Combination of Health Producers and Strict Cleanliness

No other Breakfast food is made with such great scientific care and cleanliness as Malt Breakfast Food. The choicest quality of Wheat and the purest and best Malt form the basis of this elegant and delicious food. Every batch of food contains the exact quantity of Malt necessary to convert the insoluble starch of the Wheat into maltose and dextrine, so as to render Malt Breakfast Food easy for digestion and assimilation. Each package that your grocer sells is nourishment in the most concentrated form for building flesh, bone and muscle. If you are a user of ordinary oatmeal or other starchy foods that retard digestion, we ask you to switch off for one week to Malt Breakfast Food. The delightful change and results will surprise you. See your grocer.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Peterborough Lock Company Held Yesterday—Officers Elected

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Lock Manufacturing Company was held in the Company's offices yesterday afternoon.

The annual statement of the company was presented and showed a very satisfactory years business. The following were re-elected:—

President,—Hon. J. R. Stratton.
Vice-President,—R. B. Mullin.
Directors,—A. Cox, Thos. Fortye and A. L. Davis.

Mr. John Crane was re-appointed auditor.

THE TOWN COUNCIL IN REGULAR SESSION

Firemen Granted Increase of Salary---Children's Aid Society to Get $300

The Town Council met last night in special session. Those present were: Mayor Denne, Aldermen Best, Corkery, Batten, Clinkscale, Morrison, McGregor, Rush, Roger, Shortly and Edgecumbe. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Jas. Ellis, stating that Mr. Frank Peck had been wrongly assessed for a dog in 1901. Mr. Peck had been out of town and the dog in question belonged to Mr. Ellis, for which he had a tag, and asking tax to be remitted.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From A. Stevenson Secretary of the Trent Water Conservation Association, setting forth the objects of the Association, and asking the Town Council to appoint a deputation to wait on Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, in support of a deputation from the Association, which will go to Ottawa in the near future.—Referred to Manufacturers' Committee, with power to act.

From H. F. Ackerman, D. J. Lundy, and ten others asking the council not to allow the Auburn Power Co. to put a line of poles along Dalhousie street, as it will spoil the appearance of the street.—Referred to Board of Works.

From David Curtis, stating that he was a resident of Ashburnham since Sept. 1900, and had received a notice to pay poll tax, and asking Council to have his name taken off the roll as he is not a resident in this municipality.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From E. H. D. Hall, Town Solicitor, enclosing deed of waterworks, together with all property belonging to the Water Co., also stating that he had the discharges of the mortgages to the Canada Life, registered.—Received.

From E. C. Wesley, E. C. Hall, H. T. Foot, enclosing affadavits to the effect that they did not own dogs in 1901, and asking remission of dog tax.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From Chas. H. Huffman, objecting to any more poles being erected on Dalhousie street, and asking the Board of Works to take action in the matter and try and arrange for Auburn Power Co. and Peterborough Light and Power Co. to use same poles.—Referred to Board of Works.

From Michael Farrel, asking remission of dog tax for 1900, as he only resided in town for three months.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From Frank McPherson, stating he was assessed for store on George st. last year and was also down for poll tax. He asked poll tax to be remitted.—Referred to Court of Revision.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were presented:

G. H. Noble	$ 4 00
H. S. McDonald	3 00
R. H. Bradburn	80 00
Review Printing Co.	9 00
D. Bellagham	12 00
R. Hall & Son	6 65
County of Peterborough	298 18
County of Peterborough	516 41
County of Peterborough	161 96
T. E. Boddy	11 65
Registrar County of Peterborough	2 00
W. J. McCallum	5 00
Devlin & Co.	1 75
Geo. Hutchison	3 00
C. E. Gummelus	6 25
J. H. Savigny	6 25
Adam Hall	3 96
A. McDonald	77 97
Bell Telephone Co.	90
Robt. Fair & Co.	4 50
T. N. Greer	75 00
C. N. Brown	5 50
Times Ptg. Co.	9 00

Referred to Finance Committee.

LEGAL COMMITTEE.

Ald. Edgecumbe presented the report of the Legal Committee, as follows:

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Peterborough:—

Gentlemen,—Your Legal Committee beg leave to report and recommend that upon the Canadian Cordage Company returning to the Town Trust Commissioners for cancellation the deed given to them by the Commissioners of a part of Bethune street, the Cordage Co. be permitted to place a siding on Bethune street to their works on the corner of Parry and Bethune streets to the approval of the Town Engineer and subject to such terms as the Council may fix by By-law, and to claims for damages of any persons injured thereby.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Ald. Roger presented the report of the Finance Committee, as follows:

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. We recommend that the demand of the Board of Education for this

Continued on page 4.

UNERRING LAWS

[illegible] the ebb and flow of the tide. To be successful in Wall Street, barring accident or luck in one's calculations, one should be familiar with the various phenomena that affecting fluctuations. Our [illegible]

"Guide to Investors"

which we publish for free distribution, contains exhaustive analysis of conditions, which govern values, presented in such manner as to be clear to any reader. The book also contains complete information relative to every security, that is dealt in upon the Exchanges, maps, rules for trading and prices for the past ten to thirty years. Those who have read this work are better qualified to deal successfully, than those who have not. Will you allow us to present you with a copy, also to mail you free our

"Daily Market Letter,"

We feel confident it will be to your interest to do so.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

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STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character of financial [illegible] of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

GOVERNMENT ORIGINATED — The only licensed M. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg.

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters in the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 4, 1902

MUNICIPAL NOTES

—James Wilkes, ex-city treasurer of Brantford, celebrated his ninety-third birthday on the 27th of December. He was born in Birmingham, England, on December 28th, 1808, and came to Brantford in 1823. At that time the place was little more than an Indian trading post, and Mr. Wilkes was one of those who took part in a meeting a few years later to finally select a title for the then growing village. After some discussion "Brant's Ford" was decided upon, afterwards by common usage becoming shortened "Brantford." Considering his age Mr. Wilkes enjoys exceptional good health.

•• • ••

—A portable refuse burner is in use in the city of Galveston, Texas, which [illegible] means of getting rid of a [illegible] large amount of the city refuse. The burner accompanies the collection wagon and all matters which will burn readily is placed therein, and as soon as the burner is full the contents are ignited. A large amount of the city collections are handled in this way, and the scheme saves a great deal in hauling and also the cost of erecting expensive incinerators.

•• • ••

—In Chicago and some other western towns the franchise of placing paper-collecting boxes on the streets is given out to a concern that agrees to place and maintain the boxes, and to empty them at regular intervals. The company's profits consist of the paper thus collected and the revenue derived from placing advertisements on the four sides of the box.

•• • ••

—The city attorney of Fort Worth, Texas, has been directed to frame an ordinance which will suppress the cocaine habit and make it impossible for the victims of the drug to secure their supplies in the city.

•• • ••

—The members of the city fire department of Milwaukee will be instructed in the construction and operation of elevators. It is thought that the knowledge will often be useful at fires.

•• • ••

—In the Ontario Legislature Mr. Hill has given notice of an act to prevent the establishment of consumptive hospitals in municipalities without the consent of the local Boards of Health.

•• • ••

—Mr. Pattullo has given notice that he will introduce an act to amend the Municipal Act to prevent the granting by municipalities of bonuses to manufactures already established elsewhere in the province.

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—Mr. McDiarmid, of West Elgin, has introduced an Act in the Ontario Parliament to abolish poll tax.

•• • ••

—A deputation of municipal representatives waited on the Ontario Government a few days ago to urge the establishment of an experimental station for the better treatment of sewage. The question is a live one in many towns.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

A COMBINATION THAT DRAWS

Courteous treatment of customers, pure drugs of full strength, and low prices are all-powerful for the drawing and securing of trade. Our closest attention and best care is at all times devoted to the filling of your physician's prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet preparations, Atomisers, Brushes, Combs and Sponges is unsurpassed in variety and quality. One call will convince you that we are leaders in the drug trade.

A LIFE-GIVING MEDICINE

At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

What Became of the Pompeilans?

MAX NORDAU raises an interesting question concerning Pompeii. He writes as follows to the "Neue Freie Presse" (Vienna):

"One thing has always been a puzzle to me. Here was a flourishing city of about 30,000 inhabitants, most of whom evidently were well-to-do. A few hundreds, at most, lost their lives in the destruction of the city; the rest escaped. The eruption of Vesuvius continued only a few days, after which the district returned to its usual placid condition. In many places the deposit of ashes and lava was only a yard thick, and it was not more than three yards thick at any point yet excavated.

"How did it happen that these 30,000 homeless persons showed no desire to return to their beautiful houses, so well built that they are standing to this day, and which could have been restored, at the time, with very little labor? Why did they not make the slightest attempt to regain their valuable property in land and buildings, furniture, bronze, gold, silver and jewels? Did the men of that time have so little love of home that they could leave it without a backward glance at the first unpleasantness? Were the Pompeiians so rich that the loss of their perfectly appointed homes appeared trivial to them, so that they preferred settling elsewhere to restoring their city? Or did superstition prevent the attempt?

"This indifferent renunciation of their patrimony by a whole cityful is to me an insoluble enigma which forces itself the more strongly upon my attention now as I walk along the finely paved streets between houses which need only new roofs to make them again habitable."

For Sale—An Island Kingdom.

The chance is now open to any millionaire to own an island kingdom or to become a Highland lord and live in an historic castle. The advertisement offering these estates appeared in some United States newspapers, and was signed by the business agent of the Duke of Argyll.

"The Island Kingdom of Tiree," as the advertisement calls it, is one of the Inner Hebrides, an island about thirteen miles long and nowhere more than six miles wide. It is only twenty feet above the level of the sea, and there are hardly any trees on it; but the land is mostly fertile, and the tenants, who live by farming, cattle-raising and fishing, pay the duke rentals aggregating more than fifteen thousand dollars a year.

"Excellent winter bathing, good golf links, splendid beaches, safe bathing and good sea-fishing" are some of the island's attractions that might be expected to appeal to a purchaser.

Inverary Castle, Argyllshire, the ancestral abode of the Dukes of Argyll, is also advertised; but it is not an ancient building. The oldest part of it dates back to a period not earlier than 1756, and much of the castle has been rebuilt since 1877.

The scenes pictured by Scott in the "Legend of Montrose" were supposed to have taken place in what is known as the "old" castle, which stood near the sea and has been quite swept away. No such romantic interest attaches to the present castle.

But the man who buys the island kingdom of Tiree—or Tyree, as some of the books call it—will probably find in modern fiction a good many allusions to it. From the novels of William Black alone might be compiled a pretty good guide-book to the Hebrides, islands that, as another admirer has said, are "beautiful in calm, wonderful in storm."

President Loubet's Wardrobe

A correspondent of the "Cri de Paris" has ascertained certain facts in regard to President Loubet's wardrobe which are being copied with extraordinary avidity by the Parisian and provincial press. It seems that M. Loubet has five Prince Albert coats—two for summer, two for winter, and one extra for grand occasions. This last one has been worn only three times—at the opening of the exposition of 1900, at the reception of the King of Sweden, and at the garden party in honor of the Shah of Persia. This "gala" coat differs from the others in that it has heavy silk lining and lapels. M. Loubet invariably wears a plain, black satin tie—not tied by hand, but sewn together and attached with a clasp. M. Loubet used formerly to wear false cuffs, but one day, while making a sudden gesture, the right-hand cuff slipped off and rolled on the floor. This happened at the Luxembourg Palace when M. Loubet was president of the Senate. Since then, M. Loubet's shirts have been made with permanently attached wristbands. M. Loubet's trousers are very peculiar. They are black or gray in color, but their cut is of the old-fashioned pattern, with the top of the trousers coming up as high as the armpits. M. Loubet has always worn trousers of this quaint type, and is so accustomed to them that he has an inveterate dislike for evening clothes, which, with low-cut, open waistcoat, render the armpit trousers impossible. The president's wardrobe is, however, provided with several pairs of evening trousers suitable for low-cut, open waistcoats.

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

A NATURALIST once came upon an Ourang-Outang while the latter was taking his siesta under a banyan tree in a forest. The Naturalist viewed him for a time in silence and then apostrophized him as he might had little Harold been present.

"Base brute, thou liest there with no thought beyond the gratification of thy instincts! And yet scientists tell us that man, the noblest work of God, has evolved from such as thee. Insensate animal! Thou hast never had the glorious privilege of eating of the fruit of the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil."

"Pardon me!" said the Ourang-Outang, awakening suddenly from slumber, "I've had a few nibbles. Several years ago, a Scientist visited our wood, and he and I became quite chummy. He was always urging me to evolve and contended that it was quite an easy job. All I had to do, he said, was to strike fire with flint, make some stone implements and mud pottery, and haul off my neighbor's wife, thus establishing the sacred institution of the Family; but I have a strain of caution in my blood, and, as you see, I have rather a tidy berth here, so I demurred at the idea of exerting myself so tremendously for the doubtful good of obtaining something he called 'Progress.'

"Well, the more I hung back, the more the Scientist urged and coaxed; so we finally decided that if he would pay all the expenses, I would take a trip around the world with him and study various phases of civilisation, and then, if I thought the game worth the candle, I would evolve for him while he waited.

"I assure you, I never was so fagged in my life. He hauled me over land and sea and showed me pleasures and palaces, steam yachts and automobiles, libraries and pictures, wine, women and song—in a word, the kingdoms of earth.

"When I had seen them all, I said, 'Get thee behind me, Satan.' This splendid civilization is a masterpiece, but a masterpiece of fools. Half of the civilised toil that the other half may play various silly games that they call Society, Power and Fame."

"What did he reply to this?" asked the Naturalist.

"He had no time to make reply," answered the Ourang-Outang. "Knowing him as well as I did, I was quite sure that he would convert the entire Bander-log people to his views and have all the monkeys in the country doing various stunts in their frantic efforts to evolve; so I simply cracked his head open with a cocoanut and disposed of the question without further argument."—Mrs. Wilson Woodrow in

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Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

A Fox's Revenge.

A gentleman out shooting one day came to a river, where he saw six geese beyond shot. He determined to wait for them to approach the shore. While sitting there he saw a fox come down to the shore and stand some time and observe the geese. At length he turned and went into the woods and came out with a very large bunch of moss in his mouth. He then entered the water very silently, sank himself, and then, keeping the moss above the water, himself concealed, he floated among the geese. Suddenly one of them was drawn under the water, and the fox soon appeared on the shore with the goose on his back. He ascended the bank, and found a hole made by the tearing up of a tree. This hole he cleared, placed in it the goose, and covered it with great care, strewing leaves over it. The fox then left; and while he was away the hunter unburied the goose, closed the hole and resolved to wait the issue. In about an hour the fox returned with another fox in company. They went directly to the place where the goose had been buried, and threw out the earth. The goose could not be found. They stood regarding each other for some time, when suddenly the second fox attacked the other most furiously, as if offended by the trick of his friend. During the battle the hunter shot them both.

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Anxious Father (from top of stairs)—Say, Mary Jane! Mary Jane—Yes, papa. "Is it eleven o'clock yet?" "Yes, papa." "Well, give the young man my compliments, and ask him to kindly close the front door from the outside."—Chicago "Daily News."

A clergyman observed his little son attentively studying a map of the world. "What place are you looking for, Willie?" he enquired. The small boy knit his brows and traveled a circuitous route with his forefinger before he answered earnestly, "Trying to find [illegible]."

The bride of William A. Clark, jr., the son of Senator W. A. Clark, the Copper King, has a dress in her trousseau made of hair-like copper wire that was created in Paris especially for her. The effect is said to be unique.

Mrs. O'Brady—Shure Oi want to bank twinty pounds. Can I draw it out quick if I want ? Postmaster—Indade, Mrs. O'Brady, you can draw it out to-morrow if you give me a wake's notice!—London "Punch."

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There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

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Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

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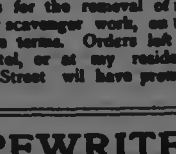

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HUSBAND
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FOE.

A NOVEL

"Never mind, Marian," he was saying, sadly; "perhaps Mrs. Smythe has seen us, and— and does not care about meeting me."

"Not care! You stupid old Ormande, why, we talk about you all day, wondering why you have never written— what can have happened to you!— and oh, Ormande, she will be so sorry to know that you never got any of my letters, and that you were ill, and had that terrible ship- wreck. Oh, you can't, you must not go away without seeing her. I wonder where she has gone! Katharine, Katharine!" the lame girl was quivering with excitement. "Oh, dear, dear Ormande, I nearly fainted when you came before us so suddenly; I thought you were a ghost; even my dear old Craven seemed startled, and he never knows any one but Katharine. Ah, and that is only right, Ormande; she has been an angel to him; she won't let any one do anything for him but herself; not even me or Aunt Blanche, and he seems to cling to her, and who could help it? You must promise to like her very much, Ormande, she is so sweet and lovely. Oh, dear, where can she be? I must find her; and you are tired, dear Ormande."

Ormande had indeed come to a stand still, and was leaning with one hand on a tree; he was very pale, and a trembling ran through his limbs.

Marian looked troubled, and then a bright idea struck her.

"You stay here, Ormande, and I will find her. Don't move dear; I will come back directly," and giving him a kiss she hobbled away as quickly as she could, leaving Ormande with his eyes fixed on a certain dark patch seen through the trees to his right hand. As Marian's voice died away in the distance, he roused himself, and with one moment's pause, he turned and strode toward that patch.

The next instant he was kneeling at Katharine's feet, kissing her hands, and clinging to them as to something more precious even than life itself.

"Forgive me! Katharine, forgive me!" was all he could say, and she, as she felt the touch of his hands on hers, heard his clear voice ringing in her ears, seemed to be once more in that paradise which had been hers for one brief moment on the day he told her of his love.

"Do not kneel," she whispered; "I have nothing to forgive."

Ormande rose to his feet slowly.

"Nothing to forgive!— my darling, my angel, have I not wronged you beyond all bounds!— aye, up to only three days ago, was I not wronging you still? You may be generous to me, Katharine, but I can never forgive myself for having doubted you as I did."

"You did me no wrong," she said; "had I been in your place, I should have done the same. Do not let us speak of it; it is dead and forgotten. Tell me of yourself— what you have done, what has happened to you, and why you have come so suddenly upon us, frightening us out of our lives, when we thought you many, many miles away?"

Ormande turned hurriedly, brushing hot tears from his eyes, and then he gave her the history of himself— how he had volunteered as a missionary and left England immediately after their last meeting; how illness had fallen on him, and he had been moved from one unknown spot to another, until finally he had been compelled, through ill-health, to make an attempt to return to England; and in doing so, was shipwrecked and nearly drowned; how he had endeavored to get letters sent away, and to obtain such as might be waiting for him at the various stations, but with no success whatever; and how, three days ago, when he had landed at Southampton, he had met Mr. Montrose, who had told him of all that had occurred since he left England.

"I determined at once to come here and entreat your forgiveness, Katharine," he finished humbly; "and I see now I ought to have written, but I was too nervous, too frightened lest you should not receive me, that I resolved to come here without a word, and——"

"And give us all a most shocking fright," said Katharine, with a smile beautifying her eyes and lips. She paused for a second, and then said, "And the letters that Miss Mostyn has received from you every week, Lord Orway?"

Ormande turned and looked at her.

"Letters from me to Barbara Mostyn!" was all he observed, but his tone was contempt itself for a moment, then it changed suddenly. "Ah, Katharine, can you ask me such a question? And yet why not? — I doubted you, and you——"

Katharine put her hand on his arm.

"Let us say no more," she whispered, softly.

Ormande seized both her hands in his, his face was flushed with delight beyond expression.

"Katharine," he murmured, "my darling! Is it my darling, indeed?"

"If you care to take her, Ormande," was the answer given with a blush.

And to this Ormande made a short but tender reply.

• • •

Lady Clara Lennox was driving through Bond street one cold December day, when she suddenly stopped her carriage for a moment to speak to two ladies who stood waiting on the pavement for theirs to drive up.

"Just come from Tanolming with the Thanescourts, and I am going down to stay with them next week. Katharine warns me it will be very quiet; naturally, with the earl so recently dead. You must call on her, Barbara, dear; she is looking positively lovely, and to see them together is most delightful. He simply worships the ground she treads on!"

Barbara Mostyn's face grew black with mortification.

"Does he worship that fool, Craven Adair, too?" she asked, roughly; "it is not every husband would permit that condition of affairs, Clara. Why doesn't the brougham come? I am nearly frozen!"

"Oh, every one understands that, dear," Lady Clara answered sweetly. "Your very dear friend, Lady Blanche, calls Katharine an angel for her goodness to that poor man; and so she is, as lovely as she is good. I prophesy she will be the rage in the spring when she is presented; there is not a woman I know who can compare with her."

Barbara glared at the speaker.

"New brooms sweep clean with you, everybody knows that, Clara, especially if the brooms happen to have plenty of money," she observed, tartly.

"Thank you, dear. Here is your brougham at last. By the [illegible] bara, I was asking Lord Thanescourt to-day how it was his letters to you always came so regularly, while the rest of the family never received one! He said it was certainly an odd coincidence, and it was, wasn't it? Good-by, dear. Take care of yourself until we meet again!"

Barbara clenched her hands and ground her teeth as she was bowled along.

"Everywhere she triumphs, and I am beaten!" she muttered, savagely. "I shall go out of England; I cannot stand this— her happiness mocking me at every turn. How I hate her! If ever the day comes when I can do it, I will settle with her for all scores, no matter how small or old!"

But time has gone, and as yet Miss Mostyn, who is Miss Mostyn still, has found no means to gratify her mean spite and revenge.

The center of a loving, admiring throng— revered by all who know her, from Lady Blanche Bellaire down to the humblest servant in her household— the happiest wife and mother in the land— such is the fate of Katharine, Countess of Thanescourt.

The End.

A MINOR IN THE CAROL

There's a minor in the carol, there's
a knell in every chime,
Floating through the misty daylight
this returning Christmas time;
There's a cloud upon the mountain,
there's a sorrow on the sea,
Those who once made Christmas
brighter now will come no more
to me.

Holly berries, pale your redness, O
be still, sweet mistletoe,
As the yule-log's falling embers, let
us see the long ago.
Stay the dancers' feet, a moment,
hush awhile the merry tune;
Sorrow turns her darkened pages—
reads again each tear-marked
rune.

They were beautiful and noble, they
were tender, they were gay—
Laughed with us and bore our burden,
turned our darkest night
to day;
But when Christmas comes recalling,
there's a catching of the
breath,
And its vibrant joy is muffled by
the chilly hand of death.

Yet shall Memory wave her sceptre
—show them once more as they
were,
Love recall each form and feature;
fill each sad and vacant chair,
While we hear the joy-bells ringing,
sing the carol glad and free;
Join once more the feast, well ordered,
joyous as it used to be.

And, if Memory thus be regnant,
shall not Faith's strong angel-
hand,
Yet dispel the doubting spectres that
around us grimly stand—
Teach us now to grasp the Future,
as we hold the precious Past;
And believe that Somewhere, Some
Day, we shall clasp our own at
last!

—Bernard McEvoy.

Diamonds are said to have been found near Capitan, the coal camp on the line of the El Paso & Northeastern Railway, 80 miles north of Alamo Gordo, New Mexico.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us. H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

WOLVES ARE PLENTIFUL

An American Timber Ranger Treed by Them in Haliburton County

Wolves are reported to be very numerous in the wilds of Haliburton this year. A few days ago a party of Americans were in the vicinity of Dorset inspecting timber, and one of the party strayed from the others, and when about two miles away, heard the mournful howl of the wolf. On looking around he saw a large pack of the hungry brutes after him, and at once scaled a high tree. He remained for some hours in the tree-top, when his comrades found him and drove off the wolves, killing many of them, and released their friend.

In view of the bounty of $10 on a wolf, we are surprised that our local sports spend money and time in shooting rabbits, when they could make more money in the north country hunting wolves.

WE LOOK FOR YOUR TRADE

Serving the public with care, attention, honest goods and low prices, has given us a high position amongst druggists of Canada. We look for your trade, and will use every endeavor to make you a regular customer.

Our supplies of pure Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Preparations, Perfumes, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, etc., will interest you.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal

Once, when passing through a cemetery, Eliot Gregory was surprised to see that the members of one old New England family had been buried in a circle, with their feet toward its center. He asked the reason for this arrangement, and a wit of that day, daughter of Mrs. Stowe, replied: "So that when they rise at the Last Day, only members of their own family may face them!"

Prof. Syle (pronounced Sill), of the State University of California, must be either a boor or a smart Aleck, if the following story told by the "Argonaut" is true, and the general verdict will be "Served him right." The other day, says the "Argonaut," while calling the roll of one of his classes, Professor Sill came to the name of a Miss Greene. He paused and expressed his disapproval of the final e in her name by saying: "G-r-e-e-n-e, does that spell Green or Greenie?" Miss Greene promptly replied: "S-y-l-e, does that spell Syle or Sillie?"

"It is a shame," John Randolph once said in the United States Senate, "that the bull-dogs of the administration should waste their time in worrying the rats of the Opposition." The members constituting "the Opposition" groaned, hissed, and called him to order. The presiding officer ruled that he was in order, and Randolph, springing to his feet, pointed at his antagonists and screamed: "Did I say rats? I meant mice, mice, Mr. President."

James McNeil Whistler was recently dining with a friend in London. Suddenly, when all had dined and were back in the drawing-room, Whistler said that he had almost forgotten it, but he absolutely must write a letter and get it off by the night's post. He was told that in a room at the head of the first flight of stairs he would find the lights burning and pens, paper and ink at his disposal. He went up, and presently there was heard a series of bumps, ending in a heavy thud at the foot of the stairs. The master had tripped, lost his balance, and came near having a bad fall. The host ran to him and asked if he was hurt. "I am not killed, if that's what you mean!" Whistler replied; "but, tell me, who built those stairs?" The host mentioned the name of a builder unknown either to Whistler or to fame. "Humph, he did, eh? The d—d teetotaler," said Whistler.

Booker T. Washington tells an amusing story of an old colored preacher who was endeavoring to explain to his congregation how it was that the Children of Israel passed over the Red Sea safely, while the Egyptians, who came after them, were drowned. The old man said: "My brethren, it was this way: When the Israelites passed over, it was early in the morning, while it was cold, and the ice was strong enough so that they went over all right; but when the Egyptians came along it was in the middle of the day, and the sun had thawed the ice so that it gave way under them, and they were drowned." At this, a young man in the congregation, who had been away to school and had come home, rose and said: "I don't see how that explanation can be right, parson. The geography that I've been studying tells us that ice never forms under the equator, and the Red Sea is nearly under the equator." "There, now," said the old preacher, "that's all right. I's been 'spectin' some of you smart Alecks would be askin' just some such fool question. The time I was talkin' about was before they had any jogafries or 'quators either."

All flower-lovers who read Elizabeth and her German Garden and who sympathized deeply with the heroine in her hopes and fears over her ventures, will be interested in this letter from the writer herself, who is the Countess Von Arnim, an Englishwoman married to a titled German, though not, one will hope for her sake, "The Man of Wrath" in verity. The letter was sent in answer to one written by a gentleman in Ottawa who owns a beautiful rose-garden; it will be seen that she understood the meaning of the "N'Importe Qui," which he pretended to hide, and her gay humor is shown in her own signature, which she would veil under a similar play upon words. This is the way she writes on paper with an odd red crest, and with envelope postmarked with some illegible German words:

"Dear M. Nampont Key:

"Your charming letter has so puffed me up with pride that far from being modest, I am unbearable. Your rose fills me with envy—how lovely it is. If I had one here it would not grow, the climate is so changeable. We have frost sometimes in August. All my tea roses that I wrote about are dead and frozen, in spite of more tender attention and covering than the babies get even. This autumn, greatly daring, I start fresh ones.

"I think I must make an expedition to America, the letters I get from there are so delightful, and I should so much enjoy seeing my unknown friends' gardens. It was so kind of you to send me a photograph of a bit of yours.

"Believe me,
"Yours very gratefully,
"Elizabeth—Nampont Kwa."

A Whimsical Fable.

One of the most whimsical fables about the Knickerbocker settlement in New Amsterdam, to which the descent of President Roosevelt gives interest, concerns the acquisition of Manhattan Island. The Dutchmen wanted to buy; the Red Indian was not indisposed to sell. So a "deal" was arranged. For a specified amount of cash as much of the island was to become the property of the Hollander as he could cover with his nether garments. His name was Ten Broeck (scottice, "ten breeks," anglice, "ten pairs of breeches"). But of this the too confiding savage was unaware. When Ten Broeck calmly proceeded to disrobe himself, and to spread his voluminous clothing on the island—which he succeeded in covering entirely—the look of mingled chagrin and amazement on the chief's usually impassive face must have baffled description. However, the noble Red Man buried his hatchet, puffed away at his calumet, and stood by his bargain, while all the time realizing the force of Canning's epigram that "in matters of commerce the fault of the Dutch is giving too little and asking too much." And that—again to fall back on legend—is why expansive garments of Dutch cut are called "knickerbockers" even unto this day.

Anecdotal.

Mark Twain tells a story of a man who received a telegram telling him that his mother-in-law had died, and asking: "Shall we embalm, bury, or cremate her?" Twain says he wired back: "Yes, and if these fail, try dissection."

A clergyman, visiting a house where an infant was dying in convulsions, remarked to the aged nurse that it was too bad to see a baby in such pain. "Ah, sir," replied the pious woman, "it says in the Good Book, 'Suffer little children to come unto me,' and I tell you they do suffer."

When General Sheridan was camping on the lower Mississippi, his negro boy, Harry, was one day asked by a friend whether the general was not terribly annoyed by the mosquitoes. "No, sah," said Harry; "in the evenin' Marsa's so 'toxicated he don't mind the skeeters an' in the mornin' the skeeters is so 'toxicated they don't mind Marsa."

When Sidney Smith was rector of a parish in Yorkshire he found his vestry were discussing the propriety of paving the approach to the church with wooden blocks. There was a good deal of perturbation over ways and means, however. "Gentlemen," said the witty rector, "I think if you will all put your heads together, as the saying is, the thing can be accomplished without much difficulty."

A Scottish member of Parliament, in an address to his constituents, assured his hearers that he was not an idle member of the House, and that during the last two years he had put no less than one hundred and eighty-two questions to the speaker and the members of the government. "What an ignorant auld beggar ye must be!" cried a voice from the crowd.

The revivalist, "Sam" Jones, was once taking women to task for spending more time in prinking than in praying. "If there's a woman here," he screamed, finally, "who prays more than she prinks, let her stand up." One poor old, faded specimen of femininity, in the sorriest, shabbiest of clothes, arose. "You spend more time praying than prinking?" asked the preacher, taking her all in. The poor old creature said she did—prayed all the time, prinked not at all. "You go straight home," admonished Jones, "and put a little time on your prinking."

While passing Cherbourg, en route from South Africa to London, Cecil Rhodes observed several vessels of the French Channel Squadron drawn up in line to salute the ex-Empress Eugenie's yacht. The Frenchmen, who were spread out on the yards of their vessels, shouted "Vive l'Imperatrice!" The captain of the vessel on which Rhodes was a passenger, wishing to show his respect to the empress, got his men ready to salute, but in the short time at his disposal he could not school his crew to repeat the French words. "Tell them to say 'beef, lemons and cheese,'" suggested Rhodes, playfully, and, to his utter amazement, the yacht was greeted with a deafening yell of "beef, lemons and cheese!" which entirely drowned the voices of the French sailors. The ex-empress is stated to have expressed great pleasure at the compliment afterward.

Curious Bits of News.

Tubes of glass made by lightning are often found in sand. The electricity passes into the ground and melts the siliceous material, forming little pipes, the inside diameter of which represents the "bore" of the "thunderbolt." Such tubes measuring as much as twenty-seven feet in length have been discovered.

The beauties of the New York custom house regulations were again illustrated the other day when an English Freemason, who arrived with his jeweled regalia, was charged full duty on it, and fined for omitting to declare that he had his regalia with him. He had come to take part in a celebration of the order in the United States.

One of the most curious lawsuits ever tried in France has been occupying the attention of the courts. At the last election M. le Provost de Launay, a Royalist senator, desired to have an organ. He went to the editor of a local newspaper, and hired the front page for two months for a given sum. His Republican opponent thought the idea a good one, and hired the second page, so that the readers of the "Journal de Fougeres" were treated on the first page to a eulogy of monarchy and on the second page to praise of the republic. M. de Launay lost the election, and is now suing its editor for breach of contract in leasing the second page to his opponent.

President John I. Sabin of the Chicago Telephone Company has made a popular hit by installing movable phones in fashionable restaurants. You do not have to leave the table to enjoy this luxury. "Waiter, bring me a telephone," is the only order necessary to have a fully equipped long-distance 'phone at your elbow. By simply ordering a telephone a guest may be placed in communication with New York or Denver, or any other city served by the Chicago Telephone Company, without moving from the table at which dinner or luncheon is being served. The new service is very simple. What is termed a "telephone spring-jack" is adjusted to the wall near the table, and when the telephone is ordered the waiter brings the instrument, inserting a plug in the "spring-jack," perfecting direct connection with the main telephone exchange.

As tamers and keepers of animals dark men never succeed, states the Philadelphia "Record." Visits to zoos and to menageries show them to be invariably fair fellows, with yellow or brown hair and with blue eyes. "Thus, at the Zoological Garden, in this city, there is not a keeper who is dark. John McMullen of the lion house has light hair, a yellow moustache and violet orbs. Lover, of the wolves and bears, is still more markedly blond, and in the antelope house, the snake house and the small mammal house light colors still prevail. One of the most pronounced blonds at the Zoo was John Thompson, who is now in Honolulu angling casts of fishes for a museum there. Thompson was one of the most successful keepers the Zoo has ever had. Not only snakes and turtles (his specialty), but lions, foxes, wolves, deer and many other animals took to him naturally, and he was never scratched or bitten."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 25."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them— but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

Houses For Sale

$750—For 7 rooms, stable and large lot at Auburn. Easy terms.
$400—For house, stable and ½ acre near McDonald's Mill.
$950—For brick house, stable and garden near Electric Works.
$325—For cottage near Wm. Hamilton's. $10 cash and $5 per month.

T. HURLEY & CO.
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has as many complications as ours. That's why "COTTAMS" Seed is so effective in promoting health and song. We are studying birds all the time, and the results of our experience is embodied in every packet.

[illegible] of [illegible] imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible]

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Market Block, Peterborough.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT
STRATTON & HALL
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Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

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ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p m.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. Poussette, K. C., R. F. McWilliams, LL. B.

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RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 231 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and Decorations at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 231 Park place.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

ONE CENT

Invested in a Postal Card may be the means of making you a fortune.

Write us about the great Gold Mines of Cripple Creek, Colo.

We only handle listed shares.

Send ten cents to pay postage for an elegant illustrated souvenir of the Cripple Creek District.

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THE
Most Perfect Stove
MADE

THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion— why! The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat forty hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN [illegible] ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	20½ in.	9 in.	$11 [illegible]
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	11.00
2	[illegible] in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	[illegible] in.	12 in.	[illegible]
4	41 in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is [illegible] by [illegible] feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

BOCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large rooms where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood stoves cost us [illegible] every week for fuel and the Star stove, which we are now using, costs us only [illegible], making a saving of [illegible] per week in the price of fuel—which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove that is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.
M. J. Serve, Chairman Trustees.

CYBILLE WILHELEY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

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The Sunday Sun
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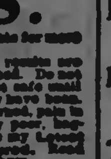
NERVOUSNESS.

Melancholy or despondency caused by weak unhealthy nerves, are responsible for more [illegible]

[illegible]



The Latest Method Treatment Cures

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG

208 WOODWARD AVE., [illegible] DETROIT, MICH.

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

CASH BARGAIN GROCERY

Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] - [illegible] George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 4, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The country roads are badly drifted.

—Spring goods are beginning to arrive.

—Smith Township Council met yesterday at Bridgenorth.

—The men at the cereal works had a day off yesterday.

—Skating is now a popular pastime, the rink being liberally patronized.

—The regular meeting of the Board of Education will be held to-night.

—Some of the streets are so drifted as to be almost impassable.

—At home cards of the latest styles printed at The Times job rooms.

—The 57th Regiment Band will give a concert in the market hall on Friday evening.

—The annual congregational meeting of St. Paul's church, will be held to-morrow evening.

—Coal is $7 per ton in Peterborough, while in Lindsay and elsewhere it is being sold for $6.50. How is this?

—Mr. George Stewart, the County Treasurer, was unable to reach town yesterday from his farm in the country, on account of the storm.

—G. E. Whiten is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 166 Hunter street west.

—Icy sidewalks are causing many falls. Yesterday an elderly lady fell on Water street, and had to be driven home in a hack.

—Mr. R. M. Roy took a photo of the Crystal Block and the wreck of P. Simon's store yesterday.

—Work on the lift lock is entirely suspended this winter. It will be resumed, however, in the spring.

—Another Basket Social will be held under the auspices of Companion Court Queen I. O. F. on Thursday evening in their hall, over Dutton's store.

—The Crown Corrundum and Mica Company are talking of erecting large works in Peterborough next spring.—Marmora Herald.

—A non-resident was fined $2 on Saturday for not shovelling the snow from the sidewalk in front of his premises.

—Mr. George W. Hatton is now engaged in distributing the $220,000, recently paid for the water works, to the shareholders of the company.

—Complaints have reached The Times that children attend the South Central School from homes where scarlet fever and diptheria exist. There is a most stringent law, with heavy penalties regarding this.

—Lew Falcher, who formerly conducted the Palace Cafe here, is now in charge of the "Fountain Oriental Garden," Queen street, Toronto. He announces a formal opening, with music and free lunch.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Effects of the Storm.

As a result of the snow storm on Sunday the railroads were almost entirely blocked. The midnight express, C.P.R., due here at 12.31 yesterday morning arrived in town at 4.17. The morning express due here at 8.15 arrived at 5.30 last evening being delayed by the blockade of the midnight express a few miles west of Tweed. The morning and evening locals and mid-day express were cancelled.

The midnight express had not left Toronto at 12 o'clock last night. The trains on the G.T.R. were all delayed. No trains had arrived in town up till a late hour last night.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss McKee is visiting friends in Millbrook.

—Mr. J. A. Sutcliffe is in Montreal on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Armstrong, of Lindsay, spent Sunday in town.

—Miss Sherlock is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. B. Tapson, Bowmanville.

—Miss Turner, of Peterborough has been engaged to succeed Miss Hawley as organist in the Methodist church and very efficiently presided at the organ on Sunday last.—Campbellford Despatch.

—Miss White, who is the guest of Mrs. C. B. McAllister, sang a solo, "King of Eternity," in excellent voice at St. Luke's church on Sunday evening.

Peterborough's Next Move

The town of Orillia has gone into the business of supplying electric light and power. It has developed a waterpower on the Severn river seventeen miles from town, and has established a plant at a cost of $125,000. The power developed provides for the future growth of the place and it is now in a position not only to light its own streets and supply light to its townspeople, but also to supply power to manufacturers. Peterborough should lose no time in getting in a civic plant sufficient to supply the whole town—streets and houses alike.

Rheumatic Pains Cured by Nerviline

This is the testimony of Mr. Benjiman Dillon, of Leeds, Ont., who says: I feel it my duty to proclaim the marvellous value of Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for rheumatic pains; it cures them every time. Nothing I know of equals it as a household liniment, and mothers should feel it as necessary as bread itself. Nerviline has cured rheumatism of 30 years' standing, and can cure you. Instant relief, absolute cure, large bottle 25c.

Successful At Home.

The Ladies Aid of St. Peter's gave a very pleasant and successful At Home in the rooms of the T.A.S. last night.

The attendance was not as large as usual owing to the unfavorable weather. A very enjoyable evening was spent with music, songs and a progressive euchre party. Refreshments were served by the ladies and altogether the entertainment was a success.

An entertainment under the auspices of the Ladies Reading Circle will be given in the T.A.S. rooms on Thursday evening.

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns Are Popular With All Ladies

THE MANUFACTURERS SEND FULL RANGE OF DESIGNS TO ANY ADDRESS

Mrs. Morton F. Paling, Winnipeg, Man., writes as follows: "The three mat and rug patterns ordered from you are received. They are lovely and far ahead of other designs I have seen. I shall show them to my friends, many of whom are desirous of making up rugs for their homes. Many thanks for your prompt attention to my order. I use your celebrated Diamond Dyes and find them the best."

Ladies who have not yet received sheets of new designs of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns, will do well to send a postal card with address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P. Q. All designs mailed free to any part of Canada and Newfoundland.

Leaves To-Day for Winnipeg

Mr. Oscar LaBelle, who for the past five years has been engaged as head salesman with the Kingan Hardware Co. has severed his connection with that firm and leaves to-day for Winnipeg, where he has accepted a position with one of the principal wholesale hardware firms in that city. Mr. LaBelle has been a valuable and trusted employee of the Kingan Hardware Co., for years and has made many friends who will be pleased to hear of his success in the west.

Non-Coms Dance

The dance under the auspices of the non-coms of the 57th Regiment to-night promises to be a grand affair. Those having charge of the arrangements are labouring energetically to make the event a success and it is now left for the friends of the regiment to give the undertaking their hearty support. Time pains and expense are nothing to the soldiers and they are not wishing to make money out of the affair, but to keep the name of the regiment in the minds of the public at this season of the year when there is no drill going on.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

A MISAPPREHENSION CORRECTED

Editor Morning Times.

Dear Sir,—I feel it to be my duty and also a matter of necessity to send a few lines for publication in your paper with reference to a letter that has recently appeared in its columns. The letter places me under an absolute obligation to write in reply: for whether or no anything in it is intended to refer to my own action and practice there may, and doubtless will be, many who will think it does do so and that I am to blame for indiscriminate giving and also for misrepresenting the country.

I therefore wish it to be generally and widely understood that much that comes up to me by stage is not clothing, but toys and presents to go on the Christmas trees, and that if these things were not provided the children of our Sunday School and the members of our Band of Hope would have to go without the gifts and the encouragement they receive, inasmuch as neither could I or the church afford to supply them.

Then, secondly, with regard to most of the clothing that is sent us, it is right it should be known that for the past two years it has been sent with the understanding that we should sell much of it for the sake of obtaining money to meet our mission expenses.

Then with regard to the actual giving of things my judgment and discretion are sometimes called in question. This is no more than I expect, for no matter who gives anything or how much wisdom or judgment is exercised there will always be someone to criticise or misjudge, or who thinks he knows better, or who does not know all the circumstances of the case, or all the motives and reasons which influence one in the distribution of goods:—

1 There are some who are really in need—aged, cripples, widows or orphans—whom I should give to.

2 There are some who are not so much in need but who are worthy of encouragement. They for instance interest themselves much in the church, and spend a good deal of their time, and put themselves to much inconvenience and even loss in its behalf, and to say the least of it they deserve some compensation.

3 There are some who ought to be better off, perhaps, who are badly off because they do not understand how to be saving or thrifty, or how to go about business, or how to make things pay, or who are unfortunate—suffering many losses through, it may be, mismanagement or carelessness, or who lack spirit or pluck or ambition, or are even positively lazy. Be this as it may, the children or perhaps the mothers are poorly clad for the winter, or too untidy to attend church or Sunday School. The children really suffer through no fault of theirs and it is an act of mercy to help them, and here my action is criticized; it is said either to encourage the laziness of the father or the thriftlessness and infrugality and extravagance of the mother, as the case may be.

4 There is one other thing I take into consideration in the distribution of clothing. I consider the extreme sensibility of the two or three who think themselves overlooked or who should suppose partiality was shown—a little gift will sometimes prevent much trouble, and so prove it to be in the interests of the church, with which intention these things are sent, but I must most emphatically deny the imputation of either bribery or proselytising.

Lastly, Mr. Editor, apologizing for trespassing so much upon your space, I feel in duty bound to add that many of our worthy countrymen, here in our much famed and notorious back-country, are falling into exactly the same error, and going just as far astray, as they suppose my brother clergy of the front to be doing, for knowing just as little about the clergy as they credit them with knowing about this country, they judge them just as wrongly. Let me beg them to get personally acquainted with them and to know them better. Whether it is doing a wrong and dishonor to the country or no, at least let those who send clothing have the honor of sending them with the kindest and best of intentions and not be sneered at for sending rags, for even rags, if sent, are mended up and found most serviceable by some; and if the country is so prosperous, and people so well off, why do they not do more for their God and His Church, and save His and their ministers from having so often to look outside instead of getting liberal support nearer home, and causing people at a distance to think the people too badly off to shoulder their own burdens. I do not think I have misrepresented this country in my appeals for aid in Toronto or elsewhere with all the help we have had, we still need some $200, or $100 and I am quite satisfied we cannot raise it here.

CHRISTOPHER LORD

The Vicarage, Apsley, Feb. 1.

THE SALVATION ARMY SPECIAL SERVICES

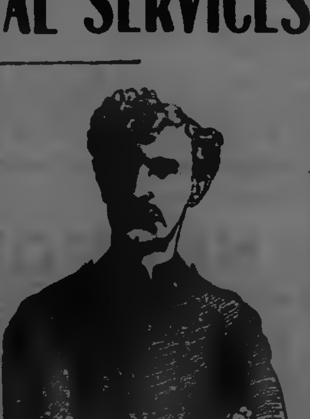
A Large Number of New Converts Being Enrolled

Interesting Meetings and Much Interest Being Shown

The Revival Will Conclude On Thursday Evening Next

Very special revival services are in operation in the barracks, conducted by Brigadier Pugmire, Staff Capt. Manton and Capt. Urquhart. Up to the present forty have gone forward, seeking pardon and purity. Although Sunday was a very stormy day, yet hundreds of people attended the services and there were fifteen seekers.

A special feature of the revival services is the singing of Brigadier Pugmire and Staff Capt. Manton, while Capt. Urquhart excels on the violin. Services will be held as follows: Brigadier Pugmire's travels and work.



Tuesday, Feb. 4—"A Serious Question."

Wednesday, Feb. 5—"What is it?"

Thursday, Feb. 6—"20,000 Miles by Land and Sea," being an account of

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

QUEBEC

and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 12th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

TOWN COUNCIL

year be paid as asked by the Board.

2. We recommend that subscription be sent for one copy of the Municipal Guide, and one copy of the Municipal World, and that the Treasurer issue cheques for them.

3. We recommend that the Peterborough Poultry Association be given a grant of $40, provided the Association settle with the market clerk for the fuel used for the exhibition.

4. We recommend that the following accounts be paid:

J. E. A. Fitzgerald	$ 7 00
Kennedy & McKercher	4 00
C. N. Brown	1 45
The Dickson Co.	1 60
Wm. Hetherington	4 20
Adam Hall	2 25
Peterborough L & P Co.	26 65
F. F. Garden	4 60
G. H. Noble	6 85
P. Hamilton Mfg. Co.	4 65
J. & W. Metheral	5 25
Times Printing Co.	82 85
Sailsbury & Co.	1 45
Victoria Industrial School	28 90
Kingan Hardware Co.	4 85
Walter Stocker	16 00
Peterborough Hardware Co	10 90
Registrar Co. Peterborough	3 00
Review Ptg. and Pub. Co.	28 50
St. John's Industrial School	26 00
Fitzgerald & Co	60
A. H. Stratton & Co.	8 70
Peterborough Water Co.	9 00
G. N. W. Telegraph Co.	64
A. McDonald	67 84
Bell Telephone Co.	150 90
W. S. Cocks	24 40
C. S. McClelland	6 00
Robert Fair	4 50
Peterborough L & P. Co.	12 50
T. E. Boddy	7 70
C. P. R. Co's. Telegraph	.27
A. Comstock	1 00

5. Your Committee gave instructions to have the Waterworks debentures printed, the debentures to be for $1,000 each, except in cases where purchasers desire to have them in larger amounts for even thousands.

6. We recommend that, on the recommendation of the Chief of Police, constable Charles McGinty be given an increase of salary of $50 a year, to date from the same time as the last increase was given to the other policemen. All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted.

BOARD OF WORKS.

Ald. Clinkscale presented the report of the Board of Works as follows:

Your Fire, Water and Light Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. That the members of the Fire Brigade, including the Chief of the Brigade, be given an increase of salary of $25 a year each, to date from January 1st, 1902.

2. That Ald. Batten and McGregor be authorised to sell the scrap and second hand material about the town buildings that are not required.

3. That the chairman of this Committee be authorized to purchase 300 feet of fire hose, rubber boots for the members of the fire brigade and such rubber coats as are required for the brigade, and also a set of single harness, a cart and harness required for cart, and a pair of horse blankets.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

Ald. Roger introduced a by-law to grant $200 to the Children's Aid Society of the Town and County of Peterborough. The by-law received its several readings and was passed.

Ald. Best moved, seconded by Ald. Corkery,—That the Mayor sign and seal a petition to the Lieut. Governor and a petition to the Legislative Assembly, asking for changes in the Town's private bill now before the Legislature, the petitions to be in the form now submitted to the Council.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

CHARGE WAS DISMISSED

County Hotel Keeper Charged with Breaking Liquor Law

Charles Armstrong, a hotel keeper at Julians Landing, appeared before County Magistrate Edmison on Friday, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, Jan 5th. The charge was laid by License Inspector Crowe. Defendant pleaded not guilty, and as the evidence failed to establish any violation of the law, the charge was dismissed.

BOY BUILDING

That is the Mission of Good Food

There is an abundance of proof that food can be selected that will build up a brain as well as body.

One case is that of a boy and the description is given by his mother. She says, "This particular son has always had a delicate stomach, and when he was an infant had cholera infantum two or three seasons in succession; he was exceedingly hard to raise, and was not well enough to go to school when he became old enough."

The mother says, "Finally we concluded to put him on Grape-Nuts exclusively and see what the food would do for him, and to our great astonishment our boy improved daily. He is now hearty and getting along in school unusually well. He still depends upon Grape-Nuts for a goodly share of his diet.

Whenever children are hungry at bed-time it is always safe to let them eat Grape-Nuts and let them go to bed. I came to know of the value of Grape-Nuts by using it myself, and found that I was unusually well nourished and gained rapidly in strength.

Please do not use my name. By the way, we abandoned coffee in our family several years ago and have always had Postum since. Would as soon have the flour barrel empty as be out of Postum." Name can be given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.............................. coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name...

Address...

County.............................

Pills
MIRACLE

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

:: THE ::

Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7½	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¼	Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅝	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅛	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅛	8⅛	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅜	⅞	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅛	16⅝	New Rietfontein	6¾	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅛	42¾	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅝	Randfontein	4⅞	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅛	8¼	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅜
Ferreira	22	22¾	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3⅞	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅞
Geldenhuis Estate	7½	7¼	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅛	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅞	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¾	7⅝
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅛	1⅜
Johnies	6⅝	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¾	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6½	Van Ryn	11	3¾
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅝	1¾
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾	Wolhuter	12	5⅞
Kimberly Roodepoort	4¾	1¼	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¾	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares, either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

PARKER & CO. STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS

Telephone Main 1001 61 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company, Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Moore, Room 711, 64 and 66 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 555, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

—FOR—

Week of Winter Sports,

QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

PETERBORO to QUEBEC

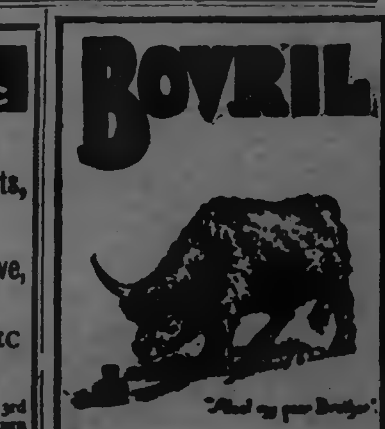
$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

A. H. NOTMAN,
A. G. P. A., Toronto

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.



Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble, and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 30

PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 5 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

UNCLE SAM'S TROUBLE OVER THE PHILIPPINES

Angry Debate in the United States Senate Over the Grave Problem

WILL THE ISLANDERS BE A FREE PEOPLE?

Many Senators Believe that the United States Should Withdraw from the Islands Altogether—It is a Bad Job.

Washington, Feb 4—The debate in the Senate, which took on a very angry tone yesterday, confirms President Schurman's reminder that "the American people have not yet passed upon the question of a final Philippine policy." The allegation is true in law and in fact.

The Senate which ratified the treaty that ceded these islands to us expressly declared that in so doing "it is not intended to permanently annex said islands as an integral part of the United States"—

But it is the intention of the United States to establish in said islands a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants of said islands, to prepare them for local self-government, and in due time to make such disposition of said islands as will best promote the interests of the citizens of the United States and the inhabitants of said islands.

This reserved right and freedom of our Government was recognized and confirmed by the Supreme Court in its decision on December 2. The third broad principle of this decision was thus succinctly stated:

III.—The islands acquired from Spain by the Treaty of Paris are "property of the United States" in the strict sense in which that term is used in the Constitution, and this being the case Congress can dispose of these islands in any way which it may believe to be conductive to the highest interests alike of the people of the United States and of these islands.

In deciding this question are not the American people likely to be influenced in the end by these fundamental principles of our republican system?—

1.—Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

2.—Taxation without representation is tyranny.

Or if these once sacred principles are now regarded as "merely academic," may not these facts influence the decision?—

1.—Gen. Chaffee in a recent letter said: "I am of the opinion that at least 30,000 soldiers will be required for a much longer time than five years—perhaps for a quarter of a century."

2.—The islands are now costing us $75,000,000 a year, and their "commercial advantages" are represented by a 10 per cent. possible profit on $2,855,685 imported from this country last year, or the magnificent sum of $285,568!

In view of this freedom of choice, of the difficulties and cost of subjugation and forcible rule and of the petty profits of the enterprise, will not our people try to realize this "high aim" of President Roosevelt, as stated in his message: "We hope to do for them what has never before been done for any people in the tropics—to make them fit for self-government after the fashion of the really free nations?"

A FIGHT FOR LIFE

Thrilling Experience of Ald. Batten and Mr. Isaac Richardson.

On Sunday last Alderman Batten and Mr. Isaac Richardson left for Hiawatha, where Ald. Batten conducted service in the Methodist church. They started for home about 2.30 o'clock, and were overtaken by the storm. As the violence of the wind increased the road became more difficult, until finally the horse fell and was unable to rise. The storm was so great that nothing could be seen, while the cold was intense. With great difficulty the horse was again put on his feet, and the slow, weary journey resumed. When hope had well nigh deserted the weary travellers, the glimmer of a light was seen through the blinding storm, and they hurried towards it. They found themselves at Mrs. Hazlitt's, in Otonabee, about six miles from town, where they remained for the night.

Next day about two o'clock Mr. Hazlitt hitched up a team to a pair of bobsleighs, and broke the road to a distance of about half way to town, when he left the travellers. Their experience for the remainder of the journey was almost as bad as that of Sunday. They tried to make the locks bridge, but were unable to get through a huge drift at Downer's Corners. Arriving at the suburbs of Ashburnham they found the road again blocked, and tried to get in by St. Joseph's Hospital, but were forced to return to the original route, and break through the drift. They arrived in town about three o'clock Monday.

Mr. Richardson told the Times that the drifts were from five to six feet deep.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT

An Oil Strike That is Sure to be a Big Money Maker.

We call the attention of capitalists and investors to the advertisement elsewhere of the North American Oil and Refining Company, which appears in this issue.

This stock should meet with ready sale, as it is likely to prove a bonanza to investors. Oil has been struck very close to the company's property, and it is known that the same oil channels run through it. The stock being disposed of is treasury stock, and not personal stock.

The company is controlled by men of undoubted honor and probity, being: Hon. E. A. Sunderlin, Colorado Springs; J. H. Parker, Vice-President and General Manager, who is a man of broad experience in the oil business, having passed upon 297 wells, and out of that number only had three failures; Mr. Geo. Cockburn, banker, President of a number of mining companies and Sec.-Treas. of the Boulder Oil Co., the stock of which is worth four times par price.

The latter fact shows what money there is in oil. A man, for instance, who invested $100 in the Boulder Company a short time ago can get $400 for his stock. There is every hope that the North American will be even more successful.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. G. A. Cockburn, Colorado Springs, Col., or to F. W. Nelson, broker, Water street, Peterborough.

GERMANS ARE BLIND TO BRITISH VIEWS

No Publisher Can be Induced to Touch Conan Doyle's Defence--A Colonial Appeal to Germans--Colonel Picquart Scores

London, Feb. 4.—Conan Doyle writes The Times that funds have been liberally subscribed to circulate his book, giving the English side of the Boer war. He says it is significant that no practical help has been offered by Germans living in England. In Germany the feeling is so pronounced that Doyle has not been able to find a German firm with courage enough to publish his statement of the British side of the war, with all costs guaranteed. American and Canadian leaders of public opinion are to receive free copies of Doyle's book.

A Colonial Appeal to Germans in Cape Colony who Enjoy British Rule

London, Feb. 4.—The correspondent of the London Times at Cape Colony says the Mayor of that city, is communicating with mayors throughout the Colony, and endeavouring to arrange public meetings in repudiation of continental slanders upon the British army. The Cape Argus calls upon Germans in South Africa who enjoy every advantage from British rule, and know how false their countrymen's statements are, to make a united declaration on this subject, which can be published.

Great Britain will not Negotiate with Kruger and Leyds

London, Feb. 4.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times, quoting a Hague authority, says the British Minister to Holland has informed the Dutch Government that Great Britain will not negotiate with Kruger and Leyds, but with Boer generals in the field only.

Miss Alice Roosevelt and the Coronation—Cannot be Recognized

London, Feb. 4.—The European edition of the New York Herald says that an official place cannot be found for Miss Alice Roosevelt at the coronation, although an arrangement has been come to whereby the dignity of the United States shall not suffer by any slight upon the President's daughter. As female envoy, she cannot be recognized. If Miss Roosevelt is in London during the coronation she will be afforded every opportunity of witnessing the ceremonies, but cannot take part in them.

Col. Picquart has Obtained Judgment Restoring his Papers

London, Feb. 4.—A despatch to The Times from Paris, says Colonel Picquart has obtained judgement restoring his papers, seized at the time of the Dreyfus prosecution.

DECLARATION OF OLFICE

Taken by Mayor Denne and Messrs Hill and Matthews

The newly elected water commissioners and Mayor Denne met at the Town Clerk's office yesterday and took the necessary declaration of office for water commissioners. The oath was administered by Mr. Adam Hall, Justice of the Peace in the presence of Mr. E. B. D. Hall, Town Solicitor and Town Clerk Armstrong.

After the declaration of officers had been taken the commissioners held a short meeting at which Mr. T. F. Matthews was elected chairman. The commissioners will meet every Monday afternoon at four o'clock.

With these men at the head of the business we can safely count on a successful years' business. The commissioners have all been deeply interested in business for many years and have made a success of it, and we are very sure they will successfully carry out their part in the new undertaking of the town.

LETTER FROM TOM MILLER

Mrs. F. W. Miller Receives a Letter from Her Son in South Africa

Mrs. F. W. Miller of town received the following letter on Monday from her son, Tom, who is with his regiment in South Africa.

Diepsfontein, Dec. 29th, 1901.

Dear Mother, — We had a very good Christmas this year, with plenty of plum pudding, oranges, roast beef, cigarettes, tobacco, etc.

I believe we have to go home for the coronation, which takes place in June, so they will have to get us out of this very soon. My chum, T. L. Davis, who comes from London, Ont., has been discharged as having bad teeth. Two of our members died on Saturday last and we buried them on Sunday.

They say that we are going down to the Colony next month, down near Cape Town to do garrison duty. I only hope that we are, so that we can get out of this place.

Well, dear mother, I don't know of any more to say this time, so hoping to hear from you soon, I remain, with love to all, your loving son.

TOM.

JAPAN TO DEVELOP CHINA

River, Railway and Mining Industries Will Be Controlled at Tokio.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 5 — Tokio's Chamber of Commerce announces a new policy toward China which that body, assisted by the Japanese Government, will steadily pursue. It involves the immediate development of trade on Chinese rivers and inland waters under Japanese auspices and the establishment of a Chinese-Japanese bank, with branches at all Chinese commercial centres. The most important part of the programme comprises a thorough investigation under the authority of the Japanese Government of the Chinese mineral and industrial resources. Experts are to be sent through China to examine into all questions relating to railways, mines, manufactures and trade.

A Japanese syndicate has concluded arrangements with Director General Sheng of the Chinese railways for working the coal mines owned by Sheng in Hupeh.

WHY BRITAIN'S ANGER AROSE OVER GERMANY

A Hostile and Lying Press Responsible for the Whole Trouble

ABUSE OF ENGLAND DENOUCED

Examples of the Least Offensive of the Attacks—Vulgarity of the Previous Paris Publications on the Boer War Fully Equalled—Prominent Men of Germany Concerned in Some of the Worst Cases

London, Feb. 5—"We describe elsewhere, as plainly as regard for the common decencies of life will allow us to do, the nature of the filth with which the minds of all classes in Germany have been deliberately poisoned against us since the beginning of the war."

The foregoing is an extract from a leading article in the Times upon Mr. Chamberlain's "What I have said, I have said" speech in answer to Count von Bulow's speech in the Reichstag.:

"The Literature of German Anglophobia," as the Times styles its articles on the subject, has had a similarly irritating effect on the English people as the notorious illustrated articles which were published in Paris in the first year of the South African war, then the German illustrated papers vied with those of France, particularly in the way of holding up to ridicule the figure of the late Queen Victoria; but German papers do not come much in the way of English people, and it was not till much later that the general public here realized the facts of the German anti-British newspaper campaign.

The following are some of the examples of this kind of "literature" which the Times quotes, passing over the grosser ones in its regard "for the common decencies of life."

The first is from a publication called "The Boer War." The list of contributors, which is given in full, includes a number of men of good social position and of undeniable eminence in the literature and art of Germany.

British soldiers are represented robbing the dead, Mr. Chamberlain's "state coach"—a cart laden with skeletons—these are the mere "hors d'oeuvre" of the meal they set before the German public. The (then) Prince of Wales lying dead drunk in his bedroom "receiving the news of Cronje's surrender," Queen Victoria as the fat woman in a fair being handled in an indescribable fashion by President Kruger, represent stronger meat. But the "plat de resistance" is a cartoon entitled "Hero Worship." The (then) Princess of Wales, with Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales standing beyond her, and with the young Princesses by her side, is decorating a youthful British soldier. The legend underneath this picture is, textually, "English Princess decorating the youngest soldier in the British army with the Victoria Cross because, although he is only 12 years old, he has already outraged (vergwaltigt) eight Boer women. And this obscenity is launched into the world under the public imprimatur not of the scavengers of German art and literature, but of men of distinction and repute, is offered for sale in respectable shops, is eagerly bought by the public, lies about on fashionable drawing-room tables.

No. 32 of Simplicissimus, 1899, a comic paper of considerable artistic merit published in Munich and enjoying a large circulation throughout Germany, represented the Queen as a drunken old market woman, with a whiskey bottle by her side, vainly trying to pluck an ostrich. A few weeks later the same paper had an outrageous picture of the then Prince of Wales staying in England "to comfort the widows," instead of going to South Africa. So great was the popularity which this style of caricature received that at the end of 1899 the cartoons were reproduced by the thousand as illustrated postcards for Christmas and New Year's greetings, and, out of a collection of sixty German post cards dedicated to the vilification of this country which we have before us, no fewer than ten consist of disgusting representations of Queen Victoria borrowed from comic papers of every description.

One of the most shameless offenders is the Berlin Kladderadatsch, a comic paper which claims to occupy in Germany the same position, and certainly enjoys the same popularity, as Punch does over here. On its front page it publishes every week a poem of which the literary form is invariably polished and sometimes brilliant. In at least one out of every three numbers during the last two years these rhymes have been devoted to the most rabid invective against England. Lord Roberts, for instance, is denounced as "the Hyena of the Transvaal," Lord Kitchener point blank as a murderer; King Edward is made (twice in the month of November last) the subject of almost blasphemous imprecations. In fact, this paper started its campaign against King Edward within a fortnight of Queen Victoria's death—in its number of Feb. 3, 1901—with a grossly insulting poem on his accession. Nor are the cartoons less outrageous than the verses. In the same month of November the King is represented in Kladderadatsch, now as a monkey and again praying in his closet—a monstrous parody of the well-known scene in Hamlet.

Simplicissimus, No. 32, of October last represents the King dancing on the mutilated bodies of Boer women and children:

"The blood spurts so, it may stain my crown." In another number an old Boer Commandant exclaims: "Well, now that there are only women and children left to fight I wonder King Edward does not himself take over the command-in-chief." Mr. Chamberlain as the Devil, Lord Kitchener as the Butcher, holding up in either hand a Boer head streaming with blood, or as a vulture sitting on the cross-tree of a gallows, British soldiers ravishing women and plundering the dead, two English gentlemen congratulating themselves that "in England one can always find fellows at five shillings a day to fight for the nation's honor, and no gentleman need therefore do such dirty work himself."

These examples will be sufficient to give some idea of the kind of thing that has undoubtedly raised a great feeling of bitterness against Germany in the minds of many Englishmen.

HOW ABOUT THE PHILIPPINES?

Jeering American Journal Have a Lot to Say about Boer War

Chicago, Feb 5 The Tribune publishes an article on the Boer war which is untruthful and unfair. It is not true that Britain was whipped in pitched battles with the Boers. Any reverse that she did get was because she was fighting in the open, while the enemy rained bullets like hail on the brave British. One might well ask, How about the Philippines, where the natives are, in most cases, armed with spears? The following is the article referred to:

One thing may very safely be said of the war in South Africa, and that is that both parties to it are very heartily sick of it. The Boers, in fact, must be very close to the point of exhaustion. And, while Great Britain could keep it up indefinitely at the present rate of expenditure of men and money and of progress, Englishmen must be very ready to make peace on reasonable terms. The honor and glory of the war are necessarily all with the Boers. Several English opponents of the war, at the beginning of it warned their countrymen that it was a war "that could have no triumphs." As Mr. Morley put it, quoting Swift, ten armed men are an overmatch for one man in his shirt. For a great empire to belabor what Lord Salisbury the other day described as a "wretched little population," is not, at best, an operation glorious for the great empire, however necessary it may be. But that the wretched little population should defeat the great empire in pitched battles and should successfully defy it and stand it off for two years and a half could not have been expected by any intelligent Englishman or by any intelligent Boer. To be fighting for all this time without decisive successes and with a numerical superiority of twenty to one, and to have your unsuccessful attempts to end the business jeered by your neighbors as the impotence of a big bully—this is a condition of things calculated to disgust any nation with the war that has brought it about.

A Lake Captain's Experience

Capt. McDonald, one of Kingston's most prominent mariners, writes: "For years I have battled with the agonies of Bronchitic Asthma, oftentimes so bad that I could not sleep for nights at a time. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and quacks without getting relief, but one dollar's worth of Catarrhozone completely cured me." The above testimonial was given two years ago, and as the Captain lately stated that he was quite free from Bronchitis, it proves Catarrhozone a veritable specific. Catarrhozone two months' treatment, guaranteed to cure bronchitis, price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston.

SUDDEN DEATH AT KEENE

Rev. Dr. Andrews Died Suddenly Yesterday from Apoplexy

The sad news reached town yesterday of the death of Rev. Francis Andrews, D.D., the beloved pastor of the Keene Presbyterian Church.

He had risen as usual, dressed himself and lighted the fire, when he was suddenly stricken with apoplexy. His daughter heard him fall and hastened to the room where she found her father unconscious. Medical aid was summoned but nothing could be done, and he passed away at seven o'clock without regaining consciousness. It was a sudden and tragic end to a long and active life of faithful Christian ministry and upright life and conduct, and it has spread a heavy gloom over the village and country where Rev. Dr. Andrews was known by every man woman and child, and where he was respected and beloved by all. The people of his own congregation where he has labored for over fifty years were particularly attached to him, and his death coming so suddenly will be a great shock. On Sunday last he was in his pulpit as usual preaching at Keene in the morning, and at Westwood in the afternoon. The drive over the heavy roads and in the storm was more, perhaps, than a man of his years should have undertaken, but he never allowed anything to interfere with his appointments. On Monday he did not feel very well and remained in the house, although his illness did not appear to be of a serious nature. Yesterday morning he rose, as stated, at the usual hour and proceeded about his usual duties when he was suddenly called to his eternal home.

Keene will ever keep green the memory of the veteran pastor who for over fifty years, labored zealously and continuously among them and who made a record that is unique in the history of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. Long pastorates are not common in this country and for a pastor to remain in one charge, without relief or assistant, for over half a century stands out as remarkable and extraordinary. But it tells also of his fidelity to his work and his people, of the Christian spirit and the unblemished life that must have characterized the man, for, during all these years his work has prospered, has continued in harmony, bound together in the good work and always respecting and loving their pastor.

On Jan. 11th, 1901, Rev. Dr. Andrews celebrated his jubilee, his fiftieth anniversary, and his congregation assisted by the other congregations in the in the village united to make the commemoration memorable. A large number of ministers from surrounding congregations and many from a distance gathered together to offer their congratulations to the veteran pastor.

The reverend gentleman was then seventy-seven years of age and was vigorous in mind and body and most happy in his utterances. On Sunday last he preached the sermon that was to commemorate his fifty one years as pastor of the church taking as his subject—"Therefore, let us not sleep as do others; but let us watch and be sober." No more suitable words could have been chosen for the occasion and also what proved to be his last sermon. The sudden summons which was to come to him, was not to be heard on Sunday, but now that it has come, this most suitable text, will not be forgotten by his people.

Deceased was born at Port Glenone, County of Antrim, Ireland; in 1824, and studied in Belfast and Edinburgh. When a young man he came to this country and in August 1850 was ordained. On January 12th 1851 he was ordained as pastor of Keene Church, and for over fifty years has continued to labor there. Deceased married late in life, but his wife pre-deceased him some years ago. One daughter, Miss Mary, and two sons, James and William, both residing in Toronto, are left to mourn his death.

The funeral arrangements will be completed on Thursday.

A BLASPHEMOUS INSULT TO MEMORY OF QUEEN

Fashionable Congregation Scandalized by This Statement of Anti-Ritualists

SALISBURY WILL RETIRE AT CONCLUSION OF WAR

St. James Gazette Says it Has the Highest Authority for Making the Announcement—Will Remain Until End of War

London, Feb. 4.—It is now said that the retirement of Lord Salisbury from office will be coincident with the end of the South African War. The St. James' Gazette this afternoon claims to have the highest authority for saying:

"The Premier has fixed the restoration of peace in South Africa as the appropriate moment to resign office. If the war is ended Lord Salisbury will retire at the conclusion of the present Parliamentary session, but it is his present intention to retain his post until peace is accomplished."

London, Feb. 4.—The large and fashionable congregation which attended a memorial service, officially described as a "requiem for the repose of the soul of our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria," at St. Matthew's Church, Westminster, this morning, was greatly scandalized by the conduct of a number of anti-ritualists, who immediately after the service was concluded, stood up in the church and declared "the service was a blasphemous insult to Queen Victoria's memory." "This is not God's house," said one objector, "this is a joss house."

MAN'S LIFE 150 YEARS

Boston Doctor Claims Priority in Important Medical Discovery.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 5—Dr. Augustin Thompson, of this city, claims that eleven years ago he discovered Prof. Jacques Loeb's theory as to the source of life energy and that human life may be prolonged to the age of 150 years or more by transmitting into the body a force which, like food, is sustaining.

Dr. Thompson claims that he has gone further than Professor Loeb, in that for several months he had actually practised upon that theory with success. In an interview last night the doctor said:

"Professor Archer, New York's famous chemist, declares it the most wonderful thing in the world. As for myself, I declare positively I can take a man whose nerve centre is weakened and restore him to health. I have done it for hundreds. I did it for myself.

"Now, Professor Loeb claims that electricity is life. I assert that it is not. Electricity is only the physical force of the universe.

"Let one stop eating food and all the electricity existing will not prolong his life."

Dr. Thompson declares the with the aid of an imperceptible current of electricity he transmits to the human body the exact results of pure food upon a perfect digestion, which he claims are a sure cure for all ills of mankind.

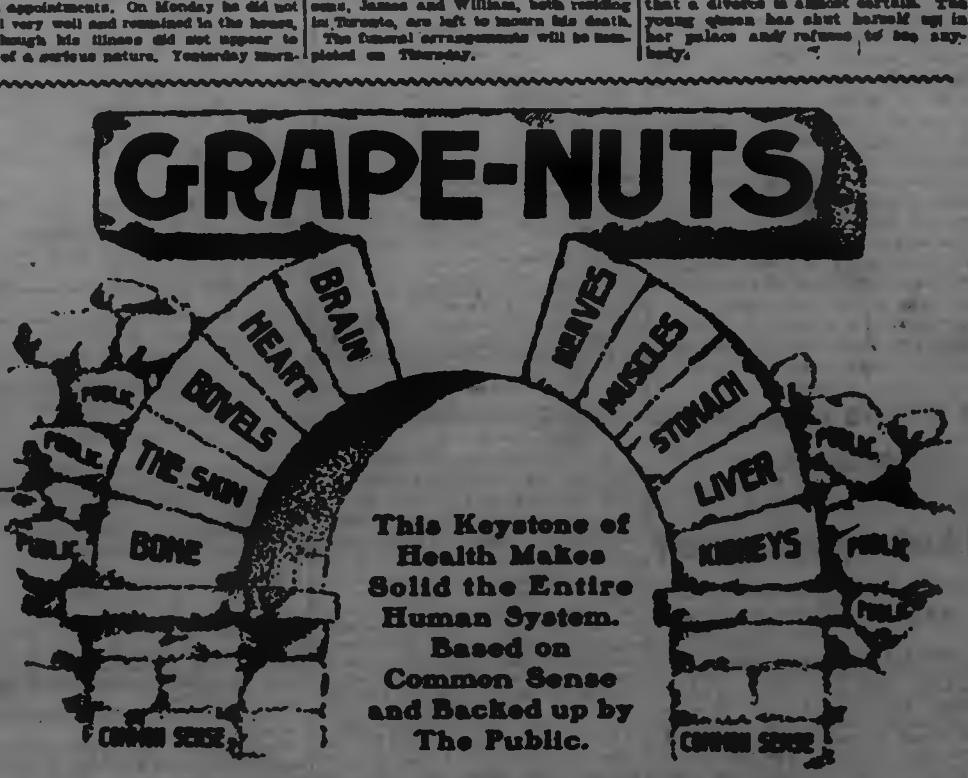
Pleuritic Pains a Danger Signal

Prompt treatment is essential. Bathe the region of pain immediately with Polson's Nerviline and quickly bind on a hot bandage sprinkled with Nerviline. Never known to fail. Cures almost instantly. Neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism and lumbago are cured by Nerviline just as readily. Polson's Nerviline cures all pain, and is the best household liniment known. Large bottle 25c.

QUEEN MAY GET DIVORCE.

Wilhelmina's Husband Goes to Germany and Divorce Seems Inevitable.

The Hague, Feb. 4—Prince Henry, consort of Queen Wilhelmina, has gone to Germany on an indefinite visit, and court and public are convinced that a divorce is almost certain. The young queen has shut herself up in her palace and refuses to see anybody.



This Keystone of Health Makes Solid the Entire Human System. Based on Common Sense and Backed up by The Public.

A SCIENTIFIC BREAKFAST.

Rightly selected food will cure more than half the diseases. Try a scientific and healthy breakfast:—Fruit of some kind, preferably cooked; a dish of Grape-Nuts, with cream; two soft-boiled eggs. Put two eggs in a tin pint cup of boiling water, cover and set off for nine minutes. Whites will then be the consistency of cream and most easily digested. One slice of bread with butter; cup of Postum Cereal Food Coffee.

On that breakfast you can work like a horse and be perfectly nourished until noon. Your nervous troubles, your heart palpitation, stomach and bowel troubles, kidney complaints and various other disorders will gradually disappear and firm, solid health will set in.

Why? You have probably been living on poorly selected food; that is, food that does not contain the required elements the body needs. That sort of food, and coffee, is the direct or indirect cause of more than half the ills the human body acquires.

Grape-Nuts is a perfectly cooked food and both that and the Postum Food Coffee contain fine microscopic particles of phosphate of potash obtained in a natural way from the grains of the field and by scientific food experts incorporated into food and drink. That element joins with the albumen in food to make gray matter, which is the filling of the brain cells and the nerve centres all over the human body.

A man or woman thus fed is scientifically fed and rapidly grows in vigor and vitality, and becomes capable of conducting successfully the affairs of life. To produce a perfect body and a money making brain, the body must have the right kind of food and the expert food specialist knows how to make it. That is Grape-Nuts and Postum Cereal Food Coffee, produced at the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich.

Modern Methods,

allied with brains count in the success or failure of all undertakings. Is it not wise, in dealing in Wall Street, to trade through a wide-awake house, sufficiently up to date to provide every facility for your advantage? Our handsome, cloth bound, illustrated, 400 page

"Guide to Investors,"

which we distribute free, upon request, is its own commentary, as to our enterprise. It contains full information relative to every security dealt in upon the Exchanges, best methods of trading, etc. Study of its contents will place the beginner, on position to equally profit with the experienced. Our

"Daily Market Letter"

will also prove valuable to either investor or speculator alike.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES

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Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg.

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $2 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 5, 1902

MUNICIPAL NOTES

(W. A. Douglas, A. J. Hedge, A. C. Thompson, F. S. Watson and W. S. Thompson, representing the Ontario Single Tax Association, asked the Premier a few days ago:

1. That each municipality be allowed the option of removing taxation from the products of industry.

2. That the settlers in the new districts be accorded the same right as the settlers in Manitoba, viz., no tax on improvements.

3. That the discrimination in favor of two acres, five acres or ten acres be abolished.

The Premier told them that a bill would soon be brought down, dealing with the whole question of assessment.

Mr. Preston, M. P. P. for South Grant, introduced a measure into the Legislature, which it is probable the Government will adopt, entitled A Conciliation and Arbitration Act. It provides that on the request of the Mayor or other head of a municipality where a strike or lockout is threatened, the secretary of the Labor Bureau, (Mr. Glockling) shall proceed to such municipality and use his best endeavors with all parties concerned to avert such strike or lock-out.

A complaint has reached The Times that competition should be established in the matter of supplying hay, straw and oats to the town stables. We are sure the Council will do so if they are of opinion that such a change will effect a saving. The Times notices that several of the smaller cities and towns have adopted the contract plan for supplying fodder.

MUNICIPAL HOUSES OF REFUGE

[Bow]manville News are applicable to all municipalities not having houses of refuge for the destitute:—Township Councils in these United Counties will again be directly taxed with the care and maintenance of their own poor; recent provincial legislation very rightly declaring that the county gaol is not a suitable home, morally or otherwise, for those whose only crime is that they are helpless and poor. The town of Bowmanville has established a home for the aged and it is claimed to be not only the most economical but in every sense the most satisfactory way in which these people can be cared for. What Bowmanville has done other places can do. No large pretentious building is required, merely a home, comfortable, warm and clean, with some kindly person in charge.

A Word To Wives, Mothers And Daughters.

Paine's Celery Compound

IS THE GREAT HOME PHYSICIAN AND BUILDER OF HEALTH.

To-day, the great popular home medicine for women of every age, is Paine's Celery Compound. It is the great health and strength giver for wives, mothers and daughters. When you have any of numberless female complaints and ills of your sex, Paine's Celery Compound will give you a new and happy life.

Paine's Celery Compound is an invaluable medicine for young girls when their special womanly functions are disturbed or irregular. It imparts strength to every organ, gives rosy cheeks, buoyancy of spirits, clear, bright eyes and general good health.

The many strong and grateful letters of praise sent in by thankful women restored by Paine's Celery Compound to health and vigor, amply prove all that is claimed for Dr. Phelps' wonderful prescription.

Beware of the "something just as good," offered by some dealers and druggists; see that the name PAINE'S is on each wrapper and bottle. Paine's Celery Compound is the kind that makes sick people well.

TO CUT DOWN IRISH SEATS IN COMMONS

The New Redistribution Bill Will Alter Things

IRISH REPRESENTATION REDUCED

There Will Be About Seventy Irish Members Hereafter—A New Condition of Things.

London, Feb. 4—The new redistribution bill which the government are preparing to introduce, is briefly outlined. It will cut off about one-third of the Irish representation in the House of Commons.

The bill will equalize representation in the House of Commons in such a way that there will be fewer Irish Nationalists to obstruct the Conservative Government.

There is a Ministerialist or Conservative majority of 134 in the House now, yet the 82 Irish Nationalists have been able to give the Cabinet much trouble.

The following table gives the population in 1901 and the present representation in the House of Commons of the three divisions of the United Kingdom:

	Pop.	Mem.
England and Wales	32,525,000	495
Scotland	4,472,000	72
Ireland	4,456,000	103

The Conservatives claim that the Irish representation is out of proportion to population.

The Irish Nationalists assert that in the Bond of Union England guaranteed to Ireland a representation at least as large as it is now.

QUEEN MAY GET DIVORCE.

Wilhelmina's Husband Goes to Germany and Reserves Some Inevitables.

The Hague, Feb. 4—Prince Henry, consort of Queen Wilhelmina, has gone to Germany on an indefinite visit, and court and public are convinced that a divorce is almost certain. The young queen has shut herself up in her palace and refuses to see anybody.

Rumors of renewed troubles between the royal couple have been circulating for some time, and have been strengthened by the departure of the prince for Mecklenburg, his ancestral home.

It is known that Prince Henry bitterly resents the subordinate position into which he has been forced by his marriage and by the policy of the court.

It is said that the Dowager Queen Emma has sought to bring the Queen and the Prince into harmony, but that all her efforts have been vain.

That Cutting Acid that arises from the stomach and almost strangles, is caused by fermentation of the food in the stomach. It is a foretaste of indigestion and dyspepsia. Take one of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets immediately after eating, and it will prevent this distress and aid digestion. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—66

Sold by H. H. Robinson.

CARTER CARRIED A GUN

But not with Evil Intentions—Had Been Drinking Heavy

Felix Cartin, who claims Pembroke as his home, was arrested on Saturday. Some time ago he deserted from the U. S. army and has been working for a farmer near here. He came to town on Saturday and got drunk and hence his trouble. On being examined at the Police Station, a very dangerous looking revolver was found on his person. He was up before the Magistrate yesterday and after receiving a very sound lecture was dismissed. Cartin said it was customary to carry a revolver in the States and had done so here but did not intend to harm any person. The revolver was kept by the police and will be destroyed.

Are You Deaf?

All deafness is not curable, but doctors state that ninety per cent. of impaired hearing is due to inflammation of the Eustachian tubes, and can be treated with certainty of success by Catarrhozone, which gives instant relief to catarrh in any part of the system. Catarrhozone is extremely pleasant to use, and sufferers from any form of deafness are advised to use it. Thousands of cases are on record where Catarrhozone has perfectly restored lost hearing, and what it has done for others it can do for you. Procure Catarrhozone from your druggist. Price $1, small size 25c., or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

AN EXCITING EXPERIENCE.

"I had an experience the other day that just about beats anything that ever happened to me," said a well known citizen to a Times man. "I was walking along Stewart street when a woman ran from one of the houses, screaming at the top of her lungs. It was about three o'clock in the afternoon, broad daylight. She saw me and began to beckon frantically. I broke into a run, and when I reached her I asked what was the matter. She was as white as a ghost and shaking like a leaf. 'It's in the kitchen! It's in the kitchen!' she cried, and that was all the satisfaction I could get out of her. She had left the front door open and I went in. She followed close behind me, and from her actions I thought some crime had been committed. I pulled myself together before I entered the kitchen, but there didn't seem to be anything wrong. 'Now, madam,' I said, 'perhaps you will be kind enough to tell me what you are creating all this fuss about.' She pointed to the coal scuttle and gasped, 'It's in there!' I looked, and what do you suppose it was? A mouse! The scuttle was nearly empty and there were some bread crumbs in the bottom. The mouse had evidently jumped in after the crumbs, and then couldn't climb the sides again. I picked it out by the tail and gave it a fling on the floor. That woman was just as profuse in her thanks as though I had saved her life."

Curious Bits of News.

That the German authorities in Samoa are determined to thoroughly Germanize that country is shown by the fact that the English missionaries in the islands have now been ordered to instruct their pupils and adherents in the Teuton tongue. American and Chilian dollars, as well as British coins, are also to make way for German money, and apparently Samoa will presently become as purely a German colony as New Caledonia is French.

"The latest in 'yells,'" says the Kansas City "Journal," "is that of the convicts on their way from the jail in the county in which they were sentenced to the penitentiary. A gang of fifteen of them from Buchanan County, the sheriff's 'guests' on a special car, gave vent to this yell at each railway station they passed between St. Joseph and Jefferson City a few days ago: 'Two years—five years—we will stay; didn't like St. Joe anyway!'"

The subject of a tunnel connecting Ireland and Scotland has been brought before the British Government, and the project will be pushed if the requisite financial support can be obtained. The estimated cost is $50,000,000. The route provisionally selected is from Stranraer in Scotland to Belfast in Ireland. The total distance is 51 1-3 miles, of which 34 1-2 miles would be tunnel, and 26 miles of the tunnel would be under the sea, along a line where the maximum depth is 480 feet. Electric motors would be used to drive the trains at an average speed of 60 to 70 miles per hour.

Susie E. Jenkins, twenty years old, of Philadelphia, says; "I have seen nearly all the funny shows that have come to Philadelphia in recent years, and not one of them could make me laugh. My mother has often tried to make me laugh by tickling me, but even that won't work. Ever since I can remember people have been telling me funny stories and cutting up all sorts of capers in the hope that I could be induced to smile; but all their efforts have been in vain. No; I have never consulted a doctor about it, for I have always enjoyed perfect health. I want to exhibit myself in public, and offer a prize to anyone who can make me laugh. It must be a queer sensation."

It has been recently asserted that mosquitoes are strongly attracted by certain sounds. This is confirmed by Sir Hiram Maxim, who in a letter to the London "Times" states that one of the electric lamps which he put up at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., in 1878, emitted a musical note; or rather the note proceeded from the box containing the dynamo-machine under the lamp. "One evening while examining the lamp he found that everything in the immediate vicinity was covered with small insects. They did not appear to be attempting to get into the globe, but into the box that was giving out the musical note. A close examination of these insects showed that they were all male mosquitoes. Although there were certainly two hundred times as many female mosquitoes on the ground as males, not a single female mosquito was found to have been attracted in the least by the sound."

An Uncollected Poem by Whittier.

There are hundreds of Whittier's early poems which were never placed by him in any collection of his works. They are to be found in the papers he edited and to which he contributed in the days before he consecrated all his powers to humanitarian work. They gave him a measure of literary reputation which must have gratified him at the time; but when he was baptized into the new spirit which informed all his later work he took pains to prevent the collection of the verses written in the vein of an outgrown ambition. His wish in this matter should be respected. And yet, while studying his early work, I find some poems which I fancy he would have preserved if they had not been overlooked when making his selections, writes S. T. Packard in the New York "Independent." Among these is this paraphrase from the German, which I find in "The Liberator" of August 16, 1838:

LINES FROM THE GERMAN OF LAMITER.

Thought after thought ye thronging rise,
Like spring doves from the startled wood,
Bearing like them your sacrifice
Of music unto God!
And shall these thoughts of joy and love
Come back again no more to me—
Returning like the patriarch's dove,
Wing-weary from the eternal sea—
To bear within my longing arms
The promise-bough of kindlier skies,
Plucked from the green immortal palms
Which shade the bowers of Paradise?

Child of the sea, the mountain stream
From its dark cavern hurries on,
Ceaseless by night and morning's beam,
By evening's star and noontide's sun—
Until at last it sinks to rest
O'erwearied in the waiting sea,
And moans upon its mother's breast—
So turns my soul to Thee.

Breaking it Gently.

"What do you want, little boy?"

"Is this where Mr. Upjohn lives, ma'am?"

"Yes."

"The Mr. Upjohn that runs the bank?"

"He is an officer in the bank."

"The Mr. Upjohn that went down town on a trolley car this morning?"

"I presume he went on a trolley car. What—"

"Is he the Mr. Upjohn that was in that horrible street car accident?"

"I haven't heard of his being in any street car accident."

"Didn't you hear 'at h'd sprained his ankle jumpin' out o' the car when the train run into it?"

"No, my little boy, you frighten me. What has—"

"Didn't you hear how he run into a drug store for a piece o' court-plaster to stick on a little cut he'd got over the eye?"

"Not at all. For mercy's sake—"

"He isn't in, is he, ma'am?"

"No, he's—"

"Name's John U. Upjohn, isn't it?"

"Yes, that's his name."

"Then he's the same man. He won't be here for an hour or two, I guess, 'cause he's stoppin' to have one of his teeth tightened that got knocked a little bit loose when he was jumpin' out o' danger, y' know."

"Little boy, tell me the whole story. I think I can bear it now."

"Well, ma'am, he's in the hospittle with four ribs broke an' one leg's in a sling an' his nose is knocked kind o' sideways, but he's getting along all right, an' he'll be out again in about a month, an' here's a letter f'm the doctor tellin' ye all about it, ma'am."

It is not surprising that more people live to be over 100 years old in warm climates than in the higher latitudes. The German Empire, with 55,000,000 inhabitants, has 778 centenarians. France, with 40,000,000, has 213. England has only 146, and Scotland 46. Sweden has 10, Norway 23, Belgium 5, Denmark 2, Spain 401, and Switzerland none. Servia, with a population of 2,250,000, has 575 people over 100 years old. It is claimed that the oldest living person, one Bruno Cotrim, living in Rio de Janeiro, is 150 years old.

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The Alienation of the General.

I FIRST encountered him in the streets of a Montana "cow-town," where he was affording amusement to a crowd of men and boys, while a tipsy musician was attempting the Boulanger March on an antique piano. To save him from further abuse I bought him, and ever afterwards he was known to his little world as "General Boulanger."

We grew to look upon the General as an interesting scientific phenomenon. His was a soul saturated with hate for all men. Any amiable qualities he may have possessed in early youth had been killed by abuse. He knew but distrust and fear. We determined to reclaim him, and in our lonely camp the General became the object of such flattering attention that only his unconquerable misanthropy kept him from becoming an arrant snob. For a long time our efforts were unavailing, but as the weeks went by I thought I noticed a little less shrinking, fewer growls, and a faint gleam of recognition in the glassy eyes when I approached. I felt the thrill of conquest, and redoubled my efforts. The heart of stone was at last touched, and my theory in regard to "yaller dogs" was correct.

We returned to the outskirts of civilization, and one day, driving once more to the town, so filled with painful memories for the General, I was surprised to behold him again in the street, slinking about with others of his kind. The slight results of our patient labors were in peril. It would never do to allow the General's slowly growing faith in man to be nipped in the bud by further town life, so with infinite pains I secured him and tied him to the back of my wagon. I remonstrated with him gently, as he lay cringing in the dust, for his base desertion of the only friends he had ever known.

The painful journey homeward began. The General betrayed a distinct unwillingness to ride, so he was allowed to follow at the end of a long rope behind. With his usual acumen, he fancied the strength of two half-broken broncos to be as naught compared to his fiery determination to remain in town. So he sat down. With an expression of pained surprise on his countenance he traversed a few hundred yards of the dusty road in this position, and then tried his back. It was quite in keeping with the eccentricities of the General's mental processes that a simpler method did not occur to him, until, striking a deep rut, he was hurled high into the air, and by some happy chance alighted on the extremities nature had provided for purposes of locomotion. Then, with bowed head, he trotted contentedly along. I turned to look at him occasionally, and flattered myself that I saw in his demeanor evidences of regret at his folly, and a determination to do better in the future. I spoke encouragingly to him, but he was too absorbed in meditation to look up.

A hot afternoon's ride brought us to an irrigating ditch. After rattling over the few loose planks which served as a bridge, I stopped to repair a break in the harness. The General, hot and dusty, at once dashed into the little stream to drink and bathe. With my back to the tired horses I watched him.

As I looked he performed his colossal act of folly, the final episode in his witless career. After refreshing himself on one side of the tiny bridge, quite unmindful of his connection with my rear axle, he laboriously splashed under the bridge and came out the other side. Cooled by his bath, he came to the side of the wagon and looked sweetly up at me. Immensely impressed by his sagacity, I was on the point of alighting to free him from his dangerous predicament, when the hand of fate, ever turned against him, struck the last blow.

A fly stung my off bronco, and with a squeal he and his startled mate rushed madly down the road. I was hurled to the bottom of the wagon, but not before I saw the General turn a perfect back somersault and shoot toward the stream. In a cloud of dust he disappeared into the water, and then followed a symphony of howls as he traversed the dark and damp nether side of the bridge, to be shot up into daylight once more by the united strength of two frightened broncos. In a shower of spray he struck the road twenty feet from the bridge, and did not gain his feet until I had brought the horses to a standstill. Once more I turned to the General. He was a pitiable sight. Covered with mud and half strangled, he quivered with cold and rage.

As we traversed the short distance to camp I tried to fancy what his reflections were. Knowing him as well as I did, I felt sure that he looked upon the past weeks of kindness as part of an elaborate scheme to win his confidence enough to practice this last insult upon him. I dreaded the consequences of the episode, and planned new blandishments to reinstate myself in his favor.

Arriving in camp, my first thought was to release him from the wagon. But the water and mud made it difficult to unfasten the knot at his collar. Feeling keenly the embarrassment of his position, I untied the rope from the axle and threw it on the ground.

The General watched me sulkily, and when the end of that hated rope fell free he bounded to his feet. With one final snarl of utter hate and disgust he was off like a shot; not in a wild, purposeless circle, but straight as the flight of an arrow across the prairie. Away he went, with the lariat dragging behind him.

With eyes raised to the solitary snow peak a hundred miles away he flew from us, with a heart full of hate and a grim determination to put half a continent, if need be, between himself and tyrant man. As I watched the little cloud of dust, raised by his hurrying feet, disappear on the horizon, I realized the futility of battling against fate.

Then our packer broke the silence: "There goes the orariest cur in the world with the best lariat in Montana." —"Atlantic Monthly."

The Color Cure.

Now it is the color cure, and medicine men are recommending that their depressed and nervous patients should wear nothing but garments of red. Mr. Ruskin went so far as to say that all the people he had known who were morally and physically sound loved bright color; that the yellow hues of a canary were enlivening to behold, and that it was enough merely to see a huntsman in his "pink" to give you courage to take a ditch yourself."—"Ladies' Field."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that man and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Protected.

IN recalling incidents of international courtesy, when British and Americans have supported each other, a writer in the Boston "Transcript" tells the following story which came from an American sailor who had landed at a port in Chile:

The men had gone ashore and become somewhat hilarious, and one of the police officers, instead of warning him not to make a noise in the street, drew his sword and knocked him down. The American got up, and promptly knocked the policeman down in return. He was arrested, tried, and condemned to be shot the next morning.

Mr. Loring, the American consul, expostulated with the authorities, saying that it would be monstrous to put a man to death for such an offence; but they paid no attention to him. On the day specified the sailor was brought out and pinioned, in readiness for execution.

The English consul, preparing to hoist the Union Jack, saw a crowd in the field opposite, and realised that the execution was about to take place. He rushed over to the American consul, and cried:

"Loring! You're not going to let them shoot that man?"

"What can I do?" was the answer. "I have protested against it. I can do no more."

"Give me your flag!" cried the Englishman.

With the two flags in his hand, he ran to the field, elbowed his way through the crowd and soldiery, and reached the prisoner. He folded the American flag about him, and laid the Union Jack over it. He stepped back, and faced the officers and soldiery.

"Shoot, if you dare," he shouted, "through the heart of England and America!"

The man was not shot.

The Old-Age Habit.

"FOR why would I look old, darling? Answer me that, now!" Mrs. Mullaly demanded. She had been Honora Costigan formerly, Mrs. Morris's loving and faithful house-girl; but that was twenty years earlier. Mistress and maid had been at opposite ends of the earth in the meantime, and the mistress, who had noticeably aged, felt almost a shock of resentment at sight of the plump and buxom Nora she used to know.

"Sure, I've had me bad times and me good times, like the rest of the world," Mrs. Mullaly went on, reflectively. "But, glory be! before the bad times quite finished me the good times always came again—me always leaving the door ajar to let them in, d'ye mind?

"I am older; I feel it sometimes in me poor back; but I'm not old. Whisper, darling, it ain't the years that go over; it's the heart that's inside that changes the faces of us.

"'Twas a cousin of mine that teached me the truth of it, this long ago. She begun to be old the day she was born, did Katie, and when she was fourteen, looking and acting twenty, 'twas a great help to her. But when she was twenty, 'I'm getting on!' says she. When she was twenty-five, 'No,' says she to Johnny Walsh, that came a-courting, 'I'm too old and settled in me habits to be marrying.' Then when she was thirty nothing would do her but to get wid the old women and talk of the time when she and they was young.

"So the heart of her went into the face of her. It did so! I mind when she was thirty about and me over twenty, we went together one day to a big new hotel to get work. A good worker was Katie. But the boss he looked us up and looked us down and asked his questions, and then says he, 'I'll give you a trial, my girl,' says he to me. But as for you,' he says to Katie, 'it's young, strong, lively women we want,' says he, 'and I'm thinking you're after mistaking this for the Old Ladies' Home, which,' says he, 'is in the next block.'

"'O-ho!' says I to meself at that. Am I going out to hunt for wrinkles and rheumatism before me own mother gets gray in her hair? No,' says I, and 'twas then I begun to toss me birthdays over me shoulder as fast as they came. They're all behind me, glory be! where I can't fall over them.

"Whisper, darling," Mrs. Mullaly added, impressively, "old age is a bad habit, like drinking, and if ye give way to it ye won't so easy break it off. Sure, there's a new year every twelve months, but that can't make ye an old woman—never, darling, until ye're willin' to be!"

Team-work Among Squirrels.

A party of young people who were tenting in a grove near a glen at a Northfield Conference witnessed an incident which seems to show a friendly understanding among squirrels. The Deerfield Valley "Endeavorer" tells the pleasing story.

An out-of-doors dinner had just been finished, and the party were still sitting at the table, when a red squirrel, with glistening, eager eyes, came creeping down a tree which stood near the table. He crept nearer and nearer, and finally leaped upon the table.

The lady who was presiding said, "Yes, help yourself to anything you want!"

Upon this invitation the little fellow made bold to creep up to a loaf of bread from which only a slice or two had been cut. He seized it and dragged it to the side of the table, and somehow managed to scramble down the side with it to the ground. He then fixed his teeth in the crust, and dragged it away and down the steep sides of the glen.

But when he reached the bottom and confronted the steep rise on the other side it was too much for him. Then he gave a sort of call, which seemed to be understood, for soon squirrels were seen coming from several directions. They crowded round him, and after a little conference, all took hold, and with tug and strain they managed to bring the loaf to the top of the hill, and disappeared with it in the woods beyond.

Two Ways.

When a woman gets frightened at night she just pulls the bedclothes over her head, says she is terrified out of her wits, and goes to sleep. But with a man it is different. He says he is not afraid, pushes the clothes down and lies tremblingly wake for two hours, straining his ears at every sound.—"Pick-Me-Up."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Wasp."

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A Glimpse Into the Future.

HOMER G. WELLS, in a brutally frank article in the "Fortnightly Review," gives us a striking glimpse into the future through what most people will consider a very highly colored lens. His description of the New Republic is, of course, an arraignment of the present order of society.

"The men of the New Republic," says Mr. Wells, "will not be squeamish either in facing or inflicting death, because they will have a fuller sense of the possibilities of life than we possess. They will have an ideal that will make killing worth the while; like Abraham, they will have the faith to kill, and they will have no superstitions about death. They will naturally regard the modest suicide of incurably melancholy or diseased or helpless persons as a high and courageous act of duty rather than a crime. And since they will regard, as indeed all men raised above a brutish level do regard, a very long term of imprisonment as infinitely worse than death, as being indeed death with a living misery added to its natural terror, they will, I conceive, where the whole tenor of a man's actions, and not simply some incidental or impulsive action, seems to prove him unfitted for free life in the world, consider him carefully and condemn him and remove him from being. All such killing will be done with an opiate, for death is too grave a thing to be made painful or dreadful and used as a deterrent from crime. If deterrent punishments are used at all in the code of the future, the deterrent will neither be death, nor mutilation of the body, nor mutilation of the life by imprisonment, not any horrible things like that, but good scientifically caused pain, that will leave nothing but a memory. Yet even the memory of overwhelming pain is a sort of mutilation of the soul. The idea that only those who are fit to live freely in an orderly world state should be permitted to live is entirely against the use of deterrent punishments at all. Against outrageous conduct to children or women, perhaps, or for very cowardly or brutal assaults of any sort, the men of the future may consider pain a salutary remedy, at least during the ages of transition while the brute is still at large. But since most acts of this sort do, under conditions that neither torture nor exasperate, point to an essential vileness in the perpetrator, I am inclined to think that even in these cases the men of the coming time will be far less disposed to torture than to kill. They will have another aspect to consider. The conscious infliction of pain for the sake of the pain is against the better nature of man, and it is unsafe and demoralising for anyone to undertake this duty. To kill under the seemly conditions science will afford is a far less offensive thing. The rulers of the future will grudge making good people into jailers, warders, punishment dealers, nurses and attendants on the bad. People who cannot live happily and freely in the world without spoiling the lives of others are better out of it. That is a current sentiment to-day, but the men of the New Republic will have the courage of their opinions."

Wit and Wisdom From New Books.

From the December "Era."

The world may doom you to plain living, but only you can deny yourself plain thinking.—Deafness and Cheerfulness.

Think not as many say there is but one spring-tide of life, that it is but a green and sappy youth which rushes to a brief summer and all else of life is but a winter, long and drear and gray and lonely. Through all our life our spring-tide is renewed.—Mistress Brent.

If we wish to be big men to those who come after us, we should keep no log books, but always remember to sing "I never did so when I was young." Then, you see, they'll never have a chance to find out what blooming idiots we were. —Up and Down the Sands of Gold.

The world's full of globular men who have cubical jobs.—Captain Bluitt.

Truth is mighty and must prevail—but sometimes it leaves a bad taste in the mouth.—The Marrow of Tradition.

The man in a man can only be recognized by the woman in a woman.—By the Higher Law.

The power that prepared the highways of life seems to have arranged that the finger-posts along the primrose paths shall rarely point to the Promised Land.—Captain Bluitt.

A girl is never too young to form opinions of her own sex—or to express them.—The Destiny of Doris.

Women love good men—but are interested in men whose goodness is more or less impaired.—The Man from Glengarry.

If silence is golden, a discreet silence is away above rubies.—Life on the Stage.

Most men are inventive enough in the matter of personal justification.—Papa Bouchard.

The (Wall street) manipulator must be a great artist in mendacity and at the same time have the superb self-confidence of the grizzly.—Wall Street Stories.

An example should not be too far above our heads.—Lassie.

Laugh, brother in affliction, laugh. The best way to get on with a misery is to laugh at it if you can.—Deafness and Cheerfulness.

Love is clairvoyant and most men know what their wives wish to believe, and gratify them accordingly.—Papa Bouchard.

Not What He Meant at All.

Politeness, it is true, must have its origin in a kind heart and a desire to please; but tact and thoughtfulness and quick wit are also essential to good manners.

A very stout hostess who was entertaining a large company one evening turned to a group of young men standing near her chair and smilingly asked:

"May I trouble one of you young gentlemen for a glass of water from the pitcher on the table?"

Several of the young men hurried to comply with the request. One, who was particularly active, succeeded in reaching the table first.

As he handed the glass of water to the hostess she complimented him on his quickness.

"Oh, that's nothing," he said. "I am used to it. I got into many a circus and menagerie when I was a boy by carrying water for the elephant."

It was only when he saw the expression on the lady's face, and noticed the silence, that the young man realized what he had said.

The Plague of Statistics.

DISCUSSING "The Plague of Statistics" in the "Atlantic Monthly," Eugene Richard White says:

"We have come so to rely upon numerical expression that numbers stand both as end and means; no longer dare we appeal to the emotions, no longer do men sway men with truth of words. Facts, and the exact expression of them, are what we seem to desire. Fast are we drawing the chilling robes about us; fast have our finer instincts, our higher powers, become drugged with sums total. Judging from the means taken to convince and excite us, as a race we are becoming incapable of any reason not expressed by one of the great divisions of mathematics. Pythagoras would be delighted indeed to see our reverence for numbers; for we bow lower than did he, and for less reason.

"But what actually is the extent of the evil? We can hardly measure the effects aright without knowing the extent; how greatly are we afflicted by it? The children of the imagination were long in bondage to science. Now they wander, let us hope not a full forty years, in the wilderness of purely scientific expression, the arid, sterile waste of statistics. What function of public life has not been unduly brought under this dread domain? Understanding quantity by instinct and quality not at all, the appeal is made at once to arithmetic. Would we convince the average American? Experience has taught that it can best be done by figures. The Zerah Colburn in him is most alert. Do not the newspapers rely upon this trait continually? Latterly, our editorial pages are digests of tables prepared by various commissions. Does the pulpit scorn this means of arousing interest? How do we raise funds for starving India? The chief instrument for rousing compassion is famine statistics; the bulk of the misfortune readily appeals. We group disaster as our merchants corner markets. Do we plead the cause of temperance? Here statistics revel, and they may be had patiently plotted out even to the number of drunkards to the square rod in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, or the arrests for inebriety in Kokomo, Indiana, for 1900. What seems to be the crux in literature? How appraise the success of a book save by the number of copies sold in a given time? How ascertain the merit of a play save by the number of nights it 'ran' in the dramatic centers? Thus is our American mark set on what is what. We go about reforming and purifying the world, with a committee report at elbow and a statistical compilation in each hand."

A Dream's Fulfillment.

IN an essay in "Longman's Magazine" on dreams, Horace G. Hutchinson invited people to send him accounts of their own experiences and ideas, and as a result he was deluged with thousands of letters relating to dreams. These he studied carefully, and in a volume entitled "Dreams and Their Meanings," now presents his conclusions, and quotes the most striking contributions to illustrate the particular class of dream which he is discussing. An interesting class of dreams is that in which the sleeper finds himself in a certain house or room that is familiar to him in dreams, but quite unknown to his waking hours. Here is an instance which Mr. Hutchinson relates:

"A certain lady dreamed frequently of a certain house until it had become exceedingly familiar to her; she knew all its rooms, its furniture; it was as well known to her as that in which she lived her waking life, and, like a good wife that has no secrets from her husband, she often talked over all the details with him, a very pleasant fancy. One day they (husband and wife) went into the country to see a house that they thought of taking for the summer months. They had not seen it, but the account in the house-agent's list had attracted them. When they arrived before it, they gave a simultaneous exclamation of surprise. 'Why,' said the husband, 'it is your dream-house!' It was. The coincidence attracted them. They took the house.

"In the course of their occupancy they learned that the house had the reputation of being haunted; that several people before them had taken it for short terms, but had seen—or fancied they had seen—'something,' and had left before their term of tenancy expired. Had these new tenants not brought their own old servants with them it is likely they would have had some difficulty in whipping up a domestic staff, so uncanny was the reputation of their apparently quite reputable house. The new tenants dwelt in the house with all satisfaction and peace through the summer months, until their term of tenancy came to an end. On leaving, husband and wife expressed their satisfaction to the local agent. 'The only thing,' said the wife, 'that we were disappointed in about the house is that we never saw the ghost.'

"'Oh, no,' said the ghost agent. 'We knew you would not see the ghost.'

"'What do you mean?' asked the wife, rather nettled.

"'Oh,' the agent repeated, 'we knew you would not see the ghost. You are the ghost that people have always seen here.'"

He Missed His Opportunity.

"Henry," said Uncle Amos from Up creek, who was visiting his city nephew, "who's that man in the house on the other side of the street? Every morning he stands in front of a window an' shaves himself. He's done it now for three days hand-running."

"I suppose he has done it every morning for the last ten years, uncle," replied Henry.

"Has he lived there all that time?"

"Yes, and longer than that, for all I know. I've been here only ten years myself."

"Who is he?"

"I don't know."

"What does he foller?"

"I haven't the slightest idea, uncle."

Uncle Amos put on his hat and went out. In an hour or two he returned.

"Henry," he said, "that chap's name is Morton. He runs an insurance office down town. He's wuth about twenty-seven thousand dollars, owns that house an' lot, belongs to the Presbyterian church, has three boys an' one girl, an' he's forty-six years old. I've found out more about him in an hour than you have in ten years. Blamed if I don't believe livin' in the city makes people stupid."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 38."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings 1 00
Silver fillings.............. 50c
Gold crowns 5 00
Painless extraction 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

Houses For Sale

$750—For 7 rooms, stable and large lot at Auburn. Easy terms.
$400—For house, stable and ½ acre near McDonald's Mill.
$950—For brick house, stable and garden near Electric Works.
$325—For cottage near Wm. Hamilton's. $10 cash and $5 per month.

T. HURLEY & CO.
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Bird Life

has as many complications as ours. That's why "COTTAMS" Seed is so effective in promoting health and song. We are studying birds all the time, and the results of our experience is embodied in every packet.

[illegible]

PERFECT MANHOOD

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 WOODWARD AVE., Cor. Wilcox St., DETROIT, MICH.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN

ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS

OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up).........$12,000,000
Reserved Fund............ 7,000,000
Undivided Profits.......... 876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p m.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A P Poussette, K. C., R F McWilliams LL B

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R M Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 18 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton G. N. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular: $1.50 per day Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 204 Park Place—Falling into Line. Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 204 Park street.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,

License Inspector West Peterborough

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

ADVERTISE
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

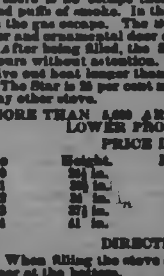
The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

THE

Most Perfect Stove

MADE



THE STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894, BY Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why! The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat forty hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	[illegible] in.	9 in.	[illegible]
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	[illegible]
2	[illegible] in.	10½ in.	[illegible]
3	[illegible] in.	12 in.	[illegible]
4	41 in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 65 by 30 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 2 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not buy any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the fierceness of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large rooms where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood stoves cost us $4.00 every week for fuel and the Star stove which we are now using, costs us only $1.00, making a saving of $3 per week in the price of fuel—which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove than is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.

M. J. Sowe, Chairman Trustees.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

News and Opinions
—OF—
NATIONAL IMPORTANCE

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is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

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TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

CASH BARGAIN GROCERY

Our stock is fresh, new, and our prices right. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. By so doing we are enabled to buy better and sell cheaper. By selling for Cash we avoid the expense and annoyance of bookkeeping.

Try us once.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 350 • 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 5, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Lindsay Council dispensed $900 last year in charity.

—The annual meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Board will be held on Saturday.

—The inaugural meeting of the Board of Education for the year 1902 will be held this evening at 7 o'clock.

—The congregational meeting of St. Paul's church will be held to-night. Refreshments will be served at the conclusion of the business meeting.

—During stock taking the Times Bookstore will offer some record-breaking bargains. Reductions too numerous to mention. A call solicited.

—Any kind of an advertisement may be better than none at all—but a good one is many thousand times better and costs little more. Try one in The Times.

—G. E. Whiten is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 186 Hunter street west.

—An egg-raising friend of The Times dropped in yesterday and laid a dozen of guaranteed, home-made samples of hen fruit on our desk. He also exhibited a specimen of the vile stuff which is sold at two prices for chicken feed and asked if it was not enough to discourage any self-respecting hen from doing her daily duty. It is, neighbor, it is, and if there is any way in which this great family journal can help effect a reform you can command its most earnest efforts. Granulated sawdust and pulverized pea coal would make positively luxurious living alongside the rubbish which is sold for chicken feed.

Lost

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

Sixteen Feet High

Mr. J. E. Middleton, who lives about two and a half miles from town, called on the Times yesterday and stated that there was a snow drift between his house and his barn that was sixteen feet high and about 100 feet wide, by actual measurement. This is a record-breaker.

Congregational Meeting To-Night.

The annual meeting of the congregation of St. Paul's Presbyterian church will take place this evening at 7.30. Reports from the various auxiliary organizations of the church will be presented, as well as the financial statement. At the conclusion of the business meeting refreshments will be served.

CAUGHT IN A SAW

W. C. Tresmer had his Finger Badly Lacerated—at the C. G. E. Works Yesterday

An accident occurred yesterday afternoon at the Canadian General Electric Works, when a young man named W. C. Tresmer, who resides at 366 Water St had his fingers badly lacerated in a cut-off saw. His second and third fingers and thumb were badly cut at the first joints. The index finger was badly lacerated and will be crippled. Dr. [illegible] was speedily called and attended to the injuries.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. John Craig, of Lakefield, was in town yesterday.

—Mrs. H. LeBrun is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. P. Gough, in Toronto.

—Mr. M. Hefferman, of Minneapolis, is the guest of his cousins, the Misses Hefferman, Hunter street.

—Mr. Sidney B. Weir came down from Toronto yesterday to attend the meeting of the County Orange Lodge. Mr. Weir returns to the city to-day.

—Miss J. Hammond and son, Harry, of Hartney, Man., and her sister, Miss Nellie Fallis, of Manvers, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Edwards, Albert street.

—Mrs. Dando, of Hamilton, and Miss Nina Sherin, of Lakefield, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Kennedy.

—The Times had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. Jack Rose, of the C.P.R. staff, Toronto. Mr. Rose was accompanied by Mr. James Hartney, Manitoba Emigration Agent, Toronto.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

Thinner Than a Rail

Spending every day as much energy as you make, and if the balance goes a little further, well, you get thinner. Not wise to go that way longer. Better use Ferrozone, you will digest more—a little gain the first week, but the gain keeps growing. Not quite so thin! Only don't use Ferrozone too long or you will get too fat. Then your blood will be rich, your heart strong, you won't puff as much, you won't get tired quickly. Fat, blood strength, you have them all with Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

DEANERY MEETING POSTPONED

Owing to Snow Blockade Clergymen were Unable to get Here

The meeting of the Deanery of Northumberland which was to have been held in Ashburnham yesterday, has been postponed, owing to the fact that the clergymen were unable to get her on account of the storm. Rev. Mr. James, of Hastings, was the only one who arrived, and is the guest of Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, at St. Luke's Rectory.

CARD OF THANKS

Editor Morning Times.

Dear Sir,—Permit me to express, through your columns, my thanks to the electors for the generous support given me yesterday, for the position of Water Commissioner. I cannot but feel flattered by the confidence they have shown in me, and will use my utmost efforts to prove that their confidence was not misplaced. I am, very respectfully yours,

W. H. HILL

Peterborough, Feb. 4, 1902.

THE NON-COMS. DANCE.

Last Night was a Most Successful Affair—A Large Attendance

The dance under the auspices of the Non-Coms' of the 57th Regiment last night was a grand success. The hall was tastefully decorated with flags bunting and emblems and the effect produced by the large number of incandescent lamps was very striking. The excellent band of the regiment, under the able and efficient leadership of Prof. Glidden supplied the music, assisted by the Misses Hurley alternately.

The scarlet uniforms of the officers and men contrasted with the becoming gowns of the ladies.

The music was all that could be wished for and dancing was most enthusiastically carried on. Refreshments were served in the large hall at the back of the ballroom.

The efforts of the Non-Coms' to make the dance a success were amply rewarded by the praises showered upon them by those present.

Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons had charge of the decorating and are certainly deserving of every credit for the splendid way they completed their task.

MASONIC MEETING

Lakefield Brethren Entertain District Deputy G. Master Walkey

The members of Corinthian Lodge of A.F. & A.M. last night banquetted District Deputy Grand Master Walkey, of Peterborough, on the occasion of his official visit to Lakefield. The banquet took place in the Craig House, and was an elaborate affair. The handsome dining room had been damaged by a blaze on the previous evening, but was again put in festive attire.

Dr. Fraser, the popular master of Corinthian Lodge, occupied the chair, and filled the onerous position with credit. On his right sat the guest of honor.

The usual patriotic toasts were proposed, after which speeches and songs were followed by another, until the "wee sma' hours," when the party separated.

Accompanying Bro. Walkey from town were Bros R. J. Munro, Walter Stocker and Conway.

ALL ALIKE

Doctors Agree on Food

All physicians agree that good food, properly selected, is of the utmost importance, not only for the cure of disease but to maintain health even when one is well.

Dr. Wm. Hale, of 14 Pleasant street, Gloucester, Mass., says, "I count it a pleasure to say a good word for Postum Food Coffee with which I have been enabled to relieve so many sufferers, and which I count with its valued companion Grape-Nuts, one of the daily blessings.

Coffee was banished from my own table some time ago and Postum used regularly in its place.

I frequently find it necessary to instruct patients when they take Postum Coffee for the first time to be quite sure that it has been boiled long enough to bring out the clear, black color and the rich taste, as well as the health-giving qualities."

The Doctor enclosed the names of six patients who were formerly nervous dyspeptics but have been cured by his professional care and the discontinuance of coffee and the using of Postum Food Coffee in its place.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

The School Board Regrets the Retirement of Henry Denne School Attendance—Reports—Accounts—Inaugural Meeting To-night

The Board of Education met in regular session last night, when there were present chairman W. H. Hill, and Messrs. Jas. Stevenson, Robert Fair, W. B. Bamford, W. H. Wrighton, Peter Hamilton, V. Eastwood, J. J. McBain and J. J. Hartley.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Miss Pakenham, asking leave of absence till midsummer, she being in ill-health.—Granted.

From Miss Margaret Lewis, of Stirling, applying for a position on the teaching staff.—Referred to the Committee on Appointments.

From Jas. C. Smith, asking for six months' leave of absence.—Granted.

From Miss Maggie A. Marks, resigning her position on the teaching staff.—Received.

From Miss Bertha L. Thompson, Kendal, applying for a position on the public school teaching staff.—Referred to the Committee on Appointments.

ACCOUNTS.

Substitute teachers	$49 40
J. D. Craig	1 00
A. H. Stratton & Co.	30 50

FINANCE REPORT.

W. B. Bamford submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend payment of the following accounts:

A. H. Stratton & Co.	$ 46 88
Kingan Hardware Co.	75
Adam Dawson	12 73
Donaldson, Peck & Stevenson	7 00
Peterborough Water Co.	47 63
Wm. Bullen	8 00
Review Printing Co.	3 00
C. B. Routley	85
Clark & Gibson	1 35
R. Hicks & Co.	15 00
Adam Hall	461 35
Davis, Thompson & Co.	57 50
W. J. Martin	63 89
Dickson Co.	43 94
Examiner Printing Co. (When certified to)	1 00
Miss Lillie Fitzgerald	1 30
Miss Jessie Lightfoot	5 00
Miss Ethel Gillespie	12 75
Miss L. M. Yenny	60
Miss Clara Morton	7 50
Miss Evelyn Morrow	3 10
Kingan Hardware Co.	36 18

In reference to the communication from the president and secretary of the Y.W.C.A., your committee, while they fully appreciate and sympathize with the good work that is being done by the Association, regret very much that they cannot see their way clear to make a grant towards the teaching of Domestic Science at the present time.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

MONIES RECEIVED.

From Town Treasurer	$1500 00
" Fees Public Schools	6 00
	$1506 00

ATTENDANCE FOR JANUARY.

Public Schools.

	Roll	Aver.
Central School	293	266
South Central	420	328
Barnardo Avenue	185	169
Park St.	164	131
George St.	188	157
	1250	968
Kindergarten	1346	996

Collegiate Institute

Form IV.	18	10
Form III.	47	41
Form II.	47	39
Form Upper I.	46	39
Form Lower I.	46	40
Total	197	169

ACCOUNTS PAID.

Peter Clancy, wood	$ 3 50
John McIntosh, wood	12 50
Stevenson Coal Co.	155 85
W. J. Jackson, wood	2 75
Robert Nurse	13 50
	$189 11

SUPERVISION COMMITTEE REPORT.

Mr. J. J. McBain submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—In reference to the matters referred to them, your Supervision Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. In regard to Miss Galvin's communication, under the prevailing circumstances, we would recommend that her request be granted.

2. In reference to Hon. Richard Harcourt's letter, we would recommend that the correspondence be considered and discussed by the Committee of the Whole Board.

3. We recommend that Mr. Pringle's kind offer of three prizes for the best specimens of writing from the entrance class at the next midsummer examinations be accepted, and that the secretary be authorized to write Mr. Pringle, thanking him for the interest he has taken in this matter, and that the Inspector and Chairman arrange the details.

4. In reference to Miss Eyre's communication, we beg to report that the same has been dealt with and settled to the satisfaction of all parties concerned.

The report was adopted as read.

RESOLUTION OF REGRET.

Mr. Robert Fair moved, seconded by Mr. W. H. Wrighton,—That this Board, having heard of the retirement of Mr. Henry Denne, one of its most zealous members, who has for a number of years past given to the Peterborough Board of Education the benefit of his ripe experience, we desire to place on record, our unfeigned regret at the loss of so painstaking a co-worker. This Board regrets the circumstances, which have rendered Mr. Denne's withdrawal from active life necessary for the present, but it will be gratifying for him to be assured that we, who have known him so well, have learned to esteem him for his sterling worth and manliness, and would rejoice to learn of his restoration to health.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

The inaugural meeting of the Board of Education for 1902-3 will take place this evening at seven o'clock.

CARD OF THANKS

Ladies and gentlemen, — I take this means of returning my sincere thanks for the generous support accorded me yesterday in the election for Water Commissioners. The splendid vote which I received is evidence that my friends turned out in large numbers to the polls in spite of what must have been great personal inconvenience owing to the inclemency of the weather. I wish therefore, to express my hearty appreciation of this manifested confidence and good will.

Yours truly,

GEORGE BALL.

OFFICERS INSTALLED

At a Meeting of the county Orange Lodge Last Night

The Annual County meeting of the Orange Order was held in the Orange Hall, last night. Reports for the year were presented and showed the order to be in a flourishing condition, numerically and financially. The 12 July celebration will be held in Lindsay this year.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

J A McWilliams—County Master.
S Harrison—Deputy County Master.
W A Kinsfred—County Chaplain.
S B Weir—County Secy.
Dr. J A Burgess—County Treas.
G W Hall—Director of Ceremonies.
Maxwell B Weir—County Lecturer.

Officers were installed by Robert Weir, Past Grand Master of British America. Next meeting will be held June 3rd, at 2 p.m., in the village of Lakefield. County Master, Jos. Battin, presided at the meeting.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Ratepayers of the Town of Peterborough,—

Ladies and Gentlemen, — I desire through the press to express my sincere thanks for the honor done me, and the confidence expressed in me, by my election as Water Commissioner.

I will endeavour to the best of my ability, to serve all interests of the community impartially, and with the one aim in view to make a success of the people's interest in the Waterworks.

Yours respectfully,

T. F. MATTHEWS.

A BLAZE AT LAKEFIELD

The Dining Room Decorations Take Fire From Electric Lights

Owing to a defect in one of the electric lights which caused it to burst, the dining room of the Craig House, Lakefield, was set on fire Monday night. The dining room had been decorated for Mr. Kilbourn's banquet, and was left standing for the Masons' supper to-night, and consequently most of the decorations were destroyed.

The fire was promptly extinguished, however, without calling any help and what might have been a very serious fire was averted.

ASHBURNHAM COUNCIL

Appointments Made at the Council Meeting on Monday Night

The regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham Village Council was held last night.

The Reeve, Mr. John H. Smith, presided, and there were also in attendance Councillors Robt. Sheridan, Robt. Pollock, W. J. Johnston and F. Adams.

A communication was received from the Public School Board, asking for the free use of the town hall for the annual school concert and for a series of At Homes to be arranged by the School Board.

Upon motion the use of the hall has granted to them upon the same terms as it is to the churches.

The Committee on Appointments through its Chairman, Councillor Johnston, reported, recommending the Mr. A. Fitzgerald be appointed street inspector, constable, sanitary inspector and truant officer, at a salary of $35 per year; that W. H. Thompson and George McWilliams be appointed assessors at salaries of $45 and $35 respectively; that Dr. Bingham be re-appointed Medical Health Officer, at a salary of $50; that the whole Council be Street and Bridge Committee, with Councillor Johnston as Chairman.

Upon motion of Councillor Pollock, seconded by Councillor Sheridan, the report was adopted.

The Auditors presented their report which was, on motion, adopted.

A number of accounts were received and ordered to be paid, after which council adjourned.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

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—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

ADVERTISE

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

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On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

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This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

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Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

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Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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County.........................

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Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN wanted to work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Company. Dept. C., Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Means, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 103, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅝	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¾	Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅝	1 1-16	Leipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅝	1⅝
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅝	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅝	8⅝	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Crossus (new)	3⅝	⅝	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅝	16⅝	New Rietfontein	6¾	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅝	42¾	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅝	Randfontein	4⅝	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅝	8¾	Randfontein Porges	3⅝	2⅝
Ferreira	22	22¾	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3⅝	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1 8	3⅝
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅝	7¾	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅝	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅝	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¾	7⅝
Herriott	12⅝	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅝	1⅝
Johnies	6⅝	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8⅝	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅝	Van Ryn	11	3¾
Jumpers	8⅝	5⅝	Vogelstruis	6⅝	1¾
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾	Wolhuter	12	5⅝
Kimberly Roodeport	4¾	1¾	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¾	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

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Week of Winter Sports, QUEBEC

Feb 3rd to 11th, Inclusive,

Will issue return tickets,

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$14.80

Tickets good going February 3rd to 11th inclusive; good for return leaving Quebec not later than February 12th, 1902.

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WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

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Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and kindred ailments, take wings before the healing qualities of South American Nervine. Thomas Hoskins, of Durham, Ont., took his preacher's advice, followed directions, and was cured permanently of the worst form of Nervous Prostration and Dyspepsia. He has recommended it to others with gratifying results. It's a great nerve builder.—20

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper. [illegible]

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VOL. 28 NO. 31 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY FEBRUARY 6 1902 PRICE TWO CENT

THE UNITED STATES SAID TO BE THE ENEMY OF EUROPEAN POWERS

Count Adalbert Writes to the London Times Suggesting a Coalition Against Uncle Sam's Rising Power

GREAT MANY BELGIAN NEWSPAPERS ATTACK THE SOUTH AFRICAN BOERS

Says That They Have no Right to Strive Longer for the Unattainable and Should Surrender to the British to Prevent Further Loss of Life--American Ladies at Coronation

London, Feb. 5.—Count Adalbert, who took part in the Boer war, writes to the London Times defending the British army. He declares the treatment he received leaves him no reason to hate the English. He says that on the continent England is hated, while the Englishman is respected and loved. "I always thought England was the enemy of the continent," Count Sternberg writes, "until I visited the United States, and studied economic conditions there. I now believe that the continental hatred of England is ungrateful, and that the continent ought to awake and recognize that its true enemy is arising in the west, like a great sun of gold, whose first rays have already been projected across the Atlantic. America's only principle is the worship of Mammon. Germany and all Europe should join with England."

London, Feb. 5.—The European edition of the New York Herald gives a list of American women who either as peeresses or wives of eldest sons can be present at the Coronation ceremony. They are: Duchess of Marlborough, Duchess of Manchester, Dowager Duchess of Manchester, Countesses Essex, Donoughmore, Craven, and Stafford; Baronesses Abinger, Newborough and Curzon. Wives of peers' eldest sons: Ladies Deerhurst and Clandeboye, and Hon. Mrs. Francis Dudley Leigh. American ladies who are personal friends of the King and Queen may receive special invitations from them, but the above is the official list at present.

London, Feb. 5.—Brussels correspondent of The Times quotes an editorial of the Independence Belge, declaring that the Boers have no longer the right to sacrifice thousands of lives in attempting to get what is unobtainable. The Belgian paper says it is the imperative duty of the Boers to accept such conditions as will insure them a certain measure of autonomy, whereby they can alone be saved from complete extermination.

London, Feb. 5.—The great marine insurance firm of Lloyds have adopted wireless telegraphy to transmit messages between the Lighthouse at Inishtrahull, off Malin Head, and the most northerly point of Ireland, the system working most successfully.

Peshawur, Punjab, Feb. 5.—There is considerable unrest at Kabul and elsewhere in Afghanistan. The fanatical element is predominant and trouble is feared. Hadda Mullah, who was prominent in the rising which ended in the Tirah campaign, is preaching a holy war. He is said to have the Ameer of Afghanistan under his influence. Hadda will officiate at the Ameer's formal installation on the Afghans' New Year Day, March 22. Other fakirs and mullahs are stirring up agitation in the Malkand and other districts.

DE WET'S LAST GUN HAS BEEN CAPTURED

British Force Routs Commandant Wessels, One of the Boer Leader's Lieuts.--Three Guns Taken

London, Feb. 6.—The British pursuit of General De Wet has been successful to the extent that his last gun has been captured and Commandant Wessels, one of his principal lieutenants, has been routed. Lord Kitchener sent the news in a despatch from Pretoria, dated Tuesday, February 4, as follows:

"Byng's column, while proceeding towards Lachenburgvlei, after a night march, attacked and routed a considerable force of the enemy under Commandant Wessels. We captured a fifteen-pounder and a pom-pom taken from Firman's column, and also a Boer pom-pom that was the last gun De Wet had, and three wagons of ammunition, 22 horses, and 100 mules. The Boer casualties were five men killed, six wounded, and 27 men captured.

"Among the killed was Field Cornet Wessels. Among the prisoners is Captain Muller, of the Staats Artillery. The enemy was scattered. Our casualties were slight.

"The National Scouts near Middleburg, Cape Colony, captured thirteen prisoners.

"Plumer, near Amersfoort (Transvaal), captured seven prisoners and 600 head of cattle.

"Gen. Gilbert Hamilton captured 32 prisoners."

CORONATION DIFFICULTIES

The Great Event is Causing No End of Worry in Certain Quarters.

London, Feb. 6—With the coronation ceremonies but little over four months distant, it is not to be wondered that all London is engrossed in the preparations for the event. The question of dress, as was anticipated from the first, is proving most bothersome. Those in charge of this portion of the arrangements are finding it exceedingly difficult to decide upon costumes that are in any way artistic or becoming and at the same time pay due reverence to the traditions of the storied past. The peeresses, having solemnly objected to the miniver "stomachers," and bulky, inartistic bodices, or rather corsages, with which it had been proposed to hide, distort, or destroy their more or less graceful figures, are having their own sweet way in the matter, as might naturally be expected, and are pluming themselves on having won the day in this highly important matter.

Duchesses and countesses who are "not so young as they used to be" are not looking forward with particularly joyous anticipation to the wearing of heavy velvet robes, loaded with fur, and cumbrous with bullion and gold and silver embroidery, on a blazing midsummer day. Some of these ladies are "very firm and large," and they suffer from the heat quite as much as ordinary mortals.

Will Make Cheap Steel

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 6—Considerable interest is manifested in the Riverside Iron Company, for which an application for a charter was made today. The company's plant is to be located at Sharpsville, Pa. It is said to control patents on a new process of iron and steel making. The process will, it is stated, reduce the cost of steel making considerably.

To Remodel Peach Baskets.

Dover, Del., Feb. 6 — Delaware peaches, the most famous in the world, are to be shipped in baskets of a new style the coming season. At a mass meeting of growers and commission men held in the courthouse here today it was practically decided to discard the familiar five-eighths basket, which has been in use for nearly forty years, in favor of a basket of different size and one more conveniently handled. The change is expected to greatly lessen the cost of transportation. It is estimated that more than 6,000,000 baskets are used for the shipment of peaches from this section of the State in one season.

MORE HARNESS FOR NIAGARA

Gigantic Plant to Utilize Power on the Canadian Side.

New York, Feb. 6—The coming issue of the Electrical World and Engineer says:

On the American side, where all the work has been done hitherto, newer machinery of the very latest type of its class has just been ordered, while for the hitherto unattempted utilization of the water power on the Canadian side of the great cataract, the Niagara Falls Power Company has just given a contract to the General Electric Company for three immense units of 10,000 horse power each. These machines are not only to be the largest electric generators ever built, but they will embody features of design of the utmost significance, altogether aside from the fact that the new work is to be done under American initiative with American capital and employing American apparatus.

We understand from the Canadian Niagara Power Company, which has just awarded the contract, that these gigantic generators are but the first units in a plant which will probably reach an aggregate of 200,000 horse power or more within a very few years. The power house is to be situated on the flat land adjacent to the Dufferin islands near the river, less than a quarter of a mile above the Horseshoe Falls. A wheel pit is being excavated in the rock which will be connected by a tunnel tailrace to the gorge below the Falls. The dynamos will be placed on the surface level as before, being connected to the turbines by long, vertical shafts, which extend to the bottom of the pit, where the turbines will be situated.

The machines contracted for are, as already noted, far larger in capacity than any electric generators previously built. They are also remarkable on account of the high speed at which they will operate, 250 r. p. m., the same as that now used with the smaller 5,000 horse power generators on the American side.

This, it may perhaps be worth noting, is the third large contract for generators at Niagara Falls, which has been awarded to the General Electric Company during the past twelve months. All will be built at Schenectady.

Irish Nationalists Welcomed.

New York, Feb. 6—William H. K. Redmond, M.P., and Joseph Devlin, of Belfast, the Irish envoys who arrived on the steamer Cymbric, were given a rousing welcome to-day by the Nationalists and other Irish societies of Greater New York. The two envoys will make a tour of the United States for the purpose of completing the work of organizing the United Irish League in America.

BRITAIN MUST ALWAYS RULE THE OCEAN

It Is Imperative That Her Authority Be Supreme

A VAST MERCHANT MARINE FLEET

Enormous Increase in the Number of Ships Sailing Under Union Jack

The President of the British Board of Trade Delivers an Address on the Merchant Marine.

London, Feb. 6—Mr. Gerald Balfour, President of the British Board of Trade, delivered an address on England's shipping trade at a dinner of the Liverpool Shipbrokers' Benevolent Society. In the course of it, he said that the growth of the British shipping industry since the accession of Queen Victoria had been marvellous, even in an age of progress. The number of vessels on the register of the empire had increased from 25,000 in 1838 to 335,000 in 1900, and in steamships from one in forty to one in three. There had also been an enormous increase in the tonnage of steamships. With all this enormous advance there had been, with the substitution of steam for sailing ships, a very great diminution in the loss of life at sea. Dealing with the question of foreign competition, he said the transferrence of British vessels to foreign flags had naturally occasioned a great deal of comment within the last few years. During the past year there had been so transferred of the gross tonnage of not less than 600,000, but it was to be remembered that during the same year there had been added to the British register 1,200,000 tons gross, the significant fact being that ninety-three per cent. of the latter was new tonnage, almost entirely constructed in the United Kingdom. Of the vessels transferred 33 per cent. were constructed before 1885, and no less than 55 per cent. were constructed before 1890. That was a very material fact, he said, in the true significance of this transferrence of ships to foreign flags. He admitted that they could not regard with anything like indifference efforts made by foreign Governments to secure a larger share of the carrying trade of the world. The British shipping trade occupied a unique position among the industries of the country. More than any other, it was essential to, and intimately connected with, the life of the nation. If the British lost their mercantile marine it would mean nothing less than the destruction of the British Empire. That empire was essentially an empire of the sea; it rested upon two great supports, the navy in the first instance, and the mercantile marine in the second. Heavy would be the responsibility of any Government which by fault of omission or commission placed in jeopardy the mercantile marine.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 6.—Mr. Henry Copeland, Agent-General for New South Wales, writes to the Standard as follows:

"At this juncture, when the hearts of our colonial brothers are throbbing with a just resentment at the gross insults thrown broadcast at our Imperial army, and when, in ready response to another invitation from Mr. Chamberlain, the cousins of both hemispheres are again to witness our stalwart Colonial sons flocking to the National standard, now firmly erected in South Africa, it may not be out of place to remind your readers of the following prediction of Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, ex-Secretary of State for the Colonies as far back as 1858:

"The time will come when these colonies will be great States, when they will find it easier to raise fleets and armies than they now find it to raise a police; when they will have to their harbors forests of masts and navies of their own. It may so happen that in that distant day England may be in danger, that the great despotic and military powers of Europe may then rise up against the venerable mother of many free Commonwealths. If that day should ever arrive, I believe that her children will not be unmindful of her, and that to her rescue, across the wide ocean, ships will come thick and fast, among which there will be but one cry, "While Australia lasts, England shall not perish."

"If the present response of our as yet youthful colonial settlements in the wide world may be accepted as indicative of what their national manhood will accomplish the above prediction may at no very distant date prove absolutely prophetic."

BOER HORSES GIVING OUT

London, Feb. 6.—The correspondent of The Standard at Pretoria says,—It is increasingly evident that the enemy is becoming played out, and that it will be impossible for him to retard peace for anything like another year. For one material thing the Boer horses are generally in miserable condition, owing to the inability of the enemy to procure a sufficient supply of good saddles. Even the adaptable Boer cannot renew old saddles for ever, and the fact that very many of the horses recently captured have sore backs is a proof of this. In addition, the supply of rideable mares and wild young stock which have escaped rounding up, and which, in the hands of the Boers, were being broken in to the saddle, is giving out. As a result, already fully half of the Boers in the field are dismounted.

THE GARRISON OF PRETORIA.

Pretoria, February 5.—Preparations are being made for the erection of cantonments and the laying out of grounds attached to these, close to Pretoria, on the eastern side of the Pretoria-Johannesburg line of railway. Accommodation is being provided for 10,000 men. The Pretoria garrison will therefore be the largest attached to any centre in South Africa after the war is over. The plans of the camp are very complete—almost elaborate. In the picturesque grounds to be laid out in front of the cantonments provision is made for a fine theatre, a large library and reading-room, tennis courts, and football and cricket grounds. Everything indeed, that can possibly interest the men and conduce to the health of the camp is being provided for. An abundance of good water is available, and as the site of the camp lies right away from the town, in the open veldt, the health conditions should be the best possible in such a climate.

ENGLISH PROTESTANTISM.

London, Feb. 6.—Fears of Canon Gore's appointment to the Bishopric of Worcester, and the fact that many Catholic orders are seeking refuge in England, led to an immense mass meeting being held in Albert Hall last night. It was earnestly enthusiastic.

Viscount Middleton presided, supported by Lord Kinnaird and Lord Overtoun, some members of Parliament, prominent evangelical clergymen, and the notorious anti-Ritualist book-seller, Kensit. The speeches declared that there was a conspiracy afoot to undermine the Protestant religion, and denounced the dangers of the introduction into Great Britain of bodies of celibate, militant Catholics, who profess to be driven out of their country by persecution. Was it not a fact, asked Viscount Middleton, that these orders were compelled, sooner or later, to quit any country where they established themselves because they only acknowledged the authority of their own superiors, regardless of the law of the land?

Resolutions insisting upon the retention in the Sovereign's oath of the words "Distinctive errors of the Church of Rome," and condemning successive Governments for allowing violations of the law, forbidding monks and Jesuits to reside in Great Britain, were unanimously passed.

FOUR NEW SENATORS.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—It is understood that Mr. Frederick Ligeri Beique, K. C., of Montreal; Mr. F. P. Thompson, of Fredericton, N.B.; Hon. Charles Edward Church, of Chester, N.S., and Dr. James, P.E.I., have been called to the Senate.

Mr. Beique is a leading member of the Montreal bar, and was one of the Dominion counsel in the Bering Sea claims. Hon. Mr. Church was Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia from 1882 to 1894, when he became Commissioner of Mines and Works. Mr. Thompson is a foundryman of Fredericton. Dr. Robertson is an ex-member of the Dominion House, and is a leading Liberal of Prince Edward Island.

EXPLOSION ON A RIVER BOAT.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 7.—By the explosion of the boilers on the tow boat John W. Alles, owned by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, near Lock No. 2, at 1.30 o'clock this morning, one man was killed outright, four probably fatally injured, and several are still missing. Six others were rescued from the icy waters, and two of these, Mark Walker, the cook, and James Williams, fireman, are dangerously injured.

The boat had passed the Homestead Steel Works and was nearing this city with seven flats of coal, when one of the boilers exploded with a mighty roar and terrific force. The explosion communicated to the other boilers and these all went into the river or into the air. The boat immediately took fire and burned so rapidly that all who were able were forced to take to the river. In a few minutes the tow boat Vulcan was on the scene with a full crew of men, and nearly all were rescued. The injured were brought to Pittsburg. Four of them are reported to be in a dangerous condition, and may not recover. The Alles was completely destroyed. The loss is placed at $25,000. No one has been able to give an account of the exact manner in which the accident occurred. The surviving members of the crew claim that they were not carrying a greater pressure of steam than the Government allows.

London, Feb. 6.—The Times prints a letter from Count Adalbert Sternberg, who took part in the Boer campaign, and who declares the treatment he has received from the British press and official and non-official Englishmen leaves him no cause to be an Anglophobe.

Sternberg says, while England is hated, the Englishman is respected and loved. Hatred always arises from a sense of moral and mental injury, and to this extent the Continent has a right to hate England, because her policy is at all times directed to promoting Continental complications. The Continent does not understand the Boer war, and attacks England's political morality because it misunderstands the political principal which England represents, the principle in which is England's greatness. He says that the English recognize only two forces in the world namely, God and England.

The economic advantage to be derived from the gold fields, says Sternberg, was merely a contributory cause of the South African war. The real cause making action imperative was the English principle, the essence of which is free trade and straightforward competition. On the Continent this feeling is not understood, because the Continent does not enjoy the blessings of civilization and Government based on the word 'straight.' Sternberg says he always thought England was the enemy of the Continent until he visited the United States and studied economic conditions there. He now believes that Continental hatred of England is ungrateful, and the Continent ought to awake and recognize that its true enemy is arising in the West, like a great sun of gold, whose rays have already been projected across the Atlantic. America's only principle, he says, is worship of mammon. Germany and all Europe should join with England.

Buffalo, Feb. 6.—Carlisle D. Graham the man who has five times successfully braved the whirlpool rapids, contemplates making an endurance swim from Niagara to Montreal next summer. The feat of Mrs. Annie Edson Taylor in going over the falls took the wind out of the sails of all rapids heroes and heroines, and they have found that she is the star attraction. This being the condition it is up to them to develop a feat that will bring them new notoriety and popularity. None of them has the audacity to follow where the widow led, the route being too close to death, the door of which is ever open at Niagara. Now Graham says he will start at the foot of the falls, swim through the rapids, down through the lower Niagara, across Lake Ontario, down the St. Lawrence River and through the Lachine Rapids, and into the harbor of Montreal. The distance is 380 miles. He will wear a cork suit, and feels that he will have no trouble in making the trip. It is understood that he will make a wager that he can make the trip in thirty days, and to do this he must make over ten miles a day. If he had water all the distance like the rushing, dashing whirlpool rapids he could make twenty-three miles an hour, for it is at this speed that the flood rushes through the Niagara Canyon. Graham will leave the water whenever he desires, but despite this the feat will be one of great endurance.

INAUGURAL MEETING

Of the School Board for 1902—Mr. W. H. Hill Re-Appointed Chairman

The inaugural meeting of the Board of Education for 1902, was held last night.

There were present: Messrs. Jas. Stevenson, Dr. Caldwell, Robert Fair, W. B. Bamford, J. J. Hartley, Dr. Burnham, W. H. Wrighton, Peter Hamilton, J. J. McBain, V. Eastwood, W. H. Hill, F. J. Jameson, and L. M. Hayes. Mr. Jameson is the only new member on the Board, having been appointed by the town, in place of Mr. Henry Denne, resigned. Mr. Hayes is again the Separate School Board's representative.

W. H. HILL CHAIRMAN.

Mr. W. H. Hill, the efficient Chairman of last year, was reappointed head of the Board, for 1902, on the first ballot. On assuming his seat, Mr. Hill thanked his colleagues for having for the second time conferred this honor upon him. He considered the duties of the Board more important than those of any other public office, inasmuch as the intellectual training of the children depended in a great measure upon the way in which our schools are managed. He thought Peterborough fortunate in its schools, which together with the teaching staff are exceptionally good. He impressed upon the Board the necessity of exercising extreme care in selecting new teachers. In the past very commendable judgment had characterised the Board's action in this respect, and he felt confidence in a continuance of the same in all future appointments. He expressed pleasure at the harmonious manner in which the business of last year had been conducted, and hoped that this year's work would be attended to in a like manner.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. Peter Hamilton moved, seconded by Mr. Jas. Stevenson, that the Standing Committees remain the same as last year, excepting that the name of Mr. F. J. Jameson be substituted that of Mr. Henry Denne in every case.

Mr. Eastwood moved in amendment, seconded by Dr. Caldwell, that Messrs. Hamilton, McBain, Wrighton and Fair be a committee to strike the Standing Committees.

The amendment was lost and the original motion carried. The Standing Committees for 1902 are as follows:

Finance—W. B. Bamford, Chairman; Messrs. Hayes, McBain, Fair, Wrighton and Hartley.

Supervision—J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Burnham, Ferguson, Hamilton and Jameson.

Property—R. Fair, Chairman; Messrs. Eastwood, Langford, Wrighton, Stevenson and Caldwell.

Committee on Appointments—W. G. Ferguson, Chairman; the whole Board.

Visiting Committees—First term—Mr. Wrighton, Convenor, and Messrs. Langford, Stevenson and Bamford. Second Term—Mr. Eastwood, Convenor, and Messrs. Hartley, Ferguson, McBain and Fair.

Third Term—Mr. Hill, Convenor, and Messrs. Hayes, Jameson and Burnham.

You Feel All Used Up

You're discouraged and disgusted—not enough energy to think, less to go to work upon. The reason? You are run down, your blood is poor, your nerves are like india rubber, not like steel as they ought to be. Use Ferrozone and the tired feeling will go, for it makes plenty of rich, red blood that feeds the brain and nerves. The desire to labor comes back and you enjoy it. You don't get tired, because you have used Ferrozone. Neglect not a day longer. Ferrozone will cure you. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

FRANCE AND ITALY FORM AN ALLIANCE

Grave International Complications Caused by the Treaty

THE FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE LOOSENED

Will the Triple Alliance be Broken Up—Italy and Germany Likely to Combine Against Austria—France Nearer to England—Russian Alliance Weakened

Rome, Feb. 6—A year ago it was pointed out that the natural effect which the affairs of France would have on international politics. The design of the new power indicated a loosening of the Franco-Russian alliance as being a clerical and reactionare measure, and with that object in view the completion of the alliance with Italy and later its extension so as to include England; in that way to put the foreign policy on the same sectarian level as the internal, and thus to crown "the plan of republican defence by making it impossible for independent parties to open again the war on the anti-clerical combination.

The first act tends spectacularly with the speech that M. Barriere delivered at the Farnese palace, the French Embassy, to the French colony in Rome. His impassioned harangue continued the revelations of Signor Prinetti to the Italian Parliament which threw full light on the Toulon festivals and the change in the diplomacy of the two sister nations. M. Delcasse, in an interview with a reporter of the Giornale d'Italia has sketched out the main outlines of the present policy.

The direction of affairs in general are taking seems significant. The French Republic to please the Quirinal accepts all accomplished facts, swallows all humiliations, raises the methods employed in settling the Fashoda matter to the dignity of a principle and an institution, gives Italy an increase of power in the Mediterranean, begins the conflict with Turkey, which means giving up to England for good the peaceful possession of Egypt, discreetly buries the alliance with Russia, turns somewhat toward England, and lastly introduces its plan of "western policy," such as M. Seignobos has been describing for three years past, and so progresses toward the foundation of a new Europe in which France with its genius for clearness is to be, as in 1792, the conquering initiator. Every "ralliement" must be made impossible and the monopoly of the anti-clerical coalition be made permanent. It is the diplomacy of an anti-religious policy.

Italy hates Austria on account of the past, of the present and of the future; for the past for reasons that all know; for the present, because the Alliance with Austria checks the nation on the Adriatic; for the future because, as the schoolbooks teach, the Quirinal wishes to rectify its natural boundaries. Now the day that Italy, free from apprehension on the side of the Alps, resumes her late attitude on the Adriatic, it will be because Berlin has given her a secret signal and in that case Germany will believe that the hour is near for her to carry out the policy of "Alldeutschland." It will mean the partition of Austria in agreement with Prussia.

In such a contingency, the only one likely, but at all events a possible one, what becomes of the French Republic? France will sink to the rank of Greece.

Other politicians, as M. A. Naquet, has shown their game in his book, "Humanite et Patrie," are dreaming of a new Europe under the shelter of this alliance with Italy, that would serve as a prelude to an alliance with England. France would create a new world, the reign of Cosmopolitanism, of which she would be the creator and the first victim. It would be painful to continue. In his excited New Year's day speech, M. Barriere exalted the alliance with Italy. He is mounting to the Capitol. M. Delcasse will go up to it in his turn. If God does not put an end to this folly, France will one day curse M. Barriere as she put to shame M. Emile Ollivier.

THE C. P. R. SHOPS

They Will Probably Be Erected in Montreal This Year.

Recently it was announced that the C.P.R. was contemplating the expenditure of several millions in the erection of shops in Montreal in which to construct rolling stock. The Company and landowners in Montreal are experiencing difficulty in coming to terms, and Mr. W. H. Robertson, considering that it would be a good opportunity to secure the works for Peterborough, wrote to Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the C. P. R., asking him if he would be prepared to receive a deputation from Peterborough, in order to make known the advantages of this town as a location for the shops. Mr. Robertson received the following reply:

Dear Mr. Robertson,—Many thanks for your kind letter of 29th inst.

For many reasons Montreal would be the most convenient point for our shops, but the prices demanded for land may compel us to go elsewhere. If so, we shall give due consideration to the suggestion contained in your letter. Yours sincerely,

T. G. SHAUGHNESSY

Montreal, Jan. 31.

The proposed works will require 300 to 500 acres, and will give employment to 4,000 mechanics.

THE CORDAGE COMPANY

A Most Modern and Efficient Heating System has been Installed

Mr. J. C. Grant, travelling representative for the Sturtevant Co. of Boston, has completed the installation of the hot blast heating apparatus for the Canadian Cordage Company. The principle of the system consists of a chamber filled with stacks of pipe coils which are heated by steam from a boiler. From this chamber the heated air is distributed by means of a large rotary fan, the hot air being uniformly delivered to all parts of the building by means of pipes, thus giving a steady and evenly distributed heat to the 700,000 cubic feet of space contained in the main buildings.

The cost of the heating apparatus is nearly $4,000.00. This completes another step towards the beginning of actual manufacturing operations which will commence in April. Considerable of the machinery is already in position, and in a few days about 12 car loads are expected. This will be put in position as quickly as possible.

CIVIL WAR EXPECTED IN SERVIAN KINGDOM

The King's Denials Not Accepted by the Masses of the People

AUSTRIA SOUNDS OTHER POWERS

The Troubles in Servia Likely to Involve Great International Complications.

London, Feb. 6—The young King of Servia has furnished further proof of his inexperience by receiving a newspaper interviewer in his palace and giving denials of some of the many unpleasant things which foreign newspapers have been saying about him. If his remarks are correctly reported they simply show that the young man may be sitting on the edge of a volcano without knowing it.

The King's statements regarding his relations with his wife and his hopes of children may well be accepted for what they are worth, but in regard to the politics and internal condition of Servia he assumes or is afflicted with strange ignorance. Servia seethes with sedition. Conspiracies are afoot in the army and revolutionary committees are at work in every town and village. These are facts on the testimony of impartial observers on the spot, upon whose reports Governments base their policies and actions.

The best commentary upon King Alexander's irresponsible chatter is the fact that Austria has approached each European power in turn with the object of securing their concurrence in a self-denying ordinance based on the assumption that there will be early civil war in Servia.

Should civil war break out, Austria will not sit idly by. Her interests would force action, which would bring on grave consequences.

Lumbago Backs Straightened

Don't lie around the house losing time and money because your back is stiff from lumbago. Do as thousands before you have done. Buy a large bottle of that powerfully good liniment, Polson's Nerviline, and rub it frequently over the sore part. It gets at the pain, drives it out, limbers you up in no time. Nerviline is quick to relieve; never fails; never harms. Try it to-day. 25c. 8

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per week, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 6, 1902

THE QUESTION OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL

A large deputation, representing several important cities and towns, waited on the Ontario Government a few days ago and asked that a station be established where experiments may be carried on in different methods of sewage disposal. The delegation came in response to a circular from the town of Berlin, and was introduced by Mr. L. J. Breithaupt, M.P.P.; Mr Brown, Mr. Fox and other members were present, as well as the following: Mayor Eden, Ald. Kranz, Ald. Housberger and Mr. Geo. Lang, Berlin; Mayor Wood and Ald. Leitch, Brantford; Mayor Stamp and Ald. Savage, Stratford; Mayor Mearns and Dr. Rice, Woodstock; Mayor Kennedy and Ald. Barber, Guelph; Mayor Watson, Listowel; Mayor Ingle and Ald. Barrows, Lindsay; Mayor Hawke and Ald. Jaffray, Galt.

It was pointed out by the speakers that the problem of sewage disposal was becoming more important and many towns found difficulty in preventing dangerous outbreaks of disease, and the creation of nuisances in their neighborhood. In this connection Stratford has achieved considerable success in the use of the septic tank method.

The various speakers cited instances of the pollution of streams by sewage. Some industries, such as tanneries and pork factories, labored under great difficulties in disposing of their refuse. Ald. Jaffray, of Galt, urged the appointment of a consulting engineer to advise inland towns of this matter.

The Premier, in reply, said the deputation had impressed him very favorably. It was a very interesting and very important subject. It was not only interesting to inland towns, but to lakeside towns as well. He was of opinion that the septic tank method was the cheaper. He could not say what they would do, but he would bring the matter before his colleagues and decide in a week or two what could be done.

CHANDOS

The snow is getting deep, and the roads were badly blocked after the storm.

Messrs. Dennis Hobbins and John Armstrong, of town, were the guests of Mr. Jas. Scott on Sunday.

Mr. John Menagues has been appointed President of the Clydesdale Cheese factory for another term.

Mr. Hugh Cleary has returned from Swan River to visit his mother. He intends returning in the spring.

Miss Annie Hobbins has returned after visiting friends at Clydesdale.

Miss Nellie O'Brien is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Willie Scott, of Apsley, passed through here on Monday en route for Oak Hill.

Mr. Maris O'Brien has opened school for the season.

Long Distance Transmission

Orillia Times: For a week past Orillia has been lighted with current generated at the Ragged Rapids, and the power plant is at last in successful operation. The current was first turned on Wednesday evening, Jan. 22nd, but after half an hour's primary test it was decided to turn it off until the following evening, Thursday night the current was turned on at dusk and used throughout the night, and in fact has been used every night since. The light was most brilliant, a voltage of 112, with 14 amperes of current being given users of incandescent lamps. Yesterday afternoon the line was given a severe test, 22,000 volts being sent over it and a current of 125 amperes. The test was eminently satisfactory beyond the blowing out of three or four fuses in the switchboard. The using of the current for power only waits upon the installation of the motors. The light has been a long time coming, but it is here at last, and the completion of all minor details in connection with the contract should not be much longer delayed.

In Toronto a few days ago, Contractor Patriarche told a reporter that he was prepared to supply Toronto with light, and power generated on the Severn river at a much lower price than is now paid for current. It is understood that Mr. Patriarche's project is to utilize the Big Chute, several miles farther down the Severn.

EUROPEAN NATIONS AND MONROE DOCTRINE

How the Obnoxious Doctrine Will Work Out To a Conclusion

HANDS OFF AMERICAN CONTINENT

Is Logically Absurd—There is Trouble Ahead for Uncle Sam

Berlin, Feb. 6—President Roosevelt is reported as having expressed a decided intention of enforcing the Monroe doctrine on the American continent. The scope of this is an interesting question for European as well as American statesmen. It has been declared by the President of the United States that it does not contemplate any interference with any Power which might have to vindicate the rights of its citizens or subjects, but that no old world Power shall increase its territorial possessions on the American continent.

The corollary of this would be that no American nation should be allowed to increase its possessions by conquest. If the United States is to ward off Europe from that part of the world, it must undertake to do the necessary policing, and see that the same principle is there maintained. That Government made a bad break when it allowed Chile to conquer a part of two weaker nations on the Pacific without saying a word in protest. The Monroe doctrine makes it the duty of that country to see that war, rapine and conquest shall not have free course on the American continent, for whose integrity it undertakes to answer.

It is said that this is the understanding of President Roosevelt of the scope of this doctrine, and, therefore, it will be his policy, in which case there will be a fair prospect of international peace, for there is but one nation on the American continent which is openly pursuing a policy of conquest and robbery, and that is Chile, and the United States must either abandon the Monroe doctrine or carry it out to its logical conclusions, and say to the American nations, "Fight all you like, but when you have done you will have the same boundaries as before the fighting." The recent policy of the United States stands in the way of the consistency of his policy, but it is the alternative of the Monroe doctrine.

A Voting Machine Test

Kingston Whig—"The machine used in the elections, however, is new and simple and somewhat of an experiment. The registration is quite complete, but the matter of depositing the balls admits of some misunderstanding, and some mistakes. The ball has to be pushed in a distance in order to reach the groove along which it is moved and made to count and tally. It can be put so near the edge of the opening as to fall out during the operation of the machine, and this accident or mishap may lead to difficulty, to say the least of it.

"Can a fraud be committed? That is the great consideration. The ball may be held back, or knocked out of its place, and if the elector be allowed to use it in a second movement of the slot he may add it to the count of a certain candidate a second time and so become a repeater. Against a second operation there is ground for protest, and unless it be forbidden the machine may, as at present constructed, be manipulated to some purpose.

"The voting machine, however, is on its trial, and with all its defects it is well liked. It can, however, be improved very much. The working parts should be of metal and made less liable to derangement. The balls too, should roll away from the elector and do their work more effectually.

In comparison with the English tongue, foreign tongues seem parsimonious in some ways of expression and wasteful in others. For instance, it is impossible to "kick" a man in French. You must give him a "blow with the foot." The Portuguese do not "wink" at one; they "close and open the eyes." In the languages of the American Indians there is no word with which to convey the idea of "stealing," perhaps because the idea of property is so vague. It is related of one of the early missionaries that, in attempting to translate the Bible into Algonkin, he could find no word to express "love," and was compelled to invent it.

The first thing that strikes a landsman on a man-of-war is the rigid discipline observed everywhere. On some of the ships belonging to the tropical countries, however, discipline is very lax. The "Defense," a Haytian man-of-war, was lying in the harbor of Port au Prince. One day a mess cook, for some reason, cleaned about a peck of knives and forks on the gun-deck, and, being suddenly called away, and not wishing to spend time to go to the galley, he seized the mess-pot full of knives and forks and stuck it in the muzzle of the ten-inch gun, putting the tampion in after it. About an hour afterward the admiral came aboard, and as the gun was loaded with blank cartridge, they used it to fire a salute. It happened that the gun was aimed toward the town, and almost pointblank at the Grand Hotel. The guests assembled on the porch to witness the ceremonies, when they were saluted with a rain of knives and forks, which stuck against the wooden walls like quills on a porcupine. Fortunately no one was hurt, although there were many narrow escapes.

A Famous Necklace.

The famous pearl necklace of the Countess Castiglione, which has just been sold by auction to a French jewelry dealer for eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars, is one of the most beautiful things of its kind in existence. The piece consists of two hundred and seventy-nine pearls, which are threaded on five strings. Each string was put up separately and knocked down to different bids. Granberg of Paris succeeded in securing all of them, thus giving him possession of the beautiful necklace in its entirety. The countess was an eccentric character. To punish France for having become a republic she shut herself up in her house and never let the light of day shine on her, contenting herself with candles and gas. At the same time she abolished mirrors from her apartments, and thus spared herself the pain of looking at her face as it aged.

Items of Interest

London, Jan. 23—The members of the Round Table Conference have completed their discussions on the vexed question of confession and absolution in the Church of England.

Although the proceedings were private, it has been stated that the members came to a unanimous decision on the subject, and that this will appear in the report which Dr. Wace, who presided over this conference, as he did over that appointed by the late Bishop Creighton, is about to draw up and present to the Bishop of London.

Inquiry, however, in especially well-informed quarters, elicits the fact that while the members were virtually agreed upon the authority possessed by the priesthood to declare the Divine forgiveness of sin to the penitent, a wide gap was revealed between several members—and not merely between the representatives of the two "extreme" parties—as to the practice of confession in the Church of England. The majority were strongly in favor of its use being occasional and exceptional only, and always voluntary.

This was held to be the plain meaning of the Anglican formularies, and also to be in accordance with English religious sentiment.

A MONTH UNDER SNOW.

London, Jan. 23.—A sheep belonging to Mr. William Pratt, a cattle dealer of Garsdale, has had the remarkable experience of spending four and a half out of the last six weeks under snow.

In the storm of November it became embedded in the snow, and was not rescued till ten days had passed.

The flock with which it had been pasturing on Dent Fell, above Hawes Junction, was being gathered in when the great snowstorm of December threatened. Somehow this particular sheep escaped the dogs and wandered back to the fells, where it must have been buried again the following day.

The shepherds were surprised—22 days afterward—to find the sheep alive and well in a crevasse. It appeared to have just been thawed out of its prison, but was able to walk home, a distance of a mile and a half.

A WHALE FIFTY MILES INLAND.

London, Jan. 23.—A whale measuring nearly 20 feet long, 6 feet across the fins, with a tail 66 inches wide, has been captured at Reedness, near Goole, on the Yorkshire Ouse, between fifty and sixty miles inland from Spurn Point.

The mammal was in a very emaciated condition, and being pursued by some boatmen became quite dead beat, and was easily beached.

Are You Still a Victim of Disease and Suffering?

WE DIRECT YOUR ATTENTION WITH FULL CONFIDENCE TO THAT GREAT DISEASE BANISHER

Paine's Celery Compound

IT HAS SNATCHED THOUSANDS FROM THE GRAVE AND GIVEN THEM A NEW LIFE

Have any of the common diseases that flesh is heir to made you so weak and helpless that hope of recovery has well nigh fled? We take it for granted that your earnest wish and greatest desire is to be restored to health and strength for the benefit of your loved ones.

If you are still bound with the fetters of disease and have not up to the present found a medicine with virtues to banish your troubles, let us with all honesty and confidence point you to that infallible disease banisher Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that has snatched thousands from the grave whose condition baffled the skill of physicians and their medicines. This life-giver, Paine's Celery Compound is not a new or untried remedy; it has long ago passed the experimental stage; its victories over disease and death have made it well known and popular. Test its virtues at once, dear sufferer; it will not disappoint you.

LAKEHURST

A deep feeling of sadness has passed over this community owing to the death on Monday morning last of Mrs. Robert Shaw, wife of Robert Shaw, County Councillor. Mrs. Shaw has been in poor health for the last six or seven months, but she was thought to be improving until about a week ago, when she was seized with an attack of inflammation of the lungs. Dr. Bonnell of Bobcaygeon, was called but he pronounced her case hopeless and she gradually sank.

Mrs. Shaw will be greatly missed, for she had a wide circle of friends. Her gentle and kindly disposition and her good Christian example has endeared her to everyone with whom she came in contact. Her death will be sincerely mourned by all and her sorrowing husband and daughters will have the heartfelt sympathy of the community.

That Cutting Acid that arises from the stomach and almost strangles, is caused by fermentation of the food in the stomach. It is a forerunner of indigestion and dyspepsia. Take one of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets immediately after eating, and it will prevent this distress and aid digestion. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—43

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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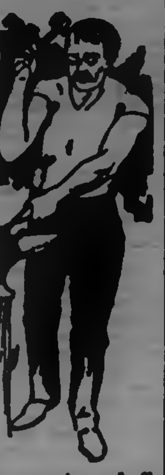
Muscle

Does not make the man. "*The blood is the life,*" the vital force of the body. So it not infrequently happens that the man who looks to be a picture of physical strength falls a sudden victim to disease. A proper care for the blood would prevent many a serious sickness.



The cleansing of the blood is perfectly accomplished by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It drives out the impurities and poisonous substances which corrupt the blood and breed disease. It increases the activity of the blood-making glands, and so increases the supply of pure blood. It builds up the entire body with good sound flesh.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

The dealer who offers a substitute for the "Discovery" does so to gain the little more profit paid by inferior medicines. There is nothing "just as good" for the blood as "Golden Medical Discovery" therefore accept no substitute.

"I took five bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' for my blood," writes Mr. William D. Shamb[illegible], of Remy, Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory. "I had 'ring worms' on me and I would bury them off and they would come right back, and they were on me when I commenced using 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and they went away and I haven't been bothered any more."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

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Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 17th January, 1902.

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Solicitors for Applicants

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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Hand-Made Shoes,

they always give satisfaction

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

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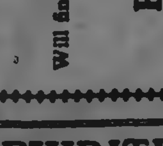

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Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

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To be had at all first class dealers.

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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
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with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

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CURE YOURSELF!

[illegible]

Curious Bits of News.

A French savant who lately returned from Egypt, bringing a royal mummy with him, had a somewhat curious experience at Marseilles. On the case being opened at the custom house there the officer on duty, hearing that it contained a Pharaoh, looked up Pharaoh in the tariff. But no mention could be found of such an article. Then it occurred to him that a nice high duty was exacted on dried fish, and the savant was obliged to pay as if for that commodity.

Rural free delivery, according to the report of the United States Postmaster-General, is being rapidly extended in that country. The number of routes in operation increased from 1,276 at the beginning of the last fiscal year to 4,301 at its close; and under the present plans the number of routes by the first of next July will be 8,600. By that date the rural population receiving daily service will reach 5,700,000, and the delivery system will then cover more than a quarter of the eligible portion of the country.

A remarkable story is going the rounds of the English papers with regard to General Sir Ian Hamilton's spectacles. It appears that General Hamilton lost a pair of spectacles in the battle of Majuba Hill. They were apparently picked up by a Boer whom they suited, and who kept them for twenty years. In the early part of the present year the spectacles were found on the body of a dead Boer. The case had General Hamilton's name on it, and the glasses were in due course returned to their original owner.

"D. F. Coon, whose son was last night married to Miss Hattie Combs, is one of the best natured men in Fort Scott," remarks the Fort Scott (Kan.) "Monitor." "After the ceremony he kissed the bride and gave her $1,000, at the same time remarking that it was worth another hundred. The bride then walked up and kissed him, and he pulled out $100 more and gave it to her. The bridegroom thought this was a good financial snap, and he tried the same game. He kissed his father, but only got $60. However, the old gentleman went broke on this little series of speculations."

A monument was recently unveiled at Dundee, Scotland, in memory of James Bowman Lindsay, who, Sir William Preece said, predicted in 1834 that houses and towns would soon be lighted and heated by electricity, and that machinery would be driven by electricity instead of by steam. About 50 years ago Lindsay went to London and illustrated by experiments a system of wireless telegraphy, but there was then no practical call for such a system, and it was forgotten. "An invention, to be of use," Sir William Preece remarks, "must come at the proper time"—a fact in which disappointed inventors may possibly find some comfort.

A Minnesota paper tells of a giant buff cochin rooster, owned by a Mr. Plumason of Laverne, Minnesota, which has been trained to trot in harness, pulling a tiny cart, in which rides the baby son of its owner. Golden Duke is the name of this strangest of fowls, and it is a prize-winner in its class, as well as a freak. The big bird was broken to harness by the boys of the Plumason household, and now seems to enjoy its work. It wears a little harness and is guided by reins, which it carries in its bill. It is the master of several gaits, and at the word of command, given by the small child who is driving, it will walk, run, trot, or come to a standstill. At home in the country the big rooster often pulls the cart and its occupant for half a mile or more without stopping.

Following closely on the recent announcement of the young women of the Delta Gamma Club of Northwestern University, Chicago, that they were open to proposals of marriage, comes the formation of a club of celibates among the young men of that institution. The Knights of the Marble Heart is the name of the new organization, and, as the name indicates, the club proposes to give the "marble heart" to the young co-eds with matrimonial inclinations, and to cultivate the joys of jolly bachelorhood. The new society of knights is composed of members of the senior class, and their organization was completed last week. The colors, scarlet and black, were pinned on the thirteen charter members, and these will be worn until the arrival of the society's pins, which will consist of small hearts of marble set in gold.

A Bargain in Gloves.

Something more than a warm heart and an open hand is needed in dispensing charity. A Boston woman who wanted to be generous found this to be true in at least one case, related in the "Youth's Companion."

She had been giving to a poor family, consisting of a mother and three grown daughters, a regular allowance of six dollars a week until the daughters should find employment.

The eldest daughter called at the house every Saturday to receive this allowance. One week she appeared on Thursday, and wanted to know if it would be "quite convenient" for her benefactress to advance the money that day instead of waiting until Saturday.

"We are out of fuel and flour, and the man will call this evening for the weekly rent, and we haven't a penny to give him," she said.

"How does it happen that you are in this condition this week, when the six dollars I have been giving you has sufficed to pay your weekly expenses in the past?"

"Well, I'll tell you," replied the young woman, frankly and calmly. "Mamma was down town yesterday, and she came across such a genuine bargain in kid gloves that she felt that it would be almost wicked not to take advantage of it, so she got each of us girls and herself a pair. They're regular two-dollar gloves marked down to seventy-nine cents a pair, and mamma didn't know when she'd ever have another chance to save four dollars and eighty-four cents on four pairs of gloves, so she got them, and who could blame her?"

Dearth of Genius.

The present seems to be an age of accomplished mediocrity. In every field there is a glut of "able men"—that is to say, men who have brains and know their business, who are industrious and energetic, and are either clever, or have the trick of appearing so. But the kind of intellectual distinction which we call genius was never so rare in every department of life.—"Truth."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

A Strange Pension Case.

STARTING $11.37 in debt thirty years ago, and depending for a livelihood wholly on a pension of $50 a month from the government, the estate of Henry Wensler of Spiker, Wabash County, Ind., now amounts to more than $35,000, and is growing at a rapid rate. What is still more curious, the government, having paid Wensler this pension for a generation, will, at his death, receive back the $50 a month, and $5,000 in addition. Such a state of affairs has never before come within the ken of the bureau officials, as reported by Special Agent Stephens. The story of Wensler and his accumulated wealth is an interesting one, and is thus related by the Wabash correspondent of the Indianapolis "News:"

"During the war he enlisted from Wabash County, in the Eighty-Ninth Indiana Infantry. While on the march in the South he suffered from prostration by the heat, which caused mental derangement, and though he has not at any time been violent, he has been, to an extent, incapable of managing his affairs. For twelve years after his affliction Wensler was confined in the hospital for the insane at Indianapolis, and was discharged as being harmless and requiring no attention. Application was made for a pension on account of his mental condition, and the case was pending some time. In 1867 his wife was divorced, and he was left comparatively friendless.

"At that time his condition was such that Jonathan Talmage, a local banker, was appointed guardian, and Mr. Talmage's report to the circuit court in September, 1870, showed that Wensler had overdrawn his account with his guardian $11.37. In the next report Mr. Talmage showed that the pension of $50 a month, with a considerable amount as arrearages, had been paid, and as Wensler had been supported by the State while at the hospital, the arrearages amounted to a tidy sum.

"In this way the foundation of the present fortune was laid. Four years ago Mr. Talmage died, and Thomas F. Payne, a wealthy land-owner of Wabash, was appointed guardian. The Pension Bureau required, about that time, that all reports of guardians of wards receiving pensions should be made to Washington. In his report of May 1, 1900, Mr. Payne set forth that the amount of funds belonging to Wensler in his hands was $33,400, and that the total cost of administering the guardianship was $1,214. With a few exceptions, the funds were loaned on gilt-edged security, at ten per cent. interest, and later at eight per cent. Some of the later loans have been made at six per cent. This interest was compounded, and the total mounted higher and higher. Wensler was active, and contributed to his own sustenance. For years he plied his vocation as a huckster, and drove about the county with his little wagon, on which were printed in sprawling letters the words: 'H. Wensler, Huckster.'

"Recently he went into business in a small way at Spiker's Station, four miles from Wabash. He lives alone, and his expenses for food and clothing are almost nothing. His guardian pays $2.50 a week for his food, and Wensler takes $35 a month for other expenses. The rest of the $50 pension, and the handsome increment from the $33,000 at interest, is re-invested as it comes in.

"The reports of the guardian to the Pension Bureau, making this remarkable exhibit, induced Commissioner Evans to send Special Agent Stephens to Wabash to look into the case, and he uncovered the facts as stated. The special agent says that as Wensler has no friends, the money at his death will revert to the government. Wensler is perhaps sixty-five years old, and never speaks unless addressed. He is expert in handling horses, and on several occasions has been injured in runaways, but he does not seem to know what fear is. Probably no estate in the country has been so capably managed.

"It is said of Wensler that a few years ago he was seized with a desire to manage his property, and went to the office of a well-known Wabash lawyer to state his case. 'See here, Mr. ——,' said Wensler, 'I am not insane, and I want my funds turned over to me.' The lawyer gazed at him intently for a moment, and then replied: 'You're drawing a good pension, aren't you?' Wensler admitted he was. 'Well, then,' drawled the lawyer, 'if you are not insane your pension will stop, for that's why you are getting it.' Wensler looked wild, and as he shot out of the door, he cried: 'The devil; I'm crazier than hell.' And after that he was content to waive all right to the management and control of his estate."

Fashions in Dawson City.

"TO be fashionable in Dawson City," says a correspondent of the Indianapolis "Journal," "one must have his dog team. It is no uncommon sight to see a Dawson belle or a wealthy matron enveloped in her costly furs, skimming along behind a team of dashing dogs. These dogs are urged to greater speed by the call of 'mush on,' which means in English 'get up' or 'go ahead.' The men in Dawson City are by no means deprived of club-life. The fashionable organization of this kind in Dawson is known as the Zero Club. In summer the men play tennis, lacrosse, cricket and baseball. The women play tennis and serve tea. In winter they have the curling club and the skating rinks. It costs money to live in the Klondike, but one can buy anything from an automobile down if one has the price. A gown that a woman in Indianapolis would pay $25 for, she could not expect to get in Dawson for less than $100. However, if one has the money one can get the most fashionable gown there. A very good meal, accompanied by music, is now served in the best hotels in Dawson for $1. Wood is worth $30 a cord. Good apples were 50 cents apiece last winter, and beefsteak brings from 75 cents to $1.50 a pound during the winter. Christmas turkeys were $2 a pound last winter."

A good pun is rather uncommon, but a joke that may be so described was made recently by Mr. Andrew Carnegie, to whom some advocates of an Anglo-American alliance had appealed for an emblematic flower. Mr. Carnegie promptly suggested the dandelion, urging that the American "dandy," in the shrewd, Yankee, business sense of the term, joined with the British "lion," would result in a blossom which would rule the world.

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 50."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Russian Red Tape.

WILLIAM E. CURTIS had a strange experience not long ago when he called at a bank in Russia to make a draft against his letter of credit. "I was met at the door by a man in gorgeous livery, with a long staff in his hand," he writes. "He led me into a reception-room which was sumptuously furnished. Upon the center-table were several volumes of photographs, a city directory, a railway guide, the last report of the bank, two or three guide-books, and several morning papers. Over in one of the corners was a handsomely carved writing-desk furnished with all sorts of stationery. While I was wondering what I was there for, a gentleman of irreproachable attire and manners entered, and asked how he could serve me. I explained that I would like two hundred and fifty dollars on my letter of credit, and wondered how he knew I was an American, but he had doubtless learned from long experience to distinguish the different nationalities, and I soon discovered by the manner in which he received subsequent arrivals that he could speak German and French as fluently as English. I handed him my letter of credit, and he bowed politely and left the room. For a time I was alone with my own thoughts. I looked over all the books and papers, watched the traffic in the street from the window, made two or three entries in my notebook, and wondered if the polite gentleman had not forgotten all about me, when a page in buttons entered with a silver tray, upon which were two drafts—duplicates—for my signature. The little fellow bowed like a French dancing-master, and seemed to be deeply impressed with a sense of responsibility. He came in several times afterward on similar service for other people, and his salutes were repeated each time with an exactness that showed careful training. I was afraid he was going to be gone all day, and became impatient. I sat down at the desk to write a letter, and had written nearly a whole sheet when he came back with my letter of credit and the money upon his tray. But the latter was all in bills. I handed him one of them and asked him to get it changed. He bowed again and disappeared. I must have spent fifteen minutes regretting my folly, when the handsome manager came in to enquire if there had been a mistake. He seemed to think I had been overpaid, and was greatly relieved when I told him I only wanted a bill changed. He disappeared, and it was another ten minutes before the boy returned with the smaller bills. I had been in that room for more than three-quarters of an hour."

We Thrashed You.

DEAN STUBBS of Ely does not like Chicago. In his book, "In a Minster Garden," the Dean's causerie revolves amiably round Ely, but where he discourses on his holiday in the New World he becomes most amusing. Of Chicago he says: "I thought it the most hatefully unlovely city I ever was in. There were fine buildings, of course—warehouses for the most part, of the 'sky-scraping' variety—but, as a whole, hateful, simply hateful—a clanking wilderness of endless streets, monotonous, unpicturesque, untidy, dirty, foul."

Yet the Dean tells at least one story which proves that Chicago, for all its unloveliness, has a knack of digesting all who go to live there. It relates to Archdeacon Rushton, the secretary of Bishop Maclaren. The Archdeacon was a Yorkshireman by birth; he had married a Canadian; but he had been settled for some time in Chicago. "His children, he told me, were born in that city. One day lately his youngest boy came home from school looking grave and solemn. He had just been promoted to the history class, and had been reading about the War of Independence. 'Father,' he said, 'are you a Britisher?' 'Yes, my boy, I am.' 'Oh! . . . Mother, are you a Britisher?' 'Yes, dear, I am,' she said. 'Well,' he replied, after a pause, 'I don't care. You had the King's army, and we were only a lot of farmers, but we thrashed you!'"

One Obstacle Overcome.

WILLIE was a bright boy, of an inventive turn of mind. At the age of eight or ten he was seized with the "perpetual motion" idea, and began to make all sorts of queer machines, despite the advice of his father, who told him of men that had devoted their lives to a vain search for perpetual motion.

"It violates the first principles of mechanics, my boy," said his father. "Action and reaction are equal, as you will understand some day. When you can pull yourself up by your bootstraps, you may hope to invent a machine that will start itself and run without stopping."

The next day Willie came to his father in great excitement and told him he had done it—had pulled himself up by his bootstraps.

"It's no trick at all," he said as he led the way to the barn, where he showed his bewildered father a pair of old boots nailed, soles up, to a beam overhead.

"There!" he exclaimed, as he climbed on a box, reached up, ran his fingers through the straps of the boots and pulled himself up. "What do you think of that?"

Willie's father did not reply in words. Instead, he took a harness strap, and then and there Willie gave an imitation of perpetual motion which required no elaborate apparatus.

Christmas Unmasked.

In modern London, the Christmas spirit is not, I maintain, a spontaneous spirit from within yourselves, but a spirit which Dickens foisted into you. For Christmas itself you have no real sentiment; but you continue to keep it, cannot help keeping it, for Dickens' sake, in the regulation way. It is a mere literary survival.—Max Beerbohm in "Pall Mall Magazine."

Over the grave of his wife in an English village a poetry loving widower has just erected a monument bearing this verse from the Rubaiyat:

"A Book of Verses underneath the Bough,
A Jug of Wine, a Loaf of Bread—and Thou
Beside me singing in the Wilderness—
Oh, Wilderness were Paradise enow!"

At a Portuguese Bull-Fight.

IT was to be a very great event—twelve bulls were to make their entry, and some famous Spanish bull-fighters were to prove their prowess, and the King was to be there, and Portugal's handsome Queen.

Out along the white, dusty roads, on past the outskirts of the town where olives and fig-trees peeped over the stone walls, and occasional palms reared their tall stems—all hurry, rush and bustle, until at last the open dusty plain was reached, and before us, like a modern Coliseum, rose the great, massive arena of the Bull Ring.

How like the Coliseum, though, in weak architecture, was the building; and all the mass of sightseers pressing on to their different corridors—the poor to the sunny side, the richer to that in shade.

Inside were the great arcades under the arches, and the wide flights of steps to the various tiers of seats or rows of boxes.

Up we went to where our ticket told me was the fauteuil allotted to us (No. 166, first "fila"), a good position we saw as we entered the tier, and at a "coup d'oeil" the whole vast arena was before us. Beneath was the level ring where Toro would appear; on our left the King's box, a Mauresque canopy in blue and gold, and draped in red and gold velvet. On our right and left, on this shady side of the arena, the boxes are hung with bright draperies of blue, gray, and yellow, setting off the gay dresses of the ladies fanning themselves in the boxes with tiny little Portuguese fans.

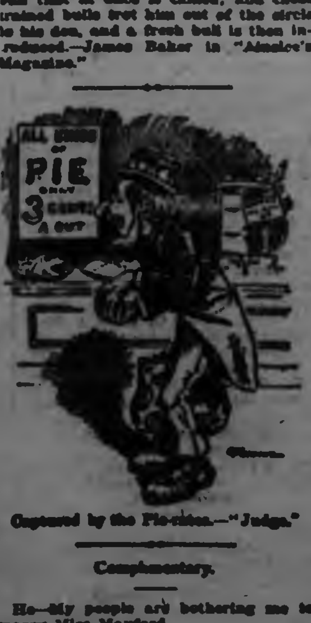
At last a roar goes up from some 15,000 throats—the arena will hold 20,000, but it is not packed—and then exactly opposite us enter all the toreadors—that is, all who take part in the fight. Cavalleiros (or picadors, as the Spanish call them), bandarilheiros, furcados, and the assistants dressed in rich Georgian costume—in red and blue satin and velvet, with plumed flat hats.

Two cavaliers mounted upon two magnificent steeds, very unlike the wretched animals ridden into the ring to be slaughtered at a Spanish bull-fight; a dozen bandarilheiros and a dozen furcados and the assistants, all in their gay costumes, make a brilliant show on the smooth arena. The crash of music, the roar of the populace, and the brilliant spectacle send the Portuguese blood to fever heat; and quickly, after salutations to the King or President, all the toreadors retire and one horseman enters alone. A signal is given, the doors are thrown open, and in rushes a fine black bull. Like an arrow he makes for the horseman, who leaps aside; but Toro is after him, and chases him round the ring. With a deft movement, just as the bull's horns nearly reach the horse's flanks, the cavalier swerves and plants a dart in the bull's shoulders; the matadors rush in, and distract the bull's attention with their red cloaks. The bull no longer cares for horse or man; the red rag is his enemy, and he goes for it, and tosses and paws it and tramples on it until it is snatched from him, and a bandarilheiro stands before him, watches him; and leaps aside when Toro tries to toss him.

At last, maddened, the bull rushes at his tormentor, who races to the barrier of the arena, but halts there; and at the moment the bull's horns seem to touch him, plants his two decorated darts well in the bull's shoulders and leaps the barrier. But the bull leaps after him—half his black body is over; some of the assistants leap into the arena on the safest side; but Toro falls and falls back inside the arena, to start to his feet again and rush for the matadors, who advance with their cloaks to draw him toward them.

It is these red cloaks that prove how dull is Toro in his rage. The matador holds the red cloak at arm's length, the bull rushes at it—never at the man holding it—and the matador pass the cloak over his head as he strives to gore it; the bull turns and goes for it again, seemingly oblivious that a man is moving it. Very agile and dexterous are the matadors; but there seems no danger to them, so wholly is the bull occupied with the cloak.

Not so the bandarilheiros. To face a rushing bull even with padded horns until his hot breath is in your face, and his horns lowered for the toss; to plant darts scarcely two feet long in his shoulders, and leap aside ere the toss is given, is a feat of courage, great swiftness and agility; and mighty is the shout from the vast crowd when this is done deftly and neatly, and the barbs stick well in the bull's tough hide. As the bulls get tired out with their tormentors, a group of eight or ten tame bulls, with long tube-like bells, are let into the arena. These encircle the wild bull that at once is tamed; and these trained bulls trot him out of the circle to his den, and a fresh bull is then introduced.—James Baker in "Ainslee's Magazine."



Captured by the Pie-rates.—"Judge."

Complimentary.

He—My people are bothering me to marry Miss Mayford.

She—You'd be very lucky if you did. She is very clever and very beautiful—

He—Oh! I don't want to marry brains and beauty. I want to marry you.—"Punch."

The Effect on Him.

"My wife took great pains with the salad, and I——"

The dyspeptic squeezed out a sort of have-mercy-upon-us grin.

"—took great pains from it."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir"—"Wasp."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S

Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

Houses For Sale

$750—For 7 rooms, stable and large lot at Auburn. Easy terms.
$400—For house, stable and ¼ acre near McDonald's Mill.
$950—For brick house, stable and garden near Electric Works.
$325—For cottage near Wm. Hamilton's. $10 cash and $5 per month.

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Bird Life

has as many complications as ours. That's why "COTTAMS" Seed is so effective in promoting health and song. We are studying birds all the time, and the results of our experience is embodied in every packet.

[illegible]

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT
STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of he Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p m.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck, R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 15 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton, C. H. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger and Glazier, 216 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

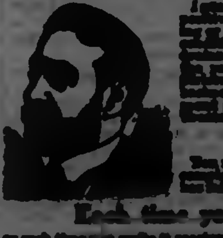
FRY, 286 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 286 Park street.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



[illegible]

PAY WHEN CURED

[illegible]

Each time you call you see me Personally.

[illegible]

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG, [illegible]

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

ADVERTISE
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

THE
Most Perfect Stove
MADE

THE
STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 50 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	[illegible] in.	[illegible] in.	[illegible]
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	[illegible]
2	[illegible] in.	10½ in.	[illegible]
3	[illegible] in.	12 in.	[illegible]
4	[illegible] in.	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 46 by 30 feet, with 15 foot ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 2 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

BOCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large room where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood [illegible] cost us $4.00 every week for fuel and the Star stove, which we are now using, costs us only $1.50, making a saving of $2 per week in the [illegible] which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove that is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.
M. J. Sarre, Chairman Trustees.

CYRILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

News and Opinions
—OF—
NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.
THE SUN ALONE
CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail .... $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail .... $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 40c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs	1.00
Best 40c Japan Tea, 3 lbs	1.00
Best 40c Tea, 30c; 4 lbs	1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain 25c, 5 lbs	1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 200 - 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 6, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The market yesterday was not well attended.

—The country roads are in very bad condition.

—The trains on the railroads are now running on time.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson shipped a car load of horses to Montreal yesterday.

—Workmen are engaged in strengthening the walls of the Crystal Block, on George street.

—The work of removing the goods from P. Simon's store is about completed.

—We direct the attention of our readers to H. F. Kidd's ad. in this issue.

—The pitch-holes on George street are getting much larger and deeper.

—The milk men are having considerable trouble this week in attending their customers.

—The Castle Square Opera Company, who played here last week, were snowbound in Lindsay, on Monday.

—G. E. Whiten is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 156 Hunter street west.

—The country roads are in bad shape with drifts. They are gradually being opened up, however.

—It is a bad blizzard that blows nobody good, the hundreds of men employed in clearing the snow off the streets, for instance.

—Two tramps who for the past week have been in gaol on remand, came up before the police magistrate yesterday morning. They seemed anxious to get to Montreal, so they were let go.

—Peterborough friends will regret to learn of the death of Mr. T. H. Phair, who for many years was the representative of the Gutta Percha Rubber Co. He was well known in business circles in town. His death occurred in Toronto on Tuesday.

—Mr. Charles Stapleton says the roads are in a worse condition now than at any time in the past forty-eight years. Mr. Stapleton's business is one that takes him into the country a great deal, and he knows of what he is speaking.

LOST

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

Ladies' Reading Circle

The Ladie's Reading Circle, in connection with St. Peter's T.A.S. will hold a meeting this evening, when Miss S. Kelly will read a paper on "Jacques Cartier."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

ST. LUKE'S NOTES.

Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will hold a cottage meeting in the Auburn union church this evening at eight o'clock.

The members of the Woman's Auxiliary are requested to attend a meeting which will be held this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock in the school house.

The meeting of the Rural Deanery of Northumberland, which was to have been held yesterday in the church, has been postponed until May [illegible]

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Miss Foley, of Lindsay, is visiting in town.

—Mr. R. P. Gough, of Toronto, is in town on business.

Mr. R. C. Strickland, Lakefield, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Elsie Price, of Belleville, is the guest of Miss Ada McBain, town.

—Mr. H. S. Carpenter, of the T.V.C. engineering staff, has returned to town.

—Mr. Percy Pearson, of Montreal, is in town, and dropped in to pay his respects to this great family journal.

—Miss Marion Sherwood came down from Toronto on Tuesday, to attend the non-com's ball.

—Mr. Ralph Ripley, of Toronto, was in town yesterday in the interests of the Canadian Railroad Accident Insurance Co.

—Mr. C. M. Patterson, formerly of the local branch of the Bank of Commerce came up from Belleville for the military ball.

—Mr. Wm. Anderson, of Otonabee, Liberal candidate for the Legislature, was in town yesterday, and gave The Times a friendly call.

—The many friends of Judge Weller will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly recovering, and is now able to walk about the house.

—The friends of Mr. John Sawers will be pleased to see him able to be out again after his recent illness.

—The Times extends its sympathy to Mr. Robert Shaw, of Harvey, in the death of Mrs. Shaw, the particulars of which appear in another column. Mrs Shaw was beloved by all who knew her, and will be greatly missed.

IT DOES NOT PAY TO USE A BREAKFAST CEREAL THAT DISTURBS AND HAMPERS DIGESTON

Digestive disturbances and stomach derangements should be carefully avoided if we desire to pursue our daily work with profit and pleasure. It does not pay to be the victim of a capricious and irritable stomach. In nine cases out of every ten stomach difficulties arise from the use of starchy and indigestible foods.

A well known city physician with a large and lucrative practice recently said: "If men and women more generally understood the many advantages of Malt Breakfast Food as a health food, we would not have to deal with so many serious and stubborn cases of indigestion and dyspepsia that we are called upon so often to treat and subscribe for. I have used Malt Breakfast Food in my own family and have recommended it in my daily practice with the best results. The great advantage of Malt Breakfast Food over all others I have tried, is the use of malt with the grain, thus producing a delicious food free from starch." Ask your grocer for this best of breakfast foods.

Deputation to Toronto

The following gentlemen left on the afternoon train yesterday for Toronto, to wait on the government, regarding the town's private bill which is now before the house, Mayor Deane, Town Solicitor E. H. D Hall, and Aldermen Best, Corkery, Clinkscale, Shortly, Rush and Batten.

Ladies' Auxiliary

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will be held this afternoon, at 3.30 o'clock. This meeting will be of special interest as the report of the convention delegate, Mrs. J. C. Brown, will be given. All members, as well as any other ladies who are interested in young men's work, are cordially invited to attend.

THE LATE REV. DR. ANDREWS

The Funeral will Take Place on Friday Afternoon at Three O'clock

Arrangements have been completed for the funeral of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews of Keene, which will take place on Friday afternoon at three o'clock. A public service will be held under the direction of the Peterborough Presbytery, Rev. A. C. Reeves of Campbellford will conduct the service, the address will be delivered by Rev. D. A. Thompson, of Hastings, whose long association with the deceased in the work especially fits him for the task. A large number of the other ministers in the Peterborough Presbytery will be present and will also pay tribute to the memory of one whom all revered.

MAKES CHILDREN BRAINY

Proof About Feeding

It has been proved times without number that properly selected food will build up the brain. The testimony of a school teacher on this subject is good. The letter is long and only the important facts will be given.

"While I was teaching school in 1898, a little girl in the household where I lived was very fond of Grape-Nuts and would eat all she was allowed. I noticed that she was a remarkably bright pupil. There were five other children, all of one family, that were so marked in their work. They were really the brightest family I ever knew, so I questioned to find what they were using. They replied, 'Only Grape-Nuts.' I learned upon further inquiry that this was their chief diet for breakfast and discovered that their luncheon consisted generally of Grape-Nuts with cream and a little fruit.

I had suffered from dyspepsia, headaches and general debility greatly and, as I knew my diet was not well selected, I took up Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and carried it to school for luncheon. I soon discovered a change in my condition and found that Grape-Nuts afforded me more nourishment than bread, meat, eggs or anything that I could take in my basket. After luncheon I would feel strong and bright for the afternoon's work while before I had frequently been half ill.

In the spring of 1900 I went to college, rented a room and boarded myself, subsisting largely on Grape-Nuts, and I cannot speak too highly of the food as a brain nourisher. At the end of a year's schooling I obtained a position in one of the ward schools in this, a college town, and am well and happy.

The wife of the college principal tells me that there is no food that agrees with her as well as Grape-Nuts and that testimony was repeated by a lady friend in my own house." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A SUCCESSFUL YEAR.

ANNUAL REPORT OF ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Shows the Church to be in a Flourishing Condition—A Steady Increase—Officers Elected.

The annual meeting of the congregation of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church was held in the Sunday School room last night. The reports of the year show very gratifying progress in the different departments of the church's work and bright prospects for the future. The various societies in connection with the church were reported to be flourishing. The membership had increased and the finances were in a healthy condition. The meeting was very well attended but owing to the bad roads the attendance from the country was not as large as usual. After singing the 100 Psalm, and prayer by Rev. Yule the business was taken up.

Rev. Dr. Torrance made a short address in which he referred to the pleasure he felt in seeing so many present and especially the large number of men. For some years past the men had not turned out in as large numbers as he would have liked. Twenty five years ago he attended the annual meeting for the first time, and in that time many changes had taken place. After further remarks by the pastor he stated that the first duty of the evening was to appoint a chairman. On motion Mr. J. A. Fife was appointed chairman.

After a short address by the chairman in which he expressed his pleasure at seeing so many present. He announced the next business would be reading and adoption of the last annual meeting.

Mr. H. S. McDonald read the minutes of the last annual meeting which was held on Jan. 30th, 1901.

On motion the minutes were adopted

REPORT OF SESSION

Mr. Fife read the report of the session which showed a steady increase in the membership of the church.

During the past year the membership had increased by 17. The finances were in a very satisfactory condition.

Some improvements were necessary in the church this year. The building was in need of repainting and would have to be done in the spring. This would cost about $300 and the congregation were asked to respond to the call.

At the conclusion of the report, Mr. R. P. McWilliams drew the attention of the audience to the fact that fully one-half of the communicant members of the church did not attend the communion services. At the last communion service about 450 members out of about 900 were present. He thought a roll should be kept so that the pastor and officers would know who were present and who were not. The present system of communion cards were of no use. Some people came without cards and other brought two or three cards which they should not do. In churches in Toronto the card system was very different to what it is here. Members who came without cards were obliged to get a card from their elder. Visitors could receive a card from an elder and the pastor and officers of the church knew exactly who attended the services and those who did not.

Mr. Madill stated that if Mr. McWilliam's statements were correct, the matter should be dealt with by the session. He thought a proper record should be kept.

On motion the report of the session was adopted.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Mr. H. S. McDonald presented the report of the Board of Management which was very satisfactory.

The report was adopted.

On motion the board of management was re-elected.

Messrs. Crane and McWilliams were re-appointed auditors.

SUNDAY SCHOOL REPORT.

Mr. Johnston read the report of the Sunday School. While the attendance was larger last year than before, there was a decrease of 41 in the membership of the Senior and Intermediate classes. During the year a number of changes had been made in the teaching staff and this greatly retarded the advancement of the school. There was apparently a great lack of interest in the work by many of the scholars and this was to be regretted. There were 30 officers and teachers and the average attendance was only 281. The contributions for the year amounted to $362.86.

Reference was made to the splendid attendance of Miss Maggie Mein, who had not missed a service in the Sunday School for nine years.

Reference was also made to the death of Miss Patterson, who was one of the most faithful workers in the Sunday School. During the year, Rev. Geo. Yule had formed an adult class which was steadily increasing.

On motion the report was adopted.

MISSION SOCIETY.

Mr. T. A. S. Hay read the report of the Missionary Society. The total amount contributed was $1,657.27. This amount was about the same as in former years.

After the reading of the report considerable discussion ensued regarding the manner of taking up the mission collections. The number contributing to mission work was less than half of the number that contributed a few years ago. During the past few years the collections had been taken up by envelope, on the first Sunday in each month and it was thought this way was not satisfactory as the old way, that of having collectors call on the members of the congregation. In this way each member and adherent of the church would give something, but by the present system there were a great many who did not give anything at all. Sheriff Hall said he was just as strongly opposed to the system of missionary collectors now as he was a few years ago, and thought that what was given should be given freely. A resolution that had been adopted at the last annual meeting should be put into force.

The Mission Committee for this year is the same as last. On motion the monies will be divided as follows:

Home Missions	$425.00
Foreign	375.00
French Evangelization	187.00

The report was adopted.

MISSION SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

Mr. Madill read the report of the sub-committee appointed to look into the matter of building a Mission School in the South Ward. The committee after careful consideration recommend the building of a Sunday School in the South Ward, on a lot owned by the church. The building will cost about $2000 of which nearly one-half is now subscribed or promised. The committee recommended the building to have a seating capacity of 250, and to have basement so arranged as to be used for Sunday School if it be necessary for to use the upper story for a place of worship.

After considerable discussion during which many were opposed to erecting a small building, but to send too largely [illegible] that would be of sufficient size to meet all requirements for some years to come. The meeting was referred back to the committee to see about erecting a larger building and the following names added to the committee—Messrs. Adam Hall, W. G. Ferguson, Jas. Gillespie and G. M. Roger.

the whole amount required for the con-
On motion it was decided to subscribe
struction of the Sunday School before the work of erection was commenced.

JUNIOR MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The report of the different Missionary Societies were adopted as read.

Mr. Adam Hall moved a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Crane and the choir for the very efficient services they rendered during the past year.

Mr. Crane in a few well chosen words thanked them for the vote of thanks.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the young ladies who kept the church so well supplied with flowers during the year.

The ushers were tendered a hearty vote of thanks for the very efficient services they had rendered. Their position was difficult to fill as they were obliged to be present every Sunday.

The business meeting being over, refreshments were served by the ladies, and a very pleasant hour was spent in social intercourse.

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ASHBURNHAM SCHOOL REPORT.

Names are in order of merit. Promotions will be based on the results of the monthly reports.

Senior Fourth Class —870 marks. Honors.—Clara Craig, 746; Hattie Williams, 729; Ethel Pakenham, 722; Clara Adams, 720; Bertha Curtis, 690; Martha Murray, 681; Elva Greenwood, 680; Charlie Crane, 679; Alfred White, 660; Bella Brasley, 617

Passed.

F. Moyes, 647; L. Heathorne, 633; L. McCubbin, 629; F. Scott, 623; Ethel Sawyer, 616; Willie Swanston, 606; Janet Quinn, 603; George Butcher, 601; Ada Straine, 561; Herbert Goale, 561; Jennie Gillespie, 560; Herbie Anderson, 540; Kathleen Long, 498; Muriel Scott, 490; Elsie Pollock, 363; Ethel Quinn, 226.

Junior Fourth Class—870 marks.

Passed.—May McCubbin, 685; Bruce Fisher, 584; Florence Glover, 571; Maggie Anderson, 547; Harry Fisher, 546; Hazel Craig, 536; Lillie Graham, 471; Guy Quartermaine, 465; Annie Orecker, 455; Willie Butcher, 436; Evelene Gardiner, 482; Eva Crane, 413; Violet Whittaker, 401; Willie Heathorne, 365; Ruby Quartermaine, 356.

Senior Third.

Fred Wyatt, Geo. Cross, Andrew Brotherston, and Dave Smith.

Junior Third.

Norman Goale, John Kerr, Annie Hinds.

Junior Second.

Geo. Evans, Alva Kerman, Bert Cross.

Senior Part Second.

Ben Graham, John Bevoy, Merton Adams.

Junior Part Second.

Leah Rogers, Fred Mather, Llewellyn Lilley.

Senior Part First.

Mary May, Karl Cross, Ada Adams.

Intermediate Part First.

Cecil White, Elise Graham.

Junior Part First.

Lulu Greenwood, Berthel Record, Willie Orecker.

KILLED BY ELECTRIC SHOCK

The Secretary of the Lindsay Y.M.C.A. Meets a Sudden Death

Mr. J. B. Walker, secretary of the Lindsay branch of the Y.M.C.A., met a very sudden and unexpected death yesterday morning. It appears that Mr. Walker was in the cellar making some change in the position of the electric light wires, when he received a very heavy shock which caused instant death. Mr. Walker was well known in Y.M.C.A. circles in town and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a native of Orangeville, and leaves a widow and infant child to mourn his death.

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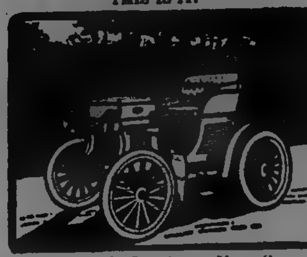

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SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅜	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¾	Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅜	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅜	8⅜	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅜	⅜	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅜	16⅜	New Rietfontein	6⅜	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅜	42⅜	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅜	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅜	8⅜	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅜
Ferreira	22	22⅜	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3⅜	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅜
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅜	7⅜	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¾	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅜
Johnnies	6⅜	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¾	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6½	Van Ryn	11	3¾
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅜	1¾
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾	Wolhuter	12	5⅜
Kimberly Roodeport	4¾	1¾	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¾	8 3-16			

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PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY FEBRUARY 7 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

CONDEMNED TO DEATH BY COURTS OF TURKEY

Damad Mahmud Pasha Cannot Return to Turkey Without Losing His Life

THOUGHT TO BE VICTIM OF POLITICAL INTRIGUE

Mahmud Realized $400,000 Just Before His Departure, But His Principal Estates were Confiscated

Constantinople, Feb. 6.—The Sultan's brother-in-law, Damad Mahmud Pasha has been sentenced to death. Mahmud has long been prominent in the young Turk movement, and was recently expelled from Greece at the behest of the Sultan. Mahmud went to Rome and the Sultan requested his expulsion from Italy. It was refused, but Mahmud proceeded to Paris, where he remains in safety. All the Sultan's blandishments have failed to induce him to return to Constantinople, so the Criminal Court was instructed to issue a warrant for Mahmud's arrest and to try the fugitive by default, with the result that he was condemned to death.

Damad Mahmud Pasha fled from Turkey in December, 1899, taking with him his wife's jewels and all the money he could collect. He was accompanied by his two sons, Princes Sabaggedit and Luthfalla. Learning that he had gone to France, the Turkish Government telegraphed to the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse, asking for the arrest of the fugitive, and his return to Constantinople on the charge that he was implicated in a plot to assassinate the Sultan. This accusation, however, was generally discredited and it was believed the refugee was the victim of an intrigue. Mahmud subsequently declared at Paris that the charge that he had appropriated money and accepted bribes was a calumny, and that he was a patriot and was being persecuted by political intriguers. Mahmud is about fifty years of age. The Sultan, after Mahmud's flight, decreed the divorce of his sister, Seniha Sultana. Mahmud realized $400,000 just before his departure, but his principal estates were confiscated and he and his sons were officially proclaimed renegades and outlaws.

THE WAR NEARING AN END

This is the Belief Now Prevalent in London and on the Continent

London, Feb. 7—Mr. Kruger and his advisers show so many evidences of astuteness in their negotiations with the British authorities prior to their declaration of war in 1899, that we need not be surprised if similar diplomatic attempts precede the inevitable final surrender. In view of the multitude of rumors which the Leyds press manufactory is circulating, in the hope of dividing British parties upon the peace terms, and gaining the support of some foreign powers towards a modification of the same, it is well to call to mind the very definite statements which are on record as to the minimum demands of the present British Cabinet.

Lord Rosebery, in his Chesterfield speech, thus alluded to peace conditions: "I believe in the stern, efficient, vigorous prosecution of the war to its natural end, but I believe that its natural end is a regular peace and a regular settlement. Therefore, I should not be deaf to any overtures of peace that came from any responsible authority, more especially if they came from the exiled Government which now exists somewhere in the Low Countries, and which surrounds ex-President Kruger. You may say that it is a Government in exile. You may say that it is a scattered Government. You may say that it is a discredited Government. I really do not know if it is discredited by its own people, but I do know this, that it is the only Government, that is the Government which went to war with us, and must, even in Belgium or Holland, in the absence of any other, retain some vestige of its former authority. You cannot negotiate with the scattered centurions in the field, for they have no authority, and you do not know where to find them. You cannot negotiate with the other ex-President — President Steyn — because he is lost somewhere in that infinite space which is now the theatre of war in South Africa, and therefore, I say, that if the Government that is now in Europe, that scattered and dejected Ministry, should make any overtures of peace directly or indirectly to His Majesty's Government, if I were a Minister I should not turn a deaf ear to them; I do not mean, of course, that a Boer Ambassador should come to London or that the King should send an Ambassador to Holland. I mean nothing of that kind, but some of the greatest peaces, the greatest settlements, in the world's history have begun with an apparently casual meeting of two travellers in a neutral inn, and I think it might well happen that some some such fortuitous meeting might take place under the auspices of His Majesty's Government and of the exiled Boer Government which might lead to very good results. At any rate, though I would not offer terms to them, I should not be deaf to any overtures from them."

To this opinion, Mr. Balfour, speaking as the mouthpiece of the Cabinet, replied only a few days ago that they (the Government) were as anxious for peace as Lord Rosebery, or as any man could be, but it must be a peace upon terms which "we have repeatedly and explicitly stated to the world at large." He alluded to the impractical character of Lord Rosebery's proposals. "Lord Rosebery appears to think that in some way, through some unknown channel, we ought to communicate with some unknown Government, or some unknown person, who controls the destinies of the fighting forces still left in the Transvaal. He does not wish to give back the independence of the Transvaal, he does not wish us to announce our terms beforehand. He does not wish us to be the first to start negotiations, and surely it is a little premature for him holding these opinions to announce himself as a greater lover of peace than those who at present have the destinies of the country in their charge. No, gentlemen, of all blessings peace is the greatest blessing, of all the regions of the earth which most require peace, South Africa is that region, and it is almost folly to suggest that we are going to stand in its way, but we will never admit of peace which is to be a prelude of further war, we will never consent that all the blood of our nearest and dearest which has been spent, and freely spent, in this war shall have been spent in vain. We have begun the work. We mean to finish. We mean to finish it in a style which will prevent its ever having to be begun again."

Lord Milner, also officially inspired, said at Johannesburg, ten days ago: "Gentlemen, the war will end all the sooner if we reply by steady physical pressure without fidgeting about negotiations. It is no use to threaten, no use to wheedle. The only thing is imperturbably to squeeze and to keep our clemency and conciliation, both excellent in their proper place, for the Boers who surrender, instead of lavishing blandishments upon those who continue to fight.

Our pro-Boer friends find it difficult to part with the belief that there is still in existence a civic executive, which represents the Orange Free State and the Transvaal. They need to be reminded that there is no longer the one or the other, and that Messrs. Kruger, Schalkburgher, Steyn, Leyds and Company have no official status, either with Great Britain, or any other power, no matter how friendly certain of the press and citizens may be. The situation is best summed up in the cabled sentence: "We can have no correspondence with the Dutch Government, which might be twisted into a precedent by other powers attempting to open communication with us on the same subject. Our answer to President McKinley still holds. We can deal with nobody in this quarrel, but the enemy who has defied us."

DE WET SURROUNDED BY BLOCKHOUSE LINE

Lord Kitchener's Cordon Has now been Completed in Orange River Colony Boer Leader Can Raise 1000 Men

Special to The Times.

London, Feb. 6.—The correspondent of the London Times at Pretoria, in reviewing the war situation, says that British operations north of the Delagoa Railway have resulted in rounding up scattered groups of Boers at Pilgrim's Rest, under Schoeman. Commandant Irichardt lies to his men about the independence and the supremacy of the Boers and thus holds 250 of them at Sterkampsberg. Commandant Muller has 200 men near Belfast, and Beyers, with a few burghers is east of Pietersburg. South of the Delagoa line, the Boers under Viljoen and Prinsloo occasionally penetrate the constabulary lines. In this district ten armed burghers make a town unsafe at night. There are small commandoes in the Eastern Transvaal. The largest consists of 33 men, under Britz. The Orange River Colony line of blockhouses is complete from Heilbron to Botha's Pass, and from Kroonstadt to Harrismith. The Boers are being constantly harassed. General De Wet can bring together about 1,000 men in twenty-four hours. The completion of the two blockhouse lines is important, inasmuch as they, with those already built, enclose De Wet and the burghers still holding the hilly country in the north-eastern part of the Orange River Colony in a circumscribed area with block-house lines to north, south, and west, and the mountains to the east and render their capture much more probable.

GERMANY AND GREAT BRITAIN

A Better Feeling Now Existing Between the Two Great World Powers

London, Feb. 7—The annual report of the Bremen Chamber of Commerce draws attention to the fact that the exports of Germany to Great Britain and her colonies and the total British exports to Germany amounted, severally, in value, to close upon a milliard of marks. The report shows that the German export trade has developed chiefly by virtue of the fact that the British Empire treats all nations alike. Speaking of the pro-Boer agitations and the affect, the report states that those who are responsible for the "measureless agitation against the English," are only delaying the end of the war and are at the same time causing an estrangement which will seriously affect the commercial relations between the two countries and result in severe injury to Germany.

Some of the more prominent German journals are awakening to the true position of the Fatherland, and realize that Britain can strike that country such an economic blow that it would require decades for it to recover from the effect. The Weser Zeitung points out that if only one-twentieth part of the German exports to England were to be stopped, it would mean a loss of fifty million marks' worth of trade—a loss which would entirely fall upon the earning classes.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE CO'Y

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A Very Favorable Report Presented—Evidences of Public Confidence in the Company—Officers Elected

The fifth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, was held in the offices of the Company, 14 King street west, Toronto on Wednesday, January 29th, 1902. The shareholders were well represented at the meeting.

The President, Hon. J. R. Stratton, having taken the chair, the general manager, Mr. T. P. Coffee, acted as secretary to the meeting.

After reading the notice convening the meeting, the report of the directors was read and the balance sheet submitted.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting this, their fifth annual report, accompanied by the financial statement exhibiting the affairs of the company for the year ending the 31st December, 1901, together with the auditors' report verifying its correctness and reporting the examination of the securities.

From the report, it will be seen the profits for the year have been sufficient to enable the company, after payment of all expenses, to declare two half-yearly dividends at rate of five per cent. per annum, and, payment thereof, to carry forward to the credit of profit and loss account a balance of twenty-four thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars and forty-seven cents. ($24,155.47).

The amount charged to the expenses of the company during the year includes a considerable sum which was employed in making known to the public the advantages the company offers in the capacity of a trusts corporation. Your directors believe that such extension of the knowledge of the company's methods and standing will result in an appreciable and profitable increase of business.

The assets of the company have been invested in good securities yielding satisfactory rates of interest.

The number of appointments of the company to act as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, etc., has been satisfactory, and in addition to these a large number of wills appointing the company Executor and Trustee have been made and deposits in our vaults, besides many others made and held by the parties and of which notice has been given to the company.

The officials of the company, through your directors, desire to acknowledge the uniform courtesy shown them by the different officials of the courts of the province.

During the year many shareholders have availed themselves of the privilege of paying the uncalled portion of their subscription, and as the result the amount of paid up stock of the company has increased by the sum of ninety-six thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and twenty-seven cents ($96,327.27), making a total of one hundred and ninety-eight thousand, eight hundred and eighty-one dollars and ninety-eight cents. ($198,881.98), voluntarily paid up by the holders of partially paid stock since the privilege of making such payments was extended two years ago. The paid up capital stock is now $506,811.98.

It is a pleasure to your directors to be able to recognize the general efficiency of the officers, agents and staff of the company. They have all discharged their duties faithfully and satisfactorily.

J. R. STRATTON,
President.

The president, in moving the adoption of the report, said, in part:

Gentlemen,—The duty of moving the adoption of the fifth annual report of the company, is, in every way, a pleasant one. It is a pleasure to note that the condition of prosperity prevailing and which have for some time prevailed throughout the country, show no indications of a decline. There seems to be a marked aggressiveness in financial, commercial and industrial activities, especially the latter — the large number of companies seeking incorporation indicates that capital has confidence that the development of our resources of various kinds by industrial and other means will yield satisfactory results. The report gives evidence of careful and capable management and involves an encouraging outlook. The statement of last year, 1900, shows a profit and loss credit balance of $5,568.71. This has been increased this year by $18,586.76, leaving a sum to be carried forward of $24,155.47. The net earnings of the company last year amounted to $41,868.17, from which there was paid two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, of the amounts of $11,102.98 and $12,228.51, respectively, leaving to be carried forward the balance just mentioned. The interest rate earned upon the capital employed was a fraction over 9 per cent., a very satisfactory indication of earning power. Confidence on the part of shareholders is shown by the fact that since the last annual meeting the shareholders have practically expressed their appreciation of the value of an investment in our stock by the payment voluntarily of an additional amount of $96,327.27 on their stock, thus increasing the paid-up capital stock of the company to a total of $506,811.98. You will recognize the wisdom of having had included in the expenditure of the past year a considerable sum employed to increase the public knowledge of the advantages the company offers in its capacity as a trusts corporation. With this in mind, and with a favorable report presented in view, I feel that I am not unduly sanguine in predicting an increasingly prosperous future for the company. I have much pleasure in moving the adoption of the report.

Mr. D. W. Karn, vice-president, in seconding the adoption of the report, said that the directors deserved to be congratulated upon the excellent outcome of the year's operation of the company, and the shareholders also had every reason to be satisfied with their investment in the stock of the company. Good substantial dividends and the very considerable strengthening of the profit and loss account, the evidence the report afforded of the stability of the company, as well as its general prospects, must be gratifying to all.

Mr. C. Kloepfer, vice-president, in supporting the motion expressed his satisfaction with the showing of the report, an excellent earning power, safe investment of the company's assets, and the generally satisfactory condition of the company's affairs, the results of careful management.

Several of the shareholders also expressed their approval of the gratifying report presented, of the policy and practice of the company which had led to such satisfactory progress and to the gratifying increase of the profit and loss account.

The report was unanimously adopted and the following Board of Directors elected:

Hon. J. R. Stratton, W. J. McKee, Peter Hamilton, A. W. Campbell, Richard Hall, A. F. Rutter, Hon. Senator McMillan, A. F. MacLaren, M.P.; W. J. Sheppard, J. G. Wallace, A. C. Macdonell, C. Kloepfer, W. M. German, Alf. MacDougall, F. C. Taylor, A. L. Davis, F. M. Holland, A. M. MacKinnon, D. W. Karn, W. A. Stratton, T. S. Hobbs, T. P. Coffee, R. R. McLennan, M. P.

Subsequently at a meeting of the Board of Directors, Hon. J. R. Stratton was re-elected president, and Messrs. D. W. Karn and C. Kloepfer, vice-presidents.

Police Court

Two tramps, Laurin and Martin, who were given their liberty on Wednesday, returned to the police station the same evening and asked for a further term on the hill. Yesterday morning Magistrate Dumble granted them their wish and sent them to gaol for one month. These men were very anxious to get to Montreal, but evidently found the roads in a bad state.

T. A. S. READING.

Pleasant Entertainment, With Essay on Jacques Cartier.

In the T. A. S. entertainment hall last evening an enjoyable and interesting program was rendered, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid. The hall was comfortably filled by an appreciative audience, and every number on the program was most enthusiastically applauded. These consisted of solos by several members of the Society, duets, instrumentals, etc., followed by a carefully prepared and accurate account of the several voyages of that pioneer Breton discoverer, Jacques Cartier, descriptive of his enterprise, perseverance, tact and patriotism. At the conclusion of the paper, a short discussion took place on the merits of the article. The meeting closed with an instrumental duet.

These meetings are much appreciated by those who have the pleasure of hearing them, and much information on important subjects may be gleaned. It is the intention of the society shortly to enlarge their rooms by acquiring a vacant hall adjoining. The increase of membership and attendance renders such action almost imperative.

Nervous and Sleepless

Two horrors crowded into one life, the product of poor digestion, and the poisons that are thereby formed within the body. There's just one method of cure for this terrible condition—plenty of food, but mind, food properly digested. That's the difficulty—the digestive power of the stomach must be improved. Rich, red blood formed, strength given to the organs to drive out poisons; then comes strength, vigor and endurance. Ferrozone does all this and more; it makes sick people well; weak people strong. Use Ferrozone and you reap health. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

DAILY MAIL SERVICE

Has at Last Been Secured Between Lakefield and Young's Point

It will be good news to the people of Young's Point and neighborhood to learn that a daily mail service is to be established winter and summer between Lakefield and Young's Point. Yesterday Mr. J. H. McClellan received a letter from the Postmaster General in answer to a communication from the former, stating that a daily service had been decided on. Mr. McClellan is entitled to the thanks of the people of the Point and neighborhood for his efforts in their behalf. It is also gratifying to The Times to know that an additional field has been opened up for this great family journal. For a long time the children as well as the adults of Young's Point have cried in vain for their g.f.j. Now it is different. They are within the sphere of our "influence" and will no doubt flourish intellectually and morally as they never flourished before.

Special From Norwich, Ont.

The recovery of Mr. Norman Batty Hardware Merchant, one of Norwich's oldest and most successful citizens, has excited much comment. For years Mr. Batty has been an unceasing sufferer from Catarrhal Asthma, and although no end of time and money was spent relief was not obtained until Mr. Batty commenced Catarrhozone treatment, which perfectly cured him. This case is only equalled by that of Mrs. Bannon, wife of J. J. Bannon, druggist, who was also cured of Asthma and Hay Fever by Catarrhozone after 20 years' suffering. Fully a hundred persons in this town have been cured of catarrhal troubles by Catarrhozone, which is a remarkable proof of its value. Two months' treatment, price $1. Small size 25c. Sold by all druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE ONTARIO GOVERNMENT AND PROHIBITIONISTS

The Difficulties Which Beset the Administration in Ontario

WHAT WILL THE GOVERNMENT DO ABOUT IT

The Liquor Men are Fighting Hard Against a Referendum—Strong Protests From Prohibitionists

Toronto, Feb. 7.—The question of prohibition is the live one now before the Legislature. It is beginning to look as though the Government was getting into something like a panic on the question. Already five deputations have interviewed the Cabinet on the question. Two of these were from the extreme prohibitionists, one from the liquor dealers, one from the Board of Trade, presumably representing the banking and large financial concerns, and the one the other day of an academic character, pressing the advantages of the Gothenberg system.

It is said that the two last named have come to the Government at the suggestion of the Government itself. Several of the gentlemen on the last deputation are prominent members of the Dominion Alliance. The Cabinet Ministers, it is known, do not agree on the question. The Premier, Mr. Davis and Mr. Harcourt are known as personal prohibitionists. Mr. Gibson, Mr. Stratton and Mr. Latchford are strong antis, and it is believed if they had their way of it there would be no legislation introduced at all, in spite of the Premier's pledges, which, needless to say, are repugnant to them. The referendum has been decided upon, however, but where the pinch comes now is the fact that prohibitionists all over the province are waking up to the gravity of the situation. In other words, they are getting hot. The Government dare not hurt the liquor interests. If the prohibitionists acquire similar strength, the Government's position will be dangerous.

The proposal was made to the Ontario Government, at a private interview by a number of eminent educationists and religious leaders, that the Government, in the event of prohibition being adopted, should own the remaining means of dispensing liquor for medical, scientific, manufacturing, and other purposes. Among those present were Rev. J. A. MacDonald, editor of the Westminster; Dr. Courtice, editor of the Christian Guardian; Dr. Lowrey, John A. Patterson, Prof. Hume, Rev. P. C. Parker, Rev. Prof. Goodspeed, Ald. Urquhart, the Government promised the usual consideration. At the close of the conference, Dr. Courtice said: "The purpose of the deputation was to suggest to the Government that in the proposed legislation relating to the liquor traffic, provision should be made that the sale of intoxicating liquors for permitted purposes should be under direct Government control, and that the principle of Government ownership should be so far introduced into the liquor legislation of this country as to make it apply to the sale of liquors for these purposes under any prohibitory legislation which may be introduced.

"The Manitoba bill throws the permitted traffic entirely into the hands of wholesale and retail druggists, with restricted hours only for wholesalers, but not for retailers."

The question was tentatively raised by the deputation whether such provisions were best in the interests of the enforcement of laws.

A strong presentation was also made of the percentage of the vote on which prohibition had come into effect in several states of the Union, where now it is adopted as a constitutional amendment. In the first instance, the vote showed a small percentage in its favour, but after enforcement it gained in favour, so as to be carried by the necessary two-thirds.

Beyond the shadow of a doubt, Premier Ross will introduce a bill in the Legislature to submit the Liquor Act to the people of the province on the referendum principle. This was definitely stated by a man entrusted with the closest secrets, and in the absolute confidence of the existing administration. He told of a recent caucus in which the Premier declared that a sixty per cent. vote had not yet been decided upon, but that if a strong majority should be deemed necessary, three-fifths would most assuredly be selected, and, of course, the Government will not approve of the law prepared by the legislators of the Prairie Province, but simply say to the electorate, "This measure of prohibition has been favorably passed upon by the Privy Council. It is for you to say whether it shall be placed upon the statute books of Ontario or relegated to oblivion."

FATHER O'SULLIVAN CANED

Presented with an Address and Cane by Members of the C. O. F.

At a special meeting of the Catholic Order of Foresters, on Wednesday evening, the members of the lodge took occasion to present an address and gold-headed cane to Rev. Father O'Sullivan, who, for many years, has been connected with the order, and who has labored energetically to make it a success. The address was read by Mr. Joseph Maher, and was as follows:

Rev. J. F. O'Sullivan

Rev. and Dear Sir,—It was with feelings of deep regret that we, the members of St. Peter's Court, learned that we were about to lose our much revered Chaplain, through your departure from Peterborough. But we cannot allow you to leave without giving you some expression of the deep sense of regret we feel at our loss. And our appreciation and gratitude for the great interest you have taken in the affairs of the Court.

On all occasions you have been most anxious for our welfare, you have always encouraged and exhorted us to the faithful practice of our religious duties, and what is better still, your daily life has been a model of those Christian virtues you have inculcated by your earnest teachings.

We earnestly pray that you may be long spared to perform your priestly office. In conclusion, Rev. and Dear Father, we ask you to accept this cane as a slight token of the esteem in which you are held by the members of St. Peter's Court.

Signed on behalf of St. Peter's Court.

JOSEPH MAHER,
JAMES CLANCY,
JAS. F. BRYSON.

At the conclusion of the address, Mr. James Clancy presented Rev. Father O'Sullivan with a handsome gold-headed cane.

Rev. Father O'Sullivan replied, thanking the members for the present, and the kind wishes expressed in the address. His relations with them had ever been most cordial, and he would look back with pleasant recollections to the time he spent with them.

Deliciousness Defined And Fully Furnished In Malt Breakfast Food

Deliciousness means the quality of being delicious, very grateful to the taste or mind, the giving of delight and great pleasure.

These desired and essential qualities are amply furnished in Malt Breakfast Food, the great health food now so popular with our people.

The quality of deliciousness is but one of the many points of excellence possessed by Malt Breakfast Food. Its satisfying qualities are quickly noted by all users. It favors the appetite and digestion in a way that no other food can do. It is so easy to digest that young people can live and thrive on it. Invalids find it a sustaining food, soothing to the weak stomach and always tolerated. Its regular use blesses the dyspeptic, as it corrects impaired appetite and gives renewed vigor to the organs of digestion. It requires but one trial to convince young and old of its many superior advantages. Ask your grocer for it.

CAPT. CAMPBELL HERE

A Young Canadian who is an Officer in the Imperial Government

Captain Donald Campbell, D.S.O. of the 3rd Battn. Lancashire Fusiliers was in town on Wednesday, the guest of Mr. C. H. Bradburn. Capt. Campbell is a nephew of Mr. Barlow Cumberland, but his old home is in Simcoe. He is one of a number of young Canadians who have received commissions in the imperial service, and who have acquitted themselves with credit to their country. He is now on furlough, after seeing considerable service in South Africa, where he served under General Buller, and was present at Spion Kop and Colenso on the day of the deadly conflict between Britain and the Boers. He was severely wounded at Spion Kop. Captain Campbell has the distinguished honor of being made member of the Distinguished Service Order. He can relate many very exciting experiences in connection with the present war.

THE ANGLO AMERICAN

A Splendid Showing Made at the Annual Meeting

We heartily congratulate the directors and shareholders of the Anglo-American Insurance Company on the result of the year's operations, as set forth in the financial statement which appears elsewhere in this issue, and which was submitted to the annual meeting of the Company, held at the head office, Toronto, on Tuesday last.

This is the third annual meeting of this young company. The excellent business done during the past year shows that its affairs are being carefully and wisely managed.

The President, Mr. S. F. McKinnon, in moving the adoption of the report, pointed out that insurance rates have increased materially in Canada during the past year, and expressed the opinion that perhaps the rates are not yet high enough in view of the risk assumed, the fire waste throughout the Dominion being very large. This may be true enough when the whole field of insurance is viewed scientifically, but the report shows that that company has done a marvellous business since its organization. The directorate is composed of prominent business men, and Mr. S. F. McKinnon and Mr. J. J. Long, President and Vice-President, attributed much of the success to Mr. Armstrong Dean, the efficient manager, and his competent staff. The company shows a net balance of $31,679.55 for the year. Adding to this the surplus from the previous year, $23,530.78, the company carries forward to profit and loss $55,210.33.

On the board of directors is Mr. Hugh Waddell, of Peterborough, one of our most wealthy, successful and esteemed citizens.

CHANDOS

The snow is getting deep, and the roads were badly blocked after the storm.

Messrs. Dennis Hobbins and John Armstrong, of town, were the guests of Mr. Jas. Scott on Sunday.

Mr. John Managan has been appointed President of the Chandos Cheese factory for another year.

Mr. Hugh Clancy has returned from Swan River to visit his [illegible]. He intends returning in the spring.

Miss Annie Hobbins has returned after visiting friends at [illegible].

Miss Nellie O'Brien is visiting friends in town.

"WELL BOUGHT—HALF SOLD"

In buying [illegible] half the success is in [illegible] the right time and stock, in making one's purchases with intelligence and having a knowledge of the property you are buying. To provide such for our large clientele, we have issued for free distribution a handsome, cloth bound, illustrated, 400 page

"Guide to Investors,"

said to be the best and most complete work upon Wall Street, its markets and campaigns ever issued. We also send free, upon request, our

"Daily Market Letter,"

an unusually correct synopsis of the markets and its probable movements.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

CORRESPONDENT OFFICES — The only licensed [illegible] Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg.

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Canada.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 7, 1902

A PROSPEROUS COMPANY

Elsewhere will be found the report of the fifth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Trusts and Guarantee Company, which was held at the offices of the company, in Toronto on Jan. 29th.

The financial statement showed the company to be in a very prosperous condition.

The President and Directors deserve to be congratulated upon the result of the year's operations. It shows that the affairs of the company have been wisely administered.

Hon. J. R. Stratton was re-elected President and Messrs. D. W. Karn and C. Kloepfer, Vice-Presidents.

THE LATE REV. DR. ANDREWS

The Funeral will Take Place on Friday Afternoon at Three O'clock

Arrangements have been completed for the funeral of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews of Keene, which will take place on Friday afternoon at three o'clock. A public service will be held under the direction of the Peterborough Presbytery, Rev. A. C. Reeves of Campbellford will conduct the service, the address will be delivered by Rev. D. A. Thompson, of Hastings, whose long association with the deceased in the work especially fits him for the task. A large number of the other ministers in the Peterborough Presbytery will be present and will also pay tribute to the memory of one whom all revered.

Paine's Celery Compound

Will Restore To Perfect Health Weakened And Enfeebled Victims of Grippe

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT CAN ERADICATE THE POISONOUS DREGS OF THE DEADLY DISEASE

Up to the present time Grippe has been prevalent in every province of our Dominion. Thousands of formerly strong men and healthy women have been laid low and many brought near the gates of death. In a multitude of cases the terrible malady has left poisonous dregs that will in time lead to deadly disease unless great care is exercised.

In former winter seasons when Grippe proved even more severe than at the present time, it was found by physicians that Paine's Celery Compound worked prompt and effective cures for victims of Grippe. After an attack of the dreaded disease, the first great work is to make the blood pure and tone up the weakened nervous system. Paine's Celery Compound does this work as no other medicine can do. It furnishes nervous energy, puts the digestive organs in perfect condition, builds up flesh and tissue, and gives that full measure of strength that guarantees permanent good health. Every weak, enfeebled, and physically shattered man, woman and child should use Paine's Celery Compound at this time. The best test of the curing virtues of the great medicine is the use of one bottle.

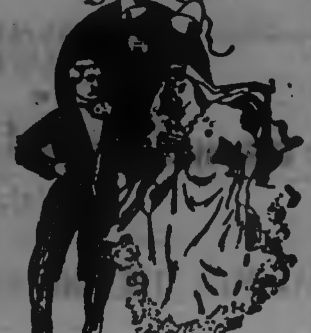
KILLED BY ELECTRIC SHOCK

The Secretary of the Lindsay Y.M.C.A. Meets a Sudden Death

Mr. J. B. Walker, secretary of the Lindsay branch of the Y.M.C.A., met a very sudden and unexpected death yesterday morning. It appears that Mr. Walker was in the cellar making some change in the position of the electric light wires, when he received a very heavy shock which caused instant death. Mr. Walker was well known in Y.M.C.A. circles in town and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a native of Orangeville, and leaves a widow and infant child to mourn his death.

THE NEW YEAR BRIDE

These New Year bells, these New Year bells,
Their clangor echoes far and wide;
Through snow-laid dells
Their triumph swells.
They ring my love a happy bride.
Joy bears each note,
As far they float,
And all the air is filled with pride.



These New Year bells, these New Year bells,
How softly mellow rings their tone!
Their joy it wells
In rhythmic swells,
And dies far on the snowy zone;
And a ripple fair
Runs high in air
That winter's day so fair has grown.

These New Year bells, these New Year bells,
They come by the mountain side,
Through frozen fells,
They weave their spells,
That ring my love a happy bride.
O'er vale and hill
The tremors thrill,
And earth and air is filled with pride.

A Naval Battle on Horseback.

GENERAL PAEZ was the first president of the republic of Venezuela, and to him perhaps, more than to any other man, with the exception of Simon Bolivar, Venezuela owes her independence. Paez was a llanero—cowboy—on the llanos or plains of the Orinoco, and at the age of eighteen was superintendent of a large cattle estate. One of the most remarkable incidents of modern warfare, in which Paez played the principal part, is chronicled in Mr. W. E. Curtis's book on Venezuela.

General Paez is the only man who ever fought a naval battle on horseback. With his cavalry he actually attacked and captured a fleet of ships.

While Bolivar was trying to cross the Apure River with his army, during the struggle for independence, he was prevented by a half-dozen or more of Spanish gunboats, which anchored in the stream and moved up and down as he did.

"I would give the world to have possession of that flotilla," exclaimed he to Paez, who had then risen to be second in command, "for I can never cross the river as long as it is there! If it belonged to us, instead of to the enemy, the crossing would be an easy matter."

"I will have those flecheras (ships) or die!" exclaimed Paez; and, calling upon his llaneros—his regiment of cowboys—he said: "Let those follow Tio who dare!"

"Tio" was the pet name by which Paez was known among his reckless followers, but he never used it himself except in an emergency.

He spurred his stallion into the stream, followed by three thousand llaneros, and their horses, which are taught to swim as well as to gallop carried them directly to the gunboats.

It was night. The Spanish fleet was taken entirely unawares. The llaneros clambered from their saddles to the decks of the vessels, and then let their horses swim back to shore. Thus, after cutting off their own retreat, it was a question of win or die. They fought desperately, and every vessel was captured.

It is not surprising that more people live to be over 100 years old in warm climates than in the higher latitudes. The German Empire, with 55,000,000 inhabitants, has 778 centenarians. France, with 40,000,000, has 213. England has only 146, and Scotland 46. Sweden has 10, Norway 23, Belgium 5, Denmark 2, Spain 401, and Switzerland none. Servia, with a population of 2,250,000, has 575 people over 100 years old. It is claimed that the oldest living person, one Bruno Cotrim, living in Rio de Janeiro, is 150 years old.

Eyes and Nose ran Water.—C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in ten minutes." 50 cents.—17

Sold by H. H. Mitchell.

AN EXCITING EXPERIENCE.

"I had an experience the other day that just about beats anything that ever happened to me," said a well known citizen to a Times man. "I was walking along Stewart street when a woman ran from one of the houses, screaming at the top of her lungs. It was about three o'clock in the afternoon, broad daylight. She saw me and began to beckon frantically. I broke into a run, and when I reached her I asked what was the matter. She was as white as a sheet and shaking like a leaf. 'It's in the kitchen! It's in the kitchen!' she cried; and that was all the satisfaction I could get out of her. She had left the front door open and I went in. She followed close behind me, and from her actions I thought some crime had been committed. I pulled myself together before I entered the kitchen, but there didn't seem to be anything wrong. 'Now, madam,' I said, 'perhaps you will be kind enough to tell me what you are creating all this fuss about.' She pointed to the coal scuttle and gasped, 'It's in there!' I looked, and what do you suppose I saw? A mouse! The scuttle was nearly empty and there were some bread crumbs in the bottom. The mouse had evidently jumped in after the crumbs, and then couldn't climb the sides again. I picked it out by the tail and gave it a rap on the floor. That woman was just as profuse in her thanks as though I had

When Rheumatism doubles a man up physician and sufferer alike lose heart and often despair of a cure, but here's the exception. Wm. Pegg, of Norwood, Ont., says: "I was nearly doubled up with rheumatism. I got three bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure and they cured me. It's the quickest acting medicine I ever saw."—43

Sold by H. H. Mitchell.

Crowning English Queens.

"In looking forward to the coronation of King Edward," writes Eleanor Cobby in The London Queen, "we all feel how much of grace and beauty and interest the presence of Queen Alexandra will lend to the splendors of the scene, and, as a rule, most English Queens have been solemnly crowned, whether they reigned in their own right or as wives of royal husbands. To this rule, however, there are seven exceptions. The first was Margaret of France, the young, plain, amiable second wife of Edward I. He had spent so much money in conquering Wales and in trying to conquer Scotland that he could not afford the expense of a coronation for his girl bride, and she had to do without the splendors of the pageant.

King Henry VIII. took care that Anne Boleyn should be crowned with extreme magnificence. He desired to show the world how much he loved her and how very much he defied the Bishop of Rome. The four wives who succeeded her were never crowned at all. For one thing, money ran short, and for another, there may have lurked, even in his masterful mind, a sense of the 'fitness of things' which may have caused him to shrink from publicly crowning so many ladies in such rapid succession. At any rate, the beloved Jane Seymour, the despised Anne of Cleves, the girlish Catherine Howard and the wary Catherine Parr were never consecrated in public as Queen-consorts of England.

"Henrietta Maria, wife of Charles I., refused to be crowned. She was young, she was pretty, she was a French Princess and a bigoted Roman Catholic, and she declined to take part in a State function which would compel her to partake of the Sacrament according to Church of England rites.

"Sophia Dorothea of Zell cannot be reckoned amongst the seven, because she was never called Queen of England at all. While George I. was being crowned, and anointed and—bored, the Lady of Ahlden was pining in her long monotonous captivity.

"Caroline of Brunswick is the last and most remarkable instance of the uncrowned English Queens. Though George IV. had been forced from popular indignation to give up the bill of pains and penalties against her, nothing would induce him to let her share his coronation. She was not permitted to be present in Westminster Abbey at all. Repulsed from all the entrances, she returned to her house, to die within three weeks of a violent fever, brought on by months of fearful excitement. The strained cord snapped. The brave heart was broken at last."

A Colored Mayor.

There is one colored Mayor in the United States—Isiah T. Montgomery the wealthiest man in Mound Bayou, Miss. Leslie's Weekly discovered him recently and has furnished a sketch of his very interesting career:—

"Mr. Montgomery came into prominence several months ago at the convention of colored men held in Chicago, where his views upon the negro question elicited much admiration. His career has been one of unusual interest, as he was born a slave on the plantation of Jefferson Davis in Mississippi. Noticing the boy's brightness, the late President of the Confederacy made him a sort of body servant, and he was taught to read and write. With this start he practically educated himself, and when the slaves on the Davis plantation were liberated Montgomery started north to earn his living. He accumulated a few thousand dollars and, returning to Mississippi, conceived the idea of founding a town for the industrious members of his own race who could obtain work from the whites, and who were unsuccessful in working for themselves. He leased plots of ground which he had purchased at a low rental, with the result that negro families flocked to this portion of Mississippi from all portions of the Gulf States. To-day the town has a population of nearly 1,000, contains several important industries, as well as churches and schools. It is what might be called a one-man town, for the Mayor has planned and carried out about everything of importance in it. It is the market for a section of the country fifty to seventy-five miles around it, and one of the most important railway stations on the Illinois Central."

Jerusalem's Water Supply.

To a Greek engineer, Mr. Franghia, is due the long-delayed inauguration of a new water supply for Jerusalem. Time was when the Holy City was well supplied with water, as, indeed, all ancient cities were. Solomon's Pool was one of the ancient sources, or rather reservoirs, for into it were discharged four fountains and aqueducts from two more distant sources. From the Pool two aqueducts ran into the city, known as the high-level and low-level aqueducts. The former of these long ago ceased to be available, but the latter has done duty in a perfunctory sort of way from Bethlehem. From that place a new four-inch iron pipe has now been laid in as direct a line as possible, over hill and valley, and it was the turning on of the water thus delivered in the city that was celebrated in November. All Jerusalem assisted at the glad event. The pipe delivers the water at two points—the Haram or Temple area, were it will be available to Moslems only, and at the fountain erected in the Valley of Hamom by Sultan Suleiman Ibn Selim in the sixteenth century. Here the water will be free to all, Christian, Moslem and Jew. The ceremony of the inauguration in the Temple area—the Great Mosque of Omar—was quite simple. The Pasha and the authorities assembled early in the morning, and after a short religious service the nine brass taps inserted in the last section of the piping were turned on. The water will eventually be let into the great fountain called El Kas. The officials tasted the water, the band played, and the people cheered after their fashion. At the other outlet, which was inaugurated in the afternoon, the public attended in large numbers, and the place was made gay with garlands and flags. The Pasha having declared the supply open, the taps were turned on, and there was a general rush for the water which had been brought so wonderfully and incomprehensively up the steep Valley of Hannam. The siphon action in hydraulics is not a thing which enters into the calculations of even the most learned of Syrians and Turks. Henceforth, then, the Holy City will be in no danger of the water famine which has often afflicted it. The Pasha and the municipality had done their best, and at the beginning of the year arranged for water being brought up by train in large tanks. An iron pipe and a little science have now done what the Turks and their tanks could not do, and Jerusalem is rejoicing over the boon of living water.

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,250 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

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Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

The Bargain of the Future.

AN honest man entered the store of a clothier one day, and in reply to the query as to what could be done for him on that particular occasion, he assumed a humble pose and replied:

"Sir, I wish to furnish you proof that I am what I am."

"I cannot doubt your honesty," said the clothier, "but still proofs are proofs, and you may submit your documents."

"Do you remember that I was in your store six months ago?"

"Alas! I do not; but you look like a man of truth, and I will not gainsay you."

"I was here, sir, and bought this suit of clothes of you. It had been marked down from fifteen dollars to eight dollars and fifty cents."

"Yes, I recognize the cloth, and I grieve to think that I lost six dollars and fifty cents on that suit. I had to mark them down to make room for the quick-lunch business on the other side."

"You warranted the dye," continued the honest man, "and there has been no fading or crocking. I cannot say that you lied to me."

"And the price was right?"

"It was. I hug the delusion that I found a bargain."

"Then what is the cause of thy complaint?"

"It is no complaint, oh, clothier. It is that after I had got miles away I found a ten-dollar bill in the trousers pocket."

"A ten-dollar bill in the pocket of an eight-dollar-and-fifty-cent suit," mused the clothier. "Here, Ikey, come forward and explain."

"I—I was tempted," said the young man, as he trembled before his employer.

"So? Then it was you who substituted a ten for a twenty, and made this honest man a journey to get his just dues? Go, bring me a new, crisp ten, and later on I will see to your case."

"I would not that he come to poverty," said the honest man.

"He shall not, but I will stop it out of his wages and humble him to the dust. I always give a twenty-dollar bill with every eight-dollar-and-fifty-cent suit, and here is your balance. Take it, sir, with many apologies; and if I have put you to any expense, remember that all my eighteen-dollar overcoats have been marked down to nine dollars and a fifty-dollar bill placed in each pocket to close them out quickly and make room for a chicken-farm in the rear end of the store."—Detroit "Free Press."

A Remarkable Shot.

"HELLO, Ike!" said Perkins, as that individual walked into the store. "How'd you make out gunnin' to-day?"

"Tole'ble, jest tole'ble; that's all. I got four black ducks, six broad-bill, and ten winters."

"I must say that's pretty good shootin' for one day," said Perkins.

"'Twas putty fair; but I should have got more yet if my shells hadn't gin out."

"That so?" said the constable. "'Twas hard luck and 'minds me o' one day 'bout four year ago, when I went down tu the medders gunnin' with thet old muzzle-loader er mine. I fooled 'round all day, till I had only one charge of powder left. Birds had been comin' 'long, one in a flock, and now and then tew lone ones, and all of 'em out er range, and I didn't git a bird. I was kinder discouraged; hadn't had a good shot all day. But just as I was gittin' out of the stand I heard a goose hollerin', and I crouched down quick, I can tell yer, and purty soon he landed plump down in the slough-hole in front of me, where my decoys was. I was just tu the south of the deacon's medder—you fellers remember how the marsh there is very narrer and runs right clus up to the beach—and my stand was just abreast of thet low place on the beach they call the blow-hole. Wa-al, I moved 'round keerful, and got a bead on the old goose, when he must have smelt me, fer jest as I was goin' tu let him hev it he begun swimmin' away from me. I didn't want tu lose him, so I begun to whistle him back, and, if you'll believe me, as I was a-sittin' there, what should I see comin' up by the blow-hole but a red fox. Boys, I'd hev given my hull farm for another charge of powder and shot thet minute, I guess. The goose by this time had circled round and begun tu come towards me agin, and the fox was a-standin' still. Gradually the old goose was gittin' in line with thet fox. 'By thunder!' 's I, 'if I can git 'em in a line there's a chance of gittin' 'em both.' In another minute they was right in line, and I let 'em have it. Just as I fired, a bluefish jumped out of the water from a school on 'em thet was chasin' bait inshore. I shot the goose plum through the head, lamed the fox so he couldn't run, and killed thet bluefish as he drifted ashore, and I got the hull three."

"Boys," said Perkins solemnly, "if you'll step into the back room I'll set up the cider."—"Judge."

What He Came For.

A learned judge who was one of the guests at a dinner was unexpectedly called upon to reply to a toast. Recovering somewhat from his surprise, he said that his situation reminded him of the story of a man who fell into the water while he was fishing.

With no little difficulty he was rescued, and after he had regained his breath and was in a fairly comfortable condition, his rescuer asked him how he came to fall into the water.

"I did not come to fall into the water," replied the unfortunate fisherman. "I came to fish."

Misconceptions.

"A good story comes from Sydney," says the London "Globe," "where letters have been received from two American business firms asking whether communications to Australian merchants should be written in English or 'in the language of the country.' It recalls an astonishing trade circular received a short time ago by a business firm in Glasgow from a German manufacturer, also written in what his versatile clerk had apparently taken for the language of the country. It was in the best 'kailyard' style, and spoke of a 'muckle consignment o' shoon-thing.'"

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 25."

A Woman's Plea For Man's Rights.

THE papers had a story the other day that the President had refused promotion to an army officer because he had jilted his fiancee. Whether this is true or not, it's interesting. The President is a chivalrous man, and whatever he did really do about the officer's promotion, we may be sure that he condemned him for his ungallant behavior to the lady. Most men would condemn him. To go back on your best girl—especially when the wedding-cards are printed and the trousseau ready—is an offence few men would condone. Singularly enough, women—who are the sufferers by it—are very lenient to this infirmity of purpose.

I have often heard girls say, writes Josephine Bonner in the "Argonaut," that they would rather be jilted than married to a man who had lost his affection for them, and I think they told the truth. When Pope said every woman was at heart a rake he expressed his idea in coarse, eighteenth century English. What he meant to say was that every woman is at heart a sentimentalist. However fate and fortune may make her marry, she has her little dream of marrying for love. Presupposing that she is a "nice girl," she would rather be left like Ariadne than go on into the dark and unexplored places of matrimony with a man who no longer cared for her. I am inclined to think her respect for the man would not suffer much—might possibly increase—if he had the temerity to rise up and tell her he had made a mistake and did not love her. Women have been doing this themselves since Pandora opened the box, and nobody blamed them. It was a lady's privilege to change her mind, and that settled it. Maybe we are beginning to feel that the privilege is a little one-sided, and that down-trodden man ought now and then to have a holiday when he, too, can have caprices and not know whether he loves Polly or Sally best.

There is another point in his favor which the men who condemn him do not consider—the courage it takes. It takes nerve to head a cavalry charge in battle, to stand up in a duel, to enter a burning building, but it is nothing to the nerve it must take to look a loving woman in the eye and tell her you don't care for her. Men have not been doing this for centuries as women have, and they do not really understand the fell horror of it. I have no doubt many have gone so far as the front door, or even the hat-rack in the hall, fully intending to break their fetters; then, at the sound of a foot on the stairs, a frou-frou of skirts, have felt their courage oozing away, and decided a lifetime of living a lie was better than dealing one decisive, staggering blow. I don't know whether they were heroes, knaves, or fools—one often is confused in such decisions. Men, I think, would approve of them; women would be sentimentally harrowed, and in their hearts be just a little contemptuous.

The heroism of the situation would depend entirely on how the man acted for the next—say, twenty years. Anybody can be heroic for a moment; time is the test of the real thing. It would seem one of those noble, foolish actions, like the charge of the Light Brigade, which would be pitiful if they were not grand—to spend a lifetime living such a futile lie. It would be so little worth while, so little gain, for such a large expenditure of suffering. Whereas, if the man were not of the mould of heroes, let his wife see he had married her under protest, and that she bored him to death—what would be the gain then? Even if she had not a grain of pride, the woman could hardly be happy with such begrudged attentions and ungrateful companionship. As for the man, he would brood on his wrongs and bemoan his one moment of unselfishness, till a bear with a sore head would be an amiable companion compared to him. In the general distribution of new twentieth century privileges, I don't see why the right to change the mind in matters sentimental should not be now and then extended to the male of the species.

A Query.

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia "Record."

The Origin of a Name.

DR. GEORGE DAVIDSON of the University of California has been wondering for four years past how Cape Nome got its name. Geography is his special field, and it is his professional concern to know the wherefore of geographical names. But "Nome" beat him. He set to work to trace it back to its origin, and the earliest appearance he could find for it was in a British Admiralty chart of 1853. That led him to surmise that the cape was named by officers of the English frigates "Herald" and "Plover" during an expedition in search of Sir John Franklin. So he wrote to the Admiralty Office in London to enquire if there were any "Nomes" on the list of men who sailed in those vessels. The reply, recently communicated by Dr. Davidson to the "National Geographic Magazine," was that when the chart in question was first made, aboard the "Herald," attention was called to this point by the mark (?Name). The chart was sent home in a hurry, and the draughtsman who inked it made the mark read "C. Name." But he did not make his "a" distinctly, and the Admiralty hydrographer made it "C. Nome." And so Cape Nome the point has been ever since, and is likely to remain so until it gets rich enough to support a board of aldermen. Then its name will be changed, for that is one of the mischiefs that aldermen can be trusted to do.

Easy Indifference.

"Why did we arrive late and leave before the opera was over?" asked the youngest daughter; "it was very enjoyable." "Of course it was," answered Mrs. Cumrox, "but, my dear, we had to show people that we didn't care whether we got our money's worth or not."—Washington "Star."

The orator commenced his peroration with these words: "As Lady Godiva said towards the end of her memorable ride, 'I am nearing my clothes.'"—"Sporting Times."

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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

The first monument ever erected to a cook is about to be inaugurated in Paris. The chef in question is Urbain Dubois, who labored in the German Emperor's kitchen.

A new volume of reminiscences by Dean Hole quotes the following extraordinary prayer as offered by a loyal but certainly injudicious English clergyman on behalf of Queen Adelaide, the wife of William IV.: "Oh Lord, save Thy servant, our sovereign lady, the queen; grant that as she grows an old woman she may become a new man; strengthen her with Thy blessing that she may live a pure virgin, bringing forth sons and daughters to the glory of God, and give her grace that she may go forth before her people like a he goat on the mountains."

Certain creeds seem to monopolize certain industries. Practically all British manufacturers of cocoa, for example, are Quakers. In London a very large percentage of cigar merchants and all the best-known manufacturers of Christmas cards are Jews. Whenever a Welshman goes to London to seek his fortune it is long odds on his making his pile either in the draper's or drug store business. Irishmen, probably owing to the fact that they lack the money-making instinct, flock to journalism.

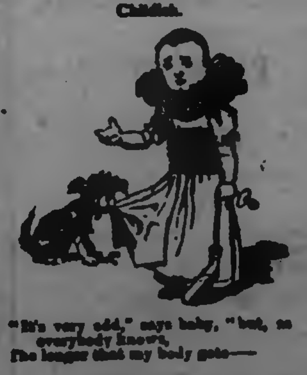
Gasolene is, it appears, the fuel most suitable for submarines; but human sensations give no sure warning when its collected fumes are becoming dangerous. White mice, however, are said to be extremely sensitive to this poison, and perish incontinently before human beings begin to suffer the slightest ill-effects. So in all submarines of the future cages full of white mice are to be kept on the floor, whence the heavy emanations gradually rise, and it will always be someone's duty to go round and see how the mice are getting on.

Much interest attaches to the recent discovery at Combarelles, in the department of Dordogne, France, of a cave the rock walls of which are decorated with engraved figures, some of which are rudely colored, representing such animals as the horse, the cow, the bison, the reindeer, the mammoth and the wild goat. Most of these pictures, which number more than 100, are covered with a stalagmitic deposit, partially or entirely concealing them. It is believed that they were made in paleolithic times, and that they furnish evidence that the reindeer and the mammoth lived in France contemporaneously with the artists of the cavern.

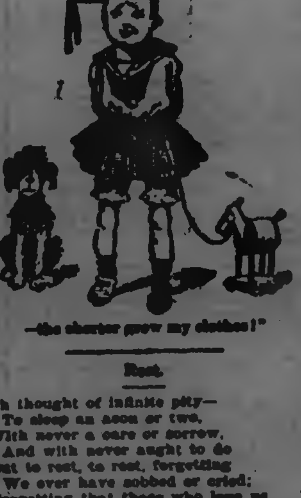
It is a curious fact that the present session of the United States Congress contains no negro member. With the exception of a brief period from 1887 to 1889, this is the first session in thirty-two years when this has been the case. The first colored man to be sent to Congress was J. Willis Menard of New Orleans, who was elected to fill a vacancy in 1868. In 1870 Hiram R. Revels took his seat in the Senate, the first negro to be seated in that body. Blanche K. Bruce was the only other negro to enter the Senate. The Forty-Fourth Congress, which sat from 1875 to 1877, may be called the black Congress, since there were eight members in both branches.

There is an historical reason for the baneful repute of the opal. Two or three centuries ago the stone was popular in Europe, and the jewelers of Italy were especially cunning in its setting. At the height of its popularity came the plague, which made havoc in Venice. It was noticed by some observant person in that city that when a victim was at the point of death, his opal, if he wore one, brightened, while after death it became dull. As this accession of brilliance implied a sort of malignant purpose or intelligence in the stone, it was charged with the death of its owner. It never occurred to the scientists of that time to turn the incident around the other way, and see if the patient had anything to do with the opal. But that was the way of it: the heightened fever just before death caused the stone, which is affected by heat, to become more brilliant, and the chill and damp afterward dulled it.

Childish.



"It's very odd," says baby, "but, as everybody knows,
The longer that my body gets—



—the charter grow my clothes!"

Rest.

Ah thought of infinite pity—
To sleep an aeon or two,
With never a care or sorrow,
And with never aught to do
But to rest, to rest, forgetting
We ever have sobbed or cried;
Forgetting that those who love us
And those whom we love have died.
—GRACE HIBBARD.

A Practical View.

Struggling pastor—The collections have fallen off terribly. Practical wife—It's that new vestryman who passes the plate; he never watches what people put in.—"New York Weekly."

A Fashionable Sham.

A SHORT time after Mme. Sybil Sanderson's first debut in New York, when the papers were ringing with praises of her jewels, her beauty and her voice, she was the guest of honor at a dinner-party, at which her hostess remarked: "Those jewels that you wore in 'Manon,' Miss Sanderson, are the most beautiful that I have ever seen." "Good heavens!" cried Miss Sanderson, "you didn't think that they were real, did you? These are only stage jewels. If they had been real, I would deserve all that the American papers have said about me."

"The New York "Sun" declares that fashionable women are at present wearing quantities of false jewels cleverly made, and perfectly set in gold in simulation of the real article. One of the pictures of the Duchess of Manchester which was printed in the newspapers showed her wearing a pearl necklace which was said to be "the famous Manchester pearls." This claim was knocked in the head only the other day when a New York firm of manufacturers of imitation jewels began a suit against the duke for something like six hundred dollars for this very necklace for which his grace had failed to pay. "It has only been within the last few seasons," adds the "Sun," "that this vogue of artificial jewelry has become fixed. . . The possession of genuine pearls, for instance, is possible only to the very few, for necklaces of well-matched pearls are worth small and even large fortunes. Many of the most perfectly matched ropes have taken years in their accumulation, while others are heirlooms that have passed from one generation to another in the royal families of Europe. When the pearl necklace became so fashionable in America there was a demand for them that could not be supplied, and now nine-tenths of the beautiful ropes that are worn are false. The new imitation pearls are indistinguishable from the real except under a glass and to the eye of an expert. They are perfect in shape, finish, color, and the wonderful satiny surface that gives the pearl its beauty. . . . The diamond imitations are only effective at night, for this stone is one which most successfully defies the art of imitation. A counterfeit pearl takes an expert for its detection, while any one at all accustomed to handling diamonds can readily discover the imitation stone. The Paris makers are sending to this country now some very clever products in this line, the settings being artistic, and the stones tiny and closely set. These are extremely effective at night, and are worn for stage purposes by many actresses who are famous for their so-called diamond collections. These imitations are not cheap. On the contrary, they are constantly advancing in price. For hair ornaments the imitation stones are in much demand. There are some who say that they really outglisten the genuine diamond under the electric light. But they are impossible for wear in the daylight, and by no means approach the degree of perfection to which the pearl counterfeit has been brought."

Dinner at a Hundred Dollars a Plate.

ONE of the most remarkable private dinners in the history of Delmonico's was given in New York lately by Mr. George Kaye. For the pleasure of entertaining nine guests from fifteen minutes past seven o'clock until half-past ten o'clock, Mr. Kaye transformed the Red Room of Delmonico's into a miniature bower in a pine forest, and spread before them a repast which cost him about one hundred dollars for each of the ten covers laid. Hundreds of pine-boughs had been brought from the woods, and these were so adjusted upon the walls, ceiling and floor of the apartment as to completely conceal their original character. Invisible wires were stretched through them and connected with hundreds of small incandescent electric light globes, which peeped out from the green boughs on walls and ceiling. Each globe was shaped like an orchid, and shone with a pale-green light that lent reality to the semblance of the rare, woodland flower. Over the crash that covered the floor had been strewn pine-boughs, tangles of thick woodland moss, and bushels of autumn leaves in all their rich tints of scarlet, yellow and gray. A round table, eight feet in diameter, made of unfinished oak, rose from the litter of moss and leaves, and its stout legs were completely covered with green and gray moss. Ranged around the table were the ten chairs, each of which, especially built for this occasion, was made of black birch-boughs, fashioned in varied rustic designs and with the bark left on the surface. The center of the table was a mound of maiden-hair fern, moss and oak-leaves in their autumnal tints. Twenty or thirty electric globes, like those peeping from the walls, were arranged among the ferns and mosses in the center of the table, and in front of each cover was a cluster of thirty of the rarest of natural green orchids that the hothouses of New York could supply. There was no other illumination of the room than that furnished by the green globes of the small electric lights, and the effect was like that of twilight in a pine forest. The name-cards for each guest were painted on oak-leaves, and the menus on squares of white birch-bark about ten by seven inches in size. The wines were all of the rarest and most expensive vintages.

Trapped.

Theodore—It's all right, darling. I have met your father, and we took to one another at once. He even went so far as to borrow ten dollars of me. Surely, he can't refuse me your hand after that.

Edith—Dory, I'm afraid you've made a mess of it. Pa told me about the ten dollars, and said I'd better let you slide; that you were too easy.—Boston "Transcript."

At the Author's Front Door.

Messenger-boy—Is this Mr. Ernest Seton-Thompson's, or Mr. Ernest Thompson-Seton's, or Mr. Thompson-Seton's, or Mr. Ernest Thoton-Sheompson's? Maid—Wait a minute, can't you. He didn't say what it would be to-day. I'll go and ask him.—Cleveland "Plain Dealer."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir"—"Wasp."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. G. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

Houses For Sale

$750—For 7 rooms, stable and large lot at Auburn. Easy terms.
$400—For house, stable and ½ acre near McDonald's Mill.
$950—For brick house, stable and garden near Electric Works.
$325—For cottage near Wm. Hamilton's. $10 cash and $5 per month.

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Bird Life

has as many complications as ours. That's why "COTTAMS" Seed is so effective in promoting health and song. We are studying birds all the time, and the results of our experience is embodied in every packet.

[illegible]

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 10 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K. C., R. F. McWilliams, LL. B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. R. A. Peck, R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 16 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. R. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger, Glazier, etc.; 341 Aylmer street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 354 Park Street—Painting, Interior Lettering, Kalsomining, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 354 Park street.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

All sexual complaints, especially Kidney diseases [illegible]

PAY WHEN CURED.

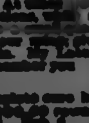
You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. [illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG: Your Latest Method Treatment acted the way you said it would, my endurance was good, and the weakness entirely disappeared. [illegible]

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT CURES

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG,



ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

ADVERTISE

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

THE
Most Perfect Stove
MADE
THE
STAR
Patented March 10th, 1894,
BY
Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and so mounted to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	[illegible]	9 in.	[illegible]
1	[illegible]	9 in.	[illegible]
2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3	[illegible]	12 in.	[illegible]
4	[illegible]	15 in.	[illegible]

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard rooms the size of which is 45 by 25 feet, with 15 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal,

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large rooms where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood stoves cost us $2.00 every week for fuel and the Star stove, which we are now using, costs us only $1.00, making a saving of $1 per week in the price of fuel—which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove that is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.
M. J. Burns, Chairman Trustees.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,
Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

News and Opinions
—OF—
NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.

THE SUN ALONE
CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail ....$6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail ....$8 a year

The Sunday Sun
is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail $2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 30c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs	1.00
Best 35c Japan Tea, 3 lbs	1.00
Best 40c Tea, 30c; 4 lbs	1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain 20c, 5 lbs	1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 390 · 388 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 7, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—To-morrow is market day.

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—Feb. 14—next Friday—is St. Valentine's Day.

—Smallpox comes high, but we mustn't have it.

—The work at the Cereal buildings is progressing rapidly.

—The Knickerbocker Club dance will be held on Friday evening next.

—The Girls' Guild of All Saints' church meet this evening at 8 o'clock.

—A few loads of hay were offered for sale on the market yesterday. The price asked was rather high.

—The second carnival of the Keene Curling and Skating Co. will be held on Feb. 21st.

—It is rumored that the National Hotel is likely to change hands, Mr. Moon retiring.

—The Curling Club at Fenelon Falls will give an entertainment in a few days, at which Peterborough talent will assist.

—An Italian was at the police station yesterday and laid information against a neighbor for using insulting language towards him. The case will be heard this morning.

—The gentlemen of Lindsay are giving a ball in the Town Hall there on Monday evening. A Toronto orchestra has been engaged to furnish music for dancing.

—Lindsay proposes to include the reports of the Waterworks Commissioners and Public Library Board in the town's financial statement.

—'Tis the voice of the shoveller;
I heard him complain
I have shovelled before,
I must shovel again.

—The gentlemen of Lindsay will give a ball in the town hall next Monday evening, Feb. 10th. An orchestra from Toronto has been engaged to furnish music for the occasion.

—G. E. Whiten is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 186 Hunter street west.

—Lent begins on the 12th of February. Easter will come towards the end of March, which is much earlier than for many years. A short winter is therefore to be expected.

—Those wishing to attend the funeral of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews, at Keene to-day, can reach there by taking the 2 p.m. train. The service at the grave will be conducted by Rev. Wm. Bennett.

—The large plate glass windows in Stratton's and Lock's stores, which were cracked by the heat from the fire in the Crystal Block about two weeks ago, were taken out yesterday, and new windows put in.

—Lindsay Post: Peterborough citizens manifested great interest in the first election for Water Commissioners on Monday. Mr. T. F. Matthews, son of Mr. Geo. Matthews of this town, and manager of the Peterborough branch of his pork packing business, headed the poll with 679 votes. His colleague, Mr. W. H. Hill, received 604 votes. In conjunction with Mayor Denne the above gentlemen will manage Peterborough's first venture in municipal ownership of public utilities.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, last make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. McClellan left for Toronto yesterday.

—Hon. Geo. A. Cox, of Toronto, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Stone, of Campbellford, is visiting friends in town.

—Mrs. Smith, of Niagara Falls, is the guest of Mrs. H. C. Winch, Crescent street.

—Miss Mamie Connolly, of Lindsay is the guest of Miss Gertie Clunan, Hunter street.

—Mr. W. A. Chisholm, manager of the York County Loan Company, has returned from Galt, where he attended the funeral of his brother.

—Mr. T. M. D. Croly leaves on Tuesday night for New York, where he will undergo an operation for stomach trouble. His many friends in Peterborough will regret his illness and will hope for his speedy recovery.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

Carnival on Feb. 14th

Mr. Angus McIntosh, the popular and energetic caretaker of the Charlotte St. Rink intends giving a fancy dress carnival on Friday evening next, Feb. 14th. As Angus is very popular his venture should meet with great success. He has secured the services of the band for the occasion.

Accepted the Call

At a special meeting of the Presbytery of Peterborough, held yesterday morning, Rev. Mr. Craw, of Warkworth accepted a call to London.

FAR AHEAD OF ALL OTHERS

Diamond Dyes Are Found In Every Land Where Civilization Has Been Brought

REFUSE ALL IMITATIONS

No other dyes of whatever name, can for a moment compare with the Diamond Dyes in purity, strength, brilliancy and fastness of color. They are the world's favorites, easily leading wherever civilization is found. Diamond Dyes are the only dyes that can meet the expectations of the most critical and careful women. They are always fast to soap and sunlight, indeed frequent washing improves and brightens the colors. Many imitators copy the style and package of Diamond Dyes. Beware of all package dyes that do not bear the name, "Diamond Dyes."

LOST

LOST—Between Mrs. R. D. Hamilton's and Dr. Bradd's office, by way of George and Charlotte streets, a pearl and turquoise crescent. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. Bradd's office, Stewart street.

Neuralgia Almost Drives People Mad

Only those who have suffered it, know of the darting, distracting pains and aches neuralgia inflicts. Ordinary remedies don't even relieve. It requires an extraordinarily strong, penetrating liniment to drive out the pain. To get relief get Polson's Nerviline into the spot. Pain can't resist Nerviline, which has five times the strength of any other liniment. Drives out neuralgia in half an hour. Never fails! Never harms! Always successful. Try a large 25c. bottle.

Mr. Fair Explains

Mr. Wm. Fair, who was a candidate for Water Commissioner, and who was badly snowed under on Monday, has at last discovered the cause of his defeat. Being a comparative stranger in town, he says that many ratepayers thought it was his cousin Robert was running. This explanation doesn't satisfy this great family journal nor do we think it will satisfy the public. Had Mr. Robert Fair been a candidate his election would have been assured, for he would have had the unanimous support of the "fair" sex, (with whom, by the way, he is a great favorite), and the Olympic Club, backed by all the power and influence of this g.f.j.

Basket Social

A basket social was held last night in the Foresters Hall on George street, under the auspices of Companion Court Queen, I.O.F. The commodious rooms were well filled by a very attentive audience. A program consisting of readings, songs, etc., was run off, after which the baskets were disposed of to the highest bidder. Mr. Geo. W. Powell occupied the chair in a most pleasing and satisfactory manner. The baskets were all disposed of, and a considerable sum of money realized from the sale. The evening was pleasantly spent, and altogether the event was a success.

WASN'T CURED

Didn't Get Well of Anything.

"I spent three weeks with a friend in Dayton last winter. She was using Postum Coffee exclusively as a beverage at meals. I said, 'I thought you were so fond of coffee that you could not be induced to give it up.' 'Well,' my friend said, 'we got to liking this Postum Coffee for it serves as a food as well as a beverage, and we have all felt so much better since leaving off the old coffee.'

"I learned to make the Postum and made it fine, so when I went home I began to serve it to my husband instead of the old-fashioned coffee. About a week afterwards I asked him how he liked the coffee, and told him I had been trying a new kind. He says, 'I think it is most excellent. Is it Mocha or Java or a mixture?' I told him that it was the famous Postum we had read so much about and he most jumped from his chair in surprise, but the change has become a fixture and he will never give up Postum and go back to the old-fashioned coffee, for we not only like it better, but we feel so much better in every way." This lady's name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Anglo-American Fire Insurance Co.

REPORT OF DIRECTORS

Presented at the Third Annual Meeting of Shareholders, Held at the Head Office of the Company, McKinnon Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, the Fourth Day of February, 1902.

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting their report and the statement of the Company's business for the year ending December 31st, 1901.

We are pleased to be in a position to state that the results from the extension of the Company's business to the other Provinces, which had only been partially arranged at the close of last year, have been most satisfactory, and we confidently look forward to a large increase of business during the present year.

The fire losses in Canada for the past year have been above the average and your Directors therefore regard the surplus of $34,261.12 on the year's business as most satisfactory, bringing up the Company's balance at the credit of Profit and Loss Account since organization, as it does, to the handsome sum of $55,219.28.

The one prominent salient fact in the year's developments is that the insuring public are no longer content with the rates fixed by the Tariff offices, and it is pleasing to note the favorable character of the Company's prospects, notwithstanding the efforts of some representatives of the Tariff Companies to discredit the workings off this Office by spreading broadcast throughout Canada misleading and anonymous literature published in New York City.

Your Directors have much pleasure in expressing their appreciation of the faithful manner in which the Manager, Office Staff, General Agents, and Representatives of the Company have discharged their duties.

S. F. McKINNON, President.

Financial Statement for Year Ending 31st December, 1901.

REVENUE ACCOUNT

Fire losses for year paid (net)	$74,416 64			Premium income	$226,921 97
Fire losses under adjustment	$3,409 72			Less rebates for cancellation	16,728 43
Less reinsurance	1,755 42				$210,193 54
		1,654 30		Interest account	2,882 46
			$76,070 94		
Paid for reinsurance			52,358 36		
Commission and other charges, including Government fee, license, and taxes, 33 1-3 per cent. off organization expenses, and all books, stationery, etc., and 10 per cent. off office furniture			53,267 20		
Balance			31,379 50		
			$213,076 00		$213,076 00

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance from 1900	$23,839 78
Balance from Revenue Account	31,379 50
	$55,219 28

LIABILITIES		ASSETS	
Capital stock paid in	$85,160 00	Cash in hand and in Molsons Bank	$70,978 36
Sundry accounts and reinsurance	6,280 21	Bonds and debentures deposited with Dominion Government	54,097 37
Losses under adjustment at 31st Dec., 1901, of which $1,755 41 is reinsured	3,409 72	Accrued interest on above	621 63
Balance at credit of profit and loss account	55,219 28	Agents' balances and other accounts	15,769 66
		Office furniture, including Goad's maps	5,944 00
		Organization, expenses, balance carried forward	2,219 31
	$150,069 21		$150,069 21

SECURITY FOR POLICYHOLDERS

Subscribed Capital—		
Paid on stock	$85,160 00	
Balance to pay on stock	386,940 00	
		$472,100 00
Balance from Profit and Loss		55,219 28
		$527,319 28

ARMSTRONG DEAN, General Manager.

To the President, Directors, and Shareholders of the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company:

Gentlemen,—We, the undersigned, having examined the vouchers, checked the bank balances, and audited the books of the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company for the year ending 31 December, 1901, certify that we have found them correct, and that the annexed Balance Sheet is a true statement as at above date.

J. P. LANGLEY,
RICHARD LEE
Auditors.

Memo.—The outstanding losses referred to above, amounting to $3,409.72 have since adjusted and paid, with the exception of $250 not yet adjusted.

J. P. LANGLEY,
RICHARD LEE,
Auditors.

Toronto, 28th January, 1902.

In moving the adoption of the report the President, S. F. McKinnon, Esq., said: I am again glad to welcome so many of the shareholders of the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company at our annual meeting, showing, as it does, the strong interest taken in the affairs of the Company.

The report for the year closing with the 31st of December, 1901, together with the Revenue and Profit and Loss Accounts, I think, deals very fully with the Company's affairs.

You will notice that the Revenue Account has very materially increased, the gross premium income of the year just closed being $226,921.97, as against $194,720.12 for the previous year, or a gain of $32,201.85.

The net gain on the year's operations was $34,261.12, and after writing 33 1-3 per cent. off organization expenses and 10 per cent. off office furniture, the balance, $31,379.50, was carried to Profit and Loss Account, which, added to the surplus at the close of the year 1900, makes $55,219.28 at the credit of Profit and Loss Account.

The cash assets of the Company now stand at $140,573.36, as against $126,-899.76 for the year previous, showing a gain in this item of $13,673.60.

For the security of the policy-holders of the Company we now have as follows:

Amount paid capital stock	$85,160 00
At credit of Profit and Loss Account	55,219 28
Uncalled capital subscribed	386,940 00
Making in all	$527,319 28

It is gratifying to note the marked degree of prosperity now prevailing in all parts of the Dominion. Increased prosperity means a larger amount of fire insurance to be written. It has not been the aim of your Directors to reach a large volume so much as to diffuse the risks and keep expenses on a low basis. Insurance rates have increased materially during the past year. It is very doubtful if the rates are yet adequate to the risks being carried. The fire waste in the Dominion is still very large.

Your Directors have much pleasure in stating that the Manager, Mr. Dean, and the staff have given their best services in the interests of the Company.

I have now great pleasure in moving the adoption of the report.

In seconding the adoption of the report John J. Long, Esq., Vice-President, said: Mr. President and Gentlemen: It affords me great pleasure to second the motion of the President for the adoption of the report of the Directors, the financial statement and auditors' report of the business of the Company for the past year ending the 31st of December.

Considering the great fire waste that has taken place in the year 1901 I consider the result of the business of this Company for that year highly satisfactory, and this is almost wholly due to the able management of Mr. Dean and to the efficient and loyal staff assisting him, and to the energy, care, and loyalty of the Company's agents throughout Canada.

We all know how necessary it is to have the loyal and energetic co-operation of all concerned in the working of any business to make it successful, and in this great essential to success I feel the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company is most fortunate, as I believe every person connected with the Company in whatever capacity acts with as much earnestness as if the entire success of the Company depended on individual exertion.

The prospects of the Company for the ensuing year are bright, and I confidently hope for even a better showing at the close of 1902 than for the past year.

Messrs. McLaughlin and McIntosh, who were appointed scrutineers, reported the following gentlemen elected as Directors for the ensuing year: S. F. McKinnon, Esq., S. F. McKinnon & Co., Toronto; J. J. Long, Esq., the T. Long and Brother Company, Collingwood; A. A. Allan, Esq., Messrs. A. A. Allan & Co., Toronto; John R. Barber Esq., President Toronto Paper Company of Cornwall, Georgetown; Dr. George H. Bowlby, Berlin; A. B. Cunningham, Esq., Barrister, Kingston; H. P. Eckardt, Esq., Messrs. H. P. Eckardt & Co., Toronto; John Flett, Esq., Flett, Lowndes & Co. (limited), Toronto; John Gowans, Esq., Messrs. Gowans, Kent & Co. Toronto; W. J. Gage, Esq., the W. J. Gage Company (limited), Toronto; John Knox, Esq., Messrs. Knox, Morgan & Co., Hamilton; R. Millichamp, Esq., Messrs. Millichamp, Coyles & Co., Toronto; J. N. Shenstone, Esq., Secretary-Treasurer Massey-Harris Company (limited), Dr. Uriah M. Stanley, Brantford; Hugh Waddell, Esq., Peterborough.

At a meeting of the newly-elected Board of Directors Messrs. S. F. McKinnon and John J. Long were elected President and Vice-President respectively.

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Municipal Insurance

As an evidence that municipal insurance is sure to come, sooner or later, we publish the following: Galt, Ont., has a remarkable record. Last year the fire brigade responded to twelve calls, and the total loss was $50. In 1900 there were fifteen calls, with a total damage of $25, while the insurance companies doing business in the town paid out $4 for losses during the two years. The amount paid to the insurance companies in the two years is estimated at $[illegible].

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date :—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅜	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3⅞	1⅛	Langlaagte Estate	7⅛	4⅜
Baatjes	7⅜	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8⅛	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅜	8⅛	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅛	⅜	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5 16
Crown Reef	12⅜	16⅜	New Rietfontein	6⅛	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅜	42⅛	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅜	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅜	8⅛	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅛
Ferreira	22	22⅛	" Robinson	2 7 16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3⅜	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1 8	3⅜
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅛	7⅛	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5 16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5⅛	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8⅛	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅜
Johnies	6⅜	2 13 16	Transvaal Gold	8⅛	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅜	Van Ryn	11	3⅛
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅜	1⅛
Kleinfontein (new)	6⅛	2⅛	Wolhuter	12	5⅜
Kimberly Roodepoort	4⅛	1⅛	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11⅛	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares, either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

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VOL. 30 NO. 6 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY FEBRUARY 8 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GERMANY COVETS THE CHINESE MINERALS

She Has Revived Negotiations for Mining Privileges in the Province of Shan Tung

GREAT BRITAIN WILL RETAIN WEI HAI WEI

Pessimistic Tone Tone as to German Commerce Adopted by the Report of the Berlin Guild

London, Feb. 7.—The Pekin correspondent of The Times announces the revival of German negotiations for mining privileges in the Shan Tung province of China, which is marvellously rich. The German claims are conceded, but China demands a contract for twenty-five years, with one-quarter of the royalties. Germany wants a hundred years' contract, and is only willing to give five per cent. in royalties.

London, Feb. 7.—The European editor of the New York Herald says The Daily Mail report of the abandonment of Wei Hai Wei is without foundation. Upon good authority, he says, the port will be held for the use of the British fleet in China seas.

London, Feb. 7.—The British Admiralty reports that successful experiments have been conducted in coaling battleships at sea by the new appliances, and that the problem is considered to be solved.

London, Feb. 7.—The report of the Berlin Merchants' Guild for last year is reviewed in the commercial papers. The tone of the report is pessimistic. German exports increased by eighteen million dollars, on account of the small home demand, necessitating a disposal of goods abroad at a loss. In Berlin one-fourth of the employes of the machine and electric shops have been discharged.

Matjesfontein, Cape Colony, Feb. 7.—Lourens Erasmus, better known under the name of Commandant Marais, has been captured in the neighborhood of Laingsburg. Marais was the leader of the Boers who operated in the Zwart Kop range in 1901.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times says Novoe Vremya comments on the Dutch-British communications in a spirit which seems to indicate that the official desire to cultivate friendly relations with Great Britain is not without effect. Novoe Vryma recognises that the tone of the British note is extremely friendly towards the Boers, but makes the mistake of thinking that this shows weakening in the British Government's attitude.

PHILLIPINE'S WANT PEACE WAR NEARING AN END

Governor Taft Thinks a Policy of War is Inadvisable

The Concentraction Camps Similar to South Africa, not Necessary

The War Matter Warmly Discussed in the United States Senate

Washington, Feb. 8—Governor Taft, of the Philippine Islands, appeared before the Senate Committee and stated that the mass of the islanders desired peace, but that the insurrectionists kept the people in a state of terrorism. He urged that the principle of keeping up a state of war against the islanders as a whole was a mistaken policy and that as far as possible civil measures should be resorted to, while the work of the army should be confined to protecting the islanders against the attacks of the barbaric bands who made their strongholds in the mountain fastnesses and in the interior of the islands.

Speaking of the part the army took in the suppression of the insurrection, Governor Taft briefly analyzed the work that the army had done in the islands. He recalled that as soon as General Otis had received reinforcements sufficient for his purposes the Philippine army had broken up and scattered into guerrilla bands.

The presence of these guerrilla bands rendered it necessary to place garrisons everywhere, there being at one time as many as 500 of them. This rendered the work before the army very arduous, and the activity, the skill and bravery of the American troops were such as to soon render the enemy tired of the warfare.

CALLS WAR A CRIME

In this connection Senator Culberson made inquiry concerning the effect of the policy of concentration in the Philippines. Replying, Governor Taft said that Governor Bell's order for concentration had been published since his departure from Manila.

The war has been all over these islands, and that which remains is a crime against civilization. It is also a crime against the Filipino people to keep up a state of war under the circumstances. They have worn out the right to any treatment but that which is severe and within the laws of war.

MANY WISH FOR PEACE

This statement led Senator Patterson to ask whether the witness did not consider that even a small number of people who were waging a war for independence do not deserve consideration at the hands of the American army. In response Governor Taft said that the great majority of the people of the islands desire peace and that the insurrectionists by their acts were preventing the mass of the people from settling down and earning a quiet living. Instead of being allowed to do this they were kept under a system of terrorism, which should be stopped.

ASK CESSATION OF WAR

Senator Hoar yesterday presented a petition signed by a number of distinguished citizens of this country for the suspension of hostilities in the Philippine Islands, and asking that an opportunity be given for a discussion of the situation between the Government and the Filipino leaders.

THE PASSING OF MARQUIS OF DUFFERIN

Pathetic Incidents in the Life of the Great Statesman

HIS FINANCIAL EMBARASSMENTS

How the Name of the Earl was Basely Used by a Financial Expert

How The Marquis Became Involved with the London and Globe Corporation—His Present Illness Due to Worry.

London, Feb. 8 — One of the most pathetic incidents in political and diplomatic life is the passing of the Marquis of Dufferin. As I write news comes of his dangerous illness and that the end cannot be far off. Lord Dufferin's later days have been clouded by misfortune. Some of it is due to the unkindness of fate, but the chief part of it is owing to conduct which, in a less distinguished man, would be benevolently described as unwise. The most recent financial bubble which has brought disaster to thousands and ruin to scores of innocent people is that formed by Mr. Whitaker Wright, and known as the London and Globe series of companies. Mr. Whitaker Wright, like the traditional Iago, is bluff and hearty in appearance. It is enough for the crowd to look at him and to hear him speak to judge as to his straightforwardness and honesty. Appearances, however, sometimes deceive, and Mr. Whitaker Wright, more sensible than the British investing public, quickly recognised that it was necessary to bait his financial traps with better and bigger names than his own. For that purpose he invited and procured the co-operation of Lord Dufferin and the late Lord Loch. The late Lord Loch, canny and wise in his generation, retired from the group before the crash came, and left a large sum of money behind him at his death. Lord Dufferin stuck to the ship, and is now hopelessly compromised in the revelations which have been dragged from Mr. Whitaker Wright and his underlings in the course of the judicial investigation which is now proceeding.

Remarkable Annual Report.

On October 16, 1899, Lord Dufferin signed his name to the following statement, which appeared in the annual report of the London and Globe Company for 1899:

"In pursuance of the determination to steadily strengthen and build up the company, the directors propose to limit future dividends to 10 per cent. per annum, any additional distribution that may be made from time to time to be by way of bonus. By this means the directors believe the shares will be taken out of the speculative category, and soon be classed as an investment security, from which the proprietors can count on receiving a specific return with unfailing regularity. When this policy is fully appreciated by investors, the market value of your shares should be materially enhanced. A privilege enjoyed by the shareholders is that they obtain priority of allotment in the issues of the corporation, and these have been of so sound a character that the substantial premiums ruling have been a source of much profit to the subscribers."

At the time Lord Dufferin made this statement the London and Globe Company was not only hopelessly insolvent, but large sums of money had been borrowed for forty-eight hours in order to make the public believe that the financial position of the company was sound. Within a few days the company had failed, and Lord Dufferin's name was freely handled in the city in a manner that made the ears of his friends tingle. The general feeling was best expressed by the Stock Exchange riddle: When was Mr. Whitaker Wright? When he took a Dufferin.

Either a Knave or a Fool.

The Dilemma in which poor Lord Dufferin found himself was simple. Either he had taken his large remuneration as Chairman for overlooking the shareholders' interests, or he had not. If he was aware of what was going on he was clearly compromised in the guilt that attaches to Mr. Wright. If, on the other hand, he did not know what was going on, but signed the reports placed before him without investigation, knowing that the British public accepted that signature as a guarantee of the facts that it covered, then the worst that could be said of Lord Dufferin was that he was foolish, greedy and incompetent. The general conviction is that the latter theory is the correct one, but if so what are we to think of the manner in which English diplomacy is conducted? Here was a man who for forty years had studied human nature in Canada as Governor General, in Paris as British Ambassador, in India as Viceroy, in Egypt as Special Commissioner and in the House of Lords as statesman and Minister, and yet so easily became the dupe of an unprincipled schemer. The spectacle is a melancholy one, and it is rendered more pathetic from the fact that Lord Dufferin's eldest son, Lord Ava, died gallantly on Wagon Hill, at Ladysmith.

A Man of Delightful Personality.

The cases of Lord Dufferin and Lord Loch are by no means singular. Sir Edward Thornton is another ex-Ambassador who has lent his name to financial schemes which, to say the least of it, have not been successful. Lord Dufferin's delightful personality was remarkable for a charm, due no doubt to the Sheridan blood in his veins, simply indescribable. He was a magnetic man, and if his money matters had been straightened out, or if he had enjoyed a personal fortune equal to the large demands made upon it by his position and family, he would probably have gone down to posterity, not only as one of the worthies of the Victorian era, but as the one Briton who was free from that insular arrogance, dullness and phlegm with which the British race is not altogether unjustly credited by its Continental friends.

An amusing incident of the Whitaker Wright revelations is the fact that Mr. Labouchere, who poses, like Robespierre, as the "sea green incorruptible" of the House of Commons, has parted with the editor and financial editor of his well known journal, Truth, on the gound that these gentlemen were the recipients of favors from Mr. Whitaker Wright.

THE BOER SURRENDER MUST BE UNCONDITIONAL

British Government Will Make no Other Terms For Those Still Under Arms

A SPLENDID TRIBUTE PAID THE COLONIES

Kruger and Leyds are no Longer Permitted to Speak for the Boers—End of the War in Sight

London, Feb. 8—By making public the correspondence regarding the so-called peace overtures the Imperial Government has put an end to any doubts that may have been entertained regarding its attitude towards the rebels in South Africa, and has at the same time given the powers once more to understand that no interference will be tolerated. The wisdom, reasonableness and humanity of the position taken cannot be questioned. Mr. Chamberlain in a recent speech paid the colonies a high compliment in declaring that colonial opinion must be taken into account in the settlement of the terms. "When," he said, "you are advised to offer or to accept terms of peace which, in the words of that calm and resolute speech which was made by Lord Milner two days ago, would preserve the political dualism in Africa in substance though not in form—then I say to you, remember that you do not stand alone, that you have allies, and that you are not entitled to make terms unless it is upon terms which will be satisfactory to those allies who have sent of their best to fight and to die in a common cause." In this case the decision will assuredly be satisfactory to those allies, for it means an unwavering adherence to the demand for an unconditional surrender without the interference of Holland or any other nation. The point to be emphasized in discussing the negotiations is that the negotiators on one side are not responsible, and have practically no power over the combatants for whom they claim to speak. Kruger and his entourage in Holland have lost the confidence of the leaders in the field, and it is even doubtful if the perambulating Governments of Steyn and Schalkburger have any authority. Moreover, it cannot be said, as Mr. Chamberlain declared in Parliament, that any one of the Boer generals can commit the others. Reitz, the ex-Secretary of the Transvaal, has said that "If we, the leaders, surrendered, the rank and file would refuse to follow," and if this is the case with the rank and file, the leaders are surely not going to follow the armchair diplomats in Europe, who with as much money as they could lay their hands on, have found an asylum safe from the bullets and the hardships of war. But, nevertheless, the policy of unconditional surrender must not be confused with that of extermination. Thoroughly courteous is the reply of the Imperial Government to the extraordinary proposition of the Government of the Netherlands Yet it is firm and unyielding. The Netherlands Government wanted the Boers now in Holland to be permitted to visit the Boers in the field, to confer with them, and to return to Europe with power to conclude a treaty with Great Britain. In the making of the treaty the Boer delegates were to negotiate with plenipotentiaries on the British side. The proposal, while made in good faith, had an air of coolness about it. In the first place, it imposed upon Great Britain, if accepted, the recognition of the Boer gentlemen who slipped out of the Transvaal with so much money, and who do not now hold official or representative positions there. Britain under this concession would not merely recognise these escaped fomenters of strife, but would, by so doing, supersede those two perambulating governments in Africa which are moving about with so much agility. In the second place, the arrangement would necessitate a suspension of hostilities at a time when they are reaching an end by the means which the Boers in their effort to overwhelm the British in South Africa themselves invoked. This suspension, instead of hastening the close of the war, would delay it, especially if, as is most probable, terms could not be reached by negotiation. Meanwhile, the British army in the field would have to be kept on a war footing, while the Boers would recover themselves, and be ready at the end of the truce to begin again with renewed vigor. Finally, there does not appear to be any necessity for a treaty. Britain has nothing to negotiate about. The terms are surrender and incorporation into the Empire. All the Boers know this, and they cannot have anything else. Lord Kitchener is on hand to receive surrenders or propositions looking to that end. If the Boers now in Holland want to close the war they can from their present safe retreat recommend their friends to cease fighting, with just as much ease as during the past year they have urged them from the same point of vantage to continue a hopeless struggle and to shed as much good British blood as possible.

KRUGER STILL WANTS BOER INDEPENDENCE

The War Cannot be Called off for Months to Come

BOTHA NOW HAS NO AUTHORITY

An Order to Stop the War from Either Botha or Kruger Would not be Obeyed

London, Feb. 8—The leading London papers hold out no promise that the Government will announce any new policy toward the Boers before they have unconditionally surrendered. The London Telegraph says that an enemy may be reconciled or assimilated by a policy of peace after conquest, "such as the Government intends to pursue," but no people in the "very act of being annexed by force of arms was ever beforehand induced to signify their agreement with the process."

It is asserted that the Boer generals Schalkburger and Botha are willing to accept annexation, but that Kruger, Leyds, General Dewet and President Steyn are holding out for independence. It is argued that these differences among Boer leaders will make negotiations with the British hopeless. The Telegraph finds other obstacles to negotiations before absolute surrender. It says the commandoes do not now own any common allegiance to ex-President Kruger; that General Botha's authority over his fellow leaders is only nominal:

"We are dealing at present with the hopelessly scattered fragments of what at the beginning of the war was a recognizable belligerent Power; and that any person could now produce at short notice sufficient evidence of a solid claim to speak for the enemy as a whole is in the highest degree improbable."

Whatever may be coming, the correspondence with the Dutch Government shows no intention on the part of the British Government to recede from its unconditional surrender policy; nor does the correspondence as yet shed light upon any contemplated policy "of peace subsequent to conquest," by which, the Telegraph says, "an enemy may be reconciled or assimilated."

OUR NEW SERIAL

Splendid New Story to Begin in The Times in a Few Days

Our new serial story entitled, "Daisy Gordon's Folly, or the World Lost for Love's Sake," by Laura Jean Libbey, will begin in The Times in a few days. The story is a thrilling one, and will be found to be intensely interesting.

You are Tired

Your color is not good. Restless one moment, fretful and blue the next. The world's out of joint. You're out of joint with the world. Not temper, not feeling, but weakness. Neglect is unwise. You grow steadily worse. Get good rich blood, then feel new vigor, strength and buoyancy. You see a dozen things to do; you will do them too, if you use Ferrozone. It sharpens the appetite and you enjoy your food; you get color, and old-time strength comes back. That's because Ferrozone aids digestion, makes red blood. Ferrozone is strength for the nerves and vigor for the brain. Be sure of the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

BRITAIN'S FOOD SUPPLY IN WAR TIME

A Combination of Powers Might Starve England into a Surrender

SO THINKS THE NEW YORK SUN

This Subject is Now Being Much Debated in Britain—England's Safety is in Her Colonies

New York, Feb. 7—The Sun says: "These arguments are based upon the assumption that the safety of the United Kingdom, or, in other words, the preservation of its inhabitants from famine, is incessantly imperilled by the conditions under which its food supply is now obtained. That the assumption is well founded is an indisputable fact. Since free trade in grain became the settled problem of the United Kingdom, its population has doubled, while the production of wheat at home has decreased by one-half. Even the imports from the transmarine dependencies of Great Britain have dwindled during the last ten years. The result is that the dependence of the United Kingdom on foreign countries for wheat has grown to such an extent that four out of every five loaves that come to British tables are received from the United States, from Russia and from Argentina. Under the circumstances, it may well be asked how England could be shielded from starvation if she were engaged in war with both the United States and Russia. It may be pronounced highly improbable that England will ever have to confront the two powers named at the same time. Such a contingency, however, would have occurred during our Civil War, had England recognized the Southern Confederacy; and it might have occurred four years ago, had England forbidden us to undertake the deliverance of Cuba, as she did forbid us at the time of the Virginius affair. Some of the British advocates of a reversion to a protectionist policy insist that their countrymen are dwelling in a fool's paradise when they take for granted that the United States and Russia will never be found allied against England.

"But, it may be asked, Would not the British navy be able to assure the transport across the ocean of adequate quantities of wheat from Canada, Australia and Argentina, even if the customary supplies from the United States and Russia were cut off? The answer is that the existing wheat surplus of Canada, Australia and Argentina would bridge but a fraction of the vast gap between England's demand for wheat and her home supply. The surplus wheat of Canada, moreover, could not be counted on because, in the event of a war between the United States and Great Britain, the Canadian granaries would be in the hands of our land forces. It is equally certain that the transportation of wheat from Australia and Argentina would be seriously interrupted by American cruisers."

Any assumption based on the occurrence of war between Great Britain and the United States is a far cry, at the present outlook. But granting that war should occur as the fruit of some climax which, though no one may foresee, is at all times possible, the conclusion that the wheat supplies of Canada could be shut off from the mother country by either of the causes above indicated is indisputable. To hold the Canadian North-west granaries by United States land forces would require an army of two or three hundred thousand men, who in the winter season would perish miserably. For four months, probably five, of summer, the Hudson Bay route would furnish an outlet for food stores, which could be more safely conveyed to British shores by that than by any other route. The Sun does not talk of policing the Atlantic so far Northward by American cruisers. That route is now the back door of the wheat areas of Canada, as it was for a century and a half the main route of the Hudson Bay Company's trade. In the future of the Empire, it cannot be left out of account as a safeguard to England for food supply in war times. Any measure that will facilitate the navigation of those northern waters, affording a short cut across the Atlantic from the teeming wheat lands of Canada, will be a measure of insurance against famine to England in that eventuality.

ROADS ARE IN BAD SHAPE

The Driver of the Hiawatha Stage Had Difficulties in Reaching Town

Robert Davis, driver of the stage which runs between Hiawatha and Peterborough, says the road between these places is in an almost impassible condition. He says the farmers along the route refuse to turn out and break the roads after a snow storm. On his trips this week he has had a great deal of trouble and only for the assistance of a few of the farmers along the road, he is doubtful if he could have got the mails here at all.

The road from here to Rice Lake is a bad one for drifting and with the heavy storms recently the road is now almost impassible.

NEW ZEALAND WOMEN AND THE BOER WAR

They Held an Indignation Meeting and Pass Several Strongly Worded Resolutions

London, Feb. 8—A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, contains accounts of two public indignation meetings, to protest against the foreign slanders upon the conduct of the war in South Africa. Resolutions were unanimously passed expressing the horror of the women of New Zealand at the calumnies circulated in Germany reflecting on the honor of the sons and husbands of the women of the colonies and the motherland.

Sir Joseph Ward, Postmaster-General, moved the resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Seddon's daughter.

Another resolution, also adopted unanimously, expressed complete confidence in Mr. Chamberlain, and in his courageous defence of the British forces, repudiated the base slanders which have been circulated, and insisted upon unconditional surrender as being in the best interests of the Boers and of the peace and safety of the Empire. Sir Joseph Ward pointed out that the colony of New Zealand had given a startling answer to the German slanders by despatching a fresh contingent to South Africa; and if it were necessary, the colonists would spend their last shilling in supporting the motherland in a war which had been forced upon her. If the men of the colony had not come forward, he said, the women would have compelled them, for the reason that the attack made upon England in the Reichstag was a stain upon the honor of their sons and brothers. There was no doubt as to the righteousness of the war. England required the support of the colonies, and she would have it. The war had to be ended without compromise, and the Empire should be careful to see that no stain rested on its escutcheon.

Great enthusiasm prevailed at the meeting, which concluded with cheers for the King and Queen, and the singing of the National Anthem.

PATENT HAS BEEN ISSUED

After Many Years the Government Has Consented—Splendid Site for Esplanade

His Worship, Mayor Denne, received through the Hon. J. R. Stratton, the crown patent from the Ontario Government conveying to the town of Peterborough the water lots on the Otonabee River, lying between Sherbrooke and Hunter streets. The matter has been under negotiation for many years, and various difficulties have arisen in that time that have delayed the transfer of the land, but these have been overcome and now the town owns about seventeen acres of land along the water front which will be most valuable to the town for wharfage &c, in the event of the Trent Canal being completed.

The importance of this acquisition to the town can not be easily over-rated, especially in view of the possibility of adding greatly to its value by means which will require little or no expenditure on the part of the town.

The Canal Co. want to have the bed of the river deepened by dredging and the dredgings can be deposited behind a line of cribwork along the water front, and the whole area, now covered by water can be raised to form an esplanade whose water front will be a line of wharfage and the surface covered by railway sidings.

This is looking forward to the completion of the Trent Canal but when that work is completed and navigation opened, there will doubtless be a great amount of freight handled and unloaded here. The Cereal Co., the Lakefield Cement Co. and many other concerns will use water transport instead of by rail as the former way is much the cheaper.

Things are now looking very bright for the town and it is the duty of the citizens to stand by the town and endeavor to have as many large manufacturing firms locate here as possible. We are now becoming known as a great manufacturing centre and that knowledge will attract others.

REGARDING TEMPERANCE

Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Spiritual Director of St. Peter's Total Abstinence Society, is to be congratulated on his efforts to organise the ladies of the parish in the cause of Total Abstinence, in conjunction with St. Peter's T.A.S., which since its organization two years ago has done an immense amount of good in Peterborough, and is attracting wide attention throughout the province. The incorporation of a women's branch of the society is not based on the idea that they have to take the pledge in order to abstain from drink, for comparatively few women use intoxicating liquor to any extent, but a Women's Temperance Society can do a vast amount of good in the way of encouragement and example to the husband and family. A woman, with the benefits of total abstinence thoroughly impressed on her mind, will carefully guard and watch her children as they grow up, and protect them from any temptation of that nature. The literature of every age and country bears evidence of the belief of all peoples in the mother's influence over her child. Napoleon once asked Madam Campan, the great lecturer and women's advocate, what should be done to better the morals of France, and she replied, "To regenerate France, you must educate the mothers." And so it is in every country. It is recognised the world over, what a great power a mother possesses. She can, to a large extent, shape her child's future in the world by the lessons and impressions on the young heart. And these lessons are never forgotten throughout life. When a young man is tempted to drink, if he can think for a moment of the time when, at his mother's knee, he promised never to give himself up to that curse, it can have nothing but a good effect upon him, and this is the basis upon which Rev. Dr. O'Brien is endeavoring to organize a women's branch of the T.A.S. Rev. Father Murphy, a Paulist Father of New York, and a great temperance advocate, will deliver a lecture next Sunday evening in St. Peter's Cathedral on the temperance question, and it is proposed to organize a society immediately afterwards.

Got Lame Back

No need of that now. That sort of pain can be knocked out in short order, for Polson's Nerviline, which is five times stronger than any other, penetrates at once through the tissues, reaches the source of suffering, drives it out and thus gives relief almost instantly. Not magic, but strength that gives Polson's Nerviline this power, you will think it magic, however, if you try it, pain goes so quickly. Sold by dealers everywhere, in large 25 cent bottles.

VENEZUELAN REBELS' WAR STEAMER SUNK

Liberador Destroyed by a Government Gunboat

Seized at Porto Colombia While Being Repaired—French Government's Warning to President Castro—Conflicts with the Insurgents

Colon, Colombia, Feb. 8—It is reported here that the Venezuelan revolutionary steamer Libertador, formerly the British steamer Ban Righ, has been sunk by a Venezuelan gunboat, while under repairs at Porto Colombia.

The report first gained circulation yesterday, but no confirmation could be obtained. It is stated that the steamer had been lying up at Porto Colombia for the past few weeks in need of repairs. The fact that the British gunboat Psyche left here yesterday for Porto Colombia is looked upon here as giving the Colon rumor confirmation.

DEPUTATION HAS RETURNED

The Town Bill Has Safely Passed the Committee Stage

The Aldermen who went to Toronto in reference to the matter of attending to the welfare of the Town Bill, now before the Private Bills committee have returned to town after seeing it safely through the committee stage. The object of the bill is to seek the confirmation of the Cottage Company by-law in reference to exemptions granted, etc, to confirm the by-law of the town authorizing the purchase of the waterworks, and the issue of debentures in payment thereof, to confirm a by-law of the Water Co. in making a sale of the works to the town and to authorize the council to issue debentures not exceeding the sum of [illegible] in one year for extensions and improvements, the by-laws to be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council, to provide for the election of Water Commissioners to be for 3 years duration, one to be elected each year. Besides many other clauses the bill also provides for an extension of time to the Canal Company from April to October in which to complete their works here. The clause providing for the granting of a right to the town to acquire and develop Water Power in any part of the Otonabee River was omitted. The council thought it advisable not to ask for this privilege. The municipality still holds the right however to develop power below Nassau by power of a former by-law.

"WELL BOUGHT—HALF SOLD"

In buying speculations for either investment or marginal trading, half the success is in selecting the right time and stock, in making one's purchases. Trade with intelligence and have a knowledge of the property you are buying. To provide such for our large clientele, we have issued for free distribution a handsome, cloth bound, illustrated, 400 page

"Guide to Investors,"

said to be the best and most complete work upon Wall Street, its markets and securities ever issued. We also mail free, upon request, our

"Daily Market Letter,"

an unusually correct synopsis of the markets and its probable movements.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

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THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at $2 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 8, 1902

NOTE AND COMMENT

Speaking to Premier Ross for the liquor interest, Mr. Haverson pointed out that $15,150,000 was the amount of capital invested by distillers, brewers and maltsters; $80,000,000 the amount invested in real estate by the retailers, and $21,000,000 the amount in stock and fixtures. The distillers and brewers paid to the farmers $2,302,000 a year, to transportation companies $450,000, for wages $1,200,000, and for other purposes $1,012,000 a year. The retailers paid $10,500,000 in wages, making a total outlay of $15,500,000 a year. The revenue to the Dominion was over $10,000,000, and Ontario last year got $620,000, $350,000 of which went to the municipalities.

* * *

Toronto Star: "Don't kill the goose," etc., is the somewhat dubious title which the Bracebridge Gazette puts to an article advising the Muskoka townships to tax lightly the owners of summer cottages. "Where would our farmers be," says the Gazette, "but for the money of the tourist and cottager? How have these farmers been able to replace the ox by the horse; the grain cradle by the binder; and the mowing scythe by the mower? How have they been able to move from the shanty into the house, and how have they been able to furnish it and educate their children? They know. We need not tell them." We know, too. We have guessed it. It's the goose of a tourist that has made all this wealth, luxury and refinement around Bracebridge.

A COMBINATION THAT DRAWS

Courteous treatment of customers, pure drugs of full strength, and low prices are all-powerful for the drawing and securing of trade. Our closest attention and best care is at all times devoted to the filling of your physician's prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet preparations, Atomizers, Brushes, Combs and Sponges is unsurpassed in variety and quality. One call will convince you that we are leaders in the drug trade.

A LIFE-GIVING MEDICINE

At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

The Sydney Herald is indignant because, it is alleged, the Halifax Board of trade, or one of its members, has been circulating photographs of the steamer Minto frozen in the ice in Sydney harbor, in order to discredit that place as an ocean port. And yet it is sure that Sydney harbor is sometimes blocked with floe ice, as Cabot Straits is. It has been said that the steamer Bruce, which plies between Sydney and Newfoundland, has only been delayed once in three years by ice, but the Bruce is specially built for shoving ice, and conditions which would not affect her might be very serious for the average fast Atlantic liner.

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

MISS ROOSEVELT WILL ATTEND THE CORONATION

She Will Go Merely as the Guest of Whitelaw Reid

The President's Daughter Will Have no Official Standing as a Member of the Special Embassy of the United States.

Washington, Feb. 6 — Miss Alice Roosevelt, the oldest daughter of the President, will attend the coronation of King Edward as the guest of Whitelaw Reid. The decision was reached to-day, and Miss Roosevelt's friends are careful to say that it is not to be thought for an instant that she is going in any other capacity than that of a young American girl, who has no official standing whatever.

The matter was the subject of much discussion at the White House. The State Department was called in, and there has been a lively correspondence by cable between Washington and London. The difficulty lay in having Miss Roosevelt's private individuality observed.

Secretary Hay has been called in consultation, and has smoothed the matter out, and Miss Roosevelt will go as any other young lady who is a member of the party of Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid. It is possible that Commander and Mrs. Cowles, who are Miss Roosevelt's uncle and aunt, will be of the Reid party. It is certain that the daughter of the president will have several young girls as her companions. Among the party will be the daughter of General Wilson, the representative of the army at the coronation. It is said that Mrs. Cushman K. Davis will be one of Mr. and Mrs. Reid's guests.

The President yielded to the desire of his daughter when it was clearly understood that her incognito while in Great Britain would be closely observed officially.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Death or lunacy seemed the only alternative for a well-known and highly respected lady of Wingham, Ont., who had travelled over two continents in a vain search for a cure for nervous debility and dyspepsia. A friend recommended South American Nervine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and her own written testimony closes with these words: "It has saved my life."—20

Sold by [illegible]

A Dearth of "Hold-ups."

PREVIOUS to Mr. McKinley's first inauguration, his acquaintance with the members of his Cabinet was a very slight one, only Mr. Sherman being at all intimate with the Chief Executive. The getting acquainted was rather of slow progress, as all were engrossed in their new and intricate duties. One evening the conversation chanced to turn upon the youthful ambitions of the members. Each related his early plans for the future, and when Secretary Wilson's turn came, the Iowan said: "My ambition has not yet been realized. I wanted to be worth $1,000,000 and have two good pairs of suspenders at the same time. As yet, I have neither." The Cabinet unofficially laughed at this frank confession, and Secretary Gage, after a minute, confessed that he had never simultaneously possessed two pairs of dependable suspenders. Secretary Long remarked that when he graduated from Harvard he had two pairs of new trousers, each with good new galluses, but that the experience had never responded to an encore; while the new Justice McKenna said that, although he came from the Pacific Slope, two pairs of "hold-ups" were unknown to him. Others made similar confessions, and finally Secretary Bliss, the wealthiest man present, said with a laugh: "This seems to be a strange coincidence. Last Saturday evening Mrs. Bliss came in to my study and said: 'Papa, are you going out at all this evening?' I replied that I did not so intend, and asked the reason of her question. 'Oh, nothing,' she replied, 'only if you are not, Ed'—our son—'wants to use your only good suspenders.'"

As a sort of final course to this tale, Mr. McKinley tells that Secretary Wilson related this conversation at the breakfast table the morning following. Three of his children were present. It was in the early holiday season. Each of the children sat interested and observing. Christmas came, and in the stocking of the Secretary of Agriculture were found three dozen pairs of suspenders of a high degree of excellence. The children had remembered the story. All Secretary Wilson then needed to realize his youthful ambition was the $1,000,000.

And this is one of the very few humorous stories the late President told repeatedly with gusto.

THE NEW BABY

Opens up a new world to the loving mother. If it is a strong, healthy baby that new world is a world of happiness. If it is a weak, fretful child the new world is full of anxiety. It has been proven in thousands of cases, that the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes all the difference between strength and weakness in children. Healthy, happy mothers have healthy, happy children. "Favorite Prescription" gives the mother strength to give her child. It makes the baby's advent practically painless and promotes the secretion of the nourishment necessary to the healthful feeding of the nursing child.

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and can say it is just what you advertise it to be," writes Mrs. Victor J. Hadin, of Leonardville, Riley Co., Kansas. "I began taking it just two months before baby came and was greatly benefited by its use. The doctor who attended me said I did about as well as any one he had seen (as I was sick only about three hours), and also that your 'Favorite Prescription' was 'one patent medicine' which he did have faith in. We now have a darling baby boy, strong and healthy, who weighed nine pounds when born. During this month he has gained three and one-half pounds. Have never given him one dose of medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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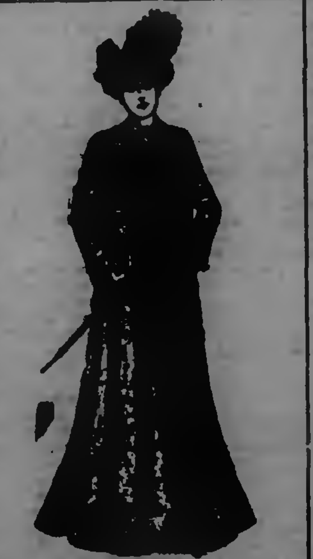

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This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Great Loss

would be sustained were we deprived of this century's improvements. The health, song and plumage of cage birds would not be so satisfactory if deprived of "COTTAMS" Seed, with patent "BIRD BREAD."

[illegible]

The "poor Boer prisoners in Bermuda" are still a cause of anxious solicitude to funny people in New York. A few weeks ago these philanthropists gathered up a lot of old clothing for the prisoners in the hands of the British government, but were told that they would not be received, first because the government itself provided for those under its protection, and secondly, for sanitary reasons. Now they are calling for old school books to be sent for the edification of the Boers captured while making war.

Heart relief in half an hour.—A lady in New York State, writing of her cure by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, says: "I feel like one brought back from the dead, so great was my suffering from heart trouble and so almost miraculous my recovery through the agency of this powerful treatment. I owe my life to it."—19

Sold by [illegible]

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 18th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

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THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
Bradford, England

—Mr. T. M. D. Croly leaves on Tuesday night for New York, where he will undergo an operation for stomach trouble. His many friends in Peterborough will regret his illness and will hope for his speedy recovery.

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ART BELL Pianos and Organs

as the most perfect of Canada's productions and entitled to first consideration.

Royalty is numbered among Bell purchasers, which extend to many nations.

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Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

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A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

RODS for locating gold and silver ore, buried treasure, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Circular and testimonials free. Reference, any express company in Dallas. T. S. Agency, Box 578 H, Dallas Texas U.S.A.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B. [illegible] Dept. C [illegible] Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. [illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich.

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 320 Henry St., Brooklyn N. Y.

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

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High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

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Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

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They are finest and purest in the market.
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To be had at all first class dealers.

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MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(Signed) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 8, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 8, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅜	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3⅜	1⅜	Langlaagte Estate	7⅜	4⅜
Bantjes	7⅜	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8⅜	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅜	8⅜	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅜	⅜	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅜	16⅜	New Rietfontein	6⅜	2 3-16
De Beers	32⅜	42⅜	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅜	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅜	8⅜	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅜
Ferreira	22	22⅜	" Robinson	8 7-16	1 9-16
Gech (new)	3⅜	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅜
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅜	7⅜	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5⅜	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8⅜	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅜
Johnies	6⅜	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8⅜	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅜	Van Ryn	11	3⅜
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅜	1⅜
Kleinfontein (new)	6⅜	2⅜	Wolhuter	12	5⅜
Kimberly Roodepoort	4⅜	1⅜	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11⅜	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares, either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for DRY PICKED CHICKS.

Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

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Commission Merchants,
London, Ont

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
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FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

BLOOD POISON.

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a positive cure for Blood Poison. If you have this awful disease you are in danger until completely cured; the various symptoms you notice should be a warning to take immediate treatment. Don't put it off until too late, as it constantly grows worse. If you have sore throat, patches on tongue or mouth, swollen glands, hair falling out, blotches on body, itching skin or other signs of this awful disease, call on me. I give you a written guarantee to cure you without Mercury or Potassium, and You Pay When Cured. I have 12 diplomas and certificates which testify to my standing and abilities.

The original testimonials can be seen at my office; $5000.00 reward for any I cannot show.

CASE NO. [illegible] May [illegible]

I am happy to say that your medicine helped my trouble more than anything I ever took. REV. W. McGOUVERN.

CASE NO. [illegible] Oct. [illegible]

Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR [illegible]

CASE NO. [illegible] Nov. [illegible]

I have confidence in you as a doctor, for you helped me more than anyone else has, and I feel that you cured me. E. F. MARTIN.

The Latest Method Treatment Cures

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Chronic Prostate, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal troubles. Consultation Free. If you cannot call, write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. Book Free.

All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor, Canada.

All duty and transportation charges prepaid—Everything confidential—No names on envelopes or packages—Nothing sent C. O. D.

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Bank of Montreal

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Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN

COMPANY.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p m.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 3?? Water Street. Money to lend at [illegible] A. P. Poussette, K.C. [illegible] McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 4?? Water Street. Money to lend. R. A. Peck [illegible] Dennistoun, A. Stevenson

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. [illegible] Chambers, 16 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. R. Bradburn, B.A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.00 per day Commercial rates.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY [illegible] —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 189?. [illegible] information requested. Information treated strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 3?? Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 3?? Park Place—Painting, Interior decorating, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 3?? Park place.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,

License Inspector West Peterborough

News and Opinions

—OF—

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THE SUN ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail .... $6 a year

Daily and Sunday, by mail .... $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

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ARE YOU STOUT.

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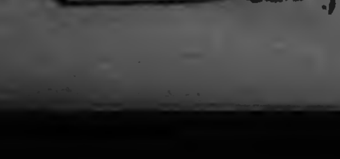


SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings, IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

DAILY MAIL SERVICE

Has at Last Been Secured Between Lakefield and Young's Point

It will be good news to the people of Young's Point and neighborhood to learn that a daily mail service is to be established winter and summer between Lakefield and Young's Point. Yesterday Mr. J. H. McClellan received a letter from the Postmaster General in answer to a communication from the former, stating that a daily service had been decided on. Mr. McClellan is entitled to the thanks of the people of the Point and neighborhood for his efforts in their behalf. It is also gratifying to The Times to know that an additional field has been opened up for this great family journal. For a long time the children as well as the adults of Young's Point have cried in vain for their g.f.j. Now it is different. They are within the sphere of our "influence" and will no doubt flourish intellectually and morally as they never flourished before.

THE

Most Perfect Stove

MADE

THE

STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,

BY

Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 50 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	24 in.	9 in.	$11 50
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	12.00
2	[illegible] in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	37½ in.	12 in.	18.00
4	41 in.	16 in.	21.00

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large pool and billiard room the size of which is 45 by 30 feet, with 14 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

BOCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting room of the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving eminent satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the increase of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

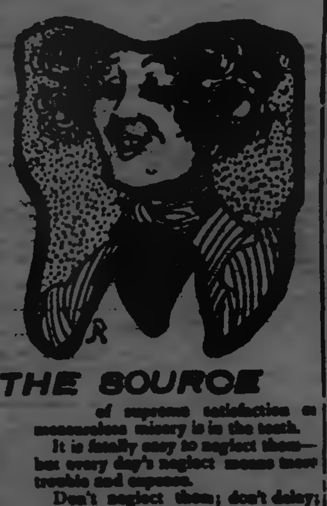
We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large rooms where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood stoves cost us $2.40 every week for fuel and the Star stove, which we are now using, costs us only $1.40, making a saving of $1 per week in the price of fuel—which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove that is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.

M. J Rowe, Chairman Trustees.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont



THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or unconscionable misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your teeth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

W. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

A Voting Machine Test

Kingston Whig—"The machine used in the elections, however, is new and simple, and somewhat of an experiment. The registration is quite complete, but the matter of depositing the balls admits of some misunderstanding, and some mistakes. The ball has to be pushed in a distance in order to reach the groove along which it is moved and made to count and tally. It can be put so near the edge of the opening as to fall out during the operation of the machine, and this accident or mishap may lead to difficulty, to say the least of it.

"Can a fraud be committed? That is the great consideration. The ball may be held back, or knocked out of its place, and if the elector be allowed to use it in a second movement of the slot he may add it to the count of a certain candidate a second time and so become a repeater. Against a second operation there is ground for protest, and unless it be forbidden the machine may, as at present constructed, be manipulated to some purpose.

"The voting machine, however, is on its trial, and with all its defects it is well liked. It can, however, be improved very much. The working parts should be of metal and made less liable to derangement. The balls too, should roll away from the elector and do their work more effectually.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

AN EXCITING EXPERIENCE.

"I had an experience the other day that just about beats anything that ever happened to me," said a well known citizen to a Times man. "I was walking along Stewart street when a woman ran from one of the houses, screaming at the top of her lungs. It was about three o'clock in the afternoon, broad daylight. She saw me and began to beckon frantically. I broke into a run, and when I reached her I asked what was the matter. She was as white as a sheet and shaking like a leaf. 'It's in the kitchen! It's in the kitchen!' she cried; and that was all the satisfaction I could get out of her. She had left the front door open and I went in. She followed close behind me, and from her actions I thought some crime had been committed. I pulled myself together before I entered the kitchen, but there didn't seem to be anything wrong. 'Now, madam,' I said, 'perhaps you will be kind enough to tell me what you are creating all this fuss about.' She pointed to the coal scuttle and gasped, 'It's in there!' I looked, and what do you suppose it was? A mouse! The scuttle was nearly empty and there were some bread crumbs in the bottom. The mouse had evidently jumped in after the crumbs, and then couldn't climb the sides again. I picked it out by the tail and gave it a rap on the floor. That woman was just as profuse in her thanks as though I had

WE LOOK FOR YOUR TRADE

Serving the public with care, attention, honest goods and low prices, has given us a high position amongst druggists of Canada. We look for your trade, and will use every endeavor to make you a regular customer.

Our supplies of pure Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Preparations, Perfumes, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, etc., will interest you.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. H. HOMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

LAKEHURST

A deep feeling of sadness has passed over this community owing to the death on Monday morning last of Mrs. Robert Shaw, wife of Robert Shaw, County Councillor. Mrs. Shaw has been in poor health for the last six or seven months, but she was thought to be improving until about a week ago, when she was seized with an attack of inflammation of the lungs. Dr. Boswell of Bobcaygeon, was called but he pronounced her case hopeless and she gradually sank.

Mrs. Shaw will be greatly missed, for she had a wide circle of friends. Her gentle and kindly disposition endeared her to everyone with whom she came in contact. Her death will be sincerely mourned by all and her sorrowing husband and daughters will have the heartfelt sympathy of the community.

Municipal Insurance

As an evidence that municipal insurance is sure to come, sooner or later, we publish the following: Galt, Ont., has a remarkable record. Last year the fire brigade responded to twelve calls, and the total loss was $60. In 1900 there were fifteen calls, with a total damage of $36, while the insurance companies doing business in the town paid out $4 for losses during the two years. The amount paid to the insurance companies in the two years, is estimated at $[illegible].

Carnival on Feb. 14th

Mr. Angus McIntosh, the popular and energetic caretaker of the Charlotte St. Rink intends giving a fancy dress carnival on Friday evening next, Feb. 14th. As Angus is very popular his venture should meet with great success. He has engaged the services of the band for the occasion.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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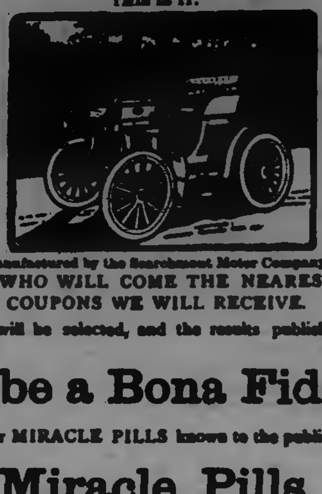

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The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

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ESTABLISHED 1882.

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RESERVE FUND	250,000

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HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, INDEPENDENTLY rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Erie, Osconto Bldg., Chicago Ill.

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WE PAY CASH FOR LABOR—$18.00 and expenses weekly. Salary at end of each week. [illegible] travelling position —no canvassing. The Columbia House, 3?? Dearborn, Chicago.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $5 to $10 a day; you can do it with our automatic [illegible] Walton & [illegible], Room 711, 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

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AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

—The many friends of Judge Weller will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly recovering, and is now able to walk about the house.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS'

One-Way

EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,

1 King Street East, Toronto.

—Miss J. Hammond and son, Harry, of Hartney, Man., and her sister, Miss Nellie Fallis, of Millbrook, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Edwards, Albert street.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,

Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

—'Tis the voice of the shoveller;
I heard him complain
I have shovelled before,
I must shovel again.

—Lindsay proposes to include the reports of the Waterworks Commissioners and Public Library Board in the town's financial statement.

—The gentlemen of Lindsay are giving a ball in the Town Hall there on Monday evening. A Toronto orchestra has been engaged to furnish music for dancing.

—The Curling Club at Fenelon Falls will give an entertainment in a few days, of which Peterborough talent will assist.

—Lent begins on the 12th of February. Easter will come towards the end of March, which is much earlier than for many years. A short winter is therefore to be expected.

—Lindsay Post: Peterborough citizens manifested great interest in the first election for Water Commissioners on Monday. Mr. T. F. Matthews, son of Mr. Geo. Matthews of this town, and manager of the Peterborough branch of his pork packing business, headed the poll with [illegible] votes; the [illegible] Mr. W. H. Hill, received [illegible] votes. In conjunction with Mayor Dennes the above gentlemen will manage Peterborough's first venture in municipal ownership of public utilities.

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet, by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad at last that it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from Cancer or Tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 40c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs.........	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs........	1.00
Best 40c Japan Tea, 3 lbs..........	1.00
Best 40c Tea, 30c; 4 lbs......	1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain 20c, 5 lbs	1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 590 - 388 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 8, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—This is market day.

—The snow continues to come. Sleighing should be good now.

—The present condition of George street is very dangerous.

—Wednesday next will be Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent.

—The liverymen of town are finding business very dull for the past few days.

—The roads in the country are navigable for only a few miles in some directions.

—The residents of Belmont are endeavouring to have a post-office opened at Victoria.

—The young people of Millbrook have been enjoying a series of dances in the town hall this winter. The last dance will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 11th.

—Prof. O'Brien, the well known palmist, who spent several weeks in Peterborough last fall, is to deliver a lecture in Lindsay on Scientific Palmistry.

—Port Hope proposes to have a first-class covered rink. Already $2,100 has been subscribed, and a joint stock company will be formed.

—G. E. Whiten is the people's photographer. Go to him for your best photos. He also frames pictures. Studio, 158 Hunter street west.

—At the Police Court yesterday, an Italian named Shemy charged G. Williams with calling him insulting names and using profane language. Williams was found guilty, and fined $5 and costs or 15 days. He took the days.

—Deering Bros., Chicago, one of the largest manufacturers of farm machinery in the world, have decided to locate a branch factory in Canada. We believe Kingston and other large cities are endeavouring to get the works. Why should Peterborough not make an offer?

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

Honor Roll

Honor roll for S.S. No. 1, Anstruther, for the month of January, 1902: Sr. II.—H. Eastland, 1290; A. McIlveen, 890; A. Henry, 807. Jr. II.—E. Bullied, 1830; B. Eastland, 1150. Part II—C. Eastland, 1741; E. Sullivan, 1875. B. Bullied, 1412. Sr. Part I.—Joseph Gallagher, 948. Jr. Part I.—William Sullivan, 1163.

Y.M.C.A. Concert

The Boys Department of the Y.M.C.A. held a concert in the hall last evening which was a grand success. The programme consisted of readings, recitations &c which was presented and carried out by the boys of the department.

An exhibition of fencing was given by two of the boys which was warmly applauded and proved very interesting to the audience.

The attendance was large and it was very gratifying to the Department to see so many of their friends present.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Dr. McCullough has returned from Lindsay, where he was called on a professional visit.

—Mr. Wm. Rudkins, Inland Revenue Inspector, has returned from Lindsay, where he was on business.

—Mrs. E. A. Bennet leaves to-day for a six weeks' visit to Boston and other American cities.

—Miss May McMaster, of Glenwilliam, Ont., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. J. Todd, Wolfe street.

—Mr. Henry McAuley, formerly of Lindsay, was elected Mayor of Dawson City at the elections held this week.

—Major Neil F. McNaughton, commanding 14th Durham Field Battery, has been elected President of the Ontario Artillery Association.

—Rev. Mr. McKnight, of town, occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian Church, Havelock, on Sunday last, in the absence of the Pastor, Rev. D. A. Hamilton.

—Mr. R. B. Rogers, Superintending Engineer of the Trent Canal, has again been elected to the Council of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers. While in Montreal, Mr. Rogers read a paper on "Canal Construction" before the Applied Society of McGill University.

—Mr. D. Hughes Charles, Manager of the Galt branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, has been appointed manager of the local branch, as successor to the late R. C. McHarrie. Mr. Charles and family will arrive in town in a short time.

—Mr. Robert Fisher, Reeve of South Monaghan, has been elected warden of the County Councils of Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Fisher will undoubtedly fill the position with credit to himself and to the entire satisfaction to the two counties. He is now receiving the congratulations of his friends in being elected to so important an office.

To Have a Sleigh Ride

The members of the Boy's Department of the Y.M.C.A who are attending school are asked to be at the hall this morning at 9.30, prepared to go for a sleigh ride. The boys will return in time to have their bath and to get to their homes for dinner. A good time is promised and the sleigh will be provided with plenty of robes etc., to keep the boys warm.

Peterborough Protestant Home

The Committee of Management of the P. P. Home gratefully acknowledge the following donations for the month of January:—J. H. Bell, milk; Y.W.C.A., cake; St. John's Girls' Guild, cake; E. F. Mason, bread; Mrs. Burnham, Toronto papers; Miss Ada Stenson, reading matter; Mrs. (Dr.) Poole, clothing; Mrs. T. A. Hay, clothing; a friend, clothing.

DEATHS

O'CONNOR—Sarah O'Connor, second daughter of Mrs. O'Connor, of Patterson street.

Women Unjustly Accused of Extravagance

Many women are unjustly accused of extravagance in dress by their neighbors and friends. In ninety-nine cases out of every hundred, these accused women spend less money on clothes than their accusers. These well dressed women are always economical while they appear natty and stylish. They deserve all the frequent changes in dress they enjoy. The new looking dresses, suits and skirts are simply old ones recolored with some fashionable color of the Diamond Dyes and retrimmed. Such dresses are made up at small cost. Any woman of ordinary intelligence can enjoy several changes in dress each week. Bring out the old, faded and dingy looking garments consigned to the garret or closet, select fashionable colors of the Diamond Dyes, and with little labor you can increase the stock in your wardrobe. The same good work can be done with your children's dresses and your husband's suits. Well dressed people are users of Diamond Dyes.

A Correction

The report circulated that Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, of St. Luke's Church, has been appointed Chaplain of the 3rd Prince of Wales Dragoons, is a little premature. The appointment has not yet been made but it is understood Rev. Langfeldt will most likely receive the appointment.

Consumption is Infectious

Every precaution should be taken to prevent its spread of the "White Plague." Persons coming into contact with consumptives should inhale Catarrhozone several times each day as it is a powerful destroyer of disease germs, and renders them innocuous. Catarrhozone is a most efficient preventive and may be thoroughly relied on to promote expectoration, soothe the cough and benefit in many ways too numerous to mention. Both from a medical and scientific point of view Catarrhozone is the most valuable addition to the armament against consumption. Its merit cannot be too warmly applauded. Sold at all druggists, two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c., or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE LATE LOUIS ARCHAMBAULT

His Death Occurred Yesterday at Noon—Well Known in Town

The death occurred yesterday of Mr. Louis Archambault, aged 72, who for nearly a quarter of a century, has been a resident of Peterborough. Deceased was a native of Rawdon, Quebec, where he lived for many years. About 24 years ago he came to Peterborough and entered into the wood business. For two years past he has been ailing, suffering from stomach troubles. A widow and two children are left to mourn his death. The children are Mr. Philias Archambault and Mrs. Frank Lacombe, both of Syracuse.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from No. 1 Crown street at two o'clock, and proceed to the Roman Catholic cemetery for interment.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ATTACKED BY A RAT

A Domestic in the Oriental Hotel Has a Thrilling Experience

A domestic in the Oriental Hotel had a rather thrilling experience a few nights ago. She was rudely awakened about four o'clock this morning by a sharp pain caused by the bite of a rat. The animal had got under the bed clothes and had sunk its teeth into her neck. The young lady's screams awakened her companion who slept with her, and also the occupants of the adjourning rooms. The rat escaped after the light had been turned on.

The fright caused the young lady to faint and medical aid had to be summoned. She is still suffering from the wound and nervous prostration.

Notwithstanding the Introduction of Imitations and Counterfeits the Sales of Paine's Celery Compound

HAVE VASTLY INCREASED

THE GREAT MEDICAL PRESCRIPTION OF PROFESSOR PHELPS, M. D., IS THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT BANISHES DISEASE AND SICKNESS

Shortly after the greatest modern physicians, Professor Phelps, M. D., gave to the science of medicine the most wonderful remedy of the present day—Paine's Celery Compound—a host of imitators sprung up. As the great public demand for Paine's Celery Compound increases in every section of Canada, imitators become bolder, and as a consequence, the public in many quarters are suffering from these vile deceptions. To-day, no other medicine is so largely imitated as Paine's Celery Compound; this is due to its immense popularity.

Notwithstanding the introduction of imitations of Paine's Celery Compound in Canada, the sales of the great disease-banisher increase from week to week and far exceed the combined output of all other medicines. People insist upon having the one remedy that makes them strong, repairs their shattered strength and that frees them from disease. Only a truly great and effective remedy could continue as Paine's Celery Compound has done, to hold its unrivalled place in the estimation of able physicians, discerning professional men and the best people of the land.

If you value life and health, do not hesitate to refuse the "Something Just As Good" and vile imitations when dealers present them to you. See that you get the kind with the name PAINE'S on wrapper and bottle.

STICK YOUR SHAFT

Into boxes babbitted with the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

Metals, and your troubles will be over

Tel. Main 1729. - 31 William st.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Highest Educational Standard

PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture.

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF WINTER SPORTS

QUEBEC

February 3rd to 11th, 1902.

Return Tickets will be issued from

PETERBORO

—TO—

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and return—

$14.80

Valid going February 3rd to 11th inclusive. Returning from Quebec on or before February 13th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

A RISING TOWN

Village of Bancroft, as Seen by a Times Representative

Special to the Times

Bancroft, Feb. 8 — A Times correspondent paid a brief visit to this village, which is situated on the north branch of the Madawaska river, at the corner of four townships—Dungannon, Faraday, Monteagle and Herschell—in the County of Hastings. There are about 750 inhabitants, and twenty-four new houses were built last year. There is a steel bridge across the river on the old Monck Road, and below the bridge there is a fine grist mill, woollen mill, saw mill and power house. The stores and private houses have electric lights. There is a fine Roman Catholic church as well as a Methodist, Presbyterian and English church, and a good school house. The village has a steam fire engine and a fire hall is under construction. There are two hotels, one drug store, and nine general stores, one bank, two harness shops, and two jewelry stores. The village will have electric lights on the streets. Bancroft also has a weekly newspaper, The Times. The train arrives here at noon each day. The train could not get in the last two days, the snow drifts were so heavy, but the snowplough on the C. O. R. came from Brighton to Coe Hill yesterday and on to Bancroft to-day. There are also two livery stables here. Oats are 55 cents a bushel, butter 16 1-2 cents per lb., stove wood per cord $1.25, and pine wood $1.00 Bancroft is a progressive village.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

BAND CONCERT

Given by the 57th Band Last Night a Success—Appreciative Audience

Another of a series of most delightful band concerts, was given in the market hall last night by the splendid band of the 57th regiment, under the able leadership of Mr. R. Gliddon, the efficient and energetic bandmaster.

The attendance was very good, the large hall being comfortably filled by a very attentive and highly appreciative audience.

The programme was as follows:

PART I.

March—Signal from Mars.....J. Paris Chambers.
Overture—Pique Dame......Von Suppe.
Serenade—The Warbler......Lois Williams.
Euphonium Solo—The Vacant Chair...
........................T. Rollinson.
Descriptive—The Forge in the Forest
........................Theo Michaelis
Synopsis—Adagio; Night. Lento; Dawn—The Birds Revel in their Morning Songs. The Song of The Brook. Morning Prayer. The Forge.

PART II.

Ethiopian Symphony—Ma Creole Belle
........................B. Lampe.
Paraphrase—In the Deep Cellar......R. Eilenberg.
Intermezzo—Salome...... ......Laraine.
Narcissus from Nevin's Water Scenes.
March Philharmonic........P. Rinquet.
God Save The King.

The euphonium solo by Mr. Cronk was well rendered, and was heartily applauded. The program rendered last night, was similar to the one presented by the band in Lindsay a few days ago.

Never Worry.—Take them and go about your business—they do their work whilst you are doing yours. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are system renovators, blood purifiers and builders; every gland and tissue in the whole anatomy is benefited and stimulated in the use of them. 40 doses in a vial, 10 cents.—41

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS A Roadbed, X Equipment, O Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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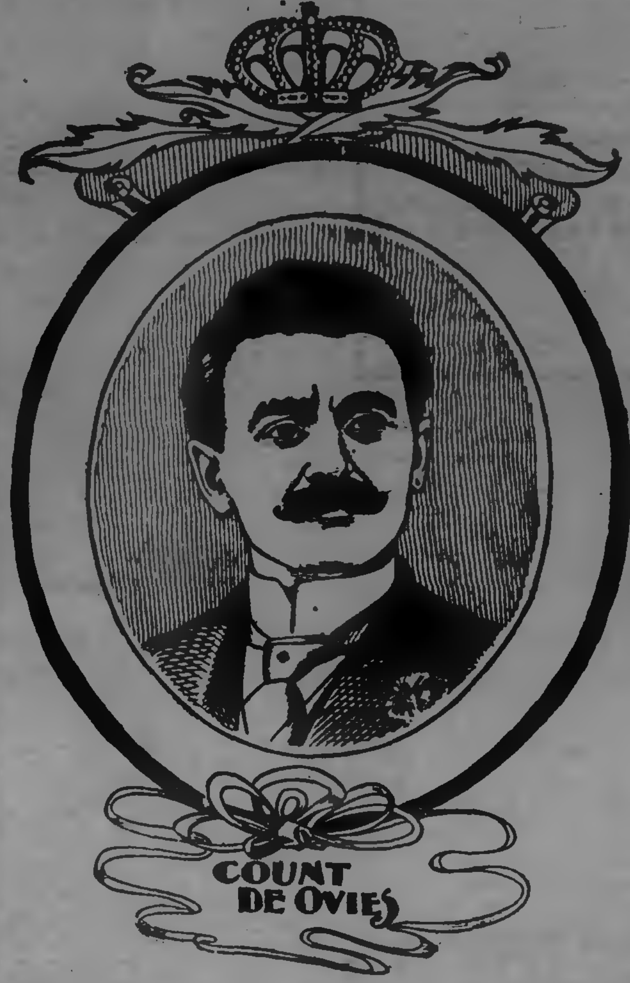
Bovril

Nourishes and— Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

A SPANISH COUNT CURED OF LA GRIPPE.



Count Segundo de Ovies was a Carlist exile. The signature of his uncle, Louis De Ovies, is found with that of John Quincy Adams ceding Florida to the United States in a treaty with Spain. The Count is forty-six years of age, an exile from Orietto, situated in the northern part of Spain, and has been exiled since 1876; he is wealthy, and has traveled and studied the customs, habits and languages of twenty-five different nations.

In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, the Count gives his endorsement to their great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words:

The Canfield, Atlantic City, N. J.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

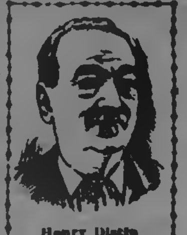
Gentlemen—"Last winter my secretary had a severe attack of la grippe which was cured effectually by the use of four bottles of Peruna, so when I contracted the same unpleasant sickness last fall I at once sent for a bottle. It truly worked wonders, and removed the sickening and sore feeling I had within a few days. I would not be without it now for any money, and when I go away I carry Peruna as a valuable perquisite to my traveling outfit."—JULIAN SEGUNDO, CONDE DE OVIES.

NEARLY everybody is having la grippe again. It resembles somewhat in the beginning a severe cold. A chill or cold spell is followed by aching bones, sore throat, headache, cough, and general weakness. Its course may be quite slight or severe, but in either case it nearly always leaves one in a miserable condition.

Unless Peruna is taken it will be weeks or months before a person regains his usual health. If the victim is fortunate enough to begin the use of Peruna at the commencement of the attack the course of the grip is much shortened, and the system is left in a natural state.

People who have had la grippe, but are still suffering from the after-effects, should not neglect to take Peruna, as it will promptly restore them to health.

Henry Distin, the inventor and maker of all the band instruments of the Henry Distin Manufacturing Co., writes the following from 1441 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa:



Henry Distin.

"I had a bad attack of la grippe last December which lasted more than three months, and which left me with catarrh, and several of my friends advised me to try Peruna. I began with a bottle the first week in March and it certainly did me a great deal of good. I was so well satisfied that I purchased another bottle and followed the directions, and can say that it has cured me."—Henry Distin.

A large per cent of those who are afflicted with this epidemic, instead of getting well as they ought to, will have chronic catarrh as the result. This is almost invariably the case unless Peruna is taken as soon as possible after the grip begins.

Every one who has observed the effect of Peruna during the last three epidemics of la grippe positively knows that this remedy will cure it permanently.

The fact is, however, that a great multitude of people will not take Peruna, and a foundation for chronic catarrh will be laid.

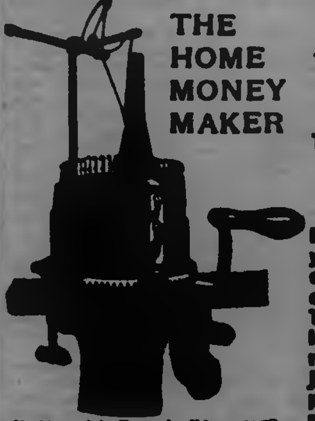
Even in cases where chronic catarrh has affected the lungs, and the early stages of catarrhal consumption have been developed, Peruna can be relied upon as a prompt and lasting cure. La grippe and catarrh are at present the two great enemies of life in the land. Peruna is a cure for either.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

More Home Knitters Wanted



THE HOME MONEY MAKER

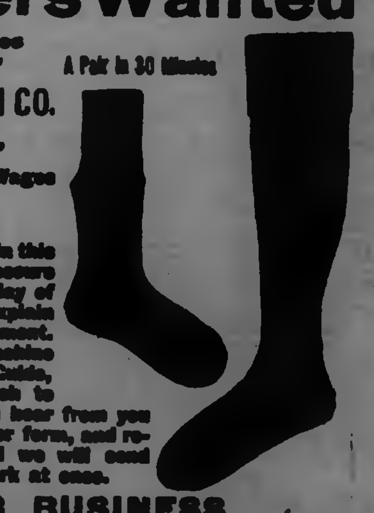
Machine weighs 17 pounds. It is more wonderful than a sewing machine, just as durable, and higher speed.

To Work at Their Homes Under the Direction of

The GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO.

37 MELINDA ST., TORONTO,

To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.



A Pair in 30 Minutes

We want a few more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple, and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide, requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Contract, order form, and remittance, as a guarantee, and we will send machine and outfit to begin work at once.

OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS

We wish to secure the services of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the introducers of this plan and the largest knitting concern in Canada.

After long experience, we have been able to produce an Automatic Machine by which all kinds of seamless knitting is now done by our Family Machine, thereby enabling anyone of ordinary intelligence to quickly learn to do the work from the Instruction Guide. All we require is that you use the machine according to directions. The Machine being made expressly for this purpose, and the operation so simple, it cannot possibly make a mistake in its work.

The great demand now is for Bicycle Stockings, Woodmen's Socks, and Motormen's Mittens, and as we are unable to supply the demand, have taken this method of advertising for more help.

The large export trade to the North-west Territories, British Columbia, and the British Colonies, furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combined co-operation of the many families we are employing, together with the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out, by which we save rents, insurance, interest on capital, etc., enables us to undersell any manufacturers of this class of goods, and we have sale for all the knitting we can have turned out.

The price we pay for finished bicycle stockings is $10.00 per hundred, or at the rate of 10c per pair; woodmen's socks, 5c, and motormen's mittens, 15c a pair. All other work in proportion to size.

The machine can be operated by any one of a family, and at our prices any energetic family should be able to sustain themselves comfortably, and in time be a source of independent comfort.

Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a sock or stocking partially knitted, and remaining in the machine ready to be continued, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of sample socks or stockings and a simple and complete Instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us satisfactory, we send a quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We prepay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapidly done, the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute. We have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty pairs of socks or stockings a day, and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, you can readily see that $15.00 or $20.00 per week can be easily earned.

We furnish our workers all the materials, yarn, etc., free, and everything that is necessary for the work. We are furnishing the machines only for the exclusive use of those desiring to take employment with us, who must, in order to become a member, send us this Contract Order Form, properly signed by them, and at least one good reference, and remittance accordingly, to give us the necessary assurance that the quantities of valuable yarn we may send from time to time will not be wasted or misappropriated. Our interests are mutual, and this confidence must be established if we are to succeed. We guarantee fair dealing and prompt payment for work, so do not ask us to deviate from our terms, as we cannot make a distinction with one and not another; besides, we are doing an extensive business, and must be governed by business principles.

The manufactured price of the machine is $15, and positively will not be sold to any others than those who will agree to do knitting for us.

If at any time after you commence, and have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, and wish to discontinue, we will take back machine and refund the amount paid for same, after deducting cost of our expense only.

There is a Large Demand by the Trade for this class of work. Our workers can depend upon it year after year, and if you engage with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as long as you do it satisfactorily for us and return it promptly. We entrust our workers with large quantities of valuable yarn, and as we give references as to our honesty and integrity, we must ask you to do the same, in order that we may know with whom we are dealing.

We have, in as brief a manner as possible, endeavored to show you what our work is, and we simply say as to the machine, it is just what we represent it to be, and will positively do everything we claim for it, or refund the money. Each machine, securely packed with an outfit, is set up for work, thoroughly tested, and a sock or stocking partially knitted before boxing and shipping. Should you decide to engage with us, it will be necessary to send us Cash Contract Order Form, properly signed by you, and at least one good reference, together with the remittance, accordingly, upon receipt of which we will forward machine and outfit ready to commence.

Respectfully yours,

GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 Melinda Street, Toronto

Our References—Express Companies, Banks, or Toronto Business Houses.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending $3.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping, and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of twelve dollars to pay the agent and 25 cents for the return charges on the money to us.

We are so frequently and unnecessarily asked if one can learn to knit without a teacher. We say, Yes; it requires no teacher; any person of ordinary intelligence who can read the Instruction Guide can learn to knit at once.

—ORDER FORM—

$15.00 Cash Contract Order Form.

To the Glasgow Woolen Co., 37 Melinda St., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I desire to do the work as described in this advertisement, and enclose $15 to pay for one Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions, and everything necessary for the work, the same to be sent to me by Express, CHARGES PREPAID.

It is understood and agreed that any time after I have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, $15, and wish to discontinue, that the Glasgow Woolen Co. will take back the machine and outfit, and after deducting their expense, refund me the amount paid for same.

Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here:

Full name ....

P. O. .... Street ....

County .... Prov. ....

Nearest Express Office is at ....

For reference I name the following person:

....

....

Be sure to use this form when sending your remittance for the machine and outfit, which you must fill in and have signed by at least one good reference in the proper place. Tear off and return to us, and also state here how much time you can devote to the work; also how you wish to be paid, weekly, monthly, or as you send in the work.

....

....

Send your remittance by Express, Money Order, Registered Letter, or Post-Office Money Order, and we will promptly forward machine, outfit, and simple guide for doing the work. This is the best offer ever made for the benefit of Canadians who want to work and make money at home.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 34 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY FEBRUARY 10 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITISH WAR OFFICE AGAIN IN TROUBLE

Scandal Likely Over Meat Contracts for Army in South Africa

CECIL RHODES IS ALSO SEVERELY ATTACKED

Contract Originally Sold for £10,000 Obtained by De Beers Group for Two Hundred Thousand Pounds

London, Feb. 8.—The apparent incompetence and, it is claimed, possible dishonesty which permeate the purchasing departments of the British army as revealed this week in Parliament, have caused a public agitation that augurs badly for the War Office. Judging from recent and promised disclosures scarcely any of the supplies for the army in South Africa were secured on business principles. Speculating contractors are now known to have made hundreds of thousands of pounds by reselling contracts. The Opposition vainly endeavored to get details regarding the new contract for the supply of meat, announced by the Government in the House of Commons, with the view of ascertaining if a saving over the former methods will really be effected. The Government successfully avoided answering, but the Associated Press understands that the contract in question was first re-sold at £10,000 premium, and then at £40,000, while Cecil Rhodes says the De Beers group handled over £200,000, and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with fresh meat. These figures are likely to be shortly published here, and when known will doubtless add fuel to the fire of public indignation which threatens to centre around the Secretary for War, Mr. Brodrick, as viciously as it did around Lord Lansdowne when the latter was opposed for the early blunders of the war.

SWINDLED ON LARGE SCALE.

A dozen or more committees of investigation are now sitting or are in process of formation. But, as The Saturday Review says, "these are only too often synonyms of oblivion. The facts remaining," adds The Review, "that we have been swindled on a very large scale."

While these stringent criticisms of the War Office are being publicly aired there is proceeding beneath the surface a revolt which threatens to be of ever greater importance. The leading authorities of the volunteers, including many of the commanders of the best-known regiments, several of whom being titled persons, and nearly all wealthy, are holding frequent meetings to decide on the best method of defeating Mr. Brodrick's new volunteer regulations. The committee which Mr. Brodrick appointed to hear the grievances only aggravated matters. The commanders of the leading regiments had previously formed themselves into a deputation to wait on Mr. Brodrick, and he, temporarily, declined to see them, but the Secretary for War stole a march on the members of the deputation by announcing in the House that he had appointed a committee of his own in which but one of the deputation was included. His action created intense feeling among the members of the original deputation, who privately declare that the new volunteer regulations and the "dead-head committee" were introduced for the sole purpose of making opposition possible.

TROSTELS HAD A PRESENTIMENT THAT SOMETHING WAS IMPENDING

Victims of the Chicago Explosion Took Out Life Insurance Policies Just Before the Catastrophe Occured and Overwhelmed Them.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—By an explosion of illuminating gas in the basement of a two story frame building at 376 Twenty-second street last evening, a number of people, the total said to be eleven, lost their lives, and the building was blown into kindling wood. The flames from the gas main reached the Trostel butcher shop. The building was a three-story frame structure, and it had been weakened and nearly wrecked by the shock. It is supposed that the occupants of the building were knocked unconscious, or were too panic-stricken to rush from the place. The building collapsed, and the occupants, with one exception, were carried with it to the basement. Many persons in buildings near the explosion were knocked down. There were six children in the Trostel family, and there is little doubt that all the eight members of the family were killed.

At 2 o'clock this morning, eight bodies had been recovered and identified.

The cause of the explosion has not yet been fixed. Some business men in the vicinity said the explosion was in a defective boiler connected with the gas system in the basement of the building occupied by Butcher Trostel, which employees had attempted to thaw out. Others insisted that the explosion was caused by the gas itself, but they were unable to say how the gas had caused it.

The most graphic story of the accident was told by J. Pauly of 66 Twenty-second street place, who stood across the street when the explosion occurred.

"The first thing I knew," he said, "I was blown against a telegraph pole. I was facing the market, and it seemed that the whole building rose in the air at once and then collapsed into the cellar a heap of ruins. I ran across the street, and as I crossed the car tracks I could hear the cries of the people imprisoned in the wreckage. Almost immediately the flames burst out all over the place, and it seemed that everything was on fire at once.

"Then I caught sight of a man crawling out from the basement. He did not seem to be badly hurt, and called for help. I recognized him as the sausage maker Trostel had hired a few days before. I do not know his name. A man who ran up jumped down to help him, and between us we got him to the street. He was able to walk, and went away at once.

The first explosion in the building disconnected the gas mains, and they caught fire. The fire seemed to follow the pipes and five minutes later the manhole west, in Archer avenue blew up with almost as loud a report as the first. The manhole to the east followed in a few minutes.

"We could hear the cries in the basement growing fainter, and we had to allow the sufferers to die without doing anything to help them."

On Monday Otto Trostel insured his life for $5,000, making his wife the beneficiary. Yesterday Mrs. Trostel called on the insurance agent and asked if the two oldest children could be insured. She said she had a presentiment that something would happen. The agent was instructed to write policies of $2,000 each.

DAMAGED BY SNOW-PLOUGH

Many Shade Trees are Damaged and Scathed by the Snow Plow

In different parts of the town the young and promising shade trees are damaged by the snow plow. Many of the trees have the bark bruised and torn off. This may do serious damage to the shade trees that were doing so well, and just beginning to be an ornament to the streets.

The snow plow conductors should make a note of this and exercise sufficient care that the trees will not be injured in the process of removing the snow.

It might also be well to have these injured trees examined, for a little attention now and an application of pitch might prevent any injurious results.

NO AGREEMENT WITH FRANCE

British Foreign Office Denies Reported Settlement of Newfoundland Dispute

London, Feb. 6.—The Foreign Office authorizes the Sun to deny the reported agreement by which France acquires possession of the New Hebrides and surrenders her rights in Newfoundland to England.

Colorado Hotel Men

Denver, Colo., Feb. —Many hotel men from various cities of Colorado are arriving for the meeting of their State Association, to be held at the Brown Palace Hotel to-morrow. Judging from the number of early arrivals, the meeting will be the largest as well as the most important ever held by the Association. Protective legislation against dead-beats, rates to drummers and the theatrical profession and other matters of paramount importance to those engaged in the hotel business are scheduled for consideration.

Poor Girl Pity Her

Growing! Yes, into weakness, but not strength. Studies — plenty of them. Tired, of course she is, and weak too. Does not eat enough, and digests far less than enough. This condition is so frequent, but how seldom noticed even by fond parents. Give her Ferrozone, then watch her appetite improve, her cheeks and lips grow ruby, her step elastic, her spirits buoyant. All this simply the result of eating and digesting enough, making blood, and thereby strengthening the nerve and brain power. Ferrozone gives a woman's strength to weak girls. Your daughter or wife needs Ferrozone, Get it to-day.

TO UNSEAT MAYOR OF LINDSAY

Defeated Candidate After His Worship and Four of the Councillors

Affidavits were filed at Osgoode Hall to-day in a motion to unseat John Ingles, mayor of Lindsay, and John Hore, Alexander Jackson, John O'Reilly, and W. N. Robson, councillors, the allegation being that they diverted certain school funds for waterworks and park purposes, having already spent $800 out of an appropriation of $5,000.

The relator is Arthur D. Mallon, mail clerk, who was a defeated candidate for the council.

Charles Beckett has taken proceedings to have John Robertson and Richard J. Avery disqualified as councillors for the town of Strathroy. They are alleged to have a contract with the town.

Beckett filed security for costs at Osgoode Hall to-day.

A PROSPEROUS COMPANY

Report of the Annual Meeting of the Equity Fire Insurance Company.

In the financial statement submitted to the shareholders of the Equity Fire Insurance Company, at the fourth annual meeting, held in Toronto on the 5th inst., a very satisfactory showing is made. This young company has already acquired a large and lucrative business. The premium income amounted to $126,960.93, being an increase over the previous year of $69,142. Adding accrued interest, the total income was $129,444.95. After paying fire losses, cost of management, and all expenses, there is a balance of $28,548.20 to the good. Adding this to the former balance of $8,295.19 there is a total surplus on the 31st December last of $36,843.39.

The above speaks for itself, and is certainly a very inspiring report. Mr. Greenwood Brown, the capable manager, and the Board of Directors, are to be congratulated on the result of the year's operations.

A WONDERFUL FUEL

Made From Common Clay—Earth Treated Chemically Burns With a White, Strong Heat.

Omaha, Feb 6—E. J. Hoffman, a Chicago & Northwestern railroad engineer, who retired from his vocation because of ill-health, has invented in his little hat factory, where he also earns a living, a fuel that he asserts is composed of clay to the extent of ninety per cent. He says that one day while at work in the shop, there was accidentally discovered by him a peculiar action of certain chemicals and gasoline. Eagerly he followed up the clue with numberless experiments, until finally he was enabled to give to the world a fuel, he declares, cheaper than coal and better than coal.

The fuel burns in a stove, grate or furnace readily; it creates no smoke, no cinders, and burns to white ashes, twenty-five pounds of the fuel producing only a quantity of ashes that may be held in the palm of the hand. In the combustion, the fire literally consumes its own ashes, and a ton of fuel will go further than two tons of the best coal, producing five times the amount of heat that coal creates. One pound of the strange mixture will suffice to keep the kitchen range hot for one hour.

A recent test of Hoffman's clay coal in the furnace of a large boiler, developed the fact that 250 pounds of it created 30 per cent. more steam and lasted longer in burning than 600 lbs. of first quality steam coal.

The invention, it is predicted, is destined to solve the fuel problem for the whole world, inasmuch as the product may be manufactured 1000 miles from an oil-producing locality for about $2 a ton. Near an oil field it can be made for one-fifth of that price approximately.

For factories and manufacturing establishments it is proposed to have a plant at or near the furnace doors. Dirt will be hauled, treated in a few moments, and the fireman shovels his fuel under the boilers. With a draught on can be produced a heat the like of which has never been secured from coal, or, with all draughts closed, one may have a glowing fire not unlike that of anthracite coal in a base-burner. For household use it is proposed to subject lumps in moulds to a pressure of 1,000 pounds.

Two Chicago-Omaha railroads will shortly begin using Hoffman's fuel for a thorough test in the locomotives. The immense packing-house plants of Armour, Cudahy & Swift, at South Omaha, will also test the invention.

MRS. SOFFEL'S DEFENSE

The Woman Who Released the Biddle's Will Live

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 8—The Prison Board is satisfied Mrs. Soffel had assistance within the prison walls, and, before the Biddle incident is finally closed, it is probable there will be an almost entirely new force of attaches at the jail.

Mrs. Soffel is already taking steps to defend herself, and has written to a prominent Pittsburg attorney to engage his services. Her father is said to be quite well-to-do, and, as her parents are relenting, she hopes to receive aid from them.

Despatches from the Butler hospital to-day report Mrs. Soffel's condition as unchanged. While it is believed she will get well, the danger is not passed and on account of this uncertainty in her condition, nothing is being done in the way of preparations for her removal to Pittsburg. If she lives, in addition to answering the charge of aiding prisoners to escape, she will be confronted by charges of furnishing the Biddles with firearms and aiding the felonious assault upon the jail guards and the officers who effected the capture of Butler.

AUSTRALIA IS MADE OF THE RIGHT STUFF

Intense Love for the Mother Land Predominates

A PREFERENTIAL TARIFF

What the Austrialian Ministers Will do at the Coronation

Canadian Atlantic Line—Rumor That the C.P.R. Will be Asked to Run a Fast Line at an Increased Subsidy.

London, Feb. 10—The Australasian Ministers clearly mean business at the Coronation conference regarding trade. Mr. Wise, the Attorney-General for New South Wales, suggests an Australian rebate of customs duties on all goods, British and foreign, imported in British bottoms. The idea of including foreign goods in the preference is to avoid a contravention of the most-favored-nation clause. Mr. Barton, the Federal Premier of Australia, approves this suggestion, and Mr. Seddon, the Premier of New Zealand, is willing to give a customs rebate on British, and not on foreign, goods imported to New Zealand in British bottoms.

It is thought these early colonial advances are made in the hope of strengthening that section of the British Cabinet which would welcome some measure of British reciprocity with the colonies, as part of the forthcoming British budget. In budget matters, however, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach has hitherto been supreme, and he has always flouted the preferential idea.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE

Though the Canadian Government is not known in the best informed circles here to be taking any fresh step in regard to a fast mail service, the subject was much discussed at last night's dinner of the Canada Club. The impression seemed to prevail that nothing adequate or effective can be done until the Canadian Pacific Railway is invited by the Canadian Government to undertake the project, with an increase of subsidy beyond the $750,000 already enacted by the Canadian Parliament. No doubt is felt that the British Government would assent to co-operate in any increased subsidy if the Canadian Pacific Railway were directly concerned.

Sydney has gained many influential friends lately as the terminal port. Its adoption in place of Quebec would necessitate only three instead of four steamers.

It is suggested that the Intercolonial Railway would possibly be transferred to the Canadian Pacific Railway as part of the deal.

AMERICAN HOLD ON RHODESIA.

Syndicate Buys 100,000 Shares of the Chartered Company

London, Feb. 8—The South African Review to-day says: "An American syndicate has bought 100,000 shares of the Chartered Company. At the present time this is not important, but if our information is correct within two years we may see the Chartered Company largely controlled from New York and eventually exerting a political influence hitherto quite unforeseen.

"If Rhodesia is included with the other colonies in the group of federated States forming a British South Africa such a contingency as the control of Rhodesian resources from New York would not have much significance. But if Rhodesia is to remain outside the federated group this contingency must be faced."

Canada and Britain's

Toronto, February .—In an address on "Empire Problems," delivered under the auspices of the Daughters of the Empire, Dr. G. R. Parkin, principal of Upper Canada, declared that Canada should not leave herself open to the imputation that she was sending her soldiers to Africa C.O.D. It would be a lasting disgrace, said the principal, for Canada to allow her sons to go as mercenaries. By paying for her own soldiers this country would raise herself in the estimation of the British people, and apart from the justice of the cause the expenditure would be more than returned. Dr. Parkin held that Canada should bear her in the defence of the Empire, and declared that when Canada's representatives went to the coronation this year they should go with a fixed mandate from the people regarding a scheme of imperial federation.

Now One Million is spent

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and Consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing pre-eminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with its germ-killing, healing vapour. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25c and $1 at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Honor Roll

Honor roll for S.S. No. 1, Anstruther, for the month of January, 1902: Sr. II.—H. Eastland, 1203; A. McIlveen, 890; A. Henry, 507. Jr. II.—R. Bullied, 1036; B. Eastland, 1150. Part II—C. Eastland, 1741; K. Sullivan, 1676; R. Bullied, 1412. Sr. Part I.—Joseph Gallagher, 949. Sr. Part I.—William Sullivan, 1163.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

SHOULD LAW MAKERS BE LAW BREAKERS?

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—Please allow me space in the columns of your valuable paper to inform the ratepayers of Ashburnham regarding the ungentlemanly language recently used to me by one of the members of the council.

At the last meeting of the village Council held on Monday evening, Mr. Johnston reported the appointments made at the committee meeting held one week previous. Mr. Thompson was appointed assessor, at a salary of $45, and Mr. George McWilliams, assistant assessor, at $35. While discussing the appointment of sanitary inspector, Mr. Johnston said he was prepared to stand by any man that had done his duty faithfully. At this remark, I asked permission to speak, which was granted. I said as I had been assessor last year and had, along with Mr. Thompson, done my work faithfully and satisfactorily, and had returned the books in time, and as there were no appeals to the Court of Revision, the ratepayers were perfectly satisfied. I wanted to know how they had rejected me. I said I would think more of a man that would never make a promise than to promise and not fulfil it. Mr. Sheridan had promised to aid me in again getting the assessor's position, and had supported some one else. With that he arose in a rage, and called me a liar, and did so with no reprimand from the chief magistrate. This ungentlemanly and uncalled for language was twice used by Mr. Sheridan.

What I want to know is: Can such language be tolerated at any council meeting without a severe reprimand of some kind? I answer that it should not. The best illustration that I can give suitable for such persons is in one of the colored churches in Tennessee, a presiding elder was making his first calls, and preaching quarterly sermons. He called on Mr. Johnstone, the minister who had charge of the circuit, and on Sunday morning preached his first sermon. After the service was over, Mr. Johnston walked up to the elder, and said: "Well Brudder Smith, what do you tink of dis yere congregation?" "Well brudder Johnston," was the reply, "if I must tell the truth, I must; I tink day are the shabbiest lot of people I ever seed in all my life."

Bro. Johnston in astonishment, answered: "How is dat, Brudder Smith! Dis yere people has had more religion and more campmeetings dan any odder people in dis yere town."

"Dat's it! Dat's it! brudder Johnston; they have wore out de seat of dere pants backsliding, and dere knees with asking forgiveness."

Now I think it is about time we changed some of the members of our council board, for the ones we have are acting very shabbily.

A. McCARTHY.,

Ashburnham, Feb. 8.

NAPOLEON'S DESCENDENTS

Editor Morning Times.

Sir Kindly print the names and lines of descent of the descendants of the brothers and sisters of the great Napoleon. Who is the present Napoleonic pretender to the throne of France and what is his line of descent?

N.C.H.

Ans.—Napoleon's only legitimate child was the King of Rome, who died in 1832. His eldest brother, Joseph, had no sons. Lucien left four sons: Charles, Louis Lucien, Pierre, Antoine. Of these, Charles, who died in 1857, left three sons, Joseph, died 1865; Lucien, Cardinal Bonaparte, died 1895, and Charles, died 1899. Louis Lucien left no sons; Pierre, who died in 1881, left Roland, who married the daughter of M. Blanc, the proprietor of Monte Carlo; he is interested in oceanography. The last of Lucien's sons, Antoine, left no sons. Louis, Napoleon's second younger brother, had a son, Napoleon III., died 1873, who left a son, the Prince Imperial, killed in Zululand in 1879. Napoleon's youngest brother, Jerome, had two sons; Jerome, died in 1847, and Napoleon, died in 1891. The latter was known as "Plonplon," he left two sons, Victor, born in 1862, and recognized as the head of the family; and Louis, a General in the Russian Army. By the laws of primogeniture the head of the family is Prince Roland Bonaparte, as he represents the second brother of Napoleon, while Victor represents the fourth.

Rather Too Severe

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—I read your article a few days ago on prohibition, and was greatly pleased with it. The fact is, prohibitionists are not sincere. The very pulpit is often afraid to denounce wrong-doing as it should. If some of the ministers had their way, they would revise the commandments after this wise:

Thou shalt not steal less than a million dollars.

Thou shalt not break the Sabbath, but bend it double if there is money in it.

Thou shalt not have more than one wife at your home.

Thou shalt not covet, but get all you can and keep all you get.

Thou shalt not kill a single man, but like our friends in the Philippines, murder them by thousands and it is all O.K.

Thou shalt not be guilty of idolatry; worship the true and the living dollar.

FREE LANCE

Items of Interest

London, Feb. 10.—An Irish boy who wanted to go to sea made a daring effort to attain his object at Swansea yesterday.

Richard Gear is fourteen years of age and belongs to Belfast. He tried to enter the navy, but was found to be too young and too short. He, however, secured a place as engineers steward on board a steamer trading to South America, and so gained some experience of life on board ship.

Then he worked his way from Belfast to South Wales on another ship, and reached Swansea a few days ago. The search for a ship was discouraging and fruitless. No captain seemed to want the little fellow. He was without friends, and was homeless and hungry.

He resolved to try his luck at Glasgow. Here again Richard was in a difficulty, for he had no money and could not find a ship to take him. He decided on the bold step yesterday morning of seizing a steam tug and starting off on the passage himself.

It was the tug Katie he chose. She was lying alongside a quay, and Gear found no difficulty in casting off the moorings and swinging her into the fairway. The engines can be worked from the deck, so the little voyager was able to be his own steersman and engineer.

TURNED BACK.

The responsibility of a steamer on the Irish Sea in winter became more apparent when he reached the harbor entrance. He did not know the course and bearings for the trip to Glasgow, and he reluctantly turned back.

The manoeuvre of bringing the Katie round for the return was managed in seamanlike fashion. She passed up the channel and was brought alongside the quay without mishap, and apparently without being particularly observed.

The next step was to get a sailing vessel, and Richard Gear chose a yacht belonging to Mr. Samuel Mutters. It so happened that Mr. Mutters went down to the shore as the boy pirate hoisted the mainsail and got under way. Mr. Mutters was surprised and proceeded to investigate.

He joined a sailor in a small boat and they gave chase to the disappearing yacht. Richard, however, had all the advantage for a time, and got past the piers and outside the harbor.

He should then have set a course bearing for Mumbles Head, but he stood away for Port Talbot Bay. The chase was a long and tedious one, and Mr. Mutters became more and more puzzled as to the movements of the yacht, especially as no one was to be seen on board.

When at last he overhauled the vessel he was still more astonished to find a little fellow of fourteen the sole occupant. All Gear could say in explanation was: "I wanted to go to Glasgow."

TO FRANCE BY KITE.

London, Feb 8.—On behalf of the War Office, Major Trollope, R. E., the balloon expert, again went to Worcester yesterday to witness the experiments with kites by Mr. S. F. Cody of Wyse County, Texas, but for the third time the weather made the tests impossible. Another attempt is to be made to-day, when Mr. Cody will employ a half mile cable attached to three kites, which he claims will raise him in a suspended basket to a height of 300 yards, while his apparatus will enable him to navigate within a radius of 300 or 400 yards. Later on Mr. Cody proposes to cross to France by means of kites attached by a two mile cable to a boat and a basket, the idea being to make the flying kites tow the boat across the Channel.

SILKS FOR THE CORONATION

London, Feb. 9.—Thousands of pounds are being spent abroad on goods required for the coronation which, if the Queen's wishes were consulted, would have gone into the pockets of British manufacturers and workmen. Some of the great West End dressmakers and silk and velvet houses are the worst offenders, for although they complain that many of the orders which ought to have come to them are going to Paris, they are themselves buying largely from continental houses. The excuse they give is that English silks are old-fashioned, and that neither in width nor colors can they compete with the products of foreign looms.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Feb 8.—Frederick Schultz was hanged in the jail yard here this morning by Hangman Radcliffe, for the murder of Mrs. Craig on August 7th last. He went to the scaffold with the same composure that he has shown all through. On the way from the jail to the scaffold he met Constable Pearson, and said, "Good-bye, Mr. Pearson, I hope to see you some time again." On the scaffold he said: "Here goes an innocent soul into eternity. That is all I have to say." The drop fell at 8 a.m. Ten minutes after Schultz was pronounced dead by Jail Surgeon Adams. He had been known as Lindsay as well as Schultz, but confessed before death that neither was his correct name, which he declined to give on account of friends. The black flag was displayed from the Court House and the Town Hall bell tolled fifteen minutes before and after the execution.

London, Feb. 6 — The new battleship London, upon which it is probable the Prince of Wales will fly his flag at the coronation review at Spithead, is now undergoing her official trials. She was laid down in 1898.

Ottawa, Feb. 6—The C.P.R. land sales last year were double those of any previous season, the area disposed of being 530,916 acres. In the whole of 1894 only 40,000 acres were sold altogether by the Company, while in November last the sales for this single month amounted to 151,822 acres. The amount realized by the C.P.R. from its land sales last year was $2,642,000. In 1891 it was $414,945. The Canada and North-West Land Company's sales in 1901 almost doubled the record of the previous year. While the Hudson Bay Company, the Manitoba and North-West Land Company, and other concerns all did a business away beyond the best showing of previous years.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH ARE HAVING TROUBLE

In Abyssina--English Capitalists Secure Contro of a French Railway.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT GROWS JEALOUS OF THEM

The French Want to Buy English Capitalists Out but They Refuse to Sell—France Using Political Influence

London, Feb. 8.—A despatch to The London Times, from Paris, outlines complications which have arisen in Abyssinia between the English and French. French financiers were granted a concession to build a railway in Abyssinia. The funds were insufficient, and the work stopped. English capitalists were invested and bought up eleven thousand of the seventeen thousand shares of stock, thereby assuming the controlling interest in the road. Work was resumed, and the English interest now wants to built a branch line to Port Zeila. The French oppose this as a deviation of the route would be harmful to their territory. A bill has been introduced into the Chamber of Deputies providing for the buying out of the English. The English capitalists, however, refuse to sell. France is now bringing political influence to bear on King Menelik, to persuade him not allow the Zeila extension.

GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA

Action of Germany May Shift Englands Friendship to The Great Northern Power

London, Feb. 10—As a practical people the estrangement between England and Germany does not take the form of abuse. It is likely to assume a more practical shape. Opinion is gradually leaning towards the abandonment of any idea of a working friendship with Germany and transferring to Russia the weight of British influence in Europe and Asia. We have paid heavy blackmail to Germany in the shape of Heligoland, East Africa, China and Samoa. I hear of other graceful concessions as being likely to occur when the war is over. diplomatic circles that the secret tre It is moreover, stated in responsibleaty with Germany on the subject of Persia gives the former power access to the Persian Gulf. If that be true this secret treaty is one of the most utterly fatuous acts ever perpetrated by our most incapable department. The price of a working understanding with Russia is a port in the Persian Gulf. She will get it anyhow, just as she obtained a war port in the Black Sea, Port Arthur, the control of the Dardanelles and diplomatic victory all along the line in China. An understanding with Russia does not mean surrender to a trade rival. On the contrary, an Anglo-Russian friendship would mean the development of Siberia with British capital, the isolation of Germany, the neutrality, if not the friendship, of France, and the recovery of the position which England occupied in Europe at the beginning of the last century. Although practical considerations govern British policy, the average man is tired of seeing the German statesmen wipe their boots upon the King of England's uniform. Germany isolated will present tough problems to her rulers, and the isolation will be the harvest that Germany will reap from the crop of slander, made in Germany, against our brave and kindly soldiers in the front. A friend of great experience in journalism on both sides of the Atlantic was yesterday deploring in heartfelt terms that scarcely any of the great American newspapers are represented by writers [illegible] who reflect the real feeling of the vast majority of the nation, and that scarcely any of the London correspondents are in sympathy with the opinions of the overwhelming mass of the inhabitants of this country.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year [illegible] in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 10, 1902

Stevenson's Advice to Writers.

In the December number of "Harper's Magazine" there are some letters by R. L. Stevenson which have not previously been published. They contain, as lengthy letters written by R. L. S. always did contain, sundry excellent remarks. We append a few excerpts:

"Beware of realism; it is the devil; it is one of the means of art, and now they make it the end! And such is the farce of the age in which a man lives that we all, even those of us who most detest it, sin by realism."

"In your art bow your head over technique. Think of technique when you rise and when you go to bed. Forget purposes in the meanwhile; get to love technical processes, to glory in technical successes; get to see the world entirely through technical spectacles, to see it entirely in terms of what you can. Then, when you have anything to say, the language will be apt and copious."

"Cling to your youth. It is an artist's stock-in-trade. Don't give in that you are ageing, and you won't age. See the good in other people's work; it will never be yours. See the bad in your own, and don't cry about it; it will be there always. Try to use your faults; at any rate, use your knowledge of them."

"The sins of the most innocent, if they were exactly visited, would ruin them to the door. And if you know any man who believes himself to be worthy of a wife's love, a friend's affection, you may rest assured he is worthy of nothing but a kicking. We are not meant to be good in this world, but try to be, and fail, and keep on trying, and when we get a kick, to say 'Thank God!' and when we get a buffet, to say 'Just so: well hit!'"

Two Furniss Stories.

The poor Saxon "towrist"—what he may suffer in the Emerald Isle! There is a story on record of three Irishmen rushing away from the race meeting at Punchestown to catch a train back to Dublin. At the moment a train from a long distance pulled up at the station, and the three men scrambled in. In the carriage was seated one other passenger. As soon as they had regained their breath one said:

"Pat, have you got th' tickets?"

"What tickets? I've got me loife; I thought I'd lost that gettin' in th' thrain. Have you got 'em, Moike?"

"Oh! Begorrah, I haven't."

"Oh, we're all done for, thin," said the third. "They'll charge us roight from the other side of Oireland."

The old gentleman looked over his newspaper and said:

"You are quite safe, gintlemen; wait till we get to the next station."

They all three looked at each other. "Bedad, he's a directhor—we're done for now entoirely."

But as soon as the train pulled up the little gentleman jumped out and came back with three first-class tickets. Handing them to the astonished strangers, he said: "Whist, I'll tell ye how I did it. I wint along the thrain—'Tickets, plase; tickets, plase,' I called, and these belong to three Saxon towrists in another carriage."

A stoutly made little fellow of eight, to his mother, who happened to be extremely thin:

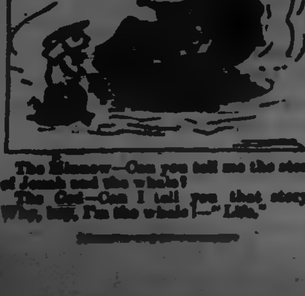
"Oh, mother, I do believe you must be the very sweetest woman in the world!"

"Thanks, very much, Lawrence. But why so affectionate? What do you want?"

"I don't want anything. I only know you must be the very sweetest woman in the world."

"Really, you are too flattering. Why this sudden outburst of affection?"

"Well, you know, I've been thinking over the old, old saying, 'The nearer the bone the sweeter the meat.'"—Harry Furniss, in "The Strand."



The Minnow—Can you tell me the story of Jonah and the whale?
The Cod—Can I tell you that story! Why, boy, I'm the whale!—"Life."

The Author's First Reverse.

On reading A First Acceptance, in the September "Contributors' Club," we wondered if the author had ever contemplated a far more surprising experience than the first acceptance, and that is the first rejection after the first acceptance! That is indeed a crisis in the young author's career. Up to the time when he received his first acceptance, the novice, however high his conceit had swelled, as each new plan and aspiration feebly projected itself on paper, had yet in the bottom of his soul realised that his arms were untried, and that he might be riding for a fall. But when tangible proof of his first success had reached him, and the magic words "The check will follow upon publication" had dazzled his vision, how proudly he scanned the future which was his by virtue of the ink-bottle!

Idea after idea floated before him; "songs without words" to which he would supply noun and adjective; thoughts inadequately expressed, fancies inhospitably received, which he would succor by the might of his right hand. Or perhaps the didactic devil tempted him, and he fancied the whole world his congregation, to whom he would preach at his leisure.

Alas, fellow scribbler, passing through this Fool's Paradise, we pity you; by the Law of the Jungle—

"As high as we have mounted in delight,
In our dejection do we sink as low."

Perhaps the next step will lead you to the Pons Asinorum which ends in the Via Dolorosa. We have crossed it ourselves, we who had thought our feet so firmly planted on the ladder of literature that we needed only to mount higher and higher till we o'ertopped the stars.

When we had spent our first check a thousand times in anticipation, and at least twice in reality, we decided in gratitude to honor with our continued favor that hospitable magazine which had at last recognized our genius.

No longer stealing out at night to conceal the trembling fingers with which we dropped that long white envelope into the post-box, but flauntingly, in the garish daylight, in the face of all men, we sent forth our manuscript as a conqueror demanding tribute.

Then we waited; security is ever serene. Poor tremblers on the threshold may listen with beating heart for the postman's quick peal of the bell, or look longingly at his non-committal gray coat and his fatal bag. All those sensations were of the past for us; they belonged to the era before we were recognized.

Then suddenly a bolt from the blue—that homing pigeon, our manuscript, returns to us again. At first astonishment is paramount—there must be some mistake. Next wrath—it is a conspiracy to defraud us of our just reward; an envious world cannot tolerate our success. Last, a still, small, spiteful voice within us whispers: "Your bubble is pricked. I always told you that there wasn't much in you, after all!"

What happens to us then? Where are our visions of thoughts clamoring to be clothed in winged words? Where are the songs only waiting to sing themselves through our lips to a silent world? What has become of our pulpit?

How are the mighty fallen! How doth the city which we would have enlightened sit solitary! Ours is no common sorrow; we are none of those who have only suffered the casual buffetings of fortune; ours is the bitter trial of the man who has faced betrayal in the house of his friend.

Fellow quill-drivers, answer us: is there any shock to vanity like unto this, or any lesson in modesty?—"Atlantic Monthly."

The Wandering Shade.

Then came I to a knight who stood before the wall swearing mightily.

Now there was no one near him, and he stood looking at a small black box which hung against the said wall. Yet sware he with exceeding great fervor and many gnashings of the teeth and tearing of the hair, saying:

"Blank - blankety - blank - blank to blanknation! Why 'nell don't you gimme Black 7-11-44?"

Then came a small spirit voice from the mysterious box:

"Number, please!"

Then did the angry knight curse still more fearfully and clutch the black box from the wall and cast it upon the floor and spring up and down on it until naught was left but splinters and wire. Whereupon I approached to expostulate with him.

"Lo, friend," quoth I, "this is unseemly! What hath the unfeeling box done that thou thus gettest upon thine ear?"

Alas! the words he spake to me I may not even repeat; but suffice it to say that even yet the remembrance of them maketh my ghostly hair to curl; and I cannot even think of the black box without involuntarily dissolving into thin air—which same causeth me sundry and much inconvenience.

But 'tis truly a wonderful age and a strange land where men have prepared against the wall a machine to which they retire when angry and ease their feelings by swearing into it.

But it puzzleth me to figure out what becometh of all the profanity. And what meaneth the spirit when it answereth in a still, squeaking voice:

"Number, please!"—San Francisco "Bulletin."

Best Twelve Books of the Year.

The readers of the "Academy" have been asked to name the best twelve novels published during the first ten months of the year. The voting comes out like this:

Kim	80
History of Sir Richard Calmady	77
The Eternal City	61
Tristram of Blent	61
The Serious Wooing	44
The Right of Way	44
The Benefactress	39
Sister Teresa	38
The Column	35
The Octopus	31
The Crisis	30
New Canterbury Tales	29

Syndicate Criticism.

First dramatic critic—That was an awfully dull play last night. Second Dramatic Critic—Wasn't it? It was all I could do to keep from saying so in the paper.—"Life."

South American Kidney Cure is the only kidney treatment that has proven equal to correct all the evils that are likely to befall these physical regulators. Hundreds of testimonials to prove the curative merits of this liquid kidney specific in cases of Bright's disease, diabetes, irritation of the bladder, inflammation, dropsical tendency. Don't delay.—60
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"Crying for the Moon"
Has become a proverbial phrase to express the futility of mere desire. There are a great many people who think it is as useless to hope for health as to cry for the moon. They have tried many medicines and many doctors, but all in vain.
A great many hopeless men and women have been cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; people with obstinate coughs, bleeding lungs, night-sweats and other symptoms of disease which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.
"Golden Medical Discovery" has a wonderful healing power. It increases the nutrition of the body, and so gives strength to throw off disease. It cleanses the blood from poisonous impurities and enriches it with the red corpuscles of health. It is not a stimulant, but a strength giving medicine. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic.
Sometimes the extra profit paid by inferior medicines tempts the dealer to offer a substitute as "just as good" as "Discovery." If you are convinced that "Discovery" will cure you accept nothing else.
"I was in poor health when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine," writes Mr. Elmer Lawler, of Volga, Jefferson Co., Indiana. "I had stomach, kidney, heart, and lung trouble. Was not able to do any work. I had a severe cough and hemorrhage of the lungs, but after using your medicine a while I commenced to gain in strength and flesh, and stopped coughing right away. Took about six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' then, and last spring I had Grippe, and it settled on my lungs, leaving me with a severe cough. I had the doctor, but he didn't seem to help me any; so I commenced your medicine again and took three or four bottles of the 'Discovery' and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, and that straightened me up. I feel like a different person. I gladly recommend your medicine to all sufferers, for I know it cured me."
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ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

Green, the English historian, one day asked a friend which of all the inventions of their day had done the most for the people as a whole. His friend guessed this and that, but the answer was: "Beyond doubt, sixpenny photographs." A reply involving quite as great an absurdity as that was made by Cecil Rhodes in answer to a lady who, seeking to draw him out, suggested that he owed his phenomenal rise to the impetus of noble sentiments. "Madam," returned Mr. Rhodes, "I owe my fortune simply and solely to cold mutton." "Cold mutton!" gasped the lady. "O Mr. Rhodes, what do you mean?" "When I was young," continued the South African millionaire, "I was so dosed with cold mutton, and I hated it so cordially, that I resolved to grow rich in order to put it on one side for the rest of my life. Yes, madam, cold mutton was at the root of my success; noble sentiments had nothing to do with it."

Anxious Father (from top of stairs)—Say, Mary Jane! Mary Jane—Yes, pa pa. "Is it eleven o'clock yet?" "Yes papa." "Well, give the young man my compliments, and ask him to kindly close the front door from the outside."—Chicago "Daily News."

A clergyman observed his little son attentively studying a map of the world. "What place are you looking for, Willie?" he enquired. The small boy knit his brows and traveled a circuitous route with his forefinger before he answered earnestly, "Trying to find Christendom."

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 18th January, 1902.

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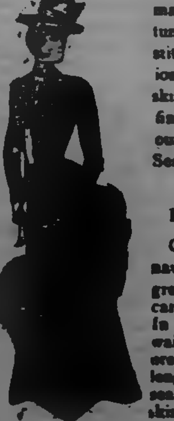

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Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 329 Henry St., Brooklyn N. Y.

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Of Nineteen Aught Two
Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)
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I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1882.
Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rae St., Binghamton, N. Y.

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Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford
L'EMPEREUR
Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.
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Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

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ALES AND PORTER
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The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED
They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL
LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.
"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:
99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR
with no impurities whatever."
(Signed) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date:—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7½	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 9-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¼	Langlaagte Estate	7¼	4¾
Bantjes	7½	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2½	1½
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¼	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17½	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19½	8½	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3½	½	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12½	16½	New Rietfontein	6¼	2 3-16
De Beers	32½	42¼	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6½	Randfontein	4½	3 5-16
East Rands	12½	8¼	Randfontein Porges	3½	2¼
Ferreira	22	22¾	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Goch (new)	3½	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3½
Geldenhuis Estate	7½	7¼	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4½	2 5-16	Sheba	2½	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¼	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¼	7½
Herriott	12½	7	Transvaal Devils	2½	1½
Johnies	6½	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¼	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6½	Van Ryn	11	3¼
Jumpers	8½	5½	Vogelstruis	6½	1¼
Kleinfontein (new)	6¼	2¼	Wolhuter	12	5½
Kimberly Roodepoort	4¼	1¼	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¼	8 3-16			

Orders filled for any South African shares, either for cash or on 20 per cent margin. We have had good information regarding a number of cheaper issues, which we will furnish on application, with quotations. Write for our booklet.

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Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.
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Great Loss.
would be sustained were we deprived of this century's improvements. The health, song and plumage of cage birds would not be so satisfactory if deprived of "COTTAM'S" Seed, with patent "BIRD BREAD."
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IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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MONEY TO LOAN

ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

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(Established 1817.)

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Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

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PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL. B.

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ELLIOTT & HOWLAND, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 13 Wellington Street West, Toronto

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton G. M. Bradburn, B. A.

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough — for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 6 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

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LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc., 161 Hunter street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 384 Park Place—Falling into Line. Kalsomining, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 384 Park place.

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,

License Inspector West Peterborough

News and Opinions

—OF—

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VARICOCELE

If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost power. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of young men have stricture and do not know it. If you have been bothered, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge. My Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby making cutting or stretching unnecessary, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous Diseases, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female troubles. Consultation each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention. If you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

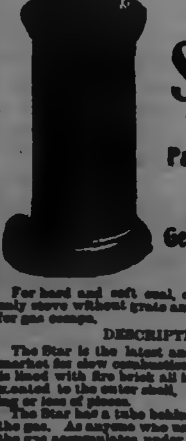
DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave. DETROIT, MICH.

A correspondent of the "Cri de Paris" has ascertained certain facts in regard to President Loubet's wardrobe which are being copied with extraordinary avidity by the Parisian and provincial press. It seems that M. Loubet has five Prince Albert coats—two for summer, two for winter, and one extra for grand occasions. This last one has been worn only three times—at the opening of the exposition of 1900, at the reception of the King of Sweden, and at the garden party in honor of the Shah of Persia. This "gala" coat differs from the others in that it has heavy silk lining and lapels. M. Loubet invariably wears a plain, black satin tie—not tied by hand, but sewn together and attached with a clasp. M. Loubet used formerly to wear false cuffs, but one day, while making a sudden gesture, the right-hand cuff slipped off and rolled on the floor. This happened at the Luxembourg Palace, when M. Loubet was president of the Senate. Since then, M. Loubet's shirts have been made with permanently attached wristbands. M. Loubet's trousers are very peculiar. They are black or gray in color, but their cut is of the old-fashioned pattern, with the top of the trousers coming up as high as the armpits. M. Loubet has always worn trousers of this quaint type, and is so accustomed to them that he has an inveterate dislike for evening clothes, which, with low-cut, open waistcoat, render the armpit trousers impossible. The president's wardrobe is, however, provided with several pairs of evening trousers suitable for low-cut, open waistcoats.

THE

Most Perfect Stove

MADE



THE

STAR

Patented March 10th, 1894,

BY

Geo. Brousseau, Quebec.

For hard and soft coal, coke or peat. The only stove without grate and possessing a tube for gas escape.

DESCRIPTION

The Star is the latest and best stove in the market for slow combustion—why? The inside is lined with fire brick all in one piece and cemented to the outer shell. No danger of breaking or loss of pieces.

The Star has a tube behind for the escape of the gas. As anyone who uses soft coal knows, the gas accumulates under the fresh coal, and if there is no escape there will be explosions and puffs of smoke. In the Star this disappears in the gas escape. The Star has a sliding damper and ornamental door of mica.

After being filled, the Star will heat for 48 hours without attention. It will hold fire and give out heat longer than any other stove.

The Star is 25 per cent more economical than any other stove.

MORE THAN 4,000 ARE IN USE IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

PRICE LIST.

No	Height.	Diameter.	Price.
0	[illegible] in.	8 in.	$11.50
1	[illegible] in.	9 in.	12.50
2	31 in.	10½ in.	14.00
3	[illegible] in.	13 in.	18.00
4	41 in.	15 in.	22.50

DIRECTIONS.

When filling the stove always shut the draft door at the bottom.

Keep the small opening in the back pipe closed except when cleaning.

Clean the back pipe every two weeks.

Coal Consumers, Attention

We certify that we have in use one No. 3 Star stove in our large pool and billiard rooms the size of which is 45 by 35 feet, with 14 feet ceiling. We have perfect heat, and the most coal we have used on the coldest day yet has been 3 scuttles in twenty-four hours. We are so well pleased with the stove that we would not use any other.

ROCAMORA & CALLAHAN.

I have been using a No. 3 STAR stove in the sitting-room at the City Hotel for some time past, and it has proved so satisfactory that I have ordered two more to replace two stoves in the upstairs. The Star gives more heat than the other stoves with half the amount of coal.

MARTIN CONNORS.

We have in use in our Composing Room a No. 3 Star coal stove and wish to state that it is giving constant satisfaction. The entire absence of gas by the escape provided, the inference of heat and the saving in coal are special features of the Star, and it requires a minimum of attention.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

We are using one No. 3 "Star" stove in our large rooms where formerly we had four large wood heaters, and get more heat now than before. The wood stoves cost us $2.50 every week for fuel and the Star stove, which we are now using, costs us only $1.00, making a saving of $1 per week in the price of fuel—which would soon pay for the stove. We can recommend this stove to any person wanting a first-class heater. We would not use any other stove that is made.

ST. PETERS T.A.S.

M. J. Burns, Chairman Trustees.

CYBILLE WILHELMY,

Agent, City Hotel, Peterborough, Ont

Anecdotal.

Once, during a dry season in China, the late Li Hung Chang called on Minister Conger, and spoke of the weather. "Yes," said Mr. Conger, "it seems to be dry everywhere. It is dry in America, too. I read in one of our papers the other day that in many places in the West the people were praying for rain." "What!" said the earl, "do your people pray to their God for rain?" "Oh, yes," said the minister, "they often pray for rain." "And does their God send it when they pray for it?" asked the earl. "Yes, sometimes their prayers are answered, and sometimes they are not." "All the same like Chinese joss, hey?" said the earl, with a grin and a chuckle.

General Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America, tells a story of a prayer-meeting held in New York on the East Side during the recent mayoralty campaign. In the midst of a prayer, he relates, one pious brother said: "Oh, Lord, we pray Thee that the Democratic party may hang together in the coming election." "Amen, answer prayer, Lord," put in a Republican who was near. "But I do not mean it as the Republican brother means it, Lord. I pray that we may hang together in concord and accord," continued the Democrat. "Amen, Lord," again said the Republican; "any cord, so long as they hang."

Lord Kelvin once paid a visit with a friend to some well-known electrical works. They were escorted over the workshops by the senior foreman, a man of much intelligence and an enthusiastic electrician. Entirely unaware of his visitor's identity, he minutely explained the details of the plant and machinery, and lectured him in his role of layman quite professionally. Lord Kelvin's friend was on the point of interrupting several times, but an amused signal from the great master of electricity kept him silent. When the tour of inspection was complete, Lord Kelvin quietly turned to the foreman and asked: "What, then, is electricity?" This was a poser for the man, who, somewhat shamefaced, confessed that he could not say. "Well, well," said Lord Kelvin gently, "that is the only thing about electricity which you and I don't know."

A certain congressman who had instructed his butler to say to all undesirable callers that he was in the bath and could not be seen, was recently visited by a constituent with a grievance to exploit. He called every day at the house, but no matter at what hour he presented himself he was invariably informed that the congressman was bathing. "I must see him," he finally said one day to the servant; "my business is most important; I'll wait until he is through with his bath." "Da's no use," replied the negro butler; "gen'leman done waited foo hours de udder day; he wa'n't through den." Whereupon the disappointed constituent is said to have written this upon his card: "You may succeed, if you persevere, in getting your body clean one of these days; but if you should spend the rest of your life in a bathtub it would not purify your conscience or your political record."

A correspondent of the "Canadian Gazette" (London) relates the following story to illustrate the abnormal development of the late Li Hung Chang's bump of curiosity. "One day I was unwise enough to tell him that it was possible to tap the telegraph wires at any point along the line. This got me into a nice mess, for Li insisted on stopping the train in the heart of the Rocky Mountains, and although Lo Fung Loo pointed out to him that the tapping might interrupt the transcontinental business of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, he was determined to see Mr. Joseph Baker (an expert telegrapher who accompanied us) tap the wires. The obliging Baker, to my surprise, willingly consented, and entertained His Excellency with an agile pole-climbing feat and a spectacular manipulation of the wire. Joe came down the pole with a most plausible story of what the operators at the end of the line had said to him, but he afterwards confided to me that he had 'only fooled the old man.' Li, however, was delighted, and talked of wire-tapping until he heard about a typewriter we had on board. Then Mr. Baker was kept busy for half a day explaining to His Excellency and the equally interested members of his suite the intricacies of the writing machine."

A Duel of the Wits.

There had been a somewhat protracted discussion in the smoking room between the Aged Cynic and the Prize Idiot, and it had now reached the stage of flickering snappiness, which indicates the beginning of the end.

"After all," said the Prize Idiot, "there is no fool like an old fool."

The Aged Cynic surveyed him calmly. "There is no ass like a young ass," he retorted.

"A tu quoque is the repartee of the intellectually destitute," sighed the Prize Idiot, wearily.

"When your case is bad abuse the other side," quoted the other cheerfully.

"Wise men make proverbs, and fools repeat them," said the Prize Idiot in his most hydraulically crushing manner.

"And who was the wise man who said that?" asked the Aged Cynic innocently; and the Prize Idiot is now making elaborate arrangements for having his seat moved further back.

An Ancient Problem.

How often do passing events recall the halcyon days of our youth? It was announced at a recent mission meeting, to which apparently a sewing circle was attached, that the women seemed shy of making clothes for the other sex, and in regard to attempts that had been made, it was stated that the boys had been able to stand up in the suits, but when they stooped, or tried to move about a bit, there had been trouble. Times have evidently not changed in this respect, and cutting down the parental left-offs to fit little Willie is as much a problem today as it was forty years ago. We have all more or less experienced the trouble referred to, and we can sympathize with the little victims of that mission.

Mamma—Well, did you tell God how naughty you have been? Lily—No, I was ashamed. I thought it had better not get out of the family.—Harlem "Life."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 55."

What Has 1902 in Store.

What surprises has the new year 1902 in store for us? The Daily Mail of London withdraws the veil a little with a pleasing fillip to the following effect:—

"So far as extensive inquiry indicates, no epoch-making change in any one field of human endeavor is to be anticipated in England; rather will it be a year of universal steady progress on lines already laid down—a year of perfecting many improvements of whose value the public has already had a foretaste.

"In one department, at any rate, important, perhaps astonishing, strides may be expected—viz., the conquering of the air. M. Santos Dumont has demonstrated the practicability of driving and guiding an airship even against adverse currents. By patient and heroic effort he has dragged the 'flying machine'—if the metaphor be permissible—from the realm of remote possibility to that of actual tried fact; and when London makes its first acquaintance with his airship, as it sails around the dome of St. Paul's—a feat M. Santos Dumont has promised to perform—the present remaining difficulties will be found to have greatly diminished.

"Safer methods of travelling by sea and land will also be a feature of the year. The Midland Railway Company is to adopt a new type of locomotive. Moreover, automatic signalling, whereby the train itself lowers and releases the signals as it travels, is to come into operation on one section of a great system, while another company is seriously contemplating running its trains by motor instead of the ordinary locomotive. One such automobile locomotive has actually been built by the French firm of Panhard & Levassor for a light railway.

"During 1902 the motor is also to be applied to canal traffic. The slow, if sure, horse appears to be doomed. The first motor-drawn barges will be seen on the River Lea, near Luton. The motor will travel over a mono rail laid along the towpath, and will haul a 70-ton barge at the rate of three and a half to four miles an hour. The canal horse seldom exceeds one mile an hour.

"Before the end of 1902 it is probable that turbine passenger steamers will be flying between an English port and the French coast. A railway company interested in the cross-Channel traffic has such a scheme in hand, but the publication of precise details is undesired at the present juncture. By the application of the turbine system to Channel steamers the journey from London to Paris will be shortened by over an hour. Another shipbuilding record will be the construction of the mammoth liners for the new Canadian mail service. The vessels will be 825 feet in length, and by far the longest ships afloat. Some idea of the immensity of these floating towns may be gained from the fact that they will be 120 feet longer than the Oceanic or the Celtic, the two largest steamships now in existence, or 134 feet longer than the Great Eastern, which was regarded for nearly 50 years beyond all practical size.

"The business man in journeying to and from America experiences some inconvenience as a result of being cut off from the world for the six or seven days which the voyage occupies. He misses his daily newspaper. The recent progress made in wireless telegraphy, however, justifies the hope that during 1902 newspapers may be printed on board Atlantic liners during the voyage, giving the passengers in a concise form the most important items of intelligence from different parts of the world. The messages would be transmitted by means of the Marconi system, and immediately on receipt would be printed as usual and sold by the deck newsboys as 'extra specials.'

"Admirable though the Metropolitan Fire Brigade is, it is not unlikely that an entirely new kind of engine will be tried. The adoption of the horseless engine in use in America has been considered, and 1902 is likely to see it tested. Messrs. Merryweather & Sons already construct such engines. A steam fire engine is capable of travelling at a speed of 30 miles an hour, compared with the maximum sixteen or seventeen miles achieved by a couple of horses.

"An invention which will see the light in 1902 is not without its humorous aspect. Englishmen have long and deservedly had the reputation of being very backward in the acquirement of foreign languages. An enterprising Frenchman, M. Bizeray, is coming to their rescue. He proposes to establish in London depots supplied with gramophones which, on a penny being put in the slot, will give the listener a lesson in French. Ladies will attend to the machine, and all the pupil will have to do will be to say whether he is a 'beginner' or 'advanced.' Thereupon he will be conducted to the required machine. The spirit of change will even spread to that most conservative of British institutions—men's dress. The peculiar compromise between a frock and lounge coat illustrated on this page is a promised innovation.

"It is claimed to be conducive to both comfort and elegance; but it will apparently take some time for the eye to get used to it. Nearly all kinds of men's clothing will be braided in 1902, a fashion which will certainly give a distinctly 'dressy' appearance. For 'motor' wear tanned and dressed goat skin will be 'the thing.' In either brown or black it will look well, and the high metallic-looking glaze the skin takes is not unpleasing."

Looking for an Heir.

The Empress Regent of China is a figure with all the perennial interest of an inscrutable mystery. From Pekin, to which she has returned, and where, after all the trouble, things are pretty much as they were before the rebellion of the Boxers, and the besieging of the Ambassadors, the same old stories of intrigue are coming in on every wind. Her primary difficulty just at the moment is over the question of a new heir to the present Emperor. The old one has been dismissed in disgrace. He, it is said, insulted the Empress-Regent. In all probability the insult took the form of some slight show of independence. The matter is a pressing one, for the death of the present tractable head of affairs, who makes a splendid base of legal authority, would leave the Empress in a most insecure and unsatisfactory position. At the same time the choice is limited to the dynasty, but the possibilities of evil to a tenure of power like that of her Majesty are terribly great in the presence of unknown forces. Simultaneously come reports of a thorough reorganization of the Chinese army under Japanese officers and of arsenals everywhere working overtime to turn out Mauser rifles.

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir"—"Wasp."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Plumber's Philosophy.

In "Captain Bluitt," the new novel by Charles Heber Clark ("Max Adeler") is a plumber who is nevertheless an honest man. When called to account for a blunder of one of his workmen, he explained as follows:

"You see, things was built crooked in this world on purpose. There ain't nothing that was arranged to go exactly right. You know better than I do, doctor, that if we went sailing along through life smooth and pleasant, like drifting with the tide, we'd never amount to nothing, now would we?"

"No."

"Very well, then; there's big troubles and there's little troubles. You may lose your money or your health or your relations or you may not; but, anyhow, it'll rain on the day you fix for a picnic, or your train'll be late the day you particularly want to make a connection with another train, or you'll stub your toe so's you can't walk just as you arrange for a pedestrian tour, or the rain'll come on hard when you've left home without your umbrella (did you ever notice that?), or a frightful bore'll drop in to see you just when you thought you'd like to be alone. It's always that way, isn't it?"

"Yes."

"You start out in life believing that you're going to have nearly perfect bliss, and lo and behold! there's something every day in the year and nearly every hour in the day to worry and annoy you. Now, why is it, doctor? Why is it?"

"What is your theory, Davis?"

"It's like this. Here we have, as the books say, evidence of design. The road of life was made rough, on purpose. And why? Doctor, you know well enough. It was made so for our good."

"I have heard something like that before, I think," said the doctor.

"Of course! If things was always right, life would be too easy. We need discipline—discipline of adversity. It makes us strong to fight trouble. Our patience is tried, and so we know we have patience and we get more patience and so forth. You know all about it."

"And you think the man who chokes a flue is appointed to help the thing along?"

"Certainly. Probably he never quite means to choke the flue. Some overpowering outside agency directs him, makes him careless, throws him off his guard. He plays his part in the great drama of life. The man who chokes the flue or fixes a pipe to leak is working to make men better. You might call him the Angel of Discipline."

"You think, then, that the whole matter is supernatural?"

"Well, I don't know as I quite call it that. It's just the way things is fixed. You try to toss a book on the table and it falls on the floor. If you tried to throw it on the floor it would have fell on the table. You go through your house in the dark and hold your arms straight in front of you, and an open door goes between your arms and you hit your nose. You could hardly steer straight enough in broad daylight to get the door into the space between your arms, but you do it sure in the dark. Out in the ocean you sail along for days and never see a sight of a ship. Let a fog come up and it's five chances to one you'll have collision in two hours! No, I don't exactly say supernatural; there's just the lines on which the world is built. There ain't no intention that things'll go straight."

"Then it's your thought that a hidden power compelled you to fix the pipe in my bathroom so that it would leak?"

"Well, I don't want to shirk no responsibility or to blame anybody else. But the fact is I did my very best. I thought it was all tight and snug. But there had to be a hitch somewhere for your uplifting towards higher things and so I s'pose my attention was called off, by some mysterious influence, from a weak place in the joint, and you had the benefit. You learned something more about self-control and the hollowness of life when the water came through on the ceiling paper. No doubt you are this very minute nearer heaven because I inadvertently missed that tender place in the joint. It ought to have been added to my bill."

All in the Point of View.

MADAME WU TING-FANG, wife of China's representative at Washington, says it is becoming the custom in China for ladies to have feet no smaller than those of a five-year-old child, and so the feet of little girls are not confined or bound until they reach that age. By that time they are strong, and if the binding be properly done, there is no severe or agonizing pain. Really the suffering is slight, and by the time a girl attains her full growth the pains cease altogether. Foreigners, she says, have an exaggerated idea of the suffering incident to the making of small feet. But so important is it, from an aristocratic standpoint, for a girl to fulfil in this particular the Chinese idea of beauty that she is willing to endure a little pain to secure that end. According to our own ideas, the binding of children's feet is simply barbarous; but that it is largely a matter of point of view may be seen by what the Chinese lady has to say about the tight waist of women who represent the highest civilization: "I for one prefer having small feet to a little waist. My vital organs are not affected in any way or injured by the confinement of my feet in childhood, but the health of many a woman is ruined by the constriction of her waist."

Unexpected Erudition.

An absent-minded professor of languages dropped into a restaurant one day for luncheon.

"What will you have, sir?" a[illegible] the waiter.

"Fried eggs," replied the prof[illegible].

"Over?" said the waiter, me[illegible], of course, to ask whether he wan[illegible] them cooked on both sides or only one.

"Ova?" echo[illegible] the [illegible], surprised at his ap[illegible] familiarity with Latin. "Certainly. That is what I ordered. Ova galli[illegible]."

This the waiter interpreted as meaning "extra well done," and that is the way they came to the table.

A Combination Needed.

Mr. Botts—I think, my dear, I have at last found the key to success. Mrs. Botts—Well, just as like as not you'll not be able to find the key-hole—Yonkers "Statesman."

Lost in the Desert.

THE helplessness that a man feels when he is lost is one of the most terrible parts of his experience. Perhaps this is at its worst when it is not he but the guide who is at fault. The late G. W. Stevens, the war correspondent, had a terrible experience of the kind in the Egyptian desert.

"We had been journeying all day, hoping to reach the monastery at night. I began to feel sleepy and to droop in the back. I swung my leg over the pommel, and settled myself to ride astraddle. Then I decided to sit side-saddle on the off-side for an hour, then change and ease the strain again. So I rode, looking steadily at the great yellow blotch ahead of me.

"But now the sun was dipping down again under our hat-brims. It was past four. It would be dark at half-past five; if we had not sighted our monastery then, we were helpless.

"The eagerness with which the guide raced up each new eminence, the strained hopefulness of his stare, the slow disappointment you could read in the relaxed limbs, the fresh hope renewed, but each time fainter, with which he dashed for the next prospect—he was at fault. To my eye one ridge, one dip, one hill was exactly like every other. We had been riding ten hours and must have come fifty miles; our monastery was only forty-five. We had missed it and it was all but dark.

"A night in the cutting wind of the desert, a night without tent, water, fire or fodder was the very best we had to look forward to. The worst—but just then up panted Said.

"'Have you seen, Said?'

"'Effendim, I have seen; I saw from the hill back yonder. Come and see for yourselves.'

"And he led us back to the brow of the bluff, and there, surely, yes, there gleamed something white. The monastery, hurrah! It can't be four miles off. We will walk; the camels can follow. So up got the patient camels and off we strode, five miles an hour, over sand as hard and crisp as the early morning snow.

"The blazing crimson and orange of the sunset blinded our eyes to the white blob of the monastery. But faster and faster we walked. Now crimson and orange blazed no more; it was really dark now; we had come five miles and had not arrived.

"'Are you sure you saw, Said? Quite sure?'

"'Effendim,' replied Said, 'I thought I saw something white.'

"Nothing in sight white now. The guide was thrown out utterly; and there we were, fifty-five miles from home, camels done up, and foodless; camel boys, starving; thirsty and waterless ourselves; with possibly two days' food and certainly not two days' water; lost, clean lost in the Libyan Desert."

That night their sleep was broken by fears. At early dawn they were up and searching. Mr. Stevens continues:

"Then the sun comes up, and the desert is yellow again; and now what sound is that? Yes, a yell from Said. Surely he has seen. On to the camels! and briskly westward.

"'Have you seen, Said?'

"'No, but behold—a camel track, and I know this place.'"

The Inventor.

A SMALL man with blear eyes and shaking hands took the seat opposite me. I was not surprised to hear him call for absinthe.

"You are sitting at the table with an unrecognized genius," he said, without looking at me.

"So are you," I retorted. I was then a struggling art student in Paris.

"You laugh," he said, "but it is true. Your voice is sympathetic, and I will tell you."

"Thanks," I said.

"You are an artist, and have, undoubtedly, remarked the natural affinity of colors. White, for instance, is supposed to contain all colors."

He had hit on my favorite subject for discussion, and I leaned back prepared to listen.

"Have you observed," he asked earnestly, "that people with blue eyes have yellow hair?"

"The Irish," I answered, "have black hair and blue eyes. It's a beautiful combination."

"Yes; that's my point. I can change the color of the eyes."

"What!"

"You mix paints! You get green from yellow and blue! You make a color darker or lighter! You make black with red and purple! I do the same with eyes! A year ago I discovered an injection for the retina of the eye that would change its color. Suppose you have light gray eyes. I inject such a colored fluid as will make them black, blue—any color!"

I looked at his eyes. They were a whitish green.

"My own eyes," he continued, "I tried to change to green as an advertisement. It was before I had perfected my invention, and—I lost my sight. Tell me, are my eyes green?"

I became conscious that he had been gazing directly past me and had not looked at me once.

"You are blind?" I said.

"Entirely," he answered indifferently. "But what matters it? I have perfected my invention. Had I a paltry five-franc piece I could make all the women in the world beautiful. Women are the power of the world. Ah, France, ma chere patrie, then shouldst thou rule the nations of the earth again!"

I handed him a five-franc piece.

"Your story is worth it," I remarked, "whether it be true or not."

He slipped the money into his pocket and turned to go.

"It's a loan," he said, over his shoulder; "you shall hear from me."

That evening I lounged in the Art Students' Club in a haze of smoke. I had found friends. Tobacco makes man confidential, and I told them my story while they puffed on their pipes in silence. Then each spoke in turn.

"I gave him five francs when I first arrived," said Rand.

"Sacre! I gave him ten," said Moulain.

"Donnerwetter! and I gave him fifty," cried Becker.

"But is he really blind?" I asked.

"No," said Rand; "you were the blind one."

R. M. M. in the "Metropolitan."

"What is worse than a giraffe with a sore throat?" "A centipede with chilblains."—Boston "Christian Herald."

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,200 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights on a wall like that!

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
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Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

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—IN—

THE TIMES

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

ADVERTISE

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on file.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 50c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs.	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs.	1.00
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H. F. KIDD

'Phone 370 - 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 10, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Very few country people were in town on Saturday.

—The Charity Board will meet this evening at 7.30.

—The Water Commissioners will meet this afternoon at four o'clock.

—The last dance of the Knickerbocker Club was held Friday night.

—Subscribe for The Times, Peterborough's brightest and best daily newspaper.

—The smallpox patient at Jackson Park will be given his liberty this week.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 158 Hunter Street west.

—The annual meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Board was held on Saturday. The attendance was very small.

—The following Committees of the Town Council will meet to-night at 8 o'clock: Board of Works; Finance Committee, License Committee and the Court of Revision.

—John McDonough and Edward Watson, two vagrants, were up before Magistrate Dumble on Saturday. McDonough was remanded until the 17th, and Watson sent to jail for two months.

—The Quebec Board of Health has sued and obtained judgement against the municipality of Terrebonne, for allowing a smallpox patient to travel on a railway train.

—The Canada Atlantic Railway are building locomotives to run seventy-five miles an hour, with a view to making better time between Montreal and Toronto. The Grand Trunk Railway Co. will try the same plan.

—On Saturday evening about 6.30 an alarm of fire called the brigade to the residence of Mrs. Wm. Mason, Murray street. A chimney was on fire, but was put out before the brigade arrived.

—A splendid men's meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the Y.M.C.A., at which Mr. Ayers and other young men spoke on "Enemies With Profit. The topic for next Sunday is "Striving for First Place."

—A Frenchman named Crevier, who was employed on the new Grand Trunk bridge at Pickering, fell a distance of forty feet and alighted on his head, but was saved from death by falling into a snow drift.

—Three month's for 25c. Mail us your name and address, together with 25 cents, and we will give you a three months' trial subscription to the most beautiful musical magazine published, containing four new copyrighted pieces of music, full size, each month, together with reading matter, illustrations, etc. Every Month Publishing Co., 1128 Broadway, N.Y.C.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Ashburnham Civic Association

The next regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham Civic Association will be held to-morrow evening, February 11 in the Council Chamber, at 8 o'clock. Mr. Rogers' excellent paper on "A System of Sewerage" for the village will be further discussed, and one or two other matters of importance will also come up for consideration. There will also be election of officers. All men are most cordially invited to attend. The discussions are open to all.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Judge Weller's condition is steadily improving.

—Mr. John Craig, of Lakefield, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. A. P. Choate, of Toronto, is visiting in town.

—Mr. Albert Willis, of Dawson, is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. Edgar, before returning to his home.

—Mr. G. Bradley, and family, of Rochester, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bradley, Aylmer street.

—Miss Kate McKendry has returned to her home in Cobourg after a pleasant visit to friends in town.

—Miss Congrey, of town, is spending the winter with her brother in Cobourg.

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, of Ashburnham, preached in St. John's church, Port Hope, yesterday.

—Mr. F. H. Stenton, of the C.P.R. staff, Smith's Falls, is visiting his father, Mr. R. Stenton, Park street.

—Among the list of officers who are recommended for the colonial auxiliary forces' officers' decorations, are several connected with the Peterborough garrison. They are Lieut.-Col. Edwards, Lieut.-Col. H. C. Rogers, Lieut.-Col. J. J. Rogers, Major Wm. Langford, Major J. W. Miller and Quartermaster and Hon.-Major Chas. Stapleton.

Miss Emily May McMaster, of Glenwilliams, Ont., who is visiting her sister Mrs. R. J. Todd, 318 Wolfe St., although yet in her teens has just received notice of having successfully passed her third examination at the Toronto Conservatory of Music, receiving first class honors in Rudiments and History together. Miss McMaster favored the congregation of First Church of Christ Scientist 373 Aylmer St., yesterday, with a Solo entitled Lead Kindly Light, with very pleasing effect.

A Warning

The members of the Fire Brigade are complaining about some men in town who are not members of the Brigade, and who made a practice of riding to fires on the hose and ladder sleighs. It should be understood that these rigs are not a public conveyance and the firemen are determined to put a stop to the practice, and will prosecute any persons who in future continue the practice.

Entertainment at St. Lukes

The following is the programme for an entertainment which will be given in St. Luke's Church to-night, under the auspices of the Girl's Guild. The entertainment will be held in the Sunday School room.

Instrumental Duet.

Song .... Miss Nellie Davies

"The Old Maids' Convention" — An entertainment in one scene, by Prof. Pinkerton and 20 ladies.

Fairy Maid's Drill .... By 12 Girls.

God Save the King.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

CHURCH NOTES

At St. John's Church, Holy Communion was celebrated at 8.30. Morning and evening services at usual hours conducted by the Rector, Rev. J. C. Davidson.

At St. Luke's Church, Holy Communion was dispensed at 8.30. Morning and evening services conducted by Rev. M. Daniel B. A. Rector of St. John's Church Port Hope.

At All Saint's Church, the morning and evening services were conducted by the Rector, Rev. W. L. Armitage. "How we succeed" was the subject of the sermon.

At St. Paul's Church, Rev. Geo. Yule preached a very forcible and enthusiastic sermon in the morning, taking as his text, 1st Cor. 1st chap. 58 verse. Rev. Dr. Torrance preached in the evening. Miss White, of Renfrew, who is the guest of Mrs. C. B. McAllister, at The Pines, Ashburnham, rendered a Solo which was very much appreciated at the evening service.

At St. Andrew's, the services were conducted by Rev. J. G. Potter, pastor.

The services at the George street Methodist Church were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson.

At the Charlotte street Methodist Church, quarterly services were held. Love feast at 10 a.m., services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Holy sacrament at morning service. Rev. D. O. Crossley, pastor, occupied the pulpit.

At St. Peter's Cathedral, Rev. Father Murphy, C.S.P., of New York, delivered a very able and interesting temperance address at the evening service.

Pain in The Joints

may be muscular or rheumatic. The joints are hard to get at, and it requires a powerful, penetrating remedy to reach the affected parts. Polson's Nerviline exactly meets the requirements, for it is both powerful and penetrating. The pain is expelled as if by magic, for one drop of Nerviline equals in strength five drops of other remedies. You won't often call the doctor if Nerviline is in the house. Price 25 cents.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

RECORD OF MRS. SEARIGHT

The Chief of Police has Received a Letter of Enquiry Regarding Her

Thomas Searight, of Oswegatchie, N. Y., has written Chief Rend, asking for some information as to the character of a woman, Mrs. Searight. This was easy information for the Chief to give, as about four years ago the woman was arraigned on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. She was admitted to bail, but made arrangements to leave town at once and has never turned up here since. For this she is liable to six months in the Central, if she ever comes back. Mr. Searight, the writer of the letter said he was having a law suit with the woman and the information as to her character would help him very much.

The Equity Fire Insurance Company,

4th Annual Meeting Held February 5th, 1902.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of the Equity Fire Insurance Company beg to herewith present to the Shareholders of the Company their Financial Statement for the fourth year of its business operations, ending 31st December, 1901, duly certified to by the Auditors.

In presenting this Statement, the Directors have pleasure in calling attention to the fact that the reference made in their last annual report as to the anticipated increase in the premium income of the Company for the past year has been considerably exceeded, it amounting in all to the very handsome sum of $126,969.93, being an increase over the previous year of $58,142. To this we have to add the sum of $2,563.92 of interest received and accrued, making our total income $129,524.85 for the year.

Although the year 1900 was generally regarded by fire underwriters throughout Canada and the United States as being exceptionally heavy in record of fire losses, yet the year just closed was even more marked in that respect.

Under such circumstances, it will be a source of particular gratification to our Shareholders and others interested, to learn, and especially to your Directors in being able to report, that, while our total income for the year has been $129,524.85, our expenses, including fire losses and adjustments, cancellations and reinsurance, have been only $100,976.65, which leaves the handsome balance of $28,548.20. Adding to this the balance of $8,295.19 brought forward from the previous year, we have a total surplus earnings upon the 31st December, 1901, of $36,843.39.

In order to fully realize the Company's present position, it is well to bear in mind that we have, in addition to the foregoing, paid the entire cost and expenses of the organization of the Company out of the earnings of the business.

Your Directors have, therefore, felt justified in declaring out of last year's earnings a dividend of six per cent.

Upon July 1st, the Company secured a Dominion licence, depositing with the Government securities amounting to $52,852. This was done, as you are aware, without any extra call upon the Shareholders.

The cost of extending and organizing our business outside of the Province of Ontario has kept our expense ratio higher than it would otherwise have been, and somewhat higher than we had hoped to show at the close of the year's business.

In March last, Mr. Taylor, one of the Auditors, resigned, and the Directors appointed Mr. Fred. Roper in his place.

Your Directors are pleased to testify to the zeal and care of the officers, staff and agents of the Company.

The term for which the Directors were elected now expires. They are eligible for re-election.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ARCH. CAMPBELL, President.
WM GREENWOOD BROWN, Sec'y.

The Equity Fire Insurance Company

Dr. REVENUE BALANCE FOR YEAR ENDING 31ST DEC., 1901 Cr.

To premium income	$126,969 93	By reinsurance and cancellations	$26,282 47
To interest	2,563 92	By commissions	22,177 34
		By general expenses, as salaries, directors' fees, printing, advertising, license fees, travelling, etc.	13,834 26
		By fire losses & adjustment	36,572 58
		By balance to profit and loss	28,548 20
	$129,524 85		$129,524 85

Dr. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Cr.

To net revenue balance, Dec 31, 1900	$8,295 19	By dividend No 2, 6 per cent.	$3,000 00
To net revenue bal. for 1901	28,548 20	By accumulated reserve fund	33,843 39
	$36,843 39		$36,843 39

BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS		LIABILITIES.	
To capital stock liable to call	$450,000 00	By capital stock subscribed	$500,000 00
To first mortgage on real estate	20,125 00	By dividend No. 2 (paid in January)	3,000 00
To City of Toronto debentures	41,694 80	By fire losses (paid in January)	2,630 90
To Town of Woodstock detures	11,262 12	By fire losses, unadjusted	1,500 00
To premiums outstanding	11,462 00	By reinsurance premiums	1,250 00
To reinsurance on claims	2,668 07	By sundry accounts	314 24
To cash in bank and on hand	688 21	By accumulated reserve fund	33,843 39
To sundry accounts	288 12		
	$542,636 62		$542,636 62

This is to certify that we have maintained a continuing audit of the books, and examined all vouchers and securities of the Equity Fire Insurance Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1901, and find they have been correctly kept and are truly set forth in the above statement.

Toronto, January 21, 1902.

C. E. ARNOLDI,
FRED ROPER
Auditors

SECURITY TO POLICYHOLDERS

Capital stock liable to call	$ 450,000
Mortgage and Debenture Securities	73,282
Other Assets	10,561
	$ 533,843

WM. GREENWOOD BROWN, General Manager.

The retiring Directors are again elected:

Arch. Campbell, M.P., President, Toronto Junction; Thos. Crawford, M.P.P., Vice-President, Toronto; O. C. VanNorman, Toronto (Vice-President The Harvey, VanNorman Co., Ltd.); Edward Morgan, Toronto (Judge County Court County of York); David Carlyle, J.P., Toronto (Vice-President The Dominion Radiator Co., Ltd.); H. K. Irwin, Toronto (Barrister, Clerk of the Peace for County of York); Wm. Hendrie, jr., Hamilton (Vice President and Manager Hendrie & Co., Ltd.); W. H. Biggar, K.C., Belleville (Bell & Biggar, Solicitors, G.T.R.); A. F. MacLaren, M.P., Stratford (Cheese Manufacturer and Exporter); Stephen Noxon, Ingersoll (ex-President Noxon Bros. Manufacturing Co., Ltd.) C. H. Elliott, London, (Elliott, Marr & Co., Wholesale Grocers).

WM. GREENWOOD BROWN, General Manager.

FUNERAL OF MISS O'CONNOR

From the Family Residence, Patterson street Yesterday

The funeral of Miss Sarah O'Connor, daughter of Mrs. John O'Connor, took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 from the family residence, Patterson street, to the St. Peter's Cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery, and was largely attended.

The family will have the sympathy of their friends in their hour of trouble. Mr. Leo. O'Connor, who is a member of the third contingent, now on the way to South Africa, is a brother of the deceased.

A Lucky Find

"The other day my little boy found an old pocketbook in a bureau drawer," said a prominent business man to the Times yesterday, "and asked his mother if he might have it to play with. It was an old one that she had long ago discarded, and she gave it to him. Child-like he was soon pulling it to pieces, and brought to light a $20 bill. Naturally my wife cudgeled her brain to find out how it had come there and suddenly the solution of the mystery dawned upon her. came without knowing it.

Fully two years ago she had missed $20 from this same pocketbook, which she at that time used for her household expenses, such as marketing and the like. We had a servant girl then and the girl had access to the pocketbook in paying the minor expenses. My wife accused her of taking the money, and in spite of her tearful protestations of innocence, she was dismissed in disgrace. The bill must have worked its way down into the lining. My wife is going to try and find the girl and if we discover her we shall make whatever restitution is possible."

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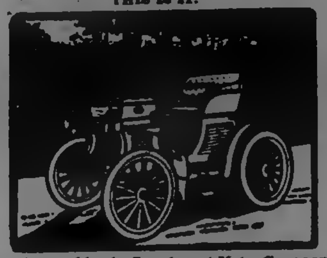

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are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 50 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not as of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

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A CANADIAN VISITS THE BOER COLONY

A Winnipeger's Trip to the Island of Bermuda

What He Has to Say Regarding the Boer Colony

The Prisoners Well Cared for and Generously Treated by the British

Winnipeg, Feb. 11—Joseph T. Dumouchel, the well-known insurance man of this city, has just returned from an extended eight months' trip through the Americas and the West India islands.

"The finest climate in the world, I believe," said Mr. Dumouchel, "is in Bermuda, where I spent several weeks. The island of Bermuda is somewhat oblong in shape and contains about 18,000 inhabitants, one-third of whom are whites. The largest town is Hamilton, which has a population of 3,000. It is the most interesting country in many ways in the world. During two or three months in the summer it is said to be extremely hot, but during the remainder of the year the climate is simply perfect.

LITTLE DRUNKENNESS

"There was one thing," said Mr. Dumouchel, "at which I was very much surprised. That was the scarcity of excessive drinking considering the fact that Jamaica rum is only two cents per glass and at the hotels a couple of men can have a small room to themselves and all they want to drink for two or three hours for the small sum of twelve cents. Yet I saw only one man the worse for liquor during my whole stay, and their police courts and jails have seldom an occupant. Crime is almost unknown and yet no prohibition is placed upon the liquor traffic. Cigars are only one cent each and they are of the finest."

THE BOER COLONY.

"Did you visit the colony of Boer prisoners in Bermuda?" was asked.

"I was kindly granted permission to visit the colony though I was given stringent orders not to talk to any or to answer their queries concerning the outside world. There are about 16,000 prisoners there, about one-half of whom are women and children. They are confined on a group of small islands in a bay at one end of the island and appear to be well used. They have their own schools and religious services and are in good health, as fever and other epidemic diseases are not known."

"As soon as I arrived among the prisoners they came flocking around making all kinds of enquiries about the war and the outside world. "Have the British caught Dewet yet?" asked one man who looked like an officer among the rest.

"I told them I could give them no information about the matter, and they seemed disappointed. On the whole I think they are very well cared for, and as happy as can be expected under the circumstances.

ONE PRISONER ESCAPED

"One of the young Boer prisoners managed to make his escape. He swam for a couple of miles to a narrow channel through which a steamer bound for New York had to pass out of the harbor, where it then lay. He managed to climb on board, or possibly was hauled up by the stokers, with whom he hid himself during the voyage. In the meantime his escape had been discovered, and the authorities had wired to New York to have the ship searched. On its arrival there the officers boarded the vessel, and demanded the fugitive. The captain disavowed all knowledge of the affair, but finally the fugitive was found. He could not be taken back, however, and if he once got on shore he was a free man. He had no money, however, and therefore he could not land. In ten minutes the crowd of passengers who had gathered around had made up a purse and when the man was taken ashore he was carried joyfully on the shoulders of the populace. Money was supplied him, and he was at once set up in business on his own account. It was one of the most daring escapes ever executed."

Mr. Dumouchel was much impressed with the good treatment given the Boer prisoners by the British. They are fed on the best, and every comfort and convenience possible is provided. They are permitted to work at their own discretion and many of them employ their spare time in artistic pursuits, such as painting, drawing, carving and needlework. Since the escape of the young Boer prisoner the vigilance of the guards has been redoubled, and the regulations over the prisoners strictly enforced.

GERMANY PROVED A VERY GREEDY PARTNER

Britain is Distrustful of Any Alliance with Her—Chinese Negotiations Has not Kindled a Feeling of Security

London, Feb. 10.—English opinion awaits with a complacency not far removed from indifference Prince Henry's visit to America. Personally, the Prince is much liked in the Far East, and on his visits to London. He is, they say, the best of good fellows, ever ready to show the warmest spirit of comradeship, but he is no politician. "We can't have two in one family," he is reported to have said to one of his friends. No one supposes for a moment that his sojourn in America will have any more political result than is now following the recent friendly visit of the Prince of Wales to the Kaiser.

In truth, English opinion, so far as it finds an expression in the press, and at the clubs, is beginning more and more to discount the value to Great Britain on the United States of political intimacy with Germany. Englishmen cynically point to the Anglo-German agreement as the only kind of reciprocity Germany understands, and nobody yet has succeeded in discovering one little advantage that England has received in return for her complacency over Germany's theft of Shantung, her admission of Germany to a practical partnership in the Yang-tse Valley, and the use of her influence with the Sultan in behalf of the Kaiser's ambitions in Asia Minor.

ANGLO-GERMAN ALLIANCE.

When a year or so ago Mr. Chamberlain talked on public platforms about a British alliance with Germany, men shrugged their shoulders and said, "Oh, well, Chamberlain is no diplomatist, and does not mean an alliance in the formal sense." It would expose Mr. Chamberlain or any other Minister to far severer criticism if to-day he suggested, not an alliance, but even a continuance of the policy of which the Anglo-German agreement was the definite outcome, and, thinking of American foreign policy as running along in parallel lines with their own Englishmen cannot conceive of any less disappointment to American statesmen should they now respond to German wooing.

To-day the weekly reviews speak out unhesitatingly what is in the minds of most Englishmen! The Spectator says: "There is no sharing with Germany. She must rule absolutely, if at all. She means, if she can, to pull down the British Empire, and erect on its ruins, a Teutonic world-power, just as she hopes to build up on the ruins of the Austro-Hungarian Empire a European State which shall embrace all German-speaking Europe. An intense popular animosity is felt in Germany towards England. It is not sentimental, fictitious, or unreal; it is deep and genuine, or, as a German philosopher would say, positive and categorical. Germans realise instinctively that human beings cannot destroy a great human organization unless they feel morally justified in doing it. So they mean to try to destroy us like a logical people. They are preparing the necessary moral indignation.

GERMANY TOO GREEDY.

This sounds almost provocative, and would certainly be frowned upon if submitted to the British Foreign Office, but it little exaggerates the sort of talk one hears most generally among English politicians and journalists. Englishmen are quite ready to meet Americans in a fair commercial rivalry, and looking to their own industrial position and the growing cohesiveness of the Empire, they have the strongest faith in the British industrial future, but in the case of Germany they see a rival who, not content with trade competition, persists in dogging Great Britain's footsteps, ready to take every conceivable political advantage now, and eagerly awaiting the day when the completion of the German navy will give her new means of aggression at the expense of England, America, or any one else. They see, moreover, that wedged in as Germany is, between France and Russia, naval strength alone will never avail her.

Col. Picquart shows in the current number of the Grand Revue how a mere understanding between France and Great Britain, such as is quite conceivable in a day of international difficulty, and such as the Niger agreement might easily have led up to had the British Ministers desired it, would at once entail on Germany a fight for life. The bitterness of the present phase of English opinion will, of course, pass, but a substantial divergence between British and German policies must remain.

SIDE LIGHT ON SITUATION.

A sidelight is thrown on Anglo-Germanism by the belief that the British Government will announce in Parliament on Monday the abandonment of Wei-Hai-Wei as a naval base, though it was England's vaunted offset to Germany's Kiachau and Russia's Port Arthur seizures. The lobbyists say that the ultimate destination of Wei-Hai-Wei is German hands, Germany conceding something in South Africa. Meanwhile the administration of Wei-Hai-Wei last week was transferred by the Admiralty to James Haldane Lockhart, Colonial Secretary at Hong Kong.

The British reply to the Dutch advances is accepted as a decisive rejection of the Boer delegates in Europe as negotiators, but leaves the way open for renewed negotiations by General Botha, through Lord Kitchener. Meanwhile, the blockhouse system wears down the enemy at the rate of 400 per week.

IN FILIPINO TORTURE TRAP

Two Officers Precipitated Into Pit Filled With Spikes

Washington, D.C., Feb. 11—An example of the atrocity of the Filipinos and the barbarous method of their warfare is found in a mail report to the War Department, telling of the narrow escape from death of Lieutenant Richard Wetherill and Lieutenant Geo. I Foster of the Nineteenth Infantry, who were with detachments of their regiments scouting in the mountains of Loboc.

Having occasion to search a house which excited their suspicion they were on entering the main floor precipitated into a pit bristling with sharp pointed bamboo sticks. This form of atrocity in the trenches was frequent during the early days of the war in the island. Both officers were badly injured and the guide with them was impaled and died before he could be removed.

Another report tells in detail of a most elaborate plan to kill a number of men through which the floor of a large building to be occupied by troops was released from its supports in a way to be carefully balanced on a central pillar, with the greater weight placed at one end the occupants would have been thrust into a cellar beneath equipped with rusty bayonets and the favorite sharpened bamboo placed on end.

PASSING OF THE BICYCLE

They Have Almost Entirely Disappeared in Many American Cities

New York, Feb. 11—Statistics of the bicycle trade disclose the surprising fact that only twenty-four factories were in operation in the United States on January 1, as compared with sixty-nine a year previous, and 298 in 1900. The decrease in the output has fallen off more than 90 per cent in two years.

As wheels are dirt cheap, while the country is prospering, the conclusion is inevitable that the bicycle craze has passed. An evidence of this was recently contained in a report from Chicago, which said the little two wheeled machines had almost disappeared from the streets of the Windy City. In Kansas City fewer bicycles are seen than formerly. Denver, Colo., is said to be the home of more wheels than any other city in America, owing to its level and uncrowded streets.

The advent of the automobile was one of the factors in checking the sale of bicycles. Automobiles are still too costly to come into general use, but nobody knows what is to be the next stage of their development. In addition to the factories already established, Henri Fournier, the winner of the great Paris-Berlin race, has decided to erect a $2,000,000 automobile plant in New York. Apart from the coal mining and big metallurgic industries, it is estimated that automobile making directly and indirectly employs more people in France than any other industry.

The predicted relegation of the horse to the boneyard as a consequence of the bicycle's appearance has failed to materialize. Horses are to-day more popular, and they sell for more money, than before the bicycle was invented.

As a health builder the bicycle is no longer regarded as supreme. The stooping and cramped position of the rider is condemned by the doctors. Over-exertion on the wheel has injured more people than temperate exercise has helped. But the bicycle has its legitimate uses, and its continued employment is certain, although not as a fad.

Foreign Hatred Of England, From a British Point of View

London, Feb. 11—It is sad in this year of grace 1902 to contemplate a nation frothing at the mouth, snarling and baying at another for no obvious reason. It makes a Britisher sigh and look anxiously over the navy list. It makes no difference what England does, she is, and has long been, the object of the unreasoning hate of continental Europe. And in this we are a probable cause for England's not always well met advances to the United States, and the eagerness with which she has turned to the colonies. Nations, like individuals, crave affection. England's isolation may be splendid, but its loneliness makes it hard to bear. Hence England turns to her kin across the seas, offering them a genuine and deep regard, hoping that with an open-hearted communion with a related nation she may find far more than a compensation for the fierce enmity which ever blazed from the eyes of her near neighbors. At present, unfortunately, the people of the United States are not ready to freely return England's good will. But educating influences extending from the better thinking portion downward through the ignorant prejudices of the lower classes, together with the ever-growing intimacy of the two peoples, and the unifying influences of their literatures, will work a change in the sentiments of those classes in which a dislike for England is now most marked.

AT BALAKLAVA

The Man Showed Himself as a Hero and Two Medals Attested the Fact.

New York, Feb. 11—James Reid, a British veteran, whose personal heroism at Sebastopol and on the field of Balaklava in the famous charge of the Light Brigade had won him two medals, is dead in this city from asphyxiation. The old soldier, on retiring, had turned the stopcock of a gas heater in the wrong direction, and when he was found in his little three-room flat the gas fumes had done what the bullets of the Crimea failed to do.

Mr. Reid, who was in his seventy-third year, kept a small cigar and stationery store. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland. When he was 18 years old, his father, who had distinguished himself in the battle of Waterloo, moved to Australia. James preferred to follow a soldier's career, as his father had done, and he enlisted in the British army. During the Crimean campaign he rose to the rank of quarter-master sergeant in his command, the Chestnut troop of the Royal horse artillery. This rank he won by personal gallantry in action, and he had two medals to attest the fact.

Again he distinguished himself during the cholera outbreak in the army, and won special honorable mention for his fearless and devoted attention to duty in the stricken camp.

Sergeant Reid purchased his discharge from the army and came to America in 1865.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT

An Oil Struck That is sure to be a Big Money Maker.

We call the attention of capitalists and investors to the advertisement elsewhere of the North American Oil and Refining Company, which appears in this issue.

This stock should meet with ready sale, as it is likely to prove a bonanza to investors. Oil has been struck very close to the company's property, and it is known that the same oil channels run through it. The stock being disposed of is treasury stock, and not personal stock.

The company is controlled by men of undoubted honor and probity, being: Hon. E. A. Sunderlin, Colorado Springs; J. H. Parker, Vice-President and General Manager, who is a man of broad experience in the oil business, having passed upon 307 wells, and out of that number only had three failures; Mr. Geo. Cockburn, banker, President of a number of mining companies and Sec.-Treas. of the Boulder Oil Co., the stock of which is worth four times par price.

The latter fact shows what money there is in oil. A man, for instance, who invested $100 in the Boulder Company a short time ago can get $400 for his stock. There is every hope that the North American will be even more successful.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. G. A. Cockburn, Colorado Springs, Col., or to F. W. Nelson, Broker, Water street, Peterborough.

ALASKA IS GROWING WARMER

Ocean Current Changes Course and Modifies Severe Climate

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 11—Sea Captains lately arrived from the western coast of Africa announce their belief that the Japan current has changed its course in the eastern part of the Pacific ocean and is now running several hundred miles to the north and east of its former channel.

Since the fall of 1899 these mariners hold that this warm ocean current has been sweeping with constantly increasing strength toward the Alaskan shore line.

In the fall of 1899 the western coast of Alaska was shaken by a terrific earthquake. Since that time Alaska's climate has been changing. It is believed that the Japan current was turned eastward by a stupendous submarine upheaval, which formed a new chain of submarine mountains, throwing the current against the shore.

At first it was cooled by sea level glaciers, which accounts for the gradual change in temperature. The current has finally resumed its warmth and the whole Alaskan climate has become milder. Last summer the climate there was rainy and warm like Puget Sound, 1000 miles further south. The entire winter has been mild and rainy from Nome to Juneau.

A PRO-BOER BEATEN

Doukhobor Would Not Hear Anti-British Agitator

Severity Punished Another Foreigner Who Has Not Been Seen in the City Since.

Winnipeg, Feb. 11—An incident which should go far toward disabusing people's minds of the opinion that a Doukhobor will not fight for his adopted country happened last night in a north end hotel.

For some days the attention of a great many people, especially those of foreign extraction, has been attracted by a rather peculiar looking foreigner who gave his name as Wasyl Dudinsky and who could converse in German, French and Russian with equal facility. He had a smattering of English, but generally floated around here and there confining his acquaintanceship to men of his own language and nationality.

He seemed especially interested in the Doukhobors and became acquainted with as many as possible. Though without visible means of support, he never seemed short of funds and managed to ingratiate himself with most of those with whom he came in contact.

The topic of his conversation generally turned upon the subject of the Boer war and the atrocities of British soldiers. As a general rule there was very little disagreement with his arguments so long as he paid for the beer, and, emboldened by the silence of his listeners, he gradually became stronger in his assertions. At the same time the suspicion grew among his supposed victims that he had some definite object in talking and spending his money so freely.

The explosion came while Dudinsky was spreading his doctrines before a couple of Doukhobors over several glasses of beer. He became more violent than usual in his charges against the British and finally was bold enough to assert that he was a special Boer agent sent here from Hamburg to work among the Doukhobors and Galicians.

This was as far as he went. One of the Douks, a strapping six footer, reached over the little centre table on which the beer stood, and grabbing the pro-Boer by the neck, proceeded to drag him around the room, punched his face, poured beer down his back and then threw him out into the street. Most of those who witnessed the drubbing understood the situation and said never a word. The special agent with the versatile tongue has not since been seen.

COCKRAN SHIES AT DAVIS?

Report That He Wouldn't Sit on the Stage With Him at a Pro-Boer Meeting

Boston, Feb. 10—A pro-Boer meeting was scheduled at Faneuil Hall this evening, but the affair did not take place. It is said by some of the people having the affair in charge that it was called off on account of the inability to obtain the hall, but no meeting of any kind was held in the place to-night. Another story heard about the entrance to the hall was to the effect that Bourke Cochran, who was featured as the leading speaker, would not sit on the same platform with Webster Davis. Davis was another of the advertised speakers.

Tendency of Catarrh is to Spread

Just a slight matter at first, and because slight, neglected; but the seed sown brings forth a dangerous harvest. Consumption, which is the harvest of death. Better spend a few moments each day inhaling Catarrhozone, an aromatic antiseptic that relieves at once clears the nasal passages, and restores lost sense of taste and smell. The immediate effect of Catarrhozone is magical, so prompt and efficient. Cure is certain and permanent if you use Catarrhozone. Price $1. Small sizes 25c., at Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

FOUND DEAD IN THE SNOW

David Valentine, an Old Man, Meets a Terrible Death

David Valentine, a very respectable old gentleman, who, for some time past has been living with Mr. Hicks, a farmer residing a short distance this side of Burleigh, met a shocking and tragic death on Saturday night in the snowdrifts, his dead body being found yesterday morning. The unfortunate old gentleman had been staying in town for a few days last week, and started out on Saturday to reach his home. He was seen walking through Young's Point on Saturday afternoon, and it is thought that in the dark, and blinded by the whirling snow that filled the air he lost his way, and after wandering around in the vain hope of finding the road or some dwelling he became exhausted and sank down into the snow. He would be frozen to death in a very short time, being in an exhausted condition, after making a stubborn effort to save himself.

On finding the body, Mr. Hicks at once communicated with Dr. Grey, coroner, but as there were no marks of violence on the body, and there being no doubt as to the storm causing the old man's death, an inquest was considered unnecessary. Deceased was about 62 years of age, and belonged to St. Thomas. He was a quiet, sober, respectable man, and his shocking death came as a blow to those with whom he was acquainted.

Can Sue the Best

The man who can advertise at all can advertise in the very best medium—the newspaper which has a large circulation among the people who are able to buy things. A small advertisement in such a journal is better than a large one in a newspaper of small circulation. It has been demonstrated that no advertisement is too small to escape the attention of the majority of newspaper readers.

"UNDER THE WEATHER"

You Can Never be in This Condition If You Are a User of

Malt Breakfast Food

In a great majority of cases "under the weather" means that you are a victim of stomach troubles, indigestion or dyspepsia. You feel irritable, miserable, despondent and have little relish for your meals. Your difficulties have arisen from improper dieting, more especially at the morning meal. Starchy, heavy and indigestible foods put young and old "under the weather."

Thousands who have used Malt Breakfast food at the morning meal have been happily delivered from an "under the weather" condition, and blessed with perfect digestion, strong nerves and clear brain. Malt Breakfast Food owing to its predigested character is easily digested and quickly assimilated. One serving of this health-giving food contains as much nutriment as a dozen servings of oatmeal, wheat granules or cracked wheat. You are missing a daily treat if you are a stranger to Malt Breakfast Food. The humblest home can afford to use it. Your grocer sells it.

DE WET HAS ESCAPED AMONG THE CATTLE

Nearly Three Hundred of His Men Killed, Wounded or Taken Prisoners by the British

THE BOER DELEGATES ARE READY FOR PEACE

Willing to Submit to Conditions Laid Down by Lord Lansdowne—How Kitchener is Saving Money

London, Feb. 11.—From Wolve huck Lord Kitchener has to-day telegraphed a long description of a combine movement of numerous British columns with the object of securing Gen. De Wet. [illegible]

Lord Kitchener says the advance began the night of Feb. 5, the whole force moving from various directions and forming a continuous line of mounted men on the west bank of the Liebenberg's vlei from Frankfort as far south as Fanny's Home, and thence to Kaffir kop. The line then advanced to the west, and the following night the British entrenched with their outposts 50 yards apart. They held the line from Holland, on the Heilbron-Frankfort blockhouse line to Doorn kloof, on the Kroonstad-Lindley blockhouse line, while the columns were also working in advance of the blockhouse lines to prevent De Wet's crossing. The advance was continued Feb. 6, and De Wet was within the enclosure, but, realizing his position, he ordered his men to disperse and seek safety during the night. De Wet himself, with some men and a number of cattle, made for the Kroonstad-Lindley blockhouse line, and at one o'clock in the morning, when it was very dark, by rushing his cattle at the fence, broke his way through the line, mixed up with the cattle, and losing three men killed.

Many attempts were made to break through the line on the night of February 7, reports Lord Kitchener, the line of the outposts being attacked at various places throughout the night.

But very few escaped, and ten dead Boers were picked up in the morning near Heilbron.

"I did not get exact details of the Boer casualties," continues Lord Kitchener, "but, as far as I have ascertained they consist of 283 in killed, wounded, and prisoners, as well as about 700 tired horses and many cattle.

KRUGER MAY MOVE.

London, Feb. 11.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Utrecht indicates the probability of the removal of the Boer headquarters to Geneva on account of friction between Mr. Kruger and his associates and the Dutch Government.

Dr. Leyds, representative in Europe of the Transvaal, is reported as declaring that the recent proposals looking to the establishment of peace in South Africa made by the Dutch Premier, Dr. Kuyper, were an unwarrantable interference in the affairs of the Transvaal. Some of the Boer delegates, it is said, are at variance with Dr. Leyds.

WANT TO VISIT SEAT OF WAR.

London, Feb. 11.—A despatch to a news agency from Brussels says:—

"It is understood here that the Boer delegates have decided to submit to the conditions laid down in Lord Lansdowne's communication to the Dutch Government, and are preparing a communication to the British Government asking permission to visit South Africa and setting forth the object of the proposed visit. It is expected that the request will reach England next week."

Mr. Chamberlain's announcement in the House of Commons on Thursday that the substance of the correspondence with the Dutch Government would be communicated through Lord Kitchener to the Boer generals puts an end to the incident which began with Dr. Kuyper's visit.

If the Boers have ever hoped for foreign intervention they cannot well hope for it any more. In these circumstances it is, of course, possible that Generals Botha, De Wet, Delarey, with or without concurrence of Mr. Schalkburger and Mr. Steyn, may give up the struggle in despair, but their course will depend upon military considerations, with which the civilian, even if he had the requisite knowledge, is incompetent to deal.

Threats have no effect upon the mass of Englishmen. Abuse by German newspapers only strengthen their determination to go on fighting. At the idea of foreign intervention they laugh.

If the Boers or any other foreigners suppose that Great Britain is unable or unwilling to carry on the war they are very much mistaken.

There is a peace party here, but it does not rest upon any disbelief in the material resources of the British Empire. Its cardinal principle is that reasonable men on both sides would agree upon a peace which would make another war in South Africa a practical impossibility.

CAPE COLONY UNITED.

Cape Town, Feb. 11.—At a meeting of citizens held here last night, at which several thousand were present, a resolution was passed refuting the Continental calumniators of the British troops. Colonial Secretary Graham delivered a strong speech.

A resolution was also adopted supporting the attitude of the Imperial Government in regard to the war. These resolutions represent the united loyal feeling through the Cape Colony.

HOW KITCHENER IS SAVING MONEY.

London, Feb. 11.—Col. Sir Charles Vincent, M.P., who has just returned from South Africa, said in the course of a speech at Eton College last night that by businesslike methods Gen. Kitchener was getting back $40,000 a month from the field canteens. Gen. Kitchener advised that people at home should not send the soldiers chocolate and cigarettes, as they can be obtained at the field canteens, but to devote the money to the soldiers' families at home. Many persons think, Col. Vincent said, that Gen. Kitchener is very austere and difficult to approach. As a matter of fact, there was no more agreeable man. He had extraordinary judgment, and a wonderful facility for work. He woke up every morning at five o'clock, telegraphed everywhere, interviewing heads of departments, and diverting the rest of the day to problems of the campaign.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 1.—All the members of the royal family from the King down to the Prince of Wales' eldest son have been vaccinated. The King now goes with his arm in a sling. The queen's slight indisposition this week, which prevented her returning from Windsor on the day arranged, is also attributed to the ills following vaccination.

Lord Rosebery was vaccinated a fortnight ago and it "took" well.

London smallpox epidemic has been fluctuating, but on the whole it shows an upward tendency.

The record of 1,627 cases under treatment having been reported this week, vaccination is becoming very general. Both in the house of commons and the house of lords one may see at least half a dozen members with an arm in a sling.

Many cases of serious illness in adults from vaccination are reported. This week a fashionable wedding was postponed because the bride felt very ill from this cause.

It is a remarkable coincidence that in 1838, the year of Queen Victoria's coronation, London also had a heavy smallpox epidemic, which much interfered with the number of visitors and the size of the street crowds.

Compressed Tragedy
(By our Junior Reporter)

Was strong as a lion.
Now weak as a lamb.
Because he reads
The Peterboro Exam.
For health and wealth
Remember the lines:
Be sure and read
The Morning Times.

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The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 11, 1902

THE MANNERS OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

Dr. Hodgins, the Deputy-Minister of Education, is asking at the present time if it be true what many people of reflection are charging—that our school children are becoming devoid of politeness. As one would suppose, school teachers resent the charge as one more against themselves than against the children. There is something in this view of it, but we must sorrowfully acknowledge that thirty years ago no one would have thought of making a charge that today has only too much foundation in fact. General observations are not always convincing therefore we shall proceed to particularise: Some years ago one autumn afternoon two hundred young men or so were proceeding towwards from the school buildings. A young girl was riding a spirited horse in the opposite direction. The animal, frightened by the crowd, became alarmingly restive, when, to the horror of a few older spectators, a large majority of the young men began to shout and cat-call to the evident terror of the plucky rider. The horse became almost frantic. The spectators implored the boys to forbear, whereupon the shouting was redoubled and directed at the spectators as well. A more ignoble sight we never witnessed. Again, two of a band of school Hooligans were chosen to do some daring deed, which in this case consisted in the pulling of the whiskers of a well-known and respected citizen. For this the boys were fined. More recently the flower beds in the Victoria Gardens were despoiled of their beautiful show of flowers by some of the same highly civilized class of people. It was alleged that permission had been given by the authorities, but this of course was untrue.

In view of such happenings as these, and of the general opinion of that part of the public which remembers when these things would have been impossible, we are inclined to sympathise with Dr. Hodgins's fear that some part of the school training has been misdirected.

The Boers seem to be willing to agree to peace if Lord Salisbury will take Milner home, stop sending soldiers to South Africa, and put Kruger back in power. They do not manifest any disposition to haggle over a big war indemnity. They need more licking.

• • •

Boston has been having a "spasm" of amateur circus, in which the pink ladies with long stockings, and the men who tie themselves into knots do the thing for fun. It was known as the Barnum and Daily aggregation, and the side show feature is said to have been a "fake" which would make the professional affair seem like a class in natural philosophy.

• • •

Now we learn that Lord Rosslyn, who invented a system to "break the bank" at Monte Carlo, has retired from the contest, a heavy loser. If people who sit up nights thinking out schemes for beating other gamblers at their own game would devote the same energy and capital to some useful kind of occupation what a useful kind of people they might be.

• • •

Now unhappy France has got it. "Parties de pingue-pongue" are among the social events of the gay capital. The weary-eyed, panting devotees who win renown will no doubt soon give us an international championship contest. Who can tell but even Canada may have the world's greatest ping-pongist now feebly biffing the ball in the retirement of home.

• • •

With the arrival of Prince Henry our friends in the United States will be learning the pronunciation of a handful of German words to keep in the fashion with. French will have a rest.

A Tale of the Quick and the Dead.

AN old friend of Mr. Abell, proprietor of one of the Baltimore papers, asked to have his boy taken into that office and taught the business. He was added to the city staff as a special favor. The city editor sent the youngster out to Druid Hill Cemetery to describe that aristocratic burial place. He was instructed to prepare a list of the distinguished lot owners and to mention all the famous dead who rested under the velvety turf. The reporter was neither experienced nor careful. He went to the office of the cemetery company, and, being allowed access to the books, copied such names as seemed worthy of selection. In writing his notes the young man mixed his lists, gave to the distinguished dead the names of the living lot owners, and made up his list of the distinguished survivors from his catalogue of the dead.

The article was immediately put in type, and appeared the following morning.

When Mr. Abell reached his office that day he found a throng of citizens awaiting him.

"What can I do for you, sir?" he demanded in his brusque manner of the first man in broadcloth who pushed into his private office.

"Do? What haven't you done? I am G. Washington Smith and your paper says that I am buried at Druid Hill. It's shameful, sir; and I demand a correction."

"Does my paper say you are dead?" asked Mr. Abell gravely, looking at his visitor over the top of his glasses.

"It does, and——"

"Well, I want to say to you, Mr. G. Washington Smith, that if my paper says you're dead, you are dead. Good morning; this is no place for ghosts!"

Children's Unconscious Witticisms.

"Terra-cotta is stuff squeezed out of a little insect and used to turn puddings red."

"The zebra is like the horse, only striped, and is chiefly used to illustrate the letter Z." (Also "A donkey with a football jersey on.")

"Faith is that quality which enables us to believe what we know to be untrue."

"Parliament is the place where they go up to in London to talk about Birmingham."

"A Limited Monarchy is a government by a monarchy, who in case of bankruptcy would not be responsible for the entire national debt. In private life you have the same thing with a Limited Liability Company."—Quoted by Dr. Macnamara, M.P., in "New Liberal Review."

Equal to Three.

Public vehicles in Paris are allowed to carry only as many passengers as can find seats. After that number has been admitted no one is allowed to enter. The explanation will serve to introduce an incident reported by a correspondent of the Pittsburg "Dispatch."

A crowd of men and women, each with a numbered ticket, showing the order in which they were to enter the next street car, stood at the Place de l'Etoile station when the down-town car arrived.

Surveying the crowd, the conductor cried out: "Only three places in the car! Who has ticket No. 1?"

With that Mrs. Blank of Chicago, the stoutest woman in the American colony, approached, holding up the ticket called for.

"Step aboard, madam," said the conductor, ringing his go-ahead bell.

"Wait! Wait! I've No. 2!" called a little Frenchman.

"You're too late," replied the conductor. "Every place is taken."

The Vital Question.

He—You are truly the first girl I ever loved. She—That isn't the point. Are you sure I will be the last?

An Old Letter.

A WHOLESALE merchant of Philadelphia, in looking over old papers and records, recently came across an interesting document. It was a letter of instruction sent forty years ago by a merchant in St. Louis to his agent in San Francisco. He thus describes it in the Philadelphia "Times:"

"It related to the disposal of a lot of goods which had been shipped by way of Cape Horn, and although it contained over fifteen thousand words and a copy of a good-sized invoice, it was written on just two sheets of paper.

"The paper itself is a sort of tough, opaque tissue, very thin and light, and when folded the letter slips easily into an envelope three inches wide.

"Why it was gotten up in such a peculiar style is explained by the stamp on the corner, which is one of the old 'pony express' series, embellished with a picture of a man on horseback, spurring at a gallop across the plains.

"I know, of course, that the Pacific mail of that period was carried by relay express riders, but I never before realized what great pains were taken to reduce the weight to the lowest possible point. I am told that the letters were stored in little flat pouches under the flaps of the saddle, and that they were usually written on a specially prepared tissue.

"The one I have described must have occupied an expert clerk several days, for the penmanship, while microscopic, is beautifully executed, and as clear and legible as print.

"The stamp is of the denomination of fifty cents, and, taken altogether, it would be hard to find a more striking reminder of the astonishing progress that has been made in this country in a trifle over one generation.

"Everything about the little brown letter speaks of dangers, difficulties and rude, primitive conditions. It is difficult to realize that the route it traveled is now the great highway of a thousand rushing trains, bearing the transcontinental commerce of the nation."

In Germany.

A fat man who lived on the Rhine
Was asked: "At what hour do you dine?"
He answered: "Eleven,
Three, four, five, and seven,
Six, eight, and a quarter to nine!"
—"Life."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

"Pleasant Dreams"

Cries the young maid to her mother, as she retires to rest. The mother smiles, but sighs. She knows that the pains that rack her will not stop for darkness, and that if she sleeps her dreams will only be echoes of the sufferings of the day.

Why not sleep soundly and rise refreshed at morning, with strength and courage for the day's duties? Weak, nervous women, sufferers from backache, bearing-down pains, and other womanly ailments, have found a perfect cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals the womanly diseases which cause the pains and nervousness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I deem it my duty to express my heartfelt gratitude for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health," writes Mrs. E. H. Mann, of Springhill, Leon Co., Fla. "For nearly two years I suffered from female weakness so I could not stand on my feet any length of time; could scarcely walk at all. Appetite was much impaired; I had bearing-down sensations; can't express how badly I did feel. Had tried several kinds of medicine which did me little or no good. At last decided to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I had not taken all of two bottles before I saw it was benefiting me, so I continued to take it until I had taken seven bottles, when I felt entirely cured. Did not feel a touch of my old complaint. It has been over a year since I took your medicine, and I can truthfully say that my health has been better for the last year than it had been for four years previously.

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Gents' Suits

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F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

A Scientist's Grim Discovery.

Dr. Casagrandi, in reading a paper before a medical association in Rome stated that he had employed a number of women wearing long skirts to walk for one hour through the streets of the city, and, after the promenade was over, he had taken these skirts and had them submitted to a very careful bacteriologic examination. There were found on every skirt large colonies of noxious germs, including those of typhoid fever, consumption, influenza and tetanus (or lock-jaw). Numerous other bacilli were likewise well represented on each skirt. Dr. Casagrandi maintained that, in view of these facts, women, and especially mothers, should at once discontinue wearing trailing skirts, and other members of the Medical Congress unhesitatingly expressed the same opinion, and passed resolutions to that effect. That women should subject themselves to the filth, to say nothing of the possible dangers of trailing gowns, has long been a wonder to those acquainted with bacteriology. Nevertheless, so long as fashion calls for long skirts, no reform can be expected, for the great majority of women are bound to be in the fashion regardless of any ordinary considerations. There is some encouragement, however, in the fact that many of the younger women of the present wear their golf and bicycle skirts throughout the day, and merely dress for dinner and the evening.

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Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the *same by* Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

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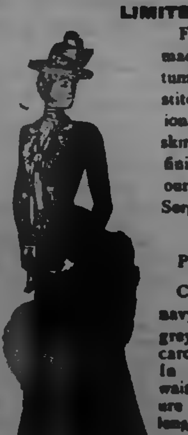

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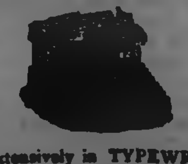

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Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date :—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.		1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅝	£4 1-16	Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Aurora West	3⅛	1¼	Langlaagte Estate	7¼	4¼
Bantjes	7⅜	1 1-16	Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅜	1⅜
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16	Meyer & Charlton	8¼	6 1-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16	Modderfontein	17⅜	13 5-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅜	8⅝	Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Croesus (new)	3⅜	⅝	Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
Crown Reef	12⅝	16⅝	New Rietfontein	6¼	3 3-16
De Beers	32⅛	42¼	Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅜	Randfontein	4⅜	3 5-16
East Rands	12⅜	8¼	Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2¼
Ferreira	22	22¼	" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Gech (new)	3⅜	3 1-16	Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅜
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅛	7¼	S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Glencairn	4⅜	2 5-16	Sheba	2⅜	1 5-16
Hendersons	5¼	1 7-16	Simmer & Jack	8¼	7⅜
Herriott	12⅜	7	Transvaal Devils	2⅜	1⅝
Johnies	6⅜	2 13-16	Transvaal Gold	8¼	2 11-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅝	Van Ryn	11	3¼
Jumpers	8⅜	5⅜	Vogelstruis	6⅜	1¼
Kleinfontein (new)	6¼	2¼	Wolhuter	12	5⅜
Kimberly Roodeport	4¼	1¼	Worcester	6	3
Knights	11¼	8 3-16			

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State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated by—— for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in [illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May [illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above troubles, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured, Aug. 1, [illegible] J. HARRIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the [illegible] day of Aug. [illegible]

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MORROW, Manager

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Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

[illegible]

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's wall.

A Fox's Revenge.

A gentleman out shooting one day came to a river, where he saw six geese beyond shot. He determined to wait for them to approach the shore. While sitting there he saw a fox come down to the shore and stand some time and observe the geese. At length he turned and went into the woods and came out with a very large bunch of moss in his mouth. He then entered the water very silently, sank himself, and then, keeping the moss above the water, himself concealed, he floated among the geese. Suddenly one of them was drawn under the water, and the fox soon appeared on the shore with the goose on his back. He ascended the bank, and found a hole made by the tearing up of a tree. This hole he cleared, placed in it the goose, and covered it with great care, strewing leaves over it. The fox then left; and while he was away the hunter unburied the goose, closed the hole and resolved to wait the issue. In about an hour the fox returned with another fox in company. They went directly to the place where the goose had been buried, and threw out the earth. The goose could not be found. They stood regarding each other for some time, when suddenly the second fox attacked the other most furiously, as if offended by the trick of his friend. During the battle the hunter shot them both.

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First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked fer stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed fer not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,250 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

Mining For Rubies.

ONE advantage gained by the victory of the British over King Thebaw of Burmah some years ago, was the acquisition of the famous ruby mines, from which had come the finest "pigeon-blood" stones in the world, and it was expected that an immense treasure of these gems would be found in the royal palace. But, although in the looting of the monarch's hastily-abandoned residence, jars filled with rubies were discovered, nearly all of them were of little value, being flawed and in other respects poor specimens.

It was a great disappointment. Nevertheless, confidence in the resources of the mines was unshaken, and capitalists in England were so eager to buy shares in a company organized to exploit the ruby fields that the police were obliged to defend, with drawn clubs, the officers of the concern against a swarm of half-crazed would-be investors.

Shares in the enterprise were boomed to astonishing figures, but tumbled alarmingly when news began to leak out that the ruby craze was likely to prove a bubble. Mining had been begun on an extensive scale, but somehow the gems did not materialise, and it looked as though the fields were much less valuable than had been supposed, or as if the deposits had been exhausted. After some years investors made up their minds that their money was as good as lost. Hence the great and delightful surprise conveyed by the recent intelligence that the mines have begun to pay dividends.

Experience has taught improved methods of mining, and an electrical power plant has been set up by the company for washing the ruby-bearing earth, called "byon." This byon is widely distributed throughout the Mogok Valley. Natives have worked the upper crust of it for centuries, says the "Saturday Evening Post," and the idea now in view is to get at the lower levels and dig down to bed-rock, where, because of their weight, the largest crystals are likely to be found. A fine stone of twenty-eight carats was picked up recently, and its value may be imagined from the fact that a ruby of one carat is worth four times as much as a diamond of the same size.

The British company (as reported by Mr. G. F. Kunz to the Geological Survey) is now producing fully one-half of the world's yield of rubies, and its leases are said to include practically all of the ruby-bearing territory of Burmah.

Protection of Words.

IN the November "Era" William S. Walsh pleads for much-abused words and phrases:

"In these days when everybody is writing and everybody seems to succeed, would it not be well to start a Society for the Protection of Words and Phrases? Many of these are so brutally overworked by the amateur! The winged words, the words that burn, the thoughts that breathe, the telling phrases, do they not clamor loudly for a rest? That very sentence affords an illuminating example of what I mean. How apt, how vivid, how expressive it would be if all its epithets had not lost their vitality through overwork. To the sated reader the whole sentence is but the echo of an echo, it not merely means nothing, but it is robbed even of its sound and fury. The greenhorn who complained of Hamlet that it was too full of quotations unconsciously expressed a great fact through the medium of a bull. In a wrongheaded way he pointed out that constant reiteration has reduced the grandest passages in the language to mere commonplaces. Give our familiar quotations a rest. Lay to sleep our household words. Let fortune for a while cease to favor the brave. Let us feign that the poet is made. Let a man who would steal another's thunder be arrested for felony. Let us win no more golden opinions. Let the favored few withdraw to some select seclusion, and the countless thousands to some dry-eyed privacy. Thus may nouns, adjectives and phrases, after a long rest, reawaken with the freshness of the morning upon them, their original meanings recreated, energetic, effective, brilliant, as on the day when they were first conceived and brought forth."

A Dream Story.

From time to time I have been so interested and amused by reading in the "Spectator" accounts of vivid and realistic dreams that I feel tempted to narrate one that happened to me, leaving it to your judgment as to whether it is worthy of notice in your paper. In November, 1898, I awoke one morning fully impressed with the idea that I was receiving as a gift an unusually large gypsy ring, set with a single sapphire with a brilliant on each side. The dream was a pleasant one to the female mind, and I soon fell asleep again, but only to awake with a still stronger impression that the jewel was actually in my hands. So curious were my sensations that on my maid entering my room at 8 o'clock I told her of the two dreams, most minutely describing the ring, and I also asked my husband to bear witness to the statement should anything follow to confirm the dream. Two hours later the postman arrived, and so great was my excitement and astonishment at seeing a small, neatly done up packet (evidently a ring case) that I dare scarcely open it, and decided to ask my maid to do so. Before breaking the seal I asked her to repeat the description of the ring that I had previously given her, and then the little packet was opened, and the joyful exclamation followed: "Why, my lady, here it is!" The ring was sent to me by a friend in memory of his wife, who had died some months before; but I had absolutely no idea that I should be the recipient of any souvenir of her, nor did I ever see her wearing the ring in question. The same maid is still in my service, and can (as well as Sir Ashley) substantiate my story.—Letter in the London "Spectator."

Stevenson's Grave.

A visit to the grave of R. L. Stevenson would disappoint many people. While some time back visits to this famous hill were most frequent, the limit must now be six persons yearly. And no wonder! The place is quite overgrown with weeds, and perhaps will some day be hard to discover.—New Zealand "Times."

Curious Bits of News.

That the German authorities in Samoa are determined to thoroughly Germanize that country is shown by the fact that the English missionaries in the islands have now been ordered to instruct their pupils and adherents in the Teuton tongue. American and Chilian dollars, as well as British coins, are also to make way for German money, and apparently Samoa will presently become as purely a German colony as New Caledonia is French.

"The latest in 'yells,'" says the Kansas City "Journal," "is that of the convicts on their way from the jail in the county in which they were sentenced to the penitentiary. A gang of fifteen of them from Buchanan County, the sheriff's 'guests' on a special car, gave vent to this yell at each railway station they passed between St. Joseph and Jefferson City a few days ago: 'Two years—five years—we will stay; didn't like St. Joe anyway!'"

The subject of a tunnel connecting Ireland and Scotland has been brought before the British Government, and the project will be pushed if the requisite financial support can be obtained. The estimated cost is $50,000,000. The route provisionally selected is from Stranraer in Scotland to Belfast in Ireland. The total distance is 51 1-2 miles, of which 34 1-2 miles would be tunnel, and 25 miles of the tunnel would be under the sea, along a line where the maximum depth is 480 feet. Electric motors would be used to drive the trains at an average speed of 60 to 70 miles per hour.

Susie E. Jenkins, twenty years old, of Philadelphia, says: "I have seen nearly all the funny shows that have come to Philadelphia in recent years, and not one of them could make me laugh. My mother has often tried to make me laugh by tickling me, but even that won't work. Ever since I can remember people have been telling me funny stories and cutting up all sorts of capers in the hope that I could be induced to smile; but all their efforts have been in vain. No; I have never consulted a doctor about it, for I have always enjoyed perfect health. I want to exhibit myself in public, and offer a prize to anyone who can make me laugh. It must be a queer sensation."

It has been recently asserted that mosquitoes are strongly attracted by certain sounds. This is confirmed by Sir Hiram Maxim, who in a letter to the London "Times" states that one of the electric lamps which he put up at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., in 1878, emitted a musical note; or rather the note proceeded from the box containing the dynamo-machine under the lamp. "One evening while examining the lamp he found that everything in the immediate vicinity was covered with small insects. They did not appear to be attempting to get into the globe, but into the box that was giving out the musical note. A close examination of these insects showed that they were all male mosquitoes. Although there were certainly two hundred times as many female mosquitoes on the ground as males, not a single female mosquito was found to have been attracted in the least by the sound."

An Uncollected Poem by Whittier.

There are hundreds of Whittier's early poems which were never placed by him in any collection of his works. They are to be found in the papers he edited and to which he contributed in the days before he consecrated all his powers to humanitarian work. They gave him a measure of literary reputation which must have gratified him at the time; but when he was baptized into the new spirit which informed all his later work he took pains to prevent the collection of the verses written in the vein of an outgrown ambition. His wish in this matter should be respected. And yet, while studying his early work, I find some poems which I fancy he would have preserved if they had not been overlooked when making his selections, writes S. T. Packard in the New York "Independent." Among these is this paraphrase from the German, which I find in "The Liberator" of August 10, 1833:

LINES FROM THE GERMAN OF LAMITER.

Thought after thought ye thronging rise,
Like spring doves from the startled wood,
Bearing like them your sacrifice
Of music unto God!
And shall those thoughts of joy and love
Come back again no more to me—
Returning like the patriarch's dove,
Wing-weary from the eternal sea—
To bear within my longing arms
The promise-bough of kindlier skies,
Plucked from the green immortal palms
Which shade the bowers of Paradise?

Child of the sea, the mountain stream
From its dark cavern hurries on,
Ceaseless by night and morning's beam,
By evening's star and noontide's sun—
Until at last it sinks to rest
O'erwearied in the waiting sea,
And moans upon its mother's breast—
So turns my soul to Thee.

Breaking it Gently.

"What do you want, little boy?"

"Is this where Mr. Upjohn lives, ma'am?"

"Yes."

"The Mr. Upjohn that runs the bank?"

"He is an officer in the bank."

"The Mr. Upjohn that went down town on a trolley car this morning?"

"I presume he went on a trolley car. What——"

"Is he the Mr. Upjohn that was in that horrible street car accident?"

"I haven't heard of his being in any street car accident."

"Didn't you hear 'at he'd sprained his ankle jumpin' out o' the car when the train run into it?"

"No, my little boy, you frighten me. What has——"

"Didn't you hear how he run into a drug store for a piece o' court-plaster to stick on a little cut he'd got over the eye?"

"Not at all. For mercy's sake—"

"He isn't in, is he, ma'am?"

"No, he's—"

"Name's John U. Upjohn, isn't it?"

"Yes, that's his name."

"Then he's the same man. He won't be here for an hour or two, I guess, 'cause he's stoppin' to have one of his teeth tightened that got knocked a little bit loose when he was jumpin' out o' danger, y' know."

"Little boy, tell me the whole story. I think I can bear it now."

"Well, ma'am, he's in the hospittle with four ribs broke an' one leg's in a sling an' his nose is knocked kind o' sideways, but he's getting along all right, an' he'll be out again in about a month, an' here's a letter f'm the doctor tellin' ye all about it, ma'am."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Tit-Bits."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

Luigi Garreno, a journalist of Rome, in order to get up a story on the Pope's daily life, recently secured employment in the Vatican as a gardener.

Petrified tropic[illegible] have been found in coal from [illegible]en, the island group in the Ar[illegible]an, midway between Greenland and Nova Zembla.

A writer in "Blackwood's Magazine" mentions as an incident of life in Labrador the burial of a live pet in a barrel under the November snow. The owner of the animal (a black bear, by the way) dug up the barrel twice during the winter, but did not awaken the occupant, who was permitted to sleep on till May.

Edward Beaupre of the Territory of Assiniboia, Canada, claims to be the tallest man in the world. His exact height is seven feet, ten and three-fourths inches, and he is still growing, and expects to reach the eight-foot mark. He is twenty years old, wears a number twenty-one shoe and a number twenty-one collar.

A Chinese manuscript lately discovered in the Paris library proves the startling fact that anaesthetics were used in China seventeen hundred years ago. A certain concoction, it states, was given by the doctors before performing an operation, which rendered the patient unconscious. The anaesthetic was a simple preparation of hemp.

The translation of the Bible from ancient to modern Greek, against which students in the Grecian capital have been rioting, and coming into fatal conflicts with troops, was ordered by Queen Olga, because she found so many Greeks could not read the language of their classic ancestors. The students oppose the translation on the ground that it would be desecration to put the Bible into Greek as it is now spoken.

Four hundred and ten thousand immigrants landed on the shores of the United States last year. Many of them were Christians, many others were not. The majority even of those who were had no copy of the Bible. In the hands of each, as he set foot upon the soil of his new home, the New York Bible Society placed a copy of the Scriptures. Twenty-one different languages were represented, the largest number being in German, the next largest in Swedish.

Because a beautiful young white woman, the heroine in Sir Walter Besant's serial story, "No Other Way," is forced to marry a negro criminal, the "Sunny South," one of the leading literary weeklies of the South, has announced the discontinuance of the publication of the story. The "Sunny South" declares the story passes the dead-line of Southern sentiment. It appears that the novel was selected after a synopsis had been submitted, and not until the fourth instalment were the objectionable features discovered. The editors declare the plot of the story to be "an obsession, the result of mental indigestion, from which we shall endeavor to save our readers."

Hang Trouble on a Chair.

"LAUGH and grow fat" is a saying as old as the hills. It has long been an accepted fact that humor is a promoter of digestion and merry words the deadliest foes of disease. A doctor named Kennedy writes an interesting article on the value of laughter, in which he shows it is not only a remedial agent, but is also a valuable preventive against a host of diseases. The physical effects of laughter are thus put down by Dr. Kennedy: Laughter increases the blood circulation. It enlarges the heart. It expands the lungs. It jiggers the diaphragm. It promotes the disculation of the spleen. In other words, laughter stirs up the vital regions of the body, gives them healthful exercise, and produces a mental exhilaration which acts upon the system much as a brisk walk in a crisp atmosphere does upon the appetite. As strong allies to laughter, Dr. Kennedy gives the following directions for mental peace of mind: Beware of theologians who have no sense of mirth; they are not altogether human. Keep your chin up. Don't take your troubles to bed with you; hang them on a chair with your trousers or drop them in a glass of water with your teeth.

Society Slang.

IT is rather amusing to watch the changes in society slang; for the "best" society has its own special vulgarities, which change from decade to decade—even from year to year. Lady Blessington, if she were reincarnated and suddenly projected into a woman's afternoon chatter at a smart club, would think she had missed her country, observes an English exchange. A few years ago it was the mode to scatter Gallicisms freely into conversation. But the French craze has passed, and even such an old servant as "chic" is never heard, and rarely seen but in the fashion articles. To-day's slang—in the "best" circles of England—has probably reached the lowest depth of fatuous vulgarity. Its keynote is abbreviation. What are "undies?" Well, they are the things that a woman puts on first in the morning and takes off last at night, when she gets into her "nighties." "Tissy-wissy" is another favorite Masonic word among those in the social know. It corresponds to the 'bus conductor's "little bit of all-right." And if you want to go a step further in compliment, you may describe your new frock—if you are a woman in the "best" set—as "quite too deevie for words." We hope Dr. Murray has a contributor on the pounce for these words in Mayfair. He has missed "deevie" from the New English Dictionary, but he is in time for "tizzy-wizzy," to say nothing—as, of course, nothing should be said—of "undies."

Surgeon (after the operation)—I am glad to be able to assure you, Mrs. Tyte-Phist, that the danger is now over and your husband will recover. We have successfully removed the appendix vermiformis, and it is of such a unique formation that I shall preserve it for use in my medical lectures. Mr. Tyte-Phist (opening his eyes) — You'll allow me something for it, I suppose, doctor?—Ex.

"How did it happen?" "Oh, I got into a game where the limit was the ceiling—and somebody took off the ceiling."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 36."

A Serious Man's Thoughts on Winter.

AT the moment of writing it is only fair to say that King Frost has not yet got us in his icy grip. But as it is not unusual to expect something of the sort at this season of the year, we may very well stand up and look at the prospect of sport which any seasonable weather of the kind may bring us. There is sliding for instance. If you don't happen to possess a pair of skates, or to own a friend who will lend you a pair, Nature is determined that you shall not lose all chance of risking your neck, just because you are lacking the usual outfit.

Of course for really superior slides you ought to put a little water down overnight; but as you have probably grown out of little frivolities of that sort, you can confidently rely on your next door neighbor's little boy doing what is necessary in the matter. Doubtless you will not leave your house in the morning with any idea of becoming actively engaged as a display slider. It is not until you find one of your feet slowly but surely creeping upwards to the sky, as the song says, that it will occur to you to throw up your hands and drop into the conventional attitude as a measure of self-protection. You will probably be encouraged in this course by noticing that a small but enthusiastic knot of bystanders is endeavoring to raise a cheer for your benefit. The next moment the programme comes off with a loud bang and you scramble to your feet, and address yourself loudly to nobody in particular in a way that makes the thoughtful observer trustfully hope that the recording angel wasn't looking your way at the moment.

It is commonly understood that the gentler sex are denied the relief that is afforded to mere man by the possession of an elastic vocabulary. But a casual slide that is spread out on the pavement is perfectly catholic in its tastes, and is open to receive all comers. The slide makes no invidious distinctions as to age or sex. Anybody with a limb to break is warmly welcome. It seems a little hard, however, that when an accident of this kind does take place by the unexpected co-operation of a member of the fair sex, the unhappy victim is almost invariably a lady who should be old enough to know better. The young and flighty damsels who could fall on an extemporaneous slide and make quite an elaborate and picturesque display of the business, are usually most successful in avoiding accidents of the kind; while, on the other hand, elderly ladies will practically make a bee-line for the trouble and then shower a liberal perspective of knitted wool and red flannel on the unsympathetic spectator.

The part that snow plays in our lives varies according to circumstances. As the poet said, distance lends enchantment to the view. And when you are looking at the snow-clad landscape over the top of something cheerful and hot in a large glass, there is doubtless a good deal to be said for the poetic side of beautiful snow. At the same time, I am not one who believes in coddling when the snow is on the ground. I am glad to say I can enjoy as well as anyone a brisk walk along the open country when the snow is lying thickly around; and I think there are few moments when one feels more keenly than at such times what a glorious lark it is to be alive. The tingling of the blood as it comes through the veins, imparting a healthy glow to the cheek and all the rest of the details, as per patent medicine advertisement, are all benefits of the snow that I keenly recognise and cordially appreciate. But what does me all up, so to speak, is to have a small boy come up behind and sock me unawares in the neck with a half-melted snowball.

Of course, we are all young, and, after all, we can afford to laugh at trouble of that kind. Usually, if I am out in a fair-to-medium suit of clothes, and I find that snowballing is in the air, I endeavor to make for cover. But if the worst comes to the worst, and I find that my hat has been knocked off and my clothes are more or less blobbed with melting patches of snow, I consider I have lost all the dignity I set out with, and that I may as well start throwing back. I have a sort of feeling that, since I am no longer respectable, I may as well go the whole hog and have my fling with the crowd. I always look forward with some dread to the winter in the distant future when I may have become too old, or as the East End damsel said, "too much of a bloomin' lydy," to throw back. It seems to me that it is very cruel to snowball an old fellow who can only dance around and squirm and call on high Heaven for help; and I have no doubt that it is precisely this aspect of the case that makes it so deliriously enjoyable to the average boy on the snowballing lay. Indeed, to regard the matter from a sportive standpoint, the boy may consider that the old gentleman is in the same boat as the hunted fox, who is said to enjoy the hunt as much as anybody.

A Queer Lawsuit.

The other day Mrs. Norma Adams and Samuel Gardner, who live on adjoining farms, began suit to determine the ownership of a brood of fourteen turkeys, says the San Francisco "Argonaut." The brood, headed by two old hens, a white and a bronze, had been running the fields of both farms all summer. Mrs. Adams owned the bronze hen and Mr. Gardner the white. Each claimed that their respective hen was the mother of the brood. One of the witnesses before the justice testified that he had once turned a dog upon the straggling band of turkeys. At the approach of the dog the young birds flew into a tree, the bronze hen ran into the woods, while the white hen stood under the tree and gave battle to the dog, which she repulsed, then called the brood to her, and they marched off. After hearing this witness, the justice decided that the white hen was the mother of the brood, and gave the turkeys to Gardner.

Rebuttal Evidence.

"There, my dear," said the returned hunter, "there's one bird for you, anyway. Bagged him just as I was about to give up in disgust." "Oh, George!" she exclaimed, "it's a carrier-pigeon, isn't it?" "Not much! It's a quail." "But it has a card tied to its leg, with some message on it. Let's see. It says, 'John Jones, Poultry and Game, Central Market.'"—Philadelphia "Press."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

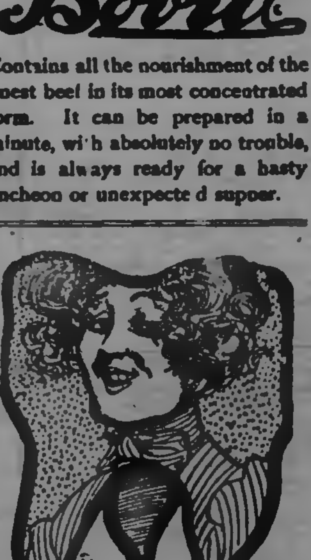
Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in affecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.



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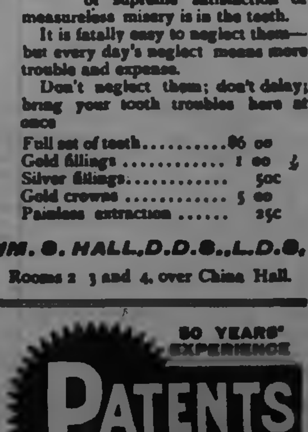

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It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
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Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, Its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jory, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 50c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs	1.00
Best 50c Japan Tea, 3 lbs	1.00
Best 40c Tea, 30c; 4 lbs	1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain 25c, 5 lbs	1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 200 - 203 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 11, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The merchants report business very quiet.

—A large rotary snow-plow passed through town early yesterday morning on the C. P. R.

—Six additional carloads of machinery arrived yesterday for the Cordage Company.

—The Girls' Guild of St. John's church will give an entertainment and oyster supper to-night.

—A number of fresh cases of diptheria and scarlet fever in town, have been reported to the health authorities.

—The Girls' Guild of All Saints' church are giving a social evening to-night when a pleasant evening's entertainment is promised.

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—The carnival to be held on Friday night is very much talked of, and promises to be very successful. The band will be in attendance.

—There should be something done to improve the condition on George St. The pitch holes are very deep and dangerous.

—The Orange Grand Lodge will be held this year at Smith's Falls. It is expected over 300 delegates will be present, and the session will continue three days.

—Men in the shanties this winter are being paid as high as $28.00 per month, which with board is nearly $9 per week.

—Diphtheria is reported in many places throughout the province, but in Peterborough, we are pleased to say, the disease is on the decrease.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 156 Hunter Street west.

—No matter what you pay a certain paper for advertising, if it brings a fair profit it is cheap. The best and the highest priced is often by far the cheapest. Always advertise in The Times.

—The series of revival meetings by Staff-Capt. Manton and Brig. Pugmire, at the Salvation Army barracks, were brought to a close last evening. The services have been well attended and fruitful of results.

—His Worship Mayor Denne and Town Treasurer Browncombe have made a start on their name-signing contract. They expect to have it completed in the course of a week.

—The members of the fire brigade will be entertained to a supper to-night by Mr. Harry Long, in recognition of their excellent work in saving his store from total destruction at the same time as the Crystal Block fire, early on the morning of Jan. 21st.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

A LAST ALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-five pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. R. P. Gough, of Toronto, is in town on business.

—Rev. S. J. Shorey spent a few hours in town yesterday.

—Mr. Dick Cavanagh is recovering from his recent severe illness.

—Mr. F. H. Kilbourne, of Lakefield, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mr. A. E. Tudhope, of Orillia, was in town yesterday, on business.

—Mr. R. H. Bradburn has been indisposed for the past few days.

—Mr. Roy Armstrong has entered the local branch of the Ontario Bank.

—Miss Thompson, of Toronto, is the guest of Miss Laura Davidson, Dickson street.

—Alderman Stewart, of Toronto, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Mr. Michael Tooley.

—Miss McCabe, of the staff of the Peterborough Mail Co., is confined to her home through illness.

—Mr. A. C. Walton, son of Mr. Robert Walton, left for Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. T. M. D. Croly leaves for New York this morning, where he will undergo an operation.

—Mr. R. C. Floyd, representing the Caledonia Concert Co., Toronto, is in town making arrangements for the appearance of the company in Peterborough at an early date.

DIED

HAMILTON.—In Douro, on Sunday, Feb. 9th, Agnes Jane, eldest daughter of the late David Hamilton.

Central Charity Board

The Central Charity Board met in the Town Clerk's Office last evening at 7.30. Those present were Mr. Robt. Innes chairman, Rev. Father McColl and Messrs. Fowler, Miller, Yelland, Hatton Kemp, Rush, Aldridge and Buller.

After discussing regular business the election of officers for the present year took place and resulted as follows:

Chairman,—Robt Innes.
Vice-Pres.—J J McBain.
Treas.—Wm Yelland.
Sec'y,—S R Armstrong.

The board adjourned.

How to Get Up an Appetite

Distaste for food often follows Grippe, and fevers, and is associated with a general weakness of the system. To impart a real zest for food, and give power to the stomach to digest and assimilate, no remedy can equal Ferrozone. This is a new and startling discovery. It strikes at the root of disease and by removing the cause, cures quickly and permanently. Ferrozone will quickly enable you to eat and digest anything. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, can tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone, how it cures and why it cures. Call to-day and see him.

The Water Commissioners

The Water Commissioners met yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. Plans for the working of the system were discussed at some length. The question of by-laws was taken up and some were drafted. These will be further discussed at the next meeting. The selling of debentures will be proceeded with in a few days as soon as the debenture certificates etc., have been signed.

Last Night's Concert

The patrons of the Convent of Notre Dame were entertained in a most pleasing and enjoyable manner last night in the Convent Hall, by the pupils to an excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music, recitations and tableaux. The hall was well filled by a large and most appreciative audience. The concert will be continued to-night. The proceeds are to go toward defraying the cost of lighting the Convent with electric light.

A Big Quarter's Worth

is always found in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, the best household liniment known. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, headache, sick-stomach, in fact is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. Mothers find it the safest thing to rub on their children for sore throat, cold on the chest, sprains and bruises. Never be without Polson's Nerviline. It will cure the pains and aches of the entire family and relieve a vast amount of suffering every year.

Meeting Postponed

The meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A., has been postponed until Thursday afternoon, Feb. 13th, at 3.30. All members and others interested in the work, are cordially invited to be present. Mrs. J. C. Brown, the delegate to the convention, will present her report at this meeting.

One of Mr. Snowden's Jokes

One day Mr. Snowden, while at Gold Lake hunting for deer, took his gun and strolled off on a still hunt, all by himself. He was fortunate enough to kill a wild goose, which was prepared for the table next day. After dinner, he remarked, with a merry twinkle in his eye: "When we sat down, boys, you noticed a goose stuffed with sage. Now you may observe a sage stuffed with goose."

Using Your Spare Moments to Advantage in the Making of Pretty Mats and Rugs

At this season of the year thousands of women are delightfully employed in the hooking of pretty mats and rugs for the ornamentation of the living rooms. For this pleasant work the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are the best and most satisfactory. These popular patterns are richly colored on the best quality of Scotch Hessian imported specially for this work. If your dealer cannot show you these Mat and Rug Patterns ready for working, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive free of cost a full sheet of designs with sizes and prices.

A VERY SUDDEN DEATH.

MISS CELIA SANDERSON EXPIRED SUDDENLY

After Leaving Work—Had Proceeded Only a Short Distance When She Fell on the Sidewalk.

Miss Celia Sanderson, an employee of the Electric Works, and whose parents live in the country, met death in a very sudden and altogether unexpected manner last evening a few minutes after six o'clock. Miss Sanderson and a companion had proceeded but a short distance from the Electric Works, when without warning she fell to the sidewalk. Her companion called for help which soon arrived, and the girl was carefully lifted and carried to a store, which was only a short distance off. Medical help was immediately called and everything was done that could be thought of. In a few minutes Dr. Young arrived but life was extinct. After careful inquiry he pronounced heart failure as the cause of her death.

Miss Sanderson boarded with her sister, Mrs. J. LeBar, on Stewart street, and was well known among a very large circle of friends. Her bright and cheerful disposition made her a favorite with all who knew her. Some time ago she graduated from the Peterborough Business College, where she had taken a very successful course. The news of the terribly sudden and unexpected death will be a painful shock to her many friends. The arrangements for the funeral were not completed up to a late hour last night.

Hotel Changes Hands

The firm of Moon & Conroy, who managed the National Hotel for some time past, has been dissolved, Mr. Moon retiring. The hotel will now be under the management of Mr. John Conroy, whose wide experience and popularity speak well for the future success of the hotel. Mr. Moon has not decided as yet, whether he will continue to reside in town or not.

COASTING ON SIDEWALKS

A Dangerous Practice Indulged in by Many of the Children in Town

Some years ago the council passed a by-law, forbidding children to coast down the sidewalks in town. Recently this forbidden custom has been revived by the children, and is indulged in every day in the week on the different hills in town. A few days ago the scholars were leaving the Collegiate Institute at noon, and a daring, reckless little fellow was coming down the Murray street sidewalk on a handsleigh, and, without any warning crashed into a young girl and knocked her down, severely bruising her limbs. This dangerous sport should be stopped. Nearly every day people are obliged to wade into the deep snow to avoid meeting a sleigh. What is pleasure for some, is often very dangerous for others, and the parents of the children or the authorities should put a stop to this.

Paine's Celery Compound

Brings Gladness and Joy to Homes Where Sickness Prevails.

IT HAS A MARVELLOUS RECORD AS A LIFE SAVER

Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well. It is the one true specific recognized and prescribed to-day by our best physicians for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system. Professor Phelps, M.D., the discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound, gave his wonderful prescription to his profession as a positive cure for wasting strength, nervous debility, sleeplessness, liver complaint, kidney disease, rheumatism and neuralgia, and the marvellous medicine has saved tens of thousands from death.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only true nerve and tissue builder; it quickly fortifies the weak parts of the body and promotes the healthy activity of the organs that make the blood and keep it pure. Let us urge you to test the power and virtues of one bottle; it cannot disappoint you; it has cured others suffering as you now suffer, and will most assuredly do the same for you.

Mr. J. Ralston, Nixon, Ont., testifies as follows: "It gives me great pleasure to add my testimony to the ever-increasing popularity of your preparation known as Paine's Celery Compound. It is now a year past since I had a severe attack of nervous prostration caused by chronic dyspepsia, and for a year I could not sleep at night. This condition of sleeplessness brought on delirium. I was attended by four of the best doctors of the county, and took a great quantity of medicine, but all failed to do me any good. I then decided to try your Paine's Celery Compound. After I had used four bottles the nervousness and dyspepsia left me, and I have done more work since than for years past. I now enjoy excellent health and consider myself completely cured. I have highly recommended your Paine's Celery Compound to others."

What He Wants to Know

In reply to a request of a subscriber, the following information is given in regards to the Trent Valley Canal: This waterway of 200 miles in length can be completed for $3,000,000. When complete it will give continuous barge navigation of 800 tons burden—and of twice the capacity of the Erie Canal—from Montreal to Sault Ste. Marie. It will shorten the distance between all the great western lake ports and Liverpool by 727 miles. It is capable of being operated during a season of seven months in a year and of transporting two hundred million bushels of grain per annum. By means of the numerous lakes and rivers which it utilizes and intersects, it will give a shore line of 1000 miles and lay under tribute six million acres of agricultural forest and mineral lands capable of yielding from 50 to 100 tons of freight per acre. It will utilize the finest continual system of water powers on the globe. 140 miles of this waterway is now completed, but bottled up at both ends, yet it is giving employment for internal commerce and tourist travel to 60 steamboats, besides numerous smaller craft.

ST. LUKE'S ENTERTAINMENT

Last Night Proved to be a Most Enjoyable and Successful Affair

The entertainment at St. Luke's last night, under the auspices of the Girls' Guild was a most enjoyable and successful affair. In the absence of Rev. Mr. Langfeldt, the chair was taken by Mr. E. A. Peck, who performed the duties in a most pleasing manner. The different parts of the program were introduced in a few well chosen and appropriate words.

The first number on the program was a duet by Miss E. Burnham and Miss K. Calcutt, which was admirably rendered, and was heartily applauded. Miss Nellie Davies rendered a solo in a most pleasing voice, and received a very hearty applause.

A dialogue, entitled, "The Old Maids' Convention," was presented by twenty young ladies, attired in old maids' costumes of a very ancient style. The platform was specially arranged for the piece, and mottoes of a very appropriate nature were hung on the walls. The reading of the President's and Treasurer's address, threw the audience into fits of laughter. After these were concluded, the "Old Maids" held an open meeting, and discussed the question of matrimony. While some were in favor of it, others held up their hands in horror, and denounced such a proceeding. At this stage of the proceedings, Prof. Pinkerton appeared on the scene with an electrical apparatus he called a transformer, and told the old maids that he could transform them into anything they wished to be. Some wanted to be singers, and one old maid thought if she could be transformed into a man she would be all right. They were put through a process of transformation, and all apparently got their wishes except the one who wanted to be a man. During the dialogue the audience could hardly restrain themselves.

The last dialogue was "The Dairy Maids' Drill," by twelve girls, all attired as dairy maids. The acting was very prettily done, and they received very warm applause.

Before closing, Rev. Mr. Langfeldt addressed the audience, and thanked them for the splendid attendance, and hoped they had enjoyed the evening. The entertainment closed with singing "God Save the King."

The Sunday school room, in which the entertainment was held, was packed to the doors, and many who could not gain admittance were turned away.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

Grant to Volunteers

Editor Morning Times.

Dear Sir, — Allow me to inquire, through the columns of your paper, if the Town Council propose to make any grant to the volunteers who left here with the second draft of men for the third Canadian contingent. It is now some time since the men left here and I have not heard of the Council giving them any grant. The men of the second contingent and the men of the first detachment of the third contingent received their grants and I think it is only right that the others receive a similar amount. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your space, I remain,

FAIR PLAY.

Piles cured in 3 to 6 nights.—One application gives relief. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a boon for Itching Piles, or Blind, Bleeding Piles. It relieves quickly and permanently. In skin eruptions it stands without a rival. Thousands of testimonials if you want evidence. 35 cents.—43 Sold by H. H. Edmison.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Everybody Says why does not God kill the Devil, get the booklet, quite you. 6c. Dominion Novelty Co. Hamilton, Ont.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

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are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

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The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
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The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

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VOL. 28 NO. 35 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY FEBRUARY 11 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

A CANADIAN VISITS THE BOER COLONY

A Winnipeger's Trip to the Island of Bermuda

What He Has to Say Regarding the Boer Colony

The Prisoners Well Cared for and Generously Treated by the British

Winnipeg, Feb. 11—Joseph T. Dumouchel, the well-known insurance man of this city, has just returned from an extended eight months' trip through the Americas and the West India Islands.

"The finest climate in the world, I believe," said Mr. Dumouchel, "is in Bermuda, where I spent several weeks. The island of Bermuda is somewhat oblong in shape and contains about 18,000 inhabitants, one-third of whom are whites. The largest town is Hamilton, which has a population of 3,000. It is the most interesting country in many ways in the world. During two or three months in the summer it is said to be extremely hot, but during the remainder of the year the climate is simply perfect.

LITTLE DRUNKENNESS

"There was one thing," said Mr. Dumouchel, "at which I was very much surprised. That was the scarcity of excessive drinking considering the fact that Jamaica rum is only two cents per glass and at the hotels a couple of men can have a small room to themselves and all they want to drink for two or three hours for the small sum of twelve cents. Yet I saw only one man the worse for liquor during my whole stay, and their police courts and jails have seldom an occupant. Crime is almost unknown and yet no prohibition is placed upon the liquor traffic. Cigars are only one cent each and they are of the finest."

THE BOER COLONY.

"Did you visit the colony of Boer prisoners in Bermuda? was asked.

"I was kindly granted permission to visit the colony though I was given stringent orders not to talk to any or to answer their queries concerning the outside world. There are about 16,000 prisoners there, about one-half of whom are women and children. They are confined on a group of small islands in a bay at one end of the island and appear to be well used. They have their own schools and religious services and are in good health, as fever and other epidemic diseases are not known."

"As soon as I arrived among the prisoners they came flocking around making all kinds of enquiries about the war and the outside world. "Have the British caught Dewet yet?" asked one man who looked like an officer among the rest.

"I told them I could give them no information about the matter, and they seemed disappointed. On the whole I think they are very well cared for, and as happy as can be expected under the circumstances.

ONE PRISONER ESCAPED

"One of the young Boer prisoners managed to make his escape. He swam for a couple of miles to a narrow channel through which a steamer bound for New York had to pass out of the harbor, where it then lay. He managed to climb on board, or possibly was hauled up by the stokers, with whom he hid himself during the voyage. In the meantime his escape had been discovered, and the authorities had wired to New York to have the ship searched. On its arrival there the officers boarded the vessel, and demanded the fugitive. The captain disavowed all knowledge of the affair, but finally the fugitive was found. He could not be taken back, however, and if he once got on shore he was a free man. He had no money, however, and therefore he could not land. In ten minutes the crowd of passengers who had gathered around had made up a purse and when the man was taken ashore he was carried joyfully on the shoulders of the populace. Money was supplied him, and he was at once set up in business on his own account. It was one of the most daring escapes ever executed."

Mr. Dumouchel was much impressed with the good treatment given the Boer prisoners by the British. They are fed on the best, and every comfort and convenience possible is provided. They are permitted to work at their own discretion and many of them employ their spare time in artistic pursuits, such as painting, drawing, carving and needlework. Since the escape of the young Boer prisoner the vigilance of the guards has been redoubled, and the regulations over the prisoners strictly enforced.

GERMANY PROVED A VERY GREEDY PARTNER

Britain is Distrustful of Any Alliance with Her—Chinese Negotiations Has not Kindled a Feeling of Security

London, Feb. 10.—English opinion awaits with a complacency not far removed from indifference Prince Henry's visit to America. Personally, the Prince is much liked in the Far East, and on his visits to London. He is, they say, the best of good fellows, ever ready to show the warmest spirit of comradeship, but he is no politician. "We can't have two in one family," he is reported to have said to one of his friends. No one supposes for a moment that his sojourn in America will have any more political result than is now following the recent friendly visit of the Prince of Wales to the Kaiser.

In truth, English opinion, so far as it finds an expression in the press, and at the clubs, is beginning more and more to discount the value to Great Britain or the United States of political intimacy with Germany. Englishmen cynically point to the Anglo-German agreement as the only kind of reciprocity Germany understands, and nobody yet has succeeded in discovering one little advantage that England has received in return for her complacency over Germany's theft of Shantung, her admission of Germany to a practical partnership in the Yang-tse Valley, and the use of her influence with the Sultan in behalf of the Kaiser's ambitions in Asia Minor.

ANGLO-GERMAN ALLIANCE.

When a year or so ago Mr. Chamberlain talked on public platforms about a British alliance with Germany, men shrugged their shoulders and said, "Oh, well, Chamberlain is no diplomatist, and does not mean an alliance in the formal sense." It would expose Mr. Chamberlain or any other Minister to far severer criticism if to-day he suggested, not an alliance, but even a continuance of the policy of which the Anglo-German agreement was the definite outcome, and, thinking of American foreign policy as running along in parallel lines with their own Englishmen cannot conceive of any less disappointment to American statesmen should they now respond to German wooing.

To-day the weekly reviews speak out unhesitatingly what is in the minds of most Englishmen. The Spectator says: "There is no sharing with Germany. She must rule absolutely, or at all. She means, if she can, to pull down the British Empire, and erect on its ruins, a Teutonic world-power, just as she hopes to build up on the ruins of the Austro-Hungarian Empire a European State which shall embrace all German-speaking Europe. An intense popular animosity is felt in Germany towards England. It is not sentimental, fictitious, or unreal; it is deep and genuine, or, as a German philosopher would say, positive and categorical. Germans realise instinctively that human beings cannot destroy a great human organization unless they feel morally justified in doing it. So they mean to try to destroy us like a logical people. They are preparing the necessary moral indignation.

GERMANY TOO GREEDY.

This sounds almost provocative, and would certainly be frowned upon if submitted to the British Foreign Office, but it little exaggerates the sort of talk one hears most generally among English politicians and journalists. Englishmen are quite ready to meet Americans in a fair commercial rivalry, and looking to their own industrial position and the growing cohesiveness of the Empire, they have the strongest faith in the British industrial future, but in the case of Germany they see a rival who, not content with trade competition, persists in dogging Great Britain's footsteps, ready to take every conceivable political advantage now, and eagerly awaiting the day when the completion of the German navy will give her new means of aggression at the expense of England, America, or any one else. They see, moreover, that wedged in as Germany is, between France and Russia, naval strength alone will never avail her.

Col. Picquart shows in the current number of the Grand Revue how a mere understanding between France and Great Britain, such as is quite conceivable in a day of international difficulty, and such as the Niger agreement might easily have led up to had the British Ministers desired it, would at once entail on Germany a fight for life. The bitterness of the present phase of English opinion will, of course, pass, but a substantial divergence between British and German politics must remain.

SIDE LIGHT ON SITUATION.

A sidelight is thrown on Anglo-Germanism by the belief that the British Government will announce in Parliament on Monday the abandonment of Wei Hai-Wei as a naval base, though it was England's vaunted offset to Germany's Kiachou and Russia's Port Arthur seizures. The lobbyists say that the ultimate destination of Wei-Hai-Wei is German hands, Germany conceding something in South Africa. Meanwhile the administration of Wei-Hai-Wei last week was transferred by the Admiralty to James Haldane Lockhart, Colonial Secretary at Hong Kong.

The British reply to the Dutch advances is accepted as a decisive rejection of the Boer delegates in Europe as negotiators, but leaves the way open for renewed negotiations by General Botha, through Lord Kitchener. Meanwhile, the blockhouse system wears down the enemy at the rate of 400 per week.

IN FILIPINO TORTURE TRAP

Two Officers Precipitated Into Pit Filled With Spikes

Washington, D.C., Feb. 11—An example of the atrocity of the Filipinos and the barbarous method of their warfare is found in a mail report to the War Department, telling of the narrow escape from death of Lieutenant Richard Wetherill and Lieutenant Geo. I Feeter of the Nineteenth Infantry, who were with detachments of their regiments scouting in the mountains of Loboc.

Having occasion to search a house which excited their suspicion they were on entering the main floor precipitated into a pit bristling with sharp pointed bamboo sticks. This form of atrocity in the trenches was frequent during the early days of the war in the island. Both officers were badly injured and the guide with them was impaled and died before he could be removed.

Another report tells in detail of a most elaborate plan to kill a number of men through which the floor of a large building to be occupied by troops was released from its supports in a way to be carefully balanced on a central pillar, with the greater weight placed at one end the occupants would have been thrust into a cellar beneath equipped with rusty bayonets and the favorite sharpened bamboo placed on end.

PASSING OF THE BICYCLE

They Have Almost Entirely Disappeared in Many American Cities

New York, Feb. 11—Statistics of the bicycle trade disclose the surprising fact that only twenty-four factories were in operation in the United States on January 1, as compared with sixty-nine a year previous, and 280 in 1900. The decrease in the output has fallen off more than 80 per cent in two years.

As wheels are dirt cheap, while the country is prospering, the conclusion is inevitable that the bicycle craze has passed. An evidence of this was recently contained in a report from Chicago, which said the little two wheeled machines had almost disappeared from the streets of the Windy City. In Kansas City fewer bicycles are seen than formerly. Denver, Colo., is said to be the home of more wheels than any other city in America, owing to its level and uncrowded streets.

The advent of the automobile was one of the factors in checking the sale of bicycles. Automobiles are still too costly to come into general use, but nobody knows what is to be the next stage of their development. In addition to the factories already established, Henri Fournier, the winner of the great Paris-Berlin race, has decided to erect a $2,000,000 automobile plant in New York. Apart from the coal mining and big metallurgic industries, it is estimated that automobile making directly and indirectly employs more people in France than any other industry.

The predicted relegation of the horse to the boneyard as a consequence of the bicycle's appearance has failed to materialise. Horses are to-day more popular, and they sell for more money, than before the bicycle was invented.

As a health builder the bicycle is no longer regarded as supreme. The stooping and cramped position of the rider is condemned by the doctors. Over-exertion on the wheel has injured more people than temperate exercise has helped. But the bicycle has its legitimate uses, and its continued employment is certain, although not as a fad.

Foreign Hatred Of England, From a British Point of View

London, Feb. 11—It is sad in this year of grace 1902 to contemplate a nation frothing at the mouth, snarling and baying at another for no obvious reason. It makes a Britisher sigh and look anxiously over the navy list. It makes no difference what England does, she is, and has long been, the object of the unreasoning hate of continental Europe. And in this we see a probable cause for England's not always well met advances to the United States, and the eagerness with which she has turned to the colonies. Nations, like individuals, crave affection. England's isolation may be splendid, but its loneliness makes it hard to bear. Hence England turns to her kin across the seas, offering them a genuine and deep regard, hoping that with an open-hearted communion with a related nation she may find far more than a compensation for the fierce enmity which ever blazed from the eyes of her near neighbors. At present, unfortunately, the people of the United States are not ready to freely return England's good will. But, educating influences extending from the better thinking portion downward through the ignorant prejudices of the lower classes, together with the ever-growing intimacy of the two peoples, and the unifying influences of their literatures, will work a change in the sentiments of those classes in which a dislike for England is now most marked.

AT BALAKLAVA

The Man Showed Himself as a Hero and Two Medals Attested the Fact.

New York, Feb. 11—James Reid, a British veteran, whose personal heroism at Sebastopol and on the field of Balaklava in the famous charge of the Light Brigade had won him two medals, is dead in this city from asphyxiation. The old soldier, on retiring, had turned the stopcock of a gas heater in the wrong direction, and when he was found in his little three-room flat the gas fumes had done what the bullets of the Crimea failed to do.

Mr. Reid, who was in his seventy-third year, kept a small cigar and stationery store. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland. When he was 18 years old, his father, who had distinguished himself in the battle of Waterloo, moved to Australia. James preferred to follow a soldier's career, as his father had done, and he enlisted in the British army. During the Crimean campaign he rose to the rank of quarter-master sergeant in his command, the Chestnut troop of the Royal horse artillery. This rank he won by personal gallantry in action, and he had two medals to attest the fact.

Again he distinguished himself during the cholera outbreak in the army, and won special honorable mention for his fearless and devoted attention to duty in the stricken camp.

Sergeant Reid purchased his discharge from the army and came to America in 1885.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT

An Oil Struck That is Sure to be a Big Money Maker.

We call the attention of capitalists and investors to the Advertisement elsewhere of the North American Oil and Refining Company, which appears in this issue.

This stock should meet with ready sale, as it is likely to prove a bonanza to investors. Oil has been struck very close to the company's property, and it is known that the same oil channels run through it. The stock being disposed of is treasury stock, and not personal stock.

The company is controlled by men of undoubted honor and probity, being: Hon. E. A. Sunderlin, Colorado Springs; J. H. Parker, Vice-President and General Manager, who is a man of broad experience in the oil business, having passed upon 397 wells, and out of that number only had three failures; Mr. Geo. Cockburn, banker, President of a number of mining companies and Sec.-Treas. of the Boulder Oil Co., the stock of which is worth four times par price.

The latter fact shows what money there is in oil. A man, for instance, who invested $100 in the Boulder Company a short time ago can get $400 for his stocks. There is every hope that the North American will be even more successful.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. G. A. Cockburn, Colorado Springs, Col., or to F. W. Nelson, Broker, Water street, Peterborough.

ALASKA IS GROWING WARMER

Ocean Current Changes Course and Modifies Severe Climate

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 11—Sea Captains lately arrived from the western coast of Africa announce their belief that the Japan current has changed its course in the eastern part of the Pacific ocean and is now running several hundred miles to the north and east of its former channel.

Since the fall of 1899 these mariners hold that this warm ocean current has been sweeping with constantly increasing strength toward the Alaskan shore line.

In the fall of 1899 the western coast of Alaska was shaken by a terrific earthquake. Since that time Alaska's climate has been changing. It is believed that the Japan current was turned eastward by a stupendous submarine upheaval, which formed a new chain of submarine mountains, throwing the current against the shore.

At first it was cooled by sea level glaciers, which accounts for the gradual change in temperature. The current has finally resumed its warmth and the whole Alaskan climate has become milder. Last summer the climate there was rainy and warm like Puget Sound, 1000 miles further south. The entire winter has been mild and rainy from Nome to Juneau.

A PRO-BOER BEATEN

Doukhobor Would Not Hear Anti-British Agitator

Severley Punished Another Foreigner Who Has Not Been Seen in the City Since.

Winnipeg, Feb. 11—An incident which should go far toward disabusing people's minds of the opinion that a Doukhobor will not fight for his adopted country happened last night in a north end hotel.

For some days the attention of a great many people, especially those of foreign extraction, has been attracted by a rather peculiar looking foreigner who gave his name as Wasyl Dudinsky and who could converse in German, French and Russian with equal facility. He had a smattering of English, but generally floated around here and there confining his acquaintanceship to men of his own language and nationality.

He seemed especially interested in the Doukhobors and became acquainted with as many as possible. Though without visible means of support, he never seemed short of funds and managed to ingratiate himself with most of those with whom he came in contact.

The topic of his conversation generally turned upon the subject of the Boer war and the atrocities of British soldiers. As a general rule there was very little disagreement with his arguments so long as he paid for the beer, and, emboldened by the silence of his listeners, he gradually became stronger in his assertions. At the same time the suspicion grew among his supposed victims that he had some definite object in talking and spending his money so freely.

The explosion came when Dudinsky was spreading his doctrines before a couple of Doukhobors over several glasses of beer. He became more violent than usual in his charges against the British and finally was bold enough to assert that he was a special Boer agent sent here from Hamburg to work among the Doukhobors and Galicians.

This was as far as he went. One of the Douks, a strapping six footer, reached over the little centre table on which the beer stood, and grabbing the pro-Boer by the neck, proceeded to drag him around the room, punched his face, poured beer down his back and then threw him out into the street. Most of those who witnessed the drubbing understood the situation and said never a word. The special agent with the versatile tongue has not since been seen.

COCKRAN SHIES AT DAVIS?

Report That He Wouldn't Sit on the Stage With Him at a Pro-Boer Meeting

Boston, Feb. 10—A pro-Boer meeting was scheduled at Faneuil Hall this evening, but the affair did not take place. It is said by some of the people having the affair in charge that it was called off on account of the inability to obtain the hall, but no meeting of any kind was held in the place to-night. Another story heard about the entrance to the hall was to the effect that Bourke Cockran, who was featured as the leading speaker, would not sit on the same platform with Webster Davis. Davis was another of the advertised speakers.

Tendency of Catarrh is to Spread

Just a slight matter at first, and because slight, neglected; but the seed sown brings forth a dangerous harvest. Consumption, which is the harvest of death. Better spend a few moments each day inhaling Catarrhozone, an aromatic antiseptic that relieves at once clears the nasal passages, and restores lost sense of taste and smell. The immediate effect of Catarrhozone is magical, so prompt and efficient. Cure is certain and permanent if you use Catarrhozone. Price $1. Small sizes 25c., at Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

FOUND DEAD IN THE SNOW

David Vallentine, an Old Man, Meets a Terrible Death

David Valentine, a very respectable old gentleman, who, for some time past has been living with Mr. Hicks, a farmer residing a short distance this side of Burleigh, met a shocking and tragic death on Saturday night in the snowdrifts, his dead body being found yesterday morning. The unfortunate old gentleman had been staying in town for a few days last week, and started out on Saturday to reach his home. He was seen walking through Young's Point on Saturday afternoon, and it is thought that in the dark, and blinded by the whirling snow that filled the air he lost his way, and after wandering around in the vain hope of finding the road or some dwelling he became exhausted and sank down into the snow. He would be frozen to death in a very short time, being in an exhausted condition, after making a stubborn effort to save himself.

On finding the body, Mr. Hicks at once communicated with Dr. Grey, coroner, but as there were no marks of violence on the body, and there being no doubt as to the storm causing the old man's death, an inquest was considered unnecessary. Deceased was about 62 years of age, and belonged to St. Thomas. He was a quiet, sober, respectable man, and his shocking death came as a blow to those with whom he was acquainted.

Can Use the Best

The man who can advertise at all can advertise in the very best medium—the newspaper which has a large circulation among the people who are able to buy things. A small advertisement in such a journal is better than a large one in a newspaper of small circulation. It has been demonstrated that no advertisement is too small to escape the attention of the majority of newspaper readers.

"UNDER THE WEATHER"

You Can Never be in This Condition if You Are a User of

Malt Breakfast Food

In a great majority of cases "under the weather" means that you are a victim of stomach troubles, indigestion or dyspepsia. You feel irritable, miserable, despondent and have little relish for your meals. Your difficulties have arisen from improper dieting, more especially at the morning meal. Starchy, heavy and indigestible foods put young and old "under the weather."

Thousands who have used Malt Breakfast food at the morning meal have been happily delivered from an "under the weather" condition, and blessed with perfect digestion, strong nerves and clear brain. Malt Breakfast Food owing to its predigested character is easily digested and quickly assimilated. One serving of this health-giving food contains as much nutriment as a dozen servings of oatmeal, wheat granules or cracked wheat. You are missing a daily treat if you are a stranger to Malt Breakfast Food. The humblest house can afford to use it. Your grocer sells it.

DE WET HAS ESCAPED AMONG THE CATTLE

Nearly Three Hundred of His Men Killed, Wounded or Taken Prisoners by the British

THE BOER DELEGATES ARE READY FOR PEACE

Willing to Submit to Conditions Laid Down by Lord Lansdowne—How Kitchener is Saving Money

London, Feb. 11.—From Wolve hoek Lord Kitchener has to-day telegraphed a long description of a combine movement of numerous British columns with the object of securing Gen. De Wet.

Lord Kitchener says the advance began the night of Feb. 5, the whole force moving from various directions and forming a continuous line of mounted men on the west bank of the Liebenberg's vlei from Frankfort as far south as Fanny's Home, and thence to Kaffir kop. The line then advanced to the west, and the following night the British entrenched with their outposts 50 yards apart. They held the line from Holland, on the Heilbron-Frankfort blockhouse line to Doorn kloof, on the Kroonstad-Lindley blockhouse line, while the columns were also working in advance of the blockhouse lines to prevent De Wet's crossing. The advance was continued Feb. 6, and De Wet was within the enclosure, but, realizing his position, he ordered his men to disperse and seek safety during the night. De Wet himself, with some men and a number of cattle, made for the Kroonstad-Lindley blockhouse line, and at one o'clock in the morning, when it was very dark, by rushing his cattle at the fence, broke his way through the line, mixed up with the cattle, and losing three men killed.

Many attempts were made to break through the line on the night of February 7, reports Lord Kitchener, the line of the outposts being attacked at various places throughout the night.

But very few escaped, and ten dead Boers were picked up in the morning near Heilbron.

"I did not yet get exact details of the Boer casualties," continues Lord Kitchener, "but, as far as I have ascertained they consist of 283 in killed, wounded, and prisoners, as well as about 700 tired horses and many cattle.

KRUGER MAY MOVE.

London, Feb. 11.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Utrecht indicates the probability of the removal of the Boer headquarters to Geneva on account of friction between Mr. Kruger and his associates and the Dutch Government.

Dr. Leyds, representative in Europe of the Transvaal, is reported as declaring that the recent proposals looking to the establishment of peace in South Africa made by the Dutch Premier, Dr. Kuyper, were an unwarrantable interference in the affairs of the Transvaal. Some of the Boer delegates, it is said, are at variance with Dr. Leyds.

WANT TO VISIT SEAT OF WAR.

London, Feb. 11.—A despatch to a news agency from Brussels says:—

"It is understood here that the Boer delegates have decided to submit to the conditions laid down in Lord Lansdowne's communication to the Dutch Government, and are preparing a communication to the British Government asking permission to visit South Africa and setting forth the object of the proposed visit. It is expected that the request will reach England next week."

Mr. Chamberlain's announcement in the House of Commons on Thursday that the substance of the correspondence with the Dutch Government would be communicated through Lord Kitchener to the Boer generals puts an end to the incident which began with Dr. Kuyper's visit.

If the Boers have ever hoped for foreign intervention they cannot well hope for it any more. In these circumstances it is, of course, possible that Generals Botha, De Wet, Delarey, with or without concurrence of Mr. Schalkburger and Mr. Steyn, may give up the struggle in despair, but their course will depend upon military considerations, with which the civilian, even if he had the requisite knowledge, is incompetent to deal.

Threats have no effect upon the mass of Englishmen. Abuse by German newspapers only strengthen their determination to go on fighting. At the idea of foreign intervention they laugh.

If the Boers or any other foreigners suppose that Great Britain is unable or unwilling to carry on the war they are very much mistaken.

There is a peace party here, but it does not rest upon any disbelief in the material resources of the British Empire. Its cardinal principle is that reasonable men on both sides would agree upon a peace which would make another war in South Africa a practical impossibility.

CAPE COLONY UNITED.

Cape Town, Feb. 11.—At a meeting of citizens held here last night, at which several thousand were present, a resolution was passed refuting the Continental calumniators of the British troops. Colonial Secretary Graham delivered a strong speech.

A resolution was also adopted supporting the attitude of the Imperial Government in regard to the war. These resolutions represent the united loyal feeling through the Cape Colony.

HOW KITCHENER IS SAVING MONEY.

London, Feb. 11.—Col. Sir Charles Vincent, M.P., who has just returned from South Africa, said in the course of a speech at Eton College last night that by businesslike methods Gen. Kitchener was getting back $40,000 a month from the field canteens. Gen. Kitchener advised that people at home should not send the soldiers chocolate and cigarettes, as they can be obtained at the field canteens, but to devote the money to the soldiers' families at home. Many persons think, Col. Vincent said, that Gen. Kitchener is very austere and difficult to approach. As a matter of fact, there was no more agreeable man. He had extraordinary judgment, and a wonderful facility for work. He woke up every morning at five o'clock, telegraphed everywhere, interviewing heads of departments, and devoting the rest of the day to problems of the campaign.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 3.—All the members of the royal family from the King down to the Prince of Wales' eldest son have been vaccinated. The King now goes with his arm in a sling. The queen's slight indisposition this week, which prevented her returning from Windsor on the day arranged, is also attributed to the ills following vaccination.

Lord Rosebery was vaccinated a fortnight ago and it "took" well.

London smallpox epidemic has been fluctuating, but on the whole it shows an upward tendency.

The record of 1,[illegible] cases under treatment having been reported this week, vaccination is becoming very general. Both in the house of commons and the house of lords one may see at least half a dozen members with an arm in a sling.

Many cases of serious illness in adults from vaccination are reported. This week a fashionable wedding was postponed because the bride felt very ill from this cause.

It is a remarkable coincidence that in 1838, the year of Queen Victoria's coronation, London also had a heavy smallpox epidemic, which much interfered with the number of visitors and the size of the street crowds.

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(By our Junior Reporter)

Was strong as a lion.
Now weak as a lamb.
Because he made
The Peterboro Exam.
For health and wealth
Remember the Name:
Be sure and read
The Morning Times.

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Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 11, 1902

THE MANNERS OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

Dr. Hodgins, the Deputy-Minister of Education, is asking at the present time if it be true what many people of reflection are charging—that our school children are becoming devoid of politeness. As one would suppose, school teachers resent the charge as one more against themselves than against the children. There is something in this view of it, but we must sorrowfully acknowledge that thirty years ago no one would have thought of making a charge that today has only too much foundation in fact. General observations are not always convincing therefore we shall proceed to particularize: Some years ago one autumn afternoon two hundred young men or so were proceeding townwards from the school buildings. A young girl was riding a spirited horse in the opposite direction. The animal, frightened by the crowd, became alarmingly restive, when, to the horror of a few older spectators, a large majority of the young men began to shout and catcall to the evident terror of the plucky rider. The horse became almost frantic. The spectators implored the boys to forbear, whereupon the shouting was redoubled and directed at the spectators as well. A more ignoble sight we never witnessed. Again, two of a band of school Hooligans were chosen to do some daring deed, which in this case consisted in the pulling of the whiskers of a well-known and respected citizen. For this the boys were fined. More recently the flower beds in the Victoria Gardens were despoiled of their beautiful show of flowers by some of the same highly civilized class of people. It was alleged that permission had been given by the authorities, but this of course was untrue.

In view of such happenings as these, and of the general opinion of that part of the public which remembers when these things would have been impossible, we are inclined to sympathise with Dr. Hodgins's fear that some part of the school training has been misdirected.

The Boers seem to be willing to agree to peace if Lord Salisbury will take Milner home, stop sending soldiers to South Africa, and put Kruger back in power. They do not manifest any disposition to haggle over a big war indemnity. They need more licking.

• • •

Boston has been having a "spasm" of amateur circus, in which the pink ladies with long stockings, and the men who tie themselves into knots do the thing for fun. It was known as the Barnum and Bailey aggregation, and the side show feature is said to have been a "fake" which would make the professional affair seem like a class in natural philosophy.

• • •

Now we learn that Lord Rosslyn, who invented a system to "break the bank" at Monte Carlo, has retired from the contest, a heavy loser. If people who sit up nights thinking out schemes for beating other gamblers at their own game would devote the same energy and capital to some useful kind of occupation what a useful kind of people they might be.

• • •

Now unhappy France has got it. "Parties de pingue-pongue" are among the social events of the gay capital. The weary-eyed, panting devotees who win renown will no doubt soon give us an international championship contest. Who can tell but even Canada may have the world's greatest ping-pongist now feebly biffing the ball in the retirement of home.

• • •

With the arrival of Prince Henry our friends in the United States will be learning the pronunciation of a handful of German words to keep in the fashion with. French will have a rest.

A Tale of the Quick and the Dead.

AN old friend of Mr. Abell, proprietor of one of the Baltimore papers, asked to have his boy taken into that office and taught the business. He was added to the city staff as a special favor. The city editor sent the youngster out to Druid Hill Cemetery to describe that aristocratic burial place. He was instructed to prepare a list of the distinguished lot owners and to mention all the famous dead who rested under the velvety turf. The reporter was neither experienced nor careful. He went to the office of the cemetery company, and, being allowed access to the books, copied such names as seemed worthy of selection. In writing his notes the young man mixed his lists, gave to the distinguished dead the names of the living lot owners, and made up his list of the distinguished survivors from his catalogue of the dead.

The article was immediately put in type, and appeared the following morning.

When Mr. Abell reached his office that day he found a throng of citizens awaiting him.

"What can I do for you, sir?" he demanded in his brusque manner of the first man in broadcloth who pushed into his private office.

"Do? What haven't you done? I am G. Washington Smith and your paper says that I am buried at Druid Hill. It's shameful, sir; and I demand a correction."

"Does my paper say you are dead?" asked Mr. Abell gravely, looking at his visitor over the top of his glasses.

"It does, and——"

"Well, I want to say to you, Mr. G. Washington Smith, that if my paper says you're dead, you are dead. Good morning; this is no place for ghosts!"

Children's Unconscious Witticisms.

"Terra-cotta is stuff squeezed out of a little insect and used to turn puddings red."

"The zebra is like the horse, only striped, and is chiefly used to illustrate the letter Z." (Also "A donkey with a football jersey on.")

"Faith is that quality which enables us to believe what we know to be untrue."

"Parliament is the place where they go up to in London to talk about Birmingham."

"A Limited Monarchy is a government by a monarchy, who in case of bankruptcy would not be responsible for the entire national debt. In private life you have the same thing with a Limited Liability Company."—Quoted by Dr. Macnamara, M.P., in "New Liberal Review."

Equal to Three.

Public vehicles in Paris are allowed to carry only as many passengers as can find seats. After that number has been admitted no one is allowed to enter. The explanation will serve to introduce an incident reported by a correspondent of the Pittsburg "Dispatch."

A crowd of men and women, each with a numbered ticket, showing the order in which they were to enter the next street car, stood at the Place de l'Etoile station when the down-town car arrived.

Surveying the crowd, the conductor cried out: "Only three places in the car! Who has ticket No. 1?"

With that Mrs. Blank of Chicago, the stoutest woman in the American colony, approached, holding up the ticket called for.

"Step aboard, madam," said the conductor, ringing his go-ahead bell.

"Wait! Wait! I've No. 2!" called a little Frenchman.

"You're too late," replied the conductor. "Every place is taken."

The Vital Question.

He—You are truly the first girl I ever loved. She—That isn't the point. Are you sure I will be the last?

An Old Letter.

A WHOLESALE merchant of Philadelphia, in looking over old papers and records, recently came across an interesting document. It was a letter of instruction sent forty years ago by a merchant in St. Louis to his agent in San Francisco. He thus describes it in the Philadelphia "Times:"

"It related to the disposal of a lot of goods which had been shipped by way of Cape Horn, and although it contained over fifteen thousand words and a copy of a good-sized invoice, it was written on just two sheets of paper.

"The paper itself is a sort of tough, opaque tissue, very thin and light, and when folded the letter slips easily into an envelope three inches wide.

"Why it was gotten up in such a peculiar style is explained by the stamp on the corner, which is one of the old 'pony express' series, embellished with a picture of a man on horseback, spurring at a gallop across the plains.

"I know, of course, that the Pacific mail of that period was carried by relay express riders, but I never before realized what great pains were taken to reduce the weight to the lowest possible point. I am told that the letters were stored in little flat pouches under the flaps of the saddle, and that they were usually written on a specially prepared tissue.

"The one I have described must have occupied an expert clerk several days, for the penmanship, while microscopic, is beautifully executed, and as clear and legible as print.

"The stamp is of the denomination of fifty cents, and, taken altogether, it would be hard to find a more striking reminder of the astonishing progress that has been made in this country in a trifle over one generation.

"Everything about the little brown letter speaks of dangers, difficulties, and rude, primitive conditions. It is difficult to realize that the route it traveled is now the great highway of a thousand rushing trains, bearing the transcontinental commerce of the nation."

In Germany.

A fat man who lived on the Rhine
Was asked: "At what hour do you dine?"
He answered: "Eleven,
Three, four, five, and seven,
Six, eight, and a quarter to nine!"
—"Life."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

"Pleasant Dreams"

Cries the young maid to her mother, as she retires to rest. The mother smiles, but sighs. She knows that the pains that rack her will not stop for darkness, and that if she sleeps her dreams will only be echoes of the sufferings of the day.

Why not sleep soundly and rise refreshed at morning, with strength and courage for the day's duties? Weak, nervous women, sufferers from backache, bearing-down pains, and other womanly ailments, have found a perfect cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals the womanly diseases which cause the pains and nervousness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I deem it my duty to express my heartfelt gratitude for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health," writes Mrs. [illegible], of Springhill, Lee Co., Fla. "For nearly two years I suffered from female weakness so I could not stand on my feet any length of time; could scarcely walk at all. Appetite was much impaired; I had bearing-down sensations; can't express how badly I did feel. Had tried several kinds of medicine which did me little or no good. At last decided to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I had not taken all of two bottles before I saw it was benefiting me, so I continued to take it until I had taken seven bottles, when I felt entirely cured. Did not feel a touch of my old complaint. It has been over a year since I took your medicine, and I can truthfully say that my health has been better for the last year than it had been for four years previously.

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A Scientist's Grim Discovery.

Dr. Casagrandi, in reading a paper before a medical association in Rome stated that he had employed a number of women wearing long skirts to walk for one hour through the streets of the city, and, after the promenade was over, he had taken these skirts and had them submitted to a very careful bacteriologic examination. There were found on every skirt large colonies of noxious germs, including those of typhoid fever, consumption, influenza and tetanus (or lock-jaw). Numerous other bacilli were likewise well represented on each skirt. Dr. Casagrandi maintained that, in view of these facts, women, and especially mothers, should at once discontinue wearing trailing skirts, and other members of the Medical Congress unhesitatingly expressed the same opinion, and passed resolutions to that effect. That women should subject themselves to the filth, to say nothing of the possible dangers of trailing gowns, has long been a wonder to those acquainted with bacteriology. Nevertheless, so long as fashion calls for long skirts, no reform can be expected, for the great majority of women are bound to be in the fashion regardless of any ordinary considerations. There is some encouragement, however, in the fact that many of the younger women of the present wear their golf and bicycle skirts throughout the day, and merely dress for dinner and the evening.

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Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemung Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

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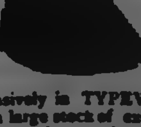

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
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SOUTH AFRICAN MINING SHARES

The following table gives a list of a few of the South African companies, with prices reached during the boom of 1895 and those of recent date :—

	1895.	Jan. 6, 1902.
Anglo-French	£7⅝	£4 1-16
Aurora West	3¾	1¾
Bantjes	7⅝	1 1-16
Barnato Consols	5 11-16	2 11-16
City & Suburban	8	6 11-16
Consol. Gold Fields	19⅝	8⅜
Croesus (new)	3⅝	⅜
Crown Reef	12⅝	16⅝
De Beers	32¾	42¾
Durban Roodepoort	8 15-16	6⅝
East Rands	12⅝	8¾
Ferreira	22	22¾
Goch (new)	3⅝	3 1-16
Geldenhuis Estate	7⅝	7⅜
Glencairn	4⅝	2 5-16
Hendersons	5¾	1 7-16
Herriott	12⅝	7
Johnies	6⅝	2 13-16
Jubilee	12 1-8	6⅝
Jumpers	8⅝	5⅝
Kleinfontein (new)	6¾	2¾
Kimberly Roodeport	4¾	1¾
Knights	11¾	8 3-16
Langlaagte "B"	3 3-16	1 5-16
Langlaagte Estate	7¾	4⅜
Luipaard's Vlei (new)	2⅝	1⅝
Meyer & Charlton	8¾	6 1-16
Modderfontein	17⅝	13 5-16
Mozambique	3 1-16	1 11-16
Nigel	8 7-16	3 5-16
New Rietfontein	6¾	2 3-16
Primrose (new)	8 5-16	4 15-16
Randfontein	4⅝	3 5-16
Randfontein Porges	3⅜	2⅝
" Robinson	2 7-16	1 9-16
Roodepoort United	8 1-8	3⅝
S. A. Gold Trust	12 13-16	7 5-16
Sheba	2⅝	1 5-16
Sumner & Jack	8¾	7⅝
Transvaal Devils	2⅝	1⅝
Transvaal Gold	8¾	2 11-16
Van Ryn	11	3¾
Vogelstruis	6⅝	1¾
Wolhuter	12	5⅝
Worcester	6	3

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State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was troubled by [illegible] Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in 18[illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May 16, 18[illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above trouble, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured. Aug. 1, 18[illegible]. J. HARRIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. 18[illegible]. JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough.

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's wall.

A Fox's Revenge.

A gentleman out shooting one day came to a river, where he saw six geese beyond shot. He determined to wait for them to approach the shore. While sitting there he saw a fox come down to the shore and stand some time and observe the geese. At length he turned and went into the woods and came out with a very large bunch of moss in his mouth. He then entered the water very silently, sank himself, and then, keeping the moss above the water, himself concealed, he floated among the geese. Suddenly one of them was drawn under the water, and the fox soon appeared on the shore with the goose on his back. He ascended the bank, and found a hole made by the tearing up of a tree. This hole he cleared, placed in it the goose, and covered it with great care, strewing leaves over it. The fox then left; and while he was away the hunter unburied the goose, closed the hole and resolved to wait the issue. In about an hour the fox returned with another fox in company. They went directly to the place where the goose had been buried, and threw out the earth. The goose could not be found. They stood regarding each other for some time, when suddenly the second fox attacked the other most furiously, as if offended by the trick of his friend. During the battle the hunter shot them both.

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First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll git licked for stayin' so late. If we stay till eight we'll git hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where had you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,250 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

Mining For Rubies.

ONE advantage gained by the victory of the British over King Thebaw of Burmah some years ago, was the acquisition of the famous ruby mines, from which had come the finest "pigeon-blood" stones in the world, and it was expected that an immense treasure of these gems would be found in the royal palace. But, although in the looting of the monarch's hastily-abandoned residence, jars filled with rubies were discovered, nearly all of them were of little value, being flawed and in other respects poor specimens.

It was a great disappointment. Nevertheless, confidence in the resources of the mines was unshaken, and capitalists in England were so eager to buy shares in a company organized to exploit the ruby fields that the police were obliged to defend, with drawn clubs, the officers of the concern against a swarm of half-crazed would-be investors.

Shares in the enterprise were boomed to astonishing figures, but tumbled alarmingly when news began to leak out that the ruby craze was likely to prove a bubble. Mining had been begun on an extensive scale, but somehow the gems did not materialize, and it looked as though the fields were much less valuable than had been supposed, or as if the deposits had been exhausted. After some years investors made up their minds that their money was as good as lost. Hence the great and delightful surprise conveyed by the recent intelligence that the mines have begun to pay dividends.

Experience has taught improved methods of mining, and an electrical power plant has been set up by the company for washing the ruby-bearing earth, called "byon." This byon is widely distributed throughout the Mogok Valley. Natives have worked the upper crust of it for centuries, says the "Saturday Evening Post," and the idea now in view is to get at the lower levels and dig down to bed-rock, where, because of their weight, the largest crystals are likely to be found. A fine stone of twenty-eight carats was picked up recently, and its value may be imagined from the fact that a ruby of one carat is worth four times as much as a diamond of the same size.

The British company (as reported by Mr. G. F. Kunz to the Geological Survey) is now producing fully one-half of the world's yield of rubies, and its leases are said to include practically all of the ruby-bearing territory of Burmah.

Protection of Words.

IN the November "Era" William S. Walsh pleads for much-abused words and phrases:

"In these days when everybody is writing and everybody seems to succeed, would it not be well to start a Society for the Protection of Words and Phrases? Many of these are so brutally overworked by the amateur! The winged words, the words that burn, the thoughts that breathe, the telling phrases, do they not clamor loudly for a rest? That very sentence affords an illuminating example of what I mean. How apt, how vivid, how expressive it would be if all its epithets had not lost their vitality through overwork. To the sated reader the whole sentence is but the echo of an echo, it not merely means nothing, but it is robbed even of its sound and fury. The greenhorn who complained of Hamlet that it was too full of quotations unconsciously expressed a great fact through the medium of a bull. In a wrongheaded way he pointed out that constant reiteration has reduced the grandest passages in the language to mere commonplaces. Give our familiar quotations a rest. Lay to sleep our household words. Let fortune for a while cease to favor the brave. Let us feign that the poet is made. Let a man who would steal another's thunder be arrested for felony. Let us win no more golden opinions. Let the favored few withdraw to some select seclusion, and the countless thousands to some dry-eyed privacy. Thus may nouns, adjectives and phrases, after a long rest, reawaken with the freshness of the morning upon them, their original meanings recreated, energetic, effective, brilliant, as on the day when they were first conceived and brought forth."

A Dream Story.

From time to time I have been so interested and amused by reading in the "Spectator" accounts of vivid and realistic dreams that I feel tempted to narrate one that happened to me, leaving it to your judgment as to whether it is worthy of notice in your paper. In November, 1898, I awoke one morning fully impressed with the idea that I was receiving as a gift an unusually large gypsy ring, set with a single sapphire with a brilliant on each side. The dream was a pleasant one to the female mind, and I soon fell asleep again, but only to awake with a still stronger impression that the jewel was actually in my hands. So curious were my sensations that on my maid entering my room at 8 o'clock I told her of the two dreams, most minutely describing the ring, and I also asked my husband to bear witness to the statement should anything follow to confirm the dream. Two hours later the postman arrived, and so great was my excitement and astonishment at seeing a small, neatly done up packet (evidently a ring case) that I dare scarcely open it, and decided to ask my maid to do so. Before breaking the seal I asked her to repeat the description of the ring that I had previously given her, and then the little packet was opened, and the joyful exclamation followed: "Why, my lady, here it is!" The ring was sent to me by a friend in memory of his wife, who had died some months before; but I had absolutely no idea that I should be the recipient of any souvenir of her, nor did I ever see her wearing the ring in question. The same maid is still in my service, and can (as well as Sir Anthony) substantiate my story.—Letter in the London "Spectator."

Stevenson's Grave.

A visit to the grave of R. L. Stevenson would disappoint many people. While some time back visits to this famous hill were most frequent, the limit must now be six persons yearly. And no wonder! The place is quite overgrown with weeds, and perhaps will some day be hard to discover.—New Zealand "Times."

Curious Bits of News.

That the German authorities in Samoa are determined to thoroughly Germanise that country is shown by the fact that the English missionaries in the islands have now been ordered to instruct their pupils and adherents in the Teuton tongue. American and Chilian dollars, as well as British coins, are also to make way for German money, and apparently Samoa will presently become as purely a German colony as New Caledonia is French.

"The latest in 'yells,'" says the Kansas City "Journal," "is that of the convicts on their way from the jail in the county in which they were sentenced to the penitentiary. A gang of fifteen of them from Buchanan County, the sheriff's 'guests' on a special car, gave vent to this yell at each railway station they passed between St. Joseph and Jefferson City a few days ago: 'Two years—five years—we will stay; didn't like St. Joe anyway!'"

The subject of a tunnel connecting Ireland and Scotland has been brought before the British Government, and the project will be pushed if the requisite financial support can be obtained. The estimated cost is $50,000,000. The route provisionally selected is from Stranraer in Scotland to Belfast in Ireland. The total distance is 51 1-2 miles, of which 34 1-2 miles would be tunnel, and 25 miles of the tunnel would be under the sea, along a line where the maximum depth is 480 feet. Electric motors would be used to drive the trains at an average speed of 60 to 70 miles per hour.

Susie E. Jenkins, twenty years old, of Philadelphia, says; "I have seen nearly all the funny shows that have come to Philadelphia in recent years, and not one of them could make me laugh. My mother has often tried to make me laugh by tickling me, but even that won't work. Ever since I can remember people have been telling me funny stories and cutting up all sorts of capers in the hope that I could be induced to smile; but all their efforts have been in vain. No; I have never consulted a doctor about it, for I have always enjoyed perfect health. I want to exhibit myself in public, and offer a prize to anyone who can make me laugh. It must be a queer sensation."

It has been recently asserted that mosquitoes are strongly attracted by certain sounds. This is confirmed by Sir Hiram Maxim, who in a letter to the London "Times" states that one of the electric lamps which he put up at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., in 1878, emitted a musical note; or rather the note proceeded from the box containing the dynamo-machine under the lamp. "One evening while examining the lamp he found that everything in the immediate vicinity was covered with small insects. They did not appear to be attempting to get into the globe, but into the box that was giving out the musical note. A close examination of these insects showed that they were all male mosquitoes. Although there were certainly two hundred times as many female mosquitoes on the ground as males, not a single female mosquito was found to have been attracted in the least by the sound."

An Uncollected Poem by Whittier.

There are hundreds of Whittier's early poems which were never placed by him in any collection of his works. They are to be found in the papers he edited and to which he contributed in the days before he consecrated all his powers to humanitarian work. They gave him a measure of literary reputation which must have gratified him at the time; but when he was baptised into the new spirit which informed all his later work he took pains to prevent the collection of the verses written in the vein of an outgrown ambition. His wish in this matter should be respected. And yet, while studying his early work, I find some poems which I fancy he would have preserved if they had not been overlooked when making his selections, writes S. T. Packard in the New York "Independent." Among these is this paraphrase from the German, which I find in "The Liberator" of August 10, 1833:

LINES FROM THE GERMAN OF LAMITER.

Thought after thought ye thronging rise,
Like spring doves from the startled wood,
Bearing like them your sacrifice
Of music unto God!
And shall these thoughts of joy and love
Come back again no more to me—
Returning like the patriarch's dove,
Wing-weary from the eternal sea—
To bear within my longing arms
The promise-bough of kindlier skies,
Plucked from the green immortal palms
Which shade the bowers of Paradise?

Child of the sea, the mountain stream
From its dark cavern hurries on,
Ceaseless by night and morning's beam,
By evening's star and noontide's sun—
Until at last it sinks to rest
O'erwearied in the waiting sea,
And moans upon its mother's breast—
So turns my soul to Thee.

Breaking it Gently.

"What do you want, little boy?"

"Is this where Mr. Upjohn lives, ma'am?"

"Yes."

"The Mr. Upjohn that runs the bank?"

"He is an officer in the bank."

"The Mr. Upjohn that went down town on a trolley car this morning?"

"I presume he went on a trolley car. What——"

"Is he the Mr. Upjohn that was in that horrible street car accident?"

"I haven't heard of his being in any street car accident."

"Didn't you hear 'at h'd sprained his ankle jumpin' out o' the car when the train run into it?"

"No, my little boy, you frighten me. What has——"

"Didn't you hear how he run into a drug store for a piece o' court-plaster to stick on a little cut he'd got over the eye?"

"Not at all. For mercy's sake—"

"He isn't in, is he, ma'am?"

"No, he's—"

"Name's John U. Upjohn, isn't it?"

"Yes, that's his name."

"Then he's the same man. He won't be here for an hour or two, I guess, 'cause he's stoppin' to have one of his teeth tightened that got knocked a little bit loose when he was jumpin' out o' danger, y' know."

"Little boy, tell me the whole story. I think I can bear it now."

"Well, ma'am, he's in the hospittle with four ribs broke an' one leg's in a sling an' his nose is knocked kind o' sideways, but he's getting along all right, an' he'll be out again in about a month, an' here's a letter f'm the doctor tellin' ye all about it, ma'am."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Tit-Bits."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

Luigi Sarreno, a journalist of Rome, in order to get up a story on the Pope's daily life, recently secured employment in the Vatican as a gardener.

Petrified tropic[illegible] have been found in coal from [illegible], the island group in the A[illegible], midway between Greenland [illegible] Nova Zembia.

A writer in "Blackwood's Magazine" mentions as an incident of life in Labrador the burial of a live pet in a barrel under the November snow. The owner of the animal (a black bear, by the way) dug up the barrel twice during the winter, but did not awaken the occupant, who was permitted to sleep on till May.

Edward Beaupre of the Territory of Assiniboia, Canada, claims to be the tallest man in the world. His exact height is seven feet, ten and three-fourths inches, and he is still growing, and expects to reach the eight-foot mark. He is twenty years old, wears a number twenty-one shoe and a number twenty-one collar.

A Chinese manuscript lately discovered in the Paris library proves the startling fact that anaesthetics were used in China seventeen hundred years ago. A certain concoction, it states, was given by the doctors before performing an operation, which rendered the patient unconscious. The anaesthetic was a simple preparation of hemp.

The translation of the Bible from ancient to modern Greek, against which students in the Grecian capital have been rioting, and coming into fatal conflicts with troops, was ordered by Queen Olga, because she found so many Greeks could not read the language of their classic ancestors. The students oppose the translation on the ground that it would be desecration to put the Bible into Greek as it is now spoken.

Four hundred and ten thousand immigrants landed on the shores of the United States last year. Many of them were Christians, many others were not. The majority even of those who were had no copy of the Bible. In the hands of each, as he set foot upon the soil of his new home, the New York Bible Society placed a copy of the Scriptures. Twenty-one different languages were represented, the largest number being in German, the next largest in Swedish.

Because a beautiful young white woman, the heroine in Sir Walter Besant's serial story, "No Other Way," is forced to marry a negro criminal, the "Sunny South," one of the leading literary weeklies of the South, has announced the discontinuance of the publication of the story. The "Sunny South" declares the story passes the dead-line of Southern sentiment. It appears that the novel was selected after a synopsis had been submitted, and not until the fourth instalment were the objectionable features discovered. The editors declare the plot of the story to be "an obsession, the result of mental indigestion, from which we shall endeavor to save our readers."

Hang Trouble on a Chair.

"LAUGH and grow fat" is a saying as old as the hills. It has long been an accepted fact that humor is a promoter of digestion and merry words the deadliest foes of disease. A doctor named Kennedy writes an interesting article on the value of laughter, in which he shows it is not only a remedial agent, but is also a valuable preventive against a host of diseases. The physical effects of laughter are thus put down by Dr. Kennedy: Laughter increases the blood circulation. It enlarges the heart. It expands the lungs. It jiggers the diaphragm. It promotes the circulation of the spleen. In other words, laughter stirs up the vital regions of the body, gives them healthful exercise, and produces a mental exhilaration which acts upon the system much as a brisk walk in a crisp atmosphere does upon the appetite. As strong allies to laughter, Dr. Kennedy gives the following directions for mental peace of mind: Beware of theologians who have no sense of mirth; they are not altogether human. Keep your chin up. Don't take your troubles to bed with you; hang them on a chair with your trousers or drop them in a glass of water with your teeth.

Society Slang.

IT is rather amusing to watch the changes in society slang; for the "best" society has its own special vulgarities, which change from decade to decade—even from year to year. Lady Blessington, if she were reincarnated and suddenly projected into a woman's afternoon chatter at a smart club, would think she had missed her country, observes an English exchange. A few years ago it was the mode to scatter Gallicisms freely into conversation. [illegible] the French craze has passed, [illegible] even such an old servant as "chic" [illegible] never heard, and rarely seen but [illegible] the fashion articles. Today's sla[ng] —in the "best" circles of England—[i]s probably reached the lowest depths of fatuous vulgarity. Its keynote is abbreviation. What are "undies?" Well, they are the things that a woman puts on first in the morning and takes off last at night, when she gets into her "nighties." "Tissy-wissy" is another favorite Masonic word among those in the social know. It corresponds to the 'bus conductor's "little bit of all-right." And if you want to go a step further in compliment, you may describe your new frock—if you are a woman in the "best" set—as "quite too deevie for words." We hope Dr. Murray has a contributor on the pounce for these words in Mayfair. He has missed "deevie" from the New English Dictionary, but he is in time for "tissy-wissy," to say nothing—as, of course, nothing should be said—of "undies."

Surgeon (after the operation)—I am glad to be able to assure you, Mrs. Tyte-Phist, that the danger is now over and your husband will recover. We have successfully removed the appendix vermiformis, and it is of such a unique formation that I shall preserve it for use in my medical lectures. Mr. Tyte-Phist (opening his eyes)—You'll allow me something for it, I suppose, doctor?—Ex.

"How did it happen?" "Oh, I got into a game where the limit was the ceiling—and somebody took off the ceiling."

Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 35."

A Serious Man's Thoughts on Winter.

AT the moment of writing it is only fair to say that King Frost has not yet got us in his icy grip. But as it is not unusual to expect something of the sort at this season of the year, we may very well stand up and look at the prospect of sport which any seasonable weather of the kind may bring us. There is sliding for instance. If you don't happen to possess a pair of skates, or to own a friend who will lend you a pair, Nature is determined that you shall not lose all chance of risking your neck, just because you are lacking the usual outfit.

Of course for really superior slides you ought to put a little water down overnight; but as you have probably grown out of little frivolities of that sort, you can confidently rely on your next door neighbor's little boy doing what is necessary in the matter. Doubtless you will not leave your house in the morning with any idea of becoming actively engaged as a display slider. It is not until you find one of your feet slowly but surely creeping upwards to the sky, as the song says, that it will occur to you to throw up your hands and drop into the conventional attitude as a measure of self-protection. You will probably be encouraged in this course by noticing that a small but enthusiastic knot of bystanders is endeavoring to raise a cheer for your benefit. The next moment the programme comes off with a loud bang and you scramble to your feet, and address yourself loudly to nobody in particular in a way that makes the thoughtful observer trustfully hope that the recording angel wasn't looking your way at the moment.

It is commonly understood that the gentler sex are denied the relief that is afforded to mere man by the possession of an elastic vocabulary. But a casual slide that is spread out on the pavement is perfectly catholic in its tastes, and is open to receive all comers. The slide makes no invidious distinctions as to age or sex. Anybody with a limb to break is warmly welcome. It seems a little hard, however, that when an accident of this kind does take place by the unexpected co-operation of a member of the fair sex, the unhappy victim is almost invariably a lady who should be old enough to know better. The young and flighty damsels who could fall on an extemporaneous slide and make quite an elaborate and picturesque display of the business, are usually most successful in avoiding accidents of the kind; while, on the other hand, elderly ladies will practically make a bee-line for the trouble and then shower a liberal perspective of knitted wool and red flannel on the unsympathetic spectator.

The part that snow plays in our lives varies according to circumstances. As the poet said, distance lends enchantment to the view. And when you are looking at the snow-clad landscape over the top of something cheerful and hot in a large glass, there is doubtless a good deal to be said for the poetic side of beautiful snow. At the same time, I am not one who believes in coddling when the snow is on the ground. I am glad to say I can enjoy as well as anyone a brisk walk along the open country when the snow is lying thickly around; and I think there are few moments when one feels more keenly than at such times what a glorious lark it is to be alive. The tingling of the blood as it comes through the veins, imparting a healthy glow to the cheek, and all the rest of the details, as per patent medicine advertisement, are all benefits of the snow that I keenly recognize and cordially appreciate. But what does me all up, so to speak, is to have a small boy come up behind and sock me unawares in the neck with a half-melted snowball.

Of course, we are all young, and, after all, we can afford to laugh at trouble of that kind. Usually, if I am out in a fair-to-medium suit of clothes, and I find that snowballing is in the air, I endeavor to make for cover. But if the worst comes to the worst, and I find that my hat has been knocked off and my clothes are more or less blobbed with melting patches of snow, I consider I have lost all the dignity I set out with, and that I may as well start throwing back. I have a sort of feeling that, since I am no longer respectable, I may as well go the whole hog and have my fling with the crowd. I always look forward with some dread to the winter in the distant future when I may have become too old, or as the East End damsel said, "too much of a bloomin' lydy," to throw back. It seems to me that it is very cruel to snowball an old fellow who can only dance around and squirm and call on high Heaven for help; and I have no doubt that it is precisely this aspect of the case that makes it so deliriously enjoyable to the average boy on the snowballing lay. Indeed, to regard the matter from a sportive standpoint, the boy may consider that the old gentleman is in the same boat as the hunted fox, who is said to enjoy the hunt as much as anybody.

A Queer Lawsuit.

The other day Mrs. Norma Adams and Samuel Gardner, who live on adjoining farms, began suit to determine the ownership of a brood of fourteen turkeys, says the San Francisco "Argonaut." The brood, headed by two old hens, a white and a bronze, had been running the fields of both farms all summer. Mrs. Adams owned the bronze hen and Mr. Gardner the white. Each claimed that their respective hen was the mother of the brood. One of the witnesses before the justice testified that he had once turned a dog upon the straggling band of turkeys. At the approach of the dog the young birds flew into a tree, the bronze hen ran into the woods, while the white hen stood under the tree and gave battle to the dog, which she repulsed, then called the brood to her, and they marched off. After hearing this witness, the justice decided that the white hen was the mother of the brood, and gave the turkeys to Gardner.

Rebuttal Evidence.

"There, my dear," said the returned hunter, "there's one bird for you, anyway. Bagged him just as I was about to give up in disgust." "Oh, George!" she exclaimed, "it's a carrier-pigeon, isn't it?" "Not much! It's a quail." "But it has a card tied to its leg, with some message on it. Let's see. It says: 'John Jones, Poultry and Game, Central Market.'"—Philadelphia "Press."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

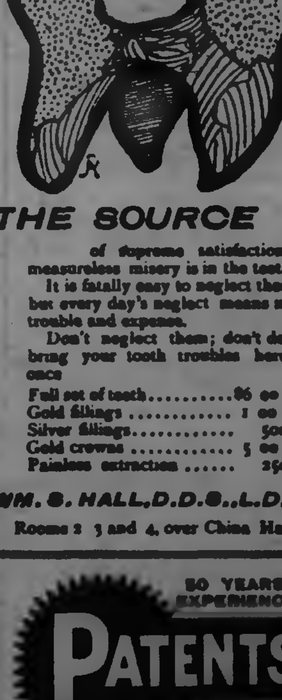
Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

BOVRIL
"Alas! my poor Brother"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble, and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.



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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings............ 1 00
Silver fillings............ 50c
Gold crowns............ 5 00
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Phone 376 Near Postoffice

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best [illegible] Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs $1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs 1.00
Best [illegible] Japan Tea, 3 lbs 1.00
Best [illegible] Tea, [illegible]; 4 lbs 1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain [illegible], 5 lbs 1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] - [illegible] George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 11, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the editor, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The merchants report business very quiet.

—A large rotary snow-plow passed through town early yesterday morning on the C. P. R.

—Six additional carloads of machinery arrived yesterday for the Cordage Company.

—The Girls' Guild of St. John's church will give an entertainment and oyster supper to-night.

—A number of fresh cases of diptheria and scarlet fever in town, have been reported to the health authorities.

—The Girls' Guild of All Saints' church are giving a social evening to-night when a pleasant evening's entertainment is promised.

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—The carnival to be held on Friday night is very much talked of, and promises to be very successful. The band will be in attendance.

—There should be something done to improve the condition on George st. The pitch holes are very deep and dangerous.

—The Orange Grand Lodge will be held this year at Smith's Falls. It is expected over 300 delegates will be present, and the session will continue three days.

—Men in the shanties this winter are being paid as high as $26.00 per month, which with board is nearly $9 per week.

—Diphtheria is reported, in many places throughout the province, but in Peterborough, we are pleased to say, the disease is on the decrease.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 156 Hunter Street west.

—No matter what you pay a certain paper for advertising, if it brings a fair profit it is cheap. The best and the highest priced is often by far the cheapest. Always advertise in The Times.

—The series of revival meetings by Staff-Capt. Manton and Brig. Pugmire, at the Salvation Army barracks, were brought to a close last evening. The services have been well attended and fruitful of results.

—His Worship Mayor Dumas and Town Treasurer Brownscombe have made a start on their name-signing contract. They expect to have it completed in the course of a week.

—The members of the fire brigade will be entertained to a supper to-night by Mr. Harry Long, in recognition of their excellent work in saving his store from total destruction at the same time as the Crystal Block fire, early on the morning of Jan. 21st.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

A LAST ALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. R. P. Gough, of Toronto, is in town on business.

—Rev. S. J. Shorey spent a few hours in town yesterday.

—Mr. Dick Cavanagh is recovering from his recent severe illness.

—Mr. F. H. Kilbourne, of Lakefield, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mr. A. E. Tudhope, of Orillia, was in town yesterday, on business.

—Mr. R. H. Bradburn has been indisposed for the past few days.

—Mr. Roy Armstrong has entered the local branch of the Ontario Bank.

—Miss Thompson, of Toronto, is the guest of Miss Laura Davidson, Dickson street.

—Alderman Stewart, of Toronto, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Mr Michael Tooley.

—Miss McCabe, of the staff of the Peterborough Music Co., is confined to her home through illness.

—Mr. A. C. Walton, son of Mr. Robert Walton, left for Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. T. M. D. Croly leaves for New York this morning, where he will undergo an operation.

—Mr. R. C. Floyd, representing the Caledonia Concert Co., Toronto, is in town making arrangements for the appearance of the company in Peterborough at an early date.

DIED

HAMILTON.—In Douro, on Sunday, Feb. 9th, Agnes Jane, eldest daughter of the late David Hamilton.

Central Charity Board.

The Central Charity Board met in the Town Clerk's Office last evening at 7.30. Those present were Mr. Robt. Innes chairman, Rev. Father McColl and Messrs. Fowler, Miller, Yelland, Halten Kemp, Rush, Aldridge and Buller.

After discussing regular business the election of officers for the present year took place and resulted as follows:

Chairman,—Robt Innes.
Vice-Pres.—J J McBain.
Treas.,—Wm Yelland.
Sec'y,—S R Armstrong.

The board adjourned.

How to Get Up an Appetite

Distaste for food often follows Grippe, and fevers, and is associated with a general weakness of the system. To impart a real zest for food and give power to the stomach to digest and assimilate, no remedy can equal Ferrozone. This is a new and startling discovery. It strikes at the root of disease and by removing the cause, cures quickly and permanently. Ferrozone will quickly enable you to eat and digest anything. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, can tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone, how it cures and why it cures. Call to-day and see him.

The Water Commissioners

The Water Commissioners met yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. Plans for the working of the system were discussed at some length. The question of by-laws was taken up and some were drafted. These will be further discussed at the next meeting. The selling of debentures will be proceeded with in a few days as soon as the debenture certificates etc., have been signed.

Last Night's Concert

The patrons of the Convent of Notre Dame were entertained in a most pleasing and enjoyable manner last night in the Convent Hall, by the pupils to an excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music, recitations and tableaux. The hall was well filled by a large and most appreciative audience. The concert will be continued to-night The proceeds are to go toward defraying the cost of lighting the Convent with electric light.

A Big Quarter's Worth

is always found in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, the best household liniment known. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, headache, sick-stomach, in fact is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. Mothers find it the safest thing to rub on their children for sore throat, cold on the chest, sprains and bruises. Never be without Polson's Nerviline. It will cure the pains and aches of the entire family and relieve a vast amount of suffering every year.

Meeting Postponed

The meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A., has been postponed until Thursday afternoon, Feb. 13th, at 3.30. All members and others interested in the work, are cordially invited to be present. Mrs. J. C. Brown, the delegate to the convention, will present her report at this meeting.

One of Mr. Snowden's Jokes

One day Mr. Snowden, while at Gold Lake hunting for deer, took his gun and strolled off on a still hunt, all by himself. He was fortunate enough to kill a wild goose, which was prepared for the table next day. After dinner, he remarked, with a merry twinkle in his eye: "When we sat down, boys, you noticed a goose stuffed with sage. Now you may observe a sage stuffed with goose."

Using Your Spare Moments to Advantage in the Making of Pretty Mats and Rugs

At this season of the year thousands of women are delightfully employed in the hooking of pretty mats and rugs for the ornamentation of the living rooms. For this pleasant work the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are the best and most satisfactory. These popular patterns are richly colored on the best quality of Scotch Hessian imported specially for this work. If your dealer cannot show you these Mat and Rug Patterns ready for working, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive free of cost a full range of designs with sizes and prices.

A VERY SUDDEN DEATH.

MISS CELIA SANDERSON EXPIRED SUDDENLY

After Leaving Work—Had Proceeded Only a Short Distance When She Fell on the Sidewalk.

Miss Celia Sanderson, an employee of the Electric Works, and whose parents live in the country, met death in a very sudden and altogether unexpected manner last evening a few minutes after six o'clock. Miss Sanderson and a companion had proceeded but a short distance from the Electric Works, when without warning she fell to the sidewalk. Her companion called for help which soon arrived, and the girl was carefully lifted and carried to a store, which was only a short distance off. Medical help was immediately called and everything was done that could be thought of. In a few minutes Dr. Young arrived but life was extinct. After careful inquiry he pronounced heart failure as the cause of her death.

Miss Sanderson boarded with her sister, Mrs. J. Leiter, on Stewart street, and was well known among a very large circle of friends. Her bright and cheerful disposition made her a favorite with all who knew her. Some time ago she graduated from the Peterborough Business College, where she had taken a very successful course. The news of the terribly sudden and unexpected death will be a painful shock to her many friends. The arrangements for the funeral were not completed up to a late hour last night.

Hotel Changes Hands

The firm of Moon & Conroy, who managed the National Hotel for some time past, has been dissolved, Mr. Moon retiring. The hotel will now be under the management of Mr. John Conroy, whose wide experience and popularity speak well for the future success of the hotel. Mr. Moon has not decided as yet, whether he will continue to reside in town or not.

COASTING ON SIDEWALKS

A Dangerous Practice Indulged in by Many of the Children in Town

Some years ago the council passed a by-law, forbidding children to coast down the sidewalks in town. Recently this forbidden custom has been revived by the children, and is indulged in every day in the week on the different hills in town. A few days ago the scholars were leaving the Collegiate Institute at noon, and a daring, reckless little fellow was coming down the Murray street sidewalk on a handsleigh, and, without any warning crashed into a young girl and knocked her down, severely bruising her limbs. This dangerous sport should be stopped. Nearly every day people are obliged to wade into the deep snow to avoid meeting a sleigh. What is pleasure for some, is often very dangerous for others, and the parents of the children or the authorities should put a stop to this.

Paine's Celery Compound Brings Gladness and Joy to Homes Where Sickness Prevails.

IT HAS A MARVELLOUS RECORD AS A LIFE SAVER

Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well. It is the one true specific recognized and prescribed to-day by our best physicians for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system. Professor Phelps, M.D., the discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound, gave his wonderful prescription to his profession as a positive cure for wasting strength, nervous debility, sleeplessness, liver complaint, kidney disease, rheumatism and neuralgia, and the marvellous medicine has saved tens of thousands from death.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only true nerve and tissue builder; it quickly fortifies the weak parts of the body and promotes the healthy activity of the organs that make the blood and keep it pure. Let us urge you to test the power and virtues of one bottle; it cannot disappoint you; it has cured others suffering as you now suffer, and will most assuredly do the same for you.

Mr. J. Ralston, Nixon, Ont., testifies as follows: "It gives me great pleasure to add my testimony to the ever-increasing popularity of your preparation known as Paine's Celery Compound. It is now a year past since I had a severe attack of nervous prostration caused by chronic dyspepsia, and for a year I could not sleep at night. This condition of sleeplessness brought on delirium. I was attended by four of the best doctors of the country, and took a great quantity of medicine, but all failed to do me any good. I then decided to try your Paine's Celery Compound. After I had used four bottles the nervousness and dyspepsia left me, and I have done more work since than for years past. I now enjoy excellent health and consider myself completely cured. I have highly recommended your Paine's Celery Compound to others.

What He Wants to Know

In reply to a request of a subscriber, the following information is given in regards to the Trent Valley Canal: This waterway of 200 miles in length can be completed for $3,500,000. When complete it will give continuous barge navigation of 800 tons burden—and of twice the capacity of the Erie Canal—from Montreal to Sault Ste. Marie. It will shorten the distance between all the great western lake ports and Liverpool by 727 miles. It is capable of being operated during a season of seven months in a year and of transporting two hundred million bushels of grain per annum. By means of the numerous lakes and rivers which it utilizes and intersects, it will give a shore line of 1000 miles and lay under tribute six million acres of agricultural forest and mineral lands capable of yielding from 60 to 100 tons of freight per acre. It will utilize the finest continual system of water powers on the globe. 140 miles of this waterway is now completed, but bottled up at both ends, yet it is giving employment for internal commerce and tourist travel to 50 steamboats, besides numerous smaller craft.

ST. LUKE'S ENTERTAINMENT

Last Night Proved to be a Most Enjoyable and Successful Affair

The entertainment at St. Luke's last night, under the auspices of the Girls' Guild was a most enjoyable and successful affair. In the absence of Rev. Mr. Langfeldt, the chair was taken by Mr. E. A. Peck, who performed the duties in a most pleasing manner. The different parts of the program were introduced in a few well chosen and appropriate words.

The first number on the program was a duet by Miss E. Burnham and Miss K. Calcutt, which was admirably rendered, and was heartily applauded. Miss Nellie Davies rendered a solo in a most pleasing voice, and received a very hearty applause.

A dialogue, entitled, "The Old Maids' Convention," was presented by twenty young ladies, attired in old maids' costumes of a very ancient style. The platform was specially arranged for the piece, and mottoes of a very appropriate nature were hung on the walls. The reading of the President's and Treasurer's address, threw the audience into fits of laughter. After these were concluded, the "Old Maids" held an open meeting, and discussed the question of matrimony. While some were in favor of it, others held up their hands in horror, and denounced such a proceeding. At this stage of the proceedings, Prof. Pinkerton appeared on the scene with an electrical apparatus he called a transformer, and told the old maids that he could transform them into anything they wished to be. Some wanted to be singers, and one old maid thought if she could be transformed into a man she would be all right. They were put through a process of transformation, and all apparently got their wishes except the one who wanted to be a man. During the dialogue the audience could hardly restrain themselves.

The last dialogue was "The Dairy Maids' Drill," by twelve girls, all attired as dairy maids. The acting was very prettily done, and they received very warm applause.

Before closing, Rev. Mr. Langfeldt addressed the audience, and thanked them for the splendid attendance, and hoped they had enjoyed the evening. The entertainment closed with singing "God Save the King."

The Sunday school room, in which the entertainment was held, was packed to the doors, and many who could not gain admittance were turned away.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

Grant to Volunteers

Editor Morning Times.

Dear Sir, — Allow me to inquire, through the columns of your paper, if the Town Council propose to make any grant to the volunteers who left here with the second draft of men for the third Canadian contingent. It is now some time since the men left here and I have not heard of the Council giving them any grant. The men of the second contingent and the men of the first detachment of the third contingent received their grants and I think it is only right that the others receive a similar amount. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your space, I remain,

FAIR PLAY.

Piles cured in 3 to 6 nights.—One application gives relief. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a boon for Itching Piles, or Blind, Bleeding Piles. It relieves quickly and permanently. In skin eruptions it stands without a rival. Thousands of testimonials if you want evidence. 35 cents.—63 Sold by H. H. Edmison.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Everybody Says why does not God kill the Devil, get the booklet, sent you 6c. Dominion Novelty Co. Hamilton, Ont.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.................. coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS' One-Way EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

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The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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GEO. A. COCKBURN,
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Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will—be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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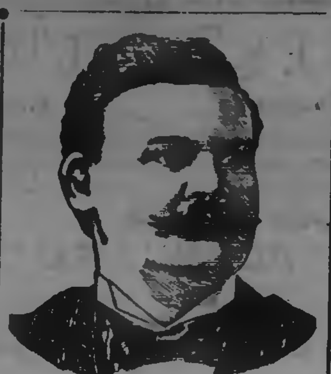
VOL. 23 NO. 36 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 12 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

COL BOURKE AFFIRMS IT MEANS REVOLUTION

The United Irish League Propose to Inaugurate War on Britain

Ireland May be on the Brink of a Bloody Period

A Reign of Terror Exists from one End of the Island to the Other



Dublin, Feb.12—That affairs have reached a serious crisis, few who know the situation in Ireland will deny. In many places a reign of terror exists, and hundreds of tenants, who are willing and able to pay their rent, are afraid to do so. The Freeman's Gazette boasts that England is rapidly becoming a second rate power, and will soon go to pieces.

Lord Salisbury has been often criticised for his pessimism in regard to Irish affairs. He has been charged with over-rating the forces which make for disturbance, yet coincidently with his notable speech at the Junior Constitutional Club on Wednesday last came news of a political victory in the county Down which is regarded as highly significant of trouble ahead in Ireland which will try the best statesmanship. The Premier, after expressing the confidence which is felt in the future of the Empire, and the efforts for its security, referred to "the existence of a hostile feeling in Ireland," as a signal that these efforts must not be relaxed. "The maintainence of our position in Ireland" Lord Salisbury said, "is the most vital object, the Empire has." Again, he said, "The feelings of hostility which had been expressed were more uncompromising than any expressions which had ever issued from the lips of Parnell or O'Connell."

Lord Salisbury had in mind the violent aspiration for a separate form of Government for Ireland when he spoke of the power to accumulate arms and ammunition as constituting a menace as serious as that of the Boers. But the result of the election in Down on the same day is held as giving an impetus to the agitation for land reform which means an immeasurable increase of present difficulty. In place of Dr. Rentoul, a Conservative, recently appointed to the Bench, Jas. Wood, land purchase candidate, was elected over the Unionist by 147 majority. The despatch says this is the first fruits of T. W. Russell's compulsory land purchase campaign against the Government, and that a great demonstration in Dublin followed the announcement. It is certainly a striking example of the headway which Mr. Russell, himself a Unionist, has made in expressing this scheme upon his fellow-countrymen.

His position is that the Land Commission appointed under former acts does not possess public confidence. It is denounced by the landlords, who declare they are being robbed by unwarrantable reduction in rents, and that the men employed in fixing rents are incompetent. On the other hand, Mr. Russell declares that such is the disregard of the "custom of Ulster," that "no tenant in Ulster crosses the portals of the Chief Commission Court without feeling that he is going before a hostile tribunal." The main fault is in the administration of the laws rather than in the laws, yet the same radical difference between the land laws of England and Scotland and those of Ireland remains, namely, that while in those countries a landlord lets a farm as a growing concern, as the owner of the land and everything under and upon it, receiving a certain rental for an out and out full farm equipment, which he is bound to keep in repair, the Irish landlord does nothing for the land. The house, offices, drainage, fences, roads, etc., are all the legal property of the tenant, yet rent is levied upon these for the benefit of the landlord, who gives nothing back.

The Land Purchase Acts, however, have done much to alleviate the situation. Since the year 1885 the Land Commission has sanctioned an advance of £17,000,000 and created some 30,000 occupying owners. These Acts, Mr. T. W. Russell is ready to admit, have been the real success of English legislation in Ireland. Other measures have had drawbacks. Mr. Russell charges none in regard to Land purchase, save the slow rate of progress and the bad administration of the Acts by the Purchase Department. The State has lost nothing. So far, the instalments have been regularly paid. The landlords have been satisfied with the price received for their interest in the land, averaging 17 years' purchase of the rent. In the next place, Mr. Russell concedes that the Acts have been an enormous benefit to the tenant purchaser. Usually the instalment of his terminable annuity has been less by 25 or even 33 per cent. of his judicial rent, and where under the Act of 1896, the term of repayment has been extended over a longer period than 49 years the result in the way of counting amongst farmers is that 15s. go as far as £1 went before. Again the State has benefited enormously where these reforms have gone into effect, in the substitution of good order for rampant violence.

And this is the basis of Mr. Russell's agitation for extending the benefit of land purchase by making it compulsory. If asked, as to the principle of the thing his reply is, he thinks, clear. He says:—"The Parliament which in 1881 compulsorily fixed the income an Irish landlord was to receive from his estate need not scruple about deciding the form in which this income is to be paid. To say to an Irish landlord, 'You shall receive this income in the shape of certain and sure dividend warrants in place of uncertain and precarious rents,' is no departure in principle. There is in my opinion much more of reason and fair play in the one course than in the other. Parliament has taken the first step. It will require to take the second and, taking it fairly and generously, will be abundantly rewarded in the peace and contentment which such action will produce from one end of Ireland to the other. It is simply intolerable that this Irish land system should mar the peace of a whole country and prevent its settling down to the paths of industry and progress. I have been asked whether the idea of Universal Purchase, which has seized everybody in Ireland, and carried public opinion as it never was carried before, does not simply mean the final creation of a new set of Irish landlords. Certainly it is not my solution of the problem. If I thought the present race of landlords was to be got rid of only to be succeeded by another and a worse class, I should not be found in the ranks of those engaged in this great fight. What the new movement means is not a mere peasant proprietary. It means 'occupying ownership.' The thrifty and the sober will, of course, dominate the situation. The laws of Nature cannot by changed by politicians or by Parliament. The drunken and the thriftless will go under in Ireland as elsewhere. But in future transfers of property can be taken that the relation of landlord and tenant shall not be set up afresh."

GENERAL VILJOEN RODE INTO AN AMBUSH

Trap was Laid Cleverly—Royal Irish Detachment Intercepted Him on Way Back from Visit to Other Commandants

London, Feb. 11.—The capture of General Ben Viljoen and Adjutant Baster, says the Standard's correspondent, was an exceptionally clever piece of work, the credit for the conception and execution of which belongs to Captain Russell, the chief intelligence officer at Lydenburg. General Viljoen had gone from Pilgrim's Rest to Steenkampsberg to meet Mr. Schalkburger and Commandant Muller. He was accompanied by Adjutant Baster and two despatch riders named Nel and Jordan. His route lay past Krugerspost, which was held by the Boers. To the east of Roos Senekal, which lies well on the road to Steenkampsberg, Commandant Muller had stationed several hundred of his men. Mr. Schalkburger, under Muller's protection, was camped in the vicinity.

After paying a visit to Muller, Gen. Viljoen went on to see Mr. Schalkburger. On Saturday evening he started back to Krugerspost, en route to Pilgrim's Rest. That same night Major Orr, with a party of the Royal Irish regiment, accompanied by captain Russell and the intelligence staff, left Lydenburg for Steenkampsberg. A march of nine miles brought them to the bridlepath at the end of the range, along with General Viljoen was bound to make his way before descending to Krugerspost. The Royal Irish disposed themselves under the shelter of a ridge covering both sides of the track. There they awaited, in strict silence, the general's approach. The moon was shining brightly enough for them to discern any movement. Late at night the party of Boers rode into view. As they came close up they were called upon to surrender, and almost simultaneously some of our men fired, killing Nel and Jordan. The general's horse fell, shot in two places, and another bullet passed through Viljoen's coat. Adjutant Baster was unhurt. Both of them at once surrendered.

As the party were actually within the Boer lines, they made all haste back to Lydenburg, which was reached in safety on Sunday morning. Despite his somewhat dilapidated attire, General Viljoen looked well and healthy. Two days before his capture he had reconnoitred Lydenburg, with a view, it is believed, to delivering an attack, for which purpose he had some 300 men available.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Constantinople, Feb. 12.—The American delegates remaining at Seres, Macedonia, after the failure recently of negotiations for the ransoming of the abducted American missionary, Miss Ellen M. Stone, and her companion, Madame Tsilka, have again started negotiations with the brigands.

ITALIAN FREE MASONRY

London, Feb. 11.—A special despatch received here to-day from Rome says that at a meeting of representatives of Italian lodges of Freemasons it was decided that Italian Freemasonry should cease to be a secret society.

UNSATISFACTORY STATE OF AFFAIRS IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

Protestants are Beginning to Resent the Action of the Heirarchy of the Church---Many Facts Brought to Light

Quebec, Feb. 12.—There is an outcry among the Episcopalians of the province of Quebec against the alleged inequality in the marriage laws affecting Roman Catholics and Protestants respectively. The matter was discussed at the recent session of the synod of the Church of England in Montreal and a committee appointed to agitate far more equitable legislation on the matter of marriage licenses. In the course of this discussion some very remarkable facts were brought to light.

In the case of the Roman Catholic community the marriage license fees are left to the jurisdiction of the Bishops. The civil power is not recognised at all, and the fees go into the church funds. The Bishops and other heads of the Protestant denominations, on the other hand, have nothing to do with the issue of marriage licenses to their people, and no control over the funds obtained by them.

This strange condition of affairs is one of the fruits of the extraordinary privileges accorded by England to her French-Canadian subjects, in order to purchase their loyalty at a time when there was every indication that they would otherwise throw in their lot with the United States. Instead of the marriage license fees paid by Protestants to this province finding their way to their several churches, as in the case of those paid by Roman Catholics, they go to the Protestant Council of Public Instruction, to be applied for purposes of education, and thus to take the place of funds which, in the case of Roman Catholic education, are furnished from the treasury of the Province. The demand of Protestant education upon the funds in the hands of the council is so great that the cost of Protestant marriage licenses is maintained at $8 in this province, while in the neighboring province of Ontario the cost is only $2.

This expose of the commerce in dispensations was read in the synod during the recent debate:

The following has been given as a summary of the traffic in the sphere of marriage among our Roman Catholic fellow citizens: The law of publication is overridden by a dispensation of one publication for $2, the dispensation of two publications for $4, the ignoring of publication in any degree, at the will of the priest, $16. But the exhaustive and arrogant system is further disclosed by the following table of charges either restrictive of indefeasible rights of man or trading upon the transgressions of divine law and subjecting the latter to the exactions of cupidity. Unions of assured unlawful degrees are effected on payment of the following fines: First and second degree of consanguinity or affinity, $100; second to third, $25, third to third, $8; fourth to fourth, $6; public honesty, $4; spiritualaffinity, $4; mixed marriage, $5; prohibited time, $4.00.

The report despondently concludes: "We can have no common country with a heirarchical wall of separations, restrictive of civil liberty, social conditions and domestic integrity."

THE SCATTERING OF BOER COMMANDOS

Christian De Wet's Brother, Piet, Fighting for the British

A LETTER FROM A QUEBEC BOY

De Wet Thought to be in Kitchener's Grasp—How the War is Progressing

Quebec, Feb. 12.—Pierre Lepine, of the South African Light Horse, sends a very interesting letter from the seat of war in South Africa. The letter is dated at Klipfontein on Christmas day, when the thermometer registered 104 in the shade. Lepine reports that his column had just had a narrow escape from annihilation, before it was discovered that they were being fired upon by their own men. This was due to the tactics of the Boers, who are constantly wearing khaki uniforms and adopting the British style of march in order to deceive their adversaries. He says that Christian De Wet's forces are being slowly but surely reduced, and that the useless disasters which the obstinate leader continues to bring upon his people are simply incomprehensible. Piet De Wet, brother of the famous leader, who was induced by the pleadings of his sister to give up the struggle, and who later joined the British forces, is now with the same column as Lepine. The latter tells that when Piet visited his brother Christian to endeavor to convince him of the uselessness and the sin of persisting in his campaign, the latter calmly listened to all he had to say and then gave him three hours to get out of his reach or to be shot as a traitor. Desertions from the Boer forces are now numerous, according to Lepine, but he admits that the policy of reducing the foe by famine seems to succeed better than that of fighting them. They are getting short of horses as well as of provisions, they find it difficult to secure remounts and the horses they have are mostly in very poor condition. The British soldiers appreciated much, he says, their Christmas gifts of plum pudding, tobacco, cigarettes, matches, handkerchiefs and other trifles from kind friends at home and in Canada.

DE WET'S ESCAPE.

London, Feb. 12.—The escape of De Wet has been the theme of many newspaper articles, both in England and in the continent. It is thought, however, that his capture is near at hand, and that he may now be in Kitchener's grasp.

COFFEE EYES.

It Attacks Many Persons There

To illustrate how coffee can affect the eyes the words of a lady in Woodland, Ia., are quoted.

"I was brought up to believe that tea was injurious but was allowed to drink coffee from childhood. Ever since I can remember I have been subject to severe attacks of headache, otherwise my health was pretty good until a short time ago my eyes became affected; they ached and pained me continually and were often badly inflamed. I also had queer, dizzy feelings in my head almost continually.

One time we were obliged to do without milk or cream for a few weeks, and not relishing my coffee clear I left off its use. In a short time I was surprised to find my eyes greatly improved, and I felt better in every way, still I did not mistrust the coffee and began its use as soon as we got cream again. (Within a few days my eyes were worse than ever. Then I resolved to quit coffee absolutely and take up Postum. This I did and my eyes quickly recovered.

My experience shows that while coffee caused headache and eye trouble Postum Food Coffee does not produce any bad effects whatever and is greatly strengthening and nourishing." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

QUEEN MARGHERITA TO VISIT UNCLE SAM

Dowager Queen of Italy Preparing to Make an American Trip

MAY ALSO VISIT THE DOMINION

The Royal Lady May Also Visit the Dominion—The Queen Will Travel Quietly

London, Feb. 12—A despatch from Rome to the Pall Mall Gazette says the Dowager Queen Margherita, widow of King Humbert, will make a visit to the United States, travelling incognito under the name of Countess Stupinigi. The Queen, it is said, always had a liking for American women, whose type of beauty, as well as frankness and self-possession, appealed to her. Mrs. Marsh, an American, exercised a considerable influence on The Queen's education through her German governess, who was frequently in consultation with Mrs. Marsh.

The Dowager Queen's desire to visit the United States was revived recently through a conversation with Mme. Ristori, the tragedienne, whose eightieth birthday was celebrated a few days ago. The actress described the wonders of the New World to the Queen in glowing terms.

Naval officers are striving for the honor of conveying the Queen to America, but she has decided to take an Atlantic liner from England to New York.

Perfect Cure for Bronchitis

This disease can be treated only by a remedy carried to the affected parts along with the air breathed, for nature intended these organs for the passage of air alone, and sprays, atomizers and internal medicines utterly fail. But Catarrhozone doesn't fail, for it goes wherever the air breathed goes, and its healing antiseptic vapor is sure to reach every affected part. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth and after passing through every air cell of the breathing organs is slowly exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone protects and heals the inflamed surfaces, relieves congestion, allays inflammation, and perfectly cures all bronchial affections. Price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

OMEMEE

The snow blockade causes our village to assume a quiet appearance, there being little or no traffic. Should the roads be passable to Peterboro on Saturday a large number of marketers will go down.

Many travellers have been compelled to remain at the Commercial house owing to the blockade.

Great sorrow, regret and anxiety was felt here over Mr. Isaac Richardson being lost in the snow in Peterborough county.

Many of our young people are anxious to seek employment in some of the Peterborough industries when opened up in spring.

Mr. James Graham, proprietor of the Commercial House sports a beautiful black driving horse.

Our junior hockey team are quite disappointed at not getting an answer from the Peterborough juniors about the proposed match.

Firemen Banqueted

Last night the members of the Fire Brigade were tendered a banquet by Mr. Harry Long, in recognition of their splendid service at the Crystal block fire A very sumptuous repast was served and a thoroughly enjoyable evening was spent. The supper was laid in the usual excellent style which is characteristic of everything Mr. Long undertakes. The party broke up at a late hour after tendering a hearty vote of thanks to their host.

ST. JOHN'S GIRLS' GUILD

Successful Entertainment Given by the Society Last Night

That the young ladies composing the Girls' Guild of St. John's church, have a pleasing and attractive way of conducting their entertainments, has long since been demonstrated. That they have lost none of their powers in this line was shown last night, when they gave an entertainment and oyster supper in the school room.

The chair was taken by Rev. Mr. Davidson at 8 o'clock, and for nearly two hours the audience listened to a bright and original program of songs, instrumental music, etc.

Then the chairman announced another feature of the evening, and proceeding to the basement, the assemblage found awaiting them a tempting and carefully, prepared repast. There were oysters a-la-mode, oysters stewed, oysters raw, oysters on the shell, and oysters on the walk. There was also a small army of dainty matrons ready to serve in any way possible. The keen appreciation of this part of the evening's enjoyment was very evident from the speed with which the oysters did the slide act.

Supper over, the second part of the literary programme was presented, closing with a patriotic tableaux "Crowning the King." Two young ladies dressed in pure white, supported a large portrait of His Majesty in the centre of the platform; on either side, in full regimentals and with arms at the present, stood one of the nation's defenders. The audience rose and sang the National Anthem. The young ladies are to be commended on the success of their effort. The proceeds, amounting to $25 or $30, go toward the purchase of a new piano for the school room.

The thanks of the ladies are tendered to the following, who kindly contributed to the literary program, and to others who helped in various ways: The Misses English, Mr. Scott, Miss Primeau, Mr. Stermer, Masters Arthur and Edward Wood, Miss White, Miss King, Mrs. Seward, Miss Browne, Miss McCalluum, Miss M. Storie, Arthur Seward.

THE MANUFACTURER'S LIFE

Fifteenth Annual Meeting He'd at Toronto on 6th Instant

We heartily congratulate the directors of the Manufacturers Life Association over the report presented at the fifteenth annual meeting, held at the head office, Toronto, on the 6th inst. It being the first annual meeting since the amalgamation of the Temperance and General Life Assurance Company and the Manufacturers Life, a great deal of interest was taken in the proceedings. The report presented is a most gratifying one, and shows that the blending of the two great companies into one was accomplished without any hitch whatever.

The increased volume of business during the year was one of the features of the report. It indicates careful management and wise governorship.

We recommend the report to the attention of our readers.

WHERE JANE WORE THE BEADS

(By our Junior Reporter)

A Port Hope maid sat alone in her room in the shades of a cold winter's night,
And bellowed and sobbed in her anguish of soul till her face was a pitiful sight;
The flowers of pleasure which [illegible] while entwined her were choked [illegible] despondency's weeds—
The hockey team which her fellow belonged to had got it where [illegible] wore the beads!

Entertained the Choir

The choir of St. Luke's church, [illegible] burnham were entertained by [illegible] Mrs. J. J. Turner jr. At their hand[illegible] residence, Water Street, last evening. The evening was spent in a most pleasant and enjoyable manner with singing, music and games. Mr. and Mrs. Turner are enthusiastic workers in St. Luke's church and last evening proved themselves to be a most generous and charming host and hostess.

AUSTRALIANS PROTEST AGAINST SLANDERS

Pass a Resolution Expressing Annoyance at Continental Attacks on British Troops

AND CONFIDENCE IN THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT

Colonies Should Stand Shoulder to Shoulder to Prevent Such Slander—Everything Depends on Britain

London, Feb. 12.—A special despatch to The Times from Sydney, N.S.W., says that six thousand Australians attended a meeting for the purpose of expressing annoyance at continued continental slanders of British troops. Resolutions were enthusiastically adopted, declaring the confidence of the people of Australia in the British Government, and voicing the sentiment that the colonies should stand shoulder to shoulder on such occasions.

EVERYTHING DEPENDS ON BRITAIN.

London, Feb. 12.—A despatch to The Times from Vienna, says the future of the beet sugar industry in Austria depends on the attitude of Britain and her colonies. The fact caused particular anxiety to the delegates to the recent conference on the sugar question. The German growers have sent a deputation to Berlin.

London, Feb. 12.—The total number of Boers captured and surrendered during the past week aggregate 717. This is the highest number reported for any one week for some time. The fact that minor engagements have taken place in Cape Colony is not looked upon as seriously adverse to the British.

MINOR ACTIONS.

London, Feb. 12.—During the attack by a force of Boers on a British convoy near Fraserburg the other day, Colonel Crabbe arrived and drove the enemy northward after a very sharp fight, during which the British lost thirteen killed and fortyeight wounded. The Boers lost 24 killed and 47 wounded.

An outpost of one hundred men under Doran was rushed near Calvinia. The casualties during the retirement on the main body consisted of ten killed and seventeen wounded. Thirty-six Boers were captured by Major von Donop in a night rush.

BANKS DEPLETED.

Durban, Natal, Feb. 12.—At the embarkation of the 2nd Batt. Dublin Fusiliers for Aden yesterday, the officer commanding was presented with an address, in recognition of the services the regiment has performed for the colony. It is stated that less than two hundred of the men who originally landed are now in the ranks; the remainder have been either killed, wounded or invalided.

CANADIANS DEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Cablegrams from Cape Town to Lord Minto record the death of the following Canadians from enteric fever:—Bloemfontein, 3rd February; Thomas Trickey, brother Hewson Trickey, Druish P.O., Manitoba; Heidelburg, Wilbert Egan Hodkinson, brother J. B. Hodkinson, Kincardine; Heidelburg, 3rd February, Robert James Stobo, mother Mrs. Stobo, Scarboro.

ASHBURNHAM CIVIC ASS'N.

Met in Regular Session Last Night—Officers for the Year Elected

The regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham Civic Association was held in the Town Hall last night. The attendance was very good.

The paper read by R. B. Rogers on "Sewers and Sewerage" at the previous meeting was further discussed. The matter of beautifying the village came up before the meeting and after considerable discussion the matter was left over to the next meeting.

The question of numbering the houses in the village was discussed at some length and was finally left over.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers took place last night and resulted as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Wm. Irwin,
President.—E A Peck
1st Vice.-Pres.—Harry Morgan.
2nd Vice.-Pres.—Harry Adams.
Secy.-Treas.—M. W Matchett.
Asst. Secy.—A O Sawyers.
Committee.—Messrs. R B Rogers, Alex. Rutherford, Wm. Feint, Allen McCarthy, H Calcutt, C B McAllister, Alex Fitzgerald, W McIntyre, Geo. Stevens and Wm. Mankee.

The next meeting will be held on Tuesday, March 11th at 8 p.m.

SERVICE AT KEENE CHURCH

Conducted by Rev. D. A. Thompson of Hastings on Sunday Last

The services in the Keene Presbyterian church were conducted on Sunday by Rev. D. A. Thompson, of Hastings. The music by the choir was most appropriate for the occasion. After the sermon, Rev. Thompson read the declaration of the Presbytery announcing the pulpit to be vacant. A resolution of regret and sympathy was read from the Hiawatha Indians signed by Chief Paudash and Johnson Paudash, secretary.

Reference was made to the great kindness shown by the late Rev. Dr. Andrews, to the Indians.

The services was brought to a close by singing hymn 334, "Forever with the Lord."

SUCCESSFLL ENTERTAINMENT

Members of Harmony Lodge I.O.O.F. Gave an Excellent Program Last Night

The members of Harmony Lodge, I.O.O.F. gave a very pleasing and successful entertainment in their hall last evening. The attendance was very good, but not nearly as large as it might have been, owing no doubt, to the large number of other attractions. Mr. Geo. W. Powell acted as chairman in his usual pleasing manner. The programme was as follows:

Opening Hymn... ... ."Blest be the Tie."
Prayer... .... Jas. Stubbs.
Chairman's Address ... ...Geo. W. Powell
Instrumental Duet...Miss L. Kindred and Miss Fitzgerald.
Recitation... ... ...Miss Alberta White
Phonograph Selections ... Mr. J. Stubbs.
Recitation .... Little Mabie Pringle
Reading .... Mr. Cecil Succee
Duet...... Pearl Peters and Bertha Griffin
Phonograph Selections ... Mr. J. Stubbs
Reading ....Mr. Chas. Sisson.
Inst Duet...Miss L. Kindred and Miss Fitzgerald
Recitation ....Bessie Powell
Recitation...... ...... [illegible]
Reading... ... ... Miss [illegible]

Each number was [illegible] pleasing manner [illegible] continue.

The Phonograph selections [illegible] Stubbs were excellent, Mr. [illegible] parted in [illegible] no doubt, is one of the best [illegible]

Where Medical Science Fails

[illegible] rheumatism, and all the time [illegible] dreadfully. Why don't you [illegible] bottle of Polson's Nerviline and [illegible] ? Rub it into your stiff [illegible] sore arms, lame back, [illegible] wherever the pain is. Nerviline has cured plenty of people in this way, and that ought to be proof enough that it will cure you too. [illegible] is an unusually strong liniment [illegible]

INJURED BY FALLING TREE

Mr. Hamilton Who Lives Near Kinmount Seriously Injured

A man named Hamilton, who lives near Kinmount was working in the woods on Monday, when he had the misfortune to be seriously crushed across the breast by a falling tree. The particulars as to how the accident occurred are not as yet to hand.

Dr. Prust of Kinmount, was called to attend the injured man and had him at once removed by train to the Nicholls Hospital, where he arrived on Monday night. A further examination of his injures was made and it was found that he was so badly crushed that his recovery is very doubtful. At a late hour last night his condition had not improved any, and his case is growing more serious.

52—62 The Critical Age

Height of vigor past—nature's power slowing down, vitality less, recuperative power less, endurance less. Stop the progress of decay, tone up the weakened nerve centres, impart vigor to the tiring brain, prepare for the crisis. A means of remarkable potency in the renewal of decreasing vigor is found in Ferrozone. It brightens up the whole being, imparts a sense of power and strength. By the use of Ferrozone, old age is pushed back 20 years. Ferrozone gives strength, vigor, endurance, vim. Your druggist has it. Get a box to-day.

CONCERT AT CONVENT HALL

Continued Last Night with Splendid Results—The Attendance Very Large

The concert given by the pupils of Convent de Notre Dame was continued in the Convent Hall last night. An excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music, recitations etc, were presented by the scholars. The programme was successfully carried out much to the pleasure of those present.

The large hall was filled to the doors by an audience who appreciated and heartily applauded each number. A substantial sum of money has been raised which will be spent in improving the building.

IT SAVES EVEN AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR

Paine's Celery Compound

HAS GIV[illegible] A NEW LEASE OF LIFE TO [illegible] PRONOU[illegible]

Life saving is [illegible] undertaking, the [illegible] noble work that [illegible] gage in.

Professor Edward [illegible], the great and [illegible] when he devised [illegible] Paine's Celery Compound, [illegible] a health restorer [illegible] people had earnestly [illegible] and prayed for. The great doctor's study of the nervous system and diseases such as nervous debility, paralysis, neuralgia, rheumatism, liver and kidney troubles, led him on to his marvellous discovery. Paine's Celery Compound has been tested by physicians and has never failed to meet their expectations. It has cured desperate cases at the eleventh hour and has brought joy and gladness to many a home.

If you are still struggling with disease and sickness, dear reader, give this best of medicines a trial at once; [illegible] will, we assure you, fully meet your [illegible]

FOR TWENTY YEARS

we have successfully conducted a brokerage business in

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

This concern was established in 1890; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts, when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our House. Every facility supplied and all news affecting markets, promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts, either for cash or upon exceedingly moderate margins.

Issued free, our 400 page, clothbound illustrated

"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

These two are factors of moment—They will aid you to success.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed U. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

OIL —SMELTER—MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg.

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 12, 1902

THE SUPREME COURT

It is pretty generally acknowledged that there is a tendency to appoint men to the Supreme Court who have passed the best period of their lives and fitness elsewhere. In our opinion no man over fifty should receive a judicial appointment of High or Supreme Court importance. At the same time care should be taken that men who have shown marked ability, and those only, shall receive these appointments. Rumor has more than once associated the name of Mr. J. M. Clark, K.C., of Toronto, with a judicial appointment. This gentleman's course at the University and at Osgoode Hall was brilliant in the extreme, and he has followed it up with the composition of a work on the Law of Mines, that has been called by competent authorities, a monument of learning and research. Canada at present is on the eve of immense mineral developments, and in a few years our courts will be the scene of much mining litigation. It is important, therefore, that such a man as Mr. Clark should receive a bench appointment, and it is a pity, since his fitness is so apparent, that the Government should wait till age has diminished his mental and physical energy before elevating him to the bench.

THAT CASE IN REGARD TO MUNICIPAL VOTING

The High Court has been called upon to decide what jurisdiction a police magistrate has in a proceeding against a voter who votes more than once unlawfully in a municipal contest. A case similar to that which was recently before Police Magistrate Denison, of Toronto, came before Justices Ferguson and Meredith in the Divisional Court the other day, the case being that of Alfred T. Turner, of St. Thomas, against Patrick Meehan, It was alleged that Meehan at the recent municipal election in St. Thomas on January 6th voted unlawfully three times and efforts were made to lay an information before Police Magistrate Glenn, of St. Thomas, in order that a summons might be issued. The latter, however, refused either to receive the information or issue the summons, holding that he had no jurisdiction.

In the Divisional Court above referred to Mr. I. F. Hellmuth made application to compel the police magistrate to receive the information and hear the complaint. The court granted a rule nisi, ordering the police magistrate to appear and show cause why he should not entertain the complaint.

The magistrate gave as the reasons for refusing to receive the information that he had granted a summons a few days previously in a like case against His Honor Judge Hughes, and that upon the hearing of that summons he held he had no jurisdiction either to hear the case and dispose of it summarily or to hold a preliminary investigation and determine whether the accused should be committed to trial if the evidence warranted him in so doing.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest' details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. EDWIN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

MUNICIPAL CARELESSNESS

The Montreal Star, in a recent issue, editorially remarks: "It is a singular fact that it is more difficult to induce citizens to perform their duty at the polls in a municipal election than in any other appeal to an electorate. It is this fact which above everything else, is the cause of careless or corrupt city government."

This remark is quite true. The ratepayers in towns and cities in Ontario take little interest in their municipal affairs and meetings of the council commonly take place without any of the ratepayers being present. If the rate-payers take no interest in municipal affairs, it can hardly be expected that the members of the Council should devote themselves very ardently or deeply to the transaction of business for other people when those people themselves take no interest in the proceedings. The Mayor of Midland, in his inaugural address, touched upon this subject and suggested that public notice should be given of the nature of the business to be transacted at the next meeting of the Council. He made the following remark:

"I would recommend that the Council adopt some rules of procedure whereby important measures will come up only upon motion given at a previous meeting, so that more mature consideration may be given, and the ratepayers have knowledge of impending matters."

In the numerous rural municipalities north of this place the population is either stationary or is actually diminishing. Such would not be the case if the inhabitants took an active, intelligent and vigorous interest in their municipal affairs and the Mayor of Midland has, by his suggestion of Councils giving public notice of the business to be transacted at their next meetings, led the way towards inducing the people to take an interest in their own business.

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has affected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

The proposal of Mr. Macdiarmid, in Legislature, to abolish the poll tax, is not likely to meet with approval. The poll tax is $1 upon every man over 21 years of age, who is not otherwise taxed. The poll tax man enjoys all the municipal advantages, and personal protection, equally with the man who is assessed for $10,000. If any change is made it should be to double the present tax. Two dollars is a small enough tax to pay for the privileges of citizenship in any community.

A COABINATON THAT DRAWS

Courteous treatment of customers, pure drugs of full strength, and low prices are all-powerful for the drawing and securing of trade. Our closest attention and best care is at all times devoted to the filling of your physician's prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet preparations, Atomizers, Brushes, Combs and Sponges is unsurpassed in variety and quality. One call will convince you that we are leaders in the drug trade.

A LIFE-GIVING MEDICINE

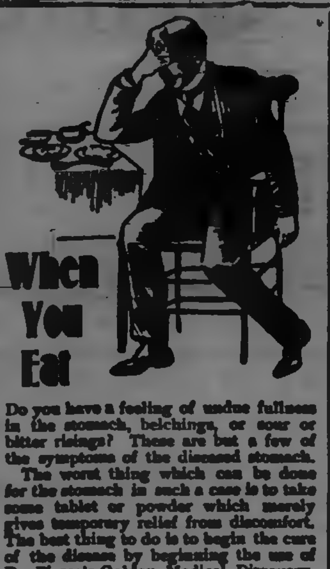
At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

A Fox's Revenge.

A gentleman out shooting one day came to a river, where he saw six geese beyond shot. He determined to wait for them to approach the shore. While sitting there he saw a fox come down to the shore and stand some time and observe the geese. At length he turned and went into the woods and came out with a very large bunch of moss in his mouth. He then entered the water very silently, sank himself, and then, keeping the moss above the water, himself concealed, he floated among the geese. Suddenly one of them was drawn under the water, and the fox soon appeared on the shore with the goose on his back. He ascended the bank, and found a hole made by the tearing up of a tree. This hole he cleared, placed in it the goose, and covered it with great care, strewing leaves over it. The fox then left; and while he was away the hunter unburied the goose, closed the hole and resolved to wait the issue. In about an hour the fox returned with another fox in company. They went directly to the place where the goose had been buried, and threw out the earth. The goose could not be found. They stood regarding each other for some time, when suddenly the second fox attacked the other most furiously, as if offended by the trick of his friend. During the battle the hunter shot them both.

To Starve is a Fallacy.—The dictum to stop eating because you have indigestion has long since been exploded. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets introduced a new era in the treatment of stomach troubles. It has proved that one may eat his fill of anything and everything he relishes, and one tablet taken after the meal will aid the stomach in doing its work. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—64

Sold by H. H. Stinson.



When You Eat

Do you have a feeling of undue fullness in the stomach, belchings, or sour or bitter risings? These are but a few of the symptoms of the diseased stomach.

The worst thing which can be done for the stomach in such a case is to take some tablet or powder which merely gives temporary relief from discomfort. The best thing to do is to begin the cure of the disease by beginning the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It makes the "weak" stomach strong, and puts the body in a condition of vigorous health.

"I was troubled a long time with dyspepsia, torpid liver, and constipation," writes Mrs. Julia E. Beal, of [illegible], Iredell Co., N. C. "Could scarcely eat anything at all; would have attacks of pain something like colic, and sometimes it seemed as though I could not live. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce, stating my condition, and in a few days received a kind letter of advice, telling me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took four bottles, and one vial of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, and now I can eat anything I want and it don't hurt me. I have not been in bed a day since I took your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and I have not since felt any symptoms of disease. I have not taken any medicine in twelve months."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge Street, Toronto.

A Comic Opera Strike.

THERE is, as a rule, little that is humorous in a strike. But a recent strike in Columbus, O., is so humorous and at the same time so extraordinary that it seems almost incredible. It sounds as if it took place in Topsy-turvydom instead of in the United States of America. It would make a good libretto for one of Gilbert and Sullivan's crazy operettas.

This is the story of the Columbus strike: C. M. Jones is editor and proprietor of the Columbus "Press-Post"—that is, he was. The paper is now apparently being edited by almost everybody but the editor. It seems that Editor Jones got into trouble with his city editor. The city editor is a member of the Newspaper Writers' Union. Now it has long been a grievance among newspaper reporters that they are not so well treated as the printers, because they have no union. On the other hand, the printers have a union which is the most powerful and prosperous trade union in the country, with the possible exception of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The reporters have attempted to form unions. But they are like ropes of sand. So they finally decided to organize under the wing of the printers.

In every union printing-office there is a body called "the chapel," presided over by a "father." The foreman represents the employer, the father of the chapel represents the printers. Whenever there is a question at issue, the printers invariably take their orders from the father of the chapel instead of the foreman. So in the office of the "Press-Post," the reporters organized as a newspaper writers' union under the protection of the printers' chapel.

Editor Jones found City Editor Marshall unsatisfactory for various reasons. First, he had criticised some court house officials who were friends of Editor Jones; and, second, he had been "scooped" by the other Columbus papers on a railroad wreck; they had run the wreck with "scare-heads," and City Editor Marshall had not run it at all. Therefore Editor Jones requested Marshall to resign. Marshall refused. Editor Jones then informed him that he was discharged. Marshall at once ordered a strike, and Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2 walked out. Editor Jones attempted to parley with them, and offered to secure another editor. They refused to return unless Marshall was replaced. Thereupon Editor Jones broke off negotiations, got ten young men from the State University as reporters, edited their copy himself, and it was sent to the composing-room. The father of the chapel walked to the imposing-stone, rapped thereon with a mallet, a chapel meeting was held, and the printers stopped their work. The father of the chapel informed Editor Jones that if the non-union copy was not removed from the hook the printers would strike. Editor Jones took back his non-union copy. That day the "Press-Post" did not come out. The next day Editor Jones sent the paper to press without any local news, filling it up with narratives of the low-necked gowns at Newport, snake stories, accounts of the shocking attire worn by the young women at Long Branch, and other refined and pleasing miscellany of the kind usually found in the Sunday supplements of great daily newspapers. Unfortunately, Editor Jones, feeling somewhat embittered over the situation, wrote with his red right hand a savage editorial on the labor question and sent it in to the printers. Not being local news, and being written by the editor and proprietor, it might be supposed that they would print it. Not so. Again the unfortunate editor was informed that he must withdraw his non-union copy, or the printers would strike. Editor Jones withdrew his editorial.

At last accounts the "Press-Post" is still running without the local news, and Editor Jones is beseeching President Lynch of the International Typographical Union to devise some means by which he may be allowed to get his paper out.

So the question may be asked, Who is editing the Columbus "Press-Post?" Is it the proprietor, Editor Jones? or is it the discharged employee, City Editor Marshall? or is it the Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2? or is it the father of the Columbus printers' chapel? or is it the president of the International Typographical Union of North America?

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to Incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
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$3.10 $3.10

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Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made o our noted Chevio Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

Model 169

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

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STICK YOUR SHAFT

Into boxes babbitted with the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

Metals, and your troubles will be over

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ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Gordon, M. D., has the latest treatment [illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

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ART BELL Pianos and Organs

as the most perfect of Canada's productions and entitled to first consideration.

Royalty is numbered among Bell purchasers, which extend to many nations.

Descriptive Catalogue No. 68 is Mailed for the Asking.

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Leave Your Money in Peterborough——s

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ...ARCHITECT..
450 George Stree

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

RODS for locating gold and silver ores, buried treasures, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Cash to us and testimonials free. References, any express company in Dallas. T. S. Agency, Box 376 H, Dallas Texas U.S.A.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove results, 10c. No postage stamps received. J B HOSKEN Dept. O 125 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to DR. D. HINKLY XX-[illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, [illegible] Henry St., Brooklyn N. Y.

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Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

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H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1883.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, [illegible]

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Is and

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ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST.
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 99/100 to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

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Kept in stock and made to order. Our Books have provincial reputation. They are the best Books on the market.

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The Handiest, Quickest, Cheapest and Most Reliable Servant

For your private and general business is a TELEPHONE

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We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for DRY PICKED CHICKS.

Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
London, Ont

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co LIMITED

Great Loss

would be sustained were we deprived of this century's improvements. The health, song and plumage of cage birds would not be so satisfactory if deprived of "COTTAM'S" Seed, with patent "BIRD BREAD." [illegible]

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kind and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.
[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible] day or night

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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

PERFECT MANHOOD

[illegible] THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. [illegible]

This is to certify that I had been a sufferer from Nervous Debility [illegible] Dr. [illegible] A. E. LeCLAIRE. Sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, 1900. Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE [illegible] If you cannot call write for blank for home treatment [illegible] BOOK FREE. All Patients Shipped from Windsor. All Duty and Express Charges Prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 WOODWARD AVE., COR. WILCOX ST., DETROIT, MICH.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building
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Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
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Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank [illegible] rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and [illegible] streets. W. [illegible] PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY;
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, for the reception of Annual Report, election of Directors, and other purposes, will be held at the Company's offices, 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902 at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board.
W. G. MORROW, Manager

Legal.

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at [illegible] with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

When You Know How.

"I WILL be beautiful," she said, as she turned away from the mirror. "Surely in this modern, progressive age it is possible for any girl to acquire beauty."

So she invested in all kinds of cosmetics, had them applied by an artist, and went to a big ball. The next morning she scanned the society columns of the papers eagerly, but there was not a word about "the beautiful Miss Brown." She merely figured among those who were "also present."

"Still," she added, "it is possible to be beautiful when you know how, and I will experiment until I discover the secret."

Thereupon she employed a beauty doctor, and was rubbed and massaged every day for a month or more, but it was no use. The gossip departments of the papers spoke of this girl and that girl as "beautiful," but never of "the beautiful Miss Brown."

"Possibly," she thought, "something is the matter with my gowns. Much depends upon proper harmony or contrast, which often makes the beauty. I will have one designed especially for me by the most gifted of costumers."

The papers said she was "beautifully gowned," but that was all.

"I will become engaged," she cried, in despair. "If necessary, I will marry. Brides are almost invariably beautiful."

But when her engagement was announced the papers merely referred to her as "the charming and gifted Miss Brown."

"Alas!" she exclaimed, "can I not be beautiful? Is that great boon possessed by so many girls, no more favored by nature than I am, to be always denied to me? What is life to me, if I am thus handicapped? A mockery, truly! I will have none of it."

In this humor she went boating, and, giving it the appearance of an accident, deliberately fell into the water, from which she was quickly rescued by an athletic young man.

"Why," she cried, the next day, as she thought it all over, "was I not allowed to die?"

Then her glance fell upon a daily paper, and her eyes instantly brightened.

"Gallant rescue of a beautiful girl," she read. "Pretty Adele Brown, the beauty of the season, saved from a watery grave."

"Why, of course," she commented, thoughtfully. "It's very simple when you know how. Now I think of it, a rescue or a scandal will make a girl beautiful any day."—N.Y. "Town Topics."

Funny Answers.

An English teacher, commenting on the "wonderfully funny" answers given by his pupils to questions, cites the following specimens:

A boy, aged ten, thus answers a question as to the cause of the Transvaal disturbances: "Krugger and Bannerbullism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin' come out and fite or else give up the bind of the English you have took. he is a boardutchman and a wickid heathin. lord Kitchener has sent for his geary blud and to bring back his scanderlus hed ded or alive."

An essay on Gladstone, by a boy of eleven, states: "Mr. Gladstone lovd everybody. he lovd publicans and sinners and Irishmen. he wanted the irish to come to England and have home reel, but Mr. Chamberlin says, no, no, so shure he got his blud up and killd Mr. Parnel. Mr. Gladstone died with great riepect and is burried in Westminster with pieceful ashes."

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Ever since the Forth bridge was opened—eleven years ago—painting has gone on continuously, according to the "Mechanical Engineer." "Beginning at the south end, the workmen take three years to cover the entire length of the bridge, and, as three years represents approximately the life of the paint, no sooner are they finished than the men have to begin again. In this way every square inch of steel comes under observation at least once in three years. The staff of men employed varies in number from the maximum of 35."

The Kaiser as He Is.

RAY STANNARD BAKER, in his volume, "Seen in Germany," gives this picture of the Emperor William:

"He is a brown-faced man, the brown of wind and weather, of fierce riding on land and of a glaring sun on the sea. His face is thinner than one has pictured, and there is a hint of weariness about the eyes. His hair gives the impression of being thin, and his famous moustache is not so long nor so jauntily fierce as one has imagined. There is many a dry-goods clerk in Berlin who has out-Kaisered the Kaiser in growing a moustache. But, owing to the sin of retouching, there is one thing that few of William's photographs show to advantage, and it is the most impressive characteristic of his face. And that is its singular sternness in repose. Square, iron jaws, thin, firm lips, a certain sharpness and keenness of visage, a penetrating eye, all speak of invincible determination, pride, dignity. Indeed, herein lies the force of personal majesty—for William, however much one may smile at his passion for royal display, has many of those splendid attributes of character which would make a man great in any sphere of life. It would be a large company of Germans, indeed, among whom one would fail to select him instinctively as the leader. A first impression, therefore, may thus be summed up: The Kaiser is less a great king than one has imagined, and more a great man. The longer one remains in Germany, and the more he learns of William and his extraordinary activities, the deeper grows this impression. We Americans have never quite overcome our first prejudices against the Kaiser, bred during the early days of his reign, when the mantle of royalty—and the Hohenzollern mantle at that—was new to his shoulders, and he said and did strange things; but in Europe—where they have grown accustomed to his vagaries, now, indeed, much less pronounced in their manifestations, and have set them down as the expressions of a strong and original individuality—the Kaiser occupies a place of high and genuine esteem. An American who remains long in Germany feels this change in sentiment strongly, and, when the Kaiser passes, he raises his hat with all the others, not merely because this is royalty, but because it is character and strength of purpose."

As might be expected, the Kaiser is most popular in his capital:

"One, hearing a commotion on Unter den Linden, with a flash of white plumes in the distance, and the swift clatter of hoofs, may well crowd up to see. A pair of splendid horses, traveling like the wind, two richly uniformed men on the box, and the Kaiser, the Kaiserin, and another lady in the open carriage behind. You observe that the Kaiser sits with his back to the horses, giving the place of honor to his wife, for William has set the highest ideals in courtesy to women—the Anglo-Saxon ideals, which often form a strong contrast to the rougher Teutonic customs. He wears a glistening silver helmet, which he touches with military precision as the people on the streets shout and lift their hats. No cavalcade of guards accompany the carriage, and there is apparently no effort to guard the lives of its occupants, except in so far as they are protected by the terrific speed at which the horses are always driven. It is one of William's pleasures to show himself and his family frequently to his people, and the royal carriage may be seen at all hours in the streets of Berlin. The Kaiser's departure from the palace is always signaled by the fall of a flag, which serves as a notification to the people to prepare for his appearance among them. Nearly every afternoon he rides out, usually in uniform, with some of his staff-officers, galloping down the Linden and into the Thiergarten, where he often spends an hour in exercise."

Henley's Attack on Stevenson.

THE literary sensation in London is William E. Henley's onslaught, in the Christmas number of the "Pall Mall" magazine, upon the Stevenson worshippers. In tone it is not dissimilar from that of his attack on indiscriminate eulogists of Burns. As Stevenson's closest friend, he strips Stevenson's personality of the fantastic romance woven about it, and shows him to have been at times a vain, ungrateful, self-righteous, anxious egotist, possessed of abundant but imitative gifts. Even those who attempt to defend the justice of the criticism find that it lays Henley open to charges of disloyalty and bad taste. The London "Daily News" is emphatic in its protest. It says:

"We are not surprised that the literary world is scandalized. It is astonishing that any man of ordinary feeling should have written in such terms of a dead friend. One thing is made quite clear by the article. Stevenson has a genuine hold upon the affections of his countrymen, and that affection will last long after Mr. Henley's ill-judged screed is forgotten."

This view, however, is not shared by some who cannot be charged with jealousy of Stevenson. Just as Mr. Henley knew Stevenson best in his middle and Mr. Balfour in his later life, so Miss Eve Blantyre Simpson, the authoress of "Robert Louis Stevenson's Edinburgh Days," can speak of him as boy and youth. Miss Simpson states her view as follows:

"Mr. Henley has done a brave deed in his trenchant article on his friend 'Lewis.' He depicts him as he was before he began to pose as a famed man and was by preference the thoroughbred Bohemian. Mr. Henley recalls him to Edinburgh folk as he was and as the true Stevenson would have wished to be known."

Explained Too Much.

The caller explained his mission.

"It's a worthy cause," he said.

"It is, indeed," admitted the up-to-date merchant. "You may put our firm down for five hundred dollars."

"Good!" exclaimed the caller. "It's to be done very quietly and unostentatiously, of course. The money will be given in a lump sum from 'a few friends,' without any names whatever."

"No one will know who gives?" asked the merchant.

"No one," answered the caller.

"No list published?"

"None."

"Cross the name of our firm off."—Chicago "Post."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Dooley on Judges.

"IF I had me job to pick out," says Mr. Dooley, "I'd be a judge. I've looked over all th' others an' that's th' only wan that suits. I have th' judicyal timperamint. I hate wurruk. Ivrybody else is pushed an' hurrid in this tumultuous age. Th' business man has to get to th' bank before it closes an' the banker has to get there before th' business man escapes, an' th' high-priced actor has to kill off more gradyates iv th' school iv actin' than iver he did, an' th' night editions iv th' pa-apers comes out earlier ivry mornin'. All is rush an' worry. Kings and imprors duck about their jooties like bell-hops, th' pampered son iv luxury at Newport is thrying f'r a mile a minyit in his autymobill an' th' on'y leisure class left in th' wurruld is th' joodicyary. Somewhere a la-ad hits somewan on th' head with an ax or sinds him a bunch iv prussic acid done up to look like candy. Maybe he does, an' maybe he don't; but annyhow, that's what he's lagged f'r. Th' polis are in a hurry to get to th' pool room before th' flag falls in th' first race, an' they carry th' case to th' gran' jury; th' gran' jury indicts him without a thought or a suspicion iv a har-rd feelin', th' judge takes his breakfast on th' bench to be there in time, an' charges th' jury to be fair, but not to f'rget th' man done it, an' th' jury rayturns a verdict iv guilty with three cheers an' a tiger. Th' pris'ner has hardly time to grab up his hat before he's hauled off to his funeral obsequies, an' th' onprejudiced public feels happy about it. I don't believe in capital punishment, Hinnissy, but 'twill niver be abolished while th' people injys it so much. They're jus' squarin' thimselves f'r th' rayvoltin' details whin wurrud comes that Judge Tamarack iv Opolis has granted a stay iv proceedin's. Says Judge Tamarack: 'I know very little about this case excipt what I've been tol' be th' larned counsel f'r th' dayfince, an I don't believe that, but I agree with Lord Coke in th' maxim that th' more haste th' less sleep. Therefore, to all sheriffs, greetin': Fen jarrin' th' pris'ner till ye hear fr'm us. So th' pris'ner waits an' dhreams he's a lightnin'-rod, an' th' public waits an' ivrybody waits. Th' high coort is busy in its way. Ivry two or three years it is discovered takin' a nap at a county seat in th' corn belt an' it hands down a decision f'r th' defindant in a case f'r damages growin' out iv th' Shay rebillion. Thin it dhrops off again. Th' higher up a coort is th' less they see iv each other. Their office hours are fr'm a quarther to wan leap years. Ye take a lively lawyer that's wurruked twinty hours a day suin' sthreet railroad comp'nies an' boost him on to a high coort an' he can't think out iv a hammock."

"Mary, I feel dizzy. Suppose I should fall."

"Heavens! I should cast myself down on top of you."

"Well, after all, 'twas but a momentary feeling. I guess I won't fall, Mary."

Among the Old Masters.

A GOOD looking young woman, who had evidently been fed on large quantities of "culturene," was piloting about the Art Museum in New York the other day a fat and comfortable middle-aged soul, whose agreeable but totally uninspired features showed that hers was the proud privilege of being mother to her companion. The girl dragged her mother from canvas to canvas, explaining things in a high-pitched voice, and a portion of their conversation is recorded by the "Tribune."

"Rembrandt was a Dutchman," she observed. "You see how full of shadows his pictures are."

"Shadows, indeed," returned the mother. "I must say, though, it was well for that lady he did put her in the shadow. He must have been well paid for painting her, I should say," she added with scorn.

The two passed on to Rubens.

"Ain't they fat, those ladies—if you can call 'em ladies!" exclaimed the portly matron, for once interested.

"He used his wife as a model, mother," volunteered the cultured one.

"Well, now," said mother, wrathfully, "to think a man would make such a show of his own wife! No, I may not be so well educated as you, but I know better than that, I hope."

The conversation, carried on in clear tones, had attracted the attention of half the room. The girl blushed deeply, and drew her mother away in the direction of the modern rooms. The hopeless remark floated back:

"No, Antoinette, it ain't no use. Them old masters all look alike to me."

Stranger—And don't your congregation consider it a sin to tell a lie? Kentucky Parson—It depends on the lie, stranger. We don't consider it any great harm for a man to make out he has been bitten by a snake in a prohibition district.—Philadelphia "Record."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

At North Berwick, near Edinburgh, the other day, a golfer whose ardor is greatly in advance of his skill got into difficulties at the second hole. Repeated "foozles" left his ball badly "cupped" on the brink of a bunker. He turned to his caddie in despair. Said he: "I've tried my brassie, and my cleek, and my mashie, and none of them will lift out that ball. What should you say I should take now?" "Sir," was the perfectly respectful and sympathetic response, "I wad mysel' be taking, were it just me mysel', the four-twenty train back to Edinburgh." And he did.

The English papers are full of apocryphal incidents, alleged to have taken place in Canada during the recent Royal visit. It is related, for instance, that a proud and touchy resident in the neighborhood of Perth declined to go to Ottawa to see the Duchess because, although he went to see the Prince of Wales in 1860, the Royal family had never returned his call. Less ceremonious was the Western alderman who, grasping the Duke's hand with firmness and effusion, exclaimed, "I met your old man here forty years ago."

A recently published story of the late Lord Morris, Chief Justice of Ireland, illustrates his scorn of red tape and petty details. A question had arisen as to the cost of heating the Irish law courts, and a consequential treasury official was sent over from London to Dublin on purpose to investigate the matter. When he introduced himself and explained his errand, Lord Morris studied with suspicious blandness and said: "Certainly, I will put you in communication with the person immediately in charge of that department." Then he sent out a messenger, and presently there entered an old charwoman. Lord Morris arose and left the room, saying as he did so: "Mary, here is the young man to see about the coal."

Father Taylor, the sailors' friend, was a man who at all times spoke with an engaging frankness, which sometimes became more brusque than was desirable. A banker from the West End of Boston once visited Father Taylor's church during a fervid revival, and varied the usual character of the meeting by a rather pompous address. Its purport was that the merchant princes of Boston were a very beneficent set of men, whose wealth and enterprise gave employment to thousands of sailors, and that it was, above all, the duty of seamen to show their gratitude to the merchants. At the close of his speech the banker was somewhat taken aback when Father Taylor rose and asked, simply: "Is there any other sinner from up-town who would like to say a word?"

Not long ago a Western Kansas politician was asked by his wife to lay aside politics long enough one day to dig the potatoes in the garden. He consented, and, after digging for a few minutes, went into the house and said he had found a coin. He washed it off, and it proved to be a silver quarter. He put it in his jeans and went back to work. Presently he went to the house again and said he had found another coin. He washed the dirt off of it, and this time it was a silver half-dollar. He put it in his jeans. "I have worked pretty hard," said he to his wife; "I guess I'll take a short nap." When he awoke, he found that his wife had dug all the rest of the potatoes. But she found no coins. It then dawned upon her that she had been "worked."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

Smoking-Cars For Women.

SMOKING seems to be growing in favor among the fair sex, especially on the Continent. So apparent has this become of late that the railroad authorities of Belgium have been seriously considering the advisability of introducing cars in which only women shall be allowed to travel. What has particularly served to bring the matter before the officials' notice is an incident that happened a few weeks since, when a young woman entered one of the carriages on the Southern Railroad reserved for ladies, and in a few minutes after the train had started from Brussels lit a cigarette and began to smoke it. Whereupon the other women in the compartment became very indignant, threatening to complain to the guard as soon as the train stopped. "I am in a carriage reserved for ladies," observed the smoker, blandly, "and I am not aware of any law which prohibits ladies from smoking." When the train stopped, the guard was informed of the proceedings, but was loath to interfere, and the result was that when the woman smoker arrived at her destination, she consulted a lawyer, who has now by an action in court raised the interesting question: Should railroad companies be compelled to provide separate smoking cars for women who wish to smoke while they are traveling? Some of the companies, however, appear to have taken time by the forelock, for it is understood that arrangements have already been made on some of the Belgian railroads to provide smoking compartments exclusively for women addicted to the use of tobacco.

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's wall.

In comparison with the English tongue, foreign tongues seem parsimonious in some ways of expression and wasteful in others. For instance, it is impossible to "kick" a man in French. You must give him a "blow with the foot." The Portuguese do not "wink" at one; they "close and open the eyes." In the languages of the American Indians there is no word with which to convey the idea of "stealing," perhaps because the idea of property is so vague. It is related of one of the early missionaries that, in attempting to translate the Bible into Algonkin, he could find no word to express "love," and was compelled to invent it.

The first thing that strikes a landsman on a man-of-war is the rigid discipline observed everywhere. On some of the ships belonging to the tropical countries, however, discipline is very lax. The "Defense," a Haytian man-of-war, was lying in the harbor of Port au Prince. One day a mess cook, for some reason, cleaned about a peck of knives and forks on the gun-deck, and, being suddenly called away, and not wishing to spend time to go to the galley, he seized the mess-pot full of knives and forks and stuck it in the muzzle of the ten-inch gun, putting the tampion in after it. About an hour afterward the admiral came aboard, and as the gun was loaded with blank cartridge, they used it to fire a salute. It happened that the gun was aimed toward the town, and almost pointblank at the Grand Hotel. The guests assembled on the porch to witness the ceremonies, when they were saluted with a rain of knives and forks, which stuck against the wooden walls like quills on a porcupine. Fortunately no one was hurt, although there were many narrow escapes.

A Famous Necklace.

The famous pearl necklace of the Countess Castiglione, which has just been sold by auction to a French jewelry dealer for eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars, is one of the most beautiful things of its kind in existence. The piece consists of two hundred and seventy-nine pearls, which are threaded on five strings. Each string was put up separately and knocked down to different bids. Granberg of Paris succeeded in securing all of them, thus giving him possession of the beautiful necklace in its entirety. The countess was an eccentric character. To punish France for having become a republic she shut herself up in her house and never let the light of day shine on her, contenting herself with candles and gas. At the same time she abolished mirrors from her apartments, and thus spared herself the pain of looking at her face as it aged.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

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A Naval Battle on Horseback.

GENERAL PAEZ was the first president of the republic of Venezuela, and to him perhaps, more than to any other man, with the exception of Simon Bolivar, Venezuela owes her independence. Paez was a llanero—cowboy—on the llanos or plains of the Orinoco, and at the age of eighteen was superintendent of a large cattle estate. One of the most remarkable incidents of modern warfare, in which Paez played the principal part, is chronicled in Mr. W. E. Curtis's book on Venezuela.

General Paez is the only man who ever fought a naval battle on horseback. With his cavalry he actually attacked and captured a fleet of ships.

While Bolivar was trying to cross the Apure River with his army, during the struggle for independence, he was prevented by a half-dozen or more of Spanish gunboats, which anchored in the stream and moved up and down as he did.

"I would give the world to have possession of that flotilla," exclaimed he to Paez, who had then risen to be second in command, "for I can never cross the river as long as it is there! If it belonged to us, instead of to the enemy, the crossing would be an easy matter."

"I will have those flecheras (ships) or die!" exclaimed Paez; and, calling upon his llaneros—his regiment of cowboys—he said: "Let those follow Tio who dare!"

"Tio" was the pet name by which Paez was known among his reckless followers, but he never used it himself except in an emergency.

He spurred his stallion into the stream, followed by three thousand llaneros, and their horses, which are taught to swim as well as to gallop, carried them directly to the gunboats.

It was night. The Spanish fleet was taken entirely unawares. The llaneros clambered from their saddles to the decks of the vessels, and then let their horses swim back to shore. Thus, after cutting off their own retreat, it was a question of win or die. They fought desperately, and every vessel was captured.

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Editor Morning Times

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THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tea Bargains.

Best 50c Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs..........	$1.00
Ceylon Orange Pekoe, 4 lbs.........	1.00
Best 50c Japan Tea, 3 lbs..........	1.00
Best 40c Tea, 30c; 4 lbs......	1.00
Uncolored Japan Bargain 20c, 5 lbs	1.00

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 370 - 282 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 11, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—To-day is Ash Wednesday, the first day of the Lenten season.

—The country roads are being opened up and farmers are coming into town.

—The town grader was used on George street yesterday to good advantage, in filling pitch holes and cutting down the cones.

WANTED—At once, three furnished rooms, in central part of the town. Apply to Box C, Times office.

—According to Bradstreet's, nearly 90 per cent. of the concerns that fail in business are those which don't advertise.

—The Water Commissioners have decided to change the office of Water Collector from the present place to the office of the Town Treasurer, where all water rates will be paid in the future.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 158 Hunter Street west.

—Get valentines at Times Bookstore.

—A horse belonging to Mr. Clem Gordon ran away yesterday afternoon and made things lively for a few minutes. The horse took to the side walk on Hunter street, and fell in front of the Oriental Hotel. The large plate glass windows were in danger of being broken as the horse was within striking distance. No damage was done however.

—At a meeting of the C.G.E. Glee Club, on Saturday evening last, Mr. G. W. Mulligan resigned the leadership of the club, owing to press of other business. Under his leadership the club has been of a very high standard, and a strong effort was made to retain him. It is hoped that an efficient director will soon be obtained.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.35; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

Concert at All Saints'

The Girls' Guild of All Saint's church gave a very successful concert in the Sunday School room last night. The attendance was not very large, owing to the number of attractions in the town. An excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music, readings and recitations was presented, and was heartily appreciated by those present.

Married on Tuesday

St Andrew's Manse was the scene of a quiet and pretty wedding on Tuesday evening, when Miss Lizzie Cadigan, became the wife of Mr. Matthew Brakenridge. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. G. Potter, assisted by Rev. W. L. Atkinson, of Inglewood. The newly married couple will receive the warmest congratulations of their many friends.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. B. J. Gough, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday, on business.

—Mr. W. G. Luke, of Oshawa, general agent of the Massey-Harris Co., was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Jas. Maude, is in New York on business connected with the firm of J. C. Turnbull & Co.

—Mr. Harold Armstrong, who has been indisposed for the past few days, is able to be out again.

—Mrs. Mallory, of Toronto, who has been the guest of Mrs. Dr. Bradd for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Toronto on Monday.

—Mr. R. J. Richardson, Eastern Field Manager of the Birbeck Loan Co., of London, is in town on business connected with that company.

—Miss Mallory, of Toronto, who has been the guest of Mrs. Dr. Bradd, left yesterday to visit friends in Campbellford.

—The residence of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews, Keene, has been closed, and Miss Andrews, who resided with her father, has gone to Toronto, to reside with her brothers.

—Miss Mamie Thompson has returned from a pleasant visit to Bowmanville, accompanied by Miss Margaret Young, who will be the guest of Miss Nellie Thompson, 772 Water street.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Cressman and Miss Jessie, left yesterday on a visit to Western Ontario. Before returning, Mr. Cressman will visit some of the American cities.

—Mr. Roy Armstrong, the lively little right wing of the Peterborough senior hockey team, was in town last Saturday, looking after the colts. He says the seniors are in great shape for the games with R.M.C. this week. —Port Hope Guide.

—Mr. John Heimer, who for some time past has been superintendent of the Birbeck Loan Co., of London, has severed his connection with that firm and has taken a position with the Ladies Household Companion Co., of Toronto, as travelling representative. Mr. Heimer is well known in Peterborough and other places, where he has made many friends who wish him every success in his new undertaking.

—Rev. J. Bastow left yesterday for New York city. He will officiate at a marriage at Passaic to-day; he preaches at the Warburton Avenue Baptist church, Yonkers, at both services on the 16th and lectures to the Y.M.C.A. at Rochester, N. Y., on the 20th. He expects to arrive home on the 21st, and will occupy his pulpit on the 23rd.

SPORTING NOTES

Two rinks with Dickson Hall and Hern, known as skips defeated two rinks with Dr. Robinson and S. Beacon as skips by a score of 13 to 3. The prize was a bag of flour to be given to the Protestant Home.

Lenten Services

To-day, Ash Wednesday, there will be service at St. John's Church at 11 a.m. At 8 p.m. the regular course of Lenten lectures will be begun. Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will deliver the first address, he will speak on, "Hedges along the way." The general subject this year will be, "The Pilgrim and the Path."

The choir will be in attendance and a large audience is expected.

St. Luke's Church Notes

To-day, Ash Wednesday, Divine service will be held in the church at 11 a.m. and 7.30. In the evening the Rev. J. C. Davidson, M.A., Rector of St. John' church, will preach on "Self-Discipline in Relation to Spiritual Culture."

To-morrow evening at the meeting of the Men's Guild, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will read a paper on "Christian Service." A large attendance is requested.

A Cathedral Wedding

A quiet and pretty wedding took place on Monday afternoon at St. Peter's Cathedral, when Mrs. Catherine Sullivan of town, and Mr. Samuel Clancy, of Toronto, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father McColl in the presence of a number of friends of the contracting parties. The bride was attired in a navy blue travelling suit and wore a black picture hat. The bridesmaid, Miss Winnie Hogan, was attired in a pretty travelling suit, and black picture hat. Mr. M. J. O'Brien, brother of the bride performed the duties of bestman.

Mr. and Mrs. Clancy left in the afternoon train, C.P.R., for Toronto and Buffalo. On their return they will take up residence in Toronto.

Installation Postponed

The installation of officers of Mount Hebron and Hiawatha encampments, I.O.O.F., which was to have taken place last night has been indefinitely postponed.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FAST AND DIRECT SERVICE

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COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE

- VIA THE -

Great International Route

And its through connections.

ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

Dining, Cafe Parlor Cars, and Pullman Sleepers on through trains.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

Personal and Otherwise.

Everybody Says why does not God kill the [illegible] It will get the booklet, costs you 10c. Dominion Novelty Co., Hamilton, Ont.

The Manufacturers' Life

15th Annual Report.

The Amalgamation of the Temperance and General Life Assurance Company and the Manufacturers' Life Assurance Company Proves to be a Great Success

The fifteenth annual meeting of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company was held at the head office, Toronto, Feb. 6, 1902. The report presented by the Managing Director was of the most satisfactory nature, calling forth congratulations from all sides. It was as follows:

This being the first annual meeting since the amalgamation of the Temperance and General Life Assurance Company of North America and the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, no doubt a great deal of interest will be taken in the report of the year's transactions by the shareholders and policyholders, and it therefore gives your directors great pleasure to be able to lay before you a statement so eminently satisfactory in all particulars.

It might reasonably have been anticipated that the disturbance incident to the amalgamation of two vigorously growing concerns would have resulted for the first year at least in a considerable loss of business, but it is pleasing to learn that the opposite is the case. The only feature in the company's affairs indicating any prejudicial effect is the number of not-taken policies, which amounted to a little more than the usual percentage of the new business, and were principally from amongst the new policies written during the eight months immediately preceding amalgamation; that is, while rumors were freely circulating, and before a definite announcement could be made. On the other hand, since the actual consolidation in June last, the company has made rapid strides in every department.

The applications for new assurances were 3836, for $5,068,378, being $541,-409 in excess of the business of the combined companies for 1900. Of this amount, $606,117 was declined as not being up to the required standard. Applications for $33,804 were incomplete at the end of the year, and 3395 policies were issued, for $5,023,401. The total assurances now in force aggregate $27,129,424, of which $8,045,409 is in the Temperance section, $16,540,-020 in the General and $2,553,955 in the Foreign.

The net premium and interest income for the year was $1,061,821.98, being an increase of $103,605.67 over that of both companies for 1900. The payments to policyholders, including Death Claims, were $236,073.74, and working expenses and taxes amounted to $282,952.06, excluding the sum of $9,230.28, which was expense out of the ordinary connected with amalgamation. Had the rate of expenses to premium income continued the same as in 1900, the ordinary working expenses would have been $283,170.94, so that the saving for the six months since amalgamation has amounted to $20,238.88, or at the rate of over $10,000 a year, a result which fulfils our estimate and fully justifies the action taken by the Boards of the amalgamating companies.

The excess of income over expenditure is $572,014.67, a very substantial amount to add in one year to the reserves and surplus for policyholders.

The Claims actually falling in during the year were $196,366.10, of which $43,056.10 was in the Temperance section, $139,520 in the General and $13,-180 in the Foreign.

The Assets show an increase of $568,119.03, having almost reached the $4,000,000 mark.

The Reserves for policyholders on the Government standard amount to $3,210,701, and the surplus on policyholders' account to $502,321.50.

The date fixed by Legislation for the companies to comply with the more conservative 4 per cent. basis of valuation is Jan. 1st, 1910. This company could comply with this standard to-day and still have a considerable surplus over all liabilities and capital stock.

Altogether, with rapidly increasing assets and surplus, a thriving new business, and increasing expense ratio, the position is a very satisfactory one. Your directors have good reasons to congratulate you on such results, and to record their appreciation of the arduous labors of the officers, office staff and field force, and the success which has attended their efforts during a year when so much extra work and strain devolved upon them. Now that the agencies and head office affairs of the two companies have been fully consolidated, and the whole attention of the management can be given to the ordinary requirements of the business, we may reasonably look forward to even greater achievements in the near future.

The auditors' report will be found appended to the accompanying financial statement and balance sheet.

G. W. ROSS,
President.

J. F. JUNKIN,
Managing Director.

FINANCIAL ABSTRACT

—OF THE—

Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company for the Year Ending December 31, 1901.

Assets

Government, Municipal and other Bonds, Stocks and Expenditures..	$2,106,819 85
Mortgages on Real Estate....................	1,077,395 05
Loans on Policies....................	254,105 08
Real Estate....................	56,859 24
Deferred Premiums, Prems in Transit and Interest due and accrued	246 789 95
Other Assets (including Cash in Banks).	30,608 08
	$3,772,477 25

Liabilities

Reserve for Policies and Annuities....................	$ 3,210,701 00
Authorized Dividends to Policyholders and Death Claims awaiting proofs, etc....................	49,067 00
All other Liabilities, except Capital Stock....................	10,387 75
Surplus on Policyholders' Account....................	502,321 50
	$ 3,772,477 25

Income.

Cash received for Premiums....................	$923,102 56
Cash received for Interest, Rents and from other sources..........	181,719 42
	$ 1,104,821 98

Expenditures.

To Policyholders for Death Claims............	$169,622 49	
To Policyholders for Matured Endowments, Investment Policies and Annuities....................	33,607 64	
To Policyholders for Profits and Surrender Values.....	32,843 61	
Total Payments to Policyholders....................		236,073 74
Payments for all Other Accounts....................		296 733 57
Excess of Income over Expenditures....................		572,014 67
		$ 1,104,821 98

Note—

For Security of Policyholders the Company holds:

(a) Surplus as Above....................	$ 502,321 50
(b) Reserve as Above....................	3,210,701 00
(c) Uncalled Capital Stock....................	1 200,000 00
Total Security to Policyholders....................	$4 913,022 50

The Hon. G. W. Ross, President of the company, in moving the adoption of the report, said:

I am very glad, indeed, to meet the other shareholders of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company in my capacity as President, and to express to you my gratification at the report that has just been presented to us.

The first feature that comes to our notice, and one that gives me personally much pleasure, is the fact that, after careful consideration the directors have decided to adopt the single name of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, instead of the dual name—the Manufacturers and Temperance and General Life Insurance Company—a name altogether too cumbersome for business purposes. The change, of course, naturally caused some confusion at first among policyholders, but I am glad to say that all seem to concur in the wisdom of the change when the circumstances are made plain to them. Indeed, the fact that the new company has made so many new friends, with such excellent results, as the financial statement shows, proves that the amalgamation and the subsequent changes have been wisely brought about.

It will be noticed that the amount of insurance applied for during 1901 was an increase over the combined amount applied for in the two companies last year by over one-half million dollars, and that all the other items show a similar advance. A feature even more gratifying, and arising directly from the amalgamation, is the reduction of management expenses of the new company. A reduction of over $20,000 in six months is in itself nearly equal to the dividends paid last year, and it is the more remarkable result when we consider that this happened in the first year of the company, when all the expenses of the amalgamation had to be reckoned with.

All the facts, indeed, brought about by the statement go to prove the wisdom displayed by both companies in amalgamating. A comparison of the statement, with the combined figures of the two companies, is most gratifying in every particular. The premium income shows an advance of over $82,000. The assets which have reached the magnificent sum of $3,-772,477.25, show an increase of over half a million dollars. The security to policyholders, amounting to almost $5,000,000, also shows an increase of about a half-million. The figures place the success of the amalgamation and the power and strength of the new company beyond a question.

There is yet another feature to which I would wish to draw your attention. I refer to the high standard which is being kept up by the medical examiners in all their examinations, as exemplified by the fact that over 600 applications have been refused during the year. The future success of the company depends to a great extent upon this high standard being maintained.

As I have stated before, this is a most satisfactory report, and the company can enter upon the ensuing year with a great deal of confidence. The position, both financially and as far as all employes are concerned, is most promising. I know there is but one feeling held by all those connected with the company, and that is to serve it to the best of their ability; and I firmly believe next year will even surpass the year we have just completed.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

On June 1st, 1902 - To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2 50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

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MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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Address..

County..........................

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General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

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SETTLERS' One-Way EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

Help Wanted.

Latest Out. Mirror in your hat with your name on. Stick in any hat. Sample and terms 10c. Dominion Picture and Novelty Co., Hamilton, Ont.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 584, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

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NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the wells, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO Sir J. A. Boyd, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture.

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be prepared to receive orders for the delivery of [illegible] Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 37 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY FEBRUARY 13 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ANOTHER BIG CHINESE REBELLION IS NOW SAID TO BE BREWING

Prince Tuan and Tang Fu Hsiang Gathering Forces at Shingchipu

Large Force Said to Have Assembled and will Soon Attack Pekin

The Allies will be in Better Shape to Fight the Horde Than Ever Before

Pekin, Feb. 13 — Prince Tuan, says the North China Daily News, on the authority of native papers, is still reported to be residing in a fortified town called Shingchipu, a place which he made his refuge upon the flight of the court from Pekin. Prince Tuan and Gen. Tung Fu Hsiang have made their headquarters a rallying point for their followers and all who hate the foreigners, hate the Government or hate their fellow men.

Chingshipp is a historical town and is famous for the heroic stand of ten years it made while held by the Mohammedan rebels against the armies of the late Marquis Tao Tsung Tian from 1862 to 1872. The place had been turned into a collection of towns, each with thick mud walls around it and with one high wall with ramparts, bastions, etc., around the whole cluster of towns. Here from 300,000 to 400,000 people can easily find shelter, and from this place Tuan and Ting Fu Hsiang are sending their agents to obtain grain and recruits, perhaps with the intention of starting a rebellion.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—A letter has been received here giving further evidence in support of the charges of Boer cruelty to Canadian wounded after the engagement at Witkopport last December. The Canadian casualties numbered sixteen, including Trooper W. H. Walker, of the Northwest, and Trooper Sloan of Toronto, killed. The writer of the letter says: "An explosive bullet shattered his leg, and two bullets struck him in the face. The Boers stripped him, and he lay out in the scorching sun till evening. His body was all blistered. The Boers, in fact, stripped every one of the wounded they came across, and made them walk back to [illegible]. Midway and two others, Sloan and Ingles, were together. Sloan was wounded. The Boers stripped him, and he died from the wounds and exposure. Ingles gave up after his ammunition was exhausted. While the Boers were pulling his shirt over his head one of them shot him in the shoulder. Then they told him to get to camp. When he was about 200 yards away, the Boers fired a dozen shots at him, but fortunately none took effect. They treated our wounded shamefully. It was something disgraceful. We killed nineteen Boers and wounded many more."

PRISON BEFORE THE ARMY.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—In Bavaria a movement is afoot for declining to serve in the army. The leaders come from Austria, and are members of a widespread religious and socialist organization there called the Nazarenes. Several of the young members of the sect, having declined to join the army or carry arms, have been arrested, and will be tried by courtmartial. A short time ago one Nazarene died in a Hungarian prison after having maintained his principles for more than eight years.

Montreal, Feb 11.—A coachman, named Daniel Sutherland, who came here from England, attempted to murder his wife last night at her boarding house, 1835 Ontario-street. The couple had not been living together, on account of Sutherland's insane jealousy, and the wife has been boarding at Mrs. Henderson's near at hand. The wouldbe murderer entered his wife's room and fired two shots, the ball entering the woman's head, although she is still alive. The bullet has not yet been extracted. After the attempt, Sutherland at the police who arrested him, and shot himself in the wrist. The officers, however, escaped without injury, and the furious man was locked up.

HONORS FOR SCHWAB

London, Feb. 11.—Sir Thomas Lipton, Mrs. Huneiker, Archibald White Maconochie, M. P., for East Aberdeen; Joseph Lawrence, M. P., for the Monmouth District, chairman of the Machinery Trust, director of the Westinghouse Electric Company, etc., and Yacht Designer Watson bade farewell to Mr. Charles M. Schwab, President of the United States Steel Corporation, when he left London to-day to take the steamship St. Paul from Southampton for New York. The railway carriage in which Mr. Schwab traveled was decorated with flowers, which had been sent by Sir Thomas Lipton.

The interview which Mr. Schwab had with King Edward yesterday was at His Majesty's instance. It was not solicited by Mr. Schwab.

WILL CROWD WESTMINSTER

From 8,000 to 10,000 Persons to See King Edward Crowned.

London, Feb. 12—The problem of accommodating those who are entitled to be in Westminster Abbey at the coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra, together with the question of those whom it is considered desirable to invite, has been one of the most difficult of those that the Government and Abbey authorities and officers of the royal household have ever had to solve. It is generally supposed that from eight thousand to ten thousand persons will be present. The following paragraph appears in a generally well-informed weekly:

"Sixteen inches of room would strike most of us as inadequate for our persons. Yet this, we are credibly informed, is the space to be allowed in Westminster Abbey to each of the 8,000 persons who will be bidden to attend the coronation."

UNCLE SAM'S WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES

It is a Merciless Murder of Innocent Natives

THE WAR SHOULD BE STOPPED

For Two Years the Americans Have Been Engaged in Shooting Down These Poor People — The Difference Between the Philippine War and the South African War

Toronto, Feb. 12—The News says:

The American newspapers which are berating Great Britain for refusing Holland's offer to act as mediator in South Africa would be better employed in trying to bring their own Government to a sense of the injustice and brutality of its attempt to force itself on the Filipinos. If the interference of civilized nations was ever warranted in the attack of one people on another, it is in the American invasion of the Philippines. Those islands had cast off the rule of Spain before the outbreak of hostilities between that country and the United States, and if the Americans had been true to republican principles they would have recognized them as a free and independent nation, instead of a Spanish possession, to be seized among the spoils of war. The Americans excuse the course they have taken by declaring that the Filipinos are not capable of governing themselves, but no one believes that they took the islands off the hands of the Spaniards at a valuation of many millions of dollars for the sake of the inhabitants, and everyone does believe that they were actuated solely by the expectation that the islands would prove of enormous commercial value to them.

They have been engaged for two years now in the pastime of shooting down these poor people, whose only desire is to be left to themselves, simply because they think that the possession of the islands will increase their trade, and they have done this in the face of their pet rule of political faith, the Monroe doctrine, which should certainly deter them from extending their territory in the Eastern hemisphere, when it preaches that Eastern nations should be prevented from further occupation in the Western hemisphere, even at the price of war, if necessary. When the most extravagant Boer claims are allowed, Great Britain's cause in South Africa is far more just than this unprovoked assault of the Americans on a semi-barbarous people, whose country happened to arouse their avarice, and when the press of the United States has done its duty by its own country it will be time enough for it to turn its attention to the faults of other nations.

WEDDING BELLS

Nuptials of Mr. David A. Finlay and Miss Lina Lowes—Both of Emily

The residence of Mrs. Jacob Lowes, Emily, was the scene of a pretty and interesting event on Wednesday, Feb. 5th, when her daughter, Miss Lina Lowes, became the wife of Mr. David A. Finley, of Emily. Rev. Mr. Howe, of Omemee, performed the ceremony in the presence of a large company of friends. The bride was attired in a becoming gown of white canton crepe, trimmed with silk, and a veil of white, and was assisted by her sister, Miss Mina Lowes, who wore a becoming gown of white organdie, trimmed with silk. Both carried beautiful bouquets of flowers. The groom was ably assisted by Mr. B. G. Finlay, of Mount Pleasant. After the ceremony, the party partook of a sumptuous wedding breakfast, after which Mr. and Mrs. Finley left for their future home on the second concession of Emily, followed by the best wishes of a host of friends.

A BRUTAL ASSAULT

A Man Named Redmond From Cavan, Badly Beaten

A man named Redmond, who is said to live in Cavan, was beaten almost into insensibility a few nights ago. The assault occurred on Simcoe street, and from what can be learned, was unprovoked. Redmond, who is an elderly man, was attempting to gain admission to a certain place, and was set upon by a man, who came from the inside. He was knocked down and kicked on the head and face. After the unfortunate victim was let go, he managed to make his way to Dr. McClelland, where his wounds were dressed. He was so badly used up that he was unable to go home until the following day.

SPLENDID MINING PROPOSITION

The State Line Copper Mining Co.—Worthy of the Attention of Investors

We call the attention of investors to the advertisement of Messrs. Sampson & Wemott, Fiscal Agents of the State Line Copper Mining Co., Suite 300, Century Building, Denver, Colo., which appears elsewhere in to-day's issue. This old and reliable banking firm have a safe and profitable investment to offer their customers and the public. A postal card sent to their address will bring a prospectus and statement.

TWO PAINFUL ACCIDENTS

Which Happened at the Canadian General on Tuesday

On Tuesday morning an employee of the Electric Works, named Fitzsimmons, had his hand badly smashed. It is not likely that the hand will have to be amputated, but it is very painful.

In the afternoon Mr. A. H. Webb, another employee, had his elbow badly crushed by being run over by a trolley. The arm is very painful, but is doing nicely. Dr. Young is attending both cases.

ANNUAL MEETING

The 57th Regt. Band Had a Successful Year—Officers Elected

The annual meeting of the 57th Regt. Band, was held in the band hall on Tuesday evening. The reports showed the band to have had a very successful year, financially and musically. The hearty support extended by the citizens has enabled the band to meet its heavy obligations for new instruments and general equipment, and to have a small balance left over. The present year will require the best efforts of the management, to pay off a debt of $600 for the new saxaphones and to meet the current expenses. The citizens of the town will be asked to assist the band by giving contributions.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President and Manager—Mr. R. Mein.
Treasurer—Mr. Robt. Beach.
Secretary—Mr. John A. Harper.
Librarian—Mr. George Grange.
Advisory Board—Mr. Jos. Halpenny, chairman, Messrs. F. C. Miller, W. H. Lech, E. Crook, W. Hughes, Harry Clarke, R. Shelton, W. Cunningham and Thos. Birch.

Mr. Jas. Crowe was made an honorary member of the Board, as an acknowledgement of his efficient services in connection with the band, and Mr. Glidden, the retiring president, was accorded a hearty vote of thanks for his services during the past year.

Devised by an Eminent Physician and Generally Prescribed by the Profession

Paine's Celery Compound

THE MARVELLOUS BANISHER OF DISEASE HAS BECOME THE POPULAR FAMILY MEDICINE

Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., according to the ethics of honest and reputable physicians, gave to the leading medical men of the world his wonderful prescription, Paine's Celery Compound, as soon as it was perfected. For this reason Paine's Celery Compound has never been included among patent medicines. Coming from so high a source, and being so thoroughly tested and so strongly recommended, physicians prescribe it with confidence.

Paine's Celery Compound rapidly gains in fame as a disease banisher; all who have tried it gratefully acknowledge its curing and life-giving power. It drives the poison germs of deep-seated diseases from the blood; it brings buoyancy of spirit in place of lassitude and despondency; in enables the overtaxed and broken-down system to start fairly on the road to health; it gives the sweet sleep so necessary to brain and nerves. It strengthens, invigorates and gives tone to the system, makes pure blood, is food and nourishment for nerves and tissue. It makes sick people well. Mr. R. McMullin, Camden, N.S., writes as follows about his cure:

"For over four years I have been in poor health, and received treatment from two doctors, besides using seven kinds of patent medicines. I also sent to New York and got a month's treatment of a special medicine, but no good results came from it. I was rundown, suffered terribly, could not rest at night, and every morning had a severe pain in my back, dizziness in my head, and vomited bitter green matter, and had no appetite. I heard of Paine's Celery Compound and decided to give it a trial, and am happy to report that it worked wonders. The pains are all gone, I rest well at night, my appetite is good, and my health is now splendid. Paine's Celery Compound has worked miracles for me. I recommend it to all sick people as the best medicine."

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

The Ottawa municipal coal yard scheme is said to have aroused more interest than any other bill before the legislature this session. Municipal ownership in every form is attracting more attention every day. That cities should supply the ratepayers with light is an accepted idea, and in this climate it is equally important that the people should have cheap heat. The next on the bill will be municipal insurance.

Deafness is Curable

Sufferers from impaired hearing will be glad to know that their affliction is probably not due to any organic defect in the ear, but results probably from a thickening of the lining of the middle ear caused by catarrhal inflammation. Hundreds of perfect recoveries as a result of the inhalation of Catarrhozone are reported, and on the highest authority we recommend this treatment to our readers. Catarrhozone quickly restores lost hearing, and its efficiency is placed beyond dispute by the case of Mr. Foxall of St. Thomas, who recovered perfect hearing by using Catarrhozone, after years of deafness. Price $1.00. At druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE LATE DR. FIFE

His Death Occurred at an Early Hour Yesterday Morning after a Lingering Illness

The death of Dr. J. A. Fife, which occurred at his family residence, No. 631 George street, at an early hour yesterday morning, though not altogether unexpected, brought sorrow to a large circle of friends and acquaintances. For some time past, Dr. Fife had not been in very good health, and of late has been unable to attend his professional duties. His death was due to paralysis, followed by a general breaking up of the constitution.

Dr. Fife was a born Canadian, of Scotch descent. He was born in the township of Otonabee, and after receiving his education here, he went to Victoria School of Medicine in 1860. Three years later he went to Washington, with a view of joining the American army or navy, and was granted a commission as assistant surgeon in the navy. He was in Admiral Dahlgren's fleet, and was present at the bombardment of Charleston, S.C., and was for some time on blockade duty. After the termination of the war he took a regular course in Bellevue Hospital, N.Y., subsequently returning to Toronto, where he finished his course at Victoria. After receiving his degree, he practiced for a short time in Brampton and Hastings, and subsequently removed to Peterborough, where he has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession. The deceased was married to a daughter of Rev. Ashton Fletcher, of Woodstock, Ont. Mrs. Fife survives her husband, together with the following sons and daughters: Messrs. Wm. Fletcher, of Borland, Man.; Ashton T., of Rat Portage, and J. Harold, of Vancouver, B. C., and Miss Mary H. A., and Miss Alice L. O., who reside at home.

The late Dr. Fife was well known throughout this district. He was a man of many amiable qualities and for many years has been a zealous worker in the George Street Methodist Church. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Service will be held in the George Street Methodist church, before the remains are removed to their last resting place in the Little Lake Cemetery.

NEW MANAGER FOR COMMERCE

Mr. D. Hughes-Charles, of Galt, to Come to Peterborough

In regard to the promotion of Mr. D. Hughes-Charles, Manager of the Bank of Commerce, Galt, to Peterborough, the Woodstock Times says:

The many friends of Mr. D. Hughes-Charles, Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Galt, will be very pleased to know that he has been promoted to the managership of the Peterborough branch. Yesterday's Galt Reporter, in regretting Mr. Charles' removal, says:

Mr. Hughes-Charles confined himself to no hobbies, but was in general a citizen that worked for the town, and the townspeople will long feel a vacancy that will be hard to fill. His geniality, his Irish wit, his courtesy and efficiency as a banker, his progressive citizenship, have all united to make him one of the best residents this town has known.

And the Galt Reformer of the same date pays the following tribute:

It's needless to enumerate the many ways in which Mr. Charles has been a good friend to Galt and a loyal citizen. Every public-spirited movement has had his sympathy and support. His jolly laugh, his wit, his humor, all will linger in our memories. His connection with the Galt hospital is well known and justly appreciated; he'll go down to history as one of the founders of the Galt horse show, and he has been an energetic and eloquent member of the Galt Board of Trade.

$100 Reward, $100.

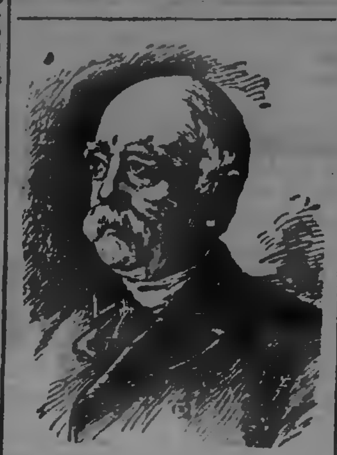
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that it Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WHY THE GERMANS HATE THE ENGLISH



The Boer War Did Not Originate the Present Trouble

But It Has Greatly Aggravated the Dislike of Britain

The Feeling as it now Exists, is a Menace to the Peace of the World

London, Feb. 13—The feeling in Germany against England is not passing away as rapidly as the friends of peace would wish. The Post says there is no disguising the fact that it is a menace to the peace of the world. Should England find trouble with France, for instance, over the Newfoundland matter, it would be difficult to restrain the German people from participating in the conflict.

The Contemporary Review, in discussing the matter, says:

About the fact there is no doubt whatever. The admiration and the liking for England which were formerly exhibited in Germany have almost entirely passed away. Even Hamburg, in which formerly the "cult" of England was a popular feature, and about which there was an English atmosphere, is now as Anglophobe as Dresden. Where some regard for England is still evinced, as, for instance, in rich Jewish circles, in young ladies' academies, and among some of the women in good society, it is no longer described as "love," but denounced as a "mania." If a German likes the French or the Russians, he is termed a Francophil or a Russophil; if he likes the English he is branded as an Anglomaniac. The epigram "Englanderei" is a term of reproach; it conveys the contempt which we should express, if we spoke of a "Germanite." Among the Junker aristocracy, it is the men; among the middle class it is the women, who foster Anglophobia. In every middle-class family the women are for the Boers. The children play at "Boers," and in their play the English are always worsted. In a word, the virus of Anglophobia permeates the German nation. In the professor's chair, in the pulpit, in the mess-room, in the canteen, in the drawing-room, in the farmhouse, in the proletariat's garret, the dislike of England is incessantly encountered.

Anglophobia in Germany, indeed, is of older date than the Boer war. The fact rankles that the English sympathised with the Danes in 1864, and with the French in 1870. Bismarck's biographer, Busch, tells us that the Chancellor fostered Anglophobia as a lever against English influence at the Court at Berlin, and that, as long ago as 1884 he instigated Busch to write newspaper articles inciting Europe to help the Boers against England. Then, again, while Germans have become commercial rivals and colonial rivals of Englishmen, the tremendous advance that the latter have secured excites the envy that breeds hatred. Even the manners of Englishmen are odious to Germans, who carry forms and conventionalities to an extreme. The Englishman's self-reliance, self-complacency and aggressive personality are intolerable to the German, who is sensitive and punctilious.

The writer in the Contemporary admits that, while the German dislike of England is of older date than the Boer war, it has been greatly aggravated by that contest. He acknowledges that England's policy in South Africa has cost her a number of true German friends, men of the old fashioned type, who, while watching the rise of their own country, with mingled awe and pride, looked to England as the muniment of chartered liberty. Even these men have now become estranged. Their opinions on the war in South Africa are the opinions of the whole of Continental Europe, and of the "pro-Boers" in England itself. The fact that England has no longer any influential friends in Germany, and that Anglophobia there has become deep-rooted as well as wide-spread is recognised as a disquieting fact. If there is as yet no danger in the fact, it is because Germany is not ready, nor can be ready for some decades, to challenge England on the ocean. But that, at some future time and under certain contingencies, the hostility with which Englishmen are looked upon in Germany, may have unpleasant consequences will scarcely be denied by those who believe with Von Moltke that the causes of war are no longer the ambitions of princes, but the feelings of peoples.

GERMAN STATEMENTS ARE QUITE FALSE

Times Correspondent at Washington on Spanish War

BRITISH ARMY AGAIN ASSAILED

Veiled and Unjustifiable Attack by the Berlin Post Referred to by the Correspondent of the Times.

London, Feb. 13.—The Times' correspondent at Washington says the German statement that Lord Pauncefote's connection with the Ambassadorial meeting in Washington on April 14th, is known by the United States Government to be false. The correspondent says it is true that a meeting of the representatives of six powers was held in the British Embassy on that date. Lord Pauncefote, as senior of the diplomatic corps, was requested to call a meeting. He did not suggest the meeting. It was proposed, but not by Lord Pauncefote, that a note be drawn up to be addressed by the diplomats to their own Governments—not to that of the United States. M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, drafted the note, using the phrase, "Would not be justified," with reference to intervention in Cuba. Neither Lord Pauncefote, nor any member of the diplomatic corps proposed the sending of the note to the United States Government, declaring its intervention unjustifiable, and the German Emperor must know that the contention of the German press is unfounded, since Von Holleben was present at the meeting. The note of April 7th, presented by the diplomats, was concerted between Lord Pauncefote and the United States Secretary of State. The Times editorially says that the European Governments, with the exception of England, were silent upon the powers' attitude towards the Spanish war, fearing the embarrassing disclosures that further inquiries might lead to.

London, Feb. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times quotes the following from the Berlin Post as a specimen of the unjust and malicious slanders applied by a portion of the German press against the British army: "The fact that there have been frequent assaults upon Boer women and girls," says the Post, "is established by the testimony of eye-witnesses. Outrages are committed by individual soldiers in every war, and it lies in the nature of the case that in an army of mercenaries, composed partly of very doubtful elements, such outrages should be of more frequent occurrence than in the national armies of the continent."

The Times' correspondent calls attention to the affected tone of moderation adopted to instill the poison of calumnious charges into the minds of the German people.

—Fish, Salt, Fresh, Large, Small; from 5c per dozen, up. H. F. Kidd, 352 George street.

CANADA AND THE MONROE DOCTRINE IS GREAT BRITAINS AUTHORITY MENACED?

Omnious Outlook Regarding the Future Should An Attempt be Made to Enforce the "Doctrine" in British America

Ottawa, Feb. 13—Some consideration is being given to the position of Canada by our public men should the United States attempt to enforce the Monroe doctrine. This may be illustrated by the fact that the United States can buy Greenland or the Danish West Indies, but would not permit Canada to do it. A prominent newspaper says: "It is worth while to know whether it is true that this part of the empire has a moral right which cannot be asserted because of the might of another nation, as the Citizen says, and whether it is true that this country has a moral right which the empire cannot make good for us, but which we must do without until we are strong enough to procure it for ourselves, as the Herald says. It means that British sovereignty is impaired, and is not supreme so far as this portion of the empire is concerned. If it does not mean that what does it mean?"

To this the Citizen replies: "That is exactly what it does mean. The United States has practically declared itself the suzerain of the western hemisphere including Canada, and is prepared to enforce it. Canada is not particularly interested in Greenland or the Danish West Indies, but there is one point where the doctrine comes home to us. That is in connection with the French islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon. France might offer to sell these islands to-morrow but the United States would refuse to let any other power than itself purchase them. In that event it would own these islands right in the throat of the St. Lawrence, dominating our line of communication with Great Britain, and, incidentally, forming a valuable headquarters for the American fishing fleet on the banks of Newfoundland. We should not be surprised at any time to hear that the Americans were negotiating for these islands and under the Monroe doctrine as recognized by Great Britain Canada would be helpless to prevent it."

Examine Them.

The "Coffee-Never-Hurt-Me" People.

Some famous brain workers have made a welcome discovery along the line of recovery of health by the proper selection of food. Several were of the "Coffee-never-hurt-me" kind, but, as an experiment, tried leaving it off ten days, and the use of Postum Cereal Food Coffee in its place. A definite and decided improvement in health is practically certain to attend such a change.

Look carefully into the state of health of the individual who knows that "coffee don't hurt me" and you are almost sure to find some form of physical ail or functional disturbance—perhaps muddy complexion, or weak eyes, incipient heart failure, kidney trouble, liver or bowel disorders, or some form of weakness that shows plainly enough by the cry for relief sent up from some organ of the body.

Why does the dismissal of Coffee and the use of Postum bring help? Experiments in artificial digestion show clearly to the scientific investigator that coffee arrests digestion, and according to one authority allows only 61 per cent. of the food to be digested. That strikes at the very keystone to the arch of health. Failure in digestion means lack of good blood and therefore a lack of food for the nerve centers. As the nerves control the organs of the entire body, one can readily understand that a disorganized nervous system may show effect in any part of the body. Therefore, a removal of the cause will allow nature to right herself. A powerful assistant to nature is Postum Cereal Food Coffee, composed of the albumen, phosphates, gluten etc., from which nature builds in the delicate tissues of the nerves.

Postum aids digestion without drugging, and furnishes a concentrated liquid food as well as a most delicious morning Coffee.

If the reader has ever failed to make Postum satisfactorily, it will be found that to allow it to boil 15 minutes after boiling commences, will solve the problem, as it must be so boiled to extract taste, color and food value. Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
we have successfully conducted a brokerage business in
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
The concern was established in 1890; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts, when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our house. Every facility supplied and all news affecting markets, promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts, either for cash or upon exceedingly moderate margins.
Issued free, our 400 page, clothbound illustrated
"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."
These two are factors of moment—They will aid you to success.
HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
Peterborough, Ont.
"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."
COURTEOUS ONE-MONTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.
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Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg.
Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.
Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 13, 1902

GRADED TOWNSHIP SCHOOLS

The proposal to consolidate the small sideline school houses into one well-equipped graded school for the whole township is being freely discussed throughout the province, and public opinion is generally favorable to the introduction of the system by way of experiment. Two Public School Inspectors write on the subject in the current number of the Farmers' Advocate. Mr. William Irwin, of Perth County, thinks Ontario could safely adopt a system that for 20 years has commended itself to the people of those districts in the United States where it has been in operation. The system, as we have previously explained, involves the transportation of the pupils to the school in vans, but the expense connected with the service is more than offset by the saving effected in other directions. The advantages claimed for the graded township school are many. Improved school buildings, with better equipment, heating, lighting, ventilation and sanitary arrangements, would be provided. It ensures the employment and retention of better teachers, and thus secures more permanency in the teaching profession. The pupils can be better classified and placed where they can work to the best advantage. It results in better attendance of pupils, and affords the broader companionship and culture that comes from association with large numbers. The children escape the bad effects of inclement weather and bad roads, and are under the supervision of responsible persons while on the roads, and thus the morals of the children are guarded.

It provides in the higher grades a High School course, and thus parents are saved the expense of sending their children to a High School, while at the same time they have their children at home under their own control, and the boys and girls remain in touch with the home life.

After the system has been instituted, the expense of management are no greater, as fewer teachers are necessary, only one building to look after, and not so many sets of equipment are needed. In the higher grades, special work, under competent teachers, can be taken up to meet the requirements of agricultural life, and thus create a greater interest in farm work among the boys.

Carefully Avoid Substitutes and Imitations

At the present time the Diamond Dyes are the only package dyes absolutely guaranteed by the manufacturers. The great popularity of the Diamond Dyes has brought forth many imitations and vile deceptions in the shape of home package dyes. These imitations, cheaply produced, are sold by some dealers for the sake of the extra profit they bring, and many are urged to buy them. If you would avoid trouble and disaster, refuse these adulterated dyes when they are offered to you, and insist upon getting the Diamond Dyes.

The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes will be pleased to send post free to any address their Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Designs. If you are a lover of pretty room ornaments, write to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

The United States is evidently laying itself to outshine Canada in its reception of royalty. The New York aldermen have put in a requisition for 200 tickets for the reception and will attend with their wives and families. The company which owns the dock where Prince Henry is to land is erecting a magnificent pavilion on it. The city is going to vote a handsome sum for the reception expenses, and even the citizens of Chinatown will give a banquet in honor of the illustrious [illegible]

ASSESSMENT LEGISLATION

A most important duty which devolves upon the Legislature at the present session, is the putting right, beyond all doubt or quibble, of that notorious section 28 of the Assessment Act, which has come to be known as the scrap iron law. The law-makers thought they had accomplished the end last year, but they discovered that Maxwell knew what he was talking about when in his standard work, "The Interpretation of the Statutes," he says, "language is rarely so free from ambiguity as to be incapable of being used in more than one sense." Perhaps the judges of the Court of Appeal will agree with the decision which has been given, but if they do, there must be new legislation, and that at the earliest moment.

Afterwards it will be necessary to deal with the numerous less important inequalities of the present Assessment Act, of which we will hear something one of these days, when the Commission hands out its final report. The scope of that commission was so wide and the injustices, real and imaginary, which were brought to its attention were so varied, that it will be strange if many of the issues raised by their recommendations do not give the Legislature a great deal of work. No law gets closer to the firesides of our Province than the Assessment Act, and a far-reaching revision of it—a revision introducing changes which should be applicable to conditions for many years—should be adopted only after consideration, the most careful, calm, and non-partisan which the members of the Legislature can bestow upon it.

It is a question if such consideration will be available during the present session. In the first place time will be limited, for a great many speeches must needs be delivered for subsequent service in pamphlet form, carefully franked to the back townships. And, besides, there is that prohibition problem from the Privy Council to be disposed of. While, in the public accounts every fifty cent item for a coal scuttle will have to be proved to make sure a scandal is not concealed. A pre-election fever is already in the air and will grow as the session progresses. A grave problem like the assessment question will be in danger of being slighted. By a year from now every taxpayer in the Province would have had an opportunity to acquaint himself with the provisions of the proposed legislation, and to discuss all the pros and cons of it as it would apply to himself and his neighbours. And it would be a fine subject for a brand new Legislature to tackle.

THE GREAT PROBLEM OF SOUTH AFRICA

Black Labor the Cause of Endless Worry to the Miner

THE DIFFICULTY IS NOW SOLVED

Lord Milner Said to Have Found a Way out of the Trouble—The Blacks are Necessary to the Miner

London, Feb. 12.—A blue book just issued in London gives details of the plans of Lord Milner, the British High Commissioner in South Africa, for dealing with the troublesome question of native labor. The blacks of South Africa outnumber the whites seven to one, and are practically the sole dependence for labor in the mines and for all kinds of rough outdoor work. One great trouble is that most of them do not care to work after they have earned money enough to buy a wife or two to till their garden patch and support them at home. Another difficulty is that their efficiency is half destroyed if they get hold of liquor. Lord Milner says that it will be a tremendous undertaking to solve the native labor problem, but by hook or crook the difficulties in the way must be overcome, for "the whole credit of the administration is at stake."

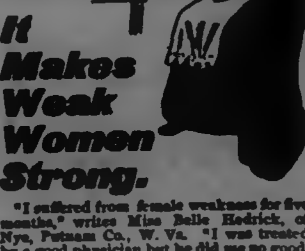
He proposes rigidly to control the liquor traffic among the blacks. The great trouble at Johannesburg before the war was that the Boer Government insisted on giving licenses to sell liquor to anyone who would pay the high price they demanded. The number of Kaffirs employed at the Johannesburg mines was about 100,000, and before the war the mine owners had no end of trouble in keeping their large gangs of workmen sober, the facilities for getting drunk in that region being unsurpassed.

Black labor is absolutely necessary at these mines, for white men cannot take the place of the Kaffirs. The blacks are willing to work for 50c. a day and board; white men would, of course, charge several times as much, and owing to the low grade of the ore, which is not worth over $10 a ton, the mines could not be worked at a profit were white labor employed.

Lord Milner does not say how he proposes to keep the liquor from the black miners; but perhaps the labor will be hedged around as it has been for years at the Kimberley diamond mines by a high fence, guarded as carefully as are the walls of Sing Sing Prison. After a negro has signed a contract to work in the diamond mines he is kept in the compound all the time that he is not at work in the mines. He is marched under guard from the compound to the mines and back again.

The British are very anxious to open the gold mines again and resume the industry that before the war was producing the larger part of the wealth of South Africa. It will probably take a long time to collect the 100,000 Kaffirs who will be needed to dig out the 7,000,000 tons of ore required a year if the output is to be worth as much as it was before the war.

A Veteran's Story.—George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa., writes: "I am eighty years of age. I have been troubled with Catarrh for fifty years, and in my time have used a great many catarrh cures, but never had any relief until I used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One box cured me completely." 50 cents.—25
Sold by E. E. Rinshaw.



It Makes Weak Women Strong.
"I suffered from female weakness for five months," writes Miss Belle Hedrick, of Nye, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I was treated by a good physician but he did me no good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION.' When I had used the medicine a month my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of house-work. I had scarcely any appetite, but it is all right now. Have gained several pounds in weight. I would advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."
It Makes Sick Women Well

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

There must have been a mistake in that despatch. All of the Boers' big guns have not been captured yet. There are those two smooth Boers, Botha and De Wet.

When You Know How.

"I WILL be beautiful," she said, as she turned away from the mirror. "Surely in this modern, progressive age it is possible for any girl to acquire beauty."

So she invested in all kinds of cosmetics, had them applied by an artist, and went to a big ball. The next morning she scanned the society columns of the papers eagerly, but there was not a word about "the beautiful Miss Brown." She merely figured among those who were "also present."

"Still," she added, "it is possible to be beautiful when you know how, and I will experiment until I discover the secret."

Thereupon she employed a beauty doctor, and was rubbed and massaged every day for a month or more, but it was no use. The gossip departments of the papers spoke of this girl and that girl as "beautiful," but never of "the beautiful Miss Brown."

"Possibly," she thought, "something is the matter with my gowns. Much depends upon proper harmony or contrast, which often makes the beauty. I will have one designed especially for me by the most gifted of costumers."

The papers said she was "beautifully gowned," but that was all.

"I will become engaged," she cried, in despair. "If necessary, I will marry. Brides are almost invariably beautiful."

But when her engagement was announced the papers merely referred to her as "the charming and gifted Miss Brown."

"Alas!" she exclaimed, "can I not be beautiful? Is that great boon possessed by so many girls, no more favored by nature than I am, to be always denied to me? What is life to me, if I am thus handicapped? A mockery, truly! I will have none of it."

In this humor she went boating, and, giving it the appearance of an accident, deliberately fell into the water, from which she was quickly rescued by an athletic young man.

"Why," she cried, the next day, as she thought it all over, "was I not allowed to die?"

Then her glance fell upon a daily paper, and her eyes instantly brightened.

"Gallant rescue of a beautiful girl," she read. "Pretty Adele Brown, the beauty of the season, saved from a watery grave."

"Why, of course," she commented, thoughtfully. "It's very simple when you know how. Now I think of it, a rescue or a scandal will make a girl beautiful any day."—N.Y. "Town Topics."

Funny Answers.

An English teacher, commenting on the "wonderfully funny" answers given by his pupils to questions, cites the following specimens:

A boy, aged ten, thus answers a question as to the cause of the Transvaal disturbances: "Krugger and Kannerbulism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin' come out and fite or else give up the blud of the English you have took. he is a boardutchman and a wickid heathin. lord Kitchener has sent for his geary blud and to bring back his scanderius bed ded or alive."

An essay on Gladstone, by a boy of eleven, states: "Mr. Gladstone loved everybody. he loved publicans and cinners and Irishmen. he wanted the irish to come to England and have home rool, but Mr. Chamberlin says, no, no. so alars he got his blud up and killd Mr. Parnel. Mr. Gladstone died with great rispect and is burried in Westminster with pieceful ashes."

A mother not spoken well of by her children is an enemy of the state; she should not live within the kingdom's pall.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 18th January, 1902.

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Solicitors for Applicants

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This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.
We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.
Gents' Suits
At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.
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Ladies and Gent's Tailor
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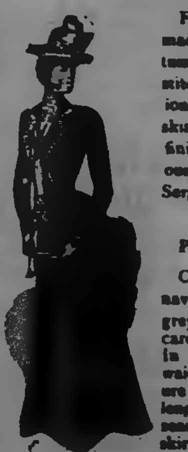

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Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists,
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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford
L'EMPEREUR
Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.
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OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
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99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR
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Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.
Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.
INCORPORATION.
The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.
LIABILITIES.
The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.
OUR LANDS.
The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.
The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.
GUARANTEE.
The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.
TREASURY STOCK.
The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.
REGISTRATION.
The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.
The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.
Address all communications to
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Liquor License Act
Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly
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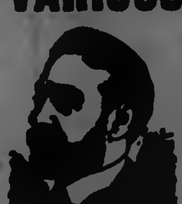

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Each time you call you see me Personally,

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IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

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Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
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LIMITED

Not long ago a Western Kansas politician was asked by his wife to lay aside politics long enough one day to dig the potatoes in the garden. He consented, and, after digging for a few minutes, went into the house and said he had found a coin. He washed it off, and it proved to be a silver quarter. He put it in his jeans and went back to work. Presently he went to the house again and said he had found another coin. He washed the dirt off of it, and this time it was a silver half-dollar. He put it in his jeans. "I have worked pretty hard," said he to his wife; "I guess I'll take a short nap." When he awoke, he found that his wife had dug all the rest of the potatoes. But she found no coins. It then dawned upon her that she had been "worked."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

Smoking-Cars For Women.

SMOKING seems to be growing in favor among the fair sex, especially on the Continent. So apparent has this become of late that the railroad authorities of Belgium have been seriously considering the advisability of introducing cars in which only women shall be allowed to travel. What has particularly served to bring the matter before the officials' notice is an incident that happened a few weeks since, when a young woman entered one of the carriages on the Southern Railroad reserved for ladies, and in a few minutes after the train had started from Brussels lit a cigarette and began to smoke it. Whereupon the other women in the compartment became very indignant, threatening to complain to the guard as soon as the train stopped. "I am in a carriage reserved for ladies," observed the smoker, blandly, "and I am not aware of any law which prohibits ladies from smoking." When the train stopped, the guard was informed of the proceedings, but was loath to interfere, and the result was that when the woman smoker arrived at her destination, she consulted a lawyer, who has now by an action in court raised the interesting question: Should railroad companies be compelled to provide separate smoking cars for women who wish to smoke while they are traveling? Some of the companies, however, appear to have taken time by the forelock, for it is understood that arrangements have already been made on some of the Belgian railroads to provide smoking compartments exclusively for women addicted to the use of tobacco.

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Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Curious Bits of News.

Scotland has 6,500 university students. England, with six times the population, has 6,000.

It is now 121 years since Diomed won the first Derby, but when we come to look at the newspaper reports of the time we find that the race was dismissed in two or three lines, and any further details had to be gathered as best they could.

The highest telegraph poles in the United States have just been erected in Beaumont, Tex. So far as known they are the highest in the world, their tops being 150 feet from the ground. They carry a Western Union cable across the Neches River—a span 144 feet in length.

The pheasant, everybody knows, is a non-aquatic bird; therefore Professor Lloyd Morgan's observation that newly hatched birds of the age of thirty hours swim easily, show apt leg movements and exhibit few signs of distress, is of singular interest. Is this swimming habit a throw back or reversion to an antecedent state in the history of this land-living species, or is it to be regarded as an example of a direct and sudden adaptation to a new environment? Doubtless Professor Lloyd Morgan will debate this question at length. It certainly has an important bearing on certain obvious biological problems.

A discovery of great interest to antiquaries was made recently by workmen engaged in excavating one of the two reservoirs now being constructed for the East London Waterworks Company along the course of the Lea. On a bed of sandy silts in the "Lockwood" Reservoir, a "dug-out" boat or canoe was brought to light. In the north-eastern corner of the reservoir also, were found, five feet below the surface and between twenty and thirty feet to the west of the original bed of the river, the remains of a supposed Viking ship, clinker-built of oak, about fifty feet in length. The planks are fastened with iron nails.

It has been found that certain prawns, common along the coasts of England, change their color at least twice every 24 hours in order to harmonise with the stronger or weaker light prevailing near the surface or in the deeper water. As evening approaches these fish lose their distinctive day colors, and all assume a transparent azure hue. The change begins with a reddish glow, followed by a green tinge which gradually melts into blue. The day and night change has become so habitual that specimens kept in perpetual light or perpetual darkness nevertheless undergo the periodic alteration of color.

The British and Foreign Tract Society have translated Bunyan's "Pilgrim Progress" into no less than ninety-five different languages and dialects. Some of these, as might have been anticipated, are of a jaw-breaking character. So much so, indeed, have the compositors of the Oxford University Press found the Esquimau language to be that they have demanded a higher rate of payment in regard to it. The following samples of this beautiful tongue show that their action is reasonable: "Kujalidiarpogut svanetsungnarlanrapta." "Rauvengitigarmaritsainarangnar.gigallearuptaloe.—t. Kujalijatiksaksakatsainaralloarpoguelle."

A traveller for a diamond house was talking shop the other evening, and, speaking of gems, said: "The most overworked expression used by the unsophisticated and deeply impressed diamond purchaser is, 'It actually looks as if it glows of itself.' Now, it is not generally known that such is actually the case, although not, of course, in the way the public intends. The beauty of the gem in light is, of course, in its remarkable refractive power, but under certain conditions the diamond has more, for it may gleam even in the night with a pale but extremely beautiful light. In short, it becomes phosphorescent. Heated to a certain temperature the internal fire shows itself, and under pressure the same is true. Some years ago I went to Amsterdam to purchase some special stones for a California millionaire who had ordered them through our New York house, and while there I was shown the inside workings of the famous diamond cutting establishments of that city. Of all that I saw, however, the 'self flame' of the stones under pressure most surprised me. The manager placed a large rose cut gem between the jaws of a vise and carefully applied a certain amount of pressure. He then extinguished all the light in the shop, and as soon as my eyes had become accustomed to the darkness I saw the diamond emitting a soft radiance of its own like a very pale glow-worm. As I remember it, he said that the yellower diamonds were slightly more phosphorescent than the first water stones. By the way, you would be really astonished to know the number of jewels which also possess 'self flame' to a more or less extent, and I have often wondered if the alchemists who performed such apparently well authenticated wonders in the Middle Ages did not know something of phosphorescence and its addition."

Pointed Paragraphs.

The itinerant Spiritualist is a circulating medium.

Don't meet trouble half way; it isn't worth the trouble.

Charity gives itself rich and covetousness hoards itself poor.

It isn't always the clock with the loudest tick that keeps the best time.

A dentist finds work for his own teeth by depriving other people of theirs.

Some men are so sceptical that they refuse even to believe the report of a cannon.

The value of a man's advice depends upon the success he has achieved in following it.

If you want to see a light eater suddenly acquire an appetite just ask him to lunch with you.

A policeman, like a rainbow, is a token of peace, and both have a habit of appearing after the storm is over.

The man who looks wise as an owl when giving others advice is apt to make a fool of himself by not using some of it.

There is an element of success in every man, but he seldom gets it in operation until some smart woman begins to tread on his heels.—Chicago "News."

Anecdotal.

A certain wealthy benefactor of Harvard humorously complained of President Eliot's treatment. "He comes to me," he said, "for my money and my advice; and, like the women in the Scripture, the one is taken and the other left."

Nothing verbal could be much more delicious than Joseph H. Choate's definition of the dinners of the New England Society of New York as "Those gatherings of an unhappy company of pilgrims who meet annually at Delmonico's to drown the sorrows and sufferings of their ancestors in the flowing bowl, and to contemplate their own virtues in the mirror of history."

"That was an excellent discourse you delivered last Sunday," remarked a veteran minister of the gospel to a rising young preacher, "but I would hardly call it a sermon." "Why not, doctor?" demanded the other. "Because you had no text." "Don't you call such a discourse a sermon unless it has a text?" "Certainly not." "You have read the Sermon on the Mount, have you not?" "Many, many times." "Well, it has no text." "On the contrary, my dear young friend," said the veteran, "it is composed entirely of texts."

The speech in the House of Lords of the Bishop of Hereford on the subject of gambling recalls a story told of Bishop Potter, of New York. The bishop, traveling through Louisiana some years ago, addressed inquiries to his fellow-passengers with a view to obtaining information regarding the orchards and fruit interests of the State. "Do you raise pears in Louisiana?" inquired the bishop. "We do," replied the Louisianian, who was a better authority on poker than on horticulture, "if we have threes or better."

A woman, who is of high social distinction in America, was presented to the Kaiser at some dinner that was not attended with royal state. She was talking to him when she was offered a famous German salad. It was handed on her right and the Kaiser was on her left, which put her in a predicament. She did not dare turn her face from the emperor to help herself to the salad. The situation was too much for her. The emperor, seeing the condition at a glance, looked at her for an instant and laughed, as he said: "A Kaiser can wait, but a salad can not."

George Moore, the author and dramatist, once had a play accepted at the Odeon in Paris. At the same time an adaptation of "Othello" was being rehearsed there. One day Mr. Moore called to see the manager of the Odeon. The door-keeper did not know him, and asked for his name and business. "I am the English author whose play has been accepted here," said Mr. Moore; "I wish to see the manager." The door-keeper went into the manager's room and said: "There's an English gentleman at the door who says that you have just accepted his play, and wants to see you." "Quite right," said the manager; "show him in. M. Shakespeare, without doubt."

It is said that once, when the late Dr. Tanner, the Irish M.P., had asked in the House whether it was true that the Duke of Cambridge had resigned his position as commander-in-chief, a Major Jones of Penzance, was so outraged that he challenged Dr. Tanner to a duel, and the following telegraphic correspondence took place: "In reply to your despicable question about the Duke of Cambridge, I designate you a coward. Delighted to give you satisfaction across the water. Pistols." To which Dr. Tanner at once replied: "Wire received. Will meet you to-morrow in Constantinople, under the Tower of Galata, midnight. Being challenged, prefer torpedoes. Bring another ass.—Tanner."

A conjurer was performing before a rough-and-ready audience in one of the prohibition States of America (according to an English paper). "I am now about to undertake a feat," said he, "in which I shall need the use of a pint flask of whiskey." There was a dead silence. "Will some gentleman in the audience favor me with a pint of whiskey?" There was no response and the conjurer began to look blank. "Surely," he continued, "in a South-Eastern prohibition town I ought not to have to ask a second time for such a thing. I give my word I will return it intact. Is there no——" "Stranger," said a tall, gaunt man, as he rose slowly from a front seat, "wouldn't a quart flask do as well?" "Why, certainly! I merely——" But before he could finish, the generous, open-handed audience had risen like one man, and were on their way to the platform in a body.

The Refinement of Irony.

Magistrate: "What is your name, prisoner?"

Prisoner: "John De-Jones."

Magistrate: "John D. Jones? H'm! What does the D stand for?"

Prisoner: "I beg your worship's pardon. I would have you to know I am not of the common Joneses. I come of very refined antecedents, and our family name is De-Jones—spelled with a D-e and a hyphen."

Magistrate: "I see. Have you ever been here before?"

Prisoner: "Yes, once. I was fined forty shillings through a mistake on the part of the police."

Magistrate: "Just so. Well, taking into account your antecedents, and seeing that you come of a refined family, you may now consider yourself re-fined—spelling with an r-e and a hyphen."—"Pick-me-up."

A Clerical Wit.

After a church conference held a few days ago, two brother ministers had a friendly tilt, regarding the meaning of a certain passage in one of Shakespeare's plays. They could not come to an understanding, and one of them remarked jokingly: "Oh, well, brother, I will ask Shakespeare when I meet him in heaven!" "But supposing Shakespeare did not get to heaven?" retorted the other. "Then you can ask him about it," was the quick reply.

The Pessimist—Frailty, thy name is woman!

The Cynic—Yes, woman is invariably frail.—Brooklyn "Eagle."

A recently published story of the late Lord Morris, Chief Justice of Ireland, illustrates his scorn of red tape and petty details. A question had arisen as to the cost of heating the Irish law courts, and a consequential treasury official was sent over from London to Dublin on purpose to investigate the matter. When he introduced himself and explained his errand, Lord Morris smiled with suspicious blandness and said: "Certainly, I will put you in communication with the person immediately in charge of that department." Then he sent out a messenger, and presently there entered an old charwoman. Lord Morris arose and left the room, saying as he did so: "Mary, here is the young man to [illegible]"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Snakes' Paradise.

The Borongo Islands lie about halfway between Calcutta and Rangoon. When the snakes die they go to the Borongos. That is their paradise; there they hold high carnival. I spent three years among them, and know of these things. From the giant python down to the deadly karait they are all there, all the ophidians. Even the salt water snakes, that are all poisonous—they, too, are there. Two Europeans had preceded me on the Borongos, so there was considerable natural history on tap when I arrived, and we rapidly acquired more. One can't live among snakes without studying them; they insist upon it. . . .

Each evening I killed an hour or so of the monotony by walking up and down the path in front of the bungalow. A big cat was my usual companion. His method of introducing himself to my notice was generally abrupt. He would lie in wait, and, as I came along, spring out upon me, alighting against one of my legs. At other times he would lie on his back in the path and claw at my feet as I passed. One evening, just after turning into the path from the bungalow, I felt something soft and yielding against my foot. Thinking it was "Billy," I gave the mass a gentle push. As I shifted the something I saw a twisting gleam of white, not at all like the soft gray of Billy's fur. Of course I knew what that meant. Jumping back I brought my walking-stick down on the twisting thing, and yelled for a light. The servants came running from the cookhouse with a lantern, and I saw that I had laid out a most villainous daboia. One touch from the catlike fangs on my cotton-hosed instep, and within an hour I would have been dead.

One of our party had occasion to visit a Mr. Savage, a half-caste landowner on the other side of the island. He went in a boat, and while the coolies were bringing up his traps went up to the bungalow. He was sitting in a big chair on the veranda, talking to Savage, when he felt something drop from the leaf roof on to his shoulder. Leisurely he started to rise to see what had fallen, when the other man cried out: "For God's sake don't move—keep perfectly still!" Dunlop knew what that meant. Stealthily the old man took a Burmese dah (sword) from the wall, and, catlike, crept toward the white man with the thing on his shoulder. Within striking distance he paused, and raised the dah high in the air to cut the thing in two with one swift downward stroke. Then his nerve, rattled and tugged at for sixty years until it was weak, failed him, and the sword clattered from his numbed fingers to the floor. "My God! I can't do it," he whined in a broken voice, and reeled back against the wall, where he stood staring with weak eyes at the sahib and his burden.

Dunlop neither moved nor spoke; his only safety lay in keeping perfectly still—motionless. It might be minutes, or a thousand years; they would have to wait till the boatmen came. What would happen then he could not say. He could feel the clinging, pulling thing on his right shoulder. There was an undulating pressure that told him the head of the snake was swaying back and forth just above his neck. Then the song of the Madrassi boatmen as they came swinging along with his luggage broke upon his ear. Those gin-thickened voices, carolling the coarse refrain to the time of the measured trot, were angel voices. What would the muddle-brained coolies do, he wondered. If Emir Ally, his trusted servant, saw the thing, it might be well; he had nerve and judgment even close to that of a sahib. Emir Ally was in the lead. When he came to the steps Savage jerked out an expression that called his attention to the tableau. Gathering his loongy tight about his loins, he slipped along the veranda like a shadow, grasped the fallen dah, and, poising his black lithe body for a swift, strong stroke, brought the sword through the air with a swishing cut that laid a full-grown cobra in two neat pieces almost at the feet of the man who had waited.—W. A. Fraser

Stories of the Bar.

An able Southern lawyer, still living, has a good story about his examination by Reverdy Johnson, one of the greatest lawyers of the last century, says the Philadelphia "Times." Mr. Johnson knew the young man, but, apparently, he did not allow his familiarity to influence the case. He asked him one or two questions as easy as the alphabet or the multiplication table, and then very severely demanded:

"Young man, can you mix a good brandy julep?"

"I think I can, sir," was the reply.

"There," pointing to the sideboard, "are the ingredients, sir. Now, let me see what you can do."

The candidate approached and used his finest touch and sense of selection in compounding the tonic. Then, topping it off artistically with a fresh mint, he presented it to his examiner. Mr. Johnson gave the case his best care and patience, and finally, when the bottom of the generous glass had been reached, he looked at the young man admiringly and announced that he had passed.

Another story is told of a judicial district in Florida where, before the era of railroads and owing to the numerous creeks and rivers, there had to be frequent fording of streams in order to make good time between the country towns. The candidate presented himself before the judge, who, after looking at the young man a few moments and taking in his measure, asked:

"Can you ride?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you own a horse?"

"Yes, sir."

"Can he swim?"

"Yes, sir."

Whereupon the judge bowed gravely and remarked:

"I am very glad, sir, to welcome you to the practice of law in my district."

Angry Wife—What do you mean by coming home at this time of night?

Husband—Every other place was shut, my dear.

Baker—Old Baldy is getting ready for the fly season.

Jones—What is he doing?

"Having his head [illegible] with a design of a spider's web."

Heraldry of the Indians.

PEOPLE in general have been content to look upon the Indian's adornment of his head with eagle feathers and his face with paint as marks of personal decoration inspired by vanity and a savage taste, different only in degree from what is sometimes witnessed among highly-civilized peoples. But the fact is that, in preference to the latter custom, for instance, every paint mark on an Indian's face has a sort of heraldic meaning, implying not only the honors won by the brave in person, but representing also the claims of his family and race to distinction. In other words, what is shown among more cultured communities by coats of arms, orders and decorations is depicted by the Indian on his face by means of pigments.

Scientists are now engaged, among other novel investigations concerning the North American Indian, in compiling a record of the armorial, or rather facial, bearings of certain celebrated chiefs, and it is said to be fascinating work. One renowned warrior, for instance, will have his lip painted a copper red. This is found to indicate that his tribe was once in possession of huge mines of copper. Another individual will have his forehead adorned with a painting of a certain fish, thus implying that he or his people are renowned for prowess in catching fish. The same distinguished person sometimes wears a disk of pearl in addition to his paint mask. This, by its shimmering radiance and its form, implies that he is descended from the moon, in the sense that the goddess of night is one of his ancestors.

The fact that the Indian has no conception of perspective seriously handicaps the success of his efforts at pictorial art. Indeed, the Indian limner merely aims to show the most characteristic portion of the object he attempts to depict, unless he be a man of great attainment, in which case he divides or dissects the subject of his picture and represents the whole by its parts, the latter being arranged entirely irrespective of the natural sequence.

The features of the Indian are sometimes incorporated into the representation of the animal which forms his heraldic bearing. Should the beaver, for example, be the object to be depicted, it is not attempted to design the whole form of the animal, but only its distinctive and typical parts, as for instance, its peculiar tail, which is painted in criss-cross lines extending from the chin to the nose, as though standing upright. The chin itself does service as the beaver's body.

The arbitrary methods of the Indian artist render it difficult, if not impossible, for any but an expert to interpret the meanings of the pictorial representations. Thus an animal's ears are invariably depicted above the eyes on the human subject, the ears of the beaver being just above the eyebrows. On the cheeks are painted the paws in a position as though they were raised to the mouth in the manner conventional in Indian carvings.

The dogfish painted in red on the face designates the members of an entire tribe. On the foreheads of the members of this tribe is painted the long, thin snout; the gills are represented by two curved lines below the eyes, while the tail is shown as cut in two and hanging from each nostril. Only one or two parts of an animal painted on an Indian's face indicates that he is of inferior position; the entire symbol, no matter in what form presented, is significant of lofty station and high honors.

The facial heraldry of the Indian may be said to be unique, not alone in the method of representation employed, but in the subjects selected. These latter include fish, flesh and fowl of all descriptions—dog salmon, devilfish, starfish, woodpeckers, ravens, eagles, bears, wolves, frogs, are comprised in the armorial gallery.

Every object represented has its own particular significance, and one of the most peculiar phases of face painting relates to the employment of forms other than animal—tools, implements of the chase or of war, denoting the occupation of the individual or his tribe.—Washington "Times."

A Lawyer's Wit.

The New York "Commercial Advertiser" says that not long before his death, Henry W. Paine, one of the most brilliant American lawyers of his generation, became interested, as a matter of charity, in a case in which a lad of some fifteen years was charged with arson. Paine defended the boy and offered conclusive evidence that he was, to all practical purposes, an idiot and totally irresponsible. Nevertheless, the jury, after listening to a charge from the court, which was virtually an order for acquittal, brought in a verdict of guilty.

The presiding judge then addressed Paine.

"You will move for a new trial, I presume, Mr. Paine?"

Paine rose with an air that was painful in its solemnity.

"I thank your honor for your suggestion," he said, "but I am oppressed with the gravest doubts as to whether I have the right to move for a new trial in this case. Your honor, I have already asked for and have received for my idiot client the most precious heritage of our English and American common law—a trial by a jury of his peers."

The judge then ordered the verdict to be set aside.

An Unfortunate Inquiry.

A New York man, who has written a book, was telling about it the other day to a friend who had once done him a service. "By the way," said the author, "I would be delighted to give you a copy of my work if you care for it." "I should be more than pleased to have it," was the reply; "especially if you will write your name in it." "All right. There is a bookstore around the corner. If you will accompany me we will go get it." In the bookstore the author, pushing his chest out very far, asked for the novel that he had written. "Yes, sir," the clerk said. "We have it around here somewhere, I believe, but you are the first one who has ever asked for a copy, and it may take me some time to find it. Wouldn't something else do just as well? We have a great many better books at the same price."

Anecdotal.

At North Berwick, near Edinburgh, the other day, a golfer whose ardor is greatly in advance of his skill got into difficulties at the second hole. Repeated "foozles" left his ball badly "cupped" on the brink of a bunker. He turned to his caddie in despair. Said he: "I've tried my brassie, and my cleek, and my mashie, and none of them will lift out that ball. What should you say I should take now?" "The" [illegible] "I wad myself to [illegible], were it just me mysel'," the [illegible] back to Edinburgh." [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........	$6 00
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THE TIMES

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If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is nobody to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

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If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

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If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

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CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 13, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and Thereby the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market yesterday was small.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—Have you tried H. F. Kidd's famous teas yet? 353 George street.

—Several loads of hay were offered for sale on the market yesterday.

—There will be service at St. Luke's at 5 p.m. daily during Lent.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 353 George street.

—A few loads of hardwood on the market yesterday brought $4.75 to $5.

—The chief has a pair of lines which were picked up on the street, for which he would like an owner.

—The social which was to take place at the Methodist parsonage on Friday evening, has been postponed.

—Belleville's city council has passed a by-law, prohibiting Trading Stamps, after April 1st.

—Raisins, currants, prunes, 4 lbs. for 25c. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—The Peterborough Rugby Club will be tendered a complimentary banquet at the Oriental Hotel on Monday evening next.

—A young men's society, in connection with All Saints' church, will be organized to-night.

—A meeting of those interested in the erection of a new rink, will be held in Mr. G. W. Hatton's office this evening at 8 o'clock. This matter is one of great importance, and a large attendance should be the result.

—Never advertise without a definite purpose in view—let that purpose be the increasing of trade in some particular branch of your business. Always use the columns of The Times.

—O urpri cesar erighten dourg ood saret hebest tryt hem kidt begro cerg eorgest.

—Our liverymen say that if business does not improve they will have to put their horses on short rations as they are earning nothing owing to the bad roads.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 156 Hunter Street west.

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms in central locality, with or without board. Address, Box C., Times.

—General Booth, the Salvation Army leader, has decided to inaugurate a special campaign against drunkenness and to this end will complete a directory of drunkards in each district in order that they may be followed to their homes and reformed there.

—At the complimentary supper given by Mr. Harry Long to the firemen on Tuesday night, Mr. Robert Sturgeon was presented with a cheque from Messrs. Harry and Jas. Long, as a reward for his daring act in shovling over the north wall at the Crystal block, which threatened to destroy Mr. Long's store.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

MARRIED

ATCHISON-STAPLES: At Mrs. Moffatt's 263 Hunter street, on the 12th instant, by the Rev. R. MacKnight, B.A., Mr. Albert Atchison, of Cavan Township, to Miss Hattie Margaret Staples, of town.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-five pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. H. E. Bradley is in Montreal, on business.

—Mr. W. H. Hill is in Montreal for a day or so on business.

—Rev. T. W. Glover, of Toronto, is in town.

—Mrs. John Crane and Miss Gladys are visiting friends in Millbrook.

—Mrs. W. A. Graham, of Ashburnham, is visiting friends in Young's Point, and North Smith.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ely, of Tarry-town-on-the-Hudson, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kendry, George street.

—Miss Karr, of Cobourg, who has been visiting in town, the guest of Miss Dumble, left on Tuesday, for Ottawa to join her father, Hon. Senator Karr.

—Mr. Ted Milburn, of the Lindsay branch of the Bank of Montreal, passed through town yesterday, on his way to Belleville. He has three months' leave of absence on account of ill-health.

How a Sprain Does Hurt

But it isn't the pain alone that is dreaded, just think of the loss of time and wages. Sprains without number are cured by rubbing Polson's Nerviline well into the pores of the skin surrounding the joint. No matter whether it is a sprained wrist, ankle, knee or back, just try Nerviline on it, and see how quickly it will cure. There is only one liniment that can be depended upon to cure sprains, strains and swellings, and that is Polson's Nerviline. Large bottle 25 cents.

A Fake Game

"I don't think I ever enjoyed a poker game as much in my life as I did a fake game of my own getting up a good many years ago," said a Lindsay man to a Times reporter the other day. "I was quite a youngster at the time, and was the treasurer of my class. I had a fund of about $150 for the purchase of class pins, and one afternoon, while I had this money in possession, three or four of my classmates dropped in. I had a country cousin visiting me at the time, a young fellow of about my own age, and I did everything in my power to dazzle him. Well, we started a poker game, having surreptitiously divided the $150 between us. My cousin didn't play but he sat and watched us. I don't think I shall ever forget his look of amazement as we played that game. The money was all in bills, and we bet the cash instead of chips, throwing $5 and $10 bills around as though they were so many cents. It was a freeze-out game, and eventually I had all the money back again. During the rest of his visit my country cousin regarded me with increased awe, and I don't believe he ever learned that our big poker game was all for effect."

She's as White as a Ghost

As pale as a lily. A matter of pride? Certainly not! Strength! Color! Endurance! That's what every woman wants. Good digestion, perfect assimilation. Buoyancy and vim is the right of every woman. She need not lack them if she will only use Ferrozone. It makes blood, gives appetite, gives strength to the nerves, color to the cheeks and brightness to the eyes. A box of Ferrozone tablets is at once transmittable into health, beauty and strength. There is power in Ferrozone. Try it and see if it is not so. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

A Pretty Home Marriage

The residence of Mrs. Moffatt, 263 Hunter street, was the scene of a very pretty home marriage on the afternoon of the 12th inst. The principals were Mr. Albert Atchison, of Cavan Township, and Miss Hattie Margaret Staples, sister of Mrs. Moffatt. The bride was supported by her youngest sister, Miss Effie Staples, of Apsley, and the bridegroom by his brother, Mr. W. J. Atchison. The bride and bridesmaid were uniformly dressed in brown serge, trimmed with blue silk and white lace, and each bore a rich boquet.

The marriage was witnessed by a small company of near relatives and acquaintances of the families, whose handsome presents bore ample testimony to their esteem and good wishes.

The Rev'd. R. MacKnight, B.A., of the Boys' School, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. and Mrs. Atchison took the afternoon C. P. R. train for their home in Cavan.

MANDARIN OF THE

Precious Ruby Clasp

An illustrious Chinese Mandarin was put on the famous American food, Grape-Nuts, and he and his wife cured of stomach and kidney trouble and heart disorder after he, in particular, had been pronounced by his physician incurable.

His letter is written by his interpreter and signed with his Chinese signature. It recites, "For three years I was under the care of the best physicians in Russia, Germany, France, America, as well as my own country. I had tried baths and water cures almost without number. I grew worse until finally my physician pronounced me and I was doomed to die in from three to six months.

A friend prevailed upon me to change my food and take up Grape-Nuts. This I did more to gratify my friend than from any benefit I expected, but within twenty-four hours the results were so gratifying as to astonish and delight myself and family.

My improvement continued without relapse until at the end of three months I was well and sound, weighed more and was stronger and had a better appetite and more perfect digestion than at any other time in my life.

My wife was also a victim of serious stomach trouble from which she had suffered for several years. She has been restored to good, robust health by the use of Grape-Nuts.

I have recommended it in about half a dozen families and it has never failed to benefit. I will be pleased to reply to all letters having stamped envelope enclosed." Pak Gaw Mun, Mandarin of the Ruby Button, Member of the Literati, Magistrate of the Order of the Manchurian Crane, Order of the Girdle of the Jade and Precious Ruby Clasp, Servant to His Imperial Majesty the Son of Heaven, etc., etc.

His interpreter and secretary, E. Percivale Baker, adds to the letter, "I am familiar with all the facts related by Prof. Pak and know them to have been moderately stated. I also, and my family, have received much benefit from the use of Grape-Nuts."

PETERBOROUGH WINS FROM KINGSTON R. M. C.

BY A SCORE OF 13-1—PLAY IN KINGSTON TO-MORROW NIGHT

Peterborough Boys Play Faster Hockey and Are Better Stick Handlers—A Large Attendance

The Peterborough Intermediates defeated the Military College Cadets at the Charlotte street rink last night by a score of 13 goals to 1.

The match started at 8.35, and after a few minutes fast play the Peterborough's scored their first goal. A short time after the Cadets scored their first, and what proved to be their last goal. During the first half of the game the Cadets were very aggressive, making a number of rushes into the Peterborough's territory, but they were ineffectual, as they failed to score. At half time the score stood 5-1 in favor of Peterborough.

The teams lined up as follows.

Peterborough		Kingston
Wasson	GOAL	Dyell
Glover	POINT	Harris
Armstrong	COVER	Ramsay
Graham	FORWARDS	Trotter
Armstrong		Witherloe
Morgan		Biggs
Whitcroft		Dunlop

Referee—Mr. Schooley.

The Cadets are a good looking lot of men and are much heavier than the Peterborough aggregation; they are also very good skaters, and stick handlers, but not as fast as the local team. The game was fairly clean, very little rough play being indulged in by either team. The rink was crowded, there being fully 2,000 people present to witness the match.

The referee was very fair in his decisions, and would not allow any rough play to pass unnoticed. On a few occasions the fence was ornamented with a player.

The return match will be played in Kingston to-morrow night, when we hope the Intermediates will again win from the Cadets.

Malt Breakfast Food

Carries Health, Strength and Vigor From Ocean to Ocean

The people of the Maritime Provinces, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Northwest Territories and British Columbia are now enjoying the blessings that flow from the use of Malt Breakfast Food. Users of oatmeal and other grain foods have given up these starchy and indigestible products and have made Malt Breakfast Food their favorite breakfast dish. A well-known citizen of Victoria, B. C., writes as follows:

"Your Malt Breakfast Food before it was sold by grocers here was strongly recommended to me by a relative in Ontario, who was using it every morning with great satisfaction. My wife introduced Malt Breakfast Food some two months ago. It has been of special value to my eldest daughter, whose appetite was becoming uncertain and weak. Malt Breakfast Food has strengthened her digestion and improved her health wonderfully. We have all benefited from use of Malt Breakfast Food, and would not think of giving it up. It is the best and most delightful of all breakfast foods." All live grocers.

WEDDING BELLS

Nuptials of Miss Agnes Elizabeth Speir, of Allandale, and Mr. Walter Dredge, Town

One of those happy events, the crowning episode of a lifetime, which calls for the warmest congratulations of a host of friends, took place yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Robert Speir, Allandale, when his daughter, Miss Agnes Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Mr. Walter Dredge, of town. The interesting and pleasing ceremony was performed by Rev. J. P. Wilson, of the George Street Methodist church in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The bride was prettily costumed, and carried a large boquet of flowers. She was attended by Miss Dredge, sister of the groom, who also carried a beautiful boquet. Mr. Alex. Speir, brother of the bride, performed the duties of best man.

After the ceremony the party sat down to a sumptuous wedding dinner, at the conclusion of which they received the congratulations of their friends. A large number of beautiful and costly presents were received by the bride, which showed the high esteem in which she is held by a host of friends.

The newly married couple will make their future home in Peterborough, where they will be followed by the best wishes of their many friends. The Times most heartily extends its warmest congratulations and hearty good wishes for a long and happy married life.

Getting over a Spree

"All heavy drinkers," said a hotel man to the Times the other day, "have their own pet theories about how to overcome the after-effects of too much 'booze water.' Some of them are very absurd, and to hear these fellows argue in support of their antidotes you would think that nothing could be more important. I heard a new one to-day. The man who was talking about it was three sheets in the wind, and was very emphatic. 'If I feel that I've had too much, and am going to have a head on me the next morning,' he said, 'I always take a cabbage, cut the heart out of it and eat it before I go to bed. My father and my grandfather before me used to do this. It is a family tradition, and it is infallible.' The others only laughed at him, and that made him mad," continued the bartender. "Still, it's as sensible as most of the alleged cures. These fellows may talk as they please, but I have noticed that when they are feeling real rocky they all want the same cure, and that is a hair from the tail of the dog that bit them."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

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BOVRIL
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Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

Cooking Class

Open February 17th.

Superior Cooking	-	$ 4 00
Intermediate Cooking	-	3 00
Household Cooking	-	1 50
" (members)	-	50
Invalid Cooking	-	2 00

Term, 10 Lessons. For further information apply at the Y.W.C.A.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

ADVERTISE
— IN —
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

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TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

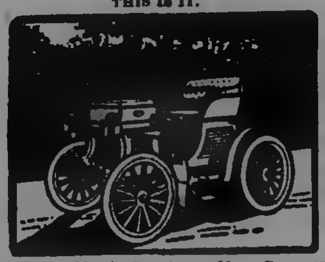
MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.



Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pilules
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County........................

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders for the supply of chemicals and stationery required by the schools for the ensuing year, and addressed to J. J. McBair, Chairman of the Supervision Committee, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, 20th inst. List of articles required may be had on application.

W. G. MORROW,
Sec'y Board of Education.

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Latest Out. Mirror in your hat with your name on. Stick in any hat. Sample and terms 10c. Dominion Picture and Novelty Co., Hamilton, Ont.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 553, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

Personal and Otherwise.

Everybody Says why does not God kill the Devil, get the booklet, costs you 10c. Dominion Novelty Co. Hamilton, Ont.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains, 353 George street.

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COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE
—VIA THE—
Great International Route

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ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

Dining, Cafe Parlor Cars, and Pullman Sleepers on through trains.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS'
One-Way
EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY
Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO Sir J. A. Boyd, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

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Friday 14

VOL. 28 NO. 37 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO ~~THURSDAY~~ FEBRUARY ~~13~~ 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY'S NEW ISSUE OF PREFERRED STOCK

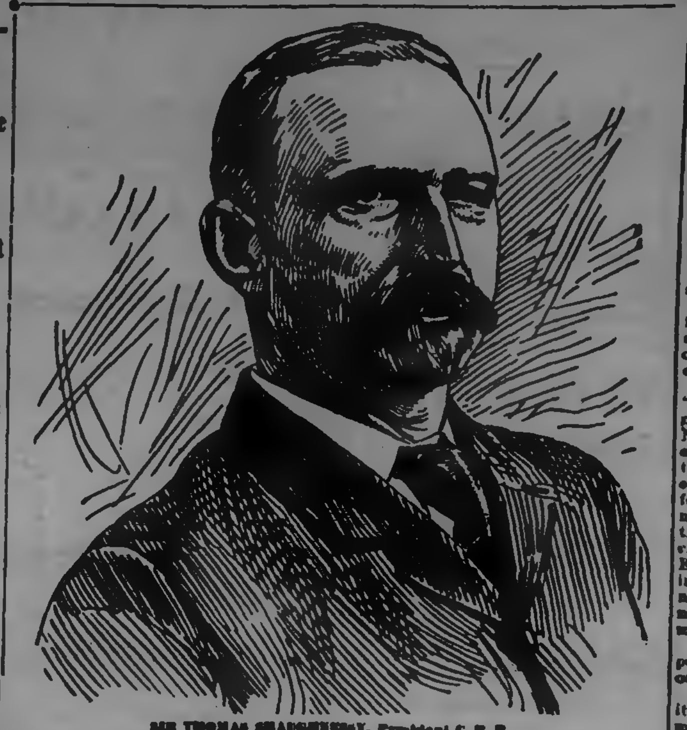
Wonderful Development of Canada's Great Railway

Twenty Millions of Dollars to be Spent in Erecting Repair Shops, etc.

Allotment to be Made to Present Shareholders in Ratio of 30 Per Cent of Their Respective Holdings

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, the President, Addresses a Circular to the Shareholders

The Great Railway Likely to Build Into the Heart of New Ontario



SIR THOMAS SHAUGHNESSY, President C. P. R.

Montreal, Feb. 14—The wonderful development of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as shown by the demand for an enormous sum of money to increase the rolling stock and perfect the roadbed, cannot but be gratifying to the people of Canada. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, the President, has issued the following circular letter, addressed to the shareholders, which tells its own story:

To the Shareholders,—The extraordinary expansion of the company's business during the last six or seven years, and the apparent certainty that the volume will continue to increase year by year, renders it essential that the company should, with the least possible delay, provide such admirable rolling stock and other facilities as may be required for the prompt and efficient handling of its traffic. The gradients and alignments on the busy sections of the system should be substantially improved, so that the large and increasing tonnage may be moved with the economy requisite for the best results.

In view of the present and prospective net earnings of the company, the directors feel justified in proposing that the money required for these purposes be secured by an issue of ordinary capital shares rather than by other means, and therefore, they recommend that the ordinary share capital be increased by the amount of nineteen millions five hundred thousand dollars. The directors consider that it is due to the shareholders of the common stock that they should be given the privilege of subscribing for the new stock at par, in the proportion of 30 per cent. of their respective holdings of the outstanding common shares, on the closing of the books in London, Tuesday, Feb. 18th, and in New York and Montreal, Monday, March 3rd, 1902, and a resolution to that effect will be submitted to the shareholders for their approval. It is intended that the money thus raised shall be expended for the following purposes: Locomotives, cars, and other requirements, ten million dollars; enlargement of construction and repair shops at Montreal and other points on the system, two million dollars; reduction of grades, improvement of alignment and second track where required, six million five hundred thousand dollars; grain elevators, terminals, business and passing sidings and other necessary improvements such as are being provided from month to month to meet the requirements of the company's business, four million dollars. These estimates overrun the amount of the contemplated issue of stock at par, and, therefore, to make up the balance, and in order that the company's property may be benefited to as full an extent as if the shares had been sold at a premium on the open market, it is proposed that an amount equivalent to about fifteen per cent of the surplus earnings, three million dollars be appropriated from the surplus earnings fund, to be expended for the purpose above-mentioned, in addition to the proceeds of the sale of capital stock. After appropriating this amount and providing for payment of the dividends, just declared on the preference and common shares, there will be eight millions six hundred thousand dollars in the surplus earnings fund.

The subscription price of the new stock will be payable at the Bank of Montreal, London, New York, and Montreal, as follows:

Twenty per cent., or $20 per share on subscription.

Twenty per cent., or $20 per share June 27th, 1902.

Twenty per cent., or $20 per share August 27th, 1902.

Twenty per cent., or $20 per share October 27th, 1902.

Twenty per cent., or $20 per share December 27th, 1902. No interest or dividend will be allowed on the payments made previous to July 1st, or on advance payments, but all shares fully paid as above stated, will rank for dividend with existing shares for the half year ending December 31st, 1902.

No fractional shares will be issued, but rights may be assigned, and for this purpose a blank form will be provided. Holders having rights for fractions of shares should make such adjustment of their holding, by purchase or sale with other shareholders, direct or through brokers, as will make whole shares.

THE GREAT RAILWAY'S ENTERPRISE

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company, through Mr. William Whyte, one of its officers, is laying before the Ontario Government a plan for the development of New Ontario. As the C. P. R. has a road stretching from end to end of the district, it is bound to gain from the production of wealth north of the lakes, and if it should decide to run a branch line out to James Bay, Premier Ross would doubtless give his consent. From present indications, New Ontario will not lack railway competition.

PROHIBITION AND THE REFERENDUM

All eyes are centered upon the Government's determination to submit the question of prohibition to the people in October next. It will be required that the vote shall be equal to one half of the total vote cast for the candidates at the next provincial election in June, and enough more to make it a bare majority of the whole. If it had been the sole idea of the Government to use the Prohibition question as a means of making the liquor men work tooth and claw at the next election in June to return it to power, they could not have done better. It is a little too transparent, however, as a mere device. We shall see every effort put forward by the anti-prohibitionists in June to make the vote so big that in October it will be exceedingly unlikely that the Prohibitionists will get their required quota exceeding one-half. The spectacle will be presented of prohibitionists hesitating to poll their votes in June for fear of putting a nail in their own coffin in October. If, for example, on ordinary occasions the total vote of the Province at a general election is 400,000, then 200,001 would be sufficient for the Prohibitionists to get in October to win, but is it at all likely that October will witness efforts to sustain the Prohibition platform equal to the efforts of June next to make it an impossible task? It is an adroit but rather unprincipled move. That it will please the Prohibitionists is improbable. We may look forward to trouble in June, when the real battle will be fought, for if we are not mistaken Prohibitionists will see to it that a government shall not be sustained which has used its opportunities to enable the liquor men to aid them in such a striking and effective manner.

Why Catarrhozone Cures Catarrh

It goes to every affected part and kills the germs that keep up the diseased condition. Catarrhozone never irritates, but stimulates the mucous lining of the nose, throat and lungs to normal action, and keeps the nasal passages free from offensive discharges. Catarrhozone contains no dangerous drugs or opiates, and is delightfully pleasant and simple to use. Catarrhozone is an absolutely certain cure for any form of Catarrh and sells for one dollar at druggists, small size, 25c. By mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

RESIGNED HIS CHARGE

Rev. Mr. McAmmond of Perth, Could Not Stand the Gossip

Perth, Feb. 12.—The citizens of this town and surrounding country were greatly surprised when it became known that Rev. Foster McAmmond, pastor of the Asbury Methodist church, had resigned his position and will leave the ministry. The cause of his action was the gossip about an unfortunate affair which occurred in Syracuse some months ago. Mr. McAmmond was very popular with the members of his own congregation and with other denominations. On Sunday evening he will preach his last sermon.

A BRITISH FAKIR IS WM. T. STEAD

The Pro-Boer Agitator in England Properly Described

A MAN OF LITTLE PRINCIPLE

Has Worked the Pro-Boer Agitation in England for All it is Worth—A Campaign for Lies and Slander

Ottawa, Feb. 13—The clever editor of the Citizen thus describes W. T. Stead:

W. T. Stead is a shining example of misapplied ability. That he has ability his most scornful critics will admit, but he makes a practice of applying himself to the exploitation of fads with apparently no other object than to keep his personality in the public eye. He is the sort of man who must keep the calcium of notoriety trained on his unattractive self or he would be immediately relegated to oblivion.

Having worked the pro-Boer agitation in England for all it is worth, and finding that his most gullible dupes are commencing to get weary of the nauseating slanders with which he and a clique of his kind have fed their credulity and profited by the wave of sickly sentiment which the misrepresentations created, Mr. Stead has come to the conclusion that he must find a fresh fad for the exercise of his peculiar powers. Taking as his base the panicky feeling with which a class of jumpy people in Great Britain profess to be afflicted over the growth in wealth and power of the United States, Stead promptly takes his place in the front rank of these people and blatantly declares that only the annexation of Great Britain to the United States can save the greatest empire in the world. The only serious thing about it is that such rot should be taken seriously by any of the British. There must be a certain mass of diseased sentiment in Great Britain or Stead and his Review of Reviews would die of financial neglect as have died the spasmodic boosters of an alleged annexation sentiment in Canada, but he goes on thriving somehow.

France has often been accused of being an hysterical nation, but its hysterics are invariably in the nature of exaggerated demonstrations of devotion to la belle France. British hysterics take the opposite form of heaping libels, slanders and contumely upon the empire, and in exploiting propositions humiliating to the nation and flattering to its neighbors, as is the new fad of this man Stead. It is an old and a good saying about the bird that fouls its own nest. And England appears to have a coopful.

PEKIN MUCH IMPROVED

Present Care of the Streets Notable—Chinese Military Plans

Pekin, Feb. 14—The celebration of the Chinese New Year's Day here yesterday was unusually well observed. The city has the appearance of prosperity. There has been a great improvement in the care of the streets, when compared with the condition in which they were kept by the allies. This care was previously unknown.

Many high Chinese say that notwithstanding appearances and the apparent extent to which edicts have ordered reforms there is little chance of reforms being carried out. Some of the edicts have already been annulled. The Chinese military plans are finding the most support, and this fact is having a sinister effect on foreign opinion. This is the work of Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai, who advocates military readiness, and is seeking an appropriation of 5,000,000 taels for the establishment of a provincial army.

The World Needs Nerve

Needs it in business, in the study, in the household. Irritability, weakness, lack of strength—the blue feeling—why they just tell you that you lack nerve. You'll use Ferrozone! My! What an appetite you'll get. How quickly the color will return to your cheeks, how buoyant you will feel! Work! of course you'll work, for you will enjoy it. That is, if you will use Ferrozone. It gives nerve strength, muscular endurance, and invigorates the brain splendidly. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

SEEKS TO STRIKE BRITAIN IN AMERICA

Boer Leader Asks Roosevelt's Permission to Fight British Band

BRITAIN NOW WELL MAY SHUDDER

The Latest Boer Warrior Declares England Maintains Army Post and Breaks Neutrality Near New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 14—General Samuel Pearson, representing the Boer cause in the United States, who returned from Washington a few days ago, has directed a letter to President Roosevelt declaring the neutrality laws are being violated at the port; that the British are not only shipping mules and horses from here, but are maintaining a recruiting office at Chalmette. General Pearson asks permission to command a force of Boers here and fight the British on American soil.

In his letter General Pearson says: "I affirm that at the port of Chalmette, a few miles below the city of New Orleans, a British post has been established and men and soldiers are there assembled and are daily engaged in warlike operations and are there for the purpose of renewal and augmentation of military supplies and for the recruiting of men. The war is carried on by officers in the army of Edward VII. openly at Port Chalmette in all respects except that soldiers do not appear in uniform. Will I be permitted to strike them with a force I may assemble here?

"I pray your excellency either to put an end to this state of affairs or permit me to strike here one blow.

"With every respect for the authority of the United States Government, may I not consider your silence or inaction the equivalent of consent for me to stop the further violation of the neutrality laws at this port or to carry on war here for the burghers?"

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Every employe of every railroad entering Chicago, from the President, to the messenger boy, will be vaccinated between now and Monday, or lose his position. Every car which arrives in the city from every direction will be subjected to fumigation of the health department of the city, before other passengers are allowed to enter it. These precautions were agreed upon at a meeting of the General Managers of all the railroads entering Chicago. The Chicago and Alton Railroad and the Illinois Central began to put them into effect yesterday. The other roads will begin to-day. All will continue the measures until the smallpox epidemic which is ravaging the northwest and the Mississippi Valley States shall be stamped out. At the meeting of the Managers the spread of the disease in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, and Illinois was declared alarming, and it was stated that the General Managers passed resolutions, calling on the medical advisers of the road to take steps to check the disease and giving them full authority to use whatever measures they deemed best. The surgeons of the road and their assistants met and decided upon the stringent action above outlined.

New York, Feb. 14—A pro-Boer plan of campaign has been drawn up for use in the United States. The indications are that a jaw bone war will be carried on in the Netherlands, in the United States, and in the toughest constituencies in England long after peace has been restored in South Africa. While all this irresponsible chatter is going on in Europe and America, Lord Kitchener is setting a tremendous pace in South Africa. If the Boers—the fighting Boers, not the talking Boers—remain in the field much longer, it must be because, like the english foxes, they like being hunted.

"The assassination of President McKinley has elicited a universal feeling of sympathy and sorrow throughout the civilized world, and though Canada has happily so far been free from crimes of this character, the close proximity to the United States may make it advisable to join our efforts to the efforts of the United States and other nations, and to provide by legislation for the adequate punishment of those who, either by speech or writing, incite fanatics to the perpetration of such horrible crimes.

THE CENSUS.

"The returns of the late census will be laid before you, and while the absolute increase in the number of population is not so great as might have been expected, the evidences of growth in wealth and in the general tokens of prosperous development are highly satisfactory. There is good reason also to believe that the increase of population during the latter half of the decade has been very greatly in excess of the average of former years, and that in the near future we may look for a much more rapid growth than occurred during the period covered by the last two censuses.

CHEAP WIRELESS MESSAGES

"The inventor, Mr. Marconi, having met unexpected obstacles to the carrying on of the experiments in wireless ocean telegraph in a sister colony, my Ministers deemed it expedient to invite him to continue his operations on the coast of Nova Scotia, and they availed themselves of his presence in Canada to enter into negotiations, resulting in an arrangement through which should the project prove as successful as is hoped for, the Government and people of Canada will enjoy the benefits of the invention on very favorable terms, including rates for transatlantic messages very much below those now existing.

"I may congratulate you on the satisfactory condition of the revenue and on the steady and continuous expansion of the general business of the country, as evidenced by the increased volume of exports and imports.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—The attendance at the opening of Parliament to-day was one of the largest on record, and hundreds were not able to get into the Senate galleries owing to the crush. The weather was chilly and not too cold. The speech from the throne referred to the bountiful harvest in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, and the cordial reception tendered the Prince and Princess of Wales. Regretting the assassination of McKinley it said:

A SOVEREIGN BANK WILL SOON APPEAR

The New Institution May Open A Branch in Peterborough

A STRONG BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Authorized Capital 2,000,000 One Half of which will be Paid up—Peterborough Capital will be Subscribed

The Sovereign Bank of Canada, which is soon to begin business, will enter upon its career with an assured business. Some time ago the Toronto papers published a statement regarding the new bank, so that many of our readers are already acquainted with the prospectus.

The authorized capital of the new bank is placed at $2,000,000, $1,000,000 of which will be paid up. In fact, the entire $1,000,000 of capital stock has already been subscribed or underwritten, and only a limited amount will be offered to the public. The present issue of 20,000 shares at a par value of $100 per share is being placed at a premium of 25 per cent., which will enable the bank to commence business with a reserve fund of $250,000.

The headquarters of the bank will be in Toronto, with executive offices in Montreal. The Board of Directors is composed of many well-known Canadian capitalists, while several prominent financial men in the United States, including several who are closely identified with the Standard Trust Company, of New York, and J. P. Morgan & Co., are also interested in the institution.

There are a number of interesting features connected with the establishment of the Sovereign Bank. The charter was obtained at the last session of the Dominion Parliament, the first that has been granted by that august assembly for upwards of 15 years. It may not be generally known that established banks are obliged by law to offer all issues of new capital to their own shareholders first, thereby practically precluding outside investors from subscribing for such stock, so that the inauguration of a new monetary institution is a matter of more than passing import.

A STRONG BOARD

In selecting Mr. Duncan M. Stewart as general manager, it will be conceded that the directors have made a splendid choice. Mr. Stewart has had a wide experience in banking, both in Canada and in the United States. He was lately inspector of the Royal Bank of Canada in Montreal, and was for many years with the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Mr. H. S. Holt, president of the Montreal Light, Heat, and Power Company, has been chosen as the first president of the bank, while the Board of Directors comprises such well-known names as A. A. Allan, Toronto; Archibald Campbell, ex-M.P., Toronto Junction; Randolf Macdonald, contractor, Toronto; Senator Peter McLaren, of Perth; Senator D. McMillan, of Alexandria; John Pugsley, of Pugsley, Dingman & Co., Toronto; Sir Melbourne Tait, acting Chief Justice of the Superior Court, Montreal; Henry R. Wilson, of Wilson & Stephens, bankers, New York City.

NEW YORK REPRESENTATIVES

As the leading Canadian banks are obliged to invest a portion of their funds in New York, and for this reason have agencies in that city, the wisdom of the Sovereign Bank in having a prominent New York banker on its Board of Directors is at once apparent. In addition, the bank will have an advisory committee in New York, composed of Wm. C. Lane, president of the Standard Trust Company, and Paul D. Cravath, of Guthrie, Cravath and Henderson. It is expected that this will obviate the necessity of opening a branch in New York City, and at the same time secure to the bank the best possible advice on financial matters.

The foreign bankers and correspondents are J. P. Morgan & Co., New York; the Standard Trust Co., New York; J. S. Morgan & Co., London, Eng., and Morgan, Harjes & Co., Paris, France.

In a circular issued by General Manager Stewart, he states that a large amount of the bank's stock has been sold to leading men in New York, Boston, and Chicago. This connection, he says, has already assured to the Sovereign Bank some valuable American business in Canada.

CANADIAN BANKING PROFITABLE

Of the stability of Canadian banks and of their value as an investment there is no gainsaying. The official publications show that the business of the chartered banks reporting to the Dominion Government has developed by leaps and bounds during recent years. From 1891 to 1901 the assets of the chartered banks of Canada increased 100 per cent. In the same ten years the liability to the public increased 137 per cent. The note circulation from 1891 to 1901 increased 71 per cent., and the loans and discounts increased in the same period 105 per cent. The paid-up capital of the chartered banks in this period increased only 14 per cent., while their reserve funds have increased 51 per cent since 1891, and now aggregate nearly $37,000,000. This sum represents the surplus profits to the shareholders after the payment of all expenses, dividends, etc.

As evidencing the prosperity which has attended Canadian banks, it need only be stated that during the past year the net profits of the chartered banks of Canada amounted to no less than $10,285,000, which profits are equal to 15 per cent. on the paid-up capital, and this percentage would be still greater if calculated upon the actual capital employed during the period. Every existing chartered bank has paid dividends regularly for years. Last year, out of the net profits of over ten million dollars, the banks paid their shareholders $5,000,000, being an average return on their capital of over 7 per cent. per annum.

MAY OPEN IN PETERBOROUGH

The Times has been informed that a branch of the Sovereign Bank may be opened in Peterborough in the near future, and it is therefore desirable that some stock be taken here. Not only is the investment an absolutely safe one, but everything points to its being an exceedingly profitable one as well. Peterborough is fast becoming an important manufacturing centre, and while the staff of the four banks already in existence here are scrupulously courteous and obliging, it is felt that there is room for another institution of the kind. Competition in finance as well as in everything else, is productive of much good in the community.

When the Baby Cries at Night

there is a cause for it. Perhaps it is gas on the stomach. May be cramps or diarrhoea. Don't lose sleep, anticipate such contingencies by always keeping handy a bottle of Polson's Nerviline. Just a few drops in water given inwardly, then rub the little one's stomach with a small quantity of Nerviline, and perfect rest is assured for the night for both mother and baby. You may not need Nerviline often, but when you do need it you need it badly. Get a 25c. bottle to-day

A Good Move

Hastings Star: At a meeting of the Peterborough Council recently, Ald. Morrison stated that one matter which needed investigation was the constant presence of so many fakirs from outside points canvassing the town for business. During the week he had been solicited to buy pictures, picture frames, books, tea, etc., by men who paid not a cent of taxes, and who hurt the business of the local merchants. He would like to see a good stiff license imposed on peddlers, with a rebate to local men. This matter should be taken up in Hastings, as it is certain that a great deal of injustice is being perpetrated on our business men. Every week our town is visited by peddlers offering envelopes, pens, paper, ink, hardware, underwear, spectacles and other articles. Even our butchers, who go to no little expense to keep meat in the summer time, have to compete with outside peddlers in the winter months.

TO MAKE THE BOERS ADMIT THEIR DEFEAT

The Prohibition Bill.

The Prohibition Bill now before the Legislature provides:—

Referendum—Submitted to the people on Oct. 14th 1902.

Majority Needed — The votes in favor of the Act must exceed one-half of the number of votes polled at the general election preceding.

Question on Ballot—Are You in Favor of Bringing Into Force the Liquor Act of 1902?

When enforced — If the referendum is carried, the Act goes into force May 1, 1904.

As to Compensation — Nothing said.

And Take from Them the Merest Possibility of Renewing the War

Britain's Duty to the Empire—How Britain Has Shown Her Strength

London, Feb. 13.—This metropolis bestowed its highest distinction on Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, to-day when, at the Guild Hall, it conferred on him the freedom of the city in a gold casket. Mrs. Chamberlain accompanied the Colonial Secretary, and they were greeted on their arrival with a fanfare of trumpets. The address in connection with the presentation congratulated Mr. Chamberlain on the services he had rendered to the Empire during the last 25 years, dwelling specially on the way in which he had welded the colonies together.

On replying, Mr. Chamberlain disclaimed any intention of making political capital out of the occasion, but he said he thought he might, in behalf of the Government, make an appeal for national support. The Government had two great national objects in view—to establish beyond question British authority in South Africa, and to maintain the unity of the Empire. Both objects were involved in the South African war. The war would always be memorable, because it had called out a greater military effort than ever before asked from Great Britain, and because it had shown to friend and foe the potential strength and almost inexhaustible resources of the Empire. He had not thought it necessary to stoop to meet the imputations of national greed, lust of territory, or personal ambition and criminal motives suggested by the insignificant minority since the war had the approval of sister nations across the seas.

In regard to the immediate causes of the war, continued Mr. Chamberlain, it was not only impossible for a great nation to allow its subjects to be humiliated or oppressed, its engagements broken, and black races oppressed, but the very existence of the Empire was involved, and the Government was pledged to continue it until the danger from which they had escaped was forever averted.

After a reference to shallow observers abroad who foretold Great Britain's downfall, Mr. Chamberlain concluded with paying a glowing tribute to the colonies, who throughout the war had demonstrated their intention to share the obligations as well as the privileges of the Empire. It was a long step towards the consolidation, which was now within measure of practical accomplishment. He did not envy the statesman who would be willing to compromise the issue for which the Empire fought. The nation was not vindictive to its enemies. If they surrendered to-day they would be welcomed as friends to-morrow. The expulsion of those who caused the war was only a measure of self-preservation. Similarly immunity for traitors was not humanity but was cruelty to the loyalists and to the Boers, who now in thousands, recognizing the futility of the struggle, were aiding Great Britain to end the war. In justice to those who had died and as security for the survivors, they must make the Boers recognize that they are defeated, and take from them the barest possibility of repeating the attempt. To do otherwise would be to invite the contempt of foreign countries, whose affection it seemed impossible for them to gain, but whose respect at any rate they were able to secure.

TO BE A CATHOLIC IN FRANCE WILL WRECK THE CAREER OF A CITIZEN.

London Times Quotes the Words of Cardinal Langenieux—France Will Give Appointments to Those Who Have Been Soldiers

London, Feb. 13.—The London Times quotes a manifesto issued by Cardinal Langenieux of Reims, which is regarded with much interest in France. The cardinal says that to be a Catholic in France to-day is enough to wreck a citizen's career while Freemasonry is the open sesame to all doors. He calls the law of associations a socialistic measure seeking the revision of fortunes.

London, Feb. 13.—A despatch to The Times from Paris says that a new military regulation is contemplated by the French Government, and prohibits any one who has not served three years with the colors from holding any position in the gift of the State. Soldiers of departments or communes serving long terms are to have the right to civil service appointments.

PRINCIPLE OF EXEMPTION

The majority of the members of the Toronto City Council, in defiance of the Mayor, decided to ask the Ontario Legislature for permission to pass exemption by-laws by a two-thirds vote of the Council instead of by a two-thirds vote of the ratepayers.

This is a selfish move on the part of the hog town legislators, and the request will be made for the purpose of accepting propositions from bonus-hunting manufacturers without the consent of the people who pay the taxes. The game will be checked. The Councillors of other municipalities will not be partners to the scheme, and the Legislature will be asked to refuse the request.

The Mayor and Council of Hamilton asked the co-operation of the city of Kingston in opposing the demand of Toronto's Council, and the matter was referred to the local member with the suggestion that he act in the city's best interests by co-operating with the Hamilton Council.

The Mayor of Hamilton has written a congratulatory letter to the Mayor of Toronto complimenting him upon the very decided stand he took in opposition to the majority of the Council against reintroducing any further exemption clauses in the Assessment or Municipal Acts. He says that he heartily concurs with Mayor Howland in every word of his protest as reported in the press. Mayor Hendrie points out that owing to the fact that he is largely interested in manufacturing, the proposed change would benefit him personally. In answer to this he says, "I do not consider that it would be in the interest of the community at large, and in my estimation it would be a retrograde movement in the progressive age of municipal economics."

To have the act amended as suggested would prove a serious matter to municipalities which have long since come to the conclusion that the principle of exemption is wrong. To take this question out of the control of the ratepayers would simply give manufacturers an opportunity to fleece city corporations. When left without any controlling influence governing bodies do not always act in the best interests of their constituents. Aldermen might be induced by strong arguments to grant terms to manufacturers and others that would not be at all satisfactory to the majority of the electors. The principle of exemption is not right from many standpoints, and the sooner it is legislated out of force the better for the municipalities in general. Industries that cannot stand without exemption from taxes or bonuses are not very healthy institutions.

WALL ST. WINNERS

[illegible] be profitted by proper [illegible] of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods [illegible], to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 pages, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete [illegible] relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with [illegible] for from 10 to 20 years, best rules for successful trading and other data, calculated to best fit the reader, to secure some of the large profits, distributed annually, through the medium, of trading.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL -SMELTER-MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend-Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters in the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 14, 1902

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

GOOD ENGLISH

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—Please say whether good English usage permits the expression "a contract between A, B, and C," instead of "A contract among A, B, and C."

A READER

Ans.—It does not; but legal usage does.

A BROKER'S FAILURE

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—When a broker suspends business, what becomes of the customer's deposit with that broker? Can it be transferred to another broker, or does it go with the broker who has failed, and gone no one knows where?

GREENY

Ans.—It has generally gone before the broker goes.

A MANLY MAN

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—On Saturday last I noticed a big strapping fellow, at least six feet high, walking along George street, with his fur coat buttoned up to the chin, his fur collar up to the top of his head, and his hands in his pockets.

By his side walked a slender little pale-faced woman, not five feet tall, and carrying at least half a dozen parcels that almost weighed her to the ground.

Her lordly husband paid no attention to her, but majestically stalked on, gaping at everything in sight—but his wife.

I felt like taking a club and knocking a little sympathy into his selfish, hidebound carcass, but I suppose if I had tried to do so his little wife would have come to the rescue of her loving (?) husband.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

A SOCIETY QUESTION

This Great Family Journal Advises Miss Alice

This great family journal is rapidly coming to the fore as an authority on all manner of subjects. The questions propounded are usually published in our "Letter Box" column, but this one is of such importance that we treat it separately. It was enclosed in a large envelope, and written on paper which had been sweetly scented. The letter reads:

Dear Mr. Editor,—I am a girl 24 years old, with lovely blonde hair and deep black eyes. I have a gentleman friend who calls upon me every evening, and whom I love very dearly. He has not yet mentioned marriage to me, but he insists on my sitting in his lap during the entire evening whenever he calls. Besides objecting to the manner in which his knees are upholstered, I realize that this conduct is unbecoming, and it distresses my sensitive nature extremely. I realize at the same time the danger of making a faux pas at this critical period. Please advise me what to say to him.

ALICE

P.S.—What will cure corns.

Ans.—(1) Now, my sweet Alice, this is a delicate situation, and this g.f.j. hates to advise you. At your age it is certainly dangerous to take any chances. Possibly you can disclose your feelings without frightening him away; still we are not sure.

(2) What is the matter with your corns? What do you wish to cure them of? Be more explicit.—Ed.

Mixed Morals.

TWO NEW HOUSES.

Once upon a Time there were Two Men, each of whom decided to build for himself a Fine, New House.

One Man, being of an Arrogant and Conceited Nature, took counsel of Nobody, but declared that he would build his House to suit himself. "For," said he, "since it is My House and I am to Live in It, why should I ask the Advice of my Neighbors as to its Construction?"

While the House was Building, the Neighbors came often and Looked at it, and went away, Whispering and Wagging their Heads in Derision.

But the Man paid no Heed, and continued to build his House as he Would.

The Result was that, when completed, his House was lacking in Symmetry and Utility, and in a Hundred Ways it was Unsatisfactory, and for each Defect there was a Neighbor who said, "Had you asked Me, I would have Warned you against that Error."

The Other Man, who was of a Humble and Docile Mind, went to Each of his Neighbors in Turn, and asked Advice about the Building of his House.

His Friends willingly and at Great Length gave him the Benefit of their Experiences and Opinions, and the Grateful Man undertook to Follow Out all their Directions.

The Result was that his House, when finished, was a Hodge-Podge of Varying Styles and Contradictory Effects, and Exceedingly Uncomfortable and Inconvenient to Live In.

MORALS:

This Fable teaches that in a Multitude of Counsellors there is Safety, and that Too Many Cooks Spoil the Broth.

THE TWO SUITORS.

Once on a Time there was a Charming Young Maiden who had Two Suitors.

One of These, who was of a Persistent and Persevering Nature, managed to be Continually in the Young Lady's Company.

He would pay her a Visit in the Morning, Drop In to Tea in the Afternoon, and Call on her Again in the Evening.

He took her Driving, and he Escorted her to the Theater. He would take her to a Party, and then he would Dance, or Sit on the Stairs, or Flit into the Conservatory with her.

The Young Lady admired this man, but she Wearied of his never-ceasing Presence, and she Said to Herself: "If he were not Always at my Elbow I should Better Appreciate his Good Qualities."

The Other Suitor, who considered himself a Man of Deep and Penetrating Cleverness, said to himself, "I will Go Away for a Time, and then my Fair One will Realize my Worth and Call Me Back to Her."

With a Sad Visage he made his Adieus, and he Exacted her Pledge to Write to him Occasionally. But after he had Gone she Forgot her Promise, and Soon she Forgot his Very Existence.

MORALS:

This Fable teaches that Absence Makes the Heart Grow Fonder, and that Out of Sight is Out of Mind.—Carolyn Wells in the "Century."

Kitchener Liked by Soldiers.

A man who recently arrived from South Africa says that Kitchener is liked and trusted by his common soldiers, and tells, in the Boston "Herald," this story, illustrating his manner with them:

"We were on the march from Klandsfontein to Stromberg, and had been pushing forward with unusual speed, and Joe Hawkins, who had just come out of the hospital after a touch of the fever, had been assigned by our good old sergeant-major to drive a Cape cart, carrying supplies, in order to spare him as much as possible from the hot sun. The horses were green, and didn't go well in harness, and, as they came in front of a farmhouse, one of them started kicking and succeeded in breaking the whiffletree.

"Joe at once made a break for the barn back of the farmhouse, and, spying a new Cape cart, grabbed a wrench and proceeded to take off the whiffletree, when he was approached by a quiet, stern-looking man in khaki, whom he did not remember ever having seen before, and who said:

"'I'm sorry, my boy, but I've just commandeered that cart. You will have to find another.'

"'Not much,' replied Joe; 'findin's keepin's in this country. I needed a new whiffletree—I've found one and I'm goin' to keep it.'

"'But,'— commenced the man.

"'There's no "buts" about it,' said Joe; 'if you want this cart, you've got to whip me before you get it.'

"'Well,' replied the man, 'perhaps I could help you repair your cart without destroying this one.'

"Joe, who was naturally a good-natured chap, consented to this arrangement, and, after rummaging about for a few minutes, the man produced a stick which would answer the purpose fairly well. He held it in place while Joe tied it firmly, and, seeing that everything was all right, returned quietly to the house, after bidding Joe a pleasant good-day.

"'Do you know who you were talking with?' inquired a young officer, stepping up to the cart as Joe was preparing to drive off. 'That was Lord Kitchener of Khartoum!'

"'And I've been glad all day I didn't have to lick him,' concluded Joe, as he told the story in camp that night, 'because he's a pretty good fellow.'"

Valuable Man.

"I say," said the business man to the detective, "some fellow has been representing himself as a collector of ours. He has been taking in more money than any two of the men we have, and I want him collared as quickly as you can."

"All right; I'll have him in jail in less than a week."

"Great Scott, man! I don't want to put him in jail; I want to engage him."

A Definition.

A spendthrift is a man who has luxuries that your credit will not enable you to buy.—Somerville "Journal."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

Women Dread

The disfiguration caused by skin disease, even more than the tormenting irritation which is so commonly associated with it. The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery generally results in a complete cure of eczema, pimples, eruptions and other forms of disease which have their cause in an impure condition of the blood. "Golden Medical Discovery" absolutely purges the blood of humors and poisons, and so cures the cutaneous diseases which bad blood breeds and feeds.

There is no alcohol in the "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"I was troubled with eczema from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet," writes Mrs. Ella Quick, of Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich. "Could not walk at times, nor wear my shoes. Thought there was no help for me—at least the doctor said there was none. I went to see friends at Christmas time and there heard of the good that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery had done for them, and was advised to try it at once. For fear that I might neglect it my friends sent to the village and got a bottle and made me promise that I would take it. I had been getting worse all the time. I took thirteen bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and ten vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and used the 'All Healing Salve,' which made a complete cure. It was slow, but sure. I was taking the medicine about eight months.

"I would say to all who read this: Try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery before wasting time and money."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets assist the action of the "Discovery."

We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for

DRY PICKED CHICKS.

Any quantity. We pay freight. Cheque sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
London, Ont

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

A Fake Game

"I don't think I ever enjoyed a poker game as much in my life as I did a fake game of my own getting up a good many years ago," said a Lindsay man to a Times reporter the other day. "I was quite a youngster at the time, and was the treasurer of my class. I had a fund of about $150 for the purchase of class pins, and one afternoon, while I had this money in possession, three or four of my classmates dropped in. I had a country cousin visiting me at the time, a young fellow of about my own age, and I did everything in my power to dazzle him. Well, we started a poker game, having surreptitiously divided the $150 between us. My cousin didn't play but he sat and watched us. I don't think I shall ever forget his look of amazement as we played that game. The money was all in bills, and we bet the cash instead of chips, throwing $5 and $10 bills around as though they were so many cents. It was a freeze-out game, and eventually I had all the money back again. During the rest of his visit my country cousin regarded me with increased awe, and I don't believe he ever learned that our big poker game was all for effect."

Astonishing Success of the World's Great Cereal Food, Malt Breakfast Food

The history of food products for the last twenty years cannot point to a success so marked and astonishing as that attained by Malt Breakfast Food. The best grocers in Canada and Newfoundland are most agreeably impressed with the heavy demand, and say positively that Malt Breakfast Food is their great leader.

Malt Breakfast Food is fast displacing other grain breakfast foods, because it possesses virtues and qualities unknown to other existing brands. No other food is so delicious to the taste; no other so appetizing and nourishing. It is therefore fair to claim that Malt Breakfast Food is the acme of perfection as far as a health food is concerned. It truly makes the weak strong and keeps the strong in the bloom of health. If you would add to the pleasure of your morning meal, try Malt Breakfast Food. See your grocer.

Getting over a Spree

"All heavy drinkers," said a hotel man to the Times the other day, "have their own pet theories about how to overcome the after-effects of too much 'booze water.' Some of them are very absurd, and to hear these fellows argue in support of their antidotes you would think that nothing could be more important. I heard a new one to-day. The man who was talking about it was three sheets in the wind, and was very emphatic. 'If I feel that I've had too much, and am going to have a head on me the next morning,' he said, 'I always take a cabbage, cut the heart out of it and eat it before I go to bed. My father and my grandfather before me used to do this. It is a family tradition, and it is infallible.' The others only laughed at him, and that made him mad," continued the bartender. "Still, it's as sensible as most of the alleged cures. These fellows may talk as they please, but I have noticed that when they are feeling real rocky they all want the same cure, and that is a hair from the tail of the dog that bit them."

Her Heart like a Polluted Spring.—Mrs. James Srigley, Pelee Island, Ont., says: "I was for five years afflicted with dyspepsia, constipation, heart disease and nervous prostration. I could [illegible] the heart trouble with Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and the [illegible] —Sold by [illegible]

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 15th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

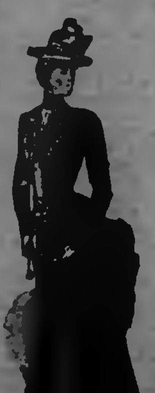
At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

$3.10 $3.10

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.



Model 169

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours – Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
Bradford, England

STICK YOUR SHAFT

Into boxes babbitted with the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

Metals, and your troubles will be over

Tel. Main 1729. - 31 William st.
Toronto, Ont.

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MUSICAL PEOPLE ARE A UNIT IN PRONOUNCING

ART BELL
Pianos and Organs

as the most perfect of Canada's productions and entitled to first consideration.

Royalty is numbered among Bell purchasers, which extend to many nations.

Descriptive Catalogue No. 68 is Mailed for the Asking.

THE BELL ORGAN & PIANO CO. Limited
GUELPH ONT.

2261 St. Catherine St., Montreal
Art Warerooms, 146 Yonge St., Toronto.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Stree

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England

RODS for locating gold and silver ores, buried treasures, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Catalogue and testimonials free. References, any express company in Dallas. T. S. Agency, Box 238 H, Dallas Texas U.S.A.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the usual result of using **Derma Cream.** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove worth, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B. HOSKIN Dept. O 138 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. [illegible] I stamp to Dr. D. HINKLY XX-6 Grand Rapids, Mich

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 325 Henry St., Brooklyn N. Y.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two
Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)
—AT—
H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S
High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1898.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper [illegible]

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,
Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

OF

The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE **ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.**
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS
Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.
[illegible] George street, Peterborough. Telephone [illegible] day or night.

Great Loss

would be sustained were we deprived of this century's improvements. The health, song and plumage of cage birds would not be so satisfactory if deprived of "COTTAMS" Seed, with patent "BIRD BREAD."

[illegible]

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

All sexual complaints, especially private diseases—which have been improperly treated, [illegible] the kidneys and bladder.

Have you pain in the back, a dull feeling in the region of the kidneys? At times your water comes freely, a large quantity, light in color, with no peculiar symptoms, while at other times you do not make it quite so freely, it is dark in color, you make a small quantity, or you may have a mucous deposit or brick dust colored sediment in your urine. Give your condition immediate attention or more serious complications will set in. My Latest Method Treatment guaranteed as a positive cure for such conditions, and remember you

PAY WHEN CURED.

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. Read what one of my grateful patients writes. [illegible]

[illegible]

DR. GOLDBERG: Your Latest Method Treatment acted the way you said it would; my outbreaks are cured, and the weakness entirely disappeared. I feel stronger than ever; my bladder and kidneys do not trouble me any. I can sleep all day, do a hard day's work without my kidneys troubling me as before I took your Latest Method Treatment. It has cured after others have failed; if I had [illegible] you sooner, I would have saved a great deal of money which I spent on other doctors. I am your grateful patient, F. LINDSAY

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT CURES

Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching, or loss of time; also Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. If you cannot call, write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. Medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor—All duty and transportation charges prepaid—Everything confidential—No names on envelopes or packages—Nothing sent C. O. D.

DR. GOLDBERG,

208 WOODWARD AVE.,
Cor. Wilcox Street,
DETROIT, MICH.

King Edward VII.

Notepaper

is "quite English, you know.' It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN

ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS

OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN

COMPANY

3½ Per Cent. Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.

4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 2 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Office, 437 George street.

Legal.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street, money to loan at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL. B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to loan. R. A. Peck, R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

ELLIOTT & ROWLAND, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 18 Wellington Street West, Toronto.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton, C. B. Bradburn, B. A.

Hotels.

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First-class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and [illegible] avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and [illegible] hotel; centrally located; dollar and [illegible] per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 189[illegible]. [illegible] Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m., George Cochrane, agent, [illegible] Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger, Glazier, etc.; 141 Brock street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 334 Park, Plain-Painting, [illegible] Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and [illegible] very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 334 Park street.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co

LIMITED

Of the 12,000,000,000 letters annually distributed by the postoffices of the world 8,000,000,000 are addressed in English, 1,200,000,000 in German and 1,000,000,000 in French. All the other languages have less than 2,000,000,000 between them.

By employing compressed air, a Dresden manufacturer has lately succeeded in producing glass vessels of extraordinary size. Heretofore, it is said, concave glass could be blown into vessels having a capacity not exceeding about 20 gallons, but by the new process glass bath-tubs and large glass bottles can be blown.

The highest tunnel in the world is now in course of construction by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Crow's Nest Pass. It is at an altitude of 4,500 feet above sea level. The Loop Tunnel, as the work is called, will be 840 feet long, of which over 300 feet are completed. A force of 200 men is working day and night, and it is anticipated it will be finished by December next. This tunnel will shorten the route by fourteen miles, and will greatly reduce grades and curvatures.

A sporting friend of the editor of "Sporting and Dramatic News" keeps some green tree frogs in a glass globe, and the children feed them on flies and other insects. "In their bowl stands a miniature flight of steps, and when the frogs climb up and perch on these steps my friend leaves his mackintosh at home, being assured of fine weather. When the frogs huddle together at the bottom of the globe, then he says it is a safe sign of coming rain."

For soldiers' use, and for employment under circumstances where fresh milk, coffee and chocolate are not easily obtainable, a dried preparation is now being manufactured which serves excellently as a substitute. Skimmed milk is evaporated by the help of an air blast to the condition of a paste, and, after being dried, is reduced to powder by grinding. Then it is mixed with powdered chocolate, half and half, and is either put up as dust or compressed into cakes. When wanted, water is added, the resulting fluid is boiled, and all that is needed is a little sugar.

A system of teaching the French language by phonograph is to be tried in England. Several prominent French professors are devoting their energies to preparing phonograph cylinders carrying French lessons upon them. The phonographic records are accompanied by a book, which contains thirty lessons, each of which corresponds to a phonographic cylinder, and each lesson is ingeniously illustrated. All that the student has to do is to set the phonograph in motion, and the book will explain what the instrument is saying.

The following advertisement is from the Tokio "Nippon" (newspaper): "I am a beautiful woman. My abundant undulating hair envelops me as a cloud. Supple as a willow is my waist. Soft and brilliant is my visage as the satin of the flowers. I am endowed with wealth sufficient to saunter through life hand in hand with my beloved. Were I to meet a gracious lord, kindly, intelligent, well educated, and of good taste, I would unite myself with him for life, and later share with him the pleasure of being laid to rest eternal in a tomb of pink marble."

One of the oddest of recent inventions is a refrigerating egg, as it might be called. It is an ovoid capsule of nickel-plated copper, about the size and shape of a hen's egg, hollow and nearly filled with ice. If you have a glass of milk that is not cold enough, you do not like to put ice into it, because dilution with water spoils the beverage. But, if you have one of these eggs handy, you may drop it into the glass, and in a few moments the liquid is reduced to the desired temperature. In the same way you may cool your cup of coffee, if it is too hot, and the idea is equally applicable to any other drink.

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

News and Opinions

—OF—

NATIONAL IMPORTANCE

THE SUN ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail .... $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail .... $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

Curious Bits of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Why "Mike" Didn't Rise.

AMONG the employees of one of the important mercantile establishments of Chicago is a husky young man who is known as "Mike." There seems to be no clear understanding among "Mike's" immediate superiors as to the nature of his duties. He sits around among boxes at the rear end of the concern most of the time and smokes an old pipe that has the death-rattle in its throat.

Occasionally there is a rag-picker or a suspicious looking prowler to be driven out of the alley, but aside from looking after such persons "Mike" has no regular work to do. This gives him plenty of time to get fat and to ponder upon the great mysteries of existence.

The other day one of the firm's trusted men had occasion to look around among the boxes where "Mike" was on guard, and, finding the latter with his heels cocked up and his chin on his breast, while the old pipe gurgled and wheezed and threatened after every pull to give up the struggle forever, the man from the office proceeded to read his colaborer a little sermon.

"'Mike,'" said the one who amounted to something, "why do you sit around here wasting your spare moments? You are neglecting golden opportunities. Instead of idling your time away you might have a book and be studying. Many a man in your place would educate himself, and so become capable of taking a higher place in the world. I myself started in here at the bottom. But I was determined not to remain at the bottom. How do you suppose I got up? By sitting around and waiting for my employers to come and lift me out of my place? No, indeed, 'Mike,' I fitted myself for a better position. I put in my spare time finding out things about the way the establishment was run. I made myself too valuable to be kept at the bottom. I was determined from the start that I would be promoted, not merely for my own benefit, but for the benefit of the firm. I decided to make myself so valuable that they could not afford not to take advantage of my knowledge and my ability. I think a great many young men make mistakes in the attitude they assume at the start. They try to get up merely for their own profit. They should make themselves so competent that their employers could not help seeing that it would be unprofitable to keep them down. You have a hundred chances here for every one that I had when I started. Three-fourths of the time you have nothing to do. You could put in this time studying and finding out how our business is done. In that way you could make yourself worth more to the firm than you are at present. Why don't you do it?"

"Mike" slowly removed his heels from the box on which they had rested, and, after having gulped down a mouthful of nicotine, he replied:

"I've noticed one thing around this place. The less a feller knows the less he has to do."—Chicago "Record-Herald."

Wit and Wisdom from New Books.

How little the world knows about its modest heroes who bear burdens uncomplainingly and show no envy towards those who are more fortunately situated from a worldly point of view.—"Blennerhassett."

Master Hawes spoke shrilly and with a lisp, for which he would have been admired had it been affected, but for which he was often ridiculed because it was natural.—"Captain Ravenshaw."

Children are like jam; all very well in the proper place, but you can't stand them all over the shop.—"The Wouldbegoods."

All women fear and suspect irony when they are able to recognize it.—"The Serious Wooing."

"A man, Philpotts, is never beaten, till he has said in his heart, 'I am beaten.'"—"Sir Christopher."

The whole affair was eminently unsatisfactory, yet so little might have made it perfect; but that is the tragedy of many things.—"A Woman Alone."

The hiding in the world and the leaving of it are both tiresome enough at times.—"The Seven Houses."

The attempt to produce ideas by rubbing pen and paper together is much like trying to evoke fire from the friction of a couple of sticks; it is a thing not entirely impossible, but it is always a tedious and generally an ineffectual process.—"Talks on Writing English."

One way or other, belief is a frightful thing. It contaminates everything except [illegible].—"Temple House."

Culture is acquirable to everybody, but there are people who not only do not need it, but whom it is liable to spoil.—"Foma Gordyeeff."

She learned how brutal a man who is not ashamed of himself can be.—"The Night-Hawk."

The price of existence with some people must be an eternal silence.—"Two Men."

Schoolbooks are implements, but they don't teach in school how the implements are to be used in one's business.—"Foma Gordyeeff."

Nature shows us the beautiful while she conceals the interior. We do not see the roots of her roses and she hides from us her skeletons.—"The Mossgena."

The world's a-dyin' o' ole's. Perlitical ambition, sorciety ambition, this world's fashion—what is it all, I ask ye, but ole's?—"Flood-Tide."

You cannot paddle in sin and go with white feet before the throne of God.—"Karadac, Count of Gersay."

New Zealand Likes Newfoundland.

There will probably be no inclusion of New Zealand in the Commonwealth of Australia during the next fifty years, if, indeed, it ever takes place. The scheme has now been condemned by the commission appointed by the New Zealand Government to study the federation question, and the commission's judgment seems well based. New Zealand is twelve hundred miles from Australia by sea, a fact that neutralizes the military argument drawn from the benefits of a joint defence in case of war. Again, should New Zealand be brought under Australian control, such a step would imperil the many economic and socialistic experiments being made under the auspices of the New Zealand Government.

She—Let's sit out the next one. He—Why, I thought you were fond of dancing? She—I am.—Detroit "Free Press."

He Testified in Song.

COLONEL C. C. FOGLE, attorney-at-law, of Lancaster, Mo., related the following legal incident: "One of the most original lawyers I ever met in my life was 'Sam' Dysart, who some twenty years ago was a resident of our county. He is some kin to Major 'Ben' Dysart, of your town. 'Sam' was a born humorist, and could have made his fortune in the lecture field. When he lived up our way he was engaged on one occasion to defend a lot of boys and girls charged with disturbing a religious assembly out in the country, by 'laughing and giggling' is the way the information read. The case was tried before Squire A. C. Bailey, a good old man, who has long since gone to his final reward. Like all cases of the sort, it attracted an immense crowd from the vicinity of the alleged outrage. T. C. Tadlock prosecuted, and he was instructed by the church people to spare no pains to convict the disturbers, who were very much frightened by being dragged into court. All the defendants were children of good families, and it was their first offence. They candidly admitted they laughed out in church, and the State insisted that by their own mouths they were condemned. Brother Tice Spears, a righteous man of Puritanic type, was the main prosecuting witness. He had conducted the services, and he testified that his peace was sadly disturbed by the unseemly behavior of the 'sisters.' After he told his story in chief he sat down with clasped hands waiting for the defendants' attorney to begin on him. He didn't have long to wait. The examination began like this:

"'Brother Spears, you led the meetin' last night?'

"'I did, sir.'

"'You prayed?'

"'I did, sir.'

"'And preached?'

"'I tried to.'

"'And sung?'

"'I sung.'

"'What did you sing?'

"'"There is a Fountain Filled with Blood,"' sir.

"Here Mr. Dysart pulled a hymnbook from his pocket and handed it to the witness, with the remark:

"'Please turn to that song, Brother Spears.'

"The witness did so.

"'That's what you sang that night?'

"'It is, sir.'

"'Well, stand up and sing it now, if you please.'

"'What!'

"'You heard what I said, Brother Spears.'

"'But I can't sing before this sort of crowd.'

"'Brother Spears,' with much apparent indignation, 'do I understand that you refuse to furnish legitimate evidence to this jury?'

"'N—no—but, you see——'

"'Your Honor,' said Mr. Dysart, 'I insist that the witness shall sing the song referred in just as he did on the night of alleged disturbance. It is a part of our evidence, and very important. The reason for it will be disclosed later on.'

"There was a long jangle between the lawyers, and the court finally ordered the witness to get up and sing.

"'And, mind you, Brother Spears,' said Dysart, seriously, 'you must sing it just as you did that night; if you change a note you will have to go back and do it all over again.'

"The witness got up and opened the book. There is a vast difference between singing to a congregation in sympathy with you and a crowd of court room habitues. Brother Spears was painfully conscious of the fact. You know how these oldtime hymns are sung in the backwoods settlements? You begin in the basement and work up to the roof, and then leap off from the dizzy height and finally finish the line in the basement. That's the way the witness sang. He had a good voice—that is, it was strong. It seemed to threaten the window lights. The crowd didn't smile—it just yelled with laughter. The jurymen bent double and almost rolled from their seats. The court bit his cob-pipe harder and looked solemn. It wasn't any use. There were only two straight faces in the house. One belonged to a deaf man and the other to 'Sam' Dysart. The singer finished and sat down. He looked tired. 'Sam' immediately excused him. When the time for speech-making came 'Sam' remarked to the jury: 'If you gentlemen think you could go to one of Brother Spears' meetings and behave better than you have here, why, you may be justified in convicting these boys and girls.' That was all he said, but it gave the jury lots to think about. They brought in a verdict of not guilty, with the request that Brother Spears sing another song. But that gentleman had gone home and court adjourned."—Macon "Republican."

Pearls of Great Price.

To-day some of the finest pearls of the world go to China. There is a big demand for them among the mandarins there. Many go to India for sale to the rajahs, and a large number to Paris, whence they are re-exported.

Fine pearls are still of great value, but not so much so as they were in the past. In Roman times they were worth more than now. Julius Caesar once presented to the mother of Marcus Brutus a pearl valued at $240,000. Cleopatra is said to have swallowed one worth $300,000, and she had another equally valuable. Philip II. of Spain received a present of a Panama pearl worth $80,000, and a Spanish woman of Madrid owned one worth 30,000 ducats. During a [illegible] Constantinople I was shown [illegible]'s pearl collection. He had [illegible] a peck of pearls of different [illegible] as big as a pigeon's egg, and some no larger than the head of a pin. He has quilts embroidered with pearls, saddle cloths decorated with them, and a great number of mirrors with pearl-studded handles, which are probably used by the ladies of his harem.—Buffalo "Express."

Busy Little Helps.

"Here's another letter from that new tenant," said the secretary.

"What's he want now?" enquired the proprietor of the Highuppe Apartment House.

"Says he's got to have more room in his flat. Says it'll help some if you'll let him scrape the paper off the walls."—"Catholic Standard and Times."

Anecdotal.

At North Berwick, near Edinburgh, the other day, a golfer whose order [illegible] in advance of his skill got [illegible] at the second hole. He [illegible] his ball badly "topped" on the brink of a bunker. He turned to his caddie in despair. Said he: "I've broke my brassie, and my cleek, and my mashie, and none of them will get out that ball. What should ye say I should take now?" "The," was the [illegible] respectful and sympathetic response, "I wad mysel' be taking [illegible] it just the [illegible] back to Edinburgh, and to [illegible]."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Three Photographs.

"PHOTOGRAPH all the prisoners? But why?" demanded Sir Felix Felix-Williams.

Old Canon Kempe shrugged his shoulders. Admiral Trewbody turned the pages of the Home Secretary's letter. They sat at the baize-covered table in the magistrates' room—the last of the visiting justices who met under the old regime, to receive the Governor's report and look after the welfare of the prisoners in Tregarrick county jail.

"But why, in the name of common sense?" Sir Felix persisted.

"I suppose," hazarded the Admiral, "it helps the police in identifying criminals."

"But the letter says 'all the prisoners?' You don't seriously tell me that anyone wants a photograph to identify Poacher Tresize, whom I've committed a score of times if I've committed him once? And perhaps you'll explain to me this further demand for a 'Composite Photograph' of all the prisoners, male and female. A 'composite photograph'—have you ever seen one?"

"No," the Admiral mused, "but I see what the Home Office is driving at. Someone has been persuading them to test these new theories in criminology the doctors are so busy with, especially in Italy—"

"In Italy!" pish'd Sir Felix Felix-Williams.

"My dear Sir Felix, science has no nationality." The Admiral was a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, and kept a microscope to amuse his leisure.

"It has some proper limits, I should hope," Sir Felix retorted. It annoyed him—a chairman of Quarter Sessions for close upon twenty years—to be told that the science of criminology was yet in its infancy; and he glanced mischievously at the Canon, who might be supposed to have a professional quarrel with scientific men. But the Canon was a wary fighter, and no waster of powder or shot.

"Well, well," said he, "I don't see what harm it can do, or what good. If the Home Secretary wants his composite photograph, let him have it. The only question is, have we a photographer who knows how to make one? Or must we send the negatives up to Whitehall?"

So the visiting justices sent for the local photographer and consulted him. And he—being a clever fellow—declared it was easy enough, a mere question of care in superimposing the negatives. He had never actually made the experiment: his clients (as he called his customers) preferring to be photographed singly or in family groups. But he asked to be given a trial, and suggested (to be on the safe side) preparing two or three composite prints, between which the justices might choose at their next meeting.

This was resolved, and the resolution entered in the minutes; and next day the photographer set to work. Some of the prisoners resisted and 'made faces' in front of the camera, squinting and pulling the most horrible mouths. A female shoplifter sat under protest, because she was not allowed to send home for an evening gown. But the most consented obediently, and Jim Tresize even asked for a copy to take home to his wife.

The Admiral (who had married late in life) resided with his wife and young family in a neat villa just outside the town, where his hobby was to grow pelargoniums. The photographer passed the gate daily on his way to and from the prison, and was usually hailed and catechised on his progress.

His patience with the recalcitrant prisoners delighted the Admiral, who more than once assured his wife that Smithers was an intelligent fellow and quite an artist in his way. "I wonder how he manages it," said Mrs. Trewbody, "he told Baby last autumn that a little bird would fly out of the camera when he took off the cap, and everyone allows that the result is most lifelike. But I don't like the idea, and I think it may injure his trade."

The Admiral could not always follow his wife's reasoning. "What is it you dislike?" he asked.

"Well, it's not nice to think of one's self going into the same camera he has been using on those wretched prisoners. It's sentiment, I dare say; but I had the same feeling when he stuck up Harry's photograph in his showcase at the railway station, among all kinds of objectionable persons, and I requested him to remove it."

The Admiral laughed indulgently, being one of those men who find a charm, even of subtle flattery, in their wives' silliness.

"I agree with you" he said, "that it's not pleasant to be exposed to public gaze among a crowd of people one would never think of knowing. I don't suppose it would actually encourage familiarity, at the same time there's an air of promiscuity about it—I won't say disrespect—which, ahem, jars. But with the prisoners it's different—my attitude to them is scientific, if I may say so. I look upon them as a race apart, almost of another world, and as such I find them extremely interesting. The possibility of mixing with them on any terms of intimacy doesn't occur. I am aware, my dear," he wound up, graciously, "that you women seldom understand this mental detachment, being by nature unscientific and all the more charming for your prejudices."

At the next meeting of justices, Smithers the photographer presented himself and produced his prints with a curious air of diffidence.

"I have," he explained, "brought three for Your Worships' selection; and can honestly assure Your Worships that my pains have been endless. What puzzles me, however, is that although in all three the same portraits have been imposed, and in the same order, the results are surprisingly different. The cause of these differences I cannot detect, though I have gone over the process several times and step by step; but out of some two dozen experiments I may say that all the results answer pretty closely to one another of these three types." Mr. Smithers, who had spent much time in rehearsing this little speech, handed up photograph No. 1; and Sir Felix adjusted his spectacles.

"Villainous!" he exclaimed, recoiling.

The Canon and the Admiral bent over it together.

"Most repulsive!" said the Admiral.

"Here indeed"—the Canon was more impressive—"here, indeed, is an object lesson in the effects of crime. Is it possible that in this, man's [illegible] [illegible] the divinely [illegible] of the [illegible]? Were it not altogether too horrible I would have this picture framed and glazed and hung up in every cottage home in the land."

"My dear fellow," interrupted Sir Felix, "we cannot possibly let this monstrosity go up to Whitehall as representative of the inmates of Tregarrick jail! It would mean an enquiry on the spot. It would even reflect upon us. Ours is a decent county, as counties go, and I protest it shall not, with my consent, be injured by any such libel."

Mr. Smithers handed up photograph No. 2.

"This looks better," began Sir Felix, and with that he gave a slight start, and passed the photograph to the Canon. The Canon, too, started, and stole a quick glance at Sir Felix; their eyes met.

"It certainly is singular"—stammered Sir Felix. "I fancied—without irreverence—but you detected it too," he wound up incoherently.

"May I have a look?" The Admiral peered over the Canon's head; who, however, did not relinquish the photograph, but turned on Smithers with sudden severity.

"I presume, sir, this is not an audacious joke?"

"I assure Your Worship"—protested the photographer— "I had some thoughts of tearing it up, but thought it wouldn't be honest."

"You did rightly," the Canon answered; "but now that we have seen it, I have no such scruple." He tore the print across, and across again. "Even in this," he said, with a glance at the Admiral, who winced, "we may perhaps read a lesson, or at least a warning, that man's presumption in extending the bounds of his knowledge—or, as I should prefer to call it, his curiosity—may—er—bring him face to face with—"

But the Canon's speech tailed off as he regarded the torn pieces of cardboard in his hand. He felt that the others had been seriously perturbed and were not listening; he himself was conscious of a shock too serious for that glib emollient—usually so efficacious—the sound of his own voice. He perceived that it did not impose even on the photographer. An uncomfortable silence fell on the room.

Sir Felix was the first to recover. "Put it in the waste-paper basket; no, in the fire!" he commanded, and turned to Smithers. "Surely between these two extremes—"

"I was on the point of suggesting that Your Worships would find No. 3 more satisfactory," the photographer interrupted, forgetting his manner in his anxiety to restore these three gentlemen to their ease. His own discomfort was acute, and he over-acted as a man will who has unwillingly surprised a state secret, and wishes to assure everyone of his obtuseness.

Sir Felix studied No. 3. "This appears to me a very ordinary photograph. Without being positively displeasing, the face is one you might pass in the street any day, and forget."

"I hope it suggests no—no well-known features?" put in the Canon nervously.

"None at all, I think; but see for yourself. To me it seems—although hazy, of course—the kind of thing the Home Office might find helpful."

"It is less distinct than the others," said the Admiral, pulling his whiskers.

"And for that reason the more obviously composite—which is what we are required to furnish. No, indeed, I can find nothing amiss with it; and I think, gentlemen, if you are agreed, we will forward this print."

No. 3 was passed accordingly, the photographer withdrew, and the three justices turned to other business, which occupied them for a full two hours.

But, I pray you, mark the sequel.

Mr. Smithers, in his relief and delight at the magistrates' approbation, hurried home, fished out a copy of No. 2, exposed it proudly in his shop window, and went off to the Pack Horse Inn for a drink.

Less than an hour later Mrs. Trewbody, having packed her family into the jingle for their afternoon's ride with Miss Platt, the governess, strolled down into the town to do some light shopping; and, happening to pass the photographer's window, came to a standstill with a little gasp.

A moment later she entered the shop; and Mrs. Smithers, answering the shop bell, found that she had taken the photograph from the window and was examining it eagerly.

"This is quite a surprise, Mrs. Smithers. A capital photograph! May I ask how many copies my husband ordered?"

"I'm not aware, ma'am, that the Admiral has ordered any as yet, though I heard Smithers say only this morning as he hoped he'd be pleased with it."

"I think I can answer for that, although he is particular. But I happen to know he disapproves of these things being exposed in the window. I'll take this copy home with me, if I may. Has your husband printed any more?"

"Well, no, ma'am. There was one other copy; but Lady Felix-Williams happened to be passing just now, and spied it; and nothing would do but she must take it away with her."

"Lady Felix-Williams!" Mrs. Trewbody stiffened with sudden distrust. "Now what could Lady Felix-Williams want with this?"

"I'm sure I can't tell you, ma'am; but she was delighted. 'A capital likeness,' she said. 'I've never seen a photograph before that caught just that expression of his.'"

"I should very much like to know what she has to do with his expression," Mrs. Trewbody murmured to herself, between wonder and incipient alarm. But she concealed her feelings, good lady; and, having paid for her purchase, carried it home in her muff and stuck it upright against one of the Sevres candlesticks on her boudoir mantelshelf.

And there the Admiral discovered it three-quarters of an hour later. He came home wanting his tea; and, finding the boudoir empty, advanced to ring the bell. At that moment his eyes fell on Smithers' replica of the very photograph he had passed for forwarding to the Home Secretary. He picked it up, and gave vent to a long whistle.

"Now, how the dickens—"

His wife appeared in the doorway, with Harry, Dicky and Theophila clinging to her skirts, fresh from their ride and boisterous.

"My dear Emily, where in the world did you get hold of this?"

He held the photograph towards her at arm's length, and the children rushed forward to examine it.

"Papa! Papa!" they shouted together, capering round it. "Oh, mammy, isn't it him exactly?"

First Boy—It's six o'clock. Let's go home. Second Boy—Nit! If we go home now we'll get licked for stayin' up late. If we stay till eight we'll get hugged and kissed for not bein' drowned.—"Puck."

His Ideal.

First Cat—If you had your choice of all the world, where would you rather live? Second Cat—China! They say there is a wall there 1,500 miles long! Just think of moonlight nights—and a wall like that!

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE.

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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THE TIMES

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If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

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Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

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If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY [illegible] DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 14, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—This is St. Valentine's day.

—The price of hay is very high at present.

—Lindsay is agitating for gates at the railway crossings.

—Have you tried H. F. Kidd's famous teas yet? 353 George street.

—Snowshoeing is becoming a popular pastime in Peterborough.

—It has been noted as a curious fact that every Sunday for some time past has been marked by bad weather.

—A farmer from South Monaghan spent 2 1-4 hours in coming a distance of nine miles to town, yesterday.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 353 George street.

—A citizen was up before the magistrate yesterday morning, charged with being drunk. He was let go.

—The ice harvest is large this year, nearly 100,000 blocks having been taken from the Little Lake.

—When you want the best photos go to G. E. Whiten and you will make no mistake. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 158 Hunter Street west.

—Remember that advertising will accomplish wonders, but it won't create a continuous demand for a poor article.

—The days are getting longer, and the sun is getting stronger, but it will be some time before the weather will be warmer.

—Spring goods are now being received by our merchants in large quantities, and spring openings will soon be announced.

—Raisins, currants, prunes, 4 lbs. for 25c. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—Mr. Wm. Snowden says there is eleven feet of snow on the level, in the yard of the Snowden House. At first reading this statement would seem almost incredulous, but this is surface measurement—not perpendicular.

—The farmers, for the past week or so, have been engaged in shovelling snow. All the roads leading to town have been made passable in this way.

—An "At Home" will be given by the members of the Epworth League of the George street church in the lecture room, on Monday evening.

—The members of the Y. W. C. A. have invited their friends to spend a social evening in the Association rooms to-night. A short programme will be rendered, after which refreshments will be served.

—O urpri caner erightan dourg cod naret hehast tryt hem kidt hegro earg eorgest.

—Mr. S. R. Armstrong's Sunday school class in the George st church will hold a social evening on Friday next, Feb. 21st.

—Two 'bus loads of young people drove out to Chemong Park hotel last night, and spent a very pleasant evening.

—A local hotel keeper appeared in the police court yesterday, charged with a breach of Liquor License Act. The case was dismissed.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains. 353 George street.

—The country roads in some places are in a terrible condition. Yesterday an old resident of Douro was coming to town, and becoming somewhat bewildered, he was obliged to enquire which was the right road. This gentleman has been living in this country for 60 years and says he never saw the roads so badly blocked.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin placing outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. George Davidson, of Woodstock, is in town.

—Dr. Forrest, of Uxbridge, is in town for a few days.

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Dick Cavanagh is making splendid recovery after his recent illness.

—Mr. A. J. Gough spent yesterday in Port Hope, on business in connection with his store there.

—Miss Edna Lemmon, of Toronto, is visiting Miss Ethel Tully, No. 362 McDonell street.

—Mrs. T. F. Matthews and Master Gordon, are visiting in Ottawa for a couple of weeks.

—The Times had a pleasant call on Wednesday from Mr. G. H. Wilson, of the Lindsay Post.

—Miss Nosie Milburn, of Belleville, who has been the guest of Mrs. A. H. Stratton for the past few weeks, returned to her home yesterday.

—Mr. T. E. Bradburn, reeve of North Monaghan, is in Toronto, attending the meeting of the Beet Sugar Association which is being held there.

—Mr. Michael L. Quigley passed through Peterborough yesterday on his home in Lakefield, after a pleasant visit with friends in Oshawa, Ont., and Detroit and Traverse City, Mich.

—Mr. W. Dixon Jewett, of Peterborough, was the guest of friends in town for a few days last week, and attended the ball on Monday night.—Lindsay Post.

An Early Morning Blaze.

At one o'clock this morning, an alarm of fire was turned in from the alarm box on Park street. The firemen quickly responded and located the fire in the rear kitchen of a house on Donegal street, occupied by Mr. Perrin, and owned by William Hamilton. The damage was slight, the fire being confined to the rear of the building.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

When Jim Died

(A Poem asked for)

When Jim died, all th' neighbors cam
from fur an' near.
'Pears like to me they held him just as
dear
As mother did an' me; for they all
came in to gaze
Once more on his calm, pale face, an' a
sort o' haze
Seemed to settle on their cheeks—maybe
th' fust for years—
When Jim died.

When Jim died, th' birds stopped singin
in th trees,
For they missed him, you know; an' th'
goldenbelted bees
Flittin' o'er th' meadows whispered to
th' clover
It would kiss his bare, brown feet no
more; an' th' plover
An' the killdee in th' rushes an' th' fen
Seemed over to be callin' that he'd never
come again—
When Jim died.

Jim was a curious chap—not like other
boys;
He had his own way o' takin' life, with
its joys
An' sorrows; he loved birds an' blowers
an' I'll bet
He never much as trod on a timid viole
That peeped shyly thro' th' grass. Like
music of a flute—
Since Jim died.

Since Jim died, 'pears like to me mother
ain't so spry
As she used to be; there's sadness in
her eye
An' voice that sort o' cuts me to th'
heart; for Jim
Had allus been her pet since he was born;
she loved him
Better than the rest, he was her boy;
she don't complain,
Mother don't, but then she's never been
th' same
Since Jim died.

COFFEE DOES IT

Facts not Generally Believed

It is curious to watch a coffee toper and observe how he or she will resist all suggestions as to coffee being the cause of their various ailments.

They will charge the coated tongue and bilious condition to something they have eaten, likewise the wretched condition of the bowels and the palpitation of the heart. The sallow complexion is generally attributed to a "naturally bilious" temperament.

But once in a while a person wakes up and throws off coffee entirely, then the truth begins to appear, and it is an easy job to make this change if Postum Food Coffee is taken in place of coffee.

A man in West Plains, Mo., writes, "As the coffee habit grew on me my health declined in the same ratio. I was subject to nervousness, constipation, dyspepsia, and a general weak feeling which made me unfit for business, and I finally became so nervous and thoroughly broken down that I could not attend to business and turned everything over to my assistant and went to the mountains in Colorado hoping to find health in a change of climate, but after six months sojourn I came back in worse condition than I left.

A friend insisted that I quit coffee and try Postum, and although I did not believe it was the cause of my ill health, I consented to try the new coffee. I bought a package and wife prepared it strictly according to directions and I was wonderfully pleased to find it so delicious and refreshing; the quitting of coffee was a pleasure rather than a task.

I have now been drinking Postum for over a year and my health has steadily improved; the nervousness and dyspepsia have entirely disappeared. I have gained 25 pounds in weight, and feel at least ten years younger than I did a year ago.

Many of my friends have quit coffee and are using Postum, and I do not know of a single one who has not been benefited. Some of these did not like Postum at first, but in every case I found the cause to have been not having boiled it long enough. The directions are easy enough to follow, and when followed a delicious beverage is the result, but some slovenly cooks put it on to boil for five or ten minutes, but that does not make good Postum. After the real bubbling or boiling has begun it should be allowed to boil at least 15 minutes." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE LATE WM. HAMILTON.

DEATH OF ONE OF PETERBORO'S OLDEST CITIZENS.

Occurred at His Residence, 420 Stre. t. Last Evening After a Lingering Illness of Several Years.

With feelings of deepest sorrow the news was received last evening, of the death of Mr. William Hamilton sr., at the age of 79 years which sad occurrence took place at 6.30 last evening. Some years years ago Mr. Hamilton suffered a severe paralytic stroke and for some years has been unable to leave his house. The late Mr. Hamilton was born in Swinton, Berwickshire, Scotland in the year 1823. In the year 1844 he came to Canada and worked in Cobourg and Hamilton at the machine business, in 1848 he went to Buffalo, Cincinnati and Madison, Indiana where he worked at his trade. In 1850 he started in business for himself and conducted a foundry and machine shop at Shelbyville, Indiana. In 1854 he came to Peterborough and established works for the manufacture of saw-mill and general machinery. This business has steadily grown under his careful and enterprising management and to-day the business stands at the head of that industry in Canada. The volume of business has been increased to such an extent, that the works have been enlarged a number of times.

During his residence in town Mr. Hamilton made many friends who were deeply attached to him. In business dealings he was always most courteous and reliable. His strict sense of honesty and fair dealing made his name known in every part of the country. In the affairs of the municipality, Mr. Hamilton took a very deep interest. He was a member of the School Board and Town Council for many years and always endeavored to advance the interests of the town and to open the way for further enterprises

In religion, Mr. Hamilton was a staunch Presbyterian and a member of St. Paul's church.

A large family are left to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate father, to whom the sincere sympathy of the community will be extended in their hour of sorrow.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Reid Street, to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

KILLED BY A FALL

Former Peterboro Resident Meets a Sudden Death in Cornwall

On Saturday night last, Mr. R. Way C. E. an old gentleman aged 82, who has for some time been residing with his nephew in Cornwall, fell down stairs and broke his neck. The old gentleman and two children aged 15 and 7 years respectively were alone in the house at the time. Death was instantaneous, his neck being broken.

The deceased was formerly a resident of Peterborough for many years book-keeper in the Auburn Woollen Mills. In his younger days he was a prominent land surveyor on the Isle of Wight.

His many acquaintances in Peterborough will be grieved to hear of his sudden death.

THE HOCKEY MATCH

As Seen by a French Canadian Who is a Lover of the Game

The following touching lines were handed in to The Times late on Wednesday night, after the hockey match. This great family journal is requested to state that they are NOT the production of our popular friend, Mr. Harry Lebrun. The spasm is as follows:

Wednesday was a mos' excite night,
'Bout dat great beeg hockey fite,
Mayor Deane and all dey do de gran',
Many sit down—de res' dey stan'.

Holy tare! dere was mos' aful crowd,
Ma bonne femme was fraid—dey yell
so loud.
Me—I beeg mans—use hear guns roar,
I tole you dat, cause I was dere befor.

De clock was stand his han on eight
mark,
When de crowd was dere, and every-
body hark.
Dey all cry out—it start right away!
And my heart was jump like it can't
stay.

Our boys was mak one gran' beeg fite;
Der captaine he mak dem all go rite.
Wasson, I tink he 'say, no go 'asleep
was mak" firs' class man for gole
keep.

Nex' mans was good—hees name is
Glover,
An' his point mos' always cover;
Armstrong do well, he mak' 'em swif,
An'sen' de puc wid a beeg lif'.

Graham he was a good mans too,
An' try to knock de puc right troo,
Morgan, he skate very fas',
An Whitcroft too—he is de las.'

De Kingson boys, dey up agin it,
An' soon foun' out dey could not win
it.
Try as dey would, to mak' a loop,
Dey always got dem in de soup.

De ambulance corps haf many trip,
But referee keep hees eye on slip,
One man he got some taime a twis'
An' all de same—he injure Cris.

Schooley—he made good referee,
An' watch bad mans, as all did see,
De umpires dey was bote good mens
An' tole all about each ends.

I mos' forgot to tell de g.f.j.
Dat was a match, wid some good play,
An' if you done b'leeve me, tell it not,
Dat game was sometaimes good an'
hot.

A VERY FINE SPECIMEN

A Beautiful Mottled Owl Secured by Mr. S. D. Carver Monaghan

Owls are very plentiful in this country this winter and many have been shot, but perhaps the finest bird yet taken is the one killed by Mr. S. D. Carver a few days ago. This bird had been giving considerable trouble among the hens and turkeys in the vicinity of the Gravel Road and a few days ago Mr. Carver decided to capture the owl. He secured a very strong trap and fastened it to a board, which in turn was fastened securely to a post. A mouse was used for a bait and the other night the owl came along and seeing the mouse, at once pounced upon it with the result that one of its legs was caught in the trap. A fierce fight for liberty ensued as the jaws of the trap were twisted almost out of shape. The next day Mr. Carver visited the trap and found the owl caught in it. A few blows from a stick finished the bird, which on being measured was found to be 4 feet 3 inches from tip to tip. The bird will be stuffed and mounted.

NEW RINK TO BE BUILT

This was Decided on at a Meeting Held Last Night

For some years past it has been a well known fact that the present rink on Charlotte street was too small for hockey and other sports. The matter of enlarging the building came up at a recent meeting of the company and it was decided not to enlarge the present building.

This being well known in town, several of our citizens who are anxious to see a good hockey rink and who are interested in winter sports, talked the matter over and decided to hold a meeting and invite all interested in the matter to be present. As a result a large number of influential men met in the office of Mr. G. W. Hatton, last night and gave the subject their careful consideration. The chair was taken by Mayor Deane, and Mr. Hatton acted as secretary. With a number of influential men interested it is not to be wondered at that it was unanimously decided to take steps at once to secure a suitable place for a rink and Messrs. Henderson, LeBrun, and Hatton were appointed a committee to look for a suitable site and obtain an option on the property, the report to be handed in at the next meeting.

It was decided to organize a company with a capital of $10,000 and to get a charter from the Ontario Government.

After some discussion as to the size of the rink and some preliminary business the chairman announced that stock books would be opened at the meeting and invited those present to subscribe stock in the company. In a few minutes nearly $1,000 was subscribed. The capital of the company will be divided into 1,000 shares of $10.00 each, which will give everybody interested an opportunity to help the project along.

The next meeting will be held on Monday night at 8 o'clock in the offices of Mr. G. W. Hatton when the report of the committee will be received and further business taken up.

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Will Banish Your Disease and Give You Robust Health

If You are Anxious, Fretful, Iritable Sleepless or Despondent, The Great Compound will Make You Vigorous Bright and Happy

It is now an acknowledged fact that Paine's Celery Compound is the world's greatest and best medicine for the restoration of health and strength. At this season, the weak, rundown, sleepless, irritable and despondent need its tonic and bracing-up virtues.

If you are suffering from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous debility, dyspepsia, headache, impure blood, liver and kidney troubles, Paine's Celery Compound will banish your ills and enable you to thoroughly enjoy life.

Let us urge you to test the virtues of one bottle of the great medicine; if you do so, you will find that you are on the highway to a new and better life.

An Upto-date Establishment.

One of the brightest and most up-to-date groceries we have had the pleasure of entering is that of Mr. H. F. Kidd, the George street grocer. There is an air of freshness pervading his whole store, and he is noted for the wholesome, standard quality of his goods. There is one feature of this neat and tidy store which appeals perhaps more than anything else, to the average buyer, and this is the unfailing courtesy of the clerks employed by Mr. Kidd. It seems to matter nothing whether the purchase be a pound of sugar or a chest of his invigorating tea, so far as care and perfect attention to the purchaser are concerned. The stand is the best in town, fitted according to modern ideas, and he is always prompt in delivery. With his business on a cash basis, he is able to sell at an extremely close margin, and he cheerfully refunds the purchase money should any article not fully satisfy the customer. We have noticed on his shelves a large and varied assortment of canned meats, vegetables and fruits, and his stock of fish and vegetables of all descriptions excells anything we have seen. We have heard many remarks on the fine grade of tea, coffee and spices of all kinds always obtainable there, and Mr. Kidd tells us that the selection of goods in this department receives his special attention. He has his butter, eggs and meat, from parties known to him personally, and on whom he can depend for strictly fresh and wholesome food.

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"Home dyeing is easy and pleasant work;" this is only true when the Diamond Dyes are used. Diamond Dyes are put up in [illegible] different colors for silk and [illegible] special dyes for cotton. N[illegible] dyes are so strong and bri[illegible] others so fast and durable, [illegible] can do such a variety of [illegible] the Diamond Dyes, any woman or girl can do as good work as the professional dyer. No wise woman can afford to risk her goods with imitation or common dyes when the Diamond Dyes are fully warranted to give perfect results. Ask for the Diamond Dyes; refuse all substitutes that may be offered to you.

A VALENTINE SOCIAL

Given by the Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Last Night—Decided Success

The Valentine Social given by the Ladies Aid Society of St. Andrew's church last evening was a grand success. The large Sunday school room was filled to overflowing with a most attentive and appreciative audience. An excellent program had been prepared and was presented with a most pleasing manner. The program was given as follows:

Selection ....Orchestra.
Solo—The Bandolero ......Mr. Macphet.
Duet ......Miss Davies and Mrs. Kerr.
Solo—My Heart's Dream... ...Miss Nellie Graham.
Encore .... Whip-poor-will.
Reading ....Mr. Scrutin.
Duet...Misses Lillie and Mabel Barber.
Recitation — The Duel ......Miss Mabel Pringle—Encored.
Solo—Rosamond ....Miss Davies
Solo—A Life's Lullaby......Miss Sollaghom.
Solo—A Song for All The Seasons... Mr. Potter.
Solo—Dolly Gray...Miss Nellie Graham.
Selection ....Orchestra.

The different numbers were heartily applauded, and several were encored. Miss Mabel Pringle received a hearty applause, after her first recitation and responded to the encore in a very pleasing manner. The evening was spent most enjoyably. The concert was one of the most successful in the history of the church.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

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1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

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3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

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The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

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Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are so'd by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

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To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

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Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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VOL. 28 NO. 30 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY FEBRUARY 15 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

REASONS WHY THE WAR CONTINUES

BRITISH SOLDIERS MUST HAVE COMFORT

Sixty Five Mobile Columns Persuing the Boer Commandoes

The Bulk of the British Transport Astonished the Boers

Lord Kitchener's Orders to Discard All Heavy Articles Disobeyed

The Collecting Habit of the British Soldier Could Not Be Overcome

London, Feb 15—There are still sixty-five mobile British columns roaming over the veldt in search of Boer commandoes, but when the list of weekly captures was found to work out at about one Boer and a dozen head of cattle a week for each column, it was felt that something should be done to give a fillip to their mobility. They were ordered to discard pianos, kitchen ranges and sofas from theirfighting equipment. It is very doubtful if any notice has been taken of the order, for the collecting habit is not easy to eradicate. A man who accompanied more than one of them can testify that the only reason why there were no four-poster beds among the baggage trains was that in South African farmhouses these are usually fixtures built into the wall.

Yet it was not that these accumulations reduced a swing pace to a crawling one, for from the first there never was any quick moving for more than a couple of days at a time. The organization of the transport made it impossible. The first of the flying columns flew at the rate of two and a half miles an hour. It might cover more than thirty miles in a day, and perhaps make rapid dashes in emergency, but its food was always dragging along behind at two and a half mile an hour.

Oxen were the chosen draught animals. They could be depended on not to stampede under fire or in the contagious night panics, like mules, and they did not require forage to be carried for them to anything like the extent that horses did. But they had to be unyoked and allowed to graze for three or four hours in the middle of every day, and in the long run they always regulated the pace of the column that they were feeding. For a time they tried to split up the stores among light two-wheeled carts for the smaller columns, but that threw the commissariat organization out of gear, and so long freight wagons dragged by sixteen oxen and laden with about five tons remained the rule.

It was the bulk of the British transport that astonished the Boers every time they saw it. The Predikant at Jacobsdahl, with the live interest in this world and the next which characterized the burghers' preacher, declared when he saw the solid, lumbering wagons of British stores, built it seemed to carry the heaviest irongirders, that they would never catch anybody if they had to drag such unwieldy carts after them.

With the Boers the difference is that each individual fighting man does pretty nearly everything that is necessary. His mealies and bread rusks and biltong are all of light bulk and when he cooks and shifts for himself he naturally makes them go further than the infantry soldiers do with their food. The regimental idea is that one set of men carries the rations, another issues them, still another cooks them, and the fourth lot distributes them to the company sections, whose business it is to eat them. It is not an elastic system, and has to leave an enormous margin for waste.

Even more amazing to the Boer eye has been the prodigal destruction of valuable stuff when the British thought the occasion allowed them to jettison their stores with impunity. In crossing the then Orange Free State with 50,000 marching and mounted men from the western railway line to Bloemfontein it was decided to stop sending on supplies from the base and to draw up the men on the lines of communication to join the main column. The pace was to be quickened—eighteen or twenty miles a day instead of ten or a dozen; and this army was to arrive in Bloemfontein with just enough stores to keep it alive until the railway from that point to the south was restored and more could be sent up.

In the middle of the bare velt where this decision was taken, the stores were counted out for redistribution. It was found that their bulk was so enormous that to carry them all would mean to slacken the pace of the proposed forced march. The matter was settled by heaping together a million dollars worth, putting some oil and explosive charges about it and lighting a fuse. This was in order that the abandoned stores should not fall into the hands of the Boers. The loaded wagons blazed and smoked for days, but it was weeks before the noncombatants and Kaffirs had finished salvaging hundreds of tons of compressed horse forage, beef biscuits, jam, coffee, and the charred wagons themselves.

In spite of such periodical destructions the continual complaint of the top men in authority was of the encumbrance of the things the army had to take along with it. The man who had the business of adjusting the minimum of bulk to the maximum of marching capacity was Lord Kitchener. De Aar Junction was the place where he tried to put his foot down. Beyond that point the railroad was less and less serviceable and mule and ox transport had the more to be depended on. His daily work as traffic manager at De Aar was to throw everything outside of what he thought bare necessities from the railroad freight wagons onto the open velt and leave it there, no matter whether it was addressed to a prince or a private.

Like smugglers trying to dodge past the customs inspector the clingers to comfort thought that Lord Kitchener's rules were all right in a general way but always found reasons why they should be exempt. Law suits have since been brought in England to settle who should suffer from his determination to keep down the quantity of stores the army carried if it were possible. Fashionable caterers on the order of friends of fashionable regiments sent out thousands of pounds worth of wines and delicacies to officers' messes. For a while he threw them all on the velt and with them consignments of camp beds, pajamas and much else that aroused his scorn.

One day at the railroad platform at De Aar he came upon a group of sergeants keeping the closest guard over a row of cases marked "Reserved Boots." It struck him as an unusual anxiety and he had the cases opened. They were filled with Scotch whiskey, which kind-hearted comrades down at the base in Cape Town had labelled, as they believed, with safety. When Kitchener was found to be holding back even "reserved boots," the sergeant in charge of this particular consignment told his secret to the others and they made it their business to try and see that the "boots" were not thoughtlessly lost altogether or sent to the wrong people.

The Army Medical Department had approved a special brand of West Indian rum as good to give the men at night twice or thrice a week. The sugar in it was sustaining and it was food as well as stimulant. Taken before sleeping when the African night temperature sometimes drops forty degrees in a few hours, it was said to strengthen the stomach against fever, but it was another of the things that Kitchener thought might go. It is true that he let it get up as far as the fighting columns, but when he spread out his divisions for actual campaigning he left his convoy of rum a few miles away from anybody and Delarey swooped down on it. He took the whole 200 wagons. Testimonials to the quality of this rum were forthcoming from the inhabitants of most of the Boer towns that the British afterward occupied. The last news of it came three months afterward on the entry into Kroonstad, when the weary marcher learned to his dismay that the last gallon jars of it had been dashed down into the rocky river bed the night before by the Boers.

But it has been no use trying to keep down encumbrances even by throwing them off railway trains. The collecting habit could always be gratified by gathering clocks and pictures and pianos. Against this snail's pace and the absence of military achievements there remains the fact that there is not a single recorded case of a man dying from hunger anywhere in the war. And for the last eighteen months the greater proportion of the Boers have kept in good health on British supplies, which are still forthcoming. The commissariat business crowded out the effective use of firearms; or rather, one side made a specialty of the wholesale provision business and the other of shooting straight.

WHO IS IT?

It is rumored that the Conservatives of West Peterborough are in a quandary over the problem of getting a candidate for the next election in June. One well-known gentleman who was supposed to be amenable to the requests of the party in this respect, has gone over to the Prohibitionists altogether. He was always "teetotal" however, and has gone to join the anti-liquor men without respect of party. This is a sign of the times, and we may look forward to a condition of perplexity on the part of both Grits and Tories when the day of choice shall come. That the Conservatives will find a man to run against Mr. Stratton is certain. There is to be, we understand, no compromise. There will be such an election in June as will make the heart of the election fiend glad. That the Prohibitionists will bring out a man in West Peterborough is doubtful. However, we shall see what we shall see.

Speaker's Sore Throat

Public speakers and singers know how useless and sickening are cough mixtures, sprays, lozenges, etc., for irritable or sore throat, and state that the most satisfactory remedy is Catarrhozone, the advantage of which is that it acts quickly and is convenient to use in public places. Catarrhozone relieves congestion, allays inflammation, and is a protection to the membrane. As a safeguard against colds and catarrh it has no equal. Rev. Mr. McKay, Goderich, says "Catarrhozone is an excellent remedy for throat irritation." Physicians, ministers and singers recommend Catarrhozone. Druggists sell it for $1.00. Small size 25c. By mail from Polson and Co., Kingston, Ont.

CANADA'S PART A SHABBY ONE

[illegible]

Toronto Branch British Empire League Condemn's C. O. D. Contingent

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Last evening the Toronto Branch of the British Empire League condemned in no unsparing terms the Government's action in sending a C.O.D. contingent to South Africa. As a result of the meeting the delegation of the Toronto branch at the annual meeting of the league in Ottawa next week will urge the Government to defray the expenditure on the last contingent.

Dr. Parkin, chairman of the meeting, expressed the regret which he felt at the premature return of the Canadian contingents at a critical period in the war, and at the fact that while the other self-governing colonies had been sending troops to the front Canada had stood back. He spoke of the way in which the present contingent so far represents only the enthusiasm and spirit of adventure of a certain number of young men, and not the Canadian people.

Rev. Dr. Potts spoke in the same strain.

Mr. G. T. Blackstock approved of what Dr. Parkin and Dr. Potts had said, Canada was making a very shabby exhibition of herself in sending a contingent and not undertaking in such prosperous times to pay for it. At the same time, it was a practical question. They must settle with the Province of Quebec. The subject needed delicate handling. The present happy relations between Quebec and the rest of the Dominion were the result of the labors of a series of wise Premiers. A little indiscretion might place Quebec in the same relation to the rest of confederation as Ireland bore to Great Britain.

Mr. J. Castell Hopkins moved a resolution approving of Col. Denison's plan, and asking that the expenses of the contingent be paid by Canada. Mr. Geo. Kerr pointed out that this departed in some degree from the purpose for which the meeting had been called, and Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn suggested that the delegation to the Ottawa meeting be instructed to convey to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the other members of the Cabinet the sense of the meeting. Mr. Hopkins withdrew his motion, and Mr. Cockburn's suggestion was adopted. In putting it Dr. Parkin adverted to Prof. Baker's suggestion that a public meeting be called. They could undoubtedly crowd Massey Hall any time, but such a meeting might create animosities.

Peterboro' Railway Company

Toronto Feb. 14. —The Peterborough Radial Railway Company presented an entirely new bill to the Railway Committee this morning, the original draft having asked privileges which were regarded as dangerous. As submitted this morning it requested to be given power to build lines to Chemong, a distance of 9 miles, to Lakefield, a distance of 11 miles, and to Rice Lake, a distance of 20 miles, it placed the capital stock at $500,000, and the bonding power at $20,000 per mile. The bill was altered by striking out a clause giving them power to build five mile branches, and instead of getting ten years to complete the line they must have it finished in five, and they must begin within three years.

Mr. Pattullo objected to the high bonding power, $20,000 a mile being in his opinion too much for a company with a capitalization of only $500,000. The representative of the Company said that they could not tell to what extent it was necessary to bond the road, but he thought, and the committee took his view, that $20,000 was not too high.

Gas on the Stomach

You sleep badly, appetite variable. You eat but gain no strength. Morning tiredness makes you wish it were night. When night comes refreshing sleep is hard to obtain. You're run down, you're blood is thin and watery, your nerves have grown weak, and thought of effort wearies you. You need Ferrozone; it makes blood—red, strong blood. An appetite? You'll eat everything, and digest it, too. Strength? That's what plenty of food gives. Ferrozone gives hope, vigor, vim, endurance. Use Ferrozone and get strong. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Prince Henry's Preparations

Kiel, Prussia, Feb. 12.— Mayor Low of New York, has cabled to Prince Henry of Prussia, saying that Herr Wiegand, Director General of the North German Lloyd Line, thinks that unless the Kron Prinz Wilhelm sails from Bremen earlier than three o'clock Saturday afternoon, she will not be able to arrive at New York, owing to the rough weather which prevails at this season of the year, until late in the afternoon of February 22, too late to allow sufficient time for the ceremony of the municipal welcome and the presentation to the Prince of the freedom of the City of New York. When asked if the steamer could not leave Bremen at an earlier hour, Prince Henry replied that he was unable to change the sailing hour of the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, but, he added, she would do her best to reach New York early on Saturday, February 22. The Kron Prinz Wilhelm is not chartered by Prince Henry. He and his party go simply as passengers, and it is too late now to notify the hundreds of other passengers that the steamer would sail twelve hours earlier than heretofore announced, as she would have to do, in order to catch the tide. Herr Wiegand's view of the case is not shared by the Commander of the Kron Prinz Wilhelm. The latter thinks the steamer can reach New York by midday, Feb. 22.

Vienna, Feb. 12.— The Anglo-Japanese treaty of alliance is the feature of to-day's news in the Austrian newspapers, and Russia's probable action is widely discussed. The consensus of opinion among those who are generally in touch with Russian views is that the militant Muscovites will endeavor to revenge themselves by stirring up disorders in Afghanistan, while the Russian Government will lie low, awaiting the movement which Japan, having organized the military forces of China, will join hands with the latter, and drive out all Europeans, with the exception of the Russians, who by that time will occupy an impregnable position in Manchuria. Some of the papers affect to see in the publication of the treaty at the time when Prince Henry of Prussia is starting for the United States, "Great Britain's reply to Germany's rapprochement with the United States."

DEAD CONSTABLES STRIPPED

Description of Death of Corp. Sloan and Trooper Medway

North Bay, Feb. 14.— Trooper Alexander Ingles, of the South African Constabulary, has written to his father, who resides here, detailing the circumstances surrounding the death of Corporal Sloan and Trooper Medway, of the S. A. C., at Witpoortje. The three men were suddenly surrounded by a force of three hundred Boers, while on outpost duty, very suddenly, and in a spot which afforded no chance for taking cover. The Boers fired at fifty yards range with Mauser pistols. Medway was shot in the face and leg, and Sloan in the breast and back. Having expended all his ammunition, Ingles laid flat on the ground alongside his mortally wounded comrades.

Ingles then tells a horrifying story of Boer cruelty, he says:—

"Well, after we stopped firing they kept at it for about five minutes. I felt lots of the bullets entering the ground under me; they would throw up the ground against my rifle. I began to think of my mother, and the next moment one of the Boers hit me on the head with his rifle. I got up and he grabbed my rifle, hat and shirt. When my shirt came off a young lad about 16 years of age, not more than ten feet away, fired at me, the bullet entering my shoulder. It did not strike the bone, but tore all the flesh off. Then they took off my boots; my socks were knitted ones, and in trying to pull them off they became fast on my heels, and they dragged me over the rocks until they came off. They also took my pants, in the pockets of which I had 12 shillings. I stood in the hot sun for 25 minutes, the Boers in the meantime hitting me with their whips and butt ends of their rifles. Growing weak from the loss of blood, I had to lie down, but they lift me over and over again until I was obliged to get up. By this time Corporal Sloan was dying, and to the last he kept crying "Ingles, Ingles, Ingles!"

Ingles was then told that he was to be shot, and preparations were immediately made for the carrying out of the threat. A bewhiskered Boer officer came along presently, however, and countermanded the order, ordering that Ingles be freed. After he had started back to the British camp he was shot at. He says that the bodies of Sloan and Medway were stripped and left naked.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 14.—A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg announces that the large town of Shamaka, Transcaucasia, has been destroyed by an earthquake. No details of the disaster have been received.

There are two Shamakas in Transcaucasia, New Shamaka, 70 miles west of Baku, and Old Shamaka, some distance from New Shamaka. Old Shamaka has about 25,000 inhabitants.

MISS STONE'S RANSOM PAID.

Constantinople, Feb. 14.— Bulletin —The ransom of Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Madame Tsilka, has been paid. The limit of time allowed for the release of the captives has not yet expired, but their delivery to the American agents is expected hourly.

Paris, Feb. 14. — The imports of France for the month of January decreased 68,142,000 francs, and the exports for the same month increased 28,367,000 francs.

RESULT OF A DISTURBANCE

Berlin, Feb. 14 — The frequent differences of opinion which have occurred in the Customs Committee of the Reichstag culminated this morning after several disturbing incidents in an open split and in the resignation of the chairman, Baron Von Kardorff, one of the Agrarian leaders.

Although Count Von Posadowski-Wehner, the Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, declared the Government could not accept the suggestion, the Committee by a large majority adopted a motion to the effect that the tariff bill should become effective January 1, 1905, at the latest. This was followed by several Liberal motions, which Baron Von Kardorff refused to entertain. The Liberals and Socialists violently denounced the chairman's ruling and the Committee subsequently overruled the chair. The chairman's resignation followed.

RUSSIA AND THE TREATY

St. Petersburg, Feb. 15.— The censor pigeonholed for a time the text of the Anglo-Japanese treaty, and the newspaper yesterday evening were only permitted to publish it without comment. From the few editorials on the subject in the morning papers, it might be gathered that Russia was a party to both the preliminary negotiations and the treaty itself.

MANCHURIA IN NEW TREATY.

London, Feb. 14.—In the House of Commons yesterday Viscount Cranborne, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying to a question by Mr. Henry Norman, member for South Southampton, said the United States had not yet expressed an opinion on the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

In reply to further questions as to whether the alliance applied to Manchuria and its occupation by Russia, and whether the agreement had received the adhesion of the German Government, Viscount Cranborne said Manchuria was no more excluded than any other province in China. The substance of the agreement had been communicated to Germany.

Lord Cranborne declared that the contracting parties were bound to undertake mutual defence only when danger was due to the aggression of others. The power called upon to help the other must be the judge whether the condition of the treaty had been fulfilled.

Continuing, he said the new treaty was merely along the lines already accepted by almost every power. Great Britain's commercial position in China was of the greatest importance, and who could say what its importance would become in the future, with China's infinite capacity for expansion? Great Britain's commercial position, though great, was not unchallenged. Spheres of influence did not suit her. She wanted the whole of China open to industrial enterprise. The Government was bound to take every care in safeguarding its commercial rights in the Orient. Japan's special interest was governed by her geographical position. Her army and Great Britain's navy were acting in concert, and were [illegible] able to [illegible] this [illegible] policy.

PRINCE HENRYS TOUR AROUSES GREAT JEALOUSY

The German Prince's Visit to the United States Excites Envy in Europe

Kaiser's Move Considered of More Importance Than Any Recent Event

Regarded as a Clever Piece of Diplomacy by the Berlin Count

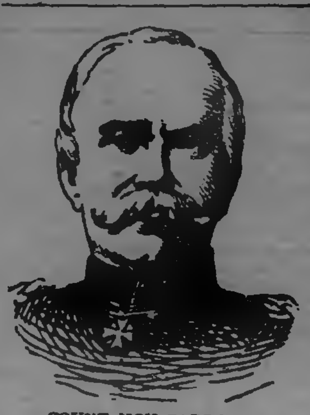
London, Feb. 15—Prince Henry's visit to the United States claims a larger share of public interest in Europe than any other approaching event. The reiterated protests that it does not bear any political significance serve simply to confirm the opposite conviction in the general European mind.

Everybody is quite willing to accept the repeated declarations that Prince Henry has not been instructed on any diplomatic mission save to the American people at large. That mission, the success of which is practically assured, has in the European belief greater political importance than any event since the consummation of the Franco-Russian alliance. It is not what Prince Henry does which European Chancelleries will watch with keener interest than any other development in international relationship now pending, but what the American people will do.

Not to put too fine a point on it, Europe is anxiously waiting to learn what effect German blandishments will have upon the hearts and minds of a nation where every man is his own Secretary of State. It was at first marvelled at, but is now generally understood in the Old World that Prince Henry's purpose might have been completely gained if he had not visited Washington and had not met a single member of the Executive Government. More than one foreign minister wishes that he had been the one to discover this fact before the Kaiser. They have been taking belated advantage of this knowledge in their efforts to convince the American people of the good will of their respective countries during the Spanish war. It is only the diplomatic rule which requires the consent of all concerned to the publication of international communications which protects certain of those who have been professing too much from exposure in a very embarrassing light. There is a wholesome disappointment among some Continental statesmen who realise now that it is worse than useless to attempt to hoodwink American public opinion in this matter.

There has been some apprehension in England lest Prince Henry's visit should prove detrimental to Anglo-American relations. This has largely disappeared, the only remaining effect being perhaps a slight augmentation of anti-German feeling in this country which is now deep, ineradicable, and certain to bear fruit in future history. It finds such expression to-day as a long article in the Spectator urging an Anglo-French understanding and arguing that it is impossible ever to remove the antagonism of interest, between Great Britain and Germany.

Russia is silent. Russia is always silent, but there is no less interest in St. Petersburg than in other capitals in Prince Henry's visit. There is reason to believe that some regrets are felt in certain quarters in the Russian capital over the drastic course pursued in retaliation against American action on the sugar bounty. It is by no means impossible that when this question arises again, as it must presently, that a more conciliatory attitude will be adopted by the Czar's representatives. Russia rarely makes a diplomatic mistake and her statesmen are quite clever enough to correct one.



COUNT VON CAPRIVE,
Chancellor of Germany.

PEACE WOULD BE GOOD NEWS TO BRITAIN

Interest Felt in the Peace Proposals for Africa

ORIGIN OF THE MOVEMENT

British Determined to Settle the Radical Question for all Time

Much Depends on General Botha—House of Commons Getting Out of Touch with the People

London, Feb 14—The deep longing for peace prevailing in this country is shown by the earnest desire of the public, and especially of the Stock Exchange and the financial community, to read in the recent proposals of the Dutch Prime Minister more than they really contain. The House of Commons quickly forms a public opinion of its own on all important subjects as they come up. This opinion sometimes remains floating in the the form of lobby opinion. The lobby opinion of the House of Commons is always shrewd and generally accurate. The view taken by the members of Parliament competent to judge of the feeling in the house is that Dr. Kuyper's proposal for a Commission to visit South Africa is a wholesome sign. In April, 1901, the Boers had the opportunity of making peace on the following terms:

First.—The grant of an amnesty in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony for all bona fide acts of war committed during the recent hostilities.

Second.—All prisoners of war to be brought back to their country as quickly as possible.

Third.—Civil administration to be established at the earliest practicable date.

Fourth. — Church property, public trusts and orphan funds to be respected.

Fifth.—The Dutch language to be used and taught in public schools where the parents of children desire it, and allowed in courts of law.

Sixth.—The British Treasury to grant £1,000,000 to repay our enemies for goods requisitioned from them by the Boer Governments.

Seventh.—The question of assisting by loan the occupants of farms who have sustained losses to be taken into immediate consideration.

Eighth.—Firearms to be retained by burghers under license and registration on taking the oath of allegiance.

These terms were contemptuously refused. Peace will be quite as eagerly welcomed in England as in South Africa, but as I have always told the readers of the Times, the Government is backed by a united nation in resolving that peace when it comes shall be a real peace, not an armistice; that the settlement shall be a real settlement, not patchwork. So long as the Boers believe that they can beat us so long must the war go on.

I am surprised to find that not a single English newspaper has been able to publish the name of the prime mover in the recent communications between the Dutch Ministry and the Colonial and Foreign offices in London. I have reason to believe that Lord Reay is the mainspring of the whole movement. Donald James Mackay, eleventh Lord Reay, is a man 63 years of age. He is an English peer and a Dutch nobleman, being Baron Mackay of Ophemert, Holland. He is the chief of the Clan Mackay in Scotland; he is the chairman of the London school board; has been Lord Rector of St. Andrew's University, Governor of Bombay, Under Secretary for India, and President of the Royal Asiatic Society. During the continuance of the present war, Lord Reay has had a difficult part to play. As a Dutchman, society has looked at him askance. He has been treated as a pro-Boer. In the best sense he is a pro-Boer just as he is a pro-Englishman. Lord Reay is a man of ripe judgment, great culture and tried experience. His communication with Dr. Kuyper, if my information is correct, is the immediate cause of the pourparler that has recently taken place. There is further reason to believe that when Lord Rosebery spoke at Chesterfield about the "wayside inn," Lord Reay's inquiries and suggestions at The Hague were [illegible] known to him. It was [illegible] remarked on the platform at Chesterfield, after Lord Rosebery had finished, that no such reference to the "wayside inn," would have been made by a statesman who had held the position of Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs unless he had tangible ground for doing so.

An early peace depends apparently upon the attitude of General Botha. It is significant that for the last three months little or nothing has been heard of the most statesmanlike of the Boer generals. Still, whether General Botha surrenders or fights to a finish, the end will be the same. It is considered undignified and inexpedient to take steps to bring the war to an end which will not, at the same time, carry conviction to the minds of the Dutch population of South Africa that the settlement is final and is not the result of a slim diplomacy on the part of the Dutch or Boer Anglophobes. The one consideration that is dominant in the mind of everyone who is not a pro-Boer is expressed in Mr. Chamberlain's formula of "Never again." Additional suffering, prolongation of the war, and greater sacrifices in the present are preferable to any measure that would leave the racial question in South Africa unsettled.

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primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 15, 1902

NOTE AND COMMENT

An appeal from the Boers for arbitration is about due at this phase of the struggle.

• • •

China is getting so progressive with its foot enlargement reform that there is grave danger of it reaching the other extreme and resulting in enlarged head.

• • •

The most significant incident recently in connection with the simmering out of the war is that Holland newspaper giving away the fact that it had been bribed by Leyds to slander the British forces. It indicates that the Boer bar'l has run dry.

Under the Nerve Lash.—The torture and torment of the victim of nervous prostration and nervous debility no one can rightly estimate who has not been under the ruthless lash of these relentless human foes. M. Williams, of Fordwich, Ont., was for four years a nervous wreck. Six bottles of South American Nervine worked a miracle, and his doctor confirmed it.—46

Sold by H. H. Brunton.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 13.—The Times says the general body of Unionists approves the treaty between Great Britain and Japan, as well as some Liberal Imperialists, but some old Parliamentary hands are disposed to be non-committal on the ground that the treaty is a departure from the policy of isolation which this country has hitherto pursued.

Henry Norman (Liberal) proposes to ask Mr. Cranborne in the Commons to-day whether the treaty was communicated to the United States Government before being published, and if that Government expressed any opinion regarding it.

The Berlin correspondent of the Times says the unanimity with which the German papers regard the agreement as directed against Russia is characteristic. It is well known in Berlin that Japan is the one power in dealing with which Russia manifests the greatest circumspection and consideration.

The Journal des Debats, quoted by the Paris correspondent of the Times, thinks Japan has made a bad bargain. In case of war the conditions seem to be settled more favorably for England than Japan. Russia is the only power against which Japan is likely to war, and no European nor American power is likely to join Russia against Japan. On the other hand, considering Great Britain's ambitions in China, a coalition of powers against her is possible, and in that case Japan would be obliged to intervene in her favor.

Great Britain, says Debats, has assumed merely theoretical obligations toward Japan, while those of Japan towards Great Britain may assume a more practical character. Other powers cannot be indifferent to the alliance, which places them in the Far East face to face with Great Britain, less accommodating than ever.

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PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. H. [illegible], Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

A Rural School Board.

SOME up-to-date teachers tell strange stories of their conversations with school trustees regarding some of the studies that have been added to "the three R's" in country schools. In "Max Adler's" new novel, "Captain Bluitt," appears the following passage, which will remind many teachers of something similar:

"I should like," said Director Robinson, "to ask what is this metric system that I find some of the children trying to learn?"

The principal explained the metric system.

"Nothing to do with hymns, with long metre and short metre and hallelujah metres?" asked Director Robinson, who sang in the Baptist choir.

The principal said it had not.

"Did I understand you to say," enquired Mr. Matlack, "that the system came from France?"

"Yes," responded the principal.

"There's another queer move," said Mr. Matlack, with strong emphasis. "You start in with an Italian poet, Dant, and then you fetch along a French system with names nobody can understand, and after a while I reckon you'll be flying the British flag in the front yard and singing 'God Save the Queen.' There's a good deal too much foreign influence. This country's good enough for me. I'm an American and this is an American school. I say fly the American flag and sing American songs, and have American systems and shove the foreigners out. We can run our own business. Why don't you get a bust of General Washington?"

Director Ferguson asked if he might be permitted to interrogate the principal, and having obtained permission, he asked:

"Don't you think we are going just a little too fast?"

"In what particular?" enquired the principal.

"Well, in putting in this metric system, just at this time, for example."

"I think myself," interposed the president, "that the movement is somewhat permature."

"And then," continued Director Ferguson, "I found my boy last night rassling with algebra and nearly crying over it. I told him to drop it, and I'd have it dropped in the school if I run the school. I never knowed no algebra, and I'll be satisfied if my boy makes out as well as I did."

The principal attempted briefly to indicate the nature and purposes of algebra.

"That's all very well, Mr. Brown," said Director Ferguson. "It's your business of course to care for such things, but we're a practical people, with no nonsense about us. Figgers is for figgerin', and letters is for letterin'. There's no use of tryin' to figger with letters while there's plenty of figgers to figger with. Now is there?"

"You see"—began the principal.

"I don't care to argue about it," said Mr. Ferguson, interrupting him, "but the fact is you can't any more subtract 'a' from 'b,' like my boy was tryin' to do last night, than you can subtract the dinner-bell from the poker. It ain't in the nature of things."

The principal did not reply.

"My boy also says," continued Mr. Ferguson, "that his teacher won't allow him to say knowed. Why not?"

"Knowed?" asked the principal. "K-n-o-w-e-d?"

"Yes, knowed. He says the teacher tried to make him say knew."

"Of course," said the principal. "Know, knew. That's right; there is no such word as knowed."

"I guess there is," answered Director Ferguson, with a scornful laugh.

"I guess so, too," echoed Mr. Matlack, "and it's a good deal better to say knowed than to be putting Dant (Dante) up on the shelf and bringing the children's minds under European influences."

"Knowed is not good English," said the principal.

"Maybe not," said Mr. Matlack, "but it's good American and that's the best there is."

"You say mowed," asked Mr. Ferguson, "and rowed, and show, showed, and stow, stowed, and glow, glowed, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Very well, then, you say know, knowed, and grow, growed, and hoe, hoed."

And Director Ferguson tipped back his chair and looked around him like a man who has just won a great victory.

New Use For Cigars.

A NEW YORK young man just back from a trip in Canada was telling his friends of the times he had had.

"We took a horse and a buckboard," said he, "from Xavier Station out into the woods for a day's shooting. When we got there of course we unhitched the horse and took off the harness. Then we went hunting.

"At night, when we came in to hitch up, hanged if we knew how to do it! In about an hour we got nearly all the harness on, but the old horse wouldn't let us put the bit in his mouth. We couldn't drive him without that.

"My companion said: 'Say, have you lots of cigars?'

"'Yes,' said I; 'but what has that to do with it?'

"'Well,' said he, 'we shall just sit down and smoke till that brute yawns!' And we did it."

Domestic Reform.

Once upon a time there was a Woman who married a Man to Reform him.

And she did.

She made him Quit his Evil Ways, and he did not Drink, nor Chew, nor Smoke, nor Swear, nor Stay out at Nights.

In fact, he became as Mild as Skim Milk.

Now, when this Result was Achieved, the Woman began to Worry. He had lost his Charm for her. She Discovered that she had been more Interested in his Faults than in his Virtues, because after she had Fanned him out he didn't Assay worth a Cent along the Line of Good Qualities. He was simply a Negative Equation.

But the Man had Some Sense, after all. He saw what was Bothering her, so he Swore just a Little, and Drank just a Little, and Smoked occasionally, and took a Chew on the Sly.

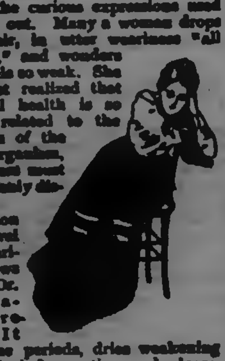
Then she had the Fun of Reforming him all over Again. And she was perfectly Happy, because she could Point with Pride to him at regular Intervals.

Moral—A little Backsliding adds to the Interest of the Good Work.—Baltimore "American."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

"Played Out"



one of the curious expressions used for worked out. Many a woman drops into a chair, in utter weariness "all played out," and wonders why she feels so weak. She has not yet realized that the general health is so intimately related to the local health of the womanly organism, that weakness must follow womanly diseases.

Restoration of the general health invariably follows the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates the periods, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

There is no substitute for "Favorite Prescription," for there is nothing "just as good" for womanly ills.

"I wish to advise the suffering women of this great land, of the good I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,'" writes Mrs. Mary Sheppard, of Columbus Grove, Putnam Co., Ohio. "For four years I had been a sufferer from female troubles, and at times was unable to do even the housework for three in the family. I had such pains that I suffered almost death dozens of times, but after taking five bottles of your medicines I can truthfully say that my health was greatly improved. I have a good appetite and am gaining in flesh right along. This spring is the first time in five years that I have done my house cleaning all by myself and without the least fatigue whatever. I hope all suffering women may find relief as I have done.

"My gain in weight has been just ten pounds, and I am still gaining."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*, or for cloth-bound book, send 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

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A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

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Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

KILLED BY A FALL

Former Peterboro Resident Meets Sudden Death in Cornwall

On Saturday night last, Mr. R. Way C. E., an old gentleman aged 82, who has for some time been residing with his nephew in Cornwall, fell down stairs and broke his neck. The old gentleman and two children aged 16 and 7 years respectively were alone in the house at the time. Death was instantaneous, his neck being broken.

The deceased was formerly a resident of Peterborough for many years book-keeper in the Auburn Woollen Mills. In his younger days he was a prominent land surveyor on the Isle of Wight.

His many acquaintances in Peterborough will be grieved to hear of his sudden death.

A COMBINATON THAT DRAWS

Courteous treatment of customers, pure drugs of full strength, and low prices are all-powerful for the drawing and securing of trade. Our closest attention and best care is at all times devoted to the filling of your physician's prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet preparations, Atomizers, Brushes, Combs and Sponges is unsurpassed in variety and quality. One call will convince you that we are leaders in the drug trade.

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At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

The Ottawa municipal coal yard scheme is said to have aroused more interest than any other bill before the legislature this session. Municipal ownership in every form is attracting more attention every day. That cities should supply the ratepayers with light is an accepted idea, and in this climate it is equally important that the people should have cheap heat. The next on the bill will be municipal insurance.

Ruby Lips and a clear complexion, the pride of woman. Have you lost these charms through torpid liver, constipation, biliousness, or nervousness? Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will restore them to you—40 little "Rubies" in a vial, 10 cents. Act like a charm. Never gripe.—69

Sold by H. H. Brunton.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake, With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

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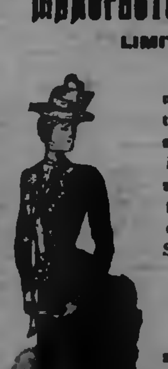

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

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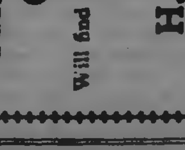

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Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B Brantford

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Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

ASK FOR THE—

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The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever.'

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
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NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the conditions of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

Responsible

we cannot be, for the health and song of birds fed food thrown together by those not understanding them. But we will be responsible when directions on "COTTAMS" Seed and "Book on Birds" are carefully followed.

[illegible]

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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

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Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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BLOOD POISON.

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a positive cure for Blood Poison. If you have this awful disease you are in danger until completely cured; the various symptoms you notice should be a warning to take immediate treatment. Don't put it off until too late, as it continually gets worse. If you have sore throat, patches on tongue or mouth, swollen glands, hair falling out, blotches on body, itching skin or other signs of this awful disease, call on me. I give you a written guarantee to cure you without Mercury or Potassium, and You Pay When Cured. I have 18 diplomas and certificates which testify to my standing and abilities.

The original testimonials can be seen at my office; $5000.00 reward for any I cannot show.

CASE NO. [illegible] May [illegible]
I am happy to say that your medicine helped my [illegible] [illegible] anything I ever took. REV. W. [illegible]
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Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR [illegible]
CASE NO. [illegible] Nov. [illegible]
I have confidence in you as a doctor, for you helped me more than anyone else has, and I [illegible] that you cured me. R. P. [illegible]

The Latest Method Treatment Cures

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Chronic Poison, Nervous Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Sexual troubles. Consultation Free. If you cannot call, write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. Book Free.

All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor, Canada. All duty and transportation charges prepaid—Everything confidential—No names on envelopes or packages—Nothing sent C.O.D.

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is "quite English, you know.' It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough.

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ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

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BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building
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Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
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Reserved Fund............ 7,000,000
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General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
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General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

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3½ Per Cent Interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable on demand.
4 Per Cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
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DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office [illegible] Water Street. Money to loan. R. A. Peck, E. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, corner King and [illegible] streets, Toronto. Comfortable and [illegible] hotel; centrally located; dollar and [illegible] per day. R. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. [illegible] [illegible] respected. [illegible] kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. George Crabbe, [illegible] [illegible] Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

Painting.

LOUIS MAHER, PAINTER, Paper Hanger [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

[illegible] Park Street—Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Painting and Graining of all kinds and [illegible] at very moderate prices. See A. FRY [illegible] Park street.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

Anecdotal.

It is related that once, when a captain in the army was cornered by the enemy, he addressed his men as follows: "My men, fight like demons until your powder gives out, then run. I'm a little lame, I'll start now."

An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it Twain."

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an English publishing house was responsible the other day for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later, with the following endorsement: "In Heaven, ——, 1901. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

When asked what he thought of a certain captain who frequented the Essex links, a Scotch caddie said: "Weel, sir, he's a verra nice gentleman an' a good gaufer, but he's awfu' nerra—awfu' nerra." "Narrow! What do you mean, Donald?" "Weel, sir, it wis this way. Efter the game was ower, and I had carried his clubs up tae the house, he says: 'Donald, will ye hae a draw?' and I said: 'I do be verra pleased,' so he gets the bottle, an' he pourin' oot intae a glass, an' I wantin' tae be genteel, says: 'Stop! stop'—an' he stopped."

What to do with Jefferson Davis should he be captured, was a problem that puzzled Lincoln's Cabinet not a little. In speaking of it to General Grant one day, the President remarked: "There was once an Irishman who had signed the Father Mathew temperance pledge. Going into a saloon to get a glass of lemonade to quench his thirst, he leaned over and whispered to the barkeeper: 'And couldn't you put a little brandy in it unbeknownst to meself?' So," continued Mr. Lincoln, "let Davis escape all unbeknown to yourself if you can."

L. R. Stockwell, the popular actor, says that some years ago in San Francisco, when Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, was a feature in a revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Bill" Nye was to have lectured at the Baldwin Theater, but was greeted by so small an audience that he excused himself and went over to hear Jackson talking of the pearly gates to Little Eva. After the performance Stockwell met Nye in the lobby of the theater, and he exclaimed: "Hello, Nye! What did you think of Peter?" "Well," responded the humorist, dryly, "anatomically he was great, but Uncle Tomically he is the worst I ever saw."

Dr. Varnadoe, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flowerpit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely: "I do not understand, Dr. Varnadoe, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, Sanborn," he retorted, "you see, this was only a [illegible] [illegible]."

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THE TIMES

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless [illegible]

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The Sunday Sun
is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.
Price 5c a copy. By mail $2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

The White Lies of Society.

In the white lies of society, women who are otherwise scrupulously truthful, are amazingly proficient, writes Geraldine Bonner in the "Argonaut;" they lie to be agreeable, to please. I have often heard women, who could no more have borne false witness against their neighbor than they could have robbed a church, say they would always send down the message "Not at home" rather than the honest but inhospitable "Engaged." "Not at home" was untrue, but hurts nobody's feelings. "Engaged," which accurately stated the case, was impolite and ungracious, and no one, if they could help it by a little judicious suppressing of facts, would ever be sent hurt from their door. I never shall forget some early lessons I received in the house of a lady who was a social leader and a famous charmer, although well on in years. On her day at home she used to sit where she saw the visitors as they came toward the entrance. One day a young woman appeared, and she exclaimed in a high key of annoyance:

"Good gracious, here's Miss So-and-So, just when I wanted to talk to you"—this to my companion, with a bewilderingly sweet smile. "What a bore she is, and always coming here."

The next moment Miss So-and-So entered, and was greeted with the most flattering air of delighted surprise.

"Why, my dear Miss So-and-So! How good of you to come! What a charming surprise! It's a hundred years since I've seen you," etc.

And Miss So-and-So beamed with the deprecating pleasure of one who feels herself appreciated.

When we had left and were descending the steps, I said somewhat ruefully to my companion:

"I suppose she said just the same about us before we came in, to the people who were there before us."

"Of course she did. Why shouldn't she? She's so charming; and one of the most charming things about her is that she's such a transparent liar. Everybody knows that she doesn't mean a word she says, but likes it just as much as if she did."

Ladies of this type will tell you that good manners are founded on a groundwork of amiable insincerity. If one were perfectly sincere, how horribly rude one would sometimes be! Imagine greeting the familiar remark, "Oh, I'm so sorry; I'm afraid I've disturbed you," with the truthful answer: "You have, and I'm not at all glad you came," or, instead of employing the old reliable "So sorry I couldn't get to see you last Friday," substituting the aggressive uprightness of "I had plenty of time to come round on Friday, but I didn't want to go." White lies do certainly grease the wheels of life, and personally I have the greatest possible respect for them. Anything that makes people more agreeable in the society sense ought to be encouraged. In one's social and domestic relations one should cultivate whatever promotes harmony and lessens friction. There is enough of that in the world outside; and, after all, the Recording Angel is not really on the lookout for white lies. The commandments only stipulate that we refrain from bearing false witness; they do not concern themselves in the least about polite falsehoods.

The Romance of a Necklace.

Great animation reigns just now on the blue shores of Corfu, where all the fishermen of the coast are busy trying their chances for a big catch. But up to now they have not succeeded in smoothing the capricious temper of Dame Fortune, and night after night they go back home very much downhearted. Why? Well, perhaps the story as told by a European correspondent is worth repeating.

At the moment when the news of her son Archduke Rudolph's tragic death was brought to her, the Empress of Austria was wearing a necklace of big pearls which was almost priceless. At night her chamberwoman saw with dismay that the lustrous pearls had become dull and opaque; she ventured to hint as much to her august mistress, who, however, only shrugged her shoulders with a weary gesture, and would not listen. A few weeks later the Empress asked for her pearls, but on opening the case she uttered a cry of surprise. There were her beautiful dewdrops resting on the white satin lining, which now looked brilliant and lovely compared with the dull and greyish pearls. "This is not my necklace!" she said angrily. But she soon knew that, like true old friends, her beloved pearls had gone into mourning with their mistress. She called to her aid all the jewelers of the world to try and bring back the splendid "Orient," which had made her pearls marvelous to look at. But in vain. At last a professor of chemistry at the Vienna University told the Empress that the only remedy for the pearls was to dip them into the sea and leave them there as long as possible. So one day, accompanied only by an old monk, she rowed into a certain little bay round the island, and, with his aid, hid the necklace in a little cranny in the rocks below the waves, and swore him to secrecy over the matter.

The secret, alas, was too well kept, for on hearing the news of his august mistress's tragic death, Father Ambrosio fell dead in the cloister as he was going to early mass; and now both the Empress and her confidant are buried, the one in a damp vault, and the other under the rose bushes at Corfu, while the precious necklace is resting somewhere among the seaweeds, its location unknown to any living being.

"Hello" Before Prayers.

A nervous looking girl consulted a doctor, who asked her what she was suffering from. Her answer was as follows: "I'm a telephone girl, doctor, and the work is a terrible strain on my nerves. The monotony of having a receiver constantly at my ears, and saying 'Hello!' tells upon my nerves. When off duty I am always having 'Hello!' ringing in my ears, and I am constantly saying it. When I go to bed, I wake up from sleep saying 'Hello!' And even when I kneel down to say my prayers I instinctively say 'Hello' before I commence them."

Marriage Not a Failure.

Old Friend—Was your daughter's marriage a success? Hostess—Oh, a great success. She's [illegible] in Europe on the alimony.—"New York [illegible]"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Novel Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

RENTS Must Go Higher, because we have several applicants for every vacant house on our books and we have to notify tenants almost daily to vacate because we have sold the houses to wise ones, who prefer being their own landlords and masters of their own homes. Every family should own their own home, and can, if they will only be guided by our long practical experience. Free to all. Ask for our printed lists of houses, lots, gardens or farms. Open 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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TRADE MARKS
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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE SOURCE
of supreme satisfaction or monumental misery is in the teeth.
It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.
Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

A VERY FINE SPECIMEN

A Beautiful Horned Owl Secured by Mr. S. D. Carver, Monaghan

Owls are very plentiful in this country this winter and many have been shot, but perhaps the finest bird yet taken is the one killed by Mr. S. D. Carver a few days ago. This bird had been giving considerable trouble among the hens and turkeys in the vicinity of the Gravel Road and a few days ago Mr. Carver decided to capture the owl. He secured a very strong trap and fastened it to a board, which in turn was fastened securely to a post. A mouse was used for a bait and the other night the owl came along and seeing the mouse, at once pounced upon it with the result that one of its legs was caught in the trap. A fierce fight for liberty ensued as the jaws of the trap were twisted almost out of shape. The next day Mr. Carver visited the trap and found the owl caught in it. A few blows from a stick finished the bird, which on being measured was found to be 4 feet 6 inches from tip to tip. The bird will be [illegible] and mounted.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS
THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?
2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?
3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?
4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?
5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm
6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?
7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.
The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 380 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR
MIRACLE PILLS
Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC
THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free
WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember it costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.
This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.......................... coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name...
Address...
County...

A BRUTAL ASSAULT

A Man Named Redmond From Cavan, Badly Beaten

A man named Redmond, who is said to live in Cavan, was beaten almost into insensibility a few nights ago. The assault occurred on Simcoe street, and from what can be learned, was unprovoked. Redmond, who is an elderly man, was attempting to gain admission to a certain place, and was set upon by a man, who came from the inside. He was knocked down and kicked on the head and face. After the unfortunate victim was let go, he managed to make his way to Dr. McClelland, where his wounds were dressed. He was so badly used up that he was unable to go home until the following day.

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

A Good Move

Hastings Star: At a meeting of the Peterborough Council recently, Ald. Morrison stated that one matter which needed investigation was the constant presence of so many fakirs from outside points canvassing the town for business. During the week he had been solicited to buy pictures, picture frames, books, tea, etc. by men who paid not a cent of taxes, and who hurt the business of the local merchants. He was in favor of a good stiff license imposed on peddlers, giving a whack to local men. This matter should be taken up in Hastings, as it is certain that a great deal of injustice is being perpetrated on our business men. Every week our town is visited by peddlers offering envelopes, pens, paper, ink, hardware, underwear, spectacles and other articles. Even our butchers, who go to no little expense to keep meat in the summer time, have to compete with outside peddlers in the winter months.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

PEKIN MUCH IMPROVED

Present Care of the Streets Notable—Chinese Military Plans

Pekin, Feb. 14—The celebration of the Chinese New Year's Day here yesterday was unusually well observed. The city has the appearance of prosperity. There has been a great improvement in the care of the streets, when compared with the condition in which they were kept by the allies. This care was previously unknown.

Many high Chinese say that notwithstanding appearances and the apparent extent to which edicts have ordered reforms there is little chance of reforms being carried out. Some of the edicts have already been annulled. The Chinese military plans are finding the most support, and this fact is having a [illegible] effect on foreign opinion. This is the work of Viceroy Yuan Shih-Kai, who advocates military reforms, and is seeking an appropriation of 5,000,000 taels for the establishment of a provincial army.

KEENE

On Monday night last a very exciting game of hockey was played in the Keene skating rink by the Norwood and Keene clubs. The result of the game was a tie. The Keene club goes to Norwood on Friday night to play a return match.

The roads in this vicinity are so blockaded with snow that it is almost impossible to travel on them.

Our village blacksmiths report business rather dull on account of the deep snow.

The ball in connection with the hockey club was fairly patronized on Friday night last. Quite a number of young people declined to go on account of the death of Rev. F. Andrews, B. D.

The funeral of Rev. F. Andrews on Friday last was the largest ever witnessed in this village.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 15, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There should be a good market to-day.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 353 George street.

—The Snow Shoe Club enjoyed a tramp last night. They found plenty of snow.

—The smallpox patient at Jackson Park hospital has quite recovered, and will be liberated in a day or so.

—Have you tried H. F. Kidd's famous teas yet? 353 George street.

—Mr. R. F. McWilliams entertained his Sunday school class to a drive to Lakefield, on Thursday evening.

—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Ontario Beet Sugar association held in Toronto yesterday, Mayor Dennis was elected a member.

—See the new photos at the entrance to Mr. Whiten's studio. Nothing in town can surpass them in finish and style. Go and see the work.

—The Executive committee of the Horticultural Society meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock, in the Town Council chamber.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. F. Kidd, 353 George street.

—The choir of the Murray Street Baptist church have completed arrangements with Mr. Arthur Blakely a distinguished organist in Toronto, to give an organ recital in Peterborough on Tuesday, April 8th.

—The Mens' Guild of St. Luke's church, Ashburnham, have extended an invitation to the members of St. Andrew's Young Men's Guild, to spend a social evening as the guests of St. Luke's Guild on April 11th next.

—The dedication services in the Cordova Presbyterian church, will be held on Sunday, March 9th. A number of ministers will take part. On Monday evening a first-class entertainment will be given.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains, 353 George street.

—Three 'bus loads of St. Andrews' Sunday school scholars enjoyed the pleasure of a sleigh drive around the town last evening. The boys and girls evidently enjoyed themselves by the noise they raised.

—The choir of the Murray Street Baptist church, were entertained at the residence of Mrs. George Chalmers, Water street, on Thursday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

Cooking Classes

Free public demonstration at the Y. W. C. A. rooms this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rice Casseroles, Waldorf salads, oatmeal macaroons. Classes formed at the close. Register immediately. Special rates for more than one member of a family.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

Y. W. C. A. Social

The members of the Y.W.C.A and their friends spent a very pleasant evening in the Association Rooms last evening.

A short programme was presented after which a couple of hours were spent with games and social intercourse. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable and pleasant evening brought to a close.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

[illegible]

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and [illegible], best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Dr. Hillier, of Bowmanville, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. George Fax, of Toronto, is in town for a day or so.

—Mayor Dennis went to Toronto yesterday morning on business.

—Miss Lily Searight, of Norwood, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. R. H. Bradburn is able to be out after his recent disposition.

—Rev. J. P. Wilson will conduct anniversary services in Millbrook tomorrow.

—Rev. J. C. Davidson is in Toronto attending a meeting of the Synod. He expects to return to-day.

—Mr. Robert Fair has returned from Toronto where he has been for the past few days on business. Dr. McCamus, of Cobourg, will conduct the anniversary services in the Charlotte street church to-morrow.

—Miss McMaster, of Glenwilliams, Ont., who was announced to sing in First Church of Christ Scientist, on Sunday next, has been hurriedly called home to wait on her brother, who was badly injured by being thrown from a cutter against a fence. Word has just been received that he is doing nicely, although badly shaken up.

T. A. S. Rooms

During the past few days, the executive committee of St. Peters' T. A. Society have been busily engaged in making alterations in their pleasant rooms on George street. The billiard tables have been removed to a larger room upstairs, and an addition of two new tables has been made to those already in the rooms. Electric lights have been installed throughout the new rooms by Messrs. Grant & Rose.

Malt Breakfast Food

The Only Cereal Product That Can Keep People Well and Strong

The ordinary food grains such as wheat, hominy, corn and oatmeal put up in fancy packages to attract the attention of the public, are not true health foods. They are used by many who are not aware of their depressing influence on the digestive organs. The great objection to such foods is the presence of so much insoluble starch, which hampers digestion and causes many serious derangements of the stomach.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only grain food free from starchy ingredients. In its manufacture, the starch of the wheat is converted into maltose and dextrine by the use of pure health-giving Malt. The weakest stomach retains and relishes Malt Breakfast Food. It tones and strengthens the digestive organs and quickly builds up flesh and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food is now recommended by hundreds of physicians as a perfect health food that keeps people well and strong. Your grocer sells and recommends it.

THE FUNERAL OF DR. FIFE

Took Place Yesterday Afternoon and was Very Largely Attended

The funeral of the late Dr. Fife took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, George street, to the Little Lake Cemetery, and was very largely attended. Services were held in the George street church and was well attended, the large edifice being filled by friends who were present to pay their last respects. An opportunity was given at the church for any who wished to view the remains to do so. A large number took this last chance to view the features of one so well known.

The pallbearers were,—Dr. Halliday, Dr. Carmichael, Mr. Wm. Yelland, Mr. D. W. Dumble, Mr. J. A. F[illegible] Mr. F. Hilliard.

The floral tributes were many and beautiful showing the esteem in which deceased was held by his large number of friends.

ALL SAINTS' MEN'S UNION

Was Formed at a Meeting Held on Thursday Evening—Election of Officers

A very enthusiastic meeting of the young men of All Saint's congregation was held on Thursday evening. An association to be known as "All Saint's Men's Union" was formed and the following officers elected.

Hon. Pres.—Mr. Wm. Buller.
Pres.—Mr. W. H. Smith.
Vice. Pres.—Mr. A. A. Welch.
Secy.-Treas.—Mr. R. Rickey.
Chairman,—Rev. W. L. Armitage.

Mr. Armitage was also made an honorary member. A committee was appointed to draft a constitution and rules to govern the society.

The meetings will be held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of the month. The next meeting will be on Feb. 25th to which all men of the congregation are invited.

TEETH AND FOOD

A Help in Time of Need

Sometimes bad teeth cause illness, particularly when they are not fit to masticate food. A man in Ada, O., had all of his teeth drawn. He was sick with indigestion and lack of vitality and his teeth were in a bad condition. He expected, with a new set of teeth, to regain his health by thoroughly chewing his food, but he had an experience that is well worth knowing of.

"Instead of improving I continued to lose strength," he says, "until I was a mere moving skeleton. I tried a number of prepared foods, but none of them helped me until I got Grape-Nuts. The flavor pleased my palate at once. I soaked the food in cream and got along with it nicely. Within a few days I noticed that I was not so tired and jaded. Gradually I grew stronger, so I left off all other foods and took only Grape-Nuts.

My old-time vigor came back and in two months I gained 17 pounds. This was remarkable, for I am of spare build. Now I sleep and feel wonderfully well.

Inasmuch as I am doing so nicely without teeth I have concluded to wait until my gums have finished shrinking before having a set made. I don't believe I could have gone through the drain on my system had it not been for Grape-Nuts. There is no doubt about the life-giving and nerve-building force of that food. I talk Grape-Nuts to all of my friends." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CARNIVAL LAST NIGHT

Was Well Attended – A Number of Very Fancy Costumes

The first and only fancy dress carnival of the season was held last night in the Charlotte street rink. The attendance was very good, but not as large as expected, owing, no doubt to the number of hockey matches in the rink recently and the number of other attractions in town at the present time. The number of costumed skaters was very good, and it made a pretty sight to see the various colored costumes flitting here and there on the ice.

The judges stand was on the western gallery about the centre of the rink, in which were seated Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Kerr and Miss Reid, who performed the duties of judges in a most satisfactory manner. Mr. Angus McIntosh also occupied a seat in the judges' stand.

The following are the prize winners for fancy and comic costumes:

Ladies Fancy—Miss Lulu Fox.
Girls Fancy—Miss Mildred Brightman.
Gents Fancy—Mr. W. Nelles.
Gents Comic—(no name) shoemaker.
Boys Fancy—Edward Wood.
Boys Comic—Ernest Taylor.

There were no entries in the Ladies or Girls Comic classes.

A large number of clowns were in attendance, and provoked considerable laughter by their antics. The 57th band was in attendance, and furnished an abundance of music of a very high standard.

At nine o'clock the ice was open for all skaters and for an hour or more it was with difficulty that a person could get around the rink at all.

Mr. McIntosh is to be complimented on his undertaking and it will be pleasing to know that after paying all expenses a considerable sum of money remains to reward him for his enterprise and trouble.

Your Nerves are Weak

result of imperfect digestion pressing up against the heart, it excites alarming symptoms. Instant relief is afforded by taking half an hour after the meal, ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. Nerviline aids digestion, expels the gas and imparts a sense of comfort. Nerviline is good for lots of other things, and wise people keep a 25c. bottle in the house for rheumatism, cramps, neuralgia, toothache, etc. Try it.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS

A. E. Micks & Co. have Dissolved Partnership—Mr. Micks Retires

The well known hardware business conducted under the firm name of Micks & Co., has been dissolved. Mr. A. E. Micks retiring from the business which will be conducted by Mr. W. R. G. Higgins.

For many years Mr. Higgins has been connected with this firm and is well known throughout the district. His continuance there will ensure all customers a courteous reception and prompt attention.

Mr. Higgins is a great favorite in the store and the business under his management should prosper, and continue to flourish. The stock will be kept up to the same high standard that has always been found in this store.

The Switzerland of America.

The above caption is particularly appropriate to the region in the "Highlands of Ontario" known as "The Lake of Bays" district. It is replete with natural beauty and loveliness, and comprises some of the most beautiful water stretches and picturesque landscapes for which the locality is becoming so famous with the ever-increasing army of tourists. The scenic grandeur of hill and mountain, the placid beauty of the lakes, the lovely rivers, are not surpassed in any country. One thousand feet above sea-level. No hay fever, absence of flies, splendid speckled trout fishing and and good bathing and boating assured. Handsome illustrated descriptive matter giving full particulars can be had for the asking by applying to M. C. Dickson, D.P.A., Toronto.

The Old Plan With Its Difficulty and Expense A Thing of the Past

DIAMOND DYE MAT AND RUG PATTERNS ARE POPULAR IN ALL HOMES

The expense of buying suitable material and of stamping outlines of a pattern for a mat or rug is a thing of the past, now that the Diamond Dye Mat and rug patterns can be procured at such low prices. Another advantage in using the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns is that the pattern of the design is brought out in lovely and harmonized colors, ready for working. One or more of these elegant patterns should be in every home. When worked up, they look as rich as expensive imported goods, and they wear much longer. Upon receipt of a postal card with your address, The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., will send you free of cost all the newest designs.

AN ASSOCIATION FORMED

By the Medical Men at a Meeting on Thursday Evening—Officers Elected

The medical men of the district held a meeting at the Crown Hotel on Thursday night, and formed an Association in affiliation with the Ontario Medical Association. The meeting was not very largely attended by outside practitioners, but letters received from them showed they were in favor of the movement.

Dr. Hillier, of Bowmanville occupied the chair. The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Dr. Greer, Peterborough.
1st. Vice-Pres.—Dr. Berry, Hastings.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Dr. Gillespie, Lindsay.
Secretary—Dr. Eastwood, Peterboro.
Treasurer—Dr. Mober, Peterboro.

A committee to arrange a program for the next meeting of the Association, was appointed. The meeting will be held sometime in the next six weeks. A committee was also appointed to draw up a constitution, and to report at the next meeting.

At the Opera Next Week

The manager of the Opera House has received assurances that the company which will appear here next week are of a high class order. The London Advertiser says,—Prof Pull demonstrated his right to the title "King of Hypnotists and mind readers." The London News says,—The mind reading tests are bewildering and marvellous. There are only two or three of hundreds of tests rendered. The play is a good one and should draw full houses.

ENTERTAINED BY MR. R. J. TODD

Sunday School Scholars and Members of the Church of Christ Scientist Spend a Pleasant Evening

The officers and children of First Church of Christ Scientist Sunday School, 378 Aylmer street, met at the residence of R. J. Todd, 218 Wolfe st., last evening at 6 o'clock, where a table was spread, with many good things, to which the children did ample justice, showing that Christian Science medicine is a very good appetizer.

After this the older members of the congregation assembled and spent a very enjoyable evening. An impromptu program consisting of instrumental and vocal music, recitations, readings, speeches, etc., was presented.

Old and young returned to their homes satisfied that Christian Scientists, not only knew how to pray, but how to enjoy themselves.

Ten Years of Blessed Work and Glourious Victories

Paine's Celery Compound

HAS BROUGHT HEALTH AND NEW LIFE TO THE SICK AND DISEASED IN EVERY PART OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD

For the last ten years the work of Paine's Celery Compound has been a blessed and cheering one to men and women of every rank in society. In no one case has the great medicine failed to benefit, and where it has been used promptly, it has in every case brought a cure.

The blessed results that spring from the use of Paine's Celery Compound are not confined to this Canada of ours. The great life-giving medicine has been sent to every quarter of the civilized world, and has cured the sick, restored the weak and depressed to health and strength, and caused tens of thousands to live who failed to find health in worthless prescriptions, sarsaparillas, nervines and pills. Paine's Celery Compound has cured when all other remedies failed.

It is to this best of all medicines, Paine's Celery Compound, that we would direct the attention of every man and woman suffering from weakness, general debility, rheumatism, neuralgia, heart trouble, dyspepsia, anemia, blood diseases, liver complaint and kidney trouble. Thousands of grateful letters have poured in testifying to wonderful and permanent cures.

It is foolish and criminal to delay the use of such a disease banisher when others have so clearly demonstrated its value; when many of your friends and neighbors have been made well by its use. The health-giving virtues are so eminently great that the ablest physicians are prescribing Paine's Celery Compound daily for the sick.

If you are weak physically, in the grasp of disease, or simply feeling out-of-sorts, irritable, sleepless or despondent, try one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and note well the magical effects.

KEENE

The roads in this vicinity are so blockaded with snow that it is almost impossible to travel on them.

Our village blacksmiths report business rather dull on account of the deep snow.

The ball in connection with the hockey club was fairly patronized on Friday night last. Quite a number of young people declined to go on account of the death of Rev. F. Andrews, D. D.

The funeral of Rev. F. Andrews on Friday last was the largest ever witnessed in this village.

The Backache Stage may be just that incipient form of kidney disease which, if neglected, will develop into stubborn and distressing disorder that will take long tedious treatment to cure. Don't neglect the "backache stage" of the most insidious of diseases. South American Kidney Cure stops the ache in six hours and cures.—50

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders for the supply of chemicals and stationery required by the schools for the ensuing year, and addressed to J. J. McBain, Chairman of the Supervision Committee, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, 20th inst. List of articles required may be had on application.

W. G. MORROW,
Sec'y Board of Education.

—THE—

Pressure of Business

Is greatly relieved by use of the

Long Distance Telephone

You reach your customer in a few seconds and....

MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

The Bell Telephone Co'y

OF CANADA, LTD.

Help Wanted.

Latest Out. Mirror in your hat with your name on. Stick in any hat. Sample and terms 10c. Dominion Picture and Novelty Co., Hamilton, Ont.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc. 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 603, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms in central locality, with or without board. Address Box C., Times Office.

Personal and Otherwise

Everybody Says why does not God kill the Devil, get the booklet, sample 10c. Dominion Novelty Co. Hamilton, Ont.

HON. JOHN J. FURLONG.

MEMBER ILLINOIS ASSEMBLY
AFFLICTED WITH CATARRH OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.
CURED BY PERUNA.

HON. JOHN J. FURLONG, Member of the Thirty-fifth General Assembly of the State of Illinois, writes of Peruna as follows:

1253 Osgood St., Chicago, Ill.
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—"I can safely recommend Peruna as a remedy that will cure all catarrhal troubles.

"It was of great benefit to me as it cured me of catarrh of the throat and lungs permanently and in a very short time. I am glad to add my endorsement to that of others."—JOHN J. FURLONG.

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A patient cured by Peruna is no more liable to catarrh than if he had never had it.

Cured of Catarrh of the Entire System.

Mr. William Flood, care Fifth Avenue Hotel, Louisville, Ky., says: "Your Peruna has completely cured me of that distressing disease, catarrh, which affected my head, nose, bronchial tubes, and, in fact, my whole system.

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"After using your splendid remedy according to your directions I am today a well man. I find Peruna to be the greatest family medicine ever discovered. I shall always keep a bottle of it on hand.

"I can candidly state that had it not been for Peruna I would have given up my position, being too weak to do my work. For eighteen years life was a burden."—Mr. William Flood.

Congressman J. A. Barham, of Santa Rosa, California, writes:

"At the solicitation of a friend I used your Peruna, and can cheerfully recommend it as an excellent remedy for all catarrhal troubles. It is indeed a wonderful medicine."—J. A. Barham.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada.

"The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores, and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

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VOL. 26 NO. 40 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY FEBRUARY 17 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

WHAT THE ALLIANCE MEANS IN ANGLO-SAXON

Proper Interpretation of Agreement Between Great Britain and Japan

JAPAN STEADILY OPPOSED RUSSIA IN CHINA

Russia now Holds Manchuria and Russian Civil Officers Have Control of the Entire Government

New York, Feb. 16—From a man of high standing and large experience in the far east, the World obtained, late last night, a hasty interpretation of the alliance between England and Japan. Asked for the exact meaning of the alliance, the World's informant said:

"It is my judgment that there is a threat against the peace of the world in Great Britain's alliance with Japan. By it Britain escapes from the position of 'splendid isolation' in which the Continental powers have so long held her. The import and purpose of all European diplomacy and national effort will be changed, and the old question of the 'balance of power' is bound to be revived.

"Russia first of all is threatened. The guarantee of the integrity of the Chinese Empire appears to cut off all her efforts to annex the great northwestern province of Manchuria, through which the Czar's Government is building a railroad, to supply an outlet to the Pacific for their Trans-Siberian line that will be free of ice at all seasons of the year, and whose territory is said to be the richest in all mineral products of any in China.

"Ever since the Boxer outbreak in China Russia has been striving to secure this province by means of an independent treaty with the Chinese. Encouraged by the British, the Japanese and the United States, China has so far succeeded in avoiding the signing of such a treaty.

"The protests of the other foreign powers against Russia were based upon assurances of an 'open door' for all Chinese trade, given at the instance of the United States when the powers entered into a concert to interfere in China and put down the rebellion of the anti-foreign fanatics. Russia is charged, as against her own denials, of wishing to secure all Manchuria, despite the understanding among the powers that no one of them should attempt to increase its holdings of territory in China as the outgrowth of the troubles in that Empire or the payment of indemnities to foreigners.

"Russia now holds Manchuria. There is an army of occupation, several strategic points have been strongly fortified, and Russian civil officers have control of the entire government. It is reported that the line of railway across the country from Niuchwang, the principal seaport, to the true Russian border, is being pushed toward completion, and that trains with troops can be run straight across from Moscow to that point over the Trans-Siberian line by autumn.

"Japan, too, has steadily opposed Russia in both China and Corea. Japan proposed at the close of her war with China to secure as the fruits of her victory a foothold in China, and wished at least to secure a position in the kingdom of Corea that would exclude all other nations. Russia stepped in and thwarted both these designs. Since then the relations of the two nations have been strained.

"They have been very close to war on two or three occasions, owing to serious diplomatic quarrels about the dominant influence in the Corean capital. Japan went so far in April of last year as to mobilize a part of her army for the purpose, it was reported, of occupying the Hermit Kingdom and annexing it.

"If the two new allies should be drawn into a war with Russia in the East, France, it seems certain, must be drawn into it, for she has an offensive and defensive alliance with Russia.

"With these four nations involved in war, Germany, Austria and Italy, still bound by the Triple Alliance, would be in a position to assert their power and could carry out any policy of their own aggrandizement they might choose. All three of them have interests in China and all of them are embarked in vast schemes of colonization, in which Great Britain alone is their rival.

"The interests of the United States are those of trade alone. Manchuria has for years been a heavy purchaser of American goods in cotton, iron, steel and other lines. There has been some trade, too, with Corea, and at one time citizens of the United States were practically in control of its government, being employed as expert advisers and teachers at the court of the King. Lately their places have been taken by Russians and Japanese.

"There is no doubt whatever that this alliance marks one of the most important diplomatic steps taken in recent times."

GREAT BRITAIN'S SUPREMACY ON THE SEA.

British Shipyards Turned Out the Largest Tonnage and the Greatest Number of Hulls Ever Recorded

London, Feb. 15. — British shipyards turned out last year the largest tonnage and the greatest number of hulls that have ever been recorded in the annual returns of Lloyds Register. Including forty-one warships built at government and private establishments, the totals set down are 699 vessels, aggregating more than 1,750,000 tons. This unprecedented and enormous output is composed almost entirely of steel steamers, of which 77 per cent. are to fly the home flag.

As might be expected from the changing conditions of oversea trade, the tendency to construct types of a very large tonnage is maintained. One steamer of above 20,000 tons and seven others exceeding 11,000 represent the year's contribution to an economic theory that is based mainly on the competition in the transatlantic trade. The increasing neglect of sailing craft is equally marked, though, logically enough, the launching of three ships of 3000 tons shows the potency of the heavy tonnage idea even in this class.

Among the other shipbuilding nations the United States is easily first, with double the output of Germany and nearly three times that of France, if eighty-two war craft and a few large ocean going steamers be excluded, it will be found that this production is almost equally divided between moderate sized steamers and unimportant sailing vessels, and that the 301 vessels, of 1,341,000 tons, belong to ratings inferior in average size and in probable utility to the constructions launched on the Clyde, Tyne, Wear and Tees and at Belfast and Barrow.

Why Catarrh is Fatal

Because it pours a flood of poisons into the circulation that saps digestion so materially as to render the body incapable of resisting disease, and consumption is the result. Catarrh is quickly cured by Catarrhozone, a fragrant germ destroying vapor that goes to the root of the disease. It soothes and heals the inflamed mucous surfaces, cures the head and throat, and positively never fails to perfectly cure bronchitis, asthma, or catarrh. Nothing is so good for disease of the respiratory organs as Catarrhozone. Large outfits, $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Manhattan Has Arrived at Cape Town

The many friends of the members of the Peterborough quota to the third contingent will be pleased to know that the boys arrived safely at Cape Town on Friday last, on the transport Manhattan. The voyage took thirty days, which is about the average time for vessels sailing from Canada to South Africa. The vessel went direct to the Cape and did not report at Cape St. Vincent, as was the case with some of the other troopships. The Victorian which sailed a few days later will arrive at Cape Town, in the course of a few days.

FIREMEN SAVED DEAD PEOPLE

Made a Big Blunder—Carries Corpses Out of Dissecting Room by Mistake

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Firemen who groped their way through fire and smoke and dragged six dead bodies into the street from Bennett Hospital at Ada and Fulton street, late last night, carried on their heroic labor in the belief that they were rescuing persons who had been asphyxiated, and not until the flames had been subdued did they learn that they had been in the dissecting-room of Bennett Medical College and that the rescued bodies were from the dissecting table of the school. Several of the cadavers were clothed, having been brought to the school in that condition. One cadaver was incinerated. The dissecting-room and laboratory of the college were destroyed, entailing a loss of $5,000. A score of patients in the hospital were badly frightened, but none were injured. The firemen had supposed that the building was used exclusively for hospital purposes.

QUEEN MARY'S VICTIMS

Interesting Ceremony That has Just Taken Place in the Tower of London

New York, Feb. 17—An interesting ceremony has taken place in the vault of St. Peter's church, in the tower of London. The ceremony was the erection of a tablet recording that within the walls of the vault were deposited two chests containing the remains of many distinguished persons who had been beheaded on Tower Hill and which for a time were interred beneath the floor of the chancel and nave. The removal of these remains, which included the bones of Lady Jane Grey, her husband, Lord Guilford Dudley, the Duke of Northumberland and the Duke of Suffolk, all executed during the reign of Queen Mary, was carried out about forty years ago.

LAUGH AT PEARSON

Threatener of British Mule Camp at New Orleans Known as Crank

New Orleans, La., Feb. 17—The police authorities of this city are much amused over the reported letter sent to Roosevelt by General Samuel Pearson of this city, formerly of the Transvaal republic, to the effect that he will lead an armed force to attack the camp where mules purchased by British agents for transhipment to South Africa are stored. Pearson is well known to the police, having frequently made himself conspicuous by anti-British demonstrations. He is regarded as a crank and despite his warlike threatenings is believed to be harmless.

BURRIED HIMSELF IN THE SNOW

Arcade Farmer, Lost in the Storm, Saved His Life By Burrowing Into a Drift

Arcade, Feb. 17—This section is just recovering from the effects of the great storm of last week, which seems to have been more severe in this immediate vicinity than anywhere else. The country roads are just becoming passable and as the people come in from the outlying districts they bring reports of the terrible intensity of the storm and in some cases hardships that ensued.

One man was out all one night and came near losing his life. This man was Mr. Thomas L. Lewis, who lives about three miles south-east of this place. In the afternoon he drove to Eagle with his daughter, Miss Edna Lewis, who teaches school there. On his return when nearing his home, his sleigh broke down and he was obliged to leave his team at a farm house and try to complete the journey on foot.

He wandered from the road and as the storm increased and it grew dark, even the familiar landmarks upon his own farm upon which he was wandering became obliterated. Still he struggled on, nearly overcome by the cold and fatigue, and then digging a hole in the bottom of an immense drift he covered himself up with the snow, realizing that this was the only possibility to escape from death.

Here he lay for hours and then crawled out once more to find that it was daylight and that the storm was still raging. Once more he started out and at last saw a house. It was the home of James Cramer, his nearest neighbor. Towards this he struggled with his little remaining strength. At last he reached the door and when it was opened by those inside Mr. Lewis staggered into the room and fell upon the floor unconscious from exhaustion. The warmth and kind care of friends, however, brought him back to life. But if it had not been for his presence of mind in burying himself in the snow he certainly would have died.

BOTH MAY DIE

As the Result of a Fight Between a Man and a woman in Allen County

Scottsville, Ky., Feb. 17—A desperate fight took place here to-day, and as a result Mary Little and John Pendergrass are fatally wounded. The trouble, it is said, arose over Mrs. Little's daughter, and in the fight following Pendergrass struck Mrs. Little with a stone after she had emptied a shotgun at him. The lead taking effect, he hid himself after the fight, and it cannot be learned how badly he is hurt, but it is thought he will die. Mrs. Little's injuries, it is given out, will prove fatal.

A ROYALIST MANIFESTO

Prince Victor Announces That He Favors an Empire in France

Paris, Feb. 17—Prince Victor Napoleon, royalist leader, to-day issued an election manifesto, expressing himself in favor of the return of the imperial form of government and the reduction in the military service. He also is in favor of the maintenance of peace, opposed to socialistic interference with wages and hours of labor, and is willing to act as leader of the French people.

ITEMS OF NEWS BY CABLE AND LETTER

British Army Estimates Show a Grand Total of £69,310,000

TO PROVIDE 420,000 SOLDIERS

Estimates Sufficient to Maintain Present Field Force in South Africa for Eight Months.

London, Feb. 17. — The army estimates issued to-day show a grand tota for the year 1902-03 of £69,310,000, which is intended to provide for 420,000 men, of which 219,700 men are for the ordinary army service and 200,000 for war service.

The estimates, of which £40,000,000 is required for war show a decrease under their head of £36,320,000, compared with 1901-02.

In a memorandum the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, explains that the estimates are sufficient to maintain a field force in South Africa of the present strength for eight or nine months of the new financial year.

COUNT TOLSTOI'S CONDITION

Yalta, Crimea, Feb. 17. —Count Tolstoi is somewhat improved to-day. His pulse is 90, and his temperature is satisfactory. The change for the worse in his condition, which occurred yesterday evening, was caused by a spread of the pulmonary inflammation to the right lung. The inflammation is beginning to subside.

CHARLES T. YERKES IS ILL.

London, Feb. 17. —It is stated that Charles T. Yerkes, of Chicago, has been very ill for the last ten days. He is reported still confined to his bed.

YERKES CAUGHT A CHILL

London, Feb. 17.— Charles T. Yerkes, who had been reported to be seriously ill, has been confined to his room as the result of a chill, but he has transacted business daily and is improving. Mr. Yerkes expects to be out February 19th.

HERR HOENP IS DEAD.

Copenhagen, Feb. 17. — Herr Hoenp, the Minister of Public Works, who had been suffering from cancer is dead.

ASTOR REGISTERS HIS COLORS

London, Feb. 15. — William Waldorf Astor, as a preliminary to going in for horse-racing, has registered his colors, under the jockey club rules. They are light blue, with pink sash and cap.

DIVINING ROD AT WORK.

London, Feb. 17.— The 'Bogs' Field at Harrogate has long been recognised as wealthy in mineral waters, and the Harrogate Corporation have this week engaged a professional "water diviner," Mr. J. Mullins, of Colerne, Box, Wilts, to test by the divining process the existence of springs in the locality. In the presence of the Mayor and the Corporation, and with the simple aid of a hazel twig grasped in each hand, the water diviner discovered by the bend of the twigs the existence of fresh springs. In fields recently acquired by the Corporation springs were found, and these, it is judged, will be of considerable addition to the mineral water possessions of Harrogate.

THE EMPIRE'S COAL SUPPLY.

London, Feb. 17. —Before the Royal Statistical Society recently, Sir John Glover read a valuable paper on "Tonnage Statistics of the Decade, 1891-1900."

As to coal supplies, said Sir John, it was more than satisfactory that we were not now solely dependent on our own coal measures. The mineral was being worked in constantly increasing quantities in other parts of the Empire, notably in Canada, Australia, India, Natal and Borneo. It was also being worked in France, Belgium, Germany Spain and Russia, and it was believed that the United States was raising nearly as much coal as we did. Eastwards of the Red Sea it might be said that the bulk of the coal consumed was either Indian or Japanese, and there was every reason for believing that in a short time supplies of excellent Canada coal would be available. It was consequently reasonable to conclude that the supplies of this essential commodity would not fail such nations as had the means for its cheap carriage by sea. It was, perhaps, even more reasonable to expect that before the new century was much older, more economic methods of using coal would reward the eager scientific research now being pursued by the engineers of all countries. Moreover, the use of petroleum for sea-propulsion seemed to be on the eve of large development, and lastly, when electric power had got fairly into use on land it was quite possible that means would be devised for its use at sea.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

"With the view of still further facilitating and developing our trade with other countries, it will probably be found expedient to increase the number of our commercial agencies, and Parliament will be asked to consider the desirability of making additional provision for that purpose.

"I have also pleasure in informing you that the Government of Australia and New Zealand have accepted an invitation from my Government to attend a conference in London next June for the consideration of trade, transportation, cable, and other matters of intercolonial concern, and it is hoped that the meeting may lead to an extension of Canadian trade with these important portions of His Majesty's dominions.

STEAMERS TO SOUTH AFRICA.

"I have further to advise you that my Government, having caused inquiry to be made, has reached the conclusion that the establishment of direct steamship service with South Africa would enable Canada to secure in that country a profitable market for her varied products, and to that end will endeavor to arrange for such a service."

Reference is also made to the invitation to the Premier to attend the coronation.

S. S. ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

In Charlotte Street Church Yesterday—Conducted by Rev. Dr. Saunders

In Charlotte St. Methodist Church yesterday the Sabbath School anniversary services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Saunders, of Cobourg, formerly of Dominion Methodist Church, Ottawa, and of Montreal.

In the morning, the rev. gentleman preached an able and forceful sermon, taking for his subject, "The Victoria Cross." It was most appropriate for the younger portion of the congregation, who were present in large numbers.

In the evening he preached from II Cor. 4—6. "For God, who commanded the light to shine out of darkness, hath shined in our hearts to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ."

What can excel, said he, the majesty of these wondrous words? How they sweep by like the stately steppings of an arc-angel! As we listen to the words there comes up that marvellous moment in creation, when the world was wrapped in darkness, void and without form. A darkness was on the face of the deep which we cannot conceive—a darkness never riven by one gleam of light. But God stood in the midst of the darkness, and said, "Let there be light," Then, as if waiting for His word, the light leapt forth and flooded the world with a radiance of splendor. So in the regeneration of our hearts. If any man be in Christ he is a new creation. This light comes to us through the face of Jesus.

Light is the most wonderful thing in the world and though for ages scientists have been trying to solve its true nature and origin, yet it remains a mystery. It is a beautiful thing—in fact there can be no beauty without it, it reveals all beauty, and may even be said to create all beauty.

It is the great source of all life. Catch a pencil of it on a prism and it is divided into seven dazzling bands of beauty. These, we may magnify a thousand fold. By means of the X-ray, things which our fathers thought opaque are made semi-transparent.

But from Christ we receive light in a larger, fuller sense. He reveals to us the source of all spiritual life. "I am the Light of the world, he that cometh to Me shall not walk in darkness but shall have the light of life."

In Marconi's great system of wireless telegraphy it is necessary that the transmitter and receiver be tuned alike in order to deliver the message. So, if we would have a full knowledge of the glory of God, we must sit in the light of His Son, who is the light of heaven. His glory emancipates us and gladdens us.

Who can tell what is the glory of God? How true the words of the Psalmist in the nineteenth Psalm, "The heavens declare the glory of God; and the firmament showeth His handiwork. Every flower bears a mark of His pencil, a reflection of the light of the face of Jesus. We are told that Venus, the queen of light, and last of the constellations to fade before the sun, appeared in its last transit just as a blot of ink. The glory of the greater light outshone her. St. John in his description of the glory of the Lord was limited by the possibilities of human language. Few people have looked upon the face of our Lord. As Peter, John the Baptist, the Samaritan woman, the leper, Nicodemus and the Roman centurion gazed on His countenance they were led to exclaim, according to what they saw there. The speaker had an album containing a collection of faces of Christ, painted by the great masters, according to their different conceptions of His character. There is the laboring face, the tragic face, the sorrowful face, and the friendly face painted by Frau Angelica, on which one gazed only to exclaim, "He is the friend of sinners." The best representation of the face of Christ which the world has ever looked upon, is said to be that on the roof of an European cathedral, carved in oak during its erection, by an old and unknown man. A poor book-keeper gazing on a beautiful landscape said it was all his. Explaining, he said the proprietor owned the mud and stones, but had never seen the landscape. It takes an artist to see all the beauty. And one must get Christ-like in order to see and know Christ. The glory of God as it is in the face of Christ is heaven to the possessor, whether here or beyond.

In answer to the King of Sweden, a famous violinist said he caught the strains of music as a barefoot boy on the hills of Norway. Oh, for a sympathy so full with Jesus, in whose face is the glory of God unfolded. Sometimes he thought he would never see the glory of God only as he beheld it in the face of Christ—that face deep lined with sorrow for the lost world—that scarred face looking out on the world to-day, waiting to lift up those who will hear him.

A young man in Montreal who had got the fever to go west with some friends, and who would not be persuaded, yielded as his mother placed her hand on his shoulder, saying simply, "Thomas, don't go." He told his friends it was his mother's hand which kept him. In his infancy she had saved him from death by fire, at the sacrifice of her hand, which was scarred and crippled. It was the memory of her unselfish love which prompted him to yield to her request. Christ's scarred hand calls us to Him because he gave Himself a ransom for us.

Many artists have in their studies painted [illegible] of many hues, to keep their eyes up to color tone. So if our hearts are tuned by Christ, life will take on a new meaning.

In a monastery organ loft, as a youth, Mozart one night produced such music that the monks thought an angel had come down—he transformed the organ. So if the hand of the great Harmonist be upon the keys of our soul, we will be brought into sympathy with the universe, and run with patience the race set before us. Stephen is our example of what a man will dare, what he will suffer, what he will undertake for Christ. Let us get nearer to the feet of the Lord's Anointed, and there will come into our hearts untold joy and satisfaction; then we shall gaze throughout eternity on the glory of God.

The music at both services was most appropriate. In the evening, the choir sang a pretty anthem, "Angels of Jesus," and Mr. Mitchell and Miss Bellaghem rendered a duet, "I Need Thee, Precious Jesus."

Pain in the Back

makes life miserable. Can it be cured? Yes, in one night. Polson's Nerviline gives a complete knockout to pain in the back, for it penetrates through the tissues, takes out the soreness and pain, invigorates tired muscles, and makes you feel like a new man. Nerviline cures quickly because it is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing than any other remedy. Don't suffer another minute, get Nerviline quick and rub it in, for sure as you were born it will cure you. 25 cents.

TIMES' CORRESPONDENT CONTRADICTS STATEMENT

The Document Quoted by German Ambassador Merely a Rough Statement

Was Not Submitted for Communication to the Various Governments

London, Feb. 17.—A despatch from Washington to The Times flatly contradicts Von Holleben's latest statement. It says the document quoted by the German Ambassador was not submitted by Lord Pauncefote to his colleagues for communication to their Governments, but was a rough statement outlining his views to the meeting. This draft was handed to Cambon and altered and enlarged by him. It says that Lord Pauncefote believed that the note of April tenth contained concessions which might induce the United States to reconsider its resolve for war; that he thought President McKinley was wrong in believing that the war had the support and approval of the civilized world. Lord Pauncefote desired peace, as McKinley did, and felt justified in doing what he could in concert with his colleagues to preserve peace. This Lord Pauncefote admits and affirms that he had no object other than to act a friendly part.

German Slanders

London, Feb. 15.—A despatch to The Times from Johannesburg declares that the Town Council passed a resolution condemning the slanders of the British army. It was moved by an Englishman and seconded by Jennings, an American, who testified from personal observation as to the humane conduct of the British. While adopting the resolution the Council deemed it inadvisable to promote a public demonstration, expressing disapproval of the slanders.

SET FIRE TO HIS LITTLE BABY SISTER

Then Stood by and Watched Her Burn to Death

BURNED BEYOND RECOGNITION

Reprimanded by His Mother, This Three Year-Old Boy Sought Revenge by Burning His Sister

Hammond, Ind., Feb. 17. — William Newalk, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Newalk of this city, is said to have deliberately set fire to the clothing of his baby sister and watched her burn to death.

At the inquest over the body of the child it developed that after the father of the children, who is a fireman, had gone to his work the mother reprimanded the boy for some trifling fault and locked both children in the kitchen while she went to a grocery store. In one corner of the kitchen was a cupboard, on the shelf of which was stored matches. The mother was absent about 15 minutes. When she returned and opened the kitchen door the sickening odor of burning flesh almost overpowered her. On the floor lay the 18-month-old girl, writhing in pain, and burned almost beyond recognition. Standing near by was her little brother, watching the flames, which had begun to eat into the pine floor of the room.

The boy, who is precocious and talkative, said at the inquest that he had lighted the baby's clothes. He exhibited no grief upon being shown the charred body.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE

The Employees of the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co. Pay Tribute to the Dead and Condole with the Bereaved

On Friday afternoon, the employees of the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co. assembled at the works and proceeded to the residence of their late employer, Mr. Wm. Hamilton, to take a farewell look at the face of one with whom their relations had always been of a most cordial nature. The late Wm. Hamilton was deeply respected by all his employees, and it was with feelings of deepest regret that the employees heard of his death.

After viewing the remains the employees held a meeting at the works where they placed themselves on record in a resolution which was passed and forwarded to the widow and members of the bereaved family. The resolution reads as follows:—

Moved by A. Macfarlane, seconded by T. J. Main:

Whereas it has pleased the Divine Creator in His infinite wisdom and mercy to remove from this earthly sphere of labor, our respected employer, Mr. Wm. Hamilton, sr., who departed this life after many years of severe suffering—therefore be it

Resolved: That we the assembled employees of the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co., desire to express to the bereaved widow and family of our late employer, our feelings of most profound sympathy in this sad affliction, by which they have been bereft of one who was near and dear to their hearts. And we pray that in this dark hour of trial and tribulation they may be comforted and sustained by the consolations of Divine Grace; be it further

Resolved: That we realize to the fullest extent possible the great loss which the town has sustained by the death of such an estimable citizen.

As an honored employer of labour for over half a century his relations with his employees were of the closest kind. He entered fully into their home life, and many of them have had their troubles and sorrow lightened by his sincere sympathy and goodness of heart. Honest in principle and generous in action, his character was of such a nature as to command our respect and esteem.

Now the labourer's task is o'er;
Now the battle day is past;
Now upon the farther shore
Lands the voyager at last,
Father, in Thy gracious keeping
Leave we now Thy servant sleeping.

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family.

Signed on behalf of the employees:

W. M. [illegible]
JOHN SMITH
T. T. [illegible]
DAVID SPENCE
T. J. MAIN
A. C. McALLUM
A. McFARLANE, Secy.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION

To be Held in Peterborough on Thursday February 20th

The Times has been requested to publish the following letter:—

To the Friends of Temperance in the County of Peterborough:—

The decision of the Privy Council sustaining the Prohibition Act of Manitoba has made "Prohibition for Ontario," the rallying cry for forward action in this Province. The liquor men are marshalling their well organized forces. The friends of temperance must be up and doing. In order to consider the situation, the Executive of the Dominion Alliance has decided to call a Mass Convention of the Temperance Workers of each Electoral Division, that they may consult together and take such action as will best promote the interests of the cause.

You are therefore most earnestly invited to attend a convention to be held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Peterborough, on Thursday, February 20th, 1902, at two o'clock. All churches, Young People's Societies and Temperance organizations are requested to send delegates.

Public Meeting in the evening to be addressed by Prof. John A. Nicholls, and others.

Do not fail to come yourself, and urge the attendance of all others who desire to overthrow the liquor curse.

Yours very truly,
JOHN A. NICHOLLS
Provincial Organizer Dominion Alliance.

GOOD-BYE TO THE MILKMAN

A Discovery that Will Put the Milk Venders Out

It is Claimed That a Better and Far Cheaper Substitute Has Been Found—How it will Effect Milk.

London, Feb. 17—A Swedish scientist claims he has invented an apparatus by which milk can be brought into the form of powder, like flour in appearance, and having all the qualities of milk in concentrated form with the exception of moisture. The milk flour is soluble in water. It does not ferment nor sour and is not sensitive to changes of weather. It is said to be comparatively inexpensive, the cost of production being about 27c. per 100 quarts.

If what the inventor claims is true the day of the milkman will soon be over, so far as the cities are concerned. The old jokes regarding the milkman and the town pump will be out of date. Each family will dilute its milk flour according to taste and produce more or less milk according to means and need. Perhaps the best aspect of it is that the quiet of the early morning hours will no longer be broken by the sound of the milk cans rattling over the stony streets; that a Sabbathlike stillness will prevail from 3 to 6 instead of the noisy clatter of the milkman bent on finishing his disagreeable round as early in the day as possible.

The more poetic aspects of the situation need not pass away. The dairy maid may still pursue her vocation and the rustic swain still make love to her in the dewy freshness of the morning. It is the city milkman, the purveyor of the liquid mixture, who will have to go. In his place the grocer comes, bringing barrels or bags of milk flour which will keep the year round without loss of flavor or substance.

Whether the change on the whole will be a gain remains to be seen—if indeed the invention is all it promises. Since savage man first appropriated the milk of animals to his own use it has held its own in spite of so-called improvements. Milk flour may become a convenience in an emergency, but prove an unworthy substitute for the original article in its natural form.

Made a Desperate Struggle

Further particulars regarding the death of David Valentine have been received. It is quite evident that the old gentleman made a desperate struggle for his life, as a well beaten track was found in the snow, showing where he had tramped for some time before he fell to the ground in an exhausted condition.

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explains in detail the method, also contains full comprehensive information relative to Wall St., its markets and Securities. Each afternoon, we issue our

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a complete daily guide for investor or speculator. Both are yours, free of cost, for the asking, at any of our offices.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 17, 1902

WORRYING ABOUT CANADA

A correspondent of the London Daily News joins in the crusade which has been started to have Canada made the experimental ground for the municipal ownership of land. He writes: "Seeing that the Canadian Government is so desirous of attracting immigrants that it has despatched two commissioners to describe the advantages it is willing to offer, one is surprised that the most effective, and at the same time most just, plan for promoting settlement is not contemplated. The most advanced economists are agreed that the only perfectly fair system of land tenure is one where the enhancement of value due to population shall go to that population collectively.

"If, then, the Canadian Government would set apart a tract of land for settlement on the condition that the rental of each plot, revaluable, say, quinquennially, shall be devoted to the general benefit of all the inhabitants of that tract, not only would it soon itself economically in advance of every other country, even New Zealand, but afford an interesting experiment in the practical solution of a world-wide social problem."

The Montreal Star adds: "Would it not be a good idea for some of the believers in municipal ownership to come out here, take up the land, which they can have free if they settle on it, form themselves into a municipality and make the land common property? That is about what the Doukhobors are doing. We are not aware of any law in this country to prevent anyone giving his property to the public and then voluntarily paying rent for it.

MUNICIPAL FINANCES

The report of the Provincial Secretary is indicative, not only of the progress being made within the borders of the Province, but also of the zeal displayed in its interests by the gentleman who holds the portfolio. One of the items of provincial administration which he brings into especial prominence is the great change for the better witnessed in the case of the municipal funds, and the increased vigilance displayed in the audits. The municipal auditor commences his report with the gratifying assurance that the improvement in municipal accounts throughout the province, to which he called attention in his report for last year, still continues, and he farther stated that he has no losses of importance in the form of deficits of municipal treasurers to report for 1901. This seems as though a system, which will prevent the deficits and sometimes defaults of the past, has been successfully inaugurated. Regularity is now the order of the day, though the reports indicate that here and there during the past year a treasurer was occasionally found who did not make use of the account forms recommended by the government, but such cases were rare, and are getting more so year by year, but generally the municipal treasurers in Ontario used and appreciated the new forms of account because they tended to accuracy. One matter in connection with the municipal finances seems to need some greater care and attention. Sufficient attention, we are told, is not given by local auditors to the guarantees of municipal treasurers. The Provincial Auditor says, "There is reason to believe that these securities are in many cases worthless, being improperly drawn out, outphased or expired by effluxion of time." Many recommendations are made as to details which municipal officers will do well to attend to carefully.

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements

John McNairn, Prospector.

By SID HOWARD.

GOOD old John McNairn is down from Whitefish to see about his mine. Whitefish, a map-forgotten station up on the north shore, be it known, is John's postoffice address, and where, tiring of the woods and hungry for the gentle ways of civilisation and the sight of petticoats and clean, smooth faces, John comes to camp in the sectionmen's house and watch the trains go by. Two passenger trains a day, one from the east and the other going back there—the east where the money is, where the soft-mannered, gentle-voiced women are, from whom John, having lived all his life in the woods, is now forever cut off.

For that is the saddest part of John's life. He is absolutely alone. His friends are dead or lost, and the relatives of his boyhood away down on the St. Lawrence. All the days of his manhood John has dwelt in the wilderness, in the lumber woods of the Gatineau and far up at the head waters of the Ottawa, where the mighty river rises on the lower Canada side. At the time of the construction, the great birth epoch of the West, the building of the C.P.R., John found himself with the trestle gang at Whitefish. And when the last rail was laid and the North Shore section was finally, after laborious years, complete, John took his money, made up his pack and struck north into the woods. It was a new country, and he intended to make a "stake" some day; then, in the hazy future, go back east, marry maybe, and settle down. He had a girl back there once, but she died. So John didn't care much where he went for a while. As he said, "There was no strings on him." There were no strings on him then, and there are none on him now. But sometimes, after playing the mouthorgan to him in his little log shack at night, he used to tell me that he "sort of wished he had somebody belongin' to him."

"But I've waited too long, I guess," he'd say. "Nobody'd take to me now, a wild man o' the woods like me."

He'd smile and sigh at the same time, with that lovable gentleness that belonged to him in spite of his grizzled, weather-beaten face.

"Do you think," he'd say, lighting his pipe and holding his hands so as to half hide his face, "do you think there be's any old spinsters, or widow-women, down there in Toronto who'd be willin' to stake out a claim up here with a feller like me? I guess not, eh?"

His face would brighten when we assured him there were plenty of unmarried ladies who would be only too glad to have him. He smiled always, but he didn't believe it, and neither did we. He had waited too long.

"There was one time here," he said once, "I had an ambition to board up the floor, but I never done it."

Two-inch cracks between the squared spruce logs which now separate John from the bare earth make his shack a decidedly precarious place when it comes to dropping little things for which one has any immediate requirement.

"A man grows careless," explained John. "You're easily satisfied when you're by yourself. It's let her go, Casey, any ways at all; good enough, good enough!"

He showed me a photograph one time of himself before he became a prospector—before the construction, as they date things up on the North Shore. It pictured a straight, vigorous man, with a strong, clean-shaved chin and a full moustache. Evidently roughing it in the bush had begun to tell during the last years. John was a much older man than the photo showed—older than the years since it was taken should have carried him. He handed me another picture too, a faded tintype affair, of a woman. He didn't tell me anything about that one.

Good old John! Owner of two or three mining locations that he half believes will one day make him a millionaire. If he lives long enough they may, but he's lived the heavier end of his life already. The North Shore is not a poor man's country. Money makes money the world over, and it takes capital to crush the gold out of the low-grade ore of the North Shore. But John hunts and traps and works in the other mines of the district, and waits. In the summer he goes out into the woods and the splintered granite hills alone with his gun and his pack-sack for weeks at a time, living on pork and biscuit and fried "pa'tridge," rapping at rock exposures with his geologist's hammer or crushing quartz in an iron bowl and washing it out to look for "colors" in the dregs. He hopes that the people down east will take a hold some time soon and put their money into the country and make it hum. "How are you pannin'?" is his "how do you do," and when you return the question he is always cheerful in his reply, "Pretty good." "She's bound to boom," he says when you ask about prospects in the North Shore country. "She can't help it. Man, dear, the mineral's here, ain't it?"

And recently he came to town. Good old John, with his camp-stained pack-sack instead of a trunk, and the rough, square-cut suit of tweed he ordered from the department store catalogue five years ago. But he disdained a collar, just as he disdained the water they offered him after his whiskey. He put up in a good down-town hotel, gave the manager his money to put in the safe, and hung uneasily about the smoking-room, going in to his meals with welcome relief. They set half a dozen knives and forks to each place at that hotel, but John gives his order to His Dress-suited Haughtiness—who would most surely die if it came to carrying a hundred-pound pack over a portage—with the quiet natural dignity of simplicity. He doesn't go right through the course, John. His idea is merely to coal up, to eat what will keep him working. Meat and bread and potatoes—and, "Hey, young feller, a dish o' tea"—that's all he calls for, and he eats with his knife as an unaffected matter of course. And then a pipe. Tea and tobacco are about the only artificial luxuries to be had in the bush. Sunshine and fine weather are the greatest comforts, but they are doled out spasmodically, by nature. A brush bed and a "white-man's fire" may be had for the swinging of an axe, but tea and tobacco come under a different head. John depends as utterly upon tea as a nervous old woman of sixty. But he couldn't find his tobacco the other day.

"Have you got a cigar?" he asked finally.

I had two pure mild Havanas, which a quarter had provided especially for this occasion—cool, mellow fifteen-centers. I passed him one. John had his old black pipe in his teeth. He took the cigar, and before I could stop him he had cut half of it up and packed it into his pipe.

"Good heavens, John!" I said. "Here's half a plug of T. & B."

"This is just as good," said John, holding his "six-day" match in the hollow of his brown leathery hands. "I'm just come out to settle up my affairs," he explained. "I've put it all in the hands of my l'yer. Soon's he says I kin go—shake hands—good-bye—away I go."

"Well, you'll stay and see the Duke?" I said.

"Oh, I've seen hundreds o' men," said John. "I seen his father close as you are, up in Ottawa. He was just a man. Men's men wherever you go. The Dook o' Cornwall's train stopped at Whitefish for coal and water when I was comin' down. I was gittin' shaved in the section house and I didn't come out. I wasn't goin' to let him see me just out o' the woods, not shaved up or nothin'. Besides, I've seen lots o' men, thousands of 'em."

It's a dyke this time, a mile and a half straight across country, with gold, silver and copper.

"This man knows about whiskey, don't he, and feedin' people to make 'em fat? I've gained seven pounds since I been here. It's his business." (John and the hotelkeeper are already fast friends, and John's going to send him down some "pa'tridge.") "Well, I know about rocks, and quartz, and minin', don't I? It's my business. Well, get down where the rock is wet and she's good, she's first-rate. It's the truth. I know, don't I? Look!"

John is loaded down with quartz specimens. He must be carrying pounds around with him. He pulled out a jagged fragment as big as his fist and flashing with yellow blotches.

"Mile and a half she goes, up and down, across cricks and everything. An' nobody knows nothin' about it, Government nor nobody. But my l'yer says the money's all in real estate. There ain't no money fer minin'."

"Come and have something comfortable, John," I said, "to meind us of old days on the survey."

"All right," exclaimed he, with his peculiarly cheerful emphasis on the "all."

It may be a mine ostensibly, but I fancy it's loneliness that's at the bottom of John's "comin' out" this fall. For he confided to me presently that he'd like to meet a "nice, sociable gal afore he went back north."

And if any nice, sociable spinster doesn't mind a one-roomed, log-walled, tar-paper-roofed cabin, with two-inch cracks in the floor, she might do worse. For she'd get one of the far-fabled "nature's gentlemen" in Old John McNairn—philosopher, dry humorist, prospecter and backwoodsman.

Grasshopper Bricks For Hens.

GRASSHOPPERS are being put to a new use out in Nebraska. The farmers have killed incredible numbers of them by the help of a machine which is, perhaps, the most effective ever devised for the purpose. It is called a "hopperdozer," and is nothing more nor less than a large flat pan, with a small amount of kerosene contained in a depression in the rear part of it. The contrivance, being attached to a horse, is pushed along in front of the animal as the latter is driven across the fields. Pretty nearly every grasshopper is encountered, jumps upon the pan, and is promptly suffocated by the kerosene.

This ingenious instrument has been in use for a number of years in parts of the West, but hitherto it has not occurred to the farmers to make any use of the dead grasshoppers. Most commonly they were burned, though some more enterprising agriculturists turned a portion of them to account as poultry-feed. They found that the hens liked them exceedingly; for it is a fact that a grasshopper is to a hen what a canvasback duck is to a human epicure—the very choicest and most esteemed of delicacies.

Hence the idea which is now being developed on a commercial scale. The grasshoppers, after being killed by the hopperdozer, are left in winrows in the fields, where they are soon dried. When they have been exposed to the sun for a sufficient time to reduce them to a properly desiccated condition they are gathered up with rakes, shovelled into carts, and conveyed to a shed, where they are put into a press somewhat resembling an ordinary cheese-press, and converted into solid bricks.

The bricks are shipped in quantities to poultry-raisers, who find this new kind of hen-provender most satisfactory, and they are anxious to get more of it. Apparently, it is a great encourager of egg-production.

It is not necessary to grind the bricks before feeding the stuff to the chickens, but merely to break them into pieces and soften with water.

His Marriage Fee.

A poor couple living in the Emerald Isle went to the priest for marriage, and were met with a demand for the marriage fee. It was not forthcoming. Both the consenting parties were rich in love and in their prospects, but destitute of financial resources. The father was obdurate.

"No money, no marriage."

"Give me lave, your riverence," said the blushing bride, "to go and get the money."

It was given, and she sped forth on the delicate mission of raising a marriage fee out of pure nothing. After a short interval she returned with the sum of money, and the ceremony was completed to the satisfaction of all. When the parting was taking place the newly-made wife seemed a little uneasy.

"Anything on your mind, Catherine?" said the father.

"Well, your riverence, I would like to know if this marriage could not be spoiled now?"

"Certainly not, Catherine. No man can put you asunder."

"Could you not do it yerself, father? Could you not spoil the marriage?"

"No, no, Catherine. You are past me now. I have nothing more to do with your marriage."

"That alees me mind," said Catherine, "and God bless your riverence. There's the ticket for your hat. I picked it up in the lobby and pawned it."

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY

[illegible]

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The dial of the punching machine won't answer that question. Strength depends on nutrition. When the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased, the body fails to receive its full supply of nourishment and hence grows weak. That is why no man is stronger than his stomach.

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"I was troubled with indigestion for about two years," writes Wm. Bowker, Esq., of Juliaetta, Latah Co., Idaho. "I tried different doctors and remedies but to no avail, until I wrote to you and you told me what to do. I suffered with a pain in my stomach and left side and thought that it would kill me. Now I am glad to write this and let you know that I am all well. I can do my work now without pain and I don't have that tired feeling that I used to have. Five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets stimulate the liver.

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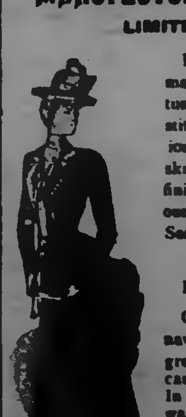
Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.



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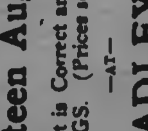

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MONTREAL

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

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Not long ago a tourist in New Orleans went to see the statue of Andrew Jackson in that city, on the pedestal of which is inscribed, "United We Stand; Divided We Fall." Seeing an old colored man standing by, he asked, "Uncle, did that inscription stay there all during the Civil War?" "No, sah," responded the old uncle, "hit didn't stay dar endurin' de wah. In de fust place, dem letters was standin' out laik dey was plastered on. Den de wah bust loose, and de Confed'rate gin'ral down yere, he tuk a chisel and cut dem letters off smooth. Den ol' Gin'ral Butler, he come erlong wid his Union sojers, an' he tuk a chisel an' cut dem in deep, laik dey is now. An', Lordy, how de folks down yere did ow'ar when ol' Gin'ral Butler brush de dus' off'n his clothes an' git up frum his wu'k an' say, 'I'se a-gwine to hang de fus' Johnny Reb what cuts dem letters off ag'in.'"

When the late President of the United States and party went west not many months before he was shot, Mrs. McKinley, it will be remembered, went too. While talking one day with Mr. Scott, the man who built the battleship "Oregon," relates a writer in the Boston "Journal," Mrs. McKinley said: "Oh, do you play cribbage, Mr. Scott?" "Yes," was the great shipbuilder's answer. "Well, so do I," said Mrs. McKinley. "I wish you would play a game with me." "I should be delighted to do so," was the reply. Later, as President McKinley and Mr. Scott were looking over the latter's big plant, Mrs. McKinley not being present, the President said: "Oh, by the way, Mr. Scott, didn't I hear you and Mrs. McKinley arranging to play cribbage some time?" "Yes," said Mr. Scott, "we are going to play." "Well, what kind of a player are you?" asked the President. "Oh, pretty fair, I guess; I play a pretty good game." "Well, so do I," said Mr. McKinley. "But, do you know, it may seem strange, but it is a fact, that I have never been able to play well enough to beat Mrs. McKinley." As he said this he looked at Mr. Scott with a significant smile. Their eyes met. It was enough. Mr. Scott understood, and it was safe to say that he did not beat Mrs. McKinley.

The Origin of Whist.

THE following statement, culled from the current number of a magazine, is an egregious blunder:

"The originator of the game of whist is (sic) Edmond Hoyle (1672-1769)." Cotton writing in 1674 tells us that Whist was as well known at that time that "every Child almost of Eight Years old, hath a Competent Knowledge of the recreation." Hoyle was then not two years of age. But we must go a great deal farther back for the origin of the game, which is indeed lost in the obscurity of the centuries. Previous to 1526 the game of Triumph (whence trump), which embraced the essential features of Whist, had considerable vogue in England. It furnished Bishop Latimer with an illustration for a sermon preached at Christmas, 1529. Shakespeare's familiarity with the game is evident from Antony's address to Eros ("Antony and Cleopatra," Act IV., Scene XIV.)

The game acquired the name of Whist, or Whisk, in the forepart of the seventeenth century. Butler uses the present appellation in Hudibras (1663).

About 1728 a little circle of players, presided over by the then Lord Folkestone, was wont to meet in the Crown Coffee House. This was the inception of scientific Whist. Hoyle was probably a member of the coterie in question.

The publication of his treatise (1742-3) and his efforts as a professional teacher did much to establish the game in the favor of the upper classes of English society.

"What do you think of the movement for shorter honeymoons?" I asked my fellow-traveler, an experienced gentleman from Chicago. "That's right," he declared, without a pause. "Short honeymoons and more of them. That's my platform."—Ex.

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Curious Bits of News.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williams of Danville, Kentucky, lately celebrated their golden wedding, and one of the gifts they received was a handsome tombstone with their names engraved upon it. This was from J. R. Wright, a local monument dealer, and, strange to say, the old couple were delighted with the unique gift.

The authorities of the city of Rouen, the home of the famous cathedral, are considering a plan to utilize the street trolley wires for the extinguishment of fires. The scheme is to place electrically driven pumps at suitable points along the electric tramway system which covers the city, and then, in case of fire, to switch on the current from the trolley wires to drive the pumps.

A quantity of jewels and trinkets which had played important parts in murders and other crimes were sold at auction by the police authorities of Paris the other day. Most of the articles brought prices far above their intrinsic value, their worth being enhanced in the eyes of the morbid because of the grewsome associations connected with them. Those which were bloodstained were in great demand.

The Hong Kong "Daily Press" says that the Tartar General of Canton having been troubled by an evil influence in his yamen, which in one month caused the death of his wife and daughter, as well as of a former Tartar general, a fung shui professor was finally called in. He looked over the city, and decided the evil influence was the roof of the library of the Government school for foreign languages. The roof, which was a peaked one, was at once removed, and is now being replaced by a flat one.

Mr. Charles Frohman, at the commencement of Kubelik the violinist's American tour, insured the latter's right hand against injury for $10,000. It might be supposed that the chance of a musician getting his hand hurt was remote. Yet when Raffael Joseffy first came to Chickering Hall and made a sensation a felon on his thumb interrupted his engagement. Josef Hofmann fell from his bicycle and hurt his hand under similar circumstances. Ole Bull, Wieniawski and Paderewski were also subjected to accidents that interfered with their tours.

A lively debate has taken place in the Senate of the Australian confederation, as a result of a statement of Senator Sargood's that he had seen women ploughing in South Australia. A gentleman from that State doubted the assertion and hotly resented it, but it was backed up by another senator, Pearce. A writer in the Sydney "Bulletin" adds that he has often seen women ploughing in South Australia. "The last occasion was near Mount Gambier. The plough-lady was wearing Wellington boots, and her husband, a fat German gentleman, sat on a fence near by, complacently smoking."

The people of Galveston, Texas, are perfecting plans to protect themselves from another invasion of the sea, such as the one which devastated their city over a year ago. These plans provide for a sea-wall, to be built on the beach, and to extend the whole length of the city limits; and for raising the grade of the entire city. It is a mammoth undertaking, which will cost the already impoverished city millions, and involve considerable additional outlay by each property-owner. The city is to fill in, with sand pumped from the Gulf, an area of ground on the Gulf side of the city, four miles long and one mile wide, to an elevation of ten feet. The city will also raise all the streets and alleys.

Her Love For Her Lions.

AN instance of the affection felt for wild beasts by their tamers cited by "St. Nicholas" is the case of Madame Bianca, the French tamer, who in the winter of 1899 was with the Bostock Wild Animal Show giving daily exhibitions in Baltimore, where her skill and daring with lions and tigers earned wide admiration. It will be remembered how fire suddenly descended on this menagerie one night and destroyed the animals, amid fearful scenes. And in the morning Bianca stood among the ruins and looked upon the charred bodies of her pets. Had she lost her dearest friends she could scarcely have shown deeper grief. She was in despair, and declared that she would never tame another group; she would leave the show business. And when the menagerie was stocked afresh with lions and tigers Bianca would not go near their cages. These were lions indeed, but not her lions, and she shook her head and mourned for "Bowser," the handsomest lioness in captivity, and "Spitfire," and "Juliette," and the black-maned "Brutus." Nor could money tempt her. And the outcome was that this most successful woman lion-tamer in the world retired into private life—gave up her career simply because of her grief for these dead animals.

Past His First Youth.

THE swan is said to be excellent eating when young; but as it is one of the longest-lived of all creatures, it is well to learn if possible how old your bird is before you cook it.

A gentleman in Lincolnshire, England, sent a dead swan to the Athenaeum Club, addressed to the secretary. A special dinner was to occur that week, and the committee without question turned the bird over to the cook.

At the dinner the swan, resting on a great silver dish, was a delight to the eye; but when it came to carving and eating the bird, no knife seemed sharp enough to cut it, and of course eating it was out of the question.

A few days later the donor met the secretary and said, "I hope you got my swan all right."

"That was a nice joke you played on us," returned the secretary.

"Joke? What do you mean?"

"Why, we had the thing boiled for thirteen hours, and even then we might as well have tried to cut through the Rock of Gibraltar."

"You don't mean to say you had the swan cooked!"

"Why, of course."

"Man alive! I sent it to be stuffed and preserved as a curiosity in the club. That swan has been in my family for two hundred and eighty years. It was one of the identical birds fed by the children of Charles I.—you've seen the picture of it. My ancestor held the post of 'master of the swans and keeper of the king's cygnets.' Well, I have no doubt it was a bit tough."

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-tone. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

A Bank on Wheels.

ONE of the most brilliant ideas of modern times has just occurred to the local authorities which administer the public moneys of the town of Mezieres, in the Ardennes. The new scheme consists in an "automobile savings bank." The term requires some explanation.

The inventors apply it to a new sort of motor car which they are having built. The vehicle is propelled by electricity and contains four seats, one in front and apart from the others, for the driver. The three places behind are arranged round a revolving table in the middle of the car, one at each side and one at the rear of the vehicle. Writing desks are fitted over each of the three seats and devised in such a way that they can be either folded flat against the sides of the carriage inwardly or opened outwardly. The central table also contains desks, besides bookshelves and a small metallic strong-box. Such is the new automobile. The use to which the authorities of Mezieres intend to put their invention is as follows:

The car will travel round the country, making stoppages of an hour or so on prearranged days in the different localities of the department. The passengers will be two clerks of the local treasury administration and a cashier. They will carry with them a complete collection of savings bank books, registers and forms, and the third of the above-mentioned officials will be empowered to receive moneys. Your readers will have now divined the purpose of the financial authorities of Mezieres. It seems that these gentlemen, assembled in council lately, came to the conclusion that something should be done to encourage thrift among the peasantry of the Ardennes. On the other hand, it was recognized that the saving propensity was already very marked among the country folk. What was needed was that the administration should meet their wants halfway. The peasants put by their earnings thriftily enough, but frequently fail to invest them in savings banks because, especially in the busy summer months, they have little time for journeying to the few principal towns where the offices are situated. So the authorities determined upon sending the savings bank to the country folk instead of waiting any longer for the latter to find time to come to the office.

The description of the vehicle which the authorities have had built, according to their own designs, requires no further explanation except to say that the movable desks are intended for use by the public, hence the arrangement by which they can be opened outward over the road. It is reported that the scheme meets with the unqualified approval of the savings bank clerks, whose days hitherto throughout the fine season have been spent in musty offices. But, contrary to what might have been expected, the public does not look upon the innovation with unalloyed delight. Some suspicious persons have spread a rumor that the administrative motor car will not always convey savings bank clerks, but will occasionally bring—more often, perhaps, than would be desirable—that unwelcome visitor, the tax collector.

The Phraseology of Sport.

THE London "Outlook," in a recent number, while conceding that every sport and pastime should, naturally, have an especial phraseology, deplored the fact that this phraseology is becoming more jargon. In its "palmy days" the P.R. could boast a language of its own; and one regrets to notice that the picturesque reporter is now doing the same disservice to cricket. When an eleven makes a bad start it is suffering from "rot and rout." One batsman is "breezy," another plays with "graceful assurance," a third is "cheaply dismissed." A score that progresses unevenly is "streaky," and a very favorite formula runs that So-and-So "played excellent cricket." This might reasonably be expected on a cricket field, where Bridge or Ping-pong would be somewhat out of place. After all, however, it is the billiard reporter who most savagely dislocates the vertebrae of the King's English. Not long ago one of the brotherhood varied the monotony of life by describing the red ball as a "pinky round."

After all, the most glaring examples of idiotic phraseology in the English papers are exceedingly tame beside those of our own, says the "Bookman." For instance, let us take the American equivalent for the English game of cricket. The knowing reporter writing a description of a game of baseball never makes the mistake of calling the ball "the ball." To him, of course, it is the "sphere," the "pellet," the "pea" or the "leather." A batsman never makes his base on balls; "he strolls" or he gets "a free pass to the first corner." He does not make a base hit, but "he singles" or he "slams the pea to the center garden." He does not strike out, but "he fans" or "he pounds the air." The pitcher does not pitch; he does "slab duty" or he "bends them" or he "passes them up." We might continue in this strain indefinitely.

To refer to a baseball team representing a certain city by its proper name would be to betray a woeful lack of knowledge and experience. A few years ago, after the veteran ballplayer Anson relinquished his leadership of the Chicago team, that team was, for a short time at the beginning of the season, without any nickname whatever. Sporting writers all over the country were in a state of chaos. The Chicago newspapers opened their columns to suggestions for a suitable sobriquet, and matters generally were unsettled and unsatisfactory until the significance of the desertion of Anson dawned upon one ingenious scribe, and the Chicagos immediately became "the Orphans." During the first two years of its career in the National League the New York team was known as the "Maroons." In 1885 this title was dropped for that of "the Giants," a term which at a period when the team was unpopular was modified to "the Joints." The Bostons are, of course, "the Beaneaters;" the Washingtons, "the Senators;" the Baltimores, "the Orioles," or "the Birds;" the Brooklyns are "the Trolley Dodgers."

She (scornfully)—I despise you from the bottom of my heart! He (cheerily)—Oh, well, there is always room at the top.

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—Weep.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people come from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

A lunacy commissioner was making his customary rounds. An inmate whose particular fancy it was to pose as a much-married man approached with the announcement that he had once again taken to himself a wife. "And who is the fortunate lady?" said the commissioner. "Ah," said the lunatic, smiling sweetly, "she's the daughter of the devil." "Indeed; and how do you get on together?" "Get on? Oh, well, I get on right enough with the wife; but it's the old people I can't put up with."

An English mining engineer who has come out from the Yukon brings among other interesting things evidence that the higher the latitude the greater the latitude. Watching a poker game in which the stakes were heavy, he saw a player give himself four aces from the bottom of the pack. Burning with indignation at such shameless cheating, he turned to a bystander and whispered, "Did you see that?" "See what?" "Why, that fellow dealt himself four aces!" "Well, wasn't it his deal?"

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out: "Oh, be jabers, 'tis frozen!"

A salutation of respect in China is to comment on the mature and even venerable appearance of one's guest. When the United States Minister to Siam (Mr. Barrett) called officially on Li Hung Chang he was accompanied by a prominent missionary, a man eighty years of age, with white hair and beard, who was to serve as interpreter. Unknown to Mr. Barrett, the missionary and the Chinaman had had a falling out some years before. Li came into the reception room, saluted Mr. Barrett cordially, and bowed stiffly to the patriarchal interpreter. To the youthful Minister the Premier said: "I congratulate you, sir, on your venerable mien;" and then, nodding toward the octogenarian, he asked: "And is this your son?"

A Highland laird who could not afford to keep his own piper was accustomed to employ the village piper when he had company. On one occasion, through some oversight, Donald had not been given his preliminary glass of whiskey before he began his performance. Accordingly, he found his bagpipe in a most refractory temper. The laird asked him what was the matter with it, and Donald replied that the leather was so hard that he could do nothing with it. "What will soften it?" asked the anxious laird. "Och! just whuskey," said Donald. A tumbler of whiskey was at once brought, which Donald immediately drank. "You rascal!" said the laird; "did you not say it was for the bagpipes?" "Och, yess, yess," said Donald, "but she will be a ferry peculiar pipes this. She aye likes it blawed in."

Gladstone was fond of loitering around the second-hand book-shop windows, and fingering the volumes which were there displayed. If he picked up a book that interested him, he frequently became quite oblivious to his surroundings. On one of these occasions, a loafer, who must have carefully studied Mr. Gladstone's habits, whispered quietly: "Half a crown, please, sir." Without raising his eyes from the book, Mr. Gladstone put his hand in his pocket, and handed over the half-crown. A few minutes later he was going off with his prize, when the bookseller, who knew him well by sight, stopped him with a demand for one shilling, the price of the book. "But I have already given you half a crown," said Mr. Gladstone, and explanations followed.

In the heyday of the glory and power of the late Ward McAllister, the leader of New York society, he was a slave to conventions. Like most young conservatives, he grew liberal with years. When his brother, the late Hall McAllister, came to visit him from San Francisco, he looked upon it as an affliction of a country relative. Hall was developed here, and he wore a broad-brimmed hat, and had something of the Western breeziness in his manner that distressed his brother, the New York society leader. Ward asked Hall if he would please wear a silk hat, frock coat and gloves. "No," said Hall, "you attend to all that nonsense for me. I am too old to change. Let me go my own way." Hall had the habit of shaking hands with ladies upon making new acquaintances. This especially distressed his brother. "It is very bad taste to offer your hand to a lady," explained Ward. "Don't do it, Hall." Finally Ward introduced Hall to Mrs. Astor, and she cordially offered him her hand. "No, madam," said Hall. "I should like very much to shake hands with you, but I can't. My brother Ward says I mustn't."

A Large Covey.

Two old hunters were swapping yarns and had got to quail.

"Why," said one, "I remember a year when quail were so thick that you could get eight or ten at a shot with a rifle."

The other one sighed.

"What's the matter?" said the first.

"I was thinking of my quail hunts. I had a fine black horse that I rode everywhere, and one day out hunting quail I saw a big covey on a low branch of a tree. I threw the bridle rein over the end of the limb and took a shot.

"Several birds fell and the rest flew away.

"Well, sir, there were so many quail on that limb that when they flew off it sprung back into place and hung my horse."—Los Angeles "Times."

Anecdotal.

On one occasion Governor "Dick" Oglesby of Illinois went down to Joliet to inspect the State prison, and in one of the cells he found a very ugly man. "How did you get in here?" asked Oglesby. "Abduction," was the reply; "I tried to run off with a girl, and they caught me." "I'll pardon you as soon as I get back to Springfield," said the governor; "I don't see how you could expect to get a wife in any other way."

When he was plain Professor Thompson, Lord Kelvin invented the mirror galvanometer and siphon recorder, which made submarine telegraphy commercially practicable. It is related that one day when he was engaged on his deep-sea soundings work, he was discovered by a visitor experimenting with a long coil of wire. "What is that for?" enquired the visitor, pointing to the wire. "Making soundings," replied the professor. "Ah," said the guest, jocularly, "what kind of note does it give off?" "The deep C, of course," came the answer, like a shot, accompanied by the well-known twinkle in the professor's eye.

Not many years ago there was a veteran teacher in an Ontario high school who often made his classes wince under the lash of his bitter sarcasm and ready wit. One day a little half-starved yellow cur strayed into the school and the boys thought they saw a chance to express their feelings toward "Fussy," who was temporarily absent from the room. The frightened mongrel was picked up, fitted with a pair of spectacles and tied yelping on the teacher's chair. "Fussy" entered the room, walked to the desk, calmly surveyed the work of his pupils, and then turning to them said pleasantly: "In my absence, I see you have held a business meeting and elected one of your number chairman."

The late Professor Blackie, who was familiar to everyone in the streets of Edinburgh, had long, venerable, white locks. He was one day accosted by a very dirty little bootblack, with his "Clean your boots, sir?" The professor was impressed by the grime on the boy's face. "I don't want my boots cleaned, my lad," said he, "but if you'll go and wash your face I'll give you sixpence." "A' richt, sir!" was the boy's reply. Then he went over to a neighboring fountain and fulfilled his part of the bargain. When he returned he held out his hand for the money. "Well, my lad," said the professor, "you have earned your sixpence. Here it is." "I dinna want it," replied the boy, with a self-important air. "Ye can keep it and get your hair cut."

It is scarcely credible that so faithful a servant and so good a courtier as John Brown of Balmoral could ever deliberately have kept his sovereign waiting, but the London "Tatler" relates an anecdote which shows that he had a very human side. Brown was very fond of fishing, and one day, when he had a fine salmon on his hook, there came a message from the castle on Deeside, desiring his presence at once. Queen Victoria was going for her afternoon drive, and it was Brown's duty to attend her, as he always did, sitting in the rumble of the carriage. "Tell Her Majesty that I'll be quickly," he said. But the salmon was strong and could not be landed at once. Another and more urgent message reached him. "Tell Her Majesty that I have a salmon on, but I'll be in in a few minutes." Still the salmon held out, and a third and imperative command arrived. "Tell Her Majesty," shouted Brown, "that it's not possible for me to leave without the salmon!" Nor did he. But whether the Queen knew enough of fishing and fishermen to appreciate the circumstances is not told.

The Original Mr. Squeers.

THE thoughtlessness of writers in caricaturing people for grotesque purposes in their novels has been the cause of much annoyance and suffering to sensitive persons. Both Dickens and Thackeray sinned in this respect through their perfectly evident portraiture of persons who could easily be identified.

A writer in the "Literary Era," after citing the offences of Thackeray, Disraeli and others, brings up the notable case of the schoolmaster in "Nicholas Nickleby," and says:

The greatest injury which Dickens ever inflicted on a fellow-being was his too accurate portrait of an innocent man in his Squeers. That Yorkshire schoolmasters were, as a rule, cruel and wicked enough, it is true. But the particular schoolmaster, who was recognized and who recognized himself as the original Squeers, seems to have been an exception to the rule.

It will be remembered that Dickens and his illustrator traveled together to the north of England for the purpose of collecting material for "Nickleby," and especially for the Dotheboys episode. At Great Bridge they visited a boarding-school known as Bowes Academy. The master, William Shaw, received the strangers with some hauteur, and did not so much as withdraw his eyes from the operation of pen-making during the interview.

"Phiz" sketched him in the act. "Boz" described the act. The personal peculiarities of William Shaw were recognized in Squeers. Shaw became a butt of popular ridicule, lost his pupils, and finally died of a broken heart. Yet there is abundant evidence to prove that he was a really excellent and kind-hearted man, who was made to suffer for the misdeeds of his neighbors.

A Pretty Broad Hint.

AN anecdote is told of one of the smaller South American republics which illustrates the methods which are adopted when it comes to a question of making war. The "navy" of the particular power referred to consists of a single, old-fashioned, side-wheel steamer, armed with one gun. In time of peace she is engaged in hauling freight up and down the river which runs close to the capital. At the outbreak of one of the periodical wars, not so very long ago, the president of the republic took charge of the steamer and started up stream on a recruiting expedition, leaving his senior general in charge of the military preparations at the capital. A couple of days later the steamer returned, and some seventy miserable-looking natives, each firmly bound with a strong rope, were marched off and turned over to the general, with a note from the president, which read: "Dear General—I send you herewith seventy volunteers. Please return the ropes at once."

Curious Bits of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

RENTS Must Go Higher, because we have several applicants for every vacant house on our books and we have to notify tenants almost daily to vacate because we have sold the houses to wise ones, who prefer being their own landlords and masters of their own homes. Every family should own their own home, and can, if they will only be guided by our long practical experience. Free to all. Ask for our printed lists of houses, lots, gardens or farms. Open 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

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Phone 376 Near Postoffice

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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THE SOURCE
of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for
DRY PICKED CHICKS.
Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.
SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
London, Ont

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cts., all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicating the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

MorningTimes

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 17, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market was very well attended on Saturday.

—A large number of farmers were in town on Saturday.

—The Board of Works will meet this afternoon at four o'clock.

—The best paper is always the cheapest. Everybody reads The Times.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains, 263 George street.

—It is announced that boring for oil will be resumed at Melrose, Hastings, in a short time.

—The complimentary banquet to the Rugby Club will be held in the Oriental Hotel tomorrow evening.

—Advertising is a business that makes business, especially if you use The Times.

—A parcel which was picked up on the street on Saturday, awaits an owner at the police station.

—A meeting of those interested in a new skating rink for the town will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the office of Mr. G. W. Hatton.

—Belleville people are very hopeful that the roller mills in that city will be put in operation at an early date. Several Toronto capitalists have been in the city looking over the buildings.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. F. Kidd, 263 George street.

—The temperance workers will hold a convention in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Thursday. A deputation will likely be sent to Toronto on the 25th to attend the provincial convention.

—In Saturday's issue, we stated that the electric wiring in the T.A.S. rooms was being done by Messrs. Grant & Rose. We were wrongly informed, as it was done by Messrs. Alexander & Millen.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 263 George street.

For One Week Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

Police Court News

At the police court on Saturday morning, George Taylor was charged with keeping a vicious dog. He pleaded not guilty to the charge, but the evidence went to prove that it was dangerous for the dog to be at large, and the magistrate ordered that it be shot within 24 hours.

Women's Auxiliary of St. John's

The members of the Womens' Auxiliary of St. John's church, are reminded that the last meeting of their year will be held this afternoon at 4.30 in the Guild room. As several important matters must be attended to before the books can be closed for the year, the officers are desirous that every member will be present.

Federation of Labor

The Peterborough Union, No. 9240, of the American Federation of Labor, held a rousing meeting in their hall on Friday night. The membership of the Union is now over 300, and is still growing, which shows that a deep interest is being taken in the organization by the laboring men. In a short time it is expected the membership will be 1,000 which will make it one of the strongest unions in this country.

Out on Suspended Sentence

Judge Ketcham held court in town on Saturday, and took evidence in a case in which a well known young man in town was charged with indecent assault upon a young lady. The evidence produced showed the young man technically guilty, but the judge held the charge was very trivial, and allowed the accused to go on suspended sentence.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mayor Denne has returned from Toronto.

—Rev. J. C. Davidson returned from Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. H. E. Bradley has returned from Montreal.

—Rev. D. C. Ormsley preached in Cobourg yesterday.

—His Honor Judge Weller has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to be down town on Saturday.

—Rev. J. C. Wilson occupied the pulpit in the Methodist church at Millbrook yesterday, where he preached the anniversary services.

—Miss Winnie Moon, leaves to-day to visit friends in Millbrook for a few weeks.

—Rev. W. W. McCuaig, of Port Hope, and Rev. W. L. Atkinson, of Inglewood, were the guests of Rev. J. G. Potter on Friday. Rev. McCuaig preached in Keene, and Rev. Atkinson at Warsaw yesterday.

—See the new photos at the entrance to Mr. Whiten's studio. Nothing in town can surpass them in finish and style. Go and see the work.

While They Last!

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

ORGANIZED A UNION

At a Meeting of the Sheet Metal Workers on Friday Night

The sheet metal workers of town held a meeting on Friday evening, at which Mr. Kennedy, representing the Sheet Metal Workers' Union, of Toronto, was present.

As a result of the meeting, a Union was organized and officers elected and the organization placed on a working basis. This adds another to the many trades who have organized unions in the town.

LAID AT REST

Funeral of the Late Wm. Hamilton Saturday Afternoon—Largely Attended

The funeral of the late Wm. Hamilton, sr., took place from his late residence, Reid street, on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. The floral tributes were many and beautiful, and significant of the high esteem in which he was held. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Torrance, of St. Paul's church.

The funeral cortege was very large, the employees of the company manifesting their regard by attending in a body.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. Wm. Galley, Wm. Borland, John Ross, Robert Robertson, John Robertson and Andrew McFarlane, all of whom have been in the employ of the company for upwards of thirty years. The remains were interred at the Little Lake Cemetery.

WILL LEAVE PETERBOROUGH

Rev. Geo. Yule, Assistant Pastor of St. Paul's Church has Resigned

A joint meeting of the Board of Managers and the Session of St. Paul's church was held on Tuesday night, at which Rev. Geo. Yule, who for the past year has been assistant pastor of that church, tendered his resignation, to come into effect at the end of the present term. A strong effort was put forth in the hope of retaining Mr. Yule, and an increase in salary was offered, but he would not accept. The meeting adjourned until Friday night, in the hope that he would reconsider this resignation, and remain for another year at least.

Rev. Mr. Yule stated that he could not see his way clear to retain his present position, and his resignation was accepted. The Session will endeavor to secure the services of a young minister to fill the position immediately on Mr. Yule's withdrawal.

ROYAL SCARLET CHAPTER

Annual Meeting and Election of Officers on Friday Night

At the annual meeting of the Royal Scarlet Chapter of West Peterborough, held on Friday night, the following officers were elected,—

Orange Hall.

Com. Allen McCarthy ... W. C. in Com.

" W. A. Kindred ... Ex. Companion

" Joseph Balton ... ...Comp. Chap.

" W. H. G. Armstrong...Comp. Scribe

" John Briggs ..... Comp. Treasurer

" George W. Hall... ... Sir H. at Arms

" Joseph Jones ... .Inward Herald

"Geo. Bartley ... .Outward Herald

The Chapter adjourned to meet again on the 21st inst.

A STEADY WORKER

Coffee Works Slow But Sure

Many people use coffee day after day without any idea of the serious work it does with nerves, stomach, bowels, and sometimes with the eyes, heart and kidneys. Its work is done gradually, that is, the poison affects the nerve centres a little to-day and a little to-morrow, and so on, and finally the nerve cells are slowly broken down and then nature begins the call for help.

It is a safe proposition that if a man or woman has headaches, stomach trouble, or any such ailments come on at intervals, something is wrong with the food or drink, and this question should be investigated carefully, for health is the best capital anyone can possess and wilfully breaking it down is a piece of childish folly.

It is easy to leave off coffee if one will take Postum Food Coffee, properly made, for Postum has a delicious coffee flavor, and a deep seal brown color which changes to a golden brown when cream is added, and it satisfies the coffee drinker without any of the bad effects of coffee; on the contrary, the result of using Postum is the rebuilding of the broken-down nerve centres by the food elements contained in it.

Postum is a pure food beverage made by scientific food makers and can be depended upon absolutely for its purity and the good results that follow its use.

To bring out the flavor and food value Postum must be boiled at least 15 minutes after the boiling begins.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

Sermon Preached by Rev. J. G. Potter on Sunday Evening

—At St. Andrews church last night the service partook of the nature of a memorial service in view of the recent tragic death of Miss Celia Sanderson.

The subject announced last week was "A new Testament Tragedy," and the pastor, the Rev. J. G. Potter, in referring to the circumstances surrounding the death of John the Baptist, took occasion to place in contrast the peaceful though sudden death of one who had worshipped in St. Andrews' last Sunday night. Mr. Potter appealed to the parents to do all they could to secure the interest and salvation of their children, and cited a case to illustrate his meaning, when an aged pastor attending the funeral of a young girl asked his assistant if the girl had been a Christian, he replied feelingly that he did not know. Turning to her Sabbath school teacher, he whispered the same question, but she was ignorant regarding the young woman's life; then leaning over to both father and mother, he put the same question, and was much touched when they too, responded that they did not know.

After referring to the various persons and scenes in the narrative, Matt. XIV., Mr. Potter urged the following lessons:

1. The cutting off of the life of those who admonish us or teach us, will not release the conscience.

2. Let us be true to self, to duty, to conscience and to God.

3. Avoid at all times that revelry and selfish pleasure that leads to rewardless and forgetfulness of God.

4. Live every day such a life as will be useful and true to the spirit, character and purpose of your Lord and Master.

CHURCH NOTES

—At St. John's church holy communion was celebrated at 8.30. Regular services at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. were conducted by the Rector, Rev. J. C. Davidson.

—At All Saints' church, morning service and holy communion at 11 a.m., and evening service at 7, were conducted by the Rector, Rev. W. L. Armitage.

—At St. Luke's, Ashburnham, morning service and holy communion at 11, and evening service at 7, were conducted by the Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt.

—At St. Andrew's the services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. G. Potter. The subject at the morning service was "Christ's statement regarding true religious life," and in the evening "A new Testament, tragedy, or the strange choice of Herodias." The anthem "O Taste and See That the Lord is Good," was repeated at the evening service.

—At St. Paul's the services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Torrance, in the morning, and Rev. Geo. Yule in the evening. The musical part of the service was excellent. A very large congregation was present at both services.

—At the Murray street Baptist church the morning service was conducted by Rev. Geo. Yule. In the evening, Rev. Mr. McIlwan, Secretary of the Manitoba and North-West missions, occupied the pulpit.

—At the Charlotte Street Church, Rev. Dr. Saunders conducted the services. The congregations were large and fully appreciated the excellent sermons deliver by Mr. Saunders. Special music was rendered at the evening service.

—At the George Street Methodist church, Rev. Mr. Kenney occupied the pulpit at both services. The congregations were very large, and greatly appreciated the excellent discourses.

—Mr. Herbert Morphet sang a solo at St Paul's last night in a very pleasing manner.

—Rev. McAmmond, of Perth, who, feeling that his influence as a pastor is gone on account of an unfortunate Syracuse scandal with which he was connected, is retiring from the ministry, preached his final sermon in Asbury Methodist Church there last night.

—The Bible Society collectors have commenced their annual labors in town and country.

—A concert will be given in the Sunday school hall of the Charlotte street Methodist church this evening under the auspices of the Sunday School orchestra. Admission 10c.

—At the men's meeting in the Y.M.C.A. yesterday afternoon, the topic was ably taken by the General Secretary, Mr. Williamson. The topic yesterday was "Striving for First Place," and that for next Sabbath, "A Sure Winner."

A True Brain Food

must replace the feeling of lassitude and mental tiredness by clearness and strength of mind. Not that it goes directly to the brain. That were foolish. The true brain food must be carried by rich, red blood. If mental fatigue worries and alarms you, look not to the brain, but to the stomach and assimilative organs. No remedy yet discovered possesses the marvellous brain strengthening power that Ferrozone has demonstrated in thousands of cases. Ferrozone does not stimulate the brain into a fitful glow, but by improving digestion, strengthening the nervous system, stimulating assimilation, giving new strength to the heart, it sends a stream of red vitalizing blood to the brain. Thus it is a true brain food. Ferrozone is sold by Ormond & Walsh.

MODERN CHRISTIAN'S PRAYER

Oh, Lord, I come to Thee in prayer
once more;
But pardon that I do not kneel before
Thy gracious presence—for my knees
are sore
With too much walking. In my chair
instead
I'll sit at ease and humbly bow my
head.

I've labored in Thy vineyard. Thou
dost know;
I've sold ten tickets to the minstrel
show,
I've called on fifteen strangers in our
town,
Their contributions to our church put
down;
I've baked a pot of beans for Wednesday's
spree—
An "Old Time Supper" it is going to
be,
I've dressed three dolls for our annual
fair,
And made a cake which we will raffle
there.

Now, with Thy boundless wisdom, so
sublime;
Thou knowest that these duties all
take time.
I have no time to fight with my spirit's
foes,
I have no time to mend my husband's
clothes.
My children roam the streets from
morn till night,
I have no time to teach them to do
right.

But Thou, Oh, Lord, considering my
cares,
Will count them righteous and heed
my prayers.
Bless the bean supper and the minstrel
show,
And put it in the hearts of all to go.
Induce all visitors to patronize
The men who in our programme advertise,
Because I've chased those merchants
till they hid
Whene'er they saw me coming — yes
they did.
Increase the contributions to our fair,
And bless the people who assemble
there.
Bless Thou the grab-bag and the
gypsy tent,
The flower table and the cake that's
sent,
May our whist club be to Thy service
blest,
The dancing party gayer than the
rest;
And when Thou hast bestowed these
blessings—then
We pray that, Thou will bless our
souls.—Amen.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake, with power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

HALL & HAYES,
Solicitors for Applicants

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FAST AND DIRECT SERVICE

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COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE

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Great International Route

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ELIGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

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Pressure of Business

Is greatly relieved by use of the

Long Distance Telephone

You reach your customer in a few seconds and...

MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

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R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 11 and 13 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 444, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

BRANCH TO BE OPENED SOON

The Ladies Household Companion to Open a Branch Here

The district manager of the Ladies House-hold Companion Co. of Toronto is in town and has arranged for a branch office to be opened at 438 George street about March 1st. The Ladies House-hold Magazine is well known for its many beautiful cuts and interesting reading matter. The magazine is a weekly publication and is delivered to the subscribers home every week. Beautiful premiums are given away with each subscription.

The magazine was first issued in 1882 and the premiums already given away amount to over 1,800,000. Branch offices are established in all the principal cities in the Dominion.

The ladies of town will hail with delight the splendid magazine offered which should be a success here, as it has in other large towns and cities.

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema

—These distressing skin diseases relieved by one application. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a potent cure for all eruptions of the skin. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says: "For nine years I was disfigured with Tetter on my hands. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cured it." 35 cents.—35

Sold by H. H. Robinson.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

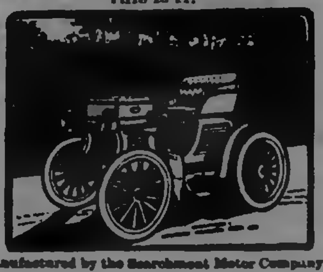
THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.



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On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pills
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name....................................

Address....................................

County....................................

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS'

One-Way

EXCURSIONS

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NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 41
PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY FEBRUARY 18 1902
PRICE TWO CENT

PROTESTS IN DENMARK AGAINST SALE OF THE INDIES ARE INCREASING.

Iron and Steel Builders Warn British Newspapers

Say They are Advertising American Machinery Gratis

Quarrel Among Danish Agents Reveals Corruption

London, Feb. 17.—The report of the English Iron and Steel Builders' Society has been issued in London. Fewer orders have been booked than at any time during the past five years. The report says: Everywhere we see the oft-repeated statement that British trade is decadent. Is it not time to stop the free advertisements given to the American methods of using machinery in this country? Does the public press realize the trap it has fallen into?

PROTESTING IN DENMARK.

London, Feb. 17.—A despatch to The Times from Copenhagen says that public protests against the sale of the West Indies are increasing. A quarrel among the Danish Agents in the negotiations has disclosed that corruption has been at work. The opponents of the treaty say that the American people will be disgusted with the bargain when the details of the transaction are made known.

Kruger was Turned Down

The Imperial Government is setting an admirable example in ignoring Dr. Leyds and Mr. Kruger and the other Boer representatives in Europe, on the ground that they are unworthy of confidence. Their whole course of action indicates either that they are phenomenally lacking in intelligence, or that they have interests in the issues of peace or war that are not the interests of their countrymen in South Africa. They have persistently encouraged the Boers to a hopeless resistance by misrepresenting the situation in South Africa. Great Britain will probably only negotiate with the Boer army in the field, if enough of a Boer army can be scraped together with which to negotiate

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Copenhagen, Feb. 17.—The Mormons are making strong efforts to gain a permanent foothold in Denmark. It is notorious that this little couary has notorious that this little country has furnished a large quota of emigrants for Utah, where there are thousands of Danish Mormons. Some of the most prominent leaders of this sect are Danes. Danish missionaries who have been sent to work in their native land have not been well received in Denmark. Most of them have been banished from the country as soon as it was discovered that they were here to gain converts to their religion and to encourage people to emigrate to Utah. For this reason their work has often been carried on secretly. The authorities of the Mormon Church seem to have decided recently that Denmark is an exceptionally good field for their operations, and there are now over a hundred Mormon missionaries in this country, under the supervision of a Superintendent at Copenhagen.

The missionaries publish an organ in this city and distribute thousands of tracts and books, and have grown so bold that they have purchased a piece of property in the best part of Copenhagen, on which they intend to build a Mormon temple. Money for this purpose is being collected among the Mormons in the United States. About five hundred Danes are induced to emigrate to Utah every year. The Danish press is aroused, and it is thought that steps will be taken to prevent a Mormon temple being built in the capital of Denmark, and to rid the country of Mormonism and its propagandists.

KINGS MUST NOT BE BURLESQUED

London, Feb. 17.—Word has gone abroad among the London theatrical managers that King Edward has no relish for plays in which kings are burlesqued. He took particular exception to the king of Illyria in "Kitty Grey," a gay Lothario who haunts theatrical green-rooms and entertains actresses at supper. Consequently the days of "Kitty Grey" are numbered. The King believes that the turning of royalty into ridicule or contempt is not beneficial to loyalty, yet it is asserted that his own popularity is largely due to his "Illyrian" reputation. The character of the King of Illyria apparently is based on that of the king of the Belgians, who is King Edward's cousin.

SLOW BRITISH MAIL SERVICE

London, Feb. 17.—Deserved complaint is made in the press of the extremely slow Atlantic mail service by the British Post-Office. Both the Cunard and the White Star Companies are now transmitting mails weekly by eight and nine-day boats, their fast steamer being laid aside. London merchants demand that the postal authorities should notify the public when a fast German steamer is available for the mails as an alternative to the slow British one. Immense inconvenience and loss are occasioned by the winter uncertainty of the transatlantic mail service, and the whole matter is to be brought up in Parliament soon.

Paris, Feb. 17.—M. Rouyer, correspondent to La Patrie, has written to his paper, giving startling information of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sieraka, New Guinea, on January 1st. The yacht Salvatti, with the mission on board, cast anchor off the coast. The natives exhibited signs of friendliness, and a number landed. During the night, however, they surprised the camp, killed twenty-five and wounded thirty-three. The murdered include Baron Villars, Count de Saint Remy, M. Hagenback and Fries.

M. Rouyer, the correspondent, was rendered unconscious by a blow from a club, and when he woke in the morning he was tied hand and foot, and surrounded by a body of savages. The body of Baron Villars was bound to a tree. The body was naked and the head split open. Count de Saint Remy's head was sticking from the head of a spear, and M. Hagenback was spitted over a fire and the natives were preparing to cut him up. The ground about was covered with corpses.

Before the horrid meal was commenced, Dr. Porter had led the remainder of the mission from the yacht on the cannibals, who fled, leaving 22 dead. The clothes of M. Fries were found, but he had evidently been devoured through the night.

New York, Feb. 17.—The worst snowstorm that has come to New York in three years began last night, and the weather department predicted that it would continue for the next 24 or 36 hours. Traffic was generally tied up, and business men who started for their respective offices at the usual time were from one to three hours late. The storm an hour after it started had all the marks of the blizzard of 14 years ago. It was accompanied by a howling gale out of the north, and, according to the weather bureau reports, covered an area from along the New England coast to the interior of New York State.

The Brooklyn residents and the commuters suffered the worst. Dozens of lines operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company were completely tied up for hours.

In New York and the Bronx surface railroad traffic was delayed. There were frequent blockades on every line. In some parts of the city during the early hours cars almost butting into each other stretched for a mile or more and waited five or ten minutes before they could move.

Paris, Feb. 16.—Liberte bitterly accuses Russia of want of foresight in allowing any British-Japanese agreement to be made. It charges Russian statesmen, and particularly De Witte, the Minister of Finance, with having in every way recently discouraged Japanese good-will, instancing Japan's recent attempt to float a loan in Russia. When this failed, the Japanese naturally turned to the London market. The paper adds: "The new agreement is directed against Russia, and virtually involves us, too. We have already noted during Constantinople incidents that we were far from obtaining from Russia all the assistance due us. We remain determined partisans of the Franco-Russian alliance, but it is important that its solidity shall not be compromised."

TWO THOUSAND PERISHED IN AN EARTHQUAKE

Four Thousand Houses Destroyed, and 34 Villages Suffered—A Volcano Breaks into Eruption

Baku, Transcaucasia, Feb. 17.—Details which are slowly reaching Baku from Shemaka, about seventy miles from here, show that two thousand persons, mostly women and children, perished as a result of the earthquake last week, and about 4,000 houses were destroyed.

Thirty-four villages of the country surrounding Shemaka also suffered.

To add to the terrors of the neighborhood a volcano near the village of Marasy, to the eastward of Shamaka, has broken into active eruption. A great crevice has appeared, whence immense flames and streams of lava are being thrown out. The course of the river Geokchaiha has been altered in consequence of its bed being [illegible] with earth, dislodged by the earthquake.

Battalions of guards and detachments of sappers with tents, have been despatched to Shemaka to aid in the work of rescue. The Red Cross Society is active in alleviating distress.

Unnecessary to Suffer From Asthma

This distressing complaint can be perfectly cured by inhaling Catarrhozone, a vegetable antiseptic that destroys the germs that cause the disease. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth from a convenient pocket inhaler, and after permeating the minutest air cells, is exhaled slowly through the nostrils. It stops the cough, makes breathing regular, and eradicates the asthma so thoroughly from the system that it never returns. Don't suffer from asthma, use Catarrhozone, it will speedily cure you. Large outfit $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggist or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

At the Opera Last Night

Prof. Pull opened his weeks engagement last night with a crowded house. The entertainment was scientific and amusing. His powers as a hypnotist are certainly marvellous. He cast his magic spell over his audience last night. Raymond, in his comic songs pleased his hearers. Rice, in illustrated sentimental songs captivated the audience, while J. W. Pull's acrobatic work is excellent. There will be a complete change in programme each night, he should have full houses. He announced his blind ride which will start from the Opera House to-day at 12 o'clock. He will drive a team of horses through the principal streets with his eyes blind-folded.

RUSSIA PRETENDS IT DOESN'T CARE.

Its Objects in Far East Identical with British Jap Alliance

GERMANS HAVE TO CHOOSE

And Their Interests Will Demand That They Side with Great Britain

London, Feb. 17.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times quotes an article on the British-Japanese alliance in the Exchange Gazette, which paper, he says, he has reason to believe in this instance expresses with considerable fidelity the views held in authoritive quarters. The Exchange Gazette says the objects of the Anglo-Japanese agreement, namely, the maintenance of the status quo in the Far East and the integrity of China and Corea, are also the avowed object of the Russian policy. Russia has, therefore, no reason to regard the Anglo-Japanese alliance with suspicion. Russia's Eastern policy is determined by her civilizing mission and geographical position. Its ultimate triumph is guaranteed by its past successes. Russian interests in Manchuria, Mongolia, and Chinese Turkestan are not in the least affected by any diplomatic bargain concluded by rival powers.

The Clerical Kolnische Volkszeitung, quoted by the Berlin correspondent of the Times, says that since the Anglo-Japanese agreement has been concluded it is hardly possible that Germany can be equally friendly with Great Britain and Russia. Germany will be in the same position as was Bismarck in 1879, when, forced to choose between Austria-Hungary and Russia, he chose Austria-Hungary. Germany is concerned in various parts where Great Britain and Russia are in rivalry. The paper adds: "In all enterprises of the world of politics, the subject of England as a mighty naval power is for us of great value, but of course we cannot obtain it if we go hand in hand with Russia, which would simply mean that we should here and there help Russia to balk English plans."

THE REV. DR. HARPER DEAD

A Methodist Minister for Sixty Years Passed Away

Word has been received of the death on Wednesday of last week, at the home of his son, at Nantasket, Mass., of the Rev. Ephraim B. Harper, D. D., one of the pioneer Methodist ministers of Canada. Dr. Harper had reached the age of eighty-four. He was one of the best known and best beloved of Methodist ministers in Canada. For over sixty years he served the church in many important towns and cities of Quebec and Ontario. The funeral took place Friday at Norval, Ont. The service was conducted by Rev. Drs. Withrow and Blackstock, and was attended by quite a large number of Methodist ministers. Mr. Harper was born of Irish parentage, near Perth, and was educated in the grammar school at that place. He started life in commercial pursuits and was converted among Methodists. He studied hard and systematically, and at the age of twenty-two, when he entered the ministry, he was well prepared for circuit work.

He was received on trial by the conference of 1842 and was received into full connection and ordained in 1844. He was then stationed at Dundas, Ont. His subsequent appointments, according to the conference records have been as follows:—Kingston, 1848-50; Toronto, 1851-54; Hamilton, 1855-57; Belleville, 1858-60; St. James, Montreal, 1861-63; Hamilton, 1864-66; Ottawa, 1867-69; Guelph, 1871-72; Port Hope, 1873; Cobourg, 1874; Port Hope, 1875; Belleville, 1876-77; Peterboro, 1878-80; Barrie, 1881-1883; Collingwood, 1884-86; Brantford, 1887-89; Davenport, Toronto, 1889-90. In 1891, having completed fifty years in the active ministry, he was placed on the superannuated list and went to reside at Barrie, where he lived for about seven years, leaving there three or four years ago to go to Nantasket, Mass., to reside with his son, the Rev. Cecil Harper.

Dr. Harper received the M.A. degree from Victoria University in 1860 and the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1870.

The present Methodist church was built during the time Dr. Harper was pastor at Port Hope.

SEEKING LIGHT

Brockville Deputation Visit Ottawa Investigating Lighting Plants

Ottawa, Feb. 18—A deputation from Brockville consisting of Mayor W. H. Harrison and Messrs. R. Bowie and W. H. Comstock, ex-M.P., light commissioners, were in the city for the purpose of getting pointers for the improvement of the lighting service of the Island City. Recently a by-law empowering the expenditure of $50,000 on a lighting plant was voted on and sanctioned by the ratepayers. Two years ago the gas and electric companies were bought out and the town has since been operating its own plant. It desires that it should be modernized as fully as possible. The deputation was received by Ald. Coates, president of the gas company, and shown through the gas works by Manager T. Dunderdale, and afterwards the electric power houses were visited.

The labor movement is in the ascendancy at Brockville. At the recent election Mayor Harrison, labor candidate, was elected by the largest majority ever secured by an aspirant for that office, and out of a council of ten, seven are labor men.

ANNUAL VISIT TO PETERBORO'

Geo. Ruskin of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the Northwest Making His Annual Visit

Geo. Ruskin, of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the Northwest, is making his annual visit to Peterborough in behalf of the work of disseminating throughout the districts biblical literature, among the labourers, Indians and settlers. The work is the outcome of previous evangelistic work, commenced in Muskoka in 1875, and in Parry Sound in 1876, and extending over a wide district. Since the commencement of the Colportage work in 1884 there have been supplied by the mission more than 21,000 copies of scriptural books, in two languages, of which account have been taken, and thousands additional of which no account has been kept, besides the free distribution of large quantities of tracts and magazines, and 63 various editions of books and tracts, etc., published by the mission in five languages, numbering about 280,000 copies. The work is in no way denominational, but for godliness, beneficial to all creeds and nationalities, and will be enlarged as means are forthcoming to do so.

The Missionary gratefully acknowledges $35.10 contributed in Peterborough last year.

GOLD IN YOUR GARRET

In many thousands of garrets and attics women have gold stored away and are not aware of it. It is not in coins, nuggets or bars that the gold is held, neither is it in bank notes or bonds; it is there in the form of cast-off and faded clothing, garments and materials that can be turned into a gold value by the use of Diamond Dyes.

At a cost of ten cents you can recolor a dress, skirt, jacket, cape, blouse or waist, and make them as good and stylish as new ones purchased in a store. With one or two packages of Diamond Dyes you can give new life and beauty to your husband's overcoat or suit thrown aside perhaps for the rag gatherer. Your cotton and wool rags re-dyed with Diamond Dyes will make up handsome mats or rugs that will add to the comfort of your home. All the work and transformations suggested will give you results that have a gold value.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE

Another Milestone Marked in the History of this Popular and Progressive Company

Elsewhere will be found the financial statement submitted at the twenty-first annual meeting of the North American Life Assurance Company, held at the head office, Toronto, on January 28th.

Again the old story of prosperity and phenomenal progress is repeated, with even greater emphasis than ever before in the history of the Company. The business has exceeded the best previous year by over half a million dollars.

The financial statement speaks for itself, and need not be repeated in this article. It is sufficient to say that Mr. Wm. McCabe, the Managing Director, and Mr. Goldman, the efficient and popular Secretary, as well as the Board of Directors, are to be heartily congratulated on the result of the year's operations.

A. O. U. W. GRAND LODGE

Ald. Shortly will Represent Peterborough Lodge—Proposed Change in the Rates

The Grand Lodge A.O.U.W. will meet in Toronto to-morrow. About five hundred delegates will be present.

The principle discussion at the meeting will be the proposed change in the assessment rates. Some changes will be recommended by a committee of the Grand Lodge and as there is considerable opposition the arguments will be very interesting.

The Grand Lodge has a membership of over 44,500 and the amount of insurance carried is about $70,000,000.

Alderman Shortly will attend the meeting as a delegate of Peterborough Lodge.

The Brand of Food That Dealers Sell Most of is the Kind for You to Use

Careful investigation has disclosed the fact that some of our largest retail grocers keep in stock no less than twenty different brands of breakfast cereals. These grocers, catering to the whims and fancies of a varied trade, acknowledge that only four of the twenty brands are good sellers, and that Malt Breakfast Food is the great leader with all classes of the people.

The high position attained by Malt Breakfast Food in this country has been acquired in less than eighteen months. This proves most conclusively that as a breakfast dish Malt Breakfast Food is giving entire satisfaction to old and young. The large number of letters of approval that the manufacturers receive monthly from every section of the Dominion and Newfoundland telling of improved digestive vigor, stronger nerves, increase in weight and improvement in health, point to the fact that Malt Breakfast Food is a true health food. One trial makes it the favorite breakfast dish. Ask your grocer for it.

MR. MOORE'S PRODUCTION.

A Most Valuable Work of Reference for Peterborough

A Compendium of Legislation Affecting the Town—Mr. Moore Generously Presents The Book to the Town.

A very useful little work has been issued by Mr. W. H. Moore, barrister, being a Compendium of Legislation affecting Peterborough, including a digest of the principal by-laws of the town. Mr. Moore has generously presented the manuscript to the town, and the work has been printed, making a neat little volume. The work entailed many months of hard labor and diligent research. That the Council should have ordered but 25 volumes bound in cloth, is unfortunate. It is to be hoped that they will at once have the entire edition strongly bound.

Mr. Moore certainly has the thanks of the ratepayers for his valuable gift. In the preface, Mr. Moore says:

Having had occasion at times to refer to the particular Acts of Parliament relating to the town of Peterborough, it recently occurred to me that it would be of advantage to those who had municipal duties to perform and others who took an interest in the Town's affairs, to have a means of learning what were the provisions of those Acts, without suffering the considerable loss of time entailed in searching through the many volumes in which the Town's special legislation is contained. With this object in view, and at considerable labor, I have collected all these Acts, extending from 1847 to 1901, making a short note only of those which have become obsolete or are of little concern to the Town, such as Acts relating to railways, or of a semi-private character, but showing where these may be found, and giving in full, or nearly so, such Acts as are existing, and refer entirely and are of peculiar interest to the Town. It will be observed that in many instances verbatim copies are not given, yet so closely following the text as to fully retain the sense and force in all essentials, my object being that the layman might read and readily understand the provisions of the various Acts, and that others might also find herein the substance of that they desired and the means on hand for at once turning to the Act, and any section of it, which they wished to consult.

There will also be found copies of two proclamations of the Lieut. Governor of Ontario, the one extending the boundaries of the Town and the other incorporating Jackson Park; also two by-laws, the first for separating the Town from the then United Counties of Peterborough and Victoria, and the second in relation to the taking $120,000 stock in the Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway Company, to assist in building the branch line from Millbrook, on which the Town still holds a mortgage in lieu of the subscribed stock, as I considered them cognate to the work, and of sufficient importance to justify a place in it.

I sincerely trust the objects I have had in view have in some measure been attained, and that this small volume may be found a considerable convenience to those who wish to gain information with regard to the subjects I have dealt with.

W. H. MOORE.

Peterborough, Jan. 1902.

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Acts digested or referred to:

1. 9 and 10 Victoria, Chapter 190, 1847, Can.—To incorporate the Peterborough and Port Hope Railway Company.

2. 12 Victoria, Chapter 81, 1849, Can.—To incorporate the Town of Peterborough.

3. 16 Victoria, Chapter 40, 1853, Can.—To close up certain roads in the Little Lake Cemetery.

4. 16 Victoria, Chapter 82, 1853, Can.—To incorporate the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company.

5.—16 Victoria, Chapter 241, 1853, Can.—To amend last named Act.

6. 16 Victoria, Chapter 242, 1853, Can.—To amend last named Act.

7. 18 Victoria, Chapter 38, 1855, Can.—To change the name of the Peterborough & Port Hope Railway Co. to the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company.

8. 18 Victoria, Chapter 186, 1855, Can.—To amend Act incorporating the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.

9. 18 Victoria, Chapter 194, 1855, Can.—To incorporate the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.

10. 22 Victoria, Chapter 98, 1859, Can.—For relief of the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company.

11. 22 Victoria, Chapter 119 1859, Can.—To amend Act incorporating the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.

11A. A by-law to withdraw the Town from the County.

12. 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, 1861, Can.—To consolidate the debt of the Town and create the Commissioners of the Town Trust.

13. 25 Victoria, Chapter 88, 1862, Can.—To further provide in relation to the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.

14. 27 Victoria, Chapter 60, 1863, Can.—Re Millbrook & Peterborough Branch of the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company, and Mortgage to Town.

14A. Copy of Patent from the Crown, of the South Reserve.

15. 27 and 28 Victoria, Chapter 86, 1864, Can.—To reorganize the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Co.

16. 31 Victoria, Chapter 43, 1868, Ont.—To extend the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company to Chemong Lake.

17. 31 Victoria, Chapter 46, 1868, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, consolidating debt of the Town.

18—32 Victoria, Chapter 61, 1868-9, Ont.—To incorporate the Peterborough & Haliburton Railway Company.

19. 33 Victoria, Chapter 38, 1869, Ont.—To amalgamate the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company, and Marmora Iron Company.

20. 33 Victoria, Chapter 40, 1869, Ont.—To amend the Act to incorporate the Peterborough & Haliburton Railway Company.

21. 33 Victoria, Chapter 70, 1869, Ont.—To further amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, consolidating the debt of the Town.

22. 35 Victoria, Chapter 71, 1872, Ont.—To enable the Town to become manufacturers and construct waterworks.

22A. Proclamation incorporating lands in Monaghan, Smith and Douro in the Town.

23. 36 Victoria, Chapter 57, 1873, Ont.—To unite Ashburnham to Peterborough.

24. 37 Victoria, 1, Chapter 78, 1874, Ont.—For construction and maintenance of waterworks.

25. 38 Victoria, 2, Chapter 40, 1874, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, and re Separate and Union School indebtedness.

26. 38 Victoria, 2, Chapter 40, 1874, Ont.—For granting $100,000 to Huron & Quebec Railway Company.

27. 39 Victoria, Chapter 56, 1875-6, Ont.—To amend Huron & Quebec Railway Act and confirm bonus of $150,000.

28. 39 Victoria, Chapter 78, 1875-6, Ont.—To incur debt of $22,000 for bridges and to amend 21 Victoria, Chapter 61.

29. 40 Victoria, Chapter 50, 1877, Ont.—To incorporate William Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.

30. 41 Victoria, Chapter 38, 1878, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, and confirm by-laws.

31. 41 Victoria, Chapter 57, 1878, Ont.—Re Toronto & Ottawa Railway Company, and to confirm by-law for $150,000.

32. 42 Victoria, Chapter 67, 1879, Ont.—Re Central Park, Sale of Fire Hall, issue of $2,000 Debentures and Toronto & Ottawa Railway Company.

33. 43 Victoria, Chapter 83, 1880, Ont.—To amend Act in relation to William Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.

34. 49 Victoria, Chapter 63, 1886, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, re supply water and light and Little Lake Cemetery Company.

35. 49 Victoria, Chapter 87, 1886, Ont.—To incorporate the Nicholls Hospital Trust.

36. 50 Victoria, Chapter 65, 1887, Ont.—To issue $20,000 debentures for erection of bridges and cribbing Crescent street.

37. 51 Victoria, Chapter 56, 1888, Ont.—To correct boundary between Township of Smith and Town.

38. 51 Victoria, Chapter 74, 1888, Ont.—To incorporate the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.

39. 51 Victoria, Chapter 65, 1888, Ont.—An Act respecting the Nicholls Hospital Trust.

40. 51 Victoria, Chapter 96, 1888, Ont.—To amend the Act respecting the Wm. Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.

41. 53 Victoria, Chapter 90, 1890, Ont.—To confirm by-laws and create liabilities not exceeding ten per cent. of assessed value and borrow money from Nicholls Hospital Trust.

42. 54 Victoria, Chapter 98, 1891, Can.—An Act to incorporate the Peterborough, Sudbury & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company.

43. 54 Victoria, Chapter 103, 1891, Ont.—To further amend the Nicholls Hospital Trust.

43A. A proclamation adding Jackson Park to the Town.

44. 57 Victoria, Chapter 78, 1894, Ont.—Re Pigeon Creek Bridge; and sinking fund for $37,000; Nicholls Hospital Trust and other matters.

45. 59 Victoria, Chapter 98, 1896, Ont.—Respecting the Nicholls Hospital Trust, Nicholls Park, and Y.M.C.A.

46. 62 Victoria, Chapter 71, 1899, Ont.—Respecting the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co., and to enable the Town to acquire water power, etc., and re Chemong Lake Bridge.

THE NEW SKATING RINK

A Very Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night—To Meet Again on Thursday

A meeting was held in the offices of Hatton & Bradburn last night to further consider arrangements for the erection of a new skating rink. A large number of prominent citizens were present and all are taking a deep interest in the undertaking.

Mayor Deane occupied the chair and after calling the meeting to order, stated that the committee to select a suitable site would give their report. Mr. Hatton, one of the committee, stated that they had looked at a number of places, and had found the prices asked for them. They did not decide on any lot as it was understood that there were other places to see that they had not time to visit. At the meeting several other lots were mentioned, and the committee was authorized to see these places and report at the next meeting. Considerable discussion took place regarding the size of the lots and it was decided to secure one with a good frontage as well as being of a good depth.

Mr. Charlie Bradburn was appointed secretary and by all appearances Mr. Bradburn will be a very busy man as there is considerable stock already sold, and the amount will be doubled in a very short time. The interest taken in the new rink is remarkable, and it is to be hoped that the same interest will continue. The meeting adjourned until 8 o'clock on Thursday night when a very large attendance is expected.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 100 people. H. P. Kidd, 388 George street.

A FRENCH PRELATE TO COME TO CANADA

The Vatican's Representative in the Dominion to be Changed

Mgr. Zandetti of Paris, to Come to Come to Canada

The Pope Still Refuses to Have Anything to do With The Hague

Rome, Feb. 16—There has been quite a shuffle of foreign representatives from the Vatican. Mgr. Martinelli has arrived here to receive his cardinal's hat. Mgr. Zandetti, formerly Archbishop of Bucharest and now Canon of St. Marie Majure at Paris, will go to Canada to replace Mgr. Falconio, who will succeed Mgr. Martinelli as Papal delegate at Washington.

The Vatican still refuses to send a representative to The Hague, as it blames the Netherlands Government for being excluded from the peace conference.

The Pope's health is good, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. He takes his usual daily walks, and eats and sleeps well.

OYSTER SUPPER

In the Cosy School Room of Murray Street Baptist Church

The members of the Baptist Young People's Union of Murray street church, with a number of their friends, spent a very pleasant evening in the school room of the church last night. The Union meets each Monday evening, and it is customary on the last Monday of each quarter to hold an informal gathering. Last evening this meeting took the form of an oyster supper, and the members are to be congratulated upon the manner in which the spread, and the programme preceding it were prepared.

Mr. R. Merrit, President of the Y.P.U. took the chair, and the literary portion of the evening's enjoyment was begun a selection by the orchestra—with "Never Alone." This was followed by a clever Irish reading by Miss Bradshaw, and a charade in which a young gentleman and two of the ladies presented three scriptural people Pharisee, Scribe and Sadducee. The orchestra again favored the assembly with a selection, "Come to Jesus," and were followed by the Ladies' Comb Orchestra who were enthusiastically encored. The final number on the programme was a tableau presented by Misses Stainbrook, Taylor and Martin, representing the "Three Graces." This was a touching and beautiful pose by the three young ladies, attired in snowy white and with hair flowing loosely over their shoulders. In the centre was the cross, also snowy white, and grown with ivy.

While these numbers were being rendered, others had been busy in the kitchen adjoining, and now the company, about one hundred in number, sat down to a fresh and tempting repast of oysters, cake and coffee, etc. The unstinted enjoyment of all was evidenced by the happy trend of conversation and the constant ripple of laughter around the board.

Supper was served by a number of pretty misses, each wearing as a distinction of her rank a dainty creation of white lace in her hair, and a spotless pinafore apron; and they were ably assisted by some of the male members of the Union.

Supper over, the gathering joined in the National Anthem, and one of the most successful functions which have been held by the Union was closed.

The Murray St. Y.P.U. is an active, aggressive body, and as it is fed from a Sabbath School with a membership of about 300, the prospects for its growth are most encouraging.

WIN AT KINGSTON

Peterborough Wins the Round by 1st Goals—Score Last Night 4-2

The Intermediates of Peterborough, journeyed to Kingston yesterday to play the Cadet team of the R.M.C. of that city.

The game was closely contested by the two teams, the Cadets playing a much better game than they did in Peterborough last week.

At half-time the score stood 1—0 in favor of Kingston, but the Intermediates were resting themselves, and in the second-half, turned the score, and won from the Cadets by a score of four goals to two.

The next match will be played here on Thursday or Friday of this week with the Hamilton team.

Mr. Nicholls' Gift to Ridley

Mr. Frederic Nicholls, President of the General Electric Company, has presented to Ridley College a combined hall and hockey rink, which is to cost at least $5,000. This generous gift is the outcome of his interest in the new building erected for the junior department, and the acquisition of seventy acres of land for playing-ground. These new enterprises at Ridley are largely the result of Mr. Nicholls' counsel, energy and financial help. He has now endeared himself to Ridley boys by providing them with the means for winter sport and with a hall for prize day ceremonies. He is also interested in the new wing to be at once erected to provide further accommodation in the already crowded junior school.

A Great Increasing Army

composed of men and women that spend heart and soul in the vain effort to overcome a lack of vigor in the body. To replace inertia by vigor, to make good, red blood, that will build up the system, to have strong nerves, you must eat more, digest more, assimilate more. How can it be done? By using Ferrozone. It invigorates, strengthens, possesses magical health giving powers. Get Ferrozone to-day and make yourself strong and well.

Weather Notes

Probs: Strong northerly and northwesterly winds; local snowfalls and becoming colder.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 41 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY FEBRUARY 18 1902 PRICE TWO CENT

PROTESTS IN DENMARK AGAINST SALE OF THE INDIES ARE INCREASING.

Kruger was Turned Down

The Imperial Government is setting an admirable example in ignoring Dr. Leyds and Mr. Kruger and the other Boer representatives in Europe, on the ground that they are unworthy of confidence. Their whole course of action indicates either that they are phenomenally lacking in intelligence, or that they have interests in the issues of peace or war that are not the interests of their countrymen in South Africa. They have persistently encouraged the Boers to a hopeless resistance by misrepresenting the situation in South Africa. Great Britain will probably only negotiate with the Boer army in the field, if enough of a Boer army can be scraped together with which to negotiate

Iron and Steel Builders Warn British Newspapers

Say They are Advertising American Machinery Gratis

Quarrel Among Danish Agents Reveals Corruption

London, Feb. 17.—The report of the English Iron and Steel Builders' Society has been issued in London. Fewer orders have been booked than at any time during the past five years. The report says: Everywhere we see the oft-repeated statement that British trade is decadent. Is it not time to stop the free advertisements given to the American methods of using machinery in this country? Does the public press realize the trap it has fallen into?

PROTESTING IN DENMARK.

London, Feb. 17.—A despatch to The Times from Copenhagen says that public protests against the sale of the West Indies are increasing. A quarrel among the Danish Agents in the negotiations has disclosed that corruption has been at work. The opponents of the treaty say that the American people will be disgusted with the bargain when the details of the transaction are made known.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Copenhagen, Feb. 17.—The Mormons are making strong efforts to gain a permanent foothold in Denmark. It is notorious that this little country has notorious that this little country has furnished a large quota of emigrants for Utah, where there are thousands of Danish Mormons. Some of the most prominent leaders of this sect are Danes. Danish missionaries who have been sent to work in their native land have not been well received in Denmark. Most of them have been banished from the country as soon as it was discovered that they were here to gain converts to their religion and to encourage people to emigrate to Utah. For this reason their work has often been carried on secretly. The authorities of the Mormon Church seem to have decided recently that Denmark is an exceptionally good field for their operations, and there are now over a hundred Mormon missionaries in this country, under the supervision of a Superintendent at Copenhagen.

The missionaries publish an organ in this city and distribute thousands of tracts and books, and have grown so bold that they have purchased a piece of property in the best part of Copenhagen, on which they intend to build a Mormon temple. Money for this purpose is being collected among the Mormons in the United States. About five hundred Danes are induced to emigrate to Utah every year. The Danish press is aroused, and it is thought that steps will be taken to prevent a Mormon temple being built in the capital of Denmark, and to rid the country of Mormonism and its propagandists.

KINGS MUST NOT BE BURLESQUED

London, Feb. 17.—Word has gone abroad among the London theatrical managers that King Edward has no relish for plays in which kings are burlesqued. He took particular exception to the king of Illyria in "Kitty Grey," a gay Lothario who haunts theatrical green-rooms and entertains actresses at supper. Consequently the days of "Kitty Grey" are numbered. The King believes that the turning of royalty into ridicule or contempt is not beneficial to loyalty, yet it is asserted that his own popularity is largely due to his "Illyrian" reputation. The character of the King of Illyria apparently is based on that of the King of the Belgians, who is King Edward's cousin.

SLOW BRITISH MAIL SERVICE

London, Feb. 14.—Deserved complaint is made in the press of the extremely slow Atlantic mail service by the British Post-Office. Both the Cunard and the White Star Companies are now transmitting mails weekly by eight and nine-day boats, their fast steamer being laid aside. London merchants demand that the postal authorities should notify the public when a fast German steamer is available for the mails as an alternative to the slow British one. Immense inconvenience and loss are occasioned by the winter uncertainty of the transatlantic mail service, and the whole matter is to be brought up in Parliament soon.

Paris, Feb. 17.—M. Rouyer, correspondent to La Patrie, has written to his paper, giving startling information of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sileraka, New Guinea, on January 1st. The yacht Salvatti, with the mission on board, set anchor off the coast. The natives exhibited signs of friendliness, and a number landed. During the night, however, they surprised the camp, killed twenty-five and wounded thirty-three. The murdered include Baron Villars, Count de Saint Remy, M. Hagenbeck and Fries.

M. Rouyer, the correspondent, was rendered unconscious by a blow from a club, and when he woke in the morning he was tied hand and foot, and surrounded by a body of savages. The body of Baron Villars was bound to a tree. The body was naked and the head split open. Count de Saint Remy's head was sticking from the head of a spear, and M. Hagenbeck was spitted over a fire and the natives were preparing to cut him up. The ground about was covered with corpses.

Before the horrid meal was commenced, Dr. Fortier had led the remainder of the mission from the yacht on the cannibals, who fled, leaving 25 dead. The clothes of M. Fries were found, but he had evidently been devoured through the night.

New York, Feb. 17.—The worst snowstorm that has come to New York in three years began last night, and the weather department predicted that it would continue for the next 24 or 36 hours. Traffic was generally tied up, and business men who started for their respective offices at the usual time were from one to three hours late. The storm an hour after it started had all the marks of the blizzard of 15 years ago. It was accompanied by a howling gale out of the north, and, according to the weather bureau reports, covered an area from along the New England coast to the interior of New York State.

The Brooklyn residents and the commuters suffered the worst. Dozens of lines operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company were completely tied up for hours.

In New York and the Bronx surface railroad traffic was delayed. There were frequent blockades on every line. In some parts of the city during the early hours cars almost butting into each other stretched for a mile or more and waited five or ten minutes before they could move.

Paris, Feb. 15.—Liberte bitterly accuses Russia of want of foresight in allowing any British-Japanese agreement to be made. It charges Russian statesmen, and particularly De Witte, the Minister of Finance, with having in every way recently discouraged Japanese good-will, instancing Japan's recent attempt to float a loan in Russia. When this failed, the Japanese naturally turned to the London market. The paper adds: "The new agreement is directed against Russia, and virtually involves us, too. We have already noted during Constantinople incidents that we were far from obtaining from Russia all the assistance due us. We remain determined partisans of the Franco-Russian alliance, but it is important that its solidity shall not be compromised."

RUSSIA PRETENDS IT DOESN'T CARE.

Its Objects in Far East Identical with British Jap Alliance

GERMANS HAVE TO CHOOSE

And Their Interests Will Demand That They Side with Great Britain

London, Feb. 17.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times quotes an article on the British-Japanese alliance in the Exchange Gazette, which paper, he says, he has reason to believe in this instance expresses with considerable fidelity the views held in authoritive quarters. The Exchange Gazette says the objects of the Anglo-Japanese agreement, namely, the maintenance of the status quo in the Far East and the integrity of China and Corea, are also the avowed object of the Russian policy. Russia has, therefore, no reason to regard the Anglo-Japanese alliance with suspicion. Russia's Eastern policy is determined by her civilizing mission and geographical position. Its ultimate triumph is guaranteed by its past successes. Russian interests in Manchuria, Mongolia, and Chinese Turkestan are not in the least affected by any diplomatic bargain concluded by rival powers.

The Clerical Kolnische Volkszeitung, quoted by the Berlin correspondent of the Times, says that since the Anglo-Japanese agreement has been concluded it is hardly possible that Germany can be equally friendly with Great Britain and Russia. Germany will be in the same position as was Bismarck in 1879, when, forced to choose between Austria-Hungary and Russia, he chose Austria-Hungary. Germany is concerned in various parts where Great Britain and Russia are in rivalry. The paper adds: "In all enterprises of the world of politics, the support of England as a mighty naval power is for us of great value, but of course we cannot obtain it if we go hand in hand with Russia, which would simply mean that we should here and there help Russia to balk English plans."

THE REV. DR. HARPER DEAD

A Methodist Minister for Sixty Years Passed Away

Word has been received of the death on Wednesday of last week, at the home of his son, at Nantasket, Mass., of the Rev. Ephraim B. Harper, D. D., one of the pioneer Methodist ministers of Canada. Dr. Harper had reached the age of eighty-four. He was one of the best known and best beloved of Methodist ministers in Canada. For over sixty years he served the church in many important towns and cities of Quebec and Ontario. The funeral took place Friday at Norval, Ont. The service was conducted by Rev. Drs. Withrow and Blackstock, and was attended by quite a large number of Methodist ministers. Mr. Harper was born of Irish parentage, near Perth, and was educated in the grammar school at that place. He started life in commercial pursuits and was converted among Methodists. He studied hard and systematically, and at the age of twenty-two, when he entered the ministry, he was well prepared for circuit work.

He was received on trial by the conference of 1842 and was received into full connection and ordained in 1844. He was then stationed at Dundas, Ont. His subsequent appointments, according to the conference records have been as follows:—Kingston, 1849-50; Toronto, 1851-54; Hamilton, 1855-57; Belleville, 1858-60; St. James, Montreal, 1861-63; Hamilton, 1864-66; Ottawa, 1867-69; Guelph, 1871-72; Port Hope, 1873; Cobourg, 1874; Port Hope, 1875; Belleville, 1876-77; Peterboro, 1878-80; Barrie, 1881-1883; Collingwood, 1884-86; Brantford, 1887-88; Davenport, Toronto, 1889-90. In 1891, having completed fifty years in the active ministry, he was placed on the superannuated list and went to reside at Barrie, where he lived for about seven years, leaving there three or four years ago to go to Nantasket, Mass., to reside with his son, the Rev. Cecil Harper.

Dr. Harper received the M.A. degree from Victoria University in 1860 and the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1879.

The present Methodist church was built during the time Dr. Harper was pastor at Port Hope.

TWO THOUSAND PERISHED IN AN EARTHQUAKE

Four Thousand Houses Destroyed, and 34 Villages Suffered--A Volcano Breaks into Eruption

Baku, Transcaucasia, Feb. 17.—Details which are slowly reaching Baku from Shemakha, about seventy miles from here, show that two thousand persons, mostly women and children, perished as a result of the earthquake last week, and about 4,000 houses were destroyed.

Thirty-four villages of the country surrounding Shemakha also suffered.

To add to the terrors of the neighborhood a volcano near the village of Maraosy, to the eastward of Shemakha, has broken into active eruption. A great crevice has appeared, whence immense flames and streams of lava are being thrown out. The course of the river Geokchai has been altered in consequence of its bed being dammed with earth, dislodged by the earthquake.

Battalions of guards and detachments of sappers with tents, have been despatched to Shemakha to aid in the work of rescue. The Red Cross Society is active in alleviating distress.

Unnecessary to Suffer from Asthma

This distressing complaint can be perfectly cured by inhaling Catarrhozone, a vegetable antiseptic that destroys the germs that cause the disease. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth from a convenient pocket inhaler and after permeating the minutest air cells, is exhaled slowly through the nostrils. It stops the cough, makes breathing regular, and eradicates the asthma so thoroughly from the system that it never returns. Don't suffer from asthma, use Catarrhozone, it will speedily cure you. Large outfit $1.00. Small size druggist or by mail from, Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

At the Opera Last Night

Prof. Pull opened his weeks engagement last night with a crowded house. The entertainment was scientific and amusing. His powers as a hypnotist are certainly marvellous. He cast his magic spell over his audience last night. Raymond, in his comic songs pleased his hearers. Rice, in illustrated sentimental songs captivated the audience, while J. W. Pull's acrobatic work is excellent. There will be a complete change in programme each night, he should have full houses. He announced his blind ride which will start from the Opera House to-day at 12 o'clock. He will drive a team of horses through the principal streets while his eyes blind-folded.

SEEKING LIGHT

Brockville Deputation Visit Ottawa Investigating Lighting Plants

Ottawa, Feb. 15—A deputation from Brockville consisting of Mayor W. H. Harrison and Messrs. R. Bowie and W. H. Comstock, ex-M.P., light commissioners, were in the city for the purpose of getting pointers for the improvement of the lighting service of the Island City. Recently a by-law empowering the expenditure of $60,000 on a lighting plant was voted on and sanctioned by the ratepayers. Two years ago the gas and electric companies were bought out and the town has since been operating its own plant. It desires that it should be modernized as fully as possible. The deputation was received by Ald. Coates, president of the gas company, and shown through the gas works by Manager T. Dunderdale, and afterwards the electric power houses were visited.

The labor movement is in the ascendancy at Brockville. At the recent election Mayor Harrison, labor candidate, was elected by the largest majority ever secured by an aspirant for that office, and out of a council of ten, seven are labor men.

ANNUAL VISIT TO PETERBORO'

Geo. Ruskin of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the Northwest Making His Annual Visit

Geo. Ruskin, of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the Northwest, is making his annual visit to Peterborough in behalf of the work of disseminating throughout the districts biblical literature, among the labourers, Indians and settlers. The work is the outcome of previous evangelistic work, commenced in Muskoka in 1875, and in Parry Sound in 1876, and extending over a wide district. Since the commencement of the Colportage work in 1884 there have been supplied by the mission more than 21,000 copies of scriptural books, in two languages, of which account have been taken, and thousands additional of which no account has been kept, besides the free distribution of large quantities of tracts and magazines, and 53 various editions of books and tracts, etc., published by the mission in five languages, numbering about 330,000 copies. The work is in no way denominational, but for godliness, beneficial to all creeds and nationalities, and will be enlarged as means are forthcoming to do so.

The Missionary gratefully acknowledges $35.10 contributed in Peterborough last year.

GOLD IN YOUR GARRET

In many thousands of garrets and attics women have gold stored away and are not aware of it. It is not in coins, nuggets or bars that the gold is held, neither is it in bank notes or bonds; it is there in the form of cast-off and faded clothing, garments and materials that can be turned into a gold value by the use of Diamond Dyes.

At a cost of ten cents you can re-color a dress, skirt, jacket, cape, blouse or waist, and make them as good and stylish as new ones purchased in a store. With one or two packages of Diamond Dyes you can give new life and beauty to your husband's overcoat or suit thrown aside perhaps for the rag gatherer. Your cotton and wool rags re-dyed with Diamond Dyes will make up handsome mats or rugs that will add to the comfort of your home. All the work and transformations suggested will give you results that have a gold value.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE

Another Milestone Marked in the History of This Popular and Progressive Company

Elsewhere will be found the financial statement submitted at the twenty-first annual meeting of the North American Life Assurance Company, held at the head office, Toronto, on January 28th.

Again the old story of prosperity and phenomenal progress is repeated, with even greater emphasis than ever before in the history of the Company. The business has exceeded the best previous year by over half a million dollars.

The financial statement speaks for itself, and need not be repeated in this article. It is sufficient to say that Mr. Wm. McCabe, the Managing Director, and Mr. Goldman, the efficient and popular Secretary, as well as the Board of Directors, are to be heartily congratulated on the result of the year's operations.

A. O. U. W. GRAND LODGE

Ald. Shortly will Represent Peterborough Lodge—Proposed Change in the Rates

The Grand Lodge A.O.U.W. will meet in Toronto to-morrow. About five hundred delegates will be present.

The principal discussion at the meeting will be the proposed change in the assessment rates. Some changes will be recommended by a committee of the Grand Lodge and as there is considerable opposition the arguments will be very interesting.

The Grand Lodge has a membership of over 41,500 and the amount of insurance carried is about $70,000,000.

Alderman Shortly will attend the meeting as a delegate of Peterborough Lodge.

The Brand of Food That Dealers Sell Most of is the Kind for You to Use

Careful investigation has disclosed the fact that some of our largest retail grocers keep in stock no less than twenty different brands of breakfast cereals. These grocers, catering to the whims and fancies of a varied trade, acknowledge that only four of the twenty brands are good sellers, and that Malt Breakfast Food is the great leader with all classes of the people.

The high position attained by Malt Breakfast Food in this country has been acquired in less than eighteen months. This proves most conclusively that as a breakfast dish Malt Breakfast Food is giving entire satisfaction to old and young. The large number of letters of approval that the manufacturers receive monthly from every section of the Dominion and Newfoundland telling of improved digestive vigor, stronger nerves, increase in weight and improvement in health, point to the fact that Malt Breakfast Food is a true health food. One trial makes it the favorite breakfast dish. Ask your grocer for it.

MR. MOORE'S PRODUCTION.

A Most Valuable Work of Reference for Peterborough

A Compendium of Legislation Affecting the Town—Mr. Moore Generously Presents The Book to the Town.

A very useful little work has been issued by Mr. W. H. Moore, barrister, being a Compendium of Legislation affecting Peterborough, including a digest of the principal by-laws of the town. Mr. Moore has generously presented the manuscript to the town, and the work has been printed, making a neat little volume. The work entailed many months of hard labor and diligent research. That the Council should have ordered but 25 volumes bound in cloth, is unfortunate. It is to be hoped that they will at once have the entire edition strongly bound.

Mr. Moore certainly has the thanks of the ratepayers for his valuable gift. In the preface, Mr. Moore says:

Having had occasion at times to refer to the particular Acts of Parliament relating to the town of Peterborough, it recently occurred to me that it would be of advantage to those who had municipal duties to perform and others who took an interest in the Town's affairs, to have a means of learning what were the provisions of these Acts, without suffering the considerable loss of time entailed in searching through the many volumes in which the Town's special legislation is contained. With this object in view, and at considerable labor, I have collected all these Acts, extending from 1847 to 1901, making a short note only of those which have become obsolete or are of little concern to the Town, such as Acts relating to railways, or of a semi-private character, but showing where these may be found, and giving in full, or nearly so, such Acts as are existing, and refer entirely and are of peculiar interest to the Town. It will be observed that in many instances verbatim copies are not given, yet so closely following the text as to fully retain the sense and force in all essentials, my object being that the layman might read and readily understand the provisions of the various Acts, and that others might also find herein the substance of that they desired and the means on hand for at once turning to the Act, and any section of it, which they wished to consult.

There will also be found copies of two proclamations of the Lieut. Governor of Ontario, the one extending the boundaries of the Town and the other incorporating Jackson Park; also two by-laws, the first for separating the Town from the then United Counties of Peterborough and Victoria, and the second in relation to the taking $120,000 stock in the Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway Company, to assist in building the branch line from Millbrook, on which the Town still holds a mortgage in lieu of the subscribed stock, as I considered them cognate to the work, and of sufficient importance to justify a place in it.

I sincerely trust the objects I have had in view have in some measure been attained, and that this small volume may be found a considerable convenience to those who wish to gain information with regard to the subjects I have dealt with.

W. H. MOORE.

Peterborough, Jan. 1902.

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Acts digested or referred to:

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2. 12 Victoria, Chapter 81, 1849, Can.—To incorporate the Town of Peterborough.
3. 14 Victoria, Chapter 40, 1850, Can.—To close up certain roads in the Little Lake Cemetery.
4. 16 Victoria, Chapter 82, 1853, Can.—To incorporate the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company.
5.—16 Victoria, Chapter 241, 1853, Can.—To amend last named Act.
6. 16 Victoria, Chapter 242, 1853, Can.—To amend last named Act.
7. 18 Victoria, Chapter 36, 1855, Can.—To change the name of the Peterborough & Port Hope Railway Co. to the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company.
8. 18 Victoria, Chapter 186, 1855, Can.—To amend Act incorporating the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.
9. 18 Victoria, Chapter 194, 1855, Can.—To incorporate the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.
10. 22 Victoria, Chapter 88, 1859, Can.—For relief of the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company.
11. 22 Victoria, Chapter 119 1859, Can.—To amend Act incorporating the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.

11A. A by-law to withdraw the Town from the County.

12. 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, 1861, Can.—To consolidate the debt of the Town and create the Commissioners of the Town Trust.
13. 25 Victoria, Chapter 58, 1862, Can.—To further provide in relation to the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Co.
14. 27 Victoria, Chapter 60, 1863, Can.—Re Millbrook & Peterborough Branch of the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Company, and Mortgage to Town.

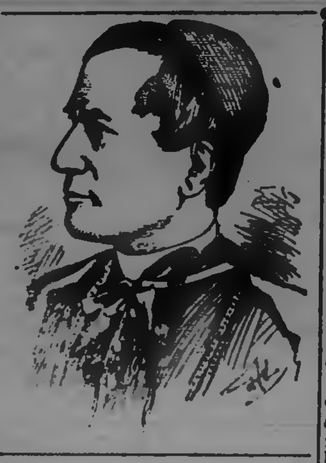
14A. Copy of Patent from the Crown, of the South Reserve.

15. 27 and 28 Victoria, Chapter 86, 1864, Can.—To reorganize the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway Co.
16. 31 Victoria, Chapter 43, 1868, Ont.—To extend the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company to Chemong Lake.
17. 31 Victoria, Chapter 48, 1868, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, consolidating debt of the Town.

18—32 Victoria, Chapter 61, 1868-9, Ont.—To incorporate the Peterborough & Haliburton Railway Company.

19. 33 Victoria, Chapter 38, 1869, Ont.—To amalgamate the Cobourg & Peterborough Railway Company, and Marmora Iron Company.
20. 33 Victoria, Chapter 40, 1869, Ont.—To amend the Act to incorporate the Peterborough & Haliburton Railway Company.
21. 33 Victoria, Chapter 76, 1869, Ont.—To further amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, consolidating the debt of the Town.
22. 35 Victoria, Chapter 71, 1872, Ont.—To enable the Town to bonus manufacturers and construct waterworks.

22A. Proclamation incorporating lands in Monaghan, Smith and Douro in the Town.



23. 36 Victoria, Chapter 67, 1873, Ont.—To unite Ashburnham to Peterborough.
24. 37 Victoria, 1, Chapter 78, 1874, Ont.—For construction and maintenance of waterworks.
25. 38 Victoria, 2, Chapter 40, 1874, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, and re Separate and Union School indebtedness.
26. 38 Victoria, 2, Chapter 40, 1874, Ont.—For granting $100,000 to Huron & Quebec Railway Company.
27. 39 Victoria, Chapter 56, 1875-6, Ont.—To amend Huron & Quebec Railway Act and confirm bonus of $150,000.
28. 39 Victoria, Chapter 78, 1875-6, Ont.—To incur debt of $22,000 for bridges and to amend 21 Victoria, Chapter 61
29. 40 Victoria, Chapter 80, 1877, Ont.—To incorporate William Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.
30. 41 Victoria, Chapter 28, 1878, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, and confirm by-laws.
31. 41 Victoria, Chapter 57, 1878, Ont.—Re Toronto & Ottawa Railway Company, and to confirm by-law for $150,000.
32. 42 Victoria, Chapter 67, 1879, Ont.—Re Central Park, Sale of Fire Hall, issue of $2,000 Debentures and Toronto & Ottawa Railway Company.
33. 43 Victoria, Chapter 83, 1880, Ont.—To amend Act in relation to William Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.
34. 49 Victoria, Chapter 68, 1886, Ont.—To amend 24 Victoria, Chapter 61, re supply water and light and Little Lake Cemetery Company.
35. 49 Victoria, Chapter 87, 1886, Ont.—To incorporate the Nicholls Hospital Trust.
36. 50 Victoria, Chapter 65, 1886, Ont.—To issue $20,000 debentures for erection of bridges and cribbing Crescent street.
37. 51 Victoria, Chapter 56, 1888, Ont.—To correct boundary between Township of Smith and Town.
38. 51 Victoria, Chapter 74, 1888, Ont.—To incorporate the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.
39. 51 Victoria, Chapter 65, 1888, Ont.—An Act respecting the Nicholls Hospital Trust.
40. 51 Victoria, Chapter 98, 1888, Ont.—To amend the Act respecting the Wm. Hall Peterborough Protestant Poor Trust.
41. 53 Victoria, Chapter 89, 1890, Ont.—To confirm by-laws and create liabilities not exceeding ten per cent. of assessed value and borrow money from Nicholls Hospital Trust.
42. 54 Victoria, Chapter 68, 1891, Ont.—An Act to incorporate the Peterborough, Sudbury & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company.
43. 54 Victoria, Chapter 108, 1891, Ont.—To further amend the Nicholls Hospital Trust.

43A. A proclamation adding Jackson Park to the Town.

44. 57 Victoria, Chapter 78, 1894, Ont.—Re Pigeon Creek Bridge; and sinking fund for $37,000; Nicholls Hospital Trust and other matters.
45. 59 Victoria, Chapter 88, 1896, Ont.—Respecting the Nicholls Hospital Trust, Nicholls Park, and Y.M.C.A.
46. 62 Victoria, Chapter 71, 1899, Ont.—Respecting the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co., and to enable the Town to acquire water power, etc., and re Chemong Lake Bridge.

THE NEW SKATING RINK

A Very Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night—To Meet Again on Thursday

A meeting was held in the offices of Hatton & Bradburn last night to further consider arrangements for the erection of a new skating rink. A large number of prominent citizens were present and all are taking a deep interest in the undertaking.

Mayor Deans occupied the chair and after calling the meeting to order, stated that the committee to select a suitable site would give their report. Mr. Hatton, one of the committee, stated that they had looked at a number of places, and had found the prices asked for them. They did not decide on any lot as it was understood that there were other places to see that they had not time to visit. At the meeting several other lots were mentioned, and the committee were authorized to see these places and report at the next meeting. Considerable discussion took place regarding the size of the lots and it was decided to secure one with a good frontage as well as being of a good depth.

Mr. Charlie Bradburn was appointed secretary and by all appearances Mr. Bradburn will be a very busy man as there is considerable stock already sold, and the amount will be doubled in a very short time. The interest taken in the new rink is remarkable, and it is to be hoped that the same interest will continue. The meeting adjourned until 9 o'clock on Thursday night when a very large attendance is expected.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. P. Kidd, 326 George street.

A FRENCH PRELATE TO COME TO CANADA

The Vatican's Representative in the Dominion to be Changed

Mgr. Zandetti of Paris, to Come to Come to Canada

The Pope Still Refuses to Have Anything to do With The Hague

Rome, Feb. 18—There has been quite a shuffle of foreign representatives from the Vatican. Mgr. Martinelli has arrived here to receive his cardinal's hat. Mgr. Zandetti, formerly Archbishop of Bucharest and now Canon of St. Marie Majure at Paris, will go to Canada to replace Mgr. Falconio, who will succeed Mgr. Martinelli as Papal delegate at Washington.

The Vatican still refuses to send a representative to The Hague, as it blames the Netherlands Government for being excluded from the peace conference.

The Pope's health is good, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. He takes his usual daily walks, and eats and sleeps well.

OYSTER SUPPER

In the Cosy School Room of Murray Street Baptist Church

The members of the Baptist Young People's Union of Murray street church, with a number of their friends, spent a very pleasant evening in the school room of the church last night. The Union meets each Monday evening, and it is customary on the last Monday of each quarter to hold an informal gathering. Last evening this meeting took the form of an oyster supper, and the members are to be congratulated upon the manner in which the spread, and the programme preceding it were prepared.

Mr. H. Merritt, President of the Y.P.U. took the chair, and the literary portion of the evening's enjoyment was begun a selection by the orchestra—with "Never Alone." This was followed by a clever Irish reading by Miss Bradshaw, and a dialogue in which a young gentleman and two of the ladies presented three scriptural peoples Pharisee, Scribe and Sadducee. The orchestra again favored the assembly with a selection, "Come to Jesus," and were followed by the Ladies' Comb Orchestra who were enthusiastically encored. The final number on the programme was a tableau presented by Misses. Holdbrook, Taylor and Martin, representing the "Three Graces." This was a touching and beautiful pose by the three young ladies, attired in snowy white and with hair flowing loosely over their shoulders. In the centre was the cross, also snowy white, and grown with ivy.

While these numbers were being rendered, others had been busy in the kitchen preparing, and now the company, about one hundred in number, sat down to a rich and tempting repast of oysters, cake and coffee, etc. The unstinted enjoyment of all was enhanced by the happy trend of conversation and the constant ripple of laughter around the board.

Supper was served by a number of pretty waitresses, each wearing as a distinction of her rank a dainty creation of white lace in her hair, and a spotless pinafore apron; and they were ably assisted by some of the male members of the Union.

Supper over, the gathering joined in the National Anthem, and one of the most successful functions which have been held by the Union was closed.

The Murray St. Y.P. U. is an active, aggressive body, and as it is fed from a Sabbath School with a membership of about 200, the prospects for its growth are most encouraging.

WIN AT KINGSTON

Peterborough Wins the Round by [illegible] Goals—Score Last Night 4-2

The Intermediates of Peterborough, journeyed to Kingston yesterday to play the Cadet team of the R.M.C. of that city.

The game was closely contested by the two teams, the Cadets playing a much better game than they did in Peterborough last week.

At half-time the score stood 1—0 in favor of Kingston, but the Intermediates were resting themselves, and in the second-half, turned the score, and won from the Cadets by a score of four goals to two.

The next match will be played here on Thursday or Friday of this week with the Hamilton team.

Mr. Nicholls' Gift to Ridley

Mr. Frederic Nicholls, President of the General Electric Company, has presented to Ridley College a combined hall and hockey rink, which is to cost at least $5,000. This generous gift is the outcome of his interest in the new building erected for the junior department, and the acquisition of seventy acres of land for playing-ground. These new enterprises at Ridley are largely the result of Mr. Nicholls' counsel, energy and financial help. He has now endeared himself to Ridley boys by providing them with the means for winter sport and with a hall for prize day ceremonies. He is also interested in the new wing to be at once erected to provide further accommodation in the already crowded junior school.

A Great Increasing Army

composed of men and women that spend heart and soul in the vain effort to overcome a lack of vigor in the body. To replace inertia by vigor, to make good, red blood, that will build up the system, to have strong nerves, you must eat more, digest more, assimilate more. How can it be done? By using Ferrozone. It invigorates, strengthens, possesses magical health giving powers. Get Ferrozone to-day and make yourself strong and well.

Weather Notes

Probs: Strong northerly and northwesterly winds; local snowfalls and becoming colder.

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affords you equal profit, considering the amount you have invested. To illustrate: your account with us, amounting to from small sums to at all times, buy and sell stocks to the valuation of from $500 to $5000. You are thus enabled to secure the profits to be made from investment of the above amounts, while really only investing $100. For accounts of larger size, you secure corresponding benefits. Our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated,

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

OIL -SMELTER—MINES

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Canada.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, ON., FEBRUARY 18, 1902.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL

A Bill Introduced Seeking to Change Back Old System

A bill has been introduced into the Ontario Legislature by Dr. Barr, of Dufferin, providing that County Councils shall be composed of the Reeves of townships and villages, and Mayors of towns within and not separated from the county, and to include also, where the population warrants such representation, the Deputy Reeves in townships and the Reeves and Deputy Reeves in towns.

This is a move in the right direction, and will, it is said, have the sanction of the government.

CLAIMS THRONE OF BRITAIN

Wife of Bavarian Crown Prince Said to Be Queen Mary IV.

London, Feb. 18—The celebration by the legitimists of the anniversary of the beheading of King Charles I. a short time ago, calls attention to the charming woman who by the legitimist calendar should be queen of England to-day by reason of direct descent from King Charles. Queen Mary IV., as she would be known, has risen to the occasion with a new photograph which looks greatly unlike any previously printed pictures.

Instead of being Queen of England this lady is the wife of Louis, Crown Prince of Bavaria, and is likely soon to become queen consort of that country, the prince regent, Luitpold, being an old man. She lives at Munich and has a son of 33 who were his claims recognized would now be Prince of Wales.

Why Remain Unsightly adn Disfigured?

Paine's Celery Compound

WILL REMOVE EVERY TRACE OF POISON FROM THE BLOOD AND GIVE YOU A PERFECT AND HEALTHY CIRCULATION.

Are you troubled with eczema, salt rheum, eruptions, boils or running sores? The troubles mentioned are common, and arise from a debility of the nervous system which leaves the excretory organs so weak that they cannot remove the waste matter, and the noxious particles remain in the system carrying disease instead of health to every tissue of the body.

For the various unsightly and horrible blood and skin diseases, Paine's Celery Compound is the medicine recommended and endorsed by our ablest medical practitioners. Its vitalizing, purifying effect upon the blood is unequalled by any other medicine.

Mr. D. McMahon, Peterboro, Ont., writes about his wonderful cure as follows: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the fact that Paine's Celery Compound has caused a remarkable change in my condition. I was troubled with a very bad type of eczema on my face and in patches over my body for four years. I was under treatment of three doctors at different periods and have also tried many remedies, but all proved useless. At last I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and put in bottles of [illegible] as recommended on the label. The one bottle did me so much good that I bought five bottles more, and am now happy to say that I am perfectly cured and completely free from the troublesome disease."

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Tiflis, Russian Transcaucasia, Feb. 18.—Two hundred bodies of victims of the earthquake which destroyed the town of Shamakha, had been recovered up to last evening. It appears certain that several hundred bodies are buried in the fissures and debris caused by the shocks. The quakes continue at intervals and the work of excavating in search of the victims, therefore, proceeds with difficulty. Among the dead are many women, who at the time of the earthquake shock were assembled in the [illegible] bath houses.

Curious Bits of News.

Mark Hanna's secretary says that since 1896 over five hundred children have been named after the Republican "boss."

At the time when the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall were in Victoria, B.C., there were three families living in Quebec street named respectively "George," "Cornwall," and "York," and the eldest Miss George had the Christian name of "May."

An official decision of the much-discussed question whether there is such a condition of affairs in the Philippines as constitutes a state of war, has been given by the United States War Department in connection with a pending claim. The Department holds that the islands are still in a condition of war.

An important step has been taken toward the abolition of slavery in German East Africa by the publication of an imperial edict which permits every slave to end his condition of servitude by the payment of a sum of money, the amount of which is to be determined by the authorities. Every slave is to be permitted to work for himself two days in the week, or to use for his own purposes the corresponding proceeds of his labor. This will give the slaves an opportunity to accumulate the purchase money. It is further decreed that masters shall not transfer ownership without the consent of the slave.

It is understood that Seth Low, shortly after he was elected mayor of New York, sold a million and a half dollars' worth of securities owned by him in various banks that are doing business with the city, so that he might not in the least embarrass the city. He is determined that the conduct of New York city affairs shall not be liable to the slightest suspicion so far as lies in his power. Many of the stocks sold had been held by him for years, and were gilt-edged securities. His friends say that in disposing of those permanent investments Low made considerable of a sacrifice, as he can not find the equal of some of them as income producers.

The strange story of the elopement of an ordinary milch cow with a bull moose comes from Lake Onawa, a pretty sheet of water in the hills of Piscataquis County, Maine, much frequented by sportsmen from the big cities. The cow was the property of Dr. A. T. Sanden of New York, whose cottage is located on the shore of Onawa, and she was kept in a pasture enclosed by a rail fence. A big moose had been several times seen hanging around the cottage grounds late at night, displaying great boldness. One night he came close up to where the cow was, and the two seemed to be good friends. Late at night a tremendous crash was heard, and next morning the fence was a wreck and the cow gone. Neither she nor the moose has been seen since.

Too Much Parent.

In these days of strenuous parentage, it may not be amiss to suggest mildly that there may be, in the constitution of a family, such a thing as too much parent. Time was when being a parent was incidental to other business in life. Our grandfathers brought up children, a dozen at a time, with a careless familiarity that takes away the modern breath. Each of the dozen was disciplined and duly chastened. They were whipped when they told lies, and occasionally when they did not. They learned to read at four; were put to work at five, as a matter of course; and developed, in due time, the stuff that men are made of. There was never any particular fuss about it. The larger the family, the more whippings it took. But there were always enough to go around, and no one the worse for it. The advertisement, "Boy missing. Run away from home," was not an uncommon feature of the weekly newspaper. But of the remnant who had the courage to stay at home and grow up, it may be said that they made admirable citizens. They had the rare privilege of passing their childhood and youth in the presence of men and women who had other and more important business in life than that of being parent to offspring. They grew up with a chastened sense of their own unimportance in the scheme of being, and a philosophic expectation of taking the hard knocks of life as they came.

We have changed all that. We have listened to the voice of Froebel, "Let us play with our children;" and to the educational moralist, "A father should be his boy's best friend;" and to our most famous and most unpractical poet, "The child is father to the man;" and the whole business of child-raising is turned other end to. We no longer raise them by the dozen. One or two at a time is as much as we dare venture, and very cautiously at that. We study the development and take notes on the bumps, phrenological; the other kind the modern child is never allowed to have. We agonize over our relation to his moral growth, and drop tentative, trembling seeds into the ground of his being, and exchange specimens if anything comes of it. The result, as a whole, is not, it must be admitted, altogether unpleasing. There is something about the well-born, well-bred, wholesome child of to-day that gladdens the eye and the heart. But the poor parent! We protest that he has never had a chance in life. Two to one his own parents belonged to the old school, and disciplined him within an inch of life. And now his children belong to the new. He is ground between the upper and the nether stone. Only in scattered, precious moments does he dare call himself his own. Late in the evening, perhaps, when the all-important child has been adequately played with and encouraged and developed and put to bed on his hygienic pillow, there comes a moment when the exhausted parent may sit down before the fire and draw a comfortable, grown-up breath, and gather strength and wisdom for the morrow.

As we watch him, we are reminded of the pleasant old gentleman who, across the reception-plate, is accosted by the genial young girl: "After all, sir, there's nothing so delicious as the wing of a chicken, is there?" And the old gentleman: "I don't know, my dear. When I was young the old people always ate the wings, and now I am old the young people eat them. I have never tasted the wing of a chicken."—From the "Contributors' Club."

Minister—I am sorry I didn't see you at church yesterday, Tummas. Tummas—Weel, ye see, it was sicca a wet day it wisna fit tae turn oot a dog in. But I sent the wife, sir.—Ex.

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was easily prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fill so many of his public engagements.

Gratitude

Always seeks to find some expression for itself, and womanly gratitude will not keep silence. Cynical people sometimes say Why do women write these testimonials to the value of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? The answer can be put in one word, *Gratitude*. When, after years of agony a woman is freed from pain, when the weak woman is made strong and the sick woman well, the natural impulse is to write a word of grateful thanks for the medicine which caused the cure.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures diseases peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Having used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' during the past year," writes Mrs. Mattie Long, of [illegible] Valley, Perry Co., Pa., "I can truthfully recommend the medicine for all female weakness. I have used several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' which I consider a great blessing to weak women. I was so nervous and discouraged that I hardly knew what to do. Your kind advice for home treatment helped me wonderfully. Thanks to Dr. Pierce."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, and sick headache. They should be used in connection with "Favorite Prescription," whenever the use of a laxative is indicated.

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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You reach your customer in a few seconds and.....

MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

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Anecdotal.

It is related that once, when a captain in the army was cornered by the enemy, he addressed his men as follows: "My men, fight like demons until your powder gives out, then run. I'm a little lame, I'll start now."

An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it Twain."

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an English publishing house was responsible the other day for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later, with the following endorsement: "In Heaven, ———, 1901. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

When asked what he thought of a certain captain who frequented the Essex links, a Scotch caddie said: "Weel, sir, he's a verra nice gentleman an' a good gaufer, but he's awfu' nerra—awfu' nerra." "Narrow! What do you mean, Donald?" "Weel, sir, it wis this way. Efter the game was ower, and I had carried his clubs up tae the house, he says: 'Donald, will ye hae a draw?' and I said: 'I do be verra pleased,' so he gets the bottle, an' he pourin' awa' intae a glass, an' I wantin' tae be genteel, says: 'Stop! stop'—an' he stopped."

What to do with Jefferson Davis should he be captured, was a problem that puzzled Lincoln's Cabinet not a little. In speaking of it to General Grant one day, the President remarked: "There was once an Irishman who had signed the Father Mathew temperance pledge. Going into a saloon to get a glass of lemonade to quench his thirst, he leaned over and whispered to the barkeeper: 'And couldn't you put a little brandy in it unbeknownst to meself?' So," continued Mr. Lincoln, "let Davis escape all unbeknown to yourself if you can."

L. R. Stockwell, the popular actor, says that some years ago in San Francisco, when Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, was a feature in a revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Bill" Nye was to have lectured at the Baldwin Theater, but was greeted by so small an audience that he excused himself and went over to hear Jackson talking of the pearly gates to Little Eva. After the performance Stockwell met Nye in the lobby of the theater, and he exclaimed: "Hello, Nye! What did you think of Peter?" "Well," responded the humorist, dryly, "anatomically he was great, but Uncle Tomically he is the worst I ever saw."

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.—Medical science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a [illegible]. The [illegible] of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. [illegible] 35 cents.—9

Sold by E. E. [illegible]

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

Dated at Peterborough 14th January, 1902.

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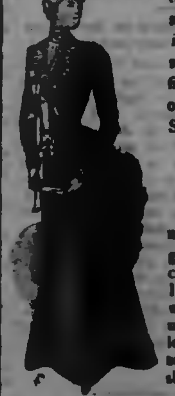

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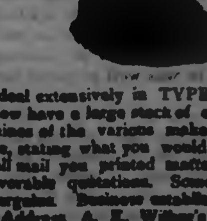

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THE

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MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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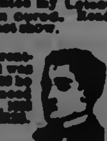

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Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. 1902.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

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Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
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LIMITED

Of the 12,000,000,000 letters annually distributed by the postoffices of the world 8,000,000,000 are addressed in English, 1,200,000,000 in German and 1,000,000,000 in French. All the other languages have less than 2,000,000,000 between them.

By employing compressed air, a Dresden manufacturer has lately succeeded in producing glass vessels of extraordinary size. Heretofore, it is said, concave glass could be blown into vessels having a capacity not exceeding about 26 gallons, but by the new process glass bath-tubs and large glass bottles can be blown.

The highest tunnel in the world is now in course of construction by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Crow's Nest Pass. It is at an altitude of 4,500 feet above sea level. The Loop Tunnel, as the work is called, will be 840 feet long, of which over 300 feet are completed. A force of 300 men is working day and night, and it is anticipated it will be finished by December next. This tunnel will shorten the route by fourteen miles, and will greatly reduce grades and curvatures.

A sporting friend of the editor of "Sporting and Dramatic News" keeps some green-tree frogs in a glass globe, and the children feed them on flies and other insects. "In their bowl stands a miniature flight of steps, and when the frogs climb up and perch on those steps my friend leaves his mackintosh at home, being assured of fine weather. When the frogs huddle together at the bottom of the globe, then he says it is a safe sign of coming rain."

For soldiers' use, and for employment under circumstances where fresh milk, coffee and chocolate are not easily obtainable, a dried preparation is now being manufactured which serves excellently as a substitute. Skimmed milk is evaporated by the help of an air blast to the condition of a paste, and, after being dried, is reduced to powder by grinding. Then it is mixed with powdered chocolate, half and half, and is either put up as dust or compressed into cakes. When wanted, water is added, the resulting fluid is boiled, and all that is needed is a little sugar.

A system of teaching the French language by phonograph is to be tried in England. Several prominent French professors are devoting their energies to preparing phonograph cylinders carrying French lessons upon them. The phonographic records are accompanied by a book, which contains thirty lessons, each of which corresponds to a phonographic cylinder, and each lesson is ingeniously illustrated. All that the student has to do is to set the phonograph in motion, and the book will explain what the instrument is saying.

The following advertisement is from the Tokio "Nippon" (newspaper): "I am a beautiful woman. My abundant undulating hair envelops me as a cloud. Supple as a willow is my waist. Soft and brilliant is my visage as the satin of the flowers. I am endowed with wealth sufficient to saunter through life hand in hand with my beloved. Were I to meet a gracious lord, kindly, intelligent, well educated, and of good taste, I would unite myself with him for life, and later share with him the pleasure of being laid to rest eternal in a tomb of pink marble."

One of the oddest of recent inventions is a refrigerating egg, as it might be called. It is an ovoid capsule of nickel-plated copper, about the size and shape of a hen's egg, hollow and nearly filled with ice. If you have a glass of milk that is not cold enough, you do not like to put ice into it, because dilution with water spoils the beverage. But, if you have one of these eggs handy, you may drop it into the glass, and in a few moments the liquid is reduced to the desired temperature. In the same way you may cool your cup of coffee, if it is too hot, and the idea is equally applicable to any other drink.

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THE TIMES

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Daily, by mail ....$6 a year
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Price 5c a copy. By mail $2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Anecdotal.

While preaching from the text: "He giveth his beloved sleep," a minister stopped in the middle of his sermon, gazed upon his dozing auditors, and said: "Brethren, it is hard to realize the wondrous unbounded love the Lord appears to have for a good portion of this congregation."

The "Green Bag" tells of a lawyer who was about to furnish a bill of costs. "I hope," said his client, who was a baker, "that you will make it as light as possible." "Ah," said the lawyer, "you might perhaps say that to the foreman of your establishment, but that is not the way I make my bread!"

While James McNeill Whistler, the eccentric American painter, was in a London shop one day a customer rushed in, and, mistaking Mr. Whistler for a clerk, exclaimed: "I say, this hat doesn't fit." The artist eyed him for a minute, and then replied, scornfully: "Neither does your coat, and I'll be hanged if I like the color of your trousers."

An attorney named Else, rather diminutive in his stature, and not particularly respectable in his character, once met Jekyll. "Sir," said he, "I hear you have called me a pettifogging scoundrel. Have you done so, sir?" "Sir," said Jekyll, with a look of contempt, "I never said you were a pettifogger, or a scoundrel, but I said you were 'little Else.'"

When Bishop Potter was asked, the other day, what he thought of woman suffrage he made the diplomatic reply: "My dear madam, I have gotten away beyond that; I am trying to make the best terms with the sex that I can obtain." This brings to mind the mot of William M. Evarts when asked by a lady if he did not think that woman was the best judge of woman. He replied: "Not only the best judge, madam, but the best executioner."

"S. Paul" is the name above a chemist's shop in a London suburb. It arrested the attention of a convivial gentleman returning home in the small hours, and he rang the bell vigorously. The chemist's head appeared above. "What is it?" he called out. "Want speak t' you ver' pert'clar," said the convivial one. "What is it; d' you want some medicine?" "Want speak t' you ver' pert'clar." The chemist hastily dressed, came down, and opening the door exclaimed impatiently, "Well now, what is it?" "I want know—did you ever get answer to that terr—terr'ble long epistle you wrote to Thes'lonians?"

J. Pierpont Morgan makes his boast that he never has been interviewed, and declares that in the last seven years but one interviewer ever has been able to approach him. This was on a recent trip to Europe, when a representative of the London "Times" would not take "No" for his answer. "Tell the 'Times' man my time is worth ten pounds a minute," at last said Morgan. "The 'Times' man says he'll take two minutes at that," came back the reply. The interviewer handed Mr. Morgan twenty pounds, talked just two minutes by both their watches, did all the talking himself, and rose to go on the instant. "Why did you want to see me?" Morgan asked in curiosity. "Oh, I wagered one hundred pounds that I would interview you personally, that's all," was his reply. Morgan congratulated him on his enterprise, and dismissed him within the third minute of his call. When asked, the other day, if he kept the twenty pounds, Morgan said: "Yes, and I haven't earned money in a long time that gave me the satisfaction that twenty pounds did."

Lincoln, even as a young man, was always ready and resourceful on the platform. In the new book, Lincoln in Story, it is related that in 1836 Lincoln made a telling speech in an election campaign for the State Legislature of Illinois. George Forquer, an old and respected citizen, who had changed his party, and almost simultaneously had been appointed to a fat office by his new friends, was present. Just at this time Mr. Forquer had completed the finest house in Springfield and over it erected a lightning-rod, the first in that region. At the conclusion of Lincoln's speech, Forquer took it upon himself to reply, commencing thus: "This young man will have to be taken down, and I am sorry the task devolves upon me." He then proceeded to answer Lincoln's argument in an able and fair but patronizing manner. At length Forquer ended and Lincoln had the floor to reply. "The gentleman has seen fit," said he, "to allude to my being a young man, but he forgets that I am older in years than in the tricks and trades of politicians. I desire long life and I desire place and distinction, but I would rather die now than, like the gentleman, live to see the day that I would change my politics for an office worth $3,000 a year and then feel compelled to erect a lightning-rod to protect a guilty conscience from an offended God."

Hard Luck in the West.

The cowboy sat down on the ground, fingered a roll of bills and looked sadly at his pard.

"Bill," he said, "it's no use. I can't go to town with you to-day."

"Why?" asked Bill.

"I've only got $35 to my name."

"Figger it up ag'in," said Bill.

"No use. I've figgered it up a dozen times, and it always comes out the same. It'll take $30 for the drunk, dollar an' a half for bed an' breakfast, three an' a half for ca'tridges, an' that won't leave a cussed cent to pay the fine."—Indianapolis "Sun."

Ouida in Her Old Age.

Ouida, as Mlle. De La Ramee prefers to call herself, is now an elderly lady, but she still affects the white muslin frocks and pale blue ribbons of a bygone era. She is the autocratic queen of a large circle of admirers at Florence, where she has an ideal home, and an extraordinary collection of dogs. Ouida does not like England or English life and food, and not infrequently at London dinner-tables has asked for cold roast beef and beer, that being the level, she says, on which she places English cookery.

"I thought you were given a job in the public service because of the work you did for the party." "I was, but I quit." "Why?" "Why! Why, hang it all, they're getting so blamed particular now that they want a fellow to work for his salary."—[illegible]

A Great Whispering Gallery

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-tone. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

His First Deer.

By REGINALD GOURLAY.

My English friend, Tom Dare, was an enthusiastic sportsman. There was nothing strange about that. Most Englishmen of his type and class are. But then he was besides one of the worst shots when he first came out to this country (he improved afterwards) that I ever saw "waste his lead upon the desert air."

Now, most Englishmen of his class (he was the younger son of a Buckinghamshire squire) are excellent shots, being to the manor born as it were, which made this defect the more remarkable. He was very credulous about some things, particularly as regarded game and shooting in America. Here, again, he resembled many other Englishmen. He was brave, generous and impulsive, much more resembling an Irishman than an Englishman in this last respect. He was also very near-sighted, which accounted in part for his frequent bad shots, and he always wore what he called "glawses."

When I first saw Tom Dare it was on the Canadian Grand Trunk train going west, somewhere between Kingston and Toronto. His compartment in the Pullman car resembled a small shop for the sale of sporting goods, or an exhibit of deadly and murderous weapons. Gun and rifle-cases lay all around him. He had evidently not been able to endure their removal from his sight to the baggage-car. At every stop he would move forward to the latter car and inspect a huge St. Bernard, a pair of pointers and an evil-minded bulldog, with deep solicitude. These interesting animals were making about as much noise as a pack of hounds in full cry, and two of them—the St. Bernard and the bulldog—were dangerous to come near. Some ideas exchanged on sporting topics, and the timely assistance I was able to give him in soothing his excited quadrupeds, made us friendly at once, for there is a singular freemasonry among sportsmen. But when he found that I lived in the very city he was bound for, and that I knew well several people he had letters of introduction to, Englishman-like, Dare expanded completely, and I was soon in possession of his experiences, tribulations and trials since his arrival in the New World, and some of his hopes and plans for the future.

It seems that, having had some property left him by a maiden aunt, as well as the usual younger son's allowance, he was free to realize the chief desire of his soul, which was to visit North America and do his utmost to lessen the number of wild animals on that continent. He confided to me in a burst of enthusiasm, invoked by some appreciative remarks of mine, betokening a congenial spirit, "that spawt—real wild spawt"—was the guiding star of his existence, and that to enjoy it, unfettered by any of the effete restraints which hedge it in at home, was the chief reason of his leaving his native shore.

We reached our destination at last, and Dare departed to a neighboring hotel with his arsenal and canines. In due time he presented his letters of introduction to various families, was taken up very kindly by society, and "put up" at most of the clubs; and was even to be seen, with an intense expression of hopeless gloom overshadowing his countenance, assisting at various fashionable functions.

I met him often at the club and elsewhere, and got to like him very much. I gathered from some remarks that fell from him that he was not altogether happy among his fashionable engagements and surroundings, and that he sighed for the hour when he could escape from them into the wilderness and hunt bears in peace. Like Lady Clara Vere de Vere, "the languid light of his proud eye was wearied with the rolling hours," and he counted the moments till the deer-shooting season opened, and till he could fly from the blandishments of dear Jane or charming Gladys or Ethel to the northern forests.

The happy, longed-for day at last arrived. A generous friend had placed his hunting lodge (he being detained at home by important business) at our disposal for the season. It was situated in Northern Algoma, in what was then—and is now—a great game country. So it happened that just forty-eight hours after the opening of the season Dare and I were standing on the porch of the comfortable little rustic house looking out over the most beautiful little lake in the world. Our four men were bringing packs and baggage from the canoes up to the house with that beautiful calm deliberation and absence of all fussy feverish haste characteristic of the Canadian "half-breed," while in front of us, leaning on his rifle, stood our guide, the redoubtable Kit Todd, best of hunters and trappers between Lake Superior and the Ottawa.

Tom Dare was in the seventh heaven. During his sojourn in Canada he had learned something about the game of the northern part of this continent. He had found out, for instance, that elk and cariboo did not abound in the neighborhood of New York; that buffalo were extinct in Ohio, in Illinois, and in the vicinity of Toronto, Canada. In fact, that they were virtually extinct everywhere in America. Also, that to get big game anywhere in America you had to go a long way back. He quite understood that in the forests he saw clothing in wild beauty the hills around him he could only expect to get a shot at red or Virginia deer, at small game—if he cared to shoot them—as often and as fast as he could fire, with now and then, by good luck, a chance at a bear or moose. "These," he remarked to Kit Todd, the guide, with great magnanimity, "were quite good enough for him. All he asked was to be led to the fray at once."

This was, of course, impossible, as it was within an hour or so of sunset, and the long black shadows of the hemlocks and birches already stretched far over the glassy waters of the little lake. But very early next morning Kit Todd, moved by Dare's pathetic entreaties, took us out for a short, informal still-hunt over the ridges, "to sorter prospect like," as he expressed it.

Dare's emotions on being at last a denizen of the vast and trackless woods were genuine and uncontrolled. I could appreciate them, for a more glorious October morning never dawned. It was pretty enough by the lake, where our lodge was, the light blue of the water exactly matching the color of the sky, while the startlingly vivid hues, by comparison, of the brilliant autumn foliage of the trees [illegible] up shores, made the water seem almost unreal—like air.

But in the great woods it was grand! The endless contrast of tints—the dark red of the oak against the light yellow of the beeches; the vivid crimson of the maple standing out like a fire on a dark night against a thick belt of cedars; the scarlet of the sumach and the gold of the birch; the great white pines and hemlocks, with mighty column-like stems, lifting their changeless mass of dark needles far above the medley of gay colors beneath, as if in disdain of their tawdry fickleness—all this wealth and confusion of color was the first thing that struck the intruder into this great temple of nature. And next the silence—or, rather, what seemed a great silence at first, for one soon discovered that it was broken by innumerable undertones, the many voices of the great forest, the never-ceasing tokens of the eternal unrest of nature. The creaking of one giant bough against another, the far-off drumming of a grouse, the bark of the red fox, the dropping of a pine cone—even the vague, uncertain descent of a leaf, or the cry of the jay or ivory-billed woodpecker far off in the deep melancholy forest, filled one with the idea that here at last were the frontiers of that great wild Nature which man in America is ever driving further and further away. But she—patient and biding her time—will perhaps come back in a few thousands of years and hide him and his works, as she has hidden those of many a race and dynasty in the Old World and the New since the earth was young.

Dare felt all these things so much that he asked to be allowed to take care of himself for a while, "to give him the true feeling of solitude," he said. So Kit and I went along one ridge, and Dare made his way along another running parallel with ours, and about a hundred yards to the right. He hadn't been gone twenty minutes when he put a bullet (45.75 Winchester) through the top of my fore-and-aft cap, which I had foolishly decorated with a deer's tail, an absurdity which almost invited accident when a "tenderfoot" was one of the party.

"That gent with the goggles is out after meat," said Kit dryly, as he surveyed the two holes. "An' seemin'ly he ain't noways pertic'ler what kind he gits."

Tom's consternation, of course, was extreme, but it was mingled with a sort of injured feeling towards me for not having been a deer. After that Todd accompanied Dare to prevent these little mistakes as to the nature of his game, and also to prevent his indulging in what Todd called "permiskyus gunnin'"—i.e., firing his rifle at partridge, rabbits, etc., which he showed every disposition to do, and which would effectually settle any hope of our even getting sight of a deer. I went along the parallel ridge alone.

There were many deer in the Algoma woods in those days (there are many now, for that matter), so we saw plenty of tracks. Still, I didn't expect much success, for several reasons. For one thing, the day was too fine. There was no wind in the woods, and the rustle of our steps in the dead leaves would be audible to the keen hearing of a deer far away. Then there were too many of us. The solitary, silent sportsman is the one that gets game, still-hunting.

So I was agreeably surprised when, not five minutes after we had separated, Dare and Todd "jumped" a deer from an oak top with the leaves still on, left by lumberers. Todd let drive at it with his single-fire rifle as it made its first long, beautiful bound out of cover, and, strange to say—for he was a first-rate shot—only scraped its flank. The deer, a spike-buck, went straight away up the ridge in full view, while with frenzied haste and uncertain aim crack! crack! crack! went Tom's repeater.

The buck was just topping the ridge, about two hundred yards off, when Dare fired a last wild, despairing shot, and the deer gave a great bound, stretching his fore and hind legs stiffly out. Then all its limbs collapsed in mid-air, and it pitched straight forward on its head.

"By gum, sir, you killed him!" yelled the guide, looking at Dare with a wild surprise, similar to that which Mark Twain's musing spider exhibited when he stepped on the red-hot shovel.

But Dare had uttered a long, loud yell of triumph and victory, and was tearing along the ridge, brandishing a murderous-looking knife. We followed, and arrived just in time to prevent his cutting the dead buck's head off on the spot for a trophy. As Todd and I came up the ridge together I heard the guide muttering: "Killed in his tracks! Goin' full lick! Two hundred yards good, an' by a tenderfoot as takes a man's hat for a deer! Meeracles ain't through happenin' yet, by gum!"

The buck was hit in the back of the head, just below the horns. The bullet had passed through the brain and out at the forehead, killing him instantly. It was a ghastly fluke, but a lucky one, for Dare had killed his first deer the very first day out, and fairly too.

We now thought we had done enough for glory that day, especially as our whole outfit had still to be unpacked. Dare, too, was most anxious to get his prey back at once to our hunting-lodge. He seemed to think that it would vanish into thin air if he took his eyes off it for a moment. So with considerable difficulty we dragged the animal back to the lodge.

And for the rest of that day, amidst all the clatter of unpacking, the talk and the chaff, Dare sat silent and happy, his head enveloped in a cloud of tobacco smoke, replying only in monosyllables when addressed. But on his face was a deep, seraphic peace, like that which illumines the countenance of a Sioux or Pawnee chief who has just succeeded in "collecting" the scalp of his deadliest enemy. For the time his heart's chief desire was realized. He had slain his first deer.

How it Looked to Him.

This is what "Short Stories" tells of a staunch young churchman who is most careful in his observance of the feasts and fasts of the year:

When the owl lunch wagons in Herald Square were still a novelty, he visited New York and saw one for the first time.

"What have we here?" he said to his companion.

"What a question from you!" was the retort. "A good churchman like you not to know a movable feast when he sees it!"

"Oh, I should call it a [illegible] à la carte," promptly replied the [illegible].

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

The present mace of the British House of Commons has been in use since the reign of Charles II. It has accordingly witnessed the rise and development of constitutional principles and practice, and of the responsibility of Ministers of the Crown to the House of Commons, and through the House of Commons to the people at large.

Most people, if they were asked to state the color of the sun, would say that it was orange, and they would as confidently assert that the color of the atmosphere was blue. Recent researches and investigations, however, says "Knowledge," point to the conclusion that the real color of the sun is blue, while that of the atmosphere surrounding the earth is orange.

A good many formalities are necessary for the women of Sumatra before they can lay aside their widow's weeds, says "Womanhood." Immediately after the husband's death the disconsolate widow places a flagstaff in front of her door, and on this a flag is raised. As long as the flag remains untorn by the wind etiquette forbids her to marry, but with the appearance of the first rent she can lay aside her mourning garb, begin to take notice and to receive offers of marriage.

A little machine which threads one thousand needles a minute is at work in St. Gall, Switzerland. The purpose of the machine is to thread needles that are placed afterwards in an embroidery loom for making Swiss or Hamburg lace. The device is almost entirely automatic. It takes the needle from a hopper, carries it along and threads it, ties the knot, cuts the thread off a uniform length, then carries the needle across an open space and sticks it in a rack. The work of threading these needles was formerly done by hand.

The highest waterfall in the world, geography tells us, is the Cerosola cascade, in the Alps, having a fall of 2,400 feet; that of Arvey, in Savoy, is 1,100 feet, and the falls of the Yosemite Valley range from 700 to 1,000 feet. But higher yet is the fall in the San Cayatan canyon, in the State of Durango, Mexico. It was discovered by some prospectors ten years ago in the great Barranca district, which is called the Tierras Desconocidas. While searching for the famous lost mine, Naranjal, a great roar of water was heard. With great difficulty the party pushed on and up and down the mighty chasms, until they beheld the superb fall that is at least 3,000 feet high.

The date-palm may solve the problem of what to do with the arid and alkali lands of Arizona and other Western States. Experiments have been made in the past, but renewed interest is being taken by the section of plant introduction of the Department of Agriculture at Washington. According to the New York "Sun," Professor D. G. Fairchild, agricultural explorer for the department, now traveling in Africa, has procured a number of suckers, or off-shoots, from the Delta of the Nile, which will be distributed in the southwestern States. In the United States the date is an article of luxury, but in its native country it is a most important food, many regions in Arabia and the Sahara being uninhabitable but for the date-palm.

President Harper of the University of Chicago recently received the following letter from a prospective girl-student at Pecatonica, Ill.: "Dear Dr. Harper—I know you will be pleased to learn that I have decided to attend the university school of education this fall. I am going to Chicago next Saturday on the morning train, and as I have never been in the city before, I would be glad if you would meet me at the depot. I am five feet four inches tall, have light hair and eyes, and a pleasing appearance. I shall wear a dark-brown traveling skirt and a blue waist with white yoke. I think I shall know you from your pictures, but for fear I make a mistake, will you please wear your card in your hat?"

"A pathetic incident in connection with a biograph scene occurred in Detroit, Mich., March 17 last," says "Popular Science." "A view made at the occupation of Peking was being flashed across the screen. It represented a detachment of the Fourteenth United States Infantry entering the gates of the Chinese capital. As the last file of soldiers seemed literally stepping out of the frame on to the stage, there rose a scream from a woman who sat in front. 'My God!' she cried hysterically, 'there is my dead brother Allen marching with the soldiers.' The figure had been recognized by others in the audience as that of Allen McCaskill, who had mysteriously disappeared some years before. Subsequently Mrs. Booth, the sister, wrote to the War Department and learned that it really was her brother whose presentment she so strangely had been confronted with."

Evidence to the Contrary.

Citizen—Madam, why do you persist in punching me with your umbrella?

Madam—I want to make you look around, so I can thank you for giving me your seat. Now, sir, don't you go off and say that women haven't any manners.—Chicago "Record-Herald."

An Ambiguous Compliment.

Miss Beckley—I'm so glad I'm not an heiress, Mr. Soper. I should never know whether my suitors were attracted by myself or my money.

Mr. Soper—Oh, Miss Beckley, your mirror should leave you in no doubt on that score!—"Punch."

Changed Her Mind.

The house was "handy to the street car line" and in good repair, there were the proper number of closets and the rental was reasonable, but before coming to terms the house-hunting matron said to the agent:

"It is only fair for me to tell you that we have five boys."

"That won't make any difference, ma'am," he said, with a smile. "You will find big families of boys on both sides of you."

"Oh, then I don't want the house at all!" she exclaimed. "I want to find a neighborhood where there won't be any boys but mine!"

At last accounts she was still hunting.

* * *

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Wasp."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

RENTS Must Go Higher, because we have several applicants for every vacant house on our books and we have to notify tenants almost daily to vacate because we have sold the houses to wise ones, who prefer being their own landlords and masters of their own homes. Every family should own their own home, and can, if they will only be guided by our long practical experience. Free to all. Ask for our printed lists of houses, lots, gardens or farms. Open 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or monstrous misery is in the teeth. It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings.............1 00
Silver fillings..............50c
Gold crowns................5 00
Painless extraction........25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 3 and 4, over China Hall.

We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for
DRY PICKED CHICKS.
Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.
SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
London, Ont

ADVERTISE
-IN-
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is nobody to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many strangers in the town who cannot [illegible] the houses [illegible]

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 18 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Boy wanted at The Times Bookstore.

—The mild weather is greatly appreciated.

—A prohibition convention will be held in Lindsay on Friday, Feb. 21st.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 353 George street.

—The Water Commissioners will meet this afternoon at four o'clock.

—The people of Oshawa are urging a hospital for that town.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains, 353 George street.

—The Board of Works met yesterday, and discussed several matters of importance.

— —The report of the auditors for the Township of Belmont shows a surplus of $1,322.

—The storekeepers on George street are removing the snow and ice from the sidewalks in front of their stores.

—The Sunday school anniversary services in connection with the George Street Methodist church, will be held on Sunday next.

—The 57th Regt. Band will give another of their excellent concerts in the market hall on Friday evening, Feb. 21st.

—See the new photos at the entrance to Mr. Whiten's studio. Nothing in town can surpass them in finish and style. Go and see the work.

—At the police court yesterday a man named McDonough who was charged with vagrancy, came up on remand. He was discharged.

—The use of individual communion cups is rapidly growing in favor. In the Methodist church at Bowmanville the new cups were used on Sunday for the first time and the members are much pleased with them.

—The Central Milling Co. expect to begin operations in their new flour mill this week. The machinery is all in place and in running order. Mr. Mulhern, the manager, has had full charge of the work.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Fraser Mission Band, of St. Paul's church, will be held this afternoon. The members are all requested to be present.

—Steam coal is very scarce just now and as a result, several freight trains on this division of the G.T.R. have been cancelled. The scarcity is due to the badly blockaded condition of the railroads leading to the coal mines.

—At the police court yesterday morning, John Evans, a poor and almost helpless old man, was given 3 months in gaol as a vagrant. The case of this unfortunate man furnishes further proof that a House of Refuge is required in this county.

—A very fine specimen of a deer's head is on exhibition in the window of the Peterborough Hardware Co., George street. The head is one of the finest ever seen here, and was mounted by Mr. Elcombe.

While Rev. Father Kielty, of Douro, was making a purchase in one of the George St. stores, yesterday afternoon, his horse, which had been left in the care of a small boy, became frightened and ran away. It proceeded south and turned on Simcoe St., coming up at Mr. Cavanagh's Hotel, after smashing and freeing itself from the cutter.

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21ST

Chosen Friends Concert

The concert by the Chosen Friends in their hall on Thursday evening, Feb. 27th, promises to be a very pleasant and interesting affair. A good programme of music, readings, recitations etc., has been prepared by the members. A special feature about the concert will be the prizes which will be given with each ticket that is bought.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Dr. Saunders was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Kidd, Rubidge street, during his stay in town.

—Mr. Stewart Cruikshanks, of N. Dakota, has returned to his home after a very pleasant visit to friends in this vicinity.

—Mr. Ira Snelgrove, of Toronto, passed through town yesterday on his return to his home from Lakefield, where he attended the funeral of his uncle, Mr. John Chesty.

—Mr. George Ball has received his commission as Grand Deputy for the County of Peterborough in the C.M.B.A.

—Rev. Father McCloskey was able to visit his church on Sunday for the first time in three months. His many friends will be pleased to learn of his recovery.

—Miss Gertrude McClellan arrived home on Monday from a brief visit to friends in Fenelon Falls and Lindsay.

—Mr. Isaac McLean, of Apsley, has been appointed to the office of bailiff of the Fifth Division Court of the County of Peterborough.

—The many friends of Judge Weller are pleased to see him again on the streets, after his illness. He is, we are pleased to say, rapidly regaining his former good health.

Sore Throat and Hoarseness

with their attendant dangers may be speedily averted and remedied by the use of Polson's Nerviline. Excellent to gargle with—ten times better than a mustard plaster, and more convenient for the outside. Nerviline penetrates the tissues instantly, soothes the pain, allays inflammation, and cures sore throat and hoarseness simply because that's what it was made for. The large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is unexcelled as a household liniment. It cures everything.

FELL SIXTY-FIVE FEET AND WAS KILLED.

MR. J. E. PERRIN FELL FROM CEREAL WORKS BUILDING

Yesterday Afternoon and Expired a Few Hours After at the Nicholls Hospital

The new cereal buildings was the scene of a horrifying accident yesterday afternoon about 3.45, when J. F. Perrin, a laborer on the building fell from the top floor of the building, from which he received injuries which caused his death about three hours later.

Mr. Perrin was employed in taking wheelbarrows of mortar and brick from an elevator or hoist, which is raised and lowered by an engine on the ground. Through some misunderstanding, the hoist was lowered while he was in the act of removing a loaded barrow. This hoist ascends and descends very rapidly, and when it was lowered, Mr. Perrin lost his balance and fell head-foremost into the elevator shaft and landed on a pile of debris, over sixty feet below. An alarm was at once given that a man was injured and help rushed into the building and found the injured man lying on his back, in an unconscious condition. Medical aid was at once called and in a very few minutes Dr. Eastwood arrived on the scene. After a hurried examination, the ambulance was summoned and the man removed to the Nicholls Hospital. A further examination was made by Drs. Eastwood and Greer, and it was found that the skull was fractured, besides internal injuries. His case was very serious, and from the first very little hopes were entertained for his recovery. Death came about 6.45, without his ever regaining consciousness.

Mr. Perrin came to town from Haliburton some time ago, and boarded with his sister at No. 368 Sherbrooke street. He secured employment at the Cereal works, where he worked steadily up to the day of the accident. Deceased was about 29 years of age, and unmarried. He was of a very quiet disposition, and was well liked by all with whom he came in contact. Arrangements for the funeral were not completed up to a late hour last night.

County Coroner Grey after learning the particulars of the case decided to hold an inquest. The jury will be chosen at once and will meet in the Town Council chamber at seven o'clock this evening.

MUST HAVE IT

Properly Selected Food of Great Importance

Loss of memory is a sure sign that the body is not taking up proper elements from the food. Then is the time to feed especially selected foods or the person may become demented.

A mother writes about her son, and it is interesting. "My son, Albert, now 25 years old and principal of the ——High School, graduated at the Kansas University and is a graduate of the Columbia, Mo., University.

When he began teaching about a year ago he had just completed his education and was badly broken down in health. He had only about two months' vacation and spent it at Excelsior Springs, but when he returned, there was no improvement.

We thought he would get better after he began his work, but instead of improving he became more weak and nervous, and finally, forgetful in the school-room. He tried different physicians and everything he could hear of and at last gave up school and came home, after putting a teacher in his place.

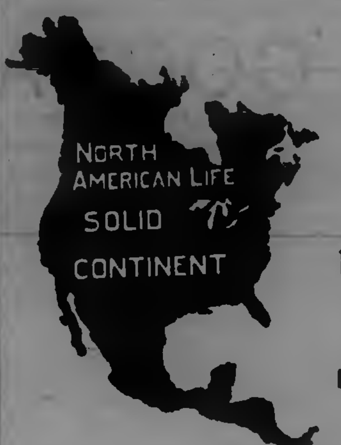
I cooked every delicacy I could think of for him but he became very thin and we were greatly worried about him. One day a neighbor sent over a box of Grape-Nuts. He caught sight of the package and after reading the statement of what the food was intended for, became much interested and began using it.

He liked it, and at the end of a week was very much strengthened and improved. We were encouraged. He stuck to Grape-Nuts and in five weeks was back in the school-room.

He is now teaching the second term in the same place, has recovered entirely and gained wonderfully in flesh. He now weighs 165 pounds and is an expert foot-ball player.

My daughter, Georgie, eight years old, was a puny little girl until after we found what effect Grape-Nuts had on Albert, we put her on the food and now she is exceptionally stout and healthy. We wish to thank the Company for the great help the food has been to us." This lady lives at Hallsville, Mo. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

21ST ANNUAL STATEMENT



—OF THE—

North American Life Assurance Company

HEAD OFFICE:
112-118 King Street West,
TORONTO.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31ST, 1901.

Dec. 30, 1900. To Net Ledger Assets		$3,773,508 08
Receipts		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
To Cash for Premiums	$[illegible]	
To Cash Income on Investments	176,461 60	
		$1,099,296 68
		$4,872,904 66
Disbursements		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
By Payment for Death Claims, Profits, etc.	$386,688 35	
" all other Payments	291,906 70	
		$678,595 05
		$4,194,209 61
Assets		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
By Mortgages, etc.		$1,200,489 65
" Debentures (market value, $747,2[illegible]5.09)		737,848 54
" Stocks and Bonds (market value, $1,371,315.70)		1,322,168 92
" Real Estate, including Company's building		416,936 41
" Loans on Policies, etc		278,827 44
" Loans on Stocks (nearly all on call)		215,170 00
" Cash in Bank and on hand		22,868 65
		$4,194,209 61
" Premiums outstanding etc. (less cost of collection)		178,581 85
" Interest and Rents due and accrued		47,881 92
		$4,420,773 38
Liabilities		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
To Guarantee Fund	$60,000 00	
" To Assurance and Annuity Reserve Fund	3,806,229 00	
" Death Losses awaiting proofs, etc.	46,103 61	
		$3,913,332 61
Net Surplus		$507,441 37

Audited and found correct.

J. N. LAKE, Auditor.

The financial position of the Company is unexcelled—its percentage of net surplus to liabilities exceeds that of any other home company.

New insurance issued during 1901 ... $5,520,067 00
Exceeding the best previous year in the history of the Company by over half a million.
Insurance in force at end of 1901 (net) ... $27,977,794 00

PRESIDENT
JOHN L. BLAIKIE
VICE-PRESIDENTS
JAS. THORBURN, M.D. HON. SIR WILLIAM R. MEREDITH, K. C.
DIRECTORS
HON. SENATOR GOWAN, K.C., LL.D., C.M.G., E. GURNEY, ESQ
J. W. SMITH, ESQ., K.C., D.C.L., J. K. OSBORNE, ESQ.
D. McCRAE, ESQ., Guelph.
MANAGING DIRECTOR
WM. McCABE, LL.B., F.I.A., F.S.S.
SECRETARY
L. GOLDMAN, A.I.A.
MEDICAL DIRECTOR
J. THORBURN, M.D. (Edin)

The report containing the proceedings of the Annual Meeting, held on January 29th last, showing marked proofs of the continued progress and solid position of the Company will be sent to policyholders. Pamphlets explanatory of the attractive investment plans of the Company, and a copy of the Annual Report, showing its unexcelled financial position, will be furnished on application to the Head Office or any of the Company's agencies.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FAST AND DIRECT SERVICE

—FROM A—

COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE

—VIA THE—

Great International Route

And its through connections.

ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

Dining, Cafe Parlor Cars, and Pullman Sleepers on through trains.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

PRESENTATION TO W. DREDGE

Times Employees Present Plate to Popular Pressman

Mr. Walter Dredge, foreman of the press department of The Times Printing Co., last Wednesday entered upon the life matrimonial, when he married one of the best known young ladies of Allandale.

His fellow employees resolved that the opportunity should not be allowed to pass, but that on this fitting occasion they should in some manner give expression to the high esteem which Mr. Dredge has attained with the members of the staff. Accordingly yesterday afternoon Mr. Dredge was summoned to the editorial rooms where he found awaiting him a very pleasant surprise. He was made the recipient of a beautiful dinner and tea set, while one of the typo's read the following address:

Mr. Walter Dredge,—

Dear Friend,

We who are associated with you in the office, realizing that "there comes a tide in the affairs of men," etc., and learning that you have taken that tide at its ebb, avail ourselves of this opportunity to give expression to our hearty good wishes for your future, and for the future of her whose life is henceforth so closely linked with your own. We extend to you our most sincere congratulations, and earnestly wish for you both all possible joy throughout your married life.

As a memento of our good wishes, we ask you to accept this dinner and tea set from which may you long be spared to dine.

May your lives be full of joy to others, and when your own star shall set at life's close, may it be as the morning star, which goeth not down behind a darkened west, but melts away into the brightness of heaven.

(Signed) On behalf of the employees.
Peterborough, Feb. 17. 1902.

It was a genuine surprise, but Walter rose to the occasion with a very hearty expression of appreciation of the kindness and good-will of his associates, by himself and Mrs. Dredge. May the gift of his friends and the happy current of their married life be long unbroken.

BOVRIL

"Alas! my poor Brother"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble, and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 560, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

For Sale

A TWO HORSE POWER MOTOR 220 or a 500 volt direct current machine, in perfect order. Also, a combination Billiard and Pool Table. A good bargain. For full particulars apply to John Craig, Craig House Lakefield.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonds Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located, and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pilules
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.................. coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County..........................

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS' One-Way EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

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The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market. Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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VOL. 28 NO. 42 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 19 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GENERAL DE WET DRIVEN BACK BY THE BRITISH

Latest Rumor Is to the Effect That Peace in South Africa Will be Announced

BY THE END OF APRIL OR THE FIRST OF MAY.

How De Wet Treated British Prisoners---Boer Delegates Think Public Opinion Has Changed in U. S.

London, Feb. 17.—A despatch to The Mail from Senekal (Orange Colony), says: While our troops were engaging a party of fifty Boers near the junction of the Wilge River and Leeuwspruit, 100 men of Wessel's commando, forming DeWet's bodyguard, crossed the Wilge lower down and rushed and drove in the Light Horse rearguard. A most exciting incident then occurred.

Seventy Boers wearing British cavalry cloaks, in the rain and under cover of the fire of a number of Boers who were in a kraal on a hill, boldly charged the Light Horse position.

The enemy fired from their horses while charging the hill, but received a heavy fire from the Light Horse defending the pom-pom, which expended all its ammunition. The enemy came back within 500 yards, and then broke back and fled, the New Zealanders' maxim and pom-pom helping to scatter them.

Four Boers were killed, and many wounded. The British loss was one man slightly wounded.

Gen. DeWet, with six men, fled up the Liebenbergsvlei River. Mr. Steyn, with a bodyguard 30 strong, is between Reitz and Bethlehem.

HOW DEWET TREATED THEM.

London, Feb. 17.—One of the prisoners taken by Gen. DeWet writes home describing the stripping process to which they are subjected. He says, speaking of the Boers:

"They gave me some old clothes not fit to go into a dusthole. They would not give me a jacket, so I went up to DeWet and saluted him, which he returned like a gentleman. I asked him for one, and he told me he was too busy. I was to ask one of his commandants; but I did not take the trouble to do that."

Another prisoner writes: "When I was binding up a wounded man, DeWet came up and asked me where he was wounded, and, if it was very bad. He is rather an evil-looking customer. Then he asked for some whiskey, and after getting that he took his hook."

It appears that the prisoners were marched for five days, and eventually sent over the Caledon River into Basutoland, where they were well treated by the natives.

PEACE BY MAY 1.

London, Feb. 17.—The latest rumor from the War Office is to the effect that peace in South Africa will be announced by the end of April or the beginning of May. People are growing very chary of accepting these rumors. Still, from what can be learned, there does seem a likelihood of such prophecy being fulfilled.

WHAT THEY EXPECT.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Dr. Leyds, the European agent of the Boers, who is now in this city, was questioned by the Associated Press correspondent to-day, regarding the subject of the mission to the United States of the Boer delegates, Messrs. Wessels and Wolmarans, who sailed for New York from Boulogne Feb. 14 on the steamer Rotterdam. He replied that they were merely going to America in response to invitations from American pro-Boers, with the view of reaching an arrangement for the distribution of funds and other assistance contributed by the people of the United States towards the Boer cause.

In other quarters, however, the impression prevails that the journey is prompted by the developments of the Anglo-German controversy as to the attitude of the powers previous to the Spanish-American war, which the members of the Boer delegation believe has produced a change of sentiment in the United States towards Great Britain, on account of the pro-Spanish action attributed to Lord Pauncefote, the British Ambassador at Washington, in April 1898. The Boers hope to utilise this supposed revulsion of feeling in an endeavor to get the United States government to modify its attitude towards mediation.

KRUGER IS BITTER.

London, Feb. 17.—President Kruger is reported to have spoken with bitter resentment of the terms, "guerillas and outlaws" applied by the British to the Boers in the field.

"When my ancestors were fighting the Spaniards in the cause of freedom, three hundred years ago," said Kruger, "they were called 'les gueux' (the beggars), but they fought on, year after year, and won liberty at last, and the name became a sacred one in history. They fought for eighty years and were victorious at last, because God was on their side, and we of South Africa have been fighting less than three years, but we will win in the end because God is with us."

THREE THOUSAND CAYUSES.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 17.—Three thousand western horses, known as "cayuses," gathered from the ranges of the Inter-Mountain States, are to be shipped to South Africa for use in the British army. The animals were purchased by agents of the British army, who had been scouring the country for weeks, and have been concentrated in corrals in this city and Grand Junction, Colo.

KRITZINGER ON TRIAL.

London, Feb. 17.—The press censor in South Africa is evidently active, as the first intimation that the trial of Commandant Kritzinger, who was captured by Gen. French in December last had commenced, came from the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, in the House of Commons this afternoon. The Secretary did not volunteer to furnish any details, but he informed a questioner that Lord Kitchener would certainly see that the Boer general had every facility for producing witnesses. It developed during Mr. Brodrick's answer that the trial began Feb. 15.

FOUGHT FOR BRITAIN.

New York, Feb. 17.—Another passenger on the St. Paul yesterday was Eugene Hickey of No. 151 52nd street Brooklyn. Mr. Hickey is returning from South Africa, where he has been for almost a year, fighting the Boers. About a year ago Hickey stowed himself away on the ship Dunblane, which was lying at the Atlantic docks, in Brooklyn, and succeeded in getting to South Africa. He enlisted in the British army, and was put with Kitchener's Scouts, in charge of Col. Wilson. Hickey was on the firing line most of the time, and says he saw lots of active service. Hickey has a medal, which he says was presented to him by a Boer captive, which has the words "Kruger Body Guard" on it.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE

Another Milestone Marked in the History of This Popular and Progressive Company

Elsewhere will be found the financial statement submitted at the twenty-first annual meeting of the North American Life Assurance Company, held at the head office, Toronto, on January 28th.

Again the old story of prosperity and phenomenal progress is repeated, with even greater emphasis than ever before in the history of the Company. The business has exceeded the best previous year by over half a million dollars.

The financial statement speaks for itself, and need not be repeated in this article. It is sufficient to say that Mr. Wm. McCabe, the Managing Director, and Mr. Goldman, the efficient and popular Secretary, as well as the Board of Directors, are to be heartily congratulated on the result of the year's operations. [illegible]

RUGBY CLUB BANQUET

The Complimentary Banquet at the Oriental a Grand Affair

The friends of the members of the Rugby Club tendered the ball-chasers a complimentary banquet at the Oriental Hotel.

The tables were neatly laid and prettily decorated, and fairly groaned beneath the loads of good things which were placed thereon. The members of the team and their friends did full justice to the tasteful dishes before them.

After the eatables were disposed of, a very pleasant time was spent, during which several speeches and songs were delivered in a pleasing manner by some of the guests. A very enjoyable evening was brought to a close at a late hour after passing a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Graham, their genial host.

MORE BUFFALOES IN CANADA

Herds Are Increasing, Although They Threatened to Become Extinct

Ottawa, Feb. 18—The buffaloes are increasing in such proportions in Canada that they promise in the course of a few years to become again fairly abundant. Some time ago they threatened to become extinct.

The herd of wood buffaloes in the Peace River district has trebled in size under the protection afforded it by the Northwest mounted police. Five years ago it was estimated that there were not more than 80 buffaloes in the herd; now there are 400.

In appearance there is little difference between the wood buffalo and the plains buffalo. The former is merely a larger, richer-coated animal. It differs materially, however, in its habits from the sub-species which inhabited the plains, and which has undoubtedly passed away, except for the presence of a few animals in captivity and in the Yellowstone National Park.

This species preferred the plain, and travelled hundreds of miles in its annual migrations, while the Canadian buffalo shuns the prairie and migrates but little.

RAILWAY TO DAWSON

An All-Canadian Route Would Cost to Construct and Equip $43,520,000.

Ottawa, Feb. 18—The result of the surveys made by government engineers for the purpose of determining the most feasible all-Dominion route, with the probable cost, of a railway to connect Dawson with the Canadian railway system is given in the blue book of the minister of railways.

A railway from Edmonton through to Lake Teslin would be 1,240 miles and would cost for construction and equipment $38,519,774. A branch, 317 miles long, costing with equipment $15,217,540, would connect this line with Port Simpson, on the Pacific coast. From Lake Teslin to White Horse, the head of navigation of the Yukon river, a railway would be 150 miles long and would cost, equipped, $5,000,000. This would make the total cost of building and equipping a road from Edmonton to White horse, $43,520,000. A railway from Port Simpson, on the Pacific, via Teslin, to White Horse, would cost, equipped, $34,110,000.

WAR IS DECLARED AGAINST KENTUCKY

Lee Turner and His Band Hurl Defiance at the State Authorities

A MINIATURE WAR NOW ON

And It Looks as Though There will be Considerable Trouble Ahead for the Authorities of the State.

Middlesboro, Ky., Feb. 18—War has been declared by Lee Turner and his mountaineers against the constituted authorities of Bell County. The campfires of the desperado's followers on the mountains can be seen to-night from Middlesboro.

Reports have come in that Turner and his supporters have been in back portions of the county procuring aid and that full two hundred mountaineers have joined his forces. The burning of Turner's "blind tiger," three miles from Middlesboro, yesterday, and the killing of several of his followers by deputies from this town have enraged the outlaw and he swears that he will be avenged.

About thirty of Lee Turner's men held the pass between here and Mingo Mines well guarded all day and allowed no one to pass except the mail carrier. Lee Turner talked over the telephone wire from Mingo to a correspondent to-day.

Turner said that he had been persecuted and that he would make it hot for his enemies. He expressed his intention to get carpenters from Lafollette, Tenn., next week and have them rebuild his saloon and fort, and said that he would have armed mountaineers to protect them while they were doing the work. He declared that as soon as the structure was finished he would keep a standing army of several hundred men within his stockade. He has plenty of money and there is no doubt he will attempt to carry out these plans.

A reward of $500 has been offered for Turner, dead or alive, but as all the coal miners around Middlesboro, 2,000 or more, and hundreds of mountaineers sympathize with him, it is not likely he will be caught or killed soon. It is reported that Gen. Turner, Lee's elder brother, and himself a noted desperado, is with Lee and helping him.

Nine men are known to have been killed in yesterday's fight at Turner's place. The dead are Charles Cecil, deputy Sheriff; John Doyle, of the Sheriff's posse; Charles Dye, Marsh Wollison, Perry Watson, Frank Johnson, Mike Welch, James Prade and Thomas Hopper, seven members of Turner's band.

MEN ON STRIKE

They Want the Union Hours of Work Recognized

A number of laborers who are employed on the several buildings have declared a strike. The men are members of Union 8240 of the American Federation of Labor, and demand that the union hours of work be recognized. The union rules call for the hour of five to be the close of a day's work. The men resent the action of their employer which, while it does not lengthen the hours of work, would make the time of leaving off work considerably later. The men regard this as a test case, and are determined to make a firm stand.

Contractor Begue, who has charge of the men, seemed to think that the matter was not of very great importance and would be easily adjusted.

The men have given notice that trouble is on at the works and that laborers should keep away. It is hoped that the trouble will be settled in a manner that will be entirely satisfactory to both sides, in a very short time.

BRITISH SUCCESS CRUSH CRUEL FETICH

British Troops Capture Powerful Moloch in Africa

AROS TRACED TO THEIR DEN

Famous "Ju-Ju" Taken After Terrific Battle with Aborigines

Stops Frightful Human Sacrifice and Ends Big Slave Trade—Pitiless Priests Who Gained by Traffic are Hiding.

London, Feb. 19—Reports received from West Africa tell of hot battles which the British troops had in their campaign against the Aros, a powerful native tribe which recently rose in revolt.

Most important of all is the news that their principal god, Long Ju-Ju, to whom more human sacrifice has been brought than to any other fetish in Africa, has been captured.

The peaceful natives for miles around the scene of the present operations against the Aros are rejoicing over the British victory. For them the victory of the "white man's Ju-Ju over the black man's Ju-Ju" means that they will no longer have to fear the depredations of the slave-hunting Aros and will be relieved of the terror of the power and vindictiveness of the Long Ju-Ju.

The Ju-Ju is a god or fetish whose name is whispered by the natives of West Africa with awe and terror. In his mysterious temple, hidden away in the heart of a mighty forest, hundreds of human beings have been put to death every year as sacrifices and thousands more sold into slavery to enrich the gang of priests who have carried on the awful rites with which the worship of the god was accompanied. The fame of the Ju-Ju has extended from the Niger on the west to the Cross river on the east and from the north to the sea.

According to the native belief the god was all-powerful and to disobey the commands of his priests meant death. The Ju-Ju was supposedly gifted with prophetic power, too, and with the promise of wonderful revelations as to the future thousands of ignorant natives have been induced to make pilgrimages to his temple.

Some of them were killed and offered up by the priests as thank-offerings, some were made prisoners, and a few allowed to go free. These supposed that their comrades had been eaten by the pitiless god and the tale they told on returning to their villages fed the flames of superstitious dread of the Ju-Ju's power.

The Aros are one of the most savage and warlike tribes in Africa, and one that carries on an immense slave trade, practically all its captives being sold into bondage. Four British columns have been engaged in a great circling movement which is intended to inclose the enemy in a net, and each one of them has seen desperate fighting, but it is column No. 1, under Colonel Montanaro, which has destroyed the largest of the Aro villages and fought its way through the thick bush to the lair of the Long Ju-Ju.

The Aros live in fourteen separate villages built in a great circle around the forest of thick brush in the centre of which is the temple of the Ju-Ju. Nearest is the town of Aro Chuku, upon which the English column advanced, but which they found deserted, the natives having fallen back into the forest.

The town covers five square miles, but the houses of which it was composed proved to be so utterly filthy that the English commander ordered them burned, although it had been intended that the place should be occupied permanently. Bushhouses were thrown up hastily, but the troops hardly were encamped before the fierce Aros attacked them pluckily. Beaten off, they attacked again in the night, and during all the time the town was occupied a "dropping" fire was kept up from the forest.

Next morning the column set out determined to find the temple of the Ju-Ju. To accomplish this took hours of hard marching and harder fighting in the bush, which grew thicker and more difficult to penetrate as they advanced.

In front of the column an advance guard of trained scouts was thrown out, for the Aro had learned to intrench himself strongly where the brush is the thickest, and many a British column has marched straight up to such an ambuscade and never suspected until a slaughtering volley was poured in on them. The force suffered no severe losses and finally struck a well trodden path which led to the mysterious home of the Long Ju-Ju.

Until the priests who have for so many years "officiated" in this uncanny den are captured it will be impossible to tell exactly what went on there, but according to native testimony the wretched pilgrims who visited the place were addressed in an impressive monotone by a concealed representative of the Ju-Ju and had their superstitious questions answered and their various feuds settled.

The victims were generally led to the place by a long detour and made to walk backward along the path leading to the clearing in the bush. Here it was that they were attacked by the priests and their savage allies, some set apart for a sacrifice and the rest made slaves.

Poor Girl, Pity Her

Growing! Yes, into weakness, but not strength. Studies — plenty of them. Tired, of course she is, and weak, too. Does not eat enough, and digests far less than enough. This condition is so frequent, but how seldom noticed, even by fond parents. Give her Ferrozone, then watch her appetite improve, her cheeks and lips grow ruddy, her step elastic, her spirits buoyant. All this simply the result of eating and digesting enough, making blood, and thereby strengthening the nerve and brain power. Ferrozone gives a woman's strength to weak girls. Your daughter or wife needs Ferrozone. Get it to-day.

MAY COME TO PETERBOROUGH

The Deering Brothers of Chicago, May Build Factory Here

The Times is in receipt of a letter from Messrs. Deering Brothers, Chicago, the most extensive manufacturers of agricultural implements in the world, regarding the factory which the firm propose to build in Ontario.

The matter is now, we understand, in the hands of Mr. Stuart, President of the Quaker Oats Company, who will endeavor to persuade the company to locate in Peterborough.

A few facts about the Deering Bros. of Chicago as regards their Canadian trade may be of passing interest. Last year the firm paid in duty during 1901 on manufactured goods sold in Canada the sum of $240,000. To evade this they are going to establish a branch in Canada likely to start with 300 or 400 men and soon to keep 1,500 busy.

This branch industry will go either to Peterborough, Kingston, Montreal, or Toronto. The company is not bonus-hunting. All that is looked for is a site, exemption, and good shipping facilities. With its present connections with both the G.T.R. and the C.P.R. Peterborough should by judicious management stand a fair chance of getting this industry.

An agent of the company claims that forty per cent. of all the agricultural implements sold in Canada during last year were disposed of by the Deering Bros. firm, so the Canadian city that gets this proposed branch industry will be catering to a large proportion of the agricultural and farm implement trade of the Dominion.

How One Million is Spent

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for catarrh, bronchitis and consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing pre-eminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with germ killing, healing vapor. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25c. and $1 at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE IRISH TROUBLES WILL FOLLOW WAR

May End in Open Rebellion If Vigorous Action is Not Taken

ENGLAND SEES TROUBLE AHEAD

Army in Ireland to be Largely Increased—The United Irish League is to be Bitterly Fought by Loyalists.

London, Feb. 18—The Post says: After the Boers the Irish, said Lord Salisbury in his London address a few days ago. The premier took occasion in referring to the refusal of the government to accept the Dutch plans for peace in South Africa to state that England was not only willing but anxious to welcome and peace that would realise fully the rights of his sovereign. While there could scarcely be found objection to the rejection of the proposals from Holland since the Dutch effort at peacemaking was repudiated from the start by Boer leaders, this statement of Salisbury indicates that a permanent truce can be purchased only on Britain's terms. If credence be placed in Kitchener's report that the last gun of the redoubtable De Wet had been captured, the end of the war seems not far distant. But England herself will find the price of peace heavy enough when the war bills are paid and she sets up government over tenantless farms rich in nothing now but the memory of the brave deeds and the bones of sturdy patriots, who died for love of country, or those many others who lost their lives in Britannia's service.

But Salisbury takes a further look ahead and sees a question that looms more menacing than the subjugation of the Boers. He openly acknowledges that the Irish people are more hostile to the government than when the eloquence of Parnell and O'Connell stirred them to dreams of liberty.

"Home Rule for Ireland," is likely soon again to furnish the fighting ground of British politics. The Liberals have not forgotten that cry, and Salisbury sniffs trouble from afar when he asserts that an "Irish government with power to accumulate arms and ammunition would constitute a more serious threat to United Britain than did the Boers." A straw that developed while he was talking showed the wind when the first contest for a seat in parliament since T. W. Russell, the former government official, began his compulsory land-purchase campaign, resulting in a defeat of the Unionist candidate, and that in a district of Ireland that in 1895 had elected a Conservative without opposition.

The Mail says, in view of the condition of affairs, the government has decided to increase the forces in Ireland. That a state bordering on open rebellion exists, there can be no doubt. The Irish League will have to be put down at once, or civil war will come.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 15.—A despatch to The Times from Tokio, reviewing the expression of satisfaction with which the new treaty has been received in Japan, says: The Japanese fully recognize the responsibilities incurred, and the public voice is unanimous to discharge them worthily by increasing the national armament.

The Paris correspondent of The Times quotes an editorial of La Liberte, bitterly accusing Russian foresight in allowing any British-Japanese treaty to be made. He declares that the Russian Minister of Finance discouraged the Japanese Society. During the continuance [illegible] a loan in St. Petersburg.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICS AFRAID OF UNCLE SAM

Imperialistic Tendencies of the United States Regarded With Suspicion

MAY FORM A COMBINATION FOR DEFENCE

Eighteen of the Countries of South America, Headed by Mexico, Are Alarmed—Monroe Doctrine Not Popular

Chicago, Feb. 19—Emilio Nocetti and Antonio Bermejo, two of the Argentine delegates to the pan-American congress at the city of Mexico, passed through Chicago Saturday in company with two other South American delegates on their way to consult the diplomatic representatives of the South American nations at Washington.

Eighteen of the countries of Central America and South America, headed by Mexico, the most important, now look upon the United States with suspicion, according to these delegates, because the representatives of this country at the pan-American congress voted and worked against compulsory arbitration. This made the congress practically a failure.

It is asserted that President Roosevelt, because of his imperialistic tendencies, instructed the delegates of the United States to take the course they did. The South American republics now apprehend that upon the slightest pretext the mailed hand of Roosevelt will reach across the Carribean and seize first one country and then another and annex them to the United States. It is considered probable there will be some earnest discussion of the situation among the South American diplomatic corps at Washington.

City of Mexico, Feb. 19—The attitude of the United States in regard to the nations of South America, is causing great uneasiness. The Monroe doctrine is objectionable, as it means a suzerainty over the whole southern continent. That a combination will be formed for mutual protection against the northern republic is practically assured. Under no circumstances will the United States be permitted to annex territory belonging to any of the combining nations.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER

Ably Presented by Mr. D. W. Dumble in Letter to the Town

Mr. D. W. Dumble, police magistrate has addressed his views on the question of a House of Refuge in a very concise manner. Mr. Dumble plainly states what his duty is and what his intentions are as regards cases in the future. He has lost no time in stating his views to the public, and no time should be lost in making preparations for the care of afflicted persons who cannot earn their own living. The position held by the magistrate enables him to see much more plainly than most citizens, the great need of a House of Refuge in this county.

The letter is as follows:

February 17, 1902.

To the Mayor and Council, Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—I have been in the habit of sending to the county gaol as vagrants persons who were without visible means of support, and who by reason of physical and mental disability were unable to support themselves. I have thus continued to send to the gaol continuously the same persons at intervals of six months, which was the limit of my power, so that some men have been in gaol for over ten years, not as criminals in prison, but as infirm persons in an infirmary. Now the prison was never intended for an infirmary, nor was it intended to impose on the gaoler or matron of the gaol duties which of necessity had to be performed in case of infirm persons. This morning I sent to the gaol one Evans, who by reason of paralysis and other infirmities is unable to help himself in any degree. This man was formerly in the gaol for about a year and a half and was taken out by a charitable person who thought to cure him of his ailments. That gentleman has left the country, and the man, having neither home or means of support, must either be left to perish, or be cared for by some charitable institution. In the absence of such I was compelled to send him to gaol.

By amendment of the Criminal Code made in 1900, it is provided "that no "aged or infirm person shall be committed as a loose, idle or disorderly "person or vagrant, for not having "any visible means of maintaining "himself, and who lives without employment, in the County of which he "has for two years immediately preceding been a resident."

Under this law I am forbidden to send persons coming within its purview to the county gaol, and hereafter will not do so. It will rest with the town and county to make proper provisions for such cases, as humanity will not suffer you to let them perish, and I am helpless to afford them the desired relief.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
D. W. DUMBLE.

DEATH OF MR. W. H. M'BAIN

Which Occurred in California—Brother to Mr. J. J. McBain of Town

Mr. J. J. McBain received word yesterday of the death of his brother William, which occurred at Los Angeles, California, on Feb. 7th at the home of his brother, Mr. George McBain. The late Mr. McBain was well known in this county, having for some years been connected in business with his brother, Mr. J. J. McBain.

Deceased leaves a widow and six children. Mrs. Donald Menzies, of town is a sister of deceased.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist.

BRITISHERS FELL INTO A BOER TRAP

Infantrymen, Fresh in S. Africa Were Not Used to War Tactics

THEY MET WITH A HEAVY LOSS

Gallant Effort of Eight Officers—Constabulary Met a Superior Force

Pretoria, Feb. 17.—One hundred and fifty mounted infantrymen, while patrolling the Klip River, south of Johannesburg, February 12, surrounded a farmhouse where they suspected Boers were in hiding. A single Boer broke away from the house and the British started to pursue him. The Boer climbed a kopje, the British following, and immediately a heavy fire was opened upon them from three sides. The British found themselves in a trap, and in a position where they were unable to make any defence. Eight of the British officers made a gallant effort and defended the ridge with carbines and revolvers until they were overpowered.

The British had two officers and ten men killed, and seven officers and forty men wounded, before the force was able to fall back under cover of a blockhouse. The infantrymen were all fresh from home and unused to Boer tactics. The bulk of the casualties occurred during the retreat of the British. The killed included Major Dowell, the commander of the force.

Lord Kitchener, in addition to reporting the Klip River affair, says: "A party from South African Constabulary line, on the Waterval River, encountered, February 12, a superior force of the enemy, near Vandersbank, and was driven back with loss."

CORONER'S INQUEST

Mr. J. Fred Perrin's Death to be Investigated—Jury Empanelled—Post-Mortem Examination to be Made To-Day.

The Coroner's jury to inquire into the circumstances connected with the death of J. Fred Perrin who died from injuries received while at work at the Cereal Co's works last night at 7.30 in the Council Chamber, County Coroner, Dr. Grey presiding.

The following jury was chosen,—G. K. Martin, Thos Ellis, Wm. Fowler, R F Kidd F M Vanderwater, D F Drummond, Geo. Hall, W R Johnston, J. H Connell, Jas. Graham, J C Barnard, Patrick Davis, Robt. Stenton, Andrew Brown.

Mr. G. K. Martin was selected as foreman.

The oath being taken by the jury they proceeded to Comstocks undertaking establishment for the purpose of viewing the remains.

After an absence of nearly one half hour the jury returned to the Council Chamber, where they were addressed for a few minutes by the Coroner. He said it was his opinion, and also the opinion of Mr. R. E. Wood, County Crown Attorney, that a post-mortem examination of the body be made. It was necessary to know the cause of death in case there should be any litigation. After some deliberation the jury decided to recommend that a post-mortem examination be held. The Coroner then directed that this be performed to-day.

Several lawyers were in attendance, Mr. R. M. Dennistoun, appearing on behalf of the company, Mr. Stratton on behalf of relatives of the deceased and Mr. R. E. Wood, County Crown Attorney.

The jury adjourned to meet to-night in the Council Chamber at 7.30 sharp, when the evidence of several witnesses will be taken.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 19, 1902

CIVIC OWNERSHIP

Brockville's Experience in the Matter Has Been Highly Satisfactory

A practical example of the beneficient and satisfactory effect of the municipalization of lighting plants or other civic utilities is afforded by the experience of the city of Brockville. From Mayor Harrison and Messrs. R. H. Comstock and R. Bowie, light commissioners of that city, who are now in Ottawa, a few interesting facts respecting the operation by the municipality of the lighting plant have been obtained.

It was just a year ago that Brockville people decided to give municipal ownership of lighting a trial. At that time there was a gas and an electric plant owned by one company. The town bought a [illegible] and [illegible] both plants. The [illegible] was slightly increased, substantial improvements were made, and at the end of the first year after the payment of all operating expenses as well as the liquidation of the annual amount of interest and sinking fund on the purchase price, the municipality came out about [illegible] to the good. Now, the people are going in for improvements in the service. At present the power is taxed to the limit, and a by-law submitted to the people a couple of weeks ago authorizing the expenditure of [illegible] for the lighting service was carried by an overwhelming majority. The new plant which it is proposed to add consists of a water gas apparatus and two new dynamos for the electric lighting station. That gas will not be required just yet. It is for getting pointers on the operation of gas and electrical outfits that the deputation is now in the city inspecting the works of the Ottawa companies. It is proposed to considerably increase the street lighting.

The waterworks system in Brockville has been for several years owned and operated by the municipality and the excellent results, financially and otherwise, which characterized civic ownership in that regard proved a great incentive for the people to acquire their lighting plant. Both systems are, or will soon be, thoroughly up to date in every particular. The best and most satisfactory service is furnished and yet the investments yield handsome surpluses.

Mayor Harrison and Messrs. Comstock and Bowie all state that the people of the Island City are more than satisfied with their experiment in the municipalization of public utilities and are convinced of the economic value of the system.

◆

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

◆

City of Mexico, Feb. 19—The attitude of the United States in regard to the nations of South America, is causing great uneasiness. The Monroe doctrine is objectionable, as it means a suzerainty over the whole southern continent. That a combination will be formed for mutual protection against the northern republic is practically assured. Under no circumstances will the United States be permitted to annex territory belonging to any of the combining republics.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

◆

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Chicago, Feb. 19—Emilio Nocoti and Antonio Bermejo, two of the Argentine delegates to the pan-American congress at the city of Mexico, passed through Chicago Saturday in company with two other South American delegates on their way to consult the diplomatic representatives of the South American nations at Washington.

Eighteen of the countries of Central America and South America, headed by Mexico, now look upon Mexico, now look upon the United States with suspicion, according to these delegates, because the representatives of this country at the pan-American congress voted and worked against compulsory arbitration. This made the congress practically a failure.

It is asserted that President Roosevelt, because of his imperialistic tendencies, instructed the delegates of the United States to take the course they did. The South American republics now apprehend that upon the slightest pretext the mailed hand of Roosevelt will reach across the Carribean and seize first one country and then another and annex them to the United States. It is considered probable there will be some earnest discussion of the situation among the South American diplomatic corps at Washington.

◆

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

◆

CHANDOS

—The Chandos Council met on Saturday the 8th.

—Mr. Morris O'Brien had the misfortune to get his ears frozen on his way to the school on Monday.

—Mrs. J. Cleary has returned home after spending a couple of weeks in Trenton and Peterborough.

—Miss Lena Kirby and Miss Annie Bartly, of Cue Hill, paid a flying visit to J. Scott's camp on Sunday, accompanied by Mr. Willie Scott and Mr. George Hynes, [illegible].

—Mr. Thomas Mahony was the guest of Mr. Fred Hobbins on Sunday.

—Mr. Dennis O'Brien was the guest of Mr. Michael Hynes on Sunday.

—Mr. Dan Drummey left for Deseronto on Saturday after spending some time in Mr. Jas. Scott's camp.

◆

Deafness of 12 Years' Standing.—Protracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Capt. Ben. Connor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from Catarrh. All treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in one day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. 50 cents.—33

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WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station H Cleveland, Ohio.

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A TWO HORSE POWER MOTOR 220 or a 250 volt direct current machine, in perfect order. Also, a combination Billiard and Pool table, A dead bargain. For full particulars apply to John Craig, Craig House Lakefield.

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THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1/50 share in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our prospectus will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for [illegible] [illegible] Co., [illegible] Bldg., [illegible].

A
Lady's
Lunch

Has been rudely defined by some cynic as "slops and sweets." And after all there's more truth than poetry in the definition. Ice cream and cake may satisfy the palate, but they are far from satisfying to the stomach, which requires that food be nutritious first and nice afterward. By careless eating women pave the way for stomach "trouble," and its kindred miseries.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is confidently commended as a cure for diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. By curing diseases which prevent the assimilation of food it enables the body to be built up and strengthened in the only way known to nature—by food digested and assimilated.

"For twelve long months I suffered untold misery," writes Mrs. Mattie [illegible], of [illegible], Charlotte Co., Va. "No tongue could express the pain that I endured before I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine. I was not able to do anything at all. Could not eat anything except bread and tea—or if I did the top of my head hurt so it seemed it would kill me with all that I could do it would burn like fire. But now, since using your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription,' I can eat a little of almost anything I want, and can do a good day's work as well as anybody can. Am better than I have been for years."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick headache.

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham; and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

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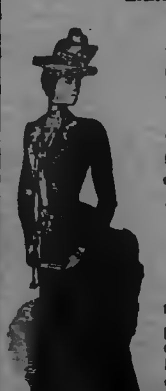

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PERFECT MANHOOD

[illegible] you are not the man you should be, if you are losing your energy, [illegible] and feeling you don't care what happens, you are suf[illegible] do not deceive yourself or [illegible] dragged down by this disease; no matter what [illegible] or overwork and business cares, the [illegible] impotency, Varicocele and [illegible] METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. I [illegible] these conditions. Read the following sworn affidavit. [illegible] patients give sworn permission.

Jan. 12, 1900.

[illegible] I had been a sufferer from Nervous Debility, lost [illegible] for a long time; had been doctoring both in Canada [illegible] receiving any benefit, and placed myself under Dr. [illegible] I noticed an improvement in my condition in [illegible] discharged entirely cured April 19, '00, and have [illegible] trouble. Signed, A. E. LECHARTE.

[illegible] sworn to before me this 15th day of January, 1900.

Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without Cutting, Stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, [illegible] Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and [illegible]. If you cannot call write for blank for home [illegible] treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All [illegible] for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor. All Duty and Express Charges Prepaid.

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Anecdotal.

It is related that once, when a captain in the army was cornered by the enemy, he addressed his men as follows: "My men, fight like demons until your powder gives out, then run. I'm a little lame, I'll start now."

An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it Twain."

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an English publishing house was responsible the other day for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later, with the following endorsement: "In Heaven, ——, 1901. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

When asked what he thought of a certain captain who frequented the Essex links, a Scotch caddie said: "Weel, sir, he's a verra nice gentleman an' a good gaufer, but he's awfu' nerra—awfu' nerra." "Narrow! What do you mean, Donald?" "Weel, sir, it wis this way. Efter the game was ower, and I had carried his clubs up tae the house, he says: 'Donald, will ye hae a draw?' and I said: 'I do be verra pleased.' so he gets the bottle, an' he pourin' awa' intae a glass, an' I wantin' tae be genteel, says: 'Stop! stop'—an' he stopped."

What to do with Jefferson Davis should he be captured, was a problem that puzzled Lincoln's Cabinet not a little. In speaking of it to General Grant one day, the President remarked. "There was once an Irishman who had signed the Father Mathew temperance pledge. Going into a saloon to get a glass of lemonade to quench his thirst, he leaned over and whispered to the barkeeper: 'And couldn't you put a little brandy in it unbeknownst to meself?' So," continued Mr. Lincoln, "let Davis escape all unbeknown to yourself if you can."

L. R. Stockwell, the popular actor, says that some years ago in San Francisco, when Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, was a feature in a revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Bill" Nye was to have lectured at the Baldwin Theater, but was greeted by so small an audience that he excused himself and went over to hear Jackson talking of the pearly gates to Little Eva. After the performance Stockwell met Nye in the lobby of the theater, and he exclaimed: "Hello, Nye! What did you think of Peter?" "Well," responded the humorist, dryly, "anatomically he was great, but Uncle Tomically he is the worst I ever saw."

Dr. Varnadoe, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flower-pit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely, "I do not understand, Dr. Varnadoe, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, Sanders," he retorted, "you see, this was only a worthless bull-calf."

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Mr. Dooley on the Weather Bureau.

"I'M goin' to make me apologies to Clancy's leg," said Mr. Dooley.

"Why's that?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley. "I've done it an injustice. I've spoke ill iv it as a weather prophet. F'r years that rheumatic prop has been indicatin' th' weather. If Clancy was seen walkin' briskly down th' sthreet ivrybody up an' down th' road made plans f'r a buggy ride. If Clancy come along leanin' on a shtick, they begun to keep their eye on their umbrellas. Iver since I was a young man, Clancy's leg has tipped off rainstorms before they got as far as th' Rocky Mountains, an' manny a bark has it previnted fr'm goin' out on th' canal whin th' sky was clear overhead, but a twinge in th' knee told Clancy a hurricane was brewin' down below Lemont. That leg dealt in anny kind iv weather, hot or cold, wet or dhry. Clancy used to make a verse about it. 'What,' says he, 'is th' use iv raypinin'?' he says. 'Dhrive care an' sorrow away. To-morrah,' he says, 'th' leg may be aisy, although it is,' he says, 'achin' to-day.' People bought their coal an' ice be Clancy's leg, arranged their parties an' mended their roofs. It predicted th' hard frost iv siventy-nine an' th' hot spell iv eighty-eight. Th' night before th' big wind come that blew down th' steeple iv th' church, ye cud hear Clancy howlin' like a wolf, an' before th' heavy floods two years ago he had to be wheeled around in a chair f'r a week. I used to laugh at th' people that watched that ol' peg; but mind ye, if I was Mack, I'd have the weather bureau take observations on Clancy's leg an' issue bulletins: 'Clancy in gr-reat ag'ny. Look out f'r storms on th' lakes.' Or: 'Clancy wint to a dance last night. Continyued fair an' clear, with light southwesterly breeze.' I wud so.

"Las' Foorth iv March, Mack sint f'r th' head that r-runs th' weather bureau an' says he, 'Pro-fissor,' says he, 'what kind iv weather ar-re ye goin' to give us to-morrah?' he says. 'Can I wear me plug hat?' says he. 'Ye cud go in th' ne-pa-aper,' says th' pro-fissor. 'Since th' Lord sint you an' me to bless this gran' counthry,' he says, 'there niver was seen such a fine day as to-morrah will be,' he says. 'Th' sun will shine in th' boochus sky,' he says, 'an' th' bur-rds will carrol fr'm th' three,' he says. ''Twill be a glory-ous day, an' ye'll be glad,' he says, 'that ye give me th' job,' he says. Well, sir, Clancy come in to see me that night, groanin' with pain. 'What ails ye?' says I. 'Me leg,' says he. 'Th' weather's got into it,' he says. ''Tis goin' to rain a diluge,' he says. 'But,' says I, 'th' arya iv low barometer is station'ry over Texas an' th' arya iv high barometer is tearin' around in th' neighborhood iv Goshen, Injianny,' I says. 'How can it rain?' says I. 'I don't care,' says he. ''Tis goin' to rain,' he says. Well, sir, d'ye raymimber, Mack had to put on a life-presarver before he got half-way through tellin' what he'd done f'r us. 'Twas a gr-reat victhry f'r Clancy's leg. I don't know what th' pro-fissor said about it. Maybe he blamed it onto th' Popylists. But annyhow, he wint back to his wurruk an' I began to believe in him again, f'r th' weather got good.

"I've been thinkin' it over, Hinnissy, an' I come to th' con-clusion that there's two kinds iv weather, human weather an' weather-bureau weather. No wan knows what causes human weather. Hogan says th' seasons is caused be th' sun movin' fr'm th' thropic iv Cancer to th' thropic iv Capricorn, an' whin 'tis in wan place we suffer fr'm th' cold, an' that's winter, an' whin 'tis in th' other place we suffer fr'm th' heat, an' that's summer. Hogan says it, but Hogan can't tell ye why, if that's so, th' days don't get hotter fr'm March straight through to October. Some people says th' summer's caused be fires in th' bow'ls iv th' earth, where hell used to be whin I was a boy; but if ye believe that, why don't we cook th' year around? Father Kelly thinks 'tis th' spots on th' sun does it, an' Father Fitzmeister thinks 'tis th' brewer's agent. Ivrybody has a guess, an' wan man's guess is as good as another. That's our weather. Th' weather bureau ought to lave it alone an' shtick to its own, that rains whin they's a high pressure in Maine, an' snows whin they's a low pressure in Texas. Th' weather bureau weather is good parlor weather, but th' kind we have to dhrive sthreet cars in is out-iv-dure weather, subject to all th' rigors iv th' climate. Th' weather bureau's weather is on a map, an' our weather is in th' air. That's why th' pro-fissor fails an' Clancy's leg is a gr-reat success. 'Tis an out-iv-dure leg."

"I don't believe in anny kind iv weather prognostications," said Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "if I was goin' into th' business, I niver wud prophesy till th' day afther."

A Dog Story.

A dog story is told by the traveler, Mr. Herbert Vivian, in his book called "Abyssinia." The dog belonged to Colonel Sadler of Berbera. Among his accomplishments was drinking whiskey. "One very thirsty evening a guest was reclining in one of Colonel Sadler's long cane lounges on the verandah. He placed a tumbler of whiskey and soda by his side and proceeded to converse. Presently he stretched out his hand for his glass, and gave a great start on finding it was empty. He was convinced that he had put it down full a few minutes before, equally positive that he had not touched it; yet how could this liquid have disappeared without disturbing the glass? It was all explained when the dog emerged, wagging his tail, and reeking indecently of spirits."

Ate His Bonnet.

An English driver for a Market street business house persuaded his employer to buy a straw hat for the horse during the recent hot spell, and on Tuesday the horse appeared without the new headgear.

"What has become of the horse's bonnet, Harry?" asked one of the firm. "Don't you think it is hot enough this morning?"

"Ot enough. That it is, sir, but the bloomin' 'oss ate the 'at afore I could put it on 'im this morning," said 'Arry. —Newark "Sunday Call."

A Great Whispering Gallery

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

A Mummy as Hostess.

M. Guimet, the celebrated Orientalist, who has founded in Paris a museum which bears his name, gave the other day a five o'clock tea, "to meet the beautiful Thais," relates a correspondent in Paris. Thais, as one knows, was the famous courtesan who lived in the third century, and was so blonde and lovely that all the gentlemen of Alexandria lost their appetites and sleep on her account. The smartest people were invited, and, to begin with, an excellent luncheon was served. This was a wise precaution, for—who knows?—they might not have been able to enjoy the rare Oriental sweets of M. Guimet after they had paid their visit to Thais, in her—sarcophagus, for Thais was a mummy.

The once beautiful lady received her visitors lying down on her narrow couch of white marble. A gossamer veil of gold was on her face, which is somewhat damaged, while in her dainty slippers of scarlet cloth embroidered with real pearls very little feet were to be seen. But she still wore her superb hair, once like liquid copper, now somewhat faded and of a vague color, though abundant and silky. Round her neck was a necklace formed by two rows of unpolished pearls. Her woollen yellowish gown is of a texture so fine that nothing of the kind could be found nowadays, and she wears a bodice of orange striped silk, which is tied round her waist by a sash of the most delicate salmon-pink hue.

Beside her were many pretty things, such as a bread-basket in silver filigree, two mugs of chiselled gold, two bronze crosses—for Thais became a Christian while she was still young and lovely—and a sort of prayer-book in light laths of pale wood. A few other mummies keep her company, most of them being also surrounded by quaint and curious things very interesting to look at. One of the most clever lady writers was so struck by them that she is going to write a series of articles on the subject, beseeching the friends and relations of our modern dead to imitate the people of antiquity and fill their tombs with articles that were once beloved by them, so that some 2,000 years hence scholars and artists may form an idea of the Parisian civilization in the twentieth century.

Some Scotch Examination Papers.

London "Chronicle."

A correspondent proposes the following questions for the next matriculation examination at the Scotch universities: First—Geography—Draw a map of the United States, marking London, Glasgow and Birmingham. Second — Rule of Three—If a man does a piece of work in four days, how much quicker will an American do it at half the salary? Third—Political Economy — The Yankee millionaires over here state they "feel as if this were their own country." The German Emperor, when last visiting us, declared he felt "perfectly at home." Account for this. Fourth—History—Write a note on the invasions of Great Britain and the rebellion and subsequent subjugation of the Angles. Give dates of the accessions of Yerkes I., Sloan, Morgan the Contractor, and the other conquerors; also of the beatification of St. Carnegie. Say what you know of any of these. Fifth —Trade Problem—You are an English manufacturer. An extensive order is received for locomotives for a trans-African railway. Which would you do —demand an entire alteration of the railway to fit the six locomotives you have in stock, or recommend an American rival? Sixth—Travel—You are an American millionaire traveling for recreation. Which would you take back with you as souvenir—London or Paris? State your reasons for preferring one of these trinkets.

Le Gallienne as Satirist.

IN the "Rambler," Numb. 210, Richard Le Gallienne, Esquire, has what he himself would no doubt call a "little paper" on "The Desire of the Star for the Moth." We help ourselves to the following excerpts:

"Of course, there are very big successful Stars who affect that the Hero-worshipper Moth is a Nuisance, and build themselves about with Bastions of Privacy, through which no Ray of their Shining can reach the most persevering Moth—but then, you see, they are so sure of their Moths. I wonder if the Time should come when the Flocks of little Pilgrims up to their dizzy Radiance begin to slacken, and the Roar of Moth-Wings outside their guarded Country-seats to grow fainter—and it has happened so with some very great Stars indeed!—if they would not become a little insecure in their Feeling of Starriness, and perhaps even at last unshutter a Window, and let slip a Beam of their celestial Selves; lest the Moths should grow discouraged, and perhaps cease coming at all.

"I have heard that some Stars of this Magnitude charge the Moth Half a Guinea for their Autographs—strictly, of course, for the Benefit of the Hospitals. Such Stars are, you can imagine, very sure of themselves. But there is another Kind of big Star that makes quite as fine a Blaze as those of which I have been speaking, yet is by no means so unsocial; on the Contrary is smilingly, even eagerly, accessible to every Moth that is so kind and appreciative as to take the Trouble to call with its Homage. It often indeed asks the Moth to stay for Lunch, and makes it promise to be sure to come again."

It is somewhat unusual to find Mr. Le Gallienne playing literary satirist in this rather obvious manner. But at the moment he is living in New York, which possibly accounts for it. Possibly, too, suggests the "Outlook," the falling-off in the stream of moths which formerly drifted in a certain direction has filled his soul with revolt.

Accounted For.

Mrs. Slimson—Willie, your shirt is dripping.

Willie—Yes'm. Some boys tempted me to go in swimming, and I ran away from them so hard that I got into an awful perspiration.—"Bazar."

What It Meant.

Mrs. Von Blumer—How tired I am of society—nothing but foam and froth, nothing deep or lasting, nothing worth while—no sincerity anywhere.

Von Blumer—Who's snubbed you now?—"Bazar."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Giant Tortoises.

FOUR giant tortoises have recently been added to the reptile collection of the Zoological Gardens in Bronx Park, New York. They are from the Galapagos Islands, in the Southern Pacific Ocean, and differ from any tortoises native to Europe, Asia, Africa, or America.

These enormous tortoises are living reminders of the age of giant reptiles. They represent the sole survivors of the gigantic cold-blooded creatures whose massive bones in the different scientific museums illustrate the wonders of the Pliocene Age. In that age lizards attained a length of forty feet and more, and possessed strength enough to tear down small trees in order to browse upon their leaves. All reptilian life was gigantic in proportion, and a comparison of an ordinary tortoise of the present day with one of the giant tortoises shows the decadence of the reptile race. The average land tortoise of Europe or America, for instance, weighs five pounds, while the largest tortoise at Bronx Park weighs 310 pounds.

There are fourteen distinct species of the giant tortoise. Of these, six inhabit the Galapagos Islands, four the Aldabra Islands and four the Mauritius-Rodrigues group. All the species are rapidly becoming extinct, and reputable scientific authorities have declared several species to be entirely extinct for some time. On the continents of Europe, Asia and Africa these creatures are represented only by fossil remains; the living individuals are confined entirely to the islands mentioned.

To procure these reptiles a number of expeditions have been planned. The first of these resulting in the arrival of specimens in this country was made by the United States ship "Albatross." The specimens procured were placed in the National Museum at Washington. In 1812, long before the visit of the "Albatross," the United States ship "Essex" had explored the islands of the Galapagos group, and two large tortoises were captured and presented to a South Sea Island chief. In 1889 these same reptiles were obtained by Walter Rothschild, and were shipped by him to London.

In 1897 Mr. Rothschild despatched his expedition for giant tortoises to the Galapagos Islands. The total expenses of this expedition were $16,500. Fifty-nine tortoises were procured, but none exceeded two hundred pounds in weight. All the islands were visited. On Duncan Island twenty-seven specimens were captured, representing a species scientifically known as Testudo ephippium. The tortoises collected in this expedition were taken to London in 1898 by Frank B. Webster of Boston. As a special exhibit in a zoological conference then in progress they excited great interest, and their owner finally distributed them among the zoological gardens of Europe.

In 1900 twenty tortoises from the Galapagos, Islands were landed in San Francisco by a Captain Noyes. Mr. Webster, acting as special agent for Mr. Rothschild, purchased all the reptiles. A number were lost in shipment from San Francisco to Boston, but six reached Boston alive. These comprised specimens of Testudo vicina and Mycrophyes. The specimens were then shipped to London, where they arrived in good condition.

The third and by far the largest lot of these reptiles arrived in San Francisco early this summer. This lot consisted of twenty-four specimens. They had been brought in a schooner from the Galapagos Islands by Captain William Johnson of San Francisco. Three of the tortoises in this lot are the largest ever captured, weighing more than three hundred pounds each.

F. B. Webster purchased this lot of tortoises, and shipped them to his place in Hyde Park. On the way three of them died. One of the three largest specimens was purchased by the New York Zoological Society, together with four smaller ones. Six specimens have been purchased by Mr. Rothschild, two go to Count Peracca, in Italy, and the remainder will probably be disposed of among zoological institutions.

The five giant tortoises at the New York Zoological Gardens now occupy a plot of long grass opposite the reptile house. In the mornings they are often let out of their enclosure to browse about at will. In the heat of the day they sleep in the shadow of a piece of tarpaulin that has been spread to shelter them from the sun.

The principal article of diet with these strange creatures is the cactus, but they feed on all sorts of vegetation, and seem to thrive.

These tortoises live to a great age. There is one in captivity known to be 127 years old, and it was full grown when caught. The largest of the collection at Fordham is supposed to have attained the great age of two hundred years.

The dimensions of this enormous tortoise are: Length of shell, on curve, 4 feet 3 inches; width of shell, on curve, 4 feet 7 inches; height, 20 inches; weight, 310 pounds. This giant was caught in the crater of an extinct volcano. To carry it thence to the shore were required the efforts of fourteen men for twelve days. A stretcherlike carrier was improvised, and the reptile placed upon it.

Next winter a special tortoise house will be ready at the east end of the present reptile house. There the giant tortoises will be housed from the cold, and a glass roof will give them the full benefit of the sun.

Shuffle and Cut.

Perceiving now that the block was inevitable, the noble prisoner bethought him of suicide.

"Shall I shuffle off this mortal coil?" mused he.

But the executioner, being a man of some wit withal, divined his thought.

"You shuffle after I cut!" quoth this functionary, briefly.

The duke was silent at this. It was not his grace's wont to bandy words with one from the commonalty.—Detroit "Journal."

"Harry," she said, thoughtfully. "What is it?" responded the worried business man, rather shortly. "I wish you could rearrange your business a little bit." "How?" "So as to be a bear on the Stock Exchange instead of at home."—Exchange.

Of the one hundred most popular books of the century up to the present time the check-book is one and the pocketbook is the other ninety-nine. —Life.

Unraveling a Mystery.

RICHARD WATSON GILDER is an enthusiastic lover of the delightful Berkshire region of Western Massachusetts, says the Philadelphia "Post," and has a summer home there. He loves to climb the hills, to drive about the charming roads, to fish in the waters.

With a close friend, a well-known New York artist, he set out one day for an all-day drive. Both were entranced by the scenery and delighted by the succession of fine homes, old and new, that they passed.

Suddenly the artist and Mr. Gilder uttered an involuntary cry of pleasure, for there right in front of them, as they rounded a bend, was a delightful old home. Its pillared doorway, its fan-shaped window, its gambrel roof, its picturesque gables, its quaint old-fashioned air, were very charming, and upon it was a sign, "For rent."

The two men left the buggy and stepped toward the house. It was empty, but through the narrow slitted windows at either side of the door the author and artist glanced. They saw a big grandfather's clock at the turn of the broad stairway; they saw an antique chair in the hall.

"What a delightful find!" cried the artist.

"What a charming mystery!" exclaimed Mr. Gilder.

A man sauntered up from the field. He was the caretaker.

"Would you like to look through the house?" he asked.

Nothing would please the two men better, and the door was forthwith unlocked.

Through room after room they walked. In one place stood an ample corner cupboard; in another an antique sideboard; here was a great carved clawfoot sofa; there was a table with claw-and-ball legs; upstairs was a huge canopied four-post bed with other old-fashioned furniture. In short, the entire house was furnished in colonial style.

"A dream of beauty," said the artist.

How strange it seemed. What mystery, what romance, perhaps even what tragedy, lay beyond it all! Here in this ancient house were all the ancient furnishings untouched, in spite of the keen search for such things by the myriad lovers of old-fashioned furniture and the dealers whose agents go everywhere. Undoubtedly there must be some strange and striking story to explain it all.

They sought out the caretaker.

"What old family has lived here for all these generations? How does it happen that everything has remained untouched? Why is the old house at last without a tenant, and why is it offered to strangers?"

The questions of the two men came eager and swift. The caretaker was puzzled for a few moments, and then said:

"Oh, I see what you mean. Why, this house was bought by Mr. Z., a second-hand furniture dealer of New York, and he has fixed it up here, just to rent it, with things he sent up from his shop."

The author and the artist slowly retreated to their vehicle and drove away without a word.

Expenses of English Coronations.

EDWARD VII.'S coronation expenses are likely to be extremely lavish, the precedent of George IV. being followed rather than that of Victoria. When George III. passed away the people had experienced no coronation solemnities for more than sixty years, and it was, perhaps excusably, felt that the occasion called for some larger display than when that long-lived monarch came to the throne. The sum, accordingly, which the Chancellor of the Exchequer of the day fixed in his own mind as a working maximum was £100,000. When the bill came to be presented it was discovered that the total expenditure ran to £238,000.

Now, when Victoria was crowned, it is to be remembered that there was a coronation only seven years before, and another barely ten years before that, so that most men of middle age had already tasted the sweets and borne the expense of two great festivals of pageantry. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that when the Duchess of Kent came to discuss matters with her daughter's ministers of state, it was felt that sheer lavish display would be out of place, and the consequence was that the whole cost was brought well within the estimate.

The cost of arranging the Abbey ran into £20,000. The Lord Chamberlain's Department absorbed £14,000, the Master of the Horse and the Mistress of the Robes got £12,000 between them, the Earl Marshal and the heralds put in a bill for £1,800, the cost of the commemorative medals was £5,000, and £5,500 was spent on fireworks, illuminations and free theaters. The lot came to £69,421.

Now, one reason why the coronation of George IV. cost so much more, and, indeed, surpassed the expenditure upon any event of the kind before or since, was because there was a banquet provided for about two thousand hungry and thirsty souls who had eaten nothing all day because of their duties in the Abbey. It was a royal feed. The turtle alone filled eighty tureens, the turbot lay upon the same number of dishes, and there were eighty dishes also of salmon and trout.

The butcher's and game bills came to a respectable total, as the following toothsome details will show: Beef, 7,442 pounds; veal, 7,033 pounds; mutton, 20,474 pounds; lamb, 20 quarters, 20 legs and 5 saddles; 55 quarters of grass lamb; sweetbreads, 160; cow heels, 389; calves' feet, 400; geese, 170; capons, 730; chickens, 1,610; bacon, 1,730 pounds; butter, 912 pounds; and 8,400 eggs. Nor was the flushing of the necks of the two thousand forgotten, as witness the wine bill: 100 dozen champagne, 200 dozen claret, 50 dozen each hock, Moselle and Madeira; 350 dozen sherry and port, 20 dozen Burgundy and 100 gallons iced punch.

Advantageous Terms.

"I hear that you have compromised your suit for damages against the P. D. and Q. Railroad Company." "Yes." "Advantageously?" "Very." "What were the terms?" "They paid my lawyer's bill."—"Town Topics."

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

RENTS Must Go Higher, because we have several applicants for every vacant house on our books and we have to notify tenants almost daily to vacate because we have sold the houses to wise ones, who prefer being their own landlords and masters of their own homes. Every family should own their own home, and can, if they will only be guided by our long practical experience. Free to all. Ask for our printed lists of houses, lots, gardens or farms. Open 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE SOURCE of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your teeth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings 1 00
Silver fillings............ 50c
Gold crowns 5 00
Painless extraction 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over China Hall.

We Will Pay You 7 Cents Per Pound for

DRY PICKED CHICKS.

Any quantity. We pay freight. Check sent as soon as we receive the poultry.

SAMUEL L. LEWIS & CO.

Commission Merchants,

London, Ont

ADVERTISE —IN— THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 19 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—There should be a good market to-day.

—The Board of Health meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—The price of hay is very high at present.

—Watch Kidd's cash bargain grocery, 358 George street.

—Considerable wood is being brought into town. Prices remain about the same.

—A meat saw which was found on Monday, awaits an owner at the police station.

—The chief has a pocket-book, which was found on the street yesterday, for which he would like an owner.

—"The First Temptation in the Wilderness," will be the subject of an address by Rev. J. H. Teney, at the service in St. Luke's this evening.

—You are making a mistake if you do not investigate Kidd's tea bargains, 358 George street.

—The Rev. W. J. Atkinson, B.A., of Inglewood, has received an unanimous call to the pastorate of Warsaw and South Dummer. The matter will be dealt with at the next meeting of the Session, to be held at Cobourg, on March 11th.

—The Snowshoe Club will have a tramp to-night to Mr. E. Burnham's residence, Otonabee. The members will leave the corner of Mark and Elizabeth streets at 7.45.

—To prove our coffee THE BEST, we will supply FREE coffee and napkins at any gathering of over 150 people. H. F. Kidd, 358 George street.

—A blazing flue in the office of Harley & Co., Hunter street, caused considerable excitement about 6 o'clock last evening. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done.

—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the fire brigade was called to the corner of Wolfe and Rubidge sts. A blazing chimney was the trouble, but this was soon extinguished.

—Whiten, the photographer, has all the latest styles in mounts. He makes only the best quality of photos. Picture framing done at Whiten's, 158 Hunter street, west.

—Wm. Kitley, who for a number of years has been an inmate of the county gaol as a vagrant, had his time extended another six months at the police court yesterday. The old man has grown so simple that he was not able to appear before the magistrate to receive his sentence.

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21ST

Here is a Chance

The Canada Furniture Company propose to move one of their large factories from London, and it would be a good idea for Peterborough to try and secure it.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

Y. W. C. A Cooking Classes

The hours for the class in Superior Cookery have been slightly changed, as follows:— Beginning with to-morrow, the class will meet on Wednesday and Friday morning of each week. The hours for the other classes remaining unchanged.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

Broke His Leg

An unfortunate accident occurred at the C.P.R. station a few nights ago, when a brakeman named R. Collins, a resident of Toronto Junction, met with a misfortune. On arrival of his train at midnight, he alighted on the platform, which was somewhat dark. Running along, he came in contact with a small platform truck, breaking his right leg below the knee. Dr. Young, the C.P.R. surgeon, was called, and the unfortunate man was taken to Nicholls Hospital, where the bones were set. He is now doing nicely.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. H. LeBrun is in Toronto on business.

—Miss Annie Taylor, of Toronto, is visiting her mother in town.

—Rev. J. C. Davidson delivered an address in Campbellford last night.

—Miss May O'Brian, of Millbrook, is in town, visiting the Misses McKee.

—Miss Cora Montgomery, of Toronto, is visiting friends in town.

—Rev. W. L. Armitage has been confined to his house since Sunday, suffering from la grippe.

—Mr. G. W. Williamson, General Secretary of the Y.M.C.A., conducted bible class at Omemee last evening.

—Rev. A. J. Reid, of Campbellford, will speak at St. John's church to-night.

—Port Hope Guide: Mr. Jack McFadden, who for the past two years has been employed in Gough Bros.' store here, has gone to Peterborough to take a position in the branch there. His many friends in town feel extremely sorry to lose him, but wish him every success.

New Books

The following new books have been added to the Public Library:

Britain's Title to South Africa	Cappon
Wall Street Stories	Lefebre
Held for Orders	Spearman
The Wizard's Knot	Barry
The Impressions of Janey Canuck Abroad	Ferguson
Irish Pastorals	Bullock
The Outlaws of Horse-Show Hole	Hill
Mostly Fools and a Duchess	Cleve Douglas

Toothache Cured in one Minute

Not only toothache, but any nerve pain is cured instantly by Polson's Nerviline. Thousands have testified that its powerful, penetrating, pain-subduing properties make it an absolute cure for neuralgia, rheumatism, toothache, cramps, colic and all other pains and aches that beset mankind. The world is challenged to equal Nerviline as a household liniment. Large bottle, 25 cents.

Advertising Question

Very few business men are in doubt as to whether to advertise in the newspaper. Some are undecided as to what kind of mediums to use, but the experienced advertiser finds many different ways of advertising useful. However, it is the opinion of the majority of successful men that a newspaper with a large circulation among intelligent buying people is the best and in all ways the cheapest agency for drawing trade. The Times is the medium to use.

OUR NEW STORY.

The New Serial Story Soon to Begin in The Morning Times

We will in a few days begin our new serial story, entitled, "Daisy Gordon's Folly, or The World Lost for Love's Sake," by Laura Jean Libby.

The story is one of deep and thrilling interest, and has been secured for the Times at considerable expense.

WORK ON THE TRENT CANAL

To be Continued — Provisions in the Estimates.

In the estimates for the fiscal year, provisions have been made for the continuation of work on the Trent Canal The following items appear:—

Trent Canal — To dredge shoals in Trent and Otonabee Rivers, $2,500; to build new lockgates at Bobcaygeon, to build new hull for dredge, $5,000; $1,500; dredging at mouth of Rice Lake, $1,500; contribution towards building of road between Lindsay and Fenelon Falls, $1,500.

DIED FROM PNEUMONIA

Mr. William Hamilton, a Kinmount Man Dies at Nicholls' Hospital

Mr. William Hamilton, of Kinmount, who was brought to the Nicholls Hospital about two weeks ago, suffering from injuries received by a tree falling on him while working in the woods, died at the Hospital on Monday evening. His injuries were of a very serious nature, but the immediate cause of his death was pneumonia.

REMEMBER THEIR PASTOR

Rev. Father Sweeney Remembered by His Congregation

Rev. Father Sweeney, who for the past eight or nine years has been Parish Priest at Victoria Road, is about to leave, to assume new duties in the Peterborough parish. On Sunday last he was presented with an address and a well-filled purse, as an evidence of the esteem in which he is held by the members of his congregation. In spite of the bad roads the church was packed to the doors by the residents of the neighborhood, irrespective denomination. Rev. Father Sweeney made a very happy and feeling reply.

A COFFEE SWORD

The Old Things Would "Bob Up."

Coffee puts its sword into people first one place and then another. You may depend upon it, if you are a coffee drinker, and have ailments in some of the organs of the body, that coffee is doing its work. You may prove whether it is or not by leaving it off for ten days or two weeks, although it often takes from nine months to two years to recover from its effects.

Mr. J. W. Ashby, Mt. Airy, N.C. says. "I was a coffee drinker for 25 years. About three years ago I suffered greatly with pains in the region of my heart and the pit of my stomach. These pains appeared about the same time each day.

I wondered if coffee might not be the fault, so began the test of leaving off coffee. The pains ceased, but when I began to use coffee again the same old pains would 'bob up.' I have now been using Postum for some time in place of coffee and am entirely cured of the old neuralgia of the stomach and heart. Respectfully."

21ST ANNUAL STATEMENT

NORTH
AMERICAN LIFE
SOLID
CONTINENT

—OF THE—

North American Life Assurance Company

HEAD OFFICE:
112-118 King Street West,
TORONTO.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31ST, 1901.

Dec. 30, 1900. To Net Ledger Assets		$3,773,508 08
Receipts		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
To Cash for Premiums	$922,935 02	
To Cash Income on Investments	176,461 56	
		$1,099,396 58
		$4,872,904 66
Disbursements		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
By Payment for Death Claims, Profits, etc.	$386,688 25	
" all other Payments	291,906 79	
		$ 678,595 05
		$4,194,309 61
Assets		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
By Mortgages, etc.		$1,290,489 65
" Debentures (market value, $747,295.00)		737,848 54
" Stocks and Bonds (market value, $1,371,315.70)		1,322,168 92
" Real Estate, including Company's building		416,396 41
" Loans on Policies, etc		278,827 44
" Loans on Stocks (nearly all on call)		215,170 00
" Cash in Bank and on hand		22,868 65
		$4,194,309 61
" Premiums outstanding etc. (less cost of collection)		178,561 85
" Interest and Rents due and accrued		47,901 92
		$4,420,773 38
Liabilities		
Dec. 31, 1901.		
To Guarantee Fund	$ 40,000 00	
" To Assurance and Annuity Reserve Fund	3,806,229 00	
" Death Losses awaiting proofs, etc.	66,103 01	
		$3,912,332 01
Net Surplus		$ 507,441 37

Audited and found correct.

J. N. LAKE, Auditor.

The financial position of the Company is unexcelled—its percentage of net surplus to liabilities exceeds that of any other home company.

New insurance issued during 1901 ... $5,526,067 00

Exceeding the best previous year in the history of the Company by over half a million.

Insurance in force at end of 1901 (net) ... $27,977,794 00

PRESIDENT
JOHN L. BLAIKIE

VICE-PRESIDENTS
JAS. THORBURN, M.D. HON. SIR WILLIAM R. MEREDITH, K. C.

DIRECTORS
HON. SENATOR GOWAN, K.C., LL.D., C.M.G., E. GURNEY, ESQ
J. W. SMITH, ESQ. K.C., D.C.L., J. K. OSBORNE, ESQ.
D. McCRAE, ESQ., Guelph.

MANAGING DIRECTOR
WM. McCABE, LL.B., F.I.A, F.S.S.

SECRETARY
L. GOLDMAN, A.I.A.

MEDICAL DIRECTOR
J. THORBURN, M.D. (Edin)

The report containing the proceedings of the Annual Meeting, held on January 29th last, showing marked proofs of the continued progress and solid position of the Company will be sent to policyholders. Pamphlets explanatory of the attractive investment plans of the Company, and a copy of the Annual Report, showing its unexcelled financial position, will be furnished on application to the Head Office or any of the Company's agencies.

A SAD STATE OF AFFAIRS

John Evans, a Helpless Paralytic Was Sent to Gaol

An Old Peterborough Boy, Who Has Become a Helpless Invalid. A House of Refuge is Badly Needed For Such Cases.

At the Police Court on Monday an old man named John Evans, a native of the county, a poor unfortunate, who is so afflicted with paralysis, that he cannot walk, or do anything to help himself, although not otherwise sick, came up before Magistrate Dumble who had no alternative but to send him to gaol. The Magistrate strongly pointed out the necessity of a Home or House of Refuge for such cases as this, as the gaol was not the proper place for them, in fact it is doubtful if such a case could be sent to the common gaol. Besides not being a proper place for the man, it is not fair to expect the gaol officials to be burdened by the care of such a case. This is not the first nor only case of this kind. A few weeks ago we had a somewhat similar case, that of Bertha Fenstern, and many others, too numerous to give the details.

It is a pity that some of the charitable people of the town were not in attendance at the court on Monday, when this pitiable case came up, had they been present they would have become personally acquainted with the particulars of a case, which would have made them ashamed of their Christianity and so-called charity. We have many fine churches, thriving associations and charitable institutions, still the same sad tale is repeated over and over, and we do not see any attempt made to alter the deplorable condition of things as they are at present, and have been for years. It is not right, that because the Town and County Council, have not taken up the matter, that it should be allowed to drop. There are many monied men in town, who are very liberal in bringing institutions along, and we believe if these men were approached that they would gladly assist.

A couple of years ago we thought this matter was to be taken up at once, but a mistaken report was handed in by the jury at a session of the High Court when they stated that "investigations showed that there was no need for such an institution, refering to a House of Refuge. With this much mistaken report the matter was allowed to drop, but in all probability it will be brought before the Town and County Councils again at an early time, and some action should be taken without delay. There should be a House of Refuge, and as stated before, citizens would certainly feel guilty when worshipping in their handsome, comfortable churches, if they could but see one of those pitiable cases such as the two we have so recently had brought before us."

The Magistrate will probably bring this matter before the authorities at once, and it is imperative that some action should be taken in the matter.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Prof. Pull's Ride

A large number of persons lined George st. at noon, yesterday, to witness the performance of Prof. Theo. Pull in his blind ride.

Starting from the Opera House a committee composed of Messrs. W. D. Cahill J. Harvey, D. Davidson, W. H. Armstrong and J. J. McPherson drove via Simcoe, Aylmer, Hunter, George, Brock and Water Sts. to the post office. Here a note written and addressed to Robert Fair, Esq., was placed in drawer "A" and the key secreted under a ledge at the stamp wicket. Returning to the opera house via Hunter, Chambers, Brock and George Sts., the horses were given in charge of Prof. Pull, blindfolded.

Holding the hand of Mr. McPherson, he preceded him to the sleigh, and turned the team up George St. The same route was covered as before, the ground being covered at a brisk trot. Reaching the post office, the driver halted the team, entered the building and in a short time secured the key. Proceeding to drawer "A" he got the note and returned to the sleigh. At George St. he seemed to hesitate a short time, but regained the route and proceeding via Hunter, Chambers, Brock and George Sts. he halted immediately in front of Mr. R. Fair's store. Again leading Mr. McPherson, he entered the store and handed the not to Mr. Fair. He then drove straight to the opera house, and the great feat was ended. That all doubts as to the genuine powers of Prof. Pull as a hypnotist vanish before this supreme act is certain, and all that remains is to wonder at the amazing power of mind over matter.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is The Fountain of New Life for Aged Men and Women

It is the Only Medicine That Can Keep Them Happy and Well

IT FEEDS THE NERVES, NOURISHES THE BLOOD AND REGULATES DIGESTION

Men and women advanced in years should remember that the infirmities and ailments of old age are due to a weakened nervous system. One of the most prominent medical writers of the day says, "The various pains, rheumatic or otherwise, which old people complain of, and which materially disturb their comfort, result from disordered nerves." When you feel old, whether you are twenty or eighty, use Paine's Celery Compound, as it will assuredly strengthen and build you up. The great medicine has added years of peace, free from the infirmities of old age, to thousands of lives.

Old people should bear in mind that Paine's Celery Compound purifies the blood when it moves slowly and sluggishly, removing rheumatism and neuralgia, heart palpitation, nervous weakness, sleeplessness, and troubles with liver, kidneys and stomach. In a word, Paine's Celery Compound makes the old feel young and vigorous.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to at a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed a $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Bibles
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Co e & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..............................

Address..............................

County..............................

Municipal Ownership

It will be interesting for the people of Peterborough to learn that municipal ownership is proving a success in almost every case. Two years ago Brockville decided in favor of municipal ownership of lighting and bought out the existing plants at $85,000. This year a by-law was voted on to raise $50,000 to improve the service and bring it up to date in every sense. So satisfied were the people with their two years' trial of purveying their own light that the by-law went through by an overwhelming majority, in fact only sixty or seventy votes were registered against it. To those who know how difficult it is to get the ratepayers out to vote in favor of a money by-law this is eloquent testimony to the satisfaction with which the trial of municipal ownership has been received in Brockville.

WE LOOK FOR YOUR TRADE

Serving the public with care, attention, honest goods and low prices, has given us a high position amongst druggists of Canada. We look for your trade, and will use every endeavor to make you a regular customer.

Our supplies of pure Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Preparations, Perfumes, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, etc., will interest you.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. H. EDMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Trent Valley Peat Fuel Company—Election of Officers

The annual meeting of the Trent Valley Peat Fuel Company was held in the offices of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company on Monday afternoon. A large number of the shareholders were present. The reports of the various departments were presented.

The following Board of Directors was appointed: Messrs. A. L. Davis, Peterborough; P. J. O'Donoghue, Ottawa; R. I. Sims, Ottawa; P. J. Jameson, D. H. Moore and Dr. Gray, Peterborough, and T. H. Hamilton, Toronto.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, the following officers were elected:

Pres.—A. L. Davis.
Vice-Pres.—P. J. O'Donoghue.
Sec.-Treas.—Fred Sims.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property, and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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KITCHENER COOPS UP THE BOERS SLOWLY

Blockhouse Line is Extended to Bank Kop, Which Is Easily Provisioned

GOOD ADVICE FOR KRUGER FROM ITALIANS

Lord Kitchener's Gradual Extension of Blockhouses is Overcoming the Difficulties of Distance

London, Feb. 20.—A despatch to The Times from Bank Kop, in the Eastern Transvaal, says the Boers are very timid, keeping on the alert and beyond striking distance of the British. The condition of the prisoners indicates great distress among the burghers. Lord Kitchener's gradual extension of the system of blockhouses is overcoming the difficulties of distance. The Boers are not yet cooped up, but their movements are restricted. The line is now extended to Bank Kop, twenty miles nearer the Swaziland border than the Ermelo Depot, from which the columns formerly operated. Bank Kop is easily provisioned and secure.

GOOD ADVICE FOR MR. KRUGER.

London, Feb. 20.—A despatch to The Times from Rome says The Tribune publishes an open letter to Mr. Kruger, and urges him to borrow from history an indication of his duty toward his country. The paper advises Kruger to sue for peace, since it is evident that the Transvaal no longer exists except as a geographical term.

THE WAR SITUATION AS IT REALLY EXISTS

An End to the Struggle in South Africa Fairly in Sight

8,000 BOERS IN THE FIELD

The Mines Again Resuming Work, and Everything Points to a Period of Prosperity for South Africa.

London, Feb. 20.

Lord Milner is responsible for the statement that upon his return from England to the Cape there were 100,000 men, women and children being fed and clothed in the concentration camps, and not more than 8,000 still in arms. These armed men are split up into small bodies widely separated, and now harmless for serious injury in that railway area recently enclosed by blockhouses; an area "more important economically, politically and strategetically than all the rest of the country."

Of these still in arms, Lord Milner says the majority are of the best fighting quality, as has been clearly shown by the desperate encounters of the last few weeks. "To wear out the resistance of the Boers still in the field—not more than one-eighth, I think of the total number of burghers who have, first and last, been engaged in the war—may take a considerable time yet, and will almost certainly involve further losses. I will not attempt to forecast either the time or the cost. What seems evident is that the concentration of the Boers, and the substitution of several fairly well defined small campaigns for that sort of running fight all over the country which preceded them, is on the whole, an advantage to us, and tends to bring the end of the struggle within a more measurable distance. Our great object, it seems to me, should be to keep the Boers within the areas of their main strength, even if such concentration makes the commandoes individually more dangerous and involves more desperate fighting, and meanwhile to push on with might and main the settlement of those parts of the country out of which they have been driven. No doubt this is a difficult, and must be a gradual, process."

Six hundred of the six thousand stamps which mark the normal activity of the mines, were at work. Ten thousand of the refugees, formerly known as Outlanders, had returned, which is about one-sixth of the number who were "registered" prior to the war. The improvement in the situation in Natal is best shown by the official figures of imports and exports. In 1901 the former amounted to £9,789,104, against £5,876,227 in 1900, while the exports, which were £4,782,090 last year, were only £1,136,322 the first year of the war.

As the principal outcry of the pro-Boers is now limited to the "inhumanity of the concentration camps," it is interesting to note that Lord Milner considers the hardships of the Boer women and children would have been infinitely greater had they been left unprotected upon their farms. "To decide between the competing demand upon the still very limited amount of truck available for civil purposes, after the paramount requirements of the army have been satisfied, is indeed a most difficult and delicate task. Whether we have done all for the best, it is not for me to say. That any amount of conscientious thought and labor has been devoted, on all hands, to grappling with the problem, I can confidently assert. And I am equally confident that whatever has been done, and whatever may yet be done, the amount of hardship must have been and must still be very great. It would be amusing, if amusement were possible in the presence of so much sadness and suffering, to put side by side the absolutely contradictory criticisms, all equally vehement, to which our action is subjected. On the one hand is the outcry against the cruelty and heartlessness manifested in not making better provision for the people in the concentration camps; on the other, the equally loud outcry against our injustice in leaving the British refugees in idleness and poverty at the coast, in order to keep the people in the concentration camps supplied with every luxury and comfort. I have even frequently heard the expression that we are 'spoiling' the people in the Boer camps."

Upon the question of conditions of peace we must remember that not only Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener, the representatives of the Mother country in South Africa, but also the Colonial Cabinets of Cape Colony and Natal are at one with Lord Salisbury in declining to treat with any of the former civil administrators of the late republics, either in Holland, Paris or South Africa. The struggle will continue until the commandoes in the field express a desire to surrender or are rendered harmless to that majority which ardently wishes to resume once more the more profitable arts of peace.

AN AMERICAN GIRL NOW A MARCHIONESS

Daughter of a New York Banker Is Marquis Dufferin's Wife

A HIGH PLACE AMONG NOBILITY

Demise of Lord Dufferin Raises Her on Her Husband's Rank—Stork is Expected in Beautiful Residence in London—Late Statesman Left Pathetic Letter on Globe Concern's Smash.

London, Feb. 20 — She who before marriage was Flora Davis of New York City, has become, through the death of the first marquis of Dufferin and Ava, the only American marchioness in the British peerage.

Her father is John H. Davis, a banker, who resides at 24 Washington square, New York.

When she married nine years ago Lord Dufferin's second son she became Lady Terence Blackwood. Two years ago Lord Dufferin's eldest son, the earl of Ava, was killed in battle while defending Ladysmith and as he was unmarried Lord Terence Blackwood became the heir and took the title of Viscount Clandeboye.

The new marquis and marchioness of Dufferin and Ava have a beautiful house in London at 76 Cadogan square, where they are now staying. The new marchioness is expecting a visit from the stork and has to be kept very quiet.

The marquis has been trying to let this house for the coronation season, since on account of being in mourning they will not be able to go out or to entertain. The coronation probably will be the only festivity they will attend.

Their house is entered by a very large, square hall, an uncommon thing in a London house. All the rooms are beautifully decorated and upholstered. When they first went into it the drawing room was done in a shade of rose red, but when everything was finished she decided that the color was unbecoming, so she had the whole thing altered at a cost of $2,500, all of which was paid by her father, who also gave the decorations and furniture for the house.

The late marquis of Dufferin, after a long and brilliant career as governor general of Canada and British ambassador to several of the most important courts of Europe, died last Wednesday in his seventy-sixth year, respected by all, yet ruined in purse and broken in heart by a perfectly innocent but too trustful connection with unfortunate speculative enterprises.

A pathetic letter written by him at the time of the Whitaker Wright smash has been published here, in which he moans:

"It is really heartbreaking. I am nearly ruined and many others are involved in the same calamity. The one bright spot in the whole business is the way my shareholders have behaved. And what do you think that good fellow C—— did? He asked leave to place £1,000 at Lady Dufferin's disposal, and yet he himself is a poor man.

The late Lord Dufferin courteously assented to more than one request of representatives of the press for his opinion on important international questions. In November of 1899 he was asked to write an article on the old and the new diplomacy, he being the most distinguished living exponent of the former. He sent this interesting letter, hitherto unpublished:

"I hasten to acknowledge the receipt of your very flattering proposal, but, in the first place, I am far too busy to be able to embark on any literary task, and in the second place, I do not know that I have any distinct conception of what is meant by the 'new' and 'old' diplomacy.

"The telegraph and rapid means of communication by letter between the foreign offices and its dependent chanceries have, of course, modified the position of the representatives of the various courts of Europe to a very considerable extent. I imagine that is what you mean by the expression 'new diplomacy,' a term which I have frequently seen used in the newspapers without, however, being able to comprehend exactly to what it applies."

The "new diplomacy" was McKinley's, which was copied by Chamberlain, while Dufferin's letter was an admirable example of the "old diplomacy."

Argue it out
Why did YOU quit Coffee?

It probably comes to every thoughtful person at times that there are plenty of common, mediocre people, and that if one determines to, he or she can press to the front, pass the crowd, and win position, fame and gold. It is largely a matter of determination and health. Many a determined character with brilliant possibilities, is held back by ill-health. Some find that bright, keen thoughts refuse to come to their brains, and wonder why.

The kind of brain work that makes successful professional men makes heavy draughts on the filling of the minute nerve cells of the body, said filling being composed of a grayish sort of material which must be replaced day by day, or the brain and other parts of the body will not act properly.

Coffee is a hidden but powerful enemy to one's progress in life. Its subtle, narcotic poison weakens heart, interferes with digestion, and has a definite and destructive effect on the nervous system. People who are content to load themselves with impediments to progress, who refuse to supply body with food and drink of the kind needed to make up for the daily disintegration of nerve and tissue, must stand aside in the race for preeminence.

The ones who are properly fed, will surely win the laurels.

Postum Food Coffee furnishes the gluten and phosphates of grain needed by nature to nourish brain and nerves with food. It does not narcotize and tear down. It is frequently misjudged on first trial, because of improper preparation, but it will be found to be a most delicious beverage if, after boiling commences, it be allowed to continue boiling for 15 minutes. This is necessary to extract the food value and flavor.

There are those who are entirely careless as to what goes into the stomach, but the one who would make all his movements tend towards health and possible greatness, cannot afford to risk adulterated food or drink or even coffee.

WHAT CAN RUSSIA DO? IS NOW THE QUESTION

The New Treaty Has Made the Crafty Miscovite Exceedingly Angry, and Reprisals May Naturally be Expected

New York, Feb. 19 — The Sun's St. Petersburg correspondent says: The more carefully the treaty between England and Japan is considered the more clearly must the world recognise the magnitude of its actual and prospective significance. It is no exaggeration to say that this international compact has revolutionised the situation in the Far East. This is true, whether we look at its effect on the contracting parties themselves, on Russia, which suffers by it, on China, its beneficiary, or on Powers less directly interested.

At a stroke the treaty relieves England from the isolation which, coupled with the absorption of her military resources in South Africa, has, for some time past, paralysed her influence in China. Should her interests in that country now be threatened, she would be strong in the very particular where hitherto she has been weak, for through her alliance with Japan she would have at her disposal a land force superior in numbers, discipline, equipment, and efficiency to any that a European opponent could array against her in the Far East. Equally patent is it that, through the alliance just concluded, Japan becomes mighty where she was but feeble, and no longer has anything to fear from the combined naval armaments of Russia and France. In a word, the land power of Japan and the sea power of Great Britain complement each other, and, together, constitute a whole which is locally irresistible.

Upon Russia's plan to acquire a monopoly of Manchuria, which, ultimately, must have led to dominance throughout Northern China, the treaty between Japan and Great Britain falls as an extinguisher. If Manchuria is to remain Chinese, the already partly constructed branch of the Siberian Railway will become valueless, as, traversing foreign territory, it could be obstructed at any hour. The hope, too, must be renounced of securing a naval station on the southeastern coast of Corea, and of thus controlling the direct maritime route between Vladivostock and Port Arthur, which, being thus condemned to segregation from each other will be comparatively useless. In fine, the secret purpose which has impelled Russia to expend vast sums of money upon the Siberian trunk line—the purpose of gaining preponderance on the west coast of the Pacific—is now nipped in the bud. So far as any forecast can be drawn from the new situation, Russia's dream of the conquest of Pekin is now as far from fulfilment as her dream of the conquest of Constantinople. So long as the present treaty between Japan and England shall hold good, it will seemingly be the destiny of China either to remain intact and independent, or become Japanese.

That the prestige of France and Germany has been relatively dimmed at Pekin by the treaty between Japan and England is too obvious to need demonstration. Of late each of those Powers has had great influence with the Chinese Court, because each was feared. Henceforth neither French nor German diplomacy will be able to exert any pressure upon China, backed as that country will feel herself to be in the last resort by the Japanese army and the British fleet. No doubt, France and Germany will be permitted, temporarily, at all events, to keep the small territorial accessions which they have won respectively in southwestern China and in Shantung; but not a step further can they now hope to go.

What counter-move can Russia make? Even if she could secure the cooperation of Germany as well as France, the combined naval strength of those three Powers would be inadequate to cope with that of their opponents in the waters of the Far East, because the Anglo-Japanese fleet, besides being at least equal in magnitude, would possess incomparably superior naval bases in the Japanese and Chinese harbors. To enter upon such a contest with any prospect of success Russia would need the help, not only of Germany and France, but also that of the United States, which would carry with it the invaluable naval bases in the Philippines. No help from the United States will be forthcoming for the purpose of disturbing a situation, which, as shaped by the new treaty, assures the "open door," and the preservation of China's territory from dismemberment.

Checkmated in the Far East, Russia can only seek elsewhere for a retrieval of her prestige, and she may now be strongly tempted to enter on a policy of revenge. England, which has blocked the czar's progress in Manchuria, as she has blocked it on the Bosphorus, is herself by no means proof against attack. She is vulnerable in India, in Egypt and in South Africa. It is by no means impossible that French and Russian fleets combined might contrive to disembark an army in Cape Colony; and, if this enterprise miscarried, it is atleast conceivable that a Russian land army might reach the Indus or the Nile. It may yet turn out that the Russian Bear cannot be worried with impunity, and that, if shut out from a coveted field, he may show his prowess in another direction. 'Tis an ill wind that blows nobody good, and it is possible that some of England's victims may profit by the stroke that has blasted Russian hopes in the Far East.

INDIANS BURY A BOY ALIVE IN ALASKA FOR DENOUNCING RIGHTS OF PAGANISM

Was Rescued but Afterwards Died—Lived Several Hours After Being Disinterred, but Finally Died

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 20. — The steamer Dirigo, which arrived from Alaska yesterday, brings news that Chilkoot Indians near Hine Mission, Alaska, on Feb. 5, buried alive one of their tribe, a boy 15 year of age.

The boy had been converted to Christianity by Mile A. Sulon, a Methodist missionary, and in a burst of religious zeal denounced the incantations of the tribal Icht, or medicine man. This act aroused the anger of the superstitious old men of the tribe. Recently fourteen native residents of the village of Klukwan died of consumption, and Icht spread the belief that the boy, in league with the Evil One through his knowledge of the white man's religion, caused the deaths. The disappearance of the boy from school aroused the suspicions of Mr. Sulon, and he started in search of him. At the outskirts of the village he found tracks leading to a fresh grave. Digging down he found the boy still alive, his blood-shot eyes rolling in insane agony, his hair torn in handfuls from his head. His finger nails were torn off in his efforts to escape from his terrible prison. The boy was lifted from the grave and carried to the village, where he lived several hours, howling and crying out like a maniac, finally dying from the effects of suffering and fright. Icht, who is responsible for the crime, is Skun Doo, an old offender, who spent a term in San Quentin penitentiary for causing an old woman to be starved to death in 1894.

LONGS TO LIVE IN CANADA

Ex-Queen of Madagascar Tires of Gilded Captivity in Algeria.

Paris, Feb. 19.—Ranavalo, formerly queen of Madagascar, having tired of her gilded captivity in Algeria, has petitioned the government to allow her to settle in the United States or in Canada. She offers to take an oath never to attempt to return to her native island or to communicate with her former subjects in any manner. The French government has not yet replied to her.

The Strike Settled

The strike at the Cereal works has not been a serious or long-lived matter, and the working men can regard the settlement as a victory. A committee of the union waited on the employers and the matter fully discussed and a satisfactory adjustment arrived at. In an interview with a labor man yesterday we learned that the strike was off and that the men had got what they asked for and have returned to work.

Malt Breakfast Food

The Choice of Royalty is Now Within Reach of All Classes

Malt Breakfast Food is now a breakfast luxury with royalty and with the nobility of Britain. A food that has become the favorite of royalty can surely be trusted by all classes of our population, and the price is within reach of every family.

The ablest physicians and the best food experts say that Malt Breakfast Food is far ahead of all other breakfast grain foods now on the market for keeping well people strong and giving to the weak and rundown digestive vigor and regular appetite.

Breakfast commenced with Malt Breakfast Food means fortifying the body with true sustaining and energizing nutriment that conduces to bodily and mental vigor and general good health. Ask your grocer for it.

CORONER' INQUEST ON DEATH OF J.F. PERRIN

Was Held Last Night in the Council Chamber—Three Witnesses Examined

REPORT OF THE POST MORTEM EXAMINATION.

Adjourned Until Monday Evening Next When More Witnesses Will be Examined.

The coroner's inquest to inquire into the facts surrounding the death of Mr. J. Fred Perrin, was resumed last night at 7.30. The jurymen were in their places, and after calling the court to order, the coroner called on Dr. Carmichael for the report of the post-mortem examination which is as follows:

Dr. Carmichael, sworn, said,—I am a practising physician in Peterborough, and with the assistance of Dr. McFaul, made a post-mortem examination on the body of the late James F. Perrin.

We, the undersigned formed a post-mortem on Mr. J. F. Perrin this morning, and found the following conditions:

Body well developed; Left temporal and malar region contused. Ecchymosis in left upper eyelid; contusion mark on dorsal surface of left hand and left lumbar region; blood in right ear and nostrils. On removing scalp, found extravasation of blood over the frontal bone and left occipital bone; left temporal muscle contused; also contusion over frontal bone. On removing skull cap, found fracture in left temporal bone, which impinged on the brain substance, with considerable extravasation of blood between membranes covering brain; otherwise brain appeared healthy. On examination of chest, found 3rd and 4th ribs fractured. Also found left lung contused on outer and lower border. Heart and right lung appeared normal. On examination of the abdomen, found a large quantity of blood in the lower and left portion, which appeared to come from left kidney, which was found lacerated. Liver, stomach, and other organs appeared normal. On examining back over lumbar and lower part of the dorsal, found muscles greatly contused, with a large amount of extravasated blood, but found no fracture of the spine. On turning the body over, a large amount of blood flowed from mouth and nose.

W. A. McFAUL, M.D.
D. N. CARMICHAEL, M.D.

The fracture on the temple bone was enough to cause death. The lacerated kidney, and the blood lost, was enough to cause death. We are of the opinion that the brain and extravasation of the kidney was sufficient to cause death. The fall was the cause of death.

Dr. McFaul, sworn, said,—I assisted at the post-mortem, and have heard the reading of the report. I fully coincide with his statements.

Mr. William Redfern, sworn, said,—I am employed by the American Cereal Co. My duties are bell-signaller. I have to give notice on the bell to call engineer's attention to the raising and lowering of the hoist. I stand on the top of the building. I communicate with the engineer by means of a bell. The bell is within ten or twelve feet of the engineer. The hoist is attached to a pulley at top of building. One hoist raises as the other descends. They are run by a reversible engine. When a barrow is on the hoist and to be lowered, one ring starts engine. When one barrow is down the other is up. A ring of the bell signalls the engineer. I was at work when the accident happened. Duties of deceased were to take loaded barrow from hoist, and put on an empty barrow. Several men are employed in attending to hoist. Deceased took his barrow to its destination, and emptied it and returned to the hoist. When accident occurred, deceased was taking a loaded barrow from hoist. He stood on scaffold, and reached out to take a barrow from hoist. The elevator started to go down. The elevator goes down very quickly at times. When hoist went down deceased overbalanced and fell forward. I did not ring the bell. I have heard it stated that the bell did ring. The bell is rung by a wire which passes down the frame of the hoist to the bottom of the hoist. There is a wooden handle on the wire. There is a spring on the bell down below, but none above. I did not go down to see deceased after he fell. I could not see him from the time he fell until he was carried out to the ambulance. The elevator going down caused him to fall by being overbalanced. The man on the lower floor had no way of signalling engineer to raise hoist. I generally stood at post near top of hoist. The bell could be rung without my knowledge. The wire could be pulled from below without my knowledge. No person could have pulled wire from top of building without my knowledge. This could have been done from below. The hoist came up level with the floor. There was no adjustment to hold the hoist except the engine from below. The hoist was constructed without a lock, and the accident would not have happened had there been a lock. The hoist lowered suddenly without any notice. I saw hoist start and told deceased to keep back, and rang for hoist to be stopped. I went down and made enquiries. The first time I got no reply. The second time I was told that the bell had rung. On other occasions I had done this. This has occurred more than once. The bell was not protected and might be struck. Have pulled bell and it did not sound. Called to the men below to draw their attention. Spring of bell might have caught, or something caught wire, and that stopped the bell. I was working on the sixth storey. The floors are not in. No stairways are in position. As storey after storey is built, the bell rope is extended, and the handle moved up. The bell could be rung in many ways. Have noticed deceased at his work. He was a steady man. He was not as active on his feet as some men are. He had his feet on the floor and hands on the barrow when hoist went down. I do not know whether he had started to lift or not. He lost his balance. I have been on the works as bell-man about two months. Deceased worked there about the same time and was quite familiar with the work. Have acted as signal-man at a number of other places. The hoist is the kind usually used by builders. It was constructed in the usual manner as hoists are built for buildings. Hoist had descended about five or six feet when I signalled to stop. Deceased had not arrived with his barrow when the hoist arrived at top of building. I have complained a number of times about the hoist dropping without signal. The time of the accident, engineer said bell had rung. If I left hoist for any reason I would leave a man in charge. Deceased may have had his foot on hoist. The hoist is the usual style of hoist used. The signal is not the same as used in some places. A pipe and whistle is sometimes used. The lowest floor is laid with plank. The bell is protected from anything falling from above, and striking it. Bell is on under side of floor. A hole is bored through each floor, and wire passed down. The wire is not boxed in. Any person might pull the wire. There are occasions when men have saved themselves by stepping quickly back. This has occurred on four occasions. The men were John Fox, twice on Saturday; George Carr and Fred Lynch. One of the cases occurred on Monday last. I never notified the superintendent. Have complained to engineer. Have asked men below why hoist had started without bell being rung. Hoist went down on the day after the accident. Spoke to several of the bricklayers' helpers. Several men saw hoist go down on Saturday. Majority of the men knew that hoist would go down. I had warned all the men, including Perrin, to be careful in case hoist should go down. I could not swear to any particular time when I warned deceased. Have warned the men as a body. Warned them when an accident occurred. The men were under my control in so much as I could stop them taking a barrow from the hoist. I am not a foreman. I am just an employee. The foreman is Mr. Gaylor.

Charles Adams sworn said,—I am in charge of engine which runs hoist on building since about last week in December, about two months. Was in charge on Monday last. Heard of accident. The first I heard was a noise which I thought was a wheelbarrow falling. Hoist stopped near floor on which Mr. Perrin fell. The building is four stories high above this. Had got signal to start hoist but not to stop it. I stopped hoist when I heard the noise. The first I knew of it was when deceased struck floor above, saw him through a small space in the floor. I went to see him as soon as I could. Had to look [illegible]. Reached the floor by going up a ladder. Was not first one there. I believe Mr. John Murphy was the first man there. When I reached him he was insensible as far as I could see. He was bleeding some. Engine is about 18 to 20 feet from where hoist lands. Can see cage when it is down. After it passes below first floor it is in my sight. Lower cage was loaded when I got signal to start. Could see it being loaded. Do not know who loaded it at that time. Did not receive any signal to stop hoist. One bell starts the hoist, also stops the hoist when in motion. Three bells signal the cellar. Four bells denote that men are on the hoist. The men are safe then. Hoist is stopped by shutting off steam and tightening brake. When the cage is up and other down they are held by a brake. When I am doing anything around engine I fasten brake with a latch. I cannot account for the difference of opinion between Mr. Redfern and myself. I got signal to start hoist but not to stop. He complained to me before that I had started hoist without signal. I never start hoist without a signal. Could not see if any one interfered with wire above first floor. No one could pull wire below first floor without being seen by me. Above first floor they would have to walk on beams. Have discovered wrong signals before. Do not know where they came from. On one occasion I received first three bells then two bells then one. I done nothing. On another occasion I got a signal one bell followed by another a few seconds later. I held engine still. Do not know who was at signal. Mr. Redfern and myself are on good terms. Mr. Gaylord is foreman over me. The top of building can be reached by going up run ways. There are ladders also. Do not know if there were any men working between me and top of building. The only connection would be when men were working at scaffolding. A boy was in engine room when bell rang. A young man George Foster sitting on coal box heard bell ring. Do not know if boy heard bell.

There is one drum on the engine. The engine is reversible. Bell is about 6 feet above the ground floor. The bell wire is not protected. There are no warning notices. There are no watchmen on first and second floor. The wire is small, it is stove pipe wire. There is no protection. Bell is situated about 20 feet from me. There is some noise in the building. Mr. Redfern never complained that he rang when I had not heard it. There were no complaints. The only complaints he made to me was that I started hoist before getting signal. I never spoke to Mr. Gaylor about it. Thought the man should look out for himself. Warned the men to be careful about the signal. He never complained to me that he signalled without getting a reply. I knew there was some danger in the hoist moving unexpectedly. I went on operating engine. Ice got in the holes in the floors where the wire came through. This occurred once. The bell would not ring when pulled. The wire was not enclosed. There was no danger of not hearing the bell. I would not move machine until I received the signal. Do not

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Of those still in arms, Lord Milner says the majority are of the best fighting quality, as has been clearly shown by the desperate encounters of the last few weeks. "To wear out the resistance of the Boers still in the field—not more than one-eighth, I think of the total number of burghers who have, first and last, been engaged in the war—may take a considerable time yet, and will almost certainly involve further losses. I will not attempt to forecast either the time or the cost. What seems evident is that the concentration of the Boers, and the substitution of several fairly well defined small campaigns for that sort of running fight all over the country which preceded them, is on the whole, an advantage to us, and tends to bring the end of the struggle within a more measurable distance. Our great object, it seems to me, should be to keep the Boers within the areas of their main strength, even if such concentration makes the commandoes individually more dangerous and involves more desperate fighting, and meanwhile to push on with might and main the settlement of those parts of the country out of which they have been driven. No doubt this is a difficult, and must be a gradual, process."

Six hundred of the six thousand stamps which mark the normal activity of the mines, were at work. Ten thousand of the refugees, formerly known as Outlanders, had returned, which is about one-sixth of the number who were "registered" prior to the war. The improvement in the situation in Natal is best shown by the official figures of imports and exports. In 1901 the former amounted to £9,789,104, against £8,676,227 in 1900, while the exports, which were £4,792,000 last year, were only £1,126,322 the first year of the war.

As the principal outcry of the pro-Boers is now limited to the "inhumanity of the concentration camps," it is interesting to note that Lord Milner considers the hardships of the Boer women and children would have been infinitely greater had they been left unprotected upon their farms. "To decide between the competing demand upon the still very limited amount of track available for civil purposes, after the paramount requirements of the army have been satisfied, is indeed a most difficult and delicate task. Whether we have done all for the best, it is not for me to say. That any amount of conscientious thought and labor has been devoted, on all hands, to grappling with the problem, I can confidently assert. And I am equally confident that whatever has been done, and whatever may yet be done, the amount of hardship must have been and must still be very great. It would be amusing, if amusement were possible in the presence of so much sadness and suffering, to put side by side the absolutely contradictory criticisms, all equally vehement, to which our action is subjected. On the one hand is the outcry against the cruelty and heartlessness manifested in not making better provision for the people in the concentration camps; on the other, the equally loud outcry against our injustice in leaving the British refugees in idleness and poverty at the coast, in order to keep the people in the concentration camps supplied with every luxury and comfort. I have even frequently heard the expression that we are 'spoiling' the people in the Boer camps."

Upon the question of conditions of peace we must remember that not only Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener, the representatives of the Mother country in South Africa, but also the Colonial Cabinets of Cape Colony and Natal are at one with Lord Salisbury in declining to treat with any of the former civil administrators of the late republics, either in Holland, Paris or South Africa. The struggle will continue until the commandoes in the field express a desire to surrender or are rendered harmless to that majority which ardently wishes to resume once more the more profitable arts of peace.

AN AMERICAN GIRL NOW A MARCHIONESS

Daughter of a New York Banker Is Marquis Dufferin's Wife

A HIGH PLACE AMONG NOBILITY

Demise of Lord Dufferin Raises Her on Her Husband's Rank—Stork is Expected in Beautiful Residence in London—Late Statesman Left Pathetic Letter on Globe Concern's Smash.

London, Feb. 20 — She who before marriage was Flora Davis of New York City, has become, through the death of the first marquis of Dufferin and Ava, the only American marchioness in the British peerage.

Her father is John H. Davis, a banker, who resides at 24 Washington square, New York.

When she married nine years ago Lord Dufferin's second son she became Lady Terence Blackwood. Two years ago Lord Dufferin's eldest son, the earl of Ava, was killed in battle while defending Ladysmith and as he was unmarried Lord Terence Blackwood became the heir and took the title of Viscount Clandeboye.

The new marquis and marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, have a beautiful house in London at 75 Cadogan square, where they are, now staying. The new marchioness is expecting a visit from the stork and has to be kept very quiet.

The marquis has been trying to let this house for the coronation season, since on account of being in mourning they will not be able to go out or to entertain. The coronation probably will be the only festivity they will attend.

Their house is entered by a very large, square hall, an uncommon thing in a London house. All the rooms are beautifully decorated and upholstered. When they first went into it the drawing room was done in a shade of rose red, but when everything was finished she decided that the color was unbecoming, so she had the whole thing altered at a cost of $2,500, all of which was paid by her father, who also gave the decorations and furniture for the house.

The late marquis of Dufferin, after a long and brilliant career as governor general of Canada and British ambassador to several of the most important courts of Europe, died last Wednesday in his seventy-sixth year, respected by all, yet ruined in purse and broken in heart by a perfectly innocent but too trustful connection with unfortunate speculative enterprises.

A pathetic letter written by him at the time of the Whitaker Wright smash has been published here, in which he moans:

"It is really heartbreaking. I am nearly ruined and many others are involved in the same calamity. The one bright spot in the whole business is the way my shareholders have behaved. And what do you think that good fellow C—— did? He asked leave to place £1,000 at Lady Dufferin's disposal, and yet he himself is a poor man.

The late Lord Dufferin courteously assented to more than one request of representatives of the press for his opinion on important international questions. In November of 1899 he was asked to write an article on the old and the new diplomacy, he being the most distinguished living exponent of the former. He sent this interesting letter, hitherto unpublished:

"I hasten to acknowledge the receipt of your very flattering proposal, but, in the first place, I am far too busy to be able to embark on any literary task, and in the second place, I do not know that I have any distinct conception of what is meant by the 'new' and 'old' diplomacy.

"The telegraph and rapid means of communication by letter between the foreign officers and its dependent chanceries have, of course, modified the position of the representatives of the various courts of Europe to a very considerable extent. I imagine that is what you mean by the expression 'new diplomacy,' a term which I have frequently seen used in the newspapers without, however, being able to comprehend exactly to what it applies."

The "new diplomacy" was McKinley's, which was copied by Chamberlain, while Dufferin's letter was an admirable example of the "old diplomacy."

Argue it out
Why did YOU quit Coffee?

It probably comes to every thoughtful person at times that there are plenty of common, mediocre people, and that if one determines to, he or she can press to the front, pass the crowd, and win position, fame and gold. It is largely a matter of determination and health. Many a determined character with brilliant possibilities, is held back by ill-health. Some find that bright, keen thoughts refuse to come to their brains, and wonder why.

The kind of brain work that makes successful professional men makes heavy draughts on the filling of the minute nerve cells of the body, said filling being composed of a grayish sort of material which must be replaced day by day, or the brain and other parts of the body will not act properly.

Coffee is a hidden but powerful enemy to one's progress in life. Its subtle, narcotic poison weakens heart, interferes with digestion, and has a definite and destructive effect on the nervous system. People who are content to load themselves with impediments to progress, who refuse to supply body with food and drink of the kind needed to make up for the daily disintegration of nerve and tissue, must stand aside in the race for preeminence.

The ones who are properly fed, will surely win the laurels.

Postum Food Coffee furnishes the gluten and phosphates of grain needed by nature to nourish brain and nerves with food. It does not narcotise and tear down. It is frequently misjudged on first trial, because of improper preparation, but it will be found to be a most delicious beverage if, after boiling commences, it be allowed to continue boiling for 15 minutes. This is necessary to extract the food value and flavor.

There are those who are entirely careless as to what goes into the stomach, but the one who would make all his movements tend towards health and possible greatness, cannot afford to risk adulterated food or drink or even coffee.

WHAT CAN RUSSIA DO? IS NOW THE QUESTION

The New Treaty Has Made the Crafty Miscovite Exceedingly Angry, and Reprisals May Naturally be Expected

New York, Feb. 19 — The Sun's St. Petersburg correspondent says: The more carefully the treaty between England and Japan is considered the more clearly must the world recognise the magnitude of its actual and prospective significance. It is no exaggeration to say that this international compact has revolutionized the situation in the Far East. This is true, whether we look at its effect on the contracting parties themselves, on Russia, which suffers by it, on China, its beneficiary, or on Powers less directly interested.

At a stroke the treaty relieves England from the isolation which, coupled with the absorption of her military resources in South Africa, has, for some time past, paralyzed her influence in China. Should her interests in that country now be threatened, she would be strong in the very particular where hitherto she has been weak, for through her alliance with Japan she would have at her disposal a land force superior in numbers, discipline, equipment and efficiency to any that a European opponent could array against her in the Far East. Equally patent is it that, through the alliance just concluded, Japan becomes mighty where she was but feeble, and no longer has anything to fear from the combined naval armaments of Russia and France. In a word, the land power of Japan and the sea power of Great Britain complement each other, and, together, constitute a whole which is locally irresistible.

Upon Russia's plan to acquire a monopoly of Manchuria, which, ultimately, must have led to dominance throughout Northern China, the treaty between Japan and Great Britain falls as an extinguisher. If Manchuria is to remain Chinese, the already partly constructed branch of the Siberian Railway will become valueless, as, traversing foreign territory, it could be obstructed at any hour. The hope, too, must be renounced of securing a naval station on the southeastern coast of Corea, and of thus controlling the direct maritime route between Vladivostock and Port Arthur, which, being thus condemned to segregation from each other will be comparatively useless. In fine, the secret purpose which has impelled Russia to expend vast sums of money upon the Siberian trunk line—the purpose of gaining preponderance on the west coast of the Pacific—is now nipped in the bud. So far as any forecast can be drawn from the new situation, Russia's dream of the conquest of Pekin is now as far from fulfilment as her dream of the conquest of Constantinople. So long as the present treaty between Japan and England shall hold good, it will seemingly be the destiny of China either to remain intact and independent, or become Japanese.

That the prestige of France and Germany has been relatively dimmed at Pekin by the treaty between Japan and England is too obvious to need demonstration. Of late each of those Powers has had great influence with the Chinese Court, because each was feared. Henceforth neither French nor German diplomacy will be able to exert any pressure upon China, backed as that country will feel herself to be in the last resort by the Japanese army and the British fleet. No doubt, France and Germany will be permitted, temporarily, at all events, to keep the small territorial accessions which they have won respectively in southwestern China and in Shantung; but not a step further can they now hope to go.

What counter-move can Russia make? Even if she could secure the co-operation of Germany as well as France, the combined naval strength of those three Powers would be inadequate to cope with that of their opponents in the waters of the Far East, because the Anglo-Japanese fleet, besides being at least equal in magnitude, would possess incomparably superior naval bases in the Japanese and Chinese harbors. To enter upon such a contest with any prospect of success Russia would need the help, not only of Germany and France, but also that of the United States, which would carry with it the invaluable naval bases in the Philippines. No help from the United States will be forthcoming for the purpose of disturbing a situation, which, as shaped by the new treaty, assures the "open door," and the preservation of China's territory from dismemberment.

Checkmated in the Far East, Russia can only seek elsewhere for a retrieval of her prestige, and she may now be strongly tempted to enter on a policy of revenge. England, which has blocked the czar's progress in Manchuria, as she has blocked it on the Bosphorus, is herself by no means proof against attack. She is vulnerable in India, in Egypt and in South Africa. It is by no means impossible that French and Russian fleets combined might contrive to disembark an army in Cape Colony; and, if this enterprise miscarried, it is atleast conceivable that a Russian land army might reach the Indus or the Nile. It may yet turn out that the Russian Bear cannot be worried with impunity, and that, if shut out from a coveted field, he may show his prowess in another direction. 'Tis an ill wind that blows nobody good, and it is possible that some of England's victims may profit by the stroke that has blasted Russian hopes in the Far East.

INDIANS BURY A BOY ALIVE IN ALASKA FOR DENOUNCING RIGHTS OF PAGANISM

Was Rescued but Afterwards Died—Lived Several Hours After Being Disinterred, but Finally Died

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 20. — The steamer Dirigo, which arrived from Alaska yesterday, brings news that Chilkoot Indians near Hina Mission, Alaska, on Feb. 6, buried alive one of their tribe, a boy 15 year of age.

The boy had been converted to Christianity by Milo A. Sellon, a Methodist missionary, and in a burst of religious zeal denounced the mummeries of the tribal icht, or medicine man. This act aroused the anger of the superstitious old men of the tribe. Recently fourteen native residents of the village of Klukwan died of consumption, and icht spread the belief that the boy, in league with the Evil One through his knowledge of the white man's religion, caused the deaths. The disappearance of the boy from school aroused the suspicions of Mr. Sellon, and he started in search of him. At the outskirts of the village he found tracks leading to a fresh grave. Digging down he found the boy still alive, his bloodshot eyes rolling in insane agony, his hair torn in handfuls from his head. His finger nails were torn off in his efforts to escape from his horrible prison. The boy was lifted from the grave and carried to the village, where he lived several hours, howling and crying out like a maniac, finally dying from the effects of suffering and fright. Icht, who is responsible for the crime, is Skun Doo, an old offender, who spent a term in San Quentin penitentiary for causing an old woman to be starved to death in 1894.

LONGS TO LIVE IN CANADA

Ex-Queen of Madagascar Tires of Gilded Captivity in Algeria.

Paris, Feb. 19.—Ranavalo, formerly queen of Madagascar, having tired of her gilded captivity in Algeria, has petitioned the government to allow her to settle in the United States or in Canada. She offers to take an oath never to attempt to return to her native island or to communicate with her former subjects in any manner. The French government has not yet replied to her.

The Strike Settled

The strike at the Cereal works has not been a serious or long-lived matter, and the working men can regard the settlement as a victory. A committee of the union waited on the employers and the matter fully discussed and a satisfactory adjustment arrived at. In an interview with a labor man yesterday we learned that the strike was off and that the men had got what they asked for and have returned to work.

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The Choice of Royalty is Now Within Reach of All Classes

Malt Breakfast Food is now a breakfast luxury with royalty and with the nobility of Britain. A food that has become the favorite of royalty can surely be trusted by all classes of our population, and the price is within reach of every family.

The ablest physicians and the best food experts say that Malt Breakfast Food is far ahead of all other breakfast grain foods now on the market for keeping well people strong and giving to the weak and rundown digestive vigor and regular appetite.

Breakfast commenced with Malt Breakfast Food means fortifying the body with true sustaining and energizing nutriment that conduces to bodily and mental vigor and general good health. Ask your grocer for it.

CORONER' INQUEST ON DEATH OF J.F. PERRIN

Was Held Last Night in the Council Chamber---Three Witnesses Examined

REPORT OF THE POST MORTEM EXAMINATION.

Adjourned Until Monday Evening Next When More Witnesses Will be Examined.

The coroner's inquest to inquire into the facts surrounding the death of Mr. J. Fred Perrin, was resumed last night at 7.30. The jurymen were in their places, and after calling the court to order, the coroner called on Dr. Carmichael for the report of the post-mortem examination which is as follows:

Dr. Carmichael, sworn, said,—I am a practising physician in Peterborough, and with the assistance of Dr. McFaul, made a post-mortem examination on the body of the late James F. Perrin.

We, the undersigned formed a post-mortem on Mr. J. F. Perrin this morning, and found the following conditions:

Body well developed; left temporal and malar region contused. Ecchymosis in left upper eyelid; contusion mark on dorsal surface of left hand and left lumbar region; blood in right ear and nostrils. On removing scalp, found extravasation of blood over the frontal bone and left occipital bone; left temporal muscle contused; also contusion over frontal bone. On removing skull cap, found fracture in left temporal bone, which impinged on the brain substance, with considerable extravasation of blood between membranes covering brain; otherwise brain appeared healthy. On examination of chest, found 3rd and 4th ribs fractured. Also found left lung contused on outer and lower border. Heart and right lung appeared normal. On examination of the abdomen, found a large quantity of blood in the lower and left portion, which appeared to come from left kidney, which was found lacerated. Liver, stomach, and other organs appeared normal. On examining back over lumbar and lower part of the dorsal, found muscles greatly contused, with a large amount of extravasated blood, but found no fracture of the spine. On turning the body over, a large amount of blood flowed from mouth and nose.

W. A. McFAUL, M.D.
D. N. CARMICHAEL, M.D.

The fracture on the temple bone was enough to cause death. The lacerated kidney, and the blood lost, was enough to cause death. We are of the opinion that the brain and extravasation of the kidney was sufficient to cause death. The fall was the cause of death.

Dr. McFaul, sworn, said,—I assisted at the post-mortem, and have heard the reading of the report. I fully coincide with his statements.

Mr. William Redfern, sworn, said,—I am employed by the American Cereal Co. My duties are bell-signaller. I have to give notice on the bell to call engineer's attention to the raising and lowering of the hoist. I stand on the top of the building. I communicate with the engineer by means of a bell. The bell is within ten or twelve feet of the engineer. The hoist is attached to a pulley at top of building. One hoist raises as the other descends. They are run by a reversible engine. When a barrow is on the hoist and to be lowered, one ring starts engine. When one barrow is down the other is up. A ring of the bell signalls the engineer. I was at work when the accident happened. Duties of deceased were to take loaded barrow from hoist, and put on an empty barrow. Several men are employed in attending to hoist. Deceased took his barrow to its destination, and emptied it and returned to the hoist. When accident occurred, deceased was taking a loaded barrow from hoist. He stood on scaffold, and reached out to take a barrow from hoist. The elevator started to go down. The elevator goes down very quickly at times. When hoist went down deceased overbalanced and fell forward. I did not ring the bell. I have heard it stated that the bell did ring. The bell is rung by a wire which passes down the frame of the hoist to the bottom of the hoist. There is a wooden handle on the wire. There is a spring on the bell down below, but none above. I did not go down to see deceased after he fell. I could not see him from the time he fell until he was carried out to the ambulance. The elevator going down caused him to fall by being overbalanced. The men on the lower floor had no way of signalling engineer to raise hoist. I generally stood at post near top of hoist. The bell could be rung without my knowledge. The wire could be pulled from below without my knowledge. No person could have pulled wire from top of building without my knowledge. This could have been done from below. The hoist came up level with the floor. There was no adjustment to hold the hoist except the engine from below. The hoist was constructed without a lock, and the accident would not have happened had there been a lock. The hoist lowered suddenly without any notice. I saw hoist start and told deceased to keep back, and rang for hoist to be stopped. I went down and made enquiries. The first time I got no reply. The second time I was told that the bell had rung. On other occasions I had done this. This has occurred more than once. The bell was not protected and might be struck. Have pulled bell and it did not sound. Called to the men below to draw their attention. Spring of bell might have caught, or something caught wire, and that stopped the bell. I was working on the sixth storey. The floors are not in. No stairways are in position. As storey after storey is built, the bell rope is extended, and the handle moved up. The bell could be rung in many ways. Have noticed deceased at his work. He was a steady man. He was not as active on his feet as some men are. He had his feet on the floor and hands on the barrow when hoist went down. I do not know whether he had started to lift or not. He lost his balance. I have been on the works as bell-man about two months. Deceased worked there about the same time and was quite familiar with the work. Have acted as signal-man at a number of other places. The hoist is the kind usually used by builders. It was constructed in the usual manner as hoists are built for buildings. Hoist had descended about five or six feet when I signalled to stop. Deceased had not arrived with his barrow when the hoist arrived at top of building. I have complained a number of times about the hoist dropping without signal. The time of the accident, engineer said bell had rung. If I left hoist for any reason I would leave a man in charge. Deceased may have had his foot on hoist. The hoist is the usual style of hoist used. The signal is not the same as used in some places. A pipe and whistle is sometimes used. The lowest floor is laid with plank. The bell is protected from anything falling from above, and striking it. Bell is on under side of floor. A hole is bored through each floor, and wire passed down. The wire is not boxed in. Any person might pull the wire. There are occasions when men have saved themselves by stepping quickly back. This has occurred on four occasions. The men were John Fox, twice on Saturday; George Carr and Fred Lynch. One of the cases occurred on Monday last. I never notified the superintendent. Have complained to engineer. Have asked men below why hoist had started without bell being rung. Hoist went down on the day after the accident. Spoke to several of the bricklayers' helpers. Several men saw hoist go down on Saturday. Majority of the men knew that hoist would go down. I had warned all the men, including Perrin, to be careful in case hoist should go down. I could not swear to any particular time when I warned deceased. Have warned the men as a body. Warned them when an accident occurred. The men were under my control in so much as I could stop them taking a barrow from the hoist. I am not a foreman. I am just an employee. The foreman is Mr. Gaylor.

Charles Adams sworn said,—I am in charge of engine which runs hoist on building since about last week in December, about two months. Was in charge on Monday last. Heard of accident. The first I heard was a noise which I thought was a wheelbarrow falling. Hoist stopped near floor on which Mr. Perrin fell. The building is four stories high above this. Had got signal to start hoist but not to stop it. I stopped hoist when I heard the noise. The first I knew of it was when deceased struck floor above, saw him through a small space in the floor. I went to see him as soon as I could. Had to lock brake. Reached the floor by going up a ladder. Was not first one there. I believe Mr. John Murphy was the first man there. When I reached him he was insensible as far as I could see. He was bleeding some. Engine is about 12 to 15 feet from where hoist lands. Can see cage when it is down. After it passes below first floor it is in my sight. Lower cage was loaded when I got signal to start. Could see it being loaded. Do not know who loaded it at that time. Did not receive any signal to stop hoist. One bell starts the hoist, also stops the hoist when in motion. Three bells signal the cellar. Four bells denote that men are on the hoist. The men are safe then. Hoist is stopped by shutting off steam and tightening brake. When the cage is up and other down they are held by a brake. When I am doing anything around engine I fasten brake with a latch. I cannot account for the difference of opinion between Mr. Redfern and myself. I got signal to start hoist but not to stop. He complained to me before that I had started hoist without signal. I never start hoist without a signal. Could not see if any one interfered with wire above first floor. No one could pull wire below first floor without being seen by me. Above first floor they would have to walk on beams. Have discovered wrong signals before. Do not know where they came from. On one occasion I received first three bells then two bells then one, I done nothing. On another occasion I got a signal one bell followed by another a few seconds later. I held engine still. Do not know who was at signal. Mr. Redfern and myself are on good terms. Mr. Gaylord is foreman over me. The top of building can be reached by going up run ways. There are ladders also. Do not know if there were any men working between me and top of building. The only connection would be when men were working at scaffolding. A boy was in engine room when bell rang. A young man George Foster sitting on coal box heard bell ring. Do not know if boy heard bell.

There is one drum on the engine. The engine is reversible. Bell is about 6 feet above the ground floor. The bell wire is not protected. There are no warning notices. There are no watchmen on first and second floor. The wire is small, it is stove pipe wire. There is no protection. Bell is situated about 30 feet from me. There is some noise in the building. Mr. Redfern never complained that he rang when I had not heard it. There were no complaints. The only complaints he laid to me was that I started hoist before getting signal. I never spoke to Mr. Gaylor about it. Thought the man should look out for himself. Warned the man to be careful about his signal. He never complained to me that he signalled without getting a reply. I knew there was some danger in the hoist moving unexpectedly. I went on operating engine. Ice got in bit holes in the floors where the wire came through. This occurred once. The bell would not ring when pulled. The wire was not enclosed. There was no danger of not hearing the bell. I would not move machine until I received the signal. Do not

Continued on page 4

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Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $[illegible] per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 20, 1902

Wealth's Millstones.

"Spring has came," mused Mr. Gotrichkwick, as he stood before the window with his hands thrust deep into his pockets.

"Aw, now, how kind you tell, pap?" gurgled his diamond-bedecked daughter.

"Because——," said the father, as he clinked the coins in his pocket, "because the snow has went."

"Stop that noise, Jimmie, or we will send you to bed." "Pa, you don't act like I was your real child at all; you act like I was jes' somebody else's of' orphan."

Hamlet's Island.

William E. Curtis has been visiting the island of Elsinore, the scene of the tragedy of Hamlet, which stands off the northern point of the Danish peninsula. He says that although the present castle of Kronberg was not built for five hundred years after the time of Hamlet, the numerous guides will point out the platform where Hamlet played before the king, and the rampart upon which the ghost walked. The fact that Ophelia does not appear in the account of the monk named Saxo-Grammaticus, who first told the story of Hamlet and from which Shakespeare took his plot, does not interfere with the imagination of the poets and guide-book writers. They point out the place in the moat of the old castle where she was drowned, and in the park there is a spring which is christened in her honor. Near by is another spring that bears the name of Hamlet, and in a beautiful sequestered dale is his burial place, marked by a cairn of stones, partially moss-covered, and a rude shaft of granite which bears the inscription, "Hamlet's Grav." It is the favorite joke of scoffers to ask the guides "where the grave used to be," because, according to traditions that are said to be well founded, it has occupied its present site less than a century, and was originally in the private grounds of a merchant at the other end of the town. This gentleman became so annoyed by the pilgrims who came to the place that he told the town council he would pay the entire expense of fixing up a more appropriate grave for Hamlet if they would designate a proper location in one of the parks. He did as he promised. The result has been satisfactory all around. He is not annoyed by sight-seers, and the present location is much more convenient to the public; but, upon the payment of an extra fee the guides will point out the original grave. However, Hamlet's tomb, Ophelia's drowning-place, the rampart where the ghost walked, and the grassy plain which Hamlet used as a stage for his celebrated outdoor performance, are a great attraction to tourists and support several hotels. They have brought much money to Elsinore, and public interest in them still continues. Notwithstanding the doubt that has been cast upon their authenticity, all of the great tragedians have been there, including Bernhardt, Irving, Forrest and Booth, and largely through contributions from the dramatic profession a statue has been erected by Nielsine Petersen, a Danish artist. Everything about the town is named after Hamlet or Ophelia, just as everything at Stratford-on-Avon is named after Shakespeare. There is a Hamlet bicycle and a Hamlet hotel, a Hamlet biscuit and a Hamlet cigar, Hamlet perfumery and Hamlet hams, Hamlet butter and Hamlet dressing-cases and traveling-bags. Ophelia does not fare so well, although there are several places named in her honor. The ghost has his promenade, but the king and queen are entirely ignored. They have a very bad reputation.

Dr. Varnedoe, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flower-pit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely: "I do not understand, Dr. Varnedoe, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, Sanborn," he retorted, "you see, this was only a [illegible] bulrush."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

The Historic Black Hole of Calcutta.

The historic site of the Calcutta Black Hole is being worthily dealt with by Lord Curzon. The ugly brick and plaster gate leading from Dalhousie Square into the Post-office precincts is, it is understood, being demolished. Immediately in front of the historical spot. A gate of light and elegant ironwork is being erected in its place. Immediately behind this gate, through which even when shut anyone can see, His Excellency has had the square site of the Black Hole paved with polished black marble, specially ordered from Italy. This space is surrounded by a low iron railing on a slight stone plinth. On the red brick wall of the Post-office building above there is an inscription, in gilt letters on black marble, visible from the street, describing the site and its restoration. Lord Curzon has had the entire outlines of the old Fort William—the bastions, the curtain, the gate, and the ravelin—marked out by brass lines let into a hard stone. At intervals white marble tablets affixed into the walls above inform the public what is commemorated, also to the building containing the still surviving brick arches of the famous old fort. Next winter, moreover, a new monument of white marble will be erected on the site of the old obelisk raised by Holwell, the survivor and historian of the Black Hole tragedy. Lord Curzon will rewrite the inscriptions upon it, inserting the many names of the victims that have recently been recovered, and omitting the somewhat truculent reference to the Nawab Surajud Dowlah, the author of the atrocity. Excavations have been made to see if there were any remains of the sufferers, but nothing has been discovered. By all this, by his magnificent scheme of the Victoria Memorial Hall at the base of the Ochterlony, and by his purchase of the Metcalfe Hall and its fine library, to which an imperial library is being added under an expert from the British Museum, the present Viceroy is doing a work too long neglected, and worthy of our Indian Empire. A special journal of the Victoria Memorial is to be brought out during the three or four years while it is being built, to bring in suggestions and help.

Domestic Ethics.

Fully realising how difficult it is for the ordinary man to manage even an ordinary wife, Max O'Rell comes forward with some carefully-considered advice. "If your wife loses her temper, keep cool as a cucumber and enjoy the scene. If you are jealous, do not let her see it, for it will make her proud. If she is late don't scold. Tell her it is much better to have her late than not at all. Next time go without her. The cure is infallible." On the virtue of industry M. Blouet is equally emphatic. His advice practically is to assume this virtue if you have it not. "If you have nothing to do," he writes, "tell her you have to be very busy all the morning, and 'will she be kind enough to see you are not disturbed?' Then lock the door, light a cigar, and take a paper or a book, and be fearfully busy all the time." Next in this charming code of ethics comes the advice to never remind your wife of a favor done, for gratitude, like love, is not to be had for the asking. Never ask your wife for the return of a loan. She would think it shabby of you. If she should return it (there are some extraordinary women), give it back to her in the shape of a jewel. This will cost you nothing, as you had made up your mind to the loss of that loan." A hint to notice a woman's new clothes, and to treat her with the same respect and politeness everywhere as accorded to any other lady acquaintance, is followed by a few emphatic remarks on the "ethics of deshabille." "Shame her by the irreproachableness of your own appearance" is the prescription for dealing with the woman who appears in curlers. "If she is intelligent she will take the hint at once. Let your neglige at home be as carefully put on as your best dress coat. Love feeds on even such trifles as these in the case of people of a refined and artistic temperament."

Oriental Compliments.

An amusing trait in human nature is the mutual contempt with which nations regard each other. It is a trait which can be traced back as far as history extends. The Greeks called the outside world barbarians; the Romans scoffed at the Greeks, and the Egyptians regarded other people as no better than slaves.

In our days the contempt we exhibit for Oriental nations is mild compared with their contempt for us. The Turks are but little behind the Chinese in this respect, their ordinary designation of a Christian being a "dog."

When the first Dutch ambassador was sent to the Porte, he visited the Sultan.

"What does the dog want?" asked the Sultan.

This was translated in a speech full of ornate Oriental compliments, and the ambassador replied in the same strain.

"Let the dog feed," answered the Sultan; "and when the dog is fed, kick the dog out."

The ambassador was delighted with the Sultan's compliments. The Sultan felt that he had held his own, and the treaty was signed next day.

Words Coined in Boston.

When Boston was three years old, the word "coasting," in the sense of sliding down an inclined plane, was used for the first time by the Court of Assistance. The term "lumber" appeared first in the town records in 1663, being employed to designate the embarrassment caused by the "lumbering" up of the streets at a time when the settlers were doing a great business in forest products. Schooner, sleigh, harness, phaeton, carry-all, barge, currency, tender, sinking-fund, depreciation, appreciation, caucus (1760), labor trust (1741), unconstitutionality, gerrymander, warden, unconstitutional, immigrant, and chrome, are all Yankee words that have been imitated.

Bizzer—Come and go fishing.

Buzzer—How dare you ask me to go fishing on Sunday; besides, I have to play golf.—Ohio State Journal.

Good Health

is doubtless the highest human good. It is especially so to women, to whom it means the preservation of beauty, happiness in the home, and the enjoyment of social duties. There can be no good health for any woman who suffers from womanly diseases. Her complexion fails. Her flesh loses its firmness. Her eyes are dull. She has no home happiness, no social enjoyment.

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Not long ago a tourist in New Orleans went to see the statue of Andrew Jackson in that city, on the pedestal of which is inscribed, "United We Stand; Divided We Fall." Seeing an old colored man standing by, he asked, "Uncle, did that inscription stay there all during the Civil War?" "No, sah," responded the old uncle, "hit didn't stay dar endurin' de wah. In de fust place, dem letters was standin' out laik dey was plastered on. Den de wah bust loose, and de Confed'rate gin'ral down yere, he tuk a chisel and cut dem letters off smooth. Den ol' Gin'ral Butler, he come erlong wid his Union sojers, an' he tuk a chisel an' cut dem in deep, laik dey is now. An', Lordy, how de folks down yere did sw'ar when ol' Gin'ral Butler brush de dus' off'n his clothes an' git up frum his wu'k an' say, 'Tse a-gwine to bang de fus' Johnny Reb what cuts dem letters off agin.'"

Sciatica put him on Crutches.—Jas. Smith, dairyman, of Grimsby, Ont., writes: "My limbs were almost useless from sciatica and rheumatism, and, notwithstanding my esteem for physicians, I must give the credit where it belongs. I am a cured man to-day, and South American Rheumatic Cure must have all the credit. It's a marvel."—34

Sold by E. H. [illegible]

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the present Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Peterborough Radial Railway Company, with power to construct and equip and operate the same by Electricity, Compressed Air or other Motive Power in the Town of Peterborough and Village of Ashburnham, and from the Town of Peterborough to the Village of Lakefield, and thence through the Township of Douro to Clear Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Smith to Chemong Lake, and from the said Town of Peterborough through the Township of Monaghan to the River Otonabee; and from the said Town of Peterborough or Village of Ashburnham through the Township of Otonabee or Monaghan to Rice Lake. With power to the Company to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to operate boats and other vessels, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise lands for the Purposes of the Company and for Parks and Pleasure-grounds, and to make traffic arrangements with other Companies and persons, and to construct, maintain and operate Telephone and Telegraph lines in connection with the said Railway, and for other purposes.

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The Origin of Whist.

THE following statement, culled from the current number of a magazine, is an egregious blunder:

"The originator of the game of whist is (sic) Edmond Hoyle (1672-1769)." Cotton writing in 1674 tells us that Whist was so well known at that time that "every Child almost of Eight Years old, hath a Competent Knowledge of the recreation." Hoyle was then not two years of age. But we must go a great deal farther back for the origin of the game, which is indeed lost in the obscurity of the centuries. Previous to 1526 the game of Triumph (whence trump), which embraced the essential features of Whist, had considerable vogue in England. It furnished Bishop Latimer with an illustration for a sermon preached at Christmas, 1529. Shakespeare's familiarity with the game is evident from Antony's address to Eros ("Antony and Cleopatra," Act IV., Scene XIV.)

The game acquired the name of Whist, or Whisk, in the forepart of the seventeenth century. Butler uses the present appellation in Hudibras (1663).

About 1728 a little circle of players, presided over by the then Lord Folkestone, was wont to meet in the Crown Coffee House. This was the inception of scientific Whist. Hoyle was probably a member of the coterie in question.

The publication of his treatise (1742-3) and his efforts as a professional teacher did much to establish the game in the favor of the upper classes of English society.

"What do you think of the movement for shorter honeymoons?" I asked my fellow-traveler, an experienced gentleman from Chicago. "That's right," he declared, without a pause. "Short honeymoons and more of them. That's my platform."—Ex.

It is related that once, when a captain in the army was cornered by the enemy, he addressed his men as follows: "My men, fight like demons until your powder gives out, then run. I'm a little lame, I'll start now."

An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it Twain."

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an English publishing house was responsible the other day for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later, with the following endorsement: "In Heaven, ——, 1901. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

When asked what he thought of a certain captain who frequented the Essex links, a Scotch caddie said: "Weel, sir, he's a verra nice gentleman an' a good gaufer, but he's awfu' nerra—awfu' nerra." "Narrow! What do you mean, Donald?" "Weel, sir, it wis this way. Efter the game was ower, and I had carried his clubs up tae the house, he says: 'Donald, will ye hae a draw?' and I said: 'I do be verra pleased,' so he gets the bottle, an' he pourin' awa' intae a glass, an' I wantin' tae be genteel, says: 'Stop! stop'—an' he stopped."

What to do with Jefferson Davis should he be captured, was a problem that puzzled Lincoln's Cabinet not a little. In speaking of it to General Grant one day, the President remarked: "There was once an Irishman who had signed the Father Mathew temperance pledge. Going into a saloon to get a glass of lemonade to quench his thirst, he leaned over and whispered to the barkeeper: 'And couldn't you put a little brandy in it unbeknownst to meself?' So," continued Mr. Lincoln, "let Davis escape all unbeknown to yourself if you can."

L. R. Stockwell, the popular actor, says that some years ago in San Francisco, when Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, was a feature in a revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Bill" Nye was to have lectured at the Baldwin Theater, but was greeted by so small an audience that he excused himself and went over to hear Jackson talking of the pearly gates to Little Eva. After the performance Stockwell met Nye in the lobby of the theater, and he exclaimed: "Hello, Nye! What did you think of Peter?" "Well," responded the humorist, dryly, "anatomically he was great, but Uncle Tomically he is the worst I ever saw."

News and Opinions
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Anecdotal.

According to "Harper's Magazine," a certain teacher of English in a school of high rank in her native State, Mississippi, who, in spite of her vivacity in conversation, is perhaps, if anything, too fastidious in her choice of words, was spending the summer at the New York Chautauqua. Her flow of spirits made her the delight of the dining-table at which she was first seated, but at the end of a fortnight she was moved by her landlady to another place. A lady from Boston who had been sitting opposite the Southerner expressed her regret at the change. "I am so sorry you are going to leave us," she said, with warmth; "we have all enjoyed your dialect so much."

Mr. Baring Gould tells a story about the Vicar of Helland, Cornwall, and his neighbor, the Vicar of Blisland. The former was going to London, and hoped that the Archdeacon of Cornwall could be induced to take his service on the Sunday following so that he might stay away a few extra days. He left it to his neighbor at Blisland to negotiate the little arrangement, and asked to be informed how things went by telegram. All went well; and the Vicar of Blisland gave in a telegram at the nearest office: "The Archdeacon of Cornwall is going to Helland. You need not return." But when delivered in London the words were thus divided: "The Archdeacon of Cornwall is going to Hell; and you need not return."

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial usage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done uncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have hat his eye on der resident chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Douglas if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

A Pathetic Appeal.

THE following plea for judicial mercy, sent to "Law Notes" by a correspondent, will be found brimful of pathos: Ex parte Samuel Rice.

To the Hon. H. A. Sharpe, Judge of the City Court of Birmingham, in Equity: Your petitioner, Samuel Rice, of Mobile, Ala., would deferentially represent that on January 16, in the year of grace 1891, your honor dissolved the connubial ties theretofore existing between petitioner and his consort, Annie Rice, granting her a divorce a vinculo et matrimonii, with the beatific privilege thereunto annexed of marrying again, a privilege, it goes without saying, she availed herself of with an alacrity of spirit and a fastidious levity disdaining pursuit; but on this vital point your honor extended to petitioner only the charity of your silence.

Petitioner has found in his own experience a truthful exemplification of Holy Scripture, "that it is not well for man to be alone," and seeing an inviting opportunity to superbly ameliorate his forlorn condition, by a second nuptial venture, he finds himself circumvallated by an Ossa Pelion obstacle, which your honor alone has power to remove.

His days rapidly verging on the sere and yellow leaf, the fruits and flowers of love all going; the worm, the canker, and the grief in sight, with no one to love and none to caress him, petitioner feels an indescribable yearning, longing and heaving to plunge his adventurous prow once more into the vexed waters of the sea of Connubiality: Wherefore, other refuge having none, and wholly trusting to the tender benignity and sovereign discretion of your honor, petitioner humbly prays that in view of the accompanying fiats of a great cloud of reputable citizens, giving him a phenomenally good name and fair fame, you will have compassion on him, and relieve him of the hymeneal disability under which his existence has become a burden, by awarding him the like privilege of marrying again; thus granting him a happy issue out of the Red Sea of troubles into which a pitiless fate has whelmed him. For, comforting as the velvety touch of an angel's palm to the fever-racked brow, and soothing as the strains of an Aeolian harp when swept by the fingers of the nightwind, and dear as those ruddy drops that visit these sad hearts of ours, and sweet as sacramental wine to dying lips, it is when life's fitful fever is ebbing to its close to pillow one's aching head on some fond wifely bosom and breathe his life out gently there.

And in duty bound to attain the possibility of compassing such a measureless benediction, petitioner will pray without ceasing, in accents as loud and earnest as ever issued from celibatarian lips.

SAMUEL RICE, Petitioner.

A Familiar Odor.

Senator William E. Mason of Illinois is a good campaigner and a great stump speaker, relates the New York "Times." His wit and eloquence are not of the most refined order, but they are just the thing to catch a crowd. Mason is never at a loss for a retort, and enjoys being interrupted in a speech. During one of his campaigns he was getting his usual share of interruptions in a speech he was delivering. Mason was enjoying himself, and was making a great hit with the majority of the crowd. There was one man, however, who tangled Mason up somewhat. This man had imbibed more alcohol than was good for him. He was on the outskirts of the crowd, and he was asking Mason questions in a thick voice. The Senator could not catch the questions, and as he did not at first know what was the matter with the fellow, he stopped and attempted to catch the question each time. He always failed, and this led to several awkward pauses. At last Mason became irritated. The next time an interruption came from the intoxicated one, Mason asked:

"Who are you?"

"Don't you know me, Billy?" came the answer, in maudlin and swaying tones.

Mason paused. "My friend," said he, in a measured and metallic voice, "I don't recognize your face, but your breath is familiar."

An All-Around Hit.

A certain government officer was noted for being a hard taskmaster to those who were under him, the servants in his own establishment being no exception. His valet was expected to be on duty three hundred and sixty-five full days in the year.

Being detailed to accompany a scientific expedition on an extended cruise, the officer unbent a little in communicating the news to his personal attendant.

"Well, James," he said, "how would you like to go with me around the world?"

"Do we go from east to west, sir?" asked the valet.

"Yes."

"We lose a day in going that way, don't we?"

"We do."

"Well, sir, I'd like it first-rate. It would give me one day off."

Returned For the Pan.

Only the experienced and methodical housekeeper knows the agony of the woman whose maid forgets her tray while performing the ceremonious obligations of the house. That the importance of the tray is recognized in Milwaukee is evidenced by the relation, by the "Sentinel," of the horror which seized upon a fashionable mistress while listening to conversation in the hall.

The maid had just arrived, and had been solemnly instructed as to the necessity of carrying the silver card-tray when answering the door-bell. It was an "At Home" day, and the domestic, in immaculate cap and apron, rushed to the door at the first tinkle. The caller proved to be the most imposing representative of the very upper set.

"Sure, an' she's in," said Mary, affably, in answer to the usual enquiry, and started upstairs. Halfway up she turned and rushed madly back, snatched the card-tray from the table, and holding it out to the astonished visitor, exclaimed:

"And [illegible] I after forgettin' me [illegible]"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Schoolboy Humor.

Not the Less Sidesplitting From the Fact That it is Unconscious.

TO the majority of people, perhaps, a schoolmaster's life appears monotonous and uneventful, remarks "Chambers' Journal," but to one who is apt to look upon the humorous side of things this is far from being the fact. Most boys are careless, irresponsible creatures, certainly; but there is a fund of genuine, unadulterated humor in the average boy. A schoolmaster of fifteen years' standing writes: "I have corrected, I might say, a few thousand examination papers in my time. Some of the answers to questions set are wonderfully funny and original—unconsciously funny." The following are specimens:

A boy, aged ten, thus answers a question as to the cause of the Transvaal disturbances: "Krugger and Kannerbulism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin' come out and fite or else give up the blud of the English you have took. he is a boardutchman and wickid heethin. lord Kitchener has sent for his goary blud and to bring back his scanderious hed ded or alive."

An essay on Gladstone by a boy of eleven states: "Mr. Gladstone lovd everybody. he lovd publicans and cinners and irishmen. he wanted the irish to come to England and have home rool, but Mr. Chamberlin says, no, no. so alars he got his blud up and killd Mr. Parnel. Mr. Gladstone died with great rispect and is buried in Westminster with pieceful ashes."

Rather ambiguous is this description of Queen Elizabeth by another boy: "Queen Elizabeth was a vurgin queen and she was never marrid. she was so fond of dresses that she was never seen without one on. she was beautefull and clever with a red hed and freckles."

The boy writer of the following is decidedly backward in his Tennyson. Concerning the late poet laureate he writes: "Tenyson wrote buteifull poims with long hair and studid so much that he sed mother will you call me airly dear? his most graitist poim is called the idle king. he was made a lord but he was a good man and wrote many hoods. he luvd our dear Queen so much that he made a poim to her called the fairy Queen."

Another boy wishes to become an editor. In an essay on "The Choice of a Profession," he gives his reasons in these words: "A editur is always a happy man because he can read luvly tales and artikels all day and pages of sweet luv poems. A good editur has branes, but it must be very sad for him having to read melankolie stories of luv so as to make him allmost weep with tears from his eyes. a editur is a rich man because he never pays for artikels and so has all this interiect for nothing."

One could hardly put the following ideas of a certain youth on "Honesty" to a practical use: "It is a nobel thing to be a honist man. If you are a honist man you can look the world in its face and never be ashamed of the devill. It is good to be honist when sum one is looking becaws you may get a reeward. I know a churchwarding who is a honist man who collects money on Sunday in his black clothes. if you are honist when you are young you may grow to be rich and the lord mare and then of caws it duan't matter."

This is from an essay on "My Hero:" "My hero is my father because he is a Christyun clergyman. my father says o my son gro up like your father and rispect yourself because nobody else will rispect you. I am goin' to be a clergyman because my father says I am a ass in school and have no branes to get a livin' in bisniss."

Shakespeare is hardly appreciated by the young hopeful who writes:—"Shakespeare was a famus poit and poachur. he wrote luvly plase called the tame shrew, hamblet and a scotch piece called Macdoogul. In Shakespeares time some of the plase were very rude but now everything is so polite that a innercent father can take his baby and it wont disgust it. Shakespeare was so ill when he died that he cried out oh my cursid bones."

One youth, who is a poet in embryo, is a great admirer of Longfellow. "Longfellow," he says, "wrote a grate poem called 'The brik.' he butefully poemises in this way—I stood on a brik at midnight and gazed at the clock for an hour."

A boy, mourning the loss of an uncle, writes the following letter to his master: "Dear Reverend Sir, I am injoying my holidays and have only been ill twice. my unkel died with being old in three days larst week, and we have had a plesant fewneral. I want to work in my arithmetic sir as you sed but it would be wicked if I did it with a ded unkel. my father says if I dont get a prise next term sumthing will happen—I am Your rispectabul pupil

"JOHN."

New Stories Are Scarce.

Tim Murphy, the actor, and Henry Watterson, the editor, met in the corridor of a Washington hotel the other day.

"What is your latest story?" the actor asked.

"No such thing as a new story now," growled Watterson. "It is impossible to keep a story good for two days. What's the use of thinking up new stories when they get spread all over the country between daylight and dawn? Why, sir, do you know that it is impossible to keep a good story as your own property. It's these blank telegraph operators who like good stories better than anybody. Suppose Chauncey Depew has a good story in New York. He tells it. Some telegraph operator hears it, and that night when things are quiet on the wire he asks the fellow at San Francisco or Denver or Timbuctoo if he has heard the latest, and then he ticks it off. Every man along the line hears it and ticks it off to the fellow he is working with, and by daylight the new story is the property of the wide, wide world. New story? Faugh!"

"William," said the lady of the house, "will you mail these invitations for me the first thing this morning?" "Going to give a party?" "I have engaged a new kitchen girl for the first of next week, and I thought I would show her that we start with no ill-feeling by giving a pink tea for her Monday afternoon."—Indianapolis "News."

Caressing in Public.

"THE woman who bestows her caresses in public," says Ella Wheeler Wilcox, in dealing with a letter from a husband who considers his wife too demonstrative, "is like the woman who wears diamonds at breakfast, or goes shopping in an evening gown. A demonstrative nature, coupled with loyalty, is a jewel of rarest price for a man to possess in a wife, but he wants it set in the gold of good sense, and clasped with good taste. I do not believe in a love which hides itself from all observers, nor do I approve of a love which displays itself to crowds in public places.

"I think when the heart is full of genuine emotion it must express itself at times in a look, a word, an act, irrespective of place or surroundings, which indicates the source from which it came. The man or woman who is always cold or indifferent to another before people cannot be an ardent or genuine lover in private. Something is lacking in the nature that never reveals itself in the least degree in the presence of a third party. But men are exceedingly sensitive to public opinion, in these matters particularly, and the wife who continually offends good taste and her husband in such a case must lack tact and refinement. It is a peculiar difference in the masculine and feminine mentality that a man resents having the public share in the least his domestic happiness, while a woman glories in it. The moment outsiders say, 'How in love with you she is!' a man's affection for a woman lessens; while a woman's increases when the world says, 'How he adores you!'"

Some Unique Advice.

In these nervous modern days, when "depression," "prostration," "melancholia," "rest-cure," and "Weir Mitchell" are household words in so many families, this concise bit of advice concerning depression and low spirits will interest many. It is from the letters of Sydney Smith, clergyman, social philosopher and wit:

"Foston, February 16, 1820.

"Dear Lady Georgiana—Nobody has suffered from low spirits more than I have done—so I feel for you.

"1st—Live as well as you dare.

"2nd—Go into the shower-bath with a small quantity of water at a temperature low enough to give you a slight sensation of cold, 75 degrees or 80 degrees.

"3rd—Amusing books.

"4th—Short views of human life—not further than dinner or tea.

"5th—Be as busy as you can.

"6th—See as much as you can of those friends who respect and like you.

"7th—And of those acquaintances who amuse you.

"8th—Make no secret of low spirits to your friends, but talk of them freely—they are always worse for dignified concealment.

"9th—Attend to the effects tea and coffee produce upon you.

"10th—Compare your lot with that of other people.

"11th—Don't expect too much from human life—a sorry business at the best.

"12th—Avoid poetry, dramatic representations (except comedy), music, serious novels, melancholy, sentimental people, and everything likely to excite feeling or emotion not ending in active benevolence.

"13th—Do good, and endeavor to please everybody of every degree.

"14th—Be as much as you can in the open air without fatigue.

"15th—Make the room where you commonly sit gay and pleasant.

"16th—Struggle by little and little against idleness.

"17th—Don't be too severe upon yourself, or underrate yourself, but do yourself justice.

"18th—Keep good blazing fires.

"19th—Be firm and constant in the exercise of rational religion.

"20th—Believe me, dear Lady Georgiana,

"Very truly yours,
"SYDNEY SMITH."

This mixture of gastric, psychic, social, hygienic, philosophic and religious advice is most striking.

Slips of Authors.

Even experienced writers sometimes make their characters do astounding things. When Anthony Trollope pictured Andy Scott as "coming whistling up the street with a cigar in his mouth" he proved that he had never made personal experiment of the double feat of smoking a cigar and whistling a tune. Robinson Crusoe also performed a most wonderful feat. When he decided to abandon the wreck and try to swim ashore he took the precaution to remove all his clothes, and yet by some strange magic, of which the secret has been lost, the author makes him, when in this condition of Nature, fill his pockets with biscuits.

The great Shakespeare had a trick of introducing the most glaring anachronisms. For instance, he makes a clock strike in ancient Rome at a time, more than a thousand years before clocks were invented, when such an event would certainly have been the eighth wonder of the world.

Quite regardless of the evidence of geography, he transports Bohemia to the seaside; and he introduces a printing-press long before the days of Gutenberg. He calmly introduces a billiard table into Cleopatra's palace, and makes cannon familiar to King John and his Barons.

Thackeray was no mean rival to Shakespeare in vagaries of this kind; but in his case they appear to have been the result of pure carelessness and forgetfulness. The most flagrant case, perhaps, is where, after burying Lady Kew and effectively dismissing her from the story, he brings her to life again to help him out with his plot; and in other cases his capacity for mixing up the names of his characters is confusing, considering the number he introduces.

Emile Zola, in spite of his carefulness, makes the astonishing statement in one of his novels ("Lourdes") that the deaf and dumb recovered their hearing and sight, an event which savors very much of the miraculous.

Teacher—If you can get a bun for a halfpenny, what can you get for a penny? Johnny (eagerly)—A tea-cake?—"Pick-Me-Up."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

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Editor Morning Times

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Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

WATCH

—THE—

Cash Bargain Grocery

H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] · [illegible] George St.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 20 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market yesterday was not very large.

—The trains yesterday were very late.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—A pair of children's shoes await an owner at the police station.

—The new power house of the Canadian General Electric Co., at Nassau, is about completed. Power will be obtainable about March 1st.

—The Canadian Cordage Co., have received a shipment of nine car-loads of sisal, for the manufacture of rope and binder twine.

—A prohibition convention will be held in the Y.M.C.A. hall this afternoon. A meeting will also be held in the evening.

—The funeral of the late Frederick Perrin will take place this afternoon at 2.45, from the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. D. Howell, 368 Sherbrooke street, and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

—Drs. Carmichael and McFaul performed the post-mortem examination on the body of the late Fred Perrin yesterday morning. Their report was read before the coroner's jury last night.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

POSTPONED

The Band Concert on Friday evening, Feb. 21st has been postponed on account of hockey match.

Never Say Die

You may be weak, miserable, nervous, sleepless, your digestion may be poor, and you despair. Never say die, until you have used Ferrozone, the most wonderful blood maker, nerve strengthener, and brain invigorator. It tones up the whole system. You can eat anything and digest it if you use Ferrozone. You can sleep well. You make blood quickly, strength increases daily, in a short time you're well. Try Ferrozone, which you can obtain at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH NOTES

The funeral service for the late Miss Maggie Hair will be held in the church at 2.30 this afternoon.

The usual 8 o'clock service will not be held to-night.

Remember the cottage meeting in the Auburn Mission church this evening at 8 o'clock, when Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will preach.

Rev. J. H. Teney, of Omemee, exchanged pulpits with Rev. E. A. Langfeldt last evening.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

For Our Work Only

Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt was in Omemee yesterday.

—Mr. W. Ferguson, of Lindsay, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. Jas. Callaghan, of Downeyville, is visiting the Misses Primeau, Ashburnham.

—Rev. A. J. Reid, of Campbellford, is the guest of Rev. J. G. Davidson, Hunter street.

—Corp. E. V. LeBar, of Quebec, a Peterborough boy who went to South Africa with the first contingent, is in town, on furlough.

—Mr. J. B. Laing, Provincial Municipal Auditor, is in town, and has met several of the treasurers from the district, to whom he is giving instructions in municipal book-keeping in its best form.

FEDERATION OF LABOR

Held on Tuesday Evening Regarding the Death of the Late Frederick Perrin

A large number of the members of Peterborough Union [illegible], American Federation of Labor attended the special meeting in their hall on Tuesday evening. The meeting was called to make arrangements for attending the funeral of the late Frederick Perrin, who was killed at the Cereal Works on Monday. It was decided to attend the funeral in a body and arrangements were made for the properly conducting the marching of the men etc.

"The Something Just as Good"

Paine's Celery Compound

BEWARE OF DRUGGISTS WHO SELL IMITATIONS KNOWING THEM TO BE SUCH

The "Something Just As Good," which is a poor and worthless imitation of life-saving Paine's Celery Compound is foisted on many an unsuspecting buyer by dishonest and greedy druggists and dealers who have not the slightest interest in the welfare of the sick and afflicted. Their thoughts are wholly centred on extra large profits; it is a matter of indifference to them whether you or your friends live or die. We have recently come into possession of one of the imitations referred to; we have had it chemically examined, and find it unfit for human use.

The large majority of our druggists are honest and sympathetic men, and will never condescend to substitution or deception. You should, however, when anyone suggests the "Something Just As Good," or offers you a vile imitation for the Paine's Celery Compound which alone can meet your case, at once resent his impertinence and leave his store. All honest and straightforward druggists gladly recommend Paine's Celery Compound to their customers and speak with pleasure about the wonderful cures it has effected.

Beware of the "Something Just As Good," and all imitations. See that the name PAINE'S is on wrapper and bottle.

NEW DRILL SHED.

The Officers of the Regiment Here Have Made a Strong Application to Ottawa

The officers of the different corps comprising the Peterborough garrison have made a very strong application to the authorities at Ottawa, for a new drill shed and armouries to be built here.

There is nothing in the estimates already furnished to allow of the work being done but we understand the matter is receiving the attention of the government and it is possible that money will be voted at the present session of the house.

A new shed is very badly needed here as the one we have is very old and much too small for proper accommodation of the different regiments. A very strong effort is being put forth to have a new shed at once.

VACCINATION IN ENGLAND

Copy of a Proclamation Sent Here by Mr. J. J. Turner Sr.

Mr. J. J. Turner, sr. who is at present in England has sent us a copy of a small-pox proclamation, issued in the "Metropolitan Borough of Stepney." This paper states that nearly 400 cases of small-pox had occurred in that borough, and strongly urges people to be vaccinated. The following facts were quoted in support of the proclamation.

"Of the first 200 cases notified in this district, 43 of these were persons under 30 years of age, and though vaccinated in infancy, none of them had been re-vaccinated. Not one of them died. 77 were cases under 30 years of age and had never been vaccinated. 20 of these died—that is, at the rate of nearly 30 deaths for every 100 persons attacked.

"No one in this district has contracted smallpox that had been re-vaccinated during the previous ten years.

"All the bedding and clothes worn by persons that have had smallpox have to be handled and afterwards disinfected by men in the Council's employ. Though thousands of infected articles have passed through their hands, not one of them has had smallpox. They were all re-vaccinated at the outset of the epidemic."

"NIBBLERS."

Not the Proper Way To Take Food

Clerks in grocery stores are apt to nibble at this and that article of food, and if they are not careful acquire a "case of stomach." This was the case with L. Shoemaker, Artic, Ind.

"While I was clerking in a grocery store it was difficult to resist the temptation to eat a little of this and that; a bit of candy, some fruit and crackers, and one thing and another. After about a year I had serious stomach trouble and had run down to 91 pounds, was pale and sallow and poor as a snake. I could sleep but little at night and my distress was terrible.

Finally I was compelled to give up my position and take treatment for my health. I heard of Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and began to use it regularly. I soon began to recover both health and strength, until at the end of about three months' steady use I was so fat and well that I was weighed and found I weighed 160 lbs., which was a gain of 69 pounds in that time. This may sound a little fishy but it is the plain truth and can be verified by anyone who cares to inquire of my friends who know the facts."

Coroner's Inquest

Concluded from page 1

think it would be any advantage to have bell nearer. I heard bell ring once only at time of accident. After bell rang I started hoist. Fall would be almost instantaneous. Could not stop hoist instantaneously but can stop it in about four feet. Through a hole in first floor I saw man fall. He was injured before hoist stopped. Have been on this work about two months. Mr. Ulton was there before I came. The bell and wire are new. Engine is about fourteen horse power. The brake at the top would be merely to stop cage from falling should tackle break. It would have been of no use in this case as nothing broke. There is no brake put on to hold back on machinery. The brake would not be used to hold hoist back against engine. Could not say whether I saw body or cage first. The cage goes up about every 20 seconds. The time taken to reach top of building is about 10 seconds. Do not know how long a falling body would be in reaching floor. Cannot say when body started to fall. A barrow of mortar was on hoist. There was a shovel in it. The barrow had swung. He might have over balanced and came part way down with hoist and then fell from hoist. Can not say whether body or hoist reached the floor first. Have not been accustomed to running an elevator, but have been accustomed to running an engine. Have worked hoist before but not this kind. I have no engineers certificate. Have been at the work about two months. Applied for this job sometime before and did not get it. Cannot say I asked for a job running elevator. Can see bell from where I stand. No person can touch bell without being seen by me. Never reported to foreman that hoist was dangerous. Knew hoist had started when signaller said he had given no signal. A certificate is not necessary to a stationery engineer, to my knowledge.

George Carr, sworn said,—I am employed by Cereal Co. was working on top of building with barrow men taking off and putting on barrows. Was about four feet from Perrin when he fell. Deceased was wheeling brick and mortar same as the other men. Went to take off barrow when hoist dropped. Stooped over to take hold of barrow. Could not say whether he had hold of barrow or not. Hoist dropped and he went head first down well-hole. I saw Mr. Redfern. I did not hear bell. I often hear bell when I am at top of hoist. Did not hear it on that occasion. Hoist may have descended two or three feet before he fell. Was impossible for him to save himself. I saw him as he went down well-hole. Did not touch cage till it was near bottom. Am not sure if he struck cage. It went about as fast as he did. Do not think cage could travel as fast as falling body. I did not go down stairs to see body, some others went down. Could not say if I was nearest to well-hole or not. Bell man was close to hole. George Armour was also near. Well hole is about four or five feet across. I did not hear bell ring after Perrin fell. I was standing near hoist when it came to top floor. Mr. Perrin had just came back with barrow when hoist came up. Hoist stopped even with floor. Could not say how far deceased was from barrow. Hoist did not stay long at top. Deceased took two or three steps up to take barrow off after hoist stopped. Did not see him catch barrow. Hoist had just stopped when Perrin stepped up. Mr. Redfern was near hoist. He could not make any mistake. The well-hole is about four or five feet wide. Deceased did not make any attempt to catch cable when falling. Made no effort to save himself. Never thought it strange that he made no attempt to save himself. It seems strange to me now that he made no attempt to grasp cable. Hoist went down in front of me sometime ago when we were working about two stories below where we are at present. Men all knew hoist was dangerous. Mr. Redfern warned me. He warned all the men. He also warned Perrin. Did not hear any signal given to stop hoist. Hoist was only at top floor an instant when it went down again. Mr. Perrin brought an empty barrow which he left on the platform. He was stooping forward to take a loaded barrow. I told Redfern that hoist was not safe. I nearly fell but saved myself by falling back. I never spoke to Mr. Gaylor. I never tried to find out why hoist was lowered at that time. A man has to be smart to take off a barrow. The hoist runs every 20 seconds. If a man is not smart he might meet with a dozen accidents in a day.

Charles Adams recalled said,—The loaded barrow at foot of hoist would be put on before the hoist went up. All the usual work was done at foot of hoist before the machine was put in motion. The brake on the drum is held by the foot lever. It never slips. A little oil would not affect the grip as there is such a leverage.

The Court adjourned to meet again on Monday evening in the Council Chamber at 7.30, sharp.

Just a Cold in the Head!

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in Nasal Catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says, "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of catarrh of the head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs, and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre, or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price, $1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE WATER COMMISSIONERS

Water Rates will not be Changed—By-Law Fixing Regulations Etc. Adopted

At the last meeting of the Water Commissioners by-laws fixing rates and regulations were adopted. There will be practically no change in the rates, but the regulations have some new features.

The chairman was authorized to purchase the necessary books for the use of the collector. He was further authorized to obtain a bond from the Guarantee Co. for the collector.

Arrangements have been made whereby the town have the use of the yard and premises of the Water Works Co. on Hunter Street, for the present year. The Board also recommended that the map of the town prepared by Mr. C. H. Innes be purchased for the use of the town and the Board.

The meeting adjourned.

MAY EAT MEAT IN LENT

Catholic Workingmen's Cause Pleaded by Archbishop Ireland

New York, Feb. 19.—The United States now shares the privilege heretofore enjoyed only by Spain of being the only country where Catholics are accorded a special dispensation from Lenten abstinence. It is Archbishop Ireland who obtained this notable concession from the pope.

The archbishop relates that when walking to his home one day at the noon hour he observed a party of laborers who had been working at an excavation sitting on the sunny side of a fence eating their midday meal. They were Catholics; it was a fasting season and their repast was bread, with a little condiment.

Within an hour he had written to the pope petitioning him to relieve American workingmen of the Catholic faith from the law of the abstinence from meat during Lent and suggested that they might, as a compensation, abstain from intoxicating drinks during the same period.

In an autograph letter in reply Leo XIII congratulated Archbishop Ireland on his zealous interest in the working classes and granted the requested dispensation.

The Work is Better Done By DIAMOND DYES And at a Much Smaller Cost

Some people still cling to the old but now exploded idea that garments and wool and cotton fabrics can only be well dyed when they are sent to the regular dye-house in the city. Such people should at once give the Diamond Dyes a trial, and they will quickly find that these great home coloring agents give brighter and more enduring colors at one-fourth the cost charged by the dye-house.

Many letters have come from ladies testifying to the fact that Diamond Dyes have done work that the professional dyer failed to do in proper manner. Try one package of Diamond Dyes, observing the simple directions, and you will be surprised with the happy results.

Send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive free of cost this season's new designs for the making up of handsome mats and rugs.

AFTER DUTCH EAST INDIES

Rumor That We Have Sounded Holland on the Subject

Birmingham, Feb. 19.—The London correspondent of the Birmingham Post says the belief is expressed in certain diplomatic quarters that the United States, through Stanford Newel, the American Minister at The Hague, recently sounded Holland as to her willingness to dispose of the Dutch East Indies.

Cramps Are Like Burglars

they come unexpected, and when they are least welcome. Be armed with a one minute cure for cramps and keep Polson's Nerviline handy. It acts instantaneously. Nerviline's anodyne power is unique, for its composition expresses the highest medical progress of the age. Polson's Nerviline is a true comfort in the family, for in all derangements of the stomach and bowels it is an absolute specific. Nerviline has five times greater medicinal value than any other remedy, and is sold in large 25c. bottles. Try it.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 19.—Lord Kitchener cables the War Office that Major Colenbrander met a party of natives under Chief Linchwe, 2,000 strong, marching in an endeavor to recapture stock that had been stolen the previous month by Commandant Kemp. As there were Boer women and children in the neighborhood, deplorable results might have occurred. Major Colenbrander ordered the natives to return, and they obeyed, much to the relief of the Boer families scattered in the district.

THE REMOUNT SCANDAL.

London, Feb. 19.— The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day regarding the remount scandals, announced that Major-General Truman, Inspector-General of the Remount Establishment, had sent in his provisional resignation, but he would be allowed to retain his position pending the decision of the Court of Enquiry appointed to enquire into the charges brought against his department.

TELEGRAMS TO SEAT OF WAR.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.— The arrangement made with his Majesty's Government for the transmission of telegrams between troops in the field in South Africa, and their relatives in Canada, is still in force. The present rate is 40 cents per word.

CAPE COLONY FLOODED

Cape Town, Feb. 19. — Unprecedented floods have occurred in the south-western portion of Cape Colony, resulting in great destruction of houses, bridges, and railroad property. Twenty-five persons have been drowned.

TRYING TO SAVE KRITZINGER

London, Wednesday, Feb. 20.—The Brussels correspondent of the Chronicle telegraphs that the Belgian League of the Rights of Man has sent a message to President Roosevelt, referring to the executions in South Africa by the British of Commandants Lotter and Scheepers. The league expresses its fears that Commandant Kritzinger and other Boer leaders will be similarly executed, and prays that Mr. Roosevelt "in memory of Washington, intervene in a friendly manner to prevent their execution." The message concludes:—"For the love of God take this message into consideration!"

GENERAL KITCHENER'S DETAILS.

London, Feb. 19.— General Kitchener's details of the operations in South Africa during January are published today in the Official Gazette. Referring to the Zweifontein mishap, he says a Court of Enquiry was held on the affair, which, "in my opinion, was not satisfactorily covered by the explanations put forward. Considering the warnings this force received directing them to be on the alert, the preparations made by them to meet a night attack seem, so far as I can judge at present, to have been most defective."

De Wet rushed Col. Firman's camp at Zweifontein on the morning of Christmas, "climbing an almost perpendicular cliff," as the despatch put it. The losses to the British were over 200 in killed and wounded.

Berlin, Feb. 19.—Some new details of the fearful balloon journey which Captain Tarisch Von Siegfield recently made from Berlin to Antwerp, ending in his death, have been made known by his companion, Dr. Linke.

The distance, 400 miles, was made in five hours and thirteen minutes. It takes an express train fifteen hours to make the run by rail between the two cities.

The balloon attained the most terrific speed between Hildesheim and Wesel, going at the rate of 125 miles an hour.

The 165 miles after passing Wesel was covered in seventy-eight minutes. At one time the balloon was flying at the rate of sixty yards a second, about two miles a minute.

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TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

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THIS IS IT.

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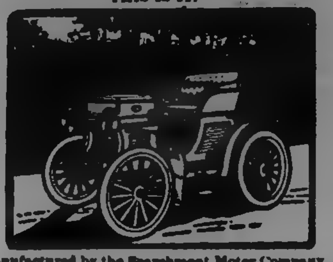

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On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

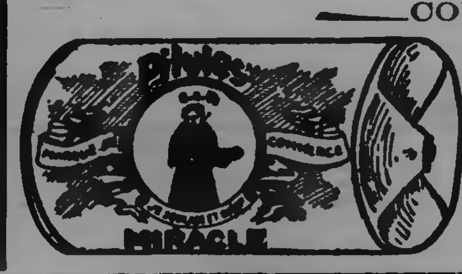
Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON



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This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received............ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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Bovril

Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

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NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil lands with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

For Sale

A TWO HORSE POWER MOTOR 220 or a 440 volt direct current machine, in perfect order. Also, a combination Billiard and Pool Table. A good bargain. For full particulars apply to John Craig, Craig House, Lakefield.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonanza Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to Dr. D. HINKLY XX-[illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walsen & Mason, Room 711, 84 and 86 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 583, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

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The Morning Times

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VOL. 23 NO. 44 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY FEBRUARY 21 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

RUSSIA IS DEFIANT WILL HOLD MANCHURIA

Is Prepared to Maintain Her Position in the East Ever at the Cost of War

WILL TAKE STEPS TO UPHOLD HER INTERESTS

Antagonism With England May Develop a Conflict—Foreign Office Makes Statement Regarding Veiled Threat

St. Petersburg, Feb. 20—Russia will not retreat from Manchuria nor hesitate to maintain her position in the orient because of the alliance of Great Britain with Japan. The leading officials in the czar's government discuss this sensational movement with an air of indifference and their language is diplomatic, but there is a *veiled threat in their open assertions* that Russia will not fail to take all the measures necessary to uphold her interests. Many well informed persons here hold the view that the antagonism between Russia and Great Britain may easily develop into a serious clash if not an open conflict.

An official of the foreign office has given out a statement regarding the Anglo-Japanese treaty that is likely to be accepted as the clever production of a sarcastic writer rather than the studied declaration of the czar's advisers and may be interpreted as a note of defiance.

This statement reads: "The English-Japanese say their convention has only essentially pacific aims. This makes it all the more astonishing when they speak of war and coalitions. What power they have in view we cannot say. But, in any case, if peace is menaced in the extreme orient Russia *for her part will not fail to take all the measures necessary to safeguard* her interests. All Russia's conventions with Japan have aimed at the preservation of the integrity of China and the independence of Corea, and it is true that Minister Kurino came to us immediately to communicate the text of the agreement and give the most amicable assurances.

"We have reason to believe it is not true that America, with which we remain in perfect accord, is a silent partner in the affair. We have given America positive assurances that Russia will do nothing which will disturb the interests of America in China. We do not believe America is anxious about the situation. Furthermore, we have received satisfactory assurance that America is not taking any steps against us in China."

Paris, Feb. 20—The Anglo-Japanese alliance continues to be the topic for considerable discussion in the French press. The concensus of opinion is that it is directed against Russia and that, therefore, it may lead to tension in the far east.

The Temps this evening says: "It accentuates the antagonism between Russia and England and almost converts it into a latent conflict. All those who had conceived a seductive idea of a closer understanding between Russia and Great Britain and the formation of a triple Anglo-Franco-Russia alliance deplore this result and ask if Japan's friendship was worth such a sacrifice of diplomatic system as was evoked by the Anglo-Japanese alliance. It calls for a complement, and that is the entry of the United States into the alliance. If the sympathies of the official world alone are necessary this will be quickly done. But it is necessary to reckon with the persistence and strength of the anti-British sentiment of the masses and also in spite of the progress of aggressive, conquering imperialism in the United States with the strength of the tradition of non-intervention, to which Washington, Jefferson, Monroe, Jackson, and Lincoln attached their names. Between a positive alliance and a benevolent, very benevolent, neutrality, there is as wide a gap as has separated for a century England's insular policy, from her contrasting policy of today."

THOUSANDS OF EMIGRANTS COMING TO CANADA.

These will Sail from Liverpool and Glasgow at the Rate of 4,000 a Month in April, May and June

London, Feb. 20.The Times outlines the details of a new plan to promote emigration in Western Canada, and three thousand people will leave Liverpool and Glasgow to settle in the Dominion next month, while more will follow in April, May and June, at the rate of four thousand a month. The Times explains that the plan was conceived four years ago. The Times estimates that it induced fifty thousand people to emigrate from the States. The English emigrants are to be personally conducted to the Dominion at a cost of forty dollars per head, and are to receive one hundred and sixty acres of land, and to be aided by a grant for expenses until properly settled. The Times dwells upon the benefits offered by the Dominion to settlers.

MUST PREPARE FOR AN ATTACK.

London, Feb. 20.—Referring to the United States Ship Subsidy bill, The Times editorially says: What our ship-owners have to do is to look carefully into our methods, and make the best defence they can against what would undoubtedly be a very serious attack. They may find some consolation in reflecting that should the attack come, it will not be directed against them alone, but will equally, perhaps even more severely, be felt by the subsidized mercantile marines of continental nations.

IT'S HONEST TRUTH

REFLECT ON IT.

The unprecedented success of Malt Breakfast Food has been achieved by true merit and practical results.

Health seekers for years looked for a perfect health food; their desires were fully realised with the advent of Malt Breakfast Food, the king of breakfast cereals.

Malt Breakfast Food promised old and young a sustaining and energising nutriment that would conduce to bodily and mental vigor; it has fulfilled every promise.

Malt Breakfast Food was given to the well and strong as a food that would maintain vigorous health; it was recommended to invalids and convalescents as a nourishment that the weak stomach would tolerate and retain. Results in all cases exceeded the most sanguine expectations.

Able and progressive physicians and scientific food experts have tested Malt Breakfast Food in a variety of ways, and placed it far above all other preparations for the breakfast table. Users of oatmeal and starchy grain foods should reflect upon these truths. Your grocer sells Malt Breakfast

OPPOSES BOER OR ANY WAR

George Cadbury, Having Bought the London Daily News will Make It a Peace Paper

London, Feb 21.— George Cadbury, an extensive manufacturer of cocoa, having absorbed the whole proprietary interest in the Daily News for $375,000, purposes to continue to conduct it on anti-war lines.

Mr. Cadbury, as a Quaker, is opposed to all wars. He showed recently the consistency of his convictions in remarkable way by refusing to accept an order to manufacture chocolate for the troops.

He intends to exclude from his paper all accounts of horse racing and betting, but will report athletic contests.

He has established a model village in connection with his manufactory, run on entirely new and philanthropic lines. It has proved a great success, and undoubtedly his public courage in attempting to stem the war fever will be repaid by equal success before long.

Rich Gold Finds on African Coast

London, Feb. 21.—Reports multiply of the extraordinary value of the gold discoveries on the French Ivory Coast of Africa. The alluvial deposits have now been traced and a quartz reef, which has been opened, is eight feet wide and is yielding crushings of from two to eight ounces to the ton.

SCOTS GREYS CUT OFF AND SEVERELY MAULED.

Two Men Killed, Six Men and Two Officers Wounded, and 46 Troopers Captured

PRISONERS WERE SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED.

General Gilbert Hamilton, Unable to Dislodge the Enemy from Their Position, Continued His March

London, Feb. 20.—A detachment of the Scots Greys, one of Great Britain's crack dragoon regiments, has been cut up by the Boers at Klipdam. Major C. W. M. Feilden and Captain E. Usher, were severely wounded, two men were killed, six were wounded and 46 captured. The news was received to-day from Lord Kitchener in a despatch dated from Pretoria February 19. The Scots Greys formed part of General Gilbert Hamilton's column. The latter, while moving on Nigel February 18, engaged a force of Boers at Klipdam. The Scots Greys became detached, were surrounded, and were cut off. Gen. Hamilton was unable to dislodge the Boers from their position, so he continued his march towards Nigel. The Boers released the Scots Greys, who had been made prisoners.

A SPLENDID SHEWING

Result of the Year's Operations of the Western Assurance Co

The statement presented at the annual meeting of the Western Assurance Company, is one that reflects the greatest credit on the management of that popular and progressive Company, Hon. George A. Cox, President of the Company, in his remarks, made it clear that the general trend of fire insurance rates was upward. While the advances which have generally been adopted by the companies have placed the business on a more satisfactory basis, the President is of the opinion that the rates are still inadequate for many classes of risk. The directors' report shows that while the Western Assurance Company suffered severely in common with other companies last year owing to the exceptionally heavy fire losses, still a handsome profit remains for the stockholders. The net premium income amounted to $2,281,639, an increase of 12 per cent, over 1900. This is due, however, to the higher rates obtained on risks rather than to any increase in the business assumed. The income of the Marine branch, although falling below 1900, shows a fair margin of profit. After providing for losses and expenses the revenue account shows a profit balance of $128,948. Two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 8 per cent, and 6 per cent, respectively, amounting to $120,812.34, were paid, and after meeting other expenses the sum of $47,760.00 has been added to the reserve fund.

The security which the company affords its policy-holders totals $3,656,653.16, made up of capital paid up, $1,940,270; calls in course of payment, $60,630; and reserve fund, $1,656,553.16. The financial summary shows that the fire and marine premiums amounted to $3,286,620.13; interest, $86,537.34, making a total of $3,370,157.27. The fire and marine losses amounted to $2,107,007.43, and general expenses $1,032,181.47, making a total of $3,139,188.90 leaving a balance of $130,968.37.

We congratulate the directors and Mr. J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, on the splendid results of the year's operations. The Company is so well and favorably known in Peterborough and throughout Eastern Ontario, where it does an enormous business, that the report will be read with much interest and satisfaction.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

London, Feb. 21.—The Admiralty naval estimates for 1902-3 show a total of $34,275,000, as compared with $34,875,000 last year.

There will be under construction April of this year thirteen new battleships, twenty-two armored cruisers, two second-class cruisers, ten torpedoboat destroyers, five torpedo boats, and eight minor craft, a total of 62 new vessels, or an additional navy as large as if not larger than Italy's present navy.

Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, announces that a new type of torpedo-boat destroyer is contemplated, and that important developments are planned in the Executive and Works Departments. A committee will be appointed to consider the establishment of a Volunteer Naval Reserve.

London, Feb. 19.—The leaders of the Zionist movement anticipate important developments as a result of the visit of Dr. Theodore Herzl, of Vienna, founder of the Zionist movement and president of the Zionist Congress recently held at Basle, Switzerland, to Constantinople. Dr. Herzl was summoned to the Yildiz Palace by a special telegram from the Sultan, and the Zionist leader is now negotiating with the Sultan for the acquisition of concessions in Palestine permitting of the unimpeded immigration and settlement of Jews there. Dr. Herzl's demands include a charter granting some simple form of home-rule, and opening the Sultan's Crown lands to Jewish colonization. A representative of the Jewish Colonization Association, which was endowed by the late Baron Hirsch with a large sum of money, is also at Constantinople, which is taken to signify that the trustees of the Baron Hirsch fund are about to concentrate their resources upon Palestine.

BARCELONA BRISTLES WITH BAYONETS.

Barcelona, Feb. 19.—Two additional regiments of infantry arrived here to-day, and the city now bristles with bayonets. Troops are incessantly patrolling the streets, occasionally charging and dispersing mobs. Shots were exchanged in the Grand Via. The rioters erected barricades in one of the suburbs, and the troops carried them at the point of the bayonet. The casualty list is lengthened by every conflict. Industrial and commercial life in Barcelona is paralysed. No goods arrived here yesterday, and there is great scarcity of meat, bread, and other foodstuffs.

HARMSWORTH LEADS.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Alfred Harmsworth now holds the automobile tourist road record between Paris and Monte Carlo. He covered the distance in four days last week, never travelling more than seven hours in a day. He arrived at Monte Carlo in time to attend a prearranged big banquet, the London Daily Mail was giving to M. Santos-Dumont. It is rumored that M. Santos-Dumont has accepted Mr. Harmsworth's terms, and will appear in London in April under the auspices of The Daily Mail.

of this town, has received the following letter from his son, Alex. S. Inglis, of the Canadian South African Constabulary, dated Witpoortje, Jan. 1. He says:

"You will be surprised when you get this, but I suppose you will have seen an account of the affair in the papers ere now. I went out yesterday about a mile and a half from camp, with Corporal Sloan and a trooper named Midway. We saw four Boers approaching and we lay down and let them come up, when we fired and shot one dead. Then in less time than I can tell it we were surrounded by about 300 Boers. They shouted 'hands up,' but we said that we would die game. It was a foolish thing for us to do, as we had only 50 rounds of cartridges. We fired at them at about fifty yards distance, and had no cover at that. They had Mauser pistols, and Midway received a bullet in the face and another in the leg. Corporal Sloan was shot in the breast and in the neck. The Boers never quit firing, and we kept right on also. I had made up my mind not to quit or hold up my hands, when Sloan exclaimed, 'My God, Inglis, look at this right behind us!' They were coming on the full gallop. We turned on the newcomers and they retreated about 200 yards, but came up again and fought. By this time I had the fun of seeing three killed, and, as I thought, one wounded, but we were left without a shot or cartridge, so I laid my rifle down at my head and lay flat on the ground. The other two were shot all over by this time. My foot was touching Midway's head. I was so close to some of the Boers that I could almost have shaken hands with them and they could not hit me somehow.

"Well, after we stopped firing they kept at it for about five minutes. I felt lots of the bullets entering the ground under me; they would throw up the ground against my ribs. I began to think of my mother, and the next moment one of the Boers hit me on the head with his rifle. I got up and he grabbed my rifle, hat and shirt. When my shirt came off a lad about 16 years of age, not more than ten feet away, fired at me, the bullet entering my shoulder. It did not strike the bone, but tore all the flesh off. Then they took off my boots; my socks were knitted ones and in trying to pull them off they became fast on my heels and they dragged me over the rocks until they came off. They also took my pants, in the pockets of which I had twelve shillings. I stood in the hot sun for twenty minutes, the Boers in the meantime hitting me with their whips and butt ends of their rifles Growing weak from the loss of blood, I had to lie down, but they hit me over and over again until I was obliged to get up. By this time Corporal Sloan was dying, and to the last he kept crying 'Inglis, Inglis, Inglis!' My blood turned cold when a big fellow came up to me and told me they were going to shoot me. I saw them loading their rifles; two lads about 16 years of age were going to put an end to me. Just as I thought my last moment had come some men with long whiskers came up and told me to go to camp and send a doctor and ambulance. My feet were bleeding and my legs blistered and I could not run, do my very best. When I got a little piece away, they started to shoot at me, but did not hit me, though I would not have cared if they had, I was so far gone.

"We buried poor Sloan to-day. Midway is in the hospital, shot all to pieces; but I am here, thank God, with but one severe wound. Such was the ending of the year for me. I expect to be up again in about two weeks. I have to go to Pretoria to tell how the Boers ill-used Corporal Sloan before he died, both he and Midway being stripped and left naked in the hot sun.

"It surprises me how I have been cheered over and over again by other troops for not surrendering.

"'Canada for Ever,' was painted on my hat. I saw my pants go over the hill, tied by the braces to a Boer saddle.

"I must not forget to tell you that when I came in twenty men went out and were also trapped and stripped captain and all. Results yesterday: On our side, 2 dead and 7 wounded; Boers, 9 dead and 19 wounded. Captain shot three dead out of 8 that took him. Lightenberg was the Boer general."

BEAUTIFUL AMERICAN ESCAPES FROM HAREM

A Cincinnati Girl Has Wonderful Experience in the Shah's Palace

IN PERPETUAL FEAR OF DEATH

And Finally Makes Her Escape—She Was Secured With Other Beauties to Amuse the Shah

Paris, Feb. 20—Emily Barnaby, a Cincinnati girl, has just arrived here from Tabreez, Persia, after a most extraordinary adventure.

She was among a lot of beauties selected here two years ago by the shah *for various offices at his court* and sent ahead to Teheran under escort to await his pleasure.

Emily then was a destitute student of music and had applied to the recruiting Persian minister upon the advice of a friend, also an American, who had already accepted an engagement. Emily was duly presented to the shah, who gave a short, unintelligible order to his minister, and the latter told her she was engaged.

She left Paris three days later with nine other girls, *mostly French*, in charge of two old English shrews who have been long attached to the shah's household.

She remained at Teheran four months before she saw the sovereign. Then the two American girls were unexpectedly summoned at midnight and asked if they could entertain the shah, who was troubled with sleeplessness. The potentate was found in his bed surrounded by a crowd of attendants, among whom was a physician who spoke English. Emily's friend played the piano, while Emily sang and danced. The shah, at first languid, soon became interested.

The next day Emily alone was summoned. Before being introduced, she was dressed in oriental gauzes by the same two English shrews, who complimented her on the fact that the shah had taken a great fancy to her.

At the second interview the shah tried to express his fondness too warmly and Emily vigorously objected. When she finally broke down and cried the shah's anger was mollified and he ordered that she be taken to her apartment, after sending her a considerate message, accompanied with valuable presents.

Thereafter she saw the shah almost daily, being his favorite entertainer. She says she learned to like the shah well except when a tender fit seized him.

Finally the shah grew ugly because of the girl's steadfast refusal to become a member *of the royal harem*, and she, following the advice of a French physician, ran away from the palace. She hid in Teheran three days and then the *physician's servant* took her, disguised and veiled like an oriental woman, to Tabreez, where she lived secretly with kind French nuns.

Four months ago Emily married a French merchant, rich, handsome, and a Catholic convert. But the shah's emissaries finally locating her, she escaped, finding the country unsafe.

The young couple joined a Russian caravan, reached the Black sea, and sailed from Batoum for Marseilles aboard a Greek vessel, which stopped at Trebizond.

There Emily's husband went ashore, saying he would take just a short stroll. He never returned, and his wife does not know whether he was murdered or had deserted her. Being afraid to risk herself alone in a strange city, she continued her voyage and finally reached Paris.

She told the correspondent that she has most of her husband's wealth—jewels, quite a cargo of precious rugs and more than $1,000,000 in money.

She left to-day for Berlin to join some American relatives.

There Is Danger and Death in Imitations and Substitues

YOU NEED THE GENUINE

Paine's Celery Compound

IF YOU EXPECT A CURE

See that you make no error or false move if you are making efforts to rid yourself of disease. Attention, care and vigilance on your part are necessary to avoid the dangers of substitution and imitations.

Your case at this time demands the use of the genuine Paine's Celery Compound sold by all reputable and honest druggists.

Paine's Celery Compound loosens the bonds of disease; it enables the weak, rundown and emaciated victims to recuperate rapidly. It places them on the solid rock of health.

No other medicine of the present day can so promptly banish the terrors of rheumatism and neuralgia. No other can so quickly overcome treacherous liver complaint and kidney disease. If you are a victim of blood disease, Paine's Celery Compound will purify and enrich your blood, and make it course healthfully through the body.

See that you get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound from your dealer; look for the name PAINE'S on wrapper and bottle.

MORE TROOPS AT COLON

Government Troops Now Expected to Attack the Insurgents

Colon, Feb. 21.— The political situation here is quiet. The garrison here was increased yesterday by 500 men from Savanilla. It is now expected that the Government forces will go to attack the insurgent stronghold.

It is reported that the insurgent steamer Padilla is aground near Punta Chame.

The commission to take over the steamer Pinto, recently purchased by the Colombian Government, is proceeding south.

There is a lively speculation in building lots here. The boom is caused by the expectation that the United States will purchase the Panama Canal.

The Government has issued orders for the raising of the steamer Lautaro, which was sunk by the insurgents in the naval engagement in Panama Bay.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION HELD IN Y.M.C.A. HALL

Prohibition Question Discussed by Mr. G. W. Spence Organizer for the Alliance

MESSRS. JOHN GARVIN AND G. W. POWELL TO

Represent Peterborough at Convention in Toronto---Next Meeting to be Held on Thursday March 14th

The prohibition convention which was called by the executive of the Ontario Alliance opened yesterday afternoon in the Y.M.C.A. hall. Owing to the short time allowed for giving notice of the meeting the attendance was not very large. Very few people from the country were present.

Mr. John A Nicholls, provincial lecturer and organizer for the Alliance was present and delivered an address. The principal work done at the afternoon session was to appoint standing committees and to discuss at length the prohibitionary measure now before the Ontario Government. After lengthly discussion the meeting adjourned to meet at 8 o'clock in the evening.

EVENING SESSION

The evening session opened at 8 o'clock. Mr. H. P. Lindsay in the chair, A very good audience was present. The first business taken up was to appoint delegates to the convention to be held in Toronto at an early date. On motion Messrs. John Garvin and G. W. Powell were appointed delegates.

Delegates will be sent by the churches and different temperance societies in town

Mr. S. W. Spence, organizer of the Dominion Alliance, delivered a stirring address occupying over an hour, touching on the situation in the provinces of Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, and the events leading up to the present outlook in our own Province.

We have a righteous cause, and though the struggle be a long one, yet we must eventually win; right will prevail. Though we might be discouraged at so many plebiscites, yet we stand where we are to-day as a result of those which have been submitted. The people of Manitoba had two plebiscites, both of which resulted in favor of prohibition. At the last general election in that *province*, the leaders of both parties promised it to the people. Hugh John Macdonald, who, is not a prohibitionist, but who accepted the mandate of *the people*, has enacted the law, and the Privy Council in Nov. last unanimously decided that the provincial legislature had power so to do, *provided such legislation* does not conflict with legislative measures in force. And it may be—we cannot say just here—that the province has power to prohibit the *importation* and manufacture.

Mr. Harriston, when the hotel-men waited on the Ross Government lately, said if enacted this law would ruin hotel keepers, but later in his speech said it did not amount to anything—it was supported chiefly by ministers, who had no knowledge of business, and were only of benefit to be called in when a person was dying. Then in support of his reasonings against prohibition he quoted some eminent theologists as opposed to it. The speaker suggested that this calling into play of these men was because he realized he had a "dying" cause.

The proposed act prohibitits the wholesale and retail sale of liquor as a beverage. Manufacturers could sell only to those having special authority to sell for other purposes.

The editorials appearing in the Toronto Globe of late came in for a share of the speaker's criticism, and he stated if the Globe fyles of a few years ago be turned up we will find the editorials in vigorous support of prohibition.

No act has ever been passed prohibiting a man from drinking intoxicating liquor. It may be a sin, but we can not make it a crime, so long as he injures no one but himself. We do not legislate for sin, but for crime. There is no law prohibiting a man from eating diseased mutton if he be fond of that particular kind of mutton, but there is a law prohibiting the offering it for sale. So, the law passed in Manitoba prohibits a man taking a friend into a club and giving him liquor; he may have it in his own house, and give it to his friends and guests, but if he abuse this privilege, then his house becomes in the eyes of the law, a public building.

There are only three ways of handling the liquor question—1st, the unlimited sale, without any license or stipulations, 2nd, the controlled sale, with high or low license, or under Government control, 3rd, the total prohibition of its sale.

Legislation is not made for private evils, but for the good of society as a whole. And every man who professes to advocate the license system is really a believer in prohibition. For if we have say 12 licensed liquor dealers in Peterborough, all other persons are prohibited from engaging in the business. All the prohibitionists ask is to put these 12 men on the same footing as the other citizens. During the era of the license system they have been the reapers and we the contributors—and now they ask for compensation.

In reference to Government control, advocated by many, he said if a church deacon were to engage in the sale of strong drink; if he were to establish his business in a palace and serve the stuff over a golden bar, in jewelled cups, on the authority of a license for which he paid a million dollars, it would blast a reputation, curse a home and sink its victims just as surely as if it were dealt out in a miserable hovel by a being of the lowest morals, and without the formality of a license.

Mr. Spence objected to *such* gentlemen as Prof. Grant of Queen's and the editor of Westminster setting up as leaders of the temperance people of Ontario. They will hold us away from that which we want, and from which, please God, we will have. He regretted that such good men were frequently found on the wrong side, and in this connection quoted an eminent relative to Sir Isaac Newton, whose grand system of astronomy has enabled scientists to to study the myriads of planets around us. Sir Isaac had doubtless a phenomenal brain, but when he wished to provide a means of passage to and from his study for his cat and kitten, he had a carpenter cut a large and a small hole in the door—one for the cat the other for the kitten. He was amazed to find, the first time the cat entered that she was followed by the kitten through the same hole. And if these men were as well acquainted with the liquor question as they are with some other matters we should find them taking a different stand on prohibition.

We were promised prohibition eight years ago by Sir Oliver Mowatt, later on by Mr. Hardy, and again by Mr. Ross. We have asked for no referendum. Sir Oliver had no thought of one when he said in 1894 that the expression of public opinion was sufficient to justify the Government *in legislating* to the full extent of its *powers*.

Mr. Ross had no mention of any referendum on the 12th and 26th of February last when he said the Government had not receded from the position formerly taken on the matter. Now he says that in places in the United States where prohibition has been put in the constitution, as two-thirds majority was necessary. Not so! And if we are given the same chance on which the present Government assumed control of the province, we will give the liquor traffic within our borders such a blow as it has never felt. In the last Ontario plebiscite, prohibition was carried in 71 constituencies out of a total of 98.

In Kansas, in 1880, at the presidential election, the electorate voted on this question; there were 91,874 votes for, and 84,037 against prohibition—yet it was put in the constitution, and is there to-day, with a majority of less than 8,000.

In Iowa, in 1882, the vote stood 155,436 for, and 125,677 against; later the measure was upset by the Supreme Court, because of a technicality in the preparation of the bill, three words having been left out by a clerk.

In Maine, in 1884, there were 70,783 votes for, and 23,811 against, while 47,819 did not vote at all. This goes to show the injustice of requiring a majority of the votes cast at a previous election. For it is evident that if men will not vote on this question when the ballott is in connection with state elections, they will not come out specially to cast their franchise.

Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Chamberlain were frequently quoted as being in favor of compensation to liquor men, if deprived of licenses. On the contrary, the only speech ever made by Mr. Gladstone on the matter was in the House of Commons in 1888, when a bill was before the House to set apart £440,000 for a special fund for the compensation of the liquor men. He then, at the second reading of the bill, denounced it in a round manner, terming it an "endowment of drink traffickers."

The license system does not give these men any vested rights. Licenses are granted for our benefit, and it does not follow that because they are granted special privileges for one year, they should have it the next.

In the elections in June, let us vote against the members who are now opposed to the amendments of the measure as it is now before the House. Let temperance people take a lesson from the victuallers, who vote for the man pledging himself to their interests.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Northey a vote of thanks was tendered the speaker, who, in replying regretted the calling away of a splendid worker in former fights in Peterborough in the person of the late Dr. Fife. The convention adjourned, to meet again in the Y.M.C.A. building at 2 o'clock, p.m., on Thursday, March 13th.

Church congregations, temperance societies, and Young Peoples' Societies are requested to get to work in the matter and see that they are represented at the next meeting by one or more delegates.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth, and after spreading through all the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and cures in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 21, 1902

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

A Contrast

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—That the Examiner does not take Mr. Ross's Referendum seriously is patent from the fact that on the very same day on which it was announced on the front page of that paper that the Premier had brought down his measure with due deliberation and solemnity, there was printed upon the back page of that journal a lightsome and frolicking story called "The Bartender's Button," in which the badge of the Bartenders' Union, a little blue button, is glorified as the symbol of joy in the human heart when thrilled with whiskey. The ditty itself is the work of an immature brain—probably one reduced to a blind state by a too free imbibing. That the Examiner should have introduced this in sympathy with the Prohibition movement is, of course, inconceivable, although it may be quite in sympathy with that journal's opinion of Prohibition. Whether Prohibition will prohibit or not, it can do no good to hold the outcome of the efforts of its supporters up to scorn and ridicule. No doubt, however, it will serve the purpose, if it is intended that this ballad of the bar shall be a sort of stage whisper on the side to the liquor men to inform them that "Coddie is their friend not short." But that such is the policy or intention of the editor of that journal is, as we have said, unthinkable, since it will turn the thoughts of many an otherwise moderate-minded man into gall and bitterness. I trust that the campaign before us, fraught as it will be with the destinies of Prohibition, will be fought without abuse, ridicule or recrimination. We owe this consideration to our prohibitionist friends, and I bespeak for them decent treatment and a fair hearing. A political meeting next June will be an interesting spectacle. We shall see politicians looking every way for a means of escape, and endeavoring to distract public attention by their attentions to each other. But not the least edifying part of the spectacle will be the efforts of pious frauds to stand in with both prohibitionists and party. We shall have specious excuses for lack of candour, and knowing looks instead of straightforward words. Wobblers and weak ones we have galore, and to the weak ones life will be one long worry till next June. After that they will take it easy (so as not to enhance the prohibition vote in October) while lending their countenances—to whichever side will borrow them.

It is to be hoped, further, that prohibitionists will present some sort of a requisition to their candidate, if they think of having one, so that those who will and those who will not sign may become known to the public at large. This will separate the sheep from the goats, as it were, and give the honest men of each side a chance to avoid becoming the dupes of mean and cowardly time servers. A drunken man is better than a hypocrite any day. Grits and Tories will die of inanition if prohibitionists hold meetings in churches and decline to discuss the issue. The unknown vote at the next election will be large or small, according as temperance men meet the craft of the government with equal astuteness and forbear to exercise their franchise, or flock to the poll to crush the men who sought to entrap them and to make them pay compensation afterwards.

If the government should be returned the debate in parliament on compensation, regarding which it has decided not to commit itself, may reasonably last for the next four years, by the end of which time something may turn up to relieve the distress.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space, I am, etc.

X. Y. Z.

Smith, Feb. 18.

To Crowd Him Out

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—I understand an effort is being made by the local fish merchants to crowd out Mr. Wm. Taylor, who has a town license to sell fish from house to house. The plan is to hunt after Mr. Taylor's customers, chiefly amongst the hotel men, and offer to supply fish at a price that wipes out all profit. The idea is, of course, to put the price up after opposition is stamped out.

I will be much surprised if any of Mr. Taylor's customers are to be caught in such a way. It would be very foolish to encourage a monopoly, even in fish. My object in writing this letter is to warn the public against this new conspiracy.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I am, etc.

A HOTEL MAN

A Great Man and a Child.

In his reminiscences of Horace Greeley in the "Youth's Companion's" series of Recollections of Famous Editors, Noah Brooks says that Greeley could bear a great sorrow or a great disappointment with the fortitude of a stoic, but a trifling annoyance would provoke him to an outburst of wrath that was simply childish. The death of his little boy, his only and idolized son, was to him an awful blow. No man can know what agony the stricken father silently endured, his grief coining the drops of his heart's blood. But a typographical blunder, especially if it were in one of his own writings, drove him into spasms; then his maledictions on the offending typesetter and proofreader were something blood-curdling to hear.

One morning he went swiftly down to the "Tribune" office to find the compositor who had made a bad error in setting the types for one of his editorial articles in the paper. Bounding upstairs into the composing-room, with blue fire in his eyes and shaking the paper folded across the page to show the offence, he shrieked, "Show me the man! Show me the man that did this!" The error had already been made a topic of discussion in the office, and the culprit, a very old man who had been with Mr. Greeley on the "New Yorker" and on the "Tribune" ever after, came out from behind his case and tremulously pleaded guilty. The editor, standing there in the full height and strength of his manhood, looked down upon the little old man with a startled air, and then, turning away, invited anybody in the office to kick him (Greeley) downstairs.

Of his education, Mr. Greeley said it "was picked up by the way." It is natural that one who knew him should wonder what manner of man he might have been if he had been trained and disciplined in an institution of learning. He might have been a very much greater man, thinks Mr. Brooks; and then, too, his raw resources might not have been so strong and abundant under a scholastic rule.

When he was a lad of nine years he was offered free tuition in the academy at Exeter, New Hampshire. His parents declined the offer, partly through pride, Mr. Greeley thought, although nominally because his mother was unwilling to part with him at that tender age. Later in life, speaking of this failure to secure an academic course of instruction, he said: "I suppose I ought to be sorry, but I am not much."

Mr. Greeley affected contempt for college-educated men, and was accustomed to say, with great emphasis, "Of all cattle, the most useless in a newspaper office is a college-bred man!" This seemed to be an affectation intended to justify his own lack of scholarship, as if he were the shining example of what a great editor could be without special training. As a matter of fact, adds Mr. Brooks, during my term of service on the "Tribune" a majority of the men on the staff were college-bred men.

* * *

Some Epigrams on Growing Old.

Max O'Rell, in an article on "Old Women," says, among other things:

"A woman who knows how to grow old gracefully is a delight; but an old woman, whose wrinkled grimaces try to be inviting, voluptuous smiles, whose skeleton, loaded with diamonds, seems to crack as if on the point of crumbling to dust, who has a painted face, dyed hair, and false teeth—that woman makes me shudder; it is the most horrible sight in the world.

"For a man, love is an expectation at twenty, an irresistible desire at thirty, a habit at forty, an indiscretion or a hesitation at sixty, and a profanation at seventy. For a woman love is a dream at twenty, an experience at thirty, and a reminiscence after forty.

"Balzac, the greatest authority on love and women, and the most wonderful dissector of the human heart who ever lived, says that the best and most artistic effort of a clever and refined man is at fifty-two, and that a woman is perfect only at thirty-five. There is hope for some of us.

"Happy the woman who knows how to grow old! Happy her husband especially!

"I have heard it said that few women know how to get old. However true this may be, the old woman who believes that she is still attractive is much less ridiculous than the old man who believes that he is still irresistible."

* * *

The Considerate Dog.

A yellow dog who had bayed the moon ever since sunset was finally approached by a sedate old mastiff about 2 o'clock in the morning.

"See here, friend," said the mastiff, "will you be so good as to explain why it is you get so much comfort out of barking all night at the moon?"

"Well, it's this way," explained the yellow dog: "You see, I am afflicted with insomnia, and it takes an acute form which makes me feel obliged to bark at something; so I, being a considerate dog, bark at the moon, knowing that it cannot hear me. Therefore it is not annoyed in the least, and I am afforded much relief."

"So you are actuated purely by considerate motives and a sincere desire to spare anyone annoyance?"

"Just so!" and the yellow dog wagged his tail proudly.

"But did it never occur to you to consider your neighbors also?" demanded the mastiff.

The yellow dog was overwhelmed with confusion. He listened for a moment to the hitherto unnoticed profanity and tearing of hair that was going on all over the neighborhood. Then he tucked his tail beneath him and slunk under the house.

Moral: Before striking at an enemy be sure you have no friends within range.

* * *

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone fifty times." On the other side was written: "I have went home."

In Two Minutes

There will be another car. But the man can't wait. He chases the car and swings on, panting and hot, but satisfied. He keeps this gait up all day. He works that way, he lunches that way. He continues this until his stomach "breaks down" and nature compels him to "go slow."

Business men who have impaired their digestion by hasty eating will find in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a cure for dyspepsia and other diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It does not give mere temporary relief, but it effects a radical cure. It strengthens the stomach, nourishes the nerves and purifies the blood.

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Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

Diary of an American Abroad.

Monday, 10 a.m.—Reached England. Country half asleep.

4 p.m.—Reached London. Village awake, but not really spry.

4.30—Reached Hotel Magnificent.

4.45—Went all over it. Nice house. Do as a pied-a-terre for our directors when over here.

5—Bought it.

8—Dinner. Arranged to turn dining-room into anteroom for callers. Tired. Counted checks. Bed.

Tuesday, 9 a.m. — Read "Times" at breakfast. Leader disparaging our company. Must see to this.

10—Saw proprietors of "Times."

11—Bought "Times."

12—Heard of difficulty with staff. Editor resigned.

1 p.m.—Bought some editors.

1.05—Lunch.

3 to 6—Interviewed the company's competitors; three minutes each.

6 to 7—Wrote checks.

8.30—Theater. Play, The Ironmaster. Don't like the sound; suggests rivalry; must see if rights are to be had.

Wednesday — Curiously unlucky morning. Admiralty wouldn't sell fleet. War office refused to scrap guns. Colonial secretary declined to let me have Jamaica as a tip for our ashes. At this rate no use staying out. Picked up Thames steamboat fleet for an old song on way back. Will do to run on the canals inside our fitting shop.

Thursday, 5 p.m.—Things have been humming to-day. Steamboat deal evidently leaked out. Bought the P. and O. Cunard, White Star, Orient, Union Castle, and North German Lloyd. Bought the Liverpool docks. Bought the London and Northwestern. Cabled to my company that they might begin making.

Friday, 10 a.m.—Cable from company asking me to buy less and sell more. Nonsense. Plenty of time for selling. Much best policy to buy up all our customers first; sell to ourselves then and make sure of orders.

4 p.m.—Bought Holyhead harbor. Made an offer for St. George's Channel.

Saturday, 9 a.m.—Cable from home. "Rival trust formed. Underselling. Return at once."

10 a.m.—Returning.—London "Punch."

* * *

The Subtle American Joke.

An American once said to a German who claimed that he had the real New England sense of humor, "Did you ever hear the joke about the guide in Rome who showed some travelers two skulls of St. Paul, one as a boy, and the other as a man?" "No," said the German, beginning to anticipate a good story. "Tell me at once, mein friend, dat joke."

* * *

P. A. Minakoff has made an exhaustive study of the nails of the hand, some of the results of which he regards as of medico-legal importance. Among other things, he asserts that the nails of the right hand in a right-handed person are wider by from one-half to two millimetres than the corresponding nails on the left hand; while in left-handed persons the reverse obtains, and in the ambidextrous the nails are of equal size on the two hands. The thickness of the nails diminishes progressively from the thumb to the little finger.

Wealth's Milestones.

"Spring has came," mused Mr. Gotrichkwick, as he stood before the window with his hands thrust deep into his pockets.

"Aw, now, how kind you tell, pap?" gurgled his diamond-bedecked daughter.

"Because——," said the father, as he clinked the coins in his pocket, "because the snow has went."

* * *

"Stop that noise, Jimmie, or we will send you to bed." "Pa, you don't act like I was your real child at all; you act like I was jes' somebody else's orphan."

Australia's Governor-General.

It is feared in some quarters that the Earl of Hopetoun will not be able to complete his term as Governor-General of Australia. His Lordship has never entirely shaken off the effects of the illness which prostrated him in India on his way out to Australia, and though he was really prominent as the host of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall, he has since, owing to his unsatisfactory health, been unable to fulfil many of his public engagements.

* * *

Strong words by a New York Specialist.—"After years of testing and comparison I have no hesitation in saying that Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is the quickest, safest, and surest known to medical science. I use it in my own practice. It relieves the most acute forms of heart disease inside of thirty minutes and never fails."—32

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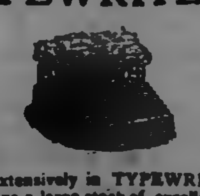

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LIMITED

A Spider's Genius

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web in the top of a decaying peach tree close to the leaves that it was in plain view. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will as long as the receptacle within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—"Waverley Magazine."

Dr. Varnaloo, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flower-pit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely: "I do not understand, Dr. Varnaloo, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, Sanborn," he retorted, "you see, this was only a [illegible]."

Not long ago a tourist in New Orleans went to see the statue of Andrew Jackson in that city, on the pedestal of which is inscribed, "United We Stand; Divided We Fall." Seeing an old colored man standing by, he asked, "Uncle, did that inscription stay there all during the Civil War?" "No, sah," responded the old uncle, "hit didn't stay dar endurin' de wah. In de fust place, dem letters was standin' out laik dey was plastered on. Den de wah bust loose, and de Confed'rate gin'ral down yere, he tuk a chisel and cut dem letters off smooth. Den ol' Gin'ral Butler, he come erlong wid his Union sojers, an' he tuk a chisel an' cut dem in deep, laik dey is now. An', Lordy, how de folks down yere did sw'ar when ol' Gin'ral Butler brush de dus' off'n his clothes an' git up frum his wu'k an' say, 'I'se a-gwine to hang de fus' Johnny Reb what cuts dem letters off [illegible].'"

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Secrets Revealed by the Camera.

PROBABLY no human invention has aided the course of justice to a greater extent, says London "Tit-Bits," than the snap-shot camera. It has been instrumental in condemning criminals, and has also been the means before now of saving innocent lives.

A case in point is that of Alfred Grayson, an Englishman who was living a few years ago at Rio de Janeiro. He was accused of the murder of a Brazilian named Linares, a clerk in the same office with himself. The two were known to have quarreled some days previous to the Sunday on which Linares met his death. Apparently, however, they had made up their difference, for they went out sailing that day on a small yacht which Grayson had hired.

In the evening Grayson brought the dead body of Linares home. His story was that the latter had fallen from the mast and fractured his skull. But medical evidence was of opinion the wound on the head had been made with a stick or oar. An oar was missing from the yacht's dingey. The mast-climbing story, too, sounded improbable, for the rigging was all worked from deck. Taking the recent quarrel into consideration, and Grayson's well-known violent temper, the case was black, indeed, against the Englishman. The coroner's jury had already found him guilty of murder, when a passenger on a Marseilles steamer, which had arrived in Rio on the Sunday afternoon, came forward with a new piece of evidence.

This was a snap-shot photograph taken as the vessel entered the harbor. Far away, under the cliffs, a tiny vessel was sailing, and against the white sail was a dark mark, which a powerful magnifier proved to be a falling man. By an almost miraculous coincidence the camera had been snapped just as Linares fell. The photograph turned the scale in Grayson's favor.

Almost equally curious is the way in which a photograph aided justice in the Cooper murder case. Cooper was assistant to a young blacksmith named McKenna in a Lanarkshire village. Both men were known to be fond of the same girl. One day Cooper was found dead on the floor of the smithy. He had been poisoned with carbolic acid. McKenna was suspected, but there was no proof whatever of his having ever bought or owned any carbolic acid, while Cooper was known to have purchased, as a toothache remedy, the phial found beside his dead body. "Death from misadventure" was the verdict.

Shortly afterwards McKenna was arrested. It appeared that an English tourist provided with a kodak had passed through the village on the very morning of the murder. Attracted by the quaintness of the old forge, he had taken several snap-shots of it. The photographer went on to stay in an out-of-the-way part of the Highlands, and did not hear of Cooper's death for some days. Then he hastened to develop his plates. Plain in one of the pictures were three bottles on a shelf. Two were beer bottles, the third was unmistakably one of those fluted blue glass bottles in which poisons are sold. It had also a label on it, and though the wording on this could not be read, yet on the strength of this evidence the police made a thorough search of McKenna's premises. They found the remains of the bottle in question in an old well, and proved that it had contained carbolic acid. Then McKenna confessed his guilt.

The more recent developments of scientific photography must make the criminal feel less secure than he used to. One of those thieves who make a living by van-robbing got an unpleasant shock one day in March last. He had safely got off with a tub of butter which he had stolen from the tail of a wagon as it was crossing a bridge in Rochester, N.Y. The deadly witness against him was a photograph taken by telephotography from the top of a neighboring high building.

A biograph picture of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge over the Niagara Gorge was recently taken, and, when developed, thrown upon the canvas at a music hall at Toronto. It was then noticed for the first time by the audience that a human body was tossing and spinning in the whirling waters. Search was at once made, and the body of a missing and much-advertised suicide was discovered, still caught in the furious suction of the whirlpool.

Hindu criminals succeed by long practice in forming a little bag in their throats into which they can guide jewels when they steal them. Last September a native was arrested for stealing a diamond worth 10,000 rupees from a jeweler's window in Calcutta. But as the evidence was only circumstantial, and possession unproved, he would have been liberated had it not occurred to the police to have an X-ray photograph taken of his throat. That showed the gem safely hidden in the little sac. The thief was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but he still refuses to give up the diamond.

The Roentgen-ray photography has also been instrumental in adding several thousand pounds to the customs revenue of Buenos Ayres within the last year. Valuable jewelry on which no duty was being paid was known to be coming into the country in letters. It is, however, illegal to open letters or stamped packages, so the law-breakers were unchecked. At last, in June, 1900, several registered letters and packages were examined under X-rays in the presence of the Argentine Postmaster-General. Sixty-six suspected packages contained £4,000 worth of jewelry, and were, of course, all confiscated.

What She Said.

It wasn't a smoking compartment, but they were using it for that purpose all the same, and she was too modest to object. By and by the two men got into a discussion over the woman question, and at last one of them, an unregenerate bachelor, appealed to the lady thus:

"Do you think there will be men in heaven, miss?"

She blushed.

"No!" she said. "They will want to go somewhere where they can smoke."

The discussion stopped; so did the smoking.

To be acceptable to the aristocracy one must be an ass or a millionaire.

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Curious Bits of News.

It is said that there is now little hope of discovering an unknown First Folio Shakespeare, as all the libraries of England have been ransacked. Nevertheless whenever a First Folio comes to the surface and is sold at auction the search begins anew. No wonder! The copy sold in London the other day brought $8,600.

A pension worth while is that to be enjoyed by J. A. Fillmore, who has resigned the position of manager of the Pacific system of the Southern Pacific Railway after almost a lifetime of meritorious service. He will be paid one thousand dollars a month till the end of the year and a pension of five hundred dollars a month thereafter as long as he lives.

Otani Kosui, a young Buddhist priest who is kinsman to the Mikado, is about to leave England, where he has been for some time past, and will come to America to still further study Christianity and Christian institutions. His family tree has traceable roots as far back as two thousand six hundred and fifty years ago, he represents the richest and most advanced sect in Japan and he will one day rule over thousands of temples in that country.

The captain of an ocean steamer is often warned of the proximity of icebergs by the men in the engine-room. When a ship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster, and as such water surrounds the vicinity of icebergs for many miles the engineers know that when the propeller's action is greatly accelerated without any increase of the steam power icebergs may be expected. Of course, the thermometer is the most useful indicator of icebergs.

A curious custom exists in the Prussian royal family of selecting every July a half dozen deserving young couples too poor to marry, and to have them wedded in the garrison church at Potsdam on the anniversary of the death of Queen Louise of Prussia. After the ceremony each bride receives a gift of a sum equivalent to about $115 and a handsome family Bible. The function took place, as usual, a short time ago, in the presence of Princess Margarethe, the eldest unmarried daughter of the Prussian royal family.

Some time ago the old trysting oak in Harthill Walk, so frequently mentioned in "Ivanhoe," was felled to the ground in order to preserve the trunk. The tree was one of the oldest in England, and is described by Scott as being venerable when siege was laid to the castle of Torquilstone. The tree stood on the estate of the Duke of Leeds, whose agent, Mr. Mosey, is devoted to Scott. By his instructions the tree was taken down, and the trunk will be preserved on the lawn in front of Mr. Mosey's house. A young oak tree is to be planted by the Duchess of Leeds on the site of the trysting tree.

The meaning of the word "humph" was recently the subject of judicial decision in the Irish Court of Appeal. Mr. Justice Madden and Mr. Justice Boyd held that "humph," as used by Sir Walter Scott and Miss Austen in their novels, was an expression of dissent, while the Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Burton inclined to the conclusion that "humph" only meant a "dissatisfied condition of the mind." The Court of Appeal has now decided that the word is "an expression of doubt or dissatisfaction," or, as Lord Justice Walker put it, in the words of the "Century Dictionary," "a grunt of dissatisfaction."

The Sultan's decree that Turkish children shall not be educated in "the foreign way" any longer and that Turkish women shall not be allowed to have Christian companions has been received with different feelings, it is said. Several high officials are deeply displeased by the order, but one highly educated woman of rank, wife of a dignitary, is quoted as saying that her own experience had convinced her that it was much better to have no education than to learn what life might be, yet have to spend it in a harem. She had refused, therefore, to allow her own daughters to be educated as she had been, and regards the Sultan's decree as a wise one.

A curious phenomenon was observed at the village of Le Ghasil, in the French Alps, recently. One day, towards evening, the inhabitants were disturbed by a loud rumbling in the vicinity of Mont Farand which increased in intensity. Looking toward the scene of the disturbance, the villagers were further startled by seeing bright flashes of fire. At first the unusual spectacle was attributed to volcanic agencies, and a party of civil engineers set out to examine the cause of the phenomenon. They discovered that the intense dry heat had caused the chalk rocks on the summit of the mountain to crack and to break away in all directions. These rocks had descended the mountain like an avalanche, and being thickly veined with silex, in descending they had struck one another with terrific force, scattering brilliant showers of sparks in all directions, with such rapidity that they resembled one single sheet of flame.

Cheap Meals.

"About the cheapest restaurant I ever visited or read about," said a man lately returned from England, "was a dining saloon in the Whitechapel district of London, where a relishing and fairly substantial meal may be had for a halfpenny, or one cent in our money. This cheap repast is not served up in the shape of a cut from a joint and two vegetables. It is a big brown pie, very juicy and very hot. The absence of beefsteak is evident when you cut the pie, but you find inside a liberal sprinkling of sheep's liver, onions and turnips, and a plentiful supply of gravy. For a halfpenny extra two slices of bread and a cup of tea are supplied. Between the hours of twelve and two the poor and hungry from all parts of the East End of the city flock to the dining-room. Most of the patrons are shoeblacks, penny toy men, costermongers, and now and then young clerks whose salaries will not permit them to indulge in a more costly dinner."

It turns out that the late fire in the Sultan's palace was the result of a plot among the ladies of the harem. Too many wives can generally be depended on to make things warm for a man.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Day's Fishing.

THE fishing season having now positively begun, I think I will go down to the deep waters and try my luck. The great mistake made by so many fishermen is that they are lacking in the necessary patience for success in their hobby. Very often, after a man has sat for two or three days waiting in vain for a bite, he begins to feel the monotony a little tiring, and wants to throw up the whole enterprise. The enthusiastic angler, however, never allows himself to grow weary. He will wait three weeks for a bite, and when the exciting moment comes, he wrenches his prize out of the water and feels that he has not lived in vain. When you have once cast your bread (or whatever you are using for bait) upon the waters, you should be prepared to stand by and see the thing through if it takes all summer.

No angler expects to be landing fish all the time. As a matter of fact, the biggest fish are never completely landed at all. If you have ordinary luck you will land a few average-sized wrigglers, but you can't very well make them any bigger than they are, and your friends can size up their dimensions at a glance; whereas the fish that you hooked out of the water, but couldn't manage to finally land, grows every time you talk about it. This fish is well known to expert anglers. Its dimensions are only limited by the powers of imagination possessed by the operator. Most anglers will let it go with a weight of about twenty to thirty pounds avoirdupois; and the man who insists upon anything bigger than that must choose his audience very carefully in these knowing times. I have no sympathy with the man who hooks a fish that tries to wrestle him on to his back as it flies out of the water, or that aims crushing blows at his head with its off-side fin. And when that kind of man tells you that he fought three rounds with his prize in the endeavor to down it so that he could bring it away with him, you should not trust yourself to a comment on the narrative. That kind of man is wasting his talents on a modest job like angling. He ought to have been a political journalist.

When you have cast your line, you should sit by quietly and wait for the results. That delightful old prig, Izaak Walton, laid it down as a rule that anglers should avoid swearing, lest they be heard and catch no fish. It is not very clear to me why a man who has settled down by the water's edge for a day's fishing should want to swear. I don't see, in any of the hand-books on the craft, any hints that swearing has ever been considered half as useful as a wriggling worm for fishing purposes. As far as I can see, a man might stand by a stream and profane steadily for several hours without getting any more bites in consequence. If a fish will not bite at a tempting hook, I should doubt very much whether it will do so because somebody on the bank is referring to its ancestry in disrespectful terms, and is casting rather red aspersions on its moral character. The injunction as to swearing appears quite unnecessary, but dear old Izaak couldn't help preaching a little in between the bites.

After waiting a little while and looking at your float, you will probably see it begin to bob up and down. This either means that something is biting at the hook, or else that an empty sardine tin has got mixed up with your line. You must let the bobbing go on till the float is dragged under water, and then you pull in with both hands, and land the upper portion of a dilapidated boot which someone has left in the stream by an oversight. Fishing is called "the contemplative man's recreation," chiefly, I believe, on account of the very weird things that the average angler is called upon to contemplate in the course of a day's skirmish with the wonders of the deep.

Many anglers, however, do not recommend the practice of sitting down and fixing the eye on the bobbing float. After you have thrown out your line, you open the lunch basket and take out the first bottle. Then you light a pipe and take a glance or so at your float to make sure that it isn't bobbing. By that time you will be ready for the second bottle. When the second bottle has been properly and truly dealt with, the float will bob a good deal oftener than might be expected; but you don't need to take notice of low conduct like that. If a gentleman can't sit down by the water's edge and take a little light refreshment without being guyed by a mere decorative quill, it's hard luck, that's all.

By the time you have got on to the fourth bottle, you will begin to realize what a thoroughly enjoyable sport this angling business is. You will begin to wonder at first what bounder has been and thrown his line alongside yours, as there are two floats to be distinctly seen. You need not, however, bother about that. After all, you didn't come down to the water for what you could catch; but for the jolly sport of thing. Well, there's the fifth bottle ready anyway, and it's thirsty work looking on and waiting for a bite.

Of course, there are anglers who can be carried away by the sport so much as to follow a float with their eyes for a whole day, with scarcely a drop in between. These men will wade through two feet of water, and carry the spare worms in their mouths on the chance of hooking a wriggler that has been hovering about playfully for an hour or two. But this is not the weather for enthusiasm of any kind; and the only thing that you will find to admire in these rabid anglers is that their perspiring activity makes you feel so thirsty that the rest of the bottles can be opened in their right order without waiting. Some anglers reel up their line at the close of the day's sport and take it back home. But after a dozen bottles or so of the best, you won't want to be bothered with any dim nonsense of that kind. Just kick the whole kit into the water, and call for help to enable you to get home again without any [illegible]. Angling is a grand sport if you know how to take it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

The Real Difficulty.

Appy Tite—If we only had some lines, now, we might do a little fishin'.

Shady Rowers—Fishin', eh? Who's goin' ter dig de bait, bait de hooks, t'row in de lines, haul out de fish, and take 'em offen de hooks?

Appy Tite—Dat's so; we'd have to [illegible]

On the Right Way.

ALMOST every man who has been successful has written an article for some magazine on how he did it, or been interviewed by some newspaper, but all this information has been scattered carelessly abroad, so that just when we want to know what to do, or the right step to take, we cannot lay our hands on the particular species of advice which we remember to have read. The result is that we stumble along as best we can, and probably make the very mistake of our lives, all for want of knowing what Caleb Coupon did at this point.

The writer hopes herewith to supply this deficiency, as he has kept a record of the principal necessities laid down from time to time by great men who have given the results of their experience, and lays them before the reader, to follow closely and not shirk.

To begin with, you should select for a birthplace a dingy-looking little farmhouse, on the outskirts of a clearing. Log cabins have gone out of date. At one time they were quite fashionable, but something a trifle better is now demanded. As time goes on, who knows? Maybe some of our great men will be born in the "Ladies' Home Journal" three-thousand-dollar country houses. This, however, is a remote contingency.

Be good to your mother. While the other boys of the neighborhood are playing hockey, marbles and baseball, you will be doing chores around the house. This, however, does not imply a goodness in any other way. You will, of course, avoid going to Sunday-school, and when you are not sawing wood and laying the foundation of the wonderful constitution which is afterwards to carry you through life, you will be reading a few well-chosen books, such as the dictionary, the Bible, and one or two good comic papers. You will find the jokes useful later when you are called upon to make after-dinner speeches.

You can then take your choice of "struggling" through college or leaving the farm with a dollar in your pocket. Better leave college alone, however, as it teaches you a lot of superfluous things you may regret. Many a man who might have accumulated a large fortune has spoiled it all by going through college and learning to love other things more than money. The best plan is to come to New York with a dollar in your pocket. Go at once to the leading savings bank and deposit seventy-five cents. Live on the balance until you get work. As soon as you get work, save at least seventy-five per cent. of your wages, if you can; or, better still, ninety per cent. You will thus acquire habits of frugality, which will be a source of happiness to you throughout your whole life.

At the end of a few years you will have saved up a few thousands, and your success is now assured. Do not gamble. Robbing is not only safer and surer, but it is legal. Protected by the laws of your country, you can feel entirely safe. Reorganize a railroad, start a small trust, or get acquainted in Washington. When you get to be seventy you ought to be worth at least a hundred millions. You can then make a bluff at giving it all away, and be quoted as saying that it is wicked for a rich man to leave anything behind him.—Tom Masson.

Mr. Balfour on Illustration.

"There are books," said Mr. Arthur Balfour, at the dinner given to Sir John Tenniel in London the other evening "in which the text is a mere otiose and almost unnecessary appendage to the illustrations. There are other books, still larger in number, in which the illustration is an impertinent intrusion upon the attention of the reader, distracting his mind from the literary masterpiece with which he is concerned, and intruding alien and unsympathetic ideas to disturb the current of his thoughts. Those books are numerous. But there is a third class of book in which the illustration and the text are so intimately connected, in which the marriage between the two is so happy and so complete, that you cannot conceive the text adequately without the illustrations any more than you could conceive the illustrations unelucidated by the text. Our guest of this evening is one of the happy creators of this kind of illustration. There are books known to all of us in which it would be as impossible to forget the illustrator as it is impossible—and I hope it will be long impossible—to forget the author." Of course, the book was "Alice in Wonderland."

Stage Asides.

Fanny Kemble once gave a most amusing instance of the extent to which "stage whispering" may be carried on unknown to the audience. It was in a well-known theater, and "Romeo and Juliet" was the play.

Romeo was at the words (stage version, not Shakespeare's), "Quick let me snatch thee to thy Romeo's arms," when he pounced upon her, and lifting her up bodily staggered down the stage.

"Let me go," she whispered, "you've got me up horribly; let me down," but all in vain. The climax came at the passage, "Tear not my heart-strings thus; they break, they crack, Juliet" (still the stage version), when——

Juliet (to corpse)—Am I smothering you?

Corpse—Not at all; but could you, do you think, be so kind as to put my wig on again for me?—it is falling off.

Juliet (to corpse)—I am afraid I cannot; but I'll throw my muslin veil over it. You have broken the vial, have you?

Corpse—No, indeed.

Juliet—Where's the dagger?

Corpse—'Pon my soul, I don't know.

All these "asides" went on unknown to the audience in the very crisis of the tragedy.

Just Think of It!

In the last "Berichte," Nencki and Marchlewski describe the very interesting discovery of the close chemical relationship existing between the red coloring matter of the blood and the green chlorophyl of plants. Haematoporphyrin, a derivative of haemoglobin, and phylloyanin obtained from chlorophyl, both yield on reduction haemopyrrol, which is probably an isobutyl or methyl propyl pyrrol.

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-tone. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit—[illegible]

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MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

WATCH

—THE—

CashBargainGrocery

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 200 - 388 George St.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 21 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no Police Court yesday.

—The council will meet this evening.

—There should be a large market to-morrow.

—The Times' bindery received an order for 1,000 blank books the other day, requiring nearly a ton of paper.

—The railways are getting into shape again, after the recent snow blockade.

—The C.P.R. train from the east, due at 5.10, reached town at ten o'clock yesterday morning. The passengers were breakfasted at Havelock at the expense of the railway.

—The Park street S.S. anniversary will be held this evening. Tea will be served at 6 o'clock. At eight o'clock, Mr. Eakie, of McMaster University, will give an illustrated lecture on Egypt.

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

Gratefully Acknowledged

The sum of $18.00 contributed in Peterborough in aid of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the North West, is gratefully acknowledged by Geo. Buskin, Missionary.

Chosen Friends Concert

The Chosen Friends are giving an entertainment on Thursday next, which will take the form of a gift-concert. Everybody receives a present, from a needle to an anchor. This is something out of the ordinary, and a large crowd is anticipated.

Arrested in Buffalo

Frederick Miller, of Peterborough, was arrested in Buffalo yesterday, on a charge of theft. He is also wanted in Toronto on a similar charge.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

BIRTHS

SNOWDEN.—In Peterborough, on Sunday last, Feb. 16, the wife of Mr. Harold Snowden, of a son.

Y. W. C. A. Cooking Classes

The Intermediate class including invalid cookery, opens Tuesday, Feb. 25th, at 3 p.m., meeting every Tuesday and Thursday afternoon of each week. Junior classes open Saturday, Feb. 22nd, at 10 a.m. Meeting Wednesday at 4.45 p.m., and Saturday morning at 10 a.m. Terms, Intermediate class, $2.00; Junior class, $1.50. Members $1.00 reduction in each, for term of 10 lessons. Register now.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

At the Opera House

The attraction at the Opra House is gaining in favor. The house has been well filled every evening this week and the play continues to hold its high order. Prof. Fell, in his mind-reading and hypnotic exhibition is wonderful and has well established his reputation as king of hypnotists and mind-readers. The company will remain in town the balance of this week.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Fred Kennedy is in Toronto visiting his sister, Mrs. Ward.

—Mr. T. G. Eastland, Warden of the County, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. J. B. Rutherford, and Miss Rutherford of Minneapolis, Minn., are visiting friends in South Monaghan.

—Miss Ida Downer, of Mariposa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Henry, corner of Charlotte and Stewart streets.

—Mr John Whyte, of Campbellford, is visiting his brother, Mr. James Whyte, Simcoe street.

—Miss Gertrude McClellan is the guest of of Dr. and Mrs. McAlpine, Lindsay.

—Mrs. J. R. Stratton was feeling somewhat better yesterday, and is now recovering from her recent illness.

—Mrs. G. J. Brumwell is visiting in Peterboro and Chemong this week.—Lindsay Post.

—Mrs. Jack Hall and Master Kingsley have gone to join Mr. Hall in Montreal, after a pleasant visit in Chicago and Peterborough.

—Mr. Chas. E. Parks left yesterday to assume a responsible position with the R. Simpson Co., of Toronto. On Tuesday evening, the members of the Charlotte street church choir presented Mr. Parks with a beautiful bible, hymn and tune book, as a mark of esteem.

A Dubious Forecast

"What do you think the weather will be next month?" wrote a subscriber to the Horse editor of this g. f.j., and the editor replied, "I think it will be very much like your subscription." The subscriber happened to think of the word "unsettled," and sent in the amount next day.

A Deplorable Case

Yesterday Mr. George Cochrane, agent and Mr. Wm. Henry, caretaker of the Children's Shelter visited a place in Belmont township, where they found a most deplorable state of affairs. The name of the people is Storms. On entering the house which was nothing more than an old log shanty 8 by 10 feet in size a most depressing scene met their eyes. In one corner of place a few rough boards were fastened to the wall and this formed the bed. Two sticks were driven into the wall and a rough board laid across them formed a table. An old stove in a very dilapidated condition heated the place. The room was most filthy and the two children aged 3 and 6 years were black with dirt. The father and mother were in a similar condition. Besides being a dwelling house it was also a sort of stable, a sheep two cats and a dog were in the place. The children were brought to the Children's Shelter, where they will be looked after until such time as a respectable home can be found for them.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid damp feet, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Polson's Nerviline as an absolute reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than other remedies, its power over pain is simply beyond belief. Buy a large 25c bottle to-day and test it, and see if this is not so. Polson's Nerviline always cures rheumatism.

New Market Wins from Hamilton

At the Mutual street rink, Toronto, last night, Newmarket won out from Hamilton in a hard fought battle by a score of 6 to 5 goals. This leaves Newmarket to play of with Peterboro to-night, and no doubt one of the fastest and hardest contested games of hockey, of the season, will be witnessed at the Charlotte street rink. "Beef" Brundrette, a former Peterborough boy, who played goal for the Colts last year, is playing with Newmarket, and will be here with them to-night.

U. C. C. defeated Belleville in the junior series, at the Mutual street rink, Toronto, last night, by a score of 14 to 7.

VALUE OF WARM BREAKFAST BEVERAGE

Explanation by Physician

The high grade physician always stands ready to guide one's habits and prevent disease, even if by that means, he loses many a fee.

Food and drink are important factors relating to health.

Dr. Wm. R. Blackwood, 662 N. 23rd St., Philadelphia, Pa., writes on the subject and remarks about the need of some warm drink for breakfast, but deprecates the use of coffee because of its effect on the health. He refers to the fact that the heat of a warm breakfast beverage is important in causing the necessary alvine evacuation which should invariably follow breakfast.

"Personally, I had been quite nervous from overwork for a time and neither coffee nor tea seemed to agree with me, consequently I looked around for some other pleasant breakfast beverage, for a long time without success, until I got hold of the article under consideration (Postum).

This proved pleasing to the taste and was also very strengthening. Its flavor was so clearly that of really good coffee as to completely take its place after beginning its habitual use. I attach much importance to the word 'habitual,' for if you desire to have all of the benefits centred in this article you must stick to it right along. I have proved to my own satisfaction that Postum is all right if persevered in.

Some of my acquaintances and patients have taken up Postum and after a first trial abandoned its use, then some have afterward formed the habit of drinking it when shown how really simple the preparation is which results in a fine cup of Postum containing nutritive elements."

The Doctor mentions, in confidence, two cases of severe prostration from alcoholism which were ultimately cured and the patients restored to health through his treatment and taking away all whiskey, coffee and tea, and giving them in place Postum Food Coffee.

The Doctor concludes his letter with this statement, "Believing that a letter from a physician, who has studied dietetics many years in different climates and among different races, would be of some value, I write to do what I can to further the use of this efficient product, which surely must be of great advantage to invalids as well as to the general community."

Western Assurance Co.

The annual meeting of shareholders was held at the company's offices, Toronto, on Wednesday, 19th February, 1902. The President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, occupied the chair.

The following annual report of the Directors, with accompanying Financial Statement, was then read by the secretary:—

FIFTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

The directors have pleasure in submitting to the shareholders their report on the transactions of the company for the past year.

The net premium income amounted to $3,292,629, and the earnings from interest were $86,527. After providing for losses and expenses the Revenue account shows a profit balance of $189,048. Of this amount $129,613.84 has been applied to the payment of two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 6 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum, respectively, and after writing off the sum of $11,675.45 to bring the securities to market value at 31st December, the balance, $47,759.08, is added to the Reserve Fund. The reduction in dividend for the last half-year was decided upon in order to permit of a more substantial addition to the Company's Reserve than could otherwise have been made, as the profits of the Fire Branch were materially affected by the exceptionally heavy losses in the early part of the year, including the conflagration in Montreal in January, 1901. The Marine income was somewhat less than that of the year 1900, but the business of this branch shows a fair margin of profit, after providing for losses and the proportion of expenses chargeable against it.

The estimated liability on unexpired risks at 31st December, calculated at 35 per cent. of the year's Fire Premium, with full provision for all unexpired Marine risks, is $969,210. It should be noted that, although an increase is shown of some 12 per cent. in the premium income compared with that of the preceding year, there is not a corresponding increase in the actual liability, or amount at risk, owing to the advanced rates that have been obtained on a large proportion of the business on the company's books.

The Directors regret to have to record the death during the year of Mr. Robert Beaty, who had been a valued member of the Board for the past thirty-six years, and a shareholder of the Company since its organization.

Two calls of $100,000 each of the $1,000,000 additional capital which has been called up had not matured at the close of the year, but owing to the majority of the shareholders having availed themselves of the privilege of anticipating these payments, there remained on the 31st December less than $60,000 of this amount unpaid.

The security which the Company now affords its policy-holders is as follows:

Capital paid-up 31st December last	$1,940,370 00
Calls in course of payment	59,630 00
	$2,000,000 00
Reserve fund	1,050,553 16
Total funds	$3,050,553 16

Summary of Financial Statement

The accounts for the year showed the following business transacted:

Fire & Marine premiums		$3,292,629 73
Interest		86,527 54
		$3,379,157 27
Fire & marine losses	$2,167,007 43	
General expenses	$1,023,101 47	
		$3,190,108 90
Balance		$189,048 37
Dividend to shareholders		129,613 84

The President, in moving the adoption of the Report, said:—

The statements that have just been read, which, with the Directors' Report, have been in the hands of the shareholders for some days, indicate, I think, very clearly the general results of the business of the Company for the past year, but in moving the adoption of the Report, I am glad to avail myself of the opportunity of enlarging somewhat upon the matters with which it deals.

You will have noted that there has been a considerable increase in the Company's premium income, and perhaps the most encouraging feature in connection with the transactions of the year is the evidence which our records afford that the growth in this is due as much to the higher rates obtained on the risks we have been carrying as to an increase in the amount of the business we have assumed. It will also be observed that, after deducting from the balance shown in the Revenue Account the amount received from interest on investments, there remains $102,521, which represents the difference between the premium receipts and the losses and expenses for the year—or what may be termed the "underwriting profit." Taking into account the volume of business transacted, it must be admitted that this balance on the underwriting transactions of the year is a very moderate one, being equal to about 3 per cent. on the premium income—which would scarcely be regarded as an adequate return in any ordinary business. It is true that out of the year's receipts some conflagration losses of considerable magnitude had to be provided for. Such disasters we have regarded in the past as rare occurrences, or at least as events which warranted our treating any year in which one occurred as exceptional. The experience of late years, however, is leading Companies to regard these as a much more important factor than formerly in the fixing of rates.

In presenting our report to shareholders a year ago I referred at some length to the unprofitable results of the fire insurance business on this continent, and expressed the hope that the advanced rates which were being adopted by Companies generally would place it on a more satisfactory footing than it had been during the preceding two years; and, while I am pleased to be able to say that much has been done in the direction of securing more adequate rates, the feeling among fire underwriters is that there are many classes of risk, and many cities and towns, where further advances are necessary, and the various rating organizations are adjusting their tariffs to meet the requirements of present conditions. There can be no doubt that there has been an increase in the fire waste on this continent, altogether out of proportion to the growth in the value of property. By many this is thought to be largely due to the extensive use of electricity for light and power, and an examination into the causes of fires in which our own company has been interested goes far to sustain this theory. This is a comparatively new hazard, and one which will doubtless be overcome in a large measure when its weak points are better understood. It would appear also that the fire hazard on this continent has been increased—though this may appear an anomaly — by the industrial prosperity of the past two years; for it is a well-recognized fact that in times when manufacturing establishments are compelled to work their machinery, and their employees overtime there is always a marked increase in losses upon this class of property. But, whatever the causes of the greater fire losses which are being experienced may be, the inevitable effect must be higher rates; for the protection afforded by fire insurance companies — without which the trade and commerce of the country would become paralysed — will only be maintained permanently on a basis of rates that will afford a fair return upon the capital invested in the business. As I have said, considerable progress has been made in this direction—more especially throughout Canada. In the United States, owing to the larger number of companies doing business there, it has been more difficult to secure concerted action; but improvements have been made in many quarters, and the two serious conflagrations reported during the past fortnight at Waterbury and Paterson — following closely, as they do, a year which has proved unprofitable to almost all companies operating in that field, will, I feel assured, lead to prompt measures being taken to reimburse them for losses that have been sustained.

Taking into account the conditions that we have had to meet in our business, and which I have endeavored to briefly outline, your directors, as intimated in their report, deemed it wise to reduce the dividend for the last half-year, making it at the rate of six per cent. per annum, feeling assured that conservative action in this direction would meet with the approval of the shareholders.

I am glad to be able to say in reference to the London Branch of the Company opened two years ago that it continues to progress satisfactorily. While on a visit to Great Britain last summer I had an opportunity of meeting our chief representatives there, and I feel that we are fortunate in having secured the services of energetic and capable underwriters to look after our interests. I would express our appreciation of the services rendered to this branch by our London Board of Directors.

I desire also to acknowledge the good work performed by the Officers, Branch Managers, and Agents of the Company generally durin the past year.

The Vice-President seconded the adoption of the report, which was carried unanimously. The election of directors for the ensuing year was then proceeded with, resulting in the unanimous re-election of the following gentlemen, viz:—Hon. G. A. Cox, Hon. S. C. Wood, Messrs. G. R. R. Cockburn, Geo. McMurrich, H. N. Baird, W. R. Brock, J. K. Osborne, J. J. Kenny, and the election of E. R. Wood to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Robert Beaty.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held subsequently, Hon. Geo. A. Cox was re-elected President, and Mr. J. J. Kenny Vice-President for the ensuing year.

SMALL-POX PATIENT RELEASED

Has Completely Recovered and was Given His Liberty Yesterday

Wm. Joyce, the man who for nearly two months has been confined in the hospital at Jackson Park, was given his discharge yesterday. In the morning Dr. Bingham visited the hospital and thoroughly disinfected everything, and let the patient and assistant go.

By prompt measures being taken, and in following out the instructions of the Provincial health authorities, the dread disease was stopped at once, and the people of the town can congratulate themselves on being so fortunate as to have the disease confined to two persons. There was no scare, and business was carried on in the usual manner.

Put Your Things in Presentable Shape and Appearance for the Coming Spring

An early spring is predicted by many this year. Now is the time to look over your cast off dresses, skirts, capes, jackets, blouses, ribbons and feathers and put them in stylish condition for another season's wear.

A few packages of the true and tried Diamond Dyes, judiciously used, will do a marvellous work for you, and save you many dollars that would otherwise have to be expended on new garments and materials. One package of Diamond Dyes, costing ten cents, in rich Cardinal, Brown, Terra Cotta, Olive Green, Bottle Green, Navy or Black, will give new life to any light colored and faded dress. Millions of women bless the advent of Diamond Dyes. They are true money savers at all seasons.

Send your address on Postal Card to The Wells & Richardson Co, Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P. Q., and you will be furnished with sheets of new designs for pretty mats and rugs.

Pimples and Blotches

how unsightly, sometimes disgusting, mortifying to the sufferer and unpleasant to all. An evidence of poor blood and lowered vitality of the eliminating organs. They need toning up —the whole system does. You can quickly bring about the improved condition by using Ferrozone. Poisons are driven out of the blood, organs grow stronger, the blood richer, the nerves stronger. Pimples and blotches disappear, color becomes good. Glad! Just try and see how much joy can be gotten out of a box of Ferrozone.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY CLERK.—Apply in own hand writing, giving experience if any; also other qualifications, and amount of salary expected. Apply to the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterboro.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 222, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pilules
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County..........................

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Intercolonial R'y.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS' One-Way EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FAST AND DIRECT SERVICE

—FROM A—

COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE

—VIA THE—

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And its through connections.

ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

Dining, Cafe Parlor Cars, and Pullman Sleepers on through trains.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4 00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

For Sale

A TWO HORSE POWER MOTOR 220 or a 500 volt direct current machine, in perfect order. Also, a combination Billiard and Pool table. A dead bargain. For full particulars apply to John Craig, Craig House Lakefield.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bessie Investment Co, 14 & 16 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE [illegible] D. HINKLY XX-10 Grand Rapids, Mich.

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY.

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 45 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY FEBRUARY 22 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITAIN DENOUNCED IN AMERICAN CONGRESS

Congressmen Use Bitter Language Against Great Britain

Says England Is Not Now or Never Was the Friend of the United States

The Republic a Laughing Stock Amongst the Nations of the World

Washington, Feb. 21—There was a lively scene in the House to-night, when Congressman Wheeler, of Kentucky, scored the Administration soundly. He said:

"It is the salvation of our system of government that there is a difference of opinion among the people of this country; but until the inauguration of the President in 1896 there was never any division of sentiment on one great question, and that was the splendid isolation of the Republic and its fixed determination to hold aloof from all entangling alliances with foreign powers. Less than five years ago the most sacred traditions of the Republic were discarded.

"The belief and fixed judgment of well nigh every patriotic citizen were overturned, and for the first time we witnessed a president of the United States, urged and egged on by a pitiable flunky in the State Department, stretching his arms across the water to embrace the historic enemies of the American people. From that good hour until now we have made ourselves a laughing stock at every court in Europe because of our flunkyism, our truculency and the disgraceful sycophancy of the representatives of the Republic at the feet of Great Britain; and now, when it serves the purpose of some other great nation, the pitiable spectacle is presented of hugging to our bosoms during the last five years a nation that has systematically and persistently attempted to destroy the liberties of the American people since the battle of Yorktown.

"We find now, despite the fact that the present government is afraid, even in the face of its great majority, *to ask an appropriation of $60,000 or* $100,000 to pay some shoulder-strapped, gold-laced flunky to cross the water and bow the knee and kiss the hand of some English king; that while this very pitiable spectacle is being presented to us in every newspaper of the Republic, it is being heralded abroad that in 1898, when we were seeking to strike the shackles of serfdom from off the heels of Cuba, that nation was then secretly in our own capital attempting to form a coalition of the great powers of the world to prevent that interposition. And it has not caused a ripple in diplomatic circles.

"I have a respect for the present occupant of the White House; I frankly avow I think he is too honest to be palatable ot the average Republican partisan. A little Quixotic, it is true, hasty-tempered, full-blooded, and not exactly desirable to many of that character of our citizens; and I indulge the hope that the lingering element of Americanism will induce him at the first opportunity to boot out that man in the State Department who, in my humble judgment, has brought us to this humiliating condition.

"England a friend of the United States! I would to God she were, but what a spectacle have we presented in order to be able to boast that we have the friendship of Great Britain and have become a world power. Never before in the history of the Republic has there been a struggle for freedom on the part of any people that representatives of this chamber did not hasten to declare that we regarded with solicitude the endeavors and efforts of a people to obtain their own liberty.

"It may be well enough to treat the representatives of foreign powers with courtesy and consideration. Far be it from me to ask any other mode of treatment; but I do declare that if the publication in the press is true this man Pauncefote ought to be ordered to take the first ship to cross the waters. We want no such man in the Republic. If he comes here to represent his Government, well and good; but if he comes here to hatch conspiracies, to attempt to force his wishes and his ideas on the American people, the sooner we are rid of him, the better it will be.

"And, another thing, I am only restrained from discussing what I regard as the most unfortunate incident by the ordinary amenities which should obtain between one gentleman and another. I allude to the fact of the opportunity seized by the Chief Citizen of the Republic to send a member of his family across the water for the purpose of participating in the coronation of a king. I shall not discuss that, because, of necessity, it involves matters I do not care to go into here. I will say in passing that it is a most unfortunate circumstance. It is unprecedented in our history, and is to-day deeply lamented on the part of every country-loving man in the Union. I am sorry he did it. It is establishing a precedent that ought not to be recognized, and it is but one more link in the chain showing toward what end we are drifting.

"One other matter I wish to advert upon. In the next few days we are to have a brother of a ruler come over to this country and take charge of a little tug, ship, vessel or yacht, whatever you please to term it, built by some people up in New York. We are appropriating thousands of dollars, and the Anglomaniacs, the European maniacs, are falling over each other to get to see a little Dutchman come and take charge of a little ship. (Applause on the Democratic side).

"What difference does it make whether he is *Prince Henry or not?* There are thousands of citizens of this Republic following the plough as noble, as honest, as intelligent as Prince Henry or Prince anybody else. (Applause on the Democratic side).

"Why do the American people give heed to this foolish and disgraceful flunkeyism enacted by the present Administration? What difference does it make to us whether he is a brother of the Emperor, a sister of the Emperor or a mother of the Emperor? It is evidence of our good will, they say. What do we care about the good will of the German people? Let us treat them politely, as one honest man treats another, but why should we bow down to these people any more than to any other citizen?"

BURGHERS WANT TO SURRENDER.

London, Feb. 21.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says the demoralization of the Boers in Eastern Transvaal is marked, and the attitude of the leaders leaves no doubt they consider the situation critical. Reports from north and south of the Delagoa Railway line show that the burghers reluctantly continue the struggle.

Intercepted messages from Commandant Piet Viljoen to Acting President Schalkburger urge the latter to try to counteract the spirit of surrender rife among the burghers. Viljoen, remarks the Times' correspondent, has long been a firebrand, encouraging the Boers with false hopes. He adds that the fact that Commandant-General Botha and Schalkburger are trying to arrange a meeting indicates that they believe the moment has arrived for decisive action.

The correspondent does not predict an immediate general surrender. He says the strong influence of the Boer leaders over their followers may prevail. Even if resistance in the Eastern Transvaal should collapse, the war would continue, though a large number of British troops would be free for service elsewhere.

A despatch from The Hague to the Times says the Standard, formerly the journal of Premier Kuyper, denies the press interviews representing that the Dutch Government acted on its own initiative and not at the instance of Boer leaders and not at the instance of Boer delegates in approaching the British Government.

THE QUESTION OF A HOUSE OF REFUGE

Came Up Before the Town Council Last Night

A BEET SUGAR CONVENTION

A Delegation will Probably Represent the Town Next Tuesday when the Dominion Government will be Asked for Aid

The Town Council met in special session last night, when there were present Mayor T. H. G. Denne and Aldermen Rush, Batten, Shortly, Corkery, McGregor, Roger, Best, Morrison, Edgcumbe and Clinkscale.

BEET SUGAR DELEGATION.

A communication was read from N. B. Gash, Hon. Secretary of the Ontario Beet Sugar Association, in which he asked that Peterborough send a delegation to attend the Beet Sugar convention at Ottawa next Tuesday, when the Dominion Government will be asked to aid, either by bounty or tariff, the establishment of beet sugar industries in Canada. Mr. Gash also pointed out that the Ontario Legislature had promised an appropriation, on the strength of which the Ontario Association had voted $150 towards paying the expenses of delegations, Peterborough being named as one. The C.P.R. and Grand Trunk railways have also agreed to issue to delegates return tickets at single fare rates.

On motion of Ald. Roger, seconded by Ald. Corkery, this matter was left in the hands of the Manufacturers' Committee, with power to act.

ANOTHER TOWN VAULT.

The vault in the town buildings being too small for present purposes, the Property Committee was authorized to lease a room over C. N. Brown's store on Simcoe street, in which to store the overflow of books, documents, etc.

CHANGE OF ROUTE.

In order to avoid confliction with the Bell Telephone Co., the Otonabee Power Co. was empowered to run their wires from King street down Stewart street instead of along Aylmer, as originally agreed upon. By this arrangement the Otonabee Power Co. will, with the consent of the Auburn Power Co., use the latter's poles from King to Dalhousie street.

TELEPHONE RATES.

A communication was read from Mayor Howland, of Toronto, suggesting that the Council sign a petition to the Dominion Government praying that the Bell Telephone Co. be restrained from increasing their present rates. The Council decided to have the petition properly signed and forwarded.

ELECTRIC ENERGY.

Town Clerk Armstrong read a copy of a bill at present before the local house, which will, if passed, authorize any city of 100,000 population to generate or develop electric energy by means of water power or otherwise, either within such city or elsewhere and further, to enter into agreements with any company or persons for the purchase of electric energy, and its transportation or development.

The council did not agree with such privileges being restricted to cities of 100,000 and over, and authorized a memorial being prepared and forwarded to the Hon. J. R. Stratton, asking that legislation be made in this respect to apply to all municipalities, regardless of population.

The bill has already had its first reading, and will probably come up again on Tuesday for its second reading.

A HOUSE OF REFUGE.

This important matter was resurrected by Ald. Geo. M. Roger, who thought something definite should be arrived at. For years past, each successive grand jury has recommended that a home for aged and infirm persons be provided, and this has always resulted in committees being appointed by both the Town and County Councils to consult together on the question. However, nothing definite has ever resulted from these conferences, and the jail continues to be a retiring place for Peterborough paupers. The letter of Mr. D. W. Dumble, published on Wednesday last, was pretty freely commented upon. In this letter, Mr. Dumble quoted an amendment of the Criminal Code, and concluded as follows:

"Under this law I am forbidden to send persons coming within its purview to the county gaol, and hereafter will not do so. It will rest with the town and county to make proper provisions for such cases, as humanity will not suffer you to let them perish, and I am helpless to afford them the desired relief."

Mayor Denne remarked, that the Town was exceedingly liberal in the matter of charity.

The case of Evans, alluded to by Mr. Dumble was discussed, and Ald. Roger said that any case properly chargeable to the Town should be attended to.

No decisive action was taken in this respect, and no explanation was forthcoming as to why the two committees had not recommended the adoption of some charitable institution to meet the requirements. In the course of general comment, however, the County was accused of posing as philanthropists in contradistinction to the attitude of the Town.

Here is a Pointer

Because you haven't used Catarrhozone is the best reason why you should use it right away. It will cure the catarrh that makes your breath so heavy and your hearing so poor. Catarrhozone is a scientific cure for catarrh, bronchitis and asthma, recommended by doctors and druggists as a certain cure. Mr. Henry A. Taylor, the oldest druggist in Halifax, says, "Catarrhozone gives satisfaction wherever it goes. It is simple and convenient to use, and enjoys fully three times the sale of any other catarrh remedy sold in the city." Catarrhozone is guaranteed to cure, and if it fails you can have your money returned. Price $1.00 for two months' treatment. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

REVOLUTION THREATENS THE WHOLE SPANISH KINGDOM

Large Numbers of Anarchists and Revolutionists Arrested in Barcelona

ABOUT FORTY PERSONS HAVE BEEN KILLED.

Ordinary Necessaries of Life Failing and Distress is Increasing--- Disturbances Spreading to Other Cities

London, Feb. 21.—Advices received here direct from Bilbao, Valladolid, Corunna, Gijon, and other industrial centres of Spain show that the attitude of the miners and other workers is distinctly threatening. The crisis is as much revolutionary as industrial, and may imperil the dynasty. The greatest excitement prevails everywhere, and the general situation is extremely grave. The garrisons of Braganza, and Vittoria have been ordered to be in readiness to start for Saragossa at a moment's notice. All the railroads are guarded by troops. The civil administration of the whole Province of Saragossa has been taken over by the military authorities.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS.

Madrid, Feb. 21.—According to this morning's advices from Barcelona, the situation there is improving, though it is still threatening. An effort will be made to-day to resume ordinary avocations. The movement is not entirely a labor one, but is rendered serious owing to its revolutionary character. The most stringent measures have been prepared to protect traffic and business. The strikers have few rifles, but they were well supplied with revolvers and daggers. The search of suspected houses continues, resulting in the arrest of large numbers of anarchists and revolutionists of all kinds, who are considered to be the prime movers in the troubles. The cosmopolitan character of Barcelona makes it a resort for representatives of all the revolutionary elements in Europe, and the ranks of the malcontent workmen have been swelled by French and other foreign political agitators. The Republicans are busy among the troops, urging them not to use their arms against their own class in defence of plutocrats. The working people of Madrid favor the strikers. Martial law has been proclaimed at Tarragona. The strike is spreading in the Lobregat and Cardona valleys. There is a general cessation of work at Castellon de la Plana and Garve, and much excitement prevails at Bateau. Forces of gendarmerie have been despatched to those places. Delegates from the labor societies of Saragossa have visited the governor, and declared themselves opposed to the strikers.

KILLED THE RIOTERS.

Barcelona, Feb. 22.—Forty persons have been killed since the disturbances broke out here. The strikers to-day attacked the jail in an attempt to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops after a number of rioters had been killed or wounded. The ordinary necessaries of life are failing, and the distress is accumulating. The strikers are said to be receiving large sums of money from London. In the neighboring towns the disturbances are spreading and are increasing in gravity.

CONFLICTS ELSEWHERE.

Saragossa, Spain, Feb. 21.—A number of rioters attacked the Jesuit College here last night. The fathers fired on the mob, believing their assailants to be thieves.

SENSATION DENIED.

London, Feb. 21.—Despatches received here from Madrid and Barcelona, and from various frontier towns in close touch with the scenes of the disturbances in Spain, quite discredit the sensational despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, saying that a fierce battle had been fought between troops and rioters in a suburb of Barcelona, that the artillery raked street after street, and that five hundred persons were reported to have been killed or wounded on both sides. As a matter of fact, up to yesterday, the total number of persons killed throughout the disturbances was only forty.

THREE WOUNDED.

Valencia, Spain, Feb. 21.—In a conflict here yesterday between rioters and the police, three persons were wounded. Fourteen arrests were made.

Bilbao, Spain, Feb. 21.—A number of anarchists have arrived here with the object of inciting a strike. The Socialists have refused to co-operate in the movement.

Castellon de la Plana, Spain, Feb. 21.—The employees and their employers reached an understanding this afternoon, and the strike here is ended.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 22.—The Russian official view of the Anglo-Japanese treaty was given out to-day, as follows:

"We accept the news of the entente with the most complete equanimity, and are very happy to ascertain that England and Japan are pledged to maintain the integrity of China and the independence of Corea, two principles which Russia was the first to establish as the basis of her foreign policy in the Orient.

"Russia would willingly have subscribed to the agreements in the preamble. The English-Japanese say their convention has only essentially pacific aims. This makes it all the more astonishing when they speak of war and coalitions. What power they have in view we cannot say. But, in any case if peace is menaced in the extreme Orient, Russia, for her part, will not fail to take all the measures necessary to safeguard her interests."

Peterborough 10 Newmarket 4

The first game in the finals for the Intermediate O.H.A. championship was played last night at the Charlotte st. rink between Newmarket and Peterborough. The game was called for 8.15 sharp, but as the visitors were delayed in reaching town, the game did not start until 9.05.

The visitors were rather lighter than the home team, and are good skaters and stick handlers, but were not very well up in combination play, although at times they could get the right swing and make it warm for the Peterborough goal.

The teams lined up as follows:

Peterborough		Newmarket.
Wasson	Goal	Kennedy
Glover	Point	Brandrette
Armstrong	Cover	Kelly
Graham	Forwards	Branton
Armstrong		Flannigan
Morgan		O'Halloran
Whitcroft		Cameron

Referee—Mr. Schooley.

Mr. J. Ross Robertson, president of the O.H.A., was at the rink and placed the puck for the face off.

From start to finish, the game was very fast, the visitors holding the home team down in good shape during the first half. Very little rough play was indulged in, and consequently the fence was not decorated very often.

At half-time the score stood 3-1 in favor of Peterborough, and at the finish of the game was 10-4 in favor of the home team.

NOTES.

The work of the Peterborough forwards was excellent. They played a splendid combination game.

Harold Armstrong at cover point put up a good game. His long lifts were all very dangerous to the Newmarket goal.

Rolly Glover at point played an excellent game, as did also Ernie Wasson in goal.

On the Newmarket team, the goalkeeper Kennedy, played a splendid game, but was unable to stop the hailstorm of shots rained on his goal.

Brandrette, an old Peterborough boy, showed the training he got when here and put up a good game. In the first half, however, he had the misfortune to fall and hurt a knee that was injured some time ago, and was obliged to leave the ice for a few minutes, Roy Armstrong going off with him.

The decisions of Mr. Schooley, the referee, were satisfactory to all.

Mr. W. Buchanan, of Toronto, formerly of town, took in the match.

After the game, the visitors were entertained to a grand supper at McCallum's, which was put up in his usual first-class style. Among the visitors present at the supper were President Robertson of the O. H. A., and W. A. Buchanan, both of Toronto.

HEED THE WARNINGS OF DISEASE

Paine's Celery Compound

The Prompt Banisher of Every Ailment

BEGIN ITS USE TO-DAY TO-MORROW MAY BE TOO LAT

It should be borne in mind that diseases of the nervous system do not come without marked warnings. Your neuralgia, rheumatism, sleeplessness, liver and kidney troubles and dyspepsia are all strong appeals for a prompt increase of nourishment for the nerve centres and brain.

Paine's Celery Compound thoroughly nourishes these vital parts, and it is upon its marvellous power of nourishing all the nerve tissues and purifying the blood that its wonderful cures depend. No other medicine in the world possesses such power over obstinate cases of disease; when other medicines fail, Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well. Begin to-day with Paine's Celery Compound and you will avoid days and weeks of anxiety and suffering.

Mrs. M. J. Walsh, Gerrard street, Toronto, says, "I consider it a duty to tell what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. For ten years I was a sufferer from kidney disease, piles and heart trouble. I had tried everything that doctors could prescribe but never was relieved until I used Paine's Celery Compound. All pains have left me and I now sleep well—a blessing I had not enjoyed for years. No one should be without Paine's Celery Compound when they are weak and sick. If people would keep a bottle of the compound near them, we would hear of fewer deaths from heart disease."

While They Last

Only five little girls' sleighs—steel runners and beams, best make on market, while they last at $1.25; former price $2.25. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

AN EXCELLENT REPORT

Statement Presented at the Annual Meeting of the Sun Saving and Loan Co.

We congratulate the Managing Director and Board of Directors of the Sun Saving and Loan Company on the financial statement presented at the annual meeting, which took place at the head office, Toronto, on 17th instant. This company has a large and lucrative business throughout Eastern Ontario, and the report will therefore be read with a great interest and satisfaction. It is not necessary to reprint the figures in this column; suffice it to say they show the affairs of the company to be in safe hands, and the future exceedingly bright and hopeful.

In his remarks the President stated that the loans were made on the periodical repayment system, of interest and principal, and the very prompt payments made by borrowers, was proof that great care was being exercised in the section of loans. The securities held by the Company are of the safest character, on productive property, and in localities where values are increasing.

PRIZE SUGAR BEETS

The Calcutt Prize Awarded to the Three Highest Tests in the County

Some months ago Mr. H. Calcutt stated that he would give a prize of $25.00 to be divided between the three men who grew the best beets. Mr. Wm. Collins, Secretary of the Farmer's Institute has received from Prof. Shuttleworth, the analyist who tested the beets, a letter stating who are entitled to the prizes. They are as follows:—

1st, John Riddell, South Monaghan, test 17 per cent.

2nd, C. D. Moore Smith, test 16 per cent.

3rd, A. McGregor, Smith; Wm. Stewart and Joshua Smithson, Otonabee; test 15 per cent.

The letter also stated: "Owing to the fact that certain parties pulled their beets before the Inspector arrived, the beets could not be scored."

PRESENTATION TO MISS ROSE

Splendid Mark of Appreciation by Her Art Needle Work Class

The session of the art needlework class at the Beehive, which has been conducted for the past two weeks by Miss M. Rose, representing Belding Paul & Co., of Montreal, has just closed. The class was the largest of any which Miss Rose has had in the five seasons during which they have been held, and speaks highly of her methods of teaching. About 140 ladies of the town have taken the course of study this winter.

Yesterday afternoon, Miss Rose was genuinely surprised, when, in the presence of about 60 of the class, Mrs. T. Emmerson read the following address, while Miss Maud Breeze presented to her a beautiful gold brooch, formed of three crescents, and a wishbone set with pearls:

Miss Rose,—

The ladies who have been attending this class for art needlework, wish to thank you for the trouble you have taken with them. They also wish to bear testimony to your efficiency as a teacher in this branch of art.

Outside of your widely known talent for fancy needlework, your clear explanations and your patience in rectifying our mistakes, have made learning under you an easy and pleasant task. We feel that our time in attending these classes has been well spent and, thanks to you, we have learned as much as was possible during the limited time.

While again sincerely thanking you, we would wish you to accept this brooch, accompanied as it is by our best wishes for your future, as a memento of what has been to us a pleasant and profitable time.

(Signed by the class.)

That she fully appreciates this mark of thoughtfulness on the part of the ladies of her class, Miss Rose trusts they will all understand, though, under the circumstances, it was difficult for her to fully express those feelings. In the interests of art needlework, it is to be hoped this may not be the last of the classes which Miss Rose may conduct.

Out of the Shadow

The discouragement, the despair of ill-health, out into the noon-tide glory of health, vigor and strength. Are you seeking this way? Are you wishing to replace weakness by strength, despondency by hope and expectation, pale cheeks and lustreless eyes by the rose's bloom and sparkling eyes. If you but use Ferrozone, you will make rich, red blood, your nerves will grow strong. Old-time vigor will return and with it endurance that will enable you to live an active, energetic and successful life. Remember the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

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Every purchaser to the extent of twenty-five cents or over at Times Bookstore can have their choice of twenty-four pictures. Not more than one to each customer. TIMES BOOKSTORE, Market Block.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs: Fair and Milder.

THE SUN SAVINGS AND LOAN CO. OF ONTARIO.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Satisfactory Showing for the Year.

The annual meeting of this company was held at the head office, Toronto, Feb. 17th, with a large attendance of stockholders. Among those from outside the city were:—Messrs. Peter H. McKenzie, Lucknow; J. W. Henderson, Whitechurch; Alex. McDonald, Acton; W. E. Stimers, Trenton; Dr. Jackes and Mr. Robson, Eglinton; and the Rev. Dr. Murdoch, Simcoe.

The President, Whitford Vandusen, occupied the chair, opening the meeting by reading notice calling the same, after which he asked the Manager to read the Financial Statement, which Statement, after explanations and satisfactory comments by several stockholders present, was approved. From this statement the following interesting facts and figures are taken

Total Assets, December 31st, 1901	$[illegible],911 72
Loans on Mortgage	[illegible] 51
Value of real estate upon which above loans were made	[illegible] 00
Paid up stock	[illegible] 33
Gross earnings of the Company for the year	41,414 58
Carried to credit of maturing stock	14,000 00
Added to Reserve and Contingent Funds	[illegible] 64
New loans made during the year	116,378 46
Total Subscribed Capital	1,[illegible] 00

The President, in his remarks upon the statement, congratulated the stockholders upon what he termed the very excellent showing of the past year. He referred to the fact of the loans being made all on the periodical repayment system, of interest and principal, ad nto the fact of the very prompt payments made by borrowers, evidencing great care in the selection of loans. Our securities for moneys loaned being of the best and safest character, on productive property, and in localities where values are increasing.

He also referred to the taking over of the City and County Loan Association during the past year, which added materially to our growing business, the result being very satisfactory to this company, and also to the stockholders of the other company, as they were receiving now, with the stockholders of our own company, regular dividends of 6 per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly on their stock, many of them having increased their stock holdings since the amalgamation.

After the reading of the reports, remarks were made by several of the stockholders present, all expressing themselves well pleased with the past year's business, and confidence in the future of the Company, also their satisfaction with the investments they have made in the Company's stock, which brought them good dividends, with regular and prompt payments of the same.

The General Agents, Mr. George F. Davis, of Toronto, and A. Murdoch, M.A., LL.B., Simcoe, being present, were called upon, and referred at some length to their work through the country, and the growing confidence that was being shown by investors in the stock of companies of this kind. Also referred to the securities of properties on which loans had been taken, many of these properties having been personally inspected by them. Coming in contact with the public throughout the province, they expressed themselves as highly satisfied with the outlook for the coming year, and promised better results from their departments than ever before.

The Manager called attention to the fact that the Company was now offering Debentures, drawing from 4 per cent. to 5 per cent., according to term of Debentures. Debentures sold in sums of $100 and upwards to suit purchasers. Also that deposits were taken upon which interest is paid of from 4 per cent. to 4 1-2 per cent.

The election of Officers and Directors for the ensuing year resulted as follows:—Whitford Vandusen, Toronto, President; Ambrose Kent, J.P., Toronto, Vice-President; J. T. Gilmour, M.D., H. H. Dewart, K.C., H. Wilberforce Aikins, M.D., G. T. Bastedo, Esq., W. J. Fawcett, Banker, Brigden; and W. Pemberton Page, Manager and Secretary; Auditors, J. F. Lawson and J. L. Atkinson.

THE MOST POPULAR COLOR

DIAMOND DYE FAST BLACKS ARE THE BEST.

No color is so serviceable or so generally worn as black, and the Diamond Dye Fast Blacks have saved the women of this country thousands of dollars yearly by making handsome black dresses, wraps, capes and blouses from garments that otherwise would have been thrown away. No other black dyes equal the Diamond either in beauty or strength of color, and those who use the Diamond Dyes once can never be induced to buy other dyes. Please remember, that goods dyed with Diamond Dye Fast Blacks can be washed with soap without in the least changing the color.

Thousands of ladies are now making up pretty mats and rugs. They are buying the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns. These patterns are colored on heavy Scotch Hessian, and all ready for working. You can have sheets of designs sent by sending your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 22, 1902

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—The Prohibitionists have, I understand, secured a candidate, and one in every way fitted (if my information be correct) to carry their standard to battle. His record as a citizen is irreproachable, and his capabilities as a fighter and leader are undoubted. His view of the question, I believe, is that if the coming generation is not educated in the art of drinking whiskey it will grow up free from its baneful and pestilential influence. Of the present generation he has little hope. This view of the case has the merit of being reasonable, and I must confess that since the desire to drink ardent spirits is not a national one, the absence of the opportunity of cultivating it must work in favor of abstinence. With a youth unlearned in the pleasures of the bottle, temptations to break the law will not arise, and where, under the Crooks Act, a hundred would have known the taste of whiskey, under prohibition not more than five will be able to distinguish it. The opportunity of getting drunk and rolling about the streets in a frenzy of foolishness and impudence will disappear with the advent of such a law, and twenty years hence people will look back, pretty much as we look back to-day, and say, "What beasts these people must have been!" The improvement of the people of the townships where local option has been taken advantage of has been without parallel. I can remember the time when wayside inns were centres of debauchery and disturbance, and travelling at night was attended with difficulty and danger. It must be confessed that a sober is, after all, a happier people, and if partial prohibition is good perhaps total prohibition will be better. At any rate the present administration of the license law is ten times worse than prohibition can be. We shall await the future with some degree of uncertainty, since it will take strong leadership and determined men to set at defiance the tactics of politicians and of their satellites. If prohibition will do away with suicide by drink, the people are in favor of it. If it would likewise do away with the craving for government offices and subordinate governmental positions, which disturbs the equilibrium of our public affairs and threatens the integrity of our public life, we should vote for it both early and often. Even if it fail a change will effect an airing and is bound to do us good. Whoever it was that first thought of the cry, "Rum, Rum and Referendum," will rank in history with the great makers of party war cryo and shibboleths. Before this such things have proved fatal. That the possible failure of a prohibition law will demoralize the people, considering what influences at present are in the ascendant, is a little too thin for general consumption. "They who would speak of virtue must have practiced it," is an old and true proverb. The affectation of virtue displayed by a man who has climbed to prominence through the back door, deceives no one at any time. As for compensation, a wise man would have long ago have seen the signs arising, and have provided for what they signified. To ask for compensation now would be to put whiskey-sellers in a class by themselves. What other victims of the law get compensation or even commiseration? As a means of holding off prohibition, if it should carry at the polls, we know of nothing like it. Not four but forty years would see the end of the debate upon it, at the expiration of which time Ross and his cabinet will have gradually passed away, leaving their entanglements of their legislation to a new generation to unravel. "Who seeks to stand on two stools will fall to the ground."

If we are to judge by Father Murphy's now famous sermon delivered a fortnight or so ago in St. Peter's Cathedral, Catholics will support the prohibition movement. If all religious bodies declare themselves so unequivocally in its favor the Conservatives and the Liberals will have a holiday on election day.

VERITAS

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

This medicine is giving marvellous results to sick people all over Canada. The wonderful cures affected by Paine's Celery Compound during the past year speaks volumes in favor of the popular medicine. Thousands who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles and dyspepsia now sing the praises of the medicine that has given them such happy results. JOHN NUGENT, Druggist

MORE TROOPS AT COLON

Government Troops Now Expected to Attack the Insurgents

Colon, Feb. 21.— The political situation here is quiet. The garrison here was increased yesterday by 500 men from Savanilla. It is now expected that the Government forces will go to attack the insurgent stronghold.

It is reported that the insurgent steamer Padilla is aground near Punta Chame.

The commission to take over the steamer Pinto, recently purchased by the Colombian Government, is proceeding south.

There is a lively speculation in building lots here. The boom is caused by the expectation that the United States will purchase the Panama Canal.

The Government has issued orders fo the raising of the steamer Lautaro, which was sunk by the insurgents in the naval engagement in Panama Bay.

WE LOOK FOR YOUR TRADE

Serving the public with care, attention, honest goods and low prices, has given us a high position amongst druggists of Canada. We look for your trade, and will use every endeavor to make you a regular customer.

Our supplies of pure Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Preparations, Perfumes, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, etc., will interest you.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

We are fully prepared to fill your orders for this popular disease-banishing medicine. Knowing its powers and virtues, we strongly recommend it as a blood purifier, nerve bracer and flesh builder. Paine's Celery Compound is no new remedy. It has been tested and successfully used in all parts of Canada by tens of thousands, and has never failed. H. H. EDMISON, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

DOURO

A very pretty wedding took place at St. Joseph's Church, Douro, last Tuesday morning, when Miss Loretta Leahy, daughter of Mr. John P. Leahy, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Samuel G. O'Brien, one of Douro's most popular young men. Rev. Father Kelly, P.P., tied the nuptial knot. The bridesmaid was Miss Martha Leahy, sister of the bride, and the groom was supported by his cousin, W. J. O'Toole. The happy couple repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where a sumptuous dinner dinner was partaken of, after which the evening was spent in dancing and other amusements. The bride was the recipient of many useful and costly presents. Among them was a beautiful gold bracelet from the groom. The young couple will take up their residence in Otonabee, where their many friends will wish them a happy future.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Rich Gold Finds on African Coast

London, Feb. 21.—Reports multiply of the extraordinary value of the gold discoveries on the French Ivory Coast of Africa. The alluvial deposits have now been traced and a quartz reef, which has been opened, is eight feet wide and is yielding crushings of from two to eight ounces to the ton.

Jealous Rivals cannot turn back the tide. The demand for Dr. Agnew's Little Pills is a marvel. Cheap to buy, but diamonds in quality—banish nausea, coated tongue, water brash, pain after eating, sick headache, never gripe, operate pleasantly. 10 cents.—37

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

A Dubious Forecast

"What do you think the weather will be next month?" wrote a subscriber to the Boston editor of this g. f.j., and the editor replied, "I think it will be very much like your subscription." The subscriber happened to think of the word "unsettled," and sent in the amount next day.

Kidney Cry.—Pain in the back is the cry of the kidneys for help. To neglect the call is to deliver the body over to a disease cruel, ruthless, and finally life destroying. South American Kidney Cure has power akin to miraculous in helping the needy kidneys out of the mire of disease. It relieves in six hours.—38

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

How many mothers realize that when the baby's advent is expected they need strength for two instead of one. Women, weak, nervous, "just able to drag around," find themselves confronted with coming maternity. They have not strength enough for themselves, how can they have strength to give a child? We don't look for the birth of strong ideas from a weak mind. Why should we expect the birth of strong children from weak mothers?

The way to ensure health and strength to mother and child is to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a preparative for motherhood. It brings the mother's strength up to the requirements of nature, so that she has strength to give her child. It nourishes the nerves and so quiets them. It encourages a natural appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong and sick women well.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"I wish to let you know the great benefit my wife derived through taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mr. Robert Harden, of Brandon, Manitoba, Box 223. "It was when her baby came. We had heard so much of your medicine that my wife decided to try it (I may say my wife's age was thirty-three and this was her first child). She commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' five months before her child was born. We have a fine healthy girl, and we believe that this was mainly owing to the 'Favorite Prescription,' taken faithfully according to directions. We shall certainly recommend it wherever we can."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street wil have prompt attention.

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

imparts the tint of the lily and blush of the rose to the plainest face by feeding the skin and bringing out the natural, healthy bloom.

Not a Paint

but a skin food of matchless excellence, unrivalled for healing chaps and making the hands soft and white. Sold by most druggists. Mailed to any address on receipt of 25c. by

Hutchings Medicine Co Toronto.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY CLERK.— Apply in own handwriting, giving experience if any; also other qualifications, and amount of salary expected. Apply to the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterboro.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc. 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 494, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries," Stone & Wellington Toronto.

For Sale

A TWO HORSE POWER MOTOR 220 or a 440 volt direct current machine, in perfect order. Also, a combination Billiard and Pool table. A dead bargain. For full particulars apply to John Craig, Craig House. Lakefield.

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THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1, 00 shares in a well equipped working gold mine situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Mascot Investment Co, 14 & 16 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. [illegible] 2 stamps to Dr. [illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich

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This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

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Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

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A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

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Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

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They are finest and purest in the market.
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MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

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The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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I am happy to say that your medicines helped my trouble more than anything I ever took. REV. W. McGOUVERN.
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Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR DUNN.
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I have confidence in you as a doctor, for you helped me more than anyone else has, and I feel that you cured me. R. F. MARTIN.

The Latest Method Treatment Cures

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Chronic Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal troubles. Consultation Free. If you cannot call, write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. Book Free.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. [illegible] information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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FEY, [illegible] Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. See A. FEY [illegible] Park place.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

Not long ago a Western Kansas politician was asked by his wife to lay aside politics long enough one day to dig the potatoes in the garden. He consented, and, after digging for a few minutes, went into the house and said he had found a coin. He washed it off, and it proved to be a silver quarter. He put it in his jeans and went back to work. Presently he went to the house again and said he had found another coin. He washed the dirt off of it, and this time it was a silver half-dollar. He put it in his jeans. "I have worked pretty hard," said he to his wife; "I guess I'll take a short nap." When he awoke, he found that his wife had dug all the rest of the potatoes. But she found no coins. It then dawned upon her that she had been "worked."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

Smoking-Cars For Women.

SMOKING seems to be growing in favor among the fair sex, especially on the Continent. So apparent has this become of late that the railroad authorities of Belgium have been seriously considering the advisability of introducing cars in which only women shall be allowed to travel. What has particularly served to bring the matter before the officials' notice is an incident that happened a few weeks since, when a young woman entered one of the carriages on the Southern Railroad reserved for ladies, and in a few minutes after the train had started from Brussels lit a cigarette and began to smoke it. Whereupon the other women in the compartment became very indignant, threatening to complain to the guard as soon as the train stopped. "I am in a carriage reserved for ladies," observed the smoker, blandly, "and I am not aware of any law which prohibits ladies from smoking." When the train stopped, the guard was informed of the proceedings, but was loath to interfere, and the result was that when the woman smoker arrived at her destination, she consulted a lawyer, who has now by an action in court raised the interesting question: Should railroad companies be compelled to provide separate smoking cars for women who wish to smoke while they are traveling? Some of the companies, however, appear to have taken time by the forelock, for it is understood that arrangements have already been made on some of the Belgian railroads to provide smoking compartments exclusively for women addicted to the use of tobacco.

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At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

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Greeley's Editorial When Lincoln Died.

THE following very remarkable story is told in "James Russell Lowell and His Friends," by Edward Everett Hale. He is writing of Sidney H. Gay, then managing editor of the New York "Tribune:"

"I have never seen in print Gay's story of that fearful night when Lincoln was killed. But one hears it freely repeated in conversation, and I see no reason why it should not be printed now.

"With the news of the murder of Lincoln, there came to New York every other terrible message. The office of the 'Tribune,' of course, received echoes of all the despatches which showed the alarm at Washington. There were orders for the arrest of this man, there were suspicions of the loyalty of that man. No one knew what the morrow might bring.

"In the midst of the anxiety of such hours, to Mr. Gay, the acting editor of that paper, there entered the foreman of the typesetting-room. He brought with him the proof of Mr. Greeley's leading article, as he had left it before leaving the city for the day. It was a brutal, bitter, sarcastic, personal attack on President Lincoln—the man who, when Gay read the article, was dying in Washington.

"Gay read the article, and asked the foreman if he had any private place where he could lock up the type, to which no one but himself had access. The foreman said he had. Gay bade him tie up the type, lock the galley with this article in his cupboard, and tell no one what he had told him. Of course no such article appeared in the 'Tribune' the next morning.

"But when Gay arrived the next day at the office, he was met with the news that 'the old man' wanted him, and the intimation that 'the old man' was very angry. Gay waited upon Greeley.

"'Are you there, Mr. Gay? I have been looking for you. They tell me you ordered my leader out of this morning's paper. Is it your paper or mine? I should like to know if I cannot print what I choose in my own newspaper!' This in a great rage.

"'The paper is yours, Mr. Greeley. The article is in type upstairs, and you can use it when you choose. Only this, Mr. Greeley: I know New York, and I hope and believe, before God, that there is so much virtue in New York that, if I had let the article go into this morning's paper, there would not be one brick upon another in the "Tribune" office now. Certainly, I should be sorry if there were.'

"Mr. Greeley was cowed. He said not a word, nor ever alluded to the subject again. I suppose the type is locked up in the cupboard of the 'Tribune' office at this hour.

"It was by this sort of service that Mr. Gay earned Mr. Wilson's praise that 'he kept Mr. Greeley up to the war.'"

A Boom Town.

Bridgewater, Ontario, once a boom town of note, was brought into existence by one of the strangest gold finds and crazes in the history of this continent. Nearly thirty years ago a farmer's wife was searching the woods near their farm for a sow that had strayed, and, becoming thirsty, stopped to get a drink from a spring. Slipping, she fell upon a small, loose rock, which rolled to her feet, and which proved to be a twenty-pound nugget of almost pure gold. Bridgewater at that time was nearly forty miles from the nearest railroad, and the present site of the town was nothing but a wilderness, but inside of six months what had been a burned-over, barren wilderness was converted into a substantial city of nearly five thousand people.

In digging a shaft about a mile south of the town site, an immense quarry of the purest white marble was found, and the town was practically built of marble, for it has to-day the only hotel, church school, court house, and private dwellings constructed entirely of white marble in the world, and a mile north of the town are an abandoned axe factory and grist mill, whose foundations are built of the same beautiful material. And now comes the strangest part of the story. During the building of the town thousands of men prospected the entire country, and shafts and tunnels were driven—some of them nearly one hundred feet deep—but, strange as it may seem, there was never enough gold found to pay the cost of a single shaft or tunnel sunk or run in the entire district.

A Sensible Bishop.

The Italian Bishop of Fano, reports "La Science pour Tous," has sent out to the priests of his diocese the following circular:

"1. In all churches, immediately after feast days on which there have been very large congregations, the floors must be disinfected by means of wood sawdust soaked in one-tenth per cent. solution of corrosive sublimate. On ordinary days they must be frequently swept, after sprinkling them with water so as to raise no dust.

"2. Every week, and even oftener, the pews and confessionals must be cleaned with sponges and cloths moistened with pure water.

"3. Every week, and oftener if necessary, the grills of the confessionals are to be washed and polished.

"4. The holy water receptacles must be emptied every week, or oftener if necessary, and washed with hot water or a solution of corrosive sublimate."

The same journal comments as follows:

"That the provisions of the circular may be carried out, the bishop has instituted a service of inspection, and requires the payment of fines into the diocesan treasury for transgression of any of these hygienic rules. It is to be desired that the Bishop of Fano's example should be imitated by church authorities in other countries."

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "How to Lie When Sleeping." The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are awaited with interest.—Nebraska City "Conservative."

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

One of Napoleon's Boasts.

WE who know the last as well as the first of Napoleon, who have read about Moscow, Leipzig, Elba, Waterloo and St. Helena as studiously as about the campaigns in Italy, and Marengo, Jena and Austerlitz, cannot fully comprehend with what reverence some of his apophthegms were received by the French when he was still unbeaten and apparently unbeatable. One of his boasts was that he was not governed by circumstances; that he made circumstances and was superior to them. When someone hinted that destiny might compass his defeat he replied that destiny would not dare. Even Victor Hugo, half a century after Waterloo, was blinded by the light of Napoleon's genius, and treated him as a Titan, fit to contend, though vainly, with high heaven. It was not Wellington, not Blucher who defeated Napoleon, says Hugo in his beautiful rhapsody on Waterloo; it was God. Napoleon, he declares, with blasphemous brilliancy, embarrassed God. "Waterloo was a change of front on the part of the universe"—the quotation is from memory—"in the new series of facts there was no room for Napoleon. Therefore a second-class commander won a first-class battle."

A good many believe with Napoleon that genius rises above circumstances. Napoleon's boastful epigram has been declared a rule of faith by successful men, who scout the idea of village Hampdens and mute, inglorious Miltons. But the epigram is nothing but a boast. It is not true. We are held fast in the vise of circumstances and are not completely masters of our fate. Luck enters into every game, even the game of life. No man can arrange the cards in the game with destiny, for destiny always deals. It may rain some day when the best laid plans call for sunshine, and the plans may be pulverized. At Austerlitz, which was fought at dawn, Napoleon said: "We have a rendezvous with the sun and both parties are on time." The Sun of Austerlitz became a superstition in the Grand Army.

But at Waterloo there was another rendezvous with the sun and the sun was tardy. Waterloo is the convincing answer to Napoleon's boast and to the precept that great men are superior to circumstances. Hugo points out that accidents defeated Napoleon. His plan, as experts admit, was a masterpiece. But he reckoned without luck. The battle was to have commenced at dawn, but rain fell the previous night, and the ground became too muddy for the manoeuvres of artillery. Napoleon therefore delayed the assault nearly six hours, until the ground became firmer. That delay gave Blucher time to come up when he was needed and to turn the tide of the fray. The rainfall defeated Napoleon and drove him to St. Helena. A peasant guide led Blucher aright, and he chanced to debouch on the field from the point and at the moment where and when he was supremely effective. Another peasant guide led Grouchy astray and he did not arrive. Had it not rained before the battle, had Blucher had a bad guide and Grouchy a good one, history might have been different. Napoleon was conquered by circumstances.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

A Damaging Defence.

Mark Twain, says "Life," has got support from an unexpected quarter in his efforts to demonstrate the impropriety of some things done by missionaries in China. In the "Forum" a missionary named Gilbert Reid has defended looting by missionaries with so much candor and jauntiness, and has so gloried in such looting as he did himself, as not to leave the critics of the looting missionaries much to do to prove their case. Anyone who was sorry for the American missionaries in China, because our Brother Mark found fault with some things that some of them did, will be doubly sorry for them when he reads their defence by the Rev. Gilbert Reid. They may have justly incurred Mark's strictures, but they never deserved the Rev. Reid's defence.

Annexing New Languages.

In the new editions of the dictionaries many thousands of new words are announced. The English-speaking nations are the growing nations, comments an exchange, and the English language is the expanding language; it is annexing everything useful from every other language of the world. The difference between the comparatively modest volume which Noah Webster got out and the ponderous unabridged work of to-day, representing the toil and the knowledge and the research of hundreds of the ablest scholars of the world, shows the marvelous development. One interesting feature of this expansion is the gradual elimination of italicising. Not many years ago it was the custom to put any word that had a foreign look about it in italics; now we use this as our own as coolly as we vote a naturalized immigrant in a close primary. The effect is rather curious. It has discouraged the use of foreign phrases, and the ambitious one who wants to display his smattering of French in an English article finds his importations supplanted by home products. The editor makes the change, unless there are special reasons why it should not be done. The gain to the average reader, who dislikes to stumble against such affectation without knowing what the strange words mean, is great. So marked, indeed, has been this change that the typesetting machines, by which the newspapers of the world are now set up, have no italic letters, except where they are especially required.

* * *

A cheap-Jack butcher brought his cart to a standstill in Petticoat Lane. A miserable old woman eyed closely the heap of bones and gristle which was referred to by the butcher as joints and steaks. She was evidently very poor indeed, as she hesitated to pay threepence for a scaleful of "selected bits." "'Ere, 'ave 'em for tuppence," growled the butcher. "Too much," said the woman. "'Ave 'em at a penny." Still the woman hesitated. There was a look of pity, mixed with disgust, on his face as he yelled: "Still too much? 'Ere, 'ang it! I'll turn me back while you sneak 'em!"—London "Spare Moments."

* * *

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

In an after-dinner speech at the London Savage Club recently on the purity of the English tongue, Winston Churchill remarked: "I have written five books, the same number as Moses—but I will not press the comparison."

Charles II. once granted an audience to the courtly Quaker, William Penn, who, as was his custom, entered the royal presence with his hat on. The humorous sovereign quietly laid aside his own, which occasioned Penn's enquiry: "Friend Charles, why dost thou remove thy hat?" "It is the custom," he replied, "in this place for one person only to remain covered."

Eben Jones, the crabbed millionaire lumberman of Minnesota, hired all his mill-hands himself. One day a Swede applied to the irritable old man, and secured a place on the saws. As he was leaving he said: "Mester Yones, in dess yob you geef me doaller and hallef a day. Besides dat, do you eat me or do I eat myself?" "Oh, eat yourself!" replied the old man. "I have dyspepsia."

Phil May, the noted English cartoonist, went into an oyster saloon in the East End of London one day and ordered a dozen natives, when another man entered and gave a similar order, enquiring anxiously of the proprietor if the oysters were fresh. "Fresh!" echoed the bivalve merchant. "Fresh! Why"—indicating Mr. May with a wave of his hand—"the first oyster that gentleman took up bit his lip!"

An Irishman who was charged with stealing a watch from a fellow-citizen, stoutly denied the impeachment in court, and brought a counter accusation against his accuser for assault and battery committed with a frying-pan. "Why did you allow the prosecutor, who is a smaller man than yourself, to assault you without resistance?" asked the judge; "had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself with?" "Bedad, your honor," said Pat, "I had his watch, but what was that against a frying-pan?"

The "Scotsman" tells of a Dublin man who insisted that a Scotch friend should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar. "Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your house for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

One of the eccentricities of that most penurious of pedagogues, Dr. Barrett, was that he hardly ever appeared outside the walls of Trinity College, conducting his modest menage there with the help of a decrepit old housekeeper, who attended to all his wants, even to daily fetching from a nearby dairy the half-pennyworth of milk needed in the establishment. When one frosty morning, Mary, going on this errand, slipped and broke her leg, the worthy doctor for the first time in years left the college to pay her a visit in the hospital. On reaching her cot, it is related that his sympathetic greeting was: "Hello, Mary; so you broke your leg; I suppose you broke the jug, too, but where is the half-penny?"

Mr. Justice Mathew of England is a man of such mild and kindly exterior, with such gentle voice and manner, that almost invariably he gives the impression of being a simple country gentleman rather than a profound lawyer. This was evidently the idea of a professional seller of painted birds, who some years ago met him in the neighborhood of the law courts, and, exhibiting one of his birds, asked him if he could tell to what species it belonged. The judge stopped, examined the bird with great care, pretended to admire the gaudy plumage, examined it again, and then remarked: "I do not think I have ever seen a bird exactly like this, but, judging from the old proverb that 'Birds of a feather flock together,' I should say it was a jailbird."

Far Reaching Influence.

"OLD-FASHIONED Indian stories, the dime novels of years back which were within the reach of all the boys, were an important factor in building up the great West," said a typical Westerner. "These novels used to circulate in a neighborhood till they had been read by every boy and had fallen to pieces through handling. They fired the ambition of the youngsters, set them to practising shooting and riding, and sent many of them to the West in search of adventures. Some soon returned to their homes, others became bad men and were killed in time, but the great mass of them, too proud to return home, created the vigorous, widewake population of our Western States. I have talked to hundreds of our Western pioneers about the causes which brought them west, and a majority of them admit that dime novels had more to do with it than anything else."

A Heretic.

"The man is a driveling idiot," said the trust magnate.

"A plumb fool," agreed the coal baron.

"An unmitigated lunatic," asserted the steel king.

"Crazy as a March hare," asseverated the great financier.

"A hopeless imbecile," asserted the power in Wall street.

"Absolutely and utterly devoid of sense," chimed in the senator.

"As brainless as a barrel," added the corporation lawyer.

"But what has he done?" asked the ordinary citizen.

The crowd was convulsed with laughter.

"Why, he says," they replied, choking and gurgling, "he actually says that money isn't everything!"—"Smart Set."

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Coigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jamie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really hold an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them—or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me: therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without laziness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients, but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, say two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

* * *

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Brown Topics."

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Editor Morning Times

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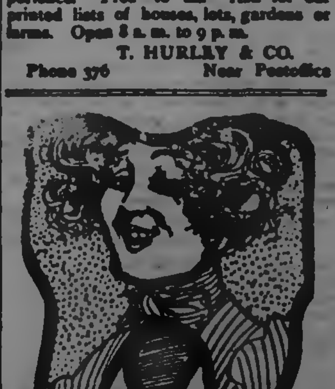

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is greatly relieved by use of the
Long Distance Telephone
You reach your customer in a few seconds and....
MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents. all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

WATCH

—THE—

CashBargainGrocery

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 2?0 • 3?? George St.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 22 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—Cheap reading at The Times Bookstore; two magazines for five cents.

—A school-bag awaits an owner at the police station.

—We want a messenger boy at The Times Bookstore.

—The sun is getting very strong. Spring time will soon be here.

—Live hogs are a good price on the market at present.

—Hay has been a very good price for the past few weeks and by all appearances will remain high.

—The labor strike at the Cereal Works was amicably settled, and the men returned to work yesterday.

—The sound of the axe is heard on the streets, removing ice from the sidewalks.

—The Canadian Pacific had seven ploughs and a rotary and two hundred extra men on duty in Ontario clearing the lines of snow during the recent big storms.

—The Times has to thank Mr. Carson LeBrun, of New York, for copies of New York papers. Carson's many friends in town will be pleased to know that he is well and doing well.

—The Times was presented with a very handsome diary by Mr. T. E. Bradburn, local representative of the Home Insurance Company, of New York.

—The citizens of Belleville are very hopeful of securing the Canadian branch of the Deering Harvester Works. Mr. Harry Corby has stated that he will put $50,000 into the business if it goes to Belleville.

—Whitan makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 16? Hunter street, west.

—Mr. J. A. Culverwell, of the Burleigh Falls Power Co., passed through Peterborough en route to Burleigh Falls. Mr. Culverwell was accompanied by the surveyors, who have in hand the outlining of the Company's property on Perry's Creek.

Another Canadian Dead

Word has been received that Mr. Herbert Chubb, who for a number of years lived with his cousin, Mr. B. C. Gale, in Douro, died at Naauwpoort, S. A. on Jan. 11th. Deceased was a member of the South African Constabulary.

Mr. Carnegie's New Title

The "Honorable Andrew" is the title which his fellow-members are now applying to Mr. J. H. Carnegie, M.P.P. for East Victoria, and son of our esteemed townsman, Mr. John Carnegie. A few days ago he received from Ingersoll a letter addressed to "The Hon. Andrew Carnegie, M.P.P. for East Victoria, Parliament Buildings, Toronto." The letter came from a lady in Ingersoll who asked "the Hon. Andrew" for $10,000 to build houses on Carnegie street in the town named. She had, she said, read of the vast amounts "the hon." was giving away for libraries, charities, etc., and thought he could not do better than advance her the sum named. His generosity would not only give the lady delight and a source of income from the rent of the houses, but would keep her husband from drink. Just how a gift of $10,000 would quench the thirst of the lady's husband was not clear. The letter caused much amusement as it was passed from hand to hand in the House.

SEEKING SEPARATION

Mrs. Edwin Jury, of Douro, Taking Action Against Her Husband

Mrs. Edwin E. Jury, of Douro, is taking proceedings in the County Police Court against her husband, with whom she says she cannot live, and will ask for a separation allowance.

Mr. Jury took action against another party some time ago for alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mrs. K. G. Each is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Miss Martha Jordan, of town, is visiting friends in Norwood.

—Miss Pearl Schooley, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. R. H. Leary.

—Mr. Lou Knowles, formerly of Peterborough, was in town yesterday renewing old acquaintances.

—Rev. W. L. Armitage has recovered from his recent illness and is able to be out again.

—Miss Thompson, of Toronto, who has been the guest of Miss Laura Davidson, returned to her home on Wednesday.

—Miss Pauline Ottaway, graduate of Western Hospital, Toronto, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Adjutant Moore, town.

—Mrs. J. J. B. Ormond, of Ottawa, who for the past week has been the guest of Mrs. J. R. Stratton, returns to her home to-day.

—Mrs. G. I. Rossel left for Smithville yesterday afternoon to visit her parents, and to be present at the celebration of her father's 80th birthday.

—Mr. W. H. Walkey, principal of the North Ward school, is confined to his house through illness.

—Mrs. Chas. Hall, of Toronto, and Miss Maude Grant, of Hamilton, are the guests of Mrs. E. A. Langfeldt, at St. Luke's Rectory.

—Mr. D. Hughes-Charles, the new manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, is expected to arrive in town to-day.

—Lakefield News: Mrs. Tate drove up from Peterborough yesterday to visit her friends and relatives. We are pleased to learn that she and Mrs. Rolleston intend soon to again take up their residence in Lakefield.

—Mr. James Overend, of Minette, Manitoba, is visiting his brother, Mr. Wm. Overend, Simcoe street. He left Peterborough about twenty years ago and has been very successful since he went west.

—The Times had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. D. J. Davine, the genial special agent of the Manufacturers Life Assurance Co., Toronto, who is down on business connected with that popular institution.

Sure Cure for Sea Sickness, Nausea

Maladies of this type yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from these complaints just keep Nerviline at hand. A few drops in sweetened water gives instant relief, and in the course of half an hour the cure is complete. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline in he house will save doctor bills, and a vast amount of suffering every year.

FIRE YESTERDAY

Occurred in the Boiler Room at the Central School at Noon

About 1.20 yesterday the fire brigade were called to the Central School from which place an alarm of fire had been sent in. On arrival it was found the fire was in the boiler room, and the cause is a mystery. A coat which was hanging on the wall was first ignited and then the fire caught in a partition. The blaze was in a good way to cause a lot of trouble when it was discovered.

The damage done was very slight, as the fire was extinguished before the brigade arrived.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA

Fred Morrison of the S. A. C. Writes a Friend in Town.

Trooper, Fred Morrison, a Peterborough boy who is serving in South Africa with the South African Constabulary has written a letter to a friend in town. Extracts from the letter are as follows.

KRINISEMENTFONTEIN
Jan. 6, 1902.

I may be home some time next summer, after the Coronation in June, that is providing I can possibly get away from here. There are so many trying to buy out for the purpose of going to the Coronation that it may be my lot to have to stay here for 6 months or a year longer, but if I stay it won't be my fault.

We are not killed with work as just now we do two hours work in the twenty four. Sometimes I have two horses but at present I have only one, and a good one too, as I am out on one of our posts with eight other men. I am supposed to go for a ride every day but am I am the only man at the post that has a horse, the others do the riding for me when it comes their turn. They also look after the horse when they want to use it, whenever I can get out of work I always do. When we are near the officers our work is much harder, we have six hours work then, instead of two.

The month of December is like June at home, so you can judge how warm it is here, it is warmer than I ever felt I in Canada.

With best respects to all, I remain
Yours &c,
FRED MORRISON,
S. A. C.

FRESH AND STRONG

Food That Sends One Along

"I found a food at last that I could work on and that would keep me fresh and strong. I have been a school teacher for eleven years, and every year toward the last have felt more or less worn out, and have been bothered particularly with my stomach and serious constipation.

Last year I used Grape-Nuts regularly at both morning and evening meals and the result was really wonderful. I have been entirely cured of the troubles spoken of and don't know what it is to take a dose of physic any more. The old nervousness and sleeplessness have gone. No more do I lie awake nights until my brain is in a whirl. Now I sleep all night long like a healthy child.

I was the only teacher out of fourteen, in our public school, who did not miss a day on account of sickness during the last session. I have been able to do more hard studying than ever before, and took up the teachers' state reading work, completed the course and passed a successful examination at the last institute.

Grape-Nuts in my case has proved the truth of the assertion that it is a brain and nerve builder. I would especially recommend it for tired, over-worked school teachers, or any other brain worker." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

It is far wiser to build up health and strength naturally with food than to crutch along on some kind of medicine and let the disease finally do its work.

THE PAINTERS' UNION

Scale of Wages Drawn Up at Their Last Meeting

An important meeting of Peterborough Union of the American Federation of Paper Hangers and Painters was held on Thursday night. A large number were present. The following scale of wages was drawn up:—$2.00 per day for nine hours work, $1.50 per day for apprentices, and only one for each shop.

A committee composed of the following members was appointed to wait on the contractors of the town to make known their terms, Messrs. R. Hawley, J. H. Heslip, James and S. Redding.

What Fifteen Cents Will Buy To Strengthen Body and Brain

Fifteen cents will buy a package of Malt Breakfast Food. The contents of one package will make from twenty-five to thirty meals for one person; cost per meal, from one-half to three-fifths of a cent.

Each morning dish of Malt Breakfast Food will nourish you with more true nutriment for body and brain than you could derive from ten cents' worth of beefsteak or lamb chops, and you will go out to the day's duties with better digestive vigor than after a meat diet.

In the past it has been conclusively proven that one package of Malt Breakfast Food costing fifteen cents will build up more solid flesh, muscle and tissue for man or woman than any other food product costing one dollar. Malt Breakfast Food is therefore the diet for all classes of our people. While it builds up the weak, it also keeps the well and strong in perfect health. Malt Breakfast Food at all grocers.

Y. W. C. A. Cooking Classes

The Intermediate class including invalid cookery, opens Tuesday, Feb. 25th at 3 p.m., meeting every Tuesday and Thursday afternoon of each week. Junior classes open Saturday, Feb. 22nd, at 1 a.m. Meeting Wednesday at 4.05 p.m. and Saturday morning at 10 a.m. Terms Intermediate class, $3.00; Junior class $1.50. Members $1.00 reduction in each, for term of 10 lessons. Register now.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

"One Foot in the Grave."—If the thousands of people who rush to so worthy a remedy as South American Nervine as a last resort would get it as a first resort, how much misery and suffering would be spared. If you have any nerve disorder you needn't suffer a minute longer. A thousand testimonies to prove it.—56

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advert

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have any thing for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS

Catarrh Remedies and Doctors Failed—Pe-ru-na Cured.

MR. A. E. KIDD.

ELGIN, ILL.—In a very recent communication from this place comes the news that Mr. Arthur Ernest Kidd, a well-known architect of that city, has made complete recovery from catarrh of the head from which he had suffered for nearly a quarter of a century. He writes from 18 Hamilton ave.:

"I am 42 years of age, and have had catarrh of the head for over half of my life, as a result of scarlet fever, followed by typhoid fever. I got so bad that I was almost constantly coughing and clearing my throat. The catarrh greatly impaired my eyesight, and the hearing in one ear, and reduced my weight to 110 pounds.

"I tried nearly every catarrh remedy advertised, besides a great many different physicians' treatments, all of which failed.

"I had heard and read of Peruna, and finally decided to try it two months ago. I have now taken seven bottles, and weigh 172 pounds. Never felt happier or merrier. Feel tip top."—A. E. KIDD.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada.

"The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores, and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., U. S. A.

[18]

"Sprightly"

only mildly describes birds fed and cared for by directions on "COTTAMS" Seed. When you've been careless, and "Dick" is suffering, write: you don't understand him. Enclose stamp, reply will come by return mail.

NOTICE of [illegible] "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON," [illegible] Contents [illegible] under 6 patents, [illegible] Bird Bread [illegible] Perch Holder [illegible] Seed [illegible]. With 1 lb. pkts. COTTAM SEED [illegible]. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, [illegible] pages, illustrated, price 25c. [illegible] of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty [illegible] will be sent post paid for 25c.

More Houses For Sale

$1,800	for 7 room house and good stable near Post Office. (150)
$1,200	for 7 roomed brick near St. Paul's church. (37)
$1,000	for 1½ story brick, 6 rooms, central to work shops. (60)
$1,050	for 2 story brick, 7 rooms, near George street church.
$500	for frame cottage near Cordage Works. (176)

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity, no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Personal and Otherwise

YOUNG WIDOW OWNING HER OWN home and independent income, would assist husband in business. Would marry soon Cora E. R., box 83, St. Louis, Mo.

INDEPENDENTLY WEALTHY YOUNG lady would assist kind husband in business venture; would marry soon. Address C, Box 8??, St. Louis, Mo.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars Eagle Supply Co., 59 Dearborn st., Chicago

THE PROVINCIAL CONVENTION.

To be Held in Toronto on Tuesday of Next Week

A provincial prohibition convention will be held in Toronto next Tuesday to discuss the Prohibition Bill.

It is expected that quite a number will attend the convention from this district, and the railways are giving a [illegible] fare rate.

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

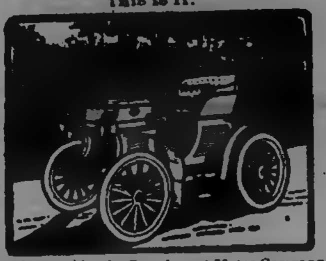
MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.



Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know .

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

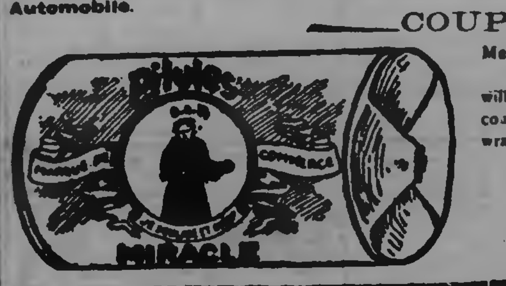
Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON



Messrs. R. Côte & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name ....

Address..

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PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS Roadbed Equipment Scenery

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12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

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One-Way

EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FAST AND DIRECT SERVICE

—FROM A—

COLD TO A WARM CLIMATE

—VIA THE—

Great International Route

And its through connections.

ELEGANT AND SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT

Dining, Cafe Parlor Cars, and Pullman Sleepers on through trains.

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Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

CAPITAL - - - -	$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND - -	290,000

Head Office and Safe Deposit Vaults Southeast Corner Yonge and Colborne Streets.

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Under the approval of the Ontario Government the Corporation is accepted by the High Court of Justice as a Trusts Company, and from its organization has been employed by the High Court of Justice for the investment of Court Funds.

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Solicitors placing business with the Corporation are retained in the professional care thereof.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS of the Corporation provide an absolutely secure but inexpensive depository for TITLE DEEDS, JEWELRY CASH BOXES, PLATE CHESTS and VALUABLES of every description; FIREPROOF SAFES of various sizes are immovably fixed in the FIREPROOF and BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS.

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 23 NO. 46 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY FEBRUARY 24 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITAIN, RUSSIA, JAPAN TO CONTROL THE WORLD

It Looks as If This is to be the Next Great Combination of World Powers

LESSONS LEARNED FROM THE BOER WAR

England no Longer Fears an Invasion of India by Way of Afghanistan by Russia

London, Feb. 24—Now that Great Britain has made a formal treaty with Japan, it remains to secure another partner among the great powers to assure a dominant influence. But which of the Powers? Not Germany, to all present appearances; for on that side the interests involved seem far more irreconcilable than on any other. It is a common saying that England has not a friend among the nations of Europe. This can at the present time be said as regards Germany with especial truth. There is what is called the Anglo-German agreement as Chinese affairs, by which Germany was allowed a free hand in the seizure of Shantung with the port of Kiachau, and to participate in the trade of the Yangtse within the British sphere of influence. But this is futile. All the time the old policy of Prince Bismarck to keep on good terms with Russia under all circumstances remains paramount at Berlin. He made a secret treaty with Russia after the formation of the Triple Alliance. The public avowal by Count Bulow of the Yangtse agreement was preceded by a secret intimation to Russia that this agreement was not meant to interfere with Russian policy in the far east. The object was to persuade Russia that England was her enemy and Germany her friend.

What if the treaty with Japan should prove to be the prelude to a similar British compact with Russia? Under the strain of present European conditions a rapprochement in that quarter does not seem improbable. The Vienna despatch this morning is on purely academic lines, that militant Muscovites will revenge themselves by stirring up Afghanistan, while the Russian Government will lie low hoping that Japan will eventually unite with China to drive out foreigners. The defect in this theory is that Japan has for forty years been striving after western ideals in her whole civilization.

Britain's sudden resolve to abandon Wei-Hai-Wei, the port in the Pechili Gulf, which her fleet occupied as an offset to the Russian occupation of Port Arthur, nearly opposite, points at least to a modified apprehension. Instead of being fortified as a naval base that port is resigned to civil control. The scene of most strenuous international contention seems to have been transferred from Northern China to the Persian Gulf, where Germany, under the friendship of the Sultan of Turkey, is building railways from Asia Minor to the sea. Germany turned a blind eye to the Armenian massacres to gain the Sultan's favor, and forward schemes to acquire and open up the vast fertile and rich mineral regions there which have lain for ages fallow. Britain's war ships are there to prevent the Sultan from coercing the coast tribes for this purpose. And also in obedience to the old-standing dread, on the part of the Indian Government of Russian menace England is urged to maintain the neutrality of the chief gulf harbor of Koweit in order to keep the way open to her Indian possessions in case of invasion. But she is not looking for the acquisition of more territory.

But the dread of a Russian conquest of India is gradually passing away. This ambition was distinctly repudiated by the late Czar Alexander so long ago as 1877. He said that in the first place it was "an impossibility," and he gave the most solemn pledge that he entertained neither the wish nor the intention "to menace the interests of England, either with regard to Constantinople, or Egypt or India. With regard to India, His Majesty not only considers it impossible to do so, but an act of folly if practicable." After the war broke out, the Czar frankly said that he attached the greatest importance to the maintenance of good relations between the two countries. "He will make every effort to that end, but the English Cabinet, on their side, must do the same."

The experience of the Boer war must have largely moderated the fears of British Russophobes. If an army of 30,000 farmers, reduced by war to less than 10,000, can go on successfully engaging a trained army of 250,000 men, and defying the resources of the greatest empire in the world, what hope for a Russian army of invasion, wandering among the mountains, which are the natural ramparts of India, defended by martial tribes with the whole people of India behind them? If it was "impossible" in 1877, how absurd in this era of smokeless powder and improved long range weapons!

It is a plain conclusion that from Germany is the greatest menace. That country is busy in the creation of a vast navy. The secret of much of the hatred toward England lies in the feeling that England, by her command of the sea, is an obstacle to German expansion everywhere. While that supremacy lasts Germany cannot fulfil her imagined destiny as a world power. She feels herself cooped up with 56,000,000 of people, who are educated more than any other nation in those doctrines which seek a new heaven and a new earth in one, while they live. Industrial troubles have begun to loom up, and industrial troubles there are for this reason more dangerous than they are elsewhere. In France and Russia, the army conscripts remain very much under religious influence. In Germany this has lost its hold over the masses. Should these new doctrines continue to thrive as in past years, inoculating the army as well as gaining control of the legislative power of the Empire, a catastrophe might follow some severe period of industrial or agricultural distress, which would remodel existing institutions. The ambition of Germany is to strike out into new fields of enterprise, but wherever she goes she finds the land occupied by England and the English flag flying in every port. It makes the German angry to find the world so limited in proportion to her people's needs, and Britain athwart every path. To snatch from England the sceptre of the sea, is the aim to which Germany has surrendered herself, and to attain which she is ready to ally with Russia and France, one or both combined, awaiting the hour to strike. If Britain has at length awakened to the situation, and is preparing to shake hands with Russia to the end of dispersing the lesser of the clouds menacing her future, if the position of "splendid isolation" is found to be fraught with more responsibilities and dangers than "entangling" friendly alliances, we might regard a formal friendly engagement with Russia as by no means improbable.

EIGHTEEN PERSONS DEAD, OVER FIFTY INJURED.

Terrible Result of a Fire Which Started in a New York Regimental Armory--Spread to a Neighboring Hotel

New York, Feb. 22.—Eighteen persons lost their lives, and fifty or more were injured, in a fire which was communicated early to-day from the 71st Regiment N.Y.N.G. Armory to the Park Avenue Hotel. The armory was destroyed, entailing a loss estimated at $650,000. In the hotel the damage was principally in the tiers of rooms surrounding the elevator shafts. The loss to the hotel building is estimated at $100,000.

Shortly before 1 o'clock the fire was discovered bursting from the roof of the 71st Regiment armory, Park avenue and 34th street. The flames had gained tremendous headway, and by the time the firemen arrived on the scene it was impossible to do anything toward saving the magnificent building. Several times flames were communicated to the car barns of the Metropolitan Street Railway, but these were quickly extinguished. The heat of the burning armory became more and more intense, and shortly after 2 o'clock flames were discovered running along the windows and woodwork of the fifth floor, at the northeast corner of the Park Avenue Hotel, diagonally across the street from the armory. This was entirely unexpected, and the police up to that time had bent their efforts toward the inmates of adjacent houses on the cross streets. Frightened occupants of the hotel soon appeared at every window, and many were rescued by the firemen, who ran the ladders up in quick order. In some unexplained manner fire got into the basement of the elevator shaft, and ate its way upward to the roof. Most of the damage to the hotel was done in rooms surrounding the elevator shaft.

AMMUNITION EXPLODED.

In the headquarters of the Fifth Brigade in the 34th street and Park avenue quarter of the armory a large quantity of ammunition, both blank and ball cartridges, was stored. These cartridges soon began to explode and added to the intense excitement. Shortly after these explosions had ceased the wall of the 33rd street side fell inward. This crash was followed by the explosion of about one thousand pounds of powder, said to have been stored in the basement of the armory. The detonation was terrific but firemen had been warned of the danger, and none of them were injured.

Ambulances were called from every hospital in the district, and the firemen turned their entire attention to the hotel. A line of hose was quickly rushed up to the third floor, while scores of guests were taken from the windows by other firemen on the outside. The firemen inside found that the hotel was rapidly filling with smoke, and the firemen for a time dropped their hose and hurried through every portion of the building, in search of guests who might have been overcome by smoke. Their search was rewarded, for nearly on every floor and the hallways scores of persons were found, who had been overcome in their efforts to reach the open air.

Hospital records show that twenty-six persons were taken to the New York and Bellevue institutions. Nearly double that number were injured in their panic-stricken endeavors to escape, and were given medical aid on the spot. Of the scores taken from the windows of the third fourth and fifth floors, many were slightly burned and were hysterical from shock.

Of the dead five were women. Death in one instance was caused by burns or suffocation, with one exception. One man jumped from the fifth storey window to the inner court. His skull was crushed and death was instantaneous.

THRILLING SCENES.

When the fire started in the armory scores of guests in the Park Avenue were awakened by the clang of the engines and crowded to the hotel windows. It was about 45 minutes after the flames were discovered in the armory before they spread to the hotel, but, in spite of this, many of the guests were in their rooms, dressed in their night clothes, and some of them were in bed. The firemen, as soon as they learned that the hotel was in danger, decided to devote all of their efforts to the rescue of its occupants. Men and women appeared at the windows of the Park Avenue side of the hotel, and called for help. Mrs. Charlotte Bennett and her husband, Harold, of Alabama, stood on a ledge on the fifty floor, just over the portico over the main entrance to the hotel. Mrs. Bennett was terror stricken and screamed again and again for some one to rescue her. Her husband grasped her, and from the crowd of thousands gathered in the streets, there were shouts, warning them not to jump. When it was seen that she was determined to jump, the firemen gathered in a circle and stretched out their arms.

With a final desperate effort, Mrs. Bennett wrenched herself free from her husband's grasp, and with a piercing scream flung herself into the arms of the waiting firemen, five stories below. When she jumped from the ledge on which she and her husband had stood, the flames were licking out the window behind her, and around her form. The inside of the room was all in flames. Mrs. Bennett struck in the arms of the firemen. Her weight caused them to sag, and the woman struck the pavement. She was terribly burned about the body. She was carried into the hotel by a firemen, and was later taken to Bellevue hospital, where she died.

Her husband, when Mrs. Bennett jumped, fell back into the room. He was not seen afterwards, and it is believed that he was burned or suffocated to death.

TORONTO MAN INJURED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 24.—A special despatch includes the name of Harry L. Bennett of Toronto, among the list of injured in the Park Avenue Hotel fire.

A POPULAR PAPER

A Few Samples of How This Great Family Journal is Regarded

Mr. Grey, the well known physician, says that The Times is very popular in his household, the members of which all want it first. The Dr. intimates that he may be obliged to subscribe for several copies.

Dr. Bingham, the efficient Medical Health officer, says he would rather miss his breakfast anytime than not get his morning paper. The Times gives him an appetite and equips him for the day with a knowledge of current events both foreign and domestic.

Mr. Ed. Brown reads his Times in bed. This does not indicate that Ed. is a late riser. For as a matter of fact he is not, but shows that The Times is out bright and early.

Mr. Harry LeBrun is another who greatly enjoys his morning paper, and makes no bones about telling people that this g.f.j. is usually up before he is.

Commodore Calcutt also bears testimony to the fact that The Times is Peterborough's popular paper.

In the surrounding villages, where The Times has hundreds of readers, the same opinion exists. Mr. Geo D. Hilleard, Lakefield, says The Times is the popular daily of that village. Mr. Thornton bears the same testimony regarding Omemee, while Dr. Ford, Norwood; T. McIntyre, Keene; R. F. Choate, Warsaw; Wm. O'Brien, Douro; James Baptie, Springville, all sing the praises of this g.f.j.

We are now engaged in making a house to house canvas for subscribers in town, and hope to place the paper in almost every home. We appreciate the kind words that is everywhere being said for the paper, and hope to continue merit the regard of our readers.

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Not an uncommon expression, but quite true of many people whose hearing can be perfectly restored by inhaling Catarrhozone. It quickly relieves and cures all kinds of catarrh, catarrhal deafness, and diseases of the respiratory organs. Don't give up hope till you have tested Catarrhozone. It has restored lost hearing to thousands, and can do the same for you. Catarrhozone is a vegetable antiseptic, pleasant and convenient to use, absolutely sure to quickly benefit and ultimately cure. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size 25c. at druggists or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

PETERBOROUGH ON TOP OF THE HEAP

The Work of Parliament Now Clearly Outlined

MORE CANADIAN HONORS

Canada to Come in For a Share of the Coronation Honors in June

The Duration of the Session—Private Legislation Likely to be Introduced—Peterborough Regarded in the Capital as a Live Town

Special to The Times

Ottawa, Feb. 24—The Times' correspondent had a chat a few days ago with Minister Tait regarding the outlook of session, and was informed that the session would not be a lengthy one. The reason for this is not hard to find. In the first place, the Government has not much to offer in the way of new or important legislation. No Redistribution Bill will be brought down this year; indeed, it is said, that the Government will "postpone the evil day" as long as possible, and that no Redistribution Bill will be brought down before 1904, possibly, not until 1905, as the Ministers are in no hurry to put the result of the census in force and deprive Ontario of six seats. In the second place, it is extremely doubtful whether there will be any changes in the tariff. Mr. Fielding has received deputations asking for increases on the duties on woollens, cottons, and other articles the Canadian manufacturers of which are being ruined by the competition of German manufactures brought in under the so-called "Preferential" tariff, and Mr. Fielding has urbanely assured the deputations that their representations were "very important," and that they should receive "careful consideration," and there the matter is likely to rest. The woollen men need not look for any relief from Mr. Fielding, for they will get none. In the third place, Sir Wilfrid and several of his colleagues, want to go to the coronation of King Edward VII in June; and, as many members of Parliament, on both sides of the House intend being present at some of the functions, although not in any official capacity, it is likely that an effort will be made to rush the session through in three months or less, so that everyone who wants to go to England for the coronation may be able to do so.

Peterborough's Stock Going Up.

That Peterborough is becoming known abroad is apparent. Your correspondent happened to be sitting in the House of Commons reading room, and was one of a small audience who heard a western Senator expatiate on the advantages of Peterborough as a manufacturing centre. Peterborough, he said, was destined to become one of the most important cities in the Dominion. "Why," said he, as he waxed eloquent, "the town is already a long away in advance of many of the cities of the country. It has many valuable industries, and several others in course of construction, besides being in a fair way to secure, in the near future, another concern that will add 5,000 to its population. It has three good newspapers, the brightest of which is the Times, which is printed every morning in time for all outgoing trains." Our friend then went on to discuss the lift lock, and concluded that Peterborough was the safest town on the continent to invest money in, as its future was assured.

Rumors About Honors.

Apropos of the coronation, a rumor is floating about Ottawa that there will be a very general distribution of honors in connection with the coronation ceremonies; and that Canada will come in for her full share—and, perhaps, a little over. Amongst those who are freely mentioned as being slated for what the Liberal party leaders, while in Opposition, and the Toronto Globe and other Grit papers, used to designate as "tin pot titles," are, Hon. F. W. Borden, Minister of Militia and Defence, for his services in connection with the Canadian contingents for South Africa; Hon. Wm. Mulock, Postmaster-General, for his "two cent postage within the Empire" scheme; Hon. Mr. Sifton, for his more or less valuable services in connection with immigration; and last, but not least, Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario, for his long and staunch advocacy of the cause of Imperial Federation. This gives force to the rumor about the postponement of the Ontario elections until September; for "Geordie" is too canny a Scot to take any chances which can be avoided; and he knows that while the "Premier" of the Greatest Province of the Greatest Colony of the Greatest Empire, will stand a first-class chance of knighthood, if there is anything like a general distribution of honors, the "Ex-" Premier would stand no chance at all. So, it will not be surprising if the Ontario Government finds that it cannot possibly appeal to the country until after the coronation.

Private Legislation.

The private legislation promises to be not only larger than usual, but, a portion of it at least will be of very great interest. Notice has been given of 100 bills, of which 18 are for railway charters, 29 for miscellaneous private bills, including mining, insurance and other financial and industrial enterprises, and 12 for amendments to existing charters. These latter include the Bell Telephone Co., the Georgian Bay Canal and the St. Clair and Erie Ship Canal. There are also 11 applications for divorce, 6 of which are from Ontario, 3 from Quebec, 1 from the North West and 1 from British Columbia.

Canada Atlantic Railway.

The conflicting stories which have been given currency to by the Ottawa and New York papers, during the past two weeks, as to the purchase of the Canada Atlantic Railway by Dr. Stewart Webb, representing the Vanderbilt interest, have caused much comment here. Dr. Webb who spent a few days in Ottawa, informed a group of newspaper men, on the eve of his departure from the city, that he had "purchased" the road, and since his return to New York it has been announced, presumably on his authority, that "the money has been paid over," and the transfer of a controlling interest in the stock of the company made. On the other hand, Mr. C. Jackson Booth, son of Mr. J. R. Booth and President of the Canada Atlantic, denies that any money has been paid over, or that his father has parted with his control of the road. He says that the Canada Atlantic has has never been offered for sale, and that he is not at all anxious to sell it; but that Dr. Webb has made an offer to buy the road and a price has been named, and Dr. Webb has been given a certain time to decide whether or not he will pay the price asked, which is said to be somewhere in the neighborhood of $20,000,000 for about 500 miles of road. So the matter rests at present.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

St. Petersburg, Feb. 24.—The latest news received here from Yalta, Crimea, is to the effect that Count Tolstoi is at the point of death.

SITUATION IN BARCELONA.

Barcelona, Feb. 22.—Although there was some resuscitation of ordinary life in this city yesterday, it was largely artificial. A few public establishments re-opened under the compulsion of the authorities, but practically, no business was transacted. The street cars ceased running at eight in the evening, and the newspapers were unable to appear, the compositors refusing to work. There were some isolated affrays, and attempts to sack bakeries, during which five persons were wounded. It was reported to-day that a number of workmen were caught in the act of preparing bombs.

QUARRELLED WITH RIVAL.

Berlin, Feb. 22.—What is styled here "an American duel" occurred at Lemberg recently, causing a great sensation. Carl Mrzyglod, a school teacher, first swallowed arsenic, then while writhing in pain, seized a razor and gashed his throat, after that he shot himself twice with a revolver and finally hanged himself by a contrivance previously fixed on a door. He had had a quarrel with his rival for the affections of a Polish girl and they had drawn lots to determine which should kill himself.

RECORD HERRING FISHERY.

London, Feb. 22.—Some remarkable figures are disclosed in the returns of the herring fishery in the Channel and North Sea during the season just ended. It has been a record year for the fleets from Boulogne, Fecamp and Dieppe, the catches reaching the total of over £350,000, the average for each French boat employed being £2,285.

Aberdeen has had a record fishing for the year just closed. The total weight of white fish is given at 1,140,000 cwt., valued at £720,000, all landed by trawlers. Almost the entire catch was sent to English towns, from which the demand is constantly increasing. About fifty new trawlers have been built during the year.

SHORT ROUTE TO MAINLAND.

Victoria, Feb. 24. — Gradually but rapidly the proposed system of the Victoria Terminal Railway Company, which is to provide a short route to the mainland, is being perfected. By the 1st of March trains will be running into the market building, and passengers leaving the heart of the city for points along the road and between here and Nanaimo.

Work is to be immediately commenced on the construction of a new slip at Liverpool, so that as soon as a ferry boat can be placed on the route between the island and mainland there will be no delay about the transportation of freight.

HONEYMOON IN SNOWDRIFT.

New York, Feb. 24.— The first hours of married life for Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Rutherford have not been full of joy. They announced that they would take one route for the honeymoon, but, instead of that, switched on their friends, and went to Tranquility Farms, the country estate of the Rutherfords. The coachman met them at the station, but in driving to the Farms got stuck in a snowdrift, and in endeavoring to get by pitched the bride and groom upon the cold, crust snow. Mrs. Rutherford is the daughter of Levi P. Morton.

NEW IDEA OF TAXES

Tuskagee, Ala., Feb. 24. —George Foster Peabody, the New York millionaire and philanthropist, is a leading figure at the negro conference in session here. Many reforms, were suggested and resolutions passed. Among the questions discussed was the teaching of agriculture in the public schools. It was decided that the prompt and willing payment of all taxes were the foundation of the growth of the negro race.

Belleville, Feb. 22. — A party from the city last evening, while en route to a wedding which took place in Ameliasburg township, had an experience which they have no desire to have repeated. They left the city in the early part of the evening, being in the new street car bus recently procured by Mr. Asselstine. In the conveyance was a coal oil stove used for heating.

The route taken was across the bay, and when near the Ameliasburg shore the bus was accidentally upset by the east side sinking deep into a snow bank, thus upsetting the stove and spilling the oil. In an instant the oil from the stove became ignited and the fire thus kindled spread rapidly.

Mr. Dickens, who was seated near the stove fell among the burning oil and his clothing caught fire, but he managed to put the fire out before sustaining much injury. His moustache and hair were slightly singed.

The other occupants of the conveyance made hasty exits and by the time they were out the rig was enveloped in flames, and in a few minutes was burned up, with the exception of the robes.

The most serious part of the affair was that some valises containing clothing were burned. Miss Queena Watson lost a white silk dress; Mr. Osborne a new dress suit; Mrs. Dickens some furs, and others also had valuable apparel destroyed.

The bus burned had been in use but a short time and was valued at about $300.

164 BOERS CAPTURED BY COLONEL PARKS.

Surprised by a Mounted Force of Scouts and 164 Prisoners Were Taken

DISSATISFACTION AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS.

Company Refused to be Scattered Among Imperial Troops in South Africa--Jealousy of British

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Friday, Feb. 21, says Colonel Park, with three hundred mounted national scouts, recently surprised a Boer force at Nooitgacht, Transvaal Colony, and captured 164 prisoners, together with a quantity of munitions of war, and a number of horses and waggons. There were no British casualties. The prisoners include Field Cornets Joubert and Dejater and Lieut. Wiljeon.

DISSATISFACTION AMONG CANADIANS

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—For some time past inklings of dissatisfaction being rife among the Canadian troops in South Africa have reached British Columbia, but heretofore no direct statement of affairs has escaped the eagle eye of the censor. The appended communication has been received from a Canadian, who prior to enlistment in the first contingent of Canadian Mounted Rifles was prominent in newspaper circles in this province.

Writing from Krugersdorp, under date of November 28, 1901, this correspondent says—

"It is currently reported that the Canadian troops in the Transvaal are to be disbanded and apportioned in small batches among the regiments of Imperial troops stationed at various points throughout the country.

"No. 17 Troop from British Columbia, under Capt. C. C. Bennett, formerly of Vancouver, is the first to fall. The men of that troop have already received notification that it will be disbanded at once, Capt. Bennett being relieved of his command.

"The men have refused to be scattered among the Imperial troops throughout the country, and interesting developments are expected.

"The cause of the trouble is the alleged incompetence of the captain in command, or at least that is the reason given at headquarters. The men will, however, be the sufferers, as their action in refusing to be drafted among the Imperial troops is considered mutinous.

"In some quarters, however, it is said Capt. Bennett's trouble is due to his being too severe a disciplinarian, while others allege the frequency of complaints regarding his financial obligations.

"The military authorities have broken faith with the Canadians in several instances; it was promised that the Canadians were to be kept together and officered by Canadian men; faith in the matter of pay has been broken, and also regarding the purchase of discharges, the latter privilege having been refused the Canadians.

MEN WILL REGRET.

"It is to be regretted that six hundred more Canadians are to be recruited, as the men will certainly regret having enlisted when too late for remedial action.

"The first and second Canadian contingents and the Strathcona Horse did such brilliant work here that the jealousy of the British officers was aroused. The result is that the Canadian contingents in South Africa are getting the worst of the deal in every instance.

"It is rumoured that Colonel Steele has tendered his resignation to take effect unless he is put in charge of the Canadians. Up to the present time not a single Canadian troop has been placed in his division, although it was promised and generally understood that the Canadians were to serve under his command.

"The feeling among the Canadian troops here is running high and the results may be serious."

mended to the attention of journalistic pro-Boers on the "other side." They might even reproduce it in their papers, if they possess the honesty or courage, two qualities that a few of them sadly lack. This extract is not taken from the Saturday Review or The London Times, or any presumably hostile critics of the UnitedStates and its methods, but is written by the special correspondent of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, and printed in the columns of that journal. Read this:

"The present war is no bloodless fake, opera bouffe engagement; our men have been relentless, have killed to exterminate men women, children, prisoners and captives, active insurgents and suspected people, from lads of ten up, and idea prevailing that the Filipino, as such, was little better than a dog, a noisome reptile in some instances, whose best disposition was the rubbish heap. Our soldiers have pumped salt water into men to 'make them talk,' have taken prisoners people who held up their hands and peacefully surrendered, and an hour later, without an atom of evidence to show that they were even insurrectors, stood them on a bridge and shot them down one by one to drop into the water below, and float down, as examples to those who found their bullet-loaded corpses. It is not civilized warfare, but we are not dealing with a civilized people. The only thing they know and fear is force, violence and brutality, and we give it to them. The new military plan of settling the trouble by setting them at each other is one that looks promising. We have now sent a thousand Maccabbees to Samar 'to avenge the treacherous murder of Company C, of the 9th infantry. They are hereditary enemies of the Ladrones, and go forth to the slaughter gaily."

A LICENSE ON CLERGYMEN

Louisville, Feb. 24. — Captain W. T. Norton, a clubman of Louisville, says that ministers are trying to "butt into politics," and proposes that they shall pay a $5 license fee. The clubman further claims that they have been advancing unwise theories.

CRONJE AND THE WAR

How the Surrender of the Army Relieved Ladysmith

London, Feb. 24—It has been a matter of contention as to whether the defeat and capture of Cronje by Lord Roberts was not really responsible for Buller's ultimate success on the Tugela and for the relief of Ladysmith. A military journal in England is publishing a translation of the diary of a Russian officer who was with the Boers, and the last instalment published describes the panic which ensued among the Boer army in Natal when the news of the surrender of old Cronje reached them. This officer, in describing the hasty withdrawal from around Ladysmith which followed, says:

"This flight from an impregnable position was not caused by the appearance or victory of the English, but by the startling news that the forces of Roberts had broken into the Free State, and that General Cronje, the lion of the Transvaal and the hope and stay of both republics, had been guilty of treason. With the quickness of lightning this news flew round the Free State commandoes. They quitted their rifle pits, collected their horses and carts and started on the road home to defend their farms and their wives and children. It was in vain that Botha pleaded and argued with them."

KRUGER AGENT IN AMERICA

Dr. Muller Said to Have Arrived—Came Long Ago, Says Mr. Pruyn.

New York, Feb. 24—A passenger by the American liner St. Paul, which arrived yesterday, registered as "W. F. Oastberg. It is said aboard the ship that Oastberg was really Dr. Muller, formerly Consul of the Orange Free State in Holland. A news agency despatch from Brussels, printed in the Sun, says that Dr. Muller had been travelling under an assumed name, and that he was taking a letter from Mr. Kruger to President Roosevelt. The despatch said also that Dr. Muller would endeavor to "secure the prohibition by America of the exportation of articles regarded by the Boers as contraband of war and also try to secure from the United States Government a statement of its opinion on the war in South Africa."

According to the reporters at Quarantine a passenger by the St. Paul who had known Dr. Muller well in Europe, pointed out Oastberg as Muller.

J. V. L. Pruyn, one of the principal Boer sympathisers in this city, said last night he was positive that Dr. Muller had been in this city a month.

A PRESENTATION

Harmony Lodge I. O. G. T. Present an Address and Chair to Mr. and Mrs. Walter

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dredge, No. 7, Walton street, was the scene of a pretty and interesting surprise party on Friday evening, when a number of the members of Harmony Lodge I.O.G.T. casually called to see them and after a short time spent in social intercourse presented the following address accompanied by a handsome oak rocking chair to Mr. and Mrs. Dredge.

The address was read as follows:

To Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dredge,—

Dear Brother and Sister:

We feel we cannot let this opportunity pass, without in some way showing our respect for you as we honored brother and sister in our lodge. As you are now starting out together we trust that your future life may be blessed where ever you may be. We hope that He who is ruler over all may guide you and bring us all to the place where there is no parting.

We ask you to accept this chair as a remembrance and we hope your thoughts may go back to the many pleasant evenings we have spent and hope still to spend together.

Again wishing you a long, prosperous and happy wedded life.

Signed on behalf of Harmony Lodge.

The reading of the address and the presentation came as a very great surprise and after a few moments, Mr. Dredge thanked those assembled for their kind wishes and kindly remembrance of them.

A very pleasant time was afterwards spent by those assembled.

The Anaemic Young Girl

Perhaps she is sixteen. Suddenly she seems to lose strength, her beauty fades because her strength fails, her eyes lose their lustre. How her spirits droop! It alarms you, but all this may be corrected quickly. Get her Ferrozone, it is a nerve tonic, it aids the stomach to do its work. Appetite? She'll eat anything, and digest it too. Ferrozone is an absolute specific for the anaemia of young people. Ask your druggist for it.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 24, 1902

A Spider's Genius

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web to the top of a decaying peach tree with so few leaves that it was in plain view. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will as long as the receptacles within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—"Waverley Magazine."

When the late President of the United States and party went west not many months before he was shot, Mrs. McKinley, it will be remembered, went too. While talking one day with Mr. Scott, the man who built the battleship "Oregon," relates a writer in the Boston "Journal," Mrs. McKinley said: "Oh, do you play cribbage, Mr. Scott?" "Yes," was the great shipbuilder's answer. "Well, so do I," said Mrs. McKinley. "I wish you would play a game with me." "I should be delighted to do so," was the reply. Later, as President McKinley and Mr. Scott were looking over the latter's big plant, Mrs. McKinley not being present, the President said: "Oh, by the way, Mr. Scott, didn't I hear you and Mrs. McKinley arranging to play cribbage some time?" "Yes," said Mr. Scott, "we are going to play." "Well, what kind of a player are you?" asked the President. "Oh, pretty fair, I guess; I play a pretty good game." "Well, so do I," said Mr. McKinley. "But, do you know, it may seem strange, but it is a fact, that I have never been able to play well enough to beat Mrs. McKinley." As he said this he looked at Mr. Scott with a significant smile. Their eyes met. It was enough. Mr. Scott understood, and it was safe to say that he did not beat Mrs. McKinley.

Heraldry of the Indians.

PEOPLE in general have been content to look upon the Indian's adornment of his head with eagle feathers and his face with paint as marks of personal decoration inspired by vanity and a savage taste, different only in degree from what is sometimes witnessed among highly-civilized peoples. But the fact is that, in preference to the latter custom, for instance, every paint mark on an Indian's face has a sort of heraldic meaning, implying not only the honors won by the brave in person, but representing also the claims of his family and race to distinction. In other words, what is shown among more cultured communities by coats of arms, orders and decorations is depicted by the Indian on his face by means of pigments.

Scientists are now engaged, among other novel investigations concerning the North American Indian, in compiling a record of the armorial, or rather facial, bearings of certain celebrated chiefs, and it is said to be fascinating work. One renowned warrior, for instance, will have his lip painted a copper red. This is found to indicate that his tribe was once in possession of huge mines of copper. Another individual will have his forehead adorned with a painting of a certain fish, thus implying that he or his people are renowned for prowess in catching fish. The same distinguished person sometimes wears a disk of pearl in addition to his paint mask. This, by its shimmering radiance and its form, implies that he is descended from the moon, in the sense that the goddess of night is one of his ancestors.

The fact that the Indian has no conception of perspective seriously handicaps the success of his efforts at pictorial art. Indeed, the Indian limner merely aims to show the most characteristic portion of the object he attempts to depict, unless he be a man of great attainment, in which case he divides or dissects the subject of his picture and represents the whole by its parts, the latter being arranged entirely irrespective of the natural sequence.

The features of the Indian are sometimes incorporated into the representation of the animal which forms his heraldic bearing. Should the beaver, for example, be the object to be depicted, it is not attempted to design the whole form of the animal, but only its distinctive and typical parts, as for instance, its peculiar tail, which is painted in criss-cross lines extending from the chin to the nose, as though standing upright. The chin itself does service as the beaver's body.

The arbitrary methods of the Indian artist render it difficult, if not impossible, for any but an expert to interpret the meanings of the pictorial representations. Thus an animal's ears are invariably depicted above the eyes on the human subject, the ears of the beaver being just above the eyebrows. On the cheeks are painted the paws in a position as though they were raised to the mouth in the manner conventional in Indian carvings.

The dogfish painted in red on the face designates the members of an entire tribe. On the foreheads of the members of this tribe is painted the long, thin snout; the gills are represented by two curved lines below the eyes, while the tail is shown as cut in two and hanging from each nostril. Only one or two parts of an animal painted on an Indian's face indicates that he is of inferior position; the entire symbol, no matter in what form presented, is significant of lofty station and high honors.

The facial heraldry of the Indian may be said to be unique, not alone in the method of representation employed, but in the subjects selected. These latter include fish, flesh and fowl of all descriptions—dog salmon, devilfish, starfish, woodpeckers, ravens, eagles, bears, wolves, frogs, are comprised in the armorial gallery.

Every object represented has its own particular significance, and one of the most peculiar phases of face painting relates to the employment of forms other than animal—tools, implements of the chase or of war, denoting the occupation of the individual or his tribe.—Washington "Times."

A Lawyer's Wit.

The New York "Commercial Advertiser" says that not long before his death, Henry W. Paine, one of the most brilliant American lawyers of his generation, became interested, as a matter of charity, in a case in which a lad of some fifteen years was charged with arson. Paine defended the boy and offered conclusive evidence that he was, to all practical purposes, an idiot and totally irresponsible. Nevertheless, the jury, after listening to a charge from the court, which was virtually an order for acquittal, brought in a verdict of guilty.

The presiding judge then addressed Paine.

"You will move for a new trial, I presume, Mr. Paine?"

Paine rose with an air that was painful in its solemnity.

"I thank your honor for your suggestion," he said, "but I am oppressed with the gravest doubts as to whether I have the right to move for a new trial in this case. Your honor, I have already asked for and have received for my idiot client the most precious heritage of our English and American common law—a trial by a jury of his peers."

The judge then ordered the verdict to be set aside.

An Unfortunate Inquiry.

A New York man, who has written a book, was telling about it the other day to a friend who had once done him a service. "By the way," said the author, "I would be delighted to give you a copy of my work if you care for it." "I should be more than pleased to have it," was the reply; "especially if you will write your name in it." "All right There is a bookstore around the corner. If you will accompany me we will go get it." In the bookstore the author, pushing his chest out very far, asked for the novel that he had written. "Yes, sir," the clerk said. "We have it around here somewhere, I believe, but you are the first one who has ever asked for a copy, and it may take me some time to find it. Wouldn't something else do just as well? We have a great many better books at the same price."

Dr. Varnadoe, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flower-pit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely: "I do not understand, Dr. Varnadoe, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, [illegible]," he retorted, "you see, this was only a [illegible]."

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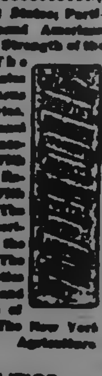

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An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it Twain."

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Life is Too Short!

An evening contemporary has been informing its readers that they can use the same calendars every twenty years —when the dates of the months fall on the same days of the week—thereby avoiding the expense of five almanacs for the present century. But here is something even better than that. Those persons who have the double advantage of ancient family and careful forefathers, by turning up the calendars — unfortunately, they are not printed ones—for the twelfth century, by Solomon Jarchus, will find the days and dates coincident with the present century. Such persons can save the expense of buying for one hundred years. Again, those with a frugal mind who have preserved the almanacs of the nineteenth century will avoid an outlay for calendars of the century commencing January 1, 2201, as the dates for the hundred years following will be coincident with those of the last century. But life, remarks the London "Chronicle," is scarcely long enough for such economies.

Tommy's Poser.

A lady was recently reading to her young son the story of a little fellow whose father was taken ill and died, after which he set himself diligently to work to assist in supporting himself and his mother. When she had finished the story, she said:

"Now, Tommy, if pa were to die, wouldn't you work to keep mamma?"

"Why, no," said the little chap, not relishing the idea of work. "What for? Ain't we got a good house to live in?"

"Oh, yes, my dear," said the mother, "but we can't eat the house, you know."

"Well, ain't we got plenty of things in the pantry?" continued the young hopeful.

"Certainly, dear," replied the mother, "but they would not last long, and what then?"

"Well, ma," said the young incorrigible, after thinking a moment, "ain't there enough to last till you get another husband?"

Ma gave it up.

Not long ago a tourist in New Orleans went to see the statue of Andrew Jackson in that city, on the pedestal of which is inscribed, "United We Stand; Divided We Fall." Seeing an old colored man standing by, he asked, "Uncle, did that inscription stay there all during the Civil War?" "No, sah," responded the old uncle, "hit didn't stay dar endurin' de wah. In de fust place, dem letters was standin' out laik dey was plastered on. Den de wah bust loose, and de Confed'rate gin'ral down yere, he tuk a chisel and cut dem letters off smooth. Den ol' Gin'ral Butler, he come erlong wid his Union sojers, an' he tuk a chisel an' cut dem in deep, laik dey is now. An', Lordy, how de folks down yere did sw'ar when ol' Gin'ral Butler brush de dus' off'n his clothes an' git up frum his wu'k an' say, 'I'se a-gwine to hang de fus' Johnny Reb what cuts dem letters off agin'.'"

The Origin of Whist.

THE following statement, culled from the current number of a magazine, is an egregious blunder:

"The originator of the game of whist is (sic) Edmond Hoyle (1672-1769)." Cotton writing in 1674 tells us that Whist was so well known at that time that "every Child almost of Eight Years old, hath a Competent Knowledge of the recreation." Hoyle was then not two years of age. But we must go a great deal farther back for the origin of the game, which is indeed lost in the obscurity of the centuries. Previous to 1526 the game of Triumph (whence trump), which embraced the essential features of Whist, had considerable vogue in England. It furnished Bishop Latimer with an illustration for a sermon preached at Christmas, 1529. Shakespeare's familiarity with the game is evident from Antony's address to Eros ("Antony and Cleopatra," Act IV., Scene XIV.)

The game acquired the name of Whist, or Whisk, in the forepart of the seventeenth century. Butler uses the present appellation in Hudibras (1663).

About 1728 a little circle of players, presided over by the then Lord Folkestone, was wont to meet in the Crown Coffee House. This was the inception of scientific Whist. Hoyle was probably a member of the coterie in question.

The publication of his treatise (1742-3) and his efforts as a professional teacher did much to establish the game in the favor of the upper classes of English society.

"What do yo[illegible] think of th[illegible] movement for shorter ho[illegible]" I asked my fellow-traveler, an experienced gentleman from Chicago. "That's right," he declared, without a pause. "Short honeymoons and more of them. That's my platform."—Ex.

Curious Bit of News.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, whose studies of the eyes of mammals have recently been published, calls attention to the fact that men and monkeys alone possess parallel and convergent vision of the two eyes. On the other hand, the lower mammals possess divergent and consequently very widely extended vision. Squirrels, for instance, and probably hares and rabbits as well, are able to see an enemy approaching directly from behind without turning the head.

Mutable Beauty.

THERE are fashions in beauty, just as there are in clothes and bills of fare.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell is said to have amazed her audiences in the United States with her extreme slimness. Never had the American stage seen such a sylph-like form or such long, thin arms. Mrs. Campbell impressed me in a similar manner when I saw her in London, writes Geraldine Bonner. The play was "Pelleas and Melisande," and she wore a dress of stiff gold material that fell straight from her neck to her feet, and in which she resembled nothing so much as an umbrella in its case. Fragile is not the word for her. Yet she is none of those ugly things that are indifferently described as "scraggy" or "bony." She is lithe as a willow wand, and, in evening dress, shows one of those delicate, white necks, boneless and smooth, though it appears not to have an ounce of fat on it, which are one of the great beauties of Englishwomen. She is one of those picturesque and interesting people that fat would completely destroy. Now, with her curveless, boneless figure, her cloudy, sensitive, black hair that comes nearly to her knees, her small, thin face, lit by a pair of midnight eyes, she is altogether thrilling and harmonious.

Her type of beauty is particularly interesting, as it is a good example of the type now in vogue in England. There was a time when Mrs. Langtry was the perfect British beauty. Then the ideal was broad-shouldered, small-waisted, bright-haired, blue-eyed. The Jersey Lily was as famous for her complexion of lilies and roses as for her shoulders, that looked as if carved out of ivory, and from which her throat rose, proud and round as a Greek column. All the world recognized her as the typically handsome Englishwoman, the flawless example of a class that had long been famous in many countries for many generations, and that seemed to Balzac so peerless that the phrase, "beautiful as an Englishwoman," was the highest encomium he had to give. This type, during the Langtry regime, was constantly repeated. All good-looking English girls bore a sort of family resemblance to one another. The professional beauties were curiously alike—large, proud, calm-eyed creatures, smooth, reposeful, pink-and-white.

But the Langtry type has ceased to exist as far as fashionable London is concerned. It is now the era of the long, lean woman, with a prodigious length of limb, a mass of loosely-rolled hair, and a Rossetti throat, moving listlessly in pale, unbelted draperies. How such a change of appearance could be effected is miraculous. Where are the broad shoulders, the splendid neck, the muscular, nobly-molded figures of ten years back? Women can change the cut of their clothes at will, but how can they change the cut of their anatomies? And yet, they have done just this thing. Their shoulders have become narrow and slightly sloping, their throats more slender, their hips smaller, and their arms and legs elongated to an extent that suggests that bed, upon which the robber, Procrustes, used to stretch his victims until their toes touched the foot-board.

Philosophical observers say that the change is due to the influence of Burne-Jones, Rossetti and Du Maurier. Each of these artists created a type which the nation eventually accepted as beautiful, and upon which all the women of the nation modeled themselves. It was some time before the people were educated up to the cult of the "long line," the low forehead, the deep hair and the square jaw. But in the end it conquered them, and began to impress itself on the national face and form. I was reading a novel the other day in which the extreme thinness of the women of fashion in London was remarked. "They keep so by will power," a young man replied. And this really seems to be the solution of the problem. Will power not only keeps them thin, but has changed their bony structures, the shape of their heads, the character of their hair, and the length of their limbs.

Burne-Jones and Du Maurier are undoubtedly responsible for the vogue of this languid and lissome sylph. It was Oscar Wilde who professed to have made the discovery that, instead of Art imitating Nature Nature imitates Art. One of the proofs of his theory was the way the girls of England were growing like the girls of Burne-Jones, who had really more or less invented a new type of beauty. Never until Burne-Jones painted "The Golden Stairs" and "Venus's Mirror," did one see in England those pale, dreamy faces, with the thick, cloudy hair growing low on the wide brow, the innocent gray eyes, set very far apart, the square, slightly prominent jaw, the long neck, upon which the head drooped languidly. Nature had assimilated a new idea, and was reproducing it.

How can there be any question that fashions in beauty alter feature and figure? The ideal of the early Victorian era is as extinct as the dodo. Those houris, whose faces adorned the Books of Beauty our grandmothers delighted in, are gone into the limbo of the unknown with their tiny, Cupid's-bow mouths, their wide-opened, blue eyes, their drooping, silky ringlets, and their champagne-bottle shoulders. They were the ideal of their day—the ideal Bulwer had before his mental vision when he wrote "My Novel" and "The Caxtons;" that Thackeray saw when he created Rosie Mackenzie and Amelia; that Dickens tried to make us understand and love in Agnes Wickfield and Bella Wilfer. They look to us now "insipid as the queen upon a card."

Good If True.

"Do you know why our Chinese women have small feet?" asked Charlie York. "It is so that they will stay at home. We don't like our wives to gad about the streets. We don't like strange men to stare at them. For though these men may say nothing unpleasant, yet they are apt to look our women deep in the eyes, and a Chinaman holds that in an interchange of such looks there is something harmful. Therefore the tiny, maimed feet, which will not admit of walking without fatigue and pain. At first, thousands of years ago, women knew why their feet were maimed and they were angry. Then they forgot the reason of the custom and they regarded it as a fashion they had themselves created. So they look upon it now, and the smaller their feet the prouder they are. We, their husbands, chuckle and say nothing. For we are wiser than you European and American men."

"The Book Booster."

A VACANT niche in contemporary periodical literature, says the "Literary Digest," is filled by the "Book Booster," which is edited by "Mr. Criticus Flub-Dubbe," and published by "Josh, Gosh & Co.," in Evanston, Ill. Its purpose, as it is careful to inform the reader on its first page, is to "boost books—our own and others," with the distinction that "the books published by Josh, Gosh & Co. will be boosted without reference to the number of pounds sold, while the publications of other houses will be boosted only when they have passed the dead line, which is fifty thousand pounds."

The book boosted in this particular issue is "Faggots of Empire," by Miss Bertha Bosh. "Miss Bosh," we are told from the "Editor's Rocking Chair," "is only fifteen years old, but is extremely bright for her age. She is a Chicago girl, and has never traveled farther than Oconomowoc, which makes her literary feat all the more remarkable. For 'Faggots of Empire' is a story of the reign of Charlemagne, and the author betrays a singular acquaintance with the local color of those times." Indeed, her narrative "contains more facts than the histories." Moreover:

"The cloth used in binding the first edition would, if stretched end to end, reach from Chicago to Evanston. Placed side by side the pages would reach from Chicago to Minneapolis. Smeared thinly, the ink used would cover four townships. Ten million cockroaches could subsist for six months on the binder's paste employed. Set up side by side, the individual letters in the text would reach from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands. And the hot air employed in boosting the book would float ten thousand balloons."

Another interesting literary announcement is made to the effect that "Josh, Gosh & Co. have been appointed Western selling agents for the forthcoming book of Mr. Ernest Thompson-Seton (formerly Seton-Thompson), which is to be titled 'Cheap Thompsons I Have Known.'" The "Book Booster" is replete with touching poems and thrilling serials, and "The Stovepipe of Navarre," a blood-curdling "Romance of Sword and Cloak," by Miss Posta Pants, quite puts in the shade all current literary efforts along the same line.

What Did the Fakir Do?

WONDERFUL stories are told of the powers of the Hindu fakirs. Careful attention to their tricks has not discovered their secret with any certainty, but Captain James Parker, the English traveler, who has just returned from a tour of India, gives it as his belief that hypnotism is the means by which they accomplish their most startling illusions. One incident which he describes seems to bear out his view.

The trick which is acknowledged to be the greatest of these Hindu mystic performances, says Captain Parker, and the one that has been described by trustworthy persons too often to be doubted, is the one in which the fakir throws a ball of twine into the air above him, until it disappears from sight. The loose end of the string he holds in his hand, and after the boy assistant has climbed up the string until he, too, is out of sight, the fakir himself follows, with a knife between his teeth.

The spectators, surprised when both boy and man climb out of sight, are horrified when the boy's severed head, arms and legs, followed by the trunk, fall to the ground, and the man slides down close behind. Their astonishment is increased when the fakir gathers the severed members and restores the boy to life.

Well, I saw this performance once, and once I didn't see it; and the latter experience was more wonderful than the other. I had some London friends visiting me, and after having left them for a few minutes on the veranda of my bungalow, I saw, as I was returning, the same fakir and his assistant, whom I had seen perform the trick, standing about forty feet in front of my friends, apparently preparing to begin a performance. As I was about as far behind the natives as my friends were in front of them, and had not been observed, I stood quietly where I was.

The man placed a drawn knife between his teeth, took the usual ball of twine in his right hand, made a motion as if throwing it into the air, and then stood perfectly quiet. My friends on the veranda were looking into the upper air with astonishment on their faces, which in a minute turned to a look of horror as their eyes came back to the ground. In another minute their countenances lighted up with pleasure, and they applauded roundly.

They could not say enough about the wonderful performance they had seen, and they were astonished beyond measure when I told them I had been as near the fakir as they, and had seen nothing of what had so wonderfully impressed them.

If that was not hypnotism, what was it?

The Irreverent Phonograph.

THE Prince of Wales tells a good story of how a morning service was spoiled on the second Sunday's voyage of the "Ophir." There being every prospect of a dull afternoon, the Duchess of York suggested something appropriate from the phonograph, and the instrument was put through a rehearsal on the Sunday morning during the time of service. The cabin in which the preparations were made was two decks below the upper deck, but there was an uptake which carried sound as well as vitiated air, and so the following dialogue occurred:

Chaplain (giving out his text)—The way of transgressors is hard.

Phonograph (musically)—And you've got a long way to go.

It took twenty minutes to find the phonograph, which persisted in its unconscious brawling, and by that time the congregation was neither large nor spiritually minded.

Ordinary Tears.

Old Gentleman — Why do you shed such bitter tears, my boy? Boston Child (pausing in his grief)—Really, I cannot conceive that my tears differ as to their brackish quality from other lachrymose emissions. I have never heard of saccharine tears.—Philadelphia "Press."

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-tone. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

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EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Finding the Right Doctor.

"THERE was a poor woman, whose son was dreadfully ill, and she wanted to get him a doctor; but somehow, instead of going for the doctor, she fell asleep, and dreamt that her son was ill, and that she was going for the doctor. She went first (in her dream) to the house of the first physician in the town, but, when she arrived, the door was crowded with a number of pale beings, who were congregating around it and calling out to those within. So the woman asked them what they were, and they said, 'We are the spirits of those who have been killed by the treatment of this doctor, and we are come to make him our reproaches.' So the woman was horrified, and hurried away to the house of another doctor, but there she found even more souls than before; and at each house she went to there were more and more souls who complained of the doctors who had killed them. At last she came to the house of a very poor little doctor, who lived in a cottage in a very narrow, dirty street, and there were only two souls lamenting. 'Ah!' she said, 'this is the doctor for me; for, while the others have killed so many, this good man in all the course of his experience has only sent two souls out of the world.' So she went in and said, 'Sir, I have come to you because of your experience, because of your great and just reputation, to ask you to heal my son.' As she talked of his great reputation the doctor looked rather surprised, and at last he said, 'Well, madam, it is very flattering, but it is odd that you should have heard so much of me, for I have only been a doctor a week.' Ah! then you may imagine what the horror of the woman was—he had only been a doctor a week, and yet he had killed two persons! . . . So she awoke, and she did not go for a doctor at all, and her son got perfectly well."—From "The Story of My Life," by Augustus J. C. Hare.

Building for The Ages.

TO illustrate the slow and painful evolution of social progress, Olive Schreiner, in a recent article, uses the figure of cathedral-building. She says:

"He who to-day looks at some great Gothic cathedral in its final form seems to be looking at that which might have been the dream of some single soul of genius, who, waking in the morning, found the dream a reality. But in truth its origin was far otherwise. Ages elapsed from the time the first rough stone was laid as a foundation till the last spire and pinnacle were shaped, and the hand which laid the foundation-stone was never the same as that which set the last stone upon the coping. Generations succeeded one another, laboring at gargoyle, rose-window and shaft, and died, leaving the work to others; the first master-builder who drew up the first rough outline passed away and was succeeded by others, and the details of the work as completed bore but faint resemblance to the work as he devised it; no man fully understood all that others had done or were doing, but each labored in his place, and the work as completed had unity; it expressed not the desire and necessity of one mind, but of the unknown human spirit. And not less essential to the existence of the building was the labor of the humble workman who passed his life in carving gargoyles and shaping a few rose-windows, than that of the loftiest master-builder who drew the general outlines. And it was heroic; for the master-builder who, though it were but vaguely, had some image of what the whole work would be when the last stone was laid upon the coping and the last spire raised, it was easy to labor with devotion and zeal—though well he might know that the placing of that last stone and the raising of that last spire would not be his, and that the building in its full beauty and strength he should never see. But for the journeyman laborer who carried on his stones, and month by month toiled, carving at his own little gargoyle or shaping the traceries in his little oriel window, without any vision of what the whole would be when completed, it was not so easy; nevertheless, it was through the conscientious labors of such alone, through their heaps of chipped and spoiled stones, their half failures and almost blind successes, that at the last the pile could be reared in its strength and beauty."

Vaccination de Rigueur.

THE epidemic of smallpox in London, England, has, it seems, given rise to a curious innovation. Invitations are sent out for tea, on which it is stated there will be—not dancing, but vaccination. The sterner sex is represented by a doctor; tea is served at four o'clock, and at five vaccination begins. Whether this be true or not, they went one better in France a few years ago. There was an outbreak of smallpox in Paris, and a leader of fashion was struck with the idea of getting all her friends vaccinated. She issued invitations to a ball, which ended in a superb cotillion. She informed her guests that the latter would contain an entirely new figure. It did. The men had to submit to vaccination on the arm; the women on the calf of the leg. This is how it was carried out: After a "tour-de-valse," each man brought his partner to the doctor. She gracefully raised her skirt; there was a little cry on the part of the patient, another "tour-de-valse," and she was re-conducted to her place. The men had to take off their coats and display a corner of their biceps. From this it will be seen that England has not the monopoly of eccentric ideas.

An Embarrassing Honor.

The obsequiousness of those who hope to advance themselves by being exceedingly polite to their superiors in office sometimes assumes an amusing aspect.

A certain head of a government department was invited, says a daily paper, to dine with others at a table with a cabinet minister. During the dinner the former, who happened to be placed between a door and a window, and had said nothing at all, began to sneeze.

"Are you taking cold, Mr. Brown?" asked the cabinet minister.

"I believe I have that honor and pleasure," answered Mr. Brown, bowing very respectfully.

Talking Dogs.

GOOD evidence of the power of communication among our speechless friends is given in the following very human story told by a writer in the Boston "Herald:"

"The fact that dogs have a way of communicating news to one another was demonstrated to me in a very singular and amusing fashion about four years ago. It was in South Georgia, where as yet little provision is made for the comfort of domestic animals. One of these bitter nights, such as a cold wave often brings, I heard at our front door the unmistakable sounds of scratching and whining, and found upon opening two of my little neighborhood friends, a pug and a little terrier, asking admission. In the face of the cruel cold it was granted them, and they were made welcome to share the comfortable quarters of my own two dogs. In the morning they took their departure; but how great was my astonishment to see them return the following cold evening, this time accompanied by a large Irish setter, who likewise wagged admission to the warm quarters of which he seemed to have knowledge. If there were any doubts as to whether these hospitable night lodgings were discussed among the shelterless dogs of the neighborhood, the doubts were removed on the third night, when my three tramps returned, their number still further increased by another pug and an old pointer. The mute but eloquent language of their wagging tails, the humble appeal in their sincere eyes were at once amusing and pathetic. With my own two pets and these five tramps I had now seven dogs stretched out comfortably before my dining-room grate; but their irreproachable behavior and their many ingratiating ways had insured for them a welcome at our house as long as the cold wave lasted, which was nearly a week. As soon as the cold subsided they returned no more."

Are You an Appendicitter?

THE question that men in Kalamazoo ask each other is not, "Are you a Buffalo?" but, "Are you an Appendicitter?" The interrogatory is intended to elicit information as to whether the person addressed is a member in good standing of the Kalamazoo "Appendicitis Club." A person who has had his vermiform appendix removed, of course, is not presumed to be eligible to membership in this club. As medical and surgical science has never been able to discover any use for the vermiform appendix in man's anatomy, it is popularly understood that it was placed there principally for the benefit of the doctors. Many a poor but deserving young physician gets his start in practice by removing a man's vermiform appendix, and then removing a good portion of the man's estate afterward. The appendicitters in Kalamazoo, however, have played a sharp turn on the mercenary doctors. Too many of them wanted to get rich out of this "fifth wheel of man's anatomy." They have worked a corner in the appendicitis crop. Seven hundred persons have formed an organization to protect their collective vermiform appendices from the knives of mercenary surgeons, who desire to carve their way to fame and fortune in one short hour. The doctor who breaks into this vermiform combine—this community of intestinal interests—will have to accept the tariff of the association. There will be no more fancy fees for cutting out the vermiform appendix in Kalamazoo. The poor as well as the rich can have appendicitis in the famous celery town. Doctors and nurses will be paid reasonable fees from the funds of the club. The Kalamazoo idea is a good one, and likely to spread.

Why the Czar Wears a Beard.

COMMENTING on the statement by a foreign correspondent that the Czar of Russia wears a full beard because he is afraid to have himself shaved, the Chicago "Record-Herald" says: "He fears that he might get into a Nihilist barber's chair some morning, and—swick! The rest may be imagined. Therefore, to avoid the danger of having his throat cut by one of his loving subjects, his Imperial Majesty is compelled to go through life with a beard, which he has trimmed as seldom as possible, because he is inclined to shy away from shears as well as from razors. It is said that the royal whiskers never are trimmed, save in the presence of four tried and true grand masters of the court, who stand ready to pounce upon the barber and eat him up if he dares to make a suspicious move. Moreover, in order to further increase the safety of his most exalted Majesty, the office of royal barber has been made hereditary in the family of Guelabovski—a name which in itself might be regarded by some people with misgivings. But the Guelabovskis are said to be very loyal, and, of course, being ennobled for their services as trimmers of the imperial whiskers, it isn't likely that they will deliberately cause trouble by using dull shears or nipping the skin appertaining to the royal Adam's apple. Yet the Czar mourns because all his children are girls. Foolish, short-sighted Czar! He should consider the advantage they have in being members of the gentler sex. They will never have faces to shave or whiskers to trim. Being a man is no snap—if one belongs to the Russian royal family."

Fewer Candidates for the Ministry.

THAT there is foundation for the alarm recently sounded in the religious press over a dearth of candidates for the ministry is evidenced by the annual catalogue of Princeton Theological Seminary, just out, which shows that that institution has twenty-three students less than it had last year. It is stated in this connection by "Leslie's Weekly" that in 1896 there were 1,500 students in the Presbyterian seminaries of the United States, whereas there are now about 900, a falling off of more than one-third. Other denominations are complaining of a similar lack of recruits for the ministry. It is said that the seminary authorities at Princeton ascribe the falling off in candidates largely to the opening of the new possessions of the United States, which seem to appeal to the business instincts of the American youth. This may have something to do with the case, but we fear, says the "Weekly," there are other reasons larger and of more serious significance in their bearing on the future of the Church.

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Sketch."

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Editor Morning Times

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It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars, send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily, should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 24 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed Times.

—There was no police court on Saturday.

—The market on Saturday was very large.

—A large amount of business was done in town on Saturday.

—Now is the time to remove the snow and ice from your sidewalk.

—The Chief of Police has a sleigh robe for which he would like an owner

—The pitch-holes in the country roads are getting much deeper.

—The S.S. anniversary of the George street Methodist church, will be held this evening.

—The coroner's jury will meet this evening at 7.30 to further inquire into the cause of the death of the late Fred Perrin

—The License Commissioners of West Peterborough met on Saturday morning, and transferred the license of the National Hotel from Mr. Moon to Mr. Conroy.

—Mr. Jos. Batten conducted the service in Mark street Methodist church last night, on account of the sad bereavement which has fallen on the pastor, Rev. Thompson.

—Whitea makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 156 Hunter street, west.

—Dr. McConachy will deliver a lecture in the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, on the Life and Works of D. L. Moody. A silver collection will be taken.

—The Young Men's Bible Class of George St. church will give a free social to the young men of the church, in the basement on Friday evening. A good programme has been prepared. The young men are organizing a league.

—The young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon was led by the physical director, Mr. H. Ayres, who drew a very strong lesson. Mr. J. Miller rendered a solo during the meeting.

—Chief McGowan, of Smith's Falls, was in town yesterday waiting for railway connections to Lindsay, where he was going to secure James Shannon, a printer, of that town, who has been working in the office of the Rideau Record, and is wanted in that town for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Acute and Chronic Rheumatism

are equally influenced by the almost magical pain subduing power of Polson's Nerviline, equal in medicinal value to five times the quantity of any other rheumatic remedy. Nerviline cures because it reaches the source of the disease and drives it out of the system. Nerviline is an unusually good rheumatic cure, and makes many unusual cures. Just rub it in the next time you have an attack. The immediate result will surprise you. 25c.

DIED

GORDON.—At Peterborough, on Sunday, February 23, 1902, Margaret Ellen Ainslie, wife of Mr. W. H. Gordon, aged 38 years.

THOMPSON.—At Nichols Hospital, on Sunday, February 23, 1902, L. Constance Thompson, second daughter of Rev. C. L. Thompson, Ashburnham, aged 23 years.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

A LAST CALL.

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Victor Ferguson, of Toronto, spent yesterday in town.

—Mr. John Craig, of Lakefield, was in town on Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Free, of Kingston, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Routly, town.

—Ald. Shortly has returned from the meeting of the A.O.U.W. Grand Lodge, in Toronto.

—Mr. A. Haskill has returned from the meeting of the Woodmen of the World, at Woodstock.

—Miss Finlay, who has been taking a course in nursing in town, returned to her home in Lindsay on Saturday.

—Rev. J. Bastow, pastor of the Murray Street Baptist Church, returned on Saturday from a pleasant trip to the States.

—Mr. Percy H. Campbell, of Victoria University, is visiting in town, the guest of his sister, Mrs. & M. Campbell.

—Mr. R. H. Leary, President of the Poultry Association, and a Director of the Peterborough Central Exhibition, attended the meeting of the Fairs and Exhibition Association, held in Toronto, last week.

Mr. J. M. Wood, of Villiers, Otonabee, was brought to the Nicholls hospital on Friday evening, suffering from a very severe cut received by falling from a straw-stack and alighting on a hay-knife. His right arm was badly cut, and is very painful.

Strangers' Tea

The young men who have come to Peterborough during the past month were entertained to tea last evening at the Y.M.C.A., by the Strangers Fellowship Club. Fifteen strangers were present, and fully appreciated the manner in which they are made to feel at home in the town, and in the Association. Mr. John Manning, president of the club, presided, and Mr. B. F. Ackerman, president of the association, was also present. The supper was provided by the George street church committee of the Ladies' Auxiliary, Mesdames Nugent, Mason Whiten, Shortly and Geffries.

NEW ARMOURIES TO BE BUILT

A Fine New Structure to be Erected Here—Plans Prepared

For some years the officers of the local regiments have tried to induce the government to build a new drill shed in town, as the present one is altogether out of date.

Word has been received in town that a sum to defray the cost of the building will be brought down in the supplementary estimates, at the present session of the house.

One of the strongest arguments used by the deputation was the fact that Peterborough possesses detachments of all three branches of the service, Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry. The new armouries will cost about $40,000.

THE HAND OF DEATH

Mrs. W. H. Gordon Called Away Yesterday Morning

The home of Mr. W. H. Gordon, 186 London street, was stricken with sorrow yesterday morning, when the wife and mother was claimed a victim by death, after an illness of four or five weeks. Her death was due to a complication of diseases, and a break up of the system. Toward the latter part of her illness, deceased suffered much pain, but through it all maintained a marked christian cheerfulness, and when the time came to go, she was eager to depart, to be with Christ, which is far better.

Mrs. Gordon was a member of St Paul's congregation, and the funeral services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Torrance. A family of two girls and one boy, aged respectively 4, 7 and 14 years, are left to feel the lack of a kind and loving mother's care. To the sorrowing ones we extend our sincere sympathy in this their hour of trial.

The funeral will take place from the family residence to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, to the Little Lake Cemetery

A SUDDEN DEATH

Miss Thompson, of Ashburnham Passes Away at Nichols Hospital

After an illness lasting about a week, Miss L. Constance Thompson, second daughter of Rev. C. L. Thompson, Ashburnham, passed away at the Nichols Hospital yesterday afternoon. A week ago she was in her usual health, in the zenith of life, and her sudden cutting off is an especially severe affliction to the family. Typhoid in a severe form developed, and yesterday she was taken to the hospital, shortly afterward peritonitis set in, and caused her death yesterday.

Deceased was of a very bright and cheerful disposition, and a favorite with the circle in which she moved. She took a special interest in the work of Mark street church, and in this way also her loss will be felt most keenly.

The funeral will take place from the parsonage, Ashburnham, to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, to the Little Lake Cemetery.

To the sorrowing relatives is extended the public sympathy. May the God of the afflicted be their support in their great and sudden bereavement.

LABOR MEETING

On Friday Night Was a Record Breaker—Seventy New Members

The regular weekly meeting of Peterborough Union 9240, American Federation of Labor, was held in their hall on Friday evening. A very large number were present.

The meeting opened sharp on time and after being called to order by the President the usual business was taken up, after which new applicants, to the number of seventy, were initiated into the union.

A discussion relating to the recent strike at the Cereal Works arose, and Mr. Scott was warmly praised for the courteous and gentlemanly manner in which he settled the difficulty between the contractor and employees.

A resolution of condolence was passed to the bereaved mother and relatives of the late J. Frederick Perrin, who met death at the Cereal Works on Monday last.

The union is rapidly increasing in numbers and now has a membership of nearly nine hundred.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY

Sermon in George St. Church by the Pastor, Rev. Wilson

Every available seat was filled in George Street Methodist church yesterday morning, when the pastor, Rev. S. P. Wilson, preached. It was the anniversary of the Sabbath school and the sermon was of a nature suitable to the event.

The Scripture lesson was found in 1 Samuel 3, and Mark 10:13.

The pastor opened his address by a feeling comment on the destinies which were being mapped out by the teachers of the boys and girls of the Sunday school. His text was taken from 1 Chron. 11:22. "Also he went down and slew a lion in a pit, on a snowy day."

We usually think of a lion as a wild, ferocious animal, the "king of beasts." The lions we have seen have been mostly tame ones, because they are confined in cages. But we are told that lions are in reality cowards for though they may be heard to roar and howl until the earth quakes, on a dark and stormy night, they will skulk and hide away on a bright, calm night. After relating in simple style a number of lion tales from Bible history and mythology, Mr. Wilson drew a lesson for the children on the lions with which they would have to battle. God, he said, has a mighty army, but too many of them are off on furlough, or in the hospitals. Every difficulty, our evil thoughts and deeds, is a lion, which we must overcome, or fall before him.

On the spot in Rome where Christians were sacrificed to lions for their faith, there now stands a huge cross to mark their loyalty to Christ.

By appropriate illustrations, he impressed upon the mind the greatest "lions" in the path, evil temper, selfishness, untruthfulness and disobedience. Dr. Johnston, the great English scholar, was the son of a man who used to sell books from a stall on the market. On one occasion the old gentleman was sick and Samuel, the son, was so full of pride that he refused to take his place for a day in the book stall. Fifty years afterward in the zenith of his career, this incident so weighed upon him that he went to the spot, where once had stood the old book-seller, and with bared head stood for an hour in a pouring rain storm, to atone, as he said, for his act of disobedience. At Mr. Wilson's request, the whole school, who occupied the body of the church, repeated the fifth commandment.

The offertory was devoted to the Sunday school fund.

The music was peculiarly fitted to the occasion; during the service the choir and school sang "Marching Onward in the Name of Jesus," and Master Mowatt sang as an offertory solo "The Holy City," in clear and perfect harmony.

In the evening, the pastor took his text from 1 Cor. 13—11, preaching from the words "When I was a Child."

In this Epistle, written by Paul at Ephesus, the knowledge we possess here, and that which will be ours in heaven were compared to the relative position in which the child stands to the man. "Now we see through a glass, darkly, but then face to face." He looks back probably on his own boyhood days in Silecia, helping his father make tents, or in the schools of his native town of Tarsus. But the feelings of the boy are different from those of the man.

Tennyson tells us that "A boy's will is the wind's will, and the thoughts of youth are long, long thoughts." Whittier said, "The hills are dearest where our feet have earliest climbed, and the streams most sweet where our young lips drank." Goldsmith gives us a beautiful pen picture of the broken soldier shouldering his crutch and telling how fields were won. Elizabeth Allan penned those beautiful lines, "Backward turn backward, oh time, in thy flight, make me a child again, just for to-night!"

Memory is the most valuable gift of God to man. In it are treasured up the events of our whole life, and we should be very careful that the early impressions made on the minds of the children should be of a pure and Godly trend. Without it we could not read, sing, imagine, travel, and life would be scarcely worth living. It is not, either, a mere impression on the cerebral portion of the brain, but we believe the centre is spiritual. Scientists tell us there is an entire cellular change in our bodies every seven years, yet the memory of what has been, remains with us. The whole of a man's life is said to pass in a clear panorama when drowning, and Hugh Miller says we may read on the rocks the history of the world. So we believe nothing which falls on memory is ever lost, though it may remain dormant.

The speaker had listened to the tale of Waterloo from an old veteran of 90 who fought under Napoleon Bonaparte, and though his memory of recent events was very imperfect, his recollection of the battle of so many years ago was most distinct.

If our thoughts in youth are corrupted, we must suffer afterward. We shall call from memory's portals angels to guard us or demons to curse.

Christ said "suffer the little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of God." There is no greater work than this of training the children, and though the result may be imperceptible, the lesson can never be erased.

The mother cannot tell which of her words or lesson is going to lead her ling into the ways of pleasantness, but she sows the seed; and if we sow the seed in sowing time we will reap in reaping time, for there is a God in heaven and a God on earth. The memory of a pious father or mother acts as a charm to resist temptation, for when a man thinks of them he is ashamed to do anything mean. It was memories of his father's home that drew the prodigal to repent and brought him to himself.

A young officer in the Soudan was commissioned by Lord Woolsley to lead the army through a very dangerous piece of country; he led them successfully, but was himself shot. He called the General to him, and on being praised for his skill and daring, said he had guided them by a star. So is the memory of a pious home the guiding star to us through life's trials.

When a boy, Prof. Roberts, of Robert's College, was shown a book of vile pictures, and when he was advanced in life he said he would give a great deal to have the memory of that one incident blotted from his mind. The boy or girl has not a fair chance in life who looks back upon a home without God; and though there be furniture, carpets and pictures, if there be no God or Christ or prayer, the memories of that home can not be of the most pleasant character.

A young man who had run away from home, but who had meantime found Christ, anxiously hurried from a large steamer in New York harbour. Running up the steps of a brown stone front he met his mother in the doorway, and said "mother, I knew you would pray me home."

Let our homes be fragrant with peace and love and righteousness. A German worked eight years on the face of Christ and so full of kindness and sorrow was his work that they wept who gazed on it. He was asked to try his hand on Venus, but he said he could not turn to a heathen goddess after gazing eight years on the face of Christ.

During the service the choir sang the 23rd Psalm, and a male quartette, "Some Blessed Day," was most acceptably rendered.

CHURCH NOTES

—Rev. Mr. McMillan, of Lindsay, will deliver a lecture in St. Andrew's church, next Thursday evening, on his travels in Scotland. The proceeds of the evening will be devoted to the Home Mission Fund.

—The official board of George st. church will meet on Wednesday evening.

—The Sunday school anniversary of George street church, will be held this evening at 8 o'clock. A splendid program of solos, choruses, dialogues and a Garland Drill have been prepared, and the musical portion will be supplemented by Gligson's orchestra of 16 pieces. Sabbath school children will occupy a specially erected platform. Admission, 10 cents.

At St. Paul's church yesterday morning, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Torrance, preached from Hebrews 6:11, "And we desire that every one of you shew the same diligence to the full assurance of hope unto the end." Messrs. Moin, Dawson, Milne and Crain sang a quartette in an appreciable manner. In the evening the pulpit was ably filled by Mr. Yule.

—The Provincial Prohibition convention will be held in Toronto to-morrow, and a special railway rate has been secured. Return fare tickets will be issued by both railroads to visitors and delegates at fare and one-third, and should there be an attendance of 300 or over at the convention, the return rate will be single fare. All who have been appointed delegates should make it a point to be in attendance, or have a substitute in their place.

—In Charlotte St. yesterday morning, Rev. J. Bastow, M.A., preached from the words "Pray Without Ceasing," 1 Thessalonians 5; 17. The evening service was taken by the pastor, Rev. D. O. Crossley.

—Rev. Crossley preached in Murray St. Baptist church yesterday morning, and in the evening the pulpit was occupied by the pastor, Rev. J. Bastow.

At St. John's church yesterday holy communion was dispensed at 8.30 a.m. Morning prayer at 11 and evening services at 7 p.m.—were conducted by the Rector, Rev. J. C. Davidson.

At St. Luke's church holy communion was dispensed at 8.30 a.m. Morning prayer at 11 a.m.; evening service at 7 p.m. The sermon at the morning service was taken from "The Tears of Sorrow," and at the evening service, "Sunday Sins." The Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, occupied the pulpit, and delivered very earnest addresses. A very large congregation was present.

At All Saints' church, there were two services, morning prayer at 11, and evening service at 7. Rev. W. L. Armitage occupied the pulpit, and continued the lenten addresses. His subject in the morning was "The Church of and the Epistle to the Galatians." In the evening he took as his subject "Behold Thy Mother." The services were very largely attended.

At St. Peter's cathedral, three masses were celebrated; at eight o'clock, nine o'clock, and half-past ten. Vespers and evening service at 7 p.m.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

FLAGS AT HALF MAST

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—What is the origin of the custom of half-masting flags as a sign of mourning. J. A. H.

Ans.—It would seem almost as if the custom came by elimination. The flag at full-mast or staff is a sign of rejoicing or a mark of honor; the flag hauled down, inverted, is a mark of defeat. Somewhere between top and bottom of the staff must be the place where the flag is to be placed in sign of mourning.

AN OLD SONG ASKED FOR
Lily Dale

Editor Morning Times

'Twas a calm, still night, when the
moon's pale light
Shone o'er hill and dale,
When friends mute with grief stood
around the death bed
Of my poor, lost Lily Dale.

Chorus—
Oh, Lily, sweet Lily, Dear Lily Dale;
Now the wild rose blooms o'er the little
green grave
'Neath the trees in the flowery vale.

Her cheeks that once glowed with the
ruddy tints of health,
By the hand of disease had turned pale;
And the death damp stood on the fair
white brow
Of my poor, lost Lily Dale.

Go, she said, to the land of rest,
But ere my strength doth fail,
I will tell you where, near my own loved home
You must lay poor Lily Dale.

'Neath the chestnut tree, where the wild
flowers bloom
And the stream ripples forth by the
vale,
And the wild birds warble their notes in
spring,
They laid poor Lily Dale.

A BABY'S PRAYER

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—As you ask for contributions to the "Letter Box" column in The Times, I take the liberty of enclosing the following lines which speak for themselves.

"Now I lay me down to s'eep"—
Lisped my darling, kneeling
On my lap her blue eyes deep
Me with rapture filling.

"P'ay the Lord my soul to teep"—
Baby's eyes were closing;
I breathed a prayer to God to keep
My little one reposing.

"If I s'ould die before I wate"—
Dear Lord, I thought, forefend it—
"I p'ay the Lord my soul to tate."
The little head was bended.

The curley locks fell o'er my breast
The curls too bright for sorrow—
"And, Lord, I has fordot the rest;
I'll 'member it tomorrow."

Alas, the morrow did not come,
God took what he had given,
And angels bore my baby home,
To say the rest in heaven.

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEB. 28

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile **Will be Given Free**

WORTH $2,000. **WORTH $2,000.**

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Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

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. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.......................... coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

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WANTED—A YOUNG LADY CLERK. Apply in own handwriting, giving experience if any; also other qualifications, and amount of salary expected. Apply to the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterboro.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES—ALSO MEN—TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, daytime or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 488, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

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To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.50 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COOKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$2.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Beanie Investment Co., 11 & 16 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to Dr. D. HINKLY XX-60 Grand Rapids, Mich.

LOST

LOST—On Saturday afternoon between Bethune Street and Y.M.C.A. Rooms, a gold watch, No. 6771, initialed "F. A." on case. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Times Office.

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 47 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY FEBRUARY 25 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

CHAMBERLAIN DECLINES THE MAORI REGIMENT

Premier Seddon Criticises Britain's Determination to Exclude Black Men

CECIL RHODES HEADS A PEACE MOVEMENT

Loyalist Members of the Cape Parliament will Ask for an Indemnity Act and Other Measures

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch to The Times from Wellington, N.Z., says that Premier Seddon has received a cable from Hon. Joseph Chamberlain declining the offer of a Maori regiment for South Africa. Mr. Seddon declares that he does not agree with the British Government's rash promise to employ only whites in the Boer war.

PEACE MOVEMENT IN AFRICA.

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch to The Times from Cape Town says that a peace movement has been inaugurated by Loyalist members of the Cape Parliament, headed by Cecil Rhodes, to induce the Imperial Government to procure an indemnity act and measures conducive to peace in South Africa.

KING ALLOTS MISS ROOSEVELT A PLACE.

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch to the European edition of the Herald says that King Edward has allotted Miss Roosevelt a place with the Ambassadors' wives in Westminster Abbey to witness the Coronation ceremony.

MISS SHAW TO MARRY LUGARD.

London, Feb. 24.—The Times announces that Flora Shaw, head of its colonial department, and its correspondent in the Yukon, is to marry Sir Frederick Lugard, the High Commissioner of Northern Nigeria.

GERMANS SCORE IN CHINA.

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch to The Times, from Pekin, says that Prince Ching, head of the Chinese Foreign Office, has been prevailed upon to consent to an agreement, allowing Germany the exclusive mining rights in the Shantung Province. The royalty for China is to be seven instead of five per cent. The agreement is not yet signed, Germany is very active. She has established a post-office in the capital city of Shantung.

GREAT BRITAIN APPEARS SOMEWHAT UNEASY.

Alarmist Views of the Alliance with Japan--Will a Continuance of Russian Occupation of Manchuria be Held to be a Violation of Integrity of China?

London, Feb. 25—The Anglo-Japanese alliance continues to absorb the attention of Europe. Despite the pacific assurances of Parliament this great new factor in world politics causes some uneasiness, if not apprehension, which has found its expression in the depression of consols.

This feeling is emphasized by Lord Lansdowne's statement that Manchuria is to be regarded as a part of China under the terms of the treaty. Some alarmists argue therefore, that it is within Japan's power at any moment to undertake to drive Russia from Manchuria and to compel Great Britain to take part in the controversy by including France in the quarrel.

The Spectator, which strongly condemns the treaty, is quite panicky on this point, saying: "If the continuance of the Russian occupation of Manchuria is held to constitute a viola-tion of the integrity of China, then we are indeed plunged into a whirlpool."

The Times uses this sinister language: "We can stand by Japan in the far east without any thought of the Japanese interests in other quarters, for none such in practice exist. This would not be the case if, as our German neighbors insinuate, who should be the last to taunt us on that score, we had desired to secure a continental sword which we might have obtained if we had been willing to trust Japan."

This, however, is only another illustration of the bitter, almost fanatical animosity, now prevailing in both England and Germany against each other. The more closely the far eastern situation is examined in the light of the new conditions the less probable it seems that Russia will permit herself to be involved in a conflict over the immediate consummation of any of her designs.

It is Japan, whose new importance, unknown ambitions and western civilization, still an experiment, are all elements of uncertainty, that is the cause of some uneasiness among the conservative diplomatists. It can only be said that her discretion and self-restraint in some recent crises have been superior to those of her European associates.

Supposed Corpse was Full of Life

New York, Feb. 24. — Found frozen in a snowdrift and apparently dead after Friday's storm William Ferry, a farmer, near Anthony, N.Y., lay for ten hours on the cooling boards of an undertaker's shop, surrounded by coffins and the paraphernalia of death. But for the absence of the undertaker he might have been buried alive.

Ferry was found lying in the snow. The body was cold, and the supposed corpse was taken to an undertaking establishment. Half a dozen neighbors gathered to watch over the body. The absence of the undertaker prevented further action. When he arrived the party gathered in another room. Upon their return to the cooling room they were horrified to find the supposed corpse missing.

"Body-snatchers" was their first thought. An alarm was sent out, and a messenger hurried to Ferry's home. When he arrived Ferry was disposing of a hearty meal. He said he suddenly became conscious, and observing his surroundings fled through a side door, and hurried home.

School books, pencils and all necessary school supplies at The Times Bookstore, 382 George.

WATER SUPPLY FAILING

Many Farmers in the Country Have Difficulty in Getting a Supply of Water

Owing to the severe cold weather during the present winter many wells in the country are almost dry, and as a result some farmers are having considerable trouble in getting sufficient water for their stock. A number of well-known farmers are obliged to drive their cattle to creeks and even to the river, while others are obliged to draw water a distance of three or four miles. This means a lot of very hard work when it is considered the amount of water required each day for thirty cows and horses and the same number of sheep and hogs. A good thaw at the present time would be very acceptable to these parties.

Drugging Will Not Cure Catarrh

This loathsome disease is caused by germs that invade the air passages of the head, throat and lungs, and can be cured only by inhalation of medicated air. Stomach medicines, atomizers and snuffs are ineffectual, because it is inhaled to every part of the breathing organs, and has power to kill the germ, heals the inflamed tissues and prevents droppings in the throat. Catarrhozone treats more than one thousand square feet of the mucous surface with every breath taken through the inhaler, and affords instant relief. It perfectly cures catarrh, asthma and bronchitis. Sold by druggists. Two months' treatment, price $1.00. Small size 25c., or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

CARLISTS FEARED

More Trouble in Barcelona—Strikers Driven Away by the Troops

London, Feb. 24.—No one should be surprised at the desperate so-called labor riots in Spain, for they were predicted here months ago. The information then made public was obtained in Anarchist quarters in London, a fact which among others proves that this bad business in Barcelona and elsewhere is not the outcome of genuine industrial discontent, but is an organized revolutionary movement.

Nobody doubts the capacity of the Spanish Government to suppress the revolt. The only fear is that the Carlists may take advantage of the present unhappy situation, and this dread is the explanation of the decision to call out the army reserves.

The Carlist leaders in France have lately been very active, but Don Carlos himself, when last heard of, was displaying about as much actively and enterprise as a tortoise. He was then in Venice, after paying a visit to his sick son at Nice. There are still thousands of honest Spanish peasants ready to take up arms for Don Carlos, but this degenerate son of kings has strong objections to incurring any personal risks, even when a crown is dangling before his nose.

FRENCH EX-AMBASSADOR'S VIEW.

A former French Ambassador in Madrid, who well understands the significance of the present revolutionary attempt, says:—"These troubles cannot be attributed to Catalanism, still less to Carlism. I am convinced that the real instigators are Socialists allied with Anarchists, and I am certain that when the list of wounded is drawn up, not a few Italian-sounding names will be found in it.

"If the Government shows energy there is no fear of the insurrectionary movement spreading to other provinces, but Senor Sagasta is perhaps not the man for the situation. With such a man as Weyler the riots would soon be put down. It is to be hoped, however, that his intervention may not be necessary."

FIRED ON THE POWER HOUSE

Madrid, via Hendaye, Feb. 24. — The situation in Barcelona is beginning to look better. In other parts of the disturbed area there is some improvement. Anselmo Lorenzo, the director of an Anarchist journal, and Miguel Mitra, secretary of the Anarchist Club, have been arrested. Documents containing lists of all known active European Anarchists have been seized.

The captain-general has ordered the newspapers to resume publication, but the directors reply that the compositors refuse to work. The strikers poured a fusillade upon the electric powerhouse of the city, but the troops drove them off.

Transport for merchandise destined for Barcelona has been refused at Parthou, a seaport town in Gerona, on the Gulf of Lyons.

In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Count Romanones, the Minister of Education, denied that twelve strikers were executed on Friday. Prime Minister Sagasta refused to discuss the situation until order was restored.

SITUATION IMPROVED.

London, Feb. 24. — A despatch to the Central News from Barcelona states that there is considerable improvement in the situation there. More tram cars are running, and the authorities hope that the strike will be ended tomorrow. The theatres will be reopened to-night. Some of the newspapers are expected to publish tomorrow.

WISHES TO RIDE ON AN ENGINE.

Prince Henry Makes a Peculiar Request at Baltimore

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 24.—The train which is bearing Prince Henry, of Prussia to the national capital, made an exceedingly slow run from Jersey City to Baltimore, but there was no desire to make time with it. The train left Jersey City at one o'clock, and it was arranged to so time its run that it would not reach Washington until after 10 o'clock this morning. The Prince retired shortly after the special began its journey across the State of New Jersey, and it was after 7 o'clock when he arose. He breakfasted at 8 o'clock in his private car Columbia. He said that he found himself very comfortable in his car and train, and thanked the President's delegates and the railway officers for the arrangements made for his transportation. He expressed a desire to ride in an engine at some time during the journey through the country, and it was arranged that he should do so somewhere in the mountains of Pennsylvania at the outset of his southern tour later this week.

There were no demonstrations during the night run of the train. The start was made so late that there were no crowds anywhere. In Maryland during the early hours of the morning small crowds gathered at the stations, but no stops were made.

STAY IN BALTIMORE.

The Prince's stay in Baltimore was necessarily very brief. The train arrived at 9 o'clock, and was met at the Union Station by the Mayor of Baltimore and an escort of twenty-four prominent citizens. Two hundred members of the various German singing societies were also admitted to the station, but none of the crowd which congregated in the streets were allowed to approach the special train. Prince Henry came out of his apartment in the rear of the long train and Mayor Hayes was presented to him as he stood upon the rear platform by Mr. Von Lingen, the German Consul at this point.

The Mayor then presented an engrossed copy of resolutions of welcome which have been adopted by the City Council, and the Prince, accepting it, replied suitably.

The chorus of singers then rendered several German patriotic national airs. After a stay of ten minutes the train pulled out amid the cheers of the crowd which lined the bridges over the tracks.

IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Prince Henry arrived in Washington at 10.30 this morning. He was met by Secretaries Hay and Long, and Count Quadt, and two other attaches of the German Embassy. Ten minutes later he left for the White House.

PRO-BOER AGITATION IN UNITED STATES

Webster Davis Addresses an Immense Audience in Kansas City

RESOLUTIONS ARE ADOPTED

The Speaker Roasts the United States Government for not Interfering to Stop the War--But He Says Nothing About the Philippine Struggle.

Kansas City, Feb. 25—Thousands of people attended the pro-Boer meeting of the Jackson County Democratic Club last night. Webster Davis was the speaker of the evening and at times he aroused his hearers to a high pitch of enthusiasm. With the skill of a finished logician and orator he arraigned the British for their cruel campaign of annihilation in the Transvaal and criticised the government of this country for aiding them in their work of slaughter.

"The British press and the British sympathisers in our own country have told and published innumerable falsehoods about the Boers, and this has been done purposely in the hope of creating public sentiment in the United States in favor of the British. The intention has been to manufacture sympathy for the British cause in order that it may be known throughout the world that the people of the greatest republic in existence lend their moral support to Great Britain in their inhuman war against the Boers.

"These malignants and traducers have endeavored to make it appear that the laws of the two South African republics are oppressive, and that the Boers have abused the English in a shameful manner and that they have tried to prohibit the English language from being spoken within the borders of the two republics, and that the Boers had sjamboked many English residents to death before the beginning of the war; that they treated their prisoners with barbarity; these and many other atrocious lies have been told about the Boers.

"From the two little struggling republics in South Africa will come the mightier republic which shall take its place by the side of its sister republics in the great competitive race of nations. A republic wherein freedom and equal rights shall prevail and have a lasting abiding place. A republic wherein manhood reigns alone and every citizen is king. A republic with one people, one flag and one country. It is life, liberty and property and all personal rights shall be amply secured to all citizens and protected by just and stable laws, where public and private credit will be thoroughly established, and in all of its interests and concerns it will partake of the improvements and progress of the times. Then will the future historian on pages bedewed with generous tears tell of the heroic struggles of the men and women who founded that republic. They whose ancestors stood firm and courageous before the Spanish inquisition when they began their great struggle for freedom and right, and whose brave spirit was unbroken by the cruelties and hardships heaped on them by Louis XIV, and how after many years of trials and tribulations, the new republic of South Africa grew to be not a dream but an established fact.

"I do not believe that a more moral, generous hearted, God-fearing people live anywhere than the Boers. Physically they have no superiors. In honesty, temperance and frugality they are unsurpassed. It is true that they are somewhat stubborn, tenacious and jealous of their rights. Their love of liberty is as strong as that of our own revolutionary fathers and mothers, whose deeds of valor and suffering challenged the admiration of the world and made 'America' the symbol everywhere for freedom and equality of rights.

"Should the British by overwhelming numbers succeed in conquering the Boers in the present struggle it will avail nothing, for freedom crushed to earth will again arise and the Africander spirit will live on and on until finally success will crown their efforts. Future generations will take up the burden where their stricken fathers laid it down, and the final outcome is certain.

"The world's history is full of the records of the rise and fall of empires and kingdoms—of the dazzling pomp and splendor of the march of kings and queens, who hated liberty and justice, but who loved tyranny and oppression, who went down into oblivion and to-day the antiquarian digs and delves amid the ruins of their capitols to find some token of remembrance worthy of transmission to succeeding generations. But in all nations wherein the altars of liberty were erected the fires glowed thereon as beacon lights along the pathway of the centuries to guide liberty-loving people back to the lines whereon their fathers stood when they reddened them with the crimson tide of their lives.

"When Frederick the Great seized a province loosely attached to the Austrian empire all the monarchies of Europe were shocked. And yet at that time those monarchies had never heard of the principles of the French revolution. If that was true then, how could it be possible now, in this glorious morning of the twentieth century, for democratic Americans to have any feeling but that of the deepest indignation for an attempt to destroy the lives and liberties of the brave people of two of its sister republics? The great masses of our people do sympathize with the Boers to-day. They stand for liberty, for civilization, for self-government and for peace."

Cheers greeted the closing of Mr. Davis peroration and then resolutions extending sympathy to the Boers, denouncing the British and expressing the hope that our own government intervene were adopted.

The closing paragraphs of the resolutions read:

"We extend the right hand of fellowship to Governor Yates of Illinois and commend him 'for calling on the liberty-loving people of his great state to give aid and comfort to a noble people who are being compelled to fight to sustain the second republic in the world.

"We recommend to Governor Dockery that he give the 'Equal Rights' people of our state the opportunity to express their feelings and aid in any manner they see proper, their fellow men, who are struggling and dying to save their homes and form of self-government.

"We hope that President Roosevelt may see his way clear to offer—as we have ever done in the past—the sympathy of the United States for any people having intelligence and energy enough to fight and die for independence.

"We bow our heads in reverence and hold in sacred memory the true patriotic American, who, that others may live in liberty and independence, dies in a foreign land, fighting, for JUSTICE AND FREEDOM."

WRECKED BY INCENDIARIES

Six Explosions in Rapid Succession—Men Women and Children Hurled Out of Bed

Victor, Colo., Feb. 25.— Cripple Creek is in a state of terror owing to the preconcerted attack upon all the leading assay offices doing business in the district. Beginning at 3 o'clock this morning and following in rapid succession, six explosions wrecked as many assay offices in the centres ranging from Victor to Cripple Creek and up to Goldfield. In every instance the object sought by the incendiaries was accomplished by the destruction of the offices with their equipment and delicate balances.

The raiders did not hesitate to jeopardize life, as all but one of the buildings was occupied by sleeping families. As it was, men women and children were hurled out of their beds by the shocks, and serious injuries inflicted. The full extent of the damage cannot be estimated.

HEAVY LOSSES.

In this city the Davenport office was wrecked by two explosions, involving a loss of $1,200. Almost at the same time the assay offices of Vanderwalker, Morgan, and Williams were treated likewise. The loss was approximately as large as Davenport's. One man, a miner, was severely injured in the explosion at Williams' office. He was passing at the moment of the explosion. Flying debries struck him in the face, gashing his eyes, and may result in total blindness. In Cripple Creek Benjamin's assay office, north of the Florence and Cripple Creek depot, was blown up.

In the Town of Goldfield, about a mile and a half north, almost simultaneously, Boyce's office and another assay establishment were wrecked. Boyce's family occupied an adjoining room, but escaped without fatal injuries. The general impression here this morning is that the explosions are the result of a general movement to rid the district of all high-grade ore purchasing institutions. Bloodhounds from Canon City have been called for.

Temperance Lecture

Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Spiritual Adviser of St Peter's T.A.S. visited Ennismore on Sunday and after celebrating mass in St Martin's church, he delivered a stirring temperance lecture to a very large congregation. A total abstinence society will be formed in Ennismore on Sunday next. The society will be affiliated with St. Peter's T.A.S.

Rev. Dr. O'Brien's address on Temperance, delivered here a short time ago will be issued in pamphlet form at an early date.

At the last meeting of St. Peter's T.A.S. fully twenty new members were initiated. There are nearly 1200 members in the different temperance societies connected with the Cathedral.

A number of improvements are being made in the rooms of the T.A.S which will be completed in a few days.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY

In George Street Church Last Night was a Great Success

The Sunday School rooms of the George street Methodist church was packed to the doors last night being the occasion of a grand musical festival. The chorus consisted of about 400 voices under the very able and efficient leadership of Mr. G. W. Mulligan who was assisted by Prof. Gilddens orchestra. A most pleasing programme of vocal and instrumental music was presented which brought forth the most hearty applause.

OBITUARY

Mr. John Delaney, an Old and Respected Citizen of Peterborough Passes Away

The death occurred on Sunday evening, at the family residence, corner of Brock and Rubidge streets, of Mr. John Delaney, at the age of 86 years, one of Peterborough's oldest and most highly respected citizens. Deceased had been in good health until Wednesday last, when he was stricken with paralysis, which carried him away very suddenly.

The late Mr. Delaney was a native of Tipperary, Ireland, and came to Canada, when a young man, settling in Peterborough. He has resided here ever since. After being engaged in business for many years, in which he was very successful, he retired about 25 years ago. He was married to Miss Ellen O'Donnell, a native of Ireland and a widow and a family of seven survive him. He had no other relatives in America, excepting a sister in the United States. Deceased never identified himself with any public office or society, but he was well known to a large circle of friends. He was a Roman Catholic in religion, and a Liberal in politics. He was genial, kind, and open-minded, and strongly discouraged bigotry, and a striking feature of his life was the large number of Protestant friends he won to his side.

The funeral will take place from his late residence to-morrow morning at nine o'clock, and proceed to the Roman Catholic cemetery for interment.

Fire Last Night

About 5.30 o'clock last night the fire brigade was called to a fire in Ashburnham. The fire was located in a house east of Calcutt's brewery and the flames got under control after a stubborn fight. The house was badly wrecked. The people living in it lost considerable of their furniture.

CORONER'S INQUEST ON DEATH OF J. F. PERRIN

Continued Last Night at the Council Chambers --Important Evidence Taken

ADJOURNED AGAIN TO MEET THIS EVENING.

Evidence of Many of the Witnesses in a Number of Instances of a Contradictory Nature

The Coroner's jury met again last evening in the Town Council chamber to further inquire into the cause of the death of J. F. Perrin. The jury answered to their names and the examination of witnesses proceeded.

John S. Perrin, sworn, said,—I am a brother of deceased, and was at work on the west side of the building, about 25 feet from deceased, when he fell. The noise of men yelling attracted my attention. I saw his feet and part of his legs when he fell. I went down and saw him lying on his back on the first floor from the ground. George Harmer was rubbing his head. He was lying about two feet from the well-hole when I saw him. His head was toward the east. He was removed to Nicholls Hospital, where he died at 6.30. The accident occurred about 4 o'clock. The body was afterwards removed to Comstock's undertaking establishment, and a post-mortem held there. I cannot tell how the accident occurred. I heard the signal-man and the engineer disputing about it, but I do not know whether the bell rang or not. I worked at the same work as my brother. The cable was attached to a beam about six feet above the floor of the cage. I do not know whether the beam disappeared first or not. I do not know why he should fall against a cable. It is not likely that he would touch. I do not whether he fell before the beam passed or not.

I knew of the cage going down before, when Fox was putting a barrow on it, but I do not know whether the bell rang or not. I also heard of the cage going down with Carr Deceased had been working upon the building about three or four weeks. Mr. Redfern never warned me personally of danger in the elevator going down, but I do not know whether he warned the others or not. I knew of the danger, but never told my brother or any other person, as I do not think it was my duty to warn others. I did not think it my duty to warn anyone nor to report the danger to anyone, as I was not there to do that. It was dangerous for the elevator to go down, and I think it neglect on their part that the accident occurred. The bell-man or the engineer neglected their duty, but I could not say which was to blame.

George Armour was next called, and being sworn, said,—I was working on the building, attending the hoist, when the accident happened. Deceased was taking off a barrow when the hoist dropped, and he fell. I ran down the ladder and saw deceased, who was lying on the lower floor, with his head about the width of two planks from the well-hole. He fell after the cross-beam of the hoist had passed the floor. The hoist dropped very suddenly, and the beam had time to pass before he fell over. I generally heard the bell ring I paid attention to the sound of the bell for my own part, and would warn others to be careful. I heard the bell ring, but, I do not know how many times. The signal-man was talking to some person down below. He can talk to others when the hoist is up. There are two well-holes. When one cage is down the other is up. Signal-man appeared to be talking to some one down below, as conversation was going on at the time Perrin fell. I walked about ten feet after hearing the bell before the hoist went down. I heard the bell ring, but I do not know if Redfern rang it or not. The bell-wire is at the south side of the south well-hole. Redfern usually talked down the well-hole nearest his post. I never worked on these hoists before. I have seen them in use, but I do not know whether there were locks or slips. Redfern would pull the wire up about two feet to ring the bell. I never saw him take the wire and move away to talk down the well-hole. I do not know how long the hoist was up. It can be seen from nearly any part of the building I do not know how long the barrow had been at the top when it was taken off the hoist. If possible a man is there to take the barrow from the hoist when it comes up. I do not know of any delay. Providing the men were there, there was time to change barrows at the top while the hoist was being loaded at the bottom. If they had it loaded below, the hoist could not drop as soon as it came up. The hoist has to stand at the top until the cage was loaded below. I expected Redfern would ring the bell, but I did not see him do it, nor did I speak to him about ringing it. I never told any person that Redfern rang the bell The bell rang distinctly, but as I have never examined it, I cannot say what rang it. It rings at times and no one knows the cause. That might have been so in this case. I saw the beam of the cage pass the floor before deceased fell. He might not have touched the cable. He fell lengthways of the hole where the cage comes up. Deceased threw out his hands, but he had no chance to recover his balance. He had one foot on the hoist, and the other on the floor when the cage dropped. He would fall over. The beam will pass in a person's length. The hoist descends quicker than a body will overbalance Perrin knew the hoist went down unexpectedly before. I warned the other men to be careful. Not one at a time, but in a body. Deceased would bear warning the same as the others In the suddenness of the fall he would not think of catching at the cable. As a rule, I put one foot on the hoist. The barrow could be taken off without stepping on the hoist. Sometimes we pushed the barrow off the hoist, and at other times backed off and pulled the barrow after us. The men usually pulled the barrow off by backing away from the hoist, but I do not know which way deceased was going to take his barrow off. It was rather dangerous to take the barrow off by walking over the hoist, but I have done so. I warned all the men at different times. I did not notice the position of the barrow on the cage, but a shovel was in the mortar. I do not know whether deceased struck the cage or not. He might have struck the cable. There is enough spring in the cable to throw a man back. I did not find fault with anybody or anything, and I did not warn Mr. Gaylor or anyone else in authority, although I did the others. There is no danger in crossing the cage when the link is in. If the link is reversed, the engine will move and the hoist will go down, but it is impossible for the hoist to move until this was done. I understand the engine is reversible, but I have never examined it. Standing on the hoist there would not be much danger in falling. The handles of the barrows had been shortened and with mitts on it was difficult to hold the handles. Signal man sometimes signalls to the cellar to tell men there what particular kind of brick or other material is wanted at the top. I do not know if deceased had hold of the handles or not. I have been working at the works since the accident, and have been taking chances by walking over the hoist until this morning. The barrow handles are all the one way. I was going to put the barrow in the north hoist, the same one deceased was going to take his barrow off.

Wm. Redfern, recalled, said,—I do not hold the handle in my hand at all times. The well-hole next to the bell wire was open when the accident occurred. I never hold the bell wire when I move around to speak to others. Just before the accident, I was talking down the well hole, but I did not pull the string. I was talking down the south well hole when the cage came up on the other side. I spoke down before deceased came to the hoist. I was talking to the men who were putting barrows on hoist. I did not know who it was at that time. I generally give three bells to draw the attention of the men below to speak to them. One bell is the signal to lower the cage. I did not hear the bell ring at the time Armour was coming to the hoist. There would be about four feet slack in the wire from bottom to top. I would not move away from the hoist and still hold the bell wire. Sometimes the hoist runs faster than others. It is kept busy, never being idle more than two or three minutes. Perrin was not at the hoist when I signalled below. When deceased came to the hoist I was talking to Geo. Carr. When the hoist dropped, I called out. The hoist did not move when I rang to speak to the men The engineer may mistake the first call signal and start the engine, but the hoist did not move when the signal bell was given.

Charles Adams, recalled said,—Do not reverse link every time hoist is raised. Reverse link when we are running fast, if foot was taken off lever there would require considerable weight on top cage to lower it as machinery has to be moved. When engine is stopped, steam is shut off and after a short time it releases. The machine is held by a brake Cannot say whether I heard call signal or not before I heard bell to lower. When at my post I answer signal at once unless lower cage is not loaded. Could not mistake call signal for my own signal Boy is small and might not remember hearing bell. While making some repairs to machine he has called my attention to signal to raise hoist. We were running faster than usual at the time and I was paying particular attention to everything on that account.

James Gaylord sworn said,—I am employed as foreman on the new Cereal works. Know working of hoist and engine. Leave the working of the hoist to the engineer. Did not put up hoist. Carpenters did that. Have examined hoist every day to see it was in good working order. Do not know whether I examined it the afternoon of the accident or not. When I saw it next day the cage was part way down with a barrow of mortar and shovel on it. Hoist was above temporary floor. It was about to the second floor. Barrow was about the same as when it was put on. Examined bell and found it working all right. Did not examine wire but it rang bell from any floor. Could ring bell from any floor by catching wire. Was on third floor, descending, the incline when accident happened. Heard crash and saw brother of deceased coming down incline.

Bell is in basement. Wire extends through first floor and up to top of building. Bell wire is near hoist-support and is protected. Wire is not encased in any way. There was no one on ground floor when accident happened. There was no one working on the different floors. [illegible] Do not think men's lives depended on the wire. No person would want to walk across the beams. There is no one working there that I know of. Engineer takes care of engine and hoist. Have not heard any complaints about working of hoist. Bell is working all right. I superintend the construction. I have not contract. Am in service of Cereal Co. Did not build hoist. Had something to do in superintending the carpenter work. Mr. Langfords men put up hoist. I did not consider the matter of having a catch put at each floor. Did not think it necessary to put an attachment on floor to hold cage. Engineer can do that. The engineer can hold hoist at any floor. There generally is not any lock to hold hoist at any flat. Have had about 27 years experience in Toronto, Hamilton and other places. Have been employed in constructing hoists. This hoist bell and all the attachments are in perfect working order. Had cable broken when

Continued on page 4.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 25 1902

WHY BRITAIN IS HATED

The average Little Englander is politically near-sighted. When alien nations exhibit dislike and hatred of Great Britain, they say: "Some of these statesmen of ours must have been saying something to annoy our neighbors. That man Chamberlain has been indiscreet again. The other day when these continental gentlemen were calling us murderers and butchers of women and children, pig-dogs, swine and other such epithets, besides libelling our soldiers in an unheard-of manner, Chamberlain had the bad taste to offend them by saying that he was not taking back talk from kindergarten nations like Germany and that our soldiers did not commit such outrages on the inhabitants as did the Germans in France in 1870. The result of these tactless remarks has been to arouse the personal animosity of the people. Chamberlain should be less brusque." On the other hand this is how Max Nordau, who is not politically short-sighted, explains the hatred of England in Europe: "The result of five hundred years of English history is the mastery of the seas, the possession of the greatest colonial empire the world has ever seen, the astonishing expansion of the Anglo-Saxon race, and the resentful hatred of the nations from whom England has once or oftener had to exact respect for the English flag, or whom she has had to drive from the sea or various shores."

John Bull should have learned by this time that nothing succeeds like success in making these successful people dislike you.

Of Interest To Hay Fever Sufferers

Physicians generally recommend a change of climate for the relief of hay fever, where such weeds and flowers as ragweed and honeysuckle are not indigenous, as these and many other flowers and grasses aggravate the disease. Many localities have been recommended, such as mountainous regions and the sea coast, but generally at these resorts a great deal depends upon the vagaries of the wind, and results are not always satisfactory, as if the wind should blow off shore, as it frequently does, there is no relief.

In Muskoka and among the 30,000 islands of the Georgian Bay conditions are different. It is of no consequence which way the wind blows. The preponderance of water area to land surface; the curative odors of balsam and pine, together with the elevation of a thousand feet above the sea, renders hay fever an impossible condition in these districts. Handsome illustrated booklet entitled "Hay Fever: How to Avoid and Cure," may be had free by applying to M. C. Dickson, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

New Zealand has sent 5,000 men to the South African war. If Canada had been equally represented our quota would have been 35,000 instead of 3,500.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

(A Poem Asked For.)

Do you wish the world were better?
 Let me tell you what to do."
Set a watch upon your actions,
 Keep them always straight and true.
Rid your mind of selfish motives,
 Let your thoughts be clean and high.
You can make a little Eden
 Of the sphere you occupy.

Do you wish the world were wiser?
 Well, suppose you make a start
By accumulating wisdom
 In the scrap book of your heart.
Do not waste one page on folly;
 Live to learn and learn to live.
If you want to give men knowledge,
 You must get it ere you give.

Do you wish the world were happy?
 Then remember day by day
Just to scatter seeds of kindness
 As you pass along the way.
For the pleasure of the many
 May be ofttimes traced to one
As the hand that plants the acorn
 Shelters armies from the sun.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Dr. Varnadoe, a noted professor of Greek, is very fond of flowers, and some days ago, on returning from his college duties, he found in his front yard a pestiferous calf belonging to a neighbor. The doctor gave chase, and the animal plunged toward the flower-pit, and in another instant crashed through the glass cover and mixed at random with the pots and plants below. When another professor passed a few minutes later, he said, gravely: "I do not understand, Dr. Varnadoe, why you should object so seriously to having a modest cowslip added to your fine collection of plants." The doctor's frowning face relaxed. "Ah, Sanborn," he retorted, "you see, this was only a [illegible]."

The Snakes' Paradise.

The Borongo Islands lie about halfway between Calcutta and Rangoon. When the snakes die they go to the Borongos. That is their paradise; there they hold high carnival. I spent three years among them, and know of these things. From the giant python down to the deadly karait they are all there, all the ophidians. Even the salt water snakes, that are all poisonous—they, too, are there. Two Europeans had preceded me on the Borongos, so there was considerable natural history on tap when I arrived, and we rapidly acquired more. One can't live among snakes without studying them; they insist upon it. . . .

Each evening I killed an hour or so of the monotony by walking up and down the path in front of the bungalow. A big cat was my usual companion. His method of introducing himself to my notice was generally abrupt. He would lie in wait, and, as I came along, spring out upon me, alighting against one of my legs. At other times he would lie on his back in the path and claw at my feet as I passed. One evening, just after turning into the path from the bungalow, I felt *something soft and yielding* against my foot. Thinking it was "Billy," I gave the mass a gentle push. As I shifted the something I saw a twisting gleam of white, not at all like the soft gray of Billy's fur. Of course I knew what that meant. Jumping back I brought my walking-stick down on the twisting thing, and yelled for a light. The servants came running from the cookhouse with a lantern, and I saw that I had laid out a most villainous dabeia. One touch from the catlike fangs on my cotton-hosed instep, and within an hour I would have been dead.

One of our party had occasion to visit a Mr. Savage, a half-caste landowner on the other side of the island. He went in a boat, and while the coolies were bringing up his traps went up to the bungalow. He was sitting in a big chair on the veranda, talking to Savage, when he felt something drop from the leaf roof on to his shoulder. Leisurely he started to rise to see what had fallen, when the other man cried out: "For God's sake don't move—keep perfectly still!" Dunlop knew what that meant. Stealthily the old man took a Burmese dah (sword) from the wall, and, catlike, crept toward the white man with the thing on his shoulder. Within striking distance he paused, and raised the dah high in the air to cut the thing in two with one swift downward stroke. Then his nerve, rattled and tugged at for sixty years until it was weak, failed him and the sword clattered from his numbed fingers to the floor. "My God—I can't do it," he whined in a broken voice, and reeled back against the wall where he stood staring with weak eyes at the sahib and his burden.

Dunlop neither moved nor spoke; his only safety lay in keeping perfectly still—motionless. It might be minutes or a thousand years; they would have to wait till the boatmen came. What would happen then he could not say. He could feel the clinging, pulling thing on his right shoulder. There was an undulating pressure that told him the head of the snake was swaying back and forth just above his neck. Then the song of the Madrassi boatmen as they came swinging along with his luggage broke upon his ear. Those gin-thickened voices, carolling the hoarse refrain to the time of the measured trot, were angel voices. What would the muddle-brained coolies do, he wondered. If Emir Ally, his trusted servant, saw the thing, it might be well; he had nerve and judgment even close to that of a sahib. Emir Ally was in the lead. When he came to the steps Savage jerked out an expression that called his attention to the tableau. Gathering his loongy tight about his loins, he slipped along the veranda like a shadow, grasped the fallen dah, and, poising his black lithe body for a swift, strong stroke, brought the sword through the air with a swishing cut that laid a full-grown cobra in two neat pieces almost at the feet of the man who had waited.—W. A. Fraser

Stories of the Bar.

An able Southern lawyer, still living, has a good story about his examination by Reverdy Johnson, one of the greatest lawyers of the last century, says the Philadelphia "Times." Mr. Johnson knew the young man, but, apparently, he did not allow his familiarity to influence the case. He asked him one or two questions as easy as the alphabet or the multiplication table, and then very severely demanded:

"Young man, can you mix a good brandy julep?"

"I think I can, sir," was the reply.

"There," pointing to the sideboard, "are the ingredients, sir. Now, let me see what you can do."

The candidate approached and used his finest touch and sense of selection in compounding the tonic. Then, topping it off artistically with a fresh mint, he presented it to his examiner. Mr. Johnson gave the case his best care and patience, and finally, when the bottom of the generous glass had been reached, he looked at the young man admiringly and announced that he had passed.

Another story is told of a judicial district in Florida where, before the era of railroads and owing to the numerous creeks and rivers, there had to be frequent fording of streams in order to make good time between the country towns. The candidate presented himself before the judge, who, after looking at the young man a few moments and taking in his measure, asked:

"Can you ride?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you own a horse?"

"Yes, sir."

"Can he swim?"

"Yes, sir."

Whereupon the judge bowed gravely and remarked:

"I am very glad, sir, to welcome you to the practice of law in my district."

Angry Wife—What do you mean by coming home at this time of night? Husband—Every other place was shut, my dear.

Baker—Old Baldy is getting ready for the fly season.

Jones—What is he doing?

"Having his head tattooed with a design of a spider's web."

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Life is Too Short!

An evening contemporary has been informing its readers that they can use the same calendars every twenty years—when the dates of the months fall on the same days of the week—thereby avoiding the expense of five almanacs for the present century. But here is something even better than that. Those persons who have the double advantage of ancient family and careful forefathers, by turning up the calendars—unfortunately, they are not printed ones—for the twelfth century, by Solomon Jarchus, will find the days and dates coincident with the present century. Such persons can save the expense of buying for one hundred years. Again, those with a frugal mind who have preserved the almanacs of the nineteenth century will avoid an outlay for calendars of the century commencing January 1, 2301, as the dates for the hundred years following will be coincident with those of the last century. But life, remarks the London "Chronicle," is scarcely long enough for such economies.

Tommy's Poser.

A lady was recently reading to her young son the story of a little fellow whose father was taken ill and died, after which he set himself diligently to work to assist in supporting himself and his mother. When she had finished the story, she said:

"Now, Tommy, if pa were to die, wouldn't you work to keep mamma?"

"Why, no," said the little chap, not relishing the idea of work. "What for? Ain't we got a good house to live in?"

"Oh, yes, my dear," said the mother, "but we can't eat the house, you know."

"Well, ain't we got plenty of things in the pantry?" continued the young hopeful.

"Certainly, dear," replied the mother, "but they would not last long, and what then?"

"Well, ma," said the young incorrigible, after thinking a moment, "ain't there enough to last till you get another husband?"

Ma gave it up.

When the late President of the United States and party went west not many months before he was shot, Mrs. McKinley, it will be remembered, went too. While talking one day with Mr. Scott, the man who built the battleship "Oregon," relates a writer in the Boston "Journal," Mrs. McKinley said: "Oh, do you play cribbage, Mr. Scott?" "Yes," was the great shipbuilder's answer. "Well, so do I," said Mrs. McKinley. "I wish you would play a game with me." "I should be delighted to do so," was the reply. Later, as President McKinley and Mr. Scott were looking over the latter's big plant, Mrs. McKinley not being present, the President said: "Oh, by the way, Mr. Scott, didn't I hear you and Mrs. McKinley arranging to play cribbage some time?" "Yes," said Mr. Scott, "we are going to play." "Well, what kind of a player are you?" asked the President. "Oh, pretty fair, I guess; I play a pretty good game." "Well, so do I," said Mr. McKinley. "But, do you know, it may seem strange, but it is a fact, that I have never been able to play well enough to beat Mrs. McKinley." As he said this he looked at Mr. Scott with a significant smile. Their eyes met. It was enough. Mr. Scott understood, and it was safe to say that he did not beat Mrs. McKinley.

The Origin of Whist.

THE following statement, culled from the current number of a magazine, is an egregious blunder:

"The originator of the game of whist is (sic) Edmond Hoyle (1672-1769)." Cotton writing in 1674 tells us that Whist was so well known at that time that "every Child almost of Eight Years old, hath a Competent Knowledge of the recreation." Hoyle was then not two years of age. But we must go a great deal farther back for the origin of the game, which is indeed lost in the obscurity of the centuries. Previous to 1526 the game of Triumph (whence trump), which embraced the essential features of Whist, had considerable vogue in England. It furnished Bishop Latimer with an illustration for a sermon preached at Christmas, 1529. Shakespeare's familiarity with the game is evident from Antony's address to Eros ("Antony and Cleopatra," Act IV., Scene XIV.)

The game acquired the name of Whist, or Whisk, in the forepart of the seventeenth century. Butler uses the present appellation in Hudibras (1663).

About 1728 a little circle of players, presided over by the then Lord Folkestone, was wont to meet in the Crown Coffee House. This was the inception of scientific Whist. Hoyle was probably a member of the coterie in question.

The publication of his treatise (1742-3) and his efforts as a professional teacher did much to establish the game in the favor of the upper classes of English society.

"What do you think of the movement for shorter honeymoons?" I asked my fellow-traveler, an experienced gentleman from Chicago. "That's right," he declared, without a pause. "Short honeymoons and more of them. That's my platform."—Ex.

DIED

GORDON,—At Peterborough, on Sunday February 23, 1902, Margaret Ellen Ainslie, wife of Mr. W. H. Gordon, aged 38 years.

THOMPSON,—At Nicholls Hospital, on Sunday, February 23, 1902, L. Constance Thompson, second daughter of Rev. C. L. Thompson, Ashburnham, aged 20 years.

Stop the Pain but Destroy the Stomach.—This is sadly too often the case. So many nauseous nostrums purporting to cure, in the end do the patient immensely more harm than good. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are a purely vegetable pepsin preparation, as harmless as milk. One after eating prevents any disorder of the digestive organs. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—39

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FATE.

It is very convenient to attribute the disasters which overtake us to fate. But for the most part man is the arbiter of his own fortunes. Business men are struck down suddenly as by lightning. The verdict is generally "heart failure." "His heart was weak. It was fate for him to meet this end." But if we went behind the "weak" heart we should find a "weak" stomach, probably, and back of the weak stomach is careless eating at irregular hours.

When the stomach is diseased the organs depending on the stomach for nutrition are starved. Starvation means weakness of the body and its organs.

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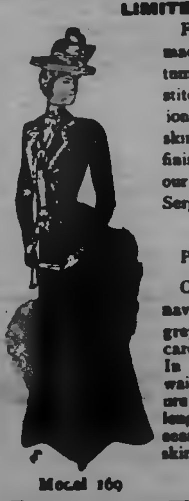

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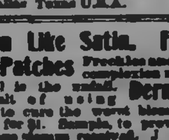

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A Spider's Genius

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web in the top of a decaying peach tree with so few leaves that it was in plain view. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will as long as the receptacle within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—"Waverley Magazine."

Wealth's Milestones.

"Spring has came," mused Mr. Gotrichkwick, as he stood before the window with his hands thrust deep into his pockets.

"Aw, now, how kind you tell, pap?" gurgled his diamond-bedecked daughter.

"Because——," said the father, as he clinked the coins in his pocket, "because the snow has went."

"Stop that noise, Jimmie, or we will send you to bed." "Pa, you don't act like I was your real child at all; you act like I was jes' somebody else's el orphan."

It is related that once, when a captain in the army was cornered by the enemy, he addressed his men as follows: "My men, fight like demons until your powder gives out, then run. I'm a little lame, I'll start now."

An English rector on coming into a new parish, asked the clerk if there were any Puseyites (followers of Dr. Pusey, a high churchman) in the community. "No, sir," replied the clerk; "there used to be some, but for the last two years the boys have took all their eggs."

Mark Twain was recently chaffing Sir Wemyss Reid on the vagaries of English pronunciation. "You spell a name B-e-a-u-c-h-a-m-p, and pronounce it Marchbanks," he said. "And you do precisely the same thing," replied Sir Wemyss. "What do you mean?" asked Mark Twain. "Well, you spell your name C-l-e-m-e-n-s, and you pronounce it 'Twain.'"

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Anecdotal.

A certain wealthy benefactor of Harvard humorously complained of President Eliot's treatment. "He comes to me," he said, "for my money and my advice; and, like the women in the Scripture, the one is taken and the other left."

Nothing verbal could be much more delicious than Joseph H. Choate's definition of the dinners of the New England Society of New York as "Those gatherings of an unhappy company of pilgrims who meet annually at Delmonico's to drown the sorrows and sufferings of their ancestors in the flowing bowl, and to contemplate their own virtues in the mirror of history."

"That was an excellent discourse you delivered last Sunday," remarked a veteran minister of the gospel to a rising young preacher, "but I would hardly call it a sermon." "Why not, doctor?" demanded the other. "Because you had no text." "Don't you call such a discourse a sermon unless it has a text?" "Certainly not." "You have read the Sermon on the Mount, have you not?" "Many, many times." "Well, it has no text." "On the contrary, my dear young friend," said the veteran, "it is composed entirely of texts."

The speech in the House of Lords of the Bishop of Hereford on the subject of gambling recalls a story told of Bishop Potter, of New York. The bishop, traveling through Louisiana some years ago, addressed inquiries to his fellow-passengers with a view to obtaining information regarding the orchards and fruit interests of the State. "Do you raise pears in Louisiana?" inquired the bishop. "We do," replied the Louisianian, who was a better authority on poker than on horticulture, "if we have threes or better."

A woman, who is of high social distinction in America, was presented to the Kaiser at some dinner that was not attended with royal state. She was talking to him when she was offered a famous German salad. It was handed on her right and the Kaiser was on her left, which put her in a predicament. She did not dare turn her face from the emperor to help herself to the salad. The situation was too much for her. The emperor, seeing the condition at a glance, looked at her for an instant and laughed, as he said: "A Kaiser can wait, but a salad can not."

George Moore, the author and dramatist, once had a play accepted at the Odeon in Paris. At the same time an adaptation of "Othello" was being rehearsed there. One day Mr. Moore called to see the manager of the Odeon. The door-keeper did not know him, and asked for his name and business. "I am the English author whose play has been accepted here," said Mr. Moore; "I wish to see the manager." The door-keeper went into the manager's room and said: "There's an English gentleman at the door who says that you have just accepted his play, and wants to see you." "Quite right," said the manager; "show him in. M. Shakespeare, without doubt."

It is said that once, when the late Dr. Tanner, the Irish M.P., had asked in the House whether it was true that the Duke of Cambridge had resigned his position as commander-in-chief, a Major Jones of Penzance, was so outraged that he challenged Dr. Tanner to a duel, and the following telegraphic correspondence took place: "In reply to your despicable question about the Duke of Cambridge, I designate you a coward. Delighted to give you satisfaction across the water. Pistols." To which Dr. Tanner at once replied: "Wire received. Will meet you to-morrow in Constantinople, under the Tower of Galata, midnight. Being challenged, prefer torpedoes. Bring another ass.—Tanner."

A conjurer was performing before a rough-and-ready audience in one of the prohibition States of America (according to an English paper). "I am now about to undertake a feat," said he, "in which I shall need the use of a pint flask of whiskey." There was a dead silence. "Will some gentleman in the audience favor me with a pint of whiskey?" There was no response and the conjurer began to look blank. "Surely," he continued, "in a South-Eastern prohibition town I ought not to have to ask a second time for such a thing. I give my word I will return it intact. Is there no——" "Stranger," said a tall, gaunt man, as he rose slowly from a front seat "wouldn't a quart flask do as well?" "Why, certainly! I merely——" But before he could finish, the generous, open-handed audience had risen like one man, and were on their way to the platform in a body.

The Refinement of Irony.

Magistrate: "What is your name, prisoner?"

Prisoner: "John De-Jones."

Magistrate: "John D. Jones? H'm! What does the D stand for?"

Prisoner: "I beg your worship's pardon. I would have you to know I am not of the common Joneses. I come of very refined antecedents, and our family name is De-Jones—spelled with a D-e and a hyphen."

Magistrate: "I see. Have you ever been here before?"

Prisoner: "Yes, once. I was fined forty shillings through a mistake on the part of the police."

Magistrate: "Just so. Well, taking into account your antecedents, and seeing that you come of a refined family, you may now consider yourself re-fined—spelling with an r-e and a hyphen."—"Pick-me-up."

A Clerical Wit.

After a church conference held a few days ago, two brother ministers had a friendly tilt, regarding the meaning of a certain passage in one of Shakespeare's plays. They could not come to an understanding, and one of them remarked jokingly: "Oh, well, brother, I will ask Shakespeare when I meet him in heaven!" "But supposing Shakespeare did not get to heaven?" retorted the other. "Then you can ask him about it," was the quick reply.

The Pessimist—Frailty, thy name is woman!

The Cynic—Yes, woman is invariably weak.—Brooklyn "Eagle."

A recently published story of the late Lord Morris, Chief Justice of Ireland, illustrates his scorn of red tape and petty details. A question had arisen as to the cost of heating the Irish law courts, and a consequential treasury official was sent over from London to Dublin on purpose to investigate the matter. When he introduced himself and explained his errand, Lord Morris smiled with suspicious blandness and said: "Certainly, I will put you in communication with the person immediately in charge of that department." Then he sent out a messenger, and presently there entered an old charwoman. Lord Morris arose and left the room, saying as he did so: "Mary, here is the young man to see about the coal."

Curious Bits of News.

Scotland has 6,500 university students. England, with six times the population, has 6,000.

It is now 121 years since Diomed won the first Derby, but when we come to look at the newspaper reports of the time we find that the race was dismissed in two or three lines, and any further details had to be gathered as best they could.

The highest telegraph poles in the United States have just been erected in Beaumont, Tex. So far as known they are the highest in the world, their tops being 150 feet from the ground. They carry a Western Union cable across the Neches River—a span 144 feet in length.

The pheasant, everybody knows, is a non-aquatic bird; therefore Professor Lloyd Morgan's observation that newly hatched birds of the age of thirty hours swim easily, show apt leg movements and exhibit few signs of distress, is of singular interest. Is this swimming habit a throw back or reversion to an antecedent state in the history of this land-living species, or is it to be regarded as an example of a direct and sudden adaptation to a new environment? Doubtless Professor Lloyd Morgan will debate this question at length. It certainly has an important bearing on certain obvious biological problems.

A discovery of great interest to antiquaries was made recently by workmen engaged in excavating one of the two reservoirs now being constructed for the East London Waterworks Company along the course of the Lea. On a bed of sandy silts in the "Lockwood" Reservoir, a "dug-out" boat or canoe was brought to light. In the north-eastern corner of the reservoir also, were found, five feet below the surface and between twenty and thirty feet to the west of the original bed of the river, the remains of a supposed Viking ship, clinker-built of oak, about fifty feet in length. The planks are fastened with iron nails.

It has been found that certain prawns, common along the coasts of England, change their color at least twice every 24 hours in order to harmonise with the stronger or weaker light prevailing near the surface or in the deeper water. As evening approaches these fish lose their distinctive day colors, and all assume a transparent azure hue. The change begins with a reddish glow, followed by a green tinge which gradually melts into blue. The day and night change has become so habitual that specimens kept in perpetual light or perpetual darkness nevertheless undergo the periodic alteration of color.

The British and Foreign Tract Society have translated Bunyan's "Pilgrim Progress" into no less than ninety-five different languages and dialects. Some of these, as might have been anticipated, are of a jaw-breaking character. So much so, indeed, have the compositors of the Oxford University Press found the Esquimau language to be that they have demanded a higher rate of payment in regard to it. The following samples of this beautiful tongue show that their action is reasonable: "Kujalidlarpogut ovanetsungnarlaurapta." "Rauvengitisarmaritsainarnagnargigallioaruptaloaet. Kujalijutiksakaakatsainarailoarpoguelle."

A traveller for a diamond house was talking shop the other evening, and, speaking of gems, said: "The most overworked expression used by the unsophisticated and deeply impressed diamond purchaser is, 'It actually looks as if it glows of itself.' Now, it is not generally known that such is actually the case, although not, of course, in the way the public intends. The beauty of the gem in light is, of course, in its remarkable refractive power, but under certain conditions the diamond has more, for it may gleam even in the night with a pale but extremely beautiful light. In short, it becomes phosphorescent. Heated to a certain temperature the internal fire shows itself, and under pressure the same is true. Some years ago I went to Amsterdam to purchase some special stones for a California millionaire who had ordered them through our New York house, and while there I was shown the inside workings of the famous diamond cutting establishments of that city. Of all that I saw, however, the 'self flame' of the stones under pressure most surprised me. The manager placed a large rose cut gem between the jaws of a vise and carefully applied a certain amount of pressure. He then extinguished all the light in the shop, and as soon as my eyes had become accustomed to the darkness I saw the diamond emitting a soft radiance of its own like a very pale glowworm. As I remember it, he said that the yellower diamonds were slightly more phosphorescent than the first water stones. By the way, you would be really astonished to know the number of jewels which also possess 'self flame' to a more or less extent, and I have often wondered if the alchemists who performed such apparently well authenticated wonders in the Middle Ages did not know something of phosphorescence and its oddities."

Pointed Paragraphs.

The itinerant Spiritualist is a circulating medium.

Don't meet trouble half way; it isn't worth the trouble.

Charity gives itself rich and covetousness hoards itself poor.

It isn't always the clock with the loudest tick that keeps the best time.

A dentist finds work for his own teeth by depriving other people of theirs.

Some men are so sceptical that they refuse even to believe the report of a cannon.

The value of a man's advice depends upon the success he has achieved in following it.

If you want to see a light eater suddenly acquire an appetite just ask him to lunch with you.

A policeman, like a rainbow, is a token of peace, and both have a habit of appearing after the storm is over.

The man who looks wise as an owl when giving others advice is apt to make a fool of himself by not using some of it.

There is an element of success in every man, but he seldom gets it in operation until some smart woman begins to tread on his heels.—Chicago "News."

The newest floral wonder is the "Shasta daisy," originated by a flower-grower of California. It measures a foot in circumference, and, when one was exhibited recently in a florist's window in San Francisco, people literally flocked to see it. It is really a new kind of flower, and has been produced by several years of crossing and selection, three different kinds of daisies being used—the common American species, the larger and coarser European sort, and the Japanese daisy. There are three rows of petals of the purest white, and each blossom is upheld by a single strong and wiry stem which is nearly two feet long.

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Three Photographs.

"PHOTOGRAPH all the prisoners? But why?" demanded Sir Felix Felix-Williams.

Old Canon Kempe shrugged his shoulders. Admiral Trewbody turned the pages of the Home Secretary's letter. They sat at the baize-covered table in the magistrates' room—the last of the visiting justices who met under the old regime, to receive the Governor's report and look after the welfare of the prisoners in Tregarrick county jail.

"But why, in the name of common sense?" Sir Felix persisted.

"I suppose," hazarded the Admiral, "it helps the police in identifying criminals."

"But the letter says 'all the prisoners?' You don't seriously tell me that anyone wants a photograph to identify Poacher Tresize, whom I've committed a score of times if I've committed him once? And perhaps you'll explain to me this further demand for a 'Composite Photograph' of all the prisoners, male and female. A 'composite photograph'—have you ever seen one?"

"No," the Admiral mused, "but I see what the Home Office is driving at. Someone has been persuading them to test these new theories in criminology the doctors are so busy with, especially in Italy—"

"In Italy!" pish'd Sir Felix Felix-Williams.

"My dear Sir Felix, science has no nationality." The Admiral was a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, and kept a microscope to amuse his leisure.

"It has some proper limits, I should hope," Sir Felix retorted. It annoyed him—a chairman of Quarter Sessions for close upon twenty years—to be told that the science of criminology was yet in its infancy; and he glanced mischievously at the Canon, who might be supposed to have a professional quarrel with scientific men. But the Canon was a wary fighter, and no waster of powder or shot.

"Well, well," said he, "I don't see what harm it can do, or what good. If the Home Secretary wants his composite photograph, let him have it. The only question is, have we a photographer who knows how to make one? Or must we send the negatives up to Whitehall?"

So the visiting justices sent for the local photographer and consulted him. And he—being a clever fellow—declared it was easy enough, a mere question of care in superimposing the negatives. He had never actually made the experiment: his clients (so he called his customers) preferring to be photographed singly or in family groups. But he asked to be given a trial, and suggested (to be on the safe side) preparing two or three composite prints, between which the justices might choose at their next meeting.

This was resolved, and the resolution entered in the minutes; and next day the photographer set to work. Some of the prisoners resisted and 'made faces' in front of the camera, squinting and pulling the most horrible mouths. A female shoplifter sat under protest, because she was not allowed to send home for an evening gown. But the most consented obediently, and Jim Tresize even asked for a copy to take home to his wife.

The Admiral (who had married late in life) resided with his wife and young family in a neat villa just outside the town, where his hobby was to grow pelargoniums. The photographer passed the gate daily on his way to and from the prison, and was usually hailed and catechised on his progress.

His patience with the recalcitrant prisoners delighted the Admiral, who more than once assured his wife that Smithers was an intelligent fellow and quite an artist in his way. "I wonder how he manages it," said Mrs. Trewbody, "he told Baby last autumn that a little bird would fly out of the camera when he took off the cap, and everyone allows that the result is most lifelike. But I don't like the idea, and I think it may injure his trade."

The Admiral could not always follow his wife's reasoning. "What is it you dislike?" he asked.

"Well, it's not nice to think of one's self going into the same camera he has been using on those wretched prisoners. It's sentiment, I dare say; but I had the same feeling when he stuck up Harry's photograph in his showcase at the railway station, among all kinds of objectionable persons, and I requested him to remove it."

The Admiral laughed indulgently, being one of those men who find a charm, even of subtle flattery, in their wives' silliness.

"I agree with you" he said, "that it's not pleasant to be exposed to public gaze among a crowd of people one would never think of knowing. I don't suppose it would actually encourage familiarity, at the same time there's an air of promiscuity about it—I won't say disrespect—which, ahem, jars. But with the prisoners it's different—my attitude to them is scientific, if I may say so. I look upon them as a race apart, almost of another world, and as such I find them extremely interesting. The possibility of mixing with them on any terms of intimacy doesn't occur. I am aware, my dear," he wound up, graciously, "that you women seldom understand this mental detachment, being by nature unscientific and all the more charming for your prejudices."

At the next meeting of justices, Smithers the photographer presented himself and produced his prints with a curious air of diffidence.

"I have," he explained, "brought three for Your Worships' selection; and can honestly assure Your Worships that my pains have been endless. What puzzles me, however, is that although in all three the same portraits have been imposed, and in the same order, the results are surprisingly different. The cause of these differences I cannot detect, though I have gone over the process several times and step by step; but out of some two dozen experiments I may say that all the results answer pretty closely to one another of these three types." Mr. Smithers, who had spent much time in rehearsing this little speech, handed up photograph No. 1; and Sir Felix adjusted his spectacles.

"Villainous!" he exclaimed, recoiling. The Canon and the Admiral bent over it together.

"Most repulsive!" said the Admiral.

"Here indeed"—the Canon was more impressive—"here, indeed, is an object lesson in the effects of crime. Is it possible that to this, man's passions can degrade his divinely [illegible] of features? Were it not altogether too horrible I would have this picture framed and glazed and hung up in every cottage home in the land."

"My dear fellow," interrupted Sir Felix, "we cannot possibly let this monstrosity go up to Whitehall as representative of the inmates of Tregarrick jail! It would mean an enquiry on the spot. It would even reflect upon us. Ours is a decent county, as counties go, and I protest it shall not, with my consent, be injured by any such libel."

Mr. Smithers handed up photograph No. 2.

"This looks better," began Sir Felix, and with that he gave a slight start, and passed the photograph to the Canon. The Canon, too, started, and stole a quick glance at Sir Felix; their eyes met.

"It certainly is singular"—stammered Sir Felix. "I fancied—without irreverence—but you detected it too," he wound up incoherently.

"May I have a look?" The Admiral peered over the Canon's head; who, however, did not relinquish the photograph, but turned on Smithers with sudden severity.

"I presume, sir, this is not an audacious joke?"

"I assure Your Worship"—protested the photographer— "I had some thoughts of tearing it up, but thought it wouldn't be honest."

"You did rightly," the Canon answered; "but now that we have seen it, I have no such scruple." He tore the print across, and across again. "Even in this," he said, with a glance at the Admiral, who winced, "we may perhaps read a lesson, or at least a warning, that man's presumption in extending the bounds of his knowledge—or, as I should prefer to call it, his curiosity—may—er—bring him face to face with—"

But the Canon's speech tailed off as he regarded the torn pieces of cardboard in his hand. He felt that the others had been seriously perturbed and were not listening; he himself was conscious of a shock too serious for that glib emollient—usually so efficacious—the sound of his own voice. He perceived that it did not impose even on the photographer. An uncomfortable silence fell on the room.

Sir Felix was the first to recover. "Put it in the waste-paper basket; no, in the fire!" he commanded, and turned to Smithers. "Surely between these two extremes—"

"I was on the point of suggesting that Your Worships would find No. 3 more satisfactory," the photographer interrupted, forgetting his manner in his anxiety to restore these three gentlemen to their ease. His own discomfort was acute, and he over-acted as a man will who has unwillingly surprised a state secret, and wishes to assure everyone of his obtuseness.

Sir Felix studied No. 3. "This appears to me a very ordinary photograph. Without being positively displeasing, the face is one you might pass in the street any day, and forget."

"I hope it suggests no—no well-known features?" put in the Canon nervously.

"None at all, I think; but see for yourself. To me it seems—although hazy, of course—the kind of thing the Home Office might find helpful."

"It is less distinct than the others," said the Admiral, pulling his whiskers.

"And for that reason the more obviously composite—which is what we are required to furnish. No, indeed, I can find nothing amiss with it; and I think, gentlemen, if you are agreed, we will forward this print."

No. 3 was passed accordingly, the photographer withdrew, and the three justices turned to other business, which occupied them for a full two hours.

But, I pray you, mark the sequel.

Mr. Smithers, in his relief and delight at the magistrates' approbation, hurried home, fished out a copy of No. 3, exposed it proudly in his shop window, and went off to the Pack Horse Inn for a drink.

Less than an hour later Mrs. Trewbody, having packed her family into the jingle for their afternoon's ride with Miss Platt, the governess, strolled down into the town to do some light shopping; and, happening to pass the photographer's window, came to a standstill with a little gasp.

A moment later she entered the shop; and Mrs. Smithers, answering the shop bell, found that she had taken the photograph from the window and was examining it eagerly.

"This is quite a surprise, Mrs. Smithers. A capital photograph! May I ask how many copies my husband ordered?"

"I'm not aware, ma'am, that the Admiral has ordered any as yet, though I heard Smithers say only this morning as he hoped he'd be pleased with it."

"I think I can answer for that, although he is particular. But I happen to know he disapproves of these things being exposed in the window. I'll take this copy home with me, if I may. Has your husband printed any more?"

"Well, no, ma'am. There was one other copy; but Lady Felix-Williams happened to be passing just now, and spied it; and nothing would do but she must take it away with her."

"Lady Felix-Williams!" Mrs. Trewbody stiffened with sudden distrust. "Now what could Lady Felix-Williams want with this?"

"I'm sure I can't tell you, ma'am; but she was delighted. 'A capital likeness,' she said. 'I've never seen a photograph before that caught just that expression of his.'"

"I should very much like to know what she has to do with his expression," Mrs. Trewbody murmured to herself, between wonder and incipient alarm. But she concealed her feelings, good lady; and, having paid for her purchase, carried it home in her muff and stuck it upright against one of the Sevres candlesticks on her boudoir mantelshelf.

And there the Admiral discovered it three-quarters of an hour later. He came home wanting his tea; and, finding the boudoir empty, advanced to ring the bell. At that moment his eyes fell on Smithers' replica of the very photograph he had passed for forwarding to the Home Secretary. He picked it up, and gave vent to a long whistle.

"Now, how the dickens—"

His wife appeared in the doorway, with Harry, Dicky and Theophila clinging to her skirts, fresh from their ride and boisterous.

"My dear Emily, where in the world did you get hold of this?"

He held the photograph towards her at arm's length, and the children rushed forward to examine it.

"Papa! Papa!" they shouted together, capering round it. "Oh, mammy, isn't it him exactly?"

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"[illegible]"

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We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

More Houses For Sale

$1,000	for 7 room house and good stable near Post Office. (150)
$1,200	for 7 roomed brick near St. Paul's church. (27)
$1,000	for 1½ story brick, 6 rooms, central to work shops. (60)
$1,050	for 2 story brick, 7 rooms, near George street church.
$500	for frame cottage near Cordage Works. (176)

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
BUHL BLOCK.
DETROIT. MICH.

THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth	$6 00
Gold fillings	1 00
Silver fillings	50c
Gold crowns	5 00
Painless extraction	25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

—THE—
Pressure of Business

is greatly relieved by use of the

Long Distance Telephone

You reach your customer in a few seconds and—

MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

WATCH

—THE—

CashBargainGrocery

H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] · [illegible] George St.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MorningTimes
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 25 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Mens' Union of All Saints' will meet this evening.

—The country roads are in a terrible state with pitch holes.

—A staff of men were busily engaged yesterday in making trenches along the streets in place of a big flood.

—The confirmation class at All Saints' church will be opened on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

—The interest in the new skating and hockey rink is growing by leaps and bounds. A large amount of stock is already subscribed.

—The Paper Hangers' and Painters' Union will meet in the Y.M.C.A. hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Whiten makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 166 Hunter street, west.

—Some unprincipled person poisoned a very valuable hound on Saturday, the property of Mr. Arthur Glade. The dog was very valuable, and the owner will make it interesting for the parties who poisoned the animal, if he can find who they are.

—The people in Lindsay are preparing to give a great welcome to Flavelle's Winnipeg rink. They will be met at the station by a large procession, and escorted to the Academy of Music, where addresses will be presented.

Large Owl Shot

Mr. Wm. Poulson last Friday shot a large mottled owl on the farm of Mr. George Webber, North Monaghan. Mr. Poulson, who is a crack shot, was only able to disable the bird, and had considerable trouble in despatching it. It measured four feet, eight and one-half inches from tip to tip. It is supposed to be the mate of the one captured by Mr. S. D. Carver some time ago, but is a great deal larger. Mr. Poulson intends to have it mounted.

The Cause of Nervous Headache

This most distressing and common malady doubtless had its origin in some unbalanced condition of the nervous system. Probably the simplest, safest and most efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. Twenty drops in sweetened water gives immediate relief, and this treatment should be supplemented by bathing the region of pain with Nerviline. To say it acts quickly fails to express the result. Sold everywhere in large 25c. bottles.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEB. 28

HAD HIS ARM AMPUTATED

Mr. Jas. Wood, jr. Had His Arm Taken Off on Sunday at the Hospital

Mr. Jas. Wood, jr., of Otonabee, met with a serious and painful accident a few days ago, and as a result, his right arm had to be amputated above the elbow.

The young man was engaged in cutting straw on a stack when it upset, and he was thrown to the ground, his right arm being badly lacerated by coming in contact with a hay-knife which he had been using. The patient is resting comfortably, and doing as well as can be expected.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Ven. Archdeacon Casey, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. J. Alex Culverwell, Managing Director of the Burleigh Falls Power Co., was in town yesterday.

—Miss Margaret Young, of Bowmanville, who has been visiting Miss Nellie Thompson, returned home yesterday.

—The Ottawa papers mention the superb skating of Mrs. J. A. Aylmer at a recent skating party at Government House. Mr. Edg. Hartley is to be congratulated on the advance made by Mrs. Aylmer under his tuition.

ILLEGAL FISHING

An Omemee Man Heavily Fined at the Police Court Yesterday

Mr. Ed. Danny, of Omemee, appeared in the Police Court yesterday morning to answer to a charge of illegal fishing. A few days ago he offered fish for sale in town, and the authorities hearing of it at once searched for the guilty party and as a result he was fined thirty dollars and costs, amounting in all to thirty-six dollars.

It is alleged Danny did his illegal fishing near Cowan's bridge on Pigeon Creek. That is one of the best streams in the country for fish. Considerable work of this kind has been done of late and the law-breakers will be harshly dealt with when the fisheries overseer's catch them.

Women of Means and Social Standing Use the DIAMOND DYES

Home dyeing is always a subject of interest to thrifty and economical women. It means scores of dollars saved to the family each year when women can re-color their faded and soiled dresses, skirts, blouses, jackets, capes, ribbons, feathers, and suits for men and boys. If, in the past, you have sold for a few cents per pound your cast off garments to the rag man, save your goods and materials, and test the magical powers of the Diamond Dyes. In these popular dyes you can get the newest and most fashionable colors, and observing the simple directions, you can have a new dress, skirt, suit or overcoat at a cost of from ten to twenty cents. This pleasing and economical work is being done by thousands of women of means and good position. Try the Diamond Dyes and you will be successful.

A REMARKABLE SHOT

How a Well Known Sportsman Made the Most of our Shot

It was in the back parlor of the Snowdon House, and George Fitzgerald had been telling the boys about his wonderful execution when on a deer hunt back in the 70's, when the genial proprietor broke in:

"I remember once when Tom Beddy, Tom Rutherford and I went on a watch on Gold Lake. It was a lovely day, and after an hour's "watch" I determined to take a ramble through the woods, taking a double barrel gun with me. I fooled round all day, till I had only one charge of powder left. Ducks had been coming along one in a flock, and now and then two lone ones, and all of them out of range, until I didn't get a bird. I was discouraged; hadn't had a good shot all day. But just as I was getting out of the stand I heard a goose screaming, and I crouched down quick, I can tell you, and pretty soon he landed plump down in the slough hole in front of me, where my decoys were. I was just to the south of a meadow—you fellows remember how the marsh there is very narrow, and runs right close to the beach—and my stand was just abreast of that low place on the beach they call the blow hole. Well, I moved round carefully and got a bead on the old goose, when he must have smelt me, for just as I was going to let him have it, he began swimming away from me. I didn't want to lose him, so I began to whistle him back, and, if you'll believe me, as I was sitting there what should I see coming up by the blow hole but a red fox. Boys, I'd have given Dick Hall's new double barrelled gun for another charge of powder and shot that minute, I guess. The goose by this time had circled round and begun to come toward me again, and the fox was standing still. Gradually the old goose was getting in line with that fox. 'By thunder!' says I, 'if I can get 'em in line there's a chance of getting both.' In another minute they were right in line, and I let 'em have it. Just as I fired, a big fish jumped out of the water from a school of them that were chasing bait inshore. I shot the goose plum through the head, lamed the fox so he couldn't run, and killed that fish so he drifted ashore, and I got the whole three."

"Boys," said Tom Rutherford, solemnly, "if you'll step into the next room I'll set up the cider."

HAVE YOU EVER STOPPED TO CONSIDER?

Have you ever stopped to consider the quality, composition and effects of the various foods you use? It is too extensive a subject to deal with in a short newspaper article. Take your dish of oatmeal porridge and compare it with a dish of Malt Breakfast Food porridge, that tens of thousands are now using with the best results. What's the difference? Why, a vast and important one as far as your health and strength are concerned. Your oatmeal is a blood heater and irritant, often causing skin eruptions and facial disfigurements, and it frequently deranges the stomach and digestive organs.

Malt Breakfast Food, so highly indorsed by physicians and food experts, is a grain food entirely free from insoluble starch; it enriches the blood and keeps it pure; it soothes and comforts the stomach; it is adapted for young and old, and weak and strong. One package makes twenty-five meals. Try it and be happy. Grocers heartily recommend it.

Tobacco Remedies

In another column will be found a reader referring to Dr. McTaggart's remedy for the tobacco habit. This is known to us as a genuine cure, for the taste for tobacco. It is recommended by such gentlemen as F. S. Spence, Dr. J. C. Spencer, B.C., James Lence, London, and may be relied upon to banish the craving.

BURLEIGH FALLS POWER

Mr. Culverwell and Engineers Have Been at Burleigh for Some Days

Mr. J. Alex Culverwell, Managing Director of the Central Ontario Power Co., was in town yesterday, having come down from Burleigh where he has been for several days with three engineers, making surveys and taking soundings preparatory to making plans for the large power house they propose to build.

Mr. Culverwell states that every thing points favorable to getting a splendid head of water. It being possible that 22 feet can be obtained at a cost of about $15,000. The natural conditions of the place will allow the work to be completed at about one-tenth the cost of similar work under ordinary conditions.

The plans will be prepared at once and tenders will be called for the work.

There should be a very large amount of electric power generated at Burleigh. There is a great volume of water at the place where the power house will be built and every thing tends to having a very large amount of cheap power in town at an early date.

A Panacea For Rheumatism

Rheumatism is treated with unfailing success at Mount Clemens, Mich. Seventy-five per cent. of rheumatics are cured, and ninety per cent. benefitted by the Thermal Bath treatment. The bubbling springs are highly charged with mineral constituents and possess healing medicinal qualities that have proven so efficacious in diseases originating from uric acid. Excellent hotel accommodation. For free booklet giving full particulars, list of hotels and boarding houses, with rates, and all information, write to M. C. Dickson, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

The Peterboro-New-Market Game To-Night

The Peterborough hockey team will journey to Newmarket to-day to play the hockey team of that town. This is the last game of the last round of the semi-finals and with a lead of 6 goals, Peterborough will doubtless be in the swim for the final game with Galt or Collingwood.

The same team will go to Newmarket as played here on Friday night.

Senior O.H.A. Final Postponed

The mild weather has upset the calculations of the O. H. A. Executive, who planned to have the senior final game played off here to night. The game has been called off till the weather man is prepared to assure good ice. In the meantime no date has been fixed, but it is almost certain the match will be played next Saturday night if there is any ice. Both Cornwall and Wellingtons have asked for that date.

In the intermediate semi-finals the Collingwood and Galt game has been postponed. They will play a sudden death game in Toronto, as the best available intermediate point. The winner of this match will meet the winner of the Newmarket-Peterborough round in the finals.

Wellington's defeated Cornwall 4 to 3 in Cornwall, Saturday night.

CURLING.

J. D. Flavelle's rink met defeat in the finals for the veterans prize at Winnipeg on Saturday.

WHEN DANGERS THREATEN YOU BE FULLY ARMED

Paine's Celery Compound

WILL ENABLE YOU TO VANQUISH EVERY FOE

When danger threatens you, common sense, care and attention should direct your course.

If you are a victim of disease and looking for restoration to health, as soon think of stopping the raging of the boisterous ocean by a wave of the hand as of getting rid of your troubles by use of any of the various medicines in liquid and pill forms so common in our land at the present time. Medical investigations, tests and proofs of cures point to one infallible disease banisher—Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that goes directly to the very root of your trouble. It nourishes nerves and brain, purifies the blood, cures dyspepsia, neuralgia, rheumatism, liver complaints, kidney troubles, tones up the system and makes the weak strong.

Mrs. T. O. Smith, Victoria, B.C., says: "I would prove an ungrateful woman if I refrained from doing justice to Paine's Celery Compound. Having suffered many years from chronic constipation and general debility, I at last got low. I was given up to die by the doctors. Just at this time I was recommended Paine's Celery Compound by a friend, and in two days found some relief. After using the medicine for three months I am as well as ever before, and enjoy good health."

Coroner's Inquest

Concluded from page 1.

cage was at top, the cage would fall to the bottom. Do not see how anything could be constructed to hold hoist. Cable has a breaking strain of about 7 tons. Weight carried about 300 lbs. Strangers are not allowed in the building. Notices are up to warn people to keep away from building. Cannot say whether order is enforced or not. People are around but do not know if they have business or not. Do not think hoist could drop if brake was taken off as there is a great deal of friction in the machinery. Never knew hoist to drop when engine was standing.

Wm Langford sr. sworn said,—My men built ways and running parts from my own plans approved of by the Architect and Mr. Kearns.

A hoist that had been tried was not satisfactory and I was told to build a new one on a different plan than the old one. The old hoist was not rigid. The new hoist is rigid and stronger. A new cable was used. The machinery was good and I consider it as perfectly constructed as a hoist could be made. I do not think it necessary to have a look on a hoist which is run by an engine. On a hoist run by a horse they have a lock. Do not think cage could descend if brake was taken off. Machinery and considerable cable would have to be moved before cage could descend. If it did start its motion would be slow at first. Think hoist moved when engine started.

The cable is endless. There would be more cable on one side than the other. The cable is fastened to the top of each cage and passing over two pulleys passes down each side of the centre post. The method of signalling is the same as generally used. [illegible] Think [illegible] gave up it was

Had a catch of suitable strength been used on the hoist the same as on a horse power hoist it would have been of no service in preventing this accident.

The court adjourned to meet to-night at 7.30 sharp in the Council Chamber. It is altogether likely the inquest will be concluded to-night as there are not many witnesses to be examined.

The jury will visit the Cereal Works this afternoon to see the working of the elevator and other things connected with the case.

Weary Brain Workers

Fagged out, ideas come as slowly as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure—that's gone too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs aid, your digestion needs a bracer, too. Your blood requires phosphorous and iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's food for the blood and nerves. It will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Weather Notes

Probs: Continued mild weather.

The weather continued moderately cold during Sunday in Eastern Ontario and the Province of Quebec, while in all other parts of the Dominion it was quite mild. At present there are no indications of colder weather.

BOVRIL

"Alas! my poor Brother"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble, and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

- Special Colonist Excursion Fares -

PETERBORO

To Billings, Montana	$35 55
Colorado Springs, Denver Helena, Butte, Pueblo, Ogden and Salt Lake City	$40 55
Spokane Wash.	$41 05
North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points	$43 55

Proportionate rates to and from other points.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonanza Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pilules
MIRACLE

Messrs. R. Co e & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County........................

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS
LEAVES
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12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
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E. TIFFIN
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Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $15 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES—ALSO MEN—TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 588, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Settlers' One-Way Second Class Excursions to Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points

From PETERBOROUGH

To NELSON, B.C. TRAIL, B.C. ROSSLAND, B.C. GREENWOOD, B.C. MIDWAY, B.C. VANCOUVER, B.C. VICTORIA, B.C. NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C. SEATTLE & TACOMA, Wash. PORTLAND, OREGON.	43.55

Proportionate rates from and to other points

Also rates to points in Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Montana and Washington.

Tickets on sale March 1st to April 30th, 1902, inclusive.

For full particulars apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE [illegible] DR. D. HINKLEY [illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & [illegible] COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 53 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalised for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

DIED IN ENGLAND

Mrs. R. Turner, Mother of Ald. Turner, Passed Away

A cablegram from London, England, received yesterday from Ald. J. J. Turner, sr., conveyed the intelligence that his mother, Mrs. R. Turner, had just died at her home. A few weeks ago Ald. Turner left for England, where he was called to see his mother, who was then very ill. Deceased was born on the island of St. Helena, eighty years ago. She had resided in England since her marriage, 56 years ago.

A family of three sons and one daughter survive her. They are William and Thomas, London, Eng.; J. J. Turner and Mrs. Susan Drummond, of town.

WATER RATES UNCHANGED

The Report of a Change is not Correct—The Old Tariff Remains

There appears to be some misunderstanding about the tariff of rates to be charged for water this year. A great many were of the opinion that the water rates would be reduced, but such is not the case. This year, at least, the rates will be the same as last year. The commissioners, it is understood, are working on a new tariff to come into force on January 1st, 1903. The report will be published after the work is done, and people will have to abide with the present rates this year.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

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VOL. 28 NO. 48 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 26 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

RUSSIA IS WARNED BY THE UNITED STATES

Now No Doubt That Uncle Sam is Behind Great Britain and Japan

MUST EVACUATE THE PROVINCE OF MANCHURIA.

British-Japanese Pact Has a Wider Significance--Chinese Government Checked in Bestowal of Franchises

Washington, Feb. 25—The unexpected publication at this juncture of the note sent to the Russian and Chinese governments by Secretary of State Hay, which in effect forbids the Manchurian policy of Russia, has created a condition little short of amazement among the statesmen of this city. The note, which is dated Feb. 1, is evidently written with the full knowledge of the then pending negotiations between Great Britain and Japan and now, after its publication, diplomats and politicians are aware that both Great Britain and Japan were authoritatively possessed of information which enabled them to make their treaty with as full an assurance as though the official seal of the United States was at the bottom of the document.

The note, which states in unequivocal terms that the United States will not allow the Chinese government to sign over to any power nor allow any power to accept the exclusive rights to operate mines or railroads, or in any other way to develop the industries of Manchuria, is little other than a formal notice that the czar policy is regarded with grave suspicion and will not be allowed to proceed.

Secretary Hay at the time the note was drawn up was undoubtedly possessed of the fact that Russia had begun to open mines and to operate railroads, and that she was earnestly endeavoring by all means possible to further the industrial interests of Manchuria, and he was also aware of the fact that the Russian Ministers had announced, in a note sent to the Chinese Government, their intention of holding Manchuria at all hazards, especially for the purpose of increasing these industrial openings which the United States by the words of their Secretary of State have so unequivocally condemned.

It will be remembered that in theernment notified the Chinese govern month of January the Russian gov-ment that the only reason why the province of Manchuria had not been given up was that the czar was aware that it needed a large army to keep the province from the inroads of the other powers and, that as the Chinese government had not the necessary forces that Russia would keep the province until such time as it was sure that the emperor of China need have no fear that the European powers meditated any aggression upon his territory. In other words, the Russian Ministers intended to keep Manchuria as long as it pleased them to do so.

No official protest was entered against this note for the reason that it was largely informal in character, but within a week in the British House of Commons in answer to queries from a member, Lord Cranborne, the undersecretary for foreign affairs, stated that the Government was considering what action it should take with reference to the aggrandizement of power which was being manifested by Russia in Manchuria. Then the matter appeared to have been allowed to drop.

Meanwhile negotiation had been going on between Great Britain and China, and, as is evidenced by the note in question, with the United States as an active partner in the transaction, and the result of the negotiations was the issuance of the recent British-Japanese treaty. This treaty in effect set itself against the Manchurian policy of Russia, as does also the note of Feb. 1 sent by Secretary Hay.

It is agreed by politicians and diplomats alike that the only reason this note was not made public earlier was the desire on the part of the state department to make the note little less important and binding in its result than if a treaty had been signed, while at the same time the United States should be able to escape the obligations of such a treaty.

CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

London, Feb. 25.—Dr. Morrison writes to The Times from Pekin stating that on his trip over the new Chwang Railway he was detained two days awaiting a passport from the Russian Admiral. He says the old friendly feeling for Great Britain still survives, while the humanity and discipline of the Japanese and their considerate treatment of the conquered have left a deep impression on the Chinese, in vivid contrast to the memory of awful massacres by the Russians. No permanent work is in progress on the new Chwang Railway. The temporary bridges and machinery used by the British engineers are left rusting. Since the Russian occupation, property north of the great wall has deteriorated, but the line is well guarded, Dr. Morrison asserts that reports of collisions between Americans, British and Russians are greatly exaggerated. Animosity to the Russian occupation is growing.

TO SOOTHE AMERICAN PRIDE.

Paris, Feb. 25.—Le Journal Des Debats says that the United States treated Germany with suspicion during the Spanish war, and that the Emperor seeks to modify this feeling by a timely visit of politeness. Le Journal adds that Europe's humiliating attitude is quite calculated to justify American pride.

OBJECT TO TRANSATLANTIC PRINCESSES.

London, Feb. 25.—The French papers blame old Europe for displaying too much enthusiasm toward "young trans-Atlantic princesses."

COUNT BONI WRITES TO AMERICANS.

Paris, Feb. 25.—The Paris edition of the New York Herald publishes a letter from Count Boni de Castellaine addressed to the American people, seeking to interest them in the Panama Canal route. He writes: "Along with the brotherhood of war, arms and independence, we shall invoke a new brotherhood, and perhaps continue the alliance of two great republics the old and the new world, against coalitions which should be foreseen and rendered impotent."

CHAMBERLAIN'S PLAIN WORDS ON WAR

Kruger Bunch No Longer Representing the Fighting Burgers

UTTERLY WITHOUT CREDENTIALS

And Will not be Recognized by Britain—There is no One Now Authorized to Speak for the Boers,

London, Feb. 25—Mr. Chamberlain, in a speech in the House of Commons, appears to have anticipated the proposal sent from the Hague Government. He said, "I have pointed out that right hon. gentlemen opposite, Lord Rosebery and his friends, do not want us to make overtures to the Boers. They hope the Boers will make overtures to us. Well, if they do, there are two points upon which, I think, we have the right to demand assurances. In the first place, I think we have the right to say to them, to whoever comes to us, 'What are your credentials?' In other words, we have to ask, in Lord Rosebery's own terms, 'Are you the responsible authority?' I wish to make it perfectly clear that we are going to allow no punctilio to stand in the way of a favorable and righteous settlement. Certainly not; but we are not going to waste our time and not going to give encouragement to combatants in the field until we know those who are talking to us have the right to speak for those combatants. Can they do it? I do not say, is there any authority which has this right? Did someone say, 'Yes?' I am going to consider a possible authority, because the House ought to understand the difficulties which face the Government in this matter. It is likely that this Mr. Kruger and his entourage in Holland would have such an authority? All our information points to the fact that they have lost the confidence of their fellow-citizens in the Transvaal and in the Orange Free State, that they no longer possess any authority to speak for them, and, I must say, on the face of it, it would seem probable that that would be the case. Here are these men in the Transvaal, on the open veldt, undergoing the most tremendous hardship. Here are these gentlemen, who come home at a very early period, bringing large sums of money with them to Holland, and is it very likely that those who are fighting in the field will yield to the views of those who are sitting in their armchairs at home?"

Still Fighting Sale of Danish Islands

London, Feb. 25.—Mr. Neils Grone has started for New York, where he will represent the Danish opposition to the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

BRITAIN'S SEA POWER IS EVER SUPERIOR

Comparison of the Navies of the Great Navies of the World

GREAT BRITAIN, JAPAN, RUSSIA

Britain Stands Away Ahead of Any Power or Combination of Powers That Can be Formed Against Her.

London, Feb. 25. — The Parliamentary paper which was issued in giving the terms of an alliance between Great Britain and Japan for the preservation of China and Corea, has caused much comment, and has made the naval strength of these countries a subject of much discussion.

According to the latest published accounts, the number of Great Britain's officers, seamen, and marines provided for in the estimates for 1902 are as follows:—

Officers and men	82,221
Coast guard	4,200
Marines	18,50

In addition to these there are 6,52 boys in training.

The British vessels complete and ready for sea in January, 1902, include the following:

First-class battleships	14
First-class battleships (building)	15
Second-class battleships	12
Third-class battleships	11
Armoured cruisers	6
Protected cruisers	126
Torpedo gunboats	32
Destroyers	96
Torpedo boats, first-class	11
Torpedo boats, second-class	71
Torpedo ships	3

In January, 1902, there were 174 ships in commission, distributed as follows:

Mediterranean	42
Channel squadron	14
North American and West Indies	15
East Indies	10
China	30
West Africa	16
Pacific	3
Australia	13
Special service	11
Surveying service	7
Training squadron	4

The first-class battleships of the Royal Sovereign and Empress of India type are about 14,150 tons displacement, and the battleships of the London, Magnificent, Formidable, Victorious, and Prince George class are about 14,900 tons.

Japan has:

	Tons
Six first class battleships with a gross displacement of	86,300
Two second-class battleships	11,112
Ten coast defence ships	18,125
Six first-class cruisers	58,772
Nine second-class cruisers	38,618
Five third-class cruisers	14,078
Two first-class gunboats	2,567
Fourteen second-class gunboats	6,062
Two third-class cruisers	6,300

The first-class battleships are all over 12,000 tons displacement.

The total number of officers and enlisted men in the Russian navy, according to the latest published accounts, is between forty thousand and forty-five thousand. The fleet consists of six first-class battleships. The Borodino, "Alexander III., and Orel have a displacement of 13,400 tons each, and carry four 12-inch, twelve 6-inch quick-firing and twenty 3-inch quick-firing guns each, and many smaller guns. The Tavricheeky has 12,480 tons displacement, and carries four 12-inch, sixteen 6-inch quick-firing, sixteen 3-inch quick-firing guns and thirty smaller pieces. The Retvizan, 12,700 tons displacement, has four 12-inch twelve 6-inch quick-firing, and twenty 3-inch quick-firing guns, and the Tsarevitch will have the same armament, but will be of 1,000 tons more displacement.

These first-class battleships, although they are put on the official list of the Russian navy's fleet, are in course of construction, and none had been completed on January 1, 1901. Since that time much progress has been made, several of the ships have been made available, and the Retvizan, which is being built at the Cramp yards, will be ready for delivery to the Russian Government on March 16.

The rest of the Russian fleet is composed as follows:—

Second-class battleships	12
Third-class battleships	8
Coast defence vessels	7
Armored cruisers	1
Protected cruisers	11
Gunboats	30
Old armor clads	8

According to published reports there are in the British navy eighty-two vessels of more than 8,000 tons displacement, aggregating about 1,000,000 tons displacement. This includes the vessels in course of construction.

The tonnage of Japan's twelve vessels of more than 8,000 tons displacement is about 146,000 tons.

Russia's twenty-seven vessels of more than 8,000 tons displacement aggregate 322,000 tons.

The naval strength of France, which is also a matter of general interest at this time because of possible combinations, is reported in the recent official documents as follows:—

First class battleships	6
First-class battleships (building)	5
Second-class battleships	4
Second-class battleships (building)	7
Third-class battleships	19
Third-class battleships (building)	12

Germany has no first-class battleships in commission. There are seven of the second-class in service, and eight of the same class are being built.

The United States has six first-class battleships in commission, and twelve are in course of construction.

These are some of the fighting ships of the world:—

	In commission.	Building.
England	665	68
Japan	65	19
Russia	285	35
France	382	80
Germany	231	36
United States	80	48

This list includes cruisers, destroyers, etc.

CANADA AND THE MONROE DOCTRINE

A Leading American Paper Offers Some Insolent Advice

AN AMERICAN SOVEREIGNTY

The Washington Government Claims a Sovereignty Over North America

Says England Was Willing to Give Up Canada to the United States—This is False As Britain Never Dreamed of Cutting the Tie

Chicago, Feb. 25—The Chronicle says: Our Canadian neighbors are among those who are borrowing trouble about the Monroe doctrine. They argue that the purchase of the Danish West Indies by the United States may be followed by the purchase of the French islands of St. Pierre and Michelon, "dominating the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Canada's line of communication with Great Britain," to quote the language used by some of them.

The Toronto Star, an organ of the ministerial party, directs attention to this possibility and its relation to the Monroe doctrine, and asks whether the Canadian part of the British Empire has a moral right which cannot be asserted because of the might of another nation.

It suggests that British acquiescence in the doctrine that this republic can extend its sovereignty wherever it pleases in the western hemisphere, while no other nation can if this republic is able to prevent, impairs British sovereignty, which is "no longer supreme so far as this portion of the empire is concerned." The Star asks, "If it does not mean that what does it mean?"

To this the opposition organ in Toronto responds: "That is exactly what it does mean. The United States has practically declared itself suzerain of the western hemisphere, including Canada, and is prepared to enforce it;" that is, the declaration.

It is a notorious fact that this republic is the dominant power in this hemisphere. It has been a well recognized fact for a long time. It is far from new, though the events of the last seven years may have given it a new significance to the European and Canadian mind. Since the intervention of President Cleveland to check the designs of Great Britain against Venezuela there has been a clearer perception of the possible uses to which our power in this hemisphere may be put.

Nothing in this need really disturb the Canadian peace of mind. We interfered to prevent British encroachment upon the territory of Venezuela, but we made no attempt to extend our own sovereignty over that country. We interfered to put an end to strife and oppression in Cuba, but we have not extended our sovereignty over either Porto Rico or Cuba without the consent of the inhabitants of those islands.

Much less would we be disposed to extend our sovereignty over the people of British North America without their consent. They have demonstrated their capacity for self-government by governing themselves successfully for many years, practically without any interference or guidance from Great Britain. They have obtained from Britain even participation in the making of all treaties affecting themselves and their interests. There is no danger that we shall attempt to deprive such a people of the power to determinate their own political destiny.

It would be gratifying, of course, if the people of Canada should freely elect to cast their fortunes with the great republic as states of the union. We have the testimony of Charles Francis Adams in an address recently published that both Grant and Sumner wished to bring about a settlement of the Alabama claims by the relinquishment on the part of Britain of sovereignty over Canada and all other territory in this hemisphere. We have his testimony that Britain expressed willingness to let Canada depart in peace, but declined to force her to sever her connection with the empire.

If we accept this testimony it only goes to show that, while we would be pleased to have Canada with us, neither we nor Britain would be disposed to compel her to change her political relations against her will. No doubt the American people would be as well pleased now as they would have been in the early 70's to have British sovereignty withdrawn altogether from this continent and to have the British-Americans one with us. No more reason exists now than then to suppose that we are disposed to force them into relations which would be odious to any large number of them.

Slowly Dying From Catarrh

Thousands are in this terrible condition but don't realize their danger. If you have the slightest taint of catarrh, would it not be wise to commence Catarrhozone treatment now and be perfectly cured in a short time? This pleasant remedy cures without the use of drugs, atomizers or snuffs. You inhale the medicated vapor, which spreads to all parts of the breathing organs, kills the germs and heals the inflamed surfaces. Catarrhozone clears the throat and nose instantly, and never fails to clear the most obstinate catarrhal, lung and throat troubles. A trial will demonstrate the value of Catarrhozone, which sells for $1, small size 25c., at druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

ANOTHER MILLION OF CAPITAL STOCK

Decision of the Canadian General Electric Company

AN APPLICATION TO OTTAWA.

Reports Submitted at the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders—Directors Re-Elected

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian General Electric Company in Toronto, it was decided to apply to the Dominion Parliament to increase the capital stock of the company from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000. Of the present stock $300,000 is preferred, and $1,700,000 is common stock, all paid up. The report states that while the power to issue another million of stock is asked for, it is not proposed to issue for the present more than $500,000, which will be offered to the shareholders in proportion to their holdings, at such premium as shall be determined upon.

Another by-law passed on December 12, 1901, increasing the number of directors from 12 to 14, was approved yesterday.

In their annual report the directors state that the volume of business has been much larger than in any previous year in the history of the company. Owing to reorganizations and additions to plant during the year, the works have been run at a slight temporary disadvantage, but notwithstanding this, the results of the year's business have been most satisfactory.

The balance at credit of profit and loss is shown as $412,861.94, which is made up of $365,260.63 profit on operating (being an advance of thirty per cent over 1900), $125,000 premium on new shares issued, and $71,008.01 brought forward. From this amount dividends of ten per cent. on the common stock, and six per cent. on the preferred stock, amounting to $166,700, have been paid; $100,000 has been added to reserve fund, which now stands at $345,000; $100,000 transferred to contingent account; the sum of $77,680.27 remains at the credit of profit and loss, and the large sum of $167,606.67 has been written off.

In accordance with the company's policy of writing down its assets rather than adding large sums to the reserve fund, the sum of $20,000 has been written off patents and contracts acquired by purchase from the Royal and Stanley Companies; $53,447.62 has been written off the Peterborough manufacturing plant and machinery; $32,013.42 off the Montreal factory plant and machinery, and $25,000 to provide for fluctuations in the price of copper. During the year the sum of $16,726.17 has been expended on the Brantford Street Railway, all of which has been written off.

New buildings and plant have been added to the Peterborough works, the Montreal works have been reorganized, and a 1,200 horse-power water-power secured at Peterborough. The foundry business has grown considerably, 300 men being employed, and the completion of the new plant at Toronto Junction in the early summer will enable the company to handle the greatly-increased business in prospect.

The assets and liabilities are as follows:—

Assets, patents, and contracts	$190,000 00
Factory plants at Peterborough Montreal, and Toronto Junct.	710,162 43
Patterns and drawings	45,000 00
Machinery and tools	220,000 00
Cash	21,241 41
Accounts receivable	430,373 19
Notes receivable	25,067 97
Brantford St. Railway Co.	120,000 00
Canada Foundry Co. stock	300,220 00
Merchandise	636,721 23
Expenditure on contracts	53,108 22
Insurance unexpired	3,700 00
Total	$2,783,124 90
Liabilities	
Capital stock (the remaining $200,000 was sold in January.)	$1,800,000 00
Accounts payable	235,983 06
Canadian Bank of Commerce special (Nassau power plant and Canada Foundry purchase	308,451 06
Reserve fund	345,000 00
Contingent account	100,000 00
Profit and loss	77,680 27
Total	$2,783,124 16

The directors were re-elected as follows:— W. R. Brock, M.P., president; F. P. Dwight, first vice-president, Frederic Nicholls, second vice-president and managing director; Hon. Geo. A. Cox J. K. Kerr, K.C., Rodolphe Forget, W. D. Matthews, Herbert S. Holt, E. B. Osler, M.P., Robert Jaffray, James Ross, Sir W. C. Van Horne, K.C.M.G.

RUSSIA'S STORY TOLD

Another Story of Lord Pauncefote's Proposal for Joint Note on Cuba

St Petersburg, Feb. 25.— The Journal de St. Petersburg says that a meeting of the representatives of the Powers was held at the residence of Lord Pauncefote, the British Ambassador at Washington, on April 14, 1898, at which Lord Pauncefote suggested that the representatives address a telegram to their respective Governments, the substance of which Lord Pauncefote had already written in England, to the effect that the time had arrived to dissipate the erroneous opinion held in the United States that hostile measures against Spain would be approved by the Powers, that intervention by the Americans in Cuba did not appear to be justificate and that it was necessary to give the communication much publicity in order to aid the civilized world of moral responsibility.

The Journal adds that the Russian Government took no step in the matter, remaining faithful to the principle of strict neutrality, thereby newly manifesting the traditional friendship of Russia for the United States.

—As an advertisement test, we offer to everyone who will clip this advertisement out, and bring it to the Times Bookstore on Saturday, and make a purchase of 25c. in any line of goods we carry, we will give one novel absolutely free of charge. Don't forget the date, Saturday, 1st March. Mail orders will have prompt attention.

CORONER'S INQUEST ON DEATH OF J. F. PERRIN

Concluded Last Night at the Council Chambers --Important Evidence Taken

J. FRED PERRIN MET HIS DEATH BY ACCIDENT

At the Cereal Works on Monday February 17th—This was the Decision Arrived at by the Jury Last Night

George Foster was the first witness called, and being sworn said,—I was in the engine room when the accident happened. I drive the horse and cart and draw brick from a pile on the hill to the building. I was about 6 feet from the engineer when the accident occurred. I was behind the engineer and heard some one yelling that someone had fallen. I did not see body falling. The engineer's name is Charles Adams, but I did not know him previous to working at the Cereal works. He was standing in his usual place at the side of the engine. I heard only one bell at the time hoist was to start. The engineer was on duty at his proper place and the bell rang just before the engine started. I told the head bricklayer that evening that I had heard the bell ring. I was not working that day, having been laid off. I had been in the engine room about 10 or 15 minutes before the bell rang. I heard it ring a number of times, as it rang every few minutes. I also heard it ring to call the attention of the laborers. I knew where the bell was. I never was there when any questions were raised as to the accuracy of the bell. Three men fill the barrows with brick, two others mixing mortar. I saw two strangers on the lower flat, but none up above. The strangers were in the basement and could be seen by everyone.

John Murphy, sworn, said,—I was filling a barrow with brick about 20 feet from the hoist when the accident happened. This, together with seeing after the different kinds of brick sent up, is my regular work. I do not remember speaking to Mr. Redfern that day. I did not see deceased fall, but heard something strike the floor. I cannot say whether the bell rang or not as I was paying no attention to it. I have been working at the hoist since it was put up, and have not heard any complaints about it, although Mr. Redfern complained of the bell ringing, but I made no inquiries. The bell would ring only when the wire was pulled. I know of George Carr and John Perrin being left in charge of the signal when Redfern was attending to other work. A man calling down the hoist could not be distinctly heard at the ground floor. I was one of the first to reach deceased after he fell. He did not speak. We worked together for some time, and I thought him naturally slow in his movements. I have often warned him to be careful, but he would only laugh. Sometimes he stood on the hoist and was raised a few feet above the floor. I never knew the bell to ring, only when the wire was pulled from the top of the building. Sometimes strangers entered the building but I never knew them to interfere with the bell wire. A chip off a brick could not make the same sound in the bell as when it was rung by the wire.

Charles Mundon said he was working in the basement of the building putting barrows on the cage when the accident occurred. He could not remember of hearing a signal bell to draw the attention of the men. He heard the bell to stop the hoist. The body had not reached the floor when the hoist stopped. The lower cage was loaded when it moved upwards. He had put on a barrow of white brick and that went up when deceased fell. He heard Mr. Redfern complain about hoist starting before signal was given and said engineer had started engine before he was told to. If the men were close to the top of the hoist there was plenty of time to do their work before the cage would descend. He thought the deceased was slow in his movements. He had only worked with deceased about two days. He remembered distinctly hearing the bell ring to stop the hoist.

Donald McLeod said the filled barrows with mortar and had just put one on the cage and turned to fill another. He had spoken up the hoist to Mr. Redfern. He heard three bells and a moment after he heard two bells which meant to stop the hoist at the ground floor.

John Fox said he was working on the top of the building taking off barrows when the accident happened. He had taken the last barrow off the hoist before Perrin fell. Redfern was at his place at the bell wire. He knew there was some danger in working around the hoist. The other men were aware of the danger. If the hoist dropped a man would not have time to let go of the handles. He thought deceased was slow in his actions. Deceased knew that the hoist was not very safe. It was not necessary for a man to step on the hoist to remove a barrow. They were running great chances in doing so. He had nearly fallen down the well hole on the Saturday previous and deceased had joked with him about it. The time-keeper sometimes came up on the hoist. He often heard the signal bell when he was working near the hoist. On several occasions the hoist had dropped when he did not hear the bell.

Hamilton Godfrey said he worked at the same work as the deceased, but was not working the day of the accident. He had seen the hoist go down when he did not hear the signal. It was safer to pull barrow off the hoist. He knew deceased since he started work at the building and thought he was rather slow in his movements. He had spoken to deceased about the danger of putting his foot on the hoist when he was taking off a barrow. He did not think it necessary to put a bar across on the floor under the cage as the engine could hold the cage at any height. He did not know if anything could be rigged on the floor to hold the cage.

John Bogue said he was one of the contractors. By arrangement the company were doing the brick-work on the building. He had not been paying any attention to the hoist, as Mr. Gaylord, the foreman, had that in his department. The present engineer was engaged by Mr. Scott or Mr. Gaylord. The method of signalling and the bell were all right. The hoist was in good condition. Bell signal was the only kind that could be used, as there was a lot of noise in the building.

Mr. Wm. Scott said he was manager of the Cereal Co. He was in the basement of the building, some distance from the hoist at the time of the accident and did not hear any signal. The method of signalling was arranged between Mr. Gaylord and the engineer. No complaints had been made to him about the hoist. He considered it in good working order.

Charles Adams, recalled, said he remembered the time-keeper going up on the cage on one occasion. The time-keeper never asked him to break any rules. He always waited for the signal to start the engine. The time-keeper would always ask if signal had been given before he would step on the cage.

There being no more witnesses to call, the coroner addressed the jury briefly and left them to bring in their verdict.

After deliberating over an hour and a half, the jury returned their verdict to the effect that James F. Perrin, came to his death as a result of an accidental fall at the works of the Cereal Co. at Peterborough, and that the absence of a proper signalling system was responsible for the accident.

Machine Type-Setters.

Said to be Hard on Operators.

The work of a typesetter in a modern printing office is very exacting, particularly if he runs a linotype or typesetting machine. It requires the closest attention and rapid and sympathetic action of both brain and hand. This machine works much like a typewriter. Such workers fed on ordinary food give up because of nervous prostration, some in a short time, and some are able to stand it longer.

One of these workers says: "I have been at the linotype three years. It has made a great change in my once robust health. About three months ago, after long expecting it, I completely collapsed, from indigestion and extreme nervousness. The daily physic I had not dared to omit for years, now and then, refused relief and a physician was consulted.

"'Change of occupation and diet,' read the prescription, 'advise eating Grape-Nuts Food twice daily.' I had often set up the advertisements of the Postum Cereal Co., but somehow printers are apt to think advertisements are not intended for them to make use of. I could not well change my occupation, but did change the diet.

"Since then, have used Grape Nuts, both at breakfast and supper, daily. The results are truly remarkable. The first perceptible change was in the matter of digestion. It has been six weeks since I have had to swallow an aperient of any kind. At the beginning of my experiment with Grape-Nuts I weighed 124 pounds; last evening I tipped the beam at 137 1-2.

"My nerves, which were completely shattered three months ago, are now strong and steady, and I do not tire easily, though I go to bed an hour later on an average than formerly, and have increased my capacity at the machine fully two columns of type a day. I am convinced that Grape-Nuts food is the food for persons of sedentary occupation, especially for those who work with brain in lieu of brawn." Chas. H. Eckhard, 177 N. Chambers St., Galesburg, Ill.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $6 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 26, 1902

THE PROVINCIAL SUBSIDIES

A resolution has been introduced into the Quebec Legislature demanding a revision of the Confederation Act of 1867, so that Quebec may receive a larger annual subsidy from the Dominion treasury than 80c. per head of the population of 1861, which is found insufficient. Of course, if Quebec gets more, the other provinces will have to get more too, and after the general readjustment none of them will be any better off, for there will be an increase of indirect taxation to procure the money. Would it not be better to so alter the B. N. A. Act as to abolish the subsidies to Provinces altogether, leaving each province to collect its own revenues by direct taxation, and permitting a reduction of indirect taxation by the Dominion Parliament? That is the method which Hon. George Brown and several of the other Fathers of Confederation favored. It is the method adopted by the framers of the Constitution of the United States. The subsidy system in Canada was the result of a compromise in the first place, but Canada is old enough and rich enough to adopt a better plan now.

A COMBINATON THAT DRAWS

Courteous treatment of customers, pure drugs of full strength, and low prices are all-powerful for the drawing and securing of trade. Our closest attention and best care is at all times devoted to the filling of your physician's prescriptions. Our stock of Perfumes, Toilet preparations, Atomizers, Brushes, Combs and Sponges is unsurpassed in variety and quality. One call will convince you that we are leaders in the drug trade.

A LIFE-GIVING MEDICINE

At this time when thousands are suffering from the common ills of life, we can honestly recommend the use of Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians that ever lived. It never fails to restore the sick to health. Thousands of testimonials prove that Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism and neuralgia. WM. MADILL, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. Bourassa and the Mail and Empire both think Great Britain ought to do more for Canada. Mr. Bourassa wants her to get more vigorously in our behalf in foreign negotiations, and the Mail and Empire wants her to tax her people to give us advantages in their markets. A good many Canadians will resent being placed in a position of continuous mendicancy.

* * *

With forty-nine warships ready to launch upon the briny deep this year Great Britain has a more substantial guarantee of peace than that afforded by a dozen Hague conferences.

* * *

It is more than likely that the Boer delegates are coming to America principally because Holland is no longer a congenial place of residence for the luxurious but obdurate martyrs.

OUR WORK GUARANTEES SAFETY AND SATISFACTION

Well-served and satisfied purchasers usually become permanent customers. Our great aim is to make you feel that you can safely confide your prescriptions to us for filling. In dispensing we use the greatest care, so that every detail will be exactly as ordered by your physician. We are headquarters for fine perfumes, toilet preparations and novelties.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

Paine's Celery Compound gives marvellous results in rheumatism, neuralgia and all troubles arising from impure blood and nervous affections. Paine's Celery Compound has effected more solid and permanent cures than all other combined medicines. One bottle will convince you of its extraordinary virtues. Our stock is always fresh and pure. ORMOND & WALSH, Druggists, Peterboro, Ont.

Wealth's Milestones.

"Spring has came," mused Mr. Gotrichkwick, as he stood before the window with his hands thrust deep into his pockets.

"Aw, now, how kind you tell, pap?" gurgled his diamond-bedecked daughter.

"Because——," said the father, as he clinked the coins in his pocket, "because the snow has went."

"Stop that noise, Jimmie, or we will send you to bed." "Pa, you don't act like I was your real child at all; you act like I was jes' somebody else's orphan."

Mixed Morals.

TWO NEW HOUSES.

Once on a Time there were Two Men, each of whom decided to build for himself a Fine, New House.

One Man, being of an Arrogant and Conceited Nature, took counsel of Nobody, but declared that he would build his House to suit himself. "For," said he, "since it is My House and I am to Live in It, why should I ask the Advice of my Neighbors as to its Construction?"

While the House was Building, the Neighbors came often and Looked at it, and went away, Whispering and Wagging their Heads in Derision.

But the Man paid no Heed, and continued to build his House as he Would.

The Result was that, when completed, his House was lacking in Symmetry and Utility, and in a Hundred Ways it was Unsatisfactory, and for each Defect there was a Neighbor who said, "Had you asked Me, I would have Warned you against that Error."

The Other Man, who was of a Humble and Docile Mind, went to Each of his Neighbors in Turn, and asked Advice about the Building of his House.

His Friends willingly and at Great Length gave him the Benefit of their Experiences and Opinions, and the Grateful Man undertook to Follow Out all their Directions.

The Result was that his House, when finished, was a Hodge-Podge of Varying Styles and Contradictory Effects, and Exceedingly Uncomfortable and Inconvenient to Live In.

MORALS:

This Fable teaches that In a Multitude of Counsellors there is Safety, and that Too Many Cooks Spoil the Broth.

THE TWO SUITORS.

Once on a Time there was a Charming Young Maiden who had Two Suitors.

One of These, who was of a Persistent and Persevering Nature, managed to be Continually in the Young Lady's Company.

He would pay her a Visit in the Morning, Drop In to Tea in the Afternoon, and Call on her Again in the Evening.

He took her Driving, and he Escorted her to the Theater. He would take her to a Party, and then he would Dance, or Sit on the Stairs, or Flit into the Conservatory with her.

The Young Lady admired this man but she Wearied of his never-ceasing Presence, and she Said to Herself. "If he were not Always at my Elbow I should Better Appreciate his Good Qualities."

The Other Suitor, who considered himself a Man of Deep and Penetrating Cleverness, said to himself, "I will Go Away for a Time, and then my Fair One will Realise my Worth and Call Me Back to Her."

With a Sad Visage he made his Adieus, and he Exacted her Pledge to Write to him Occasionally. But after he had Gone she Forgot her Promise, and Soon she Forgot his Very Existence.

MORALS:

This Fable teaches that Absence Makes the Heart Grow Fonder, and that Out of Sight is Out of Mind.—Carolyn Wells in the "Century."

Kitchener Liked by Soldiers.

A man who recently arrived from South Africa says that Kitchener is liked and trusted by his common soldiers, and tells, in the Boston "Herald," this story, illustrating his manner with them:

"We were on the march from Elandsfontein to Stromberg, and had been pushing forward with unusual speed, and Joe Hawkins, who had just come out of the hospital after a touch of the fever, had been assigned by our good old sergeant-major to drive a Cape cart, carrying supplies, in order to spare him as much as possible from the hot sun. The horses were green, and didn't go well in harness, and, as they came in front of a farmhouse, one of them started kicking and succeeded in breaking the whiffletree.

"Joe at once made a break for the barn back of the farmhouse, and, spying a new Cape cart, grabbed a wrench and proceeded to take off the whiffletree, when he was approached by a quiet, stern-looking man in khaki, whom he did not remember ever having seen before, and who said:

"'I'm sorry, my boy, but I've just commandeered that cart. You will have to find another.'

"'Not much,' replied Joe; 'findin's keepin's in this country. I needed a new whiffletree—I've found one and I'm goin' to keep it.'

"'But,'— commenced the man.

"'There's no "buts" about it,' said Joe; 'if you want this cart, you've got to whip me before you get it.'

"'Well,' replied the man, 'perhaps I could help you repair your cart without destroying this one.'

"Joe, who was naturally a good-natured chap, consented to this arrangement, and, after rummaging about for a few minutes, the man produced a stick which would answer the purpose fairly well. He held it in place while Joe tied it firmly, and, seeing that everything was all right, returned quietly to the house, after bidding Joe a pleasant good-day.

"'Do you know who you were talking with?' inquired a young officer, stepping up to the cart as Joe was preparing to drive off. 'That was Lord Kitchener of Khartoum!'

"'And I've been glad all day I didn't have to lick him,' concluded Joe, as he told the story in camp that night, 'because he's a pretty good fellow.'"

Valuable Man.

"I say," said the business man to the detective, "some fellow has been representing himself as a collector of ours. He has been taking in more money than any two of the men we have, and I want him collared as quickly as you can."

"All right; I'll have him in jail in less than a week."

"Great Scott, man! I don't want to put him in jail; I want to engage him."

A Definition.

A spendthrift is a man who has luxuries that your credit will not enable you to buy.—Somerville "Journal."

THE LIQUOR HABIT.

A Home Treatment by which Every Victim of Intemperance can be Permanently Cured.

All crave or desire for stimulants is removed from three to five days, and in four weeks patients are restored to their natural condition. It consists of a vegetable liquid, taken as a tonic. No publicity, no bad after effects, and no loss of time from business duties. To bring the cure within the reach of all, the fee has been reduced to $25.

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References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice of Ontario, Toronto;

Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, Toronto;

G. W. Yarker, Banker and Financial Agent, Toronto;

R. J. Fleming, ex-Mayor of Toronto City, Toronto;

H. L. Strathy, General Manager, Traders' Bank, Toronto;

S. Nordheimer, German Consul. Toronto.

WHY BRITAIN IS HATED

The average Little Englander is politically near-sighted. When alien nations exhibit dislike and hatred of Great Britain, they say: "Some of these statesmen of ours must have been saying something to annoy our neighbors. That man Chamberlain has been indiscreet again. The other day when those continental gentlemen were calling us murderers and butchers of women and children, pig-dogs, swine and other rude epithets, besides libelling our soldiers in an unheard-of manner, Chamberlain had the lack of tact to offend them by saying that he was not taking back talk from kindergarten nations like Germany and that our soldiers did not commit such outrages on the inhabitants as did the Prussians in France in 1870. The result of these tactless remarks has been to arouse the personal animosity of the people. Chamberlain should be less brusque." On the other hand this is how Max Nordau, who is not politically short-sighted, explains the hatred of England in Europe: "The result of five hundred years of English history is the mastery of the seas, the possession of the greatest colonial empire the world has ever seen, the astonishing expansion of the Anglo-Saxon race, and the resentful hatred of the nations from whom England has once or oftener had to exact respect for the English flag, or whom she has had to drive from the sea or various shores."

John Bull should have learned, by this time that nothing succeeds like success in making less successful people dislike you.

A SUBJECT FOR THOUGHT

A subject that demands consideration and serious thought is the selection of a reliable and competent druggist to whom you can go at all times with the assurance that your prescriptions will be honestly and faithfully filled. If you have not yet determined who shall fill your orders for the future, we ask you to give us a trial. Our drugs and medicines are the purest, and our prices the lowest.

MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Paine's Celery Compound, the world's greatest and best family medicine, makes sick people well. The thousands of testimonials, from the best Canadian people prove that no other medicine can so surely banish disease. Paine's Celery Compound permanently cures rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney troubles, and removes all impurities from the blood. Our stock of Paine's Celery Compound is always fresh; get your supplies from us. H. S. MACDONALD, Druggist, Peterborough, Ont.

Items of Interest.

London, Feb. 24. — The Irish party attaches great significance to the evictions of the tenants of forty farms on Lord De Freyne's estate in Roscommon County, Ireland, for refusal to pay rent, and intends to make a fierce Parliamentary struggle over the matter.

John Redmond, chairman of the Irish Parliamentary party, said to a representative of the Associated Press: —"Not only are forty tenants now sold out, but many hundreds of others are being proceeded against. The country thereabouts is alive with police, who patrol the roads day and night, force themselves into people's houses, and in every way create a reign of terror. Everything has been peaceable so far, but the proceedings of the Government are so extraordinary that we cannot help feeling anxious lest violence occur.

"The cause of all the trouble is the Government's refusal to face the unanimous demand of the Irish people that it pass legislation giving compulsory powers to buy out Irish landlords and thus restore the land to the Irish people. Lord Dillon's estate, which is next to that of Lord De Freyne, was bought out by the Government, and the tenants who bought the land are paying fifty per cent. less rent than formerly. The De Freyne tenants naturally wished to do likewise, but Lord De Freyne refused to sell on any terms. The Government, instead of endeavoring to effect a settlement, poured in an army of police."

John Dillon, the former chairman of the Irish Parliamentary party said: "I agree with every word uttered by Mr. Redmond. The trouble, although for the moment confined to Roscommon, involves a principle of vital interest to Ireland. If the De Freyne tenants succeed it will be impossible for the Government to resist any longer our claims for the compulsory settlement of the Irish land question. The very existence of the Irish nation and the whole future of the Irish national movement are seriously affected by the struggle proceeding on the De Freyne and neighboring estates."

Whitby, Feb. 24. — Herbert Plaxton, eldest son of Sheriff Plaxton, died in Tucson, Arizona, on Saturday afternoon, of pneumonia. He was employed some time ago in T. Eaton Company's office, Toronto.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. 50 cents.—42
Sold by H. S. Macdonald.

ON FIRE.

An exploding lamp; the clothing in a blaze; a paragraph in the paper telling of horrible suffering from burns. Tragedy in this form moves a man to tears. But for women who are daily being consumed by the smouldering fire of disease there is little sympathy.

Inflammation, with its fierce burning; ulceration, eating into the tissues; the nervous system almost shattered by suffering; these are only part of the daily agonies borne by many a woman.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription puts out the fire of inflammation, heals ulceration, and cures female weakness. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite, and gives refreshing sleep. "Favorite Prescription" is the most reliable put-up medicine offered as a cure for diseases peculiar to women. *It always helps. It almost always cures.*

"When I first commenced using Dr. Pierce's medicines," writes Mrs. George A. Strong, of Gansevoort, Saratoga Co., N. Y., "I was suffering from female weakness, a disagreeable drain, bearing-down pains, weak and tired feeling all the time. I dragged around in that way for two years, and I began taking your medicine. After taking first bottle I began to feel better. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' one vial of the 'Pleasant Pellets,' also used one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Now I feel like a new person. I can't thank you enough for your kind advice and the good your medicine has done me."

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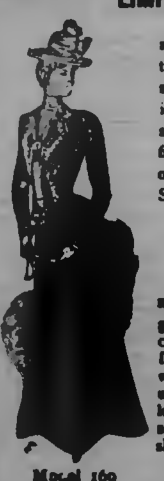

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CANADA METAL CO.'S BABBIT.
FOR HIGH SPEED IT'S THE BEST.
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Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.
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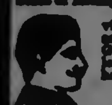

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[illegible] years; but if you are not the man you should be, if you are losing your energy, your Vital force, [illegible] parts, and feeling you don't care what happens, you are suffering from Lost Vitality; [illegible] THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. [illegible] Read the following sworn affidavit. [illegible]

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, ss.: [illegible]

This is to certify that I had been a sufferer from Nervous Debility, lost vitality and weaknesses for a long time; had been doctoring both in Canada and Detroit without receiving any benefit, and placed myself under Dr. Goldberg's care, [illegible] I noticed an improvement in my condition in less than one week; was discharged entirely cured April [illegible], and have had no return of said trouble. Signed, A. R. LE [illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, [illegible]
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SENATORS ENGAGE IN BLOWS

Disgraceful Scene in United States Chamber—Both Committed to Custody

Washington, Feb. 24.— In the Senate yesterday afternoon, at a quarter to 3, a fist fight occurred between Senators McLaurin and Tillman, both of South Carolina. McLaurin arose and said that Tillman's statement regarding him was a "willful and deliberate and malicious lie."

Tillman jumped over chairs and struck McLaurin in the face. A vicious encounter ensued. Both men clinched and struck frantically at each other, when Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Layton sprang between them, and, with the aid of several Senators, the men were parted. It was with great difficulty that they were separated.

The Senate at once determined to go into Executive session, and amid great excitement the galleries and the floors were cleared. During this process the South Carolina Senators remained in their seats.

Mr. McLaurin still showed the mark of Mr. Tillman's fist upon his forehead. Mr. Tillman had not received any injuries apparently, but his usually ruddy face was ashy pale. There were a number of Senators standing about to prevent a renewal of the encounter when the Senate shut itself off from public view.

In Executive session, the Senate at once took up the startling encounter, and a resolution was offered referring the matter to the Committee on Privileges and Resolutions, to report as to what method the Senate should pursue.

Meanwhile both Tillman and McLaurin have been committed to the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms to prevent any hostile meeting between them.

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SIENKIEWIEZ ATTACKS ZOLA

Paris, Feb. 24.— A criticism of M. Zola by M. Sienkiewicz is exciting much comment in literary circles. The author of "Quo Vadis" remarked that any one taking the trouble to tabulate the women in Zola's books would find that ninety-five out of every hundred are abandoned creatures "and that such a literature of lies, exaggeration and love of filth was a libel on the French national life. M. Zola's enemies are more than delighted at the Polish author's denunciation, saying it undermines the talent that the realist is regarded abroad as France's representative novelist.

CIGARETTE IMPORTS ARE SMALL

London, Feb. 24. — The American cigarette invasion, as it is called, looks as if it has ended in smoke, for the present, at any rate. Board of Trade returns [illegible] somewhat upset [illegible] as to the value of cigarettes imported from America. The formidable sum of the January imports from the United States was 1,564 pounds, valued at £354, ($1,720). This sum wouldn't cover the advertisements of the American firms in this country. So far, it is considered in the trade, the Imperial Tobacco Company has scored.

A PROCLAMATION

We possess all the modern and up-to-date facilities for conducting a reliable and first-class drug business. When you favor us with your doctor's prescription, our best efforts are put forth to make that prescription what it should be—professionally correct in the minutest details.

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He Testified in Song.

COLONEL C. C. FOGLE, attorney-at-law, of Lancaster, Mo., related the following legal incident: "One of the most original lawyers I ever met in my life was 'Sam' Dysart, who some twenty years ago was a resident of our county. He is some kin to Major 'Ben' Dysart, of your town. 'Sam' was a born humorist, and could have made his fortune in the lecture field. When he lived up our way he was engaged on one occasion to defend a lot of boys and girls charged with disturbing a religious assembly out in the country, by 'laughing and giggling' is the way the information read. The case was tried before Squire A. C. Bailey, a good old man, who has long since gone to his final reward. Like all cases of the sort, it attracted an immense crowd from the vicinity of the alleged outrage. T. C. Tadlock prosecuted, and he was instructed by the church people to spare no pains to convict the disturbers, who were very much frightened by being dragged into court. All the defendants were children of good families, and it was their first offence. They candidly admitted they laughed out in church, and the State insisted that by their own mouths they were condemned. Brother Tice Spears, a righteous man of Puritanic type, was the main prosecuting witness. He had conducted the services, and he testified that his peace was sadly disturbed by the unseemly behavior of the 'rioters.' After he told his story in chief he sat down with clasped hands waiting for the defendants' attorney to begin on him. He didn't have long to wait. The examination began like this:

"'Brother Spears, you led the meetin' last night?'

"'I did, sir.'

"'You prayed?'

"'I did, sir.'

"'And preached?'

"'I tried to.'

"'And sung?'

"'I sung.'

"'What did you sing?'

"'"There is a Fountain Filled with Blood,"' sir.

"Here Mr. Dysart pulled a hymnbook from his pocket and handed it to the witness, with the remark:

"'Please turn to that song, Brother Spears.'

"The witness did so.

"'That's what you sang that night?'

"'It is, sir.'

"'Well, stand up and sing it now, if you please.'

"'What!'

"'You heard what I said, Brother Spears.'

"'But I can't sing before this sort of crowd.'

"'Brother Spears,' with much apparent indignation, 'do I understand that you refuse to furnish legitimate evidence to this jury?'

"'N—no—but, you see——'

"'Your Honor,' said Mr. Dysart, 'I insist that the witness shall sing the song referred to just as he did on the night of alleged disturbance. It is a part of our evidence, and very important. The reason for it will be disclosed later on.'

"There was a long jangle between the lawyers, and the court finally ordered the witness to get up and sing.

"'And, mind you, Brother Spears,' said Dysart, seriously, 'you must sing it just as you did that night; if you change a note you will have to go back and do it all over again.'

"The witness got up and opened the book. There is a vast difference between singing to a congregation in sympathy with you and a crowd of court room habitues. Brother Spears was painfully conscious of the fact. You know how those oldtime hymns are sung in the backwoods settlements? You begin in the basement and work up to the roof, and then leap off from the dizzy height and finally finish the line in the basement. That's the way the witness sang. He had a good voice—that is, it was strong. It seemed to threaten the window lights. The crowd didn't smile—it just yelled with laughter. The jurymen bent double and almost rolled from their seats. The court bit his cob-pipe harder and looked solemn. It wasn't any use. There were only two straight faces in the house. One belonged to a deaf man and the other to 'Sam' Dysart. The singer finished and sat down. He looked tired. 'Sam' immediately excused him. When the time for speechmaking came 'Sam' remarked to the jury: 'If you gentlemen think you could go to one of Brother Spears' meetings and behave better than you have here, why, you may be justified in convicting these boys and girls.' That was all he said, but it gave the jury lots to think about. They brought in a verdict of not guilty, with the request that Brother Spears sing another song. But that gentleman had gone home and court adjourned."—Macon "Republican."

Pearls of Great Price.

To-day some of the finest pearls of the world go to China. There is a big demand for them among the mandarins there. Many go to India for sale to the rajahs, and a large number to Paris, whence they are re-exported.

Fine pearls are still of great value, but not so much so as they were in the past. In Roman times they were worth more than now. Julius Caesar once presented to the mother of Marcus Brutus a pearl valued at $240,000. Cleopatra is said to have swallowed one worth $300,000, and she had another equally valuable. Philip II. of Spain received a present of a Panama pearl worth $30,000, and a Spanish woman of Madrid owned one worth 30,000 ducats. During a visit to Constantinople I was shown the Sultan's pearl collection. He has about a peck of pearls of different sizes, some as big as a pigeon's egg, and some no larger than the head of a pin. He has quilts embroidered with pearls, saddle cloths decorated with them, and a great number of mirrors with pearl-studded handles, which are probably used by the ladies of his harem.—Buffalo "Express."

Every Little Helps.

"Here's another letter from that new tenant," said the secretary.

"What's he want now?" enquired the proprietor of the Highuppe Apartment House.

"Says he's got to have more room in his flat. Says it'll help some if you'll let him scrape the paper off the walls."—"Catholic Standard and Times."

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out: "Oh, be jabers, 'tis frozen!"

Why "Mike" Didn't Rise.

AMONG the employees of one of the important mercantile establishments of Chicago is a husky young man who is known as "Mike." There seems to be no clear understanding among "Mike's" immediate superiors as to the nature of his duties. He sits around among boxes at the rear end of the concern most of the time and smokes an old pipe that has the death-rattle in its throat.

Occasionally there is a rag-picker or a suspicious looking prowler to be driven out of the alley, but aside from looking after such persons "Mike" has no regular work to do. This gives him plenty of time to get fat and to ponder upon the great mysteries of existence.

The other day one of the firm's trusted men had occasion to look around among the boxes where "Mike" was on guard, and, finding the latter with his heels cocked up and his chin on his breast, while the old pipe gurgled and wheezed and threatened after every puff to give up the struggle forever, the man from the office proceeded to read his colaborer a little sermon.

"'Mike,'" said the one who amounted to something, "why do you sit around here wasting your spare moments? You are neglecting golden opportunities. Instead of idling your time away you might have a book and be studying. Many a man in your place would educate himself, and so become capable of taking a higher place in the world. I myself started in here at the bottom. But I was determined not to remain at the bottom. How do you suppose I got up? By sitting around and waiting for my employers to come and lift me out of my place? No, indeed, 'Mike,' I fitted myself for a better position. I put in my spare time finding out things about the way the establishment was run. I made myself too valuable to be kept at the bottom. I was determined from the start that I would be promoted, not merely for my own benefit, but for the benefit of the firm. I decided to make myself so valuable that they could not afford not to take advantage of my knowledge and my ability. I think a great many young men make mistakes in the attitude they assume at the start. They try to get up merely for their own profit. They should make themselves so competent that their employers could not help seeing that it would be unprofitable to keep them down. You have a hundred chances here for every one that I had when I started. Three-fourths of the time you have nothing to do. You could put in this time studying and finding out how our business is done. In that way you could make yourself worth more to the firm than you are at present. Why don't you do it?"

"Mike" slowly removed his heels from the box on which they had rested, and, after having gulped down a mouthful of nicotine, he replied:

"I've noticed one thing around this place. The less a feller knows the less he has to do."—Chicago "Record-Herald."

Wit and Wisdom from New Books.

How little the world knows about its modest heroes who bear burdens uncomplainingly and show no envy towards those who are more fortunately situated from a worldly point of view.—"Blennerhassett."

Master Hawes spoke shrilly and with a lisp, for which he would have been admired had it been affected, but for which he was often ridiculed because it was natural.—"Captain Ravenshaw."

Children are like jam; all very well in the proper place, but you can't stand them all over the shop.—"The Wouldbegoods."

All women fear and suspect irony when they are able to recognize it.—"The Serious Wooing."

"A man, Philpotts, is never beaten, till he has said in his heart, 'I am beaten.'"—"Sir Christopher."

The whole affair was eminently unsatisfactory, yet so little might have made it perfect; but that is the tragedy of many things.—"A Woman Alone."

The biding in the world and the leaving of it are both tiresome enough at times.—"The Seven Houses."

The attempt to produce ideas by rubbing pen and paper together is much like trying to evoke fire from the friction of a couple of sticks; it is a thing not entirely impossible, but it is always a tedious and generally an ineffectual process.—"Talks on Writing English."

One way or other, belief is a frightful thing. It assassinates everything except itself.—"Temple House."

Culture is accessible to everyone, but there are people who not only do not need it, but whom it is liable to spoil.—"Foma Gordyeeff."

She learned how brutal a man who is not ashamed of himself can be.—"The Night-Hawk."

The price of existence with some people must be an eternal silence.—"Two Men."

Schoolbooks are implements, but they don't teach in school how the implements are to be used in one's business.—"Foma Gordyeeff."

Nature shows us the beautiful while she conceals the interior. We do not see the roots of her roses and she hides from us her skeletons.—"The Morgesons."

The World's a-dyin' o' clo's. Perilitical ambition, sercietty ambition, this world's fashion—what is it all, I ask ye, but clo's?—"Flood-Tide."

You cannot paddle in sin and go with white feet before the throne of God.—"Karadac, Count of Gersay."

New Zealand Like Newfoundland.

There will probably be no inclusion of New Zealand in the Commonwealth of Australia during the next fifty years, if, indeed, it ever takes place. The scheme has now been condemned by the commission appointed by the New Zealand Government to study the federation question, and the commission's judgment seems well based. New Zealand is twelve hundred miles from Australia by sea, a fact that neutralizes the military argument drawn from the benefits of a joint defence in case of war. Again, should New Zealand be brought under Australian control, such a step would imperil the many economic and socialistic experiments being made under the auspices of the New Zealand Government.

She—Let's sit out the next one. He—Why, I thought you were fond of dancing? She—I am.—Detroit "Free Press."

An English mining engineer who has come out from the Yukon brings among other interesting things evidence that the higher the latitude the greater the latitude. Watching a poker game in which the stakes were heavy, he saw a player give himself four aces from the bottom of the pack. Burning with indignation at such shameless cheating, he turned to a bystander and whispered, "Did you see that?" "See what?" "Why, that fellow dealt himself four aces!" "Well, wasn't it his deal?"

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

Mark Hanna's secretary says that since 1896 over five hundred children have been named after the Republican "boss."

At the time when the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall were in Victoria, B.C., there were three families living in Quebec street named respectively "George," "Cornwall," and "York," and the eldest Miss George had the Christian name of "May."

An official decision of the much-discussed question whether there is such a condition of affairs in the Philippines as constitutes a state of war, has been given by the United States War Department in connection with a pending claim. The Department holds that the islands are still in a condition of war.

An important step has been taken toward the abolition of slavery in German East Africa by the publication of an imperial edict which permits every slave to end his condition of servitude by the payment of a sum of money, the amount of which is to be determined by the authorities. Every slave is to be permitted to work for himself two days in the week, or to use for his own purposes the corresponding proceeds of his labor. This will give the slaves an opportunity to accumulate the purchase money. It is further decreed that masters shall not transfer ownership without the consent of the slave.

It is understood that Seth Low, shortly after he was elected mayor of New York, sold a million and a half dollars' worth of securities owned by him in various banks that are doing business with the city, so that he might not in the least embarrass the city. He is determined that the conduct of New York city affairs shall not be liable to the slightest suspicion so far as lies in his power. Many of the stocks sold had been held by him for years, and were gilt-edged securities. His friends say that in disposing of those permanent investments Low made considerable of a sacrifice, as he can not find the equal of some of them as income producers.

The strange story of the elopement of an ordinary milch cow with a bull moose comes from Lake Onawa, a pretty sheet of water in the hills of Piscataquis County, Maine, much frequented by sportsmen from the big cities. The cow was the property of Dr. A. T. Sanden of New York, whose cottage is located on the shore of Onawa, and she was kept in a pasture enclosed by a rail fence. A big moose had been several times seen hanging around the cottage grounds late at night, displaying great boldness. One night he came close up to where the cow was, and the two seemed to be good friends. Late at night a tremendous crash was heard, and next morning the fence was a wreck and the cow gone. Neither she nor the moose has been seen since.

Too Much Parent.

IN these days of strenuous parentage, it may not be amiss to suggest mildly that there may be, in the constitution of a family, such a thing as too much parent. Time was when being a parent was incidental to other business in life. Our grandfathers brought up children, a dozen at a time, with a careless familiarity that takes away the modern breath. Each of the dozen was disciplined and duly chastened. They were whipped when they told lies, and occasionally when they did not. They learned to read at four; were put to work at five, as a matter of course; and developed, in due time, the stuff that men are made of. There was never any particular fuss about it. The larger the family, the more whippings it took. But there were always enough to go around, and no one the worse for it. The advertisement, "Boy missing. Run away from home," was not an uncommon feature of the weekly newspaper. But of the remnant who had the courage to stay at home and grow up, it may be said that they made admirable citizens. They had the rare privilege of passing their childhood and youth in the presence of men and women who had other and more important business in life than that of being parent to offspring. They grew up with a chastened sense of their own unimportance in the scheme of being, and a philosophic expectation of taking the hard knocks of life as they came.

We have changed all that. We have listened to the voice of Froebel, "Let us play with our children;" and to the educational moralist, "A father should be his boy's best friend;" and to our most famous and most unpractical poet, "The child is father to the man;" and the whole business of child-raising is turned other end to. We no longer raise them by the dozen. One or two at a time is as much as we dare venture, and very cautiously at that. We study the development and take notes on the bumps, phrenological; the other kind the modern child is never allowed to have. We agonize over our relation to his moral growth, and drop tentative, trembling seeds into the ground of his being, and exchange specimens if anything comes of it. The result, as a whole, is not, it must be admitted, altogether unpleasing. There is something about the well-born, well-bred, wholesome child of to-day that makes glad the eye and the heart. But the poor parent! We protest that he has never had a chance in life. Ten to one his own parents belonged to the old school, and disciplined him within an inch of life. And now his children belong to the new. He is ground between the upper and the nether stone. Only in scattered, precious moments does he dare call himself his own. Late in the evening, perhaps, when the all-important child has been adequately played with and encouraged and developed and put to bed on his hygienic pillow, there comes a moment when the exhausted parent may sit down before the fire and draw a comfortable, grown-up breath, and gather strength and wisdom for the morrow.

As we watch him, we are reminded of the pleasant old gentleman who, across the reception-plate, is accosted by the genial young girl: "After all, sir, there's nothing so delicious as the wing of a chicken, is there?" And the old gentleman: "I don't know, my dear. When I was young the old people always ate the wings, and now I am old the young people eat them. I have never tasted the wing of a chicken."—From the "Contributors' Club."

Minister—I am sorry I didn't see you at church yesterday, Tammas. Tammas—Weel, ye see, it was sleetin a wee [illegible]

The White Lies of Society.

IN the white lies of society, women who are otherwise scrupulously truthful, are amazingly proficient, writes Geraldine Bonner in the "Argonaut;" they lie to be agreeable, to please. I have often heard women, who could no more have borne false witness against their neighbor than they could have robbed a church, say they would always send down the message "Not at home" rather than the honest but inhospitable "Engaged." "Not at home" was untrue, but hurts nobody's feelings. "Engaged," which accurately stated the case, was impolite and ungracious, and no one, if they could help it by a little judicious suppressing of facts, would ever be sent hurt from their door. I never shall forget some early lessons I received in the house of a lady who was a social leader and a famous charmer, although well on in years. On her day at home she used to sit where she saw the visitors as they came toward the entrance. One day a young woman appeared, and she exclaimed in a high key of annoyance:

"Good gracious, here's Miss So-and-So, just when I wanted to talk to you"—this to my companion, with a bewilderingly sweet smile. "What a bore she is, and always coming here."

The next moment Miss So-and-So entered, and was greeted with the most flattering air of delighted surprise.

"Why, my dear Miss So-and-So! How good of you to come! What a charming surprise! It's a hundred years since I've seen you," etc.

And Miss So-and-So beamed with the deprecating pleasure of one who feels herself appreciated.

When we had left and were descending the steps, I said somewhat ruefully to my companion:

"I suppose she said just the same about us before we came in, to the people who were there before us."

"Of course she did. Why shouldn't she? She's so charming; and one of the most charming things about her is that she's such a transparent liar. Everybody knows that she doesn't mean a word she says, but likes it just as much as if she did."

Ladies of this type will tell you that good manners are founded on a groundwork of amiable insincerity. If one were perfectly sincere, how horribly rude one would sometimes be! Imagine greeting the familiar remark, "Oh, I'm so sorry; I'm afraid I've disturbed you," with the truthful answer: "You have, and I'm not at all glad you came," or, instead of employing the old reliable "So sorry I couldn't get to see you last Friday," substituting the aggressive uprightness of "I had plenty of time to come round on Friday, but I didn't want to go." White lies do certainly grease the wheels of life, and personally I have the greatest possible respect for them. Anything that makes people more agreeable in the society sense ought to be encouraged. In one's social and domestic relations one should cultivate whatever promotes harmony and lessens friction. There is enough of that in the world outside; and, after all, the Recording Angel is not really on the lookout for white lies. The commandments only stipulate that we refrain from bearing false witness; they do not concern themselves in the least about polite falsehoods.

The Romance of a Necklace.

GREAT animation reigns just now on the blue shores of Corfu, where all the fishermen of the coast are busy trying their chances for a big catch. But up to now they have not succeeded in smoothing the capricious temper of Dame Fortune, and night after night they go back home very much downhearted. Why? Well, perhaps the story as told by a European correspondent is worth repeating.

At the moment when the news of her son Archduke Rudolph's tragic death was brought to her, the Empress of Austria was wearing a necklace of big pearls which was almost priceless. At night her chamberwoman saw with dismay that the lustrous pearls had become dull and opaque; she ventured to hint as much to her august mistress, who, however, only shrugged her shoulders with a weary gesture, and would not listen. A few weeks later the Empress asked for her pearls, but on opening the case she uttered a cry of surprise. There were her beautiful dewdrops resting on the white satin lining, which now looked brilliant and lovely compared with the dull and greyish pearls. "This is not my necklace!" she said angrily. But she soon knew that, like true old friends, her beloved pearls had gone into mourning with their mistress. She called to her aid all the jewelers of the world to try and bring back the splendid "Orient," which had made her pearls marvelous to look at. But in vain. At last a professor of chemistry at the Vienna University told the Empress that the only remedy for the pearls was to dip them into the sea and leave them there as long as possible. So one day, accompanied only by an old monk, she rowed into a certain little bay round the island, and, with his aid, hid the necklace in a little cranny in the rocks below the waves, and swore him to secrecy over the matter.

The secret, alas, was too well kept, for on hearing the news of his august mistress's tragic death, Father Ambrosia fell dead in the cloister as he was going to early mass; and now both the Empress and her confidant are buried, the one in a damp vault, and the other under the rose bushes at Corfu, while the precious necklace is resting somewhere among the seaweeds, its location unknown to any living being.

"Hello" Before Prayers.

A nervous looking girl consulted a doctor, who asked her what she was suffering from. Her answer was as follows: "I'm a telephone girl, doctor, and the work is a terrible strain on my nerves. The monotony of having a receiver constantly at my ears, and saying 'Hello!' tells upon my nerves. When off duty I am always having 'Hello!' ringing in my ears, and I am constantly saying it. When I go to bed, I wake up from sleep saying 'Hello!' And even when I kneel down to say my prayers I instinctively say 'Hello!' before I commence them."

Marriage Not a Failure.

Old Friend—Was your daughter's marriage a success? Hostess—Oh, a great success. She's traveling in Europe on the alimony.—"New York Weekly."

A lunacy commissioner was making his customary rounds. An inmate whose particular fancy it was to pose as a much-married man approached with the announcement that he had once again taken to himself a wife. "And who is the fortunate lady?" said the commissioner. "Ah," said the lunatic, smiling sweetly, "she's the daughter of the devil." "Indeed; and how do you get on together?" "Get on? Oh, well, I get on right enough with the [illegible], but it's the old people I can't put up with!"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

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Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

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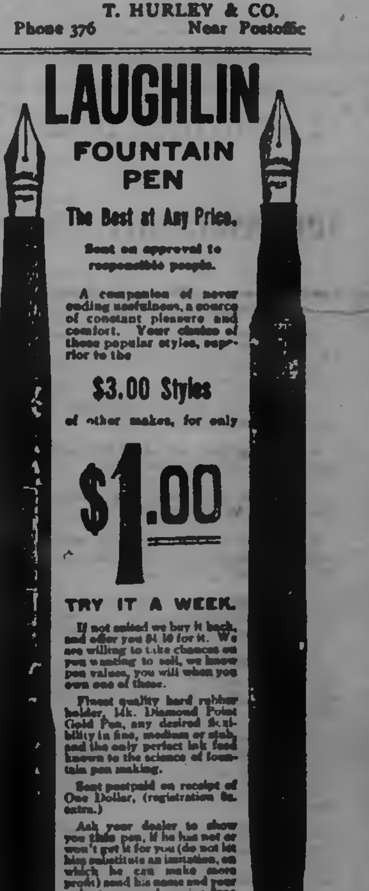

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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

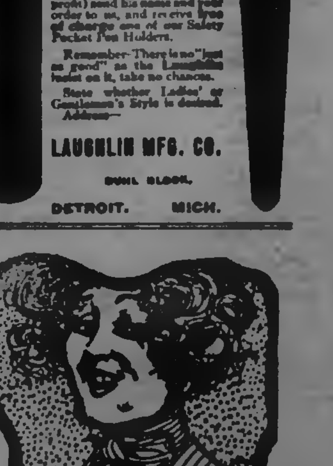
Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.
Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible] BLOCK,
DETROIT. MICH.



THE SOURCE

of supreme satisfaction or measureless misery is in the teeth.

It is fatally easy to neglect them—but every day's neglect means more trouble and expense.

Don't neglect them; don't delay; bring your tooth troubles here at once

Full set of teeth..........$6 00
Gold fillings 1 00
Silver fillings............ 50c
Gold crowns 5 00
Painless extraction 25c

WM. S. HALL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Rooms 2 3 and 4, over China Hall.

—THE—
Pressure of Business
Is greatly relieved by use of the
Long Distance Telephone
You reach your customer in a few seconds and....
MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

WATCH

—THE—

Cash Bargain Grocery

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 370 - 358 George St.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 26, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The small boys are playing marbles—a sure sign of spring.

—The smallpox tent at Jackson Park was taken down yesterday.

—We will start our new story in a few days. Watch for it.

—A large number of men were engaged in making water trenches on Water street yesterday.

—At the police court yesterday, John Oakley was sent up on the hill for two months for being a vagrant.

—The Times job rooms has just turned out the new bills for users of water. They are a reprint of the old form.

—Big bargains in bibles, purses, bound books, dolls, games, fancy goods and stationery during stock taking, for the next ten days, at Times Bookstore.

—A royal welcome was last night extended to the Lindsay curlers who won everything in sight at the Winnipeg, on their return home.

—A large number of enthusiasts from town accompanied the hockey team to Newmarket yesterday.

—The offices of the Central Ontario Power Co., have been removed from the Bank of Commerce building to apartments over Madill's drug store.

—Yesterday the Times Bookstore received a large order from Atlin, B.C. for a special line of stationery and blank books through an advertisement in the Times.

—An owner has been found for a false tooth, which has been in possession of the police for some time. The loser did not have much trouble in proving property.

—Whitan makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 168 Hunter street, west.

—Railway and Shipping World: The Kawartha Lakes Excursion Co., which was referred to in our issue of Dec. 1901, as having purchased the Str. Crandella, is composed of J. H. Lennon and E. Elliott, of Lindsay, Ont. It is stated that about $2,000 will be expended in refitting the Crandella.

—"Coal dealers make a lot of money at our expense in cold weather," grumbled the man who always believes the worst of everybody. "I got a load of coal in the other day, one of those bitter cold days, and when the driver tried to get it down the chute it was frozen into a solid cake. He had to climb up on the wagon and break it up. I really believe that it was half coal and half ice. I asked the driver what he meant by it, and he said that a load of coal was always watered before it left the yards, in order to settle the dust. He assured me that this wasn't done until after it had been weighed, but I have my doubts. Think what a graft it would be to water it first, let it freeze and then charge the customer for the weight of the ice that had formed."

LOST

On Saturday, Feb. 22nd a fox terrier pup Color white. Left ear dark. A suitable reward will be given by leaving same at McCallum's Restaurant, Market block, George Street.

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEB. 28

Our New Story

The new and thrilling story entitled "Daisy Gordon's Folly, or the World Lost for Love's Sake," will be started in The Times next week, watch for it.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Hon. Geo. A. Cox was in town yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, of Madoc, are visiting in town.

—Mrs. Charbonneau and daughter, of Leamington, are spending a few days in town.

—Mrs. A. A. Cox is recovering from her illness, and is able to leave her room.

—Misses Edith and Maude Phillips are the guests of the Misses Menzies 291 Rubidge street.

—Miss Elsie Price, of Belleville, who has been the guest of Miss Ada McBain for several weeks, returned to her home yesterday.

—Mr. John Fitzpatrick, who has been under treatment in St. Joseph's Hospital, is improving. His case considered less serious.

—Mr. M. L. Henry has received a letter from his brother, Ernie, who is a member of the South African Constabulary, in which the writer states that he is enjoying life in South Africa very much.

—Mr. George Dixon, who has been visiting in town for the past few days, left yesterday for the North-west. He will visit Toronto, Chicago and other places en route.

—The Rev. James W. Adams, V.C., who is the only clergyman who has won the Victoria Cross, has been appointed one of the Chaplains in Ordinary to the King, is a brother-in-law of Maj.-Gen. A. C. Toker, who has many relatives living in this neighborhood, and other parts of Canada.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dunlop celebrated their 57th wedding anniversary yesterday. It is just 60 years since Mrs. Dunlop came to Peterborough with her father, the late Hon. A. T. Stewart. She was then a little girl and can relate many amusing incidents connected with the history of Peterboro since that time. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Dunlop hope they will live to celebrate many more wedding anniversaries.

The Price of Eggs

"Eggs are a great luxury just now," said a well known citizen to The Times, yesterday. "I see by the papers that they are quoted at 40c per dozen in New York," he continued.

"They will soon be cheaper in the States," added our Horse Editor, "for Uncle Sam has just secured a German Hennery."

St. Luke's Church Notes

The Womens' Auxiliary will hold its annual meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The meeting will be preceded by a service in the church at 3 p.m., when the rector will give an address on "Qualifications for Christian Work." After the service the business meeting will begin for the election of officers and other important matters. A full attendance is requested. Rev. W. L. Armitage will preach in St. Luke's this evening at 8 o'clock.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains

They arise from the formation of gas owing to improper digestion. A very prompt and efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. It relieves the distention instantly, and by its stimulating action on the stomach aids digestion. Nerviline cures dyspeptic pains by removing the cause. Nerviline is also highly recommended for cramps, colic, summer complaint and inflammation. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

Death of Miss Luny.

Friends will regret to hear of the death of Miss Lucretia Ann Luny, daughter of the late John Luny, which occurred yesterday at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Wand, Lake st., Ashburnham. The deceased lady who was 68 years of age, had been in poor health for some time, but had only been seriously ill for a day or two. She was a lady highly esteemed by friends. The funeral will take place from Mrs. Wand's residence, Lake street, Ashburnham, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

THEIR LAST RESTING PLACE

Funeral of the Late Mrs. W. H. Gordon Yesterday Afternoon

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret E. Gordon, wife of Mr. W. H. Gordon, took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, No. 136 London street, at 2.30 o'clock, and was very largely attended. A large number of beautiful floral tributes were placed on the coffin by the many friends of the deceased. The beautiful burial service of the Presbyterian church was held at the house, where Rev. Dr. Torrance officiated. At the grave, the usual service was conducted.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. D. H. Kerneghan, Wm. Langford, W. H. Moore, Robt. Harrison, J. W. Carey, G. W. Powell.

MUST BE SHOWN

Coffee Drinkers Require Proof

When persons insist on taking some kind of food or drink that causes disease it is not fair to blame a doctor for not curing them.

Coffee keeps thousands of people sick in spite of all the doctor can to to cure them. There is but one way to get well. That is to quit coffee absolutely; a great help will be to shift over to Postum Food Coffee.

A case of this kind is illustrated by Mrs. E. Kelly, 223—8th Ave., Newark, N.J., who says, "I have been ailing for about eight years with bilious trouble and indigestion. Every doctor told me to give up coffee. I laughed at the idea of coffee hurting me, until about three years ago I was taken very bad and had to have a doctor attend me regularly.

The doctor refused to let me have coffee, but prescribed Postum Food Coffee. I soon got to making it so well that I could not tell the difference in taste between Postum and the common coffee.

I began to improve right away and have never had a bilious spell since giving up coffee and taking on Postum. When I started I weighed 100 pounds, now I weigh 130. My friends ask what has made the change and, of course, I tell them it was leaving off coffee and taking up Postum.

I know husband will never go back to the old fashioned coffee again. You can use my name if you print this letter for I am not ashamed to have the public know just what I have to say about Postum and what it has done for me."

THE C. P. R. CAR SHOPS

What the Immense New C.P.R. Works Will Be Able to Turn Out

150 Locomotives a Year—Commencement of the Plans Await Mr. Henry Goldmark's Arrival.

Montreal, Feb. 26—Mr. Henry Goldmark, the expert engineer who has been consulted by the Canadian Pacific in regard to the new workshops, has severed his connection with the Swift Packing Company, of Chicago, and will, it is understood, be permanently attached to the engineering staff of the road. Mr. Goldmark has acted as engineer for the Swifts for the great establishment in Chicago, which is admitted to be the most complete on the continent. He also was consulting engineer for the Chicago and North-western railroad, and superintended the building of their shops. It is understood the executive is considering the reconstruction of the Chief Engineer's department, and that in the near future the work will be divided up into two sections, bridge work to be under the charge of Mr. H. E. Vautlet, and maintenance under that of Mr. Peterson.

Mr. McNicholl, second vice-president and general manager, who returned from Winnipeg yesterday, is figuring on the capacity of the works. The car shops will probably take out from 20,000 to 25,000 cars a year, and the locomotive shops one hundred to one hundred and fifty engines a year. The plans will not be commenced until Mr. Goldmark arrives.

LAID AT REST

Funeral of Miss L. Constance Thompson Took Place Yesterday Afternoon

The funeral of Miss L. Constance, daughter of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, took place from the rectory yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. A large number of sorrowing friends and acquaintances followed the remains to their last resting place. The deceased young lady was of a very bright and cheerful manner and drew to her side a number of steadfast friends who are deeply grieved at the death of one so young, and whose life was so full of promise. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. P. Wilson and Rev. D. O. Crossley.

The floral tributes were many and beautiful, showing the deep respect of many friends for the deceased. The remains were interred in Little Lake Cemetery.

THE LATE ROBERT M'INTYRE

A Well Known and Highly Respected Resident of Keene is Dead

Mr. Robert McIntyre, one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of Keene, died on Monday at his residence, at the age of 60 years. Mr. McIntyre was a well known business man, and was also well known in curling circles, in which sport he took a deep interest. He was also known as a crack shot during his connection with the 57th regiment. In '66 he volunteered for service during the Fenian raid, for which he received a medal a few years ago.

About 30 years ago he married Margaret, daughter of the late Richard Reid, who with one son, John, of Indiana, and two daughters, Mrs. Wm. McFarlane, of Keene, and Mrs. Wm. Kindred, of town, are left to mourn his death. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The service will be held in the Keene Presbyterian church.

Paine's Celery Compound

IS THE GREAT LIBERATOR FROM DISEASE AND SUFFERING

When All Other Medicines and Agencies Fail, Paine's Celery Compound Will Restore Lost Health

General good health depends upon the perfect action of the nervous currents, the vigor of the circulation of the blood and condition of the digestive organism.

If you are rundown, have no energy, feel lifeless, useless, fretful or despondent, use at once Paine's Celery Compound, and note well the great change. If you are a victim of neuralgia, rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver or kidney troubles, sleeplessness or headache, be assured that any of these ailments can be forever banished by the honest use of Paine's Celery Compound. This great and popular medicine is the noblest and happiest gift to suffering men and women that the world knows of. Mrs. E. Neary, Port Williams, N. S., tells of her experience with Paine's Celery Compound as follows:

"I have much pleasure in testifying to the beneficial effects of Paine's Celery Compound. I suffered for about five years with chronic dyspepsia and weakness of the heart. I had tried several other medicines but all to no purpose. No relief came until I used Paine's Celery Compound, which helped me at once, in fact it saved my life; I cannot recommend Paine's Celery Compound too highly, for I believe it to be the best medicine ever prepared."

Peterboro Double the Score At Newmarket

The Peterborough hockey team gave the Newmarket sports a big surprise last night when they put it over the hockey team of that place by a score of 6 to 3, Winning the round by 9 goals. This being the last round of the semi finals it leaves Peterborough to go up against the winners of Galt and Collingwood who play a sudden death game in Toronto as soon as ice can be obtained.

The young lady hockeyists of the town have got into the game again and will chase the puck on the ice with the young ladies' hockey team of Port Hope providing that arrangements can be made to obtain the rink for Thursday night, and the ice is good.

Nervous Dyspepsia

How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds a real misery to life. Not the stomach but the nerves are affected. Starved nerves make the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone because it's a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich, red blood. This is the savings bank of health. The richer the blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the digestive organs and, presto! the nervous disturbance disappears. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
166 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

- Special Colonist Excursion Fares -

PETERBORO

To Billings, Montana	$35 55
Colorado Springs, Denver Helena, Butte, Pueblo, Ogden and Salt Lake City	$40 55
Spokane Wash.	$41 05
North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points	$43 55

Proportionate rates to and from other points.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$2.50 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonnie Investment Co., 14 & 16 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA

To Keep Pace With The Times

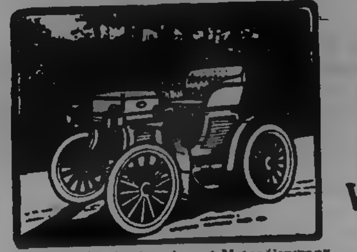
TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile Will be Given Free



WORTH $2,000. WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cote & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received........................ coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..

Address..

County........................

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS
LEAVES
MONTREAL
12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
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E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N.B.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales, Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 435, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS'
One-Way
EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to Dr. D. HINKLY XX-[illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S
Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

KILLED THEIR OWN COLONEL

Filipinos Wanted to Surrender, and He Opposed Them.

Manila, Feb. 25.—There have been a large number of surrenders in different parts of southern Luzon as a result of the two months' campaign of Gen. Bell and the native constabulary. During the past week 22 officers and 236 riflemen surrendered.

Gov. Trias, with a force of volunteers, has defeated the Ladrones in Cavite province. Col Willegas's command in that province has surrendered after killing Col. Willegas because he refused to sanction a surrender.

Gen. Bell reports that the municipal officers at Lipa, which was formerly a hotbed of insurrection, have organized a force of 20 natives, who are chasing [illegible]

The Education Department has decided to establish normal schools in the provinces.

The Filipinos have enthusiastically celebrated Washington's Birthday with parades and a meeting. Among the speakers were acting Governor Wright and Gen. Chaffee. A delegation of cock-fighters, carrying birds, attended the meeting. The cocks were carried to show silent disapproval of the suppression of the national sport by the Philippine Commission.

A LAST CALL

We again remind those of our subscribers who are in arrears for The Times that settlement must be made at once. In a few days we will begin sending outstanding accounts to the Division Court. This is a final notice.

TIMES PRINTING CO.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 40 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY FEBRUARY 27 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

MACKENZIE'S COLUMN MAKES A GOOD HAUL AND SEVERAL BURGERS TAKEN

Prince Nicholas Tries Ineffectually to Raise Money for Armaments--Scene in the French Chamber.

London, Feb. 26.—A despatch to The Times from Ermel says that Col. Mackenzie's column, operating near Lake Chrissie, in the southeastern Transvaal, surprised Hans Grobelar's small laager, capturing Stephanus Grobelar, Corporals Vandermewe and Schalkmeyer, prominent burghers, who have been active in encouraging resistance in the Ermelo district. Four other influential burghers were also taken.

MONTENEGRO WANTS A WAR LOAN.

London, Feb. 26.—A despatch from Vienna to The Times says the object of the recent visit of Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, to St. Petersburg is chiefly to raise a loan of tenmillion francs, which he failed to float in Rome and Paris. The Prince told the Russian authorities that he wanted the money to spend upon armaments to check Austria's encroachments beyond the Balkans. It is said that he failed to interest Russia.

SCENE IN THE FRENCH CHAMBER.

London, Feb. 26.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that in the Chamber of Deputies, a member interrupted another deputy, calling him a Communist. A Socialist retorted that the appelation was an honor, and all the Socialists rose, shouting and singing. The President protested vainly, and both sides shouted wildly. Order was gradually restored.

REDUCTION OF THE SUGAR DUTY.

London, Feb. 26.—A despatch from Brussels to The Times says that the British delegates to the International Sugar Conference, insist on a reduction of the five franc import duty exacted by Germany and Austria. These states suggest a compromise, which the French and English delegates join in opposing.

ITALY TAKES ENERGETIC STEPS.

London, Feb. 26.—A despatch from Rome to The Times says the Italian Government is taking energetic measures for the preservation of order, and warships have been ordered to Naples, Leghorn and Genoa.

BRITISH ADVANCES IN CAPE COLONY.

Pretoria, Feb. 26.—General French, who commands the troops in Cape Colony, has made preparations for an extensive movement against the Boers who still remain in the colony. Commandant Maritz is in supreme command of the Boer forces, and his lieutenants include Pyber, Bouwers, Theron and Smuts. It is understood that in anticipation of the British advance the Boers have been sending large quantities of grain into Bushman Land, the vast, dry, and partly unsurveyed region, bounded on the west by Namaqualand, and on the north by the Orange River. It is expected that the Boers will retire into this district, where pursuit will be difficult, and campaigning very arduous, owing to the scarcity of water.

PROGRESS OF THE BOER WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

A Cheerful Outlook Caused by the Large Number of Boers Who are in British Ranks

London, Feb. 26—There were over 800 Boers enlisted last week in the British service. These men are earnest and anxious to bring the war to a speedy close. This is the most cheering news that has come from South Africa for a long time. There is said to be signs of general sentiment in this direction in the concentration camps. It is impossible to hear of such a movement without misgivings as to its reality and genuineness. The majority of the Boers are so wily and tricky that one is irresistibly impelled to doubt the good faith of any of them. On the other hand, it would be impossible for anything to occur more pregnant with hope as to a peaceful settlement after the war is over or more calculated to give the lie in trumpet tones to the slanders with which Europe has been filled by men who have thought to serve their country by falsehood. In the English parliament the anti-war sentiment has expressed itself, but recognises that it has not the country with it. There are many criticisms of army methods which may well be remembered later and there are many grumblings, of course, over the war burdens, but the nation as a whole simply sets itself more determinedly to the uphill pull and every scowl and sneer from the continent helps this determination. The people evidently want those in whose hands the war is now to be allowed to end it and properly settle matters after it. Except in the case of the Indian Mutiny there has always been in Great Britain an anti-war party, which is a good thing in itself. It is not always an advantage, however, that an embittered opposition should have the settlement of things immediately after a war, as it may be too precipitate in sacrificing the fruits of hard won victories. Of this sort of thing we have ourselves a poignant reminder in the French shore difficulty in Newfoundland.

Britain will Adopt Protection

London, Feb 26.—An important conference will be held in London next week, March 6. It is a gathering of parties from all parts of the United Kingdom to discuss the advisability of dropping the idea of a free market, which has so long been the means of keeping England and her colonies commercially apart, to the advantage of foreign countries. The Council of the United Empire Trade League have decided upon this course to obtain an expression of public opinion before the Government bring down the budget. While the principal aim of the conference is described by the Times as the development of trade between all parts of the Empire upon mutually advantageous terms and on a preferential basis, the council hopes that all schools of fiscal thought, in the direction of safeguarding British interests, whether agricultural, manufacturing or other, will be represented. Mr. James Lowther, M.P., will preside at the meeting, and he will be supported by Lord Masham, Sir Howard Vincent, many members of Parliament and representatives of industrial from all parts of the country.

The signs increase that the people of Great Britain are awakening to the necessity of adapting their tariff to unmistakable conditions. The Times says: "The increased fiscal hostility to British goods of foreign countries, the necessity owing to the war for a considerable addition to domestic taxation, and the strong inclination in South Africa, New Zealand and Australia to accord a customs preference to the manufactures of the mother country, after the example of Canada, have given a renewed impetus to the feeling, long prevalent in many quarters, that the time has come for a revision of the free market system inaugurated by Mr. Cobden, especially in the absence of reciprocity in any part of the world. The recent letters in the Times by Sir Robert Giffen, so long the statistical spokesman of the Board of Trade, have had a marked influence, it is said, in this direction."

WAR, NOT TRIBUTE

Hon. David Mills Utters Some Homely Truth for American Ears

London, Feb. 26— David Mills, the Canadian statesman, in an article in the March number of the Empire Review, written while Mr. Mills was Canadian minister of justice, bitterly assails President Roosevelt's and Senator Lodge's interpretation of Monroeism. He declares that the United States "are so long enamored of their own political institutions and so devoted to self worship that they think no others are deserving of admiration."

Mr. Mills says that it would be to the state of Maine's commercial advantage to enter the Canadian federation, and says, "America has no more right to dictate to South and Central America than to Canada." In conclusion Mr. Mills quotes the U. S. reply to the Barbary States: "We prefer war to tribute," adding, "The United States must not be surprised when the occasion arises if she receives from European statesmen an answer not unlike that she gave to the Day of Algiers. It is certain that a similar conclusion will be reached by Europe whenever an attempt is made to enforce against any great European power so degrading a species of vassalage as that embraced by the Monroe doctrine."

Items of Interest.

Paris, Feb. 26.—The series of Festivities to celebrate the centenary of the birth of Victor Hugo, which will last until Sunday next, opened to-day with a grand ceremony within the Pantheon under the auspices of the Government. President Loubet, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, and other members of the Cabinet and the Chamber of Deputies, representative delegations from the Institute, and the other state bodies, including the leading lights of art, science and literature in France, and deputations from the various lycees and educational institutions, were present.

The ceremony began shortly after ten in the morning, and was concluded at 11.45 p.m. The program included eulogistic orations by M. Leygues, Minister of Public Instruction, and M. Hanotaux, president of the Institute; recitals of several of Victor Hugo's poems by members of the Comedie Francaise and the rendering of hymns based on Hugo's works by M. Delmas of the Opera, and a choir of 150 men and women. The band of the Republican Guards and an orchestra, numbering 180 persons, performed the instrumental part of the exercises.

The scene within the Pantheon was most imposing and full of color, owing to the brilliant toilettes of the ladies and the uniforms of the officials.

In all the public schools of France the day was celebrated by lectures on the life of France's national poet and by readings from his works by the professors.

CUBAN POST OFFICE FRAUDS.

Havana, Feb. 26.—Senor Zayas began yesterday, in the trial of the Cuban post office fraud cases, his argument in behalf of Charles F. W. Neely. He said he would discredit W. H. Reeves, former deputy auditor, and his testimony should have no weight. The prosecution's case rested he said, largely on evidence bearing the Government's stamp, official reports and facts and figures furnished by Washington, yet in the reports of the Secretary of War, and the Postmaster-General, of receipts and expenditures in the department of Cuba there was a difference of $103,000 in expenditures, and the experts' reports differed from both of these. He spoke at length on the extradition of Neely, and said the case was illegal from the start. Under Spanish law, he contended, the court had no right to ask for the extradition of Neely. "The fiscal has claimed," concluded Senor Zayas, "that the United States postal code covers the case, but that code cannot annul our laws of extradition."

MISS STONE AT SALONIKA.

Salonika, Feb. 26.—Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka and baby hav arrived here, well and cheerful. They received the members of the Anglo-American community in the railway carriages.

WILL STAND HER TRIAL.

Butler, Pa., Feb. 26.—Three charges have been laid against Mrs. Kate Soffel, the wife of the Pittsburg jail warden, one alleging the crime of aiding in the escape of murderers and two alleging felonious assault and battery. The woman is now fully recovered from her wounds.

Malt Breakfast Food

Bestows a Fresh, Rosy and Healthy Complexion

This is a fact that has been frequently demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of a multitude of people. The fact that Malt Breakfast Food is a predigested food, a blood enricher, an aid to digestion, easily assimilated and rich in concentrated nutriment, combine to make it a health food that assuredly bestows a fresh, rosy and healthy complexion to those who use it.

Foods that tax the powers of the organs of digestion have a tendency to produce eruptions, skin troubles and disfigurements of the face. If you would be always well and hearty and have a clear and clean complexion, use Malt Breakfast Food regularly every morning. No other breakfast food is so delicious, palatable, and satisfying. Ask your grocer for it.

CAINESVILLE CORNERS.

—A very enjoyable evening was spent at the residence of Mr. P. Quinlan, on Thursday last, when a party of young people were hospitably entertained.

—Mr. Tom O'Brien was the guest of of Mr. Pat Conroy Sunday last.

—Mr. Edward Fitzgerald gave a talk on pitchholes and Daniel O'Callaghan has taken the contract of filling them in with sawdust. Dan always likes to keep things in shape.

—Mr. Tom O'Brien and Mr. John Conroy have made the purchase of two fast horses for the races.

INDIAN RIVER.

—Times are more than hustling around Indian River.

—Mr. Maurice O'Leary and Miss Mary were in Norwood on Sunday.

—Mr. S. Murphy has started up a new factory at Indian River.

—Dr. Smith has a new horse for spring work.

—Mr. A. Whibbs has bought out P. G. Maker & Co., and intends starting up a second hand buggy factory.

It Will Give You an Appetite

Ask a stomach to take care of it, a digestion that will fill your veins with rich blood; if weak, it will strengthen the heart; will make the liver discharge its proper functions. Ferrozone will do all this, and more too. Ferrozone will increase your nerve force, and capacity for mental labor, and will make work a real pleasure. Every man, woman and child can derive benefit from Ferrozone. At all druggists.

ANTI-ENGLISH OPINION MANUFACTURED ABROAD

George C. Musgrave Contributes Able Article About Pro-Boer Foreign Papers

London, Feb. 26.—Geo. C. Musgrave, a well known English writer, has contributed the following article on the foreign pro-Boer press:

"History shows few examples in which a cause could enlist for its purpose the mutual animosity of nations without touching conflicting interests. When Dr. Leyds was appointed foreign representative of a pastoral people without power to conclude a treaty, at a salary greater than that of the Viceroy of India, he was able to harness for his purpose the centres of Anglophobia from St. Petersburg to San Francisco. After the outbreak of war these anti-British elements were easily stirred into activity by a few subsidized agitators and a supply of doctored news. With judicious log-rolling public opinion acts on the snowball principle. Adherents to the Boer cause were won in shoals. Each centre soon became self-supporting and finally remunerative, until, with perhaps three exceptions, the movement in all civilized countries is reaching very dangerous proportions.

"The recent outbreak in Germany was but a single manifestation of the widespread agitation that is growing ominously every week, a source of danger that we cannot afford to regard with complacency. Columns of calumny are issued daily in several languages from Dr. Leyds' headquarters, and transmitted by subsidized news agencies to every corner of Europe. By systematized distribution even the smallest provincial papers receive columns of war "news" gratis and the numbers of readers of each inspired story are without precedent. The cost of this anti-British campaign is, of course, enormous, but it is more than covered by the growing subscriptions to the cause.

PRO-BOER LECTURERS

"Europe and the United States are flooded by pro-Boer lecturers, who collect large sums for the women and children in the concentration camps. These emissaries deduct expenses on a high scale, but are still able to transmit a substantial surplus to the Transvaal Legation, and a return of official thanks to the local committees satisfies the donors that their gifts have reached the proper quarters. As much as $5,000 has been gathered in at single meetings in the United States. Recent subscriptions from Germany have averaged $5,000 a week. One very ordinary lecturer who absconded last month after a tour through France and Belgium, was proved by his lists to have collected 18,000 francs for the women and children in a few weeks. On this scale it is easy to estimate how lucrative the plea of humanity is proving to the European exchequer of the republics. There is no record of these funds having been sent to the camps. Despite their assertions to the contrary, the only hope of Mr. Kruger's followers is to inflame public opinion to the point of forcing a crisis when some diplomatic complication arises. And to most of these advisers, who are encouraging the steadfast burghers in the field to prolong a useless agony, peace would mean the end of large salaries and attractive appointments.

"Since leaving South Africa in 1900 journalistic wanderings in many lands have given me voluminous notes of the ramifications of the anti-British propaganda. In the United States, the local consuls for the late Republics and Mr. Montague White received the unanimous support of the Irish factions directly war broke out. They soon won over the German element, but obtained little hold on the sympathies of true Americans.

"In France pro-Boerism in general is merely recrudescent Anglophobia that may be traced in part to history, but greatly to our exasperating habit of unconscious superiority, which we could appreciate only by seeing ourselves through foreign glasses. In its pro-Boer garb this hostility may be gauged by milestones from the South.

"Considering ties of race and religion the attitude of Holland is not surprising.

After Holland, where public use of English evokes insult, Denmark proves a refreshing change, as the Danish are eminently fair, and the press is impartial.

KRUGER THINKS BOERS WILL YET BE FREE

Tells Pastor He Hopes Americans Will Cry Out Against British Atrocitiee

THE OLD MAN UNRECONCILED

He Says That the War Was Forced Upon the Boers by the British

New York, Feb. 26—Rev. Dr. Van Broekhuisen, who arrived in this country recently in the interests of the Boer cause, says that in an interview which he had with President Kruger previous to leaving Holland, "the Grand Old Man" of the Transvaal said that he felt confident that God would yet crown with success the cause of liberty in South Africa and that he, President Kruger, would return to his native land as President of a free people.

"Tell the American people," said Kruger, "that we did not start this cruel war. It was forced upon us."

Rev. Dr. Van Broekhuisen says that very few Boers with rifles have been captured by the English; that most of those who are in the British prison camps are non-combatants, old men, women and children. He hopes the American people will cry out against the barbarous methods which England is adopting to destroy the independence of the South African Republics. The murder of Scheepers and others, he says, will bring down the vengeance of heaven on those whose hands are red with their blood.

Rev. Dr. Van Broekhuisen was pastor of President Kruger's church in Pretoria previous to the breaking out of the war, and received part of his education in the University of Edinburgh. In a speech delivered a few evenings ago before the Executive Committee of the American Society for Freedom, in the Morton House, he declared that the Boers would not accept anything short of complete independence, and that the war would be carried on while one man of them remained to bear a rifle.

DIAMOND DYES

Give Surprising Results

ALL GARMENTS AND MATERIALS MADE TO LOOK AS GOOD AS NEW

Do not for a moment imagine that because goods are colored over with Diamond Dyes that they will look shabby or old. When Diamond Dyes are used, your garments or goods, be they heavy or light, will have "the freshness of new materials," and their bright and beautiful colors cannot be surpassed by anything direct from the dry goods store. With a little care in following the directions for using the dyes, and thoroughness in pressing the goods, you will be delighted with the perfect success following the use of Diamond Dyes.

Have you seen the pretty designs in Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns? If not, send a postal card with your address, and The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., will mail you free of cost sheets of designs to choose from.

BRITAIN'S MILITARY PRESTIGE ENHANCED

The Vast Increase in the Military Stength of the British Empire

IT IS NOW SUPREME IN EUROPE

Her Prestige as a Fighting Nation Never So High as at the Present Moment

London, Feb. 26—Not the least momentous consequence of the South African war is the vast increase which it has brought about in the military strength of Great Britain. The press of continental Europe and of the United States affects to believe that the resistance of the Boers has shaken the foundations of the Empire, but the newspapers merely give voice to the wish of their readers, and the foreign governments know well that the popular view is quite erroneous. It is probably no exaggeration to say that Great Britain is at the present time the foremost military power in the world. Counting the Indian army, she could bring nearly half a million seasoned soldiers into the field, under officers who have waged war on a grand scale, and who, if service is the advantage which military men believe it to be, ought to be able to sweep the forces of any continental country out of their path.

But it is not merely the improvement in her army which has raised Britain's prestige in Europe. Her rivals and enemies on the continent have perhaps been impressed quite as much by the rapidity with which she transported a force of 250,000 men, with munitions of war, a distance of many thousand miles across the ocean, as by the effectiveness of that force. Till she performed it the feat was considered impossible, and such a demonstration of power probably did more to raise her in the estimation of the rulers of Europe than a successful war would have done. There is little doubt but that the powers would have interfered in the South African war if Britain had been in the crippled condition portrayed by the continental press, and their studied courtesy is ample evidence that whatever may be the belief of the people the governments are under no delusion as to the power of the Empire.

Twenty Years of Bronchitis

Captain Dunlop, of Kingston, commander of the steamer "Bohemian," of the R. & O fleet, suffered unceasingly for twenty years, and although he took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained until he used Catarrhozone, which cured him quickly and permanently. The Captain says, "Catarrhozone is the best cure for bronchitis on the face of the globe, pleasant to use, quick to relieve and sure to cure." Catarrhozone is a wonderful treatment for all disease of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes. Two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Southeasterly winds; continued mild; rain in most localities.

Cloudy, comparatively mild weather is general throughout the Dominion, and at present there are no indications of much change.

BRITISH CONVOY TAKEN CAPTURED BY THE BOERS

Severe Fighting Takes Place Southwest of Klerksdorp in the Transvaal

OUTPOST LINE IS RUSHED BY THE BOERS

Six Hundred Burghers Attempted to Break Through Near Bethasberg and Many of Them Succeeded

London, Feb. 26.— Rumors are current on the Stock Exchanges of Paris, Brussels, and London that Gen. Louis Botha, the Boer commander-in-chief, is negotiating with Lord Milner for the surrender of the Boers.

Mr. Chamberlain was questioned in the House of Commons to-day regarding the report that Botha had approached Lord Milner with a suggested basis of settlement, the condition being that none of the Boer leaders should be exiled from South Africa. Mr. Chamberlain replied that there was no truth in that peace rumor or in others.

BOER DRIVE IN CAPE COLONY

Pretoria, Feb. 26. — General French has inaugurated a move against the Boers in Cape Colony similar to that recently adopted by Lord Kitchener against De Wet's forces.

Great interest attaches to this advance against the combined commandoes of Boers and rebels who have for many weeks been making themselves at home in the north-western and part of Western Cape Colony.

The strength of the enemy is unknown, but it is probably not less than 1,000 many of whom, however, are said to be unarmed rebels. The supreme command is in the hands of Commandant Maritz, who distinguished himself some months ago by raiding for horses within 30 miles of Cape Town. Under him are Commandants Pyper (successor to Scheepers), Bouwers, and Theron, and Mr. Smuts, formerly Transvaal State Attorney.

The last-mentioned will be remembered as the leader of the attack on the Lancers' camp near Tarkastad last September, in which the British sustained serious losses.

Commandant Maritz, in anticipation of the British advance, has been sending large quantities of grain into Bushman Land, the vast, dry, and partly unsurveyed region bounded on the west by Namaqualand and on the north by the Orange River. It is expected that the Boers will retire into this district, where pursuit will be difficult and campaigning very arduous, owing to the scarcity of water.

KRUGER'S SECURITIES SOLD

Paris, Feb. 26. —Securities valued at 6,000,000. ($1,200,000), belonging to President Paul Kruger, have recently been sold here. The money will be spent in furthering the Boer propaganda in Europe and America.

CASE OF DESTITUTION

The Graham Family in Dummer in Great Want—Two Children Taken to the Shelter

Mr. George Cochrane, agent of the Childrens' Aid Society, and Mr. Henry, caretaker, visited a home near Gilchrist bay in Dummer on Tuesday and found a family named Graham in a very destitute condition. The father has not been working this winter. The mother is very ill and there was nothing in the house for the children to eat. The cabin was about 12 x 12 and as there was no food in the place it was decided to bring two of the children, a boy of 10 and a girl of 8 years to the Children's Shelter. The father objected but he was given a warning and some sound advice by Mr. Cochrane and then he consented to the children being taken away. The children are seemingly rather smart and are receiving careful attention under the care of Mr. and Mrs. Henry at the Shelter.

LOCAL LEGAL

SINGLE COURT.

Before Street, J.

Re Bradburn and Turner. — Judgment (G. A. B.) on petition under the vendor's and purchasers' act. The testator Thomas Bradburn, by his will, dated 12 of January, 1900, in the first place appointed his three sons, who were the vendors, to be his executors, directing them to pay all his lawful debts out of his estate. Then followed devises and bequests of real and personal property to various members of his family. These were followed by a clause, declaring that all the foregoing property was to be free and clear of every incumbrance whatsoever. The next clause was as follows;—"I do hereby will the following property, subject to the payment of all my just debts; and when all my debts are fully paid, the balance shall be divided amongst my said four children,—Thomas, William, Rupert and Mabel, share and share alike. The property which I will to my children, share and share alike, is situated as follows." Then came a list of the lands referred to in this clause, covering the land which was the subject of the petition. Then the will proceeded; —"I would here suggest what I consider the best means of protection for all parties interested in this my will, to make no division of any of my property, but pool it altogether, and divide the proceeds share and share alike............The property willed and described herein is intended to go to the parties direct." Held, that the case came within the provisions of sec. 18 of R. S. O. ch. 129, under which, when a charge for debts is created, but the estate is not vested in any trustee or trustees by the terms of the will, a power of sale is given to the executors, and purchasers are (G. sec. 19) relieved from the necessity of inquiring as to the due execution of the power. Therefore, the executors can make title to these lands without the concurrence of any of the devisees. The children's rights are given to them only in the residue after payment of the debts, and the latter references in the will must be read accordingly. (2) The will contained various gifts to the widow, including an annuity of $1,500, payable quarterly, and declared that she was to accept them in lieu of dower. The petition stated that, after the death of the testator, the widow elected to, and did, accept the provision made for her in lieu of dower, and had since received regularly the annuity. Held, that the purchaser was entitled either to a release from her or to a declaration from her in a form sufficient to estop her as against him from claiming dower, for her receipt of the annuity was only prima facie evidence against her, and she might, in spite of it, be let in to claim her dower in case it should appear that she had elected in that proper knowledge of the effect of her so doing. Order declaring accordingly. No costs. A. P. Poussette, K.C., for the vendors. R.A. Peck, Peterborough, for the purchasers.

A PARABLE

Which Illustrates the Advantages This G. P. A. Offers to the Advertiser

A Canadian traveller, crossing Europe, bought a first-class coach-ticket for a day's ride through a mountainous country where there was no railroad.

After riding on the coach for some time it occurred to him that it was very foolish to have bought a first-class ticket, when all passengers on the vehicle apparently fared alike. And so, with that famous Canadian characteristic, he appealed to the driver as to "What he got on his first-class ride that the second and third-class passengers did not?"

The driver assured him that his value would appear before the end of the journey, and it was fully acknowledged by the Canadian traveller when, as they came to the bottom of a seven-mile hill, just after dinner, the driver threw down the reins and made this announcement: "First-class passengers, please keep your seats! Second-class passengers, get out and walk! Third-class passengers, get out and push!"

There is an exact parallel to this in the newspaper advertising business. When an ad. is put in the Times an advertiser may be excused from wondering what he gets that the advertisers in other papers, who pay a less price, do not secure. But it is sure to appear before long in greatly increased business.

Advice to Mothers

If your little boy or girl comes home with a sore throat, the first thing to do is to rub the throat and chest with Polson's Nerviline. Don't be afraid to use Nerviline freely—a whole bottleful wouldn't burn or blister the tenderest skin. Rub it until all taken up by the pores, and just before the child goes to sleep give him a glass of hot water into which 20 drops of Nerviline has previously been stirred. This is a sure, pleasant and speedy cure. Large bottle 25c.

Violent Crime on the Increase

New York, Feb. 26.—In the annual report of the Board of City Magistrates of the First Division, including Manhattan and the Bronx, submitted to the Board at the last meeting by Magistrate Joseph C. Deuel, important statistics were presented and recommendations made.

Particularly interesting was a sketch of police arrests in New York from the years 1861 to 1876, inclusive, with tabulation showing comparison with statistics of each of those and of recent years.

In comparison with the present, it is shown that medical malpractice and extortion have about held their own; that abduction, felonious assault, burglary, disorderly conduct, homicide, grand larceny, and malicious mischief are now more frequent, and that arson simple assault, bigamy, blackmail, conspiracy, forgery, kidnapping, petit larceny, libel, perjury, receiving stolen goods and robbery are now less, proportionately.

MANY WOMEN ARRESTED.

During 1901 there were 76,425 men and 18,139 women arraigned in the seven police courts of the First Division, making a total of 94,564 prisoners, Magistrate Deuel reports. This is an increase over the previous year of 2,158. Male prisoners constituted 80 per cent. and female prisoners 20 per cent, of the total arrests. The percentages for 1900 were 78.4 and 21.6 respectively.

Excluding the year 1879, the arrests for excise violations were fewer in number than for any year covered by these reports, and a smaller number was held for trial than during any of those years. In 1879 the number held for trial was 790 out of a total of 917 arrests, and 306 were held for trial during 1901 out of 977 arrests.

Cordial approval is given to the system of probating prisoners above the age of sixteen years, and it is strongly recommended that a reformatory for offenders between sixteen and twenty years be put in operation. Good results of the probationary system are set forth at length.

APPLY FOR BOTH.
They are Issued Free.
Our 400 page, illustrated,
"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."
If you are looking for an investment, they will prove of value, assisting you, in your selections; if trading on margin, your chance for profit making will be greatly increased. The former is brimful of valuable information relative to Wall St., its markets and Securities; the latter, in a daily careful analysis of the financial situation, outlining therefrom the probable immediate movements of the markets. Write us, if contemplating buying any particular stock; we will be pleased to correspond with you, placing in your possession, any data we may have on file, in our Statistical department, relative to same.

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Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Peterborough, Ont.
"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."
COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.
W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL -SMELTER—MINES
Butchart & Watson
Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg
Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.
Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 26, 1902

THE ASSESSMENT LAWS

There will, of course, be no action taken at the present session of the Legislature on the Assessment Commission report. A good precedent is to be found in the Drainage Act. Previous to 1890 the law with reference to the important work by which so much valuable arable land has been added to the Province of Ontario was in such an unsatisfactory condition that the annual attempts to mend and patch it became a Parliamentary joke. In 1890 a Commission was appointed to consider the whole matter. It made its report, and a bill was framed on the lines of it, but not at once submitted to the House. It was, instead, sent to the clerk of every municipality in the Province, and to others likely to be interested in the matter, with an invitation to peruse and make suggestions if it was thought to be inadequate to meet the case. Suggestions were received and considered, and then, and not till then, was the bill presented to the House. It passed and became law in 1894, and but little has been heard of the ditches and watercourses act, except by way of humorous reminiscence, since. A similar course was adopted, it will be remembered, by the Dominion Government with respect to the criminal code. After being drafted it was sent to leading judges and lawyers in all parts of the Dominion, and many valuable suggestions were sent in with regard to it, and a number of them adopted. The code thus carefully framed has stood the test of experience very well. Assessment is a subject of the first importance, and it would be desirable to get the thought of the country on it if important changes are contemplated, and the course adopted in the cases mentioned would seem to be suitable for application in this case.

THE OLD TOWN BAND

Dedicated to Messrs. Frank J. P. Metheral, Battle Hudson, Geo. Stenson, Tom Rutherford, Billy Sanderson and others.

I mean the band of olden time, when
you and I were boys,
When music to be sweet to us, must
drown all other noise;
When martial noise entranced our
ears and every feeling fired,
When uniforms with golden braid were
all our hearts desired.

Oh, how those fellows marched about
on every holiday!
The park was filled with music sweet,
the streets with bright array.
The townsfolks stood upon their steps,
the country folk, discreet,
With horses prancing to the tunes,
drove up some other street.

The boys! Well, you can easy guess;
we shall not try to hide it.
Whenever that old band was out we
fellows marched beside it.
We kept the step the bandsmen did
and kept it quite as well
And always held our corner up when
it was time to yell.

Perhaps they made some discords; perhaps
the side horn blew
About three times as strong and loud
as they by right should do;
Perhaps the cymbals didn't clang exactly
with the bass;
Perhaps the "B flats" missed some
notes and tooted out of place.

But what cared we when we were
boys? To our uncultured breast
"The Girl I Left Behind Me," was as
good as Gliddon's best.
Our little backs would straighten up,
our thoughts would soar away—
The acme of our earthly bliss—to play
a horn some day.

I've heard full many bands since then
and paid to get a seat
I've heard them play their loudest airs
and softly, sadly, sweet;
But never has my being thrilled with
rapture more complete
Than when I heard old Beckett's
band go marching down the street.

RUSSIAN DEAL WITH COREA

Island of Kojo and the Coast Near Chemulpo Not to be Leased

Yokohama, Feb. 26.—Advices from Seoul are to the effect that a convention has been concluded with the Russian Minister to Corea, by the terms of which China agrees not to lease or grant to any Power, company or individual the island of Kojo, the shore opposite or any part of the coast littoral to Chemulpo.

A Rural School Board.

SOME up-to-date teachers tell strange stories of their conversations with school trustees regarding some of the studies that have been added to "the three R's" in country schools. In "Max Adler's" new novel, "Captain Bluitt," appears the following passage, which will remind many teachers of something similar:

"I should like," said Director Robinson, "to ask what is this metric system that I find some of the children trying to learn?"

The principal explained the metric system.

"Nothing to do with hymns, with long metre and short metre and hallelujah metres?" asked Director Robinson, who sang in the Baptist choir.

The principal said it had not.

"Did I understand you to say," enquired Mr. Matlack, "that the system came from France?"

"Yes," responded the principal.

"There's another queer move," said Mr. Matlack, with strong emphasis. "You start in with an Italian poet, Dant, and then you fetch along a French system with names nobody can understand, and after a while I reckon you'll be flying the British flag in the front yard and singing 'God Save the Queen.' There's a good deal too much foreign influence. This country's good enough for me. I'm an American and this is an American school. I say fly the American flag and sing American songs, and have American systems and shove the foreigners out. We can run our own business. Why don't you get a bust of General Washington?"

Director Ferguson asked if he might be permitted to interrogate the principal, and having obtained permission, he asked:

"Don't you think we are going just a little too fast?"

"In what particular?" enquired the principal.

"Well, in putting in this metric system, just at this time, for example."

"I think myself," interposed the president, "that the movement is somewhat permature."

"And then," continued Director Ferguson, "I found my boy last night rassling with algebra and nearly crying over it. I told him to drop it, and I'd have it dropped in the school if I run the school. I never knowed no algebra, and I'll be satisfied if my boy makes out as well as I did."

The principal attempted briefly to indicate the nature and purposes of algebra.

"That's all very well, Mr. Brown," said Director Ferguson. "It's your business of course to care for such things, but we're a practical people, with no nonsense about us. Figgers is for figgerin', and letters is for letterin'. There's no use of tryin' to figger with letters while there's plenty of figgers to figger with. Now is there?"

"You see"—began the principal.

"I don't care to argue about it," said Mr. Ferguson, interrupting him, "but the fact is you can't any more substract 'a' from 'b,' like my boy was tryin' to do last night, than you can substract the dinner-bell from the poker. It ain't in the nature of things."

The principal did not reply.

"My boy also says," continued Mr. Ferguson, "that his teacher won't allow him to say knowed. Why not?"

"Knowed?" asked the principal. "K-n-o-w-e-d?"

"Yes, knowed. He says the teacher tried to make him say knew."

"Of course," said the principal. "Know, knew. That's right; there is no such word as knowed."

"I guess there is," answered Director Ferguson, with a scornful laugh.

"I guess so, too," echoed Mr. Matlack, "and it's a good deal better to say knowed than to be putting Dant (Dante) up on the shelf and bringing the children's minds under European influences."

"Knowed is not good English," said the principal.

"Maybe not," said Mr. Matlack, "but it's good American and that's the best there is."

"You say mowed," asked Mr. Ferguson, "and rowed, and show, showed, and stow, stowed, and glow, glowed, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Very well, then, you say know, knowed, and grow, growed, and hoe, hoed."

And Director Ferguson tipped back his chair and looked around him like a man who has just won a great victory.

New Use For Cigars.

A NEW YORK young man just back from a trip in Canada was telling his friends of the times he had had.

"We took a horse and a buckboard," said he, "from Xavier Station out into the woods for a day's shooting. When we got there of course we unhitched the horse and took off the harness. Then we went hunting.

"At night, when we came in to hitch up, hanged if we knew how to do it! In about an hour we got nearly all the harness on, but the old horse wouldn't let us put the bit in his mouth. We couldn't drive him without that.

"My companion said: 'Say, have you lots of cigars?'

"'Yes,' said I; 'but what has that to do with it?'

"'Well,' said he, 'we shall just sit down and smoke till that brute yawns!' And we did it."

Domestic Reform.

Once upon a time there was a Woman who married a Man to Reform him.

And she did.

She made him Quit his Evil Ways, and he did not Drink, nor Chew, nor Smoke, nor Swear, nor Stay out at Nights.

In fact, he became as Mild as Skim Milk.

Now, when this Result was Achieved, the Woman began to Worry. He had lost his Charm for her. She Discovered that she had been more Interested in his Faults than in his Virtues, because after she had Passed him out he didn't Assay worth a Cent along the Line of Good Qualities. He was simply a Negative Equation.

But the Man had Some Sense, after all. He saw what was Bothering her, so he Swore just a Little, and Drank just a Little, and Smoked occasionally, and took a Chew on the Sly.

Then she had the Fun of Reforming him all over Again. And she was perfectly Happy, because she could Point with Pride to him at regular Intervals.

Moral—A little Backsliding adds to the Interest of the Good Work.—Baltimore "American."

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in unconstrained articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Wasp"

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A Bank on Wheels.

ONE of the most brilliant ideas of modern times has just occurred to the local authorities which administer the public moneys of the town of Mezieres, in the Ardennes. The new scheme consists in an "automobile savings bank." The term requires some explanation.

The inventors apply it to a new sort of motor car which they are having built. The vehicle is propelled by electricity and contains four seats, one in front and apart from the others, for the driver. The three places behind are arranged round a revolving table in the middle of the car, one at each side and one at the rear of the vehicle. Writing desks are fitted over each of the three seats and devised in such a way that they can be either folded flat against the sides of the carriage inwardly or opened outwardly. The central table also contains desks, besides bookshelves and a small metallic strong-box. Such is the new automobile. The use to which the authorities of Mezieres intend to put their invention is as follows:

The car will travel round the country, making stoppages of an hour or so on prearranged days in the different localities of the department. The passengers will be two clerks of the local treasury administration and a cashier. They will carry with them a complete collection of savings bank books, registers and forms, and the third of the above-mentioned officials will be empowered to receive moneys. Your readers will have now divined the purpose of the financial authorities of Mezieres. It seems that these gentlemen, assembled in council lately, came to the conclusion that something should be done to encourage thrift among the peasantry of the Ardennes. On the other hand, it was recognized that the saving propensity was already very marked among the country folk. What was needed was that the administration should meet their wants halfway. The peasants put by their earnings thriftily enough, but frequently fail to invest them in savings banks because, especially in the busy summer months, they have little time for journeying to the few principal towns where the offices are situated. So the authorities determined upon sending the savings bank to the country folk instead of waiting any longer for the latter to find time to come to the office.

The description of the vehicle which the authorities have had built, according to their own designs, requires no further explanation except to say that the movable desks are intended for use by the public, hence the arrangement by which they can be opened outward over the road. It is reported that the scheme meets with the unqualified approval of the savings bank clerks, whose days hitherto throughout the fine season have been spent in musty offices. But, contrary to what might have been expected, the public does not look upon the innovation with unalloyed delight. Some suspicious persons have spread a rumor that the administrative motor car will not always convey savings bank clerks, but will occasionally bring—more often, perhaps, than would be desirable—that unwelcome visitor, the tax collector.

The Phraseology of Sport.

THE London "Outlook," in a recent number, while conceding that every sport and pastime should, naturally, have an especial phraseology, deplored the fact that this phraseology is becoming mere jargon. In its "palmy days" the P.R. could boast a language of its own; and one regrets to notice that the picturesque reporter is now doing the same disservice to cricket. When an eleven makes a bad start it is suffering from "rot and rout." One batsman is "breezy," another plays with "graceful assurance," a third is "cheaply dismissed." A score that progresses unevenly is "streaky," and a very favorite formula runs that So-and-So "played excellent cricket." This might reasonably be expected on a cricket field, where Bridge or Ping-pong would be somewhat out of place. After all, however, it is the billiard reporter who most savagely dislocates the vertebrae of the King's English. Not long ago one of the brotherhood varied the monotony of life by describing the red ball as a "pinky round."

After all, the most glaring examples of idiotic phraseology in the English papers are exceedingly tame beside those of our own, says the "Bookman." For instance, let us take the American equivalent for the English game of cricket. The knowing reporter writing a description of a game of baseball never makes the mistake of calling the ball "the ball." To him, of course, it is the "sphere," the "pellet," the "pea" or the "leather." A batsman never makes his base on balls; "he strolls" or he gets "a free pass to the first corner." He does not make a base hit, but "he singles" or he "slams the pea to the center garden." He does not strike out, but "he fans" or "he pounds the air." The pitcher does not pitch; he does "slab duty" or he "bends them" or he "passes them up." We might continue in this strain indefinitely.

To refer to a baseball team representing a certain city by its proper name would be to betray a woeful lack of knowledge and experience. A few years ago, after the veteran ballplayer Anson relinquished his leadership of the Chicago team, that team was, for a short time at the beginning of the season, without any nickname whatever. Sporting writers all over the country were in a state of chaos. The Chicago newspapers opened their columns to suggestions for a suitable sobriquet, and matters generally were unsettled and unsatisfactory until the significance of the desertion of Anson dawned upon one ingenious scribe, and the Chicagos immediately became "the Orphans." During the first two years of its career in the National League the New York team was known as the "Maroons." In 1885 this title was dropped for that of "the Giants," a term which at a period when the team was unpopular was modified to "the Joints." The Bostons are, of course, "the Beaneaters;" the Washingtons, "the Senators;" the Baltimores, "the Orioles," or "the Birds;" the Brooklyns are "the Trolley Dodgers."

She (scornfully)—I despise you from the bottom of my heart! He (cheerily)—Oh, well, there is always room at the top.

THE RACE

Does not depend on the start but on the finish. It's staying power which carries many a runner to victory. It's like that in business. Many a man starts off in the race for business success with a burst of speed which seems to assure victory. Presently he begins to falter and at last he falls and fails. The cause? Generally "stomach trouble." No man is stronger than his stomach. Business haste leads to careless and irregular eating. The stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition become diseased. The body is inadequately nourished and so grows weak.

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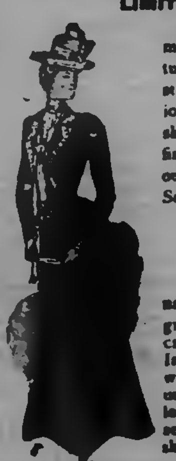

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Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

A Spider's Genius

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web by the top of a decaying peach tree with so few leaves that it was in plain view. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up, and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will as long as the receptacles within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—"Waverley Magazine."

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An English mining engineer who has come out from the Yukon brings among other interesting things evidence that the higher the latitude the greater the latitude. Watching a poker game in which the stakes were heavy, he saw a player give himself four aces from the bottom of the pack. Burning with indignation at such shameless cheating, he turned to a bystander and whispered, "Did you see that?" "See what?" "Why, that fellow dealt himself four aces!" "Well, wasn't it his deal?"

John McNairn, Prospector.

By SID HOWARD.

GOOD old John McNairn is down from Whitefish to see about his mine. Whitefish, a map-forgotten station up on the north shore, be it known, is John's postoffice address, and where, tiring of the woods and hungry for the gentle ways of civilisation and the sight of petticoats and clean, smooth faces, John comes to camp in the sectionmen's house and watch the trains go by. Two passenger trains a day, one from the east and the other going back there—the east where the money is, where the soft-mannered, gentle-voiced women are, from whom John, having lived all his life in the woods, is now forever cut off.

For that is the saddest part of John's life. He is absolutely alone. His friends are dead or lost, and the relatives of his boyhood away down on the St. Lawrence. All the days of his manhood John has dwelt in the wilderness, in the lumber woods of the Gatineau and far up at the head waters of the Ottawa, where the mighty river rises on the lower Canada side. At the time of the construction, the great birth epoch of the West, the building of the C.P.R., John found himself with the trestle gang at Whitefish. And when the last rail was laid and the North Shore section was finally, after laborious years, complete, John took his money, made up his pack and struck north into the woods. It was a new country, and he intended to make a "stake" some day; then, in the hazy future, go back east, marry maybe, and settle down. He had a girl back there once, but she died. So John didn't care much where he went for a while. As he said, "There was no strings on him." There were no strings on him then, and there are none on him now. But sometimes, after playing the mouthorgan to him in his little log shack at night, he used to tell me that he "sort of wished he had somebody belongin' to him."

"But I've waited too long, I guess," he'd say. "Nobody'd take to me now, a wild man o' the woods like me."

He'd smile and sigh at the same time, with that lovable gentleness that belonged to him in spite of his grizzled, weather-beaten face.

"Do you think," he'd say, lighting his pipe and holding his hands so as to half hide his face, "do you think there be's any old spinsters, or widow-women, down there in Toronto who'd be willin' to stake out a claim up here with a feller like me? I guess not, eh?"

His face would brighten when we assured him there were plenty of unmarried ladies who would be only too glad to have him. He smiled always, but he didn't believe it, and neither did we. He had waited too long.

"There was one time here," he said once, "I had an ambition to board up the floor, but I never done it."

Two-inch cracks between the squared spruce logs which now separate John from the bare earth make his shack a decidedly precarious place when it comes to dropping little things for which one has any immediate requirement.

"A man grows careless," explained John. "You're easily satisfied when you're by yourself. It's let her go, Casey, any ways at all; good enough, good enough!"

He showed me a photograph one time of himself before he became a prospector—before the construction, as they date things up on the North Shore. It pictured a straight, vigorous man, with a strong, clean-shaved chin and a full moustache. Evidently roughing it in the bush had begun to tell during the last years. John was a much older man than the photo showed—older than the years since it was taken should have carried him. He handed me another picture too, a faded tintype affair, of a woman. He didn't tell me anything about that one.

Good old John! Owner of two or three mining locations that he half believes will one day make him a millionaire. If he lives long enough they may, but he's lived the heavier end of his life already. The North Shore is not a poor man's country. Money makes money the world over, and it takes capital to crush the gold out of the low-grade ore of the North Shore. But John hunts and traps and works in the other mines of the district, and waits. In the summer he goes out into the woods and the splintered granite hills alone with his gun and his pack-sack for weeks at a time, living on pork and biscuit and fried "pa'tridge," ragging at rock exposures with his geologist's hammer or crushing quartz in an iron bowl and washing it out to look for "colors" in the dregs. He hopes that the people down east will take a hold some time soon and put their money into the country and make it hum. "How are you pannin'?" is his "how do you do," and when you return the question he is always cheerful in his reply, "Pretty good." "She's bound to boom," he says when you ask about prospects in the North Shore country. "She can't help it. Man, dear, the mineral's here, ain't it?"

And recently he came to town! Good old John, with his camp-stained pack-sack instead of a trunk, and the rough, square-cut suit of tweed he ordered from the department store catalogue five years ago. But he disdained a collar, just as he disdained the water they offered him after his whiskey. He put up in a good down-town hotel, gave the manager his money to put in the safe, and hung uneasily about the smoking-room, going in to his meals with welcome relief. They set half a dozen knives and forks to each place at that hotel, but John gives his order to His Dress-suited Haughtiness—who would most surely die if it came to carrying a hundred-pound pack over a portage—with the quiet natural dignity of simplicity. He doesn't go right through the course, John. His idea is merely to coal up, to eat what will keep him working. Meat and bread and potatoes—and, "Hey, young feller, a dish o' tea"—that's all he calls for, and he eats with his knife as an unaffected matter of course. And then a pipe. Tea and tobacco are about the only artificial luxuries to be had in the bush. Sunshine and fine weather are the greatest comforts, but they are doled out spasmodically, by nature. A brush bed and a "white-man's fire" may be had for the swinging of an axe, but tea and tobacco come under a different head. John depends as utterly upon tea as a nervous old woman of sixty. But he couldn't find his tobacco the other day.

"Have you got a cigar?" he asked finally.

I had two pure mild Havanas, which a quarter had provided especially for this occasion—cool, mellow fifteen-centers. I passed him one. John had his old black pipe in his teeth. He took the cigar, and before I could stop him he had cut half of it up and packed it into his pipe.

"Good heavens, John!" I said. "Here's half a plug of T. & B."

"This is just as good," said John, holding his "six-day" match in the hollow of his brown leathery hands. "I'm just come out to settle up my affairs," he explained. "I've put it all in the hands of my l'yer. Soon's he says I kin go—shake hands—good-bye—away I go."

"Well, you'll stay and see the Duke?" I said.

"Oh, I've seen hundreds o' men," said John. "I seen his father close as you are, up in Ottawa. He was just a man. Men's men wherever you go. The Dook o' Cornwall's train stopped at Whitefish for coal and water when I was comin' down. I was gittin' shaved in the section house and I didn't come out. I wasn't goin' to let him see me just out o' the woods, not shaved up or nothin'. Besides, I've seen lots o' men, thousands of 'em."

It's a dyke this time, a mile and a half straight across country, with gold, silver and copper.

"This man knows about whiskey, don't he, and feedin' people to make 'em fat? I've gained seven pounds since I been here. It's his business." (John and the hotelkeeper are already fast friends, and John's going to send him down some "pa'tridge.") "Well, I know about rocks, and quartz, and minin', don't I? It's my business. Well, get down where the rock is wet and she's good, she's first-rate. It's the truth. I know, don't I? Look!"

John is loaded down with quartz specimens. He must be carrying pounds around with him. He pulled out a jagged fragment as big as his fist and flashing with yellow blotches.

"Mile and a half she goes, up and down, across cricks and everything. An' nobody knows nothin' about it, Government nor nobody. But my l'yer says the money's all in real estate. There ain't no money fer minin'."

"Come and have something comfortable, John," I said, "to meind us of old days on the survey."

"All right," exclaimed he, with his peculiarly cheerful emphasis on the "all."

It may be a mine ostensibly, but I fancy it's loneliness that's at the bottom of John's "comin' out" this fall. For he confided to me presently that he'd like to meet a "nice, sociable gal afore he went back north."

And if any nice, sociable spinster doesn't mind a one-roomed, log-walled, tar-paper-roofed cabin, with two-inch cracks in the floor, she might do worse. For she'd get one of the far-fabled "nature's gentlemen" in Old John McNairn—philosopher, dry humorist, prospector and backwoodsman.

Grasshopper Bricks For Hens.

GRASSHOPPERS are being put to a new use out in Nebraska. The farmers have killed incredible numbers of them by the help of a machine which is, perhaps, the most effective ever devised for the purpose. It is called a "hopperdozer," and is nothing more nor less than a large flat pan, with a small amount of kerosene contained in a depression in the rear part of it. The contrivance, being attached to a horse, is pushed along in front of the animal as the latter is driven across the fields. Pretty nearly every grasshopper is encountered, jumps upon the pan, and is promptly suffocated by the kerosene.

This ingenious instrument has been in use for a number of years in parts of the West, but hitherto it has not occurred to the farmers to make any use of the dead grasshoppers. Most commonly they were burned, though some more enterprising agriculturists turned a portion of them to account as poultry-feed. They found that the hens liked them exceedingly; for it is a fact that a grasshopper is to a hen what a canvasback duck is to a human epicure—the very choicest and most esteemed of delicacies.

Hence the idea which is now being developed on a commercial scale. The grasshoppers, after being killed by the hopperdozer, are left in windrows in the fields, where they are soon dried. When they have been exposed to the sun for a sufficient time to reduce them to a properly desiccated condition they are gathered up with rakes, shoveled into carts, and conveyed to a shed, where they are put into a press somewhat resembling an ordinary cheese-press, and converted into solid bricks.

The bricks are shipped in quantities to poultry-raisers, who find this new kind of hen-provender most satisfactory, and they are anxious to get more of it. Apparently, it is a great encourager of egg-production.

It is not necessary to grind the bricks before feeding the stuff to the chickens, but merely to break them into pieces and soften with water.

His Marriage Fee.

A poor couple living in the Emerald Isle went to the priest for marriage, and were met with a demand for the marriage fee. It was not forthcoming. Both the consenting parties were rich in love and in their prospects, but destitute of financial resources. The father was obdurate.

"No money, no marriage."

"Give me lave, your riverence," said the blushing bride, "to go and get the money."

It was given, and she sped forth on the delicate mission of raising a marriage fee out of pure nothing. After a short interval she returned with the sum of money, and the ceremony was completed to the satisfaction of all. When the parting was taking place the newly-made wife seemed a little uneasy.

"Anything on your mind, Catherine?" said the father.

"Well, your riverence, I would like to know if this marriage could not be spoiled now?"

"Certainly not, Catherine. No man can put you asunder."

"Could you not do it yerself, father? Could you not spoil the marriage?"

"No, no, Catherine. You are past me now. I have nothing more to do with your marriage."

"That aises me mind," said Catherine, "and God bless your riverence. There's the ticket for your hat. I picked it up in the lobby and pawned it."

A lunacy commissioner was making his customary rounds. An inmate whose particular fancy it was to pose as a much-married man approached with the announcement that he had once again taken to himself a wife. "And who is the fortunate lady?" said the commissioner. "Ah," said the lunatic, smiling sweetly, "she's the daughter of the devil." "Indeed; and how do you get on together?" "Get on? Oh, well, I get on right enough with the wife; but it's the old people I can't put up with."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

On one occasion Governor "Dick" Oglesby of Illinois went down to Joliet to inspect the State prison, and in one of the cells he found a very ugly man. "How did you get in here?" asked Oglesby. "Abduction," was the reply; "I tried to run off with a girl, and they caught me." "I'll pardon you as soon as I get back to Springfield," said the governor; "I don't see how you could expect to get a wife in any other way."

When he was plain Professor Thompson, Lord Kelvin invented the mirror galvanometer and siphon recorder, which made submarine telegraphy commercially practicable. It is related that one day when he was engaged on his deep-sea soundings work, he was discovered by a visitor experimenting with a long coil of wire. "What is that for?" enquired the visitor, pointing to the wire. "Making sounds," replied the professor. "Ah," said the guest, jocularly, "what kind of note does it give off?" "The deep C, of course," came the answer, like a shot, accompanied by the well-known twinkle in the professor's eye.

Not many years ago there was a veteran teacher in an Ontario high school who often made his classes wince under the lash of his bitter sarcasm and ready wit. One day a little half-starved yellow cur strayed into the school and the boys thought they saw a chance to express their feelings toward "Fussy," who was temporarily absent from the room. The frightened mongrel was picked up, fitted with a pair of spectacles and tied yelping on the teacher's chair. "Fussy" entered the room, walked to the desk, calmly surveyed the work of his pupils, and then turning to them said pleasantly: "In my absence, I see you have held a business meeting and elected one of your number chairman."

The late Professor Blackie, who was familiar to everyone in the streets of Edinburgh, had long, venerable, white locks. He was one day accosted by a very dirty little bootblack, with his "Clean your boots, sir?" The professor was impressed by the grime on the boy's face. "I don't want my boots cleaned, my lad," said he, "but if you'll go and wash your face I'll give you sixpence." "A' richt, sir!" was the boy's reply. Then he went over to a neighboring fountain and fulfilled his part of the bargain. When he returned he held out his hand for the money. "Well, my lad," said the professor, "you have earned your sixpence. Here it is." "I dinna want it," replied the boy, with a self-important air. "Ye can keep it and get your hair cut."

It is scarcely credible that so faithful a servant and so good a courtier as John Brown of Balmoral could ever deliberately have kept his sovereign waiting, but the London "Tatler" relates an anecdote which shows that he had a very human side. Brown was very fond of fishing, and one day, when he had a fine salmon on his hook, there came a message from the castle on Deeside, desiring his presence at once. Queen Victoria was going for her afternoon drive, and it was Brown's duty to attend her, as he always did, sitting in the rumble of the carriage. "Tell Her Majesty that I'll be quickly," he said. But the salmon was strong and could not be landed at once. Another and more urgent message reached him. "Tell Her Majesty that I have a salmon on, but I'll be in in a few minutes." Still the salmon held out, and a third and imperative command arrived. "Tell Her Majesty," shouted Brown, "that it's not possible for me to leave without the salmon!" Nor did he. But whether the Queen knew enough of fishing and fishermen to appreciate the circumstances is not told.

The Original Mr. Squeers.

THE thoughtlessness of writers in caricaturing people for grotesque purposes in their novels has been the cause of much annoyance and suffering to sensitive persons. Both Dickens and Thackeray sinned in this respect through their perfectly evident portraiture of persons who could easily be identified.

A writer in the "Literary Era," after citing the offences of Thackeray, Disraeli and others, brings up the notable case of the schoolmaster in "Nicholas Nickleby," and says:

The grossest injury which Dickens ever inflicted on a fellow-being was his too accurate portrait of an innocent man in his Squeers. That Yorkshire schoolmasters were, as a rule, cruel and wicked enough, it is true. But the particular schoolmaster, who was recognized and who recognized himself as the original Squeers, seems to have been an exception to the rule.

It will be remembered that Dickens and his illustrator traveled together to the north of England for the purpose of collecting material for "Nickleby," and especially for the Dotheboys episode. At Great Bridge they visited a boarding-school known as Bowes Academy. The master, William Shaw, received the strangers with some hauteur, and did not as much as withdraw his eyes from the operation of pen-making during the interview.

"Phiz" sketched him in the act. "Boz" described the act. The personal peculiarities of William Shaw were recognized in Squeers. Shaw became a butt of popular ridicule, lost his pupils, and finally died of a broken heart. Yet there is abundant evidence to prove that he was a really excellent and kind-hearted man, who was made to suffer for the misdeeds of his neighbors.

A Pretty Broad Hint.

AN anecdote is told of one of the smaller South American republics which illustrates the methods which are adopted when it comes to a question of making war. The "navy" of the particular power referred to consists of a single, old-fashioned, side-wheel steamer, armed with one gun. In time of peace she is engaged in hauling freight up and down the river which runs close to the capital. At the outbreak of one of the periodical wars, not so very long ago, the president of the republic took charge of the steamer and started up stream on a recruiting expedition, leaving his senior general in charge of the military preparations at the capital. A couple of days later the steamer returned, and some seventy miserable-looking natives, each firmly bound with a strong rope, were marched off and turned over to the general, with a note from the president, which read: "Dear General—I send you herewith seventy volunteers. Please return the rope at once."

Curious Bits of News.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williams of Danville, Kentucky, lately celebrated their golden wedding, and one of the gifts they received was a handsome tombstone with their names engraved upon it. This was from J. E. Wright, a local monument dealer, and, strange to say, the old couple were delighted with the unique gift.

The authorities of the city of Rouen, the home of the famous cathedral, are considering a plan to utilize the street trolley wires for the extinguishment of fires. The scheme is to place electrically driven pumps at suitable points along the electric tramway system which covers the city, and then, in case of fire, to switch on the current from the trolley wires to drive the pumps.

A quantity of jewels and trinkets which had played important parts in murders and other crimes were sold at auction by the police authorities of Paris the other day. Most of the articles brought prices far above their intrinsic value, their worth being enhanced in the eyes of the morbid because of the gruesome associations connected with them. Those which were bloodstained were in great demand.

The Hong Kong "Daily Press" says that the Tartar General of Canton having been troubled by an evil influence in his yamen, which in one month caused the death of his wife and daughter, as well as of a former Tartar general, a fung shui professor was finally called in. He looked over the city, and decided the evil influence was the roof of the library of the Government school for foreign languages. The roof, which was a peaked one, was at once removed, and is now being replaced by a flat one.

Mr. Charles Frohman, at the commencement of Kubelik the violinist's American tour, insured the latter's right hand against injury for $10,000. It might be supposed that the chance of a musician getting his hand hurt was remote. Yet when Raffael Joseffy first came to Chickering Hall and made a sensation a felon on his thumb interrupted his engagement. Josef Hofmann fell from his bicycle and hurt his hand under similar circumstances. Ole Bull, Wieniawski and Paderewski were also subjected to accidents that interfered with their tours.

A lively debate has taken place in the Senate of the Australian confederation, as a result of a statement of Senator Sargood's that he had seen women ploughing in South Australia. A gentleman from that State doubted the assertion and hotly resented it, but it was backed up by another senator, Pearce. A writer in the Sydney "Bulletin" adds that he has often seen women ploughing in South Australia. "The last occasion was near Mount Gambier. The plough-lady was wearing Wellington boots, and her husband, a fat German gentleman, sat on a fence near by, complacently smoking."

The people of Galveston, Texas, are perfecting plans to protect themselves from another invasion of the sea, such as the one which devastated their city over a year ago. These plans provide for a sea-wall, to be built on the beach, and to extend the whole length of the city limits; and for raising the grade of the entire city. It is a mammoth undertaking, which will cost the already impoverished city millions, and involve considerable additional outlay by each property-owner. The city is to fill in, with sand pumped from the Gulf, an area of ground on the Gulf side of the city, four miles long and one mile wide, to an elevation of ten feet. The city will also raise all the streets and alleys.

Her Love For Her Lions.

AN instance of the affection felt for wild beasts by their tamers cited by "St. Nicholas" is the case of Madame Bianca, the French tamer, who in the winter of 1900 was with the Bostock Wild Animal Show giving daily exhibitions in Baltimore, where her skill and daring with lions and tigers earned wide admiration. It will be remembered how fire suddenly descended on this menagerie one night and destroyed the animals, amid fearful scenes. And in the morning Bianca stood among the ruins and looked upon the charred bodies of her pets. Had she lost her dearest friends she could scarcely have shown deeper grief. She was in despair, and declared that she would never tame another group; she would leave the show business. And when the menagerie was stocked afresh with lions and tigers Bianca would not go near their cages. These were lions indeed, but not her lions, and she shook her head and mourned for "Bowser," the handsomest lioness in captivity, and "Spitfire," and "Juliette," and the black-maned "Brutus." Nor could money tempt her. And the outcome was that this most successful woman lion-tamer in the world retired into private life—gave up her career simply because of her grief for these dead animals.

Past His First Youth.

THE swan is said to be excellent eating when young; but as it is one of the longest-lived of all creatures, it is well to learn if possible how old your bird is before you cook it.

A gentleman in Lincolnshire, England, sent a dead swan to the Athenaeum Club, addressed to the secretary. A special dinner was to occur that week, and the committee without question turned the bird over to the cook.

At the dinner the swan, resting on a great silver dish, was a delight to the eye; but when it came to carving and eating the bird, no knife seemed sharp enough to cut it, and of course eating it was out of the question.

A few days later the donor met the secretary and said, "I hope you got my swan all right."

"That was a nice joke you played on us," returned the secretary.

"Joke? What do you mean?"

"Why, we had the thing boiled for thirteen hours, and even then we might as well have tried to cut through the Rock of Gibraltar."

"You don't mean to say you had the swan cooked!"

"Why, of course."

"Man alive! I sent it to be stuffed and preserved as a curiosity in the club. That swan has been in my family for two hundred and eighty years! It was one of the identical birds fed by the children of Charles I.—you've seen the picture of it. My ancestor held the post of 'master of the swans and keeper of the king's cygnets.' Well, I have no doubt it was a bit tough."

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people come from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

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Editor Morning Times

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is greatly relieved by use of the

Long Distance Telephone

You reach your customer in a few seconds and—
MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

[illegible]

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet [illegible] ... Bowmanville, Ont.

WATCH

—THE—

Cash Bargain Grocery

H. F. KIDD

[illegible]

Morning Times

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

[illegible]

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

[illegible]

—Mrs. Charles Jordan, and [illegible]

—Mrs. W. [illegible]

—Alderman [illegible] ... Ottawa [illegible]

—Miss Margaret Johnston, of Belleville, is the guest of Mrs. W. A. Gr[illegible]

—Dr. W. J. Delaney, of [illegible], Ont., is in town to attend the funeral of his father, the late John Delaney.

—Miss Windrim, of Lindsay, and Miss Belle Fowler, of [illegible], are the guests of Miss F. Morrow, Dalhousie street.

—Mr. J. W. Garvin, one of the delegates from Peterborough to the prohibition convention in Toronto, was appointed a delegate to interview the government regarding the proposed bill and referendum.

—Mr. Blackett Robinson, editor of the Dominion Presbyterian, Ottawa, called on The Times yesterday. He is in town in the interests of his paper, and will remain two or three days. The Presbyterian is an excellent family paper, and at $1 per year, should find a place in every Presbyterian home.

Entertained at a Vaccination Party

A unique affair was a "Vaccination Party," given at the home of a Peterborough social favorite a few evenings ago. The hours were from 6 to [illegible] o'clock, and a well-known physician was "host." There were nine vaccinations. After the proceedings, supper was served.

Congratulated the Town

Dr. Bryce, of Toronto, Provincial Medical Health officer has sent the following letter to Mr. [illegible] Armstrong, Town Clerk.

[illegible]

Yours truly,

P. H. BRYCE.

LAID AT REST

[illegible]

COULDN'T DO IT

[illegible]

BOATS FOR THE WEST

[illegible]

Deceiving and Misleading the Sick and Suffering For the Sake of Gain

CERTAIN DEALERS IN CANADA ARE SELLING WORTHLESS CONCOCTIONS WHICH THEY CALL CELERY COMPOUNDS

Beware of all Imitations and Shun Substituting Dealers

SEE THAT YOU GET

Paine's Celery Compound

THE KIND THAT CURES

Paine's Celery Compound has an established reputation for the cure of disease that no other medicine ever possessed; it is for this reason that imitations are made.

[illegible]

Gossip - Sports

[illegible]

CURLING.

[illegible]

HOCKEY.

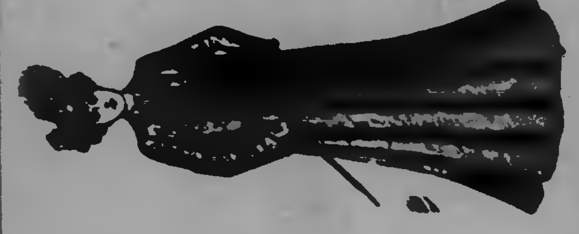
[illegible]

Bovril

Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tasteless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.



LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

[illegible]

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Special Colonist Excursion Fares

PETERBORO

To BILLINGS, MONTANA	$35.55
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, HELENA, BUTTE, PUEBLO, OGDEN and SALT LAKE CITY	$40.55
SPOKANE, WASH.	$41.05
NORTH PACIFIC COAST and KOOTENAY POINTS	$43.55

[illegible]

March 11 to April 30, 1902.

[illegible]

Business Chances

[illegible]

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

This is it.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

[illegible]

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

On June 1st, 1902. To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and [illegible] results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from disease after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach in good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the [illegible] Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

See I. Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile

COUPON

Messrs. R. Cox & Co., Mfg. [illegible] Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..........

Address..........

County..........

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS $ Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

::: THE :::

Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,

[illegible]

Toronto, [illegible]

[illegible]

HELP WANTED

[illegible]

WANTED [illegible]

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Settlers' One Way

Second Class Excursions to

Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points

[illegible]

$43.55

[illegible]

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.

1 King Street East, Toronto.

[illegible]

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and it Will Make You Rich

The company owns [illegible] acres of land located in the [illegible] Fields of Los Angeles County, California. [illegible]

[illegible]

INCORPORATION.

[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

[illegible]

GUARANTEE.

[illegible]

TREASURY STOCK.

[illegible]

REGISTRATION.

[illegible]

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,

Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

A. A. McCALL

[illegible]

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

[illegible]

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

[illegible]

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 50

PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY FEBRUARY 28 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

WILL GREAT BRITAIN PROFIT BY THE NEW TREATY MADE WITH JAPAN?

The London Spectator Thinks England Would Regret Her New Alliance

WILL PAY DEARLY FOR HUMBLING RUSSIA.

A Triple Alliance of Germany, Russia and France Against Great Britain May Follow—A Naval Combination Stsonger Than Britain

New York, Feb. 27.—Amid the chorus of congratulations with which the announcement of the Anglo-Japanese treaty is received in London, one Cassandra voice is heard. It proceeds from the most sober, clear-headed and far-sighted journal published in the British metropolis. We refer, of course, to the Spectator, which regards the treaty with a doubtful eye, and confesses a misgiving lest, of the two parties to the compact, Japan should derive much the greater profit by it, and lest England, by her new alliance should have provoked enmities which, at the present critical conjuncture, she could ill afford to excite.

There is some ground for the Spectator's foreboding. Japan's interest in averting the absorption of Corea and Manchuria by Russia is unquestionably of a primary and paramount kind. England's interest in the matter is of a secondary sort. Were Russia once firmly planted in the Corean peninsula and in the three Manchurian provinces, England might lose at the utmost a little trade, but the Japanese would see themselves condemned to age-long isolation in their overcrowded islands. Admitting, however, that the new alliance has averted any further dismemberment of China, and has assured the maintenance of the "Open Door," we must recognize, as we suppose that the Spectator recognizes, that a material benefit has been conferred upon British commerce by securing to it permanent access to the whole of the Middle Kingdom. Unquestionably, that is a gain; but is it not a gain for which, under the circumstances, England may have paid too dearly by definitely blocking the territorial ambitions of Russia, Germany and France in Eastern Asia and compelling them to seek satisfaction for their land hunger in other quarters of the globe?

What field is there now left for Russian, German and French expansionists? We have rendered South America tabooed by our assertion of the Monroe Doctrine. If we except Morocco, Abyssinia, Tripoli, a part of the Sahara and Liberia, the whole of the Dark Continent has been partitioned among the Christian Powers of Europe. So have New Guinea and the other great islands of Malaysia. So have the isles of the Pacific. Barred permanently out of China, as they are by the Anglo-Japanese treaty, Russia, Germany and France can henceforward hope to expand only at the expense of England's colonial Empire. They could divide it among each other with the utmost ease, if they could master England on the ocean; and they could shake it to its foundations, could they gain command of the sea long enough to permit the transportation of considerable armies to Cape Colony and Egypt. With a German force at Cape Town and a French force controlling the Suez Canal, England would experience great difficulty in sending troops to India, even if she had any troops to send.

Is a triple alliance of Germany, Russia and France against Great Britain inconceivable? There is no proposal that would be welcomed with so much enthusiasm by the masses of the German people, and it is certain that England's friends among Frenchmen and Russians are few and far between. Could the three Continental countries named reasonably hope, however, to cope with England on the ocean? Touching this point we should bear in mind that even the most sanguine believers in England's naval strength of two other Powers. England might, the optimists have said, face France and Russia together, or France and Germany, but they have never contended that England's naval power would prove equal to that of France, Russia and Germany united. A glance at naval statistics will show that, on paper at all events, the three Continental Powers would be, should they cooperate, decidedly stronger than Great Britain. Moreover, the excess of strength is continually increasing. England is spending this year about one hundred and fifty million dollars on her fleet. Germany is spending one hundred and sixty million dollars to which must be added the great sums devoted to a like purpose by France and Russia. According to statistics, such a coalition as we have named, ought to be able to crush England on the ocean to-day, and it is certain that the task should prove far easier a year or two hence.

There is probably some basis for the suggestion made on Tuesday by one of The Sun's correspondents that, when England entered into an alliance with a non-Christian Power, and took the first step, and a long step, toward blocking forever the territorial ambitions of Russia, Germany and France in Eastern Asia, she obeyed the counsel of despair. There may have been naught else left her to do, but, in doing it, she may have taught the three great Continental Powers that there will be no room for their expansion on the narrow earth until England has been swept out of their path.

THREE DAYS' RIOTING IN KIEFF BY STUDENTS.

Significant Feature of the Affair is the Increased Number of Workingmen Who Joined the Students

London, Feb. 27.—A despatch to The Times from St Petersburg says that the recent student riots at Kieff began in the theatre where leaflets announcing a demonstration were distributed. The trouble commenced in the street on a signal from a student who was joined by workingmen armed with clubs and other weapons. The crowd, swelled to thousands, sang "Down with aristocracy," and waved red flags; whereupon the police and cossacks interfered. The rioting began on February 15th, and continued three days, the students being outnumbered by the workingmen. A significant feature of the disorders was the increased support the workingmen are giving the students. Discontent was formerly confined to the large cities, and is now spreading to the smaller towns and villages owing to the Government's policy of expelling malcontents to the country. All news of the rioting is suppressed. Not a single newspaper in Russia has printed the facts. The Times correspondent vouches for the correctness of his own account, and adds that he believes the riots are now occurring in the other university towns.

GERMANY INJURES HER NEIGHBORS.

London, Feb. 27.—A despatch to The Times from Vienna says the common interests of Austria, Hungary and Russia in the economic sphere have been brought closer together as all find themselves in antagonism to Germany. Germany's commercial policy has already seriously damaged its neighbors, and the new tariff threatens worse.

WHY NOT HERE

The Telephone Company are to Put Cables Underground in Brantford

The Bell Telephone Company will make extensive improvements to their plant in Brantford this spring and summer and will introduce in Brantford the system of having the cables underground, says the Expositor. This will not mean that there will be a smaller number of telegraph poles on the streets, but it will mean that there will be fewer wires on the poles. It is the intention to have no wires entering the central office from overhead at all and the underground system for the cables will be adopted on Queen and Dalhousie streets. The company is about also to introduce a new system of switches at the central office, which will enable a much quicker service. This is an improvement that should be introduced in Peterborough without unnecessary delay.

Malt Breakfast Food

is a Perfect Food Product

A perfect food product is one that is soothing and grateful to the stomach, and does not tax the powers of digestion, that keeps the blood pure, that clears the brain and bestows restful sleep, that builds up flesh, bone and muscle. Users of Malt Breakfast Food secure all these blessings and advantages. No other food can equal it as a delicious and satisfying breakfast or supper dish. A prominent physician and a user of Malt Breakfast Food writes thus:

"When I go home tired out and in a condition to have a restless night, if I eat anything, I find I can eat a meal of Malt Breakfast Food and go to bed without apprehension. It digests itself. I find that it soothes and quiets the nerves, and gives me a feeling of rest and refreshment." All grocers sell it.

The Boers Being Rapidly Dissolved

London, Feb. 27.—Whenever a few raw recruits just out from England fall into a Boer ambush, (and it has not happend very frequently of late), the American and European newspapers hail it as an evidence of British military incompetency and as a proof that the Boers are going to win in the long run. Meanwhile without anyfuss or feathers Lord Kitchener goes on making his weekly bag, and the hostile critics scarcely think his steady and rapid progress worthy of mention. Mr. Kruger may have been right when he said that the British could only win at a price that would stagger humanity, but the Boers are paying the price, and if they are not paying more dearly, it is due to the humanity of their conquerors.

LECTURE AT ST. ANDREWS

Delivered by Rev. J. W. McMillan B.D. of Lindsay, Last Night

A most interesting and instructive lecture was given in St. Andrew's Sunday School last night by Rev. J. W. McMillan, of Lindsay. The subject of the lecture was "A Trip Through Scotland and Germany."

Rev. Mr. McMillan is a very good speaker and pictured the scenes and events of his trip with startling vividness. His description was so plain that he carried the audience with him in a mind journey over land and sea. He described many amusing and touching incidents he witnessed on his trip. The Sunday school room was filled by one of the most attentive audiences that ever listened to a speaker. The chair was occupied by Rev. J. G. Potter in a most satisfactory manner. After the lecture a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered the speaker for his pleasing and descriptive address. The admission was a silver collection for the Home Mission Fund.

WHO IS JOHN WATSON

He Has Been Arrested for Burglary in Sarnia —Says His Home is Peterboro

The Chief of Police has received the following letter from Provincial officer A. Murray, Sarnia:—

Dear Sir,— We have a man under arrest here by the name of John Watson for burglary. He claims his home is Peterborough. Description, 30 years old 150 lbs, 5 ft., 7 in., thin features, small dark moustache, dark complexion, rather bow-legged, and very quiet. Any information you can give concerning this man's reputation will be thankfully received.

Fraternally yours,
A MURRAY,
Provincial Officer.

Sarnia, Feb. 24, 1902.

The police have made enquiries and cannot find out who the man is.

MEN ON STRIKE AGAIN

At the Cereal Works—This Time All the Men are Out

A few days ago there was some trouble between the contractors and the men at the Cereal Works which resulted in a strike, the men being out for a day or two. Yesterday a general strike was ordered and as a result the entire work is stopped. The cause was the objection of the brick layers to a new man that had been employed by Mr. Bogue. The man had been discharged at the settlement of the first trouble, also a number of the laborers. As a result the bricklayers have gone on strike and at present a general strike is on, and work at the buildings is at a stand still. The present trouble will likely be amicably settled in a very short time as the union men have every confidence in Mr. Scott, manager of the works.

A DESERVED PROMOTION

Mr. E. W. Cox Becomes General Manager of the Canada Life

The many Peterborough friends of Mr. E. W. Cox will be pleased to learn that he has been promoted to the position of General Manager of the Canada Life Assurance Company. Mr. Cox has been connected with the company for many years, latterly as Assistant General Manager, and under his able management that company will maintain the successful progress which has so long distinguished it. His deserved promotion will meet with the hearty approval of everybody connected with the Canada Life, as well as the general public. The Times joins in extending congratulations.

Weak Back and Spinal Pains

Pains in the back number their victims in thousands. Only very powerful and penetrating remedies will reach these distressing complaints, but Polson's Nerviline is as sure to cure them as anything in this world can be sure. Rub Nerviline over the sore parts night and morning, and see how quickly it drives out the pain. Five times stronger than any other. Good for internal and external use. Large bottles 25c.

Peterboro's Next Game Next Week

Peterborough's outlook for intermediate championship honors is very bright and the boys are picked to win by many who have seen both Galt and Peterborough teams on the ice. The Peterborough team played seven games before they reached the final, losing one game and winning six. The game lost was won by Lindsay. It being the first game of the season the boys were not in condition and showed lack of practice.

The Peterborough aggregation have piled up a score of 46 goals to their opponents' 20. 13 of the 46 was booked against the R.M.C.'s of Kingston in their first game with Peterborough at Peterborough, the R. M. C.'s scoring five.

The Galt hockeyists are figuring on winning the intermediate championship and think they will have no trouble in putting it over the Peterborough seven. They intend entering the senior series next year. Their intentions may be good, but they are [illegible] next year. Their informed on a very poor basis and no doubt they will still be in the intermediate running next season.

Secretary A. H. Beaton of the O.H.A. announced to-day that the Weather Man had promised a cold wave for next week, which would enable the different hockey championship series to be completed. The wave is expected to strike Toronto about Saturday night.

The final senior game between the Wellingtons and Cornwall will take place at the Mutual street rink on Monday night, when Mr. Roy D. Schooley of Osgoode Hall will make his first appearance in Toronto as a referee.

The "sudden-death" game in the semi-final of the intermediate series will be played at the Mutual on Tuesday night between Galt and Collingwood. Both towns will run big excursions to Toronto. Mr. E. P. Brown of Osgoode Hall will likely referee. The winner will play home-and-home games with Peterborough for the championship.

In the junior series Upper Canada College will play the first of the home-and-home games at Stratford on Monday night, and the return game will be played here on Friday night.

With good ice these three games should be the most exciting of the season.

The Wellingtons will probably meet the Ottawas in an exhibition game here as soon as Jack Frost again puts in an appearance. The Ottawas have been playing the strongest kind of game recently, defeating all their opponents in the Eastern League. The match ought to be an interesting one and to some extent would indicate the chances of the Eastern club to lift the Stanley cup.

Montreal, Feb. 28.—Montreal practically won the senior hockey championship to-night by defeating the Victorias in the decisive game by 3 goals to 0. Owing to the intense interest taken in the result of the match the Arena Rink was crowded with a monster attendance, between six and seven thousand spectators being present. It was an enthusiastic crowd, too, and as the supporters of the Montreal team were in the majority they received a regular ovation over their great victory.

In the first half Montreal scored 2 goals. In the second half the Victorias made a big effort to even things up, but without avail. The Montrealers maintained their advantage and added another goal to their score before time was called.

Mail and Empire: Secretary Stiles, of the Cornwall Hockey Club, has notified the O.H.A. that if there is no ice in Toronto the Factory Town team are quite willing to meet the Wellingtons for the O.H.A. senior championship in Kingston or in Ottawa. Cornwall does not care to wait till December for ice to form in Toronto. Cornwall has an idea that after their experience here last Saturday the Wellingtons are not anxious to meet them. The local team is keeping in condition, and is not without hope of turning the tables on the Iron Dukes when they next meet.

CURLING

Possibly the greatest honor which the Lindsay rink won at the Winnipeg bonspiel—and they carried off several—was the capturing of the prize given by a Glasgow firm for the largest number of actual wins at the bonspiel. This prize was announced whilst the bonspiel was in progress. Only actual games were counted, byes and defaults were not considered. Mr. Flavelle's rink made a record of sixteen wins and three defeats out of nineteen games actually played, and the next highest record was fifteen wins and four defeats. Truly the interests and reputation of Ontario curlers were well cared for by Mr. Flavelle and his fellow-players, who deserve all the honors which awaited them on their return home.

A Barber's Troubles

"Competition is so great nowadays," said a reflective barber into the deaf ear of a Times' man, as he gently amputated a few superfluous hairs, "that a business man has to lie awake of nights and scheme how to economize. The great captains of industry obtain their position on account of their success in paring and filing away at expenses. In my business I have been thinking of various plans to save or make money. Why cannot we make some use of the hair we cut off of our customers? I obtain about a basketful of human hair each day, which now all goes to waste. Why could it not be cleaned and made into stuffing for pillows, mattresses or something of the sort? The hair of all animals is used in some way; why not that of the two-legged animal, man? How comforting it would be for a widow, we'll say for instance, as she dropped into her downy couch to feel that her weary head was supported by the curly locks of her deceased husband. Sentiment aside, it ought to be a practical scheme. And then, think of the razors we use up. A razor lasts a barber only a year. There are about Twenty-five barbers in Peterborough, who use up 25 razors each year. Think of the great saving which could be effected if the life of these razors could be prolonged. Think of $1,000 more to be distributed among the barbers of the town. Seeing it slip away from us makes me groan."

PRINCESS OF WALES ALMOST KILLED BY A FRIGHTENED SHIRE HORSE

Animal Made a Dash Towaads Her Royal Highness Realized Her Danger and stopped Suddenly

STEPPED ON ONE SIDE IN TIME TO AVOID DEATH.

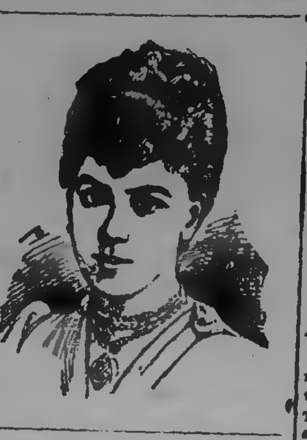
Scared by Cheering a Stallion Made a Dash Towards the Prince and Princess Causing Great Excitement

New York, Feb. 27.—A special cable to The Herald from London says:

The Princess of Wales had a very narrow escape at the Shire Horse Show to-day. The winning stallion, Hoxton Tom, was being led down the ring as as the Royal party was leaving the enclosure. The cheering started the animal, which got almost beyond control of the groom. He made a dash for an exit, through which the Prince and Princess, with the other members of the Royal party were just about to pass.

They appeared totally unaware of the danger until the shouts of warning from all parts of the building attracted their attention. Then the Princess, who was nearest the animal, realized her danger and stopped short. The stallion rushed by her Royal Highness, missing her by a foot or two only. It was only the skill of the groom, who managed to pull the animal to one side as it dashed past the Royal party, that a very serious and deplorable accident was averted.

It was on the 10th of October last and a few of the succeeding days that the Prince and Princess were in Toronto, and the news of the narrow escape of the Princess will be received with interest by citizens, who were greatly impressed by Her Royal Highness' graciousness.



LIFE AND WORK OF MOODY

Lecture by Prof. McConachy, at the Y.M.C.A. Last Night

The attendance at the lecture by Prof. McConachy in the Y.M.C.A. last night was not up to expectations. This was due perhaps more to the fact that several other attractions were offered, than to any lack of interest in the subject of the lecture. Those who were present received a treat.

Mr. McConachy is teacher of bible study in the Mount Hermon School for young men, and also in the school for girls.

When Dwight L. Moody was a mere boy he left home and went to the town of Greenfield, and was taken by his brother to a gentleman who made a practice of giving a penny to every new boy who came to town. He, however, became homesick and returned home. His uncle, a prominent shoe merchant, of Boston offered to take him on condition that he would attend church and Sunday School regularly. This he most faithfully did, and became actively engaged in the work of the Congregational church. Removing to Chicago, he became more actively engaged than before. He rented one, and as his means increased, more pews and filled them with strangers. He collected a class of boys and taught them in Sunday School, and in this work he had the strong sympathy of Mr. J. Farwell, the first President of Chicago Y.M.C.A.

In a room in his own house in Northfield, with a class of eight girls, he commenced the work of what became his great Seminary for girls. The girls who come to this school are usually from 15 to 17 years old; the work taught is largely bible teaching and domestic work.

With the aid of the lantern views, Mr. McConachy gave a splendid description of the scenery surrounding Northfield, and of the gradual building up of the school for young men, in which he was particularly interested.

On the East bank of the Connecticut River, just after it has left Vermont and New Hampshire and entered Massachusetts, lies the beautiful town of Northfield. Twenty-five years ago it was, in proportion to its population, the strongest Unitarian town in New England. About that time Mr. Moody came back to make his home amid the scenes of his boyhood. Gradually he made Northfield the centre of evangelical influences and activities which have reached out to the ends of the earth. To a multitude Northfield has become one of the best-loved spots on earth. The very name has become a synonym for earnest, evangelical, practical Christian faith and service.

Four miles away, on the opposite bank of the river, twenty-one years ago Mr. Moody founded Mount Hermon School. The buildings, now more than a score in number, are picturesquely located along a rounded hill or ridge two hundred feet above the Connecticut. From its Chapel tower a view is to be had, which, in extent and beauty, can scarcely be equaled. For twenty miles from north to south, running parallel with the river, the high hills guard the eastern and western horizons. In between lies the valley with its villages and farms, its knolls and woods.

In the early history of his labors Mr. Moody owed much to the assistance rendered by his wife and mother, and an infirmary which he built is named the Betsy Moody Cottage, in honor of his mother.

The Student's conferences held here from year to year are the scenes of great enthusiasm, 700 students attending last summer.

Mr. Moody's grave is situated on the "Round Top," a knoll just a short distance behind the house, and a simple slab bearing the dates of his birth and death, has these words: "He that doeth the will of God abideth forever." Here was shown an interesting picture of four generations, Mr. Moody, his mother, his eldest son, W. R. Moody, and his grandchild. Mr. Moody left two other children, Emma, Mrs. A. P. Fitt, and Paul, now studying in Edinburgh.

Among other interesting objects shown was the large summer hotel, accommodating the guests, the work in which is all done by students of the schools. In the winter this building is used as the Northfield Training School, for bible study. Another feature, in which Mr. Moody took great pride, is Camp Northfield, where 600 young men enjoyed themselves last summer.

While the Mount Hermon School teaches the elementary subjects, it is largely different from them.

It is as unique among schools as Mr. Moody was individual among men. In his own words he desired "to help young men of very limited means to get an education such as would have done me good when I was their age. I want to help them into lives that will count the most for the cause of Christ." It is a young men's school rather than a boy's school. No student is admitted under sixteen years of age and a large number are really men. Those whose studies were cut short in boyhood by the need of going to work to support themselves or others, and who now feel the need of more training for usefulness, are especially welcome.

It is not required that a student shall be a Christian and a Church member before entering, but no young man is accepted unless he has formed an earnest purpose in life and has a strong desire for such aid as the school can render toward making him a useful man.

The students indulge in all the popular sports, such as baseball, football, etc., skating etc., but the bible study forms the centre of the whole work. In this connection was shown the chapel, which was a gift from Mr. Moody's friends in America and Europe, on the occasion of his 60th birthday.

The lecture concluded with a reference to the convention going on in Toronto this week.

Items of Interest.

San Jose, Cal., Feb. 27.— R. Croffield of Los Gatos, who has just returned from a visit to England, says, regarding the disappearance about a week ago of Miss Coole of Buffalo, N. Y., that on February 13 he stopped off at the town of Niagara, and while viewing the cataract from the foot bridge picked up a woman's purse containing a small sum of money, a return ticket to Buffalo, and two of Miss Coole's visiting cards. In the purse was this note:

"Good-bye mamma, papa, Ray, and all the dear ones; do not think that I do not love you all, for I do. The waters are calling for me."

Mr. Croffield did not know of the young lady's disappearance, but sent word to the address on the card. He heard nothing further until he reached home, where he found a message awaiting him, asking for full particulars, and saying the young woman had probably committed suicide.

ADDED TO THE SMALLPOX LIST.

Three new smallpox cases are reported to-day: From Dunn Township, on the Seneca Indian Reserve, in a lumber camp; Mt. Eagle Township, North Hastings; and at Sarnia.

London, Feb. 27.— The attack made by the Boers, numbering 400, and driving cattle before them, to rush the outpost line near Botha's Berg, Transvaal Colony, during the night of Feb. 24, was most determined. They were led by two well known fighters, Ross Hands and Manie Botha. When the Boers realized that their attempt to actually break through the wire fence was frustrated, they crouched beside the dead cattle with which the ground was thickly strewn, and from that defence poured a heavy fire on the British troops. The fusilade was steadily returned, and finally the Boers were driven back leaving fifteen dead and six wounded on the field. They also left 170 dead or wounded horses and the entire herd of six thousand head of cattle.

FAVORABLE TO AMERICANS

Madrid, Feb. 27. — The Foreign Minister, the Duke of Almodovar, at the conference with the Senators yesterday opposed to inserting a clause in the Spanish-American treaty prohibiting Americans from acquiring land in Spain, as Spaniards acquired property and stocks in the United States. The Minister declined to promise to submit a draft of the treaty to Parliament before it was signed.

PRINCE HENRY CABLE DENIED

Berlin, Feb. 27.— There is no foundation for the statement cabled to the United States from London by a news agency that Prince Henry of Prussia will visit Canada before returning to Germany.

WANT RANSOM BACK.

Constantinople, Feb. 27.— It is understood that the United States will shortly take steps to obtain a reimbursement of the sum (72,000) paid to the brigands as a ransom for Miss Ellen M. Stone, and Madame Tsilka, holding Turkey responsible, inasmuch as the capture of the missionaries was effected on Turkish soil. This question of responsibility may have serious developments, since Turkey emphatically disclaims responsibility and lays the blame on Bulgaria.

Just a Cold in the Head

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in nasal catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of Catarrh of the Head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price \$1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston Ont.

THEY CANNOT STOP RUSSIA

Gen. Wilson Discusses the England-Japan Treaty

He Declares No Earthly Power Can Prevent Russia From Taking More Chinese Territory Whenever She Decides to Do so—Banquet of Delaware Society

New York, Feb. 27—Gen. James H. Wilson was one of the guests of the Delaware Society at its twelfth annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last evening, said that the recent treaty which has been published with so much excitement of interest, the treaty between England and Japan in which they have allied themselves against Russia, was written by an American. I think that that treaty was drafted by Henry W. Denison, a cousin of Charles A. Dana.

After remarks upon other subjects Gen. Wilson returning, asked what of the significance of the publication of the England-Japan treaty and said:

Ordinarily it would be taken as a bluff of the allied powers against Russia and her threatened aggression. Well, Russia has taken already about 2,000,000 square miles from China, and in my judgment there is no earthly power that can prevent her from taking more when she decides to do so.

The Siberian Railway cannot be reached nor interrupted by any army in the world, and Russia can concentrate herself along it. There is nothing to stop her, so far as I can see, except Russia's moderation. And Russia, like any nation, can no more stop herself in the line of growth than an iceberg can help going down the current.

Probably England and Japan could to-day drive Russia from the Amur river, but they could no more keep her from there than they could stop an avalanche down a mountain side. The wise American policy of entangling alliances with nobody is to my mind the best one.

Gen. Wilson had a word to say about the open door. "When two go in the same door at the same time one usually goes behind the other," he said. "I don't believe the open door means as much as we have led ourselves to believe. About all it means is that the various powers won't interfere with our treaty rights in China. Well, I'd like to see any of them interfere with our rights there, but its a pleasant assurance to me to have them agree to this in writing as they have done."

T. A. S. Reading Circle.

The large lecture room of St. Peter's T. A. Society was filled to overflowing last night. Miss Maggie McCabe, by special request, read for a second time, her essay on Charles Dickens, which was presented at the Reading Circle a few weeks ago. She has been highly complimented on the excellent paper, and its presentation last night brought forth the warmest praises from the large audience. A musical and literary program of a very high order was also presented, which was greatly appreciated. The entertainments given by the Ladies Reading Circle are of a very high standard, and the ladies are to be congratulated upon the grand success which they attain.

APSLEY

—Our merchants are hustling to get in their spring goods before the roads break up, and it keeps them busy hanging up teams, as all goods now are brought by sledge teams from Lakefield, and that means in the present state of the roads a two or three days' trip, and chances for several upsets, as hardly anyone can travel over them now without at least one upset to vary the monotony of the drive, and you may count yourself fortunate if you escape without wounds, bruises or sprains. However, the weather is much warmer, and there have been some bright days. Am sure the doctor must enjoy the change, as he had some pretty hard luck during the cold snap several mornings. When he attempted to light his office fire he found the stove would not draw and on taking down the pipes found two of them full of frozen smoke and flames, and had to take them over to Robs to get them thawed out. That's what he says, so it must be true.

—Our town pump gets cranky at times, and one should be careful then how you handle it as you may get it in the neck or on the nose. When a pump goes on a strike it hits hard, and is apt to leave a mark.

—Miss Julia Eastland has gone for a six weeks' visit to her uncle, Mr. Wm. E. Eastland, Niagara Falls.

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The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 5c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 28, 1902

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

The following letter is from Mr. F. Mooney, of Minden:

It has been said that a little knowledge is a dangerous thing, which may or may not be a truism, but if so, by parity of reasoning an excess should augment the danger. It is a standing boast of Ontario that its school system is the quintessence of perfection, and that its efficiency in teaching the "young idea how to shoot," is unparalleled. This if true is undoubtedly grand. That you can pay too much for your whistle is a dogma now hoary with age. And herein apropos, the higher education may be commercially considered, if cost of production is in excess of sale, financial loss is the result. This is a simile involving no doubt. That education judiciously administered is conductive of good, goes without saying, and that same is a powerful factor in the development of the latent intellect of the rising generations is equally true. And to which at a moderate cost of production, no reasonable person should object. "But handsome is that handsome does," and here we must draw the line and insist that the higher education now of such colossal proportions under the existing school regime should be self-sustaining, and that the arbitrary system now in force, viz., compulsory taxation in support of same, be abolished. As not being conductive to the public weal; the inordinate tax now imposed in support of schools, is a cause of much indignation and is the almost universal "ipse dixit" of the discontented taxpayer, the enormity of which extortion will be shown further on. The country is at present flooded with young people who have at the public expense been largely educated in the higher branches, but many of whom are utterly incapable of utilizing same by reason of lack or want of adaptation. In support of which the taxable portion of the public under the existing school regime are financially handicapped, and for which no adequate compensation is received. In illustration,—the writer pays $61.46 township and county taxes for 1901, of which $31.75 is his school tax, being 52 per cent. of the whole tax; as the writer sends no children to school he is arbitrarily compelled to pay the aforesaid enormous tax in support of an institution from which he receives no benefit. That the school law in this behalf to 90 per cent. of the ratepayers can be advantageously amended, is an axiom or self-evident proposition. The writer is of the opinion that municipal support to high schools should be discontinued, and only accorded to those of a moderate character. And that the Ontario Legislature should be asked at the ensuing session, through the medium of the respective members to pass an act, whereby all persons who having paid a school tax for any [illegible] to [illegible] years, or if a man of family, until his youngest child attains its majority, should be exempt from further liability in respect of schools.

CASE OF DESTITUTION

The Graham Family in Dummer in Great Want—Two Children Taken to the Shelter

Mr. George Cochrane, agent of the Childrens' Aid Society, and Mr. Henry, caretaker, visited a home near Gilchrist bay in Dummer on Tuesday and found a family named Graham in a very destitute condition. The father has not been working this winter. The mother is very ill and there was nothing in the house for the children to eat. The cabin was about 10 x 12 and as there was no food in the place it was decided to bring two of the children, a boy of 10 and a girl of 3 years to the Children's Shelter. The father objected but he was given a warning and some sound advice by Mr. Cochrane and then he consented to the children being taken away. The children are seemingly rather smart and are to [illegible] special attention under the care [illegible] and Mrs. Henry of the Shelter.

Giant Tortoises.

FOUR giant tortoises have recently been added to the reptile collection of the Zoological Gardens in Bronx Park, New York. They are from the Galapagos Islands, in the Southern Pacific Ocean, and differ from any tortoises native to Europe, Asia, Africa, or America.

These enormous tortoises are living reminders of the age of giant reptiles. They represent the sole survivors of the gigantic cold-blooded creatures whose massive bones in the different scientific museums illustrate the wonders of the Pliocene Age. In that age lizards attained a length of forty feet and more, and possessed strength enough to tear down small trees in order to browse upon their leaves. All reptilian life was gigantic in proportion, and a comparison of an ordinary tortoise of the present day with one of the giant tortoises shows the decadence of the reptile race. The average land tortoise of Europe or America, for instance, weighs five pounds, while the largest tortoise at Bronx Park weighs 310 pounds.

There are fourteen distinct species of the giant tortoise. Of these, six inhabit the Galapagos Islands, four the Aldabra Islands and four the Mauritius-Rodriguez group. All the species are rapidly becoming extinct, and reputable scientific authorities have declared several species to be entirely extinct for some time. On the continents of Europe, Asia and Africa these creatures are represented only by fossil remains; the living individuals are confined entirely to the islands mentioned.

To procure these reptiles a number of expeditions have been planned. The first of these resulting in the arrival of specimens in this country was made by the United States ship "Albatross." The specimens procured were placed in the National Museum at Washington. In 1812, long before the visit of the "Albatross," the United States ship "Essex" had explored the islands of the Galapagos group, and two large tortoises were captured and presented to a South Sea Island chief. In 1898 these same reptiles were obtained by Walter Rothschild, and were shipped by him to London.

In 1897 Mr. Rothschild despatched his expedition for giant tortoises to the Galapagos Islands. The total expenses of this expedition were $14,500. Fifty-nine tortoises were procured, but none exceeded two hundred pounds in weight. All the islands were visited. On Duncan Island twenty-seven specimens were captured, representing a species scientifically known as Testudo ephippium. The tortoises collected in this expedition were taken to London in 1898 by Frank B. Webster of Boston. As a special exhibit in a zoological conference then in progress they excited great interest, and their owner finally distributed them among the zoological gardens of Europe.

In 1899 twenty tortoises from the Galapagos Islands were landed in San Francisco by a Captain Noyes. Mr. Webster, acting as special agent for Mr. Rothschild, purchased all the reptiles. A number were lost in shipment from San Francisco to Boston, but six reached Boston alive. These comprised specimens of Testudo vicina and Mycrophyes. The specimens were then shipped to London, where they arrived in good condition.

The third and by far the largest lot of these reptiles arrived in San Francisco early this summer. This lot consisted of twenty-four specimens. They had been brought in a schooner from the Galapagos Islands by Captain William Johnson of San Francisco. Three of the tortoises in this lot are the largest ever captured, weighing more than three hundred pounds each.

F. B. Webster purchased this lot of tortoises, and shipped them to his place in Hyde Park. On the way three of them died. One of the three largest specimens was purchased by the New York Zoological Society, together with four smaller ones. Six specimens have been purchased by Mr. Rothschild, two go to Count Peracca, in Italy, and the remainder will probably be disposed of among zoological institutions.

The five giant tortoises at the New York Zoological Gardens now occupy a plot of long grass opposite the reptile house. In the mornings they are often let out of their enclosure to browse about at will. In the heat of the day they sleep in the shadow of a piece of tarpaulin that has been spread to shelter them from the sun.

The principal article of diet with these strange creatures is the cactus, but they feed on all sorts of vegetation, and seem to thrive.

These tortoises live to a great age. There is one in captivity known to be 127 years old, and it was full grown when caught. The largest of the collection at Fordham is supposed to have attained the great age of two hundred years.

The dimensions of this enormous tortoise are: Length of shell, on curve, 4 feet 3 inches; width of shell, on curve, 4 feet 7 inches; height, 30 inches; weight, 310 pounds. This giant was caught in the crater of an extinct volcano. To carry it thence to the shore were required the efforts of fourteen men for twelve days. A stretcherlike carrier was improvised, and the reptile placed upon it.

Next winter a special tortoise house will be ready at the east end of the present reptile house. There the giant tortoises will be housed from the cold, and a glass roof will give them the full benefit of the sun.

Shuffle and Cut.

Perceiving now that the block was inevitable, the noble prisoner bethought him of suicide.

"Shall I shuffle off this mortal coil?" mused he.

But the executioner, being a man of some wit, withal, divined his thought.

"You shuffle after I cut!" quoth this functionary, briefly.

The duke was silent at this. It was not his grace's wont to bandy words with one from the commonalty.—Detroit "Journal."

"Harry," she said, thoughtfully. "What is it?" responded the worried business man, rather shortly. "I wish you could rearrange your business a little bit." "How?" "Going to be a bear on the Stock Exchange instead of at home."—Exchange.

Of the one hundred most popular books of the century up to the present time the check-book is one and the pocketbook is the other ninety-nine.—Ex.

A school inspector, having a few minutes to spare after examining the school, put a few questions to the lower form boys on the common objects in the schoolroom.

"What is the use of that map?" he asked, pointing to one stretched across the corner of the room; and half a dozen shrill voices answered, in measured articulation:

"It's to hide the teacher's bicycle, sir!"—"Wasp."

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A Highland laird who could not afford to keep his own piper was accustomed to employ the village piper when he had company. On one occasion, through some oversight, Donald had not been given his preliminary glass of whiskey before he began his performance. Accordingly, he found his bagpipe in a most refractory temper. The laird asked him what was the matter with it, and Donald replied that the leather was so hard that he could do nothing with it. "What will soften it?" asked the anxious laird. "Och! just whuskey," said Donald. A tumbler of whiskey was at once brought, which Donald immediately drank. "You rascal!" said the laird; "did you not say it was for the bagpipes?" "Och, yess, yess," said Donald, "but she will be a ferry peculiar pipes this. She aye likes it blawed in."

Gladstone was fond of loitering around the second-hand book-shop windows, and fingering the volumes which were there displayed. If he picked up a book that interested him, he frequently became quite oblivious to his surroundings. On one of these occasions, a loafer, who must have carefully studied Mr. Gladstone's habits, whispered quietly: "Half a crown, please, sir." Without raising his eyes from the book, Mr. Gladstone put his hand in his pocket, and handed over the half-crown. A few minutes later he was going off with his prize, when the bookseller, who knew him well by sight, stopped him with a demand for one shilling, the price of the book. "But I have already given you half a crown," said Mr. Gladstone, and explanations followed.

In the heyday of the glory and power of the late Ward McAllister, the leader of New York society, he was a slave to conventions. Like most young conservatives, he grew liberal with years. When his brother, the late Hall McAllister, came to visit him from San Francisco, he looked upon it as an affliction of a country relative. Hall was developed here, and he wore a broad-brimmed hat, and had something of the Western breeziness in his manner that distressed his brother, the New York society leader. Ward asked Hall if he would please wear a silk hat, frock coat and gloves. "No," said Hall, "you attend to all that nonsense for me. I am too old to change. Let me go my own way." Hall had the habit of shaking hands with ladies upon making new acquaintances. This especially distressed his brother. "It is very bad taste to offer your hand to a lady," explained Ward. "Don't do it, Hall." Finally Ward introduced Hall to Mrs. Astor, and she cordially offered him her hand. "No, madam," said Hall. "I should like very much to shake hands with you, but I can't. My brother Ward says I mustn't."

A Large Covey.

Two old hunters were swapping yarns and had got to quail.

"Why," said one, "I remember a year when quail were so thick that you could get eight or ten at a shot with a rifle."

The other one sighed.

"What's the matter?" said the first.

"I was thinking of my quail hunts. I had a fine black horse that I rode everywhere, and one day out hunting quail I saw a big covey on a low branch of a tree. I threw the bridle rein over the end of the limb and took a shot.

"Several birds fell and the rest flew away.

"Well, sir, there were so many quail on that limb that when they flew off it sprang back into place and hung my horse!"—Los Angeles "Times."

Wealth's Milestones.

"Spring has came," mused Mr. Gotrichkwick, as he stood before the window with his hands thrust deep into his pockets.

"Aw, now, how kind you tell, pap?" gurgled his diamond-bedecked daughter.

"Because——," said the father, as he clinked the coins in his pocket, "because the snow has went."

"Stop that noise, Jimmie, or we will send you to bed." "Pa, you don't act like I was your real child at all; you act like I was jes' somebody else's orphan."

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out: "Oh, be jabers, 'tis frozen!"

A salutation of respect in China is to comment on the mature and even venerable appearance of one's guest. When the United States Minister to Siam (Mr. Barrett) called officially on Li Hung Chang he was accompanied by a prominent missionary, a man eighty years of age, with white hair and beard, who was to serve as interpreter. Unknown to Mr. Barrett, the missionary and the Chinaman had had a falling out some years before. Li came into the reception room, saluted Mr. Barrett cordially, and bowed stiffly to the patriarchal interpreter. To the youthful Minister the Premier said: "I congratulate you, sir, on your venerable mien;" and then, nodding toward the octogenarian, he asked: "And is this your son?"

Speechless and Paralyzed.—"I had valvular disease of the heart," writes Mrs. J. S. Goode, of Truro, N.S. "I suffered terribly and was often speechless and partially paralyzed. One dose of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave me relief, and before I finished one bottle I was able to go about. To-day I am a well woman."—46

Sold by E. H. Stimison.

Young Girls

Are often engaged in doing the work of a home under the most trying conditions. Nature cries out against the stooping and lifting, the running up and down stairs at times when labor should be as light as possible. It is owing to overstrain or self-neglect under these conditions that the foundation is laid for serious womanly disease. Irregularity is the first step to impaired womanly health.

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By employing compressed air, a Dresden manufacturer has lately succeeded in producing glass vessels of extraordinary size. Heretofore, it is said, concave glass could be blown into vessels having a capacity not exceeding about 26 gallons, but by the new process glass bath-tubs and large glass bottles can be blown.

The highest tunnel in the world is now in course of construction by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Crow's Nest Pass. It is at an altitude of 4,500 feet above sea level. The Loop Tunnel, as the work is called, will be 840 feet long, of which over 300 feet are completed. A force of 200 men is working day and night, and it is anticipated it will be finished by December next. This tunnel will shorten the route by fourteen miles, and will greatly reduce grades and curvatures.

Not long ago a Western Kansas politician was asked by his wife to lay aside politics long enough one day to dig the potatoes in the garden. He consented, and, after digging for a few minutes, went into the house and said he had found a coin. He washed it off, and it proved to be a silver quarter. He put it in his jeans and went back to work. Presently he went to the house again and said he had found another coin. He washed the dirt off of it, and this time it was a silver half-dollar. He put it in his jeans. "I have worked pretty hard," said he to his wife; "I guess I'll take a short nap." When he awoke, he found that his wife had dug all the rest of the potatoes. But she found no coins. It then dawned upon her that she had been "worked."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

Smoking-Cars For Women.

SMOKING seems to be growing in favor among the fair sex, especially on the Continent. So apparent has this become of late that the railroad authorities of Belgium have been seriously considring the advisability of introducing cars in which only women shall be allowed to travel. What has particularly served to bring the matter before the officials' notice is an incident that happened a few weeks since, when a young woman entered one of the carriages on the Southern Railroad reserved for ladies, and in a few minutes after the train had started from Brussels lit a cigarette and began to smoke it. Whereupon the other women in the compartment became very indignant, threatening to complain to the guard as soon as the train stopped. "I am in a carriage reserved for ladies," observed the smoker, blandly, "and I am not aware of any law which prohibits ladies from smoking." When the train stopped, the guard was informed of the proceedings, but was loath to interfere, and the result was that when the woman smoker arrived at her destination, she consulted a lawyer, who has now by an action in court raised the interesting question: Should railroad companies be compelled to provide separate smoking cars for women who wish to smoke while they are traveling? Some of the companies, however, appear to have taken time by the forelock, for it is understood that arrangements have already been made on some of the Belgian railroads to provide smoking compartments exclusively for women addicted to the use of tobacco.

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An English mining engineer who has come out from the Yukon brings among other interesting things evidence that the higher the latitude the greater the latitude. Watching a poker game in which the stakes were heavy, he saw a player give himself four aces from the bottom of the pack. Burning with indignation at such shameless cheating, he turned to a bystander and whispered, "Did you see that?" "See what?" "Why, that fellow dealt himself four aces!" "Well, wasn't it his deal?"

His First Deer.

By REGINALD GOURLAY.

MY English friend, Tom Dare, was an enthusiastic sportsman. There was nothing strange about that. Most Englishmen of his type and class are. But then he was besides one of the worst shots when he first came out to this country (he improved afterwards) that I ever saw "waste his lead upon the desert air."

Now, most Englishmen of his class (he was the younger son of a Buckinghamshire squire) are excellent shots, being to the manor born as it were, which made this defect the more remarkable. He was very credulous about some things, particularly as regarded game and shooting in America. Here, again, he resembled many other Englishmen. He was brave, generous and impulsive, much more resembling an Irishman than an Englishman in this last respect. He was also very near-sighted, which accounted in part for his frequent bad shots, and he always wore what he called "glawses."

When I first saw Tom Dare it was on the Canadian Grand Trunk train going west, somewhere between Kingston and Toronto. His compartment in the Pullman car resembled a small shop for the sale of sporting goods, or an exhibit of deadly and murderous weapons. Gun and rifle-cases lay all around him. He had evidently not been able to endure their removal from his sight to the baggage-car. At every stop he would move forward to the latter car and inspect a huge St. Bernard, a pair of pointers and an evil-minded bulldog, with deep solicitude. These interesting animals were making about as much noise as a pack of hounds in full cry, and two of them—the St. Bernard and the bulldog—were dangerous to come near. Some ideas exchanged on sporting topics, and the timely assistance I was able to give him in soothing his excited quadrupeds, made us friendly at once, for there is a singular freemasonry among sportsmen. But when he found that I lived in the very city he was bound for, and that I knew well several people he had letters of introduction to, Englishman-like, Dare expanded completely, and I was soon in possession of his experiences, tribulations and trials since his arrival in the New World, and some of his hopes and plans for the future.

It seems that, having had some property left him by a maiden aunt, as well as the usual younger son's allowance, he was free to realise the chief desire of his soul, which was to visit North America and do his utmost to lessen the number of wild animals on that continent. He confided to me in a burst of enthusiasm, invoked by some appreciative remarks of mine, betokening a congenial spirit, "that spawt—real wild spawt"—was the guiding star of his existence, and that to enjoy it, unfettered by any of the effete restraints which hedge it in at home, was the chief reason of his leaving his native shore.

We reached our destination at last, and Dare departed to a neighboring hotel with his arsenal and canines. In due time he presented his letters of introduction to various families, was taken up very kindly by society, and "put up" at most of the clubs; and was even to be seen, with an intense expression of hopeless gloom overshadowing his countenance, assisting at various fashionable functions.

I met him often at the club and elsewhere, and got to like him very much. I gathered from some remarks that fell from him that he was not altogether happy among his fashionable engagements and surroundings, and that he sighed for the hour when he could escape from them into the wilderness and hunt bears in peace. Like Lady Clara Vere de Vere, "the languid light of his proud eye was wearied with the rolling hours," and he counted the moments till the deer-shooting season opened, and till he could fly from the blandishments of dear Jane or charming Gladys or Ethel to the northern forests.

The happy, longed-for day at last arrived. A generous friend had placed his hunting lodge (he being detained at home by important business) at our disposal for the season. It was situated in Northern Algoma, in what was then—and is now—a great game country. So it happened that just forty-eight hours after the opening of the season Dare and I were standing on the porch of the comfortable little rustic house looking out over the most beautiful little lake in the world. Our four men were bringing packs and baggage from the canoes up to the house with that beautiful calm deliberation and absence of all fussy feverish haste characteristic of the Canadian "halfbreed," while in front of us, leaning on his rifle, stood our guide, the redoubtable Kit Todd, best of hunters and trappers between Lake Superior and the Ottawa.

Tom Dare was in the seventh heaven. During his sojourn in Canada he had learned something about the game of the northern part of this continent. He had found out, for instance, that elk and cariboo did not abound in the neighborhood of New York; that buffalo were extinct in Ohio, in Illinois, and in the vicinity of Toronto, Canada. In fact, that they were virtually extinct everywhere in America. Also, that to get big game anywhere in America you had to go a long way back. He quite understood that in the forests he saw clothing in wild beauty the hills around him he could only expect to get a shot at red or Virginia deer, at small game—if he cared to shoot them—as often and as fast as he could fire, with now and then, by good luck, a chance at a bear or moose. "These," he remarked to Kit Todd, the guide, with great magnanimity, "were quite good enough for him. All he asked was to be led to the fray at once."

This was, of course, impossible, as it was within an hour or so of sunset, and the long black shadows of the hemlocks and birches already stretched far over the glossy waters of the little lake. But very early next morning Kit Todd, moved by Dare's pathetic entreaties, took us out for a short, informal still-hunt over the ridges, "to sorter prospect like," as he expressed it.

Tom's emotions on being at last a denizen of the vast and trackless woods were genuine and uncontrolled. I could appreciate them, for a more glorious October morning never dawned. It was pretty enough by the lake, where our lodge was, the light blue of the water exactly matching the color of the sky, while the startlingly vivid hues, by comparison, of the brilliant autumnal foliage of the trees enshrining its shores, made the water seem almost unreal—like air.

But in the great woods it was grand! The endless contrast of tints—the dark red of the oak against the light yellow of the beeches; the vivid crimson of the maple standing out like a fire on a dark night against a black belt of cedars; the scarlet of the sumach and the gold of the birch; the great white pines and hemlocks, with mighty column-like stems, lifting their changeless mass of dark needles far above the medley of gay colors beneath, as if in disdain of their tawdry fickleness—all this wealth and confusion of color was the first thing that struck the intruder into this great temple of nature. And next the silence—or, rather, what seemed a great silence at first, for one soon discovered that it was broken by innumerable undertones, the many voices of the great forest, the never-ceasing tokens of the eternal unrest of nature. The creaking of one giant bough against another, the far-off drumming of a grouse, the bark of the red fox, the dropping of a pine cone—even the vague, uncertain descent of a leaf, or the cry of the jay or ivory-billed woodpecker far off in the deep melancholy forest, filled one with the idea that here at last were the frontiers of that great wild Nature which man in America is ever driving further and further away. But she—patient and biding her time—will perhaps come back in a few thousands of years and hide him and his works, as she has hidden those of many a race and dynasty in the Old World and the New since the earth was young.

Dare felt all these things so much that he asked to be allowed to take care of himself for a while, "to give him the true feeling of solitude," he said. So Kit and I went along one ridge, and Dare made his way along another running parallel with ours, and about a hundred yards to the right. He hadn't been gone twenty minutes when he put a bullet (45.75 Winchester) through the top of my fore-and-aft cap, which I had foolishly decorated with a deer's tail, an absurdity which almost invited accident when a "tenderfoot" was one of the party.

"That gent with the goggles is out after meat," said Kit dryly, as he surveyed the two holes. "An' seemin'ly he ain't noways pertic'ler what kind he gits."

Tom's consternation, of course, was extreme, but it was mingled with a sort of injured feeling towards me for not having been a deer. After that Todd accompanied Dare to prevent these little mistakes as to the nature of his game, and also to prevent his indulging in what Todd called "permiskyus gunnin'"—i.e., firing his rifle at partridge, rabbits, etc., which he showed every disposition to do, and which would effectually settle any hope of our even getting sight of a deer. I went along the parallel ridge alone.

There were many deer in the Algoma woods in those days (there are many now, for that matter), so we saw plenty of tracks. Still, I didn't expect much success, for several reasons. For one thing, the day was too fine. There was no wind in the woods, and the rustle of our steps in the dead leaves would be audible to the keen hearing of a deer far away. Then there were too many of us. The solitary, silent sportsman is the one that gets game, still-hunting.

So I was agreeably surprised when, not five minutes after we had separated, Dare and Todd "jumped" a deer from an oak top with the leaves still on, left by lumberers. Todd let drive at it with his single-fire rifle as it made its first long, beautiful bound out of cover, and, strange to say—for he was a first-rate shot—only scraped its flank. The deer, a spike-buck, went straight away up the ridge in full view, while with frenzied haste and uncertain aim crack! crack! crack! went Tom's repeater.

The buck was just topping the ridge, about two hundred yards off, when Dare fired a last wild, despairing shot, and the deer gave a great bound, stretching his fore and hind legs stiffly out. Then all its limbs collapsed in mid-air, and it pitched straight forward on its head.

"By gum, sir, you killed him!" yelled the guide, looking at Dare with a wild surprise, similar to that which Mark Twain's musing spider exhibited when he stepped on the red-hot shovel.

But Dare had uttered a long, loud yell of triumph and victory, and was tearing along the ridge, brandishing a murderous-looking knife. We followed, and arrived just in time to prevent his cutting the dead buck's head off on the spot for a trophy. As Todd and I came up the ridge together I heard the guide muttering: "Killed in his tracks! Goin' full lick! Two hundred yards good, an' by a tenderfoot as takes a man's hat for a deer! Meeracles ain't through happenin' yet, by gum!"

The buck was hit in the back of the head, just below the horns. The bullet had passed through the brain and out at the forehead, killing him instantly. It was a ghastly fluke, but a lucky one, for Dare had killed his first deer the very first day out, and fairly too.

We now thought we had done enough for glory that day, especially as our whole outfit had still to be unpacked. Dare, too, was most anxious to get his prey back at once to our hunting-lodge. He seemed to think that it would vanish into thin air if he took his eyes off it for a moment. So with considerable difficulty we dragged the animal back to the lodge.

And for the rest of that day, amidst all the clatter of unpacking, the talk and the chaff, Dare sat silent and happy, his head enveloped in a cloud of tobacco smoke, replying only in monosyllables when addressed. But on his face was a deep, seraphic peace, like that which illumines the countenance of a Sioux or Pawnee chief who has just succeeded in "collecting" the scalp of his deadliest enemy. For the time his heart's chief desire was realised. He had slain his first deer.

How it Looked to Him.

This is what "Short Stories" tells of a staunch young churchman who is most careful in his observance of the feasts and fasts of the year:

When the owl lunch wagons in Herald Square were still a novelty, he visited New York and saw one for the first time.

"What have we here?" he said to his companion.

"What a question from you!" was the retort. "A good churchman like you not to know a movable feast when he sees it!"

"Oh, I should call it a restaurant a la carte," promptly replied the "good churchman."

A lunacy commissioner was making his customary rounds. An inmate whose particular fancy it was to pose as a much-married man approached with the announcement that he had once again taken to himself a wife. "And who is the fortunate lady?" said the commissioner. "Ah," said the lunatic, smiling sweetly, "she's the daughter of the devil." "Indeed; and how do you get on together?" "Get on? Oh, well, I get on right enough with the wife; but it's the old people I can't put up with!"

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Anecdotal.

While preaching from the text: "He giveth his beloved sleep," a minister stopped in the middle of his sermon, gazed upon his dozing auditors, and said: "Brethren, it is hard to realize the wondrous unbounded love the Lord appears to have for a good portion of this congregation."

The "Green Bag" tells of a lawyer who was about to furnish a bill of costs. "I hope," said his client, who was a baker, "that you will make it as light as possible." "Ah," said the lawyer, "you might perhaps say that to the foreman of your establishment, but that is not the way I make my bread!"

While James McNeill Whistler, the eccentric American painter, was in a London shop one day a customer rushed in, and, mistaking Mr. Whistler for a clerk, exclaimed: "I say, this hat doesn't fit." The artist eyed him for a minute, and then replied, scornfully: "Neither does your coat, and I'll be hanged if I like the color of your trousers."

An attorney named Else, rather diminutive in his stature, and not particularly respectable in his character, once met Jekyll. "Sir," said he, "I hear you have called me a pettifogging scoundrel. Have you done so, sir?" "Sir," said Jekyll, with a look of contempt, "I never said you were a pettifogger, or a scoundrel, but I said you were 'little Else.'"

When Bishop Potter was asked, the other day, what he thought of woman suffrage he made the diplomatic reply: "My dear madam, I have gotten away beyond that; I am trying to make the best terms with the sex that I can obtain." This brings to mind the mot of William M. Evarts when asked by a lady if he did not think that woman was the best judge of woman. He replied: "Not only the best judge, madam, but the best executioner."

"S. Paul" is the name above a chemist's shop in a London suburb. It arrested the attention of a convivial gentleman returning home in the small hours, and he rang the bell vigorously. The chemist's head appeared above. "What is it?" he called out. "Want speak t' you ver' pert'clar," said the convivial one. "What is it; d' you want some medicine?" "Want speak t' you ver' pert'clar." The chemist hastily dressed, came down, and opening the door exclaimed impatiently, "Well now, what is it?" "I want know—did you ever get answer to that terr—terr'ble long epistle you wrote to Thes'lonians?"

J. Pierpont Morgan makes his boast that he never has been interviewed, and declares that in the last seven years but one interviewer ever has been able to approach him. This was on a recent trip to Europe, when a representative of the London "Times" would not take "No" for his answer. "Tell the 'Times' man my time is worth ten pounds a minute," at last said Morgan. "The 'Times' man says he'll take two minutes at that," came back the reply. The interviewer handed Mr. Morgan twenty pounds, talked just two minutes by both their watches, did all the talking himself, and rose to go on the instant. "Why did you want to see me?" Morgan asked in curiosity. "Oh, I wagered one hundred pounds that I would interview you personally, that's all," was his reply. Morgan congratulated him on his enterprise, and dismissed him within the third minute of his call. When asked, the other day, if he kept the twenty pounds, Morgan said: "Yes, and I haven't earned money in a long time that gave me the satisfaction that twenty pounds did."

Lincoln, even as a young man, was always ready and resourceful on the platform. In the new book, Lincoln in Story, it is related that in 1836 Lincoln made a telling speech in an election campaign for the State Legislature of Illinois. George Forquer, an old and respected citizen, who had changed his party, and almost simultaneously had been appointed to a fat office by his new friends, was present. Just at this time Mr. Forquer had completed the finest house in Springfield and over it erected a lightning-rod, the first in that region. At the conclusion of Lincoln's speech, Forquer took it upon himself to reply, commencing thus: "This young man will have to be taken down, and I am sorry the task devolves upon me." He then proceeded to answer Lincoln's argument in an able and fair but patronizing manner. At length Forquer ended and Lincoln had the floor to reply. "The gentleman has seen fit," said he, "to allude to my being a young man, but he forgets that I am older in years than in the tricks and trades of politicians. I desire long life and I desire place and distinction, but I would rather die now than, like the gentleman, live to see the day that I would change my politics for an office worth $3,000 a year and then feel compelled to erect a lightning-rod to protect a guilty conscience from an offended God."

Hard Luck in the West.

The cowboy sat down on the ground, fingered a roll of bills and looked sadly at his pard.

"Bill," he said, "it's no use. I can't go to town with you to-day."

"Why?" asked Bill.

"I've only got $35 to my name."

"Figger it up ag'in," said Bill.

"No use. I've figgered it up a dozen times, and it always comes out the same. It'll take $30 for the drunk, dollar an' a half for bed an' breakfast, three an' a half for ca'tridges, an' that won't leave a cussed cent to pay the fine."—Indianapolis "Sun."

Ouida in Her Old Age.

Ouida, as Mlle. De La Ramee prefers to call herself, is now an elderly lady, but she still affects the white muslin frocks and pale blue ribbons of a bygone era. She is the autocratic queen of a large circle of admirers at Florence, where she has an ideal home, and an extraordinary collection of dogs. Ouida does not like England or English life and food, and not infrequently at London dinner-tables has asked for cold roast beef and beer, that being the level, she says, on which she places English cookery.

"I thought you were given a job in the public service because of the work you did for the party." "I was, but I quit." "Why?" "Why! Why, hang it all, they're getting so blamed particular now that they want a feller to work for his salary."—Chicago "Post."

Curious Bits of News.

The present mace of the British House of Commons has been in use since the reign of Charles II. It has accordingly witnessed the rise and development of constitutional principles and practice, and of the responsibility of Ministers of the Crown to the House of Commons, and through the House of Commons to the people at large.

Most people, if they were asked to state the color of the sun, would say that it was orange, and they would as confidently assert that the color of the atmosphere was blue. Recent researches and investigations, however, says "Knowledge," point to the conclusion that the real color of the sun is blue, while that of the atmosphere surrounding the earth is orange.

A good many formalities are necessary for the women of Sumatra before they can lay aside their widow's weeds, says "Womanhood." Immediately after the husband's death the disconsolate widow places a flagstaff in front of her door, and on this a flag is raised. As long as the flag remains untorn by the wind etiquette forbids her to marry, but with the appearance of the first rent she can lay aside her mourning garb, begin to take notice and to receive offers of marriage.

A little machine which threads one thousand needles a minute is at work in St. Gall, Switzerland. The purpose of the machine is to thread needles that are placed afterwards in an embroidery loom for making Swiss or Hamburg lace. The device is almost entirely automatic. It takes the needle from a hopper, carries it along and threads it, ties the knot, cuts the thread off a uniform length, then carries the needle across an open space and sticks it in a rack. The work of threading these needles was formerly done by hand.

The highest waterfall in the world, geography tells us, is the Cerosola cascade, in the Alps, having a fall of 2,400 feet; that of Arvey, in Savoy, is 1,100 feet, and the falls of the Yosemite Valley range from 700 to 1,000 feet. But higher yet is the fall in the San Cayatan canyon, in the State of Durango, Mexico. It was discovered by some prospectors ten years ago in the great Barranca district, which is called the Tierras Desconocidas. While searching for the famous lost mine, Naranjal, a great roar of water was heard. With great difficulty the party pushed on and up and down the mighty chasms, until they beheld the superb fall that is at least 3,000 feet high.

The date-palm may solve the problem of what to do with the arid and alkali lands of Arizona and other Western States. Experiments have been made in the past, but renewed interest is being taken by the section of plant introduction of the Department of Agriculture at Washington. According to the New York "Sun," Professor D. G. Fairchild, agricultural explorer for the department, now traveling in Africa, has procured a number of suckers, or off-shoots, from the Delta of the Nile, which will be distributed in the southwestern States. In the United States the date is an article of luxury, but in its native country it is a most important food, many regions in Arabia and the Sahara being uninhabitable but for the date-palm.

President Harper of the University of Chicago recently received the following letter from a prospective girl-student at Pecatonica, Ill.: "Dear Dr. Harper—I know you will be pleased to learn that I have decided to attend the university school of education this fall. I am going to Chicago next Saturday on the morning train, and as I have never been in the city before, I would be glad if you would meet me at the depot. I am five feet four inches tall, have light hair and eyes, and a pleasing appearance. I shall wear a dark-brown traveling skirt and a blue waist with white yoke. I think I shall know you from your pictures, but for fear I make a mistake, will you please wear your card in your hat?"

"A pathetic incident in connection with a biograph scene occurred in Detroit, Mich., March 17 last," says "Popular Science." "A view made at the occupation of Peking was being flashed across the screen. It represented a detachment of the Fourteenth United States Infantry entering the gates of the Chinese capital. As the last file of soldiers seemed literally stepping out of the frame on to the stage, there rose a scream from a woman who sat in front. 'My God!' she cried hysterically, 'there is my dead brother Allen marching with the soldiers.' The figure had been recognized by others in the audience as that of Allen McCaskill, who had mysteriously disappeared some years before. Subsequently Mrs. Booth, the sister, wrote to the War Department and learned that it really was her brother whose presentment she so strangely had been confronted with."

Evidence to the Contrary.

Citizen—Madam, why do you persist in punching me with your umbrella?

Madam—I want to make you look around, so I can thank you for giving me your seat. Now, sir, don't you go off and say that women haven't any manners.—Chicago "Record-Herald."

An Ambiguous Compliment.

Miss Beckley—I'm so glad I'm not an heiress, Mr. Soper. I should never know whether my suitors were attracted by myself or my money.

Mr. Soper—Oh, Miss Beckley, your mirror should leave you in no doubt on that score!—"Punch."

Changed Her Mind.

The house was "handy to the street car line" and in good repair, there were the proper number of closets and the rental was reasonable, but before coming to terms the house-hunting matron said to the agent:

"It is only fair for me to tell you that we have five boys."

"That won't make any difference, ma'am," he said, with a smile. "You will find big families of boys on both sides of you."

"Oh, then I don't want the house at all!" she exclaimed. "I want to find a neighborhood where there won't be any boys but mine!"

At last accounts she was still hunting.

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a half-nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my ball dress or my bathing suit?—"Town Topics."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

No Cure, No Pay, is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

More Houses For Sale

$1,080	for 7 room house and good stable near Post Office. (150)
$1,200	for 7 roomed brick near St. Paul's church. (27)
$1,000	for 1½ story brick, 6 rooms, central to work shops. (60)
$1,050	for 2 story brick, 7 rooms, near George street church.
$500	for frame cottage near Cordage Works. (176)

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles
of other makes, for only
$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
Buhl Block.
DETROIT. MICH.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES
Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

ADVERTISE
—IN—
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Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

—THE—
Pressure of Business
is greatly relieved by use of the
Long Distance Telephone
You reach your customer in a few seconds and—
MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Purest Groceries,
Closest Prices,
Quality the Best.

Satisfaction Absolutely Guaranteed.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 290 · 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, FEBRUARY 28, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The snow is rapidly going.

—Work on the new dam at the locks is progressing slowly.

—Several loads of hay were offered for sale on the market yesterday.

—The maple syrup season will soon begin.

—Work will start next month on the lift lock.

—The 57th Regiment Band will give a concert in the market hall to-night.

—It is said there is some trouble in Nicholls Hospital circles.

—Houses are scarce in Peterborough, and rents are on the increase.

—Water street is properly named, the sidewalks being at present mostly under water.

—The Peterborough Canoe Co. are shipping a couple of steam launches to distant parts.

—We are in receipt of a marriage notice, evidently written as a joke. There is a severe penalty for this sort of thing.

—The E.A.A.A. grounds in Ashburnham, are to be cut up into building lots.

—The officers of the Children's Aid Society acknowledge with thanks the receipt of $5 from an anonymous contributor.

—We have a first-class typewriter for sale at half price. Apply at the Times Bookstore.

—Messrs. T. Hurley & Co., the well known real estate men, predict a boom in real estate this spring and summer.

—Whiten makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 166 Hunter street, west.

—The Lindsay curlers, who were so successful at the Winnipeg bonspiel, were given a royal reception on Tuesday night. Col. E. S. Edwards attended the reception on behalf of Peterborough curlers.

—A deputation from Bancroft and other north country points passed through Lindsay on Tuesday to Toronto to interview the Ontario Government relative to granting a subsidy to extend the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa railway from the terminus to Renfrew.

—The Peterborough County Prohibition Alliance have secured the services of Mr. W. W. Buchanan, one of the best temperance speakers in the country, to address a meeting in the opera house on March 13. He will also be present at the meeting in the Y.M.C.A. hall in the afternoon.

—As an advertisement test, we offer to anyone who will clip this advertisement out, and bring it to the Times Bookstore on Saturday, and make a purchase of 25c. in any line of goods we carry, we will give one novel absolutely free of charge. 3 books to choose from. Don't forget the date, Saturday, 1st March. Mail orders will have prompt attention.

—"There are health underclothes, health coffee, health shoes, health hats and health tobacco," said a physician to The Times yesterday, "and I suppose that some day we will have a health whisky. The number of people who go in for these health things is amazing, and there are millions of dollars invested in the business. The start was made about thirty years ago with sanitary underwear. A sanitary hat followed; then a sanitary hat, and then a sanitary glove. Next came the long list of health foods, which include not only coffee and cereals, but also certain meats, vegetables and fruits. I know a man who wears nothing but sanitary clothes, and eats nothing but sanitary food, and he's as thin as a rail, too."

BAND CONCERT
MARKET HALL
FRIDAY, FEB. 28

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mrs. W. J. Chambers, Millbrook, who has been visiting friends in town, returned home yesterday.

—Miss Birdie Thompson, of Toronto, is in town, called by the illness of her father, Mr. Elias Thompson.

—Mr. Fred Roy is very ill at the Nicholls Hospital. His many friends hope for his speedy recovery.

—Mr. E. W. Cox, the genial assistant General Manager of the Canada Life Assurance Co., has been appointed General Manager of that Company.

—Mrs. Hughes-Charles, wife of Mr. D. Hughes-Charles, local Manager of the Bank of Commerce, arrived in town yesterday from Galt.

—Rev. Canon MacNab, of St. Alban's church, Toronto, will give an illustrated lecture on "Bible Scenes in Our Lord's Ministry," at All Saints' church on Monday evening, March 3.

—Mr. Will C. Ackerman has returned from a very successful business trip to the North-West in the interests of the S. F. Ackerman manufactory.

—Mr. J. D. Flavelle, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday. He was warmly congratulated by many of his Peterborough friends on his success at the bonspeil at Winnipeg.

—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from an old friend, Mr. George Read, ex-M.P.P., Keene, who dropped in to renew his subscription to The Times. Mr. Read is one of Peterborough's oldest and most respected citizens.

—Mr. Adam Weston, Vancouver, B. C., formerly of town, is visiting his parents in Port Hope, after an absence of six years. Mr. Weston spent Wednesday night in Peterborough, renewing old acquaintances.

Nervously Exhausted

Sleepless, poor digestion, easily tired, blue as indigo, that's how you feel. Do you want to feel strong, make plenty of blood, enjoy buoyancy, strength and vim! Improves the appetite, digestion, assimulation, sleep. How surely Ferrozone does this, you can ascertain by using it. Ferrozone is a blood builder, nerve strengthener, and brain invigorator. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

The Passing of the Bell Rope

Mr. J. W. Leonard, superintendent of the western division of the C.P.R., has issued a circular stating that bell cord will be dispensed with on all trains from which the engineer can be communicated with from the rear car by means of air whistle or air brakes (conductor's valve.) When air signal can not be used to communicate with the engineer, air brakes (conductors' valve) will be used to bring train to stop, and then verbally communicating with the engineer.

Interred Yesterday

The funeral of the late Lucretia Ann Luny whose death occurred on Tuesday morning, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Wand, Ashburnham, took place yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. The funeral was attended by a large number of friends and acquaintances of the deceased. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Thompson, assisted by Rev. Wilson.

Interment took place at the Little Lake Cemetery.

AUTHOR AND PHYSICIAN

Writes Interesting Tale

The author of "Under Palmetto and Pine," "Norma Trist," "Four Years on Wheels," etc., Dr. J. W. Carhart of La Grange, Texas, in addition to his literary efforts is a hard working physician in general practice.

He writes interestingly of how his freedom from heart trouble was gained by leaving off coffee and using Postum. "I drank coffee in the ordinary form for many years; nervous trouble involving disturbance of the heart's action resulted.

On coming to Texas I fell into the habit of drinking coffee after hard, cold rides in my practice or when in camp or on the trail. My heart trouble soon became exceedingly aggravating, resulting in frequent attacks of what was pronounced angina pectoris, a severe agonizing pain over the heart extending to the back and sometimes down the left arm.

In some of these attacks but for the timely administration of morphine injected hypodermically I could have survived but a short time.

At different times I abandoned the use of coffee, believing it the cause of my troubles, and invariably improved, but as I had nothing satisfactory to take its place in the way of a beverage I returned to its use.

The literature of Postum Cereal Coffee came to my notice and I resolved to try it. The directions for preparation were strictly followed and I found it an agreeable, appetizing, invigorating table beverage. I continued its use in my family for the past year and a half or two years during which time I have never had an attack of my old heart trouble, am capable now at the age of 67 years and do as much professional and literary work as at any period of my life. I can endure physical exercise without weariness but with zest and relish, and have gained in weight from 134 pounds to 165 pounds."

The doctor further refers to the widespread prevalence of heart trouble from the use of coffee and tobacco, and speaks of the advantage gained by patients when they leave off coffee and take Postum.

It must also be added that the poison of the coffee does not affect the heart in some patients but shows its work in the stomach and bowels with one, perhaps in the eyes with another, and kidneys with another, and general nervous prostration with another.

It is never possible to tell just where the result of the poisoned nerve centers will show forth. There is but one way to surely cure such cases and that is by insisting upon leaving off coffee and using Postum in its place. Postum contains the elements for rebuilding the nerve cells and brain. Albumen is furnished in a variety of foods, but albumen cannot be made into the soft gray matter of the brain and nerve cells except by the action of phosphate of potash upon it and the system will not always take up the crude phosphate of potash, whereas, it can be depended upon to take up the delicate particles of that element when presented as Nature presents it in food. It is in both Postum Coffee and Grape-Nuts.

C. O. C. F. CONCERT

A Very Pleasant Evening Spent in the S.O.E. Hall Last Night

The concert under the auspices of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends in the S.O.E. hall, on Hunter street, last night, was one of the most pleasant and successful functions of the kind held this season. An excellent program had been prepared, and was presented as follows:

Instrumental	Miss Armstrong
Chairman's address	Mr. Harding
Song	Mr. Joe Halpenny
Reading	Miss White
Song	Mr. Halpenny
Distribution of Prizes.	
Musical and juggling act	Mr. Dundas
Recitation	Mr. Halpenny
Recitation	Miss White
Song	Mr. Halpenny
God Save the King.	

A striking feature of the entertainment was the gifts given to each ticket purchaser. The prizes consisted of jewel trays, Japanese bowls, fancy pen and pencil holders, potato mashers, egg beaters and many other articles. The distribution of prizes was a very amusing part of the entertainment.

Mr. Harding performed the duties of chairman in a very pleasing and acceptable manner.

The large hall was packed to the doors with a most appreciative audience.

Impossible to Dye Cotton and Wool Fabrics With One Dye

Do not allow any dealer to sell you a dye that claims to color cotton and wool with same dye. Cotton being a vegetable fibre, requires a specially prepared dye. Wool, being an animal fibre, calls for a dye that cannot give satisfactory results on cotton goods. The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes prepare special dyes for the coloring of cotton goods that cannot be produced by other makers of home package dyes. These cotton dyes are fast and solid. Washing or sunlight cannot fade them. Fast Diamond Dye cotton colors are used by all who make up homemade carpets and mats and rugs. All druggists and dealers should have these special cotton colors for your convenience.

If you are thinking of using your cotton or wool rags in the making up of pretty mats and rugs, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and they will send you free of cost, sheets of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns.

CASE OF SUSPECTED FOUL PLAY

The Death of David Valentine to be Investigated by the authorities

There seems to be some doubt in the minds of some as to the events leading up to the death of David Valentine which happened on Saturday evening Feb. 8th. On Monday morning the dead body was found in the snow by Mr. John Telford, when he was going to his work in the woods. There seems to be some mystery about the death. Whether there was foul play or was death the result of his becoming exhausted in the terrible snow storm that raged that night. These questions have been raised and it is possible that a coroners jury will be called to investigate the matter and to gain all possible information regarding the mans death.

The occurrence is quite fresh in the minds of the people of the community and the result of the investigation will be watched with very deep interest.

The following particulars were given by the Lakefield News of the accident,—

"On Thursday, February 6th, Mr. Valentine, who was about 68 years of age, left Mr. Hick's house in order to go to Lakefield and Peterborough to transact some business. He attended to this at both places and reached Burleigh safely on his way home on the following Saturday night between seven and eight o'clock. He had stayed at Young's. He was last seen alive by Mr. John Telford, who lives about a quarter of a mile from Burleigh Falls hotel. Mr. Telford was awakened during the night by someone rapping on the door. He got up lit a lamp and went to the door with it. The wind, however, blew out the light, but he saw a man walking down the road, whom he at once recognized, by his walk, to be Valentine. Mr. Telford thought nothing more of the matter, as there was nothing in the man's appearance to betoken that anything was the matter with him, so naturally he allowed him to pass on. The night was, as every one knows, a very stormy one, and the poor old man must have lost his way. This has been made evident from the fact that where he was found it was discovered that he had beaten down a hard path in his efforts to keep himself from freezing. Exhaustion evidently supervened and he finally sank face downwards in the snow."

The remains were taken to St. Thomas and interred there.

After the funeral at St. Thomas, the daughter of the deceased, accompanied by a friend came to town and visited the scene of her father's death. On returning to town on Friday she interviewed Coroner Gray and swore out the necessary information for an inquest, stating that she believed her father had come to his death by foul play or through the negligence on the part of others. The information stated that a dent had been found in the skull, blood from his nose and mouth was on some of his clothing.

Acting on the information Coroner Gray issued a warrant for an inquest. The difficulty that next confronted the authorities was the fact that the body had been interred at St. Thomas, and the body could not be produced at an inquest here without being first disinterred.

Mr. R. E. Wood, County Crown Attorney, therefore wrote to the Attorney General's Department, at Toronto, enclosing the papers, to allow the authorities to look into the matter. As a result, Detective Greer, of the provincial staff came to town and interviewed the authorities. After looking into the matter he left for St. Thomas to have the body taken up and a post-mortem made to see if the statements in the information were correct. If such proves to be the case an inquest will be held. If not correct then it is probable that the inquest will be withdrawn. It is said that some suspicions are held by the authorities but they are very reticent regarding them and are awaiting the results of the post-mortem examination.

LOST

LOST—Between Simcoe and Townsend streets by way of Stewart st., a green leather purse containing a considerable sum of money. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times office.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take [redacted] Tablets. All [redacted] fails to cure. W. E. [redacted] box.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
366 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

- Special Colonist Excursion Fares -

PETERBORO

To Billings, Montana	$35 55
Colorado Springs, Denver Helena, Butte, Pueblo, Ogden and Salt Lake City	$40 55
Spokane Wash.	$41 05
North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points	$43 55

SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leading Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

- G. H. NOBLE -

PLUMBER

Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

**Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,**

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

An Old Land Mark Gone

A popular tree which for the past half a century has grown and flourished on Charlotte street, near the G. T. R. station was cut down yesterday. The lot on which the tree grew is owned by Mr. R. A. Morrow.

In 1848 Mr. James Stevenson, of town planted this tree with several others and has watched it grow to an enormous size. No less than five cords of wood was cut from the tree.

AN ARMY OF AFFLICTED WOMEN

NERVOUSNESS IN VARYING FORMS IS ON THE INCREASE IN CANADA

Paine's Celery Compound

RESTORES THE NERVOUS SYSTEM TO FULL VIGOR AND STRENGTH

Paine's Celery Compound is the true physical strengthener and nerve nourisher for women suffering from physical exhaustion, tired nerves and brain, and sleeplessness. This great medicine quickly bestows energy and vigor, banishes headache, tired feelings, despondency, languidness, makes rich, pure blood, and imparts a health that copes with all the duties and work of life. Paine's Celery Compound does for weak women a work that no physician can accomplish; it brings true womanhood and happiness as nothing else can do. Mrs. E. Hurd, of Summerville, Hants Co., N.S., writes for the benefit of suffering women as follows:

"I cannot speak too highly of your wonderful curing medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, from which I have derived such direct benefit after suffering from nervous prostration, sleeplessness and general debility. I first used one bottle and was highly improved; I afterward used two bottles more, and now am quite well. I wish to recommend Paine's Celery Compound to others, and trust it will be found in every home where sickness prevails."

To Keep Pace With The Times

TO MAKE YOU ACQUAINTED WITH OUR

MIRACLE PILLS

Without loss of time we make this proposition—the LARGEST EVER MADE to the CANADIAN PUBLIC

THIS IS IT.

This Automobile

WORTH $2,000.

Manufactured by the Searchmont Motor Company.

Will be Given Free

WORTH $2,000.

On June 1st, 1902—To the PERSON WHO WILL COME THE NEAREST TO THE EXACT NUMBER OF COUPONS WE WILL RECEIVE.

Judges of the strongest reliability will be selected, and the results published, so that every one will have a fair chance, and will know

This to be a Bona Fide Offer.

The ordinary methods of making our MIRACLE PILLS known to the public are too slow—takes too much time—That is the reason we make this offer.

Miracle Pills

are a guaranteed cure for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, INDIGESTION, PIMPLES, DYSPEPSIA and HEART DISEASE.

The world is full of people dragging out a miserable existence, unfit for the duties or the pleasures of life, a burden to themselves and others. They suffer from distress after eating, loss of sleep, mental depression, and all because of the failure of the stomach to properly digest their food. ONE MIRACLE PILL after each meal will put your stomach into good working order, and your general health will take care of itself.

MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

Remember It costs nothing to guess and YOU MAY WIN THE AUTOMOBILE, which is listed at $2,000 by the manufacturers, the Searchmont Motor Company of Philadelphia. All you have to do is to fill out the coupon below and to send same to us with a wrapper of our MIRACLE PILLS BOXES. COUPON MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY WRAPPER.

MIRACLE PILLS are sold by every good druggist, and up to date merchants at the standard price 50 cents a box, or $2.50 for 6 boxes.

If you cannot obtain same from your druggist or general store, send direct to us. We will mail them to you postage prepaid, on receipt of price by registered letter or money order.

Every Wrapper and Coupon You Send Gives You a Better Chance of Winning the Automobile.

COUPON

Pilules
Commerce
Miracle

Messrs. R. Core & Cie, Bic, Rimouski Co., P.Q.

This entitles me to the property of the automobile that I will get free if you have received.......... coupons and I am the nearest guesser. I send enclosed a wrapper of your MIRACLE PILLS.

Name..........

Address..........

County..........

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Help Wanted.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales, Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 568, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS' One-Way EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

—A large number of people are laid up with a mild form of grip.

—BUY—

NORTH AMERICAN OIL & REFINING COMPANY'S

Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated,

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COOKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,100 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bunnie Investment Co., 14 & 16 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Notice.

To Contractors, Builders and all employing carpenters, joiners and wood working machine hands:

Union No. 672 respectfully ask you to give union men the preference on your work on and after March 15th, 1902, after which date the above named union mechanics cannot work with non-union of the same class.

A. T. DUGAN, Pres. J. E. HAGGART, Rec. Secy.

TWO MORE WARDS

Taken in Charge by the Children's Aid Society of Town

The good work of the Children's Aid Society is flourishing. Two children by the name of Armstrong, whose mother a Mrs. M. LeLaughlan resides in Cardiff Township, Haliburton, were given over to the care of the society yesterday. The children are a girl and boy, ages 10 and 11 years respectively. For some three years the children have been living with their grandmother, in town, and a few days ago their mother came and wanted to take charge of them. The children said they would rather live with their grandmother and an order was made giving the children into the care of the Children's Aid. The society then entered into an agreement with the grandmother to look after the children as heretofore.

MARCH

1902

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
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The Morning Times

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VOL. 28 NO. 51 — PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MARCH 1 1902 — PRICE TWO CENTS

CANADA ASKS GREAT BRITAIN FOR HELP

Has Made all the Possible Concessions to the United States Regarding the Alaskan Boundary Question

London, Feb. 28.—Canada has recently informed the British Government that she has made all possible concessions to the United States, regarding the Alaskan boundary, and she wishes England to support her demands.

DESPERADO TAKEN BY YUKON POLICE.

Dawson, via Ashcroft, B.C., Feb. 28—Mounted Police at the Stockade Road House Yukon, captured William Brophy, a notorious robber, after a ten-weeks' hunt. During the scuffle while arresting him, a revolver belonging to one of the policemen, exploded the bullet going through Brophy's abdomen and emerging near the spine. The police have spent over $10,000 in the search, and the capture is the most noted since that of Murderer O'Brien.

GREAT BRITAIN WARNED AGAINST GERMANY.

Dr. Morrison Suggests That German Extortion and Secret Privileges Should be Protested Against

London, Feb. 28.—Dr. Morrison, (Pekin correspondent of The Times, protests against British and European indifference to Germany's acquisitions in Shan Tung. Dr. Morrison says the reason of the menacing attitude of the German consul at Sinan Foo and the Minister at Pekin, as well as the presence of German troops at Tien Tsin and Shanghai and the refusal to reduce the number, is that the conclusion of the Shan Tung agreement may be enforced, while the attention of other Governments is diverted to Manchuria. He suggests that before it is too late the powerful and unanswerable note of the American Secretary of State to Russia should also be sent to Germany as a protest against extortion and secret privileges at Shan Tung. He declares that Germany already monopolizes railway construction at Shan Tung, that all material is exclusively purchased in Germany; that Germany holds the mineral rights for ten miles on each side of the railway, and that all the mining machinery is purchased in Germany. Now, Dr. Morrison says, Germany is acquiring rights which give her the entire mineral wealth of a province larger than England and Wales combined. He hopes that Britain will at least decide that the undertaking not to build another railway from Wei-Hai-Wei has been rendered null by the German violation of the British-German agreement.

EXILE NOT INEVITABLE.

London, Feb. 28.—The Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, made an interesting statement in the House of Commons yesterday, to the effect that the proclamation providing for the banishment of the Boer leaders did not preclude Lord Kitchener or Lord Milner from accepting the surrender of Boer leaders on modified conditions.

Lord Kitchener, on his own authority, has already accepted the surrender of some of the minor leaders, on the understanding that the provisions of the banishment proclamation would not be enforced.

THE TIMES ON PRINCE HENRY'S VISIT.

London, Feb. 28.—An editorial in The Times, discussing Prince Henry's visit to America, says: "The more closely Germans adopt American principles, the more steadfastly they act upon them in China and elsewhere, the better pleased will be the English-speaking race on both sides of the ocean."

TITLES FOR JAPANESE DIPLOMATS.

London, Feb. 28.—A despatch to The Times from Tokio, Japan, says that in connection with the conclusion of the British-Japanese treaty, the Emperor granted the title of Baron to six Cabinet Ministers. Premier Katsura was made a Count.

STEAMSHIP RATES WILL NOT INCREASE.

Paris, Feb. 28.—A despatch to The Paris edition of the Herald, from London, says that in Liverpool shipping circles it is stated that owing to disagreement among the owners of the transatlantic lines, negotiations regarding uniform rates and fares have fallen through.

A VERY UNHAPPY WEEK FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

Frederick Greenwood Writes of the Prince's Visit—Grief and Surprise at Our Flirtation with Germany

London, Feb. 28.—Frederick Greenwood, the well-known writer on political subjects has an article in the Pall Mall Gazette to-day on the United States, Germany and Great Britain in which he says:

"A more rapid or more striking change of scene has rarely been witnessed than when a short while ago the sun went down upon Germany raging full front against these shores, to rise the next day upon the same Germania with her plaits in order, blowing kisses to the United States. Though the correspondents of our newspapers have done their best in assuring us again and again that the merest flirtation is meant, and genuine affections of America are fixed on England, a long week's unhappiness awaits us. Indeed, at the first glimpse of what was going on in Germany and the United States there was some grief and much surprise in England, and neither has been done away with. Whisperings of the sundering of ties of gratitude and forgotten bonds of obligation arose immediately where silence on such matters would have been not only more dignified but more business-like. It would have been more business-like even if the services rendered to the United States by our Government had been greater than those we hear of and if, in asserting them, they had not been unfortunately exposed to contradiction and dispute.

"Until Lord Cranborne opened the subject, England's services to America at the crises of the quarrel with Spain were but vaguely known on either side of the Atlantic except to an official few. By degrees we in England were getting prouder and prouder of the good turn we had contrived for our American cousins, though we did not know exactly what it was. In the meantime our American cousins were swelling to an adequate sense of gratitude, though they did not know exactly why. One thing, however, is generally understood.

"If the friendship was English the enmity was German. Whatever was its scope and intention the plot was made in Germany. However baffled, it was baffled by England. Therefore it must be allowed that England might naturally be overcome with chagrin for the moment, when, at the very time the German quarrel rose to its worst, her enemy and her friend were seen running to embrace. Did our old political instinct remain unimpaired we should have felt that there was not much pride in recalling claims to gratitude, nor even much wisdom, for such claims are most in danger when reproachfully asserted. Friendship there was in what we did, but policy also.

"As an independent consideration it is not foolishness but wisdom and something more if the Americans decide that German interference was "all in the game." This we ought to be sensible of. The Americans can be quite sufficiently grateful to England for a kindly turn and yet cherish no long resentment for what on the other hand was neither a very novel nor unfair stroke of diplomacy.

"The reception of Prince Henry may bring us solid benefits. We do not all know how to value yet the first correction of the kith-and-kin illusion. Indeed, the most excellent consequence of the second and clear understanding of the conditions upon which the United States enters upon its imperial career and of the obligations prescribed to its Government by wisdom as much as by necessity is that its foreign policy demands complete freedom from all understandings and alliances except such as have a definite, limited and separable purpose."

The article concludes: "As for the Anglo-American understanding, such as we heard so much of two or three years ago, it will be just as likely after the visit of Prince Henry as before—that is to say, it will never be likely until the two nations are threatened by a common enemy."

BOER AND FILIPINOS

A Buffalo Paper Tells Uncle Sam Some Wholesome Truths

Buffalo, March 1—The News of this city prints the following:

These pro-Boer meetings by Americans are the strangest anomalies of the present times, which fully illustrate a condition wherein the Scriptures admonish the removal of the beam from one's own eye before attempting to extract the mote from your neighbor's optic, and may not other nations have the laugh on us regarding these meetings denunciatory of the English policy in South Africa, when we are following exactly in her footsteps in our unjust war upon the Filipinos? England, in justification of her proceedings, held suzerain power over the Boers, who declared war, invaded her territory, took possession of cities, proclaimed annexation, burned defenceless farm houses, murdered non-combatants, and robbed them of their horses and cattle, ere England drew a sword in their defense. On the other hand, our only right to the possession of the Philippine Islands was the payment of twenty million dollars to the hated Spaniards, who were not able to deliver the same, as the long and costly, and thus far unavailing struggle to subdue their inhabitants fully proves.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE

A Splendid Report Presented at the Annual Meeting

The report presented to the Shareholders of the British America Assurance Company, at the annual meeting held at the Head Office, Toronto, on Thursday last, is one that reflects the greatest credit on the management of this great and popular Canadian institution.

The remarks of the President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, will be read with interest and profit, as they show the trend of events in fire insurance work. The progress of the British America, which is so well and favorably known to the people of Peterborough and Eastern Ontario, is entirely due to careful management and just and honorable dealings with its patrons. Mr. J. J. Kenny, the Vice-President and Managing Director, has good reason to feel proud of the very high position which his company has attained in the confidence and the esteem of the people.

KING DESIRES TO COME

Ruler of Abyssinia May Attend St. Louis Exposition

St. Louis, March 1—The World's Fair management yesterday received information that the presence of Menelik, the king of Abyssinia, at the exposition, is quite within the range of possibilities. The information is that an invitation, properly extended to the king, would meet with acceptance. This will receive early attention.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth and after spreading through all the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and heals in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

ITEMS OF NEWS BY CABLE AND LETTER

Stringent Orders to Prevent the Spread of Smallpox

MINISTERS WILL FIGHT A DUEL.

Officers, Seamen, Firemen and Immigrants of all American-Bound Vessels Sailing from English Ports Affected

London, Feb. 28.— Commencing today, all American-bound vessels from English ports infected with smallpox must have their officers, seamen, firemen and immigrants vaccinated, unless they can show signs that they were recently inoculated with vaccine virus. The order includes Liverpool, Glasgow and London, but Plymouth and Southampton so far excepted. The United States consular officers are instituting a rigid system of inspection. If the epidemic increases they may suggest even more strict measures.

THE LIVERPOOL CUP

Liverpool, Feb. 28.— The final heat of the annual coursing match for the Liverpool Cup was run off to-day, and resulted in a victory for G. F. Fawcett's brindled dog. Farndon Ferry by Fiery Furnace-Fair Florence.

MINISTER WILL FIGHT A DUEL

Athens, Feb. 28.—M. Topalis, the Minister of Justice, has resigned in order to fight a duel with Colonel Koumoundouros. The quarrel which caused the encounter to be decided on was the outcome of proceedings against one of the deputies charged with inciting to commit murder.

ANOTHER AMERICAN SCHEME

London, Feb. 28—A Moscow telegram to The Standard says that among the colossal schemes which Americans have endeavored to push in Russia is one for taking up and reorganizing the entire traffic of the River Volga.

MINING DISTRICTS AGITATED

Madrid, Feb. 28.—The mining regions are in a ferment of agitation. At Albujon and Madridejos rioters have set fire to the municipal revenue offices and burned the documents they contained. There has been another outbreak of disorder at Barcelona. Frequent meetings are being held with the object of declaring another general strike. The metal workers are constantly assaulting their comrades who have returned to work, and refuse to resume their tasks until all the imprisoned workmen are released.

OFFICIAL STORY OF RUSSIA R O'S

St. Petersburg, Feb. 28.—According to an official account of the disturbances Feb 22 at Moscow University, four hundred students, armed with bludgeons, iron bars and revolvers, wrecked the interior of the University buildings, barricaded themselves within, and hung out red flags from the windows. The police and troops forced an entrance into the interior, and arrested the ringleaders of the rioters. A decree of the Minister of Public Instruction has been gazetted, ordering the expulsion from the university and high schools of all students arrested in connection with rioting.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR PROTESTS

Constantinople, Feb. 28.— The Russian Ambassador here, I A Zinovieff, has made vigorous representations to the Porte concerning the belligerent situation in the neighborhood of Ipek, Albania, where a tribal fight, during which two Turkish soldiers were killed, occurred February 23rd, pointing out Turkey's responsibility for the safety of the Christians in Albania.

A SMALLPOX CURE

Correspondent Gives Description of a Remedy That Cured in 1854

A correspondent writes: It may be of interest to the public generally, now that smallpox is, figuratively, in the air, to know that about the year 1854 this dread scourge was more or less a live topic as it is to-day. Remedies were then discussed the same as now and among the number, if my recollection is not at fault, the following had been tried in India with success. When a person was seized with the disease Croton oil was applied to the patient's chest, thereby bringing out a violent eruption to the exclusion of all other parts of the person, thus relieving the sufferer by hastening the progress of the malady in its most dangerous stage. It is said that owing to the thickness of the skin of dark races the disease is nearly always fatal. Therefore croton oil will ensure an eruption on either a white or black. If the above is of any value it would be well to give it a wide publicity; it is certainly deserving of a trial.

FIRE AT STONY LAKE

Dwelling House of Mr. John Hubble Burned—His Loss is Heavy

On Friday of last week, while Mr. Hubble and others were eating their dinner they heard a cracking noise and in looking to see what was the matter they discovered the roof of the house on fire. The men made a great struggle to put out the fire but it gained steadily on them and in a short time the house was reduced to ashes. The furniture in the lower story was saved but the beds, bedding and clothing in the upper flat were burned together with a large amount of provisions stored in the cellar. The loss will amount to about $700 while the insurance is only about $400.

Mr. Hubble has been very unfortunate during the past few years, having suffered severely from fires a number of times. He has always been unfortunate in not having any insurance on his buildings until recently.

CURIOS FROM AFRICA

Received by Lieut. Col. Rogers from Capt. Cockburn of Sierra Leone

Two very strange looking musical instruments were received yesterday by Col. H. C. Rogers, for the Victoria Museum from Capt. Cockburn now in Sierra Leone. The instruments are very crude and convey to some degree, the rude ideas of music of the natives there. One of the instruments is a drum, a half-globe like shape, covered with some kind of skin. This instrument, when touched by the drum sticks makes a very dull sound. The other instrument has no name—that anyone here knows. It is made of a species of very hard wood, has gut strings and a number of cells for producing sounds. In all some seventeen different sounds can be produced with this instrument. The keys are made of wood and varying in length to make the required sound. This instrument is played by striking it lightly with two small sticks.

WEDDING BELLS

Miss Emma Stewart Becomes the Bride of Mr. George Lacheur, of Town

A very pretty and interesting event took place at the residence of Mr. Noble Stewart, Otonabee, on Thursday afternoon, when his eldest daughter, Miss Emma Louise, was united in marriage to Mr. George Lacheur, of town.

The bride was given away by her father and wore a becoming gown of steel grey with trimming of white silk and appliqué, and carried a large boquet of white roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Lena Stewart, sister of the bride wore a becoming gown of white organdie, trimmed with Valenciennes lace and insertion, and carried a large boquet of pink roses. The duties of groomsman were performed by Mr. Harry Lacheur, of town brother of the groom.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Thompson, of Ashburnham, in the presence of a large number of friends of the contracting parties. The bride was the recipient of a large number of beautiful and costly presents as a mark of esteem by her friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Lacheur will take up residence on College Street.

A SPLENDID REPORT

Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto Loan and Savings Co.

We congratulate the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company on the report which was presented at the annual general meeting of the Company, held at the Head Office, Peterborough, on Tuesday last.

The report speaks for itself. It is one that reflects the greatest credit on Mr. W. G. Morrow, the popular and efficient manager, as well as on the Board of Directors.

Polson's Nerviline Cures Rheumatism

The remarkable strength and marvellous soothing power of Nerviline renders it quite infallible in rheumatism. Five times stronger than any other remedy, its penetrating power enables it to reach the source of the pain and drive out the disease. Nerviline is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing in its action than any other medicine heretofore devised for the cure of rheumatism. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

—Subscribe for The Times—only 25c per month, delivered each morning.

General - Sports.

A Challenge From Barrie.

The Barrie Hockey Club challenges Galt, Collingwood, or Peterboro' to play the Barrie team home-and-home games for a prize consisting of seven gold lockets, same to cost not less than $65, to be donated by the Barrie Club. The games to be played under the conditions given below:—

1. Referee to be appointed by the O. H. A.
2. Number of goals to count in deciding the winner.
3. Each club to pay its own expenses.
4. O.H.A. rules to govern contest.
5. The first game to be played in Barrie.
6. Expenses of the referee to be paid by the home club.

In the event of the three clubs accepting this challenge, we shall ask the secretary of the O.H.A. to decide which club is to be our contestant.—Jos. Selley, Manager Barrie Hockey Club. Barrie, Feb. 27.

Lacrosse.

The Minto Cup is again causing discussion in Montreal. The present lacrosse champions, the Shamrocks, held a meeting of the Executive, to consider the New Westminster challenge, which had been forwarded and duly accepted by the trustees in Ottawa. The meeting was a somewhat lengthy one, and was held behind closed doors, but when it was all over it had been decided that the challenge from the New Westminster Club should be accepted and the dates were set as follows:—Saturday, June 28, and July 1, and, if a third match should be necessary, July 5. Captain O'Connell will still hold command of the team.

A League at Port Hope.

Port Hope, Feb. 27.—The lacrosse enthusiasts around town are already on the move, and are intending to organize at once. It is, as yet difficult to state as to how strong the Ontarios will be the coming season, but a rumor is afloat that every effort will be made to capture that Intermediate championship for 1902. Several prominent stick handlers in town have stated that the team will be a fast one without doubt.

The juvenile players around town should receive big encouragement this year. There are about six or eight clubs, and a league could be nicely formed, which would increase the now growing interest 50 per cent. A set of medals for the winners of this league can be secured at a very low figure. This scheme should be carried out.

BASEBALL.

Ald. Carson's League.

Kingston, Feb. 28.—Ald. Carson was asked to-day, "What about your baseball league?" "It will be all right," was his answer. "What teams will you have?" "Well, there will be Canton, N.Y., Watertown, N.Y., Ogdensburg, N.Y., Belleville and Kingston." "Are you sure of Belleville?" "Yes, quite sure." "What about Port Hope and Cobourg?" "They are not strong enough as drawing cards." "Did any other teams want to come in?" "Yes, a Montreal team, but that city is too far away. We will have a first-class league, however.

IT WILL NOT APPEAR

This Great Family Journal a Literary Offer He Wants to Know

A coy young creature sends the Times a short story entitled "Roy's Jelousy," with the following touching request:

"This is my first attempt at story riting, and is all emaginary. I wish you would use my story, but if it is not acceptable please return it.

And don't use the name of the author, if it is acepted, or tell the name.

The Times is sorry this promising young writer has imposed these limitations, as otherwise we might be tempted to publish a few samples from the story, the literary style of which is certainly unique. But without the name of its gifted author the tale would fall flat, for the fiction of today is judged, not so much by its quality as by the name, social standing, antecedents, personal peculiarities, and mental idiosyncrasies of the writer. Anonymous authorship is out of date. If the writer of "Roy's Jelousy will send stamps for the return of the manuscript, accompanied by her photograph and a sketch along the lines suggested above, this g.f.j. will have no trouble whatever in disposing of the story.

ONE TRIAL OF

Malt Breakfast Food

WILL SET YOU THINKING

One trial of Malt Breakfast Food, delicious, appetizing and stomach-comforting, will surely set you thinking in a way that will benefit yourself, family and friends.

In thinking over the matter you will regret that you have been so long a stranger to Malt Breakfast Food, and you will be pleased and willing to give up forever your old dish of oatmeal or other grain foods with their starchy ingredients, their blood heating properties and their irritating tendencies, and you will never cease to recommend Malt Breakfast Food to your friends.

When you make a morning friend of Malt Breakfast Food you go from strength to strength; your digestion becomes properly regulated; your blood is kept pure and cool, and the nerves firm and strong. Malt Breakfast Food is a perfect health food for all seasons. It is an especial blessing for old and young in the spring and summer seasons. All grocers sell it.

Weather Notes

Showery becoming colder at night. Sunday: Colder.

A storm of unusual energy, which appears to have originated near the Pacific Coast early in the week, is now centered in Illinois. Rain and gales prevail in Ontario and are likely to extend to Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Police Court News

For two days past the case of Jory vs Jory has been going on at the County Police Court. The plaintiff, Mrs. [illegible] Jory is suing her husband for a separation allowance. She declares that she cannot live with her husband. The case is adjourned until Monday morning.

A BIG CAPTURE MADE BY BRITISH SOLDIERS

Lord Kitchener Sends Home Some Welcome News to Celebrate the Anniversay

OF THE DAYS OF MAJUBA AND PAARDEBURG

The Prisoner's Include General De Wet's Son and the General Secretary—A Big Swoop Made

BIG CAPTURE BY THE BRITISH.

London, Feb. 28.—The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, announced in the House of Commons to-day that during the last two days six hundred Boers had been killed or captured, and that 2,000 horses and 28,000 head of cattle had fallen into the hands of the British troops.

The prisoners include General De Wet's son, and the General's secretary.

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company

SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

The sixty-eighth annual meeting of the shareholders of the British America Assurance Company was held at its offices, Toronto on Thursday, the 27th inst. The president, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, occupied the chair, and Mr. P. H. Sims, who was appointed to act as secretary, read the following:

ANNUAL REPORT

Your directors have pleasure in presenting the sixty-eighth annual report and financial statements, duly vouched for by the auditors of the company.

There has been a moderate increase in the premium income in all branches, the Canadian fire business, particularly, showing a considerable increase over that of any previous year this being mainly due to the advanced rates which have been obtained.

The balance of Revenue account, $98,590.00 has been applied as follows: $85,000.00 for two half-yearly dividends, the first at the rate of seven per cent., and the second at the rate of six per cent. per annum, $4,045.26 written off office furniture and securities, and the balance, $9,544.74, added to the reserve fund, which now stands at $612,001.96.

Although considerable progress has been made during the year in the direction of advancing rates throughout Canada and the United States, the results of the business, owing to the increase in fire losses, have not proved satisfactory to companies generally, and measures are now being taken for further advances which should bring about a material improvement in the condition of the fire insurance business on this continent.

GEO. A. COX, President.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Total cash income	$2,040,1[illegible]7 16
Total expenditure, including appropriation for losses under adjustment	1,946,007 16
	$ 98,590 00
Dividends declared	85,000 00
Total assets	$1,755,849 22
Cash capital	$1,000,000 00
Reserve fund	612,001 96
Security to policy-holders	$1,612,001 96

The report, on motion of the President, seconded by the Vice-President, was carried unanimously. In moving the adoption of the report the President said:

The Revenue Account shows that after deducting losses and expenses from the premiums for the year, there is a balance, or underwriting profit, of $58,797. This, with the earnings from interest and rent, $40,793, makes the total balance at the credit of Revenue Account $98,590. Compared with the preceding year the figures before you show a gain in premiums (after deducting reinsurances) of $127,169, and a reduction in losses of $16,124.

This increased income is derived mainly from the fire business, and, as stated in the report, is chiefly due to the better rates that have prevailed. In the marine branch there has been little change in the volume of business we have done, but while the income from this source represents less than one-fourth of the total premiums reced, we are indebted to this branch for nearly one-half the year's profits.

Taking into consideration the large amount of fire business transacted, the results of the year—although they show a marked improvement on those of the year 1900—cannot be regarded as affording an adequate margin of profit, but those of you who have noted the records from month to month of the serious fires in Canada and the United States, beginning with the conflagration in the business centre of Montreal in January last, must, I think, regard the accounts presented as more favorable than might have been anticipated. We can at least claim that they will bear comparison in their general results with those shown by other companies operating in the same fields as ourselves, and this is perhaps the best test of the judgment exercised by the officers and agents of the company in the prosecution of its business. The problem as to what rates will be adequate to meet the losses of any one year is a difficult—I might say an impossible—one for the most experienced underwriters to solve. They can only meet the changed conditions that confront them from time to time by readjusting their rates in accordance with the loss records which these changing conditions produce. The adverse experience of Companies engaged in the fire business on this continent for the past two years has shown the necessity of increases on many classes of risks, and we have benefited to a considerable extent from the advanced rates which prevailed during the year 1901, and in view of the action taken during the past ten days by all the leading companies doing business in the United States to bring about a more radical advance than has been hitherto been attempted, I feel that we may safely anticipate that these improved conditions will have even a more marked effect upon the business of the present year.

In reviewing the business of the past year, as well as of the preceding eight years during which I have had the honor of occupying this chair, it is very gratifying to observe the progress which the company has made in its fire business in Canada, as well as the profits which have accrued upon this notwithstanding the losses by the conflagrations of the past two years. A company which has been doing business—as the British America has—for upwards of two-thirds of a century, should we have felt, occupy a prominent position in connection with the business of its home field, and while an income equal to that of some leading British offices, which carry much larger amounts on individual risks, might not be looked for, it should command a liberal share of the business and be able to show results equal to, if not better than, the average results of its competitors. The progress which the British America has made in this direction under its present management is indicated by the following figures:—In 1892 the total fire premiums of the company in Canada were $173,951; in 1901 they amounted to $361,565. These figures represent the net premiums (after deducting reinsurances), so that during these nine years the income of the company in this branch has increased upwards of 100 per cent., while the total increase of all companies reporting to the department is about 40 per cent. It is still more gratifying to find from the annual returns of Companies doing business in Canada, published by the Dominion Government, that while for this same period the average loss ratio of all companies reporting to the Canadian Insurance Department is 70.3 per cent., our losses have been but 60 per cent. of the premiums received.

While this has been our experience at home, the progress we have made in other fields in the way of securing advantageous connections has been such as to warrant our looking for equally favorable results from our agencies outside the Dominion, particularly when we bear in mind the improved outlook to which I have referred in the United States, from which territory a large proportion of our income is derived.

In conclusion, I desire to avail myself of this opportunity of expressing our appreciation of the work of the officers of the Company, both at its Head Office, and at its Branch Offices, and our obligations to our General and Local Agents for their services in the Company's behalf during the past year.

The following gentlemen were re-elected to serve as Directors during the ensuing year:—Hon. Geo. A. Cox, J. J. Kenny, Augustus Myers, Thos. Long, John Hoskin, K.C., L.L.D. Hon. S. C. Wood, Robert Jaffray, Lieut.-Col. H. M. Pellatt, and E. W Cox

At a meeting of the board, held subsequently, the Hon. Geo. A. Cox was re-elected President, and Mr. J. J. Kenny, Vice-President.

CAREFUL CALCULATION

based upon reliable statistics, and a general training of the mind, to properly discern cause and effect, will so equip the dealer in stocks or speculative commodities, as will enable him to obtain frequent large profits from comparatively small investments. The business affords the small capitalist equal and proportionate opportunity, will he but apply his judgment in equal manner. To supply complete data and knowledge needed for the purpose, we issue free, our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

also a

"Daily Market Letter"

both invaluable to traders.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

OIL -SMELTER—MINES

Butchart & Watson

Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto. McIntyre Block Winnipeg

Branch Managers DOUGLAS, LACEY & CO. NEW YORK.

Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 1, 1902

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY SUNDAY

At a legislative hearing on a question of legal restriction of Sunday trade, a gentleman favored wider liberty because we were at the opening of a new century, implying that Sunday laws are a relic of the dark ages. Not of the darkest ages, he should reflect. They do not prevail now in "Darkest Africa," or in any dark or savage land, nor ever did. Sunday observance is not a mark of rude uncultivated life. Only enlightened Christian nations observe Sunday rest, and protect the civil rest day by law, as a wise provision for the good of society. Not only savages, but bad men everywhere do without Sunday. Either they are not able to see that it is a necessity of wise living, or they do not wish to live wisely. Just in proportion as men advance in enlightenment, and in a desire to live according to the best light, they keep Sunday. There are exceptions, but on the large scale, and in the long run, exactly as men gain in spiritual insight, attain breadth of view, and a comprehension of the forces and tendencies which govern human life, if they also are wise enough to conform their conduct to their increased knowledge, they will prize Sunday, and keep it with all their heart. This is absolutely sure. How do we know it? On the word of Him who cannot err, who is Truth, for He said, "The Sabbath was made for man"—for man as man, always and everywhere; not for Jews alone; not for certain centuries only, but for all the centuries, for the twentieth and the fortieth, for all those blissful and prosperous ages when human progress shall have lifted man to the high vantage ground of enjoying the blessings a kind Providence makes ready for his use. And of all those blessings, one of the richest in value in itself, and most prolific of other blessings is the day of Sunday rest and worship. And when God made the Sabbath for Man, he thereby declared that the Sabbath is something man needs in every age and land. It is indispensible to his prosperity. Therefore a kind heavenly Father will see to it that this precious gift shall not always be as pearls cast before swine. He will educate men and train them up to see what is good for them and will give them wisdom enough to take what is good for them. Many men spurn it now, for they are like very young kittens—they have not got their eyes open yet. But the day of vision and of wisdom will come, if not for them, for "the coming man," the man who will not fly in the face of Providence, and trample its best gifts under his feet.

Through the voice not of written revelation alone, but through the cry of man's entire nature, body, soul and spirit, by the examples of Christ, and by the Providential favor shown to Sabbath keeping in its good results, God has made known His will, that man should take one day in seven, so far as the claims of necessity and mercy allow, to rest the body and train the soul.

March is a Favorite Month For Home Dyeing

In all well regulated homes in city or country, the work of home dyeing is largely done in March. The dresses, skirts, capes, jackets, blouses and other articles of wearing apparel used and worn a year ago, but now dingy and faded, will be brought out, carefully looked over and re-dyed with some new and stylish color for this season's wear.

With such aids as the popular Diamond Dyes, it is folly to spend money for new materials and garments. The Diamond Dyes always make old and faded things look as good as new. The best as well as the humblest families use the Diamond Dyes successfully and profitably every spring.

Have you decided to make up a pretty and stylish mat or rug from your rags and waste materials? There is a pleasure in being able to point to your own homemade mats and rugs. Send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive sheets of designs for your inspection.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

APSLEY

—Lumbering operations for this winter are nearing a finish. The camps of the Dickson Co. and A. McDonald have put out a large number of logs, the winter being very favorable, although the snow was deep latterly, but it was light and there was no crust. Some of the boys have been at the camps all winter, and as wages were high, will have a nice sum to their credit this spring. There are a few of a roving disposition, who try different camps, staying only a short time at each, and generally get back home through the winter. Either the grub, or the work, or perhaps its the water don't suit.

—Andy is home from the lumber camp, with his team, and has been nursing a good healthy boil since. He says he is going to help build up Apsley, and has no money to throw away on subscriptions.

—Curly is breaking in a fine colt and is preparing it for the next fair. When the roads are good in summer he will find a first-rate course to trot on, through the mountain. You want to be careful, Curly, as we see Garry has one also, and gives it a trip to Apsley occasionally, and does some fancy driving around the tie post, cutting corners closely, without going through the window. Go look out for Garry.

—Last week there was rather a poor attendance at the O.M.L. Club. The President was away to Niagara, and his assistant, Anvil Jim, not being as proficient in the finer arts, could not fill his place in a satisfactory manner. However, under the circumstances, we did the best we could to keep up the credit of the club and outdo Ananias.

—The mill is running full time now. What with sawing, grinding and turning Sandy has a busy time. Custom logs are piling up at the mill every day. Building operations on an extensive scale will go on as soon as the weather will permit.

—T. J. Wilson will move about the 20th March into Lindsay's store until his new house is built. He expects to be in the new one about the 1st July.

—Mrs. Wm. Wilson is home again after several weeks' visit among her friends in Otonabee and Harvey. We were glad to see her home again.

—Mrs. Wm. Sheirp had the misfortune to lose a fine cow last week. It had wandered up the creek from the watering place, got through the ice and was drowned. Almost as soon as it was known the people with their usual generosity, got up a subscription to replace it, and there has been nearly enough collected now to make good the loss.

—Josie wishes now he had not advertised for a hound or two, as nearly every day some one brings in a dog for sale, warranted to run deer, cattle, bears, or tree partridge. W. S. brought in a long yellow dog the other day and offered it to Josie for 63 cents and a plug of chewing tobacco. Josie asked him what breed it was anyway. He said it was half hunter and half setter—half the time it would hunt bones and the other half set around the stove eating them. Josie told him he would let him know later, as he would consult Spike, Fred and Bennie before investing.

Manly Strength and Womanly Beauty depend on purity of the blood, and much of that purity depends on perfect kidney filtering. If these organs are diseased and will not perform their functions, man will seek in vain for strength and woman for beauty. South American Kidney Cure drives out all impurities through the body's "filterers"—repairs weak spots.—46

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

CAINESVILLE CORNERS.

—A very enjoyable evening was spent at the residence of Mr. P. Quinlan, on Thursday last, when a party of young people were hospitably entertained.

—Mr. Tom O'Brien was the guest of of Mr. Pat Conroy Sunday last.

—Mr. Edward Fitzgerald gave a talk on pitchholes and Daniel O'Callaghan has taken the contract of filling them in with sawdust. Dan always likes to keep things in shape.

—Mr. Tom O'Brien and Mr. John Conroy have made the purchase of two fast horses for the races.

Pill-osophy.—There are pills and pills—but Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 10 cents a vial lead in demand. The sale borders on the phenomenal. Sluggish liver, constipation, or irregular bowels are the precursors of many physical disorders. These little wonders remove the cause. 40 in a vial for 10 cents.—45

Sold by H. H. Edmison.

INDIAN RIVER.

—Times are more than hustling around Indian River.

—Mr. Maurice O'Leary and Miss Mary were in Norwood on Sunday.

—Mr. S. Murphy has started up a new factory at Indian River.

—Dr. Smith has a new horse for spring work.

—Mr. A. Whibbs has bought out P. G. Maker & Co., and intends starting up a second hand buggy factory.

—The wedding bells ceased ringing and the wedding march is over.

—Mr. Torpey shipped a car load of hogs from Indian River last week.

—Mr. T. Crowley, of Hastings, was the guest of Miss Nora Devlin on Sunday last. Be sure and call again, Tim.

—Mr. Maurice O'Leary has just finished his large dwelling house. More power to your elbow, Maurice.

—Mr. John Lonergan is more than pleased with his new hog pen.

—On Monday evening, 24th inst., a pleasant time was spent at the residence of Mr. John Grady, the occasion being the twentieth birthday of his youngest daughter Mary. About one hundred couple assembled at the residence and showed their esteem in many different ways. Miss Mary received many presents, some of which were very costly. All afternoon was spent in merriment, hand-shaking and match-making. The elite consisted of the neighboring counties, viz. Douro, Ennismore and Keene. In the evening a sumptuous repast was served, after which a song was sung by Mr. J. Walsh, entitled, "The girl I leave behind," also by Mr. Michael Torpey. Short speeches were delivered by Mr. S-ollard and Mr. Allen, which were loudly applauded. The party [illegible] ed by [illegible] Miss Mary [illegible] many happy [illegible]

The Bullet

Of the assassin may be more sudden, but it is not more sure than the dire punishment meted out to the man who abuses his stomach. No man is stronger than his stomach. When the stomach is diseased the whole body is weakened.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures diseases of other organs when it cures the diseases of the stomach, on which the several organs depend for nutrition and vitality.

"I would say in regard to your medicines that I have been greatly benefited by them," writes Mr. J. S. Bell, of Leando, Van Buren Co., Ia. "I was at one time as I thought almost at death's door. I was confined to my house and part of the time to my bed. I had taken gallons of medicine, but it only fed the disease; but I must say that 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured me, and to-day I am stouter than I have been for twenty years. I am now forty-three years old. Have taken in all twenty-nine bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' besides two or three dozen vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, but now I take no medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

388 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

imparts the tint of the lily and blush of the rose to the plainest face by feeding the skin and bringing out the natural, healthy bloom.

Not a Paint

but a skin food of matchless excellence, unrivalled for healing chaps and making the hands soft and white. Sold by most druggists. Mailed to any address on receipt of 25c. by

Hutchings Medicine Co Toronto.

If 900 People

[18]

out of 1,000 said a thing was best you'd believe it? Of course you would!

Well, COTTAMS SEED occupies just that unique position among bird keepers. So, see that you get it, and

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible]

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write to-day for particulars. [illegible] Investment Co., [illegible] Nevada Bldg., [illegible], Colo.

$3.10 $3 10

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LIMITED.

Model 169

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c. Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

—USE THE—

CANADA METAL CO.'S BABBIT.

FOR HIGH SPEED IT'S THE BEST.

Read what one of many writes—

We have been using your babbit metal for some years past, and are highly pleased with it. Our machines, as you are well aware, are mostly high speed and heavy service. Metal which will run cool in such bearings must be all right.

Yours truly,
JOHN B. SMITH & SONS.

Manufactured by The Canada Metal Co., William St., Toronto, Ont.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough. forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street wil have prompt attention.

Notice.

To Contractors, Builders and all employing carpenters, joiners and wood working machine hands:

Union No. 672 respectfully ask you to give union men the preference on your work on and after March 15th, 1902, after which date the above named union mechanics cannot work with non-union of the same class.

A. T. DUGAN, Pres.
J. E. HAGGART, Rec. Secy.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., has the best treatment—has cured [illegible] of Obesity. [illegible] Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. [illegible]

BIG G [illegible] Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

MUSICAL PEOPLE ARE A UNIT IN PRONOUNCING

ART BELL Pianos and Organs

as the most perfect of Canada's productions and entitled to first consideration.

Royalty is numbered among Bell purchasers, which extend to many nations.

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THE **BELL** ORGAN & PIANO CO. Limited

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Art Warerooms, 146 Yonge St., Toronto.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ...ARCHITECT..

450 George Street

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England

RODS for locating gold and silver ores, buried treasure, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Catalogue and testimonials free. References, any express company in Dallas. T. S. Agency, Box 276 H, Dallas Texas U.S.A.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using **Derma Cream.** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B HOSKEN Dept. O 128 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 388 Henry St., Brooklyn N. Y.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to DR. D. HINKLY XX-20 Grand Rapids, Mich.

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone 180 186 and 215, day or night

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School of Literature and Expression

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

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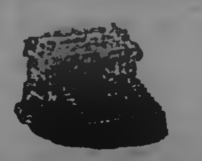

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Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4 50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

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—OF—

The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, [illegible]

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

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Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map wil aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property a d being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the conditions of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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The original testimonials can be seen at my office; $5000.00 reward for any I cannot show.

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I am happy to say that your medicines helped my trouble more than anything I ever took. REV. W. McGOUVERN.
CASE NO. [illegible] Oct. 16, 1902.
Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR DIEHL.
CASE NO. [illegible] Nov. 12, 1902.
I have confidence in you as a doctor, for you helped me more than anyone else has, and I feel that you cured me. S. F. MARTIN.

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IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Corkery, agent and [illegible] Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

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Diary of an American Abroad.

Monday, 10 a.m.—Reached England. Country half asleep.

4 p.m.—Reached London. Village awake, but not really spry.

4.30—Reached Hotel Magnificent.

4.45—Went all over it. Nice house. Do as a pied-a-terre for our directors when over here.

5—Bought it.

8—Dinner. Arranged to turn dining-room into anteroom for callers. Tired. Counted checks. Bed.

Tuesday, 8 a.m. — Read "Times" at breakfast. Leader disparaging our company. Must see to this.

10—Saw proprietors of "Times."

11—Bought "Times."

12—Heard of difficulty with staff. Editor resigned.

1 p.m.—Bought some editors.

1.05—Lunch.

3 to 6—Interviewed the company's competitors; three minutes each.

6 to 7—Wrote checks.

8.30—Theater. Play, The Ironmaster. Don't like the sound; suggests rivalry; must see if rights are to be had.

Wednesday — Curiously unlucky morning. Admiralty wouldn't sell fleet. War office refused to scrap guns. Colonial secretary declined to let me have Jamaica as a tip for our ashes. At this rate no use staying out. Picked up Thames steamboat fleet for an old song on way back. Will do to run on the canals inside our fitting shop.

Thursday, 5 p.m.—Things have been humming to-day. Steamboat deal evidently leaked out. Bought the P. and O. Cunard, White Star, Orient, Union Castle, and North German Lloyd. Bought the Liverpool docks. Bought the London and Northwestern. Cabled to my company that they might begin making.

Friday, 10 a.m.—Cable from company asking me to buy less and sell more. Nonsense. Plenty of time for selling. Much best policy to buy up all our customers first; sell to ourselves then and make sure of orders.

4 p.m.—Bought Holyhead harbor. Made an offer for St. George's Channel.

Saturday, 9 a.m.—Cable from home, "Rival trust formed. Underselling. Return at once."

10 a.m.—Returning.—London "Punch."

The Subtle American Joke.

An American once said to a German who claimed that he had the real New England sense of humor, "Did you ever hear the joke about the guide in Rome who showed some travelers two skulls of St. Paul, one as a boy, and the other as a man?" "No," said the German, beginning to anticipate a good story. "Tell me at once, mein friend, dat joke."

P. A. Minakoff has made an exhaustive study of the nails of the hand, some of the results of which he regards as of medico-legal importance. Among other things, he asserts that the nails of the right hand in a right-handed person are wider by from one-half to two millimetres than the corresponding nails on the left hand; while in left-handed persons the reverse obtains, and in the ambidextrous the nails are of equal size on the two hands. The thickness of the nails diminishes progressively from the thumb to the little finger.

A sporting friend of the editor of "Sporting and Dramatic News" keeps some green tree frogs in a glass globe, and the children feed them on flies and other insects. "In their bowl stands a miniature flight of steps, and when the frogs climb up and perch on these steps my friend leaves his mackintosh at home, being assured of fine weather. When the frogs huddle together at the bottom of the globe, then he says it is a safe sign of coming rain."

For soldiers' use, and for employment under circumstances where fresh milk, coffee and chocolate are not easily obtainable, a dried preparation is now being manufactured which serves excellently as a substitute. Skimmed milk is evaporated by the help of an air blast to the condition of a paste, and, after being dried, is reduced to powder by grinding. Then it is mixed with powdered chocolate, half and half, and is either put up as dust or compressed into cakes. When wanted, water is added, the resulting fluid is boiled, and all that is needed is a little sugar.

A system of teaching the French language by phonograph is to be tried in England. Several prominent French professors are devoting their energies to preparing phonograph cylinders carrying French lessons upon them. The phonographic records are accompanied by a book, which contains thirty lessons, each of which corresponds to a phonographic cylinder, and each lesson is ingeniously illustrated. All that the student has to do is to set the phonograph in motion, and the book will explain what the instrument is saying.

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Unraveling a Mystery.

RICHARD WATSON GILDER is an enthusiastic lover of the delightful Berkshire region of Western Massachusetts, says the Philadelphia "Post," and has a summer home there. He loves to climb the hills, to drive about the charming roads, to fish in the waters.

With a close friend, a well-known New York artist, he set out one day for an all-day drive. Both were entranced by the scenery and delighted by the succession of fine homes, old and new, that they passed.

Suddenly the artist and Mr. Gilder uttered an involuntary cry of pleasure, for there right in front of them, as they rounded a bend, was a delightful old home. Its pillared doorway, its fan-shaped window, its gambrel roof, its picturesque gables, its quaint old-fashioned air, were very charming, and upon it was a sign, "For rent."

The two men left the buggy and stepped toward the house. It was empty, but through the narrow slitted windows at either side of the door the author and artist glanced. They saw a big grandfather's clock at the turn of the broad stairway; they saw an antique chair in the hall.

"What a delightful find!" cried the artist.

"What a charming mystery!" exclaimed Mr. Gilder.

A man sauntered up from the field. He was the caretaker.

"Would you like to look through the house?" he asked.

Nothing would please the two men better, and the door was forthwith unlocked.

Through room after room they walked. In one place stood an ample corner cupboard; in another an antique sideboard; here was a great carved clawfoot sofa; there was a table with claw-and-ball legs; upstairs was a huge canopied four-post bed with other old-fashioned furniture. In short, the entire house was furnished in colonial style.

"A dream of beauty," said the artist.

How strange it seemed. What mystery, what romance, perhaps even what tragedy, lay beyond it all! Here in this ancient house were all the ancient furnishings untouched, in spite of the keen search for such things by the myriad lovers of old-fashioned furniture and the dealers whose agents go everywhere. Undoubtedly there must be some strange and striking story to explain it all.

They sought out the caretaker.

"What old family has lived here for all these generations? How does it happen that everything has remained untouched? Why is the old house at last without a tenant, and why is it offered to strangers?"

The questions of the two men came eager and swift. The caretaker was puzzled for a few moments, and then said:

"Oh, I see what you mean. Why, this house was bought by Mr. Z., a second-hand furniture dealer of New York, and he has fixed it up here, just to rent it, with things he sent up from his shop."

The author and the artist slowly retreated to their vehicle and drove away without a word.

Expenses of English Coronations.

EDWARD VII.'S coronation expenses are likely to be extremely lavish, the precedent of George IV. being followed rather than that of Victoria. When George III. passed away the people had experienced no coronation solemnities for more than sixty years, and it was, perhaps excusably, felt that the occasion called for some larger display than when that long-lived monarch came to the throne. The sum, accordingly, which the Chancellor of the Exchequer of the day fixed in his own mind as a working maximum was £100,000. When the bill came to be presented it was discovered that the total expenditure ran to £238,000.

Now, when Victoria was crowned, it is to be remembered that there was a coronation only seven years before, and another barely ten years before that, so that most men of middle age had already tasted the sweets and borne the expense of two great festivals of pageantry. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that when the Duchess of Kent came to discuss matters with her daughter's ministers of state, it was felt that sheer lavish display would be out of place, and the consequence was that the whole cost was brought well within the estimate.

The cost of arranging the Abbey ran into £30,000. The Lord Chamberlain's Department absorbed £14,000, the Master of the Horse and the Mistress of the Robes got £13,000 between them, the Earl Marshal and the heralds put in a bill for £1,300, the cost of the commemorative medals was £3,000, and £3,500 was spent on fireworks, illuminations and free theaters. The lot came to £69,421.

Now, one reason why the coronation of George IV. cost so much more, and, indeed, surpassed the expenditure upon any event of the kind before or since, was because there was a banquet provided for about two thousand hungry and thirsty souls who had eaten nothing all day because of their duties in the Abbey. It was a royal feed. The turtle alone filled eighty tureens, the turbot lay upon the same number of dishes, and there were eighty dishes also of salmon and trout.

The butcher's and game bills came to a respectable total, as the following toothsome details will show: Beef, 7,442 pounds; veal, 7,693 pounds; mutton, 20,474 pounds; lamb, 20 quarters, 20 legs and 5 saddles; 55 quarters of grass lamb; sweetbreads, 160; cow heels, 400; calves' feet, 400; geese, 170; capons, 720; chickens, 1,610; bacon, 1,730 pounds; butter, 912 pounds; and 8,400 eggs. Nor was the flushing of the necks of the two thousand forgotten, as witness the wine bill: 100 dozen champagne, 200 dozen claret, 50 dozen each hock, Moselle and Madeira; 350 dozen sherry and port, 20 dozen Burgundy and 100 gallons iced punch.

Advantageous Terms.

"I hear that you have compromised your suit for damages against the P. D. and Q. Railroad Company." "Yes." "Advantageously?" "Very." "What were the terms?" "They paid my lawyer's bill."—"Town Topics."

A Great Whispering Gallery.

With the increase of cable, telegraph and telephone communication, and especially with the introduction of the marvels of wireless telegraphy, the world has been converted into a huge whispering gallery.—"Herald," Sydney.

Artist—I guess I'll make it a [illegible] nude. Model—Which shall I put on—my hair down or my bathing suit?—[illegible]

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Mummy as Hostess.

M. GUIMET, the celebrated Orientalist, who has founded in Paris a museum which bears his name, gave the other day a five o'clock tea, "to meet the beautiful Thais," relates a correspondent in Paris. Thais, as one knows, was the famous courtesan who lived in the third century, and was so blonde and lovely that all the gentlemen of Alexandria lost their appetites and sleep on her account. The smartest people were invited, and, to begin with, an excellent luncheon was served. This was a wise precaution, for—who knows?—they might not have been able to enjoy the rare Oriental sweets of M. Guimet after they had paid their visit to Thais, in her—sarcophagus, for Thais was a mummy.

The once beautiful lady received her visitors lying down on her narrow couch of white marble. A gossamer veil of gold was on her face, which is somewhat damaged, while in her dainty slippers of scarlet cloth embroidered with real pearls very little feet were to be seen. But she still wore her superb hair, once like liquid copper, now somewhat faded and of a vague color, though abundant and silky. Round her neck was a necklace formed by two rows of unpolished pearls. Her woollen yellowish gown is of a texture so fine that nothing of the kind could be found nowadays, and she wears a bodice of orange striped silk, which is tied round her waist by a sash of the most delicate salmon-pink hue.

Beside her were many pretty things, such as a bread-basket in silver filigree, two mugs of chiselled gold, two bronze crosses—for Thais became a Christian while she was still young and lovely—and a sort of prayer-book in light laths of pale wood. A few other mummies keep her company, most of them being also surrounded by quaint and curious things very interesting to look at. One of the most clever lady writers was so struck by them that she is going to write a series of articles on the subject, beseeching the friends and relations of our modern dead to imitate the people of antiquity and fill their tombs with articles that were once beloved by them, so that some 2,000 years hence scholars and artists may form an idea of the Parisian civilization in the twentieth century.

Some Scotch Examination Papers.

London "Chronicle."

A correspondent proposes the following questions for the next matriculation examination at the Scotch universities: First—Geography—Draw a map of the United States, marking London, Glasgow and Birmingham. Second — Rule of Three—If a man does a piece of work in four days, how much quicker will an American do it at half the salary? Third—Political Economy — The Yankee millionaires over here state they "feel as if this were their own country." The German Emperor, when last visiting us, declared he felt "perfectly at home." Account for this. Fourth—History—Write a note on the invasions of Great Britain and the rebellion and subsequent subjugation of the Angles. Give dates of the accessions of Yerkes I., Sloan, Morgan the Contractor, and the other conquerors; also of the beatification of St. Carnegie. Say what you know of any of these. Fifth—Trade Problem—You are an English manufacturer. An extensive order is received for locomotives for a trans-African railway. Which would you do—demand an entire alteration of the railway to fit the six locomotives you have in stock, or recommend an American rival? Sixth—Travel—You are an American millionaire traveling for recreation. Which would you take back with you as souvenir—London or Paris? State your reasons for preferring one of these trinkets.

Le Gallienne as Satirist.

IN the "Rambler," Numb. 216, Richard Le Gallienne, Esquire, has what he himself would no doubt call a "little paper" on "The Desire of the Star for the Moth." We help ourselves to the following excerpts:

"Of course, there are very big successful Stars who affect that the Hero-worshipper Moth is a Nuisance, and build themselves about with Bastions of Privacy, through which no Ray of their Shining can reach the most persevering Moth—but then, you see, they are so sure of their Moths. I wonder if the Time should come when the Flocks of little Pilgrims up to their dizzy Radiance begin to slacken, and the Roar of Moth-Wings outside their guarded Country-seats to grow fainter—and it has happened so with some very great Stars indeed!—if they would not become a little insecure in their Feeling of Starriness, and perhaps even at last unshutter a Window, and let slip a Beam of their celestial Selves; lest the Moths should grow discouraged, and perhaps cease coming at all.

"I have heard that some Stars of this Magnitude charge the Moth Half a Guinea for their Autographs—strictly, of course, for the Benefit of the Hospitals. Such Stars are, you can imagine, very sure of themselves. But there is another Kind of big Star that makes quite as fine a Blaze as those of which I have been speaking, yet is by no means so unsocial; on the Contrary is smilingly, even eagerly, accessible to every Moth that is so kind and appreciative as to take the Trouble to call with its Homage. It often indeed asks the Moth to stay for Lunch, and makes it promise to be sure to come again."

It is somewhat unusual to find Mr. Le Gallienne playing literary satirist in this rather obvious manner. But at the moment he is living in New York, which possibly accounts for it. Possibly, too, suggests the "Outlook," the falling-off in the stream of moths which formerly drifted in a certain direction has filled his soul with revolt.

Accounted For.

Mrs. Stimson—Willie, your shirt is dripping.

Willie—Yes'm. Some boys tempted me to go in swimming, and I ran away from them so hard that I got into an awful perspiration.—"Bazar."

What It Meant.

Mrs. Von Blumer—How tired I am of society—nothing but foam and froth, nothing deep or lasting, nothing worth while—no sincerity anywhere.

Von Blumer—Who's snubbed you now?—[illegible]

Mr. Dooley on the Weather Bureau.

"I'M goin' to make me apologies to Clancy's leg," said Mr. Dooley.

"Why's that?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "I've done it an injustice. I've spoke ill iv it as a weather prophet. F'r years that rhoomatic prop has been indicatin' th' weather. If Clancy was seen walkin' briskly down th' sthreet ivrybody up an' down th' road made plans f'r a buggy ride. If Clancy come along leanin' on a shtick, they begun to keep their eye on their umbrellas. Iver since I was a young man, Clancy's leg has tipped off rainstorms befure they got as far as th' Rocky Mountains, an' manny a bark has it previnted fr'm goin' out on th' canal whin th' sky was clear overhead, but a twist in th' knee told Clancy a hurricane was brewin' down below Lemont. That leg dealt in anny kind iv weather, hot or cold, wet or dhry. Clancy used to make a verse about it. 'What,' says he, 'is th' use iv raypinin'?' he says. 'Dhrive care an' sorrow away. To-morrah,' he says, 'th' leg may be aisy, although it is,' he says, 'achin' to-day.' People bought their coal an' ice be Clancy's leg, arranged their parties an' mended their roofs. It predicted th' hard frost iv sivinty-nine an' th' hot spell iv eighty-eight. Th' night befure th' big wind come that blew down th' steeple iv th' church, ye cud hear Clancy howlin' like a wolf, an' befure th' heavy floods two years ago he had to be wheeled around in a chair f'r a week. I used to laugh at th' people that watched that ol' peg; but mind ye, if I was Mack, I'd have the weather bureau take observations on Clancy's leg an' issue bulletins: 'Clancy in gr-reat ag'ny. Look out f'r storms on th' lakes.' Or: 'Clancy wint to a dance last night. Continyued fair an' clear, with light southwesterly breeze.' I wud so.

"Las' Foorth iv March, Mack sint f'r th' la-ad that r-runs th' weather bureau an' says he, 'Pro-fessor,' says he, 'what kind iv weather ar-re ye goin' to give us to-morrah?' he says. 'Can I wear me plug hat?' says he. 'Ye cud go in tissue-pa-aper,' says th' pro-fessor. 'Since th' Lord sint you an' me to bless this gran' counthry,' he says, 'there niver was seen such a fine day as to-morrah will be,' he says. 'Th' sun will shine in th' boochus sky,' he says, 'an' th' bur-rds will carrol fr'm th' threes,' he says. ''Twill be a glory-ous day, an' ye'll be glad,' he says, 'that ye give me th' job,' he says. Well, sir, Clancy come in to see me that night, groanin' with pain. 'What ails ye?' says I. 'Me leg,' says he. 'Th' weather's got into it,' he says. ''Tis goin' to rain a dilluge,' he says. 'But,' says I, 'th' arya iv low barometer is stationry over Texas an' th' arya iv high barometer is tearin' around in th' neighborhood iv Goshen, Injianny,' I says. 'How can it rain?' says I. 'I don't care,' says he. ''Tis goin' to rain,' he says. Well, sir, d'ye raymimber, Mack had to put on a life-presarver befure he got half-way through tellin' what he'd done f'r us. 'Twas a gr-reat victhry f'r Clancy's leg. I don't know what th' pro-fessor said about it. Maybe he blamed it onto th' Popylists. But annyhow, he wint back to his wurruk an' I begun to believe in him again, f'r th' weather got good.

"I've been thinkin' it over, Hinnissy, an' I come to th' con-clusion that there's two kinds iv weather, human weather an' weather-bureau weather. No wan knows what causes human weather. Hogan says th' seasons is caused be th' sun movin' fr'm th' thropic iv Cancer to th' thropic iv Capricorn, an' whin 'tis in wan place we suffer fr'm th' cold, an' that's winter, an' whin 'tis in th' other place we suffer fr'm th' heat, an' that's summer. Hogan says it, but Hogan can't tell ye why, if that's so, th' days don't get hotter fr'm March sthraight through to October. Some people says th' summer's caused be fires in th' bow'ls iv th' earth, where hell used to be whin I was a boy; but if ye believe that, why ain't we cooked th' year around? Father Kelly thinks 'tis th' spots on th' sun does it, an' Schwartzmeister thinks 'tis th' brewer's agent. Ivrybody has a guess, an' wan man's guess is as good as another. That's our weather. Th' weather bureau ought to lave it alone an' shtick to its own, that rains whin they's a high pressure in Maine, an' snows whin they's a low pressure in Texas. Th' weather bureau weather is good parlor weather, but th' kind we have to dhrive sthreet cars in is out-iv-dure weather, subject to all th' rigors iv th' climate. Th' weather bureau's weather is on a map, an' our weather is in th' air. That's why th' pro-fessor fails an' Clancy's leg is a gr-reat success. 'Tis an out-iv-dure leg."

"I don't believe in anny kind iv weather prognostifications," said Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "if I was goin' into th' business, I niver wud prophesy till th' day afther."

A Dog Story.

A dog story is told by the traveler, Mr. Herbert Vivian, in his book called "Abyssinia." The dog belonged to Colonel Sadler of Berbera. Among his accomplishments was drinking whiskey. "One very thirsty evening a guest was reclining in one of Colonel Sadler's long cane lounges on the verandah. He placed a tumbler of whiskey and soda by his side and proceeded to converse. Presently he stretched out his hand for his glass, and gave a great start on finding it was empty. He was convinced that he had put it down full a few minutes before, equally positive that he had not touched it; yet how could this liquid have disappeared without disturbing the glass? It was all explained when the dog emerged, wagging his tail, and reeking indecently of spirits."

Ate His Bonnet.

An English driver for a Market Street business house persuaded his employer to buy a straw hat for the horse during the recent hot spell, and on Tuesday the horse appeared without the new headgear.

"What has become of the horse's bonnet, Harry?" asked one of the firm. "Don't you think it is hot enough this morning?"

"'Ot enough. That it is, sir, but the bloomin' 'oss ate the 'at afore I could put it on 'im this morning," said 'Arry.—Newark "Sunday Call."

A lunacy commissioner was making his customary rounds. An inmate whose particular fancy it was to pose as a much-married man approached with the announcement that he had once again taken to himself a wife. "And who is the fortunate lady?" said the commissioner. "Ah," said the lunatic, smiling sweetly, "she's the daughter of the devil." "Indeed; and how do you get on together?" "Get on? Oh, well, I get on right enough with the wife, but the old people I can't get on with."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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$1,000 for 7 room house and good stable near Post Office. (150)
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$1,050 for 2 story brick, 7 rooms, near George street church.
$500 for frame cottage near Cordage Works. (176)

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SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

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ESTABLISHED 1882.

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Under the approval of the Ontario Government the Corporation is accepted by the High Court of Justice as a Trusts Company, and from its organization has been employed by the High Court of Justice for the investment of Court Funds.

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It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

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People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 1, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Business was very quiet yesterday.

—A few loads of hogs were brought to the market yesterday.

—The Ashburnham Council will meet on Monday night.

—Division Court was held yesterday before Judge Ketchum.

—Some of the streets are almost impassable.

—The regular meeting of the Town Council will be held on Monday night.

—The heavy rain yesterday will be appreciated by those who have been suffering from a water famine.

—It took five men nearly a day to cut the ice away on Water street, the distance of one block. Such is the penalty of placing the sidewalks so low.

—A great deal of feeling exists over the additional tax that is being put on certain ratepayers to cover the cost of constructing pavements. We understand the matter will be threshed out at the next council meeting.

—Whiten makes the best photos in town. His work took first prize in Toronto and Peterborough. Go where you get the best. Pictures framed to order. 163 Hunter street, west.

—Town Auditor Ferguson, of Lindsay, the last of the witnesses in the suit entered to disqualify the Council of that place, has been examined before Judge Dean. The papers will be forwarded to Toronto this week. The final argument in the case will be heard at Osgoode Hall next week.

—The Campion estate, of London, England, was divided by an administrator at Belleville lately. The estate is valued at $250,000. There are eighteen heirs among whom are Mrs. W. E. Young, Rockdale, Mrs. T. T. Pearce, Marmora, and Mrs. H. Fowlds, Hastings.

—Don't ask the editor to rebuke every evil in the town and community, but when convinced that such duties need attending to, write an article in the paper yourself, and sign your name to it for publication. The man who is too big a coward to thus express an opinion is the very one who will stand on a corner and talk loudly about the cowardice of an editor.

—The Postmaster here has received orders to keep a tally on all mail matter this month, and the clerks have the pleasure of weighing all the mail matter passing through the office, both coming in and going out, for one month. All Postmasters are doing the same thing.

—As an advertisement test, we offer to anyone who will clip this advertisement out, and bring it to the Times Bookstore on Saturday, and make a purchase of 25c. in any line of goods we carry, we will give one novel absolutely free of charge. 3 books to choose from. Don't forget the date, Saturday, 1st March. Mail orders will have prompt attention.

LOST

LOST—Between Simcoe and Townsend streets by way of Stewart st., a green leather purse containing a considerable sum of money. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times office.

Band Concert Last Night

The 57th Regiment Band gave another of their delightful concerts last night to a large audience in the market hall. An excellent programme was presented, each selection was received with hearty applause. The music was of its usual high standard.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Twitchy Muscles and Sleeplessness.—The hopeless heart sickness that settles on a man or woman whose nerves are shattered by disease can best be pictured in contrast with a patient who has been in the "depths" and has been dragged from them by South American Nervine. George Webster, of Forest, Ont., says: "I owe my life to it. Everything else failed to cure."—44 Sold by [illegible].

THE TORONTO SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY

ANNUAL MEETING

Held at the Head Office of the Company, No. 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Tuesday, the 25th Day of February, 1902.

THE SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company, was held at the Head Office of the Company, No. 437 George Street, Peterborough, on Tuesday, the 25th day of February 1902, at 2 o'clock P. M.

The President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, having taken the chair, the Manager, Mr. W. G. Morrow, was requested to act as Secretary to the meeting.

After reading the notice convening the meeting, the Secretary read the Seventeenth Annual Report and the accompanying Financial Statement.

The Directors submit herewith their Seventeenth Annual Report showing the result of the business for the past year, accompanied by the balance sheet to the 31st. of December 1901.

The gross earnings for the year are the largest in the history of the Company, amounting to $114,287.39, and after the payment of interest on deposits and debentures and all expenses of management, there remained a net profit of $58,665.97. To this amount has been added $2,591.30, the amount carried forward from last year, which makes a total sum of $61,254.27 for distribution. This amount has been disposed of in the following manner:—

(1) By payment of two half yearly Dividends of 3 per cent each, equal to 6 per cent for the year and amounting to...... $36,000.00
(2) By addition to the Reserve Fund...... 18,000.00
(3) By amount carried forward to Profit & Loss Account...... 7,254.27

The above addition to the Reserve Fund increases same to $153,000.00, a fraction over 25 per cent of the paid up Capital.

The payments maturing the year on the Company's Investments, have been satisfactorily met.

The books, accounts and securities of the Company, have been carefully examined by the Auditors, and their Report is appended to the Financial Statement.

Respectfully submitted
GEO. A. COX.
President.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

ASSETS	
Net value of Investments	$[illegible]
Cash on hand	931 99
Cash in Bank	25,135 92
Sundry Accounts due Company	1,627 12
	$1,654,973 23

LIABILITIES			
TO THE PUBLIC:			
Deposits and Currency Debentures, with accrued interest	$ 965,983 26		
Sterling Debentures with accrued interest	12,180 60		
		$978,164 86	
Sundry Accounts due by Company			543.10
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:			
Capital Stock subscribed ...$1,000,000			
Upon which has been paid		600,000 00	
Reserve Fund, 31 Dec. 1900	135,000		
Transferred from Profit and Loss Account	18,000		
		153,000 00	
Profit and Loss Account		7,254 27	
Dividend No. 61 due 2nd January, 1902		18,000 00	
			778,254 27
			$1,654,973 23

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

DR.		CR.	
Interest on Deposits, Currency and Sterling Debentures	$44,508 32	Interest on Investments, Rentals, etc.	$114,287 39
General Expenses, Taxes, Repairs, Ins. etc.	11,213 40		
Balance carried down, being net profit	58,665 97		
	$114,287 39		$114,287 39
Half-yearly Dividends Nos. 60 and 61	$36,000 00	Balance brought forward from 31 Dec. 1900	$ 2,591 30
Transferred to Reserve Fund	18,000 00	Balance brought down being net profit for the year	58,665 97
Balance carried forward	7,254 27		
	$61,254 27		$61,254 27

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

We hereby certify that we have carefully audited the books and accounts of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company for the year ending 31st December, 1901. All disbursements have been properly vouched for, and the postings and balances of the Company's ledgers have been checked and found correct. The above statement of Assets and Liabilities shows the position of the Company on the 31st December, 1901, and the Profit and Loss Account is a correct showing of the operations of the Company for the year ending on that day. We have also examined the Securities and find everything in order.

JAMES A. HALL
F. W. BAILLIE
Auditors.

Peterborough, January 22nd, 1902.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the Report, said:—

Gentlemen—

It affords me very great pleasure to submit for your approval, the Seventeenth Annual Report of the Company, which, I believe, will be read with satisfaction by every Shareholder and Director of this Institution. You will observe by the statement that the gross earnings for the year are the largest in the history of the Company, a very gratifying feature indeed, demonstrating the activity and satisfactory character of the Company's business during the year.

The net earnings, having deducted payments of interest on deposits and debentures and all expenses of management, amount to $58,665.97, representing an earning power of somewhat over 9 1-2 per cent upon its paid up Capital of $600,000.00, and after the payment of the usual 6 per cent. Dividend to the Shareholders, your Directors have felt warranted in making the substantial addition of $18,000.00 to the Reserve Fund, increasing the same to $153,000.00 (a fraction over 25 per cent. of the paid up Capital), thus further strengthening the already ample security offered to our depositors and debenture holders, who entrust their funds to the Company's care.

The securities of the Company have been scrutinized with the utmost care and are all in a healthy condition.

Since our last Annual Meeting, we have been called upon to mourn the death of our esteemed friend and colleague Mr. William Cluxton, who had been one of the incorporators of the Company, and who was, until the time of his decease, one of our most useful, influential and highly valued Directors.

The regular audit of the books has been made, and the correctness of the accounts etc., is duly vouched for by the Auditors.

The Officers of the Company are deserving of your thanks for their usual energetic and courteous attention to the business of the Company.

I will now move, seconded by Mr. Richard Hall, the Vice-President, the adoption of the Report and the statement herewith submitted, and that they be printed for distribution amongst the Shareholders, depositors and debenture holders of the Company.

Mr. Richard Hall in seconding the resolution for the adoption of the report said:—

I have a very agreeable duty to perform in seconding the resolution for the adoption of the Report.

The statement before you and what has already been said, in moving the resolution, renders further remarks from me, unnecessary— I would, however, like to add how very gratifying it is to me to see such clear indications of progress and prosperity as the statement of the earnings of the Company so emphatically proclaims.

The report of the operations of the Company, is all that could be desired, and I venture to hope that with the present appearances of a growing time in our midst, we have every cause to look forward to a year of even greater prosperity. The extensive and successful operations of the Town's existing manufacturies and the establishment here of two more very important concerns, now nearing completion, assures us of the increased growth and development of the Town. This is important in its relations to the Company, inasmuch as it means enhanced values and increased revenues from the Company's properties, also improved security for investments in this Town and neighborhood.

I have much pleasure in seconding the resolution for the adoption of the Report.

The Report was unanimously adopted.

Messrs. Jas. A. Hall and F. W. Baillie were appointed Auditors for the year 1902.

A By-law passed on the 6th. of December 1901, increasing the number of Directors from nine to ten, was approved.

The election of Directors was then proceeded with and the following gentlemen were declared elected for the ensuing year; Hon. Geo. A. Cox, Richard Hall, Peter Hamilton, A. L. Davis, H. J. LeFevre, H. C. Cox, D. W. Dumble, A. A. Cox, Jas. Stevenson and W. G. Morrow.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Hon. Geo. A. Cox was re-elected President and Messrs. Richard Hall and A. A. Cox, Vice-Presidents.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. R. W. Grubbe is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Judge Ketchum, of Cobourg, was in town yesterday, holding Division Court.

—Mrs. S. J. Robertson, Reid street, is confined to her room through illness.

—Mr. Albert Talbot is very ill at St. Joseph's Hospital. He will undergo an operation in a few days.

—Miss Foote entertained a number of her friends last evening, at her residence, 246 McDonnell street.

—Rev. W. M. Kannawin, B.D, has been appointed to hold the communion services in Keene Presbyterian church on Sunday, March 9th.

—Major N. F. MacNachtan, of Port Hope, was in town yesterday on his way to Ottawa to attend a meeting of the Ontario Artillery Association.

—Mr. Herbert Dawson, of Port Arthur, is in town, renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Dawson is with the advance guard of a large deputation that visits Eastern Canada annually and interviews the Governments, respecting special legislation for the advancement of New Ontario.

—Mr. H. Newton, of town, representative of the Canadian Savings, Loan & Building Ass'n., of Toronto, has returned from attending the annual meeting of that company. A very large amount of business was written up last year and the company are well satisfied with the work.

He Wants to Know

A ratepayer has asked the Times to explain why it is that a second assessment has been made on account of granolithic walks built in 1899. It appears, so far as we are able to learn, the estimate was made correctly enough, but on account of the delay in having the sidewalks measured by the engineer, the debentures were not disposed of until money became dearer.

A True Nerve Tonic

acts not so much upon the nerves themselves, as upon the digestive functions, and the abundant formation of rich, red blood. The nerves cannot be fed on medicine. They can be fed and strengthened by digestive and assimilated food. Ferrozone's marvellous action arises from its power over the digestive and assimilative functions of the body. You take it, the blood grows richer, redder. You feel strength and vigor, digestion ceases to be noticed, for it has become good. Work is easier, for you have the strength to do it. In a short time you have health. Use Ferrozone.

Federation of Labor

The regular weekly meeting of Peterborough Federation of Labor, No. 9240 was held last night, when a number of minor details were dealt with.

The strike of the employes at the Cereal Works had been amicably settled, and nothing of moment came before the meeting for deliberation.

"I WAS ON THE BANK OF INSANITY"

"I am Now in Perfect Health Through No Other Agency Than Paine's Celery Compound

EARNEST AND CANDID STATEMENTS MADE BY A POSTMASTER IN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

The absolute need of an honest and genuine invigorator and health-giver in the spring season is deeply impressed on the mind of every thinking and intelligent man and woman.

The happy and permanent cure of Mr. P. J. Kilbride, Postmaster, of Inverness, P.E.I., through the use of Paine's Celery Compound, created widespread astonishment among people in Canada, Newfoundland and the United States who were acquainted with Mr. Kilbride.

The best medical treatment failed to give Mr. Kilbride a few days of relief from his agonies and tortures of mind and body. At last Paine's Celery Compound saved him from a terrible end and planted his feet firmly on the rock of health.

Read Mr. Kilbride's letter of testimony, dear reader, and if you remain obdurate and unbelieving, after such an earnest, pathetic and convincing confession of cure, nothing but a direct act of Providence can snatch you from the dangers and perils of your position. Mr. Kilbride says:

"To-day I feel myself a new man. Six months ago I was on the brink of insanity; my nervous system was completely broken down; I could not sleep more than one or two hours a night, and often did not sleep for four nights in succession. Oh! I never can describe the agony I suffered. I was almost reduced to a skeleton; could only work an hour, when I was so fatigued I would be obliged to lie down and rest before I could resume work.

"The use of your Compound has given me rest and sweet sleep, and I can now work all day. To tell the honest, candid truth, I have not felt so well for fourteen years. When I commenced taking Paine's Celery Compound my weight was 144 pounds, now I weigh 168 lbs. I am gaining in flesh every day; my friends are all surprised at my wonderful cure and changed appearance. Oh! If I had only known of this life-saving remedy years ago, I would have escaped many days and nights of terrible pain and agony. Thank God the terrible times have passed, I hope never to return. How I wish I could reach the ear of every man in Canada—those who are suffering as I once suffered—how I would plead with them—yes, on my knees I would ask them to give Paine's Celery Compound a fair trial; and I feel confident they would bless me afterwards for my recommendation.

"Young men take my truthful and candid advice; if you are suffering from a broken down nervous system, use Paine's Celery Compound; it will thoroughly restore you physically and otherwise.

"I am now in perfect health through no other agency than Paine's Celery Compound. You may use this statement as you choose."

AFTER THE GRIP COMES CATARRH.

CATARRH
GRIP BACILLUS

LIKE A TERRIBLE CYCLONE grip bacillus has passed over our country, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, leaving behind it a dark cloud of anguish and despair.

Catarrh follows grip as effect follows cause.

A multitude of catarrh victims will spring up in the trail of the awful epidemic of grip that has just passed over our fair country.

The hope to these people is Peruna.

Most people know this already.

Everyone who has had the least touch of grip, should not fail to take a course of treatment with Peruna.

Peruna eradicates every vestige of the disease and leaves the system in a normal condition.

Hon. Joseph B. Crowley, Congressman from Illinois, writes from the National Hotel, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"After giving Peruna a fair trial I can cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone suffering with coughs, colds, la grippe and all catarrhal complaints."—J. B. Crowley.

Hon. George H. White, Congressman from North Carolina, writes:

"I am more than satisfied with Peruna, and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family, and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy."—George H. White.

Hon. J. P. Megrew, Superintendent U. S. Capital Police Force, of Washington, D. C., says:

"Having suffered from the grip, I was advised by a friend to use your Peruna. I also used it for my catarrh, and I can now cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone who is suffering from the grip and catarrh."—J. P. Megrew.

Miss Anna Russell, Past Worthy Counselor, Loyd Mystic Legion, 238 Endicott Building, St. Paul, Minn., writes:

"For years I have unfortunately found my system in a peculiarly receptive condition for catarrh when I was exposed in any way to inclement weather. At those times I would be severely afflicted with la grippe and its unpleasant consequences.

"Now for the past year and a half I have used Peruna in such cases and have found that it not only cures me quickly, but it also cleanses my blood and renders me less liable to catch cold. It is the finest preventative of colds that I know of and a very superior tonic."—Anna Russell.

Miss Emily Milburne, President of the Westside Young Woman's Club, No. 152 West Congress street, Chicago, Ill., writes of several members of the club of which she is president, who have had the Grip and have been quickly restored to health by Peruna.

Mr. Nicolas F. Rossiter, of 462 Norwood avenue, Cleveland, O., had a severe attack of the Grip, was very sick and under the physician's care. He, like many others, passed the acute stage but did not receive strength. Peruna not only quickly restored him to his former health, but to much better health than he has had for years. He gives Peruna all the praise.

Hon. Max J. Porges, Alderman of the Eighth District, residing at 26 Rivington street, New York, suffered with the Grip, two bottles of Peruna cured him. He also writes that he knows a large number of people who have been cured of the Grip by Peruna.

Hon. Charles W. Culkin, Alderman of the Seventh Assembly District of the Borough of Manhattan, residing at 45 Eighth avenue, New York, writes that he was laid up several days with the Grip. On the fifth day he was advised to try Peruna. He did so and found himself better within twenty-four hours. This remedy soon restored him to his usual vigorous health.

Mr. Martin Edwards, President of the County Clare Men's Benefit Society, 322 West Forty-Ninth street, New York, writes that he was cured of the Grip by a short course of treatment with Peruna.

Miss Blanche Dumont, President of the Athenia Club, 4110 Aldrich avenue North, Camden Place, Minneapolis, Minn., says she was cured of the Grip. Nothing helped her until she tried Peruna. Felt better next day after beginning its use. Was able to be out of bed the third day. She also tells of others who were cured by Peruna.

La Grippe is epidemic catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh, hence Peruna is a specific for la grippe.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

Help Wanted.

TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTed at once. Apply at Snowden House.

AT HOME AND SMOKER

Twenty-Third Anniversary of Court Peterborough C. O. F.

The 23rd anniversary of the institution of Court Peterborough, C.O.F. No. 29, was celebrated last night by an "At Home" and smoker in their Court rooms on Simcoe street.

A large number of the brethren had gathered, notwithstanding the nasty streets and weather, and each found that ample provision had been made by the committee to "fill high the flowing bowl" (of his pipe).

The members engaged in games of euchre, pedro and other amusements, and pleasant entertainment was derived from a splendid zonophone.

An adjournment was made to the large dining hall, where a supper had been spread in the usual ample style appertaining to functions of Court Peterborough, and where the problem of rapid transit of perishable produce was ably solved and exemplified.

Supper over, the following toasts were proposed and responded to:

"The King"—Responded to by Bro. J. Smith.

"Institution of Court Peterborough"—Brothers James Byrne and Cole Barrett.

"Town and Ashburnham"—Ald. Batten and Reeve Smith.

"Manufacturers"—Bro. A. McCallum.

"High Court Officers"—Brothers W. Hooper and J. Metheral.

Court Peterborough enters upon its 24th year with brighter prospects than at any time during its history. The membership continues to grow apace, and their home is one of the neatest and cosiest lodge rooms we have had the pleasure of entering.

YOUNG MEN'S SOCIAL

Bible Class of George Street Entertain Their Friends

Although many causes existed which might have detracted from the attendance at the Bible Class Social in George Street Methodist church last evening, a large number of young men of the congregation gathered in the basement to enjoy a social evening.

The members of the class had prepared a very acceptable programme of solos, quartettes, etc., and all the numbers elicited a hearty applause from the audience. A debate followed, in which many original, comic and pithy ideas were set forth by the participants, pro and con. The subject was, "Resolved, that a country girl makes a better wife than a city or town girl." The affirmative side was taken by Messrs. Vandusor and Gordon, while Messrs. Warren and Knapman upheld the negative. The speakers all very ably championed the cause of the lady whom they respectively supported; but the decision was awarded to the affirmative, by the judges, Messrs. Kidd, F. H. Dobbin and D. W. Dumble.

Refreshments had been provided by the ladies, and these were awarded no mean share of attention by the assemblage.

'Twas a merry, jovial band of boys, and the close of the evening's enjoyment saw the young men of the church better acquainted, and in a better position to uphold the aggressive stand which they are taking in the work of the congregation.

Bovril

Nourishes
and—
Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

$230,000.00 DEBENTURES PETERBOROUGH, CANADA

SEALED offers will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p. m. on March 27th, 1902, for [illegible] thirty year Waterworks Debentures, [illegible] per cent. interest, payable half yearly, dated March 1st, 1902, denominations of [illegible], payable at Peterborough, first charge on Water works and its revenues and charge on town generally, validated by Act of Legislature and absolutely indisputable. Peterborough—Population 11,[illegible]; Assessment $4,[illegible]; Debt $[illegible]; Local Improvement Debt $[illegible]; Sinking Fund $[illegible]; Other Cash Assets or available as cash $[illegible]; Estimated Value of Assets owned by Municipality $[illegible]; Rate of Taxes 18 mills. No offer necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

Rooms

BOARD AND ROOM IN PRIVATE FAMily wanted by young man. Centrally located. Write, giving address and rates, to Boarder, Times Office.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 52 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MARCH 3 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

SCARITY OF HORSES CRIPPLE THE BRITISH AND HORSES MUST BE HAD

Great Opportunity Presents Itself to the British to End the War in South Africa

British are Throwing Away Many Animals

Says the Times Correspondent at Pretoria — War Nearing an End

British will Lose a Great Opportunity if they Fail to Take Advantage

Pretoria, March 2. Three thousand Boers, resident in the Pietersburg refugee camp, are now being removed in a body to Colenso. During the last three weeks transferences from the different camps in the Transvaal to the coast towns of Natal have been going on at the rate of 1,000 a week. There are now more than 60,000 men, women and children in the Transvaal camps and more than 45,000 in those of the Orange River Colony.

One hundred and fifty persons have escaped this month from the Pietersburg camp in consequence of Commandant Beyer's raid in that district. Those who have got away have been mostly young men.

The inmates of the camps are becomins more contented. They are increasingly amenable to orderliness, and are learning to carry out those hygienic rules which are essentsal to the well-being of the communities. The death rate is now practically normal. Large numbers of undesirable families have bken sent to Natal, where they can more easily be cared for, and where they can do less harm. In the Transvaol there are now 18 camps, each one virtually a village. They contain 25,000 children, the majority of whom are receiving education.

London, March 1.—A despatch from Pretoria to The Times says that the supply of horses is still lamentably short of the demand, and scarcely a single column can place its full mounted strength in the field. The wastage is caused because many horses are hurried on the trek before fully acclimatized and by unnecessarily hard treatment. Many men who are now mounted went to Africa lacking experience of horses. A culpable indifference to the welfare of the most important factor in the efficiency of the army seems to have permeated the whole army. The Times correspondent says the Boers are thoroughly demoralized by constant hustling. The scarcity of provisions convinces the burghers of the hopelessness of the struggle. The British will lose a great opportunity if they fail to take advantage of the situation, but they must have an unlimited supply of horses or the present rate of progress will be arrested.

London, March 1.—A special despatch to The Times from Pekin, written by Dr. Morrison, says there is reason to believe that Li Hung Chang has signed an agreement giving the Russians the exclusive mining privileges in the rich coal-gold province of Kirin, in Manchuria. The correspondent says it is not improbable that a similar agreement, believed to exist between the Russian resident at Mukden and the Chinese Governor-General, was ratified in the same way and that the recent Russo-Chinese bank negotiations were devised to hoodwink other powers, Russia having secured all she requires. Dr. Morrison says the reports that Japanese instructors are engaged in drilling the northern Chinese troops is incorrect. The agreement allows only Russian instructors, and Germany is opposing the engagement of Japanese, urging the claims of those of her own nationality.

DISPUTE AS TO DIVISION OF INDEMNITY.

London, March 1.—A despatch to The Times from Shanghai says that payment of the second monthly instalment of the Chinese indemnity was delayed, owing to the question of division of the money. Members of the International Bankers' Committee have reached a deadlock, and have telegraphed their Governments for instructions. The diplomatic body has declined to discuss the question further. The difficulty is due to the fact that the indemnity named in article six of the protocol amounts to four hundred and fifty million taels, while the actual claims submitted by the powers amount to four hundred and sixty-two million. The diplomatic body has proposed a pro rata reduction, but the British Government objected on the ground that its claim represented the irreductible minimum, British private claims having been greatly reduced by the special commission. No such action was taken against the claims of the other powers.

AS TO THE BELGIAN INDEMNITY.

London, March 1.—A despatch from Brussels to The Times says that the total amount of the Belgian claims upon China in connection with the Boxer disturbances is thirty-three million francs. The Government has been informed that the indemnity does not cover a sum proportional to the reductions necessary. The French shareholders of Han Kow, Pekin, Railway have made a demand of fifty million francs.

FOURTEEN MEN DEAD, OVER A SCORE MISSING

Rescuers Meet the Fate of Those They Tried to Save—The Death List May Reach Thirty

Telluride, Colo., March 3. — Fourteen dead, as many injured, and a score or more missing are the result, so far as known, of the series of snow slides which occurred in the vicinity of the Liberty Bell Mine, on Smuggler Mountain three and a half miles north of Telluride. The roads between here and the Liberty Bell are almost impassible, and details of the accident are hard to obtain. It seems that no less than four distinct slides occurred, each one claiming two or more victims. Several bodies have been recovered, but quite a number of the known dead are still buried under the tons of snow, rocks and timbers by which they were carried down.

The death list of the first slide, so far as known is as follows: Gus Swanson crusher feeder; H. S. Summerland, tram brakeman; Harry Golden, waiter in boarding house; Gus Kraul, miner; J. P. Clemmer, steward; Wade Crowe, miner; R. Bishop, miner. The victims of the second slide were: Harry A. Chase, assayer; L. D. Stanley, carpenter. Those who met death in the third slide: Gus Von Fintel, carpenter; John R. Powell, surveyor; Paul Dalghren, miner. In the fourth slide the following were killed: George Rowber and W. S. Gregory.

THE FIRST SLIDE.

The first slide carried away the building and bunk houses and the tram house of the mine. About 150 men are regularly employed in the mines and mills of the Liberty Bell mine, but a large number of men from the night shift were in Telluride and were prevented from returning to the mine by the terrible storm which was raging. The day shift had just gone to work, leaving but comparatively few underground workmen at the bunk house. The slide came without warning. The three large buildings were carried down the steep mountain side, a distance of about 2,000 feet, and literally ground to pieces, not a board being left intact. The snow and debris piled in the bottom of the canon 25 feet deep. Those who escaped the slide at once began the work of rescuing their less fortunate companions. A dozen or more were taken out alive, some of them badly injured, however. Word was sent to Telluride and a number of citizens left for the scene of the disaster to aid in the rescue of the victims.

THE SECOND SLIDE.

Shortly after noon, while the work of digging out bodies was going on, the second slide came down almost in the track of the first. The mountain side is very steep, and the descent of the snow mass was so swift that 24 of the rescuers were caught, two being killed. They were Harry A. Chase and L. D. Stanley, and their bodies have not been recovered. The others were more or less injured, but none were fatally hurt. Superintendent Chase of the Liberty Bell mine later ordered the work of rescue to be suspended, declaring that it was useless to endanger life further while slides were running. Several parties started at once for Telluride. Two of these parties were overtaken by slides. In one Gus von Fintel, John R. Powell and Paul Dalghren were killed, and in the other George Rowber and W. S. Gregory lost their lives. None of these bodies, have been recovered at last accounts.

A large number of men are missing, and it is thought possible that the death list will be swelled to twenty, and possibly thirty, when the bodies shall be taken from the snow mass. Among those killed Raymond Bishop, Wade Crowe and Harry A. Chase were last year's graduates from the State School of Mines at Golden, Col. They had taken positions with the Liberty Bell to acquaint themselves with practical mining. They belong to good families in Denver and Pueblo.

Several other slides are reported in this vicinity. One at the Camp Bird mine in the Sneffels district resulted in the death of one man and the probably fatal injury of three others. From the condition of the snow more slides are expected.

Items of Interest.

London, March 2.—In his latest report to the War Office, Lord Kitchener gives a general review of the military situation. He says,—"The enemy's forces in the field are now practically confined to four definite areas. In the Eastern Transvaal the personal influence of General Louis Botha continues to hold together a considerable but diminishing force between the borders of Swaziland and the Brugspruit-Watervaal blockhouse line. In the west Generals Delarey and Kemp cling to the difficult country between the Mafeking Railway line and Megaliesburg. In the north-eastern districts of Orange River Colony De Wet and ex-President Steyn still control a comparatively large and determined following, who have quite recently given proofs of their boldness and initiative in attack, and in Cape Colony the country to the north-west of the Cape Town-De Aar line is infested by several bands of rebels, kept together by adventurers from the late republics. Elsewhere smaller commandos are to be found, but their numbers are insignificant, and their want of enterprise reveals in all probability an abating interest in the useless struggle in which they have so long been employed."

BOTHA'S DAUGHTERS.

London, March, 2. — General Botha's two daughters, aged 7 and 13, arrived at Flushing by the steamer Kurfurst yesterday, and proceeded to Flushing, escorted by Mr. Fischer.

ESCAPING BOER SHOT.

St. Helena, March 1.—A Boer prisoner in attempting to escape from Deadwood Camp on Thursday evening, was shot by a sentry of the Wiltshire Regiment, the bullet lodging in the chest. The prisoner died on the following day.

PRETORIA STILL THE CAPITAL.

Pretoria, March 2.—At a meeting of the Pretoria Town Council, the chairman, Mr. Lovejoy, announced that a change of the seat of administration from Pretoria to Johannesburg was no longer contemplated. It was definitely settled, he stated, that the administrative departments now established in Pretoria would remain here, and that the Legislative Council would hold its sessions here. The courts, he added, would open in April.

The statement has caused the greatest satisfaction, removing the disquietude which had been caused by persistent rumors to the contrary, and which had had a serious effect upon business, bringing it almost to a standstill.

ATTEMPT TO RESCUE VILJOEN

Pretoria, March 2.—On the night that General Viljoen, now a prisoner of war, was expected to leave Machadodorp on his way to Pretoria, the Boers mined the railway between that place and Dalmanutha with the object, it is believed, of wrecking the train and rescuing the general. A bogie truck, however, of construction material had been placed in front of the armored train and sprang the mine. The bogie was blown to pieces, and the train escaped without injury.

RIGOR OF THE CENSORSHIP

London, March 2.—There are several indications that the censorship in South Africa has recently been tightened.

An Amsterdam correspondent writes: "I am told that the British are now maintaining a much more vigilant watch than heretofore, so that the fighting area is now nearly, if not wholly, inaccessible.

"Some time ago Mr. Isaac van Alphen, Mr. Kruger's Postmaster-General, was entrusted with a mission to Mr. Schalkburger and Mr. Steyn, but was arrested not far from the Portuguese frontier at Komatipoort, and made a prisoner of war."

RESULTS OF THE GREAT DRIVE

London, March 2.—The total results of the combined operations of the columns in the recent big drive against De Wet are as follows:—

Prisoners captured	286
Boers killed	16
Boers wounded	25
Rifles captured	156
Rounds of ammunition	2,800
Horses	904

And a quantity of sheep, cattle, and vehicles taken.

Among the captured was Commandant Bester, who has since died of his wounds at Heilbron Road.

WALKS 160 MILES ON WATER

Vienna, March. 2.—Capt. Crossman, who started on February 6th to walk down the Danube from Linz to Vienna, a distance of 160 miles, on his newly-invented water-walking shoes, towing his wife in a boat, arrived here yesterday. The long time spent on the journey is explained by the fact that Capt. Crossman stopped at several places to give exhibitions of his shoes. These are five yards long. The trip was made without mishap, notwithstanding there was an unusually strong current and much floating ice in the river. In addition, there were a number of storms, which made the walking perilous.

MOVE TO SAVE CHINA FROM EXTORTION

Effort To Compel Nations To Accept Sum Agreed To

Germany Increases Her Claim Against the Empire for the Boxer Outbreak—Others to be Asked to Make a Pro Rata Reduction

Washington, March 1—The United States Government has proposed to the powers concerned in the Chinese treaty that they consent to a pro rata reduction of claims so as to maintain the total within the sum of 450,000,000 taels, which the powers agreed to accept from China as full indemnity for the Boxer outrages.

Germany has discovered that she placed her claim too low, and has demanded an increase in allowance of 10,000,000 taels, and if this is to be met the other signatory powers must agree to submit to the pro rata reduction of that sum from their own original allotments.

The United States is firmly opposed to any attempt to extort from China more than the 450,000,000 taels, and it will attempt to avoid the creation of a precedent to be followed by the other powers in the allowance of this German claim.

The western nations may rue the day they waked up China. That country is absorbing western civilization and ideas with startling readiness. In the forefront of the civilization movement is Minister Wu Ting Fang, Chinese ambassador to the United States. Wu is decidedly up to-date. He talks English like an American, as a postprandial jollier he can give cards and spades to Chauncey Depew, his wife and family are social favorites in Washington and Wu himself is always good for a column or two of interesting reading every time a bright newspaper interviewer presses the button.

The average American, especially the average westerner, regards the Chinese in bulk as "coolies" and about three degrees below the negro in the anthropological category. Fancy the astonishment of ex-Mayor Phelan of San Francisco, who has come east to urge restrictive legislation on the Chinese question, when he met Mr. Wu in the rotunda of the Waldorf-Astoria on Saturday. A mutual friend attempted to introduce them but when Wu heard the name his yiad hand climbed and went up dangerously close to the nose of Mr. Phelan and he proceeded to tell the San Franciscan a lot of things about himself he never heard before—at least not from a Chinaman. A heated argument followed and Phelan told Wu the Chinese were a filthy lot and Americans proposed to keep them out of the United States.

"Then we'll keep the Americans out of China!" retorted Wu. "Yes, we'll keep you out of China!" He repeated it as if for emphasis. "We can get along without you. What have you got that we must have?"

"We have western civilization," said Phelan.

"We can get western civilization from Europe," was the rejoinder.

Phelan changed his ground and said the Chinese were different from other races because they did not assimilate or divest themselves of their eastern ways. "Have not I divested myself of my eastern ways?" queried Wu. The argument attracted such a crowd in the stately precincts of the hotel that the management had to have the corridors cleared, and as a parting shot the occidentalized representative of the Flowery Kingdom invited the Californian and all like him to "go way back off the earth and sit down."

The incident appeared to quite nonplus the Californian commissioner, who had evidently not before come in contact with the up-to-date style of Chinaman, and the verdict of the auditors of the argument, which lasted about a quarter of an hour, was that Minister Wu got decidedly the best of it and enlarged Mr. Phelan's views on the Chinese nation. Times have changed since the days of Truthful James, when a mere Chinaman can invite a Pacific Sloper to get off the earth and still remain on it himself.

MONROE DOCTRINE AND GREAT BRITAIN

A Nice Question Which Must Soon be Permanently Settled

IS CANADA A VASSAL OF U. S.

The Monroe Theory Will Probably Soon be Put to the Test in the Settlement of the French Shore Difficulty

Ottawa, March 3—A year ago James G. Whiteley, vice-president of the International Congress on Diplomatic History, contributed a very instructive paper in the Forum in which he succinctly described the Monroe doctrine as designed: (1) To prevent European powers—particularly a combination of European powers—from intervening in the affairs of the western hemisphere, so as to control the destinies of the American nations; and (2) to prevent the European powers from acquiring any new colonial possessions on this side of the Atlantic. Another authority has described the object of the doctrine as being to prevent the extension of monarchial forms of government on American soil, that is by the acquisition of additional territory. This latter definition of the doctrine would seem to apply to the acquisition by Canada of the French islands in the Gulf. It would be the extension of a monarchial form of government to territory which at present is under republican government.

As to whether the attitude of the United States to the countries of the western hemisphere amounts to the assumption of a suzerainty is a nice question, rendered more difficult by the vagueness of the term suzerain. Britain claimed suzerainty over the Transvaal when it was a republic, and with it the right to supervise its foreign relations with other powers. That is almost the precise position of the United States toward the countries of the western hemisphere. Its attitude was clearly defined in the recent difficulty between Venezuela and Germany. The States sent warships to stand by and see that Germany confined herself to collecting the debt and clearly intimated that any permanent occupancy of Venezuelan territory would not be allowed. Germany recognized the position of the United States by communicating with that country diplomatically and satisfactorily explaining her intentions before moving in the matter. In the British Venezuelan difficulty ten years ago, Britain was negotiating with Venezuela about a boundary dispute quite regardless of the United States when that country suddenly served notice that she assumed the right under the Monroe doctrine to see that the small republic got a fair deal from the big monarchy. Great Britain after the first shock of surprise at this extended interpretation of the doctrine, gracefully conceded the right of the United States, the dispute was referred to arbitration and Great Britain won even more than she had originally claimed. Since that time the scope of the United States' claims under the doctrine has been expanding, and it would be a nice point to settle whether the transfer of American territory from one European power to another would come under the ban of the doctrine.

POPE LEO'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATED IN ROME

The Venezuela Pontiff Was Ninety-Two on Saturday

TWENTY FOUR YEARS A POPE

Will Celebrate His 24th Anniversary as Pope To-Day—Hundreds of Pilgrims Present at the Ceremonies

Rome, March 3—The sacred college yesterday, Sunday, presented to Pope Leo its congratulations upon the attainment of his ninety-second birthday. Cardinal Oreglia, the dean of the sacred college, read a long speech, to which the Pontiff formally replied. Monday, to-day, will mark the twenty-fourth anniversary of his coronation as Pope.

On the occasion of Leo XIII's Pontifical Jubilee, which is now being celebrated, Cardinal Respighi, the Pope's Vicar-General and President of the international committee for the jubilee festivities, presented His Holiness with a precious triregno or triple crown, made of gold, encrusted with diamonds and rubies, the value of which exceeds 1,000,000 lire ($200,000). The Pope will wear this triregno on Easter Sunday during the solemn ceremony of thanksgiving to be celebrated in St. Peter's.

In anticipation of the jubilee celebrations hundreds of pilgrims from all parts of the Catholic world have arrived in Rome. While Austria, Spain and the other Catholic countries of Europe have sent the largest numbers America is well represented by several hundred clergy and laymen of prominence. Numerous congratulatory messages reached the Vatican on Saturday, notably from foreign rulers.

The Pope looks remarkably well for a man of his extreme age, and the venerable pontiff's truly marvellous vitality and unimpaired memory occasions remark by all who see him.

In spite of persistent and apparently well-founded denials that there is any imminent danger of the Pope's decease the air is full of speculation and apprehension, indicating that his end is not considered far off.

The Pope's closest attendants include his faithful valet, Centra; one chaplain and one minor prelate, who constantly and tenderly guard his material comfort. His meals are served in his private apartment at a small table at which none other, even a crowned head, may sit down. No feminine hand may tend or soothe the august invalid.

It is worth notice that out of 263 occupants of the chair of St. Peter five have retained it longer than Leo XIII, including the apostle himself. Since the return of the Papacy from Avignon to Rome, only one Pontiff has lived to a greater age, Paul IV, who died at ninety-three. The record before Avignon is not always to be depended upon, but Gregory IX was almost one hundred when he died.

Used Strategy but were Defeated

London, March 2.—The attack made by the Boers, numbering 600, and driving cattle before them, to rush the outpost line near Bothasberg, Transvaal Colony, during the night of February 23, was most determined. They were led by two well-known fighters, Ross Hands and Manie Botha. When the Boers realized that their attempt to actually break through the wire fence was frustrated, they crouched beside the dead cattle with which the ground was thickly strewn, and from that defence, poured a heavy fire on the British troops. The fusilade was steadily returned, and, finally, the Boers were driven back, leaving 15 dead and 6 wounded on the field. They also left 170 dead or wounded horses and the entire herd of 6,000 head of cattle.

London, March 2.—Edgar Wallace, writing to The Mail from Standerton, says: When the Imperial Light Horse first heard of the disaster at Twrefontein they were encamped about 14 miles from the place where it had occurred. It was a little after 4 in the morning, but saddling immediately the corps galloped to the spot.

"The camp presented a ghastly sight. At the doors of the tents the dead lay huddled, some with half a dozen bullet wounds in them, some bayoneted. The tents were slashed and cut to pieces by the pom-pom fire, and in one tent an officer was found pinned to his bed with a bayonet thrust.

"It is reported that when Gen. Dewet arrived, he gave stringent orders to prevent excesses, and personally sjamboked a man for stealing a bottle of brandy from an ambulance wagon.

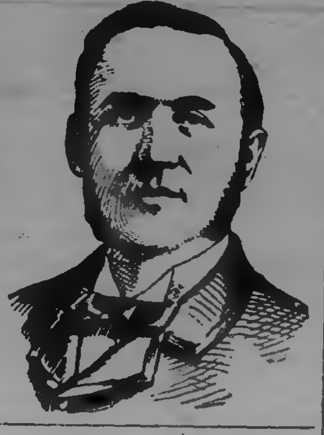
"Dewet spoke kindly to such of the wounded as were still alive when he arrived, and expressed his regret at their bad luck."

London, March 2.—A trooper of the 11th Yeomanry Battalion captured at Tweefontein says:

"The Boers, about 1600 strong, surprised our pickets about 2 am., and poured volley after volley into the tents while the men were yet asleep. The fight lasted until daybreak, 7 a.m., when the enemy were in possession of the camp. The dead and wounded were lying in heaps."

Another prisoner states that Gen. Dewet had a large number of Kaffirs with him as a covering party, and that these succeeded in reaching the outposts and clubbing the sentries with knobkerries.

BOERS WILL BE FREE SAYS IRISH LEADER



William K. Redmond Addresses a Big Meeting in Boston

Says Britain Will Never Be Able to Hold the Boers Down

An Enthusiastic Audience in Boston Cheers Redmond

Special to the Times.

Boston, March 3—William K. Redmond, M.P., brother of John E. Redmond, the Irish leader, who recently came to this country with Joseph Devlin, to increase, if possible, the membership in this country of the United Irish League and to stir interest in the Irish cause, spoke in Boston last night, Sunday, on the Emmet anniversary.

The immense hall was filled to completeness, and much enthusiasm prevailed. In opening Mr. Redmond extolled Emmet. He said: "The Irish forces were never so well organized and united as now. I have been quoted as saying we could put a great and irresistible force into the field, but that is not true. What I did say is that Ireland would be justified in resorting to force of arms. The twelve thousand members of the English constabulary in Ireland now make an uprising difficult, if not impossible.

"I do not expect to see the Irish representation in parliament cut down twenty, at least at present. It would be too difficult a job, and would be met by much English resistance from men of all parties. But if it were cut from eighty to sixty, the sixty would still make themselves heard from, with 25 per cent. more energy.

"The United Irish League is working for home government. Whether that means absolute independence I cannot say. It might mean such government as Canada possessed; it might mean more—that would depend. Lord Salisbury has said better than I could what England had to fear—not the Boers, but the Irish."

Referring to the South African situation Mr. Redmond said.

"The optimistic reports now being sent to England by Lord Kitchener do not portray conditions as they exist in South Africa. From the moment that the English Tommy lands in Cape Town, he finds himself in an unsafe country. Not only is the Transvaal the enemy's country, but the Dutch in Cape Colony make of that region a very volcano stamping ground. As long as Mr. Chamberlain shall be able to keep a British soldier at the side of every Dutch settler, just so long will Cape Colony be peaceful. This, however, cannot last. Sooner or later the tremendous army now in South Africa must be withdrawn; the finances of Great Britain will not be able to stand the present strain placed upon them for long. When the army is withdrawn or diminished in size the Dutch will rise. The upshot of the whole thing will be that the Boers will secure their independence and that Cape Colony itself will break away from the British domination."

Mayor Collins presided at the meeting. The delegates are meeting with much encouragement in this country, and will address many large meetings. On St. Patrick's day, March 17, they will end their tour of the principal cities at a big meeting in Chicago, where it is expected they will address 25,000 patriots and sympathisers.

BIG FLOOD AT MILLBROOK

The High Water in the Creek Causing Considerable Damage

Mr. Isaac Richardson, of Millbrook, was in town on Saturday, and told the Times of the damage done in that village by the floods. The rain on Friday caused the creek to overflow, with the result that people living in the low ground were flooded out, and had to be taken from their houses in boats. The damage was mostly done to goods in cellars. The waters at once subsided, and all danger is now past.

One on Port Hope

Port Hope Times: It has been said that an Irishman once took a job at a certain figure and sublet it to a colored gentleman at a price 25 cents higher than he had taken it for himself, and on being asked his reasons, said it was worth a quarter to be boss. So we may conclude it is worth something to a new councillor to be chairman of a committee, but whether the chairman of town property thinks so now is questionable. A few days ago a letter was received by the town fathers from the hospital authorities in Peterborough saying a man of the name of Porter had died in that institution, who had given Port Hope as his residence, and asking for instructions for the burial. The letter was handed to the chairman of town property and after spending three or four hours running all over town in an endeavor to find out something about the dead man, but without success, he went to the mayor and asked what he should do. The mayor asked him if he considered a corpse town property. It then dawned upon the chairman that a joke had been put up on him.

The Pain of Sore Feet

Just about the most tantalizing of all pains comes from sore feet. To get relief bathe the feet in warm water and then rub them with Polson's Nerviline. It penetrates through the pores of the skin, takes out the soreness, reduces swellings, invigorates tired muscles, tones up the circulation, and prevents the feet from becoming sore again. Nerviline is a protection and safeguard against the pains and aches of the entire family and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, etc. 25 cents.

A Scientific Voice Improver

Because of its strengthening influence upon the vocal chords, Catarrhozone cannot be too highly recommended as a wonderful voice improver. It almost instantly removes huskiness or hoarseness, thus insuring clearness and brilliancy of tone. Catarrhozone keeps the mucous surfaces in perfect condition, and its regular use absolutely prevents colds and throat irritation, thereby removing the singer's greatest source of anxiety, unfitness of voice. The most eminent speakers and prima donnas would not be without Catarrhozone and credit in so many degrees their uniform strength and brilliancy of tone to its influence. The hard rubber inhaler fits conveniently into a purse or vest pocket, and may be used in the church, theatre, any place or any time. Complete outfit $1.00; Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

INJURED BY ROLLING LOG

Mr. Samuel Whitaker had His Arm Broken and is Now in the Hospital

Mr. Samuel Whittaker, who has been working in one of the Dickson Company's Lumber Camps, in Cavendish Township, about 16 miles from Gooderham, had the misfortune a few days ago to have his left arm broken in three places by a blow from a log falling from a sleigh. The injured man was taken to Gooderham, and from there to Kinmount, on a handcar. He remained in Kinmount over night and was brought to the Nicholls Hospital next day where his injuries are being attended to. Mr. Hunter of Gooderham accompanied him to town.

ODDFELLOW'S RALLY

To be Held Here on Thursday Evening March Thirteenth

The District Rally of Oddfellows will be held in the Oddfellow's hall on Thursday evening March 13th at 7.30. A large number of brethren from outside points have signified their intention of being present. There will be initiation degrees, the three degrees and the Oriental degree exemplified. Grand Secretary King and Grand Master Lyman are expected to be present. A very pleasant time is anticipated.

After the degree work is over refreshments will be served after which songs, speeches, etc., will be indulged in.

All members of Oddfellows and Oriental lodges are requested to attend the meetings of their respective lodges between now and March 13th to practice the degree work.

THE LATE MRS. MANNING

Died at Her Residence M'Donnel Street on Saturday, Age 85 Years

On Saturday morning Mrs. Samuel Manning, one of Peterborough's oldest and most highly respected residents, passed away at the advanced age of 85 years. The death occurred at the residence of her son Mr. W. H. Manning, No. [illegible] McDonnel street. Paralysis was the immediate cause of her death.

The deceased, whose maiden name was Nancy Cowing, was born in the county of Cumberland, England, 85 years ago, and came to Peterborough with her parents in 18[illegible]. Sixty-three years ago she was married to Mr. Samuel Manning, who predeceased her about [illegible] years ago. For some years deceased lived in the township of Smith. A family of seven are left to mourn the death of a kind and loving mother. They are: Messrs. W. H. of town, W. C. and J. C., of Smith, [illegible] of [illegible], and two daughters, Mrs. [illegible] of Smith, and Mrs. John Martin, of [illegible]. The funeral will take place on [illegible] at 10.30 and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery. The funeral is private.

OVER $2,500

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makes unbiased analysis of market conditions, so presented as to benefit investor or trader upon margin. Send for both. They are free.

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Dividend - Paying Investments

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 3, 1902

RICE LAKE

Fair Lake! Set charmingly among the hills,
Fed by the Otonabee in graceful wind,
Thy Islands, sentinel like, stand up,
Making a picture of rarest kind.
Memory goes back to the happy days,
Spent at the "Landing" and opposite shore,
In fishing, and hunting for relics
Dropped by the Indians long days before.

At the Landing there were many sights
Of interest to be seen each day
Campers arriving with spirits high
And others regretful going away.
The old Blacksmith with no work on hand,
But loving to take a hand at the oar,
And the dusky forms from Hiawatha,
Wending their way to the village store.

At the branches of the beautiful River
Where the water lily grows to perfection,
And the birds in great numbers are gathered
To get food from the rice and protection.
To luring of fish from the depths below
Such as the gamey black bass and swift maskinonge,
And listening to the scream of the king fisher
As he circles around and then takes a plunge.
To trips to the east of the river

Near to the red man's home,
To a deserted house with its orchard
Where only the cattle now roam.
And to the grave of the stranger in the forest
Where a very fine stone has been erected
By loving friends in a far off land
In memory of the dear departed.

CURIOS FROM AFRICA

Received by Lieut. Col. Rogers from Capt. Cockburn of Sierra Leone

Two very strange looking musical instruments were received yesterday by Col. H. C. Rogers, for the Victoria Museum from Capt. Cockburn now in Sierra Leone. The instruments are very crude and convey to some degree, the rude ideas of music of the natives there. One of the instruments is a drum, a half-globe like shape, covered with some kind of skin. This instrument, when touched by the drum sticks makes a very dull sound. The other instrument has no name—that anyone here known. It is made of a species of very hard wood, has gut strings and a number of cells for producing sounds. In all some seventeen different sounds can be produced with this instrument. The keys are made of wood and varying in length to make the required sound. This instrument is played by striking it lightly with two small sticks.

IT WILL NOT APPEAR

This Great Family Journal a Literary Offer He Wants to Know

A coy young creature sends the Times a short story entitled "Roy's Jelousy," with the following touching request:

"This is my first attempt at story riting, and is all emaginary. I wish you would use my story, but if it is not acceptable please return it.

And don't use the name of the anthor, if it is acepted, or tell the name.

The Times is sorry this promising young writer has imposed these limitations, as otherwise we might be tempted to publish a few samples from the story, the literary style of which is certainly unique. But without the name of its gifted author the tale would fall flat, for the fiction of to-day is judged, not so much by its quality as by the name, social standing, antecedents, personal peculiarities, and mental idiosyncrasies of the writer. Anonymous authorship is out of date. If the writer of "Roy's Jelousy will send stamps for the return of the manuscript, accompanied by her photograph and a sketch along the lines suggested above, this g.f.j. will have no trouble whatever in disposing of the story.

A SPLENDID REPORT

Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto Loan and Savings Co.

We congratulate the shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company on the report which was presented at the annual general meeting of the Company, held at the Head Office, Peterborough, on Tuesday last.

The report speaks for itself. It is one that reflects the greatest credit on Mr. W. G. Morrow, the popular and and efficient manager, as well as on the Board of Directors.

On the Right Way.

ALMOST every man who has been successful has written an article for some magazine on how he did it, or been interviewed by some newspaper, but all this information has been scattered carelessly abroad, so that just when we want to know what to do, or the right step to take, we cannot lay our hands on the particular species of advice which we remember to have read. The result is that we stumble along as best we can, and probably make the very mistake of our lives, all for want of knowing what Caleb Coupon did at this point.

The writer hopes herewith to supply this deficiency, as he has kept a record of the principal necessities laid down from time to time by great men who have given the results of their experience, and lays them before the reader, to follow closely and not shirk.

To begin with, you should select for a birthplace a dingy-looking little farmhouse, on the outskirts of a clearing. Log cabins have gone out of date. At one time they were quite fashionable, but something a trifle better is now demanded. As time goes on, who knows? Maybe some of our great men will be born in the "Ladies' Home Journal" three-thousand-dollar country houses. This, however, is a remote contingency.

Be good to your mother. While the other boys of the neighborhood are playing hookey, marbles and baseball, you will be doing chores around the house. This, however, does not imply a goodness in any other way. You will, of course, avoid going to Sunday-school, and when you are not sawing wood and laying the foundation of the wonderful constitution which is afterwards to carry you through life, you will be reading a few well-chosen books, such as the dictionary, the Bible, and one or two good comic papers. You will find the jokes useful later when you are called upon to make after-dinner speeches.

You can then take your choice of "struggling" through college or leaving the farm with a dollar in your pocket. Better leave college alone, however, as it teaches you a lot of superfluous things you may regret. Many a man who might have accumulated a large fortune has spoiled it all by going through college and learning to love other things more than money. The best plan is to come to New York with a dollar in your pocket. Go at once to the leading savings bank and deposit seventy-five cents. Live on the balance until you get work. As soon as you get work, save at least seventy-five per cent. of your wages, if you can; or, better still, ninety per cent. You will thus acquire habits of frugality, which will be a source of happiness to you throughout your whole life.

At the end of a few years you will have saved up a few thousands, and your success is now assured. Do not gamble. Robbing is not only safer and surer, but it is legal. Protected by the laws of your country, you can feel entirely safe. Reorganize a railroad, start a small trust, or get acquainted in Washington. When you get to be seventy you ought to be worth at least a hundred millions. You can then make a bluff at giving it all away, and be quoted as saying that it is wicked for a rich man to leave anything behind him.—Tom Masson.

Mr. Balfour on Illustration.

"There are books," said Mr. Arthur Balfour, at the dinner given to Sir John Tenniel in London the other evening "in which the text is a mere otiose and almost unnecessary appendage to the illustrations. There are other books, still larger in number, in which the illustration is an impertinent intrusion upon the attention of the reader, distracting his mind from the literary masterpiece with which he is concerned, and intruding alien and unsympathetic ideas to disturb the current of his thoughts. Those books are numerous. But there is a third class of book in which the illustration and the text are so intimately connected, in which the marriage between the two is so happy and so complete, that you cannot conceive the text adequately without the illustrations any more than you could conceive the illustrations unelucidated by the text. Our guest of this evening is one of the happy creators of this kind of illustration. There are books known to all of us in which it would be as impossible to forget the illustrator as it is impossible—and I hope it will be long impossible—to forget the author." Of course, the book was "Alice in Wonderland."

Stage Asides.

Fanny Kemble once gave a most amusing instance of the extent to which "stage whispering" may be carried on unknown to the audience. It was in a well-known theater, and "Romeo and Juliet" was the play.

Romeo was at the words (stage version, not Shakespeare's), "Quick let me snatch thee to thy Romeo's arms," when he pounced upon her, and lifting her up bodily staggered down the stage.

"Let me go," she whispered, "you've got me up horribly; let me down," but all in vain. The climax came at the passage, "Tear not my heart-strings thus; they break, they crack, Juliet" (still the stage version), when——

Juliet (to corpse)—Am I smothering you?

Corpse—Not at all; but could you, do you think, be so kind as to put my wig on again for me?—it is falling off.

Juliet (to corpse)—I am afraid I cannot; but I'll throw my muslin veil over it. You have broken the vial, have you?

Corpse—No, indeed.

Juliet—Where's the dagger?

Corpse—'Pon my soul, I don't know.

All these "asides" went on unknown to the audience in the very crisis of the tragedy.

Just Think of It!

In the last "Berichte," Nencki and Marchlewski describe the very interesting discovery of the close chemical relationship existing between the red coloring matter of the blood and the green chlorophyl of plants. Haematoporphyrin, a derivative of haemoglobin, and phyllocyanin obtained from chlorophyl, both yield on reduction haemopyrrol, which is probably an isobutyl or methyl propyl pyrrol."

Itching, Burning, Skin Diseases Cured for Thirty-five Cents.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors. 35c—47

Sold by H. H. Dinsdale.

Curious Bits of News.

It is said that there is now little hope of discovering an unknown First Folio Shakespeare, as all the libraries of England have been ransacked. Nevertheless whenever a First Folio comes to the surface and is sold at auction the search begins anew. No wonder! The copy sold in London the other day brought $8,600.

A pension worth while is that to be enjoyed by J. A. Fillmore, who has resigned the position of manager of the Pacific system of the Southern Pacific Railway after almost a lifetime of meritorious service. He will be paid one thousand dollars a month till the end of the year and a pension of five hundred dollars a month thereafter as long as he lives.

Otani Kozui, a young Buddhist priest who is kinsman to the Mikado, is about to leave England, where he has been for some time past, and will come to America to still further study Christianity and Christian institutions. His family tree has traceable roots as far back as two thousand six hundred and fifty years ago, he represents the richest and most advanced sect in Japan and he will one day rule over thousands of temples in that country.

The captain of an ocean steamer is often warned of the proximity of icebergs by the men in the engine-room. When a ship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster, and as such water surrounds the vicinity of icebergs for many miles the engineers know that when the propeller's action is greatly accelerated without any increase of the steam power icebergs may be expected. Of course, the thermometer is the most useful indicator of icebergs.

A curious custom exists in the Prussian royal family of selecting every July a half dozen deserving young couples too poor to marry, and to have them wedded in the garrison church at Potsdam on the anniversary of the death of Queen Louise of Prussia. After the ceremony each bride received a gift of a sum equivalent to about $115 and a handsome family Bible. The function took place, as usual, a short time ago, in the presence of Princess Margarethe, the eldest unmarried daughter of the Prussian royal family.

Some time ago the old trysting oak in Harthill Walk, so frequently mentioned in "Ivanhoe," was felled to the ground in order to preserve the trunk. The tree was one of the oldest in England, and is described by Scott as being venerable when siege was laid to the castle of Torquilstone. The tree stood on the estate of the Duke of Leeds, whose agent, Mr. Mosey, is devoted to Scott. By his instructions the tree was taken down, and the trunk will be preserved on the lawn in front of Mr. Mosey's house. A young oak tree is to be planted by the Duchess of Leeds on the site of the trysting tree.

The meaning of the word "humph" was recently the subject of judicial decision in the Irish Court of Appeal. Mr. Justice Madden and Mr. Justice Boyd held that "humph," as used by Sir Walter Scott and Miss Austen in their novels, was an expression of dissent, while the Lord Chief Justice and Mr Justice Burton inclined to the conclusion that "humph" only meant a "dissatisfied condition of the mind." The Court of Appeal has now decided that the word is "an expression of doubt or dissatisfaction," or, as Lord Justice Walker put it, in the words of the "Century Dictionary," "a grunt of dissatisfaction."

The Sultan's decree that Turkish children shall not be educated in "the foreign way" any longer and that Turkish women shall not be allowed to have Christian companions has been received with different feelings, it is said. Several high officials are deeply displeased by the order, but one highly educated woman of rank, wife of a dignitary, is quoted as saying that her own experience had convinced her that it was much better to have no education than to learn what life might be, yet have to spend it in a harem. She had refused, therefore, to allow her own daughters to be educated as she had been, and regards the Sultan's decree as a wise one.

A curious phenomenon was observed at the village of Le Ghazil, in the French Alps, recently. One day, towards evening, the inhabitants were disturbed by a loud rumbling in the vicinity of Mont Farand which increased in intensity. Looking toward the scene of the disturbance, the villagers were further startled by seeing bright flashes of fire. At first the unusual spectacle was attributed to volcanic agencies, and a party of civil engineers set out to examine the cause of the phenomenon. They discovered that the intense dry heat had caused the chalk rocks on the summit of the mountain to crack and to break away in all directions. These rocks had descended the mountain like an avalanche, and being thickly veined with silex, in descending they had struck one another with terrific force, scattering brilliant showers of sparks in all directions, with such a rapidity that they resembled one single sheet of flame.

Cheap Meals.

"About the cheapest restaurant I ever visited or read about," said a man lately returned from England, "was a dining saloon in the Whitechapel district of London, where a relishing and fairly substantial meal may be had for a halfpenny, or one cent in our money. This cheap repast is not served up in the shape of a cut from a joint and two vegetables. It is a big brown pie, very juicy and very hot. The absence of beefsteak is evident when you cut the pie, but you find inside a liberal sprinkling of sheep's liver, onions and turnips, and a plentiful supply of gravy. For a halfpenny extra two slices of bread and a cup of tea are supplied. Between the hours of twelve and two the poor and hungry from all parts of the East End of the city flock to the dining-room. Most of the patrons are shoeblacks, penny toy men, costermongers, and now and then young clerks whose salaries will not permit them to indulge in a more costly dinner."

It turns out that the late fire in the Sultan's palace was the result of a plot among the ladies of the harem. Too many wives can generally be depended on to make things warm for a man.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

At North Berwick, near Edinburgh, the other day, a golfer whose ardor is greatly in advance of his skill got into difficulties at the second hole. Repeated "foozles" left his ball badly "cupped" on the brink of a bunker. He turned to his caddie in despair. Said he: "I've tried my brassie, and my cleek, and my mashie, and none of them will lift out that ball. What should you say I should take now?" "Sir," was the perfectly respectful and sympathetic response, "I wad mysel' be taking, were it just me mysel', the four-twenty train back to Edinburgh." And he did.

Perfect Health

Is within the reach of almost every woman. The weakness, nervousness and irritability from which so many women suffer is in general due to disease of the delicate womanly organism. When the disease is cured the general health is re-established.

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It promotes regularity, dries disagreeable and enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When these diseases are cured, headache, backache, nervousness and weakness are cured also.

"I was very weak and nervous when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' about a year ago," writes Mrs. M. E. Everetts, of 89 Oxford Street, Woodstock, Ont. "I had been suffering for seven long months, and had taken medicine from a physician all the time, but it seemed to make me feel much worse. My stomach was so bad (so my doctor told me), and my nerves were in such a state that I would start at the least noise. I felt irritable at all times; was not able to do any of my own housework; had to keep help all the time. How I suffered God and myself alone know. I was greatly discouraged when I commenced taking your medicines, but the first bottle seemed to help me. I took five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. I can highly recommend these medicines to all who suffer as I did. I never had better health than I now enjoy, and it is all owing to Dr. Pierce's medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Anecdotal.

According to "Harper's Magazine," a certain teacher of English in a school of high rank in her native State, Mississippi, who, in spite of her vivacity in conversation, is perhaps, if anything, too fastidious in her choice of words, was spending the summer at the New York Chautauqua. Her flow of spirits made her the delight of the dining-table at which she was first seated, but at the end of a fortnight she was moved by her landlady to another place. A lady from Boston who had been sitting opposite the Southerner expressed her regret at the change. "I am so sorry you are going to leave us," she said, with warmth; "we have all enjoyed your dialect so much."

Mr. Baring Gould tells a story about the Vicar of Helland, Cornwall, and his neighbor, the Vicar of Blisland. The former was going to London, and hoped that the Archdeacon of Cornwall could be induced to take his service on the Sunday following so that he might stay away a few extra days. He left it to his neighbor at Blisland to negotiate the little arrangement, and asked to be informed how things went by telegram. All went well; and the Vicar of Blisland gave in a telegram at the nearest office: "The Archdeacon of Cornwall is going to Helland. You need not return." But when delivered in London the words were thus divided: "The Archdeacon of Cornwall is going to Hell; and you need not return."

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an English publishing house was responsible the other day for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later, with the following endorsement: "In Heaven, ——, 1901. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

When asked what he thought of a certain captain who frequented the Essex links, a Scotch caddie said: "Weel, sir, he's a verra nice gentleman an' a good gaufer, but he's awfu' nerra—awfu' nerra." "Narrow! What do you mean, Donald?" "Weel, sir, it wis this way. Efter the game was ower, and I had carried his clubs up tae the house, he says: 'Donald, will ye hae a draw?' and I said: 'I do be verra pleased,' so he gets the bottle, an' he pourin' awa' intae a glass, an' I wantin' tae be genteel, says: 'Stop! stop'—an' he stopped."

What to do with Jefferson Davis should he be captured, was a problem that puzzled Lincoln's Cabinet not a little. In speaking of it to General Grant one day, the President remarked: "There was once an Irishman who had signed the Father Mathew temperance pledge. Going into a saloon to get a glass of lemonade to quench his thirst, he leaned over and whispered to the barkeeper: 'And couldn't you put a little brandy in it unbeknownst to meself?' So," continued Mr. Lincoln, "let Davis escape all unbeknown to yourself if you can."

L. R. Stockwell, the popular actor, says that some years ago in San Francisco, when Peter Jackson, the colored pugilist, was a feature in a revival of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "Bill" Nye was to have lectured at the Baldwin Theater, but was greeted by so small an audience that he excused himself and went over to hear Jackson talking of the pearly gates to Little Eva. After the performance Stockwell met Nye in the lobby of the theater, and he exclaimed: "Hello, Nye! What did you think of Peter?" "Well," responded the humorist, dryly, "anatomically he was great, but Uncle Tomically he is the worst I ever saw."

At the Lotus Club dinner to Ambassador Choate, Senator Chauncey M. Depew told a story on Mr. Choate which caused the assemblage to roar with laughter. The occasion he referred to was a dinner given in New York some years ago to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and head of the Clan Gordon. The earl attended in full regalia, "the wearing of which," said the senator, "consists in leaving off some articles of dress we deem quite essential." He continued: "At the dinner I sat on the earl's right. Choate was next me. Just after the earl seated himself, Choate whispered to me: 'Chauncey, are Aberdeen's legs really bare?' I raised the table-cloth cautiously, and gave that scratch that all Scotchmen appreciate, and said: 'Yes, Joe, they are.' When Choate got up to speak, he said: 'Gentlemen, my invitation did not convey to me the information that the Earl of Aberdeen was to be here to-night in full regalia. If I had known it I would have left my trousers at home.' Well, you never saw a madder crowd of Scotchmen. They thought it a reflection on the national costume of the earl, who had done the diners honor to appear in it. Well, four years have passed since then, and now the earl regards that as a joke, and tells it at least once a day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year."

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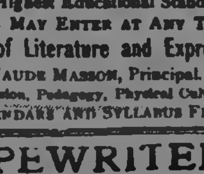

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A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial usage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done oncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Doogias have hat his eye on der President chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Doogias if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

A Pathetic Appeal.

THE following plea for judicial mercy, sent to "Law Notes" by a correspondent, will be found brimful of pathos: Ex parte Samuel Rice.

To the Hon. H. A. Sharpe, Judge of the City Court of Birmingham, in Equity: Your petitioner, Samuel Rice, of Mobile, Ala., would deferentially represent that on January 16, in the year of grace 1891, your honor dissolved the connubial ties theretofore existing between petitioner and his consort, Annie Rice, granting her a divorce a vinculo et matrimonii, with the beatific privilege thereunto annexed of marrying again, a privilege, it goes without saying, she availed herself of with an alacrity of spirit and a fastidious levity disdaining pursuit; but on this vital point your honor extended to petitioner only the charity of your silence.

Petitioner has found in his own experience a truthful exemplification of Holy Scripture, "that it is not well for man to be alone," and seeing an inviting opportunity to superbly ameliorate his forlorn condition, by a second nuptial venture, he finds himself circumvallated by an Ossa Pelion obstacle, which your honor alone has power to remove.

His days rapidly verging on the sere and yellow leaf, the fruits and flowers of love all going; the worm, the canker, and the grief in sight, with no one to love and none to caress him, petitioner feels an indescribable yearning, longing and heaving to plunge his adventurous prow once more into the vexed waters of the sea of Connubiality: Wherefore, other refuge having none, and wholly trusting to the tender benignity and sovereign discretion of your honor, petitioner humbly prays that in view of the accompanying fiats of a great cloud of reputable citizens, giving him a phenomenally good name and fair fame, you will have compassion on him, and relieve him of the hymeneal disability under which his existence has become a burden, by awarding him the like privilege of marrying again; thus granting him a happy issue out of the Red Sea of troubles into which a pitiless fate has whelmed him. For, comforting as the velvety touch of an angel's palm to the fever-racked brow, and soothing as the strains of an Aeolian harp when swept by the fingers of the nightwind, and dear as those ruddy drops that visit these sad hearts of ours, and sweet as sacramental wine to dying lips, it is when life's fitful fever is ebbing to its close to pillow one's aching head on some fond wifely bosom and breathe his life out gently there.

And in duty bound to attain the possibility of compassing such a measureless benediction, petitioner will pray without ceasing, in accents as loud and earnest as ever issued from celibatarian lips.

SAMUEL RICE, Petitioner.

A Familiar Odor.

Senator William E. Mason of Illinois is a good campaigner and a great stump speaker, relates the New York "Times." His wit and eloquence are not of the most refined order, but they are just the thing to catch a crowd. Mason is never at a loss for a retort, and enjoys being interrupted in a speech. During one of his campaigns he was getting his usual share of interruptions in a speech he was delivering. Mason was enjoying himself, and was making a great hit with the majority of the crowd. There was one man, however, who tangled Mason up somewhat. This man had imbibed more alcohol than was good for him. He was on the outskirts of the crowd, and he was asking Mason questions in a thick voice. The Senator could not catch the questions, and as he did not at first know what was the matter with the fellow, he stopped and attempted to catch the question each time. He always failed, and this led to several awkward pauses. At last Mason became irritated. The next time an interruption came from the intoxicated one, Mason asked:

"Who are you?"

"Don't you know me, Billy?" came the answer, in maudlin and swaying tones.

Mason paused. "My friend," said he, in a measured and metallic voice, "I don't recognize your face, but your breath is familiar."

An All-Around Hit.

A certain government officer was noted for being a hard taskmaster to those who were under him, the servants in his own establishment being no exception. His valet was expected to be on duty three hundred and sixty-five full days in the year.

Being detailed to accompany a scientific expedition on an extended cruise, the officer unbent a little in communicating the news to his personal attendant.

"Well, James," he said, "how would you like to go with me around the world?"

"Do we go from east to west, sir?" asked the valet.

"Yes."

"We lose a day in going that way, don't we?"

"We do."

"Well, sir, I'd like it first-rate. It would give me one day off."

Returned For the Pan.

Only the experienced and methodical housekeeper knows the agony of the woman whose maid forgets her tray while performing the ceremonious obligations of the house. That the importance of the tray is recognized in Milwaukee is evidenced by the relation, by the "Sentinel," of the horror which seized upon a fashionable mistress while listening to conversation in the hall.

The maid had just arrived, and had been solemnly instructed as to the necessity of carrying the silver card-tray when answering the door-bell. It was an "At Home" day, and the domestic, in immaculate cap and apron, rushed to the door at the first tinkle. The caller proved to be the most imposing representative of the very upper set.

"Sure, an' she's in," said Mary, affably, in answer to the usual enquiry, and started upstairs. Halfway up she turned and rushed madly back, snatched the card-tray from the table, and holding it out to the astonished visitor, exclaimed:

"And wasn't I after forgettin' me pan!"

One of the oddest of recent inventions is a refrigerating egg, as it might be called. It is an ovoid capsule of nickel-plated copper, about the size and shape of a hen's egg, hollow and nearly filled with ice. If you have a glass of milk that is not cold enough, you do not like to put ice into it, because dilution with water spoils the beverage. But, if you have one of these eggs handy, you may drop it into the glass, and in a few moments the liquid is reduced to the desired temperature. In the same way you may cool your cup of coffee, if it is too hot, and the idea is equally applicable to any other fluids.

Caressing in Public.

"THE woman who bestows her caresses in public," says Ella Wheeler Wilcox, in dealing with a letter from a husband who considers his wife too demonstrative, "is like the woman who wears diamonds at breakfast, or goes shopping in an evening gown. A demonstrative nature, coupled with loyalty, is a jewel of rarest price for a man to possess in a wife, but he wants it set in the gold of good sense, and clasped with good taste. I do not believe in a love which hides itself from all observers, nor do I approve of a love which displays itself to crowds in public places.

"I think when the heart is full of genuine emotion it must express itself at times in a look, a word, an act, irrespective of place or surroundings, which indicates the source from which it came. The man or woman who is always cold or indifferent to another before people cannot be an ardent or genuine lover in private. Something is lacking in the nature that never reveals itself in the least degree in the presence of a third party. But men are exceedingly sensitive to public opinion, in these matters particularly, and the wife who continually offends good taste and her husband in such a case must lack tact and refinement. It is a peculiar difference in the masculine and feminine mentality that a man resents having the public share in the least his domestic happiness, while a woman glories in it. The moment outsiders say, 'How in love with you she is!' a man's affection for a woman lessens; while a woman's increases when the world says, 'How he adores you!'"

Some Unique Advice.

In these nervous modern days, when "depression," "prostration," "melancholia," "rest-cure," and "Weir Mitchell" are household words in so many families, this concise bit of advice concerning depression and low spirits will interest many. It is from the letters of Sydney Smith, clergyman, social philosopher and wit:

"Foston, February 16, 1820.

"Dear Lady Georgiana—Nobody has suffered from low spirits more than I have done—so I feel for you.

"1st—Live as well as you dare.

"2nd—Go into the shower-bath with a small quantity of water at a temperature low enough to give you a slight sensation of cold, 75 degrees or 80 degrees.

"3rd—Amusing books.

"4th—Short views of human life—not further than dinner or tea.

"5th—Be as busy as you can.

"6th—See as much as you can of those friends who respect and like you.

"7th—And of those acquaintances who amuse you.

"8th—Make no secret of low spirits to your friends, but talk of them freely—they are always worse for dignified concealment.

"9th—Attend to the effects tea and coffee produce upon you.

"10th—Compare your lot with that of other people.

"11th—Don't expect too much from human life—a sorry business at the best.

"12th—Avoid poetry, dramatic representations (except comedy), music, serious novels, melancholy, sentimental people, and everything likely to excite feeling or emotion not ending in active benevolence.

"13th—Do good, and endeavor to please everybody of every degree.

"14th—Be as much as you can in the open air without fatigue.

"15th—Make the room where you commonly sit gay and pleasant.

"16th—Struggle by little and little against idleness.

"17th—Don't be too severe upon yourself, or underrate yourself, but do yourself justice.

"18th—Keep good blazing fires.

"19th—Be firm and constant in the exercise of rational religion.

"20th—Believe me, dear Lady Georgiana,

"Very truly yours,
"SYDNEY SMITH."

This mixture of gastric, psychic, social, hygienic, philosophic and religious advice is most striking.

Slips of Authors.

Even experienced writers sometimes make their characters do astounding things. When Anthony Trollope pictured Andy Scott as "coming whistling up the street with a cigar in his mouth" he proved that he had never made personal experiment of the double feat of smoking a cigar and whistling a tune. Robinson Crusoe also performed a most wonderful feat. When he decided to abandon the wreck and try to swim ashore he took the precaution to remove all his clothes, and yet by some strange magic, of which the secret has been lost, the author makes him, when in this condition of Nature, fill his pockets with biscuits.

The great Shakespeare had a trick of introducing the most glaring anachronisms. For instance, he makes a clock strike in ancient Rome at a time, more than a thousand years before clocks were invented, when such an event would certainly have been the eighth wonder of the world.

Quite regardless of the evidence of geography, he transports Bohemia to the seaside; and he introduces a printing-press long before the days of Gutenberg. He calmly introduces a billiard table into Cleopatra's palace, and makes cannon familiar to King John and his Barons.

Thackeray was no mean rival to Shakespeare in vagaries of this kind; but in his case they appear to have been the result of pure carelessness and forgetfulness. The most flagrant case, perhaps, is where, after burying Lady Kew and effectively dismissing her from the story, he brings her to life again to help him out with his plot; and in other cases his capacity for mixing up the names of his characters is confusing, considering the number he introduces.

Emile Zola, in spite of his carefulness, makes the astonishing statement in one of his novels ("Lourdes") that the deaf and dumb recovered their hearing and sight, an event which savors very much of the miraculous.

Teacher—If you can get a bun for a halfpenny, what can you get for a penny? Johnny (eagerly)—A tea-cake?—"Pick-Me-Up."

The following advertisement is from the Tokio "Nippon" (newspaper): "I am a beautiful woman. My abundant undulating hair envelops me as a cloud. Supple as a willow is my waist. Soft and brilliant is my visage as the satin of the flowers. I am endowed with wealth sufficient to saunter through life hand in hand with my beloved. Were I to meet a gracious lord, kindly, intelligent, well educated, and of good taste, I would unite myself with him for life, and later share with him the pleasure of being laid to rest eternal in a tomb of pink marble."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Historic Black Hole of Calcutta.

THE historic site of the Calcutta Black Hole is being worthily dealt with by Lord Curzon. The ugly brick and plaster gate leading from Dalhousie Square into the Post-office precincts is, it is understood, being demolished, immediately in front of the historical spot. A gate of light and elegant ironwork is being erected in its place. Immediately behind this gate, through which even when shut anyone can see, His Excellency has had the square site of the Black Hole paved with polished black marble, specially ordered from Italy. This space is surrounded by a low iron railing on a slight stone plinth. On the red brick wall of the Post-office building above there is an inscription, in gilt letters on black marble, visible from the street, describing the site and its restoration. Lord Curzon has had the entire outlines of the old Fort William—the bastions, the curtain, the gate, and the ravelin—marked out by brass lines let into a hard stone. At intervals white marble tablets affixed into the walls above inform the public what is commemorated, also to the building containing the still surviving brick arches of the famous old fort. Next winter, moreover, a new monument of white marble will be erected on the site of the old obelisk raised by Holwell, the survivor and historian of the Black Hole tragedy. Lord Curzon will rewrite the inscriptions upon it, inserting the many names of the victims that have recently been recovered, and omitting the somewhat truculent reference to the Nawab Surajud Dowlah, the author of the atrocity. Excavations have been made to see if there were any remains of the sufferers, but nothing has been discovered. By all this, by his magnificent scheme of the Victoria Memorial Hall at the base of the Ochterlony, and by his purchase of the Metcalfe Hall and its fine library, to which an imperial library is being added under an expert from the British Museum, the present Viceroy is doing a work too long neglected, and worthy of our Indian Empire. A special journal of the Victoria Memorial is to be brought out during the three or four years while it is being built, to bring in suggestions and help.

Domestic Ethics.

FULLY realising how difficult it is for the ordinary man to manage even an ordinary wife, Max O'Rell comes forward with some carefully-considered advice. "If your wife loses her temper, keep cool as a cucumber and enjoy the scene. If you are jealous, do not let her see it, for it will make her proud. If she is late don't scold. Tell her it is much better to have her late than not at all. Next time go without her. The cure is infallible." On the virtue of industry M. Blouet is equally emphatic. His advice practically is to assume this virtue if you have it not. "If you have nothing to do," he writes, "tell her you have to be very busy all the morning, and 'will she be kind enough to see you are not disturbed?' Then lock the door, light a cigar, and take a paper or a book, and be fearfully busy all the time." Next in this charming code of ethics comes the advice to never remind your wife of a favor done, for gratitude, like love, is not to be had for the asking. Never ask your wife for the return of a loan. She would think it shabby of you. If she should return it (there are some extraordinary women), give it back to her in the shape of a jewel. This will cost you nothing, as you had made up your mind to the loss of that loan." A hint to notice a woman's new clothes, and to treat her with the same respect and politeness everywhere as accorded to any other lady acquaintance, is followed by a few emphatic remarks on the "ethics of deshabille." "Shame her by the irreproachableness of your own appearance" is the prescription for dealing with the woman who appears in curlers. "If she is intelligent she will take the hint at once. Let your neglige at home be as carefully put on as your best dress coat. Love feeds on even such trifles as these in the case of people of a refined and artistic temperament."

Oriental Compliments.

An amusing trait in human nature is the mutual contempt with which nations regard each other. It is a trait which can be traced back as far as history extends. The Greeks called the outside world barbarians; the Romans scoffed at the Greeks, and the Egyptians regarded other people as no better than slaves.

In our days the contempt we exhibit for Oriental nations is mild compared with their contempt for us. The Turks are but little behind the Chinese in this respect, their ordinary designation of a Christian being a "dog."

When the first Dutch ambassador was sent to the Porte, he visited the Sultan.

"What does the dog want?" asked the Sultan.

This was translated in a speech full of ornate Oriental compliments, and the ambassador replied in the same strain.

"Let the dog feed," answered the Sultan; "and when the dog is fed, kick the dog out."

The ambassador was delighted with the Sultan's compliments. The Sultan felt that he had held his own, and the treaty was signed next day.

Words Coined in Boston.

When Boston was three years old, the word "coasting," in the sense of sliding down an inclined plane, was used for the first time by the Court of Assistance. The term "lumber" appeared first in the town records in 1663, being employed to designate the embarrassment caused by the "lumbering" up of the streets at a time when the settlers were doing a great business in forest products. Schooner, sleigh, harness, phaeton, carry-all, barge, currency, tender, sinking-fund, depreciation, appreciation, caucus (1740), labor trust (1741), unconstitutionality, gerrymander, warden, unconstitutional, immigrant, and chromo, are all Yankee words that have been imitated.

Nimrod—Come and go fishing.

Dunce—How dare you ask me to go fishing on Sunday; besides, I have to play golf.—Ohio State "Journal."

Schoolboy Humor.

Not the Less Sidesplitting From the Fact That it is Unconscious.

TO the majority of people, perhaps, a schoolmaster's life appears monotonous and uneventful, remarks "Chambers' Journal," but to one who is apt to look upon the humorous side of things this is far from being the fact. Most boys are careless, irresponsible creatures, certainly; but there is a fund of genuine, unadulterated humor in the average boy. A schoolmaster of fifteen years' standing writes: "I have corrected, I might say, a few thousand examination papers in my time. Some of the answers to questions set are wonderfully funny and original—unconsciously funny." The following are specimens:

A boy, aged ten, thus answers a question as to the cause of the Transvaal disturbances: "Krugger and Kannerbulism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin' come out and fite or else give up the blud of the English you have took. he is a boardutchman and wickid heethin. lord Kitchener has sent for his goary blud and to bring back his scanderious hed ded or alive."

An essay on Gladstone by a boy of eleven states: "Mr. Gladstone lovd everybody. he lovd publicans and cinners and irishmen. he wanted the irish to come to England and have home rool, but Mr. Chamberlin says, no, no. so alars he got his blud up and kilid Mr. Parnel. Mr. Gladstone died with great rispect and is buried in Westminster with pieceful ashes."

Rather ambiguous is this description of Queen Elizabeth by another boy: "Queen Elizabeth was a vurgin queen and she was never marrid. she was so fond of dresses that she was never seen without one on. she was beautefull and clever with a red hed and freckles."

The boy writer of the following is decidedly backward in his Tennyson. Concerning the late poet laureate he writes: "Tenyson wrote butelfull poims with long hair and studid so much that he sed mother will you call me airly dear? his most graitist poim is called the idle king. he was made a lord but he was a good man and wrote many hoads. he luvd our dear Queen so much that he made a poim to her called the fairy Queen."

Another boy wishes to become an editor. In an essay on "The Choice of a Profession," he gives his reasons in these words: "A editur is always a happy man because he can read luvly tales and artikels all day and pages of sweet luv poems. A good editur has branes, but it must be very sad for him having to read melankolle stories of luv so as to make him allmost weep with tears from his eyes. a editur is a rich man because he never pays for artikels and so has all this interiect for nothing."

One could hardly put the following ideas of a certain youth on "Honesty" to a practical use: "It is a nobel thing to be a honist man. If you are a honist man you can look the world in its face and never be ashamed of the devill. it is good to be honist when sum one is looking becaws you may get a reeward. I know a churchwarding who is a honist man who collects money on Sunday in his black clothes. if you are honist when you are young you may grow to be rich and the lord mare and then of caws it dusn't matter."

This is from an essay on "My Hero:" "My hero is my father because he is a Christyun clergyman. my father says o my son gro up like your father and rispect yourself because nobody else will rispect you. I am goin' to be a clergyman because my father says I am a ass in school and have no branes to get a livin' in biznies."

Shakespeare is hardly appreciated by the young hopeful who writes:—"Shakespeare was a famus poit and poachur. he wrote luvly plase called the tame shrew, hamblet and a scotch piece called Macdoogul. In Shakespeares time some of the plase were very rude but now everything is so polite that a innercent father can take his baby and it wont disgust it. Shakespeare was so ill when he died that he cried out oh my cursid bones."

One youth, who is a poet in embryo, is a great admirer of Longfellow. "Longfellow," he says, "wrote a grate poem called 'The brik.' he butefully poemises in this way—I stood on a brik at midnight and gazed at the clock for an hour."

A boy, mourning the loss of an uncle, writes the following letter to his master: "Dear Reverend Sir, I am injoying my holidays and have only been ill twice. my unkel died with being old in three days larst week, and we have had a plesant fewneral. I want to work in my arithmetic sir as you sed but it would be wicked if I did it with a ded unkel, my father says if I dont get a prise next term sumthing will happen—I am Your rispectabul pupil

"JOHN."

New Stories Are Scarce.

Tim Murphy, the actor, and Henry Watterson, the editor, met in the corridor of a Washington hotel the other day.

"What is your latest story?" the actor asked.

"No such thing as a new story now," growled Watterson. "It is impossible to keep a story good for two days. What's the use of thinking up new stories when they get spread all over the country between daylight and dawn? Why, sir, do you know that it is impossible to keep a good story as your own property. It's these blank telegraph operators who like good stories better than anybody. Suppose Chauncey Depew has a good story in New York. He tells it. Some telegraph operator hears it, and that night when things are quiet on the wire he asks the fellow at San Francisco or Denver or Timbuctoo if he has heard the latest, and then he ticks it off. Every man along the line hears it and ticks it off to the fellow he is working with, and by daylight the new story is the property of the wide, wide world. New story? Faugh!"

"William," said the lady of the house, "will you mail these invitations for me the first thing this morning?" "Going to give a party?" "I have engaged a new kitchen girl for the first of next week, and I thought I would show her that we start with no ill-feeling by giving a pink tea for her Monday afternoon."—Indianapolis "News."

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out: "Oh, be jabers, she's drowned!"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
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The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles
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$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.
Address—
LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
BUHL BLOCK,
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ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise
If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

THE TIMES

Advertise
There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise
If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise
If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise
Do not believe that there is no body to buy. Transactions are made every day by those who

Advertise
If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed). T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Purest Groceries,
Closest Prices,
Quality the Best.

Satisfaction Absolutely Guaranteed.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 270 • 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 3, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market on Saturday was very small.

—A pipe awaits an owner at the police station.

—We have to thank Ald. J. J. Turner for some English papers.

—The Canadian Cordage Company expect to start work in their factory on April 1st.

—The Jory case at the County police court, will be resumed to-day at 10 a.m.

—The Orangemen of East Peterborough will celebrate the 12th of July at Havelock this year.

—The chief has received an anonymous letter signed Citizen. He would like "Citizen" to call and see him. His information will be received confidentially.

—Over 150 new members were initiated at the meeting of the Federation of Labor on Friday night. The membership now numbers over one thousand.

—No. 6 Company of the 57th regiment, will begin the drill season to-night, and a large turn-out is expected. All ex-members are requested to be on hand.

—Whiten has some lovely photos at the entrance to his studio. Have you seen them? When you want the best work go to Whiten's. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 156 Hunter street, west.

The Knights of the Maccabees will give a concert to-night in their hall on Water street. A very pleasant evening is anticipated. The chair will be occupied by Dr. Mallory, of Colborne, Supreme Medical Examiner of the Institution.

—The cash prizes offered by the W. C. T. U. for the highest number of marks taken in science classes by school pupils during 1901, will be awarded in the Y.M.C.A. building to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. A good programme of music etc., has been prepared. A silver collection will be taken.

—Hastings Star:—A letter from Haliburton county, about one hundred miles north of Hastings, informs us that there is only about eighteen inches of snow there, and that a number of shanties in that and Bracebridge districts have had to break up for want of snow.

—As an advertisement test, we offer to anyone who will clip this advertisement out, and bring it to the Times Bookstore on Saturday, and make a purchase of 25c. in any line of goods we carry, we will give one novel absolutely free of charge. 3 books to choose from. Don't forget the date, Saturday, 1st March. Mail orders will have prompt attention.

—A convention of the prohibitionists of the County, will be held in Peterborough on Thursday, March 13. The first session will be held in the Y.M.C.A. building at 2 p.m., for the reception of reports from delegates to the convention at Toronto. Mr. W. W. Buchanan will also be present. The evening session will be held in the opera house at 8 p.m., when Mr. Buchanan and others will be present and address the meeting.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Father Phelan, of Young's Point, was in town on Saturday.

—Miss Laura Davidson has returned from a very pleasant visit to Toronto.

—Miss Mollie Shaw, daughter of Dr. Shaw, of Keene, is visiting in town.

—Mrs. Dr. Gray is visiting her mother, in Millbrook, for a couple of weeks.

—Mr. L. T. Best, of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, spent Sunday in town.

—Mr. Isaac Richardson, the well known drover of Millbrook, dropped into The Times on Saturday.

—Rev. John Edminson, who has been spending the past few days in town, has returned to his home.

—Mrs. J. H. Southard, of Souris, Man., who has been visiting friends in town, left for her home on Saturday.

—Mr. John Craig, the energetic and popular proprietor of the Craig House, Lakefield, was in town on Saturday.

—Mr. J. B. McWilliams, accompanied Mr. Theodore McWilliams, returned on Saturday from a trip to the Dickson Company's lumber camps.

—We had a pleasant call on Saturday from Mr. John Doherty, the genial proprietor of the Westwood House, Westwood. Mr. Doherty says that the roads are simply impassable in his section.

—Mr. O. B. Shortly, of Toronto, is spending a few days in town. Mr. Shortly has been appointed inspector of the Canada Life in the Ottawa district, with headquarters in Ottawa.

—Mr. Thos. Church, who was severely injured by a fall on Saturday of last week, and who has been in the Nicholls Hospital since Tuesday last, is rapidly improving, and will soon be out again.

Mr. J. H. Burnham lectured in Port Hope on Friday evening last, on the subject of "Patriotism" before a select audience. The chair was occupied by Rev. Dr. Symonds, who introduced the speaker in a few well-chosen words. At the conclusion of the address, a vote of thanks was passed for the literary treat afforded.

LOST

LOST—Between Simcoe and Townsend streets by way of Stewart st., a green leather purse containing a considerable sum of money. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times office.

Lecture at All Saints'

Rev. Canon McNab, M.A. of Toronto, will deliver a lecture illustrated with lime light views in All Saint's Church, this evening. The subject will be, "Bible scenes in our Lord's Ministry" which will be very interesting. Rev. Canon McNab is well known throughout the Province as a good speaker and a large number should hear his lecture to-night.

Stricken With Paralysis

The many Peterborough friends of Mr. F. G. Harris, formerly of the Times staff, and latterly city editor of the Rochester Herald, will regret to learn that he has been stricken with paralysis, and is not expected to recover. Mr. Harris left Peterborough some years ago to take the management of the Port Hope Times. When that paper was disposed of to its present owner, he removed to Rochester, N.Y., where he found employment on the Herald, and where his great ability secured him the responsible and lucrative position of city editor.

After Ten Months

On May 5th last, Mr. J. M. Brooks, of the Palace, lost a valuable dog. He at once advertised his loss in the Times and after ten months the dog has been recovered. It does not usually take so long for this great family journal to get its work in, but in this case the dog found its way to Lindsay, where it was identified by Mr. Brooks, who went there for the purpose, and who brought it home with him. One of our Lindsay subscribers, who had read the advertisement in the Times, notified Mr. Brooks that the dog was in Lindsay. So you see, it always pays to use the advertising columns of this paper. The hound no doubt preferred a backwoods place to Peterborough, on account of its hunting advantages.

W. C. T. U.

The cash prizes donated by the W.C. T.U. for the pupils who obtained the highest number of marks in the study of scientific temperance in the public schools during 1901, will be presented at a public meeting to be held at the Y.M.C.A. hall on Tuesday evening, March 4th, beginning at eight o'clock. The clergymen of the town and other leading citizens have been invited to take part. Short addresses will be given and good music may be expected. An urgent invitation is extended to parents and teachers. A collection will be taken up at close of meeting.

GET MAD

When Friends Tell the Truth

Many people become coffee topers before they realise it, and would be angry if thus described even by a close friend.

It will pay anyone to examine carefully into whether or not coffee has gained the mastery over them. A coffee toper may suspect that his or her ails come from coffee drinking, but they will invariably charge the disease to some other cause, for right down in the heart they realise that it would be practically impossible to give up coffee, so they hope against hope that it does not hurt them, but it goes right on with its work just the same and the result, is complete collapse and nervous prostration, lasting sometimes for years, unless the poison that causes the disease is discontinued.

There are hundreds of thousands of illustrations of the truth of this statement.

Any person addicted to coffee can make the change from common coffee to Postum Food Coffee without trouble provided the Postum is properly prepared so as to bring out the color, flavor and food value. It has a rich black brown color and changes to the golden brown when good cream is added.

The change will work wonders in any one whose nervous system or stomach has been unbalanced or disturbed by coffee.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

Sermons Delivered by Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Knox College

In St. Paul's church yesterday morning, the pulpit was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Knox College, Montreal. Mr. Wilson is a very distinct speaker, with a calm and ready delivery. His sermon was preached from Matthew 8 26—"And He saith unto him, Why are ye fearful, O ye of little faith? Then he arose, and rebuked the winds and the sea; and there was a great calm."

In the evening, Mr. Wilson again preached, taking as his text, Acts 5—29 'We ought to obey God rather than man,' Oh, that God would back home the truth of these words to each one of us. During the past two months we have been studying in the Sunday School lessons of the progress of the early Christian church. We take it from that great day of Penticost, where the Holy Spirit descended with such mighty power on Peter. We find him preaching with such a power that three thousand souls were led to accept his Christ. Then there followed such a religious fervor that people even sold their possessions and cast the money at the apostles' feet. We follow, Peter, John and other of the apostles as they perform their mighty miracles and work of healing as their Master had done before, bringing joy and gladness to hearts that were hitherto sad.

But whilst all this was going on and many were believing on Christ, the High Priests sent officers, who took the apostles and cast them in prison, forbidding them to speak in the name of Christ. The Council was called to sit in judgement on them; but what were stone walls and iron bars to them? It was a joy to them to suffer for their Master. What were prison walls and iron bars to the Lord whom they served? God sent to them an angel, who bade them go and preach the same glad tidings, and led them forth from the prison. In the morning, therefore, when the officers came to bring them before the Council, they found the prison shut in all safety, the guards on their watch as was their custom, but the prisoners had disappeared. When the High Priests were informed, they wondered what to do, fearing that the news of their miraculous deliverance should spread, and that the last error should be worse than the first. But a messenger arrived announcing that the apostles were again in the temple preaching the same message. Again the officers were sent and the offenders brought before the Council. Peter, as spokesman, addressed the High Priests, saying, We know that you told us not to preach; we know that you told us not to heal: but we ought to obey God rather than man.

Can this be the same Peter whom a few weeks before we see in the court of the High Priest's palace, cowering before the look of the maid who kept the door, cursing and swearing and denying any knowledge of Jesus, who stood a short distance off, needing his sympathy. Yes, this is the same Peter, yet a different Peter. His risen Saviour had spoken words of peace to him, and now he was ready to go to prison for this Master—ready to go to death rather than deny Him before men. He had learned to love God with an intense love, and was ready to lay down his life for the Master whom he served and loved.

Oh, that we might always obey God rather than men. What a benefit, temporal and spiritual would we have. Let us go back to the court of Henry VIII and see Cardinal Woolsely, as he utters those well known words, "If I had served my God as I have served my king, he would not have brought down my gray hairs with sorrow to the grave."

A little later we find Cranmer, who denied his religion, recanting his action, and when he was called upon to suffer for his belief, see him hold this aged hand in the flames, and say, "The hand that sinneth, it shall die."

Charles IX of France is said to have been peculiarly sensitive as a youth, and shrank from anything that was coarse or wrong. When his wicked mother tried to persuade him to sign the decree which would mean the slaughter of the Hugenots he shuddered at the thought, and refused to have any part in it. But by subtle persuasion, she at length induced him to sign the document which caused the cruel and heartless massacre of Bartholomew on that memorable 24th of August.

In his last illness he is said to have suffered untold anguish, seeing the gaping wounds of the murdered Christians ever before his eyes, and his remorse ended only with his earthly life, if it so ended.

Pontius Pilate sat in judgment on Christ, and saw in Him an innocent man; but the mob was howling "Away with Him, crucify Him, crucify Him; and he listened to their cry; he obeyed men.

A few years ago there came to us a book from the Old Land entitled "Letters from Hell." In this book, Pilate is represented as kneeling in Hades beside an imaginary stream, forever washing his hands in the imaginary water, and as he gazed on them he sees them still covered with blood. Then he utters these words which echo through the portals of Hell—"Oh, will they ever be clean? will they ever be clean?"

But we have brighter pictures than these. We have in God's Word and in the pages of history pictures of men and women who obeyed their God rather than men—Men and women who counted it a privilege to uphold the name of Jesus. The three Hebrews obeyed God rather than men, and God was with them. Moses was destined to become a great man in Egypt, being learned in all the knowledge of the egyptians and marked as a probable future ruler—IF—he would obey the voice of man. But Moses listened to his God, and God made him great beyond all his dreams of greatness. Ridley and Latimer obeyed God rather than man, and as they were both chained to the same stake, praised Him for the privilege of testifying to His Name.

But there is one instance which I would wish to remember here, and it comes to us from Scottish history. It was in the days of religious persecution, when christians were forbidden by man to worship as they chose. Two brave women were arrested for their religion and taken to the seaside. Two stakes were driven in the sand while the tide was out, to which these noble martyrs, Margaret Wilson and Margaret McLaughlin, were to be tied, to drown by inches as the tide flowed in. To the outermost stake they tied the elder woman, judging that when the young woman saw her drown she would yield. But Margaret McLaughlin died, and Margaret Wilson was willing to die. As the water reached her knees she sang the words of the 54th Psalm. The water rose to her waist, and still she sang those words which we hope sang to-night. The water rose to her throat, and she no longer sang, but as she raised her eyes to Heaven the whole sky was overspread with a glorious light, as Scotland's maiden martyr was covered in the rolling waters.

Oh, how fatally easy it is for us to forget that God's will should come first.

There is an old adage, and one too often quoted in our everyday life, which says, When in Rome, do as the Romans do.

We find so many young boys and girls—and older ones too—led astray by the advice of men. Young man, if sinners entice thee, consent thou not. It is so easy to do that which is wrong; so hard sometimes to do that which is right. But there is this matter which must be attended to by every person within hearing of my voice to-night; that is the salvation of your soul. What are we to do about it? Man says, have a good time while you are young; enjoy yourself, and attend to these things later on; God says, Give your heart—now in your youth. Man says, sow your wild oats, you have plenty of time; God says, Whatsoever ye sow, that shall ye also reap.

I might go on giving instances without number from this Book and from the pages of history, of men who preferred to obey God rather than man, but it is unnecessary. If I had time I might give you endless instances related by those in attendance at the conference in Toronto last week, where men, taking the Bible in their hand, went forth to foreign fields, or to the far districts of our own land, to preach the Word, not because they found it specially inviting, but because they felt the command of God pressing them to go, and they were willing to fulfil their duty to Him whom they have learned to love.

During the service, Miss Bellingham sang most acceptably, "Beyond the Gates of Paradise," and a male quartette, "Turning Backward through the Shadows," was sung during the offertory, which was a special missionary offering.

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite [illegible]lish, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

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A Brick Famine

Lindsay Post: "It will be late this spring when building gets under way in Lindsay and in fact all over this district, because brick cannot be had for love or money. Messrs. Fox & Curtin's yards, south of the town, were cleaned out last fall, while the two yards at Cannington and one at Beaverton have not 1,000 on hand, counting culls. There is a small plant at Port Perry and another at Whitby, but the proprietors are seldom able to supply the home demand, and the Lindsay makers ship largely to those points almost every season. Even the Toronto yards have small stocks on hand, and are demanding $12 per 1,000 from outside buyers. The Cereal Co. buildings at Peterboro are taking enormous quantities, which are being shipped in from a distance. Messrs. Fox and Curtin hope to begin manufacturing by May 1, and will run their plants to their full capacity all summer.

THE LATE JOHN PORTER

At One Time a Resident of Peterborough Dies in Toronto

Mr. John Porter, one of the best known farmers in this county, died in Toronto on Friday from the results of an operation performed on him. Deceased was 67 years of age, and for many years he conducted a farm in Douro Township. About two years ago he retired from farming and moved to Auburn.

Deceased was married to Miss Annie Forsythe, daughter of Mr. Andrew Forsythe, of Keene, who together with six children are left to mourn his death. They are Misses Mary, Amy, Alice and Lillian, and Messrs. William and John, all of town. The funeral will take place to-day at 2.30 to the Little Lake Cemetery

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Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

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The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

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The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

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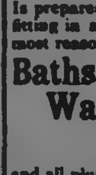

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Outnumbered the British Two to One But Were Twice Driven Off

THE ITALIAN LABOR TROUBLE MAY BE SETTLED

Pro-Boers are Accused of Swindling—Many Russian Students on Trial—Britain and the Sugar Bounties

London, March 4.—In a despatch from Pretoria dated to-day, Lord Kitchener sends details of the disaster to the escort of the convoy of empty wagons at Vondonop, south-west of Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony. The British casualties in killed, wounded, and men made prisoners reach the total of 632. In addition the Boers captured two guns.

Lieut.-Col. Anderson, who commanded the British force, and who has returned to Kraaipan, Cape Colony, with nine officers and 245 men, reports that when his advance guard was within ten miles of Klerksdorp during the morning of February 25, the Boers opened a heavy rifle fire on the troops from the scrub. The burghers were driven off, and the convoy resumed its march, when a more determined attack was made on the convoy's left flank, the Boers getting within a hundred yards and stampeding the mules harnessed to a number of wagons. The attackers were again driven off.

At about 6.30 in the morning the rear guard was attacked by a strong force of Boers and simultaneously another body of Boers boldly charged the center of the convoy and stampeded the mules in all directions, throwing the escort into confusion, during which the Boers charged and recharged, riding down the separated British units.

The fighting lasted for two hours, during which the two British guns and a pom-pom almost exhausted their ammunition. A detachment of 200 mounted infantry from Klerksdorp attempted to reinforce the British, but were held in check by the Boers.

Lieut.-Col. Anderson adds that the strength of the Boers was estimated at from 1,200 to 1,700. Commandants Delarey, Kemps, Celliers, Lemmer, Wolmarans, and Potgieter were all present. Commandant Lemmer is said to have been killed.

London, March 4.—A despatch to The Times from Madrid says: Alejandro Pidal y Mon, Spanish Ambassador to the Holy See, is about to retire, and to be succeeded by Senor Aguera. Pidal's departure is caused by Premier Sagasta's proposed reform of the Concordat, in which he seeks the suppression of ten bishoprics, ten seminaries, and nearly one hundred canonries. Pidal is a fervent Catholic, and declined to be the medium of the proposals. He preferred to resign rather than press them. Negotiations between the Vatican, and Spain will be resumed, though the correspondent says a satisfactory conclusion is not likely to be reached if Spain adheres to her demand

BRITAIN AND THE SUGAR BOUNTIES.

London, March 4.—A despatch from Brussels to The Times says the British delegates to the sugar conference have agreed, in consideration of the abolition of the bounties, to a clause whereby Britain undertakes not to adopt a preferential tariff in favor of any British sugar producing colony.

ITALIAN LABOR TROUBLE MAY BE SETTLED.

London, March 4.—A despatch to The Times from Rome says that the Italian Government has summoned the representatives of the railway workers to the capital to discuss their demands. A settlement of the trouble is likely, as the Government seems prepared to contribute to the cost of increasing the men's wages.

PRO-BOERS ACCUSED OF SWINDLING.

London, March 4.—A despatch from Vienna to The Times says that a pro-Boer propagandist, known as Dr. Ferres, claiming to be a Russian Councillor, has been imprisoned for swindling. He acquired a reputation in Germany and Austria as a Boer champion, and collected money which never reached the Boers. His victims are legion.

MANY RUSSIAN STUDENTS ON TRIAL.

London, March 4.—A despatch to The Times from St. Petersburg says the Disciplinary Court University of St. Petersburg is trying four hundred students implicated in the recent agitations.

GREAT BRITAIN'S WAR POWER IS INCREASED.

A French Writer Would Like to See France Join England—Extent of British Hostility to Germany

London, March 4.—Colonel Picquart has been writing in the Grande Revue a series of remarkable notes on the military situation. In his latest article, as summarized in the London Times, he discusses first the question of a rapprochement between France and Germany, and immediately finds the question of Alsace-Lorraine blocking the way. Germany will never give up these provinces, nor will France abandon the hope of recovering them, although she has no intention of provoking a war to that end. But they are not alone to be considered. How about England? Colonel Picquart has read the articles in the National Review on an English entente with Russia and France, and what has chiefly struck him is the apparent sincerity and extent of British hostility to Germany. He analyses these articles, and, being chiefly concerned with the military aspect of these questions, decides that a rapprochement for France with England and Italy, even it only on the basis of mere neutrality in the event of a conflict between France and Germany, would afford France , French-African colonies could be stripped of all but just the men required by the local administrations, and the French fleet might, with the Russian fleet, become mistress of the Baltic and the North Sea without endangering themselves much. Of course if the rapprochement became closer still with England the advantages would be incalculable. The command of the sea would be so complete that Germany could hardly obtain food supplies. Col Picquart analyses the other advantages, which would be numerous. The objection to an alliance with England that France has been painfully impressed, by the S. A. war, still Fashoda is not sufficient in itself to compromise a scheme of alliance with England. Moreover, he believes that the war in South Africa will have helped to create a genuine army for England, so that after the war her alliance will be more desirable than it would have been before.

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Now that spring is coming, sensible men and women will naturally give full attention to health building so far as proper dieting will conduce to the desired end.

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Users of Malt Breakfast Food are notably free from skin diseases, eruptions and blood troubles which invariably afflict thousands in the spring and summer. Malt Breakfast Food conduces to pure blood, good digestion, increased strength and general physical happiness. It is the ideal morning food for old and young in springtime. Ask your grocer for it.

THE NEW FLOUR MILL

Of the Central Milling Company will Start Operations This Week

The new flour mill built by the Central Milling Company near the C.P.R. station on George street is completed, and will start to run on Wednesday. The machinery which was installed by the Stratford Mill Building Company, is of the latest and most up-to-date style now used in the manufacture of flour The mill will have a capacity of 300 barrels per day.

The mill will be under the management of Mr. H. A. Mulhern which is a good guarantee that everything will be satisfactory. The mill will be run by electric power, furnished by the Auburn Power Company. The mill is lighted with electric light from top to bottom and was installed by Miller and Alexander. The enterprise is only another of the oft manifested facts that Peterborough's industrial life is of a healthy and vigorous character.

Subscribe for the Times.

ASHBURNHAM COUNCIL

Regular Monthly Meeting Last Night—A Delegate Appointed to Go to Ottawa

The Ashburnham Council met in regular session last night in the Town Hall. Those present were, Reeve Smith, Councillors Johnston Pollock and Sheridan.

Regular business was taken up as follows:—

Councillor Johnston, moved, seconded by Councillor Sheridan, that the following taxes be remitted: John Rice, dog tax: George Stethem, dog tax: Messrs. McClintock, T. Robinson and Robert Routley be remitted poll taxes and John and Mary Kelly be remitted their taxes for 1901, also an overcharge of $2.00 on the taxes of the Cereal Co.—Carried.

Messrs. Meldrum and Ferguson appeared on behalf of the Otonabee Power Co. and asked permission to place a pole line along Douro street to Driscoll Terrace, down Driscoll to Elizabeth along Elizabeth street to the Hunter street bridge. The Company will assume all responsibility from accidents &c. They will also pay the usual rental that is paid by the other company.

Councillor Johnston, moved, seconded by Councillor Sheridan that the Company be allowed to erect a pole line along the streets mentioned under the following conditions,—The poles to be of a uniform size and height, and to be placed along one side of the street. The poles to remain as long as they are required for power and light purposes. The Street Inspector and the chairman of the Road and Bridge Committee appointed to lay out the route. The Company to pay a rental of one dollar per pole per annum. The Village Solicitor is hereby instructed to draw up an agreement giving this the power of a by-law.—Carried.

Mr. R. R. Hall and Mr. Adam Hall addressed the Council and pointed out the objects of the Trent Water Conservation Association and asked the Council to appoint a deputation from the Council to go with the deputation from town to interview the Minister of Railways and Canals regarding certain advantages that could be derived by the Government taking over certain dams.

From the 57th Regiment Band asking for a grant to assist the band in paying for new instruments.

Councillor Johnston, moved, seconded by Councillor Sheridan that a grant of $15.00 be made to the 57th Regiment Band,—Carried.

Receipts and Expenditure for the month of February, 1902.

EXPENDITURE

Pay Sheet No 2	$ 20 50
" " 3	11 75
" " 4	20 25
Albert Vaiols on Contract	10 00
A Fitzgerald Salary	31 25
J. Wood registration fees	18 00
J. Wright, School Board	100 00
J. Weir, Charity	2 50
J. E. A. Fitzgerald, wood	6 25
T. Q. Quartermaine Auditor	10 00
J. Drain Auditor	10 00
Examiner	2 50
Coupons By-law 173	112 50
" " 247	300 00
Edward Rogers ref taxes	13 50
Pearl Paint "	6 00
Ada Graham "	6 00
Ralph Quinn "	6 00
A Fitzgerald Salary	31.25
	$735 25

RECEIPTS

J. Manice, Rents	4.17
J. Kerr	7.17
R. J. Weir	4 17
A Fitzgerald, Town Hall	1 50
F. Hamilton	4 17
G. F. King	5 00
	$ 23 12
Balance in Bank	87 84

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts ordered to be paid

T. B. Manice	$ 5 00
Dr. Bingham	5 00
Dr. Amys, vaccination	4 50
Light & Power Co.	6 30
Water works, repairs on Lake st.	3 08
Peterboro Water Co rates	514 62
Peterboro Water Co 5 per cent on Capital account	405 48
Peterboro Water Co New Services	60 68
Pay Sheet No 2	20 00
" " 3	11 75
" " 4	20 50
Water Co Labor for Stewart street extension	22 82
	$1142 04

Mr. Sheridan, moved, seconded by Mr. Pollock that Mr. Johnston be a representative from the municipality of Ashburnham to accompany the delegation to Ottawa in the interests of the Trent Water Conservation Association,—Carried

The Majority of Homes Families Have Heard the Joyful News That Paine's Celery Compound Makes Sick People Well and Strong

A House-to-House Canvass would Show That Thousands are Being Cured

The people who have not heard in some way of Paine's Celery Compound and its wonderful triumphs over the diseases and ailments of life cannot be counted as newspaper or magazine readers, nor are they amongst those who are in touch with the medical progressiveness of the times.

A house-to-house canvass (if that were possible) of families where Paine's Celery Compound is being used during these early spring days, would disclose an overwhelming amount of evidence regarding the implicit confidence that is placed in this greatest of all spring medicines. It would show the enormous number of people who are being cured of some form of nervousness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, headaches, kidney and liver disease.

Now is the time that Paine's Celery Compound can show astonishing and happy results to the sick. Now that spring is with us, giving a promise of fine weather and new beauties, it should lend encouragement to the work of getting well and strong.

To use Paine's Celery Compound for a few weeks will truly astonish every debilitated, weak and sickly man and woman. The change from a muddy and sallow complexion to a fresh, healthy color, with bright, sparkling eyes, unclouded brain, the enjoyment of refreshing sleep, clear, fresh blood coursing through the body, will be the sure reward of every user of Paine's Celery Compound. Accept no substitute or imitation. See that the name PAINE'S is on wrapper and bottle.

TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS

Remarkable Shewing of the Company's Business for the Finance Al Year

We heartily congratulate Mr. J. W. Langmuir, the Managing Director, and the Board of Directors of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation on the result of the year's operations. The report is a splendid one, and shows that this great financial concern has a secure foothold in the confidence and regard of the people. Dr. Hoskin, the President, in moving the adoption of the report, took occasion to remark that the origin of the Trusts Corporation was due to Mr. Langmuir, the Managing Director, who twenty years ago held an important public position in the Government of Ontario, and experiencing in the discharge of his official business, the great necessity for having a corporation to act as executor, administrator, and trustee, instead of individuals, forthwith resigned his position and formed this, the pioneer Trust Company of Canada. The phenomenal growth and development of the corporation since its organization in 1882 fully corroborated Mr. Langmuir's conclusion. The report just presented shows that during the 20 years of its existence, no less than $32,000,000 worth of estates and positions of trust have come under the management of the corporation, and after distributing and closing out over $10,000,000 there is still left in its control at the 31st of December, 1901, over $21,000,000. The varied character and extent of the work of the corporation causes wonder how the community, and more particularly the legal profession, got along without Trust Companies, but evidently the education of the public by the Trusts Corporation during the past twenty years has had great effect, as there are now seven or eight in the Province of Ontario. There can be no reasonable doubt that the administration and management of estates by a corporation, where its affairs are closely looked after by experts, and under a careful system of checks and audits, is altogether better than by individuals. It is reasonable to suppose therefore, that the corporation will continue to prosper as it has in the past.

The financial statement of the corporation should be satisfactory to the shareholders, for out of the profits they have paid dividends amounting to nearly $75,000, have written off their building and fixtures over $16,000, and have placed $20,000 to the rest.

At the close of the meeting a very interesting ceremony took place in the presentation by Messrs. Hendrie and Jaffray, on behalf of the shareholders, of portraits in oil, to be placed in the Board Room, of Dr. Hoskin, the President, and Mr. J. W. Langmuir, the Managing Director of the corporation. The portraits were painted by Mr. J. W. L. Forster, and are in his best style. The labors of Mr. A. D. Langmuir, who is assistant to his father in the management, are also very much appreciated, not only by the directors, but by all who have dealings with the corporation.

A Sick Stomach

is always relieved and its unpleasant consequences averted by taking 30 drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. It instantly relieves the nausea and by its soothing and stimulating powers, calms the stomach and enables it to complete the process of digestion. Nerviline has been proved more than a million times the best remedy for stomach and bowel troubles. Nerviline will cure you. 25c.

THE CHURCHES OF ROME

Illustrated Lecture by Rev. Dr. O'Brien at the T. A. S. Hall

The new assembly hall of the St Peter's Total Abstinence Society was closely packed last night for the illustrated lecture by Rev. Dr. O'Brien descriptive of the churches of Rome. The lantern was well handled by Mr. R. M. Roy. Mr. Fred Deruche, the popular chairman, announced the opening of the programme with a few well chosen words.

The programme previous to the lecture consisted of a well rendered vocal duet by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hall, a vocal solo by Miss Annie Simons and a charming recitation encored by little Carrie White.

At 8.30 the lecture was commenced, and after a number of pictures of the present pontiff, Leo XIII, Bishop O'Connor of Peterborough, the local cathedral, etc., a lengthy and decidedly interesting description of the most famous of the churches and chapels of the Italian capital was given. There were included many beautiful views of St. Peter's Cathedral, both interior and exterior, and towards the latter part of the lecture several photos of the ancient colloseum, and colored plates of scenes in that place taken from paintings.

During an intermission of a few minutes a comic song was given by Mr. Joseph Bayette and an encore responded to.

At the close of the lecture Rev. Father McColl, rector of the cathedral, spoke for a few minutes in a complimentary manner of the entertainment and of the general progress of the society in the work which it had undertaken. In conclusion the chairman announced the performance in a fortnight's time, of the play "Kathleen Mavourneen," to be given in Bradburn's Opera House under the auspices of the society. The audience dispersed with the singing of God Save the King.

A Favorite and Popular Work in Canadian Homes

The introduction of the popular Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns has done much for the adorning and beautifying of the homes of Canada. Our women and girls find time to make up pretty door mats and elegant floor rugs that compare favorably with imported goods at fancy prices.

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are easily and quickly made up. The full and complete pattern on heavy Scotch Hessian is richly colored and ready for hooking. If you are a stranger to this work and have not yet seen this season's new designs, send your full address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Ltd., 200 Mountain st., Montreal, P.Q., and they will mail you free of cost sheets of designs with various sizes and prices.

A GROWING ORGANIZATION

A Large Meeting of the Labor Union Last Night.—Two Officials Present

Mr. J. A. Flett, of Hamilton, an organiser of the American Federation of Labor, and Mr. R. Glocking, Secretary of the Labor Bureau Branch of the Provincial Public Works Department were in town yesterday, and addressed a very large meeting of the Labor Union in the Foresters Hall, Simcoe street, last night. A number of matters of importance to the Union were discussed, and some attention given to the recent strikes at the Cereal works.

Mr. Flett will endeavor to organize the labor men of Lakefield during his stay here.

FRESH PEACE RUMORS NOW AFLOAT IN LONDON

Britain Said to be Willing to Grant General Amnesty to the Fighting Burghers

A RUMOR THAT LORD KITCHENER WILL RETURN.

There is Probably Some Reason for Believing That the War is About Over—It is Said That the Concessions are Generous

London, March 4.—The Post says: Those who wish well to the Boers have hoped that terms might be offered them less unacceptable than the demand for unconditional surrender. There is some reason to believe that the hope may be gratified, if we can trust the report that Lord Kitchener has been recalled and will leave Cape Town early in April. It is scarcely credible that so capable a commander would be withdrawn against his will from a scene of active operation, and he cannot want to leave South Africa unless he has ground for thinking that the war is practically at an end. Such a conclusion can only be based on the knowledge that conciliatory overtures have been made, and that they are likely to be accepted.

The rumor of Lord Kitchener's speedy return, coupled with the natural desire of King Edward VII, to see his coronation preceded by the attainment of peace, lends color to another report, also current in London, that, after the rejection of the Dutch offer of mediation, Lord Kitchener was instructed to enter into communication with Gen. Botha, with a view to the arrangement of a peace on the lines suggested by Lord Rosebery. That is to say, while the Boer demand for independence, is of course, rejected, and England insists that the South African Republic and the Orange Free State shall be transformed into a single crown colony, concessions which under the circumstances may be described as liberal, are proposed to the Boer commanders in the field. It is said to be promised, for instance, that in the appointive council of the new crown colony, Boers shall figure as well as Englishmen, and, although the latter will at first preponderate, the former will, ultimately, have an equal number of seats. It is further stipulated, we are told, that, when the country shall have become definitely pacified, it shall pass from the status of a crown colony to that of a self-governing Commonwealth, like Natal.

Touching other points, also the concessions are alleged to be generous. Thus from the amnesty to be granted to all Boer combatants are to be excluded only a few men who are accused of murdering prisoners and natives. We assume that the citizens of Cape Colony are no longer to be excepted from the beneficiaries of amnesty, for if they are, the negotiations will come to naught. Of the Boers already exiled, we are assured that all will be brought back to South Africa, an assurance that seems to cover the return, not only of Gen. Cronje from St. Helena, but also of President Kruger and of the Boer delegates who have been representing their countrymen in Europe. If no conspicuous politician or General has been barred out, the British negotiations will have avoided the mistake made during our Revolutionary War, when such men as Hancock and Samuel Adams were blacklisted. In one particular the offer said to have been made to Gen. Botha goes further than any other overture of the like in history, by promising a grant of money for the rebuilding of Boer farms. Under all the circumstances, antecedent and existent, the best terms which the British Government is likely to offer are those which we have just outlined, and, perhaps, these would not have been suggested but for King Edward's exemplary wish that the war may be ended before he is crowned.

THE TOWN COUNCIL MEET IN REGULAR SESSION

Scale of Wages for Laborers to be Discussed in Committee of the Whole

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY ASKS FOR $600

Otonabee Power Co's. By-Law Referred Back to Committee—$25 Granted to All Volunteers for South Africa

The Town Council met in regular session last night, when there were present Mayor T. H. G. Denne, and Aldermen Edgcumbe, Shortly, Roger, Rush, McGregor, Morrison, Clinkscale, Hatten, Corkery and Best.

GRANT FOR PARKS.

Messrs. D. W. Dumble and Adam Hall addressed the Council in behalf of the Horticultural Society. Mr. Hall, President of the Association, explained that the grant of $500 last year had not been sufficient to meet all liabilities; the society had come out $90 in debt. This was due in a measure to the requirements of the Central Park, which the Society had undertaken to beautify. This year they intend extending the water mains throughout the whole of this park, and in order to do justice to both the Central and Victoria Parks, the annual grant will have to be increased to $600. Mr. Hall also drew attention to the fact that while last year considerable damage was done in the Victoria Park by heedless or malicious persons, under the act the society's officers were powerless to take action in the matter. He suggested that two park commissioners be appointed by council; these men would have the power to prosecute any one destroying park property.

Mr. D. W. Dumble endorsed the previous speaker's remarks, and said that as the Central Park was materially a gravel bed, a plentiful supply of water is absolutely necessary to insure the growth of the trees already planted there at considerable expense. He did not think the ratepayers would object to a liberal provision for beautifying the town, and hoped the council would increase the grant this year to $600.

The Mayor replied that the council would consider it a pleasure to give as substantial a grant as possible, and when the estimates are being struck, this matter will not be overlooked.

At this juncture Mr. D. W. Dumble remarked that if the town had followed the example set by many places in providing public squares as play grounds for the little folk, a good deal of the destruction in the parks complained of would be avoided. Peterborough has never expended a dollar in this way, and consequently children have no place which they are at liberty to use as a public play ground. He urged that some steps be taken in this direction before the growth of the town precludes the possibility of securing central locations for such purposes.

Ald. Shortly moved, seconded by Ald. McGregor,—That the question of appointing Park Commissioners be referred to the Town Solicitor to report at the next meeting of the council.—Carried.

OTONABEE POWER CO.

A by-law confirming the agreement with the Otonabee Power Co. for the transmission of power through the town, was introduced by Ald. Best, and in its second reading was, on motion of Ald. Roger, seconded by Ald. Morrison, referred back to the Property Committee for further consideration.

Ald. Morrison questioned whether carrying the power cable across the top of Hunter street bridge in brackets was altogether a safe proceeding. He thought there would be a possibility, under certain conditions, of an induction of electricity from the cable to the iron of the bridge. He did not know that the town was properly secured by this by-law from liability in case of possible accidents in this respect.

Ald. Edgcumbe replied that Mr. Meldrum claimed that there would be no more danger from this system than from the light and power wires which crossed the centre of the bridge. Should a wire break, the engineer at the power house would immediately know it, and would at once shut off the power.

The Mayor—"And in the meantime a dozen deaths might occur."

Ald. Roger thought the cable should be either strung at the side of the bridge, or beneath it, so that should a wire break, its live ends would drop into the river.

This matter had been pretty thoroughly discussed in committee, at which most of the Aldermen were present, and the proposed method of stringing the cable across the bridge acquiesced in. However council did not seem sure of its position last night, and the by-law went back to committee.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Auditors Hall and Clark reported that an examination of the books and accounts of the town for 1901 showed the work of the several departments to have been carefully and correctly done.—Finance Committee.

Relief Officer Miller applied for an increase of salary.—Referred to Finance Committee.

Geo. Emmerson, Wm. Corbett and Mrs. Wm. Norris applied for remission of dog tax.—Referred to Court of Revision.

The Salvation Army's application for a grant of $100 towards the purchase of new band instruments.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

W. L. Taylor complained of being wrongfully assessed for stock in store 342 Water street, he having retired from business at the time assessment was made.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From Jas. McWilliams, stating that his place on Edinborough street is flooded with water as a result of the drain at the railroad not being large enough, and ask the council to do something to have this remedied.—Referred to Board of Works.

From Chief Rossel, stating that Mr Noble had been called in to fix the water closet in the police station, and found the old closet worn out, and recommended a new closet to be put in.—Referred to Property Committee, with power to act.

From E. H. D. Hall, Town Solicitor, stating that he had been served with a writ of foreclosure of a mortgage, by Messrs. Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson, on behalf of a client named Lynch. There being a roadway marked on the plan which the town has never used, the mortgagee asks that the roadway be closed, and that the land revert to him.—Referred to Legal Committee.

From E. H. D. Hall, stating that the Town's Bill had passed the Legislature in the form enclosed.—Referred to Legal Committee.

From the Otonabee Power Co., applying for permission to put their poles on the east side of Stewart st., from King to Dalhousie, there to use the Auburn Power Co's. poles on the east side of Stewart to Townsend st., there to erect poles on the east side of Stewart st., from Townsend street, to Perry street, and there to put their poles on the north side of Perry st. from Stewart to Aylmer, thence to the Cordage Co. The above line to be used in lieu of the line from King st. to the Cordage Co. on Aylmer street, which we have now the right to use under the agreement with the town. They asked that the agreement may be altered accordingly, and to further place one pole line on the north side of Perry st., from the Cordage Co. to McDonald's Mills, this being preferable to the use of Rink street.—Received.

From Davis, Thompson & Co., enclosing sample copy of the policy issued by the Ontario Accident Insurance Co., which covers injuries sustained by employees and the public generally. The cost to the town for a policy would be about $700.00.—Referred to Finance Committee.

From Joseph Pope, Under-Secretary of State, acknowledging receipt of petition from the Mayor of Peterborough to his Excellency, the Governor-General, with regard to the rates of the Bell Telephone Co., of Canada, and stating that the same should receive consideration.—Received.

From A. Stevenson, Secretary of the Trent Water Conservation Association, stating that an interview had been arranged to take place on March 5th with Hon. A. G. Blair, and asking council to appoint a deputation.—Referred to Manufacturers' Committee.

From R. H. Fortye, stating that he had been assessed here for statute labor tax when he was a resident of Collingwood.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From A. E. Runnels, enclosing affidavit to the effect that during the year 1901 he did not own a dog, and asking remittance of dog tax.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From the Peterborough Federal Union, No. 9240, giving rates that will be asked for by the labor union for laborers and teamsters in the town after April 1st.—Referred to Board of Works.

From Angus MacMurchy, Solicitor for the C. P. R., enclosing deed in duplicate from Town to Company for right of way across Island No. 1, in the Otonabee River, and asking the Mayor and clerk to sign and seal the document.—Referred to Legal Committee.

From the London Guarantee and Accident Co., recommending the council to discontinue the practice of private security from municipal officers and offering to give a guarantee bond at the usual rate.—Referred to Finance Committee

From Hon. J. R. Stratton, acknowledging receipt of memorial from the town, relating to the Toronto Bill now before the House, authorizing that city to purchase and dispose of electric energy, and if passed will be made to apply to all municipalities.—Received.

From S. R. Armstrong, secretary of the Water Commissioners, stating that the Commissioners would like to meet the council to arrange the rates to be paid by the town for water for the present year. The council were asked to name a date as early as possible.—Referred to the Fire, Water & Light Committee.

From John Montgomery and Walter Parnell, asking that they be paid at the rate of $1.50 per day for each day they are on duty at the fire hall.—Referred to Fire, Water & Light Committee.

From S. R. Armstrong, secretary of the Water Commissioners, stating that the commissioners recommend that the council purchase a map prepared by Mr. Innes, for the use of the town and Commissioners.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

From Pete Simons and Edward J. Ferguson, enclosing affidavits to the effect that they did not own dogs in 1901, and asking remission of dog tax.—Referred to Court of Revision.

From D. W. Dumble, stating that he is not allowed by the Criminal Code to send persons to jail as vagrants who have been residents of the municipality for 2 years, and asking the town to make some provision for a House of Refuge for such persons.—Referred to joint Committee.

From the Canadian Manufacturers Association, stating that a two-thirds vote on by-laws for exemptions was too much to ask, and asking the town to assist in having the law changed.—Received.

From the T. E. Bradburn estate stating that at the time of the China Hall fire they lost six months revenue as a result of the fire, and asking the council to refund to the executors

Continued on page 4

OVER $2,500

worth of stocks can be purchased by you, through us, if you have an account with us, amounting to $100. Larger amounts in proportion. You can secure the profit possible to be made on an investment of the above amount, by actual investment of comparatively little money. We loan you balance of purchase money, at a charge not exceeding the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, for the time of the loan. *No other business in the world proffers you greater credit. Full particulars of the method, plainly and clearly outlined, together with other valuable information, in our handsome 400 page, clothbound, illustrated*

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 4, 1902

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Brockville has been just one year the owner of its lighting plant. After paying all running expenses, interest and sinking fund for the current year it is just $5,000 ahead and has to enlarge the plant to meet the growing demand for light. Municipal ownership of other necessities besides water pays.

• • • • • •

An ordinance of the Council of Louisville, Ky., has been prepared providing that ministers of all denominations shall pay a quarterly license of $50 and that the attorney of the sinking fund shall garnishee their salaries in the event of non-payment. The ordinance provides that the ministers and bishops of the Protestant churches, and the priests and bishops of the Catholic Church and the rabbis of the Jewish synagogues be required to pay a license for the reason that of late they have been trying to butt into politics and attempting by advancing unwise theories to take a hand in the conduct of municipal affairs.

• • • • • •

A memorial is to be presented by seventy municipalities, including most of the principal cities of Canada, asking parliament to pass no further legislation infringing the control of streets vested in municipalities and asking that retroactive legislation be introduced. The Bell Telephone Company, though its franchise will expire next year, still claims the right to use the streets of the cities and towns indefinitely.

• • • • • •

The suggestion has been made that amendments should be made to the Medical Health Act, to secure, among other things, a better inspection of country hotels. In this one particular alone there is work for a good official in every county. Numbers of travellers suffer in health, and not infrequently lose their lives, by reason of the unsanitary condition of the places at which they must stop. It is not sufficient to leave to the License Department the inspection of public houses. Men are licensed to conduct hotels for the entertainment of man and beast, and are supposed to provide adequate accommodation. At the present time adequate accommodation does consist of a room and a bed and a fairly good meal. In our homes we demand the observance of sanitary laws. The municipality demands of the individual householder that his drains shall be properly constructed and kept in condition. If the sanitary laws are enforced with the householder of the city, is it too much to expect that there should be an equally rigid enforcement of similar laws in the public hotels.

Those "national scouts" who captured 154 Boers the other day are largely composed of Boers who have enlisted in the British service. It will have been noticed that several of the most important captures made this year have been credited to these "national scouts" and their own casualties are usually nil or a few wounded. Send a Boer to catch a Boer.

Better without a Stomach than with one that's got a constant "hurt" to it. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets stimulate the digestive organs. Let one enjoy the good things of life and leave no bad effects—carry them with you in your vest pocket—60 in box, 35 cents.—48

Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Cholly Hardupps has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of axle grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

"Well, sir," said the Chicagoan, proudly, "what do you think of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago, Ill."—[illegible]

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

One of Napoleon's Boasts.

We who know the last as well as the first of Napoleon, who have read about Moscow, Leipzig, Elba, Waterloo and St. Helena as studiously as about the campaigns in Italy, and Marengo, Jena and Austerlitz, cannot fully comprehend with what reverence some of his apophthegms were received by the French when he was still unbeaten and apparently unbeatable. One of his boasts was that he was not governed by circumstances; that he made circumstances and was superior to them. When someone hinted that destiny might compass his defeat he replied that destiny would not dare. Even Victor Hugo, half a century after Waterloo, was blinded by the light of Napoleon's genius, and treated him as a Titan, fit to contend, though vainly, with high heaven. It was not Wellington, not Blucher who defeated Napoleon, says Hugo in his beautiful rhapsody on Waterloo; it was God. Napoleon, he declares, with blasphemous brilliancy, embarrassed God. "Waterloo was a change of front on the part of the universe"—the quotation is from memory—"in the new series of facts there was no room for Napoleon. Therefore a second-class commander won a first-class battle."

A good many believe with Napoleon that genius rises above circumstances. Napoleon's boastful epigram has been declared a rule of faith by successful men, who scout the idea of village Hampdens and mute, inglorious Miltons. But the epigram is nothing but a boast. It is not true. We are held fast in the vise of circumstances and are not completely masters of our fate. Luck enters into every game, even the game of life. No man can arrange the cards in the game with destiny, for destiny always deals. It may rain some day when the best laid plans call for sunshine, and the plans may be pulverized. At Austerlitz, which was fought at dawn, Napoleon said: "We have a rendezvous with the sun and both parties are on time." The Sun of Austerlitz became a superstition in the Grand Army.

But at Waterloo there was another rendezvous with the sun and the sun was tardy. Waterloo is the convincing answer to Napoleon's boast and to the precept that great men are superior to circumstances. Hugo points out that accidents defeated Napoleon. His plan, as experts admit, was a masterpiece. But he reckoned without luck. The battle was to have commenced at dawn, but rain fell the previous night, and the ground became too muddy for the manoeuvres of artillery. Napoleon therefore delayed the assault nearly six hours, until the ground became firmer. That delay gave Blucher time to come up when he was needed and to turn the tide of the fray. The rainfall defeated Napoleon and drove him to St. Helena. A peasant guide led Blucher aright and he chanced to debouch on the field from the point and at the moment where and when he was supremely effective. Another peasant guide led Grouchy astray and he did not arrive. Had it not rained before the battle, had Blucher had a bad guide and Grouchy a good one, history might have been different. Napoleon was conquered by circumstances.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

A Damaging Defence.

Mark Twain, says "Life," has got support from an unexpected quarter in his efforts to demonstrate the impropriety of some things done by missionaries in China. In the "Forum" a missionary named Gilbert Reid has defended looting by missionaries with so much candor and jauntiness, and has so gloried in such looting as he did himself, as not to leave the critics of the looting missionaries much to do to prove their case. Anyone who was sorry for the American missionaries in China, because our Brother Mark found fault with some things that some of them did, will be doubly sorry for them when he reads their defence by the Rev. Gilbert Reid. They may have justly incurred Mark's strictures, but they never deserved the Rev. Reid's defence.

Annexing New Languages.

In the new editions of the dictionaries many thousands of new words are announced. The English-speaking nations are the growing nations, commerce an exchange, and the English language is the expanding language; it is annexing everything useful from every other language of the world. The difference between the comparatively modest volume which Noah Webster got out and the ponderous unabridged work of to-day, representing the toil and the knowledge and the research of hundreds of the ablest scholars of the world, shows the marvelous development. One interesting feature of this expansion is the gradual elimination of italicizing. Not many years ago it was the custom to put any word that had a foreign look about it in italics; now we use this as our own as coolly as we vote a naturalized immigrant in a close primary. The effect is rather curious. It has discouraged the use of foreign phrases, and the ambitious one who wants to display his smattering of French in an English article finds his importations supplanted by home products. The editor makes the change, unless there are special reasons why it should not be done. The gain to the average reader, who dislikes to stumble against such affectation without knowing what the strange words mean, is great. So marked, indeed, has been this change that the typesetting machines, by which the newspapers of the world are now set up, have no italic letters, except where they are especially required.

A cheap-Jack butcher brought his cart to a standstill in Petticoat Lane. A miserable old woman eyed closely the heap of bones and gristle which was referred to by the butcher as joints and steaks. She was evidently very poor indeed, as she hesitated to pay threepence for a scaleful of "selected bits." "'Ere, 'ave 'em for tuppence," growled the butcher. "Too much," said the woman. "'Ave 'em at a penny." Still the woman hesitated. There was a look of pity, mixed with disgust, on his face as he yelled: "Still too much? 'Ere, 'ang it! I'll turn me back while you sneak 'em!"—London "Spare Moments."

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Not only in feelings but in looks. The skin is clear, the eyes are bright, the cheeks are plump. No more pain and misery, no more sick headache, no more jaundice. What worked the change? Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cured the disease of the stomach that prevented proper nutrition, and also cleansed the clogged and sluggish liver.

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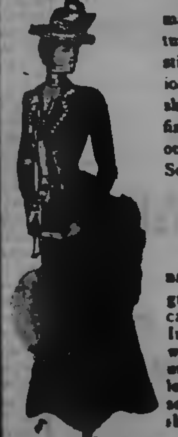

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Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

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The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

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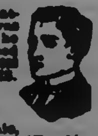
J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated by——for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in [illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May 14, [illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above troubles, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured, Aug. 1, [illegible]. J. HARRIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the [illegible] day of Aug. [illegible] JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.



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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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BIG G
CURE YOURSELF. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, [illegible]

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

Anecdotal.

In an after-dinner speech at the London Savage Club recently on the purity of the English tongue, Winston Churchill remarked: "I have written five books, the same number as Moses—but I will not press the comparison."

Charles II. once granted an audience to the courtly Quaker, William Penn, who, as was his custom, entered the royal presence with his hat on. The humorous sovereign quietly laid aside his own, which occasioned Penn's enquiry: "Friend Charles, why dost thou remove thy hat?" "It is the custom," he replied, "in this place for one person only to remain covered."

Eben Jones, the crabbed millionaire lumberman of Minnesota, hired all his mill-hands himself. One day a Swede applied to the irritable old man, and secured a place on the saws. As he was leaving he said: "Mester Yones, in dees yob you geef me doaller and hallef a day. Besides dat, do you eat me or do I eat myself?" "Oh, eat yourself!" replied the old man. "I have dyspepsia."

Phil May, the noted English cartoonist, went into an oyster saloon in the East End of London one day and ordered a dozen natives, when another man entered and gave a similar order, enquiring anxiously of the proprietor if the oysters were fresh. "Fresh!" echoed the bivalve merchant. "Fresh! Why"—indicating Mr. May with a wave of his hand—"the first oyster that gentleman took up bit his lip!"

An Irishman who was charged with stealing a watch from a fellow-citizen, stoutly denied the impeachment in court, and brought a counter accusation against his accuser for assault and battery committed with a frying-pan. "Why did you allow the prosecutor, who is a smaller man than yourself, to assault you without resistance?" asked the judge; "had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself with?" "Bedad, your honor," said Pat, "I had his watch, but what was that against a frying-pan?"

The "Scotsman" tells of a Dublin man who insisted that a Scotch friend should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar. "Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your house for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

One of the eccentricities of that most penurious of pedagogues, Dr. Barrett, was that he hardly ever appeared outside the walls of Trinity College, conducting his modest menage there with the help of a decrepit old housekeeper, who attended to all his wants, even to daily fetching from a nearby dairy the half-pennyworth of milk needed in the establishment. When one frosty morning, Mary, going on this errand, slipped and broke her leg, the worthy doctor for the first time in years left the college to pay her a visit in the hospital. On reaching her cot, it is related that his sympathetic greeting was: "Hello, Mary; so you broke your leg; I suppose you broke the jug, too, but where is the half-penny?"

Mr. Justice Mathew of England is a man of such mild and kindly exterior, with such gentle voice and manner, that almost invariably he gives the impression of being a simple country gentleman rather than a profound lawyer. This was evidently the idea of a professional seller of painted birds, who some years ago met him in the neighborhood of the law courts, and, exhibiting one of his birds, asked him if he could tell to what species it belonged. The judge stopped, examined the bird with great care, pretended to admire the gaudy plumage, examined it again, and then remarked: "I do not think I have ever seen a bird exactly like this, but, judging from the old proverb that 'Birds of a feather flock together,' I should say it was a jailbird."

Far Reaching Influence.

"OLD-FASHIONED Indian stories, the dime novels of years back which were within the reach of all the boys, were an important factor in building up the great West," said a typical Westerner. "These novels used to circulate in a neighborhood till they had been read by every boy and had fallen to pieces through handling. They fired the ambition of the youngsters, set them to practising shooting and riding, and sent many of them to the West in search of adventures. Some soon returned to their homes, others became bad men and were killed in time, but the great mass of them, too proud to return home, created the vigorous, wideawake population of our Western States. I have talked to hundreds of our Western pioneers about the causes which brought them west, and a majority of them admit that dime novels had more to do with it than anything else."

A Heretic.

"The man is a driveling idiot," said the trust magnate.

"A plumb fool," agreed the coal baron.

"An unmitigated lunatic," assented the steel king.

"Crazy as a March hare," asseverated the great financier.

"A hopeless imbecile," asserted the power in Wall street.

"Absolutely and utterly devoid of sense," chimed in the senator.

"As brainless as a barrel," added the corporation lawyer.

"But what has he done?" asked the ordinary citizen.

The crowd was convulsed with laughter.

"Why, he says," they replied, choking and gurgling, "he actually says that money isn't everything!"—Smart Set.

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really hold an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them—or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me; therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without laziness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients, but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, say two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty [illegible] bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it [illegible]
The [illegible]
We tramp it under foot and kick—
"Tis not the snow we used to know!"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Secrets Revealed by the Camera.

PROBABLY no human invention has aided the course of justice to a greater extent, says London "Tit-Bits," than the snapshot camera. It has been instrumental in condemning criminals, and has also been the means before now of saving innocent lives.

A case in point is that of Alfred Grayson, an Englishman who was living a few years ago at Rio de Janeiro. He was accused of the murder of a Brazilian named Linares, a clerk in the same office with himself. The two were known to have quarreled some days previous to the Sunday on which Linares met his death. Apparently, however, they had made up their difference, for they went out sailing that day on a small yacht which Grayson had hired.

In the evening Grayson brought the dead body of Linares home. His story was that the latter had fallen from the mast and fractured his skull. But medical evidence was of opinion the wound on the head had been made with a stick or oar. An oar was missing from the yacht's dingey. The mast-climbing story, too, sounded improbable, for the rigging was all worked from deck. Taking the recent quarrel into consideration, and Grayson's well-known violent temper, the case was black, indeed, against the Englishman. The coroner's jury had already found him guilty of murder, when a passenger on a Marseilles steamer, which had arrived in Rio on the Sunday afternoon, came forward with a new piece of evidence.

This was a snap-shot photograph taken as the vessel entered the harbor. Far away, under the cliffs, a tiny vessel was sailing, and against the white sail was a dark mark, which a powerful magnifier proved to be a falling man. By an almost miraculous coincidence the camera had been snapped just as Linares fell. The photograph turned the scale in Grayson's favor.

Almost equally curious is the way in which a photograph aided justice in the Cooper murder case. Cooper was assistant to a young blacksmith named McKenna in a Lanarkshire village. Both men were known to be fond of the same girl. One day Cooper was found dead on the floor of the smithy. He had been poisoned with carbolic acid. McKenna was suspected, but there was no proof whatever of his having ever bought or owned any carbolic acid, while Cooper was known to have purchased, as a toothache remedy, the phial found beside his dead body. "Death from misadventure" was the verdict.

Shortly afterwards McKenna was arrested. It appeared that an English tourist provided with a kodak had passed through the village on the very morning of the murder. Attracted by the quaintness of the old forge, he had taken several snap-shots of it. The photographer went on to stay in an out-of-the-way part of the Highlands, and did not hear of Cooper's death for some days. Then he hastened to develop his plates. Plain in one of the pictures were three bottles on a shelf. Two were beer bottles, the third was unmistakably one of those fluted blue glass bottles in which poisons are sold. It had also a label on it, and though the wording on this could not be read, yet on the strength of this evidence the police made a thorough search of McKenna's premises. They found the remains of the bottle in question in an old well, and proved that it had contained carbolic acid. Then McKenna confessed his guilt.

The more recent developments of scientific photography must make the criminal feel less secure than he used to. One of those thieves who make a living by van-robbing got an unpleasant shock one day in March last. He had safely got off with a tub of butter which he had stolen from the tail of a wagon as it was crossing a bridge in Rochester, N.Y. The deadly witness against him was a photograph taken by telephotography from the top of a neighboring high building.

A biograph picture of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge over the Niagara Gorge was recently taken, and, when developed, thrown upon the canvas at a music hall at Toronto. It was then noticed for the first time by the audience that a human body was tossing and spinning in the whirling waters. Search was at once made, and the body of a missing and much-advertised suicide was discovered, still caught in the furious suction of the whirlpool.

Hindu criminals succeed by long practice in forming a little bag in their throats into which they can guide jewels when they steal them. Last September a native was arrested for stealing a diamond worth 10,000 rupees from a jeweler's window in Calcutta. But as the evidence was only circumstantial, and possession unproved, he would have been liberated had it not occurred to the police to have an X-ray photograph taken of his throat. That showed the gem safely hidden in the little sac. The thief was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but he still refuses to give up the diamond.

The Roentgen-ray photography has also been instrumental in adding several thousand pounds to the customs revenue of Buenos Ayres within the last year. Valuable jewelry on which no duty was being paid was known to be coming into the country in letters. It is, however, illegal to open letters or stamped packages, so the law-breakers were unchecked. At last, in June, 1900, several registered letters and packages were examined under X-rays in the presence of the Argentine Postmaster-General. Sixty-six suspected packages contained £4,000 worth of jewelry, and were, of course, all confiscated.

What She Said.

It wasn't a smoking compartment, but they were using it for that purpose all the same, and she was too modest to object. By and by the two men got into a discussion over the woman question, and at last one of them, an unregenerate bachelor, appealed to the lady thus:

"Do you think there will be men in heaven, miss?"

She blushed.

"No!" she said. "They will want to go somewhere where they can smoke."

The discussion stopped; so did the smoking.

To be susceptible to the [illegible] [illegible]

A Day's Fishing.

THE fishing season having now positively begun, I think I will go down to the deep waters and try my luck. The great mistake made by so many fishermen is that they are lacking in the necessary patience for success in their hobby. Very often, after a man has sat for two or three days waiting in vain for a bite, he begins to feel the monotony a little tiring, and wants to throw up the whole enterprise. The enthusiastic angler, however, never allows himself to grow weary. He will wait three weeks for a bite, and when the exciting moment comes, he wrenches his prize out of the water and feels that he has not lived in vain. When you have once cast your bread (or whatever you are using for bait) upon the waters, you should be prepared to stand by and see the thing through if it takes all summer.

No angler expects to be landing fish all the time. As a matter of fact, the biggest fish are never completely landed at all. If you have ordinary luck you will land a few average-sized wrigglers, but you can't very well make them any bigger than they are, and your friends can size up their dimensions at a glance; whereas the fish that you hooked out of the water, but couldn't manage to finally land, grows every time you talk about it. This fish is well known to expert anglers. Its dimensions are only limited by the powers of imagination possessed by the operator. Most anglers will let it go with a weight of about twenty to thirty pounds avoirdupois; and the man who insists upon anything bigger than that must choose his audience very carefully in these knowing times. I have no sympathy with the man who hooks a fish that tries to wrestle him on to his back as it flies out of the water, or that aims crushing blows at his head with its off-side fin. And when that kind of man tells you that he fought three rounds with his prize in the endeavor to down it so that he could bring it away with him, you should not trust yourself to a comment on the narrative. That kind of man is wasting his talents on a modest job like angling. He ought to have been a political journalist.

When you have cast your line, you should sit by quietly and wait for the results. That delightful old prig, Isaak Walton, laid it down as a rule that anglers should avoid swearing, lest they be heard and catch no fish. It is not very clear to me why a man who has settled down by the water's edge for a day's fishing should want to swear. I don't see, in any of the hand-books on the craft, any hints that swearing has ever been considered half as useful as a wriggling worm for fishing purposes. As far as I can see, a man might stand by a stream and profane steadily for several hours without getting any more bites in consequence. If a fish will not bite at a tempting hook, I should doubt very much whether it will do so because somebody on the bank is referring to its ancestry in disrespectful terms, and is casting rather red aspersions on its moral character. The injunction as to swearing appears quite unnecessary, but dear old Isaak couldn't help preaching a little in between the bites.

After waiting a little while and looking at your float, you will probably see it begin to bob up and down. This either means that something is biting at the hook, or else that an empty sardine tin has got mixed up with your line. You must let the bobbing go on till the float is dragged under water, and then you pull in with both hands, and land the upper portion of a dilapidated boot which someone has left in the stream by an oversight. Fishing is called "the contemplative man's recreation," chiefly, I believe, on account of the very weird things that the average angler is called upon to contemplate in the course of a day's skirmish with the wonders of the deep.

Many anglers, however, do not recommend the practice of sitting down and fixing the eye on the bobbing float. After you have thrown out your line, you open the lunch basket and take out the first bottle. Then you light a pipe and take a glance or so at your float to make sure that it isn't bobbing. By that time you will be ready for the second bottle. When the second bottle has been properly and truly dealt with, the float will bob a good deal oftener than might be expected; but you don't need to take notice of low conduct like that. If a gentleman can't sit down by the water's edge and take a little light refreshment without being guyed by a mere decorative quill, it's hard luck, that's all.

By the time you have got on to the fourth bottle, you will begin to realise what a thoroughly enjoyable sport this angling business is. You will begin to wonder at first what bounder has been and thrown his line alongside yours, as there are two floats to be distinctly seen. You need not, however, bother about that. After all, you didn't come down to the water for what you could catch; but for the jolly sport of thing. Well, there's the fifth bottle ready anyway, and it's thirsty work looking on and waiting for a bite.

Of course, there are anglers who can be carried away by the sport so much as to follow a float with their eyes for a whole day, with scarcely a drop in between. These men will wade through two feet of water, and carry the spare worms in their mouths on the chance of hooking a wriggler that has been hovering about playfully for an hour or two. But this is not the weather for enthusiasm of any kind; and the only thing that you will find to admire in these rabid anglers is that their perspiring activity makes you feel so thirsty that the rest of the bottles can be opened in their right order without waiting. Some anglers reel up their line at the close of the day's sport and take it back home. But after a dozen bottles or so of the best, you won't want to be bothered with any dim nonsense of that kind. Just kick the whole kit into the water, and call for help to enable you to get home again without any trouble. Angling is a grand sport if you know how to take it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

The Real Difficulty.

Appy Tite—If we only had some lines now, we might do a little fishin'.

Shady Bowers—Fishin', eh? Who's goin' ter dig de bait, bait de hooks, 'row in de lines, haul out de fish, and take 'em offen de hooks?

Appy Tite—Dat's so; we'd have to hire somebody to do dat part of it.—"Leslie's Weekly."

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 100 feet high, and the [illegible] [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Editor Morning Times

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If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 4, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Ashburnham School Board will meet to-night.

—Wheels have again taken the place of sleighs in town.

—A meeting of the Nicholls Hospital Trust was held yesterday afternoon.

—The regular meeting of the Board of Education will be held this evening.

—The regular meeting of the non-commissioned officers of the 57th regiment will be held in the drill shed to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

—Considerable local matter is unavoidably held over until to-morrow for want of space.

—The price of eggs continues high in spite of the fact that the great Hennery of Germany is likely to visit Canada.

—No. 6 Company, of the 57th regiment, commenced their drill season by a parade last night. There was a very good attendance for the first night.

—The annual meeting of the Womens' Mission Circle of the Murray Street Baptist church, will be held this evening at eight o'clock.

—A large deputation from the Trent Water Conservation Association leave on the midnight express to-night to interview the Dominion Government. The town council sent a deputation.

—Mr. W. H. Andrews, who was nursing the small-pox patient at Jackson Park, has received a certificate from the Medical Health Officer that there is no danger of infection of smallpox from him.

—At the George Street Methodist Sunday School on Sunday last, Mr. Saffries in a neatly worded address moved a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. G. W. Mulligan and Prof. Gliddon for the excellent music provided for the anniversary services on the previous Sunday. Mr. Dixon seconded the motion, which was carried with much enthusiasm.

A Narrow Escape

One of our most esteemed citizens had a very narrow escape from instant death yesterday afternoon. Mr. Wm. Snowden, of the Snowden House, was down at the new flour mill, and while passing along the east side of the building, a plank fell from the upper storey and just missed Mr. Snowden by a hair-breadth. We are glad to say that under these trying circumstances Mr. Snowden behaved admirably—never so much as moving an eye winker. We congratulate our esteemed friend on his escape and are pleased to inform his many friends that he rested comfortably last night.

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Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Father Phelan spent Sunday in Keene.

—Mr. Robert Fair is in Toronto on business connected with the firm.

—Mr. A. E. Thompson, of Montreal, is in town for a day or two.

—Miss May Duncan, of Millbrook, is visiting Miss Hattie Melville.

—Miss Carnegie, Port Perry, is the guest of Mrs. V. P. Thewlis, Water st.

—Mr. Cameron Wilson, of Trinity Medical College, spent Sunday in town.

—Rev. G. Yule returned from the Students' Convention at Toronto, last night.

—Mr. W. H. Hill, who has been confined to his house for some days with a severe cold, is able to be down street again.

—Mrs. T. Mowatt, organist of George street Methodist church left for Toronto this morning to be present at the appearance of Paderewski in Massey Hall to-morrow evening.

—The many friends of Mrs. Graham, Water street, will be pleased to learn that her broken limb is knitting nicely, and she hopes soon to be about again as usual.

—Mrs. Margaret O'Mara, Waterford street, received the sad intelligence yesterday, of the death of her grandson, Robert F. Carew, which occurred on Feb. 19th from peritonitis. Deceased was a member of the United States Marines, and was buried with military honors at the cemetery of the Brooklyn navy yards.

—Orillia News-Letter: — Orillians were pleased to have the opportunity of shaking hands once more with a former esteemed townsman, Mr. Geo. E. Whiten, who was here skipping one of the Peterboro rinks at the bonspiel. Mr. Whiten seems to have discovered the secret of perennial youth, as he looks younger than when he left here eight years ago.

HONOR ROLL

Honor Roll for S. S. No 1. Anstruther for the month of February, 1902:

Class III.—Stanley Dobson, 878; John McColl, 630; Stephen McColl, 448.

Sr. Sec.—Hurrell Eastland, 1947; Alex McIlvena, 1646.

Jr. Sec.—Ethel Bullied, 1333; Bruce Eastland, 1374.

Part II.—Evernarde Sullivan, 1337; Charlie Eastland, 2742. Richard Bullied, 2417.

Sr. Part I.—Joseph Gallagher, 1482.

Jr. Part—Willie Sullivan, 1040.

Fourth Classes not marked.

MACCABEES CONCERT

A Very Successful Entertainment Last Evening

The concert given last night by the members of the Peterborough Tent No. 60, Knights of Maccabees was most successful in every sense of the word.

The attendance was all that could be wished, the hall being filled to its utmost.

The chair was taken, at 8 o'clock, by Dr. Mallory, of Port Colborne, Supreme Physician of Ontario. Dr. Mallory's address in opening the programme, was an able and interesting exposition of the progress of the Order in the Province. He reviewed the various phases in its career, and showed on what a solid financial basis the insurance department of the work is conducted. There is constantly in the Toronto banks to the credit of the Order from $35,000 to $45,000, which renders the members perfectly secure. The following programme was rendered and drew forth unstinted encomiums from the audience:

Song...... ....Misses Dunlop
Recitation...... ....Miss Long
Song...(In the House of too Much Trouble) Jas. Browne.
Highland Fling... ....Miss Long.
Song ....Misses Dunlop.
Recitation...... ... .Miss M Titterson
Address...... ...Miss L. A Irwin, Lady Organizer for Ontario

Here followed the presentation of a prize to Miss M. Titterson, for the sale of concert tickets, she having disposed of 34 tickets. The presentation was very appropriately made by Dr. Mallory. Then followed a reading by Miss B. Long, song, Miss Dunlop; solo, (The Holy City) Jas. Brown

The entertainment concluded with a very pleasant dance which appealed especially to the younger portion of those present.

Peterborough Tent has at present a membership of 84. The organizer has been here for the past three weeks, and the addition of 18 new members has resulted.

Another entertainment of this kind will be given in the near future, notice of which will appear in the columns of The Times.

ANY ONE CAN

Prove the Value of Scientific Food

A good straightforward test of food is worth much to humanity. The following is interesting:

Mr. D. K. Darboraw of Greenfield, O., says, "After 3 months' sickness with grip I found I had lost 42 pounds, with little appetite and almost no digestion. Wife finally put me on Grape-Nuts and I actually lived on this food, taking it three times a day, and a cup of Postum Coffee at each meal for about four weeks.

When I began, I was so nervous and weak that my strength was exhausted even by dressing, and, of course, I was unable to do the work loaded upon my desk, but I hammered away without tonics or medicines, only my diet of Grape-Nuts and Postum three times a day. I found at the end of 23 days my nervousness gone, strength greatly increased and that I had gained 16 pounds.

Finally, after getting back to good health again I, of course, took on different kinds of food, and, as a change, began using——for breakfast. After a while some peculiar spells began to appear in the morning with deathly sickness and nervous lassitude. I took treatment for biliousness but that did not avail.

About a month ago I gave up the —— for breakfast and took on Grape-Nuts again. These morning attacks left me entirely in a day or two and I feel that I have had sufficient evidence of the scientific value of Grape-Nuts as a vitalizing, perfect food, that does not require the heavy work of the stomach occasioned by the use of starchy foods we use so much nowadays."

TOWN COUNCIL CONTINUED

of the estate the rental of the ground for six months.—Referred to Property Committee.

From J. R. Stratton, enclosing Crown Patent for water lots—Received, and the hon. gentleman will be asked to apply to the Crown Lands Dept., for a copy of the plan referred to in patent.

The following accounts were referred to the Finance Committee:—

Wm Butler......	2 00
R Fair & Co......	8 7
Peterborough Review	163 20
Duncan & Doupe......	4 20
Bell Telephone Co......	21 00
G H Noble......	50 00
Lane & Co......	62
J B A Fitzgerald......	7 00
D Belleghem......	14 30
Jos. H Yelland......	10 00
Salisbury & Co......	2 48
Gutta Percha Rubber Manuf. Co ...	400 25
Jas. E. Stenson......	7 00
Post Office......	4 00
P J Grisdy......	8 00
G H Noble......	9 11
P Hamilton Co Ltd......	60 00
H LeBrun & Co......	12 15
Bell Telephone Co......	40
F P Garden......	53 00
Wm English Canoe Co......	7 70
T B Buddy......	7 70
Peterborough Water Co......	5 00
Kinghan Hardware Co......	1 35
Peterboro Light & Power Co	9 50
Peterboro Light & Power Co	15 63
Peterboro Review......	8 50
Peterboro Review......	36 05
Bell Telephone Co......	40
Peterboro Hardware Co......	4 00
John W Gray......	3 00
R Neill......	2 00
McFarlain Wilson Co......	1 45
Salisbury & Co......	75
Wm. Hetherington......	3 70

LICENSE COMMITTEE REPORT.

Ald. McGregor submitted the following:

Gentlemen:—

Your License Committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That Wm. Taylor be given a refund of $20, on account of the Pedler's license fee paid by him.

2. That D. McCabe be given a Bowling Alley License, for 1902 for fifty cents.

3. That a fee of $10 paid by Mr. Redner for a second-hand license be refunded him on his return of said license for cancellation.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

FINANCE REPORT.

Ald Rogers submitted the following: Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. That your committee has asked for offers for the Waterworks Debentures to be received up to March 17th inst. Advertisements have been sent to papers in New York, Toronto, Montreal and Peterborough, and a large number of circulars have been sent to brokers, bankers, Insurance and other financial companies in Canada and United States.

2. We recommend that the following accounts be paid:—

Adam Hall......	$ 3 92
Geo. Hutchinson......	3 30
Richard Hall & Son......	6 68
Times Printing Co......	9 00
Bell Telephone Co......	90
Peterboro Review Print & Pub Co.	9 00
Registrar Co Peterboro......	2 00
W J McCallum......	5 00
G H Noble......	4 50
D Belleghem......	12 00
Bevlin & Co......	1 75
J H Savigny......	5 25
C H Brown......	5 50
Chas E Gunsolus	5 25
Robert Fair & Co......	4 30
A McDonald......	17 97
T B Buddy......	11 65
R H Bradburn......	30 00
Hugh S. Macdonald......	3 00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

BOARD OF WORKS.

Ald. Best submitted the following:

Gentlemen:—

Your Board of Works beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That the Auburn Power Co. be permitted to place poles for power purposes on the north side of Dalhousie street from Bethune street to Aylmer street on filing a plan showing the location of the poles and the locations to be approved of by the Town Engineer.

2. That the request of the Peterborough Light and Power Company, and the Bell Telephone Company, to be permitted to move a pole on Hunter street, near Queen street, and to put up a pole at the new crossing be granted, subject to the approval of the town engineer.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

DOG TAGS

Ald. McGregor moved, seconded by Ald. Morrison,—That the acting chairman of the License Committee be authorized to purchase the dog tags for 1902.—Carried.

MARKET TOLLS.

Ald. McGregor moved, seconded by Ald. Morrison,—That the Market Committee be authorized to dispose of the Market Tolls by auction, and take the necessary steps in this respect.—Carried.

FIRE HOSE.

Ald. Clinkscale moved, seconded by Ald. Batten,—That the Mayor and clerk sign and attach the corporate seal to a contract in duplicate for the purchase of 400 feet of Paragon fire hose from the Gutta Percha and Rubber Mfg. Co. at 90 cents per foot.—Carried.

GRANTS FOR VOLUNTEERS.

Ald. Roger moved, seconded by Ald. Bush,—That the sum of $25 each be paid to volunteers for service in S. Africa who have not already received such a grant.—Carried.

BEET SUGAR APPROPRIATION.

Messrs. Edgcumbe and Shortly were delegates to interview the Hon. J. R. Stratton and urge him to use his influence toward securing for the Ontario Beet Sugar Association the appropriation promised by the local legislature.

TOWN VS. LABOR.

Ald. Best inquired if the Peterborough Union, American Federation of Labor, intended asking $1.50 a day for all laborers from April 1st.

Ald. McGregor replied that $1.50 a day will be the minimum scale, but a man will not be prohibited from getting more if he can.

Ald. Best thought this an unjust measure; some men might only be worth $1 a day, and yet the union demands that all men be rated the same. This is a serious matter for the town, involving hundreds of dollars, and should be discussed in committee of the whole council before the estimates are struck.

Ald. Best moved, seconded by Ald. McGregor,—That the communication from Peterborough Union, referring to this new scale of wages be referred to a committee of the Whole Council.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION

PROCEEDINGS OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING WEDNESDAY, 26th FEBRUARY, 1902.

The Third Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, being the twentieth of the Toronto General Trusts Company, was held in the Board Room of the Corporation, on the corner of Yonge and Colborne Streets, on Wednesday, the 26th of February. There were present: Hon. Mr. Justice Maclennan, John Hoskin, K.C., President, Hon. S. C. Wood, W. H. Beatty, W. D. Matthews, T. Sutherland Stayner, Aemilius Irving, K.C., Thos. Long, John L. Blaikie, J. G. Scott, K.C., J. J. Foy, K.C., M.P.P., Robert Jaffray, Alexander Nairn, James Hedley, Alfred Hoskin, K.C., B. E. Bull, Edward Galley, E. T. Malone, K.C., A. B. Lee, J. W. Langmuir, William Gordon, J. J. Kenny, D. R. Wilkie, Samuel Nordheimer, H. S. Osler, Walter Barwick, K.C., H. J. Wright, Geo. M. Clark, K.C., Richard Foster, William Hendrie, Alexander Smith, R. S. Schell, George Porter, Henry Gooderham, A. D. Langmuir, John Paton, A. L. Crossin, E. E. Argles and others.

Dr. Hoskin, K.C., LL.D., took the chair, and Mr. A. D. Langmuir, the Assistant Manager, was appointed to act as Secretary.

The various financial statements, showing the operations of the Corporation for the year ended 31st December, 1901, were submitted by the Managing Director, Mr. J. W. Langmuir, and were respectively commented upon by him.

The Report of the Directors for the year was then read, as follows:

To the Shareholders: Your Directors have pleasure in submitting the Third Annual Report of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, (being the Twentieth of the Toronto General Trusts Company) together with the usual financial statements, showing the operations of the Corporation, and the results of the same, for the year ended 31st December, 1901.

During the past year new business aggregating $3,091,870.18 came under the management and care of the Corporation, as compared with $2,243,108.08 in the preceding year, being an increase of $848,762.10. The following comparative summary shows the positions assumed and the varied character of the new business acquired during the past two years:

	1900.	1901.
Executionerships......	$721,588 03	$1,564,522 97
Administrations......	107,116 28	218,116 40
Administrations, with Will Annexed	125,000 00	54,790 24
Trusteeships......	340,047 6	406,913 18
Investment Agencies......	306,347 82	313,560 06
Estate Agencies......	326,796 70	126,366 67
Liquidatorships......		375,500 00
Guaranteed Mortgage Investment Agencies......	23,000 00	160,407 00
Committeeships......	40,050 00	12,343 81
Guardianships......	2,700 00	36,752 30
Receiverships......	295,567 22	
Lunatic Estate Agencies......	29,394 00	30,140 46
	$2,243,108 08	$3,091,870 18

In the foregoing summary all transactions, in which the Corporation merely acted as trustee for the issue and certification of debentures, or as Registrar of stocks and bonds, Transfer Agent, and positions of a kindred character, are excluded, although such transactions during the year aggregated close on five million dollars.

As the Corporation has now completed the twentieth year of its existence, your directors think this a fitting occasion to submit to the shareholders and the public a tabulated statement, showing the executorships, trusts, administrations and all positions of a fiduciary character which have come under the control and management of the Corporation since its organization in February, 1882. A perusal of this statement will not only show the great growth and progress of this, the pioneer Trusts Corporation of Canada but will also prove interesting and instructive, as showing the varied nature and character of the business entrusted to the Corporation. It will be observed that, during the twenty years of its existence, the Corporation has assumed trust and estate business amounting to no less than $37,147,974.76, of which there has been distributed and closed out during that time $16,712,633.33, leaving $20,435,341.43 under its charge on the 31st December, 1901.

Your Board decided in the latter part of the year to open an agency in Manitoba, and, in furtherance of that decision, negotiations were opened with The Winnipeg General Trust Company for the acquirement of their business and assets. An agreement was arrived at, and the Legislature of Manitoba passed an act sanctioning the agreement, and conferring on the Corporation all the rights and powers which The Winnipeg General Trust Company had for the transaction of a trust business in Manitoba. A temporary office has been secured in the new building lately constructed for the Bank of Hamilton, and the Branch is now in full operation.

The stock of the Corporation is all paid up (last installment on the 19th March), and now stands at $1,000,000, with the Reserve Fund $270,000. The Profit and Loss Statement herewith submitted shows the earnings of the Corporation for the year, and the sources from which they were derived, the cost of management and other outlays connected with the business. It will be observed that the net profits for the year, including the balance carried forward from 1900, amount to $116,350.94, out of which your directors declared and paid two semi-annual dividends at the rate of 7 1-2 per cent. per annum, amounting to $73,961.06. There has also been written off from the Corporation's building the sum of $14,260.96, and from furniture and vault fixtures $2,089.30, and $20,000 has been passed to the credit of the Reserve Fund, bringing forward to the credit of Profit and Loss the sum of $6,039.62.

The Directors again desire to impress on the shareholders and the public that, differing from most of the Trust Companies in the United States and Canada, The Toronto General Trusts Corporation strictly confines itself to the management of estates, trusts and agencies. It excludes from its transactions such work as the promotion or flotation of companies, underwriting bond and stock issues, guarantees (other than of securities coming within the Trustee Investment Act), and all business of a more or less speculative character. Briefly, the Corporation confines its operations to the performance of the duties of a Trustee, Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Committee, Liquidator, Receiver and other official or fiduciary functions, fully believing that the great interests of that character committed to its care will thereby be better and more carefully preserved.

Your Directors have to record with deep regret the death of an esteemed colleague, Mr. H. S. Howland, who filled a seat at the Board from the 7th November, 1887, and was during the most of the time a valued member of the Inspection Committee.

Your Directors have further to report that they have appointed to take the place on the Board of the late Mr. Samuel Alcorn and Mr. H. S. Howland, the Hon. Senator Fulford of Brockville, and Mr. D. R. Wilkie, Vice-President of the Imperial Bank of Canada, Toronto.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Managing Director.
JOHN HOSKIN, President.

Toronto, February 25th, 1902.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
For Year Ended 31st December, 1901

DR		CR	
To salaries, rent, provincial tax and office expenses	$ 60,945 06	By balance brought forward from 31st Dec., 1900... ... ... $36,519 13 Less vote of shareholders to Vice-Presidents and Auditors for services for year ended 31st Dec., 1900... ... ... 2,550 00	4,969 13
To President, Vice-Presidents, Directors and Inspection Committee's fees......	9,650 00	By commission earned for management of estates, collection of revenue, etc......	98,117 94
To commission on capital, loans, inspection of loans and expenses of superintendence of properties and collection of rent......	4,947 21	By interest earned on capital investment including arrears of interest, recovered, not heretofore taken credit for......	75,675 93
To balance carried down	116,350 94	By net rents from Corporation's building	4,344 95
		By rents from safe deposit vaults......	2,726 04
		By profit on purchase and sale of municipal debentures under guarantee of Corporation.	12,546 30
	$191,893 23		$191,893 23
To Dividends Nos. 5 and 6	73,961 06	By balance brought down...	$116,350 94
To written off Corporation's building......	14,260 96		
To written off office furniture and vault fixtures...	2,089 30		
To carried to Reserve Fund	20,000 00		
To balance carried forward	6,039 62		
	$116,350 94		$116,350 94

Dr. Hoskin, in moving the adoption of the report, said: The Toronto General Trusts Company was incorporated in 1882. This, therefore, is our 20th Annual Meeting, and it will be interesting and in order to refer not only to the operations of the past year, but to take a brief retrospect of the business performed by the Company during the two decades of its existence, and this I propose to do in the course of my remarks.

The material progress and prosperity which Canada has enjoyed have, in a measure, been experienced by us during the year—interest has been well paid, real estate has risen in value, and is more readily sold than for some years past, which favorable conditions we are pleased to say apply in a special manner to Toronto, and our new business for the year amounts to over $3,000,000.

From the report which has been read, you will observe that out of our profits, we have placed the rest $20,000, which now amounts to $270,000, and, while we could have added more to the Reserve, your Directors thought it a wiser policy to reduce the amounts at which this building, vaults and furniture stand in our books, by writing off these assets over $16,000.

With the sanction of the Shareholders, given at a special meeting called for that purpose, we have extended our operations to the province of Manitoba. The rapid development of that province led us to the conclusion that it would be well to enlarge our borders and extend our operations, and to that end we opened up negotiations for the acquiring of the Manitoba Trusts Company, which were carried to a successful issue, supplemented by the necessary legislation which the Legislature of that Province has just conferred upon us. We have secured the valuable aid of four gentlemen who act as our Advisory Board at Winnipeg, viz., Lieutenant-Governor McMillan and Messrs. A. M. Nanton, H. H Smith and D. W. Bole—all men of the highest standing in Manitoba—and the Manager of that Branch is Mr. James Davey, who was lately our secretary, and who has been on the staff for twenty years.

With this short reference to the affairs of the year, I now take the opportunity of casting a bird's-eye view over the great operations of this company during the 20 years of its existence.

Our Managing Director, Mr. Langmuir, at one time occupied an important and responsible position under the government of this province, and in the discharge of his duties it frequently came to his notice that the management of estates, especially of deceased persons, needed some radical and important change, and in connection therewith the desirability of organizing a company, such as this, presented itself to his mind, whereupon he resigned his office, and, inviting the co-operation of several well-known and able business and professional men as directors, some of whom are still on the board, he and they sought and obtained the incorporation of the Toronto General Trusts Company, which in 1899 amalgamated with the Trusts Corporation of Ontario under the new name of The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

On former occasions, I and others who have addressed the shareholders at our annual meetings have referred to the great advantages we offer to that portion of the community seeking the safe and careful management of their estates and of the trusts which they desire to create for the benefit of wives and children, to take effect during their life or after their death, and it will not be amiss again to refer to two or three important points bearing upon this matter. For instance, the creator of the trust can be satisfied of continuity, a most important matter, whereas in the case of a private trustee's death, incapacity, unwillingness to continue such, and numerous other circumstances incident to the uncertainty of life and the changeableness of human affairs, cause trouble, inconvenience, costs and uncertainty, and the appointment of new trustees who were unknown to the maker of the trust and who, probably, would never have been nominated by him, whereas all these are obviated by appointing us in the first instance. Again, there is always safety so far as the forthcoming of the assets is concerned. A glance at the records of our courts will show you what an important matter this is, for there records of the administration of justice reveal a sad tale, showing the havoc made and the misery caused by negligent and defaulting trustees. Again, it frequently happens that trustees and executors who are related to the beneficiaries are often pressed to vary and encroach upon the trusts to the detriment and often the destruction of the estate, and are unable to resist importunity, by reason of family pressure and considerations, whereas these influences being removed from the sphere of the Trusts Corporation, the management is able to resist these influences. Anyone familiar with the administration of justice will tell you that these three points cannot be too strongly impressed upon those who seek to appoint executors and trustees. They are factors which enter largely into the preservation of estates.

From the financial statements that have been presented to you by the Managing Director, showing that during the past 20 years that the Corporation has been in existence over $37,000,000 of estates and trusts have come under the charge of the Corporation, and after distributing and closing out $16,000,000, over $20,000,000 still remain with the Corporation, it will be quite evident that the Toronto General Trusts Corporation has taken hold of the public mind, which fact would be emphasized if I could tell you of the number of wills now lying in our vaults and elsewhere of which we are named the executors, and, great as have been our business operations in the past, I venture to assert that we are yet in our infancy; that we have surmounted the difficulties which surrounded the launching of this undertaking, and shall more fully reap the benefit of the care, anxiety and labor which have fallen to the lot of the management.

In connection with the past work adverted to, I may, with pardonable pride, refer to the splendid winding up presented by us in connection with the Farmers' Loan and Savings Company, of which we are the liquidators appointed by the High Court. When we were appointed it was suggested and hoped, but with some hesitation and misgivings, that the debenture holders might hope to realize 60c. on the dollar. They have so far been paid 80c. on the dollar, and while they may not get 100 cents, we hope the final dividend will not fall far short of that point.

We are confidently seeking the business and confidence of the public who are looking for safe, careful and trustworthy trustees and executors, and for the information and benefit of such we say that, in our management of trust funds, we confine ourselves strictly to the class of investments authorized by law and the trust instruments under which we act, even with our capital and reserve, which we hold intact for the additional protection and security of those for whom we act, our aim being to hold ourselves out to the public as being engaged simply in the management of estates entrusted to our care.

Acting on these conservative principles, we cannot fail to attract the attention and confidence of the public and to witness the continuous growth of our business, in connection with which permit me to say that such increase can be greatly facilitated and our success further assured by the hearty co-operation of all connected with us, both as shareholders and directors, and it is the duty of all such to do their best to promote our interests.

One word as to our staff. From the Managing Director down, I bear cheerful testimony to the zeal, diligence and loyalty of all, and these qualities add much to our efficiency and success. I have much pleasure, gentlemen, in moving the adoption of the Report.

Hon. S. C. Wood, in seconding the adoption of the Report, said:

"I shall not take up the time of the meeting in referring to the financial position of the Corporation. The statements give the fullest details, which together with the able address of the President, make that quite unnecessary. Perhaps, however, you will bear with me for a few minutes while I refer to certain circumstances, which, I think, have had largely to do with the prosperity of the Corporation.

"Reading the Act of Incorporation and the Supplementary Letters Patent, we must come to one conclusion, that this is pre-eminently a Trust Company, authorized to do a trust business. The promoters might reasonably have asked for the power to receive money on deposit, the right to issue debentures and many additional powers, but, after very careful consideration, they decided that the true policy of the company would be to devote its entire attention and energy to looking after trusts and estates and the transaction of a general trust business. To this end the company had to train a staff in all that pertains to the successful management of such a business, believing that sooner or later such a course would commend itself to the wants of the general public.

"A very short time after the Corporation began active operations, the Superior Court Judges of this Province, having under their control moneys known as the Court Fund, in which a very large number of widows, orphans and other parties are interested, decided, after thoroughly satisfying themselves of the standing, ability and scope of the Corporation, to constitute the Corporation its agent for the investment of the Court funds, and during the past twenty years the Corporation in that capacity has invested sums of money close on $6,500,000, of which over $2,600,000 is still under the care of the Corporation. In the management of that large amount of money, during a period in which we have seen values reaching their highest point, as well as a drop to the lowest, not one dollar has been lost to that fund. The same conditions and reasons that operated upon the Superior Court Judges in the investment of the Court funds have also influenced the legal fraternity. We find that here and there all over the province, solicitors are advising their clients to select this Corporation or some other Trust Company for the future management of their assets. We find also that the action and methods of this Corporation in its dealings with its clients have been a large factor in the occasion for its prosperity.

"The system of checks and supervision over the affairs of this Corporation is as nearly perfect as it possibly can be; first, there is the Board, exercising general control; then, there is the Executive Committee, which has to pass upon every detail of the business; then, there are the Auditors, to see that the accounts are correctly and properly kept; and lastly, there is the Inspection Committee, composed of two gentlemen of eminent legal ability and one layman of the oldest standing in the community, whose duty it is to see that every instruction of the Board and Executive has been carried out by the Managing Director and his staff; they have to see every mortgage, debenture and security that has been acquired, and, further, that they are registered in the books of the Company to the estates or accounts to which they belong.

"I have much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the Report."

His Honor Judge Clark, in moving a vote of thanks to the President, said that the boon of having a trustee of the standing of this Corporation is a most valuable one in any community. It is based upon proper principles and has a proper object in view. I have had the pleasure of knowing the President of the Company for a great number of years. He is not only a man of great integrity and ability, but his connection with the institution in all respects cannot but be satisfactory to all concerned. The motion was seconded by Mr. Richard Foster.

Hon. Mr. Justice Maclennan, in moving a vote of thanks to the Directors of the Corporation, said:

"Mr. Chairman,—You and your Directors have invited the shareholders to meet you to-day in order that we may have an account of your stewardship, and I am sure that every shareholder who is here present must be very much pleased and gratified to hear the Report which has been read, and to hear the statements which have also been commented on by the Managing Director, and the observations made by yourself and by the Vice-President. I am sure there is nothing to find fault with, but, on the other hand, there is a great deal to be gratified with in all they have heard. For myself, I may express the great pleasure I feel in looking back upon the history of this Corporation (in which I had something to do at one time myself), and to observe the progress which has been made year by year since the day of small things. That progress is due to the men whom you elected twenty years ago, and whom you have been electing year by year since to manage your business. I am sure that the City of Toronto could not provide a lot of men more capable of conducting the business of this Company, steadily and safely and prudently, than the men whom you have elected. I ask you, therefore, gentlemen, to pass a resolution of thanks to the Board of Directors whom you have at present managing your affairs."

Mr. Northeimer seconded the resolution, fully approving of all that had been said.

Votes of thanks were also tendered to the Vice-Presidents, Messrs. Wood and Beatty, the Inspection Committee of the Corporation, and the Managing Director and Staff.

Messrs. R. F. Spence and J. M. Martin, F.C.A., were appointed Auditors for the year 1902.

Certain Bylaws and amendments to By-laws were confirmed.

The following gentlemen were re-elected Directors for the ensuing year: John Hoskin, K.C., LL.D., Hon. S. C. Wood, W. H. Beatty, Jno. Bell, K.C., Jno. L. Blaikie, W. R. Brock, M.P., J. W. Digby, M.D., J. J. Foy, K.C., M.P.P., Jno. Foy, Hon. Senator Fulford, George Gooderham, William Hendrie, Aemilius Irving, K.C., Robert Jaffray, J. J. Kenny, J. W. Langmuir, A. B. Lee, Thomas Long, W. D. Matthews, Hon. Peter McLaren, E. B. Osler, M.P., J. G. Scott, K.C., T. Sutherland, Stayner, B. E. Walker and D. R. Wilkie.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, Dr. John Hoskin, K.C., was re-elected President and Hon. S. C. Wood and Mr. W. H. Beatty, Vice-Presidents.

The Executive Committee was re-elected, comprising: John Hoskin, K.C., LL.D., Chairman, W. H. Beatty, W. R. Brock, M.P., Robert Jaffray, Thomas Long, E. B. Osler, M.P., T. Sutherland Stayner, Hon. S. C. Wood, J. J. Foy, K.C., M.P.P., John L. Blaikie, A. B. Lee, W. D. Matthews, J. G. Scott, K.C., and B. E. Walker. The retiring Inspection Committee was re-elected, viz: Mr. W. H. Beatty, Chairman, Mr. Aemilius Irving and Mr. John L. Blaikie.

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 54

PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MARCH 5 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

KING HUMBER'S WIDOW TO VISIT UNITED STATES

The Dowager Queen of Italy to Visit the United States

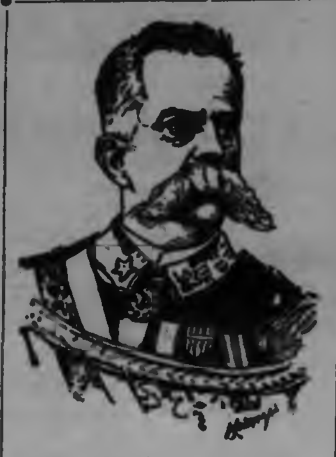
She May Also Take a Trip Through Canada and Visit Ottawa

A Lady of Rare Ability and High Attainments

New York, March 5 — There is now good ground for the story, once denied, that the Dowager Queen Margharita of Italy will shortly visit the United States. The glowing terms in which Mme. Ristori, the tragedienne, described the wonders of America to King Humbert's widow are said to have induced her definitely to make up her mind to make an early visit to the western republic.

Though naval officers are striving for the honor of conveying the queen to the States, it is said that she has practically decided to journey overland to England and take an Atlantic liner thence for New York. She will travel incognito as the Countess Stupinigi.

It is said that another reason for the queen's desire to visit the United States is the strong regard in which she has always held American women, whose beauty, frankness and self-possession have appealed to her strongly. She desires to see them at home. It is not generally known that an American woman, Mrs. March, assisted largely in the education of queen Margherita, Mrs. March having frequently been called into consultation by the Austrian instructor of the queen.



THE LATE KING HUMBERT

Queen Margherita is a very remarkable woman.

She is a linguist, speaks many modern languages, Latin is as familiar to her as Italian, and she is well versed in Greek.

She is what may be called a religious free thinker, being a devout Catholic, yet an ardent admirer of Jews and Protestants.

She is an author, having written many descriptions of knightly adventure and published a volume of middle age fairy stories.

She does not believe in woman's equality with man, but is convinced that monarchs have divine rights; is soft hearted, yet has an infinity of energy and resource; reads music with great facility and plays admirably; is a staunch friend, and was born in 1851.

MENACING CONDUCT OF U. S. OFFICIAL

Collector Ivey to be Punished by the Authorities at Washington

A GROSSLY INSULTING TELEGRAM

A Man Who Refuses to Obey the Orders—A Man Sent to Sitka to Replace Ivy

Washington, March 4 — The Treasury officials are at a loss to understand the grossly insulting and revolutionary conduct of collector Ivey. A few weeks ago Lieut Jarvis of the Revenue Cutter Service, who won fame in the winter of 1897-98 by leading the Government rescue expedition to Point Barrow, on the Arctic ocean, and who is one of the best informed men on Alaskan affairs was appointed Collector at Sitka by President Roosevelt. The collection district covers the whole territory of Alaska, which is about one sixth as large as the rest of the United States, and the office is, therefore, important. It is supposed that Ivey resented the appointment of a successor, and that this is the cause of his defying both the Federal authority and the terms of our foreign treaties. Lieut Jarvis is now in Washington, but will start for Sitka in view of Ivey's alarming action on the seal question and in the territory near the disputed international boundary.

The leading newspapers of this city are of opinion that Ivey must be punished. His anti-British feeling is such that he would go to any lengths to cause trouble.

THE PRINCE'S TOUR

Boston and Syracuse Prepare to Receive the German Prince

Boston, Mass., March 5—Everything is in readiness for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry, who is due to arrive in Boston at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. His Royal Highness will be met at the Huntington avenue station by the mayor and the German consul, and conducted under military escort to the Hotel Somerset, where the governor commandant of the navy yard, President Eliot of Harvard and other men of distinction will be presented. The prince will then pay his return visits and incidentally visit the public library and other places of interest. A call will be made on Mrs. J. L. Gardner, after which the party will proceed to Cambridge, where the remainder of the day is to be spent inspecting Harvard University, in which His Royal Highness, as well as the Emperor, has expressed much interest. Returning to Boston in the evening the Prince will be the guest of honor at an elaborate banquet at the Hotel Somerset. At an early hour the following morning the party will leave for Albany.

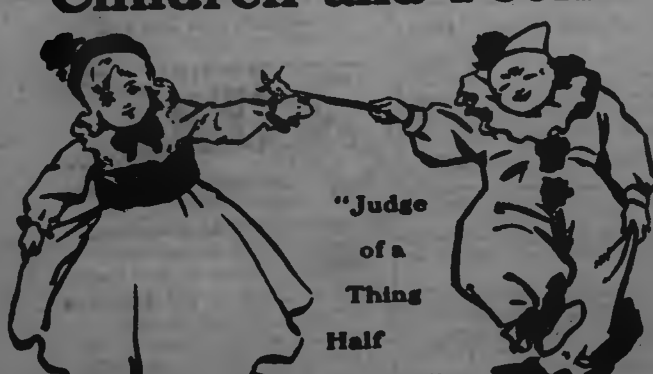
ARRANGEMENTS AT SYRACUSE.

Syracuse, N.Y., March 5 — Prince Henry will be greeted on his arrival here this evening by Mayor Kline and a committee of business men. The Liederkranz Singing Society will sing. The train, after engines are changed, will be drawn to Vanderbilt Square, where the ceremonies will take place. The *Forty-first Separate Company* will act as guard. The square will be brilliantly illuminated with electric lights so that all may have an opportunity of seeing the distinguished visitor.

To Break Up a Cold

all you require is a glass of hot water, a little sugar, and thirty drops of Polson's Nerviline. Take it real hot, and in the morning you will wake up without a cold. When depressed or tired, try Nerviline; it will tone you up better than stimulants. Nerviline wards off all sickness and keeps people well. Large bottles 25c.

"Children and Fools"



This is particularly applicable in cases where persons seriously troubled from the effects of coffee drinking and who take up Postum Food Coffee in its place, attempt to make the new beverage with a little hot water and two or three minutes' boiling. That sort of a "lick and a promise" produces a drink that is simply exasperating. It is flat and tasteless, whereas the person who will boil the Postum full fifteen minutes after the actual bubbling and boiling begins, will have a beverage that is something.

There is a point between twelve and fifteen minutes of boiling, when the character of Postum is changed, the food value is extracted, and the delicious flavor which much resembles the milder and more expensive grades of Java coffee is produced.

A lady in Salem, Ore., says: "Whenever I drank coffee at night, I always passed a restless, wakeful night. Extreme nervousness and a weak stomach have followed me ever since I have been using coffee. Finally, I got into such a state that my dyspepsia took the form of spasms and heart weakness.

"I suffered intensely, and when a physician was called, he inquired, among other things, if I drank coffee and insisted that I leave it off. I did so and took up tea, which I found almost as bad. Finally husband brought home a package of Postum, and we tried it strictly according to directions, for we believe in the adage that 'Children and fools judge of a thing half done.')

"The new coffee was delicious and from that day until now (which is a year) it has been our only drink at meals. My dyspepsia, spasms, etc., are things of the past. My husband had suffered some years with bilious headaches and indigestion, but during the past year, on Postum Food Coffee, he has entirely recovered his health and gained much in weight. Our friends frequently comment on our improved appearance and change in complexion." Name of writer supplied by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Regular Meeting Last Night — Several Appointments Made

The Board of Education met in regular session last night. There were present: Messrs. Morrow, McBain, Eastwood, Jamieson, Wrighton, Hayes, P. Hamilton, Bamford, J. J. Hartley, Langford, Stevenson, Ferguson, Burnham, Caldwell.

On motion Dr. Burnham was appointed chairman.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Miss Might resigning her position as teacher.—Accepted.

From Walter Wood, Janitor Coll. Institute tendering his resignation on account of ill health,—Accepted.

From Mrs. Hoodless asking the Board to make provision for the establishment of Manual Training and Domestic Science or both in connection with the School.—Received.

From the Inspector of Public Schools stating that arrangements had been made to fill vacancies caused by teachers having the staff temporarily. Received.

From Jas. Russell, Janitor Geo. St. School asking for increase of salary Received.

ACCOUNTS.

Ormond & Walsh	12 56
" "	17 76
Kingan Hardware Co.	3 88
Times Ptg Co.	6 55
Geo. S. Kingdon	3 00
Substitute Teachers Public Schools for Feb.	13 15
Adam Hall	60 20
Bell Tel. Co.	10 00
A H Stratton & Co.	14 26

REPORT OF SUPERVISION COMMITTEE

Gentlemen,—Your Supervision Committee beg leave to report that according to the usual custom, we advertised for tenders for the supply of stationery and chemicals necessary for the Collegiate Institute and Public Schools, for the ensuing year.

We recommend that the tender of Messrs Ormond & Walsh for the supply of chemicals and the tender of A. H. Stratton & Co for stationery, be accepted; they being the lowest in each case.

All of which is respectfully submitted Carried.

J. J. McBain, Chairman.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend the payment of the following accounts,—

Wm. Blackwell	34 40
J. D. Craig	1 00
Miss Annie Patterson	16 25
Miss Clara Martin	6 00
Miss Grace Brown	30 00
Miss Allison Cameron	6 25
The Crowell Apparatus Co.	15 93
A. H. Stratton & Co.	30 91

We recommend that the treasurer be paid $15.00 petty cash,—Carried.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAID

E. J. Sanderson, wood	9 00
John Lachaur	1 50
G. J. Jopling, wood	54 37
W. Preston	33 60
R. Duncan, removing snow	1 50
Stevenson Coal Co.	100 00
T. H. Sheppard, rent	100 00
F. Goodfellow, wood	24 75
	[illegible]

Moved by W. B. Bamford, seconded by P. Hamilton, That the payment of the foregoing accounts be confirmed,—Carried.

MONIES RECEIVED.

Town Treasurer on account	[illegible]
Fees Collegiate Institute	150 00
Fees Public School	3 00
	[illegible]

The matter of sending representatives to the meeting of the Provincial Trustees Association to be held in Toronto at Easter was taken up. Several of the Board were opposed to sending any delegates as they did not think the benefit derived from attending the meeting was worth the outlay to the Board.

Mr. J. J. Hartley who has been a delegate on three occasions considered the meeting was a benefit to the members of the Board as there was a lot of very useful information to be got at these meetings.

It was moved that Mr. Stevenson and Mr. Ferguson be appointed to attend the meeting.

Mr. Wrighton, moved in amendment that no one be sent. The amendment was lost and the first motion carried.

Mr. Eastwood stated that he thought it would be a great advantage to the scholars who were leaving the Institute to go to work if they had an opportunity of taking up shorthand, typewriting and book-keeping at the Institute. At the present time when the scholars were through with their course at the Institute they were unable to take up office work and were obliged to take a course at the Business College to be in a position to enter commercial life. Mr. Hayes was in favor of having these branches taught at the Institute. The cost would be very little and the pupils would be in a position to go into business when they left the Institute.

Considerable discussion arose over the subject. Mr. Bamford thought there were a number of subjects taught in the schools, such as Greek, Latin, French and other subjects that in three cases out of four were of no use to the scholar in following up his life's work. It was all right for a young fellow who wanted to be a doctor or druggist to learn the dead languages, but it was of no use to anyone else. He advocates giving the boys more useful training such as is required in everyday life. Mr. Hartley thought the scholars at the schools had all they could manage in the way of studies at the present time and would be in favor of paying for a course at the Business College for those of the pupils who wanted to take it. The cost of teaching these subjects in the Institute would be considerable as to be engaged. Mr. Langford said the education a scholar got at the Institute was in many cases of not use to him at all.

On motion the matter was referred to the Supervision Committee to make enquiries and report at the next meeting of the Board.

The Board adjourned.

Alive, Yet Half Dead

feeling miserable. This is the condition of thousands of growing girls and women. Can't eat enough to be truly alive. Digest so little of what they do eat, as to scarcely know what life really means. Miserable? Of course. But more, digest more, then feel streaming through life's renewed current, the buoyancy, the strength, the hopefulness of youth. Simply done if you'll just use Ferrozone, the wonderful blood maker, nerve strength and brain vigor. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, know all about it. Call and ask them about it.

PELERBOROUGH TO BATTLE WITH GALT

Collingwood Defeated by a Score of 5 to 3 Last Night

Toronto, March 4.—The hockey match between Galt and Collingwood, played at the Mutual street rink here tonight, resulted in Galt defeating the team from the northern town by a score of 5-3. The ice was in excellent condition, and the game was fast and exciting throughout, being almost entirely devoid of rough play. It was expected by some that Collingwood had a dark horse, and were going to surprise Galt. However, this rumor failed to materialize, and Galt, although they had to hustle for the victory, were not pressed as hard as they anticipated. The Galt forward line is exceptionally speedy, and "Dutcay" Morrison, their goal-keeper, is a wonder.

Excursions were run from both Collingwood and Galt, and a large crowd of enthusiasts accompanied either team.

The secretary of the O. H. A. has given out that Galt and Peterborough will play home and home games, and it is probable that Galt will play here on either Thursday of Friday night.

Peterborough ladies' hockey team journeyed to Cobourg yesterday, and defeated the ladies' team of that town by a score of 1-0 in a very close game.

AMERICAN LEAGUE MEETING.

Detroit, Mich., March 5.—To-day the eyes of the baseball world are turned to-day Detroit where the magnates of the American league have gathered for a meeting which promises to have important results for the future of the national game. While the meeting is ostensibly the regular spring meeting for the ratification of the schedule and the transaction of other business relating to the coming season, there are several matters other than routine to receive attention. It is the general belief that before adjourning the meeting will have definitely decided to put a club in New York city, thus bringing the warfare against the older league to a climax. With Chicago, St. Louis, New York and Boston in the circuit the American league will be in a position to contest the supremacy with the National league and with a good chance of emerging from the struggle on top.

CURLING.

Brandon, Man, March 5.—The annual bonspiel of the Brandon Curling Club began to-day and will continue through the week. The attendance is large and much interest is manifested by citizens generally, as well as by the members.

O'BRIEN AND DUFFY TO CLASH

Chicago, Ill., March 5.—Martin Duffy, the western lightweight champion, and Jack O'Brien, who gave Frank Erne the toughest kind of a twenty-five-round fight, are to mix things up in a six-round bout before the Acme Club to-night. The two fighters are among the best in their class and unless all guesses go astray they will put up a lively battle from the time the gong sounds. The winner will be matched to fight Frank Erne for the championship title.

GONE TO OTTAWA

Large Delegation from the Trent Water Conservation Left Last Night

A very large delegation of mill owners, steamboat men and manufacturers left last night on the mid night express for Ottawa to wait on the Minister of Railways and Canals to endeavor to persuade the Government to take ovr certain dams and to build new ones on the Trent Water route, to ensure a more equal and uniform flow of water in the river and adjoining lakes.

Among those who left last night were: Mayor Denne, Ald. Best and Shortly from the Town Council, Councillor Johnston from Ashburnham and Messrs. Adam Hall, W. G. Ferguson, J. C. Shook, J. Alex, Culverwell, Wm Scott, D. W. Dumble, Jas. Kendry, M.P., R. R. Hall, S. S. Moore, Chas. Mitchell of town, and Messrs. Fowlds, Hastings; Gilmour; Trenton; Rosser, Lindsay; Mulholland, Campbellford; and a number from Lakefield and other places.

A Poetic Inspiration

We may live without poetry, music
  and art,
We may live without conscience and
  live without heart;
We may live without friends, and live
  without fads.
But business to-day cannot live with-
  out ads.
So make up your mind this very day
To send in your ad. to this g.f.j.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND JAPAN MAKES CHINESE BOLD

General Botha Will Cross the Vaal---Convention of the United Irish League Calls on Graziers to Allow the Land to Lie Idle

London, March 5.—A despatch from Pekin to The Times, written by Dr. Morrison, says it is evident that the British-Japanese agreement has given the Chinese Government confidence in dealing with foreign questions and stiffened its back against German demands. Dr. Morrison says exclusive rights have already been granted to the Germans for ten miles on each side of the railway lines, covering an area of fifteen thousand square miles, yet the Germans send a consul to Si-Nan-Foo to extort from the Governor further concessions. The Germans have also applied to the Director-General of the Northern railways for permission to continue the Si-Nan-Foo line, now under construction, to join the Pekin-Han-Kow line at Cheng-Ting-Foo. This is not likely to be granted. The correspondent says the Chinese are more resolute in dealing with Russian demands. They persist in requiring the evacuation of Manchuria to be effected by one year, in successive periods of four months each, while the Russians demand three years.

The correspondent further says that the Chinese refuse to be prohibited from employing artillery in Manchuria. In spite of the expressed disapproval of the proceedings at the recent Imperial audience, Dr. Morrison says there is no doubt that the attention shown by the Emperor and the Empress Dowager to the foreign ladies and children, has materially increased the Chinese respect for foreigners. Whether the effect is permanent cannot be told, but the Chinese were never before so willing to meet foreigners, and the Chinese officials at Pekin were never before so friendly aliens. He adds that the insurrection in Kwang-Si causes uneasiness, because of the incompetent Chinese commander there. The Chinese fear that if the insurrection threatens the Tonquin border the French will interfere.

BOTHA WILL CROSS THE VAAL.

London, March 5.—The Times correspondent with General Bruce sends a despatch from Amersfoord, in the Southern Transvaal, which says that captured Boers report that General Botha intends to cross the Orange River Colony to meet Steyn and De Wet. Schalkberger is also to be present. The correspondent says that General Botha recently withdrew from the Vryheid District, South-East Transvaal, because of hustling experienced by the British on the high veldt, and has issued orders to all his commanders to follow him. Schalkberger has moved with headquarters to Roossenekal. He says that General Botha sought the low country because of the approach of winter. Col Plumer took twelve prisoners near Standerton on Friday, intercepting despatches from Britz to General Botha.

PROGRESS OF THE NO RENT CAMPAIGN.

London, March 5.—A despatch to The Times from *Dublin* says that at a convention of the United Irish League, held at Castlereagh, for the purpose of supporting the no-rent campaign in the Counties of Roscommon and Mayo, resolutions were adopted pledging support for disaffected tenants, and calling on graziers to surrender grass farms so that the land may be left idle until equitably divided.

AMERICANS NOT MUCH AHEAD.

London, March 5.—A despatch to The Times from Birmingham says that at the annual meeting of the Midland Iron and Steel Wages Board, Sir Benjamin Hingley, the president, declared that Americans were not much ahead of the British in the manufacture of puddled and rolled iron, but they enjoyed on advantage because the manufacture was not interfered with by stoppage as in England.

THE PRINCE OF WALES

Great Welcome Extended to the Prince of Wales Yesterday

London, March 5.—The Prince of Wales, heir apparent to the throne received a great welcome at Bristol to-day on the occasion of his visit to cut the first sod of the new dock at Avonmouth. It was the first visit of the Prince of Wales to Bristol and the ancient city gave him a truly royal welcome. Business was generally suspended, the decorations of flags and bunting were profuse and several triumphal arches spanned the streets. A special train conveyed the royal visitor over the Clifton Extension Railway from Bristol to Avonmouth, nine miles distant.

The new docks at the mouth of the Avon river are designed to be among the largest in England and are expected to result in a great increase in the trade of the city of Bristol. The cost of construction will amount to $10,000,000.

ANOTHER BIG TRUST

The Cooperage Business of the United States Go into Combine

Detroit, Mich., March 5.—A cooperage trust embracing three-quarters of the stave and hoop manufacturers of the country is to be launched at a meeting to be held in Detroit. The initial steps looking to the formation of the combination were taken at a conference held two weeks ago. The company will be called the Central Cooperage Sales Company and its headquarters will be in Buffalo. Its capital will be $500,000. Leading manufacturers of Ohio, Michigan, Illinois and Canada are the promoters of the movement. The announced purpose of the combine is to advance prices, reduce freight rates, prevent unjust claims, and stop ruinous price fluctuations.

Cincinnati is 100 Years Old

Cincinnati, O., March 5.—The city of Cincinnati is 100 years old to-day and it is celebrating the event in various ways. The main feature of the celebration will be the banquet to be held this evening under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce. Among the invited guests are Senators Hanna and Foraker, the Ohio congressmen, and the governors of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.

A CASE AT THE NICHOLLS HOSPITAL

There has been for some time a serious agitation amongst some of the more prominent people of the town with regard to the dismissal of a nurse from the Nicholls Hospital staff without, as it is alleged, proper cause. There are always, of course, two sides to a question, but so far as we have been able to learn, there is danger of a serious injustice in this case, which, therefore, becomes at once a matter of public concern, and we do not think that it is the part of public journals to withhold reference to an affair of this sort so long that it should begin to look like "a conspiracy of silence." It appears that one of the nurses was desirous of attending the funeral of a near and dear relative, and that there was no especial reason why she should not be permitted to do so. However, those in authority declined to grant the required permission, upon which the nurse, feeling her position and the refusal keenly, decided to risk dismissal and to go. She returned without delay, but was at once dismissed, and on appealing to the pity and commiseration of her superiors, she met with a still harsher refusal, and it is these circumstances that are now engaging public attention. Meetings have been held, petitions circulated and interviews brought about, but all to no purpose, and it seems to us that while discipline must be maintained in all institutions, more than discipline has been maintained in this, especially when the reason for the dismissal has been changed to that of incompetency. This evasion of responsibility on the part of the authorities is not worthy of those guilty of it, and presents a new difficulty in the case, viz.: that of destroying a girl's future prospects by the indirect and simple method of suppressing the facts relating to it. The agitation has gone so far that the hospital affairs are on the eve of an explosion of such a nature that it will impair both the credit and the usefulness of an otherwise good and useful institution. We hope at least for a more satisfactory explanation of the difficulty than that already given by the superintendent and her advisers.

Items of Interest

London, March 5.—A strange story is exciting much discussion among military men, although it has been kept out of both press and Parliament. It relates to alleged reprisals taken by Australian troops for Boer outrages in firing upon wounded, and the Draconian measures adopted by Lord Kitchener for enforcing discipline. It is stated that the Australian officers and men who took the lex talionis into their own hands were tried by court-martial and some of them were sentenced to be shot. The story is told with precision and full details, but the censorship has excluded it from ordinary despatches, and official explanations cannot be obtained from Pall Mall.

An important discovery has just been made. A Boer recently captured, who stated that his name was Morrow and that he was a *Free State burgher*, was found to be no other than Judge Koch, who, flouting General Botha's express orders, personally led a body of Irish adventurers bent on the destruction of the mines the day Lord Roberts entered Johannesburg.

San Francisco, Cal., March 5.—The Peru of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company makes an initial passage start for Manila to-day, in pursuance of an agreement entered into between that company and the Occidental and Oriental and Toyo Kisen Kaisha lines, by which one of the nine steamers belonging to the three lines shall call once a month at Manila. It is believed that the United States government will foster the new service by throwing as much business in the way of the three lines as is possible.

BOTHA ESCAPED.

London, March 5.—It is reported, but the story is not confirmed, that Gen. Louis Botha was recently made prisoner and got away again.

According to the report the affair happened after the capture of Botha's laager near Knapdaar, and the astounding details would not now be known had not a trick been played on the British censor. The tidings came in a private letter from an officer in the field, the letter having been mailed by an intermediary at a free port to avoid the censor's scrutiny and certain mutilation.

When Remington's troops made the night attack at Knapdaar they captured several prisoners and the camp equipment of the Boers. Among the men taken was Gen. Louis Botha, but the British did not recognize him, and the other prisoners took care to shield him in every possible manner.

After the pursuit of the fugitives had ended the captured men were divided into groups, and Botha—fortunately for him—was included in the number that was entrusted to the care of the rear guard.

Another force of Boers hearing of the disaster to the main body, and that their general had been captured, menaced the British command. In the confusion of the expected attack the body of British troops that held Botha as their prisoner permitted a few of the burghers to escape, and among the number was the redoubtable Botha.

Special From Norwich, Ont.

The recovery of Mr. Norman Batty, hardware merchant, one of Norwich's oldest and most successful citizens, has excited much comment. For years Mr. Batty has been an unceasing sufferer from catarrhal asthma, and although no end of time and money was spent relief was not obtained until Mr. Batty commenced Catarrhozone treatment, which perfectly cured him. This case is only equalled by that of Mrs. Bannon, wife of J. J. Bannon, druggist, who was also cured of asthma and hay fever by Catarrhozone after thirty years' suffering. Fully a hundred persons in this town have been cured of catarrhal troubles by Catarrhozone, which is a remarkable proof of its value. Two months' treatment price $1.00, small size 25c. Sold by all druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Fair and cold to-day.

Fair, moderately cold weather now prevails over the greater portion of Canada, with no immediate prospect of much change except that in Ontario and Quebec the temperature promises to be somewhat lower.

LADIES' MISSION CIRCLE

Of the Murray Street Baptist Church Held a Successful Meeting Last Night

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Mission Circle of the Murray Street Baptist Church, was held in the basement of the church last night, and was well attended.

After devotional exercises, the business was taken up and a number of very satisfactory and encouraging reports were read from the different mission fields. Mrs. Sharp, wife of Mr. Sharp, the missionary among the Indians in the North-West, was the principal speaker at the meeting, and gave an excellent report on the work being done in St. Peter's mission field. The reservation is very large and the work is consequently great. The work of reforming the Indians, and teaching them the Word of God, is flourishing. A great many of the Indians have been converted, and are constant attenders at the services held in a small log church on Sundays. A large number are being baptised every month and are being received into the church. A short time ago at the Sunday service, three of the converts said they were anxious to go into the wild north country, and preach the Gospel of Christ to their heathen brethren living there. They could not remain at home, they said, when they knew how their brethren were in darkness regarding the Word of God. They said it seemed very stingy, and they asked their pastor, Mr. Sharp, to allow them to go and preach. On the second day after, the three started with their dog sleigh on a long and tedious journey. No word has been received yet regarding them yet, but they have probably arrived at their destination in safety. Several other touching incidents of the anxiety of the Indians to help in spreading the gospel, were recited. A large amount of clothing has been sent from the Murray street congregation, and it was all received and used in assisting the needy ones.

A letter was read from Mrs. J. Gilmour, giving a very interesting account of Grand Lee and the work being done there.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

A very interesting report of the work of the Foreign Missions was read by Mrs. Hunter. The work she referred to was principally in India and showed the great need of more missionaries there. The mission field in India is very large, and although a large number of missionaries are engaged there, it will be a very hard task to reach all the inhabitants as there are millions of people in the country.

Representatives were present from the other churches in town, and delivered short addresses of encouragement and congratulation to the Mission Circle.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The financial statement was presented by Miss Nicholls as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Foreign Missions	$161 82
Home Missions	61 71
North-West Indians	6 25
Monthly Call	6 42
Mission Band	[illegible]
	$246 26

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. Dr. Scott.
1st Vice-pres.—Mrs. Bastow.
2nd Vice-pres.—Mrs. Wood.
Secretary—Miss A. Nicholls.
Treas. Foreign Missions—Mrs. G. Matthews.
Treas. Home Missions—Miss Aldridge.
Collectors—Mrs. R. Matthews, Mrs. Wm. Montgomery, Mrs. J. Montgomery, Mrs. Hutchison, and Miss Cochrane.

The business being over, a short time was spent by those present in pleasant social talk before the meeting dispersed.

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 5, 1902

NEW JERSEY'S COMING WAR ON THE MOSQUITO.

New Jersey is to wage war on the mosquito next summer. Its Assembly decided to take this step last week, and appropriated $10,000 with which to defray the expenses. The measure is an important one, that deserves popular approval and every encouragement. There was practically no opposition to the bill in the Assembly; but if the reports of the proceedings be an index, the members appeared to regard the matter as a huge joke, and as affording a golden opportunity for the delivery of humorous speeches. Nevertheless, although the subject was treated lightly by the Assemblymen and although the New Jersey mosquito undoubtedly figures largely in comic journalism, those who suffered last summer on the Atlantic coast from the pestiferous insects will be glad that some steps are to be taken for their extermination.

Experiments were made last year on Staten Island by the New York Health authorities to determine the possibility of getting rid of the pest of mosquitoes and with gratifying success. Petroleum was forced through small pipes to the bottoms of ponds in which the insects breed, and sprayed over damp grassy places in the neighborhood, with the result that spots previously badly infected were almost entirely freed of mosquitoes. What was done in such an encouraging manner on Staten Island can surely be done equally well in New Jersey. Fortunately, there are no unwise restrictions imposed as to the manner in which the money it is proposed to appropriate shall be spent. It is simply placed at the disposal of the State Experiment Station for the purpose of making scientific investigation of the habits, origin and breeding places of the mosquito and its relation to malarial and other diseases. The experiments are to be conducted under the direction of State Entomologist J. B. Smith, who has given years of study to the subject.

It has been proved beyond reasonable dispute that certain species of mosquitoes are prolific disease breeders, and this fact, apart from the annoyance they cause by their attacks, renders their extermination, if possible, both desirable and important. Thus far three means of at least reducing the number of these pestiferous insects have been discovered. One is by the liberal use of petroleum in waters where they breed and on the adjacent grass; a second is by filling up all shallow stagnant pools, and the third is by introducing into ponds and pools certain species of small larvae and insect eating fish. Even though the $10,000 which the Assembly has voted only suffices to point clearly to the best means of exterminating the mosquito in New Jersey, the money will be well spent.

YANKEES WILL BE CONCEITED

One Austrian Paper's Unfriendly Comment on the Prince's Visit

Vienna, March 4.—The official Fremdenblatt, commenting on Prince Henry's visit says:

"The importance of Prince Henry's journey lies in the fact that it has broken down the thin wall which busy hands erected to separate the two countries. They can now freely join hands across the ocean, and by exchanging views regarding world politics prevent their mutual relations being made dependent upon the goodwill of a third power."

The Vaterland, a clerical organ, thinks there has been a race between Germany and Great Britain for the friendship of the United States, and that Germany has won.

The only unfriendly comment in Vienna is from the Anti-Semitic and anti-British Neue Wiener Journal, which says:

"On a people, which, according to European notions, have no history as yet the [illegible] guest of a highly cultured nation like Germany is bound to make an impression. It tickles the vanity of Americans to be wooed as a nation in a way which as a rule only their heiresses enjoy."

The Journal says it believes that Prince Henry's pleasing flattery will soon wear off, but, it adds, it is a question whether America's self-conceit will not be inflated beyond endurance thereby.

Anecdotal.

Some years ago when Bishop Potter, of New York, was traveling in Minnesota, a man approached him on the railway platform and scanned his features closely. "Excuse me," he said, finally, "but haven't I seen your picture in the papers?" He was compelled to confess that he had. "I thought so," continued the inquisitive one; "may I ask what you were cured of?"

Here is a new story of Paderewski. He recently lost his only son, and the effect on him has been to soften down the little eccentricities which used to charm his less artistic followers. He went to Dresden for the first performance of his own opera. Amid the enthusiastic demonstrations which greeted its success, he observed in Russian to a friend, "All this might be dust if I could have one smile from my child!"

At a seaside hotel the other day a new arrival, having made terms with the proprietor, proceeded to write his name in the hotel book. While he was so engaged a rather large flea hopped across the open page before him. "Well," he remarked, throwing down the pen, "I have been in hotels where there were fleas, but never before have I been in an hotel where the fleas search the register for the number of their rooms."

When the Transvaal war was at its height, Paul Kruger sent a commissioner to England to find out if there were any more men left there. The commissioner wired from London to say that there were four million men and women "knocking about the town," that there was no excitement, and that men were begging to be sent to fight the Boers. Kruger wired back, "Go north." The commissioner found himself in Newcastle eventually, and wired to Kruger: "For God's sake, stop that war! England is bringing up men from hell, eight at a time, in cages!" He had seen a coal mine.

A quotable story is told of a missionary who was spending a short holiday in Texas. After he had been at his hotel for some days he met with a very fierce-looking man of the cowboy type, who, he noticed, had anything but a sweet temper. "Do you know," he said to him one day, "that you should love your enemies?" "That's a thing I can't do, sir." "What! I am sure a man like you could do anything if you tried." "Anything but that, parson; it's impossible." "Impossible!" said the missionary, surprised and hurt. "How?" "I ain't got one to love. I shot the last this morning."

Julian Corbett may be said to have established himself as an authority on the history of the British navy. A while ago Mr. Corbett wrote to the admiralty to suggest that a new first-class battleship then building be christened "Drake." A formal intimation that his letter had been received and should have due attention was followed, after a decent interval, by a dignified reply from my lords, in which they expressed their regret at not being able to carry out Mr. Corbett's suggestion, and explained that it would be contrary to precedent to name a first-class battleship after a bird.

A Sunday School teacher who has a class of little girls makes it her custom to tell them each Sunday of some little incident that has happened during the week, and request the children to quote a verse of Scripture to illustrate the story. In this way she hopes to impress the usefulness of Biblical knowledge upon the little ones. Last Sunday she told her class of a cruel boy who would catch cats and cut their tails off. "Now, can any little girl tell me of an appropriate verse?" she asked. There was a pause for a few moments, when one little girl arose, and in a solemn voice said: "Whatsoever God has joined together let no man put asunder."

Sir Harry Poland, a British magistrate noted for his brilliancy, is careless in his dress. Once his family persuaded him to go to Poole and order a fashionably cut suit. To the chagrin of the household, Sir Harry looked more outlandish in the new clothes than in his old ones. His brother-in-law went to see Poole about it. "It is not my fault, sir," the tailor assured him. "Every care was taken, but how could we fit a gentleman who would insist upon being measured sitting down?" And the only satisfaction that could be obtained from Sir Harry Poland himself later on was the dry comment: "Well, it's my business, and not yours. I like to be comfortable. I spend three parts of my life sitting down, and I prefer to be measured so."

A Philadelphia paper tells of a bride and bridegroom who recently went to housekeeping and are blessed with a maid of all work who is fresh from the Emerald Isle. This is her first "place," and her ignorance of domestic affairs is only equalled by her adaptability and her cheerful willingness to learn. At first she didn't know the names of the ordinary household utensils, even mistaking on one occasion, when there was company at dinner, the ice pick for the carving steel. One day last week the bride had been doing some shopping, and among other things she bought an umbrella stand for the vestibule. It was late when she reached home. "Did any packages come?" she asked. "Yis, mum," was the reply. "The wagon cum wid th' cuspidore for th' umbrellas."

A certain Scotch minister was very anxious that an old couple in his parish should become teetotalers, an anxiety they in no wise shared. After much pressing, however, they consented, laying down as a condition that they should be allowed to keep a bottle of "Auld Kirk" for medicinal purposes. About a fortnight after, John began to feel his resolution weakening; but he was determined not to be the first to give way. In another week, however, he collapsed entirely. "Jenny, woman," he said, "I've an awfu' pain in my heid; ye micht gie me a wee drappie, an' see gin it'll dae me ony guid." "Weel, gudeman," she replied, "ye're owre late o' askin', for ever sin' that bottle cam' into the hoose, I've been bothered wi' pains i' my heid, 'tis a' dune, an' there's nae drappie left."

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Clubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

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Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

To the Late G. W. Steevens.

It is difficult to realise that already two years have passed since the sad news came out of beleaguered Ladysmith that the brilliant journalist and author, G. W. Steevens, had been carried off by fever, carried off in early manhood, long before he had reached the natural zenith of his fame. Figures move quickly across the stage of life and are soon forgotten. For a moment, however, Steevens is recalled by an affectionate tribute, printed on the second anniversary of his death, Jan. 15 last, in The Daily Mail, on the staff of which journal he was engaged as war correspondent. The lines are as follows, and written, doubtless, by a former colleague:—

In Memoriam.

George Warrington Steevens.
Died January 15, 1900.

Too soon, alas! life's little day was done.
Swift as a meteor flashing on the night,
He soared to fame, and, flaming in his flight,
Vanished a-sudden ere his course was run.
And we—we wonder if the Southern sun
Has gathered in the glory of his light;
But only know the havoc of the blight
Which slew him in the shadow of the gun.

So brave and strong! his every glowing word
Wearing an athlete's sinew. Dearest, best
To Mother England, as he tracked her sword,
With patriot-pride to bind him to her breast.
Thus do we love the records of the strong,
And miss them most, and mourn them doubly long.

—Bernard Malcolm Ramsay.

The American Press.

We hear so much of the pro-Boerism and anti-Britishism of the American press that it is worth while occasionally drawing attention to the fact that this element of the press across the border does not have all its own way. Some extremists in Chicago have suggested a burlesque of the coronation of the British Sovereign on the date on which the event takes place in London, and simultaneously a demonstration in favor of the Boers. It is not likely that such an ill-natured proposal would meet with much backing from the common sense of the people of Chicago, and it would doubtless in any event be confined to the lower classes. It may have been condemned by other newspapers, but one of the foremost in opposing such an unneighborly demonstration is The Chicago Israelite, which deals with the subject in the following trenchant fashion:—"The pro-Boers of Chicago, who invited ex-President Kruger to be in the city on the day that King Edward is to be crowned in England, have taken an unwarrantable liberty with their fellow-citizens. They have a perfect right to indulge in any amount of horseplay in attempting to burlesque the coronation, and if they like that sort of thing, then it is the sort of thing they like. But as they happen to be in a very small minority, and as there are a great many reputable persons in Chicago who have no desire to insult a friendly nation by making a display of hatred which is as puerile as it is coarse, and as impotent as it is vulgar, they have no right to refer to themselves, as they do in their resolutions, as, 'We, the citizens of Chicago . . . .' Now, I have no doubt that many of them are citizens of Chicago, most of them probably having taken out their naturalization papers—but they are not 'the' citizens of Chicago, not by a million and several hundred thousand. In consideration of this, and with the 'three tailors of Tooley street' in view, they might have spared the remaining million and several hundreds of thousands of Chicagoans the humiliation of being included among the promoters of their proposed spectacle, and as endorsers of their malignant utterances."

Almost simultaneously, The New York Independent, perhaps the most important religious journal on the American continent, shows that it also can view a great international question calmly and dispassionately, and that in the unfortunate South African war it has grasped the vital facts of the case. In the course of a reply to a correspondent The Independent says:—

"If we have seemed to any reader to convey the impression that we believe that the power to rule better gives the right of invasion and conquest, we have been greatly misunderstood. We believe that so long as they do not traverse the rights of foreigners the citizens of any nation should be allowed all the political education they can get by the self-rule of no matter how much bad government or how many revolutions. We have said that accordingly we ought to withdraw from Cuba and allow its people to rule or ruin themselves. We heartily accept the principles laid down by our correspondent.

"As to the Transvaal, Britain made no war on that republic; she was guilty of no invasion. It was the Transvaal that declared war on Britain, and invaded British Natal as soon as Britain began to gather troops to defend the border against what was the proclaimed plan, for which munitions of war had long been gathered, to expel the British from South Africa.

"We knew perfectly well that the Dutch and French Boers constitute the majority of the population of Cape Colony, as well of the Orange Free State, and that these two districts have been much better governed than the Transvaal. But certainly it is British rather than Boer influence that is to be credited with the superior legislation as to the rights of the native races which prevails in Cape Colony, and only Boer perversity is chargeable with the blunders of government which oppressed the great majority of the population of the Transvaal, whether Uitlanders or blacks."

Herr Meyer Lutz tells the following little story in "Mainly About People:" "Conducting once in Bradford, I noticed that the clarionet player, a young but clever and steady lad, jumped up a good deal during the progress of the opera. I found that his father, who played the trombone, sat just behind him, and every now and then he gave his son a hink, with the remark, "Look out, Sammy! there be a flat a-coming!'"

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Coigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jemmie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

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—Mrs. Margaret O'Mara, Waterford street, received the sad intelligence yesterday, of the death of her grandson, Robert F. Carew, which occurred on Feb. 19th from peritonitis. Deceased was a member of the United States Marines, and was buried with military honors at the cemetery of the Brooklyn navy yards.

—Orillia News-Letter: — Orillians were pleased to have the opportunity of shaking hands once more with a former esteemed townsman, Mr. Geo. E. Whiten, who was here skipping one of the Peterboro' rinks at the bonspiel. Mr. Whiten seems to have discovered the secret of perennial youth, as he looks younger than when he left here eight years ago.

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instalment Company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief. 50 cents.—68

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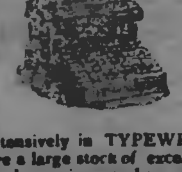

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—IN—
THE TIMES

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If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

THE TIMES
Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

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If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you
If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

The ONLY MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

A Great Man and a Child.

IN his reminiscences of Horace Greeley in the "Youth's Companion's" series of Recollections of Famous Editors, Noah Brooks says that Greeley could bear a great sorrow or a great disappointment with the fortitude of a stoic, but a trifling annoyance would provoke him to an outburst of wrath that was simply childish. The death of his little boy, his only and idolized son, was to him an awful blow. No man can know what agony the stricken father silently endured, his grief coining the drops of his heart's blood. But a typographical blunder, especially if it were in one of his own writings, drove him into spasms; then his maledictions on the offending typesetter and proofreader were something blood-curdling to hear.

One morning he went swiftly down to the "Tribune" office to find the compositor who had made a bad error in setting the types for one of his editorial articles in the paper. Bounding upstairs into the composing-room, with blue fire in his eyes and shaking the paper folded across the page to show the offence, he shrieked, "Show me the man! Show me the man that did this!" The error had already been made a topic of discussion in the office, and the culprit, a very old man who had been with Mr. Greeley on the "New Yorker" and on the "Tribune" ever after, came out from behind his case and tremulously pleaded guilty. The editor, standing there in the full height and strength of his manhood, looked down upon the little old man with a startled air, and then, turning away, invited anybody in the office to kick him (Greeley) downstairs.

Of his education, Mr. Greeley said it "was picked up by the way." It is natural that one who knew him should wonder what manner of man he might have been if he had been trained and disciplined in an institution of learning. He might have been a very much greater man, thinks Mr. Brooks; and then, too, his raw resources might not have been so strong and abundant under a scholastic rule.

When he was a lad of nine years he was offered free tuition in the academy at Exeter, New Hampshire. His parents declined the offer, partly through pride, Mr. Greeley thought, although nominally because his mother was unwilling to part with him at that tender age. Later in life, speaking of this failure to secure an academic course of instruction, he said: "I suppose I ought to be sorry, but I am not much."

Mr. Greeley affected contempt for college-educated men, and was accustomed to say, with great emphasis, "Of all cattle, the most useless in a newspaper office is a college-bred man!" This seemed to be an affectation intended to justify his own lack of scholarship, as if he were the shining example of what a great editor could be without special training. As a matter of fact, adds Mr. Brooks, during my term of service on the "Tribune" a majority of the men on the staff were college-bred men.

Some Epigrams on Growing Old.

Max O'Rell, in an article on "Old Women," says, among other things:

"A woman who knows how to grow old gracefully is a delight; but an old woman, whose wrinkled grimaces try to be inviting, voluptuous smiles, whose skeleton, loaded with diamonds, seems to crack as if on the point of crumbling to dust, who has a painted face, dyed hair, and false teeth—that woman makes me shudder; it is the most horrible sight in the world.

"For a man, love is an expectation at twenty, an irresistible desire at thirty, a habit at forty, an indiscretion or a hesitation at sixty, and a profanation at seventy. For a woman love is a dream at twenty, an experience at thirty and a reminiscence after forty.

"Balzac, the greatest authority on love and women, and the most wonderful dissector of the human heart who ever lived, says that the best and most artistic effort of a clever and refined man is at fifty-two, and that a woman is perfect only at thirty-five. There is hope for some of us.

"Happy the woman who knows how to grow old! Happy her husband especially!

"I have heard it said that few women know how to get old. However true this may be, the old woman who believes that she is still attractive is much less ridiculous than the old man who believes that he is still irresistible."

The Considerate Dog.

A yellow dog who had bayed the moon ever since sunset was finally approached by a sedate old mastiff about 3 o'clock in the morning.

"See here, friend," said the mastiff, "will you be so good as to explain why it is you get so much comfort out of barking all night at the moon?"

"Well, it's this way," explained the yellow dog: "You see, I am afflicted with insomnia, and it takes an acute form which makes me feel obliged to bark at something; so I, being a considerate dog, bark at the moon, knowing that it cannot hear me. Therefore it is not annoyed in the least, and I am afforded much relief."

"So you are actuated purely by considerate motives and a sincere desire to spare anyone annoyance?"

"Just so!" and the yellow dog wagged his tail proudly.

"But did it never occur to you to consider your neighbors also?" demanded the mastiff.

The yellow dog was overwhelmed with confusion. He listened for a moment to the hitherto unnoticed profanity and tearing of hair that was going on all over the neighborhood. Then he tucked his tail beneath him and slunk under the house.

Moral: Before striking at an enemy be sure you have no friends within range.

Greeley's Editorial When Lincoln Died.

THE following very remarkable story is told in "James Russell Lowell and His Friends," by Edward Everett Hale. He is writing of Sidney H. Gay, then managing editor of the New York "Tribune:"

"I have never seen in print Gay's story of that fearful night when Lincoln was killed. But one hears it freely repeated in conversation, and I see no reason why it should not be printed now.

"With the news of the murder of Lincoln, there came to New York every other terrible message. The office of the 'Tribune,' of course, received echoes of all the despatches which showed the alarm at Washington. There were orders for the arrest of this man, there were suspicions of the loyalty of that man. No one knew what the morrow might bring.

"In the midst of the anxiety of such hours, to Mr. Gay, the acting editor of that paper, there entered the foreman of the typesetting-room. He brought with him the proof of Mr. Greeley's leading article, as he had left it before leaving the city for the day. It was a brutal, bitter, sarcastic, personal attack on President Lincoln—the man who, when Gay read the article, was dying in Washington.

"Gay read the article, and asked the foreman if he had any private place where he could lock up the type, to which no one but himself had access. The foreman said he had. Gay bade him tie up the type, lock the galley with this article in his cupboard, and tell no one what he had told him. Of course no such article appeared in the 'Tribune' the next morning.

"But when Gay arrived the next day at the office, he was met with the news that 'the old man' wanted him, and the intimation that 'the old man' was very angry. Gay waited upon Greeley.

"'Are you there, Mr. Gay? I have been looking for you. They tell me you ordered my leader out of this morning's paper. Is it your paper or mine? I should like to know if I cannot print what I choose in my own newspaper!' This in a great rage.

"'The paper is yours, Mr. Greeley. The article is in type upstairs, and you can use it when you choose. Only this, Mr. Greeley: I know New York, and I hope and believe, before God, that there is so much virtue in New York that, if I had let the article go into this morning's paper, there would not be one brick upon another in the "Tribune" office now. Certainly, I should be sorry if there were.'

"Mr. Greeley was cowed. He said not a word, nor ever alluded to the subject again. I suppose the type is locked up in the cupboard of the 'Tribune' office at this hour.

"It was by this sort of service that Mr. Gay earned Mr. Wilson's praise that 'he kept Mr. Greeley up to the war.'"

A Boom Town.

Bridgewater, Ontario, once a boom town of note, was brought into existence by one of the strangest gold finds and crazes in the history of this continent. Nearly thirty years ago a farmer's wife was searching the woods near their farm for a sow that had strayed, and, becoming thirsty, stopped to get a drink from a spring. Slipping, she fell upon a small, loose rock, which rolled to her feet, and which proved to be a twenty-pound nugget of almost pure gold. Bridgewater at that time was nearly forty miles from the nearest railroad, and the present site of the town was nothing but a wilderness, but inside of six months what had been a burned-over, barren wilderness was converted into a substantial city of nearly five thousand people.

In digging a shaft about a mile south of the town site, an immense quarry of the purest white marble was found, and the town was practically built of marble, for it has to-day the only hotel, church school, court house, and private dwellings constructed entirely of white marble in the world, and a mile north of the town are an abandoned axe factory and grist mill, whose foundations are built of the same beautiful material. And now comes the strangest part of the story. During the building of the town thousands of men prospected the entire country, and shafts and tunnels were driven—some of them nearly one hundred feet deep—but, strange as it may seem, there was never enough gold found to pay the cost of a single shaft or tunnel sunk or run in the entire district.

A Sensible Bishop.

The Italian Bishop of Fano, reports "La Science pour Tous," has sent out to the priests of his diocese the following circular:

"1. In all churches, immediately after feast days on which there have been very large congregations, the floors must be disinfected by means of wood sawdust soaked in one-tenth per cent. solution of corrosive sublimate. On ordinary days they must be frequently swept, after sprinkling them with water so as to raise no dust.

"2. Every week, and even oftener, the pews and confessionals must be cleaned with sponges and cloths moistened with pure water.

"3. Every week, and oftener if necessary, the grills of the confessionals are to be washed and polished.

"4. The holy water receptacles must be emptied every week, or oftener if necessary, and washed with hot water or a solution of corrosive sublimate."

The same journal comments as follows:

"That the provisions of the circular may be carried out, the bishop has instituted a service of inspection, and requires the payment of fines into the diocesan treasury for transgression of any of these hygienic rules. It is to be desired that the Bishop of Fano's example should be imitated by church authorities in other countries."

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "How to Lie When Sleeping." The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are awaited with interest.—Nebraska City "Conservative."

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

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"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 150 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?"

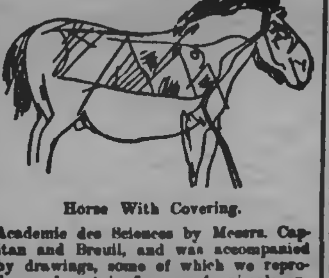
"It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the benches to prevent itself sliding on masse and doing violence to the comedian.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

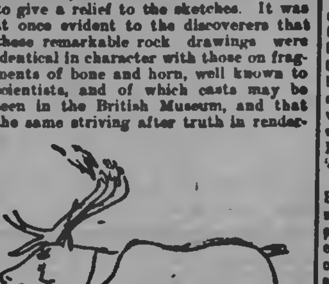
Man's Aesthetic Yearnings.

Among the most interesting of the discoveries made by the scientists who devote their time to researches into the Palaeolithic ages—thousands of years before recorded history begins—are those which prove that even in those dim and distant ages man, such as he was, held aesthetic yearnings. Few and far between are such discoveries; but when, once in a while, they are made, they cause a sympathetic thrill of interest in the bosoms of learned societies, and even of those who, not having time to be learned, feel the magnetic attraction of the "human document."

The Daily Graphic's illustrations, which are printed herewith, refer to one of the most important of such discoveries recently made in France, in the Grotto of Combarelles, near Eyzies, in Dordogne. "The discovery," says The Graphic, "was communicated to the Academie des Sciences by Messrs. Capitan and Breuil, and was accompanied by drawings, some of which we reproduce, of certain figures of animals engraved on the walls of the grotto on each side of its length. The drawings are in some places quite deeply engraved in the rock; in others they are only scratched; here and there is an effort to give a relief to the sketches. It was at once evident to the discoverers that these remarkable rock drawings were identical in character with those on fragments of bone and horn, well known to scientists, and of which casts may be seen in the British Museum, and that the same striving after truth in rendering the characteristics of the animals was to be seen in the Grotto of Combarelles, proving the familiarity of the artist with the appearance of the animals themselves. So that the artist was contemporary with the animal he drew. Now, one of these animals being a hairy mammoth, and the other a reindeer, it is evident that when those creatures roamed the hills and valleys of South Central France man was also there—that is to say, in the Palaeolithic or older stone age.

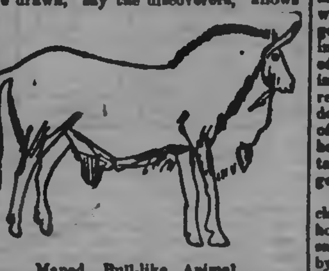


Horse With Covering.

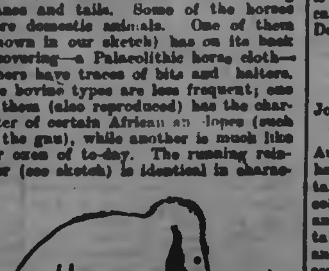


Running Reindeer.

"The precision with which the figures are drawn," say the discoverers, "allows us to recognise the species of the animals so represented. The equine types are sometimes large headed, with short, stiff manes—sometimes with flowing manes and tails. Some of the horses were domestic animals. One of them (shown in our sketch) has on its back a covering—a Palaeolithic horse cloth—others have traces of bits and halters. The bovine types are less frequent; one of them (also reproduced) has the character of certain African antelopes (such as the gnu), while another is much like our oxen of to-day. The running reindeer (see sketch) is identical in character with those which are engraved on bone and of the same period. The representations of the mammoth (of which fourteen were exhibited to the Academie des Sciences) are very characteristic. Some are more hairy than others." With these rock drawings are strange signs engraved in the rock: a circle with the semblance of human features, a double outlined lozenge on the middle of the body of one of the horses, others of M-like shape, semicircles, etc., all of mysterious and unknown significance. Since the memorable day when the first piece of engraved bone was discovered, embedded in the stalagmite of the caverns once tenanted by human beings, there has been no discovery which has caused so great an interest as this one in the Stalagmite Cavern of Combarelles. We have in these rude and yet skilful efforts of the human race deeply interesting evidence that man once chased with mammoth and with reindeer the Arctic plains of southern France.



Maned, Bull-like Animal.



Mammoth.

Piper Findlater, shot in both legs at Dargai, had his forerunner, nearly a century earlier, at Rolica, in the Peninsula, under Wellington:—"A piper of the 71st had his leg broken. Sitting down on his knapsack, the brave man cried out to his mates:—'I canna gang wi' ye, lads, but de'il tak' me if ye shall want music.'"

A Flag for the Empire.

The London Express is authority for the following late word on the vexed subject of a flag for the empire:—

"An empire flag! At last an ensign which shall adequately represent Great Britain both at home and beyond seas seems assured. The Express is able to announce that the King has received with favor the suggestion that a new flag was needed to keep pace with the growing empire, and that a finished design for the same will be submitted to his Majesty next week. Mr. C. D. Bennett, the cousin of a distinguished colonial Governor, and himself well known in several of the colonies, has been entrusted with the responsibility of preparing this design. Mr. Bennett has had many difficulties to contend with, in evolving an harmonious and artistic design which should fittingly express British sovereignty. He has succeeded, however, in giving our colonial possessions full representation, without sacrificing the chief feature of the old flag—the Cross of St. George—which is in itself a familiar emblem of England's power in every quarter of the globe.

"The following is a description of the new empire flag, as given officially to The Express:—

"On an absolutely white ground is embroidered a golden sun—typical of a race on whose dominions the sun never sets—shining on a large red Cross of St. George, representing, of course, the empire at home. In the left-hand corner is an Imperial Crown, the sign of one great empire, embracing all creeds, tolerating all beliefs, but under one great Imperial idea.

"Underneath the crown, on a blue scroll is inscribed the Latin rendering of the motto—'the empire on which the sun never sets'—which is the proudest boast of every Englishman:

"'Imperium cui nullus
Solis occasus.'

"In the righthand top corner of the flag will be placed the particular device representative of the empire beyond the sea. For instance, the flag to be used in India will contain the star of India in the righthand top corner.

"The flag as used in Australia will contain instead the device of the new Commonwealth, while the Canadian and other colonial Governments will add to the design their own badge, for use on all 'empire flags' in that particular part of the world.

"This design has been warmly commended by several persons high in authority to whom it has been exhibited. It now remains for his Majesty to place the final seal of approval. Mr. Bennett has notified the King that the design awaits his Majesty's pleasure, and it will probably be exhibited to him next week. Should it be approved by his Majesty, the new design will become 'official' without delay.

"To the King himself is due this idea. His Majesty has realized that the present national emblem does not fully express the dignity and importance of the empire. When the Prince and Princess of Wales started on their tour nearly a year ago they were especially instructed to carefully note every shade of colonial opinion on the subject—whether a new flag was desired and what each colony expected. Everywhere the answer was the same: 'Give us a new flag.' When the popular verdict was reported to the King, his Majesty at once signified a desire to have a proper design prepared. After weeks of toil the design is ready, which many people believe will eventually be flying at the mastheads of our warships and over British possessions at home and abroad."

The King's Champion.

The King's Champion, Mr. Frank Scaman Dymoke, is a man of the moment. In a timely description of his office and claims written for Pearson's Magazine the following interesting passage occurs:—

"The Champions of Britain were originally paid for their services by being allowed to hold Scrivelsby Manor by what is technically called Knight Serjeantry, a term applied to lands held in exchange for a yearly service rendered to the reigning Sovereign. The holding of estates by Knight Sergeantry, a remnant of the old feudal system, was done away with during the Restoration of 1660, so that the present Champion holds his estates exactly as other estates are held by the nobility or county gentlemen of England.

"His sole recompense now consists in claiming a gold cup, together with the horse used at the coronation, with the saddle, armor and furniture. The horse, by the way, is always supposed to be the second best in the Sovereign's stable—the best being used by the Sovereign himself. At the coronation of George III. the Champion, Mr. John Dymoke, is said to have ridden the horse which carried George II. during the battle of Dettingen."

Emperor Francis Joseph.

A picture of the Emperor Francis Joseph at table is furnished by M. A. P.:

"The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is very plain in his tastes and habits. At 6 o'clock in the morning he takes his breakfast, consisting of some cold meat, coffee and fresh-made bread and cake. Between 12 and 1 o'clock he takes his dejeuner, two dishes of meat and some ordinary pastry. Dinner is served at 6 o'clock sharp. All his meals are served in his library at his writing desk. Not even a tablecloth is spread. His personal valet on duty receives the dishes in an antechamber on a large tray, and puts the tray before the Emperor on his desk. Very often the Emperor takes a spoonful of soup between two signatures. He is a very busy man. With the meal, the menu for next day's dinner is sent up and laid before the Emperor. It contains two soups, patties, fish, two entrees, two roasts, two desserts, pastry, cheese, fruit, etc., and the Emperor with a blue pencil crosses out whatever he does not want. The Emperor does not care much for wine. He prefers a glass of beer. Nor does he indulge in expensive Havana cigars. A plain home-made cigar, the so-called Virginia cigar, long and thin, with a straw running through it, is his favorite smoke. These cigars cost only five kreuzer—that is, about twopence apiece."

Englishman—"You have some pretty high buildings in Chicago, haven't you?" Chicorgan (in London)—"I should say we have. Why, the tops of some of them are covered with snow all the year round."

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It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, so black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know.

Interesting to Smokers.

A New York Sun editorial the other day was of interest to smokers—even, possibly, to reformers who include in their list the "holy herb nicotian":—

A sacrificial fire has been burning in Clayton, N.J., and the savor of it still tickles Gloucester County nostrils. The Anti-Nicotine Club brought to its rooms all its idols, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, tobacco, and burned them up in the stove. So fierce for the moment is the rage in Clayton against the holy herb nicotian. The case of the Vice-President of the club, Mr. Samuel Turner, is especially glorious or sad, according to the taste and fancy of him who considers it. He is 75; he has smoked for 63 years; with reasonable prudence and longevity he might hope to hold the smokers' record, for this county at least, and puff away in peace and comfort for a whole green century. He throws away the laurel in his grasp. He makes fuel of the comrades of two generations. In the heat and fury of the Clayton anti-nicotine movement he gives up the charmer of pain, the consoler of sadness, the blameless companion of reverie, the silent partner of books, the lubricator of digestion, the fountain of philosophy, the mother of good temper, the nurse of sound old age, the old, faithful, harmless, constant friend.

A boy may toss away his cigarette and a youth his cigar or briarwood, worn for show and ornament rather than for use, and feel no loss. But wait till you come to forty year. Nobody really takes his degree in the first and greatest University of Virginia before that age. His bacon isn't really cured till then. Then he becomes entitled to the freedom of the city of Nicotia. Then, if he has eyes to pierce through the smoke, he begins to see how the world goes round. For instance, what made the Elizabethans great? Tobacco. What made Bismarck great? Tobacco. Take such a philosopher and let him come to sixty year, as he cannot fail to do unless you crush him with automobiles or dynamite. For twenty years more he has worshipped at the fragrant altar. Surely he will not be turned away from it now. Surely he will obey the voice at eve obeyed at prime.

The case of Samuel Turner of Clayton shows what capacity of self-renunciation exists in the bosom of the veteran smoker. But why do people leave off smoking? Well, one reason is that there is a lot of confounded doctors who make it their pleasure to knock yours in the head. They tell you point-blank: "You positively must stop smoking;" and all the time the rascals have cigar cases in their pockets. That's the worst pang of the condemned smoker.

The Guards' New Uniform.

The thirteen hundred Guards who left the other day for South Africa were accoutred in the new uniform which has displaced the khaki, which was the all-prevailing hue at the beginning of the war. Popular interest," said The Times in describing their inspection by the King, "in these ceremonies is as keen to-day as it was when the first contingent departed for the war. Long before noon the approaches to the barracks were crowded with spectators who had not the privilege of admission to the parade ground, and were content to look on from Birdcagewalk and the railings of St. James' Park. It was not an unfavorable morning for such a display. A sharp frost nipped the air and a light mist hung over the park. Within the enclosure was a scene of picturesque activity. Guardsmen, in long grey overcoats and busbies, moved about among the ever-increasing crowd of civilians; bands mustered, and men in the new campaigning uniform paraded for a preliminary inspection by their officers. Smart and serviceable is the judgment that will be passed on the new kit. The color is a blend of khaki and drab—drab tunic, drab breeches, drab puttles, and drab hat. The hat is a novelty in shape, being broader and more substantial in appearance than the ordinary soft felt with which we have become familiar. Rakishly looped up at the side—on the right for Grenadiers and Coldstreams, who wear the white and the red hackle; on the left for the Scots, who, instead of hackle, have the tartan badge of white and red—it is not merely a comfortable, but an effective and even picturesque head-dress. And it has this further advantage, that it is not uniform, and, therefore makes men less conspicuous objects for the enemy's rifles. In the early days of the war our soldiers were easily distinguished, even when lying scattered on the drab veldt, because of the uniformity of the helmet, though covered with khaki, whereas the Colonial troops in their soft felt hats were invisible from even a short distance. The accoutrements, however, have little of the quality of invisibility. The bandoliers are of light grey canvas, the belts are white, the haversack is white, the blanket is rolled in a white cover. Only the water-bottle and the cover of the "billy" or canteen which hangs from the shoulder over the blanket are of khaki color. The buttons, too, are of shining brass—buttons that are rarely seen after men have been once under the close fire of Boers. Yet there is this to be said—a few days on the African veldt will tone down the glaring whites to a neutral tint."

Big Application for Cash.

One of the recent incidents in the invasion of England by the United States has to do with an American boy of the "smart" order. Arising out of an application in court to presume the death of one Alfred Richardson, who had been manager of some cycle works at Middlesbrough, and who had mysteriously disappeared, it was elicited that he had been advertised for in some American papers, and that one reply was received from H. C. Starnes of Virginia, U.S., a boy purporting to be nine years of age, who alleged that the deceased had married his mother in 1883. There were also two enclosures from a man represented to be a County Court Judge. Asked by the solicitors for particulars, the boy further wrote: "If there is a Estate over thear coming to Alfred Richardson, of corse that is a coming to me, and I want to get just as I can." Another document came, said to be from a County Court Judge, which began: "This certifies that Mr. H. C. Starnes has brought before me 20 good old citizens of Scott country—and proved that his father was Mr. Alfred Richardson." It was signed "Judge." The English Judge said it seemed impossible that a County Court Judge anywhere could have written this, and he granted leave forthwith to presume the death.

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher told him in one thing and said: "Now while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone fifty times." On the other side was written "I have went home."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

- G. H. NOBLE -
PLUMBER
Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.
Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,
and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.
PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.
A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the
$3.00 Styles
of other makes, for only
$1.00
TRY IT A WEEK.
If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.
Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.
Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)
Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.
Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin insist on it, take no chances.
State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.
Address—
LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible] BLOCK.
DETROIT. MICH.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
SETTLERS'
One-Way
EXCURSIONS
To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.
Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.
Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m.
Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.
For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to
A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Purest Groceries,
Closest Prices,
Quality the Best.

Satisfaction Absolutely Guaranteed.

H. F. KIDD

'Phone 290 - 383 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 5, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the editor, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—A few loads of hay were sold on the market yesterday, bringing very high prices.

—The liverymen say that business this winter is worse than it has been for years.

—The farmers state that the fall wheat and clover is suffering badly at the present time.

—The organization of local laundrymen is being considered by the Federation of Labor.

—A number of our music-loving citizens went to Toronto yesterday to hear Paderewski the celebrated Italian musician.

—Mr. R. H. Leary is having the house which he purchased a short time ago from Mr. McFarlane Wilson, thoroughly renovated and overhauled.

—The Jory case which has been in progress at the county police court for some days, was concluded yesterday, judgement being reserved. About 25 witnesses were examined.

—Whiten has some lovely photos at the entrance to his studio. Have you seen them? When you want the best work, go to Whiten's. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 158 Hunter street, west.

—An Irish "At Home" under the auspices of Mrs. Waddell's class of St. Andrew's church, will be held on March 17th this year. A very enjoyable programme is being prepared.

—Instead of the regular Wednesday service at St. John's this evening, an illustrated lecture will be given by Rev. Canon McNabb on the subject. "Scenes from the History of the Church of England."

BIRTHS

WOOD—On Saturday, March 1st, 1902, at 30 Bedford Road, Toronto, the wife of Mr. R. E. Wood, of a daughter.

GEORGE ST. E. L. C. E.

A Debate will be the Feature of Their Next Literary Meeting

The George street Epworth League have made arrangements for a debate to take place at this next literary meeting. The subject will be "Resolved that Canada would be benefitted by the bestowal on women of the franchise and representation in Parliament." Two ladies and two gentlemen will conduct the discussion, which promises to be very interesting. A cordial invitation is extended to all young people to be present.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. A. B. Tudhope, of Orillia, is in town on business.

—Miss Edith McKee is visiting friends in Campbellford.

—Mr. Jas. L. Maude has returned from a three weeks' trip to New York.

—Mrs. Ellis, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. E. C. Cumpbin, McDonnell street.

—Mr. Harry Layburne, of Toronto, is visiting in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hamilton.

—Mr. Bert Bryant has recovered from his severe illness, of nearly 11 weeks' duration and is able to be out again.

—Mr. Court Pousette, formerly of the Bank of Toronto, has taken a position with the Sovereign Bank of Canada.

—Rev. W. B. Young, B.A., has been elected one of the Elgin Alumni of Toronto University, which has recently elected its officers at St. Thomas.

—The many friends of Mr. Fred Roy, will be pleased to hear that he is improving since he went to the hospital.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL REPORT

The following is the report of the Lady Superintendent of the Nicholls Hospital for the month of February.—

No. of patients remaining in hospital	19
No. treated	66
Pay patients	32
Free patients	34
From Peterborough	32
From other places	34
Cured	30
Improved	1
Died	6

Dr Greer attending Physician for the month, Drs Halliday, Eastwood, Young, Caldwell, Carmichael, Scott, McCullough, Burnham, Bradd, McClelland and Boucher attending private patients.

POWER FORM NASSAU

Is Now Running the Machinery in the General Electric Works

The new power house at Nassau is completed and the first power was transmitted over the wires yesterday. Only one water-wheel is in position at the present, but a second one will be put in in a few days. There was about 250 horse-power transmitted over the wires yesterday although it is possible to send nearly three times that amount. The power station with the full equipment of machinary will be in runnnig order in a few days.

The company can pride themselves on having the most up-to-date plant in the country. The work of excavating for the foundation was a long and very tedious job and made the work on the erection of the building very slow. For the past few weeks, however, the work has been pushed ahead in good shape with the result that the building is completed and they are now in a position to supply their own power.

THE SUCCESSFUL PUPILS

The Scholars Who Won the Prizes for Scientific Temperance

A large number of people attended the presentation of prizes and the concert in the Y. M. C. A. hall last night. A very pleasing programme, consisting of songs, readings, recitations, etc., was presented.

The most interesting part of the programme was the presentation of cash prizes offered by the W.C.T.U. to the pupils taking the highest number of marks at the examinations last year, on Scientific Temperance. The winners of the prizes are John Corkery, first, and Fred Pope and Miss E. Crumley, equal, second. The first prize was $5, and the other prizes $2 to each.

Mrs. James Kendrey presided at the meeting, and in announcing the prize winners, stated that she was very pleased to see them take such a deep interest in that very important subject "Temperance."

The presentation was made by Mr. J. W. Garvin.

A number of ministers were present and delivered short and very instructive addresses.

FOUND IT.

Coffee Was Doing the Work in Good Style Measures for Results

Members of the same family are affected differently by coffee drinking. One may feel the effect in a disordered stomach while another may have no trouble with the stomach so far as known, but have palpitation of the heart and finally organic heart disease, or perhaps in another the kidneys may become affected.

As an illustration, a family in Murphysboro, Ill., reports an experience.

Mrs. Cole discovered that the sour stomach and nervous, restless nights were caused by coffee drinking. Her mother suffered from nervousness when coffee was used, while the brother of the family became a wreck directly from coffee drinking.

Mrs. Cole, in her letter, says, referring to her brother, "He went from one physician to another and his case puzzled them all until he had tried 11 different physicians. Some thought he had apoplexy, others locomotor ataxia, some advised operations to relieve the pressure at certain points, altogether his case became so alarming that we were afraid to have him alone. He frequently fainted away, and was in a most wretched condition.

Finally one of the physicians suggested that possibly coffee brought on some of the symptoms, so he was persuaded to give up coffee and begin the use of Postum Food Coffee. Then he began to recover, and day by day the old troubles left. Now he has gotten entirely well, has gained about 30 lbs. and is the picture of health. Of course he and his family use Postum regularly. He would as soon drink a spoonful of poison as of old fashioned coffee.

When we first began to make Postum it was boiled but a few minutes and none of us liked it, but since we began making it properly by having it boil long enough to bring out the flavor we all consider it superior to the old fashioned coffee. It is delicious when made right and that is easy.

A number of our friends have been cured of various ailments by leaving off coffee and using Postum. With Mrs. —— the coffee caused a smothering sensation, bloating and serious trouble with the heart. She has entirely recovered since changing from common coffee to Postum."

A ROYAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

King Edward Appreciated "Tributes of Love and Loyalty."

"Miss Edwards has received the following message from His Majesty, King Edward VII regarding the receipt of her booklet entitled Tributes of Love and Loyalty" which contained a number of short poems including the one written by Mr. J. W. Garvin, entitled "Victoria the Good." The message is as follows:

Marlborough House,
Pall Mall S. W.
8 Feb. 1902.

Madam,—I am commanded by the King to thank you for the collection of Poems from Canada, in memory of Queen Victoria.

His Majesty is pleased to accept the collection, with which he is greatly touched and gratified.

I am, Madam,
Yours faithfully,
ARTHUR DAVIDSON, Lt.-Col.
Equerry in waiting.

A Terrible Disease That Comes Unsuspectingly, and When Unheeded It Drags Its Victims to Death

Paine's Celery Compound

Has Wrought Thousands of Cure After Failures of Physicians

To-day, kidney disease is as common as rheumatism. Thousands of men and women, living in fancied security, have kidney trouble in some form that must develop from day to day and end in death, unless wise and proper treatment is at once taken advantage of.

Have you any of the following symptoms: backache, frequent urinating, fluttering of the heart, nausea, vomiting, a dry, harsh skin, fever, coated tongue, extreme thirst, a fickle appetite, acid bitter taste, deposit of mucous after urination, sour stomach, dropsical swelling, loss of memory, scalding sensations and constipation? If you experience any of these symptoms, begin at once with Paine's Celery Compound, which will quickly put to flight all symptoms of disordered kidneys. It is nature's true remedy, the only one you can rely upon with certainty of cure. Mr. M. Maher, hairdresser, of St. John's, Nfld., gratefully writes as follows:

"I suffered terribly for two years from kidney trouble and dyspepsia. I was completely run-down and could not eat or sleep. One of the ablest city doctors attended me, but no good results followed his work. Happily a friend advised me to use Paine's Celery Compound. I procured a supply, and the first dose relieved me. I have used eight bottles and now sleep well, appetite is good, and I am as strong as ever before. I recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all."

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough.

House Renters—Have you seen our New List of Houses for sale near your work? You can get a hot dinner every day with your family instead of being compelled to carry your dinner pail. It matters not what price you want to pay nor what size or class of house you want to buy, we have them, and you do not require a large sum of money. Some begin with very little and under our guidance get on and pay for their home. You can do the same if you will come in any evening from 7 to 9, if you cannot call during the day.

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

Help Wanted.

TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTed at once. Apply at Snowden House.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales, Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 11 and 16 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home —any where, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., Station B Cleveland, Ohio

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 591, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington Toronto.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$3.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,00 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bessie Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Grand's Repository.

The Great Annual Spring Sale

—WILL BE HELD ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY,

March 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th,

AT 10.30 O'CLOCK EACH DAY.

TUESDAY, MARCH 11th.

The catalogue will be published on the morning of the sale, so that it will contain full particulars of all the entries, consisting of Clydesdale and General Purpose Mares, Geldings and Stallions, all purchased direct from the farmers and breeders, specially for this great sale. This will positively be the finest collection of heavy horses and medium weight blocks ever offered by auction in Toronto. The usual trial and warranty will be given with every horse.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12th.

The following is a short description of a few of the strictly high-class roadsters, trotters, and high-steppers to be sold. Only horses of the highest type will be offered on this day, so that purchasers who want the best will be able to satisfy themselves. All the horses for Wednesday's sale will be on view at the "Annex," Simcoe and Nelson streets, from now to the day of the sale.

The sale will commence with the following consignment of highly-bred and exceptionally well-selected trotting stock, the property of Messrs. Bedford Bros., Chatham, who are selling their entire racing stable on account of Mr. A. G. Bedford having accepted a position as trainer with an extensive breeder of trotters. Special attention is called to the "Wild Brinos" in this lot. It is a well-known fact that there is no safer investment than the produce of this wonderful Canadian stallion, standing as he does, third in the list of great speed-producing sires of America for the year 1901. Wild Brino, 2.19 1-4, is the sire of:

DAN FINISTER — Bay stallion, 15.2 hands; foaled 1898; bred by William Henson, Louisville, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., Chatham, Ont., by Roadmaster 2.28 3-4.

First Dam, by Black Diamond, full brother to Little Joe, 2.17.

Second Dam, by Kentucky Jack.

Third Dam, Thoroughbred.

Roadmaster, 2.28 1-4, (sire of Harold H., 2.04; Roady, 2.12 1-4; Master Roy, 2.20 1-4; Paddy D., 2.18 1-4, and several other fast ones yet unmarked), by Hambletonian Downing, Dam by London Traveller.

Note.—This colt, although perfectly green, has racehorse speed right now, and certainly looks and acts like the real thing; he will show for himself on day of sale; should pace in 2.10 next season if given a chance.

LITTLE JACK, 2.29 1-4 — Bay gelding, 15.3 hands; foaled 1895; bred by John Mount, Chatham, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros, Chatham, Ont.; by son of Wild Brino.

First dam by Wilkes Chief, son of Red Wilkes.

Second dam by Old Rooker, dam of Engerette, 2.14 3-4. sire of Nellie Rooker, 2.10 1-4, Maud Pollard, 2.13 3-4, and several others, and sire of the dam of Attor, 2.11 1-4; Frank Rysdike, 2.08 3-4, Roady, 2.12 1-4; Ella Eddy, 2.12, and several others better than 2.15.

Third dam by Blenkiron.

Note.—This gelding is a high acting trotter on the roads and a very fast pacer when at speed, has been a mile in 2.24, and a quarter in 33 seconds. A race horse right now.

LADY HOUSTON — Bay mare, 15.3 hands; foaled 1898; bred by John Houston, Chatham, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., Chatham, Ont.; by Wild Brino, 2.19 3-4.

First dam by Old Rooker.

Second dam Thoroughbred.

Note.—This is a very stylish driver, and should, if trained, make a trotter, as she will go in a 3-minute clip on the road, with extra good action. Is direct from the breeder, and has not yet been handled for speed. Remarkably handsome, very kind and reliable.

WEDDING RING — Bay mare, 16 hands; foaled 1897; bred by Mr. Knight, Ridgetown, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., Chatham, Ont.; by Gold Ring, 2.12 1-2.

First dam by Almedium.

Second dam by Routeon.

Note.—This stylish big mare is an extraordinary fast and true gaited trotter. Has shown a mile in 2.41 3-4, with four weeks training a quarter in 36 seconds; can now show much faster, and is one of the best prospects for a race horse we have ever owned. Be sure to ride behind this mare before the sale, as she is well broken and will show for herself.

ANTHLE—Bay mare, 16 hands; foaled 1897; bred by Peter Forbam, Wallaceburg, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., Chatham, Ont.; by Textile.

First dam by Prince Edward, son of William Welsh, by Hambletonian (10) Wm. Welsh sired dam of Connor, 2.05 1-4, etc.

Second dam by Stranger, brother of Old Rooker, dam of Black Patti, 2.22 1-4.

Thirddam by Fitzsimmons' St. Lawrence.

Note.—This grand young filly possesses extreme speed right now, and the man who is fortunate enough to secure her is buying no has-been, but a strictly high-class mare, ready for the races as soon as the bell taps. Her breeding needs no comments, as will be seen is in the nick of fashion, has been a mile in 2.24 and a quarter in 33 seconds last fall with only two months' training over a poor half-mile track. Wears only quarter boots, as good gaited as lives, and very steady going, a perfect family mare, or speedway prospect after her racing days are over.

ERIE MAID, 2.29 1-4—Black mare, 15 1 1-2 hands; foaled 1894; bred by Mr. Muckle of Amherstburg, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., Chatham, Ont.; by Indemion.

First dam, by ——

Second dam, untraced; Indemion, by Dictator, dam by Hambletonian.

Note.—Erie Maid not only possesses extreme speed, but is a grand individual, being very cobby built; she is a most desirable family mare, and can be driven by a lady with the most absolute safety; that she is a game, reliable race mare is shown by her past races; her present record is no indication of her speed, as she has shown miles in 2.20 over half mile track.

TOPSY MOUNT—Black mare; 15.2 hands; foaled 1897; bred by John Mount, Chatham, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., by Wild Brino, 2.19 3-4.

First dam, by Old Rooker; sire of Dams of Attar, 2.11 1-4; Frank Rysdike, 2.08 3-4; Roady, 2.12 1-4; Little Jim, 2.18.

Second dam, by Combination.

Third Dam, by Blenkiron, thoroughbred.

Fourth Dam, by New York.

Dam of Bonnie Annie, 2.26 3-4.

Bonnie Doone, 2.24 1-2.

General Brock, 2.29 1-4.

General Riel, 2.31 1-2.

Black Hawk, the sire of the General Brock, 2.29 1-4.

Note.—This handsome filly, although perfectly green, can show 2.30 speed trotting, and is as good gaited as lives.

It is to be hoped she will be given a chance this year, as no surer race mare was ever offered at auction; a trial before the sale will convince anyone that Topsy Mount will be heard from.

MISS FORHAN—Brown filly; 15.2 hands; foaled 1890; bred by Peter Forhan, Wallaceburg, Ont.; owned by Bedford Bros., by Textile.

First Dam, by Blenkiron, thoroughbred; sire of Dam of Nellie Rooker, 2.10 1-4; Gen. Brooke, 2.24 1-4.

Second Dam, by Stranger.

Third Dam, by Fitzsimmons, St. Lawrence.

Note.—This filly is only nicely broken, but can show 2.40 clip on the pace, without hopples, excellent legs; very heavy bone; will make a 16-hand mare; lifey, but very quiet.

CHARLIE—Bay Gelding; 6 years; 15.2 hands; sound, kind and reliable in harness; a strong, serviceable driver, and can pace a 2.50 clip.

BRINO BELLE—Brown mare; 6 years; 15.2 1-2 hands; sound, kind and reliable in harness; square trotter, with extraordinary action; very breedy-looking, with lots of substance; one of the most desirable gentleman's roadsters we have ever offered; sired by Wild Brino, 2.19 1-4; dam a standard-bred mare, bred in Michigan; Brino Belle is direct from the breeder and has no special training, but can show a 2.30 clip, and is an excellent long-distance roadster.

BONNIE BESS—Brown mare; 5 years; 16 hands; sound, kind and gentle in every way; a model gentleman's roadster and family driver; very attractive looking; extra good all round action, and can go twelve miles an hour, with ease; sired by "Bon Ton," dam by John E. Rysdike.

FORESTER—Brown gelding, 6 years, 16 hands, sound, kind and reliable in single or double harness and in the stable. A fine, handsome, strong, well-bred family horse, absolutely fearless, and a prompt roadster up to twelve miles an hour and better. Ask to see this horse in harness before the sale.

Lots 13 to 17—Particulars not yet received.

VICTOR AND RICHMOND—Pair brown geldings, 6 and 7 years old, sound, kind and true in single or double harness. Handsome, full-made carriage pair, in good condition, and thoroughly trained to city sights and sounds. Any gentleman requiring a strictly high-class pair for Victoria or brougham, will do well to see them. They are undocked, but regular hackney patterns, weighing about 2,350 pounds. Drive like one horse and have good action, and a very fashionable appearance.

JUDGE—Dappled grey gelding, 6 years, 16 hands, sound, kind in single or double harness. Sired by Bob Hunter. One of the handsomest and best all-round show horses we have seen in years. If he gets into the hands of someone who will enter him at the coming Horse Show he is bound to be a winner. Safe for city use.

LIBERTY—Bay gelding, 4 years, 16 hands, sound, kind and true in single or double harness. A good goer of the weight-carrying hunter type, and carries a saddle well.

MAJOR AND OFFICER—Pair bay geldings, 5 and 6 years, 16 hands, sound, kind and reliable for city use. A well-bred fashionable pair of high-steppers, in excellent seasoned condition, splendid manners, prompt roadsters and in every way a strictly high-class pair.

DENNIS AND NORAH—Pair dark bays, mare and gelding, 6 and 7 years old, 16 hands, sound, kind and reliable in single or double harness. A good-looking, well-bred pair, with size and substance. Very fast roadsters, with style and action.

TOPSY AND DANDY—Pair black cobs, mare and gelding, 5 and 6 years, 15.1 hands, sound, kind in single or double harness and broken to the city. A fast, good-actioned, well-bred pair of the hackney type.

MONARCH—Black gelding, 6 years, 15.2 hands, sound, kind, and reliable for city use. A handsome, old-fashioned hackney pattern. Extra well broken to ride and up to weight. This is one of the most fashionable horses in the sale.

COUNSELLOR—Brown gelding, 5 years 15.3 hands, sound, kind in harness and saddle. Sired by Chancellor, dam by Blenkiron. An excellent combination horse for any gentleman fond of a well-bred horse. Full of life, but good tempered and easily managed.

BARRISTER — Brown gelding, 6 years, 15.3 hands. Sound, kind in harness and saddle. Full brother to Counsellor, and as well broken in every way. They are well matched and make an excellent pair together.

And 60 others.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13th.

100 Horses—All Classes.

FRIDAY, MARCH 14th

Immense Livery Stock Sale.

60 horses, 100 carriages and buggies, 60 sets harness, new and second-hand, making altogether the most important sale held for years.

WALTER HARLAND SMITH.
Auctioneer.

Druggists' Patent Medicine PRICE LIST

Pierce's Favourite Prescription	75	Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine	15
Pierce's Medical Discovery	75	Chase's Nerve Food	35
Pierce's Pellets	75	Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills	15
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills	30	Chase's Ointment	50
Scott's Emulsion (large)	80	Chase's Catarrh Cure	15
Scott's Emulsion (small)	40	Parmalee's Pills	15
Beef, Iron and Wine	50	Dodd's Pills	35
Castoria	25	Radway's Ready Relief	15
Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil	15	Perry Davis' Pain Killer	20
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	80	Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills	35
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral 40	20	Milburn's Rheumatic Pills	35
Ayer's Hair Vigor	75	Hood's Sarsaparilla	80
Ayer's Pills, 15c, two for	25	Shiloh's Consumption Cure	40
Carter's Little Liver Pills	15	Shiloh's Consumption Cure	20
Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry	30	Warner's Safe Cure	60
Paine's Celery Compound	80	Minard's Liniment	15
Laxa Bromo-Quinine	15	Pond's Extract	40
Wampole Cod Liver Oil	75	Dr. King's New Discovery	40
Holder's Bitters and Sarsaparilla Compound	45	Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup	15
Burdock Blood Bitters	65	Lydia Pinkham's Compound	75

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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager. Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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VOL. 28 NO. 55 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MARCH 6 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

SITUATION IN SERVIA LIKENED TO A VOLCANO

Extraordinary Precautions Taken to Prevent an Uprising in Belgrade To-Day

AN AMERICAN TO WED A SWEDISH PRINCE

King Edward's Plans—Meeting of the Canadian Forest Association at Ottawa To-Day—Arkansas Republicans

Vienna, March 6.—A despatch from Belgrade says that extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent disturbances to-day, which is the thirteenth anniversary of King Alexander's accession to the throne. According to recent advices from the Servian capital the situation there is described as that of a volcano likely to burst forth at any moment in an uprising that will sweep the throne and all the friends and supporters of the present regime out of existence. King Alexander, almost if not quite an imbecile, is said to be virtually a prisoner in the royal palace, while politicians of all factions are scheming in regard to the occupant of the throne after his downfall.

AMERICAN TO WED PRINCE.

Paris, March 6.—A rumor is current here to the effect that Miss Helena Gorham Wilde, an American, who has made her home in Paris for a long time, will shortly marry Prince Eugene of Sweden, if he can gain the consent of his father, and arrange to resign his right of succession to the throne of the Bernadottes, as his brother Oscar did some years ago when he made a morganatic alliance by espousing Miss Ebba Monck—a marriage which created considerable of a stir at the time. Prince Eugene is a painter of some note who has lived in the Latin quarter for many years. Miss Wilde is both pretty and wealthy.

KING EDWARD'S PLANS.

London, March 5.—So fully is King Edward occupied with state functions and business, social engagements and all the preparations for the coronation, as to which he is of course supreme arbiter, that there is growing uncertainty as to whether he will be able to go abroad before proceeding to Denmark for the celebration of King Christian's eighty-fourth birthday, to be present on which occasion Queen Alexandra is preparing to make the voyage to Copenhagen on the royal yacht Osborne early in the coming month.

RAISE IN WAGES.

Camden, N. J., March 6.—On and after to-day the wages of the motormen and conductors of the local street railways will be seventeen cents per hour instead of fifteen as heretofore. The increase was voluntary on the part of the company.

Houston, Texas, March 6.—This was the anniversary of the fall of the Alamo, when so many brave sons of Texas died for liberty. In commemoration of the event the San Jacinto chapter, Daughters of the Republic of Texas, to-day decorated the graves of all the veterans of the Texas republic in this locality.

WIDOW OF P. D. ARMOUR, JR. WEDS.

New York, March 6.—The marriage of Mrs. P. D. Armour, Jr., and P. A. Valentine will be quietly celebrated here to-day. The ceremony will be attended only by members of the two families and a few intimate friends. Part of the honeymoon is to be spent with Mrs. P. D. Armour, Sr., at the Hotel Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.

The bride of to-day is noted as a woman of extraordinary beauty. Before her marriage to the late P. D. Armour, a millionaire Board of Trade operator of Chicago. She has two children, Philip D. Armour III. and Lester Armour, both of whom are preparing for preparatory school. For many years Mr. Valentine was manager of the interests of the late P. D. Armour and is extensively interested in the business. He is credited with possessing several millions of dollars. Mr. and Mrs. Valentine will make their future home in Chicago.

CANADIAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

Ottawa, Ont., March 6.—The Canadian Forestry association will begin its third annual meeting in this city today about three hundred members in attendance from various parts of the Dominion. The sessions continue through tomorrow and promise to be of unusual interest to those interested in the cultivation and preservation of the forests.

ARKANSAS REPUBLICANS.

Little Rock, Ark., March 6.—Considerable interest is manifested in political circles in the meeting of the Republican State Committee to be held this afternoon at the Lincoln Club. The purpose of the meeting is to recommend a successor to Colonel H. M. Cooper, as United States marshal for the eastern district of Arkansas, and to confer regarding the appointment of several postmasters. Col. A. S. Fowler of this city will in all probability be recommended for the marshalship.

A SPLENDID REPORT

The Fifty-fifth Annual Meeting of the Canada Life Assurance Co.

Elsewhere will be found the financial report submitted by the directors at the fifty-fifth annual meeting of the Canada Life Assurance Company. The report is of a most gratifying character, fully justifying the policy announced by the esteemed President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, to "build on foundations that will stand the strain and stress of years." The assurance written in 1901 amounted to $7,761,131, being an increase of $2,397,396 over the previous year, and the Company is now carrying a total of $84,404,972, against which it has assets of $24,504,790. Without waiting to be directed by the Government, the management of the Canada Life saw that the rate of interest was coming down, and took steps to be prepared for the new conditions. The period of readjustment has extended over eight years, and now the liabilities on policies issued previous to 1900 are valued on a 3 1-2 per cent. basis, while those of a later date are valued on a 3 per cent. basis. On these valuations the reserves for the protection of policyholders amount to $22,709,306, which is $2,565,198 more than the amount required by the Government standard. The income of the Canada Life last year was $3,517,617, of which more than a million was derived from interest, and the death claims came to $1,163,098. The funds of the Company were fully employed at paying rates.

The report will be read with deep interest by the host of friends and patrons of the Company in Peterborough and elsewhere, and they will not only be satisfied that the old Canada Life deserves a continuance of all the confidence they learned to feel in it and its management years ago, but they will also note with pride that it continues to lead the procession in the amount of new business, in gross and net income, and in the total of assurance in force. The foundations were well laid, and the traditions of the Company have been maintained throughout its whole history.

AN INTERESTING LECTURE

Delivered in St. John's Church Last Night By Canon McNab

A most interesting and instructive lecture was given in St. John's church last night by Canon McNab on the subject "History of the Church of England." Rev. Canon McNab is an excellent speaker, and the address he delivered was most attentively listened to. The lecturer told of the advancement of christianity, from the time of the landing of the Jutes, Angles and Saxons. Previous to that time, Christianity had made some progress in Briton but on their arrival it received a very serious set-back. A few years after, however, it was revived, and has continued, although it met with many obstacles.

The lecture was illustrated with lime-light views, which were very interesting, some of the pictures showing the remains of churches and abbeys erected centuries ago.

The Sunday school room was taxed to its utmost capacity, and many who could not find seats were obliged to stand. At the close of the lecture a hearty vote of thanks was tendered Canon McNab for his very instructive address.

There's a Story in Morning Tiredness

A story of poor blood, weakened nerves, of a starved brain. Plenty of food, mind you, but perhaps poorly prepared and too poorly digested to maintain a vigorous body. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, gives strength to the nerves, cures the fagged feeling that prevents vigorous thought and action. Use Ferrozone, it makes blood and good blood feeds the nerves. Strong and vigorous nerves are just another name for good health. If you seek health, and a relief from the tired morning feeling, use Ferrozone. Sold only by Ormond & Walsh.

ARAB CHIEF TAKES CITY BY STRATAGEM

The Descendant of Former Ameers Recovers Throne

MAY AFFECT GREAT POWERS

Disturbances in Central Arabia Connected with Question of Persian Gulf

Bombay, March 6.— Abdul Aziz Ben Feysul, a descendant of the old Wahibi Ameers, with an army of two thousand men, has captured the City of El Riad, in Central Arabia.

Abdul Aziz Ben Feysul entered the city by stratagem at night, with fifty followers. These men rode to the palace and killed the Governor of El Riad and thirty of his retainers. The garrison of the city then surrendered, whereupon the army of Abdul Aziz Ben Feysul entered.

It is believed that the Wahabi dynasty is endeavoring to regain its supremacy and overthrow Ibu-el Rashid, the Ameer of Nejd, and conquer that district. Many tribes are flocking to the banner of Abdul Aziz Ben Feysul. Owing to its connection with the questions of the Persian Gulf littoral and the interests involved of Great Britain, Turkey, and other powers now engaging in trade in those parts, the internecine warfare in Arabia may have far-reaching consequences. Ibu-el Rashid, one of the chief actors in the present conflict, was mentioned as an important personage lying in the background in the recent Koweyt incident.

El Riad is one of the chief cities of the Sultanate of Nejd, the central inhabitable district of Arabia. It lies on the northern spurs of the range of mountains which runs across Arabia from west to east, touching Turkish territory on either side, with Mecca on the west and the Persian Gulf on the other side of the peninsula.

About two centuries ago Abd-el Wahhab, a native of Nejd, preached a reformed Mohammedanism, and this movement spread over Arabia. He established himself as Sultan, and for a time the Sultans of Nejd ruled nearly the entire country. The inhabitants of this portion of the peninsula are still Wahhabees. The desert regions of the interior are occupied by wandering Bedouins. Some of the tribes are dependent upon the Sultan of Nejd, but the majority owe allegiance to no one.

The disturbances, which have again come to a head in Nejd are chronic. Owing to a sanguinary conflict for the throne of Nejd between Abdullah ben Feysul, of the Wahabi reigning family, and his brother, Saud, about 30 years ago, Ibu-el Rashid was enabled to seize the chief power. Turkey has never succeeded in penetrating into Nejd, but claims a nominal sovereignty over Central Arabia.

When Midhat Pacha was Governor-General of Bagdad he was appealed to for assistance by Abdullah ben Feysul and prepared a considerable force to make an expedition into Nejd, so as to make valid the Sultan of Turkey's influence in that quarter. Latterly Turkey has again shown signs of exerting herself from the headquarters of her army at Bagdad and Busra, at the head of the Persian Gulf. It was said to be at Turkey's instigation that Ibu-el Rashid made an attack on the Sheikh of Koweyt, on the Persian Gulf, which led to a great battle in Arabia in the winter of 1900, in which the losses on both sides were said to have amounted to five thousand killed and wounded.

British Soldiers Get Better Pay

London, March 4.—In introducing the army estimates, of £69,310,000 in the House of Commons to-day, War Secretary Brodrick entered into a long defence of the War Office, which he contended had done its work well, considering that a war had never before been waged on such a scale as the South African war. The War Office to-day was feeding 300,000 men and 246,000 horses in South Africa, and there were no complaints on that score. The experiences of the past year had confirmed the necessity for changes in the army administration, in decentralisation, etc., as outlined by the Government last year. Military officers and clerks were being rapidly substituted in the War Office for civilian officers.

In regard to recruiting, Mr. Brodrick believed the limit had been reached. No reduction in the strength of the army could be expected, and probably the Indian garrisons must be increased. The country had already enough experience of allowing the colonial garrisons to sink below their proper limits.

WILL GIVE BETTER PAY.

With the view of giving a fillip to recruiting, Mr. Brodrick said the Government proposed to allow enlistment for three years with nine years in the reserve, and with the object of inducing men to enlist for India and elsewhere abroad, it was proposed to give every man a clear shilling per day. If, after two years years, the soldier decided to serve eight years with the colors and four years in the reserve, he would be paid an extra sixpence daily. Mr. Brodrick believed this would result in enlisting a better class of men.

In regard to the much-discussed question of volunteers, Mr. Brodrick declared that, if the volunteers were to be a bar to conscription, they must make themselves efficient. It was proposed to establish a volunteer reserve of men over 40 years of age who were unable to comply with the ordinary regulations, and establish during the present year a military reserve of 50,000 men. The education of all officers would be vigorously prosecuted and the expenses of young officers would be lightened.

London, March 4.—The Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, telegraphs that the rainfall has been light and scattered and of no benefit to the affected districts. About 250,000 persons are now receiving relief.

A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Lahore says 2,000,000 acres of wheat in the Punjab are suffering from total drought.

WILL NOT VISIT IRELAND.

London, March 4.—It is reported that the projected visit to Ireland of King Edward has been abandoned on account, it is understood, of the aggressive action of the United Irish League.

LABOR UNION

Formed at Lakefield Last Night—A Very Encouraging Meeting

A branch of the American Federation of Labor was formed in Lakefield last night. Several speakers were present, the principal speaker being Mr. Jas. A. Flett, an organizer of the Federation. The benefits and workings of the union was fully explained and at the close an opportunity was given for those who wished to join the organization. A number of men were initiated. A large number of members went up from Peterborough Lodge and assisted in forming the new lodge.

The growth of the union in town has been marvellous and it is now one of the strongest in the country. There is good prospects for a large and flourishing union at Lakefield.

Items of Interest

Ottawa, Ont., March 5.— The Dominion Rifle Association held its annual meeting this morning. Lieut.-Col. Henshaw presided in the absence of Col. the Hon. J. M. Gibson, who could not attend owing to his Parliamentary duties in Toronto.

His Excellency Lord Minto, Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, and General O'Grady-Haly and Col. Lord Aylmer, adjutant-general, were present, and delivered short speeches. In moving the adoption of the report, Col Henshaw paid a compliment to the fairness of the Minister of Militia. He alluded to the deaths of Major Gen. Howard and Hon. R. R. Dobell, both members of the association. He intimated that an American team would probably come to Canada to win back the Palma trophy, but expressed his confidence that the Canadians would keep it here.

His Excellency referred with satisfaction to the efforts of the association to encourage individual shooting and discourage the pot-hunter for prizes. The war in South Africa had taught the lesson that the chief quality of the soldier must be to shoot straight.

A resolution was adopted thanking the Government for the appropriation of $10,000 for the rifle matches.

Dr. Borden was unanimously voted honorary president of the association, and the constitution was amended to take in the new office, the Minister of Militia being the first honorary president the association has had.

The association passed a resolution of condolence with the family of the late Lord Dufferin, one of the first patrons of the D. R. A.

Col. J. M. Gibson was re-elected president.

LORD HOPE'S BRILLIANT IDEA.

London, March 5.—Lord Francis Hope, who has managed to spend $3,000,000 since coming of age has just assured himself of a certain income for the rest of his life, by turning over all his property and expectations to a life insurance company, which guarantees him an income of $10,000 a year for life. Lord Francis is now at Brighton, where he is recovering from the amputation of his foot, performed some time ago.

BALDWIN ZEIGLER EXPEDITION.

Copenhagen, Denmark, March 6.—Letters dated from Franz Josef Land, August 17, have been received here from the Danes who accompanied the Baldwin-Zeigler Arctic expedition (which left Tromsoe, Norway, July 15 last year on the steamers America and Belgica). The vessels arrived at Franz Josef Land after trying experiences with all on board well. The America intended to winter at Franz Josef Land, and then proceed northward until stopped by the ice, when the party on board of her was to start towards the North Pole. Mr. Baldwin hoped that the America would reach 83 degrees north.

Pekin, March 5.—The Dowager Empress to-day gave another reception in honor of the women of the Diplomatic Corps. In addition to the wives and other relatives of the Ministers, a number of women who, under the diplomatic regulations, were not entitled to be present, were in attendance.

It was arranged in advance that gifts from the Dowager Empress would not be acceptable. In spite of this, however, the legation children each received a present of $100.

Mrs. Conger, the wife of the American Minister, who is the senior woman member of the corps, exchanged good wishes for the Chinese New Year with the Dowager Empress, who said she looked forward with pleasure to the women's next visit. The Emperor was present at the reception.

The formality of the programme was modified by the Dowager Empress deciding to receive the women in her own apartments.

Belgrade, Servia, March 5.—An extraordinary attempt to start a revolution was made this morning at the frontier town of Shabatz, a town on the Save, 66 miles west of Belgrade, by a raid under the leadership of Alavantics, a relative of Prince Karageorgevich, the pretender to the Servian throne. The only result was that Alavantics was killed, and his adherents were arrested.

Alavantics, wearing the uniform of a general in the Servian army, and accompanied by a handful of followers, arrived at Shabatz, from Mitrowica on the Austrian bank of the Save, and called to the frontier guard to follow him. The latter, not suspecting anything wrong, accompanied the supposed general to the Town Hall, where Alavantics ordered the men of the fire department to join him. This motley procession proceeded to the gendarmerie barracks, where Alavantics paraded the gendarmes. Two of the latter, however, whose suspicions were aroused, escaped and apprised their commander, Captain Nikolics. The latter, when he arrived on the scene called on Alavantics to produce some document as authority for his actions, but was fired upon by the would-be revolutionist and slightly wounded. Nikolics then promptly shot and killed Alavantics and caused the arrest of his followers.

AGAINST SELLING THE INDIES.

Copenhagen, March 5.—New petitions are being circulated by the opponents of the sale of the Danish West Indian Islands to the United States, for presentation to the Rigsdag. They will probably have no effect.

FOOLISH RUMOR DENIED.

Paris, March 5.—The officials of the Foreign Office and of the British Embassy here unite in denying the truth of a report, circulated in the United States yesterday, that Miss Maude Gonne, the "Irish Joan of Arc" had [illegible] Monson, had made formal complaints against her utterances, claiming they were treasonable.

London, March 6.— A despatch from Harrismith, Orange River Colony, to the Central News, states that several prisoners recently captured declare that Christian De Wet was shot in the arm in a recent attempt to break through the British lines.

The despatch says that these prisoners also confirm the statement that Manie Botha was killed, and say that Philip Botha, nephew of Commandant-General Botha, is a prisoner.

On the best informed opinion the Pall Mall Gazette prophesies the end of all serious hostilities in South Africa by September, and this is rather a pessimistic than an optimistic view. Judging from Lord Kitchener's progress this week, and the well-founded rumors of Gen. Botha's personal inclination to surrender, the practical end of the struggle may considerably antedate September.

BOER DELEGATES ARE RESERVED

Washington, March 6.— Messrs. Wessels and Wolmarans, accompanied by Montague White, Counsul-General for the South African Republics at New York, who have been in Washington for several days past, have arranged for a reception by Secretary Hay. This reception will be purely unofficial, the Boers occupying the status of private citizens of another country sojourning in the United States. The delegates themselves are reserved when questioned as to their mission, and as to their pretensions respecting official recognition by the Department of State, merely saying they had several different proposals for their guidance under consideration, and had not yet reached a determination.

GREATEST OF GOLD FINDS

London, March 6.—A despatch to the Central News from Grand Bassam says surveys which have just been completed by prospectors of the Ivory Coast Gold Fields Company show that there is banket ore on an almost unbroken line for eleven miles, assaying one ounce and upwards. This is regarded as one of the most extraordinary discoveries ever made.

DIAMOND DYES
Are the Strongest, Brightest and Richest and Excel All Other Home Dyes

A few years ago it was the opinion of many that the dyers of oriental lands produced the best colors in the world for the dyeing of all fabrics. To-day, this idea will not be entertained or supported for a moment. The introduction of the celebrated Diamond Dyes has given to the civilized world colors that are unequalled. Diamond Dyes are far more durable and much brighter and fuller than the dyes produced by Oriental or European dye manufacturers. Users of the Diamond Dyes at all times obtain as good results in the home as professional dyers can produce in the large city dye houses.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are having a tremendous sale everywhere in Canada. If you would work one up in your home, send your address at once to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain st., Montreal, P.Q., and they will mail you [illegible] of the newest designs to select from.

LOOKS LIKE A THROW DOWN FOR GERMANY

Prince Henry's Visit to the United States Proves a Political Failure

VEXATION CAUSED BY THE SUGAR QUESTION.

Santos-Dumont Makes Sensational Promises—Praise for the Heroism of the New Zealanders

Paris, March 5.—The correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from Berlin, says: I have reviewed and carefully digested the utterances of the leading journals reflecting every shade of political opinion, and have come to the conclusion that every one who makes a similar attempt to gauge public opinion here must admit Prince Henry's mission to the United States to be a failure so far as the political importance which attaches to it. The Reichstag tariff commission replies to salutations from across the water by demanding a tariff on United States imports of foodstuffs. One of the main objects of the Prince's visit was to cultivate friendly trade relations and to convince members of the Foreign Relations Committee in the American Senate that friction might be avoided by passing reciprocity bill framed on behalf of Germany by John A. Kasson, Commissioner under the Tariff Act, which now lies in a dusty pigeon hole. No assurance of any kind has been received by the German Government, that Congress will tinker with the tariff.

SUGAR QUESTION CAUSES HEART BURNING.

London, March 5.—A despatch from Vienna to The Times says that notwithstanding the Brussels agreement to the effect that Britain will not grant a preference for colonial sugars if continental bounties are removed, the sugar question is sure to continue a prolific cause of discord. Governments, beet-root growers and manufacturers are all more or less at odds being overtaken by the common misfortune which befalls industries founded on an artificial base. Each interest is anxious to reduce its own shares of this penalty at the cost of the others. In Austria it is probable the investors and territorial magnates who sank money in the enterprise will succeed in transferring their burdens to the shoulders of the taxpayers. The tendency in Vienna is to represent Britain as undermining the main pillar of continental industries in favor of her own. England is regarded as showing a lack of consideration for such an old friend as Austria.

SANTOS-DUMONT'S SENSATIONAL PROMISE.

Paris, March 5.—Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, who is at London arranging for an exhibition at the Crystal Palace, was interviewed by the correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald and said: "I have decided to go to America next year to take part in the aerial competition at St. Louis. I am very anxious to exhibit my machine in America as soon as possible. If I do go I shall make a flight over New York. I intend to go up East River, pass under the Brooklyn bridge, and then come back above it." He will attempt to fly over London from Crystal Palace to Hyde Park and return.

HEROIC WORK OF NEW ZEALANDERS PRAISED.

London, March 5.—A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand to the Times says that Earl Hopetoun and the Federal and State Premiers of the Australian Commonwealth have addressed messages to the capital, congratulating the New Zealanders on the bravery of the troops in the recent operations in South Africa. Lord Hopetoun predicts that their heroic work will end the war.

TWENTY THOUSAND FOR SIX WEEKS' RENT.

Paris, March 6.—A despatch to the Paris edition of the New York Herald from London, says that Whitelaw Reid, the United States envoy to the coronation, has rented Brooke House, the Park Lane residence of Lord Tweedmouth. During his stay in London Mr. Reid will pay twenty thousand dollars for six weeks' rent. Miss Alice Roosevelt is to be the guest of Mrs. Reid.

A GRAPHIC STORY OF THE DISASTER

How the British Were Overpowered at Klerksdorp

THEY CHARGED WITH BAYONETS

Entire Company was Eventually Overpowered and Killed and Captured to a Man.

London, Wednesday, March 6.—Telegrams received here from Klerksdorp describing the attack upon and capture by the Boers on February 24th at a point south-west of Klerksdorp of 467 British soldiers who were acting as a convoy to an empty wagon train show that General Delarey laid his plans with consummate care and a precise knowledge of the ground. The third Boer attack upon the convoy was conducted from various points, and was most determined. By sheer recklessness they sought to ride down and overwhelm the British defence. British guns shelled the charging Boers, but nothing stopped their onslaught, which was carried out with resistless impetus. The convoy of mules was subjected to a heavy fire.

They stampeded and put many of the defenders temporarily out of action, and caused the wildest confusion. For two hours the British held out. They then divided, and were surrounded. A few minutes of confused fighting and all was over. The Boers galloped along the line, firing at every man who showed the slightest tendency to resist, until they reached and captured the guns. In the extreme rear the Northumberland Fusiliers, who had been cut off, succeeded in fighting their way out for some distance when their ammunition became exhausted. They charged with bayonets, but were speedily overpowered. By 7 in the morning all resistance was at an end. Dead and wounded were scattered all over the field. Broken wagons and panic-stricken horses and mules made a scene of indescribable confusion.

Not until General Delarey came in person was anything like order restored. He stopped the Boers engaged in stripping the British wounded by the free use of his sjambok, but they continued the work of despoiling directly his back was turned.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Fair, not much change in temperature.

There is a disturbance of much energy situated over the middle Atlantic States attended by a snowstorm, but it is unlikely to affect Ontario and Quebec. A cold wave which has moved into Alberta during the night appears to be of importance. Not much change in temperature [illegible] in Ontario and Quebec.

THE ITALIAN MINISTRY IS DOOMED AND OUTCOME PROBLEMATICAL

London, Wednesday, March 6. — The Rome correspondent of the Morning Post describes the political and social situation as being extremely complicated, and says it may at any moment develop in an unexpected manner. The possibility of a railway strike is still impending. More than six thousand railway employes have not been summoned to the colors, and they are practically free to strike if they wish. The Government and the railway companies are unable to agree regarding the plan demanded by the employes, which involves better conditions. The correspondent represents the Government as being pledged to support the men's interests which the railway conventions adopted by Parliament 17 years ago were supposed to protect, but the companies have never respected the conventions. The Government lately prosecuted the companies for not observing them, but the final judgment of the Court of Cassation is not expected before April, and the outcome is most uncertain. If the Government fails to obtain sufficient concessions from the companies a partial strike will follow. A deputy who was about to leave Rome on a journey asked a Socialist deputy confidentially whether if he went he would be able to get back. The Socialist significantly advised his questioner to start immediately and to return as quickly as possible.

A partial strike occurred at Naples to-day owing to the railway employes misinterpreting the instructions of their leaders, who are now at Rome treating with the Government. They may be able to persuade the men to resume work to-morrow. If there are no disorders and a strike does not occur among the men not summoned to serve with the colors, the Chamber of Deputies will meet before the end of the week, but the downfall of the Ministry then is generally predicted, and the outcome cannot be foreseen.

The troops have restored order in [illegible] fresh disturbances are reported in the neighboring town of San Marco, owing to the agitation for railways.

KILLED BY NICKEL FUMES.

Coppercliff, Ont., March 6.—A peculiar accident occurred at the Ontario Smelting Works, by which George Legault, an employe, lost his life. Contrary to orders, he remained in the dust-room when the hose was turned on, and the fumes caused by the water coming into contact with the hot nickel dust inflicted severe burns that he succumbed soon after.

Montrose Hayes, an employe of the Canadian Copper Company, at Creighton Mines, whose duty it was to attend to the ore bins, accidentally fell into one of the bins and was smothered to death. The remains were taken to his home, Pembroke, for burial.

Vancouver, B. C., March 6.—It is understood that a new salmon cannery combine, taking in at least 45 of the largest cannery plants in British Columbia, is almost completed. The combine is on the line of that on the Columbia River. Americans, it is reported, are backing the deal, with a capital, it is said, of $4,000,000. H. Doyle and Co., and Vancouver, have arranged the deal.

FATHER OF MME. CALVE DEAD.

New York, March 6.— Madame Calve, who is singing in grand opera in this city, has been notified of the death of her father, in Southern France, from pneumonia.

Sad Neuralgia's Agony

Have you failed to get permanent relief? Are you almost frantic with neuralgic pain? If so, why not use Polson's Nerviline? It is the only neuralgia remedy that has never failed to cure even the worst cases, and it will surely cure you. Five times the strength of other remedies it penetrates the tissues and drives out the pain instantly. Quick relief, sure. Large bottles 25c.

DISTRICT LODGE A. F. & A. M.

Will Meet in Town This Afternoon—New Masonic Hall to be Dedicated

There will be a large gathering of the Masonic Fraternity in town to-day. The District Lodge of Instruction will meet here this afternoon. In the evening a special communication of the Grand Lodge will be convened here, and the new Masonic hall will be dedicated.

Several distinguished brethren will be present among whom will be Judge Harding, Grand Master.

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 6, 1902

For the Farmer.

Ducks Against Mites.

One of my neighbors told me a few years ago that ducks would rid our premises of mites. As we had old biulidings infested with mites, which kept me overworked in summer in order to raise any poultry at all, I concluded to try the plan. Accordingly I bought 170 duck eggs, hatched 147 of them and raised 140 ducks, which I drove into the henhouse every night as soon as they were well feathered, and I never saw a mite that year. The following year I raised thirty-five and housed them the same way until they were ready to pick, and I did not have any mites until late in the fall. As soon as I discovered some I drove the ducks into the poultry house to sleep, and in a short time I could not find a mite.

I often caught some of the ducks in the morning to examine them, and found their beautiful white feathers covered with the little pests of all sizes and colors, which made me feel guilty of cruelty to animals at first, but when I looked deeper into the thick, creamy down not one of the insects could be seen near the body, and when they came up at night with no mites to be seen I was convinced that the down and feathers were too thick and oily for mites to penetrate, and that they were very soon bathed off the outer plumage.

I am so pleased with my success that I expect to try ducks again, for I found a few mites last summer, and it requires no more labor to raise them than to battle against the mites, and it certainly is much pleasanter and is profitable. I am not prepared to keep them through the winter, so I buy eggs of neighbors and get them off early enough to pick them twice and sell them in full feather the last of October. The first year I sold them for five times the amount I paid for both eggs and feed, but did not do so well the next year because the eggs were higher and did not hatch so well.—Mrs. Shannon Staten, in Poultry Farmer.

Clean Sleeping Places.

At this season of the year the swine need careful watching that their sleeping quarters are in good condition. It will not do to turn the herd to straw stacks, thinking that by so doing they will be comfortably and properly provided by a bed that will keep them warm and comfortable, with no bad results following.

The main feature in the hog bedding is to have it dry and free from manure or heating filth. The hog nest or sleeping apartment should be free from draughts or currents of air. There should be no air blowing in on the hogs while sleeping. This does not imply that the sleeping apartments should be close, low from roof to roof or poorly ventilated; on the contrary, they should be airy, plenty of space for circulation of fresh air. It is a bad plan to have hogs sleep in low, close quarters, where there is a tendency to create a steam or dampness that will settle over the hogs. A clean hog-house, with tight walls, moderate ventilation above to carry off the damp air is the basis of good sleeping accommodation for the swine.

The kind of bedding is a matter that may admit of some difference of opinion. The swine should not be left to the bare floor, without any warm, soft material for bedding. The hog, while indifferent in many ways about its comfort, enjoys a good, soft bed. The hog is also very sensitive to cold, and will always busy itself in carrying straw, leaves and soft materials to make a big, soft bed to sleep in, if left to its own inclinations. This manifestation of instinct should teach every hog-owner the need of supplying the hog with plenty of good, dry material for the nest.

Corn stalks are considered one of the very best bedding materials. Wheat straw is also good, but requires more frequent changing. Give the hogs good, clean bedding, change the bedding frequently and keep the hogs clean and comfortable through the cold season. It will pay. Hogs are worth too much money to handle carelessly in these times of high prices.—Nebraska Farmer.

Rheumatism is a Constitutional Disease

The pain and localized conditions are mere results of constitutional conditions. Poisoned blood sends its evil influence to various parts of the body, and to cure permanently you must treat it constitutionally. Nothing so completely dispels these poisons from the system as Ferrozone. It makes new blood. It imparts vitality and vigor, enabling the system to throw off the poisons that engender rheumatism. Ferrozone also fortifies the system against the weakening effects of rheumatism, and cures, not simply relieves, as most medicines do. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

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Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Ivan Turgenev.

In the course of a very charming study of Ivan Turgenev, which is published in the February number of The North American Review, Mr. Charles Whibley strongly deprecates the tendency of some critics to regard the novels of that great literary artist as being political pamphlets. According to that school, Turgenev kept a constant hand upon the public pulse, and symbolised social or political movements in the characters he created. That is the spirit in which one of Turgenev's best known works has been characterised as "a poem of the youth of the Russian democracy," and one of his most attractive heroines as "foreshadowing and standing for the rise of young Russia in the sixties." Mr. Whibley insists that Turgenev preached neither for nor against the new ideas, and was in no way responsible for the political condition of his country. Russia was the material of his art, which he treated with a loftiness of purpose and a sincere impartiality which forbade him ever to play the part of advocate. Referring to the diverse pictures of contemporary Russia presented in the works of Tolstoi, Dostoievsky and Turgenev, Mr. Whibley says:—

"In the generation which is dying today, three masters have lived and worked, who belong not only to their own time and country, but to the literature of all countries and of all times. Turgenev, Dostoievsky, Tolstoi—all three have painted the Russia of their faith and enthusiasm, but in colors so diverse, with a sentiment so contradictory, that when we have read their books we are left with a tangle of hostile impressions. To find a formula which shall express the vision of the three is impossible. Their books are all strange to us—strange pictures of a strange land; the elemental man reveals himself at every turn under the polish of western refinement; but he reveals himself in so dissimilar an aspect that we can do no more than put him in the common class of humanity. If Raskolnikov be a distant cousin of Bazarov, can we regard him even as a vague kinsman to Litvinov, Lepine or Prince Andry? Impossible though it seems, we must accept in a single act of faith the high authority of Turgenev, Dostoievsky and Tolstoi; we must believe that their pictures are the truth seen through the eyes of a various temperament, remembering that in fifty years, when the unessential differences of politics are forgotten, the work of all three may appear harmonious even to the stranger."

Is It a New Dynasty.

If the authorities in England are unable to determine whether or not a new dynasty has been started with the advent to the throne of King Edward VII., it is hardly to be expected that we should speak with authority on the subject in Canada. But if we can throw light on the question, it is our duty to speak out. The London Daily Chronicle is quite unable to come to any conclusion in the matter. That journal, in its interesting daily causerie, says:—

"It would be interesting to know what warrant the new editions of Peerages and other books of reference have for the statement that a change of dynasty has taken place. Debrett says: 'Upon the death of her Majesty Queen Victoria, which terminated the Hanoverian dynasty, a new one, that of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (or perhaps better, of Saxony), commenced.' His Majesty sits on the throne not by any right derived from Saxe-Coburg-Gotha or Saxony, but as the direct representative of the House of Hanover, which has reigned over us since 1714. Where, then, the ordinary man asks, is the change of dynasty? Perhaps the learned ones will say."

On this very topic a letter reaches me from a correspondent in Belleville, Mr. W. R. Bigg, who has gone to some trouble to show why the Debrett view of the question is the correct one. It may be added that Debrett's view is also that of that very reliable publication, Whitaker's Almanack in its 1902 issue, and that The Globe recently expressed a doubt whether the King's title did not as a matter of fact derive from his mother, and not from his father, causing him to rank in the House of Brunswick. It is in reply to this point that Mr. Bigg writes. He says:—

"It is through the very fact you mention, 'that the title comes through the female side,' that constitutes the name of the House on the father's side, and each and every precedent in English history confirms it, as the following synopsis will show:—House of Normandy, William the Conqueror, claimed by conquest—House named from the male line. House of Blois, Stephen, claimed through Adela, daughter of William I.—House named from the male line. House of Plantagenet, Henry II., claimed through the mother, Matilda, daughter of Henry I.—House named from the male line. House of Lancaster, Henry IV., claimed through Edward III.—House named from the male side, 'time-honored Lancaster.' House of York, Edward IV., claimed through his great-grandmother, Ann, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line. House of Tudor, Henry VII., claimed through Margaret, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line, 'Owen Tudor.' House of Stuart, James I., claimed through Margaret, great-granddaughter of Henry VII.—House named from Henry Stuart, third husband of Margaret Tudor. House of Orange, William III., claimed through his mother, Mary, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line. House of Brunswick, George I., claimed through the mother, Sophia, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line, Duke of Brunswick and Elector of Hanover. House of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Edward VII., claimed through the mother, Victoria, granddaughter of George III.—House named from the male side. The English are great sticklers for 'from precedent to precedent,' on Tennyson's authority, hence to rank Edward VII. as of the House of Brunswick would violate every precedent in English history."

Mr. Bigg's reasoning appears unanswerable to me, and I hope our London contemporary will have its doubts on this question removed as effectually.

The question should be disposed of finally before coronation, as it would never do to have a Sovereign whose second name we are not sure of.

AFTER MANY YEARS

Of suffering from kidney disease, Miss Minnie Ryan, of St. Louis, Mo., found a complete cure result from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It is such cures as this which establish the soundness of Dr. Pierce's theory: "Diseases which originate in the stomach must be cured through the stomach." Every other organ depends on the stomach for its vitality and vigor. For by the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition the food which is eaten is converted into nutriment, which, in the form of blood, is the sustaining power of the body and each organ of it. When the stomach is diseased the food supply of the body is cut down, the organs are starved, and the weakness of starvation shows itself in lungs, heart, liver, kidneys or some other organ.

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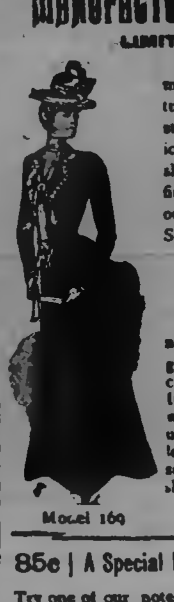

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The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of all wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

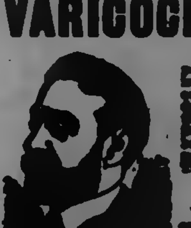
The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



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PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each time you call you see me Personally,

or each time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I accomplished after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country.

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call; if you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor. All duty and express charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., Cor. Wilcox St. DETROIT, MICH.

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MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF
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BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building
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Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up).........$12,000,000
Reserved Fund............. 7,000,000
Undivided Profits.......... 876,531
General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. W. D. PARKER, Acting Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY,

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, to 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

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LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 381 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. See A. FRY 381 Park place.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1896. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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House Renters—Have you seen our New List of Houses for sale near your work? You can get a hot dinner every day with your family instead of being compelled to carry your dinner pail. It matters not what price you want to pay nor what size or class of house you want to buy, we have them, and you do not require a large sum of money. Some begin with very little and under our guidance get on and pay for their home. You can do the same if you will come in any evening from 7 to 9, if you cannot call during the day.

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

DON'T ALLOW

the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your

"Line's Busy."

Public Telephone Stations are for This Class of Business.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

"What's the matter here?" said the officer, coming into the restaurant.

"Why, boss, this man said I could eat one of his dinners without any trouble," said the tramp.

"Well?"

"Well, I ate one, and I've got no money to pay for it, and now it seems there's all sorts of trouble."—Yonkers Statesman.

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The infant of the household was in its cradle. The head of the house was at home, peevish and fault-finding. At length he became unendurable. "You've done nothing but make mistakes tonight," he growled. "Yes," she answered meekly, "I begun by putting the wrong baby to bed."

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"Remember, young man," said the practical man, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Bloomer—"Dear! dear! I dropped my diamond ring off my finger this morning, and can't find it anywhere."

Bloomer—"It's all right. I came across it in one of my trouser pockets."

◆◆◆

One of his Majesty's inspectors stood before a class of seven-year-old boys. The subject of examination was Euclid. After failing several times to draw from the class the definition of *parallel lines*, he drew, by way of illustration, on the wall.

"Now, boys," said the worthy educational dignitary, "I've drawn two parallel lines on the wall. Will they ever meet?"

"Yes, sir," said the pick of the class.

"When?"

"If you draw them right around the room."—London Answers.

◆◆◆

"Ignorance," remarked young Brown, "they say is bliss."

"Oh, that probably accounts for it," rejoined Miss Cutting.

"Accounts for what?" queried the youth.

"The contented and happy look you usually wear," she replied.

◆◆◆

A visitor to a country town asked the local policeman when the theatre opened.

"We have no theatre here."

"Well, the music hall, then?"

"No, nothing of that kind here."

"Have you no evening amusement at all?"

"Oh, yes," said the policeman. "If you wait till 9 o'clock you'll see them shunting the goods train."

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"Wherein lies the difference between photography and courtship?" he asked, softly.

"I don't know," she replied.

"In photography," he explained, "the negative is developed in the dark room, while in courtship that is where the affirmative is developed."

She blushed, but made no answer.

"Let us," he suggested, "proceed to develop an affirmative."

There being no objections, it was so ordered.—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

When Henry comes from Germany
We'll fire salutes and things,
And give him royal welcome for
The messages he brings;
We'll bow and at his every smile
Have throbs and thrills ecstatic,
And quit the practice for awhile
Of being democratic.
We'll dream of Emperors and Kings
As still our blood relations,
For, oh, we dote on royal things
Despite our protestations.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

Applicant—"How much for a telephone, meister?"

Superintendent — "What is your name?"

Applicant—"Gollskeliwiski!"

Superintendent—"One hundred dollars per year."

Applicant—"Why for you jarge me fot mooch? Eferybody else get ut for 24."

Superintendent—"I know, but the extra charge is for repairs. Every time any one calls your name the wires will be twisted."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

The French were so much interested in Mr. Kipling's observations on sportsmen that the poem has been translated into French and published in some of the Paris newspapers. Le Temps renders the famous lines, "with the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals," as follows:—

"A void les imbeciles en complete de flanelle qui jouent au cricket.

"Et les cretins souillies de boue qui jouent au football.

◆◆◆

She is a sweet, poetic dream—
A lily on love's crystal stream.
But she, with all her charms divine,
Will ne'er, O ne'er, O ne'er be mine.
Because last night, unto this dear,
I said, beneath the chandelier:
"Last springtime, when the blossoms white
I saw on your black hair alight,
I thought they looked, upon my soul,
Like snowflakes on a load of coal."
—Judge.

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He was a stranger cycling through the highly intellectual City of Oxford. You could tell it from the cautious manner with which he picked his way down the principal street.

It was evening. A gentleman approached the cyclist.

"Sir," said he, "your beacon has ceased its function."

"Sir?"

"Your illuminator, I say, is shrouded in unmitigated oblivion."

"Really, but I don't quite——"

"The effulgence of your radiator has evanesced."

"My dear fellow, I——"

"The tenebrous ether oscillations in your incandescer have been discontinued."

Just then an unsophisticated little newsboy shouted across the way:

"Hey, mister, yer lamp is out!"

Humor of the Hour.

Now, Mr. Rivers loved Miss Brooks, and she returned his passion;
So they were wed, and it was not a marriage just for fashion.
For, strange as it may seem to be (so seldom thus it goes),
Their married life most peacefully without a ripple flows.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

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"Did it ever occur to you," said the thoughtful person, "that the number of matches used each day reaches the stupendous sum of 'steen billions?"

"It never did," replied the thoughtless one, "and I'll be blamed if I would have cared a straw if it had."—Detroit Free Press.

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Jibbs—When a man assaults me I say nothing, but saw wood.

Jabbs—Well, a fellow assaulted me the other day, and I said nothing, but saw stars!—San Francisco Bulletin.

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"Robson, do you know why you are like a donkey?"

"Like a donkey?" echoed Robson, opening his eyes wide. "I don't."

"Because your better half is stubbornness itself."

The jest pleased Robson immensely, for he at once saw the opportunity of a glorious dig at his wife. So when he got home he said:—

"Mrs. Robson, do you know why I am like a donkey?"

He waited a moment, expecting his wife to give it up. But she didn't. She looked at him somewhat pityingly as she answered. "I suppose it's because you were born so."—Chicago Journal.

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"What did papa say?"

"He showed me the door."

"And what did you say?"

"I said it was certainly a very handsome door, but not what I had come to talk about. That made him laugh, and a minute later you were mine."—Tit-Bits.

◆◆◆

A commercial traveller well-known in the cycle trade on both sides of the Atlantic adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers:—

The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the formula:—

If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived."

If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived."

The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word:—

"Tandem."—Denver News.

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Mrs. Manning—Do you know I hate a liar?

Aunt Hannah—And yet, Mary, how sweetly you smiled when Mr. Soper declared you didn't look a day older than thirty-five.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

"Hello, Willie," exclaimed the messenger boy as he met his old-time friend in Nassau street the other day. "Who yer workin' for now, Willie?"

"Working for a bank," replied Willie. "Got a good job."

"Watcher got in the satchel?" asked the messenger boy, scrutinizing a little handbag that Willie carried.

"Hist, don't say a word. I'm scared to death."

"What is it, dynamite?" asked the messenger boy in alarm.

"Naw, it's money."

"Gee, money! How much?"

"Two thou'. I'm carrying it down to another bank, and I'm scared."

"Say, how does a feller feel when he has so much money?"

"Scared," whispered the bank messenger, and he continued on his way.—New York Tribune.

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"The gravity which is supposed to attend all court proceedings was seriously disturbed in a New York court room one day last week," said a young lawyer who had just returned from a business trip to that city. "I was present at the trial of a case before one of the municipal Judges—a case in which I was interested because it had to do with automobiles. One of the witnesses was a German, and gave his testimony through an interpreter. In the course of the examination he said he had driven an automobile to Cedarhurst.

"'What's that?' asked the Judge.

"'To Cedarhurst,' repeated the interpreter.

"His Honor looked puzzled.

"'What did he want to see the hearse for?' he asked."—Washington Post.

Current History.

Current History for February presents a record of the world's events during December last and closes the eleventh volume of this valuable chronicle. A striking portrait of Secretary Hay is the frontispiece of this number, to accompany an opening article by Joseph Fitzgerald, entitled "The New Treaty and Secretary Hay." The contents in general deal with Congress and the President's message, the South African war, the United States in China's crisis, the Supreme Court decisions respecting the Philippines, the Pan-American Congress, South American matters, Lord Rosebery's Chesterfield speech, Marconi's triumph, etc. Price $1.50 a year. Beginning with the March number a new department entitled "Literary Chronicle," conducted by Nathan Haskell Dole, will be added to the magazine, considerably increasing its value. Other important additions to the corps of writers are being made. Sample copy free on application. Address Current History Co., Boston, Mass.

A remedy suggested for scours in lambs or sheep is to give them two fresh raw eggs. Repeat in twelve hours if relief does not come. This is worth cutting out and pasting in your scrapbook. Insect powder dusted into the wool is recommended for sheep ticks. A pound will dust from ten to fifteen sheep effectively. Avoid buying large, coarse boned rams to mate with small ewes. Size should be attained gradually and in accordance with the correct principles of breeding. A sheep will stand severe cold so long as kept dry and out of draughts. A wet fleece becomes a good heat conductor and absorbs bodily heat until the animal becomes thoroughly chilled.—Shepherd.

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people come from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Remarkable Surgery.

One of the most astonishing feats of surgery to date, though we are getting accustomed to these marvels, was exhibited at the recent surgical conference at Lyons, France. The subject was a young man whose larynx had been removed and replaced by an artificial one of hard rubber. "The natural glottis and vocal cords," says a French journal from which the Literary Digest translates, "are replaced by a thin rubber diaphragm with a slit in it. As the size and tension of this diaphragm are always the same, it can vibrate in only one way and produce but a single note. The man's voice, therefore, never varies in pitch, and is much like the voice of Mr. Punch; but as the modifications of the voice which produce vowels and consonants are due to motions of the palate, tongue and teeth, which parts remain intact, the subject can speak distinctly, though always in the same tone. Above the rubber larynx is a metal sieve, which prevents the entrance of solid food into the larynx and breathing-tubes. Liquids which trickle in are led away by a tube connecting the rubber larynx with the esophagus or gullet. There is still another tube which comes out in the front of the neck. This enables the subject to breathe more freely than he could do through his artificial glottis and gives this a rest. When he wishes to speak, he stops the hole in his neck with his finger."

Sandwichmen's Banquet.

There is an annual gathering at the Lambeth Baths, London, Eng., during the Christmas holiday week which is well on its way towards becoming one of the historic celebrations of the great British capital. Certainly it is of a kind that would be possible nowhere else. It is the annual banquet to the London sandwichmen. Organized originally by the proprietors of Reynolds' newspaper, it is, perhaps, one of the most grateful of festivals in Yuletide benevolence the world over, largely because its recipients are the human flotsam and jetsam of the greatest mass of humanity congregated in one spot on the earth. Reynolds has the first right to describe it, and the report of the proceedings in that newspaper has a flavor of Dickens' London that makes it good reading:—

An air of expectation hung over and possessed the crowd which thronged around the doors of the Lambeth Baths at about six o'clock on Monday night. This expectation was the child of knowledge. These men, or at least many of them, knew what awaited them. Their nostrils had been already invaded by savory odors and they were glad in the belief that huge joints of beef, legs of mutton, loins and legs and briskets of pork, with vegetables galore, with hot steaming Christmas pudding and delicately-flavored mince pies awaited them. They knew that they would be able to wash this goodly fare down with honest ale, or that, if they preferred, they would be permitted to quaff the innocuous ginger beer. They knew, too, that they would afterwards be invited to smoke sound tobacco—for the great tobacconists who contribute to this feast never send aught but the good leaf—out of a homely pipe. They knew, moreover, that while they did this they would be listening to good music and merry humor and witnessing clever art. They were finally ecstasied in their anticipation by the sure and certain hope that when they quitted the hall they would carry with them a gift of clothing, including a warm, cosy, cardigan jacket, a packet of tea, a briar-wood pipe, and—laugh not, ye Philistines; it meant Christmas comfort to these men—a florin coined in his Majesty's own mint. Was it any wonder that these poor fellows, possessed by the sure and certain knowledge of sure and certain good cheer, counted, as the poet says, "the weary beatings of the clock?"

They did not allow their anxiety to hurry them into indecorum. When at last the doors were thrown open they marched to their seats as quietly and with as excellent an obedience to the usages of courtesy as even the estimable Jeames Yellowplush would desire. There was no scurrying, no scuffling. It was a procession of well-contained men. A genial, good-tempered officer stood at the inner door, with one or two other men in uniform beside him; but their services were never required. A cheery "Pass on, my lads," from the sergeant was sufficient to quicken the procession, and a good-natured warning was sufficient to check it. The savory smell which had defied bricks and mortar and flavored the very atmosphere of the street had now become a comforting, assured fact. The great doors of the kitchen were open; and the guests caught glimpses of white-aproned and becapped cooks hoisting up from cavernous saucepans veritable mountains of well-cooked, honest English meat. The sight was the hors d'oeuvre of the feast. These men wanted afterwards no stimulant to a jaded appetite. They revealed—most of them—a fine Falstaffian capacity.

Skimmilk as Food for Hogs.

I regard skimmilk as a valuable part of the hog ration, worth at least 30 cents a hundred pounds, when mixed with grain, either whole or ground. That is, if a dollar's worth of feed be used for hogs, 30 cents' worth, or one hundred pounds, of skimmilk would make the ration more valuable than if the whole dollar was used for grain, with only water instead of skimmilk.

This skimmilk keeps the hog healthy, and therefore thrifty, preventing constipation and its attending evils, especially swine plague or hog cholera, the dread of all farmers raising hogs. In fact, I cannot recall a case of hog cholera or other disease among hogs where skimmilk formed a good part of the hog ration. I have in mind notably the case of one of our station patrons who recently sold a nice, thrifty hog in this market, weighing some four hundred pounds, fed and raised wholly on skimmilk from this station, which shows that we can make porkers equal to the best grain fed, and more healthy than those fed on grain alone. If this result of feeding skimmilk can be obtained in one instance, why can it not be obtained in many and by any farmer?—J. H. Crowley, in Kansas Farmer.

"Johnnie," said his mother to the incorrigible, "I am going to have your father whip you when he comes home to-night!"

"Please don't, mamma," replied Johnnie, positively, "paw is allus so tired when he comes home."—Boston Post.

A Scene in Nassau.

The following delightful sketch of the outlook from a window in Nassau, the capital of the Bahama Islands, is a portion of a letter which a correspondent sends me:—

I am now going to try and make you envy me. I wonder if I can succeed. I am sitting at brother Percy's bedroom window, which commands a magnificent view of the harbor and of several small islands and a sweep of the blue, blue sea. In the foreground, between our house and the beach, which is about a quarter of a mile away, I get a view of hundreds of palm trees, banana trees and other foliage peculiar only to the tropics. I might go on for an hour describing the other objects that are included in this picture, but should still leave the picture in such a state that it could not be said to give the faintest idea of what box of paints, containing all the colors of the rainbow, and still I should fail. Why? Simply because the colors defy the artist in all his attempts at reproduction. Likewise the poet finds himself beggared for words in which to express the beauty of the scene. The foliage is of such rich and varied colors that we northerners cannot form the slightest conception of it; only they who have visited the tropics can realize what it is like. But now I have come to the climax of coloring, the harbor. Take in your hand a lovely piece of mother-of-pearl and trace in it the rich, fiery flashes of green and blue, yes, a lovely opal ring like mine would be better, and it is not the slightest exaggeration to say that they would faintly give you an idea of the colors of that harbor. It is simply magnificent—rich blues of all shades, light and dark greens, heliotrope shading to deep purples, strange to say all blending together, blaze out brilliantly. Tourists who have visited nearly every corner of the entire globe agree in saying they never saw anything to compare with it. The bottom of the water is of pure white coral, white as snow, and in 75 to 100 feet you can see the bottom quite clearly through the most beautiful crystal-like water. I think probably the snow-white bottom has a prismatic effect on the light passing through it, thus showing all these brilliant colors. However, I am going too much into detail, though if you could see it yourself you would scarcely blame me. Dotted here and there are sailing vessels, their sails reflecting the bright sunshine, scarcely moving on the quiet waters of the ocean. The sky is of a rich, deep blue, with a few fleecy clouds floating idly about. The sun is shining brightly, although not at all oppressive, as the temperature is only 74 degrees. The surface of the ocean is as quiet and smooth as glass, scarcely a ruffle disturbing its surface. I think, in a disjointed way, I have gone over most of the scene. Don't you envy me now? And now, dear, the dinner bell is ringing, and I will tell you all about the delicious oranges from 24 cents to 48 cents per hundred in my next letter.

Wireless Signalling.

While Marconi, with his wireless telegraphy, holds the field as the last nine days' wonder of science, Waldon Fawcett, in the current Harper's Magazine, shows that telephony is keeping almost equal pace with her sister invention in perfecting ways and methods. He writes:—

The very acme of achievement in the transmission of messages would seem to have been reached in the wireless telephone system, which has recently been developed by Professor A. Frederick Collins, an electrical engineer residing in Philadelphia. Spoken words are transmitted great distances through the ground without the use of a connecting wire, and in accordance with a plan totally different from that of the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy.

The Collins system simply takes advantage of the fact that there are natural electrical currents in evidence slightly below the surface of the earth at any point that may be selected, and by this invention currents of this character are utilized to cause a flow of electricity between two instruments stationed above the surface of the earth. The only underground mechanism employed consists of small zinc-wire screens, which are buried in shallow holes, one at the sending station and the other at the receiving station. Above these are tripods supporting transmitting and receiving apparatus, such as is employed in ordinary telephony, a wire affording connection in each case with the buried screen. When the electricity from a storage battery is turned on, sounds of all kinds may be sent through the transmitter, and heard, in many instances, even more distinctly than were a regular overhead telephone employed.

The Collins invention in its simplest form is adapted to sending a message but one way—that is, it is not possible to utilize a receiver as a transmitter and reply to a message received, but the transmitter and receiver are each equipped with an annex for performing the opposite function, so that to all intents and purposes this new telephone is not different from the instrument already in use.

Of the improvements of the telephone in its uses at sea, Mr. Fawcett also adds:—

Unique methods of telephony are working wonders in the field of marine signalling, and when this phase of the new achievements has been fully developed it is believed that the danger of collisions and other disasters at sea will be very materially lessened. One of the most important of these systems of telephone signals for ships was invented by the late Dr. Gray. By this plan the water of a lake, ocean, or river is made to act as the medium for conveying sounds, as, for instance, the strokes of a bell tolled below the surface of the water. The sounds thus transmitted are heard distinctly at great distances by means of exceptionally sensitive telephonic receivers designed especially for such service. Inasmuch as any number of different signals may be arranged by the introduction of various combinations of strokes given in quick succession or at long intervals, it will be seen that the possibilities of the system for signalling purposes are virtually limitless. The practical application of this invention has already been carried so far that ships have been fitted with apparatus which causes gongs to ring automatically when the vessel comes "within hail" of one of these submerged bells.

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It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know.

For the Farmer.

Ducks Against Mites.

One of my neighbors told me a few years ago that ducks would rid our premises of mites. As we had old buildings infested with mites, which kept me overworked in summer in order to raise any poultry at all, I concluded to try the plan. Accordingly I bought 170 duck eggs, hatched 147 of them and raised 140 ducks, which I drove into the henhouse every night as soon as they were well feathered, and I never saw a mite that year. The following year I raised thirty-five and housed them the same way until they were ready to pick, and I did not have any mites until late in the fall. As soon as I discovered some I drove the ducks into the poultry house to sleep, and in a short time I could not find a mite.

I often caught some of the ducks in the morning to examine them, and found their beautiful white feathers covered with the little pests of all sizes and colors, which made me feel guilty of cruelty to animals at first, but when I looked deeper into the thick, creamy down not one of the insects could be seen near the body, and when they came up at night with no mites to be seen I was convinced that the down and feathers were too thick and oily for mites to penetrate, and that they were very soon bathed off the outer plumage.

I am so pleased with my success that I expect to try ducks again, for I found a few mites last summer, and it requires no more labor to raise them than to battle against the mites, and it certainly is much pleasanter and is profitable. I am not prepared to keep them through the winter, so I buy eggs of neighbors and get them off early enough to pick them twice and sell them in full feather the last of October. The first year I sold them for five times the amount I paid for both eggs and feed, but did not do so well the next year because the eggs were higher and did not hatch so well.—Mrs. Shannon Staten, in Poultry Farmer.

Clean Sleeping Places.

At this season of the year the swine need careful watching that their sleeping quarters are in good condition. It will not do to turn the herd to straw stacks, thinking that by so doing they will be comfortably and properly provided by a bed that will keep them warm and comfortable, with no bad results following.

The main feature in the hog bedding is to have it dry and free from manure or heating filth. The hog nest or sleeping apartment should be free from draughts or currents of air. There should be no air blowing in on the hogs while sleeping. This does not imply that the sleeping apartments should be close, low from roof to roof or poorly ventilated; on the contrary, they should be airy, plenty of space for circulation of fresh air. It is a bad plan to have hogs sleep in low, close quarters, where there is a tendency to create a steam or dampness that will settle over the hogs. A clean hog-house, with tight walls, moderate ventilation above to carry off the damp air is the basis of good sleeping accommodation for the swine.

The kind of bedding is a matter that may admit of some difference of opinion. The swine should not be left to the bare floor, without any warm, soft material for bedding. The hog, while indifferent in many ways about its comfort, enjoys a good, soft bed. The hog is also very sensitive to cold, and will always busy itself in carrying straw, leaves and soft materials to make a big, soft bed to sleep in, if left to its own inclinations. This manifestation of instinct should teach every hog-owner the need of supplying the hog with plenty of good, dry material for its nest.

Corn stalks are considered one of the very best bedding materials. Wheat straw is also good, but requires more frequent changing. Give the hogs good, clean bedding, change the bedding frequently and keep the hogs clean and comfortable through the cold season. It will pay. Hogs are worth too much money to handle carelessly in these times of high prices.—Nebraska Farmer.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written: "I have went home!"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

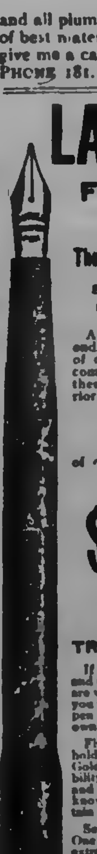
- G. H. NOBLE -

PLUMBER

Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.
PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.



LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN
The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

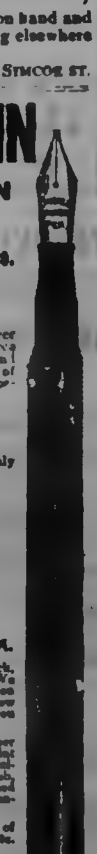
If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. [illegible]

[illegible]

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.

[illegible]

DETROIT. MICH.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

- Special Colonist Excursion Fares -

PETERBORO

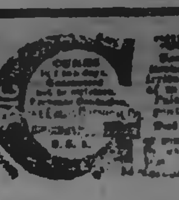
To Billings, Montana $35 55
Colorado Springs, Denver, Helena, Butte, Pueblo, Ogden and Salt Lake City $40 55
Spokane Wash. $41 05
North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points $43 55

SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto



"SURE YOURSELF"

[illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm on route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Purest Groceries,
Closest Prices,
Quality the Best.

Satisfaction Absolutely Guaranteed.

H. F. KIDD

Phone 260 • 368 George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 6, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—No police court yesterday.

—Don't forget the band concert in the market hall to-night.

—A number of citizens are suffering from a mild attack of grippe.

—There was a very small market yesterday.

—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A., will meet this afternoon at 3.30.

—A number of farmers from this county are moving to Manitoba and the North-West this spring.

—From Downer's Corners to the market square the road is perfectly bare.

—Read the report of the Canada Life Assurance Co., which appears in this issue.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson secured a load of fine horses yesterday, which were shipped to Montreal.

—A small fire occurred in Stone's confectionery store, Lindsay, about 11 o'clock last night. No great damage resulted.

—Whiten has some lovely photos at the entrance to his studio. Have you seen them? When you want the best work, go to Whiten's. Have your pictures framed at Whiten's, 156 Hunter street, west.

—The new flour mill, near the C.P.R. depot, commenced making flour yesterday. A large number of shareholders were present, and a very pleasant time was spent. Dinner was served to those present, by Mr. Lane, the confectioner.

—A 'Times' correspondent says the dog tax is "simply an instrument to pinch the poor man by the throat." This is a good deal like the remark of a college professor, who was illustrating the character of a certain poison. He said: "Why, three drops of this on my hand will kill a dog."

—Pickering News:—H. Hopkins tells us that from a flock of 23 hens he gathered 25 dozen of eggs from Jan. 7th to the 8th of Feb. He will be pleased to have anyone write him of a similar average, as he thinks he has found the secret of having any breed of hens produce a good average. The last three days of the above time, he gathered 16, 11 and 16 eggs per day, respectively.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Painters, Attention!

A meeting of the members of the Painters and Decorators Union, will be held in the parlor of the C.P.R. Hotel, Simcoe street, this evening, at 8 o'clock. Every painter in town, whether a member of the Union or not, is requested to attend.

(By Order) J. J. PATTERSON, Rec. Secretary.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Mr. Warren preached in St. Luke's church last night.

—Mr. Richard Hall was in Toronto yesterday on business.

—Mr. James T. Richardson leaves to-day for Yorkville, Assa.

—Rev. J. J. Rae, of Bowmanville, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. Peter Corkery, late of H. LeBrun & Co., and now of Campbellford, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mr. J. Fred Davidson left yesterday for his home at Maple Creek, after spending a few weeks in this vicinity.

—Messrs. Rolly Griffin, C. Grilles, and Z. White, jr., of Lakefield, were in town yesterday, getting some pointers on up-to-date steam boats.

—Mr. Duncan Cameron, who has been visiting his mother, Mrs. Cameron, Elm st., for the past few days, left for his home in Cadiz, Ohio, yesterday.

—The Rev. W. M. Kannawin, B. D., has been appointed to officiate at communion service in Keene Presbyterian church Sunday next, March 9th.

—Mrs. (Rev.) McCuaig, and infant, of Port Hope, arrived in town last night, and are guests at St. Andrew's manse.

—The many friends of Mr. William Green, Water street, will be pleased to hear that his condition is somewhat improved.

—Mr. A. R. Taylor, representing Heintzman & Co., piano manufacturers, Toronto, is in town.

—The many friends of Mr. Wm. Kindred will be sorry to hear that he is suffering from a severe attack of la grippe.

—Mr. Bert Kindred, we are pleased to say, is getting along nicely after his accident some time ago at the Cereal works.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Steele and family, accompanied by Mr. Richard Steele and Mr. Benj. Cardwell, left yesterday for Montana.

—Mr. Wm. Lang, who has been visiting relatives in this vicinity, left yesterday for his home, Strathcona, S. Edmonton, N.W.T.

—The Rev. Orr Bennet, B.A., son of Rev. Wm. Bennett, of Park street church, town, has received a unanimous call to St. Andrew's church, Almonte, made vacant by the resignation of the Rev. J. Hutcheson. It is likely Mr. Bennett will accept the call.

TROUBLES THAT LEAD TO INSANITY AND SUICIDE

They Result From a Diseased and Disorganized Nervous System

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT BANISHER OF NERVOUSNESS IN ALL ITS FORMS

Are you a victim of melancholia, and do you brood from day to day? Does the shriek of the steam whistle, the rattle of the wheels or the clangor of bells cause you to start and shiver? If this is your condition, be assured your case is extremely critical.

It is fitting that you should investigate your condition at once. If you are sleepless, depressed in spirits, if your mental movements are slow, if you are subject to terrifying hallucinations and an aversion to food, we say with all earnestness, beware of insanity and suicide.

The science of medicine has, thank Heaven, furnished a means for the banishment of all the troubles referred to. Paine's Celery Compound is the great restorer and builder of the weakened and shattered nervous system. This marvellous prescription of Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., begins its work directly on the nerves by bracing them up; it strengthens nerves and muscles; it causes pure life-giving blood to flow freely to every part of the body, carrying health, vigor, joy and happiness into each hour of life. Beware of remedies that have no merit or reputation to commend them, they simply aggravate existing troubles. Ask your druggist for Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine that never disappoints.

Great Annual Spring Sale

We call the attention of our readers to the great annual spring sale of horses at Grand's Repository, Toronto, next week, some splendid stock will be offered for sale. Read advertisement in this issue.

New Church at Cordova Mines

The Miners' Institutional Church at Cordova built by the Presbytery of Peterborough, assisted by the Company and friends will be formally dedicated next Sunday by the Rev. A. C. Reeves, B.A., of Campbellford. Arrangements have been made for a large mass meeting also in the afternoon when a number of ministers who have been active in the development of the work there, will be present, and give addresses. On Monday night following there will be an open meeting, and excellent talent has been secured from neighboring towns. Some of Peterborough's "best" will take part in quartettel work. The building will be described more in detail after the dedication. The basement of the church is set apart, and will be well equipped for a reading and recreation room, and it is understood will be furnished with a library and a number of first class magazines.

A HEARTY SOLDIER

Worked On New Rations

One of Uncle Sam's Army boys got a lift with Grape-Nuts. A private at Fort Harrison, Mont., named Orlando Miller, says, "When I was all run down with dyspepsia and got so I weighed only 121 pounds a friend recommended that I take Grape Nuts Food.

This was last spring and I followed the advice. I have steadily improved. Gradually lost my stomach trouble, until I have gained my strength and health. I am now weighing 155 1-2 pounds. Any one in my regiment, 8th Regulars, can verify these facts."

Canada Life.

55th Annual Meeting.

Change to 3½ Per Cent Basis Completed.

The announcement of Senator Cox that the policy Liabilities of the Canada Life Assurance Company are now valued on an interest basis of 3 1-2 per cent. for all business prior to 1900, and 3 per cent. for policies issued since then, thus putting the Company on the most stringent valuation basis of all those organized on this continent, was the feature of the annual meeting.

The report of the Directors is as follows:

The Year's Business

The number of applications received for assurance was 3,871 for $8,467,243. The number of policies issued was 3,059, representing assurances of $7,761,131. Applications for $185,642 of assurance were declined, and the balance were deferred or incomplete at the close of the year. As compared with the previous year there was an increase of 1,579 in the number of policies issued, and of $2,397,906 in amount. The number of new policies on which first premiums were actually paid during the year was 3,238, effecting assurances of $7,078,256. This constitutes the largest paid-for business in any year of the Company's history. The total assurances now in force amount to $34,404,972, being an increase of $3,365,891 for the year.

The Income.

The net premium income amounted to $2,476,251.29, and the income from interest to $1,041,265.94, making a total net income of $3,517,617.23. It is pleasing to note that the interest income, for the first time in the Company's history, has exceeded the million dollar mark.

The Payments

The death claims paid during the year amounted to $1,163,898, an increase of only $50,720.60 over those paid in 1900, and the amount was again well within that expected. Including bonus additions, the death claims, endowments, and annuities paid in 1901 amounted to $1,384,239.04, while $175,703.51 was paid as surrender values and dividends to policy-holders, making total payments to policy-holders $1,559,942.55.

The Assets

The total assets at 31st December, 1901, as shown by the Balance Sheet, amount to $24,504,790.48, being an increase of $1,856,586.40 over the previous year. Apart from the $560,380 received from calls on Capital Stock, the natural increase in the assets of $1,296,206.40 must be very gratifying to all interested in the Company's welfare. The funds have been kept fully employed during the year at remunerative rates of interest.

The Liabilities

Two detailed valuations of the Company's policy liabilities were again made—one upon the combined Experience 3 per cent. basis, the other upon the Institute of Actuaries Hm 3 1-2 per cent. table. In addition to these, a third valuation was again made for all policies issued since 31st December, 1899, upon an Hm 3 per cent. basis. The Directors have much pleasure in announcing the final transfer of the Company's reserves to an Hm 3 1-2 per cent. basis, and further that for all policies issued since January 1st, 1900, a rate of interest of 3 per cent. only has been employed in the valuation now adopted. So far as known, no other Canadian Company, and, with one possible exception, no United States company, employs so stringent a valuation basis, or holds such strong policy reserves as the Canada Life. After providing for these and all other liabilities, except Capital Stock, there remains a surplus on policy-holders account of $1,348,706.22.

Review

It is perhaps not too much to say that the year 1901 was the most successful in the Company's long record of fifty-five years. The new business paid for was the largest in the Company's history, while the total business in force shows a very material gain. The increase in assets was very gratifying, the interest earnings most satisfactory, while the mortality experience was well within that expected. To crown all the completion of the transition to the new and stronger basis of reserve, now announced, must be a cause of great satisfaction to all interested in the continued prosperity of the Company.

GEORGE A. COX, President.
R. HILLS, Secretary.

FINANCIAL ABSTRACT

AS AT 1ST JANUARY, 1902.

Assets.	
Government, Municipal and other Bonds, Stocks and Debentures	$11,653,143 00
Mortgages on Real Estate	3,910,190 25
Loans on Bonds, Stocks, Policies, etc	6,009,377 00
Real Estate (including the Company's Buildings in Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton and Winnipeg)	1,579,588 33
Premiums in Transit, deferred Premiums and Interest accrued	873,969 08
Other Assets (including Cash in Banks)	478,522 19
	$24,504,790 48
Liabilities	
Assurance Reserve Fund (Hm. 3½ per cent. for all busines prior to 1st of January, 1900; Hm. 3 per cent. for Policies issued since then)	$22,709,306 00
Investment Reserve Fund	75,000 00
Other Liabilities except Paid-up Capital	371,678 26
Surplus on Policy-Holders' Account	**1,348,706 28**
	$24,504,790 48
Receipts	
Net Premium and Annuity Income	$2,476,251 26
Interest	1,009,980 23
Capital	560,380 00
Profits on Sale of Securities	31,385 71
	$4,077,997 23
Payments.	
Paid Policy-holders and Annuitants	$1,559,942 57
All Other Payments	656,808 17
	$2,216,750 74

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The President, in moving the adoption of the report, said:

I have pleasure in moving the adoption of the report, which has just been presented to you. I feel very strongly that the shareholders and policyholders alike are to be heartily congratulated on the result of the operations of the Company during the fifty-fifth year. The growth in all its departments has been most satisfactory, as a brief review of the figures will show.

The number of applications received for the year was 3,871 for assurances of $8,467,243. The policies actually issued represented assurances of $7,761,000, an increase over the previous year of 1,579 in number, and of $2,397,900 in amount, while 3,238 policies were delivered, effecting assurances of $7,078,256. The number of policies actually paid is the largest in the company's record for any one year, and this, I think, is a very marked indication of the quality of the business which our agents are securing, as it establishes beyond any question the fact that only applicants are approached who can afford to maintain their policies, and who make application with the strong conviction that they are doing right and have fully decided to carry out their part of the contract if the policy be issued. Of course some applications, received prior to the 31st December, had not been completed, but in many cases the policies have now been issued and paid for, and will be included in the business of the current year.

In regard to the premium income in 1901 it is not easy to make a proper comparison with that of 1900, as in the latter year our Quinquennial Division of Surplus took place, and a considerable sum entered our premium income in that year as single premiums to purchase reversionary additions. Perhaps I should explain that this course, although usual heretofore with many Companies, was adopted for the first time by our Company in accordance with the legal requirements of the Insurance Departments of those States of the American Union where we do business, and is also approved by the Dominion Insurance Department. As this is the only way whereby we can obtain credit in the Government returns, for dividends applied as bonus additions, we propose to continue this method at subsequent division of surplus.

In order, therefore, to make a fair comparison between the regular premium income of 1900 and that of 1901 it is necessary to leave out of account the special sum arising as single premiums at the Quinquennial Division, and doing this, I am pleased to be able to say that our regular premium income for 1901 exceeded that of 1900 by $122,000.

The income from interest was $1,041,265.94, an increase of $124,[illegible]; this should be specially gratifying to all, as it indicates the very healthy state of this Company's investments, and demonstrates the care which has been exercised not only in the investment of our money, but in looking after it subsequent to its investment. Our total annual income now exceeds three and one-half millions of dollars.

The death claims paid during the year, as you will see from the report, are very little in excess of those paid during the previous year. We have had a number of sudden deaths during the year of comparatively young lives, where the previous health has been apparently perfect. These resulted from acute disease which could not have been foreseen, and from accident; but, notwithstanding this, it affords me much pleasure to be able to say that the total claims were well within the amount expected and provided for. It is interesting to note that the average duration in the Company of those lives assured whose policies became claims during the year was 21.18 years, as compared with an average of 13.55 shown by our forty-seven years' experience published in 1895, and with the average of 13.50 as shown by the Institute of Actuaries Hm Experience.

The assets of the Company now amount to $24,504,000, and in referring to this item I would like to draw your attention to the figures which were presented to you in the report for the year 1891. In that statement the total assets were shown to amount to $12,074,124.87 — a growth of over 100 per cent. being the result in one short decade. I mention this simply to give you a clear idea of the actual growth which we are enjoying.

I now come to the question of liabilities, and I am at a loss to know how to adequately convey my congratulations to the policyholders and shareholders upon the completion of the change in the valuation basis. Several years ago the fact was pressed home upon us that the rate of interest assumed in the calculation of our reserves was altogether too high in view of the constantly decreasing rate of interest obtainable on loans and investments of the first quality. After the most careful consideration, and after seeking the advice of men of undoubted ability in the Actuarial, as well as in the Financial world, steps were taken to gradually lower the rate of interest employed in making our calculations. This, as you are aware, has been in progress now for some eight years, until to-day your statement appears with its liabilities on policies issued prior to 1900 valued on an Hm 3 1-2 per cent. basis, and those issued since that date valued on an Hm 3 per cent. basis. The reserves thus brought out amount to $22,709,306, and exceed those required by the present Canadian Government standard by $2,565,198. In confirmation of this I am glad to be able to put beside our own valuation the actual valuation of our policy liabilities made by the Dominion Superintendent of Insurance, whose certificate calls for reserves of $20,144,108. As intimated in the report, so far as is known, no other Canadian Company, and with one possible exception, no United States company, employs so stringent a valuation basis, or holds such strong policy reserves as the Canada Life now does. I think it is important to point out that the adoption of this new standard of valuation practically removes the necessity of any further change in our valuation basis for the present generation of policyholders, so that the Canada Life may now be said to have arrived at a settled basis for the valuation of its existing policies. It is interesting, however, in this connection to note that in Great Britain out of sixty-eight companies reporting to the Board of Trade, fifty-six of this number value on a basis lower than 3 1-2 per cent., while fifty of them value on 3 per cent. or lower, and eight value on 2 1-2 per cent. The Australian Mutual, with head offices at Sydney, Australia, value their policy liabilities on an interest basis of 3 1-2 per cent., so that you will see the present position of the Canada Life, with its liabilities valued on a 3 1-2 per cent. and 3 per cent. basis, compares favorably with that of the leading companies of the Empire.

I have much pleasure in moving the adoption of the report.

VICE-PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Mr. F. W. Gates, the Vice President, spoke as follows:

To second the adoption of the fifty-fifth annual report of this Company upon this occasion is to me a source of no little satisfaction. To have been privileged to see the consummation of our efforts in bringing up our reserves to the new valuation basis is a source of keen gratification to one who, like myself, has been intimately identified with this company for nearly half a century, and who has had the honor of filling its Vice-Presidency for a quarter of a century. I have lived to see the reserves of this institution moved, first from a 6 per cent. interest basis to a 5 per cent. basis; then from a 5 per cent. to a 4 1-2 per cent. basis; afterwards from a 4 1-2 per cent. to a 4 per cent. basis, and now from a 4 per cent. to a 3 1-2 per cent. basis, with a further provision to a 3 per cent. valuation for recent business. Our position now, therefore, is practically this: All the business of the last century is upon an Institute of Actuaries Hm 3 1-2 per cent. basis, while all the business of this new century is upon a 3 per cent. basis.

I am sure that the announcement which we make to-day as to the completion of this difficult problem in the readjustment of our reserves will be hailed with great delight by all our field representatives, and also by all those interested in the permanent welfare of this great institution.

I was much interested in reading the other day an article from a financial journal, touching upon events that have happened since our last quinquennial report. I note two or three sentences:

"It is also worthy of remark that during the past year several of the British Life Companies have dealt in a very radical way with the problem of increasing reserves; for instance, the Life Association of Scotland, one of the oldest and best known Companies of Edinburgh, last year entirely passed its quinquennial division of profits. The same remarks apply to such a large and progressive Company as the Gresham Life, of England, which also passed its quinquennial division of profits. Several other British Companies have made very large reductions in their last profit divisions, so that what appeared to be two years ago a heroic measure on the part of the Canada Life Assurance Company has since that time been outstripped by even more heroic treatment on the part of well-known English and Scottish Companies.

"The Canada Life appears to have very well weathered the difficult passage, which it encountered a couple of years ago, and its policyholders as a rule now appear to accept the situation as in their best interests."

It therefore appears that in the home of life insurance, where its principles are best understood, the course pursued two years ago by this Company at its quinquennial division of surplus has since been followed by prominent British companies, and in some cases far exceeded. So far as the past year is concerned, the new business was very large and satisfactory, in fact the largest paid for new business in our whole history.

It should not be forgotten, too, that during 1901 a good deal of pioneer work was done in establishing agencies in new fields, and this, while temporarily an expensive undertaking, will, we hope, ultimately prove profitable.

The Directors of the Company are endeavoring to follow the ideal set by our President in his address two years ago, when he said "Conservative Progress" was to be our motto.

If, as a result of our policy of Conservative Progress, this Company can make as rapid strides in the next ten or twenty years as in the last quinquennium, I am sure the Canada Life will then, as now be known as Canada's Premier Life Insurance Institution.

I have much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the report.

At the close of the meeting Hon. Geo. A. Cox was re-elected President, Mr. F. W. Gates was re-elected Vice-President, and the retiring directors were also re-elected.

I. O. O. F. "At Home."

The members of Peterborough Lodge will hold an "At Home" to-morrow evening. A very enjoyable time is expected. A large number of Peterborough brethren have been invited and have signified their intention of being present. Those who will go are requested to be at the C.P.R. station not later than four-thirty. The party will return on the mid night train.

Consumption is Infectious

Every precaution should be taken to prevent its spread of the "White Plague." Persons coming into contact with consumptives should inhale Catarrhozone several times each day as it is a powerful destroyer of disease germs and renders them innocuous. Catarrhozone is a most efficient preventive and may be thoroughly relied upon to promote expectoration, soothe the cough and benefit in many ways too numerous to mention. Both from a medical and scientific point of view Catarrhozone is the most valuable addition to the armament against consumption. Its merit cannot be too warmly applauded. Sold at all druggists, two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c., or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

APSLEY.

—Many of the lumbermen in this section are sorrowing over the loss of snow. Hundreds of logs are yet in the woods.

—Mr. S. McColl is Apsley's busiest man. His large contract with the MacDonald Co., for cant hooks has been successfully filled. He is improving his mill by adding new machinery.

—Mr. T. Leans, who has been in Havelock, is giving up business there and has purchased a farm near the village, where he intends to go into stock raising. We wonder that more men of means do not see the almost unparalleled opportunity to make money by purchasing land and raising stock, not only for dairying, but for the market. Cheese is a good price, and cattle buyers come up every fall and pay good prices for young cattle. One great advantage this country has above the settlements nearer the front, is the abundant crop of beaver-meadow hay that cattle and horses will keep fat on during the winter, and anyone can have all they can cut. Having this advantage of securing the supply of hay for winter use, the entire farm may be used for pasture in the summer, with the exception of whatever may be used for grain, garden and roots. One objection is sometimes raised that we are too far from any market. Yes, we are, if we must go into a town in order to find a market, but what better market does any country want than the many lumber camps within a few miles, where hundreds of men work and enjoy first class fare? The lumber companies pay good prices for all the produce you can raise. Any man who is willing to work six days in the week can make as good a living here as anywhere, and with less capital.

—Dr. Bell has successfully treated a few serious cases of pneumonia and inflamation. He is now attending Mrs. Sharp, who is sick with la grippe.

—The many friends of Wm. Wilson son of Thos. Wilson, who moved to the west a few years ago, were grieved to learn of his death. He was killed by falling logs. A memorial service was held in the temperance hall on Sunday evening.

Catarrh Poisons and Their Remedy

The poisonous secretions from Catarrh are dangerous because they affect the stomach and bowels, giving rise to an unhealthy condition of these organs. Catarrh is the source of much ill health and was considered practically incurable until it was demonstrated to the satisfaction of the medical profession that by the use of Catarrhozone any case of nasal or throat trouble can be permanently and quickly cured. Catarrhozone by its unusual merit has enlisted the support and endorsement of the most prominent medical authorities, who freely state that anyone giving it a trial is sure to receive permanent benefit. Sold for $1. Small size 25c. At druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

Grand Opening of the

Ladies' Household Companion

MARCH 8TH.

Souvenirs will be given away to all the people who subscribe on that date.

All are welcome.

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MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN: Electricians etc., 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 484, 18 S 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

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VOL. 23 NO. 56 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MARCH 7 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

URGES HOLLAND TO CONSIDER FATE OF SPAIN--GERMAN DESIGNS UPON HOLLAND

Latest Budget of News from America's Greatest Commercial Centre

Sixty Big Millions of Money to be Divided

Prince Henry's Visit a Flat Failure so far as Commerce is Concerned

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

New York, March 7.—The arrival of the Boer delegates simultaneously with that of Prince Henry, spoiled what would otherwise have been a hostile demonstration against Britain. There was a movement on foot to give the Boers a big reception, not so much by the Boers sympathizers as by the Irish element and British haters. The affair fell through on account of the simultaneous arrival of Prince Henry with the delegates.

A FLAT FAILURE.

There is no disguising the fact that the visit of the German Prince is a flat failure, so far as creating a better condition of affairs commercially between Germany and the United States is concerned. Uncle Sam is not to be bought in any such a way. The barrier against German goods entering the United States will not be reduced in the slightest extent, according to the statement recently made in the United States Senate.

THE SHERMAN STATUE

After eleven years of waiting, the Sherman statue by Augustus St. Gaudens, has arrived. The famous sculptor contracted to deliver the statue by February 1894, but celebrated sculptors can not be held to contracts of this kind. High art can not be hurried, and Mr. St. Gaudens has given himself eight years' extra time. In the meantime many of the subscribers to the fund of $53,000, have died. But it must be confessed that if the artist has taken his own time, he has at least produced a satisfactory work. New York contains many statues, most of which are from the art standpoint, very inferior; but the St. Gaudens equestrian statue of General Sherman is pronounced by those who have seen it to be a notable achievement of the sculptor's art. It will be unveiled sometime this year.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S POPULARITY

No doubt, if Miss Alice Roosevelt, could easily know the number of fads among New York women that are named after her she would be surprised—but not always flattered. Every new whim introduced is called after the daughter of our Chief Executive. The latest affair of Alice Roosevelt title is a graceful minuet and nothing is so popular with society lovers of Terpsichore —despite the fact that it is Lent—than this pleasing exercise.

BECOMING CHEAPER

Prices of seats on the New York Stock Exchange are becoming cheaper. The last sold at $70,000, a drop of $10,000 from the previous sale. This is due, it is said to the inactivity of the market and the absence of public interest in Stock Exchange matters. Nevertheless $70,000 is a good sum and it will take a good boom to run up the price again to $80,000.

NEARING AN END

In spite of the good time that they have had it is whispered that the officers and crew of Prince Henry's yacht will not be sorry to get the start which their departure next week will bring. The people who have secured permits to visit the Hohenzollern number high in the thousands and besides the crew's being worn out, the imperial yacht has lost many little trimmings which have been clipped from various places as souvenirs.

WAR AGAINST SKYSCRAPERS

New York has always been a little jealous of Chicago in the matter of skyscrapers, and of late years the rivalry between residents of Gotham and the Windy City has been unusually interesting. It is therefore disappointing to many of the builders of the tall office buildings of New York that the Aldermen of the city should commence a war against skyscrapers almost at the very time that Chicago Aldermen have decided to abolish the law limiting the hight of buildings. In future the structures erected in this city will be limited to 200 feet. There are now many buildings that tower more than 100 feet above this figure. A bill introduced into the Legislature a few years ago, having the same object in view was beaten. The Board of Trade and Transportation is behind the present move. Under the new City Charter the Board of Aldermen can regulate the height of buildings and the officials are taking advantage of their power to put in force a law which is highly favored by many residents of the Metropolis.

PRINCE HENRY'S VISIT

One of the most important incidents connected with the visit of Prince Henry of Prussia is the dinner which is to be given to His Royal Highness to-night by young Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt. This will be the only unofficial function which the Prince will attend and naturally New York society is at the white heat of excitement over the event. The affair is all the more interesting for the reason that the friends of Alfred Vanderbilt, who inherited the bulk of his late father's fortune, say that since the family is to be so highly honored his should be the privilege of entertaining the royal visitor since he is the acknowledged head of the house. It will be remembered that Cornelius Vanderbilt was practically disinherited by his father a few years before the latter's death because he contracted a marriage displeasing to that parent. The list of guests bidden to the event is very exclusive and William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who married Miss Virginia Fair, of California, is the only one of the Vanderbilts whose name appears among the list of invited ones.

SIXTY MILLION OF DOLLARS

Sixty millions of dollars will be distributed to the shareholders of leading corporations during this month, this being about $6,000,000 in excess of the March payments of other years. Two corporations alone will pay $35,000,000 and these are the Standard Oil Company and the U. S. Steel Corporation. These two companies are the only industries that will distribute more than $1,000,000. The dividends for $60,000,000 for March compares with $123,000,000 distributed during January, which is the principal month of the year for interest and dividend payments.

NEARS END OF TOUR

New York, March 7 — Although Prince Henry will spend a longer period of time in this city on his return from his memorable southern and western tour than at the earlier visit, the official incidents of his reception are now practically at an end. The party is due to reach New York about 6 o'clock this evening. At 8 o'clock the Prince will dine at the University Club. To-morrow will be a day of recreation spent in visiting the city, at the end of which the Prince will dine at the Grosse Deutsche Gesellschaft. Sunday he will take luncheon at the University Club, attend a private dinner, and in the evening visit the New York Yacht Club.

Berlin, March 6—Lieut.-Colonel Piquart, whose honorable connection with the Dreyfus case will be remembered, is publishing in the "Grande Revue some " notes on the military situation, in which the relations of the European powers are examined from the viewpoint of a professional soldier. He points out that France can carry no further the enlargement of her army, whereas Germany has still at her disposal many means of increasing her military power. Although, however, France already is comparatively weak, and seems destined to grow weaker, might she not contrive, he asks, by new alliances to re-establish the equilibrium now compromised? By new alliances, of course, are meant combinations additional to the existing league with Russia.

The questions are answered in the affirmative, but Col. Piquart is not one of those who imagine that, because French and German soldiers fought side by side in China there is a prospect of a cordial understanding between France and Germany in Europe. He perceives that to any such understanding Alsace-Lorraine blocks the way. Germany will never give up those provinces, nor will France renounce the hope of regaining them. Under the circumstances, to discuss an alliance between France and Germany would be a waste of words. There is no such insurmountable obstacle to a friendly understanding between England and Italy on the one hand and the Franco-Russian League on the other. Col. Picquart is deeply impressed with the apparent extent and sincerity of British hostility to Germany; and, at the same time, he can see no adequate basis for French Anglophobia in the Fashoda incident or in England's determination to subjugate the Boers.

Col. Picquart finds it easy to demonstrate that France would have much to gain even from the neutrality of England, involving, as this doubtless would, the neutrality of Italy. Under such conditions, France being relieved of concern as to her Alpine frontier, could utilize all her troops on the Rhine, while those of her soldiers who are normally stationed at Algeria would have nothing to fear during their crossing of the Mediterranean. Moreover, the Franco-Russian fleet would, in the supposed event of Anglo-Italian neutrality, be mistress of the North Sea and the Baltic. Of course, if England's attitude, instead of stopping short at neutrality, could be transformed into an active alliance, such as existed in the Crimean war, the advantages derivable by France therefrom would be far greater. The merchant navy of Germany could be hunted from the sea, and so far as that country depends for food supplies from transmarine purveyors, it could be cut off from them. That is not the only nor the chief benefit to be gained from an alliance with Great Britain. Under the conditions of modern warfare, it is becoming more and more certain that victory will go to the longest purse. How obvious would be the effect on an international conflict, if France and Russia were able to place loans in England, while German securities could find no market on the London Stock Exchange.

A final reason given by Col. Picquart for proposing, what the London National Review has long been advocating, to wit, an Anglo-French alliance, is that the South African war has given England an opportunity of creating a veritable army. When that local contest is over, England will be able for the first time since the close of the Napoleonic wars to render an ally substantial aid, not only in a naval and a pecuniary way, but also in a military way.

GROOM, 109; BRIDE TO BE, 97.

A Remarkable Old Man Who Resides at Oak Ridge, Montgomery County

Canajoharie, N. Y., March 7.—John Barlow of Oak Bridge, a small settlement in the southeastern part of this country, who will reach the age of 107 years in a few weeks, is said to courting, with with prospects of making her his fifth wife, a well-known widow with 97 years to her credit. Mr. Barlow is a wonderfully preserved old man. He frequently takes long walks through the country and by his retentive memory has for seventy-five years been a court of last resort on boundary line disputes. He has very accurate knowledge of the topography of the country which surrounds Sloansville, Schoharie county, and Oak Ridge and Charleston, Montgomery county. He has been a farmer all his life and elected as highway or road commissioner many times. He has never been compelled to consult a physician or require the services of a dentist or oculist. He is bald-headed and his face is adorned with shaggy white whiskers. Mr. Barlow says he has drunk whiskey and chewed and smoked tobacco nearly all his life. He had two sons who are great-grandfathers, thus making the old man a great-great-grandfather. If the rumor of his fifth marriage turns out to be true the whole country neighborhood in which he lives will give the bride and groom such a send-off that they will remember it until the end of their days.

Remarkable Article Which Shows Which Way the Wind Is Blowing

England Trying to Protect Trade with Cuba

British Chamber of Commerce Asked to Adopt Some Method as Against the U. S.

London, March 6.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times calls attention to the book issued by Professor Ernst Halle, which contains the unblushing statement that it is Germany's intention to absorb Holland, first economically, then politically. The correspondent says the author is one of the ablest of the younger German professors. He advocated the Emperor's views to increase the fleet some years ago. The book has been issued officially by the publishers for the German War Department. Halle reproaches the Dutch for coolness toward Germany in the former crisis, and suggests that the combined influence of Wilhelmina's German consort and the fear of Britain and America will open Netherlands' eyes to the advisability of closer union with Germany. Halle admits that the position of Holland at the mouth of the Rhine is the cause of Germany's failure to secure naval prestige. He proposes a naval convention and customs commercial union of the two countries and urges Holland to consider the fate of Spain.

Paris, March 6.—A despatch to the Paris edition of the Herald from London says that at a private meeting the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Britain agreed that action was necessary to prevent the loss of trade with Cuba, which now amounts to ten million dollars yearly. Representatives for traders with Cuba asked co-operation of the Chambers of Commerce in the effort to obtain favored nation treatment for British merchants. There is a movement in Cuba to make a reciprocity treaty with the United States which would destroy the greater part of the European trade.

Paris, March 6.—A despatch from London to the Paris edition of the Herald says that the Cunard Company has decided to build two new steamers for the Atlantic trade to eclipse in size anything afloat. The vessels are to be over 800 feet long, of 48,000 horse-power, and will make twenty-five knots an hour. The steamers will be built on the general outlines of the Lucania.

VENEZUELAN REBELS ROUTED

Garbira's Army Attempts Invasion, but Suffers a Crushing Defeat

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Mch. 6—According to advices from Caracas the Mockist leader, Garbira, with 1000 men, nearly all of them Colombians, attempted a new invasion of Venezuela near La Frias Feb. 24. After a bloody fight at Las Cumbres, the insurgents were completely routed and obliged to retire across the frontier, leaving a large number of dead on the field.

The steamer Bolivar, formerly the Ban Righ, and more recently known as the Libertador, which was at Dominica, in the Leeward Islands, Feb. 25, is reported as coaling at San Lucia yesterday.

THE FEDERAL LIFE

The Most Successful Year in the History of the Company

The progress of the Federal Life Assurance Company, of Hamilton, since its organization twenty years ago, has been one of steady advancement and success. The report of the past year, is one that is most pleasing and satisfactory to the officers of the company the shareholders and the policy holders. The twentieth annual report of the Company, which has just been presented at the annual meeting held in the city of Hamilton, is one that is worthy of close inspection. During the past year the business has been very large, the total risks now amounting to over $12,000,000; the new business written up last year amounted to $2,285,763, the largest amount in any year in the history of the company. The amount of money received in premiums amounted to $430,504, and the interest income $57,554. The payments on policy holders' accounts amounted to $182,925.

As will be seen, the Federal Life now occupies a very enviable position with other companies.

Since the end of the past year, very favorable reports have been received from the agents of the company, and the prospects are that the present year will be a still more successful one.

During the twenty years of the company's business career, Mr. Dexter, the organizer, has very ably filled the position of Managing Director, and its great success is largely due to his perseverance and energy. At the recent meeting Mr. Dexter succeeded the late Mr. Beatty as President, at the same time retaining his position as managing director. Lieut.-Col. Kearns of Burlington, and Mr. F. H. MacPherson, of Hamilton, were appointed Vice-Presidents.

The company is ably and successfully represented in this district by Mr. H. B. Maharry, Simcoe street.

The Band Concert

The 57th Regiment Band gave another of their delightful concerts in the market hall last night. The attendance was large and thoroughly appreciated the program which was presented.

ENORMOUS WEALTH BACKS ROSEBERRY

The Rotschilds Espouse Cause of Ex-Premier

SUPPORT OF THE TIMES

he Great Banking House Said to Owu Half In'erest in the Great Newspaper

Shows Discontent with Financial Policy of Government—Attitude of Old Unionist Organ Surprises the Conservatives

London, March 7.—Lord Rosebery has resolved to use the moneyed forces of Britain to overthrow the present government and to further his own propaganda. This is plainly shown in the remarkable attitude of the London Times, the traditional organ of the conservatives, which now deliberately takes up the cudgels in behalf of Lord Rosebery as against the duke of Devonshire, who himself is only half-hearted in his opposition to his former leader.

A member of the government said to-day:

"I believe it is quite true that the Rothschilds now own a half interest in the Times. We can no longer rely on the Times' support and can only deduce that the Rothschilds intend to back up Lord Rosebery's movement with all their millions and the other resources under their control."

Lord Rosebery's family connection with the Rothschilds (Lord Rosebery married Hannah De Rothschild, the eldest daughter and heiress of Baron Meyer De Rothschild) and their frequent outspoken dissatisfaction with the financial and internal policy of the present cabinet strengthens the supposition, and the statement of the peer above quoted would stand against any number of formal denials and means far more than mere schism in the liberal party.

CABINET AWARE OF PERIL

This accentuated danger is palpably appreciated in inner cabinet circles, though it is overlooked or intentionally ignored by the leading conservative organs allied with the Rothschilds.

It is said that there are several other papers in London waiting for a favorable opportunity to come out in support of Lord Rosebery.

Important developments in the campaign are not likely to occur in the immediate future. It is understood that Lord Rosebery and his allied interests are willing to wait until the verge of the next election before issuing a definite programme, in the meanwhile creating such weapons as the recently formed Liberal league and influencing defections among the members of the house of commons, both from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and the liberal unionists of Lord Rosebery's platform of efficiency, imperialism and liberal economics.

A curious light has been thrown on the remount scandals by a high officer of the government, who tells that, however the merits or demerits of the case, it would never come up had not a private squabble arisen between members of the house of commons.

DARES A HUGE SCANDAL

According to this statement one member sent a bid for horses which was refused in favor of a Newmarket dealer. Against the latter the disappointed bidder and several racing members of the house of commons had bitter grudges. A cabal was formed, quite regardless of party lines, and a determination was arrived at to make the government suffer for giving contracts to a man who was not in favor with the aristocratic parliamentary racing set. These personal grievances apparently had long been common talk in the lobby of the house of commons and the bait thrown to the opposition by the disgruntled unionists was eagerly taken up, with the resulting exposition of the horse scandals.

On the best informed opinion the Pall Mall Gazette prophesies the end of all serious hostilities in South Africa by September and this is rather a pessimistic than an optimistic view. Judging from Lord Kitchener's progress this week and the well-founded rumors of General Botha's personal inclination to surrender, the practical end of the struggle may considerably antedate September.

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See that you make no mistake or take no false step when you begin efforts to regain lost health. At this particular time, care and vigilance will add greatly to your success.

Your case demands the use of the best medicine that science has produced. The acknowledged triumph of medical skill is Paine's Celery Compound, the only sure and permanent cure for all nervous diseases, dyspepsia, insomnia, rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney complaints and blood diseases.

An error made at this time by the use of substitutes or imitations may lead to a complication of ailments fatal to life.

Tens of thousands in the land are throwing off the shackles of disease and suffering by the use of Paine's Celery Compound. Its powers and virtues will do the same good work for you, dear reader. No experimenting with Paine's Celery Compound. There can be no disappointment or failure to crush your hopes.

See that you get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound with the name PAINE'S on wrapper and bottle; other celery concoctions are deceptions and frauds.

LARGEST ARMY IN THE WORLD FOR THE DEFENCE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE

The Most Gigantic Military Scheme Known in English History and Canada will Provide Four Militia Corps--Conference at Coronation

London, March 7. — A despatch from Portsmouth to the Evening News says there is reason to believe from information received from a trustworthy source that the most important military scheme known in English history was foreshadowed by Secretary of War Brodrick in his speech in the House of Commons on the army estimates yesterday, when he said:—

"I trust it may be possible that an arrangement may be made by which the whole forces of the Empire would be available in case of a war in which the whole Empire would be involved. An opportunity for conferring with our colonial friends on this subject will occur at the same time of the coronation."

The correspondent says that from what can be gathered, Great Britain and Ireland would produce and equip six army corps, three of which, representing, with their cavalry brigades, a force of 150,000 men, would be prepared to take the field in defence of the colonies or for action against a European power. This would leave an equal number of men for home defence, besides the militia, yeomanry, and volunteers allotted for coast and garrison defence. This scheme is said to arrange for India to provide one army corps from its various presidencies. South Africa would raise two army corps available for service anywhere, and Australia two. New Zealand and Canada would each be marked to furnish four militia corps, wholly available for use if required. According to the correspondent, the scheme provides for the largest army in the world.

PASS THE NATAL LINE

London, Thursday, March 7.— A despatch to the Standard from Pretoria says that Gen. De Wet and ex-President Steyn have passed the Natal line and are now reported to be conferring with General Botha in the Utrecht district. The conference is the result of the recent severe losses inflicted on De Wet's force.

WANT CANADIAN TEACHERS

Ottawa, March 7. — The Secretary of State has received an application from Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, asking the services of forty Canadian lady teachers to proceed to South Africa to look after the Boer children in the concentration camps. The engagement is for one year. The salary will be £100, with rations and house or tent accommodation. Passage will be paid both ways. Twenty will be secured in Ontario and twenty in the other provinces. A Normal School certificate is the standard of qualification.

HON W. HARTY ILL.

Ottawa, March 6.— Hon. Wm. Harty, M.P., was taken seriously ill to-night at the Russell House.

THE PRINCE'S TOUR THROUGH THE U. S.

Boston Gives the Kaiser's Brother A Reception That Will Long be Remembered

ALBANY TO WELCOME THE PRINCE

The Prince is Nearly Through with His Visit—He will be Pleased When the Trip is Over.

Boston, Mass., March 6 — Prince Henry's reception in Boston to-day was a repetition of the hearty welcomes he has encountered everywhere since his arrival in the United States. The special train reached the city on schedule time, arriving at the Back Bay station shortly after 10 o'clock. Since an early hour in the morning, crowds had been congregating in the vicinity, and it was with the utmost difficulty that the police, aided by squads of infantry and marines, were able to keep the people in check. The Prince was officially greeted by Mayor Collins and William T. Reincke, the German consul. Under an escort of cavalry the party proceeded to the Hotel Somerset. The route was through the business district, and all along Winter, Tremont and other thoroughfares the sidewalks were packed with spectators who cheered loudly as the Prince passed.

When the party arrived at Boylston street it was greeted with a salute of seventeen guns fired by a battery in Boston Common. During the stay of the prince and his suite at the hotel the cavalry remained on guard outside. Governor Crane was one of the first to appear to make his call of state, and then, as demanded by the formalities of the occasion, he hastened back to the state house to receive the return call of the royal visitor. Under the cavalry escort the prince and his suite proceeded to the state house by way of Commonwealth and Massachusetts avenues and Beacon street.

At the conclusion of the call upon the Governor, and after a look at the Shaw monument, the party proceeded to the public library where, amid the Abbey paintings, Mayor Collins and other city officials awaited their turn to greet the visitor. From the public library the prince was taken by way of Dartmouth street and Commonwealth avenue back to his hotel.

PRINCE HENRY AT HARVARD

Cambridge, Mass., March 6—Prince Henry spent the afternoon at Harvard University, noting all that he saw with a keen eye and expressing surprise and astonishment at the size and completeness of the institution. The Prince was heartily received by the faculty and students of the university. The visitors arrived under escort from Boston at half past one and were received in Memorial Hall by President Eliot. After the greetings had been exchanged all proceeded to the faculty room, where after the professors and officers had been presented, luncheon was served. The meal was as informal as consistent with collegiate and imperial dignity, and when it was finished all repaired to the Harvard Union building, where there was a formal reception to students and a few brief speeches. The programme of the afternoon closed with a reception to the Germanic student Association at the home of Professor Munsterberg.

ALBANY TO WELCOME PRINCE

Albany, N.Y., March 6—All arrangements have been made for the reception of Prince Henry and his suite, who will arrive in Albany early tomorrow morning. The guest will be escorted by committees representing the Albany City Club and the State Legislature, first to the City Hall, where the Mayor will formally present the freedom of the city. From the City Hall the party will proceed to the State Capitol, where the Prince and his suite will be presented to Governor Odell and members of the Legislature.

MYSTERIOUS DISSAPPEARANCE

Paddy Donoghue, of Lindsay Thought to Have Suicided

The town of Lindsay is in a state of nervous excitement, the cause of which is the mysterious disappearance of one Paddy Donoghue, a laborer who is somewhat addicted to drink. On Monday Paddy had been drinking, and early that evening Chief Nevison put him in the lock-up for a few hours to sober up. About ten o'clock he was released and started for home. When he arrived there the place was locked up and Paddy was obliged to sleep out that night. Where he stayed, no person knows. About 6.30 next morning he was met by a young man named O'Brien, an employee of Sylvester Bros. foundry, on Lindsay street, near the bridge. This was the last seen of him. On Tuesday forenoon, Mr. Lew Winters found an overshoe and hat on the ice near the waters edge. These articles were identified by Mrs. Donoghue as the property of her erring spouse. Search was at once made along the river, but no trace of the supposed suicide was found.

If Catarrh is Your Trouble

is ill-health, disappointed ambitions, usefulness destroyed. Pathetic, say, tragic. Poor blood, weak nerves, a tired brain. Is there hope? Yes, because there is a cure.

Ferrozone Tablets make blood; not blue blood, but the fluid that strengthens the whole body. Ferrozone does this quickly by improving digestion, stimulating assimilation, and by imparting health and tone to the whole system. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, will tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone. Ask them to tell you of the wonderful curative properties of Ferrozone Tablets.

DAIRY CONVENTION

To Be Held Here on March 13th—Prominent Speakers Coming

A Dairymens' meeting, under the auspices of the West Peterborough Farmers' Institute will be held in the Town Council Chamber on Tuesday, March 13th, and should be well attended by the farmers and dairymen of the district.

The meeting will open at 1.30 sharp, when Mr. D. Derbyshire, President of the Eastern Dairymens' Association will address the meeting. Mr. H. Glendenning, of Manilla will give an address on "How to Feed and Handle the Dairy Cow," and "The Breeding and Feeding of the Bacon Hog." Mr. L. A. Zufelt of the Kingston Dairy School will deliver an address on "The Care, Handling, and Manufacturing of Milk."

The addresses will be very instructive and interesting and should be well attended.

Swatted for Trumping Her Ace

"If your partner trumps your ace jump across the card table and hit him in the mouth as hard as you can," is a rule among Peterborough whist players, and and it is what society woman did to one of the social lions the other night during a game at one of the homes in town. The attempt by the woman to impress upon her partner that he should not trump his partner's ace came after a series of provoking misplays. The lady, had frequently complained of her partner's lack of whist sense. Finally, when she led an ace he trumped it she threw her cards on the floor, leaned across the table, and struck the man a stinging blow squarely in the mouth. "Won't you ever learn anything?" she shouted. "You are a ninny to trump that ace. You have spoiled this whole evening for me. You couldn't play pins." With blushes and awkward excuses, the hostess tried to laugh away the incident, and the victim of the blow said it was a joke, but the man's pugilistic partner declared that it was not a joke and that it was what anybody merited who would try to play whist when he does not know Hoyle from Homer.

Rheumatic Pains Cured by Nerviline

This is the testimony of Mr. Benjamin Dillon, Leeds, Ont., who says: I feel it my duty to proclaim the marvellous value of Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for rheumatic pains. It cures them every time. Nothing I know of equals it as a household liniment, and mothers should feel it as necessary as bread itself. Nerviline has cured rheumatism of 20 years standing, and can cure you. Instant relief, absolute cure. Large bottle 25c.

THE ENORMOUS COST OF THE BOER WAR

How the British Underestimated the Great Task of Conquering the Boers

SINGLE ARMY CORPS SUFFICIENT

But Five Times This Number had to be Sent to the Veldt—Years Effort Required Before the Country Will be Prosperous and Happy

London, March 7—When the first call for money and men was made with which to prosecute the Boer war in 1899 the sum of $49,000,000 was asked for, and it was believed by the blind jingoes that the Dutch Republics could be extinguished in four months by an army of 47,000 men. The last demand for money in the past year was for the sum of 278,743,000, and Parliament has appropriated, altogether, $704,948,300 for the conquest of the Boers. By the end of the last month, which was the end of the British fiscal year, the total cost of the war will reach at least $844,000,000. The war is in its fourth year, and instead of 47,000 men, the British force in South Africa at the last report numbered 237,000 men. The average during active operations has been in the neighborhood of 200,000, and the British have lost by death or permanent disabilities over 25,000 men, while the total of British casualties, including the surviving wounded, numbers 100,701 men, and 6240 officers. This is a tremendous sacrifice to make in blood and treasure, and the contest is not ended. It has burdened the people of this and the next generation with heavy debt, and has been accompanied by the jobbing and corruption which are, perhaps, more dangerous to a nation than war itself. The government seems to have been swindled on a great scale. It paid double prices for horses, and received bad mounts. Meat was sold by a company to the army which was forced to pay at least twice as much as civilians in South Africa for the same articles, and recently the company declared a dividend of 100 per cent., besides carrying $2,430,000 to its reserve fund. The Boer Republics are practically wiped out, and the country is desolated. Years of effort and immense outlay will be required to restore the land to prosperity. From this bloody war no good can come, unless it be that it will enforce the lesson that in these days of high power arms and precision, war, even against the smallest nation, is a dangerous undertaking.

Malt Breakfast Food

Has Become the Standard Breakfast Cereal

Cereal breakfast foods that have not the proper proportion of mineral salts are not up to the standard established by food experts by the aid of digestion and for the work of keeping the blood pure.

Eminent analytical chemists assert that Malt Breakfast Food is complete in all the points that go to make a perfect health food. It is rich in malt, gluten and phosphates; a perfect food for body and brain. The trial of one package has proved sufficient to convince tens of thousands of the superior qualities of Malt Breakfast Food. Put your stomach-irritating oatmeal, hominy, grits and cracked wheat aside for a week and try Malt Breakfast Food. All grocers.

Prof. O'Brien Has Returned

Prof. and Mrs. O'Brien, who will be so pleasantly remembered by a large number of friends, returned to town yesterday at noon, at the earnest solicitation of the professor's many friends and admirers, and will be pleased to meet his friends at his private office, No. 223 Hunter street terrace, where he was during his former visit. Since leaving town, Professor O'Brien has met with great success in Lindsay and Cannington, where he made a great many friends. At both of these places he delivered lectures to very large audiences, who warmly appreciated his explanation of his wonderful science. Prof. O'Brien is recognized as the leading phrenologist and palmist in America, which reputation he has held for many years. By referring to his card in another column, those desiring to call on him professionally, can obtain further information as to hours, etc. As the professor's time in town will be short, those wishing to consult him should do so at once.

MASONIC GATHERING

Free Masons Meet in Town Yesterday—The New Hall Dedicated

The Masonic District Lodge of Instruction was convened in the new Masonic Hall yesterday afternoon. A large number of brethren from lodges in the surrounding district were present. Among those present yesterday afternoon were Rt. Wor. Bro. Judge Harding, Acting Grand Master; Rt. Wor. Bro. Rev. Von Pergh, Grand Chaplain, and Rt. Wor. Bro. Ed Worth D.D.G.M., of Erie District, No. 1.

During the afternoon and evening the work of the several degrees was exemplified by visiting lodges of a lodge of instruction. During the evening a special convocation of the Grand Lodge was also held, and the handsome new blue room, [illegible] in Ontario, was dedicated with interesting and imposing ceremony. Some 250 members of the fraternity sat down to a sumptuous banquet, which was pleasingly interspersed with toasts and vocal and instrumental music.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year [illegible] in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 7, 1902

Anecdotal.

As a preface to his attack upon the recent army appointments in England, Rudyard Kipling tells a story of a man who was carrying a bag, and of whom a fellow-traveler asked what it was that the bag contained. "Mongooses," was the answer; "my brother sees snakes, and I'm taking the mongooses up to kill them." "But your brother doesn't see real snakes." "No; but these aren't real mongooses."

Hans Jensen, a Dane, who appeared before a Kansas judge in order to take out naturalization papers, very easily demonstrated his fitness for the privilege. "Hans," said the judge, "are you satisfied with the general conditions of the country? Does this government suit you?" "Yas, yas," replied the Dane, "only I vould like to see more rain." "Swear him!" exclaimed the judge. "I see that he already has the Kansas idea."

On one occasion Hans Richter was present at a concert given by a brother composer, at which the latter performed a long and not particularly interesting work of his own. When the composition came to an end Richter expressed his criticism in a very few words. "Well," he said, "I too haf written compositions to make a pile so high," raising his hand three feet from the ground; "but I haf burned them!"

A story is being told in the London clubs about King Edward. A discussion once arose among a circle of his intimate friends as to how they would each meet a sudden reverse of fortune. One of them turned to the Prince—it was before his accession—and said: "If the monarchy was overthrown here, sir, what would you do?" The Prince of Wales thought for a moment, and then replied: "Well, I think I might support my family by lecturing in the United States upon how it feels to be Prince of Wales."

When Mark Twain lived in Buffalo he made the acquaintance of some neighbors under peculiar circumstances. Emerging from his house one morning, he saw something which made him run across the street, and remark to the people who were gathered on the veranda: "My name is Clemens; my wife and I have been intending to call on you and make your acquaintance. We owe you an apology for not doing it before now. I beg your pardon for intruding on you in this informal manner, and at this time of day, but your house is on fire!"

While Charles A. Towne was senator from Minnesota for about thirty days last winter he made a speech on the Philippines in the Senate Chamber of Congress, and it was pronounced a great effort. At the conclusion of his speech, Senator Chauncey Depew was among the first to take Mr. Towne by the hand and congratulate him. "Senator Towne," he is said to have remarked, "your delivery was splendid, your rhetoric unsurpassed, but your argument was damnable." This left-handed compliment was no doubt intended to embarrass Senator Towne, but it didn't. He bowed politely to Mr. Depew, and said: "Senator Depew, I am glad you compliment the only features of my speech you are capable of understanding."

Nebuchadnezzar's Throne Room.

(Berlin correspondence of the London "News.")

The German Oriental Society confirms the reports in American papers to the effect that Dr. Koldewey has succeeded in discovering Nebuchadnezzar's throne room at Babylon. It is a gigantic building, about 60 feet wide by 160 feet long. Exactly opposite the door is the niche in which once the royal throne stood, and on both sides and on the northern front of the hall are richly colored ornaments, in good preservation, which will doubtless prove of the highest historical and artistic importance. The German expedition has also begun excavations in the City of Babylon, near the present village of Jumjuma, and has already discovered a goodly number of inscribed clay tablets, which, according to the testimony of Dr. Weissbach, the Assyriologist of the expedition, contain letters, psalms and vocabularies. They are, therefore, all documents of the deepest interest, and are specially calculated to further the study of the Old Testament.

With the help of new railway material, the work on the hill of Amran-ibn Ali is shortly to be resumed, and the excavations of this unique Pantheon of the Babylonian metropolis, hidden deep down in the earth, promise rich and varied discoveries.

The German Oriental Society does not confine its activity to Babylon. It has secured two other hills, named Fara and Abu Hatab, which are believed to contain particularly fine monuments dating from 4000 B.C. The two hills are not far from Nuffar, where the American excavations are being made, and the Sultan has already issued an irade permitting the excavations.

Ephraim—Ma son held fuh aces. Rastus—Wot did you hold? Ephraim—[illegible]—Baltimore "World."

Jack Frost, Artist.

One of the small wonders of the winter season is the abundant and beautiful tracery which Jack Frost has a habit of writing on the pane, usually overnight, in the hours of sleeping, when the fires burn low and the house has lost something of the cheery warmth of day. Everyone has seen and admired the mysterious fungus-like growth which is often the thing which greets him in his first look at the world of a biting winter morning perhaps without knowing that its formation, in all its multiform and delicate variations, is one of the most incomprehensible of phenomena. In Cosmos recently a writer gave some of the theories that have been advanced from time to time to explain it. The Literary Digest translates from the article as follows:—

"*The least arrangements of these tiny interlacing ice-crystals furnish decorative designs of incontestable originality and of unequalled delicacy.* The observer asks, not without surprise, how in these marvellous formations of ice one and the same design is often rigorously and mathematically reproduced in a certain space, while its character *differs totally only a few* inches away. There is in this fact alone a real mystery that no one can explain plausibly, at least at present.

"In one place appear very distinctly almost recognizable plants with long, thick leaves. Palms and ferns abound, forming mimic forests. By their side stretch out fine fringes bordering the angles of fantastic sheets. Further away seem to rise the serried trunks of a lofty grove in the midst of a carpet of verdure.

"Then the scene changes completely. On all sides appear the light feathers and plumes of birds. . . . .

"What are the physical phenomena that control the formation of these tree-like frost pictures, so remarkable and so varied? Most of our scientists answer these questions by hypotheses, more or less valuable. Almost all give abundant explanations of the deposition of frost along the branches of trees. As to the causes that determine the appearance of such delicate and beautiful ornaments of this same frost on the panes of our windows, most of them remain silent.

"They tell us that the most probable method of frost-formation is as follows: Every tiny droplet of water, if it is produced by condensation of vapor below the freezing-point, is necessarily in a state of 'superfusion.' In this condition when it meets a rough surface it is deposited thereon as a microscopic crystal of ice impregnated or covered with a thin layer of liquid water at the freezing-point.

"This latter, being in continual contact with air that is colder than itself, must finally freeze. As the motion of the air brings up new masses, the thickness of the frost increases.

"Other physicists, we are told, give a somewhat different explanation. According to them, when the vapor of water in the air is deposited as ice, without passing through the liquid state at all, it constitutes frost. That the vapor does not really pass through the liquid state is abundantly shown by the fact that frost has not the structure of frozen dew. It presents, on the contrary, a layer of spongy, opaque ice in which we can detect the prismatic crystals lying side by side. There are still other scientific men who explain the feathery frost formations on the branches of trees by the congelation of a thick mist that comes in contact with a body of lower temperature than the freezing-point or by the solidification of a fog in superfusion, determined by contact with a solid body. The French writer says further:

"We will leave the reader to take his choice of these opinions. So far as the deposit of frost on our window-panes is concerned, we must suppose that the infinite variety of design presented by the crystals is due to the nature of the glass. This substance is, in fact, a very bad and very irregular conductor of heat; it also offers a certain resistance to the physical action of crystallization. These causes are sufficient, when vapor is congealed on the surface, to bring about the formation of these designs, which are as varied as they are remarkable."

Not so Sick as Supposed.

Judging from an opinion expressed recently in The London Spectator, Turkey's sobriquet of the "Sick Man" is being maintained under false pretences. "A strong Sultan," says the writer, "could still place in the field an army of 600,000 of the bravest soldiers in the world, defend his coasts and ports with torpedo boats, and even in defeat inflict terrible blows upon his conqueror. It is true that the advent of a strong Sultan is most improbable, the race of Othman appearing at last to be worn out, but a Sultan weak as a Merovingian is quite probable, and a strong Mayor of the Palace or Grand Vizier would be even more dangerous, because replaceable. A ruler of Turkey who threw all caution to the winds, summoned every Osmanli to his standard, stopped all payments except for munitions of war, and fought as the Mahdi fought at Omdurman, would, to begin with, shatter all European alliances, might hold in check for three years any single European power, and might while being defeated cause an explosion such as Europe has not had to face since the Spahis threatened Vienna. The Sick Man will bequeath nothing, and the whole western world desires his heritage. The catastrophe may not come just yet, for the strange being who now occupies the throne of Turkey, and who will neither yield nor fight, seems irremovable; but it cannot be put off forever, and every blow such as the one M. Delcasse has just delivered brings us nearer to its occurrence. If history affords us any guidance, the Turk will die biting hard."

"I once won a case with one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems," says Congressman Brick of Indiana, who is a lawyer, "and so I stand for him. I was defending a man charged with stealing silk, and it looked so bad for him that I decided on an appeal to the jury. I did the best I could to win with the evidence; but I banked most on the fact that the defendant was a young man with a wife and child, and that it would go hard for all of them to have him go to the penitentiary for a term of years. My whole argument led up to the point where I closed with Riley's little poem, 'Back From a Two Years' Sentence.' When I finished, the jury was in tears, and even the Judge and the Attorney for the prosecution were affected. The jury took just one ballot, and returned a verdict of not guilty."—New York Tribune.

* * *

"Regular Practitioner—No Result."—Mrs. Annie C. [illegible], of Whitby, was for months a rheumatic victim, but South American Rheumatic Cure changed the song from "despair" to "joy." She says: "I suffered untold misery from rheumatism—doctors' medicine did me no good—two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured me—[illegible]"

Information for the Farmer.

Honesty in business pays in the long run. The Americans exported in 1880 127,553,907 pounds of cheese. Owing to adulteration, skim and filled cheese, the United States output to foreign countries decreased last year to 39,813,517 pounds. On the other hand, Canadian cheese, which has a name for reliability, has grown in exports from 40,368,000 in 1880 to 190,926,327 pounds in 1901.

The amount of carbonic acid gas given off by a few plants is so small that one hundred plants in a room would not give as much as one man during a night, and they make many volumes of oxygen during the day more than sufficient to compensate for their presence. Rooms in which plants are kept have, moreover, a fresh odor about them, owing to the fact that they absorb nitrogen, and it is this in part that makes a room stuffy, because nitrogen occurs in most of the secretions emanating from man or animals.

Choice of Grain for Seed.

By instructions of the Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season of samples of the most productive sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured by the Director of the Experimental Farms from the record-breaking crops recently had in the Canadian Northwest. It will be worth while for farmers generally to renew their seed of oats when varieties which have produced more than 100 bushels per acre can be had. The distribution this spring will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field pease, Indian corn and potatoes. Every farmer may apply, but only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes, and applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent free of charge through the mail. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of March, after which the lists will be closed, so that all the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing should mention the sort of variety they would prefer, and should the available stock of the kind asked for be exhausted some other good sort will be sent in its place.

Winter Washing of Fruit Trees.

The winter season offers the fruit-grower his opportunity for wreaking vengeance on the insect enemies which play such incalculable havoc with the fruit trees in the summer months. The insects are practically at his mercy in the dead season, for they cannot flee from the deadly poison he may with safety apply for their destruction, and if the owners of orchards care to exercise their powers of quelling infestation at the proper time and in the proper way they can largely diminish, if not entirely remove, the risk of harmful insect attacks. The Board of Agriculture has prepared, and is circulating free of charge, a leaflet dealing with this subject which is deserving of thoughtful attention.

As is well known, the insects hibernate in the broken bark of the trees, and the course of treatment proposed is the washing of the trees with caustic alkali wash, the use of which has been found effectual in removing the rough decaying bark under which the insects shelter, and at the same time in destroying the eggs of noxious insects. The directions given for the preparation of the wash are:—First dissolve one pound of commercial caustic soda in water; then one pound of crude potash in water. When both have been dissolved mix the two well together; then add three-quarter pound of agricultural treacle, stir well, and add sufficient water to make up ten gallons. The best time to apply is about the middle of February, when the eggs are in a more susceptible state and the trees still safe from injury.—London Post.

It Pays to Keep Hogs.

It is a mistake for any farmer not to keep live stock of some kind. Almost all farmers appreciate the profit there is in cows, and the fact that they maintain the good condition of the soil and tend to add wealth in more ways than one.

But how is it about hogs? They go well with the dairy. It was a mistake to get scared at the time when hog cholera prevailed—at least to get so scared as to give up hogs altogether. We know a great many farmers who made money out of hogs the last year. Hog cholera has not prevailed so extensively as in some years in the past.

But it seems to be the fact that on many farms not a single hog is to be found. As some one has said, these farmers are throwing away enough milk and refuse from the table to keep a good sow or two, and besides raising their own meat have a nice little bunch to sell each year. "The idea seems to prevail among a great many," says this writer, "that unless you own or are operating a large farm there is no place for the hog. This is a very mistaken idea. There can be just as much made in proportion with hogs upon a small form as upon a large one.

"Few are the farms (it matters not the size) that will not support a brood sow or two and do it well, with scarcely any other feed than the milk, parings and refuse from the table and a liberal supply of grass. Sows kept in this manner will, as a rule, have more pigs, and they will also be healthier and stronger. After the sows have their pigs, push them along and do not let them become stunted, because a pig stunted when it is little will never make the hog it would have made had it been kept continually growing. After the pigs will weigh from 60 to 100 pounds, if they are nice, growthy, attractive fellows, there is always a market for them. There is scarcely a neighborhood where you will not find men that are always on the lookout for shoats of this kind, to follow cattle or feed out, and this is the small farmer's opportunity to dispose of them at a good profit, too."—Farm, Field and Fireside.

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Clubboy.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

* * *

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

Callisthenics

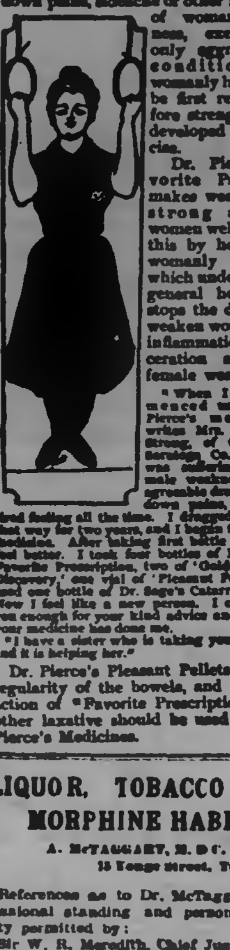
Are a benefit to healthy women. But to women who are suffering from diseases peculiar to their sex they are an injury. When there is weak back or bearing-down pains, sideache or other indications of womanly weakness, exercise can only aggravate the condition. The womanly health must be first restored before strength can be developed by exercise.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It does this by healing the womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It stops the drains that weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"When I first commenced using Doctor Pierce's medicines," writes Mrs. George A. Strong, of Gansevoort, Saratoga Co., N. Y., "I was suffering from female weakness, a disagreeable drain, bearing-down pains, weak and tired feeling all the time. I dragged around in that way for two years, and I began taking your medicine. After taking first bottle I began to feel better. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' one vial of 'Pleasant Pellets,' also used one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Now I feel like a new person. I can't thank you enough for your kind advice and the good your medicine has done me.

"I have a sister who is taking your medicine and it is helping her."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets promote regularity of the bowels, and assist the action of "Favorite Prescription." No other laxative should be used with Dr. Pierce's Medicines.



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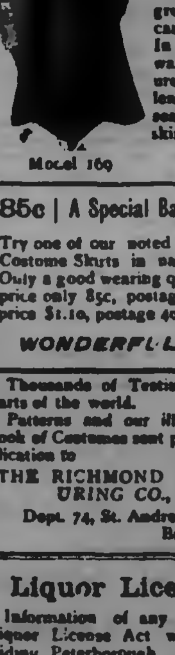

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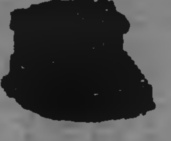

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CANADA METAL CO.'S
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FOR HIGH SPEED IT'S THE BEST.
Read what one of many writes—
We have been using your babbit metal for some years past, and are highly pleased with it. Our machines, as you are well aware, are mostly high speed and heavy service. Metal which will run cool in such bearings must be all right.
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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and [illegible] Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

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House Renters— Have you seen our New List of Houses for sale near your work? You can get a hot dinner every day with your family instead of being compelled to carry your dinner pail. It matters not what price you want to pay nor what size or class of house you want to buy, we have them, and you do not require a large sum of money. Some begin with very little and under our guidance get on and pay for their home. You can do the same if you will come in any evening from 7 to 9, if you cannot call during the day.

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A Great Man and a Child.

IN his reminiscences of Horace Greeley in the "Youth's Companion's" series of Recollections of Famous Editors, Noah Brooks says that Greeley could bear a great sorrow or a great disappointment with the fortitude of a stoic, but a trifling annoyance would provoke him to an outburst of wrath that was simply childish. The death of his little boy, his only and idolized son, was to him an awful blow. No man can know what agony the stricken father silently endured, his grief coining the drops of his heart's blood. But a typographical blunder, especially if it were in one of his own writings, drove him into spasms; then his maledictions on the offending typesetter and proofreader were something blood-curdling to hear.

One morning he went swiftly down to the "Tribune" office to find the compositor who had made a bad error in setting the types for one of his editorial articles in the paper. Bounding upstairs into the composing-room, with blue fire in his eyes and shaking the paper folded across the page to show the offence, he shrieked, "Show me the man! Show me the man that did this!" The error had already been made a topic of discussion in the office, and the culprit, a very old man who had been with Mr. Greeley on the "New Yorker" and on the "Tribune" ever after, came out from behind his case and tremulously pleaded guilty. The editor, standing there in the full height and strength of his manhood, looked down upon the little old man with a startled air, and then, turning away, invited anybody in the office to kick him (Greeley) downstairs.

Of his education, Mr. Greeley said it "was picked up by the way." It is natural that one who knew him should wonder what manner of man he might have been if he had been trained and disciplined in an institution of learning. He might have been a very much greater man, thinks Mr. Brooks; and then, too, his raw resources might not have been so strong and abundant under a scholastic rule.

When he was a lad of nine years he was offered free tuition in the academy at Exeter, New Hampshire. His parents declined the offer, partly through pride, Mr. Greeley thought, although nominally because his mother was unwilling to part with him at that tender age. Later in life, speaking of this failure to secure an academic course of instruction, he said: "I suppose I ought to be sorry, but I am not much."

Mr. Greeley affected contempt for college-educated men, and was accustomed to say, with great emphasis, "Of all cattle, the most useless in a newspaper office is a college-bred man!" This seemed to be an affectation intended to justify his own lack of scholarship, as if he were the shining example of what a great editor could be without special training. As a matter of fact, adds Mr. Brooks, during my term of service on the "Tribune" a majority of the men on the staff were college-bred men.

Some Epigrams on Growing Old.

Max O'Rell, in an article on "Old Women," says, among other things:

"A woman who knows how to grow old gracefully is a delight; but an old woman, whose wrinkled grimaces try to be inviting, voluptuous smiles, whose skeleton, loaded with diamonds, seems to crack as if on the point of crumbling to dust, who has a painted face, dyed hair, and false teeth—that woman makes me shudder; it is the most horrible sight in the world.

"For a man, love is an expectation at twenty, an irresistible desire at thirty, a habit at forty, an indiscretion or a hesitation at sixty, and a profanation at seventy. For a woman love is a dream at twenty, an experience at thirty and a reminiscence after forty.

"Balzac, the greatest authority on love and women, and the most wonderful dissector of the human heart who ever lived, says that the best and most artistic effort of a clever and refined man is at fifty-two, and that a woman is perfect only at thirty-five. There is hope for some of us.

"Happy the woman who knows how to grow old! Happy her husband especially!

"I have heard it said that few women know how to get old. However true this may be, the old woman who believes that she is still attractive is much less ridiculous than the old man who believes that he is still irresistible."

The Considerate Dog.

A yellow dog who had bayed the moon ever since sunset was finally approached by a sedate old mastiff about 2 o'clock in the morning.

"See here, friend," said the mastiff, "will you be so good as to explain why it is you get so much comfort out of barking all night at the moon?"

"Well, it's this way," explained the yellow dog: "You see, I am afflicted with insomnia, and it takes an acute form which makes me feel obliged to bark at something; so I, being a considerate dog, bark at the moon, knowing that it cannot hear me. Therefore it is not annoyed in the least, and I am afforded much relief."

"So you are actuated purely by considerate motives and a sincere desire to spare anyone annoyance?"

"Just so!" and the yellow dog wagged his tail proudly.

"But did it never occur to you to consider your neighbors also?" demanded the mastiff.

The yellow dog was overwhelmed with confusion. He listened for a moment to the hitherto unnoticed profanity and tearing of hair that was going on all over the neighborhood. Then he tucked his tail beneath him and slunk under the house.

Moral: Before striking at an enemy be sure you have no friends within range.

◆

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know!

THE LIAR OF WINTERGREEN SHOAL.

BY JAS. A. TUCKER.

WHERE the little driftwood fire in front of "Bush" Gallagher's "shack" danced fitfully to the whimsical music of the west wind, the figures of four men reclined uneasily. Uneasily, for it was a rough beach—a narrow margin, bowlder-built and deadwood-strewn, 'twixt the dark, forbidding "bush" and the yet more dark, forbidding water. Twinkling lights, at intervals up and down the shore, told of other encampments and of civilized man's love of the cheer of fire, when divorced from his accustomed haunts and set down in the midst of inscrutable night and unfamiliar nature.

It was the time of the fall trolling at Wintergreen Shoal, on the Georgian. Men had come out from town to enjoy the unsurpassed sport, and to share the harvest of the waters with the bronzed and hardened fishermen and farmers. A fine season it had been, too, and great was the catch of that most toothsome and delicate of finny creatures—the plump, meaty, muscular, and always game salmon-trout, the "namaycush" of the fresh-water seas. Forty, fifty and even sixty of these mottled beauties, weighing anywhere from four to six or seven pounds, and taken, fish by fish, by the incomparably sporty method of line and spoon, had this season been no unusual day's record for experienced trollers.

"Bush" Gallagher was not only one of the oldest settlers and farmers along the lake shore—he was one of the best fishermen, hunters and trappers also, and, like all men of real prowess in these pursuits, something of an accomplished liar to boot. "Bush's" farmhouse being a couple of miles back from the beach, he had built a fishing shanty down by the water. Here he kept his boat and hither he came and established headquarters every fall when the fish schooled in to the shoal. Often he found profit in sharing the accommodation of the shack with townsmen, who feared rheumatism and colds from sleeping in tents, or in wigwams, or under upturned boats, in the latter end of October. And so it happened that this fall "Bush" Gallagher had three "boarders" who were glad enough to pay $2 a head for a week's comfortable shelter, with "yarns" to enliven the long nights and pointers on the subtleties of successful trolling from the most renowned fisherman and romancer of Wintergreen Shoal.

"Bush" had been, on the evening in question, reciting for the second time a marvelous account of the great fishing of thirty years before.

"Yes, siree, that was a great fall, a great fall, I say. Why, sir, so farmers took so many trout we couldn't eat 'em, salt 'em, or give 'em away, and so we fed 'em to the pigs by the hundr'd, sir; yes, sir, I say by the hundr'd. An' would you bee-lieve it, so much fish diet did the pigs have all that fall that when killin' time come, on towards Chris'mas, would you bee-lieve it, there wasn't a ham or a pork-chop or a side o' bacon in all this lake-shore settlement that didn't taste disagreeable strong o' fish—yes, sir, I say disagreeable strong."

"It's a wonder," quietly remarked Mr. Joshua Ketch, the dignified K.C., who was one of "Bush" Gallagher's guests and auditors, and who at that time was adding the right proportion of aqua pura to a modest dose of dark liquid from a stone jar, "it's a wonder that, with so much phosphorous diet, the porkers did not run entirely to brain rather than bacon."

"Yes," added Dr. Killem, "and outstrip their owners in intelligence."

"Which wouldn't 'a' been a very hard matter, sir, not a very hard matter, I say, considerin' the intellec' of a lot o' the neighbors hereabouts," added "Bush" with a laugh at his dexterity in turning the shaft aside from himself.

"Now, I say, 'Bush,'" said "the Kid," his third protege, drawing contentedly at his pipe, "we've had a good deal of fiction. I suppose that's but natural, seeing this is a fishing party. Let's have some fact for a change."

"I don't comprehend you, sir; what do you mean, sir?" said "Bush." "I've been tellin' you gospel truth, an' I hope you don't mean to suspicionate the same."

"Ah, go on 'Bush,'" put in the lawyer, winking with his weather eye. "The Kid's right. You needn't be so dead serious about it. Now, tell us, honest Indian, hope-you-may-die, what, in your judgment, was the most exciting occurrence in the history of this shoal."

"Bush" was silent for some moments, not so much in the effort to recall the past as with the evident purpose of appearing to disdain so direct an impeachment of his veracity. He stirred the fire, put on a fresh log—for the night, though pleasant for October, was growing late—and then, after resuming his seat, bit off a "quarter section" of a plug of black tobacco.

"In 1869," he began, dreamily, "yes, it was '69, 'cause that's the year there was nine cows killed by lightnin' on Beaconsfield Jones' farm, an' the year the nine cows was killed was the same year Martha Jane Meredith an' 'Slug' Parki'son got hitched, an' the year them two got hitched was the same year that—but there's my story. Well, in 1869, as I was sayin', there was a stranger come down the Center road, one stormy October night, and turned in at Pete McLean's. Pete was a pretty well-to-do farmer, you mus' understand, but not too well liked in this here neighborhood, fer he was keen on money an' always got ahead o' the other feller in a deal. This stranger was a shabby-lookin' customer, with seedy clo'es, an' a hooked nose an' curly hair an' beard. He had a big carpetbag bulgin' out with stuff, and he said he was a travelin' salesman (I'd call him a peddler), an' expected to do business with the settlers in these parts. He give his name as Sol Nitler or Needler, an' he asked for a night's lodgin' an' breakfast at Pete McLean's. Pete, bein' keen for money I suppose, dickered with him for the price an' took him in—a mos' unheard-of thing for a farmer in them days to charge a stranger for a night's roostin' an' a slab o' sowbelly in the mornin'. But I dessay that stranger wouldn't eat pork an' had ter have fresh eggs, an' that may be why Pete charged him, after all.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

"Well, Sol Nitler was around this neighborhood for three or four days, sellin' jewelry."

"Selling jewelry?" exclaimed the K.C., in the incredulous tone of a barrister cross-examining a hostile witness.

"Yes, jewelry, that's what I said," went on "Bush." "P'rhaps you don't know, Mr. Ketch, that you can sell luxuries where you can't git the price fer necessaries. But that's not in yer law books, it's jest a law of human nature. Sol Nitler drove a thrivin' trade, an' every night, reg'lar as the hens went to roost, he returned to Pete McLean's an' paid for his bed an' breakfast. These fac's I wasn't seized of at the time, bein' as I was down here on the shoal, like most o' the men folk. Pete McLean—he wasn't fishin' much that fall.

"Sol Nitler engaged with Jim Gregory, who was goin' ter drive to the railway, twenty miles away, ter call fer him at McLean's an' take him along. Pete didn't know of this, and when Jim Gregory drives inter his place in the mornin' bright an' early an' asks fer the Jew, Pete vows Sol ain't there—that he'd never came back the night before. Jim says that's strange. Pete allows it is strange, an' talks kind o' confused like as if Jim's suspicionin' him of some wrong-doing. Of course Jim ain't doin' anything of the kind, and drives off to the railway, thinkin' most likely Sol had took some other chance.

"Nex' night, as I was sleepin' here in a makeshift balsam an' bark wigwam, I woke up all of a start round about midnight, and pretty soon I thinks I hears the 'tuck-tuck, tuck-tuck' of steady rowin' out on the lake. 'Queer time o' night,' thinks I, 'fer anyone to be out in a boat. Mischief's abroad, someone liftin' nets.' So I gets up an' creeps out to the beach. It wasn't very dark. There was a moon, but it was behind a bank of cloud. I could see a boat out about quarter of a mile from shore, and, by jiminy! come to look, my boat was gone from the beach. My first idea was ter holler at the thieves, but on second thought I knowed it was better to sit tight and wait developments.

"The boat was manoeuverin' round out there fer some time, an' then it puts in fer shore again. As it draws near I crouches down in the underbrush, and pretty soon I sees there's two men in the boat, an' hanged if they don't look like—well, never mind who they looked like; that's part of my story. They pushes in, very quiet-like, and before the boat can scrape her snout on the stones, out they steps as noiseless as jackrabbits an' lifts her bodily—she was just a little duck-boat—up the beach. 'They've got no fish, that's sure,' says I to myself. Then they dives through the bush, quick-footed as red Injins, takin' the direction of the settlement, an' leavin' me crouchin' here like a fool, too surprised ter tell my own name if I'd 'a' been asked sudden.

"I confides in the boys nex' day as to what I'd seen, an' the yarn spreads round and people is sayin' pretty soon that so-an'-so is mean enough an' graspin' enough ter lift nets, but they're glad he got nothin' fer his pains. But I knows in my heart it was no netliftin' business, fer the only net in that direction was mine, an' nex' mornin' it was fuller o' fish than I'd ever seen a net before. But I keeps my counsel on that p'int.

"Soon Jim Gregory comes back from the railway an' brings word that Sol Nitler's not there nor been there, an' Jim tells somebody what passed at McLean's that mornin' he drove off, an' the story spreads, an' everybody matches my story with Jim's an' makes a piece o' them, an' the fat's in the fire. The men of the settlement meet at the blacksmith shop an' discuss the hull thing, pro an' con, an' a deputation is sent up to Pete McLean's, with me as spokesman.

"We call's Pete out o' the barn an' I tells him, straight up and down, that we don't want to make no charge nor no trouble, but we think circumstances calls fer explanation, and if he knows anything of the whereabouts of Sol Nitler he'd better say where or suffer the consequences. Peter McLean turns red an' then white, an' swears an' curses, tellin' us he don't know nothin' o' the Jew, an' we can go to all kinds o' places, if we like, for any further information; an' he winds up by sayin' my yarn about the boat is a infernal lie, which he'd make me prove it. An' he calls on his son Martin to back him up.

"I keeps my head an' says that's all very well, but 'Meantime, Mr. McLean,' I says, 'we're goin' ter search the woods an' fields round your house to the last rod, an' we're goin' ter drag the lake, and to-morrow we'll send ter town fer a law-officer to further investigate.' Peter McLean rushes into the house an' comes tearin' out with a shotgun, and vows a bloody oath that the first man who moves another foot on his land except in the direction of the gate will die in his tracks.

"That settled it. Not bein' armed, we retreated in good order. But that very night we sent Bill Dougall to town on horseback for the Crown Attorney. We also started ter drag the lake, but we couldn't find nothin', an' never did find nothin'. An' nex' day, when the law-officer arrived, what do you think?—Pete an' Martin had vanished clean as a half-hooked eel. No trace of either o' them was ever found, nor any of the Jew, though diligent search an' enquiry was made. Now, did Pete an' Martin kill the Jew or didn't they? In other words, is it true, as Spokeshave says, that murder will out?"

This gruesome yarn, with its singularly inconclusive ending, was surely a somewhat heavy and indigestible repast to retire on, and it would have been no matter for wonder had there been troubled dreams that night under the hospitable roof of "Bush" Gallagher. But exercise and fresh air are valiant enemies of the whole genus nightmare, and "Bush's" guests slept sweetly and arose early for their last day's sport.

Now it so happened that about noon Dr. Killem and "the Kid" pulled ashore for lunch at a point where a gray-bearded old man had his boat drawn up also. The three drifted into conversation, and the old man mentioned that his name was Bill Dougall. Then the doctor, still full of "Bush's" story, laid open his knowledge of the strange occurrence of October, 1869. Bill Dougall seemed mildly surprised and asked what the doctor was driving at, and when "Bush" Gallagher's whole story had been repeated, the old fellow lay back and shook with laughter like the proverbial "bowl full of jelly."

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Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Coigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jamie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

Dooley on Athletics For Women.

MR. HENNESSY having ventured to say that athletic exercise is a splendid thing for women, "Is it, faith?" said Mr. Dooley. "Well, it may be, but it's no good f'r th' women f'r th' men. I don't know annything that cud be more demoralizin' thin to be marrid to a woman that cud give me a sthroke a shtick at golf. 'Tis goin' to be th' roon iv fam'ly life. 'Twill break up th' happy home. I'm a man, we'll say, that's down town fr'm th' arly mornin' bendin' over a ledger an' thryin' to thrap a dollar or two to keep th' landlord fr'm th' dure. I dispise athleets. I see that all th' men that have a metallic rattle whin they get on a moovin' sthreet car are pounds overweight, an' wud blow up if they jogged around th' corner.

"Well, I come home at night, an' no matther how I've been 'Here-you-d' all day, I feel in me heart that I'm th' big thing there. What makes me feel that way, says ye? 'Tis th' sinse iv physical supeeryority. Me wife is smarter thin I am. She's had nawthin' to do all day but th' housewurrk an' puttin' in th' coal an' studyin' how she can make me do something I don't want to do that I wud want to do if she didn't want me to do it. She's thrained to th' minyit in havin' her own way. Her mind's clearer, mine bein' full iv bills iv ladin'; she can talk betther an' more frequent; she can throw me fam'ly in me face, an' whin har-rd put to it, her starry eyes can gleam with tears that I think ar-re grief, but she knows diff'rent. An' I give in. But I've won, just th' same.

"But now, how is it? I go home at night an' I'm met at th' dure be a female joynt. Me wife's th' champeen lady golufess iv th' Ivy Leaf Goluf Club; th' finest oarslady on th' canal; a tinnis player that none can rayzist without injury. She can ride a horse, an' I cudden't stay on a merry-go-round without clothespins. She can box a good welterweight, an' she's got medals f'r th' broad jump. Th' on'y spoorts she isn't good at is cookin' an' washin'. This large lady, a little peevish because she's off her dhrive, meets me at th' dure an' begins issuin' ordhers before I have me shoes off. 'Tis jut th' same as if I was back on th' hoist. She doesn't argy, she doesn't weep. She jus' says, 'Say, you,' an' I'm off on th' bound. I look her over, an' say I to meself, 'What's th' good? I cudden't cross that guard,' an' me reign is ended. I'm back to th' ranks iv th' prolitory.

"It won't do, Hinnissy. It's a blow at good govermint. 'Twill disrupt th' home. Our fathers was r-right. They didn't risk their lives an' limbs be marryin' these female Sharkeys."

Dressing-up For the Coronation.

(Paris Correspondent of London "Truth.")

THE Earl-Marshal's notification to the peers and peeresses of Great Britain is thought vastly amusing. It strikes us here as might an attempt to go back with pride to the ancestral missing link, whose skeleton it appears has been found in the farthest East. There was something grand and handsome in the distinctive costumes that Louis the Fourteenth invented. The tabouret and the pliant, or folding seat, had their manifest raison d'etre in the crowded saloons and galleries at Versailles. But the notification of the Earl-Marshal strikes us as the triumph of smallness, the exaltation of pettiness. Could Swift have been thinking of a similar notification in his time when he wrote about the war between the Big-Endians and the Little-Endians? A consequence of the notification will be to make American heiresses scorn offers of marriage from noblemen less high than dukes. They will know now that dukes only have strawberry leaves on their coronets and four rows of black snips of fur on their miniver capes. Barons who can only wear two rows of the black snips will be held of small account in the heiress preserves of the United States, and so, we may expect, will be earls who have half a row less than the marquis, and a whole row less than a duke. What American lady could bear to appear as a baron's wife in a mantle with a train three feet on the ground when the viscountess immediately preceding her had one a quarter of a yard longer, the countess preceding her half a yard, the marchioness three-quarters of a yard, and the duchess a whole yard? The English easily grasp the inferiority of their "proper stations" in or out of the Peerage. But the Americans do not. Their motto is "tout ou rien." They must have a front seat, or they leave the room. Mr. Jesse Grant, though not of the ornamental sex, declined to dine at Windsor with the lords' gentlemen-in-waiting. "If I do not dine with father (the ex-President of the United States) and mother at the Queen's table I go home." A court official with fear and trembling conveyed this intimation to her late Majesty, who reluctantly yielded, for Big-Endian and Little-Endian questions came within the compass of her brain, and she attached great importance to them. Mr. Jesse Grant did not know that the smallest of the court officials with whom he scorned to dine took precedence of the grand old Gladstone, and that without shocking any Englishman. The aristocratic nobody who waited on the Queen was supposed to absorb some of her sacred virtue. So far as precedence went, the Prime Minister, who was the representative of the nation, was of inferior standing. But I dare say this did not matter to the Grand Old Man.

I had some years ago one of her Majesty's judges (Sir Henry Keating) dining with me. Another guest was an English Honorable, who might have been, in regard to age, his son. It seemed to me absurd that the place of honor should not be given to the judge. To make things pleasant to him, I consulted him before the dinner came off on the subject of precedence. "If," he said, "it is a Franco-English dinner, adopt French rules, since you are in France; if it is an English one, adopt English, in which case I go behind the Honorable. Any earl's son old enough to wear a swallow-tailed coat and a white cravat is entitled to take the pas of me. I know that an American judge, accustomed to be looked up to, would not like to walk behind a young sprig of nobility. I remember Evarts, the great American lawyer who pleaded on the side of the United States at the Geneva Arbitral Court, being visibly annoyed at an earl's son who had just left Eton being placed above him, at dinner."

"One of 'Bush' Gallagher's yarns, eh?" he exclaimed. "Well, when ye've known 'Bush' as long as I have ye'll put as much dependence in his murder stories as in his fish yarns, an' that's not sayin' much."

Of course "Bush" was taxed with deception at the evening camp-fire. Not the ghost of a smile or of a blush haunted his countenance. "You suspicioned my veracity when I was tellin' gospel truth, an' yet you wanted entertainment, an' you got it, didn't you?" This was the only explanation he deigned.

"Right you are, 'Bush,'" said Mr. Ketch, K.C. "Still, you might have added, as a sort of postscript, you know, that there never was a Sol Nitler; that Peter McLean died here in bed ten years ago; that his son (still residing in this township) is called McAlpine, not Martin; that there was no railway in this section of the country in 1869, and finally that you were not here then yourself — all which I myself have quietly gathered from your own lips to-day, independently of the discovery of the Doctor and 'the Kid.'"

"Had you been educated at college, 'Bush,' you'd be one of the distinguished historical novelists of the day," added "the Kid."

"Or, if you'd been trained in my profession," said the Doctor, "you'd be the right kind of man to give expert medical testimony in the courts."

"Gentlemen," said Mr. Ketch, K.C., "if 'Bush' had been brought up to the law, I will not venture to say what would have happened. But anyway, here's looking at you, 'Bush.' May you live long and 'lie' in peace. Everybody drink hearty, for this is our last night, for a year at least, on Wintergreen Shoal."

The Bird—Gee, you oughter known better than to swallow a porcupine.

Queer Facts About Orchids.

THE life of an orchid hunter combines in itself all the most sensational features of exploration in untrodden districts, often infested by ferocious beasts and by even more savage natives, and in many cases highly malarious and disease laden. The rarer orchids are generally found in the most inaccessible spots, and in the densest and most marshy jungles. Even the natives avoid the districts into which the intrepid orchid hunter penetrates in search of his floral quarry.

A few years ago eight orchid hunters met at Tamatave, and then separated in search of specimens. Within a year only one of them survived, and he had spent months in the most pestilential swamps, from which he emerged with his health permanently impaired. One of the others had been captured by native priests, who drenched him with oil and burned him to death on their altar.

The expense of collecting the orchids and getting them at last into the saleroom is very great. For example, a fine orchid is found in a very out of the way part of Colombia. After being gathered the plants are wired to sticks and nailed inside boxes. These boxes are conveyed on a journey of several days to Bogota, whence another six days' journey takes them to Honda, where they are placed on rafts and conveyed down the Magdalena River to Savanilla—a fortnight's journey — where the steamer is awaited.

When at last, after a heavy outlay, the consignment reaches England, quite half the specimens will be dead, and in many cases the whole of them will be too far gone for recovery. The orchid importer has always to be prepared for heavy losses.

Twenty-seven thousand valuable plants were sent home on one occasion from Colombia by Mr. Roezl, and of these only two survived the voyage. They were sold for 40 guineas each—not a high price when one considers what they had cost.

Until the plant flowers its value is purely speculative. Its species is in most cases readily determined, but it may present some variation which will greatly enhance its value. For example, a certain orchid with a purple bloom may be worth about five shillings, but an example of the same species with white flowers will realise £100 at auction. The value of a plant depends upon its rarity and novelty even more than upon its beauty.

Many years ago an orchid, of quite new and unknown species, arrived in the packing in which some foreign plants were sent home. No one knew where it came from, and for a long while it continued unique. Orchid hunters sought everywhere for it, but not till seventy years later was it found.

Another orchid arrived in 1854 without any known place of origin, and, notwithstanding persistent search, its native habitation has not been found yet.

Some years ago two orchids were found in the Zoological Gardens on a heap of rubbish. They came in the packing with some South American monkeys, but their place of origin has not yet been discovered.—"Harmsworth Magazine."

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

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"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 100 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?"

"It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the benches to prevent itself rising en masse and doing violence to the Thespian.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

- G. H. NOBLE -
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Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

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SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
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Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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H. F. KIDD

'Phone [illegible] · [illegible] George St.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 7, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—An Orange Lodge has been organized in Hastings.

—Work will be resumed at the lift lock in a few days.

—The Separate School Board will meet on Tuesday evening next.

—A large number of hogs were sold on the market yesterday.

—The people of Lindsay are agitating for a new eight-roomed school. This is a sign that the town is growing.

—A cottage prayer meeting was held at Auburn last night by Rev. E. A. Langfeldt.

—The carriage agents in town are getting in large shipments of buggies, etc., for the coming season.

—Union 9248, American Federation of Labor, will meet in their new hall, over Stevenson's coal office, on Water street, in future.

—The Peterborough Lock Mfg. Co. received an order a few days ago for three thousand post office locks with three keys for each lock.

—The country roads are getting in better shape. The road to Buckhorn is in as good condition as it has been this winter.

—Mr. Hickey, of town, is at present engaged in constructing a new steam yacht at Hastings for Mr. H. Buck. The craft will be launched in about two months.

—The Peterborough Golf Club propose giving a ball on Easter Monday night. The affair will likely take place in the opera house and promises to be very brilliant. An orchestra will be brought from Toronto.

—The Executive of the Peterborough County Alliance met Wednesday night to perfect arrangements for their meeting to be held in the Y.M.C.A. hall at 3 p.m. and the opera house at 8 p.m. on Thursday the 13th inst. Mr. W. W. Buchanan will be at both meetings, and it was decided to invite all the ministers of the different churches. A large crowd is expected, especially at the evening meeting.

POLICE COURT NEWS

Richard Tice, who for some time has been a regular inmate of the gaol, came up before the magistrate yesterday morning and asked for three months longer on the hill. His request was granted.

A man charged with being a vagrant, also with being drunk and disorderly, was remanded for a week to give him a chance to sober up.

A Literary Aspirant

A literary aspirant writes to The Times from Lakefield as follows: "I would like to have a Job a reporting fore you at yanes's jt and lakfeld. I think it would pay to report about once a week and then in three in the summer that it would pay evry day and when i thought it would pay me evry day i would report evry day I jake the times evry day I will take it [illegible] I sent word all the way through pleas let me know [illegible]."

DEPUTATION TO OTTAWA.

HON. MR. BLAIR, MULOCK, AND SUTHERLAND INTERVIEWED

The Minister of Railways and Canals is Giving the Question of Conserving Water for the Trent Valley System His Earnest Attention

The deputation of representative men from the Peterborough and Trenton Councils, the Board of Trade, the Trent Waters Conservation Association, and others interested in preserving a high minimum flow of water in the lakes and rivers forming a part of the Trent Valley Canal system, secured an interview with the Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, at Ottawa, on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock. The hon. gentleman and his colleagues, Hon. Mr. Mulock and Hon. Mr. Sutherland, gave the deputation a very patient hearing, and readily recognised the advantages that would be derived from having all dams on the waters in question under the control of the Dominion Government, with a responsible man in charge to keep in reserve a sufficiency of water from the spring freshets to supply the requirements of navigation during the dry months of August and September.

MR. D. W. DUMBLE

explained to the hon. gentlemen the object of the deputation, and reviewed the rapid increase of industries and commerce in Peterborough during the past few years. He dwelt at length upon the importance of the Trent water system as a generator of power at reasonable rates, and gave figures to show the enormous increase in revenue to the Dominion government from the post office and customs house, which will be considerably augmented when the new industrial concerns commence operations. These are your returns, continued Mr. Dumble, from Peterborough's progressiveness, and we now urge the Dominion government to secure to us a continuous and steady flow of water from the Kawartha lakes. There are 30 or 40 dams, many of which are only used by lumbermen, and these men do not take the trouble to put in the stop logs when necessary. The speaker suggested that the Dominion government assume, if possible, absolute control of these dams, some of which are now owned by private parties and others governed by the Ontario Legislature. In this way, one intelligent engineer could control the of water as to assure a reserve until the dry months of August and September, when the lakes and rivers are too shallow for all requirements. Our destiny, concluded the speaker, is much with the Trent system, as a navigable and manufacturing power.

MAYOR DENNE

corroborated Mr. Dumble's remarks and drew attention to the act of one person last January, who, by putting in the stop logs, had nearly subjected Peterborough to a water famine. Had this act occurred a little later in the year, when a big fire broke out in town, the results would have been disastrous.

J. H. McCLELLAN

addressed the members at some length, and said that in July and August, the water, from Peterborough to Rice Lake fell to three feet. Under such condition, when the Trent Valley Canal is completed this stretch of water will have to be dredged at an enormous expense. He understood that the Ontario government, is willing to hand over the control of the dams in question to the Dominion government, and in building your canal, he said, you are taking our water from us, in which case it is only reasonable to expect this loss being made good to us. Power is of vital interest to Peterborough, and its generation by coal costs from $45 to $50 per horse power, as against $15 per horse power by water.

MR. GERMAN

spoke at some length, but as his remarks were chiefly confined to the condition and use of fine dams constructed and maintained by the Gilmour Lumber Co., together with an assumption that they should be taken over by the government at a price commensurate with the permanent improvements made thereon, they apparently did not have much weight with the ministers.

MR. R. R. HALL

restricted his remarks pretty well to the effect upon power of a conservation of the waters, which elicited from the Hon. Mr. Mulock the question, "If the government go to the expense asked of them, are the manufacturers, as direct beneficiaries, willing to pay for the same?" Mr. Hall was not prepared to reply to this. The Hon. Mr. Blair said that the government could only take control of the dams and appoint a commissioner, as suggested by Mr. Hall, with a view to navigation only, and the power companies should contribute to this expense. Mr. Hall suggested that both governments confer together on the matter.

JAMES KENDRY, M.P.,

secured a very attentive hearing. He spoke wholly on the claims of navigation for an even flow of water and suggested that as a preliminary step in the matter, the Dominion government take over the dams on Eels and Jacks Lakes, and conserve therein during the spring freshets, a sufficiency of water for use during the dry summer months. The dams could be purchased for $1500, and he urged that both governments work together in harmony with a view to meet the wishes of the deputation.

MR. BLAIR'S REPLY.

Mr. Blair replied that the matter had been receiving the consideration of the federal government for some time, and that he and his colleagues had been in communication with the Ontario government with regard to it. A satisfactory arrangement had not yet been arrived at, however, but the delegation might rest assured that the government would endeavor to effect a settlement that would be fair to all parties concerned. He considered that the more important grievance was the interference with navigation on account of low water. The navigation question was that which was receiving the attention of the two governments. That the low water interfered with the power was not nearly so important in his eyes. Mr. Blair promised to take the matter into his consideration and to give a definite answer as soon as possible.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

The delegation was composed of Mayor Denne, Ald. Bush, Ald. Clinkscale, Ald. Batten, Ald. Corbery, Ald. Edgcumbe, Ald. Shortly, Messrs. R. R. Hall, W. O. Ferguson, A. H. Stratton, and Mr. Felix Brownscombe, of Peterborough; Mr. David Gilmour, of Trenton, President of the Trent Conservation Association, and Mr. A. Stevenson, secretary; Mayor Funnell, Coun. Dickie and Coun. Matthews, of Trenton; Mr. J. Ferris, of Campbellford; Mr. J. H. McClellan, Mr. W. A. Sanderson, Mr. D. W. Dumble, president of the Peterborough Board of Trade, and Mr. G. O. Stuck, of Peterborough; Mr. W. Steers and Mr. W. F. Bolger, of Lindsay.

Mayor Denne, Aldermen Clinkscale, Ferguson and Batten remained in Ottawa yesterday, in order to secure an interview with Dr. Borden regarding an appropriation for the proposed new drill shed. Jas. Kendry, M.P., is also interesting himself in the matter.

STICK TO IT

Until Coffee Hits You Hard

It is about as well to advise people to stick to coffee until they get hit hard enough, so that they will never forget their experience, although it is rather unpleasant to have to look back to a half dozen years of invalidism, money and opportunity thrown away, which is really the terrible price paid for the weakest kind of a "mess of pottage."

A woman writes and her letter is condensed to give the facts in a short space. "I was a coffee slave and stuck to it like a toper to his 'cups,' notwithstanding I had headaches every day, and frequently severe attacks of sick headaches, then I used more coffee to relieve the headaches, and this was well enough until the coffee stimulant wore off, then I would have sick spells. Finally my digestion was ruined. Severe attacks of rheumatism began to appear, and ultimately the whole nervous system began to break down and I was fast becoming a wreck.

At this time I was induced to quit Coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee. This was half a year ago. The result has been most satisfactory. The rheumatism is gone entirely, blood is pure, nerves practically well and steady, digestion almost perfect, never have any more sick headaches and am gaining steadily in weight and strength." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE FIRST GAME OF THE FINALS TO-NIGHT

U. C. C. Defeats Stratford in a Closely Contested Game

FENELON FALLS TEAM WIN OUT

The public of Peterborough will have the opportunity to-night of witnessing one of the hardest fought battles and speediest games of hockey ever played in the Charlotte street rink when that husky aggregation from Galt known as "Dutchy" Morrison's Seven" will clash with the Peterborough intermediates.

The Galt team arrived on the midnight last night, and brought a number of "rooters" with them. They are a fine looking lot of fellows, and will certainly give the locals a hard run. It is their avowed intention (and they are not slow in making it public) to "put it over" the Peterborough's to such an extent that they will have to take a back seat.

The Peterborough seven who have been under the supervision of that excellent trainer "King" Dillon are in almost perfect shape and although doing little talk will go on the ice prepared to play the game of their lives and will no doubt surprise their opponents.

This game is the first game of the finals and the last to be played in Peterborough. The return match will be played in Galt the first of the week.

The number of goals count on the round.

The game is called for at 8.15 sharp.

In the Trent Valley League finals last night the Fenelon Falls team defeated Norwood at the latter place by a score of 8 to 6.

In the finals for the junior championship U.C.C. defeated Stratford by a score of 7 to 6 on the Mutual St. Rink.

The Stratford team gave U.C.C. a big surprise. At half-time the score stood 3 to 1 in favor of Stratford and at full time the game was a tie. They played ten minutes longer, neither team scoring. In the next 5 minutes U.C.C scored 3 and Stratford 2. Making score 7 to 6 in favor of U.C.C.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Prof. and Mrs. O'Brien arrived in town at noon yesterday.

—Mr. J. B. Pearce, of Norwood, was in town yesterday.

—Miss M. Cahill, of Peterborough, is visiting her sister.—Hastings Star.

—Miss Fannie Houlihan is in Toronto, attending millinery openings.

—Mrs. Ed. Dowl, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Lawson, returned to her home at Holland Landing, yesterday.

—Mr. E. Blackett Robinson, of the Dominion Presbyterian, who has been here for several days, in the interests of his paper, has returned to Ottawa.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hall left yesterday morning for a short visit with friends in Toronto, Newcastle and Peterborough.—Lindsay Post.

—Messrs. J. A. Corry and E. G. Laverdure, of Ottawa, who have the contract of building the lift lock, arrived in town yesterday.

—Dr. and Mrs. F. Willis, of "Hiawatha Camp," have returned from Keith, New Brunswick, where they spent the winter months.

—Miss Morris and daughter, Miss Ola, of Peterborough, are visiting Mrs. W. S. Wright, Cambridge st.—Lindsay Post.

—Mr. James McKenzie arrived in town yesterday from the Soo, where he has for some time been engaged in gold mining.

The True Tragedy of Life

You will find instant relief and absolute cure in Catarrhozone, which kills the germs that cause the disease, cures the cough, prevents droppings in the throat, relieves congestion and quickly heals the inflamed membranes. Catarrhozone cures perfectly the most chronic cases of catarrh, lung, and throat troubles, and is delightful, simple and safe to use. Catarrhozone is a scientific treatment highly indorsed by doctors and druggists, and sells everywhere for $1.00, small size 25c. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE Federal Life

ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

The twentieth annual meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at the head office in Hamilton, Tuesday, the 4th inst. Lieut.-Colonel Kerns, Vice-President, was appointed Chairman and David Dexter Secretary.

REPORT OF DIRECTORS.

The directors presented their annual report, as follows:

Your directors have the honor to present the report and financial statement of the Company for the year which closed on December 31, 1901, duly vouched for by the auditors.

The new business of the year consisted of 1,793 applications for insurance, aggregating $2,479,500, of which 1,704 applications, for $2,385,768.50, were accepted; applications for $93,731.50 were rejected or held for further information.

As in previous years, the income of the company shows a gratifying increase, and the assets of the company have been increased by $178,584.06, and have now reached $1,449,925.58, exclusive of guarantee capital.

The security for policyholders, including guarantee capital, amounted at the close of the year to $2,319,925.58, and the liabilities for reserves and all outstanding claims, $1,290,849.94, showing a surplus of $1,029,075.64. Exclusive of uncalled guarantee capital the surplus to policyholders was $159,075.64.

Policies on 56 lives became claims through death, to the amount of $126,745, of which $5,000 was reinsured in other companies, a rate of mortality considerably under that provided for.

Including cash dividends and dividends applied to the reduction of premiums $30,628.70, with annuities, the total payments to policyholders amounted to $182,925.67.

Careful attention has been given to the investment of the company's funds in first-class bonds, mortgage securities and loans on the company's policies amply secured by reserves. Our investments have yielded results better than the average results of insurance companies doing business in Canada.

Expenses have been confined to a reasonable limit, consistent with due efforts for new business.

The field officers and agents of the company are intelligent and loyal, and are entitled to much credit for their able representation of the company's interests. The members of the office staff have also proved faithful in the company's service.

The assurances carried by the company now amount to $13,058,777.61, upon which the company holds reserve to the full amount required by law, and, in addition thereto, a considerable surplus, as above shown.

The work of the current year, now well under way, has produced results even better than for the same period last year, leading to the belief that a like advantage may be maintained throughout the year.

DAVID DEXTER, Managing Director.
WM. KERNS, Vice-President.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Federal Life Assurance Company:

Gentlemen,—We have made a careful audit of the books of your company for the year ending December 31, 1901, and have certified to their correctness.

The securities have been inspected and compared with the ledger accounts and found to agree therewith.

The financial position of your company, as on December 31, is indicated by the accompanying statement.

Respectfully submitted.

J. J. MASON,
H. S. STEPHENS,
Auditors.

Hamilton, March 1, 1902.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1901.

Premium income	$ 439,504 05
Interest	67,554 64
Capital stock	7,715 00
	$ 604,773 69
Paid to policyholders for death claims, endowments, surrender values and profits	$ 182,925 67
All other payments	158,310 16
Balance	163,537 86
	$ 604,773 69
Assets, December 31, 1901:	
Debentures and bonds	$ 321,172 84
Mortgages	619,091 65
Loans secured by policy reserves	236,530 59
Cash in bank and other assets	273,530 50
	$ 1,449,925 58
Liabilities:	
Reserve fund	$ 1,255,056 31
Death losses awaiting proofs	20,400 00
Other liabilities	15,393 63
Surplus on policyholders' account	159,075 64
	$ 1,449,925 58
Guarantee capital	870,000 00
Total security	$ 2,319,925 58
Policies were issued assuring	$ 2,385,768 50
Total assurance in force	$13,058,777 61

On motion of Lieut.-Colonel Kerns, seconded by Mr. Macpherson, the report was adopted.

The medical director presented a statistical report showing a favorable mortality experience.

The retiring directors were re-elected, and, at a subsequent meeting David Dexter was elected President and Managing Director, Lieut.-Colonel Kerns and Mr. Macpherson Vice-Presidents.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST
PHRENOLOGIST
AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Street Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—LADIES — ALSO MEN — TO copy letters, address envelopes, at home—anywhere, day time or evenings; strictly genuine employment. Excelsior Mfg Co., [illegible] B Cleveland, Ohio.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, Electricians etc., 60 page [illegible] containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 681, 18 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL NURSERY stock; on salary or commission; best advantages; largest assortment of stock; "Canada's greatest nurseries." Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

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MARCH 8TH.

Souvenirs will be given away to all the people who subscribe on that date.
All are welcome.

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Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$2.50 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Rosalie Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

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Pierce's Favourite Prescription	75
Pierce's Medical Discovery	75
Pierce's Pellets	15
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills	30
Scott's Emulsion (large)	80
Scott's Emulsion (small)	40
Beef, Iron and Wine	60
Castoria	25
Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil	15
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	80
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral	40 30
Ayer's Hair Vigor	75
Ayer's Pills, 15c, two for	25
Carter's Little Liver Pills	15
Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry	30
Paine's Celery Compound	80
Laxa Bromo-Quinine	15
Wampole Cod Liver Oil	75
Hodder's Bitters and Sarsaparilla Compound	65
Burdock Blood Bitters	65
Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine	15
Chase's Nerve Food	35
Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills	15
Chase's Ointment	50
Chase's Catarrh Cure	15
Parmalee's Pills	15
Dodd's Pills	35
Radway's Ready Relief	15
Perry Davis' Pain Killer	20
Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills	35
Milburn's Rheumatic Pills	35
Hood's Sarsaparilla	80
Shiloh's Consumption Cure	40
Shiloh's Consumption Cure	20
Warner's Safe Cure	80
Minard's Liniment	15
Pond's Extract	40
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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

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One-Way
EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

TENDERS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Indian Supplies" will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, 14th April, 1902, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1903, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Winnipeg. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. D. McLEAN,
Secretary.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 25th February, 1902.

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MORNING DAILY
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The Morning Times

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VOL. 23 NO. 57 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MARCH 8 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

FOREIGN TROOPS INCOMPETENT TO DEAL WITH CHINESE--GERMANY'S BIG FLEET

Real Object of Prince Henry's Visit Said to be the Obtaining of an Agreement with the United States to this Effect

London, March 7.—Dr. Morrison cables The Times from Pekin an account of an interview with the Viceroy of Yuan-Shai-Kai, regarding the withdrawal of the provisional government from Tien-Tsin. Yuan, Dr. Morrison says, has indisputable claims to British consideration, because as Governor of Shan-Tung he checked the Boxer insurrection and maintained order. The Viceroy urged the right of the Chinese Government to take over Tien-Tsin, as there is nothing in the settlement protocol to the contrary. Yuan declared he could preserve order in Tien-Tsin and Pe-Chi-Li Province, and would undertake to continue the river improvements already begun. He also promised to continue the annual payment from the native customs toward the indemnity. The Viceroy praised the conduct of the troops in Pe-Chi-Li, but argued that as they were ignorant of the condition and language of the country, they could not check Chinese brigandage so well as native troops.

CANNOT PREVENT SALE OF WEST INDIES.

London, March 7.—A despatch to The Times from Copenhagen says that in spite of the agitation, it is now impossible to prevent the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. Ninety out of one hundred and fourteen members of the Lower House favor the sale, and it is doubtful if there is a majority against it in the Upper House.

M. LOUBET WILL VISIT RUSSIA.

London, March 7.—A despatch to The Times from Paris says that the Czar of Russia's invitation to President Loubet to visit Russia is couched in affectionate language. The Czar leaves the President to fix the date. The visit will probably be made before the end of May.

GERMANY WANTS A BIG FLEET IN THE CARIBBEAN WATERS.

New York, March 7.—A special cable to The Herald from Berlin says: "I am informed from a trustworthy source that the ultimate object of Prince Henry's visit to Washington is to bring about an agreement by which Germany will be permitted to maintain a large fleet in Caribbean waters to serve for the protection of German settlers and property rights imperilled by the frequent revolutions in South American Republics. In official correspondence the fleet of German warships assembled at La Guayra is styled as the 'American station.' Although the fleet sent to Venezuela for the enforcement of German rights already consists of five vessels, it is intended to steadily increase this number. The difficult issue is the acquisition of a repair dock and coaling station. Hope is entertained here that no objection will be made to the maintenance of the West Indies, because it is intended to be entirely for defensive purposes, and not to acquire territory. It is claimed that representations made by Prince Henry and Dr. Von Holleben, the German Ambassador at Washington, have convinced the officials in Washington that no covert designs are entertained, and that protection only is desired. I am also informed that the German financiers who constructed the Venezuelan railway, which is the subject of pending negotiations between Germany and President Castro's government, are anxious to dispose of their property to American investors. These financiers are represented in New York by Kuhn Loeb & Company. The claim is made that Germany is not in a position to offer adequate protection to German capital and investments in South America, and that the Great North Venezuelan Railway might fare better in the hands of United States capitalists."

PRINCE AT ALBANY.

Albany, N.Y., March 7.—Prince Henry arrived in Albany this morning at 6. The usual ceremonies are being gone through. The Prince is being greeted enthusiastically. He left for West Point at 10.30.

THE WAESLAND SANK IN LESS THAN AN HOUR

Passengers on the Ill-Fated Ship Lost All but the Clothing they Wore

Liverpool, March 8.—The British steamer Harmonides, from Brazilian ports, which was in collision with and sank the steamer Waesland Wednesday night about forty miles southwest of Holyhead and which was towed to this port only this morning has a great hole in her bow. One of the rescued passengers of the Waesland, who was on board the Harmonides, said the Waesland was run into amidships in a fog at midnight, and sank half an hour afterwards, her boilers bursting as she went down. The report that only two of the passengers of the Waesland, a man and a child, lost their lives appears to be confirmed. In addition, one woman was injured. Some of the Waesland's boats were in the water a couple of hours, before, owing to the fog, they could get alongside the Harmonides.

When the Harmonides arrived here her decks were crowded with half-clad passengers of the Waesland, whose pale and haggard faces told the story of their trying experiences. So hurried was the departure of the passengers from the sinking ship that in some cases they were only covered by blankets, and handkerchiefs were their only headgear.

When the disaster occurred on Wednesday night the two vessels were steaming slowly off the coast of the Island of Anglesea. The Harmonides crashed head on into the Waesland, and backed away, but once again struck the then sinking ship, making a great gap in her side.

The sea was perfectly smooth, but the denseness of the fog added to the terrors of the passengers of the Waesland. The women rushed on deck screaming, but were soon reassured by the officers. The boats were quickly lowered, but while this was being done the end of one of the lifeboats slipped from its davits and precipitated the occupants into the sea. A steerage passenger, Edward Dangerfield, of Kansas, struck his head against the boat's fittings and was instantly killed, and Miss Emmett, twelve years old, the daughter of the Rev. A. Emmett, was drowned. The other persons who had been in the boat were picked up.

The behavior of the passengers, many of whom were Scandinavian emigrants, was exemplary. Precedence was given to the women and children.

As the last boats were leaving the fast sinking ship, whose decks were already awash, her boilers burst, and forty minutes after the first impact the Waesland disappeared beneath the waves, sinking about midway between Holyhead and Tuskar Light. Nothing was saved except what the passengers and crew wore. The boats containing the passengers were for a time separated, owing to the fog, but eventually they all reached the sides of the Harmonides and the passengers were taken on board that vessel, where everything possible was done for their comfort.

A pilot boat met the Harmonides off the Island of Anglesea, and communicated the news of the disaster to persons ashore, with the result that tugs were despatched to search for the Harmonides, and accompanied the steamer to this port. Here the passengers were landed and comfortably housed. They will proceed to Philadelphia Wednesday on board the steamer Noordland. The surviving passengers, as a rule, escaped with only a few slight bruises. The Harmonides' stem and bow plates were so torn and twisted that it appeared marvelous that she escaped sinking. She also has a deep rent in her port side.

OFFICERS GRAPHIC STORY.

An officer of the Waesland gives a graphic description of the loss of the steamer. He said:

"I was late in turning in, as the night was foggy, and we were apprehensive. Practically all the passengers had retired. I was taking a last look at the weather, and peered over the ship's side, when, without the slightest warning there came a fearful crash which made the Waesland stagger from stern to stem.

"'My God, we are struck,' I shouted.

"Then there loomed right over our ship's bow the steamer which had run into us. The darkness at that time was almost impenetrable, but there was no mistaking the terrible consequences of such an impact. The nose of the Harmonides appeared to have eaten right into our side. We were going very slowly, with no more speed than was necessary to keep headway. We struck at right angles. A tremendous hole was made, and for a moment the stem of the Harmonides was likely inside our ship.

"A rush of excited people from all parts of the ship immediately ensued. The passengers tumbled up just as they had retired for the night. The men, women and children were in their night dresses. In a few instances the passengers had thrown a shawl or blanket over their shoulders. Terror and bewilderment reigned for a few moments.

"But the passengers gradually ranged themselves in groups about the decks, where they were best sheltered, and the crew worked like clockwork in getting out the boats. The only exception to the good behavior of the passengers was in the case of a saloon passenger who rushed hither and thither, calling in turns on Heaven and earth to rescue him. Fortunately the other passengers were not affected by this man's pitiable mental agony, but were quickly marshalled into the boats.

"The experience in the small boats was trying on account of the darkness and cold. We did not know exactly where we were, and for a long time could not discover the whereabouts of the Harmonides, though she was near by. The boats stood well away from the sinking Waesland, for fear of being sucked down, and we could hear the rending and tearing of her timbers, as she seemed to break in two. Then there was a terrible explosion, as the boilers blew up, and all was over.

"We drifted and rowed for, seemingly, two or three hours, when we finally got in touch with the Harmonides. We had no difficulty in getting on board. All our effects went to the bottom with the Waesland.

"The collision was terrible alike in the suddenness of the shock, and in the completeness of the steamers destruction, and we think we were most fortunate in escaping as we did."

ARABIA IN REVOLT AN APPEAL TO BRITAIN

Powerful Leader Rallies the Numerous Insurgent Tribes

PLOT TO OVERTHROW THE AMEER

Scion of a Redoubtable Dynasty Gains Many Victories—Conquers City of El Riad After Having Assassinated Governor.

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Cairo, Egypt, March 7 — Central Arabia is at present a hotbed of revolt and intertribal wars. Of the rebels Abdul Aziz Ebn Teyoul, a lineal descendant of the once powerful Wahabi ameers, is showing the greatest strength.

Abdul's army now numbers 4,000, and wherever he goes he terrorises the country and gains one victory after another. His latest success was the capture of the city of El Riad, in Central Arabia. This stronghold he entered by stratagem in the middle of the night with only fifty followers.

Abdul's men rode boldly to the palace, and killed the governor of the town and thirty of his retainers.

The garrison of El Riad surrendered and the abdul's army occupied the city.

The British authorities at Aden have received appeals from the governors of the various towns in peril asking for protection against Abdul and his hordes. It is believed that arrangements are now being made to check their progress.

The Wahabi dynasty has long looked for a chance to regain its supremacy. Abdul is taking advantage of the discontent of the inhabitants to overthrow the power of Ibn Rashid, the Ameer of Nejd, and conquer the latter city. Many tribes are flocking to the banner of the new leader.

SERIOUS STATE IN ALBANIA

Vienna, March 7—The Politische Correspondenz reports alarming conditions in Albania, European Turkey.

A formidable force of rebels is said to be besieging the seaport of Avlona, which is entirely cut off from the outside world.

According to the Politische Correspondenz twenty-six Albanian towns have resolved to demonstrate their independence of the rule of the Sultan of Turkey by refusing to pay any more taxes.

Anarchy prevails in the districts of El Bassan and Tirana, according to the reports, where the insurgents have compelled the authorities to open the jails and release the prisoners.

The Women of Canada Are Becoming Proficient in the Work Of Mat and Rug Making

The City and Town Fairs and Exhibitions held last autumn in the various provinces of our Dominion have fully demonstrated the fact that the women of Canada are rapidly becoming proficient in the art of making mats and rugs.

In the sections of Canada's fairs devoted to women's work, the display of mats and rugs made from the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns was most varied and attractive, and claimed the attention of tens of thousands. The prize winners (who used the Diamond Dyes to color their rags and other materials from which the rugs were made) all agreed that the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns were the best and easiest to work up.

If you would like to make up a choice mat or rug, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive full range of new designs.

Thinner Than a Rail

Spending every day as much energy as you make, and if the balance goes a little further, well, you get thinner. Not wise to go that way longer. Better use Ferrozone, you will digest more—a little gain the first week, but the gain keeps growing. Not quite so thin! Keep right on, only don't take Ferrozone too long or you will get too fat. Then your blood will be rich, your heart strong, you won't puff so much, you won't get tired quickly. Fat, blood, strength, you have them all with Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Items of Interest

Copenhagen, March 7. — The Mormon missionaries propaganda here has become so active that they are distributing literature even within the Danish churches, urging young girls to attend Mormon meetings. Statistics show that one out of every twenty two Danish emigrants to the United States becomes a Mormon. The clergy in connection with the Government are continuing their plans to put an end to the proselytizing.

OUTBREAK OF CHOLERA

Constantinople, March 8.—Cholera has broken out among the pilgrims at Medina. One hundred and ten deaths from the disease have occurred.

London, March 7.—King Edward, accompanied by Queen Alexandra, laid the foundation stone of the new Royal Naval College for cadets at Dartmouth to-day, and thereby, figuratively speaking, scuttled the old training ship Britannia, the alma mater of all the present generation of British naval officers. The royal party travelled from London by the train built at a cost of £40,000 for Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee, and covered the whole distance, 235 miles, without a stoppage. On their arrival at Dartmouth their Majesties were met by the Lords of the Admiralty, and drove through the decorated town to the college grounds, where they were received by a guard of honor of cadets. The laying of the foundation stone was accompanied by the usual ceremonial, papers and coins were deposited in a casket made of oak from the Britannia which was placed beneath the stone.

Emperor William of Germany was represented by the German schoolship Moltke, whose cadets were drawn up on the grounds and inspected by the King. Their Majesties afterwards proceeded to Plymouth, where Queen Alexandra tomorrow will christen the British first-class battleship Queen.

An unsophisticated person who happened to drop into pugilistic circles these days might easily guess that there were more prize-fights being held in and around New York than ever before. Tickets for such events can be obtained for almost any night in the week at the usual places. Few of these events, however, violate the law. They are merely fake fights that are part of a swindling scheme. The tip is circulated that there is to be a fight and that tickets are on sale. Everyone purchasing a ticket is pledged to secrecy and impressed with the consequences if the police should discover it. When the crowd is assembled and the fighters just ready to enter the ring, someone shouts "fire!" or "Police!" and a stampede follows which leaves behind only the fighters and their confederates. True sportsmen unless the scheme is checked soon some interesting developments are promised.

Shanghai, March 7.—The foreign residents of Kobe, Japan, at a mass meeting recently held decided to refuse payment of the new taxation on property as a violation of treaties until the question is definitely settled between the powers and Japan.

MAY TIE UP NAVIGATION.

Chicago March 7.—Upon the result of a series of conferences now being held in Chicago, apparently depends the inauguration of a lockout which may result in tieing up navigation on the Great Lakes. This lock-out if inaugurated will affect the 2,000 members of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective Association, composed of the captains and engineers of the tugs running out of twenty-eight harbors along the lakes. The difficulty is over an alleged attempt on the part of the Great Lakes Towing Company otherwise known as the Tug Trust, to lengthen working hours.

London, March 7.—No further news has been received here regarding the Cunard Line steamer Etruria from New York, February 22, for Queenstown and Liverpool, which is in tow, disabled, on her way to the Azores Islands. The officials of the Cunard Line declare there is no cause for alarm.

LORD PAUNCEFOTE'S SUCCESSOR

London, March 7. — The Yorkshire Post to-day says it learns that Hon. Alfred Lyttelton is likely to succeed Lord Pauncefote as British Ambassador at Washington.

London, March 7.—There was a striking scene in the City Temple yesterday, when during the course of his sermon, the Rev. Joseph Parker, D.D., the minister, administered a pointed rebuke to King Edward, which was loudly applauded by the congregation. Having alluded to public-houses as "trap-doors of hell," Dr. Parker referred to the King's recent brewing of beer while visiting Lord Burton.

"Pray for me," said the divine, "that I may speak delicately loyally. If the King brews beer, what can be wrong in the subject drinking it? What the King does is likely to be imitated by others. His Majesty is more than a man, and must regard all questions from a kindly view point. If the King goes to a Sunday concert, as he did recently, he deals a deadly blow to the Englishmen's Sunday. The King cannot attend a nonconformist place of worship, but he can go to a Sunday concert."

This remark called forth cries of "Shame," and Dr. Parker continued:

"If the King, who is the head of the Church, and defender of the faith, can violate the English Sunday, what can the people do but follow in his steps? I would rather, give a great sum in gold than appear to be disloyal, but I cannot be disloyal to Christ, and it is better that these things should be said."

THE ONTARIO ACCIDENT COMPANY

It is with very great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the splendid report of the above Company published in this issue.

Perhaps there are few accident insurance Companys better known in this locality than the "Ontario," not only because of the large number of policy holders resident here, but because of the number of claims that have been satisfactorily—not to say generously—settled by the company.

We notice that no less than 1175 claims were presented and settled during the year. What that means in comfort and happiness to those injured, no one can tell. Accident and Sickness insurance has come very rapidly to the front of late years, as this Company evidences and very few of our citizens are without this safe, sure and steady provision against accidental injury.

Although the company is only in its seventh year, it has obtained a wide popularity and a large income, amounting to $125,000 last year. This speaks volumes, not only for the attractive plans of the company, but for the confidence and esteem of the efforts of the field staff.

We heartily congratulate the Vice President, Mr. A. L. Eastmure, and the local general agent, Mr. George K. Martin, on the fine showing made by the report, and confidently look forward to even better things in future.

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR'S APPALING COST

The War Will be One of the Most Expensive in the World's History

SAYS THE NEW YORK WORLD

But That Paper Forgets to Tell Its Readers That the Philippine War has Cost [illegible] Nearly as Much.

New York, March 7.—The success of Lord Kitchener's block house policy in South Africa and the gradual wearing away of the Boer forces encourage London prophets once more to fix a period to the hostilities which they now hope to see ended in September. Meanwhile a London authority has estimated that the total cost of the war will be equivalent to the weight in gold of all the Boer armies or to $20 for every acre of the crushed Republic.

If all Great Britain's conquests had been as dearly bought her 11,167,304 square miles of colonies would have cost $112,941,491,200, a sum four times as great as the combined public debt of all the nations of the world to-day, and fifty-four times as large as the debt of the United States in 1865. Add the cost in blood and suffering, the loss of prestige and the alienation of traditional allies, and the price paid for wiping out the Boers is indeed one that "staggers humanity."

THE PHILIPPINE WAR

The war in the Philippine Islands, which is being waged by the United States, has cost the latter country about $750,000,000, directly and indirectly. This is a statement recently made on the floor of the House of Representatives. That Uncle Sam will have quite as large a bill to pay as Great Britain, many believe. The strain is beginning to be felt. When the pension lists are completed, in connection with the war, the figures will be appalling.

Are You Deaf?

All deafness is not curable, but doctors state that ninety per cent. of impaired hearing is due to inflammation of the Eustachian tubes and can be treated with certainty of success by Catarrhozone, which gives instant relief to Catarrh in any part of the system. Catarrhozone is extremely pleasant and simple to use, and sufferers from any form of deafness are advised to use it. Thousands of cases are on record where Catarrhozone has perfectly restored lost hearing, and what it has done for others it can do for you. Procure Catarrhozone from your druggist. Price $1, small size, 25c., or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

POST-MORTEM EXAMINATION

On Death of David Valentine Held at St. Thomas on Thursday

The post mortem examination ordered by the Attorney General's Department, on the body of David Valentine who was frozen to death near Burleigh, was held in the city of St. Thomas on Thursday morning. Drs. Gustin and Lawrence performed the examination and removed the stomach which was put in a bottle containing alcohol, in case it was found necessary to send it to Toronto. The result of the examination is that the doctors are of the opinion that deceased was not foully dealt with. The remains were re-interred in St. Thomas by undertaker P. Williams.

The writ for the coroners inquest has been withdrawn since the coroner received the above report.

A MARVELLOUS SPRING HEALTH GIVER AND INVIGORATOR

Paine's Celery Compound Purifies the Blood as Nothing Else Can Do

IT NOURISHES THE TIRED BRAIN AND BRACES THE WEAK NERVES

Paine's Celery Compound purifies the blood as nothing else can do; it is nature's brain food; it builds up weak and shattered nerves; it is the world's best and surest health-giver.

Paine's Celery Compound taken during the opening of spring, has a remarkable efficacy in making sick people well and strong. It makes short work of debility and nervous exhaustion. It quickly drives out neuralgia, rheumatism, sleeplessness and dyspepsia from the system. Its virtues promptly banish kidney disease and liver troubles. It enables all weak and rundown men and women to cast off their besetting troubles and gives them a happy and vigorous life. Mr. Charles E. Beck, Goderich, Ont., whose life was directly saved by use of Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines had failed to do any good work, writes as follows:

"I am a tanner by trade, and about thirteen years ago had an attack of rheumatic fever. While recovering I took a cold and had a relapse which ended in inflammatory rheumatism, and I was laid up for years. I was also afflicted with sleeplessness, and my doctor said I would not live to see my thirtieth year. While almost giving up in despair your Paine's Celery Compound was recommended. I bought a bottle and used it, and to my surprise it gave me natural sleep and rest. After using six bottles I was entirely cured. My wife also used your medicine for insomnia, and before she used one whole bottle was entirely cured."

Mr. Jas. Wilson, a prominent Goderich druggist, says, "I know Mr. Beck intimately, and can vouch for what he says about Paine's Celery Compound."

THE WARLIKE ATTITUDE OF GERMANY AND BRITAIN

A Deep Seated Feeling of Hatred in Germany Against Everything British

A WAR THAT IS SURE TO COME, IN THE FUTURE

Germany Sees in Britains World Empire the Chief Bar to its Own Dream of Colonial Expansion

New York, March 8—The Sun, in a thoughtful article says: "While sensible Americans see in Prince Henry's visit only an occasion for the interchange of international courtesies, a much more serious view of the incident is taken by some English observers. They imagine that they discern in it the latest, and, possibly, the most successful move in a long series of demonstrations inimical to England; demonstrations in which the German people and the German Government have combined with unusual unanimity. They assert that in Germany the utterances of the press, of military societies, of the navy league and of commercial associations, and even the very schoolbooks, are tainted with anglophobia, and that, if the whole German nation has not yet been wrought up to the point of picking a quarrel with Great Britain, it is because the fomenters of race hatred are aware that the German fleet is, as yet unequal even to the defence of German commerce. As Prof. Delbruck lately pointed out in the Preussische Jahrbucher, it is to-day utterly impossible for German policy to place itself on a hostile footing toward England. He added, however, that, even though the Boers should now succumb temporarily, they will be by no means dead and done with, and the day will come when a Germany, mighty on the sea, will stand by the Afrikanders.

Quite a long list of grievances is put forward by those Englishmen who insist that the popular hatred of their country exhibited in Germany is reflected in the deliberate policy of the Berlin Government. We are reminded that, when a dispute arose between France and Great Britain on the subject of Siam, the Berlin Government threw the weight of its influence on the side of France, and that, when a British Foreign Secretary strove to stop the massacres of Christians in Armenia, the Sultan was upheld by Germany against the well-meant efforts of Great Britain. It is further asserted that President Kruger was largely brought to the pitch of resistance to the British demand for concessions to the Uitlanders by the knowledge that the Berlin Government had entered into secret negotiations with a foreign power for the purpose of enabling German marines to march to Pretoria. Germany is also charged with exerting her influence as the friend and ally of Italy to persuade that power to place her subjects in the Transvaal under the Kaiser's protection.

As for the famous telegram sent by William II to President Kruger on the morrow of the Jameson Raid, the fact is recalled that the despatch was explained to the German Parliament by the Kaiser's official spokesman as a feeler put out toward the other European powers for the purpose of ascertaining whether they would combine with Germany in favor of the Boers. The latest outcome of German anglophobia, according to the English onlookers who take a dismal view of the situation, is a well-laid plan to isolate or weaken Great Britain by estranging from her the United States. The first step in this direction, they say, was taken when the Berlin government without consulting the British Foreign Office, published the text of the threatening note which, on April 14, 1898, the British Embassador at Washington proposed to send to President McKinley on the part of the great European powers. The next step, we are told, was the visit of Prince Henry to President Roosevelt.

Americans, themselves, have long since recognized that the German people, which once was friendly, has gradually become unfriendly, if not positively hostile, to Great Britain; and that the Berlin Government must needs see in England's world's empire the chief bar to the fulfilment of its own dream of colonial expansion. We have also been inclined to believe that if the immense additions to the German navy, which are now under way, have any specific purpose, they are aimed at England's outlying possessions than at the United States. Between an exchange of hospitalities and an entangling alliance stretches a gulf that we shall never cross.

INQUEST AT THE GAOL

An Old Inmate Died on Thursday—Inquest Held Yesterday

Isaac Covert an aged indigent, who for some years past has been an inmate of the County Gaol, died in that place on Thursday morning and an inquest was held yesterday before Coroner Grey. The jury was empannelled as follows: Messrs. W. A. Fife, Wm. Montgomery, Thos. Rainer, Geo. Rose, Thos. Lytle, R. H. Smith, Alex McGregor, C. Brooks, H. Dooman, R. Tice, M. Dunn, M. James, E. Waterson and J. Cunningham.

After reviewing the remains and hearing the report of the gaol physician and gaol officers the verdict returned was that "the late Isaac Covert came to his death from Cholera, old age, and infirmity."

Deceased was born in Belmont and was about 70 years of age. He was well known around town a few years ago, but of late has been very helpless and was cared for in the gaol.

MAY LEAVE TOWN

The Lamp Department of the C. G. E. Co. Likely to Go to Toronto

There is some talk of a change being made in the Electric Works. The lamp department which gives employment to about one hundred hands is likely to be transferred to Toronto. This, branch of the works is a very important one, and one in which good wages are paid. It is to be hoped that the Manufacturers Committee of the Council, and the Board of Trade will take this matter up, and, if possible induce the company to let that branch of the works remain in Peterborough. A move must be made at once and all the influence that can be brought to bear on the company should be used.

This town is rapidly becoming a large manufacturing centre and we must keep what we have if possible.

A FINE TEAM

Father Phelan, of Young's Point Has a Nobby Pair of Greys

Rev. Father Phelan, the popular Parish Priest of St. Paul's Church, Young's Point, recently purchased as fine a pair of young driving horses as are to be found in the district. They were secured down east and were driven to the Point by Mr. B. Phelan, of town. Father Phelan has also secured a new outfit of cutter, carriage and handsome robes.

The Times has a sort of a hazy idea that while Father "Joe" no doubt will give his church work every attention, he may perhaps find time to drive into town occasionally, especially when a good lacrosse match is to be played.

Pleuretic Pains a Danger Signal

Prompt treatment is essential. Bathe the region of pain immediately with Polson's Nerviline, and quickly bind on a hot bandage sprinkled with Nerviline. Never known to fail. Cures almost instantly. Neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism and lumbago are cured by Nerviline just as readily. Polson's Nerviline cures all pain, and is the best household liniment known. Large bottle 25c.

A SPLENDID PROGRAM

Will be Presented at the Closing Exercises of the Y.M.C.A. Gymnasium

The physical director and a committee of the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium are making preparations for grand closing exercises on the 4th of April. This event will mark the close of the gymnasium for the season. The entertainment promises to be very interesting and will consist of dumb bell and wand drills, fancy and military marching, sword exercises, fencing etc. An admission fee will be charged, the proceeds to go in aid of the gymnasium fund.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Mostly fair, not much change in temperature.

The weather is mild in the Lake Region, and moderately cold elsewhere in Canada and these conditions are unlikely to change much during to-day and on Saturday.

To be Rebuilt

The Crystal Block which was destroyed by fire a few weeks ago, is to be rebuilt and over hauled. Instead of two stores on the ground floor, the building will be divided into three or four. The work will be commenced in the course of a few days.

MANY DON'T KNOW

Lack of Right Food is the Cause of Sickness

It is hardly fair to blame the doctor for not curing the patient when the patient attempts to live on food that furnishes the wrong kind of nourishment. When sickness comes on it is a pretty good sign that the food is not keeping the body up. There are thousands of cases where a change in food alone has brought the sick one out into a prime condition of health.

As an illustration. A lady in Riverside, Calif., says, "After ten years of service as a teacher, during which time I suffered three or four attacks of la grippe, I finally found myself a physical wreck. Medical treatment would help my strength and vitality temporarily but I would always go back.

Husband and I moved to California in the hopes that this genial climate would restore me. I got better for a while but in a few months became so weak and debilitated that we were in despair.

Finally through the influence of a friend I changed my diet and began using Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee. I used Grape-Nuts at two of my meals each day and have gained 16 pounds in weight and the increase in strength is really wonderful.

I am back to the healthy, good feelings of my girlhood days. I enjoy Postum better than any beverage I have ever used. My friends remark on my improved condition and I am impelled to write this letter with profound gratitude, hoping that many others may be induced to go and do likewise. I have proved that health is the natural consequence of properly selected food. Please do not use my name but I will be glad to reply to any inquiries." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

POSSIBILITIES OF PROFIT

through mediums of dealing in Wall St., concisely outlined, together with best methods of trading, to secure best results; also, complete information relative to every security dealt in upon the Exchanges; all contained in our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors,"

which, we publish, for free distribution. Our

"Daily Market Letter,"

issued gratis every afternoon assists the operator to a wonderful degree, in his endeavor to profitably catch the turns of the market.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1886. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NEILSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 8, 1902

BRITAIN AND CANADA

It is just as well to look facts in the face, and ask ourselves where we should be if the improbable were to happen and the British navy were annihilated. The supremacy of the British navy is our best guarantee for peaceable progress in the development of our gigantic country. Are we paying the equivalent of a handsome premium upon this valuable insurance policy? What promise have we for the future if the John Bull Insurance Company fail?

The form which our contribution shall take is a reasonable matter for political, even for party discussion. Probably most men would agree that any scheme should provide that the ship, or ships, built with Canadian money should be largely officered and manned by Canadians, at all events as soon as their technical training in the use of the mighty engines of modern naval warfare was sufficiently advanced. These, however, are all minor considerations to the initial fact that, in some shape or form, Canada should contribute to the support of the flag which protects her and which ensures respect of her citizens without their incurring anything like the burthen of cost per capita which falls upon the citizens of the motherland.

We should be glad to hear suggestions as to what form our contribution should take.

Pill-Dosed with nauseous, big purgers, prejudice people against pills generally. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are revolutionizing the pill demand—they're so pleasant and easy to take—the doses are small and so is the price, 10 cents for 40 doses. Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation dispelled. Works like a charm.—33

WEST PETERBOROUGH

By reference to a notice in another column it will be seen that a mass meeting of the supporters of the Ross Government will be held in Bradburn's Opera House on Saturday for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest West Peterborough at the coming general elections. The nomination meeting has been called, and we suppose will have to go through the form of "constitutionally" nominating a candidate. It goes without saying, though nobody in West Peterborough has any right to assume that he is "the only pebble on the beach," that Hon. J. R. Stratton will be nominated, and it equally goes without saying that he will be elected, for it does not seem that any opposition, in sight, or concealed, for the matter of that, stands a ghost of a show of dislodging the member for West Peterborough from the position of popularity and prominence he seems to have earned through his many years' able representation of the riding. Though The Times has not always seen eye to eye with Mr. Stratton, nor approved of his course in every respect, but we have watched his career and believe that he is the man best qualified to give West Peterborough and especially the town the effective service which will contribute to her best interests. The Times thinks that Mr. Stratton, since he became Provincial Secretary, has used the greater influence a cabinet position naturally gives a member of the riding, to give the town and county an excellent service, and The Times will give him a chance as far as its support goes to show what he can do, and we believe he can and will do a great deal to help advance the welfare and progress of the town and county.

There are many good points about Mr. Stratton but one thing that gives him his strength in the riding is that he makes no enemies, and many friends, for if he can do a constituent or anybody else a favor or good turn he will do it, and it is well known that he never spares effort in any direction that can benefit the town and county of Peterborough.

The Times believes that Hon. Mr. Stratton will make the best representative this riding can have, and if he should be nominated, next Saturday, as he is almost dead sure to be, we will give him our support.

Bright's Disease — Insidious! deceptive! relentless! has foiled hundreds of trials by medical science to stem the tide of its ravages—and not until South American Kidney Cure proved beyond a doubt its power to turn back the tide, was there a glimmer of anything but despair for the victims of this dread form of kidney [illegible]—39

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

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"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

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Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

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"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, arn't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

De Style—Why did you tie that medal to your dog's collar?

Gunbusta—He saved my life.

De Style—In what way?

Gunbusta—Had he bit me I would have died from hydrophobia.

De Style—What has that to do with saving your life?

Gunbusta—He never bit me.

◆◆◆

"Have you named the baby?" asked the admiring neighbor.

"Not yet," said the proud young mother. "We're going to christen him Sunday."

"Dear me! What an odd name! I'd almost as soon call him after Robinson Crusoe's man Friday and be done with it."—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

How sad it is to walk into
  A puddle in the street
And spoil the shine upon the shoes
  That looked at first so neat!

More joyous far to sheer away
  With speed and skill and grace,
And stand and watch while someone else
  Explores the awful place.
—Buffalo Express.

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There was just one case before the recent session of the Cumberland Quarter Sessions Court, in England, the other day, that of an old woman who was charged with stealing sixpence. But no departure was made from the regular procedure. A grand jury, thirty-six common jurymen, an array of constables and clerks, a bench of Justices, under the presidency of the Right Hon. James Lowther, member of Parliament, dealt with the matter.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganised us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

The old Teutonic baker was somewhat deaf.

"I say," yelled the customer, scrutinizing his change. "I don't think this is good."

"Vot?" asked the baker, holding his hand to his ear.

"I don't think this half-dollar is good."

"Speak louder, mein frient."

"I say I want a better half!"

The old man's face brightened.

"Oh, you vant a bedder half. Vell, mein frient, dis vas no matrimonial bureau; ut vas a bake shop."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

A correspondent sends a number of the strange messages received by teachers in elementary schools. Here, for example, is one from a mother who objects to physical culture:

"Miss Brown—You must stop teach my Lizzie fisical torture—she needs reading and figers more than that. If I want her to do jumpin' I kin make her jump."

And here are two miscellaneous notes:

"Miss B.—Please let Willie home at 2 o'clock. I take him out for a little pleasure to see his grandfather's grave."

"Dear Teacher—Please excuse Fritz for staying home—he had the meesells—to oblige his father."—Tit-Bits.

◆◆◆

A celebrated quack was once visited by an old acquaintance from the country, who addressed him as "Zam."

"I'm glad to see thee'st get on so vinely, Zam," said the rustic. "But how is't, man? Thee know'st thee never had no more brains nor a pumpkin."

Taking him to a window, the quack bade him count the passers-by.

"How many have passed?" asked the quack, after a few minutes.

"Nointy or a hundred."

"And how many wise men do you suppose were among this hundred?"

"Mayhap one."

"Well, all the rest are mine."

◆◆◆

A teacher in a Texas public school received the following letter the other day:—

"Sir,—Will you in the future give my son easier sums to do at nites? This is what he brought hoam two or three nites back: 'If fore gallins of bere will fill thirty to pint bottles, how many pints and half bottles will nine gallins of bere fil?' Well, we tried and could make nothin' of it at all, and my boy cried and laughed and sed he didn't dare to go bak in the mornin' without doin' it. So I had to go and buy a nine-gallin keg of bere, which I could ill afford to do, and then he went and borrowed a lot of wine and brandy bottles. We fil them, and my boy put the number down for an answer. I don't know whether it is right or not, as we spilt some while doin' it. P.S.—Please let the next sums be in water, as I am not able to buy more bere."

Horse Sense.

"Any fool can take a horse to water, but it takes a wise man to make him drink," says the proverb. The horse eats when hungry and drinks when thirsty. A man eats and drinks by the clock, without regard to the needs of nature. Because of careless eating and drinking "stomach trouble" is one of commonest of diseases. Sour and bitter risings, belchings, unnatural fulness after eating, dizziness, headache, and many other symptoms mark the beginning and progress of disease of the stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures through the stomach diseases of other organs which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach, and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. It strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, cures obstinate cough and heals weak lungs.

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PHRENOLOGIST

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SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

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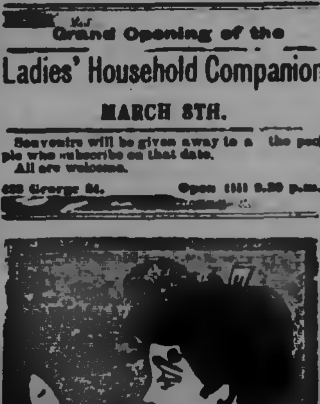

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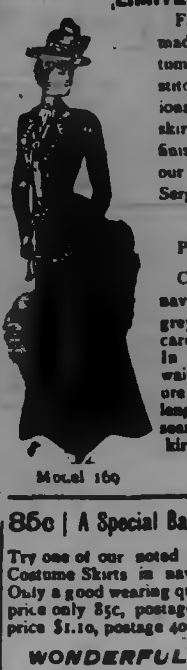

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The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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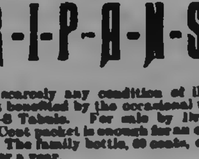

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The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

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Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

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The Dominion Brewery Co. LIMITED

They are finest and purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty
To be had at all first class dealers.

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MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
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99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

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GUIPURE D'ART LACES ALL MAKES, COLLARETTES, HOUSEHOLD LINENS

POPULAR PARCEL $5.10

Lot No. 300 contains:—1 pair Rich Artistic Drawing-Room Curtains, 4 yds. long, 2 yds. wide. 2 pairs alike, Handsome Dining-Room Curtains, choice old lace design, 3½ yds. long, 60 in. wide, 1 pair neat Floral Pattern Bed-Room Curtains, 3 yds. long, 50 in. wide, 1 pair new fashionable Sash Curtains, 1 table centre, renaissance design, 1 Set of Duchess Toilet Covers, one 45 in. long, and five smaller. Ecru if desired. On receipt of Post Office Order for $6.30, the lot sent per Parcel Post, direct to your address in Canada well packed in oilcloth.

Customers throughout the Empire testify to the reliable work, Marvellous Value, and Durability. First Prize Medals, Toronto 1892; Chicago, 1893.

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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

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The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

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The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steam fitting in all their different branches, a most reasonable charges.

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General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Information given kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and [illegible] Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, removes the pain, thereby bringing back lost power. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of you have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, diminished discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me or I will examine you free of charge. My Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby avoiding cutting or stretching unnecessarily, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous Diseases, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Stomach, Female troubles.

REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write is receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave. DETROIT, MICH.

The amiable gentleman stepped on a banana peel, pirouetted and dropped.

A large number of people laughed.

"See all those people laughing," said the sympathetic friends.

"Yes," said the amiable gentleman, with a smile; "they seem to be enjoying themselves hugely."

"Doesn't their laughing make you angry?"

"Not at all. It doesn't hurt me in the slightest, either morally, physically or pecuniarly. And I rejoice in the fact that the average of human happiness has been elevated just that much.—Washington Star.

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the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your

"Line's Busy."

Public Telephone Stations are for This Class of Business.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
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We Use
THE TYPOGRAPH
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25 Cents each
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[37]
Double Value!
—who'd refuse it?
Cottams Seed.
—'nough said.
[illegible]

Progress of Marconi.

There is a good deal of inspiration in the steady progress of Marconi, five years ago an utterly unknown man, with his faith in himself as his chief asset, to his present position of world-wide fame. The record is brief and marked by stages so well defined as to lend themselves easily to succinct statement:—

1896—In July Mr. G. Marconi, then 22 years of age, arrived in England from Italy, bringing with him a method of sending messages across space without intervening wires. The first trials in England were made between a room in the General Postoffice, London, and an impromptu station on the roof some 100 yards distant.

1897—On Salisbury Plain—2 miles.

1897—Across Bristol Channel—8 miles.

1897—At Spezia, Italy, between a warship and the shore—12 miles.

1897—Between Salisbury and Bath—34 miles.

1899 (April 27)—Between England and France—32 miles.

1899—At the naval manoeuvres—60 miles.

1900—Between Belgium and England—90—100 miles.

1900—Between war vessels of the British navy up to 150 miles.

1901 (August 16)—Between Lucania and Nantucket lightship—287 miles.

1901 (December 12)—Between Cornwall and Newfoundland—2,000 miles.

Popular Literature.

The popularity test of literature is so rapidly becoming, in the general estimate, the all-important test that the consideration of the reasons why people buy certain popular books is one of the interesting commercial as well as literary problems of the day. It is a curious fact that no theatrical manager can tell whether a play will fail or succeed, nor can the shrewdest publisher predict the fate of a book. "The public simply takes the bit in its teeth now and then," says the organ of one of the big New York publishing houses, "and runs away with the play or book—why, nobody knows. Last fall the public was running away with a novel called "The Right of Way"; and in order, if possible, to ascertain why, the publishers printed several advertisements in the daily press of the country asking readers to kindly say why they read this book. The replies were curious. From all over America and Canada came letters—1,486 in all. These were carefully tabulated with this result:—

711	said they had heard it favorably spoken of by friends who had either read it serially or in book form.
468	had seen it advertised or both advertised and reviewed.
114	had read reviews of it.
86	had read something the author had written previously and liked his style.
84	had read the serial themselves, and wanted the book in consequence.
23	replies gave frivolous reasons—"because they had the price," because "a fool and his money are soon parted," because "they were dull and wanted something exciting," because "they wanted something to talk about," because "they read all the new books," "they wanted to be up-to-date," etc., etc.

All this leaves the publisher pretty much where he started. But one thing is clear. While readers, in the long run, are the best advertisers, it is the review, and in some cases, as in this one, the serial publication at the outset, that sets them talking. In other words, the first vogue of the popular novel is due apparently to the man who reviews it."

Cause of Kingly Ills.

The pessimistic anticipations which are expressed from time to time with regard to the health of the King seem to have ceased for the time, but the undercurrent of alarm remains as strong, almost, as ever. Sensational reports are still going about, and find their chief sanction in the fact that the King has lost within a comparatively short space of time a brother and a sister from the fell disease which, according to popular rumor, he believes to be threatening his own life. Three of Queen Victoria's children, it will be remembered, died during her lifetime, and one other, the late Queen's eldest daughter, widow of the late German Emperor Frederick, has died only a few months after the death of her mother.

A recent article in The Dublin Freeman's Journal, perhaps of Ireland, which has attracted Justin McCarthy's favorable comment, insists that one main cause of illnesses which at present affect so many royal houses in Europe is to be found in the fact that "the sovereigns of Europe have disregarded the great law of nature which discountenances the marriage of near blood relations." The article goes on to say that while "there are in Europe over a score of Emperors, Kings and minor reigning sovereigns. . . . all but two are the descendants of James I. of England, the only child of the marriage of Darnley and Mary Queen of Scots."

The King of Sweden is the descendant of Marshal Bernadotte, one of the soldiers whom the great Napoleon raised from the ranks and set upon a throne, and the Prince of Montenegro, who became a sovereign ruler within the recollection of us all, are almost the only two exceptions. The result of this condition of things naturally is that European Princes and Princesses are compelled to marry "in and in"—in other words, their marriage consorts have to be found in families more or less nearly related to their own.

At present there is hardly a European imperial or royal family which is not oppressed by serious and boding illness of some kind, and it is only reasonable to say that some explanation of this fact may be found in this system of intermarriage. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, in many ways, the worst dynasty that ever ruled over England, should have so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

"You are indeed my treasure,"
I gently said to her;
She blushed and said with pleasure:
"Then be my treasurer!"
—Chicago News.

* * *

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with [illegible]
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness [illegible]
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we [illegible]
We tramp it under foot and [illegible]—
"Tis not the snow we used to [illegible]

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

A Boston woman will agitate for a law prohibiting the boiling or roasting of chestnuts, on the ground that it involves painful death of worms "whose right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is no less than that of the *most highly dowered man*."

Last summer Doctor Berson, the German aeronaut, accompanied by Doctor Suering, made a balloon ascent from Berlin, and attained the enormous altitude of about 33,000 feet, or six and a quarter miles. Then they lost consciousness, so that, although they descended safely, they have no record to show what the maximum height attained may have been.

The laurels have been stripped from Byron's brow and also from Leander's by two plucky women who have just succeeded in swimming across the Hellespont at its widest part—which is about two miles. They are Miss Wood, daughter of Vice-Admiral Wood of the English navy, and the wife of the German military attache at Constantinople.

One New York hotel that suffered severely from the souvenir spoon and salt-cellar mania adopted the plan of notifying guests that each waiter was responsible individually for all articles on his table, and would have to make good any loss. This reduced the taking of spoons to a robbery of the waiter instead of the hotel, and even the souvenir hunter has some conscience about such a theft.

The postal savings bank building in Amsterdam, Holland, is being constructed by the "Monier system," a new method of construction. A steel framework, like a bird-cage in appearance, is enveloped in Portland cement, which prevents the steel from rusting, while the cement itself is rendered elastic. This construction is said to be strong, fireproof and waterproof, and to be growing in favor in Europe for government buildings and factories.

The moment a man ceases to grow he begins to diminish. Such is the conclusion at which a German physician has arrived, after several months' careful study of the subject of human height. Men, so it is asserted, begin to grow smaller in their thirty-fifth year, and women a little before they are forty. Men, however, stop growing when they are thirty, and for five or six years their stature remains stationary. Then it decreases, at first very slowly, but afterwards more rapidly.

The Presidents that Ohio has given to the United States have been pursued by a curious and most lamentable fatality. Of the four, only President Hayes survived office. Garfield and McKinley were assassinated, and William Henry Harrison served but one month of his term. Ohio men have been elected to five terms in office, but succeeded in serving only nine years and one month of the twenty years—Harrison one month, Garfield six months, Hayes four years, and McKinley four years and six months.

Had not King Edward issued a decree to the effect that widows of peers who have contracted marriages with commoners had forfeited thereby their prerogatives as peeresses of the realm, there might have appeared among the latter at Westminster Abbey on the day of the coronation a coal black negress of the Hottentot type, arrayed in the ermine trimmed red velvet robes and the gold coronet of her rank as a countess. For the dusky widow of the late Earl of Stamford has since his death married a Boer named Pieter Pieterse, and has made her home in South Africa since her unsuccessful attempt to prove the rights of her son to his father's earldom.

Dr. Drummond's Chinese Dinner.

DR. W. H. DRUMMOND, the author of those fascinating delineations of the habitants' life, underwent a novel experience at Vancouver the other day when he was entertained to dinner in Chinatown. Dr. Drummond, it appears, is intensely interested in the conditions surrounding the life of the Chinese, and it was with a view to aiding him in his observations that the Chinese dinner was arranged for him by a few friends. It was held at the Quang Fong Low restaurant, in Dupont street. The front of the restaurant was gaily lit with lanterns in honor of the distinguished guest. Eight others sat down with Dr. Drummond at the round table, which had been decorated in customary Chinese fashion. The array of preliminary sweetmeats having been sampled, the dinner proper began. The time of the commencement was 10 o'clock and the meal lasted until 2 in the morning; no time was wasted, however, as the bill of fare was a formidable one, consisting of no less than 15 courses. They were as follows: 1. Stewed shark fins. 2. Pigeon with mushrooms. 3. Birdsnest soup. 4. Stewed chicken. 5. Boiled fish tripe. 6. Duck and tomato sauce. 7. Hairy mushrooms. 8. Duck and shellfish sauce. 9. Chicken with green peppers. 10. Sliced chicken. 11. Shrimps. 12. Pigeons. 13. Duck cooked in melon. 14. Sliced chicken and pineapple. 15. Ground almond gruel.

There were one or two extras, as to the composition of which the bravest did not dare enquire. The viands were handled more or less clumsily with ivory chopsticks and were washed down with many a "yum poy" of orange wine and the inevitable tea. After the usual toasts the doctor thanked his entertainers in a characteristic speech, stating that the evening had been one of the most enjoyable in his experience, and one of which he would ever retain a happy remembrance. All one can say is that the doctor must have a peculiarly good digestion.

A Prophecy.

Some eight or nine months ago a self-appointed prophet, residing, as his fellows generally do, on the Continent, predicted that in about two centuries the lunatic asylums all over the world would be empty. Last, however, the actual generations should rejoice in anticipation of the happy condition of their posterity, he proceeded to explain, and the explanation, though short, was to the point, and did not lack a substratum of far-seeing philosophy. The madhouses would be untenanted not because there would not be any demented people, but because there would not be a sufficient number of sane folk to conduct them [illegible] to [illegible].

Information For the Farmer.

Fifty Fowls Enough.

On nearly all farms, except where special attention is given to poultry culture, I would say, keep fifty fowls of one variety, and no more. See that these are good ones, and try each year to improve on them by bringing in some fresh blood from a good strain, and by keeping over only the best of what you have raised yourself. After following this plan for a few years, I am sure you will not return to the old way of over-stocking the place with scrub fowls. The same careful attention should be given to the feeding and care of the poultry as to other stock on the farm, and to insure such attention and make this branch a success, some one of the family should take the matter in hand and see to it that the poultry-house is kept clean, the hens fed regularly, and as far as possible all the waste of the family table, the dairy and the field is turned into eggs and meat.—Poultry Monthly.

Do Poultry Spread Diphtheria?

Do poultry spread diphtheria? is a question which has been raised in one of the Provincial papers, says The Sanitary Record. The possibility of infection from this source, when the filthy conditions under which fowls are often kept are considered, is by no means remote. As every poultry-keeper knows, fowls are peculiarly subject to a disease which is analogous to diphtheria in man, known as diphtheritic croup or "canker." This is produced by filthy surroundings, and is so infectious that, once it gets thoroughly hold of a pen of birds, it kills them off in scores, and there is the utmost difficulty in stamping it out. Children, as we know, are particularly fond of playing in the vicinity of poultry runs, and it is to be feared that poultry-keepers are not as careful as they might be in isolating birds that are sick. It has been suggested that fowl-runs should be placed under sanitary control, and that when disease breaks out the authorities should be notified; but the necessity for going as far as this might, we think, be obviated if the poultry papers would only impress upon their readers the necessity for observing better sanitary conditions and isolation in all cases of sickness.

Breeds Which do not Make Headway

There are a few most excellent breeds which never seem to make any headway in this country, for the simple reason that their good qualities, sometimes even their very name, are unknown to the great majority of poultry-breeders; and that they are, and generally have been, in the hands of only a few breeders in this country. A notable example of this kind is the Creve Coeur. Now, there is nothing really against the Creve at all. At one time it was supposed to be a soft fowl, but as a breed this was not correct. It, indeed, possesses sufficient hardness to lay very well in winter, and any breed which can number this among its characteristics is not entitled to be called soft. As a matter of fact, Creves are very good layers, and they produce extra large eggs, too, quite as large as any that may be generally found. They are non-sitters also; very rarely does any specimen show signs of broodiness. They are large, square built birds, short in leg and neck, lustrous black in plumage and crest, dark legs, long, deep breast bones, and quality and quantity of flesh of extra high order. A well fed Creve makes a most substantial as well as a dainty dish on the table. Few breeds possess whiter flesh, or that of more deliciously juicy quality.

For crossing purposes I like Creves specially well. If it is table birds you want, then mate up with Dorking, Buff Orpington, or Indian Game hens, or half-bred hens of these varieties. Even barn-door mongrels of no particular parentage, if short on leg, square-bodied and long-keeled, will make very good all-round crosses with Creve Coeurs. Good all-round birds are produced when crossed with Langshan, Wyandotte, or Scotch Grey hens. The Creve is really worthy of a better cultivation.—R. G., in Farmer and Stockbreeder.

Sheep Scab.

Among the acts of the last session of the Indiana Legislature was one making it compulsory to dip all scabby sheep. The object is to stamp out this expensive but unnecessary disease.

Scab is produced by an itch mite, that causes itching, rubbing, pulling and shedding the wool, causing a bare and scabby skin. The parasite cannot live for any great length of time off the skin, and does not thrive on any other animal. It is therefore possible to stamp out the disease by killing all mites by dipping. Solutions of tobacco, lime and sulphur and arsenic are effective for this purpose. The tobacco solutions have preference. They may be made by taking from twenty to twenty-five pounds of tobacco leaves and stems and soaking for one day in sufficient water to cover. Then boil for an hour and draw off after six hours. Dilute to one hundred gallons. Add twenty pounds of sulphur and use while warm. The lime and sulphur dip may be made by slacking eight pounds of lime in some water, adding twenty-four pounds of sulphur and diluting to one hundred gallons. It is troublesome to prepare the tobacco solution, and is about as cheap to buy the extract ready for use. The lime and sulphur dip is injurious to the wool. It requires on an average one and a half gallons of dip solution per head for more than twenty-five head. The second dipping is necessary at the tenth day, so that the cost for material must be reckoned at about five cents to seven cents per head. The coal tar or creolin dips are excellent for ticks, but not as effective as they should be for scab.—New England Farmer.

One of the London, England, dailies had a French despatch the other day which may have an interest for financiers at the City Hall. Under date line of Dunkirk, Jan. 12, it read:—

At the meeting of the Municipal Council on Friday the accounts for the fetes in connection with the Czar's recent visit to Dunkirk were submitted.

A provisional credit of £2,000 had been unanimously voted; but the amount expended was £5,000, and it was announced that the State has refused to allow anything towards these expenses.

There remained, therefore, nothing but to vote the balance of £3,000, the Secretary of the council remarking that in the interests of the finances of the town it was to be hoped that the Czar would not come to Dunkirk again.

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Quigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jamie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in affecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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FOUNTAIN
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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 8, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market to-day should be well attended.

—A number of farmers were in town yesterday.

—The bicycle has made its appearance on the streets once more.

—The Peterborough colors were very much in evidence yesterday.

—A number of visitors from Galt spent yesterday in driving around town.

—The organization of a factory girls' union is at present occupying the attention of the Federation of Labor.

—The carpenters are at work on the roof of the main building at the cereal works. The brick-work will be finished in a few days.

—There will be a special practice of St. Andrew's choir this evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

—The members of the Y.W.C.A. are invited to spend a social evening at the Association rooms, George street, this evening. Refreshments will be served.

—Organizer Flett, of the American Federation of Labor, met the members of the 57th Regt. Band on Thursday evening, with a view to organization.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 158 Hunter street.

From The Child of the Year to the Man or Woman of Fourscore

Malt Breakfast Food provides in a way that no other can do for the health and vigor of young and old—from the child of a year to the man or woman of fourscore years. It is the food triumph of the age for the bestowal of physical strength and general good health.

Malt Breakfast Food is easily recognized by its delicious taste, its appetising and satisfying qualities and its energy producing powers. Ordinary grain foods have many poor points. Malt Breakfast Food has not a single bad point that can be named by food critics. It is free from all starchy substances, it is partially cooked and predigested, easy to digest, most nutritious and healthy. Malt Breakfast Food is the only grain food that furnishes the benefits and virtues of pure health-giving Malt that enriches the blood and builds up the system. Get a package from your grocer; it will please you.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Harry Hale, of Orillia, spent yesterday in town.

—Miss Mabel Bradburn, of Toronto, is the guest of Miss Isabella Hay, McDonnell street.

—The Misses Gould, of Uxbridge, are visiting Mrs. J. G. Kempman for a few days.

—Miss Dollie Hopkins, of town, has taken honors in the Junior Vocal Examinations at the Toronto Conservatory of Music.

—Mr. Wm. Green's many friends will be pleased to hear that he is able to be out again after an illness of four weeks.

—Miss L. A. Irwin, of Sarnia, is the guest of Mrs. F. Pratt, 627 Water st. Miss Irwin is Supreme Organizer of the Ladies' Branch of the Maccabees, and will be pleased to meet any ladies wishing for information.

—Mayor Dunne, Aldermen Rush, Sutton and Chisholm, and Town Treasurer Brownscombe returned yesterday morning from Ottawa, having been unable to secure an interview with the Minister of Militia regarding a new drill shed for Peterborough.

WEST PETERBORO NOMINATION

Mass Meeting to Select a Candidate on March 22nd

A mass meeting of supporters of the Ross Government of West Peterborough will be held in Bradburn's Opera House, Peterborough, on Saturday March 22nd, at 1.30 p.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the representation of the West Riding in the next Local Legislature. Addresses will be delivered on the occasion by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Hon. Senator Cox, Hon. Senator McHugh, Mr. John Lang, M.P., and Mr. Thomas Blezard, M.P.P. It is requested that all supporters of the Government who can do so will attend. All are interested in the nomination to be made and all are invited. There being several speakers it will be necessary to begin the proceedings of the Convention promptly on time, 1.30 o'clock, p.m., Saturday March 22nd.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

County Orange Lodge

A meeting of the County Orange Lodge was held last night in the Orange Hall, Simcoe street, to complete business prior to the meeting of the Grand Lodge, which will meet at Smith's Falls on 18th instant. There was a good attendance of members.

THE ONTARIO Accident Insurance Company

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

Submitted to the Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held at the Company's Offices, 3 Toronto Street, Toronto, on Monday, the Seventeenth day of February, 1902.

The directors present herewith their report for the year 1901, being the sixth in the company's history, together with the customary financial statements, and are pleased to point to a considerable advance in its transactions, which continue to yield satisfactory results.

The net income from premiums, after deducting $4,061.87 for reinsurances, was $101,962.90.

The amount derived as income from investments was $1,630.75.

One thousand one hundred and seventy-five claims were paid during the year, amounting, after deducting $4,181.27, received from reinsuring companies, to $52,056.07.

The revenue account submitted herewith, after debiting all charges and expenses, shows a balance of $9,084.78. This has been applied as follows: $1,500.00 to Reserve, $5,000.00 to Contingency account, $1,720.00 in payment of Dividend No. 4, $864.78 unappropriated. The reserve fund now stands at $22,500.00, and the contingency fund at $5,000.00.

The Company's paid-up capital is at this date $43,000.00, and the securities deposited with the Receiver-General at Ottawa amount to $35,231.90.

The premium income shows an increase of $30,894.14 over that of 1900.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LARRATT W. SMITH, President.

BALANCE SHEET—DECEMBER 31ST, 1901.

LIABILITIES.

Shareholders' Capital

2,031 shares subscribed	$103,550 00		
Payments thereon			$43,000 00
Reserve Fund		$22,500 00	
Contingency Account		5,000 00	
Dividend No. 4, payable 1st February, 1902		1,720 00	
Balance Revenue Account		864 78	
			30,084 78
Reinsurance Accounts outstanding			777 17
			$73,861 95

ASSETS

Invested Funds

Bonds—City of St. John, N. B.	$5,000 00	$5,112 50	
" Province of New Brunswick	7,500 00	7,800 25	
" Town of Woodstock, Ont.	5,000 00	5,075 00	
" City of Brantford, Ont.	5,000 00	5,100 00	
" City of Toronto, Ont.	4,305 00	5,105 61	
" Province of British Columbia	5,000 00	5,350 00	
" Province of Manitoba	4,500 00	5,562 50	
" Province of P. E. Island	5,000 00	5,228 50	
	$42,328 00		
Cost price of Bonds			$44,334 46

Uninvested Funds

Deposit in Merchants' Bank	$4,316 95	
Deposit in Central Canada L. & S. Co.	2,500 00	
Cash on hand in Office	1,164 66	
Bills Receivable and Accounts Receivable	2,306 21	
		$10,307 82
Interest accrued		344 77
Agents' Balances		18,395 41
		$73,861 95

REVENUE ACCOUNT—DECEMBER 31ST, 1901.

Premiums received	$110,065 34		
Less Rebates	4,430 57	$105,634 77	
Interest received	$1,290 98		
Interest accrued	344 77	1,635 75	
Reservation from 1900 for unreported losses (Contingency Account)		5,000 00	
		$115,308 52	

Expenditures

Claims payment	$56,237 34		
Contributed by reinsurers	4,181 27	$52,056 07	
Elevator inspections	307 00		
Reinsurance	6,061 87	6,368 87	
Directors' Fees	665 00		
Agents' commission, printing and general expenses	46,203 30		
Provincial Licenses, etc.	1,310 83	47,799 13	
			$106,224 07
Surplus for 1901			8,438 96
Brought forward from 1900			645 82

Appropriations

For Fourth Dividend	1,720 00	
To Reserve Fund	1,500 00	
To Contingency Account	5,000 00	8,220 00
Balance unappropriated		$864 78

Audited and found correct.

CLARKSON & CROSS, Auditors.

Toronto, 28th January, 1902.

Proceedings of the Sixth Annual General Meeting.

The sixth annual general meeting of the shareholders was held at the company's offices, No. 3 Toronto street, Toronto, on Monday, the 17th February, 1902, at 2 o'clock p.m.

The following shareholders were present: W. H. Pearson, A. W. Thomas, Dr. Larratt W. Smith, A. L. Eastmure, R. Shaw Wood (London), F. J. Lightbourn, J. F. Smith, K.C., George W. Monk, R. Grass, J. Herbert Mason, Dr. William Oldright, John Greer, G. A. Stimson, and 53 shareholders represented by proxy.

The chair was occupied by the President, Dr. Larratt W. Smith, and Mr. J. F. Lightbourn, the Secretary, acted as secretary of the meeting.

The notice calling the meeting having been read by the secretary, the President submitted the report, together with the financial statements, and said:

Gentlemen,—In submitting for your approval the sixth annual report of the company's affairs, I am able to follow a precedent established in previous years, and to point again to a very considerable increase in the volume of its transactions.

The gross premiums on policies issued and renewed during 1901, particulars of which are more fully given in the statements laid before you, amounted to $105,634.77, as against $85,405.33 in 1900, and $71,857.36 in 1899, results which indicate, in no uncertain way, that the company's popularity has been well maintained, and that its methods and plans continue to satisfy almost every modern requirement in casualty underwriting. The beneficiaries under the company's policies during the year, numbered 1,175, and their claims, representing $52,056.07, were promptly adjusted and paid. The total income from premiums since the company began business has now reached, in the aggregate, the sum of $371,329, whilst $166,223.90 has been disbursed in benefits, distributed, in all, among 3,681 persons, and creating an average loss ratio upon the entire transactions to date of 43 3-5ths per cent.

The reserve, which may be regarded as fairly indicating the progress made, now stands at $22,500, as against $21,000 in 1900, $20,000 in 1899, $16,200 in 1898, $11,000 in 1897 and $6,822.01 in 1896, showing, it will be observed, steady and substantial growth, whilst as a contingency fund, to cover supposed or possible losses, the sum of $5,000 has also been provided.

In all branches of liability underwriting there has been a marked increase in the risk; and while the advance in rates, noticed at our last annual meeting, has continued, the altered conditions created by the ever-changing decisions of the courts, on the subject of factory and other accidents, will doubtless necessitate further revision and the adoption of rates and methods better calculated to meet what are now fully recognized to be growing hazards.

During the year the board, in common with a large circle of relatives and friends, had reason to lament the sudden demise, under peculiarly painful circumstances, of their late fellow-director, Mr. Edward L. Bond of Montreal. A resolution expressing the Directors' sense of the loss sustained was duly inscribed on the minutes of the board, and a copy thereof forwarded to his sorrowing family. The directors, acting in accordance with the provision of the by-laws in that respect, unanimously elected Mr. Thomas Fyshe, General Manager of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, Montreal, and one of the company's earliest shareholders, to fill the vacancy thus created, whose acceptance of the seat will not only add strength to the board, but will be productive of increased success to the company's business in Eastern Canada.

It would be remiss on my part were I not to do justice to the continued zeal and efficiency displayed by the Company's General and District Agents, distributed as they are over every part of this wide Dominion. To the Vice-President and Managing Director, the Secretary and the Head Office staff we are especially indebted for the sound judgment they have invariably brought to bear upon every department of their important work, without which success would be difficult of attainment. Aided by these gentlemen, the directors' task has been a comparatively easy one, and I venture to hope that, pursuing the same conservative policy which has always been a leading feature of this company, and with an established reserve, commensurate with every requirement, we shall be enabled, as time goes on and our success continues, to fulfil the best expectations of the shareholders and of all associated in the company's work. I will now formally move, seconded by the Vice-President,

"That the Sixth Annual Report, now submitted, be adopted, and that the same, together with the Financial Statements, read therewith, be printed, and a copy thereof forwarded to each of the Shareholders." But before asking your vote I shall be happy to give you any information that may be required upon the statements laid before you.

Mr. A. L. Eastmure, the Vice-President, in seconding the motion for the adoption of the report, remarked:

That Accident Insurance in Canada had become an important and growing business. In former years, the aggregate transactions were small, and in the absence of rates based on Canadian experience, the practice had been to rely largely on foreign manuals; but, with the ever-increasing industrial activity prevailing throughout the Dominion, Accident Insurance was rapidly advancing, and had now come to the front. The movement had been sudden, and much of the business, being new, was still in a transition state, and rates had not been upon as firm or certain a basis as was desirable. Companies had seemed anxious to take advantage of the improved trade conditions, and to secure volume rather than to consider the sufficiency of the rate, feeling possibly that the time had not yet come when this could be determined with sufficient accuracy. It was a question whether, in the eagerness to obtain a present income, the limits of prudence were not frequently overstepped. He believed that the time was not far distant when Head Office methods would be modified, and instead of every energy being devoted to securing risks, attention would have to be given to framing and enforcing a proper tariff, particularly for Workmen's Protective, Liability and Sickness lines. The movement in that direction mentioned at our previous meetings, had made some progress, but was retarded owing to the difficulty in securing uniform action by all the companies.

The "Ontario Accident" had made substantial gains during the year, due, he believed, to the efficiency of its field representation, the variety and flexibility of its systems, and also to its excellent financial position. The Company issued 4,511 policies in 1901 for $11,282,233, as against 4,068, for $11,216,850 in 1900, whilst the premium income had increased to the extent of $30,894.14, over that of the preceding year. The customary provision had been made for any unreported or possible losses, and, after paying the Shareholders' Dividend, a substantial addition had been made to the Reserve. A further increase in the Company's transactions might be expected during the coming year, the results from which would, he hoped, prove satisfactory.

In closing, Mr. Eastmure drew the attention of the meeting to a finely executed oil portrait of the Company's President, Dr. Larratt W. Smith, which had just been hung upon the Board Room wall, and, at the same time, thanked him for his kindly reference to the work performed by the Head Office and Agency Staffs.

The Report was adopted unanimously, after which it was moved by Mr. W. H. Pearson, seconded by Mr. J. F. Smith, and carried:

"That the thanks of the Shareholders are justly due to the Company's General and District Agents in the several provinces for the zeal and efficiency displayed by them in their several departments during the year."

On motion, Messrs Clarkson & Cross were reappointed auditors for the ensuing year.

Mr. A. W. Thomas and Mr. John Greer, having been appointed scrutineers, reported the following gentlemen elected as Directors: Larratt W. Smith, A. L. Eastmure, W. H. Pearson, J. Herbert Mason, R. Shaw Wood, (London), Lieut.-Col. R. R. C. Jarvis, G. N. Shepstone, Thomas Fyshe (Montreal) and J. H. Brock, (Winnipeg).

After the usual vote of thanks to the President, Vice-President, Directors, Secretary and Officials in the Office, the meeting adjourned.

At a meeting of the Directors, held immediately after the Annual Meeting, Dr. Larratt W. Smith was re-elected President, and Mr. A. L. Eastmure Vice-President of the Company.

Executive Committee—Messrs. Larratt W. Smith, A. L. Eastmure and W. H. Pearson.

George K. Martin,
General Agent, Peterborough

PETERBOROUGH WINS FROM GALT BY 4-3

In as Most Exciting Game of Hockey Last Night

LARGE CROWD WITNESS GAME

Return Game Likely to be Played Monday Night in Galt — Both Teams Dine at McCallum's After the Game

Peterborough won the first game of the finals from Galt last night at the Charlotte street rink by a score of 4-3. The game was one of the most keenly contested and exciting, from start to finish, that has ever been played in Peterborough, and one of the most enthusiastic crowds that have ever decked the galleries of the rink, cheered themselves hoarse at the many brilliant plays made by the local septette. Then everything would be silent as the Galt forwards would make a rush up the ice and make things look rather blue at the Peterborough goal, but then the small boy would get in his fine work, and the hall would be broken by the shrill cry:—

We beat New Market,
and we're after the cup
Bay Armstrong make a rush
with the puck.

And then the danger disappeared. It must have been from the inspiration from the small boy on the fence. Then it was time for Peterborough to score. And then the crowd went wild with excitement; everybody yelled; ladies threw their bonnets in the air, and the old sports took a shake with themselves—they had money on the game.

The ice was covered with about a quarter of an inch of water, and this interfered considerably with the shooting of players on both teams. Peterborough scored the first and second goals and the crowd went wild with excitement, but Galt spruced up, and succeeded in tallying two before half time, thus making the score 2-all.

In the last half the game was much faster, and Peterborough went in to win, keeping the rubber almost continually in Galt territory. Peterborough scored again, making the score 3-2 for Peterborough; then Galt tallied again, making the score 3-all, with but a few minutes to play. The locals then started in at a very fast clip, and managed to get another past Morrison, making the score 4-3 in favor of Peterborough, with about one minute to play. Despite the strenuous efforts of the Galt men, they were unable to score again before time was called.

Both teams played good clean hockey and very little rough play was indulged in. The Galt team are heavier than the locals, but lack speed, and if when the return game is played in Galt, the ice is in good shape, Peterborough ought to be able to pull out with a larger score than the one at home. The return game will probably be played on Monday night, and a large crowd of Peterborough backers will accompany the boys to cheer them on to victory.

The teams lined up as follows:

Peterborough		Galt.
Wasson	Goal	Morrison
Glover	Point	Lane
H. Armstrong	Cover	Twaite
Graham	Forwards	P. Dietrich
R. Armstrong		C. Dietrich
Morgan		Hay.
Whitecroft		Deacon

J. McCabe—Goal umpires—F. Aitkin
Time-keeper—J. F. McGregor.

Mr. Roy Schooley acted as referee to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

Both teams dined at McCallum's restaurant after the game, and enjoyed a few hours in pleasant social intercourse.

$230,000.00 DEBENTURES PETERBOROUGH, CANADA

SEALED offers will be received by the undersigned up to 6 p.m. on March 27th, 1902, for $230,000.00 thirty year Waterworks Debentures, 4 per cent. interest, payable half yearly, dated March 1st, 1902, denominations of $1,000.00, payable at Peterborough, first charge on Waterworks and its revenues and charge on town generally, validated by Act of Legislature and absolutely indisputable. Peterborough—Population 11,[illegible]; Assessment $4,[illegible]; Debt $[illegible]; Local Improvement Debt $[illegible]; Sinking Fund $[illegible]; Other Cash Assets or available as cash $[illegible]; Estimated Value of Assets owned by Municipality $[illegible]; Rate of Taxes 18 mills. No offer necessarily accepted.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

TREATMENT AT HOME.

Dr. Hartman's Free Advice to Women—A Generous Offer to The Afflicted.

MRS. NELLIE BLYLER.
MRS. W. A. ALLISON
MISS. A. BRADY.
MISS. MILLIE BAKER.

Secretary Illinois Woman's Alliance.

Miss A. Brady, Corresponding Secretary Illinois Woman's Alliance, writes from 2725 Indiana avenue, Chicago, Ill.:

"Last year from continued strain in literary work I became very much exhausted, my nerves seemed to give way, and I had backache, headache and serious indigestion. One of my friends suggested that I try Peruna. It certainly acted like magic on my system.

"Within ten days I felt new life and health given me, and by taking an occasional dose off and on when I feel extra tired, I keep my system in perfect order."—Miss A. Brady.

Miss Millie Baker writes from 290 East Ohio street, Chicago, Ill.:

"I suffered for years with weakness peculiar to women, severe bearing-down pains, and continual headache.

"After using five bottles of Peruna I was as well and strong as ever."—Miss Millie Baker.

Mrs. Nellie Blyler, 670 W. Twentieth street, Chicago, Ill., President of the Ladies of the G. A. R., has the following to say about Peruna:

Gentlemen—"I recommend Peruna especially for women as it promptly cures the weakness of our sex and will always be sure to give satisfaction."—MRS. NELLIE BLYLER.

Mrs. W. A. Allison, Assist. Matron of Peoples' Hospital, 716 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have had frequent opportunities to observe the wonderful curative effects of Peruna. It alleviates pain and soreness, increases the appetite and so tones up the entire system that the patient quickly regains strength and health."—Mrs. W. A. Allison.

Free Home Advice.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some form of female disease and yet unable to find any cure, *Dr. Hartman, the renowned specialist on female catarrhal diseases, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as make application to him during the summer months without charge.*

Those wishing to become patients should address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

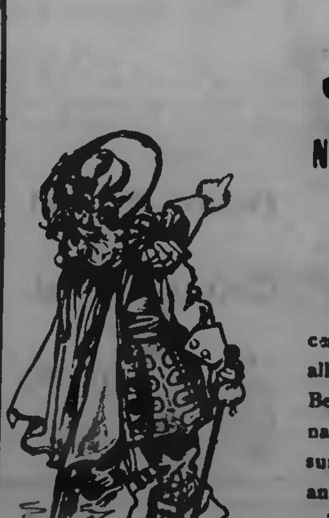
In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonnie Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Bovril



Nourishes
and—
Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

Help Wanted.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 60 Dearborn street, Chicago.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home. Must write a fair hand; $8 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

For Sale

INCUBATORS—Sold on monthly payments; will ship anywhere. Incubator Works, Toronto Junction, Ont.

TENDERS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Indian Supplies" will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, 14th April, 1902, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1903, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Winnipeg. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. D. McLEAN,
Secretary.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, [illegible] February, 1902.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 58 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MARCH 10 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

CANADIAN SCOUTS MAKE A HAUL--BOER MAGAZINE CONTAINING 310,000 ROUNDS AMMUNITION, FOUND

Lord Kitchener Reports a Big Find of Ammunition, Shells, Helios and Field Telegraphs

With a Maxim Gun, and Thirty-five Boers

The Canadian Scouts were Commanded by Colonel Ross—Compulsory Military Service in Natal

London, March 10.—Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Pretoria dated to-day, reports the discovery of a Boer magazine in a cave northeastward of Rietz (Orange River Colony), containing 310,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, hundreds of shells and fuses, 300 pounds of powder, a Maxim gun, helios, field telegraphs and quantities of stores. Thirty-five Boers have been captured in the same neighborhood since March 4. The magazine was discovered by Canadian Scouts, commanded by Colonel Ross.

CECIL RHODES' ILLNESS DENIED.

London, March 8.—While private telegrams from Cape Town to-day report that Cecil Rhodes is in a critical condition, the officials here of the British Chartered South African Company say Mr. Rhodes is conducting his business correspondence as usual. In two cable despatches received from Mr. Rhodes this morning his illness was not mentioned.

Pietermaritzburg, March 8.—The Natal Legislature has adopted a resolution in favor of compulsory military service.

QUAKER CITY'S WELCOME

Prince Henry Will Visit Philadelphia To-Day and Return to New York

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—Prince Henry will spend five hours in Philadelphia to-day, and during that time will be kept busy following out the programme prepared for his entertainment by the local committee. From the time he enters the Broad street station until his return to New York he will receive a continuous ovation. The royal party will arrive shortly after ten o'clock in the morning. When the train steams into the station there will be a deafening welcome from locomotive whistles and cheers from thousands of spectators. The train will be boarded by Dr. Ritschl, the German Consul, and Mayor Ashbridge. The Prince will be greeted by Dr. Ritschl, who will introduce the Mayor. After the exchange of a few words between them, Mayor Ashbridge will escort the Prince from the train through double lines formed by the members of the reception committee and police officers to the waiting room of the station. The party will then proceed to the Mayor's office in the city hall, where the Prince will be presented with the freedom of the city. An interesting feature of the ceremonies will be the presence of three grizzled veterans of the Franco-Prussian war, who fought under Emperor William I, grandfather of the Prince, and who are now residents of Philadelphia.

After the formal presentation of the engrossed resolutions extending the municipal welcome and tendering the freedom of the city, the Prince and suite and citizens' committee will be driven down Broad street to Chestnut street, to Independence Hall, where a brief stop will be made. The honorary escort will consist of mounted police and the First and Second Troops, Philadelphia City Cavalry. Leaving Independence Hall, the procession will move up Fifth street to Market, and then by way of Broad street and Gerrard avenue to Cramps' shipyard. Representatives of the great shipbuilding firm will greet the distinguished visitors and the Russian battleship Retzivan will fire an admiral's salute of seventeen guns. A visit of inspection to every part of the mammoth plant will be made. Leaving the shipyards the party will proceed to the Union League Club, where an elaborate luncheon will be served. At 3.30 the royal party will leave over the Pennsylvania Railroad for New York.

A PROSPEROUS INSTITUTION

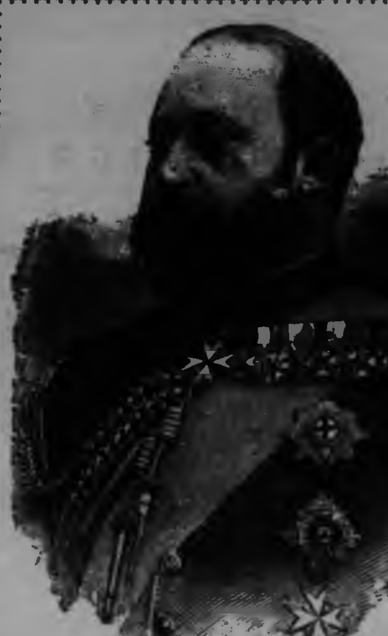
Thirtieth Annual Report of the Hamilton Provident and Loan Society

We are favored with a copy of the last annual report of this company, particulars of which appear elsewhere.

The company and management are to be congratulated upon the business of the year. The gross profits amount to $188,000, and the actual amount paid in for interest foots up $191,000, showing remarkably good mortgage accounts. The farmers in Ontario, as is very well known, have done well of late, while the crops in Manitoba have been such as to satisfy the expectations of the most sanguine. The product of two and a half million acres in Manitoba and the North-West reached sixty million bushels, and there is yet of similar land ready for the plough 200,000,000 acres which should be an enormous field for the employment of capital for many years to come. It is in the promotion and development of such progress in our new and fertile regions in the North-West, as well as throughout the Dominion, that companies like the Hamilton Provident & Loan Society find a large proportion of their usefulness.

Lumbago Backs Straightened

Don't go around like the Jingle losing time and money because your back is stiff from lumbago. Do as thousands before you have done. Buy a large bottle of that wonderfully good liniment, Polson's Nerviline, and rub it frequently over the sore part. It gets at the pain, drives it out, limbers you up in no time. Nerviline is quick to relieve, never fails, never burns. Try it to-day. 25c.



King Edward VII

Wedding Anniversary of the King and Queen

London, March 10.—To-day was the thirty-ninth anniversary of the wedding of the King and Queen their marriage having taken place March 10, 1863. Queen Alexandra is making preparations for her customary spring visit to Copenhagen, where she will be joined by the King early in April on the occasion of the family gathering for celebrating the birthday of the venerable King Christian.

JAPANESE TO RATIFY ALLIANCE

Celebrations to be Held Throughout the Empire

Tokio, Japan, March 8.—via Victoria, B. C., — Japan has gone wild with delight over the conclusion of the Anglo Japanese alliance, and is only considering how best to celebrate. Until the ratification everything is in embryo, but some of the communities will not be denied. There has been an elaborate torchlight procession at Tokio, besides the formal interchange of congratulations at a joint meeting held by the two Houses of the Diet, at which Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister, was present.

At various towns in Japan special celebrations have already been held or are in contemplation. The vernacular press is brimming over with cheerful forecasts of the result of the "diplomatic union," flags are flying and altogether young Japan is patting itself on the back.

Ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kato touched the keynote of popular sentiment the other day when, in a speech on the proper methods of receiving the news of the alliance, he said that Japan should accept her position with all dignity. There should be no question of using the opportunity for asking England to aid in the introduction of foreign capital into Japan. Such a course would be like a bridegroom asking his father-in-law for money on the day of the wedding.

KING EDWARD'S CORONATION

"It would be fitting," said Mr. Kato, "that Japan should signalize the occasion by sending over to the naval review to be held at Spithead during King Edward's coronation some representative warship, which would be more effective than oratory or cheap champagne in a dark corner of the Empire."

This idea of Mr. Kato has taken hold, and to-day it is reported that Premier Katsura has obtained the sanction of the Emperor to send a first class battleship and a cruiser to take part in the Spithead naval demonstration.

The Chambers of Commerce throughout the country are preparing to send two representative merchants to attend the coronation ceremonies. Another feature this spring will be the joint naval manoeuvres by the British and Japanese fleets in the China sea, in honor of the conclusion of the alliance. The British were going to hold manoeuvres there, and it is now proposed that their squadron will be reinforced from the Japanese fleet. As it happens, Russia is preparing to hold naval manoeuvres in the same region about the same time, and the coincidence has been noted.

Marquis Ito, ex-Premier, who has been on a triumphal tour of the world, is expected to arrive at Nagasaki, Japan, on the 26th inst. His return will be made the signal for a marked demonstration of welcome.

Although Marquis Ito was not in London when the treaty was signed, and it is more than rumored that he was half inclined to treat with Russia for an alliance, still popular sentiment ascribes to him the great credit for the conclusion of the convention.

CHANDOS

—The rain on Friday and Saturday took nearly all the snow.

—Messrs. Maurice and Patrock Holbins and Michael O'Brian have returned from Mr. A. McDonald's camp.

—Mr. John O'Brien had his foot hurt the other day by getting it jammed between two logs.

—Mr. Stephen Scott, tax collector, is busy now.

—Miss Nellie O'Brien has returned home from visiting her friends in town.

—Miss Lizzy Scott has returned from Young's Point.

—Mr. Dennis O'Brien and James Menague were forced to walk home from Apsley, after taking a horse and cutter.

—The Coe Hill and Apsley stage did not get through to Apsley on Saturday, on account of the bad roads.

Weather Notes

Fresh,—Fair and mild.

A CAR FAMINE

The Supply Becoming Scarcer and is Causing Anxiety

In railroad circles there is a growing anxiety about the supply of cars in the early spring. One official said to The Times one Saturday that the opening of navigation would bring them face to face with the worst car famine in this history. He said with little ore moving now and coal traffic light the railroads were unable to supply enough cars to carry coke to the furnaces. Later on, when ore and coal movements will be heavier, the situation will be anything but encouraging. It is estimated that at the present time seven of the largest railroads in Canada and the United States have at least 160,000 freight cars in use, and are building daily extra batches. So far as locomotives are concerned the roads are in a better position than usual, but they do not hesitate to say they will have trouble to furnish cars to handle freight.

Items of Interest

London, March 6.—The second levee held by King Edward since his accession to the throne, occurred at St. James Palace to-day. It was not so largely attended as the first of the King's levees, but it was surrounded by the same elaborate ceremonial. A dense fog marred the function from a spectacular point of view, both within and without the palace. No Americans were presented, but the members of the United States Embassy attended the ceremony.

OSMAN PASHA MUST DIE.

Constantinople, Tuesday, March 5. — Osman Pasha, a son of the famous Kurdish Chief, Bedrahan Pasha, whose trial on the charge of high treason began here February 24, behind closed doors has been sentenced to death, but the sentence will be commuted to perpetual imprisonment. General Nazmi Pasha, a son-in-law of the former Grand Vizier, Ali Pasha, has been arrested.

INTERESTING EXPLORER DEAD

London, March 7.—The death of Commander John Powles Cheyne, R.N., removes an old Arctic explorer who must always be remembered as having been the first to seriously suggest the use of a balloon, in the navigation of which he was an expert, in the search for the North Pole, a suggestion which the ill-fated Andree accepted and—as is less usual nowadays—acknowledged.

Commander Cheyne served in no fewer than three Arctic expeditions in search of Sir John Franklin, his first voyage being in the Enterprise (1848-9), under the command of Sir James Clarke Ross.

His next Arctic voyage was as mate in the Resolute, under Captain Austin (1850-1), and his third was in the Assistance, led by Captain Sir Edward Belcher.

Commander Cheyne retired in 1870. In 1880 his scheme for exploring the Arctic Ocean and penetrating to the North Pole was brought before the Royal Geographical Society, but without result.

The commander's plan was to winter between St. Patrick's Bay and Discovery Bay, near an exposed seam of coal, which he relied on for the manufacture of hydrogen for his two balloons, together with natives and dogs from West Greenland, comprised the main features of his plan.

The famous marches of Schwatka, who during a year's absence from his base travelled 1,251 miles, inspired Cheyne, who in his turn, encouraged Andree to make his hapless attempt from Spitsbergen.

Commander Cheyne wrote the only history published of the Enterprise expedition, and Cheyne Islands and Cheyne Point remain in the Far North to testify to this officer's connection with the ever-alluring Arctic regions.

Jerusalem, March 7.—The steamer Celtic having on board 800 American tourists destined for this city, arrived at Jaffa yesterday afternoon. One hundred Freemasons, representing every Grand Lodge in North America, will hold a Masonic meeting at King Solomon's quarries under the auspices of the Royal Solomon Mother Lodge of Jerusalem.

JAMES DICK DEAD.

London, March 7.—James Dick, the largest English importer of gutta percha manufacturer of submarine cables, and philanthropist, died to-day at his home in Glasgow.

Chinese Officials are Skeptical as to Sincerity of Germany Recognizes Her Duplicity in the Far East

Protectionists Have Organized in Australia

Johannesberg Mines Need Laborers—Arrangements are Now Working very Smoothly.

London, March 10.—In spite of the speech of Count Von Bulow, The Times publishes a despatch from Dr. Morrison from Pekin, in which he asserts that the Chinese authorities refuse to believe that Germany favors the policy of the open door. He says the Chinese clearly recognize the meaning of Germany's isolated action in opposing the restitution of Tien-Tsin. The present German policy, Dr. Morrison says, repeats the methods of Germany in the case of the withdrawal of the Pekin legation guards. Germany was then the last power to remove her guards, declining to withdraw until she had forced China to agree to the Chin-Kiang Railway concession. The British Minister at Tien-Tsin intimated to the Chinese authorities that Britain was prepared to hand over the control of Tien-Tsin to them on May first, provided that other powers also withdrew. Dr. Morrison says the powers are known to agree to the British proposition, but that Germany dissents, awaiting a favorable issue of the attempt to bargain for the concessions demanded in Shan Tung.

FREE TRADE IN AUSTRALIA

London, March 8.—A despatch to The Times from Melbourne says that the protectionists intend to ask protected manufacturers to contribute funds to enable the party to win seats from free trades, chiefly in New South Wales. The free traders in Parliament continue to succeed in reducing the duties. The tariff on Oregon timber and on boots has been reduced by one-half.

MINES NEED LABORERS.

London, March 8.—A despatch to The Times from Johannesburg says that thirteen hundred stamps are in operation at the gold mines, compared with six thousand before the war began. The only remaining obstacle to mining is the difficulty of procuring native labor, as the Northern Transvaal was closed as a source of supply. The result of the first month's operations on the East Coast, under an agreement with Portugal to assist in obtaining a supply of natives, was eighteen hundred natives. Arrangements are now working smoothly, and it is expected that enough natives will soon be arriving to operate a hundred additional stamps each week.

A PLEASING INCIDENT

Hon. A. T. Wood, of Hamilton, Presented With a Portrait

The many friends of Hon. A. T. Wood, throughout this district, will read the following, which we take from the Hamilton Times, with a great deal of pleasure:

At the annual meeting of the Hamilton Provident and Loan Society a very fine portrait in oils of the President, Hon. A. T. Wood, was exhibited and in presenting it Mr. Alexander Turner made the following remarks which fully explain the proceedings:

The shareholders will recollect that at our last annual meeting a year ago, they authorized and requested the Board to procure a portrait of our President and have it hung up in this room. Gentlemen, I direct your attention to the centre portrait on the wall in front of you, to show how the Board have discharged the mission with which you entrusted them. I am sure you will all agree with me that the painting is a vivid likeness of our worthy President, and also a very fine work of art, highly creditable to our Gifted Canadian painter, Mr. E. Wyly Grier.

It is a fact, gentlemen, a melancholy fact in some respects, that thirty years have passed away since my friend, the President, and I took our seats as directors at the first meeting of the Hamilton Provident Board. Of the present board, we two only remain of the original stock of directors. It is needless for me to point out to you that whether as represented by the painting, or as he exhibits himself in the flesh, before your eyes, our President looks as vigorous, fresh and fit as he did thirty years ago. He is a grand living example of the harmless effects of passing years upon the man who leads an industrious, sober and upright life. I do not care to remark upon my own physical condition or to draw an analogy or make any comparison between it and that of my old friend, except that I feel as if I were fairly well preserved. This observation I make as a tribute to the old stock to which I referred.

Gentlemen, in congratulating you upon this latest artistic addition to the portrait gallery of the society's Presidents, I express my own sincere hope, and yours I am quite sure, that the Honorable A. T. Wood may long be spared to discharge the duties of the high office in the society, which he now so ably and worthily fills.

You Feel all Used Up

You're discouraged and disgusted—not enough energy to think, less to go to work upon. The reason? You are run down, your blood is poor, your nerves are like India rubber, not like steel as they ought to be. Use Ferrozone and the tired feeling will go, for it makes plenty of rich, red blood that feeds the brain and nerves. The desire to labor comes back and you enjoy it. You don't get tired, because you have used Ferrozone. Neglect not a day longer. Ferrozone will cure you. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

General - Sports.

HOCKEY.

Quite a number of followers leave with the hockey seven this morning for Galt, to witness the final game there to-night in the intermediate championship of Ontario. The prevailing opinion seems to be that should the weather remain sharp throughout the day, and a good hard sheet furnished, our boys have a good chance of again defeating Galt. The composition of the team is the same as that which has won out in past games, viz.: Wasson, Glover, H. Armstrong, R. Armstrong, H. Morgan, F. Whitecroft and C. Graham. The results of the game will be announced at the Charlotte street rink, during the ladies' hockey match. The Times has made arrangements to secure a full report of the game, and this will appear in Tuesday morning's issue.

—The ladies' hockey team from Cobourg, play a return match with the Peterborough seven in the Charlotte street rink to-night. As the Cobourg game was very close, the odds are about even on the respective teams. This match promises to be very exciting, and should be largely attended.

THE TURF.

Joseph Seagram, of Waterloo, Canada's great racehorseman, has seven horses in training at New York. They are all green, and will make their debut at the Woodbine in Toronto, this spring.

LACROSSE.

The C. L. A. yesterday received a grant of $150 from Toronto City Council.

Orillia Lacrosse Club will organize tonight for the season. They expect to have a very strong team this year.

There will be a meeting of local lacrosse enthusiasts in the T.A.B. hall on Friday night to make arrangements for organizing a team.

THE RING.

At Louisville last night, Choynski won from Hanrahan in the fifth round.

Joe Walcott has signed articles to box Young Peter Jackson at Baltimore on March 13. Walcott contracts to stop Jackson in 10 rounds.

Martin Duffy, lightweight champion of the west, has signed articles to box Matty Matthews. They will meet in the main event of the American Club's entertainment in Chicago to-night. The match is at catchweights.

"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien and Tommy Ryan will probably be matched to fight for the middleweight championship during the first week in May. Ryan insists that the weight must be at or under the 158-pound limit, while O'Brien says that he wants to weigh 160 pounds at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the fight. O'Brien, if he should carry his point, would weigh probably 165 getting into the ring, while Ryan would be at perhaps 160.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—The six-round bout between "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien and Charley McKeever, which is slated for the Washington Sporting club, has created much interest in the fistic world. Both the men are Philadelphians, and some weeks ago met for the championship of England before the National Sporting club in London. McKeever lost on a foul, and followed O'Brien to this country to force him to another match.

FOR POOL CHAMPIONSHIP.

New York, March 10.—The pool tournament which is to decide the world's championship begins to-night in the Montauk academy hall, Brooklyn. Ten of the most expert players in the country are entered and the battle promises to be lively. Each one of the ten has a chance to win the title and the major portion of the prize money that will go with it. Arrangements for the event have been completed, and from the interest that has been manifested in the matter, there is little doubt that the hall will be crowded nightly for the next two weeks. The entries are: William H. Clearwater, Ellwood, Pa.; Jerome K. Keough, Buffalo, N.Y.; W. E. McCune, Boston; H. P. Stofft, Cleveland; Charles Weston, Texas; William Daly, Chicago; Patrick H. Walsh, Grant Eby, Irving Long, and William Wenrick, New York.

BIG COCKING MAIN.

Saratoga Lake, N.Y., March 10.—Arrangements have been made to pull off a big cocking main here to-night by birds which are entered from New York, Troy, Albany and other places in the state. The fight is for $1,000 a side, $500 on the odd battle, and $100 on each battle.

News by Cable and Letter

BIG LABOR MOVEMENT.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 10.—As a result of the call recently sent out from Scranton a convention will open here to-day for the purpose of forming a state federation of labor. While Pennsylvania always has been a strong hold of organized labor, there has existed heretofore no regularly organized state federation. The convention will be attended by representative labor leaders from Pittsburg, Lancaster, Scranton, Philadelphia and other cities of the state. Among other things, the federation purposes to give its early attention to the questions of child labor and sweat shops.

SCHLEY VISITS PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—Admiral and Mrs. Schley will come to Philadelphia to-day as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander K. McClure. This evening a big reception in honor of the Admiral will be given at the Penn Club.

BRITISH BATTLESHIP LAUNCHED.

London, March 8.—Queen Alexandra performed the christening ceremony to-day at the launching of the battleship Queen at Devonport. King Edward accompanied the Queen to Devonport, and their visit was made the occasion for a gala demonstration in their honor. The city of Plymouth was crowded with visitors as seldom before in its history. Flags and bunting were displayed everywhere, a large sum having been appropriated for the decorations by the town council. The mallet and chisel used in severing the launching cord were contained in a handsomely carved oak casket with golden key, all of which were presented to Her Majesty after the ceremony. The "Queen" is a battleship of the first class, and is designed to be one of the most formidable fighting machines afloat.

MASTER PLUMBERS MEET.

Elmira, N.Y., March 10.—The state convention of master plumbers will be in session here to-day with about 300 members in attendance. The work before the body is mostly routine in character.

DENSE FOGS IN THE CHANNEL.

London, March 6.—Dense fogs in the channels are causing numerous minor mishaps to shipping. A Holyhead steamer grounded to-day and her passengers were landed in the vessel's boats. Railroad and street traffic is impeded.

Cure for Consumption

Denver, March 10.—The News prints the following from its Albuquerque correspondent:

"You may quote me as saying that we can cure consumption in every stage," said Major Appel, chief surgeon at Fort Bayard. "I have never before made that statement, but we have succeeded in demonstrating it beyond a doubt."

Gen. McArthur, who has been accompanied by Major Appel from the fort, indorsed his statement, and declared he had never been so much astonished and pleased with anything in his life as the result of careful investigation of the work at the Government Soldiers' Sanitarium at Fort Bayard. The main features of the treatment that has proved so successful in the pure air of the elevated region are life out of doors, the most carefully selected, nutritious diet, and absolute rest in the case of reduced patients.

A LAWYER'S STORY

A Local Disciple of Blackstone Tells a Good Joke on Himself

The other night a number of gentlemen were seated in the back parlor of the Snowdon House, when some stories and reminiscences were told, one of which was as follows:

"I had a personal experience that I will never forget," said a well-known Peterborough barrister. "A boy about 14 years old had been put on the stand, and I was examining him. After the usual preliminary questions as to the witness' age, residence, and the like, I proceeded:

"Have you any occupation?"

"No."

"Don't you do any work of any kind?"

"No."

"Just loaf around home?"

"That's about all."

"What does your father do?"

"Nothin' much."

"Doesn't he do anything to support the family?"

"He does odd jobs once in a while when he can get them."

"As a matter of fact, isn't your father a pretty worthless fellow, a dead beat and a loafer?"

"I don't know sir, you'd better ask him. He's sitting over there on the jury."

A YANKEE FIRE-EATER ON CONQUERING CANADA

If Britain Is Right in Conquering the Boers, the United States Ought to Annex Canada

FOOLISH WORDS OF JOHN LENTZ, OF OHIO.

His Addess at a Meeting of Irish Nationalists Held in Memory of Robert Emmett,

Chicago, March 10.—The woes of Ireland and the wrongs of the Boers were kindred subjects at a meeting of the Irish Nationalists. The meeting was primarily held to pay tribute to the memory of Robert Emmet, but the South African war occupied almost an equal space with the Irish patriot in the addresses that were made. The chief address of the evening was made by former Congressman John J. Lentz, of Ohio, who spoke as follows:

The issue of the day and the hour is the attitude of the national Government at Washington on the question of the survival or the destruction of our sister republics in South Africa.

There are some who seem to believe that England is making war on the Boers for the sole purpose of securing possession of their gold fields. The commercial greed of England and the class dominated by it are undoubtedly in favor of this war for this selfish and sinister reason, but in this year 1902 England is threatening to annihilate the Boer republics for two reasons; one because the wealth of England is greedy for the gold of the Transvaal and the other because the Government of England is jealous of free institutions in South Africa in 1902 just as it was jealous of the independent character and the independent purpose of our own colonial ancestors in 1776.

THE ANNEXATION OF CANADA.

If it is good policy, if it is correct morality, for Great Britain to prevent the development, and growth of republican governments in South Africa then the time is ripe for the United States to prevent the growth and development of monarchial institutions in North America. If England can justify the barbarous war she is making against the Boers on the ground that she cannot afford to allow a republic to be established across the Vaal river, then the people of the United States cannot afford to allow a monarchial institution to strengthen itself across the Detroit and St Lawrence rivers.

If England is right in South Africa, and if the Government at Washington is right in its policy in the Philippine Islands, then much more justifiable will the people of the United States be in insisting immediately upon the annexation of Canada. Mark you, I say "If"—and I say it with an "If" at least seven feet high—if Jefferson was right in the theory that we could not afford to allow a foreign Government to establish itself across the Mississippi river; if Great Britain cannot afford to allow a republic to establish itself across the Vaal river, then ten-fold stronger are the reasons and the arguments why the United States cannot afford to allow the development of Canada in any other capacity than as a part of the United States of America.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. NEXT.

If our people in their new theory and new ambition as a world power are to accept and adopt the British policy in South Africa as the criterion of American conduct and American civilization, then there is no reason for any delay, except a favorable pretext, for the annexation of Canada. And it seems to me that the most substantial and effective forms in which we as American citizens can express our sympathy with the South Africans is to say to the world that we are in favor of another U.S.A.—United States of Africa as well as the United States of America — and in connection with that declaration let us announce to the world that inasmuch as England, Imperial England proclaimed to the world her fear of the development of a little republic of a few thousand inhabitants across the Vaal River, so much the more should we regard the six million British subjects across the Detroit and St. Lawrence Rivers as a menace to our peace and perpetuity as a republic.

There is no good reason why Congress should not take action and prevent the people of this country from supplying the British with horses and mules in South Africa, which, the Boers say, are among the most effective equipment and the most dangerous instruments of the British against them. Nor is there any good reason, nor even a good excuse, for the President of the United States neglecting the duty of neutrality imposed by article 6 of the treaty of Washington.

We were exceedingly active and aggressive in the demands made upon Great Britain for damages or injuries done at sea by the Alabama and other vessels, and I fail to see why we should not be liable, morally at least, if not financially, not alone to the people of South Africa, but the liberty-loving people of the whole world, for lending substantial support to Great Britain in her unwarranted war on the Transvaal republic and the Orange Free State. We are permitting Great Britain to make use of New Orleans for the purpose of renewal and augmentation of military supplies. We are not exercising due diligence as to all persons within our jurisdiction to prevent violation of our obligations and duties.

A GOOD POKER STORY

How a Jack Pot was Raised and Boosted by Four Pat Hands

At one of the local hotels, there is an occasional "game" on, in which some Knights of the Grip occasionally sit in. The other night, at one of these gatherings a jack pot was declared. The player next to the dealer opened, the next man raised, as did the third and fourth players. When it came round to the opener, he "saw" all the other bets and raised to the limit. He was imitated by the other three. Again he boosted, only to be boosted in turn by the other players. The other two men had abandoned their hands and looked on with absorbing interest as the stack of disks in the centre of the table took prodigious shape.

Finally the opener only "saw" the other three raises, and his decision was followed by the players beyond him. The dealer gathered up the remainder of the pack, and the quartet began calling for cards. Each one of them took one. Then there followed a moment of silence, as the players thoughtfully attempted to size up the various hands, and weigh the value of their own as against what might be out. The first player bet one white chip. It was called by No. 2, raised by No. 3, and No. 4 made it two blue chips for No. 1 to see his hand. The two first players called and the contest was eventually between Nos. 3 and 4, and here it was continued for some time until No. 3 deemed it advisable to stop.

On calling the last bet he was shown four kings, as against four tens, while No. 1 had abandoned four trays and No. 2 four sevens. It is believed that this is the first time, on a square deal, that four sets of fours have been held out on a single deal.

A Lake Captain's Experience

Capt. McDonald, one of Kingston's most prominent mariners, writes: "For years I have battled with the agonies of bronchitic asthma, oftentimes so bad that I could not sleep for nights at a time. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and quacks without getting relief, but one dollar's worth of Catarrhozone perfectly cured me." The above testimonial was given two years ago, and as the Captain lately stated he was still quite free from bronchitis, it proves Catarrhozone a veritable specific. Catarrhozone two months' treatment, guaranteed to cure bronchitis, price $1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co.

MARKET MOVEMENTS
carefully analysed and presented in our
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in such manner as to be of valuable assistance to the operator, aiding him so to trade as to obtain the best results. Mailed free, also our handsome 400 page, clothbound, illustrated
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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 7c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 10, 1902

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

◆

"It is doubtful what is meant by a blizzard."—Daily paper.

I want to know what is a blizzard,
It rhymes well, I know, with a wizard,
Also with a Surrey fowl's gizzard.
But still, what on earth is a blizzard?
It's synchronic, too, with a lizard
And a Spanish chamois called an izard.
May my locks be abundantly scissored
If I know what's meant by a blizzard.
Some say 'tis a storm that can fizz hard,
And people with livers has friz hard.
If it means that I get
Both frozen and wet,
Then back to the States go, O blizzard!

◆

Each snowflake is a tiny star adrift.
And many sparkling snowflakes do we see,
When with our dear old skull we catch the swift
And solid snowball hurtling fancy free,

◆

Quinn—You can just bet that the theatrical people are not opposed to billboards.

De Fonte—No; they are stuck on them.—Chicago News.

◆

Small Mabel was dining with her mother at a neighbor's one day, and not being accustomed to silver knives and forks, she queried: "Mamma, why don't we have tin knives?"

◆

June 17, 2066.—"Yes," said the eminent merchant, as he swallowed a tabloid beefsteak, "our ancestors were an improvident set."

"They certainly were," assented the other, gulping down a pill containing two fried eggs and a cup of coffee. "Why, Ruggins' 'Customs of the Ancients' says that during the period of 1902-25 a busy merchant frequently spent ten minutes in eating one meal."—Baltimore News.

WEST PETERBORO NOMINATION

Mass Meeting to Select a Candidate on March 22nd

A mass meeting of supporters of the Ross Government of West Peterborough will be held in Bradburn's Opera House, Peterborough, on Saturday March 22nd, at 1.30 p.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the representation of the West Riding in the next Local Legislature. Addresses will be delivered on the occasion by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Hon. Senator Cox, Hon. Senator McHugh, Mr. John Lang, M.P., and Mr. Thomas Blezard, M.P.P. It is requested that all supporters of the Government who can do so will attend. All are interested in the nomination to be made and all are invited. There being several speakers it will be necessary to begin the proceedings of the Convention promptly on time, 1.30 o'clock, p.m., Saturday March 22nd.

The Stomach's "Weal or Woe!" —The stomach is the centre from which, from the standpoint of health, flows "weal or woe." A healthy stomach means perfect digestion—perfect digestion means strong and steady nerve centres—strong nerve centres mean good circulation, rich blood and good health. South American Nervine makes and keeps the stomach right.—59

Baby Humors.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment soothes, quiets, and effects quick and effective cures in all skin eruptions common to baby during teething time. It is harmless to the hair in cases of Scald Head, and cures Eczema, Salt Rheum and all Skin Diseases of older people. 35 cents.—58

The Lion of the Place.

Of the many artists who have depicted on canvas the tawny royalty of the king of beasts, few indeed have omitted the precaution of maintaining strong bars between themselves and their models—unless, indeed, the models were no longer living. The story is often told of the dinner-party given by Sir Edwin Landseer, at which the guests were startled by the entry of a stolid butler, who enquired respectfully, in a perfectly matter-of-fact tone:

"Beg pardon, but did you order a lion, sir? There's one down-stairs, just come, sir."

There was, indeed, but it was safely dead, and the body had been sent around from the Zoo as a complimentary offering from the authorities to Sir Edwin.

It remained for a woman artist, Rosa Bonheur, to own her own lions, make friends with them, and caress and handle them with absolute fearlessness and impunity. Indeed, at one time she accorded her great pets the freedom of her house and garden at By exactly as if they had been dogs: but this liberty she was later obliged to curtail out of deference to other people's nerves, although the lions never abused it or manifested the least ferocity.

It was certainly hard for the casual caller to arrive expectantly at the gates of the chateau and behold, as soon as the latch clicked, a huge yellow lion rear itself upon the terrace, stretching in a sleepy and amiable yawn a pair of jaws that could easily bite a man's head off.

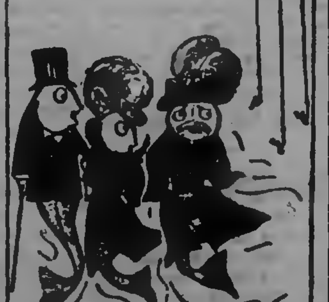
"Oh, it is only one of Mademoiselle Rosa's lions," a neighbor—with intent rather to tease than to reassure—was once heard saying to an alarmed visitor who still hesitated on the safe side of the fence. "Monsieur need only be careful not to step on its tail; the tip is black, and one does not readily observe it. It is a friendly animal—quite friendly, I assure monsieur—though I do not know how it would behave if stepped on. One might do well to go tiptoe."

On another occasion a note from an admirer of the artist's work, a distinguished man not known to her personally, was delivered at the chateau.

"Mademoiselle," it ran, "I had promised myself in passing through By the pleasure of seeing the lion of the place, mademoiselle, and I therefore offer upon paper the tribute of my profound regard to the lion of the place I no longer expect to see."

Getting Your Own Jehu.

Much clamor and confusion have been done away with at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York by the installation of an illuminated carriage call system, which signals to waiting coachmen a half-mile distant. The proper numbers are flashed from a conspicuous place commanding the stretches of pavement where the carriages, cabs and automobiles formerly crowded and jammed the crossings after opera hours. Operators stationed at the entrances are given numbered checks, and, without the aid of the man with the fog-horn voice, calling one's vehicle is now only a matter of switching a series of levers, arranged somewhat like a typewriter board. The figures from 0 to 9 can be shown in each of the three large apertures, so that carriage calls may be numbered up in the hundreds and changed every two seconds. The principle of the device is similar to that of the shifting advertising legends written in colored incandescent lights. This innovation does away with all shouting for carriages, and gives the coachmen no excuse for delay and confusion, as they are able to read their numbers against the sky a half-dozen blocks away.



He—Darling wifey, can't you persuade your mother to have a worm?—"Life."

A Great Past.

Cousin May—I thought you were engaged to Miss Yellowleaf. Jack—Not much! I couldn't love a woman with a past like hers. "Why, what do you know about her past?" "Nothing, except that it began too soon to suit me." Philadelphia "Press."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office) —Shure, docther, Oi think Oi hov appindicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for that.—"Judge."

Favorable Conditions.

Parson Primrose—In what way is it embarrassing for you to go to church with your husband. Mrs. Cobwigger—He has a habit of talking in his sleep.—"Judge."

Fit.

The Committee on Pulpit Supply had considered the applicant's taste in neckties and his wife's social antecedents, and found them satisfactory.

There remained only the question of his theology.

"In theology," reported the sub-committee appointed to look into this matter, "the applicant occupies safe middle ground. While he does not, on the one hand, hold that it is as hard for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven as it is for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle, he does not rush to the opposite extreme and teach that it is as easy for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven as it is for him to keep out of jail."

The main question being put, it was voted to extend a call.—N. Y. "Life."

—Organizer Flett, of the American Federation of Labor, met the members of the 57th Regt. Band on Thursday evening, with a view to organization.

Anecdotal.

In "Lives of the 'Lustrious," a biographical dictionary just issued in England, it is said that when Hall Caine, whose resemblance to Shakespeare is well known, landed in New York on a trip to America, he was accosted by the late Ignatius Donnelly, a stranger to him, with the words: "Lord Bacon, I presume."

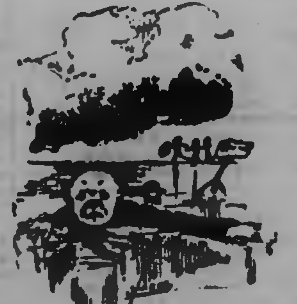
Some of the late Lord Randolph Churchill's friends once tried to have Lord Salisbury reinstate his erratic lieutenant. Salisbury listened to them patiently, and then asked: "Have any of you ever had a carbuncle on the back of your neck?" "No," was the reply. "Well, I have," retorted his lordship, "and I don't want another."

At a dinner-table in London the conversation turned on speaking. Curran stated that he could never speak in public for a quarter of an hour without moistening his lips. "I have the advantage of you then, Curran," said Sir Thomas Turton, a pompous and pretentious member of Parliament. "I spoke the other night in the House of Commons for five hours on the Nabob of Oude, and never felt in the least thirsty." "That is very remarkable, indeed," replied Curran, "for everyone agrees that it was the driest speech of the session."

Dr. Gordon, who was the first minister of the church in Jamaica Plain, about the year 1771, was a Scotchman, very stern and arbitrary in his manners, and precise and orderly in his own habits. The following anecdote of him is recorded in the family journal of one of his old parishioners: One Sunday, while preaching, he had begun to develop his theme with the usual "firstly," and got through that and "secondly." Then, turning the leaves of his manuscripts he said: "Thirdly," a second time "Thirdly," and again in great embarrassment, "Thirdly!" Just then a little girl in one of the front pews stood up and said: "Please, sir, thirdly flew out of the window some time ago."

John Townsend Trowbridge, one of the few surviving intimates of Walt Whitman, relates these anecdotes in his "Reminiscences" of the "good, gray poet" in the "Atlantic Monthly": "When, at dinner, preparing my dish of salad, I remarked that I was employed as his critics would be when his new edition was out, he queried, 'Devouring Leaves of Grass?' 'No,' I said, 'cutting up Leaves of Grass'—which amused him more, I fancy, than the cutting up did which came later. As the afternoon waned, and he spoke of leaving us, somebody placed a book before the face of the clock. I said: 'Put Leaves of Grass there. Nobody can see through that.' 'Not even the author?' he said, with a whimsical lifting of the brows.

Illustrated Want Ad.



BOARD WANTED.

Curious Bits of News.

Recently an American cyclist wheeled through La Mancha, in Spain, and in all that bleak region found no one who had ever heard of "Don Quixote," much less of Cervantes.

Dogs are to be used as river police on the Seine. At Gibraltar, curiously enough, dogs are mainly used for smuggling across the frontier, while on the St. Bernard they have once more been established as "first aids" to the frozen. Burnham, the famous scout, found that on the Klondike trail every kind of dog could be taught to draw sledges. The decoy dog and the blind man's dog share with the sheepdog the honor of earning their own living in recognised walks of industry.

Goubet, the French inventor of submarine boats, has devised a model of a boat intended to run under water and to convey passengers between France and England by means of a cable stretched across the Channel. Perhaps his strongest argument for an underwater passage is that the steadiness of motion would prevent seasickness, the traditional terror of the English Channel. The submarine boat "Fulton" lately lay undisturbed on the bottom off the Long Island coast while a tempest overhead sent many vessels to destruction.

The keepers of the big cobras in the Central Park Menagerie and the New York Zoological Garden do not find it easy to supply their venomous charges with the kind of food that they specially prefer. In their native land cobras live chiefly on smaller and less dangerous and objectionable snakes, but although every effort is made to collect harmless snakes to satisfy the appetite of the imprisoned cobras, at some seasons they have to be content with rats and mice, which they do not particularly like. Other varieties of captive snakes are fed mainly on toads, mice, rabbits and English sparrows.

Smoking in church is a Dutch custom. Dutchmen are such inveterate smokers that one of them is rarely seen without his pipe. He finds himself unable to deprive himself of the indulgence, even for the short period of a church service. A similar practice exists in several churches in South America. Smoking in churches in Great Britain is said to have been prevalent at the end of the sixteenth and the beginning of the seventeenth century. At one time smoking was carried to such an excess in Seville Cathedral that the chapter applied to the Pope for power to repress the abuse. Urban VIII., yielding to their wish, issued a bull, which was promulgated January 30, 1642. In Wales smoking in church was indulged in as late as 1850. In one church the communion-table stood in the aisle, and the farmers were in the habit of putting their hats upon it, and when the service began they lighted their pipes and smoked, without any thought of irreverence in the act.

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Clubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

◆

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

THE POISE

Of a woman in perfect health attracts the eye at once. Such a woman is all too rarely seen. The most of women bear scars of suffering on their faces which no smiles can hide, and often in their very carriage betray the womanly weakness which oppresses them.

There can be no perfect health for the woman who suffers from disease of the delicate womanly organism. Her general health is so intimately related to the local health of the womanly organs that these must be cured before the general health can be established.

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For the Farmer.

Ducks Against Mites.

One of my neighbors told me a few years ago that ducks would rid our premises of mites. As we had old buildings infested with mites, which kept me overworked in summer in order to raise any poultry at all, I concluded to try the plan. Accordingly I bought 170 duck eggs, hatched 147 of them and raised 140 ducks, which I drove into the henhouse every night as soon as they were well feathered, and I never saw a mite that year. The following year I raised thirty-five and housed them the same way until they were ready to pick, and I did not have any mites until late in the fall. As soon as I discovered some I drove the ducks into the poultry house to sleep, and in a short time I could not find a mite.

I often caught some of the ducks in the morning to examine them, and found their beautiful white feathers covered with the little pests of all sizes and colors, which made me feel guilty of cruelty to animals at first, but when I looked deeper into the thick, creamy down not one of the insects could be seen near the body, and when they came up at night with no mites to be seen I was convinced that the down and feathers were too thick and oily for mites to penetrate, and that they were very soon bathed off the outer plumage.

I am so pleased with my success that I expect to try ducks again, for I found a few mites last summer, and it requires no more labor to raise them than to battle against the mites, and it certainly is much pleasanter and is profitable. I am not prepared to keep them through the winter, so I buy eggs of neighbors and get them off early enough to pick them twice and sell them in full feather the last of October. The first year I sold them for five times the amount I paid for both eggs and feed, but did not do so well the next year because the eggs were higher and did not hatch so well.—Mrs. Shannon Staten, in Poultry Farmer.

Clean Sleeping Places.

At this season of the year the swine need careful watching that their sleeping quarters are in good condition. It will not do to turn the herd to straw stacks, thinking that by so doing they will be comfortably and properly provided by a bed that will keep them warm and comfortable, with no bad results following.

The main feature in the hog bedding is to have it dry and free from manure or heating filth. The hog nest or sleeping apartment should be free from draughts or currents of air. There should be no air blowing in on the hogs while sleeping. This does not imply that the sleeping apartments should be close, low from roof to roof or poorly ventilated; on the contrary, they should be airy, plenty of space for circulation of fresh air. It is a bad plan to have hogs sleep in low, close quarters, where there is a tendency to create a steam or dampness that will settle over the hogs. A clean hog-house, with tight walls, moderate ventilation above to carry off the damp air is the basis of good sleeping accommodation for the swine.

The kind of bedding is a matter that may admit of some difference of opinion. The swine should not be left to the bare floor, without any warm, soft material for bedding. The hog, while indifferent in many ways about its comfort, enjoys a good, soft bed. The hog is also very sensitive to cold, and will always busy itself in carrying straw, leaves and soft materials to make a big, soft bed to sleep in, if left to its own inclinations. This manifestation of instinct should teach every hog-owner the need of supplying the hog with plenty of good, dry material for its nest.

Corn stalks are considered one of the very best bedding materials. Wheat straw is also good, but requires more frequent changing. Give the hogs good, clean bedding, change the bedding frequently and keep the hogs clean and comfortable through the cold season. It will pay. Hogs are worth too much money to handle carelessly in these times of high prices.—Nebraska Farmer.

Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Cholly Harduppe has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of axle grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

◆

"Well, sir," said the Chicagoan, proudly, "what do you think of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago, Ill."—Philadelphia Press.

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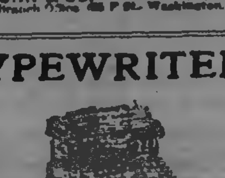

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MIDY

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial usage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done uncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have hat his eye on der Bresident chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Veil, you shoost tell Meester Douglas if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Stockton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

HUMOR OF THE HOUR.

Bunko Steerer—This is Mr. Wayback, I believe.

Farmer Wayback (suspiciously)—Yes; you have the advantage of me, young man.

Bunko Steerer—Not yet, not yet. Of course, nobody knows what may happen later on.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

◆◆◆

The amiable gentleman stepped on a banana peel, pirouetted and dropped.

A large number of people laughed.

"See all those people laughing," said the sympathetic friends.

"Yes," said the amiable gentleman, with a smile; "they seem to be enjoying themselves hugely."

"Doesn't their laughing make you angry?"

"Not at all. It doesn't hurt me in the slightest, either morally, physically or pecuniarly. And I rejoice in the fact that the average of human happiness has been elevated just that much.—Washington Star.

A Contrast.

IN an article in the "Arena" for February, Eltweed Pomeroy writes of English and French national traits as shown in their deliberative assemblies—the House of Commons and the Chamber of Deputies respectively. Describing a visit to the latter, Mr. Pomeroy writes:

"The hands of the two big clocks—there must be one on each side to balance—approach two. A minute later the ushers, in full dress, each with a metal chain around his neck, arrange themselves in a row; the head usher announces in a loud voice to the few Deputies already there: 'Monsieur le President!' and the elegant Paul Deschanel enters and ascends to his seat on the third platform. The hall fills with Deputies. The audience quiets down. Without any roll-call, reading of minutes, or other preliminary, the President announces that Deputy Berry will speak.

"A stocky, businesslike Frenchman ascends the tribune. At first he speaks calmly, but, soon warming up, he expostulates, implores, entreats, commands, exhorts. Gestures are frequent and emphatic. It is an oration. A sharp remark starts a question from one side. M. Berry answers it. Another and another follow in rapid succession. A member stops walking in front and begins an excited explanation. Twelve or fifteen Deputies are talking at once. M. Berry shrugs his shoulders with an eloquent gesture of despair—as only a Frenchman can shrug. The President raps hard on the table; he rings his bell again and again, rises, and calls out: 'Attention, gentlemen!' The hubbub subsides and then renews. The President pleads with them: 'It is Monsieur Berry who speaks, gentlemen! Hear him!' His hands are extended in entreaty. His voice has tears in it. He assumes the most graceful, nonchalant, and pleading attitude. The speaker below him has stopped with a most patient and resigned air. A stalwart usher comes to the front and shouts 'Silence!' In the lull that follows, M. Berry makes the mistake of saying he could sing something that would convince them. At once the shout, 'Chantant! Chantant!' ('Sing! Sing!') goes up all over the house. Nothing can be heard in the din till M. Berry begins to talk in stentorian tones and gesticulates wildly and ends in an eloquent climax, which brings silence out of mere curiosity to hear him. A vote is taken and his motion is carried. Despite the noise, oratory, and hubbub, the body moves and action is taken. An Englishman is bewildered and scandalized by the tumult. He does not understand the French love of a sensational effect and of display.

"President Duchanel has just been married. A little later, a witty Deputy in the course of his speech said, 'I am a benedick,' with a significant wave of his hand backward. At once a fusillade of questions were fired at him—why was he a benedick? how long would he stay a benedick? was it good to be a benedick? The President arose, explained, pleaded, expostulated in a most pathetic and heart-rending manner. The orator talked below. The witty questions, bon-mots, and laughter scintillated across the floor. The audience in the boxes applauded and watched the actors through their opera-glasses. Ushers came out and shouted, 'Silence! Silence!' but no one paid any attention to them. It was as good as a circus. They were all actors, and acting with a verve, grace, and effectiveness utterly alien to the Anglo-Saxon."

Turning to the British House of Commons, Mr. Pomeroy says that a policeman points the visitor through a magnificent hall into an equally magnificent octagonal lobby without any seats in it. Halls leading out of it have seats, but a policeman tells you visitors are not allowed to sit on them. Policemen are everywhere, and they act as if they were the chief ornaments of the building. Even a member of the House must get a special permit to take a lady with the visiting party into the House restaurant. "While we are discussing the Parliament-toasted buns and tea, we notice a sentry pacing up and down on the outside terrace. On enquiry we find he was put there years ago, when the dynamite outrages stirred parliamentary sloth. The idea was that dynamite might be thrown from a boat on the river and destroy the buildings. He still paces."

Illustrating this characteristic worship of precedent, the writer says that his friend, Mr. Corrie Grant, member for Leicester, cited a couple of interesting facts. On entering the chamber, every member bows three times. At first Mr. Grant thought they were bowing to the Speaker, as representing the dignity of the House. But one day he noticed the Speaker himself bowed three times on entering. He enquired, but no one seemed to know the reason for this rule. The English in him became aroused and he went digging to find out. After a good deal of antiquarian research, he found that centuries ago, in the time of Henry VIII., the House of Commons met in St. Stephen's chapel, which of course was Roman Catholic, as that was then the State and all-prevailing religion. At the upper end was an altar, and everyone coming in bowed three times to the Holy Trinity—to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost. They no longer meet in St. Stephen's chapel; the religion is gone; the altar is gone; the real reason for the rule is gone—but they still bow three times on entering.

Again, "in the House of Commons the members sit on benches without any desks. These benches run up and down the hall, and an aisle runs up the center. The Government members sit on one side and the Opposition on the other. They thus face each other. There are only enough seats for about a third of the members. That also is English. The arrangement of seats is awkward for speaking, but it is 'old.' Down each side of the aisle runs a narrow strip of red carpet. Should a member in talking overstep this red carpet, he is called to order and moves back. The two strips of red carpet are just a little farther apart than the length of a sword and the sword arm. They are a relic of the time when the armed knights sat on either side of the house and a member was forbidden to overstep this red carpet lest in the heat of debate he should draw his sword and injure or be injured. The swords have gone ages ago, and the violence of that mediaeval debate, but the red carpet and the rule without reason remains."

No laborer who puts thought into his work need have any fear of ever being displaced by a machine.

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It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go.
We tramp it under foot and bid—
[illegible]

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

A train of twelve refrigerator cars, carrying nothing but eggs—about two millions of them—recently made the run from Newton, Kansas, to San Francisco.

One of the most remarkable clubs of modern times has its headquarters in Almeda, California. It is known as the "Old Men's Singing Club," no one being admitted to it who has not the gift of song and who has not passed at least his sixty-fifth birthday. The club has 101 members, with an aggregate age of 8,006 years.

The great Simplon tunnel under the Alps from the valley of the Rhone into Italy is about half finished, and it is now believed that it will be ready for traffic within two and a half years. Its cost will be $14,000,000, and this enormous expense has been incurred to shorten the road between Paris and Milan only 50 miles and to save grades of fifteen hundred feet. The length of the completed tunnel will exceed twelve miles.

An editorial writer with a taste for statistics has given to this waiting world a statement in which women may feel some interest. He declares that he recently stood in a crowded thoroughfare of a large city and listened to "scraps of conversation" of fifty women who passed him. Of these fifty women, four were talking about cooking and recipes; seven, about babies; twelve were discussing men and love affairs; and from the lips of twenty-seven rippled remarks about clothes.

Miss Ellene Jaqua, a well-known vocalist of Brooklyn, N.Y., is the first person to possess a glass gown which can actually be worn and not once only. It is of spun glass, made in Dresden, Germany, and was modelled and cut in Paris. At the Chicago Exposition in '93 there was a glass dress exhibited, which became the property of the Infanta Eulalie, but it was only for show and could not be worn. A full description of Miss Jaqua's glass gown is given in the "Strand Magazine" for February.

The Chicago "Tribune's" record of legal executions and lynchings in the United States in 1901 shows that 118 persons were executed and 135 were lynched. Of those executed 71 were negroes, and of those lynched, 107. The executions were one fewer than in 1900, and the lynchings were 20 more. It is noticeable that of the lynchings only 30 were for murder and 19 for criminal assault, leaving a remainder of 77 persons lynched for minor crimes. It is noticeable also that the number of lynchings in the Northern States increased from 8 in 1900 to 14 in 1901.

Chief Engineer Emil Prinwitz of the North German Lloyd steamship "Kronprinz Wilhelm," is experimenting with a new arrangement which he has placed in the ship for use in case of a collision. A small wheel abaft the pilot-house is turned, and instantly hydraulic pressure closes twenty water-tight doors in the lower part of the ship, making sixteen water-tight compartments. The fact that all the doors are closed is instantly shown on an electric dial, on which the numbers of the doors and their location are printed. The sixteen water-tight rooms are more than enough to float the vessel in case any part of her hull is punctured. The experiments show that not more than two minutes is required to render the "Kronprinz Wilhelm" unsinkable.

Anticipated the Permission.

MINISTERS have many interesting and amusing experiences.

A clergyman of Duluth, Minn., was engaged in conversation with a number of friends the other day, when each started telling stories of weddings he had performed. One of the party had this to offer:

Some time ago a great big fellow, roughly dressed, and a wee mite of a young woman came to him. They had no witnesses, and, in fact, did not care to have any. Nevertheless, a bridesmaid and groomsman were selected from the household and the ceremony began. They had promised to love and obey and all the rest of the service, when the preacher announced: "Kiss the bride."

The bridegroom, on bended knee, hesitated a little, tried to say something and couldn't.

"Kiss the bride," said the pastor.

"Why, parson, I did, afore I come here at all," replied the bridegroom, whose face had taken the color of a June rose.

The witnesses burst forth in laughter, while the minister had all he could do to retain the serious expression which he always wore when wedding people.

Old Age.

PROFESSOR JOWETT, the great master of Balliol College, had wise words to speak on the crucial topic of growing old. He wrote to a friend:

"The later years of life appear to me, from a certain point of view, to be the best. They are less disturbed by care and the world; we begin to understand that things really never did matter so much as we supposed, and we are able to see them more in their true proportion, instead of being overwhelmed by them. We are more resigned to the will of God, neither afraid to depart nor overanxious to stay. We cannot see into another life, but we believe, with an inextinguishable hope, that there is something still reserved for us."

It is worth while to remember his hints for old age, full, as they are, of a practical wisdom:

Beware of the coming on of age, for it will not be defied.

A man cannot become young by over-exerting himself.

A man of sixty should lead a quiet, open-air life.

He should collect the young about him.

He should set other men to work.

He ought, at sixty, to have acquired authority, reticence and freedom from personality.

He may truly think of the last years of life as being the best, and every year as better than the last, if he knows how to use it.

Mrs. McVicars—Aye, my Jeannie's wee Johnny went wi' the Sabbath-skill's picnic, and he got awa doon by the watter-side and fell in, and they haven't found his body yet. Mrs. Peterson—Oh, just aye! And he'd have his best claes on, too.—[illegible]

Anecdotal.

A country convert, full of zeal, offered himself for service in his first prayer-meeting remarks. "I'm ready to do anything the Lord asks of me," he said, "so long as it's honorable."

Some years ago at a Mardi Gras ball at the Hopkins Institute in San Francisco, a man, masked, approached a woman, masked, and asked her for a dance, as is considered right and proper at Mardi Gras. "But I don't know you, sir," said the lady in her most icy tone. "Well, I'm taking as big a risk as you are," retorted the man.

A tender-hearted youth was once present at an Oxford supper, where the fathers of those assembled were being roundly abused for their parsimony in supplying the demands of their sons. At last, after having long kept silence, he lifted up his voice in mild protest. "After all, gentlemen," he said, "let us remember that they are our fellow-creatures."

The Chatsworth (Ont.) "News" says: "A good joke is told on a Chatsworth young man who went to Owen Sound one day last week and dropped into Dr. Lang's office to be vaccinated. The doctor asked him if he had ever been vaccinated before and he replied: 'I've been vaccinated twice and baptized three times and neither one of them took.' The doctor hesitated, but finally concluded to vaccinate him, and judging from the way he holds his arm the third vaccination 'took,' even if the third baptism didn't."

Jacob A. Riis tells of an Irish teamster who went to the priest in a fright; he had seen a ghost on the church wall as he passed it in the night. "And what was it like?" asked the priest. "It was like nothing so much as a big ass," said Patrick, wild-eyed. "Go home, Pat! and be easy," replied the priest, soothingly; "you've only seen your own shadow."

Thomas Bailey Aldrich once received a pathetic letter in a feminine hand announcing the death of a little daughter and asking if he would not send in his own handwriting a verse or two from "Babie Bell" to assuage the grief of the household. Aldrich sent the whole poem, and not long after saw it displayed in the shop of an autograph dealer, with a good, round price attached thereto.

Senator Cullom of Illinois was asked by a correspondent why the Committee on Foreign Relations had enjoined secrecy on the text of the new treaty with Great Britain, when the text of the treaty was printed in all the morning papers. "Just so, just so," said the senator; "that's the reason the injunction of secrecy was placed upon the treaty. We knew that if we made it public at once not a paper in the country would print its full text."

During his visit to New York Thackeray was very much attracted by the beauty and brilliancy of a Miss B., and, in accordance with foreign custom, made a morning call, when she did not expect anyone. Hearing some talking in the lower hall, she leaned over the banisters and asked the servant who it was. "It's Mr. Thackeray, ma'am." "Oh, damn Thackeray!" replied Miss B. "No," said Thackeray, who could not but hear the remark, "it's not Misther O'Dam Thackeray, but Mr. Makepeace Thackeray." And, with a laugh, Miss B. came down.

The venerable Mr. —— believed unqualifiedly in Boston, as not the hub only, but the forward wheels also, of the universe. The excellent old gentleman, having confessed to L. G. that he had never found time, during his busy life, to read Shakespeare, was advised to do so during the winter then approaching. In the spring G. called on the estimable citizen, and casually asked if he had read any of the plays during the season just passed. "Yes," he replied, "he had read them all." "Do you like them?" ventured G., feeling his way cautiously to an opinion. "Like them!" replied the old man, with effusive ardor; "that is not the word, sir! They are glorious, sir; far beyond my expectation, sir! There are not twenty men in Boston, sir, who could have written those plays!"

Lord John (Russell) with a curious artlessness of disposition which made it impossible for him to feign a cordiality he did not feel, united an astonishing want of tact. Once, at a concert at Buckingham Palace, he was seen to get up suddenly, turn his back on the Duchess of Sutherland, by whom he had been sitting, walk to the remotest part of the room, and sit down by the Duchess of Inverness. When questioned afterwards as to the cause of his unceremonious move, which had the look of a quarrel, he said: "I could not have sat any longer by that great fire; I should have fainted." "Oh, that was a very good reason for moving; but I hope you told the Duchess of Sutherland why you left her." "Well—no. I don't think I did that. But I told the Duchess of Inverness why I came and sat by her."

The Use of the Word "Lady."

It is said that it is coming to be the fashion again to use the word "lady," and that the word "party" is also in better favor. For some years modish persons have called ladies "women," and parties "functions." There was some excuse for the former substitution because "lady" was worked to death, and so misused as to make it ridiculous. But vague as its meaning is, it has a meaning (or meanings), to the conveyance of which it is indispensable, and the folks who have dismissed it from their vocabularies have not been persons of much philological discernment.

The use of "function" for "party" has been a mere fad that must have started as a pleasantry and gradually became a habit. It makes it possible to speak of a row at a ball as a "functional disorder"; but even that doesn't warrant its vogue. It is a poor, borrowed, anglicised word, which the British-American language doesn't need.

Quite Too Romantic.

"I say, is this here the novel you advised me to read?" said the cabman to the librarian. "Yes," replied the librarian; "that's the one." "Well," said the cabman, "you can just take it back. There's nine people in the first four chapters who hired cabs, and each of 'em, when he got out, 'flung his purse to the driver.' Now, when I want that sort of literature, I'll go to Jules Verne and get it pure."

"No," said the landlady, "we cannot accommodate you. We only take in single gentlemen." "Goodness," replied Mr. Marryatt; "what makes you think I'm twins?"—Philadelphia "Record."

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Quigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jemmie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

Breaking the Bank at Monte Carlo.

SENATOR CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW recently visited Monte Carlo on his wedding journey, and watched Lord Rosslyn attempt to break the bank. "Everybody," he says, "is laughing at the earl's so-called system. He announced in England that he had an infallible system, and only needed $50,000 to make it go. People tumbled over each other to give him the money. He began playing with thousand-franc notes. When I left he was playing with five-franc pieces. I was told that all but about $5,000 of the $50,000 was gone. There is no such thing as breaking the bank at Monte Carlo. A man who has lived in the place merely as a resident for years told me the gambling-house paid returns as regular as dividends on the New York Central Railroad. I suppose there are ten roulette-tables, and each table is a bank with a capital of $120,000. If you win all its capital that particular table closes for the day to get a change of luck. That is all the bank-breaking there is. You would have to go through all the other tables—roulette, rouge-et-noir, and trente-et-quarante — before you close up the concern, and there are several of each. They are a dismal looking lot—the players. I never saw one of them smile, and the winners looked as miserable as the losers. Nobody gets away with any money, no matter how much he wins. At least it is very rare. I saw one man begin with a thousand-franc note—$200. He played and won—doubled his money; played, and won again, and again doubled. He kept on until he had won about $24,000. Then he started resolutely to go out. At the door he stopped, hesitated, and turned back. He sauntered over to the table, and looked on at the game for a while. Then he buttoned up his coat again, with great decision, and started out with a firm stride. But he could not — positively could not get through the door. The last I saw of him he was playing away again, and the $24,000 was going pell-mell back into the gambling-house coffers. I did see one man, however, win and go away with his money. He was a very rich man, as I happened to know, and just played for fun, not caring whether he won or not. He had astonishing luck. The same number came up five times in succession—an unusual thing. It made a great sensation in the room, and people gathered about. At the fifth turn of the number he swiped in everything from the table, and poked away the wads of French banknotes into his pockets right and left. He won about $6,000 in a very few moments."

Why Women Can't Throw Straight.

IT has often been a source of wonder to married men that their wives should invariably hit the cat, or some other inoffending object, when aiming bootjacks and other missiles in their direction. An explanation is now to hand, which, it is hoped, will add enlightenment, as well as consolation, to any benighted Benedict who has experienced this idiosyncrasy. It appears that the reason a woman cannot aim straight is on account of her collar-bone being too large to enable her to acquire a free swipe of the arm. This simply shows that when kind Providence sent woman into the void for man to lavish his affections and earnings upon, everything was beautifully and systematically thought out. Had woman been physically constructed so that her shying powers were equal to those of man, husbands would have had a mighty busy time of it dodging things generally. Thanks to that same Providence, however, woman can still throw her lily-white arms round our manly necks and hit the bull's-eye every time.

No matter what the world may say
About a woman throwing straight
Dame Nature built her just that way
That man might dodge her whoe
trate.
Her collar-bone consoles her still
In formulating little plans
To "collar" and to "bone" at will
'Most everything of simple man's.

Civilization.

"I SEE the ships," said The Eavesdropper, as he stole round the world to me, "on a dozen sides of the world. I hear them fighting with the sea."

"And what do you see on the ships?" I said.

"Figures of men and women—thousands of figures of men and women."

"And what are they doing?"

"They are walking fiercely," he said —"some of them—walking fiercely up and down the decks before the sea."

"Why?" said I.

"Because they cannot stand still and look at it. Others are reading in chairs because they cannot sit still and look at it."

"And there are some," said The Eavesdropper, "with roofs of boards above their heads (to protect them from Wonder)—down in the hold—playing cards."

There was silence.

• • • • • • • •

"What are you seeing now?" I said.

"Trains," he said—"a globe full of trains. They are on a dozen sides of it. They are clinging to the crusts of it —mountains—rivers—prairies—some in the light and some in the dark—creeping through space."

"And what do you see in the trains?"

"Miles of faces."

"And the faces?"

"They are pushing on the trains."

• • • • • • • •

"What are you seeing now?" I said.

"Cities," he said—"streets of cities—miles of streets of cities."

"And what do you see in the streets of cities?"

"Men, women, and smoke."

"And what are the men and women doing?"

"Hurrying," said he.

"Where?" said I.

"God knows."—Gerald Stanley Lee in "Critic."

A Matter of Color.

Chromatopseudopsis is the medical term for color-blindness, and statistics show that men are much more chromatopseudopsically inclined than women. The man invariably succumbs to chromatopseudoptitude when he tries to match a ribbon.—"Judge."

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

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"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 160 feet long and 40 feet wide, and the masts are 160 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?"

"It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

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Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 10, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The Central Charity Board will meet this evening at 8 o'clock.

—This is the 39th anniversary of the marriage of King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

—The lady who lost her rubber at the rink on Friday night can get it at the police station.

—The regular meeting of the Board of Managers of St. Paul's church will be held to-morrow evening.

—The regular meeting of the Separate School Board will be held to-morrow evening.

—The market on Saturday was very dull, possibly consequent upon the almost impassable condition of the roads.

—"Evangeline", at the Charlotte street Sabbath School Hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 cents. All are welcome.

—The Board of Directors of the Y.W.C.A. will hold their regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

—Crossley & Hunter, evangelists, opened their eighth series of meetings in Toronto yesterday. They are conducting their services in the Queen St. church.

—At the men's meeting in the Y.M.C.A. yesterday afternoon, the second of the series of "Titles of Christ," was taken by Mr. G. M. Roger, the topic being "The Councillor."

—Special services will be conducted in Bethany Tabernacle every night this week, by Rev. T. A. Shaw, of New Wilmington, Pa. Services at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

—A movement is on foot to establish a Mutual Benefit Association in connection with the Canadian General Electric Company, and Mr. F. Nicholls has offered to donate $1,000 toward the scheme, should 75 per cent. of the employees become connected with it.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 156 Hunter street.

—Mr. J. Crane begs to announce that he has arranged for a concert here by Mr. Hirwen Jones, tenor of England. This artist has taken the tenor solo work in all the great festivals in England for the past two years and is admitted the peer of tenors that have visited us for some time. Mr. Jones will be assisted by Miss Hilda Richardson, 'cellist, Mr. Owen Smiley, reader, and Miss Constance Veitch, pianist. These four artists will give a program of great merit. As it will be impossible for Mr. Crane to call on all the music lovers, he desires to state that the subscription list will be at Ormond & Walsh's to-day. Subscribers will be accorded first choice of seats. The plan will be open on Monday, the 17th inst., at 9 a.m.

DEATHS

BROWN—At Peterborough, on Sunday, March 9, 1902, Mr. Thomas Brown, in his 83rd year.

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PROSPERITY MARKED YEAR

For Hamilton Provident and Loan Society.

INCREASE IN RESERVE.

Reports of Re-payments Most Gratifying—Contingent and Reserve Funds Strong—Business in Keeping with the Country's Growth.

The thirtieth annual meeting of the shareholders of the society was held at the society's head office at 11 o'clock this forenoon.

Among those present were the following: H. W. Clarkson, James W. Simpson, H. H. Miller (Hanover), John H. Coon, H. H. Anderson, Seneca Jones, W. F. Findlay, Maitland Young, E. G. Payne, J. T. Glassco, Hon. A. T. Wood, T. H. Macpherson, W. J. Reid, John Crerar, Judge Snider, Alex. Turner, R. R. Ferris, Geo. Rutherford, James Wilson, David Kidd, P. D. Crerar, Chas Judd, John R. Stone, John McCoy, Wm. Dixon, C. Ferrie, James Dixon, D. M. Cameron, Mr. Fisher (Winnipeg).

The President, Hon. A. T. Wood, was in the chair, and C. Ferrie, Treasurer, acted as secretary.

The secretary read the report and annual statements as follows:

Thirtieth Annual Report.

The Directors have much pleasure in submitting their report of the society's business for the year ending 31st December, 1901, with the usual financial statements, duly audited.

The net profits of the year, after paying and providing for all dues and accrued interest on borrowed capital, paying cost of management and other charges, amount to $87,987.21, out of which two half yearly dividends at the rate of six per cent. per annum were paid, together with taxes on capital and income, and the balance, $20,848.21, has been applied as follows:

Added to reserve fund	$20,000 00
Credited to contingent fund	848 21
	$20,848 21

After writing off all losses, providing for possible shrinkage in value of securities, also writing $3,000 off the society's building, there remains at the credit of the contingent fund $25,771.28.

The reserve fund now amounts to $340,000.00.

Repayments by borrowers have been very satisfactory.

Extensive alterations and improvements were made to the head office building during the year, adding much to the comfort of the tenants and giving us two additional offices for rental, which are now occupied.

In the month of August last one of the directors, accompanied by the treasurer and our general agent for Manitoba, made a tour of inspection of part of the farm lands of the northwest territories lying between the Manitoba boundary and as far west as Regina. After careful consideration of their report, and upon their recommendation, your directors decided to extend the society's field for loaning to that part of the Territories mentioned, which is within a reasonable distance from our Brandon office—the business to be under the personal supervision of Mr. Harcourt, our general agent in Manitoba. The necessary license has been secured, and a by-law authorising the society to extend its business to the territories has been passed by the directors, and will be submitted to the meeting for approval by the shareholders.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. T. WOOD, President.

Hamilton, Canada, 3rd Feb., 1902.

Financial Statement for the Year Ending 31st December, 1901.

Financial Statement for the Year ending 31st December, 1901.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Share Capital paid up	$1,100,000 00	
Contingent Fund	25,771 28	
Reserve Fund	340,000 00	
Dividend No. 61 (payable 2nd January, 1902)	33,000 00	
		$1,498,771 28

LIABILITIES TO THE PUBLIC.

Saving Bank Deposits	$734,917 79	
Sterling Debentures	405,707 12	
Currency Debentures	419,731 10	
Debenture Stock	422,400 00	
Interest on Debentures	12,061 66	
Sundry Accounts	20,085 20	
		2,115,962 88
		$3,614,734 06

ASSETS.

Net Value of Investments	$3,388,313 12
Premises in Hamilton and Brandon	91,000 00
Cash on hand and in banks	135,421 91
	$3,614,734 06

PROFIT AND LOSS

To Dividends Nos. 60 and 61	066,000 00	
" Taxes on Capital and Income	1,140 00	
		$ 67,140 00
" Interest on Deposits, Debentures, Debenture Stock and Expenses		70,448 90
" Expenses, including cost of Management, Fuel, Taxes and Attendance for Building, Auditors' and Officers' Salaries at Head Office and Brandon Branch	$12,482 84	
" Directors' Compensation	3,540 00	
" Commission, Valuators' and Solicitors' Fees at		

[illegible]

C. FERRIE

We hereby certify that we have examined the books, accounts and vouchers of the Hamilton Provident & Loan Society, and have found the same correct. We have also examined the securities (excepting those relating to Manitoba loans), and find them in perfect order, and correct as set forth in the above statement.

W. F. FINDLAY, F.C.A.,
MAITLAND YOUNG,
Auditors.

Hamilton, 4th February, 1902

I hereby certify that I have examined the securities and vouchers and audited the books of the Hamilton Provident & Loan Society for the year ending the 31st December, 1901, as kept in their Brandon office, and have found them correct.

H. L. ADOLPH, Auditor.

Brandon, Man., 29th Jan., 1902.

On motion of the President, seconded by the Vice-President, the report was adopted.

The following gentlemen were re-elected directors: Hon. A. T. Wood, Alex. Turner, Hon. Wm. Gibson, T. H. Macpherson, Geo. Rutherford, John J. Glassco, Judge Snider.

At a meeting of the directors held after the annual meeting Hon. A. T. Wood was re-elected president, and Alex. Turner Vice-President.

WEDDING BELLS

Marriage of Mr. H. A. Aldrich and Miss E. L. Payne

On Wednesday last the Methodist church, Cobourg, was the scene of a pretty wedding, when Mr. Harry A. Aldrich, of the firm of McPherson and Aldrich, was united in matrimony to Miss Ethel L. Payne, of that town. The bride was tastefully attired in a suit of gray Venetian cloth, with silk blouse.

Mr. Clifford Payne acted as groomsman, and Miss Blanche Payne supported the bride. After the ceremony, dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, and the young couple left for the west by the afternoon train. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. extend congratulations.

OBITUARY

Mr. Thomas Brown Passed Away at His Home Last Evening

The death occurred last evening of Mr Thomas Brown, an aged and respected resident of the town. Mr. Brown had been in his usual health up to Friday of last week, and on that morning called on some friends. Later he was stricken with paralysis, and gradually sank until Sunday evening, when he passed calmly over the border.

Deceased was born at Cotehill, Ireland, in February 1820; in 1851 he married Miss Sarah Harrison, of Canningstown, a neighboring village. In 1855 he removed, with his wife to Canada, settling at Peterborough, and took part in the Fenian Raid in 1866, as a member of the 57th Ashburnham Rangers. In recognition of his services at this time he was presented with a medal, by the Hon. Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia.

Mr. Brown was an active member of the Royal Black Chapter of Knights of Ireland, and for over sixty years was connected with the Orange Order. He was a devout Presbyterian in faith, a member of St Paul's congregation, and in politics was a staunch Conservative. Strictly honest in his dealings with men, he was honored as such by all who knew him.

He leaves to mourn his demise a family of two sons and three daughters: Joseph Harrison, of Calgary; Robert K., of the Peterborough Hardware Co., Mrs. Wm. Dann, of Port Hope; and Misses Jennie and Sarah, of Peterborough. His wife predeceased him some fifteen years ago.

The funeral will leave his late residence, 547 Downie street, to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock to the Little Lake Cemetery. Service will be conducted at the house by Rev. Dr. Torrance, at 2 o'clock. The rites at the grave will be preformed by the local Orange Lodge No. 69, who have lost in Mr. Brown a valued and esteemed brother.

To the sorrowing relatives is extended the sincere sympathy of all in their great loss.

CHURCH NOTES

—Rev. J. G. Potter preached yesterday at Marmora, on the occasion of the opening of the new church there.

—Temperance sermons were delivered from several of the pulpits last night.

—Rev. Dr. Torrance conducted the service in St. Andrew's church yesterday morning, and in the evening the pulpit was filled by the Rev. Geo. Yule.

—At Murray street Baptist church, the pastor, Rev. J. Bastow, M.A., preached morning and evening. In the evening, the sermon was an earnest and eloquent appeal to the advocates of prohibition to stand by their cause in the coming struggle on the referendum.

—Rev. Geo. Yule preached a missionary sermon in St. Paul's church yesterday morning, from the words, "Thy Kingdom come." In the evening, Rev. Dr. Torrance took as his text the first clause of Isaiah 28—1, "Woe to the crown of pride, to the drunkard of Ephraim. After a reference to the destruction of Samaria he drew a parallel of the sin of drink still in our midst notwithstanding the great advances we have since made in civilization. He dealt with the question from two standpoints, 1st, reason and common sense, 2nd, Holy Scripture, showing how excess of wine was injurious to a man physically mentally and morally. That scripture makes any distinction between wine fermented and unfermented the rev. gentleman refused to admit. Public opinion has fluctuated in the past 25 years, but the temperance cause had progressed. Referring conclusion to the referendum, Dr. Torrance said: "I have read the Bill carefully and it seems to be an honest attempt to fulfil the pledges made by the Government on this question in previous years. It may not satisfy extremists on either side, but to fair-minded men it is all that can be required. I do not hesitate to say that it is my firm conviction that the prohibitionists of this Province will do far better to accept the Bill and try to bring out voters for it, than to try to pick all the holes in it they possibly can."

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Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

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SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

TENDERS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Indian Supplies" will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, 14th April, 1902, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th, June, 1903, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Winnipeg. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. D. McLEAN,
Secretary.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1902.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

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This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

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At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

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Ladies and Gent's Tailo
286 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral 40	80	Milburn's Rheumatic Pills	35
Ayer's Hair Vigor	75	Hood's Sarsaparilla	80
Ayer's Pills, 15c, two for	25	Shiloh's Consumption Cure	40
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Paine's Celery Compound	80	Minard's Liniment	20
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The company owns 2,080 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. M. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the Company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil seepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

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Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 22 NO. 59 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MARCH 11 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GENERAL METHUEN WOUNDED AND CAPTURED TOGETHER WITH FOUR GUNS BY GENERAL DELAREY

Serious Disaster to British Troops--Forty One Killed ; Seventy-Seven Wounded

BAGGAGE OF METHUEN'S FORCE WAS CAPTURED

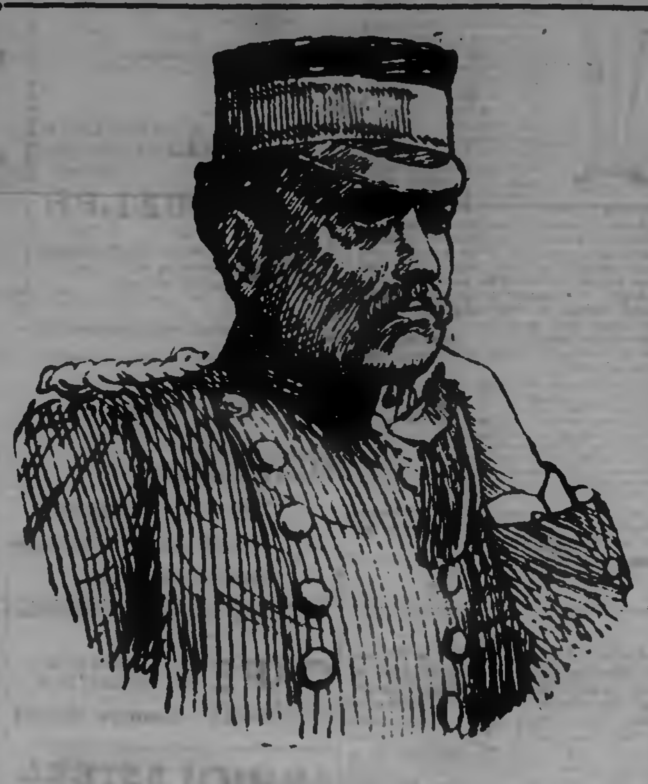
Catastrophe Took Place on March 7th Near Winburg in the Orange River Colony—First British General Taken

London, March 10.—At this late hour of the South African war the news of a disaster, which is entitled in magnitude to be placed almost ahead of Nicholson's Nek, Majuba's Pass and Stormberg, has come like a bolt from the blue upon the British people. Lord Methuen, with four guns, has fallen into the hands of the active and alert Delarey, the most persistent of the Boer generals, next to De Wet, who have taken the field. For the first time in the history of the war a British general officer has fallen into the hands of the enemy, and for this reason the catastrophe stands somewhat apart from the ones referred to above. General Delarey for months occupied the territory between Mafeking and Pretoria, and at one time besieged a portion of "C" Battery, of the Canadian contingent, in Rustenburg for six weeks, failing in his effort to capture the defenders owing to the vigilance of Baden-Powell, with whom the Canadians were then serving. Incidentally the news of the fight which has proved so fateful to British arms shows that Delarey has changed his sphere of operations, and has shifted his fighting ground to the Orange River Colony, having penetrated so far south as the neighborhood of Wynburg, which is not much more than 60 miles from Bloemfontein. It is evident that Delarey is making a diversion in favor of his friend De Wet, who is on the verge of being enclosed in the British cordon of blockhouses. Whether he has succeeded in his purpose or not remains to be seen. The fact remains, however, that British arms have suffered one of the most serious reverses since the war began. The despatch containing the direful news of disaster reads as follows:

General Methuen and four guns have been captured by General Delarey. General Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Three British officers and 38 men were killed. Five British officers and 72 men were wounded. One British officer and 200 men are missing.

The fight in which General Methuen was captured occurred before dawn March 7, between Winburg and Lichtenburg, Orange River Colony. The British force numbered 1,200 men. The Boers captured all the British baggage. General Methuen is retained as a prisoner.

The checkered and fitfully brilliant career of Lord Methuen has thus reached its climax. It is scarcely likely that he will be heard of again, as the fate of Gatacre will undoubtedly await him when free from the clutches of the Boers, who in his person hold the most important prisoner who has fallen into their hands over two years of warfare. Methuen's career is interesting. Starting out at the beginning of the war from De Aar Junction, he marched with the British army upon Kimberley, the relief of which he had high hopes of accomplishing. In six days he won three brilliant engagements, driving the enemy before him by frontal attacks, for which he was severely condemned, but which achieved the purpose. These actions were fought on Nov. 23rd, 25th, and 28th, 1899, and were known respectively, as Belmont, Graspan, and Modder River, the latter being the most deadly of the three. Having crossed the river, General Methuen's career of glory terminated abruptly. Held at bay by Cronje, before the grim heights of Magersfontein, he moved not an inch farther and made the vast mistake of sending General Wauchope with the flower of the highland regiments to a nocturnal hecatomb, a veritable, the like of which has seldom been equalled in warfare. Since this episode Methuen has filled minor commands in the Transvaal and Orange River Colonies. It was he who, with a force of Yeomanry, won the victory near Boshof on April 5th, 1900, in which Count de Villebois-Mareuil, one of the most valuable foreign officers in the Boer service was killed. Since Magersfontein he has been apparently trying hard to retrieve his reputation, and seemed by hard, persistent work on the point of doing so when with the suddenness of an avalanche he came across Delarey and was dashed down the ladder of fame which he had a second time tried to climb.



LORD METHUEN.

Sanford Methuen, third Baron Methuen, is descended from John Methuen, Lord Chancellor of Ireland. He was born Sept. 1, 1845, and succeeded his father on the latter's death in 1891. He was educated at Eton, became a lieutenant in the Scots Guards in 1864. He served with distinction in Egypt and South Africa, and has been frequently decorated and mentioned in despatches for bravery.

WITH THE ODDFELLOWS

Notes of Matters and Things Pertaining to the Oddfellows

Pontypool Lodge, No. 298, I.O.O.F., held a very successful At Home last Friday evening in their handsome hall. Two candidates received the initiatory degree, after which an excellent program was rendered. Down stairs in the assembly hall, Bro. M. W. Matchett, D.D., G.M., gave an excellent address on "Oddfellowship," instructive not only to the Oddfellows but to many outsiders who were present. Games, etc., helped to pass away a few pleasant hours. Light refreshments were served, and all departed, well pleased with the evening's proceedings.

On Thursday evening next, March 13, at half past seven, an "Oddfellows' Rally" will be held in the lodge rooms, at Peterboro. Members are expected from all the surrounding lodges. The initiatory degree will be given at 7.30 sharp, followed by the other three degrees. The Oriental degree will be also conferred, followed by speeches, refreshments, etc. Grand Secretary King, of Toronto, has promised to be present. All Oddfellows are asked to be present, and an unusually pleasant time is assured.

Neuralgia Almost Drives People Mad

Only those who have suffered it, know of the darting, distracting pains that neuralgia inflicts. Ordinary remedies don't even relieve. It requires an extraordinarily strong, penetrating liniment to drive out the pain. To get relief rub Polson's Nerviline into the spot. Pain can't resist Nerviline, which has five times the strength of any other liniment. Drives out neuralgia in half an hour. Never fails! Never harms! Always successful. Try a large 25c. bottle.

Ashburnham Civic Association

The last meeting in February was well attended and quite profitable. The next meeting will be held on Tuesday, March 11, in the Council Chamber, at 8 o'clock. "House Numbering," "Fire Alarm System," "Sewerage System," "Beautifying Our Village,"—these are amongst the subjects to be considered.

THE BANK WILL OPEN ABOUT FIRST OF MAY

General Manager Stewart Makes an Announcement Regarding the Sovereign Bank

ALL THE STOCK IS SUBSCRIBED

Of the Total Stock About 2,000 Shares is Owned in the United States—A Few Small Blocks Held By Peterborough Investors

Montreal, March 11—"In certain sections of the United States a movement tending towards closer trade relations between that country and Canada is now under way, and from my observations in Chicago I would say that the matter will, ere long, come up before the House and Senate in Washington."

So remarked Mr. Duncan M. Stewart, general manager of the new Sovereign bank, who but recently returned from a business trip to the Illinois metropolis.

Mr. Stewart went on to state further that in Chicago there was not only a distinctly strong feeling toward reciprocity between the two countries, but a petition favoring it had been circulated there and very widely signed by bankers, merchants and railway men.

This petition, which is a huge affair, will in time find its way to the Senate and House at Washington. Everywhere in that city Mr. Stewart found prominent men strongly in favor of closer business relations, and he felt that in time this movement would have its effect upon the Washington representatives.

CANADA AND THE STATES.

He stated that the business men on the other side of the line are fast realising the importance of Canada. An immense amount of money is coming from the United States to this country, and it was well to anticipate a more rapid development than had taken place in the past. The business men of that country, were realising that there were larger profits for capital over here, and he expected that the Sovereign Bank would be the medium of transfer of considerable sums of United States money to the Dominion.

NEW BANK'S AFFAIRS.

Speaking of the affairs of the Sovereign Bank Mr. Stewart stated that the Montreal branch would be open for business on or about the first of May, and, as already announced, the executive offices will be located in this city. Among the other cities and towns where branches will be opened are Toronto (head office), St. Catharines, Stouffville, Perth and Amherstburg. Asked how the management came to select these cities and towns, Mr. Stewart said that with the exception of Montreal and Toronto they will not open at any point where the bank had not been petitioned to do so, and where at least $25,000 worth of stock had been placed. The fact of having shareholders in these different localities ensures to the bank a certain amount of local influence which, of course, would be beneficial.

Asked if the bank's stock had all been sold Mr. Stewart replied that the whole of the stock had been subscribed, but in comparatively large amounts. His idea was to reduce these, if possible, giving a preference to small holders. The more shareholders, the more friends. It was an old maxim and a good one. No public prospectus had been issued, though a private one had been prepared for the use of intending investors. The stock had not been offered to the public in the usual way, his idea being to select the shareholders with a view to placing the stock only in the hands of bona fide investors, or persons who might influence business towards the bank. He expected the stock books to close in about a month's time.

The plan of issuing stock at a premium, this premium to go to the reserve, had been very well received. Of course there had been some objections, but every financial man understood the benefits derived from such a plan.

2,000 SHARES OWNED IN U.S.

Regarding the United States connection with the Sovereign Bank, Mr. Stewart said that two thousand shares of the stock were owned on the other side of the line, and that the Morgans were their bankers in New York, London and Paris. It was a mistake to suppose that the Americans would control the bank, as some people thought. He hoped to do considerable business with them, and also with the Standard Trust Company of New York City, which corporation will act for the Sovereign Bank in the U. S. Metropolis. The United States interests in the bank will be looked after by Mr. Henry R. Wilson, of New York, who is on the Board.

The notes which have been made for the Sovereign Bank by the American Bank Note Co., at Ottawa, are of very handsome design, the special feature being a very fine vignette of King Edward. The picture is from a photo taken at the time of the opening of the present parliament in London. It shows His Majesty in a very happy pose, and this is probably the first reproduction from the photograph.

RUSSIA'S TIGHTENED GRIP WILL NEVER BE RELAXED

How the Wily Muscovite Secured a Foothold in Manchuria

WHICH THE NORTHERN POWER WILL HOLD

It is Believed That the Chinese Province will not be Given Up Without Participating the Calamity of War

London, March 11—Mr. L. Miner, a teacher in the North China College, Pekin, furnishes the London Post important news from Chinese sources. The writer tells a story of tireless intrigue, and of Russia's resolute pursuit of her own ends, by very questionable diplomatic methods, without the slightest regard to the wishes or the interests of the Chinese Empire on the one hand, or of the other powers with which she was allied on the other. The event which afforded a pretext to the Government of the Czar in its first move against Manchuria is thus referred to:

"The mad war with the world began. Far up in the north, where the great Amur flows, deluded Chinese bombarded the town of Blagovestchensk, killing three Russians. A tragedy followed. A picture will ever haunt the memory of those who read the story, a picture of the great river half choked with the bodies of thousands of men, women and children, of desolated homes, of barbarities to put a savage to the blush. Sir E. Ashmead Bartlett, speaking in the House of Commons, described the crimes committed by the Russians against the Chinese in Manchuria as far more atrocious than the revolting butcheries of Armenians by the Turks. They were stirred to this swift, terrible vengeance, you say, by Chinese treachery? Can the attack be called treachery, when for a month war had been raging in North China? Would the treachery of the Chinese soldiers give a Christian nation the right to dye a river with the blood of the wives and children of her foe? The Russian Government cannot wash its hands of this crime, for the War Office was in direct telegraphic communication with the Amur region, and there is evidence that General Gribsky was acting under explicit orders. General Orloff received similar orders, but telegraphed to St. Petersburg: 'I entreat to be allowed to spare the peaceful inhabitants.' It is a significant fact that General Orloff was subsequently degraded by the War Office, but the Czar commuted the punishment to that of an 'imperial reprimand.' That Russia will relinquish Manchuria without a struggle, is absurd. She is there to stay, unless driven out by force."

A. P. S. "AT HOME."

A Very Successful Entertainment in Ashburnham on Saturday Evening

A very successful At Home for the larger pupils of Ashburnham public school was held on Saturday evening, March 8, in the town hall. About an hour was spent in various games. This was followed by a short, pointed, and profitable address on "Self-respect," by Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, M.A., after which an excellent series of lantern views on "China" were presented. There were also several views of local interest. These were explained by Mr. R. B. Rogers, to whom the school is indebted for this series of interesting gatherings.

After the presentation of the views, which were remarkably clear and distinct, light refreshments were served.

It is probable there will be another At Home in a few weeks, at which it is hoped the parents will also be present in much larger numbers. The pupils in the second, third and fourth book classes are included in these gatherings.

The hearty thanks of all concerned are tendered to Mr. R. B. Rogers for his kindness thus manifested.

IRISH PRIEST SPEAKS ON BOER TREATMENT

A Page in the Boer War Which has Not Been Made Public

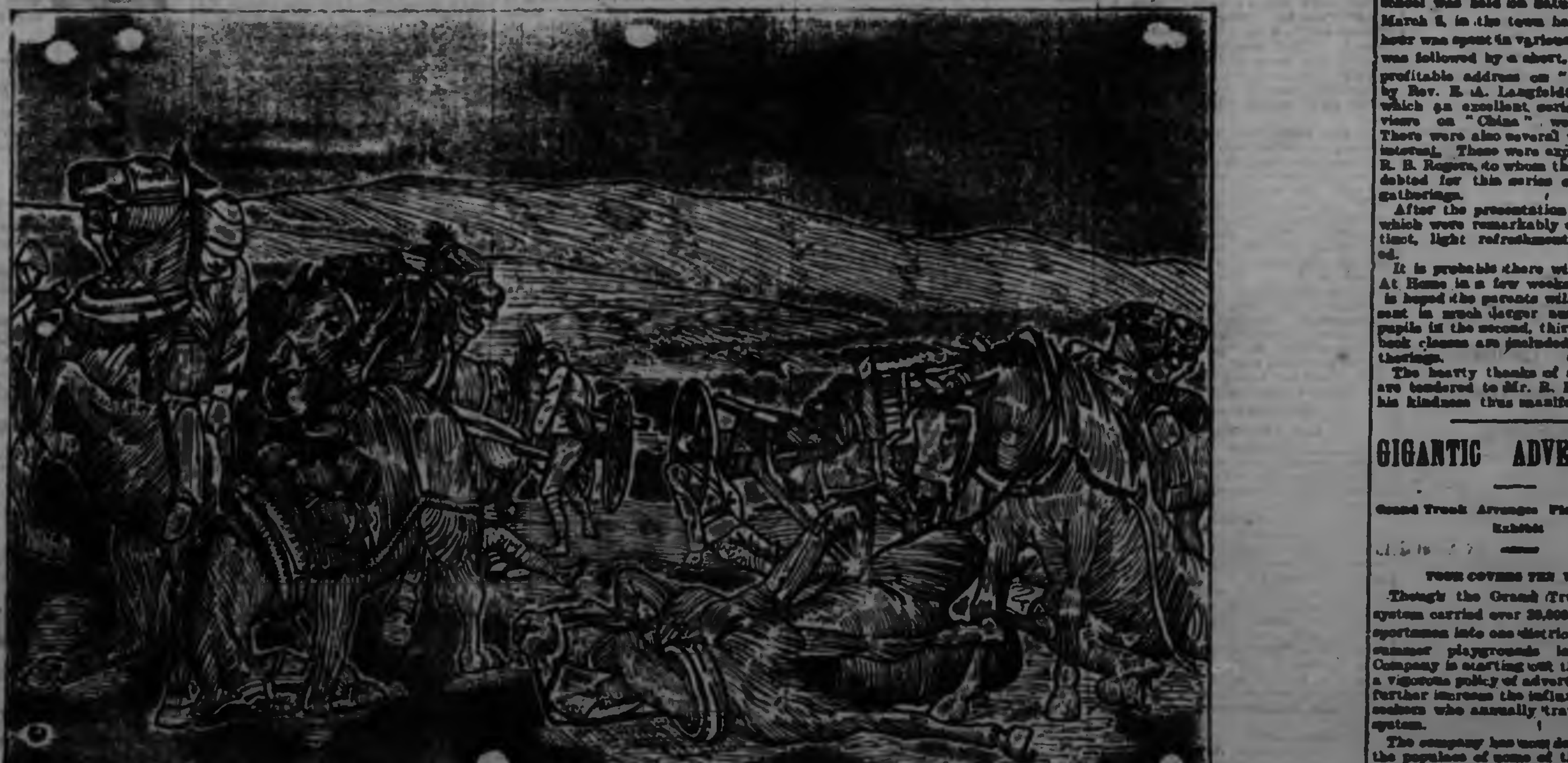
MOST FURIOUS BIGOT ON EARTH

How Kruger and His Gang Ran the Republic—The Catholic Churches and Convents Ruthlessly Plundered and Destroyed

London, March 11 — An interesting contribution to the war literature comes from an Irish Roman Catholic priest in South Africa, who writes to the Post as follows:

The Boers are furious bigots, hating everything Catholic. No Catholic had a vote, and was allowed to be a town councillor, policeman, or hold any Government situation. Catholics were subjected to penal laws under the Boer Government. Bishops, priests and nuns here are delighted that the tyrannical Boer Republics are overthrown and crushed. It was impossible for the Catholic church to get on well in South Africa under the Boer Government, but now under British rule they are paid by the State. Catholic magistrates are appointed already. It is disgusting to see Catholic papers and Irish M.P.'s sticking up for the cruel, brutal Boers, who subjected Catholics to every indignity here, and deprived them of their rights. The convents during the war the Boers plundered, and destroyed, and made stables of the churches. This was done in Newcastle, Natal, where Tim Healy, M.P., has a sister a nun, and in other cases as well.

The British have in every case treated the Boers well. The country could never prosper under the Boers, and no British people could live under their laws, which shut out all Britishers from the privileges of the country. It is 200 years behind the times; no advancement; everything very old-fashioned. The Boers treated the blacks most shamefully and cruelly, shot them down like dogs, and made slaves of them. The pious Boer says, "The British came and took our country from us." But the Boer does not say that they took it from the natives and robbed them and shot them down like dogs. The natives are a splendid type of men and women, intelligent and industrious, superior in every respect to the Boers. The poor blacks are well pleased at the overthrow of the Boers. The Boers are a canting, hypocritical race, Bible-reading, Psalm-singing bigots. A few years ago a Catholic priest would not get a night's lodging in a Boer house; the missionary priests had to sleep on the open plain. Then how stupid for Irishmen to be raving and sympathizing with the Boers, who despise the Irish, especially the Catholics. I wish the war was over. I am sick of the sad sights I daily see."



How General Methuen's Guns Were Captured by General Delarey on the 7th of March, 1902

London, March 10.—The text of Lord Kitchener's despatch announcing the capture of General Methuen is as follows:

Pretoria, March 8.—Saturday—I greatly regret to have to send you bad news of Methuen. He was moving with nine hundred mounted men, under Major Paris, and three hundred infantry, four guns and a pom-pom, from Wynburg to Lichtenburg, and was to meet Grenfel, with 1,300 mounted men, at Roviraines Fontein to-day.

"Yesterday morning he was attacked by Delarey's force between Tweboach and Palmietkuill. The Boers charged on three sides.

"Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Maribogo and Kraaipan. They were pursued by the Boers four miles from the scene of the action. They report that Methuen and Paris, with the guns, baggage, etc., were captured by the Boers. Methuen, when last seen was a prisoner. I have no details of the casualties, and suggest delaying publication till I can send definite news."

"I think this sudden revival of activity on the part of Delarey is to draw off the troops pressing DeWet."

In a second despatch, dated Sunday, March 9, Lord Kitchener says:—

"Paris has come in at Kraaipan with the rest of the men. He reports that the column was moving a two parties. One with the ox wagons left Tweboach at 3 a.m. The other, with the mule wagons, started an hour later. Just before dawn, the Boers attacked. Before reinforcements could reach them, the rear guard broke. In the meantime, a large number of Boers galloped up on both flanks. These at first were checked by the flank parties, but the panic and stampede of the mules had begun, and all the mule wagons with a terrible mixture of mounted men, rushed past the ox wagons. All efforts to check them were unavailing. Major Paris collected forty men and occupied a position a mile in front of the ox wagons, which were then halted. After a gallant but useless defence, the enemy rushed into the ox wagons, and Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Paris, being surrounded, surrendered at 10 a. m. Methuen is still in the Boer camp."

Then follows the number of the casualties, as already cabled. The killed include Lieuts. G. R. Venning and T. P. W. Nesham of the Royal Artillery who were both killed while serving their guns with case-shot.

As Lord Kitchener announced that Major Paris had surrendered, and also telegraphed that he had reached Kraaipan with the remainder of the men, it would seem that the Boers subsequently released the major and his companions.

GIGANTIC ADVERTISING.

Grand Trunk Arranges Plans for Picture Exhibit

TOUR COVERS TEN WEEKS

Though the Grand Trunk Railway system carried over 20,000 tourists and sportsmen into one district of Canada's summer playgrounds last year, the Company is starting out this year with a vigorous policy of advertising to still further increase the influx of pleasure-seekers who annually travel over this system.

The company has now decided to give the populace of some of the larger cities in the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky and Pennsylvania an opportunity of seeing the series of photographic views it had on exhibition at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. There will be over 100 pictures in the collection, each measuring 3 feet 6 inches by 4 feet 2 inches, in addition to one of the finest collections of mounted fish that has ever been shown. The fish include specimens of black bass from the "Highlands of Ontario," dore and maskinonge from the St. Lawrence, land-locked salmon from their native waters, and other specimens of rare value. A representative of the Grand Trunk will accompany the exhibit and the art gallery will be installed in the business portion of the cities visited. Thousands of copies of literature, describing the several regions to be advertised, will be distributed. The exhibit will open at Saginaw, Mich., March 18, and goes from there to Grand Rapids, thence easily to central points in the other states.

The tour will occupy ten weeks, two days being allowed in each city.

MARKET MOVEMENTS

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between [illegible] and [illegible] throughout [illegible].

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 11, 1902

THE ISSUE

The speech of Mr. Whitney leaves nothing to be desired in clearness and candour. He is opposed to Prohibition, and declares accordingly the policy of the Opposition. Mr. Ross is also opposed to it. He declined to make it an issue at the general election, has steadfastly declined to adopt it as a plank in his platform, has shelved it in an impossible referendum, and has attached the tag of compensation to it at that. The issue, therefore, is clearly before the people. Both leaders are against prohibition, and who is for it? The assertion is freely made that Prohibitionists are politicians first and prohibs afterwards. If this be so why bother us with a referendum? Let the delusion die, and if our friends let fall a tear when they remember the violence of their protestations and the suddenness of their death and burial, who will grudge them so cheap a salve to their consciences. Prohibition and Prohibitionists have been fairly laughed out of court. Now let us turn to the business of the country and breathe freely when we think of the past and its buried theories. The king himself has set the stamp of his approval on legitimate trade in beer by starting the Bass brew, and although the Rev. Dr. Parker, of the City Temple of London has violently assailed him for it, it is likely that His Majesty will pull through. The story is told of a little girl who prayed that the lime would not catch the little birds, and then that God would not let the little birds get into the lime, and finally of her going out and kicking both traps and lime to pieces. Is no doubt a very edifying parallel, but anarchistic methods are not advisable at any time. Education is the best sort of prohibition. You put the bottle upon the table and then descant upon the danger of it, and if it be found after an hour's absence that the whiskey is still in the bottle the lecturer counts two, as Dooley says of golf, but if it isn't he loses the whiskey. It must be remembered also that men and women have an inherent right to drink, and when we give them the opportunity it is not for them to abuse it but to use it. The anti-prohibitionist says that so long as whiskey is made it will be drunk. That is what the prohibitionist says also. Between the two opinions lies safety. "Be moderate in all things" and drink Calcutts' ale.

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE

To Properly Estimate the Usefulness and Worth of Diamond Dyes

The Diamond Dyes now so universally used in city and country homes do a variety of useful work that no other home dyes can ever successfully undertake. Dresses, skirts, capes, jackets, blouses, stockings, ribbons, feathers, silks, and men's and boys' old and faded clothing can be redyed at small cost and made to look as good as new. Draperies, coverings, reps, damasks and curtains can be restored to new beauty and usefulness. Cotton warps, carpet rags, wool yarns, sheepskin mats, straw goods, grasses, everlasting flowers, hair, bone and wood can be dyed any desired shade.

Send your address on a postal card to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P. Q., and you will be furnished with sheets of new designs for making up pretty mats and rugs.

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Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Bed-ridden 18 years.—"If anybody wants a written guarantee from me personally as to my wonderful cure from Rheumatism by South American Rheumatic Cure I will be the gladdest woman in the world to give it," says Mrs. John Beaumont, of Elora. "I had despaired of recovery up to the time of taking this wonderful remedy. It cured completely."—58

Her Ideal Man.

SHE was a lovely chocolate-cream-box sort of a girl, with a gushing tenderness suggestive of butter on a hot day, and she was confiding in her "ownliest own" girl friend:

"The man that aspires to the privilege of pressing his moustache upon my rosebud lips," she began, firmly, "must be tall and stalwart as a pine tree in its prime."

"There is a slump in pine trees just at present," murmured her friend, inaudibly, but the rapturous girl swept on.

"I can see him now with the perfect Greek features of the Belvedere Apollo, surmounting a frame that is suggestive of the Farnese Hercules in repose."

"I fancy that Ouida has been there before," murmured the friend once more, "but there is no additional charge for heroics; so proceed."

"His mouth must be firm but kind, and his soft hazel eyes will twinkle with a smile that is at once sweetly serious and saucily sedate."

"I fancied that I was rather a connoisseur in smiles myself," remarked her friend, "but I do not recall at this moment seeing one of the precise nature you describe. But I will endeavor to imagine it. Fill in your hero, please."

"He must be strong and resolute, yet generous and tender to a fault; his face will light up with the fire of a strenuous passion when his feelings are aroused, and yet he will have his whole nature in such perfect control that he will never lose that grip of himself which is the leading characteristic of the true aristocrat."

"True aristocrats have been a falling market for some time past," remarked the friend in another aside; "but there is nothing like putting one's trust in Providence."

"He must be both truly religious and honestly manly, with the creed of the man of the world elevated to the standard of the highest religious principle."

"Right, oh!" said her friend relapsing into slang. "Muscular Christianity, ritualism and rowing, golf and godliness, are all the go. There may be a chance for you yet."

And then a dreamy far-away look came into the melting maiden's eyes as she concluded:

"He must have no eyes for any other girl in the world, but must feel the god of love spring into birth in his heroic soul as his glance meets mine, and we realise that we were predestined for each other from the beginning of the world."

At this moment the door opened, and the neatly-attired parlormaid announced "Mr. Jimkins is waiting to see you downstairs in the drawing-room, miss."

"What! that little red-haired bounder with a squint," enquired the dear friend, "who used to be always spooning round after Maud and Blanche, until they at last succeeded in getting it into his wooden little copper-topped cocoanut that his room was decidedly preferable to his company! Why, he's the mangiest little toad that ever—"

But the whole of her remark was lost upon the chocolate-cream girl, whose dainty feet were tripping downstairs three steps at a time, and before the drawing-room door closed the dear friend heard her begin "Dear Mr. Jimkins, how sweet of you to come on a day like this!" And then the door closed, and the dear friend was left to her own cogitations on the eternal feminine.

Back at the Old Home.

IRVING BACHELLER, the author, tells a story of having gone back, after many years' absence, to his old country home in the New England States. On the ruined doorstep of the old house stood the seedy remnant of a once noble race. He wore, amongst other things, one suspender and a seedy pair of trousers. The conversation ran like this:

"Glad to see ye," sez he. "Thanks," says I. "We've heerd about you," sez he, "and they say you done noble." "Well, and how are you?" says I. "Porely," sez he. "How's that?" says I. "Jest makin' a bare livin'," sez he. "Why don't you go away?" says I. "Can't," sez he. "Why not?" says I. "Mortgaged," sez he. "That's too bad," says I. "'Tis," sez he. "You don't seem to have much to live for," says I. "Don't want to live," sez he. "You might die," says I. "Can't," sez he. "Why not?" says I. "Mortgaged," sez he.

At this point they were joined by another old acquaintance of Mr. Bacheller's—a man who for years had held a mortgage on every acre of the country-side. "So you're Paul Bacheller's boy?" he said, after scrutinizing the visitor closely. "The same," said Mr. Bacheller. "Well," said Mr. Wallace, reflectively, "if your father had kept you on the farm it would not have looked as it does now." Up to this point the unfortunate farmer who was mortgaged had taken no part in the conversation. Now, however, a strange grin came across his face.

"That's right, Mr. Wallace," sez he. "If he had been kept on the farm the farm would hev looked better, but he'd hev looked a damn sight worse."

Cause For Madness.

"By George," said a man who was riding to the city in an early train, "I detest people who are so positive about everything."

"It is a disagreeable habit," the passenger who sat next to him admitted, "and it always pleases me to see such people confronted with proofs that they are in the wrong."

"Yes, it does me, too. My wife's cousin has been visiting us for several days, and he's one of these know-it-all fellows. You can't tell him anything. Yesterday morning he was reading, and I gave him a hint on how to pronounce a French word that he used. But do you suppose he was willing to admit that I knew more about it than he did?"

"I suppose not."

"No; he sat there, right at my own table, and argued with me for twenty minutes trying to show that I didn't know what I was talking about. Such people make me weary."

"Why didn't you get a French dictionary and prove to him that he was wrong?"

"Oh, I looked it up yesterday and found that I was mistaken myself; but what makes me mad is the fact that he was so positive about it."

The dinner party consisted of fourteen stomachs and two very interesting brains.—N. Y. "Life."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I go out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written "I have went home."

Mrs. Durand's Backrobe.

MY wife's brother, seven years old, was surely in France with his mother (said Mr. Leroy Durand of the St. Maurice Club), for we had received a cablegram on their arrival, but his voice seemed to be screaming on the shore of Lake Pashegouki, in the St. Maurice Wilderness of Quebec. That scream first reached our ears as we paddled around a bluff and lost hearing of the cascades. My wife, kneeling in the bow of our small canoe, stopped her paddle midway in the act of dipping it and turned her eyes about to me. They are always big, as you know, but they were twice as big then. That was the first time I had seen her look scared, and we had hunted together, east and west, north and south, for five years past. When we left New York two weeks earlier the voice of her little brother in a delirium of pain seemed still sounding in her ears, she told me, although he was so far convalescent as to have sailed on the "Etruria" a fortnight before we left for Quebec.

"Did you hear anything?" she asked me now.

"It was some tree creaking." I was trying to reassure her.

"Nonsense! There's no wind."

In fact, the lake was so calm that the up-side-down shores were as distinct as the right-side-up ones, except where trout wallowed in the mirror or a darting kingfisher touched it with spreading circles. White clouds were as fleecy in the lake as in the blue above us, and a perfect silence seemed to hold all the void between the counterparts, while our canoe ran on with a lessening gurgle as we listened for more than twenty seconds. Then the childlike, the almost infantile screams came again, seeming to reach from the far opposite shore by force of some poignant emotional quality of agonized weakness. They ended with a short note like a wail choked off by faintness or despair.

My wife knows the woods, and now she said, "It must be a young bear—a yearling—in a trap."

"Exactly. Chief Josef."

She took to paddling without a reply. She herself had given Chief Josef the order for a backrobe.

On we went at a faster stroke than she usually sets, straight for the bluff of the screams. For intervals of about a minute they lingered in our ears, and then spread through the blue.

"Come right along up and set him free," said my wife, as she landed.

"And what will his teeth and claws be doing while I'm springing the trap open?" I asked, when I had made the canoe secure.

"Then come and put him out of his pain."

"Certainly, my dear. I'll go. But you'll stay here in the canoe. It won't do you any good to see that bear."

"It might," she said, with self-reproach. "But, anyway, I'll never let a trap be set on my account again. Come!"

"But the old she bear may be up there, and you didn't bring your gun."

"Go up at once!" said my wife, who had never imagined that a man with a magazine rifle could get into serious trouble with bears.

So up I went; and as my wife always obeys my wishes when I'm not there, she got back into the canoe and pushed off a few yards to be ready, as I told her, in case I might "find bears too plenty on the hill."

But there was only the one, a young bear, as my wife had guessed—not a cub, not an infant, but a child—one of about seventeen or eighteen months. I wish I could quite forget that picture of despondency.

He was caught by the right fore-paw; he had dragged the trap till the clog caught between two small trees; then he had pulled the trap back and forth and round and round till the earth was worn bare of grass and twigs and the little bushes within his reach were stripped of bark. His mouth was down, biting gingerly at the twisted leg and muttering most piteously, as if that way of getting free were too unendurable. Then, as the crescendo of wailing screams began once more, his head was raised toward the sky as if the creature were veritably appealing to the Eternal Judge between man and beast.

At that instant I fired, and he sank down in death with a sense of relief, I do believe. He did not struggle in the least, so much had his strength been exhausted by the long ordeal. His trapped leg I found to be broken and twisted as a towel is twisted in wringing it; the edges of the bone had torn the muscles and tendons to a fibrous pulp.

I went back to the canoe, told my wife, "The bear was a yearling," and had no question from her.

On the way to camp we passed the Montagnais wigwams, and I stopped to tell Chief Josef of shooting his bear.

"Dass good t'ing," said Josef. "I glad you kill 'eem. He's not big 'nough for mek good robe for de lady sleigh, but he's good maybe two dollar. Me, I hain' had no lucky wit bear since de lady is tol' me for trap some good skin. Todder day, what you t'ink? I'll find in one udder trap great big paw what de moore bear he's twist off, or bite off, maybe—anyhow, he's got away. Here's dat paw, lady," and he took the hideous relic from behind one of his wigwam poles and offered it to my wife.

She turned away, hit hard, and so pale that I put my arm around her to help her down to the canoe. Without a word we started—there seemed nothing to say. But when we had paddled a mile she stopped the stroke and turned her head over her shoulder with, "Leroy, did you understand about trapping before?"

"I didn't realize what it meant to the animals."

"I'm glad you didn't—or I shouldn't like to think I'd married you," she said, in a conclusive tone.

Since that day she has never worn fur.—E. W. Thomson in "Youth's Companion."

Tate's Date.

There was a young person named Tate,
Who dined his best girl at eight eight,
But I am unable to state
What the person named Tate
And his tete-a-tete ate at eight eight.
—Ex.

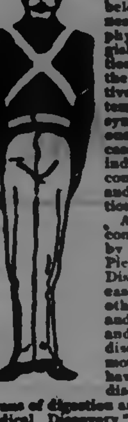
An Error in Anatomy.

The King—Varlet, thou liest in thy throat. The Knave—Pardon, Your Majesty, but that is impossible. I always speak through my nose.—"Judge."

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people come from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

ATTENTION



To physical warnings will often prevent a serious illness. When there are oppressive fullness after eating, bitter risings, belching, headache, dizziness, nervousness, with physical and mental sluggishness, prompt attention should be given to the condition of the digestive and nutritive systems. Not all these symptoms will occur at once or in any single case, but any one of them indicates a disordered condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition.

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"I was a total wreck—could not sleep or eat," writes Mr. J. O. Beers, of Berryman, Crawford Co., Mo. "For two years I tried medicine from doctors but received very little benefit. I lost flesh and strength, was not able to do a good day's work. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and when I had taken one bottle I could sleep and my appetite was wonderfully improved. I have taken five bottles and am still improving."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation by curing the cause. They do not beget the pill habit.

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial sausage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done uncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have hat his eye on der President chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Douglas if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a liddle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Sage "Register."

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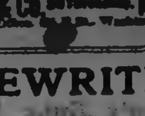

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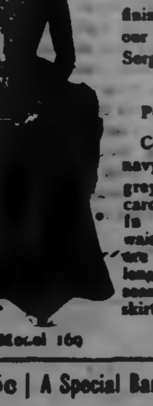

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J. D. McLEAN,
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Department of Indian Affairs,
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"What's the matter here?" said the officer, coming into the restaurant.

"Why, boss, this man said I could eat one of his dinners without any trouble," said the tramp.

"Well?"

"Well, I ate one, and I've got no money to pay for it, and now it seems there's all sorts of trouble."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

The infant of the household was in its cradle. The head of the house was at home, peevish and fault-finding. At length he became unendurable. "You've done nothing but make mistakes to-night," he growled. "Yes," she answered meekly, "I begun by putting the wrong baby to bed."

◆◆◆

"Remember, young man," said the practical man, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Bloomer—"Dear! dear! I dropped my diamond ring off my finger this morning, and can't find it anywhere."

Bloomer—"It's all right. I came across it in one of my trouser pockets."

◆◆◆

One of his Majesty's inspectors stood before a class of seven-year-old boys. The subject of examination was Euclid. After failing several times to draw from the class the definition of parallel lines, he drew, by way of illustration, on the wall.

"Now, boys," said the worthy educational dignitary, "I've drawn two parallel lines on the wall. Will they ever meet?"

"Yes, sir," said the pick of the class.

"When?"

"If you draw them right around the room."—London Answers.

◆◆◆

"Ignorance," remarked young Brown, "they say is bliss."

"Oh, that probably accounts for it," rejoined Miss Cutting.

"Accounts for what?" queried the youth.

"The contented and happy look you usually wear," she replied.

◆◆◆

A visitor to a country town asked the local policeman when the theatre opened.

"We have no theatre here."

"Well, the music hall, then?"

"No, nothing of that kind here."

"Have you no evening amusement at all?"

"Oh, yes," said the policeman. "If you wait till 9 o'clock you'll see them shunting the goods train."

◆◆◆

"Wherein lies the difference between photography and courtship?" he asked, softly.

"I don't know," she replied.

"In photography," he explained, "the negative is developed in the dark room, while in courtship that is where the affirmative is developed."

She blushed, but made no answer.

"Let us," he suggested, "proceed to develop an affirmative."

There being no objections, it was so ordered.—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

When Henry comes from Germany
We'll fire salutes and things,
And give him royal welcome for
The messages he brings;
We'll bow and at his every smile
Have throbs and thrills ecstatic,
And quit the practice for awhile
Of being democratic;
We'll dream of Emperors and Kings
As still our blood relations,
For, oh, we dote on royal things
Despite our protestations.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

Applicant—"How much for a telephone, meister?"

Superintendent—"What is your name?"

Applicant—"Gollellwiski!"

Superintendent—"One hundred dollars per year."

Applicant—"Why for you jarge me lot mooch? Everybody else get ut for 24."

Superintendent—"I know, but the extra charge is for repairs. Every time any one calls your name the wires will be twisted."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

The French were so much interested in Mr. Kipling's observations on sportsmen that the poem has been translated into French and published in some of the Paris newspapers. Le Temps renders the famous lines, "with the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals," as follows:—

"A void les imbeciles en complete de flanelle qui jouent au cricket.

"Et les cretins souillies de boue qui jouent au football.

◆◆◆

She is a sweet, poetic dream—
A lily on love's crystal stream.
But she, with all her charms divine,
[illegible] or, O ne'er, O ne'er be mine.
[illegible] last night, upon the dear,
I said, beneath the chandelier:
"Last springtime, when the blossoms white
I saw on your black hair alight,
I thought they looked, upon my soul,
Like snowflakes on a load of coal."
—Judge.

◆◆◆

He was a stranger cycling through the highly intellectual City of Oxford. You could tell it from the cautious manner with which he picked his way down the principal street.

It was evening. A gentleman approached the cyclist.

"Sir," said he, "your beacon has ceased its functions."

"Sir?"

"Your illuminator, I say, is shrouded in unmitigated oblivion."

"Really, but I don't quite——"

"The effulgence of your radiator has evanesced."

"My dear fellow, I——"

"The transversal ether oscillations in your incandescer have been discontinued."

Just then an unsophisticated little country [illegible] shouted across the way:

"Hey, mister, yer lamp is out!"

Max O'Rell on "Discontent."

MAX O'RELL never neglects to say a good word for the ladies whenever opportunity serves. At the same time, he does not shut his eyes to their faults, but is only "a little blind," as witness what he says about "The Discontented Woman":

"We all know that woman, not unkind, not exactly sour, but sad, depressed and depressing, who is well off and might enjoy life, but who looks as if there was not one pleasure left in the world to make it worth living in.

"She may feel ever so well, she will never confess it. She hates to be told that she looks well. She thinks you are wanting in sympathy. She loves to be pitied, and has no objection to being called 'Poor Mrs. A.!' Yet she is very susceptible, and resents any attentions that are paid to other people in her presence. She was jealous of her sisters when a girl; now she is jealous of her children, jealous of the ladies who call, jealous of her husband's secretary or typewriter. She has no reason for being jealous, she knows it, but it is a habit, and she likes to keep her hand at it.

"She is fond of calling on sick people, and, as she has had every mortal disease or indisposition you care to name, she gives the people whom she visits her own experience of their disease, and they have to listen to all the minute details of the sufferings she had to go through. She hopes that you will get better.

"Meanwhile she tells you of all the people she knows who have died of the disease with which you are afflicted, but reassures you by stating that some people have been known to recover.

"She is the town-crier of bad news. If there is a sad event of which she hears early, she immediately orders a carriage and goes on a round of visits to announce it. When her friends see her arrive unexpectedly they look at each other and say, 'We shall hear some bad news.'

"She is a prophet of ill-omen. She loves the sad, and revels in it. It is her life. She has not a cheerful feature about her. She is a hair in your soup, a crumb in your bed, an unmitigated bore.

"She never enjoys what she has, but spends her life regretting what she does not or cannot have. If she lose a £4 bill and her husband says to her, 'Never mind; here's another,' she goes on sighing and whining, for she thinks that if she had not lost that £4 she would now have £8.

"There is no cheering her up, and when a real misfortune befalls her you feel inclined to exclaim: 'Good, serves her right, now she has something worth crying over.' But this seldom happens, if ever, for it is a remarkable fact that this kind of woman is the very one who never has real troubles—except those of her own manufacture."

Alleged Canadian Jests.

A WRITER in the "Pall Mall Gazette," who claims to have had much to do with colonial newspapers and colonial letters, has collected therefrom a number of what he chooses to call "Sea-borne Jests." Canada seems to supply him with the most material, but either he has evolved most of his Canadian jokes out of his own inner consciousness or else they have been curiously refracted in passing through the prism of an English mind. In any event some of these would never be looked upon as jokes in this country. For example: "Why does Dicky Ducky want to be M. P.?" asks the jester of a far Western paper. "Because he now has one P too many," is the answer, which, as the "Pall Mall" writer says, it is tolerably certain made dozens of big men in miners' boots laugh till they bent like jack-knives when that inscrutable conundrum was first let loose in British Columbia. Here are some better attempts—the alleged sayings of a ten-year-old boy, who is credited to Toronto:

I.—Teacher's question: "What is grass?" Boy's answer: "What you keep off."

II.—Question: "Who was the first man?" Answer: "Wolfe!" Reply: "Great Snakes! It was Adam!" Repartee: "Oh, well, if you count in foreigners!"

III.—Question: "What were the Greek marriage customs?" Answer: Ev'ry man had one wife, which they called monotony!"

Another story told by the "Pall Mall" writer is that of a little doctor's from a reserve in the North-West Territories. The doctor in question was a mooney (Anglice, "green") graduate from the East, and had just been appointed to look after the health of the Indians dwelling there or thereabouts. On his first visit to the reserve he found that everybody was suffering from a mysterious disease, the symptoms of which were very obscure. All the patients got a box of bread pills or a bottle of colored water—it is best to be on the safe side, and faith has cured many a mysterious epidemic among Indians—with the exception of the last comer. "This Indian," said he, laying his hand on his stomach, which was a chief's, "when he drink cold water feel cold pain here." Then the agent remembered that the doctor's predecessor had prescribed a bottle of good port in the hard case of an old squaw suffering from "the grippe," complicated with no-four-for-six-months. We confess we fail to see much of a joke lurking in this story.

Too Bad.

"YES, I have watched her career with a great deal of interest."

"She is a brilliant woman, isn't she?"

"She has been. I can't say that she is. As a girl she developed remarkable precocity. It was not so much in her literary proficiency that she displayed her qualities, as in that wide sense of [illegible] in the broad conceptions she so early entertained of the crying needs of our social system. When only eleven, she had written a striking paper on sex relationships. At thirteen, her monograph of "The True Prerogatives of Woman" had attracted wide attention. At fifteen, her essay on "The Silent Vote" marked an epoch, and when, at twenty-two, she delivered her "Motherhood of Man," it became evident that a new force had risen. What a pity that now, after all, her life should be a failure."

"But how can it be a failure? What has she done?"

"Why, the miserable thing has gone off and got married!"—New York "Life."

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Coigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jamie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a republican, but he might have been an apostate."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

In London on New Year's Day, a burglar, having carried off five thousand pounds' worth of jewelry, all the silver, and a large sum in ready money, pinned a note on the hearth-rug wishing its rightful owners "Many happy returns of the day."

The London "Chronicle" quotes a naval officer as saying that during the War of 1812 the British Admiralty sent out to Kingston (Ont.), where the British fleet was then stationed, a large number of water-casks, in the belief that Lake Ontario was a salt water lake.

A coal-hod in the window of a New York clothier is filled with bills and coin, in which is thrust a coal shovel. Beside it is a small stove, so arranged with a red incandescent light that it appears to contain a brick fire. Near them is the legend: "We are just burning money on these $12 suits, but we need the room, and they must be moved by February 1."

In an article on "Life in Labrador" in "Blackwood's Magazine," Mr. W. T. Grenfell vouches for the following: "A friend who had a young live black bear as a pet buried it in November in a barrel under the snow. Twice he dug it up in the winter, but it showed no signs of wishing to move, so he permitted it to sleep on till May."

Odors as an assistance to diagnosis is a new branch of medical science. The "Medical Record" is authority for the statement that the odor of new mown hay is an indication of pyaemia, typhus is indicated by an ammonia smell, jaundice by a musky one, yellow fever by the odor of a gun-barrel, hysteria by a suggestion of violets or pineapples, intermittent fever by the smell of fresh-baked brown bread, and measles by one like fresh-picked feathers. It seems somewhat incongruous that the smell of the plague resembles honey.

The newest of queer religious sects is the "Association of Christian Brethren," which, according to the New York "Sun," is "sailing down the Mississippi in a modern imitation of the Ark to tell people that the millennium is surely coming in 1941." "Megiddo" is the name of the boat, and nearly one hundred persons, men, women and children, are aboard of her. The president of the sect is L. T. Nichols of Minneapolis, and he launched his craft at the end of November. He holds himself mainly responsible for the support of his followers, who are planning to live on the "Megiddo" until the day of the millennium.

Men sometimes dream of enormous wealth stored deep in the earth, below the reach of miners, but according to the statements of Professor C. R. Van Hise at the Denver meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, there is little or no ground to believe that valuable metallic deposits lie very deep in the earth's crust. Such deposits, he said, are made by underground waters, and owing to the pressure on the rocks at great depths, the waters are confined to a shell near the surface. With few exceptions, ore deposits become too lean to repay working below 2,000 feet. Nine mines in ten, taking the world as a whole, are poorer in the second thousand feet than in the first thousand, and poorer yet in the third thousand than in the second.

An article in "Ainslee's Magazine" contains this passage: "The [illegible] has never seen, and in no other part of the world is there now to be seen anything like America's [illegible] by the conditions of to-day, when more than three hundred New York establishments are engaged solely in the importation of precious stones, when agents of American dealers are searching Europe for the white gem and hopelessly endeavoring to supply American appeals for rubies and emeralds, and when six thousand men in South Africa are toiling to obtain diamonds more than half of which are to add to the beauty and happiness of the American woman. It is she that has caused the United States to become the greatest diamond market in the world. For her we have imported in a single year $20,000,000 worth of precious stones; for her, at one period we smuggled them in at the rate of $7,000,000 a year; for her we annually buy something like $12,000,000 worth of diamonds, and thus, for her sake, heartlessly leave, of the world's total output of diamonds, only some $8,000,000 worth to satisfy the vanity of all the rest of the women on earth."

When Crispi Was Lucky in Being Penniless.

THE late Francesco Crispi, the great Italian statesman, once escaped arrest as a revolutionist because he did not have a sou wherewith to buy a candle. The story is told in the "Courrier des Etats-Unis" (New York):

"On January 14, 1858, Francesco Crispi, the recently deceased Italian statesman, then a political refugee in Paris, received from an Italian friend connected with the Paris opera two gallery tickets for the performance of that evening, which the Emperor and Empress were expected to attend. Crispi and his wife were on the point of starting for the theater when the latter exclaimed: 'Francesco, where shall we get a candle?' They were in such destitution that they had neither candles nor matches, nor yet the wherewithal to buy them. Going to the opera would involve groping for their room at midnight and going to bed in total darkness. Too proud to confess their condition and to borrow a few sous they regretfully denied themselves the promised treat, remained in their room, and retired before the twilight had faded.

"On the following morning they learned of Orsini's attack on the Emperor, the police raids, and the arrest of all Italian revolutionists found in or near the theater. If Crispi had been in the house he would certainly have been among the first arrested, for he was known as an ardent disciple of Mazzini.

"The possession of a tallow candle and a match might have altered completely not only his own destiny, but also that of Italy!"

Good For Burns.

Tourist (after his first drink of Bloody Gulch whisky)—Thunder and lightning! Gimme a chaser, quick! Bartender (deliberately)—Wot d' yer [illegible]? Tourist—[illegible] —"Fire!"

The Revolution in English Character.

IT is the opinion of Mr. Bernard Shaw, as expressed in a characteristic preface to a late volume of his plays, that the nature of the English people has, within the past ten years, undergone certain conspicuous modifications. Excitability—"theatricality" is his own word for it—Mr. Shaw believes to have been steadily mounting in force among the English, usually so solid and stolid; and this he ascribes to the pronounced romanticism of taste developed among them by the literature, the books and plays, of the past five years; a taste which has caused them to lose their true sense of the realities, with all the steadying effects thereof.

It will not be disputed that the special style of literature in vogue during a period leaves its impress upon it, nor will it be gainsaid that the demands and tastes of the period in turn determine the essential nature of its literary supply. We are hearing it said on all sides now that popular education accounts for the love of the novel of adventure. Popular education creates an enlarged reading public, but one which does not wish to have the realities of life laid before it; which, indeed, in many cases, reads, or goes to the play, just to escape reality. If one accept this explanation of certain present phenomena it is only going a step farther to find in all democratically organized, popularly educated societies an inherent inclination toward romanticism. As no countries have carried the modern experiment so far as the English-speaking countries, we ought not to be surprised to see a strong bent toward the romantic attitude showing itself, in many directions, in an English or American public; the romantic attitude here meaning any attitude betraying absence of a full perception of the realities, or disinclination to look at them.

Out of all this we seem to draw three propositions: that democracy appears to presuppose a certain sort of popular education, that without that education there would be no democracy, and yet that that education is calculated to destroy the sense of the realities. Now how is this? The very plea made for the education which, more and more, is prevailing against the classical education, is just this—that it cultivates the true perception of real things. It is a "practical" education for that precise reason, say its advocates. Why, then, asks the writer of "The Point of View" in "Scribner's Magazine," should this same generation manifest so much liking for the romantic fiction, the romantic plays, which are a means of getting away from the real conditions of existence? He proceeds to answer this question as follows: "It may very probably be that this liking is a taste of the moment, without ulterior connections or deeper significances. And, indeed, it seems to have been too much overlooked by some writers who have the love for the novel of adventure, that it is by no means the first time in the world that romance has been in high favor. It is none the less true that this subject does suggest another of far greater moment, which is the question what the "popular" education ought to be, and whether the democratic state of modern man really needs exactly that form of it which is now so insisted upon as essential to its maintenance and well-being. To perceive the realities in the high sense, and in that sense be willing to abide by them, is never, at any time, the portion of more than the few. But general education goes forward, very properly, on the assumption that all may be made in some degree to know the life to which they belong, to realize it. Realization comes, however, only in part through the development of practical efficiency. It comes also through the unfolding of the spiritual nature, the growth of moral vision, the dreams of the imagination—to none of which is the 'classical' education a stranger."

Pleasing Kind of Mal de Mer.

News comes from Honolulu that the transport "Thomas," which reached there on August 1, having on board three hundred male and one hundred female teachers, en route for the Philippines to engage in educational service under the Taft Commission, developed a veritable matrimonial epidemic. The young men and women on board represented almost every State of the Union. After the transport left San Francisco friendships were formed which soon ripened into love, and the day prior to the arrival at Honolulu Captain Buford found that thirty couples desired the nuptial knot tied. He refused to permit the ceremony on board the vessel, and the next day a clergyman at Honolulu made the thirty pairs happy by uniting them in matrimony. Prior to the sailing of the transport from Honolulu several other cases were reported. The departure from New York last week of the fifty-four Cuban girls and twenty-four men, who have been students at the summer school of Harvard University, developed the fact that they, too, had been victims of Cupid's darts, although their courtships have only reached the engagement stage. Most of the Cuban men are returning engaged and several Harvard students and professors are said to have lost their hearts to the girls from the South. Five of the ladies took home with them diamond engagement rings.

A Humane Pater.

One reads so frequently of the paternal boot as applied to the undesirable youthful suitor that it is a pleasure to chronicle the more humane method adopted by a wealthy Glasgow merchant for choking off a "follower" of his daughter. The girl was very young, as was the follower, but nevertheless he called formally on the object of his affections. The merchant and his wife entered the room, the latter bearing a glass of milk and a huge slice of bread spread with butter and jam. "Now, dear, run away to bed," said the kindly mother to her daughter; "it's time that all good girls should be in bed." Then the Glasgow merchant addressed the astonished young man: "Now, youngster, you drink that glass of milk, and take that slice of bread and jam to eat on the road home—and hurry, for your mother must be anxious about your being out so late by yourself." The young man did not call again.

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child, you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

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"If a ship," began the comedian while the men tinted board, "is 150 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 100 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?" "It weighs the anchor," [illegible] the audience, [illegible] the [illegible] and doing [illegible] to the [illegible].

A Comic Opera Strike.

THERE is, as a rule, little that is humorous in a strike. But a recent strike in Columbus, O., is so humorous and at the same time so extraordinary that it seems almost incredible. It sounds as if it took place in Topsy-turvydom instead of in the United States of America. It would make a good libretto for one of Gilbert and Sullivan's crazy operettas.

This is the story of the Columbus strike: C. M. Jones is editor and proprietor of the Columbus "Press-Post"—that is, he was. The paper is now apparently being edited by almost everybody but the editor. It seems that Editor Jones got into trouble with his city editor. The city editor is a member of the Newspaper Writers' Union. Now it has long been a grievance among newspaper reporters that they are not so well treated as the printers, because they have no union. On the other hand, the printers have a union which is the most powerful and prosperous trade union in the country, with the possible exception of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The reporters have attempted to form unions. But they are like ropes of sand. So they finally decided to organize under the wing of the printers.

In every union printing-office there is a body called "the chapel," presided over by a "father." The foreman represents the employer, the father of the chapel represents the printers. Whenever there is a question at issue, the printers invariably take their orders from the father of the chapel instead of the foreman. So in the office of the "Press-Post," the reporters organized as a newspaper writers' union under the protection of the printers' chapel.

Editor Jones found City Editor Marshall unsatisfactory for various reasons. First, he had criticised some court house officials who were friends of Editor Jones; and, second, he had been "scooped" by the other Columbus papers on a railroad wreck; they had run the wreck with "scare-heads," and City Editor Marshall had not run it at all. Therefore Editor Jones requested Marshall to resign. Marshall refused. Editor Jones then informed him that he was discharged. Marshall at once ordered a strike, and Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2 walked out. Editor Jones attempted to parley with them, and offered to secure another editor. They refused to return unless Marshall was replaced. Thereupon Editor Jones broke off negotiations, got ten young men from the State University as reporters, edited their copy himself, and it was sent to the composing-room. The father of the chapel walked to the imposing-stone, rapped thereon with a mallet, a chapel meeting was held, and the printers stopped their work. The father of the chapel informed Editor Jones that if the non-union copy was not removed from the hook the printers would strike. Editor Jones took back his non-union copy. That day the "Press-Post" did not come out. The next day Editor Jones sent the paper to press without any local news, filling it up with narratives of the low-necked gowns at Newport, snake stories, accounts of the shocking attire worn by the young women at Long Branch, and other refined and pleasing miscellany of the kind usually found in the Sunday supplements of great daily newspapers. Unfortunately, Editor Jones, feeling somewhat embittered over the situation, wrote with his red right hand a savage editorial on the labor question and sent it in to the printers. Not being local news, and being written by the editor and proprietor, it might be supposed that they would print it. Not so. Again the unfortunate editor was informed that he must withdraw his non-union copy, or the printers would strike. Editor Jones withdrew his editorial.

At last accounts the "Press-Post" is still running without the local news, and Editor Jones is beseeching President Lynch of the International Typographical Union to devise some means by which he may be allowed to get his paper out.

So the question may be asked, Who is editing the Columbus "Press-Post?" Is it the proprietor, Editor Jones? or is it the discharged employee, City Editor Marshall? or is it the Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2? or is it the father of the Columbus printers' chapel? or is it the president of the International Typographical Union of North America?

Expenses of Society Life in New York.

Mothers of daughters having social aspirations find it very expensive to meet all the social requirements and demands made upon them, as is shown in proceedings in the Supreme Court of New York brought by Mrs. Kate Shippen Roosevelt to have the yearly allowance of her daughter, Dorothy Quincy Roosevelt, increased from $1,500 to $3,000. Even the larger sum will not by any means be sufficient to keep this young lady in good society and meet all the various expenses incidental thereto; but Mrs. Roosevelt says she is willing to pay the additional expenses, which will amount to several thousand dollars annually, out of her own pocket. Miss Roosevelt inherited $100,000 from a deceased uncle, which is being held in trust for her until she becomes of age next year. Inasmuch as her income amounts to $5,000 and Mrs. Roosevelt proved to the satisfaction of William J. A. McKim, the referee, that $3,000 is only a reasonable amount for a young woman of good social position, the increased allowance was granted. In giving her testimony, Mrs. Roosevelt said she had six tutors for her daughter, who, among other things, was being educated in German, French, and Italian. She was also being instructed in elocution, belongs to several social dancing-classes, is a member of golf, tennis and bathing clubs, is fond of riding, and has an English governess. Mrs. Roosevelt added that the needs of her daughter were increasing year by year, that she found entertaining and traveling abroad added greatly to the cost of living, that one of her daughter's greatest incidental expenses was for hire of cabs going to and from social functions, and that a great deal of the social life which young ladies in New York see is where gentlemen are not invited, such as teas, receptions, etc.

Gobang—What is your objection to divorce?

Hapeck—It encourages matrimony.—Ex.

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It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go.
We tramp it under foot and hiss—
"'Tis not the snow we used to know!"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.
A companion of power-adding usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the
$3.00 Styles
of other makes, for only
$1.00
TRY IT A WEEK.
If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.
Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.
Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)
Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.
Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.
State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.
Address—
LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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RUBBER STAMPS
B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

DON'T ALLOW
the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your
"Line's Busy."
Public Telephone Stations are for This Class of Business.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Scavenger Work,
Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

CURE YOURSELF!
[illegible]
Sold by Druggists,
[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Quality and Satisfaction
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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 11, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The stores of the 57th regiment are being inspected by Lieut.-Col. Hemming, of Kingston.

—Peterborough talent took part in the entertainment in connection with the new church at Cordova, last night.

—An important meeting of the Young Men's Guild, of St. Luke's church, took place last night.

—The 57th Band will hold a matinee in the Town Hall on the afternoon of Good Friday.

—The bricklayers will soon have completed their labors at the cereal works.

—The Grand Central Hotel property has been turned into stores, which have all been rented.

—The ice on the back lakes appears to be as firm as ever. Teams are crossing as usual.

—Mr. Richard Hall incidentally mentioned to a couple of citizens the other day that he couldn't very well get along without The Times. It was as necessary as his breakfast to him.

—The action to unseat Mayor Ingl., of Lindsay, and four aldermen, was argued at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, a few days ago. Lindsay is having a peck of trouble these days.

—Sergeant LeBar will address Mr. S. R. Armstrong's class of young men at the George Street Sunday school, on Sunday afternoon next, on his experiences in South Africa.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 166 Hunter street.

—At a late meeting of the Lindsay Board of Trade, a resolution was passed asking the government to have the dredge taken from Peterborough waters and put to work on Lindsay River.

—We are now making a house to house canvass of the town for subscribers to The Times. There are comparatively few people who do not now read The Times, but those who do not, will be asked, metaphorically speaking, to come in out of the wet.

Gratefully Acknowledged.

The many friends who have shown their kind sympathy in our great sorrow will please accept the grateful acknowledgments of the Rev. and Mrs. C. L. Thompson and family through this medium.

BIRTHS.

TORRANCE.—At 251 Rubidge street, on the 9th of March, 1902, the wife of Rev. Dr. Torrance, of a daughter.

RICHARDSON.—At No. 10 Gilmour St. of Mr. G. B. Richardson, of a son.

McFARLANE.—At Peterborough, March 10th, 1902, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McFarlane, Gilmour street, a daughter.

Funeral Notice

The members of Diamond L. O. L. No. 90, are requested to meet at the Orange Hall, Simcoe street, the afternoon at 1.30 o'clock, p.m., to attend the funeral of their late Brother, Thomas Brown. Members of Sister Lodges cordially invited. By order, W. R. G. Armstrong, Secretary.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The First Contingent

Sergt. LeBar, who was a member of the first contingent to South Africa, has written a book entitled "From Canada to South Africa, or "Everyday Life of the First Contingent." It has not yet been published, but it is proposed to place it in the printers' hands at once. The book is cleverly written, and should sell like hot cakes.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Powell are in Cobourg attending the diamond wedding of Mr. Powell's father.

—Miss Maggie Storer, Lindsay, is in town, the guest of the Misses Hutchison, Bolivar street.

—The many friends of Mr. James Wood, of Otonabee, who had the misfortune to meet with an accident that necessitated the amputation of his arm at Nicholls Hospital two weeks ago, will be pleased to know that he is able to be about again. He will be the guest of Mr. Felix Brownscombe for a few days.

Charmingly Entertained.

The visiting hockey team from Cobourg, who are being chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Loust, together with the local lady hockeyists and a number of lady and gentlemen friends, were charmingly entertained yesterday afternoon by Mrs. J. B. Stratton to a dainty five o'clock tea. About 35 sat down at the table. Mrs. Stratton was assisted by Mrs. Ormond and Mrs. Lacy. Mr. J. Shipway was present and delighted the party with a number of choice selections.

Nervous and Sleepless

Two horrors crowded into one life, the product of poor digestion, and the poisons that are thereby formed within the body. There's just one method of cure for this terrible condition—plenty of food, but mind, food properly digested. That's the difficulty—the digestive power of the stomach must be improved. Rich, red blood formed, strength given to the organs to drive out poisons; then comes strength, vigor and endurance. Ferrozone does all this and more; it makes sick people well; weak people strong. Sow Ferrozone and you reap health. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Gets in Its Work.

That the great masses of the people prefer a paper published in the morning to an evening sheet, is becoming more and more apparent every day. When an accident happened to a large newspaper presses a few days ago, and the paper was an hour late, dozens of enquiries came in from anxious readers of the paper. One man, who rang us up by phone, said that he couldn't eat his breakfast without his Times. Thus it is that this great family journal not only provides food for the brain, but also gets in its work on the stomach as well.

Malt Breakfast Food

Is Invaluable for Invalids and Convalescents

Not only is Malt Breakfast Food of great value as a food for invalids and convalescents, when prepared as a porridge, but it makes the most nutritious and appetising gruel and drinks.

MALT BREAKFAST FOOD GRUEL

Take one cup of Malt Breakfast Food and stir into four cups of boiling water. Cook for one half hour, then strain. Add salt to taste. Milk or cream can be added when desired. This gruel makes a very valuable food for invalids, convalescents and young children. The weakest stomach will tolerate it and it is very nutritious.

A DRINK FOR INVALIDS.

A very excellent and nourishing drink can be made in the same manner as the gruel, but take twice the quantity of water. A few drops of lemon juice will add a refreshing taste that will often be appreciated. Ask your grocer for Malt Breakfast Food.

MARK ST. CHURCH NOTES

—The pulpit was occupied on Sunday by the pastor, Rev. C. L. Thompson, who preached two forceful, earnest, gospel sermons. The morning text was John 1: 46. The evening service was largely attended.

—The Epworth League met last evening at 7.30 instead of 8 o'clock, the usual hour. Miss Nellie Wood presented the topic.

—Special services will be held on the evenings of Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, in the basement, beginning at half past seven. These meetings are increasing in interest and attendance. Everyone is invited to be present.

—The Sabbath school has recently purchased an excellent series of maps for use in the school, which will add much to its effectiveness.

—The usual thank-offering will be taken in this church on Easter Sunday.

SPRINGTIME AND ITS ENJOYMENT DEPEND UPON YOUR CONDITION OF HEALTH

Paine's Celery Compound

WILL REMOVE YOUR BURDEN OF DISEASE AND SUFFERING AND MAKE LIFE WORTH LIVING

In springtime thousands resort to some remedy to purify the blood and to arouse its circulation with the view of banishing diseases common at this season.

Those whose intelligence directs them to make use of Paine's Celery Compound, know just what to expect in results when the great medicine is used. They are aware of the fact that their relatives friends and neighbors have used Paine's Celery Compound in the past, and that it has, in every case, proved the ideal invigorator for the rundown, weak and suffering; it has cleansed the blood and caused the life stream to course with vigor and health to every part of the body; it has braced the nerves; it has banished the agonies of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, and has triumphed over deadly kidney disease and liver troubles.

In the past, Paine's Celery Compound as a spring medicine has saved thousands of precious lives; to-day, its work is greater, more widespread and more commanding than ever before, because people know it better and use it more freely. Headaches, sideaches, backaches, heart troubles, sleeplessness, cold chills, night sweats and fevers are quickly banished when Paine's Celery Compound is faithfully used. No other spring medicine keeps the confidence of so many earnest men and women. Paine's Celery Compound has compelled the admiration of the medical world, and will hold its high position as the surest, best and most effective health-giver. One or two bottles used at this time will work wonders for all who are weak, rundown, nervous and out of sorts.

PETERBOROUGH WINS THE CHAMPIONSHIP

By Defeating Galt on The Round by 7 to 6

Boys to Receive a Warm Reception.

Town Runs High with Excitement When the News was Received

For we've put it over Galt,
And we've collared the cup;
Say, old woman,
Is your rhubarb up!

This was the song from a thousand throats when the good news arrived last night that our hockey aggregation had tied the Galt team on their own ice, and had won the intermediate O. H. A. championship by a total score of 7-6.

To say that the feeling ran high with the crowds who thronged George street, is to faintly express the outburst that followed the announcement of the score. In a few moments, large bon-fires were made on George street at Charlotte, Hunter and Brock sts, and for two hours they blazed forth in honor of the glorious victory.

The result of the game is most gratifying, and is a splendid conclusion to the unbroken line of victory attending the team throughout the season. It is made especially so, because of the extreme confidence of victory expressed by Galt after the game here on Friday last.

The total games scored during the season by the home team number 54, as against 25 scored by the several opposing teams. The respective games played, with the scores, were as follows, the score of Peterborough being given first in each instance:

Lindsay, at Lindsay ....4—5
(Lindsay suspended from the O.H.A.)
Port Hope, at Peterborough ...... 6—2
Port Hope at Cobourg ....4—3
R. M. C. at Peterborough ......13—1
R. M. C. at Kingston ....4—2
Newmarket at Peterborough......10—1
Newmarket at Newmarket ....6—3
Galt at Peterborough ....4—3
Galt at Galt...... ....3—3

Thus, it will be seen that Peterborough lost but one game in the season's play.

We cannot too highly commend the action of Mr. J. Alex Culverwell, President of the Peterborough Cricket Club, in sending to Rolly Glover yesterday, the following telegram:

"I will present a ten dollar share of the new Peterborough Hockey Rink Co., to each member of team of seven should they win championship tonight at Galt. Put it up strong, boys, and hold up our good name!

J. ALEX. CULVERWELL,
Pres. Peterborough Cricket Club.

It was expressive of the true sportsmanlike spirit, and showed the confidence which the citizens placed in the ability of the team to win out.

A rousing reception will be accorded the boys on their arrival by the 9 o'clock G. T. R. train this evening.

The following despatch was received by The Times from Galt last night:

Galt March 10.

Before a crowd of nearly two thousand people here to-night, Peterborough and Galt played a tie game in the final match for the O.H.A. intermediate Championship, each team scoring three goals, the game was as closely contested as the score indicates. The ice was in poor condition, but not as bad as was expected under the circumstances. The game started on time and a terrible pace was set, both teams playing with might and main. It took just twenty minutes of fast playing to tally the first goal, and it went to the locals. No further scoring was done in this half, although both teams put forth all their strength. It took a few minutes after the play play started in the second half for the teams to get going. Peterborough stayed well around their goal and drew the Galt defence out, when with a rush the whole forward line of the visitors came down the ice.

R. Armstrong did the trick for them; a minute later he repeated it, scoring from a neat pass by Morgan. Things were looking bad for the locals and half of the second period was now over. Peterborough settled down to play a defence game, but Galt got through it and C. Dietrich scored. In a minute and a half they had scored their third goal, the spectators went wild but their delight was ended shortly when Peterborough got the sixth and last game. This one was, however, disputed by the locals. Morrison had come out of the goal to stop the puck when he was checked hard by Graham, "Dutch" returned with what the referee considered a cross check and he accordingly rang the bell. The puck, however, went into the net but Galt claimed it was not a goal as the bell had rung before it was scored. Schooley, however, allowed it much to the dissatisfaction of the home team and their supporters. Galt made a determined effort to score another goal but could not in the few minutes of play left. When time was up it stood 3 to 3, leaving Peterborough the winners of the round by the narrow margin of 1 goal, they having defeated Galt 4 to 3 in Peterborough on Friday night.

The game was a fast and clean exhibition, no rough play being indulged in by either side.

President, J. Ross Robertson, Secretary, A. H. Beaton, W. A. Buchanan and Francis Nelson of O.H.A. executive were present.

The teams lined up as follows:

Galt		Peterboro.
Morrison,	Goal	Wasson.
Lane	Point	Glover
Tonkin	Cover Point	H. Armstrong
C. Dietrich	Forward	Whitcroft
Hay		Morgan
F. Dietrich		R. Armstrong
Doxton		Graham

Referee,—R. D. Schooley.

The local ladies' hockey team defeated the septette from Cobourg by a score of 8-1, at the Charlotte street rink last night. The game was very exciting, and furnished plenty of amusement for the large crowd of spectators who were present.

POLICE COURT NEWS

Magistrate Dumble had a wage case before him yesterday morning. The claim was for $12.50 and judgment was given for $12 and $2.50 costs.

Thos. Emmanuel, of Prince Edward for having been drunk and disorderly was fined five dollars in court yesterday morning.

Champions 7-6

NEW LABOR HALL.

The Old Business College Rooms Being Splendidly Fitted Up

The remarkable growth of the labour organizations in Peterborough necessitated more spacious quarters, and the old Business College on Water street is being fitted up. This will make most desirable quarters for the Labour Union. They have purchased from the 57th Band several hundred new chairs which the band brought only a short while ago. The rooms will be lighted with electricity and supplied with all modern lodge room conveniences.

A Scientific Voice Improver

Because of its strengthening influence upon the vocal chords, Catarrhozone cannot be too highly recommended as a wonderful voice improver. It almost instantly removes huskiness or hoarseness, thus insuring clearness and brilliancy of tone. Catarrhozone keeps the mucous surfaces in perfect condition, and its regular use absolutely prevents colds and throat irritation, thereby removing the singer's greatest source of anxiety, unfitness of voice. The most eminent speakers and Prima Donnas would not be without Catarrhozone, and credit in no small degree their uniform strength and brilliancy of tone to its influence. The hard rubber inhaler fits conveniently into a purse or vest pocket, and may be used in the church, theatre, any place or time. Complete outfit $1. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our prospectus will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonnie Investment Co., 11 E. Alderado Bldg., Denver, Colo.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST
PHRENOLOGIST
AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

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SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

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Tickets and all information from

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MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home. Must write a fair hand; $8 to $11 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

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Stock and It Will Make You Rich

The company owns 2,480 acres of land located in the Newhall-Acton White Oil Fields of Los Angeles County, California. Our manager, Mr. J. H. Parker, writes us under date of Jan. 15th that they have opened up two oil wells near our property, one being a gusher of white oil just as clear as alcohol, and of 52 degrees gravity. This oil is worth and is selling at $4.00 per barrel at the well, and producing better than 50 barrels per day. Our derrick is up and the machinery purchased; we expect to be drilling in a very short time. We now offer to the public 100,000 shares of this meritorious company's stock at the low price of 10 cents per share, and it is worth a great deal more money at the present time with the showing we have in the property. The demand for this oil is far greater than the supply, which is not so of the black oils of Lower California and Beaumont, Texas, that are a drug upon the market.

Regarding the officers of the company, they are all men of honor and means. There are no salaries paid to any of the officers, not even our General Manager, until our company is put on a paying basis.

INCORPORATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, the incorporation having been effected under the laws of Wyoming, stock being all common stock, issued absolutely fully paid and forever non-assessable. The incorporation laws of Wyoming are peculiarly favorable to oil enterprises, and the par value of the stock has been fixed at One Cent per share in order to avoid the excessive revenue tax paid on stocks of a high par value.

LIABILITIES.

The company has no debts; all stock is fully paid and non-assessable, there are no stockholders' liabilities, and we have no royalties to pay for any purpose.

OUR LANDS.

The company's lands have been carefully selected by their engineer, Mr. J. H. Parker, who is also Vice President and General Manager, in conjunction with four of the best oil experts, who are well known throughout the state. These experts each unbeknown to the other went over our vast territory to locate a site to sink our first well; their reports are on file in the company's office, and we will be pleased to mail a copy of the same upon application, also maps of the oil fields with our property showing in the red. The directors call special attention to the maps, which have been drawn from actual surveys and personal inspection of the land and is accurate. The company's lands are distinctly shown as well as their relation to other oil lands and the location of oil wells, oil sepages and oil springs. A careful inspection of the map will aid prospective investors to judge of the oil under the company's lands.

The geological formation is perfect, the Anticlinal passing through the entire property and being unbroken by granite formations.

GUARANTEE.

The officers and directors of the company have such great faith in the proposition that they will redeem all stock sold for cash, providing they do not strike oil as designated.

TREASURY STOCK.

The company holds in the treasury over 500,000 shares of treasury stock and some money. The proceeds of sale from the 100,000 shares now offered to the public will be used for the purpose of sinking wells.

REGISTRATION.

The stock is registered with the Colorado Title & Trust Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado, which guarantees any over-issue of stock.

The company would like to employ a few good Fiscal Agents to handle any part of this 100,000 shares of stock, giving them a very liberal commission. We take pleasure in recommending this stock to the good people of Peterborough and vicinity at the very low price of 10 cents per share; considering the condition of the property the stock is worth more money than what we are asking for it.

Address all communications to

GEO. A. COCKBURN,
Secretary North American Oil & Refining Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

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VOL. 28 NO. 60 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MARCH 12 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE ETHICS OF DYNAMITE AND THE COMING WAR

Will Blow Up England's Ships But Not Her Villages or Towns

A REVOLT MENACES THE CZAR'S DOMINIONS.

Its Growth Due to Political Discontent—Outbreak at the Universities Only Means a Revolution.

Paris, March 11.—The Morning Chronicle having accused Major John MacBride, the Irish Boer officer, recently returned from South Africa, of establishing a branch of Franco-Irish dynamitard in Paris, the latter has said:—

"When we are at war with England —I hope we soon shall be—we shall use dynamite to blow up the ships, but we do not favor its use for the blowing up of bridges or villages or the killing of innocent people.

"Our Franco-Irish organization is to prepare for the coming war. We should feel ashamed of ourselves if we did not do better than the Boers. We, a war-like race of twenty-five millions, scattered if you will, should be able to give a good account of ourselves.

"The Boer war has belittled England in the eyes of the world, and has done more to fan the flame of patriotism in young Irishmen than anything which has occurred for half a century.

"With famine in India, dissatisfaction in Canada, hatred in Malta, and revolution in Ireland, the old British hulk will soon fall to pieces. That the flower of France will be with us I am assured on all sides."

London, March 11.—Profound political discontent is general throughout Russia, and the St. Petersburg Government is alarmed by events, the gravity of which it cannot disguise. In all directions a movement clearly of a revolutionary character is spreading.

In a striking despatch to his paper, the Copenhagen correspondent of the London Daily News says reliable reports have reached the Danish capital that agitation against the Russian administrative methods has broken out even in Siberian provinces, and that the local governors have been driven to suppress all public meetings. Unrest must be indeed widespread and the propaganda of revolution must have been industriously disseminated if such remote districts as Tomsk, Barnaul and Marinsk are affected.

MOTIVE POWER POLITICAL.

It is now plain that the university movements, or "student outbreaks," which paralyse the scientific life of the country—for all scientific life has been virtually suspended in Russia during the last eighteen months—are but a means to an end, a shibboleth if you will, and that the motive power calling them forth is political. The Russian Government at last realises that the concessions made to the students will not arrest the other movements which the student agitations have set on foot.

This latter aspect of the case is the one really important—serious from the point of view of the Czar's administration, encouraging from that of the political reformer. The small minority which constituted the discontented element in 1899, has developed until to-day it includes the whole of Russian society outside of court circles.

UNREST IS WIDESPREAD

"Question peasants, workingmen, students, professors and landed proprietors," says a writer on Russian life in the Deutsche Revue, "and all will declare that the people have had enough of a Government, or rather of an administration, which seems to wish only to multiply trammels and vexations."

Lack of unity of administrative policy and of uniformity in its application aggravates the situation. The comparative liberal methods of M. de Witte clash with the Draconian rule of M. Pobiedonostcheff. The Government with one hand undoes what it has done with the other.

For instance, in a general way, satisfaction has been given to the students, but the retaliatory measures visited upon the workingmen who aided the students are terrible.

DOURO TOWNSHIP PRINTING

The Reeve Apparently Disregards the Instructions of the Council

The Times is in receipt of a letter from a prominent resident of Douro township, regarding the printing contract for 1902. Our correspondent states that Mr. Dennis Moloney, the reeve, was instructed by the Council to call on the Peterborough printers and get their prices. He wants to know if this was done, as the reeve is reported to have boasted that he had placed the contract with the Examiner, presumably for political reasons, without inviting competition.

The Times is pleased to have an opportunity of informing our correspondent as well as the ratepayers of Douro, that Mr. Moloney did not ask us for prices, although we were prepared to put in a tender for the work at a low figure. We would be sorry to believe that he has disobeyed the order of the Council for the sake of personal or political gain. We always found Mr. Moloney the soul of honor and integrity, and we are sure he will be able to explain the matter, and will be pleased to give him all the space he wants in these columns for that purpose.

Items of Interest

St. Petersburg, March 12.—Severe earthquake shocks recurred at Shamaka, Trans Caucasia, Sunday. About 13,000 persons are still destitute as a result of the subterranean disturbances which occurred at Shamaka about the middle of February.

GOOD WORK OF THE DISCOVERY.

London, March 12.—Sir Clements Markham, was enthusiastic as to the Discovery and her captain and crew in his address to the Royal Geographical Society. The ship had proved, he said, to be the best that had ever entered the Polar seas, while Captain Scott had already shown himself to be the beau ideal of the Polar commander. As to the officers and the crew, they had now acquired the only thing they needed, which was experience. Sir Clements described the voyages' first encounter with ice, always an important event in Polar voyages. Lieutenant Michael Barne was officer of the watch on a dull, snowy morning in November, and he suddenly and gleefully shouted, "Ice on the port bow!" It proved to be a piece about two feet square, and soon after passing it the good ship was christened by another piece striking her bows. In the first week a close pack of ice was reached. The first experiences with Polar conditions gave all on board great confidence in the ship, particular pleasure being felt in the way in which she forced herself through ice many feet thick. Sir Clements gave an account of the scientific work of the expedition, and told how a good ornithological collection had been made both on the ice and at Macquarie Island. At that place the explorers made acquaintance with the taste of penguin flesh. There was penguin stew, penguin roast and penguin boiled. Some liked penguin and some did not, but all realized the necessity of cultivating a taste for it. Sir Clement made an urgent appeal for funds towards the cost of the relief ship, which would have to be sent out in June.

SHIPWRECKED CREW'S EXPERIENCE.

Belfast, Ireland, March 12. — Details have just reached Belfast of the terrible hardships endured by the crew of the brigantine C. M. Reynolds, which was wrecked on the Donegal coast while on a voyage from Kilrush to Belfast. The vessel encountered fearful weather off Achill Island, and after the mast had snapped and brought down all the gear she drifted about in a helpless condition for several hours. Fortunately, however, instead of driving against the jutting cliffs, the brigantine grounded on a shelving beach near Termore, and the crew, after much difficulty, succeeded in getting ashore. They found themselves confronted by a precipitous cliff, up which two of the men, who were by this time exhausted, had to be hauled by their companions, who then started off to seek for assistance. During that and the following day they searched in vain for any sign of human habitation in the bleak, inhospitable country, but at length they met a man who guided them to the village of Ardara, where their wants were attended to. Meanwhile search parties set out to rescue the two men who had been left behind. One, Dan Morris, of Cardiff, was discovered in a very exhausted state, but his companion, John Coghlan, of Kilrush, was not found till the following day. He had been five days without food, and exposed to the bitter winter weather. He was removed to Ardara, where he lies in a critical condition.

London, March 11.—A large store of honey has been discovered in the roof of Strawberry Hall, at Tydd St. Mary. It was known that two swarms of bees had "hived" there for sixteen years, and Alderman T. W. Banks several times offered the honey to any one who would shift the bees and make the roof good again. The novel task was at last accepted by a builder, who has removed no less than 280 pounds of honey.

PRINCESS RADZIWILL ILL.

Cape Town, March 10.—The case of the Princess Radziwill, who was arrested on February 26th on a charge of forging the name of Mr. Cecil Rhodes to several notes was called in court to-day. The hearing was adjourned, however, on account of the indisposition of the Princess. At the time of her arrest, the Princess was admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000.

ITALIAN CHAMBER.

Rome, March 10.—The Chamber of Deputies, met to-day, and elected Signor Biancheri President by a vote of 402 to 252. The Ministerialists were also successful in the subsequent ballots electing their candidates for vice-presidents and secretaries.

WARSHIPS TO DISPERSE.

London, Tuesday, March 11.—A despatch to the Morning Post from Berlin states that the German warships in Venezuelan waters are about to disperse in various directions. Only one cruiser will remain to meet whatever emergency may arise, although the authorities are convinced that the Venezuelan incident may be regarded as being definitely closed.

DOMINION LINE'S NEW ROUTE.

Queenstown, March 11.—The new twin screw steamer Merion, which, with her sister ship the new steamer Haverford, has been chartered from the International Navigation Company by the Dominion Line for their service between Liverpool and Boston, by way of this port, left here on Sunday afternoon at a quarter past one, on her maiden voyage to Boston from Liverpool.

SOUTH AMERICAN TREATY.

Madrid, March 11.—It is officially announced that Marquis De Prat de Nantouillet, the Spanish Minister to Mexico, complying with instructions from the Home Government, has signed an arbitration treaty with the delegates of Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, Guatemala, Paraguay, Salvador, San Domingo and Uruguay. Honduras, Costa Rica and Venezuela will sign the treaty shortly.

TO VACATE MANCHURIA.

London, Tuesday, March 11.—A despatch to The Times from Pekin says that Russia, yielding to China's persistence, now undertakes to withdraw from Manchuria within eighteen months. China still insists that she do so within a year.

NO WORD OF HURONIAN.

London, March 11.—The Allan Line officials have received no news in regard to their steamship Huronian which left Glasgow February 11, for St. John, N.B., and is now about 21 days overdue.

CHOLERA AT MECCA.

Constantinople, March 11.—Cholera has broken out at Mecca.

It was announced in a despatch last week from Constantinople that cholera had broken out at Medina, Arabia, 240 miles from Mecca.

LADY TEACHERS FOR AFRICA.

Ottawa, March 11.—Over 70 applications have been received from lady teachers desirous of engaging for service in their profession in South Africa. In all 40 will be taken from Canada, and of the number 20 will be chosen in Ontario.

SPENT $7,000,000 IN CANADA

Ottawa, March 11.—The Imperial War Office has to date expended through the Department of Agriculture in food and forage for South Africa over $7,000,000.

Ottawa, March 11.—A cable to the Governor-General from the Casualty Department at Cape Town announces that Trooper Claude Lobban was severely wounded at Brandrite last Friday. His father is W. Lobban, of Chatham, N.B.

Topeko, Kan., March 11.—At Leoti, a small town on the plains of Western Kansas, a band of juveline robbers and highwaymen, has terrorised the entire community. People have been assaulted and robbed, dwelling houses have been rifled and business houses have been plundered right and left. The robbers became so bold that people were afraid to venture out of their homes at night, and those who were compelled to be out, carried guns for self-protection. Some of these were knocked down and robbed of their guns. Every store in Leoti was robbed from one to three times. No one could locate the robbers.

A few days ago a vigilance committee was secretly organized by the bravest men of the town to run the outlaws to earth. A squad of men secreted themselves in different parts of the town to watch developments. To the amazement of the people, they found that twelve boys, ranging in age from ten to fifteen years, all sons of prominent men, were the outlaws.

TEN MET DEATH IN THE FLAMES

Matane, Que., March 10.—One of the most dreadful tragedies that has been known in this part of the country occurred here Sunday morning, resulting in the loss of ten lives.

A girl passing Arthur Bouchard's grocery store and dwelling saw it in flames, and gave the alarm. Mr. Bouchard immediately jumped from an upper window, and was about to be followed by his wife, but she was evidently overcome, as she failed in her attempt to escape, and perished, together with her nine children, six boys and three girls, the eldest a boy of 14 years, and the girl, 12 years; four boys, aged 10, 9, 8, 7 years, two girls, 6 and 4, and a boy 2 years.

Mr. Bouchard, the only member of the family to escape, is almost demented with grief and cannot give a clear account of the terrible catastrophe.

Bouchard arose about 5 o'clock and lighted a fire in the kitchen, and then retired again. It is thought the fire caught in the kitchen.

SUICIDED IN THE BAY

Samuel Miller, aged 62 years, a retired Markdale farmer, who has been in the city for three months, and has failed to find employment, jumped into the Bay off Bertram's dock, near Queen's Wharf, yesterday morning, and was drowned, though Thomas Thompson and John Day, who witnessed the leap, made immediate efforts to rescue him. The body was recovered in half an hour's time, but too late for any efforts at resuscitation to avail.

Miller leaves a widow and daughter. With his family, he boarded at 321 Adelaide street west. He recently sold his farm in Grey.

On the wharf Miller left a note, giving the name and address of deceased, and an appeal to relatives in Markdale to care for his wife and daughter. There was also a statement regarding Miller's life insurance, which is left to his family. Nothing was contained in the note which would give any reason for his desire to end his existence. It is believed, however, that the man contemplated suicide before leaving his apartments yesterday, as a large sum of money, which he usually carried in his pocket, was found on the dresser. The remains were removed last night from the morgue to B. J. Humphrey's undertaking rooms, for burial.

1,000,000,000 TONS OF COAL

Montreal, March 10.— General Manager Shields of the Dominion Coal Company, before leaving for the east stated that, acting under expert advice that the Mullins seams underlay their whole area and stretched back towards Mira and Louisburg, they had on Saturday made a strike which added 1,000,000,000 tons to the known coal deposits.

Washington, March 11—It is learned at the State Department that the attitude of Mr. Leishman, the United States Minister to Turkey, is liable to be misunderstood, owing to the brevity of the cable report that he has preferred a demand upon Turkey in the case of Miss Stone.

The understanding here is that any action in that line that Mr. Leishman may have taken is rather in the line of saving all future rights rather than the submission of an unqualified demand for the punishment of the brigands and a repayment of the indemnity given to the brigands. The same sort of a caveat either has been or will be filed with the Bulgarian Government.

It is possible that the Department may be hampered in the efforts to secure reparation by the peculiar political relations existing between Turkey and Bulgaria, and the consequent inability to determine the exact measure of responsibility of Turkey for Bulgarian shortcomings, should it be found that the Bulgarian Government itself is responsible for Miss Stone's capture. The question is now being examined carefully.

All Day Sunday

She Thought About a Food that would Agree with Her.

An unnatural appetite for rich and improper food is really kept alive by the use of such foods, whereas a change to healthful, nourishing and scientifically made food will correct the unnatural appetite. A little woman up at Peekskill, N.Y., Margaret Smith, P.O. box 193, says:

"I was such a sufferer from dyspepsia that life was a burden. I could hardly keep from eating all sorts of pastry, cakes and other rich foods, although they did not agree with me, nor in fact did any sort of food. I became low spirited and discouraged, was too weak to work and very seriously troubled with palpitation of the heart.

"Drugs seemed to make me worse rather than better. A friend said one day: 'I believe Grape-Nuts food would cure you,' explaining that the food was made with great care and intended for the prevention and relief of diseases that were brought about by improper food.

"That was Saturday night, and all day Sunday I kept thinking about Grape-Nuts, and the first thing Monday morning I sent for a package. I had it in my mind that the food would look like nuts, and was disappointed when I [illegible], had to be eaten with a spoon. However, I followed the directions and made a meal of Grape-Nuts and milk, which I found to be delicious, and for the first time in months I suffered no distress after eating.

"I at once began to feel hopeful that I might be cured at last. Since that day I have used Grape-Nuts constantly, morning and night, and have steadily improved in health, until now I am as well as I ever was in my life; weigh 10 pounds more than I did a year ago, have no palpitation of the heart and can work all day long.

"At supper I have Grape-Nuts mixed with soft boiled eggs. I make my dinner on any kind of food I desire. One of the best things about this cure by proper food is that I no longer have any desire for the rich, indigestible rubbish of which I used to be so fond."

Big Doings in Peterborough Last Night.

Not since the return of our South African heroes has such a wave of enthusiasm swept over the town, as that which last night led thousands of citizens to throng the principal streets.

The hockey team were on their way from Galt, and young and old joined in the effort to accord a fitting welcome to them, and to do honor to the boys for the splendid manner in which they upheld the fair name of the seven on Monday night.

During the day, Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons had been busy decorating the line of streets from the G. T. R. depot to the Oriental Hotel, and all the principal buildings on the route displayed flags, bunting, etc.

If any individual decoration was deserving of special mention, it was that of Messrs. W. Lech and Sons, Hatters and Furriers, George street, in whose window appeared a unique display of seven hats, trimmed in the club colors, each hat bearing the name of one of the players. The Oriental hotel was most profusely decorated with flags, banners, bunting, etc.

On the arrival of the train bringing the team, a procession was formed in the following order: 57th regiment band; hose wagon, decorated; hook and ladder truck; cabs, containing "the boys" and a few of their friends; sleigh, containing lady hockeyists, and other sleighs. Bonfires blazed at the street corners, and fireworks were in evidence everywhere. The procession moved up Charlotte, and George to Hunter, along Hunter to Water, up Water to Murray, thence down George and up Hunter to the Oriental hotel, amid the continued cheers of the onlookers.

Arriving at the Oriental, a hearty reception, indeed, was tendered the victors. Dinner was served in Mr. Graham's usual good style, and over the board each told how the field was won.

(Whispers—(With apologies to the Galt Reformer.)

7—4.
All over now.
Peterborough is gay.
Galt isn't.
Verily, pride goeth before a fall.
Monday's game had but one result.

BOBCAYGEON RAILWAY

The Work of Building the Railway from Lindsay to Bobcaygeon

What is known as the Lindsay, Pontypool and Bobcaygeon Railway, is not making much progress. After a number of municipal bonuses had been voted on and carried, and government subsidies obtained, a start was made. Ground was broken at the Bobcaygeon end, and about $4,000 spent. For over a year nothing has been done.

At a meeting of the Lindsay Board of Trade, held a few days ago, Mr Kylie referred to the unsatisfactory outlook for the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon & Pontypool R. R. scheme. The citizens were in doubt as to whether they would have to pay the debentures or not, and owing to the uncertainty were not in a position to deal with an offer from any industry.

Mr. Hopkins —"We had to fix certain dates for the commencement and completion of the work. I think four years is the time limit, and I understand a proper start was made. The bonds are in charge of a Trust Co. and will not be handed over unless all the conditions are complied with."

Mr. Kylie—"I know the bonds are safe, but the promoters were bound to make a substantial beginning inside a certain date after the voting of the bonus, and I don't think that has been done."

President Flavelle—"Well, I understand from Mr. Boyd that about $4,000 has been expended."

Mr. Kylie — "But the fact remains that a proper start has not been made."

NORWOOD, APSLEY RAILWAY

The Company are Now in Legal Shape to go Ahead

The disappointment felt, particularly by our friends in the north, over the delay in getting a railway, has not disheartened them. They have faith in the projected line from Norwood, and we are pleased to say that their faith is not groundless. Mr. Pearce, the energetic President of the Norwood and Apsley Railway, does not propose to give up because the C. P. R. is not ready to proceed with the work of construction. He and those associated with him have subscribed the necessary Capital to qualify and give the Company the proper legal status in accordance with the act of incorporation.

We understand it is proposed to interest foreign capital in the enterprise, and when the necessary funds are provided, to build the road. This should not be difficult, on account of the liberal subsidies granted by both the Dominion and Ontario Parliaments.

You are Tired

Your color is not good. Restless one moment, fretful and blue the next. The world's out of joint. You're out of joint with the world. Not temper, not feeling, but weakness. Neglect is unwise. You grow steadily worse. Get good rich blood, then feel new vigor, strength, buoyancy. You'll see a dozen things to do; you will do them, too, if you use Ferrozone. It sharpens the appetite and you enjoy your food; you get color, and old-time strength comes back. That's because Ferrozone aids digestion, makes red blood. Ferrozone is strength for the nerves and vigor for the brain. Be sure of the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Prince Henry Goes Home

New York, March 11—When Prince Henry boarded the steamship Deutschland he found his cabin filled with flowers and other mementoes sent by distinguished persons whom he had met during his sojourn in this country. At the dock, to see him off, were Ambassador von Holleben, Consul General Buenz, Rear-Admiral Evans, Assistant Secretary of State David J. Hill and many other persons of distinction. The Deutschland is to take the shorter course across the Atlantic and is expected to arrive at Bremen by next Wednesday.

Promises Smokeless Coal

Harrisburg, Pa., March 12 — Announcement is made of the incorporation here of the Somerset Smokeless Coal and Coke Company. The new company proposes to supply a quality of coal that, when handled by competent firemen, will be almost free from smoke. The company has 125 acres of coal land near Berlin, Pa., and about 200 tons of coal a day are now being mined. The coal is being mined at 30 feet beneath the surface and is said to be of a different quality from the ordinary coal.

Triplets Have Reunion

Baltimore, Md., March 12—Abraham, Isaac and Jacob Price, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Price, of Hereford, this county, and who are believed to be the oldest triplets, all males, in this country, celebrate the forty-second anniversary to their birth to-day. Physicians say that cases of triplets of the same sex living to the prime of life are remarkable. The Messrs. Price were born in York County, Pennsylvania. There were nine children in the family, including the triplets, and all are living and enjoying health. Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Price, the heads of this remarkable family are hale and hearty and recently celebrated their golden wedding.

Catarrhal Poisons and Their Remedy

The poisonous secretions from catarrh are dangerous because they affect the stomach and bowels, giving rise to an unhealthy condition of those organs. Catarrh is the source of much ill-health and was considered practically incurable until it was demonstrated to the satisfaction of the medical profession that by the use of Catarrhozone any case of nasal or throat trouble can be permanently and quickly cured. Catarrhozone by its unusual merit has enlisted the support and endorsement of the most prominent medical authorities, who freely state that any one giving it a trial is sure to receive permanent benefit. Sold for $1. Small size 25c. At druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE BOERS WORE THE RRITISH KHAKI UNIFORM

Some Further Details of the Defeat of Lord Methuen's Force

NATIVE BOYS BEGAN THE PANIC AMONG TROOPS

General Delarey's Force was Three Hundred Stronger Than the British—Press Comments on the Disaster

London, March 11.—In a despatch, dated Pretoria, General Kitchener sends the following summary of the latest reports of the disaster: "General Methuen's ox convoy, escorted by half his force, started an hour in advance of the mule convoy. The enemy made a sudden flanking and enveloping attack from the rear. The first disorder was occasioned by the native boys with the led horses galloping through the mule convoy as the latter was endeavoring to comply with General Methuen's directions to close on the ox convoy. This disorder in the mule convoy communicated itself to the mounted troops, and Boers dressed in khaki, riding along with the wagons, frustrated all attempts of the officers to rally their men.

"Great confusion ensued among the portion of the mounted troops, and they and the mule wagons, galloping three miles beyond the ox wagons, were cut off in sections. The Fourth and Thirty-eight Batteries fought with great gallantry. Three hundred of the Northumberland Fusiliers and Loyal North Lancashire Regiment showed conspicuous courage in protecting the wagons, refusing to surrender until resistance was useless.

BOERS IN BRITISH UNIFORMS.

"Delarey's force were almost all dressed in our uniform, which made it impossible for the infantry to distinguish between our men and the enemy when the mounted troops were driven in on them.

"The enemy numbered 1,500 men, with a 15-pounder and a pom-pom. Delarey, Celliers, Kemp, Vermaas, Tromp, and other Boer commanders were present.

"General Methuen was seen by an agent of the Intelligence Department well cared for in his own wagon. By a private telegram I find that his thigh is fractured, but he is reported to be doing well.

"A message has been received saying the wounded will be brought to the railway to-day.

"I hope the reinforcements now arriving will rectify the situation in this area without disturbing operations elsewhere."

THE IRISH CHEERED.

The news was received in the House of Commons amid great excitement. The reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram by Mr. Brodrick was listened to in deep silence, which was broken by loud Irish cheers. Instantly there were cries of "Shame, shame!" from the Government benches. Then the Irish members seemed to think better of their outbreak, and suddenly subsided. The subsequent eulogistic references to General Methuen were received with cheers.

Lord Roberts' chivalry in taking the trouble to go to the House of Lords and pay a tribute to General Methuen when his defeat and capture were announced was appreciated, but it was suggested by a spectator that the commander-in-chief himself needed some good-natured eulogist when a British general had been taken prisoner nearly eighteen months after he had declared the war was practically ended.

There was an impression among soldiers that Lord Kitchener's concentration against De Wet had been met by a similar massing of burghers against two exposed columns in the Western Transvaal.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS.

The Daily Telegraph, however, does not withold praise from the Boer leader. It says editorially: "The Boer commander in his latest, as well as in his previous, exploit of a few weeks ago near Kroonstad, has shown what no other leader on the side of the enemy has ever done,—a mastery of daring, yet severely scientific tactics, which would do credit to any professional soldier. If Delarey were steeped in Clausewitz and Jomini he could not have struck with more skill of design or certainty in action."

London, March 11.—The Times says the Irish Nationalist jubilation when Methuen's defeat was announced in the House, is strongly resented by Liberals, and is likely to drive into Rosebery's camp several follows of Campbell-Bannerman. Even extreme pro-Boers, says The Times, think it un-British to gloat over the misfortunes of soldiers doing their duty.

AMERICAN SERVILITY DENOUNCED.

Paris, March 11.—A despatch from Berlin to the Paris edition of The New York Herald says word has been sent to the newspapers to make no comment on Prince Henry's visit to the United States. News of his movements is only to be given. The Social Democratic press refuses to be bound by such an order, and roundly abuses the United States for servility to Royalty.

NEW AGREEMENT MAKES FOR PEACE

London, March 11.—A despatch from Tokio to The Times says that the principal industrial commercial associations recently gave a banquet to members of the British Legation, and Consulates, in order to emphasize the pacific of the British-Japanese agreement.

KING WISHES TO VISIT FRANCE.

London, March 11.—Referring to reports of a visit to France by King Edward, the Paris correspondent of The Times says it is able to state that the King desires to visit the south of France, but there is no immediate prospect of his doing so.

CHINESE BOLDLY OPPOSE RUSSIA

London, March 12.—A despatch from Pekin to The Times, written by Dr. Morrison, says that Russia is yielding to Chinese persistence and now undertakes to withdraw from Manchuria within eighteen months after the signature of the proposed convention. China still insists that the withdrawal take place within a year.

An Immense Addition to Rolling Stock

Montreal, March 12.—The executive of the Canadian Pacific has just compiled the annual order for rolling stock, which is one of the largest in the history of the company, and will bring its freight car service alone up to over 20,000 and its locomotives to about 1,000 engines in round numbers. Of the eighty locomotives the great majority will be of the heavy Atlantic pattern, with ten drivers weighing on an average of 100 tons. They will all be built at the company's shops on Delorimier avenue under the supervision of Mr. E. A. Williams, superintendent of rolling stock at Delorimier avenue. A few probably will be erected at the Kingston locomotive works.

Of passenger cars, the company will build 20 first-class cars of the recent heavy improved style, six combined smokers and first-class, two diners, six sleepers, two parlor, five baggage and two observation cars to be used in the Rocky Mountains.

Of freight cars there is being finished an order for 710 40-ton flat-cars, 300 40-ton coal cars, 95 standard vans, 50 30-ton refrigerator cars, 270 stock and 1,250 40-ton box-cars.

The passenger cars will be constructed at the Hochelaga shops under the supervision of Mr. W. Apps, master car builder; the freight cars and vans at the Perth shops with the exception of a small order for box cars, which goes to Rhode, Currie & Co. of Amherst, Nova Scotia.

The Grand Trunk authorities have not completed its car building programme, but it will also be a large one, both in passenger and freight cars. It has just completed an order for 500 "furniture" cars, which are attracting considerable attention. They are great carriers, giants in size, with a capacity of 60,000 pounds, 42 feet 6 inches long and weigh, light, 37,700 pounds. They were all built at the Point St. Charles shops, and are admitted to be unsurpassed on the continent.

New Thirteen-cent Stamp

Washington, D.C., March 12 — The postoffice department is preparing to issue a new stamp, designed especially for the foreign mail service. It is to be a denomination new to the postal service—13 cents. At present it is impossible to send a registered letter through the foreign mails without using two stamps, one of five cents to pay the postage, and one of eight cents to pay the cost of registration. When the 13 cent stamp is on sale this will be obviated by the use of one stamp. The new stamp will bear a portrait of President Harrison, shown seated at his desk in the executive mansion.

CHAMBERLAIN'S POWER IN THE ASCENDANT

"The Pride of Birmingham" to be Premier of Britain

HE WILL SUCCEED SALISBURY.

This Now the Talk of London—Chamberlain One of Britain's Most Remarkable Men

New York, March 12.—The World's London correspondent reported the popular belief in England that Joseph Chamberlain is the strong man of the Tory-Unionist coalition and the predestined Prime Minister after Salisbury.

A remarkable confirmation of this piece of news is furnished by a notable leader in the Review. Hailing the Birmingham statesman as the probable Premier to be—though it does not love him—the Review consoles itself with the reflection that by the next general election "Chamberlain will be verging upon his seventieth year, and though he is extraordinarily young for his age, it is not in the course of nature that he should surpass or equal his present achievements." But the four greatest Prime Ministers of the Victorian reign—Lord John Russell, Lord Palmerston, Benjamin Disraeli and William Ewart Gladstone—all held the office when they were over seventy.

Comparable only with Disraeli's conquest of the British aristocracy, and his invention of "Tory Democracy," for its paradoxical suggestions, would be Chamberlain's climax as Salisbury's successor. A plebeian by birth leading the patrician party; a dissenter and at one time disestablisher chief of the State Church party; an unschooled man at the head of the Oxford-bred side of Parliament; the champion of a radical reform of the House of Lords and the death duties—so odious to the landed gentry—and at one time of Irish Rule, to be commander-in-chief of the nobility, the first imperialist and the strongest Anti-Home Ruler of them all!

Prime Minister Chamberlain, if he happens, will surely be one of the most freakish figures in British political history.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
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This concern was established in 1890; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts, when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our house. Every trading supplied and all news affecting markets promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts, either for cash or upon moderate margins.
Issued from our 500 page [illegible] illustrated

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Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE EIGHTH — The only licensed N. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

[illegible] NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout [illegible].

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, etc., so they will be provided with writing materials.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year [illegible] in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 21, 1902

METHUEN'S MISFORTUNE

The reverse to General Methuen, of which further particulars are given in another column, is not serious in the sense that it will make any difference to the final result of the war, but it goes to show, that there is more fight left in the Boers than had been generally believed. Lord Methuen has stuck to his post, through good and evil report, ever since the war began, receiving censure for things for which he was only technically responsible, and he had come to have the confidence of the British public. How he could have fallen into Delarey's trap will be explained sometime. Perhaps an incident like this was needed to rouse the British army out of its staleness.

BRITAIN OUR BEST FRIEND

We should now begin to hear about the duty of Canada to the Mother Country. There was a note struck the other day at the meeting of the Board of Trade in Montreal which should re-echo throughout the Dominion. It has been said — ungenerously said — that England has never done anything for Canada. Whatever may be the initial history, England organized this country and gave it institutions and a name and place among the nations. She nursed it in infancy. She encouraged its early steps towards nationhood. She lent it money. She developed its resources. And always, while in the formative stage, she supported the Dominion, which was too feeble to stand alone. What return has Canada offered? She has treated the Mother Country as an alien, taxed her goods, while demanding a free market for her own exports, and refused to supply men for the front in a war which England waged, not for her own glory or profit, but in the interests of the colonial [illegible] a war in which the Dominion had a far more vital interest than the Mother Country.

Events are moving rapidly. We cannot expect that England will continue to guarantee our independent existence unless we are willing to become a partner of the responsibilities as well as the glory of empire. We have been asking not merely for an open, but for a preferential market in England for our products, while we still tax all British goods coming into our ports, and at the same time refuse to contribute a cent to the maintenance of the power upon which we are absolutely dependent for our continued existence. This condition of things cannot continue. We must make up our minds. There are, to be sure, certain influences in this country frankly against a real Imperialism—an influence which would confine our attention and interest to internal development, without regard to the other portions of the empire, and especially without regard to the policy of England, but this influence it should be the duty of all loyal men to thwart and destroy, for it is only by being knit to the empire by the indissoluble bonds of interest and sentiment that we can hope to retain our present position. In a word, we must commence at once to become a contributor to the maintenance of the empire, which is likely to last some time longer in spite of the prognostications of Mr. Stead, who is, nevertheless, a very clever sensation-monger.

Next to England, we are the best customer which the United States possesses, yet the latter erects and maintains a high tariff wall against us, which practically excludes us from a market of seventy-five million people. It is our interest, then, as well as our duty, to draw closer the ties between England and the Dominion, for while England guarantees our independence, the Dominion, one of these days, will be supplying England with all the breadstuffs she needs, thus making her independent of foreign countries. One way to check the Americanisation of the world is for all the British colonies to rally round the Mother Country, adding to her strength by the young vigor which they can exert, by the wealth which they can create, by the manly race which they can propagate, by the high Imperialism which they can teach by song and story, and sentiment.

Character in [illegible] Smoking.

"Royal Magazine."

A MAN may possess a most secretive nature, he may have a face as destitute of meaning as a stone wall and a manner of speech absolutely non-committal; but watch him over his cigarette: note his manner of holding it between his lips or his fingers, see how he puffs the smoke out of his mouth, what he does with the ash, if he consumes the cigarette to a mere stump or throws it away half finished, and, sure as fate, you will read his character like a book. Cigarette, I said, for a cigarette, and a cigar in a lesser degree, are much better character revealers than a pipe. A man sticks a pipe into the side of his mouth and puffs away, and there's an end of it. You discover next to nothing, unless, indeed, he happens to puff very violently, which is a certain indication of a nervous, irritable temper. From the filling of a pipe, to be sure, many luminous little hints may be gathered. You see a man stuff his bowl quickly and lavishly, letting loose threads of tobacco dangle over the brim while he applies the match; if he be not good-natured, generous to a fault, careless, indolent, quick to make friends, quick to forget them, I shall be much astonished. One notices men very often taking their cigars from an upper waistcoat pocket into which they have been stuffed. Too poor to buy themselves a cigar-case? Not a bit of it, but too untidy to keep one or too lazy to arrange their cigars into one. And the same men almost invariably bite the tips off their cigars, instead of using a penknife or a cigar-clipper—a shocking habit that not merely fills the mouth with tobacco grit, but disarranges the outer leaf, often spoiling an otherwise excellent smoke.

The cigar once happily prepared for smoking, observe how your man holds it between his teeth. But stay! The operation of lighting has also its interest. The tobacco epicure grips his cigar not merely with his teeth when applying the match, but with the finger and thumb of his left hand also, and between every third puff draws the weed from his mouth and examines the glowing end, in order to make sure that it has been ignited equally all round.

The majority of men hold their cigars with the front teeth and puff the smoke out on either side of it. A large minority hold them in the corner of the mouth, so that if you happen to be walking behind them on a dark night you catch sight of the glowing end protruding just below the ear. Others, again—and these, as a rule, are persons of vivacious temperament—seldom keep their cigars for two consecutive moments between their lips. They take a few puffs, and then the cigar is given a rest between finger and thumb.

A man of determined character, energetic, pugnacious, impatient, often betrays himself by giving his cigar an upward tilt while consuming it—a favorite method with the Yankee, to whom the above epithets are distinctly applicable. The contemplative, dreamy individual will let it droop towards his chin; while level-headed persons—and fortunately they form the vast majority—hold theirs horizontally. Naturally insolent people frequently omit to remove the cigar from their mouths when speaking to you, while others of a sullen, brooding disposition chew the end into horrible pulp. And is there anything more eloquent of stinginess than the habit, largely indulged in by Germans, of sticking the stump of a cigar on the small blade of a penknife and consuming it until the glow almost touches the lips?

Expensive Loss of Temper.

Mr. D. of Boston, a devotee of the wheel, was not long ago visiting in one of the small towns of Western Massachusetts. He was taking a spin about its streets shortly after his arrival, when he was run down, as he afterward declared, by a negro, and knocked off his bicycle. The fall not only ruffled his dignity and his clothes, says "Harper's Magazine," but broke his skin and his wheel.

These combined injuries made a breach in his placidity, and he picked up a stone and threw it with accurate aim at the colored man and brother. This infraction of the peace resulted in his arrest and in his conviction in the local court of justice.

"I fine you five dollars," said the judge. "Have you anything to say?"

"Nothing," replied D., unmollified, "except that I wish I had killed the fellow."

"That remark will cost you five dollars more," rejoined His Honor.

D.'s temper was not improved by this fresh dispensation of justice, wherefore the bitterness of his rejoinder was plainly apparent.

"Conversation seems to come high in this court," he observed.

"Five dollars for contempt," promptly responded the bench. "Have you anything more to say?"

"I think not," answered the defendant. "You have the advantage of me in repartee."

Payment of the fines closed the case.

Grandma Went Skating.

One day last winter a little boy who attended a Walnut Hills school, according to the Cincinnati "Enquirer," arrived in the schoolroom not only half an hour late, but very dirty.

"Willie," said the teacher, "why are you late, and why is your face not washed?"

"Please," explained Willie, "my grandmother was out skatin' last night, and she was too tired to get up this morning and get me ready for school."

So absurd an excuse naturally excited the teacher's wrath, and she started an investigation, threatening punishment for Willie's supposed untruthfulness.

To her amazement she found that the boy had told the exact truth. The old lady, who had been an expert skater in her youth, had been tempted to join a skating party. The result was that she felt the next morning, as the boy expressed it, as if her bones were "cracking like a horse-fiddle," and it took the services of three neighbors to pry her out of bed.

A Street Scene.

Child—Oh, mother, stop; I want to look at that man just run over by the car. "Come along, do! There will be another presently a little further on."—"Life."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written "I have went home."

Dooley on Country Life.

"I WANST spint a night in th' counthry, Hinnissy. 'Twas whin Hogan had his villa out near th' river. 'Twas called a villa to distinguish it fr'm a house. If 'twas a little bigger, 'twud be big enough f'r th' hens, an' if 'twas a little smaller, 'twud be small enough f'r a dog. It looked as if 'twas made with a scroll saw, but Hogan manyfacthered it himsilf out iv a design in th' pa-aper. 'How to make a counthry home on wan thousan' dollars. Puzzle: find th' money.' Hogan kidnapped me wan afthernoon an' took me out there in time to go to bed. He boosted me up a laddher into me bedroom adjinin' th' roof. 'I hope,' says I, 'I'm not discommodin' th' pigeons,' I says. 'There ain't anny pigeons here,' says he. 'What's that?' says I. 'That's a mosquito,' says he. 'I thought ye didn't have anny here,' says I. 'Tis th' first wan I've seen,' says he, whackin' himsilf on th' back iv th' neck. 'I got ye that time, assassin,' he says, hurlin' th' remains to th' ground. 'They on'y come,' he says, 'afther a heavy rain or a heavy dhry spell,' he says, 'or whin they's a little rain,' he says, 'followed be some dhryness,' he says. 'Ye mustn't mind thim,' he says. 'A mosquito on'y lives f'r a day,' he says. 'Tis a short life an' a merry wan,' says I. 'Do they die iv indigistion?' I says. So he fell down through th' thrap-dure an' left me alone.

"Well, I said me prayers an' got into bed an' lay there, thinkin' iv me past life, an' wondherin' if th' house was on fire. 'Twas warrum, Hinnissy. I'll not deny it. Th' roof was near enough to me that I cud smell th' shingles, an' th' sun had been rollin' on it all day long, an' though it had gone away, it'd left a ray or two to keep th' place. But I'm a survivor iv th' gr-reat fire, an' I often go down to th' rollin'-mills, an' besides, mind ye, I'm iv that turn iv mind that whin 'tis hot I say 'tis hot, an' lave it go at that. So I whispers to mesilf, 'I'll dhrop off,' I says, 'into a peaceful slumber,' I says, 'like th' healthy plough-boy that I am,' says I. An' I counted as far as I knew how, an' conducted a flock iv sheep in a steeplechase, an' I'd just begun f'r to wondher how th' las' thing I thought iv came into me head, whin a dog started to howl in th' yard. They was a frind iv this dog in th' nex' house that answered him, an' they had a long chat. Some other dogs butted in to be companyable. I heerd Hogan rollin' in bed, an' thin I heerd him goin' out to get a dhrink iv wather. He thripped over a chair befure he lighted a match to look at th' clock. It seemed like an hour befure he got back to bed. Be this time th' dogs was tired, an' I was thinkin' I'd take a nap, whin a bunch iv crickets under me windows begun f'r to discoorse. I've heard iv th' crickets on th' hearth, Hinnissy, an' I used to think they were all th' money, but anny time they get on me hearth I buy me a pound iv insect powdher. I'd rather have a planola on th' hearth anny day, an' Gawd save me fr'm that! An' so 'twas dogs an' mosquitoes, an' crickets an' mosquitoes, an' a screech-owl an' mosquitoes, an' a whippoorwill an' mosquitoes, an' cocks beginnin' to crow at two in th' mornin', an' mosquitoes, so that whin th' sun bounced up an' punched me in th' eye at four, I knew what th' truth is—that th' counthry is th' noisiest place in th' wurruld. Mind ye, there's a roar in th' city, but in th' counthry th' noises beats on ye'er ear like carpet-tacks bein' dhriven into th' dhrum. Between th' chirp iv a cricket an' th' chirp iv th' hammer at th' mills, I'll take th' hammer. I can go to sleep in a boiler-shop, but I spint th' rest iv that night in Hogan's, settin' in th' bath-tub.

"I saw him in th' mornin' at breakfast. We had canned peaches an' condensed milk. 'Ye have ye'er valise,' says he. 'Aren't ye goin' to stay out?' 'I am not,' says I. 'Whin th' first rattler goes by ye'll see me on th' platform feelin' th' peace an' quiet iv th' counthry, f'r th' turmoil an' heat,' I says, 'an' food iv a gr-reat city,' I says. 'Stay on th' farm,' says I. 'Commune,' I says, 'with nature,' I says. 'Enjoy,' I says, 'th' simple, rustic life iv th' merry farmer-boy that goes whistlin' to his wurruk before breakfast,' says I. 'But I must go back,' I says, 'to th' city,' I says, 'where there is nawthin' to eat but what ye want, an' nawthin' to dhrink but what ye can buy,' I says. 'Where th' dust is laid be th' sprinklin'-cart, where th' iceman comes reg'lar, an' th' roof garden is in bloom, an' ye're waked not be th' sun, but be th' milkman,' I says. 'I want to be near a doctor whin I'm sick, an' eat eatable food whin I'm hungry, an' where I can put me hand out early in th' mornin' an' hook in a newspaper,' says I. 'Th' city,' says I, 'is th' on'y summer resort f'r a man that has iver lived in th' city,' I says. An' so I come in."

My Love.

I love the blue and sunny sky,
And every blue bird that doth fly
Among the whisp'ring greenwood trees
Breathing forth soft ecstasies.

I love the sunny, golden beams
That dance and play o'er silvery streams;
I love the silent stars that shine,
Shedding an influence divine.

I love each broad, expansive field
That doth a golden harvest yield;
I love the clinging, clustered vine
That yields the rich and purple wine.

I love the music of the rills
That ripple down the rocky hills;
I love the violet where it grows,
In wastes that shield the wild, red rose.

I love to hear when I'm alone
The wild winds deeply sigh and moan,
And feel the ocean's great heart beat,
While white-capped waves their plaint
repeat.

—Minnie Louise Thomas.

The Deacon's Exhortation.

A white minister was conducting religious services in a colored church in North Carolina recently. After exhorting a bit, he asked an old colored deacon to lead in prayer, and, according to the Roanoke "News," this is the appeal which the brother in black offered for his brother in white: "O Lord, gib him de eye ob de eagle dat he spy out sin afar off. Glue his hands to de gospel plow. Tie his tongue to de line ob truth. Nail his ear to de gospel pole. Bow his head way down between his knees, and his knees way down in some lonesome, dark and narrer valley, where prayer is much wanted to be made. 'Noint him wid de kerosene ile of salvashun and set him on fire."

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State where a man "never goes back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people came from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

HEADACHE

Is only one form of the suffering resulting from a diseased condition of the sensitive womanly organism. The only way to cure the headache is to cure the diseases which cause it.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of curing thousands of women of headache, backache, female weakness and other forms of disease peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures bearing-down pains.

"I think if it were not for your 'Favorite Prescription' I would have been in my grave," writes Mrs. Nicola H. Gardner, of [illegible], Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "I had pain all over me and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I thought I would write to Dr. Pierce. In a few days I received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no headache, no pain at all. I used always to have headaches previous to the monthly period, and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. This sometimes would occur every two weeks, and I would be very weak afterward. I was in pain all over. My feet would slip from under me when I would try to go across the room, and I could not walk any distance without being in pain. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Doctor Pierce's Pellets, and was completely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

London, March 10.—A despatch to The Times from Dublin says that some days ago a woman who had let her house to the Government for police barracks, died in the County of Tipperary. She had been rigidly boycotted after allowing the Government to use her house. After her death no person would dig a grave, and the work was done by police. No one attended the funeral except the woman's intimate friends and a few priests.

London, March 10.—A despatch from Vienna to The Times says there are indications of a disposition in Russia to adopt stringent measures to avert the Germanisation of the Western Russian Provinces, where trade and industry have passed almost completely into the hands of German merchants. The Moscow Viedomosti says the Germans are gradually effecting the peaceful conquest of the Russian provinces on the German-Austrian frontier.

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 266,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 209,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by R. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

The capital invested in electrical enterprises in the United States is estimated by "American Trade" at four billion dollars. We have the same authority for the assertion that these industries employ more than half a million persons. Almost half of the aggregate capital is represented by the electric railways, which, it would be safe to assume, employ a majority of the half-million persons. There were dismal predictions current ten or fifteen years ago of things that would befall certain classes of labor when electric cars came in; but the abolishment of the horse-car has probably thrown no one out of work—except the horse.

Like Tearing the Heart Strings.—"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured almost constant cutting and tearing pains about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart has worked a veritable miracle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—29

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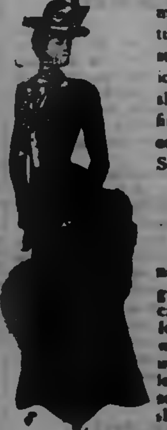
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GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Indian Supplies" will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, 14th April, 1902, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1903, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

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J. D. McLEAN,
Secretary.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 26th February, 1902.

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SANTAL-MIDY

[illegible]

Curious Bits of News.

Few persons know that an ordinary gas jet will consume as much oxygen as four human beings. It is, therefore, well to remember when sitting long in a gas-lighted room to occasionally open a door or a window for a few moments and bring in some fresh air.

"Roughly speaking, the world's consumption of sugar in the last fifteen years has doubled, while in Great Britain it has trebled per head in forty years," says the "Medical Times." "The English and Americans stand easily at the head of the list as the sugar-eating nations."

Adding to his already long list of horticultural triumphs, Luther Burbank of Santa Rosa has produced a prune without a pit, says the San Francisco "Bulletin." Years of experience, of hard, patient work on the part of the Santa Rosa wizard were required to perfect this latest marvel. The hybrid is understood to be a cross between a plum and a prune. The pit of the ordinary prune has been a great drawback to the popular consumption of the fruit. Burbank's creation has no pit, but a tiny seed that is edible and in no way requires removal.

"American promoters must take a back seat," says the "Railway Age," "while a French mining engineer outlines his project of a trans-Alaskan-Siberian railway about 4,000 miles long, besides immense steam ferries across Behring Sea, and capitalized at $300,000,000. Circle City, a charming winter resort in the Arctic regions, on the Yukon River, a couple of thousand miles or so from its mouth, is to be the southern terminus of the road, and Vladivostock, in Russia, will be the always convenient Asian end."

It is generally understood that journalism, especially "yellow journalism," is expensive, but most people probably do not realize how very expensive it is. Dr. Parkhurst and other reformers have talked about the desirability of establishing endowed newspapers, which should be independent of popular patronage. If a paper like the "Journal" were living on the interest of an endowment fund without any business income to balance its outgo, the fund would have to be over $100,000,000. The pay-rolls of the great New York newspapers run from $30,000 to $80,000 a week, and that is only part of their expenses.

A German judge cites a rather remarkable case of lese majeste, which, he says, may be called "unintentional information." A peasant woman who had seen the Kaiser's consort as a slender girl in Prein Kenau, gave blunt rustic expression to her astonishment as to how the figure looked after the birth of several children. Her outcry was mentioned in gossip at a village inn, when it struck the ear of a gendarme who happened to be present. This gendarme reported the matter. His superior prosecuted it, and the amazed and bewildered old woman was transported from her cottage to a cell.

Among the many uses to which the automobile is applied in military service is that of a new Austrian invention, called the Schweitzer Military Mill-Bakery Automobile. This will follow the regiments on the march and make fresh bread from the wheat obtained on the spot. There is mounted on an automobile car a mill with bolters and kneading-troughs, all run by the same motor which runs the automobile. The oven is drawn along in the rear. The bran obtained serves as food for the cavalry horses. By this method five thousand men can be fed daily. This mill-bakery can also render service in cases of large labor contracts which bring together numbers of workmen.

Australians have queer nicknames for different states and for one another. The Queenslanders are dubbed "banana-landers;" Western Australians, known as "sandgropers" or "gropers," now abbreviated into Westralians. The Westralians class the whole of the other states in one group, and call them "t'other siders," and the inhabitants "t'other siders." Tasmania, so much like England in climate and other characteristics, is usually regarded as a little behind the times, and referred to as "the land of lots o' time," "the land of sleep a lot," and so on. Tasmanians are called Tassies, also "jameaters," jam being one of the chief productions of the "tight little island."

"During the progress of the construction of the reservoirs for the enlargement of the London water-supply, a splendid specimen of an ancient ship," says the "Scientific American," "has been discovered in the bed of the old River Lea, the course of which has been diverted in order to permit the excavations. The vessel was found at a depth of seven feet below the surface. It is about 50 feet long and is constructed of oak throughout, with the exception of the keel, which is of elm. The ribs of the boat are secured to the sides by treenails, while the timbers are secured with crude and primitive, though well-made, iron nails. The floor-boards are also fastened together with nails and the calking is done with felt. Many antiquarians, who have examined the relic, think that it constitutes a part of the fleet with which King Alfred the Great fought against the Danes. Another curious dugout boat, estimated to be about 2,500 years old, was also unearthed and is to be deposited in the British Museum.

Unconditional Surrender.

The following advertisement appeared in a recent issue of a Chicago paper:

Wanted—A girl for general housework; union or non-union; any old kind; family of three adults and three children with nurse, and occupy small house at Sheridan Park, two blocks from N.W. Elevated; nice, large, airy room, with south-west breeze for girl; no washing or much of anything else to do; our girl quit yesterday because we invited some relatives to help us celebrate the Fourth; next Fourth, if the girl demands it, we will dispose our relatives and renounce our country; wages, five dollars.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

THE MYSTERY OF BHOTAN.

A Weird Tale From The East.

PHIL and I were going to India, that far-away land of which so much has been written. We had talked the matter over for many a year, and now our hopes were about to be realized, as in a few days we were to set sail for the enchanted realms of the Orient. Phil was a companionable fellow—fearless, yet withal gentle and lovable. His equal could not be found in a week's march.

The object in view in taking this long journey was to personally study the habits of that peculiar and ancient race—the Hindus—and to gather specimens of fauna and flora which we, as scientific men, so much desired to add to our respective fine collections already gathered together from different sections of our own America and Europe.

Our trip across the Atlantic was uneventful. We reached Calcutta in due time without mishap. We first sought out one of those necessities to travelers in a strange land, a guide. A couple of onagers or burros were also secured, and on the third day after our arrival we were ready to proceed inland. We laid our route to the northward, through the Bengali district, whence we would proceed to the mountains of the Himalaya range and spend most of our time in and around Bhotan.

We journeyed leisurely and found much that interested us. We had been fortunate in securing for our guide a native who was thoroughly acquainted with the territory through which we desired to go. He and Phil became fast friends.

We had a very successful trip without incident until we neared the borders of Bhotan, some three hundred miles distant from Calcutta. Here Poonjah confessed that he did not care to go further toward the north; said we could go to the east or to the west, or anywhere else, but not there. We coaxed, cajoled and entreated; but he stood firm. Finally, when pressed for his reasons for refusing to continue the trip into the territory which we had selected, he graphically portrayed to us by speech articulate and pantomimic that it was a land of evil spirits, and that the Bhotanese were sorcerers and in league with the demons of the air. If we insisted on going there we would take our lives in our own hands. Furthermore, he personally had been warned away from there several years ago, and was told that should he ever return anywhere within the borders of Bhotan his life would pay for his temerity; that he was a marked man, and though he should escape the watchful eyes of the people, he would still be in danger, for the spirits would seek him out and slay him.

The vivid portrayal of Poonjah's feelings and fears impressed us both deeply. But before us were the coveted prizes that this land held, and which we had come so far to secure. To retreat now before an imaginary foe was galling to our pride. We sympathized with our benighted guide, and we argued that he belonged to a superstitious race, and that if we could but prevail upon him to proceed with us all would be well, and we could later convince him of the folly of his fears.

As we were then in an interesting district we let the matter drop so far as Poonjah was concerned, but took it under advisement between ourselves for several days.

Our silence upon the subject had about convinced our faithful guide that we would not attempt to go further north, and he had in the meantime regained his usual happy demeanor and gentle composure.

One morning Phil suggested that we once more broach the subject to him. We could not then give up our further trip, and if our arguments with him should not prevail we would dismiss him to return to his own land, while we pushed on alone to the goal of our desires.

"Come here, Poonjah," said I, as he was passing near our tent. "We are about to take up our journey to the northward, with or without you, as you please. We have thoroughly discussed the situation, and while we deeply sympathize with you in your dread of this land, we cannot forego our trip in consequence of it. If you are afraid to continue we will go on alone, and you may receive your wage without us."

I had unwittingly struck the keynote to his pride. He listened to me in silence. When I had finished speaking he straightened up his lithe form, and in measured tones said:

"A Hindu is not a coward. Poonjah knows no fear for himself. He can but die. It is for you that he has feared and has dared to rebel. But as you are determined to go, Poonjah is but your slave and will go with you. May Buddha save you from all harm."

With a gracious salaam he quitted our presence.

This matter being settled, we set about preparing to take up our line of march, our destination being Tassgong, the principal village of Bhotan, where we hoped to be hospitably received by the natives.

At break of day the following morning we were astir. Poonjah had our burros ready, and not a line of fear or hesitation was visible upon his mobile countenance. In fact, he appeared more voluble and cheerful than usual, and he and Phil became more attached than ever.

Two days later we were upon the lofty table-land separating British India from Bhotan, and by another day we hoped to be in the latter country—the reputed land of evil spirits.

I must confess to a feeling akin to superstitious dread as the night closed around us, and for the first time my thoughts reverted seriously to the many rumors which I had heard and tales that I had read respecting the people with which we were to sojourn during the next few weeks.

"A fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind." I could now more fully feel for Poonjah. He had been reared and educated in a land of darkness, superstition and occult mysteries. My training had been altogether in a different atmosphere, where superstition had no habitat, and wherein it would have been an evidence of ignorance and cowardice to have betrayed a semblance of dread of the supernatural. Yet here I found myself upon this borderland actually imbibing the fears of our benighted guide.

I mentioned not a word to either Phil or Poonjah that would betray to them my sensations; neither did I discover in either of the twain aught that would lead me to believe that they were at all worried over the prospect.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

That night I slept the sleep of the just, and it was broad daylight when I awoke. Poonjah and Phil had been astir long before me, and breakfast was already prepared.

I had become much attached to our Hindu guide; but between him and Phil a friendship had sprung up that was more than ordinary. The two were almost inseparable.

As I emerged from the tent I noticed them in animated conversation, which ended in a warm embrace as they saw me approaching. Phil afterward told me that his friend still had misgivings about the safety of the party, and they had mutually pledged eternal fealty come what would, but did not want to worry me about it.

We were on a peaceful errand and hoped it would have a peaceful ending, and if we should find the natives to be warlike or resentful at our approach we would try to win them over by kindness and a liberal distribution of small treasures among the chiefs.

Two days more and we had reached Tassgong. We were not molested on our way thither, but were eyed with much curiosity by all. We repaired first to the chief of the village and through our guide told him what we desired. We gave him several pieces of silver and gold, and we were taken into His Majesty's good graces at once. He tendered us the use of one of his bungalows, which was dry and comfortable, and, thanking him for his courtesy and generosity, we were shown to the place.

It was one of the typical bungalows of that section, only larger, and contained three rooms, with flooring and matting. It was elevated like others, as a protection against creeping and crawling things abounding in that country. It furthermore possessed doors, which could not be said of all structures used as habitations in Tassgong.

The chief gave orders among his people that we be not molested, and tendered us the freedom of the place.

We were all very weary and sought rest at an early hour that night. A large bed, well supplied with skins of wild beasts abounding in that region, lured us quickly to sleep. Phil and I occupied this bed, and Poonjah a smaller one in an adjoining room or alcove.

It seemed to me as though I had just closed my eyes in slumber when I awoke with a start, and instinctively felt the presence of another person in our room. The room was dark—very dark. I was spellbound. I could neither move nor speak. There was something or somebody moving stealthily along in front of our bed. A clamminess came over me that chilled me to the heart. I essayed to move or speak, but my limbs remained rigid and my tongue clove to the roof of my mouth. It was a sensation impossible for me to describe. An uncanny chilliness pervaded the room. The thing moved with a rustling sound that was bloodcurdling. I waited for a denouement which I felt must soon come. Whatever or whoever it was, it quickly withdrew, and I breathed freer. It had made the circuit of the room two or three times as though in search of something. When it finally departed it apparently vanished through the floor, for no door was open to allow of exit that way.

For a few moments I remained in a horrified state, but soon felt the return of my faculties and was about to waken my companion and tell him of my experience, when I felt him move, and, rising upon his elbow, he almost yelled:

"Professor, did you hear that?"

"Hear what?" I ejaculated, sleepily, as though just aroused from slumber and annoyed at being disturbed.

"There has been someone in this room, and now he has gone!"

"Nonsense!" I rejoined. "You are afraid of spirits and have had a bad dream. Lie down and go to sleep again."

But he would not have it so, and insisted that he had been fully awake. He then went on to relate in detail just what he had heard, and it agreed exactly with my experiences. We arose at once and lighted a taper, and began an exploration of the place. Not hearing a word from where Poonjah lay, we went there first. He was awake—his face distorted with agony. When at length our presence had somewhat reassured him, he repeated to us the same unearthly tale.

We searched the three rooms of the bungalow. There was no hole large enough for even a cat to crawl through. The doors were securely fastened as we had left them on retiring. Referring to our watches, we found that it was just past midnight.

Outside all was deathly still except for the distant laugh of a hyena or the howl of a jackal.

There was no more sleep for any of us the balance of the night, and we heartily welcomed the first glimmer of dawn.

We said nothing to anyone in the village about our experiences. We even dreaded to speak of them among ourselves.

We spent several days following with great profit and pleasure to ourselves. The venerable chief and his tribesmen were exceedingly friendly, and aided us greatly. Our fears had been by this time allayed, and we had attributed our unpleasant experience of the first night to overwrought imagination and the fatigue of a long tramp the day previous.

However, we never relaxed vigilance, and loaded pistols were kept under our pillows while we slept, we more than half believing that our nocturnal visitor might come again and prove himself to be real flesh and blood, in which case we would be able to successfully cope with the fellow.

But our troubles were not destined to end so happily as we had hoped. One night I was again awakened as suddenly as on the previous occasion, and there was no mistake about what I heard. There was that same dreadful, indescribable presence in the room. Strive as I might to move, I could not. It was as though I had been chained to the spot by the links of Prometheus. Phil was perfectly quiet, and silence reigned except for the beating of my heart and the swish, swish of garments as though trailed along. The [illegible] out in great [illegible] the bed. I [illegible] chill and terrible breath upon my cheek, and how I survived the ordeal and retained sanity I know not. When the Thing at last left us, it, as before, apparently disappeared through the floor.

Phil had heard it and was ready to assist again in the search. The hour was midnight. Poonjah, his eyes nearly bulging from their sockets, welcomed our presence and accompanied us in our search. But it was vain. No clue had been left behind, and we were more mystified than ever.

We could not bring ourselves to desert the bungalow while working in that district, and we were not yet through there. Besides, we could offer to the chief no reason for rejecting his hospitality while still remaining in his country. But we determined to leave just as soon as we could decently do so.

We remained there for two more weeks without further adventure worth speaking of, and had packed up our belongings, prepared to start on our southward journey the next morning.

Phil and Poonjah were in ecstasies. We had had a most successful trip, and we were returning freighted with precious treasures—some of them priceless. The chief was to give us safe conduct to the border, and we had much to be thankful for.

It was late that night when we retired, and we were not long awake after reaching our beds. It is a sleepy, drowsy climate, and we were never troubled with insomnia while there.

The bed which was occupied by Phil and me was placed against the inside partition and elevated some two feet from the floor. I usually slept on the front side of the bed, and did so in this instance.

My mind is perfectly clear as to my exact position. I went to sleep lying upon my right side, facing the room. When I awoke, shortly after, I was still in the same position. All my senses were alert. I felt that same horrible and gruesome presence again! It was near our bed and advancing toward us. On, on, nearer and nearer, slowly, like a cat upon its prey!

An unutterable sensation crept through my veins. I felt that something terrible was impending. What it could be I had not the slightest conception.

I would have given all my precious treasures could I at that moment have spoken or even moved. But my voice and limbs refused their offices, and I lay there as helpless as a child.

The strain was terrible. Had there been a visible enemy with whom to do battle it would have been different. But here in a strange land, said to be infested with evil spirits, and in the midst of a night whose darkness could be fairly felt, I was face to face with some intangible Thing that was advancing upon me unseen!

When finally it reached the bedside it leaned forward, touching my left side, which was uppermost.

Suddenly it drew back slightly, and then, with a lunge forward, it appeared to strike a mighty blow at my sleeping companion.

With this movement came release for me, for I was no longer bound.

Simultaneously with this blow Poonjah cried out in apparent agony:

"Buddha! Phil! Buddha!" and he was then silent.

Phil rose up in the bed, screaming:

"My God, it has struck me!" and with a peculiar gurgle, as though being strangled, he fell back upon his pillow and uttered not another sound.

Quick as a flash I now rose up in the bed, only to come in contact with a form that appeared like a man's. I grappled with it, all fear having fled. I felt the strength of a Samson in my sinews. It was as real to me then as though I could see the intruder. Only one thought pervaded my mind—to capture this thing or die in the attempt.

My arms closed around it as firmly as would the coils of a python, and with a power born of desperation I brought them closer and closer, tighter and tighter. I could feel it in my grasp struggling to free itself, but it might as well have fought against the embrace of an octopus! I was getting the better of my unknown antagonist. My arms came together relentlessly, and before I could utter a word they cleaved the object in twain and came together, when I found in my arms—nothing!

I jumped from the bed more dead than alive. I cried aloud to Phil in my terror, and then to Poonjah. But no response came from either.

I struck a light as quickly as my nervelous condition would allow and looked around me. One glance at the spot where Phil lay told a tragic story. His features were distorted and livid, and it did not require a second look to convince me that he was dead.

I reached over and tenderly touched the tortured face, but there was no response. The vital spark had fled.

With a cry of despair I rushed to where our guide had slept, half-fearing that in some way he might have been responsible for this terrible and mysterious tragedy. But I had wronged the poor fellow. He, too, was beyond the power of man, and lay on his cot in his last, long sleep.

I looked at my watch, and it was just past midnight. I examined the bungalow carefully, but found all secure.

I now opened one of the doors. Outside the air seemed oppressive. My brain reeled, and I fell to the ground in merciful unconsciousness.

* * * * * *

There are two lonely graves upon the hillside near Tassgong. A slab stands at the head of each. One was marked by me in English simply "Phil," the other, "Poonjah." But after my departure (which fact I learned from the missionary who had given them Christian burial) a cabalistic inscription was placed on each by some person unknown, which translated signifies, "The spirits are avenged!"

The Old Man's Occupation.

The old man of the following story lived, presumably, in England, since we copy his words from an English journal, but we are not quite sure that his counterpart might not be found on this side of the water.

"It's a queer world when you come to look it over," said the old man. "You know I eddicated Jim for a lawyer."

"Yes."

"An' Bill for a preacher."

"Exactly."

"An' Tom for one of them literary fellers."

"Yes."

"An' Dick for a doctor."

"Yes."

"Well, now, what do you reckon I'm a-doin' of?"

"Can't say."

"Well, sir, you might not believe it, but I'm a-supportin' of Jim an' Bill an' Tom an' Dick, an' it keeps me a-goin' from daylight to dark."

Weary's Objection.

Willie Wentworth—I'm glad I ain't got no relations.

Weary Waddleton—Me, too; I couldn't tell whedder dey lov'd me or wuz after me money.

[illegible]

Some Hints For the Bride to Be.

NOW that the season of summer weddings is over, brides all over the country have leisure in which to contemplate. Among their many contemplations are those which pertain to the acknowledgment of wedding gifts. To acknowledge the receipt of one hundred and fifty presents, to thank the donor of each in a way that carries proof of life-long gratitude with it, and to find one hundred and fifty different styles of expressing the same sentiment can not be classed with the easy tasks of earth. Unless she was party to an elopement, no bride ever lived in modern times who did not experience during the last quarter of her honeymoon the difficulties of polite correspondence. Those who were married last June have passed through the trying ordeal, but by those of next June, or next October, a few suggestions of timely character will doubtless be appreciated.

Although at the outset it appears difficult, the job of acknowledging wedding gifts is really one of the simplest known. It does not require even ingenuity or originality, all that is indispensable being a box of note-paper, a pen and a bottle of ink. When the young bride sits down to contemplate her array of presents, her first perplexing thought is what she shall say to the donor of each. Nothing easier! Uncle Peter, for instance, has sent a heavily upholstered chair with a spring rocker. What could be more fitting than this as a reply to Uncle Peter?

My Darling Uncle:—

I can not thank you half enough for your beautiful chair. It was awfully like you, so soft and easy. Every time we sit in it—Charley and I—we think of you. You must come around soon and sit in it yourself.

Your loving niece, Clara.

P.S.—Charley and I had a perfectly lovely trip. It didn't rain a day while we were away.

That, dear girls, is the idea in crude shape. Your feminine tact can doubtless improve the quality of expression. The principle, however, will soon become apparent to you. No matter what the gift is, always effusively invite the giver to come around and try it. "Dear Kate, drop in any time and have a sip from your darling tea-cups." "Dear Aunt Carrie, be sure and stop whenever you are out this way and let us pour you a drink from your charming decanter." "Dear Cousin Tom, your cuckoo clock is a dream; don't forget to set your watch by it whenever you're in our neighborhood." And so forth. No trouble. Sips from tea-cups and vinegar cruets; seats in chairs and divans; catnaps on lounges at all hours and food from forks. If a rich uncle gives you a house tell him to come down and live in it whenever he feels like it. Follow this plan and rest easily. Your temper will keep sweet and no one outside will be offended.

Carrying the idea a step further, it will remain for some enterprising bride-to-be to send out supplementary notes with all her wedding invitations. Well known is it that the gift feature of a modern ceremony is far from being perfect. Duplicates continue to come in, despite the most judicious hints thrown out beforehand by the bride-to-be and her near relatives. Finally, when seven water-bottles and six ice-cream sets arrive in one day, the limit is reached and the pretty-soon-bride realizes it. Still, what can she do? It is too late to remedy the matter, so the duplicates hold the fort.

With what ease, however, could such annoyances be averted by the adoption of the Surprise Party system; the method which incloses with each invitation a request to please furnish cake or to please bring lemonade. Applied to a wedding, this method would work like a charm. Duplicates among the presents would be impossible, and a bride would find her new home well-nigh furnished with gifts, if proper discrimination was observed and enough cards sent out. Uncle Paul, who cornered the market once, should be asked to please furnish a set of bronzes. He can afford them, and the note relieves him of the necessity of thinking. Consideration, of course, should always be observed, and the value of the present asked for should be measured by the pocket-book of the relative to whom the invitation is sent.

If next June's crop of brides, whether they belong to the blushing class or not, will adopt these well-meant suggestions, they will stave off many an attack of Americanitis.

Harry Hamilton in "Puck."

Baseball in France.

Now that baseball has been introduced officially in France the scenes we may expect to mark every game have been described as follows:

The Umpire—I say ze man is out-out-out! Now do you onnerstan?

Alphonse—Sare, you are no shentleman

Henri—Par-r-don me, but you are of ze canaille!

The Umpire—Accept ze assur-r-ance of my most r-r-respectful consider-r-ration, shentlemen, but you ar-r-e a pair of cr-r-r-azy monkeys!

Alphonse—Oh, did you hear zat, my poor fr-r-riend?

Henri—Alphonse, my brozzaire, he has insulted you

The Umpire—Oh, go and sit on ze bench and let ze game pr-r-roceed.

Alphonse—You will hear fr-r-rom me!

Henri—You will hear fr-r-rom us!

The Umpire—Certainly, sares. I will geeve you satisfactione whenever you weesh. Only you must put eet off for a least tree weeks—I haf so many emmaire duels of ze same sort zat all my time is taken up day an' night. Is it agreed? Tray bong, messieurs.

They all bow extravagantly, and Alphonse and Henri kiss each other on the cheek as they retire to the bench. The game then proceeds.

Katie and Willie are twins, aged five. During a recent visit to their grandparents, who live in the country and keep chickens, the twins were emotioned in their strife to see which could find the most eggs, never to take away the nest eggs. One morning Katie reached a nest first, and, seizing the forbidden egg, started for the house. Willie hurried after her, shouting: "Grandma! Grandma! Katie's got the egg the old hen measures by."

Lincoln knew of an educational advertisement which read: "Smith and Huggs, Classical School for boys and girls. Smith teaches the boys and Huggs the girls."—"Schoolmaster."

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Clubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you [illegible]—Yonkers Statesman.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay." is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen. If he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.

[illegible] BLOCK.

DETROIT. MICH.

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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

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10 King St. West TORONTO

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25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co

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the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your

"Line's Busy."

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The Bell Telephone Co'y OF CANADA, LTD

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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MorningTimes
PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 12, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a suitable nature for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Subscribe for The Times.

—The water in the creek is subsiding.

—The Court of Revision met last night.

—The Water Commissioners met yesterday afternoon.

—The rain yesterday nearly finished the snow.

—Forepaugh's big circus will appear in Peterborough this year.

—The Market Committee will meet this evening.

—The Charity Board met and passed a number of accounts.

—The ice on the lakes continues to be strong and safe enough for travel.

—The Fire, Water and Light Committee met last night, and transacted routine business.

—The brickwork on the Cereal Company's buildings is approaching completion.

—There was a case of assault up at the Police Court yesterday, but the complainant did not appear, and the case was dismissed.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 158 Hunter street.

—The remains of the late Mr. Thomas Brown were interred in the Little Lake Cemetery yesterday afternoon, a large number attending the funeral. The Veterans' Association and L.O.L. No. 89, of which the deceased was an honored member, turned out in a body.

—Quite a mild sensation was created a couple of Sundays ago, when a well known and elderly citizen took off his overcoat in church. He found he had on his dressing gown, which, absentmindedly, he had forgotten to change for his dress coat before leaving home.

—Two Lakefield men will appear before Police Magistrate Edmison to-day charged with obtaining money under false pretences. It appears that the two accused men at the time Dr. Blanchard went to South Africa a few months ago, obtained by subscription about $16, alleging that it was for a purse to that gentleman. He never received the money, so it is said, and the promoters of the scheme will give an account of their transactions with the public.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

BAND CONCERT
OPERA HOUSE

Friday next, March 14th.

Admission to all parts of the hall, 10c. Children half price. Specialties—Mr. Halpany, in up-to-date Comic Songs. Mr. Hughes, Cornet Solo. Dancing—Highland Fling, etc.

Peterboro Poultry Association

A meeting of the Board of Directors has been called for on Thursday evening at the Council Chamber at 7.30 o'clock. All members, and every one in sympathy with the work, is cordially invited to be present. Important business will be taken up.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt preached in Omemee last night.

—Miss Moloney, trained nurse, left yesterday to take charge of a case in Omemee.

—Mrs. J. B. Ormond, of Ottawa, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. R. Stratton for the last few weeks, returned home yesterday.

—The many friends of Mr. T. M. D. Croly, who underwent an operation for cancer of the stomach in New York will be pleased to learn that he is doing well, and hopes to be home in a short time.

—Mr. H. G. Luke, of the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Navigation Co., and the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Co., is in town, and gave The Times a call. Mr. Luke is looking after the summer excursion business for his companies.

A New Terrace

Mr. John Carlisle, with his usual enterprise, has purchased from the Bradburn estate a lot of land on the corner of Stewart and Macdonald streets, and is preparing to erect a block of eight houses. The building will be two storeys in height, and are intended for mechanics.

Got Lame Back?

No need of that now. That sort of pain can be knocked out in short order, for Polson's Nerviline, which is five times stronger than any other, penetrates at once through the tissues, reaches the source of suffering, drives it out and thus gives relief almost instantly. Not magic, but strength that gives Polson's Nerviline this power, you will think it magic, however, if you try it, pain goes so quickly. Sold by dealers everywhere, in large 25 cent bottles.

Death at St. Joseph's

Mr. John Fitzpatrick, of Asphodel father of Rev. Father Fitzpatrick, of Ennismore, passed away at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday afternoon, about three o'clock.

STRUCK BY A SNOW PLOW

A Grand Trunk Passenger Injured at Blackwater Station

Lindsay Post. Mr. Geo. Murphy, Bethany, who has been visiting friends at Blackwater, was in town to-day passing through to his home in Peterborough. While at Blackwater Mr. Murphy was the victim of an accident. While crossing the G. T. R. track at the station there last Thursday to shake hands with Conductor Pinket, an old friend, he was knocked down by a snow plow. Fortunately he was thrown off the track and he thus escaped being run over. When picked up it was discovered that his head was badly cut and shoulder bruised. He was taken to Sunderland, where medical aid was summoned. Mr. Murphy is feeling very sore, but expects to be all right in a few weeks.

Machinists May Strike

Chicago, Ill., March 12—At a mass meeting to be held in Association Hall to-night it is expected that definite arrangements will be made for a general strike of machinists when the present working agreement expires, May 20, unless better terms are granted by the employers. The demands of the men call for a nine hour day with a minimum wage scale of 32 cents an hour in all machine shops, and an eight-hour day with a minimum wage scale of 45 cents an hour for all machinists employed outside the shops.

NO FAKES AT THIS FAIR

South Ontario and West Durham (Will Cut Out Special Attractions

The South Ontario and West Durham Fair Board, which met in Whitby yesterday, took a radical move by deciding to do away with all special attractions. Educational features will henceforth, be emphasized, and as an instance also will be awarded in prizes to the various school sections for collections of cut flowers, grasses, etc. The meeting also decided to ask the Agriculture Department for expert judges live stock, grains, fruits, and so on, and also to give informal lectures on their reasons for making the awards.

Mr. G. C. Creelman, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, said that this was the first fair board which has followed the recommendations of the department, but he believes that there is a pronounced movement in this direction throughout the Province.

WIFE'S INGENUITY

Saves Her Husband

The author of the "Degeneration of Dorothy," Mr. Franklin Kinsella, 220 W. 25th street, New York City, was the victim of a little ty-play—but he can best tell the story himself. "I must confess that I have been the victim of an innocent deception which turned out all for the best, however.

I had been resting under the belief, for some years, that coffee served as a lubricant to my cerebral convolutions, in other words, 'made the wheels go round,' and I had an idea that I could not work without it as a stimulant.

I soon paid the penalty in nervousness, loss of flesh, insomnia and restlessness, none of which troubles would yield to any or all medicines. I finally got in rather a bad way, and my wife took a hand in the affair all unknown to me. She purchased a package of Postum Coffee and gave me one half Postum and one half coffee. In a little time she had me down to clear Postum, and I was none the wiser.

I noticed that I was getting better, my nerves were steadier, and I began to gain flesh and sleep nights. My work was performed far better than in my old condition.

Commenting upon my greatly improved health one morning I was told the truth. 'Tis to laugh,' so I submitted gracefully and joined the Postum ranks.

Experience teaches that boiling is one-half the game. When the directions are carried out the result will be as fine a cup of rich, fragrant coffee as ever delighted the senses without mixing the marrow."

THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Staples, of Cavan Honored by Their Children and Friends

On the evening of March 6th a very pleasing event took place at "Elm Grove, the commodious home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Staples, of Cavan township, the occasion being the celebration of their golden wedding. Their children and grandchildren and other friends to the number of forty or more assembled to convey congratulations to them on the attainment of the jubilee of their married life, and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all present. At the close of a sumptuous supper Mr. Henry Staples, Councillor of Cavan township, and eldest surviving son of the honored couple on behalf of their sons and daughters read the following address and presented Mr. and Mrs. Staples with a purse of gold:

Dear and Honored Parents, — We have met to-night to celebrate an event interesting to us and we trust also to you, the fiftieth anniversary of your wedding day. As members of your family we desire to offer our congratulations to you and our sincere gratitude to God that His Providence has spared you through a long and prosperous life to see this day. You have reached a spot in life's journey attained by few, the golden milestone of a Christian journey. Especially we wish to thank you for the example you have set before us of upright living, and that through the dangers and temptations of childhood you have guided us with loving hands, and we have enjoyed the blessings of a Christian home. If we have been kept from evil courses we owe it in large measure under God's blessing to the Christian training and example of those early days. In your relation to the church and society you have nobly and cheerfully borne your part. Your home has been one of hospitality and in these things also you have set us an example which we well may follow. We thank you for your patience and forbearance and for all the sacrifices you have made for us in the years that are past and we pray that your lives may be long spared to us as a light and joy. Please accept this small token of our love and esteem and may we meet as an unbroken family in the "Home beyond the tide."

Though visibly affected Mr. Staples made a most felicitous reply, after which congratulatory speeches were made by Rev. Jos. Kilgour, of Peterborough, Rev. H. V. Mounteer, pastor of the family, and Mr. W. H. Lowes, who was best man at the wedding fifty years ago. A pleasing feature of the occasion was the administration of the ordinance of Christian baptism to three infant granddaughters of the honored couple, the eldest of whom was but 7 months of age. Mr. and Mrs. Staples, who have been life long Methodists, are in the enjoyment of the best of health and being surrounded with every comfort they bid fair to realize the wish of their hosts of friends, that they may be spared for many years to enjoy the blessings which a kind Providence has given them and to serve the church and the community.

The entire family was represented with the exception of Miss Florence R. Purser and Miss Elsie Staples.

SCHOOL GIRLS KNOW ITS WORTH

Paine's Celery Compound

Gives Them Energy, Snap and Full of Life

IT ENABLES THEM TO ATTAIN THE BLESSINGS AND VIGOR OF TRUE WOMANHOOD

Women and girls in every station of life who have used Paine's Celery Compound know that it is a blessing that sick and rundown females cannot afford to be without.

Modjeska, the peerless queen of artistes voices the sentiments of thousands of women and girls who have tested the strength-making and life-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound when she says, "I have found Paine's Celery Compound the best of all remedies for the nervous exhaustion consequent upon the arduous work of my profession." Overworked women in the home, and weak, languid school girls have found in Paine's Celery Compound the health and vigor it so strongly guarantees.

Miss Nellie Gallagher, of Marbleton, Que., says, "Having used your excellent Paine's Celery Compound during the last term of school, I wish to proclaim to all the great benefits I derived from it. At the beginning of the term I was weak and languid, and having to be closely confined in school at my studies, I was not able to make satisfactory progress. Mamma got me to use Paine's Celery Compound, from which I greatly benefitted, and have not had a recurrence of troubles I formerly had. Mamma has great confidence in Paine's Celery Compound for she has used it herself and given it to my brothers and sisters. I highly recommend it to all young ladies at this special time in life when they suffer from loss of energy and strength."

AN IDEAL TRIP

To Toronto by C.P.R. and to St. Catharines and the Falls by Boat

Mr. H. G. Luke, representative of the Niagara, St Catharines and Toronto Railway and its connecting steamboat line from Toronto, is in town offering low rates to lodges and societies for excursions via C.P.R. to Toronto and the boats and electric line which he represents to St. Catharines and Niagara Falls. This Company carry nearly all the excursions between Toronto and Niagara Falls, and are prepared to handle any number of people, with their elegantly equipped boats and magnificent electric cars, which have no equal in Canada. It is to be hoped that the band or some other organization will take advantage of it, as it would no doubt prove a popular trip with the citizens.

The steamers leave Toronto four times daily, commencing at Port Dalhousie with the Railway, which runs through St. Catharines and the fruit district of the Niagara peninsula, with its unsurpassed scenery.

Mr. Luke also represents the famous sanatorium and hotel of St. Catharines, known as the "Welland". Many new features are being added to this establishment in the shape of roof, sun, parlor and promenade, large music hall, ladies and gentlemen's billiard rooms and gymnasiums. A trained staff of employees in charge of a physician and manager, look after the guests and prescribe the routine necessary for the rejuvenation of the body, in the shape of baths, massage, diet, rest and exercise. This institution is attracting much attention among the medical men of Canada.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

A Treat in Store

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—As a workingman, I am pleased to learn that J. Hampden Burnham, Esq. has consented to deliver a lecture on the "Workingmen of the Town of Peterborough," at an early date. I understand the gentleman had been induced to give his lecture at the solicitation of the Rector of St. John's church, whose interest in the welfare of the members of the local labor union is so disinterested and pronounced.

A subject of this kind in the hands of so advanced and liberal a thinker as Mr. Burnham—and who is so well acquainted with the wage-earners life and struggles—ought to be a treat to all of us.

The lecture should prove a great help to the working class on account of the large sympathies which Mr. Burnham is known to possess for them.

I know for a fact that Mr. Burnham did all he could to elect Mr. Ball and Mr. Belcher as Water Commissioners.

Might I ask the Review and Examiner to print this letter and oblige.

A WAGE EARNER.

ASHBURNHAM PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORT

Names are in order of merit. Parents will please sign the monthly reports and return them promptly.

Any person who knows of pupils who should be at school, and who are not attending will please give their names to any of the teachers, or to the Truant officer, Mr. Alex. Fitzgerald.

Senior Fourth Class, 870 marks — Clara Craig, honors, 749; Clara Adams, honors, 710; Bertha Curtis, honors, 709; Hattie Williams, honors, 708; Lizzie Heathorne, honors, 707; Martha Murray, honors, 690; Flossie Scott, honors, 687; Ethel Pakenham, honors, 656; Flo Noyes, honors, 682; Bella Brealey, honors, 672; Lillie McCubbin, honors, 666; Alfred White, honors, 655; Elsie Pollock, honors, 655; James Quinn, passed, 648; Elva Greenwood, passed, 644; Ethel Sawyer, passed, 614; Herbert Geale, passed, 609; George Butcher, passed, 604; Charlie Crane, passed, 603; Herbie Anderson, passed, 603; Jennie Gillespie, passed 572; Ada Straine, 519; Willie Swanston, 429; Muriel Scott, 418; Kathleen Long, 407; Ethel Quinn, 290; Annie Hunter, 202.

Junior Fourth Class, 870 marks — Violet Whittaker, 636; Florence Glover, passed, 610; May McCubbin, 573; Bruce Fisher, passed, 573; Evelena Gardiner, passed, 571; Maggie Anderson, passed, 541; Ruby Quartermaine, 510; Hazel Craig, 501; Annie Crocker, 493; Willie Butcher, 465; Tillie Graham, 454; Harry Fisher, 416; Guy Quartermaine, 419; Wallie Heathorne, 406; Eva Crane, 366.

Senior Third Class—Fred Wyatt, Dave Smith, George Cross.

Junior Third Class — Norman Geale, Mabel Hinds, Annie Hinds.

Senior Second Class — Hazel Greenwood, Ethel Clarke, Albert Whittaker.

Junior Second Class — Alva Kerman, Bertram Cross, George Evans.

Senior Part Second Class — Laura Hinds, Joe Graham and Johnny Markle, Robert Brotherson.

Junior Part Second Class —Verda Hinds, Retta Gaskins, Ormond Girven.

Senior Part First Class — Janet Bonick, Mary May, Eva Noyes.

Intermediate — Lula Greenwood, Cecil White, Willie Crocker.

Junior Part First Class — Eva McLean, Bertha Record, Ernest Parker.

WATER CONSUMERS.

Water consumers will please take notice that all water rates are payable in advance, and that all unpaid rates for the present quarter must be paid at once to the Collector at the Town Office, corner Simcoe and Water Streets.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary.

Like Tearing the Heart Strings.—"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured almost constant cutting and tearing pains about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart has worked a veritable miracle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—59

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST
PHRENOLOGIST
AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Street Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SETTLERS'
One-Way
EXCURSIONS

To Manitoba and Canadian North West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9.00 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

- Special Colonist Excursion Fares -

PETERBORO

To BILLINGS, MONTANA	$35 55
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER HELENA, BUTTE, PUEBLO, OGDEN and SALT LAKE CITY	$40 55
SPOKANE WASH.	$41 05
NORTH PACIFIC COAST and KOOTENAY POINTS	$43 55

SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
355 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY [illegible] month for 10 months will buy 1,00 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonanza Investment Co., 11 & 12 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. [illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich.

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INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO Hon. G. W. Allan, President.

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OF MUSIC
COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director.
The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Get Your Bike Ready

Now's the time to have your wheel cleaned and repaired before the spring rush begins. Bring your wheel in without delay while we have plenty of time to overhaul them. Charges moderate as usual. Compressed air, free at the door.

Jas. H. Metherel,
385 Hunter Street.

AGENTS—[illegible] London.

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 23 NO. 61 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MARCH 13 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

FRENCH ARE AMAZED AT THE AWFUL DISASTER

Times Correspondent Says Methuen Disaster Would Have Caused a crisis in France

A TENTH CONTINGENT FROM NEW ZEALAND.

Premier Seddon Suggests Contributions to Keep Up the Australian Strength in South Africa

London, March 12.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that, apart from admiration for the Boers, the uppermost feeling in France regarding the recent disaster is amazement at the attitude of the British. Frenchmen cannot understand how a command should have been left to a man who considers bravery the only quality the soldier requires. If a French general had been captured like Methuen, there would have been an uprising from one end of France to the other and possibly the Government would have been overthrown. In an editorial The Times says it is rather a curious thing that Methuen's reverse has for the first time called forth an expression of German official sympathy for Britain. "This appeal to domestic affections," says The Times, "might be a little bewildering, even overwhelming, did we not remember that Prince Henry has had various opportunities of learning that America, though quite pleased to have Germany's friendship and forget past unpleasantness, has no wish to enrich herself in that way at the expense of friendship for England."

GERMAN RELATIONS IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Paris, March 12.—A despatch from Berlin to the Paris edition of The Herald says the Disconto Gesellschaft Bank is asking the Government for protection against the Brazilian authorities, who are understood to be on the point of confiscating a railway which is already in the hands of a receiver favorable to Brazil. It is claimed that the German investors did not fulfil the stipulations of the concession, and this is sufficient to cause the repeal of the franchise.

The report is confirmed that German investors in the Venezuelan Railway are anxious to sell out. German investors in South America complain that the Government cannot offer sufficient protection to warrant them holding property. The operation of the Monroe Doctrine leaves the United States the only country able to manage properties and command justice in South American courts. It is believed that the representations made by Prince Henry and the courteous manner in which he has been received will result in a liberal policy on the part of the United States towards Germany, and that no objection will be made to Germany protecting her South American interests by the establishment of a naval station in the Caribbean Seas.

PATRIOTIC OFFER OF PREMIER SEDDON.

London, March 12.—A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, to The Times says that Premier Seddon guaranteed that New Zealand will subscribe her share on the basis of population towards strengthening the Australian force in South Africa. He suggests the establishment of a reserve force, ready to take the field upon requirement. Arrangements will be made for rapid mobilization of the tenth New Zealand regiment if its services are needed.

IRELAND MUST FIGHT SAYS SULLIVAN

Another Prominent Irish American Tail Twister Gets in his Work

A PLEA FOR AN ARMED REBELLION

A Resolution Passed Calling on Irishmen Everywhere to Fight England

Philadelphia, March 12.—At a public meeting in this city, held under the auspices of the Clan-Na-Gael, ex-Senator Sullivan, of New York, delivered the leading address. The ex-Senator arrived from New York late in the evening, accompanied by Attorney M. F. Callahan and John Devoy. He was escorted to the academy by the Seventh Regiment Irish Volunteers. Jas. F. McKeown presided and made an address, which was an announcement of the opinions of the Clan-Na-Gael members in Philadelphia in present conditions in Ireland.

"The time has gone by," he said, "when Ireland can hope to get anything from England, except by fighting for it. We may as well let the world know this and act up to our belief."

"The example of the Boers is an inspiration to us. England is in South Africa."

"May she never get out of it!" sang out a man in the audience.

"All she gets out of it up to the present is a few censored and unsatisfactory telegrams," replied the New Yorker. "England used to look on America with scorn," he said, "but she is now playing the sycophant. There are some so-called Americans who would help her in the hour of retribution, but if the dead of '76 could rise from their graves they would pronounce such Americans traitors."

The resolutions proposed by Attorney John Gibbs and unanimously adopted were in part as follows:

Resolved,—That we pledge to the people of Ireland our hearty support in their struggle for freedom; we accept the rejection of Gladstone's Home Rule Bill by the House of Lords and the recent emphatic declarations of Lords Salisbury and Rosebery, speaking, as they undoubtedly do, for the great majority of the English people, as England's final answer to Ireland's peaceful demands and as proof that all attempts at obtaining through peaceful means even a partial and inadequate form of local self-government are waste of effort, and that Ireland's only hope lies in preparing steadily and resolutely to use the opportunity which [illegible] to [illegible] in the next [illegible] England's difficulties abroad to establish an Irish Republic by armed force, as the thirteen colonies established the United States, and as we hope to see established the United States of South Africa.

The Executive Committee in charge consisted of James F. McKeown, William Cronin, William J. Tobin, William Carey, Dr. [illegible] McCahey, M. J. O'Brien, John O'Farrell, Frank McKernan, Harry Carney, William J. [illegible] and [illegible].

NUMBER OF BOER PLOTS DISCOVERED

Brocksma's Messenger was Imprisoned—Exposed His Master

HOUSE SUCCESSFULLY RAIDED

Seditious Pamphlets and Correspondence Were found—Pass officers Became suspicious of a Boy

London, March 12.—The Daily Chronicle contains a letter from Edgar Wallace, Johannesburg, telling of the discovery of certain Boer plotters. He says,—

"One of the most interesting stories I have heard is the story of how Brocksma was detected. Brocksma was known to have been bitterly anti-English, but he was not suspected of treachery. Some time before Brocksma's arrest, the kaffir boy of one of the men implicated, a well-known doctor of Johannesburg, applied to the pass officer for a permit to get outside the lines saying that his master wanted him to go on an errand. The pass officer, knowing the doctor, gave the boy the necessary permit, and then later, wondering whether the doctor really did want the boy to go or whether the boy had merely lied to get the pass, he resolved to call on the doctor and ascertain for himself. He called, and found the doctor at home. No, he had not told the boy to get the pass; in fact, he knew nothing about it. The pass officer asked to see the boy, and was taken into the kitchen. Questioned, the boy first denied that it was he who called, and then denied that he had said the permit was for his master's errand. Cautioned, he became first impertinent and then violent, and was promptly knocked down by the pass officer, after he had attempted to throw a pot of boiling rice at the officer's head. Assistance was procured, and the boy was arrested. At the police court the doctor tried to get the boy acquitted, but he was sent to prison for a month. The boy must have been some sort of an agent of Brocksma's on whose service he was probably bound when he procured the pass. This the doctor knew—he has since been deported—and it was this that made him so anxious to obtain the boy's release. You must not sell a kaffir or desert him in distress if he knows anything to your discredit; and while in jail the boy informed on Brocksma and his master, with the result that Brocksma's house was raided and his seditious pamphlets and correspondence found."

Creamery Men Meet.

Sioux Falls, March 13.—A district convention of creamerymen and buttermakers will be in session here today with L. N. Hunter of this city presiding. The purpose of the meeting is to exchange ideas with a view to improving the general conditions of the industry. Nearly 100 prominent creamerymen are in attendance and the meeting promises to have good results.

Poor Girl, Pity Her

Growing! Yes, into weakness; but not strength. Studies, plenty of them. Tired, of course she is, and weak, too. Does not eat enough, and digests far less than enough. This condition is so frequent, but how seldom noticed, even by fond parents. Give her Ferrozone, then watch her appetite improve, her cheeks and lips grow ruddy, her step elastic, her spirits buoyant. All this simply the result of eating and digesting enough, making blood, and thereby strengthening the nerve and brain power. Ferrozone gives a woman's [illegible] daughter [illegible]. Get it to-day.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE

Remarkable Attempt of Boer Prisoner to Escape From St. Helena

St. Helena, March 12.—A Boer officer, a prisoner on parole at Deadwood camp, St. Helena, made an extraordinary attempt recently to escape from captivity on board one of the Union Castle liners. He had himself inclosed in an innocent looking case addressed to a captain of the Fourth Gloucester regiment, and this was put on board the steamer.

That the ex-commandant allowed himself no elbowroom is evident from the fact that the case measured 4 feet 3 inches by 2 feet 4 inches. It was of three-quarter-inch deal.

After three days at sea the man was discovered, and was unpacked in a very thin and shaken condition, declaring that his experience had been worse than a sojourn in the nether regions. He turned out to be Commandant Smomberg, and on being brought before Colonel Evans said that he had intended if he had reached England undiscovered to get out of the case at night and make his escape to Holland.

Before his detection he had once left the box to stretch himself.

WILL FIGHT FOR FUR TRADE.

A Great and Powerful Rival of the Hudson's Bay Company in the Field.

Montreal, Que., March 12.—The Hudson Bay Company, whose sway, over thousands upon thousands of miles of prairie and forest in the Canadian Northwest for years has been undisputed, will meet with competition shortly, which promises to remind it of the days when the Great West Company fought it tooth and nail for supremacy in the fur trade. According to an apparently well-founded report a rival company, backed by English and Canadian capital, is arranging to send vessels down Hudson and James Bays, and establish many trading posts along the east plain and on the west coast, which is the stronghold of the Hudson Bay Company. Such a move would undoubtedly precipitate a life-and-death fight between the rival interests.

The Choir Entertainment.

The choir of the Murray street Baptist church were delightfully entertained on Tuesday night by Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Matthews, at their handsome residence on Park street. Needless to say every effort was made to provide a most enjoyable time for their guests, some of whom were initiated into the mysteries of ping pong for the first time. Music, games and, of course, refreshments, sped the hours all too quickly.

Meet to Further Missions.

Catersville, Ga., March 13.—Many delegates and visitors have arrived for the twelfth annual meeting of the Women's Home Missionary Society of the North Georgia Conference, which will be in session here during the remainder of the week. The gathering will be formally opened this evening with devotional services in charge of the Rev. Samuel P. Jones. There will be addresses of welcome by Col. F. M. Ford and others, to which response will be made for the visitors by Mrs. S. R. Belk. The business of the conference will be taken up to-morrow morning.

Big Winter Wheat Crop.

Omaha, Neb., March 13.—Reliable reports received here indicate that the winter wheat crop for Nebraska this year will be 38,000,000 or 47,000,000 bus. The acreage this winter is estimated at 1,800,000, which is about 25 per cent. greater than last year. An average yield of 20 bushels per acre would give a total crop of 36,000,000. If the season is as favorable from this time on as it was last year the crop will reach 47,000,000 bushels, which closely approximates the total yield of winter and spring wheat last year.

Celebrity Banquet at U. of M.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 13.—The second annual celebrity banquet and ball given by the stockholders and directors of the University of Michigan Daily News takes place to-night, and it promises to be the most notable event of the college year. The affair will be limited to all notables in the various branches of university activity and the press. The guests will include the presidents of the different senior classes, the members of the student Board of Control, President Potter of the Athletic Board, and the managers, captains and champions of the various athletic teams.

Seventh Cable Chess Match.

New York, March 13.—Arrangements have been completed for the seventh annual chess match by cable for the Sir George Newnes trophy. The contest will be inaugurated to-morrow morning, the Americans playing in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. In the six contests previously held the Americans are a little ahead. The first was won by this country, the second and third by Great Britain, the fourth and fifth were won by the United States, and the match of last year ended in a draw. Three successive victories are necessary for permanent possession of the trophy.

A LADY WHO HAS WON PRIZES FOR HER WORK WRITES ABOUT

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns

A lady residing in a progressive Ontario town, and who has been a user of Diamond Dyes for over twenty years, says:

"I learned the art of making mats and rugs years ago. In many cases I was obliged to work up patterns that were but imperfectly traced by hand or stamped by the old fashioned methods. Since you have given to the public your beautiful and valuable Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns, I have no trouble in making up easy or complicated designs, as your patterns are richly colored and give a harmonious combination that no other patterns can afford. I have made up several of your Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns that have taken prizes at Fairs and Exhibitions. Every lady who can make a rug should use your patterns."

Complete range of designs sent free by mail to any lady who sends her address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

General - Sports.

HOCKEY.

The O.H.A. Executive made a grant to the sub-committee to purchase lockets, pins or medals for the members of the three champion teams.

Some days ago a Berlin paper stated that Galt could win the O. H. A. championship, and that Berlin could beat the O. H. A. champions. All of which clearly shows that there is insanity in the Berlin family.

Winnipeg papers are cracking up Mr. Hugh Baird as the best referee in the business, when he is not one whit better than Roy Schooley, notwithstanding the talk from Cornwall and Galt. Baird, no doubt, is a capable referee, but when they go putting him on such a tall and lofty pedestal it is about time to say a few words in defence of a few good referees that we really possess down this way.

The Montreal hockey team will play the Victorias of Winnipeg this morning in the first of a series of matches for the Stanley Cup. The Montreal team arrived in Winnipeg on Tuesday and appear to be in good condition after their long trip.

The Intermediates, winners of the intermediate O.H.A. Championship were delayed in reaching Toronto on Tuesday afternoon and could not be the guests of Hon. J. R. Stratton at a banquet. On Tuesday evening next the boys and a number of their friends will be tendered a banquet in town by Hon J. R. Stratton which promises to be a very brilliant affair.

BASKETBALL.

The West Toronto Y. M. C. A. basket ball team was defeated at Hamilton last night by the local Y. M. C. A., the score being 36 to 20. At half time it was 22 to 14.

The Business College Basket Ball Team hereby accepts the challenge of the Oriole Basket Ball team of the D.F. Ackerman Mfg. Co., to a friendly game to be played in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium on Saturday evening. A. Laing, manager.

The above mentioned game will take place at nine o'clock Saturday evening at the conclusion of the League Match between the Electricians and the Ironclads of Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co. Captains of the playing teams are asked to choose their umpires early in the week.

LACROSSE.

A meeting will be held in the T.A.A. rooms to-night to consider the organization of a Lacrosse team. A cordial invitation is extended to all interested in Canadas' National game, to be present.

A meeting will be held in the Y.M.C.A. to-morrow night for the organization of a Lacrosse Club in Peterborough.

Toronto Telegram,—London, Ont., is applying, or will apply for admission to the C. L. A. At this same time it would be just as well if the association made it clearly understood that London must behave, and that they would have to give up their rough and rowdyish ways as it were. London has had such an illsmelling, unsavory name in any sport in which they have entered that it is small wonder when their name is brought up it is viewed with suspicion. However 'tis to be hoped that they will forget the past and try to behave themselves when they get into respectable company.

THE RING.

Tom Sharkey and Gus Ruhlin are to fight before the National Club in London during coronation week. The have agreed to meet any heavyweight pitted against them.

Palm Beach, Fla., March 13.—The annual golf tournament for the Palm Beach Cup, the Royal Poinciana Cup and the Breakers Cup will begin today and will continue through the remainder of the week. Judging from the number and prominence of the players and the auspicious conditions surrounding the opening, the tournament will prove a fitting climax to the most brilliant season of competitive golf in the history of this famous winter resort.

Items of Interest

Birmingham, Ala., March 13.—On the first of next month the Republic Iron and Steel Company, according to arrangements now completed, will blow its new 225-ton blast furnace at Thomas, near this city, and simultaneously will light fires in 400 new coke ovens arranged in four batteries. This is the largest single coke plant in the United States. The company is preparing also for the erection of large new steel mills in Birmingham. Owing to the rush of orders the company is importing men from the north to run the mills in double shifts.

Y.M.C.A. CONFERENCE.

Indianola, Ia., March 12.—The annual conference of the Young Men's Christian Association for Southern Iowa began here to-day and will continue through the remainder of the week. Addresses and papers covering all phases of association work will be presented to the convention. Elaborate entertainment has been provided for the visitors, of whom there are more than a hundred.

BIG INDEPENDENT STEEL PLANT

McKeesport, Pa., March 12.—Announcement is made that within three weeks the mammoth new steel and wire plant of the Pittsburg Steel Company at Monessen would begin operations in the nail wire mill and galvanizing departments. The plant is an independent concern and will employ nearly 1,800 men when in full operation. The site of the new industry embraces 14 acres of land. In addition to the buildings of the plant the company will erect dwelling houses to rent to its workmen. The houses will have from four to eight rooms each, and will be of frame, with everything modern and improved in the interior finish and equipment.

HUNTSVILLE GAS PLANT SALE.

Huntsville, Ala., March 12.—This is the date set by the chancery court for the sale of the Huntsville gas plant. The property is very valuable as an investment, and lively bidding is expected.

Pain in the Joints

may be muscular or rheumatic. The joints are hard to get at, and it requires a powerful, penetrating remedy to reach the affected parts. Polson's Nerviline exactly meets the requirements, for it is both powerful and penetrating. The pain is expelled as if by magic, for one drop of Nerviline equals in strength five drops of other remedies. You won't often call for the doctor if Nerviline is in the home. Price 25 cents.

KRUGER STILL CONFIDENT

Declares Boers will be Delivered Out of the British Lion's Den

New York, March 13.—The following cable has been received here from Kruger:

"Utrecht, March 12.—There will be more good news yet from Delarey. This victory of his reminds me of General Botha's allusion a year ago to the miracle of faith which saved Daniel out of the lion's den. My confidence in the ultimate triumph of the Boer cause could not be greater than it is now and, indeed, it never has been shaken. I hope England will show she sees the folly of attempting to subdue the Boer race by recognizing it now, and by restoring independence to the Transvaal Republic. By doing this she will spare herself as well as the Boers further bloodshed and expense, and will retain the Republics as friendly neighbors."

News in a Nutshell

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers from Other Lands

Sixty students were arrested recently in Odessa.

The trouble in Venezuela is nearing an settlement.

There are still 326 men of General Methuen's command unaccounted for.

There was great elation in Holland at the news of Gen. Methuen's reverse.

The French Premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, will retire from office at an early date.

Santos-Dumont states that an airship trip to the North Pole is a certainty in the near future.

Count Tolstoi, the famous Russian writer, is recovering from his illness.

The shirt worn by Charles I at the time of his execution, was sold in London recently for 200 guineas, about $1050.00

A number of engagements have taken place between the Russian troops and the Tunguses in Manchuria.

The Countess of Warwick was thrown from her horse on Tuesday, and received very severe bruises.

A Cape Town despatch says that Cecil Rhodes is recovering from his recent severe illness, although his friends are still very anxious about him.

ACROSS THE BORDER.

Ex-Governor John P. Altgeld, of Illinois, suffered a paralytic stroke after addressing a very large pro-Boer meeting on Tuesday night. He died about 7.20 yesterday morning.

—Col. Charles Adams, a civil war veteran, and member of the last Missouri Legislature, died yesterday at Chillicothe.

Arthur Pancott, former Financial Secretary of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, pleaded guilty at Buffalo yesterday, to a charge of stealing the funds of the Ass'n.

The Boer delegates called on President Roosevelt yesterday, and bade him good-bye.

Mrs. Frank Gowie and Mrs. Lafe Grass, of Camden, N.J., were shot dead by two unknown men yesterday. The man escaped.

Three aged persons were asphyxiated by coal gas yesterday at their home in Mount Clemens, Mich.

Edward Deanitz, of Riverview, Ill., shot his sweetheart, and then committed suicide yesterday.

At Williston Ohio Louis Wollum shot and killed Ward Meadows, who a year ago eloped with the former's wife.

CANADIAN BRIEFS.

The wife of Thomas Birkett, M.P., is dangerously ill at Ottawa.

Large numbers of colonists are passing through Winnipeg daily.

The hotel at Jackson, near Owen Sound was destroyed by fire.

The Prince Edward Island Legislature opened yesterday.

In 1882 there were 27,896 immigrants arrived in this country; last year there were 49,149.

A Sault Ste. Marie prisoner awaiting transportation to the Central Prison scaled the walls of the jail there on Tuesday, and made good his escape.

Alex. Gunn, the postmaster of Kingston, is having erected in St. George's Cathedral, two beautiful memorial windows in memory of his wife and daughter.

Some Hamilton capitalists have closed a deal for 300 feet of valuable water front at Sault Ste. Marie, and will construct a fueling and merchandising dock, to cost $50,000.

The students and ex-pupils of the Normal College, Hamilton, presented the principal, Dr. McLellan, and Mrs. McLellan, with a heavy purse of gold on Tuesday on the occasion of their golden wedding.

Gordon Groves, the eight-year-old son of William Groves, of Beamsville, died on Monday from the effects of a blow on the forehead from the puck in a hockey match in St. Catherines about a week ago.

Lady Laurier's tiara to be worn at the coronation will have 175 diamonds in it.

The employes of the M.C.R. shops in St. Thomas will strike if the management insist on introducing the piece work system.

The Town Council of Owen Sound propose to annex the town plot of Brooke, which would bring the population of Owen Sound up to 11,000.

A deputation of manufacturers of suspenders interviewed the Government to ask for an increase of the duty.

The St. Catherines City Council has accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of $20,000 for a library.

One of two burglars wanted at Alliston was apprehended by Chief Mains of Niagara, on Tuesday.

It is reported that Hon. Joseph Royal, ex-Governor of the Northwest Territories, will give up journalistic work in the East to enter Manitoba politics.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Today, Strong westerly winds; generally fair; stationary or a little higher temperature.

Mild [illegible] Ontario [illegible] generally [illegible] higher [illegible] and the fall [illegible] to be generally [illegible].

GREAT REJOICING AT THE HAGUE OVER THE BOER

Success in South Africa--It is Stated That the Boers Made an Enormous Haul of Provisions

THE REVERSE STIFFENS THE BRITISH PUBLIC

Determination That General Kitchener Shall be Strengthened—Lady Methuen Receives the News Sails for South Africa

London, March 12.—The Tweebosch calamity lies like a shadow on the country, and the nation yet looks vainly for comfort. This is not to say that there are any signs of despair. On the contrary, the press and public generally are stiffened in their determination that Kitchener shall be strengthened, and to see the war through at all costs. But the uncertainty and mystery surrounding certain features of the affair, which there is no fresh information to remove, cause a fear that the disaster will prove even worse than has hitherto been apparent. The laconic "dangerously wounded," appearing against Gen. Methuen's name in the casualty list, increases the anxiety.

Lady Methuen, who left for Cape Town March 8th, arrived at Madeira Tuesday on her way home from South Africa. She received the news of the wounding and capture of her husband in a Government despatch. She disembarked, and will return to South Africa by the first steamer.

There is a certain, but not over-eager, readiness to accept Baron von Richthofen's declaration in the Prussian Diet in a generous spirit. It will require, says the Times, a good many such expressions to remove the resentment Germany awakened among a people very slow to harbor it. The paper speculates upon what it calls this remarkable change of tone. It says the clue may perhaps be found in the observation that if Germany shares the susceptibilities of her cousins on this side of the water, she may be able to approach her cousins on the other side of the water, and so perhaps become of some service to her other cousins, the Dutch, and their friends, the Boers.

The Times adds that Prince Henry had various opportunities for learning that America, though pleased to have Germany's friendship, does not wish to enrich herself in that way at the expense of her friendship with Great Britain. Since the English and American cousins stand together, Germany probably considers it time to be cousin of both, but the English people will not forget that it is to America they owe this rather touching re-approchement. The circumstance will form a new link between the British and their cousins across the Atlantic, while both they and the British will accept with due cordiality the sage conclusion of the German Government that it is well to be on good terms with the two great English-speaking world powers.

There is a great deal of irritation here over the outburst of triumphant ridicule over General Methuen's disaster in a section of the Continental press. Such a tone, is however, nowise universal, and there are prominent organs in Berlin, Vienna and Paris which, considering the sympathies of their readers, comment upon the affair with remarkable restraint. The soreness of Englishmen over the fact that Gen. Delarey's men wore khaki is not salved by those who find satisfaction in precedents. Among other data on the subject is "Stonewall" Jackson's threat to shoot any of his own men found dressing themselves in captured clothes even to cover their partial nakedness. An interviewer tried to draw a condemnation from Mr. Charles Dilke, who replied tersely that khaki is a vague term.

Continental critics who admit that the wearing of English uniforms by the Boers is contrary to the laws of war excuse it on the ground that probably otherwise the Boers would be naked.

THE CASUALTY LIST.

London, March 12.—The War Office to-night issued a list of casualties among the officers in the fight of Lord Methuen's force with the Boers under Gen. Delarey: Lieutenants Venning, Nesham and Hartley, and Col. Wilson were killed. General Methuen and Col. Townsend were dangerously wounded. Captain Outram, Lieut. Dennis Logan of the Imperial Yeomanry, and Lieutenants Mitford and Fitzpatrick were severely wounded, and Lieut. Squires of the Imperial Yeomanry, slightly wounded. Thirty-eight men were killed and 72 wounded.

The War Office issues a correction as to the point from which Lord Methuen was marching. In yesterday's despatches it was stated that he was marching from Wynberg. It should have been Vryburg.

It is pointed out in connection with the capture of General Lord Methuen that he is senior officer next to Lord Kitchener now in South Africa. Indeed in army service he is his chief's senior.

The following message from its war correspondent, Mr. Edgar Wallace, which appeared in the Daily Mail of February 24, contained a forecast of the resumption of aggressive action by the Boers in the South-Western Transvaal:

General Delarey is reported to have made a partial recovery from his attack of dysentry, and is believed to be concentrating in the vicinity of Klerksdorp.

Since Feb. 24 Delarey's two successes have occurred.

The Hague, March 12.—There is great rejoicing here over the Boer victory. The streets are filled with people who are enthusiastic over the news. Crowds surround the newspaper bulletins. Commenting on the success of the British [illegible] the Rotterdamsche Courant says: "We shout hurrah with the Irish for Delarey and his Boers." It is stated that the Boers made an enormous haul of provisions.

London, March 12.—At a meeting of the Aeronautical Society Dr. Barton described a dirigible balloon that he is constructing for the War Office. Its general appearance is similar to that of Santos-Dumont's airship, but the motors are placed fore and aft, and it has six propellers. It is also proposed to preserve the centre of gravity by a system of water circulation, but the most novel feature is an arrangement of aeroplanes, by which the machine can be elevated or depressed. There are three sets of these ranged in rows of four, like slats of a venetian blind, and recalling Lilienthal's skimming machine.

Sir Hiram Maxim presided at the meeting, and led in the discussion, in which he advocated his own theories of human flight. He said the problem could be solved by the use of machines heavier than air. He opposed the balloon idea, and condemned Dr. Barton's model as containing more machinery than it could carry. Sir Hiram incidentally denied the report that he had offered a $20,000 prize to be competed for at the St. Louis Exposition. He said, however, that he was prepared to offer a large prize for an airship which would prove really practicable. Such a machine was not in existence, and could not be produced in time for the St. Louis Exposition. He did not think much would result from the contest there.

EXONERATES METHUEN.

London, March 12.—The official information on General Methuen's disaster is still incomplete. The total known British casualties amount to 274. There are still 326 men unaccounted for.

A high official connected with the transport in previous campaigns said that the stampede of animals was unavoidable if he read the despatches aright, and that nobody who had ever attempted to manage mules or ox-trains on the veldt would criticise Gen. Methuen. Each system was bad, and there was a difference of opinion in the army, as to which was worse, but where both were adopted, the column was naturally divided. The trouble began when the raw troops flinched and threw the column into disorder. The current military view is that the burghers, being unhampered by supply trains and having the mastery of the art of rough riding and the management of cattle, are the best guerillas the world has ever known, and that no European army could avoid an occasional defeat and mishap.

The effect of Gen. Methuen's defeat is admitted to be serious, since it will light up Boer enthusiasm, but military men assert with confidence that hostilities have been restricted to three districts, that DeWet's power is broken, and Botha's forces kept well under restraint, and that the western Transvaal, where blockhouse lines have not been established, is the only section where serious work remains.

There seems only too much reason to believe that the news of Gen. Methuen's defeat was known to certain favored persons at least two hours before the public got it. Leading jobbers in the Kaffir market will be requested by the Stock Exchange Committee to show their books as regards their earlier dealings on Monday.

Grand Dukes Anniversary.

Berlin, March 13.—At Darmstadt today the Grand Duke Ernest Louis will receive many congratulations on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Hesse. While the Grand Duke is blamed almost entirely for his matrimonial troubles, he enjoys nevertheless a wide measure of popularity among his subjects. Among the royal families of Germany, England, Denmark and Russia, with all of whom the Grand Duke and Duchess of Hesse are intimately connected by ties of blood, their domestic infelicity has been much deplored. Their efforts towards reconciliation, however, were futile, and it is admitted generally that a definite separation has taken place. The Grand Duchess, who is a daughter of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and granddaughter of Queen Victoria, is now in the south of France and has announced her intention to divide her time in future between the Riviera and Coburg. Under the agreement of their separation the two children, one son and one daughter, are to be allowed to spend a certain portion of each year with the Grand Duke. In accordance with this agreement the children are now at Darmstadt where they have been looked after by their aunt, Princess Irene, who chose to spend her time with them during the absence of her husband, Prince Henry of Prussia, in the United States.

Malt Breakfast Food

All dietetic and medical experience clearly proves that the morning meal should consist of food that is easily digested and readily absorbed by the system.

Malt Breakfast Food, rich in nutriment and favoring digestion stands far above all other breakfast cereals as a health food. Its preeminent qualities are the result of the action of the Malt on the starch and gluten of the wheat, rendering these soluble and changing them into forms to be quickly absorbed by the stomach, then passing into the blood to enrich it and build up the nerves, the tissues of the body and the brain.

As the success and pleasure of each day depend largely on the food used at breakfast, you should avoid starchy grain foods. Malt Breakfast Food alone can supply the fuel for a hard day's work in home, office or workshop. Your grocer sells Malt Breakfast Food and recommends it.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
we have successfully conducted a brokerage business, in
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
This concern was established in 1890; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our house. Every banking accepted and all news affecting markets, promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts [illegible] for cash or upon [illegible] margin. Issued free, our [illegible] cloth-bound illustrated
"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."
These two are factors of moment—They will aid you [illegible].

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N. Y.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.
W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 13, 1902

INTERURBAN RAILWAYS AND CITY TRADE

The effect upon the business of the village and city connected with interurban railways is to the advantage of both rather than to their disadvantage. People of the busy bustling city will gladly live in the suburb, the smaller city, or even the village, in order that they may have the advantages of country life, if the members of the family who must attend to business in the city, can have cheap and rapid transportation to and from their homes.

The wealthy man who can live in the choicest part of the city with a park at his door, and who is the possessor of a conservatory filled with choice flowers, does not need the suburban home, but the average business man and the army of employees, will be more capable of having this contact with nature. The fact that they are capable of enjoying the blue sky, the green grass, and the songs of birds, they become, in consequence, more alert, more thorough, in business.

People of large cities are tired of the hurry, noise and dust, and want their homes in a more quiet place, a purer atmosphere. We will do well when we as a nation are as fond of homes as our brothers across the sea, those of England particularly, who believe in home in the full meaning of the word and who abominate our apartment houses, hotel life, and all our substitutes for a genuine home. So as we come to make our homes in these smaller cities and villages, or suburbs, so will we come to transact our business in the great centers—the cities.

People with easy transit will not long transact business in the average village store, where there exists such a chaos of affairs, where the purchaser buys his jewelry from a stock displayed at one small show case and window of the same building to which they go for their mail, or in the general store where the proprietor or clerk leaves the cutting of a dress of striking colors for the country maiden in order to measure vinegar, molasses or kerosene, as the case may be, for the freckled-faced barefoot boy, or, perhaps to cut a plug of tobacco for the loafer, who will probably with a smile ask that it be "put on the slate."

It is urged that the village will lose its trade; it has already lost its desirable trade, and with the mail delivered at the door of the farmhouse, and with cheap and quick travel to the city, it will continue to do so. But the man who owns the country store will not starve in consequence. He must keep a first class stock in the line he best understands, and make a specialty of that, and the people of the village or smaller city will be loyal to his endeavors. The village or suburban town will be better off without the village store, except for necessary trade.

If the children can go into the city to attend the library, the gymnasium, lecture or other places of profit as easily and almost as quickly as he once could go down to the store, the habit of going to such places will soon be cultivated; they will soon be reading better books; they will hear and see the people of note, and will profit by this manner of living. The people will have their homes amid nature's surroundings, and go to the city to do business of all kinds, to see and hear the newest and best in the way of entertainment, to attend the church, and to have the best in music and art, which these centers will provide.

We will cite the cheap and rapid transit between Chicago and Joliet, Illinois, an instance with which we are familiar. Here are several railroad lines and an interurban electric line. The competition is strong, and the fare consequently cheap. Joliet, while quite a city, is much to be preferred for residence purposes to Chicago, and as a result a number of Chicago business men live in Joliet. A great many people go into Chicago to buy, to the injury of Joliet, it may be said. But it is not so telling a stranger might infer. The stores of Joliet are much better than formerly. Better stocks of goods are kept, and better service is given, all of which tends to build up trade at home. They have better churches, a beautiful opera house, better talent in the way of entertainment. Besides the loss of the trade that goes into Chicago is at least partly made up from the customers of the small towns who come to Joliet to attend all sorts of attractions. There were those who thought that this would be a death blow to Joliet, but it has made it a new city. And what, it may be asked, has become of the small merchants of these little towns? Some merchants have built up their business by placing an up-to-date stock of goods before their customers. Others have gone to Joliet and gone into business in a better way, and still others have left their fly-specked dirty stores and gone into other work, and often to their profit and advantage. And these small pretty towns, such as Lockport, where the great gates of the drainage canal are located have come into such close relationship to Joliet that many of the people who lived in the northern part of the city—in the prison district, or in the region of the great steel mills which pour out their smoke day and night, are finding homes and fresh air in the shady little village of Lockport, or along the four miles of electric road between the village and the city. All this is because transit is rapid and cheap. What has been true of Joliet may be equally true of other localities. It will prove to be of great advantage to the large and small city and of the village also, to have cheap and rapid transit connections.

Where Doctors disagree!—Physicians no longer consider it catering to "quackery" in recommending in practice so meritorious a remedy for Indigestion Dyspepsia and Nervousness as South American Nervine. They realise that it is a step in advance in medical science and a sure and permanent cure for diseases of the stomach. It will cure you.—6

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 266,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 208,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by E. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

The capital invested in electrical enterprises in the United States is estimated by "American Trade" at four billion dollars. We have the same authority for the assertion that these industries employ more than half a million persons. Almost half of the aggregate capital is represented by the electric railways, which, it would be safe to assume, employ a majority of the half-million persons. There were dismal predictions current ten or fifteen years ago of things that would befall certain classes of labor when electric cars came in; but the abolishment of the horse-car has probably thrown no one out of work—except the horse.

The Playgoer's Dinners.

A correspondent who signs himself "Serious Playgoer" writes to the "Illustrated London News": "Is it not possible to induce the public to moderate its eating and drinking before going to the play? If you have eaten a very large meal, how can you be in the mood for real drama? Nowadays the playwright has to provide, not drama, but an aid to digestion, a kind of dramatic equivalent to the cigarette and liqueur. He may count himself happy if rows of gentlemen in white waistcoats are gently stimulated by a theatrical anecdote, set to music if possible, and enlivened by charming costumes. If his characters have any troubles, these must be comic embarrassments, not the sordid cares that crease even a white waistcoat in actual life. I see the necessity for this entertainment so long as the playgoer has no scruple about his dining. Max Beerbohm, who treats this subject with admirable philosophy, proposes that the theater shall open in the early morning. Let us take our drama, he says, after breakfast, when the mind has a dewy freshness. Let commerce and its toils be put off until the evening. This, I fear, is a poetic ideal, like asking the moon to shine in the morning and the sun to oblige about nine p.m. It is upon the playgoer's dinner that reformers must focus their energies."

A Defect of Reformers.

The newspaper despatch from Topeka, Kansas, about Mrs. Charles M. Sheldon's hired girl has been very popular, and acres of comment have appeared about it. The story is that the hired girl, who was new, had read in one of Mr. Sheldon's the-world-made-over stories that it was a good plan for the servants of a household to take their meals with the rest of the family, so she expressed to Mrs. Sheldon her willingness to follow that course, but Mrs. Sheldon dissented, and the girl left. This is thought to be a joke on Mr. Sheldon, but, remarks New York "Life," really it makes him appear in a good light as a reformer who respects the rights of others, and does not try to compel even his immediate family to share his social experiments. That is the way it is in the family of Tolstoi. He lives the ideal life, and goes barefoot, and cobbles shoes for recreation, but his wife and most of his children respect conventional customs, and live a life modified, but not stunted by his ideals.

A great and common defect about ordinary reformers is that they are not content to let their light so shine, but insist that every one whom they can control shall emulate their good works. Says the Women's Christian Temperance Union to the army, "We think it's wicked to drink beer, and you shan't have any." Says Mrs. Carrie Nation to Apollo Belvidere, "It is an outrage that you have no trousers on. Let me smash you!" Mr. Sheldon's way is better. He goes in for precept, and, maybe, example, but not for constraint. If the Women's Christian Temperance Union followed his example it might still distribute tracts to the army, but it would not legislate away the canteen, and Mrs. Nation, acting Sheldonwise, would be content to say to Apollo Belvidere, "Wear trousers, like me."

Good Hearts and Bad Manners.

An exchange tells about a judge more noted for his bad manners than his knowledge of law. He continually insults lawyers, litigants and witnesses—especially women—in the most outrageous way, and spares no one except certain members of the bar whose political influence he fears. Recently a young lawyer, having more backbone than discretion, perhaps, was bullied by His Honor beyond the limit of endurance, and began to talk back. With the aid of a cool head and a polite but sarcastic tongue the young practitioner soon had the bencher apoplectic and nigh to frenzy and yet lacking ground for holding the lawyer guilty of contempt.

When the case had been decided against the young man an older member of the bar said:

"You did not take the judge in the right way. He is cranky, but you should have humored him. At heart he is a pretty good man."

"His heart may be good," said the young man, "but his manners are bad; and I'm tired of humoring people whose hearts are so good that they feel privileged to be bullies and curmudgeons."

"Castles of Sand."

(Written after seeing the picture called "Castles of Sand.")

I.

Castles of Youth and Hope, and Joy,
Castles of Love without alloy,
Built in the heart of a woman; there
They were fashioned with tender care.

Built to withstand the blows of Fate,
Built to rebuff the hand of Hate,
With towers of silver, and turrets of gold,
And all the Love that the walls could hold.

'Twas a woman's hand that built them there,
And a woman's thought that made them fair;
For a woman's Faith had strengthened their walls
And a woman's beauty would grace their halls.

But Youth is gone, and Faith is betray'd,
And Joy in its lonely grave is laid,
And Love has come, and laughed, and flown,
And a woman's life is lived out alone.

For a heart grew cold, and slain was Trust,
And the silver and gold all crumbled to dust;
And these castles built by a woman's hand
Are only some mounds of shifting sand.

Castles of sand on a sunny shore
Of golden grains like a hoarded store,
Mounds of shining, glistening sand
That built up the Castles of Day Dream Land.

Make Way For the Ladies.

In Michigan there is an Indian school where the children of the more or less noble redman are instructed in Anglo-Saxon graces and civilization. One of the teachers says:

It is very interesting to study these children, especially as we have them from four different tribes.

The boys have a sense of humor. In my flag-drill last Friday the partners were a boy and a girl, and where the lines intersect to form a cross I taught the boys to let their partners go first; and much trouble I had to do it.

After the exercises Isaac Crane came up to me, and in his solemn way said:

"Miss B., in letting the girls pass in front of the boys you have struck at the root of an Indian national custom."

"How so, Isaac?"

"It is the custom for the man to go first, carrying his dignity, and for the woman to follow, carrying everything else."

Expensive Revenge.

Mankind is so constituted that it is sometimes not able to forget readily any slights or rebuffs endured, and the disposition to seek revenge is frequently uppermost in the thoughts. In Sheffield, England, it is said, there is a manufacturer who became furious with the local post-office people because of certain regulations they insisted he should follow in the matter of registered mail. After calming down, the manufacturer concluded he would have to toe the mark if he wanted his mail forwarded, but his revenge he would have, too. So every day for a month or more he sent each of his two hundred employees to the post-office to buy a single penny stamp. The employees were decorated with red tape, and seemed to enjoy hugely the making of their daily purchase.

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's [illegible]

"Go West,"

Reach it and rough it and you'll soon get rid of that weak chest and that hacking cough." That is what the doctor said to a young married man with a wife and child to care for and a modest salary to support them on. He *couldn't* go West. Love and duty tied him to his desk in the city.

People don't have to travel to cure coughs or strengthen weak lungs. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures obstinate, deep-seated coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs, weakness, emaciation and other forms of disease which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate fatally in consumption.

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Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. The book has 1008 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Caudle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Caudle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Caudle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Pick-Me-Up."

"He may mean well," said the young doctor, "but I don't exactly like the tone of his letter."

"What's the matter?" inquired the old practitioner.

"Jones, the undertaker, writes and says that if I send my patients to him he will guarantee to give them satisfaction."—Judge.

"Miss Alice," said the nervy young man, "I think I will marry you."

"Indeed? Two very remarkable statements, sir!"

"Two? How two?"

"One that you will marry me; the other that you think."—Baltimore News.

"A good man has gone," wrote the editor of The Hickory Ridge Missourian, in winding up his obituary of Col. Wepjaw. "He was honored and respected by all, and a large concourse of sympathizing friends and neighbors followed to the tomb all that was mortal of our distinguished citizen, except a leg he had the misfortune to lose while fighting bravely at Chickamauga thirty-eight years ago."—Chicago Tribune.

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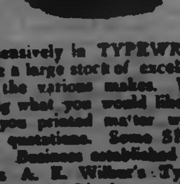

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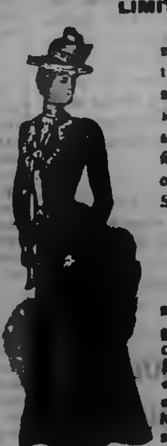

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J. D. McLEAN,
Secretary.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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Double Value!
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Cottams Seed.
—'nough said.

[illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY

[illegible]

Anecdotal.

A Yorkshire miller, noted for his closeness in financial matters, was once in a boat trying his best to get across the stream which drove his mill. The stream was flooded, and he was taken past the point at which he wanted to land, while further on misfortune again overtook him, to the extent that the boat was upset. His wife, realizing the danger he was in, ran frantically along the side of the stream, crying for help in a pitiful voice, when, to her sheer amazement, she was suddenly brought to a standstill by her husband yelling out: "If I'm drowned, Molly, dunnot forget that flour's gone up two shillin' a sack!"

In the year 1871, when the Government of Monsieur Thiers was at Versailles, and before the National Assembly had decided whether the new constitution of France was to be monarchical or republican, the late Comte de Paris visited the palace at Versailles. Just as he was about to enter, M. Jules Simon met and recognized him. Bowing low, Monsieur Simon said with much gravity: "If we are a republic, count, you are in my house, and I shall be delighted to do the honors; but if we are a monarchy, then I am in your house, and cannot play the host." The Comte de Paris laughed and took Monsieur Simon's arm. "Ah, monsieur," he said, gaily, "let us go in together!"

A Philadelphian tells the story of a waiter at a restaurant in the Quaker City, who has lately announced that he has begun to study French. "Do you find it necessary here?" asked the customer. "Not here, sir," said the waiter, "but I've been offered a steady job in Paris at one of the hotels if I can learn French." "But Paris is full of French waiters," said the gentleman. "I'm afraid you're being deceived." "Oh no, sir!" said the man, with much earnestness and absolute simplicity. "It's a perfectly straight thing. The proprietor of the hotel says the waiters he has can't understand French as we Philadelphians speak it, and that's what he wants me for, you see."

"Who," asks "The Candid Friend," "does not recollect Lord Hardwicke, the Glossy Peer, immaculately tailored, riding an almost priceless horse in the Row of a morning, or walking down Piccadilly, his hat at an angle which defied the laws of gravity? Spontaneously witty, with that talent for repartee which is as rare as it is delightful, Lord Hardwicke was the best of good company, and one of the unforgettable social leaders of London in the last quarter of the nineteenth century. No one will have forgotten his famous answer to a well-known tailor who had been asked to stay in the house of a noble patron, and complained to Lord Hardwicke that the 'company was mixed:' 'Good Lord, man, you didn't expect to find 'em all tailors?'"

The late Joseph Cook was celebrated for his positiveness, which those who did not admire him termed "cocksureness." The Boston "Pilot" relates several stories in illustration of this. It says that when he went over to Scotland to demonstrate by practical experiment the dangerous effects of alcohol on the human brain, he beat up the white of an egg with spirits until the mass coagulated, but it did not convince his audience as he had expected. On the contrary, it only evoked from Professor Blackie the quiet remark: "That seems to prove that whiskey must be good for softening of the brain." But the cruelest sarcasm said of him was when Bill Nye demurely wrote: "I understand that my friend the Rev. Joseph Cook has completed a thoughtful essay entitled 'A Bird's-Eye View of the Kingdom of Heaven?'"

In the early Indiana days, when both judges and attorneys literally "rode the circuit," a newly elected judge, noted for his lack of personal beauty, was plodding along on horseback between two county-seats one fine summer day. Suddenly he was confronted by a hunter, who unslung his squirrel-rifle from his shoulder, and ordered the horseman to dismount. Somewhat startled by this peremptory command, the jurist began to remonstrate. He was quickly cut short, however, by the remark: "It's no use talking. I long ago swore that if I ever met a homelier man than I am, I'd shoot him on sight." The judge, sizing up the situation, promptly got off his horse. Folding his arms, he faced his assailant, and said: "If I am any homelier than you are, for heaven's sake do shoot, and be quick about it." Needless to say, his wit saved him.

Her Revenge.

This amusing story is told by the president of a New Bedford bank, and is repeated in a Boston paper. One day not long ago he and other officers and directors were engaged in a business meeting, held in the directors' room of the bank, and as they believed themselves secure from intrusion, were much surprised to see a poor little waif enter the room, something which a man of business affairs would not dare to do under such conditions. The little girl, shabbily clothed and pinched looking, had all unconsciously entered on forbidden ground, but this she didn't realize, and at once went to the men seated about the big table, offering them small cakes of soap for sale. The very first director whom she approached shook his head, impatient at the interruption of business, and said sharply, "I never use it." The tiny peddler, unabashed, went from man to man, all the others, out of pity for her wan little figure, buying of her. As she started to leave the room, after thanking each purchaser, the girl hesitated a moment in front of the director who never used soap, according to his own declaration, and, looking him over from head to foot, said, disdainfully, "Well, yer look it!" and then she swept out like a duchess.

A Fable For Fathers-in-Law.

MINISTER WU TING-FANG, the ambassador of China to the United States, was one of a number of speakers at the Presentation Day exercises of the Gallaudet College for the Deaf, recently.

Mr. Wu frankly confessed to some degree of embarrassment, this being his first experience in addressing an audience composed largely of deaf persons. He further intimated that the presence of the president of the college by his side, interpreting his remarks, sentence by sentence, to the mutes, was not calculated to lessen his discomposure.

Mr. Wu declared that deafness, though a handicap, is not so serious an affliction as is commonly supposed, and *further*, that the mysterious law of compensation steps in and bestows other talents and blessings.

Continuing, the minister said: "To most of us a little deafness at times would be a distinct advantage. I can, perhaps, more clearly illustrate this point by relating a Chinese story.

"About twelve hundred years ago a revolution raged in China, and the reigning king retained his throne chiefly through the sagacity and valor of one of his generals. The king deeply felt his obligation to the general, and in token of his gratitude consented that his daughter should wed the general's son.

"The wedding was duly solemnized, and the happy young couple commenced housekeeping in their own home. For a time everything was harmonious; then the course of true love became disturbed, as it sometimes does even at this advanced date in America. The young wife became haughty and referred to her ancestry; she was the king's daughter, while her husband was only the son of a general. The young man, nettled at this, reminded his wife that but for the aid of his father she would be the outcast daughter of a deposed king and that he was therefore as good as she.

"The young wife hurried to the king and poured the sad tale of her woes into his ear, not forgetting to emphasize her husband's allusion to him.

"The youth went to his father and told what he had said about the king.

"The general was instantly overwhelmed with the gravest apprehensions, fearing the vengeance of the king when he should learn of the treasonable utterances of the young man, and he made great haste to call upon his sovereign to forestall punishment.

"The king listened to all the general had to say, and then, in a fatherly way and with a twinkle in his eye, remarked:

"'That's all right, general. We fathers and mothers of young married folk must be deaf and dumb a good deal of the time.'"

The Up-to-date Chirography.

Gladys Helene Montague, her transparent gold ochre hair glittering in the sunlight, sat at her mahogany desk writing her answer to Reginald Fitzmaurice's proposal. Gladys's chirography was of the fashionable young ladies' seminary style, with three characters to perform the duty of twenty-six.

"My Dearest Girl: Your answer has made me the happiest man in the world. How did I dare to hope that you would stoop to bless such as I? I pray God that I may be worthy of you, my darling. I long to press you to my heart. Ever thine, Reginald."

"My Dear Miss Montague: On Wednesday I sail for Europe. If at any time you should change your mind, a word from you will bring me to your side. My address will be Brown, White & Co., London. Faithfully yours, Reginald Fitzmaurice."

"Dear Gladys: After a sleepless night spent in the vain endeavor to decipher your note, I have written these two answers. Will you kindly return immediately the one which does not fit the occasion? I cannot stand this strain much longer. Your anxious Reginald."—Detroit "Free Press."

Just a Glimpse.

Papa—By the way, who is the lady that bowed to us as we left the carriage?

Dorothy—The one with the black silk skirt, and rose petticoat, plaid blouse, purple colarette with silver clasp, tan coat, black hat with purple tips, carrying a silver-mounted card-case?

Papa—Yes.

Dorothy—I don't know. I merely just caught a glimpse of her.—Cape "Register."

Put on the Hot Weather.

"Shure, I am just drippin' wid sweat;
Me shirt an' me collar is wet,
I've a 'kerchief that cum from the store,
An' I've mopped at me face till it's sore.
Now I'm after thinkin'
In weight I'll be shrinkin'
If of this heat we have more.

"Shure, I was a grumblin' fool,
Not contint wid the weather when cool.
Faith, I've got the pay,
For it's hotter to-day,
Than I iver seen it afore.
Now Pat's going to grumble no more."
—M. M.

Farming Told on Him.

It was not a Canadian farmer of whom an English paper tells a story, although the incident might possibly be matched in this country. The agriculturist in question had been to a rent dinner to enjoy himself among men of his own walk in life, while his hard-working wife stayed at home and saw to it that the farm suffered no loss in his absence.

"I'm aboot tired out," was the man's greeting upon his return. "Is t' cows in t' barn?"

"Yes, long since," replied his spouse, barely stopping a moment from her duties to glance at him as she spoke.

"Is t' hosses unharnessed and fed?" he enquired.

"Yes."

"Fowls locked up?"

"Yes."

"Wood chopped for mornin'?"

"Yes."

"Them ducks plucked and dressed for market?"

"Yes."

"Wagon-wheel mended and ready to start in t' mornin'?"

"Yes."

"Oh, then," concluded the good man with a sigh of relief, "let me have my supper and turn in. Farmin' is beginnin' to tell on me."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Literary Pretense.

If all of us who in these latter days have acquired some repute of knowledge of literature were to be tried before a jury of real experts, it is to be feared, writes Guy Carleton Lee, that the vast majority of us would win this sentence: "Guilty of having gained a reputation under false pretenses." Let us be candid with ourselves, since the confidence need go no further. Have we really made ourselves familiar with English masterpieces? It were damning to confess ignorance of Chaucer, for example; let all who have read the "Canterbury Tales," to take but a portion of his works, mentally hold up their hands. The resulting show might not carry an election in the smallest election precinct.

Perhaps we have taken an unfair test. Chaucer is difficult reading to any but the scholar, and the quaint old words are apt to interfere with any pleasure in the reading. Let us return, then, to writers of a later date, whose language holds no obscurity of form. How many of us have read "The Faery Queen" from beginning to end? Perhaps some few, to whom literature is a profession, not a recreation; but of the rest of us who so glibly discuss Edmund Spenser and his influence upon poetry, and who talk learnedly of the Spenserian stanza, the vast majority are utter strangers to the works of the poet they praise.

The early dramatists, again. Most of us are vaguely aware that Marlowe wrote plays called "The Jew of Malta" and "Tamburlaine," and a dramatic poem entitled "Doctor Faustus;" but our knowledge of him stops there. Massinger, because of the occasional presentation on the stage of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts," is more familiar to us; but our acquaintance with him is strictly limited to that one work. Beaumont and Fletcher are by name "familiar in the mouth as household words," but some of us would be sorely puzzled to quote a line written by these old collaborators. Ben Jonson we know by his epitaph; but by his works we know him not. Shakespeare—ah! there we are safe; all of us have read him. Have we so? Along comes some villainous prier-into-secret-places and questions us of our knowledge of the "Sonnets;" and straightway we wish that we were dead or that Shakespeare had never been born to write twaddle that is called literature.

Dryden, again. He is sometimes talked of nowadays; is he ever read? And the dramatists of the Restoration—Wycherly, Congreve, Farquhar, Vanbrugh? And—for time [illegible] for the moment—Sidney and Harvey and Rochester and Herrick—oh, yes, we all know the quotation from the latter concerning the little feet which stole in and out; but, singular as it may appear, these lines were not the sole production of Herrick.

Pass on. Is Pope ever read nowadays? Who of us can ever give a list of his principal poems? It would be a good wager that ninety-nine out of a hundred among us, being asked to do this, would promptly exclaim: "The Essay on Man," and then continue: "Er—and—'The Rape of the Lock,' you know—and—h'm—oh, well, and all the rest."

Cowper—didn't he write something about a sofa? Southey? Oh, yes, he wrote "How the Water Comes Down at Lodore," and—and other things. Richardson? Addison? Steele? We seem to know these names—we are before our jury of experts now—but we cannot recall their writings for the moment. Swift? Oh, he wrote "Gulliver's Travels;" we read that when we were young; yes, we have entirely forgotten it, and recall no political satire in it. We know that Fielding and Smollett were very coarse writers; we do not remember any other characteristics. Ever read them? No, but we have read of them.

But, the attorney for the defence may urge, these are not names of giants; knowledge of their works is not indispensable. Waiving this point, the prosecuting attorney sternly demands if we have never claimed acquaintance with these men, if we have never referred to them with an air of easy nonchalance calculated—and intended—to impress our auditory with the fact that we were profoundly versed in their works. How many of us [illegible] can honestly answer "No"?

"Now," says the prosecuting attorney, "I have but one more question to ask you. You have often uttered Byron as out of date and [illegible]; have you ever read 'Childe Harold's Pilgrimage,' or that magnificent dramatic poem, 'Cain'?" And we answer desperately: "No; Byron is no poet; he is not literature; it would be waste of valuable time to read his stuff."

And then the attorney for the defence, in despair at our admissions, yet still fighting his case, asks us to name the works with which we are familiar, that we may show that our reputation is deserved. Sure of our ground, we go trippingly on with a list of the "Trilbies," the "Ladies of Quality," the "Richard Carvels," the—but here our attorney hastily bids us leave the stand, and submits the case without argument.

Is the picture overdrawn? We fear not.

A Volatile Community.

"What kind of a town have you here?" enquired a recently-arrived tourist from New England.

"Lively!" enthusiastically replied the landlord of the Atlantic and Pacific Hotel, at Boomopolis, Oklahoma. "Lively, stranger! Thar's a lynchin' most every night, and balls, shootin's, tar-and-featherin's, and other rallikaboos, about as often as you can turn out to 'em; a couple was married in a balloon last week, two prominent preachers shot each other considerably at the Sabbath school picnic day before yesterday, and thar was a cyclone less than a month ago; new buildin's are bein' erected right along, we've got an enthusiastic county-seat fight on hand all the time, thar's a show in the Op'ry House once in a while, the O. K. barber shop put in a bathtub lately, the post-office was burglarized a spell ago—the front of the buildin' was flung half-way across the street, the safe blown wrong side out, and the children have been busy ever since pickin' postage stamps off'n the gum weeds whar the wind distributed 'em. You can git any kind of a [illegible] and all any kind of [illegible] in [illegible] minute, by just lettin' your wants be known. They call this yere town the [illegible], and don't you forget it."

A Queer Conventionality.

THE royal English family is exceedingly domestic and affectionate; but there had developed among its members and the people connected with the court a strange surface dread of meeting the Queen, which was perfectly incomprehensible to outsiders. It was quite real on the part of her children, and was probably a remnant of their rather stern bringing up. The efforts they made to vanish into thin air when the Queen came upon them unawares were most ludicrous. From them the entourage caught the same spirit, which led to many amusing incidents. Says a writer in the "Century Magazine:" We were coming home from Whippingham Church, designed and built by Prince Albert, and where Princess Beatrice had been married the year before, when we suddenly came upon a royal group walking leisurely ahead toward Osborne Cottage. Naturally we slackened our pace, when, to our dismay, we saw looming up in the opposite direction certain white ponies and outriders. Caught between two fires, we paused a moment, took in the situation, and decided quickly that we had just time to scramble in safely before the Queen's carriage could draw up at the door. Seeing that the advance party had already turned into the vine-covered porch, we gave wings to our heels and bolted in, too, and there suddenly came upon the whole company saying good-bye to one another, nearly knocking them over in our mad haste. Prince —— and H.R.H. the —— of ——, seeing our breathless condition, and at the same time hearing horses' hoofs approaching, quickly guessed what the frightful danger was and left their conversation unfinished, having in common with us only one idea, that of getting out of the Queen's sight at once." Poor people or perfect strangers the Queen never minded seeing at all. It was only those whom she knew about that she did not care to encounter, as it would put her in the awkward position of being discourteous and passing them by, or else force her to stop and talk with them, when she felt disinclined to do so. Hence, out of deference to the Queen's supposed feelings, arose the etiquette prescribing that one must never be seen on her path. This grew into a stereotyped rule.

Wisdom From the Orient.

TAKING Chinese proverbs as they are found in the literature of that nation, they contain many gems of wisdom that cannot be claimed by any Western people.

A peculiar proverb exposing the works of Chinese idolatry runs as follows: "A maker of graven images does not worship the gods: he knows what they are made of." Speaking thus in regard to his graven-image gods, the Chinaman disposes of his real divinities in a manner equally quaint. The saying is attributed to Confucius: "Respect the gods, but keep them at a distance." Many of the proverbs of Cathay are remarkable for their insight. For instance, the following is by no means shallow: "The man of first-rate excellence is virtuous independent of instruction; he of the middling class becomes so after instruction. The lowest order of man is vicious in spite of instruction." Here, too, is a truth which carries far in a work-a-day world: "A single conversation across the table with a wise man is better than ten years' mere study of books." Again, the following is an example of much that might almost have been made to Socrates' order: "When the work of merit is done and reputation is coming, to get out of the way is the high road to Heaven." And, setting aside the wisdom of the wise, we find the last commentary of the pessimistic Chinaman on things in general in the following concise form: "For every soul that Heaven creates Earth provides a grave."

"L'Ouvrage."

The god of heart's desire, ignored, doth wait,
Whilst sated Wealth within the palace gate
Lures dreamless sleep in vain, and 'waits his fate.

Whilst he (to whom this god's an unloved guest),
His brawn would barter, and his hungry zest,
For Wealth's soft, silken pillows of unrest.

"Splendid and terrible, the wage I deal;
To some, a curse; for others, balm to heal;
To-day, I hide; to-morrow, I reveal."
—Richard Sarace.

A Novel Enterprise.

"Harper's Bazar" states that a young woman in a Western city is adding very appreciably to an otherwise moderate income by making sandwiches. As usual with these nondescript businesses, the occupation came by chance. It fell to her lot once or twice to furnish sandwiches as her contribution to one or two fairs and festivals, and their excellence aroused comment. Then friends coaxed her into sandwich service now and then, till at last she took advantage of her evident specialty and became a professional at it. Many of her combinations are original, one of the moment being chopped pineapple mixed with a delicate cream cheese, the variety that is made from whipped cream. She does all the work herself, even to the designing of attractive little cards decorated with a seasonable flower upon which she prints in dainty script her assortment with prices. The success of her work undoubtedly lies in the limitation which she puts upon it—she will take no more orders than she can fill herself, and each sandwich which leaves her hand is as perfect as if it were the only one. She finds a demand for her products throughout the year, picnic sandwiches being one of her most frequent orders.

Mrs. Pretty—Isn't it strange? Mrs. Beauti has not put on mourning for her husband. Mr. Pretty—I understand that her late husband particularly requested that she should not. Mrs. Pretty—The brute! I s'pose he knew how lovely she would look in it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Weary's Objection.

Willie Wentwork—I'm glad I ain't got no relashuns.

Weary Waddington—Me, too; I cu'dn't tell whedder day luv'd me or was after the mouny.

Man's Christianity is [illegible]

The Actor's Summer.

THIS is the time of year, writes Alan Dale, the well-known New York dramatic critic, when I, fretfully and enviously, read the reports of the actor's summer. These reports are always gorgeously and artistically arranged. They are calculated to make any poor breadwinner repine. At the close of his "season," after having led a gilded butterfly life, with the plaudits of enthusiastic millions ringing in his ears, tired out with all this rapturous approval, and with just strength enough to gather in the colossal mound of shekels that have been showered at him—the actor goes to his "summer home" to live for three dreamy, wistful, sweetly inactive months, until the hungry public calls him back again.

They are all most anxious for us to know how they summer. If there were a commandment saying, "Thou shalt not covet thy actor's summer," I should break it hopelessly. I always regret my fate when these beautiful, rosy reports come in. Why should the actors alone possess the magician's wand that transforms a three-room flat in Harlem to a "mansion overlooking the Hudson," or a six-dollar-a-week boarding-house in Asbury Park to a "summer home by the Atlantic?" Why should the fairy gift of metamorphosing a Bloomsbury furnished room into a palatial hotel be exclusively confined to the actor?

Some of the profession are much better actors during their summer than they are during their thirty weeks of labor. How often has my riotous soul tossed in a frenzy of covetous discontent as I have watched the stalwart leading man on Broadway, hale, bronzed and picturesquely attired in tennis clothes, who has just rushed in for a day to see his banker! The magic wand and a little brown grease paint have, perhaps, done it all. He has walked down from East One Hundred and Seventy-fifth street, where his wife and seven children are spending the summer and the winter. But I don't know it, at the time, and in the actor's column headed "In Summer Places" I have read that he was wooing inertia and recuperating after an ardent season.

They all act these press agent parts so efficiently. They summer only because it is absolutely necessary for their health. They are always on the verge of nervous prostration, owing to the strain of "one-night stands." If they have been in New York all season, it is owing to the strain of New York. Managers are after them to play all summer. No company on earth has ever been known to close for any other reason than weariness. The actors summer because they can't work any longer. It is because the actors summer that the public goes to the seaside and the mountains. If the actors did not get so awfully tired the season would go right on revolving, without beginning or end, like a circle. It is in desperation because the actors won't let us go to the theaters any more that we say, "The season is over. Let us go out of town until Romeo and Juliet have recuperated."

How different it is in other walks of life! We snatch a scanty two weeks from the interminable fifty-two—and we are never missed. Nobody cares a hang whether we come back or whether we do not. Our goose is never a swan. Lucky actor! Thrice fortunate summerer! He never discovers—as, alas! we do—that the beautiful retreat, with fruit and shade trees, is a hideous barn with the shade furnished by hanging out clothes; that the adorable farmhouse with fresh milk and unequalled eggs is a fraud, and that the only glimpse of the fresh milk and unequalled eggs is caught as they are sent to the city; that the exquisite summer hotel is ugly with the cackling, tiresome gossipers of adjacent towns. Lucky actor! Thrice fortunate summerer! I envy you.

The First Firecracker.

There lived in China, years ago,
An odd old mandarin,
Whose temper was so peppery
They called him Sin-ah-sin.

He wandered through the crowded streets
In search of daily bread,
And wore a garment long and straight,
Which once was brightest red.

But worn in all the dust and rain,
In dampness and in dew,
It stiffened slowly with the grime,
And turned a dingy hue;

And like a cylinder became,
So long, and straight, and round,
It wrapped Ah-sin from head to heels,
And in it he seemed bound.

And out upon the collar high
His yellow queue hung down,
Till nothing of that mandarin
Was seen, but just his crown.

This robe so heavy did become,
That he could scarcely walk,
And o'er the top of it he tried
In vain, alas! to talk.

The boys they chaffed, and taunted him,
And missiles at him cast,
And called him shabby Sin-ah-sin,
As he went dragging past.

Though Ah-sin's blood did often boil
At cruel jest and jeer,
For while he wore that rigid coat
The lads had ne'er a fear.

Till so, one pleasant July day,
The gamins round Ah-sin
Said, "Let us have a little fun
With this old mandarin."

And stepping up applied a torch
To Ah-sin's precious queue,
When flashing forth a brilliant light,
They heard a noise, and whew!—

They saw Ah-sin, from out their sight
Go up in flame and smoke,
While o'er their heads, in tiny bits,
Flew pieces of his cloak.

With pent-up wrath he did explode,
That poor old mandarin,
And far from coats, and cares, and boys,
Went grimy Sin-ah-sin.
—E. M. Greenleaf in "Youth's Companion."

"Brethren and sisteren," concluded the Rev. Washington Johnson, "I hab demonstrated abstrusely dat de Lord hates a thief—dat he is not to be propitiated by no offering. Itherefore I beg de person or persons who stole yo' pastor's hog to make no contribution at de circulation of de offertory platter." Note—The collection beat all previous records.—Princeton "Tiger."

Mrs. Sharpe (severely)—Norah, I can find only seven of those plates. Where are the other five? Cook (in surprise)—Shure, Mum, don't you make no allowances for ordinary wear an' tear?—"Puck."

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounder inquired of Clubboy.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you [illegible]

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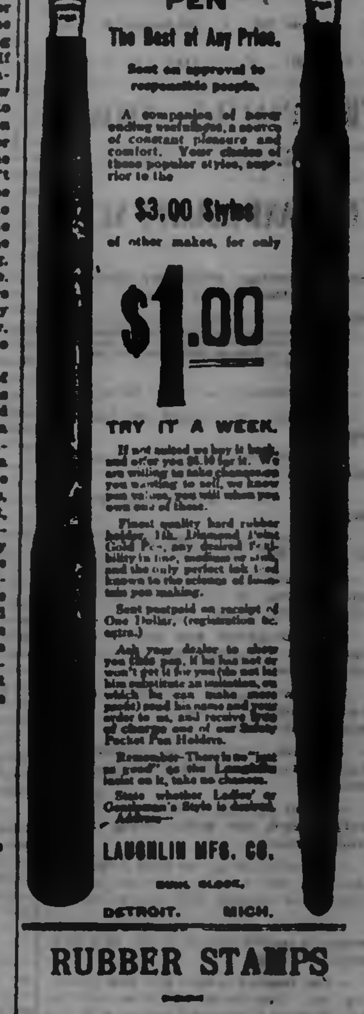

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A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 13, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The streets are very dirty.

—Thunder was heard on Tuesday night.

—St. Patrick's Day in the morning will break in on Monday next.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The chief has a gauntlet, for which he would like an owner.

—The market yesterday was very small, owing to the bad condition of the country roads.

—A photograph was picked up on the street yesterday, and now awaits an owner at the police station.

—A new company for the manufacture of cement bricks is about to be started in town.

—A large number of people from this district leave to-day for the North west.

—[illegible] street, these days, is properly named, the walks being mostly under water.

—The officials of the Golf Club have decided, for various reasons, not to hold their annual ball this year.

—Lindsay proposes to build a museum in connection with the new Carnegie library.

—The lumber camps are now breaking up. This week the remainder of the Dickson Company's camps will dissolve.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 158 Hunter street.

—Work is suspended for the present at the new dam at the locks. The water has risen considerably, and has completely flooded the work.

—There is a red hot election contest going on in East Victoria, for the Ontario Legislature. Meetings are being held, and excitement is increasing.

Trades and Labour Council

At the meeting of Peterborough Typographical Union No. 248 last night a committee composed of Messrs. A. Martin, C. H. Mitchell and F. Garden, was appointed to communicate with the other labor organizations in town with the view of forming a Trades and Labor Council in Peterborough.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

BAND CONCERT
OPERA HOUSE

Friday next, March 14th.

Admission to all parts of the hall, 10c. Children half price. Specialties—Mr. Halpany, in up-to-date Comic Songs. Mr. Hughes, Cornet Solo. Dancing—Highland Fling, etc.

Attention Attracted

The Times Bookstore windows are the center of attraction just now. Articles too numerous to mention have been marked to sell at less than half price, and given opportunity to get annuals, bound books of every description, albums, leather goods, fancy china, etc at prices unheard of before. We are clearing out our stock to make room for spring goods.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. G. C. Davidson was in Lakefield yesterday.

—Miss Lizzie Stewart, of Otonabee, is visiting friends in Cavanville.

—Mrs. (Rev.) W. W. McCuaig, of Port Hope is the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Potter at St. Andrews' manse.

—Miss Rose McLaughlin, of Rochester, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Garlick, Water street, has returned to her home.

—Mr. Gordon Power, of the local staff of the Bank of Montreal, has been transferred to the Montreal branch.

—Mr. Hugh Stevenson, of the International Typographical Union, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Eagleson, of [illegible], is the guest of the Misses Robertson, Reid street.

—Mr. L. Minark left yesterday for Lindsay on business in connection with the Ladies Household Companion Co.

—Rev. J. G. Potter was appointed Moderator of the Presbytery of Peterborough at the recent meeting held in Cobourg.

How One Million is Spent.

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for catarrh, bronchitis and consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing preeminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat, and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with its germ-killing, healing vapor. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25c. and $1 at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

APSLEY

—March came in like a lamb, therefore we may expect some rough weather later on. Having no weather bureau here we have to depend on local prophets, B—s and C—r, and a few old-time proverbs and signs, and one of the latter at least is reliable. On February 25th a large hen party drove through the village going south, which to some was a prediction of another cold wave, but towards evening they again drove through going north. Hens went high that we would have a big storm of rain with high winds and it came, almost a deluge.

—We have been informed, on reliable authority, that James Hindley, Esq., will be appointed superintendent of the water works at Jack's lake this summer. Jimmy will attend to his duties, no doubt.

—Spike Fred is home from the camp and has purchased a bicycle balloon and tells Tommy he is very ferocious, so look out.

—What do you think of a man who left home the other morning to purchase a gallon of coal oil, and when he got to the store found he had forgotten his oil can? Well, we can only attribute it to the cares of state.

—Our village would like to purchase a dog killer (a second hand one would do) as there is an idiot around here—perhaps more than one—who has gone into the dog poisoning business wholesale. Several valuable dogs have been poisoned lately. There is a very strong suspicion as to who the party is, and if it is proven it will be made interesting for him.

—Good butter is in demand. John Snow says he don't want any more bad butter, neither does his dog — it tastes bad.

—The O.M.L.C. held regular meetings during the past week. Anvil Jim told the other night that he had a hard time driving over the pitch holes this side of Lakefield. It was snowing hard when he started and after climbing through seven or eight had once struck level ground and was just going to make time when he heard a voice behind him. On looking back he discovered he had driven over a team and load of hay which was buried in one of the smaller pitchholes. Jim was at once presented with a card entitling him to be admitted to any other L. C. in the province. The President was also presented with a beautiful pearl handled knife on his return from Niagara. Trapper Ben was admitted on certificate and holds a very nice bronze medal. Factory Bob was initiated and promises to be a worthy addition to the club.

—Little Tommy gave a social ball and supper Friday evening, 7th inst. It was very successful, and the dance was kept up until near morning. Andy makes a good manager.

—Garry has become a resident of the village. Perhaps he is going into the livery business.

—A meeting was held the other day to appoint trustees and a building committee for the new Methodist church, the erection of which will now be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

GOOD WORK

Proper Food Makes Marvelous Changes

Providence is sometimes credited with directing the footsteps by so simple a way as the reading of a food advertisement.

A lady out in Shelbina, Mo., says, "About two years ago I was compelled to retire from my school teaching because I was completely broken down with nervous prostration.

I suffered agony in my back. My hands and feet would swell up nights. I was in a dreadfully nervous condition, irritable, with a dull heavy headache continually, had no appetite and could not digest anything if I tried. I was unable to remember what I read and was, of course, unfit for my work.

Some said I had consumption, others said dropsy. One day as if by providence, I read the testimonial of a lady whose symptoms were much the same as mine, and she told me of how Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food had cured her, so I concluded to try it.

I left off the old fashioned breakfast and began with Grape-Nuts, a little fruit and a cup of Postum Food Coffee. That was 8 months ago, and I have steadily improved in both body and mind. Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food has done more for me than all the medicine I have ever taken, and I am now well again and able to return once more to my school duties and able to do anything necessary in my work.

My mind is clearer and my body stronger than ever before. Please do not publish my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A SPOOK AT RICE LAKE

A Ball of Fire Creates Consternation in Hiawatha

Mr. Robert Davis, postmaster and stage driver of Hiawatha was in town yesterday and states that the residents of the village are in a very excited state over the supernatural appearance of a spook, in the shape of a glowing ball of fire which has appeared near the house of Alfred Crowe on four occasions quite recently.

One of Mr. Crowe's children is very ill and friends are obliged to sit up with the child all night. The watchers state that on four different nights a huge ball of fire has appeared and hovered around the house. The first time it appeared it rested for some time on the roof of the pump house and then slowly disappeared. The watchers became alarmed and the next night, when the thing appeared, it rested on the gate post, and Mr. Crowe went out to see what it was, the mysterious thing disappeared going in the direction of the cemetery. On its third appearance it frequented it usual haunts, and so alarmed the people in the house that they awakened Mr. Crowe who after hurriedly dressing, went out of the house, taking his gun with him. He fired a shot from the gun, but took no effect. The ball remained for a short time, then went away in the direction of the cemetery. On Saturday evening it appeared again but kept further away from the house. A number of the villagers have watched for the ball every night since, but it has not made an appearance. Among those who saw the eerie visitor are the Indian Chief and his wife.

It is rather hard to believe the story but it must be remembered that some years ago, a similar incident occurred near Brighton and the statement was verified by several responsible persons.

CHURCH NOTES

Special services will be held in the Mark street Church, Ashburnham, to-night and Friday night, beginning at half-past seven. These meetings are increasing in interest and attendance. Everyone is invited to attend.

A number of new maps have been purchased recently for use in the Sabbath school, which will prove very helpful.

The usual thank-offering will be taken up at the services on Easter Sunday.

Here Is The Proof

Mr. R. G. Irwin, Shelburne, N. S. Registrar of Probate and Registrar of Deeds is Cured of Rheumatism

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT SPRING MEDICINE DOES THE GOOD WORK

To postpone at such a vital time as this the banishment of rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney disease, liver complaint, blood diseases and dyspepsia, is a serious mistake. The sick and suffering cannot with safety afford to lose a day before taking advantage of the curing virtues of Paine's Celery Compound.

Now is the best time to get well. Paine's Celery Compound taken to-day proves a life-giving food for the starved nerves and tissues. It drives uric acid and poisons from the system and clears out rheumatism and neuralgia so completely that they never return. Muscles and joints that have been stiffened and contracted for years become limber; wheeled chairs and crutches are put aside, and suffering is a thing of the past.

Mr. Irwin writes as follows for the benefit of all rheumatic sufferers: "Having been largely benefitted by the use of Paine's Celery Compound I gladly add my testimony as to its value. During six months I was disabled or crippled with rheumatism in my right leg, hip, and shoulder. Getting up and down stairs was a very painful and tardy exercise and for months I could do little better than drag my right leg. Paine's Celery Compound was recommended. I used six bottles and am clear of the pain. I firmly believe that the above medicine cured me of rheumatism.

DEATH OF MRS. ROSS

Passed Away Suddenly at Her Home This Morning

Toronto, March 13.—Mrs. Geo. W. Ross, wife of the Premier, died this morning at 4.30 o'clock.

Death came very unexpectedly. Mrs. Ross was apparently in her usual health until within twenty-four hours of the end. The cause of death was acute uraemia. Yesterday afternoon she became ill, and Dr. R. A. Stevenson, the family physician, was called in, and he subsequently summoned Drs. W. P. Cavan and Burritt in consultation.

Mrs. Ross drove to church on Sunday with the Premier, and on Monday morning went down town. This was the last she was out of the house, but there was no anxiety concerning her condition until Tuesday afternoon.

PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT.

The following statement was issued by Dr. Stevenson: "Mrs. Ross, wife of the Premier, the Hon. Geo. W. Ross, died suddenly at 4.30 o'clock this morning. The cause of death was acute uraemia. She appeared to be in good health until within 24 hours of her decease. Dr. Stevenson, the family physician, was in attendance on Tuesday afternoon, and subsequently Dr. W. P. Cavan and Dr. Burritt were called."

In Seventy-two-Hours

The C. P. R. are arranging a magnificent fast train which will cover the immense stretch of land between Montreal and the Pacific shores in three days. For such a run the average time, including stops, is a fraction over forty miles an hour. To make this through time, however, a speed of sixty-five miles an hour will have to be maintained over certain sections of the line. Experiments made last summer showed that the plan was feasible. A tri-weekly service is proposed to leave either end of the line on Sundays, Thursdays and Saturdays. These trains will be run in addition to the daily service now given under the old schedule. The trains will consist of eight coaches, made up of a combined express and mail car, baggage car, two day coaches, diner, one tourist, and two first class Pullman sleepers. The engines will be of a very heavy type, of about 125 tons weight. A through sleeper will be run from Toronto to connect with the fast trains.

THE REBELLION SPREADING

Canton Viceroy Despatches Troops to Kwang-si.

Rebels Believed to be Former Soldiers of Marshal Su, Who Were Disbanded on His Promotion.

Hong Kong, March 12—The rebellion in Kwang Si province is spreading rapidly. Signs of unrest are already apparent at Kwe-Lin and Nan-King, the newly opened river treaty ports.

The Canton viceroy has despatched troops to the scene of the disturbances, and has stationed over 1,000 men at Kwe-Lin and Nan-King for use in case of eventualities.

The rebels are believed to be former soldiers of Marshal Su, who were disbanded on his promotion. Their propaganda, which has spread far and wide, includes the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty, the founding of a Chinese dynasty and helping the oppressed and needy Chinese.

Pekin, March 12—The government has ordered Marshal Su to resume command of the rebellious soldiers in Kwang Si province. It is doubtful if he will be able to control them, as it is necessary to pay them for overdue wages.

The French legation here has received a telegram saying that the rebels have killed a French officer.

Tumbled from Prison Gallery

Toronto, March 13.—John Bourke, a prisoner confined in the Central Prison, was killed at that institution yesterday morning by a fall from the second gallery, in which his skull was fractured. The man lived only a short time.

The prisoner did not leave his cell when the other prisoners were taken out at 7.30 o'clock yesterday morning, and when he was discovered by a cleaner, the occurrence was reported. Being aroused by a guard and ordered to go to the tailor-shop, Bourke left his cell and walked along the gallery to the end, where he staggered and fell sideways over the railing, twenty feet, to the floor below, alighting on his head. He was picked up in an unconscious condition, and was attended by the prison surgeon, Dr. Sloane. His skull was found to be fractured, the injury causing his death at 9.30 o'clock or about two hours later.

At the inquest last night, evidence was taken from two prisoners, the warden and Dr. Sloane, after which the jury found that death had been entirely accidental, and that no blame was to be attached to anybody.

Bourke, who was 67 years of age, was sentenced to the Central Prison for six months in North Bay on November 6th last for vagrancy. For some little time past he had been in rather poor health, during his confinement.

WATER CONSUMERS.

Water consumers will please take notice that all water rates are payable in advance, and that all unpaid rates for the present quarter must be paid at once to the Collector at the Town Office, corner Simcoe and Water Streets.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas H. Metherel,
228 Hunter Street.

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If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, for the people who look out for bargains know it and

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RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST
PHRENOLOGIST
AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O'Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

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Tickets on sale MARCH 1st to APRIL 30th, 1902, inclusive.

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SPECIAL SETTLERS TRAINS FOR CANADIAN NORTH-WEST will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers travelling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto 1.45 p.m.

Limited to continuous passage and will be on sale daily from

March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
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LADIES' COATS

This month made up in the latest styles at greatly reduced prices.

We have some goods which we do not want to carry over and will sell at cost.

Gents' Suits

At a large discount. Call and see our Bargains. They will surprise you.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$2.50 per month for 10 months will buy 1/[illegible] shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our prospect [illegible] will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars [illegible]. The Bonnie Investment Co., [illegible] Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales, large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

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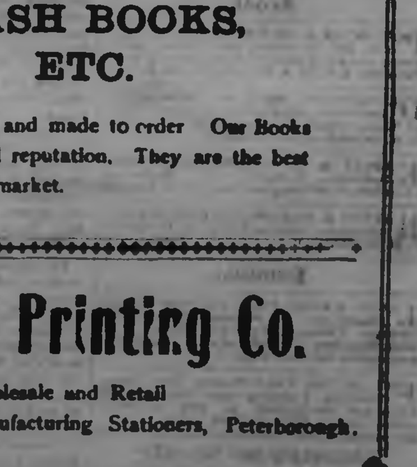

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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 62 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MARCH 14 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GREAT BRITAIN FEARS MORE DEFEATS AND FURTHER CALAMITIES EXPECTED

Body of 1,300 Troops, Under Command of Colonel Greenfell, May Be Annihilated or Captured by the Boers

General Methuen May Die from Wounds Received During the Battle, if He Should Recover He will be Unfit for Service—Methuen Has been Released

London, March 14.—Despite the despatches received to-day giving further details of the capture of General Methuen and the routing of his army the public feels that the British losses greatly exceed those given in the official account.

There is much anxiety over the fate of Colonel Greenfell and his 1,300 mounted troops, whom Methuen was to meet at Pooimentjesfontein.

The Daily Mail points out that this second force may be in danger of capture if not already taken by the Boers, who fooled Methuen by dressing in British uniforms and might easily play the same trick on Colonel Greenfell.

The news from South Africa to-day does not offer a single drop of comfort. A late dispatch to-night says that General Methuen is dangerously wounded and that even if he recovers he will never be able to enter active service again.

KITCHENER TO LEAD BATTLES.

It is learned at the War Office that Lord Kitchener will be relieved of much administrative work in South Africa in order to enable him to take the field in person and head a large mounted force in an endeavor to capture De Wet.

Well-informed military men say that Lord Kitchener will need 50,000 additional troops before he will be able to control South Africa or offer any sort of safety either to soldiers or civilians. They say the task is practically insuperable, for great areas demand attention in the eastern Transvaal, the western Transvaal, the Orange Free State and Cape Colony.

The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick when asked in the House of Commons to-day what steps had been taken in view of the success of the Boers against General Methuen to send Lord Kitchener reinforcements, said 5,000 yeomanry should be immediately embarked with large drafts of cavalry and infantry. Lord Kitchener would be given all the assistance he asked for.

WILL PUSH THE WAR.

Even in the most conservative circles there is little disposition to minimize the incident, but everywhere is heard the determination to maintain the tradition that blows serve to strengthen and stiffen the British resolution. Lord Rosebery struck the popular note to-day in a speech before the Glasgow students. He admitted that it was heartbreaking after all the expenditure of life, time and money, but, he added:

"It will not dishearten us. We have got to see this thing through. We must take the blows which fortune deals us with equanimity, showing ourselves worthy of better fortunes."

Lord Rosebery expressed hope that more prosperous times were in store and that in the future "it would be our proud memory that when our country passed through the storm we did not for a moment flinch and were not for an instant dismayed."

SEE HOPE FOR BOERS.

Paris, March 14.—The disaster to General Methuen's column has caused a deep impression in Paris. The newspapers express the opinion that it will have a great moral effect in encouraging the Boers to more obstinate resistance. At the same time the papers do not speak so harshly of General Methuen, owing to his generous conduct in the Villebois-Mareuil affair.

The Temps says:

"Will England end by realizing that it is impossible to exterminate the Boers and that the only issue is negotiations for a treaty of peace acceptable to both sides?"

The Journal Des Debates, alluding to the demonstration of the Irish members in the house of commons yesterday, says: "The double and grave problem which England has to face could not rise up before her in a more menacing and mortifying manner than at the present moment."

London, March 14.—The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, announced in the House of Commons to-day that he understood that General Methuen, who was captured, severely wounded, by General Delarey, March 10, had been released, and was expected to arrive at Klerksdorp, South Western Transvaal, to-day. The general's condition was favorable.

Mr. Brodrick added that the exchange of General Methuen for Commandant Kritzinger had not been contemplated. The trial of the commandant had been postponed because considerable of the evidence to be presented had not been completed.

A FIGHT WITH DE WET IS DAILY EXPECTED

Finns Raise Protest Against Russian Edict — General Opposition to the Order Enforcing Compulsory Military Service

London, March 14.—A brief telegram, dated Heilbron, March 12, reports that General De Wet and ex-President Steyn crossed the main railway two nights previously, five miles north of Wolvehoek, going west.

It is assumed here that this means that General De Wet is trying to join General Delarey. Wolvehoek is about twenty miles south of the Vaal River, and a force going westward from that place would go straight to Klerksdorp and General Delarey's country. A march of about 120 miles would bring the force to the scene of General Methuen's disaster, but before Gen De Wet can join the victorious commandoes in the Western Transvaal he must cross the Vaal River and force another line of blockhouses.

A telegram sent from Pretoria Tuesday reports that the British columns are in touch with De Wet and Steyn and consequently renewed fighting may be expected.

BRAVE AND MODEST

Berlin, March 14. — General Methuen, who was British military attache at Berlin from 1877 to 1881, made many friends while here. Among the stories related of him is that upon one occasion, when he was going to the palace to visit Emperor William in 1881, he jumped into the Spree and saved the life of a drowning child.

The time required to change his clothes made him late at his audience with the Emperor. For this he apologized, but did not give the reason for the delay. A few days later, at a reception in the palace the Emperor drew the British attache aside and pinned the Rescue Medal on the lapel of his coat.

BOER PRISONERS ESCAPE

Paris, March 13.— Five Boer prisoners, who escaped from Fortress Peniche, Portugal, have arrived here. They will return to South Africa, to take part in the war after they have paid a visit to Mr. Kruger in Holland.

BOER LEADERS KILLED.

Cape Town, March 14. — During a skirmish near Pearston, Cape Colony, March 12, between some British troops and Commandant Myburgh's force of Boers, Commandant Ovendaal and Field Cornet Vander Vall were killed.

TENTH CORPS FROM NEW ZEALAND.

London, March 14. — A despatch to the Times from Wellington, N. Z., says: —Premier Seddon guarantees that New Zealand will subscribe her share, on the population basis, toward strengthening the Australian forces in South Africa. Arrangements will be made for rapid mobilization of the 10th New Zealand contingent for service in South Africa, if it is needed.

BOER ATTACK FEARED

New Orleans, La., March 13.—The officers of the British mule transports here are alarmed at the attitude of the Boer agents and sympathizers. The captain of the British transport Montreal, which is loading with mules at Chalmette, waited upon Sheriff Nunez, of St. Bernard, yesterday and stated that he had reason to believe that his vessel would be subject to an attack similar to that on the Mechanician, against which a dynamite torpedo was floated, and asked for protection. Deputy sheriffs were detailed to protect the Montreal against Boer attacks.

London, March 14.—A despatch to The Times from Helsingfors says the Finnish clergy in many parishes refuse to read out in the pulpit the Russian military service edict. In the capital as a consequence of the attitude of the clergy, the task was committed to a feeble-minded clergyman, who was twice prevented by vigorous protests from reading the edict. Many communes have been fined for refusing to elect members of the conscription boards which have to carry out the edict. The entire medical board of Finland has resigned rather than appoint officers in connection with the levy. Several press censors have been prosecuted for trespassing in private houses in search of unauthorized prints.

CRISIS ARISES IN ALBANIA.

London, March 13.—The Times reprints a letter published in Vienna, which says the Albanian question has taken on an acute and dangerous character, owing to the economic crisis. It is impossible for people to find work as the country has no industries, while agriculture and cattle breeding have declined because of the hostility of the Government to enterprise, while estates do not yield one-tenth of what they once did. Owing to the general discontent with Turkish rule the national party is gaining recruits.

AMERICANS AND THE CORONATION.

Paris, March 13.—The London correspondent of the Paris edition of The New York Herald says: "I have been talking with one of the smartest American ladies in London, and gather from her that it is quite a mistake to assume that London will be over-run by the better class of Americans during the coronation season. They justly argue that London will not be enjoyable this year from their point of view."

London, March 13 —A correspondent of the Daily News, wiring from Copenhagen, says authentic reports have reached there from St. Petersburg saying that the revolutionary movement is spreading in all directions and assuming serious proportions.

The unrest has reached many parts of Siberia. The governor of Tomsk has issued an order prohibiting meetings of citizens in the towns and villages throughout the province.

Troubles are reported at many places in Siberia, including Novonikolaievsk, Biisk, Mariinsk, and Barnaoul.

Would You Maintain A Full Supply of Vital Force and Energy

Users of Malt Breakfast Food are enabled to maintain a constant and full supply of vital force and energy so necessary for the achievement of success in the duties of life.

The ordinary breakfast grain foods charged with insoluble starch and indigestible particles, hamper and greatly retard digestion, reduce vital force and waste existing energy.

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Malt Breakfast Food contains the full virtues of health-giving Malt and the strength-yielding qualities of the choicest wheat. Ask your grocer for it.

General - Sports.

LACROSSE.

Everything looks favorable for a rousing meeting of lacrosse enthusiasts in the Y.M.C.A. to-night. Peterborough has already landed two championships—rugby and hockey—and now for a third. There is certainly enough good material for to get a good strong team in the field, and no doubt when the lacrosse season opens, Peterborough will have a team that will give a good account of themselves, and of which the town will be proud.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the T. A. S. rooms last night for the purpose of considering the formation of a lacrosse team under the auspices of the Athletic Association.

The following officers were elected:
President—John O'Brien.
Vice-President—W. J. Devlin.
Secretary—Geo. Giroux.
Treasurer—Geo. O'Brien.
Executive Com.—R. Begley, E. Mahoney, S. McCabe, A. Doris, E. Manley, J. N. Anglesey, Chas. Murty.

The team will be composed altogether of members of the society, and will be known as the T.A.S. Lacrosse Club. The secretary was instructed to write to the secretaries of teams in other towns with the view of arranging a series of matches to be played for a trophy. Also to see if a league can be formed in this district.

The colors of the club will be red, with a black border. After further discussion, a committee consisting of Messrs. Begley, Giroux, Sharp and Murty were appointed to attend the lacrosse meeting at the Y.M.C.A. to-night.

The meeting adjourned until Thursday evening next, March 20th.

London will likely make application at the annual convention of the C.L.A. to play in the senior series.

HOCKEY.

The Montreal hockey team was defeated by the Victorias, of Winnipeg, last night, in the first game of the Stanley Cup series, by a score of 1—0. The ice was in good condition, and the game was very close and exciting.

Stratford is indignant because the O. H. A. enforced the rules and threw out its protest. Its threat to leave the O. H. A. and join another organization will not affect the stock market.—Toronto Globe.

Galt blames the referee for its defeat by Peterborough. It is the old story of a beaten team that wants to win at all hazards. It is mighty hard to bear defeat in some hockey towns.—Mail and Empire.

There is a lack of harmony among the members of the ladies' hockey team. This has caused a feeling of coldness between some of the players which is quite as chilly as the pure crystal on which the games are played. The difficulty is caused by the division of the finances which fell to the ladies after the recent game with the Sorosians of Belleville. Five of the young ladies, knowing the pressing need of the hospital for a Nurses' Home, wanted to give the lump sum to that institution, while three of the fair hockeyists wanted to give the money to Queen's Athletic Association. There is one thing certain, that about $15 of the amount will go to the hospital. Whether the Athletic Committee refuses to take the balance of the money or not, remains to be seen.—Kingston News.

Stratford's Kick.

Stratford, March 12.—For a long time past the Ontario Hockey Association has had it in for Stratford every time it had half a chance. Stratford got it in the neck last night. The climax was reached when the junior hockey team's protest against the last goal in the U.C.C. match played last week, and the ruling of the referee in the case of the tie, was turned down, and the championship awarded to U.C.C.

Indignation is so strong here that the chances are that Stratford teams will never again give the O.H.A. an opportunity to jump onto them. The players and the management are so disgusted that they declare that Stratford next season will form part of a western league which will be entirely independent of that association. This idea is not new by any means. For years past the management has been approached by western teams to form a league, and have refused, and remained loyal to the O.H.A.

After the treatment on Tuesday night, and after sending the junior team to play a sudden-death game with Penetang at Barrie, a hundred and fifty miles from home, while Penetang only had about thirty miles to go, which happened only recently, not to mention other instances in which Stratford has been sat upon, the boys think it is high time they quit the O. H. A.

THE RING.

American Boxers in England.

New York, March 12.—B. H. Lee and W. A. Gavin, who are arranging a boxing and athletic carnival for the National Sporting Club, of London, to be held next June in London, after a confab yesterday with Billy Madden, Sam Fitzpatrick and Dr. Ordway, at the Gilsey House, clinched the matches arranged on Monday for Gus Ruhlin and Tom Sharkey by finding opponents for them. Ruhlin is to be paired against Kid McCoy, and Sharkey is to tackle Peter Maher. At first there was some objection to having McCoy meet anyone in the carnival owing to the unsavory talk which his mill with Jim Corbett created after they battled at Madison Square Garden nearly two years ago. But this objection was overruled, as McCoy is the only man outside of Jeffries or Fitzsimmons available for the "Akron Giant" to face just now. The Englishmen went to Philadelphia yesterday to see Peter Maher and get his signature to the articles of agreement. Sharkey has already signed, and Maher will no doubt do the same. Madden says that Ruhlin is willing to fight McCoy, and the foreigners declared that they received the "Kid's" sanction to such a match before they sailed to this country.

A rival for Tommy Ryan has also been found. Philadelphia Jack O'Brien is to be his opponent. The limit of all the "goes" will be twenty rounds each town to be of three minutes' duration. Pat Daley, the Fourth Ward lad who went to England several years ago, will put on the mitts with Eros. Joe Walcott will probably face either Tommy West or Charlie McKeever, as there is no in his class on the other side. Harry Harris is another American pugilist named to figure in the carnival. Ben Jordan is his prospective adversary. Benny Yaegar, the "Tipton Slasher," may also appear in one of the bouts.

Eddy Lenny will box Benny Yanger six rounds in Chicago on Monday evening.

Champion Jeffries has arrived in Los Angeles, where he will finish up his training for his bout with Fitz.

Fitz Not Anxious.

Robert Fitzsimmons is apparently not excessively eager for a bout with James J. Jeffries. The freckled gentleman from Bath Beach raises trivial objections to the holding of the contest the latter part of April. According to the Californians, the racing season will end there April 27, and it will be necessary to hold the bout April 26 or 27 in order to secure the attendance of the turfites. Fitzsimmons says the bout was set for May 15, and he will not fight a day sooner. When the question of changing the date was brought to his attention, Fitzsimmons said:

"Not for me. I am going to be in condition for this fight, and I am not going to cut one week off of what I think is the proper training to suit anybody. I am going to win and then I am going to retire and die the champion."

"But you would get more money at the fight if it is held in 'Frisco before the racing crowds leave there," suggested someone. To which Fitz replied:

"If it is a question of money, or a chance to win the fight I will throw away the money before I will throw away my chances. Don't overlook that. If you think I am going into this fight just for the money there is in it, you're mistaken. There is a difference of 20 per cent between the winner's and the loser's end, and we will also fight 'winner take all' of the pictures, to say nothing of such a little thing as the championship title.

"You can rest assured, and all my good friends can be easy in their minds that I will not miss a single trick, but will go into the ring with Jeffries in the best condition I can get into."

From now to April 27 would give Fitzsimmons fully seven weeks of training, and he has been working for nearly a month as it is.

Fitzsimmons' assertion that there is 20 per cent difference in the purse to the boxers, is unfounded. The purse to be divided, 60 and 40 per cent., the loser receiving but 10 per cent. less than the winner, nearly an equal division.

From Fitzsimmons' attitude, the impression has spread that he is not over-anxious to again meet the boilermaker.

WRESTLING.

New York, March 12.—George Bothner and Tom Jenkins seem to be wanted at the carnival to be held in England. Jenkins will be pitted against Jack Carkeek and Bothner will compete with either Joe Carroll or Tim Reilly.

Hamilton, March 12.—Last night Dan McLeod, the local wrestler, threw Charles Reinecke, the Pittsburg wrestler, five times in 55 minutes, 21 seconds. To win the match he was to throw him that number of times in an hour. Four of the falls were gained with half Nelsons and crotch. The other was a whole Nelson leg hold, and was quite spectacular. There were two preliminary matches. Dutch Sarr threw Bert Cooley, a pupil of Jenkins, twice. The first go was between boys, Mat. Drouteduski and Young Moriarity. The Italian won in two straight falls. Thomas Coxlon was referee, and Nelson Pitton master of ceremonies.

GOLF.

Ocala, Fla., March 14.—A number of the most expert amateur golfers in this section of the country are taking part in the two days' tournament which began here to-day. The programme provides for scratch and handicap contests, for both women and men. Handsome cups will be awarded the winners.

SEVENTH CABLE CHESS MATCH.

New York, March 14 — Chess players the world over have been looking forward with intense interest to the international championship match between the United States and Great Britain, which opens to-day. It is the seventh contest of the kind between the two countries. The prize is a magnificent challenge cup offered by Sir George Newnes. The match is on eight boards. The quarters of the London club and those of the Brooklyn chess club will be connected by cable this morning. The rooms of the club no doubt will be thronged with enthusiastic chess players. The battleground of the American team is the Academy of Music in Brooklyn. At 9.30 o'clock New York time, the players of each team will take tables and await the word to move. This will be given precisely at 10 o'clock. The London play will be carried on in the large club room of the British Chess Club in the Cannon Street Hotel. The cable and telegraph wires making direct connections between the two rooms aggregate 3,483 miles, but, notwithstanding this great distance, the players are brought as close together as though they were sitting face to face. There will be an intermission of one hour at 2 o'clock, and play will then be resumed and continued until 7 p.m. If the match is unfinished to-night, the play will be continued to-morrow. The American team this year is an unusually strong one, including such famous experts as Showalter, Howell, Barry, Voigt and Hymes. In the six contests already held the Americans are a little ahead. The first was won by the United States, the second and third by Great Britain, the fourth and fifth were again won by the United States and the match of last year ended in a draw. Three successive victories are necessary for permanent possession of the Newnes trophy.

DAIRYMENS' CONVENTION

Held in the Town Council Chamber Yesterday Afternoon

A meeting of the dairymen and cheesemakers was held yesterday afternoon in the Town Council Chamber. The attendance was very good and representative.

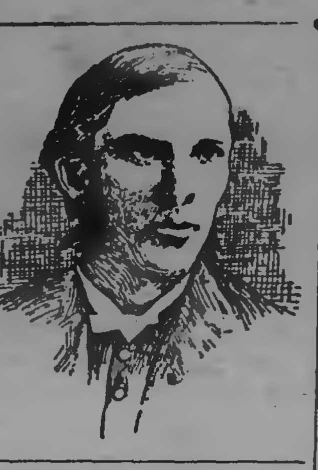
Mr. D. Derbyshire, President of the Eastern Ontario Dairymens' Association occupied the chair. In a few words he explained the objects of the meeting and then called on Mr. L. A. Zufelt, instructor at the Kingston Dairy School who delivered a very able address on "The Care Handling and Manufacture of Milk. He entered fully into the subject and told of the best way of taking the milk from the cows. The milk must be kept perfectly clean and free from all foreign substances. It must not be allowed to stand in pails or cans in a room or building where there are any bad smells or gasses, as the milk would rapidly absorb these and make it bad. Also great care must be taken in what is fed to the cows. No turnips or rape should be fed as they will leave a strong taint on the milk, which is always noticable in the manufacture of cheese and butter. Dealing with the manufacture of cheese, Mr. Zufelt said that there were a great many changes the Association proposed to have made in the cheesefactories in the country. At the present time there were very few factories that had a proper curing room and as this was a very important part of the factory it would be necessary to have the curing rooms altogether renovated. He considered the best result could be obtained from building a curing room on a side hill and making the floor and walls of cement. The temperature must be kept at about 60 degrees. This building if properly ventilated would always remain clean and sweet. The boxes for shipping the cheese in, are at present of a very poor and cheap quality and were often broken open before they arrive in England. The cheese wrappers are of a poor quality and take a great deal from the appearance of the cheese. At the conclusion of Mr. Zufelt's address, Mr. Derbyshire stated that he was sure the address would be greatly appreciated by those present. In a few well-chosen words he introduced Mr. Glendenning who delivered a very able and interesting address on "How to Feed and Handle the Dairy Cow." He pointed out the great difference there was between a good dairy cow and the usual animal found in the country. The dairy cow, was a cow for milk, and not for beef. It is an impossibility to have both qualities in one animal and be a success. After getting a good cow the next thing was the proper way to feed the animal. If a cow is intended for a milk producer, then the animal must be fed on food for the making of milk. If for beef then the foods best suited for the making of flesh. For dairy purposes he recommended a diet of corn allage, clover hay and bran, as these foods were very productive of milk. He would not feed turnips to a milk cow on any consideration. He said a great many farmers were altogether ignorant of the value of clover hay for feed. He said if bran was worth $18 per ton, good clover hay was worth $13.25 per ton. Farmers were always anxious to sell clover hay at almost any price. In many cases they did not receive more than $6 to $7 per ton for it. He considered the farmer was losing money on every load of clover he sold. The trouble with farmers was they tried to feed their cattle the year round as cheap as they possibly could. If they spent a little money on their stock they would make much more from them. At the conclusion of Mr. Glendennings' address Mr. Derbyshire was asked a number of questions about the cheese factories and the staff of inspectors. In reply the audience was informed that as the government had given the association a larger grant than formerly they were in a position to put more factory inspectors in Ontario than in former years and they would see that the factories this year were in better condition than formerly. This was necessary to secure a better quality of cheese, and the quality must be improved if we are to compete on the English market with other countries. Certain rules would be drawn up and factories that did not comply with these rules would be made known throughout the country.

Mr. E. M. Elliott, President of the West Peterborough Farmers Institute addressed the audience and moved that a very hearty vote of thanks be tendered to the speakers for their very interesting and instructive addresses. The motion was carried unanimously and was responded to by the speakers.

The meeting adjourned after singing the National Anthem.

As the dairy season [illegible] expected that another of these lectures will be given then and it should be largely attended.

CAN WE LIVE ON AIR STARTLING NEW THEORY



NEW YORK IRISHMEN CELEBRATE OUR LOSS

Loud Hurrahs Over the Capture of Lord Methuen in South Africa

GRIST OF NEWS FROM BIG CITY

The Departure of the German Prince Gives the New Yorker Time For Other Duties

(Special Telegram to The Times)

New York, March 14 — The capture of General Methuen by the Boers has been hailed with great acclaim by the Irish societies in this city. At a meeting of the Clan-Na-Gael last night cheers were given for the Boers. Several of the leading newspapers are indulging in considerable tail-twisting.

PRINCE HENRY

Now that the chief object of public interest has vanished in the departure of Prince Henry of Prussia to his beloved fatherland, New Yorkers are turning their attention to the various political matters that are rapidly coming to the front as forerunners of the coming autumn campaign.

CITY HALL MARRIAGES.

Undoubtedly the crusade against the City Hall Marriage Bureau which President Cantor is leading, is warranted by the facts, for there have been flagrant abuses there, but if the Bureau is abolished New York's famous lower East Side will miss it. There are solemnized on an average 1,800 marriages a year in the dark basement room called the "bureau," and frequently City Hall loungers are furnished with a picturesque scene. The best patrons of the establishment are Italians, but couples of all nationalities and ranking from the nobility to peasantry have wedded in the bureau.

A NEW THEATRE.

Only a few days more and the famous old Grand street store of Lord & Taylor will be closed and the building converted into a Hebrew theatre. For nearly half a century Grand St. was a centre of the retail trade, but its glory has departed. It has only been a few months since the big Ridley store there was closed and with the going out of existence of the Lord & Taylor establishment another of Gotham's land marks is destroyed.

ST. PATRICK'S DINNER.

The 118th dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick will be given here on Monday evening next. United States District Attorney William Michael Bryne, of Wilmington, Del., will speak and Mayor Low will answer for the city and Bishop Conaty, of the Catholic University, for "The day we celebrate." Governor Odell has promised to attend, but being in mourning for his mother, has cancelled his social acceptances.

A DECIDED SUCCESS.

The new system of offering city bonds as required by the revised charter is a success. Heretofore, bonds could be allotted in bulk to syndicates offering to take "all or none" at a specified price. No all or none bids are permitted, and bonds are now allotted to the highest bidders, regardless of the amounts bid for. In other words, the loan becomes a "popular" one, in that small investors have an equal chance with the large.

FOR THE EMPLOYEES.

New York enjoys the distinction of being the first city in the country in which a street railway company has instituted a pension system. The Metropolitan street railway has established law to this effect and provides for voluntary and involuntary retirement of all employment between the ages of 65 and 70 years who have been in the service continually for twenty-five years. The pension fund will be supplied by the company and the employees themselves will not be asked to contribute. The plan is the scheme of President Vreeland.

IN AID OF BOER PRISONERS

Women's Transvaal League Plans a Reception and Benefit

Chicago, March 14 — The Women's Transvaal League of Chicago held a reception and benefit for the helpless women and children of the Boer prisoners in the Bermuda Islands last night at Trinity Reformed Church, Chicago. The chief speaker of the evening was Caroline Bartlett Crane, who spoke on the subject, "Why I am a Pro-Boer."

Rev. Mr. Pfanstiehl of Highland Park, also spoke.

Miss Genevieve Birkhoff sang the Transvaal national hymn and there was an exhibition of curios made by the prisoners which were offered for sale.

A French Scientist Has Demonstrated that we Can

Wonderful Result of Experiments Made in Paris

Will the Discovery End All Necessity to Work for Food

London, March 13 — Considerable attention throughout Europe is being directed to a book just published in Berlin by Prof. von Halle urging Germany to press, and, if necessary, to force Holland to enter the German Empire, together with the Dutch colonies. The significance of the brochure lies in the fact that this is a recognized means of forming German opinion and foreshadowing national policy.

Prof. von Halle affirms that the cause of Germany's failure to become a great sea power is the position of Holland at the mouth of the Rhine, which mouth she refuses to improve. She draws sustenance from German labor and yet refuses to share German burdens, preferring to occupy a position in which in time of war she might be a positive danger to the stronger State.

He bids the Dutch distrust English assurances of protection, which have always ended hitherto for Holland in taking her colonies, and he promises her, if she will agree with Germany to give her support which will enable her to avoid the fate of Manila and Porto Rico.

The professor concludes by advocating energetic means for the pressure of his policy, such as differential rates for Dutch goods sent by rail through Germany, which would, he observes, greatly interfere with Dutch commerce. This advice is closely in accord with the old Prussian idea that the way to make a defendant love you is to thrash him well.

It is necessary to point out that the independence of Holland is guaranteed not only by Great Britain but by France and Russia. Professor von Halle's book must further antagonize Dutch opinion of Germany, which is already bitter.

BOERS APPEAL TO SECY. HAY.

They Ask to Seek Alleviation of Conditions in Concentration Camps

Washington, March 13 — Dr. Heinrich Miller, the Boer representative in Europe, who came to this country with the Special Commissioners, Wessels and Wolmarans, had an interview with Secretary Hay to-day. Dr. Miller appealed to Mr. Hay to take some action in the name of the United States Government to induce Great Britain to alleviate the conditions in the concentration camps in South Africa, which he described as horrible. The mortality, he asserted, was very heavy, amounting in some camps to 60 per cent. of the persons concentrated.

While Mr. Hay did not give Dr. Miller a definite answer, the views of President Roosevelt on the subject not having been ascertained, it is not likely that the Government will make any representations to Great Britain. The matter is a delicate one in a diplomatic sense, and the British Government might resent any attempted interference with its domestic affairs.

WHAT SHE SAW IN HEAVEN

Miss Dohner Also Says She Had a Peep Sat Satan's Domain

Mishawaka, Ind., March 13 — While in a trance for thirty hours Miss Myrtle Dohner, daughter of a farmer, says she experienced a transition from earth to heaven. In a statement given to Rev. W. G. Tracy, pastor of Zion's church, she says she was first ushered into a heaven where Christ sat upon a throne in magnificent splendor, surrounded by hundreds of angels waving palms. There were also many others, all robed in spotless white, and myriads of children graced the scene. Christ beckoned unto her, and the entire populace of the brilliant realm sang praises to the Lord.

Next she was led into a different world. All was black and in a lake of fire. Satan's subjects were writhing in pain and begging for mercy. Satan smiled in derision at the suffering ones and asked Miss Dohner to follow him, but a guide interposed.

Miss Dohner is one of ten who passed into a trance at a revival meeting in Salem church. While in this state she spoke the names of three persons, declaring they had just become Christians. The three joined the church at that hour, but the girl was four miles from the scene where the conversion was recorded. It might be mentioned that there are good telephone connections.

Tendency of Catarrh is to Spread

Just a slight matter at first, and because slight, neglected; but the seed sown brings forth a dangerous harvest, consumption, which is the harvest of death. Better spend a few moments each day inhaling Catarrhozone, an aromatic antiseptic that relieves at once, clears the nasal passages, and restores lost sense of taste and smell. The immediate effect of Catarrhozone is magical, so prompt and efficient. Cure is certain and permanent if you use Catarrhozone. Price $1, small size 25c., at druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Weather Notes

Probs.—To-day. Mild.

Rain has fallen heavily over the greater portion of Ontario and Quebec, but clearing conditions are now indicated. It is turning decidedly colder in the North west Territories, possibly heralding a change before long to more wintry conditions in Ontario and Quebec.

WALL ST. WINNERS

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 14, 1902

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

In view of the application being made to the parliament of Canada for a measure to establish municipal ownership of such public conveniences as telephones, etc., so far, at least, as new lines are concerned, some facts from the experience of the city of Glasgow, where municipal ownership has been the practice for years, may not be uninteresting.

From returns recently published, we find that in Glasgow a year ago a working man's week was sixty hours, or ten hours a day for six days. This year it is fifty-four hours, the working day being reduced to nine hours. This year the wages have been increased one-seventh, or fourteen per cent. These facts relate to the street railway, but similar instances could be cited from other lines of work carried on by the city. The city's street railway department also has a pension system. There are no dismissals in consequence of old age, though men are not kept on duty after their usefulness has gone. After fifteen years' service a man has a right to retire, if he be unable to work, and he gets one-quarter of his weekly pay as long as he lives. After twenty-five years' service the employes are retired on a pension equal to three-quarters of the highest wages they have received. The receipts from the operation of all the public services by the city practically pay the cost of the municipal government, too.

There is much to be said in favor of attaching a proviso to all franchises hereafter given to corporations in this country, whereby the services can at any time be taken over by the municipality in which such service is operated, on given notice, and at an appraised valuation. Provision is made in granting charters to railways whereby the same can be taken over by the Government of the Province or Dominion, according to which power grants the charter. The experience of Glasgow certainly shows how important to a community are the franchises which are so often in this country given away to corporations.

Marconi has talked two miles over a wireless telephone. Shareholders in Bell Telephone stock will experience a wireless shock.

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The Registrar-General's report, just issued, states that the total population of Ontario in 1891 by the census was 2,114,321; and in 1901, 2,182,947, showing an increase of 68,621. Taking the figures of the municipal census and completing them by using the census figures for Muskoka and Parry Sound, Nipissing and Algoma, where the municipal returns had not yet been completed, it was found that the population was in 1891, 1,918,465, and in 1900, 2,291,751, showing a difference of 373,286.

• • • •

There will be no change in the Assessment law at this session of the Legislature, except in regard to the "scrap-iron" feature, upon which Hon. Mr. Gibson has secured the approval of the Municipal Committee for a clause which provides in effect for the assessment of ways, rails, poles, wires, gas and other pipes, mains, conduits, substructures and fixtures, which shall be assessed "at their actual value, as the same would be appraised upon the sale by the company to another company possessing similar power, rights, and franchises." This seems to be plain and unequivocal, though it would hardly be safe to gamble on the interpretation which a Bench of Judges may put upon it.

Mrs. Frank Gowie and Mrs. LaGrone, of Camden, N.J., were shot dead by two unknown men yesterday. The men escaped.

Three aged persons were asphyxiated by coal gas yesterday at their home in Mount Clemens, Mich.

The wife of Thomas Birkett, M.P., is dangerously ill at Ottawa.

Large numbers of colonists are passing through Winnipeg daily.

The hotel at Jackson, near Owen Sound was destroyed by fire.

A Sault Ste. Marie prisoner awaiting transportation to the Central Prison scaled the walls of the jail there on Tuesday, and made good his escape.

Labor-Saving but Oath-Producing.

SPEAKING of the introduction in Eastern telephone exchanges of the "line-busy" phonograph attachments, the "Argonaut" remarks that in the effete East these innovations may possibly be tamely received, but they had a short life in San Francisco. When some bright telephone clerk conceived the plan of saving another clerk's wages by putting on a phonograph to say, "Line is busy," it was received with rejoicing by the telephone stockholders in San Francisco. But the telephone subscribers did not like it at all, and did not hesitate to say so. On the first day of the innovation the startled telephone subscribers listened in wonder to the mechanical moaning, squeaking and buzzing of the phonograph droning out: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy—line—is—busy— we —will —call—you." The machine, naturally, was deaf to expostulation or enquiry. To polite dissent and to fiery oaths it returned the same monotonous groan: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy." Goaded by this automatic barking, the most mild-mannered men became temporarily maddened. On that famous first day the telephone scenes in the various clubs were peculiar. From the telephone closets there would come at intervals wild bursts of oaths and sometimes maniac laughter. The attendants would hasten to the telephone temple, and assist forth congested millionaires, purple-faced, pop-eyed, apoplectic. They were speechless—all they could do was to shake their fists at the telephone. When a mining millionaire from Mexico, newly arrived that day, suddenly burst out of the telephone closet clamoring for an axe with which to attack the instrument, the club manager grew apprehensive. When, later in the day, an alcoholic millionaire could not wait for an axe, but demolished the telephone with a heavy, silver-headed cane, the manager concluded to take prudential measures and ask the telephone company to switch off the phonograph. Which was done. This was the end of the telephone-phonograph in the San Francisco clubs, and not long after it was disused throughout the city generally. This experience is respectfully submitted by the "Argonaut" for the consideration of Eastern cities.

Suicide Contagious.

Mayor Morse, of Emporia, Kan., asked the editors of Emporia papers recently to refrain from publishing details of suicides. He said that the publication of such details had caused an epidemic of suicides in that community in the last two years. He had consulted with the Board of Health, and thought that if the papers would not comply with his request he had a right to stop summarily the publication of suicide details under a law providing for the suppression of epidemics.

"If the paper," he said, "on which these local papers are printed had been kept in a place infected with smallpox I could demand that the papers quit using that paper or stop publication. If they spread another contagion, the contagious suggestion of suicide, I believe the liberty of the press is not to be considered before the public welfare, and that the courts would sustain me in using force to prevent the publication of papers containing matter clearly deleterious to the public health.

"However, no such steps need be taken. Mr. White, of the 'Gazette;' Mr. Strong, of the 'Republican,' and Mr. Yearout, of the 'Times,' are in sympathy with me in this movement and will suppress the details of suicides until the epidemic subsides."

Sunshine.

After a morn of dreary rain
  The sullen clouds withdrew,
The summer sun shone forth again
  From skies of dazzling blue:

Sorrow and suffering was my dole,
  But you have banished pain—
Your love shone through my lonely soul
  Like sunshine after rain!

—Eileen Benson.

Where There is No Degeneracy.

A delightful article by Mr. Frank Beddard, of the London Zoological Gardens, in the "Pall Mall Magazine," makes one suspect that the only spot in civilization where degeneracy has not begun is the "Zoo." Mr. Beddard takes us through the great menagerie which is under his supervision, and shows us many distinguished inmates at dinner. The hippopotamus is an enviable gourmet. He has been thirty-seven years at the "Zoo," and has had only one attack of indigestion. On that grave occasion he was cured with forty (or eighty) drops of croton oil, administered in a bun. Happy beast! No visits to specialists at a guinea a visit! No anxious trials of patent medicines, advertised in the evening papers with portraits of the cures! Down went the bun, and Hippo was himself again! The Australian cassowary consumes everything (except the missionary and his hymn-book), and never knows what indigestion means. Excellent living (Mr. Beddard's statistics of the food are staggering) and leisured ease make astonishing longevity at the "Zoo." There was a Madagascar parrot who flourished in captivity for fifty-four years, and goodness knows how old he was when he retired to Regent's Park. Possibly he became a centenarian. The official records apparently neglect to state his views of life.

Incident at Pekin.

Probably the most amusing incident of the siege of Pekin, says Henry Savage Landor, occurred on July 22, 1900, when the Dowager-Empress sent a hundred melons, some cucumbers and egg-plant as a present to the Chinese soldiers at the barricades. The servants who brought them misunderstood the order, and handed over the whole lot to the foreign soldiers, also at their barricade. The vegetables were hauled in with due haste, as soon as the guards got over their first astonishment at the handsome gift; but no doubt the person most astonished of all was the messenger on his return to the Dowager-Empress. It is not improbable that the misplaced melons cost him his life.

Fossil Pills.—The demand is proof of their worth. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are beating out many fossil formulas of a quarter a box. They're better medicine, easier doses, and 10 cents a vial. A thousand ailments may arise from a disordered liver. Keep the liver right and you'll not have Sick Headache, Biliousness, Nausea, Constipation and Sallow Skin.—6c

In 1902 there were 67,[illegible] immigrants arrived in this country; last year there were [illegible].

Anecdotal.

On one occasion, when Robert Fechter, the tragedian, appeared in "Monte Cristo," the curtain rose at twelve-thirty for the last act discovering Fechter in an attitude of contemplation. For some moments he did not make a movement, and not a sound broke the silence, until a small but clear voice in the gallery queried, in tones of anxiety: "I hope we are not keeping you up, sir?"

An English paper tells a good story of a Droitwich barber. He was just finishing lathering a customer and was talking volubly as usual. "Yes, sir," he said, "there's no carelessness allowed by our employer. Every time we cut a customer's face we are fined sixpence, and if we make an ugly gash it costs us a shilling." Then, picking up and brandishing his razor, he added: "But I don't care a rap to-day. I've just won a sovereign."

Parson Twine, the Chesterfieldian sanitary officer and a dog-catcher of Atchison, recently called at a house, says a Kansas City paper, and asked the woman who appeared if she kept a dog. "No, I don't," responded the woman; "look for yourself." "Madam," said Parson Twine, "what sort of an administration would this be if the dog tax collector doubted the word of a lady?" The woman looked at him helplessly for a moment, and then softly said: "I—I—I have one little dog which I will pay on if you say so."

Gen. Sherman was one of the most approachable men who ever commanded a great army. During his famous march to the sea both North and South were completely mystified as to what point he was striking for, and one day an old Georgia planter, who had called at his headquarters and enjoyed his good cheer, asked him plumply if he had any objections to telling where his army was bound. "Not the least," said Sherman. Then leaning over, he whispered in his guest's ear, but so loudly that everybody else in the tent overheard it. "We are going pretty much where we damn please."

The wife of a well-known New York lawyer, who visited London this summer, was operated on for appendicitis in the British metropolis shortly after her arrival there. The first day the patient was able to accompany her husband for a walk she met Ambassador Joseph Choate, an intimate friend, who had shown much solicitude for her recovery. The delighted Mr. Choate greeted the lawyer warmly, but seemed to ignore his wife, who finally said, with a pout: "Why, Mr. Choate, you don't take any notice of me. You haven't spoken a word to me yet. I really believe you have forgotten me." "My dear madam," said Mr. Choate, smiling, "I must confess that I did not recognise you without your appendix."

The methods employed by ex-Governor Throckmorton of Texas to make clear the claims of his clients were perhaps unlike those of any other lawyer, but they often carried conviction with them. At one time he was defending a man who was on trial for murder in Gainesville, Texas. He desired to make it plain to the jury that the man whom his client killed, although in his shirt-sleeves and without a pistol-pocket, might have been well-armed. "Can you see any signs of arms about me?" demanded the general, taking off his coat, and standing before the jurors. They shook their heads. "Watch me!" he said, dramatically, and with that he proceeded to draw a pistol from under each arm, one from each boot-leg, and from the back of his neck a bowie-knife of most sinister aspect.

The following story goes to show that all men have not their price—a theory held by some. It also emphasizes the fact that a rebuke can be more efficiently given quietly than in anger. Once when Gen. Ludlow, then a colonel of engineers, was in charge of some important Government contracts, a contractor came into his office and slipped into his hand a bill of a large denomination, and at the same time spoke of the size of his bid for certain Government works. Col. Ludlow at once made the contractor feel at home by smiling and inviting him to take a chair. Then he handed the contractor a cigar. The visitor by this time was in high feather over the apparent success of his attempt at bribery, but his idea of Ludlow was suddenly changed. "Won't you have a light, too?" asked the colonel, and stepping to the fireplace with the bill he lighted it and politely applied it in a flame to the contractor's cigar, where he held it until it was entirely consumed. It is related that there was a deep silence; then the contractor went away gloomily and never returned

Progressive Turkish Women.

The first Turkish woman, it is said, who has visited Europe with the object of exposing the unhappy condition of her countrywomen is the Princess Hairie Ben-Ayad, who is now in London with her husband, Ali Nouri Bey, lately consul-general of Turkey in Rotterdam. The princess is declared to be well educated and accomplished, and expects to give a course of lectures on social conditions in Turkey, in which she hopes to arouse sentiment against the existing state of affairs. Her husband is well known as a leader of the Turkish Legitimist party, which is working for the release of Murad V. from prison, where his brother, the reigning Sultan, placed him on the plea of insanity. It is said in political circles that the accession of Murad to the throne would introduce a progressive policy into Turkish governmental affairs. The princess, who is deeply interested in these plans, is the daughter of the late Mahmoud Pacha Ben-Ayad of Tunis, a friend of Napoleon III. and prominent during his reign in Paris society.

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah;
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

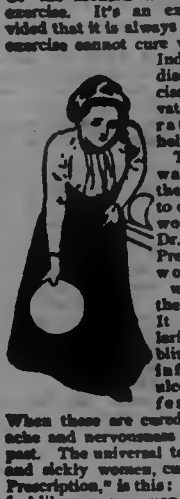
Mrs. Gaswell — The Czar of Russia now has four daughters. Mr. Gaswell —Oh, the dear little Czardines!—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there [illegible] "I have went [illegible]."

The Fad

Of the modern women is health by exercise. It's an excellent fad, provided that it is always remembered that exercise cannot cure womanly diseases.



Indeed, where such diseases exist exercise is apt to aggravate the condition rather than to help it.

The first step toward establishing the general health is to establish the local womanly health. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When these are cured, backache, headache and nervousness are things of the past. The universal testimony of weak and sickly women, cured by "Favorite Prescription," is this: "It has made me feel like a new woman."

"My wife has used three bottles of Dr. Pierce's medicine, and I never saw such results," writes A. B. Haynes, Esq., of Aurora, Lawrence Co., Mo. "It was wonderful in its work. We had used lots of medicine, also had one of the best physicians in Aurora, but my wife got no better; we heard one pitiful groan after another, day and night. A friend handed me a copy of Dr. Pierce's book, the Common Sense Medical Adviser, and after reading the testimonials of Dr. Pierce's successful treatment, and seeing that the cases described were similar to my wife's, I bought for her a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before she had taken all of the medicine she was up and helping to do the work. She has taken three bottles and is now about well. Has better health than she has had for years."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

◆◆◆

"It is doubtful what is meant by a blizzard."—Daily paper.

I want to know what is a blizzard,
It rhymes well, I know, with a wizard,
Also with a Surrey fowl's gizzard.
But still, what on earth is a blizzard?
It's synchronic, too, with a lizard
And a Spanish chamois called an izard.
May my locks be abundantly scissored
If I know what's meant by a blizzard.
Some say 'tis a storm that can fizz hard,
And people with livers has friz hard.
  If it means that I get
  Both frozen and wet,
Then back to the States go, O blizzard!

◆◆◆

Each snowflake is a tiny star adrift.
  And many sparkling snowflakes do we see,
When with our dear old skull we catch the swift
  And solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

◆◆◆

Quinn—You can just bet that the theatrical people are not opposed to billboards.

De Fonte—No; they are stuck on them.—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Small Mabel was dining with her mother at a neighbor's one day, and not being accustomed to silver knives and forks, she queried: "Mamma, why don't we have tin knives?"

◆◆◆

June 17, 2056.—"Yes," said the eminent merchant, as he swallowed a tabloid beefsteak, "our ancestors were an improvident set."

"They certainly were," assented the other, gulping down a pill containing two fried eggs and a cup of coffee. "Why, Ruggins' 'Customs of the Ancients' says that during the period of 1902-25 a busy merchant frequently spent ten minutes in eating one meal."—Baltimore News.

◆◆◆

Chollie—I stood on the corner this morning, and of all the hundreds of women that went by I didn't see more than three that I would marry.

Dolly—And I suppose the number that would marry you was a good deal smaller still.—Somerville Journal.

Ex-Governor John P. Altgeld, of Illinois, suffered a paralytic stroke after addressing a very large pro-Boer meeting on Tuesday night. He died about 7.30 yesterday morning.

—Col. Charles Adams, a civil war veteran, and member of the last Missouri Legislature, died yesterday at Chillicothe.

Arthur Fawcett, former Financial Secretary of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, pleaded guilty at Buffalo yesterday, to a charge of stealing the funds of the union.

The Boer delegates called on President Roosevelt yesterday, and bade him good-bye.

Edward Dennits, of Riverview, Ill., shot his sweetheart, and then committed suicide yesterday.

At Williston, Ohio Louis Wolfgang shot and killed Ward Meadows, who a year ago eloped with the former's wife.

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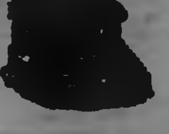

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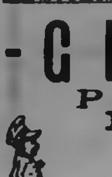

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Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

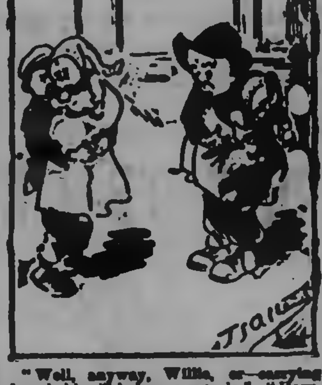
"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous.' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

The Undeserved Evil Repute of Paris.

AN interesting discussion as to the public morals of Frenchmen and "Americans" has recently been started by Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to the United States, who made a trip home not long ago, and was so much impressed by what he saw in the Paris streets, during the summer season, that he felt constrained to make an earnest protest against what seemed to him bad tendencies. He complained of the marked increase in the absinthe habit, and of the growing quantity of indecent pictures and cartoons to be seen in the public streets. Senator Berenger, another prominent Frenchman, who is at the head of the Society for the Prevention of License in the Streets, promptly admitted the justice of M. Cambon's censure, and said that the police have of late put hardly any restrictions upon the exposure, in the central parts of Paris, of engravings and cards which offend decency. He declared that this evil is always at its worst during the summer months, and that its unusual prevalence at this season is because it "springs up especially to meet the average foreigner's conception of the gay capital." Thousands of foreigners go to Paris every year for a short vacation, he adds naively, "intent on having a good time, and declaring their intention so loudly that the city takes on a particular hue for their benefit." This view has been emphatically sustained by the pastor of a French Protestant church in Paris, who asserts that Anglo-Saxon visitors are the foreigners most to blame in this matter, and Americans the worst offenders of all. He contends that the keepers of kiosks where quantities of "lurid photographs" are sold told him that "Americans" are their best customers, purchasing handfuls of vicious papers and cards, which they distribute widely in their own country.

According to the New York "Evening Post," striking testimony to the truth of all this has just been furnished by a member of the United States Congress. Representative Gillett of the Springfield (Mass.) district, a man of high standing and proved independence, has been traveling for some weeks, with Speaker Henderson of Iowa, in England and on the Continent. In a recent letter he remarked that the shops, the hotels, and, above all, the class of amusements which we call "Frenchy," and which "Americans" flock to Paris to see, seemed to him "artificial and made to order to meet the taste of American visitors." He frankly admitted that "it's no credit to us what they think our taste is," and bluntly declared that he had been "thoroughly disgusted to see not only American men, but ladies, too, trying to be amused by sights which they would think both stupid and low at home." He added that it seemed to him as though "quite a proportion of the Parisians were engaged in exhibiting as their natural life and recreations a pretense of high spirits and risky abandon which was all affected, a constant bore to the participants, and only interesting and endurable to strangers so long as they are deceived into believing it is the custom of the country." There is thus virtual agreement on the part of the French legislator, the United States congressman and the French clergyman that foreign visitors, and particularly "American" tourists, are giving Paris a worse reputation than it deserves—in fact, making the city worse in the summer months of their presence than it is during the rest of the year. The clergyman quoted clears the resident American colony of blame, pronouncing it exemplary, but he thinks it "impossible to deny that visiting Yankees do Paris far more harm than Paris does them."



"Well, anyway, Willie, er—carrying dese babies 'll help our muscle."—"Harper's Bazar."

Discretion Better Than Valor.

A New Yorker, the owner of a magnificent yacht, had for his guests on a recent trip three very clever young men, all of them suitors for the hand of his beautiful daughter. The young woman could not determine which she liked the best, they were equally good looking and equally eligible as to wealth and position.

In her perplexity she sought the advice of the Old Salt, a kindly and generous old sea-dog, who sailed the yacht.

"I tell you what I'd do, Miss, if I were you," he said. "The next time we are in a safe place you fall overboard. I will stand by to see that no harm comes to you, and then you can see which is the best man of the lot."

The plan was agreed to, and a day or two later the young woman slid off the plank into the water. In a second two of the young men were in after her and she was heroically rescued. As soon as possible the heroine sought the captain.

"What am I to do now?" she asked. "I have two of them still left."

"Well, I would say this," replied the captain. "If you want a good, sensible husband, you take the one that did not jump after you."

Mrs. Scrappington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that in Patagonia a wife can be purchased for a dollar. Mr. Scrappington—Well, there may be wives in Patagonia that are worth that much.—"Harper's Bazar."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

The Soda Fountain Clerk.

CONSIDER now the meek and humble soda fountain clerk.

Who draweth off the moistened air with nimble turn and jerk.

His garb is always spotless white when first he puts it on.

But, lo, before an hour hath passed its spotlessness hath gone.

For then he hath vanilla on the bosom of his vest, and streaks of red raspberry make his trousers seem a jest.

While chocolate and ginger give a tiger-like effect to the balance of the garments in which he's proudly decked.

His hair is limp and languid, and is parted square and true

Above the very center of his nose, which turneth blue,

Because he hath to linger in the acid and the ice, to fix up funny mixtures for the one that hath the price.

He maketh strange concoctions in the line of fancy drinks, and all the while he watcheth for persuasive sorts of winks.

From early morn he twisteth at the soda water spout, and turneth the ice-crusher till the ice hath given out.

He diggeth in the ice cream and he rusheth with the glass, while his deadly hated rival buys the soda for the lass.

Yea, verily, the soda clerk, he hath a sorry time, for he must know the way to get nine cents out of each dime.

And he must be a hustler, that there will not be a loss of ice or gas or water, or he'll tremble at the boss.

How often, oh, how often, hath the soda jerker grinned at the one who payeth nickels for a penny's worth of wind;

How often, oh, how often, doth a calm and peaceful smile go flitting o'er his visage when a drink goes out of style.

But ah, alas, my son, sometimes he feeleth very bad, and then is when the ladies come with garments rich and glad.

The ladies fill the rockers and the doorways and the stools, and insist upon a liquid that both elevates and cools.

And one declareth that she'd like some chocolate with cream, and when he draweth it, straightway "Oh no!" the maid doth scream.

And then she voweth that she hath already changed her mind, and wanteth just a phosphate with a piece of lemon rind.

And yet, again the other maids declare they do not know just what they wish—and on and on their mild objections flow.

The weary soda fountain clerk suggesteth this and that, from plain old lemon phosphate to a dose of anti-fat.

And finally the ladies fair with one consent conclude that chocolate and cream shall be their soda fountain food.

Now, when he draweth all the drinks, his troubles are not done—

Nay, verily, my trusting child, they are but half begun;

For each and every maiden there doth straightway rise and say:

"Now, girls, I'll think it's awful if you do not let me pay!"

And all protest, and all object, and all their plans defend,

And not a one takes out her purse her lovely cash to spend.

Now, finally, the soda clerk suggesteth that each maid shall pay for what she drank—and then beginneth the tirade.

For all the ladies vow in wrath—yea, yea, they almost sob—that they will his employer see, and take from him his job.

And then they take their parasols, and sternly go away, and not a cent of all that bill do they take steps to pay.

The gentle soda fountain clerk, he falleth in a daze, and leaneth on the vichy tube, and wicked things he says.

Is this not true, just as we have composed it, with much work?

It surely is—and if you doubt, go ask the soda clerk.—Baltimore "American."

The Restlessness of Women.

IN the July "Cosmopolitan" Ella Wheeler Wilcox, with characteristic force and directness, deals with what she regards as a very serious and growing evil now prevalent among her sex in this country, at least among those who belong to the well-to-do and upper classes of society. She says:

"One who studies American womanhood with any care must be alarmed at the growing restlessness of the sex.

"My mountain of mail is often a volcano of seething unrest. It seems a relief to many women—women, doubtless, whom the world supposes to be happy wives and mothers—to write to one they believe to be sympathetic, of the discontent that surges in their hearts.

"To turn from these letters to a social function is to encounter the same elements in another form. Beneath jeweled corsages beat restless hearts; from under the flower-laden brims of the modish hats look unhappy eyes, gazing out into the world with longing for an indefinable something—a happiness imagined but unattained.

"While I believe the tendency of humanity is constantly upward toward a higher plane, it is an indisputable fact that this restlessness of woman is a giant evil, and one of serious growth."

Mrs. Wilcox says it is puzzling to trace this great wave of feminine restlessness to its source. She speaks of the present false standards of wealth, the desire for splendid social station, and for villas at the seaside and castles in Europe, but closes by saying that "after all, a lack of good, everyday common sense is at the bottom of" it all. While this restlessness is a baleful sign of the times, rendered all the more mischievous by the almost equal restlessness of men, it is comforting to reflect that there is a large—a very large—class of women who have and who use constantly good, everyday common sense. But of course they do not belong to that growing class of women who desire to lead in society, and who dream of villas, castles and foreign titles.

Beware of Danger.

Said the melancholy man: "Do you ever look back on your life and reflect on the opportunities you have missed?" "No, sir," answered the hustler. "It would be just my luck to miss some more while I was brooding over what can't be helped."—"Waverley Magazine."

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with me—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it [illegible]
The streets and pavements where we go.
We tramp it under foot and [illegible]—
"[illegible]"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Dooley on the Medical Profession.

HENNESSY having expressed the opinion that Christian Science is all foolishness, "Well, sir, who can tell?" said Mr. Dooley. "If it wasn't f'r progress, I'd be sure the Christyan Scientists was wrong. But th' doctor who attinded me whin I was young 'd be thought as loonatical if he was alive to-day as th' mos' Christyan Scientist that iver rayjooced a swellin' over a long-distance tillyphone. He inthrajooced near th' whole parish into this life iv sin an' sorrow, he give us calomel with a shovel, bled us like a polis captain, an' niver thought anny medicine was good if it didn't choke ye goin' down. I can see him now as he come up dhrivin' an ol' gray an' yellow horse in a buggy. He had whiskers that he cud tie in a knot round his waist, an' him an' th' priest was th' on'y two men in th' neighborhood that carried a goold watch. He used to say 'twas th' healthiest parish in th' wurruld, barrin' hangin's an' thransportations, an' thim come in Father Hickey's province. Ivrybody thought he was a gr-reat man, but they wudden't lave him threat a spavin in these days. He was catch-as-catch-can, an' he'd tackle annything fr'm pneumony iv th' lungs to premachure baldness. He'd niver heerd iv microbes, an' nayther did I till a few years ago, whin I was tol' they was a kind iv animals or bugs that crawled around in ye like spiders. I see pitchers iv thim in th' pa-apers with eyes like pooched eggs, till I dhreamed wan night I was a hayloft full iv bats. Thin th' dock down th' shtreet set me r-right. He says th' microbes is a vigitable, an' ivry man is like a conservatory full iv millyons iv these potted plants.

"Well, that sounds all right, an' I sind f'r a doctor. 'Dock,' says I, 'me vilets ar-re thinnin' out, an' I feel as though I was full iv sage brush,' I say. Th' dock puts a glass chube in me mouth an' says, 'Don't bite it.' 'D'ye think I'm a glass eater?' says I, talkin' through me teeth like a Kerry lawyer. 'What's it f'r?' I says. 'To take ye'er timprachoor,' says he. About th' time I'm r-ready to sthrangle he removes th' chube. 'How high does she spout?' says I. 'Ninety-nine,' says he. 'Good hivens,' says I. 'Don't come near me, dock, or you'll be sun sthruck.' I says. 'I've just examined ye'er blood,' he says. 'Ye're full iv weeds,' he says. Be that time I'm scared to death, an' I say a few prayers, whin he fixes a hose to me chest an' begins listenin'. 'Annything goin' on inside?' says I. 'Tis ye'er heart,' says he. 'Glory be,' says I. 'What's th' matther with that ol' ingine?' says I. 'I cud tell ye,' he says, 'but I'll have to call in Dock Viathricle, th' specyalist,' he says. 'I oughtn't be lookin' at ye'er heart at all,' he says. 'I niver larned below th' chin, an' I'd be fired be th' Union if they knew I was wurrukin' on th' heart,' he says. So he sinds f'r Dock Viathricle, an' th' dock climbs me chest an' listens, an' thin he says, 'They'se something the matter with his lungs, too,' he says. 'At times they're full iv air an' again,' he says, 'they ain't,' he says. 'Sind f'r Bellows,' he says. Bellows comes and pounds me as though I was a roof he was shinglin', an' havin' accidentally hit me below th' belt, he sinds for Dock Laporatteny, an' th' Dock sticks his finger into me as far as th' knuckle.

"He shakes his head an' goes out iv th' room with th' others, an' they talk it over at tin dollars a minyit while I'm layin' there at two dollars a day—docked. Whin they come back, wan iv thim says, 'This here is a mos' inthrestin' case an' we must have th' whole class take a look into it,' he says. It means me, Hinnissy. 'Dock,' he says, 'ye will remove its brain. Viathricle, ye will have its heart; an', Bellows, ye will take its lungs. As f'r me,' he says, 'I will add wan more vermiform appindix to me belt,' he says. 'Tis sthrange how our foolish predecessors,' says he, 'niver got on to th' dangers iv th' vermiform appindix,' he says. 'I have no doubt that that's what kilt Methusalem,' he says. So they mark out their wurruk on me with a piece iv red chalk, an' if I get well, I look like a rag carpet. Sometimes they lave things in ye, Hinnissy. I knowed a man wanst—Moriarty was his name, Tim Moriarty—an' he had to be hemstitched horridly because they was goin' to be a ball game that day, an' they locked up in him two sponges, a saw, an' ice pick, a goold watch, an' a pair iv curlin'-irons belongin' to wan iv the nurses. He tol' me he didn't feel well, but he didn't think annything iv it till he noticed that he jingled whin he walked.

"That's what they do with ye nowadays, Hinnissy. Ivry time I go into Dock Cassidy's office, he gives me a look that makes me wisht I'd wore a suit iv chain armor. His eyes seem to say, 'Can I come in?' Between th' Christyan Scientists an' him, 'tis a question iv whether ye want to be threated like a loonytic or like a can iv preserved vigitables. Father Kelly says th' styles iv medicine changes like th' styles iv hats. Whin he was a boy, they give ye quinine f'r whativer ailed ye, an' now they give ye sthrychnine, an' nex' year they'll be givin' ye proosic acid, maybe. He says they're findin' new things th' matther with ye ivry day, an' ol' things that have to be taken out, until th' time is comin' whin not more thin half iv us 'll be rale an' th' rest 'll be rubber. He says they ought to enforce th' law iv assault with a deadly weepin' again th' doctors. He says that if they knew less about pizen an' more about gruel an' opened fewer patients an' more windows, they'd not be so manny Christyan Scientists. He says th' difference between Christyan Scientists an' doctors is that Christyan Scientists thinks they'se no such thing as disease, an' doctors thinks there ain't annything else. An' there ye ar-re."

"What d'ye think about it?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"I think," said Mr. Dooley, "that if th' Christyan Scientists had some science an' th' doctors more Christyanity, it wudden't make anny difference which ye called in—if ye had a good nurse."

"I understand that Fraliman has come to the conclusion to contest his uncle's will." "Well, what do [illegible]"

The "Fake" Element in Success.

IT is well enough to prate about the beauties of absolute truth and sincerity, but there is no successful merit without a little "faking" to set it off; and "faking" without merit will prosper where merit without "faking" would starve. Barnum's declaration that the public loves to be humbugged is not flippancy, but a serious criticism of human nature. Apropos, an exchange relates the following:

"Here, Willie," said one of the foremost members of the bar, the other day, to his office boy, "spill a little red ink on this will." The boy took the document, which had been neatly typewritten and backed, and proceeded to rule red lines about the margin and across the indentations and spaces; underscored initial words in paragraphs and doubly underscored divers names and phrases; and then returned the paper to his employer.

"This red ink is a little bit of 'faking' one must do to please people," remarked the lawyer to a newspaperman who happened to be present. "Most clients won't believe that a will, a deed or a contract is valid unless there is red ink on it. Once I drew a will for a rich old man. I gave the matter much care and study and drafted the instrument briefly and in very simple language. I had it typewritten, but neglected to enliven the document with fancy designs in red. Really, I was proud of the simplicity and at the same time of the clearness of the draft. About a fortnight later another lawyer, a friend of mine, con-

Pierre-Marie, who was older than his companion and had been wrecked once before, was the first to come to himself again; he looked out upon the sea and I heard him mumble a savage oath. Then, as he took off his wet woollen jacket he caught sight of the laniard of his watch; this he drew from under his belt and held to his ear.

"H'm!" he exclaimed in surprise, "it has not stopped! That—" and he tapped it lightly with his finger—"that is a good watch!"

As soon as they were dressed in dry clothes and cheered a little by the hot wine, they were eager to know what had become of the boat. Pierre-Marie flushed purple when he heard that the pilot Alexandre had hastened to the place of the accident and had righted her.

With their knees still trembling, their hair stuck to their foreheads by the salt water and the sweat of their agony, their bodies shaken with suppressed sobs at the thought of the young companion they had lost, they climbed into the boat again and sailed away. They turned the Pointe des Poulains, passed the gay little port of Denborck on their way to the pretty little port of Bordery. The Gouenantin girl had to be notified. I kept to the land and arrived at the same time as the others. It was the fateful murmur of the crowd that warned the child.

She came out on the threshold of her door, upright in her black costume, her anxious little face flanked by the white wings of her coif. From afar she saw the peasants and the fishermen who were gathering together. They were pitying her. She could see it in their looks; she could hear it in their sorrowful words and the "Alas! alas!" that the wind brought her.

Driven by some unknown force, she ran towards the slope of the road that rose between her and those who were approaching. The child's face was pale and her eyes were wide with terror. When she saw the two fishermen returning alone, she understood at once what had happened. With a cry of anguish she ran back to the house calling out, "He is dead! he is dead!" to those within.

"He is dead! he is dead!" she cried to the pictures of the two departed parents. "He is dead! he is dead!"—and she threw herself down at the foot of the black cross fastened to the white wall. "He is dead! he is dead!" she murmured, choked with sobbing, as she crouched down, her head pressed against the wall and her arms stretched up to the image of Christ.

The fishermen and peasants, their hats in their hands, stood in silence outside the threshold, unable to find any words of consolation. I was among them, and, like them, was speechless.

fided to me as a joke that the man for whom I drew the will had gone to him with the document, expressed doubts whether so simple a will could be valid, and when assured that it was valid, had gone away unsatisfied. When the old man died a will was filed, bearing date a few weeks after that which I had drawn. The document was gorgeous in red embroidery and heavy with unnecessary technical phrases. Evidently the old man had had another will drafted that pleased his eye. It is some satisfaction to me to know that the court construed the ornamental will to mean what I knew to be the very contrary of the testator's intention. Since then I have not spared the red ink."

A Touch of Doggerel.

In the "North American Review" we find an interesting article by Dr. A. W. P. Martin on the poetry of the Chinese. The Celestial poets, like our own, are mainly minor. One of them addresses his lady-love in this wise:

Twin trees whose boughs together
twine,
Two birds that guard one nest,
We'll soon be far asunder torn,
As sunrise from the West.

Hearts knit in childhood's innocence,
Long bound in Hymen's ties,
One goes to distant battlefields,
One sits at home and sighs.

Like carrier dove, though seas divide,
I'll seek my lonely mate;
But if afar I find a grave,
You'll mourn my hapless fate.

The flavor seems quite familiar. In fact, adds the "Outlook," one touch of doggerel makes the whole world kin.

Some people are so anxious to keep their left hand in ignorance of the deeds of their right that they keep it in perpetual idleness.—Ex.

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Clubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

A MARVELOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.

Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

DON'T ALLOW
the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your
"Line's Busy."
Public Telephone Stations are for This Class of Business.
The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

PROVE YOURSELF!
[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 14, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no Police Court yesterday.

—The 57th Regiment Band will give a concert in the Opera House to-night.

—The street crossings are in a very sloppy condition, and should be attended to.

—The ladies of the Knights of the Maccabees will give a concert next Friday night.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Winten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Winten's. Studio, 160 Hunter street.

Attention Attracted

The Times Bookstore windows are the center of attraction just now. Articles too numerous to mention have been marked to sell at less than half price, and gives opportunity to get annuals, bound books of every description, albums, leathergoods, fancy china, etc at prices unheard of before. We are clearing out our stock

Port Hope Man Drowned

Port Hope, Ont., March 14. — William Douglas, miller at the Harold Barrett Company's mills, while taking up some of the logs at the dam, was knocked off into the water below. The current drew him beneath and carried him away. He was for an instant seen before going under the bridge at Walton Street. Unless the body has stopped at Helms' dam, it has probably been carried out into the lake. Deceased had been an employe of the Barrett mills for 37 years, and was 64 years of age. He leaves a widow, two sons and two daughters.

LINDSAY CASE DISMISSED

Application to Have Four Councillors Unseated Also Dismissed

The Master-in-Chambers has given judgment at Osgoode Hall dismissing the application of Arthur Mallon to have set aside the election of Mayor Ingle and Councillors John Hoar, John O'Reilly, Alex. Jackson, and Wm. M. Robson of Lindsay. Mallon alleged that the respondents diverted $900 of the Collegiate Institute sinking fund for other purposes.

The Master held that as the proceedings of the Council were very irregular each party must bear its own costs.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

BAND CONCERT
OPERA HOUSE

Friday next, March 14th.

Admission to all parts of the hall, 10c. Children half price. Specialities—Mr. Halpany, in up-to-date Comic Songs. Mr. Hughes, Cornet Solo. Dancing —Highland Fling, etc.

NEW ASSISTANT AT ST. PAUL'S

Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Toronto, Has Accepted the Invitation

On the resignation of Rev. Geo. Yule as assistant pastor of St. Paul's congregation, an invitation was extended to Rev. Mr. Wilson, a student of Knox College, Toronto, to fill the vacancy.

Rev. Mr. Wilson preached in St. Paul's two weeks ago and made a very favorable impression. He is quite a young man and is a good speaker and active worker. It is understood he will assume his duties on April 13th.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. and Mrs. Richard Farrell, of Madoc are in town, the guest of their neice, Mrs. Gilbert, London street.

—Rev. Wm. Bennett has returned from Cobourg, where he has been attending the meeting of the Presbytery.

—Miss Josephine Delaire, London street, left yesterday to visit friends in Rochester N.Y. and other American cities.

—The Times had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. D. Derbyshire, Brockville, President of the Eastern Daryman's Association.

—Prof. Zufelt, of the Kingston Dairy School, and Mr. Glendenning, Manilla, are in town attending the meeting of dairy men.

DONOCHUE STILL MISSING

Chief Nevison of Lindsay is Causing Enquiries to be Made

About a week ago, a laborer, Patrick Donahue, of Lindsay, left his home and has not been seen since. His friends have become anxious about him, and have caused Chief of Police, Nevison to make enquiries throughout the district. The missing man answers the following description: About 55 or 60 years of age, weight about 160 pounds, height 5 feet 8 inches, stooped shoulders, dark complexion, full beared and moustache, hair inclined to be curly. He is polite in manner and speaks with an Irish accent.

This is the man whose hat and overcoat was found at the waters edge, near the Lindsay street bridge a few days ago, and it is thought by some that he was drowned, as no tracks were found in the snow leading from the water.

How to Get Up an Appetite

Distaste for food often follows grip, and fevers, and is associated with a general weakness of the system. To impart a real zest for food, and give power to the stomach to digest and assimilate, no remedy can equal Ferrozone. This is a new and startling discovery. It strikes at the root of disease, and by removing the cause, cures quickly and permanently. Ferrozone will quickly enable you to eat and digest anything. Ormond & Walsh, druggists, can tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone, how it cures and why it cures. Call to-day and see them.

PETERBOROUGH PRESBYTERY

A Large Amount of Business Transacted on Tuesday

At the session of the Presbytery on Tuesday Rev. Dr. Torrance and Rev. Bennett were appointed a committee on obituary notices with regard to the death of Rev. Dr. Andrews of Keene. Rev. Dr. Robertson, Supt. of North-West Missions and Rev. John Lang, of Dundas, formerly of Cobourg.

The clerk reported that the pulpits of Keene and Warkworth were vacant and those congregations were authorized to call as soon as they were ready

Rev. Lord and Rev. Mr. Sinclair were appointed to make arrangements for the promised visit of representatives of the Students Volunteer movement.

There was a call sustained from the congregation at Warsaw to the Rev. W. J. Atchison to fill that pulpit. The call was largely signed and very enthusiastic.

The Mill street congregation, Port Hope, asked the Presbytery to make application on their behalf for a grant of $100 from the Augmentation Committee. The application was forwarded without endorsement.

The following delegates were appointed to the General Assembly to be held in Toronto in June.

Rev. Messrs. Lord, of Grafton; McLeod, of Brighton; Hamilton, of Havelock; McIntosh, of Centreville; Hunter, of Baltimore, and the following elders:—Messrs. W. J. Speer, Arch. Miller, W. J. Haig, J. W. Roxburgh, and Sheriff Hall.

The next meeting of the Presbytery will be held in St. Paul's church on the second Tuesday in June at 9 a.m.

AN EVENTFUL DAY

When Coffee Left the Household

"I never began to use coffee until after I began teaching school, then a good, motherly old dame served such nice coffee that she got me into the way of drinking it.

Inside of a year I became a wreck from insomnia and nervous prostration. Every afternoon I was so drowsy and filled with apprehension that I would have crying spells without knowing why.

I laid around the house in misery, and was a misery to everyone else. Once in a while a friend would tell me that coffee was the cause of my trouble. I reasoned with them that I only had one cup at breakfast, and that was not enough to cause the trouble, but I found that that was the secret—that one cup of coffee.

It was an eventful day in our household when I quit coffee and started making Postum. I followed the directions, and the result was wonderful; no other words express it. The Postum Coffee was of a rich, beautiful color, and when cream was added looked as delicious as it tasted.

A doctor who was in the house tasted the Postum and said that it was equal to the best Mocha or Java, then quickly turned away as though it was incomprehensible. He suspected there was coffee in it, but I have been assured of the absolute purity of the Postum and have confidence in it.

Nothing ever tasted better to me than that first, well-made cup of Postum, and never since have I tasted coffee, and I now look back with horror upon the sickness it caused. We began, very quickly, to see the difference between my condition under Postum and under common coffee. I lost that feeling of despair and restlessness which oppressed me every afternoon and I began to sleep like a baby. Postum must be given the credit for all my improvement.

A word about tea also. One time when I was visiting I had a package of Postum with me. It gave out and before I could get another I had tea for breakfast. Within a few days the old wretched feeling that coffee used to give me came back, and all through the long afternoon I felt that I must weep and weep though I really over nothing at all.

Insomnia came back, but I quickly quit the tea and got all right again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum is an absolutely pure product of the cereals as analysed by some of the best chemists in America and passed upon by the various pure food commissioners of the different states.

PROHIBITIONISTS RALLY

The Session in the Opera House Last Night Largely Attended

The prohibition convention yesterday was attended by a large number of delegates and visitors from various parts of the country, and the sessions in the afternoon and evening were expressive of the strong fight which the supporters of the bill intend to put up.

In the evening, the meeting was held in the opera house, with Mr. H. P. Lindsey in the chair. On the platform were a number of the resident clergymen of the town, and Rev. W. W. Buchanan, representing the Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance.

A number of short addresses were had from local gentlemen, in support of the Ross Bill, and urging the advocates of temperance to work as they had never worked before.

Rev. Mr. Hanna wished to show where he stands on the question of abolishing this great social evil, and all who have the good of their fellowmen at heart should work to that end.

Rev. Crossley thought if the whole of the liquor in Peterborough were thrown in the Otonabee, it would be a great service to the community, although it might not be conducive of good to the fishes. He wished to see the present issue kept out of politics. He was in sympathy with the movement, and ready to vote and work for it; he did not care a cent which party gave us prohibition, so long as it came.

Rev. Gunton, though a minister, believed in voting and supporting one side of every vital issue. The temperance people must stand together and make their demands, for after all the votes count more than money; the trouble is, the money gets so many votes.

Mr. Buchanan followed in a strong, analytical address on the proposed bill and the referendum. A great deal has been said on the question in general, said he, but a good deal of it has been like a glass of soda water—mostly sweetened wind. We have reached a point where we must face the issue in its concrete aspect. The question is in politics now, whether we will or no. But unreasoning partyism is the despair of all reform. Whether our examination of it helps or harts a party we should be honest enough to prosecute it to the end. The coming days may be unpleasant, but birth can only come through trouble, this is the beginning of the end. We shall presently reach the goal which we have sought so long. He considered the Ross Bill under two heads; restrictive legislation and referendum. The Bill is not a measure of prohibition, yet since it is making to that end, we should give it our undivided support. It is a modest measure of restrictive legislation. There is nothing revolutionary in its whole framing. It is simply carrying out in a somewhat more advanced degree the principles which have already been applied in our license system. He showed how the license was granted permission to sell liquor for twelve months only, and had no guarantee of any further privileges. If he built his hotel to secure a license, he was perpetrating a fraud on the public and on the license department. The new bill will not interfere with a man's liberty. Under its provisions, liquor would be legally sold for the purpose of the arts, medicine, and the sacraments of the church. It would be the death blow of the treating system; and if we put it out of the bar we can trust to the women of our country to keep it out of the home. Temperance people opposed to prohibition should be found giving the bill their best efforts. The sale of liquor under this bill would be restricted to drug stores, who, however, would be required to take out a license from the government. The certificates presented for the liquor would be kept on a public fyle. The penalties for violating the act were, not less than $200 fine for first offence, and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than two years for a second offence, without the option of a fine. Also, immediately a man was convicted, the magistrate should put the accused on oath as to whether he had ever been convicted before. For sacramental purposes, the limit of purchase would be two gallons. A Manitoba druggist had been deprived of his standing by the Pharmaceutical Association, for violation of the Act. The measure is a good one, but there are ample grounds for objections to the referendum to be submitted to the people. The time is most inopportune, coming just after an election, when there will be a reaction from the high pitch of feeling during a provincial campaign. Then we are require to poll a larger vote than has been polled at any time in Switzerland, where they have been having referendums for 24 years, or in the United States, where it has been a custom for a much longer time. We are asked for more than a majority of the votes cast at the last provincial election. The largest referendum vote ever taken in Switzerland, on the question of the Government taking over the railways, was 38 per cent. of the voters, while on the vote for representatives, 71 per cent. were polled. In the United States, all referendums are decided by a majority vote and in every state but one, they are taken at a Presidential or State election. There is another objectionable feature, that the ballot boxes are already stuffed by 200,000 voters, for all the liquor votes, and those not polled at all, count against the passage of the Bill. In this way, every man who votes, is marked as a supporter of the cause, and many men have not the courage to face this.

The referendum may not give us prohibition, but when we as a body put men in the house who are the embodiment of the principle, we shall have what we want. Mr. Ross has given all he can, in the face of the opposition met with from his colleagues, and even his Cabinet Ministers. Public sentiment is not always necessary for the enforcement of the statutes. We do not want a law on the statutes alone; we want it in experience. All honor to the ministers, and the work they have done in the temperance cause, but we will never have prohibition until a political party places its chances of return on the strength of the issue, and is willing to stand or fall by it.

It is unnecessary to submit this referendum, as the will of the people had already been ascertained. When a deputation waited on Mr. O. Mowatt, then head of the Provincial Legislature 8 or 9 years ago he expressed himself as entirely satisfied with the majority in favor of prohibitive legislation, and said the Province was only limited by its constitutional powers. Later Mr. Hardy and Mr. Ross have voiced the same sentiment. But not politicians are to blame; it is ourselves. We must not lose our hatred for the liquor traffic.

endum, as the will of the people has al-

United States which so makes for political corruption. While we are building our beautiful churches, let us cease to build schools for the graduation of our boys in vice and crime.

Mr. G. W. Mulligan rendered a solo in a most acceptable style and the meeting closed with the National Anthem.

TRADE MARK.

St. Jacobs Oil

The grandest remedy in the World because it never fails to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
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PLEURISY
HEADACHE
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EARACHE
BACKACHE
STIFFNESS
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And all Bodily Aches and Pains. It penetrates and removes the cause of pain.

Conquers Pain

Promptness in Using Paine's Celery Compound Means Quick Restoration of Health

IT IS THE GREAT SPRING MEDICINE USED IN THE HOMES OF OUR BEST PEOPLE

Refuse All Substitutes and Imitations That May Be Offered to You

If in the spring time people acted with more promptness, decision and wisdom, suffering and misery would be vastly reduced.

To put off the work of regulating and strengthening the nerves, purifying the blood and regulating digestion at this time of the year is a very serious mistake.

Rundown, weak, nervous and diseased men and women cannot with safety refuse to use Paine's Celery Compound, the greatest of vitalizers and health builders. The onward and triumphant march of the great medicine in Canada and Newfoundland should be positive proof that it is the right medicine for all who look for strength, robustness, energy and permanent health.

It is of the greatest importance that every sick person should get just what they ask for from their druggist or dealer. Paine's Celery Compound, so celebrated for its curative virtues, has many vile imitations. If you are offered a substitute or imitation by any dealer, leave his store and go to some honest merchant who will give you what you ask for. Examine wrapper and bottle and see that the name PAINE'S is on each; no other is genuine.

NO VACANT HOUSES

In Ashburnham—So the Assessors Report Big Demand for Houses

During the past few months there has been considerable activity in real estate especially in the matter of renting houses. The assessors in Ashburnham have been on their regular rounds and state that there is not a vacant house in the village. This is quite a change from a few years years ago but nevertheless it is a most welcome one, and fully indicates that there has been a steady advancement in the commercial and industrial condition of the town.

In Peterborough it is now a very difficult matter to get a house to rent as there has been a large number of families moved into town during the past few months from outside places. There should be a big building boom this summer.

A Big Quarter's Worth

is always found in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, the best household liniment known. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, headache, sick-stomach, in fact is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. Mothers find it the safest thing to rub on their children for sore throat, cold on the chest, sprains and bruises. Never be without Polson's Nerviline. It will cure the pains and aches of the entire family and relieve a vast amount of suffering every year.

WATER CONSUMERS.

Water consumers will please take notice that all water rates are payable in advance, and that all unpaid rates for the present quarter must be paid at once to the Collector at the Town Office, corner Simcoe and Water Streets.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary.

OMEMEE

—The roads from here to Peterboro will almost be impassable for a few days.

—Mr. Isaac Richardson had large quantities of stock delivered this week owing to the probability of poor roads for a while.

—The Bell Ross Comedy Co. have been playing to crowded houses here for four nights at the Bradburn Opera House.

—Mr. Potter, missionary to the sailors and lumbermen in Canada, conducted most interesting and impressive services here last Sunday, and will not easily be forgotten by many.

—Prohibition is now all the talk. Lewis T. Boyd, K.C., Toronto, who speaks as a candidate here on Friday the 14th, for East Victoria, will get quite a "sweating." Mr. Carnegie, the member, will be present and is a hard man to fight against, being very popular.

—Drs. Keith and Cameron, our two young hustling physicians, are quite busy in their professional duties.

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One-Way
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Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
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Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

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CANADA'S GREATEST
PHRENOLOGIST
AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Owing to numerous people being unable to consult Prof. O'Brien during his first visit in Peterborough a few weeks ago, he has been prevailed upon to pay the town a return visit on his way east, and can now be consulted at his former private office, 263 Hunter Steet Terrace, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. As Professor O Brien will only remain in town for a very short season, people wishing to consult him should call at once as this is their last chance. A photo read free to patrons.

Prof. O'Brien has just concluded two most successful seasons in Lindsay and Cannington and is urgently requested to pay both towns a return visit at an early date.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $5 to $10 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Moore, Room 711, 61 and 63 Broadway, New York.

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THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. Rio Grande Investment Co, 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 23 NO. 63 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MARCH 15 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

TWO FRENCH OFFICERS HAVE BEEN MURDERED IN PROVINCE OF KWANG SI

Chinese Government Afraid of Complications with France as as a Result

THE SPANISH REJOICE AT METHUEN'S DEFEAT

One Journal Foolishly Regards it as the Turn of the Tide—King Will Visit the Riviera.

London, March 15.—A despatch from Dr. Morrison, in Pekin, to The Times, says that quickly following the reassuring messages from Kwang-Si, news has been received of the murder of two French officers on the frontiers of that province. The Chinese Government is alive to complications that may ensue, and is taking measures to punish the officers under whose jurisdiction the murders occurred.

CRITICISM OF FRENCH NAVY OFFICE.

London, March 15.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that the forthcoming article by Alfred Duquet, the well-known military expert, is an enthusiastic defence of the new French submarine boat, and a scathing attack on the red tapeism of the old-fashioned methods of the French navy office. He says France possesses the best models of the submarine boat yet constructed, and that the navy office is doing almost nothing to form a submarine fleet.

GERMANY TO WITHDRAW FROM TIEN-TSIN.

London, March 15.—A despatch from Pekin to The Times quotes Dr. Morrison as saying that the Italian, German, Japanese and Russian representatives met yesterday to consider their reply to China's inquiry when the foreign government will be withdrawn from Tien-Tsin. As a result of the meeting the German Minister expressed his willingness to withdraw at a date not earlier than July. He stated, however, as a condition that Germany would require a foreign military officer, preferably a German, on the River Conservation Board. Dr. Morrison says that while the occupation of Tien-Tsin continues, China is losing an income of six hundred and seventy-five thousand pounds annually from salt, while the closing of the native banks with correspondents in the interior is seriously injuring trade.

SPANISH REJOICE AT THE DEFEAT.

London, March 15.—A despatch from Madrid to The Times says that the defeat of Lord Methuen evoked fierce rejoicing in the Spanish press. The Imparcial regards the defeat as the turn of the tide, saying that Heaven is manifestly on the side of the Boers. The abuse lavished on British is only comparable with that formerly poured on the unfortunate Spanish generals in Cuba.

KING WILL VISIT THE CONTINENT.

Paris, March 15.—A despatch from London to the Paris edition of The New York Herald says the King will leave for the Riviera at the end of this month, and will probably land at Cherbourg and go directly south without passing through Paris.

A CELEBRATION MAY 24TH

A Crack City Regiment Should be Invited to Spend the Holiday Here

The drill season will be opened in earnest in a short time, there has been considerable talk of holding a big celebration here on the 24th of May, to take the form of a field day. A number of officers of the regiment have suggested that a regiment from some of the cities should be invited to come here for the day. This is a good idea. A regular field day would be a change from the usual manner of celebrating the 24th and would also inspire more enthusiastic military feelings in the hearts of our young men. There could be no more fitting manner of celebrating the holiday proposed and the council and citizens of town would certainly come forward and offer any help possible.

Some time ago there was some talk of getting a new stand of colors for the regiment but nothing has been done as yet. Some of our enterprising ladies should take the matter up and by canvassing the citizens and merchants it would be but a very short time until the necessary amount of money would be raised. Have these colors ready and present them to the regiment on the 24th of May would be very suitable. The officers will arrange to have the regiment well drilled for the ceremony of "Trooping the Colors," a very pretty and interesting ceremony and one which would be witnessed by every person in town. This interesting ceremony has not been witnessed in town for a number of years, in fact since the present stand of colors was presented to the regiment nearly a quarter of a century ago. A move should be made soon and if some of the ladies in town can only be interested in this movement the regiment will have new colors, and the people of town will witness an interesting and pleasing affair on Victoria Day this year.

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT

The Peat Fuel Company Assigns After an Expenditure of $50,000

The Trent Valley Peat Fuel Company has assigned to Mr. R. B. Hall of Stratton and Hall, Peterborough. The company was organized about three or four years ago for the purpose of making fuel from peat, and after spending over $50,000 they have come to the conclusion that the theory of the thing is not perfected as yet. The news will be received with regret as high hopes were entertained that the project would be a success, and that fuel would be placed on the market at a very small price owing to the almost unlimited supply of raw material.

IT GOT HERE ALL RIGHT

How a Letter with a Peculiar Address Reached Us.

A few days ago a letter was delivered to The Times, addressed as follows: "To the editor of the brightest daily paper in Peterborough." The letter was from a young lady, applying for a situation.

This only goes to prove that the great family journal is regarded by everybody as the most widely read newspaper in the district. It is natural, therefore, that the address above given should find us. Indeed this g.f.j. would be surprised if it had not done so.

Get Even at Last

Peterborough people who have relatives attending the Toronto University were made to feel very uncomfortable on account of the alleged outbreak of smallpox which, it appears may not be smallpox at all. The students, however, have been vaccinated. Rah, Rah! Ski-U-Mah! Sock it to 'em on this raw! here's where the citizens of Toronto get even for some of the disturbances by the student body after the hockey games.

HANG ON.

Coffee Topers as Bad as Others.

"A friend of our family, who lived with us a short time, was a great coffee drinker and a continual sufferer with dyspepsia. He admitted that coffee disagreed with him, but you know how the coffee drinker will hold on to his coffee, even if he knows it causes dyspepsia.

"One day he said to me that Postum Food Coffee had been recommended, and suggested that he would like very much to try it. I secured a package and made it strictly according to directions. He was delighted with the new beverage, as was every one of our family. He became very fond of it, and in a short time his dyspepsia disappeared. He continued using the Postum, and in about three months gained twelve pounds.

"My husband is a practicing physician, and regards Postum as the healthiest of all beverages. He never drinks coffee, but is very fond of Postum. In fact, all of our family are, and we never think of drinking coffee any more." Mrs. Mary E Brown, Waterford, Va.

Postum is delicious if made after the simple directions. All grocers sell Postum. POSTUM-CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

LIVING ON AIR

Scientists Say It is Perfectly Possible

Paris, March 13.—Chemistry asks the startling question whether the human race will always go on eating to sustain life? Instead of using the vital elements as they are stored up in solid foods, why not receive them by direct absorption? When a man takes wheat and makes it into bread and eats that bread, he takes little more out of that bread than carbon, nitrogen and oxygen. The wheat plant has taken these elements out of the atmosphere, and the man takes them out of the wheaten bread. Cannot a man do what the wheat plant does—take those elements out of the atmosphere? The wheat plant gets nearly all its food out of the air. Can a man do the same as the wheat plant? If he could the necessity for work would no longer exist, wealth would be useless, perfect equality would prevail, land would have no value. This may seem all very absurd, but the subject is well worth considering, for science is making rapid advances in the direction indicated. Science has already found the means of making starch out of the atmosphere, and starch is identical chemically with sugar, and sugar, as we all know, is easily changed into alcohol. But science has advanced beyond the point of extracting starch out of the atmosphere, and Prof. Berthelot, in Paris, has demonstrated that human life can be sustained by chemical foods. The experiments secretly made upon six volunteers to test Prof. Berthelot's theories regarding the value of chemical foods have been successful so far. The four men and two women subjected to his treatment have taken nothing for three weeks except pellets containing various combinations of carbon, azote and hydrogene, and this without showing distress or impairment of strength. Three have lost considerable flesh, the weight of two has remained stationary, while one is actually growing fat on the strange diet. Will Prof. Berthelot's discovery be the means of ending all necessity for work, and solve the great problem of human existence?

Magyars Celebrate

New York, March 15 — This is the Magyars' Fourth of July, the anniversary of their independence, and as is customary the day will be celebrated in the mining regions of Pennsylvania, upper Michigan and elsewhere throughout the country where there are Magyar settlements. The Magyars usually are called Hungarians. They attained their freedom in 1844 after a long and heroic struggle.

Malt Breakfast Food

Has Been a Marvellous Success and Has Proved a Blessing in Our Canadian Homes

The men and women, the boys and girls who regularly enjoy full digestive vigor, active brain, physical strength and sweet natural sleep, are, in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred, users of Malt Breakfast Food.

It certainly behooves the users of oatmeal and other starchy and indigestible grain foods to give immediate attention to their present handicapped condition — poor digestion, heated blood, stomach derangements, skin eruptions and loss of bodily energy.

Malt Breakfast Food, predigested, free from every trace of insoluble starch and other properties that retard digestion, is building up thousands of weak and rundown people. Dyspeptics who have made it their sole diet for a week or two have banished their troubles. Try it in your home. All grocers.

HELEN GOULD'S GIFT

Nearly All of a Million Dollars Given to the Y.M.C. Association

New York, March 15 — The new naval branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn, is now completed and will be ready for occupancy within a few days. This branch of the Y.M.C.A. owes its existence to Miss Helen Gould, who gave $413,000 for its creation. The building is the finest of its kind in the country. It is a club and a hotel in one, and its principal feature will be its magnificent roof gardens. There will be shooting galleries, hot and cold water plunges, a dining-room, library, auditorium, a lecture room and the class and club rooms, together with vast dormitory accomodations.

Better Conditions for Trainmen

New Haven, Con., March 15. — The new working schedule for the trainmen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad went into effect to-day. Under the new arrangement the hours of work remain as heretofore, but the pay of most of the men has been increased. The new schedule settles differences between the company and the trainmen which at one time threatened to precipitate a general strike.

Perfect Cure for Bronchitis

This disease can be treated only by a remedy carried to the affected parts along with the air breathed, for nature intended these organs for the passage of air alone, and sprays, atomizers and internal medicines utterly fail. But Catarrhozone doesn't fail, for it goes wherever the air breathed goes, and its healing antiseptic vapor is sure to reach every affected spot. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth and after passing through every air cell of the breathing organs is slowly exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone protects and heals the inflamed surfaces, relieves congestion, allays inflammation, and perfectly cures all bronchial affections. Price $1. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co. Kingston, Ont.

EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA WEARY OF HIS CROWN

The Aged Monarch Weary and Ready to Give Up the Crown

EMPIRE'S FUTURE THREATENED

Worthless Crown Prince Regarded Incapable of Ruling Realm—Archduke Otto is a Profligate who Maltreats Wife—Reports of Abdication Are Founded on Emperor's Own Words

Vienna, March 15 —The press of Austria, with the exception of the official and semi-official organs, now comment boldly on the prospective abdication of Kaiser Franz Josef.

Most of the papers take it for granted that the old emperor will soon renounce his throne, the only matter of speculation being the future of the empire, which will fall into the hands of Crown Prince Otto, at present the most immoral member of the Hapsburg dynasty.

All sorts of scandals are laid at his door, not the least of which is his brutal treatment of his wife, whom he has beaten frequently. His son, the Archduke Charles, is 15 years old, and as a short life is predicted for his father he is next in line of succession. It will be remembered that Archduke Ferdinand renounced his rights to the throne of Austria-Hungary in 1891, when he married his sister's pretty lady-in-waiting, the Countess Sophie Chotek.

The reports of the abdication of the emperor are founded on his majesty's own utterance.

At the court banquet at Buda-Pesth Emperor Franz Josef, conversing with a recently pensioned officer said:

"I, too, desire to go into retirement."

As his majesty spoke these words his face was inexpressibly sad. It seemed to mirror all the horrors of the great misfortunes which have befallen the house of Hapsburg during the last three decades.

Worked The Wrong Way

A well known local sport is having considerable fun poked at him because of a joke he tried to play on a stranger from the country, but which acted as a boomerang. Our friend, who has the reputation of being a practical joker, was drinking beer in a hotel with several other men, when the stranger entered and joined the group. He seemed like a guileless, innocent, sort of fellow, and the sport determined to play the old funnel trick on him, placing the funnel inside the waistband of the trousers and pouring a glass of beer into it when the victim's attention was distracted. Several of the men placed coins on their heads and succeeded in dropping them into the funnel, but the stranger refused to try it. Finally the practical joker bet him a silver dollar that he couldn't drop the coin from the top of his head into the large end of the funnel. The stranger agreed to the wager, on condition that the sport should try it first. This the joker consented to do. He placed the funnel in position and leaned his head back to get the dollar on his forehead. Just then the supposed victim poured his glass of beer into the funnel and made a hasty exit, while the joker indulged in deep-muttered profanity.

WEST PETERBORO NOMINATION

Mass Meeting to Select a Candidate on March 22nd

A mass meeting of supporters of the Ross Government of West Peterborough will be held in Bradburn's Opera House, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 22nd, at 1.30 p.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the representation of the West Riding in the next Local Legislature. Addresses will be delivered on the occasion by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Hon. Senator Cox, Hon. Senator McHugh, Mr. John Lang, M.P., and Mr. Thomas Blezard, M.P.P. It is requested that all supporters of the government who can do so will attend. All are interested in the nomination to be made and all are invited. There being several speakers it will be necessary to begin the proceedings of the Convention promptly on time, 1.30 o'clock p.m., Saturday, March 22nd.

A New Dress for Ten Cents, the Price of a Package of

DIAMOND DYES

Women of every social condition know from practical experience that it is possible with the aid of Diamond Dyes to make A NEW DRESS FOR TEN CENTS.

Ladies use *Diamond Dyes* to their entire satisfaction, advantage and profit. There is no reason why you, too, will not find in Diamond Dyes the same aid to economical and stylish dressing. If you prefer to get a new dress for ten cents instead of buying a new one at a cost of from five to ten dollars, buy a package of Diamond Dyes, and with very little work you can make your old dress look like a new one.

Send a postal card with your address and The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., will mail you free of cost full range of designs of Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns to make selections from.

Shamrock from the "Old Sod"

New York, March 14 — In the mails from Europe this week were many packages of shamrocks sent to Irishmen in America to aid in the proper celebration of St. Patrick's day. The shamrocks were packed in damp earth in tin boxes and were found, when opened to be as fresh as when packed. The packages were consigned not only to New York, but to Chicago, Denver, Minneapolis, St. Louis and other cities throughout the country.

SAYS IRISH STOPPED MISS ROSEVELT'S VISIT

President Forced to Withdraw Daughter's Trip to Coronation

THE WORK OF BRITISH HATERS

They Prevent the Daughter of the President of the United States Attending the Coronation of King Edward.

New York, March 15 — It was Irish influence which induced President Roosevelt to withdraw permission to his daughter, Alice, to attend the coronation of King Edward of England," exclaimed Congressman John F. Fitzgerald, of Boston, last night at a meeting in the Bijou Theatre, Brooklyn. Loud cheers greeted this statement by Mr. Fitzgerald.

"It is positively true," declared Mr. Fitzgerald, raising his hand to still the tumult of applause.

"I have it on the most unimpeachable testimony. Representations were made to the President that it would be a grievous mistake for him to permit his daughter to be present at the coronation. It would look as if the Executive of the greatest of Republics were pledging the support of the United States to King Edward, and this is the view the delegation that visited President Roosevelt took. The President saw that to send his daughter to the coronation would be a grave political mistake.

"I am certain that he recognized the fact that were he to send his daughter to the coronation, citizens of Irish birth or descent in the United States would feel that they had reason to consider themselves unjustly treated, and that the cause of liberty the world over would receive a decided setback.

"Now, if President Roosevelt really wants his daughter to go to England on a useful mission let him send her there to plead the cause of the Boer women and children who are perishing by the thousand in the frightful reconcentrado camps in South Africa. The death rate of these terrible camps is fifty per cent. of all prisoners — a truly terrible arraignment of British policy in the Boer war.

"Irishmen in this country should pledge themselves never to be friends with England or with King Edward or any of the royal family of Great Britain."

General - Sports.

Meeting at the Y. M. C. A.

A large and very enthusiastic meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall last night, for the purpose of organizing a Peterborough lacrosse team to enter the C.L.A. Mr. Rolly McWilliams occupied the chair, while the duties of secretary were performed by Mr. A. Terril. Mr. McWilliams presented the report of the committee appointed to look for suitable grounds for playing on. After looking over a number of places the committee were of the opinion that the Riverside Park was the best and most central place. Assistance will be asked to get the grounds in shape. After some discussion, it was decided to put a team in the C.L.A. series, the team to be picked from the best players in the different local teams in town. After some discussion on other matters the following officers were elected:

Hon. President—Mayor Dunn.
President—R. F. McWilliams.
1st Vice-President—Wm. Rudkins.
2nd Vice-President—Harry Neill.
Manager—Mr. Jas. McCabe.
Secretary—Mr. Chris. Graham.
Treasurer—Geo. Giroux.
Captain—To be elected later.
Team Committee—Captain, Manager and Messrs. Rudkins, J. Begley and Dr. Scott.
Executive Committee—Messrs. Taylor, Ayers, J. J. Howden, B. Rickey and E. Dillon.
Delegates to C. L. A.—R. M. Glover and J. McCabe.

A membership fee of $1.00 will be charged for adults and 50c for all under 16 years of age. The choice of colors for the club was left to the Executive Committee. The outlook for a good team to enter the intermediate series of the C.L.A. are very bright, and no doubt the team will uphold the good name of the town, and if possible, bring home the cup.

LACROSSE.

Ontarios organize.

The annual meeting of the Ontario Lacrosse Club, of Port Hope, was held last night, and the officers were elected for the ensuing year. The club will nominate J. H. Renwick for office on the C.L.A. council and J. K. Munro, of Toronto, for the Secretaryship.

BASKETBALL.

Two very interesting games of basketball will be played in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium to-night, when the "Electricians" will play their second game in the series with the "Ironclads" of the Wm. Hamilton Co., and the Business College team play the "Orioles" of the B. F. Ackerman Co. These games promise to be very interesting, and the public are cordially invited to attend.

THE RING.

O'Brien could not be found.

New York, March 13.—W. A. Gavin and G. C. Lee, the Englishmen who came over here to get American boxers to fight in England during the King's coronation, are of the opinion that Jack O'Brien, the heavyweight champion of England, is not acutely desirous of fighting Thomas Ryan, the middleweight champion of America. Messrs Gavin and Lee went over to the City of Brotherly Love yesterday, intent on offering Mr. O'Brien a large purse for a contest with Ryan. They enquired for Mr. O'Brien and went to various places where, they were assured, the clever Philadelphian could be found. To their intense disappointment they failed to catch a glimpse of him and came away from Quakertown depressed with the unpleasant belief that Mr. O'Brien was strongly opposed to entering the ring with Tommy Ryan.

Maher and McCoy matched.

They had no difficulty in finding Peter Maher, however, and he readily consented to fight "Kid" McCoy, in England next June.

Representatives of Sharkey and Walcott called at the Gilsey House yesterday and deposited forfeits of $500 each to guarantee their appearance in the ring during coronation week against any opponent selected by the National Sporting Club.

Denver Ed Martin and Bob Armstrong were matched to settle the negro heavyweight championship and Frank Erne and Pat Daley will tussle for the lightweight honors.

HOCKEY.

It is base ingratitude on the part of Stratford to withdraw from an organization of whose favors it at one time received more than its share.—Mail and Empire.

Vice-President D. J. Carmichael, of the Penetanguishene Hockey Club says: "We lost the game with Stratford on account of a broken skate. Of course it was an accident which could not be helped, and we will not whine about things of that kind, but had the winter remained with us long enough, we would have challenged the winners of the trophy. We still believe that our junior team can defeat any junior team in the province."

On behalf of our sport-loving citizens of Lindsay, Mr. Sam Britton offers seven handsome and valuable gold medals for a tournament in Lindsay between the Peterborough, Fenelon Falls and Lindsay teams.

The citizens of Penetang are loyal to their junior hockey team. On Tuesday night, they were banquetted by the citizens at the Canada House, and Mr. Cornett, on behalf of the town, presented each player with a handsome medal, suitably inscribed.

Tournament in Toronto.

Toronto, March 14.—Early indications point to a splendid entry for the city boxing championships in the Mutual Street Rink, March 27, 28, and 29. Already two dozen from Toronto alone are assured. J. J. Smith, who won from McDonough, of Peterborough, in the 148-lb. semi-final at the Canadian championships last spring, but was obliged to default, owing to sickness to McBrearty, of Montreal, has entered. He is especially anxious that the Montrealer should come this year. Entries close on March 22, and should be sent to H. A. Wilson, 35 King St. West. The gold and silver medals are being made in Toronto, and they will be the finest ever offered at any tournament in Canada.

PING PONG

Although about a year behind London in taking up the game of ping pong, New York has produced some very expert players, and the game now seriously threatens the supremacy of bridge whist. It is simple to learn but difficult to play, and many cracks at tennis admit that their skill at this game has been of little or no benefit to them in ping pong.

BOERS BREAK THROUGH THE BRITISH LINE AGAIN

Pursued for Several Days, They Got Through--Only Stragglers Caught

CRONJE MAY RETURN HOME FROM ST. HELENA

Speculation as to the Cause of Delarey's Magnanimity—Four Canadian Constables Ill in South Africa

London, March 15.—Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, the former Commander-in-Chief of the British army, starts for Cape Town to-morrow, and, although the officials deny that his trip is anything but a private visit, gossip connects it with the military situation. It is pointed out that Lord Wolseley's knowledge of South Africa, gained as a fighter and administrator, might be highly useful to Lord Kitchener either at the base (Cape Town) or at Pretoria.

Lord Wolseley, himself, says his trip is entirely private.

Colonel Frank Rhodes and Arthur Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, and Lady Methuen will be passengers on the steamer which will take Lord Wolseley to Cape Town.

BOERS BREAK THROUGH

Heilbron, Orange River Colony Tuesday, March 14.—Commandant Mentz, with the Heilbron commando of the Boers, broke through the Heilbron-Wolve Hoek blockhouse line at Gotenburg last night. The Boers had been pursued for several days. So far as known only one Boer was killed and five were captured. The British columns, during the course of the pursuit of Commandant Mentz, picked up scattered parties of Boers, aggregating fifty men.

London, March 15.—Secretary Brodrick read the following despatch from Lord Kitchener in the House of Commons last evening: General Methuen was brought to Klerksdorp to-day. He is doing well. Everything possible is being done for him.

Replying to Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's question as to whether Lord Methuen had been released by General Delarey, Mr. Brodrick said: "It is not mentioned in the telegram, but I presume from the fact of his arriving at Klerksdorp in charge of a British medical official that he was released."

Timothy Healy, Irish Radical, observed: "Will the British Government be equally magnanimous and release Kritzinger?"

Mr. Brodrick made no reply.

DELAREY'S MOTIVE

London, March 15.—The newspapers generally are at a loss to account for the motive in Delarey's release of Methuen. It is generally conceded that the Boer commander's magnanimity is accounted for by his inability to properly look after the wounded man. It may also be supposed that he was glad to thus repay the kindness General Methuen showed his wife and children when they were overtaken by the cruel fortune of war. The Daily Mail expects to see either Cronje or Viljoen returned to the Boers in exchange for the British General.

CANADIANS ILL.

Ottawa, March 15.—A cablegram received from London announces that four members of the South African Constabulary are ill with enteric fever. They are James G. Stevenson, whose father is W. S. Stevenson, Morewood, Ont.; Wm. Dawson (1,415), of Toronto; Quartermaster-Sergt. Arch. Galbraith, mother Mrs. Galbraith, Saltcoats, Assa.; J. F. Roberts mother Mrs. Roberts, 6 Berthelet street, Montreal.

Incorporation of a Well Known London Firm

D.S. Perrin & Co. Become a Limited Liability Concern with a Capital of $250,000

The Company will Build Large Additions to their Already Extensive Premises

A recent issue of the Ontario Gazette contained the announcement that the well-known firm of D. S. Perrin & Co., biscuit and confectionery manufacturers, had been incorporated as a limited liability concern, with a capital stock of $250,000, with head office in London, Ontario, and will be styled "D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited."

The rapid development of this large and successful business carried on by Mr. D. S. Perrin during the past forty years has created a demand considerably in excess of the facilities for manufacturing, necessitating still further improvements and increased capacity. It has, therefore, been decided to devote the main building at 82, 84 and 86 Dundas street, through to Carling street, almost entirely to the manufacture of biscuits. In order to do this, the property has been secured on Carling street, immediately west of the present premises, on which a candy factory, six stories with basement, will be erected immediately. Two stories will also be added to the building erected some three years since. When these changes, which are expected to be completed about May 1st, are made, and new machinery installed, the company will not only enjoy the reputation of making the best combined line of biscuits and candies in the Dominion, but will also possess manufacturing facilities unexcelled by any other firm. The company have their own electric light plant for lighting the whole of their premises, a refrigerating system providing the necessary cold storage, which renders them independent of the changes in temperature, and manufacture all the immense quantity of cardboard and wooden boxes required for packing their goods.

The popularity of the biscuits manufactured by this company is beyond question, and includes both the cream sodas and an immense variety of fancy lines. Not only does this company excel in the quality of the biscuits produced, but dealers generally, when requiring an especially fine line of confectionery for the best trade, recognize the fact that their assortment is incomplete without some of Perrin's goods, including some of their celebrated "Newport Chocolates." Their biscuits and confectionery find a ready market from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which territory is covered regularly by their seventeen travelling representatives, and branch warehouses in Winnipeg and Montreal fill promptly orders from customers in their respective localities.

A striking feature of this establishment is the entente cordial which exists between employer and employee. There seems to be a mutual confidence which results in benefit to both.

Continued prosperity is assured the new company so long as the methods hitherto in vogue are continued, and they are to be congratulated on being one of the live manufacturing concerns of the city of London, which has done probably as much as any other institution in it to advertise that city throughout our broad Dominion.

WALL ST. WINNERS

primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete statistics relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with instructions for from 10 to 20 years; best rules for successful trading and other data, calculated to best fit the reader, to secure some of the large profits, distributed annually, through the medium of trading.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 18, 1902

THE REFERENDUM

Mr. Buchanan and his Prohibitionist friends had a big meeting on Thursday night. It was to have been a time of general rejoicing, but Mr. Buchanan refused to indulge in the usual generalities, and got down to business. He condemned the referendum as a measure which counted all the stay-at-homes against prohibition, which he considered designedly unjust. However, after hearing him we came to the conclusion that the simplest and fairest way is for the prohibitionist voter to ask his candidate where he stands, and if he stands for prohibition let the prohibitionist support him. If the candidate is merely a referendum fiend, and not a prohibitionist, the distinction should be made. As for Whitney, it is not known where he stands, and all Ross has to fear is the Prohibitionist vote? Is it worth considering?

Kidney Experiment.—There's no time for experimenting when you've discovered that you are a victim of some one form or another of kidney disease. Lay hold of the treatment that thousands have pinned their faith to and has cured quickly and permanently. South American Kidney Cure stands pre-eminent in the world of medicine as the kidney sufferer's truest friend.—62

THE BONUS CRAZE

The propriety of granting municipal bonuses to manufacturers has never ceased to be questioned, and very early in our experience of them it was found necessary to set certain limitations on the freedom of the municipalities in this respect. It has, unfortunately, however, become the practice of the Legislature to grant, for the most insufficient reasons, special legislation evading or overriding these conditions and limitations. The general law itself operates inequitably. It is so framed that no large community could fulfil the preliminaries necessary to the granting of a bonus. Very small communities are also said to be practically debarred from doing so.

As bonuses are objectionable in themselves, it may be held that the disabilities of the large and small communities are of no injury to them. But this is not the case, for if portions of the Province are debarred from availing themselves of the law, while others are not, the latter are likely to reap whatever benefits are in it. The provision that debars such communities as Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa, London or Kingston from availing themselves of the act is that which stipulates that bonus by-laws must be submitted to a vote of the property-owners, and must secure two-thirds of the votes on the roll before becoming operative. It is difficult to poll such a vote in any considerable town, and in the larger communities quite impossible. The provision which is said to tie up the smaller places is that preventing the granting of a bonus or bonuses when the aggregate sum granted amounts to an annual payment greater than ten per cent. of the municipal taxation.

It does not appear, however, that any of these provisions are allowed to stand in the way. At the late session the Private Bills Committee has given its sanction to a Collingwood bill authorizing a loan of $20,000 to a manufacturer. This is said to break the general law in two ways. In the first place, the industry in question is already established in another municipality, and, secondly, it is asserted that Collingwood has already exceeded the ten per cent. of taxation that municipalities are allowed to grant in bonuses. A statement is in circulation, and as it has been handed to some members of the Legislature it is presumably correct, that the taxes collected in the town of Collingwood for the year 1901 amounted to $39,114. Ten per cent. on this amount would be $3,911, whereas, in fact, during that year the town paid $16,379 in bonuses. That is to say, 40 per cent. of the taxes paid were immediately paid out

Dr. Agnew's Ointment Cures Piles.—Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles. Comfort in one application. It cures in three to six nights. It cures all skin diseases in young and old. A remedy beyond compare, and it never fails. 35 cents.

Secrets Revealed by the Camera.

PROBABLY no human invention has aided the course of justice to a greater extent, says London "Tit-Bits," than the snap-shot camera. It has been instrumental in condemning criminals, and has also been the means before now of saving innocent lives.

A case in point is that of Alfred Grayson, an Englishman who was living a few years ago at Rio de Janeiro. He was accused of the murder of a Brazilian named Linares, a clerk in the same office with himself. The two were known to have quarreled some days previous to the Sunday on which Linares met his death. Apparently, however, they had made up their difference, for they went out sailing that day on a small yacht which Grayson had hired.

In the evening Grayson brought the dead body of Linares home. His story was that the latter had fallen from the mast and fractured his skull. But medical evidence was of opinion the wound on the head had been made with a stick or oar. An oar was missing from the yacht's dingey. The mast-climbing story, too, sounded improbable, for the rigging was all worked from deck. Taking the recent quarrel into consideration, and Grayson's well-known violent temper, the case was black, indeed, against the Englishman. The coroner's jury had already found him guilty of murder, when a passenger on a Marseilles steamer, which had arrived in Rio on the Sunday afternoon, came forward with a new piece of evidence.

This was a snap-shot photograph taken as the vessel entered the harbor. Far away, under the cliffs, a tiny vessel was sailing, and against the white sail was a dark mark, which a powerful magnifier proved to be a falling man. By an almost miraculous coincidence the camera had been snapped just as Linares fell. The photograph turned the scale in Grayson's favor.

Almost equally curious is the way in which a photograph aided justice in the Cooper murder case. Cooper was assistant to a young blacksmith named McKenna in a Lanarkshire village. Both men were known to be fond of the same girl. One day Cooper was found dead on the floor of the smithy. He had been poisoned with carbolic acid. McKenna was suspected, but there was no proof whatever of his having ever bought or owned any carbolic acid, while Cooper was known to have purchased, as a toothache remedy, the phial found beside his dead body. "Death from misadventure" was the verdict.

Shortly afterwards McKenna was arrested. It appeared that an English tourist provided with a kodak had passed through the village on the very morning of the murder. Attracted by the quaintness of the old forge, he had taken several snap-shots of it. The photographer went on to stay in an out-of-the-way part of the Highlands, and did not hear of Cooper's death for some days. Then he hastened to develop his plates. Plain in one of the pictures were three bottles on a shelf. Two were beer bottles, the third was unmistakably one of those fluted blue glass bottles in which poisons are sold. It had also a label on it, and though the wording on this could not be read, yet on the strength of this evidence the police made a thorough search of McKenna's premises. They found the remains of the bottle in question in an old well, and proved that it had contained carbolic acid. Then McKenna confessed his guilt.

The more recent developments of scientific photography must make the criminal feel less secure than he used to. One of those thieves who make a living by van-robbing got an unpleasant shock one day in March last. He had safely got off with a tub of butter which he had stolen from the tail of a wagon as it was crossing a bridge in Rochester, N.Y. The deadly witness against him was a photograph taken by telephotography from the top of a neighboring high building.

A biograph picture of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge over the Niagara Gorge was recently taken, and, when developed, thrown upon the canvas at a music hall at Toronto. It was then noticed for the first time by the audience that a human body was tossing and spinning in the whirling waters. Search was at once made, and the body of a missing and much-advertised suicide was discovered, still caught in the furious suction of the whirlpool.

Hindu criminals succeed by long practice in forming a little bag in their throats into which they can guide jewels when they steal them. Last September a native was arrested for stealing a diamond worth 10,000 rupees from a jeweler's window in Calcutta. But as the evidence was only circumstantial, and possession unproved, he would have been liberated had it not occurred to the police to have an X-ray photograph taken of his throat. That showed the gem safely hidden in the little sac. The thief was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but he still refuses to give up the diamond.

The Roentgen-ray photography has also been instrumental in adding several thousand pounds to the customs revenue of Buenos Ayres within the last year. Valuable jewelry on which no duty was being paid was known to be coming into the country in letters. It is, however, illegal to open letters or stamped packages, so the law-breakers were unchecked. At last, in June, 1900, several registered letters and packages were examined under X-rays in the presence of the Argentine Postmaster-General. Sixty-six suspected packages contained £4,000 worth of jewelry, and were, of course, all confiscated.

What She Said.

It wasn't a smoking compartment, but they were using it for that purpose all the same, and she was too modest to object. By and by the two men got into a discussion over the woman question, and at last one of them, an unregenerate bachelor, appealed to the lady thus:

"Do you think there will be men in heaven, miss?"

She blushed.

"No!" she said. "They will want to go somewhere where they can smoke."

The discussion stopped; so did the smoking.

To be acceptable to the aristocracy one must be an ace or a millionaire.

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRoundem inquired of Clubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

◆

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

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A Day's Fishing.

THE fishing season having now positively begun, I think I will go down to the deep waters and try my luck. The great mistake made by so many fishermen is that they are lacking in the necessary patience for success in their hobby. Very often, after a man has sat for two or three days waiting in vain for a bite, he begins to feel the monotony a little tiring, and wants to throw up the whole enterprise. The enthusiastic angler, however, never allows himself to grow weary. He will wait three weeks for a bite, and when the exciting moment comes, he wrenches his prize out of the water and feels that he has not lived in vain. When you have once cast your bread (or whatever you are using for bait) upon the waters, you should be prepared to stand by and see the thing through if it takes all summer.

No angler expects to be landing fish all the time. As a matter of fact, the biggest fish are never completely landed at all. If you have ordinary luck you will land a few average-sized wrigglers, but you can't very well make them any bigger than they are, and your friends can size up their dimensions at a glance; whereas the fish that you hooked out of the water, but couldn't manage to finally land, grows every time you talk about it. This fish is well known to expert anglers. Its dimensions are only limited by the powers of imagination possessed by the operator. Most anglers will let it go with a weight of about twenty to thirty pounds avoirdupois; and the man who insists upon anything bigger than that must choose his audience very carefully in these knowing times. I have no sympathy with the man who hooks a fish that tries to wrestle him on to his back as it flies out of the water, or that aims crushing blows at his head with its off-side fin. And when that kind of man tells you that he fought three rounds with his prize in the endeavor to down it so that he could bring it away with him, you should not trust yourself to a comment on the narrative. That kind of man is wasting his talents on a modest job like angling. He ought to have been a political journalist.

When you have cast your line, you should sit by quietly and wait for the results. That delightful old prig, Isaak Walton, laid it down as a rule that anglers should avoid swearing, lest they be heard and catch no fish. It is not very clear to me why a man who has settled down by the water's edge for a day's fishing should want to swear. I don't see, in any of the hand-books on the craft, any hints that swearing has ever been considered half as useful as a wriggling worm for fishing purposes. As far as I can see, a man might stand by a stream and profane steadily for several hours without getting any more bites in consequence. If a fish will not bite at a tempting hook, I should doubt very much whether it will do so because somebody on the bank is referring to its ancestry in disrespectful terms, and is casting rather red aspersions on its moral character. The injunction as to swearing appears quite unnecessary, but dear old Isaak couldn't help preaching a little in between the bites.

After waiting a little while and looking at your float, you will probably see it begin to bob up and down. This either means that something is biting at the hook, or else that an empty sardine tin has got mixed up with your line. You must let the bobbing go on till the float is dragged under water, and then you pull in with both hands, and land the upper portion of a dilapidated boot which somebody has left in the stream by an oversight. Fishing is called "the contemplative man's recreation," chiefly, I believe, on account of the very weird things that the average angler is called upon to contemplate in the course of a day's skirmish with the wonders of the deep.

Many anglers, however, do not recommend the practice of sitting down and fixing the eye on the bobbing float. After you have thrown out your line, you open the lunch basket and take out the first bottle. Then you light a pipe and take a glance or so at your float to make sure that it isn't bobbing. By that time you will be ready for the second bottle. When the second bottle has been properly and truly dealt with, the float will bob a good deal oftener than might be expected; but you don't need to take notice of low conduct like that. If a gentleman can't sit down by the water's edge and take a little light refreshment without being guyed by a mere decorative quill, it's hard luck, that's all.

By the time you have got on to the fourth bottle, you will begin to realise what a thoroughly enjoyable sport this angling business is. You will begin to wonder at first what bounder has been and thrown his line alongside yours, as there are two floats to be distinctly seen. You need not, however, bother about that. After all, you didn't come down to the water for what you could catch; but for the jolly sport of thing. Well, there's the fifth bottle ready anyway, and it's thirsty work looking on and waiting for a bite.

Of course, there are anglers who can be carried away by the sport so much as to follow a float with their eyes for a whole day, with scarcely a drop in between. These men will wade through two feet of water, and carry the spare worms in their mouths on the chance of hooking a wriggler that has been hovering about playfully for an hour or two. But this is not the weather for enthusiasm of any kind; and the only thing that you will find to admire in these rabid anglers is that their perspiring activity makes you feel so thirsty that the rest of the bottles can be opened in their right order without waiting. Some anglers reel up their line at the close of the day's sport and take it back home. But after a dozen bottles or so of the best, you won't want to be bothered with any dim nonsense of that kind. Just kick the whole kit into the water, and call for help to enable you to get home again without any fuss. Angling is a grand sport if you know how to take it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

The Real Difficulty.

Appy Tite—If we only had some lines, now, we might do a little fishin'.

Shady Bowers—Fishin', eh? Who's goin' ter dig de bait, bait de hooks, frow in de lines, haul out de fish, and take 'em offen de hooks?

Appy Tite—Dat's so; we'd have to hire somebody to do dat part of [illegible]

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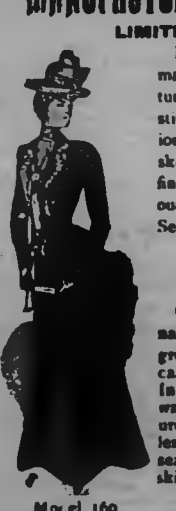

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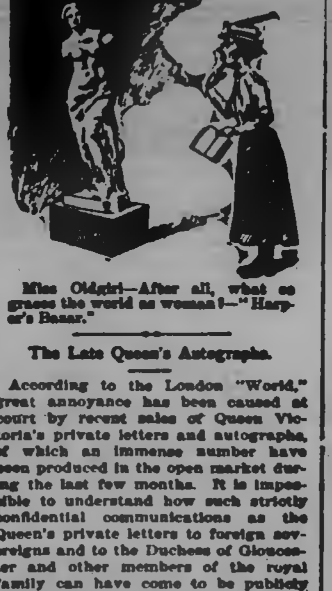

Miss Oldgirl—After all, what so graces the world as woman!—"Harper's Bazar."

The Late Queen's Autographs.

According to the London "World," great annoyance has been caused at court by recent sales of Queen Victoria's private letters and autographs, of which an immense number have been produced in the open market during the last few months. It is impossible to understand how such strictly confidential communications as the Queen's private letters to foreign sovereigns and to the Duchess of Gloucester and other members of the royal family can have come to be publicly offered for sale, unless they have somehow passed into the possession of the servants of the recipients.

The Playgoer's Dinners.

A correspondent who signs himself "Serious Playgoer" writes to the "Illustrated London News": "Is it not possible to induce the public to moderate its eating and drinking before going to the play? If you have eaten a very large meal, how can you be in the mood for real drama? Nowadays the playwright has to provide, not drama, but an aid to digestion, a kind of dramatic equivalent to the cigarette and liqueur. He may count himself happy if rows of gentlemen in white waistcoats are gently stimulated by a theatrical anecdote, set to music if possible, and enlivened by charming costumes. If his characters have any troubles, these must be comic embarrassments, not the sordid cares that crease even a white waistcoat in actual life. I see the necessity for this entertainment so long as the playgoer has no scruple about his dining. Max Beerbohm, who treats this subject with admirable philosophy, proposes that the theater shall open in the early morning. Let us take our drama, he says, after breakfast, when the mind has a dewy freshness. Let commerce and its toils be put off until the evening. This, I fear, is a poetic ideal, like asking the moon to shine in the morning and the sun to oblige about nine p.m. It is upon the playgoer's dinner that reformers must concentrate their energies."

Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Candle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Candle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Candle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Pick-Me-Up."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

CHAPTER I.

Daisy—The Spoiled Darling of the Family.

There was a great flutter of excitement in the Gordon farmhouse one lovely June morning, and it was all caused by the letter Hetty and Olive Gordon, the farmer's two pretty daughters, were reading together.

"Oh, it will be perfectly delightful!" cried Hetty, shaking her dark curls back, her eyes sparkling, and a wave of color, like the heart of a great red rose, flaming up into her dimpled cheeks.

Farmer Gordon pushed back his spectacles, and looked from one lovely, eager face to the other.

"I dunno as I understand this thing," he said; "read the letter again, Hetty, from beginnin' to end."

"I'm sure it's perfectly easy to understand, papa," pouted Olive, impatiently. "It's an invitation from Colonel Ruthven's wife for Hetty and me to spend two weeks at Briar Hall, in Briarvale, to welcome Mrs. Ruthven's niece, a great heiress, who is to arrive in time for the great lawn fete on the 20th.

"The hall has been closed since that awful event happened, it is true, and the grounds show neglect everywhere but the lawn is to be trimmed with bunting, and fairy, colored lamps are to be lighted in the evening, and——"

"Let me see the letter," interrupted the farmer. "Strange that your sister Daisy wasn't asked; the lass will feel terribly cut up about it. That's hardly fair."

"Well, she wasn't," declared Olive. "There's to be just a certain number of young gentlemen invited at the hall, and a certain number of us girls. So, you see, Daisy would have been one too many; she would have had no escort at the boating parties, horseback rides, and all that."

"Bless you, the child wouldn't mind that one bit!" maintained the farmer, good-naturedly. "She could have gone along with either one of you, and your beaus."

Two pairs of black eyes flashed angrily, and two pretty faces flushed to the roots of their dark curls.

"That chit of a thing!" cried Hetty Gordon, contemptuously. "And father"— reddening a little — "you shouldn't try to force the youngest daughter into society until the elder two are married off. There's time enough for Daisy. You must remember I am twenty-two, while Olive is twenty —and Daisy is only sixteen."

"I almost believe you two are getting jealous of little Daisy," laughed the farmer, uproariously, "ever since she declared she would soon be old enough to cut you out with your beaus."

"There she comes now!" cried Olive, hurriedly thrusting the letter into her pocket. "Promise us not to let her know anything about this affair, until we are started and on the way. Then she cannot tease to go."

"Bless little Daisy," said the farmer, gently, as he turned toward the open window, and saw his favorite daughter —his pretty, willful, motherless Daisy —a slim girl, with flying yellow curls, and a face flushed with excitement, hurrying through the clover -field toward the house.

It was no secret that the honest old farmer loved his youngest child best; she was his darling, his idol, this bonny, golden- haired little Daisy. He could never endure having her a whole day out of his sight. He guarded his treasure too well, and that was why he came to lose it.

Over the fields, flying like a bird, came Daisy and in another moment the young girl had sprung through the vine- wreathed doorway, out of breath, pell-mell into her father's arms.

"Heyday, what's the matter now, Daisy?" he said, laying one rough, toil- hardened hand on the tumbled curls, and looking down into two lovely, blue- bell eyes, swimming in great, big tears.

"Oh, papa," pouted Daisy, "is it true that Hetty and Olive are going down to Briar Hall to stay two weeks, and that I am not to go? Oh, please, papa, let me go too," and the lovely, flushed face was raised eagerly, appealingly to his. "And there's to be a grand lawn-party there. Oh, papa, do let me go."

"No doubt you'd enjoy the frolic, pet," rejoined the farmer; "but you can't go, child; you wasn't asked."

"Even if she had been invited, she couldn't have gone," broke in Hetty. "Who would there be to help Margy and look after your meals, father, if she went?"

"Look after his meals," repeated black eyed Olive, with a little laugh and a shrug of her shapely shoulders. "Precious little looking after anything she'll do. She spends all of her time chasing butterflies, or sitting up in the peach tree."

"It's none of your business if I do," blazed out Daisy, wrathfully shaking back her yellow curls and stamping a little mite of a foot. "That's not half so bad as standing in the peach orchard and quarreling over which of you Aleck Hamilton comes over to the farm to see."

To be Continued.

Weary's Objection.

Willie Wentwerth—I'm glad I ain't got no relashuns.

Weary Waddleton—Me, too; I cu'dn't tell whedder dey luv'd me or was after me munny.

Man's Christianity to man makes countless thousands mourn.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

A Four Leaved Clover.

I WAS hard at work drawing a bird, which might eventually draw a cheque, when the doorbell sounded. I didn't want to be interrupted, for my editor, as a few editors are, was a soulless brute where promptitude was concerned, and my drawing had to be completed.

In a moment the servant brought in a card. It was the proper size and all that, and the name upon it was "Mr. Edward Ross."

Now, there are peculiarities about cards, and somehow this one rather impressed me. I knew no one of that name, yet the neat, white thing was unmistakable; so, laying down my brush, I sought the reception-room.

A big, trim-looking young fellow faced me, a wonderfully musical voice bade me good-morning with a certain cheery smoothness which was very pleasing, and a pair of particularly keen eyes took me in from head to foot, then apparently fixed themselves upon my left ear.

"I'm afraid you are busy?" he remarked, as his eyes shifted from my ear.

At that instant I remembered a second brush, for the moment forgotten in its usual place.

"Not too busy for business," I replied, at the same time saying inwardly, "You've got a quick eye and wit."

"Good—it's business," he commented. "The fact is, a friend of mine wants a story of the Speedway according to this memo. He asked me to get it; I made a few enquiries; Mr. —— advised seeing you." As he concluded he handed me the slip of paper, upon which was scribbled, "Conception, prime movers, construction, cost, prominent patrons, value to public, undesirable features, if any; interesting as possible; not to exceed five thousand words."

"That's all easy enough, if the price be right," I said.

"I am at liberty to offer you $—, providing the story reaches him by the fifteenth," he continued.

There was ample time, so I closed with the offer, and the business end of the interview was reached.

"How far is this Speedway from here? I've never seen it," he said, as he prepared to leave.

"Only a few blocks," I replied; then, urged by a sudden impulse, I added: "If you don't mind waiting twenty minutes in my shop while I finish a small matter, I'll take you up there."

"Good," he replied. "I shall be only too happy, if you are sure I'm not too much trouble."

"This way," I replied. "Smoke up and talk as much as you want to—doesn't bother me in the least."

His eyes lighted with pleasure as they fell upon the almost completed drawing, and his remarks presently proved that he knew the bird well. In a few moments I was busy with finishing touches; and, while he said little, his keen eyes noted every move with absorbed interest. After a bit I laid aside brushes, picked up the glass, verified the work and rose.

"Take a look through the glass," I said. "It'll show you what the result will be."

He looked long and smiled approval.

"It's wonderful," he said, "what knowledge and skill can do. That bird is all right. I can't do such things, but I have a rare good eye. That little drawing carries me back to a place far away, where that bird made his home in a certain tree. I know him well and—would—would you sell me that? I mean after you are through with it," he hastily added.

"No, but I'll give it to you three weeks hence. I can't sell it twice, you know," I retorted, laughing.

"I'll take you at your word, and I'll get bunk," he retorted, meaningly.

In a few moments the drawing was ready for mailing, and we started. The first mail-box trapped the bird; then we swung away for our destination. From the bridge we looked down upon athletic field and ball-grounds, and here my companion's personal knowledge of Upper Manhattan ended. Once upon the Speedway he became as animated as an eager boy, but the shrewd comments he made upon every important feature proved him to be rarely well informed concerning the cost of and work and the requirements of a fast, safe course. Before we had passed beneath the mighty arches which eloquently declare man's mastery over natural obstacles, he had me wondering, for those keen eyes of his saw everything and his crisp remarks proved that he had read much and had a wonderful memory.

Those who have not seen the Speedway can have no conception of its beauty. Upon the one hand the broad water, yet stirring with the pulse of the distant sea; beyond that, noble hills rolling away in tremendous, halted billows of green; beside you the low stone wall, with its guarding metal rail; then the broad-flagged walk; then the Way itself, broad and ample and carefully brushed as smooth as a yellow carpet. Across it, another broad walk, and towering far above it, tremendous cliffs of roughest rock, with grand trees clinging where they may and brush and creepers draping with lovely screen all traces of man's wondrous effort. Such is the magic roadway which the wizard money conjured from among rock-masses flung by warring forces in mystic days of old. Legends of giants' hour and crafty elves cling like lichens to these rocks, but now, at their bases, curves a modern race-course, printed by the flying feet of the swiftest light-harness horses the world contains.

As we strolled along a beautiful brown colt passed at top speed, his gait the perfection of smooth trotting, the dainty pneumatic seeming hardly to touch the ground. Soon he came jogging back, full of fire and eager for another burst. I knew the driver, and in response to my query of "Anything doing to-day?" he replied, "Sure—the match—start in 'bout an hour."

Then I remembered that a couple of rival gentlemen drivers had matched their favorite fliers weeks before, and that this was the day of the race. Furthermore, I was aware that big money had been wagered and that a clinking race was expected. The coming contest explained the deserted appearance of the Speedway—beyond a doubt a crowd of keen horsemen was gathered about the headquarters at the farther end of the course.

I explained the situation to Ross, and suggested our waiting where we were for a while, as we were near what would be the finish.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

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COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

"Know anything about them?" he queried, while his shrewd eyes twinkled with interest.

"Yes," I replied; "one's the best horse, but its owner's up, and t'other nag's got the best mechanic behind him."

"What's the difference between the horses?"

"Lengths!"

"And between drivers?"

"Miles!"

"Sure of that?"

"Absolutely certain!"

"How will the betting be?"

"Probably two to one on the nag that's going to lose. He's a fast, showy horse, his driver is a great bluffer, and the crowd will surely back the combination. But I know something of the other pair, and neither horse nor man makes mistakes. The man is an amateur, but he's fit for professional company—a wise, cool, absolutely straight fellow, who is satisfied with a head when a head will do the trick."

"Looks like something of a cinch, then?"

"Very like it. The match was made apparently as the outcome of a chance-raised argument. I know both parties were looking for it for weeks. The man who is going to lose it imagines that he talked the other into making it. Do you savey?"

Ross smiled, then remarked that he wouldn't mind having a small bet on the result, and suggested that we move along and find out how things were. As we turned to go, he started slightly, then glanced at me.

"I see it, too—pick it up," I remarked, laughingly.

Before us, on the strip of sod and almost hidden, lay a small silver bracelet, a cheap affair, to which were attached a few plated bangles. As Ross picked it up he uttered a sharp cry.

"Well—of all the curious things!" he almost shouted, as he handed me the trinket. "What do you think of that?"

Attached among the bangles was a locket-like affair—two small crystals held together by a circular band of gold with a little ring to hang it by, and between the crystals was tightly pressed a tiny four-leaved clover.

"Neat bit of work," I commented, as I closely examined it; "and it's a genuine clover, too," I concluded, as I handed it back.

"Hurry up," he exclaimed, as he thrust the bracelet into his pocket. "I'll lay some long green on that driver you fancy. How're you fixed?" he continued, as we bustled along.

"Oh! I'll chance a ten-spot on it for luck," I said through my laughter, for Ross was visibly keen to follow his whim.

"Ten-spot be d—d! I'll make it five hundred if these guys are game!" he retorted with energy. "Why, it's like finding the good stuff. I only hope they've got their bundles with them!"

"It's good betting they have. These men always go heeled, and some of them have money to burn," I replied.

"Lead me to them. I'm a cooking-range!" he gurgled gleefully, and presently we neared the crowd.

Ross's manner at once changed. Calmly indifferent, he moved among the little knots of whispering horsemen, until he had bored his way into the center of a noisier crowd, where betting talk was free.

"General—one hundred even?" queried a sweaty, red-faced fellow, but the gray-haired Southerner addressed smiled and shook his head. "One hundred to seventy-five! Come, General, time's short," continued the man, but the offer was declined. "Does anybody care for it? Open to anybody! Come, gentlemen!"

For a moment there was no response, then Ross remarked, "I'd like a bit of that."

"How much? Money talks!" said the red-faced man.

With the celerity of the turf they got together, and the wads they produced were fat to bursting. After a brief conference the red-faced man planked down $600 at the odds, Ross counted out the needful, the house took charge of it, and the red-faced man remarked: "Just had $600 to play with. Might as well have it all in a lump. Saves trouble collecting!"

Ross smiled a four-leaved sort of smile; then we worked our way out.

"Don't know him, but he's a good 'un!" I heard a well-known sporting man remark as Ross reached the door.

The story of the race need not be dwelt upon, for it was the old, old story of the mechanic versus the amateur. After losing the first heat by an open length, our horse, or rather our driver, took command and won out. There was the usual hot discussion, the usual kick from losers, and finally a challenge from the loser for another race for bigger money, professional drivers. This the owner of our horse declined.

"A long-headed chap, that fellow," remarked Ross, as we tramped homeward. "You had him sized up all right. Now we'll have a bite and settle."

We turned at length into a cafe, where over the cigars we discussed the fortune of the day and the curious finding of the bracelet.

"Wonder if it would be any harm to put that charm on my chain?" queried Ross, as he fingered it lovingly. "I don't want the other truck, but the little clover must stop with me. I believe in it. To find one is lucky; but to find one all ready mounted like this is something unheard of, and I'll see the oracle's worked full time," he added with a grin.

With a knife he tinkered at the tiny ring until the clover was detached; then he fastened it to his chain, and while we sat his fingers kept playing with it.

When the check was brought he settled for everything; then divided his winnings in half and pushed one wad over to me.

"What's this?" I gasped.

"Your whack!" he remarked, crisply.

"But—but—" I remonstrated. "What the devil have I to do with it? It's your money—I won't have it!"

"Yes, you will, too!" he retorted. "We were in on the deal. You saw the trinket before I did. It won for us. I've had a right pleasant time, and I insist!"

"But I won't stand for it!"

For a moment his eyes met mine with a peculiar, hard expression; then they softened to a mirthful twinkle, and he said:

"Oh! very well! If you absolutely decline to take what's yours, I can't help it!" With which he thrust the twin rolls into his pocket. "Now steer me to the L-road stairs, and I'll away home."

Within a block we met a small girl—one of the weasel-faced, half-fed type so common in New York streets. She must have imagined herself on 125th street, Paradise, instead of Manhattan, for Ross stopped her, slipped the bracelet over her grimy paw, pressed a quarter into her palm, smiled and passed on. For a moment she stood petrified with amazement, then she sped away as fast as her wretched little shanks could carry her. No doubt she told her friends "de swell guys" gave it to her and no doubt her friends guessed she'd "pinched" it, or, if swell guys actually had given it to her, that they were very, very drunk at the time.

By the foot of the stairs we chatted for a few moments, then up he went, two steps at a time, for the rumble of an approaching train was plainly audible. As I turned away he whistled sharply, and, leaning over, shook his clover charm. I laughed and waved my hand.

"So long!" he cried. "Best not put your left hand in your coat pocket," and he vanished as the creaking train came to a standstill.

Of course my hand at once went into my pocket and closed on a roll of bills. He had feared some stealthier hand finding it.

"Curious chap, but game and good as they make them," I thought as I strolled homeward.

* * * * * *

Weeks passed, and I saw no more of Ross, but one day I received a brief note, which read: "I have an empty bird-cage at No. —, —— street." I at once mailed the drawing to the address. Next day came an envelope, which contained a brand-new "twenty" and a note, which read: "Made this myself with a pen—try to 'pass it.'" He'd made the note with a pen all right, but the "twenty" was genuine. I wondered, for these things seldom happen.

A couple of weeks later came a photograph of the clover-charm, and on the back was scribbled: "It's a wonder—nothing but 'fours'—and all winners."

I whistled—for mine eyes began to see things, and that evening I sought for a certain Puritanical-looking party, who might have passed for a Presbyterian divine, but who never passed for anything the other parties might say in red, white and blue speech. I found him in a certain quiet corner which he was given to filling when there was nothing doing. He looked very depressed, but greeted me pleasantly enough.

"Deacon," I ventured, "do you happen to know a fellow named Edward Ross?"

He gave a mighty start, then in a strangely hollow voice he asked:

"Haven't you seen to-night's paper?"

I shook my head.

"Read it," he said, as he drew a copy from his pocket.

Great headlines told it all. A party of gamblers had gotten into a row in a saloon, and after the smoke had cleared away, a few were on the floor, some wounded, one dead. The dead man's name was Walter Canade, alias Ross, alias "Four-leaved Eddy." There was the usual sensational story.

I looked at the Deacon, and remarked that I had met Ross.

"Then you met one of God's own gentlemen!" he exclaimed. "Eddie was the soul of honor, a college man and a perfect gentleman. He always wore a four-leaved clover in a charm on his chain. Last night he was a big winner—he claimed he'd always been lucky since he found that clover charm. He said 'found' it, but we didn't believe any such nonsense. His girl gave it to him for a birthday present. Last night it was hot in certain rooms; he had his coat off and his watch was in the pocket of his shirt, the little charm hung right over his heart. When the row began everybody got on their feet, and he stood there with that thing shining on his shirt. It was a mark, I tell you—a mark—and the cursed hound that did the gun-work couldn't help but hold on it!"

"And—?" I ventured.

"Why, the lead just took out the glass and the clover, that's all! But, stranger!" he almost shouted, "if you knew that dead boy you knew a square, game man. There's a diamond stud will be another mark before many days—you mark my words!"

And there was.

Church Hymns.

CONSIDERABLE interest and perhaps some uneasiness has been aroused of late by criticism, widely reported and discussed, of certain well-known and popular church hymns. The critics urge that our most common hymns "are not literature;" that they do not possess sufficient literary excellence to win the approval of intelligent and cultivated minds, and therefore would better be dropped.

Objections of this kind—and they are not made for the first time—are usually made by men who are better known for their literary attainments than for their religious experience. They are based on an error, argues the "Youth's Companion." Neither in conception nor in purpose are hymns intended to be literature. Many of them are literature in the strictest sense. Yet who supposes that Luther was stirred by literary ambition when he produced "Ein' feste Burg ist unser Gott"—"A mighty Fortress is our God?" or that John Fawcett, the obscure country preacher, thought he was producing literature when he wrote "Blest Be the Tie that Binds?" The one was beset by forces with which he felt himself unable to contend alone, the other touched by the love of the humble parishioners who crowded about to beg him to decline a call to a rich church in London. Each gave voice to the spirit which sang in his heart, and so were born one of the noblest songs of Christian courage and one of the tenderest expressions of Christian brotherhood.

It is not what the hymns are, but what they do, that counts. Think of the noble list—the "Rock of Ages," "Guide me, O Thou Great Jehovah," "Lead, kindly Light," "Jesus, Lover of my Soul" and hosts of others which have molded the religious life of the whole English-speaking race. They have inspired deeds of love and mercy, instilled patience and courage in the depressed, comforted the dying, and consoled those who mourned. So long as they continue to do these things they fulfil the purpose for which they were intended, and are worthy of the place they hold in the hearts of those who sing them.

* * *

It came to us, so white and pure,
  A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
  'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
  But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
  Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
  The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
  'Tis not the snow we used to know!

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Editor Morning Times

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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
GRISWOLD BLOCK,
DETROIT. MICH.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 15, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The water in the river is high at the present time.

—To-day's sun had a good effect on the roads and sidewalks about town.

—The chief has a pair of gloves, for which he would like an owner.

—Carpenters are working on the roof of the main building at the cereal works.

—At the police court yesterday, Jos. Cunningham, a vagrant, was sent to gaol for six months.

—The Strangers' Fellowship Club will meet in the Y.M.C.A. hall to-night at 7.30 sharp.

—The annual sale of the market stalls will be held on March 21st, at 11 a.m.

—The Retail Merchants' Association will hold their annual meeting on Monday evening, in the Y.M.C.A. hall.

—The Little Lake is open for navigation, the channel being clear of ice. This is the earliest the ice has broken up in a number of years.

—The Rathbun Company have taken out 35,000 logs and railway ties in Cavendish township this winter. The camp of about 40 men was under the charge of Mr. John Coburn. It is expected that the drive will come down the Burnt river in a few days.

—All the latest styles in mounts and finish are to be found at Whiten's photo studio. When you want a large crayon made from a small picture take it to Whiten's. Studio, 158 Hunter street.

—The management committee of the Daughters of Erin entertainment have secured the services of Mr. Frank Otto, the British-Italian harpist, who will take part in their concert on Monday evening next, March 17, in St. Andrew's School Hall.

—Mr. B. R. Davis, of the Electric Works, forecasting an early spring, is taking time by the forelock, and has removed his beautiful winter crop of red whiskers. Aside from protecting the throat, whiskers of Mr. Davis' stamp have strong influence with the Irish vote.

Servant Wanted

WANTED at once a good general servant. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland, 216 Simcoe street.

WATER CONSUMERS.

Water consumers will please take notice that all water rates are payable in advance, and that all unpaid rates for the present quarter must be paid at once to the Collector at the Town Office, corner Simcoe and Water Streets.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary

A Mixup

Through an error in "making up" our forms yesterday morning, the article which should have appeared under the heading "Can we Live on Air—Startling New Theory," was not inserted, other matter following the heading. The despatch appears in full in another column.

Attention Attracted

The Times Bookstore windows are the center of attraction just now. Articles too numerous to mention have been marked to sell at less than half price, and given opportunity to get annuals, bound books of every description, albums, leather goods, fancy china, etc at prices unheard of before. We are clearing out our stock

Our New Story

The initial chapter of our new and thrilling serial story, entitled "Daisy Gordon's Folly," appears in this issue. The story is from the pen of Laura Jean Libbey, which is a sufficient guarantee of its popularity.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Sergt. LeBar's Book

Sergt. LeBar, who was a member of the first contingent to South Africa, has written a book, entitled "From Canada to South Africa, or Everyday Life of the First Canadian Contingent." We have had the pleasure of reading the manuscript and find it intensely interesting and instructive. The book is now in press.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. W. D. Parker returned from Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. H. C. Cox, of Toronto, is in town for a few days.

player in the 57th Regt. Band, was taken dangerously ill last night at the band concert.

—Mrs. C. Leslie Adams, and Miss Margaret Batcher, of Niagara Falls Centre, is visiting in town.

—Mr. Alex. Scott, of Smith, is seriously ill, and grave doubts are entertained about his recovery.

—Mrs. T. R. Dundo, of Hamilton, who has been the guest of Mrs. Dawson Kennedy, for the past few weeks, returned to her home yesterday.

50—60 The Critical Age

Height of vigor past—nature's power slowing down, vitality less, recuperative power less, endurance less. Stop the progress of decay, tone up the weakened nerve centres, impart vigor to the tiring brain, prepare for the crisis. A means of remarkable potency in the renewal of decreasing vigor is found in Ferrozone. It brightens up the whole being, imparts a sense of power and strength. By the use of Ferrozone, old age is pushed back twenty years. Ferrozone gives strength, vigor, endurance, vim. Your druggist has it. Get a box to-day.

ARRESTED IN BELLEVILLE

Fred Cousins Charged with Setting Miss Luny's House on Fire

Fred Cousins, of town, was arrested in Belleville yesterday, by the Chief of Police there, charged with setting fire to Miss Luny's house, Robinson St. Ashburnham, on the 3rd of March. He was suspected of committing the act, and left town immediately afterward. High County Constable Cochrane leaves this morning for Belleville to bring the prisoner back for trial.

Where Medical Science Fails

to cure rheumatism, and all the time you suffer dreadfully, why don't you get a bottle of Polson's Nerviline and try that? Rub it into your stiff joints, sore arms, lame back, bent shoulders — wherever the pain is. Nerviline has cured plenty of people in this way, and that ought to be proof enough that it will cure you too. It is an unusually strong liniment that cures rheumatism in unusually quick time. Best household liniment known. 25 cents.

THE D. S. PERRIN CO.

A Successful Business Carried on by This Enterprising Firm

The well known firm of D. S. Perrin and Co., of London, have had a most successful career during the past forty years. Mr. D. S. Perrin, the head of the firm started in business on a small scale and by supplying goods of the very highest quality and being prompt and fair in all his dealings, has met with very great success. The works have been enlarged a number of times and to-day stands first and foremost in the biscuit and confectionery manufacturers in Canada. For some years Mr. Perrin has not been actively engaged in the business but has had an overseeing interest. He has the faculty of choosing as his assistants the men best adapted to the business, the results speak for themselves, and as a result the company is now the best known in the country. Those purchasing the manufactured goods always know that the name is the only guarantee that is required.

In his own city, Mr. Perrin is one of the best known and most highly respected citizens, and enjoys the respect and esteem of hundreds of friends.

BREAD DYSPEPSIA

White Bread Makes Trouble With Some People

Loading up with white bread and starchy cereals is quite sure to ultimately bring on some disorder of the bowels, and is frequently the cause of appendicitis.

The starches are not digested in the upper stomach but are treated in the duodenum and from there on down through the whole length of the bowels. Consequently, if too much starchy food is used, particularly white bread, trouble is likely to set up. White bread does not contain the diastatic principles which nature placed in the wheat berry to help digest starch, but the white flour miller leaves that part out.

Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food was perfected purposely to supply the starch of the cereals and the other parts intended by nature for use, and presents them to the body in a form that will easily be digested. In fact they are predigested by a natural means during the process of manufacture, so that one can get all the energy and value from that sort of food without without overloading the organs.

A man from Brantford, Ont., says: "For the first twenty years of my life I lived out of doors, then I took up my present employment, which is indoors and requires the exercise of the brain rather than the body.

Gradually a languid feeling took possession of me, which developed into dyspepsia and later into constipation. These conditions continued for several years in spite of pills and laxatives without number. After a time I began to suffer from great lack of vitality and from time to time with cramps in the bowels which usually laid me up for three or four days. Finally the physician discovered that I was on the point of appendicitis. After one of these severe attacks, about six months ago, a neighbor brought in a part of a package of Grape-Nuts to try, and I noticed good results from the first, and have continued the use of the Food in place of white bread and cereals I formerly used.

I have gained considerably in weight, feel much better than I have in years, my complexion has cleared up, digestion is good, and I have not had a cramp since starting; but more important than all else, I notice a distinct clearness of mind sustained by an energy and nerve force that I have not known before.

I have learned an exceedingly valuable lesson in living, and will not, hereafter, load myself down with food requiring too much bulk to supply a sufficient amount of nourishment as I used to. This lesson in moderation in diet, and knowing how to select proper food is worth everything to me." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MR. W. D. PARKER RESIGNS

The Acting Manager Withdraws from That Institution

Yesterday Mr. W. D. Parker resigned his position as acting manager of the Ontario Bank. During his 14 years of faithful service in that popular institution, latterly as manager, Mr. Parker has made hundreds of friends, who will sincerely regret his departure. Mr. Parker's resignation is entirely voluntary, and was tendered personally at a meeting of the Board of Directors in Toronto yesterday. The directors and Mr. Parker part good friends.

We are pleased to learn that he does not intend to leave town at present, at least.

It Stands First in the Estimation of a Prominent Justice of the Peace

Paine's Celery Compound

THE MARVELLOUS SPRING MEDICINE BANISHES LONG STANDING DYSPEPSIA AND STOMACH TROUBLES.

Do not allow dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach troubles to continue their body-destroying work as you enter the glad springtime. While nature is arousing from her winter slumber of death and putting on a brighter and more cheerful garb— while the birds, the rills and the brooks are joyously singing their peans of welcome to a new life, so should men and women endeavor to cast off the fetters of disease and put on that new life that enables them to appreciate the joys and beauties of a new-born season.

The great spring emancipator and liberator from the common diseases of life is Paine's Celery Compound. Tested for years by the ablest physicians and always triumphant in overcoming sickness, it is gladly recommended by the great majority of medical men from day to day.

Mr. John Mackenzie, Justice of the Peace, and Clerk of the Township of Sarawak and Brooke, Ont., says:

"You will think me ungrateful in not sooner acknowledging to you my entire cure from dyspepsia through the use of Paine's Celery Compound; but when I tell you that I suffered all the tortures of dyspepsia for five years, and during that time having taken most of the great remedies advertised as the only sure cure for the horrible complaint with little or no benefit, I was determined to be cured before I would be satisfied. Some of the "great remedies" would give me a little relief while I was taking them, but as soon as I stopped them I was as bad as ever.

"When I commenced taking Paine's Celery Compound I fully expected the same results, as my confidence in all medicines was shaken; but from the first dose of the compound I felt better, and after taking two bottles I thought I was completely cured, but to make the cure certain I took four bottles more. It is now over two years since I took the last dose, and have not had the least symptom of the disease in any way. I can from my own blessed experience recommend Paine's Celery Compound as a sure cure and a very pleasant medicine to take."

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Acknowledged by most intelligent and prominent people. His methods were approved of by judge and jury in the General Session, March 14th, 1901, which fact proves that scientific palmistry as practised by him has no connection with the vulgar fortune telling under the heading of astrology, tea cup tossing, card cutting, and the gipsies palm reading, who do not know the first principle of the theory.

Professor O'Brien's reputation is far and wide. People from every part of the world consult him. His patrons rank among judges M.P.'s, lawyers, clergymen, of every denomination, intelligent priests, doctors, bankers, students, mechanics, etc., etc.

Those who never had their head or hand delineated, should call at once on Prof. O'Brien. His delineations are graphic and instructive, and he always makes it a point to give the young people good and sound advice. Don't forget there is only one Prof. O'Brien.

In phrenology he is at the head of his profession, in palmistry he has no equal. Call for circular and see what the Catholic Register, News, Mail and Empire, Globe, etc., all the leading Toronto papers say.

During his first visit in Peterborough 300 people were examined by him, and still they come as fast as ever, for they all know what Prof. O'Brien's abilities are.

Those wishing to consult him please come early and avoid disappointments as Prof. O'Brien can only remain in Peterborough a few days longer. A photo read free to patrons. Private office at 302 Hunter st. terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to but not from Buffalo N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

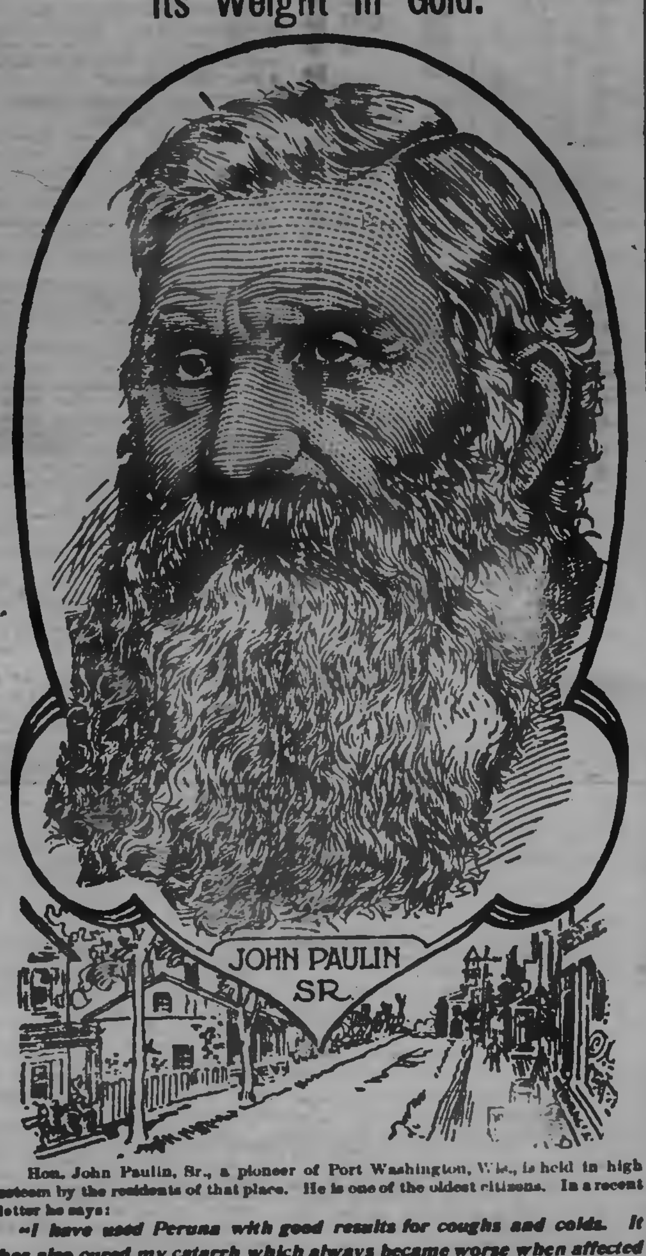
A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Cotton Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

A WISCONSIN PIONEER

Recommends Pe-ru-na as Being Worth its Weight in Gold.


JOHN PAULIN SR.

Hon. John Paulin, Sr., a pioneer of Port Washington, Wis., is held in high esteem by the residents of that place. He is one of the oldest citizens. In a recent letter he says:

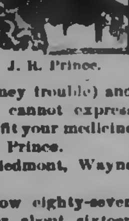
"I have used Peruna with good results for coughs and colds. It has also cured my catarrh which always became worse when affected with but a slight cold. I am recommending Peruna because it is worth its weight in gold."—JOHN PAULIN, SR.

Mr. A. Howell, Marietta, Ga., writes: "I have been troubled with catarrh in head, throat and stomach for several years, and from accounts that I have read in several newspapers of the good effects that many had received from Peruna, and whose veracity could not be doubted, caused me to give it a trial, and I bless the day that I did make a trial. It has made a new man of me.

"I was all my life up to about five years ago a very healthy man, and about that time I was troubled with catarrh. I tried a number of prescriptions from different doctors but none seemed to relieve me until I commenced the use of Peruna, and from its use I can truly say that I have been greatly benefited.

"I am now in my eighty-seventh year and can walk and get about as well as many much younger than myself and attribute it greatly to the use of Peruna. I keep some on hand all the time, and consider it the cheapest medicine in the world."—Mr. A. Howell.

J. R. Prince, East Leon, N. Y., writes: "Peruna has saved my life, and made a strong, healthy, jolly old man of me. Peruna is just what every family should not be without. I have taken very few colds since I have used Peruna, but when I do catch cold, Peruna is my medicine.


J. R. Prince.

"A minister came to me last summer and said that he had seen my testimonial in the paper, and began taking Peruna. He said that it straightened him right up—(he was troubled with kidney trouble) and Peruna cured him. I cannot express my thanks for the benefit your medicine has been to me."—J. R. Prince.

Abraham Ziegler, Piedmont, Wayne County, Mo., writes:

"My wife who is now eighty-seven years old, suffered for about sixteen years from severe catarrh of the head, which affected her sight and hearing. I saw Pe-ru-na advertised in your almanac, and testimonials similar to her case attracted my attention. I [illegible] bottle and it helped her so much she is now using the second bottle [illegible] she thinks it is something wonderful. Her hearing and sight are both in part restored."—Abraham Ziegler.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances. Pe-ru-na corrects all this by its specific operation on all the mucous membranes of the body. One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Pe-ru-na becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

imparts the tint of the lily and blush of the rose to the plainest face by feeding the skin and bringing out the natural, healthy bloom.

Not a Paint

but a skin food of matchless excellence, unrivalled for healing chaps and making the hands soft and white. Sold by most druggists. Mailed to any address on receipt of 25c. by

Hutchings Medicine Co
Toronto.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G., PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director
The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonnie Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto.

Piccolomini, the composer of popular songs, died yesterday, a pauper, in a London lunatic asylum.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS

will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all Stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

of Schools and Colleges on surrender of Standard Certificate signed by principal, at

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

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Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King S West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.
JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

New Boot and Shoe Store

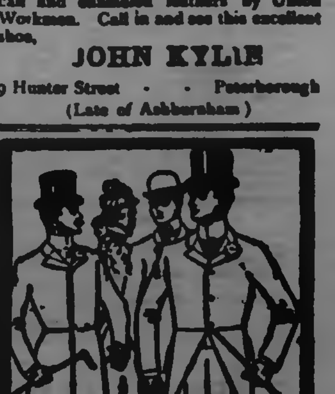
9 Hunter Street

THE KEATH BOOT

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe,

JOHN KYLIE

9 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham)



YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
236 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

ONLY MORNING DAILY BETWEEN TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 64 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MARCH 17 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

CHINESE "OPEN DOOR" AS GERMANY SEES IT

London Times Exposes the Methods of the Germans in the Celestial Empire

THE GERMAN MONOPOLY IN SHANTUNG, CHINA

Treaty Provides That All Capital and Material for Development Shall Come from the Fatherland

London, March 15.—Dr. Morrison, the Pekin correspondent of The Times says the best commentary on the misleading German assurances regarding Shan-Tung, is that every recent Chinese directory and collection of the treaties between China and other powers contains the authoritive text of the German-Chinese agreement concerning railway, mining and other privileges in Shan-Tung, which was signed in March 1898. This treaty stipulates that if at any time the Chinese form schemes to develop Shan-Tung with the use of foreign capital, they must apply first to German capitalists. They must also first apply to German manufacturers for machinery, and only apply elsewhere when the Germans have declined to supply what is wanted. "Such," remarks Dr. Morrison, "is the approved German method of maintaining the 'open door' in Shan-Tung.

THE TIMES ON AMERICAN IDEALS.

London, March 15.—In an editorial The Times eulogizes Secretary Hays' address on President McKinley at the memorial exercises in the House of Representatives. The Times says the address was characterized by literary grace and skilful portraiture, and adds: "A nation's ideals, aspirations and ambitions are revealed in its favorite heroes. While Americans see in Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley, the highest types of rulers and the truest representatives of the country, the rest of the world may be reassured."

WHOLESALE PUNISHMENT RECOMMENDED.

London, March 15.—Referring to the recent student riots at Moscow, the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times says the governor of the city and the Minister of the Interior urged that all the 500 students tried be deported to Siberia. The milder counsels of the Minister of Education prevailed, however, and only fifteen students were deported. The remainder were banished to various parts of Russia.

GERMAN AGRARIANS RECKLESS.

London, March 15.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times says the situation in regard to the Tariff bill, one of the chief measures of the present session, is as unsatisfactory for the Government and for the country as it could possibly be. The rate of progress warrants the most pessimistic anticipations. Of 946 separate items in the scheme, only 43 have as yet been discussed by the Reichstag Committee. The correspondent says the attitude of the Agrarians is one of irresponsible recklessness.

FEAR FOR SAFETY OF CHRISTIANS.

London, March 15.—Rumors of impending trouble in the Far East continue, says the Vienna correspondent of The Times. There is apprehension in regard to the safety of Christians in Macedonia and elsewhere. It is improbable, the correspondent asserts, that disturbances will lead to international complications, the agitators all acting on their own account, the ransom paid for Miss Stone having replenished their treasury, as undoubtedly her capture was concerted for that purpose. The danger of an outbreak of Mussulman fanaticism is regarded by the correspondent as remote.

YOUNG FARMER SHOT IN THIGH BY PRO-BOER

Suspected Party Leaves Country—Farmer Had a Few Hours Previously Knocked the Pro-Boer Down

Colborne, Ont., March 17.—An incident that rivals the Dr. Marlatt case at Burford, occurred on the Burnley Road, a few miles from here, yesterday afternoon, when a former minister of the Gospel was roughly handled by a young man who did not approve of the ex-minister's pro-Boer sentiments.

Henry L. Merrick, formerly pastor of a St. Albans, Vermont, church, but latterly local agent for an American assurance company, is the man whose intemperate language in connection with the South African War has made him many enemies hereabouts. He is a rabid pro-Boer, and when he learned of the capture of Gen. Methuen he publicly expressed the hope that Gen. Kitchener would be bagged next.

This remark was resented by a young farmer named Chapen Wilbert, who promptly knocked Merrick down. Wilbert was restrained from doing him further violence, and Merrick returned home.

That night when Wilbert was passing Merrick's place he was fired on by somebody concealed in a barn, and a charge of buckshot entered his left thigh. Wilbert did not wait to investigate, but hastened home, where the wound, which was a slight one, was dressed. He had strong suspicions as to who fired the shot, but failed to report the matter until the following morning, when complaint was lodged against Merrick. Then it was learned that the ex-minister had been driven to Cobourg, from which point, it is presumed, he took a train for the West.

Merrick's wife, however, says that he went to Cobourg to consult Hon. Wm. Kerr preparatory to bringing an action against Wilbert for assault and also for slander. She further says that her husband will prosecute several farmers in the vicinity of his home, whom he alleges threatened to burn his buildings if he continued to publicly sympathize with the Boers. Much excitement over the matter ensues.

London, March 17.—A despatch to the British South African Company from Cape Town reports that Cecil Rhodes is weaker this morning. Otherwise his condition is unchanged.

The Pall Mall Gazette says it understands that a syndicate of South African magnates has been privately formed for the purpose of taking over Cecil Rhodes' share holdings of every description in the event of his death with a view of preventing a dislocation of the markets.

AS TO AN EIGHT-DAY CLOCK

Conundrum Sprung by a Customer Upon a Local Jeweler

An Irishman entered a local jeweller's store a few days ago and asked to see some nice mantel clocks.

"I'm after wantin' to give the missus a bit av a clock for the mantel. Will yez be so kind as t' show me wan?" he asked.

The obliging clerk brought out one that struck the Irishman's fancy.

"And will yez tell me what yez would tax me for the likes of that?"

"Twenty-five dollars," said the clerk.

"Twinty-five dollars! Howly murther! For that little bit av a clock! Is there something wonderful about that bit av a clock, will yez tell me?"

"Certainly," said the clerk. "That is an eight-day clock."

"And phwat is that?" asked the Irishman.

"Why, it goes eight days without winding."

"So much as that?" said the Irishman, scratching his head. "Begorra, there's wan thing I'd like to be after asking yez. If that bit av a clock goes eight days without winding, how long, for the sake av St. Patrick, will it go if yez wind it?"

Connaught Princess is Sixteen.

London, March 17 — Princess Victoria Patricia of Connaught celebrated her sixteenth birthday to-day, having been born on St. Patrick's day, 1886. Her Royal Highness received a legion of birthday gifts.

A NOVEL SCHEME

Crown Attorney Ball, of Woodstock, Outlines One in Regard to Money Bylaws.

Crown Attorney Ball, of Woodstock, has his own ideas about money by-laws. He intends to give them definite shape in a bill, which, he says, he will have put before the Legislature at the next session by Mr. Pattullo, or by his successor. Mr. Ball believes that every citizen has the right to spend his money in the way he thinks best, but that he has no right to put his hand into another citizen's pocket against that citizen's wish. In short, Mr. Ball holds that those citizens who are in favor of giving money in the way of a bonus (and the word bonus has a wide meaning to Mr. Ball) should sign their names to the ballots, and that their property should be taxed to the amount required by the money voted by them. This would be perfectly fair, in Mr. Ball's opinion, as those who were not disposed to be progressive would be able to look on, without any cost to themselves, while their more ambitious fellows tried to make things move along in order to keep somewhere in the vanguard of the march of events.

Off For Biltmore.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 17 — The agricultural classes of the University of Tennessee leave to-day on their annual excursion to the famous Biltmore farms of Mr. George Vanderbilt, at Asheville, N.C. The students travel in a special car and will remain at Biltmore studying the model methods of farming and dairying pursued there.

TRIAL OF MARINE OFFICERS.

A Trial That is Exciting Unusual Attention in the States.

Manila, March 17 — Few incidents since the American military operations began in the Philippines have attracted more attention than the court-martial trial of Major Littleton W. T. Waller and Lieutenant John H. A. Day of the Marine Corps, which begins to-day. The court is composed of army officers and officers of the Marine Corps, with Colonel James Forney of the Marine Corps presiding. The two officers are accused of executing natives of the island of Samar without trial. The charges specify that Major Waller and Lieut Day killed three native stevedores on the streets of Basey, Samar, without trial. These stevedores were among the natives who accompanied the disastrous expedition of Major Waller and a detachment of marines to the interior of Samar last December. It is said that these stevedores mutinied and proceeded to the foothills, where they dug camotes, a variety of sweet potato, and that they later concealed and refused to turn them over to the Americans, saying that when the marines died of hunger they would have a good supply of arms and ammunition.

Washington, D.C., March 17—Much sympathy is expressed here for the two marine officers who are placed on trial at Manila to-day charged with executing natives of the island of Samar without trial. Friends of the two officers attribute their actions to loss of mind, due to the privations which they suffered in their expedition last December. Major Waller is known particularly well in this vicinity, having been appointed to the marine corps from Virginia. He was commissioned second lieutenant in 1880. He was on the frigate Lancaster in the Mediterranean, and was present at the bombardment of Alexandria. He was promoted to first lieutenant in 1885, and in 1889 became captain, and was stationed at Norfolk, Va., from 1891 to 1895. He was transferred to the battleship Indiana when the destruction of the Maine in Havana harbor indicated war with Spain, and had charge of the second battery on that ship. In November, 1899, Major Waller, who had been promoted to that rank July 25, 1899, was stationed at the marine barracks at Cavite, where he remained until early in June, 1900, when he sailed for Taku with a detachment of 100 marines, and took part in the fighting at Tien Tsin on July 14, assisting in capturing a fort. After leaving China he returned to Manila, and from there on October 22 1901, he went to the island of Samar with 330 marines. Soon afterwards he attacked a force of insurgents occupying a strong position at Sojton, and after two days' desperate fighting carried the position. Two of the marines and twenty-six insurgents were killed.

Case of Modoc Lynchers.

Alturas, Cal., March 17—The cases of J. R. Meyers, Joseph W. Levaston, E. S. Trowbridge, Orris Trowbridge, Fred Roberts, Harry Roberts, Dick Nichols and Claude Marcus will come up for preliminary examination today before Judge Harrington. The men are charged with the murder of Calvin Hall by lynching at Lookout, May 31st last. The nature of the charge has attracted widespread attention to the case and the court examination will be followed with much interest.

Gala Time for Hibernians.

St. Louis, Mo., March 17 — The Knights of St. Patrick have made great preparations for their annual St. Patrick's day banquet, to be given to-night at the Southern Hotel. Those who have accepted invitations to respond to toasts include Martin Glynn, national vice-president of the World's Fair Association; Rev. Francis Doyle, of Mobile, Ala., and Mayor James A. Reed, of Kansas City.

Irish Sale in Salisbury House.

London, March 17 — High society will be much in evidence to-day at the customary St. Patrick's day bazaar of the Irish Industries Association. The various articles offered will no doubt bring good prices and the poor Irish peasants for whose benefit the bazaar is held will realize a tidy sum. The sale is held in the Arlington street residence of Lord Salisbury, who donated the use of the entire house for the purpose.

For Defence of San Juan.

San Juan, Porto Rico, March 17 — A board of army officers meet here to-day to discuss the matter of areas needed for garrison and other purposes at each point selected in the project for the defence of the harbor of San Juan. The plan provides for the construction of concrete batteries equipped with guns of the latest and most improved pattern. The board consists of Lieutenant Colonel John M. K. Davis, Artillery Corps; Captain Clement A. F. Flagler, Corps of Engineers and Captain Joseph T. Crabbs, quartermaster.

Good Bout Promised at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., March 17 — The arena of the Savannah Athletic Club is to be the scene to-night of what promises to be one of the best pugilistic contests seen hereabouts for a long time. The principals will be Tommy Corcoran and Jack Grace, who has recently returned to America after meeting with success in South Africa and England. Corcoran has recovered entirely from his last match with Owen Ziegler, and appears to be in condition to put up an interesting bout. The articles call for a 20-round affair at 147 pounds.

A Dakota Anniversary.

Yankton, S.D., March 17 — Dakota pioneers recall the fact that to-day marks the fortieth anniversary of the convening of the first Legislature of the Territory of Dakota, which met at Yankton March 17, 1862. Of the members of the upper house in that first assembly W. W. Brookings, of Minnehaha county, is the only one still living, and M. K. Armstrong, of this county holds the same distinction for the lower house.

Banquet by Celtic Sons.

Seattle, Wash., March 17—The Celtic Sons of Washington celebrate St. Patrick's day with a big banquet here to-night. Prominent men are to be present from many parts of the state.

General - Sports.

BASKETBALL.

At the Y.M.C.A. on Saturday night two very interesting games of basketball were played. The first game was between the Ironclads, of the Wm. Hamilton Co., and the Electricians, of the C.G.E. Co. The Ironclads won by a score of 21—6.

The second game, between the Orioles of the E. F. Ackerman Co., and the Business College team, resulted in a victory for the college boys by a score of 26—16.

A large number of people witnessed the games, which were fast and interesting.

HOCKEY.

Montreal defeats Winnipeg.

The second game in the challenge series for the Stanley Cup was played in Winnipeg on Saturday night between the Victorias and the Montreal team. The ice was in splendid condition and after a fast game, the result was a victory for Montreal by a score of 5—0. This leaves the teams one game each. The deciding match will be played to-night and promises to be very interesting. At the present time it looks as though the Montreal team will capture the cup.

The Galt and Stratford Hockey Clubs have convinced themselves, if nobody else, that they were cheated out of the intermediate and junior championships by the O. H. A. Both clubs are talking of seceding and joining the W.O.H.A. or some other equally as influential and stable organization. It certainly is the toughest kind of luck to be beaten both on the ice and in the Committee room.—Toronto Star.

CRUEL BLOW TO STRATFORD.

Stratford is indignant because the O.H.A. committee did not give it a championship that it could not earn on the ice, and now threatens to cut loose from the association. No one will worry.—Brantford Expositor.

Not every hockey club has a Cabinet Minister as an enthusiastic follower. Hon. E. J. Davis, as patron of the Newmarket Club, saw his team reach the semi-finals in the O.H.A. intermediate series, but Hon. J. R. Stratton, patron of the Peterboro Club, had the pleasure of seeing his team win the championship. Mr. Stratton had a luncheon prepared for the Peterboro team at the Grand Union Hotel on their way home from Galt. The train was late arriving, and the players and their supporters did not have time to partake of the repast. On Tuesday night in Peterboro, in conjunction with the big banquet, which will be held in honor of the team, Mr. Stratton will dine a hundred of the team's enthusiasts.—Toronto Star.

LACROSSE.

In Stratford, the news that London is to have a senior lacrosse team this season, caused no surprise. Classic City men state that London has been importing players during the winter and has now a first-class team recruited there.

THE RING.

Harry Harris, the clever Chicagoan, and Andrew Tokell, a promising British featherweight, will come together.

It is highly probable that Geo. Gardner, of Lowell, Mass., will be secured to meet Tommy Ryan.

Bids close for Big Fight.

New York, March 15.—The limit of time fixed for the bidding for the heavyweight championship fight between James Jeffries, the present holder of the title, and ex-champion Bob Fitzsimmons, expires at noon to-day, and it is expected that choice of location will be announced to-night. The evident sincerity of the two big fighters in coming to terms has led to a spirited rivalry among the fistic organizations throughout the country to secure the battle. The high bids publicly announced by several of the leading clubs, has frozen out the smaller organizations, but it is believed that not fewer than six or eight clubs have put in bids worth considering. The choice apparently lies between Los Angeles, San Francisco and Fort Erie Canada, with the chances favoring the selection of San Francisco. The time will probably be fixed for the middle of May. Jeffries' theatrical tour closes this week, and he will go immediately to the vicinity of his home in southern California to condition himself for the battle. Fitzsimmons has taken time by the forelock, and is putting in six or eight hours a day in training at his home at Bath Beach. He appears already to be in splendid condition, and says he will be fit to fight the battle of his life in another month.

Walcott and Jackson Draw.

Baltimore, March 15.—Joe Walcott and "Young Peter" Jackson fought 10 rounds to a draw here to-night before the Eureka A. C. It was one of the fiercest battles ever seen here, and was witnessed by 3,000 people. Under the conditions of the match, Walcott was to have put Jackson out or get no part of the gate money. They went at it hammer and tongs from the start, and kept it up to the finish, both men being groggy at times, but finishing strong. It might have been anybody's fight at any stage, and though the sympathies of the audience were with Jackson, a local man, they were well satisfied with the decision of Referee Geo. Mats. Jackson showed marked improvement over his form in November last, when Walcott made a chopping block of him, but could not put him out.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 17 — Followers of pugilism in Salt Lake are on the qui vive, in anticipation of the fight between Jack Wade, champion lightweight of Montana, and Jack Clifford of California, which is to be pulled off to-night under the auspices of the Salt Lake Athletic club. It will be a 20-round go at 133 pounds. The men are regarded as evenly matched and a fierce contest is expected.

COCK FIGHTING.

Hamilton, March 12.—There was a big cocking main a few miles out of this city last night, and a large number of sports from town were present There were in all, about forty birds entered, including several from the States.

Allentown Eisteddfod.

Allentown, Pa., March 17—The eisteddfod, for which arrangements have been in progress for months past, will open to-day. The contestants for the various prizes offered include more than five hundred singers from Scranton, Wilkesbarre and other cities and towns of northern Pennsylvania.

LETTER FROM LINCOLN IN HEAP OF RUBBISH.

Written in November, 1864 to Mother Who Lost Five Sons in the Civil War.

New York, March 15 — Soiled and faded, torn and frayed, a letter written by Abraham Lincoln a few months before his assassination was found yesterday in some rubbish and papers on Broadway near the Postoffice by Morris Cohen, No. 149 Forsyth street.

Cohen had been out in search of work for a week. He noticed a collection of old papers and torn letters which had been blown into one of the corners of the postoffice building. Overturning the mass with his foot, a faded autograph letter from President Lincoln came to light. It read as follows:

"Executive Mansion.
Washington, Nov. 21, 1864.

"To Mrs. Bixby, Boston, Mass.

"Dear Madam: I have been shown in the files of the War Department a statement of the Adjutant-General of Massachusetts that you are the mother of five sons who have died gloriously on the field of battle.

"I feel how weak and fruitless must be any word of mine which should attempt to beguile you from the grief of a loss so overwhelming, but I cannot refrain from tendering you the consolation which may be found in the thanks of the Republic they died to save. I pray that our Heavenly Father may assuage the anguish of your bereavement and leave you only the cherished memory of the loved and lost and the solemn pride that must be yours to have laid so costly a sacrifice upon the altar of freedom.

"Yours very sincerely and respectfully.

"A. LINCOLN."

Cohen still has the letter. It is a noted letter, which appears in several of the standard biographies of Lincoln. How the original got here is a mystery.

Fisheries Congress Opens

St. Petersburg, March 17 — The international fisheries congress and exhibition, for which preparations have been making for some time, was opened to-day. Owing to the somewhat short notice given of the exhibition the United States could not participate officially, but several private pisciculturists of the Pacific coast of America are taking part. The congress will last five days. The programme includes papers and discussions on scientific investigation of salt and fresh water fish culture, oyster culture, legislation, statistics, the condition of life among fishermen, amateur fishing and other allied topics.

Arkansas Sunday School Teachers.

Van Buren, Ark., March 17 — Many visitors are here for the annual Sunday school institute of the Arkansas Methodist Conference, which will be formally opened this evening and continue in session through Tuesday and Wednesday. Prof. H. M. Hamill, D.D., of Nashville, Tenn., who is in charge of the gathering, has arranged an interesting programme consisting of papers, addresses and discussions of great interest to those engaged in Sunday school work.

She's as White as a Ghost.

As pale as a lily. A matter of pride? Certainly not. Strength! Color! Endurance! That's what every woman wants. Good digestion, perfect assimilation. Buoyancy and vim is the right of every woman. She need not lack these if she will only use Ferrozone. It makes blood, gives appetite, gives strength to the nerves, color to the cheeks and brightness to the eyes. A box of Ferrozone tablets is at once transmittable into health, beauty and strength. There is power in Ferrozone. Try it and see if it is not so. Sold only by Ormond & Walsh.

Items of Interest

Chicago, March 15.—A mysterious dinner party has excited the curiosity of the press of this city. The diners were Boers and pro-Boers. The genuine Boers were the envoys from The Hague, C. H. Wessels and A. D. W. Wolmarans, who have been endeavoring in vain to cajole Roosevelt into interfering in the war in South Africa. Peter Van Vlissingen, of the Transvaal League, did the honors as host in a private room at the Chicago Athletic Club. The other guests were Mr. S. A. Calhoun and two traitorous Englishmen, Montague White, and Dr. G. B. Clark. Montague White was former Boer Consul in London, and Clark is known to be one of the most unpatriotic Britons in the Empire. He was formerly member of the British House of Commons, and was a prominent leader among the English pro-Boers. Dr. Clark arrived in Chicago on Thursday, and the Boer envoys arrived from Washington yesterday. Dr. Clark was very anxious to come here quietly and accomplish his secret mission without attracting public attention. The dinner last night was behind closed doors, and the members of the Transvaal League will not reveal the purpose of it.

London, March 17. — Sir F. Lugard, in his report as High Commissioner for Northern Nigeria, draws a gloomy picture of the kingdoms of Sokoto and Gando in the north. He says: "There is, probably, no part of the "Dark Continent," in which the worst forms of slave raiding still exist to so terrible an extent, and are prosecuted on so large and systematic a scale, as in the British Protectorate of Northern Nigeria. Each year, as the grass dries up, armies take the field to collect slaves." As to the development of trade, it would appear that little can be done until the caravan routes from the interior to the Niger are rendered safe. Sir F. Lugard thinks that much progress has been made in this during the past year, particularly from the Anglo-French frontier in Borgu, but so vast an area as Nigeria cannot be commercially developed except by railways, and "political reasons urge the construction of a railway in this vulnerable part of the Empire, as a portion of the scheme for imperial defence."

A FLOATING CHURCH FOR SAILORS.

London, March 17.—A new steamer of unique character arrived at Yarmouth recently, from the builders at Leith. She is named the Queen Alexandra by her Majesty's consent, and is the gift of an anonymous donor to the Royal National Mission to Deep Sea Fishermen. The vessel is fitted out as a floating church and hospital for service with the fishing fleet. She is also provided with gear for trawling.

ANOTHER GREAT BOER DRIVE BREAKS THROUGH

The British Lines--Spanish Press Bitter, Says Heaven is Surely on Side of Boers

LORD WOLSELY HAS GONE TO CAPE TOWN

His Visit Will be Entirely of a Private Nature—Another Canadian Trooper, R. J. Moore, is Ill

London, March 17.—A despatch from Heilbron to the Central News reports another great drive for Boers by the British cordon last Sunday. The line extended from Frankfort on the right to Lindley on the left. It resulted as usual and had the usual features of the Boers driving the maddened cattle at the line.

Commandant Mentz, with the Heilbron commando of the Boers, broke through the Heilbron-Wolve Hoek blockhouse line at Gottenburg last night. So far as known only one Boer was killed and five were captured. The British columns, during the course of the pursuit of Commandant Mentz, picked up scattering parties of Boers, aggregating fifty men.

WOLSELEY GOING TO CAPE

London, March 17.—Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, the former commander-in-chief of the British army, will start for Cape Town to-morrow on private business.

Colonel Frank Rhodes and Arthur Rhodes, brothers of Cecil Rhodes, and Lady Methuen, will be passengers on the steamer which will take Lord Wolseley to Cape Town.

London, March 17. — The Madrid correspondent of the Times says the defeat of Methuen has evoked fierce rejoicing in the Spanish press. The Imparcial regards his defeat as the turn of the tide, saying Heaven is manifestly on the side of the Boers, while on the other side are "Satan and Beelzebub, the devil of pride and the devil of avarice."

The abuse lavished on Great Britain by the Spanish press, says the correspondent, is only comparable to that formerly poured on Spain's own unfortunate generals in Cuba and elsewhere.

CANADIAN TROOPER ILL.

Ottawa, March 17.—The Casualty Department at Cape Town notified the Governor-General to-day of the serious illness of Trooper R. J. Moore, of the S.A.C. His father is Wm. Moore who resides somewhere in the North-West Territories.

A PIANO FULL OF EXPLOSIVES.

London, March 17.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following letter from a yeoman in South Africa: You mustn't think that I'm cruel because I go in for smashing things, but you can never trust a Boer. The other day we came to an empty farmhouse, shut up; we broke into it and came across a piano with a note attached begging us not to smash it, as it was a present from somebody's mother. I guessed that note was all bunkum, and suggested that we should open the instrument. We did so, and, sure enough, it was full of ammunition. That was good enough for us; we burnt it down, but it did not burn long, for the house blew up.

The Queen Alexandra is splendidly equipped, and will be a great boon to the thousands of men engaged in the deep sea fisheries.

A NOVEL IDEA IN EDUCATION

London, March 17. — A question was asked at a recent meeting of the London School Board as to whether teachers were empowered to expend prize money in the purchase of pictures or toys for the use and pleasure of the children generally. The board possesses a teacher, the head-mistress of an infants' department. This lady is an enthusiast, and believes in the ideal. She thinks that children should not be rewarded for doing right by prizes, but that they should be taught to do right for right's sake, and that the way to get this principle inculcated among them is to make their surroundings as enjoyable as possible. and she has got the board to divert the money due to her school from the prize fund, and to allow her to expend it in toys and pictures for her school. The result of the experiment is being watched with interest, although no definite answer was given to the question.

London, March 17. — Mr. R. W. Hanbury, M. P., president of the Board of Agriculture, has appointed a departmental committee to inquire into and report as to the present position and future prospects of forestry and the planting and management of woodlands in Great Britain, and to consider whether any measures might with advantage be taken, either by the provision of further educational facilities or otherwise, for their promotion and encouragement.

MOUNTAIN SIDE SPLIT OPEN

Seattle Wash., March 17. — A special from Juneau, Alaska, says that a letter has been received there from the Greek priest at Kenai, on Cook Inlet, telling of a terrible volcanic eruption in the vicinity about January 1. The whole side of an unnamed mountain seemed to be split open and fire and lava pouring from it. The village of Kenai was covered with ashes, and the earthquake which accompanied the eruption caused several tidal waves, doing much damage.

BURGULARS IN JOLIET, ILLINOIS.

Joliet, Ill., March 17.— About half-past one o'clock yesterday morning six masked robbers broke into the Exchange Bank at Minooka, eight miles west of here, blew open the safe and stole $2,000 in cash. The noise awakened Theodore Kreis, an employe of A. K. Knapp, the owner of the bank, and former Marshal Wm. Paul. Kreis went to the home of Mr. Knapp and told him there were robbers at the bank. Kreis was met by one of the robbers, who was on guard, was knocked down, and pounded into insensibility. Mr. Knapp and another man while on his way to the bank were confronted by two men with four revolvers, who threatened them with instant death if they attempted to proceed further.

The burglars made good their escape on a hand car, and have not yet been captured.

Winnipeg, March 17. — Rev. Joseph Hogg and Rev. W. L. Armstrong reported to Dr. Douglas, the city health officer, yesterday, of the unsanitary condition of a collection of shacks known as "New Jerusalem" west of Princess street, and immediately north of the Canadian Pacific Railway company's freight sheds. The matter was brought to light by several ladies of the relief association, who visited that district during their slumming work. They found the hovels filthy, crowded, and unfit for human beings to live in. Most of the people there are foreigners.

The place is crowded with humanity and dogs. The evil results which would ensue if infectious disease got into the quarter was pointed out, and the health officials promised to investigate the report. It is said that they are all owned by a Jew who rents them out for the lump sum of $[illegible] per month.

Most of the residents are Galicians and other immigrants who, failing to make a living in the country, returned to the city. The children may be seen in large numbers in the north end, travelling through the city, picking up fuel, and in fact anything else which can be turned to use. The ladies of the relief association found them living in wretched lean-to's, and with but the rare necessities of existence.

King Edward will not visit Ireland this summer.

The election of Dr. Francisco de Paula Rodrigues Alves as President of Brazil, is announced.

Nationalists are disappointed at the Government's decision not to proclaim the United Irish League.

Czar Nicholas has invited the Austrian Emperor to join a hunting party in Poland next September.

France will have a finer show at the St. Louis Exposition than she had at the Chicago World's Fair.

Extensive sales of English dogs to the United States are reported.

London, March 17.—Recently the day's business in the House of Commons opened with the presentation of a round of petitions unexampled in the annals of Parliament. The entire British Empire came to the House in this constitutional form to declare in favor of the King's Declaration which "must not be tampered with."

To Mr. J. W. Mellor, K.C., M.P., had been entrusted the work of presenting these petitions, which were piled up on the floor near the Mace, and required two stalwart janitors for their removal. They were organized by the Church Association, and are signed, to the extent of over half a million signatures, by the King's subjects in Great Britain, the Colonies, and British possessions; also by British residents in foreign countries — France, Germany, and Austria-Hungary. England alone contributes [illegible] signatures, Scotland 51,196, Wales [illegible], and Ireland [illegible].

Among "Greater Britain" are the following:—Melbourne, [illegible]; N.S.W., [illegible]; Fremantle, [illegible]; New Zealand, [illegible]; Hobart, [illegible]; Canadian (about) [illegible]; British Columbia, [illegible]; Nova Scotia, [illegible]; St. John's, [illegible]; South Africa, [illegible]; West Africa, (over) [illegible].

Turkey sent a petition from Smyrna. India contributes from almost every station.

The most interesting petition came from Zululand, which was written in the native language and translated, in accordance with the rules of the House, before being presented to Parliament.

With regard to the third clause of the Oath, the disestablishment of the Church in Ireland in 1869 makes the use of the former language impossible and it is probable, states the Press Association, that the King-in-Council will revert to the simpler form of the clause which was employed at the coronation of William and Mary, who were thus interrogated:—

"Will you, to the utmost of your power, maintain the laws of God, the true profession of the Gospel, and the Protestant reformed religion established by law; and will you preserve unto the bishops and clergy of this realm, and to the churches committed to their charge all such rights and privileges as by law do or shall appertain unto them?

It is also under the consideration of the Privy Council to alter the clauses dealing with the King's title, so as to include his Majesty's new one of "Emperor of India and Sovereign Lord of the British Dominions Beyond the Seas."

London, March 17 — The English flat racing season which commences at Lincoln to-day is of particular interest to Americans for several reasons. There are more American stables to be represented than ever before, and, what is more interesting, the expatriated William Waldorf Astor has announced his intention to race a stable of thoroughbreds that will give the millionaire Americans on the English turf a hard battle for first honors. It is interesting to note also, in view of the loud outcry from some quarters regarding the American invasion, that in the three handicaps to be run during the Lincolnshire meeting the top weight in each case is an American horse. The piece de resistance of the Lincolnshire meeting is the mile handicap, worth $10,000, which has been for nearly a century the first important race of the year. The Lincoln meeting lasts only three days, after which the racing is transferred to Liverpool to finish up the week. There the Spring cup is a feature, but it is entirely overshadowed by The Grand National, which, with the exception of the Derby, attracts the biggest crowd of any race in the world. The distance is four and one-half miles, and the number of obstacles to be essayed thirty-two.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 17, 1902

THE LORD'S DAY

It is pathetic to note the efforts made by those who would preserve inviolate the Sabbath or Sunday as a day of rest and worship. Earnest men and women band themselves together in the large cities and bombard the civic authorities, the shipping, the railway people — all large employers of labor whose concerns run on Sundays, with petitions, which are probably thrown into the waste paper basket. The trains run, the steamers load, the factories hum, the chaffering is heard on the streets, the theatre lures, and there is no more Sunday. It is sad enough, but it seems inevitable. Commercial interests are supreme. It is all wrong, but this is the fact. Competition has become absolutely ruthless, and every advantage must be seized to keep the place which has been won. And the tendency is to more and more work on Sunday. The sanctity of the day is no longer regarded. The Puritan Sabbath deserved to perish, as it had been made a Killjoy, and millions had a right to curse it for the terrors which it inspired, but the loss of the day of rest and recreation and worship in the seven is incalculable. One may find the Sunday still in certain parts of the country, where all is peaceful and still, and the bells chime sweetly and the people in their Sunday clothes, wend their way to church—happy content, without misgiving or question, but in the large centres I fear the good people will labor in vain for the recovery of a lost institution which was a blessing to the race.

THE PRINCE AND THE AMERICANS

Our democratic friends to the south insist upon the simplicity of their life and manners. They are strong and wholesome and independent. They regard with scorn the effete trappings of royalty. They spur all inherited distinctions. They smile contemptuously at the ceremonies which mark the great occasions at the European courts. And yet such is the fallibility and inconsistency of human nature that the people who deride the fripperies of monarchial life, grovel in the dust before a prince of the blood. Our good friends have always toadied to greatness, but it is right to note that there is a saving grace in the fact that they laugh at themselves. They would be very angry (for they are not quite out of their teens yet, you know), if outsiders called them sycophants, but they are willing to poke fun at their own weakness, which just saves the situation from utter pathos. Prince Henry of Prussia was in the United States, and crowds pressed to shake his hand, to catch a glimpse of him in passing, to breathe the air with the brother of the German Emperor. The whole country was in a furore. There was deep heartburning as to who had the best claim to gentility and precedence, and the simplest democrats in the world, who threw off the monarchial yoke, are inventing genealogical trees to give the sense of antiquity and prestige. It is all very amusing. The Americans are the cleverest people in the world. They are the natural conquerors in the domain of invention and trade. And they are also unconscious humorists. Some of their public men gravely take them to task now and then, and insist upon simplicity and seriousness, but how can you expect a grave face when you have a breezy youth, and the world at your feet? The true meaning of and reverence for life will come by and by. But we are young, we are ardent, we are confident, and all the laws and facts of Cosmos move and operate for us. And therefore we shall be foolish, if we want to, and we shall spend millions to see and entertain a prince, although in the general we despise princes; and we will toady and eat dirt, although we are simple; and we shall laugh at our own inconsistency and feel sublimely certain that whatever we do or say, the future of the world is ours—not because Mr. Stead says so, but because the way of nature and evolution, climate, geography and population make it so.

Remarkable Surgery.

One of the most astonishing feats of surgery to date, though we are getting accustomed to these marvels, was exhibited at the recent surgical conference at Lyons, France. The subject was a young man whose larynx had been removed and replaced by an artificial one of hard rubber. "The natural glottis and vocal cords," says a French journal from which the Literary Digest translates, "are replaced by a thin rubber diaphragm with a slit in it. As the size and tension of this diaphragm are always the same, it can vibrate in only one way and produce but a single note. The man's voice, therefore, never varies in pitch, and is much like the voice of Mr. Punch; but as the modifications of the voice which produce vowels and consonants are due to motions of the palate, tongue and teeth, which parts remain intact, the subject can speak distinctly, though always in the same tone. Above the rubber larynx is a metal sieve, which prevents the entrance of solid food into the larynx and breathing-tubes. Liquids which trickle in are led away by a tube connecting the rubber larynx with the esophagus or gullet. There is still another tube which comes out in the front of the neck. This enables the subject to breathe more freely than he could do through his artificial glottis and gives this a rest. When he wishes to speak, he stops the hole in his neck with his finger."

Sandwichmen's Banquet.

There is an annual gathering at the Lambeth Baths, London, Eng., during the Christmas holiday week which is well on its way towards becoming one of the historic celebrations of the great British capital. Certainly it is of a kind that would be possible nowhere else. It is the annual banquet to the London sandwichmen. Organized originally by the proprietors of Reynolds' newspaper, it is, perhaps, one of the most grateful of festivals in Yuletide benevolence the world over, largely because its recipients are the human flotsam and jetsam of the greatest mass of humanity congregated in one spot on the earth. Reynolds has the first right to describe it, and the report of the proceedings in that newspaper has a favor of Dickens' London that makes it good reading:—

An air of expectation hung over and possessed the crowd which thronged around the doors of the Lambeth Baths at about six o'clock on Monday night. This expectation was the child of knowledge. These men, or at least many of them, knew what awaited them. Their nostrils had been already invaded by savory odors and they were glad in the belief that huge joints of beef, legs of mutton, loins and legs and briskets of pork, with vegetables galore, with hot steaming Christmas pudding and delicately-flavored mince pies awaited them. They knew that they would be able to wash this goodly fare down with honest ale, or that, if they preferred, they would be permitted to quaff the innocuous ginger beer. They knew, too, that they would afterwards be invited to smoke sound tobacco—for the great tobacconists who contribute to this feast never send aught but the good leaf—out of a homely pipe. They knew, moreover, that while they did this they would be listening to good music and merry humor and witnessing clever art. They were finally ecstasied in their anticipation by the sure and certain hope that when they quitted the hall they would carry with them a gift of clothing, including a warm, cosy, cardigan jacket, a packet of tea, a briar-wood pipe, and—laugh not, ye Philistines; it meant Christmas comfort to these men—a florin coined in his Majesty's own mint. Was it any wonder that these poor fellows, possessed by the sure and certain knowledge of sure and certain good cheer, counted, as the poet says, "the weary beatings of the clock?"

They did not allow their anxiety to hurry them into indecorum. When at last the doors were thrown open they marched to their seats as quietly and with as excellent an obedience to the usages of courtesy as even the estimable Jeames Yellowplush would desire. There was no scurrying, no scuffling. It was a procession of well-contained men. A genial, good-tempered officer stood at the inner door, with one or two other men in uniform beside him; but their services were never required. A cheery "Pass on, my lads," from the sergeant was sufficient to quicken the procession, and a good-natured warning was sufficient to check it. The savory smell which had defied bricks and mortar and flavored the very atmosphere of the street had now become a comforting, assured fact. The great doors of the kitchen were open; and the guests caught glimpses of white-aproned and becapped cooks hoisting up from cavernous saucepans veritable mountains of well-cooked, honest English meat. The sight was the hors d'oeuvre of the feast. These men wanted afterwards no stimulant to a jaded appetite. They revealed—most of them—a fine Falstaffian capacity.

Skimmilk as Food for Hogs.

I regard skimmilk as a valuable part of the hog ration, worth at least 30 cents a hundred pounds, when mixed with grain, either whole or ground. That is, if a dollar's worth of feed be used for hogs, 30 cents' worth, or one hundred pounds, of skimmilk would make the ration more valuable than if the whole dollar was used for grain, with only water instead of skimmilk.

This skimmilk keeps the hog healthy, and therefore thrifty, preventing constipation and its attending evils, especially swine plague or hog cholera, the dread of all farmers raising hogs. In fact, I cannot recall a case of hog cholera or other disease among hogs where skimmilk formed a good part of the hog ration. I have in mind notably the case of one of our station patrons who recently sold a nice, thrifty hog in this market, weighing some four hundred pounds, fed and raised wholly on skimmilk from this station, which shows that we can make porkers equal to the best grain fed, and more healthy than those fed on grain alone. If this result of feeding skimmilk can be obtained in one instance, why can it not be obtained in many and by any farmer?—J. H. Crowley, in Kansas Farmer.

"Johnnie," said his mother to the incorrigible, "I am going to have your father whip you when he comes home tonight!"

"Please don't, mamma," replied Johnnie, penitently, "paw is allus so tired when he comes home."—Boston Post.

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written "I have went home."

Humor of the Hour.

Now, Mr. Rivers loved Miss Brooks, and
she returned his passion;
So they were wed, and it was not a
marriage just for fashion.
For, strange as it may seem to be (so
seldom thus it goes),
Their married life most peacefully without a ripple flows.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

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"Did it ever occur to you," said the thoughtful person, "that the number of matches used each day reaches the stupendous sum of 'steen billions?"

"It never did," replied the thoughtless one, "and I'll be blamed if I would have cared a straw if it had."—Detroit Free Press.

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Jibbs—When a man assaults me I say nothing, but saw wood.

Jabbs—Well, a fellow assaulted me the other day, and I said nothing, but saw stars!—San Francisco Bulletin.

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"Robson, do you know why you are like a donkey?"

"Like a donkey?" echoed Robson, opening his eyes wide. "I don't."

"Because your better half is stubbornness itself."

The jest pleased Robson immensely, for he at once saw the opportunity of a glorious dig at his wife. So when he got home he said:—

"Mrs. Robson, do you know why I am like a donkey?"

He waited a moment, expecting his wife to give it up. But she didn't. She looked at him somewhat pityingly as she answered, "I suppose it's because you were born so."—Chicago Journal.

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"What did papa say?"

"He showed me the door."

"And what did you say?"

"I said it was certainly a very handsome door, but not what I had come to talk about. That made him laugh, and a minute later you were mine."—Tit-Bits.

◆◆◆

A commercial traveller well-known in the cycle trade on both sides of the Atlantic adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers:—

The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the formula:—

If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived."

If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived."

The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word:—

"Tandem."—Denver News.

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Mrs. Manning—Do you know I hate a liar?

Aunt Hannah—And yet, Mary, how sweetly you smiled when Mr. Soper declared you didn't look a day older than thirty-five.—Boston Transcript.

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"Hello, Willie," exclaimed the messenger boy as he met his old-time friend in Nassau street the other day. "Who yer workin' for now, Willie?"

"Working for a bank," replied Willie. "Got a good job."

"Watcher got in the satchel?" asked the messenger boy, scrutinizing a little handbag that Willie carried.

"Hist, don't say a word. I'm scared to death."

"What is it, dynamite?" asked the messenger boy in alarm.

"Naw, it's money."

"Gee, money! How much?"

"Two thou'. I'm carrying it down to another bank, and I'm scared."

"Say, how does a feller feel when he has so much money?"

"Scared," whispered the bank messenger, and he continued on his way.—New York Tribune.

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"The gravity which is supposed to attend all court proceedings was seriously disturbed in a New York court room one day last week," said a young lawyer who had just returned from a business trip to that city. "I was present at the trial of a case before one of the municipal Judges—a case in which I was interested because it had to do with automobiles. One of the witnesses was a German, and gave his testimony through an interpreter. In the course of the examination he said he had driven an automobile to Cedarhurst.

"'What's that?' asked the Judge.

"'To Cedarhurst,' repeated the interpreter.

"His Honor looked puzzled.

"'What did he want to see the hearse for?' he asked."—Washington Post.

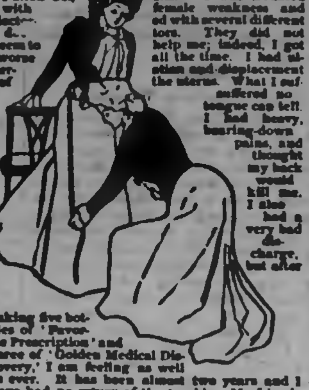
Current History.

Current History for February presents a record of the world's events during December last and closes the eleventh volume of this valuable chronicle. A striking portrait of Secretary Hay is the frontispiece of this number, to accompany an opening article by Joseph Fitzgerald, entitled "The New Treaty and Secretary Hay." The contents in general deal with Congress and the President's message, the South African war, the United States in China's crisis, the Supreme Court decisions respecting the Philippines, the Pan-American Congress, South American matters, Lord Rosebery's Chesterfield speech, Marconi's triumph, etc. Price $1.50 a year. Beginning with the March number a new department entitled "Literary Chronicle," conducted by Nathan Haskell Dole, will be added to the magazine, considerably increasing its value. Other important additions to the corps of writers are being made. Sample copy free on application. Address Current History Co., Boston, Mass.

A remedy suggested for scours in lambs or sheep is to give them two fresh raw eggs. Repeat in twelve hours if relief does not come. This is worth cutting out and pasting in your scrapbook. Insect powder dusted into the wool is recommended for sheep ticks. A pound will dust from ten to fifteen sheep effectively. Avoid buying large, coarse boned rams to mate with small ewes. Size should be attained gradually and in accordance with the correct principles of breeding. A sheep will stand severe cold so long as kept dry and out of draughts. A wet fleece becomes a good heat conductor and absorbs bodily heat until the animal becomes thoroughly chilled.—Shepherd.

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people came from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."



Women are vastly more patient than men. It is scarcely believable that a woman, suffering past all telling, can attend to business, and bend and stoop with a back whose ache is agony. And beyond all this she smiles as she bends and stoops about her customer. A man might swallow down an oath or keep back a groan, but his face would be like a thundercloud, and his voice scarcely disguise his irritation.

For women who suffer from backache, bearing-down pains, or other pains due to womanly diseases, there is no other medicine equal to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates the womanly functions, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. A vegetable preparation, it cannot disagree with the weakest condition.

"I wish to thank you for the good your medicine have done me," writes Mrs. Mae Brown, of Canton, Ills. "I was troubled with female weakness and doctored with several different doctors. They did not help me; indeed, I got seem to worse all the time. I had ulceration and displacement of the uterus. What I suffered no tongue can tell. I had heavy, bearing-down pains, and thought my back would kill me. I also had a very bad discharge, but after taking five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I am feeling as well as ever. It has been almost two years and I have had no return of the trouble. My friends tell me I don't look as though I ever was sick."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its causes.

Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life; and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unawares by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. So think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day, marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous.' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation."

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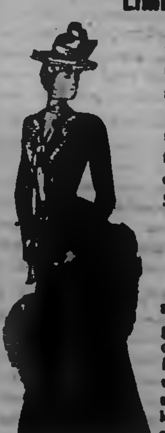

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State of Michigan, County of Wayne, ss.: Dec. 21, 1900.

This is to certify that I had been a sufferer from Nervous Debility, lost vitality and weakness for a long time; had been doctoring both in Canada and Detroit without receiving any benefit, and placed myself under Dr. Goldberg's care, Dec. 21, 1900. I noticed an improvement in my condition in less than one week; was discharged entirely cured April 10, '01, and have had no return of said trouble. Signed, A. R. LE CHASSE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of January, 1902.

Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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MIDY

Anecdotal.

In an after-dinner speech at the London Savage Club recently on the purity of the English tongue, Winston Churchill remarked: "I have written five books, the same number as Moses—but I will not press the comparison."

Charles II. once granted an audience to the courtly Quaker, William Penn, who, as was his custom, entered the royal presence with his hat on. The humorous sovereign quietly laid aside his own, which occasioned Penn's enquiry: "Friend Charles, why dost thou remove thy hat?" "It is the custom," he replied, "in this place for one person only to remain covered."

Eben Jones, the crabbed millionaire lumberman of Minnesota, hired all his mill-hands himself. One day a Swede applied to the irritable old man, and secured a place on the saws. As he was leaving he said: "Mester Yones, in does yob you geef me doaller and hallef a day. Besides dat, do you eat me or do I eat myself?" "Oh, eat yourself!" replied the old man. "I have dyspepsia."

Phil May, the noted English cartoonist, went into an oyster saloon in the East End of London one day and ordered a dozen natives, when another man entered and gave a similar order, enquiring anxiously of the proprietor if the oysters were fresh. "Fresh!" echoed the bivalve merchant. "Fresh! Why"—indicating Mr. May with a wave of his hand—"the first oyster that gentleman took up bit his lip!"

An Irishman who was charged with stealing a watch from a fellow-citizen, stoutly denied the impeachment in court, and brought a counter accusation against his accuser for assault and battery committed with a frying-pan. "Why did you allow the prosecutor, who is a smaller man than yourself, to assault you without resistance?" asked the judge; "had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself with?" "Bedad, your honor," said Pat, "I had his watch, but what was that against a frying-pan?"

The "Scotsman" tells of a Dublin man who insisted that a Scotch friend should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar. "Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your house for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

One of the eccentricities of that most penurious of pedagogues, Dr. Barrett, was that he hardly ever appeared outside the walls of Trinity College, conducting his modest menage there with the help of a decrepit old housekeeper, who attended to all his wants, even to daily fetching from a nearby dairy the half-pennyworth of milk needed in the establishment. When one frosty morning, Mary, going on this errand, slipped and broke her leg, the worthy doctor for the first time in years left the college to pay her a visit in the hospital. On reaching her cot, it is related that his sympathetic greeting was: "Hallo, Mary; so you broke your leg; I suppose you broke the jug, too, but where is the half-penny?"

Mr. Justice Mathew of England is a man of such mild and kindly exterior, with such gentle voice and manner, that almost invariably he gives the impression of being a simple country gentleman rather than a profound lawyer. This was evidently the idea of a professional seller of painted birds, who some years ago met him in the neighborhood of the law courts, and, exhibiting one of his birds, asked him if he could tell to what species it belonged. The judge stopped, examined the bird with great care, pretended to admire the gaudy plumage, examined it again, and then remarked: "I do not think I have ever seen a bird exactly like this, but, judging from the old proverb that 'Birds of a feather flock together,' I should say it was a jailbird."

Far Reaching Influence.

"OLD-FASHIONED Indian stories, the dime novels of years back which were within the reach of all the boys, were an important factor in building up the great West," said a typical Westerner. "These novels used to circulate in a neighborhood till they had been read by every boy and had fallen to pieces through handling. They fired the ambition of the youngsters, set them to practising shooting and riding, and sent many of them to the West in search of adventures. Some soon returned to their homes, others became bad men and were killed in time, but the great mass of them, too proud to return home, created the vigorous, wide-awake population of our Western States. I have talked to hundreds of our Western pioneers about the causes which brought them west, and a majority of them admit that dime novels had more to do with it than anything else."

A Heretic.

"The man is a drivelling idiot," said the trust magnate.

"A plumb fool," agreed the coal baron.

"An unmitigated lunatic," assented the steel king.

"Crazy as a March hare," asseverated the great financier.

"A hopeless imbecile," asserted the power in Wall street.

"Absolutely and utterly devoid of sense," chimed in the senator.

"As brainless as a barrel," added the corporation lawyer.

"But what has he done?" asked the ordinary citizen.

The crowd was convulsed with laughter.

"Why, he says," they replied, choking and gurgling, "he actually says that money isn't everything!"—Smart Set.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

And a peal of merry laughter, bright and joyous as a mocking-bird's, fills the old sunny kitchen, much to the amusement of the farmer and the discomfiture of the two girls, who put in an angry disclaimer at once, muttering something about "shocking fibs."

"You shall not go now anyhow," said Hetty, turning angrily away. "If you went I should stay at home."

"So should I," said Olive.

"That would make the picnic, or lawn-fete, or whatever it's going to be, ever so much pleasanter," declared Daisy, with a gay laugh that startled the robins under the eaves from their nests.

"Don't quarrel, girls," interrupted the farmer, hurriedly. "You all know how it makes me feel, and your mother a-layin' in her grave."

"Poor papa!" cried the impulsive Daisy, throwing her soft white arms around his rough neck, and kissing his sunburned face. "I'm awfully sorry I said anything to Hetty and Olive before you. I'll stay at home if you want me to, papa; I wouldn't do it for them, though, mean things."

Like a flash Daisy had torn herself from her father's arms, and was hurrying across the clover-field to her favorite nook, the low branches of the peach tree, to have a real, good cry, for it was a disappointment a bitter, grievous disappointment to this sweet sixteen year old little Daisy, that she must stay at home alone for two long, dreaded weeks, and miss the grand lawn fete, too, where there would be dancing and feasting, mirth, music and merriment. Oh, dear, oh, dear, how could she ever stay away!

It would break her heart, and poor Daisy sobbed aloud.

Ah, there was no one to warn her that it was the hand of fate trying to prevent her from going to Briar Hall.

Daisy's eyes were so blinded by tears, she did not see the handsome young man approaching until she ran directly into Alexander Hamilton's arms.

"Dear me!" she cried, persistently turning her tear-swollen face another way. "Is it you, Mr. Aleck?"

"What is the matter, Daisy?" he asked anxiously, attempting to take the little, slim, white, fluttering hands which covered her face, in his; "you've been crying."

"I haven't!" flashed out Daisy, defiantly, "and there's nothing the matter," but somehow the rebellious tears would trickle through the slim fingers.

"Daisy," he said, earnestly, still endeavoring to capture the little hand; "I have something to say to you—something to talk over. Come, let us walk on through the orchard, I——"

"I know all about it, and I don't want to walk," cried Daisy bitterly. "If you go on up to the house you'll find Hetty and Olive there ready enough to talk to you about it."

"But it's you I want to talk to, Daisy," said handsome Aleck Hamilton, eagerly. "I am sure you haven't heard about it, and don't know about it," but before he could finish his sentence Daisy had left him and was half-way across the orchard.

"I almost wish I had told Mr. Aleck all about Hetty and Olive's meanness in teasing papa to keep me at home—mean things," she sobbed.

Alexander Hamilton had walked slowly on to the fields where he espied Farmer Gordon, who had returned to his plowing.

"I'm right glad to see you, Aleck, my boy," said the farmer, extending his toil-hardened hand to the young man. "Have you been around to the house? I reckon you'll find Hetty and Olive there."

"I haven't been to the house; my visit this morning is to you, Mr. Gordon," replied the young man, modestly—fairly blushing to the roots of his bonny dark curls.

"To me, eh?" returned the farmer, good-naturedly.

"Yes, sir," said Aleck. "I leave the village today. I am come to say good-bye."

"Well, well," exclaimed Farmer Gordon, in astonishment; "rather a sudden notion, ain't it? I hope you ain't leavin' for good."

"I am afraid I shall have to be gone a year, sir. I will make a confidant of you, Mr. Gordon, for I know it will go no farther. I am going to see how a speculation I have on hand turns out. Every dollar I have earned since I was a boy—pushed out into the world to battle for myself—has gone into it. If I lose, I will bear it like a man. I can commence life anew; thank God, I have strong hands and a stout willing heart."

"That you have, lad," exclaimed the farmer, heartily.

"If fate favors me," continued Aleck, "I will come out with a fortune, sir."

"I hope you may, lad," returned Farmer Gordon. "I've allus stuck to farmin' myself. I don't know much about raisin' and gainin', but I hope for your sake you'll come out at the top of the heap."

"Thank you," said Aleck, warmly—adding in a rather embarrassed way: "I have a great incentive to make money now, and return to the village as quickly as possible, for I—I—shall leave my heart behind me."

"Eh!" said the farmer in astonishment.

"It is quite true," said handsome Aleck, paling a little, yet going on bravely. "I leave all that the world holds dear to me in this village—ay, on this farm. Can you not understand, Mr. Gordon—surely you must have seen that I love one of your daughters."

To be Continued.

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really held an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them—or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me: therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without laziness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W. who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly, to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients; but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, say two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as coal, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know!

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Interesting to Smokers.

A New York Sun editorial the other day was of interest to smokers—even, possibly, to reformers who include in their list the "holy herb nicotian":—

"A sacrificial fire has been burning in Clayton, N.J., and the savor of it still tickles Gloucester County nostrils. The Anti-Nicotine Club brought to its rooms all its idols, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, tobacco, and burned them up in the stove. So fierce for the moment is the rage in Clayton against the holy herb nicotian. The case of the Vice-President of the club, Mr. Samuel Turner, is especially glorious or sad, according to the taste and fancy of him who considers it. He is 75; he has smoked for 63 years; with reasonable prudence and longevity he might hope to hold the smokers' record, for this county at least, and puff away in peace and comfort for a whole green century. He throws away the laurel in his grasp. He makes fuel of the comrades of two generations. In the heat and fury of the Clayton anti-nicotine movement he gives up the charmer of pain, the consoler of sadness, the blameless companion of reverie, the silent partner of books, the lubricator of digestion, the fountain of philosophy, the mother of good temper, the nurse of sound old age, the old, faithful, harmless, constant friend.

A boy may toss away his cigarette and a youth his cigar or briarwood, worn for show and ornament rather than for use, and feel no loss. But wait till you come to forty year. Nobody really takes his degree in the first and greatest University of Virginia before that age. His bacon isn't really cured till then. Then he becomes entitled to the freedom of the city of Nicotia. Then, if he has eyes to pierce through the smoke, he begins to see how the world goes round. For instance, what made the Elizabethans great? Tobacco. What made Bismarck great? Tobacco. Take such a philosopher and let him come to sixty year, as he cannot fail to do unless you crush him with automobiles or dynamite. For twenty years more he has worshipped at the fragrant altar. Surely he will not be turned away from it now. Surely he will obey the voice at eve obeyed at prime.

The case of Samuel Turner of Clayton shows what capacity of self-renunciation exists in the bosom of the veteran smoker. But why do people leave off smoking? Well, one reason is that there is a lot of confounded doctors who make it their pleasure to knock yours in the head. They tell you point-blank: "You positively must stop smoking;" and all the time the rascals have cigar cases in their pockets. That's the worst pang of the condemned smoker.

The Guards' New Uniform.

The thirteen hundred Guards who left the other day for South Africa were accoutred in the new uniform which has displaced the khaki, which was the all-prevailing hue at the beginning of the war. Popular interest," said The Times in describing their inspection by the King, "in these ceremonies is as keen to-day as it was when the first contingent departed for the war. Long before noon the approaches to the barracks were crowded with spectators who had not the privilege of admission to the parade ground, and were content to look on from Birdcagewalk and the railings of St. James' Park. It was not an unfavorable morning for such a display. A sharp frost nipped the air and a light mist hung over the park. Within the enclosure was a scene of picturesque activity. Guardsmen, in long grey overcoats and busbies, moved about among the ever-increasing crowd of civilians; bands mustered, and men in the new campaigning uniform paraded for a preliminary inspection by their officers. Smart and serviceable is the judgment that will be passed on the new kit. The color is a blend of khaki and drab—drab tunic, drab breeches, drab puttees, and drab hat. The hat is a novelty in shape, being broader and more substantial in appearance than the ordinary soft felt with which we have become familiar. Rakishly looped up at the side—on the right for Grenadiers and Coldstreams, who wear the white and the red hackle; on the left for the Scots, who, instead of hackle, have the tartan badge of white and red—it is not merely a comfortable, but an effective and even picturesque head-dress. And it has this further advantage, that it is not uniform, and, therefore makes men less conspicuous objects for the enemy's rifles. In the early days of the war our soldiers were easily distinguished, even when lying scattered on the drab veldt, because of the uniformity of the helmet, though covered with khaki, whereas the Colonial troops in their soft felt hats were invisible from even a short distance. The accoutrements, however, have little of the quality of invisibility. The bandoliers are of light grey canvas, the belts are white, the haversack is white, the blanket is rolled in a white cover. Only the water-bottle and the cover of the "billy" or canteen which hangs from the shoulder over the blanket are of khaki color. The buttons, too, are of shining brass—buttons that are rarely seen after they have been once under the close fire of Boers. Yet there is this to be said—a few days on the African veldt will tone down the glaring whites to a neutral tint."

His Application for Cash.

One of the recent incidents in the invasion of England by the United States has to do with an American boy of the "smart" order. Arising out of an application in court to presume the death of one Alfred Richardson, who had been manager of some cycle works at Middlesbrough, and who had mysteriously disappeared, it was elicited that he had been advertised for in some American papers, and that one reply was received from H. C. Starnes of Virginia, U.S., a boy purporting to be nine years of age, who alleged that the deceased had married his mother in 1893. There were also two enclosures from a man represented to be a County Court Judge. Asked by the solicitors for particulars, the boy further wrote: "If there is a Estate over thear coming to Alfred Richardson, y of corse that is a coming to me, and I want to get just as I can." Another document came, said to be from a County Court Judge, which began: "This certifies that Mr. H. C. Starnes has brought before me 20 good old citizens of Scott country—and proved that his father was Mr. Alfred Richardson." It was signed "Judge." The English Judge said it seemed impossible that a County Court Judge anywhere could frame such a thing, and he granted leave to presume the death.

A Flag for the Empire.

The London Express is authority for the following late word on the vexed subject of a flag for the empire:—

"An empire flag! At last an ensign which shall adequately represent Great Britain both at home and beyond seas seems assured. The Express is able to announce that the King has received with favor the suggestion that a new flag was needed to keep pace with the growing empire, and that a finished design for the same will be submitted to his Majesty next week. Mr. C. D. Bennett, the cousin of a distinguished colonial Governor, and himself well known in several of the colonies, has been entrusted with the responsibility of preparing this design. Mr. Bennett has had many difficulties to contend with, in evolving an harmonious and artistic design which should fittingly express British sovereignty. He has succeeded, however, in giving our colonial possessions full representation, without sacrificing the chief feature of the old flag—the Cross of St. George—which is in itself a familiar emblem of England's power in every quarter of the globe.

"The following is a description of the new empire flag, as given officially to The Express:—

"On an absolutely white ground is embroidered a golden sun—typical of a race on whose dominions the sun never sets—shining on a large red Cross of St. George, representing, of course, the empire at home. In the left-hand corner is an Imperial Crown, the sign of one great empire, embracing all creeds, tolerating all beliefs, but under one great Imperial idea.

"Underneath the crown, on a blue scroll is inscribed the Latin rendering of the motto—'the empire on which the sun never sets'—which is the proudest boast of every Englishman:

"'Imperium cui nullus
Solis occasus.'

"In the righthand top corner of the flag will be placed the particular device representative of the empire beyond the sea. For instance, the flag to be used in India will contain the star of India in the righthand top corner.

"The flag as used in Australia will contain instead the device of the new Commonwealth, while the Canadian and other colonial Governments will add to the design their own badge, for use on all 'empire flags' in that particular part of the world.

"This design has been warmly commended by several persons high in authority to whom it has been exhibited. It now remains for his Majesty to place the final seal of approval. Mr. Bennett has notified the King that the design awaits his Majesty's pleasure, and it will probably be exhibited to him next week. Should it be approved by his Majesty, the new design will become 'official' without delay.

"To the King himself is due this idea. His Majesty has realized that the present national emblem does not fully express the dignity and importance of the empire. When the Prince and Princess of Wales started on their tour nearly a year ago they were especially instructed to carefully note every shade of colonial opinion on the subject—whether a new flag was desired and what each colony expected. Everywhere the answer was the same: 'Give us a new flag.' When the popular verdict was reported to the King, his Majesty at once signified a desire to have a proper design prepared. After weeks of toil the design is ready, which many people believe will eventually be flying at the mastheads of our warships and over British possessions at home and abroad."

The King's Champion.

The King's Champion, Mr. Frank Seaman Dymoke, is a man of the moment. In a timely description of his office and claims written for Pearson's Magazine the following interesting passage occurs:—

"The Champions of Britain were originally paid for their services by being allowed to hold Scrivelsby Manor by what is technically called Knight Sergeantry, a term applied to lands held in exchange for a yearly service rendered to the reigning Sovereign. The holding of estates by Knight Sergeantry, a remnant of the old feudal system, was done away with during the Restoration of 1660, so that the present Champion holds his estates exactly as other estates are held by the nobility or county gentlemen of England.

"His sole recompense now consists in claiming a gold cup, together with the horse used at the coronation, with the saddle, armor and furniture. The horse, by the way, is always supposed to be the second best in the Sovereign's stable—the best being used by the Sovereign himself. At the coronation of George III. the Champion, Mr. John Dymoke, is said to have ridden the horse which carried George II. during the battle of Dettingen."

Emperor Francis Joseph.

A picture of the Emperor Francis Joseph at table is furnished by — A. P.:

"The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is very plain in his tastes and habits. At 6 o'clock in the morning he takes his breakfast, consisting of some cold meat, coffee and fresh-made bread and cake. Between 12 and 1 o'clock he takes his dejeuner, two dishes of meat and some ordinary pastry. Dinner is served at 6 o'clock sharp. All his meals are served in his library at his writing desk. Not even a tablecloth is spread. His personal valet on duty receives the dishes in an antechamber on a large tray, and puts the tray before the Emperor on his desk. Very often the Emperor takes a spoonful of soup between two signatures. He is a very busy man. With the meal, the menu for next day's dinner is sent up and laid before the Emperor. It contains two soups, patties, fish, two entrees, two roasts, two desserts, pastry, cheese, fruit, etc., and the Emperor with a blue pencil crosses out whatever he does not want. The Emperor does not care much for wine. He prefers a glass of beer. Nor does he indulge in expensive Havana cigars. A plain home-made cigar, the so-called Virginia cigar, long and thin, with a straw running through it, is his favorite smoke. These cigars cost only five kreuzer—that is, about twopence apiece."

Englishman—"You have some pretty high buildings in Chicago, haven't you?" Chicorgan (in London)—"I should say we have. Why, the tops of some of them are covered with snow all the year round."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Lady's or Gentleman's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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DETROIT. MICH.

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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing

Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 17, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—St. Patrick's Day.

—The sugar making season is now at hand.

—The Court of Revision meets to-night.

—The Spring Assizes open on Monday next.

—The market on Saturday was well attended.

—At the police court on Saturday, a drunk came up on remand. He promised not to get drunk again, and was discharged.

—A meeting of the County Temperance Alliance will be held this evening.

—Several loads of hay were offered for sale on the market on Saturday.

—The annual roll call of the Murray Street Baptist church will be held on Wednesday evening, March 26th.

—The canal will probably be opened for traffic between Lakefield and the Warsaw road, this season.

—The Federation of Labor held a very successful meeting on Friday evening. A number of new members were initiated.

—The young men of the Murray St. Baptist church were very pleasantly entertained at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Routley, on Friday evening.

—Part of the coffer dam and the new dam being constructed at the locks, was washed away yesterday morning.

—An exceptionally fine photogravure of Mr. D. D. Galletly, the famous Scottish vocalist, formerly of Peterborough, appeared in the illustrated part of the Toronto Saturday Globe.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiten's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

—This evening, Miss Dixon, of the Y.W.C.A., will address the Murray Street B.Y.P.U., on the "Students' convention at Toronto." The subject is a very interesting one, and a large attendance is looked for.

—Sergt. V. E. LeBar, of the 1st South African contingent, gave a most interesting and graphic description of the battle of Paardeberg, to the members of Mr. Armstrong's class in George-st. Sunday school yesterday afternoon. To those who heard it, many part of the fight were explained which had hitherto been unknown.

The Plan for Friday Nights' Concert Opens This Morning at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store.

Servant Wanted

WANTED at once a good general servant. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland, 216 Simcoe street.

A Card of Thanks

The Times has been requested to publish the following card of thanks, which speaks for itself:

To His Worship, the Mayor, and the Aldermen of the Town of Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of the grant made to my husband, Dr. Blanchard, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, at your last meeting. I beg that you will accept my sincerest thanks for your generosity.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your Obedient Servant,
(MRS.) W. H. BLANCHARD.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

Attention Attracted

The Times Bookstore windows are the center of attraction just now. Articles too numerous to mention have been marked to sell at less than half price, and gives opportunity to get annuals, bound books of every description, albums, leather goods, fancy china, etc at prices unheard of before.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Hon. Geo. A. Cox was in town on Saturday.

—Mr. Dixon Jewett spent yesterday in Lindsay.

—Miss Mary Maxwell, London st., is suffering from a very sore eye, the result of an accident.

—Mrs. J. C. Turnbull, of Davisville, a suburb of North Toronto, is in town for a few days.

—Miss Gertie McFadden, Elm street, left on Saturday to visit friends in Toronto.

—Miss Casey, of the Separate school teaching staff, is very ill, and will be unable to perform her duties until after the Easter vacation.

—Rev. Geo. Yule preached in the Presbyterian church at Keene yesterday.

—Mrs. T. N. Graham, of Smith's Falls, is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. McCreary, Walton st.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Waddell and Mr. Roland Waddell have returned from a pleasant visit to Texas.

—Mr. Frank Coleman has severed his connection with the Wm. Hamilton Co., and left for Owen Sound to assume a new situation.

—The Times had a pleasant call on Saturday from Mr. F. M. Dela Fosse, of the News, Lakefield.

—Mr. W. J. Devitt, Greenwood, Ontario, was in town Saturday, and gave The Times a call.

—Mr. David Rae, of Manitoba, who has been visiting friends in town for the past few weeks, leaves this morning for his home. He says the work of seeding will soon be started.

CHURCH NOTES

—Mr. Watson sang in his usual good style in St. Paul's church last evening.

At St. John's Church there were three services yesterday. Holy Communion and prayer at 8.30; Morning prayer at 11 Evening song 7 p.m. Rev. J. C. Davidson the Rector officiated.

At St. Lukes Morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11. Evening service at 7 p.m. The Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt preached very able sermons taking as his subjects, in the morning "Tears of Penitence," and in the evening "Home Duties."

At All Saints' two services were held, Holy Communion and sermon at 11 a.m. Evening service at 7 p.m. The subject of the morning service was "The Epistle to the Colossians" and in the evening the fifth word from the cross—"I Thirst." The Rector, Rev. W. L. Armitage occupied the pulpit.

At St. Paul's the services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Torrance in the morning and evening.

At St. Andrews the services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. G. Potter.

At the Murray street Baptist church the regular services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. Bastow.

At the George street Methodist church the services were conducted by Rev. Thomas Manning, of Lindsay. Very large congregations attended the services to hear Rev. Manning who formerly was pastor of the church.

At the Charlotte street church the services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. D. O. Crossley.

At the Park street Baptist church the regular services were conducted by Rev. J. H. Hannah, the pastor.

The annual meeting of the Womens' Auxiliary of St. John's church will be held in the guild room at half-past three this afternoon. The regular business and election of officers will be taken up. A full attendance of members is requested.

DROWNED LANDS ASSOCIATION

Held a Meeting on Saturday — Will Claim Damages for Drowned Along the Otonabee

A meeting of the owners of drowned lands along the Otonabee River was held in the Town Council Chamber on Saturday afternoon for the purpose of considering what action should be taken to force the Dominion Government to pay them for lands rendered useless for cultivation by the high water in the Otonabee River. There is no doubt that the Government are very slow about trying to remedy this trouble, as the farmers have interviewed Mr. Blair at Ottawa regarding the damaged land and after considerable correspondence he has refused to do anything. A board of commissioners have reported that the Government is not liable for any damages caused by the water being held back at the Hastings dam, while on the other hand the Association has received reliable information that the dam is the cause of the trouble. Several affidavits from residents along the Otonabee show that before the dam was built that in a great many places a person could walk with safety across the river, now the water has been raised and this cannot be done. The action taken so far was carefully explained by the chairman, Mr. D. Kennedy, and also by Mr. Wm. Ayers. These gentlemen stated that without a doubt the association had good grounds for an action against the government, and thought it a great injustice that they should use public money to help destroy the property of a large number of people in the country. He thought there would be some benefits derived if the government grant the request made by the Water Conservation Association. Others thought it would be no benefit to any one. Mr. Ayers stated that he thought the owners claim for damages should be first. After some further discussion the meeting adjourned until some time in June.

A BUSY WORKER.

Coffee Touches Up Different Parts.

Frequently coffee sets up rheumatism when it is not busy with some other part of the body. A St. Joe, Mo., man, P. V. Wise, says, "About two years ago my knees began to stiffen and my feet and legs swell, so that I was scarcely able to walk, and then only with the greatest difficulty, for I was in constant pain.

I consulted Dr. Barnes, one of the most prominent physicians here, and he diagnosed the case and inquired, 'Do you drink coffee?' 'Yes.' 'You must quit using it at once,' he replied. I did so and commenced drinking Postum in its place.

The swelling in my feet and ankles and the rheumatic pains subsided quickly, and during the past 18 months I have enjoyed most excellent health, and, although I have passed the 65th mile post I have never enjoyed life better.

Good health brings heaven to us here. I know of many cases where wonderful cures of stomach and heart trouble have been made by simply throwing away coffee and using Pos-

RESISTED ARREST

Mr. Dennis, of Roseneath, Makes a Desperate Fight for Liberty

A few months ago the firm of O'Leary & Dennis, merchants in the village of Hastings, made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. Between the time of the assignment and the taking over of the stock by the assignee's man, it is claimed that Dennis removed a large amount of the goods in the store, as there is a big discrepancy between the stock sheets of the bankrupt firm and the goods taken over by the assignee. Mr. Dennis and his mother are charged with stealing the goods, and a man named Lasheur is charged with receiving them. Mr. O'Leary, now a resident of Toronto, claims that Dennis stole $1,000 from him. As a result a posse of police visited the village of Roseneath one day last week, and after a severe tussle, arrested the three parties and took them to Hastings, and from there to Cobourg. Dennis made a desperate fight for liberty, and jumped from an upstairs window in trying to escape. Two shots were fired after him and he stopped. Altogether, it required the assistance of five men to secure the prisoner.

LOST NINETY DOLLARS

Harry Marshall, a Shantyman, Losses $90 —Claims He Was Way-Laid

Henry Marshall, whose home is in Port Hope, while on his way home from the shanties, spent Friday in town, and imbibed rather too freely. That night he went to the police That night he went to the police station and stated that he had been relieved of his wad, amounting to about $90. The man was very drunk at the time, and could give no information as to how or where he lost the money. He was given shelter at the police station that night, that he might be in condition to give more information in the morning. He was still unable to tell any more, and as nothing could be learned from the man the police were unable to do anything towards recovering the money.

How a Sprain Does Hurt!

But it isn't the pain alone that is dreaded, just think of the loss of time and wages. Sprains without number have been cured by rubbing Polson's Nerviline well into the pores of the skin surrounding the joint. No matter whether it is a sprained wrist, ankle, knee or back, just try Nerviline on it, and see how quickly it will cure. There is only one liniment that can be depended upon to cure sprains, strains and swellings, and that is Polson's Nerviline. Large bottle 25c.

SCARCITY OF APPLES.

Not For Years Has There Been so Few Apples in Peterborough.

Not for many years have apples been as scarce in Peterborough as this winter. For long periods since the new year opened, housewives have been unable to get a single apple when they wanted them.

The prices in consequence have been away up, and as high as $1.50 a bag has been demanded by the fortunate few farmers who had any to bring to market. The prices all along have been about on a par with those of oranges.

Housewives have been in despair all along by reason of being unable to get apples, and the apple pie has been an exceedingly rare article at dessert in this city for some time past.

This year is the good year for apples, and next winter ought not to see the scarcity in that line this winter has.

Deafness Curable!

Sufferers from impaired hearing will be glad to know that their affliction is probably not due to any organic defect in the ear, but results probably from a thickening of the lining of the middle ear caused by catarrhal inflammation. Hundreds of perfect recoveries as a result of the inhalation of Catarrhozone are reported, and on the highest authority we recommend this treatment to our readers. Catarrhozone quickly restores lost hearing, and its efficiency is placed beyond dispute by the case of Mr. Fazall of St. Thomas, who recovered perfect hearing by using Catarrhozone, after years of deafness. Price $1. At druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

LAKEFIELD MAN ACQUITTED

Lou Le Bar, of Lakefield Man Charged with Obtaining Money Under False Pretences

At the police court in Lakefield on Wednesday last, Mr. Lou LeBar, an employee of Mr. M. Fischer's tailoring establishment, was charged with obtaining money under false pretences. It appears that some time in December LeBar and Carter collected a sum of money ranging between $6 and $17, to present to Dr. Blanchard on his departure for South Africa. The money was never given to the "Doc" and this got the men into trouble. LeBar, who was badly under the influence of liquor at the time, stated that he had but a very hazy idea of what had been done. The evidence of the witnesses all tended to exculpate LeBar. Carter acted as "treasurer" of the fund, and LeBar had been seen to hand over certain moneys to him. The magistrate thought that a very serious offence had been committed, and that Carter's evidence was very unsatisfactory. He could not find proof that he was guilty, and he was therefore allowed to go. Carter had come to Peterborough a few days previous and paid $8 to Mrs. Blanchard, a proceeding which he undertook to avoid the painful publicity of a prosecution. Mr. R. E. Wood appeared for the Crown, and Mr. O. A. Langley for the defence.

South American Rheumatic Cure Cures Rheumatism.—It is safe, harmless and acts quick—gives almost instant relief and an absolute cure in from one to three days—works wonders in most acute forms of rheumatism. One man's testimony: "I spent 6 weeks in bed before commencing its use—4 bottles cured me."—66

KEEP UP WITH THE PROCESSION

By using ST. JACOBS OIL for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lameness, Stiffness of the Muscles, Soreness, and all aches and pains.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Has cured hundreds, its effect is instantaneous and marvellous, it penetrates to the very foundation of pain and removes the cause. Price 25c. and 50c.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC!

CONQUERS PAIN!

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to BUT NOT FROM Buffalo N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Acknowledged by most intelligent and prominent people. His methods were approved of by judge and jury in the General Session, March 18th, 1901, which fact proves that scientific palmistry as practised by him has no connection with the vulgar fortune telling under the heading of astrology, tea cup tossing, card cutting, and the gipsies palm reading, who do not know the first principle of the theory.

Professor O'Brien's reputation is far and wide. People from every part of the world consult him. His patrons rank among judges M.P.'s, lawyers, clergymen, of every denomination, intelligent priests doctors, bankers, students, mechanics, etc., etc.

Those who never had their head or hand delineated, should call at once on Prof. O'Brien. His delineations are graphic and instructive, and he always makes it a point to give the young people good and sound advice. Don't forget there is only one Prof. O'Brien.

In phrenology he is at the head of his profession, in palmistry he has no equal. Call for circular and see what the Catholic Register, News, Mail and Empire Globe, etc., all the leading Toronto papers say.

During his first visit in Peterborough 265 people were examined by him, and still they come as fast as ever, for they all know what Prof. O'Brien's abilities are.

Those wishing to consult him please come early and avoid disappointments as Prof. O'Brien can only remain in Peterborough a few days longer. A photo read free to patrons. Private office at 363 Hunter st, terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

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Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $50 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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ALES AND PORTER
—OF—
THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers.

Business Men

If you require well bound, well made Business Books, come and see us

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LEDGERS, JOURNALS,
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David Copperfield.

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NOVELS BY WM. MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

FOR THE FIRST TIME AT SIXPENCE

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The History of Henry Esmond

Demy 8vo., 160 pages.

Complete and Unabridged Edition, printed in clear type, on good paper, and bound in an attractive and colored wrapper. Price Sixpence. 100 Illustrations.

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Containing 328 pages, with all the Original Illustrations, tail-pieces, and especially all the famous Vignette Initials

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Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director
The Highest Educational Standard
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School of Literature and Expression
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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.—Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel Church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. 50 cents.—65

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MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Walton & Mason, Room 711, 64 and 66 Broadway, New York.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our prospect then will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Nevada Investment Co., 14 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto Arcade, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK

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RETURN TICKETS

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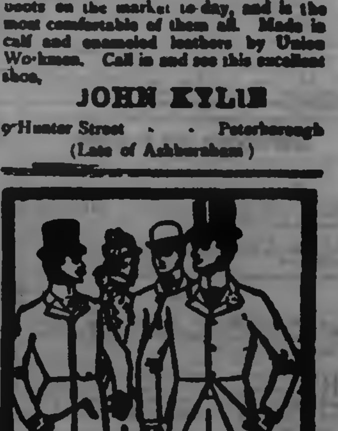

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VOL. 28 NO. 65

PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MARCH 18 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

SEARCHING INQUIRY INTO METHUEN DISASTER DEMANDED--RUMORS OF WAR

Times Correspondent at Pretoria Says That Anything Derogatory Must be Punished--How to Avoid Future Catastrophes

London, March 17.—The Pretoria correspondent of The Times says the mishap to Lord Methuen is regrettable, but that it does not justify an alarming view of the military situation. The matter demands a searching inquiry, for any act deemed derogatory to the prestige of the army must and will be visited with punishment. He goes on to say that the only way of avoiding these unfortunate incidents is to increase the strength of every column to 2,000 men, but that under the circumstances this is impossible. The great difficulty consists in having to deal with an enemy scattered over so large an area, with insufficient troops to cope simultaneously with each roving band. The progress made during the last six months is illustrated by the fact that Botha, who in September was able to mass nearly 2,000 men on the Natal border, can now only collect 700. Though favored by the nature of the country, and in spite of the repeated assurances of his followers that they would make a determined stand, he shows no inclination to fight, retiring eastward from Vryheid before Gen. Bruce Hamilton. Schalkburger remains north of the Delagoa line.

RUMORS OF WAR IN THE ORIENT.

London, March 17.—A despatch to the Times from St. Petersburg states that rumors are current regarding the imminence of an outbreak of war between Russia and Japan, but are made light of in diplomatic circles. It is regarded as possible that these rumors owe their origin to a fact which is vouched for, that several merchants have been officially informed that no consignment of goods for the far east will be accepted for the present by the Siberian Railway, its resources being fully occupied in forwarding troops and war munitions to Vladivostock. The Russian military authorities, however, deny in the most explicit terms that any increase is contemplated in the strength of the forces in the far east.

TROUBLE ABOUT CHINESE SALT.

London, March 17.—The correspondent of The Times at Pekin cables that the Russians, who last August seized privately owned salt near Tangku worth a quarter of a million sterling, have been prevented from selling it to the Viceroy Yuan, who forbade the Chinese to purchase. The Russian Minister, Lessar, in order to escape from "an untenable question," has offered to restore the salt without compensation, only asking of Ching a written undertaking that China will not engage foreigners in Northern China. Ching, it is said, complied with this request without consulting Yuan, but the latter has declared that Ching had no power to give such an undertaking.

TWENTY THOUSAND MEN FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Almost Half a Full Army Corps to be Thrown Into South Africa

INDIA AND AUSTRALIA TO SEND MORE MEN.

Dearth of Officers Is so Great That Only One Is Attached to Each Company of 150 Men—War to be Pushed with Vigour

London, March 18 — The War Office has received an urgent call for reinforcements for South Africa, and it is understood that a full half army corps will at once be despatched to the Cape. 5000 have already been ordered from India.

Instead of sending complete regiments, strong companies of 150 men each have been picked from the various battalions in India, with not more than one officer attached to each company. The reason for this latter arrangement is the dearth of officers in the Indian commands, owing to previous drafts upon them for service against the Boers.

The men of the Indian contingent are all seasoned men of at least seven years' service, and are expected to give a good account of themselves. But the soldiers do not look upon the prospect with sanguine eyes. They have seen various other regiments and companies melt away under the leaden hail from burgher rifles and the weekly casualty lists are a lesson in themselves. Only this week the announcement was made that 800 additional officers and men had been invalided home from the veldt, indicating the desperate climatic and other conditions under which the troops are placed.

Another unpleasant condition in army affairs is what one of the morning papers calls "the yeomanry fiasco." The report of the Adjutant General, just issued, shows that not half the 35,000 men expected are enrolled; that some of the new regiments have only a squadron and a half, while of the old corps only five have 400 men each out of an establishment of 500.

The number of regiments is now 56, and their strength is given as follows: Establishment, 23,840; enrolled, 13,201; wanting to complete, 10,639. The scheme may fare better when the war is over, but for the present the outlook is gloomy.

The hints of Mr. Brodrick as to conscription may be put into effect sooner than the public expects.

A GREAT BATTLE IN SOUTH AMERICA

Terrific Fight in Which Twelve Hundred are Killed

REBELLION IN COLUMBIA

Particulars of the Fight Between the Columbian Rebels

Government Losses not Known—The Revolutionary Forces Lose Fifteen Colonels and Majors

Panama, March 16 — The losses on both sides in the battle at Agua Dulce are estimated at not less that 1200 men, or about 33 per cent. of the number engaged.

The revolutionists lost fifteen colonels and majors and seventeen officers of lower rank killed.

The total number of revolutionists killed is not specified in the report of Gen. Herrera, the revolutionist leader, who attacked the town. He only says that, considering the position of the Government troops, the revolutionary losses were not as high in proportion.

Gen. Castro, the Government commander, was forced to retire with from 400 to 500 soldiers suffering from thirst, although Gen. Herrera says in his official report that Castro had only about 200 followers in organized form.

Gen. Castro is reported to have said the day before the attack, Feb. 28, that the Government troops would leave for Santiago and Veraguas, drinking water being scarce at Agua Dulce. Gen. Ortiz had already left with 300 men.

Of the nine hundred who remained to defend the town many were sick on account of the foul drinking water.

Gens. Castro and Ortis have arrived at Colon with 600 men. They left a strong garrison at Bocas del Toro.

Gen. Castro reports that Gen. Herrera's heavy losses make it impossible for the revolutionists to attack the Government for some time.

Items of Interest

Plymouth, Eng., March 18.—The Hamburg-American Line steamer Deutschland, from New York March 11, having on board Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia and his suite, passed the Scilly Islands at 8.30 o'clock this morning. The steamer should reach this port at about 11.30 p.m.

EMPEROR WILLIAM STARTS OUT

Berlin, March 18. — Emperor William passed Sunday with the Empress at the Kiel Schloss. This morning his Majesty boarded the battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II. and will traverse the canal to Cuxhaven, where he will await the arrival of the Deutschland, having on board Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia. Admiral Von Thomsen, and other naval and military will participate in the reception of the Prince. The Fourth Marine Artillery and the Marine Band have been ordered to be present. The cruiser Hela will take Prince Henry ashore after the Deutschland anchors before Cuxhaven. Then Emperor William, Prince Henry and the latter's suite will board the Kaiser Wilhelm II., which will immediately sail for Kiel.

SIR RICHARD TEMPLE DEAD.

London, March 18.—Sir Richard Temple the former Governor of Bombay, and who had held other important positions in India is dead. He was born in 1826.

CECIL RHODES IS WEAKER

Cape Town, March 18.—The heart symptoms of Cecil Rhodes are worse to-day, and Mr. Rhodes is weaker.

London, March 18.It was officially announced that King Edward will not go abroad this year. He will cruise in British waters on board the Royal yacht Victoria and Albert.

London, March 18.—So much greater than the supply is the demand for motor cars of some of the favorite makes that latterly an astonishing state of affairs has arisen, and enormous premiums upon list prices have to be paid by automobilists anxious to purchase. A premium of £500 and upward is quite common. There is a heavy run upon all well-known classes of cars, but it is chiefly noticeable in the case of the best French makes, such as the Panhard-Levassor and De Dion. Mr. Weigel, of the British Automobile Commercial Syndicate, said that the cars that the Panhard-Levassor and the De Dion firms could turn out for a long time ahead had been secured by the dealers, who thus control the price. Two cars taken over from the makers recently at £650 each were sold for £1,300 each. There is no difficulty whatever in securing these fancy prices. When people make up their minds that they want a certain motor car they do not care what they pay for it. In the meantime, the dealers are making fortunes.

NEW CURE FOR INFLUENZA

London, March 18."I have had remarkable success," says Dr. Porter Wornum, in a letter to The Lancet, by the burning of incense freely in the rooms of my influenza patients; it is very useful in both recent and old-standing catarrhal cases—an antiseptic used in the days of Solomon."

GALLANT VETERAN DEAD.

London, March 18.— The death is reported from Savernake of a Victoria Cross hero, Gunner Thomas McArthur, of the Royal Artillery, who won the coveted decoration by two acts of heroism during the siege of Sebastopol in 1855. The first carried several barrels of powder across open ground swept by Russian fire to the 7th Fusiliers, whose ammunition became exhausted at a critical moment, and later was the first to volunteer to spike the Russian guns in the ill-fated attack on the Redan. He also wore the China medal.

Parry Sound, March 17.— A report of a serious affair which occurred near Seguin Falls Postoffice a few days ago reached here yesterday, as follows:

A lumberman named Samuel Cooper, formerly of Toronto, who had been working near Seguin Falls during the winter, some time ago showed signs of being demented. He has, however, been considered a harmless character. Lately his case became more pronounced, for he went around amongst the farmers of the neighborhood under the delusion that he had purchased large timber limits and was making a tour of inspection. After walking around all night he went to the house of one Thomas Hooper, with whom, it is said, he attempted to go upstairs. Hooper told him his wife was ill, and wished him to go out of the house. Cooper then said he was God Almighty, and if he but touched her she would recover. Persisting in his efforts to get upstairs, it is said Hooper attacked him with an axe. Two other men who were present, whose names are given as Clair and Bannister, took part in the fight. It is said that six or seven serious wounds were inflicted on Cooper, the insane man, and that he was shot in the leg. The following day he was taken to the hospital at Huntsville. A telegram from there yesterday stated that Cooper is dead. District Constable Hanna, at the instance of Crown Attorney Haight, has been despatched to Seguin Falls to arrest Hooper and the others who took part in the affair. An inquest is being held at Huntsville to-day.

CONFESSED WIFE-KILLER

Findlay, Ohio, March 17.—Charles Rollo a suspect, arrested by the police to-day, made a confession to Chief of Police Ramsey, in which he stated that he was until a year ago a market gardener in Batavia, N.Y., and that in a quarrel with his wife last August he had struck her a blow which had caused her death. For months he has fled from the police, and has been dodging about the country. The strain is too much, he says, and he is willing to suffer punishment. He is in a state of nervous collapse, and is being held for developments.

When the Baby Cries at Night

there is a cause for it. Perhaps it is gas on the stomach, maybe cramps or diarrhoea. Don't lose sleep, anticipate such contingencies by always keeping handy a bottle of Polson's Nerviline. Just a few drops in water given inwardly, then rub the little one's stomach with a small quantity of Nerviline, and perfect rest is assured for the night for both mother and baby. You may not need Nerviline often, but when you do need it you need it handy. Get a 25c. bottle to-day.

BRITAIN'S BIG TASK IN SOUTH AFRICA

Over Forty Thousand Boers Now in Captivity

THE NUMBER INCREASING.

The Subject Treated by the Clever Editor of the Ottawa Citizen

When the War is Over There will be 50,000 Men and Five Times as Many Women and Children to Provide for.

Ottawa, March 18 — The Citizen has the following able article on the South African situation: Great Britain has now got over 40,000 Boers in captivity in South Africa, St. Helena, Ceylon, Bermuda, and other places. The larger proportion have been in captivity for nearly two years. It is interesting to speculate upon the effect of civilizing influences upon this mass of men who really represent the male portion of the Boer race. What will result from keeping these men for a long period in a state of idleness and inactivity, well fed and kindly cared for by their enemy. Travel will have a broadening influence on narrow minds; nearly all will learn the English language; and being thrown in contact with the British soldier and official they will be likely to admit that, after all, he is a very decent sort of chap. As they gain a better perspective view of their country in its relations to Great Britain and the rest of the world they may become impressed with a knowledge of a former backwardness of their national life and become reconciled to, and even satisfied with, the prospect of their future as a part of the world's greatest empire.

Still their lot must be a far from happy one at present, separated from their wives and families, knowing that their country has been almost devastated by the ravages of war and that they have to look forward to almost beginning life over again. The more fair minded and intelligent among them must view with bitterness the useless and hopeless struggle which is being perpetuated by the handful of irreconcilables in the field when they remember that but for them they might all have been back with their families and in their homes eighteen months ago but for this guerilla warfare. At the time of the surrender of Pretoria and even as late as the date of Lord Roberts' proclamation of the Transvaal and Free State as British colonies in September, 1900, these countries had almost entirely escaped the ravages of war, except for the destruction of public property by the Boer armies. Probably never in the history of any war did the inhabitants suffer so little from destruction of property or loss of effects as did the Boers in the march of the British armies from the Orange River to Pretoria and eastward from Pretoria to Koomatipoort. Not only were their farms and houses left untouched, but it was a penal offence to take their poultry without an equivalent of hard cash being rendered at their own prices. If the people had accepted the inevitable and returned to their farms then they would now be comfortable and prosperous.

As the matter stands now Great Britain will have a new problem on her hands when the war is over. Probably fifty thousand men and five times as many women and children will be on her hands, scarcely any of whom will have a home to go to. The farms are devastated, the cattle driven off, no horses left to do farm work. For a year at least after the war ends all these people will be dependent on the nation not only for the necessaries of life, but for the means of re-establishing themselves in the country. No doubt they will be liberally treated by the government and there is hope that by the time they have settled down again they will have forever given up any idea of making further trouble.

THE WAR'S AWFUL COST

Prophetic Words of Paul Kruger Now Being Freely Realized

New York, March 18 — The Herald, in speaking of the cost of the war to Britain, says:

In itself the defeat and capture of General Lord Methuen is not a very grave event. In the shock it gives to public sentiment in England, however, and by balking Lord Kitchener's proposed execution of prisoners as rebels, in prolonging the war, and in its effect upon the forthcoming British loan, the reverse might be described as disastrous.

The war has now entered upon its thirtieth month, and the expenditure of blood and treasure has borne out Paul Kruger's prediction that the conquest of the two republics would cost a price which would stagger humanity. Looking at the money cost alone, if the new loan now under consideration is made for only two hundred millions, this will make the officially estimated cost of the war more than a billion dollars, in addition to the vast sums expended for police service and other civil expenditures in the Transvaal. The sinking fund for the British debt has been suspended, taxation has been enormously increased, Government consols, which formerly commanded a premium of ten per cent., now sell at a discount of more than 5 per cent.; a quarter of a million men have been withdrawn from productive industry, the gold production of the Transvaal has been curtailed, and as a result of the destruction of property in South Africa, the rehabilitation of the Orange River and the Transvaal must continue to entail heavy expense long after the war shall have closed.

General - Sports.

Montreal Captures Stanley Cup.

The last of the series of matches for the Stanley Cup, was played in Winnipeg last night, and resulted in another victory for the Montreal team by a score of 2—1. This leaves the Montrealers the winners of the cup by a majority of 5 goals in the three games.

The large rink was packed to the doors and hundreds were turned away. Owing to the cold wave which passed over Manitoba on Friday, and which still continues, the ice was in perfect condition. Both teams played hard, but the men from the East were too fast for the "Vics," and by better combination play, won the match.

LACROSSE.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Peterborough Lacrosse Club will be held in the Y.M.C.A. parlors on Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

The members of the Y.M.C.A. who are interested in lacrosse, will hold an organization meeting in the Y.M.C.A. hall this evening at 7.30 sharp. All interested are requested to be present.

Perth to play Brooklyn.

The Crescent Lacrosse team of Perth have made arrangements for a game with the Crescents of Brooklyn, N. Y., on June 14. The match will be played on the Bay Ridge grounds, Brooklyn.

RUGBY.

At a meeting of the Rugby Club on Saturday evening, Mr. A. W. McPherson was elected captain of the team.

BASKETBALL.

The Brownies and Harriers will play a game of basketball at the Y.M.C.A. on Saturday evening at 7.45.

THE RING.

It is probable that the Yosemite Athletic Club, of 'Frisco, will secure the big fight between Jeffries and Fitzsimmons, which will come off on or about the 15th of May. The Yosemite's bid was 66 2-3 per cent. of the gross receipts. The other bids were the San Francisco A. C., 70 per cent., and the Twentieth Century A. C., 60 per cent.

Erne and Daly Matched.

New York, March 17.—It was announced on Saturday that Frank Erne and Pat Daly, two well known boxers, have been matched to fight in London during coronation week. The other bouts are as follows: Harry Harris, of Chicago, will meet Andy Tuxell, the English champion; Peter Maher will fight Tom Sharkey for the Irish championship; Gus Ruhlin will tackle Kid McCoy; Joe Walcott will box Tommy West, and Tommy Ryan will encounter George Gardner.

Ryan and O'Brien Matched.

New York, March 17.—Jack O'Brien, of Philadelphia, champion middle and heavy-weight pugilist of England, today signed articles of agreement to meet Tommy Ryan for the middleweight championship of the world. The men will fight before the Southern Athletic Club, of Louisville, on May 3rd, weight to be 158 pounds at the ringside.

Walcott whipped Stift.

Chicago, March 17.—Joe Walcott defeated Billy Stift, of Chicago, at the Chicago A. C. on Saturday night, in a six round contest.

Kid Rollie Badly Injured.

Salt Lake, Utah, March 15.—A special from Park City says that Kid Rollie probably was fatally injured during a boxing contest with Dummy Rowan at that place last night. In the second round Rollie received a heavy blow below the belt that almost put him out. He continued to fight, however, and in the third round collapsed and fell to the floor. Physicians say Rollie is badly ruptured, and that his condition is very serious.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. F. Rolland, of Montreal, won the Canadian racquet championship on Saturday by defeating R. R. MacDougall of Montreal, in the finals by a score of 3 to 1.

John Lawson, the "Terrible Swede" a well known bicycle rider, died last night in Milwaukee, of pneumonia. He arrived in Milwaukee last Sunday to fill a theatrical engagement.

Tom Jenkins won the wrestling match in England with Jim Parr, the Englishman. Jenkins took the first and third falls in 21 and 12 minutes, while Parr won the second in 20 minutes. The Englishman was the hardest man Jenkins has ever met.

ATTACKS TWO YOUNG LADIES

Rev. Father Walsh, of Stratford, Creates a Startling Sensation

Stratford, Ont., March 18.— This city is much exercised over an occurrence which happened on Friday evening to two young ladies when going home from a friend's house. Miss Minnie Marks and Miss Jessie Mallion, when crossing the stone bridge over the Avon River, on Huron Street, passed Rev. Father Walsh, a curate of Dr. Kilroy, of St. Joseph Church, in this city, who was on his way apparently to the rectory, which adjoins the church on the Huron Road. The young ladies took no notice of him, but almost immediately afterwards Miss Mallion received a blow on her arm from a stout oaken cudgel in the hands of Father Walsh. Miss Marks was also struck, the rev. gentleman catching her by the arm and holding her against the handrail of the bridge. She entreated passionately to be released, the only reply being a blow on the head. Then Father Walsh shouted to them, "Go home, go home."

Screams from the young ladies were heard by Sheriff Hossie, John Idington, K.C., Police Magistrate O'Loane, William Buckingham, and Mayor Stamp, who were returning from a meeting up town.

Father Walsh left the city for the west this morning, otherwise he would have appeared in the Police Court on the information of Mr. Mallion, the father of one of the young ladies. Much sympathy is expressed for the young ladies, who are well-known members of Knox and St. Andrew's Presbyterian Churches. Dr. Kilroy attributes the affair to the fact that Father Walsh's mind has suddenly became unhinged. He has been sick for some time, and lately received news of bereavement in his family in Ireland, besides which he had recently taken up a peculiar idea regarding the time when young women should be at home and off the streets. The congregation noticed that he acted strangely all yesterday.

REFUSED TO SURRENDER AND WAS SHOT

Kitchener Sends Methuen's Account of Disaster

LIEUT. NESHAM'S BRAVERY.

The Mounted Troops Were the Cause of the Disaster

Methuen's Horse Was Killed — General Delarey Courteous and Considerate — Methuen was Isolated

London, March 18.— Lord Kitchener has sent to the War Office the following communication respecting the recent reverse of Lord Methuen.

"Lord Methuen has sent me a staff officer with a dictated despatch from which it appears that certain particulars previously given are inaccurate. The rear screen of mounted troops was rushed and overwhelmed at dawn. There was a gap of a mile between the ox and the mule convoys. The mounted supports to the rear screen, which Gen. Methuen immediately reinforced by all the available mounted troops and a section of the 38th Battery, maintained themselves for an hour, during which the convoys were closing up without disorder.

"In the meanwhile two hundred infantry were being disposed by Methuen to resist the Boer attack, which was outflanking the left of the rear-guard. The Boers pressed that attack hard, and the mounted troops attempted to fall back on the infantry, got completely out of hand, carrying away with them in the route the bulk of the mounted troops. Two guns of the 38th Battery were thus left unprotected, but continued in action until every man, with the exception of Lieut. Nesham was hit. Lieut. Nesham was called on to surrender, and, upon refusing to do so, was killed.

METHUEN ISOLATED

"Lord Methuen, with two hundred of the Northumberland Fusiliers and two guns of the 4th Battery, then found himself isolated, but held on for three hours. During this period the remaining infantry, namely, 100 mounted men, mostly Cape Police, who had occupied the kraal near the waggons, also continued to hold out against the repeated attacks of the Boers.

"By this time Lord Methuen was wounded, and the casualties were exceedingly heavy amongst his men. Their ammunition was mostly expended, and the surrender was made at about half-past nine in the morning.

"The party in the kraal still held out, and did not give in until two guns and a pom-pom were brought to bear upon them at about 10 o'clock, making their position untenable.

"It is confirmed that most of the Boers wore our khaki uniforms. Many also wore our badges. Even at close quarters they could not be distinguished from our own men.

"It is clear the infantry fought well, and the artillery kept up the traditions of their regiment. In addition to the forty members of the Cape Police already mentioned, a few parties of Imperial Yeomanry and Cape Police continued to hold their ground after the panic had swept the bulk of the mounted troops off the field."

From other despatches it appears that General Methuen was shot while riding to bring up the mounted troops, and that his horse was killed. After the surrender General Delarey rode up and treated General Methuen with the greatest courtesy and consideration. According to the Klerksdorp correspondent of The Daily Mail, the burghers were so angry at this that a party of them went out and brought General Methuen back. General Delarey, however, overruled the objections of the burghers.

It would not be surprising according to the statements current here to-day, if Delarey, Botha, and De Wet should come to Klerksdorp and talk over the situation with Lord Kitchener.

It is an open secret that these three leaders are now together. Peace, if it does grow out of the present situation, will have its inception to a great extent in Delarey's magnanimity in releasing Lord Methuen.

Any proposition that he might make at the present moment would receive the most friendly consideration from the British Government and people. He was politically opposed to Kruger, and was against the policy which led up to the present war. He is a sound statesman, as well as a great commander. He must realize that now is the opportunity to obtain the best possible terms for his countrymen; and it is a reasonable deduction, aside from direct reports on the subject, that he will not allow this opportunity of his own creation to pass without making use of it. His proposals, if they are now in the hands of the British Government, should be made known in a few days.

CHEERS FOR DELAREY.

Glasgow, March 18. —In the course of an address to a large gathering of Irishmen here, Mr. John Dillon, M.P., said that Lord Rosebery had joined the chorus of ruffianism against Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader. He added that Lord Rosebery was in the same boat with the Government. He called for a ringing cheer for Gen. Delarey, and his audience responded with prolonged cheering.

TWO CANADIANS DEAD.

Ottawa, Ont., March 18.—The Casualty Department at Cape Town cables the Governor-General of the following casualties in the South African Constabulary: Deaths from enteric fever — James George Stephenson, father, Mr. Stephenson, Norwood, Ont., Edward Charles Baker, father, John D. Baker, Oak Lake, Man. Dangerously ill from enteric fever—William Pell, sister, Miss Emily Pell, 304 Hargrave Street, Winnipeg; John Duncan May, father, F. May, Stonewall, Man; Morgan E. Holmes, sister, Miss Maud Holmes, Brockville, Ont.

TREASON COURT ABANDONED.

Durban, Natal, March 18. — The civil treason court has been disbanded. Hereafter persons charged with treason will be tried by court martial. Of the estimated eight hundred rebels in Natal, five hundred have been tried. Their sentences ranged up to ten years' imprisonment, and the fines to which the convicted men were also sentenced amounted in some cases as high as £5,000.

MORE NEW ZEALANDERS TO FIGHT.

Wellington, N. Z., March 17.—The New Zealand Cabinet has resolved to send a tenth contingent of 1,000 men to South Africa.

BOER COMMANDANT CAPTURED.

London, March 18.—A despatch from Pretoria says that Commandant Celliers, of the Kroonstad commando of Boers, was among the prisoners captured by the British recently in the Heilbron district.

Growing Children
Thrive Best on
Malt Breakfast Food

Mothers truly interested in the nourishment and growth of their children, speak with great delight about Malt Breakfast Food and its health-promoting work for young children.

Malt Breakfast Food is a perfect morning and evening food for growing children; it truly nourishes their bodies and keeps the bowels in perfect condition. Owing to its predigested character, Malt Breakfast Food at all times quiets and soothes the stomach when irritated or inflamed; it is quickly absorbed by the system and keeps the blood cool and pure.

If you would keep your growing children in robust health, give them the Malt Breakfast Food morning and night. No other food is more economical; no other can keep them so well and vigorous. Your grocer will strongly recommend Malt Breakfast Food.

Weather Notes

Probs To-day—Fair and decidedly cold. The blizzard which set in over Manitoba on Friday last has now subsided, but extremely cold weather covers the northwestern portion of the continent, and a period of decidedly cold weather is indicated for Ontario and Quebec.

GERMANY'S DESIGN ON LITTLE HOLLAND

The War Lord Wants to Annex the Netherlands

EUROPE AROUSED OVER IT

A German Professor Professor Urges Emperor to Acquire Dutch Kingdom

Peaceably if Possible, and if This Won't Go, Then Take the Country by Force—Holland Will Fight

London, March 18 — Considerable excitement has been stirred up in Europe by the recently published book of the German Professor Von Halle, in which he urges Germany to annex Holland. He believes that the annexation should be accomplished by peaceable means, if possible; but, should these fail, he advises that Holland be taken by force. The despatch goes on to say that the publication of such brochures is, in Germany, one of the Government's commoner methods of moulding public opinion and foreshadowing public policy. The Dutch have never as yet showed any inclination to join Germany or any other nation. They have too well developed a nationalism to consent to become the junior partner in a big political concern. So, if William II seriously contemplates making the Netherlands and their colonies a part of his empire, he will have to follow, the Professor's advice, and try to "take" them. Of course, before he remotely contemplates such a step, he must have placated Russia by promising that country a free hand somewhere else — perhaps China. But even should Russia consent, the Dutch, unaided, could make things mighty interesting for the War Lord. They would fight on their own ground, and in defence of it. Their cousins, the Boers, are showing that these two considerations make of people of the Dutch blood mighty soldiers. The Hollanders have no mountains as national defences, but they have dikes which need only to be cut to drown an invading army. Furthermore, on Germany's flank is France, which would not be loath, if she saw a good opportunity, to seek that "revanche" which she still is dreaming about. William had better not try to "take" the Netherlands.

THE C. P. R.'S NEW HOTEL

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's New Grand Hotel "Place Viger," at Montreal

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's magnificent new hotel, the "Place Viger," at Montreal, the last one erected of this company's splendid system of hotels, which extend from Quebec to Vancouver, is the most elaborately decorated and handsomely furnished hotel in Montreal. The management has been successful in establishing a reputation for the Place Viger of a very high character, so much so that the many leaders in official and society life who now patronize this house voluntarily assert that it is the most exclusive, select and refined quarters in that city.

The splendid appearance of the Place Viger, together with its historic location, has made it one of the greatest points of interest in Montreal.

Attention Attracted

The Times Bookstore windows are the center of attraction just now. Articles too numerous to mention have been marked to sell at less than half price, and gives opportunity to get bargains, bound books of every description, albums, leather goods, fancy china, etc at prices unheard of before.

OVER $2,500

worth of stocks can be purchased by you, through us, if you have an account with us, amounting to $100. Larger amounts in proportion. You can secure the profit possible to be made on an investment of the above amount, by actual investment of comparatively little money. We loan you balance of purchase money, at a charge, not exceeding the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, for the time of the loan. *No other business in the world offers you greater credit. Full particulars of the method, plainly and clearly outlined, together with other valuable information, in our handsome 300 page, clothbound, illustrated*

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 18, 1902.

A NATIONAL SPIRIT

It is perhaps too much to expect that all our children should go to the common school, though that is the pledge of the national feeling and homogeneity, but we can provide a truly national literature, which shall be more magnanimous than parish prejudices, and we can make songs which every child can sing without regard to race and religion. Indeed, if we had only a national song which would sing itself into the common heart it would do more for love of country than all the histories and treatises in the world. The American is coming in with his capital, and as I say, we should welcome him. There may, in some minds, be the ulterior thought that one day this country shall form part of the United States. It should be ours to inculcate high patriotism — a patriotism which should knit together our scattered people, who miss the splendid contagion of contact, and who, dispersed over vast spaces, lack the national heart-beats which are so stimulating in other and more settled countries where men are massed together for comfort and ease. Once in a while we hear a threat from certain of our French Canadian friends that they will cast in their lot with the States. Of course this is quite irresponsible chatter, as the serious leaders of our French fellow citizens quite understand what such an attitude would mean to the majority in this province. The ancient usages to which appeal is now confidently and successfully made would be treated with disdain, the present status would be lost, and a people who have thriven almost miraculously under the British flag would be lost amid the nationalities which, in the crucible of the common school, are moulded into a composite type—a type which stands for alertness, aggressiveness and brilliancy.

* * *

A clause in the new School Act provides that in cases where pupils attend high schools in adjacent counties the counties must pay for their maintenance to the boards of the schools which such pupils attend. Another provision is to the effect that County Councils may make additional grants for the maintenance of one school, without making the same to all others in the county, the object being to aid weak schools. It was also provided that a clause should be added to the act providing that towns separate from counties must contribute for the maintenance of high schools within the county."

• • • •

The results of Prince Henry's diplomatic visit to the United States are already becoming apparent. Already Miss Alice Roosevelt has decided not to attend the coronation of King Edward VII. Depression reigns at the court of St. James in view of this diplomatic coup and there is some talk of declaring the event off.

* * *

A Clergyman's Frank Statement

He and His Family Have Obtained Great Benefits From the Use of

Paine's Celery Compound

The Sick of His Parish Have Used the Wonderful Medicine With Happy Results

The Rev. J. F. Renaud, minister of St. Thomas Episcopal Church, Montreal, is one of the best known clergymen in Canada. He has personally used Paine's Celery Compound and tested its life-giving virtues. The members of his family have derived happy and cheering results from its use, and he has proof that many of his sick parishioners have been benefitted by it.

Paine's Celery Compound is, without doubt, the greatest of all spring medicines. It is vouched for by physicians, teachers and well read, well informed women in every part of the country. It is marvellously successful because it accomplishes in every instance exactly what is claimed for it.

Rev. Mr. Renaud writes as follows: "Having personally and in my own household benefitted by the use of your Paine's Celery Compound, and having from time to time used it with the same beneficial effect among my sick people, I deem it but right to acknowledge the great benefit it has proved wherever it has been faithfully tried, and if this acknowledgment of mine will make your well known compound still more widely known to the benefit of the needy and sick, you have my authority to use this letter in any way you think best."

To the Late G. W. Steevens

It is difficult to realise that already two years have passed since the sad news came out of beleaguered Ladysmith that the brilliant journalist and author, G. W. Steevens, had been carried off by fever, carried off in early manhood, long before he had reached the natural zenith of his fame. Figures move quickly across the stage of life and are soon forgotten. For a moment, however, Steevens is recalled by an affectionate tribute, printed on the second anniversary of his death, Jan. 15 last, in The Daily Mail, on the staff of which journal he was engaged as war correspondent. The lines are as follows, and written, doubtless, by a former colleague:—

In Memoriam.

George Warrington Steevens.
Died January 15, 1900.

Too soon, alas! life's little day was done.
Swift as a meteor flashing on the night,
He soared to fame, and, flaming in his flight,
Vanished a-sudden ere his course was run.
And we—we wonder if the Southern sun
Has gathered in the glory of his light;
But only know the havoc of the blight
Which slew him in the shadow of the gun.

So brave and strong! his every glowing word
Wearing an athlete's sinew. Dearest, best
To Mother England, as he tracked her sword,
With patriot-pride to bind him to her breast.
Thus do we love the records of the strong,
And miss them most, and mourn them doubly long.

—Bernard Malcolm Ramsay.

The American Press.

We hear so much of the pro-Boerism and anti-Britishism of the American press that it is worth while occasionally drawing attention to the fact that this element of the press across the border does not have all its own way. Some extremists in Chicago have suggested a burlesque of the coronation of the British Sovereign on the date on which the event takes place in London, and simultaneously a demonstration in favor of the Boers. It is not likely that such an ill-natured proposal would meet with much backing from the common sense of the people of Chicago, and it would doubtless in any event be confined to the lower classes. It may have been condemned by other newspapers, but one of the foremost in opposing such an unneighborly demonstration is The Chicago Israelite, which deals with the subject in the following trenchant fashion:—"The pro-Boers of Chicago, who invited ex-President Kruger to be in the city on the day that King Edward is to be crowned in England, have taken an unwarrantable liberty with their fellow-citizens. They have a perfect right to indulge in any amount of horseplay in attempting to burlesque the coronation, and if they like that sort of thing, then it is the sort of thing they like. But as they happen to be in a very small minority, and as there are a great many reputable persons in Chicago who have no desire to insult a friendly nation by making a display of hatred which is as puerile as it is coarse, and as impotent as it is vulgar, they have no right to refer to themselves, as they do in their resolutions, as, 'We, the citizens of Chicago . . . .' Now, I have no doubt that many of them are citizens of Chicago, most of them probably having taken out their naturalization papers—but they are not 'the' citizens of Chicago, not by a million and several hundred thousand. In consideration of this, and with the 'three tailors of Tooley street' in view, they might have spared the remaining million and several hundreds of thousands of Chicagoans the humiliation of being included among the promoters of their proposed spectacle, and as endorsers of their malignant utterances."

Almost simultaneously, The New York Independent, perhaps the most important religious journal on the American continent, shows that it also can view a great international question calmly and dispassionately, and that in the unfortunate South African war it has grasped the vital facts of the case. In the course of a reply to a correspondent The Independent says:—

"If we have seemed to any reader to convey the impression that we believe that the power to rule better gives the right of invasion and conquest, we have been greatly misunderstood. We believe that so long as they do not traverse the rights of foreigners the citizens of any nation should be allowed all the political education they can get by the self-rule of no matter how much bad government or how many revolutions. We have said that accordingly we ought to withdraw from Cuba and allow its people to rule or ruin themselves. We heartily accept the principles laid down by our correspondent.

"As to the Transvaal, Britain made no war on that republic; she was guilty of no invasion. It was the Transvaal that declared war on Britain, and invaded British Natal as soon as Britain began to gather troops to defend the border against what was the proclaimed plan, for which munitions of war had long been gathered, to expel the British from South Africa.

"We knew perfectly well that the Dutch and French Boers constitute the majority of the population of Cape Colony, as well of the Orange Free State, and that these two districts have been much better governed than the Transvaal. But certainly it is British rather than Boer influence that is to be credited with the superior legislation as to the rights of the native races which prevails in Cape Colony, and only Boer perversity is chargeable with the blunders of government which oppressed the great majority of the population of the Transvaal, whether Uitlanders or blacks."

* * *

Herr Meyer Lutz tells the following little story in "Mainly About People:" "Conducting once in Bradford, I noticed that the clarionet player, a young but clever and steady lad, jumped up a good deal during the progress of the opera. I found that his father, who played the trombone, sat just behind him, and every now and then he gave his son a kick, with the remark, 'Look out, Sammy! there be a flat a-comin'.'"

* * *

Weary's Objection.

Willie Wentwork—I'm glad I ain't got no relashuns.

Weary Waddleton—Me, too; I cu'dn't tell whedder dey luv'd me or wus after me munny.

* * *

Man's Christianity to man makes countless thousands mourn.

Anecdotal.

Some years ago when Bishop Potter, of New York, was traveling in Minnesota, a man approached him on the railway platform and scanned his features closely. "Excuse me," he said, finally, "but haven't I seen your picture in the papers?" He was compelled to confess that he had. "I thought so," continued the inquisitive one; "may I ask what you were cured of?"

Here is a new story of Paderewski. He recently lost his only son, and the effect on him has been to soften down the little eccentricities which used to charm his less artistic followers. He went to Dresden for the first performance of his own opera. Amid the enthusiastic demonstrations which greeted its success, he observed in Russian to a friend, "All this might be lust if I could have one smile from my child!"

At a seaside hotel the other day a new arrival, having made terms with the proprietor, proceeded to write his name in the hotel book. While he was so engaged a rather large flea hopped across the open page before him. "Well," he remarked, throwing down the pen, "I have been in hotels where there were fleas, but never before have I been in an hotel where the fleas search the register for the number of their rooms."

When the Transvaal war was at its height, Paul Kruger sent a commissioner to England to find out if there were any more men left there. The commissioner wired from London to say that there were four million men and women "knocking about the town," that there was no excitement, and that men were begging to be sent to fight the Boers. Kruger wired back, "Go north." The commissioner found himself in Newcastle eventually, and wired to Kruger: "For God's sake, stop that war! England is bringing up men from hell, eight at a time, in cages!" He had seen a coal mine.

A quotable story is told of a missionary who was spending a short holiday in Texas. After he had been at his hotel for some days he met with a very fierce-looking man of the cowboy type, who, he noticed, had anything but a sweet temper. "Do you know," he said to him one day, "that you should love your enemies?" "That's a thing I can't do, sir." "What! I am sure a man like you could do anything if you tried." "Anything but that, parson; it's impossible." "Impossible!" said the missionary, surprised and hurt. "How?" "I ain't got one to love. I shot the last this morning."

Julian Corbett may be said to have established himself as an authority on the history of the British navy. A while ago Mr. Corbett wrote to the admiralty to suggest that a new first-class battleship then building be christened "Drake." A formal intimation that his letter had been received and should have due attention was followed, after a decent interval, by a dignified reply from my lords, in which they expressed their regret at not being able to carry out Mr. Corbett's suggestion, and explained that it would be contrary to precedent to name a first-class battleship after a bird.

A Sunday School teacher who has a class of little girls makes it her custom to tell them each Sunday of some little incident that has happened during the week, and request the children to quote a verse of Scripture to illustrate the story. In this way she hopes to impress the usefulness of Biblical knowledge upon the little ones. Last Sunday she told her class of a cruel boy who would catch cats and cut their tails off. "Now, can any little girl tell me of an appropriate verse?" she asked. There was a pause for a few moments, when one little girl arose, and in a solemn voice said: "Whatsoever God has joined together let no man put asunder."

Sir Harry Poland, a British magistrate noted for his brilliancy, is careless in his dress. Once his family persuaded him to go to Poole and order a fashionably cut suit. To the chagrin of the household, Sir Harry looked more outlandish in the new clothes than in his old ones. His brother-in-law went to see Poole about it. "It is not my fault, sir," the tailor assured him. "Every care was taken, but how could we fit a gentleman who would insist upon being measured sitting down?" And the only satisfaction that could be obtained from Sir Harry Poland himself later on was the dry comment: "Well, it's my business, and not yours. I like to be comfortable. I spend three parts of my life sitting down, and I prefer to be measured so."

A Philadelphia paper tells of a bride and bridegroom who recently went to housekeeping and are blessed with a maid of all work who is fresh from the Emerald Isle. This is her first "place," and her ignorance of domestic affairs is only equalled by her adaptability and her cheerful willingness to learn. At first she didn't know the names of the ordinary household utensils, even mistaking on one occasion, when there was company at dinner, the ice pick for the carving steel. One day last week the bride had been doing some shopping, and among other things she bought an umbrella stand for the vestibule. It was late when she reached home. "Did any packages come?" she asked. "Yis, mum," was the reply. "The wagon cum wid th' cuspidore fer th' umbrellas."

A certain Scotch minister was very anxious that an old couple in his parish should become teetotalers, an anxiety they in no wise shared. After much pressing, however, they consented, laying down as a condition that they should be allowed to keep a bottle of "Auld Kirk" for medicinal purposes. About a fortnight after, John began to feel his resolution weakening; but he was determined not to be the first to give way. In another week, however, he collapsed entirely. "Jenny, woman," he said, "I've an awfu' pain in my heid; ye micht gie me a wee drappie, an' see gin it'll dae me ony guid." "Weel, gudeman," she replied, "ye're owre late o' askin', for ever sin' that bottle cam' into the hoose, I've been bothered sae wi' pains i' my heid, 'tis a' dune, an' there's nae drappie left."

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 160 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 100 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?" "It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the [illegible] to prevent itself [illegible] and doing violence to the [illegible].

One of Napoleon's Boasts.

We who know the last as well as the first of Napoleon, who have read about Moscow, Leipsic, Elba, Waterloo and St. Helena as studiously as about the campaigns in Italy, and Marengo, Jena and Austerlitz, cannot fully comprehend with what reverence some of his apophthegms were received by the French when he was still unbeaten and apparently unbeatable. One of his boasts was that he was not governed by circumstances; that he made circumstances and was superior to them. When someone hinted that destiny might compass his defeat he replied that destiny would not dare. Even Victor Hugo, half a century after Waterloo, was blinded by the light of Napoleon's genius, and treated him as a Titan, fit to contend, though vainly, with high heaven. It was not Wellington, not Blucher who defeated Napoleon, says Hugo in his beautiful rhapsody on Waterloo; it was God. Napoleon, he declares, with blasphemous brilliancy, embarrassed God. "Waterloo was a change of front on the part of the universe"—the quotation is from memory—"in the new series of facts there was no room for Napoleon. Therefore a second-class commander won a first-class battle."

A good many believe with Napoleon that genius rises above circumstances. Napoleon's boastful epigram has been declared a rule of faith by successful men, who scout the idea of village Hampdens and mute, inglorious Miltons. But the epigram is nothing but a boast. It is not true. We are held fast in the vise of circumstances and are not completely masters of our fate. Luck enters into every game, even the game of life. No man can arrange the cards in the game with destiny, for destiny always deals. It may rain some day when the best laid plans call for sunshine, and the plans may be pulverized. At Austerlitz, which was fought at dawn, Napoleon said: "We have a rendezvous with the sun and both parties are on time." The Sun of Austerlitz became a superstition in the Grand Army.

But at Waterloo there was another rendezvous with the sun and the sun was tardy. Waterloo is the convincing answer to Napoleon's boast and to the precept that great men are superior to circumstances. Hugo points out that accidents defeated Napoleon. His plan, as experts admit, was a masterpiece. But he reckoned without luck. The battle was to have commenced at dawn, but rain fell the previous night, and the ground became too muddy for the manoeuvres of artillery. Napoleon therefore delayed the assault nearly six hours, until the ground became firmer. That delay gave Blucher time to come up when he was needed and to turn the tide of the fray. The rainfall defeated Napoleon and drove him to St. Helena. A peasant guide led Blucher aright, and he chanced to debouch on the field from the point and at the moment where and when he was supremely effective. Another peasant guide led Grouchy astray and he did not arrive. Had it not rained before the battle, had Blucher had a bad guide and Grouchy a good one, history might have been different. Napoleon was conquered by circumstances.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

A Damaging Defence.

Mark Twain, says "Life," has got support from an unexpected quarter in his efforts to demonstrate the impropriety of some things done by missionaries in China. In the "Forum" a missionary named Gilbert Reid has defended looting by missionaries with so much candor and jauntiness, and has so gloried in such looting as he did himself, as not to leave the critics of the looting missionaries much to do to prove their case. Anyone who was sorry for the American missionaries in China, because our Brother Mark found fault with some things that some of them did, will be doubly sorry for them when he reads their defence by the Rev. Gilbert Reid. They may have justly incurred Mark's strictures, but they never deserved the Rev. Reid's defence.

Annexing New Languages.

In the new editions of the dictionaries many thousands of new words are announced. The English-speaking nations are the growing nations, comments an exchange, and the English language is the expanding language; it is annexing everything useful from every other language of the world. The difference between the comparatively modest volume which Noah Webster got out and the ponderous unabridged work of to-day, representing the toil and the knowledge and the research of hundreds of the ablest scholars of the world, shows the marvelous development. One interesting feature of this expansion is the gradual elimination of italicizing. Not many years ago it was the custom to put any word that had a foreign look about it in italics; now we use this as our own as coolly as we vote a naturalized immigrant in a close primary. The effect is rather curious. It has discouraged the use of foreign phrases, and the ambitious one who wants to display his smattering of French in an English article finds his importations supplanted by home products. The editor makes the change, unless there are special reasons why it should not be done. The gain to the average reader, who dislikes to stumble against such affectation without knowing what the strange words mean, is great. So marked, indeed, has been this change that the typesetting machines, by which the newspapers of the world are now set up, have no italic letters, except where they are especially required.

* * *

A cheap-Jack butcher brought his cart to a standstill in Petticoat Lane. A miserable old woman eyed closely the heap of bones and gristle which was referred to by the butcher as joints and steaks. She was evidently very poor indeed, as she hesitated to pay threepence for a scaleful of "selected bits." "'Ere, 'ave 'em for tuppence," growled the butcher. "Too much," said the woman. "'Ave 'em at a penny." Still the woman hesitated. There was a look of pity, mixed with disgust, on his face as he yelled: "Still too much? 'Ere, 'ang it! I'll turn me back while you sneak 'em!"—London "Spare Moments."

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McRounders inquired of Chubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

* * *

Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you [illegible]

The Happy Home.

Happiness must be founded on health. Where there is ill-health there will surely be unhappiness. The happiness of many a home has received its downfall at the table, spread with rich and dainty foods. The first symptoms of disease of the stomach are ignored as being disagreeable but not dangerous. Presently dyspepsia or some other form of disease fastens on the stomach.

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"I feel that I would be doing an injustice to you if I did not send you a statement of my case," writes Mrs. David W. Guice, of Hamburg, Franklin Co., Miss. "I had liver complaint and indigestion. Everything that I ate disagreed with me. I suffered all the time with swimming in my head; heart beat too fast; my feet and hands were cold all the time. Did not sleep well at all. Was able to get about but very little. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets' in May, 1897, and by December I could begin to get about very well. Have been doing my work ever since. Feel better than I have for several years."

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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE, OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST, MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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[19]

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SANTAL MIDY
[illegible] 48 HOURS. [illegible]

Curious Bits of News.

Few persons know that an ordinary gas jet will consume as much oxygen as four human beings. It is, therefore, well to remember when sitting long in a gas-lighted room to occasionally open a door or a window for a few moments and bring in some fresh air.

"Roughly speaking, the world's consumption of sugar in the last fifteen years has doubled, while in Great Britain it has trebled per head in forty years," says the "Medical Times." "The English and Americans stand easily at the head of the list as the sugar-eating nations."

Adding to his already long list of horticultural triumphs, Luther Burbank of Santa Rosa has produced a prune without a pit, says the San Francisco "Bulletin." Years of experience, of hard, patient work on the part of the Santa Rosa wizard were required to perfect this latest marvel. The hybrid is understood to be a cross between a plum and a prune. The pit of the ordinary prune has been a great drawback to the popular consumption of the fruit. Burbank's creation has no pit, but a tiny seed that is edible and in no way requires removal.

"American promoters must take a back seat," says the "Railway Age," "while a French mining engineer outlines his project of a trans-Alaskan-Siberian railway about 4,000 miles long, besides immense steam ferries across Behring Sea, and capitalized at $300,000,000. Circle City, a charming winter resort in the Arctic regions, on the Yukon River, a couple of thousand miles or so from its mouth, is to be the southern terminus of the road, and Vladivostock, in Russia, will be the always convenient Asian end."

It is generally understood that journalism, especially "yellow journalism," is expensive, but most people probably do not realise how very expensive it is. Dr. Parkhurst and other reformers have talked about the desirability of establishing endowed newspapers, which should be independent of popular patronage. If a paper like the "Journal" were living on the interest of an endowment fund without any business income to balance its outgo, the fund would have to be over $100,000,000. The pay-rolls of the great New York newspapers run from $30,000 to $80,000 a week, and that is only part of their expenses.

A German judge cites a rather remarkable case of lese majeste, which, he says, may be called "unintentional information." A peasant woman who had seen the Kaiser's consort as a slender girl in Prein Konau, gave blunt rustic expression to her astonishment as to how the figure looked after the birth of several children. Her outcry was mentioned in gossip at a village inn, when it struck the ear of a gendarme who happened to be present. This gendarme reported the matter. His superior prosecuted it, and the amazed and bewildered old woman was transported from her cottage to a cell.

Among the many uses to which the automobile is applied in military service is that of a new Austrian invention, called the Schweitzer Military Mill-Bakery Automobile. This will follow the regiments on the march and make fresh bread from the wheat obtained on the spot. There is mounted on an automobile car a mill with bolters and kneading-troughs, all run by the same motor which runs the automobile. The oven is drawn along in the rear. The bran obtained serves as food for the cavalry horses. By this method five thousand men can be fed daily. This mill-bakery can also render service in cases of large labor contracts which bring together numbers of workmen.

Australians have queer nicknames for different states and for one another. The Queenslanders are dubbed "banana-landers;" Western Australians, known as "sandgropers" or "gropers," now abbreviated into Westralians. The Westralians class the whole of the other states in one group, and call them "t'other side," and the inhabitants "t'other siders." Tasmania, so much like England in climate and other characteristics, is usually regarded as a little behind the times, and referred to as "the land of lots o' time," "the land of sleep a lot," and so on. Tasmanians are called Tassies, also "jameaters," jam being one of the chief productions of the "tight little island."

"During the progress of the construction of the reservoirs for the enlargement of the London water-supply, a splendid specimen of an ancient ship," says the "Scientific American," "has been discovered in the bed of the old River Lea, the course of which has been diverted in order to permit the excavations. The vessel was found at a depth of seven feet below the surface. It is about 50 feet long and is constructed of oak throughout, with the exception of the keel, which is of elm. The ribs of the boat are secured to the sides by treenails, while the timbers are secured with crude and primitive, though well-made, iron nails. The floor-boards are also fastened together with nails and the calking is done with felt. Many antiquarians, who have examined the relic, think that it constitutes a part of the fleet with which King Alfred the Great fought against the Danes. Another curious dugout boat, estimated to be about 2,500 years old, was also unearthed and is to be deposited in the British Museum.

Unconditional Surrender.

The following advertisement appeared in a recent issue of a Chicago paper:

Wanted—A girl for general housework; union or non-union; any old kind; family of three adults and three children with nurse, and occupy small house at Sheridan Park, two blocks from N.W. Elevated; nice, large, airy room, with south-west breeze for girl; no washing or much of anything else to do; our girl quit yesterday because we invited some relatives to help us celebrate the Fourth; next Fourth, if the girl demands it, we will disown our relatives and renounce our country; wages, five dollars.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

"No young girl could gain the love of a worthier man," returned the old farmer, slowly. "I never dreamed you cared for either of my girls or that either one of 'em cared for you, but which of 'em is it, young man?"

"You speak as though you have but two daughters, sir," said Aleck, smiling confusedly.

"That's all I have— only two that would be likely to think of love or lovers," returned Farmer Gordon complacently.

"But Daisy," said the young man, drawing nearer.

"Little Daisy! why, she's only a child," broke in the farmer, with a cheery laugh, that rang out heartily over the waving cornfields.

"But it is Daisy whom I love," said Alexander Hamilton, in a low voice. "I love her with all my heart and soul. I have watched her and loved her from her cradle up. Life would not be worth living to me if I had not the hope of winning her. Oh, Mr. Gordon, if you could but realize how dearly I love Daisy."

Farmer Gordon had grown strangely white, he laid one hand heavily on the young man's arm.

"Have you said anything about this to little Daisy?" he asked, huskily.

"No, sir," returned Aleck, promptly. "I should not think of doing so without consulting you first."

"Quite right, lad, quite right," responded the farmer, in the same husky voice.

Then he stopped short, and a dead silence fell between them that seemed the length of eternity to the handsome, impatient young lover.

"What do you say, sir?" he asked, unable to bear the suspense any longer. "Can I speak to Daisy?"

"Listen to what I've got to say, lad," replied Farmer Gordon, earnestly. "I am older than you— I know the ways of the world— of women- folk. I have that to say which mebbe you won't like to hear, but you must defer to my judgment. Wait until you come back; you can speak to Daisy then— not before. She will be past seventeen then, and even that's too young for a man to think of a lover."

"But, sir, think of the many things which might happen that might part us!" cried Aleck, in dismay, "unless her promise was given to me before I went that she would be mine. To lose her would be death in life to me. Ah, sir, what if she should meet some one else in that year to whom she might give her heart— the future would be a wreck for me, and I would curse the hour in which I left her here without trying to win her for my own."

"Nothin' of that kind could happen," declared the farmer, positively. "A year passes quickly."

"Ah, but something might happen," responded the disheartened young lover.

"Mark my words, Aleck, if the child should promise to marry you now, ten to one she would repent o' it afore you were out o' sight; a lass o' sixteen never knows her own mind. No, no, the love of a lass o' sixteen is but a fickle fancy— quick to light into a flame, and as quick to die out.

"Leave the child unfettered, fancy-free; come back in a year from now fortune or no fortune, and I will have a different answer for you. You must not tell Daisy one word of this, even when you bid her good- bye, nor shall I mention it, even to the girls."

Despite all Aleck's pleadings, Farmer Gordon was firm, and handsome Alexander Hamilton felt in honor and in duty bound to obey that stern decree.

There was a great flutter of excitement when he bade Hetty and Olive Gordon farewell.

In their dismay they did not notice how low he bowed his dark, handsome head over little Daisy's white hand, or how his mustached lips quivered and his hands trembled.

He turned suddenly, made his adieus quickly, and hurried away.

"One moment more, and I could not have left her so," he muttered. "If anything should come between us during the year I am forced to be away— heaven forgive me for saying so— I believe I should curse Farmer Gordon for keeping us asunder, by preventing me from telling her of my great love for her, and pleading with her— praying her to be mine."

Had a premonition of the future cast its dark, horrible shadow over him!

CHAPTER II.

Pretty Daisy in Peril.

Left to herself, Daisy walked slowly on, through the orchard, down to the rippling river that skirted the farm.

Her little boat, the Nixie, lay rocking on the waves, and mechanically Daisy sprung into it, picked up the white painted oars, and with two or three determined strokes from the slim, white arms, the skiff shot down the stream.

"Don't go far, Daisy," cried the farmer from the brow of the hill, as he saw the boat floating down the tide with its solitary occupant. "There'll be a storm."

The fickle wind carried the farmer's voice in quite an opposite direction, and pretty Daisy did not hear.

The golden sun climbed higher and higher in the blue sky and crossed the meridian ere Daisy recollected that it was time to turn back. Glancing about her, she gave a perceptible start.

"Good gracious!" she cried out, "why I'm almost abreast of Briar Hall. Who would have dreamed that I had come so far? Yes, that must be Briar Hall; I know it from the description."

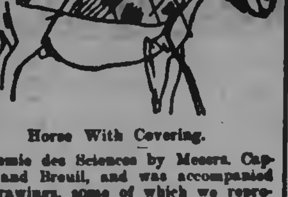
She glanced up curiously and wistfully at the grim pile of granite, with its gables and towers half hidden from the sunshine by the heavy growth of ivy- vines and scarlet creepers at the magnificent grounds gleaming with rich, red roses in full bloom that surround it; at the fountain and the statuary gleaming amid the [illegible] foliage beyond.

(To be Continued.)

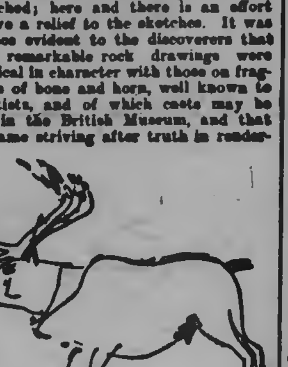
Man's Aesthetic Yearnings.

Among the most interesting of the discoveries made by the scientists who devote their time to researches into the Palaeolithic ages—thousands of years before recorded history begins—are those which prove that even in those dim and distant ages man, such as he was, held aesthetic yearnings. Few and far between are such discoveries; but when, once in a while, they are made, they cause a sympathetic thrill of interest in the bosoms of learned societies, and even of those who, not having time to be learned, feel the magnetic attraction of the "human document."

The Daily Graphic's illustrations, which are printed herewith, refer to one of the most important of such discoveries recently made in France, in the Grotto of Combarelles, near Eyzies, in Dordogne. "The discovery," says The Graphic, "was communicated to the Academie des Sciences by Messrs. Capitan and Breuil, and was accompanied by drawings, some of which we reproduce, of certain figures of animals engraved on the walls of the grotto on each side of its length. The drawings are in some places quite deeply engraved in the rock; in others they are only scratched; here and there is an effort to give a relief to the sketches. It was at once evident to the discoverers that these remarkable rock drawings were identical in character with those on fragments of bone and horn, well known to scientists, and of which casts may be seen in the British Museum, and that the same striving after truth in rendering the characteristics of the animals was to be seen in the Grotto of Combarelles, proving the familiarity of the artist with the appearance of the animals themselves. So that the artist was contemporary with the animal he drew. Now, one of these animals being a hairy mammoth, and the other a reindeer, it is evident that when those creatures roamed the hills and valleys of South Central France man was also there—that is to say, in the Palaeolithic or older stone age.

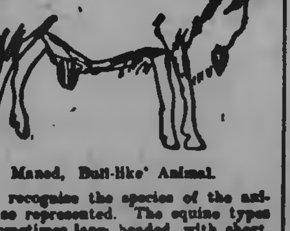


Horse With Covering.

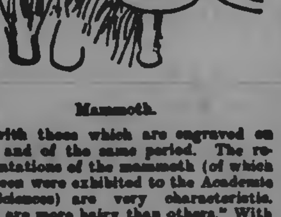


Running Reindeer.

"The precision with which the figures are drawn," say the discoverers, "allows us to recognise the species of the animals so represented. The equine types are sometimes large headed, with short, stiff manes—sometimes with flowing manes and tails. Some of the horses were domestic animals. One of them (shown in our sketch) has on its back a covering—a Palaeolithic horse cloth—others have traces of bits and halters. The bovine types are less frequent; one of them (also reproduced) has the character of certain African antelopes (such as the gnu), while another is much like our oxen of to-day. The running reindeer (see sketch) is identical in character with those which are engraved on bone and of the same period. The representations of the mammoth (of which fourteen were exhibited to the Academie des Sciences) are very characteristic. Some are more hairy than others." With these rock drawings are strange signs engraved in the rock: a circle with the semblance of human features, a double outlined lozenge on the middle of the body of one of the horses, others of M-like shape, semicircles, etc.,all of mysterious and unknown significance. Since the memorable day when the first piece of engraved bone was discovered, embedded in the stalagmite of the caverns once tenanted by human beings, there has been no discovery which has caused so great an interest as this one in the Stalagmite Cavern of Combarelles. We have in these rude and yet skilful efforts of the human race deeply interesting evidence that man once shared with mammoth and with reindeer the Arctic plains of southern France.



Maned, Bull-like' Animal.



Mammoth.

Piper Findlater, shot in both legs at Dargai, had his forerunner, nearly a century earlier, at Rolica, in the Peninsula, under Wellington:—"A piper of the 71st had his leg broken. Sitting down on his knapsack, the brave man cried out to his mates:—"I canna gang wi' ye, lads, but de'll tak' me if ye shall want music."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Greeley's Editorial When Lincoln Died.

THE following very remarkable story is told in "James Russell Lowell and His Friends," by Edward Everett Hale. He is writing of Sidney H. Gay, then managing editor of the New York "Tribune:"

"I have never seen in print Gay's story of that fearful night when Lincoln was killed. But one hears it freely repeated in conversation, and I see no reason why it should not be printed now.

"With the news of the murder of Lincoln, there came to New York every other terrible message. The office of the 'Tribune,' of course, received echoes of all the despatches which showed the alarm at Washington. There were orders for the arrest of this man, there were suspicions of the loyalty of that man. No one knew what the morrow might bring.

"In the midst of the anxiety of such hours, to Mr. Gay, the acting editor of that paper, there entered the foreman of the typesetting-room. He brought with him the proof of Mr. Greeley's leading article, as he had left it before leaving the city for the day. It was a brutal, bitter, sarcastic, personal attack on President Lincoln—the man who, when Gay read the article, was dying in Washington.

"Gay read the article, and asked the foreman if he had any private place where he could lock up the type, to which no one but himself had access. The foreman said he had. Gay bade him tie up the type, lock the galley with this article in his cupboard, and tell no one what he had told him. Of course no such article appeared in the 'Tribune' the next morning.

"But when Gay arrived the next day at the office, he was met with the news that 'the old man' wanted him, and the intimation that 'the old man' was very angry. Gay waited upon Greeley.

"'Are you there, Mr. Gay? I have been looking for you. They tell me you ordered my leader out of this morning's paper. Is it your paper or mine? I should like to know if I cannot print what I choose in my own newspaper!' This in a great rage.

"'The paper is yours, Mr. Greeley. The article is in type upstairs, and you can use it when you choose. Only this, Mr. Greeley: I know New York, and I hope and believe, before God, that there is so much virtue in New York that, if I had let the article go into this morning's paper, there would not be one brick upon another in the "Tribune" office now. Certainly, I should be sorry if there were.'

"Mr. Greeley was cowed. He said not a word, nor ever alluded to the subject again. I suppose the type is locked up in the cupboard of the 'Tribune' office at this hour.

"It was by this sort of service that Mr. Gay earned Mr. Wilson's praise that 'he kept Mr. Greeley up to the war.'"

A Boom Town.

Bridgewater, Ontario, once a boom town of note, was brought into existence by one of the strangest gold finds and crazes in the history of this continent. Nearly thirty years ago a farmer's wife was searching the woods near their farm for a sow that had strayed, and, becoming thirsty, stopped to get a drink from a spring. Slipping, she fell upon a small, loose rock, which rolled to her feet, and which proved to be a twenty-pound nugget of almost pure gold. Bridgewater at that time was nearly forty miles from the nearest railroad, and the present site of the town was nothing but a wilderness, but inside of six months what had been a burned-over, barren wilderness was converted into a substantial city of nearly five thousand people.

In digging a shaft about a mile south of the town site, an immense quarry of the purest white marble was found, and the town was practically built of marble, for it has to-day the only hotel, church school, court house, and private dwellings constructed entirely of white marble in the world, and a mile north of the town are an abandoned axe factory and grist mill, whose foundations are built of the same beautiful material. And now comes the strangest part of the story. During the building of the town thousands of men prospected the entire country, and shafts and tunnels were driven—some of them nearly one hundred feet deep—but, strange as it may seem, there was never enough gold found to pay the cost of a single shaft or tunnel sunk or run in the entire district.

A Sensible Bishop.

The Italian Bishop of Fano, reports "La Science pour Tous," has sent out to the priests of his diocese the following circular:

"1. In all churches, immediately after feast days on which there have been very large congregations, the floors must be disinfected by means of wood sawdust soaked in one-tenth per cent. solution of corrosive sublimate. On ordinary days they must be frequently swept, after sprinkling them with water so as to raise no dust.

"2. Every week, and even oftener, the pews and confessionals must be cleaned with sponges and cloths moistened with pure water.

"3. Every week, and oftener if necessary, the grills of the confessionals are to be washed and polished.

"4. The holy water receptacles must be emptied every week, or oftener if necessary, and washed with hot water or a solution of corrosive sublimate."

The same journal comments as follows:

"That the provisions of the circular may be carried out, the bishop has instituted a service of inspection, and requires the payment of fines into the diocesan treasury for transgression of any of these hygienic rules. It is to be desired that the Bishop of Fano's example should be imitated by church authorities in other countries."

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "How to Lie When Sleeping." The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are [illegible] with interest.—[illegible]

Ivan Turgenev.

In the course of a very charming study of Ivan Turgenev, which is published in the February number of The North American Review, Mr. Charles Whibley strongly deprecates the tendency of some critics to regard the novels of that great literary artist as being political pamphlets. According to that school, Turgenev kept a constant hand upon the public pulse, and symbolized social or political movements in the characters he created. That is the spirit in which one of Turgenev's best known works has been characterized as "a poem of the youth of the Russian democracy," and one of his most attractive heroines as "foreshadowing and standing for the rise of young Russia in the sixties." Mr. Whibley insists that Turgenev preached neither for nor against the new ideas, and was in no way responsible for the political condition of his country. Russia was the material of his art, which he treated with a loftiness of purpose and a sincere impartiality which forbade him ever to play the part of advocate. Referring to the diverse pictures of contemporary Russia presented in the works of Tolstoi, Dostoievsky and Turgenev, Mr. Whibley says:—

"In the generation which is dying today, three masters have lived and worked, who belong not only to their own time and country, but to the literature of all countries and of all times. Turgenev, Dostoievsky, Tolstoi—all three have painted the Russia of their faith and enthusiasm, but in colors so diverse, with a sentiment so contradictory, that when we have read their books we are left with a tangle of hostile impressions. To find a formula which shall express the vision of the three is impossible. Their books are all strange to us—strange pictures of a strange land; the elemental man reveals himself at every turn under the polish of western refinement; but he reveals himself in so dissimilar an aspect that we can do no more than put him in the common class of humanity. If Raskolnikov be a distant cousin of Bazarov, can we regard him even as a vague kinsman to Litvinov, Lepine or Prince Andry? Impossible though it seems, we must accept in a single act of faith the high authority of Turgenev, Dostoievsky and Tolstoi; we must believe that their pictures are the truth seen through the eyes of a various temperament, remembering that in fifty years, when the unessential differences of politics are forgotten, the work of all three may appear harmonious even to the stranger."

Is it a New Dynasty.

If the authorities in England are unable to determine whether or not a new dynasty has been started with the advent to the throne of King Edward VII., it is hardly to be expected that we should speak with authority on the subject in Canada. But if we can throw light on the question, it is our duty to speak out. The London Daily Chronicle is quite unable to come to any conclusion in the matter. That journal, in its interesting daily causerie, says:—

"It would be interesting to know what warrant the new editions of Peerages and other books of reference have for the statement that a change of dynasty has taken place. Debrett says: 'Upon the death of her Majesty Queen Victoria, which terminated the Hanoverian dynasty, a new one, that of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (or perhaps better, of Saxony), commenced.' His Majesty sits on the throne not by any right derived from Saxe-Coburg-Gotha or Saxony, but as the direct representative of the House of Hanover, which has reigned over us since 1714. Where, then, the ordinary man asks, is the change of dynasty? Perhaps the learned ones will say."

On this very topic a letter reaches me from a correspondent in Belleville, Mr. W. R. Bigg, who has gone to some trouble to show why the Debrett view of the question is the correct one. It may be added that Debrett's view is also that of that very reliable publication, Whitaker's Almanack in its 1902 issue, and that The Globe recently expressed a doubt whether the King's title did not as a matter of fact derive from his mother, and not from his father, causing him to rank in the House of Brunswick. It is in reply to this point that Mr. Bigg writes. He says:—

"It is through the very fact you mention, 'that the title comes through the female side,' that constitutes the name of the House on the father's side, and each and every precedent in English history confirms it, as the following synopsis will show:—House of Normandy, William the Conqueror, claimed by conquest—House named from the male line. House of Blois, Stephen, claimed through Adela, daughter of William I.—House named from the male line. House of Plantagenet, Henry II., claimed through the mother, Matilda, daughter of Henry I.—House named from the male line. House of Lancaster, Henry IV., claimed through Edward III.—House named from the male side, 'time-honored Lancaster.' House of York, Edward IV., claimed through his great-grandmother, Ann, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line. House of Tudor, Henry VII., claimed through Margaret, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line, 'Owen Tudor.' House of Stuart, James I., claimed through Margaret, great-granddaughter of Henry VII.—House named from Henry Stuart, third husband of Margaret Tudor. House of Orange, William III., claimed through his mother, Mary, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line. House of Brunswick, George I., claimed through the mother, Sophia, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line, Duke of Brunswick and Elector of Hanover. House of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Edward VII., claimed through the mother, Victoria, granddaughter of George III.—House named from the male side. The English are great sticklers for 'from precedent to precedent,' on Tennyson's authority, hence to rank Edward VII. as of the House of Brunswick would violate every precedent in English history."

Mr. Bigg's reasoning appears unanswerable to me, and I hope our London contemporary will have its doubts on this question removed as effectually.

The question should be disposed of finally before coronation, as it would never do to have a Sovereign whose second name we are not sure of.

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go.
We tramp it under foot and kick—
[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible] BLOCK,
DETROIT. MICH.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterb. ro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE
"PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 18, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—An Orange lodge has been organized in Hastings.

—The new hospital at Lindsay will be ready for occupation in June.

—A ball will be given by the gentlemen of Havelock on Easter Monday.

—The banquet to the hockey team will take place to-night at the Oriental hotel.

—The Town Council will meet in committee of the whole on Wednesday evening to discuss important business.

—The farmers state that the fall wheat and clover is not likely to be a very good crop this season.

—The first parade of the 57th Regiment will be held during the first week in April.

—A blazing chimney gave the fire brigade a run to Bates' bakery yesterday morning.

—Lest the fact might be overlooked, we beg to mention that Spring has come.

—A special meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will meet on Thursday afternoon at 3.30.

—The Water Commissioners met in regular session yesterday afternoon and discussed several business matters.

—Part of the canal bank near the lift lock was washed out on Sunday. Workmen are engaged repairing the damage.

—By reference to another column, it will be seen that Prof. O'Brien will remain in town another week. He is very pleased with the number who call to see him.

—Your business machinery getting rusty, beginning to creak? The best lubricant known is Oil of Advertising. Try the Times, which everybody reads.

—Get your garden tools sharpened up. It's a shame to let the lady of the house use a dull lawn mower. The first robin is here, and summer is only just round the corner.

—The regular meeting of the W.F.M.S. of St. Andrews will be held this evening at 8 o'clock. Miss Dixon, of the Y.W.C.A., will address the meeting.

—County Constable Cochrane has returned from Belleville with William Cousins, who was charged with setting fire to a house in Ashburnham a few weeks ago. The prisoner was remanded until Thursday.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiten's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

—Among the bequests of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Keene, appear the following items: $500 to Queen's University, Kingston; $500 to Foreign Missions; $1,000 to the Colonial Committee of the Presbyterian church in Canada, and $500 to Miss Janie Miller, nurse-in-training at the Nicholls hospital.

—A postal card mailed in Toronto on Jan. 11 reached its destination on March 17. The recipient showed it to The Times, in order to let the public know what a swift mail service we possess in this glorious country of ours. The communication was as follows: "Dear Sir,—Meet me at the C.P.R. station on Wednesday night. I am going through and will not have time to stop off."

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The New Rink

A meeting of all those interested in the construction of a new hockey and skating rink is called for Thursday evening in the office of Hatton & Bradburn. The building of a new rink is a very important matter, and a large attendance of those interested is requested.

Died in South Africa

News has been received of the death in South Africa of James George Stephenson, son of Mr. Stephenson, of Norwood. Deceased went to Africa as a member of the South African Constabulary. No further particulars are given. The parents of the deceased have the sympathy of the community in their trouble.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McBain spent Sunday in Lindsay.

—Mr. F. C. S. Turner, of Cordova is in town for a few days.

—Mr. Murphy, of the Barber & Ellis Co., is in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. B. McAllister have returned from Toronto.

—Miss Vance, of Millbrook, is visiting in town, the guest of Mrs. R. Neill.

—Mrs. A. A. Cox and Miss Lillie Cox are spending a few days in Toronto.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Gould, of Markham, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Knapman, of town.

—Mr. Horace Ayers, Physical Director of the Y.M.C.A., was in Port Hope yesterday.

—Mrs. Ryerson Ritchie, and her niece, of Cleveland, Ohio, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Greer, Aylmer street.

—Mr. Bert Boomer, operator at the office of Haight & Friese, stock brokers, Water street, has been transferred to Belleville. Mr. T. Pike, of Belleville, comes to the Peterborough branch.

—We had the pleasure of a call on Saturday last from Mr. Reginald Graves, travelling representative of the Place Viger Hotel, Montreal, and the Chateau Frontenac, two of the great hotels belonging to the C. P. R. system. Mr. Graves reports the outlook for season's business good.

How He Got Left

A travelling salesman for a Toronto firm bought recently in Chicago a pair of tan shoes for $6. He liked them very well, but when he got back home to Peterborough, it struck him that they were not so fashionable as black shoes and so being rather "ultra" he said to one of his chums: "What will you give me, Frank, for my tan shoes that I paid $6 for in Chicago?" Frank answered "Only a quarter, for tan is not being much worn now." "For a half-dollar you may have them," the other said, woefully; and Frank thereupon took the shoes. He bought for them that night at his local dealer's a bottle of some strong sort of blacking, and thus turned them to the color of calfskin. Then he wore them next morning, and the man who had sold them to him said: "Those are nice shoes. How much were they?" "Only a half-dollar," Frank replied, and laughed. Then our friend gave a sickly smile and passed on.

The World Needs Nerve

Needs it in business, in the study, in the household. Irritability, weakness, lack of strength — the blue feeling — why they just tell you that you lack nerve! You'll use Ferrozone! My! What an appetite you'll get. How quickly the color will return to your cheeks, how buoyant you will feel! Work! Of course you'll work, for you will enjoy it. That is, if you will use Ferrozone. It gives nerve strength, muscular endurance, and invigorates the brain splendidly. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

IRISH AT HOME

And Entertainment in St. Andrews Lecture Hall Last Night

The members of Mrs. Waddell's Sunday School class gave a very pleasing entertainment and "Irish At Home" to their friends in St. Andrews Hall last evening. The large lecture hall was comfortably filled by a very attentive and enthusiastic audience. After the At Home a very delightful entertainment consisting of vocal and instrumental music, reading recitations and dialogues was presented.

One of the features was a representation of Mrs. Jarley's wax works. This amusing part was taken by a number of boys and girls who performed their parts in excellent style. Following this a number of very choice selections were rendered in a very pleasing and highly acceptable manner. At the conclusion of the programme refreshments were served.

Rev. J. G. Potter performed the duties of chairman in a most pleasing and acceptable manner.

The Progress of Humor

The following note from Norwood shows the progress of humor in that interesting community.

Mr. Editor Dere Sir—I thout I wood rite you what happened here the other day My big brother goes to the high school and there is a lot of girls in one of his class's and the other day his historic teacher sed that the old duck what started first the lawyer bisness made his skilers argeue for practice that black is wite and wite is black and then one of them boys sed I can proove that and she sed you can? and he sed I can and he sed there is a girl on our street name Wite and she maried a chap name black and now wite is black and black is wite but Wite and black are both wite and both are black and then the gurls all laffed and my big brother laffed to

P.S. My brother is in the Sec Class and I wont sign my name, do you think that is funny?

TOOK THE HINT

Friend Told Him to Change His Food

Once in a while one can serve a friend and win a life-long obligation by a little food advice. This is worth while. "Very thankful I was to a friend for his advice when he told me about Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food at the time I was suffering. My stomach trouble originally came from neglect of colds which caused catarrh of the stomach, then followed misery from dyspepsia, headache, loss of vitality and flesh.

Last August a friend in discussing my health said that if I would change my food and take Grape-Nuts instead of any other food or medicine for one week he would guarantee that I would be greatly improved and feel like a new man.

He was so positive that I concluded to try it and, as I said, I am exceedingly thankful to him. In a week's time I lost the heavy, dull feeling in my head, nausea had ceased and the action of my general syst m had greatly improved.

I have stuck fast to Grape-Nuts. Now I weigh nine pounds more and am steadily improving. Grape-Nuts has a most exhilarating effect on the system and makes one feel bright and alive, as though they were well nourished as a healthy man should be.

The price of Grape-Nuts is within reach of all, but I consider it worth its weight in gold." John Hayward, 2616 Aspen street, Philadelphia, Pa.

"KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN"

Concert Under the Auspices of the T. A. S. Last Night

Bradburn's opera house was packed to the doors last night by a large and very appreciative audience, at the presentation of the Irish play, "Kathleen Mavourneen," which was put on under the auspices of St. Peter's T. A. S. The play was first-class in every particular, and though many were unable to procure seats, not one could be found dissatisfied.

Miss Nellie McCabe, as Kathleen Mavourneen could not be excelled, while Mr. George Lynch seemed quite in his element as Terrance O'Moore, and made a great hit with the audience. Mr. T. J. Begley, under whose management the play was put on, surpassed himself as Father Cassidy and David O'Connor. The other characters were as follows: Mr. John McCabe, as Bernard Kavanagh; Miss Ethel Primeau, as Dorothy Kavanagh; Mr. Jas. O'Brien, as Dennis McCarthy and Darby Doyle; Miss Fannie Holmes, as Meg Marslogh and Kittie O'Lavery; Mr. Jos. Begley, as Larry Blake; Miss Nellie Hallihan, as Eily O'Neil; Mr. James Hickey, as Capt. Clearfield and Turnkey McCubbin.

Miss Maggie McCabe performed the duties of musical director for the evening.

Irish solos were rendered during the evening by Messrs. Geo. Lynch and T. J. Begley, and Miss Levina Hallihan and little Nellie Hallihan. Several Irish selections were also rendered by the orchestra.

Dinginess and Unsightliness Turned Into Beauty

A Simple, Easy and Economical Way of Home Dyeing--Diamond Dyes Make Old Dresses and Clothes Look Like New--Colors That Never Fade or Wash Out

Old dresses, wraps, jackets, capes, blouses and suits that have become faded and dingy in color can be turned into garments of usefulness and beauty by the wonderful re-creating power of Diamond Dyes. Many thousands of homes from the Atlantic to the Pacific save scores of dollars every year by using Diamond Dyes. They are the standard home dyes of the world, and as such, are warranted to give the best results in brilliant and unfading colors.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are selling faster than ever. If your dealer does not sell these popular patterns, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and they will mail you free of charge, sheets of designs to make selections from.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Retail Merchant's Association Last Night—Officers Elected

The annual meeting of the Retail Merchant's Association of Peterborough, was held last night in the Y.M.C.A. hall. The attendance was not very large but was very enthusiastic.

Mr. Robert Fair, president, occupied the chair. In his report he dealt with a number of very important subjects. He was very pleased to see the very satisfactory advancement the association had made during the past year. One very important thing he considered was the trying to secure from the wholesale houses a concession inasmuch as that they should place the goods purchased free on board the cars at the point of shipment. At the present time the cartage bills are entered on the freight bills. Another concession he thought might be asked was that the merchants should not be charged such exhorbitant prices for packing cases. The merchants were paying a dollar and more for a box that did not cost more than sixty or sixty-five cents. The wholesalers were making a good profit on this article alone. The merchant could not get more than 10 or 15 cents for these empty boxes. When the retail merchant received a case of imported goods he was charged a certain sum for the case. This cost the wholesaler nothing and he, of course, made a clear profit on these boxes. In conclusion he referred to other matters of importance to the retailers. On motion the report was adopted.

SECRETARY'S REPORT

In presenting his report the secretary reviewed some of the concessions granted by the council to the merchants last year. Among other things the council had confirmed an agreement between the merchants to close at a certain hour during the summer months. Another thing asked for by the association was that the council pass a by-law in accordance with the act passed by the Ontario Legislature abolishing the giving of Trading Stamps. The request was granted and as a result the trading stamps have been discontinued since Jan 2nd. He recommended that the association ask the council to change the hour for merchants to purchase goods on the market from the present hour 11 a.m. to 10 a.m. This would be a very great help to the merchants and would allow the people to leave the market at an earlier hour. The report was adopted as read.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The financial statement was presented by the Treasurer, Mr. Alex Gibson—

RECEIPTS.

Monies received	$163 00
Interest	65
	$163 65

EXPENDITURE

Disbursements	$ 12 50
Balance on hand	$ [illegible] 15

On motion the report was received an referred to the Auditors.

On motion Messrs. D. Hall and J. Connal were appointed Auditors.

The Presidents report was discussed at some length and it was decided that the President, Secretary and Mr. D. Hall be a committee to prepare a circular letter to be forwarded to the wholesalers stating that the merchants would only purchase from wholesalers who would place the goods f. o. b. on the cars.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hall, seconded by Mr. Oke that the Board of Trade be asked to appoint a deputation to act with the Association in endeavoring to induce the Council to have the hour for open market changed from 11 a.m. to 10 a.m.—Carried

OFFICERS ELECTED

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Pres.—Robert Fair.
1 Vice,—Dickson Hall.
2nd Vice,—J. D. Craig.
Secretary Treasurer, Jas. Connal.

After further discussion the meeting adjourned.

BOVRIL

"Alas! my poor Brother"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Acknowledged by most intelligent and prominent people. His methods were approved of by judge and jury in the General Session, March 14th, 1901, which fact proves that scientific palmistry as practised by him has no connection with the vulgar fortune telling under the heading of astrology, tea cup tossing, card cutting, and the gipsies palm reading, who do not know the first principle of the theory.

Professor O'Brien's reputation is far and wide. People from every part of the world consult him. His patrons rank among judges M.P.'s, lawyers, clergymen, of every denomination, intelligent priests doctors, bankers, students, mechanics, etc., etc.

Those who never had their head or hand delineated, should call at once on Prof. O'Brien. His delineations are graphic and instructive, and he always makes it a point to give the young people good and sound advice. Don't forget there is only one Prof. O'Brien.

In phrenology he is at the head of his profession, in palmistry he has no equal. Call for circular and see what the Catholic Register, News, Mail and Empire Globe, etc., all the leading Toronto papers say.

During his first visit in Peterborough 268 people were examined by him, and still they come as fast as ever, for they all know what Prof. O'Brien's abilities are.

Those wishing to consult him please come early and avoid disappointments as Prof. O'Brien can only remain in Peterborough a few days longer. A photo read free to patrons. Private office at 263 Hunter st. terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales, Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$5.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1, 00 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bessie Investment Co, 11 & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street, Toronto.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

C. P. R. Sleeping Car Service

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company will hereafter attach a first class sleeper to train No. 7, which leaves Windsor street station, Montreal, daily at 10.05 p.m., for the west. A sleeper will also be attached to train No. 8, leaving Ottawa at 4.13 a.m., for Montreal. Passengers from Montreal will be allowed to remain in car after arrival in Ottawa until 9 p.m. Passengers from Ottawa may board car at Ottawa 9 p.m., evening previous. Diagram of car may be seen at city ticket office, Ottawa, until 6 p.m. Berth rates between Montreal and Ottawa $1.50.

Why Catarrhozone Cures Catarrh

It goes to every affected part and kills the germs that keep up the diseased condition. Catarrhozone never irritates, but stimulates the mucous lining of the nose, throat and lungs to normal action, and keeps the nasal passages free from offensive discharges. Catarrhozone contains no dangerous drugs or opiates, and is delightfully simple and pleasant to use. Catarrhozone is an absolutely certain cure for any form of catarrh and sells for $1.00 at druggists, small size 25c. By mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Indigestion, that menace to human happiness, pitiless in its assaults, and no respector of persons, has met its conqueror in South American Nervine. This great stomach and nerve remedy stimulates digestion, tones the nerves, aids circulation, drives out impurities, dispels emaciation, and brings back the glow of perfect health. Cures hundreds of "chronics" that have baffled physicians.—60

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste Marie, Mich, Detroit, Mich, and East, and to BUT NOT FROM Buffalo N Y, Black Rock, N Y, Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS

will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all Stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

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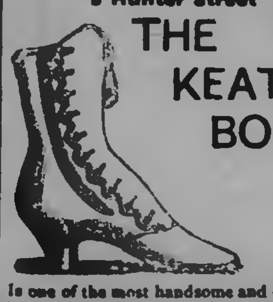

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VOL. 28 NO. 66 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MARCH 19 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

JOHN BULL AND UNCLE SAM WORK HAND IN HAND

In the Negotiations with China They Were Opposed by all the Other Powers

THE AMBITION OF JAPAN IN THE FAR EAST.

Tokio Correspondent of the Times Says She Wishes to Secure the Carrying Trade of Chinese Inland Waters

London, March 19.—Coincident with the news of alarming rebellions in three provinces of China, the Foreign Office here to-day issued a voluminous blue book dealing with the protracted negotiations between China and the powers from March 26, 1901, to September 7, 1901, when the final protocol was signed. In its 275 pages of diplomatic despatches, edicts and digests of China's financial capabilities there is ample evidence that the negotiations formed one of the most intricate webs of international differences in the history of the world.

STRIKING QUOTATION.

One striking quotation, peculiarly apt to the present Far Eastern situation, can be extracted from a despatch of the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, Sir Charles S. Scott, to Lord Lansdowne, the British Foreign Secretary, in which Count Lamsdorf, the Russian Foreign Minister, is quoted as saying he was pleased at the fact that the British Government was desirous of hastening a return to normal conditions in China, but he dreaded the possibility of fresh outbreaks of anti-foreign fanaticism.

Throughout the extended negotiations on the subject of the amount, division, and method of payment of the Chinese indemnity, Great Britain and the United States appear from the blue book to have worked hand in hand though opposed by all the other powers.

LIBERAL CATHOLIC'S SOLEMN WARNING.

London, March 19.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times notes signs of the beginning of a new intellectual uprising in Austria against aggressive ultramontanism. He says that a recent striking address by Leopold Wahrmund, Professor of Canonical Law in Innsbruck University, has found an echo in the Reichsrath. Prof. Wahrmund is a Liberal Catholic savant who protests against ultramontane objections to scientific investigation. In the address referred to he declared that the blindness of the Conservative leaders were destroying the vitality of the Catholic Church in Austria. Conservative Catholicism was becoming more dependent on the support of the lower classes. It was "a religion of rustics" like the declining paganism in the ancient world. At the same time indifference and radical socialism were destroying the very basis of the Christian faith in the middle classes. In the Reichsrath yesterday the Minister of Education said that Prof. Wahrmund's speech was political, and out of place in a university, but declined to issue a prohibition.

COUNT MATSUKATA'S VISIT TO ENGLAND.

London, March 19.—A despatch from Tokio to The Times, says that though the visit to England of Count Matsukata is declared to have no financial purpose, reports from French and Russian sources are to the effect that the Count intends to arrange a loan, which was secretly promised by Great Britain, in order to equalize the advantages of the British-Japanese alliance.

THE AMBITION OF JAPAN.

London, March 19.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times says there is evidence of Japanese ambition to take a prominent place in the carrying trade on Chinese inland waters. This is shown in the formation of the Kunan Steamship Company, with a capital of about $750,000. The company will employ three steamers. The Government guarantees a profit of six per cent. on the paid up capital.

WAR WILL NOT BE PROLONGED, SAYS ROBERTS

There is no Cause for Uneasiness as Result of Recent Events and Draw Backs in South Africa

London, March 19.—Replying to an enquiry by a correspondent at Gainsborough, Lord Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces, writes that there is not the slightest cause for uneasiness over affairs in South Africa, nor any reason to suppose that the war will be prolonged by recent events.

SULLEN AND DEFIANT.

London, March 19.—The majority of the Boer prisoners at Ambala have refused to sign the parole promising not to attempt to escape, in connection with the proposed move to the Simla hills for the hot weather. Several of their privileges have therefore been docked.

The prisoners recently asked for the opening of a school for youths in the camp, but a Dutch newspaper, which quoted Mr. Brodrick as having alluded in an offensive manner to the eagerness of the young Boers to learn English, came into their hands, and they held an excited meeting, at which they declined the proposed school.

The Boers are described as sullen and defiant.

HOW THE LINES ARE RUSHED.

London, March 18.—Futher evidence of the ability of the Boers to penetrate the blockhouse lines is contained in a despatch from Heilbron, Orange River Colony, which describes how Commandant Mentz, on the night of March 16, crossed the Heilbron-Wolvehoek Railroad line at Gottenburg. One Boer advanced, firing his rifle. Two pickets between the blockhouses returned the fire and killed the Boer and his horse. The Boers then cut the wire fence and drove in a mob of loose horses, which knocked down 300 yards of the fence. Commandant Mentz then rushed through with over three hundred Boers, the pickets being powerless to stop the overwhelming rush.

Food for Athletes

Rebuilds Brain and Muscle

A young athlete, commenting on the need of well selected food to build up a man after over-study says. "Two years ago I returned home from the university with my health quite run down from over-study and severe athletic training. I needed a good rest to put me right; but instead of taking it went to work in an office with very confining duties.

"My health grew no better; I felt unfit for work and at night would lie awake several hours before sleep would come. The appetite was gone entirely. One morning a new dish appeared on the table, Grape-Nuts with cream. We all thought it an excellent food, and I not only enjoyed breakfast that day, but dinner and supper as well.

"This rather surprised me. Since that I have made the food a regular article of diet. I keep a box on hand at the office and often lunch on Grape-Nuts and cream instead of going home to dinner.

"Although it was in the summer when I started the use of the food it was not long before I had gained 15 pounds, and I know it is from the use of this food that I can stand so well the indoor work. My health is now perfect; sleep sound and enjoy my meals, but do not need to eat so much volume of other food while eating Grape-Nuts.

"A short time ago I thought Grape-Nuts were commencing to disagree with me, but found it was because I was eating more than you recommend. I simply ate too much at a time and more than the system required. When I returned to the regular 'feed' of four heaping teaspoons, the old zest for the food returned."

This young man is a member of quite a famous family. He requests that his name be omitted, but the same can be furnished by application to the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

MANY NEW SETTLERS COMING TO CANADA

Over 12,000 Emigrants From Britain Already Booked

YANKEES BECOME JEALOUS

How a Leading American Paper Regards the Progress of Canada

Remarkable Falling off of Emigration From Britain to the United States—Canada Being Built up With Sturdy Stock

Philadelphia, March 18 — The Record of this city publishes the following:

After the trouble in the Transvaal shall be ended there will be an active demand in the United Kingdom for emigrants to South Africa. A vast area of fertile country will have been practically depopulated; the frontier of civilization moved far to the northward in Rhodesia, and railroads and other public works of importance will divide with mining and farming the attention of wage-workers. The British Government is anxious that intending emigrants should consider South Africa first of all when selecting a future abiding place, and as soon as possible organized efforts will be made in Great Britain to this end.

What the British authorities merely propose, however, is being actually done at the present time by agents of the Dominion of Canada. These missionaries of "Our Lady of the Snows" have been gathering parties of colonists in England for several months past, and as a result of their efforts about 12,000 emigrants will leave British ports for the Dominion within the ensuing three months. Emigrants are sent from Liverpool to Winnipeg at a rate of $40, being "specially conducted" by Government agents. The Dominion Government also builds homes for the newcomers, in which they may live at nominal cost until firmly established in their new life. Inducements of this sort attract a high class of agricultural labor, without offering strong inducements to the scum of British cities. If continued persistently, the Dominion should reap decided and conspicuous advantages from the practice.

This innovation in Canadian conservative methods is a mere straw, but it shows how the wind blows in that quarter. There are untold riches lying hidden in the Dominion's vast and almost untrodden Northwest, and only an industrious and enterprising population of Anglo-Saxon lineage can wrest this wealth from its hiding places. Iron, gold, silver, copper, lead, coal, mineral oil, products of the forest — these and their cognate materials of commerce await revelation in Northern America during the twentieth century. In going directly to the mother country for strong arms and stout sinues to fight the battle with nature the Dominion authorities have taken a distinct step in advance. Immigration, once almost forced and compulsory, is now largely a matter of persuasion by shrewd and eloquent missionaries, and the Canadian emissaries in Great Britain seem to have made an excellent beginning.

As the independent British colonies draw from year to year more largely upon the old country the share of the United States in this class of emigration declines. Last year there came to this country about 45,000 emigrants from Great Britain, only 12,000 of whom were credited to England. Ten years ago the immigration from England to the United States exceeded 60,000 with a still larger number from the remainder of the United Kingdom. This is the sturdy stock that builds up new nations and assures free institutions wherever it settles and remains. To lose it is like losing the best and richest life blood of a nation.

Cecil Rhodes Illness.

Cape Town, March 18.—Cecil Rhodes is weaker. He is now hardly able to speak. The weather is warm, and not favorable to the sick man.

He dozed considerably, and took some nourishment during last night, but this morning he was decidedly weaker.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon his condition was unchanged.

The condition of Cecil Rhodes was unchanged at a quarter to six this evening.

SUFFERS FROM CANCER ALSO.

London, March 18.—The British South Africa Company has received the following despatch from Cape Town to-day: "Dr. Stevenson late last night considered Mr. Rhodes' condition critical. He passed a restless night. The attacks of heart failure continue."

Oxygen is being used frequently. Dr. Stevenson is in constant cable communication with Dr. Fowler, a heart specialist.

The critical condition of Cecil Rhodes is closely watched here. A report is published this evening that, apart from his heart trouble, he is suffering from cancer.

KRUGER SEES GOD'S HAND.

London, March 18.—News has been received here that President Kruger, on being informed of the critical condition of Cecil Rhodes, read a passage from the Bible, indicating that the Lord, in the opinion of the venerable President, was on the side of the Boers, and would punish their enemies.

Gas on the Stomach

result of imperfect digestion pressing up against the heart, it excites alarming symptoms. Instant relief is afforded by taking half an hour after the meal, ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. Nerviline aids digestion, expels the gas and imparts a sense of comfort. Nerviline is good for lots of other things, and wise people keep a 25c. bottle in the house for rheumatism, cramps, neuralgia, toothache, etc. Try it.

RUSSIAN REVOLUTION NOW SEEMS PROBABLE

Serious Position of Affairs In the Russian Empire

THE REBELLION GROWING

It Looks as Though the Great Northern Power had its Hands Full

The Present Revolutions is the Work of the Students—The Disaffection is Said to be Widespread

London, March 18 — The London Daily News asserts that there are authentic reports that the revolutionary movement in Russia has assumed serious proportions and is spreading in all directions, that the unrest has reached many parts of Siberia, and that the Governor of Tomsk has felt impelled to prohibit meetings of citizens in the towns and villages. Such a movement was predicted as a result of the student troubles. That the Czar is out of sympathy with the oppressive rule which has made personal liberty and life insecure, and taxation capricious, but always burdensome and almost intolerable, is well known; but it is also well known that the "Little Father" is powerless to apply a remedy.

This virtual enslavement of a people who are capable of producing writers and painters and musicians of the first rank and of powerful originality is the great anomaly of the twentieth century. That the Russians would, under a more popular form of government, or even if relieved of the terrible espionage of a tyrannical police, raise up able statesmen and jurists it is fair to infer. Probably the Czar is not ignorant of the possibilities of his people under favoring conditions, but he is impotent to advance the cause of a constitutional government. He is surrounded by a selfish aristocracy, an unscrupulous cabal of nobles, who would not hesitate at assassination should he display any practical sympathy with the doctrine of popular rights. Romances which are based on reality — the work of the school of writers who were inspired by the terrible realism of Gogol — show the tyranny not only of the crown tax gatherers, but also of the village despots who virtually exercise the power to consign men and women to death or to life imprisonment without show of justice. Those who control the destinies of the millions of Russia make no pretense of service for the people. There is no popular tribunal to impose a check on extravagance and brutal injustice, but in spite of the gentle spirit of the present Czar, the power of the Court, which is as absolute as in the days of Peter the Great, is used for oppression. Every class is still under the surveillance of the police, the tyranny of which is unrestrained.

For a long time the Nihilists have been inactive, and it cannot be known how far the alleged revolutionary movement affects the peasants, who have hitherto refused to take part in opposition to the existing order. It is reasonable to suppose that virtually all the students have become propagandists of constitutional doctrines.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

Will the Miners Bring on a Gigantic Strike in April or Not?

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Shamokin, P. A., March 18.—Important results attach to the mine workers' conference, which opened here to-day, as upon its deliberations depends the question of a gigantic strike next month. The convention is composed of nearly 800 delegates representing the three largest anthracite districts. District Presidents Fahey, Duffy and Nicholls are in attendance, as is also President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers' of America. The wage agreement secured after the big strike of 1900, expires April 1, and it is for the purpose of discussing a new agreement to become effective on that date that the convention is held. Officials and prominent members of the mineral organizations, while not disposed to discuss the situation at any length, affect to believe that a satisfactory agreement will be reached without the necessity of resorting to extreme measures. It is regarded as curious, however, that the anthracite operators have refused to participate in a joint conference, and that the same position has been assumed by the officials of the coal carrying roads.

No statement was issued by the miners to-day for publication. The formal opening of the convention was in public session, but the proceedings were of a purely routine nature, consisting of an address of welcome by Chief Burgess William Thomas and responses by the district presidents. At the conclusion of these formalities, the delegates went into executive session to take up the real business before the convention. It is regarded as probable that the proceedings will continue through the entire week.

HALF A MILLION FOR THE POPE.

The Holy Father Gets Tremendous Sums From Rich People

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Rome, March 18.—It is stated that during the year 1901 the Pope figured as legatee in over 700 wills throughout the Catholic world, the aggregate amount thus left to him being $500,000. The largest single legacy to his Holiness was $30,000, bequeathed to him by a wealthy Italian manufacturer, and the second largest $20,000, said to have been left to him by an American woman.

SEIZED WITH A BLIND PANIC THE UNSEASONED TROOPS STAMPEDED.

London, March 19.—The war correspondent of The Daily Mail, Mr. Edgar Wallace, reports from Heilbron, Orange River Colony:—There can be little doubt that the murdering of British prisoners by the Boers is becoming more frequent than ever. At Col. Wilson's fight near Frankfort there were three cases of attempted murder, concerning which sworn evidence has been taken. All the cases were similar. The Boers covered their prisoners with rifles and ordered them to hand over their arms and valuables. Upon the men disarming, and with their hands still above their heads, they were deliberately shot, luckily, none of them fatally.

There were other authentic cases, upon which evidence will be sworn, of some of the prisoners being brutally murdered, one man having his skull smashed in.

The women who are on the farms in the back country, or who accompany the main commandoes, are very bitter, and urge the men on to acts of villiany, and a prisoner taken recently by the Boers said that as he passed a farm some women came out and shouted to the men in Dutch, "Cut their throats—don't take them prisoners."

Others Fought on Unshrinkingly Until Resistance was Hopeless

GENERAL METHUEN A TARGET FOR THE BOER BULLETS.

Graphic Details of One of the Most Stubborn Battles in History

London. Tuesday. March 18.—The correspondent of the Standard at Pretoria sends a detailed description of the disaster to Gen. Methuen's column, which was in the main composed of colonial troops. It coincides in all essentials with Gen. Kitchener's latest tributes to the dashing bravery of the Boers, who, in opening their charge on the rear guard, bore themselves with the utmost courage and determination, many of them riding right into the midst of the screen covering the march of the column.

After a temporary check they went on again with a gallantry which it would be churlish not to extol, heedless of the hot fire poured into their lines.

The correspondent also praises the courage and steadfastness of the British artillery, the regular infantry, the Cape Mounted Police, the Fifth Imperial Yeomanry, and the details who were not stampeded. They held their ground, and fought with splendid courage. The attack on the right flank was met by the infantry and 4th Battery with such firmness that the Boers, with all their gallantry, were unable to get nearer than 600 yards. Between eight and nine o'clock, Gen. Methuen, fully realizing the gravity of affairs, gave orders for the convoy's troops to be retired towards a kraal, where he had already collected a portion of the baggage. He also attempted to get the mounted men once more together, but failed. They had gone too far for rallying.

METHUEN THEIR TARGET.

Placing Major Paris in command at the kraal, Gen. Methuen galloped back to the guns on the right. He encouraged the men by voice and gesture, and at once became a conspicuous figure to the Boers, and an obvious target for them. The Boer marksmen concentrated their fire on him as he rode from point to point. At length his horse fell dead, shot in three places, while he himself received a bullet through the thigh. His loss caused regret, but not dismay.

Though their general was down, and the day was to all appearances lost, the Yeomanry, Cape Police, and the few details still left, who had sustained without shrinking the brunt of the struggle, fought on with unabated coolness and determination, keeping the Boers off their flanks and rear until 9.30. At that hour, the Boers, thanks to their greatly superior numbers and the encouragement given them by General Delarey in person, resumed the offensive, and began to envelop the position. A half-hour later, the Boers were circling around the force and the kraal.

ONLY SURRENDER LEFT.

Celliers unmasked two 15-pounders and began shelling the kraal. The British guns had been silenced, and the infantry and mounted troops were forced to retire slowly on the kraal. There was therefore nothing to prevent the Boers from closing in on the position, which was soon untenable. There was but one means of preventin further and unavailing loss of life, namely, surrender.

The correspondent says regarding the rear-guard who bolted, that they were quite unnerved by the desperate dash of the Boer veterans. They fairly stampeded under the influence of that blind panic which has in the history of war fastened at times upon infinitely more seasoned troops.

MOSTLY COLONIALS.

In reply to questions asked in the House of Commons this afternoon Secretary of War Brodrick enumerated the mounted troops that were comprised in Gen. Methuen's column as follows: The Royal Field Artillery, the the Diamond Field Artillery, Ashburner's Light Horse Dennison's Scouts, the Diamond Field Horse, detachments of the Cape Police, the Fifth Yeomanry, the Eighty-sixth Yeomanry, detachments of the British South Africa Police, and Cullinan's Horse. All these, with the exception of the Royal Field Artillery and the Imperial Yeomanry, are local South African corps.

Speaker's Sore Throat

Public speakers and singers know how useless and sickening are cough mixtures, sprays, lozenges, etc., for irritable or sore throat, and state that the most satisfactory remedy is Catarrhozone, the advantage of which is that it acts quickly and is convenient to use in public places. Catarrhozone relieves congestion, allays inflammation, and is a protection to the membrane. As a safeguard against colds and catarrh it has no equal. Rev. Mr. McKay, Goderich, says, "Catarrhozone is an excellent remedy for trouble arising from throat irritation." Physicians, ministers and singers recommend Catarrhozone, druggists sell it for $1. Small size 25c. By mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Fair and continues to be cold.

Cold weather now prevails in all parts of Canada, except in the Maritime Provinces. Milder conditions are indicated for the Territories and Manitoba, but elsewhere continued cold.

FENIANS ARE ORGANIZED FOR A RISING IN IRELAND

London, March 19.—A despatch from Rome to the Chronicle says that confidential news has reached the Vatican that the Fenians for months past have been carrying on a most active propaganda in Ireland, and organizing for a general rising. It is believed that the Vatican will instruct the Irish clergy to hold themselves aloof from revolutionary agitation.

PRINCESS LOUISE'S BIRTHDAY

The Former Occupant of Rideau Hall was Fifty-Four Yesterday

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

London, March 18.—To-day being the fifty-fourth anniversary of the birth of Princess Louise (Duchess of Argyll) the bells of St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, and St. John's church, pealed merrily in honor of the event. In the afternoon a royal salute was fired in the Longwalk. Princess Louise was born at Buckingham Palace March 18, 1848.

SMALLPOX SAVES A LIFE

A Murderer Whose Sentence is Reprieved Because Scourge Broke Out

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Mount Holly, N. J., March 18.—Thanks to the prevalence of smallpox in the county jail, John Young, convicted of the murder of Washington Hunter, was not hanged to-day, the date set by the court for the execution. Upon learning of the existence of smallpox among the inmates, the jurors appointed to witness the execution refused to enter the jail. This gives the condemned murderer a new lease of life and it is not improbable that his counsel will take advantage of the peculiar facts in the case and endeavour to prevent the sentence being carried out now that the date fixed for the execution has passed.

CLEVELAND NOW 65

The Ex-President of the United States Sixty Five Years Old Yesterday

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Princeton, N.J., March 18.—Congratulatory telegrams in abundance were received by former President Cleveland to-day on the occasion of his sixty-fifth birthday. The ex-president spent the day at home with Mrs. Cleveland and their children. Mr. Cleveland was born in Caldwell, Essex county, New Jersey, March 18, 1837.

NOTABLE SALE OF CATTLE

Some Cattle Bred by Queen Victoria to be Disposed of—Much Fine Stock

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Kansas City, Mo., March 18.—One of the most notable sales of shorthorns in the history of cattle breeding in the West will begin here to-day. The cattle to be disposed of comprise the entire herd of W. R. Nelson, who is retiring from business. In the lot are three cows bred by Queen Victoria and cattle from the most noted herds of England, Scotland and Canada. Nearly every state and territory of the Union is represented among the buyers.

WILL LANIER TO HANG.

He will Mount the Scaffold This Morning Unless He is Reprieved

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Aberdeen, Miss., March 18.—Unless he manages to make another of his celebrated escapes in the meantime, or some of the higher powers intercede in his behalf, Will Lanier, the Monroe county outlaw and murderer, will be hanged here to-morrow.

Lanier was convicted nearly two years ago of the murder of the Biddle brothers, being assisted in the crime by two other members of his family, who are now in the penitentiary serving sentences. The crime was peculiarly atrocious. Just a few days prior to the date set by the supreme court for the hanging Lanier escaped and remained at large several months. He was captured in Georgia and returned to the county jail here. While awaiting re-sentence he again escaped and remained at large several days, being finally recaptured near his old home. Another appeal was then taken to the supreme court, which tribunal reaffirmed the decision of the lower court and fixed to-morrow as the date of execution.

MRS. CONGER GIVES A TIFFIN

Chinese Princesses and women of the Legation Present

Pekin, March 18 — Mrs. Conger, wife of the American Minister and senior woman of the Diplomatic Corps, gave a tiffin to-day to nine Chinese Princesses and two women of the Court. Some of these had never before seen a foreigner.

The Princess Imperial Yung Shou, daughter of Prince Kung and adopted daughter of the Dowager-Empress, in responding to a toast, presented the Dowager-Empress' greetings and her prayer for a continuance of happy relations between the hostess and herself. The Chinese Consort Shun and two of the wives of Prince Ching and three of his daughters were present.

The party also included the women of the American Legation and four women from the American missions and an interpreter. The event is altogether unprecedented.

Items of Interest

London, March 17.—A report is current in Downing street that Lord Kitchener has gone to Klerksdorp to have a talk with Lord Methuen and this is probably true, as Lord Kitchener is naturally anxious to obtain the fullest information of the recent disaster. He would also want to hear what Commandant Delarey had to say to his distinguished prisoner during the week that Lord Methuen remained in the hands of the Boers.

The impression caused in this country by the chivalrous magnanimity of Commandant Delarey in releasing a British general whom he might have exchanged with advantage is remarkably deep and widespread, and is, according to all appearances, destined to have practical results of the highest importance. The belief prevails in responsible quarters that Commandant Delarey communicated fully to Lord Methuen the views, aspirations and demands of the Boer leaders in the field, and that they are moderate. More than that, it is believed that Lord Kitchener will advise that the British Government accept them.

Hong Kong, March 18.— General Ma has been defeated by the Kwang-Si rebels, who have taken possession of Fang-Chung. They have killed or captured all the Mandarins, and have looted the town.

General Ma attacked the rebel strongholds, but after an engagement lasting two days was forced to retreat. The rebels then established their headquarters at Feng-Chung. The rebellion is spreading rapidly in the Provinces of Kwang-Si, Kwang-Tung and Yun-Nan. A letter received here from Tien-Pai, fifty miles from Kwang-Chou, says all business is suspended there owing to fear of the rebels. Marshal Su is at LianChou, and General Ma is at Hae-Chau. Both of these commanders are awaiting reinforcements. They wish to join their forces, but the rebels are holding all the intervening passes and prevent a junction of the Government troops. Many of the Imperial soldiers are joining the rebels, owing to the superior pay offered them, and the opportunity for looting. The rebel leader is Hung-Ming, a relative of the celebrated Hung-Sou-Chuen, leader of the Tai-Ping rebellion.

Brunsbuttel, Prussia, March 19—Emperor William left this port at 8.15 this morning on board the battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II., in order to meet Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia at Cuxhaven.

Pekin, March.—A conference of the Ministers of the powers to-day decided on the principal of restoring the Chinese Government at Tien-Tsin, thus reversing the decision of the military commanders. No time for the transfer has as yet been fixed.

London, March 18.—The Globe's naval correspondent reports that on her recent cruise along the Irish coast, the British battleship Revenge was fitted with a wireless telegraph apparatus, and received a number of private Marconigrams passing between mail steamers and the shore. The correspondent understands that the Admiralty proposes to make an attempt to intercept Marconigrams from an experimental station across the Atlantic, with the view of determining whether Signor Marconi has perfected his syntonic system.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 19, 1902.

NORTH MONAGHAN COUNCIL

Business Transacted at the Regular Meeting —Receipts and Expenditures

The North Monaghan Council met in the town hall on Monday, March 10, 1902, at the hour of 1.30 p.m. All the members were present, the reeve, Mr. T. E. Bradburn, presiding. The minutes of the meeting of January 13th were read and confirmed. The following communications were read: From the Good Roads Machinery Co., of Hamilton; from the London Mutual Guarantee Co.; from the secretary of the Eastern Goods Roads Association re meeting in Ottawa on March 13th and 14th; from the Township Treasurer, stating the cash balance in the Ontario Bank to the credit of the Township to be $400.79. These communications were received.

Accounts were presented, certified and read from:

W. J. Kennedy, repairs to road grader	$ 1 50
Sam'l McCabe, goods to Mrs. Close	1 00
Wills & Good, wood for Mrs. Close	4 00
Municipal World, dog tags, etc	6 25
Robt. Sanderson, wood and supplies for town hall	5 05
F. Moncrief, sundries for road grader	75
D. Trew, ditching at Springville	3 50

The auditors' report for the year ending December 31st, 1901, was then read. The abstract statement of receipts and expenditures attached to this is as follows:

RECEIPTS

To Cash from Collector	$4,045 99
Cash from Bills Payable	900 00
Cash from miscellaneous sums	40 68
Cash from Balance on Hand for 1900	1,806 82
	$6,793 49

EXPENDITURES

By paid miscellaneous acct.	$ 84 20
Stationery and Printing	66 87
Law costs	18 00
Board of Health	9 00
Salaries	296 00
Schools	1,240 50
Roads and Bridges	197 00
Charities	6 00
County rate, 1900	1,335 65
Interest & discounts	29 65
Debentures Drainage	46 13
Notes and Loans	900 00
Road Div. No. 1	247 00
Road Div. No. 2	153 50
Road Div. No. 3	220 00
Road Div. No 4	128 00
	$4,946 58

Cash Balance in Bank, $1,846.91.

It was moved by Messrs. Madill and Smith that, owing to the disappearance of order No. 7, of 1901, that an order be reissued for the sum of $2.50 in favor of I. Fowler, for wood for the town hall, and that the treasurer be instructed to cancel original order.—Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Smith and Dobbin that the accounts, as read, be passed and paid.—Carried.

Moved by Messrs. May and Smith that the Auditors' Report be received and adopted, and that the same be published according to law, and that orders be drawn in favor of W. G. Yelland and J. R. Bell for the sum of $5.00 each as salary.—Carried.

Moved by Messrs. Madill and May that the whole council meet at the washout on the 10th concession, near Riverdale, on Thursday next at 10.00 a.m., for the purpose of making arrangements to repair the break in the road.—Carried.

A proposition was made to alter Road Divisions Nos. 1 and 4, so that the gravel road would all be placed in Road Division No. 1. This was referred to the clerk to investigate the amount of commutation tax that such alteration would deduct from Road Division No. 4.

The Reeve, Mr. Bradburn, reported having attended the session of the county council and of having succeeded in getting a grant of the sum of $100 towards the repair of Lockie's bridge.

The committee that waited upon the county council re cattle guards reported the willingness of the county council to send a memorial to the Dominion Government, asking for the erection of more suitable guards at the highway crossings.

The clerk was then instructed to prepare by-laws for the appointment of a collector and road commissioners, fence viewers and pound keepers, for consideration at next meeting.

Council then adjourned until the second Monday in April at 1.30 p.m.

Dooley on Athletics For Women.

MR. HENNESSY having ventured to say that athletic exercise is a splendid thing for women, "Is it, faith?" said Mr. Dooley. "Well, it may be, but it's no good f'r th' women f'r th' men. I don't know annything that cud be more demoralizin' thin to be marrid to a woman that cud give me a sthroke a shtick at goluf. 'Tis goin' to be th' roon iv fam'ly life. 'Twill break up th' happy home. I'm a man, we'll say, that's down town fr'm th' arly mornin' bendin' over a ledger an' thryin' to thrap a dollar or two to keep th' landlord fr'm th' dure. I dispise athletes. I see that all th' men that have a metallic rattle whin they get on a moovin' sthreet car are pounds overweight, an' wud blow up if they jogged around th' corner.

"Well, I come home at night, an' no matther how I've been 'Here-you-d' all day, I feel in me heart that I'm th' big thing there. What makes me feel that way, says ye? 'Tis th' sinse iv physical supeeryority. Me wife is smarter thin I am. She's had nawthin' to do all day but th' housewurrk an' puttin' in th' coal an' studyin' how she can make me do something I don't want to do that I wud want to do if she didn't want me to do it. She's thrained to th' minyit in havin' her own way. Her mind's clearer, mine bein' full iv bills iv ladin'; she can talk betther an' more frequent; she can throw me fam'ly in me face, an' whin har-rd put to it, her starry eyes can gleam with tears that I think ar-re grief, but she knows diff'rent. An' I give in. But I've won, just th' same.

"But now, how is it? I go home at night an' I'm met at th' dure be a female joynt. Me wife's th' champeen lady golufess iv th' Ivy Leaf Goluf Club; th' finest oarslady on th' canal; a tinnis player that none can raysist without injury. She can ride a horse, an' I cuddn't stay on a merry-go-round without clothespins. She can box a good welterweight, an' she's got medals f'r th' broad jump. Th' on'y spoorts she isn't good at is cookin' an' washin'. This large lady, a little peevish because she's off her dhrive, meets me at th' dure an' begins issuin' ordhers befure I have me shoes off. 'Tis jut th' same as if I was back on th' hoist. She doesn't argy, she doesn't weep. She jus' says, 'Say, you,' an' I'm off on th' bound. I look her over, an' say I to meself, 'What's th' good? I cuddn't cross that guard,' an' me reign is ended. I'm back to th' ranks iv th' prollitory.

"It won't do, Hinnissy. It's a blow at good govermint. 'Twill disrupt th' home. Our fathers was r-right. They didn't risk their lives an' limbs be marryin' these female Sharkeys."

Dressing-up For the Coronation.

(Paris Correspondent of London "Truth.")

THE Earl-Marshal's notification to the peers and peeresses of Great Britain is thought vastly amusing. It strikes us here as might an attempt to go back with pride to the ancestral missing link, whose skeleton it appears has been found in the farthest East. There was something grand and handsome in the distinctive costumes that Louis the Fourteenth invented. The tabouret and the pliant, or folding seat, had their manifest raison d'etre in the crowded saloons and galleries at Versailles. But the notification of the Earl-Marshal strikes us as the triumph of smallness, the exaltation of pettiness. Could Swift have been thinking of a similar notification in his time when he wrote about the war between the Big-Endians and the Little-Endians? A consequence of the notification will be to make American heiresses scorn offers of marriage from noblemen less high than dukes. They will know now that dukes only have strawberry leaves on their coronets and four rows of black snips of fur on their miniver capes. Barons who can only wear two rows of the black snips will be held of small account in the heiress preserves of the United States, and so, we may expect, will be earls who have half a row less than the marquis, and a whole row less than a duke. What American lady could bear to appear as a baron's wife in a mantle with a train three feet on the ground when the viscountess immediately preceding her had one a quarter of a yard longer, the countess preceding her half a yard, the marchioness three-quarters of a yard, and the duchess a whole yard? The English easily grasp the inferiority of their "proper stations" in or out of the Peerage. But the Americans do not. Their motto is "tout ou rien." They must have a front seat, or they leave the room. Mr. Jesse Grant, though not of the ornamental sex, declined to dine at Windsor with the lords' gentlemen-in-waiting. "If I do not dine with father (the ex-President of the United States) and mother at the Queen's table I go home." A court official with fear and trembling conveyed this intimation to her late Majesty, who reluctantly yielded, for Big-Endian and Little-Endian questions came within the compass of her brain, and she attached great importance to them. Mr. Jesse Grant did not know that the smallest of the court officials with whom he scorned to dine took precedence of the grand old Gladstone, and that without shocking any Englishman. The aristocratic nobody who waited on the Queen was supposed to absorb some of her sacred virtue. So far as precedence went, the Prime Minister, who was the representative of the nation, was of inferior standing. But I dare say this did not matter to the Grand Old Man.

I had some years ago one of her Majesty's judges (Sir Henry Keating) dining with me. Another guest was an English Honorable, who might have been, in regard to age, his son. It seemed to me absurd that the place of honor should not be given to the judge. To make things pleasant to him, I consulted him before the dinner came off on the subject of precedence. "If," he said, "it is a Franco-English dinner, adopt French rules, since you are in France; if it is an English one, adopt English, in which case I go behind the Honorable. Any earl's son old enough to wear a swallow-tailed coat and a white cravat is entitled to take the pas of me. I know that an American judge, accustomed to be looked up to, would not like to walk behind a young sprig of nobility. I remember Evarts, the great American lawyer who pleaded on the side of the United States at the Geneva Arbitral Court, being visibly annoyed at an earl's son who had just left Eton being placed above him at table."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written "I have went home."

Information for the Farmer.

Honesty in business pays in the long run. The Americans exported in 1880 127,553,907 pounds of cheese. Owing to adulteration, skim and filled cheese, the United States output to foreign countries decreased last year to 39,813,517 pounds. On the other hand, Canadian cheese, which has a name for reliability, has grown in exports from 40,368,000 in 1880 to 190,926,327 pounds in 1901.

The amount of carbonic acid gas given off by a few plants is so small that one hundred plants in a room would not give as much as one man during a night, and they make many volumes of oxygen during the day more than sufficient to compensate for their presence. Rooms in which plants are kept have, moreover, a fresh odor about them, owing to the fact that they absorb nitrogen, and it is this in part that makes a room stuffy, because nitrogen occurs in most of the secretions emanating from man or animals.

Choice of Grain for Seed.

By instructions of the Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season of samples of the most productive sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured by the Director of the Experimental Farms from the record-breaking crops recently had in the Canadian Northwest. It will be worth while for farmers generally to renew their seed of oats when varieties which have produced more than 100 bushels per acre can be had. The distribution this spring will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field pease, Indian corn and potatoes. Every farmer may apply, but only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes, and applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent free of charge through the mail. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of March, after which the lists will be closed, so that all the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing should mention the sort of variety they would prefer, and should the available stock of the kind asked for be exhausted some other good sort will be sent in its place.

Winter Washing of Fruit Tree.

The winter season offers the fruit-grower his opportunity for wreaking vengeance on the insect enemies which play such incalculable havoc with the fruit trees in the summer months. The insects are practically at his mercy in the dead season, for they cannot flee from the deadly poison he may with safety apply for their destruction, and if the owners of orchards care to exercise their powers of quelling infestation at the proper time and in the proper way they can largely diminish, if not entirely remove, the risk of harmful insect attacks. The Board of Agriculture has prepared, and is circulating free of charge, a leaflet dealing with this subject which is deserving of thoughtful attention.

As is well known, the insects hibernate in the broken bark of the trees, and the course of treatment proposed is the washing of the trees with caustic alkali wash, the use of which has been found effectual in removing the rough decaying bark under which the insects shelter, and at the same time in destroying the eggs of noxious insects. The directions given for the preparation of the wash are:—First dissolve one pound of commercial caustic soda in water; then one pound of crude potash in water. When both have been dissolved mix the two well together; then add three-quarter pound of agricultural treacle, stir well, and add sufficient water to make up ten gallons. The best time to apply is about the middle of February, when the eggs are in a more susceptible state and the trees still safe from injury.—London Post.

It Pays to Keep Hogs.

It is a mistake for any farmer not to keep live stock of some kind. Almost all farmers appreciate the profit there is in cows, and the fact that they maintain the good condition of the soil and tend to add wealth in more ways than one.

But how is it about hogs? They go well with the dairy. It was a mistake to get scared at the time when hog cholera prevailed—at least to get so scared as to give up hogs altogether. We know a great many farmers who made money out of hogs the last year. Hog cholera has not prevailed so extensively as in some years in the past.

But it seems to be the fact that on many farms not a single hog is to be found. As some one has said, these farmers are throwing away enough milk and refuse from the table to keep a good sow or two, and besides raising their own meat have a nice little bunch to sell each year. "The idea seems to prevail among a great many," says this writer, "that unless you own or are operating a large farm there is no place for the hog. This is a very mistaken idea. There can be just as much made in proportion with hogs upon a small farm as upon a large one.

"Few are the farms (it matters not the size) that will not support a brood sow or two and do it well, with scarcely any other feed than the milk, parings and refuse from the table and a liberal supply of grass. Sows kept in this manner will, as a rule, have more pigs, and they will also be healthier and stronger. After the sows have their pigs, push them along and do not let them become stunted, because a pig stunted when it is little will never make the hog it would have made had it been kept continually growing. After the pigs will weigh from 60 to 10 0pounds, if they are nice, growthy, attractive fellows, there is always a market for them. There is scarcely a neighborhood where you will not find men that are always on the lookout for shoats of this kind, to follow cattle or feed out, and this is the small farmer's opportunity to dispose of them at a good profit, too."—Farm, Field and Fireside.

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" McBrandon inquired of Chabbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

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Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

Curious Bits of News.

A Boston woman will agitate for a law prohibiting the boiling or roasting of chestnuts, on the ground that it involves painful death of worms "whose right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is no less than that of the most highly dowered man."

Last summer Doctor Berson, the German aeronaut, accompanied by Doctor Suering, made a balloon ascent from Berlin, and attained the enormous altitude of about 33,000 feet, or six and a quarter miles. Then they lost consciousness, so that, although they descended safely, they have no record to show what the maximum height attained may have been.

The laurels have been stripped from Byron's brow and also from Leander's by two plucky women who have just succeeded in swimming across the Hellespont at its widest part—which is about two miles. They are Miss Wood, daughter of Vice-Admiral Wood of the English navy, and the wife of the German military attache at Constantinople.

One New York hotel that suffered severely from the souvenir spoon and salt-cellar mania adopted the plan of notifying guests that each waiter was responsible individually for all articles on his table, and would have to make good any loss. This reduced the taking of spoons to a robbery of the waiter instead of the hotel, and even the souvenir hunter has some conscience about such a theft.

The postal savings bank building in Amsterdam, Holland, is being constructed by the "Monier system," a new method of construction. A steel framework, like a bird-cage in appearance, is enveloped in Portland cement, which prevents the steel from rusting, while the cement itself is rendered elastic. This construction is said to be strong, fireproof and waterproof, and to be growing in favor in Europe for government buildings and factories.

The moment a man ceases to grow he begins to diminish. Such is the conclusion at which a German physician has arrived, after several months' careful study of the subject of human height. Men, so it is asserted, begin to grow smaller in their thirty-fifth year, and women a little before they are forty. Men, however, stop growing when they are thirty, and for five or six years their stature remains stationary. Then it decreases, at first very slowly, but afterwards more rapidly.

The Presidents that Ohio has given to the United States have been pursued by a curious and most lamentable fatality. Of the four, only President Hayes survived office. Garfield and McKinley were assassinated, and William Henry Harrison served but one month of his term. Ohio men have been elected to five terms in office, but succeeded in serving only nine years and one month of the twenty years—Harrison one month, Garfield six months, Hayes four years, and McKinley four years and six months.

Had not King Edward issued a decree to the effect that widows of peers who have contracted marriages with commoners had forfeited thereby their prerogatives as peeresses of the realm, there might have appeared among the latter at Westminster Abbey on the day of the coronation a coal black negress of the Hottentot type, arrayed in the ermine trimmed red velvet robes and the gold coronet of her rank as a countess. For the dusky widow of the late Earl of Stamford has since his death married a Boer named Pieter Pieterse, and has made her home in South Africa since her unsuccessful attempt to prove the rights of her son to his father's earldom.

Dr. Drummond's Chinese Dinner.

DR. W. H. DRUMMOND, the author of those fascinating delineations of the habitants' life, underwent a novel experience at Vancouver the other day when he was entertained to dinner in Chinatown. Dr. Drummond, it appears, is intensely interested in the conditions surrounding the life of the Chinese, and it was with a view to aiding him in his observations that the Chinese dinner was arranged for him by a few friends. It was held at the Quang Fong Low restaurant, in Dupont street. The front of the restaurant was gaily lit with lanterns in honor of the distinguished guest. Eight others sat down with Dr. Drummond at the round table, which had been decorated in customary Chinese fashion. The array of preliminary sweetmeats having been sampled, the dinner proper began. The time of the commencement was 10 o'clock and the meal lasted until 2 in the morning; no time was wasted, however, as the bill of fare was a formidable one, consisting of no less than 15 courses. They were as follows: 1. Stewed shark fins. 2. Pigeon with mushrooms. 3. Birdsnest soup. 4. Stewed chicken. 5. Boiled fish tripe. 6. Duck and tomato sauce. 7. Hairy mushrooms. 8. Duck and shellfish sauce. 9. Chicken with green peppers. 10. Sliced chicken. 11. Shrimps. 12. Pigeons. 13. Duck cooked in melon. 14. Sliced chicken and pineapple. 15. Ground almond gruel.

There were one or two extras, as to the composition of which the bravest did not dare enquire. The viands were handled more or less clumsily with ivory chopsticks and were washed down with many a "yum poy" of orange wine and the inevitable tea. After the usual toasts the doctor thanked his entertainers in a characteristic speech, stating that the evening had been one of the most enjoyable in his experience, and one of which he would ever retain a happy remembrance. All one can say is that the doctor must have a peculiarly good digestion.

A Prophecy.

Some eight or nine months ago a self-appointed prophet, residing, as his fellows generally do, on the Continent, predicted that in about two centuries the lunatic asylums all over the world would be empty. Lest, however, the actual generations should rejoice in anticipation of the happy condition of their posterity, he proceeded to explain, and the explanation, though short, was to the point, and did not lack a substratum of far-seeing philosophy. The madhouses would be untenanted not because there would not be any demented people, but because there would not be a sufficient number of sane folk to conduct them thither and to sequestrate them.

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best."

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"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 150 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?"

"It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the benches to prevent itself rising en masse and doing violence to the comedian.

LOVE

Lives only in the present. Nature throws a glamor around youth and maiden, so that although they saw misery and marriage walking hand in hand in every home in the world they would fondly believe that they could marry and defy misery.

Young women should be taught to prepare for marriage. They should understand how to preserve their womanly health through the functional changes of maternity. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most effective medicine for the preservation of womanly health and the cure of womanly diseases. It regulates the periods, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It prepares the womanly organism for maternity and makes the birth hour practically painless.

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"My wife was afflicted with uterine trouble for several years," writes Mr. J. C. Day, of Little Britain, Lancaster Co., Pa., "and in November, 1898, the doctor said she had a miscarriage. He treated her for about two months or so, but there was but little improvement. I wrote you after she had commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' and you told us to get 'Golden Medical Discovery' also. She took six or seven bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and got out of bed and was able to attend to her household work."

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Rev. Father Ryan, St. Michael's Cathedral.

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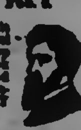

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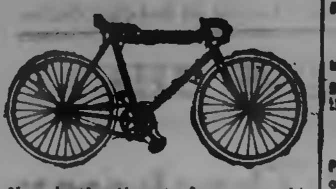

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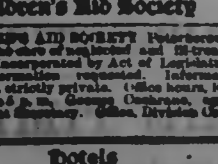

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Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Cholly Hardupps has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of axle grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

◆◆◆

"Well, sir," said the Chicagonian, proudly, "what do you thinks of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago, Ill."—Philadelphia Press.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Candle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Candle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Candle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Tit-Bits."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

"A grand old place," murmurs Daisy. "Oh, how dearly I would love to go through the grounds and gather some of those roses! I love flowers so." She threw back her yellow curls with a mischievous laugh. "I will!" she cried; "there's no one at the Hall yet; the place has been shut up for years. Who is there to care?"

Suiting the action to the word, Daisy sprung from her boat, secured it to a slender sapling, ran nimbly up the steep, mossy bank, and through the high, arched gateway into the grounds.

The wilderness of bloom seemed like a veritable paradise to Daisy. She was loath to leave it, even though an hour had passed. She stood in the arched gateway looking back at the grounds, her arms full of roses, trying to imagine what the scene would be like on the night of the grand lawn-fete.

The sight of that bright, laughing young girl with her arms full of crimson passion roses, standing just within the arched, vine-wreathed gate would have startled any one.

It startled the tall, dark-eyed young man hurrying past. He stopped suddenly in the path, his eyes met hers—those dark, laughing, magnetic eyes that few women ever yet had the power of resisting. He raised his hat; then, as though some subtle force drew him toward her, he left the path and came quickly over the long, green grass toward the gate.

A rabbit darted across the thicket, a bird flew away from its nest in an over-arching beech-tree with a startled cry. The breeze seemed to die out over the water with a low wail, but neither the bird nor the breeze could warn Daisy to beware of the handsome stranger.

She might have had a happy enough life of it if her path had never been crossed by this young man.

The instant his eyes had rested upon her standing within those arched gates, he had started violently back.

"The heiress!" he muttered under his dark, curling mustache. "Yes, of course that must be Miss Ruthven, the heiress to three millions," and he drew his breath hard as his quick eyes took in the first rapid glance every lineament of that pretty, dimpled, girlish face.

All in an instant his conversation with the landlord of the tavern at the village below occurred to him. One week before he had come in on the midnight train, and the name he had signed on the hotel register was, Harold St. John.

His handsome guest seemed nervous and ill at ease, the landlord might have noticed, but he did not; but he did notice the he inquired particularly about the arrival and departure of all trains that stopped at the cross-roads, which were two miles below, and if many strangers stopped off there generally.

As he paid liberally, the landlord was loath to lose so generous a guest.

"I'm afraid it will be a little dull just now," the landlord had replied apologetically; "but within the next fortnight the village will be busy enough. Colonel Ruthven and his wife have just returned to Briar Hall after a five years' absence, and a jolly party of young folks is invited there to meet the colonel's niece, Lillian Ruthven, who is expected on every train. A most fortunate girl, she is, sir; heiress to three millions of money, and she's young and pretty, too, they say."

Harold St. John had caught his breath sharply; he had been most anxious to get away on the first outgoing train; now he changed his mind suddenly, and during the week that followed he fairly haunted the vicinity of Briar Hall.

Quite unexpectedly, in one of his ramblings, he had chanced upon the lovely maiden coming out of the arched gate, and he jumped to the conclusion at once that this was Lillian Ruthven the heiress.

He approached, lifting his straw hat from his dark curls with a low bow.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "I have been unfortunate enough to lose my way. Will you tell me which road I must take for Briarvale?"

"If you follow the river road, just the way you were going, you cannot miss it," she answered.

One glance of admiration, full of fire, full of passion, seemed to flash from the depths of his eyes to hers.

He saw the pretty, dimpled face grow crimson, and then he dared not trust himself to look again. But that one glance had sufficed to trouble the calm, still depths of Daisy's young heart.

The stranger was wise enough to know that another word would have been an impertinence. He bowed low and passed on, but he left the memory of his handsome face and dark eyes behind him.

The roses fell unheeded from Daisy's hand at the gate as she watched the tall form receding down the serpentine road.

"Such nice gentlemen as he will be at the lawn-fete," she murmured. "Oh, it was cruel of Colonel Ruthven's wife to invite Olive and Hetty and not ask me!"

She hurried down the green slope, and into her little boat again, a cry escaping her lips as she noticed how low the sun was dipping in the western horizon.

"It will be dark before I get home," she gasped—"yes, quite dark, and by the looks of those clouds there might be a storm."

To be Continued.

Little Braves.—Old time a quarter-a-box "Purgers" are quitting the field in whole battalions. Dr. Agnew's Little Pills at 10 cents a vial are driving them out at all points. Because they act gently, more effectively, never pain, and are easy to take. Sick Headache succumbs to one dose.—69

Jack Frost, Artist.

One of the small wonders of the winter season is the abundant and beautiful tracery which Jack Frost has a habit of writing on the pane, usually overnight, in the hours of sleeping, when the fires burn low and the house has lost something of the cheery warmth of day. Everyone has seen and admired the mysterious fungus-like growth which is often the thing which greets him in his first look at the world of a biting winter morning perhaps without knowing that its formation, in all its multiform and delicate variations, is one of the most incomprehensible of phenomena. In Cosmos recently a writer gave some of the theories that have been advanced from time to time to explain it. The Literary Digest translates from the article as follows:—

"The least arrangements of these tiny interlacing ice-crystals furnish decorative designs of incontestable originality and of unequalled delicacy. The observer asks, not without surprise, how in these marvellous formations of ice one and the same design is often rigorously and mathematically reproduced in a certain space, while its character differs totally only a few inches away. There is in this fact alone a real mystery that no one can explain plausibly, at least at present.

"In one place appear very distinctly almost recognizable plants with long, thick leaves. Palms and ferns abound, forming mimic forests. By their side stretch out fine fringes bordering the angles of fantastic sheets. Further away seem to rise the serried trunks of a lofty grove in the midst of a carpet of verdure.

"Then the scene changes completely. On all sides appear the light feathers and plumes of birds. . . .

"What are the physical phenomena that control the formation of these tree-like frost pictures, so remarkable and so varied? Most of our scientists answer these questions by hypotheses, more or less valuable. Almost all give abundant explanations of the deposition of frost along the branches of trees. As to the causes that determine the appearance of such delicate and beautiful ornamentation of this same frost on the panes of our windows, most of them remain silent.

"They tell us that the most probable method of frost-formation is as follows: Every tiny droplet of water, if it is produced by condensation of vapor below the freezing-point, is necessarily in a state of 'superfusion.' In this condition when it meets a rough surface it is deposited thereon as a microscopic crystal of ice impregnated or covered with a thin layer of liquid water at the freezing-point.

"This latter, being in continual contact with air that is colder than itself, must finally freeze. As the motion of the air brings up new masses, the thickness of the frost increases.

"Other physicists, we are told, give a somewhat different explanation. According to them, when the vapor of water in the air is deposited as ice, without passing through the liquid state at all, it constitutes frost. That the vapor does not really pass through the liquid state is abundantly shown by the fact that frost has not the structure of frozen dew. It presents, on the contrary, a layer of spongy, opaque ice in which we can detect the prismatic crystals lying side by side. There are still other scientific men who explain the feathery frost formations on the branches of trees by the congelation of a thick mist that comes in contact with a body of lower temperature than the freezing-point or by the solidification of a fog in superfusion, determined by contact with a solid body. The French writer says further:

"We will leave the reader to take his choice of these opinions. So far as the deposit of frost on our window-panes is concerned, we must suppose that the infinite variety of design presented by the crystals is due to the nature of the glass. This substance is, in fact, a very bad and very irregular conductor of heat; it also offers a certain resistance to the physical action of crystallization. These causes are sufficient, when vapor is congealed on the surface, to bring about the formation of these designs, which are as varied as they are remarkable."

Not so Sick as Supposed.

Judging from an opinion expressed recently in The London Spectator, Turkey's sobriquet of the "Sick Man" is being maintained under false pretences. "A strong Sultan," says the writer, "could still place in the field an army of 600,000 of the bravest soldiers in the world, defend his coasts and ports with torpedo boats, and even in defeat inflict terrible blows upon his conqueror. It is true that the advent of a strong Sultan is most improbable, the race of Othman appearing at last to be worn out, but a Sultan weak as a Merovingian is quite probable, and a strong Mayor of the Palace or Grand Vizier would be even more dangerous, because replaceable. A ruler of Turkey who threw all caution to the winds, summoned every Osmanli to his standard, stopped all payments except for munitions of war, and fought as the Mahdi fought at Omdurman, would, to begin with, shatter all European alliances, might hold in check for three years any single European power, and might while being defeated cause an explosion such as Europe has not had to face since the Spahis threatened Vienna. The Sick Man will bequeath nothing, and the whole western world desires his heritage. The catastrophe may not come just yet, for the strange being who now occupies the throne of Turkey, and who will neither yield nor fight, seems irremovable; but it cannot be put off forever, and every blow such as the one M. Delcasse has just delivered brings us nearer to its occurrence. If history affords us any guidance, the Turk will die biting hard."

"I once won a case with one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems," says Congressman Brick of Indiana, who is a lawyer, "and so I stand for him. I was defending a man charged with stealing silk, and it looked so bad for him that I decided on an appeal to the jury. I did the best I could to win with the evidence; but I banked most on the fact that the defendant was a young man with a wife and child, and that it would go hard for all of them to have him go to the penitentiary for a term of years. My whole argument led up to the point where I closed with Riley's little poem, 'Back From a Two Years' Sentence.' When I finished, the jury was in tears, and even the Judge and the Attorney for the prosecution were affected. The jury took just one ballot, and returned a verdict of not guilty."—New York Tribune.

Might be Worse.

One day, Mackintosh, having vexed him by calling O'Grigly "a rascal," Parr immediately rejoined, "Yes, Jemie, he was a bad man, but he might have been worse; he was an Irishman, but he might have been a Scotchman; he was a priest, but he might have been a lawyer; he was a [illegible], but he might have been an apostate."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Scene in Nassau.

The following delightful sketch of the outlook from a window in Nassau, the capital of the Bahama Islands, is a portion of a letter which a correspondent sends me:—

I am now going to try and make you envy me. I wonder if I can succeed. I am sitting at brother Percy's bedroom window, which commands a magnificent view of the harbor and of several small islands and a sweep of the blue, blue sea. In the foreground, between our house and the beach, which is about a quarter of a mile away, I get a view of hundreds of palm trees, banana trees and other foliage peculiar only to the tropics. I might go on for an hour describing the other objects that are included in this picture, but should still leave the picture in such a state that it could not be said to give the faintest idea of what box of paints, containing all the colors of the rainbow, and still I should fail. Why? Simply because the colors defy the artist in all his attempts at reproduction. Likewise the poet finds himself beggared for words in which to express the beauty of the scene. The foliage is of such rich and varied colors that we northerners cannot form the slightest conception of it; only they who have visited the tropics can realize what it is like. But now I have come to the climax of coloring, the harbor. Take in your hand a lovely piece of mother-of-pearl and trace in it the rich, fiery flashes of green and blue, yes, a lovely opal ring like mine would be better, and it is not the slightest exaggeration to say that they would faintly give you an idea of the colors of that harbor. It is simply magnificent—rich blues of all shades, light and dark greens, heliotrope shading to deep purples, strange to say all blending together, blaze out brilliantly. Tourists who have visited nearly every corner of the entire globe agree in saying they never saw anything to compare with it. The bottom of the water is of pure white coral, white as snow, and in 75 to 100 feet you can see the bottom quite clearly through the most beautiful crystal-like water. I think probably the snow-white bottom has a prismatic effect on the light passing through it, thus showing all these brilliant colors. However, I am going too much into detail, though if you could see it yourself you would scarcely blame me. Dotted here and there are sailing vessels, their sails reflecting the bright sunshine, scarcely moving on the quiet waters of the ocean. The sky is of a rich, deep blue, with a few fleecy clouds floating idly about. The sun is shining brightly, although not at all oppressive, as the temperature is only 74 degrees. The surface of the ocean is as quiet and smooth as glass, scarcely a ruffle disturbing its surface. I think, in a disjointed way, I have gone over most of the scene. Don't you envy me now? And now, dear, the dinner bell is ringing, and I will tell you all about the delicious oranges from 24 cents to 48 cents per hundred in my next letter.

Wireless Signalling.

While Marconi, with his wireless telegraphy, holds the field as the last nine days' wonder of science, Waldon Fawcett, in the current Harper's Magazine, shows that telephony is keeping almost equal pace with her sister invention in perfecting ways and methods. He writes:—

The very acme of achievement in the transmission of messages would seem to have been reached in the wireless telephone system, which has recently been developed by Professor A. Frederick Collins, an electrical engineer residing in Philadelphia. Spoken words are transmitted great distances through the ground without the use of a connecting wire, and in accordance with a plan totally different from that of the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy.

The Collins system simply takes advantage of the fact that there are natural electrical currents in evidence slightly below the surface of the earth at any point that may be selected, and by this invention currents of this character are utilized to cause a flow of electricity between two instruments stationed above the surface of the earth. The only underground mechanism employed consists of small zinc-wire screens, which are buried in shallow holes, one at the sending station and the other at the receiving station. Above these are tripods supporting transmitting and receiving apparatus, such as is employed in ordinary telephony, a wire affording connection in each case with the buried screen. When the electricity from a storage battery is turned on, sounds of all kinds may be sent through the transmitter, and heard, in many instances, even more distinctly than were a regular overhead telephone employed.

The Collins invention in its simplest form is adapted to sending a message but one way—that is, it is not possible to utilize a receiver as a transmitter and reply to a message received, but the transmitter and receiver are each equipped with an annex for performing the opposite function, so that to all intents and purposes this new telephone is not different from the instrument already in use.

Of the improvements of the telephone in its uses at sea, Mr. Fawcett also adds:—

Unique methods of telephony are working wonders in the field of marine signalling, and when this phase of the new achievements has been fully developed it is believed that the danger of collisions and other disasters at sea will be very materially lessened. One of the most important of these systems of telephone signals for ships was invented by the late Dr. Gray. By this plan the water of a lake, ocean, or river is made to act as the medium for conveying sounds, as, for instance, the strokes of a bell tolled below the surface of the water. The sounds thus transmitted are heard distinctly at great distances by means of exceptionally sensitive telephonic receivers designed especially for such service. Inasmuch as any number of different signals may be arranged by the introduction of various combinations of strokes given in quick succession or at long intervals, it will be seen that the possibilities of the system for signalling purposes are virtually limitless. The practical application of this invention has already been carried so far that ships have been fitted with apparatus which causes gongs to ring automatically when the vessel comes "within hail" of one of these submerged bells.

For the Farmer.

Ducks Against Mites.

One of my neighbors told me a few years ago that ducks would rid our premises of mites. As we had old buildings infested with mites, which kept me overworked in summer in order to raise any poultry at all, I concluded to try the plan. Accordingly I bought 170 duck eggs, hatched 147 of them and raised 140 ducks, which I drove into the henhouse every night as soon as they were well feathered, and I never saw a mite that year. The following year I raised thirty-five and housed them the same way until they were ready to pick, and I did not have any mites until late in the fall. As soon as I discovered some I drove the ducks into the poultry house to sleep, and in a short time I could not find a mite.

I often caught some of the ducks in the morning to examine them, and found their beautiful white feathers covered with the little pests of all sizes and colors, which made me feel guilty of cruelty to animals at first, but when I looked deeper into the thick, creamy down not one of the insects could be seen near the body, and when they came up at night with no mites to be seen I was convinced that the down and feathers were too thick and oily for mites to penetrate, and that they were very soon bathed off the outer plumage.

I am so pleased with my success that I expect to try ducks again, for I found a few mites last summer, and it requires no more labor to raise them than to battle against the mites, and it certainly is much pleasanter and is profitable. I am not prepared to keep them through the winter, so I buy eggs of neighbors and get them off early enough to pick them twice and sell them in full feather the last of October. The first year I sold them for five times the amount I paid for both eggs and feed, but did not do so well the next year because the eggs were higher and did not hatch so well.—Mrs. Shannon Staten, in Poultry Farmer.

Clean Sleeping Places.

At this season of the year the swine need careful watching that their sleeping quarters are in good condition. It will not do to turn the herd to straw stacks, thinking that by so doing they will be comfortably and properly provided by a bed that will keep them warm and comfortable, with no bad results following.

The main feature in the hog bedding is to have it dry and free from manure or heating filth. The hog nest or sleeping apartment should be free from draughts or currents of air. There should be no air blowing in on the hogs while sleeping. This does not imply that the sleeping apartments should be close, low from roof to roof or poorly ventilated; on the contrary, they should be airy, plenty of space for circulation of fresh air. It is a bad plan to have hogs sleep in low, close quarters, where there is a tendency to create a steam or dampness that will settle over the hogs. A clean hog-house, with tight walls, moderate ventilation above to carry off the damp air is the basis of good sleeping accommodation for the swine.

The kind of bedding is a matter that may admit of some difference of opinion. The swine should not be left to the bare floor, without any warm, soft material for bedding. The hog, while indifferent in many ways about its comfort, enjoys a good, soft bed. The hog is also very sensitive to cold, and will always busy itself in carrying straw, leaves and soft materials to make a big, soft bed to sleep in, if left to its own inclinations. This manifestation of instinct should teach every hog-owner the need of supplying the hog with plenty of good, dry material for its nest.

Corn stalks are considered one of the very best bedding materials. Wheat straw is also good, but requires more frequent changing. Give the hogs good, clean bedding, change the bedding frequently and keep the hogs clean and comfortable through the cold season. It will pay. Hogs are worth too much money to handle carelessly in these times of high prices.—Nebraska Farmer.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

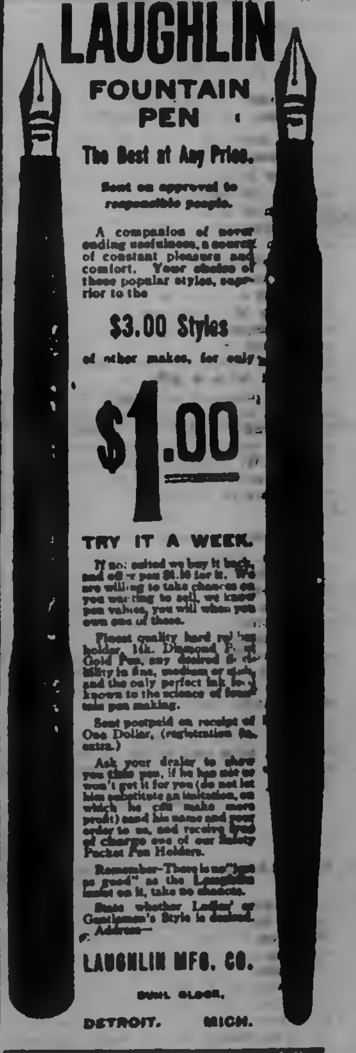
Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.



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FOUNTAIN PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.

Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 19, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—We have to thank Mr. J. J. Turner for copies of English papers.

—The Board of Works met last night to discuss business.

—There is a great deal of sickness in town at present.

—A son of Erin was up before the magistrate yesterday, charged with being drunk on Monday. He pleaded guilty and was discharged.

—Mr. Wm. Cornell, of Renboro, has purchased a house in Peterborough and taken up his residence here. Previous to his departure for Renboro he was entertained by the members of the C. O.O.F., of which he was a member, and presented with a gift.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiton's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

Grand Island Purchased

Messrs. McDougall, Brandon & Austin, of Fenelon Falls, have purchased Grand Island in Balsam Lake from the executors of the R. C. Smith estate. The island contains 1200 acres, 300 of which is totally cleared, the remainder being a good hardwood and hemlock bush. The land will all be cleared and the ground, which is a good quality soil, will be kept for a cattle ranch. It is estimated that the land has seven or eight thousand dollars' worth of timber on it, also a sawmill, barn and house. It is said the purchase money was in the neighborhood of $8,000.

GOLF CLUB BALL

Is Being Arranged to Take Place on Tuesday Evening April 1st

At a meeting of the Golf Club it was decided to give a grand ball in the Opera House on Tuesday, April 1st. A committee composed of Messrs. J. Crane, C. B. McAllister, H. C. Comphin, A. H. Stratton, D. Davidson, A. Turrill, A. A. Hollingshead, Dr. Greer and Dr. Neil, have been appointed to make all the arrangements. A slight change will be made this year. The refreshments will be served by a caterer. The prices of the tickets will be Ladies 60c, Gentlemen $1.50. It is the intention to engage the Glionna Orchestra, of Toronto, to furnish the music for dancing &c.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

St. John's Woman's Auxiliary Had a Most Successful Year

The annual meeting of the Womens' Auxiliary of St. John's church was held in the Guild Rooms on Monday afternoon. Mrs. Errett, president, occupied the chair.

The opening exercises were conducted by Rev. J. C. Davidson. The report of the Treasurer was taken up first. The receipts for the year amounted to $468.14, and from the Mission Board work $63.31 The report of the secretary was presented, and proved to be very satisfactory and interesting. A large amount of work had been done by the Auxiliary during the past year. The membership was now 62, which was a decrease from 1901. This fact was on account of people leaving the town. The number of leaflet subscribers was 66. In April last, a bale of goods was forwarded to the Indian hospital, Lytton, B.C. A number of articles in this bale were for sale, and the receipts to go toward the hospital fund. At the present time the ladies were sewing for a bale to be sent to Emmanuel College, Prince Albert, N. W. T., where there were a number of boys and girls aged from eight to eighteen years. In February, a high tea was held. A formal resolution had been passed in November, offering to assist the wardens and church officers in any efforts towards securing a rectory for the parish. This has been forwarded to the wardens with the suggestion that part of the Easter offering be used for that purpose.

The President made a short address, after which the election of officers took place, the result being as follows:

Hon. President—Mrs. Vernon.
President—Mrs. Burnell.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. J. C. Davidson.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Hammond.
3rd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Best.
Secretary—Mrs. John Manning.
Ass't Sec.—Miss English.
Treasurer—Miss Clark.
Sup't of Mission Band—Mrs. R. M. Dennistoun.
Assistants—Mrs. Stone, Miss Mearke, Mrs. Fessenden.

Refreshments were served, after which the meeting closed with devotional exercises.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. George Alexander, of Stratford, is in town for a few days.

—Mrs. J. Scott, of Gooderham, is visiting Mrs. F. Hopkins, Park Street.

—Mr. J. J. McGannon, representing Jas. Tassie Cigar Co., Montreal, was in town yesterday.

—Misses Lizzie and Clara Stewart, who have been visiting friends in Cavanville, have returned to their home in Otonabee.

—Mr. Owen A. Smiley, the well-known entertainer, and Mr. J. Macey, the eminent Boston basso, spent a few hours in town yesterday, on their way to Lindsay.

—Mr. H. R. H. Kenner, President of the Rugby Club, was presented with a handsome framed group photo of the team, as a mark of appreciation by the Club.

—Mr. Wm. Might, has received a letter from his son George, now in South Africa with the Canadian Mounted Rifles. George says the voyage was splendid and the boys all in good health.

Your Nerves are Weak

You sleep badly, appetite variable. You eat but gain no strength. Morning tiredness makes you wish it were night. When night comes refreshing sleep is hard to obtain. You're run down, your blood is thin and watery, your nerves have grown weak, the thought of effort wearies you. You need Ferrozone; it makes blood—red, strong blood. An appetite! You'll eat everything and digest it too. Strength! That's what plenty of food gives. Ferrozone gives hope, vigor, vim, endurance. Use Ferrozone and get strong. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

General - Sports.

The organization meeting of the Y. M. C. A. lacrosse team, was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall last night, and was well attended. Already about 25 have expressed their willingness to play on the Association team. The chair was occupied by Mr. Horace Ayers, Physical Director.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Hon. Pres.—Mr. Jas. Connel.
President—George Robertson.
Vice-Pres.—W. J. Frost.
Secy-Treas.—W. D. Campbell.
Captain—Geo. Robertson.
Team Committee—Messrs. Robertson, Frost and Kerr.
Executive Committee is composed of all the officers.

The colors of the association will be blue. The players will practice at the Nicholls oval.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Peterborough Lacrosse Club will be held in the Y.M.C.A. hall to-night.

TENNIS.

A meeting of the Y.M.C.A. tennis players will be held to-morrow evening. A large attendance is requested.

GO AS YOU PLEASE RACE

Syracuse, N.Y., March 18.—When the gong sounds at 8 o'clock to-night a dozen of the foremost pedestrians in the United States will take to the track in Taylor's Hall and begin a forty-five hour "go as you please" race. The affair is under the auspices of the Courtland Pedestrian Club and judging from the interest manifested in the arrangements the attendance will be large.

GOOD FIGHT PROGRAM

Chicago, Ill., March 19.—The Wabash Club has arranged a good programme for its boxing show to-night. Frank Erne is scheduled to go against Gus Gardner, and a heavyweight bout will be furnished by Jack McCormick and Fred Russell. McCormick was seen here in several bouts two years ago. His most sensational performance was a one-round knock-out of "Kid" McCoy, while he lost point decisions to Joe Choynski and Gus Ruhlin.

GOLDEN BROWN

The Color Sought in Coffee

When a person has been shown that a change in food and drink can make and keep one well it is a thing not likely to be forgotten.

Coffee is a "killer" for many people, and, of course, when left off, the user will probably regain a degree of health without any outside help but when Postum Food Coffee is used the return to health is much more rapid, for Postum is a distinct and well defined health builder with a delicious coffee flavor and a beautiful deep brown color that changes to golden brown when cream is added.

A Chicago man, Peter G. Holst, at 315 Englewood Ave., writes, "Reading in the paper the other day something about Postum Cereal, it awoke in me a reminiscent vein.

About five years ago, when I was a miserable dyspeptic, I first heard of Postum Cereal Coffee, and put it to a careful test.

I had been afflicted for years with chronic dyspepsia and all the medicines I had tried were in vain. One by one I had to leave them off and was in despair as to what I should do for relief.

My first taste of Postum was about ten o'clock one morning. I did not dare to take cream with it, for I knew what the result would be with my stomach. That is, I thought I did. I have since learned that cream can be taken in Postum even by bad dyspeptics, but I had my first taste with only hot water in it and a little sugar. The second cup followed the first and a third followed the second. I took my departure munching some of the Postum as I was determined to investigate its effects thoroughly.

That day I had no dinner and experienced no distressing sensations, on the contrary felt as though my appetite had been appeased.

The next day I began to use Postum regularly, and before the first package had been entirely used I discovered the most encouraging symptoms. The dyspepsia and headaches which I had been subject to daily, entirely disappeared, also the distressing vomiting spells. The bowels improved steadily and regularly.

I ate cautiously but was sustained by the Postum Coffee. After the first package I tried it with milk, then with cream, without experiencing the least inconvenience. Of course I was delighted and the future looked bright. From that first experience up to date my health has been splendid. I have increased in weight from 129 to 187 pounds, and can digest anything I desire. I can say honestly and cheerfully that I would recommend Postum to anyone suffering the tortures of dyspepsia."

HOW UNCLE SAM HELPS GREAT BRITAIN

The Success Against the Boers has Been a Question of Horses

WHICH AMERICA HAS SUPPLIED

Now Over 250,000 Horses in South Africa How the British Supply the Boers

New York, March 18.—The World says, "If Great Britain really rendered us great service in the Spanish war, we are certainly paying our debt with usury in helping her to chase down the unfortunate Boers. It may be said without exaggeration that the British could not have made even the small headway they have but for American aid. This aid has been rendered unobtrusively, and in the true commercial spirit, but it has been effective and probably indispensable. It has been given without open violation of international law, and has provoked no serious protest from the Boer republics, though it is doubtful if we could give such important aid to one European power against another without getting into serious trouble.

Success of the war against the Boers has been almost altogether a question of horses. The British army was absolutely helpless until it was mounted, and its continued efficiency has depended upon a continual supply of remounts. The British wear out horses as fast as they expend ammunition, and they have been obliged to draw upon the whole world to meet their requirements. There are now nearly 250,000 animals in service in South Africa, and the war does not seem much nearer an end than it was two years ago. If in any way the supply of horses should be stopped, the Boer chance of regaining independence would be very bright. In that case they would play with Kitchener as they played with Buller and Methuen.

Now the best horses and mules the British have been able to get anywhere have come from the United States. They are more effective and have more endurance. Some time ago reports showed that over 70,000 American animals had been purchased. These are not only better than others, but the supply seems unfailing, while other horse breeding countries are being drained. It is easy to understand why individual Boer sympathizers are so distressed by the shipment of horses from the lower Mississippi and threaten to attack the "British camp" there. Without the material furnished from this camp the prosecution of the war in South Africa would be seriously hampered.

It may be considered that we are dealing impartially with the Boers and Britons after all, because it is probable that a large number of the horses we sell to the British Government finally get into possession of the Boers. They must have got some thousands of horses and mules in the two raids of last week, and these four-legged prisoners are not released. It is well understood that the British supply the Boers liberally with arms, ammunition and supplies. It appears that they are supplying them with horses as well.

Princes Visit a Bluff

New York, March 19.—In spite of the frown which general comment upon the voyage of Prince Henry brings down upon any paper there appears, says the Berlin correspondent of The Herald, to be a growing tendency to refer to it, and to ask what practical result it has accomplished.

The hip-hip-hoorahing has been done and the handshaking is over. The practical German is asking, "Well what are we going to get out of it?"

Agrarians storm away the harder. They say "Germany has done enough for America; now it is the turn of America to do something for Germany."

The sober Tagliche Rundschau breaks ground, and writes about Americans thinking Prince Henry was, to use the Yankee's favorite term, a "Democratic Prince." To this that paper replies:

"The American, it is well known, prides himself in a very remarkable degree on the fact that he does not allow himself to be bluffed by any one or at any time. As a member of a poker nation he bluffs naturally. But to-day it is an open secret that Prince Henry bluffed his friends and hosts in quite an extraordinary way."

The Rheinische Westphalische takes the view that Germany is making herself ridiculous in pursuing this sort of a "pic-nic policy," which does not come within the realm of seriousness.

RETURN VISIT OF

PROF. O'BRIEN

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST AND THE ONLY RECOGNIZED SCIENTIFIC PALMIST.

Acknowledged by most intelligent and prominent people. His methods were approved of by judge and jury in the General Session, March 14th, 1901, which fact proves that scientific palmistry as practised by him has no connection with the vulgar fortune telling under the heading of astrology, tea cup tossing, card cutting, and the gipsies palm reading, who do not know the first principle of the theory.

Professor O'Brien's reputation is far and wide. People from every part of the world consult him. His patrons rank among judges M.P.'s, lawyers, clergymen of every denomination, intelligent priests doctors, bankers, students, mechanics, etc., etc.

Those who never had their head or hand delineated, should call at once on Prof. O'Brien. His delineations are graphic and instructive, and he always makes it a point to give the young people good and sound advice. Don't forget there is only one Prof. O'Brien.

In phrenology he is at the head of his profession, in palmistry he has no equal. Call for circular and see what the Catholic Register, News, Mail and Empire Globe, etc., all the leading Toronto papers say.

During his first visit in Peterborough [illegible] people were examined by him, and still they come as fast as ever, for they all know what Prof. O'Brien's abilities are.

Those wishing to consult him please come early and avoid disappointments as Prof. O'Brien can only remain in Peterborough a few days longer. A photo read free to patrons. Private office at [illegible] Hunter st. terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

SPARE ST. JACOBS OIL SUFFER RHEUMATIC PAINS

CHANDOS

—The rain of last week left the roads in bad shape, there being neither sleighing nor wheeling.

—The lumber camps are nearly all broken up for the season.

—Mr. Patrick Hobbins spent a few days at Coe Hill last week.

—Miss Kate Scott has returned to town. She had been spending some time at home.

—Mr. W. E. Scott has returned home from Coe Hill, where he has been working for Mr. James Scott.

Mr. Maurice O'Brien paid a flying visit to Coe Hill last Wednesday.

—Miss L. Scott was the guest of Mr. John Menogue last week.

—Mr. Stephen Scott has returned from Coe Hill, where he has been working for some time.

Ailing Women in Springtime Need the Strengthening and Nourishing Virtues of Paine's Celery Compound

A Case Where The Great Medicine Bestowed Vigor and Health After Months of Weakness and Suffering

Observing and intelligent women who have used Paine's Celery Compound have noted well the fact that as a spring medicine it quickly regulates the bowels, clears the whites of the eyes of that common jaundiced look and gives a bloom of health to the face that it never possessed before. Another important proof of the invigorating power of Paine's Celery Compound, is its effect on the pulse, which becomes full, firm and regular. Weak, exhausted, nervous, irritable and worried women find Paine's Celery Compound counteracts the exhausting strain of work and worry by its strong inducement to the delicate tissues to take more nourishment; it induces the nerves and brain to feed themselves more liberally, and it enriches the blood and regulates its flow. Mrs. A. R. Parsons, Sutton, P.Q., writes thus:

"Some time ago I had grip, which left me so lame and weak that for six months I could not get up without help. I told my husband that nothing else but Paine's Celery Compound could help me, after other medicines and the doctors had failed. After taking several bottles of Paine's Celery Compound I feel that I am cured. I can now walk and go up and down stairs with ease, and do all my housework. Under the blessing of God and your Paine's Celery Compound I am now well."

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to DR. D. HINKLY XX-20 Grand Rapids, Mich.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director
The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Teachers Wanted

Two female Teachers for Peterborough Public Schools, must have 2nd. Class Professional Certificate and experience in teaching. Applications received up to Monday, 24th. inst.

W. G. MORROW.
Secretary, Board of Education.

Wanted

Janitor for Collegiate Institute Building; duties to commence April 1st. Applications received up to Monday, 24th. inst.

W. G. MORROW.
Secretary, Board of Education.

Help Wanted.

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Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

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(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

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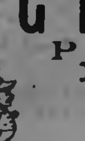

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

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If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

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If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

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VOL. 28 NO. 67 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MARCH 20 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GENERAL FRENCH'S DRIVE NOW IN FULL SWING.

Cape Colony Expected to be Free of Boers in Less Than a Month

THE BOER SUCCESSES ARE NOW UNIMPORTANT.

Delarey's Recent Captures Too Late to Have any Effect—The Situation Never So Bright from a British Point of View

London, March 20.—General French is now driving the commandoes to the westward in the Cape Colony. The blockhouse system has been extended to Beaufort West, and a few weeks will probably see Cape Colony cleared of the invaders. Although it is clear that each district must be laboriously and systematically clear, which will necessarily involve much time, yet the rate of progress promises to be much more rapid than might have been supposed.

The War Office announces that the various British columns in South Africa have accounted for 302 Boers since March 10, of whom 11 were killed and 155 made prisoners, and 136 surrendered.

Commandant Christian De Wet was recently at Fary's Drift, on the Vaal River, to the west of the line to Johannesburg.

Gen. Bruce Hamilton reports that he surprised Emmet's commando and captured Emmet (Cherry Emmet). His sister is the wife of Commander-in-Chief Louis Botha. They are descendants of the Irish leader, Robert Emmet.

Emmet led the Boer forces in the fight at Fort Itala, Zululand, last October.

Commandant Dubren has been captured, and Commandant Celliers, who unmasked a couple of 15-pounders and turned them on the British during a critical part of the fight between Methuen and Delarey, is reported wounded.

In the House of Commons to-day Secretary of War Brodrick stated that Field-Marshal Lord Wolseley had gone to South Africa entirely as a private citizen, and that he had made no communication to the War Office as to his intentions.

SITUATION NEVER BETTER.

London, March 20. — The correspondent of the Daily Mail wires: — "Although I am unable to give, for obvious reasons, exact details regarding the general operations of the troops in the field, I am glad to say that the situation is now more hopeful than it ever was before.

"With a thoroughness and zeal which are most admirable, the columns operating north-east of the Orange River are systematically clearing the country of some of the strongest centres of Boer resistance.

"Such operations, however, require an enormous number of troops, and it is a tribute to Lord Kitchener's strength that in spite of General Delarey's recent successes, the columns operating against General De Wet have not been weakened by a single man.

"It must be remembered that in conducting a war within so vast an area the number of troops has never been sufficient, a fact which few people at home realize. An army of a million men would not be excessive. Nor must the fact be lost sight of that our recent successes in Orange Colony, while owing much to the dash, zeal, and wisdom of the driving columns, are the result of long, hard, and patient work, which has now been strikingly rewarded. The capture of guns by General Delarey is unimportant at this stage of the war. The Boers seldom find use for captured guns — witness General De Wet's captures at Zwefontein, General Botha's at Brakenlaagte, and the seizure near the Bloemfontein water works last September. A battery of guns would be less useful to the Boer than a few thousand round of ammunition.

"The heavy rains which have recently fallen indicate an early and severe winter, which is always a factor, and local farmers say that the veldt fires, which will destroy the only available Boer forage, must, owing to the present condition of the veldt, be severe."

FEARS PRO-BOER ASSAULT

New Orleans, March 20.— The British Consul here, fearing an attack from the pro-Boer element, has applied to the authorities for police protection.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET

Madrid, March 20.— The new Cabinet formed by Senor Sagasta includes the Duke of Almodovar del Rio, General Weyler, the Duke of Veragua and Count de Romanones, who were, respectively, Ministers of Foreign Affairs, War, Marine, and Public Instruction in the last Ministry. The new members are Senor Canalejas, Minister of Agriculture; Senor Moret, Minister of the Interior; Senor Rodriganez, Minister of Finance, and Senor Montilla, Minister of Justice.

QUEEN EXPRESSING HER SYMPATHY

Cape Town, March 20. — Queen Alexandra has telegraphed to Mr. Cecil Rhodes expressing her sympathy for him in his illness. Her despatch concludes:— "I pray that God will restore your health."

King Edward, Lord Rosebery, and Gen. Kitchener, as well as many others, have also sent telegrams of sympathy.

Mr. Rhodes rallied slightly this evening. He takes nourishment well. He slept fairly during the day, and was rather better at eleven o'clock.

ARTILLERYMEN REBEL

London, March 20.— Something in the nature of a mutiny occurred yesterday in N Battery of the Royal Horse Artillery, at Aldershot. The greater part of the harness and saddlery was cut up and destroyed. A number of arrests were made. The trouble is alleged to have been due to a grievance against the non-commissioned officers of the battery.

Paine's Celery Compound Has the Approval of the Best Physicians

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IT CURES THE MOST DESPERATE CASES AFTER FAILURES WITH OTHER REMEDIES

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As a spring medicine, Paine's Celery Compound has no worthy competitor. The old "cures" one by one have dropped by the way, while Paine's Celery Compound has continued to gain in popularity, so that its present sales exceed all combined sales of other medicines.

If you are despondent, fretful, without appetite, bothered with kidney or liver troubles, we honestly urge the use of Paine's Celery Compound which is fully indorsed by America's best physicians.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Fair and turning milder.

Snow is falling in Eastern Quebec, and heavy rain in the Maritime Provinces; elsewhere generally fair weather prevails. The cold has moderated in the Northwest Territories, and milder conditions are indicated for to-morrow for the lake region, but not much change in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Valleys

PRINCE OF WALES OFFICIATES

The Formal Opening of the Physical Laboratory by the Prince

London, March 19.—In the presence of a large and representative gathering of scientific men, the Prince of Wales to-day performed the ceremony of opening the buildings of the National Physical Laboratory at Bushy House, Hampton Court. In an able and interesting address, his Royal Highness spoke of the high standing of the institution and of the world-wide importance of its scientific research.

The National Physical Laboratory, vested in the control of the Royal Society, and of which Lord Rayleigh is chairman, was established for the purpose of standardizing and verifying scientific instruments, for testing materials, and for carrying out chemical and physical investigations of practical value, the scheme of work being in a great measure based upon that adopted by the famous Physikalisch-Technische Reichsanstalt, at Charlottenburg.

—Do you read The Times?

MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA

A Splendid Report Submitted at the Thirty-second Annual Meeting

We call the attention of our readers to the annual report of the Mutual Life of Canada, which appears in to-day's issue. The result of the year's operations reveals an excellent state of affairs. It is safe to say that none of our most progressive institutions have made greater strides than the Mutual Life, a purely Canadian institution. In the year 1900 the total insurance written in Canada was $68,000,000, of which Canadian companies secured $38,000,000 and foreign companies $30,000,000. It is gratifying therefore, to find that Canadians are patronizing the home companies more largely, with the result that the growing wealth of our people remains here and helps to build up our own country.

The Mutual Life is, as its name implies, a purely mutual company, having no shareholders. It is now in its thirty-third year, thus having the advantage to be gained by long experience and stability through its large and well-invested funds. The insurance written last year was $4,071,869, all of which, except a trifling amount, was purely Canadian business, being exceeded by but one other company. The insurance in force now reaches the large sum of $31,718,031, while the assets are $5,757,822. The surplus over all liabilities, on the company's standard, is $379,970, and on the Government standard $605,470. A point worthy of special notice is the fact that the interest income exceeded the death claims last year by $67,307, and in the past five years by $185,609.

The large amount paid to policy-holders, $193,632, including $305,021 paid to living policy-holders for profits, endowments, etc., is perhaps the best proof that this is essentially a policyholders' company. Its progress can be most readily seen by the following items of gain over the previous year:—

Insurance in force	$2,190,605
Assets	675,897
Income	165,741
Surplus	69,620

The President, Mr. Robert Melvin, in pointing out these features, dwelt especially upon the fact that, notwithstanding the large transactions of the year, the expenses were $23,951 less than in 1900, being only 16 per cent. of the total income. This is the lowest expense ratio of all the companies doing business in Canada, and shows that, while the company made rapid and substantial progress, its affairs are prudently and economically administered.

The company is ably represented in Peterborough district by Mr. W. Kelsey Hall, No. 370 George street, who will be pleased to afford information to intending insurers.

PASTEURIZING MACHINE

A Machine from Denmark to Revolutionize Butter Making

St. Paul. Minn., March 20.—As a result of experiments recently conducted at the State Agricultural School, the pasteurizing machine recently imported from Denmark is pronounced a great success. The pasteurizer was brought to test in a broad and comprehensive way the efficiency of pasteurized cream in the manufacture of butter, both as to its flavor and its keeping qualities. Before the tests are completed practical experiments will be made in leading creameries of Minnesota, Iowa and the Dakotas. A close record will be kept of the work at each place, and when the records are completed, a comparison will be made of pasteurized cream, and that made in the ordinary way.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN'S BIRTHDAY

The Man Who Twice Ran for President now 42 Years Old

Lincoln, Neb., March 19.—William J. Bryan was the recipient of numerous congratulatory messages to-day, the occasion being the forty-second anniversary of his birth. The congratulations came from admirers in nearly every state and territory.

Malt Breakfast Food Comforts and Soothes the Weak Stomach

Malt Breakfast Food is always tolerated and retained by the weakest stomachs. Invalids and convalescents live on it after rejecting all other forms of food. The weak and delicate stomach easily assimilates it, as by the action of the Malt it is partially predigested, and ready to be taken up by the natural process of absorption.

Invalids and weak people are pleased to note that after a few meals of Malt Breakfast Food every function of the system is energized and invigorated. This great health food is unequalled to-day as a builder and strengthener for the weak and rundown. Medical men are daily prescribing Malt Breakfast Food for invalids and convalescents. Buy a package from your grocer and try it.

THE SESSION'S CLOSING HOURS

The session in Toronto—the last before election day—has brought out a clear distinction between the two parties. Whitney has no sympathy whatever with prohibition; Ross and his men in the last days of the session came down flat for it. No one man or two men of that party or cabinet can forestall or prevent the ultimate result. The Liberals have given a straight pledge to bring in and enforce prohibition if it is carried at the polls, and they will do it. We all know now what we have to expect. There is one feature of the contest which will develop later on; we refer to the going to the polls in November of the life-long professionals in the temperance line, who would gladly sacrifice temperance to party if they were able. If they do not vote they will be in an unpleasant situation, and if they do they must for once vote according to their professions. It is all like a dream to us. We find it hard to recognise some of our old friends in their new prohibition clothes. They do not seem to fit. But they will do to masquerade in—anything usually does for carnival purposes. Will the local liquor men stand by, as of work; or are they, too, in a perplexed condition? Judging by appearances, Hon. Mr. Stratton will get the temperance vote, and if, as we believe, the government goes in with a majority founded on "teetotal votes," it will naturally cling to the friends who put them in power, since what these friends did once they will be able to do again, and Power is the chief end of the politician, whiskey or no whiskey.

General - Sports.

The Peterborough ladies' hockey team journeyed to Lindsay yesterday to play a game with the young ladies of that town. A large crowd attended the match, and saw the Peterborough ladies defeat the home team by a score of 17 goals to 1. The success of the local team is marvellous, but what else can be expected, when of late, our sporting organizations have landed every championship they went out after.

THE RING.

New York, March 20.—The postponed bout between Johnny Burns of this city, and "Billy" Ryan, of Syracuse, is slated to come off to-night before the National Athletic club at New London, Conn. The two have signed to go 20 rounds at 126 pounds.

Items of Interest

London, March 20.—It will be possible to "ring-up Brussels" and to "speak with Antwerp" about two months hence.

The telephonic cable which is to make this possible is to be delivered by the cable-makers in a few days, and the authorities at the General Post Office, who are working in conjunction with the Belgian Government hope to lay it in about six weeks, if the weather is not too rough.

The cable, which will be the longest telephone cable in existence, will run from St. Margaret's Bay, near Dover, to La Panne, a point near Ostend, a distance of fifty-six miles.

The promoters believe that when the cable is completed it will be as easy for a person in London to converse with a friend or business acquaintance in Brussels or Antwerp as it now is to talk with a correspondent in Paris.

Except on rare occasions, when there is heavy weather in the Channel or some other cause of defect, persons, talking over the wire between London and Paris can hear one another as distinctly as if they were in one room together, and the authorities state that there is no reason why it should not be the same in the case of Antwerp and Brussels.

Telephone experts say that many other parts of the Continent could easily be linked to London by telephone, but the Post Office authorities prefer to wait until the Brussels and Antwerp scheme is an accomplished fact before discussing further openings.

BOER ESCAPED IN A BOX

London, March 20.— A despatch from St. Helena says,—"The prisoner of war—Commandant Smorenbery—who escaped in a box, and was put ashore by the steamer at Ascension, was brought back to the island by the flagship Gibraltar, and was lodged in the civil goal. A military court of inquiry, lasting two days, at which the prisoner was present and heard all the evidence given, was held into the matter, but nothing definite is known of the result, as everything is kept strictly private and the prisoner returned to Dead wood Camp. Any way, it has leaked out that he was released by the court because, although as an officer he had parole on certain days of the week, he was not on parole when he attempted to escape, but got into the box inside of the camp, and was sent away."

ENGINEERS DEVISING PLANS

London, March 20.—British engineers are busy devising plans to defeat foreign competition, especially American, and much is expected from the deliberations of the Engineering Standards Committee, which commenced its sitting yesterday at the Institution of Civil Engineers. The conference was attended by many of the leading consulting engineers locomotive manufacturers, and representatives of the Indian and Colonial Governments, and the chief points under consideration were (1) the desirability of the standardisation of locomotives; and (2) granted that, should the standardisation be of general design or only of component parts? The practicability of defining the quantity of the materials used in locomotive construction was also discussed.

DEFENCE OF THE COAST.

London, March 20.—A new branch of home defence will shortly be opened for the volunteers of the country by the formation of a new Special Service Volunteer Corps for Coast Defence. The corps will probably be formed in the first instance from men of the Volunteer, Engineer, and Infantry corps, and their duties will be to man the defences of the home ports, especially with a view to the repelling of torpedo-boat attacks. They will be taught the construction of booms and how to deal with submarine mines Brennan torpedoes and other means of defence of shipping and harbors By these orders the present military districts will be merged in six army corps commands, but for administrative purposes in peace time will be retained as subdivisions of their respective army corps.

Berlin, March 19. — The crusade against the Spiritists has begun. Frau Rothe, her impresario, a certain Jentsch, and two other persons, all leading lights in Berlin Spiritist circles, have been arrested on the charge of deception at a seance yesterday. Two policemen managed to smuggle themselves into the meeting at which Frau Rothe was announced to communicate with the spirit world. After several experiments, during which Frau Rothe communicated several ridiculous messages from departed persons, white narcissus and other flowers began to rain on those present. This was the moment chosen by the police for laying sacrilegious hands on Frau Rothe. On her person were found flowers, oranges, apples, and an ingenious mechanism. There was an excited scene, but Rothe and her fellow-conspirators had to proceed to the police offices. The police evidently mean to proceed to extremities against these people. It is expected that a raid will be shortly made on Christian Scientists.

London, March 19.—The death is announced of the oldest peer of the realm, the Earl of Perth and Melfort. He was born on May 6, 1807, and would therefore in two months' time have celebrated his 95th birthday. He had lived in five reigns, and for many years had been engaged in litigation, without success, to recover the old family estates. He was educated in France and Scotland, and served in the 93rd Sutherland Highlanders, of which he was captain at the early age of eighteen.

TWO LARGE DEPUTATIONS

Waited on the Committee of the Whole Council Last Night

The Council met in Committee of the Whole Council last night, and received two very large deputations, one from the Retail Merchants' Association, and the other from the Federation of Labor.

The first deputation to interview the committee was that of the Merchants Association, which was composed of about twenty merchants, representing the different lines of business. The speakers were Messrs. Robt. Fair, D. W. Dumble and A. W. Cressman. The object of the deputation was to ask the council to alter the hour the market would be open to the merchants. At the present time, the merchants are not allowed to go on the market and buy produce for their stores until after 11 o'clock. This leaves the hour for the market to be over until a time when many of the clerks have gone home to lunch. At this hour the stores are generally crowded with shoppers, and business is very congested. The association asked that the hour be changed to 10 o'clock, claiming this would allow the market to be over earlier, and allow the shoppers to get the rush of their business over before lunch hour. In corresponding with other towns in Ontario, Mr. Cressman stated that he found that the markets were opened much earlier than here. In some cases it was as early as 8.30 or 9 o'clock, and in very few cases later than 9.30.

After fully considering the arguments put forth, the Council in Committee decided to grant the request of the deputation, and as a result, merchants will be allowed to go on market and purchase whatever they wish after ten o'clock.

LABOR DELEGATION.

A large delegation of labor men waited on the committee in support of the communication sent to the council by the Labor Union, relating to the scale of wages they would ask for laborers employed by the town. Messrs. Wm. Henry, Geo. Bull, and other prominent labor men spoke in support of the scale asked. The council listened to the arguments, and at times different members asked questions which were answered by the speakers. It is not likely that much opposition will be raised to the demands, as the members of the council fully realize that it is almost impossible to secure non-union labor at the present time, owing to the popularity and rapid growth of the union. The matter will receive the careful consideration of the council, and the result will be made known at the next meeting of the council

BOER LOSSES OVER 300 IN ATTACK ON METHUEN

Enemy's First Attack Made in a Storm of Bullet and Shell--Glad to be Captured

DECLARES HIS LIFE IN DANGER IN NEW ORLEANS

George Van Sittart Asks for Protection Against Designing Pro-Boers Who are Hovering About His Premises Day and Night

London, Wednesday, March 19.— The Standard's Pretoria correspondent, supplementing his despatch of yesterday, again testifies to the courage of the Boers who routed Gen. Methuen's column. He says that their first charge was made in open face of a storm of bullets and shell, which hardly caused a single falter in their rapid advance. The best disciplined troops could have done nothing better. He adds that General Delarey allowed General Methuen to keep all his papers.

The losses of the Boers were very heavy. Only 11 dead were seen near the British lines, but it has transpired from a Boer source that they lost 300 killed or wounded.

GLAD TO BE CAPTURED

London, March 20.— A despatch from Harrismith, Orange Colony, says:— The 560 Boers who surrendered at the end of the great drive belonged to Meyer's commando, and were mostly Transvaalers who had been driven south from the neighborhood of Heidelberg.

What was most noticeable about the prisoners was the cheerfulness, almost the gaiety, of the rank and file. Only some of the leaders appeared sad and depressed.

A NOTED CAPTURE.

London, March 19.—Cooper, the chief telegraphist of General Botha, who was recently reported captured, was one of the most dangerous men in the field on the Boer side. His specialty was "wire-tapping." In the last edition of the Transvaal official almanac he was described as "Under-Director" of the Telegraph Department.

DECLARES LIFE IN DANGER

New Orleans, La., March 20 George Van Sittart, British Consul at New Orleans, declares his life and property are in danger from the Boers and Boer sympathizers in the city, and has appealed to the Mayor and police for protection. He says anonymous letters have grown much more numerous and threatening of late, and that dangerous and suspicious men constantly stand around his consular office, as well as his house, contemplating, he believes, an attack on him. He asked, therefore, that a police force be stationed at both places. Chief of Police Journee promised to investigate and if there are any good grounds for Mr. Van Sittart's fear the request for protection will be granted. Police protection has been recently granted the British mule stations here, at the request of Stave Hay.

He is a Cape Colonist by birth and an Englishman by blood, but he became a naturalized burgher many years ago on joining the Transvaal service, and speedily obtained promotion. Violently anti-British in sentiment, he was one of the first officials to leave for the front. Surrendered burghers brought into Pretoria state that Cooper was regarded by Gen. Delarey as one of the most useful men in the field, and the success of many of this general's achievements is to be attributed in great measure to his skill and daring.

London, March 20.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that King Edward may be congratulated on his decision not to visit France. The parties opposing the Government are in paroxysms of mad ambition to win in the approaching general election and are ready to do anything to embarrass the Government. The situation is the same as when the King of Spain was insulted in 1883, King Edward is wise to avoid any chance of a disagreeable incident.

GENERAL GALLIENI AND HIS LINE

London, March 20.—A despatch to The Times says that General Gallieni is actively pushing his railroad toward the east coast of Madagascar. The locomotives, carriages, and rails have been landed at Tamatave.

FRENCH MONKS WERE FINED.

London, March 20.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that at Montbrison two fathers of the Hermitage community, which did not apply for authorization under the law of associations, were fined seventy-five francs each. The community has been dissolved.

BRITISH OFFICERS BEGUILED BY A FAIR SPY SENT BY BOERS BEFORE BATTLE

Military Paper in London Calls for an Inquiry--Enemy Knew the Plans of the British--A Straight Charge Made

London, March 20.—The Military Mail, a well posted paper, devoted to the army service, prints the following:

A story reaches us as to the real reason for General Sir Redvers Buller's repulse at Colenso that, if it did not come from a usually well-informed source, and was absolutely vouched for in every particular by our informant, we should hesitate to publish. As it is, we give it under all reserve, neither accepting it nor rejecting it, in the hope that something authoritative may be given in reply which shall either disprove its correctness, as we hope and trust, or else place its correctness beyond the possibility of doubt.

A CHARMING LADY.

It is stated by our informant that a week or two prior to General Buller's ill-fated attempt to force a passage of the Colenso, and so leave the way clear for a speedy relief of the gallant but sorely-tried garrison of Ladysmith, a lady—not exactly young, but undeniably charming in person and manner, well educated, and accustomed to moving in the highest society—arrived in the British headquarter camp, where she proceeded to install herself, and introduce her self to the higher-placed officers from the General commanding downwards. Her name she gave as Mrs.—— but where she came from and what her business was she did not state, nor—astonishing as it may sound — did it dawn on anyone to ask her. Being practically the only representative of the fair sex in the camp, with the exception of a few wives of some of the officers, she was made heartily welcome, and she soon ingratiated herself among the officers. She was a fearless rider, and evidently possessed an intimate knowledge of the surrounding country. Incidentally she was able to give the Intelligence Department much information, on which they were not slow to act.

A SOCIAL LIONESS.

To say that this fascinating lady became a universal favorite is to put the case very mildly. Morning, noon, and night she was riding or walking with members of the Headquarters Staff, while invitations to luncheon, tea, and dinner were literally showered upon her. Things went on in this fashion until active preparations in the camp told that the general move forward to assault the Boer position was at length beginning. Then, one fine morning, Mrs. —— was missing: she had vanished as mysteriously as she had come, taking with her the amount of information which the too-trusting British officers had imparted to her, with the result that when General Buller reached the banks of the river he found that his every move was known to the enemy, who were waiting for him at every part selected for attack. Information gained some time after Lord Roberts had entered Pretoria shows that Mrs. — — was seen

IN THE BOER CAMP,

conversing with the leaders the night before Colenso, and on the morning of the battle. Incidentally it has been found out that she was one of the best trusted and most skilful spies in the service of the Transvaal. Certain it is that she completely deceived the members of General Buller's staff, and wormed out of them all they knew of their leaders' plans.

Such is the story as it reaches us. As we have said, we cannot bring ourselves to believe that British officers could so far forget their duty to the army and their country as to babble secrets to an unknown visitor to the camp, but certainly the matter ought to be cleared up one way or the other. We have been able from independent sources to confirm the above narrative, so far as the presence of a mysterious lady of undeniable charms in the British camp is concerned.

FROM A STRONG SOURCE.

The statement we are enabled to publish, however, is so circumstantial, that it cannot be lightly passed over, and the fullest enquiry into the affair should at once be made. At present the reputation of every officer who was with General Buller in the British camp lies under a stain, and in their interest alone the story should be either authoritatively denied or confirmed. For ourselves, our position is that of suspended judgment. That there was at times lamentable slackness among the Headquarters staff of the Natal army has long been known, and, indeed, has been more or less common knowledge. Several unpleasant stories of staff officers idling away their time tea-drinking and card playing when the situation demanded that they should be in the field have reached us, and we fear that in some quarters we have incurred some amount of disfavor by refusing to publish these.

Things are altogether different in the present case, however. Here the writer of the information not only volunteered to sign his account, but gave us such a wealth of detail and corroborative evidence that we did not feel any longer justified in withholding the story from publication. Our informant, who, by the way, bears a very well-known name both in and out the service, is even prepared, if challenged, to produce the names of the staff officers eagerly in the company of this alluring spy from the Boer lines.

BIG SHIP'S TRIAL TRIP

Largest Vessel Ever Built in America to Sail To-Day

Newport News, Va., March 20.—This is the date set for the trial trip of the mammoth steamship Korea, recently completed by the Newport News shipbuilding company. The Korea was built for the Pacific Mail Line and, with the single exception of the American Line's steamship Kroonland, launched a few weeks ago at Cramps, it is the largest vessel ever built in America.

FOOD CURE

The True Way to Get Well

The tales told of how food will make people well are nearly always interesting. A young lady in Cleveland, O., says: "I had an attack of nervous prostration and finally had to give up and go to bed. Did not know what was the matter with me. My physician told me that I should take a trip, and a favorite auntie, who was at that time a visitor at my home, urged me to return with her. The doctor said I might get out of bed in a few days, and so, although I was still very weak, I made the journey, which was a short one, to Cleveland.

There I gave out again and had neuralgia badly in addition to my other nervous troubles. While in this condition I was urged to change my food and try Grape-Nuts. I had tried Grape-Nuts at home, but did not like them because I did not use them right, having put hot water on them, but under the advice of a friend I started in on Grape-Nuts and cream or very rich milk. That was a different story and I enjoyed the food greatly.

In a few days I began to get strong and lost the desire to lie down. I forgot to tell you that I had been suffering also from dyspepsia. This gradually left when I had Grape-Nuts Food for breakfast and supper.

Shortly after, I began to put on flesh and went up from 115 pounds to 120 1-2 in about six weeks. When I returned home all my friends remarked on my improved appearance, and the vigor and strength I had regained paid me well for my food experiment.

In addition to strength of body I noticed a remarkable improvement in my mental strength. It was a pleasure to me to read and think and great big worries that would have put me to bed in my former condition slipped off as easily without oppressing me at all. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 20, 1902.

NOTE AND COMMENT

The disaster to Lord Methuen's force is a very unfortunate affair, but it will have no more effect on the ultimate result in South Africa than a bad railway accident would have.

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The Provincial Legislature having wrestled with the budget question, Parliament will next week tackle the budget.

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It begins to look as if the municipalities had some rights the Bell Telephone monopoly is bound to respect.

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In connection with municipal telephone systems, which are being established at Tunbridge Wells, Rushden, Cardiff, Aberdeen, Wellingboro and many other cities and towns in Great Britain the Government has a regulation that when the number of local subscribers reaches half the number of those of the National Telephone Company the latter shall be obliged to let the municipal company use its long-distance lines. This provision, or one similar to it, might with advantage be incorporated in the new government bill in Canada, provided there is no danger of making the bill "too good to pass parliament."

Items of Interest

Compton, March 18.—Some days since there appeared from this place a fictitious news item in the city papers stating that a suicide club had been organized in the Tar Ridge neighborhood of this county, and that W. P. Pelfrey, of this place, was the president of the club, and as a result Pelfrey has received a warm letter from Miss Claudia Beam, of Nashville, Tenn., requesting him to abandon the presidency of the club and go to Tennessee to get a wife if he was unable to find a Kentucky belle to suit him.

Pelfrey is well known here. He is a single man, of middle age, and is a carpenter by trade. When seen by The Evening Post correspondent he said he had written Miss Beam the following letter as a response:—

"Dear Miss Beam,—Your letter advising me to abandon the presidency of the Suicide Club and go to Tennessee to get a wife has been received. I am convinced that your advice is very timely, and every impulse of my nature demands that I now ask you to fix a date when you and I may be united in the holy bonds of matrimony. You are the very girl I am after, and do please fix a time not far distant when our hearts may beat as one."

Pelfrey says if he gets a favorable answer he stands able, ready and willing to carry the proposition into immediate effect.

CAPTURED THE TOWN

Port of Spain, Trinidad, March 18. — A force of Venezuelan insurgents, supported by the revolutionary steamer Bolivar (also referred to as the Libertador), captured the town of Juan Griego, on the island of Margarita, yesterday morning, and afterwards moved on the town of Asuncion, capital of the island, which forms the State of Nueva Esparta. The Venezuelan Government troops were defeated, and there was every indication that the insurgents would soon be masters of the whole island.

A clause in the new School Act provides that in cases where pupils attend high schools in adjacent counties the counties must pay for their maintenance to the boards of the schools which such pupils attend. Another provision is to the effect that County Councils may make additional grants for the maintenance of one school, without making the same to all others in the county, the object being to aid weak schools. It was also provided that a clause should be added to the act providing that "towns separate from counties must contribute for the maintenance of high schools within the county."

• • • •

The results of Prince Henry's diplomatic visit to the United States are already becoming apparent. Already Miss Alice Roosevelt has decided not to attend the coronation of King Edward VII. Depression reigns at the court of St. James in view of this diplomatic coup and there is some talk of declaring the event off.

Information For the Farmer.

Fifty Fowls Enough.

On nearly all farms, except where special attention is given to poultry culture, I would say, keep fifty fowls of one variety, and no more. See that these are good ones, and try each year to improve on them by bringing in some fresh blood from a good strain, and by keeping over only the best of what you have raised yourself. After following this plan for a few years, I am sure you will not return to the old way of over-stocking the place with scrub fowls. The same careful attention should be given to the feeding and care of the poultry as to other stock on the farm, and to insure such attention and make this branch a success, some one of the family should take the matter in hand and see to it that the poultry-house is kept clean, the hens fed regularly, and as far as possible all the waste of the family table, the dairy and the field is turned into eggs and meat.—Poultry Monthly.

Do Poultry Spread Diphtheria?

Do poultry spread diphtheria? is a question which has been raised in one of the Provincial papers, says The Sanitary Record. The possibility of infection from this source, when the filthy conditions under which fowls are often kept are considered, is by no means remote. As every poultry-keeper knows, fowls are peculiarly subject to a disease which is analogous to diphtheria in man, known as diphtheritic croup or "canker." This is produced by filthy surroundings, and is so infectious that, once it gets thoroughly hold of a pen of birds, it kills them off in scores, and there is the utmost difficulty in stamping it out. Children, as we know, are particularly fond of playing in the vicinity of poultry runs, and it is to be feared that poultry-keepers are not as careful as they might be in isolating birds that are sick. It has been suggested that fowl-runs should be placed under sanitary control, and that when disease breaks out the authorities should be notified; but the necessity for going as far as this might, we think, be obviated if the poultry papers would only impress upon their readers the necessity for observing better sanitary conditions and isolation in all cases of sickness.

Breeds Which do not Make Headway

There are a few most excellent breeds which never seem to make any headway in this country, for the simple reason that their good qualities, sometimes even their very name, are unknown to the great majority of poultry-breeders; and that they are, and generally have been, in the hands of only a few breeders in this country. A notable example of this kind is the Creve Coeur. Now, there is nothing really against the Creve at all. At one time it was supposed to be a soft fowl, but as a breed this was not correct. It, indeed, possesses sufficient hardness to lay very well in winter, and any breed which can number this among its characteristics is not entitled to be called soft. As a matter of fact, Creves are very good layers, and they produce extra large eggs, too, quite as large as any that may be generally found. They are non-sitters also; very rarely does any specimen show signs of broodiness. They are large, square built birds, short in leg and neck, lustrous black in plumage and crest, dark legs, long, deep breast bones, and quality and quantity of flesh of extra high order. A well fed Creve makes a most substantial as well as a dainty dish on the table. Few breeds possess whiter flesh, or that of more deliciously juicy quality.

For crossing purposes I like Creves specially well. If it is table birds you want, then mate up with Dorking, Buff Orpington, or Indian Game hens, or half-bred hens of these varieties. Even barn-door mongrels of no particular parentage, if short on leg, square-bodied and long-keeled, will make very good all-round crosses with Creve Coeurs. Good all-round birds are produced when crossed with Langshan, Wyandotte, or Scotch Grey hens. The Creve is really worthy of a better cultivation.—R. G., in Farmer and Stockbreeder.

Sheep Scab.

Among the acts of the last session of the Indiana Legislature was one making it compulsory to dip all scabby sheep. The object is to stamp out this expensive but unnecessary disease.

Scab is produced by an itch mite, that causes itching, rubbing, pulling and shedding the wool, causing a bare and scabby skin. The parasite cannot live for any great length of time off the skin, and does not thrive on any other animal. It is therefore possible to stamp out the disease by killing all mites by dipping. Solutions of tobacco, lime and sulphur and arsenic are effective for this purpose. The tobacco solutions have preference. They may be made by taking from twenty to twenty-five pounds of tobacco leaves and stems and soaking for one day in sufficient water to cover. Then boil for an hour and draw off after six hours. Dilute to one hundred gallons. Add twenty pounds of sulphur and use while warm. The lime and sulphur dip may be made by slacking eight pounds of lime in some water, adding twenty-four pounds of sulphur and diluting to one hundred gallons. It is troublesome to prepare the tobacco solution, and is about as cheap to buy the extract ready for use. The lime and sulphur dip is injurious to the wool. It requires on an average one and a half gallons of dip solution per head for more than twenty-five head. The second dipping is necessary at the tenth day, so that the cost for material must be reckoned at about five cents to seven cents per head. The coal tar or creolin dips are excellent for ticks, but not as effective as they should be for scab.—New England Farmer.

One of the London, England, dailies had a French despatch the other day which may have an interest for financiers at the City Hall. Under date line of Dunkirk, Jan. 12, it read:—

At the meeting of the Municipal Council on Friday the accounts for the fetes in connection with the Czar's recent visit to Dunkirk were submitted.

A provisional credit of £2,000 had been unanimously voted; but the amount expended was £5,000, and it was announced that the State has refused to allow anything towards these expenses.

There remained, therefore, nothing but to vote the balance of £3,000, the Secretary of the council remarking that in the interests of the finances of the town it was to be hoped that the Czar would not come to Dunkirk again.

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Curious Bits of News.

A train of twelve refrigerator cars, carrying nothing but eggs—about two millions of them—recently made the run from Newton, Kansas, to San Francisco.

One of the most remarkable clubs of modern times has its headquarters in Almeda, California. It is known as the "Old Men's Singing Club," no one being admitted to it who has not the gift of song and who has not passed at least his sixty-fifth birthday. The club has 161 members, with an aggregate age of 6,000 years.

The great Simplon tunnel under the Alps from the valley of the Rhone into Italy is about half finished, and it is now believed that it will be ready for traffic within two and a half years. Its cost will be $14,000,000, and this enormous expense has been incurred to shorten the road between Paris and Milan only 50 miles and to save grades of fifteen hundred feet. The length of the completed tunnel will exceed twelve miles.

An editorial writer with a taste for statistics has given to this waiting world a statement in which women may feel some interest. He declares that he recently stood in a crowded thoroughfare of a large city and listened to "scraps of conversation" of fifty women who passed him. Of these fifty women, four were talking about cooking and recipes; seven, about babies; twelve were discussing men and love affairs; and from the lips of twenty-seven rippled remarks about clothes.

Miss Eliene Jaqua, a well-known vocalist of Brooklyn, N.Y., is the first person to possess a glass gown which can actually be worn and not once only. It is of spun glass, made in Dresden, Germany, and was modelled and cut in Paris. At the Chicago Exposition in '93 there was a glass dress exhibited, which became the property of the Infanta Eulalie, but it was only for show and could not be worn. A full description of Miss Jaqua's glass gown is given in the "Strand Magazine" for February.

The Chicago "Tribune's" record of legal executions and lynchings in the United States in 1901 shows that 118 persons were executed and 135 were lynched. Of those executed 71 were negroes, and of those lynched, 107. The executions were one fewer than in 1900, and the lynchings were 20 more. It is noticeable that of the lynchings only 39 were for murder and 19 for criminal assault, leaving a remainder of 77 persons lynched for minor crimes. It is noticeable also that the number of lynchings in the Northern States increased from 8 in 1900 to 14 in 1901.

Chief Engineer Emil Prinwitz of the North German Lloyd steamship "Kronprins Wilhelm," is experimenting with a new arrangement which he has placed in the ship for use in case of a collision. A small wheel abaft the pilot-house is turned, and instantly hydraulic pressure closes twenty water-tight doors in the lower part of the ship, making sixteen water-tight compartments. The fact that all the doors are closed is instantly shown on an electric dial, on which the numbers of the doors and their location are printed. The sixteen water-tight rooms are more than enough to float the vessel in case any part of her hull is punctured. The experiments show that not more than two minutes is required to render the "Kronprins Wilhelm" unsinkable.

Anticipated the Permission.

MINISTERS have many interesting and amusing experiences.

A clergyman of Duluth, Minn., was engaged in conversation with a number of friends the other day, when each started telling stories of weddings he had performed. One of the party had this to offer:

Some time ago a great big fellow, roughly dressed, and a wee mite of a young woman came to him. They had no witnesses, and, in fact, did not care to have any. Nevertheless, a bridesmaid and groomsman were selected from the household and the ceremony began. They had promised to love and obey and all the rest of the service, when the preacher announced: "Kiss the bride."

The bridegroom, on bended knee, hesitated a little, tried to say something and couldn't.

"Kiss the bride," said the pastor.

"Why, parson, I did, afore I come here at all," replied the bridegroom, whose face had taken the color of a June rose.

The witnesses burst forth in laughter, while the minister had all he could do to retain the serious expression which he always wore when wedding people.

Old Age.

PROFESSOR JOWETT, the great master of Balliol College, had wise words to speak on the crucial topic of growing old. He wrote to a friend:

"The later years of life appear to me, from a certain point of view, to be the best. They are less disturbed by care and the world; we begin to understand that things really never did matter so much as we supposed, and we are able to see them more in their true proportion, instead of being overwhelmed by them. We are more resigned to the will of God, neither afraid to depart nor overanxious to stay. We cannot see into another life, but we believe, with an inextinguishable hope, that there is something still reserved for us."

It is worth while to remember his hints for old age, full, as they are, of a practical wisdom:

Beware of the coming on of age, for it will not be defied.

A man cannot become young by overexerting himself.

A man of sixty should lead a quiet, open-air life.

He should collect the young about him.

He should set other men to work.

He ought, at sixty, to have acquired authority, reticence and freedom from personality.

He may truly think of the last years of life as being the best, and every year as better than the last, if he knows how to use it.

Mrs. McVicars—Aye, my Jennie's wee Johnny went wi' the Sabbath-skill's picnic, and he got awa doon by the water-side and fell in, and they havena found his body yet. Mrs. Paterson—Oh, lost me! And he'd have his best claes on, too.—"Moonshine."

Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

A Contrast.

IN an article in the "Arena" for February, Eltweed Pomeroy writes of English and French national traits as shown in their deliberative assemblies—the House of Commons and the Chamber of Deputies respectively. Describing a visit to the latter, Mr. Pomeroy writes:

"The hands of the two big clocks—there must be one on each side to balance—approach two. A minute later the ushers, in full dress, each with a metal chain around his neck, arrange themselves in a row; the head usher announces in a loud voice to the few Deputies already there: 'Monsieur le President!' and the elegant Paul Deschanel enters and ascends to his seat on the third platform. The hall fills with Deputies. The audience quiets down. Without any roll-call, reading of minutes, or other preliminary, the President announces that Deputy Berry will speak.

"A stocky, businesslike Frenchman ascends the tribune. At first he speaks calmly, but, soon warming up, he expostulates, implores, entreats, commands, exhorts. Gestures are frequent and emphatic. It is an oration. A sharp remark starts a question from one side. M. Berry answers it. Another and another follow in rapid succession. A member stops walking in front and begins an excited explanation. Twelve or fifteen Deputies are talking at once. M. Berry shrugs his shoulders with an eloquent gesture of despair—as only a Frenchman can shrug. The President raps hard on the table; he rings his bell again and again, rises, and calls out: 'Attention, gentlemen!' The hubbub subsides and then renews. The President pleads with them: 'It is Monsieur Berry who speaks, gentlemen! Hear him!' His hands are extended in entreaty. His voice has tears in it. He assumes the most graceful, nonchalant, and pleading attitude. The speaker below him has stopped with a most patient and resigned air. A stalwart usher comes to the front and shouts 'Silence!' In the lull that follows, M. Berry makes the mistake of saying he could sing something that would convince them. At once the shout, 'Chantant! Chantant!' ('Sing! Sing!') goes up all over the house. Nothing can be heard in the din till M. Berry begins to talk in stentorian tones and gesticulates wildly and ends in an eloquent climax, which brings silence out of mere curiosity to hear him. A vote is taken and his motion is carried. Despite the noise, oratory, and hubbub, the body moves and action is taken. An Englishman is bewildered and scandalized by the tumult. He does not understand the French love of a sensational effect and of display.

"President Deschanel has just been married. A little later, a witty Deputy in the course of his speech said, 'I am a benedick,' with a significant wave of his hand backward. At once a fusillade of questions were fired at him—why was he a benedick? how long would he stay a benedick? was it good to be a benedick? The President arose, explained, pleaded, expostulated in a most pathetic and heart-rending manner. The orator talked below. The witty questions, bon-mots, and laughter scintillated across the floor. The audience in the boxes applauded and watched the actors through their opera-glasses. Ushers came out and shouted, 'Silence! Silence!' but no one paid any attention to them. It was as good as a circus. They were all actors, and acting with a verve, grace, and effectiveness utterly alien to the Anglo-Saxon."

Turning to the British House of Commons, Mr. Pomeroy says that a policeman points the visitor through a magnificent hall into an equally magnificent octagonal lobby without any seats in it. Halls leading out of it have seats, but a policeman tells you visitors are not allowed to sit on them. Policemen are everywhere, and they act as if they were the chief ornaments of the building. Even a member of the House must get a special permit to take a lady with the visiting party into the House restaurant. "While we are discussing the Parliament-toasted buns and tea, we notice a sentry pacing up and down on the outside terrace. On enquiry we find he was put there years ago, when the dynamite outrages stirred parliamentary sloth. The idea was that dynamite might be thrown from a boat on the river and destroy the buildings. He still paces."

Illustrating this characteristic worship of precedent, the writer says that his friend, Mr. Corrie Grant, member for Leicester, cited a couple of interesting facts. On entering the chamber, every member bows three times. At first Mr. Grant thought they were bowing to the Speaker, as representing the dignity of the House. But one day he noticed the Speaker himself bowed three times on entering. He enquired, but no one seemed to know the reason for this rule. The English in him became aroused and he went digging to find out. After a good deal of antiquarian research, he found that centuries ago, in the time of Henry VIII., the House of Commons met in St. Stephen's chapel, which of course was Roman Catholic, as that was then the State and all-prevailing religion. At the upper end was an altar, and everyone coming in bowed three times to the Holy Trinity—to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost. They no longer meet in St. Stephen's chapel; the religion is gone; the altar is gone; the real reason for the rule is gone—but they still bow three times on entering.

Again, "in the House of Commons the members sit on benches without any desks. These benches run up and down the hall, and an aisle runs up the center. The Government members sit on one side and the Opposition on the other. They thus face each other. There are only enough seats for about a third of the members. That also is English. The arrangement of seats is awkward for speaking, but it is 'old.' Down each side of the aisle runs a narrow strip of red carpet. Should a member in talking overstep this red carpet, he is called to order and moves back. The two strips of red carpet are just a little farther apart than the length of a sword and the sword arm. They are a relic of the time when the armed knights sat on either side of the house and a member was forbidden to overstep this red carpet lest in the heat of debate he should draw his sword and injure or be injured. The swords have gone ages ago, and the violence of that mediaeval debate, but the red carpet and the rule without reason remains."

No laborer who puts thought into his work need have any fear of ever being displaced by a machine.

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

THE GHOST

Of our boyhood resolved itself to an old tree when we had courage to examine it. Manhood has its ghosts, which, to the man who has courage to confront them, prove to be as harmless as the ghosts of boyhood.

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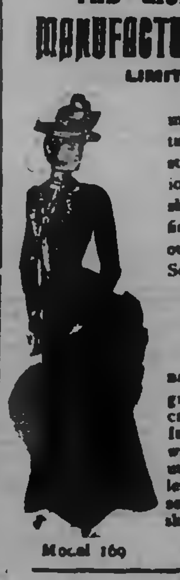

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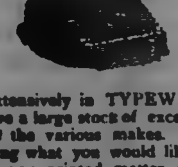

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REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

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Anecdotal.

As a preface to his attack upon the recent army appointments in England, Rudyard Kipling tells a story of a man who was carrying a bag, and of whom a fellow-traveler asked what it was that the bag contained. "Mongooses," was the answer; "my brother sees snakes, and I'm taking the mongooses up to kill them." "But your brother doesn't see real snakes." "No; but these aren't real mongooses."

Hans Jensen, a Dane, who appeared before a Kansas judge in order to take out naturalization papers, very easily demonstrated his fitness for the privilege. "Hans," said the judge, "are you satisfied with the general conditions of the country? Does this government suit you?" "Yaas, yaas," replied the Dane, "only I vould like to see more rain." "Swear him!" exclaimed the judge. "I see that he already has the Kansas idea."

On one occasion Hans Richter was present at a concert given by a brother composer, at which the latter performed a long and not particularly interesting work of his own. When the composition came to an end Richter expressed his criticism in a very few words. "Well," he said, "I too haf written compositions to make a pile so high," raising his hand three feet from the ground; "but I haf burned them!"

A story is being told in the London clubs about King Edward. A discussion once arose among a circle of his intimate friends as to how they would each meet a sudden reverse of fortune. One of them turned to the Prince—it was before his accession—and said: "If the monarchy was overthrown here, sir, what would you do?" The Prince of Wales thought for a moment, and then replied: "Well, I think I might support my family by lecturing in the United States upon how it feels to be Prince of Wales."

When Mark Twain lived in Buffalo he made the acquaintance of some neighbors under peculiar circumstances. Emerging from his house one morning, he saw something which made him run across the street, and remark to the people who were gathered on the veranda: "My name is Clemens; my wife and I have been intending to call on you and make your acquaintance. We owe you an apology for not doing it before now. I beg your pardon for intruding on you in this informal manner, and at this time of day, but your house is on fire!"

While Charles A. Towne was senator from Minnesota for about thirty days last winter he made a speech on the Philippines in the Senate Chamber of Congress, and it was pronounced a great effort. At the conclusion of his speech, Senator Chauncey Depew was among the first to take Mr. Towne by the hand and congratulate him. "Senator Towne," he is said to have remarked, "your delivery was splendid, your rhetoric unsurpassed, but your argument was damnable." This left-handed compliment was no doubt intended to embarrass Senator Towne, but it didn't. He bowed politely to Mr. Depew, and said: "Senator Depew, I am glad you compliment the only features of my speech you are capable of understanding."

Nebuchadnezzar's Throne Room.

(Berlin correspondence of the London "News.")

The German Oriental Society confirms the reports in American papers to the effect that Dr. Koldewey has succeeded in discovering Nebuchadnezzar's throne room at Babylon. It is a gigantic building, about 60 feet wide by 160 feet long. Exactly opposite the door is the niche in which once the royal throne stood, and on both sides and on the northern front of the hall are richly colored ornaments, in good preservation, which will doubtless prove of the highest historical and artistic importance. The German expedition has also begun excavations in the City of Babylon, near the present village of Jumjuma, and has already discovered a goodly number of inscribed clay tablets, which, according to the testimony of Dr. Weissbach, the Assyriologist of the expedition, contain letters, psalms and vocabularies. They are, therefore, all documents of the deepest interest, and are specially calculated to further the study of the Old Testament.

With the help of new railway material, the work on the hill of Amran-ibn Ali is shortly to be resumed, and the excavations of this unique Pantheon of the Babylonian metropolis, hidden deep down in the earth, promise rich and varied discoveries.

The German Oriental Society does not confine its activity to Babylon. It has secured two other hills, named Fara and Abu Hatab, which are believed to contain particularly fine monuments dating from 4000 B.C. The two hills are not far from Nuffar, where the American excavations are being made, and the Sultan has already issued an irade permitting the excavations.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

She took the oars in her little, slim hands, and struck out with a will, but pulling against the tide was quite another thing from floating down with the stream.

Time seemed to fly swift-winged. Almost before she was aware of it, the sun had sunk and the darkness of night crept on, and to add to the peril of Daisy's situation, the storm which she had dreaded so much set in with great force; great rain-drops splashed on her terrified face. The wind roared like a banshee, and the little boat was whirled about like an egg-shell in the swirling, white-capped waves.

Daisy was brave of heart, but in the face of such appalling danger as lay before her —the intense darkness and the fear of drifting into the outlet that widened into the lake beyond —the stoutest heart would have quailed.

With might and main Daisy plied the oars until at last one of them bent like a reed and broke in her frantic grasp. Was it the lightning flashing so luridly red, or the red danger signal of the eight o'clock steamer coming down the river? Daisy asked herself in terror.

Nearer and nearer came the red light, and in the white radiant light that blazed for an instant over the curling waters, Daisy beheld the welcome sight of the old farmhouse on the opposite shore; but shutting it out of view, even in that instantaneous light was something huge and dark, and suddenly her little boat spun round and round. She realized what that meant. It was the steamer —she was in its path, in an instant of time it would be upon her. With a wild cry for help that echoed faintly over the waters, Daisy threw up her hands and fell back senseless in the boat.

And at that instant the steamer struck the skiff with tremendous force.

Leaning over the railing, evidently unmindful of the fury of the storm, stood a young man, gazing abstractedly over the wild dashing waves. A dark smile played about the corners of his mouth, and his restless eyes wore a pleased expression, as though his thoughts were not troubled by the wild warring of the elements.

Suddenly through the terrible roar of the storm he heard a piteous appeal for help, and the voice seemed to die away over the angry muttering waves.

He leaned over the railing breathless with excitement.

The thunder crashed almost incessantly, and there came a blinding flash of lightning. In that one instant he had seen a white lovely face framed in a mass of floating golden hair turned toward him.

One instant more and she would be drawn under the steamer beyond all mortal power of help.

"Great God!" shrieked Harold St. John, hoarsely.

His life might not have been blameless, but the handsome stranger was no coward. He had faced graver perils than most young men. In an instant he had torn off his coat, sprung from the dark —down —down in the horrible darkness into the mad waves.

It was a daring venture; but Harold St. John was an expert swimmer. He caught Daisy just as he struck the water, and in that blinding flash of lightning recognized her.

He did not strike out for the steamer again, but for the opposite shore, and she went on her way, her captain and crew all unmindful of the tragedy that had been averted.

Harold St. John soon struck terra firma with his lovely burden, and as he laid her down under one of the tall beech trees, Daisy regained consciousness.

She struggled to a sitting posture with a piteous cry of terror.

"Is it a dream?" she muttered, "the mad water and the steamer?"

Then her startled glance fell upon the face of the stranger as the glimmering light from the farmhouse window afar off faintly illumined the scene.

"I saw you and sprung from the deck of the steamer and succeeded in saving you," he responded. "You do not recognize me, but I know you in an instant, even by the uncertain light of the lightning's flash."

"Yes, I do recognize you," said Daisy, impulsively. "You are the gentleman I directed to Briarvale today."

"I thank you for taking so much notice of me as to remember me," he said, flushing.

Daisy extended her little, slim, white hand, grateful tears shining on her long lashes.

"You have saved my life," she said. "How am I ever to find words to thank you? And you have risked your life for me. I can never forget that."

"I would have risked a hundred lives, if I had had them, for your sake," he said earnestly.

He was just about to add "Miss Ruthven," but he checked himself just in time.

She must not guess that he knew her to be the heiress, worth three millions of money, he told himself with a smile.

"I was just about to take you to that house yonder, whose light I see shining through the trees."

To be Continued.

A Cry for Help.—A pain in the back is a cry of the kidneys for help. South American Kidney Cure is the only cure that hasn't a failure written against it in cases of Bright's disease, diabetes, inflammation of the bladder, gravel and other kidney ailments. Don't neglect the apparently insignificant "signs." This powerful liquid specific prevents and cures—go

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

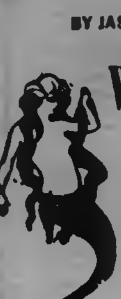
"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

◆◆◆

THE LIAR OF WINTERGREEN SHOAL.

BY JAS. A. TUCKER.



WHERE the little driftwood fire in front of "Bush" Gallagher's "shack" danced fitfully to the whimsical music of the west wind, the figures of four men reclined uneasily. Uneasily, for it was a rough beach—a narrow margin, bowlder-built and dead-wood-strewn, 'twixt the dark, forbidding "bush" and the yet more dark, forbidding water. Twinkling lights, at intervals up and down the shore, told of other encampments and of civilized man's love of the cheer of fire, when divorced from his accustomed haunts and set down in the midst of inscrutable night and unfamiliar nature.

It was the time of the fall trolling at Wintergreen Shoal, on the Georgian. Men had come out from town to enjoy the unsurpassed sport, and to share the harvest of the waters with the bronzed and hardened fishermen and farmers. A fine season it had been, too, and great was the catch of that most toothsome and delicate of finny creatures—the plump, meaty, muscular, and always game salmon-trout, the "namaycush" of the fresh-water seas. Forty, fifty and even sixty of these mottled beauties, weighing anywhere from four to six or seven pounds, and taken, fish by fish, by the incomparably sporty method of line and spoon, had this season been no unusual day's record for experienced trollers.

"Bush" Gallagher was not only one of the oldest settlers and farmers along the lake shore—he was one of the best fishermen, hunters and trappers also, and, like all men of real prowess in these pursuits, something of an accomplished liar to boot. "Bush's" farm-house being a couple of miles back from the beach, he had built a fishing shanty down by the water. Here he kept his boat and hither he came and established headquarters every fall when the fish schooled in to the shoal. Often he found profit in sharing the accommodation of the shack with townsmen, who feared rheumatism and colds from sleeping in tents, or in wigwams, or under upturned boats, in the latter end of October. And so it happened that this fall "Bush" Gallagher had three "boarders" who were glad enough to pay $3 a head for a week's comfortable shelter, with "yarns" to enliven the long nights and pointers on the subtleties of successful trolling from the most renowned fisherman and romancer of Wintergreen Shoal.

"Bush" had been, on the evening in question, reciting for the second time a marvelous account of the great fishing of thirty years before.

"Yes, siree, that was a great fall, a great fall, I say. Why, sir, us farmers took so many trout we couldn't eat 'em, salt 'em, or give 'em away, and so we fed 'em to the pigs by the hundr'd, sir; yes, sir, I say by the hundr'd. An' would you bee-lieve it, so much fish diet did the pigs have all that fall that when killin' time come, on towards Chris'mas, would you bee-lieve it, there wasn't a ham or a pork-chop or a side o' bacon in all this lake-shore settlement that didn't taste disagreeable strong o' fish—yes, sir, I say disagreeable strong."

"It's a wonder," quietly remarked Mr. Joshua Ketch, the dignified K.C., who was one of "Bush" Gallagher's guests and auditors, and who at that time was adding the right proportion of aqua pura to a modest dose of dark liquid from a stone jar, "it's a wonder that, with so much phosphorous diet, the porkers did not run entirely to brain rather than bacon."

"Yes," added Dr. Killem, "and outstrip their owners in intelligence."

"Which wouldn't 'a' been a very hard matter, sir, not a very hard matter, I say, considerin' the intellec' of a lot o' the neighbors hereabouts," added "Bush" with a laugh at his dexterity in turning the shaft aside from himself.

"Now, I say, 'Bush,'" said "the Kid," his third protege, drawing contentedly at his pipe, "we've had a good deal of fiction. I suppose that's but natural, seeing this is a fishing party. Let's have some fact for a change."

"I don't comprehend you, sir; what do you mean, sir?" said "Bush." "I've been tellin' you gospel truth, an' I hope you don't mean to suspicionate the same."

"Ah, go on 'Bush,'" put in the lawyer, winking with his weather eye. "The Kid's right. You needn't be so dead serious about it. Now, tell us, honest Indian, hope-you-may-die, what, in your judgment, was the most exciting occurrence in the history of this shoal."

"Bush" was silent for some moments, not so much in the effort to recall the past as with the evident purpose of appearing to disdain so direct an impeachment of his veracity. He stirred the fire, put on a fresh log—for the night, though pleasant for October, was growing late—and then, after resuming his seat, bit off a "quarter section" of a plug of black tobacco.

"In 1869," he began, dreamily, "yes, it was '69, 'cause that's the year there was nine cows killed by lightnin' on Beaconsfield Jones' farm, an' the year the nine cows was killed was the same year Martha Jane Meredith an' 'Slug' Parki'son got hitched, an' the year them two got hitched was the same year that—but there's my story. Well, in 1869, as I was sayin', there was a stranger come down the Center road, one stormy October night, and turned in at Pete McLean's. Pete was a pretty well-to-do farmer, you mus' understand, but not too well liked in this here neighborhood, for he was keen on money an' always got ahead o' the other feller in a deal. This stranger was a shabby-lookin' customer, with seedy clo'es, an' a hooked nose an' curly hair an' beard. He had a big carpet-bag bulgin' out with stuff, and he said he was a travelin' salesman (I'd call him a peddler), an' expected to do business with the settlers in these parts. He give his name as Sol Nitler or Needler, an' he asked for a night's lodgin' an' breakfast at Pete McLean's. Pete, bein' keen for money I suppose, dickered with him for the price an' took him in—a mos' unheard-of thing for a farmer in them days to charge a stranger for a night's roostin' an' a slab o' sowbelly in the mornin'. But I daresay that stranger wouldn't get pork an'

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

ad ter have fresh eggs, an' that may be why Pete charged him, after all.

"Well, Sol Nitler was around this neighborhood fer three or four days, sellin' jewelry."

"Selling jewelry?" exclaimed the K. C., in the incredulous tone of a barrister cross-examining a hostile witness.

"Yes, jewelry, that's what I said," went on "Bush." "P'rhaps you don't know, Mr. Ketch, that you can sell luxuries where you can't git the price fer necessaries. But that's not in yer law books, it's jest a law of human nature. Sol Nitler drove a thrivin' trade, an' every night, reg'lar as the hens went to roost, he returned to Pete McLean's an' paid fer his bed an' breakfast. These fac's I wasn't seized of at the time, bein' as I was down here on the shoal, like most o' the men folk. Pete McLean—he wasn't fishin' much that fall.

"Sol Nitler engaged with Jim Gregory, who was goin' ter drive to the railway, twenty miles away, ter call fer him at McLean's an' take him along. Pete didn't know of this, and when Jim Gregory drives inter his place in the mornin' bright an' early an' asks fer the Jew, Pete vows Sol ain't there—that he'd never came back the night before. Jim says that's strange. Pete allows it is strange, an' talks kind o' confused like as if Jim's suspicionin' him of some wrong-doing. Of course Jim ain't doin' anything of the kind, and drives off to the railway, thinkin' most likely Sol had took some other chance.

"Nex' night, as I was sleepin' here in a makeshift balsam an' bark wigwam, I woke up all of a start round about midnight, and pretty soon I thinks I hears the 'tuck-tuck, tuck-tuck' of steady rowin' out on the lake. 'Queer time o' night,' thinks I, 'fer anyone to be out in a boat. Mischief's abroad, someone liftin' nets.' So I gets up an' creeps out to the beach. It wasn't very dark. There was a moon, but it was behind a bank of cloud. I could see a boat out about quarter of a mile from shore, and, by jiminy! come to look, my boat was gone from the beach. My first idea was ter holler at the thieves, but on second thought I knowed it was better to sit tight and wait developments.

"The boat was manoeuverin' round out there fer some time, an' then it puts in fer shore again. As it draws near I crouches down in the underbrush, and pretty soon I sees there's two men in the boat, an' hanged if they don't look like—well, never mind who they looked like; that's part of my story. They pushes in, very quiet-like, and before the boat can scrape her snout on the stones, out they steps as noiseless as jackrabbits an' lifts her bodily—she was just a little duck-boat—up the beach. 'They've got no fish, that's sure,' says I to myself. Then they dives through the bush, quick-footed as red Injins, takin' the direction of the settlement, an' leavin' me crouchin' here like a fool, too serprised ter tell my own name if I'd 'a' been asked sudden.

"I confides in the boys nex' day as to what I'd seen, an' the yarn spreads round and people is sayin' pretty soon that so-an'-so is mean enough an' graspin' enough ter lift nets, but they're glad he got nothin' fer his pains. But I knows in my heart it was no net-liftin' business, fer the only net in that direction was mine, an' nex' mornin' it was fuller o' fish than I'd ever seen a net before. But I keeps my counsel on that p'int.

"Soon Jim Gregory comes back from the railway an' brings word that Sol Nitler's not there nor been there, an' Jim tells somebody what passed at McLean's that mornin' he drove off, an' the story spreads, an' everybody matches my story with Jim's an' makes a piece o' them, an' the fat's in the fire. The men of the settlement meet at the blacksmith shop an' discuss the hull thing, pro an' con, an' a deputation is sent up to Pete McLean's, with me as spokesman.

"We call's Pete out o' the barn an' I tells him, straight up and down, that we don't want to make no charge nor no trouble, but we think circumstances calls fer explanation, and if he knows anything of the whereabouts of Sol Nitler he'd better say where or suffer the consequences. Peter McLean turns red an' then white, an' swears an' curses, tellin' us he don't know nothin' o' the Jew, an' we can go to all kinds o' places, if we like, fer any further information; an' he winds up by sayin' my yarn about the boat is a infernal lie, which he'd make me prove it. An' he calls on his son Martin to back him up.

"I keeps my head an' says that's all very well, but 'Meantime, Mr. McLean,' I says, 'we're goin' ter search the woods an' fields round your house to the last rod, an' we're goin' ter drag the lake, and to-morrow we'll send ter town fer a law-officer to further investigate.' Peter McLean rushes into the house an' comes tearin' out with a shotgun, and vows a bloody oath that the first man who moves another foot on his land except in the direction of the gate will die in his tracks.

"That settled it. Not bein' armed, we retreated in good order. But that very night we sent Bill Dougall to town on horseback for the Crown Attorney. We also started ter drag the lake, but we couldn't find nothin', an' never did find nothin'. An' nex' day, when the law-officer arrived, what do you think?—Pete an' Martin had vanished clean as a half-hooked eel. No trace of either o' them was ever found, nor any of the Jew, though diligent search an' enquiry was made. Now, did Pete an' Martin kill the Jew or didn't they? In other words, is it true, as Spokeshave says, that murder will out?"

This gruesome yarn, with its singularly inconclusive ending, was surely a somewhat heavy and indigestible repast to retire on, and it would have been no matter for wonder had there been troubled dreams that night under the hospitable roof of "Bush" Gallagher. But exercise and fresh air are valiant enemies of the whole genus nightmare, and "Bush's" guests slept sweetly and arose early for their last day's sport.

Now it so happened that about noon Dr. Killem and "the Kid" pulled ashore for lunch at a point where a gray-bearded old man had his boat drawn up also. The three drifted into conversation, and the old man mentioned that his name was Bill Dougall. Then the doctor, still full of "Bush's" story, laid open his knowledge of the strange occurrences of October, 1869. Bill Dougall seemed mildly surprised and asked what the doctor was driving at, and when "Bush" Gallagher's whole story had been repeated, the old fellow lay back and shook with laughter like the traditional "bowl full of jelly."

"One of 'Bush' Gallagher's yarns, eh?" he exclaimed. "Well, when you've known 'Bush' as long as I have you'll put as much dependence in his murder stories as in his fish yarns, an' that's not sayin' much."

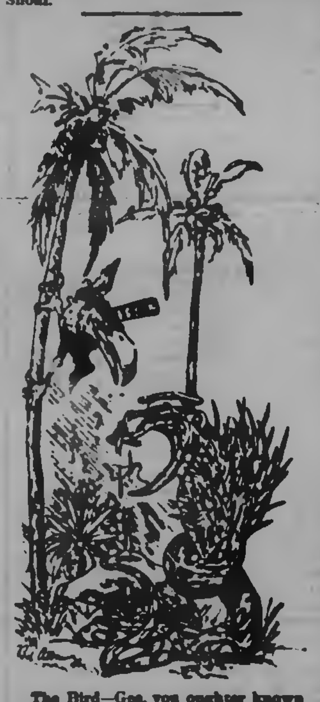
Of course "Bush" was taxed with deception at the evening camp-fire. Not the ghost of a smile or of a blush haunted his countenance. "You suspicioned my veracity when I was tellin' gospel truth, an' yet you wanted entertainment, an' you got it, didn't you?" This was the only explanation he deigned.

"Right you are, 'Bush,'" said Mr. Ketch, K.C. "Still, you might have added, as a sort of postscript, you know, that there never was a Sol Nitler; that Peter McLean died here in bed ten years ago; that his son (still residing in this township) is called McAlpine, not Martin; that there was no railway in this section of the country in 1869, and finally that you were not here then yourself — all which I myself have quietly gathered from your own lips to-day, independently of the discovery of the Doctor and 'the Kid.'"

"Had you been educated at college, 'Bush,' you'd be one of the distinguished historical novelists of the day," added "the Kid."

"Or, if you'd been trained in my profession," said the Doctor, "you'd be the right kind of man to give expert medical testimony in the courts."

"Gentlemen," said Mr. Ketch, K.C., "if 'Bush' had been brought up to the law, I will not venture to say what would have happened. But anyway, here's looking at you, 'Bush.' May you live long and 'lie' in peace. Everybody drink hearty, for this is our last night, for a year at least, on Wintergreen Shoal."



The Bird—Gee, you oughter known better than to swallow a porcupine.

Queer Facts About Orchids.

THE life of an orchid hunter combines in itself all the most sensational features of exploration in untrodden districts, often infested by ferocious beasts and by even more savage natives, and in many cases highly malarious and disease laden. The rarer orchids are generally found in the most inaccessible spots, and in the densest and most marshy jungles. Even the natives avoid the districts into which the intrepid orchid hunter penetrates in search of his floral quarry.

A few years ago eight orchid hunters met at Tamatave, and then separated in search of specimens. Within a year only one of them survived, and he had spent months in the most pestilential swamps, from which he emerged with his health permanently impaired. One of the others had been captured by native priests, who drenched him with oil and burned him to death on their altar.

The expense of collecting the orchids and getting them at last into the sales-room is very great. For example, a fine orchid is found in a very out of the way part of Colombia. After being gathered the plants are wired to sticks and nailed inside boxes. These boxes are conveyed on a journey of several days to Bogota, whence another six days' journey takes them to Honda, where they are placed on rafts and conveyed down the Magdalena River to Savanilla—a fortnight's journey — where the steamer is awaited.

When at last, after a heavy outlay, the consignment reaches England, quite half the specimens will be dead, and in many cases the whole of them will be too far gone for recovery. The orchid importer has always to be prepared for heavy losses.

Twenty-seven thousand valuable plants were sent home on one occasion from Colombia by Mr. Roesl, and of these only two survived the voyage. They were sold for 40 guineas each—not a high price when one considers what they had cost.

Until the plant flowers its value is purely speculative. Its species is in most cases readily determined, but it may present some variation which will greatly enhance its value. For example, a certain orchid with a purple bloom may be worth about five shillings, but an example of the same species with white flowers will realize £100 at auction. The value of a plant depends upon its rarity and novelty even more than upon its beauty.

Many years ago an orchid, of quite new and unknown species, arrived in the packing in which some foreign plants were sent home. No one knew where it came from, and for a long while it continued unique. Orchid hunters sought everywhere for it, but not till seventy years later was it found.

Another orchid arrived in 1854 without any known place of origin, and, notwithstanding persistent search, its native habitation has not been found yet.

Some years ago two orchids were found in the Zoological Gardens on a heap of rubbish. They came in the packing with some South American monkeys, but their place of origin has not yet been discovered.—"Harmsworth Magazine."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1 10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Fine quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen. If he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
SUHL BLOCK,
DETROIT. MICH.

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

Electric
Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

RUBBER STAMPS
B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 20, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—Maple syrup was offered for sale on the market yesterday.

—The market yesterday was very well attended.

—The Y.M.C.A. Ladies' Auxiliary meets this afternoon at 3.30.

—The Town Council will meet this evening at 8 o'clock.

—The Cordage Company expect their factory to start on April 1st.

—Bricklayers are working on the elevator building at the cereal works.

—Mr. James Wood, who had his arm amputated recently, has returned home.

—A cottage meeting will be conducted at Auburn to-night by Rev. E. A. Langfeldt.

—The millinery openings are scheduled for to-day, and promise to be larger and better than ever.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson, the well known horse buyer, was in town yesterday, and secured a load of fine horses, which will be shipped on Friday.

—The flour mill owned by the Central Milling Company is running full blast. They are turning out about 200 barrels of flour per day.

—A contractor in town told The Times yesterday that there would be a big boom in house building this summer.

—A meeting of those interested in the new skating rink will be held this evening in the office of Messrs. Hatton & Bradburn.

—The evangelistic services now being held in the George St. Methodist church, are being very largely attended.

—Articles marked down and on exhibition in our windows, as advertised for quick selling, are being picked up very fast. A call will interest you. Times Bookstore.

—Mr. F. Trollope, of town, physical instructor at Trinity College school, Port Hope, will conduct an assault-at-arms in the opera house there, on Friday night.

—The Campbellford Orangemen have decided to hold a monster celebration in that place on July 12th. It is some years since Campbellford has had a demonstration, and a big time is expected.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiton's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

Cattle for the States

A large train load of cattle were shipped from Peterborough this week for the Canada and South Dakota Cattle Company to their large ranch in South Dakota. This is the first shipment from Canada this year but it is intended to send another later on.

The Fortnightly Club

The lecture on "Trusts" which was to be delivered on Friday evening before the Fortnightly Club by Prof. Shortt, of Queen's University, has been postponed until April 10th or 11th. Mr. D. O'Connell's lecture has also been postponed.

Arm Broken Again

Some months ago Mr. James H. Mann, of Bridgenorth, had the misfortune to have his arm broken by a kick from a colt. The injured member had just become sufficiently strong enough to use when it was broken again by a fall on Tuesday. His many friends will regret to hear of his mishap.

The Event of the Season

Don't forget the Ladies of the Maccabees, will hold their annual concert on Friday evening, March 21st in the Sons of England Hall, at 8 p.m.

Mr. Hisigmay, Master Mowatt, Miss Carrie White and others will take part in the programme. Tickets 15 cts.

A Seasonable Present

The editor of this great family journal received yesterday by mail a pair of green socks; with a card enclosed bearing the following inscription: "17th of old Ireland." The gift was from a charming young lady, who evidently intends that we shall wear the green emblem hereafter. This g.f.j. returns its hearty thanks to the donor, and will promise to knock the socks off any one who will say a word agin' auld Ireland.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr J. H. Brandon was in town yesterday.

—Mr Wes Milburn, of Trinity Medical College, is home for the holidays.

—Mrs. C. B. McAllister is visiting her parents in Renfrew.

—Mr R. H. Leary has returned from Minden, where he was called on business.

—Mr. Geo. Robertson, of Otonabee, has returned from a pleasant trip to the States.

—Mr. R. A. W. Hay has received a letter from George Daniels, now in South Africa. George says the Peterborough boys are all well.

—Mrs. Frank Jones, of Kingston, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. D. W. Little, town.

—Miss Lucy McGeough, of Omemee, is visiting in town, the guest of the Misses Fitzsimmons.

—Port Hope Guide: Miss Emma Sandercock, Peterborough, is in town for a few days, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sandercock.

—Mr. W. Roberts, of Toronto, has secured a position as tool-maker in the C.G.E. Works. As a clarionet player, he will be welcomed by the members of the 57th band.

—Mr M. J. Bested, of Pearson, Man. spent Tuesday in town, the guest of Mr Jos. Sucee. Mr. Bested is on his way home to Manitoba from a visit to the old country.

—Mr. H. J. Mulligan, musical conductor in Sankey's church, Rochester, and brother of Mr. G. W. Mulligan, of town, sang in the George Street Methodist church last evening.

A Handsome Stick

Mr. Percy Pearson, of Montreal, son of Mr. W. J. Pearson, the popular horse buyer, was recently presented with a handsome valuable combination walking stick and horse measure. This stick is one of four that were sent from England for the horsemen, and naturally Mr. Pearson prizes it very highly.

P. P. Home

The committee of management of the P. P. Home, gratefully acknowledge the following donations for the month of February: Miss Tucker, clothing; Mr. H. Kidd, groceries; Miss Ada Blanton, reading matter; Miss Sarah Miller, reading matter; Mrs. Burnham, Toronto papers; Mr. J. J. Howden, potted meat; Mr. Yelland, fishery inspector, fish.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

The Never-Fading Jet Blacks Produced by the Diamond Dyes Are Admired by All

The three special Diamond Dye Blacks — Diamond Dye Fast Black for Wool, Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feathers, and Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods — give rich, full and unfading blacks that are admired by all.

These Diamond Dye Fast Blacks are all new and scientific discoveries, and are as superior to all other dyes as the electric light is to tallow candles. Use them once and you can never be induced to take anything else. Do not allow any dealer to sell you a substitute for the Diamond Dyes.

Send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., so that you may be sent free of cost sheets of designs for pretty mats and rugs that so many ladies are now working up.

L'BRARY FOR THE BOYS

A Strong Effort Being Put Forth to Establish One at the Y.M.C.A.

A very strong effort is being made to establish a library in connection with the Boy's Department of the Y.M.C.A. A large number of the boy's friends have been asked to assist in the work by giving a book, each member is also requested to do the same. It is not necessary that the book should be new so long as it is in good condition. The time for receiving the contributions will be on March 24th and it is hoped that by that date that there will be a large number of books ready to be placed on the shelves. A good circulating library is much needed in the department and will be a great help in furthering the work of the association.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

BUSY ! BUSY !! BUSY !!!

The Return Visit an Unparalleled Success.

Professor O'Brien,

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST

and the only recognized

SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

For the information of those wishing to consult him, he will remain in town a week longer. Parents bring your children to have their heads scientifically delineated by a competent phrenologist, and ascertain their adaptation as to what trade or profession they should follow. Thousands are now holding prominent positions through Prof. O'Brien's advice, who in phrenology is at the head of his profession, and in palmistry he has no equal.

Private office at 263 Hunter st. terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

A phone card free to patrons. Come early.

The Mutual Life of Canada.

32nd Annual Meeting

The Company Solid and Progressive — Another Year of Substantial Gains.

The Thirty-second Annual Meeting of this popular and prosperous life company took place at its head office, Waterloo, Ont., on Thursday, March 6th, 1902, at 1 p.m. The company's spacious Board room was well filled with policyholders, who evinced a deep interest in the proceedings, which were throughout both harmonious and instructive.

The President having taken the chair, on motion, Mr. W. H. Riddell, Secretary of the Company, acted as Secretary of the meeting, and at the request of the President read the

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

Your Directors submit for your consideration and approval their report, with financial statement for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1901.

New Business

They are pleased to inform you that the business of the year in all respects has been of the most satisfactory character, enabling them to make the same liberal distribution of surplus to policyholders as in the past. The volume and character of new business were all that could be desired; the death rate was much below the expectation, and the lapses and surrenders, in proportion to business in force, very moderate. Amount of applications for new insurance received was $4,403,000; accepted and policies issued $4,071,009, all of which with the exception of $36,500 was secured in Canada.

Canada First

The Board of Directors have not seen any reason why they should depart from the rule hitherto followed of confining their operations to our own country and Newfoundland.

Insurance in Force

The number of policies in force was 21,785, assuring $31,718,031, the reserve on which, based on our own standard, Actuaries 4 per cent., on all business previous to 1900, and Hm. 3 1-2 per cent. on all business taken since then, is $5,301,100.41.

Assets and Income

The cash assets are $5,439,541.65, and the total assets $5,757,822.17. The surplus on Government standard, over all liabilities, is $605,470.00; on the Company's standard $379,970.53. The net premium income was $998,619.06; interest and rent $255,817.02; annuity premiums, $23,250; total income, $1,277,686.08.

Paid to Policyholders

The amount paid to policyholders was $493,532.45, of which sum $305,021.96 was paid to living policyholders. The death claims paid were $188,510.50; Matured Endowments $163,400; Purchased Policies $52,523.37; Surplus $82,255.51, Annuities $6,763.07.

Investments

During the year the demand for money has been active, and the funds of the Company have been fully employed. The rate of interest has been good, and payments on both instalments and interest have been promptly met, the interest overdue being much less than in any former year.

The Manager, officers and staff continue to discharge their duties to the entire satisfaction of the Board, and in the best interests of the Company.

The Executive Committee have carefully examined all the securities, and compared them with the entries in the ledger, and found them to correspond therewith.

You will be called upon to elect four Directors in place of Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Alfred Hoskin, K.C., E. P. Clement and Hon. J. T. Garrow, whose term has expired, all of whom are eligible for re-election.

ROBERT MELVIN,
President.

Waterloo, March 6th, 1902.

ABSTRACT OF ACCOUNTS FOR 1901.

Income	
Premiums, Net	$ 998,619 06
Interest, rent and annuities	279,067 02
Total	$1,277,686 08
Disbursements	
Death Claims, Endowments, Profits, etc.	$ 493,532 45
All other payments	215,676 94
Total	$ 709,209 39
Assets	
Loans on First Mortgages and Bonds	$2,650,566 11
Municipal Debentures and Bonds	2,012,448 03
Loans on Company's Policies	642,361 93
Real Estate, including Company's Office	123,729 01
Cash in hand and in Banks	14,312 25
Other Assets	313,403 34
Total	$5,757,822 17
Liabilities	
Reserve, 4 and 3 1-2 per cent.	$5,301,100 41
All other Liabilities	76,751 23
Total	$5,377,851 64
Surplus	
On the Company's Standard, 4 and 3 1-2 per cent.	$ 379,970 53
On the Government's Standard, 4 1-2 and 3 1-2 per cent.	605,470 00

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

In moving the adoption of the Report, Mr. Melvin said: Allow me to express to you the very great pleasure it gives me to meet you again, and to be able to place before you for your consideration a statement of the last year's business which is so eminently satisfactory in every respect; for whilst the new business was a little less than last year, it was quite up to our expectations, and beyond the amount, I believe, issued by the majority of other Canadian Companies in Canada. The statement shows steady progress in all that denotes strength and stability, while the ratio of expense to income was the lowest in our history, viz: 16.98 per cent., or 3.57 per cent. less than the previous year.

We added to our insurance in 1901 $2,199,695, and during the past five years the large amount of $11,716,569, considerably over one-third of the total amount in force, a very gratifying increase indeed, which says much for the quality of the business done by our agency staff, for which they will please accept the hearty thanks of the Directors.

During the year we paid to policyholders in surplus the sum of $82,255.51, and during the past five years the large amount of $306,527.64. During the same period we increased the surplus on hand from $221,417.05 to $379,970.53. This surplus is ascertained on the Combined Experience 4 per cent. Table for business in force previous to 1900 and Hm. 3 1-2 per cent. Table on all new business since then. If we were to base our reserve on the present standard allowed by the Government, viz: Hm. 4 1-2 per cent. on old business, a standard that some companies still use, the surplus would be $605,470.

The mortality for the year amounted to $268,471, being much below the expectation, and $6,487.00 less than the previous year, notwithstanding the increased business in force.

The interest and rents from our investments exceeded the amount paid for claims in 1901 by $67,307.00, and in the past five years by the large sum of $185,809.16. For this we are, no doubt, indebted in a large measure to Dr. Webb, our Medical Director, who has always been most careful in his selection of risks, and also to our medical examiners.

The large sum of $305,021.96 we paid to living policyholders during the year; the total amount paid to all classes of policyholders or their representatives in 1901 was $493,532.45, and in the past five years $1,991,727.36. The amount paid to living policyholders is largely accounted for by the very large surplus paid to policyholders and the increasing tendency for many years past towards endowment assurances as a provision for old age, instead of, as formerly, by policies upon the whole life plans, which at one time were more in favor.

At the Annual Meeting on May 28th, 1896, in referring to the reserve and surplus, I used these words:—"It may be that in the near future we may require a 3 1-2 or even a 3 per cent. reserve, which some of the British companies have already adopted. The death rate is a certain and fixed quantity, while the rate of interest, or value of money, is very unstable, but always with a downward tendency. This being the case, whatever we may do with regard to surplus, etc., we are bound to make ample provision in our reserve for payment to the policyholders of the uttermost farthing of the obligations we have incurred." These remarks are as applicable to-day as they were then, as the Government in the following year, seeing the necessity for increasing the reserve in consequence of the steadily decreasing rate of interest, amended the Act, making it compulsory for all new business after the 1st of January, 1900, to be on the higher basis of 3 1-2 per cent., while all business issued prior to 1900 may remain on a 4 1-2 per cent. basis until 1910, but from 1910 to 1915 4 per cent. must be assumed, and after 1915 all business must be placed on a 3 1-2 per cent. basis. It is true that we have yet some time to reach the higher standard, and, it may be asked, why provide the additional reserve so long before the Government requires it? I answer that it is not only our duty to comply as soon as possible with the requirements of the Act, if it is to give added strength and stability to the Company, but to anticipate it, as was done previously with the best results. In 1895, long before the Government asked a higher reserve, our Company voluntarily raised the reserve from 4 1-2 to 4 per cent. The wisdom of this is now apparent, as all our old business is now within one-half of 1 per cent. of what the Government asks in 1915, and it is more than possible that we can come to the 3 1-2 reserve within a very short period, if our surplus continues to increase as it is now doing, without interfering much, if any, with our present liberal scale of surplus distribution.

In conclusion, I will briefly recapitulate some additions and gains for the year. Our income amounted to the large sum of $1,277,686.08, our gain in insurance $2,199,695.00, in assets $575,807.60, in reserve $469,366.73, in surplus $9,120.63, and last, but not the least gratifying feature, the expense account was $23,951 less than the previous year. Up to March 1st our death rate was much less than it was for the same period last year, and the new business exceeds that of last year at the same time. Is it, then, too much to expect that if Directors, agents, the staff and the policyholders do their duty, the year upon which we have now entered may be still more successful than the one just past?

VICE-PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Speaking in support of the motion, Mr. A. Hoskin, K.C., First Vice-President, said:—The President has been so full and explicit in the excellent address just delivered that but little has been left for me to say. However, I may be permitted to take up a few minutes of your time in referring to a matter not enlarged upon by him. In this, as in all insurance companies, the investment of the assets of the company is of vital importance, both as regards the safety as well as the earning power. The Directors of your Company have paid both anxious and constant attention to this matter, and the President, in addition, has given a great deal of his time and thought to this part of the business, and, I venture to say, with considerable success. At the end of 1901 the interest past due amounted to $3,693.00 on securities representing over $5,000,000, and of this amount over two thousand two hundred dollars have since been paid. The major part of the Company's investments are in municipal debentures and mortgages upon real estate. It may be of interest to the members to know how these investments are distributed.

The amount invested on farm property is $1,609,482.46, upon city property $1,033,584.14. In Manitoba there are $186,874 invested on farm and $178,815 upon city properties. The Debentures are distributed as follows:

	Account Value.	Par Value.
Cities	$ 385,760 79	$ 377,541 97
Towns	1,184,289 51	1,140,729 83
Villages	138,042 96	134,255 96
Townships	34,955 89	33,876 28
Schools	68,390 21	65,245 02
Miscellaneous	200,969 67	192,999 99
	$2,012,448 03	$1,914,758 95

The average rate of interest realized by the Company during the past year was nearly 5 per cent. I think it well to refer to another matter which the members at large may not be aware of, which shows how their interests are safeguarded. The Executive Committee meet once a month, and among other duties pass upon every payment made on behalf of the Company; every item disbursed is scrutinized and no item allowed to pass unless it has been expended solely for the business of the Company. The same Committee once a year go through all the securities of the Company. They take up the investments made during the past year. The mortgage is produced and is compared with the application and the Minute book of the Company to see if the land embraced in the mortgage is the same as that upon which it was agreed to lend, that the amount mentioned in the mortgage, the terms of payment and rate of interest and the parties agree with the application and the Minute Book. Also the mortgage is examined to see that it is properly signed by the parties and properly registered. The Mortgage Ledger is also examined to see if all these particulars are entered in it. If all is found to be correct then some member of the Committee puts his initials upon the mortgage, so that on its production at any future time and the initials being found there, the Committee know that the above investigation has been made. In addition to this, once a year all the debentures and mortgages are gone over with the Mortgage Ledger and Auditors' detailed statements. Each security is produced and handled by the Committee, the Mortgage Ledger is compared with the Auditors' list and statements to see if they agree as to the amounts still unpaid. Each mortgage account is looked at to see if it is in arrear, and for what length of time. By these means the Board endeavor to keep a check upon the investments of the Company.

I would ask to be permitted to make a few remarks personal to myself. I have now been a member of the Board for twenty-one years and can say I have "come of age." I am proud to have been for such a length of time a member of such a prosperous and reliable institution, and in a manner to have "grown up" with the Company. To show the growth since I became a Director, the present assets exceed by $1,500,000 the total insurance in existence when I joined the Company, and the present annual income of the Company is almost one million dollars more than the total assets of the Company at that time. I hope those who will be here twenty-one years hence will find, as I venture to predict they will, that there has been as great if not a greater progress.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Britton, and Messrs. Bruce, Clement, Somerville and Kidd, Manager Wegenast, Messrs. Earl, Burrows, Sipprell, Linton, Stewart, Mills, Muir, Scripture, Ormsby, Chisholm, Curtin, Moore, Dr. Webb and others, having spoken, and the retiring Directors having been re-elected, the meeting adjourned.

The Directors met subsequently, and re-elected Mr. Robert Melvin President; Mr. Alfred Hoskin, K.C., First Vice-President, and the Hon. Mr. Britton, Second Vice-President of the Company for the ensuing year.

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

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High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

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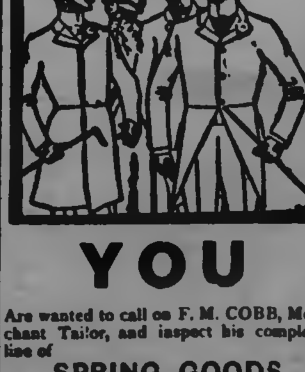

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They are up to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

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Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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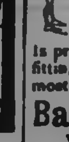

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

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Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

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Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

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Moncton N. B.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

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All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

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VOL. 23 NO. 68 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MARCH 21 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

RUSSIA AND FRANCE REPLY TO BRITAIN AND JAPAN--ENGLAND MUST WAKE UP

Boers in British Uniforms—In Some Cases a Penalty Has Been Inflicted

PRINCE OF TECK SAILED FOR SOUTH AFRICA TUESDAY

The Rebellion in China—Imperial Troops Repeatedly Defeated

London, March 20.—The reply of Russia and France to the Anglo-Japanese alliance is not regarded here as a menace. It implies no more than that the Franco-Russian alliance extends to the far east. The only newspaper that sees danger in it is The Daily Mail. The Morning Post, on the other hand, says it is a declaration which all the world may note with equanimity. Not the least important point of the communication is the emphatic manner in which France and Russia are spoken of as allied. The concluding paragraph of the note bears a strong resemblance to article one of the Anglo-Japanese treaty, which asserts that it will be admissable for either contracting party to take such measures as may be indispensable in order to safeguard its interests if threatened by the aggressive action of any third power or by disturbances arising in China or Korea.

OLD-AGE PENSIONS.

London, March 20.—The passage of the aged pensioners bill, on its second reading yesterday in the Commons, was a singular tribute to the influence of Mr. Chamberlain. The measure followed the lines laid down by him in many public speeches, and aimed to provide pensions for workers above the age of 65, with the cooperation of the poor law guardians and without discouraging habits of thrift. Mr. Greene moved the second reading in a candid speech which estimated the cost of the scheme at ten or twelve million pounds, divided between the Treasury and the local authorities, and there was no serious opposition on either side of the House. While neither local rates nor the Treasury are in a state for so large an addition to the public burdens, there was a general disposition to sanction the general principle of old-age pensions, and Government supporters were willing to make political out of this radical measure of State Socialism. The third reading is not expected, but Mr. Chamberlain's favorite social policy has received general recognition.

ARE TORPEDO DESTROYERS DANGEROUS.

Great diversity of opinion was disclosed at the session of the Institute of Naval Architects on the subject of the unseaworthiness and the utility of the torpedo flotilla. Experts, especially as a naval enquiry has been ordered, considered it premature to condemn torpedo destroyers as dangerous craft.

ENGLAND TOLD TO WAKE UP

The Prince of Wales' address, in declaring the National Physical Laboratory at Bushey Park open yesterday, was the most interesting he has delivered since his famous speech in the Guildhall on his return from the tour of the empire. He again told England to wake up; her commercial supremacy was threatened, and the only way to maintain it was, he said, to give greater facilities for furthering the application of science to commerce and manufacture.

AMMUNITION FOR THE BOERS.

New York, March 20.—There was a rumor current to-day that a number of cases of cartridges were on the pier at the time of the fire last night which destroyed the Phoenix Line pier at Hoboken, the steamer British Queen and several lighters, the total damage amounting to $1,200,000. The rumor said that the cartridges were destined for the use of Boers in South Africa. According to the report, the cartridges were to have been shipped to Antwerp, and from there to their destination. A member of the Hoboken fire department said to-day that he saw the boxes of cartridges on the pier, and that he heard a number of explosions. These are said to have occurred after the fire was under control about midnight. Superintendent Mason of the Phoenix Line said that as far as he knew there were no cartridges on the pier.

The British Consul-General said to-day that he had no information that any such munitions for the Boers were on the ship. He regarded the report as improbable, because the British Queen was to sail for Antwerp, not South Africa.

PRINCE OF TECK FOR THE CAPE.

London, March 20.—Prince Francis of Teck sailed for South Africa yesterday to resume his duties with the remount department of the army. Prince Francis of Teck is a brother of the Princess of Wales and a brevet major of the 1st Royal Dragoons. The Prince served in the remount department in South Africa in 1899 and 1900. He was born in 1870.

DEMOCRATS AND THE BOERS

Washington, D. C., March 20.—The Democratic members of the House, at a caucus held to-night, unanimously adopted resolutions declaring that Congress should express the sympathy of the American people for the struggling Boer republics, and pledging themselves to use their utmost endeavors to "force" the committees to report resolutions expressive of such sympathy in order that Congress might have an opportunity to act.

BOERS IN BRITISH UNIFORMS

London, March 20.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Brodrick said, regarding the Boers wearing British uniforms, that all civilized nations punished such action with death. Boers captured wearing British uniforms were liable to be shot after trial by court-martial. Lord Kitchener, in certain cases, had already inflicted that penalty.

THE REBELLION IN CHINA.

Hong Kong, March 20.—The rebels in the southern provinces continue to defeat the imperial troops sent to subdue them. General Ma and Marshal Su report that it is impossible to suppress the rebellion with the troops at their disposal, and the Viceroy of Canton has requested Yuan-Shi-Kai, the Viceroy of Chili, to send reinforcements overland from Chili. The imperial troops have been defeated at Sekshing and at Papta, in Yunnan Province. The rebels hold the town and district of Foochuen, 20 miles northwest of the prefectural town of Yunnan. They have also captured the towns of Sinchoo and Yungning.

RHODES SLIGHTLY BETTER.

Cape Town, March 20.—A bulletin issued at midnight last night said that Cecil Rhodes had taken nourishment; that he was slightly stronger, and that at that time he was sleeping.

The exceptional coolness of the weather, and the free administration of oxygen contributed to the patient passing a quiet night last night. He no longer reads. Mr. Rhodes was much pleased at the receipt of messages of sympathy sent to him by King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

CHINA MAKES PAYMENT

Her First Instalment on War Debt Promptly Paid—Chinese Slain by Russians

Pekin, March 20.—The Bankers' Commission to-day accepted the February instalment, amounting to 1,820,000 taels, of the Chinese indemnity, greatly to the satisfaction of the Ministers of the Powers.

There is great dissatisfaction at Canton at the extortionate taxes which Mandarins are levying under the pretext of meeting the instalments of the Chinese indemnity. The merchants have petitioned the Viceroy for redress, asserting that they fear the action of the Mandarins will lead to an uprising.

Another fight occurred March 3, between Russian troops, and 300 Tunguses, north of Hubeaday, Manchuria. Two hundred Tunguses were killed, including their leader. Two Russians were wounded.

ENGLAND WILL NOT REDUCE CLAIM.

Washington, March 20.—Great Britain, it developed to-day, is the stumbling block in the way of the pro rata reduction of the claims of the Powers against China in order to place the total within 450,000,000 taels. Germany has consented to lessen her claim, but the British Government believes that as it demanded an amount only sufficient to cover its actual expenditures and losses during the Boxer revolt, it should not agree to any modification. The ostensible reason for British obstinacy is to force Germany to withdraw her troops from Tien Tsin.

The State Department approves the action of the Foreign Ministers in Pekin in directing the Bankers' Commission at Shanghai to accept the February instalment of the Chinese indemnity. In view of the action of the diplomats in referring to their Home Governments the question of disposal of excess of 12,500,000 taels, above the 450,000,000, which China has agreed to pay. Secretary Hay will have another opportunity to renew his proposal for a pro rata reduction.

LAW IN THE ARCTIC

Canada Will Probably Take Immediate Steps

American Violators of the Law Will Probably be Punished—Scandalous Condition of Affairs in the Far North

Ottawa, March 19—For half a century American vessels have had a monopoly of the whale fishery of the western Arctic ocean. By wintering near the mouth of the Mackenzie river they were enabled to make an early start when the spring freshets drive the ice seaward from the estuary of the river. During their winter rendezvous the whaling crews do a trading business with Indians and as the chief article of barter is cheap whisky a systematic demoralization of the Indians is the result. The attention of the Canadian Government has frequently been called to the necessity for putting a stop to this illicit traffic and its baneful effects upon the natives, but practically nothing has been done in that direction.

The subject is again brought forcibly to the notice of the government in the report of the mounted police which Sir Wilfrid Laurier laid on the table of the house a short time ago. Commissioner Perry says:

"Since my last report further information has been received as to the operations of the whaling fleet which last year wintered some 300 miles east of the mouth of the Mackenzie river.

"Tyranny over the Indians, debauching the Indian women, illegal trading and lawlessness among themselves demand the assertion of our laws. A small, powerful steamer is needed, which can navigate the Mackenzie and, if necessary, go into the open sea. The cost of carrying law and order into the Arctic regions may cause hesitation, but where our territory is being violated and our people oppressed, cost should be the last consideration."

Poor Mr. Kruger Still Relies Upon Divine Help in War in South Africa

RUSSIAN POLICY NOT TOUCHED CHINA IS DISSATISFIED.

Kruger Says Boers would not Give Up without Repudiating God

London, March 20.—The Paris correspondent of The Times quotes a statement made by Mr. Kruger in an interview granted to Le Matin. He said he still relied upon divine help, and prayed God to add to his miracles and favor the Boers, and dispel the blindness of the British. He said British offers of peace were unacceptable because the Boers could not abandon their God-given independence. "We could not give up without repudiating God, and meriting His maledictions."

CHINA DISSATISFIED.

London, March 20.—Dr. Morrison, writing from Pekin to The Times, says that the Russian Minister at Pekin is now trying to persuade the Chinese that the Russo-Chinese bank negotiations are of no concern to Russia. He has modified his terms since the publication of the Anglo-Japanese treaty. Russia promises to withdraw all her troops from Manchuria within eighteen months if the state of the country permits. The Chinese are dissatisfied with the qualifying phrase. Russia waves her stipulation forbidding Chinese troops the use of artillery, consents to restore the Niu Chwang Railway if paid five hundred thousand dollars for expenses while holding it, and agrees to vacate Niu Chwang on the abolition of the Tien Tsin provisional government.

PAN-GERMANIC AGITATION A NUISANCE.

London, March 20.—A despatch from Berlin to The Times says that the Pan-Germanic agitation is beginning to be regarded as a public nuisance, and is assuming the aspect of a treasonable conspiracy against Austria, akin to the machinations in Africa which led to the present war. The leaders of the movement recognize that it is hopeless to try and do anything in the United States, but are casting envious eyes on the British colonies.

St Petersburg, March 21.—The Official Messenger in publishing to-day the Franco-Russian declaration, relative to the Anglo-Japanese convention, accompanies it with an official statement as follows "The Imperial Government received with the most perfect calm the announcement of the Anglo-Japanese agreement. The principles which have guided Russian policy since the beginning of the disturbances in China remain, and will remain invariable. Russia insists on the maintenance of the independence and integrity of China, a friendly, neighboring country, as well as that of Corea. Russia desires the preservation of the status quo and general peace in the Far East by the construction of the great Siberian railroad, together with its branch line through Manchuria, towards a port always ice free. Russia aids in the extension in these regions of the commerce and industry of the whole world. Would it be to her interest to put forward obstacles at the present time? The intention expressed by Great Britain and Japan to attain those same objects which have invariably been pursued by the Russian Government, can meet with nothing but sympathy in Russia, in spite of the comments in certain political spheres and in some of the foreign newspapers, which endeavored to present in quite a different light the impassive attitude of the Imperial Government towards a diplomatic act at which in its eye does not change in any way the general situation on the political horizon."

NOT A MENACE.

New York, March 21.—The reply of Russia and France to the Anglo-Japanese alliance is not regarded here as a menace, says the London correspondent of The Tribune. In implies no more than that the Franco-Russian alliance extends to the Far East.

The only newspaper that sees danger in it is the Daily Mail. The Morning Post, on the other hand, says it is a declaration which all the world may note with equanimity. Not the least important point of the communication is the emphatic manner in which France and Russia are spoken of as allies.

The Dyspeptic's Breakfast Should Be Made of

Malt Breakfast Food

The deranged and weak stomach of the dyspeptic requires a form of nourishment that will be easily retained and that will strengthen the organs of digestion from day to day.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only grain food that can surely and unfailingly meet the needs of all dyspeptics. It is the only perfect health food, the only food preparation that contains health-giving malt in the proportion needed for the nutrition of the body.

If you are a brain or muscle toiler, we strongly urge you to use Malt Breakfast Food every morning, assuring you that continued health and strength will be your reward. Malt Breakfast Food is indorsed by our best physicians; it is the true breakfast dish for young and old at all seasons.

IRISH WILL FIGHT SAYS WM. REDMOND

The Irish Leader Makes no Bones About Saying So

TO BATTLE FOR FREEDOM

Will Throw Off the English Yoke as Soon as Opportunity Offers

Messrs Wm. Redmond, M.P. and Joseph Devlin, M.P., Make Strong Speeches in the United States.

Philadelphia, March 21.—In the presence of an audience that packed every inch of available space in the Academy of Music last night, while thousands outside were clamoring for admission, William Redmond and Joseph Devlin, the Irish Nationalist members of Parliament, who came to this country to seek financial support for the Irish cause, made stirring appeals, which met with immediate response. Hundreds of dollars were subscribed in less than five minutes by the 700 or more persons on the stage, and hats passed through the audience were returned filled with cash and pledges. The total received was about $7000.

In the lower right-hand proscenium box sat Archbishop Ryan, and with him were Bishop Horstman, of Cleveland, and Bishop Prendergast. Without the building both Broad and Locust streets were black with people, and it was necessary to send speakers to the front of the building to address them.

Long before the hour for the meeting to be called to order Broad street as far north as Oxford was lined on both sides by thousands awaiting the distinguished speakers. The latter rode in open carriages, and the order of the procession was as follows:

Mounted police, under the command of Lieutenant Dungan.
Third Regiment Band.
Troop of Calvary.
St Joseph's Bugle and Drum Corps.
St. Joseph's Cadets.
Battalion of Infantry, under the command of Acting Major Walter F. Keenan.
Battery of Artillery, under the command of Captain Lewis A. Mellon.
St. Ann's Fife and Drum Corps.
St. Ann's Cadets, under the command of Captain Robert M. Brookfield U.S.A.
Polish National Guards, under the command of Captain Joseph F. Slomkowski
Band of the Industrial Home.
Emmet Guards, under the command of Captain J. Mallnery.
Divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, under the command of Major James P. Rooney.
First Regiment Band.

When Mr. Redmond, on one arm of Governor Stone, and Mr. Devlin on the other, appeared at the head of the line of vice presidents the applause was deafening and lasted fully five minutes. No time was lost in calling the meeting to order. Michael J. Ryan named Governor Stone as presiding officer and on taking the chair he said: "Ireland has been captured, but Ireland has never been conquered. There is one thing about the Irish people that goes to the hearts of other people, and that is that in these hundred years there has never been lost the desire, the hope and the belief in the accomplishment of their ultimate freedom. If there is one thing that causes every lover of patriotism to sympathize with Ireland it is because every one believes it is worthy. I know that Ireland has the sympathy of the American people and I know that the men who are fighting for Ireland's freedom in Parliament have the sympathy of the great American heart."

Mr. Redmond's Speech

Mr. Redmond outlined the accomplishments and purposes of the United Irish League. It is more potent than its predecessor, the Land League, he said, because the Protestants of the North are shoulder to shoulder in it with the Catholics of the South.

"We have made and unmade British Ministers," he said. "We can do so again. We have deranged the machinery of Parliament and stopped the passage of British reform. We can do so again. No rules or regulations which can be framed can possibly destroy the influence of eighty-three independent Irishmen in the British Parliament. The greatest question in England to-day is how to get rid of us. We believe that by honest action we can force the Irish question upon the attention of England and the world most effectively in England's own Parliament.

"I sometimes hear it said that by physical force alone Ireland can achieve her freedom. It may, indeed, come to that in the end. The Irish people would, in my opinion—and I believe in their own opinion—be quite justified in resorting to arms, did opportunity offer.

"British rule in Ireland is in all its aspects so intolerable to-day that the people would be quite justified in resorting to any means of freeing themselves from it. The difference between the members of the National party and those who adhere to the doctrine of physical force is, as far as I know, merely a question of time and opportunity.

"The people at home, if they got the chance, would need no spurring from this or any other country to fight bravely for their freedom. They have learned, however, bitter lessons in the past, and they know that it would be to the interest of England that the unarmed Irish people should place themselves in a false position.

"Perhaps, as I have said the opportunity may come. If any man or set of men can make the opportunity, I am sure all Ireland, or the great majority of the people, would wish them success. I certainly would myself.

"We are fighting in Parliament, and if we do not succeed there, eventually, we shall try when we are able to restore."

His words were lost in the uproar that these remarks occasioned. A like outbreak greeted a reference to Lord Methuen's defeat.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Fair and a little milder.

A storm on the New England coast has changed snow and rain as far west as Montreal, elsewhere the weather has remained fair. The Northwest is mild, and the cold wave which is still centred over Lake Superior is gradually moderating.

WESTERN CANADA DOG SHOW

Over 500 Dogs on Exhibition in Winnipeg Dog Show

(Special Telegram to The Times.)

Winnipeg, Man., March 20 — The seventh annual exhibition of the Western Canada Kennel Club opened to-day under auspicious circumstances. The show, from present indications, will be the most successful ever held in this part of Canada. The total number of thoroughbred canines on exhibition exceeds 500, and every breed known to fanciers is included in the list. The entries come from every section of the Dominion and the United States, and universal interest has been aroused in them. Of particular note are the displays of King Charles, Blenheims and black and tans. Judging was commenced soon after the opening to-day under the direction of James Cole of Kansas City.

C. P. R.'S NEW EQUIPMENT

The Immense Order Which the Big Railway Gives for Rolling Stock

Montreal, Que., March 21 — The Canadian Pacific officers have just compiled the annual order for rolling stock, which is the largest in the history of the company, and will bring its freight car service alone up to 30,000, and its locomotives to about 1,000 in round numbers. Of the eighty new locomotives the great majority will be of the heavy Atlantic type, with ten drivers and weighing an average of 160 tons. They will all be built in the company's shops in this city.

SECOND DEMAND ON TURKEY

Brigand Abductors of Miss Stone Must be Captured

London, March 20.—A despatch from Constantinople says that the United States Legation sent a second note to the Porte yesterday, pointing out that Miss Stone had been captured, her ransom paid, and she and Mme. Tsilka had been released, all in Turkey. The brigands, therefore, must be captured, and Turkey ought to capture them.

The note denied that the legation ever requested the authorities to reduce their vigilance on the frontier.

Items of Interest

Cape Town, March 21.— Cecil Rhodes passed a better night. He slept more than for some time past. Consequently there is a distinct improvement in his condition to-day.

PASSENGERS AT SOUTHAMPTON

Southampton, March 21. — The Royal Mail steamer Etbe arrived here to-day from the Azore Islands, having on board the passengers of the disabled Cunard Line steamer Etruria.

TO CLIMB MOUNT EVEREST

Geneva, March 21.—One of the most interesting ascents made for the past decade will be attempted this year in the Himalayas by a party of English-Swiss and Austrian mountaineers. The objects of the expedition is mainly a sporting ambition to break climbing records, but scientific observations will also be made. The Englishmen are Messrs. Crowley, Knowles, and Eckenstein, the last of whom was Sir William Conway's companion in his last Himalayan expedition. The Austrians are Doctors Pfannel and Wessely, and the Swiss is Dr. Jacot, of Neuchatel. The party left Trieste on March 3 and arrive at Bombay to-day. They hope to leave Askole, in Kashmir, by the end of May. Porters and Swiss guides have already been engaged. The first peak to be attempted will be the Godwin Austen, 28,250 feet, also known as K2 or No. 2 on English maps. Afterwards the party will attempt Mount Everest, 29,000 feet high, the highest mountain in the world. The highest point yet attained in the Himalayas is Pioneer Peak, 21,000 feet, climbed by Sir Wm. Conway in 1892.

DRUNK IN A HOTEL.

London, March 20.—Henry Oswin Bell, license-holder of the Grey Arms, Broomhill, Newcastle, one of the branches of Earl Grey's Public House Trust, was charged at Morpeth Petty Sessions yesterday with permitting drunkenness on his premises. In a previous case a small fine had been inflicted on a collier aged seventy-two who, according to a policeman, was very drunk when he left the house, and had to be helped home by the officer. After hearing the evidence, the bench came to the conclusion that the barman had not sufficient knowledge of the old man's condition, and dismissed the case.

APSLEY

—Mrs. Sharp's many friends will be pleased to hear that she is recovering from her illness, though still confined to the house.

—A few of our farmers are making maple syrup, but not to the extent they did in former years. It is surprising that they do not go into the business more extensively. Pure maple syrup is always saleable at a good price, and there are many fine sugar bushes here.

—One of our citizens was telling some of his friends at the post office that there were people up here who when nothing else was on the cards, took to building churches or preaching for a time; others would take to doctoring the sick, even cows, horses or dogs did not want for attendance, and it required faith to make the medicine effective.

—We were going to remark on the weather, but can't keep track of it for more than a few hours at a time. Besides, the mercury has been going up and down so rapidly lately that all our thermometers are worn out.

—Perhaps next time we will give you an account of the dances that have taken place around here this winter—where they were and who went to them.

—Mr. John Hales has purchased the Edgar farm and will move from his residence on the Wellington Road in the near future.

—Mr. Gallagher has recently purchased the Defoe farm.

A LIVELY TIME OVER THE BOER WAR DILLON SUSPENDED FROM HOUSE.

The Irish Nationalist Called Colonial Secretary Chamberlain "A Damned Liar."

DISSCUSSING THE AFFAIRS IN SOUTH AFRICA

Dillon Said Boers Who were Fighting with British were Traitors—House was Stunned by the Remark

London, March 20.—One of the liveliest scenes witnessed in the House of Commons since the palmiest days of the Irish Nationalists ended this afternoon with the suspension of John Dillon. During the discussion of South African affairs, the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, vigorously protested against the Government's conduct in uttering "malignant slanders" in calling the Liberals "pro-Boers."

The Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, in the course of an equally incisive reply, said he desired deliberately to accuse Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman of losing no opportunity for slandering his countrymen, the soldiers and the Government, consequently, the "malignant slanders" had come from the Opposition side.

The Speaker, Sir William Court Gully, here intervened, and declared that the term, "malignant slanders" was unparliamentary.

Both Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Chamberlain thereupon withdrew the words, amid cheers.

Mr. Chamberlain, proceeding, referred to the Boers who are fighting on the British side, when John Dillon, (Irish Nationalist), interjected: "They are traitors," on which Mr. Chamberlain retorted:

"The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors."

GREAT CONFUSION.

A scene of great confusion ensued. When order was partially restored Mr. Dillon demanded a ruling on Mr. Chamberlain's words.

The Speaker said:

"An honorable member spoke of soldiers serving under the British flags as traitors. I deprecated the interruption, and I deprecated the retort of the other member."

Mr. Dillon then said:

"I will tell the right honorable member that he is a damned liar."

A dead silence followed this remark. Such unparliamentary language seemed to stun the House.

The Speaker invited Mr. Dillon to withdraw the expression, but the latter said:

"I will not withdraw."

"Then I must name you," said the Speaker.

The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, then said:

"I beg to move that Mr. Dillon be suspended from service in the House."

The motion was carried by 248 to 46 votes.

Mr. Dillon, immediately, by direction of the Speaker, left the House, amidst wild Nationalist cheers, and Mr. Chamberlain resumed his speech.

CHAMBERLAIN'S POLICY IN SOUTH AFRICA

He Proposes to Educate the Boers to Respect the British

HIS PROBABLE FOREIGN POLICY DEFINED

Should He Succeed Lord Salisbury, as is Expected—His Wonderful Personality

London, March 20 — Should Mr. Chamberlain succeed to the Premiership, he will come into power as the representative of the great central party He will bring with him the undeniable force of Australian, Canadian and Cape opinion. The business men of the country approve of Mr. Chamberlain. Alone, among the twenty members of the Cabinet, he is recognized as a model of efficiency. Lord Selborne, who was his under-secretary for five years, since he became First Lord of the Admiralty, has carried into the administration of the navy many of Mr. Chamberlain's methods. The consequence is that more has been done for the navy in the last twelve months than for many years previously. The country attributes the efficiency of Lord Selborne to the training he enjoyed under Mr. Chamberlain. Having regard, therefore, to the weight attached to Colonial opinion, to the general demand for efficiency created by our failures and defeats, and to the fact that Mr. Chamberlain, more than any other Minister, has borne the burden and heat of the day during the trying times through which we are passing, it is reasonable to expect that on Lord Salisbury's retirement Mr. Chamberlain will become Prime Minister in the event of Mr. Balfour's health preventing him from accepting the appointment.

Some critics allege that Mr. Chamberlain's foreign policy would be aggressive and calculated to lead to war. Those who were present at the Leicester luncheon, when, fresh from an interview with the German Emperor, he pointed to the desirability of an understanding between the United States, Germany and Great Britain, will recognize that Mr. Chamberlain's views and those of Mr. Whitelaw Reid, as expressed in his speech at the great dinner given by the American press to Prince Henry of Prussia, are practically identical.

Mr. Chamberlain, like everyone else, must be judged by his deeds. Perhaps the most effective contribution to a knowledge of what he has done is to be found in the present state of the organization of the Orange River Colony. It is known that between Lord Milner and the military authorities at the Cape there existed a year ago a profound difference of opinion as to whether civil organization should be begun, or whether it should wait until the conclusion of the war. In the controversy, Mr. Chamberlain threw the whole weight of his influence on the side of Lord Milner. The result of this momentous decision is now known. Mr. Alfred Lyttelton, K.C., speaking at a dinner this week, explained in a speech of extreme interest the actual state of affairs to-day.

First as to education. There are more Boer children being educated in South Africa to-day than at any period previous to the beginning of the war. Both the children and their parents show themselves eager to acquire education. The Minister of Education in the Cape Colony, Mr. Sargeant, is a man after the heart of Napoleon or of Stein. He has appreciated the immense possibilities of bringing peace to the country through the teaching staff. In a most eloquent and moving memorandum of instructions to the teachers Mr. Sargeant points out to them the importance of their task. He successfully inspired them with enthusiasm on the subject to such an extent that the relations existing between the Boer children and the English teaching staff are of the happiest description. It is not generally known that the plan of introducing education before the end of the war was originally due to Lord Methuen. It occurred to this gallant officer that, although he was fighting the Boer fathers of families by day, there was nothing to prevent the introduction of English culture to the children at night. He accordingly sent to the Cape for two or three teachers, who resided in his camp and taught the Boer children under difficult conditions. The experiment was so successful that it was generally adopted, and the results already are beyond the most sanguine estimates of the authorities on the spot.

The next point to be noted is the act that the army north of the Orange river is now almost entirely supported by the products of local cultivation, with the single exception of meat. The expenditure of the army has gone down from nearly two millions to three-quarters of a million sterling a week, almost wholly owing to the policy of introducing settled cultivation within the areas protected by the blockhouses and in the neighborhood of the larger towns. Railway construction is proceeding apace. More stamps are being dropped at the Johannesburg mines every month, and although disasters still take place, the general trend of events in South Africa is most hopeful. Mr. Lyttleton, speaking as a recent visitor, absolutely declines to believe in the permanent hatred of the races after the war is over. The principal reason for the antipathy between Boer and British before the war was that the Boer did not respect the British nor the British the Boer. Each side has now acquired respect for the other. Respect is the primary condition of friendship.

General - Sports

BASEBALL LEAGUE

Hazleton, Pa., March 20 — Managers of the Pennsylvania State Baseball League are in session here to-day to make up the schedule and complete other arrangements for the coming season. It is possible that before adjourning the meeting may decide to increase the circuit to eight clubs by taking in Mt. Carmel and Williamsport. The other cities in the League are Lancaster, Reading, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Lebanon and Hazleton.

BROAD AND ATELL TO FIGHT

St. Louis, Mo., March 20 — The West End A. C. has completed arrangements for a fifteen round contest to-night between "Kid" Broad and Abe Atell, of California. The result means much to Atell, as upon his showing will depend the chances of his securing a meeting with the top-notchers of his class, which ambition he has failed to realize so far.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 21, 1902.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

REEVE MALONEY SPEAKS

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir,—In your issue of the 12th I noticed an item referring to the Douro township printing in which I am accused of disregarding the instructions of the Council. It is true I was appointed to let the contract for the printing and get prices from the different printing offices. Now, Mr. Editor, you say I did not ask you for prices and also that you were prepared to put in a low tender. Well, at the meeting of the Council at which I was appointed to get the printing done, the clerk produced an application and also a tender from The Times Printing Company offering to do the printing at same prices as last year, so you will see it was not necessary to call on you for prices. Now with regard to your correspondent stating that I gave the printing to the Examiner for political reasons it should be evident to you and your correspondent that such was not the case, as you have been favored with the township printing four years out of the last six years and the *Review* one year, and as the Examiner's prices were quite satisfactory I 'thought' it was their turn this year. Now, I think your correspondent must feel a little sore over some previous action of the Council where the township was concerned, and evidently he wants you to do some fighting for him while he backs into his hole, but I would advise you to let your correspondent fight his own battle and you keep out of the ring. Thanking you for space in your columns,

DENNIS MALONEY, Reeve.

Douro, March 18.

P.S.—Hoping you will be good enough to supply those same gentlemen with a free copy of this week's Times, as you did of your issue of the 12th.

Ans.—In regard to the above, our friend, Mr. Maloney, is altogether wrong. On Jan. 8th we wrote to Douro Council, pointing out that the work had been satisfactorily done by us, and asking for a continuance of the patronage. It would require considerable of an effort to twist this into a tender, as Mr. Maloney suggests. Besides, Mr. Maloney himself proposed that we write the letter to Douro Council. What are the facts? The reeve, it appears, was instructed by the Council to get prices from the Peterborough printers for the year's printing. Did he do so? So far as the Times is concerned, he did not. Mr. Dobbin, of the Review, cannot remember that he called on him, either. Then why did he give the contract to the Examiner in violation of his instructions? Was it, as our correspondent suggests, on account of political leanings? Why did he volunteer the statement made in our office (in the presence of two others) that the printing would again come our way this year, or words to this effect, giving as a reason that the service was very satisfactory, and then place it elsewhere? There must have been some powerful (?) influence at work to cause him to make this double shuffle. We leave our readers to figure it out for themselves. We have no wish to parade our personal affairs before the public, and would not do so if our duty to the people of Douro did not demand it. We are not fighting the battles of our correspondent, but simply defending ourselves. We imagine that our correspondent is quite able to speak for himself, and will no doubt do so at the proper time. In regard to the after clause, we may say, for Mr. Maloney's benefit, that our correspondent bought and paid for 30 extra copies of the paper, which were mailed to residents in Douro. Mr. Maloney had better try again. —Ed. Times.

Cattle for the States

A large train load of cattle were shipped from Peterborough this week for the Canada and South Dakota Cattle Company to their large ranch in South Dakota. This is the first shipment from Canada this year but it is intended to send another later on.

Breaking the Bank at Monte Carlo.

SENATOR CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW recently visited Monte Carlo on his wedding journey, and watched Lord Rosslyn attempt to break the bank. "Everybody," he says, "is laughing at the earl's so-called system. He announced in England that he had an infallible system, and only needed $50,000 to make it go. People tumbled over each other to give him the money. He began playing with thousand-franc notes. When I left he was playing with five-franc pieces. I was told that all but about $5,000 of the $50,000 was gone. There is no such thing as breaking the bank at Monte Carlo. A man who has lived in the place merely as a resident for years told me the gambling-house paid returns as regular as dividends on the New York Central Railroad. I suppose there are ten roulette-tables, and each table is a bank with a capital of $120,000. If you win all its capital that particular table closes for the day to get a change of luck. That is all the bank-breaking there is. You would have to go through all the other tables—roulette, rouge-et-noir, and trente-et-quarante — before you close up the concern, and there are several of each. They are a dismal looking lot—the players. I never saw one of them smile, and the winners looked as miserable as the losers. Nobody gets away with any money, no matter how much he wins. At least it is very rare. I saw one man begin with a thousand-franc note—$200. He played and won—doubled his money; played, and won again, and again doubled. He kept on until he had won about $24,000. Then he started resolutely to go out. At the door he stopped, hesitated, and turned back. He sauntered over to the table, and looked on at the game for a while. Then he buttoned up his coat again, with great decision, and started out with a firm stride. But he could not — positively could not get through the door. The last I saw of him he was playing away again, and the $24,000 was going pell-mell back into the gambling-house coffers. I did see one man, however, win and go away with his money. He was a very rich man, as I happened to know, and just played for fun, not caring whether he won or not. He had astonishing luck. The same number came up five times in succession—an unusual thing. It made a great sensation in the room, and people gathered about. At the fifth turn of the number he swiped in everything from the table, and poked away the wads of French banknotes into his pockets right and left. He won about $6,000 in a very few moments."

Why Women Can't Throw Straight.

IT has often been a source of wonder to married men that their wives should invariably hit the cat, or some other inoffending object, when aiming bootjacks and other missiles in their direction. An explanation is now to hand, which, it is hoped, will add enlightenment, as well as consolation, to any benighted Benedict who has experienced this idiosyncrasy. It appears that the reason a woman cannot aim straight is on account of her collarbone being too large to enable her to acquire a free swipe of the arm. This simply shows that when kind Providence sent woman into the void for man to lavish his affections and earnings upon, everything was beautifully and systematically thought out. Had woman been physically constructed so that her shying powers were equal to those of man, husbands would have had a mighty busy time of it dodging things generally. Thanks to that same Providence, however, woman can still throw her lily-white arms round our manly necks and hit the bull's-eye every time.

No matter what the world may say
  About a woman throwing straight
Dame Nature built her just that way
  That man might dodge her when irate.
Her collar-bone consoles her still
  In formulating little plans
To "collar" and to "bone" at will
  'Most everything of simple man's.

Civilization.

"I SEE the ships," said The Eavesdropper, as he stole round the world to me, "on a dozen sides of the world. I hear them fighting with the sea."

"And what do you see on the ships?" I said.

"Figures of men and women—thousands of figures of men and women."

"And what are they doing?"

"They are walking fiercely," he said—"some of them—walking fiercely up and down the decks before the sea."

"Why?" said I.

"Because they cannot stand still and look at it. Others are reading in chairs because they cannot sit still and look at it."

"And there are some," said The Eavesdropper, "with roofs of boards above their heads (to protect them from Wonder)—down in the hold—playing cards."

There was silence.

* * * * * * *

"What are you seeing now?" I said.

"Trains," he said—"a globe full of trains. They are on a dozen sides of it. They are clinging to the crusts of it — mountains—rivers—prairies—some in the light and some in the dark—creeping through space."

"And what do you see in the trains?"

"Miles of faces."

"And the faces?"

"They are pushing on the trains."

* * * * * * *

"What are you seeing now?" I said.

"Cities," he said—"streets of cities—miles of streets of cities."

"And what do you see in the streets of cities?"

"Men, women, and smoke."

"And what are the men and women doing?"

"Hurrying," said he.

"Where?" said I.

"God knows."—Gerald Stanley Lee in "Critic."

A Matter of Color.

Chromatopseudopsis is the medical term for color-blindness, and statistics show that men are much more chromatopseudopsically inclined than women. The man invariably succumbs to chromatopseudoptitude when he tries to match a ribbon.—"Judge."

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martare—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—[illegible]

Anecdotal.

In "Lives of the 'Lustrious," a biographical dictionary just issued in England, it is said that when Hall Caine, whose resemblance to Shakespeare is well known, landed in New York on a trip to America, he was accosted by the late Ignatius Donnelly, a stranger to him, with the words: "Lord Bacon, I presume."

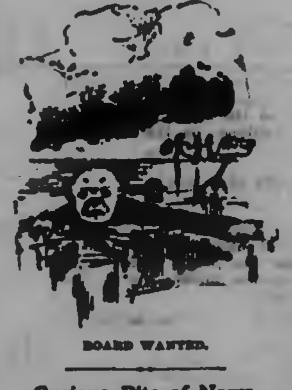
Some of the late Lord Randolph Churchill's friends once tried to have Lord Salisbury reinstate his erratic lieutenant. Salisbury listened to them patiently, and then asked: "Have any of you ever had a carbuncle on the back of your neck?" "No," was the reply. "Well, I have," retorted his lordship, "and I don't want another."

At a dinner-table in London the conversation turned on speaking. Curran stated that he could never speak in public for a quarter of an hour without moistening his lips. "I have the advantage of you then, Curran," said Sir Thomas Turton, a pompous and pretentious member of Parliament. "I spoke the other night in the House of Commons for five hours on the Nabob of Oude, and never felt in the least thirsty." "That is very remarkable, indeed," replied Curran, "for everyone agrees that it was the driest speech of the session."

Dr. Gordon, who was the first minister of the church in Jamaica Plain, about the year 1771, was a Scotchman, very stern and arbitrary in his manners, and precise and orderly in his own habits. The following anecdote of him is recorded in the family journal of one of his old parishioners: One Sunday, while preaching, he had begun to develop his theme with the usual "firstly," and got through that and "secondly." Then, turning the leaves of his manuscripts he said: "Thirdly," a second time "Thirdly," and again in great embarrassment, "Thirdly!" Just then a little girl in one of the front pews stood up and said: "Please, sir, thirdly flew out of the window some time ago."

John Townsend Trowbridge, one of the few surviving intimates of Walt Whitman, relates these anecdotes in his "Reminiscences" of the "good, gray poet" in the "Atlantic Monthly": "When, at dinner, preparing my dish of salad, I remarked that I was employed as his critics would be when his new edition was out, he queried, 'Devouring Leaves of Grass?' 'No,' I said, 'cutting up Leaves of Grass'—which amused him more, I fancy, than the cutting up did which came later. As the afternoon waned, and he spoke of leaving us, somebody placed a book before the face of the clock. I said: 'Put Leaves of Grass there. Nobody can see through that.' 'Not even the author?' he said, with a whimsical lifting of the brows.

Illustrated Want Ad.



BOARD WANTED.

Curious Bits of News.

Recently an American cyclist wheeled through La Mancha, in Spain, and in all that bleak region found no one who had ever heard of "Don Quixote," much less of Cervantes.

Dogs are to be used as river police on the Seine. At Gibraltar, curiously enough, dogs are mainly used for smuggling across the frontier, while on the St. Bernard they have once more been established as "first aid" to the frozen. Burnham, the famous scout, found that on the Klondike trail every kind of dog could be taught to draw sledges. The decoy dog and the blind man's dog share with the sheepdog the honor of earning their own living in recognized walks of industry.

Goubet, the French inventor of submarine boats, has devised a model of a boat intended to run under water and to convey passengers between France and England by means of a cable stretched across the Channel. Perhaps his strongest argument for an underwater passage is that the steadiness of motion would prevent seasickness, the traditional terror of the English Channel. The submarine boat "Fulton" lately lay undisturbed on the bottom off the Long Island coast while a tempest overhead sent many vessels to destruction.

The keepers of the big cobras in the Central Park Menagerie and the New York Zoological Garden do not find it easy to supply their venomous charges with the kind of food that they specially prefer. In their native land cobras live chiefly on smaller and less dangerous and objectionable snakes, but although every effort is made to collect harmless snakes to satisfy the appetite of the imprisoned cobras, at some seasons they have to be content with rats and mice, which they do not particularly like. Other varieties of captive snakes are fed mainly on toads, mice, rabbits and English sparrows.

Smoking in church is a Dutch custom. Dutchmen are such inveterate smokers that one of them is rarely seen without his pipe. He finds himself unable to deprive himself of the indulgence, even for the short period of a church service. A similar practice exists in several churches in South America. Smoking in churches in Great Britain is said to have been prevalent at the end of the sixteenth and the beginning of the seventeenth century. At one time smoking was carried to such an excess in Seville Cathedral that the chapter applied to the Pope for power to repress the abuse. Urban VIII., yielding to their wish, issued a bull, which was promulgated January 30, 1642. In Wales smoking in church was indulged in as late as 1850. In one church the communion-table stood in the aisle, and the farmers were in the habit of putting their hats upon it, and when the service began they lighted their pipes and smoked, without any thought of irreverence in the act.

Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Mocashina.

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

The Lion of the Place.

OF the many artists who have depicted on canvas the tawny royalty of the king of beasts, few indeed have omitted the precaution of maintaining strong bars between themselves and their models—unless, indeed, the models were no longer living. The story is often told of the dinner-party given by Sir Edwin Landseer, at which the guests were startled by the entry of a stolid butler, who enquired respectfully, in a perfectly matter-of-fact tone:

"Beg pardon, but did you order a lion, sir? There's one down-stairs, just come, sir."

There was, indeed, but it was safely dead, and the body had been sent around from the Zoo as a complimentary offering from the authorities to Sir Edwin.

It remained for a woman artist, Rosa Bonheur, to own her own lions, make friends with them, and caress and handle them with absolute fearlessness and impunity. Indeed, at one time she accorded her great pets the freedom of her house and garden at By exactly as if they had been dogs; but this liberty she was later obliged to curtail out of deference to other people's nerves, although the lions never abused it or manifested the least ferocity.

It was certainly hard for the casual caller to arrive expectantly at the gates of the chateau and behold, as soon as the latch clicked, a huge yellow lion rear itself upon the terrace, stretching in a sleepy and amiable yawn a pair of jaws that could easily bite a man's head off.

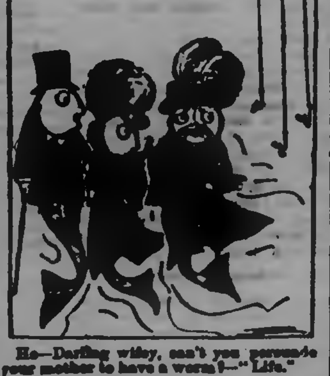
"Oh, it is only one of Mademoiselle Rosa's lions," a neighbor—with intent rather to tease than to reassure—was once heard saying to an alarmed visitor who still hesitated on the safe side of the fence. "Monsieur need only be careful not to step on its tail; the tip is black, and one does not readily observe it. It is a friendly animal—quite friendly, I assure monsieur—though I do not know how it would behave if stepped on. One might do well to go tiptoe."

On another occasion a note from an admirer of the artist's work, a distinguished man not known to her personally, was delivered at the chateau.

"Mademoiselle," it ran, "I had promised myself in passing through By the pleasure of seeing the lion of the place, mademoiselle, and I therefore offer upon paper the tribute of my profound regard to the lion of the place I no longer expect to see."

Getting Your Own Jehu.

MUCH clamor and confusion have been done away with at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York by the installation of an illuminated carriage call system, which signals to waiting coachmen a half-mile distant. The proper numbers are flashed from a conspicuous place commanding the stretches of pavement where the carriages, cabs and automobiles formerly crowded and jammed the crossings after opera hours. Operators stationed at the entrances are given numbered checks, and, without the aid of the man with the fog-horn voice, calling one's vehicle is now only a matter of switching a series of levers, arranged somewhat like a typewriter board. The figures from 0 to 9 can be shown in each of the three large apertures, so that carriage calls may be numbered up in the hundreds and changed every two seconds. The principle of the device is similar to that of the shifting advertising legends written in colored incandescent lights. This innovation does away with all shouting for carriages, and gives the coachmen no excuse for delay and confusion, as they are able to read their numbers against the sky a half-dozen blocks away.



He—Darling wifey, can't you persuade your mother to have a worm?—"Life."

A Great Past.

Cousin May—I thought you were engaged to Miss Yellowleaf. Jack—Not much! I couldn't love a woman with a past like hers. "Why, what do you know about her past?" "Nothing, except that it began too soon to suit me." Philadelphia "Press."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office) —Shure, docther, Oi think Oi hev appindicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for that.— "Judge."

Favorable Conditions.

Parson Primrose—In what way is it embarrassing for you to go to church with your husband. Mrs. Cobwigger—He has a habit of talking in his sleep.— "Judge."

Fit.

The Committee on Pulpit Supply had considered the applicant's taste in neckties and his wife's social antecedents, and found them satisfactory.

There remained only the question of his theology.

"In theology," reported the sub-committee appointed to look into this matter, "the applicant occupies safe middle ground. While he does not, on the one hand, hold that it is as hard for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven as it is for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle, he does not rush to the opposite extreme and teach that it is as easy for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven as it is for him to keep out of jail."

The main question being put, it was voted to extend a call.—N. Y. "Life."

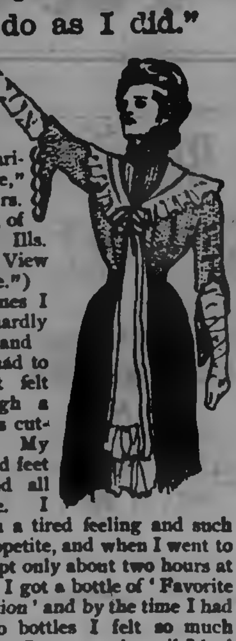
Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work. —Philadelphia Press.

"I hope others will do as I did."



"I suffered for six years with ovarian trouble," writes Mrs. E. Waite, of Chicago, Ills. (Lake View Postoffice.") "Sometimes I could hardly walk, and when I had to cough it felt as though a knife was cutting me. My hands and feet were cold all the time. I had such a tired feeling and such a poor appetite, and when I went to bed I slept only about two hours at a time. I got a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' and by the time I had used two bottles I felt so much better that I continued until I had taken eight bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and now I am so well that my friends remark how well I am looking. I go to bed now and sleep till morning. My appetite is splendid and that tired feeling has left me. I hope others will do as I did—give Dr. Pierce's medicines a fair trial."

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WEST PETERBORO NOMINATION

Ross Meeting to Select a Candidate on March 22nd

A mass meeting of supporters of the Ross Government of West Peterborough will be held in Bradburn's Opera House, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 22nd, at 1.30 p.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the representation of the West Riding in the next Local Legislature. Addresses will be delivered on the occasion by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Hon. Senator Cox, Hon. Senator McHugh, Mr. John Lang, M.P., and Mr. Thomas Blezard, M.P.P. It is requested that all supporters of the government who can do so will attend. All are interested in the nomination to be made and all are invited. There being several speakers it will be necessary to begin the proceedings of the Convention promptly on time, 1.30 o'clock p.m., Saturday, March 22nd.

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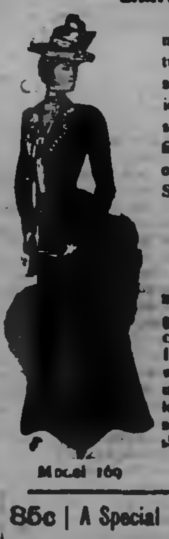

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License Inspector West Peterborough

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If you are tired in the morning, drowsy and sleepy, feel as if you are overworked, pain in the back, deposits in urine, irritable and easily excited, no ambition, memory poor, haggard expression, or other signs of weakness, call and see me, as I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment a positive cure for these conditions, and you pay when cured. Read this sworn testimonial. None used without permission. $1,000.00 for any I cannot show.

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated [illegible] for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in [illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May 10, [illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above trouble, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured. Aug. 1, [illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. [illegible] J. HARRIS.

JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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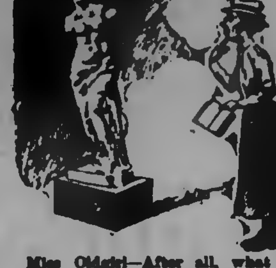

Miss Oldgirl—After all, what so graces the world as woman?—"Harper's Bazar."

The Late Queen's Autographs.

According to the London "World," great annoyance has been caused at court by recent sales of Queen Victoria's private letters and autographs, of which an immense number have been produced in the open market during the last few months. It is impossible to understand how such strictly confidential communications as the Queen's private letters to foreign sovereigns and to the Duchess of Gloucester and other members of the royal family can have come to be publicly offered for sale, unless they have somehow passed into the possession of the servants of the recipients.

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 206,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 209,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by R. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

The capital invested in electrical enterprises in the United States is estimated by "American Trade" at four billion dollars. We have the same authority for the assertion that these industries employ more than half a million persons. Almost half of the aggregate capital is represented by the electric railways, which, it would be safe to assume, employ a majority of the half-million persons. There were dismal predictions current ten or fifteen years ago of things that would befall certain classes of labor when electric cars came in; but the abolishment of the horse-car has probably thrown no one out of work—except the horse.

"He may mean well," said the young doctor, "but I don't exactly like the tone of his letter."

"What's the matter?" inquired the old practitioner.

"Jones, the undertaker, writes and says that if I send my patients to him he will guarantee to give them satisfaction."—Judge.

—♦♦♦—

"Miss Alice," said the nervy young man, "I think I will marry you."

"Indeed? Two very remarkable statements, sir!"

"Two? How two?"

"One that you will marry me; the other that you think."—Baltimore News.

—♦♦♦—

"A good man has gone," wrote the editor of The Hickory Ridge Missourian, in winding up his obituary of Col. Wopjaw. "He was honored and respected by all, and a large concourse of sympathizing friends and neighbors followed to the tomb all that was mortal of our distinguished citizen, except a leg he had the misfortune to lose while fighting bravely at Chickamauga thirty-eight years ago."—[illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

"Thank you, I will go by myself," replied Daisy, nervously, thinking what a fright it would give her father to behold a stranger bringing her home at that hour, and in such a plight.

He clasped the little hand Daisy had extended to him, murmuring softly: "Am I never to have the pleasure of seeing you again?" and the winning, musical voice of this noble, handsome hero, who had rescued her at the peril of his own life, sent a thrill of pleasure through pretty Daisy's romantic, foolish, little heart.

"Would you really care to see me again?" stammered simple little Daisy, in girlish confusion, raising her blue eyes timidly to his face, then dropping them quickly and shyly.

"More than I can tell you," he answered, earnestly.

"You would be very welcome to come to the house," she said.

He drew back with a strange pallor on his handsome face.

"It would be so much more romantic, if you would permit me to join you in your rambles, boating, or horseback riding. I am really ashamed to admit this to you, but it is quite the case. I do not like to be lionized for aiding you. On the contrary, I would be so happy if you would not mention our adventure to any one——"

"Of course I won't mention it, if you really wish it so," said Daisy, blushing and thoughtlessly —oh, so thoughtlessly —giving that fatal promise.

Again he thanked her warmly for her kindness, and begged to know when he should see her again, as he would be so anxious to know that she had not suffered any severe shock from the fright, or exposure to the water.

And Daisy answered, little dreaming of appointing a trysting-place. "My favorite nook is in the peach orchard, near the stone wall, just down at the end of the lane."

"What? so far away from Briar Hall?" he was about to ejaculate, but again he checked himself.

No doubt this capricious, pretty little heiress to three millions was on her way to visit some of the rustic beauties hereabouts, he told himself.

"Good bye, and thank you again for saving my life," she said gratefully.

Just then the door of the old farmhouse opened, and in another instant Daisy was lost to sight in the darkness.

For an hour Harold St. John stood quite motionless under the trees where she had left him. His better nature urged him to fly from the place, and never see that sweet face again.

"I will risk all by staying a little longer," he told himself, with reckless desperation. "I, who have always laughed at the notion of love, am in love at last. I will win her, if I can. When I leave here, she will go with me as my bride. Yes, she must be mine!"

CHAPTER III.

A Handsome Young Lover.

Daisy reached the house and crept up to her own room unnoticed.

When night had come on and the storm had set in, and Daisy had not returned, the farmer had grown quite uneasy about his favorite child.

Both Hetty and Olive laughed aloud at his fears.

"It's all nonsense to be alarmed over Daisy," both the girls declared. "No doubt she was at one of the neighbor's houses when the storm came on and they persuaded her to stay overnight."

"I suppose that must be the way of it," answered the farmer; "but somehow I feel strangely worried about the child to-night; I don't know why. I can't shake the impression off."

He drew his arm-chair closer up to the chimney-corner and lit his pipe, murmuring:

"Bless the child, God bless little Daisy."

It was a busy evening for both Hetty and Olive, for they were to start bright and early on the following morning with a jolly party of young folks for Briar Hall. And as they were to stay a fortnight, the old valise had to be packed with necessary clothing.

Everything was in readiness at last, and, looking up at the tall, old-fashioned clock ticking over the fireplace, Hetty saw that it wanted twenty minutes to ten.

"Oh, my!" she cried in dismay, "see how late it is, Olive; we must get to bed at once, or we'll never be able to get up early in the morning."

As they passed through Daisy's room on their way to their own chamber, Hetty started back with a little smothered cry, pointing toward the dainty white bed.

"Look, Olive!" she cried. "See, here is Daisy sound asleep in bed, after all the fuss father made over her absence."

"I might have guessed as much," laughed Olive. "She has stolen into the house and kept out of our way the whole evening so she wouldn't be asked to help us with our packing."

Farmer Gordon heard it all from his arm-chair in the sitting-room below.

To be Continued.

Have you Eczema?—Have you any skin disease or eruptions? Are you subject to chafing or scalding? Dr. Agnew's Ointment prevents and cures any and all of these, and cures Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles besides. One application brings relief in ten minutes, and cases cured in three to six nights. 35 cents.—72

Progress of Marconi.

There is a good deal of inspiration in the steady progress of Marconi, five years ago an utterly unknown man, with his faith in himself as his chief asset, to his present position of world-wide fame. The record is brief and marked by stages so well defined as to lend themselves easily to succinct statement:—

1896—In July Mr. G. Marconi, then 22 years of age, arrived in England from Italy, bringing with him a method of sending messages across space without intervening wires. The first trials in England were made between a room in the General Postoffice, London, and an impromptu station on the roof some 100 yards distant.

1897—On Salisbury Plain—2 miles.

1897—Across Bristol Channel—8 miles.

1897—At Spezia, Italy, between a warship and the shore—12 miles.

1897—Between Salisbury and Bath—34 miles.

1899 (April 27)—Between England and France—32 miles.

1899—At the naval manoeuvres—60 miles.

1900—Between Belgium and England—80—100 miles.

1900—Between war vessels of the British navy up to 150 miles.

1901 (August 16)—Between Lucania and Nantucket lightship—287 miles.

1901 (December 13)—Between Cornwall and Newfoundland—2,000 miles.

Popular Literature.

The popularity test of literature is so rapidly becoming, in the general estimate, the all-important test that the consideration of the reasons why people buy certain popular books is one of the interesting commercial as well as literary problems of the day. It is a curious fact that no theatrical manager can tell whether a play will fail or succeed, nor can the shrewdest publisher predict the fate of a book. "The public simply takes the bit in its teeth now and then," says the organ of one of the big New York publishing houses, "and runs away with the play or book—why, nobody knows. Last fall the public was running away with a novel called "The Right of Way"; and in order, if possible, to ascertain why, the publishers printed several advertisements in the daily press of the country asking readers to kindly say why they read this book. The replies were curious. From all over America and Canada came letters—1,486 in all. These were carefully tabulated with this result:—

711	said they had heard it favorably spoken of by friends who had either read it serially or in book form.
468	had seen it advertised or both advertised and reviewed.
114	had read reviews of it.
86	had read something the author had written previously and liked his style.
84	had read the serial themselves, and wanted the book in consequence.
23	replies gave frivolous reasons—"because they had the price," because "a fool and his money are soon parted," because "they were dull and wanted something exciting," because "they wanted something to talk about," because "they read all the new books," "they wanted to be up-to-date," etc., etc.

All this leaves the publisher pretty much where he started. But one thing is clear. While readers, in the long run, are the best advertisers, it is the review, and in some cases, as in this one, the serial publication at the outset, that sets them talking. In other words, the first vogue of the popular novel is due apparently to the man who reviews it."

Cause of Kingly Ills.

The pessimistic anticipations which are expressed from time to time with regard to the health of the King seem to have ceased for the time, but the undercurrent of alarm remains as strong, almost, as ever. Sensational reports are still going about, and find their chief sanction in the fact that the King has lost within a comparatively short space of time a brother and a sister from the fell disease which, according to popular rumor, he believes to be threatening his own life. Three of Queen Victoria's children, it will be remembered, died during her lifetime, and one other, the late Queen's eldest daughter, widow of the late German Emperor Frederick, has died only a few months after the death of her mother.

A recent article in The Dublin Freeman's Journal, perhaps of Ireland, which has attracted Justin McCarthy's favorable comment, insists that one main cause of illnesses which at present affect so many royal houses in Europe is to be found in the fact that "the sovereigns of Europe have disregarded the great law of nature which discountenances the marriage of near blood relations." The article goes on to say that while "there are in Europe over a score of Emperors, Kings and minor reigning sovereigns. . . . all but two are the descendants of James I. of England, the only child of the marriage of Darnley and Mary Queen of Scots."

The King of Sweden is the descendant of Marshal Bernadotte, one of the soldiers whom the great Napoleon raised from the ranks and set upon a throne, and the Prince of Montenegro, who became a sovereign ruler within the recollection of us all, are almost the only two exceptions. The result of this condition of things naturally is that European Princes and Princesses are compelled to marry "in and in"—in other words, their marriage consorts have to be found in families more or less nearly related to their own.

At present there is hardly a European imperial or royal family which is not oppressed by serious and boding illness of some kind, and it is only reasonable to say that some explanation of this fact may be found in this system of intermarriage. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, in many ways, the worst dynasty that ever ruled over England, should have so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

"You are indeed my treasure,"
I gently said to her;
She blushed and said with pleasure:
"Then be my treasurer!"
—Chicago News.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Mrs. Durand's Backrobe.

My wife's brother, seven years old, was surely in France with his mother (said Mr. Leroy Durand of the St. Maurice Club), for we had received a cablegram on their arrival, but his voice seemed to be screaming on the shore of Lake Pazhegu[illegible] in the St. Maurice Wilderness of Quebec. That scream first reached our ears as we paddled around a bluff and lost hearing of the cascades. My wife, kneeling in the bow of our small canoe, stopped her paddle midway in the act of dipping it and turned her eyes about to me. They are always big, as you know, but they were twice as big then. That was the first time I had seen her look scared, and we had hunted together, east and west, north and south, for five years past. When we left New York two weeks earlier the voice of her little brother in a delirium of pain seemed still sounding in her ears, she told me, although he was so far convalescent as to have sailed on the "Etruria" a fortnight before we left for Quebec.

"Did you hear anything?" she asked me now.

"It was some tree creaking." I was trying to reassure her.

"Nonsense! There's no wind."

In fact, the lake was so calm that the up-side-down shores were as distinct as the right-side-up ones, except where trout wallowed in the mirror or a darting kingfisher touched it with spreading circles. White clouds were as fleecy in the lake as in the blue above us, and a perfect silence seemed to hold all the void between the counterparts, while our canoe ran on with a lessening gurgle as we listened for more than twenty seconds. Then the childlike, the almost infantile screams came again, seeming to reach from the far opposite shore by force of some poignant emotional quality of agonized weakness. They ended with a short note like a wail choked off by faintness or despair.

My wife knows the woods, and now she said, "It must be a young bear—a yearling—in a trap."

"Exactly. Chief Josef."

She took to paddling without a reply. She herself had given Chief Josef the order for a backrobe.

On we went at a faster stroke than she usually sets, straight for the bluff of the screams. For intervals of about a minute they lingered in our ears, and then spread through the blue.

"Come right along up and set him free," said my wife, as she landed.

"And what will his teeth and claws be doing while I'm springing the trap open?" I asked, when I had made the canoe secure.

"Then come and put him out of his pain."

"Certainly, my dear, I'll go. But you'll stay here in the canoe. It won't do you any good to see that bear."

"It might," she said, with self-reproach. "But, anyway, I'll never let a trap be set on my account again. Come!"

"But the old she bear may be up there, and you didn't bring your gun."

"Go up at once!" said my wife, who had never imagined that a man with a magazine rifle could get into serious trouble with bears.

So up I went; and as my wife always obeys my wishes when I'm not there, she got back into the canoe and pushed off a few yards to be ready, as I told her, in case I might "find bears too plenty on the hill."

But there was only the one, a young bear, as my wife had guessed—not a cub, not an infant, but a child—one of about seventeen or eighteen months. I wish I could quite forget that picture of despondency.

He was caught by the right fore-paw; he had dragged the trap till the clog caught between two small trees; then he had pulled the trap back and forth and round and round till the earth was worn bare of grass and twigs and the little bushes within his reach were stripped of bark. His mouth was down, biting gingerly at the twisted leg and muttering most piteously, as if that way of getting free were too unendurable. Then, as the crescendo of wailing screams began once more, his head was raised toward the sky as if the creature were veritably appealing to the Eternal Judge between man and beast.

At that instant I fired, and he sank down in death with a sense of relief, I do believe. He did not struggle in the least, so much had his strength been exhausted by the long ordeal. His trapped leg I found to be broken and twisted as a towel is twisted in wringing it; the edges of the bone had torn the muscles and tendons to a fibrous pulp.

I went back to the canoe, told my wife, "The bear was a yearling," and had no questions from her.

On the way to camp we passed the Montagnais wigwams, and I stopped to tell Chief Josef of shooting his bear.

"Dass good t'ing," said Josef. "I glad you keel heem. He's not bot' 'nough for mek good robe for de lady sleigh, but he's good maybe two dollar. Me, I hain' had no lucky wis bear since de lady is tol' me for trap some good skin. Tudder day, what you t'ink? I'll find in one udder trap great big paw what de sacre bear he's twist off, or bite off, maybe—anyhow, he's get away. Here's dat paw, lady," and he took the hideous relic from behind one of his wigwam poles and offered it to my wife.

She turned away, hit hard, and so pale that I put my arm around her to help her down to the canoe. Without a word we started—there seemed nothing to say. But when we had paddled a mile she stopped the stroke and turned her head over her shoulder with, "Leroy, did you understand about trapping before?"

"I didn't realize what it meant to the animals."

"I'm glad you didn't—or I shouldn't like to think I'd married you," she said, in a conclusive tone.

Since that day she has never worn fur.—E. W. Thomson in "Youth's Companion."

Tate's Date.

There was a young person named Tate,
Who dined his best girl at eight eight,
But I am unable to state
What the person named Tate
And his tete-a-tete ate at eight eight.
—Ex.

An Error in Anatomy.

The King—Varlet, thou liest in thy throat. The Knave—Pardon, Your Majesty, but that is impossible. I always speak through my nose.—"Judge."

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

—♦♦♦—

"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

—♦♦♦—

Her Ideal Man.

SHE was a lovely chocolate-cream-box sort of a girl, with a gushing tenderness suggestive of butter on a hot day, and she was confiding in her "ownliest own" girl friend:

"The man that aspires to the privilege of pressing his moustache upon my rosebud lips," she began, firmly, "must be tall and stalwart as a pine tree in its prime."

"There is a slump in pine trees just at present," murmured her friend, inaudibly, but the rapturous girl swept on.

"I can see him now with the perfect Greek features of the Belvedere Apollo, surmounting a frame that is suggestive of the Farnese Hercules in repose."

"I fancy that Ouida has been there before," murmured the friend once more, "but there is no additional charge for heroics; so proceed."

"His mouth must be firm but kind, and his soft hazel eyes will twinkle with a smile that is at once sweetly serious and saucily sedate."

"I fancied that I was rather a connoisseur in smiles myself," remarked her friend, "but I do not recall at this moment seeing one of the precise nature you describe. But I will endeavor to imagine it. Fill in your hero, please."

"He must be strong and resolute, yet generous and tender to a fault; his face will light up with the fire of a strenuous passion when his feelings are aroused, and yet he will have his whole nature in such perfect control that he will never lose that grip of himself which is the leading characteristic of the true aristocrat."

"True aristocrats have been a falling market for some time past," remarked the friend in another aside; "but there is nothing like putting one's trust in Providence."

"He must be both truly religious and honestly manly, with the creed of the man of the world elevated to the standard of the highest religious principle."

"Right, oh!" said her friend relapsing into slang. "Muscular Christianity, ritualism and rowing, golf and godliness, are all the go. There may be a chance for you yet."

And then a dreamy far-away look came into the melting maiden's eyes as she concluded:

"He must have no eyes for any other girl in the world, but must feel the god of love spring into birth in his heroic soul as his glance meets mine, and we realise that we were predestined for each other from the beginning of the world."

At this moment the door opened, and the neatly-attired parlormaid announced "Mr. Jimkins is waiting to see you downstairs in the drawing-room, miss."

"What! that little red-haired bounder with a squint," enquired the dear friend, "who used to be always spooning round after Maud and Blanche, until they at last succeeded in getting it into his wooden little copper-topped coconut that his room was decidedly preferable to his company! Why, he's the mangiest little toad that ever—"

But the whole of her remark was lost upon the chocolate-cream girl, whose dainty feet were tripping downstairs three steps at a time, and before the drawing-room door closed the dear friend heard her begin "Dear Mr. Jimkins, how sweet of you to come on a day like this!" And then the door closed, and the dear friend was left to her own cogitations on the eternal feminine.

Back at the Old Home.

IRVING BACHELLER, the author, tells a story of having gone back, after many years' absence, to his old country home in the New England States. On the ruined doorstep of the old house stood the seedy remnant of a once noble race. He wore, amongst other things, one suspender and a seedy pair of trousers. The conversation ran like this:

"Glad to see ye," ses he. "Thanks," says I. "We've heerd about you," ses he, "and they say you done noble." "Well, and how are you?" says I. "Porely," ses he. "How's that?" says I. "Jest makin' a bare livin'," ses he. "Why don't you go away?" says I. "Can't," ses he. "Why not?" says I. "Mortgaged," ses he. "That's too bad," says I. "'Tis," ses he. "You don't seem to have much to live for," says I. "Don't want to live," ses he. "You might die," says I. "Can't," ses he. "Why not?" says I. "Mortgaged," ses he.

At this point they were joined by another old acquaintance of Mr. Bacheller's—a man who for years had held a mortgage on every acre of the country-side. "So you're Paul Bacheller's boy?" he said, after scrutinizing the visitor closely. "The same," said Mr. Bacheller. "Well," said Mr. Wallace, reflectively, "if your father had kept you on the farm it would not have looked as it does now." Up to this point the unfortunate farmer who was mortgaged had taken no part in the conversation. Now, however, a strange grin came across his face.

"That's right, Mr. Wallace," ses he. "If he had been kept on the farm the farm would hev looked better, but he'd hev looked a damn sight worse."

Cause For Madness.

"By George," said a man who was riding to the city in an early train, "I detest people who are so positive about everything."

"It is a disagreeable habit," the passenger who sat next to him admitted, "and it always pleases me to see such people confronted with proofs that they are in the wrong."

"Yes, it does me, too. My wife's cousin has been visiting us for several days, and he's one of those know-it-all fellows. You can't tell him anything. Yesterday morning he was reading, and I gave him a hint on how to pronounce a French word that he used. But do you suppose he was willing to admit that I knew more about it than he did?"

"I suppose not."

"No; he sat there, right at my own table, and argued with me for twenty minutes trying to show that I didn't know what I was talking about. Such people make me weary."

"Why didn't you get a French dictionary and prove to him that he was wrong?"

"Oh, I looked it up yesterday and found that I was mistaken myself; but what makes me mad is the fact that he was so positive about it."

The dinner party consisted of fourteen stomachs and two very interesting bodies.—N. Y. "Life."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied as to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

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is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
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25 Cents each
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B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 21, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The market tolls will be sold by auction to-day.

—The great Liberal convention will be held on Saturday.

—The chief has a fur gauntlet for which he would like an owner.

—The Spring Assizes open on Monday next, before Hon. Mr. Justice Lount.

—County Magistrate Edmison will give his decision in the Jury case on Wednesday next.

—A Campbellford citizen was recently fined $5 for not sending his boy to school.

—Peterborough and Otonabee lodges I. O. O. F.'s will pay a fraternal visit to Lindsay lodge on Thursday, March 27th.

—A chimney blaze gave the fire brigade a run to Ashburnham yesterday afternoon about five o'clock.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The Conservatives have called a mass meeting for Saturday, April 5th, to decide upon bringing out a candidate in West Peterborough for the Legislature.

—The millinery and dress goods stores presented a busy appearance last night. They were visited by hundreds of citizens, especially ladies, who were viewing the new styles of hats for spring and summer wear.

—As soon as the waters in Little Lake settle down, there will be an interesting canoe race there between Capt. Cottingham and G. Currer and Geo. Fitzgerald and Arthur Blade. As these four are among the best canoeists in the country a very interesting race is expected.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiten's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

The Event of the Season

Don't forget the Ladies of the Maccabees, will hold their annual concert on Friday evening, March 21st in the Sons of England Hall, at 8 p.m.

Mr. Halpenny, Master Mowatt, Miss Carrie White and others will take part in the programme. Tickets 15 cts.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

Labor Union at Lakefield

A deputation from Peterborough Union No. [illegible] American Federation of Labor went to Lakefield yesterday afternoon to open the new union which has just been organized at that place. The charter and all necessary books and papers have arrived and the union will be put on a working basis at once. Altogether about two hundred laborers in the village have joined the organization. The day laborers were initiated in the evening and the night workers in the afternoon. Everything seems favorable to the new union and it will doubtless flourish in a very creditable manner.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Long Service Medals

In a militia order issued from headquarters, March 15th the following non-commissioned officers and men of the local corps have been granted the long service medal:—

Sergt. W. F. Green, Sergt. S. Sharpe, Sergt.-Major, F. Woods, Private A. Stalo, J. Crowe, R. Mein and J. Harper of the 57th Regt.; Major W. W. Brown, Sergt.-Major T. H. Goldie, Trooper W. J. Scollie, 3rd Dragoons; Col.-Sergt. F. McCurry, Sergt. I. R. Smith, Private R. McCurry, W. McIver and J. McMahon, of the 40th Regiment. Although the militia order gives no information in that respect, the medals will probably be forwarded to officers commanding, for distribution.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. Fred A. Clark is in Toronto on business.

—Mr. John Belcher was in Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. James Christie, of Moosejaw, N. W. T., is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Ed. Cookson, Aylmer street.

—Mrs. Jas. Eastcott, of Millbrook, is the guest of Mrs. S. A. Oke, town.

—Mrs. H. G. Fitzgerald, of Lakefield, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Fitzgerald, Ashburnham.

—Mrs. J. B. Oke, of Glasgow, Scotland, is the guest of Mrs. S. A. Oke, town.

—Mr. Fred Lafevre has accepted an appointment in China, and left a few days ago to assume his duties.

—Miss Lizzie McFallis, of Cavan, and Miss Jennie Wilson, of Lambton Co., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Edwards, Albert street.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Shobbrook, of the "Soo" Ontario, who have been the guests of Mr. McElwain, have left for their home. On their way, they will visit Toronto and Detroit.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

The Charge Against Fred Cousins will be Heard by the Judge

Fred Cousins, who is charged with setting fire to a dwelling house in Ashburnham, belonging to the late Mrs. Lucy, on Feb. 24, was up before County Magistrate Edmison in the County Police Court yesterday. The evidence of a couple of witnesses was taken, and the Magistrate ordered that Cousins be committed for trial. It is likely that he will be tried by the County Judge Mr. Morden, of Belleville, was counsel for the prisoner.

ACCIDENT AT CEREAL WORKS

Wm. Corbett, a Laborer, Has His Leg Broken by a Fall

Wm. Corbett, a laborer, at the Cereal Works, was engaged yesterday morning in taking down some scaffolding on the top storey when in some manner he tripped and fell about ten feet and fractured one of his limbs. He had a miraculous escape from falling further. He grasped a joist and held on until assistance came and lifted him out of his perilous position.

The ambulance was called and Corbett was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where the fracture was reduced. Corbett is a young man about 30 years of age and married.

THE TOWN COUNCIL

Market By-law Amended — Permission Granted Power Co. to Place New Poles

The Town Council met in Special Session at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Those present were, Mayor Denne, Aldermen Best, Shortly, Cornery, McGregor, Rush Roger, and Edgcumbe.

A by-law to change the hour of opening market from 11 a.m. to 10 a.m. received its several readings and was passed.

The Board of Works granted permission to the Auburn Power Co to place new poles on Edinburg street to conduct electric power to Munns bakery.

A resolution was passed referring the matter of wages for street laborers to come up before the next meeting of the Council.

The Council then adjourned.

THE NEW RINK

Meeting Held Last Night—Large Amount of Stock Subscribed

A large number of those interested in the new skating rink met last night in the office of Hatton and Bradburn to discuss the progress already made. The chairman, Mayor Denne stated that a large amount of money was already subscribed for the company and that in a short time after a suitable site had been secured that work on the new building would be started.

The committee appointed to look at different sites and obtain options reported. Two places were chosen from the number, and the committee were authorized to find out the lowest price that the lots could be obtained for. A committee was appointed to meet a committee from the present rink company to discuss the taking over of the ground at present used for a rink.

"The rink that will be built is to be one of the best in the country. The ice will be about 75 x 175 raised galleries will be erected on either side and at one end. This will give a seating capacity of nearly 1700. The galleries will be so arranged that spectators can see the ice without any trouble.

Several of those present took out application forms for stock and it is [illegible] that in a few days more the amount required will be nearly subscribed.

"COFFEE HEARTS"

More Frequent Than Tobacco Hearts

Coffee drinking frequently affects the heart, and many cases of heart trouble are relieved or entirely cured by leaving off coffee and taking on Postum Food Coffee.

A good illustration is that of a lady who says, "I was troubled, for many years, with my heart, and at times would become unconscious. The children have many times run for the neighbors to come in and restore me by putting my feet in hot water and rubbing me.

Dr. Short frequently told me that coffee was a poison to me and was really the cause of my weak heart. I could not do without the coffee, though, but finally the doctor told me it was certain death if I did not give it up. This was about five years ago and I changed from coffee to Postum Food Coffee. My heart trouble gradually disappeared, and now I am entirely well, having never used a particle of coffee since my first cup of Postum.

I gave a little Postum to a lady friend one day to take home and try. She reported that she did not like it at all. I found that she boiled it only five minutes, so I gave her some more and told her to boil it 20 minutes. That was different. She has been using Postum now a long time.

It cured her daughter of liver trouble, restored her fresh, pretty complexion, and cured the mother from headaches from which she suffered severely." Mrs. M. Douglass, 607 Plum street, Elkhart, Ind.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A HORSE

Mrs. West Sustained Severe Injuries Last Evening on George Street

Mrs. West, a lady who resides on Geo. St. north, met with a rather severe accident last night. She was at the corner of George and Hunter streets, when she was knocked down by a horse and buggy and sustained a nasty cut over her left eye besides being badly shaken up. The injured woman was taken into Tully's drug store, and medical assistance summoned at once. Dr. Scott attended to her injuries and had the woman removed to her home in a hack.

Pain in the Back

makes life miserable. Can it be cured? Yes, in one night. Polson's Nerviline gives a complete knockout to pain in the back, for it penetrates through the tissues, takes out the soreness and pain, invigorates tired muscles, and makes you feel like a new man. Nerviline cures quickly because it is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing than any other remedy. Don't suffer another minute, get Nerviline quick, and rub it in, for sure as you were born it will cure you. 25c.

ST. JOHN'S NEW RECTORY

The Collections at Easter to be Used for That Purpose

After the service in St. John's on Wednesday evening, a congregational meeting was held at which it was unanimously decided to devote the Easter offertory towards the nucleus of a Rectory fund. Several formal addresses were made in support of the movement. Rev. Geo. Warren warmly congratulated the congregation on the spirit evidenced and stated that long ago he had pressed the subject on Mr. Davidson's notice and he was pleased to see it now taking shape.

A Case too Difficult and Complicated for the Ordinary Physician

Paine's Celery Compound

The Marvellous Spring Medicine Rescues The Suffering Man

Mr. Forsythe Says: "I Am Pleased to Recommend Paine's Celery Compound; I Beleive It Is The Best Medicine in The World

Paine's Celery Compound surely and truly makes people well. It is the one true specific recognized and prescribed by eminent physicians for all diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system. As a spring medicine for the banishment of blood diseases, dyspepsia, kidney disease, liver complaint and rheumatism, it is unequalled in the world.

Mr. A. Forsythe, Manvers, Ont., says: "For two years I was in a low condition of health, suffering from nervousness, fainting spells, pain in the head, stomach troubles and loss of appetite. I was under the care of two doctors, but received no benefit from their treatment. I was then advised by a neighbor to use your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. The use of this marvellous preparation soon produced the very best results. I am glad to report that my health is improved in every respect; I am stronger, sleep better, and my appetite is good and natural. I am pleased to recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all sick people, as I believe it is the best medicine in the world."

A VOLUNTEER IN TROUBLE

Fred Bradfield Enlisted for South Africa and did not Go—Now Under Arrest

Last December when volunteers were being enlisted in town to go to South Africa, Fred Bradfield, a young man from Douro, signified his willingness to go, and as he had some military experience in the 3rd Dragoons he was examined and accepted for service with the Canadian Mounted Rifles. When Bradfield went home and told his parents that he had enlisted his parents objected and pleaded with him to alter his mind. He could not turn a deaf ear to his mother and did not appear at the drillshed at the time set for the men to assemble there. Nothing more was heard of the incident until a few days ago when Lt.-Col. Edwards received the following communications regarding Bradfield's enlistment.

"To District Officer, Commanding M. D.W., re Fred Bradfield, 2nd C.M.R.

"The above named man was regularly enlisted in the corps above mentioned, and has illegally absented himself therefrom. You will be good enough to take the necessary steps to place him in military custody, reporting to the Adjutant General directly the required action has been taken. The man in question is most likely with his parents in Peterborough. By order,

"B. H. VIDAL,
Lt.-Col D.A.G."

"To Officer Commanding 57th Regt.,

"In accordance with the above be good enough to communicate with the Chief of Police and if possible secure the arrest of this man; also please report to me."

The latter request was signed by Col. Otter, Commanding No 2 Military District. The letters were handed to Chief Roszel and yesterday morning Constable Adams placed Bradfield under arrest. A message was sent to Toronto to advise Col. Otter that the man had been arrested and in reply received word that the man was to be held until an escort arrived from Toronto this morning.

The charge against Bradfield is rather peculiar. He is not charged with desertion but with absenting himself from the regiment after being duly sworn in. Mr. Bradfield is a young man who is highly respected and feels his position very keenly.

Why Catarrh is Fatal

Because it pours a flood of poisons into the circulation that saps strength and digestion so materially as to render the body incapable of resisting disease, and consumption is the result. Catarrh is quickly cured by Catarrhozone, a fragrant germ destroying vapor that goes to the root of the disease. It soothes and heals the inflamed mucous surfaces, clears the head and throat, and positively never fails to perfectly cure bronchitis, asthma, or catarrh. Nothing is so good for diseases of the respiratory organs as Catarrhozone. Large outfit $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

BUSY! BUSY!! BUSY!!!

The Return Visit an Unparalleled Success.

Professor O'Brien,

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST
and the only recognized
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

For the information of those wishing to consult him, he will remain in town a week longer. Parents bring your children to have their heads scientifically delineated by a competent phrenologist, and as certain their adaptation as to what trade or profession they should follow. Thousands are now holding prominent positions through Prof. O'Brien's advice, who in phrenology is at the head of his profession, and in palmistry he has no equal.

Private office at 263 Hunter st. terrace
Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

A photo read free to patrons. Come early.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mayo & Co., Room 711, 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$6.00 per month for 10 months will buy 1, 00 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Bonnie Investment Co [illegible] & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 15 Toronto street, Toronto.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Work," will be received at this Department until noon of Saturday, the 22nd March, for excavating for foundations of a building on College street, in connection with the School of Practical Science.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, where Forms of Tender can be procured on application.

An accepted bank cheque, made payable to the undersigned, for ten per cent. of the amount of tender for the above work, will be required. The cheques of unsuccessful parties tendering will be returned. The bona fide signatures and business addresses of two parties as sureties must accompany each tender. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. R. LATCHFORD,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, March 17th, 1902.

A LONG STANDING CHARGE

John Irwin Arrested for Deed Committed Seven Years Ago

John Irwin, who was a resident of Peterborough a some six or seven years ago was greatly surprised yesterday when he was placed under arrest by County Constable Moore, on a warrant sworn out 7 years ago.

In May 1895 Irwin was charged with breaking doors windows and other fixtures in a house in Ashburnham. The incident is so old that the officials can scarcely remember the facts. Irwin might have been arrested at the time but the Magistrate did not want to be hard on him and only issued a summons for him to appear. Irwin left town at once and did not return for some time. He has been in town once or twice but only stayed a short time and kept well in doors. Last winter Irwin was working in town but the police were a few minutes too late to arrest him as he left when he heard they were coming.

His time came, however, yesterday morning when he was apprehended by Constable Moore, and at once taken to the Court House where police court was in session. The prisoner was remanded until Monday.

The warrant for the arrest has been carried so long that it is badly worn at the edges.

A True Brain Food

must replace the feeling of lassitude and mental tiredness by clearness and strength of mind. Not that it goes directly to the brain. That were foolish. The true brain food must be carried by rich, red blood. If mental fatigue worries and alarms you, look not to the brain but the stomach and assimilative organs. No remedy yet discovered possesses the marvellous brain strengthening power that Ferrozone has demonstrated in thousands of cases. Ferrozone does not stimulate the brain into a fitful glow, but by improving digestion, strengthening the nervous system, stimulating assimilation, giving new strength to the heart, it sends a stream of red, vitalizing blood to the brain. Thus it is a true brain food. Ferrozone is sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have any thing for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

THE TIMES

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES
Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to BUT NOT FROM Buffalo N Y, Black Rock, N Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

A. H NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS

will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all Stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

of Schools and Colleges on surrender of Standard Certificate signed by principal, at

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

New Boot and Shoe Store

9 Hunter Street

THE KEATH BOOT

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

JOHN KYLIE.

9 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham)

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YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE
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General Passenger and Ticket Agent
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- G H. NOBLE -

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is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST

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COLLEGE STREET.

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The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

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High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

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ALES AND PORTER
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THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
[illegible] Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

HEAD OFFICE - 437 GEORGE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Terrace Builders We offer to-day a fine high and dry lot, central, east front, room for five houses, at a reasonable price; and ask for only $200 cash.

Snap No. 2 A large brick house, 10 rooms, and stable, very central and suitable for boarders. Cheap.

No. 3 Two-story brick, 6 rooms, east front, easy terms. $850.

No. 4 Several small houses at low prices—$300 up.

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Phone 376 Near [illegible]

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 30 NO. 12 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MARCH 22 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

A BIG FEUD IN THE RANKS OF THE SALVATION ARMY

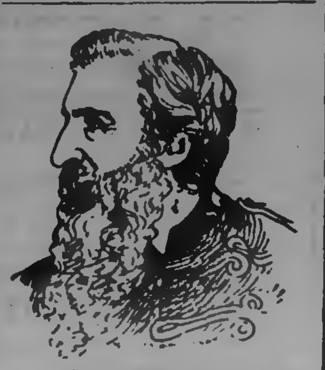
Herbert Booth Joins His Brother in Revolt Against Father

He is Commander in Chief of the Australian Division of the Army

Will Not Stand The Restrictions Placed Upon Him by the Old Father

New York, March 22.—News has been received by high officials in the Salvation Army here, that Herbert Booth, a son of General William Booth, the founder of the organization, has resigned his position as commander in chief of the forces in Australia and will take a post under the government.

Herbert Booth is the second son of the general to rebel at the restrictions placed upon him by his father and withdraw from the organization.



GENERAL BOOTH

INHERITS SIX MILLI

Was Taken from the Arms of a Dead Mother and Becomes an Heiress

New York, March 22.—Frank Conger of Brooklyn, who died suddenly a few days ago in a Detroit hotel, bequeathed to his adopted daughter, Oressa Stewart Conger, whom he took from the arms of her dead mother, a dozen years ago, in a railroad wreck at Hamburg, N.Y., an estate of $4,000,000. The girl is now fourteen years old, and for twelve years has been thought by many to be the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conger. The will states that the girl, whose income will be $250,000 a year, was the daughter of the Rev. R. K. Stuart and wife, of Rochester, N.Y., both of whom were killed on March 5, 1890, in the wreck on the Lake Shore Road, at Hamburg, N.Y. George E. Allen, at that time General Northern Passenger Agent of the Erie Railway, Harry T. Jaeger of the same road, and Frank Conger, hurried from the drawing room coach to aid the victims. Over the wreckage they clambered until they were halted by the cries of an infant. It was some time before the child could be located, but finally Mr. Conger found her. On a pile of wreckage, half covered by drifting snow, lay a dead woman, and in her arms lay a beautiful babe. The baby was taken back into the warm drawing room car none too soon, for she was nearly unconscious. Mrs. Conger, an invalid, was in the car, and to her care the baby was given. Mr. Conger saw in the child's dress a Masonic pin. As he was prominent in the Masonic order, he made immediate arrangement for the care of the bodies of the father and mother of the child, took up a subscription among the Masons on the train, and when Buffalo was reached, supplemented it by another appeal to the members of the order in that city. He kept the child at the hotel in Buffalo where he and Mrs Conger remained until the coroner's inquest had been held. Releases were obtained from the grand parents of the babe, and Oressa was legally made the daughter of Mrs. and Mr. Conger. Mr. Conger bequeathed a life interest in his estate to the widow, and an annuity of $5,000 to the widow of a friend for whom he had provided since her husband's death.

A Great Increasing Army

composed of men and women that spend heart and soul in the vain effort to overcome a lack of vigor in the body. To replace inertia by vigor, to make good, red blood that will build up the system, to have strong nerves, you must eat more, digest more, assimilate more. How can it be done? By using Ferrozone. It invigorates, strengthens, possesses magical health giving powers. Get Ferrozone to-day and make yourself strong and well.

“Heap Medicine Man”

And a Sure Loser.

It's no use, old man, you can keep on trying them, one after the other, but the same old haunted look in your eyes, the same lantern jaw and clothes that need a bicycle pump, will continue until you quit coffee.

There are hundreds of thousands of your type, sick and miserable half their lives, taking cathartic pills, stomach remedies, blood purifiers, tonics, and an endless string of remedies, some of which might be beneficial if you were not constantly pouring in a poison that keeps up your trouble, and that poison is coffee.

You say, "I ought to be able to drink coffee because I see others that use it and thrive," but, my dear man, your make-up may be so highly organized, or of such a character, that coffee, even one small cup a day, is an absolute poison to you.

You can prove whether or not it is, by leaving off coffee totally for a period of, say ten days or a month. During this time eat plain food and drink Postum Food Coffee.

If your stomach gradually begins to recover, pulse beats right, and you lose the uneasy feeling of ill-health, you can safely conclude that coffee has been a poison to you, and if you want to do things in this world—make money, be a success, round out your body, and win friends by your good nature and helpfulness—you want to throw over your coffee and take in return all these good things. It's just sense, plain, good, common sense.

Underneath all this are reasons of the most scientific character known to the physicians. In a nutshell, coffee is a poison to many people. Quit it away and introduce Postum Food Coffee, which is a liquid food of high character that at once begins rebuilding the destroyed nerve centres.

These are facts, facts, facts, and they mean health conferred and continued, if one will only wake up and take advantage of them. Remember Postum is a delicious beverage if made strictly according to directions, and that is easily done. Don't take any cook's excuse or statement that she followed directions. If your Postum comes to the table weak and unpalatable, you can depend upon it, the cook has slighted the job. It is the easiest part of a proposition to make good Postum. It only needs attention. Put a piece of butter twice the size of a pea in the pot to prevent boiling over. All first-class grocers sell Postum.

There Are Many.

THE IRISH FEELING GROWING IN NEW YORK

The United Irish League Propose to Make Things Lively For Britain

A BUDGET OF NEW YORK NEWS

Visit of Count Matsukata, of Japan—A $50,000,000 Loan for the Mikado's Empire—Other Interesting News

(Special Telegram to The Times)

New York, March 21.—The local branch of the United Irish League are making a noise. At a mass meeting held last night, fiery speeches were made against Britain, one of the speakers going so far as to suggest another Fenian invasion of Canada. "Independence for Ireland," appears to be the war cry, and it is being taken up with vigor by all the tail-twisters in the city.

THE LEGISLATURE

After one of the busiest sessions in its history the New York Legislature closes next Thursday, which by the way, will be the earliest adjournment on record for that body. A large number of bills have been passed and equally as many shelved, but the most notable of the latter is the "three platoon" bill, which has been the cause of a great expenditure of money by the policemen of New York.

THE CITY TAXES

Nothing has been the cause lately of so much gratification on the part of Controller Grout as the passage of his bill by the State Assembly to permit the collection of New York City taxes in the spring instead of the fall. However simple the change may seem, it means a great deal to the city, which for years has been obliged to live upon its future income, and for nine months of the year to borrow from the banks $50,000,000 and more, in order to provide for its expenses until such time as its taxes are paid. This cost the city something like a round million in interest charges.

TITLED AMERICAN WOMEN.

The majority of the American girls who have become English women and who will be conspicuous as hostesses during the gay season following King Edward's coronation are New Yorkers. The Duchess of Marlborough, who will probably head the list of most lavish entertainers, as her functions will extend beyond London to her country palace at Blenheim, is the daughter of William K. Vanderbilt. Lady Strafford, who is both beautiful and immensely wealthy, was Mrs. Cora Colgate, of New York. Then there is the Dowager Duchess of Manchester, Mrs. Arthur Paget, the Countess Craven and Lady Beresford, all of whom have reigned as belles of Gotham's smart set.

A TEN MILLION LOAN

Wall street men are looking forward with an unusual degree of interest to the visit of Count Matsukata and other Japanese, who are now en route to America. Count Matsukata is one of the foremost financiers and statesmen of Japan, and by his visit those in the street will hear more about the proposed Japanese loan of $10,000,000 being floated here.

BIGGEST LINE'S NEW SHIP.

The new 10,000 ton steamer Oscar II, of the United Steamship Co., is due to reach New York on her maiden voyage to-morrow, and much interest is manifested in her arrival among shipping men. The vessel is the largest plying between America and Scandinavia. She is 515 feet long, and is expected to make the trip from Scandinavian ports to New York in eleven days.

A NEW STEAMER

A Splendid New Steamer Being Built for Stoney Lake Waters

Mr. Harry Buck, of Norwood, is building at Hastings, a steamer, which will be ready for the water in June. The boat is 41 feet long by 9 1-2 feet beam.

As soon as completed she will be taken to Belleville, where her initial run will be made to Quebec and return. Mr. Buck will invite a number of his friends to make the trip with him. The steamer will then be taken by train to Lakefield, where she will enter the Stoney Lake waters.

The boat is being built specially for strength and comfort, and will be a valuable addition to the Stoney Lake fleet.

Unnecessary to Suffer From Asthma

This distressing complaint can be perfectly cured by inhaling Catarrhozone, a vegetable antiseptic that destroys the germs which cause the disease. Catarrhozone is inhaled at the mouth from a convenient pocket inhaler, and after permeating the minutest air cells, is exhaled slowly through the nostrils. It stops the cough, makes breathing regular, and eradicates the asthma so thoroughly from the system that it never returns. Don't suffer from asthma, use Catarrhozone, it will speedily cure you. Large outfit $1, small size 25c. Druggist or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

PROHIBITION

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—The schemes and dodges of our politicians are wonderful to behold.

The "Ross party" seeks to make re-election sure by enlisting the aid of the "Temperance Party" under the promise of a Prohibitory Liquor Act.

As for the temperance people, we satisfied their intemperance under the Dunkin Act and also the Scott Act. We will now give them a Prohibition Act with a reinstatement of the Ontario Government, all of which is regrettable.

The apparent lack of honor, honesty and justice exhibited by the politicians of this Dominion of ours, makes any true Canadian hold his head in shame.

The legislation in the liquor traffic has been in the wrong direction: Admitting that the intemperate person or habitual drunkard amounts to, say, one per cent. of the community, the law should be such as would reach the erring individual and not for the ninety and nine. If a man's tooth aches, you do not cut off his head to effect a cure. If the laws were so framed as to reach the intemperate, they would have the respect of every one and could be enforced.

However, we are going to have prohibition, and the sooner we get it over the better for the country. We will help to make it, and then break it on every occasion. Why? To illustrate: A gallon of good, wholesome whiskey can be manufactured at a cost of 20c. to 25c. It cannot be purchased for less than $3.20 to $3.60—bad at that—the high price being an inducement to adulterate. Now, every time I buy a gallon of whiskey I pay about $3.00 taxes for these temperance cranks.

By all means give us prohibition and direct taxation. Be honest, and make all pay their proper share of the public tax.

Under prohibition we will have cheaper and better liquor than that now obtainable.

COMMON SENSE.

Peterborough, March 21.

VANDERBILT'S EMPHATIC REMARK

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—Which of the Vanderbilts made this remark: "The people be d——d." and about when—what year?

I.M.H.

Ans.—The remark was made by William H. Vanderbilt, about 1883 or 1884. Mr. Vanderbilt had directed the discontinuance of a certain fast train, and a reporter was sent to ask why he had done so. Mr. Vanderbilt said that the train did not pay; the reporter said several times that the public wanted it. Then Mr. Vanderbilt made the famous remark, "The public be damned. If the public wanted the train, why didn't the public use it?"

WHAT CAN THE TEACHER DO?

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—Does a teacher in the public schools have a right to keep a knife, or any article, taken from a child in school hours? Some parents are too poor to continue replacing articles taken by the teachers from children and kept, and sometimes children's little treasures have a special value to a child.

PARENT.

Ans.—The teacher has no right to keep an article taken from a child but if the child persists in bringing playthings into the schoolroom and playing with them what is the teacher to do?

THE PRESIDENT'S SALARY

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—Will The Times kindly inform me what is the salary of the President of the United States?

A READER.

Ans.—$50,000 per annum.

MURDERER HANGED FOR FIENDISH CRIME

Shot His Wife and Defenceless Old Man in Cold Blood

EXPRESSIONS OF CONTRITION.

Accused His Wife of Infidelity and Denounced His French Counsel and the Jury in Violent Language.

Ottawa, March 21.—Stanislaus Lacroix was hanged in Hull jail this morning for one of the most fiendish crimes on record, the murder of his wife and a defenceless old man. He died without showing signs of fear. Father Forget, on behalf of the murderer, made a statement that Lacroix admitted the justice of his sentence and died at peace with the world and his God. He asked forgiveness of all whom he had offended, and requested their prayers. After pulling the bolt Radclive said he did not believe hanging did as much to prevent crime as some people thought, although he believed it was a good thing in some cases.

THE CRIME.

The deed for which Lacroix forfeited his life was committed August 24, 1900, in the village of Montebello—the murder of his wife and an old man named Hippolyte Thomas de Trenchemontage. The crime was a most fiendish and shocking one. As a child Stanislaus was irritable and peevish, as a boy he was the bully of his companions, and as a man displayed a jealous disposition, a quarrelsome nature, and an ungovernable temper. It was not surprising, then, that his married life proved an unhappy one. The day before the crime Lacroix told members of his family that he intended going to the States, and asked to be called early the next morning. In the morning he borrowed $3 from the station master and with it purchased a revolver and cartridges at the village store. Then he primed himself with liquor and started out early in the afternoon on a hunt for his wife. She, hearing that he was in the village drunk and that he was looking for her, ran to the house of a friend, a half-breed widow, Mrs. Michel Dufond, better known as Madame Commandant. Lacroix arrived some minutes later and angrily called for his wife. He soon found her crouching behind a door with her infant child in her arms. With fiendish passion the drunken husband caught her by the hair of her head and dragged her from her hiding place. At the door he fired the first shot, which took effect in her hand. The frightened woman ran into the street, followed by Lacroix, who fired a second shot, which also took effect. Becoming exhausted, the woman fell on her knees, turned to her husband and appealingly asked, "Stanislaus, what do you mean?" The reply was a bullet, and she fell forward in the dust of the road and expired. Her babe, still clasped in her arms, was sprinkled with her blood. After telling a woman who was near to take the child out of the sun, Lacroix returned to the widow Commandant's house, where the defenceless old man was shot in cold blood. He was arrested after violent and exciting scenes.

THE FAST.

At his trial Lacroix made an impassioned speech, in which he accused his murdered wife of infidelity, made accusations against other people in Montebello, and denounced his French counsel and the jury. His harangue over, he shouted, "Fire your bullet; I am ready to receive it." When sentence was passed, Lacroix wildly gesticulated and shouted, "You fellows will never have the honor or dishonor of seeing Radclive put his hand on my shoulder. I am too clever for you and will find some way to kill myself." After steps to obtain commutation had failed, Lacroix said to the sheriff, "Well, you will never take me to the gallows, and from now on I shall refuse to eat anything. As soon as I see my little boy I will soon make an end of it all." For a week he kept his vow, but on the evening of Thursday, Feb. 28, he broke his fast, and called for a big meal. He was only given a small supply, and when he was refused more he became angry and morose. For a couple of days he resumed his fast, but finally, owing to the efforts of his spiritual adviser, he relented and lately had been eating as heartily as could be expected, with the gallows looming up before him.

Items of Interest

Hong Kong, March 21.—Advices from Canton say it is credibly reported there that the Viceroy has received telegrams from Lung Chang, on the Annam border alleging that the whole of Marshal Su's troops have deserted and joined the rebels. If this be true, say the advices, it adds to the revolutionists twenty thousand foreign armed and drilled troops capable of defeating any force the Imperialists can raise. The telegrams further say the country is undoubtedly ripe for rebellion. Robberies are of frequent occurrence. The long continued drought prevents the planting of spring rice, and this has led the farm laborers to become robbers. Well-informed persons consider a rebellion similar to that of the Taepings probable.

JAMES J. HILL AND BELLEVILLE BOILERS.

London, March 21.—An emphatic opinion as to the Belleville boiler is expressed by Admiral George W. Melville, of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Washington, in a quotation from a private letter which appears in the Pall Mall Gazette. "I have been persecuted almost to death, and nearly driven out of my office," he says, "by the French patentees and their agents who were trying to induce the secretary of our navy to adopt their form of boiler. But I am pleased to say that up to date I have been able to prevent the introduction of any such sky-rocket arrangement in any of the ships of the United States navy. 'Jim' Hill (of the Great North-West Railroad and Steamship Company) some years ago had two of his 6,000-ton vessels on the Great Lakes fitted with Belleville boilers. After doing everything they could with them for the last five years to keep them afloat, the ships are now lying alongside the wharf, and within a year or a year and a half boilers will be replaced by our good old friend the Scotch boiler. This has been a very expensive experiment for the great 'Jim' Hill."

HOOLEY AND HIS $42,000.

London, March 22.—The question of Mr. E. T. Hooley's alleged agreement with it was to be returned in the event of the company making a profit in the first three years after the issue of debentures. The judge said, in his opinion, Mr Hooley had failed to prove the existence of any such agreement, and he dismissed the action.

A REGISTER OF TEACHERS.

London, March 22.—For the purpose of forming and keeping a register of teachers, there is to be established, according to an Order in Council, a registration authority called the Teachers' Registration Council. It is to consist provisionally of twelve members, of whom six are to be appointed by the President of the Board of Education. Of the remaining six a member is to be appointed by each of the following bodies: The Conference of Headquarters, the Incorporated Association of Head Masters, the Association of Head Mistresses, the College of Preceptors, the Teachers' Guild of Great Britain and Ireland, and the National Union of Teachers. Its members will hold office for three years.

A NEW RAILWAY IMPROVEMENT.

London, March 22.—The North-Eastern Railway Company have adopted a new system for communication between the passengers, drivers, and guards of their trains. For the cord arrangement outside the carriage window there is substituted a small chain and handle inside the doors on both sides of the carriage. A pull on the handle opens a valve on the air brake pipe and partially applies the brake. At the same time a whistle is blown, while a red disc, released by the chain, projects from the side of the carriage where the alarm is raised.

TALLEST OF THE PEERS.

London, March 22.—The death is announced at Hyeres of Lord Malcolm of Poltalloch. Born in 1833, he sat in the Commons for twenty-four years, representing Boston and latterly Argyllshire. In 1896 he was created a peer. He was an enthusiastic volunteer, and was colonel of the 5th. V.B. Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland) Highlanders. The deceased peer was a very large landowner in Argyllshire, and the tallest member of the House of Lords, standing six feet five inches in his stockings.

TAMING THE WILD ZEBRA.

London, March 22.—Evidently the taming of wild zebras is proving successful. The Official Gazette (Mombasa) contains an advertisement that Baron Bronsart von Schellendorff of Kilimanjaro is prepared to supply tamed but unbroken zebras at 200 to 300 rupees each, and tamed and broken-in animals at just twice that price. Orders can be executed in nine months.

BRITAIN AND THE OPIUM TRADE.

London, March 22.—An extensively signed memorial has been forwarded by the Archbishop of Canterbury asking for decisive action by Imperial authority in regard to the Indian opium traffic with China. The memorialists say the use of opium in China is a vast national curse, and that the British action in regard to its importation into China has had disastrous results in injuring other branches of British commerce in that country, and in generating a feeling of hostility to British subjects and interests in the minds of the Chinese people. "It is," they conclude, "the grave duty of the nation as before the Supreme King and Governor to purge itself anywise of connection with a great and public wrong." Lord Salisbury has replied, promising to lay the memorial before his colleagues in the Government.

London, March 20.—During a discussion in the House of Commons to-day Mr. Brodrick and Mr. Chamberlain showed themselves to be very hopeful over the position of affairs in South Africa.

Mr. Chamberlain estimated there were still 9,600 fighting Boers in the field.

The Government has again telegraphed Australia, inviting that Commonwealth to send 2,000 more men to South Africa.

BOERS WELL SUPPLIED

London, March 21.—A despatch to The Times from Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony, says that the Boers in the Western Transvaal are well supplied with guns and ammunition, and have such unlimited support and a large amount of stock that their numbers give them confidence, while the blockhouse system has not yet been extended enough to alarm them.

"What is possible has been done," continues the correspondent, "but owing to the insufficiency of troops, the British columns have been too small to cope adequately with the Boer forces, which are all composed of fighting men, without any intention of surrendering."

Sore Throat and Hoarseness

with their attendant dangers may be speedily averted and remedied by the use of Polson's Nerviline. Excellent to gargle with — ten times better than a mustard plaster, and more convenient for the outside. Nerviline penetrates the tissues instantly, soothes the pain, allays inflammation, and cures sore throat and hoarseness simply because that's what it is made for. The large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is unexcelled as a household liniment. It cures everything.

Yesterday's Fire

About five o'clock yesterday afternoon the fire brigade was called out to a fire in a house occupied by Mr. Con Wall, Driscoll Terrace, Ashburnham.

The fire had gained considerable headway before the brigade arrived. The loss was not heavy as the furniture had all been removed. The roof was partly burned and the house received quite a soaking from water.

The Maccabees Concert.

A very pleasing and successful concert was given last night in the Sons of England hall, under the auspices of the Ladies of the Maccabees. The large assembly hall was filled to the doors. The programme consisted of vocal and instrumental music, readings and recitations. Among those who took part in the program were Mr. Halpenny, Miss Carrie White, and Master Mowat.

Weather Notes

Probs.—Fair and mild.

The disturbance still hovers over the Maritime Provinces attended by showery weather west as far as Quebec, elsewhere fair mild weather generally prevails.

THE BOER WAVERERS ARE ALL WEEDED OUT

London Times' Correspondent Says Boers on Western Transvaal are Well Equipped

THE BURGHERS ARE NOW ALL FIGHTING MEN

Boers in Eastern Transvaal are in Hiding but in the West are well Supplied with Guns and Ammunition

London, March 22.—A despatch to The Times from Klerksdorp says that in the Orange River Colony the enemy is split into two small groups, and without any prominent leader. Many Boers are in hiding in the Eastern Transvaal, south of the Delagoa Railway line, where there are still organized commandoes, none over three hundred strong. North of the Delagoa line the Boers are more anxious to lead peaceful lives, and will embrace the opportunity to honorably discontinue hostilities. In the Western Transvaal the Boers are supplied with guns and ammunition, and have unlimited transport and a large amount of stock, while their numbers give them confidence and the blockhouse system is not extended sufficiently to alarm them. Because of their general insufficiency the British troops are unable to cope with the Boer forces, all the burghers in the Western Transvaal being fighting men. The waverers have been captured or surrendered, and those in the field seem determined to continue the struggle. Lieut.-Col Wools-Sampson has been appointed to take charge of the field intelligence service in the Western Transvaal, but the correspondent says it will take time to make the service as reliable as that of the Eastern Transvaal.

GERMAN PAPER FOR FRANCE.

London, March 22.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that a German paper will be published in Paris next April to promote friendly relations between the two countries. It will be the first German paper published in France.

U. S. TO RETALIATE AGAINST EMPEROR WILLIAM

Decree of the Kaiser Excluding from Germany Upon Which Boracic Acid Has Been Used

New York, March 21.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Secretary Wilson is preparing to enforce retaliatory measures against Germany. He is formulating regulations for the exclusion of any products of that and any other countries which are preserved or in which boracic acid has been used.

This is the direct result of the decree issued by Emperor William prohibiting the importation of American meats upon which boracic acid has been employed as a preservative. The department of agriculture holds that boracic acid is not injurious, and it is satisfied that German action is due to the pressure of the Agrarian party. As the secretary pointed out in his memorandum to the Department of State there are many articles of German exportation which this Government can exclude for clear sanitary reasons. These include German wines and German malt liquors. The despatches from Berlin say that the exclusion will apply only to meats upon which preservatives have been used, but this is construed into an unwarranted excuse on the part of the German Government to exclude all American meat, in response to the Agrarian demands in Germany.

Malt Breakfast Food

Makes The Weak Strong and Keeps the Strong in the Bloom of Health

Some profit loving merchants buy package dyes to supply their customers with that are so poor and weak that it requires fully three packages to give the same depth and richness of color that is obtained from one package of the Diamond dyes. These weak dyes—dear at any price—are sold to consumers at 10c. per packet, same price as the full strength Diamond Dyes.

Any woman who is urged by a merchant to buy the weak and adulterated dyes referred to, should stoutly refuse to be swindled. Loss, trouble, and irritation of temper can be avoided by always using the Diamond Dyes. Examine each package; when you see the name "Diamond Dyes" you are fully protected.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns richly colored on the best quality of Scotch Hessian, can be ordered by mail. Send for free sheets of designs to select from. Send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

MUSICAL RECITAL

Under the Auspices of the Choir of St. Paul's Church

It was a rare treat provided by Mr. J. Crane and his splendid choir of St. Paul's Church last evening, when Miss Richardson, violincellist, Mr. Hirwen Jones, tenor, and Mr. Owen A. Smily, elocutionist, appeared before an appreciative audience in Bradburn's Opera House. The seating capacity of the hall was taxed to the full extent, and every person came away fully satisfied, and enthusiastic in praise of the artists of the evening.

The opening number of the program was a violincello solo by Miss Hilda Richardson, of London, an acknowledged leader in music of this class. So persistently was she applauded, that she responded with "Blue Bells of Scotland." This seemed to touch a responsive chord in the hearts of the audience, for the most exact stillness prevailed. She was followed by Mr. Hirwen Jones, in "I try from Love's Sickness to Fly." This is a difficult selection to render, and brought out to advantage the fulness of Mr. Jones' vocal powers. On his recall he sang "The Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond," in a most acceptable manner. Mr. Owen A. Smily, in his initial number, "Gentleman Dick o' the Greys," gained the unbounded admiration of his hearers. This is a tale of the Crimean, with a pathetic conclusion. Mr. Smily, on his encore, introduced a number of original Irish witticisms.

The other numbers on the program were: 'Cello solo, by Miss Richardson, with a Scottish melody, "Sweet Alice," as an encore; songs, "My Lady Sleeps" "O my Love's like a Red Red Rose" and "Irish Love Song," by Mr. H. Jones; musical sketch, Mr. Smily; 'Cello solo, by Miss Richardson; Welsh melodies, "The Dove" and "Nos Galan," by Mr. Jones; and the closing selection, a mirth provoking recitation by Mr. Smily, "The First Piano in Camp."

Miss Constance Veitch, of London, an artiste of high standing played the piano accompaniments during the evening.

The thanks of the music loving people of Peterborough are due Mr. Crane in his successful effort to secure the appearance of entertainers of such high merit.

The piano used for the occasion was loaned by Messrs. Heintzman & Co., Toronto. The instrument was regular drawing-room size producing a rich volume of sound, yet giving due prominence to the accompanying [illegible]

AFTER IRISR TRADE

Yankee Steamship Service Is Inaugurated Between New York and Ireland

New York, March 22.—With the sailing of the steamship Haverford today, the Red Star line inaugurated its service by way of Queenstown to Southampton and Antwerp. The new service brings the Red Star Line into competition with the Cunard and White Star Lines for Irish and English immigrant and freight business. Considering the admissions made last spring that the American and the Red Star lines, the two departments of the International Navigation Company, and the Atlantic Transport and the Leyland Lines were to carry on business in a community of interest, the new departure of the Red Star may be taken to indicate an aggressive move by American capital upon a port whose freight and passenger business has been hitherto exclusively in control of British companies.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Wise Women Use The Great Spring Medicine

Paine's Celery Compound

It Is The Only Remedy That Can Provide for the Increase of Red Corpuscles in the Blood

From every section of the land, from Newfoundland in the east to British Columbia in the West, strong and well-attested reports of women, bloodless, nervous, dyspeptic, neuralgic, rheumatic and rundown, and in many cases so weak as to be bed-ridden, who have been enabled to resume their places in the family and in social life, enjoying health, vigor and true happiness, all through the aid of that great blood-purifier, blood-maker and health-giver, Paine's Celery Compound.

When Paine's Celery Compound is used, the rapid change in color, flesh and expression of the face is so marked and observable, that repair of the wasted tissues might well be called a renewal of life.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that can effectively increase the proportion of red corpuscles in the blood; this is a source of power over all blood diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion, and general rundown condition. Mrs. E. Trinder, Simcoe, Ont., writes thus:

"Having used your wonderful Paine's Celery Compound with great success, it gives me pleasure to write in its favor. For a long time dyspepsia and indigestion made life miserable for me. I was so bad I could not go out of the house, do housework or get regular sleep. I bought six bottles of Paine's Celery Compound from Mr. Austin, our druggist, and commenced to use it regularly. I was obliged to consult a doctor about another trouble, and he advised me to continue with your compound, and told me if I had not been using it he would have recommended it to me. Paine's Celery Compound worked wonders for me; it has banished my dyspepsia, indigestion and sleeplessness, and given me a new life."

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

will open an account with us. For each an account, we will buy and sell for you, as often as desired, 10 shares of stock—the value of which, amounts to from $500 to $1000. We advance balance of purchase money, at a charge, not exceeding rate of 6 per cent. per annum. *Small capital, thus invested, enables the dealer to secure the profits from investments of greater amounts. Such accounts, properly operated, exceed in possibility of profit, any other method of investment.* For benefit of customers, operating accounts, in this manner, we issue *free our 400 page,* clothbound illustrated

"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

One contains complete information as to Wall St., its methods and securities; the other, faithfully outlines each afternoon, the probable movements of the markets. Both are invaluable to investor or trader, *enable anyone to invest money, keep the principal intact and make it pay an income.*

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Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 22, 1902.

SMITH TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

Much Miscellaneous Business Put Through —The Auditor's Report

The Municipal Council of the Township of Smith met at the clerk's office on February 15th. All the members present, the reeve in the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The Council made a grant of $100 to improve the road between lots 18 and 19, through the swamps in the 8th and 9th concessions. A grant of $200 was made to open the road at the west of the communication lots.

The clerk was instructed to have the municipal printing for 1902 done at the office of the Times.

A grant of $50 was made to improve the road between lots 28 and 29 in the 10th and 11th concessions.

The following claims were ordered to be paid, namely:—R. Scott, work on road, $2.50; W. J. Northey, building culvert, $3.00; Walter Young, refund of statute labor, $2.00; Review Printing Co, balance on printing, $25.00; O. N. Brown, flour for Mrs. Richardson, $2.25; Kerrighan & Gordon, flour for Mrs. Richardson, $2.25; E. Brown & Co., goods for G. Hamilton, $0.90; I. Archer, work on road, $6.00.

After verbally appointing overseers of highways, pound keepers and fence viewers the Council adjourned to meet at the town hall, Bridgenorth, on Monday, the 10th March.

THE MARCH MEETING

The Council met pursuant to adjournment on March 10. All the members present, the reeve in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

Two tenders being received for the delivery of stone as advertised for Messrs. Stenson and Elliott were appointed a committee to arrange for the same with power to act.

A grant of $25 was made to improve the road on the 18th concession line between the Buckhorn road and Deer Bay.

A by-law to divide the Township of Smith into pound and road divisions and to appoint overseers of highways, pound keepers and fence viewers for the current year passed its several readings.

A by-law to repeal by-law No. 579 and to make other provisions therefor was also passed.

The Auditors then reported, and the clerk was instructed to have 200 copies of their report printed for distribution.

A petition from Jacob Snelgrove and others was received, and laid over for further consideration.

The following requests were also laid over, namely: from the trustees of S.S. No. 6 applying to have debentures issued to raise money for the building of a school and that of Geo. Allen for employment with his engine in running stone crusher.

The following claims were ordered to be paid:—W. B. Kelly, rent of hall, fuel, etc., $20.75; W. B. Kelly, timber, A. Morrison, overseer, $11.67; W. B. Kelly, timber, T. R. Mann, overseer, $4.94; W. B. Kelly, wood for Mrs. Smith, $16.75; W. Currens, wood for Mrs. Richardson, $9.00; C. H. Brown, flour for Mrs. Richardson, $2.13; E. Brown & Co., goods for G. Hamilton, $1.50; R. N. Scott, work on road, $27.25; A. Morrison, work on road, $9.00.

The Council then adjourned to meet on Monday the 14th April next.

APSLEY

Mr. John Kilborn, who has been, we believe, a life long resident of this country, is soon to remove to Lakefield, to assume a position in the cement works. Both he and Mrs. Kilborn made many friends by their universal kindness, all of whom deeply regret the loss the community will sustain by their departure. How much they were appreciated has been shown on two occasions lately: A number of Mrs. Kilborn's lady friends made and presented her with a very handsome autograph quilt. The presentation was made at her own home, where a very pleasant evening was spent. The quilt was made by Mrs. W. Smith, Mrs. G. Reynolds, Mrs. J. Bickles, Mrs. Hope, Miss Staunton, and Mrs. Gallon. And on March 10th Mr. and Mrs. Kilborn were invited to the residence of Mrs. Z. Tucker, where about twenty of the neighbors had assembled, and here another pleasant surprise awaited them in being presented with a parlor lamp and a shaving set, also the following address:

Mr. and Mrs. Kilborn: We your friends desire to express our feelings towards you by wishing you all success and happiness in the change you are about to make, and sincerely hope that wherever your future home may be the same cordial feelings which have been ours will prevail among you and your new friends. We would also ask that you accept these presents, not for their intrinsic value, but as a memento of the many happy days we have spent together, hoping that not only the light of this lamp, but also the light of the never fading sun may shed its rays about you. We shall always remain your sincere friends.

Signed in behalf of Donald Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. A. Windsor, Mr. and Mrs. E. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. Masters, Mrs. B. Kilborn, Mr. and Mrs. Z. Tucker, Miss Lousley, Mrs. Steele.

A bountiful supper was then served, after which a social and pleasant evening was spent by all, and Mrs. Kilborn, for herself and husband, wishes through the medium of The Times to thank not only the above named friends, but all others who have by many acts and words shown their friendship to her during her 12 years of married life among them, and will always have the kindest of thought towards their friends in Apsley and surrounding country.

NOTES

—Mr. S. A. Wilson has purchased the Hillside farm and the Lindsay lot, formerly owned by Mr. T. G. Eastland. Mr. Wilson contemplates building a house next summer.

—Mr. Laval, of Young's Point, is moving to Apsley to keep a Temperance House. The three new buildings are progressing favorably.

—Mr. T. McIlmoyle has taken the contract of building the new church.

—Apsley is growing. Those who want lots or property near the village should invest early.

—Mr. Benjamin Windsor captured a very large lynx last week. It measured in length 5 ft. 2 in., and in height 28 in.

—A few of our village ladies (!) disgraced themselves one evening last week by going to a miserably mean, low-down, hoe-down dance a few miles out of the village. How can any lady expect to maintain her good name or the respect of her associates, when she will go to a mere shack, little larger than twice by four, to spend the night, where to be seen in daylight would make her blush. Whatever the difference of opinion may be regarding the propriety of attending the ordinary party or ball, no respectable person would hesitate for a moment to denounce most emphatically the presence of decent people at such a hovel. We hope in the future our girls will consider not only their own character, but also that of their friends.

20 Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from Throat and Nasal Catarrh for over 20 years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within 15 minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me." 50c.—73

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 200,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 200,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by R. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

The capital invested in electrical enterprises in the United States is estimated by "American Trade" at four billion dollars. We have the same authority for the assertion that these industries employ more than half a million persons. Almost half of the aggregate capital is represented by the electric railways, which, it would be safe to assume, employ a majority of the half-million persons. There were dismal predictions current ten or fifteen years ago of things that would befall certain classes of labor when electric cars came in; but the abolishment of the horse-car has probably thrown no one out of work—except the horse.

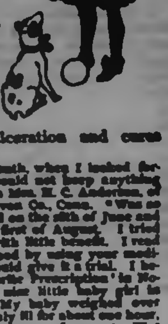
Chollie—I stood on the corner this morning, and of all the hundreds of women that went by I didn't see more than three that I would marry.

Dolly—And I suppose the number that would marry you was a good deal smaller still.—Somerville Journal.

Rheumatism will Succumb to South American Rheumatic Cure because it goes right to the seat of the trouble and removes the cause. Many so-called cures but deaden pain temporarily only, to have it return again with doubled violence. Not so with this great remedy. It eradicates from the system the last vestige of the disease and its cures are permanent.—75

If a woman is physically miserable and mentally unhappy, the child she bears will, in face and form, as well as in disposition, reflect her own condition. Every woman who anticipates motherhood ought to think of this and be a fairy godmother to her own child, endowing it with health, beauty, and a happy disposition.

The mental misery of the prospective mother is in general the result of her physical condition. She is nervous, her appetite fails, she cannot sleep. Restore her appetite, quiet her nerves and give her sleep and she becomes a new woman.



"It has made a new woman of me," is the constant testimony of women who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"During the first month, when I looked forward to maternity, I could not keep anything on my stomach," writes Mrs. H. C. Anderson, of South Britain, New Haven Co., Conn. "Was so weak that I went to bed on the 5th of June and never got up till the first of August. I tried different doctors, but with little benefit. I read about many being helped by using your medicine, so I thought I would give it a trial. I began to take your 'Favorite Prescription' in November, and I had a nice little baby girl in February following. My baby weighed over eight pounds. I was only ill for about one hour, and got along nicely during confinement. Was up and dressed on the eighth day. I never had the doctor with me at all; just the nurse and one or two friends. My friends thought I was sick a very short time. This makes my second child. With the first one I did not take 'Favorite Prescription.' The little one lived just about two months, and she was sick all the time. This last baby is as plump and healthy as any mother could wish."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

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Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

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SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

HEAD OFFICE · 437 GEORGE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Terrace Builders We offer to-day a 300 high and dry lot, central, east front, room for five houses, at a reasonable price; and ask for only $200 cash.

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No. 3 Two-story brick, 6 rooms, east front, easy terms $850.

No. 4 Several small houses at low prices - $300 up.

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observed a great writer. Then should not women recommend her face for perusal by making it a good one? Do this by banishing all facial blemishes such as Pimples, Freckles, Lines, Crowsfeet, Redness, Roughness, etc., with

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Stands unrivalled over all other toilet preparations. Not sticky or greasy—delightful in its application. Matchless for face, neck, arms and hands. 25c at drug stores. The

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Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

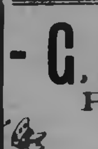
superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

RODS for locating gold and silver ores, buried treasure, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Catalogue and testimonials free. References, any express company in Dallas. T. H. Agency, Box [illegible] Dallas, Texas, U.S.A.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the usual result of using **Derma Cream.** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B. HOSKEN, Dept. O 183 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Be Your Own Boss I'll start you in the Mail Order Business at home bringing you more money than anything else in America. M. Young, 333 Henry St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

- G. H. NOBLE -



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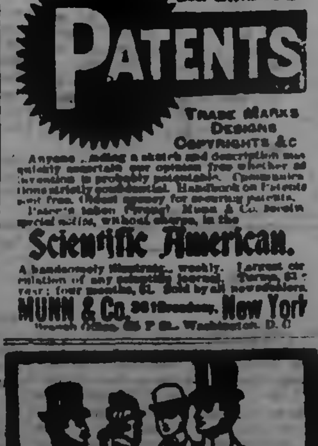

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We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

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Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
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[illegible] THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. [illegible]

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Signed, A. B. LE CHARTE. Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, 1902. Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without Cutting, Stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Gleet, Nervous, Private, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. If you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor. All Duty and Express Charges Prepaid.

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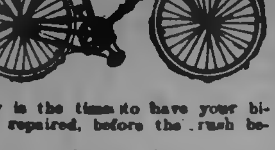

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Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, [illegible] Water Street. Money to loan at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

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FRY, [illegible] Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and decorations at very moderate prices. See A. FRY [illegible] Park place.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. [illegible] Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough.

A Great Man and a Child.

IN his reminiscences of Horace Greeley in the "Youth's Companion's" series of Recollections of Famous Editors, Noah Brooks says that Greeley could bear a great sorrow or a great disappointment with the fortitude of a stoic, but a trifling annoyance would provoke him to an outburst of wrath that was simply childish. The death of his little boy, his only and idolized son, was to him an awful blow. No man can know what agony the stricken father silently endured, his grief coining the drops of his heart's blood. But a typographical blunder, especially if it were in one of his own writings, drove him into spasms; then his maledictions on the offending typesetter and proofreader were something blood-curdling to hear.

One morning he went swiftly down to the "Tribune" office to find the compositor who had made a bad error in setting the types for one of his editorial articles in the paper. Bounding upstairs into the composing-room, with blue fire in his eyes and shaking the paper folded across the page to show the offence, he shrieked, "Show me the man! Show me the man that did this!" The error had already been made a topic of discussion in the office, and the culprit, a very old man who had been with Mr. Greeley on the "New Yorker" and on the "Tribune" ever after, came out from behind his case and tremulously pleaded guilty. The editor, standing there in the full height and strength of his manhood, looked down upon the little old man with a startled air, and then, turning away, invited anybody in the office to kick him (Greeley) downstairs.

Of his education, Mr. Greeley said it "was picked up by the way." It is natural that one who knew him should wonder what manner of man he might have been if he had been trained and disciplined in an institution of learning. He might have been a very much greater man, thinks Mr. Brooks; and then, too, his raw resources might not have been so strong and abundant under a scholastic rule.

When he was a lad of nine years he was offered free tuition in the academy at Exeter, New Hampshire. His parents declined the offer, partly through pride, Mr. Greeley thought, although nominally because his mother was unwilling to part with him at that tender age. Later in life, speaking of this failure to secure an academic course of instruction, he said: "I suppose I ought to be sorry, but I am not much."

Mr. Greeley affected contempt for college-educated men, and was accustomed to say, with great emphasis, "Of all cattle, the most useless in a newspaper office is a college-bred man!" This seemed to be an affectation intended to justify his own lack of scholarship, as if he were the shining example of what a great editor could be without special training. As a matter of fact, adds Mr. Brooks, during my term of service on the "Tribune" a majority of the men on the staff were college-bred men.

Some Epigrams on Growing Old.

Max O'Rell, in an article on "Old Women," says, among other things:

"A woman who knows how to grow old gracefully is a delight; but an old woman, whose wrinkled grimaces try to be inviting, voluptuous smiles, whose skeleton, loaded with diamonds, seems to crack as if on the point of crumbling to dust, who has a painted face, dyed hair, and false teeth—that woman makes me shudder; it is the most horrible sight in the world.

"For a man, love is an expectation at twenty, an irresistible desire at thirty, a habit at forty, an indiscretion or a hesitation at sixty, and a profanation at seventy. For a woman love is a dream at twenty, an experience at thirty and a reminiscence after forty.

"Balzac, the greatest authority on love and women, and the most wonderful dissector of the human heart who ever lived, says that the best and most artistic effort of a clever and refined man is at fifty-two, and that a woman is perfect only at thirty-five. There is hope for some of us.

"Happy the woman who knows how to grow old! Happy her husband especially!

"I have heard it said that few women know how to get old. However true this may be, the old woman who believes that she is still attractive is much less ridiculous than the old man who believes that he is still irresistible."

The Considerate Dog.

A yellow dog who had bayed the moon ever since sunset was finally approached by a sedate old mastiff about 2 o'clock in the morning.

"See here, friend," said the mastiff, "will you be so good as to explain why it is you get so much comfort out of barking all night at the moon?"

"Well, it's this way," explained the yellow dog: "You see, I am afflicted with insomnia, and it takes an acute form which makes me feel obliged to bark at something; so I, being a considerate dog, bark at the moon, knowing that it cannot hear me. Therefore it is not annoyed in the least, and I am afforded much relief."

"So you are actuated purely by considerate motives and a sincere desire to spare anyone annoyance?"

"Just so!" and the yellow dog wagged his tail proudly.

"But did it never occur to you to consider your neighbors also?" demanded the mastiff.

The yellow dog was overwhelmed with confusion. He listened for a moment to the hitherto unnoticed profanity and tearing of hair that was going on all over the neighborhood. Then he tucked his tail beneath him and slunk under the house.

Moral: Before striking at an enemy be sure you have no friends within range.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,
Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

"Daisy is safe at home," he muttered. "Thank heaven for that. I was greatly worried about her."

Every one was up at daybreak at the farmhouse the next morning, and two gayer or happier maidens than Hetty and Olive could not be found as they started two hours later.

"Good-bye father, good-bye, Daisy," they called back, as they climbed into the old-fashioned carry-all that stood before the door.

The last sight they saw was Daisy's tear-stained face pressed close to the window-pane, gazing after them as the carriage turned the curve in the white road.

"I hope you won't be lonesome, Daisy," said Farmer Gordon, anxiously, as he drew her from the window, stroking the lovely, fluffy, golden curls with his toil-hardened hands. "A fortnight will soon pass, and the girls will be back again. It will be your turn next, pet. If you get lonesome staying here with Margy, or if she can spare you from helpin' with the meals, you can come over to the meadow and sit with me a spell. Those clover-fields down by the bridge want mowing. You'll either find me there, or else at the other end of the field plowing."

Drawing his wide-brimmed straw hat over his sun-burned face, he kissed Daisy and started to his work.

Old Margy, the servant who had been installed at the farmhouse for long years before Daisy was born, soon thrust her head in at the door.

"You do look powerful lonesome, lamb!" she exclaimed, as she caught sight of Daisy sitting disconsolately on the wide doorstep. "You can go into the clover field with your pa, if you like; I shan't need you, I'm sure, child."

Daisy caught up her broad-brimmed sun-hat and walked slowly down to her favorite nook in the orchard.

How long she sat dreaming under the pink blossoms of the peach tree she never knew; she was thinking of a dark, handsome face and a pair of laughing dark eyes.

Glancing suddenly up, she saw the same pair of dark, smiling eyes regarding her intently, and the next instant he had vaulted gracefully over the hedgerow, and stood by her side.

"I have been standing there quite an hour," he said. "I began to despair that you would ever come."

She looked up into his face with frank, child-like eyes, and he saw that they bore traces of recent tears.

What could bring tears to the eyes of this happy little heiress, he asked himself in puzzled surprise.

"Ah," he cried earnestly, "the smile you give me is not a happy one. You are grieving over something, I am sure."

A sudden impulse of confidence in this handsome hero to whom she owed so much came over Daisy. Should she tell him that she had been grieving—yes, crying bitterly—because Olive and Hetty had gone to spend two weeks at Briar Hall, and she had been left at home? No, no; he might think her weak and childish, and she would not like him to think that of her.

"You are right," she said. "I have had a little disappointment."

"How I wish that I were not a stranger," he said, eagerly, "that I might say something to console you. Let me try to help you to forget it."

It was pleasant to hear such kind words; it was pleasant to read the admiration revealed so plainly in those dark mesmeric eyes.

"Is that the sound of falling water? Is there a cascade near by?" asked Harold St. John, suddenly.

"Yes, the chief pride of Cliffdale in the spring, and the brook that joins the river at the foot of this glen," replied Daisy. "There's a little waterfall, and the artists who come here in summer say it is delightfully picturesque."

"Let us go and see it," said Harold St. John.

She took him down a broad path through the orchard, and across the dell, and then they stood by the brookside.

It was so beautiful down in the deep green glade. The sunlight came filtering through the thick green foliage; the ground beneath their feet was a carpet of wild flowers—blue bells and wild hyacinths, pale strawberry blossoms and purple foxgloves. Overhead where the thick branches met, the birds were singing as though love and hope were dawning for them.

"A charming spot," declared Harold St. John. "If I were a poet I would immortalize it. I am sure you must be tired," he gallantly added. "Let me make you a throne."

He cleared the debris of flowers and leaves from a part of the mossy bank, and Daisy sat down upon it, he throwing himself gracefully down at her feet, his white straw hat by his side.

What did they talk of? What do the young and beautiful and happy always speak of when the sun shines and the birds sing?

Handsome Harold St. John was a young man of the world, and in the art of fascination no man was better skilled. He knew the value of every inflection of his low, musical voice, of every flash of his dark eyes. He did not say it in words—he was far too clever for that—but he made her understand that life had only begun for him since the hour he had asked the way to Briarvale.

To be Continued.

60 Specialists on the Case.—In the ordinary run of medical practice a greater number than this have treated cases of chronic dyspepsia and have failed to cure—but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets (60 in a box at 35 cents cost) have made the cure, giving relief in one day. These little "specialists" have proven their [illegible]

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Comic Opera Strike.

THERE is, as a rule, little that is humorous in a strike. But a recent strike in Columbus, O., is so humorous and at the same time so extraordinary that it seems almost incredible. It sounds as if it took place in Topsy-turvydom instead of in the United States of America. It would make a good libretto for one of Gilbert and Sullivan's crazy operettas.

This is the story of the Columbus strike: C. M. Jones is editor and proprietor of the Columbus "Press-Post"—that is, he was. The paper is now apparently being edited by almost everybody but the editor. It seems that Editor Jones got into trouble with his city editor. The city editor is a member of the Newspaper Writers' Union. Now it has long been a grievance among newspaper reporters that they are not so well treated as the printers, because they have no union. On the other hand, the printers have a union which is the most powerful and prosperous trade union in the country, with the possible exception of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The reporters have attempted to form unions. But they are like ropes of sand. So they finally decided to organize under the wing of the printers.

In every union printing-office there is a body called "the chapel," presided over by a "father." The foreman represents the employer, the father of the chapel represents the printers. Whenever there is a question at issue, the printers invariably take their orders from the father of the chapel instead of the foreman. So in the office of the "Press-Post," the reporters organised as a newspaper writers' union under the protection of the printers' chapel.

Editor Jones found City Editor Marshall unsatisfactory for various reasons. First, he had criticised some court house officials who were friends of Editor Jones; and, second, he had been "scooped" by the other Columbus papers on a railroad wreck; they had run the wreck with "scare-heads," and City Editor Marshall had not run it at all. Therefore Editor Jones requested Marshall to resign. Marshall refused. Editor Jones then informed him that he was discharged. Marshall at once ordered a strike, and Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2 walked out. Editor Jones attempted to parley with them, and offered to secure another editor. They refused to return unless Marshall was replaced. Thereupon Editor Jones broke off negotiations, got ten young men from the State University as reporters, edited their copy himself, and it was sent to the composing-room. The father of the chapel walked to the imposing-stone, rapped thereon with a mallet, a chapel meeting was held, and the printers stopped their work. The father of the chapel informed Editor Jones that if the non-union copy was not removed from the hook the printers would strike. Editor Jones took back his non-union copy. That day the "Press-Post" did not come out. The next day Editor Jones sent the paper to press without any local news, filling it up with narratives of the low-necked gowns at Newport, snake stories, accounts of the shocking attire worn by the young women at Long Branch, and other refined and pleasing miscellany of the kind usually found in the Sunday supplements of great daily newspapers. Unfortunately, Editor Jones, feeling somewhat embittered over the situation, wrote with his red right hand a savage editorial on the labor question and sent it in to the printers. Not being local news, and being written by the editor and proprietor, it might be supposed that they would print it. Not so. Again the unfortunate editor was informed that he must withdraw his non-union copy, or the printers would strike. Editor Jones withdrew his editorial.

At last accounts the "Press-Post" is still running without the local news, and Editor Jones is beseeching President Lynch of the International Typographical Union to devise some means by which he may be allowed to get his paper out.

So the question may be asked, Who is editing the Columbus "Press-Post?" Is it the proprietor, Editor Jones? or is it the discharged employee, City Editor Marshall? or is it the Newspaper Writers' Union No. 2? or is it the father of the Columbus printers' chapel? or is it the president of the International Typographical Union of North America?

Expenses of Society Life in New York.

Mothers of daughters having social aspirations find it very expensive to meet all the social requirements and demands made upon them, as is shown in proceedings in the Supreme Court of New York brought by Mrs. Kate Shippen Roosevelt to have the yearly allowance of her daughter, Dorothy Quincy Roosevelt, increased from $1,500 to $3,000. Even the larger sum will not by any means be sufficient to keep this young lady in good society and meet all the various expenses incidental thereto; but Mrs. Roosevelt says she is willing to pay the additional expenses, which will amount to several thousand dollars annually, out of her own pocket. Miss Roosevelt inherited $100,000 from a deceased uncle, which is being held in trust for her until she becomes of age next year. Inasmuch as her income amounts to $4,000 and Mrs. Roosevelt proved to the satisfaction of William J. A. McKim, the referee, that $3,000 is only a reasonable amount for a young woman of good social position, the increased allowance was granted. In giving her testimony, Mrs. Roosevelt said she had six tutors for her daughter, who, among other things, was being educated in German, French, and Italian. She was also being instructed in elocution, belongs to several social dancing-classes, is a member of golf, tennis and bathing clubs, is fond of riding, and has an English governess. Mrs. Roosevelt added that the needs of her daughter were increasing year by year, that she found entertaining and traveling abroad added greatly to the cost of living, that one of her daughter's greatest incidental expenses was for hire of cabs going to and from social functions, and that a great deal of the social life which young ladies in New York see is where gentlemen are not invited, such as teas, receptions, etc.

Gabang—What is your objection to divorce?

Bugsch—It encourages matrimony.—[illegible]

The Revolution in English Character.

IT is the opinion of Mr. Bernard Shaw, as expressed in a characteristic preface to a late volume of his plays, that the nature of the English people has, within the past ten years, undergone certain conspicuous modifications. Excitability—"theatricality" is his own word for it—Mr. Shaw believes to have been steadily mounting in force among the English, usually so solid and stolid; and this he ascribes to the pronounced romanticism of taste developed among them by the literature, the books and plays, of the past five years; a taste which has caused them to lose their true sense of the realities, with all the steadying effects thereof.

It will not be disputed that the special style of literature in vogue during a period leaves its impress upon it, nor will it be gainsaid that the demands and tastes of the period in turn determine the essential nature of its literary supply. We are hearing it said on all sides now that popular education accounts for the love of the novel of adventure. Popular education creates an enlarged reading public, but one which does not wish to have the realities of life laid before it; which, indeed, in many cases, reads, or goes to the play, just to escape reality. If one accept this explanation of certain present phenomena it is only going a step farther to find in all democratically organized, popularly educated societies an inherent inclination toward romanticism. As no countries have carried the modern experiment so far as the English-speaking countries, we ought not to be surprised to see a strong bent toward the romantic attitude showing itself, in many directions, in an English or American public; the romantic attitude here meaning any attitude betraying absence of a full perception of the realities, or disinclination to look at them.

Out of all this we seem to draw three propositions: that democracy appears to presuppose a certain sort of popular education, that without that education there would be no democracy, and yet that that education is calculated to destroy the sense of the realities. Now how is this? The very plea made for the education which, more and more, is prevailing against the classical education, is just this—that it cultivates the true perception of real things. It is a "practical" education for that precise reason, say its advocates. Why, then, asks the writer of "The Point of View" in "Scribner's Magazine," should this same generation manifest so much liking for the romantic fiction, the romantic plays, which are a means of getting away from the real conditions of existence? He proceeds to answer this question as follows: "It may very probably be that this liking is a taste of the moment, without ulterior connections or deeper significances. And, indeed, it seems to have been too much overlooked by some writers who have no love for the novel of adventure, that it is by no means the first time in the world that romance has been in high favor. It is none the less true that this subject does suggest another of far greater moment, which is the question what the "popular" education ought to be, and whether the democratic state of modern man really needs exactly that form of it which is now so insisted upon as essential to its maintenance and well-being. To perceive the realities in the high sense, and in that sense be willing to abide by them, is never, at any time, the portion of more than the few. But general education goes forward, very properly, on the assumption that all may be made in some degree to know the life to which they belong, to realize it. Realization comes, however, only in part through the development of practical efficiency. It comes also through the unfolding of the spiritual nature, the growth of moral vision, the dreams of the imagination—to none of which is the 'classical' education a stranger."

Pleasing Kind of Mal de Mer.

News comes from Honolulu that the transport "Thomas," which reached there on August 1, having on board three hundred male and one hundred female teachers, en route for the Philippines to engage in educational service under the Taft Commission, developed a veritable matrimonial epidemic. The young men and women on board represented almost every State of the Union. After the transport left San Francisco friendships were formed which soon ripened into love, and the day prior to the arrival at Honolulu Captain Buford found that thirty couples desired the nuptial knot tied. He refused to permit the ceremony on board the vessel, and the next day a clergyman at Honolulu made the thirty pairs happy by uniting them in matrimony. Prior to the sailing of the transport from Honolulu several other cases were reported. The departure from New York last week of the fifty-four Cuban girls and twenty-four men, who have been students at the summer school of Harvard University, developed the fact that they, too, had been victims of Cupid's darts, although their courtships have only reached the engagement stage. Most of the Cuban men are returning engaged and several Harvard students and professors are said to have lost their hearts to the girls from the South. Five of the ladies took home with them diamond engagement rings.

A Humane Pater.

One reads so frequently of the paternal boot as applied to the undesirable youthful suitor that it is a pleasure to chronicle the more humane method adopted by a wealthy Glasgow merchant for choking off a "follower" of his daughter. The girl was very young, so was the follower, but nevertheless he called formally on the object of his affections. The merchant and his wife entered the room, the latter bearing a glass of milk and a huge slice of bread spread with butter and jam. "Now, dear, run away to bed," said the kindly mother to her daughter; "it's time that all good girls should be in bed." Then the Glasgow merchant addressed the astonished young man: "Now, youngster, you drink that glass of milk, and take that slice of bread and jam to eat on the road home—and hurry, for your mother must be anxious about your being out so late by yourself." The young man did not call again.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawfood—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
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LIMITED

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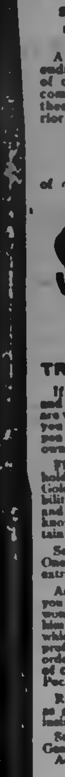

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Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

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Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 22, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—The roads in the country are very bad in places.

—The Finance Committee of the Town Council met last night.

—Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons are very busy these days, erecting awnings in front of the stores.

—The chief has a tip off a ladies' collarette or muff, for which he would like an owner.

—The grand stand at the P.A.A.A. grounds has been pulled down, together with the fence along the west side of the lot.

—The Junior Guild of St. Andrew's will celebrate the anniversary of their organization on Thursday, April 3rd, by giving a grand concert.

—The convention of Liberals to nominate a candidate for the Ontario Legislature, will meet this afternoon, in the opera house.

—The Provincial Grand Orange Lodge, which has just closed its session at Smiths Falls, will meet next year in Peterborough.

—The photo of the Royal Chorus is finished, and can be seen at Mr. Whiton's studio. All the members requiring copies can order them now. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, the instructor, intends sending one of the photos to the Prince of Wales.

—An escort from "C" School, Toronto, under Sergt. Coffin, arrived in town yesterday morning, and returned in the afternoon, taking with them Fred Bradfield, who is wanted by the military authorities there, on a charge of absenting himself from his regiment without leave.

The Event of the Season

Don't forget the Ladies of the Maccabees, will hold their annual concert on Friday evening, March 21st in the Sons of England Hall, at 8 p.m.

Mr. Halpeny, Master Mowatt, Miss Carrie White and others will take part in the programme. Tickets 15 cts.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

Basket Ball

An interesting game of basket ball will be played in the Y.M.C.A gymnasium this evening between the Senior team the Harriers, and a team of juniors, the Brownies. The line up will be as follows:

Harriers—Campbell, Dobbin, defence; Richardson, centre; Kemp and Laing forwards.

Brownies—Boucher, Hall, defence; Daly, centre; N. Miller, T. Miller, forwards.

Umpires—Messrs. Maguire and Hall.

Referee—Horace E. Ayers.

SALE OF MARKET TOLLS

Mr. Warren Hall, [illegible] Bought Them at [illegible]

The annual sale of market tolls was held yesterday in the Council Chamber. Mr. John Haggart wielded the hammer and pounded out a good hard price for the market tolls for the next year. Bidding was brisk, those in the ring were: Messrs R. Philp, Jas. Brown, Jas. Klin, Wm. Yelland, and Warren Hall. Mr. Hutchinson the retiring market clerk was present but did not bid. The prices offered were as follows:

R. R. Philp—$160.

Warren Hall—$680, $1,0[illegible], $1,120, $1,140, $1,170, $1,180, $1,210, $1,220, $1,2[illegible], $1,270.

Jas. Brown—$700, $1,000, $1,050, $1,100.

Jas. Klin—$800, $1,114, $1,130, $1,150, $1,200, $1,220, $1,240, $1,260.

Wm. Yelland—$1,0[illegible], $1,140.

The price obtained for last year's tolls was $1,360. It is claimed that 1901 was an off-year. To-day's auction was largely attended by citizens.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Rev. D. O. Crossley has returned from Toronto.

—Mr. W. H. Robertson is in Toronto to-day.

—Mr. Fred A. Clark has returned from Toronto.

—Mr. A. R. Taylor, representing the Heintzman Piano Company, Toronto, is in town on business.

—Mr. James McKenzie leaves on Monday for Paris, Ont., where he has accepted a good position.

—Mr. Norman Lewis is in town, visiting his sister, Mrs. (Rev.) J. C. Davidson.

—Mr. C. B. McAllister will entertain a number of his friends at his residence, "The Fence", Ashburnham, this evening.

—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Dr. Berry, of Hastings, who was in town attending the meeting of the Central Ontario Medical Association.

—Mr. Samuel Whittaker, of Gooderham, who has been confined in Nicholls Hospital with a broken arm, has sufficiently recovered to allow of his returning home.

—Miss Hilda Richardson, 'cellist, and Miss Constance Veitch, pianiste, who took part in last nights' concert, were the guests of Mrs. Charles Stenley during their stay in town.

—Mr. J. B. Oke spent the past few days in town, and was warmly welcomed on his return from Scotland. He left last night for Port Hope.

—Mr. M. H. McWilliams, of town, formerly of Ottawa, has been appointed Secretary of the Northern Life Assurance Co., and leaves in a day or so to assume his new duties.

AVOID DECEPTION AND LOSS

See That The Name

DIAMOND DYES

Is on Every Package You Purchase

It is well known to medical men and food scientists that half of the stomach ailments to which men and women are subject, have their origin in the use of impure and badly prepared breakfast cereal foods. Quite often, the use of oatmeal, hominy, wheat granules or cracked wheat at the morning meal proves a source of misery and wretchedness for the whole day. Such foods are full of insoluble starch which hamper digestion, heat and irritate the blood and produce unsightly skin troubles. They commonly give rise to stomach derangements, waterbrash and heartburn.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only cereal preparation that can guarantee perfect digestive vigor, purity and normal temperature of the blood, regular and natural appetite. No other product in the world can equal Malt Breakfast Food as a flesh, muscle and tissue builder. Ask your grocer for it.

Organ Recital

Mr. Arthur Blakeley, Mus. Bach. Organist and Choir Director, of Sherbourne street, Methodist Church, Toronto, has been engaged to give one of his famous recitals at the Murray street Baptist Church, on Tuesday, April 8th. Peterborough music lovers should keep the date open.

PROSPEROUS YEAR FOR 57TH

Shown by the Different Reports of the Officers at the Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the officers of the 57th Regiment was held on Thursday evening. Lt. Col Edwards presided. Those present were,—Majors Miller and Stevenson, Captains Hayes, Clegg, Bennett, Mills Cluxton, Hounsell, McWilliams Bradburn, Layfield, Hamilton and McLean, Paymaster, Major Dennistoun, Chaplain, Rev. J. C. Davidson, Surgeon Major Halliday.

The reports of the Band, Rifle and Mess Committees showed that the work of the regiment had been vigorously pushed forward during the year. The trip to Toronto had cost considerable and as a result there was a deficit in the funds.

The following committees will look after the work this year:

Regimental,—Majors Miller, Dennistoun and Stevenson.

Mess,—Major Halliday, Capt. Hayes and Fleetwood.

Rifles,—Major Stevenson, Captains of Companies and one man from each company.

Band,—Capt. Walker, Hounsell and Lieut. Matthews.

The first drill for the season will be held on the evening of April 1st., when a large number should be on parade.

NEW THEORY ON

Cause of Hay Fever

Hay fever is not so much a result of climatic conditions as it is a showing of the "weak spot" in the general condition of the body. If a hay fever sufferer can be fed up to a prime condition of health by the use of well selected food the chances are the hay fever will not present itself.

As an illustration, a lady in Cave Spring, Ga., explains how the change of food affected her. "This past summer I found myself in a very low state of health, and much emaciated. I got down to 95 pounds and was worried, especially as I had to look forward to my annual tussle with hay fever in September, and felt it would push me even further down.

One day a friend told me she had been using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and that she felt like a new person with greatly increased strength and vigor. I grasped at the straw and began the use of Grape-Nuts. The effect was really magical. In a week I felt toned up, and in a month began in earnest to gain flesh and strength. By September my weight had increased to 110 pounds and much to my amazement I discovered that when the hay fever sufferers began to complain I had not one symptom and escaped it altogether. Inasmuch as I had suffered for years from this miserable disease and had made no change except in my food, I naturally concluded that my improved condition was caused by the daily use of Grape-Nuts and by observing the usual laws of health." Name can be given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MR. JOHN CRANE TO BE THE NEW MANAGER

OF THE LOCAL BRANCH OF THE ONTARIO BANK

Received News of His Appointment Yesterday—Mr. A. A. Hollingshead will be His Accountant

Patrons of the Ontario Bank, and the citizens in general will be pleased to hear of the promotion of Mr. John Crane, for a number of years accountant in the local branch of the Ontario Bank, to the position of manager.

The news of the appointment was received yesterday by Mr. Crane and soon became known around the town.

The new manager, Mr. Crane, has been connected with this branch for a number of years, having been transferred here from Whitby, about fifteen years ago, and worked for a number of years with Mr. Charles McGill during his term as manager. At Mr. McGill's retirement, Mr Crane became accountant, a position which he has ably filled since his appointment. Although still a young man, Mr. Crane undertakes the responsibilities of the office excellently equipped for the work, for besides his long relations with the bank here, he has been identified with so many local organizations and interests outside the bank that he is in touch with local affairs and their conditions in a most intimate degree. The local branch of the bank is one of the largest in Ontario, and the position is of very great responsibility, but Mr. Crane is able for all its demands and the interests of the bank will be safe under his supervision. In fact what has been said in other cases can truly be said in this, that Mr. Crane is to be congratulated on his appointment to a position of so great responsibility and trust and the Ontario Bank is to be congratulated on securing such an energetic and capable manager to look after their interests in this live centre.

In musical and social circles where Mr. Crane is so popular his promotion will be received with much pleasure by his friends.

Mr. A. A. Hollingshead, who, for a number of years has been connected with the local branch has been promoted to the position of Accountant. A large number of business men and citizens called at the bank yesterday and tendered Mr. Crane and Mr. Hollingshead their warmest congratulations.

We are sure that under the new management the Ontario Bank will still increase in popularity and most heartily extend to the new manager and accountant our hearty congratulations.

CASE OF ASSAULT

Heard Before Magistrate Dumble at the Police Court Yesterday

At the Police Court yesterday, Mrs. Mary O'Brien, charged one John O'Brien with assault. Mrs. O'Brien's husband and the defendant were having some hot words and it appeared as though it would result in a fight when the plaintiff endeavored to separate the two. For her trouble John gave her a very black eye and yesterday John was given 15 days in gaol to think the matter over.

MEDICAL MEN MEET

Central Ontario Medical Association Meet on Thursday Night

The adjourned meeting of the Central Ontario Medical Association took place in Peterborough on Thursday night, about 30 members of the profession being present.

The Association takes in the counties of Northumberland, Durham, Victoria and Peterborough.

The present meeting was called for the purpose of electing officers and adopting rules and regulations, the following officers being elected:

President,—Dr. Greer, Peterborough.

1st Vice President—Dr. Gillespie, Lindsay.

Secretary—Dr. Eastwood, Peterborough.

Treasurer,—Dr. Moher, Peterborough.

Dr. Pigeon read a very interesting paper on pneumonia, and Dr. Caldwell presented a case for discussion.

It was arranged that the association should meet every quarter hereafter.

After some minor topics had been discussed the meeting adjourned.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Work," will be received at this Department until noon of Saturday, the 22nd March, for excavating for foundations of a building on College street, in connection with the School of Practical Science.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, where Forms of Tender can be procured on application.

An accepted bank cheque, made payable to the undersigned, for ten per cent. of the amount of tender for the above work, will be required. The cheques of unsuccessful parties tendering will be returned. The bona fide signatures and business addresses of two parties as sureties must accompany each tender. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. R. LATCHFORD,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, March 17th, 1902.

Teachers Wanted

Two female Teachers for Peterborough Public Schools, must have 2nd. Class Professional Certificate and experience in teaching. Applications received up to Monday, 24th. inst.

W. G. MORROW.
Secretary, Board of Education.

Wanted

Janitor for Collegiate Institute Building; duties to commence April 1st. Applications received up to Monday, 24th. inst.

W. G. MORROW.
Secretary, Board of Education.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902.

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to but not from Buffalo N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS

will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all Stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

of Schools and Colleges on surrender of Standard Certificate signed by principal, at

Single First Class Fare and One Third

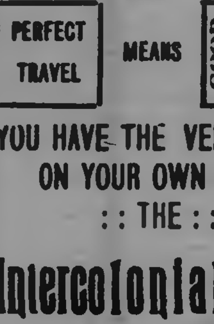
Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

New Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street



PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham)

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE :: THE ::

Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.
JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

Help Wanted.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 59 Dearborn street, Chicago.

MEN AND WOMEN—TO DO COPYING at home; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings—no canvassing; enclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moses & Co., Room 711, 1? and ?? Broadway, New York.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home Must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 59 Dearborn street, Chicago.

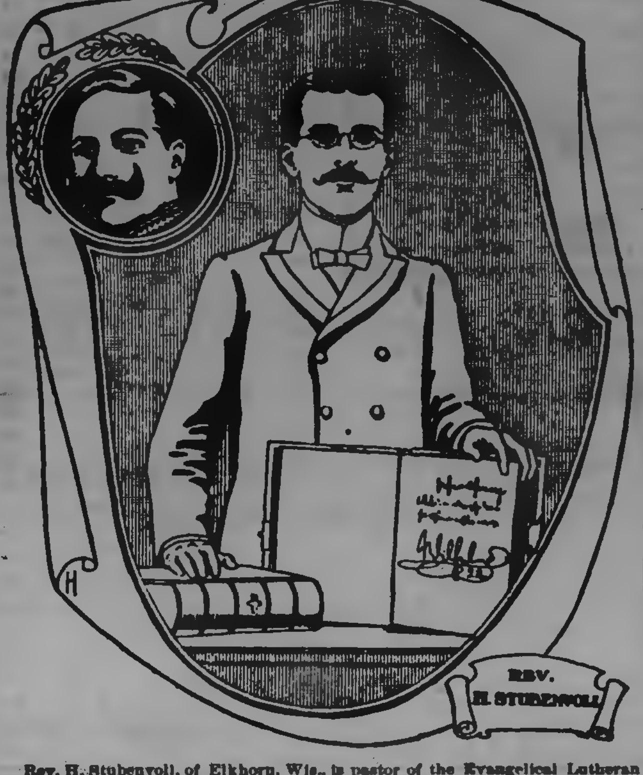
Business Chances

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY—$2.50 per month for 10 months will buy 1,000 shares in a well equipped working gold mine, situated in one of the best districts in Colorado, and is surrounded by producing mines. Our proposition will stand the most rigid investigation. Write at once for particulars; bank references. The Royal Investment Co. V. & 15 Nevada Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsition roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 10 Toronto street, Toronto.

A PASTOR WHO WAS BEFRIENDED BY AN EMPEROR SAVED BY PE-RU-NA.



Rev. H. Stubenvoll, of Elkhorn, Wis., is pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Church of that place. Rev. Stubenvoll is the possessor of two bibles presented to him by Emperor William of Germany. Upon the fly leaf of one of the bibles the Emperor has written in his own handwriting a text.

This honored pastor in a recent letter to the Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, O., says concerning their famous catarrh remedy, Peruna:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen: "I had hemorrhages of the lungs for a long time, and all despaired of me. I took Peruna and was cured. It gave me strength and courage, and made healthy, pure blood. It increased my weight, gave me a healthy color, and I feel well. It is the best medicine in the world. If everyone kept Peruna in the house it would save many from death every year."

Yours very truly,

REV. H. STUBENVOLL.

Thousands of people have catarrh who would be surprised to know it, because it has been called some other name than catarrh. The fact is, catarrh is catarrh wherever located; and another fact which is of equally great importance, is that Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

Catarrh is an American disease. Fully one-half of the people are afflicted more or less with it in some form. Previous to the discovery of Peruna, catarrh was considered well nigh incurable. Since the introduction of Peruna to the medical profession thousands of cases are cured annually.

Mr. W. D. Smith, a well-known grocer of Port Huron, Mich., writes:

"By following your instructions and taking Peruna and Manalin I am cured of catarrh. I had catarrh for twelve years and quite a bad cough so I could not sleep nights. I do not have any cough now, and if I feel anything in the throat I take a swallow of Peruna and I am alright."—W. D. Smith.

Suffered Fifteen Years.

C. F. Gerding, Milburn, Neb., writes: "I contracted a heavy cold about fifteen years ago and tried all kinds of patent medicines and drugs recommended for a cold or heavy cough, but found none to help me until I commenced using Peruna. My age is seventy-eight years, and I am better now than I have been for years. I still keep using your great medicine, and am still improving in health. I recommend it to all sufferers with coughs and colds."—C. F. Gerding.

Peruna, The Greatest Remedy Known For Catarrh.

Mr. Chas. H. Stevens, 97 Seventeenth Street, Detroit, Mich., writes: "It affords me great pleasure to testify to the merits of Peruna as a remedy for catarrh. I suffered for some time with chronic nasal catarrh, but after five months' treatment during which time I used seven bottles of Peruna I am pleased to say that I am entirely well, there being not the slightest trace of the catarrh left. Peruna is without doubt the greatest remedy known for catarrh."—Chas. H. Stevens.

Afflicted Since Childhood With Catarrh.

Mr. Elbert S. Richards, Milton, Conn., writes:

"I am near sixty-eight years of age, and have from childhood been afflicted with catarrh in the head, and, for the past four or five years been much afflicted with it in my eyes; they being watery, would materate a good deal, and stick together in the night. My condition was so fully described in your almanac that I decided to try Peruna.

"I am thankful to say that I now consider myself entirely free from catarrh, and only use Peruna occasionally now as a tonic. Accept my sincere thanks for your personal interest in my case.

"My son, 21 years of age, has been using Peruna for a number of weeks for catarrh in the head and has obtained great relief."—Elbert S. Richards.

Catarrh Thirty Years.

Mr. Andrew Barrett, 940 N. Kidzie Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to testify to the merits of such a worthy remedy for catarrh as your Peruna. I had suffered for thirty years from this very disagreeable disease and had tried many so-called remedies but until I used Peruna none had the desired effect.

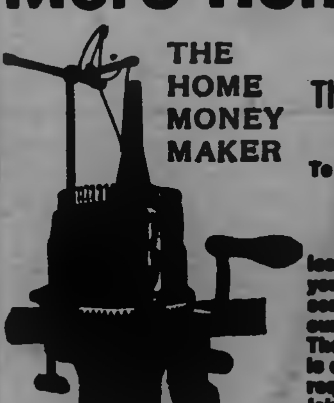
"I have been connected with the Chicago Police Department for the past twenty-eight years. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna to anyone suffering from catarrh."—Andrew Barrett.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

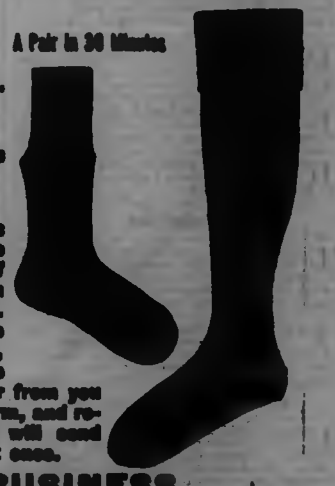
More Home Knitters Wanted



THE HOME MONEY MAKER

Machine weighs 17 pounds. It is more wonderful than a sewing machine, just as durable, and higher speed.

To Work at Their Homes
Under the Direction of
The GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO.
37 MELINDA ST., TORONTO,
To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.



We want a few more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple, and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide, requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Contract, order form, and remittance, as a guarantee, and we will send machine and outfit to begin work at once.

OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS

We wish to secure the services of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the introducers of this plan and the largest knitting concern in Canada.

After long experience, we have been able to produce an Automatic Machine by which all kinds of seamless knitting is now done by our Family Machine, thereby enabling anyone of ordinary intelligence to quickly learn to do the work from the Instruction Guide. All we require is that you use the machine according to directions. The Machine being made expressly for this purpose, and the operation so simple, it cannot possibly make a mistake in its work.

The great demand now is for Bicycle Stockings, Woodmen's Socks, and Motormen's Mittens, and as we are unable to supply the demand, have taken this method of advertising for more help.

The large export trade to the North-west Territories, British Columbia, and the British Colonies, furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combined co-operation of the many families we are employing, together with the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out, by which we save rents, insurance, interest on capital, etc., enables us to undersell any manufacturers of this class of goods, and we have sale for all the knitting we can have turned out.

The price we pay for finished bicycle stockings is $10.00 per hundred, or at the rate of 10c per pair; woodmen's socks, 5c, and motormen's mittens, 12c a pair. All other work in proportion to size.

The machine can be operated by any one of a family, and at our prices any energetic family should be able to sustain themselves comfortably, and in time be a source of independent comfort.

Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a sock or stocking partially knitted, and remaining in the machine ready to be continued, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of sample socks or stockings and a simple and complete Instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us satisfactory, we send a quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We prepay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapidly done, the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute. We have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty pairs of socks or stockings a day, and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, you can readily see that $15.00 or $20.00 per week can be easily earned.

We furnish our workers all the materials, yarn, etc., free, and everything that is necessary for the work. We are furnishing the machines only for the exclusive use of those desiring to take employment with us, who must, in order to become a member, send us this Contract Order Form, properly signed by them, and at least one good reference, and remittance accordingly, to give us the necessary assurance that the quantities of valuable yarn we may send from time to time will not be wasted or misappropriated. Our interests are mutual, and this confidence must be established if we are to succeed. We guarantee fair dealing and prompt payment for work, so do not ask us to deviate from our terms, as we cannot make a distinction with one and not another; besides, we are doing an extensive business, and must be governed by business principles.

The manufactured price of the machine is $15, and positively will not be sold to any others than those who will agree to do knitting for us.

If at any time after you commence, and have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, and wish to discontinue, we will take back machine and refund the amount paid for same, after deducting cost of our expense only.

There is a Large Demand by the Trade for this class of work. Our workers can depend upon it year after year, and if you engage with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as long as you do it satisfactorily for us and return it promptly. We entrust our workers with large quantities of valuable yarn, and as we give references as to our honesty and integrity, we must ask you to do the same, in order that we may know with whom we are dealing.

We have, in as brief a manner as possible, endeavored to show you what our work is, and we simply say as to the machine, it is just what we represent it to be, and will positively do everything we claim for it, or refund the money. Each machine, securely packed with an outfit, is set up for work, thoroughly tested, and a sock or stocking partially knitted before boxing and shipping. Should you decide to engage with us, it will be necessary to send us Cash Contract Order Form, properly signed by you, and at least one good reference, together with the remittance, accordingly, upon receipt of which we will forward machine and outfit ready to commence.

Respectfully yours,

GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 Melinda Street, Toronto

Our References—Express Companies, Banks, or Toronto Business Houses.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending $3.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping, and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of twelve dollars to pay the agent and 25 cents for the return charges on the money to us.

We are so frequently and unnecessarily asked if one can learn to knit without a teacher. We say, Yes; it requires no teacher; any person of ordinary intelligence who can read the Instruction Guide can learn to knit at once.

ORDER FORM

$15.00 Cash Contract Order Form.

To the Glasgow Woolen Co., 37 Melinda St., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I desire to do the work as described in this advertisement, and enclose $15 to pay for one Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions, and everything necessary for the work, the same to be sent to me by Express, CHARGES PREPAID.

It is understood and agreed that any time after I have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, $15, and wish to discontinue, that the Glasgow Woolen Co. will take back the machine and outfit, and after deducting their expense, refund me the amount paid for same.

Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here:

Full name ....

P. O. .... Street ....

County .... Prov..............................

Nearest Express Office is at ....

For reference I name the following person:

....

....

Be sure to use this form when sending your remittance for the machine and outfit, which you must fill in and have signed by at least one good reference in the proper place. Tear off and return to us, and also state here how much time you can devote to the work; also how you wish to be paid weekly, monthly, or as you send in the work.

....

....

Send your remittance by Express, Money Order, Registered Letter, or Post-Office Money Order, and we will promptly forward machine, outfit, and simple guide for doing the work. This is the best offer ever made for the benefit of Canadians who want to work and make money at home.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

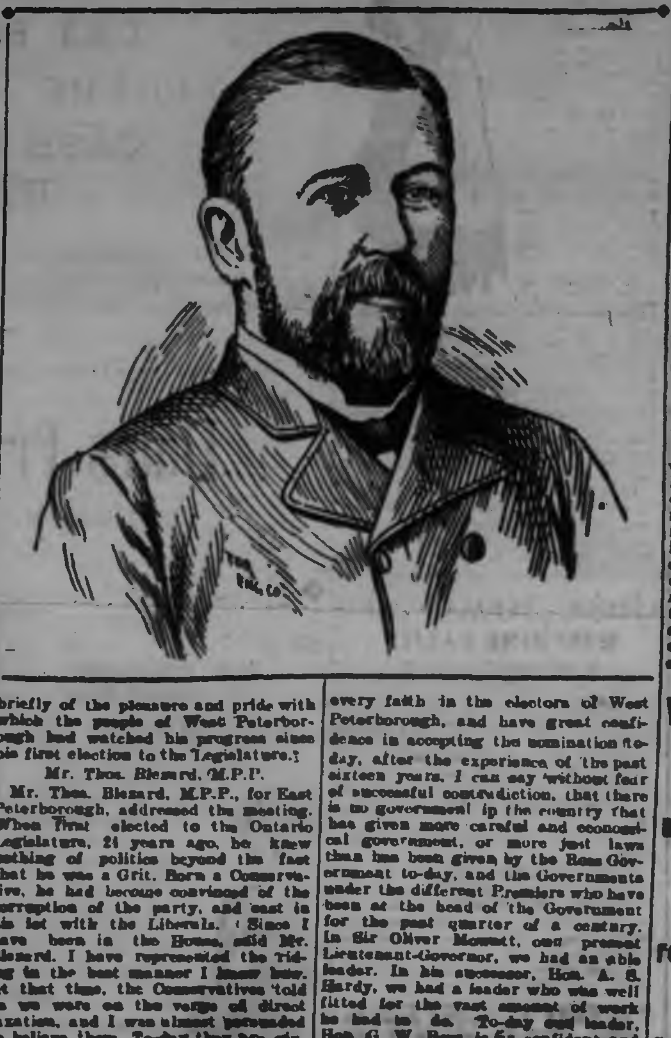
VOL. 23 NO. 70 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MARCH 24 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

HON. J.R. STRATTON AGAIN NOMINATED TO CONTEST WEST PETERBOROUGH

At the Coming General Elections Which be Held at an Early Date

ENTHUSIASTIC LIBERAL RALLY ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON

In the Opera House— Strong Addresses Delivered by Prominent Men



It might not have been surprising if the Liberal rally of Saturday had drawn a comparatively small attendance, in view of circumstances surrounding it. The roads from rural portions of the constituency are many of them at their worst; there was no probability of any person being brought forward to oppose Mr. Stratton in the representation of the Liberal electorate, yet the meeting which convened in the opera house was a record one as nomination meetings go.

Mr. G. M. Roger, Secretary of the local Liberal Association, occupied the chair, and spoke briefly in opening the meeting, of its objects, and of his pleasure in having present such a representative assemblage. On the platform were noticed Hon. Senator Geo. A. Cox, Hon. Senator McHugh, Mr. Andrew Pattullo, M.P.P., Mr. T. Blezard, M.P.P., and Messrs. Peter Hamilton, Richard Hall, Wm. Graham, J. H. McClelland, and R. R. Hall.

Resolution of Confidence.

Mr. E. Elliott moved the following resolution of confidence in the present administration, and of appreciation of the manner in which Hon. Mr. Stratton had represented this constituency in that Government. It was seconded by Dr. Mabor, and unanimously adopted:

"That this mass meeting, convened to nominate a candidate in support of the Ross Government, declares its complete confidence in that Government, and its hearty appreciation of the energetic and advanced administration of the affairs of this province and of the broad and progressive policy whose vigorous application in the short space of time the Government has held office has been attended with such beneficial effects that its future application will, we believe, lead to still greater results, and bring about to a most important degree, the development of our great resources, in a way which will not only build up New Ontario, but reflect important benefits upon this province at large.

"And that this meeting takes this opportunity of expressing its very cordial appreciation of the excellent representation this riding has received at the hands of J. R. Stratton during five parliaments of this province, every want and interest of the riding having been looked after with a public-spirited solicitude and affectiveness that have earned the warm gratitude of his constituents of every party, creed, and condition, and leads to the hope that he will continue the services which his membership in the Government will permit him to render, to the great advantage of West Peterborough, this county and district, and the province at large."

Resolution of Condolence.

The following resolution of condolence in the bereavement lately suffered by Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario, in the loss of his life partner, was moved by Mr. Wm. Graham, seconded by Mr. R. F. McWilliams, and adopted unanimously:

"That this mass meeting desires to place upon record its most earnest sympathy and condolence with Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of this province, in the very great bereavement he has sustained in the death of his wife, the partner of his life, and his helpmate, whose fidelity to his person and position has been of inestimable assistance and encouragement in the performance of the arduous duties incidental to the splendid services he has rendered this province and this country as its Premier, and as a statesman of a long, brilliant and fruitful career.

"And this meeting hopes that in partial mitigation of his great loss, he may receive from a Higher Source, the comfort, strength of soul and vigor of body, which will permit of many further years of invaluable service to the state."

Mr. Peter Hamilton, president of the Liberal Association of Peterborough, in rising to nominate a candidate to contest the constituency of West Peterborough in the coming elections, said:

Day after day rolls around and we are met for the same purpose for which we have gathered before. It has been my good fortune to nominate Mr. Stratton on the last five occasions when the seat was to be contested. It may be considered rather unusual for the same man to nominate a single candidate on so many consecutive campaigns, and to witness his success in each instance. But since his first election to the House, he has represented us most ably and successfully. Any favors he could secure for Conservatives were as cheerfully obtained as for Liberals. I have much pleasure in again nominating Hon. J. R. Stratton for your suffrages.

The nomination was seconded by Mr. Philip Crough, and was unanimously carried amid the cheers of the assemblage.

Mr. Wm. Graham spoke briefly. He said, Mr. Stratton is one of your old Peterborough boys. He has worked hard for the party, and he has worked hard for the constituency which he represents. I believe that one-half the Conservatives throughout Peterborough will support him in the event of a contest. But I cannot see why we should have any opposition to his election. The intelligent electors say, Let Mr. Stratton go back this time by the unanimous voice of his constituents. His representation has not been of a party nature, but for the good of all.

The chairman, in presenting the nomination of Mr. Stratton spoke briefly of the pleasure and pride with which the people of West Peterborough had watched his progress since his first election to the legislature.

Mr. Thos. Blezard, M.P.P.

Mr. Thos. Blezard, M.P.P., for East Peterborough, addressed the meeting. When first elected to the Ontario Legislature, 21 years ago, he knew nothing of politics beyond the fact that he was a Grit. Born a Conservative, he had become convinced of the corruption of the party, and cast in his lot with the Liberals. Since I have been in the House, said Mr. Blezard, I have represented the riding in the best manner I knew how. At that time, the Conservatives told us we were on the verge of direct taxation, and I was almost persuaded to believe them. To-day they are giving us the same story—that we have no surplus to meet arising necessities. We claim that we have a surplus, a large surplus, and the brightest prospects for a larger than ever before. But if such a calamity were to come upon the people of Ontario as the necessity of direct taxation, whom could we blame? The Conservative party had tried its utmost to rob the province of its most valuable resources. And had we not had Sir Oliver Mowatt, I do not know where we might have landed. He, by his thorough knowledge of constitutional law, saved to the province the vast and valuable district of New Ontario. They would have blocked the lakes and streams of the country for the promotion of the interests of a few lumbermen, such as Hon. Senator McLaren, of South Lanark, had they had the power to do so. They disallowed at Ottawa the legislation passed by the Local Administration, but we eventually succeeded. They told us the province had no power to curtail the sale of liquor, but Mr. Mowatt declared such to be within the rights of the Government, and the action the Manitoba Legislature, with the approval of the Privy Council has proven such to be the case.

I have had the privilege of sitting under the administrations of A. S. Hardy and Hon. Sir Oliver Mowatt, and against these gentlemen I shall never break one word. They were able men, and did a grand work in deriving a revenue from the country's resources, and laying it up for the relief of the men who are indirectly paying for the country's support. But in the Hon. G. W. Ross, we have an energetic leader of a progressive Government, a man who is pushing this phase of the work rapidly forward, realizing that every new settler who enters New Ontario, helps to pay the taxes falling upon the Province.

The Opposition do not like our pulpwood deals, and railway deals, and why? They are too popular. I say it is a god-send that we have men like Hon. J. M. Gibson in the House. A man more thorough in his knowledge, or better posted on the business of the province, cannot be produced, and Hon. Mr. Whitney, Opposition leader, or Mr. Carscallen (a more clever man than ever Whitney was) never think to question him on any point of law, or on any Bill which he introduces.

Then, we have the Provincial Secretary, who is one of our own people—one of the boys, raised amongst the boys. Where does he stand? He holds a higher position than any Provincial Secretary ever did before. He has the License Department in his hands, and he has devoted more study to the proper administration of its affairs than any of his predecessors. He has charge of all the charitable institutions, asylums, etc., in the province, one of the heaviest duties devolving on any member of the Administration. In speaking of our institutions of this kind, with their thousands of unfortunate inmates, I tell you whereof I know, and no person should attempt to criticise the work carried on here or the remuneration of their officers until he has gone and seen.

When we see men like Dr. Clark, of Toronto, and Dr. Butler, of London, devoting all their brain and energy to this work for the small sum of $1800 or $2,000, when men of no greater ability would not give their private practice for $15,000 or $20,000, I say we are not paying these men enough for their services. It is all right to curtail our expenses in some directions, but this is not one of them.

Hon. J. R. Stratton

in rising to respond to the nomination, said, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,—I assure you I heartily appreciate the unanimous nomination accorded to me to-day to again contest the election in support of the Ross Government. I am pleased to see the splendid gathering here, in spite of the bad condition of the roads in the country. I accept the nomination you have so cordially offered me, and feel that I have the support of the electorate in the entire riding. I have every faith in the electors of West Peterborough, and have great confidence in accepting the nomination to-day, after the experience of the past sixteen years. I can say without fear of successful contradiction, that there is no government in the country that has given more careful and economical government, or more just laws than has been given by the Ross Government to-day, and the Governments under the different Premiers who have been at the head of the Government for the past quarter of a century. In Sir Oliver Mowatt, our present Lieutenant-Governor, we had an able leader. In his successor, Hon. A. S. Hardy, we had a leader who was well fitted for the vast amount of work he had to do. To-day our leader, Hon. G. W. Ross, is as confident and good a leader as we ever had, and who has the hearty and undivided support of his colleagues. These men have all had experience in the Government, and are true and faithful to their leader, their duties, and the province at large. In the Legislature we have men who represent the different constituencies in the province and who carefully consider each question that is brought before them. They all strive to bring the province ahead, and at the same time to keep down the expenditure as much as they possibly can, so that there will be no deficit to make up. I am satisfied that the Government will be returned after the approaching elections, and why should it not be returned? It should be returned because our legislation has been good. Our administration has been such that it cannot be equalled by the administration that would be given by the Opposition (applause). The Province of Ontario is to-day in the most healthy financial condition of any province in Canada. The Government has given back to the people more money to assist them and to relieve them of taxes than has ever been done by any other government. The people were benefitted in many ways. There were a large number of educational institutions that received money from the government, and this all tended to relieve those who attended them of a very large part of their fees.

A royal commission of three, composed of some of the greatest financiers of the province, had been appointed to examine the books of the province. In their report, they said the book-keeping was excellent, the work was carefully and correctly done and no monies had been paid out which were not authorized by the Parliament. There was not one dollar of the public money that had been misappropriated or used for any other purpose than that for which it was intended. As a result of this careful management there was a surplus —a large surplus—in the Treasury, to the credit of the people in the province of Ontario. On January 22nd last there was $1,468,492 in cold, hard cash lying in the banks in Ontario to the credit of the Province, and at the close of the last session there was $1,970,980.25. On Jan. 17, there was $2,226,957 in the Treasury. The services given to the public had been liberally conducted, yet there was not one dollar of the money collected by direct taxation. At the present time there were the following monies in the Treasury:

Cash	$1,468,492
Amounts due	1,292,981
Bal. Current Acc't	175,561
Interest bearing debentures	181,298
Interest during the year	142,414
To this should be added	100,000
Rec'd during the year	4,446,043
Collected from financial institutions	237,598
Collected from estates of the rich	365,581

The following monies were paid out:

Administration of Justice	$416,042
Public and High Schools	782,198
Maintenance of Insane Institutions	883,163
Hospitals and Charities	192,182
Colonisation roads	179 066

This represents over 60 per cent. of the total appropriations for the year. After spending sums of money for these purposes during the past 30 years, there is now a surplus of $2,225,000 in the province. No Government in Canada can show this splendid financial condition. There has never been one dollar of direct taxation levied on the people in the province. Since 1867, the expenditure has increased 60 per cent. This is largely due to the extra amounts given to the municipalities for public purposes. In view of these facts, the taxes in Ontario are lower than they are in any state in the Union. In the States the average tax per head is $12.55, while the taxes in Ontario are only $6 2—one-half what the average tax is on the other side. The taxes on real estate are lower here than in the States. The average tax in the Central States is $3 7-10 mills on the

Continued on page 4

MOTHERHOOD ENDANGERED

Women Occupied Too Much With Commercial Pursuits

Chicago, March 22 — A warning note that women and girls in this country were being drawn into commercial and manufacturing pursuits to an extent that jeopardized the welfare of future mothers, and was a menace to a happy home life, was sounded by Prof. D. L. Kiehle, of the chair of pedagogy in the University of Minnesota, before the department of superintendents of the National Educational Association, now in convention.

His address touched a popular feeling in the minds of educators who were present from all parts of the compass, and that portion stating that home life and surroundings were above all sordid gain was applauded.

"In this age of commercialism and industrial conditions," said Prof. Kiehle, "no provision has been made for motherhood. This phase of life seems to have been brushed aside. In fact, we are making money earners of our daughters in commercial pursuits.

"While women have every right to an equality with man in matters of education, they are going outside their sphere when that portion of their education fitting them for the higher duties of home life and motherhood does not take precedence over everything else.

"Education for women, that began only a few years ago on elementary lines, has extended to technical and classical courses, and has enabled women to compete for places formerly filled by men who supported families in many instances. The continuation of women entering commercial and industrial fields cannot but have disastrous results in time, until something is done to provide for home life also for women and the tendency to enter the office and factory is checked."

WAS MANY YEARS A PRISONER

Romantic Captivity and Wanderings of American Miner Long Thought Dead

FOUGHT IN ORIENT AGAINST THE 'PINOS

Captivity Among the Australian Aborigines Did Not Kill His Love of Adventure

New York, March 24—After 12 years' imprisonment among the bushmen in Australia, Joseph J. Gill, son of the late Thomas Gill, a well known Brooklyn manufacturer, has been heard from by his family, who had mourned him as dead. Gill left home in 1888 and in 1893 his wife, believing him dead, married again.

On Aug. 18, 1888, Joseph G. Gill sailed from New York to Australia, where he had extensive mining interests.

The mines were situated about 600 miles from Sydney and Gill expected to be gone two or three years. He left behind a wife and two children, boys of seven and five years respectively.

For two years letters were received regularly. His mining interests were prospering and he hoped soon to return to the United States, he wrote in his last letter.

A period in which no tidings were received from Mr. Gill followed, and then came a letter from the American consul at Sydney, N.S.W., stating that Joseph Gill, a wealthy mine operator and four companions had been ambushed and killed by Australian bushmen in Australia, not far from the mines which the Brooklyn man controlled.

LETTER FROM PHILIPPINES

This was the last heard from Gill until the news of his imprisonment which has just been received. It came in the form of a letter to Inspector McLaughlin of the Brooklyn police. The letter was dated Daigupan, Northern Luzon, Philippine Islands. The letter, which was written in November, 1901, was addressed to the Chief of Police, of Brooklyn. It was as follows:

"In 1888 I left my home in Brooklyn for Australia, where I was held a captive in the interior by bushmen until two years ago. I then came to these islands and entered the campaign with Macabebe scouts. Prior to Aguinaldo's capture I was severely wounded and I am afraid am a cripple for life. I am now making my way back to Sydney, Australia, to my wife and child.

"I do not know if my dear mother is dead, but would be glad to know her address if she is alive, of my brothers'. I shall be in Sydney by the time you receive this letter. Please address me in care of the United States consul at Sydney."

HIS MOTHER FOUND

The Brooklyn police had little difficulty in finding Gill's mother. Cable messages were at once sent to Gill at Sydney.

No details have yet been received concerning Gill's imprisonment among the bushmen, who murdered his four companions.

After his escape Gill is said to have attempted to secure information concerning his family.

The private detective whom he is said to have employed reported that his wife was dead, and soon afterward Gill married a Sydney woman.

Gill's love of adventure led him to his enlistment in the Philippine service.

Poor Girl, Pity Her

Growing! Yes, into weakness, but not strength. Studies, plenty of them. Tired, of course she is, and weak, too. Does not eat enough, and digests far less than enough. This condition is so frequent, but how seldom noticed, even by fond parents. Give her Ferrozone, then watch her appetite improve, her cheeks and lips grow ruddy, her step elastic, her spirits buoyant. All this simply the result of eating and digesting enough, making blood, and thereby strengthening the nerve and brain power. Ferrozone gives a woman's strength to weak girls. Your daughter or wife needs Ferrozone. Get it to-day.

THE AMERICAN NAVY

A New Torpedo Boat Successfully Landed at Philadelphia Saturday

Philadelphia, Pa., March 22 — In the presence of a large crowd of spectators the torpedo boat destroyer Barry was successfully launched today at the shipyards of Neafie & Levy. The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Carlotta Barnes, of New York, a great-great-grandniece of Commodore John Barry, in honor of whose memory the boat is named.

THE FIRST PRESIDENT

President Palma, of Cuba, Sailed For New York Yesterday

(Special Telegram to The Times)

New York, March 23 — T. Estrada Palma, President-elect of the Republic of Cuba, sailed for Havana to-day. His inauguration will take place April 1st.

TO BE BANQUETTED TO-NIGHT

Hon. Messrs. Fitzpatrick and Carrol to be Honored By Quebec Citizens

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Quebec, March 24 — Elaborate arrangements have been made for the banquet to-night in honor of Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Minister of Justice, and Hon. G. H. Carroll, solicitor-general. The affair is to take place at the garrison club under the auspices of the Quebec bar.

WEDDING BESIDE A COFFIN

Groom's Dead Mother's Wishes Executed in Minneapolis

Minneapolis, March 22—A most extraordinary wedding occurred here yesterday, when Lee Gilbert Smith married Grace A. Howell beside his mother's dead body. Friends and relatives were in attendance. The father of the bride gave her away; the groom's father stood at the head of his wife's flower-decked bier, weeping silently.

The bride wore a gown of light material and the younger girls in the wedding party were in white. The affair was characterized by a curious mixture of gayety and solemnity. During the ordeal the bride's lips trembled and her eyes filled with tears.

The wedding was in accordance with the dead mother's wishes.

DIED A PAUPER AT 104

Mary Jane Morgan Was Probably the Oldest Woman in Kansas

Galena, Kan., March 22 — In the little graveyard at the Cherokee county poor farm lies the unclaimed body of Mary Jane Morgan, aged 104, who died a pauper. She was once the wife of a wealthy man in Wooster, O., and moved to Kansas during the early boom, when misfortune overtook them. Since her first husband died, Grandma Morgan, as she was called, has made her own way for twenty-five years, by peddling. She was a familiar figure in the streets of Galena for many years. The day she was 100 years old she married John Morgan, who was in his 80th year. Morgan soon grew tired of his bride, and deserted her. So far as known she has no living relatives. It is claimed that she was the oldest woman in Kansas.

DEMOCRATS ON BOER WAR

House Caucus Says Congress Should Express Sympathy for the Boers

Washington, March 24 — The Democratic members of the House of Representatives held a caucus on the subject of the Boer war. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States should by resolution express the sympathy of the people of the United States for the people of the South African Republic and Orange Free State in their heroic struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

Resolved, That Congress should, in a spirit of amity and friendship, appeal to the British Government, in the interests of humanity, to accept overtures of peace, cease hostilities, and endeavor to bring about a just and honorable settlement of existing differences, to the end that peace may be established.

Resolved, That the United States should fairly and honorably maintain a position of strict neutrality in this contest between nations friendly to us, and see to it that the neutrality laws are vigorously and impartially enforced.

Resolved, That we, as Democrats and representatives of the people, use our utmost endeavors to force the committees now dominated by the Republican party, having in charge resolutions similar to these, to report the same back to the House, so that the Congress may give expression thereon, declaring the sentiments and the will of the American people.

A long resolution introduced by Representative Sulzer, was defeated, 32 to 36. It was similar in tone to those adopted, but went considerably further, representing that the United States was committed to the policy of arbitration as a method for settling international disputes and requesting the President to urge upon the British Government this policy of restoring and maintaining peace in South Africa.

WRITE ME A LETTER FROM HOME

Lonely I sit and weep,
Weep as I have not for years;
Why do mine eyes fail to keep
Back these affectionate tears?
I think of dear ones o'er the sea,
Who love me wherever I roam,
Oh, go to them, tell them for me,
To write a letter from home.

Chorus—
Have they forgotten me now
Or do they expect me to come?
No, no; go tell them for me
To write me a letter from home.

I think of the old fashioned cot,
I've left it for many a year;
The last words, 'God bless you," I've got
From mother and father so dear.
They hoped my voyage would be
A pleasant one over the foam;
Oh! some one go and tell them for me
To write me a letter from home.

PROHIBITION'S CHANCES LOOK MIGHTY SLIM

CANADA'S STRONG CONTINGENT

Germany Plays a Strong Game in the Celestial Empire

London, March 24.—According to the Daily Mail to-day, Canada will send 300 mounted troops and 120 infantry to the coronation of King Edward in June next.

An Ottawa despatch this morning states that in view of the elaborate preparations which are being made for King Edward's coronation, there is every likelihood that the procession in London when his Majesty proceeds to Westminster Abbey will be on a far larger and grander scale than at the late Queen's Diamond Jubilee in 1897. India has been asked to send a thousand native troops, but in the case of Canada, Australia and New Zealand the quotas will not be as large. It is thought that the number to go from Canada will not exceed 500, and the probable expense will be about $50,000. The Imperial Government's invitation is now before the Dominion authorities, and action in regard to it will shortly be taken. It is understood that the contingent will be constituted on the lines of that which attended Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee in 1897.

The Department of Militia is overwhelmed with applications from officers and men who are anxious to serve on the contingent.

London, March 24.—The Berlin correspondent of The Herald declares that Germany is once more playing a strong game in China. Large squads of Berlin laborers have been ordered to China to complete the Shantung railway. There is no secret of the fact that syndicates are being formed to acquire the Weihsien mines. Negotiations are said to be progressing for the acquisition of the mines in the Shantung province. A garrison is to be maintained there to protect German interests. German policy has actually become more aggressive since the announcement of the alliance.

WAR AGAINST THE CLERICALS.

London, March 24.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times says the chief feature of Sagasta's new Cabinet policy will be the renewal of the war against the Clericals.

Items of Interest

London, March 22.—In a despatch from Vienna the correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that Great Britain, Austria and Russia have addressed notes to Turkey admonishing the Porte to keep order in Macedonia and Albania.

Germany, says the correspondent, declined to join in this note.

CONCEDES RIGHTS FOR LOAN

London, March 21.—The Times understands that Persia has concluded an agreement with Russia under the terms of which Persia is to get a loan of $5,000,000, and is to give Russia a concession for a new road from Tabriz to Teheran.

MORE CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

Ottawa, March 21.—The Governor-General has received the following cable from the Casualty Department in South Africa:—

"Trooper H. F. Clement, S.A.C., was wounded in the flank at Walpostein near Vaal River, 15th March. Please inform R. Clement, Fennell's P. O., Ont. Trooper James Stephenson, of E Division, South African Constabulary, died from enteric fever on the 17th inst.

Stephenson enlisted in Ottawa, but was a resident of Morewood, Ont. He formerly served in D Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, Halifax, and was the champion sprinter of the regiment.

Figures That Tell the Story in Eloquent Words

The Case For the Temperance Party Seems to be Already Lost

In 1884-5 there was a great temperance wave swept Ontario. The enthusiasm ran high. The Scott act was to go into force and the campaign was the most sanguine and hearty that the temperance people have ever undertaken. The leaders of the movement naturally picked out the counties where the sentiment was such as to make it very likely that the Scott Act would be carried, and the fact that it was carried in 27 out of the 32 counties in which voting took place shows the strength of the sentiment. It is interesting to compare the results at that time with the vote polled in the same counties in the provincial election of 1886 as a relative indication of what the temperance people are likely to achieve this year. The following are the votes on the Scott Act by counties, and the total of the election of 1886:

	For	Against	Election 1886
Oxford	4,073	3,298	7,215
Halton	1,947	1,767	4,432
Simcoe	5,712	4,889	8,863
Stormont and Dundas	4,590	2,884	7,735
Peel	1,805	1,899	3,984
Bruce	4,601	3,189	10,513
Huron	6,967	4,304	12,687
Dufferin	1,904	1,169	2,437
Prince Edward	1,528	1,653	4,220
Renfrew	1,748	1,918	6,124
Norfolk	2,781	1,694	5,834
Brant, including Brantford	2,336	1,960	4,790
Leeds & Grenville	6,048	4,384	7,909
Kent	4,888	1,975	8,415
Lanark	2,433	2,837	6,945
Lennox and Addington	2,047	2,011	6,266
Carleton	2,440	1,747	3,419
Northumberland & Durham	6,050	3,883	10,211
Elgin, including St. Thomas	4,080	2,222	8,743
Lambton	4,465	1,646	8,981
Wellington, including Guelph	5,210	3,612	9,809
Kingston	785	842	3,459
Frontenac	1,334	693	2,881
Lincoln	2,089	1,490	4,009
Perth	3,308	3,636	8,164
Middlesex	5,745	2,370	12,899
Hastings	2,365	2,378	9,078
Haldimand	1,755	2,063	3,607
Ontario	3,412	2,861	8,887
Victoria	2,457	1,602	6,008
Peterboro	1,915	1,397	5,688
Prescott and Russell	1,535	3 131	4,898
	89,880	70,343	293,163

Thus while the vote cast in these 32 counties totaled 716,380, on the Scott act, the vote at the provincial election was 293,163 in the same counties. Fifty per cent. of that would have been 104,882, whereas the vote for the Scott act in these picked sections of temperance sentiment, a selection which did not include the cities or other unpromising electoral divisions, only returned 89,880 for temperance.

As an indication of the prospects of prohibition this is eloquent. There was more enthusiasm in 1884-5 over the Scott Act campaign than the Ross referendum will ever evoke; the temperance people naturally selected the most promising centres, skimmed the cream off the temperance sentiment of the province and yet failed to do in these picked constituencies what the government asks the temperance people to do throughout the whole province.

THE BOER LEADERS ASK FOR INDEPENDENCE.

Trouble Among Prisoners—First Death in the Canadian Mounted Rifles—Notes of the War

London, March 24.—The Transvaal legation at Brussels says that the correspondence between Holland and Britain has been presented to the fighting Boer leaders, as suggested some weeks ago, and that Lord Kitchener has received the replies of Steyn and Schalkburger. The Boer leaders in the field refuse to enter into negotiations which are not based upon complete Boer independence.

Arthur B. Markham was called to order in the House of Commons for declaring that all the news from South Africa printed in London, except by one newspaper, came from employes of capitalists in South Africa.

TROUBLE AMONG PRISONERS.

A number of Boers in the Bermuda prison camps have taken the oath of allegiance. A party of irreconcilables attacked their fellow prisoners who had taken the oath and tried to drown them in the Great Sound, Hawkins Island, but the military guard interfered and the irreconcilables are now in the military prison at St George.

A lieutenant-colonel of Yeomanry, writing to a member of the House of Commons from the front, says that the night marches average three a week, in heavy rain and thunder-storms, with the rivers swollen. He says that the Boer general, Erasmus, captured by his troops wants to fight on the British side, and that other Boers feel the same way.

Lord Methuen was on what he had intended for his last trek when he was captured. He contemplated taking up permanent headquarters and directing operations of his columns which had become too small to justify his accompanying them in person.

NEW MAN IN CHARGE.

Lieut.-Col. A. Wools-Sampson is to take over the field intelligence service in the western Transvaal.

In the Paris Chamber of Deputies yesterday M. Delcasse made the announcement that the British only held one Frenchman as a South African prisoner of war, and that strong efforts were being made to secure his release. Regarding the concentration camps all facilities had been given for forwarding provisions and other objects requested by the French committee. The statement was applauded by the members.

MOUNTED RIFLES' LOSS

Ottawa, March 24.—Trooper Moore, of Moosomin, N.W.T., is the first member of the Canadian Mounted Rifles to succumb to disease. The following Cape Town cablegram was received yesterday: "Death from dysentery, Newcastle, 19th March, 2nd Battalion, Mounted Rifles, R. G. Moore."

RHODES SLIGHTLY BETTER.

Cape Town, March 21.—A bulletin issued at midnight last night said that the lung difficulty of Cecil Rhodes had been ameliorated, but that owing to the heat, the patient was unable to sleep.

REV. FOSTER McAMMOND

Has Finally Resigned the Ministry—Has Been Offered A Good Business Position

Rev. Foster McAmmond, pastor of the Methodist church, formerly stationed in Ashburnham, has definitely decided to vacate his pulpit, and arrangements are being made for a new supply. A short time ago Mr. McAmmond tendered his resignation to the official board of the church and preached a farewell sermon to his congregation, but the following week he was convinced to remain as pastor for at least another year.

It is said that more letters re the Syracuse affair were received by the reverend gentleman and that he again came to the conclusion that it would be better to leave the ministry. It is said that the reverend gentleman has received the offer of a splendid business position. It is rumored in Perth that the Methodist congregation will extend a call to Rev. Mr. Timberlake, pastor of the MacLeod street Methodist church in Ottawa.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 24, 1902.

THE BOER WAR

The Methuen disaster has not changed the situation in South Africa from a British standpoint. The signs are more hopeful and it will not be long until peace reigns.

Lord Kitchener and his able staff of generals are doing splendid work, and systematically chasing the Boers out of their strong positions.

In considering the war it is well to remember that a vast number of troops is needed, and Lord Kitchener has never, up to the present, according to a reliable correspondent, had sufficient troops. An army of a million men would not be excessive. Nor must the fact be lost sight of that our recent successes in Orange Colony, while owing much to the dash, zeal, and wisdom of the driving columns, are the result of long, hard, and patient work, which has now been strikingly rewarded.

At this stage of the war the capture of guns by General Delarey is not considered important. His army has been demoralized, and he has no use for big guns. It keeps them busy avoiding British troops and they do not want such encumbrances.

The critics and the enemies of Great Britain, who are trying to bolster up the Boer cause by spreading a report that the capture of General Methuen, men and guns will have the effect of prolonging the war, talk either from malicious feelings or are ignorant of the facts.

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 236,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 208,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by E. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

The capital invested in electrical enterprises in the United States is estimated by "American Trade" at four billion dollars. We have the same authority for the assertion that these industries employ more than half a million persons. Almost half of the aggregate capital is represented by the electric railways, which, it would be safe to assume, employ a majority of the half-million persons. There were dismal predictions current ten or fifteen years ago of things that would befall certain classes of labor when electric cars came in; but the abolishment of the horse-car has probably thrown no one out of work—except the horse.

Anecdotal.

A country convert, full of zeal, offered himself for service in his first prayer-meeting remarks. "I'm ready to do anything the Lord asks of me," he said, "so long as it's honorable."

Some years ago at a Mardi Gras ball at the Hopkins Institute in San Francisco, a man, masked, approached a woman, masked, and asked her for a dance, as is considered right and proper at Mardi Gras. "But I don't know you, sir," said the lady in her most icy tone. "Well, I'm taking as big a risk as you are," retorted the man.

A tender-hearted youth was once present at an Oxford supper, where the fathers of those assembled were being roundly abused for their parsimony in supplying the demands of their sons. At last, after having long kept silence, he lifted up his voice in mild protest. "After all, gentlemen," he said, "let us remember that they are our fellow-creatures."

The Chatsworth (Ont.) "News" says: "A good joke is told on a Chatsworth young man who went to Owen Sound one day last week and dropped into Dr. Lang's office to be vaccinated. The doctor asked him if he had ever been vaccinated before and he replied: 'I've been vaccinated twice and baptized three times and neither one of them took.' The doctor hesitated, but finally concluded to vaccinate him, and judging from the way he holds his arm the third vaccination 'took,' even if the third baptism didn't."

Jacob A. Riis tells of an Irish teamster who went to the priest in a fright; he had seen a ghost on the church wall as he passed it in the night. "And what was it like?" asked the priest. "It was like nothing so much as a big ass," said Patrick, wild-eyed. "Go home, Pat! and be easy," replied the priest, soothingly; "you've only seen your own shadow."

Thomas Bailey Aldrich once received a pathetic letter in a feminine hand announcing the death of a little daughter and asking if he would not send in his own handwriting a verse or two from "Babie Bell" to assuage the grief of the household. Aldrich sent the whole poem, and not long after saw it displayed in the shop of an autograph dealer, with a good, round price attached thereto.

Senator Cullom of Illinois was asked by a correspondent why the Committee on Foreign Relations had enjoined secrecy on the text of the new treaty with Great Britain, when the text of the treaty was printed in all the morning papers. "Just so, just so," said the senator; "that's the reason the injunction of secrecy was placed upon the treaty. We knew that if we made it public at once not a paper in the country would print its full text."

During his visit to New York Thackeray was very much attracted by the beauty and brilliancy of a Miss B., and, in accordance with foreign custom, made a morning call, when she did not expect anyone. Hearing some talking in the lower hall, she leaned over the banisters and asked the servant who it was. "It's Mr. Thackeray, ma'am." "Oh, damn Thackeray!" replied Miss B. "No," said Thackeray, who could not but hear the remark, "it's not Misther O'Dam Thackeray, but Mr. Makepeace Thackeray." And, with a laugh, Miss B. came down.

The venerable Mr. —— believed unqualifiedly in Boston, as not the hub only, but the forward wheels also, of the universe. The excellent old gentleman, having confessed to L. G. that he had never found time, during his busy life, to read Shakespeare, was advised to do so during the winter then approaching. In the spring G. called on the estimable citizen, and casually asked if he had read any of the plays during the season just passed. "Yes," he replied, "he had read them all." "Do you like them?" ventured G., feeling his way cautiously to an opinion. "Like them!" replied the old man, with effusive ardor; "that is not the word, sir! They are glorious, sir; far beyond my expectation, sir! There are not twenty men in Boston, sir, who could have written those plays!"

Lord John (Russell) with a curious artlessness of disposition which made it impossible for him to feign a cordiality he did not feel, united an astonishing want of tact. Once, at a concert at Buckingham Palace, he was seen to get up suddenly, turn his back on the Duchess of Sutherland, by whom he had been sitting, walk to the remotest part of the room, and sit down by the Duchess of Inverness. When questioned afterwards as to the cause of his unceremonious move, which had the look of a quarrel, he said: "I could not have sat any longer by that great fire; I should have fainted." "Oh, that was a very good reason for moving; but I hope you told the Duchess of Sutherland why you left her." "Well—no. I don't think I did that. But I told the Duchess of Inverness why I came and sat by her."

The Use of the Word "Lady."

It is said that it is coming to be the fashion again to use the word "lady," and that the word "party" is also in better favor. For some years modish persons have called ladies "women," and parties "functions." There was some excuse for the former substitution because "lady" was worked to death, and so misused as to make it ridiculous. But vague as its meaning is, it has a meaning (or meanings), to the conveyance of which it is indispensable, and the folks who have dismissed it from their vocabularies have not been persons of much philological discernment.

The use of "function" for "party" has been a mere fad that must have started as a pleasantry and gradually became a habit. It makes it possible to speak of a row at a ball as a "functional disorder"; but even that doesn't warrant its vogue. It is a poor, borrowed, anglicized word, which the British-American language doesn't need.

Quite Too Romantic.

"I say, is this here the novel you advised me to read?" said the cabman to the librarian. "Yes," replied the librarian; "that's the one." "Well," said the cabman, "you can just take it back. There's nine people in the first four chapters who hired cabs, and each of 'em, when he got out, 'flung his purse to the driver.' Now, when I want that sort of literature, I'll go to Jules Verne and get it pure."

"No," said the landlady, "we cannot accommodate you. We only take in single gentlemen." "Goodness," replied Mr. Marryatt; "what makes you think I'm twins?"—Philadelphia "Record."

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work. —Philadelphia Press.

Curious Bits of News.

In London on New Year's Day, a burglar, having carried off five thousand pounds' worth of jewelry, all the silver, and a large sum in ready money, pinned a note on the hearth-rug wishing its rightful owners "Many happy returns of the day."

The London "Chronicle" quotes a naval officer as saying that during the War of 1812 the British Admiralty sent out to Kingston (Ont.), where the British fleet was then stationed, a large number of water-casks, in the belief that Lake Ontario was a salt water lake.

A coal-hod in the window of a New York clothier is filled with bills and coin, in which is thrust a coal shovel. Beside it is a small stove, so arranged with a red incandescent light that it appears to contain a brisk fire. Near them is the legend: "We are just burning money on these $12 suits, but we need the room, and they must be moved by February 1."

In an article on "Life in Labrador" in "Blackwood's Magazine," Mr. W. T. Grenfell vouches for the following: "A friend who had a young live black bear as a pet buried it in November in a barrel under the snow. Twice he dug it up in the winter, but it showed no signs of wishing to move, so he permitted it to sleep on till May."

Odors as an assistance to diagnosis is a new branch of medical science. The "Medical Record" is authority for the statement that the odor of new mown hay is an indication of pyaemia, typhus is indicated by an ammoniac smell, jaundice by a musky one, yellow fever by the odor of a gun-barrel, hysteria by a suggestion of violets or pineapples, intermittent fever by the smell of fresh-baked brown bread, and measles by one like fresh-picked feathers. It seems somewhat incongruous that the smell of the plague resembles honey.

The newest of queer religious sects is the "Association of Christian Brethren," which, according to the New York "Sun," is "sailing down the Mississippi in a modern imitation of the Ark to tell people that the millennium is surely coming in 1941." "Megiddo" is the name of the boat, and nearly one hundred persons, men, women and children, are aboard of her. The president of the sect is L. T. Nichols of Minneapolis, and he launched his craft at the end of November. He holds himself mainly responsible for the support of his followers, who are planning to live on the "Megiddo" until the day of the millennium.

Men sometimes dream of enormous wealth stored deep in the earth, below the reach of miners, but according to the statements of Professor C. R. Van Hise at the Denver meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, there is little or no ground to believe that valuable metallic deposits lie very deep in the earth's crust. Such deposits, he said, are made by underground waters, and owing to the pressure on the rocks at great depths, the waters are confined to a shell near the surface. With few exceptions, ore deposits become too lean to repay working below 2,000 feet. Nine mines in ten, taking the world as a whole, are poorer in the second thousand feet than in the first thousand, and poorer yet in the third thousand than in the second.

An article in "Ainslee's Magazine" contains this passage: "The world has never seen, and in no other part of the world is there now to be seen anything like America's jewel-madness as shown by the conditions of to-day, when more than three hundred New York establishments are engaged solely in the importation of precious stones, when agents of American dealers are searching Europe for the white gem and hopelessly endeavoring to supply American appeals for rubies and emeralds, and when six thousand men in South Africa are toiling to obtain diamonds more than half of which are to add to the beauty and happiness of the American woman. It is she that has caused the United States to become the greatest diamond market in the world. For her we have imported in a single year $30,000,000 worth of precious stones; for her, at one period we smuggled them in at the rate of $7,000,000 a year; for her we annually buy something like $12,000,000 worth of diamonds, and thus, for her sake, heartlessly leave, of the world's total output of diamonds, only some $8,000,000 worth to satisfy the vanity of all the rest of the women on earth."

When Crispi Was Lucky in Being Penniless.

THE late Francesco Crispi, the great Italian statesman, once escaped arrest as a revolutionist because he did not have a sou wherewith to buy a candle. The story is told in the "Courrier des Etats-Unis" (New York):

"On January 14, 1858, Francesco Crispi, the recently deceased Italian statesman, then a political refugee in Paris, received from an Italian friend connected with the Paris opera two gallery tickets for the performance of that evening, which the Emperor and Empress were expected to attend. Crispi and his wife were on the point of starting for the theater when the latter exclaimed: 'Francesco, where shall we get a candle?' They were in such destitution that they had neither candles nor matches, nor yet the wherewithal to buy them. Going to the opera would involve groping for their room at midnight and going to bed in total darkness. Too proud to confess their condition and to borrow a few sous they regretfully denied themselves the promised treat, remained in their room, and retired before the twilight had faded.

"On the following morning they learned of Orsini's attack on the Emperor, the police raids, and the arrest of all Italian revolutionists found in or near the theater. If Crispi had been in the house he would certainly have been among the first arrested, for he was known as an ardent disciple of Mazzini.

"The possession of a tallow candle and a match might have altered completely not only his own destiny, but also that of Italy!"

Good For Burns.

Tourist (after his first drink of Bloody Gulch whisky)—Thunder and lightning! Gimme a chaser, quick! Bartender (disdainfully)—Wot d' yer want—water? Tourist—No; kerosed oil! —"Puck."

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, ain't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Max O'Rell on "Discontent."

MAX O'RELL never neglects to say a good word for the ladies whenever opportunity serves. At the same time, he does not shut his eyes to their faults, but is only "a little blind," as witness what he says about "The Discontented Woman":

"We all know that woman, not unkind, not exactly sour, but sad, depressed and depressing, who is well off and might enjoy life, but who looks as if there was not one pleasure left in the world to make it worth living in.

"She may feel ever so well, she will never confess it. She hates to be told that she looks well. She thinks you are wanting in sympathy. She loves to be pitied, and has no objection to being called 'Poor Mrs. A.!' Yet she is very susceptible, and resents any attentions that are paid to other people in her presence. She was jealous of her sisters when a girl; now she is jealous of her children, jealous of the ladies who call, jealous of her husband's secretary or typewriter. She has no reason for being jealous, she knows it, but it is a habit, and she likes to keep her hand at it.

"She is fond of calling on sick people, and, as she has had every mortal disease or indisposition you care to name, she gives the people whom she visits her own experience of their disease, and they have to listen to all the minute details of the sufferings she had to go through. She hopes that you will get better.

"Meanwhile she tells you of all the people she knows who have died of the disease with which you are afflicted, but reassures you by stating that some people have been known to recover.

"She is the town crier of bad news. If there is a sad event of which she hears early, she immediately orders a carriage and goes on a round of visits to announce it. When her friends see her arrive unexpectedly they look at each other and say, 'We shall hear some bad news.'

"She is a prophet of ill-omen. She loves the sad, and revels in it. It is her life. She has not a cheerful feature about her. She is a hair in your soup, a crumb in your bed, an unmitigated bore.

"She never enjoys what she has, but spends her life regretting what she does not or cannot have. If she lose a £4 bill and her husband says to her, 'Never mind; here's another,' she goes on sighing and whining, for she thinks that if she had not lost that £4 she would now have £8.

"There is no cheering her up, and when a real misfortune befalls her you feel inclined to exclaim: 'Good, serves her right, now she has something worth crying over.' But this seldom happens, if ever, for it is a remarkable fact that this kind of woman is the very one who never has real troubles—except those of her own manufacture."

Alleged Canadian Jests.

A WRITER in the "Pall Mall Gazette," who claims to have had much to do with colonial newspapers and colonial letters, has collected therefrom a number of what he chooses to call "Sea-borne Jests." Canada seems to supply him with the most material, but either he has evolved most of his Canadian jokes out of his own inner consciousness or else they have been curiously refracted in passing through the prism of an English mind. In any event some of them would never be looked upon as jokes in this country. For example: "Why does Dicky Ducky want to be M. P.?" asks the jester of a far Western paper. "Because he now has one P too many," is the answer, which, as the "Pall Mall" writer says, it is tolerably certain made dozens of big men in miners' boots laugh till they bent like jack-knives when that inscrutable conundrum was first let loose in British Columbia. Here are some better attempts—the alleged sayings of a ten-year-old boy, who is credited to Toronto:

I.—Teacher's question: "What is grass?" Boy's answer: "What you keep off."

II.—Question: "Who was the first man?" Answer: "Wolfe!" Reply: "Great Snakes! It was Adam!" Repartee: "Oh, well, if you count in foreigners!"

III.—Question: "What were the Greek marriage customs?" Answer: "Ev'ry man had one wife, which they called monotony!"

Another story told by the "Pall Mall" writer is that of a little doctor from a reserve in the North-West Territories. The doctor in question was a mooniaa (Anglice, "green") graduate from the East, and had just been appointed to look after the health of the Indians dwelling there or thereabouts. On his first visit to the reserve he found that everybody was suffering from a mysterious disease, the symptoms of which were very obscure. All the patients got a box of bread pills or a bottle of colored water—it is best to be on the safe side, and faith has cured many a mysterious epidemic among Indians—with the exception of the last comer. "This Indian," said he, laying his hand on his stomach, which was a chief's, "when he drink cold water feel cold pain here." Then the agent remembered that the doctor's predecessor had prescribed a bottle of good port in the hard case of an old squaw suffering from "the grippe," complicated with no-flour-for-six-months. We confess we fail to see much of a joke lurking in this story.

Too Bad.

"YES, I have watched her career with a great deal of interest." "She is a brilliant woman, isn't she?"

"She has been. I can't say that she is. As a girl she developed remarkable precocity. It was not so much in her literary proficiency that she displayed her qualities, as in that wide sense of her ultimate mission, in the broad conceptions she so early entertained of the crying needs of our social system. When only eleven, she had written a striking paper on sex relationships. At thirteen, her monograph of 'The True Prerogatives of Woman' had attracted wide attention. At fifteen, her essay on 'The Silent Vote' marked an epoch, and when, at twenty-two, she delivered her 'Motherhood of Man,' it became evident that a new force had risen. What a pity that now, after all, her life should be a failure."

"But how can it be a failure? What has she done?"

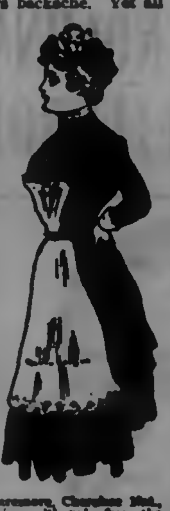
"Why, the miserable thing has gone off and got married!"—New York "Life."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the [illegible]

The Weak Spot.

If you are sitting in a restaurant where waitresses are in attendance, you will note now and again some young woman put her hand to her back, and straighten herself up, while her lips are tightened as if by pain. It's backache. Yet all day long she must be on her feet, lifting, carrying, hurrying.



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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Flashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "FLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

"What's the matter here?" said the officer, coming into the restaurant.

"Why, boss, this man said I could eat one of his dinners without any trouble," said the tramp.

"Well?"

"Well, I ate one, and I've got no money to pay for it, and now it seems there's all sorts of trouble."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆

The infant of the household was in its cradle. The head of the house was at home, peevish and fault-finding. At length he became unendurable. "You've done nothing but make mistakes tonight," he growled. "Yes," she answered meekly, "I begun by putting the wrong baby to bed."

◆

"Remember, young man," said the practical man, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

◆

Mrs. Bloomer—"Dear! dear! I dropped my diamond ring off my finger this morning, and can't find it anywhere."

Bloomer—"It's all right. I came across it in one of my trouser pockets."

◆

One of his Majesty's inspectors stood before a class of seven-year-old boys. The subject of examination was Euclid. After failing several times to draw from the class the definition of parallel lines, he drew, by way of illustration, on the wall.

"Now, boys," said the worthy educational dignitary, "I've drawn two parallel lines on the wall. Will they ever meet?"

"Yes, sir," said the pick of the class.

"When?"

"If you draw them right around the room."—London Answers.

◆

"Ignorance," remarked young Brown, "they say is bliss."

"Oh, that probably accounts for it," rejoined Miss Cutting.

"Accounts for what?" queried the youth.

"The contented and happy look you usually wear," she replied.

◆

A visitor to a country town asked the local policeman when the theatre opened.

"We have no theatre here."

"Well, the music hall, then?"

"No, nothing of that kind here."

"Have you no evening amusement at all?"

"Oh, yes," said the policeman. "If you wait till 9 o'clock you'll see them shunting the goods train."

◆

"Wherein lies the difference between photography and courtship?" he asked, softly.

"I don't know," she replied.

"In photography," he explained, "the negative is developed in the dark room, while in courtship that is where the affirmative is developed."

She blushed, but made no answer.

"Let us," he suggested, "proceed to develop an affirmative."

There being no objections, it was so ordered.—Chicago Post.

◆

When Henry comes from Germany
We'll fire salutes and things,
And give him royal welcome for
The messages he brings;
We'll bow and at his every smile
Have throbs and thrills ecstatic,
And quit the practice for awhile
Of being democratic.
We'll dream of Emperors and Kings
As still our blood relations,
For, oh, we dote on royal things
Despite our protestations.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆

Applicant—"How much for a telephone, meister?"

Superintendent — "What is your name?"

Applicant—"Gollo'sliwiski!"

Superintendent—"One hundred dollars per year."

Applicant—"Why for you jumpe me lot mooch? Eferybody else get ut for 24."

Superintendent—"I know, but the extra charge is for repairs. Every time any one calls your name the wires will be twisted."—Chicago News.

◆

The French were so much interested in Mr. Kipling's observations on sportsmen that the poem has been translated into French and published in some of the Paris newspapers. Le Temps renders the famous lines, "with the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals," as follows:—

"A voici les imbeciles en complets de flanelle qui jouent au cricket.

"Et les cretins souillies de boue qui jouent au football."

◆

She is a sweet, poetic dream—
A lily on love's crystal stream.
But she, with all her charms divine,
Will ne'er, O ne'er, O ne'er be mine.
Because last night, unto this dear,
I said, beneath the chandelier:
"Last springtime, when the blossoms white
I saw on your black hair alight,
I thought they looked, upon my soul,
Like snowflakes on a load of coal."
—Judge.

◆

He was a stranger cycling through the mighty intellectual City of Oxford. You could tell it from the cautious manner with which he picked his way down the principal street.

It was evening. A gentleman approached the cyclist.

"Sir," said he, "your beacon has ceased its function."

"Sir?"

"Your illuminator, I say, is shrouded in unmitigated oblivion."

"Really, but I don't quite——"

"The effulgence of your radiator has evanesced."

"My dear fellow, I——"

"The tenuous ether oscillations in your incandescer have been discontinued."

Just then an unsophisticated little newsboy shouted across the way:

"Hey, mister, yer lamp is out!"

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆

"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

◆

THE MYSTERY OF BHOTAN.

A Weird Tale From The East.

PHIL and I were going to India, that far-away land of which so much has been written. We had talked the matter over for many a year, and now our hopes were about to be realized, as in a few days we were to set sail for the enchanted realms of the Orient. Phil was a companionable fellow—fearless, yet withal gentle and lovable. His equal could not be found in a week's march.

The object in view in taking this long journey was to personally study the habits of that peculiar and ancient race—the Hindus—and to gather specimens of fauna and flora which we, as scientific men, so much desired to add to our respective fine collections already gathered together from different sections of our own America and Europe.

Our trip across the Atlantic was uneventful. We reached Calcutta in due time without mishap. We first sought out one of those necessities to travelers in a strange land, a guide. A couple of onagers or burros were also secured, and on the third day after our arrival we were ready to proceed inland. We laid our route to the northward, through the Bengali district, whence we would proceed to the mountains of the Himalaya range and spend most of our time in and around Bhotan.

We journeyed leisurely and found much that interested us. We had been fortunate in securing for our guide a native who was thoroughly acquainted with the territory through which we desired to go. He and Phil became fast friends.

We had a very successful trip without incident until we neared the borders of Bhotan, some three hundred miles distant from Calcutta. Here Poonjah confessed that he did not care to go further toward the north; said we could go to the east or to the west, or anywhere else, but not there. We coaxed, cajoled and entreated; but he stood firm. Finally, when pressed for his reasons for refusing to continue the trip into the territory which we had selected, he graphically portrayed to us by speech articulate and pantomimic that it was a land of evil spirits, and that the Bhotanese were sorcerers and in league with the demons of the air. If we insisted on going there we would take our lives in our own hands. Furthermore, he personally had been warned away from there severals years ago, and was told that should he ever return anywhere within the borders of Bhotan his life would pay for his temerity; that he was a marked man, and though he should escape the watchful eyes of the people, he would still be in danger, for the spirits would seek him out and slay him.

The vivid portrayal of Poonjah's feelings and fears impressed us both deeply. But before us were the coveted prizes that this land held, and which we had come so far to secure. To retreat now before an imaginary foe was galling to our pride. We sympathized with our benighted guide, and we argued that he belonged to a superstitious race, and that if we could but prevail upon him to proceed with us all would be well, and we could later convince him of the folly of his fears.

As we were then in an interesting district we let the matter drop so far as Poonjah was concerned, but took it under advisement between ourselves for several days.

Our silence upon the subject had about convinced our faithful guide that we would not attempt to go farther north, and he had in the meantime regained his usual happy demeanor and gentle composure.

One morning Phil suggested that we once more broach the subject to him. We could not then give up our further trip, and if our arguments with him should not prevail we would dismiss him to return to his own land, while we pushed on alone to the goal of our desires.

"Come here, Poonjah," said I, as he was passing near our tent. "We are about to take up our journey to the northward, with or without you, as you please. We have thoroughly discussed the situation, and while we deeply sympathize with you in your dread of this land, we cannot forego our trip in consequence of it. If you are afraid to continue we will go on alone, and you may retrace your steps without us."

I had unwittingly struck the keynote to his pride. He listened to me in silence. When I had finished speaking he straightened up his lithe form, and in measured tones said:

"A Hindu is not a coward. Poonjah knows no fear for himself. He can but die. It is for you that he has feared and has dared to rebel. But as you are determined to go, Poonjah is but your slave and will go with you. May Buddha save you from all harm."

With a gracious salaam he quitted our presence.

This matter being settled, we set about preparing to take up our line of march, our destination being Tasagong, the principal village of Bhotan, where we hoped to be hospitably received by the natives.

At break of day the following morning we were astir. Poonjah had our burros ready, and not a line of fear or hesitation was visible upon his mobile countenance. In fact, he appeared more voluble and cheerful than usual, and he and Phil became more attached than ever.

Two days later we were upon the lofty table-land separating British India from Bhotan, and by another day we hoped to be in the latter country—the reputed land of evil spirits.

I must confess to a feeling akin to superstitious dread as the night closed around us, and for the first time my thoughts reverted seriously to the many rumors which I had heard and tales that I had read respecting the people with which we were to sojourn during the next few weeks.

"A fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind." I could now more fully feel for Poonjah. He had been reared and educated in a land of darkness, superstition and occult mysteries. My training had been altogether in a different atmosphere, where superstition had no habitat, and wherein it would have been an evidence of ignorance and cowardice to have betrayed a semblance of dread of the supernatural. Yet here I found myself upon this borderland actually imbibing the fears of our benighted guide.

I mentioned not a word to either Phil or Poonjah that would betray to them my sensations; neither did I discover in either of the twain aught that would lead me to believe that they were at all worried over the prospect.

That night I slept the sleep of the just, and it was broad daylight when I awoke. Poonjah and Phil had been astir long before me, and breakfast was already prepared.

I had become much attached to our Hindu guide; but between him and Phil a friendship had sprung up that was more than ordinary. The two were almost inseparable.

As I emerged from the tent I noticed them in animated conversation, which ended in a warm embrace as they saw me approaching. Phil afterward told me that his friend still had misgivings about the safety of the party, and they had mutually pledged eternal fealty come what would, but did not want to worry me about it.

We were on a peaceful errand and hoped it would have a peaceful ending, and if we should find the natives to be warlike or resentful at our approach we would try to win them over by kindness and a liberal distribution of small treasures among the chiefs.

Two days more and we had reached Tasagong. We were not molested on our way thither, but were eyed with much curiosity by all. We repaired first to the chief of the village and through our guide told him what we desired. We gave him several pieces of silver and gold, and we were taken into His Majesty's good graces at once. He tendered us the use of one of his bungalows, which was dry and comfortable, and, thanking him for his courtesy and generosity, we were shown to the place.

It was one of the typical bungalows of that section, only larger, and contained three rooms, with flooring and matting. It was elevated like others, as a protection against creeping and crawling things abounding in that country. It furthermore possessed doors, which could not be said of all structures used as habitations in Tasagong.

The chief gave orders among his people that we be not molested, and tendered us the freedom of the place.

We were all very weary and sought rest at an early hour that night. A large bed, well supplied with skins of wild beasts abounding in that region, lured us quickly to sleep. Phil and I occupied this bed, and Poonjah a smaller one in an adjoining room or alcove.

It seemed to me as though I had just closed my eyes in slumber when I awoke with a start, and instinctively felt the presence of another person in our room. The room was dark—very dark. I was spellbound. I could neither move nor speak. There was something or somebody moving stealthily along in front of our bed. A clamminess came over me that chilled me to the heart. I essayed to move or speak, but my limbs remained rigid and my tongue clave to the roof of my mouth. It was a sensation impossible for me to describe. An uncanny chilliness pervaded the room. The thing moved with a rustling sound that was bloodcurdling. I waited for a denouement which I felt must soon come. Whatever or whoever it was, it quickly withdrew, and I breathed freer. It had made the circuit of the room two or three times as though in search of something. When it finally departed it apparently vanished through the floor, for no door was open to allow of exit that way.

For a few moments I remained in a horrified state, but soon felt the return of my faculties and was about to waken my companion and tell him of my experiences, when I felt him move, and, rising upon his elbow, he almost yelled:

"Professor, did you hear that?"

"Hear what?" I ejaculated, sleepily, as though just aroused from slumber and annoyed at being disturbed.

"There has been someone in this room, and now he has gone!"

"Nonsense!" I rejoined. "You are afraid of spirits and have had a bad dream. Lie down and go to sleep again."

But he would not have it so, and insisted that he had been fully awake. He then went on to relate in detail just what he had heard, and it agreed exactly with my experiences. We arose at once and lighted a taper, and began an exploration of the place. Not hearing a word from where Poonjah lay, we went there first. He was awake—his face distorted with agony. When at length our presence had somewhat reassured him, he repeated to us the same unearthly tale.

We searched the three rooms of the bungalow. There was no hole large enough for even a cat to crawl through. The doors were securely fastened as we had left them on retiring. Referring to our watches, we found that it was just past midnight.

Outside all was deathly still except for the distant laugh of a hyena or the howl of a jackal.

There was no more sleep for any of us the balance of the night, and we heartily welcomed the first glimmer of dawn.

We said nothing to anyone in the village about our experiences. We even dreaded to speak of them among ourselves.

We spent several days following with great profit and pleasure to ourselves. The venerable chief and his tribesmen were exceedingly friendly, and aided us greatly. Our fears had been by this time allayed, and we had attributed our unpleasant experiences of the first night to overwrought imagination and the fatigue of a long tramp the day previous.

However, we never relaxed vigilance, and loaded pistols were kept under our pillows while we slept, we more than half believing that our nocturnal visitor might come again and prove himself to be real flesh and blood, in which case we would be able to successfully cope with the fellow.

But our troubles were not destined to end so happily as we had hoped. One night I was again awakened as suddenly as on the previous occasion, and there was no mistake about what I heard. There was that same dreadful, indescribable presence in the room. Strive as I might to move, I could not. It was as though I had been chained to the spot by the links of Prometheus. Phil was perfectly quiet, and silence reigned except for the beating of my heart and the swish, swish of garments as though trailed along. The cold perspiration stood out in great beads on my face. The thing came toward the bed. I could now feel its chill and terrible breath upon my cheek, and how I survived the ordeal and remained sane I know not. When the Thing at last left us, it, as before, apparently disappeared through the floor.

Phil had heard it and was ready to assist again in the search. The hour was midnight. Poonjah, his eyes nearly bulging from their sockets, welcomed our presence and accompanied us in our search. But it was vain. No clue had been left behind, and we were more mystified than ever.

We could not bring ourselves to desert the bungalow while working in that district, and we were not yet through there. Besides, we could offer to the chief no reason for rejecting his hospitality while still remaining in his country. But we determined to leave just as soon as we could decently do so.

We remained there for two more weeks without further adventure worth speaking of, and had packed up our belongings, prepared to start on our southward journey the next morning.

Phil and Poonjah were in ecstasies. We had had a most successful trip, and we were returning freighted with precious treasures—some of them priceless. The chief was to give us safe conduct to the border, and we had much to be thankful for.

It was late that night when we retired, and we were not long awake after reaching our beds. It is a sleepy, drowsy climate, and we were never troubled with insomnia while there.

The bed which was occupied by Phil and me was placed against the inside partition and elevated some two feet from the floor. I usually slept on the front side of the bed, and did so in this instance.

My mind is perfectly clear as to my exact position. I went to sleep lying upon my right side, facing the room. When I awoke, shortly after, I was still in the same position. All my senses were alert. I felt that same horrible and gruesome presence again! It was near our bed and advancing toward us. On, on, nearer and nearer, slowly, like a cat upon its prey!

An unutterable sensation crept through my veins. I felt that something terrible was impending. What it could be I had not the slightest conception.

I would have given all my precious treasures could I at that moment have spoken or even moved. But my voice and limbs refused their offices, and I lay there as helpless as a child.

The strain was terrible. Had there been a visible enemy with whom to do battle it would have been different. But here in a strange land, said to be infested with evil spirits, and in the midst of a night whose darkness could be fairly felt, I was face to face with some intangible Thing that was advancing upon me unseen!

When finally it reached the bedside it leaned forward, touching my left side, which was uppermost.

Suddenly it drew back slightly, and then, with a lunge forward, it appeared to strike a mighty blow at my sleeping companion.

With this movement came release for me, for I was no longer bound.

Simultaneously with this blow Poonjah cried out in apparent agony:

"Buddha! Phil! Buddha!" and he was then silent.

Phil rose up in the bed, screaming:

"My God, it has struck me!" and with a peculiar gurgle, as though being strangled, he fell back upon his pillow and uttered not another sound.

Quick as a flash I now rose up in the bed, only to come in contact with a form that appeared like a man's. I grappled with it, all fear having fled. I felt the strength of a Samson in my sinews. It was as real to me then as though I could see the intruder. Only one thought pervaded my mind—to capture this thing or die in the attempt.

My arms closed around it as firmly as would the coils of a python, and with a power born of desperation I brought them closer and closer, tighter and tighter. I could feel it in my grasp struggling to free itself, but it might as well have fought against the embraces of an octopus! I was getting the better of my unknown antagonist. My arms came together relentlessly, and before I could utter a word they cleaved the object in twain and came together, when I found in my arms—nothing

I jumped from the bed more dead than alive. I cried aloud to Phil in my terror, and then to Poonjah. But no response came from either.

I struck a light as quickly as my nerveless condition would allow and looked around me. One glance at the spot where Phil lay told a tragic story. His features were distorted and livid, and it did not require a second look to convince me that he was dead.

I reached over and tenderly touched the tortured face, but there was no response. The vital spark had fled.

With a cry of despair I rushed to where our guide had slept, half-fearing that in some way he might have been responsible for this terrible and mysterious tragedy. But I had wronged the poor fellow. He, too, was beyond the power of man, and lay on his cot in his last, long sleep.

I looked at my watch, and it was just past midnight. I examined the bungalow carefully, but found all secure.

I now opened one of the doors. Outside the air seemed oppressive. My brain reeled, and I fell to the ground in merciful unconsciousness.

• • • • • •

There are two lonely graves upon the hillside near Tasagong. A slab stands at the head of each. One was marked by me in English simply "Phil," the other, "Poonjah." But after my departure (which fact I learned from the missionary who had given them Christian burial) a cabalistic inscription was placed on each by some person unknown, which translated signifies, "The spirits are avenged!"

The Old Man's Occupation.

The old man of the following story lived, presumably, in England, since we copy his words from an English journal, but we are not quite sure that his counterpart might not be found on this side of the water.

"It's a queer world when you come to look it over," said the old man. "You know I eddicated Jim for a lawyer."

"Yes."

"An' Bill for a preacher."

"Exactly."

"An' Tom for one of them literary fellers."

"Yes."

"An' Dick for a doctor."

"Yes."

"Well, now, what do you reckon I'm a-doin' of?"

"Can't say."

"Well, sir, you might not believe it, but I'm a-supportin' of Jim an' Bill an' Tom an' Dick, an' it keeps me a-goin' from daylight to dark."

Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

◆

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

This was something like romance. — sitting under the spreading shade of the green trees, listening to the singing of the brook and the birds, with this handsome hero with her — his dark eyes full of unspoken love riveted on her face.

She was but a child, or a handsome face would not have had power to fascinate and charm her so.

During the conversation he had told her his name, and that he was from that great big city, New York, that seemed like a strange world to Daisy, who had heard such strange stories concerning it.

"If I should guess your name," he added, laughingly, "I should say it must be that of some sweet flower, you have just the face that would indicate it."

"I am named after a flower," replied Daisy, blushing to the very roots of her waving golden curls. "You are quite right."

"If I were to select a name by which to be permitted to call you, it would be Lily," he said, with a sly twinkle in his eye.

"Do you like that name better than Daisy?" she asked wonderingly.

"It is a thousand times more lovely, as is the peerless white flower that bears its name, to the common roadside blossom. Yes, pray permit me to call you Lily if I may."

"Certainly, if you like that name so much," stammered Daisy, in confusion, hardly knowing what to say.

But from that moment in which this handsome stranger spoke so lightly and sneeringly of the name "Daisy," she lost all pleasure in the simple sweetness of her own name.

Never in her life had the hours passed so quickly to Daisy, but she remembered at last that it was time to go back to the house, or Margy or her father would be coming out to search for her.

She walked quickly home — somehow the world seemed a little changed to her. Of course it was the same path she had known for years, but this morning it seemed different; the light of the sun seemed more golden — the fragrance from the flowers in the orchard as she passed by seemed more sweet; even the birds in the branches seemed to be singing a new song.

Margy was surprised at the lovely flush on her face and the happy light in her blue eyes as she entered the kitchen.

"Has the child been lonely?" asked Farmer Gordon, anxiously, of Margy, that afternoon.

"No," answered Margy, slowly, "she has quite forgotten the keen disappointment of being left behind; she has been singing like a bird all the afternoon," and the farmer smiled quite contentedly, little dreaming what made his beautiful young daughter so happy.

The days that followed flew by on golden wings to Daisy. It so happened that no day passed in which she did not see Harold St. John.

It was never by appointment —always by accident as Daisy supposed. And she grew to look forward to seeing him with an eagerness that even she little dreamed of herself.

Oh, foolish, beautiful hours spent by the brook- side or wandering through the glen. The fortnight had almost slipped by, on the morrow was to be the great lawn- fete at Briar Hall, and the following day Hatty and Olive were to return.

Looking into that lovely childish face, Harold St. John was not quite sure whether she loved him or not, and the thought was shaping itself in his heart whether or not he should ever be able to win her —or if he should have to leave her at last.

He loved her for herself, but for all that he would have passed her by, if it had not been for the three millions.

CHAPTER IV.

Only a Farmer's Daughter.

At first Harold St. John became interested in pretty Daisy Gordon, because she was so indifferent to his homage; but as the days flitted by he learned to love her with an intensity that surprised even himself. To youth, love's sweet dream comes quickly; yet there was a reason—ay, and a grave one —why he should have gone on his way and not braved fate by loving this fair young girl.

It was the last day but one before the lawn- fete, and Harold stood with Daisy at the old trysting-place beneath the peach tree, telling her the time had come at last when he must bid her farewell.

"Shall you miss me when I am gone?" he asked. "I am going away tonight, and the keenest pain I have ever known will be leaving you, Daisy."

The startled expression in the lovely blue eyes, half veiled by those long, curling, golden lashes, answered him as no words could have done. Poor Daisy! a great wave of desolation and sorrow swept over her. After tonight it would be all over — this beautiful friendship, these happy hours, these sunny days that she had thought would have no ending. Her dimpled face grew white, and her hands trembled. What would life be to her after he went away!

To be Continued.

Heart-Sick People.—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart tonic that never fails to cure—is swift in its effects—goes closer to the "border land" and snatches from death's grip more sufferers than any other remedy for any family of disease and ailments in the category of human sufferings. Gives relief in 30 minutes.—73

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times:

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

(31)

BIRDS FED on Cottams Seed with patent Bird Bread are enabled to appropriate more nourishment than from any other food. Manufactured under six patents, it is double the value of its closest competitor.

BEWARE of substitutes ... Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents, put up under 6 patents, sold separately: Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With 1 lb. pkts. COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated, price 25c. To users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty stamp will be sent post paid for 12c.

TYPEWRITERS

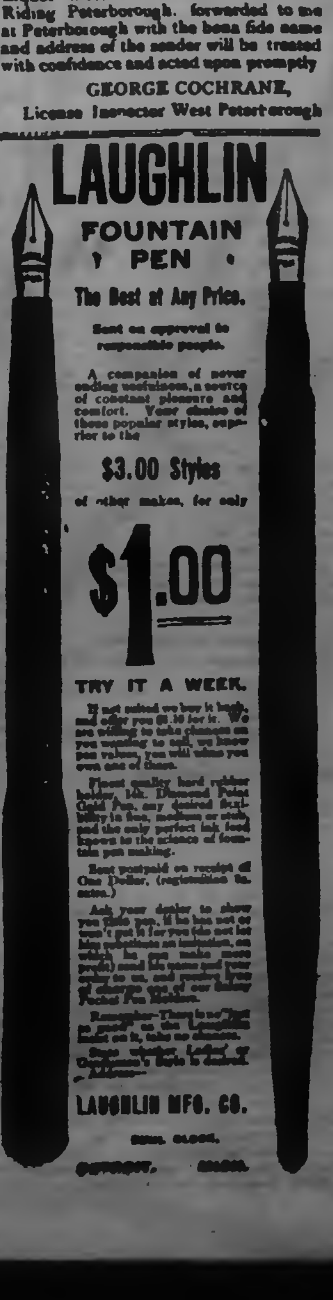
I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough



LAUGHLIN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen. If he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Lady's or Gentleman's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible]
DETROIT, MICH.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 24, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is 'phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Yesterday was Palm Sunday.

—Good Friday is on the 28th of this month.

—The market on Saturday was not very large.

—The bicycle agents are opening their warerooms.

—Rev. J. C. Davidson delivered a very interesting address before the Moulders Union on Friday evening.

—Everyone that wants the best photos in town at a reasonable price, they all go to Whitea's to have them taken. Everything up-to-date. Studio, 158 Hunter street, west.

—At the Police Court on Saturday afternoon, a young boy was charged with taking parcels from the Post Office. The boy was remanded until 9 o'clock this morning.

—Complaints are being made to the Police that boys are using air guns in the town. As this is unlawful, the boys had better put the guns away before any damage is done. Last year there was a number of accidents, and the Police are determined to prosecute all persons found using the guns in the town limits.

Band Concert

Band concert Good Friday! Matinee 2.30 p.m. Evening 8 p.m. Will J. White (of Toronto) Canada's *Premier* Humourist other special attractions. Admission 10c Children 5.

Meet Tomorrow Evening

Another meeting of those interested in the construction of a new skating rink will be held to-morrow evening in the office of Hatton and Bradburn. It is expected that some very important reports will be presented, and a large attendance is requested, that the matter may be fully decided upon.

Library at Y.M.C.A.

The interest taken in the fitting up of the Boy's Library at the Y.M.C.A. is at fever heat. Already over 80 books have been handed in and a great many more are expected. Four large cases have been secured and will be put in position this week.

The library will be entirely for the junior members and will be placed in a room specially prepared for that purpose. Those who wish to send books should do so before Tuesday, March 25.

Toothache Cured in One Minute

Not only toothache, but any nerve pain is cured instantly by Polson's Nerviline. Thousands have testified that its powerful, penetrating, pain-subduing properties make it an absolute cure for neuralgia, rheumatism, toothache, cramps, colic and all other pains and aches that beset mankind. The world is challenged to equal Nerviline as a household liniment. Large bottle 25c.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing materia neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

THE LATE JOHN CADIGAN

A Highly Esteemed Citizen, of Ashburnham, Passes Away.

The death occurred on Friday evening of John Cadigan, aged 69 years, who for the past 15 years has resided in Ashburnham. For a number of years previous to coming to town he lived in Ennismore, the land of his birth. Deceased has been suffering from rheumatism and kidney trouble for some years and has been unable to take any very active part in business. For some time he was watchman at the Grand Trunk bridge at the locks. Deceased was married three times, one daughter, Mrs. Burke, of town, by his first wife, and one son and two daughters by his third wife, who also survives him, are left to mourn his death.

The news of his death comes as a shock to a large circle of friends by whom he was greatly esteemed.

The funeral takes place this morning at 8 o'clock from his late residence, James Street, Ashburnham, and will proceed to St. Peter's Cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery for interment.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Hon. Senator Cox spent Saturday in town.

—Miss M. Chambers visited friends in Millbrook yesterday.

—Miss Helen Laing, of Keene, is visiting friends in town.

—Miss Jennie Clysdale, of Norwood, is visiting Mrs. J. Stanger, Hunter St.

—Hon. Senator McHugh, of Lindsay, spent Saturday in town.

—Mrs. A. A. Cox and Miss Lillie Cox, have returned home from Toronto

—Mrs. German, of Welland is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hayes.

—Mrs. S. Nelson, of Lakefield, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. McWilliams 271 Park Street.

—Mr. Daniel Devine, representative of the Manufacturers Life Assurance Company, is in Toronto on business.

—The many friends of Mr. Albert Talbot will be pleased to hear that he is recovering from his recent illness.

—Mrs. Hoodless, of Hamilton, will address a meeting of the Council of Peterborough and Ashburnham together with the different School Boards in the Y.M.C.A. Hall this evening. Mrs. Hoodless is deeply interested in the introduction of Domestic Science into the School.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN WAREHAM

of Hancock, Well Known in Peterborough—Died in Newberry Hospital from a Paralytic Stroke.

A telegram was received yesterday from Hancock by Mrs. Robt. Shera, bearing the sad news of the death of her brother, Mr. John Wareham, at Newberry Hospital, U. S. A., from a paralytic stroke. Mr. Wareham was known among a large circle of friends in town, and was a highly esteemed resident of Hancock. He paid a visit to town last summer, and renewed old acquaintances.

The sorrowing friends have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

HIS CERTIFICATE RETURNED

Capt. Charles Calcutt Can Now Follow His Profession as Master

Hon. James Sutherland, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has returned to Captain Charlie Calcutt, his masters certificate which was cancelled last summer by the Ministers on account of alleged carelessness of the captain in not seeing that his boat was properly equipped with gang planks. The minister considered that the punishment already inflicted was sufficient and will be a warning to him to exercise greater care in the future.

The many friends of captain Calcutt will be pleased to hear that he is at liberty to take charge of his boat again and will hope that he will be on his route this summer.

General - Sports.

BASKETBALL.

A good game of basketball was played at the Y.M.C.A. on Saturday evening between two local teams, the Brownies and the Harriers. It was one of the best games played this season, and was witnessed by a good crowd.

From the start the play was hard on both sides, with the best combination play shown by the Brownies, but the advantage of weight with their opponents. At half time the score was 13-6, in the last half the boys all played to win, but when time was called it was found that the Brownies were victorious by a score of 19 to 15. The game was refereed by Mr. H. E. Ayers, Physical Director; and the Umpires were,—for the Brownies, Mr. F. Trollope, Port Hope, and for the Harriers, Mr. Walter McGuire.

The proceeds amounted to about $34, and go to the Children's Aid Society.

Admirers of the game, and those who have never seen it played, should not forget the game which will be played next Saturday evening, between the local Y.M.C.A. team and a team from the Association in Ottawa.

FEDERATION OF MUSICIANS

The 57th Band Has Become Affiliated with The American Federation of Musicians

On Friday evening the 57th Regiment Band decided to become affiliated with the American Federation of musicians, an organization which affords great advantages to a band in the same way as it assists the Federation of Labor.

At the regular meeting of the Federation of Labor on Friday evening a large number of new members were initiated. Mr. J. Flett, Organizer was present. Arrangements were made for a meeting to be held this evening to organize a Trades and Labor Council. Some discussion arose over the proposed separation of in door labor from the local union and to establish a union for them. The matter was left over until the next meeting for further discussion.

The regular weekly meeting of Union 6940 will be held on Thursday evening of this week instead of Friday, on account of the holiday.

THE LATE MRS. BLOMFIELD

One of Lakefield's Best Esteemed Citizens Passes Away After a Short Illness

Many people in town will be shocked to learn of the death of Mrs. C. J. Blomfield, of Lakefield, which sad event occurred at her home on Saturday morning. The deceased had only been ill about a week, suffering from pneumonia and in spite of all that medical skill could do her condition became very serious on Friday and hopes for her recovery were given up and death came on Saturday morning.

The deceased was well known in Lakefield and Peterborough and was held in very high esteem by a very large number of friends who will mourn her demise and extend their deepest sympathy with the sorrow-stricken husband and family in their great sorrow.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at two o'clock.

How One Million is Spent.

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for catarrh, bronchitis and consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing pre-eminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat, and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with its germ-killing, healing vapor. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25c. and $1 at druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hon. J. R. Stratton Nominated

Concluded from page 1

dollar, while in Ontario it is only 9 6-10 mills—less than one-half of the taxes paid by citizens in the States. In several places in the States, the taxes on farm property are as high as 47 cents per acre. The average is 35c per acre in Michigan, and in New York State it runs from 35c to 40c for all purposes. Professor Clark, of the State Agricultural College, of New York said that 50c per acre would be a fair average there per acre. In this province, the farmers pay from 15c to 19c per acre as taxes on their land. This is less than one-half the amount paid in the States. The Government of Ontario pays out nearly 50 per cent. of the annual expenditure to assist the different municipalities. If it were not for this the taxes to the farmer would be more than double what they are to-day. This policy has been adopted by the Government since Sir Oliver Mowat became Premier. The result is, that the taxes have been relieved about 50 per cent. During this time the Government has spent over $6,000,000 for educational purposes alone. The expenditures of the municipalities have been increased from 25 to 47 per cent. There had been a great deal of opposition raised by the Conservative party to the policy pursued by the government in dealing with the manufacture of pulp and pulp wood. The government had granted certain concessions to assist in this great industry. The first was at Sault Ste. Marie which meant an expenditure of $400,000. The company pays 40c per cord for the privilege of cutting down the timber, and furnishes employment for a large number of hands; at Sturgeon Falls they spent $1,000,000; employment is given to 240 hands there. At Spanish River $500,000 had been expended; employment was given to 250 hands. The Opposition had strongly objected to the aid given, contending that the government was giving the country away. This was not so. The companies paid for the privilege to cut the timber, nothing more. When the land was cleared of the timber it reverted to the government and could be sold or given away in free land grants to settlers. There was no agreement to take only 40c per cord for the wood. The price could be raised at any time to $2 or $3 per cord. A settler going into the unbroken country had the privilege of doing what he wished with the wood on the land. If this policy had been pursued by the government some years ago, the province would have been better off. They would have had a market at their own doors for the wood. This policy must be fully approved of by everyone. So fair and just has it been that at the recent session of the House, Mr. Marter, who for years was the leader of the Opposition, in a very forcible speech, denounced the leader of the Opposition on Saturday last, for the policy he pursued, as it was most detrimental to the best interests of the people. He strongly denounced Whitney and his colleagues and such a scene as ensued has never before been seen in the Ontario House.

We have to-day the Algoma Central Railway extending from the Soo to Michipicoten, and which it is intended to run off to James Bay. This was denounced as the most gigantic steal and robbery on record, but the establishment of the large mills at the Soo, entailing the expenditure of $12,000,000 to $20,000,000; the growth of the population to 8,000 or 10,000 persons, has convinced the public of the wisdom of the plan. In no portion of the country has foreign capital been brought in as here by Mr. Clergue and his colleagues. When we made a land grant of 7,400 acres per mile to this railroad, Mr. Whitney denounced it most emphatically, but later when we gave 10,400 acres per mile to the line from Meaford, he stood on the floor of the House and said he had nothing to say in opposition to the Bill, but that it was in the best interests of the province. With a railway across the Bruce peninsula, connecting with the Algoma Central, the trade from the new section should be diverted to Old Ontario, where it belongs, instead of going across to the United States. The Rainy River Ry., with a line of steamers from Michipicoten to Port Arthur, completes a competing line with the C.P.R., 150 miles shorter. This line might be operated the year round by utilizing the St. Joe Railway, connecting at North Bay with the C.P.R. and G.T.R. Some time ago the government sent out exploration parties and these found that some 16,000,000 acres of agricultural land lies west of Temiscaming, which we intend to have opened up for our lads that they may make homes there. For the benefit of settlers going in here the government has built the Algoma Central and the Manitoulin and North Shore Railways; and no government ever made contracts more to the interests of the province, than the Ontario Government did in these two contracts. Nor do the settlers need to fear that exorbitant rates will be charged, as is the case of some railways built under the Conservative government.

I wish also to say something of a most important question now before the Ontario electors. I refer to the referendum; the Bill passed by the Manitoba Legislature, approved by the Privy Council, and now submitted to the people of Ontario. The policy of the government on this question is a united policy, there are no divisions. It is easy to criticise, but we take the whole responsibility for our action. The Government has decided that no other measure of prohibition shall be given than that approved by the Privy Council, and which will be voted on on Dec. 4th next. We believe such action has been demanded by the people of Ontario. And we also take the responsibility of the ratio of votes required. There are in Ontario between 500,000 and 600,000 persons entitled to vote at the Provincial elections. Some 420,000 votes were polled at the last general elections of the province, and we have decided that if from a population of 2,500,000, 420,000 of whom voted at the last provincial elections, 212,000 will go out and vote for this measure, the Government will assume the responsibility of enforcing the Act. I ask the temperance men of the province who are not the party advocates on either side, if it is not the best measure of prohibitory law ever introduced in the province?

If this proportion of votes cannot be secured in support of the measure, would we be justified in making it a statute of the Province? Would we have the public opinion behind us in its enforcement? We believe we have acted wisely and as the people would wish, so that Liberals and Conservatives can go out and vote untrammeled by any other question, as they believe to be right. We believe the position of the government is the best possible position, and we are not afraid when the time comes to submit to the people. We hear said the Government is tumbling; we have heard that cheat and almost from Confederation. When the cabinet was reorganized, and I was offered the Provincial Secretaryship, you kindly returned me by acclamation. Hon F. R. Latchford, made Minister of Public Works, was returned by the election of South Renfrew, by a majority of some 450. In South Ontario where Billy Smith had bought out Mr. J. Dryden, we returned it into a victory. In Renfrew we secured a victory, and in Kent we were equally successful. They say the tide shows which way the wind is blowing, and we are satisfied that the progressive, go-ahead policy of the Government will meet with your approval. But for Sir Oliver Mowat and his colleagues, 160,000 square miles of splendid land would not now have been part of this Province. No greater onslaught was ever made on the rights of the people than the attempt of the opposition to wrest this from them; and if for no other reason, I say they should never be allowed to control the affairs of the Legislature. If you would know how the time of the House is taken up the explaining Bills, for their lack of energy in posting themselves you would agree with me that no body of men were ever entrusted with the business of a Government, so incapable as the gentlemen seated to the left of the speaker in the Provincial Legislature. No leaders of any party ever sat in the Legislature who knew so little of Bills passing through as the leaders of the Opposition of Ontario to-day. When we look back over a period of 70 years and see the few mistakes made by the present administration, I feel sure that intelligent electorate will say, we will give them an opportunity of carrying out the great destinies which they have mapped out for themselves and for the people. We are human, and have made mistakes, but we have made an honest effort to govern your affairs in the best manner possible.

I thank this meeting for the nomination; I am in a different position from that of four years ago, as a member of the Government. If you had confidence in me at that time, surely you may have increased confidence now, because of increase of influence. If we progress in the next 10 years as we have in the past, we will be as a city what we are to-day as a town. There is no place in Ontario, outside of Toronto, Hamilton, London and perhaps Brantford, where greater progress is being made. Though we have lost some of our best men as Hon. Senator Cox, who is with us to-day, we feel we have a great future ahead of us as a city.

In my representation of this constituency, I have known no man's politics, but have shown as many kindnesses to Conservatives as to Liberals; and in doing so, I am doing what I believe to be right and just. My motto shall be first, the town and county of Peterborough, and second, the Province as a whole, you will probably have an opportunity of showing in the near future that you do not fear the ability of the present administration to make this the first Province of the first Colony of the first Empire in the world. (Cheers)

Hon. Geo. A. Cox

In response to a call from the chair said, Chairman and Gentlemen,—I did not come here to-day for the purpose of making a political speech as I am [illegible] out of political circles. I came here at the invitation of Hon. Mr. Stratton and am pleased indeed to be here and to look into the faces of so many of my old friends. I desire on this occasion to thank the voters in this riding for their support in past years; I am proud to work for the interests of this town which all in my power to assist it in any way I can. I am proud of the man who has won any fame for many years and to do bring your representative in Parliament for so many years. He is an old Peterborough boy, was born and brought up in this town and to-day stands as one of the leading men in our Province. He has been instrumental in getting many things for this town. The honors of bringing the Cereal Company to this town, and who are now spending thousands here should be divided between Mr. Stratton and myself. Through business dealings I persuaded that Company to locate here and had it not been for the assistance given by Mr. Stratton in helping to arrange some details they would not have located here. The Company did not ask any bonus or exemption from taxes as an inducement, but we were able to have an agreement fixing the rate of taxation for the next forty-two years confirmed by Parliament.

I hope the Ross Government will be sustained and can see no reason why it should not. The Province has made great advances under the government for the past thirty years that they should be allowed to direct the affairs of the country for a few years longer any way. I thank you one and all for the very attentive hearing you have given me and trust that when the election comes that you will return Mr. Stratton with a very large majority (applause).

Hon. Senator, Mr. Hugh, of Lindsay, and Mr. Pattullo, M.P.P. for South Oxford, addressed the meeting at some length and presented very strong arguments for sustaining the Ross Government.

Mr. J. H. McClelland addressed a few words and thanked the electors for what they done for him in 1898 and although not successful he hoped the next time that the vote would change. He heartily endorsed Mr. Stratton for member for West Peterborough. He had not the slightest doubt but that the Ross Government would be returned at the coming election. He urged them all to work for all their might and return Mr. Stratton, not with 300 but with 1000 majority.

The meeting closed with three cheers for the King, the Candidate, Mr. Stratton, and Support the Ross Government.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

HEAD OFFICE - 437 GEORGE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Terrace Builders We offer to-day a fine high and dry lot, central, east front, room for five houses, at a reasonable price; and ask for only $200 cash.

Snap No. 2 A large brick house, 10 rooms, and stable, very central and suitable for boarders. Cheap

No. 3 Two-story brick, 6 rooms, east front, easy terms $850.

No. 4 Several small houses at low prices—$300 up.

T. URLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

386 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,

1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS

will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all Stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

of Schools and Colleges on surrender of Standard Certificate signed by principal, at

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent

M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent Toronto

New Boot and Shoe Store

130 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham)

- G. H. NOBLE -

PLUMBER

is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths, Water Closets, Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

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The Highest Educational Standard

PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50 F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED

MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

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THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY. LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.

The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.

To be had at all first-class dealers.

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PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MARCH 25 1902
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OMNIOUS WAR CLOUD DARKENS THE HORIZON

The Gravest Rumors of War Now Current Throughout All Europe

RUSSIA AND FRANCE ARE ACTIVELY PREPARING.

America will Not Interfere Should War Break Out—A Grave Condition of Affairs Admitted by Leading Papers

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, March 25.—That grave fears are entertained for the peace of the world is everywhere manifest. While it is impossible to obtain inside information, it is nevertheless believed that Europe is on the brink of an awful catastrophe.

It is true that France and Russia have sent a joint note to the powers declaring in effect that they are allies whose cooperation can be relied upon to resist aggression by Great Britain and Japan in the east.

They notify the powers that they will take such measures as appear to them prudent to protect their own interests in China or Corea or in the event of hostile action by any other power or should there be a repetition of internal disorder in China.

The recent hastening of Russian troops over the Siberian railway is now accounted for. The note announcing the treaty is timed to lend additional prestige to the visit President Loubet is about to pay to Russia.

The most interested reader of the note is undoubtedly the emperor of Germany. The kaiser cannot fail to appreciate the importance which he suddenly assumes in the new international arrangement. Japan and Great Britain will scarcely dare to molest German interests, which are increasing in the east, so long as it remains in the power of the kaiser to cast the moral, if not physical, support of the triple alliance on the side of Russia.

The Post says,—The action of Russia at this juncture looks ominous for the peace of the world. If Russia and France have made up their minds to fight, the war will be brought on quickly, while Britain is engaged in South Africa.

New York, March 25.—The Sun says,—The United States have no more interest in the pact between Russia and France than in that between England and Japan. American interests abroad are without menace.

There is no reason to expect that they will incur hostility from any quarter so long as the government at Washington observes the traditional policy, honesty and of friendship to all the other powers of the earth.

President Roosevelt is aware that evidence exists showing Secretary Hay to be either incapable or unwilling to observe this policy. His action regarding the treaty between Great Britain and Japan was an open insult to Russia and so far as it was in his power a pledge of the support of the United States to Great Britain in its international conduct.

It is entirely reasonable to say that 90 per cent of the people of the United States desire that their government shall refrain from intermeddling in the affairs of other nations. In this sentiment it cannot be said that party lines exist. The sooner President Roosevelt realizes this fact the better for his administration.

CORONATION IS NOW THE LEADING TOPIC

All London Preparing for the Great Which is Soon to Take Place

IT IS ONLY THREE MONTHS OFF

The Details are Being Arranged—The King and Queen's Jewels—His Majesty Preparing For the Great Event

London, March 25.—Just three months from to-day London will be in the dizzy whirl of the coronation fetes. Three months is a short time in which to complete the arrangements for the great ceremony and those upon whose shoulders rests the responsibility have taken their coats off and are working ceaselessly at their gigantic task of preparation. The coronation is the one topic of conversation among all classes. In the clubs and drawing rooms the smart set discusses the approaching ceremony and in the public house the workingman discuss over their ale the details of the arrangements, with which the press is filled. The periodical literature covering the time of Queen Victoria's coronation is in great demand by persons who desire to inform themselves of the etiquette and ceremonials of the occasion. King Edward himself has read and reread the accounts of his mother's coronation and doubtless has obtained therefrom many valuable "pointers." For instance, in selecting the design and quality of his coronation robes, the king doubtless kept in mind the account of the late Lord Salisbury, one of the royal train bearers, who declared that the weight of the robes gave them all "a Turkish bath of some hours' duration."

The same inconvenience and discomfort from the weight of the robes was encountered by George IV., at his coronation. The king, it is said, bore the infliction with all the dignity of which he was capable.

Before deciding to have an entirely new crown with eight jewelled arches and the Koh-i-Noor, which is expected to make more impression on the great Indian princes than all the rest of the coronation display. Queen Alexandra is said to have examined at least thirty or forty different designs specially prepared for her inspection. Her Majesty has given quite as much attention to the selection of her coronation robes, the details affording a wide field of choice, which was enlarged by the freedom to determine upon purple or crimson, as taste might dictate

Just a Cold in the Head

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in nasal catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says, "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of catarrh of the head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

COLONIAL ARMY NOT UNDERSTOOD

Mr. Brodrick's Army Reform Proposals and the Colonies

NO OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Details Will be Kept Secret Until the Coronation Conference in June Next

London, March 25.—It is evident from cablegrams received from Canada that a misconception exists in some quarters in the Dominion as to the proposals of the Secretary of War in reference to Imperial defence. Mr. Brodrick did not, as some Canadian correspondents seem to think, intimate to the House of Commons that he had any cut and dried plan of colonial co-operation in the reform of the army. His only reference to the colonies in his great speech of Tuesday last, when he outlined his army reform scheme, was contained in the following passage:

"Before I sit down I would ask the House in one more matter to give me sympathetic support. We cannot close any record of the year without remembering that even to a larger extent than last year we have had the support in the field of our colonial forces. I trust it may be possible that some arrangements may be made by which the whole force of the Empire may be made available in case of a war in which the interests of the whole Empire are involved. An opportunity for conferring with our colonial friends on this subject will occur on the visit of colonial statesmen to this country for the coronation. We shall then have an opportunity of seeing how far the scheme in our mind commends itself to the colonies, and how far they are willing to undertake a responsibility which will more closely link together the different parts of the Empire."

AN UNOFFICIAL STATEMENT

This was followed by the publication in a Portsmouth newspaper — unofficial and in no way supposed to represent ministerial opinion—of what was alleged to be the scheme which it is intended to submit to the colonial delegates in June. According to this newspaper, the scheme will provide for the largest army in the world. Great Britain and Ireland will produce and equip six army corps, three of which, representing, with a cavalry brigade, a force of 150,000, will be prepared to take the field in defence of the colonies or against any European power. This will leave a home defence force of a similar number, besides a large number of militia, yeomanry and volunteers allotted to coast and garrison defence. India is to provide an army corps from each of the three Presidencies. Lord Kitchener is to reorganize the Indian army when he can be spared from South Africa. South Africa will raise two army corps, one of which will be available for service. Australia is expected to provide two, and New Zealand one, whilst Canada will have four militia army corps, which could be wholly used if required. All the army corps will be provided with the latest pattern of artillery armament. There is to be a large extension of the system of garrison regiments, in which the royal marines will co-operate when they are removed from the ships.

The proposals assume that if the Imperial service is made sufficiently attractive there will be no difficulty in securing abroad all the deficiencies of recruiting now experienced at home. Some of the crack regiments will tour in Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. A battalion of the Guards is to be stationed at Cape Town. These regiments will be allowed to recruit beyond their ordinary establishments, the surplus being drafted to other battalions during the carrying out of the annual reliefs. Men will be free to join any branch of His Majesty's army in any part of the British colonies, and will be sent at the public expense to join such army when opportunity occurs.

THE COLONIES CRITICISED

It is hard to believe that Mr. Brodrick or any of his subordinates would launch such a ballon d'essai as outlines above. The probabilities are that it is altogether guesswork. It is not likely that anything official will be stated until after the Coronation Conference. Meanwhile, the pro-Boer members of Parliament and the pro-Boer press are not missing the opportunity of criticizing the colonies. For instance, in the House of Commons last night, Mr. Robertson, the Radical member for Dundee, said: The self-governing colonies had made themselves responsible for the continuance of the war. It had been repeatedly said that the war must not be stopped on pain of offending public opinion in the colonies. Simultaneous and similar resolutions had come from the colonies, pointing to a common origin somewhere else, denouncing those in this country who were opposed to the policy of His Majesty's Government, and in particular condemning his right hon. friend, the leader of the opposition. That course was approved by hon. members sitting behind the Government. It was a dangerous course for self-governing colonies to take, and it imposed upon them the obligation to do something more. Their share of the expense of the war would be one-fifth. He asked whether, when the Colonial Premiers came here, after this wholesale denunciation of a party in the country, they would be asked to bear one-fifth of these estimates, one-fifth of the enormous debt already incurred in the war, or whether we are to grovel at their feet after the fashion of the Colonial Secretary, accept their dictation as to the duty of patriotism, and shrink from the duty of asking them how much they were going to contribute to the Imperial burdens.

Mr. Brodrick declined to be led into any discussion of the attitude of the colonies. He said he would be perfectly ready to stand bail for this fact—that the Colonial Secretary would not meet the Colonial Premiers in the spirit which the hon. gentleman had exhibited.

MR. BRODRICK'S PROPOSALS

It may be well to set out in condensed form the chief alterations in the British army system proposed by Mr. Brodrick:

1—To encourage recruiting, every soldier on becoming efficient will receive 1s a day clear. He will also have the advantage of a new form of enlistment (except the Household Cavalry) by which he will serve three years with the colors and nine years in the reserve, or if at the end of two years he is an efficient shot and a man of good conduct he may elect to serve eight years with the colors and four in the reserve. If he takes the second choice he will get an extra 6d a day, or 1s 6d a day in all. Should he be a man of good conduct, but not a good shot, he will get 4d a day extra instead of 6d until he becomes efficient. This reform will come into operation on 1st April, 1904, and it is estimated to cost per year £1,046,000 for Great Britain and £786,000 for India.

2—There is a reform as to good conduct pay of some complication, but of not much importance.

3—A reserve of volunteers is to be formed of men of four or more years' service, who will undertake to shoot their course once in two years, and to be available in emergency for home defence.

4—A reserve of yeomanry is to be formed on much the same lines. In the case of yeomanry up to 5,000 there will be an offer of £5 a man per year, on the condition that he is ready to serve abroad if required.

5—The militia reserve, mentioned last year, consisting of 50,000 men, was referred to, and the artillery regiments are to be increased.

6—The engineers are to be better paid, and their officers are to have better facilities for education by attending the Staff College, and serving with line regiments.

7—Colonial Forces—The War Office has drawn up a scheme which will be submitted to the Colonial Premiers this year, with the object of bringing the colonies in closer touch in defence of the Empire.

8—The army medical and the nursing departments are to be reformed, and steps are to be taken to lessen the expenses of officers entering the army.

TO BE HANGED TO-DAY

Charles Bullock to Mount the Scaffold for Murder in Last April

Edmonton, N.W.T., March 25 — At Fort Saskatchewan to-day Charles Bullock is to be hanged for the murder of Leon Stainton in the Battle River country in April last.

The dead youth, Leon Stainton, had left his home in Kalamazoo, Mich., to take a position with the Union Pacific Railway at Aspen, Wyo. There he met Charles Bullock and a young man from his state of Michigan. Bullock's parents lived on a farm in the Battle River district of Alberta, N.W.T., and they had written to their son to come there and get land. Bullock asked Stainton, who was barely nineteen years old, to accompany him. When they left Aspen Bullock had $42 and Stainton $220. The two started together, but Bullock reached home alone. He had plenty of money when he arrived, and gave his family $65, more than he had when he left Aspen. He stayed only three days, going away to British Columbia as he said. Instead he went to Montana and changed his name. Two months later a body was found half buried in a bluff near the Bullock farm. The body was identified as that of Stainton, and after weeks of hard work the police unraveled the whole story. A long search located Bullock at Great Falls, Mont., where he was arrested and brought back to Edmonton. A speedy trial resulted in his conviction and the death sentence.

PILGRIMS FLOCKING TO ROME.

Holy Week Brings Thousands of Pilgrims to the Holy City

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Rome, March 25.—Foreigners have flocked to Rome for holy week. The city is filled with pilgrims and sightseers of all nationalities. The various churches are crowded at all services. Pope Leo appears in excellent health and later in the week is expected to preside at an informal meeting of the college of cardinals.

A NEW DEPARTMENT

Department of Commerce to be Added to Washington Executive

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Washington, D. C., March 25.—The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce to-day began hearings on the bill for the creation of a new department of commerce. Friends of the measure are exerting every effort in its behalf and have hopes of carrying it to success despite the opposition of those Congressmen who oppose it on the ground of necessary economy.

HOTEL MEN'S ANNUAL JAUNT

Great Gathering of Bonifaces from All Parts of the World

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Palm Beach, Fla., March 25.—Well-known bonifaces from all the large cities of the United States and Canada, members of the Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit Association, gathered at the Hotel Royal Poinciana to-day and held their twenty-third annual meeting.

After a brief session, devoted to the transaction of routine business the members adjourned to partake of the pleasures afforded by the entertainment program. This evening the association holds its annual banquet and to-morrow the members will depart on a jaunt through Florida which will embrace Ormond, St. Augustine and other famous resorts.

TOO LARGE A WHEAT CROP

The Western Elevators are Unable to Handle the Enormous Quantity of Wheat

Duluth, Minn., March 25 — Apparently Manitoba and Assiniboia are suffering from too large a crop of wheat. So much grain was raised in these provinces last fall that there is no way of getting it to market, and no possibility of storing it in terminal elevators. The farmers and grain buyers of the provinces have applied to Minneapolis and Duluth for help, and their surplus wheat is now coming into this state at the rate of hundreds of cars a day. It is expected that the exportation surplus of wheat from Northwestern Canada will reach 50,000,000 bushels this year, many millions of bushels of which will be brought here before the opening of navigation.

EIGHTY-THREE TO-DAY

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge Will Receive Congratulations

London, March 25 — The venerable Duke of Cambridge will celebrate his eighty-third birthday to-morrow. His Grace is the first member of the British family, at least in modern times, to attain that age. Queen Victoria, the Duchess of Gloucester, and George III all attained the age of eighty-one, but died before attaining the age of eighty-two. The only other member of the royal family who lived to be an octogenarian, was the first Duke of Cumberland, who succeeded Wm. IV as King of Hanover. He died in his eighty-first year. The Duke of Cambridge has held his title for more than fifty years, during all which time he has been a member of the House of Lords. The Duke of Richmond and Gordon is the only other Duke who has been in the Upper House for more than forty years.

GENERAL OTIS RETIRES

The Late Commander at the Philippines Quits Active Service

Washington, D.C., March 25—After many years of active service, including active participation in three wars, Major General E. S. Otis was placed on the retired list to-day by operation of the law requiring the retirement of army officers on their sixty-fourth birthday. Since his return from the Philippines the most of Gen. Otis' time has been spent in command of the Military departments of the Lakes with headquarters at Chicago, and of Dakotas, with headquarters at St. Paul. General Otis will make his future home in Rochester, N.Y.

The retirement of General Otis results in the usual number of transfers and promotions. Major Gen. Arthur McArthur, another veteran of the Philippine campaign, is transferred from the Department of the Colorado, with headquarters at Denver, to the command of the Department of the Lakes, while Brigadier Gen. Frederick Funston succeeds to the command of the Department of the Colorado. The command of the Department of Dakota is to be assigned to Brigadier Gen. W.A. Kobbe. General Funston is at present on leave of absence and for the time being the command of the Department of the Colorado will devolve upon Brigadier Gen. Bates, commanding the department of the Missouri at Omaha.

PEACE RUMOR AGAIN AFLOAT

Boer Leaders Have Gone South to Interview Lord Kitchener

Pretoria, March 25.—Acting President Schalkburger, accompanied by Commandants Lucas Meyer and Keogh, passed through this town yesterday morning on their way south. The fact that the railroad was kept open for them and that everything was done to facilitate their trip and give them safe conduct is accepted as an indication that arrangements have been made for an interview with Lord Kitchener, who is in the field south of the Vaal River, directing the operations against De Wet and Delarey. It is learned that the Boer leaders came into Balmoral under a flag of truce and were received by the British troops there under special instruction from headquarters as to their object of visit.

POSITION WAS UNTENABLE.

London, March 25.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Standard says that the Boer position at [illegible], where Schalkburger and his associates have lately been stationed, has daily became more untenable owing to the aggressive operations of Col. Park and other British leaders. Schalkburger once had a narrow escape from being captured.

BOHTA NOT IN IT.

London, March 25.—The universal opinion is that the prospects for peace are brighter than they have been for many days, although The Daily Telegraph points out that General Botha holds himself aloof, and says that General De Wet is not likely to feel himself bound by the conditions which may be proposed.

AN ANTI-CORONATION DEMONSTRATION.

London, March 25. — According to a despatch to The Standard from Brussels, Dr. Leyds, the Boer diplomatic agent, is about to organize an international demonstration by American and Continental sympathizers of the Boer cause on the day that King Edward is crowned in London. The despatch adds that it is doubtlessly true that the Transvaal Legation has for several months been receiving regular reports from South Africa, probably by way of Lorenzo Marques. One of the last despatches from Acting President Schalkburger states that the Boer losses from October 1, 1900, to October 1, 1901, were 400 men killed and 700 wounded. No mention is made of prisoners.

NO FURTHER ACTION.

Cape Town, March 25.—Owing to the serious illness of Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the members of Parliament who interviewed Prime Minister Sprigg last Monday in reference to the suspension of the constitution in Cape Colony have decided to take no further action at present.

MURDERED AT BRANTFORD

Proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, Said to Have Been Foully Slain

Brantford, March 25.—The dead body of James Quirk, athlete and proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, was found last night in the hotel stables. The bell boy heard groans in the barn, and informed the cook, who proceeded to the stable and at the foot of the steps leading to the hay loft found Quirk lying in a pool of blood.

It is supposed that Quirk went out at midnight to see some game chickens in the stable loft, and when entering the loft was attacked and hit on the head several times with a blunt instrument, as his head was badly bruised.

The culprit, it is supposed, escaped through the gate leading to Dalhousie street, as the hostler had before retiring bolted the gate, which was found open after the deed was committed. The police are working on the matter.

The late Mr. Quirk has a daughter attending Loretto Abbey, Toronto, and was a brother-in-law of Fred Westbrook who will at an early date take charge of the Ebener Hotel. He was well known in the sporting world as a runner.

DR. SWALLOW'S TRIAL

Great Interest Awakened in the Most Sensational Trial Ever Held in the West

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Bellefonte, Pa., March 25.—Scores of delegates and visitors have arrived for the thirty-fourth annual session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M.E. Church, which opens here to-morrow night. Unusual interest is manifested in the proceedings from the fact that the conference is to try Dr. S. C. Swallow, the Prohibition candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania in 1898, on charges which have been preferred against him. Dr. Swallow, being under suspension, and not entitled to the free entertainment accorded other ministers, has engaged several rooms at the Bush House, and is on hand with his legal counsel prepared to fight for what he terms his rights. Among the delegates on the field there is much discussion as to the manner of procedure to be accorded the Swallow trial. Many object to the Swallow matter being ventilated in open conference, and urge that a special committee be appointed to hear all the evidence. To this mode of procedure Dr. Swallow is averse and, should he fail in this, will demand that the committee's findings be accorded the privilege of open discussion in conference before a vote is taken.

Interest in the matter is heightened by the report that Dr. Swallow has come prepared to file counter charges and specifications against the Rev. Dr. J. W. Hill, of this city, who was foremost in the prosecution of the doctor before an ecclesiastical court. Dr. Swallow's accusation against Dr. Hill is said to cover a wide range, including perjury, lying, fraudulent transactions, slander and libel. It is intimated that Dr. Swallow has been raking up the alleged record of Dr. Hill at Fostoria, Ohio, Minneapolis and Ogden, Utah, where he was formerly stationed. Altogether, with the charges and countercharges, Bishop John M. Walden, of Cincinnati, who will preside over the conference, will undoubtedly have his hands full.

Items of Interest

ITALY TO SEIZE TRIPOLI!

Rome, March 23.—Preparations are still proceeding at Spezzia, Naples, and other ports in Italy for an expedition of some kind on a large scale. It is presumed that the objective point of the expedition is Tripoli.

Ten steamers have just been chartered from the Italian General Steam Navigation Company, and are being fitted out for the transportation of troops. Great activity prevails in the War Department, and not a day passes without the leading generals conferring with the Minister of War.

All the circumstances certainly justify suspicion, but another week will probably elapse before the mystery is solved.

PRO-BOER DISPLAY FOR CORONATION.

London, March 25.—A despatch to the Standard from Brussels says that Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Boers, is about to organize an international demonstration by American and Continental sympathisers on the day King Edward is crowned. All pro-Boer societies will be asked to display the flags of the Transvaal and Orange Free State, and to telegraph to Mr. Kruger.

The despatch adds that it is doubtlessly true that the Transvaal Legation has for several months been receiving regular reports from South Africa, probably by way of Lorenzo Marques. One of the last despatches from Acting President Schalkburger states that the Boer losses from October 1, 1900, to October 1, 1901, were 400 men killed, and 700 wounded. No mention is made of prisoners.

RHODES' ILLNESS INTERFERES

Cape Town, March 25.—The members of Parliament who interviewed Prime Minister Sprigg last Monday in reference to the suspension of the constitution in Cape Colony have decided to take no further action owing to Mr. Rhodes' illness.

NAVIES TO CHECK RUSSIA.

Wellington, New Zealand, March 23.—Speaking at a banquet here Prime Minister Seddon said he was in favor of the increase of the Australian squadron. He declares that Russia was plainly attempting to secure a large seaboard in China.

The Anglo-Japanese agreement was made in order to prevent Russia from becoming the controlling power in the North Pacific. The Japanese navy and the British-Chinese squadron, the Prime Minister declared, would be sufficiently strong to combat the Russian influence.

The Australian squadron would have to protect the trade of the colonies. Some of the cruisers now in service were out of date and would have to be discarded and replaced by better ships.

SUEZ CANAL BLOCKED.

London, March 25.—A despatch to Lloyd's from Port Said states that the steamer Norite, which caught fire in the Bitter Lake section of the Suez Canal, has canted over, and oil from her is covering the lake. Traffic has been stopped.

SHOT AT THE ROYSTERERS.

Hamilton, March 24.—While four or five young men who had been in the city Saturday night, were returning home on the mountain they were creating a great deal of noise, and disturbed Mr. Charles Jolley, a well-known city householder, resident on the mountain brow. It is said Mr. Jolley became greatly annoyed at them and fired a shotgun to frighten them. One of the young men, Charles Hunt, received some shot in his face, and one of his eyes was injured. Alfred Taylor, another of the party, was wounded but not seriously.

QUEEN WILL NOT TRAVEL.

The Hague, March 23.—The Amsterdam Handelsblad announces that Queen Wilhelmina will not pay her usual visit to Amsterdam this year, because her Majesty is in a condition which would make the visit too fatiguing.

SEQUEL TO AN ELOPEMENT

Montreal, March 24.—In August last Joseph St. Jacques ran away with the fifteen-year-old daughter of Mr. Napoleon Jasmin, a gardener of Cote St. Paul, with whom he was employed. He came to the Archbishop's Palace in this city, and applied for marriage, but was refused on account of the extreme youth of the prospective bride.

At this time the father was on the chase, and located the runaways and took the girl back home. In the evening a meeting was had between the would-be husband and the wronged father, in which the father consented to the marriage but afterwards changed his mind. The father then warned the young man to keep away from his house, but this warning was unheeded and an arrest on the charge of abduction followed. The case was afterwards dropped, and Mr. St. Jacques brought action against Mr. Jasmin for $10,000 for false arrest.

The case was dismissed on Saturday by Mr. Justice Curran.

Weather Notes

Probs.—To-day. Generally fair and mild.

GEN. KITCHENER AGREES TO CANCEL BANISHMENT

Associated Press Says That This is One of the Conditions of Boer Surrender

TRANSVAAL GOVERNMENT DESIROUS OF PEACE

Pall Mall Gazette Would Like to Belive That De Wet and De La Rey Have the Same Moral Courage.

London, March 25.—The Associated Press has good reason to believe that Lord Kitchener, in his interview with Mr. Schalkburger, agreed to withdraw the banishment proclamation issued in September if Gen. De Wet and the other Boer leaders surrendered.

COMMENT IN LONDON

London, March 25.—There is little disposition in London to regard too hopefully the news that Acting President Schalkburger, Secretary Reitz and Commandants Meyer and Keogh had entered Pretoria under a flag of truce and had gone south into the Orange River Colony. Officials express the doubt, held throughout, of the ability of Schalkburger and the other civilian leaders of the Boers to induce such men as Generals De Wet and Delarey to surrender. Possibly they think the representatives of the Transvaal Government are desirous of suing for peace, but there is nothing to show that they have any authority to impose submission on the commanders in the field. The most hopeful sign they see is the announcement that Lord Kitchener permitted Mr. Schalkburger and his companions to proceed to the Orange River Colony, the contention being that unless the British commander-in-chief in South Africa, who is on the spot and therefore almost thoroughly conversant with the situation, recognized the possibility of fruitful results and believed in the good faith of the Transvaalers, he would not have permitted the visitors to continue their pilgrimage to the headquarters of their Orange River Colony allies. The same cautions reserve permeates the newspaper utterances, and the comment in well informed circles. Some significance is attached to the fact that, in approaching Lord Kitchener, Mr. Schalk Burger and those associated with him have carried out to the letter the advice given by the British Foreign Secretary, Lord Lansdowne, in his reply to the peace note of the Netherlands Government, that the quickest and most satisfactory means for arranging a settlement would be by direct communication between the leaders of the Boers and the British Commander-in-chief in South Africa. But there is no sign that the Transvaal mission received any mandate from the fighting generals, or that the latter are prepared to recognize the authority of their acting President, Mr. Schalk Burger, to negotiate terms for peace. Presumably the latter satisfied Lord Kitchener that he had certain clearly defined proposals to submit to his ally. President Steyn. But, the best information from South Africa deprecates any belief in the likelihood of a simultaneous surrender of the burghers still in the field, on the order of the Boer Government. Almost the best to be hoped for is that the present overtures will so modify the situation as to bring peace nearer.

The Westminster Gazette this afternoon urges that any peace proposals should be regarded on the merits, pointing out that the ungenerous assumption that the previous Boer overtures were signs of weakness contributed largely to the failure of the negotiations.

The Pall Mall Gazette would "like to think that the brave, skilful commanders, De Wet, and De La Rey, have arrived at the height of moral courage once attained by General Lee, and have realized that the truest patriotism does not consist in the prolongation of a hopeless struggle." But the paper confesses that the military situation is not auspicious for such a change of mind.

The St. James Gazette extracts from the unilluminative despatches thus far received from Pretoria the theory that Mr. Schalk Burger and the other members of his party have possibly already surrendered and have been released on parole for the purpose of seeing President Steyn and Gen. De Wet.

The news from South Africa had a generally good effect on the stock exchange.

CAUSE OF THE CONFERENCE.

London, March 25.— In the House of Commons to-day the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, announced that a fortnight ago Mr. Schalkburger intimated to Lord Kitchener his desire to be granted a safe conduct through the British lines and back, in order to see Mr. Steyn with reference to the possibility of peace proposals. Lord Kitchener, with the consent of the Government, had acceded to the request.

VIRULENT SOCIALIST ATTACKS HIS HOLINESS

The Pope--Britain May be Elbowed Out--Irish Nationalists in Difficulties

London, March 25.—A despatch from Brussels to The Times says that in the Chamber of Representatives, M. Demblon, Socialist leader, attacked the Pope in virulent terms after arguing that the crimes of certain Popes of the Middle ages discredited the papacy. He proposed the suppression of the Belgian Minister to Rome, but the motion was negatived.

BRITAIN MAY BE ELBOWED OUT.

London, March 25.—A despatch from Shanghai to The Times says a Belgian syndicate is negotiating for a concession for the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, which was granted to the British four years ago, but not carried through. The correspondent urges the necessity of the British Government supporting the commercial enterprises of China lest the British are elbowed out by hostile continental influences.

IRISH DIFFICULTIES.

London, March 25.—A despatch from Dublin to The Times says the Nationalist press is issuing appeals for funds for the Irish Parliamentary party. In spite of the elaborate organization for collecting money through the United Irish League, it seems that financial difficulties are overtaking the party. The fact is the peasantry in the west and south have been squeezed dry, and the richer Nationalist cities and the midland agricultural districts refuse to subscribe funds.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Canada.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 25, 1902.

GERMAN INCONSISTENCY

The German contention that Canada, being, economically speaking, an entirely autonomous state, is thereby prohibited from discriminating in favor of Great Britain without inviting foreign retaliation, is hardly a happy one. If Canada were to be considered as an economic unit, no question would yet have arisen between Germany and ourselves. The treaty which was denounced was not written between the Dominion and Germany, but between the Empire and Germany, and so long as it was in force, Germany went upon the assumption that, economically speaking, we were an integral part of the Empire. And so long as that theory worked in her favor, Germany was content enough with it.

Now, we have not rejected it. We have but more emphatically asserted it. We say that, being economically a part of the Empire, we can give to the rest of our Empire such tariff treatment as suits us without meaning any offence to or discrimination against the rest of the world. That is, we deny that we are to be considered as a commercial unit, and we assert that we consider ourselves to be a member of the British commercial family.

If Germany had not been profiting for years by acceptance of this very doctrine respecting our status, she would be in a better position to try to impose upon us now a precisely opposite doctrine, especially when the only change we have made in the circumstances affecting the case is the multiplication of the proofs that we regard ourselves as commercially a part of the Empire. If Germany continues to treat us in the present conspicuously unfriendly manner, she must not be astonished if in time we are driven to plain retaliation.

* * *

Britain and Japan can muster a stronger naval force than any two other powers in the world. Their combined strength is represented by 62 battleships, 146 cruisers and 116 destroyers, all modern. Russia and France can muster 48 battleships, 64 cruisers and 37 destroyers. Russia and Germany have a naval force of 66 battleships, 38 cruisers, and 59 destroyers. The two island kingdoms will make a very strong combination for any combination of the powers to meet, especially as the interests of the United States are identical with the Japo-British alliance in any matters affecting Eastern Asia.

* * *

Do Not Carry Your Load of Disease Into the Spring Season

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Rich Pure Blood, Strong Nerves and Gives a New Lease of Life

Too often people drag with them into the spring season a load of disease that has proved a heavy burden during the winter months. Impure and poisoned blood, eczema, salt rheum, boils, eruptions, neuralgia, rheumatism, kidney disease, liver trouble, dyspepsia and nervous complaints claim thousands of victims throughout the land.

The cleansing, healing, and life-renewing work of Paine's Celery Compound in the past should be a sufficient guarantee to every sufferer that it will surely and quickly overcome every form of disease just referred to. In every case Paine's Celery Compound is the one remedy that will completely and permanently bring back health, make pure rich blood, regulate and build up the weakened nervous system. Mrs. Adamson, Head of Millstream, N.B., who, after years of sickness and suffering, at last found a new life in Paine's Celery Compound, writes thus:

"I feel it a duty to briefly testify regarding the value of Paine's Celery Compound. Since childhood I suffered from sick headaches, neuralgia and constipation. Had attacks once a week which kept me confined to my bed. Have been treated by a number of physicians without any beneficial results. I procured six bottles of Paine's Celery Compound which was strongly recommended to me, and after a short time I found that new life and health coming that I had so long wished for. Two years have passed and I have not had a return of my old troubles. I can never say too much in favor of Paine's Celery Compound."

A Defect of Reformers.

THE newspaper despatch from Topeka, Kansas, about Mrs. Charles M. Sheldon's hired girl has been very popular, and acres of comment have appeared about it. The story is that the hired girl, who was new, had read in one of Mr. Sheldon's the-world-made-over stories that it was a good plan for the servants of a household to take their meals with the rest of the family, so she expressed to Mrs. Sheldon her willingness to follow that course, but Mrs. Sheldon dissented, and the girl left. This is thought to be a joke on Mr. Sheldon, but, remarks New York "Life," really it makes him appear in a good light as a reformer who respects the rights of others, and does not try to compel even his immediate family to share his social experiments. That is the way it is in the family of Tolstoi. He lives the ideal life, and goes barefoot, and cobbles shoes for recreation, but his wife and most of his children respect conventional customs, and live a life modified, but not stunted by his ideals.

A great and common defect about ordinary reformers is that they are not content to let their light so shine, but insist that every one whom they can control shall emulate their good works. Says the Women's Christian Temperance Union to the army, "We think it's wicked to drink beer, and you shan't have any." Says Mrs. Carrie Nation to Apollo Belvidere, "It is an outrage that you have no trousers on. Let me smash you!" Mr. Sheldon's way is better. He goes in for precept, and, maybe, example, but not for constraint. If the Women's Christian Temperance Union followed his example it might still distribute tracts to the army, but it would not legislate away the canteen, and Mrs. Nation, acting Sheldon-wise, would be content to say to Apollo Belvidere, "Wear trousers, like me."

Good Hearts and Bad Manners.

An exchange tells about a judge more noted for his bad manners than his knowledge of law. He continually insults lawyers, litigants and witnesses—especially women—in the most outrageous way, and spares no one except certain members of the bar whose political influence he fears. Recently a young lawyer, having more backbone than discretion, perhaps, was bullied by His Honor beyond the limit of endurance, and began to talk back. With the aid of a cool head and a polite but sarcastic tongue the young practitioner soon had the bencher apoplectic and nigh to frenzy and yet lacking ground for holding the lawyer guilty of contempt.

When the case had been decided against the young man an older member of the bar said:

"You did not take the judge in the right way. He is cranky, but you should have humored him. At heart he is a pretty good man."

"His heart may be good," said the young man, "but his manners are bad; and I'm tired of humoring people whose hearts are so good that they feel privileged to be bullies and curmudgeons."

"Castles of Sand."

(Written after seeing the picture called "Castles of Sand.")

I.

Castles of Youth and Hope, and Joy,
Castles of Love without alloy,
Built in the heart of a woman; there
They were fashioned with tender care.

Built to withstand the blows of Fate,
Built to rebuff the hand of Hate,
With towers of silver, and turrets of gold,
And all the Love that the walls could hold.

'Twas a woman's hand that built them there,
And a woman's thought that made them fair;
For a woman's Faith had strengthened their walls,
And a woman's beauty would grace their halls.

But Youth is gone, and Faith is betray'd,
And Joy in its lonely grave is laid,
And Love has come, and laughed, and flown,
And a woman's life is lived out alone.

For a heart grew cold, and slain was Trust,
And the silver and gold all crumbled to dust;
And these castles built by a woman's hand
Are only some mounds of shifting sand.

Castles of sand on a sunny shore
Of golden grains like a hoarded store,
Mounds of shining, glistening sand
That built up the Castles of Day Dream Land.

Make Way For the Ladies.

In Michigan there is an Indian school where the children of the more or less noble redman are instructed in Anglo-Saxon graces and civilization. One of the teachers says:

It is very interesting to study these children, especially as we have them from four different tribes.

The boys have a sense of humor. In my flag-drill last Friday the partners were a boy and a girl, and where the lines intersect to form a cross I taught the boys to let their partners go first; and much trouble I had to do it.

After the exercises Isaac Crane came up to me, and in his solemn way said:

"Miss B., in letting the girls pass in front of the boys you have struck at the root of an Indian national custom."

"How so, Isaac?"

"It is the custom for the man to go first, carrying his dignity, and for the woman to follow, carrying everything else."

Expensive Revenge.

Mankind is so constituted that it is sometimes not able to forget readily any slights or rebuffs endured, and the disposition to seek revenge is frequently uppermost in the thoughts. In Sheffield, England, it is said, there is a manufacturer who became furious with the local post-office people because of certain regulations they insisted he should follow in the matter of registered mail. After calming down, the manufacturer concluded he would have to toe the mark if he wanted his mail forwarded, but his revenge he would have, too. So every day for a month or more he sent each of his two hundred employees to the post-office to buy a single penny stamp. The employees were decorated with red tape, and seemed to enjoy hugely the making of their daily purchase.

* * *

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

* * *

Mrs. Marlowe—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am, but you'll get educated up to it in time.—[illegible]

Dooley on Country Life.

"I WANST spint a night in th' counthry, Hinnissey. 'Twas whin Hogan had his villa out near th' river. 'Twas called a villa to distinguish it fr'm a house. If 'twas a little bigger, 'twud be big enough f'r th' hens, an' if 'twas a little smaller, 'twud be small enough f'r a dog. It looked as if 'twas made with a scroll saw, but Hogan manny-facthered it himsilf out iv a design in th' pa-aper. 'How to make a counthry home on wan thousan' dollars. Puzzle: find th' money.' Hogan kidnapped me wan afthernoon an' took me out there in time to go to bed. He boosted me up a laddher into me bed-room adjinin' th' roof. 'I hope,' says I, 'I'm not discommodin' th' pigeons,' I says. 'There ain't anny pigeons here,' says he. 'What's that?' says I. 'That's a mosquito,' says he. 'I thought ye didn't have anny here,' says I. ''Tis th' first wan I've seen,' says he, whackin' himsilf on th' back iv th' neck. 'I got ye that time, assassin,' he says, hurlin' th' remains to th' ground. 'They on'y come,' he says, 'afther a heavy rain or a heavy dhry spell,' he says, 'or whin they's a little rain,' he says, 'followed be some dhryness,' he says. 'Ye mustn't mind thim,' he says. 'A mosquito on'y lives f'r a day,' he says. ''Tis a short life an' a merry wan,' says I. 'Do they die iv indigisthion?' I says. So he fell down through th' thrap-dure an' left me alone.

"Well, I said me prayers an' got into bed an' lay there, thinkin' iv me past life, an' wondherin' if th' house was on fire. 'Twas warrum, Hinnissey. I'll not deny it. Th' roof was near enough to me that I cud smell th' shingles, an' th' sun had been rollin' on it all day long, an' though it had gone away, it'd left a ray or two to keep th' place. But I'm a survivor iv th' gr-reat fire, an' I often go down to th' rollin'-mills, an' besides, mind ye, I'm iv that turn iv mind that whin 'tis hot I say 'tis hot, an' lave it go at that. So I whispers to mesilf, 'I'll dhrop off,' I says, 'into a peaceful slumber,' I says, 'like th' healthy plough-boy that I am,' says I. An' I counted as far as I knew how, an' conducted a flock iv sheep in a steeplechase, an' I'd just begun f'r to wondher how th' las' thing I thought iv came into me head, whin a dog started to howl in th' yard. They was a friend iv this dog in th' nex' house that answered him, an' they had a long chat. Some other dogs butted in to be companyable. I heard Hogan rollin' in bed, an' thin I heerd him goin' out to get a dhrink iv wather. He thripped over a chair before he lighted a match to look at th' clock. It seemed like an hour before he got back to bed. Be this time th' dogs was tired, an' I was thinkin' I'd take a nap, whin a bunch iv crickets under me windows begun f'r to discoorse. I've heerd iv th' crickets on th' hearth, Hinnissey, an' I used to think they were all th' money, but anny time they get on me hearth I buy me a pound iv insect powdher. I'd rather have a pianola on th' hearth anny day, an' Gawd save me fr'm that! An' so 'twas dogs an' mosquitoes, an' crickets an' mosquitoes, an' a screech-owl an' mosquitoes, an' a whippoorwill an' mosquitoes, an' cocks beginnin' to crow at two in th' mornin', an' mosquitoes, so that whin th' sun bounced up an' punched me in the eye at four, I knew what th' truth is—that th' counthry is th' noisiest place in th' wurruld. Mind ye, there's a roar in th' city, but in th' counthry th' noises beats on ye'er ear like carpet-tacks bein' dhriven into th' dhrum. Between th' chirp iv a cricket an' the chirp iv th' hammer at th' mills, I'll take th' hammer. I can go to sleep in a boiler-shop, but I spint th' rest iv that night in Hogan's, settin' in th' bath-tub.

"I saw him in th' mornin' at breakfast. We had canned peaches an' condensed milk. 'Ye have ye'er valise,' says he. 'Aren't ye goin' to stay out?' 'I am not,' says I. 'Whin th' first rattler goes by ye'll see me on th' platform facin' th' peace an' quiet iv th' counthry, f'r th' turmoil an' heat,' I says, 'an' food iv a gr-reat city,' I says. 'Stay on th' farm,' says I. 'Commune,' I says, 'with nature,' I says. 'Enjoy,' I says, 'th' simple, rustic life iv th' merry farmer-boy that goes whistlin' to his wurruk before breakfast,' says I. 'But I must go back,' I says, 'to th' city,' I says, 'where there is nawthin' to eat but what ye want, an' nawthin' to dhrink but what ye can buy,' I says. 'Where th' dust is laid be th' sprinklin'-cart, where th' iceman comes reg'lar, an' th' roof garden is in bloom, an' ye're waked not be th' sun, but be th' milkman,' I says. 'I want to be near a doctor whin I'm sick, an' eat eatable food whin I'm hungry, an' where I can put me hand out early in th' mornin' an' hook in a newspaper,' says I. 'Th' city,' says I, 'is th' on'y summer resort f'r a man that has iver lived in th' city,' I says. An' so I come in."

My Love.

I love the blue and sunny sky,
And every blue bird that doth fly
Among the whisp'ring greenwood trees
Breathing forth soft ecstasies.

I love the sunny, golden beams
That dance and play o'er silvery streams;
I love the silent stars that shine,
Shedding an influence divine.

I love each broad, expansive field
That doth a golden harvest yield;
I love the clinging, clustered vine
That yields the rich and purple wine.

I love the music of the rills
That ripple down the rocky hills;
I love the violet where it grows,
In wastes that shield the wild, red rose.

I love to hear when I'm alone
The wild winds deeply sigh and moan,
And feel the ocean's great heart beat,
While white-capped waves their plaint repeat.

—Minnie Louise Thomas.

The Deacon's Exhortation.

A white minister was conducting religious services in a colored church in North Carolina recently. After exhorting a bit, he asked an old colored deacon to lead in prayer, and, according to the Roanoke "News," this is the appeal which the brother in black offered for his brother in white: "O Lord, gib him de eye ob de eagle dat he spy out sin afar off. Glue his hands to de gospel plow. Tie his tongue to de line ob truth. Nail his ear to de gospel pole. Bow his head way down between his knees, and his knees way down in some lonesome, dark and narrer valley, where prayer is much wanted to be made. 'Noint him wid de kerosene ile of salvashun and sot him on fire."

* * *

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

Character in How You Smoke.

"Royal Magazine."

A MAN may possess a most secretive nature. He may have a face as destitute of meaning as a stone wall and a manner of speech absolutely non-committal; but watch him over his cigarette; note his manner of holding it between his lips or his fingers; see how he puffs the smoke out of his mouth, what he does with the ash, if he consumes the cigarette to a mere stump or throws it away half finished, and, sure as fate, you will read his character like a book. Cigarette, I said, for a cigarette, and a cigar in a lesser degree, are much better character revealers than a pipe. A man sticks a pipe into the side of his mouth and puffs away, and there's an end of it. You discover next to nothing, unless, indeed, he happens to puff very violently, which is a certain indication of a nervous, irritable temper. From the filling of a pipe, to be sure, many luminous little hints may be gathered. You see a man stuff his bowl quickly and lavishly, letting loose threads of tobacco dangle over the brim while he applies the match; if he be not good-natured, generous to a fault, careless, indolent, quick to make friends, quick to forget them, I shall be much astonished. One notices men very often taking their cigars from an upper waistcoat pocket into which they have been stuffed. Too poor to buy themselves a cigar-case? Not a bit of it, but too untidy to keep one or too lazy to arrange their cigars into one. And the same men almost invariably bite the tips off their cigars, instead of using a penknife or a cigar-clipper—a shocking habit that not merely fills the mouth with tobacco grit, but disarranges the outer leaf, often spoiling an otherwise excellent smoke.

The cigar once happily prepared for smoking, observe how your man holds it between his teeth. But stay! The operation of lighting has also its interest. The tobacco epicure grips his cigar not merely with his teeth when applying the match, but with the finger and thumb of his left hand also, and between every third puff draws the weed from his mouth and examines the glowing end, in order to make sure that it has been ignited equally all round.

The majority of men hold their cigars with the front teeth and puff the smoke out on either side of it. A large minority hold them in the corner of the mouth, so that if you happen to be walking behind them on a dark night you catch sight of the glowing end protruding just below the ear. Others, again—and these, as a rule, are persons of vivacious temperament—seldom keep their cigars for two consecutive moments between their lips. They take a few puffs, and then the cigar is given a rest between finger and thumb.

A man of determined character, energetic, pugnacious, impatient, often betrays himself by giving his cigar an upward tilt while consuming it—a favorite method with the Yankee, to whom the above epithets are distinctly applicable. The contemplative, dreamy individual will let it droop towards his chin; while level-headed persons—and fortunately they form the vast majority—hold theirs horizontally. Naturally insolent people frequently omit to remove the cigar from their mouths when speaking to you, while others of a sullen, brooding disposition chew the end into horrible pulp. And is there anything more eloquent of stinginess than the habit, largely indulged in by Germans, of sticking the stump of a cigar on the small blade of a penknife and consuming it until the glow almost touches the lips?

Expensive Loss of Temper.

Mr. D. of Boston, a devotee of the wheel, was not long ago visiting in one of the small towns of Western Massachusetts. He was taking a spin about its streets shortly after his arrival, when he was run down, as he afterward declared, by a negro, and knocked off his bicycle. The fall not only ruffled his dignity and his clothes, says "Harper's Magazine," but broke his skin and his wheel.

These combined injuries made a breach in his placidity, and he picked up a stone and threw it with accurate aim at the colored man and brother. This infraction of the peace resulted in his arrest and in his conviction in the local court of justice.

"I fine you five dollars," said the judge. "Have you anything to say?"

"Nothing," replied D., unmollified, "except that I wish I had killed the fellow."

"That remark will cost you five dollars more," rejoined His Honor.

D.'s temper was not improved by this fresh dispensation of justice, wherefore the bitterness of his rejoinder was plainly apparent.

"Conversation seems to come high in this court," he observed.

"Five dollars for contempt," promptly responded the bench. "Have you anything more to say?"

"I think not," answered the defendant. "You have the advantage of me in repartee."

Payment of the fines closed the case.

Grandma Went Skating.

One day last winter a little boy who attended a Walnut Hills school, according to the Cincinnati "Enquirer," arrived in the schoolroom not only half an hour late, but very dirty.

"Willie," said the teacher, "why are you late, and why is your face not washed?"

"Please," explained Willie, "my grandmother was out skatin' last night, and she was too tired to get up this morning and get me ready for school."

So absurd an excuse naturally excited the teacher's wrath, and she started an investigation, threatening punishment for Willie's supposed untruthfulness.

To her amazement she found that the boy had told the exact truth. The old lady, who had been an expert skater in her youth, had been tempted to join a skating party. The result was that she felt the next morning, as the boy expressed it, as if her bones were "cracking like a horse-fiddle," and it took the services of three neighbors to pry her out of bed.

A Street Scene.

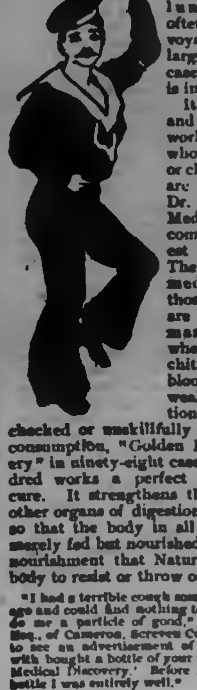
Child—Oh, mother, stop; I want to look at that man just run over by the car. "Come along, do! There will be another presently a little further on."—"Life."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the [illegible]

Jolly Jack Tar.

"Jolly" is the word generally associated with the jack tar. He is the picture of health, and the health bubbles over in mirth and merriment. When people are sick, especially when sickness attacks the lungs the doctor often advises a sea voyage. But in the large majority of cases the sea voyage is impossible.



It is to the men and women of the workaday world to whom sea voyages or change of climate are impossible, that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery comes as the greatest earthly boon. The effect of this medicine upon those whose lungs are "weak" is remarkable. Even where there is bronchitis, spitting of blood, emaciation, weakness, conditions which if unchecked or unskillfully treated lead to consumption, "Golden Medical Discovery" in ninety-eight cases out of a hundred works a perfect and permanent cure. It strengthens the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, so that the body in all its parts is not merely fed but nourished. And it is by nourishment that Nature builds up the body to resist or throw off disease.

"I had a terrible cough something over a year ago and could find nothing to stop it, or even to do me a particle of good," writes J. M. Farr, Esq., of Cameron, Screven Co., Ga. "I chanced to see an advertisement of yours, and forthwith bought a bottle of your invaluable 'Golden Medical Discovery.' Before I had taken half a bottle I was entirely well."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS (for Ladies)

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

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THE TORONTO SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

HEAD OFFICE - 437 GEORGE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Terrace Builders We offer to-day a fine high and dry lot, central, east front, room for five houses, at a reasonable price; and ask for only $200 cash.

Snap No. 2 A large brick house, 10 rooms, and stable, very central and suitable for boarders. Cheap.

No. 3 Two-story brick, 6 rooms, east front, easy terms. $850.

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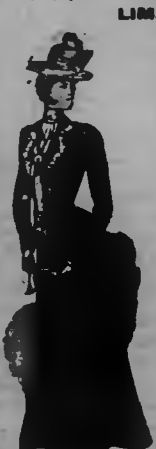

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Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours - Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

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KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

All other complaints, especially private diseases—which have been improperly treated, or cases of long standing [illegible]

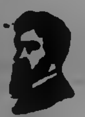
[illegible] in the region of the kidneys? At times your [illegible] with no peculiar sensations, while at other times you do not make it quite so freely, it is dark in color, you make a small quantity, or you may have a mucous deposit or brick dust colored sediment in your urine; give immediate attention or more serious complications will set in. My Latest Method Treatment guaranteed as a positive cure for such conditions, and remember you

PAY WHEN CURED.

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. Read what one of my grateful patients writes: [illegible] reward if I cannot show the originals.

KALAMAZOO, WIS., Feb. 6

DR. GOLDBERG: Your Latest Method Treatment acted the way you said it would, my strictures are cured, and the varicocele entirely disappeared. I feel stronger than ever, my bladder and kidneys do not trouble me any. I can stoop all day, do a hard day's work without my kidneys troubling me as before I took your Latest Method Treatment. It has cured after others have failed; if I had consulted you sooner, I would have saved a great deal of money which I wasted on other doctors. I am your grateful patient, F. LINDSAY



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Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching, or loss of time; also Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. If you cannot call, write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. Medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor—All duty and transportation charges prepaid—Everything confidential—No names on envelopes or packages—Nothing sent C. O. D.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 WOODWARD AVE., Cor. Wilcox Street, DETROIT, MICH.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

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General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
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King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Flashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "FLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

Anecdotal.

A Yorkshire miller, noted for his keenness in financial matters, was once in a boat trying his best to get across the stream which drove his mill. The stream was flooded, and he was taken past the point at which he wanted to land, while further on misfortune again overtook him, to the extent that the boat was upset. His wife, realizing the danger he was in, ran frantically along the side of the stream, crying for help in a pitiful voice, when, to her sheer amazement, she was suddenly brought to a standstill by her husband yelling out: "If I'm drowned, Molly, dunnot forget that flour's gone up two shillin' a sack!"

In the year 1871, when the Government of Monsieur Thiers was at Versailles, and before the National Assembly had decided whether the new constitution of France was to be monarchical or republican, the late Comte de Paris visited the palace at Versailles. Just as he was about to enter, M. Jules Simon met and recognized him. Bowing low, Monsieur Simon said with much gravity: "If we are a republic, count, you are in my house, and I shall be delighted to do the honors; but if we are a monarchy, then I am in your house, and cannot play the host." The Comte de Paris laughed and took Monsieur Simon's arm. "Ah, monsieur," he said, gaily, "let us go in together!"

A Philadelphian tells the story of a waiter at a restaurant in the Quaker City, who has lately announced that he has begun to study French. "Do you find it necessary here?" asked the customer. "Not here, sir," said the waiter, "but I've been offered a steady job in Paris at one of the hotels if I can learn French." "But Paris is full of French waiters," said the gentleman. "I'm afraid you're being deceived." "Oh no, sir!" said the man, with much earnestness and absolute simplicity. "It's a perfectly straight thing. The proprietor of the hotel says the waiters he has can't understand French as we Philadelphians speak it, and that's what he wants me for, you see."

"Who," asks "The Candid Friend," "does not recollect Lord Hardwicke, the Glossy Peer, immaculately tailored, riding an almost priceless horse in the Row of a morning, or walking down Piccadilly, his hat at an angle which defied the laws of gravity? Spontaneously witty, with that talent for repartee which is as rare as it is delightful, Lord Hardwicke was the best of good company, and one of the unforgettable social leaders of London in the last quarter of the nineteenth century. No one will have forgotten his famous answer to a well-known tailor who had been asked to stay in the house of a noble patron, and complained to Lord Hardwicke that the 'company was mixed:' 'Good Lord, man, you didn't expect to find 'em all tailors?'"

The late Joseph Cook was celebrated for his positiveness, which those who did not admire him termed "cocksureness." The Boston "Pilot" relates several stories in illustration of this. It says that when he went over to Scotland to demonstrate by practical experiment the dangerous effects of alcohol on the human brain, he beat up the white of an egg with spirits until the mass coagulated, but it did not convince his audience as he had expected. On the contrary, it only evoked from Professor Blackie the quiet remark: "That seems to prove that whiskey must be good for softening of the brain." But the cruelest sarcasm said of him was when Bill Nye demurely wrote: "I understand that my friend the Rev. Joseph Cook has completed a thoughtful essay entitled 'A Bird's-Eye View of the Kingdom of Heaven?'"

In the early Indiana days, when both judges and attorneys literally "rode the circuit," a newly elected judge, noted for his lack of personal beauty, was plodding along on horseback between two county-seats one fine summer day. Suddenly he was confronted by a hunter, who unslung his squirrel-rifle from his shoulder, and ordered the horseman to dismount. Somewhat startled by this peremptory command, the jurist began to remonstrate. He was quickly cut short, however, by the remark: "It's no use talking. I long ago swore that if I ever met a homelier man than I am, I'd shoot him on sight." The judge, sizing up the situation, promptly got off his horse. Folding his arms, he faced his assailant, and said: "If I am any homelier than you are, for heaven's sake do shoot, and be quick about it." Needless to say, his wit saved him.

Her Revenge.

This amusing story is told by the president of a New Bedford bank, and is repeated in a Boston paper. One day not long ago he and other officers and directors were engaged in a business meeting, held in the directors' room of the bank, and as they believed themselves secure from intrusion, were much surprised to see a poor little waif enter the room, something which a man of business affairs would not dare to do under such conditions. The little girl, shabbily clothed and pinched looking, had all unconsciously entered on forbidden ground, but this she didn't realise, and at once went to the men seated about the big table, offering them small cakes of soap for sale. The very first director whom she approached shook his head, impatient at the interruption of business, and said sharply, "I never use it." The tiny peddler, unabashed, went from man to man, all the others, out of pity for her wan little figure, buying of her. As she started to leave the room, after thanking each purchaser, the girl hesitated a moment in front of the director who never used soap, according to his own declaration, and, looking him over from head to foot, said, disdainfully, "Well, yer look it!" and then she swept out like a duchess.

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

⁂

"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

⁂

Some Hints For the Bride to Be.

NOW that the season of summer weddings is over, brides all over the country have leisure in which to contemplate. Among their many contemplations are those which pertain to the acknowledgment of wedding gifts. To acknowledge the receipt of one hundred and fifty presents, to thank the donor of each in a way that carries proof of life-long gratitude with it, and to find one hundred and fifty different styles of expressing the same sentiment can not be classed with the easy tasks of earth. Unless she was party to an elopement, no bride ever lived in modern times who did not experience during the last quarter of her honeymoon the difficulties of polite correspondence. Those who were married last June have passed through the trying ordeal, but by those of next June, or next October, a few suggestions of timely character will doubtless be appreciated.

Although at the outset it appears difficult, the job of acknowledging wedding gifts is really one of the simplest known. It does not require even ingenuity or originality, all that is indispensable being a box of note-paper, a pen and a bottle of ink. When the young bride sits down to contemplate her array of presents, her first perplexing thought is what she shall say to the donor of each. Nothing easier! Uncle Peter, for instance, has sent a heavily upholstered chair with a spring rocker. What could be more fitting than this as a reply to Uncle Peter?

My Darling Uncle:—

I can not thank you half enough for your beautiful chair. It was awfully like you, so soft and easy. Every time we sit in it—Charley and I—we think of you. You must come around soon and sit in it yourself.

Your loving niece, Clara.

P.S.—Charley and I had a perfectly lovely trip. It didn't rain a day while we were away.

That, dear girls, is the idea in crude shape. Your feminine tact can doubtless improve the quality of expression. The principle, however, will soon become apparent to you. No matter what the gift is, always effusively invite the giver to come around and try it. "Dear Kate, drop in any time and have a sip from your darling tea-cups." "Dear Aunt Carrie, be sure and stop whenever you are out this way and let us pour you a drink from your charming decanter." "Dear Cousin Tom, your cuckoo clock is a dream; don't forget to set your watch by it whenever you're in our neighborhood." And so forth. No trouble. Sips from tea-cups and vinegar cruets; seats in chairs and divans; catnaps on lounges at all hours and food from forks. If a rich uncle gives you a house tell him to come down and live in it whenever he feels like it. Follow this plan and rest easily. Your temper will keep sweet and no one outside will be offended.

Carrying the idea a step further, it will remain for some enterprising bride-to-be to send out supplementary notes with all her wedding invitations. Well known is it that the gift feature of a modern ceremony is far from being perfect. Duplicates continue to come in, despite the most judicious hints thrown out beforehand by the bride-to-be and her near relatives. Finally, when seven water-bottles and six ice-cream sets arrive in one day, the limit is reached and the pretty-soon-bride realizes it. Still, what can she do? It is too late to remedy the matter, so the duplicates hold the fort.

With what ease, however, could such annoyances be averted by the adoption of the Surprise Party system; the method which incloses with each invitation a request to please furnish cake or to please bring lemonade. Applied to a wedding, this method would work like a charm. Duplicates among the presents would be impossible, and a bride would find her new home well-nigh furnished with gifts, if proper discrimination was observed and enough cards sent out. Uncle Paul, who cornered the market once, should be asked to please furnish a set of bronzes. He can afford them, and the note relieves him of the necessity of thinking. Consideration, of course, should always be observed, and the value of the present asked for should be measured by the pocket-book of the relative to whom the invitation is sent.

If next June's crop of brides, whether they belong to the blushing class or not, will adopt these well-meant suggestions, they will stave off many an attack of Americanitis.

Harry Hamilton in "Puck."

Baseball in France.

Now that baseball has been introduced officially in France the scenes we may expect to mark every game have been described as follows:

The Umpire—I say ze man is out-out-out! Now do you onnerstan?

Alphonse—Sare, you are no shentleman

Henri—Par-r-don me, but you are of se canaille!

The Umpire—Accept ze assur-r-ance of my most r-r-respectful consider-r-r-ration, shentlemen, but you ar-r-e a pair of cr-r-r-azy monkeys!

Alphonse—Oh, did you hear zat, my poor fr-r-riend?

Henri—Alphonse, my brossaire, he has insolted you

The Umpire—Oh, go and sit on ze bench and let ze game pr-r-roceed.

Alphonse—You will hear fr-r-rom me!

Henri—You will hear fr-r-rom us!

The Umpire—Certainly, sares. I will geeve you satisfactione whenever you weesh. Only you must put eet off for a least tree weeks—I haf so many ozzaire duels of ze same sort zat all my time is taken up day an' night. Is it agreed? Tray bong, messieurs.

They all bow extravagantly, and Alphonse and Henri kiss each other on the cheek as they retire to the bench. The game then proceeds.

Katie and Willie are twins, aged five. During a recent visit to their grandparents, who live in the country and keep chickens, the twins were cautioned in their strife to see which could find the most eggs, never to take away the nest eggs. One morning Katie reached a nest first, and, seizing the forbidden egg, started for the house. Willie hurried after her, shouting: "Grandma! Grandma! Katie's got the egg the old hen measures by."

Lincoln knew of an educational advertisement which read: "Smith and Haggs, Classical School for boys and girls. Smith teaches the boys and Haggs the girls."—"Schoolmaster."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Fable For Fathers-in-Law.

MINISTER WU TING-FANG, the ambassador of China to the United States, was one of a number of speakers at the Presentation Day exercises of the Gallaudet College for the Deaf, recently.

Mr. Wu frankly confessed to some degree of embarrassment, this being his first experience in addressing an audience composed largely of deaf persons. He further intimated that the presence of the president of the college by his side, interpreting his remarks, sentence by sentence, to the mutes, was not calculated to lessen his discomposure.

Mr. Wu declared that deafness, though a handicap, is not so serious an affliction as is commonly supposed, and further, that the mysterious law of compensation steps in and bestows other talents and blessings.

Continuing, the minister said: "To most of us a little deafness at times would be a distinct advantage. I can, perhaps, more clearly illustrate this point by relating a Chinese story.

"About twelve hundred years ago a revolution raged in China, and the reigning king retained his throne chiefly through the sagacity and valor of one of his generals. The king deeply felt his obligation to the general, and in token of his gratitude consented that his daughter should wed the general's son.

"The wedding was duly solemnized, and the happy young couple commenced housekeeping in their own home. For a time everything was harmonious; then the course of true love became disturbed, as it sometimes does even at this advanced date in America. The young wife became haughty and referred to her ancestry; she was the king's daughter, while her husband was only the son of a general. The young man, nettled at this, reminded his wife that but for the aid of his father she would be the outcast daughter of a deposed king and that he was therefore as good as she.

"The young wife hurried to the king and poured the sad tale of her woes into his ear, not forgetting to emphasize her husband's allusion to him.

"The youth went to his father and told what he had said about the king.

"The general was instantly overwhelmed with the gravest apprehensions, fearing the vengeance of the king when he should learn of the treasonable utterances of the young man, and he made great haste to call upon his sovereign to forestall punishment.

"The king listened to all the general had to say, and then, in a fatherly way and with a twinkle in his eye, remarked:

"'That's all right, general. We fathers and mothers of young married folk must be deaf and dumb a good deal of the time.'"

The Up-to-date Chirography.

Gladys Helene Montague, her transparent gold ochre hair glittering in the sunlight, sat at her mahogany desk writing her answer to Reginald Fitzmaurice's proposal. Gladys's chirography was of the fashionable young ladies' seminary style, with three characters to perform the duty of twenty-six.

"My Dearest Girl: Your answer has made me the happiest man in the world. How did I dare to hope that you would stoop to bless such as I? I pray God that I may be worthy of you, my darling. I long to press you to my heart. Ever thine, Reginald."

"My Dear Miss Montague: On Wednesday I sail for Europe. If at any time you should change your mind, a word from you will bring me to your side. My address will be Brown, White & Co., London. Faithfully yours, Reginald Fitzmaurice."

"Dear Gladys: After a sleepless night spent in the vain endeavor to decipher your note, I have written these two answers. Will you kindly return immediately the one which does not fit the occasion? I cannot stand this strain much longer. Your anxious Reginald."—Detroit "Free Press."

Just a Glimpse.

Papa—By the way, who is the lady that bowed to us as we left the carriage?

Dorothy—The one with the black silk skirt, and rose petticoat, plaid blouse, purple colarette with silver clasp, tan hat, black hat with purple tips, carrying a silver-mounted card-case?

Papa—Yes.

Dorothy—I don't know. I merely just caught a glimpse of her.—Cape "Register."

Pat on the Hot Weather.

"Shure, I am just drippin' wid swate;
Me shirt an' me collar is wet.
I've a 'kerchief that cum from the stare,
An' I've mopped at me face till it's sore.
Now I'm afther thinkin'
In weight I'll be shrinkin'
If of this heat we have more.

"Shure, I was a grumblin' fool;
Not contint wid the weather whin cool.
Faith, I've got me pay,
Fur it's hotter to-day,
Thin I iver seen it afore.
Now Pat's going to grumble no more."
—M. H.

Farming Told on Him.

It was not a Canadian farmer of whom an English paper tells a story, although the incident might possibly be matched in this country. The agriculturist in question had been to a rent dinner to enjoy himself among men of his own walk in life, while his hard-working wife stayed at home and saw to it that the farm suffered no loss in his absence.

"I'm aboot tired out," was the man's greeting upon his return. "Is t' cows in t' barn?"

"Yes, long since," replied his spouse, hardly stopping a moment from her duties to glance at him as she spoke.

"Is t' hosses unharnessed and fed?" he enquired.

"Yes."

"Fowls locked up?"

"Yes."

"Wood chopped for mornin'?"

"Yes."

"Them ducks plucked and dressed for market?"

"Yes."

"Wagon-wheel mended and ready to start in t' mornin'?"

"Yes."

"Oh, then," concluded the good man with a sigh of relief, "let me have my supper and turn in. Farmin' is beginnin' to tell on me."

Literary Pretense.

IF all of us who in these latter days have acquired some repute of knowledge of literature were to be tried before a jury of real experts, it is to be feared, writes Guy Carleton Lee, that the vast majority of us would win this sentence: "Guilty of having gained a reputation under false pretenses." Let us be candid with ourselves, since the confidence need go no further. Have we really made ourselves familiar with English masterpieces? It were damning to confess ignorance of Chaucer, for example; let all who have read the "Canterbury Tales," to take but a portion of his works, mentally hold up their hands. The resulting show might not carry an election in the smallest election precinct.

Perhaps we have taken an unfair test. Chaucer is difficult reading to any but the scholar, and the quaint old words are apt to interfere with any pleasure in the reading. Let us return, then, to writers of a later date, whose language holds no obscurity of form. How many of us have read "The Faery Queen" from beginning to end? Perhaps some few, to whom literature is a profession, not a recreation; but of the rest of us who so glibly discuss Edmund Spenser and his influence upon poetry, and who talk learnedly of the Spenserian stanza, the vast majority are utter strangers to the works of the poet they praise.

The early dramatists, again. Most of us are vaguely aware that Marlowe wrote plays called "The Jew of Malta" and "Tamburlaine," and a dramatic poem entitled "Doctor Faustus;" but our knowledge of him stops there. Massinger, because of the occasional presentation on the stage of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts," is more familiar to us; but our acquaintance with him is strictly limited to that one work. Beaumont and Fletcher are by name "familiar in the mouth as household words," but some of us would be sorely puzzled to quote a line written by these old collaborators. Ben Jonson we know by his epitaph; but by his works we know him not. Shakespeare—ah! there we are safe; all of us have read him. Have we so? Along comes some villainous prier-into-secret-places and questions us of our knowledge of the "Sonnets;" and straightway we wish that we were dead or that Shakespeare had never been born to write twaddle that is called literature.

Dryden, again. He is sometimes talked of nowadays; is he ever read? And the dramatists of the Restoration—Wycherly, Congreve, Farquhar, Vanbrugh? And—to retrace our steps for the moment—Sidney and Harvey and Rochester and Herrick—oh, yes, we all know the quotation from the latter concerning the little feet which stole in and out; but, singular as it may appear, these lines were not the sole production of Herrick.

Pass on. Is Pope ever read nowadays? Who of us can ever give a list of his principal poems? It would be a good wager that ninety-nine out of a hundred among us, being asked to do this, would promptly exclaim: "The Essay on Man," and then continue: "Er—and—'The Rape of the Lock,' you know—and—h'm—oh, well, and all the rest."

Cowper—didn't he write something about a sofa? Southey? Oh, yes, he wrote "How the Water Comes Down at Lodore," and—and other things. Richardson? Addison? Steele? We seem to know these names—we are before our jury of experts now—but we can not recall their writings for the moment. Swift? Oh, he wrote "Gulliver's Travels;" we read that when we were young; yes, we have entirely forgotten it, and recall no political satire in it. We know that Fielding and Smollett were very coarse writers; we do not remember any other characteristics. Ever read them? No, but we have read of them.

But, the attorney for the defence may urge, these are not names of giants; knowledge of their works is not indispensable. Waiving this point, the prosecuting attorney sternly demands if we have never claimed acquaintance with these men, if we have never referred to them with an air of easy nonchalance calculated—and intended—to impress our auditory with the fact that we were profoundly versed in their works. How many of us pretenders can honestly answer "No"?

"Now," says the prosecuting attorney, "I have but one more question to ask you. You have often sneered at Byron as out of date and monotonous; have you ever read 'Childe Harold's Pilgrimage,' or that magnificent dramatic poem, 'Cain'?" And we answer desperately: "No; Byron is no poet; he is not literature; it would be waste of valuable time to read his stuff."

And then the attorney for the defence, in despair at our admissions, yet still fighting his case, asks us to name the works with which we are familiar, that we may show that our reputation is deserved. Sure of our ground, we go trippingly on with a list of the "Trilbies," the "Ladies of Quality," the "Richard Carvels," the—but here our attorney hastily bids us leave the stand, and submits the case without argument.

Is the picture overdrawn? We fear not.

A Volatile Community.

"What kind of a town have you here?" enquired a recently-arrived tourist from New England.

"Lively!" enthusiastically replied the landlord of the Atlantic and Pacific Hotel, at Boomopolis, Oklahoma. 'Lively, stranger! Thar's a lynchin' 'most every night, and balls, shootin's, tar-and-featherin's, and other rallifkaboos, about as often as you can turn out to 'em; a couple was married in a balloon last week, two prominent preachers shot each other considerably at the Sabbath school picnic day before yesterday, and thar was a cyclone less than a month ago; new buildin's are bein' erected right along, we've got an enthusiastic county-seat fight on hand all the time, thar's a show in the Op'ry House once in a while, the O. K. barber shop put in a bathtub lately, the post-office was burglarized a spell ago—the front of the buildin' was flung half-way across the street, the safe blown wrong side out, and the children have been busy ever since pickin' postage stamps off'n the gum weeds whar the wind distributed 'em. You can git any kind of a game you like at any time or stir up any sort of trouble in a minute, by just lettin' your wants be known. They call this yere town the Paris of Oklahoma, and don't you forgit it!"—"Life."

Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

⁂

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Wilful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

"Oh, how I wish," he cried, "that I dare tell you something else! I feel like a man whose life is at stake. I long, yet fear to speak. Have you read the beautiful play of 'Romeo and Juliet?'—how love came to Romeo like the swift dart of an arrow the first time he ever looked upon the face of fair Juliet? He loved her as truly as though he had known her long years."

"Yes, I have read the play," she murmured; and looking eagerly into the sweet, downcast face, he took heart of grace, he bent his dark, handsome head over the little white hand, whispering softly:

"Ought I to go away in silence, and let a secret longing eat out my heart? Ah, yes; I know that is what I should do, but I cannot—I must speak. It is this:—What happened to Romeo has happened to me; my heart has left me and has gone out to you. Oh, are you very angry, dear?"

He saw her lovely, dimpled face flush, and the beautiful blue eyes that had been regarding him so wonderingly drop swiftly in the sweetest girlish confusion. Still she was not angry, and that was one point gained. If she would only listen to his pleadings, to the eloquent love stories he knew so well how to tell, he felt sure that he would win her.

"It is true," he murmured, emboldened by her blushes. "I—love—you; won't you tell me my love has not been in vain? Tell me, do you care for me? Does my going bring one pang to your heart?"

For a moment a dead silence fell between them. Daisy's heart throbbed so loudly she felt sure he must hear it. To have won a heart so completely, so entirely, so quickly, was a grand thing to have done, it seemed to her. It was like the romantic stories she had read of. She was pleased, flattered; but it was at the same time very embarrassing. Daisy did not know in the least what to do or say; still it was delightful to have this little change in her monotonous young life, of which her gay, restless spirit had grown so weary.

"Shall you miss me when I am gone?" he asked, drawing a little nearer to her.

"You know that I shall miss you, Mr. St. John," she answered simply.

His going was like the setting of the sun and the gloom of night to the flowers.

He caught the little hands in a very transport of joy.

"I believe you do care for me, my Lily," he cried. "I am going to put it to the test. Grant me the favor of letting me see you just once again. Meet me tonight here where we are parting now. Just for one brief half hour when the moon is shining. It will be for the last time," he pleaded. "I wonder how desperate the prayer of a dying man is? I should like to make mine the same; it is life or death to me. Will you come, sweet Lily? Let me see you for one brief half hour."

Her better sense said "No," but he looked so handsome, so agitated, and it was all so novel, so piquant, so romantic.

"Perhaps I may come," she answered timidly.

"Ah, you will come!" he cried, and the next moment he had bent his handsome head and kissed her, and for long hours after he had gone that kiss, the first ever pressed upon them by a lover, burned her scarlet lips.

That afternoon, when she was alone in her own little room at the farmhouse she took down the well-worn copy of Shakespeare from the shelf—yes, her romance had been very like Juliet's.

It was sweet to be wooed in such a fashion; it was very pleasant to listen to tender, caressing words from a lover's lips; but whether she loved him with such a love, as deep as Juliet's for handsome Romeo, she could hardly tell; she was afraid not.

Farmer Gordon was smoking his pipe on the door-step when Daisy emerged from the house that evening, her straw hat hanging from her arm by its blue ribbons.

"Where are you going, lass?" he inquired, blowing the wreaths of blue smoke away from his bronzed face.

"Only down to the peach orchard, papa," she answered, a little confusedly, her bright eyes drooping beneath his gaze.

"Do you want me to go along, pet?" he asked.

"No, indeed, papa," she answered in dismay.

"Poor little lass, she's lonesome without Olive and Hetty," he mused, as he watched the slim, graceful figure flit away in the moonlight.

With swift feet Daisy sped onward; as she neared the orchard she saw a tall figure pacing impatiently up and down in the moonlight.

He heard her quick step and turned.

"My Lily!" he cried, starting forward in joyful eagerness and clasping her hands, "how good of you to come! I know I was asking the greatest possible favor. I hardly dared hope that you would grant it."

"I can stay but a few minutes," she answered timidly. "Papa will miss me shortly, and if I do not return soon he will come out into the grounds in search of me, Mr. St. John."

"Won't you call me Harold?" he asked eagerly; "the name of Mr. St. John sounds so formal."

To be Continued.

The Poisoned Spring.—As in nature so in man, pollute the spring and disease and waste are bound to follow—the stomach and nerves out of tune are the poison in the spring. South American Nervine is a great purifier, cures Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and allays the nerves. The best evidence of its efficacy is the unsolicited testimony of thousands of cured ones.—96

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Program of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where those wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

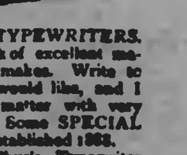
Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

[38]

BIRDS FED on Cottams Seed with patent Bird Bread are enabled to appropriate more nourishment than from any other food. Manufactured under six patents, it is double the value of its closest competitor.

BEWARE of [illegible] COTTAM CO. LONDON, is on label. Contents [illegible] under 6 patents, sell separately—Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated, price 25c., to users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty [illegible] will be sent post paid for 10c.

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1868.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

LAUGHLIN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Handy Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's style is desired.

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible]
DETROIT, MICH.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We have give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 28, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The chief has a leather school bag for which he would like an owner.

—Dr. D. Fraser, of Lakefield, has been appointed assistant County Coroner.

—Services will be held in the George Street Methodist church on Friday morning next, at eleven o'clock.

—The primary class of the George Street Sunday school, will give an entertainment to-morrow evening.

—The general committee of the Golf Club dance will meet this afternoon at five o'clock.

—James McGlynn, of Lindsay, fell on the sidewalk, and fractured his leg. He was brought to St. Joseph's Hospital yesterday morning.

—A meeting of the promoters of the new skating rink will be held this evening in the offices of Messrs. Hatton & Bradburn.

—Everyone that wants the best photos in town at a reasonable price, they all go to Whiten's to have them taken. Everything up-to-date. Studio 156 Hunter street, west.

—Gravenhurst is advertising in the Toronto papers for a town clerk, to whom the munificient salary of $250 is offered. The applicant is not required to be a horn blower or a baseball expert.

—The evangelistic services in the George Street Methodist church will be held this evening, and on Thursday evening. Rev. J. Bastow, pastor of the Murray Street Baptist church, will speak to-night.

The organization meeting of the Trades and Labor Council has been adjourned to Wednesday evening, Apr. 2nd. It is expected that delegates from the other unions will be present and the work of organization and election of officers will be proceeded with.

All Saint's W.A.

The annual meeting of All Saint's Branch of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held this evening at 7.30. The reports of the different branches will be presented and the officers for the ensuing year elected. A large attendance of the members is requested.

Presbytery Meeting

The Presbytery of Peterborough will meet on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock to consider the date of induction and settlement of the Rev. Mr. Atkinson, at Warsaw.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing materials neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 25 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

BAND CONCERT
GOOD FRIDAY!

MATINEE 2.30 P. M.
EVENING 8 P. M.

WILL J. WHITE
(of Toronto)
Canada's Premier Humorist
and other special attractions.
Admission 10c. Children 5c.

Never Say Die

You may be weak, miserable, nervous, sleepless, your digestion may be poor, and you despair. Never say die, until you have used Ferrozone, the most wonderful blood maker, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. It tones up the whole system. You can eat anything and digest it if you use Ferrozone. You sleep well. You make blood quickly, strength increases daily, in a short time you're well. Try Ferrozone, which you can obtain at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Miss Mabel Rickey is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Miss Pearl Lundy is home from college for the holidays.

—Mr. Justice Lount and Mrs. Lount are staying at the Oriental hotel.

—Rev. Dr. Carman was the guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Crossley while in town.

—Rev. Dr. Henderson was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kendry, on Sunday.

—Mr. Wm. McWilliams, of Minneapolis, Minn., is spending a few days in town with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. McWilliams.

—Rev. W. L. Atkinson, of Inglewood, has accepted a call to the Presbyterian church, Warsaw.

—The many friends in town of Miss Verna McFarlane, Bobcaygeon, will be grieved to hear that she is seriously ill.

—Rev. Orr Bennett, son of Rev. Wm. Bennett, will be inducted to the pastorate of St. Andrew's church, Almonte, on the 27th inst.

—Mr. Bruce Weatherhead, of Los Angeles, California, who has been visiting his mother in town for the past few months, left yesterday for the West.

—Mr and Mrs. V. P. Thewlis leave to-morrow for Hanover, Illinois, where Mr. Thewlis has accepted a position in a large woolen manufactory. Mr. and Mrs. Thewlis will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends.

Last of the Season

The last of a series of most pleasant and successful "At Homes," given under the auspices of the White Rose Club, will be held on Monday evening next. As this will be the closing one of the season, a very pleasant time is anticipated.

Cramps are Like Burglars

they come unexpected, and when they are least welcome. Be armed with a one minute cure for cramps and keep Polson's Nerviline handy; it acts instantaneously. Nerviline's anodyne power is unique, for its composition expresses the highest medical progress of the age. Polson's Nerviline is a true comfort in the family, for in all derangements of the stomach and bowels it is an absolute specific. Nerviline has five times greater medicinal value than any other remedy and is sold in large 25c. bottles. Try it.

POLICE COURT NEWS

At the County Police Court on Saturday, John Irwin appeared to answer a charge of malicious destruction of property in Ashburnham some years ago. Pending a proposed settlement between the parties, the case was enlarged until Saturday next, Irwin giving bail for his appearance then.

At the police court yesterday a young boy came up before the magistrate, charged with stealing parcels from the Post Office. After hearing the evidence, and considering the youthful appearance of the boy, he was handed over to the Children's Aid Society, who will look after him and endeavor to teach him how to behave properly.

COUNCIL IN SPECIAL SESSION

A Deputation to Go to Ottawa—Tenders for Street Watering

The Town Council met in special session at five o'clock yesterday afternoon. Those present were, Mayor Denne, Ald. Best, Rush, Edgcumbe, Corkery, Hatton Morrison, Cinkscale and McGregor.

The object of the meeting was to decide what action the council would take in response to a communication from Mayor Howland, of Toronto, who asked the council to assist either by deputation or letter in having a bill at present before the Dominion Parliament, respecting the Bell Telephone Co. changed. The way the bill stands at present it gives the company the right to place poles &c at any place along the highways or streets without the consent of the Municipality. There will be a large deputation to go to Ottawa from different towns and cities to oppose the bill. Mayor Denne and Ald. Morrison will represent the Town Council.

Ald. Hatton handed in a report giving the estimated cost of repairs required in the town waggons and water carts. He was authorized to have the necessary work done at once.

The clerk was instructed to call for tenders for street watering in the same districts as last year.

Young and Old Love

Malt Breakfast Food

In every province of our broad Dominion tens of thousands have made Malt Breakfast Food their morning dish, and readily admit that it is the choicest, most delicious and most healthful breakfast food they have ever used. No man, woman or child has been disappointed with Malt Breakfast Food. All expectations have been fully realized as far as the establishment of health and strength are concerned.

All admit that Malt Breakfast Food is the most satisfying, most sustaining and most palatable grain food.

Malt Breakfast Food may be imitated by unscrupulous manufacturers, but it never can be equalled in health-giving and nourishing qualities. The patent process whereby pure malt is added to the choicest wheat is unknown to the makers of other grain foods

Buy a package of Malt Breakfast Food from your grocer and test it. After using it you will gladly admit that you have found a true health friend.

PETERBOROUGH BIRDS WIN

A Well Known Local Sport Several Hundred Dollars Ahead

There was a very exciting cocking main pulled off last week, in which Peterborough and Lindsay birds were pitted against each other. The Times representative was present incog. and took the names of the principals in the affair. Eleven mains were fought, the Lindsay birds winning four and the local birds seven. About $500 changed hands.

Chief Nevison, of Lindsay, secured the names of the sports, and it is understood that Chief Rozzel will be consulted with a view to the punishment of the parties.

PETERBORO SPRING ASSIZES

OPENED YESTERDAY BEFORE MR. JUSTICE LOUNT

Presented With Pair of White Gloves—He Advocates the Erection of a County Poor House.

The Spring Assizes of the High Court of Justice, opened yesterday afternoon before Hon. Mr. Justice Lount. The bar was represented by the following gentlemen:

Messrs. E. B. Edwards, K.C., R. M. Dennistoun, E. A. Peck, F. D. Kerr, A. E. Dixon, Geo. Edmison, A. P. Poussette, R. F. McWilliams, G. M. Roger, W. F. Johnston, G. J. Sherry, Norwood; Hugh O'Leary, Lindsay; G. H. Watson, K.C., Toronto.

There being no criminal cases on the docket, Mr. Justice Lount was presented with a pair of white gloves.

The Grand Jury was empannelled as follows:

J. J. McBain, foreman; merchant, Peterborough.

Thos. J. Flood, farmer, Ennismore.

J. J. Hartley, bricklayer, Peterborough.

Jas. Ingram, farmer, Harvey.

W. H. Johnston, farmer, Smith.

Alex Knox, farmer, Otonabee.

David Kerneghan, grocer, Peterborough.

W. G. Morrow, Secretary, Peterborough.

Geo. S. Matthews, manufacturer, Peterborough.

R. B. McKee, merchant, Peterborough.

Richard Patterson, farmer, Dummer.

Wm. Scott, merchant, Ashburnham.

Benj. Shortly, merchant, Peterborough.

Justice Lount, in his address to the jury, stated that their duties would be very slight. There were no criminal cases, a fact on which he congratulated the county. Their duty would be to visit the jail and those public institutions receiving Government aid, and to ascertain that everything was kept in order and cleanliness, which is the duty of those in charge, and also to see what improvements or alterations were necessary. He referred to the headway that smallpox had made in Ontario, and pointed out that the greatest and best preventive was cleanliness. After a few further remarks, the jury were dismissed to visit the jail, hospitals, etc.

The first case taken up was that of Card vs. Dickson Company. Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson for plaintiff; Roger & Bennett and G. H. Watson, for defendants. The case was not concluded when court arose last night, and will be continued this morning.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

THE WORD "RINGER"

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—What does the slang term "ringer" mean? I overheard the expression "He's an old ringer," a few days since.

ENQUIRER

Ans.—Those dictionaries that contain the word define it as a horse not entitled to run in a certain race, but entered fraudulently. It would seem to be a horse that is known to the betting ring—which is what a ringer actually is.

TO MAKE A BLACKBOARD

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—As you invite contributions to the Times, let me tender my mite: I notice that many school children use blackboards at their homes on which to work out their school problems. Many parents cannot afford to buy these boards, and I therefore give the following receipt: Take any black paint mixed in oil, drain off all the oil on top, if there is any, add enough powdered whiting to make a good, stiff putty. Then thin with turpentine till like cream, stir well and brush out thin; four coats, allowing each to dry before applying the next. Wood, cloth or pasteboard for a base. The turpentine makes a dead finish, the whiting makes it "bite" or take the chalk.

PAINTER.

EYE GERMS ARE ON RAMPAGE

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—A report comes from Chicago that the ailment called "pink-eye" is troubling thousands of Chicago residents, and is epidemic. According to Chief Medical Inspector Spalding, disease producing germs get into the eyes with the dust stirred by the winds. The inner surface of the eyelid is similar to the lining of the throat, and these germs readily find lodging there. The citizens of Peterborough have suffered every spring from the dust, containing disease producing germs, but which might, could, would or should have been obviated if our Council had done its duty. If they have no foresight, one would suppose that they would learn from experience and make timely provision for the laying of the dust and not wait for one month before taking action. I am not a prophet or the son of a prophet, but I venture to predict that they will again trot out the same old excuses that have done service every spring for a number of years in the past, such as, the tenders are not let, the watering cart needs a coat of paint, or needs to be repaired, etc., etc.

Even yet, might it not be well to stir them up a little, so that the season of suffering may be shortened, for it has already commenced, and there is nothing in sight to show that they are making any preparation. Yours, etc.,

ANTI-MICROBE.

Peterborough, March 21, 1902.

CONCERNING CERVERA'S FLEET

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—Will you please inform me, through your valuable paper, if any of the Spanish ships of Admiral Cervera's fleet, which fought at Santiago, were saved, and if so, please name which one?

H.C.A.

Ans.—Not one of Admiral Cervera's fleet was ultimately saved for the use of the United States navy. The Christobal Colon was beached, practically unharmed, but it rolled over on its beam ends and its side was crushed by its own weight. The Vizcaya and Oquendo were so shattered by explosions following the fires set by the American shells they were beyond repairs. The Maria Teresa was on fire when beached, but the crew opened the sea-valves and the water flooded the magazines, preventing explosions. This cruiser was raised, patched, pumped out, and was expected to be saved as a prize. It was started in tow for Norfolk Navy Yard, but when off the Bahamas was overtaken by a hurricane, broke loose from the towing steamer and was driven ashore on the island of the Bahamas, too badly wrecked to admit of further effort. The Reina Mercedes, a smaller cruiser which was in Santiago harbor before Cervera arrived, and which was set on fire and sunk in the harbor by the Spaniards when the attempt at escape was made, was raised and brought to Norfolk. But it was not a modern, high-class cruiser like the others, and it was badly damaged by fire. After a careful survey it was decided it would not pay to expend the large sum needed to rebuild it, as it was not of a specially desirable type. So the Reina Mercedes is kept at the Norfolk Navy Yard as an object of interest to visitors, but probably will never be repaired and put in commission.

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FREE CLAIRVOYANCE. If sick or ailing send now, name, age, sex, lock of hair and 2 stamps to Dr. D. HINKLY XX-23 Grand Rapids, Mich.

General - Sports.

GOLF.

The annual meeting of the Ladies Golf Club will be held this evening. It is hoped that the meeting will be well attended as there are a number of important subjects to be discussed relating to the work of the approaching season.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Golf Club was held last night in the offices of Messrs. Hatton and Bradburn. A large number of the players were present. The chair was ably occupied by Mr. Peter Campbell and Mr. C. Bradburn filled the position of Secretary. A number of reports were presented which showed the club to be in a prosperous condition. This year they have a small deficit to face. Arrangements will be made whereby the club will have a lease of the grounds at present used by the club. A number of other subjects came up for discussion after which the meeting adjourned.

BASEBALL.

The season for baseball will soon be open and already a number of players are talking of forming a city league of the different teams in town, of which there will be a large number. Most of the large manufacturing concerns will have a team this year besides a number of other teams. There will be a senior team, chosen from the best players in the different clubs. To bring out the best men and also to encourage new blood the formation of a city league would be most beneficial and would also increase the interest taken in the game.

A meeting will be called during the next week or so when the matter will be fully discussed and definite action will be taken. The date of the meeting will be announced as soon as possible.

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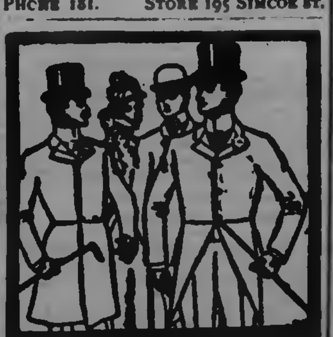

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VOL. 23 NO. 72 | PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MARCH 26 1902 | PRICE TWO CENTS

BELGIAN ORGANS DISAGREE WITH EX-PRES. KRUGER

They Hold that to Insist Upon Boer Independence Would be Folly.

GERMANY MAY RESTRICT THE INVASION.

She Will Follow Russia's Lead—Spanish Decree Disregarded by All the Associations

London, March 26.—A despatch from Brussels to The Times says that enlightened opinion in Belgium is not in accord with Mr. Kruger and the Boer delegates on the question of independence. The leading Belgian papers say that to try to preserve independence would be folly. The arrangement now advocated is that the republics be made British colonies, with sufficient autonomy to preserve a semblance of nationality. It is urged that Britain should not insist on the idea of dominion in the terms of surrender.

SPANISH DECREE DISREGARDED.

London, March 26.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times, writing with reference to the Spanish decree ordering the registration of religious associations, says the term of six months which was allowed expired on March 26, but that no association had complied with the requirements. Although in some quarters it is believed that the Government intends to vindicate its authority, it is difficult to see what can be done until the Government comes to a definite understanding with the Vatican.

GERMANY MAY RESTRICT THE INVASION.

Paris, March 26.—The Berlin correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald says the Emperor and the owners of the trans-Atlantic lines were constantly in conference at Potsdam concocting measures to prevent the Americanization of the lines. The Emperor is moving to induce German capitalists to subscribe stock to the lines and not to allow capital to come in from the United States. The correspondent gives a warning that Germany will follow Russia's lead and enact a restrictive rule preventing foreign shareholders from voting in certain concerns.

TRY FIVE HUNDRED BOERS FOR TREASON

British Find All Guilty After a Fair Trial in South Africa

FINES AND LONG IMPRISONMONT

Some Convicts Must Serve Ten Years For Being Rebels—Others Who Aided Boers Must Pay $20,000 Each as a Penalty

Durban, Natal, March 26 — The civil treason court has been disbanded. Hereafter persons charged with treason will be tried by court-martial. Of the estimated 800 rebels in Natal 500 have been tried. Their sentences ranged up to ten years' imprisonment and the fines to which convicted men were also sentenced amounted in some cases to as high as $20,000.

Montreal and Stratford Shops will be Busy

The Grand Trunk management have decided to build twenty-five new locomotives, 100 coal cars and 300 flat cars, at a cost of $700,000. The work will be distributed among the shops at Montreal and Stratford. General Manager Hays says they are not for any special need of the moment, but to keep the rolling stock in a first-class condition. There is another feature to it and it is that it will provide work for the Grand Trunk employees and keep them busy for some time.

NAVIES TO CHECK RUSSIA

New Zealand Premier Discusses the Far Eastern Situation

Wellington, New Zealand, March 26—Speaking at a banquet here to-night Prime Minister Seddon said he was in favor of the increase of the Australian squadron. He declared that Russia was plainly attempting to secure a large seaboard in China.

The Anglo-Japanese agreement was made in order to prevent Russia from becoming the controlling power in the North Pacific. The Japanese navy and the British-Chinese squadron, the Prime Minister declared, would be sufficiently strong to combat the Russian influence.

The Australian squadron would have to protect the trade of the colonies. Some of the cruisers now in service were out of date and would have to be discarded and replaced by better ships.

NEW CHARTERED BANK

The Latest will be Known as the First National Bank of Canada

Toronto, March 26 — Notice has been given by a Toronto solicitor that application will be made to the Dominion Parliament at its present session for an act to incorporate a new chartered bank, to be known as "The First National Bank of Canada." This would make the third new bank entering the Canadian field. The Sovereign Bank of Canada is now in process of organization and will shortly be in active operation, while notice has been given of application for a charter for another bank, to be known as The Metropolitan Bank of Canada.

Eating a Question.

Pleasurable Anticipation,
When Proper Food is
Used in Moderation.

If you are one of those who have eaten too freely of Grape-Nuts and have been satiated, we have a word of help and advice for you. It is a concentrated food, and the system requires and can handle only a small amount at a time.

If too much is taken nature revolts against the overloading. Be moderate and enjoy the food day by day. It is too valuable to your system and to your sturdy health to give over. It is a common fault for people to overeat candy or any other delicacy, at some time in life, and from an excess be driven to abstinence. But with Grape-Nuts it will richly repay you to start again on the fixed allowance of not more than three heaping teaspoons for the cereal part of the meal, and so long as you use the food in moderation you will stick to it, and look forward to the meal with pleasurable anticipation. Remember, Grape-Nuts furnishes the most delicious tasting cereal food known, and contains the certain elements nature uses for repairing and rebuilding the brain and gray matter in the nerve centers. The steady and moderate user of Grape-Nuts can depend upon daily nourishment of the kind that gives one that feeling of reserve strength, so essential to a successful, active brain worker. Do not try to cook this food. It is thoroughly and completely cooked at factory, and is ready for instant service.

SEES WAR FOR ENGLAND

"Spectators" Serious View of the Eastern Situation

AN OMNIOUS WAR CLOUD

The Great British Newspaper Paints a Dark Picture of the Future

Russo-French Answer to the Anglo-Japanese Treaty a Notice That There Can Be No One Power War in China or Corea—Rivals for our Favor and Germany's

London, March 26—Widely different views are taken throughout Europe of the Franco-Russian declaration in regard to the Anglo-Japanese alliance. The easiest and the simplest interpretation of the declaration is that it is an indorsement of the principles on which the Anglo-Japanese treaty was based and that it furnishes an additional guarantee of peace.

This apparently pacific utterance contains, however, an announcement which arouses grave apprehensions in England. These fears find a clear expression in a serious article in the Spectator, which says:

"The sting of the Russo-French communique is in the tail. The last clause reads, 'Nevertheless, they themselves being also obliged to take into consideration the eventuality of aggressive action on the part of a third power, or of fresh troubles in China, jeopardizing the integrity and free development of that power, and becoming a menace to their own interests, the two allied Governments reserve it to themselves to consider in such case means of assuring their protection.'

"This, obviously, can mean only one thing. The third power whose possibly aggressive action is contemplated is, of course, Japan. In other words, we are warned that if Japan from any cause gets involved in hostilities the war will be with two countries—Russia and France. If it comes to war it will be the two-power war contemplated by the treaty. In other words, the Russo-French declaration finally and entirely disposes of the fond illusions which have been entertained so widely here that in spite of the alliance with Japan there is little danger of our being involved in dangerous complications. It has been argued that even if Japan got into war with Russia we might feel quite secure, because the very last thing the French would do would be to come to Russia's assistance. They, it was supposed, would politely tell Russia that they wished her well, but that it would be a cruel kindness to help her, and so bring England into the melee, and, therefore, as true friends, they intended to stand aside.

"The Russo-French declaration puts an absolute stop to all of this. It is a clear notice that there can be no single-power war in the far east. We said when the alliance was first announced that we must make up our minds to that alliance bringing with it the possibility of war with France, and we pointed out also that the alliance left our foreign policy at the mercy of Japan. Japan might and probably would prove merciful, for Japan is governed by prudent astute statesmen, but that could not alter the fact that we have placed our foreign relations, not merely in the far east, but our foreign relations in regard to Russia and France, generally, at the mercy of Japan. We may disguise the fact by diplomatic sophistries and we may refuse to recognise the fact, but the fact remains that we and Japan have ourselves ranged opposite to Russia and France and that our interests may some day plunge us into a war which will be fought in the Channel and the Baltic. We do not, of course, suggest that the risk of war must never be run if vital interests so near home are involved, but we do think that such risks require grave thought and consideration."

This pessimistic opinion finds echoes on the Continent. Thus the Cologne Gazette yesterday asserted that Russia and England were strenuously endeavoring to draw the United States to the side that they respectively represent in the threatened conflict. The fact is that America's position in the present situation is an absolutely commanding one. France is completely committed to Russia in the event of hostilities from any cause. Russia finds herself forced to decide definitely whether she will abandon her plans in Manchuria and the far east generally or force them to fruition. If the latter she must act quickly, while England is still engaged in South Africa and while Ireland is seriously seditious.

One point must be settled before it is possible to make any decision that will lead to war. What will America do? It is perfectly understood that no Anglo-American alliance is possible, but would America remain in a strictly neutral attitude if England and Japan were engaged in a war in the defence of principles with which America was in hearty sympathy? That is the question which Russia and France would seek to have answered before venturing upon any bellicose policy.

The following despatch from Berlin is from a source upon which reliance may be placed:

"Germany has been approached by both groups of the allies, but the Imperial Government has declined to entangle itself in any way. Assurances have been received here from Washington which indicate that the American Government will take a similar attitude. It is represented on behalf of both Russia and France that since the Anglo-Japanese treaty was made public Japan has been detected in intrigues which seriously threaten peace."

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar, avoid damp feet, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Polson's Nerviline as an absolute reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than other remedies, its power over pain is simply beyond belief. Buy a large 25c. bottle to-day, test it, and see if this is not so. Polson's Nerviline always cures rheumatism.

TRANSVAALERS FAVOR GENERAL SURRENDER

Impression at Wolve Hoek is That Schalkburger and Party are in that Frame of Mind

GEN. KITCHENER'S AIDE WITH SCHALBURGER

Five Other Members of the British Commander-in-Chief's Staff are Also on Their Way South

Wolve Hoek, Orange River Colony, March 26. The train having on board Acting-President Schalkburger and his party passed this place on its way to Kroonstad yesterday. The Transvaal Government officials were accompanied by Captain Marker, Lord Kitchener's aid de camp, and five other members of the staff of the British commander-in-chief in South Africa. The impression here is that the Transvaalers favor a general surrender of the Boer forces.

REASON FOR CONTINUED RESISTANCE.

Amsterdam, March 26.—Abraham Fischer, the Boer delegate, in an interview to-day, gives a variety of reasons why the Boers in the field should be in a mood to continue the war rather than accept terms less advantageous than those previously demanded. The latest report from President Steyn, received under date of February 15, says:—"Last year we fought hopefully; now, we are fighting with confidence, not to the bitter end, but to a happy end." The Boer forces have plenty of everything except clothing.

A BRIEF INTERVIEW.

London, March 26.—The Daily Chronicle learns that the interview between the Boer delegates and Lord Kitchener at Pretoria was of the briefest and most formal character. Mr. Schalkburger and his colleagues simply reporting themselves to the British Commander-in-Chief and then proceeding southwards to Kroonstad. The exact place of the meeting between ex-President Steyn and De Wet and the Transvaal representatives has not transpired, but, unless altered, it is to be somewhere in the Reitz district, where the members of the Free State Executive have long found shelter. While the negotiations are in progress there will be a complete cessation of hostilities. All offensive operations against De Wet, Delarey and Botha will be hung up, and the three principal Boer generals have on their part agreed to honorably observe the armistice. It is believed that the delegates before committing themselves to a second meeting with Lord Kitchener wil' first of all acquaint General Botha with the result of their mission to the Orange River Colony.

BRODRICK'S STATEMENT.

London, March 26.—The stock market was stimulated by the rumors of peace, and the street was more cheerful than for many days. Mr. Brodrick minimized the importance of the despatches which the censor had allowed to pass promptly out of Pretoria, but was not wholly successful. His explanation that Mr. Schalkburger had been armed with a safe conduct for the purpose of consulting ex-President Steyn seemed to imply that Lord Kitchener and Milner had not emerged from the background, and that peace negotiations between the British and Boer camps had not been resumed formally and in earnest. The impression produced on members by the studiously moderate and cautious statement was that he might have said a good deal more, and that the prospect for peace was more hopeful and clearer than the Ministerial statement indicated.

Three reasons could be assigned for the belief. First, the captured correspondence between the Boer leaders proved several months ago that Mr. Schalkburger was making a strenuous effort to induce ex-President Steyn to consent to a suspension of hostilities. Secondly, Lord Lansdowne in his correspondence with the Netherlands Government contended that the quickest method of arranging a settlement would be direct communication between Lord Kitchener and Messrs. Schalkburger and Steyn. Thirdly, that a belief that peace negotiations were in progress and the end of the war in sight has been current in The Hague for a fortnight among Boer refugees.

BOASTS OF HANGING BOERS

Sergeant Paish Returns to London to Arouse Jingo Admiration

London, March 26 — The latest returned South African hero is Sergeant Paish of the Glamorganshire militia. He hanged with his own hands four Boers accused of breaking their parole, a punishment which in itself is a breach of civilized usages.

What specially aroused jingo admiration was Paish's description of the "pretty scene" created by the wife of one of his victims when she saw him practising the hanging beforehand with an old anvil. This practice was carried on in a public place so the women could not fail to see it.

BUILDS NEW ENNGINE OF WAR

Philadelphia Man Says His Machine Will Abolish Big Army

Philadelphia, Pa., March 26 — Captain Charles H. Hoffstetter, of 6006 Girard avenue, plans to reduce Uncle Sam's army to 2,400 men within five years. With that insignificant number of troops, aided by the engine of war invented by him, Captain Hoffstetter says the United States can "lick all creation" in the most approved style.

Captain Hoffstetter's "engine" for human destruction consists of an automobile fort, which can go over the ground at the rate of an express train, disbursing hot lead from twenty rapid fire guns and two breech loaders of the artillery type. Each engine, the captain says, can do the work of a regiment as the army is now organized, and only twelve men are needed to man each machine.

Two searchlights will dissipate the darkness ahead of each engine, and make the enemy an easy target.

The captain has been working on the machine more than two years. It will be built on four wheels, to be operated either by electricity or gasoline. It will be ten feet six inches long and six feet six inches wide and three feet high. A wooden framework will be covered with armor, and the guns will be mounted on arms, which will protrude from the sides.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth and after spreading through all the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and cures in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment, $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

SMALLPOX AMONG TROOPS

Col. Evans Reports Four Cases of Smallpox—Measles were Epidemic

Toronto, March 26.—H. M. Mowat, K.C., received a letter yesterday from Col. Evans, dated Feb. 12, and written on the Victorian shortly before landing. In it he says: "Just a few lines before we land. Very cold and rough for the first five days; result, about fifteen horses died. Epidemic of measles —16 cases, more or less. Then one case of smallpox. Fortunately, as yet no new case of smallpox has developed, and I am hopeful that we shall get through without any more. It was rather a nasty shock when the case was reported. He is a French-Canadian. He is isolated down near the screw with a sentry watching the door of his cabin. Things have gone well. The men's conduct is uniformly A 1, and everybody cheerful and happy . . . We are all very comfortable on the ship."

In a letter to a friend at Ottawa Col. Evans reports the development of three more cases of smallpox. There is nothing to indicate where the troops are now, but they are supposed to be in quarantine at Durban. A letter received by an official of the Militia Department at Ottawa from his son, who is in the 2nd Mounted Rifles, states that the men suffering from smallpox are four of the trackers, who were especially engaged at Lord Kitchener's request.

FROM THE MANHATTAN.

Ottawa, March 26.—Surgeon-Major Duff, in writing from Durban Feb. 17, gives an account of the voyage of the Manhattan. He says: "We have had a very satisfactory, if a very long, journey, with a good deal of sickness, but no deaths. We had 80 cases in hospital, 11 of which were measles. We disembarked two cases at Cape Town. One had been seasick the whole voyage, and was very weak and disabled. The other was convalescent from pneumonia after measles, and had had a severe hemorrhage. We also sent off one of the ship's crew, a dangerous lunatic, who gave infinite trouble on the journey. The trip from Cape Town to Durban has been a most pleasing one. We will have three patients to transfer at Durban, one of whom sustained a severe fracture of both bones of the right leg about three inches above the ankle. We have only lost eight horses during the voyage, which is a wonderful record."

KILLED IN THE WEST

Harry Morgan, Formerly of Town, Killed in the West

A despatch from Winnipeg says,—"Fred Bryan, formerly well known in Winnipeg lacrosse and sporting circles, is under arrest in St. Paul, charged with having killed his bartender, Harry Morgan."

The dead man is a former resident of Peterborough having left here some 25 years ago. He was a son of the late Harry Morgan, and nephew of the late A. P. Morgan of town. Deceased was well known in town and his friends will be shocked to hear of his tragic death.

Weather Notes

Probs. - To-day,—Fair and mild, with easterly winds.

STATE OF CAPE COLONY IS HIGLY DANGEROUS

Sir George Goldie Says the Most Serious Difficulties will be Encountered There

THINKS BOERS WILL NOT COME TO TERMS.

Eminent Publicist Says That He Has Not Met any Boers Who Will Admit Themselves Beaten

London, March 25. — Sir George Goldie, vice-president of the Royal Geographical Society, and founder of Nigeria, who has just returned from a thorough investigation of South Africa, where he conferred with Lord Milner, Lord Kitchener, Cecil Rhodes, Sir Walter Hely-Hutchison, the Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, and numbers of other influential men, brings home rather pessimistic ideas of the general situation from a British point of view. The conditions in Cape Colony he regards as especially dangerous, and he considers that the most serious British difficulties will be encountered there in the future, as at present. In the course of an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, Sir George Goldie, while recognizing the possible importance of Acting President Schalkburger's step, said he was convinced that the question of peace or war rested in the hands of President Steyn, and that Mr. Kruger and the other Boers in Europe no longer represent Boer opinion. The real difficulty in the path of peace is the question of granting amnesty to the Cape and Natal rebels, and Sir George says the vague promises of the British Government have not the slightest weight while the fighting burghers are in their present state of mind. Sir George Goldie advocates granting amnesty to the rebels, but he insists that everyone must be disfranchised for life. This, he claims, would go far towards allaying the bitterness of the loyalists. Sir George deprecates any attempt to permit the use of a dual language. He says English alone must be the official language, and adds that the fact that practically the whole of the rising generation of the two republics are now in the concentration camps, and are rapidly learning English, will be of great aid in this direction. He estimates that 100,000 armed men will be needed in South Africa for some years after the conclusion of peace. Sir George Goldie failed to meet any Boers who yet recognised that they had been finally beaten, though some of them admitted that they had been temporarily overweighted by numbers.

METHUEN RECOVERING.

London, March 25.—Despatches from Johannesburg convey the information that General Lord Methuen, who was wounded at Tweebosch, is progressing very satisfactorily. It is not known yet whether the General will be crippled as a result of the serious wound.

CANADIAN SICK.

Ottawa, March 25.—His Excellency has received a cable from Mr. Chamberlain, announcing that Charles Wesley Machina, of St. Mary's, Ontario, is dangerously ill of enteric fever.

—Mr. A. Maybee, of Toronto, is relieving Mr. Complin of his duties as accountant in the local branch of the Bank of Commerce during the latter's absence on a three months' trip to England.

A FATAL LIBERTY.

Bombay, March 24.—Walter Hoffman, a German Boer, was shot by the British sentry while attempting to escape from the prison camp at Bellary, on the island of Ceylon. The wound was fatal.

PAY FOR LOSSES.

London, March 24.—A member of the South African Constabulary, writing home, says that some of his comrades were recently made to pay for the horses, saddlery, rifles and ammunition lost when they were surrounded and compelled to surrender to a force of Boers about fifteen times stronger than the British force.

DR. DUPONT'S REPORT.

Amsterdam, March 25.—In a report recently issued by Dr. Dupont, superintendent of the Dutch ambulance with DeWet's column, it is stated that a detachment of Red Cross men were captured by a British force near Bethlehem. This is the first mention of the capture of DeWet's Dutch ambulance. The members of another Dutch ambulance captured earlier in the war are now in Ceylon. Letters were found upon the latter showing that they were giving other than medical assistance to the Boers.

London, March 25. — General Sir Leslie Rundle, who commanded the troops who came to grief at Tweefontein, is on his way home to England. The Central News correspondent at Pretoria, says that the Boers, after the camp was rushed, would not have got off with their booty but for a lapse of duty on the part of a telegraph operator. General Rundle, directly he learned of the affair, wrote a message for Eland's River camp, ordering up the Imperial Light Horse. The operator, however, declined taking the message, stating that he was worn out with extra duty. Two valuable hours were thus wasted, the message being sent by galloper. The operator was subsequently tried by court-martial. He said he had been thirty hours on duty, but that did not save him from a sentence of two years' imprisonment.

ANOTHER WAR CLOUD NOW IN THE HORIZON

The Trouble in Afghanistan Likely to Lead to a Conflict

London, March 25 — The rumors of coming trouble in Afghanistan, which have been discussed in recent journals, receive confirmation from the fact that the troops have not been paid since the new Ameer came to the throne, and are very restless. In view of a revolt, the Novosti, of St. Petersburg, says such a prospect cannot be regarded with indifference either in Russia or Great Britain. Russia, it declares, offers no encouragement to the pretenders to the throne of the Ameer. But the outbreak of revolt would compel the Russian authorities near the Afghan frontier to spend a great deal of money to maintain the troops necessary to preserve order. But, on the other hand, it is just as advantageous for Russia and Great Britain to desire the maintenance of the status quo in Asia. Afghanistan possesses enormous importance, inasmuch as it separates Russia from India. The Ameer of Afghanistan, therefore, must either be powerful enough to maintain independence between the two great neighboring empires or he must become the vassal of one of them. It is no longer possible, continues the Novosti, to hold that Afghanistan is outside the Russian sphere of influence, although the latter has neither diplomatic agents nor consuls in that country. During the reign of Abdurrahman, Russia co-operated in the maintenance of the status quo in his states, because he knew how to preserve order and maintain suitable relations with the Russian and British governments. His son does not appear to be able to follow the paternal example, and Great Britain and Russia will, therefore, have to determine the attitude which they will observe towards Afghanistan should civil war become inevitable. The Novosti thinks it may be a mistake to suppose that troubles in Afghanistan must bring about an Anglo-Russian conflict, for these powers, being now practically neighbors in Asia, have no advantage in quarreling about a question which permits of an easy settlement to the benefit of their mutual interests. The nature of the settlement the Novosti leaves to the imagination. It is tolerably safe to surmise that it would begin with military occupation, just to keep the peace.

More Canadian Troops

Ottawa, March 26.—Lieut.-Col. Sam Hughes is anxious to smell the powder once more. He has made an offer to the Minister of Militia to raise a contingent of 2,500 men in Canada to go to South Africa and help put an end to the war. There are certain conditions attached to this offer. The first condition is that Lieut.-Col. Hughes will command, and the other is that he will be responsible only to Lord Kitchener or some other competent officer, who would appreciate the value of Canadian troops. When interviewed the lieutenant-colonel said he made the offer on March 18, and that he did it on account of the way things were going in the Southland. The offer has been acknowledged, but nothing more.

Canada may send another regiment to South Africa on the same terms that the 2nd Mounted Rifles went. It has been reported that the Imperial Government has written to this Government asking on what basis more Canadian troops could be used, but this is not officially confirmed. If peace overtures take place, it is not likely that this force would be needed. At present the need is apparent to allow the old regiment rest after prolonged campaigning, and to provide for a thorough policing of many districts, a work which the Canadians are singularly suited for.

Pimples and Blotches

how unsightly, sometimes disgusting, mortifying to the sufferer and unpleasant to all. An evidence of poor blood and lowered vitality of the eliminating organs. They need toning up — the whole system does. You can quickly bring about the improved condition by using Ferrozone. Poisons are driven out of the blood, organs grow stronger, the blood richer, the nerves stronger. Pimples and blotches disappear, color becomes good. Glad! Just try and see how much joy can be gotten out of a box of Ferrozone.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 26, 1902.

WEST PETERBOROUGH NOMINATION

If we are to regard the great mass meeting of electors assembled in the Opera House on Saturday, which was as big in enthusiasm and energy as in numbers, as a criterion, we are amply justified in regarding Hon. J. R. Stratton's election as certain as his nomination. The Times has never seen a meeting of the kind that contained greater elements of encouragement to a candidate, nor one that showed a more united front. In spite of bad roads and distance, the friends of Mr. Stratton and the Government from every part of the constituency, were in the Opera House, and when they got there they showed a spirit of confidence and determination to "get there" in another sense, which must encourage friends and dismay opponents. We do not know who, or if anybody, will be brought out to oppose Mr. Stratton, but this we do know, that whoever his opponent may be, the Provincial Secretary will as a result of the coming contest be again the representative of West Peterborough. Mr. Stratton has made a good representative; his career has been so much in the interest of the town and county that it would not be wise to consider the advisability of trying for a change—better let, not only well enough, but very good, alone. In consideration of the excellent service Mr. Stratton has given the town and West Peterborough, and in view of his power to continue such service at a time when the growth of the town and its interests need the most staunch and influential friends, we think that it would be a wise as well as a graceful thing to allow him to be returned unopposed. Another thing in favor of this is the fact that opposition will be useless so far as preventing his election is concerned; and putting up opposition will partake very much of the nature of factiousness, for the nomination of a candidate in opposition will be for opposition's sake, not with the hope of success, and will mean the sacrifice of some aspiring innocent.

The Times is not a hide-bound believer in extreme partisanship. There are better things for a town and country than party triumph, and that is being represented by a man who will represent the solid good sense and loyalty to important interests of an electorate which can in the public interest rise above party consideration. The Times has great sympathy with Mr. G. F. Marter, of North Toronto, who separated himself from his party on one or two issues and resolved to "go it alone," in what he considers the public interests. In his address to the electors of North Toronto he says;

"For some years, particularly the "past two, the conviction has been "steadily growing upon me that ex"treme partyism, at any rate in Pro"vincial politics, is neither desirable "nor wise, but, on the contrary, often "positively foolish and injurious."

We don't blame party politicians of either stripe for working for a party triumph; it is natural and to a certain extent right. But where in doing so they sacrifice important advantages, they are more loyal to their party than to their country.

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GOOD ROADS

At the Good Roads Convention in Ottawa lately, Mr. James McEwen told how Wellington County secured its 180 miles of stone roads, what they cost and how they are maintained. Mr. A. F. Wood gave similar information concerning the 400 miles of stone roads in Hastings County. That is the sort of knowledge the inhabitants of counties still afflicted with toll roads require. The time is at hand for the general improvement of the wagon roads of Ontario, and the offer of Provincial aid to the project will stimulate action. A visitor to the convention from the United States, Hon. Martin Dodge, remarked that "it was strange that the two English-speaking people on this side of the Atlantic, who had made immense progress in other respects, should be so far behind in the matter of improving highways. Although there were three million miles of highways in the United States, not much more than 1 per cent. of that distance had been permanently improved. During the last quarter of a century, in the United States, attention had been devoted to the construction of railways rather than highways, and Canada was copying this example. This could not perhaps be deemed a mistake, but if it was thought necessary to diminish the cost of long distance transmission by building railways one-half the anticipated benefit would not be derived unless the railways were supplemented by wagon roads, so as to get the reduction of cost in the short as well as the long haul. The people in the United States were awakening to the importance of this question, and now that the transcontinental lines had been built and the country grid-ironed with railways, were devoting themselves to the improvement of the highways, so as to diminish the cost of transportation by horse and wagon. Hon. Mr. Dodge then described the methods adopted under the direction of the Washington Bureau for interesting the people in the good roads movement. These consisted of object lessons in road building, with the application of labor-saving machinery, and the distribution of literature."

Mr. Pattullo expressed the opinion that the railway corporations would be willing to pay a very large amount of taxation, if the proceeds of such taxation were devoted to improving the highways of the country, because they would get the benefit of the expenditure as well as the farmers. He also held out the hope that the Legislature would offer the municipalities more money assistance than has been already voted. Both of these suggestions, in our opinion, he might better have kept to himself, since both imply raising money for road building by indirect taxation, more costly to the farmers in the end than the direct method.

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A MUNICIPAL TAX ON CATS

Every man who pays a dog tax in Ontario, and anyone who should do so but does not, will be pleased to learn that a bill has been introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature empowering municipalities to put a license on cats. That this was not done long ago is what must surprise dog-owners.

Every reason advanced for taxing dogs in this city can be urged with equal force in favor of taxing cats. If dogs howl, cats yowl. If there are stray dogs, of no use to anybody, similarly there are cats. If dogs are liable to rabies, so are cats, and they are known to be more dangerous as carriers of disease germs. But the chief offence of the cat is its crying in the night, together with the fact that it will climb any fence in order to get under your window. It has also a provoking agility in escaping when you open your window seeking to do it bodily harm. If you could ever hit one of them with anything, you could forgive the species.

Perhaps, if one seeks the reason for the discrimination at present existing against the dog, it is found in the fact that dogs used to kill sheep, and a tax was imposed on them to create a fund from which sheep-owners could be recompensed for such losses. Here we have no sheep, and the tax is imposed as a discouragement to dog-owning. Why should not cat-owning be discouraged also?

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The old Teutonic baker was somewhat deaf.

"I say," yelled the customer, scrutinizing his change. "I don't think this is good."

"Vot?" asked the baker, holding his hand to his ear.

"I don't think this half-dollar is good."

"Speak louder, mein friend."

"I say I want a better half!"

The old man's face brightened.

"Oh, you vant a bedder half. Vell, mein friend, dis vas no matrimonial bureau; ut vas a bake shop."—Chicago News.

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A correspondent sends a number of the strange messages received by teachers in elementary schools. Here, for example, is one from a mother who objects to physical culture:

"Miss Brown—You must stop teach my Lizzie fisical torture—she needs reading and figors more than that. If I want her to do jumpin', I kin make her jump."

And here are two miscellaneous notes:

"Miss B.—Please let Willie home at 3 o'clock. I take him out for a little pleasure to see his grandfather's grave."

"Dear Teacher—Please excuse Fritz for staying home—he had the measlis—to oblige his father."—Tit-Bits.

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A celebrated quack was once visited by an old acquaintance from the country, who addressed him as "Zam."

"I'm glad to see thee'st got on so finely, Zam," said the rustic. "But how is't, man? Thee know'st thee never had no more brains nor a pumpkin."

Taking him to a window, the quack bade him count the passers-by.

"How many have passed?" asked the quack, after a few minutes.

"Neinty or a hundred."

"And how many wise men do you suppose were among this hundred?"

"Mayhap one."

"Well, all the rest are mine."

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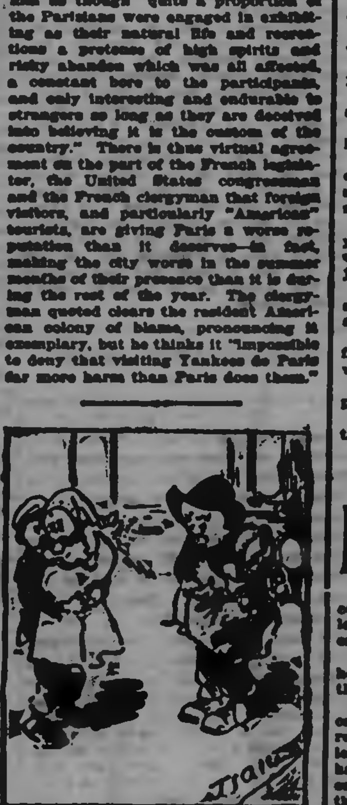
A teacher in a Texas public school received the following letter the other day:—

"Sir,—Will you in the future give my son easier some to do at nites? This is what he brought hoam two or three nites back: 'If fore gallins of bere will fill thirty to pint bottles, how many pints and half bottles will nine gallins of bere fil?' Well, we tried and could make nothin' of it at all, and my boy cried and laughed and sed he didn't dare to go bak in the mornin' without doin' it. So I had to go and buy a nine-gallin keg of bere, which I could ill afford to do, and then he went and borrowed a lot of wine and brandy bottles. We fill them, and my boy put the number down for an answer. I don't know whether it is right or not, as we spilt some while doin' it. P.S.—Please let the next sum be in water, as I am not able to buy [illegible]."

The Undeserved Evil Repute of Paris.

An interesting discussion as to the public morals of Frenchmen and "Americans" has recently been started by Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to the United States, who made a trip home not long ago, and was so much impressed by what he saw in the Paris streets, during the summer season, that he felt constrained to make an earnest protest against what seemed to him bad tendencies. He complained of the marked increase in the absinthe habit, and of the growing quantity of indecent pictures and cartoons to be seen in the public streets. Senator Berenger, another prominent Frenchman, who is at the head of the Society for the Prevention of License in the Streets, promptly admitted the justice of M. Cambon's censure, and said that the police have of late put hardly any restrictions upon the exposure, in the central parts of Paris, of engravings and cards which offend decency. He declared that this evil is always at its worst during the summer months, and that its unusual prevalence at this season is because it "springs up especially to meet the average foreigner's conception of the gay capital." Thousands of foreigners go to Paris every year for a short vacation, he adds naively, "intent on having a good time, and declaring their intention so loudly that the city takes on a particular hue for their benefit." This view has been emphatically sustained by the pastor of a French Protestant church in Paris, who asserts that Anglo-Saxon visitors are the foreigners most to blame in this matter, and Americans the worst offenders of all. He contends that the keepers of kiosks where quantities of "lurid photographs" are sold told him that "Americans" are their best customers, purchasing handfuls of vicious papers and cards, which they distribute widely in their own country.

According to the New York "Evening Post," striking testimony to the truth of all this has just been furnished by a member of the United States Congress. Representative Gillett of the Springfield (Mass.) district, a man of high standing and proved independence, has been traveling for some weeks with Speaker Henderson of Iowa, in England and on the Continent. In a recent letter he remarked that the shops, the hotels, and, above all, the class of amusements which we call "Frenchy," and which "Americans" flock to Paris to see, seemed to him "artificial and made to order to meet the taste of American visitors." He frankly admitted that "it's no credit to us what they think our taste is," and bluntly declared that he had been "thoroughly disgusted to see not only American men, but ladies, too, trying to be amused by sights which they would think both stupid and low at home." He added that it seemed to him as though "quite a proportion of the Parisians were engaged in exhibiting as their natural life and recreations a pretence of high spirits and risky abandon which was all affected, a constant bore to the participants, and only interesting and endurable to strangers so long as they are deceived into believing it is the custom of the country." There is thus virtual agreement on the part of the French legislator, the United States congressman and the French clergyman that foreign visitors, and particularly "Americans" tourists, are giving Paris a worse reputation than it deserves—in fact, making the city worse in the summer months of their presence than it is during the rest of the year. The clergyman quoted clears the resident American colony of blame, pronouncing it exemplary, but he thinks it "impossible to deny that visiting Yankees do Paris far more harm than Paris does them."



"Well, anyway, Willie, er—carrying dese babies 'll help our muscle."—Harper's Bazar.

Discretion Better Than Valor.

A New Yorker, the owner of a magnificent yacht, had for his guests on a recent trip three very clever young men, all of them suitors for the hand of his beautiful daughter. The young woman could not determine which she liked the best, they were equally good looking and equally eligible as to wealth and position.

In her perplexity she sought the advice of the Old Salt, a kindly and generous old sea-dog, who sailed the yacht.

"I tell you what I'd do, Miss, if I were you," he said. "The next time we are in a safe place you fall overboard. I will stand by to see that no harm comes to you, and then you can see which is the best man of the lot."

The plan was agreed to, and a day or two later the young woman slid off the plank into the water. In a second two of the young men were in after her and she was heroically rescued. As soon as possible the heroine sought the captain.

"What am I to do now?" she asked. "I have two of them still left."

"Well, I would say this," replied the captain. "If you want a good, sensible husband, you take the one that did not jump after you."

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Mrs. Scrappington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that in Patagonia a wife can be purchased for a dollar. Mr. Scrappington—Well, there may be wives in Patagonia that are worth that much.—"Harper's Bazar."

"Do you think that Miss Strong will make Jack a good wife?" Malcomdson inquired of Chubbey.

"I wouldn't say that, but you just bet your life she'll try to make him a good hubby."—Philadelphia Press.

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Yeast—Don't you think arbitration is the safest way to settle disputes?

Crimsonbeak—No, I must say that I do not. We had some trouble with our cook and I went to the kitchen to arbitrate the matter with her. Come up to the house some time and I'll show you what remains of the suit of clothes I wore that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

The Soda Fountain Clerk.

Consider now the meek and humble soda fountain clerk.

Who draweth off the moistened air with nimble turn and jerk.

His garb is always spotless white when first he puts it on.

But, lo, before an hour hath passed its spotlessness hath gone.

For then he hath vanilla on the bosom of his vest, and streaks of red raspberry make his trousers seem a jest.

While chocolate and ginger give a tiger-like effect to the balance of the garments in which he's proudly decked.

His hair is limp and languid, and is parted square and true

Above the very center of his nose, which turneth blue,

Because he hath to linger in the acid and the ice, to fix up funny mixtures for the one that hath the price.

He maketh strange concoctions in the line of fancy drinks, and all the while he watcheth for persuasive sorts of winks.

From early morn he twisteth at the soda water spout, and turneth the ice-crusher till the ice hath given out.

He diggeth in the ice cream and he rusheth with the glass, while his deadly hated rival buys the soda for the lass.

Yea, verily, the soda clerk, he hath a sorry time, for he must know the way to get nine cents out of each dime.

And he must be a hustler, that there will not be a loss of ice or gas or water, or he'll tremble at the boss.

How often, oh, how often, hath the soda jerker grinned at the one who payeth nickels for a penny's worth of wind;

How often, oh, how often, doth a calm and peaceful smile go flitting o'er his visage when a drink goes out of style.

But ah, alas, my son, sometimes he feeleth very bad, and then is when the ladies come with garments rich and glad.

The ladies fill the rockers and the doorways and the stools, and insist upon a liquid that both elevates and cools.

And one declareth that she'd like some chocolate with cream, and when he draweth it, straightway "Oh no!" the maid doth scream.

And then she voweth that she hath already changed her mind, and wanteth just a phosphate with a piece of lemon rind.

And yet, again the other maids declare they do not know just what they wish—and on and on their mild objections flow.

The weary soda fountain clerk suggesteth this and that, from plain old lemon phosphate to a dose of anti-fat.

And finally the ladies fair with one consent conclude that chocolate and cream shall be their soda fountain food.

Now, when he draweth all the drinks, his troubles are not done—

Nay, verily, my trusting child, they are but half begun;

For each and every maiden there doth straightway rise and say:

"Now, girls, I'll think it's awful if you do not let me pay!"

And all protest, and all object, and all their plans defend,

And not a one takes out her purse her lovely cash to spend.

Now, finally, the soda clerk suggesteth that each maid shall pay for what she drank—and then beginneth the tirade.

For all the ladies vow in wrath—yea, yea, they almost sob—that they will his employer see, and take from him his job.

And then they take their parasols, and sternly go away, and not a cent of all that bill do they take steps to pay.

The gentle soda fountain clerk, he falleth in a daze, and leaneth on the vichy tube, and wicked things he says.

Is this not true, just as we have composed it, with much work?

It surely is—and if you doubt, go ask the soda clerk.—Baltimore "American."

The Restlessness of Women.

In the July "Cosmopolitan" Ella Wheeler Wilcox, with characteristic force and directness, deals with what she regards as a very serious and growing evil now prevalent among her sex in this country, at least among those who belong to the well-to-do and upper classes of society. She says:

"One who studies American womanhood with any care must be alarmed at the growing restlessness of the sex.

"My mountain of mail is often a volcano of seething unrest. It seems a relief to many women—women, doubtless, whom the world supposes to be happy wives and mothers—to write to one they believe to be sympathetic, of the discontent that surges in their hearts.

"To turn from these letters to a social function is to encounter the same elements in another form. Beneath jeweled corsages beat restless hearts; from under the flower-laden brims of the modish hats look unhappy eyes, gazing out into the world with longing for an indefinable something—a happiness imagined but unattained.

"While I believe the tendency of humanity is constantly upward toward a higher plane, it is an indisputable fact that this restlessness of woman is a giant evil, and one of serious growth."

Mrs. Wilcox says it is puzzling to trace this great wave of feminine restlessness to its source. She speaks of the present false standards of wealth, the desire for splendid social station, and for villas at the seaside and castles in Europe, but closes by saying that "after all, a lack of good, everyday common sense is at the bottom of" it all. While this restlessness is a baleful sign of the times, rendered all the more mischievous by the almost equal restlessness of men, it is comforting to reflect that there is a large—a very large—class of women who have and who use constantly good, everyday common sense. But of course they do not belong to that growing class of women who desire to lead in society, and who dream of villas, castles and foreign titles.

Beware of Danger.

Said the melancholy man: "Do you ever look back on your life and reflect on the opportunities you have missed?" "No, sir," answered the hustler. "It would be just my luck to miss some more while I was brooding over what can't be helped."—"Waverley Magazine."

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Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

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Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am, but you'll get educated up to it in time.—[illegible]

The old proverb: "To be at peace prepare for war," is the secret of the larger part of life's successes, whether of nations or individuals.

The difference between the healthy, happy mother who has healthy children to nurse and nourish, and the weak, nervous mother, with a weakling child, is mostly a difference of preparation.

The great preparative for motherhood is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. It gives the mother strength to give her child. It imparts elasticity and strength to the organs of maternity so that the baby's advent is practically painless.

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Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Pieshaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they want it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous.' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation."

The "Fake" Element in Success.

It is well enough to prate about the beauties of absolute truth and sincerity, but there is no successful merit without a little "faking" to set it off; and "faking" without merit will prosper where merit without "faking" would starve. Barnum's declaration that the public loves to be humbugged is not flippancy, but a serious criticism of human nature. Apropos, an exchange relates the following:

"Here, Willie," said one of the foremost members of the bar, the other day, to his office boy, "spill a little red ink on this will." The boy took the document, which had been neatly typewritten and backed, and proceeded to rule red lines about the margin and across the indentations and spaces; underscored initial words in paragraphs and doubly underscored divers names and phrases; and then returned the paper to his employer.

"This red ink is a little bit of 'faking' one must do to please people," remarked the lawyer to a newspaperman who happened to be present. "Most clients won't believe that a will, a deed or a contract is valid unless there is red ink on it. Once I drew a will for a rich old man. I gave the matter much care and study and drafted the instrument briefly and in very simple language. I had it typewritten, but neglected to enliven the document with fancy designs in red. Really, I was proud of the simplicity and at the same time of the clearness of the draft. About a fortnight later another lawyer, a friend of mine, con-

Pierre-Marie, who was older than his companion and had been wrecked once before, was the first to come to himself again; he looked out upon the sea and I heard him mumble a savage oath. Then, as he took off his wet woollen jacket he caught sight of the laniard of his watch; this he drew from under his belt and held to his ear.

"H'm!" he exclaimed in surprise, "it has not stopped! That—" and he tapped it lightly with his finger—"that is a good watch!"

As soon as they were dressed in dry clothes and cheered a little by the hot wine, they were eager to know what had become of the boat. Pierre-Marie flushed purple when he heard that the pilot Alexandre had hastened to the place of the accident and had righted her.

With their knees still trembling, their hair stuck to their foreheads by the salt water and the sweat of their agony, their bodies shaken with suppressed sobs at the thought of the young companion they had lost, they climbed into the boat again and sailed away. They turned the Pointe des Poulains, passed the gay little port of Desborck on their way to the pretty little port of Bordery. The Gouenantin girl had to be notified. I kept to the land and arrived at the same time as the others. It was the fateful murmur of the crowd that warned the child.

She came out on the threshold of her door, upright in her black costume, her anxious little face flanked by the white wings of her coif. From afar she saw the peasants and the fishermen who were gathering together. They were pitying her. She could see it in their looks; she could hear it in their sorrowful words and the "Alas! alas!" that the wind brought her.

Driven by some unknown force, she ran towards the slope of the road that rose between her and those who were approaching. The child's face was pale and her eyes were wide with terror. When she saw the two fishermen returning alone, she understood at once what had happened. With a cry of anguish she ran back to the house calling out, "He is dead! he is dead!" to those within.

"He is dead! he is dead!" she cried to the pictures of the two departed parents. "He is dead! he is dead!"—and she threw herself down at the foot of the black cross fastened to the white wall. "He is dead! he is dead!" she murmured, choked with sobbing, as she crouched down, her head pressed against the wall and her arms stretched up to the image of Christ.

The fishermen and peasants, their hats in their hands, stood in silence outside the threshold, unable to find any words of consolation. I was among them, and, like them, was speechless.

fided to me as a joke that the man for whom I drew the will had gone to him with the document, expressed doubts whether so simple a will could be valid, and when assured that it was valid, had gone away unsatisfied. When the old man died a will was filed, bearing date a few weeks after that which I had drawn. The document was gorgeous in red embroidery and heavy with unnecessary technical phrases. Evidently the old man had had another will drafted that pleased his eye. It is some satisfaction to me to know that the court construed the ornamental will to mean what I knew to be the very contrary of the testator's intention. Since then I have not spared the red ink."

A Touch of Doggerel.

In the "North American Review" we find an interesting article by Dr. A. W. P. Martin on the poetry of the Chinese. The Celestial poets, like our own, are mainly minor. One of them addresses his lady-love in this wise:

Twin trees whose boughs together twine,
Two birds that guard one nest,
We'll soon be far asunder torn,
As [illegible] from the West.

Hearts knit in childhood's innocence,
Long bound in Hymen's ties,
One goes to distant battlefields,
One sits at home and sighs.

Like carrier dove, though seas divide,
I'll seek my lonely mate;
But if afar I find a grave,
You'll mourn my hapless fate.

The flavor seems quite familiar. In fact, adds the "Outlook," one touch of doggerel makes the whole world kin.

* * *

Some people are so anxious to keep their left hand in ignorance of the deeds of their right that they keep it in perpetual idleness.—Ex.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

* * *

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Queer Conventionality.

The royal English family is exceedingly domestic and affectionate; but there had developed among its members and the people connected with the court a strange surface dread of meeting the Queen, which was perfectly incomprehensible to outsiders. It was quite real on the part of her children, and was probably a remnant of their rather stern bringing up. The efforts they made to vanish into thin air when the Queen came upon them unawares were most ludicrous. From them the entourage caught the same spirit, which led to many amusing incidents. Says a writer in the "Century Magazine:" We were coming home from Whippingham Church, designed and built by Prince Albert, and where Princess Beatrice had been married the year before, when we suddenly came upon a royal group walking leisurely ahead toward Osborne Cottage. Naturally we slackened our pace, when, to our dismay, we saw looming up in the opposite direction certain white ponies and outriders. Caught between two fires, we paused a moment, took in the situation, and decided quickly that we had just time to scramble in safely before the Queen's carriage could draw up at the door. Seeing that the advance party had already turned into the vine-covered porch, we gave wings to our heels and bolted in, too, and there suddenly came upon the whole company saying good-bye to one another, nearly knocking them over in our mad haste. Prince —— and H.R.H. the —— of ——, seeing our breathless condition, and at the same time hearing horses' hoofs approaching, quickly guessed what the frightful danger was and left their conversation unfinished, having in common with us only one idea, that of getting out of the Queen's sight at once." Poor people or perfect strangers the Queen never minded seeing at all. It was only those whom she knew about that she did not care to encounter, as it would put her in the awkward position of being discourteous and passing them by, or else force her to stop and talk with them, when she felt disinclined to do so. Hence, out of deference to the Queen's supposed feelings, arose the etiquette prescribing that one must never be seen on her path. This grew into a stereotyped rule.

Wisdom From the Orient.

Taking Chinese proverbs as they are found in the literature of that nation, they contain many gems of wisdom that cannot be claimed by any Western people.

A peculiar proverb exposing the works of Chinese idolatry runs as follows: "A maker of graven images does not worship the gods; he knows what they are made of." Speaking thus in regard to his make-believe gods, the Chinaman disposes of his real divinities in a manner equally quaint. The saying is attributed to Confucius: "Respect the gods, but keep them at a distance." Some of the proverbs of Cathay are remarkable for their insight. For instance, the following is by no means shallow: "The man of first-rate excellence is virtuous independent of instruction; he of the middling class becomes so after instruction. The lowest order of man is vicious in spite of instruction." Here, too, is a truth which carries far in a work-a-day world: "A single conversation across the table with a wise man is better than ten years' mere study of books." Again, the following is an example of much that might almost have been made to Socrates' order: "When the work of merit is done and reputation is coming, to get out of the way is the high road to Heaven." And, setting aside the wisdom of the wise, we find the last commentary of the pessimistic Chinaman on things in general in the following concise form: "For every soul that Heaven creates Earth provides a grave."

"L'Ouvrage."

The god of heart's desire, ignored, doth wait,
Whilst sated Wealth within the palace gate
Lures dreamless sleep in vain, and 'waits his fate.

Whilst he (to whom this god's an unloved guest),
His brawn would barter, and his hungry nest,
For Wealth's soft, silken pillows of unrest.

"Splendid and terrible, the wage I deal;
To some, a curse, for others, balm to heal:
To-day, I hide; to-morrow, I reveal."
—Richard Sereno.

A Novel Enterprise.

"Harper's Bazar" states that a young woman in a Western city is adding very appreciably to an otherwise moderate income by making sandwiches. As usual with these nondescript businesses, the occupation came by chance. It fell to her lot once or twice to furnish sandwiches as her contribution to one or two fairs and festivals, and their excellence aroused comment. Then friends coaxed her into sandwich service now and then, till at last she took advantage of her evident specialty and became a professional at it. Many of her combinations are original, one of the moment being chopped pineapple mixed with a delicate cream cheese, the variety that is made from whipped cream. She does all the work herself, even to the designing of attractive little cards decorated with a seasonable flower upon which she prints in dainty script her assortment with prices. The success of her work undoubtedly lies in the limitation which she puts upon it—she will take no more orders than she can fill herself, and each sandwich which leaves her hand is as perfect as if it were the only one. She finds a demand for her products throughout the year, picnic sandwiches being one of her most frequent orders.

* * *

Mrs. Pretty—Isn't it strange? Mrs. Beauti has not put on mourning for her husband. Mrs. Pretty—I understand that her late husband particularly requested that she should not. Mrs. Pretty—The brute! I s'pose he knew how lovely she would look in it.—[illegible]

The Actor's Summer.

This is the time of year, writes Alan Dale, the well-known New York dramatic critic, when I fretfully and enviously, read the reports of the actor's summer. These reports are always gorgeously and artistically arranged. They are calculated to make any poor breadwinner repine. At the close of his "season," after having led a gilded butterfly life, with the plaudits of enthusiastic millions ringing in his ears, tired out with all this rapturous approval, and with just strength enough to gather in the colossal mound of shekels that have been showered at him—the actor goes to his "summer home" to live for three dreamy, wistful, sweetly inactive months, until the hungry public calls him back again.

They are all most anxious for us to know how they summer. If there were a commandment saying, "Thou shalt not covet thy actor's summer," I should break it hopelessly. I always regret my fate when these beautiful, rosy reports come in. Why should the actors alone possess the magician's wand that transforms a three-room flat in Harlem to a "mansion overlooking the Hudson," or a six-dollar-a-week boarding-house in Asbury Park to a "summer home by the Atlantic?" Why should the fairy gift of metamorphosing a Bloomsbury furnished room into a palatial hotel be exclusively confined to the actor?

Some of the profession are much better actors during their summer than they are during their thirty weeks of labor. How often has my riotous soul oozed in a frenzy of covetous discontent as I have watched the stalwart leading man on Broadway, hale, bronzed and picturesquely attired in tennis clothes, who has just rushed in for a day to see his banker! The magic wand and a little brown grease paint have, perhaps, done it all. He has walked down from East One Hundred and Seventy-fifth street, where his wife and seven children are spending the summer and the winter. But I don't know it, at the time, and in the actor's column headed "In Summer Places" I have read that he was wooing inertia and recuperating after an ardent season.

They all act these press agent parts so efficiently. They summer only because it is absolutely necessary for their health. They are always on the verge of nervous prostration, owing to the strain of "one-night stands." If they have been in New York all season, it is owing to the strain of New York. Managers are after them to play all summer. No company on earth has ever been known to close for any other reason than weariness. The actors summer because they can't work any longer. It is because the actors summer that the public goes to the seaside and the mountains. If the actors did not get so awfully tired the season would go right on revolving, without beginning or end, like a circle. It is in desperation because the actors won't let us go to the theaters any more that we say, "The season is over. Let us go out of town until Romeo and Juliet have recuperated."

How different it is in other walks of life! We snatch a scanty two weeks from the interminable fifty-two—and we are never missed. Nobody cares a hang whether we come back or whether we do not. Our goose is never a swan. Lucky actor! Thrice fortunate summerer! He never discovers—as, alas! we do—that the beautiful retreat, with fruit and shade trees, is a hideous barn with the shade furnished by hanging out clothes; that the adorable farmhouse with fresh milk and unequalled eggs is a fraud, and that the only glimpse of the fresh milk and unequalled eggs is caught as they are sent to the city; that the exquisite summer hotel is ugly with the cackling, tiresome gossipers of adjacent towns. Lucky actor! Thrice fortunate summerer! I envy you.

The First Firecracker.

There lived in China, years ago,
An odd old mandarin,
Whose temper was so peppery
They called him Sin-ah-sin.

He wandered through the crowded streets
In search of daily bread,
And wore a garment long and straight,
Which once was brightest red.

But worn in all the dust and rain,
In dampness and in dew,
It stiffened slowly with the grime,
And turned a dingy hue;

And like a cylinder became,
So long, and straight, and round,
It wrapped Ah-sin from head to heels,
And in it he seemed bound.

And out upon the collar high
His yellow queue hung down,
Till nothing of that mandarin
Was seen, but just his crown.

This robe so heavy did become,
That he could scarcely walk,
And o'er the top of it he tried
In vain, alas! to talk.

The boys they chaffed, and taunted him,
And missiles at him cast,
And called him shabby Sin-ah-sin,
As he went dragging past.

Though Ah-sin's blood did often boil
At cruel jest and jeer,
The while he wore that rigid coat
The lads had ne'er a fear.

And so, one pleasant July day,
The gamins round Ah-sin
Said, "Let us have a little fun
With this old mandarin."

And stepping up applied a torch
To Ah-sin's precious queue,
When flashing forth a brilliant light,
They heard a noise, and whew!—

They saw Ah-sin, from out their sight
Go up in flame and smoke,
While o'er their heads, in tiny bits,
Flew pieces of his cloak.

With pent-up wrath he did explode,
That poor old mandarin,
And far from coats, and canes, and boys,
Went grimy Sin-ah-sin.
—M. M. Greenleaf in "Youth's Companion."

* * *

"Brethren and sisteren," concluded the Rev. Washington Johnson, "I hab demonstrated abstrusely dat de Lord hates a thief—dat he is not to be propigated by no offering, tho' I beg de person or persons who stole yo' pastor's hog to make no contribution at de circulation of de offertory platter." Note—The collection beat all previous records.—Princeton "Tiger."

Mrs. Sharpe (severely)—Norah, I can find only seven of these plates. Where are the other five? Cook (in surprise) —Sure, Mum, don't you make no allowances for ordinary wear an' tear?—"Puck."

Bella—You look worried, dear. Get something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

* * *

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,
Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

Together they sat down on a mossy log beside the murmuring brook, and, as he turned his face toward her in the moonlight, Daisy was startled to see how white and haggard it was.

"I have so much to say to you, Lily, that I hardly know how to begin," he said at length. "On your yes or no tonight depends my whole future. My life, my well or evil doing, all depend on what you shall say to me tonight."

Daisy looked up anxiously at him.

"I do not understand," she said, simply. "You— you— frighten me, Mr.— Mr.— Harold."

He was silent for a moment, and she guessed rather than knew that some great struggle was going on in his mind.

"Lily!" he cried. "I am obliged to leave here suddenly. I ought to be away from here now, but I could not leave you— I could not!"

"Perhaps you may come back some time— soon," she answered, faintly.

A curious shudder passed over his dark, handsome face.

"I would come back if the prayer of my heart was answered tonight," he said, hoarsely. "You must not be startled when I tell you what it is."

She laughed a gay, rippling laugh, to see how earnest he was; but the smile died from her lips when she saw his face grow even whiter.

He drew nearer to her, pausing as though to collect his strength for a desperate effort.

"Lily," he said, "marry me, and come with me; it is my only salvation —my only hope."

Daisy drew back quite frightened.

"Marry you," she repeated, with colorless cheeks, "oh, I cannot— that would be quite impossible. I am frightened at the very word. Every one has always said: 'Never think of marrying until you are twenty;' and I am not seventeen, you know. I would not marry any one and leave home with him for the world."

"Marry me, and remain here for a year, if you will, and I will return for you," he urged. "Let me feel sure that you are bound to me so firmly that no one could take you from me. Mine is the prayer of a desperate man. Let your own heart plead for me."

"No, no, you must not ask me," cried Daisy, sobbingly.

But love has an eloquence all its own— what maiden can steel her heart in youth's spring-time against an eager lover's wooing. And then there was no argument possible that he did not use.

And while he pleaded, painting in glowing words what their future would be like, a strange idea had occurred to Daisy— what a glorious revenge it would be upon Hetty and Olive for leaving her here in the dreary old farmhouse for two long weeks, to come home and find her married— yes, actually married— she, the little willful romp of the family, married before either one of her elder sisters, and to a handsome young husband who fairly adored her.

It would be something, too, very like the romance of poor Cinderella, whom her sisters left at home while they went off to enjoy the grand ball.

Daisy's eyes sparkled with amusement; yes, indeed, it would certainly be a glorious revenge upon arch Olive and impertinent Hetty. The seriousness and solemnity of marriage never once entered her pretty head.

Poor Daisy, she was so young—she did not realize the importance of such a step, and too guileless to know that marriage without the consent of those who were nearest and dearest to her should never have been thought of for a single moment.

"Lily," cried her lover, "you are so silent that I begin to fear that—— Will you marry me, or will you send me away to destruction and death?"

His passionate words alarmed her. Ah, how much he must love her to say that he would surely go to destruction if he lost her. That was indeed love.

An hour later they were standing in the dim old church.

The wind seemed to sob outside, and the leaves of the trees that tossed their branches against the window-pane seemed to quiver like lost spirits in distress.

To Daisy it seemed like a strange, weird dream.

The feeble old minister looked in wonder at the pair before him—the girl so young and exquisitely lovely, the man so handsome but ill at ease. The bridegroom knew that it was the cruelest thing he could do to link this fair young life to his own dark, checkered one; but he did not spare her, and the fatal ceremony which was to bind these two lives together until God set one or the other free went on to the end.

Daisy noticed, too, in wonder that the minister, all through the ceremony, had addressed her as Lillian Ruthven, instead of her own name, Daisy Gordon; but then the minister —an evangelical preacher —was a stranger in the neighborhood—he did not know her.

It was not until she was standing alone with Harold St. John out in the moonlight that she fully realized what she had done, and a strange, deadly chill swept over her.

"Lillian, my darling, my bride," he was murmuring.

(To be Continued.)

"My Kidneys are all Wrong! How shall I insure best results in the shortest time?" It stands to reason that a liquid specific of the unquestionable merit of South American Kidney Cure will go more directly and quickly to the seat of the trouble than the "pill form" treatment, and when it strikes the spot there's healing in an instant.—93

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

BIRDS FED on Cottams Seed with patent Bird Bread are enabled to appropriate more nourishment than from any other food. Manufactured under six patents, it is double the value of its closest competitor.

BEWARE of imitations. Be sure "BART COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible] COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK [illegible]

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

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The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—"There is no just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentleman's Style is desired.

Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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DETROIT, MICH.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 26, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The weather at present is more like May than "blustery March."

—Everyone that wants the best photos in town at a reasonable price, they all go to Whiten's to have them taken. Everything up-to-date. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

—An excellent program has been prepared for the entertainment by the primary class of the George Street Sunday school, this evening.

—A meeting of inside workers connected with the Federation of Labor, will be held in the labor hall this evening. The regular weekly meeting will be held to-morrow evening instead of on Friday.

—At the sitting of the court yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Lount said it was a disgrace that there was not a proper place provided for the aged and poor people. The gaol was no place for them. In the face of this, the Town and County Councils should make some move.

—At a meeting of St. John's Mission Band, Miss Grace Rogers presented a report, showing that excellent work had been done during the year. $52 had been devoted to missionary objects during the year. Miss Jessie Gould was elected secretary, and Miss Dora Dutton, treasurer.

—The steamer Ogemah, formerly Alice-Ethel, of the Trent Valley Navigation Company's fleet, is being widened to the full width of her guard rails. This will offset her tendency to roll and will also add to her carrying capacity. The work is being done at Bobcaygeon.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing materials neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

W. A. of St. Luke's Church.

The regular business meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of St. Lukes Church, Ashburnham, will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Miss Munro, a missionary from Japan, who is on furlough, will deliver an address on the missionary work in that land.

A Coming Musical Treat

The citizens of town who are lovers of high-class music will be delighted to learn that Mrs. W. J. Morrow has decided to give another of her splendid musical entertainments in the Opera House on the evening of Monday, May 5th. Mrs. Morrow will be assisted by talent from Toronto, and her class of upwards of 25 pupils. The details have not been fully arranged but this will undoubtedly be one of the best musical efforts put forth in Peterborough. Further details will be announced later.

Wedded in Hamilton

The following item appeared in a Hamilton paper, and refers to an old Peterborough boy:—"The announcement is made to-day of the marriage at Toronto of Miss Florence Baugh, daughter of Dr. Baugh, to W. A. Tebb, manager of the local branch of the Semi-Ready Clothing company. The news of the wedding will surprise some of the friends of the contracting parties, but on their return from their honeymoon they will receive many congratulations, as the bride and groom are very popular. The wedding was a quiet affair, Cupid having kept it a secret."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. H. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

BAND CONCERT
GOOD FRIDAY!
MATINEE 2.30 P. M.
EVENING 8 P. M.
WILL J. WHITE
(of Toronto)
Canada's Premier Humorist
and other special attractions.
Admission 10c. Children 5c.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish th paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood are in town for the Easter holidays.

—Miss Barton is the guest of Miss McKee, Rubidge street, town.

—Mr. Kerr, manager of the Cordova Mines, is in town, attending the Spring Assizes.

—Judge Ketchum, of Cobourg, was in town yesterday, and held a special session of the County Court.

—Mr. Brown, the genial proprietor of the Chemong Park hotel, was in town yesterday, and gave The Times a pleasant call.

—The many friends of Mr. Thomas Kelly were pleased to see him on the street again yesterday, after his recent illness.

—Mrs. R. M. Dennistoun has been confined to her room for the past few days through illness.

—Mr. Jack Dowling, of Toronto, is in town, spending a few days with Dr. McFall, prior to his trip to England with the lacrosse team.

—Mrs. W. J. Doughty is recovering from her recent illness, extending over a period of nearly four months. Her many friends will be pleased to see her around again.

An Up-to-date Delivery Rig

There is on exhibition in the warerooms of Messrs. W. J. Doughty and Son., the well-known carriage and implement dealers on Water Street, a new and thoroughly up-to-date butchers delivery wagon which was purchased by Mr. John Mervin, through this well-known firm. The wagon was built in Orillia by Meader and Son, and is one of three which will be seen on the streets this summer. Mr. Mervin will have two and the third will be used by Mrs. Denoon. The warerooms are filled with a very large stock of first class buggies, built by well-known and reliable makers such as, the Brantford Carriage Co., Palmerston Carriage Co. McIntosh Carriage Co., of Alexandria, and Heeney and Co., of Montreal. The display of buggies is unequalled in town. The public are cordially invited to call and inspect the stock.

FOUND GUILTY

Fred Cousins, Who was Charged with Setting Fire to a House in Ashburnham

In the County Judges Criminal Court yesterday morning, before His Honour, Judge Ketchum, Fred. Cousins was found guilty of setting fire to a house on Robinson Street, Ashburnham, last month. Sentence was not passed on the prisoner as he is to be examined by two physicians as to his sanity as it is alleged by some of his friends that he is not in his right mind. After receiving the report of the physicians Judge Ketchum will pass sentence according to the report. The prisoner was represented by Barrister Morden, of Belleville.

LETTER FROM TOM MILLER

Mrs. F. W. Miller Received Word from Her Son, Tom, in South Africa

The following short letter has been received from Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Miller, from their Son Tom, who is serving in South Africa.

Bloemfontein, Feb. 22, 1902.

Dear mother,—I received your welcome letter to-day, and was very pleased to hear from you.

There is not much chance of us coming back for the coronation. We received a new draught of 300 men a short time back, so that don't look much like going home, does it? There are two of our companies on the march again, but I don't think my company will have any more of it to do. Well, dear mother, I don't know of any more to say this time so hoping to hear from you again, I remain, your loving son, Tom.

In a previous letter Tom states that his company is engaged five days in the week in bringing Boer prisoners from Bloemfontein to Elmfontein, a work he does not care for.

THE NEW SKATING RINK

Messrs. Kelis and Knapman Appointed to Solicit Subscriptions

A very representative meeting of those interested in the new skating and hockey rink was held in the offices of Messrs. Hatton and Bradburn last night. The chairman, Mayor Denne announced that already about $2800.00 had been subscribed. Subscriptions were coming in fast and in a short time the amount will be fully subscribed. It was decided not to start the construction of the building until at least $4,000 was subscribed.

Messrs. Kelis and Knapman were appointed promoters to secure subscriptions for stock.

A prospectus will be drawn up and published in the course of a few days which will give valuable information regarding the organization of the company.

THE NEW WOMAN

Made Over By Quitting Coffee

Coffee probably wrecks a greater percentage of Southerners than Northern people, for Southerners use it more freely.

The work it does is distressing enough in some instances; as an illustration, Miss Sue W. Farrall, 517 N. 4th St., Richmond, Va., writes, "I was a coffee drinker for years and for about six years my health was completely shattered. I suffered fearfully with headaches and nervousness and palpitation of the heart and loss of appetite.

My sight gradually began to fail and finally I lost the sight of one eye altogether. The eye was operated upon and the sight partially restored, then I became totally blind in the other eye.

My doctor used to urge me to give up coffee, but I was wilful and continued to drink it until finally in a last case of severe illness the doctor insisted that I must give up the coffee so I began using the Postum Food Coffee and in a month I felt like a new creature.

I steadily gained in health and strength. About a month ago I began using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and the effect has been wonderful. I really feel like a new woman, and have gained about 25 pounds.

I am quite an elderly lady and before using Postum and Grape-Nuts I could not walk a square without exceeding fatigue, now I walk ten or twelve without feeling it. Formerly in reading I could remember but little but now my memory holds fast what I read.

Several friends who have seen the remarkable effects of Postum and Grape-Nuts on me have urged that I give the facts to the public for the sake of suffering humanity, so, although I dislike publicity, you can publish this letter and my name if you like."

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GOLF CLUB

MR. PETER CAMPBELL ELECTED HONORARY PRESIDENT AND MR. J. CRANE PRESIDENT

The Club is a Prosperous Condition—Will Seek Incorporation — Permanent Ground for Links

In our issue of yesterday, we were unable to give our readers a full report of the Peterborough Golf Club meeting which was held on Monday evening.

The first duty of the evening was to select a chairman, which duty was admirably preformed by Mr. Peter Campbell.

The first report presented was that of the Secretary Treasurer which showed that the work of that department had been carefully done and that the finances were in very good condition.

The report of the House was presented and showed that the expenditure of that branch had amounted to $24.50. As the committee will have 36 lockers to rent, and as there was no expense connected to the same they should have ample funds for their requirements.

With regard to the property on which the links are situated, Mr. Dennistoun stated they they belonged to one of his clients who was willing to give the club a lease of the grounds with an option to purchase the same

Mr. Neil, moved, seconded by Mr. Walker, that the Executive Committee take a lease of the property, and that the club be incorporated, and that the club agrees, in the event of purchasing, they do so for sporting purposes and not for speculation,—Carried.

Considerable discussion ensued as to the choosing of the teams and the matter of drawing up certain by-laws was referred to the executive.

The question of the annual fees was then taken up and it was decided that the annual fee should be $7.00 and that all members who enter after July 1st shall pay an additional $2.00. The annual meeting hereafter will be held on the first Friday in March.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres.,—Mr. Peter Campbell.
President,—Mr. John Crane.
Captain,—Mr. H. D. Burnett.
Sec.-Treas.,—Mr. C. H. Bradburn.
Greens Committee,—Messrs. Neil, Hamilton, McGill, Stratton, Dr. Greer.
House Committee,—Messrs. Dennistoun, Walker and Dr. Eastwood.
Auditors,—Messrs. Campbell and Crane.

The meeting was then adjourned.

The meeting indicated prospects for a most successful season.

Items of Interest

Rome, March 25.—A military expedition is being fitted out at Naples and other ports for the supposed purpose of attacking Tripoli. Two large transports have been chartered, each capable of carrying thousands of soldiers, and the War Department is unusually active. A large amount of ammunition is stored in the arsenals, and no leaves of absence are being granted in the army.

Toronto, March 25.—The importance of good scouting to an army in time of war was admirably set forth by Lt.-Col. Read, commandant of the Royal Military College, in a lecture on "Information and Intelligence in War," delivered in the messroom at the Armories before a good-sized audience on Saturday evening. Incidentally, it was pointed out that the British army had learned something from the present war in South Africa, as the intelligence department was not as efficient at the beginning of the war as it might have been or had since become.

Col. Buchan was chairman, and proved particularly well qualified to introduce the lecturer, having been associated with him in the South African campaign, in field manoeuvres in England, and at the R.M.C. in Kingston, to which Col. Read is attached.

As handled by the speaker the lecture proved highly instructive. The first point to be emphasized was he said, the importance of obtaining as much information in peace times of an enemy's strength and plans as possible, because this was very difficult, almost impossible to obtain during war. The Nile expedition, the Ashanti campaign, and the Soudan expedition of 1896 were cited and excellent examples of how the intelligence department may contribute to the success of an army. It was pointed out that this department had not been as efficient in the early stages of the present South African war as it might have been, but had since been highly developed.

DOGS DOING GOOD WORK.

Some of the best known methods of obtaining information were referred to, such as the work of Scouts and special agents, dogs, the use of balloons, etc. The value of good scouting could not be overestimated, and instances were given of notable work by scouts, including Burnham and others, during the present war. More than one general had lamented the loss of a good scout as equal to the loss of a brigade.

Considerable attention, he said, was paid to the training of scouts in the Russian army. A certain number of men were detailed from each regiment for this purpose, and were specially trained how to observe and take notes unobserved, and how to make a clear and concise report of what they had seen or heard. An instance of how valuable to an army is reliable information was quoted regarding the South African war. In one instance at least, the army had been enabled to administer a severe defeat to the enemy by reason of the information conveyed by a civilian who had displayed no little intelligence and courage in obtaining it.

Dogs were now coming into use more than ever, especially in European armies, and had proved useful as sentries, and in carrying despatches.

Speaking of balloons, the lecturer said the Italians claimed—and he emphasized the "claim"— to have taken a good photograph from a balloon at a distance of 15 miles from the object photographed.

Eyes Tested Free

Prof. J. H. De Gilberg, the celebrated eye specialist from Germany, will be in Hastings from Monday, March 24th, until Wednesday, March 26th, at the Coughlin House parlors; in Norwood on Thursday, March 27th, only, and April 1st to 2nd, at Dr. Moffatt's drug store; in Keene on April 3rd to April 4th, at Dr. Harrison's office; and in Lakefield April 5th to April 8th, at Dr. Burgess's drug store. Those having weak or imperfect eyes should not fail to consult him.

PETERBORO SPRING ASSIZES

PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND JURY HANDED IN YESTERDAY

The Suit Between Card vs. the Dickson Company Settled—Wasson vs. Douglas Heard in the Afternoon.

At the session yesterday of the Spring Assizes, now in progress before the Hon. Mr. Justice Lount, the case of Card vs Dickson Company was resumed. A settlement had been effected between the parties.

The following was the report of the Grand Jury, which was handed in yesterday morning:

The Hon. Mr. Justice Lount,—

May it please your Lordship, the Grand Jurors beg leave to present their report as follows:

In the first place we have to offer congratulations on the absence of crime in this county, as shown by the fact that there was no criminal business to demand our attention at the present assizes, and we are sure you will join in the congratulations upon a fortunate condition, which perhaps indicates a higher tone of popular morality, conjoined doubtless with an abundance of employment, which has a tendency to lessen the temptation to the more petty criminal offences.

Your Grand Jurors have visited and carefully inspected the jail and jail premises, and found everything well kept and in proper order. But your Jurors regret to note among the inmates, some persons for whom a jail is not a proper place of confinement. These include one insane person, an invalid, suffering, it is said, from paralysis, and a young woman recovering, or rather, not satisfactorily recovering, from confinement in child birth. These two latter cases are more fit for hospital treatment than for confinement as criminals in a jail, and your Jurors would recommend that immediate steps be taken to provide care for those unfortunate persons.

In this connection your Jurors desire to heartily agree with your suggestion as to a House of Refuge. Time after time Grand Jurors have urged this matter, but so far the town and county authorities have failed to unite on any basis of agreement, looking to the provision of so necessary an institution as a House of Refuge.

Your Jurors also visited the Nicholls Hospital, the St. Joseph's Hospital, the House of Providence, and the Protestant Home. All these institutions were found in apparently good condition, sanitary and otherwise, and the several staffs seemed to be doing their work faithfully. At the Nicholls Hospital, it was found that several improvements in the internal arrangements of the building have been made. There exists, however, one serious want, which we would recommend should receive attention. There should it seems to us, be provided an isolation ward or wing for the reception and treatment of infectious diseases. Such provision, we believe, does not exist at either hospital, and as a ward or wing of the kind named is necessary for giving the best treatment, we would be glad to have your Lordship's approval of our suggestion that such a necessary adjunct should be provided as soon as practicable.

You Jurors also visited the Children's Shelter, maintained under the auspices of the Children's Aid Society, and found everything in a very satisfactory condition. The children seemed to be well cared for in every way.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

On behalf of the Grand Jurors.

J. J. McBain,
Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, Peterborough, March 25th, 1902.

The case of Wasson vs. Douglas was next called.

This case arises out of the alleged changing the course of a stream of water known as the Indian River, near the village of Warsaw. The case was tried a year ago and was carried to the Division Court, where a new trial was ordered.

The case occupied the attention of the court all afternoon. An adjournment was made at 6.30 for lunch. The court again resumed its sitting at 8 o'clock, and was not concluded last night, there being a large amount of evidence on each side.

A BOY'S LIFE SAVED!

A Gratefully Mother Writes About the Rescue of Her Child

Paine's Celery Compound

Triumphed After a Physicians Failure

Mrs. G. Stone, of Eganville, Ont., grateful for the rescue of her little boy from death, writes as follows:

"I think it my duty to inform you of what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my little boy. He became very ill, and had the attendance of our physician, but no good results were apparent. The dangerous turns to which my boy was subject became more frequent and always worse in winter. He would become pale as death, feet and hands icy cold, and vomiting always followed. He seemed to be powerless, and for days could not lift his head from the pillow. After trying various kinds of medicine we decided to get Paine's Celery Compound for him. One bottle made him well, and since that time he has not been ill. I have every reason to believe he is permanently cured."

In face of such testimony, who can deny the fact that Paine's Celery Compound saves life? Hundreds of such letters as Mrs. Stone's are on fyle for the inspection of doubters.

When your children are nervous, fretful, despondent, sleepless, weak, rundown, have loss of appetite, slow circulation of blood, and decreasing in weight, give them Paine's Celery Compound for a week or two, and note well the cheering results in returning health and vigor. We strongly urge the immediate use of the great medicine for all sickly and weak boys and girls.

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VOL. 28 NO. 73 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MARCH 27 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ENGLAND IS CENSURED IN THE U. S. CONGRESS

Congressman Foster, Gives a Sensational Address in Congress.

BOTH POWERS ARE SEEKING TO CRUSH SMALLER NATIONS

He Says the United States is as Tyrannical as Great Britain

Washington, March 26 — Representative George P. Foster of Chicago delivered a stirring speech this afternoon upon the attitude of this administration toward the Boers in South Africa. Mr. Foster used as the text of his address a pamphlet which he received from the Transvaal League of Chicago setting forth that numerous treaties, including one which the United States made with France in 1778, declared horses and their furniture to be contraband of war. The treaty of Washington between Great Britain and the United States, which was signed in 1870 was quoted in the pamphlet as prohibiting the augmentation of military supplies or arms, or the recruitment of men by belligerent powers. Mr. Foster said in part:

"Throughout the discussion of Philippine matters in this House at this session on both sides of the question one point has been unmistakably evident and admitted on all sides, and that is that we are in the Philippines and are exercising control of them on the principle that might makes right and are governing them not because the people want us to do so, but because we have the power to do so.

"That may be the reason, Mr. Chairman, why in this congress and in the last congress, the chairman on foreign affairs has never deigned to make a report on any of the various bills or joint resolutions referred to it protesting against the continuance of the Boer war and expressing sympathy with the Boers.

The reason is that since the adoption of our present Philippine policy we are in the same position as Great Britain. Both countries are tarred with the same stick. Both are endeavoring to crush the independence out of smaller and less powerful people.

"But however it may be, with the Government or with the Republican party, the people of the United States have a right to protest and they will protest, and I hope the Democratic party, through its members here assembled, will protest against the great wrong done to humanity and the cause of human freedom and progress by Great Britain and in its treatment of the South African Republic and against the unworthy manner in which this subject has been treated by the political party at present dominant in this country.

"The leaders of the majority party are only too ready to appoint a committee to go over from this country at the national expense in knee breeches and powdered hair to bow the knee of republicanism at the coronation of an English king, but they have not a word to say in behalf of the poor people of South Africa whom that same king is trying to shoot out of their homes and whose territory and property he is trying to rob simply in order that some few English speculators and adventurers may get [illegible] of the gold fields of the Boers and appropriate them to their own [illegible] profit. For this base, self[illegible] Great Britain is making [illegible] cruel and unjust as history [illegible] recorded. [illegible] this country favor [illegible] allow her to [illegible] base of supplies to aid [illegible] unchampioned assault upon the [illegible] liberties of the Boer people [illegible] rights [illegible]

"The inconsistency of our course will be manifest [illegible] when it is remembered how [illegible] caused to be arrested and [illegible] to formal [illegible] man who sought to [illegible] the Cubans [illegible] Cuba during the [illegible] we considered it a violation [illegible] neutrality. And how strictly [illegible] between Great Britain and [illegible] States was enforced and [illegible] by England and this country [illegible] respect to neutrality stipulations [illegible] the Spanish war.

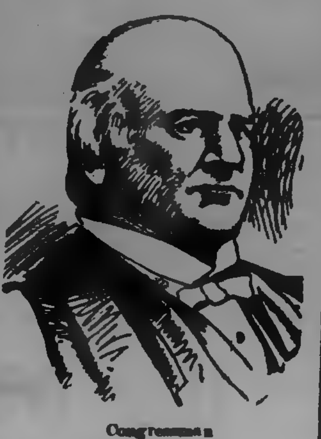
"But at that time, Spain [illegible] of her barbarities and cruelties [illegible] to have had some rights [illegible] nation, but now the poor Boers [illegible] only crime is a love of liberty [illegible] a determination to defend their [illegible] their property and their [illegible] ignored by this great republic [illegible] no rights which a [illegible] men are bound to respect."

Mr. Cochran, of Missouri [illegible] the failure [illegible] the sympathy [illegible] South Africa [illegible] his resolution [illegible] to [illegible] President [illegible] republic [illegible] which, he [illegible] by the [illegible] had [illegible] majority.

While [illegible] was speaking, an elderly lady in the gallery with pro-British tendencies frequently shook her fist at the gentleman from Missouri, and at one time became so violent in her demonstration of disapproval that one of the doorkeepers was obliged to admonish her to keep quiet.

Out of the Shadow

The discouragement, the despair of ill-health, out into the noon-tide glory of health, vigor and strength. Are you seeking this way? Are you wishing to replace weakness by strength, despondency by hope and expectation, pale cheeks and lustreless eyes, by the rose's bloom and sparkling eyes. If you but use Ferrozone, you will make rich, red blood, your nerves will grow strong. Old time vigor will return and with it endurance that will enable you to live an active, energetic and successful life. Remember the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.



Congressman
GEO. P. FOSTER

CECIL RHODES DIED IN CAPE TOWN

On Wednesday at the Age of 49 Years

HIS WORK IN SOUTH AFRICA

Keeping of Bechuanaland in the Hands of the British from the Boers Considered His Greatest Achievement

Cape Town, March 26. — Cecil Rhodes died to-day.

Right Honorable Cecil Rhodes was born in 1853. He was the fourth son of the late Rev. Francis W. Rhodes, Vicar of Bishop Stratford. Mr. Rhodes entered Oriel College, Oxford, in 1873.

Mr. Rhodes was the originator of the Cape Town scheme; he considered the keeping of Bechuanaland in British hands to the exclusion of the Boers, his greatest achievement. His idea was "The United States of Africa," although he insisted upon the imperial keystone to the arch. He was an ardent Briton.

DIED PEACEFULLY.

Cape Town, March 26.— Mr. Rhodes died peacefully at 4.57 p.m. He slept during the afternoon, but his breathing became more difficult and his strength perceptibly diminished until he passed away.

COMPLETELY BROKEN DOWN.

London, March 26. — The death of Cecil Rhodes came as no great surprise to those few who saw anything of him during his last visit to London during the winter. Whether it was due to his experiences during the long siege of Kimberley or the accumulated anxieties regarding the war in South Africa, with an accompanying change of public feeling in England towards him, there is no doubt he was almost completely broken down within the last two years. Even his appearance changed. His once finely chiselled face had become bloated, and his always huge frame filled out until the colossus became so stout as to make walking a matter of difficulty. He was frequently attacked with severe heart troubles, during which he exhibited the stoicism which marked his extraordinary career. Nor did he allow bodily ailments to interfere with business. Among his associates in the city he never mentioned them, nor did he permit them to be mentioned to him. Up to the last Mr. Rhodes kept a firm grip on all those vast South African interests created and controlled by him. Except that he was more irritable and more dictatorial, there was no noticeable change in his character. He was never contented to stay long in one place. His closing days devolved into an increasing, purposeless quest of change of [illegible]ne. During his recent trip to Egypt [illegible]is was particularly noticeable. He [illegible]hed from place to place, as if with [illegible] only object of upsetting his own [illegible]s. Then he suddenly returned to England.

Financially, Mr. Rhodes' death is not likely to have any far-reaching results, as all his enterprises were systematized so thoroughly as not to need the master mind which was so necessary to their inception.

Thanks to the very great success of the De Beers mines, the British Chartered South African Company and other great South African ventures, Rhodes' fortune had been steadily accumulating. He lost money over the war, but what inroads that made must have been trifling compared with the many millions he possessed. He never lost his open-handed, somewhat reckless, methods of handling money. Not long ago he walked into the office of one of his confidential subordinates, and throwing down a bundle of notes, bonds, etc., said: "Invest those for me," and went out without waiting to have them looked at. Inspection revealed the fact that they amounted to over a million pounds sterling.

How they were invested Mr. Rhodes never knew, or cared, for months later, as that night he went off on one of his wandering tours and refused to allow himself to be bothered with the details of the investment of his million until he returned to England.

No outward change in the method of handling men, millions and empires. Toward the social side of life, however, he soured visibly. Once his day's work at the offices of the British Chartered South African Company was over, he shut himself up from the curious in an unfrequented London hotel, where he utterly denied himself to all except to half a dozen favorite intimates. Dr. Jameson was his constant companion. Indeed some of Dr. Jameson's indiscretions resulting between the two men. They could be seen in the park in the morning taking solitary rides on horseback, never breaking out from a walk the cynosure of all eyes, yet severely unobservant of the hundreds of London's political and social leaders who had the right to a bowing acquaintanceship. More especially did Mr. Rhodes shun the present Government leaders.

BRITISH ARMY METHODS.

He bitterly expressed his contempt of British army methods in South Africa, and probably never quite forgave Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner for not consulting him or endeavoring to utilize the powerful financial-political machine which Mr. Rhodes undoubtedly manipulated over the whole of South Africa. With increasing irascibility, which he did not hesitate to vent on duke or plebian who crossed his path, he grew more and more restless as the end of his life drew near.

THE NEWS IN LONDON;

London, March 26.— The news of Mr Rhodes' death reached London too late to excite comment either on the stock exchange or in the afternoon newspapers. The bulletin announcing his death (which was sent from Cape Town at 4.57 p.m.) reached the newspaper offices just as the final editions were going to press.

Throgmorton street was deserted when the news arrived, so there was not even a flutter in the curb market. The "tickers" soon disseminated the news in the clubs and hotels, where it formed the main topic of conversation.

QUIRK'S MURDER A DEEP MYSTERY

It is Thought a Victim of His Foot Race Methods May be Guilty

HIS LIFE WAS THREATENED.

Detectives are Puzzled Over How He Came to Visit the Stables Alone so Late at Night.

Brantford, March 27. — The remains of James Quirk, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, were interred this afternoon. There was a large crowd at the funeral services, and scores of vehicles followed the hearse.

The report of the doctors who performed the autopsy leaves no room to doubt foul play. They found four separate wounds upon Quirk's head—one the result of the tumble from the ladder, the other three undoubtedly inflicted by an instrument resembling a narrow-bladed hatchet.

The three clean wounds are on the top and back of the head, and are all about two and a half inches in length. One, apparently the first delivered, exposed the brain and fractured the skull in all directions. The others were not delivered with the same force, but both also penetrated the skull. There is no doubt that all three were delivered from the rear of the victim, and the direction they all take inclined the physician to the belief that the murderer stood to the left of his victim.

A POSSIBLE MOTIVE.

An anonymous letter received yesterday by the editor of the Courier may or may not be a silly hoax, but it makes plain a theory of motive which has been much discussed here since the discovery of Quirk's body at the foot of the ladder. Quirk was a foot-runner, and with another sprinter named William Boyd, better known as "Bunt" Boyd, traveled the country. They were matched against local runners all over the continent, and cleaned up large sums of money on the results. The letter, which was posted at Woodstock yesterday, reads:

Dear [illegible],—Chickens will come home to roost is an old saying. Well, I have only returned the blow. Quirk and his pal Boyd done me years ago, and I never got over it. I have waited a long time for my chance. I have got one, and will get the other crook if it would take ten years longer. They will neither of them have a chance to say "God forgive me," if I can help it. Hundreds will say well done over this job.

Revenge.

Boyd is now in Detroit.

Fred Westbrook, Quirk's brother-in-law, is one who supports the theory that Quirk was murdered in revenge by some one whom he worsted in a sporting event of some sort. Quirk's life had many times been threatened, and Westbrook says he had expressed a fear that he would be injured by some of his enemies.

What is puzzling the detectives is how the murderer induced Quirk to go out to the stable, and how he escaped after the deed was accomplished. It is claimed by those who know Quirk best that he would not go into a stable at that time of night unless with some one he knew and did not suspect.

After the murder it is calculated the murderer had ten clear minutes to escape, but how he got away without being seen is a mystery. On Sunday night the moon was shining very brightly from the south, and afforded no shadows in which the assassin could creep away along Dalhousie street. Rellis who walked across from the Kerby House just at the time when Quick was being killed, saw a police constable on Dalhousie street. But neither the constable nor Rellis saw anyone come out of the gateway.

THE WARSAW PASTORATE

Rev. W. L. Atkinson to be Inducted Into the Pastorate on April 8th

A meeting of the Presbytery of Peterborough was held yesterday morning in St. Andrews Church, for the purpose of completing the arrangements for the induction of Rev. W. L. Atkinson into the pastorate of the Warsaw Church. The induction will be held on Tuesday, April 8th, at [illegible]. Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Lakefield, and Rev. J. G. Potter, will preach; Rev. Mr. Kannawin, of Omemee, will address the minister, and Rev. Mr. McIntosh, of Centreville, will address the congregation.

Sure Cure for Sea Sickness, Nausea

Maladies of this type yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from these complaints, just keep Nerviline at hand. A few drops in sweetened water gives instant relief, and in the course of half an hour the cure is complete. A large 25 cent bottle of Nerviline in the house will save doctor bills, and a vast amount of suffering every year.

General - Sports.

BASEBALL.

The Auburn ball twirlers met on Tuesday evening for the purpose of discussing the outlook for the coming season and also to organize. The meeting was well attended and very enthusiastic. The team are very hopeful that a city league will be organized this season to promote the game. They ask that members of the other teams in town will consider the matter and present their views at a meeting to be held next week, of which notice will be given in a day or so.

GOLF.

The annual meeting of the Ladies Golf Club, was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Tuesday evening, Mrs. Boucher, President of the Club occupied the chair.

The reports from the different committees were presented and were highly satisfactory. The finances are in good shape and a balance remains in the bank after all indebtedness had been paid. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Hon. Pres.—Mrs. Robt. Hamilton.
President,—Mrs. R. M. Dennistoun.
Sec.-Treas.—Mrs. W. A. Sanderson.
Captain,—Mrs. Campbell.
Entertainment Committee—Mrs. Hill, Mrs. McAllister, Mrs. Stanley, Mrs. Richard Hall, Mrs. A. H. Stratton, Mrs. Burnett, Mrs. D. J. Lundy, Mrs. McClellan, Mrs. Eastwood, Miss Laura Davidson, Miss Fair, Miss Tucker.
Match Committee—Miss Archer, Miss Clement, Miss Halliday.

COBOURG'S FINE LINKS

Cobourg, March 27.—The Golf Club house is being fixed up for the opening of the season. The links have been drained finely, owing to the fine tile system of drainage put in last fall.

Mr. C. R. Murray, who acted as professional golf teacher at the links here two years ago, will likely act as professional for the Montreal Golf Club this season.

AWFUL NAME FOR A CLUB.

Smith's Falls, March 27.—The Poonahmalee Golf Club, of Smith's Falls has been organized for the season with the following officers: Honorary Presidents, F. T. Frost and John R. Lavell; Lady Patrons, Mrs. F. T. Frost, Mrs. Lavell, Mrs. F. W Ashe, Mrs. W. H. Frost, and Mrs. S. L. Ferrest; President, S. L. Ferrest; Secretary-Treasurer, A. Dunham; Committee of Management, J. H. Moore, F. A. Bethune, G. H Jarvis, F. W. Ashe, J. H. Ross, and H. J. Gould.

LACROSSE.

Wiarton, Hespeler and Arthur will have teams in the intermediate C. L. A. series. The Seaforth Beavers have again decided to jump into the game after a two years' rest. An intermediate league with Sarnia, Chatham, Windsor, Detroit, Flint and Ann Arbor is a possibility for the coming season.

NO LOVE FOR AMERICANS IN HEARTS OF GERMANS

Bitter and Brutal Outbreaks Against United States in German Press

Berlin, March 26.—The Berlin correspondent of the New York Herald defends himself against the criticism of the New York Staats Zeitung by insisting that he is correct in saying there is no love in Germany for America. "If the editor of the Staats Zeitung had happened to have lived in Berlin during the last few months," says the correspondent, "and read the bitter and brutal outbursts of feeling against the United States in the German press, had listened to debates in the Reichstag, in which Americans were roundly abused, and heard remarks in conversation about the rapacity of American methods in commercial competition, he would scarcely hold the views he does."

UNIFORM SALOON FARES AGREED TO.

London, March 26.—The Atlantic steamship lines, with the exception of the Beaver line, have agreed to a uniform scale of saloon fares, and the season of higher summer rates will be extended.

A PROSPEROUS COMPANY

Fifth Annual Report of the Northern Life Assurance Company — A Progressive Financial Institution

We heartily congratulate the Northern Life Assurance Company on the result of the operations for the past year, as set forth in the financial statement published elsewhere. This young company has shown phenomenal progressiveness, and is now regarded as one of the solid institutions of the country. The amount of insurance written during the past year was $1,267,500, and the amount in force at the end of the year was $2,769,870, the net increase being $794,670. The assets of the company in cash or its equivalent now amounts to $284,271.85, exclusive of subscribed and uncalled for capital.

Peterborough district is under the superintendence of Mr. R. R. Phillips, of Peterborough, who is pushing the business of the company in the most energetic manner. The splendid reputation of the Northern Life for liberal dealing, together with its admirable schemes of insurance, based on modern lines, makes the work of the agents and officers comparatively easy. Peterborough district is sure to furnish an enormous business to the Northern Life in the near future.

To Secure Profit and Pleasure in the Work of Home Dyeing, Use the

Malt Breakfast Food

Beware of crude and worthless imitations of Diamond Dyes. See that your merchant gives you the Diamond Dyes when you ask for them.

Diamond Dyes have a world-wide reputation; they do perfect work at all times on all kinds of materials when the simple directions are followed.

Diamond Dyes color anything any color. They are fast to soap, washing and sun, and surpass all other dyes in durability and brilliancy. Diamond Dyes are the most concentrated and strongest dyes made, therefore the cheapest.

If your merchant asks you to accept another make of dyes, be sure he is after the large profits that common dyes bring him; he does not care for your profit, success or comfort.

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns beautifully colored on the strongest and best Scotch Hessian are ready for working up. Sheets of designs with all information relative to sizes and prices will be sent free to any address by The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

CHANDOS.

—Sugar making is in full swing now.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Trainer were the guests of Mr. Stephen Scott last week.

—Rev. Father Phelan was in Chandos on Wednesday.

—Mr. J. W. Stuart, of Lakefield, was in the village on Friday last.

—Mr. Wm. Booney and Mr. William Chapman, were in the vicinity last week.

—Mr. John Monogue has returned home from Lawmand.

—Mr. Charley Tanner has returned home from Oak Hill.

—Chandos Council will meet on March 28.

—A very pleasant evening was spent at Mr. Stephen Scott's on the 17th, in dancing and games.

FARMER BOUND HIS WIFE TO A STAKE.

In a Bull's Pen, Where the Frenzied Beast Gored Her to Death

SAD TRAGEDY NEAR TONAWANDA

Husband was Jealous Because Clergyman Paid Attention to the Woman— Had Often Taken Her Out Driving

Tonawanda, N. Y., March 26.—The greatest excitement prevails throughout this district over the horrible murder that was committed a few mornings ago. J. B. Post, a farmer, 35 years old, living on the North road, four miles south of this village, bound his wife, Amanda, to a stake in the bull pen of his stable. She wore a red calico apron, which aroused a confined bull to frenzy, and in its rage the animal attacked the woman and gored her to death.

APSLEY

—Fred and Garry have gone into the maple syrup business on an extensive scale. They had such a good run of sap the other day that their store troughs were all full, so they borrowed an empty coal oil barrel from the Dr. (he was away from home at the time), and filled it with sap. Fortunately they found out the Dr. has been using corrosive sublimate to disinfect the barrel, therefore are afraid to use that particular sap.

—Young Mr. Woodbeck, of Chandos, had an experience on Loon Lake last week he won't forget for some time. While walking across a bay he went through a thin place but caught his arms on good ice, which kept him up until his brother came to his assistance and on helping him out found that his shoulder was dislocated. He was at once taken to Dr. Bell, of Apsley, who succeeded in putting it back in place, but had to first put him under the influence of chloroform. The Dr. said it was a peculiar case and he had never seen one like it before.

—Mrs. Wilson has now got settled in the building lately occupied by Mr. Brown as a store, and has the upper flat comfortably arranged to accommodate the traveling public, where you will always find good meals and comfortable beds. But every one who has travelled the Burleigh always found that to be the case and many have gone a few miles farther to put up there for the night, and for a meal. Tommy has the store pretty well filled with a general stock.

—Prospects are bright for a good business among our merchants this summer as they are getting in large stocks, every available team being engaged to haul goods from Lakefield and Julian's Landing. Some twenty loads came up last week, and there are plenty more to follow.

—The Apsley cheese factory is going to boom this summer. Several new routes are to be added. Rob will have to enlarge his building. A visitor here was surprised when shown the first prize diploma and medal awarded to Mrs. Wm. Wilson at the Chicago fair, 1893, for cheese manufactured at the Apsley factory. He thinks that Apsley must be "somewhere."

—Mr. S. Wind or caught 5 lynx this winter and Jim L. so caught one in a trap last week, despatching it with a club. Pretty good for Jeffy, who is only about 12 years old.

—About 15 of our young people gathered at Rob's the other night to pull taffy and had a good time, though some of the young ladies objected to having it rubbed in their hair or on their faces. No wonder, for a gentleman would not do so. Bertie undertook to wash it off of one, but did not succeed very well.

Privileges of a Councillor

Engineer, Smith's Falls—Can a member of a Council legally sell coal, wood, stone or provisions to the town, or to the Charity Committee of the town? Does it disqualify him from holding office as a councillor? (2) What proceedings can be taken to unseat a member of the Council who is guilty of illegal acts?

Ans.—Section 80 of the Municipal Act says:—"No person having a contract for the supply of goods or materials to a contractor for which the corporation pays or which is subject to the control or supervision of the Council, etc., shall be qualified to be a member of the Council." Coughlin v. City of Victoria, B.C., L. R. 97. (2) Section [illegible], of the Municipal Act, says: "In the event of a member of the Council forfeiting his seat at the Council or his right thereto, or becoming disqualified to hold his seat, or of his seat becoming vacant by disqualification, he shall forthwith resign his seat, and in the event of his omitting to do so within ten days thereafter, proceedings may be taken to unseat such member, as provided in sections [illegible] to 244, both inclusive."

A RAPID CHASE AFTER BOERS UNDER DELAREY

Lord Kitchener Starts to Wipe Out the Memory Of Lord Methuen's Defeat

FIVE GUNS AND 135 PRISONERS WERE TAKEN.

British Columns Make a Night March with the Object of Driving the Boers Into the Blockhouse Line

London, March 26.—In a despatch dated from Pretoria at noon yesterday, Lord Kitchener says:

"At dusk on the evening of March 23 the combined movement against Delarey was undertaken by columns of mounted men, without guns or impediments of any sort. The columns started from Commando Drift on the Vaal River, and traveled rapidly all night, and at dawn on March 24 occupied positions along the line from Commando Drift to the Lichtenburg blockhouse line. The troops moved rapidly eastward, keeping a continuous line, with the object of driving the enemy against the blockhouses or forcing an action. The result has not yet been fully reported. Kekewich's column after the commencement of the action captured three fifteen pounders, two pom poms, nine prisoners, and a hundred mules, carts and wagons. General W. Kitchener's column captured 80 prisoners, 45 carts and wagons, and a thousand cattle. The troops covered 80 miles in twenty-four hours. The total number of prisoners is 135."

London, March 26. — Government leader Balfour had no fresh information in regard to the negotiations of the Boer delegations who are supposed to be on a mission to the Free Staters in the field, when questioned in the House yesterday. He admitted that there were many reasons for confidence.

KRUGER KNEW THE GAME.

Amsterdam, March 26. — President Kruger says that Lord Wolseley has gone out to South Africa to treat with the Boer Provisional Government direct. He claims to have known of the plan and was not surprised at the news that Mr. Schalkburger and other Transvaalers were on their way to see the Free Staters afield in regard to a settlement of the war.

Vienna, March 26.—According to the Neue Freie Press, the deliberations which are about to begin in South Africa between Mr. Schalkburger and the others of his committee and Generals DeWet and Louis Botha and Mr. Steyn will be on the basis of independence and the exchange of the Rand for Zululand. The paper claims to have received the information from one of the Boer delegates.

WILL BE CLOSED DOWN

The Delora Mills to Close April 1st—Large Number Out of Employment

The Belleville Intelligencer, says,—We are informed by a gentleman who has just returned from Marmora that it is the intention of the Canadian Gold Fields Company, of Delora, near Marmora, to close down their stamp mills and other works, with the exception of the arsenic mill, on April 1st next. This, we are informed, will throw at least 100 men out of employment. It is the intention of the company to continue the mining operations during the coming summer, which, together with the staff required by the arsenic mill, will necessitate the employment of about 60 men. At present, or at least until quite recently, some 200 men were employed. Though our informant did not like to so state, he says that not unlikely the recent strike had something to do with the mills closing down.

Here is a Pointer

Because you haven't used Catarrhozone is the best reason why you should use it right away. It will cure the Catarrh that makes your breath so heavy and your hearing so poor. Catarrhozone is a scientific cure for catarrh, bronchitis and asthma, recommended by doctors and druggists as a certain cure. Mr. Henry A. Taylor, the oldest druggist in Halifax, says, "Catarrhozone gives satisfaction wherever it goes. It is simple and convenient to use, and enjoys fully three times the sale of any other catarrh remedy sold in the city." Catarrhozone is guaranteed to cure, and if it fails you can have your money returned. Price $1.00 for two months' treatment. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Of The Women's Auxiliary of All Saint's—Officers Elected for the Year

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of All Saint's Church was held on Tuesday evening. After devotional exercises by the Rector a very interesting address on "Woman's Work in the Church," was delivered by Rev. W. L. Armitage.

The chair was occupied by Miss Chamberlain, President, and the different reports were presented which showed that a very successful year's work had been done. A very interesting paper on "Mission Work of the Church in the large cities in England," was read by Mrs. Edward Harris.

The officers were re-elected for the ensuing year, and are as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Mrs. Beck.
Pres.—Miss Chamberlain.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Hooper.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. D. J. Lundy.
Sec.—Mrs. Latimer.
Treas.—Mrs. Gilbert.
Cor. of P.M.C.—Mrs. Buller.
Organist.—Miss Mullen.
Superintendents of Jun. W. A.—Mrs. Hickey, Miss Cochrane and Mrs. Smeaton.

Over twenty new members joined and a large number of others are expected at an early date.

A very pleasing and interesting feature of the evening was the presentation to Miss Chamberlain of a Life Membership in the Diocesan Branch. Miss Chamberlain was taken completely by surprise and replied in very feeling terms.

Those present were entertained to refreshments by Mrs. D. L. Lundy. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. Lundy and Mr. Brown, who had sung a couple of solos during the evening. The meeting closed with the members' prayer and benediction by the Rector.

GENERAL BULLER GETS INTO TROUBLE AGAIN

A Sentence in a Report by Roberts Omitted to Spare Buller's Feelings

London, March 26.—An acrimonious correspondence between Mr. A. J. Balfour and Gen. Buller has been published. Mr. Balfour contends that Gen. Buller was in chief command at the battle of Spion Kop, while Gen. Buller denies this assertion.

To his contention, Mr. Balfour adds: "There is no reason why all the Spion Kop despatches should not be published."

To this General Buller rejoins that he hopes the despatches will be published without manipulation.

Yesterday, Mr. Balfour, replying to Gen. Buller, protested against the latter's insinuation, and declared that the only manipulation which had been exercised with regard to Gen. Buller's despatches, was the omission of a single sentence criticising Sir Charles Warren, whilst the omissions from Lord Roberts' despatches relating to operations in Natal, were made, said Mr. Balfour, "solely for the purpose, if possible, of sparing your feelings, and maintaining your military reputation."

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 73 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MARCH 27 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ENGLAND IS CENSURED IN THE U. S. CONGRESS

Congressman Foster, Gives a Sensational Address in Congress.

BOTH POWERS ARE SEEKING TO CRUSH SMALLER NATIONS

He Says the United States is as Tyrannical as Great Britain

Washington, March 26 — Representative George P. Foster of Chicago delivered a stirring speech this afternoon upon the attitude of this administration toward the Boers in South Africa. Mr. Foster used as the text of his address a pamphlet which he received from the Transvaal League of Chicago setting forth that numerous treaties, including one which the United States made with France in 1778, declared horses and their furniture to be contraband of war. The treaty of Washington between Great Britain and the United States, which was signed in 1870 was quoted in the pamphlet as prohibiting the augmentation of military supplies or arms, or the recruitment of men by belligerent powers. Mr. Foster said in part:

"Throughout the discussion of Philippine matters in this House at this session on both sides of the question one point has been unmistakably evident and admitted on all sides, and that is that we are in the Philippines and are exercising control of them on the principle that might makes right and are governing them not because the people want us to do so, but because we have the power to do so.

"That may be the reason, Mr. Chairman, why in this congress and in the last congress, the chairman on foreign affairs has never deigned to make a report on any of the various bills or joint resolutions referred to it protesting against the continuance of the Boer war and expressing sympathy with the Boers.

The reason is that since the adoption of our present Philippine policy we are in the same position as Great Britain. Both countries are tarred with the same stick. Both are endeavoring to crush the independence out of smaller and less powerful people.

"But however it may be, with the government or with the Republican party, the people of the United States have a right to protest and they will protest, and I hope the Democratic party, through its members here assembled, will protest against the great wrong done to humanity and the cause of human freedom and progress by Great Britain and in its treatment of the South African Republics and against the unworthy manner in which this subject has been treated by the political party at present dominant in this country.

"The leaders of the majority party are only too ready to appoint a committee to go over from this country at the national expense in knee breeches and powdered hair to bow the knee of republicanism at the coronation of an English king, but they have not a word to say in behalf of the poor people of South Africa whom that same king is trying to shoot out [illegible] their homes and whose territory and property he is trying to rob simply in order that some few English speculators and adventurers may get [illegible] of the gold fields of the Boers [illegible] appropriate them to their own [illegible] profit. For this base, self- [illegible] Great Britain is making [illegible] cruel and unjust as history [illegible] recorded. [illegible] this country favor [illegible] allow her to use our [illegible] of supplies to aid [illegible] assault upon the rights and liberties of the Boer people?

"The inconsistency of our course will be manifest to all men when it is remembered how this country caused to be arrested and imprisoned, a man who sought to forward supplies to Cuba during the Cuban war because we considered it a violation of neutrality. And how strictly the treaty between Great Britain and the United States was enforced and applied both by England and this country with respect to neutrality stipulations during the Spanish war.

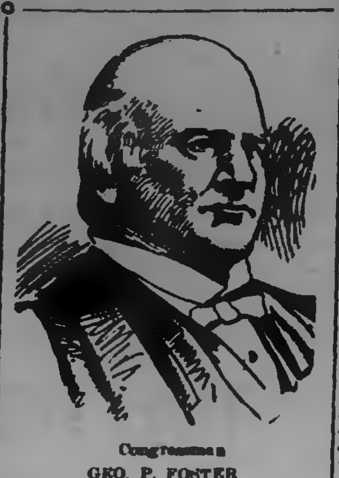
"But at that time, Spain, in spite of her barbarities and cruelties, appears to have had some rights as a nation, but now the poor Boers, whose only crime is a love of liberty, and a determination to defend their homes their property and their families, are ignored by this great republic as having no rights which a nation of free men are bound to respect."

Mr. Cochran, of Missouri, also denounced the failure of congress to express its sympathy for the Boers in South Africa, and called attention to his resolution to invite Paul Kruger, President of the South African republic, to visit this country, which, he said, had been pigeon-holed by the majority.

While Mr. Cochran was speaking, an elderly lady in the gallery with pro-British tendencies frequently shook her fist at the gentleman from Missouri, and at one time became so violent in her demonstration of disapproval that one of the doorkeepers was obliged to admonish her to keep quiet.

Out of the Shadow

The discouragement, the despair of ill-health, out into the noon-tide glory of health, vigor and strength. Are you seeking this way? Are you wishing to replace weakness by strength, despondency by hope and expectation, pale cheeks and lustreless eyes, by the rose's bloom and sparkling eyes. If you but use Ferrozone, you will make rich, red blood, your nerves will grow strong. Old time vigor will return and with it endurance that will enable you to live an active, energetic and successful life. Remember the name, Ferrozone. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.



Congressman
GEO. P. FOSTER

CECIL RHODES DIED IN CAPE TOWN

On Wednesday at the Age of 49 Years

HIS WORK IN SOUTH AFRICA

Keeping of Bechuanaland in the Hands of the British from the Boers Considered His Greatest Achievement

Cape Town, March 26. — Cecil Rhodes died to-day.

Right Honorable Cecil Rhodes was born in 1853. He was the fourth son of the late Rev. Francis W. Rhodes, Vicar of Bishop Stratford. Mr. Rhodes entered Oriel College, Oxford, in 1873.

Mr. Rhodes was the originator of the Cape Town scheme; he considered the keeping of Bechuanaland in British hands to the exclusion of the Boers, his greatest achievement. His idea was "The United States of Africa," although he insisted upon the imperial keystone to the arch. He was an ardent Briton.

DIED PEACEFULLY.

Cape Town, March 26.— Mr. Rhodes died peacefully at 5.57 p.m. He slept during the afternoon, but his breathing became more difficult and his strength perceptibly diminished until he passed away.

COMPLETELY BROKEN DOWN.

London, March 26. — The death of Cecil Rhodes came as no great surprise to those few who saw anything of him during his last visit to London during the winter. Whether it was due to his experiences during the long siege of Kimberley or the accumulated anxieties regarding the war in South Africa, with an accompanying change of public feeling in England towards him, there is no doubt he was almost completely broken down within the last two years. Even his appearance changed. His once finely chiselled face had become bloated, and his always huge frame filled out until the colossus became so stout as to make walking a matter of difficulty. He was frequently attacked with severe heart troubles, during which he exhibited the stoicism which marked his extraordinary career. Nor did he allow bodily ailments to interfere with business. Among his associates in the city he never mentioned them, nor did he permit them to be mentioned to him. Up to the last Mr. Rhodes kept a firm grip on all those vast South African interests created and controlled by him. Except that he was more irritable and more dictatorial, there was no noticeable change in his character. He was never contented to stay long in one place. His closing days devolved into an increasing, purposeless quest of change of scene. During his recent trip to Egypt this was particularly noticeable. He rushed from place to place, as if with the only object of upsetting his own plans. Then he suddenly returned to England.

Financially, Mr. Rhodes' death is not likely to have any far-reaching results, as all his enterprises were systematised so thoroughly as not to need the master mind which was so necessary to their inception.

Thanks to the very great success of the De Beers mines, the British Chartered South African Company and other great South African ventures, Rhodes' fortune had been steadily accumulating. He lost money over the war, but what he made must have been trifling compared with the many millions he possessed. He never lost his open-handed, somewhat reckless, methods of handling money. Not long ago he walked into the office of one of his confidential subordinates, and throwing down a bundle of notes, bonds, etc., said: "Invest those for me," and went out without waiting to have them looked at. Inspection revealed the fact that they amounted to over a million pounds sterling.

How they were invested Mr. Rhodes never knew, or cared, for months later, as that night he went off on one of his wandering tours and refused to allow himself to be bothered with the details of the investment of his million until he returned to England.

No outward change in the method of handling men, millions and empires. Toward the social side of life, however, he soured visibly. Once his day's work at the offices of the British Chartered South African Company was over, he shut himself up from the curious in an unfrequented London hotel, where he utterly denied himself to all except to half a dozen favorite intimates. Dr. Jameson was his constant companion, indeed none of Dr. Jameson's indiscretions lating between the two men. They could be seen in the park in the morning taking solitary rides on horseback, never breaking out from a walk the cynosure of all eyes, yet severely unobservant of the hundreds of London's political and social leaders who had the right to a bowing acquaintanceship. More especially did Mr. Rhodes shun the present Government leaders.

BRITISH ARMY METHODS.

He bitterly expressed his contempt of British army methods in South Africa, and probably never quite forgave Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner for not consulting him or endeavoring to utilize the powerful financial-political machine which Mr. Rhodes undoubtedly manipulated over the whole of South Africa. With increasing irascibility, which he did not hesitate to vent on duke or plebian who crossed his path, he grew more and more restless as the end of his life drew near.

THE NEWS IN LONDON.

London, March 26.— The news of Mr Rhodes' death reached London too late to excite comment either on the stock exchange or in the afternoon newspapers. The bulletin announcing his death (which was sent from Cape Town at 6.25 p.m.) reached the newspaper offices just as the final editions were going to press.

Throgmorton street was deserted when the news arrived, so there was not even a flutter in the curb market. The "tickers" soon disseminated the news in the clubs and hotels, where it formed the main topic of conversation.

QUIRK'S MURDER A DEEP MYSTERY

It is Thought a Victim of His Foot Race Methods May be Guilty

HIS LIFE WAS THREATENED.

Detectives are Puzzled Over How He Came to Visit the Stables Alone so Late at Night.

Brantford, March 27. — The remains of James Quirk, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, were interred this afternoon. There was a large crowd at the funeral services, and scores of vehicles followed the hearse.

The report of the doctors who performed the autopsy leaves no room to doubt foul play. They found four separate wounds upon Quirk's head—one the result of the tumble from the ladder, the other three undoubtedly inflicted by an instrument resembling a narrow-bladed hatchet.

The three clean wounds are on the top and back of the head, and are all about two and a half inches in length. One, apparently the first delivered, exposed the brain and fractured the skull in all directions. The others were not delivered with the same force, but both also penetrated the skull. There is no doubt that all three were delivered from the rear of the victim, and the direction they all take inclined the physician to the belief that the murderer stood to the left of his victim.

A POSSIBLE MOTIVE.

An anonymous letter received yesterday by the editor of the Courier may or may not be a silly hoax, but it makes plain a theory of motive which has been much discussed here since the discovery of Quirk's body at the foot of the ladder. Quirk was a foot-runner, and with another sprinter named William Boyd, better known as "Bunt" Boyd, traveled the country. They were matched against local runners all over the continent, and cleaned up large sums of money on the results. The letter, which was posted at Woodstock yesterday, reads:

Dear Editor,—Chickens will come home to roost is an old saying. Well, I have only returned the blow. Quirk and his pal Boyd done me years ago, and I never got over it. I have waited a long time for my chance. I have got one, and will get the other crook if it would take ten years longer. They will neither of them have a chance to say "God forgive me," if I can help it. Hundreds will say well done over this job.

Revenge.

Boyd is now in Detroit.

Fred Westbrook, Quirk's brother-in-law, is one who supports the theory that Quirk was murdered in revenge by some one whom he worsted in a sporting event of some sort. Quirk's life had many times been threatened, and Westbrook says he had expressed a fear that he would be injured by some of his enemies.

What is puzzling the detectives is how the murderer induced Quirk to go out to the stable, and how he escaped after the deed was accomplished. It is claimed by those who know Quirk best that he would not go into a stable at that time of night unless with some one he knew and did not suspect.

After the murder it is calculated the murderer had ten clear minutes to escape, but how he got away without being seen is a mystery. On Sunday night the moon was shining very brightly from the south, and afforded no shadows in which the assassin could creep away along Dalhousie street. Reilis who walked across from the Kerby House just at the time when Quirk was being killed, saw a police constable on Dalhousie street. But neither the constable nor Reilis saw anyone come out of the gateway.

THE WARSAW PASTORATE

Rev. W. L. Atkinson to be Inducted Into the Pastorate on April 8th

A meeting of the Presbytery of Peterborough was held yesterday morning in St. Andrews Church, for the purpose of completing the arrangements for the induction of Rev. W. L. Atkison into the pastorate of the Warsaw Church. The induction will be held on Tuesday, April 8th, at [illegible]. Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Lakefield, and Rev. J. G. Potter, will preach; Rev. Mr. Kannawin, of Omemee, will address the minister, and Rev. Mr. McIntosh, of Centerville, will address the congregation.

Sure Cure [illegible]

Maladies of this type yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from these complaints, just keep Nerviline at hand. A few drops in sweetened water gives instant relief, and in the course of half an hour the cure is complete. A large 25 cent bottle of Nerviline in the house will save doctor bills, and a vast amount of suffering every year.

General - Sports.

BASEBALL.

The Auburn ball twirlers met on Tuesday evening for the purpose of discussing the outlook for the coming season and also to organize. The meeting was well attended and very enthusiastic. The team are very hopeful that a city league will be organized this season to promote the game. They ask that members of the other teams in town will consider the matter and present their views at a meeting to be held next week, of which notice will be given in a day or so.

GOLF.

The annual meeting of the Ladies Golf Club, was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Tuesday evening, Mrs. Boucher, President of the Club occupied the chair.

The reports from the different committees were presented and were highly satisfactory. The finances are in good shape and a balance remains in the bank after all indebtedness had been paid. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Hon. Pres.,—Mrs. Robt. Hamilton.
President,—Mrs. R. M. Dennistoun.
Sec.-Treas.,—Mrs. W. A. Sanderson.
Captain,—Mrs. Campbell.
Entertainment Committee—Mrs. Hill, Mrs. McAllister, Mrs. Stanley, Mrs. Richard Hall, Mrs. A. H. Stratton, Mrs. Burnett, Mrs. D. J. Lundy, Mrs. McClellan, Mrs. Eastwood, Miss Laura Davidson, Miss Fair, Miss Tucker.
Match Committee—Miss Archer, Miss Clementi, Miss Halliday.

COBOURG'S FINE LINKS

Cobourg, March 27.—The Golf Club house is being fixed up for the opening of the season. The links have been drained finely, owing to the fine tile system of drainage put in last fall.

Mr. C. R. Murray, who acted as professional golf teacher at the links here two years ago, will likely act as professional for the Montreal Golf Club this season.

AWFUL NAME FOR A CLUB.

Smith's Falls, March 27.—The Poonahmalee Golf Club, of Smith's Falls has been organized for the season with the following officers: Honorary Presidents, F. T. Frost and John R. Lavell; Lady Patrons, Mrs. F. T. Frost, Mrs. Lavell, Mrs. F. W Ashe, Mrs. W. H. Frost, and Mrs. S. L. Forrest; President, S. L. Forrest; Secretary-Treasurer, A. Dunham; Committee of Management, J. H. Moore, F. A. Bethune, G. H Jarvis, F. W. Ashe, J. H. Ross, and H. J. Gould.

LACROSSE.

Wiarton, Hespeler and Arthur will have teams in the intermediate C. L. A series. The Seaforth Beavers have again decided to jump into the game after a two years' rest. An intermediate league with Sarnia, Chatham, Windsor, Detroit, Flint and Ann Arbor is a possibility for the coming season.

NO LOVE FOR AMERICANS IN HEARTS OF GERMANS

Bitter and Brutal Outbreaks Against United States in German Press

Berlin, March 26.—The Berlin correspondent of the New York Herald defends himself against the criticism of the New York Staats Zeitung by insisting that he is correct in saying there is no love in Germany for America. "If the editor of the Staats Zeitung had happened to have lived in Berlin during the last few months," says the correspondent, "and read the bitter and brutal outbursts of feeling against the United States in the German press, had listened to debates in the Reichstag, in which Americans were roundly abused, and heard remarks in conversation abo [illegible] the rapacity of American methods in commercial competition, he w [illegible] scarcely hold the views he does."

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A PROSPEROUS COMPANY

Fifth Annual Report of the Northern Life Assurance Company — A Progressive Financial Institution

We heartily congratulate the Northern Life Assurance Company on the result of the operations for the past year, as set forth in the financial statement published elsewhere. This young company has shown phenomenal progressiveness, and is now regarded as one of the solid institutions of the country. The amount of insurance written during the past year was $1,287,500, and the amount in force at the end of the year was $2,769,870, the net increase being $704,670. The assets of the company in cash or its equivalent now amounts to $234,271.05, exclusive of subscribed and uncalled for capital.

Peterborough district is under the superintendence of Mr. R. R. Phillips, of Peterborough, who is pushing the business of the company in the most energetic manner. The splendid reputation of the Northern Life for liberal dealing, together with its admirable schemes of insurance, based on modern lines, makes the work of the agents and officers comparatively easy. Peterborough district is sure to furnish an enormous business to the Northern Life in the near future.

To Secure Profit and Pleasure in the Work of Home Dyeing, Use the

Malt Breakfast Food

Beware of crude and worthless imitations of Diamond Dyes. See that your merchant gives you the Diamond Dyes when you ask for them.

Diamond Dyes have a world-wide reputation; they do perfect work at all times on all kinds of materials when the simple directions are followed.

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If your merchant asks you to accept another make of dyes, be sure he is after the large profits that common dyes bring him; he does not care for your profit, success or comfort.

The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns beautifully colored on the strongest and best Scotch Hessian are ready for working up. Sheets of designs with all information relative to sizes and prices will be sent free to any address by The Wells & Richardson Co. Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q

CHANDOS.

—Sugar making is in full swing now.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Trelmar were the guests of Mr. Stephen Scott last week.

—Rev. Father Phelan was in Chandos on Wednesday.

—Mr. J. W. Stuart, of Lakefield, was in the Village on Friday last.

—Mr. Wm. Booney and Mr. William Cranson, were in the vicinity last week.

—Mr. John Monogue has returned home from Lawmard.

—Mr. Charley Tanner has returned home from Oak Hill.

—Chandos Council will meet on March 30.

—A very pleasant evening was spent at Mr. Stephen Scott's on the 17th, in dancing and games.

FARMER BOUND HIS WIFE TO A STAKE.

In a Bull's Pen, Where the Frenzied Beast Gored Her to Death

SAD TRAGEDY NEAR TONAWANDA

Husband was Jealous Because Clergyman Paid Attention to the Woman—Had Often Taken Her Out Driving

Tonawanda, N. Y., March 26.—The greatest excitement prevails throughout this district over the horrible murder that was committed a few mornings ago. J. B. Post, a farmer, 35 years old, living on the North road, four miles south of this village, bound his wife, Amanda, to a stake in the bull pen of his stable. She wore a red calico apron, which aroused a confined bull to frenzy, and in its rage the animal attacked the woman and gored her to death.

APSLEY

—Fred and Garry have gone into the maple syrup business on an extensive scale. They had such a good run of sap the other day that their store troughs were all full, so they borrowed an empty coal oil barrel from the Dr. (he was away from home at the time), and filled it with sap. Fortunately they found out the Dr. had been using corrosive sublimate to disinfect the barrel, therefore are afraid to use that particular sap.

—Young Mr. Woodbeck, of Chandos, had an experience on Loon Lake last week he won't forget for some time. While walking across a bay he went through a thin place but caught his arms on good ice, which kept him up until his brother came to his assistance and on helping him out found that his shoulder was dislocated. He was at once taken to Dr. Bell, of Apsley, who succeeded in putting it back in place, but had to first put him under the influence of chloroform. The Dr. said it was a peculiar case and he had never seen one like it before.

—Mrs. Wilson has now got settled in the building lately occupied by Mr. Brown as a store, and has the upper flat comfortably arranged to accommodate the traveling public, where you will always find good meals and comfortable beds. But every one who has travelled the Burleigh always found that to be the case and many have gone a few miles farther to put up there for the night, and for a meal. Tommy has the store pretty well filled with a general stock.

—Prospects are bright for a good business among our merchants this summer as they are getting in large stocks, every available team being engaged to haul goods from Lakefield and Julian's Landing. Some twenty loads came up last week, and there are plenty more to follow.

—The Apsley cheese factory is going to boom this summer. Several new routes are to be added. Bob will have to enlarge his building. A visitor here was surprised when shown the first prize diploma and medal awarded to Mrs. Wm. Wilson at the Chicago fair, 1893, for cheese manufactured at the Apsley factory. He thinks that Apsley must be "somewhere."

—Mr. S. [illegible] caught 5 lynx this winter and [illegible] caught one in a trap last week, despatching it with a club. Pretty good for Jolly, who is only about 12 years old.

—About 15 of our young people gathered at Bob's the other night to pull taffy and had a good time, though some of the young ladies objected to having it rubbed in their hair or on their faces. No wonder, for a gentleman would not do so. Bertie undertook to wash it off of one, but did not succeed very well.

Privileges of a Councillor

Engineer, Smith's Falls—Can a member of a Council legally sell coal, wood, stone or provisions to the town, or to the Charity Committee of the town? Does it disqualify him from holding office as a councillor? (2) What proceedings can be taken so to unseat a member of the Council who is guilty of illegal acts?

Ans.—Section 80 of the Municipal Act says:—"No person having a contract for the supply of goods or materials to a contractor for which the corporation pays or which is subject to the control or supervision of the Council, etc., shall be qualified to be a member of the Council." Coughlin v. City of Victoria, B.C., L. R. 97. (2) Section 208, of the Municipal Act, says: "In the event of a member of the Council forfeiting his seat at the Council or his right thereto, or becoming disqualified to hold his seat, or of his seat becoming vacant by disqualification, he shall forthwith resign his seat, and in the event of his omitting to do so within ten days thereafter, proceedings may be taken to unseat such member, as provided by sections 207 to 244, both inclusive."

A RAPID CHASE AFTER BOERS UNDER DELAREY

Lord Kitchener Starts to Wipe Out the Memory Of Lord Methuen's Defeat

FIVE GUNS AND 135 PRISONERS WERE TAKEN.

British Columns Make a Night March with the Object of Driving the Boers Into the Blockhouse Line

London, March 26.—In a despatch dated from Pretoria at noon yesterday, Lord Kitchener says:

"At dusk on the evening of March 23 the combined movement against Delarey was undertaken by columns of mounted men, without guns or impediments of any sort. The columns started from Commando Drift on the Vaal River, and traveled rapidly all night, and at dawn on March 24 occupied positions along the line from Commando Drift to the Lichtenburg blockhouse line. The troops moved rapidly eastward, keeping a continuous line, with the object of driving the enemy against the blockhouses or forcing an action. The result has not yet been fully reported. Kekewich's column after the commencement of the action captured three fifteen pounders, two pom poms, nine prisoners, and a hundred mules, carts and wagons. General W. Kitchener's column captured 80 prisoners, 45 carts and wagons, and a thousand cattle. The troops covered 80 miles in twenty-four hours. The total number of prisoners is 135."

London, March 26. — Government leader Balfour had no fresh information in regard to the negotiations of the Boer delegations who are supposed to be on a mission to the Free Staters in the field, when questioned in the House yesterday. He admitted that there were many reasons for confidence.

KRUGER KNEW THE GAME.

Amsterdam, March 26. — President Kruger says that Lord Wolseley has gone out to South Africa to treat with the Boer Provisional Government direct. He claims to have known of the plan and was not surprised at the news that Mr. Schalkburger and other Transvaalers were on their way to see the Free Staters afield in regard to a settlement of the war.

Vienna, March 26.—According to the News Freie Presse, the deliberations which are about to begin in South Africa between Mr. Schalkburger and the others of his committee and Generals DeWet and Louis Botha and Mr. Steyn will be on the basis of independence and the exchange of the Rand for Zululand. The paper claims to have received the information from one of the Boer delegates.

WILL BE CLOSED DOWN

The Deloro Mills to Close April 1st—Large Number Out of Employment

The Belleville Intelligencer, says,—We are informed by a gentleman who has just returned from Marmora that it is the intention of the Canadian Gold Fields Company, of Deloro, near Marmora, to close down their stamp mills and other works, with the exception of the arsenic mill, on April 1st next. This, we are informed, will throw at least 100 men out of employment. It is the intention of the company to continue the mining operations during the coming summer, which, together with the staff required by the arsenic mill, will necessitate the employment of about 50 men. At present, or at least until quite recently, some 200 men were employed. Though our informant did not like to so state, he says that not unlikely the recent strike had something to do with the mills closing down.

Here is a Pointer

Because you haven't used Catarrhozone is the best reason why you should use it right away. It will cure the Catarrh that makes your breath so heavy and your hearing so poor. Catarrhozone is a scientific cure for catarrh, bronchitis and asthma, recommended by doctors and druggists as a certain cure. Mr. Henry A. Taylor, the oldest druggist in Halifax, says, "Catarrhozone gives satisfaction wherever it goes. It is simple and convenient to use, and enjoys fully three times the sale of any other catarrh remedy sold in the city." Catarrhozone is guaranteed to cure, and if it fails you can have your money returned. Price $1.00 for two months' treatment. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Of The Women's Auxiliary of All Saint's—[illegible]

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of All Saint's Church was held on Tuesday evening. After devotional exercises by the Rector a very interesting address on "Woman's Work in the Church," was delivered by Rev. W. L. Armitage.

The chair was occupied by Miss Chamberlain, President, and the different reports were presented which showed that a very successful year's work had been done. A very interesting paper on "Mission Work of the Church in the large cities in England," was read by Mrs. Edward Harris.

The officers were re-elected for the ensuing year, and are as follows:

Hon. Pres.,—Mrs. Beck.
Pres.,—Miss Chamberlain.
1st Vice-Pres.,—Mrs. Hooper.
2nd Vice-Pres.,—Mrs. D. J. Lundy.
Sec.,—Mrs. Latimer.
Treas.,—Mrs. Gilbert.
Con. of P.M.C.—Mrs. Buller.
Organist,—Miss Bullen.
Superintendents of Jun. W. A.—Mrs. Hickey, Miss Cochrane and Mrs. [illegible].

Over twenty new members joined and a large number of others are expected at an early date.

A very pleasing and interesting feature of the evening was the presentation to Miss Chamberlain of a Life Membership in the Diocesan Branch. Miss Chamberlain was taken completely by surprise and replied in very feeling terms.

Those present were entertained to refreshments by Mrs. D. L. Lundy. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. Lundy and Mr. Brown, who had sung a couple of solos during the evening. The meeting closed with the members' prayer and benediction by the Rector.

GENERAL BULLER GETS INTO TROUBLE AGAIN

A Sentence in a Report by Roberts Omitted to Spare Buller's Feelings

London, March 26.—An acrimonious correspondence between Mr. A. J. Balfour and Gen. Buller has been published. Mr. Balfour contends that Gen. Buller was in chief command at the battle of Spion Kop, while Gen. Buller denies this assertion.

To his contention, Mr. Balfour adds: "There is no reason why all the Spion Kop despatches should not be published."

To this General Buller rejoins that he hopes the despatches will be published without manipulation.

Yesterday, Mr. Balfour, replying to Gen. Buller, protested against the latter's insinuation, and declared that the only manipulation which had been exercised with regard to Gen. Buller's despatches, was the excision of a single sentence criticising Sir Charles Warren, whilst the omissions from Lord Roberts' despatches relating to operations in Natal, were made, said Mr. Balfour, "solely for the purpose, if possible, of sparing your feelings, and maintaining your military reputation."

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 27, 1902.

THE CZAR'S REPLY TO THE BRITISH-JAPANESE WARNING

We shall recognize the purport of the joint note now addressed by Russia and France to the other great Powers interested in the Far East, if we recall the terms of the British-Japanese treaty to which the note must be regarded as a reply. Substantially, the treaty provided that, in the event of a conflict between Russia and Japan, the latter power should be left to fight single-handed, so long as her opponent should receive no support from a third Power; but that, in case Russia should obtain help from a third power, as, for example, her French ally, then Japan, on her side, might count on the assistance of Great Britain. Under all circumstances, the treaty was construed as an admonition that Russia would do well to withdraw her troops from Manchuria and to cease meddling in Corea.

That, for the present, at all events, Russia will obey the admonition seems probable, but, to save her dignity, she now pretends by the joint note that she has intended all along to follow the course prescribed. The signatories of the joint note begin by asserting that they have repeatedly expressed the purpose of upholding the open door in "China," and that they view with satisfaction the affirmation of the same principle by Great Britain and Japan. We have put the word "China" in quotation marks, because it is ambiguous, very different meanings having been hitherto assigned to it by Russia and her French ally on the one hand, and by Japan, Great Britain and the United States upon the other. Russia has shown by her acts, that is to say, by her military occupation of Mukden, Newchwang and other strategic points, and by her attempt to make the occupation permanent through a formal cession of the territory occupied, that, in her eyes, "China" means the region south of the Great Wall and should not include Manchuria. On the other hand, Japan, Great Britain, and the United States have persistently held Manchuria to be an inseparable part of the Chinese Empire, and, consequently, think that the Russian soldiers should be withdrawn as quickly as possible from the points temporarily occupied. As Russia, since the announcement of the British-Japanese treaty, has ceased trying to secure exclusive mining and industrial privileges in Manchuria, and has consented to fix early dates for the removal of her troops from that province, we assume that she has renounced her former interpretation of the word "China," and in the joint note has given it the more comprehensive meaning to which we have referred.

It is in the last paragraph of the joint note that some British readers profess to detect a suspicious or minatory tenor, but, for our part, we can see in it nothing that was not already known, to wit: the intention of France and Russia to act together in the Far East. The words are: "They themselves (the signatories of the joint note) being also obliged to take into consideration the eventuality of aggressive action on the part of a third power, or of fresh troubles in China jeoparding the integrity and free development of that Power, and becoming a menace to their own interests, and to their governments, reserve it to themselves to consider in such case, means of assuring their protection." It means apparently, that, if Japan, relying on the fact that, as yet, the Trans-Siberian Railway is not adapted for military purposes, should seize the opportunity to attack Russia while the latter power is weak on its eastern frontier, France would lend the aid of her fleet to her ally, in spite of her knowledge that this act would bring Great Britain into the arena on the other side. In other words, the British Foreign Office will be disappointed, if it entered into the treaty with Japan on the assumption that it would thereby avert the interference of any third Power with a duel between the Czar and the Mikado. The joint note means that, if there is any collision at all on the Pacific coast of Asia, it will not be a duel but a quadrangular fight.

The British Government, which must desire to avoid all additional burdens while its resources are severely taxed in South Africa, will, in view of the position now openly taken by France, do its utmost to prevent its Japanese ally from precipitating hostilities in the Far East.

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NEW ENGLAND FOR RECIPROCITY

New England is getting its eyes more widely open every day to the obvious advantages of reciprocity with Canada. It has been for reciprocity—at least, of a sort—for a long time; but it is now beginning to realize that it is losing large sums of money every month that reciprocity is delayed. More than that, no small share of its industrial importance in the future depends upon securing for its manufactures access to Canadian markets.

As a consequence, New England politicians at Washington are doing their best fighting for a re-opening of the reciprocity question with Canada. They are apparently ready to sacrifice all the farmers in the West, who oppose reciprocity in natural products under the mistaken delusion that Canadians would waste time fighting for their flooded and secondary market when the world mart of Britain is open to us. The zeal of the New Englanders is spurred on by the fear that Canada is on the brink of making an arrangement with Britain which will shut reciprocity out of the field of practical politics forever.

It looks, indeed, as if Canada were soon to be in the position of a popular maiden with many suitors to choose between. A population is pouring into our West which will want many manufactured articles, and will be able to pay for them in the best grain in the world. Our money will be good, and our tastes "various." So it is no wonder that New England does not desire to see all this go to old England without a chance for itself.

The approved policy of the Canadian people is not difficult to discern, however. The first industries to benefit by this growth must be those planted in Canada, manned by Canadian labour, and consuming Canadian produce. The eyes of our exporters will then turn naturally to Britain, where the best prices prevail, and the largest buyers are to be found; and, as we must sell goods for goods to get the best results, our first inclination will be to buy there what we cannot make ourselves. This natural tendency we hope to see fostered in the near future by a system of preferential tariffs, the practical side of which scheme our representatives to London next June have an opportunity to discuss.

As for our American neighbors, we have always been ready to enter into a fair arrangement with them though we are bound to confess that this attitude has not always—or even usually—met with a similar spirit at the boundary line. Our New England friends must remember—what we cannot forget—that for years they have waged a tariff war against us, that they have tried to drive us into suing for annexation, and that they are still in an attitude of trade hostility. If further advances are to be made, it is only fair that they should make them; but they may as well know that we will abandon neither our home industries nor our inter-imperial trade.

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Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 266,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 208,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by H. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

Dooley on Athletics For Women.

Mr. HENNESSY having ventured to say that athletic exercise is a splendid thing for women, "Is it, faith?" said Mr. Dooley. "Well, it may be, but it's no good f'r th' women f'r th' men. I don't know annything that cud be more demoralizin' thin to be marrid to a woman that cud give me a sthroke a shtick at goluf. 'Tis goin' to be th' roon iv fam'ly life. 'Twill break up th' happy home. I'm a man, we'll say, that's down town fr'm th' arly mornin' bendin' over a ledger an' thryin' to thrap a dollar or two to keep th' landlord fr'm th' dure. I dispise athleets. I see that all th' men that have a metallic rattle whin they get on a moovin' sthreet car are pounds overweight, an' wud blow up if they jogged around th' corner.

"Well, I come home at night, an' no matther how I've been 'Here-you-d' all day, I feel in me heart that I'm th' big thing there. What makes me feel that way, says ye? 'Tis th' sinse iv physical supeeryority. Me wife is smarter thin I am. She's had nawthin' to do all day but th' housewurrk an' puttin' in th' coal an' studyin' how she can make me do something I don't want to do that I wud want to do if she didn't want me to do it. She's thrained to th' minyit in havin' her own way. Her mind's clearer, mine bein' full iv bills iv ladin'; she can talk betther an' more frequent; she can throw me fam'ly in me face, an' whin har-rd put to it, her starry eyes can gleam with tears that I think ar-re grief, but she knows diff'rent. An' I give in. But I've won, just th' same.

"But now, how is it? I go home at night an' I'm met at th' dure be a female joynt. Me wife's th' champeen lady golufess iv th' Ivy Leaf Goluf Club; th' finest oarslady on th' canal; a tinnis player that none can raysist without injury. She can ride a horse, an' I cudden't stay on a merry-go-round without clothespins. She can box a good welterweight, an' she's got medals f'r th' broad jump. Th' on'y spoorts she isn't good at is cookin' an' washin'. This large lady, a little peevish because she's off her dhrive, meets me at th' dure an' begins issuin' ordhers before I have me shoes off. 'Tis jut th' same as if I was back on th' hoist. She doesn't argy, she doesn't weep. She jus' says, 'Say, you,' an' I'm off on th' bound. I look her over, an' say I to meself, 'What's th' good? I cudden't cross that guard,' an' me reign is ended. I'm back to th' ranks iv th' proilitory.

"It won't do, Hinnissy. It's a blow at good govermint. 'Twill disrupt th' home. Our fathers was r-right. They didn't risk their lives an' limbs be marryin' these female Sharkeys."

Dressing-up For the Coronation.

(Paris Correspondent of London "Truth.")

THE Earl-Marshal's notification to the peers and peeresses of Great Britain is thought vastly amusing. It strikes us here as might an attempt to go back with pride to the ancestral missing link, whose skeleton it appears has been found in the farthest East. There was something grand and handsome in the distinctive costumes that Louis the Fourteenth invented. The tabouret and the pliant, or folding seat, had their manifest raison d'etre in the crowded saloons and galleries at Versailles. But the notification of the Earl-Marshal strikes us as the triumph of smallness, the exaltation of pettiness. Could Swift have been thinking of a similar notification in his time when he wrote about the war between the Big-Endians and the Little-Endians? A consequence of the notification will be to make American heiresses scorn offers of marriage from noblemen less high than dukes. They will know now that dukes only have strawberry leaves on their coronets and four rows of black snips of fur on their miniver capes. Barons who can only wear two rows of the black snips will be held of small account in the heiress preserves of the United States, and so, we may expect, will be earls who have half a row less than the marquis, and a whole row less than a duke. What American lady could bear to appear as a baron's wife in a mantle with a train three feet on the ground when the viscountess immediately preceding her had one a quarter of a yard longer, the countess preceding her half a yard, the marchioness three-quarters of a yard, and the duchess a whole yard? The English easily grasp the inferiority of their "proper stations" in or out of the Peerage. But the Americans do not. Their motto is "tout ou rien." They must have a front seat, or they leave the room. Mr. Jesse Grant, though not of the ornamental sex, declined to dine at Windsor with the lords' gentlemen-in-waiting. "If I do not dine with father (the ex-President of the United States) and mother at the Queen's table I go home." A court official with fear and trembling conveyed this intimation to her late Majesty, who reluctantly yielded, for Big-Endian and Little-Endian questions came within the compass of her brain, and she attached great importance to them. Mr. Jesse Grant did not know that the smallest of the court officials with whom he scorned to dine took precedence of the grand old Gladstone, and that without shocking any Englishman. The aristocratic nobody who waited on the Queen was supposed to absorb some of her sacred virtue. So far as precedence went, the Prime Minister, who was the representative of the nation, was of inferior standing. But I dare say this did not matter to the Grand Old Man.

I had some years ago one of her Majesty's judges (Sir Henry Keating) dining with me. Another guest was an English Honorable, who might have been, in regard to age, his son. It seemed to me absurd that the place of honor should not be given to the judge. To make things pleasant to him, I consulted him before the dinner came off on the subject of precedence. "If," he said, "it is a Franco-English dinner, adopt French rules, since you are in France; if it is an English one, adopt English, in which case I go behind the Honorable. Any earl's son old enough to wear a swallow-tailed coat and a white cravat is entitled to take the pas of me. I know that an American judge, accustomed to be looked up to, would not like to walk behind a young sprig of nobility. I remember Evarts, the great American lawyer who pleaded on the side of the United States at the Geneva Arbitral Court, being visibly annoyed at an earl's son who had just left Eton being placed above him at table."

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Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work. —Philadelphia Press.

"Badly Crippled."

Rheumatism at its worst is a sort of living death. It chains a man to a chair or binds him to a bed, and metes out to him a daily martyrdom. At the best rheumatism is a painful malady, interfering alike with pleasure and business.

To cure rheumatism it is necessary to eliminate from the blood the acid poisons which are the cause of the disease. This is effectually done by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It carries out of the blood the corrupt and poisonous accumulations which breed and feed disease. It increases the activity of the blood-making glands and sends an increased supply of rich, pure blood through vein and artery to strengthen every organ of the body.

"I had been troubled with rheumatism for twelve years, so bad at times I could not leave my bed," writes Mr. R. L. McKnight, of Cades, Williamsburg Co., S. C. "I was badly crippled. Tried many doctors and two of them gave me up to die. None of them did me much good. The pains in my back, hips and legs (and at times in my head), would nearly kill me. My appetite was very bad. Everybody who saw me said I must die. I took five bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four vials of 'Pellets,' and to-day my health is good after suffering twelve years with rheumatism."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are powerful aids to the cleansing of the clogged system. By all dealers in medicine.

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Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

◆

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Clean Sleeping Places.

At this season of the year the swine need careful watching that their sleeping quarters are in good condition. It will not do to turn the herd to straw stacks, thinking that by so doing they will be comfortably and properly provided by a bed that will keep them warm and comfortable, with no bad results following.

The main feature in the hog bedding is to have it dry and free from manure or heating filth. The hog nest or sleeping apartment should be free from draughts or currents of air. There should be no air blowing in on the hogs while sleeping. This does not imply that the sleeping apartments should be close, low from roof to roof or poorly ventilated; on the contrary, they should be airy, plenty of space for circulation of fresh air. It is a bad plan to have hogs sleep in low, close quarters, where there is a tendency to create a steam or dampness that will settle over the hogs. A clean hog-house, with tight walls, moderate ventilation above to carry off the damp air is the basis of good sleeping accommodation for the swine.

The kind of bedding is a matter that may admit of some difference of opinion. The swine should not be left to the bare floor, without any warm, soft material for bedding. The hog, while indifferent in many ways about its comfort, enjoys a good, soft bed. The hog is also very sensitive to cold, and will always busy itself in carrying straw, leaves and soft materials to make a big, soft bed to sleep in, if left to its own inclinations. This manifestation of instinct should teach every hog-owner the need of supplying the hog with plenty of good, dry material for its nest.

Corn stalks are considered one of the very best bedding materials. Wheat straw is also good, but requires more frequent changing. Give the hogs good, clean bedding, change the bedding frequently and keep the hogs clean and comfortable through the cold season. It will pay. Hogs are worth too much money to handle carelessly in these times of high prices.—Nebraska Farmer.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realise our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really know the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

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Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

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HEAD OFFICE - 437 GEORGE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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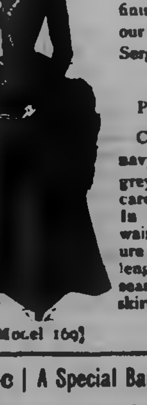

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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Melancholy or despondency caused by weak unhealthy nerves, are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease.

If you have a secret drain from early abuse, later excesses or exposure, the results are the same. You cannot expect healthy nerves while your vitality is being wasted. Do not live out a miserable existence on account of your youthful follies, you are not safe until cured—nature never excuses—no matter how young, old or innocent one may have been.

If you are tired in the morning, drowsy and sleepy, feel as if you are overworked, pain in the back, deposits in urine, irritable and easily excited, no ambition, memory poor, haggard expression, or other signs of weakness, call and see me, as I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment a positive cure for these conditions, and you pay when cured. Read this sworn testimonial, none used without permission. $1,000.00 for any I cannot show.

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated by —— for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in [illegible]—then he noticed a recurrence and on May 16, [illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above troubles, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured. Aug. 1, [illegible] J. HARRIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. [illegible]

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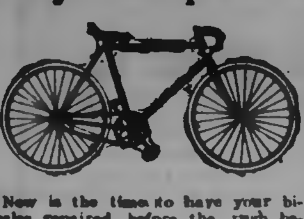

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FRY, 384 Park Place—Falling into Lane—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and decorations at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 384 Park place.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

Anecdotal.

On one occasion, when Robert Fechter, the tragedian, appeared in "Monte Cristo," the curtain rose at twelve-thirty for the last act discovering Fechter in an attitude of contemplation. For some moments he did not make a movement, and not a sound broke the silence, until a small but clear voice in the gallery queried, in tones of anxiety: "I hope we are not keeping you up, sir?"

An English paper tells a good story of a Droitwich barber. He was just finishing lathering a customer and was talking volubly as usual. "Yes, sir," he said, "there's no carelessness allowed by our employer. Every time we cut a customer's face we are fined sixpence, and if we make an ugly gash it costs us a shilling." Then, picking up and brandishing his razor, he added: "But I don't care a rap to-day. I've just won a sovereign."

Parson Twine, the Chesterfieldian sanitary officer and a dog-catcher of Atchison, recently called at a house, says a Kansas City paper, and asked the woman who appeared if she kept a dog. "No, I don't," responded the woman; "look for yourself." "Madam," said Parson Twine, "what sort of an administration would this be if the dog tax collector doubted the word of a lady?" The woman looked at him helplessly for a moment, and then softly said: "I—I—I have one little dog which I will pay on if you say so."

Gen. Sherman was one of the most approachable men who ever commanded a great army. During his famous march to the sea both North and South were completely mystified as to what point he was striking for, and one day an old Georgia planter, who had called at his headquarters and enjoyed his good cheer, asked him plumply if he had any objections to telling where his army was bound. "Not the least," said Sherman. Then leaning over, he whispered in his guest's ear, but so loudly that everybody else in the tent overheard it. "We are going pretty much where we damn please."

The wife of a well-known New York lawyer, who visited London this summer, was operated on for appendicitis in the British metropolis shortly after her arrival there. The first day the patient was able to accompany her husband for a walk she met Ambassador Joseph Choate, an intimate friend, who had shown much solicitude for her recovery. The delighted Mr. Choate greeted the lawyer warmly, but seemed to ignore his wife, who finally said, with a pout: "Why, Mr. Choate, you don't take any notice of me. You haven't spoken a word to me yet. I really believe you have forgotten me." "My dear madam," said Mr. Choate, smiling, "I must confess that I did not recognize you without your appendix."

The methods employed by ex-Governor Throckmorton of Texas to make clear the claims of his clients were perhaps unlike those of any other lawyer, but they often carried conviction with them. At one time he was defending a man who was on trial for murder in Gainesville, Texas. He desired to make it plain to the jury that the man whom his client killed, although in his shirt-sleeves and without a pistol-pocket, might have been well-armed. "Can you see any signs of arms about me?" demanded the general, taking off his coat, and standing before the jurors. They shook their heads. "Watch me!" he said, dramatically, and with that he proceeded to draw a pistol from under each arm, one from each boot-leg, and from the back of his neck a bowie-knife of most sinister aspect.

The following story goes to show that all men have not their price—a theory held by some. It also emphasizes the fact that a rebuke can be more efficiently given quietly than in anger. Once when Gen. Ludlow, then a colonel of engineers, was in charge of some important Government contracts, a contractor came into his office and slipped into his hand a bill of a large denomination, and at the same time spoke of the size of his bid for certain Government works. Col. Ludlow at once made the contractor feel at home by smiling and inviting him to take a chair. Then he handed the contractor a cigar. The visitor by this time was in high feather over the apparent success of his attempt at bribery, but his idea of Ludlow was suddenly changed. "Won't you have a light, too?" asked the colonel, and stepping to the fireplace with the bill he lighted it and politely applied it in a flame to the contractor's cigar, where he held it until it was entirely consumed. It is related that there was a deep silence; then the contractor went away gloomily and never returned.

Progressive Turkish Women.

The first Turkish woman, it is said, who has visited Europe with the object of exposing the unhappy condition of her countrywomen is the Princess Hairie Ben-Ayad, who is now in London with her husband, Ali Nouri Bey, lately consul-general of Turkey in Rotterdam. The princess is declared to be well educated and accomplished, and expects to give a course of lectures on social conditions in Turkey, in which she hopes to arouse sentiment against the existing state of affairs. Her husband is well known as a leader of the Turkish Legitimist party, which is working for the release of Murad V. from prison, where his brother, the reigning Sultan, placed him on the plea of insanity. It is said in political circles that the accession of Murad to the throne would introduce a progressive policy into Turkish governmental affairs. The princess, who is deeply interested in these plans, is the daughter of the late Mahmoud Pacha Ben-Ayad of Tunis, a friend of Napoleon III. and prominent during his reign in Paris society.

Labor-Saving but Oath-Producing.

SPEAKING of the introduction in Eastern telephone exchanges of the "line-busy" phonograph attachments, the "Argonaut" remarks that in the effete East these innovations may possibly be tamely received, but they had a short life in San Francisco. When some bright telephone clerk conceived the plan of saving another clerk's wages by putting on a phonograph to say, "Line is busy," it was received with rejoicing by the telephone stockholders in San Francisco. But the telephone subscribers did not like it at all, and did not hesitate to say so. On the first day of the innovation the startled telephone subscribers listened in wonder to the mechanical moaning, squeaking and buzzing of the phonograph droning out: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy—line—is—busy—we—will—call—you." The machine, naturally, was deaf to expostulation or enquiry. To polite dissent and to fiery oaths it returned the same monotonous groan: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy." Goaded by this automatic barking, the most mild-mannered men became temporarily maddened. On that famous first day the telephone scenes in the various clubs were peculiar. From the telephone closets there would come at intervals wild bursts of oaths and sometimes maniac laughter. The attendants would hasten to the telephone temple, and assist forth congested millionaires, purple-faced, pop-eyed, apoplectic. They were speechless—all they could do was to shake their fists at the telephone. When a mining millionaire from Mexico, newly arrived that day, suddenly burst out of the telephone closet clamoring for an axe with which to attack the instrument, the club manager grew apprehensive. When, later in the day, an alcoholic millionaire could not wait for an axe, but demolished the telephone with a heavy, silver-headed cane, the manager concluded to take prudential measures and ask the telephone company to switch off the phonograph. Which was done. This was the end of the telephone-phonograph in the San Francisco clubs, and not long after it was disused throughout the city generally. This experience is respectfully submitted by the "Argonaut" for the consideration of Eastern cities.

Suicide Contagious.

Mayor Morse, of Emporia, Kan., asked the editors of Emporia papers recently to refrain from publishing details of suicides. He said that the publication of such details had caused an epidemic of suicides in that community in the last two years. He had consulted with the Board of Health, and thought that if the papers would not comply with his request he had a right to stop summarily the publication of suicide details under a law providing for the suppression of epidemics.

"If the paper," he said, "on which these local papers are printed had been kept in a place infected with smallpox I could demand that the papers quit using that paper or stop publication. If they spread another contagion, the contagious suggestion of suicide, I believe the liberty of the press is not to be considered before the public welfare, and that the courts would sustain me in using force to prevent the publication of papers containing matter clearly deleterious to the public health.

"However, no such steps need be taken. Mr. White, of the 'Gazette;' Mr. Strong, of the 'Republican,' and Mr. Yearout, of the 'Times,' are in sympathy with me in this movement and will suppress the details of suicides until the epidemic subsides."

Sunshine.

After a morn of dreary rain
The sullen clouds withdrew,
The summer sun shone forth again
From skies of dazzling blue:

Sorrow and suffering was my dole,
But you have banished pain—
Your love shone through my lonely soul
Like sunshine after rain!

—Eileen Benson.

Where There Is No Degeneracy.

A delightful article by Mr. Frank Beddard, of the London Zoological Gardens, in the "Pall Mall Magazine," makes one suspect that the only spot in civilization where degeneracy has not begun is the "Zoo." Mr. Beddard takes us through the great menagerie which is under his supervision, and shows us many distinguished inmates at dinner. The hippopotamus is an enviable gourmet. He has been thirty-seven years at the "Zoo," and has had only one attack of indigestion. On that grave occasion he was cured with forty (or eighty) drops of croton oil, administered in a bun. Happy beast! No visits to specialists at a guinea a visit! No anxious trials of patent medicines, advertised in the evening papers with portraits of the cures! Down went the bun, and Hippo was himself again! The Australian cassowary consumes everything (except the missionary and his hymn-book), and never knows what indigestion means. Excellent living (Mr. Beddard's statistics of the food are staggering) and leisured ease make astonishing longevity at the "Zoo." There was a Madagascar parrot who flourished in captivity for fifty-four years, and goodness knows how old he was when he retired to Regent's Park. Possibly he became a centenarian. The official records apparently neglect to state his views of life.

Incident at Pekin.

Probably the most amusing incident of the siege of Pekin, says Henry Savage Landor, occurred on July 22, 1900, when the Dowager-Empress sent a hundred melons, some cucumbers and egg-plant as a present to the Chinese soldiers at the barricades. The servants who brought them misunderstood the order, and handed over the whole lot to the foreign soldiers, also at their barricade. The vegetables were hauled in with due haste, as soon as the guards got over their first astonishment at the handsome gift; but no doubt the person most astonished of all was the messenger on his return to the Dowager-Empress. It is not improbable that the misplaced melons cost him his life.

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah;
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Gaswell—The Czar of Russia now has our daughters. Mr. Gaswell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!"—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Dooley on the Medical Profession.

HENNESSY having expressed the opinion that Christian Science is all foolishness, "Well, sir, who can tell?" said Mr. Dooley. "If it wasn't f'r progress, I'd be sure the Christyan Scientists was wrong. But th' doctor who attinded me whin I was young 'd be thought as loonatical if he was alive to-day as th' mos' Christyan Scientist that iver rayjooced a swellin' over a long-distance tillyphone. He inthrajooced near th' whole parish into this life iv sin an' sorrow, he give us calomel with a shovel, bled us like a polis captain, an' niver thought anny medicine was good if it didn't choke ye goin' down. I can see him now as he come up dhrivin' an ol' gray an' yellow horse in a buggy. He had whiskers that he cud tie in a knot round his waist, an' him an' th' priest was th' on'y two men in th' neighborhood that carried a goold watch. He used to say 'twas th' healthiest parish in th' wurruld, barrin' hangin's an' thransportations, an' thim come in Father Hickey's province. Ivrybody thought he was a gr-reat man, but they wudden't lave him threat a spavin in these days. He was catch-as-catch-can, an' he'd tackle annything fr'm pneumony iv th' lungs to premachure baldness. He'd niver heerd iv microbes, an' nayther did I till a few yeafs ago, whin I was tol' they was a kind iv animals or bugs that crawled around in ye like spiders. I see pitchers iv thim in th' pa-apers with eyes like pooched eggs, till I dhreamed wan night I was a hayloft full iv bats. Thin th' dock down th' sthreet set me r-right. He says th' microbes is a vigitable, an' ivry man is like a conservatory full iv millyons iv these potted plants.

"Well, that sounds all right, an' I sind f'r a doctor. 'Dock,' says I, 'me vilets ar-re thinnin' out, an' I feel as though I was full iv sage brush,' I say. Th' dock puts a glass chube in me mouth an' says, 'Don't bite it.' 'D'ye think I'm a glass eater?' says I, talkin' through me teeth like a Kerry lawyer. 'What's it f'r?' I says. 'To take ye'er timprachoor,' says he. About th' time I'm r-ready to sthrangle he removes th' chube. 'How high does she spout?' says I. 'Ninety-nine,' says he. 'Good hivens,' says I. 'Don't come near me, dock, or you'll be sun sthruck.' I says. 'I've just examined ye'er blood,' he says. 'Ye're full iv weeds,' he says. Be that time I'm scared to death, an' I say a few prayers, whin he fixes a hose to me chest an' begins listenin'. 'Annything goin' on inside?' says I. 'Tis ye'er heart,' says he. 'Glory be,' says I. 'What's th' matther with that ol' ingine?' says I. 'I cud tell ye,' he says, 'but I'll have to call in Dock Viathricle, th' specyalist,' he says. 'I oughtn't be lookin' at ye'er heart at all,' he says. 'I niver larned below th' chin, an' I'd be fired be th' Union if they knew I was wurrukin' on th' heart,' he says. So he sinds f'r Dock Vinthricle, an' th' dock climbs me chest an' listens, an' thin he says, 'They'se something the matter with his lungs, too,' he says. 'At times they're full iv air an' again,' he says, 'they ain't,' he says. 'Sind f'r Bellows,' he says. Bellows comes and pounds me as though I was a roof he was shinglin', an' havin' accidentally hit me below th' belt, he sinds for Dock Laporattony, an' th' Dock sticks his finger into me as far as th' knuckle.

"He shakes his head an' goes out iv th' room with th' others, an' they talk it over at tin dollars a minyit while I'm layin' there at two dollars a day—docked. Whin they come back, wan iv thim says, 'This here is a mos' inthrestin' case an' we must have th' whole class take a look into it,' he says. It means me, Hinnissy. 'Dock,' he says, 'ye will remove its brain. Vinthricle, ye will have its heart; an', Bellows, ye will take its lungs. As f'r me,' he says, 'I will add wan more vermiform appindix to me belt,' he says. 'Tis sthrange how our foolish predecessors,' says he, 'niver got on to th' dangers iv th' vermiform appindix,' he says. 'I have no doubt that that's what kilt Methusalem,' he says. So they mark out their wurruk on me with a piece iv red chalk, an' if I get well, I look like a rag carpet. Sometimes they lave things in ye, Hinnissy. I knowed a man wanst—Moriarty was his name, Tim Moriarty—an' he had to be hemstitched hurridly because they was goin' to be a ball game that day, an' they locked up in him two sponges, a saw, an' ice pick, a goold watch, an' a pair iv curlin'-irons belongin' to wan iv the nurses. He tol' me he didn't feel well, but he didn't think annything iv it till he noticed that he jingled whin he walked.

"That's what they do with ye nowadays, Hinnissy. Ivry time I go into Dock Cassidy's office, he gives me a look that makes me wisht I'd wore a suit iv chain armor. His eyes seem to say, 'Can I come in?' Between th' Christyan Scientists an' him, 'tis a question iv whether ye want to be threated like a loonytic or like a can iv presarved vigitables. Father Kelly says th' styles iv medicine changes like th' styles iv hats. Whin he was a boy, they give ye quinine f'r whativer ailed ye, an' now they give ye sthrychnine, an' nex' year they'll be givin' ye prooshic acid, maybe. He says they're findin' new things th' matther with ye ivry day, an' ol' things that have to be taken out, until th' time is comin' whin not more thin half iv us 'll be rale an' th' rest 'll be rubber. He says they ought to enforce th' law iv assault with a deadly weepin' again th' doctors. He says that if they knew less about pizen an' more about gruel an' opened fewer patients an' more windows, they'd not be so manny Christyan Scientists. He says th' diff'rence between Christyan Scientists an' doctors is that Christyan Scientists thinks they'se no such thing as disease, an' doctors thinks there ain't annything else. An' there ye ar-re."

"What d'ye think about it?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"I think," said Mr. Dooley, "that if th' Christyan Scientists had some science an' th' doctors more Christyanity, it wudden't make anny diff'rence which ye called in—if ye had a good nurse."

"I understand that Freeman has come to the conclusion to contest his wife's will." "Well, what is there dangerous about that? She's dead, isn't she?"—Richmond "Dispatch."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Willful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

And in that moment, while his kisses were upon her lips, the horrible thought swept over her heart that she did not love him. With the changing of the hour she had repented bitterly that she had been persuaded into marrying him. Young as she was, she realized dimly that it was a strange, foolish, mad marriage; yet it was legal and binding. She was Harold St. John's bride.

She turned to him with wondering eyes.

"Harold," she said quickly, "why did the minister call me Lillian Ruthven?"

He looked down at her smiling, as he answered, gallantly:

"Because you were Lillian Ruthven; but you are Lillian Ruthven no longer. You are Lillian St. John now—my wife."

"I do not understand you, Harold," said Daisy, in growing dismay. "Lillian Ruthven, the heiress at Briar hall, is a far different person from me, only poor little Daisy Gordon, a farmer's daughter."

He sprang from her side as though he had received a terrible blow.

"Tell me!" he cried, grasping her arm so tightly that poor Daisy was startled by his fierceness; "surely there has been no mistake. You are, or were, Lillian Ruthven, the heiress?"

"If you thought that, you were mistaken, Harold," she said. "I wondered why you always called me Lily. Can it be that you thought me the heiress?"

"Yes, I—I thought so," he answered slowly, and his voice was so hoarse and unnatural, it frightened poor Daisy.

"But now you know that I am only Daisy Gordon, a farmer's daughter, does it make any difference, Harold?" she asked, piteously.

He had drawn back from her with a face as white as death.

"And I have risked so much for this!" he cried, with a mirthless laugh terrible to hear.

In a flash poor Daisy understood the bitter, cruel truth.

"If you married me for money, believing you had married Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, you have been strangely misled. Oh, Harold, is it true? tell me that it is not, that you married me because you loved me, or I shall fall dead at your feet," she sobbed wildly.

He shook off the clinging clasp of those white hands impatiently enough.

"Of course I cared for you; but you may as well know the truth," he added, thinking little enough of her woe in the chagrin of his own defeat. "Unless I had believed you to be Lillian Ruthven whom I was wooing, I should have been away from here days ago, and—— No, I should never have married you."

Those were the cruelest words that ever broke a young girl's heart. Without a cry, without a moan, Daisy threw up her hands and fell down in a lifeless heap at his feet.

And in that instant he heard the sound of approaching footsteps. Before Harold St. John could spring forward to raise her, a man's form appeared around the curve of the path. Harold St. John stepped quickly to one side, devoutly hoping the little slim figure would not be observed lying amid the tall grass.

Was it possible the man was searching for some one or something?

In an instant he had espied the little figure in the grass.

He sprung forward with a mighty cry, and flung himself down on his knees in the grass beside her, crying:—

"Great God! it is Daisy. My darling! my little Daisy; she is dead!"

But no, the heart throbbed ever so faintly.

With a fervent "Thank God, she is alive!" Farmer Gordon, for it was he, raised the slight, limp figure in his stalwart arms, and started down the path that led over the hills to the farmhouse.

CHAPTER VI.

What Occurred at the Grand Ball.

When Daisy opened her eyes to consciousness, she found herself lying in her own little room at the farmhouse, with Margy and her father bending anxiously over her.

She starts up with a wild, piteous cry.

"Was it all a dream, papa?" she asks, in an awful whisper, raising a pair of terrified blue eyes to his sunburned face.

Farmer Gordon draws nearer the white bed, and lays his hand on the curly, golden head.

"It's not a dream, child; you fainted by the roadside. What was the cause of it?"

Daisy tried to speak; but no word fell from her white lips.

"You'd been gone a long time, lass," he went on, "and I started out in search of you; I thought, mayhap, you'd fallen asleep somewhere, and as I walked along the path that leads over the hill, I saw you lying all in a white heap in the long grass by the roadside, an' I picked you up and brought you home. You gave me a mighty scare, lass — a mighty

To be Continued.

Pile Terrors Swept Away.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment stands at the head as a reliever, healer, and sure cure for Piles in all forms. One application will give comfort in a few minutes, and three to six days' application according to directions will cure chronic cases. It relieves all itching and burning skin diseases in a day. 35 cents.—99

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

BIRDS FED on Cottams Seed with patent Bird Bread are enabled to appropriate more nourishment than from any other food. Manufactured under six patents, it is double the value of its closest competitor.

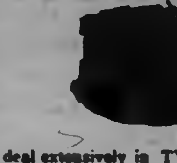
BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents, manufactured under 6 patents, sell separately: Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With COTTAM'S SEED you get this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated, price 25c.; to users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty clinching will be sent post paid for 12c.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 3 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

The Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada.

FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

The sixth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada was held on Monday, March 10, at their offices in the Temple Building, London, Ont.

In the absence of the President, the Hon. Mr. Justice Mills, Mr. T. H. Purdom, K.C., first vice-president, occupied the chair, and Mr. Francis Love, Police Magistrate of London, acted as secretary.

The directors presented their fifth annual report, as follows:

The directors are well satisfied with the results of the past year. The company has made substantial progress in every department, is constantly enlarging the volume of its business, and extending the area over which its operations are carried on.

The company is constantly strengthening its agency department, and has now a splendid staff of agents, who are working loyally for the company, and to whose energy and capacity is due in a large measure the gratifying results of the past year.

The amount of insurance written during the year was $1,267,500, and the amount in force at the end of the year was $2,769,870, and the net increase $704,670.

The total amount of death claims paid up to the 31st day of December last was $20,858.96, and the interest earned up to that time was $35,152.69, the amount of death claims being 65 per cent. of the expectation. The assets of the company have increased by the sum of $79,661.05. These facts show the care with which the business is being conducted, the death claims being more than met by the interest earned. These death claims are less than the amount calculated according to the mortality tables upon which the premiums are based.

The assets of the company in cash or its equivalent now amount to the sum of $284,271.05. This is exclusive of subscribed and uncalled capital.

The steady progress being made by the company is due to a continuance of the policy of caution and progress which has from the commencement been the policy of the directors of the company. Much energy and care has been given to the conduct of the business of the company, and the directors believe a continuance of that policy will maintain the company in its present position among the safest and best life assurance companies of Canada, and produce profits and results satisfactory to the shareholders as soon as such can, consistently with the absolute safety of the policy-holders, be expected.

The results achieved are viewed with satisfaction, and the future is looked forward to with confidence.

To the managing director, officers and staff of agents most is due for the progress made in building up the business of the company.

All the directors retire annually and are eligible for re-election.

Respectfully submitted DAVID MILLS, President.

Annual Report of the Business for the Year 1901 Compared With the Previous Year.

New applications received in 1901	$1,330,700 00	
New applications received in 1900	889,210 00	
INCREASE	$441,490 00	or 49.6 per cent.
New policies issued in 1901	$1,267,500 00	
New policies issued in 1900	832,010 00	
INCREASE	$435,490 00	or 52.3 per cent.
Total insurance in force Dec. 31, 1901	$2,769,870 00	
Total insurance in force Dec. 31, 1900	2,065,200 00	
INCREASE	$704,670 00	or 34.1 per cent.
Cash premium income in 1901	$75,928 72	
Cash premium income in 1900	57,428 47	
INCREASE	$18,500 25	or 32.2 per cent.
Total cash income in 1901	$84,755 92	
Total cash income in 1900	65,714 59	
INCREASE	$19,041 33	or 28.9 per cent.
Government reserves on policies, 1901	$122,983 93	
Government reserves on policies, 1900	81,250 59	
INCREASE	$41,733 34	or 51.3 per cent.
Paid for death claims and surrenders, 1901	$14,294 25	
Paid for death claims and surrenders, 1900	12,837 42	
INCREASE	$1,456 83	or 11.3 per cent.
Total business expenditure in 1901	$51,076 65	
Total business expenditure in 1900	47,132 42	
INCREASE	$3,944 23	or 8.4 per cent.

Balance Sheet, Dec. 31st, 1901.

ASSETS.

By debentures, mortgages, and other interest bearing assets	$236,165 30	
By cash in bank and office	4,865 61	
By premium notes, premiums under collection and deferred (full reserve thereon included in liabilities)	27,221 23	
By all other assets	16,018 91	
		$284,271 05

LIABILITIES

To Government reserves on policies	$122,983 93	
To surplus on policy holders' account	161,287 12	
		$284,271 05

Assets for the security of policy-holder:

Government reserves	$122,983 93
Surplus on capital account	161,287 12
Subscribed capital uncalled	685,550 00
Total security for policy holders	$969,820 45

Auditors' Report

We hereby certify that we have made regular monthly audits of the books of the Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada during the year 1901. All the entries in the various books have been checked and verified, and the foregoing is a correct statement of the financial standing of the company on the 31st day of December, 1901.

(Signed) G. B. LAIDLAW.
R. M. GRAHAM, Auditors.

On motion of T. H. Purdom, K.C., seconded by Matthew Wilson, K.C., of Chatham, and supported by brief remarks from Mr. Jenkin, of Petrolia, and others, the report was unanimously adopted.

The following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:—Hon. Mr. Justice Mills, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, T. H. Purdom, Esq., K.C., Thomas Long, Esq., Matthew Wilson, Esq., K.C., John Ferguson, Esq., F. B. Leys, M.P.P., W. G. Calvert, M.P., N. H. Stevens, Esq., John Davis, Esq., Francis Love, Esq., J. D. Balfour, Esq., M.D., A. R. Sherwood, Esq., John Purdom, Esq., M. McGugan, M.P., and John Milne, Esq.

At a subsequent meeting of the board of Directors, Hon. Mr. Justice Mills was re-elected president, with T. H. Purdom, Esq., K.C., first vice-president, and Thomas Long, Esq., second vice-president.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggrevated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 27, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—To-morrow is Good Friday.

—The market yesterday was small.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—A number of farmers are preparing to sow their grain.

—The roads in the country are in very good condition for traffic.

—A shipment of nine carloads of machinery for the Canadian Cordage Company is expected to arrive in a few days.

—A balky horse, attached to a cart, caused some excitement at the corner of Aylmer and Hunter streets yesterday afternoon. The cart was considerably damaged.

—The chief of Police is after the boys who are tapping the maple trees along the streets. This practice is very injurious to the young trees and a stop must be made to it at once.

—Everyone that wants the best photos in town at a reasonable price, they all go to Whiten's to have them taken. Everything up-to-date. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing materia neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papeteries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

An Observing Barber

A certain local barber has a way of astonishing a customer once in a while. "You're left handed," he remarked to a man he was shampooing, when a Times reporter happened to be "next." "Yes," replied the other. "You probably saw me hang up my hat." "No," said the barber, "I have other ways of finding out such things. In addition to knowing that you are left-handed I know that you are a book-keeper by profession." "Explain," demanded the customer, after admitting that the barber was right. "It's easy," went on the tonsorial artist. "In shampooing your head I noticed ink on your hair at the left temple. This ink, I deduced, must have got there from a pen resting on your left ear, which indicated that you were a person who used a pen a great deal, as only such persons use their ears as penracks. That didn't convince me that you were a book-keeper, however, because a literary man might stick his pen behind his ear for convenience. I learned of your profession when I applied the lather. This made the ink on your hair wash out, and I discovered two shades of ink—red and black. Nobody but book-keepers use red and black ink in their quill-driving, so it was easy to class you as a book-keeper. I know you were left-handed because the ink was on the left side—the side that a left-handed writer would involuntarily use when sticking his pen back of his ear." "Wonderful, wonderful," remarked the customer: "but suppose you shave me instead of talking so much."

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

BAND CONCERT
GOOD FRIDAY!

MATINEE 2.30 P. M.
EVENING 8 P. M.

WILL J. WHITE
(of Toronto)
Canada's Premier Humorist
and other special attractions.
Admission 10c. Children 5c.

A Tasty Window

The window of Mr. Thos. Barrie's Gents' Furnishing Department presents a very tasty appearance, being dressed with hats of the latest shapes and styles, and reflects great credit on the dresser, Mr. Vanderwater, as well as on this enterprising firm.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, of Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. M. S. Kennedy has returned from a business trip to the States.

—Rev. Geo. Warren, of Lakefield, conducted the services in St. John's church, last evening.

—Rev. Orr Bennet will be inducted into the pastorate of St. Andrew's church, Almonte, to-day.

—Mr. John Denoon, of Kennedy's meat market, was in Toronto yesterday on business in connection with the firm.

—Mayor Deane and Ald. Rush are in Ottawa, as a deputation from this town, to protest against the telephone bill at present before the House.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sims returned yesterday from Warkworth, where they were called by the death of Miss Tilly May King, a sister of Mrs. Sims.

—Mr. C. D. McFarlane left yesterday to assume a position as foreman with Messrs. Wm. Kennedy & Sons, manufacturers, Owen Sound.

—Mr. Douglas Hammond, of Trinity College School, Port Hope, is spending the holidays with his mother in town.

—Messrs. Harry and George Rogers, of Trinity College School, Port Hope, are spending the holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Rogers, Ashburnham.

—Mr. and Mrs. V. P. Thewlis left yesterday on the 4.45 C. P. R., for Hanover, Ill., where they will reside in future, followed by the best wishes of a large number of friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Grey, and their daughters, Lily and Etta, and Miss Minnie Grey, of Toronto, are the guests of Mr. Wm. Grey, Brock street.

SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY

The Science of Palmistry Recently Sustained by the Courts in Toronto

There are many individuals still who do not believe in the science of Palmistry and who think it is a species of fortune telling. This is an altogether mistaken idea because it is a science that has been brought forth after years of deepest study and thought.

Prof. O'Brien, the expert palmist, who is staying in town for a short time is recognized as the leading palmist in the world to-day. He has given this wonderful subject his deepest and most careful attention for a number of years with the result that his name is known everywhere and he meets thousands of people every year who recognize him to be the leading man in the profession. For some time past the authorities in Toronto have been trying to put a stop to the business. After considerable trouble on the part of the authorities to get information a case was brought up in the court in which two people were charged with fortune-telling by reading a persons hand. The case was argued before Judge McDougall, who after hearing the evidence of the crown witnesses, took the case from the jury, and dismissed the case. The judge held that reading the palm of the hand was not illegal

Another case was brought before the learned judge and it was dismissed on the same grounds. This proves fully that palmistry is a real and genuine science. The courts have said it is so in their action in dismissing the charge referred to.

Professor O'Brien will remain in town for a few days longer and will be pleased to see those who wish to call on him professionally at his private office.

DEMAND INCREASE OF $15,000

The Town Trust Commissioners Will Ask for About $4,000 More Than Last Year

At a meeting of the Town Trust Commissioners on Tuesday afternoon the estimated payments by the town to the commissioners for the current year were made up to be presented to the Council. The amount will be about $16,000 greater than last year, when the demand was $12,000. The increase is made up of an item of about $12,000 for sinking fund and interest on the water works debentures and about $4000 for local improvements, mostly for granolithic sidewalks.

The general rate will not be effected to very great extent by this demand. The water-works are self-sustaining and will yield a revenue. The new side walks are paid for partly by the property benefitted, the proportion being 60 per cent by the property owner and 40 per cent by the town.

A BLIND WANDERER

Didn't Know That Food Could Restore Her

A well-known writer uses Grape-Nuts as a tonic when feeling the effects of extra heavy work. She writes, "Grape-Nuts should be taken regularly as one would a tonic. I eat mine cold in the morning with hot milk or cream poured over it, and it is delicious, nourishing and strengthening.

Some time ago I said to a lady friend who was a great sufferer from dyspepsia and has been an invalid for five years, and who was a mere skeleton. 'If I had only known you sooner you need not have suffered all these years.' She looked at me in surprise and asked me what I would have done. 'I should have put you on Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food,' I replied, quite confidently. 'Did you ever hear of it?' Oh, yes, she had heard of it but never tried it as she had never had her attention called to it especially and had not thought it applied to her needs.

'Now,' I said, 'If you will just set about it and try Grape-Nuts for a week, three times a day, I will guarantee you will rise up and call me blessed.'

She took my advice and followed it faithfully. When I saw her about a week later she looked like a different person although she had only gained two pounds in weight, but said she felt so much better and stronger, and has greatly improved in health and strength since using the food.

She is getting well and you can imagine her delight is unbounded. My own experience and that of others is sufficient evidence of the scientific value of a food that supplies nourishment to the system and builds up the brain and nerve centers." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE HOCKEY CLUB BANQUET LAST NIGHT

Gold Watches Presented to the Players, Trainers, and Manager.

RECEIVE O. H. A. SOUVENIRS.

The complimentary Banquet tendered by the officers of the Hockey Club to the members of the Intermediate Championship team was given in the Oriental hotel last night. About forty-five guests were present, among whom were: President Kenner, Vice Pres; T. F. Matthews, Chaplain; Rev. W. L. Armitage, Secy, Treas; A. W. McPherson, Asst. Secy.-Treas; H. Rush, W. A. Buchanan, O.H.A. representative; Messrs. Kerr, J. McCabe, R. M. Roy, Alex Gibson, M. J. Tooley, A. McIntosh, J. Comstock, R. Watt, J. Gibson, W. Bunton, F. Clarke, W. Breen, A. A. Hollingshead, R. F. McWilliams, H. Edmison, H. Thompson, Dr. Scott, D. Davidson, C. H. Bradburn, W. Stocker, Ed. Dillon and the members of the Championship Team and a number of others.

The first duty was to fully discuss the excellent spread served by Mine Host, Geo. Graham. The menu card was very neatly gotten up in the form of a folder. It contained a list of the games played and victories won by the Peterborough team in the Junior and Intermediate series, the toast list and a list of the officers of the club.

The menu was tastefully gotten up and the names of the following tempting dishes appeared on the list.

MENU.
LYNN HAVEN OYSTERS.
LETTUCE GREEN OLIVES CELERY
CONSOMME EN TASSE.
FILLET OF BLACK BASS
Sauce Tar-Tare
(Pommes Variety)
ENGLISH PHEASANT,
Larded, A La Bordeaux
POTATOES
Au Gration
ASPARAGUS
ROMAN PUNCH
SPRING TURKEY, STUFFED,
Cranberry Sauce
MASHED POTATOES
FRENCH PEAS
STEAMED FRUIT PUDDING, HARD,
Brandy Sauce
COMPOTE OF FRUIT AND
WHIPPED CREAM
JELLY TARTS
NEAPOLITAN ICE CREAM
ASSORTED CAKES
CONFECTIONARY
NUTS, RAISINS, FRUITS
MILLER'S PARAGON CHEESE
CRACKERS
CAFE NOIR

After full attention had been paid to the various dishes, Mr. Kenner, chairman read letters of regret from a number of those invited but who found it impossible to attend, as business demanded their attention elsewhere.

The toast list was entered upon the first toast being.

THE KING

which was proposed by Rev. W. L. Armitage, Chaplain of the club. In opening his remarks, Mr. Armitage said it gave him very great pleasure to be present on this occasion and to leave an opportunity of congratulating the members not only on winning the Intermediate Championship but also to congratulate them on the reports he had received of their most gentlemanly conduct on the ice and off. He considered this a matter of great satisfaction to the town that their boys had behaved as perfect gentlemen whenever they went. He was proud to think that two members of the team had been for sometime under his supervision and members of his Sunday School. He took great pleasure in proposing the toast of the King.

The toast of the

ONTARIO HOCKEY ASSOCIATION

was proposed by Mr. A. W. McPherson in a very able speech, in which he outlined the action of the O.H.A. as far as it concerned Peterborough in the different matches for the intermediate cup. The toast was ably responded to by Mr. W. A. Buchanan, who expressed his pleasure at being once more among the boys with whom he had worked for some time. He congratulated the team on their victory, and on the very gentlemanly way they had conducted themselves during the season.

Mr. Kenner spoke a few words in appreciation of the excellent services Mr. Buchanan had rendered to the sporting world. He had always taken and active part in sports and since his removal to Toronto had always assisted Peterborough teams in every way he could. He said he had a very pleasant duty to perform, and that was to present Mr. Buchanan with a box of very fine cigars as a gift from the Hockey Club.

At this juncture, Mr. Walter Stocker rendered a solo in a very pleasing manner.

Mr. Buchanan then proceeded to distribute to the members of the team the souvenir from the O.H.A., which was a gold stick-pin, in the form of a hockey stick, with a pearl setting representing a puck.

The toast to

THE INTERMEDIATE CHAMPIONS

was proposed by Mr. Kerr, and responded to by Mr. R. M. Glover, captain of the team. At the conclusion of his address, he presented the puck that was used in Galt to Mr. Kenner, as a souvenir, and the one used against Port Hope to Mr. McPherson. These pucks were neatly mounted in silver, and bear appropriate inscriptions. The recipeants replied in neatly worded speeches.

Mr. Kenner then, on behalf of the the club, presented to each of the members of the team, the trainers and the manager, a gold watch, suitably inscribed. Captain Glover, on behalf of the team, thanked the club for their kind remembrance, and assured them that the team would always strive to do credit to the town.

KINDRED SPORTS.

was proposed by Mr. T. F. Matthews, and responded to by Messrs. McWilliams, McPherson, Davidson and Tooley.

Mr. W. Breen favored the guests with a short recitation and song which was followed by a selection by the orchestra.

THE LADIES

was proposed by Mr. Kenner, and responded to by Messrs Bradburn and McWilliams.

THE PRESS

was proposed by Mr. W. Bunton, and responded to by Messrs. Clarry, Moore Buchanan and Hall.

The affair was brought to a close by the singing of "God Save the King." During the evening music was supplied by Prof. Gliddon's orchestra, which was greatly appreciated by all present.

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APSLEY.

—Mr. J. Stuart, of Lakefield, agent for the Singer Sewing Machine Co., is up on one of his regular trips and finds business good.

—The history of the dance will have to lay over for another time also on account of our local fur buyers.

Spring Wretchedness, Misery and Suffering Permanently Banished When You Use Paine's Celery Compound

A Cured and Grateful Lady Says "I Can Honestly Say I Would Not Be Living To-day if it Had Not Been for Your Wonderful Remedy

A few words to weak, brokendown, nervous and sick women at this time, and the perusal of Mrs. Charette's letter, will, we trust, kindle hope and inspire fresh confidence in many a home where some loved mother, wife or daughter is hovering between life and death. At this season, thousands are nearing the grave; they can be saved by the prompt use of Paine's Celery Compound. Mrs. Chas. Charette, Chambly, P.Q. writes as follows for the benefit of sick and ailing women:

"I can honestly say I would not be living to-day if it had not been for your wonderful remedy. For a long time I suffered terribly from nervousness, sleeplessness, head and stomach troubles, and never received much benefit from ordinary medical treatment. I heard of your Paine's Celery Compound and was strongly urged to give it a trial, and I have good reason to thank God that I did so.

"I can now eat and sleep soundly, and my nervousness is a thing of the past. I now feel perfectly rested after a night's sleep, which was never the case before using the compound. My neighbors, who know how I formerly suffered, are surprised at the grand cure made by your medicine, and some of them are using it now. I thank you sincerely for the honest results given by Paine's Celery Compound."

CANADIAN PACIFIC

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Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

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(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

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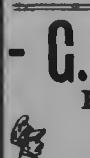

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
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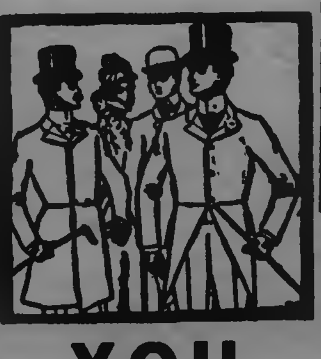

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VOL. 28 NO. 74 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MARCH 28 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

QUIRK HAD A QUARREL WITH SOME STRANGER

Porter of The Commercial Hotel Saw Two Men Engaged in a Quarrel on the Evening of the Murder

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Brantford, March 27. — Interesting developments are taking place in the Quirk murder case. It now transpires that late on the evening of the murder, the porter of the Commercial Hotel, who sleeps in a room which overlooks the stable, heard voices in the stable yard. He looked out of the window, and saw two men there quarreling. He watched them until he saw one of them go in the direction of the stable, and the other return to the hotel. It is now recollected by some employes of the hotel who were in the office earlier in the evening that a stranger called and asked for Quirk. Quirk was out; but the caller left a message to the effect that he would see him later. The stranger was not seen around the premises after that time. The story of the quarreling in the stable yard is satisfactorily corroborated by other persons in the hotel, who also heard the men there. It is, of course, not certain that this talking had any connection with the crime, for it is not an uncommon thing for men to be in the yard during the evenings. The inquest will be continued to-night, when the report of the autopsy will be presented.

NATIONS ARE FED ON GUFF AND LIES COLONIALS SHOT THEIR PRISONERS

Two Suffered the Penalty of Death and Another Sentenced to Twenty-Five Years' Imprisonment--French Papers Printing Twaddle About the Boers.

London, March 21.—Commenting on the absurd speculations and conjectures regarding the Boer leaders' mission that are being published in the French capital, the Paris correspondent of the Times says those who produce them are as ignorant as the public for whom they are written. It, says the correspondent, is difficult to account for such recklessness in dealing with external affairs except in the hypothesis that France is bored and that the press is ignorant of what ish appening in the Transvaal. Knowing the avidity of the public for any relief from monotony, the papers accept the most improbable rumors. The correspondent observes that the French papers have on the whole ceased to provide attractive reading as regards home politics. They indulge in partisan and exaggerated attacks on their opponents, which they repeat every day. Wherever people read the newspaprs in order to pass the time one sees them take up one journal after another, glance at them, then throw them down, proving that the people are tired of the pabulum which used to amuse, and frequently influance, them.

COLONIAL OFFICERS SHOT PRISONERS

London, March 28.—It is reported that four officers of the Bushveldt Carbineers, a South African colonial corps, have been severely punished for shooting a number of Boers who had surrendered as prisoners of war. The accused were convicted, and two of them were shot and one sentenced to twenty-five years' penal servitude. The fourth officer acted as King's evidence, and was sentenced to deportation.

GERMAN PAPERS REFUSE TO DO BRITAIN JUSTICE

Papers of the Empire Refuse to Open Their Columns to Refutations of Slanderous Statements Regarding British Statesmen

London, March 28.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times says that with rare exceptions the German journals refuse to open their columns to authentic impartial refutations of false slanderous statements being circulated in Germany regarding British statesmen and soldiers. The papers continue to print articles reflecting on the humanity and honor of Britain in Africa.

KRUGER ON THE DEATH OF RHODES.

London, March 28.—The Amsterdam correspondent of The Daily Express says that when Kruger was informed of Cecil Rhodes' death he repeated, "The Lord giveth, the Lord taketh away; blessed be the name of the Lord."

NO MORE GERMAN VISITS.

Berlin, March 28.—Prince Adelbert will not visit the United States. Before Prince Henry came to America it had been the intention to keep up a series of visits between Germany and the United States, Count von Waldersee being timed to follow Prince Henry. This idea has been abandoned. The leading papers are troubled by a report that Senator Lodge is to be made Secretary of State, as they regard him as the leader of the anti-German element in Congress.

ABSURD SPECULATIONS IN FRANCE

London, March 28.—The Paris correspondent of The Times, commenting on the absurd speculations and conjectures regarding the Boer leaders' mission now being published, says it is difficult to account for such recklessness in dealing with external affairs except on the hypothesis that France is bored and the press ignorant of what is happening in the Transvaal. Knowing the avidity of the public for relief from monotony, the papers accept improbable rumors.

JAMACA'S GOVERNOR IN CUBA

Sir Augustus Hemming Visits the New Republic of Cuba To Morrow

Kingston, Jamaica, March 28 — Sir Augustus Hemming, the governor of Jamaica, accompanied by Lady Hemming, will leave here to-morrow for Santiago de Cuba, to repay, with the consent of Mr. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, the visit made to Jamaica last November by General Leonard Wood, the governor general of Cuba. Sir Augustus and Lady Hemming will be conveyed to Santiago by the government yacht Kanawha and will stay several days in Cuba.

NORTHWEST WHEAT FROZEN

Large Grain Area in Western States Destroyed by Frost

Tacoma, Wash., March 28 — Reports received here indicate that 300,000 acres of fall sown wheat have been frozen in the region north of Snake river. The extent of damage done by winter freezes in this region was not known conclusively until the last week or so, when spring thaws demonstrated it. Large areas have been frozen also in south-eastern Washington and north-eastern Oregon and in the Big Bend district, and it is estimated that altogether approximately a million acres of grain have been damaged. Manitoba wheat has not suffered so heavily.

CECIL RHODES GRIEVED AT WORK UNDONE

Recently Mourned That He Had to Leave so Much Unaccomplished

London, March 28.— Many tributes are paid to the life of Mr. Cecil Rhodes in the newspapers to-day, and his death is generally recognized as a dire calamity to the Empire. Although he lost considerable prestige as a result of the Jameson Raid, he was in a fair way to regain power. Mr. Rhodes shared with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Barton the distinction of being a great Imperialist among colonial statesmen.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUNERAL.

Some of Mr. Rhodes' most intimate friends will proceed at once to the Matoppo Hills, in the neighborhood of Buluwayo, Rhodesia, to determine the practicability of carrying out the deceased financier's wish that he be buried in that vicinity, the possession of which to the British Empire resulted from nothing so much as his enterprise and strenuous diplomatic ability. It was here that Rhodes met the Matabele Chiefs in 1896 and arranged a settlement of the campaign. Buluwayo also marks the southern terminus of the financier's famous project, the Cape to Cairo line.

A DISTINGUISHED CAREER.

Cecil Rhodes' all-round success, as a diamond digger, financier, politician and Empire builder, was phenomenal. He was ranching in Natal when the Kimberly Diamond Fields were discovered, and with an elder brother joined in the rush after the glittering jewels. Returning to Oxford to complete his education, he graduated in 1881 and returned to Africa, the scene of his life's work.

Mr. Rhodes was extremely fortunate in his mining operations. A few years ago his fortune was estimated at $40,000,000. Having acquired great wealth and the confidence of the financial world, Mr. Rhodes was prepared to begin the realization of his dream of Empire, and he entered Cape politics in 1881 as member for Barkly West. The same year he met General Gordon, and the two became fast friends. He entered the Scanlen (Cape Colony) Ministry and became an aggressive expansionist. But President Kruger was also an expansionist, and during the long delay entailed by the negotiations in 1883, regarding boundary disputes, his forces had entered the territory already ceded to Great Britain. Mr. Rhodes called out troops, and succeeded in driving out the Boers.

EXPANSION WITH HOME RULE.

A writer, dealing with Mr. Rhodes' political belief, says:—"The diamond-digger statesman is a democratic imperialist. He believes in England and the English flag, and the English Empire, but he believes in a democracy within the Empire. He wants the Empire, but he wants with equal sincerity the independence of every State within the Imperial Government. Mr. Rhodes contributed £10,000 towards the Irish home rule fund. He took the territory of the natives by strategy and by force and gave them an independent government with home rule."

HIS NOMINAL DISGRACE.

Mr. Rhodes was Premier of Cape Colony till 1896, holding until 1894 the office of Commissioner of Crown Lands, and from 1894 to 1896 was Minister of Native Affairs. After the Jameson raid he was nominally disgraced. He was a prominent figure early in the Boer war, and was in Kimberley during the siege, being active in the defence of the city. President Kruger, it is said, offered $25,000 for him, dead or alive. On the relief of Kimberley Mr. Rhodes went to Cape Town and resumed the care of his financial interests.

Cape Town, March 28.— The preparations for the State funeral of Cecil Rhodes, which will take place here April 3, are already in progress. Flags are half-masted everywhere.

Those who attended the sick bed of Mr. Rhodes say he continually sorrowed over the fact that he left so much unaccomplished. "So little done, so much to do," was an expression which he used more than once.

During Mr. Rhodes' illness all kinds of novel means were utilized to counteract the trying heat. Boxes of ice were let into the roof of the seaside cottage at Muizenburg, where he died. Yesterday punkas were continually kept in motion, and extra windows were cut in the walls.

NO EFFECT ON STOCKS.

London, March 28. — The Rhodesian section of the Colonial Exhibition at the Royal Exchanges has been draped in black. Numerous expressions of regret and condolence have been cabled by members of the Stock Exchange and others interested in South Africa.

After a slight hesitation at the opening of the Stock Exchanges the tone of Kaffirs was distinctly firmer, showing that Mr. Rhodes' death had been discounted.

A GREAT IMPERIALIST

London, March 28.— The death of Mr. Cecil Rhodes is generally recognized as a calamity for the Empire. He had succeeded in living down the prejudice excited by the Jameson raid, and, despite his secret connection with the earlier stages of that intrigue against the Boer Republics, he was not unpopular with the Dutch in the colony. He would inevitably have returned to power if he had lived to witness the close of the war, and his influence would have been strongly exerted in race reconciliation. Mr. Rhodes shared with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Barton the distinction of being a great Imperialist among colonial statesmen. He was badly advised by his brother at Johannesburg before the Jameson raid, and was misled by Dr. Jameson himself, who had been infatuated with the story of Clive in India. But the great services rendered by him to the Empire have not been forgotten.

TRIBUTES IN LONDON.

London, March 28. —The newspapers this morning pay tribute to the career of Mr. Rhodes. He is spoken of as one of the greatest of Britain's sons. There will be a public funeral at Cape Town, and the deceased statesman will afterwards be laid to rest in Matoppo Hills, where he held a conference with the Matabele chiefs and practically brought to a conclusion the native war of 1896.

KRUGER ON RHODES.

London, March 28. — On the news of Cecil Rhodes' death being conveyed to him, Paul Kruger said: "The Lord giveth, the Lord taketh away. Blessed be the name of the Lord."

Deaf as a Door Nail

Not an uncommon expression, but quite true of many people whose hearing can be perfectly restored by inhaling Catarrhozone. It quickly relieves and cures all kinds of catarrh, catarrhal deafness, and diseases of the respiratory organs. Don't give up hope till you have tested Catarrhozone. It has restored lost hearing to thousands, and can do the same for you. Catarrhozone is a vegetable antiseptic, pleasant and convenient to use, absolutely certain to quickly benefit and ultimately cure. Two months' treatment $1.00. Small size 25c., at druggists or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Toronto Players Go to England

Toronto, Ont., March 27 — A team of thirteen men of the Toronto Lacrosse club left to-day for England where games will be played with the leading organizations. The thirteen men selected to represent Toronto are about as strong as the club has ever put in the field. They are: E. Adamson, F. Taylor, H. McLaren, W. J. Hanley, J. Dowling, Geo. Wheeler, Percy McBride, Charles Pringle, Hughie Lambe, Fred Mara, Charlie Querrie, J. Murray and Ernie Maclean. The men are captained by "Adams" Wheeler.

THE IRISH AGITATION GROWS IN NEW YORK

Open Talk of Another Fenian Invasion of Canada

THE WORLD AND BOER WAR

Leading Events Transpiring in the Great American Metropolis

Should the United States Stop Supplying Horses and Mules to the British Army in south Africa, What Would Happen?

(Special Telegram to The Times)

New York, March 27 — The mass meeting held under the auspices of the United Irish League last night was largely attended, and hundreds were denied admission. The speaking was of the usual fiery character. Ex-Congressman Sullivan said that the time had arrived when the Irishmen of the United States should strike a blow at Canada. He believed that Britain was about to collapse, and it was the duty of all Irish patriots to stab her as often and as hard as possible. Other addresses were made, showing that the League was growing rapidly in New York and throughout the Union.

SPRING IMMIGRATION

New York, March 27 — The rush of immigration is fairly on and it is estimated that between 1,500 and 1,700 prospective American citizens are arriving every week. Many of the immigrants are booked for inland towns and though almost every foreign nation is represented, those coming in largest numbers are Frenchmen, Italians, Swedes and Poles.

THE BOER WAR

The World believes that the war in South Africa will continue for years. Should the supply of horses and mules from the United States be stopped, the British army would be powerless to continue the struggle.

HILL FOR GOVERNOR

Despite the denials of his friends there is a growing belief among politicians that if ex-Governor David B. Hill sees a good chance of winning, he will accept the nomination for Governor this year, knowing that victory would put him in the lead for the presidential nomination two years hence. It is a long time ahead to the nomination convention, but the Democrats of the state are getting themselves together in order to take advantage of any opportunity that may develop in the fall. In all these movements the Hon. David B. seems to be conspicuous, and as some have expressed it, "to run and not to run," that is the question with ex-Governor Hill.

THE GREAT BRIDGE

The Brooklyn Bridge management has announced that in order to relieve the congested condition of traffic, especially during business hours, four new loops will be constructed at the Manhattan terminus, and the work will be done as speedily as possible. This will increase the facilities of the bridge greatly, but there are those who say that the bridge is overworked, and no plan to relieve the congestion will be a complete and satisfactory remedy for present conditions. Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal endeavored to obtain a popular expression of opinion regarding the subject, inviting all persons travelling across the bridge to deposit in twelve large boxes placed at the Manhattan end, ballots telling whether or not they would use the ferries in preference to the bridge, if their facilities were increased. Out of 300,000 who cross the structure daily only sixteen found time to drop their ballots.

WATER METER FRAUDS

Commissioner Dougherty is receiving the vigorous support of the Merchants' Association in his efforts to break up the water meter frauds on the city. The association has supplied him with a large quantity of data tending to show a very great shortage in the water revenue, estimated broadly at from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 a year, and has asked him to test, by direct investigation of some of the physical facts, the conclusion reached by its expert.

NOTES

Apropos of things sporty, it is said in pugilistic circles that Bob Fitzsimmons is in a huff concerning the bids for his fight with Jim Jeffries, slated to be decided in May. It seems a good proposition that unless the lanky Antipodean has his way concerning the amount of money a club shall give for the bout, there will be no fight, at least not with Fitz as a principal.

In the future non-members of the New York Produce Exchange will have to pay a higher rate of commission on orders executed in the local grain and breadstuff pits. Action on this question has been taken by the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange and it has been decided that instead of a commission of 1-16 per cent., the charge on outsiders should be 1-8 per cent. One of the immediate results of the advance in brokers' fees, has been a sharp increase in the value of memberships and seats which sold on the local Produce Exchange a short time ago, and found few purchasers, are now quoted at from $400 to $450.

Items of Interest

Vienna, March 27.—Emperor Francis Joseph this morning (Maundy Thursday) performed at the Hofburg the traditional ceremony of washing the feet of twelve aged men. The nobility and the diplomatic corps witnessed the ceremony, after which His Majesty hung bags of money on the necks of the participants, whose aggregate age was over 1,070 years. The old men wore ancient Dutch costumes. The ages of twelve women recipients of The Imperial Maundy gifts aggregated 1,182 years.

DEEATH SFROM CHOLERA.

Cairo, Egypt, March 27.—It is said here that nearly a thousand deaths from cholera have occurred at Mecca since March 23.

DYNAMITE FOR A CROCODILE

London, March 27.—Two bronzed travellers, Messrs. Harrison and Burchard, have just arrived in London after ten months spent right away from civilization in the shooting of elephants, rhinoceri, giraffes and hippopotami in Africa.

Raging lions prowled around their encampment at night, "rhinos" started up in front of them here and there as they pushed on with their force of black carriers, and alligators gazed at them from rivers and pools. One night a lion was driven off with firebrands hastily snatched up, but only after he had fastened his teeth into the flesh of a calf belonging to the party.

"We started from the coast at the end of April," said Mr. Harrison, "and pushed out into the interior of Angola, southwest Africa.

"One evening near dusk I was hunting for small buck, and was not thinking of anything else, when I suddenly heard a great scuffling just in front of me. I looked up, expecting to see zebras, or something of the kind, but to my astonishment there stood two enormous hippopotami.

"I had only a gun of small calibre, with soft-nosed bullets inside for shooting small buck. I was afraid that to their tough hides this would only be an irritant. However, I took the chance and fired—it was too good an opportunity to be thrown away. They both fled, but the one I hit only went about half a mile before he died.

"In shooting elephants, I had but little trouble. I put the bullet right through the lung and it was done. One I chased from 11 o'clock in the forenoon and shot him at dusk.

"As evidence that there are lots of game in the Angola interior, I may say that one black hunter shot forty-one elephants while we were out there.

"Perhaps the most curious experience I had was the dynamiting of a crocodile. We put one charge of dynamite into the pool and it surprised him. He dashed round and round on hearing the explosion going up and down in curves like a porpoise. Then he retired to a muddy depth and cogitated. We could see the bubbles from his nostrils coming up all in one place, so knew he was staying still. Then we put in another charge and that killed him."

BRICKLAYING IN ENGLAND.

London, March 27.—Mr. J. C. Stewart, the building manager of the new structure of the British Westinghouse Electric Company at Trafford Park, Manchester, has now given in a letter to The Times, full particulars of an achievement which was outlined on Jan. 4 last, and at that time barely credited by London officials of the Bricklayers' Union.

While 450 bricks per nine hour day is about the average work of the British bricklayer—the London County Council work has been well under this—Mr. Stewart says:

"In the construction of the pattern shop, where there are fewer openings in the walls than in any of the other buildings, our regular average was 1,800 bricks per man per day. The averages per man include face brick work. On common work we reached an average of 2,250 bricks per man per day.

Upon the brick chimney stack for the Mersey Tunnel power station at Birkenhead, Mr. Stewart reports an average per man per nine hour day of 1,976 bricks.

"Assistance by up-to-date methods of handling bricks and mortar," is Mr. Stewart's explanation of the fast work, and he adds: "Our mortar is made much softer than that commonly used in England, and the bricks are laid by a light pressure of the hand and a light tap of the trowel, instead of by repeated hammering of the trowel to force the brick into place in stiff mortar. By the use of soft mortar we can lay enough mortar with one stretch of the trowel for half a dozen to a dozen bricks. With stiff mortar, such as masons use in this country, it is possible only to spread enough at one time for a much smaller number of bricks."

MARCONIGRAMS OFF THE COAST.

London, March 27.—At the annual meeting of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, presided over by Lord Selborne, the committee expressed a hope that wireless telegraphy will before long be provided for the lighthouses and lightships round our coast. This has been the idea of the Trinity House authorities for some time past, and they have been conducting a series of experiments between the Goodwin Sands and the South Foreland and have obtained satisfactory results. For the present, however, there is a deadlock and nothing can be done until the negotiations now proceeding between the Government and Mr. Marconi are concluded. Last year was remarkable for the scarcity of heavy storms and a consequent decrease in the number of wrecks. To this was due the fact that only 480 lives were rescued by lifeboats and shore boats, against an average of 750 in each of the preceding ten years. During its existence the National Lifeboat Institution has been responsible for the saving of 43,000 lives.

KINGDOM OFFERED CARNEGIE

Steel King Pondered Over Purchase of Achilles's Throne, but Abandoned the Project

Pittsburg, Pa., March 27 — An Austrian, who was a lieutenant of engineers in the Austrian army and was attached to the court of Achilles I. King of Araucania, as chief topographer, in Paris, says that Achilles, who died recently, once tendered to Andrew Carnegie the sale of his kingdom and titles. Achilles sent Count Belligarde to Pittsburg to lay the scheme before Mr. Carnegie. He laid great stress on the fact that the country abounded in minerals, especially in iron ores. Mr. Carnegie gave the subject some consideration, and Count Belligarde spent six weeks in Pittsburg going over the details with him. The latter looked upon it as a commercial investment to increase his power as a steel king, rather as a means of obtaining the title of potentate, but finally gave up the project.

The Austrian lieutenant made a map of Araucania for Achilles, who wanted it flashy and alive with colors. The Austrian said the map had more colors than Joseph's coat and the rainbow combined, and that he made enough out of it to come to Pittsburg.

Kaiser's Yacht Ready

New York, March 28 — The Kaiser's yacht, Meteor, will leave the Townsend-Downey shipyards to-day for her trial trip. If the spin is successful the yacht will be rigged with her cruising canvas and will start under convoy for the other side early in the coming week.

Acute and Chronic Rheumatism

are equally influenced by the almost magical pain-subduing power of Polson's Nerviline, equal in medicinal value to five times the quantity of any other rheumatic remedy. Nerviline cures because it reaches the source of the disease and drives it out of the system. Nerviline is an unusually good rheumatic cure, and makes many unusual cures. Just rub it in the next time you have an attack. The immediate result will surprise you. 25c.

BIG PAPER MILL

Nearly a Million Acres of Spruce Secured in British Columbia

Tacoma, Wash, March 27 — Wisconsin capitalists are to combine with local business men in the building of a large paper and pulp mill in this vicinity. An option has been secured on 700,000 acres of British Columbia spruce lands lying near the water, the timber being of a quality and quantity to supply an amount of pulp needed for any reasonable length of time. In order to obtain the clear, fresh water requisite in the manufacture of paper, a site about two miles up the Puyallup river has been selected for the erection of the plant. Printing paper and manila will be the products of the mill and it is expected to find a market both at home and in Australia and the Oriental countries.

PETERBORO SPRING ASSIZES

Judgment Reserved in the Case of Wasson vs. Douglas—Elliott vs. Huntsville Lumber Company, Non-Suited — Case of Derocher vs. Cox Before the Court.

At the session of the spring assizes on Wednesday the case of Wasson vs. Douglas was completed. A large number of witnesses were examined, which made the hearing very long and almost tedious. Judgment was reserved.

The next case taken up was that of Elliott vs. Huntsville Lumber Company. The plaintiff, George Elliott, a journeyman printer, had been working in the sawmill of this company and met with an accident whereby he lost one of his hands. An agreement had been drawn up between the parties and Elliott accepted $150 and was promised steady employment. When he recovered from his accident he asked the company to fulfil their agreement and give him the position promised. At that time they had no opening for him and Elliott then entered proceedings against the company and asked that the court annul his agreement with the company. In the agreement drawn up between the parties, Elliott acknowledged that the accident was due largely to his own carelessness. The case occupied the attention of the court until nearly midnight. The case was non-suited.

LATER SESSION

When court resumed its sitting yesterday morning the case of Derocher vs. Cox was heard. The plaintiffs, Mr. and Mrs. Derocher, the parents of little Johnny Derocher, who was killed near the Dickson Company's mill last November, are suing Mr. Cox, a well-known farmer in Smith for alleged carelessness in asking a number of children to assist him in unloading a heavy timber from a wagon. The defendant denies the charge and had witnesses to prove that he told the children to keep away from the wagon when the timber was being unloaded.

Canada Whist Congress

Toronto, Ont., March 28 — Expert whist players from many parts of the Dominion will take part in the seventh annual congress of the Canadian Whist League which will open at McConkey's to-day. The prominence and large number of the contestants promise the most successful tournament in the history of the league.

Washes Feet of Twelve Men

Vienna, March 27 — Emperor Francis Joseph to-day performed the annual Holy Thursday foot-washing ceremonial in the presence of the courtiers and the diplomatic corps. After washing the feet of twelve aged men in commemoration of Christ's washing of the feet of His disciples, His majesty served them with dinner and sent them away, each with a bag of silver pieces. The Imperial archdukes assisted in the ceremony.

INDIAN RIVER

—Mr. John Foley has been visiting at Indian River for a few days.

—Mr. Laurence Doherty was the guest of Miss Emma Leary on Sunday last. Mr. Joe Clancy also gave Louisa a call. The young ladies have remarked already that those gentlemen are very hard on coal oil. I think it better for those lovers to bring the oil with them next visit.

—Dr. Smith is very busy at present. Calls attended day or night, phone 196.

—The patrons of the Indian River cheese factory held their annual meeting on Monday last. The president and secretary were re-elected. The committee consists of Messrs. James Devlin, P. O'Brien and Maurice O'Leary. After the meeting Mr. Maurice O'Leary gave a short speech on green feed for the dairy cow during the winter season. Mr. O'Brien suggested the patrons to deal more in barley and oats, or else organize a [illegible]

HOW EASY WE ARE

What the Bell Telephone Company Agreed to do in Orangeville

The following despatch from Orangeville will make interesting reading for Peterborough:

Orangeville, March 27 — The organization of a local telephone company has had its effect on the Bell Telephone Co. already. At a meeting of the town council, Councillor McKeown handed in a proposition on behalf of the Bell Telephone Co. In return for a five years' renewal of the existing agreement with the town, the company offered: 1. To give residence telephone service, grounded circuit for $15 a year. 2. To give residence service, metallic circuit, for $15 a year, where subscribers already have business telephones. 3. To put in a metallic circuit for all business telephones at the present rate, $20 a year.

General - Sports.

BASKETBALL.

In speaking of the game at the west end Y.M.C.A. between the West End team and the Ottawas, the Toronto Globe says:

"The Ottawa boys will have a hard row to hoe as they have arranged games with all the crack western teams, including Peterborough, Hamilton, Brantford, Toronto Central, and Toronto West End. The West End have been honoured with the first game, after which basketball enthusiasts will be able to get a line on the style of game played down east."

This is the team that plays the Y.M.C.A. team here on April 1st. A very fast and interesting game is expected.

The Brownies, the junior basketball team of the Y.M.C.A., left by C.P.R. last evening for Hamilton, where they played a game with the juniors of the energetic city. It was a splendid exhibition of the game, each side showing a fine knowledge of combination play. The result was a victory for the Brownies, by a score of 17—13. The Peterborough aggregation are: Defence, A. Boucher, R. Hall; centre, H. Daly; Forwards, G. Miller, N. Miller; team managers, Will Campbell, Sandford Hall. This evening the boys play at Brantford, and on Monday evening at Toronto. On Tuesday evening, the team from Ottawa Association play the senior team here.

TENNIS.

A very enthusiastic meeting of the Tennis Club in connection with the Y.M.C.A. was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Wednesday evening. It was decided to amalgamate the Park Tennis Club and the Y.M.C.A. Club, which move will be very beneficial to the players as it will enable them to play on the cinder and grass. There will be at least three good courts at the Nicholls Oval. The admission fee will be 50 cents. The following officers were elected.

Hon. Pres.—Mr. Richard Hall.
Pres.—Dr. [illegible]
Vice.-Pres.—Harold Brown.
Sec.-Treas.—Lawrence McLennan.
Assistant Sec.-Treas—Archie Laing.

The Club promises to be in a flourishing condition with a much increased membership.

Paine's Celery Compound

MAKES WONDROUS CURES

It Is The Great Spring Season Life Giver

Men and women, young and old, enter into the spring season with a variety of diseases that arise from a faulty or impaired nervous system.

Of all known remedies, Paine's Celery Compound stands first as a rapid and sure cure for all nervous diseases, neuralgia, rheumatism, dyspepsia and blood troubles. At this time when the blood is thin, impoverished and impure, Paine's Celery Compound is the agent that purifies and enriches the life stream, bringing strength, vigor and sound health.

The use of one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound will quickly convince suffering men or women that they have truly laid hold of the spring medicine that accomplishes all it promises. Thousands in the past have been saved and blessed by Paine's Celery Compound; you can share the same blessings and have years of happiness added to your life.

When you go to your dealer, see that you get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound; refuse all substitutes and imitations. See that the name PAINE'S is on wrapper and bottle.

Weather Notes

Probs for to-day: Cloudy, with light local showers.

APPLY FOR BOTH.
They are Issued Free.
Our 400 page, illustrated,
"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

If you are looking for an investment, they will prove of value, assisting you, in your selection; if trading on margin, your chance for profit making will be greatly enhanced. The former is [illegible] of valuable information [illegible] to [illegible] the latter, [illegible] the financial [illegible] the probable immediate movements of the markets. Write us, if contemplating buying any particular stock; we will be pleased to correspond with you, placing at your command, any data we may have on file, in our statistical department, relative to same.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-SIXTEENTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $4 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 28, 1902

MUNICIPALITIES MOVE

Ask For Exclusive Control of Their Streets

The following petition was presented to parliament by Mr. Thomas Birkett, M.P., in behalf of the Union of Canadian municipalities for legislation giving the municipalities the right to control the streets:

To His Excellency, the Governor-General in council, and to the Honourable the Senate and House of Commons of Canada.

The petition of the Union of Canadian Municipalities respectfully represents:

1. Your petitioners are an association of cities, towns, and other municipalities to the number of about seventy, including most of the principal cities of Canada, and representation in all the provinces;

2. At the convention of municipalities at which this union was formed, held at Toronto, in August, 1901, it was found by comparison of experiences between the authorities of towns all over Canada that grave infringements of the corporate rights of citizens, especially as to streets, have, at times, been introduced through private bills in parliament and the legislatures, and have become undesirable precedents whereby such abuses are liable to still further extension;

3. Said convention, in consequence, after due discussion, and with full consciousness of their responsibility in the matter, unanimously passed the following resolution, to which they respectfully call the attention of parliament;

"That municipalities should have full and exclusive control of their streets, and that no legislation should be passed infringing on such control, unless the same be subject to the consent of the municipality concerned; that the members of this union will resolutely resist each and every invasion of their rights; and that the executive committee be charged with the duty of assisting to prevent such invasions of the rights of any municipality.

This resolution, with others, has since received the special endorsation of numerous municipal councils throughout the Dominion.

4. The union has no desire to injure corporations or to impair any fair and proper powers, but it prays that the desire of the vast number of citizens whose municipal rights it is called upon to protect, be duly held in view by your honorable houses in connection with the numerous private bills affecting municipalities which are to come before you during the present session.

5. It also prays that retroactive legislation in the same spirit be duly brought in and passed, by a general statute, submitting to municipal consent and control all future works and constructions to be made by corporations in, upon and under the streets and highways of municipalities, admitting only right of passage across one municipality to another, subject to compensation by arbitration.

And your petitioners will ever pray. Oliver A. Howland (mayor of Toronto) president of the Union of Canadian Municipalities; W. D. Lighthall (mayor of Westmount), hon. secretary and 1st vice-president for Quebec; J. T. Hamilton (mayor of Halifax), 1st vice-president for Nova Scotia; Alex. W. McRae (alderman of St. John, N.B.), 1st vice-president for New Brunswick; John Arbuthnot (mayor of Winnipeg), 1st vice-president for Manitoba; W. D. Morris (ex-mayor of Ottawa), 1st vice-president for Ontario; Aaron D. Reed, (mayor of Owen Sound) 2nd vice-president for Ontario.

Municipal Auditing

The report of the Provincial Municipal Auditor for 1901 is more voluminous than usual, containing a mass of general information, which must be invaluable to municipal treasurers, as indicating the improved methods of keeping accounts and the duties of all concerned in regard to auditing such accounts. The Provincial Municipal Auditor, Mr. J. B. Laing, finds a great improvement in the bookkeeping of local officials. He has no losses of importance in the form of municipal deficits to report from 1901, but says:—

"My attention has been called to the fact that sufficient importance is not attached by the local auditors to the securities given for the responsibilities of county, township and other municipal treasurers. There is reason to believe in many cases these securities are worthless, either being improperly drawn, outlawed or expired by effluxion of time. This is a most important matter, and should not be overlooked by municipalities.

"It would be well for the municipalities if they would make more frequent use of this department than they do by asking more frequently for audits. It is a mistaken, but popular, idea that a Government audit is very expensive. In some cases it certainly is, in the cases of cities with water works, electric light, frontage taxes, etc., and a long term of years to go over, but in the case of the average township audit, the expense need not exceed $150, or thereabouts. In the case of towns, no doubt the expense would be doubled, or even trebled, but my experience is that an audit of any municipality is a good thing, and if it does not remunerate the municipality in one way it does in another."

Mr. Laing commends the following directions regarding the duties of municipal auditors, which councils should see carried out:—

1. Compare assessment roll with collectors' roll to see that the assessed values on which the rate are levied are correctly entered.

2. Compare school section entries with school section map and check valuations on which school rates have been levied.

3. Check all entries and additions on the roll.

4. Verify the correctness of all rates and taxes levied by by-laws, proceedings of council, engineers' drainage, wards and certificates, statute labor lists, fence viewers' awards, county treasurers' accounts, school trustees' requisitions or other authority.

5. The collectors' account with the treasurer should be examined, and also settlement of roll, which should be verified under oath and in accordance with sections 147 and 148 of the Assessment Act.

6. Every stub of the treasurers' receipt book, and every document or roll audited should be properly stamped as required by the act of 1896.

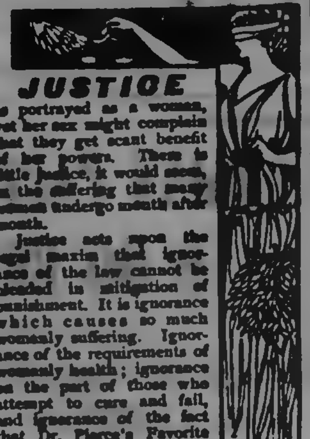
7. The treasurers' vouchers should be carefully examined to see that each payment was authorized by proper authority, and that a proper receipt is attached.

8. The auditor's report should refer t the condition of the treasurers' security, and also to the insurance on corporatio property.

9. The auditors should show what cash balance, if any is due from treasurer to municipality—and where such balance is deposited.

10. If any source of revenue has ceased to exist, or if the last payment has been made on any special assessment the auditors should make a report to that effect in their report.

11. It is very important that the auditors should make themselves familiar with the by-laws of the municipality, and it is incumbent on them to make a special report of any payment made contrary to law.



JUSTICE is portrayed as a woman, yet her sex might complain that they get scant benefit of her powers. There is little justice, it would seem, in the suffering that many women undergo month after month.

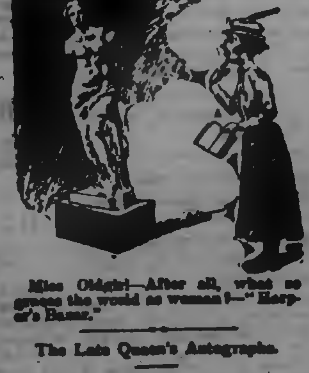
Justice acts upon the legal maxim that ignorance of the law cannot be pleaded in mitigation of punishment. It is ignorance which causes so much womanly suffering. Ignorance of the requirements of womanly health; ignorance on the part of those who attempt to cure and fail, and ignorance of the fact that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures womanly diseases. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"When I first wrote to Doctor Pierce concerning my health," says Mrs. Mollie E. Carpenter, of Linaria, Cumberland Co., Tenn., "I was so weak I could only write a few words until I would have to rest; was so weak I could hardly walk. Words cannot express my sufferings; dimness of sight, palpitation, shortness of breath, black spots or else shining lights before my eyes, terrible headache, numbness in my arms and hands and tongue, also my jaws would get numb; constipation, falling of the uterus, disagreeable drains, soreness through my bowels; in fact I was diseased from head to foot. Now I can do my own washing and cooking. I can take a ten quart pail in one hand and a six quart pail in the other (full of water), and carry both one-fourth of a mile and never stop to rest. I am as heavy as I was at 19 years (125 pounds). I used thirty bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and twenty-five vials of 'Pleasant Pellets.'"

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Spec

Montreal, Que., March 27 — A special meeting of the Canadian Pacific is in session here to-day. The purpose of the meeting is to vote upon the proposition to increase the capital stock in an amount not exceeding $20,000,000, and of determining the amount, time of issue and purpose to which the proceeds of the new stock shall be applied.



Miss Oldgirl—After all, what so graces the world as woman!—"Harper's Bazar."

The Late Queen's Autographs.

According to the London "World," great annoyance has been caused at court by recent sales of Queen Victoria's private letters and autographs, of which an immense number have been produced in the open market during the last few months. It is impossible to understand how such strictly confidential communications as the Queen's private letters to foreign sovereigns and to the Duchess of Gloucester and other members of the royal family can have come to be publicly offered for sale, unless they have somehow passed into the possession of the servants of the recipients.

Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people come from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

To the Late G. W. Steevens

It is difficult to realize that already two years have passed since the sad news came out of beleaguered Ladysmith that the brilliant journalist and author, G. W. Steevens, had been carried off by fever, carried off in early manhood, long before he had reached the natural zenith of his fame. Figures move quickly across the stage of life and are soon forgotten. For a moment, however, Steevens is recalled by an affectionate tribute, printed on the second anniversary of his death, Jan. 15 last, in The Daily Mail, on the staff of which journal he was engaged as war correspondent. The lines are as follows, and written, doubtless, by a former colleague:—

In Memoriam.

George Warrington Steevens.
Died January 15, 1900.

Too soon, alas! life's little day was done.
Swift as a meteor flashing on the night,
He soared to fame, and, flaming in his flight,
Vanished a-sudden ere his course was run.
And we—we wonder if the Southern sun
Has gathered in the glory of his light;
But only know the havoc of the blight
Which slew him in the shadow of the gun.

So brave and strong! his every glowing word
Wearing an athlete's sinew. Dearest, best
To Mother England, as he tracked her sword,
With patriot-pride to bind him to her breast.
Thus do we love the records of the strong,
And miss them most, and mourn them doubly long.
—Bernard Malcolm Ramsay.

The American Press.

We hear so much of the pro-Boerism and anti-Britishism of the American press that it is worth while occasionally drawing attention to the fact that this element of the press across the border does not have all its own way. Some extremists in Chicago have suggested a burlesque of the coronation of the British Sovereign on the date on which the event takes place in London, and simultaneously a demonstration in favor of the Boers. It is not likely that such an ill-natured proposal would meet with much backing from the common sense of the people of Chicago, and it would doubtless in any event be confined to the lower classes. It may have been condemned by other newspapers, but one of the foremost in opposing such an unneighborly demonstration is The Chicago Israelite, which deals with the subject in the following trenchant fashion:—"The pro-Boers of Chicago, who invited ex-President Kruger to be in the city on the day that King Edward is to be crowned in England, have taken an unwarrantable liberty with their fellow-citizens. They have a perfect right to indulge in any amount of horseplay in attempting to burlesque the coronation, and if they like that sort of thing, then it is the sort of thing they like. But as they happen to be in a very small minority, and as there are a great many reputable persons in Chicago who have no desire to insult a friendly nation by making a display of hatred which is as puerile as it is coarse, and as impotent as it is vulgar, they have no right to refer to themselves, as they do in their resolutions, as, 'We, the citizens of Chicago . . . .' Now, I have no doubt that many of them are citizens of Chicago, most of them probably having taken out their naturalization papers—but they are not 'the' citizens of Chicago, not by a million and several hundred thousand. In consideration of this, and with the 'three tailors of Tooley street' in view, they might have spared the remaining million and several hundreds of thousands of Chicagoans the humiliation of being included among the promoters of their proposed spectacle, and as endorsers of their malignant utterances."

Almost simultaneously, The New York Independent, perhaps the most important religious journal on the American continent, shows that it also can view a great international question calmly and dispassionately, and that in the unfortunate South African war it has grasped the vital facts of the case. In the course of a reply to a correspondent The Independent says:—

"If we have seemed to any reader to convey the impression that we believe that the power to rule better gives the right of invasion and conquest, we have been greatly misunderstood. We believe that so long as they do not traverse the rights of foreigners the citizens of any nation should be allowed all the political education they can get by the self-rule of no matter how much bad government or how many revolutions. We have said that accordingly we ought to withdraw from Cuba and allow its people to rule or ruin themselves. We heartily accept the principles laid down by our correspondent.

"As to the Transvaal, Britain made no war on that republic; she was guilty of no invasion. It was the Transvaal that declared war on Britain, and invaded British Natal as soon as Britain began to gather troops to defend the border against what was the proclaimed plan, for which munitions of war had long been gathered, to expel the British from South Africa.

"We knew perfectly well that the Dutch and French Boers constitute the majority of the population of Cape Colony, as well of the Orange Free State, and that those two districts have been much better governed than the Transvaal. But certainly it is British rather than Boer influence that is to be credited with the superior legislation as to the rights of the native races which prevails in Cape Colony, and only Boer perversity is chargeable with the blunders of government which oppressed the great majority of the population of the Transvaal, whether Uitlanders or blacks."

Herr Meyer Lutz tells the following little story in "Mainly About People": "Conducting once in Bradford, I noticed that the clarionet player, a young but clever and steady lad, jumped up a good deal during the progress of the opera. I found that his father, who played the trombone, sat just behind him, and every now and then he gave his son a kick, with the remark, 'Look out, Sammy! there be a flat a-comin'.'"

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say!

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

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The Soda Fountain Clerk.

CONSIDER now the meek and humble soda fountain clerk.

Who draweth off the moistened air with nimble turn and jerk.

His garb is always spotless white when first he puts it on.

But, lo, before an hour hath passed its spotlessness hath gone.

For then he hath vanilla on the bosom of his vest, and streaks of red raspberry make his trousers seem a jest.

While chocolate and ginger give a tiger-like effect to the balance of the garments in which he's proudly decked.

His hair is limp and languid, and is parted square and true

Above the very center of his nose, which turneth blue.

Because he hath to linger in the acid and the ice, to fix up funny mixtures for the one that hath the price.

He maketh strange concoctions in the line of fancy drinks, and all the while he watcheth for persuasive sorts of winks.

From early morn he twisteth at the soda water spout, and turneth the ice-crusher till the ice hath given out.

He diggeth in the ice cream and he rusheth with the glass, while his deadly hated rival buys the soda for the lass.

Yea, verily, the soda clerk, he hath a sorry time, for he must know the way to get nine cents out of each dime.

And he must be a hustler, that there will not be a loss of ice or gas or water, or he'll tremble at the boss.

How often, oh, how often, hath the soda jerker grinned at the one who payeth nickels for a penny's worth of wind;

How often, oh, how often, doth a calm and peaceful smile go flitting o'er his visage when a drink goes out of style.

But ah, alas, my son, sometimes he feeleth very bad, and then is when the ladies come with garments rich and glad.

The ladies fill the rockers and the doorways and the stools, and insist upon a liquid that both elevates and cools.

And one declareth that she'd like some chocolate with cream, and when he draweth it, straightway "Oh no!" the maid doth scream.

And then she voweth that she hath already changed her mind, and wanteth just a phosphate with a piece of lemon rind.

And yet, again the other maids declare they do not know just what they wish—and on and on their mild objections flow.

The weary soda fountain clerk suggesteth this and that, from plain old lemon phosphate to a dose of anti-fat.

And finally the ladies fair with one consent conclude that chocolate and cream shall be their soda fountain food.

Now, when he draweth all the drinks, his troubles are not done—

Nay, verily, my trusting child, they are but half begun;

For each and every maiden there doth straightway rise and say:

"Now, girls, I'll think it's awful if you do not let me pay!"

And all protest, and all object, and all their plans defend,

And not a one takes out her purse her lovely cash to spend.

Now, finally, the soda clerk suggesteth that each maid shall pay for what she drank—and then beginneth the tirade.

For all the ladies vow in wrath—yea, yea, they almost sob—that they will his employer see, and take from him his job.

And then they take their parasols, and sternly go away, and not a cent of all that bill do they take steps to pay.

The gentle soda fountain clerk, he falleth in a daze, and leaneth on the vichy tube, and wicked things he says.

Is this not true, just as we have composed it, with much work?

It surely is—and if you doubt, go ask the soda clerk.—Baltimore "American."

The Restlessness of Women.

IN the July "Cosmopolitan" Ella Wheeler Wilcox, with characteristic force and directness, deals with what she regards as a very serious and growing evil now prevalent among her sex in this country, at least among those who belong to the well-to-do and upper classes of society. She says:

"One who studies American womanhood with any care must be alarmed at the growing restlessness of the sex.

"My mountain of mail is often a volcano of seething unrest. It seems a relief to many women—women, doubtless, whom the world supposes to be happy wives and mothers—to write to one they believe to be sympathetic, of the discontent that surges in their hearts.

"To turn from these letters to a social function is to encounter the same elements in another form. Beneath jeweled corsages beat restless hearts; from under the flower-laden brims of the modish hats look unhappy eyes, gazing out into the world with longing for an indefinable something—a happiness imagined but unattained.

"While I believe the tendency of humanity is constantly upward toward a higher plane, it is an indisputable fact that this restlessness of woman is a giant evil, and one of serious growth."

Mrs. Wilcox says it is puzzling to trace this great wave of feminine restlessness to its source. She speaks of the present false standards of wealth, the desire for splendid social station, and for villas at the seaside and castles in Europe, but closes by saying that "after all, a lack of good, everyday common sense is at the bottom of it all. While this restlessness is a baleful sign of the times, rendered all the more mischievous by the almost equal restlessness of men, it is comforting to reflect that there is a large—a very large—class of women who have and who use constantly good, everyday common sense. But of course they do not belong to that growing class of women who desire to lead in society, and who dream of villas, castles and foreign titles.

A Scene in Nassau.

The following delightful sketch of the outlook from a window in Nassau, the capital of the Bahama Islands, is a portion of a letter which a correspondent sends me:—

I am now going to try and make you envy me. I wonder if I can succeed. I am sitting at brother Percy's bedroom window, which commands a magnificent view of the harbor and of several small islands and a sweep of the blue, blue sea. In the foreground, between our house and the beach, which is about a quarter of a mile away, I get a view of hundreds of palm trees, banana trees and other foliage peculiar only to the tropics. I might go on for an hour describing the other objects that are included in this picture, but should still leave the picture in such a state that it could not be said to give the faintest idea of what box of paints, containing all the colors of the rainbow, and still I should fail. Why? Simply because the colors defy the artist in all his attempts at reproduction. Likewise the poet finds himself beggared for words in which to express the beauty of the scene. The foliage is of such rich and varied colors that we northerners cannot form the slightest conception of it; only they who have visited the tropics can realize what it is like. But now I have come to the climax of coloring, the harbor. Take in your hand a lovely piece of mother-of-pearl and trace in it the rich, fiery flashes of green and blue, yes, a lovely opal ring like mine would be better, and it is not the slightest exaggeration to say that they would faintly give you an idea of the colors of that harbor. It is simply magnificent—rich blues of all shades, light and dark greens, heliotrope shading to deep purples, strange to say all blending together, blaze out brilliantly. Tourists who have visited nearly every corner of the entire globe agree in saying they never saw anything to compare with it. The bottom of the water is of pure white coral, white as snow, and in 75 to 100 feet you can see the bottom quite clearly through the most beautiful crystal-like water. I think probably the snow-white bottom has a prismatic effect on the light passing through it, thus showing all these brilliant colors. However, I am going too much into detail, though if you could see it yourself you would scarcely blame me. Dotted here and there are sailing vessels, their sails reflecting the bright sunshine, scarcely moving on the quiet waters of the ocean. The sky is of a rich, deep blue, with a few fleecy clouds floating idly about. The sun is shining brightly, although not at all oppressive, as the temperature is only 74 degrees. The surface of the ocean is as quiet and smooth as glass, scarcely a ruffle disturbing its surface. I think, in a disjointed way, I have gone over most of the scene. Don't you envy me now? And now, dear, the dinner bell is ringing, and I will tell you all about the delicious oranges from 24 cents to 48 cents per hundred in my next letter.

Wireless Signalling.

While Marconi, with his wireless telegraphy, holds the field as the last nine days' wonder of science, Waldon Fawcett, in the current Harper's Magazine, shows that telephony is keeping almost equal pace with her sister invention in perfecting ways and methods. He writes:—

The very acme of achievement in the transmission of messages would seem to have been reached in the wireless telephone system, which has recently been developed by Professor A. Frederick Collins, an electrical engineer residing in Philadelphia. Spoken words are transmitted great distances through the ground without the use of a connecting wire, and in accordance with a plan totally different from that of the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy.

The Collins system simply takes advantage of the fact that there are natural electrical currents in evidence slightly below the surface of the earth at any point that may be selected, and by this invention currents of this character are utilized to cause a flow of electricity between two instruments stationed above the surface of the earth. The only underground mechanism employed consists of small zinc-wire screens, which are buried in shallow holes, one at the sending station and the other at the receiving station. Above these are tripods supporting transmitting and receiving apparatus, such as is employed in ordinary telephony, a wire affording connection in each case with the buried screen. When the electricity from a storage battery is turned on, sounds of all kinds may be sent through the transmitter, and heard, in many instances, even more distinctly than were a regular overhead telephone employed.

The Collins invention in its simplest form is adapted to sending a message but one way—that is, it is not possible to utilize a receiver as a transmitter and reply to a message received, but the transmitter and receiver are each equipped with an annex for performing the opposite function, so that to all intents and purposes this new telephone is not different from the instrument already in use.

Of the improvements of the telephone in its uses at sea, Mr. Fawcett also adds:—

Unique methods of telephony are working wonders in the field of marine signalling, and when this phase of the new achievements has been fully developed it is believed that the danger of collisions and other disasters at sea will be very materially lessened. One of the most important of these systems of telephone signals for ships was invented by the late Dr. Gray. By this plan the water of a lake, ocean, or river is made to act as the medium for conveying sounds, as, for instance, the strokes of a bell tolled below the surface of the water. The sounds thus transmitted are heard distinctly at great distances by means of exceptionally sensitive telephonic receivers designed especially for such service. Inasmuch as any number of different signals may be arranged by the introduction of various combinations of strokes given in quick succession or at long intervals, it will be seen that the possibilities of the system for signalling purposes are virtually limitless. The practical application of this invention has already been carried so far that ships have been fitted with apparatus which causes gongs to ring automatically when the vessel comes "within hail" of one of these submerged bells.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed as comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Jack Frost, Artist.

One of the small wonders of the winter season is the abundant and beautiful tracery which Jack Frost has a habit of writing on the pane, usually overnight, in the hours of sleeping, when the fires burn low and the house has lost something of the cheery warmth of day. Everyone has seen and admired the mysterious fungus-like growth which is often the thing which greets him in his first look at the world of a biting winter morning perhaps without knowing that its formation, in all its multiform and delicate variations, is one of the most incomprehensible of phenomena. In Cosmos recently a writer gave some of the theories that have been advanced from time to time to explain it. The Literary Digest translates from the article as follows:—

"The least arrangements of these tiny interlacing ice-crystals furnish decorative designs of incontestable originality and of unequalled delicacy. The observer asks, not without surprise, how in these marvellous formations of ice one and the same design is often rigorously and mathematically reproduced in a certain space, while its character differs totally only a few inches away. There is in this fact alone a real mystery that no one can explain plausibly, at least at present.

"In one place appear very distinctly almost recognizable plants with long, thick leaves. Palms and ferns abound, forming mimic forests. By their side stretch out fine fringes bordering the angles of fantastic sheets. Further away seem to rise the serried trunks of a lofty grove in the midst of a carpet of verdure.

"Then the scene changes completely. On all sides appear the light feathers and plumes of birds. . . .

"What are the physical phenomena that control the formation of these tree-like frost pictures, so remarkable and so varied? Most of our scientists answer these questions by hypotheses, more or less valuable. Almost all give abundant explanations of the deposition of frost along the branches of trees. As to the causes that determine the appearance of such delicate and beautiful ornaments of this same frost on the panes of our windows, most of them remain silent.

"They tell us that the most probable method of frost-formation is as follows: Every tiny droplet of water, if it is produced by condensation of vapor below the freezing-point, is necessarily in a state of 'superfusion.' In this condition when it meets a rough surface it is deposited thereon as a microscopic crystal of ice impregnated or covered with a thin layer of liquid water at the freezing-point.

"This latter, being in continual contact with air that is colder than itself, must finally freeze. As the motion of the air brings up new masses, the thickness of the frost increases.

"Other physicists, we are told, give a somewhat different explanation. According to them, when the vapor of water in the air is deposited as ice, without passing through the liquid state at all, it constitutes frost. That the vapor does not really pass through the liquid state is abundantly shown by the fact that frost has not the structure of frozen dew. It presents, on the contrary, a layer of spongy, opaque ice in which we can detect the prismatic crystals lying side by side. There are still other scientific men who explain the feathery frost formations on the branches of trees by the congelation of a thick mist that comes in contact with a body of lower temperature than the freezing-point or by the solidification of a fog in superfusion, determined by contact with a solid body. The French writer says further:

"We will leave the reader to take his choice of these opinions. So far as the deposit of frost on our window-panes is concerned, we must suppose that the infinite variety of design presented by the crystals is due to the nature of the glass. This substance is, in fact, a very bad and very irregular conductor of heat; it also offers a certain resistance to the physical action of crystallization. These causes are sufficient, when vapor is congealed on the surface, to bring about the formation of these designs, which are as varied as they are remarkable."

Not so Sick as Supposed.

Judging from an opinion expressed recently in The London Spectator, Turkey's sobriquet of the "Sick Man" is being maintained under false pretences. "A strong Sultan," says the writer, "could still place in the field an army of 600,000 of the bravest soldiers in the world, defend his coasts and ports with torpedo boats, and even in defeat inflict terrible blows upon his conqueror. It is true that the advent of a strong Sultan is most improbable, the race of Othman appearing at last to be worn out, but a Sultan weak as a Merovingian is quite probable, and a strong Mayor of the Palace or Grand Vizier would be even more dangerous, because replaceable. A ruler of Turkey who threw all caution to the winds, summoned every Osmanli to his standard, stopped all payments except for munitions of war, and fought as the Mahdi fought at Omdurman, would, to begin with, shatter all European alliances, might hold in check for three years any single European power, and might while being defeated cause an explosion such as Europe has not had to face since the Spahis threatened Vienna. The Sick Man will bequeath nothing, and the whole western world desires his heritage. The catastrophe may not come just yet, for the strange being who now occupies the throne of Turkey, and who will neither yield nor fight, seems irremovable; but it cannot be put off forever, and every blow such as the one M. Delcasse has just delivered brings us nearer to its occurrence. If history affords us any guidance, the Turk will die biting hard."

"I once won a case with one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems," says Congressman Brick of Indiana, who is a lawyer, "and so I stand for him. I was defending a man charged with stealing silk, and it looked so bad for him that I decided on an appeal to the jury. I did the best I could to win with the evidence; but I banked most on the fact that the defendant was a young man with a wife and child, and that it would go hard for all of them to have him go to the penitentiary for a term of years. My whole argument led up to the point where I closed with Riley's little poem, 'Back From a Two Years' Sentence.' When I finished, the jury was in tears, and even the Judge and the Attorney for the prosecution were affected. The jury took just one ballot, and returned a verdict of not guilty."—New York Tribune.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
THE WORLD LOST FOR LOVE'S SAKE

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY,

Author of "The Crime of Hallow-E'en," "The Flirtations of a Beauty," "Wilful Gaynell," "Little Leafy," "Only a Mechanic's Daughter," etc.

scared.

He wondered why Daisy drew her white arms round his neck, begging, with tears in her lovely eyes, that he would pardon her for what she had done.

"I reckon I'll have to, providin' you don't stay out so late again, lass," he answered.

He little knew what those words meant, then; but there came a dark day when they came back to him all too plainly.

Daisy longed to ask her father if she was quite alone when he found her, but she knew it must be so, else he would have spoken of it had it been otherwise.

Where then was her young husband? The thought bewildered her.

Should she tell her father what had happened? Would he be very angry with her, she wondered? Young as she was, she realized dimly that it was a strange, foolish, mad marriage; yet it was legal and binding. She was Harold St. John's bride.

"Ah, no, she could not tell him what she had done; at least, not just yet," she decided, and beautiful, guilty Daisy hid her face in the pillow, with the story of her romantic, secret marriage a heavy weight on her heart.

"Harold will come tomorrow and tell papa all, and claim me," she murmured. "He can tell him all so much better than I could," and with that thought in her heart, Daisy brushed the tears from her golden lashes and tried to sleep; but sleep would not come to her eyes.

A dark, handsome face seem to float before her mental vision, and a voice rang in her ears uttering those cruel words:

"I may as well admit the truth. I believed you to be the heiress, or I should never have married you."

Those were the heartless words that had nipped poor little Daisy's romantic love-dream in the bud, and caused her to look at the picture of the future, which must be spent with this handsome, unloving young husband, with horror too great for words.

Both the farmer and Margy were startled at the white, wan, piteous face with which Daisy greeted them the next morning.

Farmer Gordon looked anxiously at his darling from over the rim of his steel-bowed glasses.

"You are ill, lass!" he exclaimed. "Come and tell father what is the matter with his pet."

Poor Daisy! she felt an irresistible impulse to fling herself into his strong arms and tell him what she had done, and beg him to tell Harold St. John when he came to claim her, that she would not go with him, now that all the glamor and excitement and novelty of that hasty marriage was over, and she had discovered that Harold St. John had married her through a fatal error, not through love.

A great abhorrence filled her soul toward him, and she owned to herself she would rather die than go away with him.

"I am not ill, papa," she answered, "it is only the heat."

"Hetty and Olive will be back today," remarked the farmer. "You won't be lonesome much longer, pet."

Daisy hid her colorless face on his shoulder, making no reply.

"Here they are now," cried Margy, from the window, and the next moment the two girls came dancing over the wide porch into the summer kitchen.

Daisy did not spring to meet them, as was her wont, but hung back timidly aloof, fearful lest the sharp eyes of either Hetty or Olive should discern that she was laboring under intense suppressed excitement.

"Why don't you ask us if we had a good time?" laughed Olive, turning to her younger sister. "I suppose you're over the sulks by this time about going, aren't you?"

"Oh, Olive, if you had but taken me with you," sobbed Daisy, flinging herself at her sister's feet with hysterical sobs.

"Well, now, who ever heard the beat of that?" cried Hetty, looking on in amazement. "Daisy is getting to be more of a baby every day. The idea of crying about going to anything after it's all over."

It struck Olive's keen perceptions that it was not altogether that which caused Daisy to weep so hysterically.

Now that she looked keenly into the lovely young face, she saw that there was a wonderful change in it. She was rather puzzled.

"Did you take being left here so very much to heart?" she asked, slowly.

"Yes," answered Daisy, piteously. "But tell me about it," she went on, nervously anxious to change the subject.

"We had a delightful time," declared Hetty. "The two weeks slipped by far too quickly for me. You ought to have seen Lillian Ruthven, the heiress; she takes the hearts of all the gentlemen by storm, and she's as proud as she is pretty, and that's saying a great deal.

"By the way, the funniest mistake happened on the night she came away that ever was heard of," Hetty went on, thoughtlessly. "The grand ball was at its height, when suddenly two officers made their appearance guarding a manacled stranger between them, and called for Lillian Ruthven.

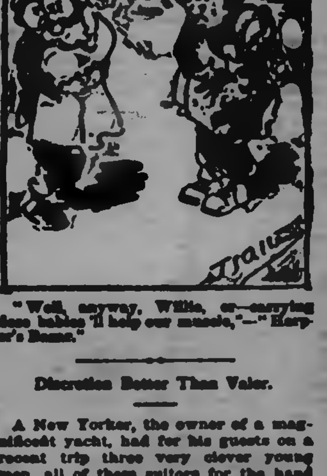
To be Continued.

"Bought my Life for 35 cents."—This was one man's way of putting it when he had been pronounced incurable from chronic dyspepsia. "It was a living death to me until I tried Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. Thanks to them to-day I am well, and I tell my friends I bought my life for 35 cents." 60 in a box—35

The Undeserved Evil Repute of Paris.

AN interesting discussion as to the public morals of Frenchmen and "Americans" has recently been started by Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to the United States, who made a trip home not long ago, and was so much impressed by what he saw in the Paris streets, during the summer season, that he felt constrained to make an earnest protest against what seemed to him bad tendencies. He complained of the marked increase in the absinthe habit, and of the growing quantity of indecent pictures and cartoons to be seen in the public streets. Senator Berenger, another prominent Frenchman, who is at the head of the Society for the Prevention of License in the Streets, promptly admitted the justice of M. Cambon's censure, and said that the police have of late put hardly any restrictions upon the exposure, in the central parts of Paris, of engravings and cards which offend decency. He declared that this evil is always at its worst during the summer months, and that its unusual prevalence at this season is because it "springs up especially to meet the average foreigner's conception of the gay capital." Thousands of foreigners go to Paris every year for a short vacation, he adds naively, "intent on having a good time, and declaring their intention so loudly that the city takes on a particular hue for their benefit." This view has been emphatically sustained by the pastor of a French Protestant church in Paris, who asserts that Anglo-Saxon visitors are the foreigners most to blame in this matter, and Americans the worst offenders of all. He contends that the keepers of kiosks where quantities of "lurid photographs" are sold told him that "Americans" are their best customers, purchasing handfuls of vicious papers and cards, which they distribute widely in their own country.

According to the New York "Evening Post," striking testimony to the truth of all this has just been furnished by a member of the United States Congress. Representative Gillett of the Springfield (Mass.) district, a man of high standing and proved independence, has been traveling for some weeks, with Speaker Henderson of Iowa, in England and on the Continent. In a recent letter he remarked that the shops, the hotels, and, above all, the class of amusements which we call "Frenchy," and which "Americans" flock to Paris to see, seemed to him "artificial and made to order to meet the taste of American visitors." He frankly admitted that "it's no credit to us what they think our taste is," and bluntly declared that he had been "thoroughly disgusted to see not only American men, but ladies, too, trying to be amused by sights which they would think both stupid and low at home." He added that it seemed to him as though "quite a proportion of the Parisians were engaged in exhibiting as their natural life and recreations a pretence of high spirits and risky abandon which was all affected, a constant bore to the participants, and only interesting and endurable to strangers so long as they are deceived into believing it is the custom of the country." There is thus virtual agreement on the part of the French legislator, the United States congressman and the French clergyman that foreign visitors, and particularly "Americans" tourists, are giving Paris a worse reputation than it deserves—in fact, making the city worse in the summer months of their presence than it is during the rest of the year. The clergyman quoted clears the resident American colony of blame, pronouncing it exemplary, but he thinks it "impossible to deny that visiting Yankees do Paris far more harm than Paris does them."



"Well, anyway, Willie, er—carrying dese babies 'll help our muscle,'—" Harper's Bazar."

Discretion Better Than Valor.

A New Yorker, the owner of a magnificent yacht, had for his guests on a recent trip three very clever young men, all of them suitors for the hand of his beautiful daughter. The young woman could not determine which she liked the best, they were equally good looking and equally eligible as to wealth and position.

In her perplexity she sought the advice of the Old Salt, a kindly and generous old sea-dog, who sailed the yacht.

"I tell you what I'd do, Miss, if I were you," he said. "The next time we are in a safe place you fall overboard. I will stand by to see that no harm comes to you, and then you can see which is the best man of the lot."

The plan was agreed to, and a day or two later the young woman slid off the plank into the water. In a second two of the young men were in after her and she was heroically rescued. As soon as possible the heroine sought the captain.

"What am I to do now?" she asked. "I have two of them still left."

"Well, I would say this," replied the captain. "If you want a good, sensible husband, you take the one that did not jump after you."

Mrs. Scrappington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that in Patagonia a wife can be purchased for a dollar. Mr. Scrappington—Well, there may be wives in Patagonia that are worth that much.—"Harper's Bazar."

Belle—You look worried, dear. Do something to occupy your mind. Why not read a little fiction?

Violet—I do, dear; I get a letter from my husband every day.—Moonshine.

"We shall have to try again," said the photographer, inspecting the result of the first sitting. "You seem to have had one eye shut."

"You told me to wink naturally," said the sitter, "and that's what I was trying to do."—Chicago Tribune.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

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FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Cod, Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskinonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 28, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Good Friday.

—Hot Cross Buns.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The Easter market on Saturday should be very large.

—The schools closed yesterday at noon for the Easter holidays.

—A parcel awaits an owner at the police station.

—The Board of Works and the Finance Committee met last night.

—There is very little hay being sold on the market, consequently the price is high.

—Tenders for street watering have been called for. Tenders must be in on or before April 1.

—Dr. King and Mrs. O. B. McAllister will be among the exhibitors at the annual show of the Ottawa Kennel Club, to be held in about two weeks.

—The Toronto Lacrosse team will pass through here on the 11.20 C.P.R. train this morning, on their way to Halifax, where they will embark for England.

—Everyone that wants the best photos in town at a reasonable price, they all go to Whiten's to have them taken. Everything up-to-date. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

No Paper To-Morrow

There will be no issue of The Times to-morrow, on account of the holiday.

Light Sentence

At a special session of the County Court yesterday, before Judge Ketchum, of Cobourg, the hearing of the charge of arson against Fred Cousins was concluded. The prisoner was found guilty, and sentenced to four months in gaol. The sentence is not a heavy one, as it was considered that the prisoner's mind was rather weak. R. E. Wood appeared for the Crown and Mr. Morden, of Belleville, for the prisoner.

Good Friday Band Concert

The band of the 57th Regiment will give two concerts in the opera house to-day, the first in the afternoon at 2.30 and in the evening at 8 o'clock. The management have several special attractions to be given at the entertainments. The band has been practising hard for weeks past for the event. Further particulars can be obtained by referring to their ad. in another column.

Labor Notes

At the meeting of the indoor workers on Wednesday evening it was decided to form a distinct organization, but still to retain their affiliation with the American Federation of Labor.

The decision was submitted to the President of Union 9240 last night and the charter was applied for.

The regular weekly meeting of Union 9240 was held last night, and a large number of new members were initiated. The membership of the union is now nearly 1240.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BAND CONCERT
GOOD FRIDAY!
MATINEE 2.30 P. M.
EVENING 8 P. M.
WILL J. WHITE
(of Toronto)
Canada's Premier Humorist
and other special attractions.
Admission 10c. Children 5c.

CARD OF THANKS

London Life Ins. Co.,—

Gentlemen: I thank you for your promptness in paying me the insurance on the life of my deceased husband, James Nicholls.

(Signed) HANNAH NICHOLLS.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Dr. King has returned from Toronto.

—Mrs. J. H. Garbutt left yesterday to visit friends in Colborne.

—Mr. G. H. Williamson is visiting at his home in York.

—Mr. A. J. Tate, of Orillia, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. Jas. McAuliffe, of Cornwall, is in town for a few days.

—Mr. D. M. W. Somerville is taking a short holiday in Toronto.

—Ven. Archdeacon Casey, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Rutlidge, of town, left yesterday to visit her sister in Toronto.

—Mr. Duncan Walker left yesterday to spend the holidays in Chatham.

—Mrs. O. S. McClelland is spending the holidays with friends in Toronto.

—Mrs. Bellegham, of town, is visiting her father, Mr. A. Fraser, Hastings.

—Miss Annie Irwin, of Havergal Ladies' College, is home for the holidays.

—Mr. Fred Sawers, of the faculty of Trinity College School, Port Hope, is spending the holidays in town.

—Miss Eileen Fair is home from Bishop Strachan's College, Toronto, for the holidays.

—Mr. Geo. N. Graham, of the Oriental Hotel, was in Belleville yesterday on business.

—Mrs. M. V. Oke, of Port Hope, who has been the guest of Mrs. S. A. Oke, has returned to her home.

—Mr. Nicholls, of the C. G. E. Co., is spending the holiday with his parents in Toronto.

—Miss Huyche, of Hastings, is in town, the guest of her cousins, the Misses Stuart, Stewart street.

—Miss Olive Bradburn has returned from Bishop Bethune's Ladies' College, Bowmanville, for the holidays.

—Mrs. Robert Laing, 540 Water st., left yesterday to visit her son, Mr. Arthur Laing, of St. Catharines.

—Mr. Gus Sawers, of the engineering staff of the Trent Valley Canal, came down from Kirkfield yesterday for the holidays.

—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from an old friend, Mr. John Whyte, of Campbellford, who is up on business. He will return to-day.

—Cadet Gerald Hall, of the R. M. College, Kingston, is spending the holidays with his father, Mr. E. H. D. Hall.

—The many friends of Mr. Chester W. Laing, of Pittsburg, and formerly of town, will regret to learn that he is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, and is now in Passavant Hospital.

—Mr. Robert Harrison has received word of the very critical illness of his sister, Mrs. T. E. Finlay, near Lucknow. Mr. Harrison and his sister, Mrs. Thomas Hall, left on the early train yesterday morning for Lucknow.

CHURCH NOTES

At St. Luke's church, divine services will be held to-day at 10.30 a. m., and at 7.30 p.m. Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will preach. The subject of the sermon for the morning service will be "Learning to Die," and in the evening, "Not this man, but Barabbas. Now Barabbas was a robber." The story of the cross will be sung after the service.

At St. John's church, there will be three services to-day, one at 11 a.m., children's service at 3 p.m., and evening service at 7.30 p.m.

At All Saints' church, there will be a service at 8 p.m. The collection will be for work among the Jews.

Two Fires Last Night

About 11.20 last night, the fire alarm sounded for a blaze in a vacant house on Perry street, owned by the Bradburn estate. The hose-reel was quickly upon the spot, and had a stream playing on the burning building. Only one stream was found necessary to subdue the flames. The house was a small frame one, occupied until Wednesday last by a family named Loudeau, and is practically a total loss. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it apparently started in the rear.

The fire brigade were again called out at about 12.45 this morning to extinguish a blaze in a small hot-house on the corner of King and Lewis streets, owned by Mr. John Adamson, and used for the propagation of celery and other plants. The structure was completely demolished, but no further damage resulted.

COFFEE PHILOSOPHY

Don't Blame the Doctor

The most dangerous false friend is the one that under the guise of friendship, day by day insinuates himself into your good graces and takes advantage of the association to do you harm; that is exactly the position of coffee. It enters your sanctum under the guise of a warm, close friend and slowly, day by day, works away at your destruction.

Why this should be no one can say, but it is a fact nevertheless. Hundreds of thousands are testifying of the terrible straits that coffee drinking has led them into.

In our clearer moments we know that health, bounding, perfect health brings with it the poise of nerve and clearness of mind that makes us kings instead of slaves, and brings a heaven on earth to us.

Through the very perversity of mankind, showing the elements of a tangible demon, we persist in taking into mouth and stomach the false friend even after we know it is working to throw us out of the peaceful heaven of health, and set up within us that condition of disease that the nerves show variously in dyspepsia, heart trouble, kidney trouble, etc., etc.

The patient physician who has, for years, been explaining to different people under his care the powerful effects of coffee on highly organized persons, finally becomes a bit careless and feels that he can only point out the facts and then let patients go their own path. Their very perversity will make of them slaves, and they follow the habit with the blind, dogged fatalism that cannot be understood.

Coffee "soaks" them certain and sure, and when they are hit hard enough they finally come round to the point where they are forced to give it up, then Postum Food Coffee comes as a relief in the time of desperate trouble. It requires no effort to slip off coffee drinking for well made Postum, and the change in health is something miraculous in many cases.

MR. SCOTT LEAVING TOWN

The Well Known Superintendent of the Cereal Company Leaving Town

Mr. Wm. Scott, the well-known superintendent of the American Cereal Works here, has severed his connections with that company and will leave town to go into business for himself in Ottawa. Mr Scott has been with the Cereal Co. for upwards of twenty-five years and has that business tact and ability which predicted him a most successful business career here as the superintendent of the Cereal Works which are in course of construction in town.

In his new field he will undoubtedly have that success which he so well deserves. During his brief sojourn in town Mr. Scott has won the esteem of a large number of citizens, who will deeply regret his departure from town.

Mr. Scott will be succeeded here by Mr. A. Macdonald, of the head office of the company in Chicago, and who is at present in town. Mr. Scott will probably remain in town for about two months longer.

LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES

A Few Lines of Prose-Poetry by Our Junior Reporter

Oh, see the country candidate, he wears a winning smile, he looks as harmless as a lamb, but still he's full of guile. He seems to be so amiable, so kindly and so mellow, but yet he's scheming all the time to down the other feller.

Just watch the country candidate! How buoyant he appears! When first he starts to make the race he may have doubts and fears, but when he's out about a week and is filled with hot air talk, he banishes all fears and knows he'll get there in a walk!

Here's to the blithesome candidate who thinks he's got a cinch! Here's to him twice, if beaten sure he does not fail or flinch! Here's to him thrice, if when he finds another is preferred, he keeps right on sawing wood and never says a word.

The Anaemic Young Girl

Perhaps she is sixteen, suddenly she seems to lose strength, her beauty fades because her strength fails, her eyes lose their lustre. How her spirit droops! It alarms you, but all this may be corrected quickly. Get her Ferrozone. It is a nerve tonic, it aids the stomach to do its work. Appetite! she'll eat anything, and digest it, too. Ferrozone is an absolute specific for the anaemia of young people. Ask your druggist for it.

AN EASTER PRESENTATION

Mr. J. C. Smith, Who is Leaving Town, Remembered by His Pupils in the Central School

At the closing hour of the winter term in the Central School yesterday, the pupils in Mr. J. C. Smith's Entrance Class took advantage of the occasion to present him with a set of military brushes and a walking stick, accompanied by an address, as a mark of the esteem in which he is held by his pupils.

The following is the address as read—

Mr. J. C. Smith,

Peterborough,

Dear Sir,

It is with feelings of regret we learn that, for a time at least our relations with you will be severed and we cannot allow you to go without some expression of our heart-felt appreciation of the sympathy you have shown us, the labor you have bestowed upon us, and the keen interest you have always manifested in our success and welfare.

We have found you ever a faithful and painstaking instructor a kind and courteous gentleman, a ready and willing counselor and assistant.

It will be gratifying for you to know that in the expression of these sentiments your pupils are joined by your fellow teachers and colleagues and that you will be followed by the best wishes and good-will of those with whom as teachers, you have for these many years been so intimately associated.

We would ask your acceptance of these slight tokens of our esteem and respect trusting that they may in some small measure, prove silent reminders of the pleasant and profitable hours we have spent together.

It is our sincere hope that you may have a speedy restoration to good health and that He to whom alone are all things known may be constantly your Guide and Protector.

Signed on behalf of the teachers of the Central School and of the pupils in the Entrance Class.

PHEMIE SMITH.

Mr. Smith was taken completely by surprise and with difficulty overcame his feelings to permit him to express his warmest thanks to his class for the kind wishes expressed in their address and for the beautiful presents. He assured the pupils that the memory of this occasion would long remain fresh in his mind.

The pupils had prepared an abundance of good things to eat which was served out and a very sociable and enjoyable hour spent.

Mr. Smith leaves on Tuesday for Pittsburg, Pa., where he has accepted a very responsible position. Mr. Smith will be followed by the best wishes of a host of friends.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

ADVICE TO TEACHERS

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—I see the Times invites contributions to its columns, and I therefore ask you to publish the following, which I trust our school teachers will read and put into practice:

Teach the children not to spit. It is rarely necessary. To spit on a slate, floor or sidewalk is an abomination.

Not to put the fingers in the mouth.

Not to pick the nose.

Not to wet the fingers with saliva in turning the leaves of books.

Not to put pencils into the mouth or moisten them with the lips.

Not to put money into the mouth.

Not to put anything in the mouth except food, drink and the toothbrush.

Teach the children to wash hands and face often. See that they keep them clean.

Teach the children to turn the face aside when coughing and sneezing if they are facing another person.

In well regulated communities this sort of instruction is generally given at the home but the teachers can undoubtedly help.

A MOTHER

ARE YOU STOUT.

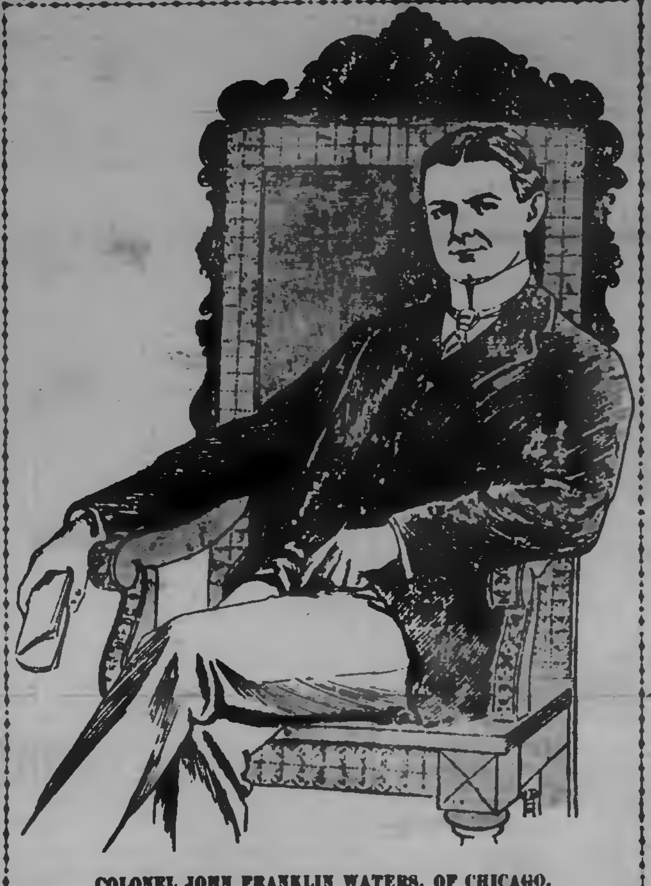
[illegible]

MANY RELIABLE WITNESSES

Prove That Old Cases of Chronic Catarrh can be Cured.

A Medicine That Will Cure Cases of Catarrh of Long Standing Deserves a Very High Place in the Annals of Medical Discovery.

Such a Medicine is Peruna.



COLONEL JOHN FRANKLIN WATERS, OF CHICAGO.

THOUSANDS of testimonials are pouring in every day of old cases of chronic catarrh that have resisted all treatment for years, being promptly and permanently cured by Peruna.

These reports do not all come from obscure places, signed by obscure people. A large proportion of these letters are written by men and women prominent in business and professional circles and many of them well known from ocean to ocean.

Colonel John Franklin Waters occupies a prominent position among the leading trial lawyers of Chicago. He has probably obtained more verdicts against corporations in suits for personal injuries than any man of his age in the United States, and during his practice of over fifteen years he has not lost a single case in the Supreme Courts of Illinois and Missouri. He is a hard worker and has the energy of four men.

For a number of years he had been afflicted with chronic catarrh and having recently been thoroughly cured of his old affection, an interview was obtained with him by one of our reporters in which he gave the following statement to the public:

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 6, 1900.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"It gives me great pleasure to testify to the merits of such a worthy remedy for catarrh as your Peruna. I had suffered for a number of years from this very disagreeable disease and had tried many so-called remedies, but until I used Peruna none had the desired effect. I feel that I am perfectly cured and can cheerfully recommend Peruna to any one suffering from catarrh."

JOHN F. WATERS,
120 E. Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

Another case equally well-known in Chicago, is reported through a letter from a veteran Railroad man.

J. H. Lyons.

Captain John H. Lyons, of Chicago, passenger agent for various railroad companies for the past twenty-four years, connected with the Postoffice Department for six years, the Police Department for six years, and at present connected with the Grand Trunk railroad, had a similar case. He is a veteran soldier and a prominent member of G. A. R. Camp No. 102.

Captain John H. Lyons, 1612 Prairie Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"For twenty years I suffered with chronic catarrh but thanks to Peruna I am now entirely cured.

"It affords me much pleasure to make a statement in behalf of your meritorious remedy, Peruna. I have used same for catarrh and have found it to be all you claim for it. I had suffered for twenty years. I cheerfully recommend Peruna to anyone suffering from catarrh, as I believe that, as in my case, it will prove a sure cure."—Captain John H. Lyons.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, for instructive free literature on catarrh.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.

The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

BUSY ! BUSY !! BUSY !!!

The Return Visit an Unparalleled Success.

Professor O'Brien,

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST and the only recognized

SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

For the information of those wishing to consult him, he will remain in town a week longer. Parents bring your children to have their heads scientifically delineated by a competent phrenologist, and ascertain their adaptation as to what trade or profession they should follow. Thousands are now holding prominent positions through Prof. O'Brien's advice, who in phrenology is at the head of his profession, and in palmistry he has no equal.

Private office at 263 Hunter st. terrace. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

A photo read free to patrons. Come early.

Help Wanted.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. [illegible] & Co., Room 711, [illegible] Broadway, New York.

AGENT AND COLLECTOR, EITHER SEX; good remuneration to the right party. Apply in own handwriting. Address Manager, Box C, Peterborough.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., [illegible] Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co

LIMITED

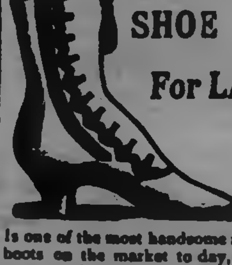
For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN.

New Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street



PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham.)

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER RATES

Round Trip Tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th to 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st.

TEACHERS and STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard certificate signed by Principal)

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, good to return until April 8th, 1902.

TERRITORY—Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and to BUT NOT FROM Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER HOLIDAYS

RETURN TICKETS will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st, inclusive, returning up to and including April 1st, 1902.

Between all stations in Canada.

All stations in Canada to and from Detroit and Port Huron, Mich.

All stations TO but not FROM Buffalo, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Suspension Bridge N.Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

of Schools and Colleges on surrender of Standard Certificate signed by principal, at

Single First Class Fare and One Third

Going March 21st to 29th, inclusive, returning up to and including April 8th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent
Toronto

PERFECT TRAVEL MEANS GOOD Roadbed Equipment Scenery

YOU HAVE THE VERY BEST ON YOUR OWN LINE

: : THE : :

Intercolonial R'y.

MARITIME EXPRESS LEAVES MONTREAL

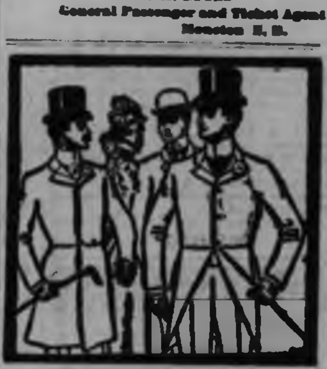
12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY.

Write for descriptive literature to

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.



YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

361 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Speak Quickly

If you want to buy a 6-roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

3-acre Garden Lot, low price and very easy terms.

100-acre Farm with buildings, near town. $2,500. Will sell on easy terms or exchange for town property.

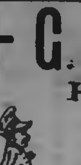
Would you like to own the finest and best Residence in town? We have three choice ones, and we have the finest lot that could be desired, second to none, whereon to build. Who wants it?

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

- G. H. NOBLE -

PLUMBER



Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 75

PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MARCH 31 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

THE BOERS FETED IN THE CAPITAL OF SPAIN

Then Given Money to Go on to That Other Center of Hatred of Britain, Paris --Escaped Prisoners

London, March 31.A despatch from Madrid to the Times says that five escaped Boer prisoners from Portugal have been feted in the Spanish capital this week, and money has been provided for them to go to Paris.

THE ASIATIC DUEL JAPAN AND RUSSIA

The Only Countries Directly Interested in China and Corea

BRITAIN'S NEW ENTANGLEMENT

Strong Opinion Expressed by the London Daily Mail Regarding the Eastern Trouble

London, March 31 — After all the only powers that have a direct political interest in China are Russia and Japan. England's interest is purely commercial and she desires above all to avoid territorial responsibility or political entanglement. The United States is still more determined to suffer neither. Germany's real interest in China is only commercial and would suffer, as it suffered by her prominent part in the intervention, by German entry into a scheme of partition or military compulsion in China. The territories of France are in the south of China, and she has nothing to gain for herself by mixing in the affairs of Pekin, Corea, or Manchuria. All these nations have much to lose and little to gain by war in China.

It is different with Russia and Japan. Both are Asiatic powers. Both have the vital instinct of expansion, which they must follow or die. They have met on ground necessary to both, which neither can yield without abdicating as a great Asiatic power. They have come to grips where they must fight it out. The island empire must overflow on the mainland or stifle by overpopulation in confined space. The continental power must reach the sea or wither for want of free commerce with the world. That makes the coast of Corea and Manchuria between them a stricken field, the narrow seas a duelling ground, which neither can avoid without thwarting the most vital national aspirations of their people.

Both want allies and that is what is troubling the peace of Europe. Each tries to strengthen itself for the coming struggle by drawing into it powers that have no political or military interest. Japan has manoeuvred England into an alliance which threatens a costly and barren war. Russia has forced France to pay for protection against Germany by carrying their pact into Asia, where France has no interest, and exposing her fleet to be swept from the seas by England. The search for allies will not stop here, but it is probable that no more will be found. They will have too much sense to ask the United States, and Germany will have sense enough to refuse. It would be the best thing all around if fear of England should keep France out, and leave the issue to be settled between the two powers interested, in a fight to a finish. There will be no peace in Asia till this duel has been decided.

EXCLUDE THE CHINESE

No Laborers of This Class are Wanted in U. S Territory

House Committee on Foreign Affairs Orders Chinese Exclusion Bill Favorably Reported to the House

Washington, March 31 — The house committee on foreign affairs yesterday completed consideration of the Chinese exclusion bill and by a practically unanimous vote ordered it favorably reported to the house.

The exclusion of Chinese laborers is made complete, both as to mainland territory of the United States and all insular possessions, including the Philippines and Hawaii.

The committee finally restored the prohibitory clause recommended by the Pacific coast senators and members, so that as reported it reads:

> And the prohibition shall apply to all Chinese laborers as well as those in such insular possessions at the time of acquisition by the United States, as to those who have come here since, and those who may be born there hereafter."

In addition the committee framed the following new section, specifically directing the Philippine commission to put the exclusion law into force:

> That the Philippine commission are hereby authorized and required to make all regulations necessary for the enforcement of this action in the Philippines.

San Juan, Porto Rico, was struck out from the list of ports where Chinese may enter, as it is feared there would be a Chinese influx at that point, owing to the lack of sufficient official force to make careful inspection.

In many respects the measure is practically the same as that agreed on by the Pacific coast interests, with certain amendments made from time to time.

After reporting the bill on Thursday, Chairman Hitt is hopeful of bringing it to early consideration before the house.

A VAST FORTUNE FOR NATION'S GOOD

The Bulk of Cecil Rhodes' Vast Wealth for Imperial Purposes

GIVEN TO "YOUNGER BRITAIN."

To Promote the Cause of Education in the Interest of the Empire

London, March 31. — Amid the maze of biographies, character sketches, criticisms, and eulogies of the late Cecil Rhodes which continue to appear here is a letter published to-day which throws new light on the historic Lobengula treaty, by which Mr. Rhodes made Rhodesia. It is signed "One Who Knows," and points out that neither Mr. Rhodes, Mr. Maguire, nor Mr. Rudd deserve credit for the famous concession, but that it belongs to F. R. Thompson, member of Parliament for Wynberg, Cape Colony, known as "Matabele" Thompson. As proof of the writer's assertion, this characteristic letter of Mr. Rhodes to Mr. Thompson, dated London, July, 1889, is adduced:

"Dear Thompson,—Stick to it. I trust to you alone. Upon you depends the whole thing. The concession I consider to be your work. The charter is mine. Without the latter the former would be unworkable. Nature abhors a vacuum. I ask you is there a better chance in the world for you? Besides being one of the richest men in the Colony, you will have the kudos (glory). Napoleon was prepared to share the world so long as he got Europe to work on these lines. Can't you give the whites who are in the country something? After all they deserve something. If any doubt your power show them this. G—— will pay all checks you draw. I feel you won't fail me. Stick to the post."

"One who Knows" adds: "Without Mr. Thompson's nineteen months of daily palaver and peril at the King's kraal at Buluwayo, there would have been no Rhodesia to-day."

A financial authority of the Daily Telegraph estimates Mr. Rhodes' fortune at over £15,000,000, and, in a forecast of the future of Rhodesia, draws a curious comparison between the agricultural possibilities of that country and those of Iowa. The selection of Iowa is due to the fact that Robert Benson, a director and leading spirit of a land company of Iowa, is now a director of the Chartered Trust Company, and is otherwise largely interested in Mr. Rhodes' territories. It is said that a network of farms will be started in Rhodesia on the American plan.

VAST FORTUNE FOR NATION'S GOOD.

London, March 31. All reports respecting the terms of Mr. Rhodes' will, public benefactions, and the disposition of his property are premature. The provisions of the will may not be disclosed for a week or ten days. Those intimate with Mr. Hawksley are confident that Mr. Rhodes' mining and other investments have been pooled and left in block as a trust for the benefit of South Africa. Mr. Alfred Beit and Mr. Hawksley are probably associated in this trust. Those closely associated with Mr. Rhodes do not expect special financial bequests. They assert that it was one of Mr. Rhodes' cardinal principles that personal service should be well recompensed during life, and that the bulk of his fortune should be reserved for public services in South Africa.

One paper says that Mr. Rhodes left the bulk of his fortune, outside of some personal and family bequests, to the promotion of the vast Imperial plans of education. This project embraces every land where the Union Jack flies. His purpose is the intellectual betterment of the British race throughout the world and the fostering of the Imperial sentiment. The Daily Mail adds that this idea of better fitting "younger Britain" to cope successfully with rival nationalities was long a dominant scheme with Cecil Rhodes, but that even his closest friends little imagined the absorbing hold it obtained upon him until this was disclosed by the terms of his will.

IDENTIFIED AS FENIAN

Welland Canal Dynamitard, Now in Kingston Penitentiary, said to be Luke Dillon

The Buffalo Express claims to have discovered that the dynamiter, Karl Dallman, who, with his confederates, John Nolin, and John Walsh, was sentenced on May 24th, 1901, to imprisonment for life in Kingston Penitentiary, for attempting to blow up the Welland Canal locks, near Thorold, is none other than Luke Dillon of Philadelphia, who was prominent in the affairs of the Clan-na-Gael thirteen or fourteen years ago, when the Cronin murder was attracting so much attention to that society, and who went on the witness stand at the trial, and disclosed the secret of "The Triangle," the council of three that under the title of executive ruled the society. It will be remembered that Dallman admitted at the time of his arrest that his name was assumed, but refused to tell who he really was. The Express identifies Dallman as Dillon by means of his photograph, and through some of the people who knew him when he lived in Philadelphia. The picture of the Welland dynamiter, the Express says is identical in every particular with that which was printed of Dillon during the Cronin trial, if a little allowance is made for increased weight and a somewhat more genteel appearance, which the Buffalo paper ascribes to the change in occupation. Dallman's photograph moreover, was shown to John Dillon, who keeps a liquor store in Philadelphia, in the building adjoining the premises where Luke Dillon used to do business, and he not only declared that it was Dillon's picture, but he knew that Dillon had got into trouble in Canada, and had been imprisoned. He had gone to school with Luke Dillon's children, and was well acquainted with all the family.

The Express professes even to know the motive for the attempt on the canal. The two wings of the Clan-na-Gael, it says, were drawing together, and the Cronin party wanted to have some feat to their credit which would give them sufficient prestige to gain the leadership of the reunited order. Dr. Cronin, too, had been a member of the 19th Regiment at St. Catharines, and had been called a Canadian constable, and the party wished to wipe out this reproach. They believed that they could at one stroke prevent Canada from sending aid to South Africa, and at the same time force Great Britain to follow a line of conduct that would reassure her colonies.

Items of Interest

London, March 31.—The new staff officer, who is to be added to the Commander-in-Chief's staff, is officially designated as "Inspector-General of Royal Garrison Artillery and Coast Defence." The object of the appointment is officially stated to be the advancement of the science of coast defence, and to ensure that a high standard of excellence and uniformity is attained by the artillery personnel in the handling of guns and material. His inspections are to be technical only, he will be responsible that the officers and men engaged in the defence of our coasts, and those of the colonies are thoroughly efficient in every branch of their work, and he will co-operate with the authorities in arranging manoeuvres in conjunction with the navy.

He is also to make an annual inspection of the Royal Garrison Artillery in the United Kingdom, Gibraltar, and Malta, and a biennial inspection of the further defences in Halifax and the West Indies.

A NOVELTY IN MEDALS.

London, March 31.—King Edward has given a series of private sittings to Mr. Frank Bowcher for a new medal which is in the future to be presented to school children who attain a certain standard of attendance. The medal is similar to that which has hitherto been given to the children, with the exception, of course, that the King's head takes the place of that of Queen Victoria. The head is in profile on the obverse side of the medal, and his Majesty is shown wearing a crown. The likeness is recognised as an excellent one, and is somewhat similar to an admirable profile of King Edward which Mr. Bowcher designed for a private accession medal, one of which in gold was purchased by Mr. Pierpont Morgan for £150. The new attendance medals, which have been struck by Messrs. Spink of Piccadilly, are of four kinds —white metal, bronze, gilded bronze, and silver.

Ottawa, March 31. — The Dominion Government is said to have sent a favorable reply to the War Office in answer to the request for another Canadian contingent of 2,000 mounted men, and now awaits the details as to how the force is to be raised. When that is received arrangements will be made for raising, clothing and equipping the force and appointing the necessary officers. Within a month after the word is given to raise the force it can be fully outfitted and ready to embark. The point of mobilization it is expected will be Quebec, and the War Office presumable will furnish the necessary transports. Two thousand horses will be required, and they can be obtained if the necessary price is paid. It is thought that the force will be divided into two regiments, to be known as the 3rd and 4th Canadian Rifles respectively. In such a case two commanding officers will be needed. Possibly Col. Lessard, who commanded the Royal Canadian Dragoons in South Africa, may be asked to undertake the command of one. There will also be an opportunity for several smart, capable non-commissioned officers to secure commissions. It is not improbable that recommendations for men of this class may be invited from the heads of the mounted police, the permanent cavalry and some of the regiments of active militia.

Ottawa, March 31.—The Dominion Government is waiting word from the Imperial War Office to commence the mobilization of the contingent of mounted troops for duty in South Africa. This statement was given out to-day.

It is the intention to send two regiments of 1,000 each — all mounted infantry. Col. Lessard at present commanding the Royal Canadian Dragoons at Toronto, will, it is stated, have command of one regiment, and Major Turner, V.C., of Quebec, now commanding the Queen's Own Canadian Hussars, will likely command the second thousand.

Major Turner has already been to Africa and has distinguished himself by obtaining the highest honour in the British army. He is mentioned at the department as one of the best men for the command. The force will consist entirely of mounted infantry and will be mobilized with the utmost despatch.

London, March 31. — Mr. Wyndham's new Irish land bill introduced yesterday, in addition to the clauses already mentioned, provides that a landlord may himself repurchase part of his estate, not exceeding one-fifth of the total area, from the commission, thus becoming a tenant purchaser, in case he desires to continue to reside on the estate. All the transfer arrangements are in the hands of the commission.

The bill provides that cash, not exceeding £12,000,000, to be outstanding at any one time, may be advanced to the commission by the Exchequer, thus enabling purchases to be made on a vastly larger scale than ever before.

Weary Brain Workers

Fagged out, ideas come slowly as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure — that's gone too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough, nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs aid, your digestion needs a bracer too. Your blood requires phosphorus and iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's food for the blood and nerves. It will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

RHODES' GREAT POLICY

Boers Do Not Grieve Over His Death - Wanted Africa Red

New York, March 30—We should be guilty of transparent hypocrisy if we should pretend to share England's grief over the death of Cecil Rhodes," said an ex-official of the Transvaal this morning. "We sympathise with those to whom the passing of this great schemer comes as a personal bereavement, and from every other point of view we regard the event with satisfaction.

"Rhodes has ever been the deadly enemy of Boer nationality. Wherever our interests were involved he was destitute alike of justice and mercy. The absorbing vision of his career was the map of Africa painted red."

GOING TO BERLIN

Big Michigan Bee Sugar Plant to be Moved There

The following will interest promoters of a sugar beet factory for Peterborough:

On March 25th a deal was closed selling the Wolverine sugar factory, one of the finest beet sugar plants in Michigan, at Benton Harbor, to E. H. Dyer & Co., of Cleveland. The factory will be torn down at once by 150 experienced wreckers and shipped to Berlin, Ont. The consideration is $350,000. The plant cost $325,000, and was built three years ago, when material was cheaper. It was sold because the farmers in Benton Harbor section would not raise sugar beets and on account of the probable reduction of the beet-sugar bounty. The factory employed 150 men, and last fall spent $85,000 for labor and beets.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

A Sensational Murder Trial to Begin To-day

Hudson, N.Y., March 31 — An extraordinary trial term of the supreme court convenes here to-day with Justice Chester, of Albany on the bench. The purpose of the special session is to try the Van Wormer brothers and their cousin for the alleged murder of Farmer Peter Hallenbeck.

MONOPOLIZING ATTENTION

The American Invasion of Englandis Causing Considerable Interest

London, March 31 — Britishers are beginning to wonder where the American invasion will end. With players from across the water filling the leading theatres, with the transportation systems of the metropolis in the hands of Americans, and of more recent date, the tobacco trade of all England passing into the control of American companies, it is not surprising that American enterprise is an all-absorbing topic of discussion. In no field of human activity, however, is the prominence of Americans more pronounced just now than in the world of sport. American pugilists of no great prominence at home have come to England and vanquished the top-notchers with little difficulty. In the recent boat race between Oxford and Cambridge two of the oarsmen were from across the water. And now the latest American product to challenge attention is Jack Carkeek, the wrestler, who for several weeks has been defeating all comers at the Alhambra.

DAIRY INTERESTS

An Effort Being Made to Secure Better Organization

With the object of securing better organization of the dairy interests, the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association is endeavoring to secure a complete list of all the competent cheese and butter makers in the eastern half of the province. When complete the list will be published and circulated among all cheese and butter factories. In this way the factories desiring the services of competent cheese makers will know where to secure them. By having such a list the Dairymen's Association will also be able to send any important announcements or dairy bulletins direct to the makers whenever necessary. Circulars have been sent to cheese and butter makers to be filled in and returned to the Association. Makers who have not received one of these circulars yet should write to Mr. H. B. Cowan, Corresponding Secretary Dairymen's Association, Ottawa, who will see one is forwarded.

GALLANT FIGHT PUT UP BY THE CANADIANS

Surrounded by a Boer Force They Fought on Undaunted--Gallant Death of One of the Band

Pretoria, Transvaal Colony, March 31. —About 1,500 Boers under Delarey, Liebenberg, Kemp and Wolmarans, were within the area of Lord Kitchener's latest move, but although surprised by the rapidity displayed by the British troops, gaps in the latter's lines enabled most of the burgers to escape. The Boer prisoners totalled 179 men, including Commandant H. Kruger and ex-Landrost Neethling, of Klerksdorp.

From the first prisoners captured it was learned that General Delarey himself was outside the actual cordon, having slept some distance westward, but Liebenberg, Kemp and other Boer commanders were inside the column of troops. The first body, consisting of about 500 Boers, sighted at ten o'clock in the morning, March 24, retreated at full speed, making for a gap between the British columns. A race for the opening ensued. British mounted infantry, which had already ridden upwards of fifty miles, pressed their tired horses until they gave out, when the men jumped off and raced forward on foot. Some of the mounted men, however, were able to gallop right into the gap just ahead of the burghers, whom they met with a warm fire. These troops also succeeded in driving back another body of 300 Boers, who were forced to desert the guns they had captured from the Von Donop convoy in February. The Boers tried to get through several openings, but on each occasion were forced to double back until they, ultimately found a gap and passed out of the British lines, within sight of Klerksdorp. Night fell before the pursuing columns could overtake the Boers.

Five Canadians who fell out of their column and tried to work their way back were surrounded by a Boer force, and made a splendid defence. But finally seeing their case was hopeless, four of the Canadians surrendered. The fifth, however, indignantly refused to throw down his arms and continued a single-handed fight until he was killed. This was regarded as one of the most interesting incidents of the day.

An instance of the resourcefulness of the Boers was given by Liebenberg and several hundred men. Taking advantage of the confusion of the drive, he and his followers assumed a formation similar to that of a British column, and moving close to one of the numerous gaps in the British lines, succeeded in reaching this opening before their ruse was detected, and got safely away.

The guns captured from Von Donop's convoy were brilliantly recaptured by the Scottish Horse, who charged up to the muzzles of the artillery, and rode the Boer gunners off their feet before the latter had a chance to fire.

Pretoria, March 31. — Acting President Schalkburger and the other members of the Transvaal mission are still at Kroonstadt. They have not yet succeeded in getting in touch with Mr. Steyn, President of the Orange Free State. The situation is unchanged. Despatch riders are seeking him in several directions. Possibly it will be some days before they can locate him. Prisoners who were taken in the recent drive westward from Klerksdorp says that Mr. Steyn and General De Wet were recently at Klerksdorp conferring with General Delarey.

15,000,000 GRANT FOR THE IRISH FARMERS

Government's New Land Bill Introduced in the House of Commons

London, March 31.—The Chief Secretary for Ireland, George Wyndham, introduced the Irish Land bill in the House of Commons to-day.

Mr. Wyndham said the object of the bill was to amend the Land Purchase law. The Government could not ignore the problem owing to the acute crisis in agriculture, which was now at a standstill, and in view of the fact that there was an alarming decrease in the advance for the purchase of land owing to the unwillingness of the landowners to sell.

The main provision of the bill authorizes the Land Commission to take over the whole or any part of an estate whose owner is willing to sell. The commission will then resell it to the tenants. But the assent of three-quarters of the number of tenants to purchase the land is necessary before the commission will undertake to transfer any part of an estate.

The landlord may himself repurchase part of his estate, not exceeding one-fifth of the total area, from the commission, thus becoming a tenant-purchaser in case he desires to continue to reside on the estate.

The bill does not provide for compulsory purchase. All the transfer arrangements are in the hands of the commission and are simplified as much as possible.

The bill provides that cash, not exceeding $15,000,000 to be outstanding at any one time, may be advanced to the commission by the Exchequer, thus enabling purchases to be made on a vastly larger scale than ever before.

The Irish members evinced little enthusiasm over the bill. John Redmond, the Nationalist leader in the House, said he proposed to reserve his judgement until he had studied the provisions of the bill carefully. He warned the Government that universal compulsory purchase must be the ultimate solution of the problem, as nothing else would be acceptable.

Timothy M. Healy, Nationalist, said he believed the bill would do something toward settling the question, but that much depended upon the constitution of new estates and the commission.

REDMOND PROPOSES TO CENSURE THE SPEAKER.

London, March 31.—John Redmond, the leader of the Irish Nationalists, gave notice in the House of Commons to-day of a motion, equivalent to a vote of censure on the Speaker, William Court Gully, for not having made the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, withdraw his remark, "the honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors," addressed to John Dillon in the House March 20, which led to Mr. Dillon retoring that Mr. Chamberlain was a "damned liar."

THE QUIRK MURDER STILL REMAINS UNSOLVED

The Widow and Toole Tell Their Stories Under Oath at Brantford—A Threat from Detroit—Inquest Adjourned for Three Weeks

Brantford, March 29.—On Thursday night the unfinished Quirk inquest was adjourned at the request of Crown Attorney Wilkes until April 21. The evidence taken Thursday does not serve to dispel the mystery in any manner. The only thing new at all disclosed was the fact that a letter threatening Quirk had been received from Detroit a short time previous to the murder. This letter had been handed to the police.

Edward Kennedy, the bell-boy, swore that he had gone to bed at 11.20, and that shortly afterwards he heard groans from the barn. He dressed and ran to the hallway. Fifteen yards from Toole's room he cried out that some one was hurt in the barn. Mrs. Quirk, whose room was close by, heard him, and came to her door. He told her that some one was hurt in the barn, went on down stairs, and found that Ryan, the cook, had gone out to the barn. Ryan was coming from the barn when he got out in the yard. Together they returned to the barn and looked at the body. He returned to the house. Toole was then in the office, putting on his coat preparatory to going out to the barn. When Kennedy went to the barn a second time he met Toole returning. Toole made no remark as he passed him. Kennedy said that he had never heard Quirk and Toole quarrel.

Mrs. Quirk's Evidence.

Mrs. Quirk, the widow, in her evidence said that Toole had been her foster-brother. They had been together for twenty years. Toole was twice a widower, his second wife having died four years ago. The partners had purchased the hotel three years ago on her husband's suggestion, Toole putting up the money. The arrangement was that Mrs. Quirk should be housekeeper, Toole to have the office, and books, and Quirk himself to take charge of the bar. The money, however, was banked in Mrs. Quirk's name, she having charge of the bank account. The household bills were paid weekly, but Quirk banked the bar receipts in his wife's name, and gave notes for the bar bills which were taken up by check, signed by his wife.

The bar receipts, though it was the custom to deposit them every day, had not been banked during the three days prior to the murder. The receipts of the three days would total about $220. When she heard the bell-boy speak of trouble in the barn, she went through her daughter's room to that of Toole. She found him sitting on the bed with his coat and boots off, reading a paper. She told him there was something wrong at the barn; perhaps the hostler was drunk again. Then she returned to her room, where she partly dressed, and went out into the hall, where Ryan, the cook, exclaimed to her "Jim is killed!" She r[illegible] to Toole's room and told him what Ryan had said. Then she [illegible] Toole running past her in the hallway, and then she fainted.

Mrs. Quirk said that her husband was insured for $12,500, of which $5000 was payable to herself. The beneficiaries of the other policies she did not know.

Toole's Story.

Toole, in his evidence, said that he was an American, a native of Pottsville, Pa., and told the jury that he had been in sporting transactions with Quirk, was in politics for a time, engaged in the bottling business, was clerk of the court, warden of the prison, went into the hotel business, and finally, before his latest venture, was for a year a detective. Toole purchased the hotel in the name of Quirk's wife, paying $4,700, of which amount Quirk contributed only $220. Mrs. Quirk gave him a chattel mortgage.

He related the same story of his movements the night of the murder as he did the day after the crime. He did not hear the bell-boy's shout, and denied that Ryan, the cook, had called him, as he had sworn. His first intimation of trouble was when Mrs. Quirk had opened his door. Before he could drag on his shoes and coat she had returned, crying that her husband was being killed in the barn. He ran down to the barn and found Quirk lying on the floor, dead. He returned from the barn, but, after spending a few moments in the house, quieting Quirk's daughter, Myrtle, he again went to the scene of the murder. This time he moved the body, and then shifted the cutter, which was close to the remains. He grasped the cutter by the top, and was sure that the bloodstains upon it had not been from his hands. He removed the money in Quirk's pockets, and handed it to a man named Taylor. He then told of the Detroit letter. Toole said he had arrived at the conclusion that Quirk had been murdered upon his second visit to the barn, when he had examined the cuts on his partner's head. Toole also said that during the Sunday afternoon a stranger had called to see Quirk, but he was out, and the witness forgot to tell him of the visit when they met.

HOUSES IN DEMAND

Supply of Houses Now Exhausted and Rents Advancing

The rental market in Peterborough is more brisk than the expectations of the real estate men. The demand for houses renting from $8 to $12 per month is so great that the supply is exhausted.

Several owners of unimproved property propose to build houses with modern improvements and are expecting either to rent them or to sell them for cash or on installments.

A number of tenants who have paid rent for a number of years are now paying from $200 to $500 as the first payment and will then each month make a payment which amounts to about as much as the monthly rental would be.

Mr. Hurley, the leading real estate man, says:

"There is a good, brisk demand for houses renting from $8 to $15 per month."

The scarcity of brick and the advance in wages will prevent many from from building this season.

An Excellent Appointment

Lakefield News: Mr. M. H. McWilliams, of town, has received the appointment of Secretary of the Northern Life Insurance Company, of London, Ont. He will leave to assume his new duties on April 1st. Mr. McWilliams was a resident of Peterborough some years ago, and up until eight months ago he was engaged in the insurance business in Ottawa. He has many friends here who will be pleased to learn of his success in the insurance world. His appointment over 100 other applicants speaks volumes and shows that Mr. McWilliams must possess excellent qualifications for the position he is called upon to fill." The above is clipped from the Examiner. Mr. McWilliams is a son of our esteemed fellow-villager, Mr. J. H. McWilliams, and was born and brought up in this village.

THE DEBENTURES SOLD

Tender of Hanson Bros. Accepted at $97.03 for Each $100

A special meeting of the town council was held on Saturday morning for the purpose of considering the tenders received for the purchase of the waterworks debentures. Those present were Mayor Deane, Aldermen Rush, Roger, Morrison, McGregor, Cininscale, Shortly, Batten and Best.

THE TENDERS RECEIVED.

Aldermen Roger, Chairman of the Finance Committee, presented the following report:

To the Council of the Town of Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. In accordance with the instructions given, we advertised for offers for $230,000 of waterworks debentures, and received the following offers:

Hanson Bros., Montreal, $97.03 for each $100, ($223,169.)

G. A. Stimson & Co., Toronto, $222,-500.

W. C. Brent, Toronto, $220,106.

A. E. Ames & Co., Toronto, $219,781.

Dominion Securities Corporation, Toronto. $217,416.

Jno Parker & Co., Boston, $95.65, ($219,995.)

These offers all accrued interest up to the time of delivery.

We recommend that the offer of Hanson Bros., which is the best offer received, be accepted, and that this Committee be authorised to carry on the sale.

2. We recommend the payment of $35 a hydrant per year to the Peterborough water commissioners, to be paid quarterly in the same manner as payment for hydrants was made to the Peterborough Water Co.

3. We recommend that the expenses of the Mayor and Chairman of the Manufactures Committee to Toronto, respecting manufacturing interests, be confirmed.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

G. M. ROGER,
Chairman.

Ald. Best thought it would be better to leave the matter in abeyance for another month, as a better figure might be offered. He said he had authority to state, that if the Town wished to sell the waterworks, they could obtain $45,000 more than they paid for the system or $275,000 in all, provided a 15-year franchise was granted to the company. A local company had been authorised to make the statement.

The other aldermen favored the acceptance of the highest bid, and the report was adopted.

Ald. Roger moved, seconded by Ald. Shortly, that the treasurer be instructed to pay through the Town Solicitor, the costs in the case, Peterborough, vs. Grand Trunk.—Carried.

This was a case dismissed at the trial, but afterwards taken to the Court of Appeal, where the town lost the case. The question disputed was in connection with the erection of the Smith street bridge.

The Council then adjourned.

Drugging Will Not Cure Catarrh

This loathsome disease is caused by germs that invade the air passages of the head, throat and lungs, and can be cured only by inhalation of medicated air. Stomach medicines, atomizers, and snuffs are ineffectual because they fail to reach the cause of the trouble. Catarrhozone is successful because it is inhaled to every part of the breathing organs, and has power to kill the germ, heals the inflamed tissues and prevents droppings in the throat. Catarrhozone treats more than one thousand square feet of the mucous surface with every breath taken through the inhaler, and affords instant relief. It perfectly cures catarrh, asthma and bronchitis. Sold by druggists. Two months' treatment, price $1.00. Small size 25c. or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Fifty Years a Sister

South Orange, N. J., March 30—At St. Elizabeth's convent, Madison, was observed to-day the fiftieth anniversary of Sister Mary Catherine's profession as a Sister of Charity. A feature of the observance was the celebration of a solemn pontifical mass by Bishop O'Connor of Newark.

CAREFUL CALCULATION

based upon reliable statistics, and a general training of the mind, to properly discern cause and effect, will so equip the dealer in stocks or speculative commodities, as will enable him to obtain *frequent large profits from comparatively small investments. The business affords the small capitalist equal and proportionate opportunity, will he but apply his judgment in equal manner.* To supply complete data and knowledge needed for the purpose, we issue free, our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 31, 1902

THE POLICY OF SUICIDE

It is related of a certain amiable human that he took to end his troubles "a cup of cold pizen." This is about what Ontario is doing at the present time regarding the white elephant known as New Ontario. Here we are in old Ontario giving away our property to people who build railways and develop a country that takes our settlers and leaves us with a decreasing population and depreciated farms. If ever there was a policy of madness this is one. No sooner do we begin to recover from the effects of bringing Manitoba into rivalry with ourselves than we proceed to introduce another rival into the field. The time will come soon enough for development without paying too dear for our whistle. The new policy will add to the revenues and financial position of whatever government is in power, no doubt, but it is absolute ruin to our farmers. The decay of old Ontario is founded on the usual sufficient reasons. We must not forget when we look open-mouthed with admiration at the circus in the distance that we are paying for it, and not the circus men. It is too serious to be funny, after all.

TO DAM NIAGARA

St. Clair Lake and River are clear of ice, and the steamboats were running on Lake Huron on Saturday, March 22nd, the earliest opening of navigation ever known. The caretaker of Rondeau Park reports that the water in Lake Erie is 18 inches lower than at this time last year. Whether this is the result of natural causes, or has been brought about by the diversion of a large quantity of water from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi by the Chicago Drainage Canal, is a problem demanding investigation. If the latter, the result is apt to become more serious as the years roll on. Then it is possible that the greater draught from Lake Erie through the Welland Canal for the supply of the DeCew's Falls electric works, and the taking of water from the Niagara River above the Falls for the electric power house on the United States side, have assisted to lower the Lake Erie level. The damage to United States interests will be greater than to those of Canada, for we have on our shore no ports corresponding in importance to Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland and Toledo.

The menace to the shipping interests of Lake Erie is receiving attention in Washington, and a provision has been made in the River and Harbor Bill for the survey of a channel for deep-draft vessels around the shoals and rapids at the head of the Niagara River, it being agreed that should a dam be built it will be quite necessary to open such a channel, regardless of cost. That the subject is destined to have serious consideration is also apparent from the fact that a further provision has been agreed upon, authorizing the President of the United States to invite the Government of Great Britain to join in the formation of an International Commission, to be composed of three members from the United States and three who shall represent the interests of the Dominion of Canada, whose duty it shall be to report upon the advisability of locating a dam in Niagara River at the outlet of Lake Erie, with a view to determining whether such dam will benefit navigation. If the commission finds that the construction of such a dam is advisable, the members are to make recommendations to their respective Governments looking to an agreement or treaty which shall provide for the construction of the same, at the same time estimating the probable cost thereof. In selecting the members of the commission the President is authorized to appoint an officer of the Corps of Engineers of the United States army, a civil engineer well versed in the hydraulics of the Great Lakes—and one lawyer of experience in international and riparian law.

It is reported that the members of the River and Harbor Committee are unanimously of the opinion that, in view of the rapid fall of the lake level, the dam across the Niagara should be constructed at the earliest possible date. It is said that such a dam will in no way interfere with the flow of water down the Niagara River, as all water now passing into that channel would reach the same source over the dam or through sluiceways, as determined by the engineers. By some it is believed that a rise of two feet in the level of Lake Erie will be sufficient, while others feel that three feet is none too much. It is said that a rise of three feet would be felt as far west as the Detroit River. Thus many parts would be benefited, but at the same time there would likely be a great overflow of lowlands both in the United States and Canada.

A Flag for the Empire.

The London Express is authority for the following late word on the vexed subject of a flag for the empire:—

"An empire flag! At last an ensign which shall adequately represent Great Britain both at home and beyond seas seems assured. The Express is able to announce that the King has received with favor the suggestion that a new flag was needed to keep pace with the growing empire, and that a finished design for the same will be submitted to his Majesty next week. Mr. C. D. Bennett, the cousin of a distinguished colonial Governor, and himself well known in several of the colonies, has been entrusted with the responsibility of preparing this design. Mr. Bennett has had many difficulties to contend with, in evolving an harmonious and artistic design which should fittingly express British sovereignty. He has succeeded, however, in giving our colonial possessions full representation, without sacrificing the chief feature of the old flag—the Cross of St. George—which is in itself a familiar emblem of England's power in every quarter of the globe.

"The following is a description of the new empire flag, as given officially to The Express:—

"On an absolutely white ground is embroidered a golden sun—typical of a race on whose dominions the sun never sets—shining on a large red Cross of St. George, representing, of course, the empire at home. In the left-hand corner is an Imperial Crown, the sign of one great empire, embracing all creeds, tolerating all beliefs, but under one great Imperial idea.

"Underneath the crown, on a blue scroll is inscribed the Latin rendering of the motto—'the empire on which the sun never sets'—which is the proudest boast of every Englishman:

"'Imperium cui nullus
Solis occasus.'

"In the righthand top corner of the flag will be placed the particular device representative of the empire beyond the sea. For instance, the flag to be used in India will contain the star of India in the righthand top corner.

"The flag as used in Australia will contain instead the device of the new Commonwealth, while the Canadian and other colonial Governments will add to the design their own badge, for use on all 'empire flags' in that particular part of the world.

"This design has been warmly commended by several persons high in authority to whom it has been exhibited. It now remains for his Majesty to place the final seal of approval. Mr. Bennett has notified the King that the design awaits his Majesty's pleasure, and it will probably be exhibited to him next week. Should it be approved by his Majesty, the new design will become 'official' without delay.

"To the King himself is due this idea. His Majesty has realized that the present national emblem does not fully express the dignity and importance of the empire. When the Prince and Princess of Wales started on their tour nearly a year ago they were especially instructed to carefully note every shade of colonial opinion on the subject—whether a new flag was desired and what each colony expected. Everywhere the answer was the same: 'Give us a new flag.' When the popular verdict was reported to the King, his Majesty at once signified a desire to have a proper design prepared. After weeks of toil the design is ready, which many people believe will eventually be flying at the mastheads of our warships and over British possessions at home and abroad."

The King's Champion.

The King's Champion, Mr. Frank Seaman Dymoke, is a man of the moment. In a timely description of his office and claims written for Pearson's Magazine the following interesting passage occurs:—

"The Champions of Britain were originally paid for their services by being allowed to hold Scrivelsby Manor by what is technically called Knight Sergeantry, a term applied to lands held in exchange for a yearly service rendered to the reigning Sovereign. The holding of estates by Knight Sergeantry, a remnant of the old feudal system, was done away with during the Restoration of 1660, so that the present Champion holds his estates exactly as other estates are held by the nobility or county gentlemen of England.

"His sole recompense now consists in claiming a gold cup, together with the horse used at the coronation, with the saddle, armor and furniture. The horse, by the way, is always supposed to be the second best in the Sovereign's stable—the best being used by the Sovereign himself. At the coronation of George III. the Champion, Mr. John Dymoke, is said to have ridden the horse which carried George II. during the battle of Dettingen."

Emperor Francis Joseph.

A picture of the Emperor Francis Joseph at table is furnished by — A. P.:

"The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is very plain in his tastes and habits. At 6 o'clock in the morning he takes his breakfast, consisting of some cold meat, coffee and fresh-made bread and cake. Between 12 and 1 o'clock he takes his dejeuner, two dishes of meat and some ordinary pastry. Dinner is served at 6 o'clock sharp. All his meals are served in his library at his writing desk. Not even a tablecloth is spread. His personal valet on duty receives the dishes in an antechamber on a large tray, and puts the tray before the Emperor on his desk. Very often the Emperor takes a spoonful of soup between two signatures. He is a very busy man. With the meal, the menu for next day's dinner is sent up and laid before the Emperor. It contains two soups, patties, fish, two entrees, two roasts, two desserts, pastry, cheese, fruit, etc., and the Emperor with a blue pencil crosses out whatever he does not want. The Emperor does not care much for wine. He prefers a glass of beer. Nor does he indulge in expensive Havana cigars. A plain home-made cigar, the so-called Virginia cigar, long and thin, with a straw running through it, is his favorite smoke. These cigars cost only five [illegible]—that is, about twopence apiece."

Some Hints For the Bride to Be.

Now that the season of summer weddings is over, brides all over the country have leisure in which to contemplate. Among their many contemplations are those which pertain to the acknowledgment of wedding gifts. To acknowledge the receipt of one hundred and fifty presents, to thank the donor of each in a way that carries proof of life-long gratitude with it, and to find one hundred and fifty different styles of expressing the same sentiment can not be classed with the easy tasks of earth. Unless she was party to an elopement, no bride ever lived in modern times who did not experience during the last quarter of her honeymoon the difficulties of polite correspondence. Those who were married last June have passed through the trying ordeal, but by those of next June, or next October, a few suggestions of timely character will doubtless be appreciated.

Although at the outset it appears difficult, the job of acknowledging wedding gifts is really one of the simplest known. It does not require even ingenuity or originality, all that is indispensable being a box of note-paper, a pen and a bottle of ink. When the young bride sits down to contemplate her array of presents, her first perplexing thought is what she shall say to the donor of each. Nothing easier! Uncle Peter, for instance, has sent a heavily upholstered chair with a spring rocker. What could be more fitting than this as a reply to Uncle Peter?

My Darling Uncle:—

I can not thank you half enough for your beautiful chair. It was awfully like you, so soft and easy. Every time we sit in it—Charley and I—we think of you. You must come around soon and sit in it yourself.

Your loving niece, Clara.

P.S.—Charley and I had a perfectly lovely trip. It didn't rain a day while we were away.

That, dear girls, is the idea in crude shape. Your feminine tact can doubtless improve the quality of expression. The principle, however, will soon become apparent to you. No matter what the gift is, always effusively invite the giver to come around and try it. "Dear Kate, drop in any time and have a sip from your darling tea-cups." "Dear Aunt Carrie, be sure and stop whenever you are out this way and let us pour you a drink from your charming decanter." "Dear Cousin Tom, your cuckoo clock is a dream; don't forget to set your watch by it whenever you're in our neighborhood." And so forth. No trouble. Sips from tea-cups and vinegar cruets; seats in chairs and divans; catnaps on lounges at all hours and food from forks. If a rich uncle gives you a house tell him to come down and live in it whenever he feels like it. Follow this plan and rest easily. Your temper will keep sweet and no one outside will be offended.

Carrying the idea a step further, it will remain for some enterprising bride-to-be to send out supplementary notes with all her wedding invitations. Well known is it that the gift feature of a modern ceremony is far from being perfect. Duplicates continue to come in, despite the most judicious hints thrown out beforehand by the bride-to-be and her near relatives. Finally, when seven water-bottles and six ice-cream sets arrive in one day, the limit is reached and the pretty-soon-bride realizes it. Still, what can she do? It is too late to remedy the matter, so the duplicates hold the fort.

With what ease, however, could such annoyances be averted by the adoption of the Surprise Party system; the method which incloses with each invitation a request to please furnish cake or to please bring lemonade. Applied to a wedding, this method would work like a charm. Duplicates among the presents would be impossible, and a bride would find her new home well-nigh furnished with gifts, if proper discrimination was observed and enough cards sent out. Uncle Paul, who cornered the market once, should be asked to please furnish a set of bronzes. He can afford them, and the note relieves him of the necessity of thinking. Consideration, of course, should always be observed, and the value of the present asked for should be measured by the pocket-book of the relative to whom the invitation is sent.

If next June's crop of brides, whether they belong to the blushing class or not, will adopt these well-meant suggestions, they will stave off many an attack of Americanitis.

Harry Hamilton in "Puck."

Baseball In France.

Now that baseball has been introduced officially in France the scenes we may expect to mark every game have been described as follows:

The Umpire—I say ze man is out-out-out! Now do you onnerstan?

Alphonse—Sare, you are no zhentleman

Henri—Par-r-don me, but you are of ze canaille!

The Umpire—Accept ze assur-r-ance of my most r-r-respectful consider-r-r-ration, shentlemen, but you ar-r-e a pair of cr-r-r-azy monkeys!

Alphonse—Oh, did you hear zat, my poor fr-r-riend?

Henri—Alphonse, my brozzaire, he has insulted you

The Umpire—Oh, go and sit on ze bench and let ze game pr-r-roceed.

Alphonse—You will hear fr-r-rom me!

Henri—You will hear fr-r-rom us!

The Umpire—Certainly, sares. I will geeve you satisfactione whenever you weesh. Only you must put eet off for a least tree weeks—I haf so many ozzaire duels of ze same sort zat all my time is taken up day an' night. Is it agreed? Tray bong, messieurs.

They all bow extravagantly, and Alphonse and Henri kiss each other on the cheek as they retire to the bench. The game then proceeds.

Katie and Willie are twins, aged five. During a recent visit to their grandparents, who live in the country and keep chickens, the twins were cautioned in their strife to see which could find the most eggs, never to take away the nest eggs. One morning Katie reached a nest first, and, seizing the forbidden egg, started for the house. Willie hurried after her, shouting: "Grandma! Grandma! Katie's got the egg the old hen measures by."

Lincoln knew of an educational advertisement which read: "Smith and Muggs, Classical School for boys and girls. Smith teaches the boys and Muggs the girls."—"Schoolmaster."

* * *

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

ECZEMA.

That torturing and disfiguring disease has its cause in an impure condition of the blood. The impure condition of the blood often arises from a diseased condition of the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. When digestion is imperfect, the nutrition of the body is inadequate to its needs. The blood becomes thin, poisons accumulate in it, and these poisons often manifest themselves in some eruptive disease.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It eliminates poisonous substances from the blood, purifying it and increasing its quantity and richness. The "Discovery" cures perfectly diseases of the blood and other diseases which originate in a diseased condition of the stomach.

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Anecdotal.

In an after-dinner speech at the London Savage Club recently on the purity of the English tongue, Winston Churchill remarked: "I have written five books, the same number as Moses—but I will not press the comparison."

Charles II. once granted an audience to the courtly Quaker, William Penn, who, as was his custom, entered the royal presence with his hat on. The humorous sovereign quietly laid aside his own, which occasioned Penn's enquiry: "Friend Charles, why dost thou remove thy hat?" "It is the custom," he replied, "in this place for one person only to remain covered."

Eben Jones, the crabbed millionaire lumberman of Minnesota, hired all his mill-hands himself. One day a Swede applied to the irritable old man, and secured a place on the saws. As he was leaving he said: "Mester Yones, in dees yob you geef me dollar and hallef a day. Besides dat, do you eat me or do I eat myself?" "Oh, eat yourself!" replied the old man. "I have dyspepsia."

Phil May, the noted English cartoonist, went into an oyster saloon in the East End of London one day and ordered a dozen natives, when another man entered and gave a similar order, enquiring anxiously of the proprietor if the oysters were fresh. "Fresh!" echoed the bivalve merchant. "Fresh! Why"—indicating Mr. May with a wave of his hand—"the first oyster that gentleman took up bit his lip!"

An Irishman who was charged with stealing a watch from a fellow-citizen, stoutly denied the impeachment in court, and brought a counter accusation against his accuser for assault and battery committed with a frying-pan. "Why did you allow the prosecutor, who is a smaller man than yourself, to assault you without resistance?" asked the judge; "had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself with?" "Bedad, your honor," said Pat, "I had his watch, but what was that against a frying-pan?"

The "Scotsman" tells of a Dublin man who insisted that a Scotch friend should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar. "Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your house for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

One of the eccentricities of that most penurious of pedagogues, Dr. Barrett, was that he hardly ever appeared outside the walls of Trinity College, conducting his modest menage there with the help of a decrepit old housekeeper, who attended to all his wants, even to daily fetching from a nearby dairy the half-pennyworth of milk needed in the establishment. When one frosty morning, Mary, going on this errand, slipped and broke her leg, the worthy doctor for the first time in years left the college to pay her a visit in the hospital. On reaching her cot, it is related that his sympathetic greeting was: "Hello, Mary; so you broke your leg; I suppose you broke the jug, too, but where is the half-penny?"

Mr. Justice Mathew of England is a man of such mild and kindly exterior, with such gentle voice and manner, that almost invariably he gives the impression of being a simple country gentleman rather than a profound lawyer. This was evidently the idea of a professional seller of painted birds, who some years ago met him in the neighborhood of the law courts, and, exhibiting one of his birds, asked him if he could tell to what species it belonged. The judge stopped, examined the bird with great care, pretended to admire the gaudy plumage, examined it again, and then remarked: "I do not think I have ever seen a bird exactly like this, but, judging from the old proverb that 'Birds of a feather flock together,' I should say it was a jailbird."

Bought Yesterday—Cured Today.—Mrs. O. C. Burt, of 26 Broadway, New York, says: "I am surprised and delighted at the change for the better in my case in one day from the use of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It worked like magic—there's no excuse for a person suffering pain with this remedy within reach. 50 cents.

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Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. for the three months ending 31st March, 1902, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, Peterborough, Ont., on and after

Tuesday, the 1st Day of April

next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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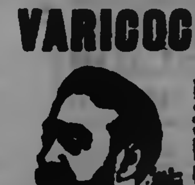

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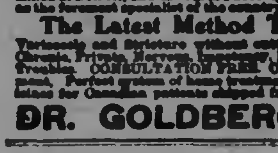

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Greeley's Editorial When Lincoln Died.

THE following very remarkable story is told in "James Russell Lowell and His Friends," by Edward Everett Hale. He is writing of Sidney H. Gay, then managing editor of the New York "Tribune:"

"I have never seen in print Gay's story of that fearful night when Lincoln was killed. But one hears it freely repeated in conversation, and I see no reason why it should not be printed now.

"With the news of the murder of Lincoln, there came to New York every other terrible message. The office of the 'Tribune,' of course, received echoes of all the despatches which showed the alarm at Washington. There were orders for the arrest of this man, there were suspicions of the loyalty of that man. No one knew what the morrow might bring.

"In the midst of the anxiety of such hours, to Mr. Gay, the acting editor of that paper, there entered the foreman of the typesetting-room. He brought with him the proof of Mr. Greeley's leading article, as he had left it before leaving the city for the day. It was a brutal, bitter, sarcastic, personal attack on President Lincoln—the man who, when Gay read the article, was dying in Washington.

"Gay read the article, and asked the foreman if he had any private place where he could lock up the type, to which no one but himself had access. The foreman said he had. Gay bade him tie up the type, lock the galley with this article in his cupboard, and tell no one what he had told him. Of course no such article appeared in the 'Tribune' the next morning.

"But when Gay arrived the next day at the office, he was met with the news that 'the old man' wanted him, and the intimation that 'the old man' was very angry. Gay waited upon Greeley.

"'Are you there, Mr. Gay? I have been looking for you. They tell me you ordered my leader out of this morning's paper. Is it your paper or mine? I should like to know if I cannot print what I choose in my own newspaper!' This in a great rage.

"'The paper is yours, Mr. Greeley. The article is in type upstairs, and you can use it when you choose. Only this, Mr. Greeley: I know New York, and I hope and believe, before God, that there is so much virtue in New York that, if I had let the article go into this morning's paper, there would not be one brick upon another in the "Tribune" office now. Certainly, I should be sorry if there were.'

"Mr. Greeley was cowed. He said not a word, nor ever alluded to the subject again. I suppose the type is locked up in the cupboard of the 'Tribune' office at this hour.

"It was by this sort of service that Mr. Gay earned Mr. Wilson's praise that 'he kept Mr. Greeley up to the war.'"

A Boom Town.

Bridgewater, Ontario, once a boom town of note, was brought into existence by one of the strangest gold finds and crazes in the history of this continent. Nearly thirty years ago a farmer's wife was searching the woods near their farm for a sow that had strayed, and, becoming thirsty, stopped to get a drink from a spring. Slipping, she fell upon a small, loose rock, which rolled to her feet, and which proved to be a twenty-pound nugget of almost pure gold. Bridgewater at that time was nearly forty miles from the nearest railroad, and the present site of the town was nothing but a wilderness, but inside of six months what had been a burned-over, barren wilderness was converted into a substantial city of nearly five thousand people.

In digging a shaft about a mile south of the town site, an immense quarry of the purest white marble was found, and the town was practically built of marble, for it has to-day the only hotel, church school, court house, and private dwellings constructed entirely of white marble in the world, and a mile north of the town are an abandoned axe factory and grist mill, whose foundations are built of the same beautiful material. And now comes the strangest part of the story. During the building of the town thousands of men prospected the entire country, and shafts and tunnels were driven—some of them nearly one hundred feet deep—but, strange as it may seem, there was never enough gold found to pay the cost of a single shaft or tunnel sunk or run in the entire district.

A Sensible Bishop.

The Italian Bishop of Fano, reports "La Science pour Tous," has sent out to the priests of his diocese the following circular:

"1. In all churches, immediately after feast days on which there have been very large congregations, the floors must be disinfected by means of wood sawdust soaked in one-tenth per cent. solution of corrosive sublimate. On ordinary days they must be frequently swept, after sprinkling them with water so as to raise no dust.

"2. Every week, and even oftener, the pews and confessionals must be cleaned with sponges and cloths moistened with pure water.

"3. Every week, and oftener if necessary, the grills of the confessionals are to be washed and polished.

"4. The holy water receptacles must be emptied every week, or oftener if necessary, and washed with hot water or a solution of corrosive sublimate."

The same journal comments as follows:

"That the provisions of the circular may be carried out, the bishop has instituted a service of inspection, and requires the payment of fines into the diocesan treasury for transgression of any of these hygienic rules. It is to be desired that the Bishop of Fano's example should be imitated by church authorities in other countries."

Curious Bits of News.

A Boston woman will agitate for a law prohibiting the boiling or roasting of chestnuts, on the ground that it involves painful death of worms "whose right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is no less than that of the most highly dowered man."

Last summer Doctor Berson, the German aeronaut, accompanied by Doctor Suering, made a balloon ascent from Berlin, and attained the enormous altitude of about 33,000 feet, or six and a quarter miles. Then they lost consciousness, so that, although they descended safely, they have no record to show what the maximum height attained may have been.

The laurels have been stripped from Byron's brow and also from Leander's by two plucky women who have just succeeded in swimming across the Hellespont at its widest part—which is about two miles. They are Miss Wood, daughter of Vice-Admiral Wood of the English navy, and the wife of the German military attache at Constantinople.

One New York hotel that suffered severely from the souvenir spoon and salt-cellar mania adopted the plan of notifying guests that each waiter was responsible individually for all articles on his table, and would have to make good any loss. This reduced the taking of spoons to a robbery of the waiter instead of the hotel, and even the souvenir hunter has some conscience about such a theft.

The postal savings bank building in Amsterdam, Holland, is being constructed by the "Monier system," a new method of construction. A steel framework, like a bird-cage in appearance, is enveloped in Portland cement, which prevents the steel from rusting, while the cement itself is rendered elastic. This construction is said to be strong, fireproof and waterproof, and to be growing in favor in Europe for government buildings and factories.

The moment a man ceases to grow he begins to diminish. Such is the conclusion at which a German physician has arrived, after several months' careful study of the subject of human height. Men, so it is asserted, begin to grow smaller in their thirty-fifth year, and women a little before they are forty. Men, however, stop growing when they are thirty, and for five or six years their stature remains stationary. Then it decreases, at first very slowly, but afterwards more rapidly.

The Presidents that Ohio has given to the United States have been pursued by a curious and most lamentable fatality. Of the four, only President Hayes survived office. Garfield and McKinley were assassinated, and William Henry Harrison served but one month of his term. Ohio men have been elected to five terms in office, but succeeded in serving only nine years and one month of the twenty years—Harrison one month, Garfield six months, Hayes four years, and McKinley four years and six months.

Had not King Edward issued a decree to the effect that widows of peers who have contracted marriages with commoners had forfeited thereby their prerogatives as peeresses of the realm, there might have appeared among the latter at Westminster Abbey on the day of the coronation a coal black negress of the Hottentot type, arrayed in the ermine trimmed red velvet robes and the gold coronet of her rank as a countess. For the dusky widow of the late Earl of Stamford has since his death married a Boer named Pieter Pieterse, and has made her home in South Africa since her unsuccessful attempt to prove the rights of her son to his father's earldom.

Dr. Drummond's Chinese Dinner.

DR. W. H. DRUMMOND, the author of those fascinating delineations of the habitants' life, underwent a novel experience at Vancouver the other day when he was entertained to dinner in Chinatown. Dr. Drummond, it appears, is intensely interested in the conditions surrounding the life of the Chinese, and it was with a view to aiding him in his observations that the Chinese dinner was arranged for him by a few friends. It was held at the Quang Fong Low restaurant, in Dupont street. The front of the restaurant was gaily lit with lanterns in honor of the distinguished guest. Eight others sat down with Dr. Drummond at the round table, which had been decorated in customary Chinese fashion. The array of preliminary sweetmeats having been sampled, the dinner proper began. The time of the commencement was 10 o'clock and the meal lasted until 2 in the morning; no time was wasted, however, as the bill of fare was a formidable one, consisting of no less than 15 courses. They were as follows: 1. Stewed shark fins. 2. Pigeon with mushrooms. 3. Birdsnest soup. 4. Stewed chicken. 5. Boiled fish tripe. 6. Duck and tomato sauce. 7. Hairy mushrooms. 8. Duck and shellfish sauce. 9. Chicken with green peppers. 10. Sliced chicken. 11. Shrimps. 12. Pigeons. 13. Duck cooked in melon. 14. Sliced chicken and pineapple. 15. Ground almond gruel.

There were one or two extras, as to the composition of which the bravest did not dare enquire. The viands were handled more or less clumsily with ivory chopsticks and were washed down with many a "*yum poy*" of orange wine and the inevitable tea. After the usual toasts the doctor thanked his entertainers in a characteristic speech, stating that the evening had been one of the most enjoyable in his experience, and one of which he would ever retain a happy remembrance. All one can say is that the doctor must have a peculiarly good digestion.

A Prophecy.

Some eight or nine months ago a self-appointed prophet, residing, as his fellows generally do, on the Continent, predicted that in about two centuries the lunatic asylums all over the world would be empty. Lest, however, the actual generations should rejoice in anticipation of the happy condition of their posterity, he proceeded to explain, and the explanation, though short, was to the point, and did not lack a substratum of far-seeing philosophy. The madhouses would be untenanted not because there would not be any demented people, but because there would not be a sufficient number of sane folk to conduct them thither and to sequestrate them.

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "*How to Lie When Sleeping.*" The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are awaited with interest.—Nebraska City "Conservative."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Information for the Farmer.

Honesty in business pays in the long run. The Americans exported in 1880 127,553,907 pounds of cheese. Owing to adulteration, skim and filled cheese, the United States output to foreign countries decreased last year to 39,812,517 pounds. On the other hand, Canadian cheese, which has a name for reliability, has grown in exports from 40,368,600 in 1880 to 190,926,327 pounds in 1901.

The amount of carbonic acid gas given off by a few plants is so small that one hundred plants in a room would not give as much as one man during a night, and they make many volumes of oxygen during the day more than sufficient to compensate for their presence. Rooms in which plants are kept have, moreover, a fresh odor about them, owing to the fact that they absorb nitrogen, and it is this in part that makes a room stuffy, because nitrogen occurs in most of the secretions emanating from man or animals.

Choice of Grain for Seed.

By instructions of the Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season of samples of the most productive sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured by the Director of the Experimental Farms from the record-breaking crops recently had in the Canadian Northwest. It will be worth while for farmers generally to renew their seed of oats when varieties which have produced more than 100 bushels per acre can be had. The distribution this spring will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field pease, Indian corn and potatoes. Every farmer may apply, but only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes, and applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent free of charge through the mail. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of March, after which the lists will be closed, so that all the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing should mention the sort of variety they would prefer, and should the available stock of the kind asked for be exhausted some other good sort will be sent in its place.

Winter Washing of Fruit Tree.

The winter season offers the fruit-grower his opportunity for wreaking vengeance on the insect enemies which play such incalculable havoc with the fruit trees in the summer months. The insects are practically at his mercy in the dead season, for they cannot flee from the deadly poison he may with safety apply for their destruction, and if the owners of orchards care to exercise their powers of quelling infestation at the proper time and in the proper way they can largely diminish, if not entirely remove, the risk of harmful insect attacks. The Board of Agriculture has prepared, and is circulating free of charge, a leaflet dealing with this subject which is deserving of thoughtful attention.

As is well known, the insects hibernate in the broken bark of the trees, and the course of treatment proposed is the washing of the trees with caustic alkali wash, the use of which has been found effectual in removing the rough decaying bark under which the insects shelter, and at the same time in destroying the eggs of noxious insects. The directions given for the preparation of the wash are:—First dissolve one pound of commercial caustic soda in water; then one pound of crude potash in water. When both have been dissolved mix the two well together; then add three-quarter pound of agricultural treacle, stir well, and add sufficient water to make up ten gallons. The best time to apply is about the middle of February, when the eggs are in a more susceptible state and the trees still safe from injury.—London Post.

It Pays to Keep Hogs.

It is a mistake for any farmer not to keep live stock of some kind. Almost all farmers appreciate the profit there is in cows, and the fact that they maintain the good condition of the soil and tend to add wealth in more ways than one.

But how is it about hogs? They go well with the dairy. It was a mistake to get scared at the time when hog cholera prevailed—at least to get so scared as to give up hogs altogether. We know a great many farmers who made money out of hogs the last year. Hog cholera has not prevailed so extensively as in some years in the past.

But it seems to be the fact that on many farms not a single hog is to be found. As some one has said, these farmers are throwing away enough milk and refuse from the table to keep a good sow or two, and besides raising their own meat have a nice little bunch to sell each year. "The idea seems to prevail among a great many," says this writer, "that unless you own or are operating a large farm there is no place for the hog. This is a very mistaken idea. There can be just as much made in proportion with hogs upon a small farm as upon a large one.

"Few are the farms (it matters not the size) that will not support a brood sow or two and do it well, with scarcely any other feed than the milk, parings and refuse from the table and a liberal supply of grass. Sows kept in this manner will, as a rule, have more pigs, and they will also be healthier and stronger. After the sows have their pigs, push them along and do not let them become stunted, because a pig stunted when it is little will never make the hog it would have made had it been kept continually growing. After the pigs will weigh from 60 to 70 pounds, if they are nice, growthy, attractive fellows, there is always a market for them. There is scarcely a neighborhood where you will not find men that are always on the lookout for shoats of this kind, to follow cattle or feed out, and this is the small farmer's opportunity to dispose of them at a good profit, too."—Farm, Field and Fireside.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

on, but this strange young man was handsome, dark and splendid looking like the picture of Romeo.

"We soon learned that he was one of the most noted of criminals — a blackguard of the deepest dye. It seems that he was convicted of some terrible crime, and while he was being taken to prison, by a daring leap into the darkness, while the train was passing at full speed over a high bridge, he made his escape. The officers had been searching for him ever since.

"By the merest chance, as they were riding along last night, they came face to face with their man. He fought desperately, but they overpowered him, and took him. In his breast-pocket they found, much to their amazement, a marriage certificate, certifying that on that day he had wedded Lillian Ruthven the heiress."

They were all so much interested in the narrative they did not notice how white Daisy had grown—how her beautiful eyes dilated with terror, and how she clutched her little fluttering white hands over her heart with a wild, piteous sob.

Hetty went on quickly:

"The officers, who knew Colonel Ruthven well, were surprised that this handsome fellow should have met, wooed and won the heiress— all unobserved and in so short a time. They took him to Briar Hall without delay, and called for Miss Ruthven; and now comes the strangest part of all—the heiress, when she found out her handsome young husband's true character, denied her marriage to him point-blank, and so vehemently she nearly went into hysterics."

"And he— what did the young man do, and say?" faltered Daisy, scarcely breathing in her intense excitement.

"He!— why, he refused to speak one word either admitting or denying her statement; but then, why should he!— there was the certificate to speak for itself.

"The minister who wedded them was sent for— he is old and nearly blind— he identified the young man as one of the contracting parties he had wedded within that hour, but he was uncertain about the lady; she was young— very young, slender and fair of face, crowned with a sheen of golden hair that fell to her waist in heavy curls. The old church was very dimly lighted, and he did not quite see her face. All this, you see, is a very good description of Lillian Ruthven.

"And then, another thing— at the very time this marriage took place no one at Briar Hall can remember having seen Miss Ruthven. She declares she stole away from her guests and went up to her room for a short rest; but her maid was not rung for, so no one believes that. Miss Ruthven fell in a deep, death-like swoon, and the handsome prisoner was led away to pay the penalty of his crime, which he had tried so hard to escape from— ten years at Sing Sing. I was sorry for him, he was so handsome."

No word, no cry broke from Daisy's white lips— no image carved in marble could ever have been whiter; the words Hetty had uttered had struck far down into her heart like a dagger's thrust.

The wind wailing outside amidst the apple trees seemed to take it up with a wild shriek— ten years at Sing Sing! and the wind seemed to mutter something else too. How she trembled lest Hetty and Olive should hear.

She rose from the low footstool beside her father's chair where she had been crouching, and tried to fly from the room, but the floor and ceiling seemed to meet— the light seemed to suddenly die out from the golden sunshine, and the whole world to be shrouded in a pall of darkness.

"Papa!" she cried, in an awful voice.

In a flash Farmer Gordon had sprung to his feet and threw out his strong right arm just in time to catch the swaying figure.

"Oh, my God, girls!" he cried out in a loud voice of agony. "Little Daisy is dying!"

"No, no, papa," cried Olive, springing forward, "she has only swooned; the terrible scene Hetty described was too much for her delicate nerves."

CHAPTER VI.

All for Love of the same Fair Face.

Both Olive and Hetty were greatly shocked at the terrible change that had come over little Daisy, the pet of the family.

They had left her a bright, joyous, mischievous, willful darling, flying into a rage at every one and everything that chanced to vex her.

Now she gave them the impression of being broken-hearted; she was so meek and humble she frightened them. The poor old farmer was distracted.

A doctor was consulted, who recommended change of air and scene at once.

"If I have to sell my farm to take her away I will do it," muttered Farmer Gordon.

When the plan was proposed to Daisy, she threw her arms around her father's neck, sobbing as though her heart would break.

"Yes, these scenes are hateful to me, papa," she sobbed; "but it would be the same everywhere. I—I—wish I could die and end it all!"

At this critical juncture Farmer Gordon's only brother died, and quite an inheritance was left him; from a poor plain farmer, he suddenly found himself a rich man.

Olive and Hetty were wild over the prospect of the glorious future opened out to them; nothing mattered much to poor Daisy.

"We can enjoy life like other girls of our age now," declared Olive, triumphantly. "Papa must take us to Cape May, Long Branch, or Niagara Falls for a season. It will be splendid to have lovely dresses like the fashion magazines, wear fine jewels, and stop at a grand hotel. It will be the dream of my life realized."

No such enthusiasm was awakened in Daisy's breast.

"Let them go, papa," she would say; "I will stay at home with you."

Her lack of interest distressed her father.

"If the girls go to a fashionable watering-place, you shall go with them, pet," he declared.

"Shall I tell you what I wish, papa?" she asked, laying her curly head on his knee.

"Of course, Daisy," he declared. "You can tell me everything."

"I wish," said Daisy, in a low, faltering voice, "we could sell the farm and go away, all of us, very quietly—so far away that no one who ever knew of us could find us; then perhaps I might be happy."

Surely no young girl ever had such a strange wish; but then Daisy was not like other girls.

"It shall be done, Daisy," he an[illegible], wishing to humor her. "You must go to Cape May with the girls for a few weeks, and by that time I shall have disposed of the farm. We can settle our destination then."

It was wonderful what cheer that assurance brought to Daisy.

Once alone in her own room, she gave way to a wild paroxysm of tears, sobbing out:

"In ten years he will come for me just as sure as the sun shines and the stars give light, but he will not find me. No, no. If he should find me it would kill me!"

From the papers she learned how

To be Continued.

Anecdotal.

Some years ago when Bishop Potter, of New York, was traveling in Minnesota, a man approached him on the railway platform and scanned his features closely. "Excuse me," he said, finally, "but haven't I seen your picture in the papers?" He was compelled to confess that he had. "I thought so," continued the inquisitive one; "may I ask what you were cured of?"

Here is a new story of Paderewski. He recently lost his only son, and the effect on him has been to soften down the little eccentricities which used to charm his less artistic followers. He went to Dresden for the first performance of his own opera. Amid the enthusiastic demonstrations which greeted its success, he observed in Russian to a friend, "All this might be dust if I could have one smile from my child!"

At a seaside hotel the other day a new arrival, having made terms with the proprietor, proceeded to write his name in the hotel book. While he was so engaged a rather large flea hopped across the open page before him. "Well," he remarked, throwing down the pen, "I have been in hotels where there were fleas, but never before have I been in an hotel where the fleas search the register for the number of their rooms."

When the Transvaal war was at its height, Paul Kruger sent a commissioner to England to find out if there were any more men left there. The commissioner wired from London to say that there were four million men and women "knocking about the town," that there was no excitement, and that men were begging to be sent to fight the Boers. Kruger wired back, "Go north." The commissioner found himself in Newcastle eventually, and wired to Kruger: "For God's sake, stop that war! England is bringing up men from hell, eight at a time, in cages!" He had seen a coal mine.

A quotable story is told of a missionary who was spending a short holiday in Texas. After he had been at his hotel for some days he met with a very fierce-looking man of the cowboy type, who, he noticed, had anything but a sweet temper. "Do you know," he said to him one day, "that you should love your enemies?" "That's a thing I can't do, sir." "What! I am sure a man like you could do anything if you tried." "Anything but that, parson; it's impossible." "Impossible!" said the missionary, surprised and hurt. "How?" "I ain't got one to love. I shot the last this morning."

Julian Corbett may be said to have established himself as an authority on the history of the British navy. A while ago Mr. Corbett wrote to the admiralty to suggest that a new first-class battleship then building be christened "Drake." A formal intimation that his letter had been received and should have due attention was followed, after a decent interval, by a dignified reply from my lords, in which they expressed their regret at not being able to carry out Mr. Corbett's suggestion, and explained that it would be contrary to precedent to name a first-class battleship after a bird.

A Sunday School teacher who has a class of little girls makes it her custom to tell them each Sunday of some little incident that has happened during the week, and request the children to quote a verse of Scripture to illustrate the story. In this way she hopes to impress the usefulness of Biblical knowledge upon the little ones. Last Sunday she told her class of a cruel boy who would catch cats and cut their tails off. "Now, can any little girl tell me of an appropriate verse?" she asked. There was a pause for a few moments, when one little girl arose, and in a solemn voice said: "Whatsoever God has joined together let no man put asunder."

Sir Harry Poland, a British magistrate noted for his brilliancy, is careless in his dress. Once his family persuaded him to go to Poole and order a fashionably cut suit. To the chagrin of the household, Sir Harry looked more outlandish in the new clothes than in his old ones. His brother-in-law went to see Poole about it. "It is not my fault, sir," the tailor assured him. "Every care was taken, but how could we fit a gentleman who would insist upon being measured sitting down?" And the only satisfaction that could be obtained from Sir Harry Poland himself later on was the dry comment: "Well, it's my business, and not yours. I like to be comfortable. I spend three parts of my life sitting down, and I prefer to be measured so."

A Philadelphia paper tells of a bride and bridegroom who recently went to housekeeping and are blessed with a maid of all work who is fresh from the Emerald Isle. This is her first "place," and her ignorance of domestic affairs is only equalled by her adaptability and her cheerful willingness to learn. At first she didn't know the names of the ordinary household utensils, even mistaking on one occasion, when there was company at dinner, the ice pick for the carving steel. One day last week the bride had been doing some shopping, and among other things she bought an umbrella stand for the vestibule. It was late when she reached home. "Did any packages come?" she asked. "Yis, mum," was the reply. "The wagon cum wid th' cuspidore for th' umbrellas."

A certain Scotch minister was very anxious that an old couple in his parish should become teetotalers, an anxiety they in no wise shared. After much pressing, however, they consented, laying down as a condition that they should be allowed to keep a bottle of "Auld Kirk" for medicinal purposes. About a fortnight after, John began to feel his resolution weakening; but he was determined not to be the first to give way. In another week, however, he collapsed entirely. "Jenny, woman," he said, "I've an awfu' pain in my heid; ye micht gie me a wee drappie, an' oor gin it'll dae me ony guid." "Weel, gudeman," she replied, "you're owre late o' askin', for ever sin' that bottle cam' into the hoose, I've been bothered wi' pains i' my heid, [illegible]"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in affecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

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Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

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FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MARCH 31, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—A parcel awaits an owner at the police station.

—The Easter market was very small on Saturday.

—A pair of eye-glasses await an owner at the police station.

—The Collegiate Institute and public schools, will reopen on Monday, April 7th.

—Colborne Losey was fined $2 and costs, amounting to $6.80, for being drunk and disorderly on March 15.

—An umbrella which was left in the opera house on Good Friday, awaits an owner at the police station.

—A large gang of men left on Saturday to bring down Mr. A. McDonald's drive of logs from the north country.

—The King's Daughters intend giving a high tea in the Y. M. C. A. hall on April 10. The proceeds will be for charitable purposes.

—A lady visiting here from New York had photos taken by Whiten. She thought the work was equal to the best she ever had taken. When you want the best go to Whiten and get it. Studio, 158 Hunter street, west.

—Chief Rennel has received a letter from Detroit, asking of the whereabouts of a woman named Annie Hake. Her husband and son were killed in an explosion in the States some years ago. Should anyone know of the woman, the chief would be pleased to hear from them.

—The "City of Lindsay," a new steamer, built for service on the Kawartha Lakes was launched at Lindsay on Thursday. According to the Lindsay Post, "she sits on the water like a duck, and gives promise of being the handsomest, roomiest and most convenient, if not the fastest vessel on these waters."

W. A. of St. John's

A special meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. John's Church will be held this afternoon at 3.30 for the purpose of electing delegates to the Diocesan annual meeting. A large attendance is requested. Members of the congregation wishing to contribute clothing, groceries etc., for the bale which is being prepared for Emmanuel College will kindly send them to the Guild Room, to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon.

New Books.

The following new books have been added to the Public Library,—

The Life of Russell of Killowen	O'Brien
Kate Bonnet	F. R. Stockton
The Victors	Barr
The Lady of Lynn	Besant
At Large	Hornung
Our Friend, the Charlatan	Gissing
The Catspaw	Croker
By Bread Alone	Friedman
Jack Racer	Somerville

CARD OF THANKS

London Life Ins. Co.,—

Gentlemen: I thank you for your promptness in paying me the insurance on the life of my deceased husband, James Nicholls.

(Signed) HANNAH NICHOLLS.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W E Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Illegal Fishing

The season is at hand when the fish begin to "run" and usually large numbers of the finny tribe are speared and netted every season during the spawning season, when the fish are in a semi-dormant state, at which time the fish are easily taken. This practice is very injurious to the sport of fishing when the season is open as every parent fish taken from the water in the winter and spring means not only one fish less but perhaps from thirty to fifty or even more.

The law in this respect is very severe but even so it is being constantly broken, and we are informed that already large numbers of fish have been taken from Rice Lake this spring. In the interests of those who take pleasure in a few hours fishing in the summer months we would like to see the fishery wardens get out and do their duty and stop this [illegible] at once.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mrs. R. C. Campion is spending Easter in London.

—Miss Pearl Hamilton is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Mr. J. Harris is visiting his parents in Toronto.

—Mrs. Peter Campbell is spending the holidays in Pretrolia.

—Mr. Percy Pierce, of Woodstock, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. H. R. H. Kenner is spending the holidays at Port Arthur.

—Mr. James Hyde, of the C. G. E. Co., is in Montreal for a few days.

—Miss Ada McBain has returned from a pleasant visit in Toronto.

—Mr. H. R. Armstrong, of Millbrook, is spending his holidays in town.

—Mr. Walter Nicholls, of the C.G. E., is spending a few days in Toronto.

—Miss Alice M. Stuart, Stewart st., town, is visiting relatives in Hastings.

—Messrs. Frank and Alf Cox, of Toronto, are spending a few days in town.

—The many friends of Mr. Frank Turcotte will be sorry to hear that he is very ill at his home, Cross st.

—Mr. Albert Talbot has suffered a relapse, and is again confined to his room.

—The many friends of Mrs. Robert Howden will be sorry to hear that she is seriously ill.

—Miss Maude Clarke, of Colborne, is the guest of Miss Ethel Wrighton, McDonel st.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, of Smith's Falls, are visiting in town, the guests of Mr. James McCreary, Water st.

—Mr. Geo. E. Revell leaves to-day for Seven Islands, Quebec, where he has accepted a lucrative position.

—Mr. Ray Kirn, of Akron, is in town, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Kirn.

—Misses Madge and Helen Davidson have come down from St. Margaret's College, Toronto, for the holidays.

—Mr. W. Bellamy, B.A., and Mrs. Bellamy, of Colborne, are the guests of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Water street.

—Mr. Waldo Powsette, of Woodstock, is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Powsette.

—Mr. R. J. Stuart, of Halifax, N. S., Manager of the Sun Life Assurance Co., for Nova Scotia, was in town on Saturday, visiting at the home of his uncle, Mr. J. Stuart, Stewart st.

—Miss Berry and nephew, Master Ernest Berry of Warkworth, are spending the Easter holidays in town, the guests of their cousins, the Misses Stuart, Stewart street.

—Mr. Geo. J. Chalmers and son, Alex., have returned home after an absence of several months, having been engaged scaling for the Cleveland-Sarnia Sawmill Co. at Naira Centre.

—Mrs. A. B. Sims, of town, was called to Warkworth on Friday by the death of her brother, Harold King. This is the second death in the family within a week. A telegram received later stated that another brother was lying dangerously ill.

CHURCH NOTES

At St. Peters Cathedral, Solemn High Pontifical Mass was celebrated at 10.30 by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor's. The sermon was preached by Rev. Father J. O'Brien. Vespers at 7 p.m. Special Music was rendered for the Easter Services. The altar was beautifully decorated with easter lilies.

At St. John's Church, Holy Communion was celebrated in the morning at 8 and again at 12.15 p.m. Morning service at eleven and evening service seven conducted by the Rector, Rev. J. C. Davidson. Special music was rendered at all the services. The altar was decorated with a mass of easter flowers.

At All Saint's Church, Holy Communion was celebrated at 8 o'clock. Morning prayer and Commission at 11. Evening service at 7, conducted by the Rector, Rev. W. L. Armitage. The subject of the morning service was the "Resurrection" and in the evening "I lay down my life that I might take it again." The special music included the easter hymns, the Te Deum, by Constance, Jubilate by Schilling, communion service by Stuart, Rhodon's evening service and the anthem "I am He that Liveth" and, "This is the Day which the Lord hath Made." The church was specially decorated with flowers for the services.

At St. Luke's Church, Holy Communion was celebrated at 8 a.m. Morning Prayer communion, and sermon at 11 a.m. Evening service at 7 conducted by the Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, M.A. Special music was rendered by a very full choir. The church was decorated with flowers for the occasion.

At St. Andrew's Church, the services were conducted by Rev. J. G. Potter B.A. In the morning the anthem "Rejoice in the Lord" was rendered by the choir, and in the evening "Awake up, My Glory" The sermons and music were very appropriate to the season.

At St Paul's Church the Easter services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Torrance and Rev. J. Yule. Special music was rendered by the choir at both services. The pulpit was decorated with flowers and Easter lillies for the occasion.

At the Murray Street Baptist Church the services were conducted by the Pastor Rev. J. Bastow. The music was specially adapted to the occasion. At the morning service Miss Florence Hall rendered a solo "The Resurrection" in very fine voice. The anthems were "Jubilate Deo," "This is the Day," and Christ is Risen from the Dead." At the evening service Miss Hall rendered a solo.

At the Park Street Baptist Church, the services were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. J. H. Hannah, B.A. The music was of a special nature and very appropriate to the occasion.

At the Charlotte Street Methodist Church the services and music were of special interest. The sermons were on the easter topic and were very ably given by the Pastor, Rev. D. O'Crossley.

The services in the George Street Methodist Church, were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Wilson. The music was specially prepared for the occasion and consisted of Easter Hymns and anthems. At the morning service Mr. G.W. Mulligan took the solo in the anthem "Awake Thou that Sleepest," and in the offertory "See Now the Altar" Mr. Bert Tarter took the solo. At the evening service Mr. Mulligan rendered a solo "Song of the Lillies" in very fine voice. In the chorus "Hosanna" the solo was taken by Mr. F. Fenn.

LIBERALS ORGANIZE

Chairmen for the Different Wards in Town Appointed

An organization meeting in connection with Hon. J. R. Stratton's campaign in the West Riding was held in his committee rooms, Labor Hall, on Saturday evening, and the large attendance and the enthusiasm shown was of such a nature that Mr. Stratton and his supporters should feel quite satisfied as to the result of his candidature. All of the old ward committee-men, who have assisted in the organization for his former successful campaigns, were in attendance, and during the evening a number of them spoke, presaging an even more sweeping victory for the candidate than was accorded him in 1897. The Ross Government was also strongly endorsed by the various speakers, and in a brief address, Mr. Stratton reported the progress already made in the various constituencies, pointing out that the Liberal party in Ontario was never more in accord than at the present time and that this fact in connection with the strong men who had been selected to run in the different constituencies would result in the Ross Government being returned with a larger majority than ever. What he had personally observed of the splendid organization in the ridings he had visited precluded any idea of defeat.

Mr. Adam Hall was chosen as chairman of the central committee, and the different ward chairmanships were arranged as follows.

Ward No. 1.—Wm. H. White.
Ward No. 2.—Robt. Kerr.
Ward No. 3.—Andrew Macfarlane.
Ward No. 4.—J. J. Hartley.

Messrs. A. J. McClellan and James McCabe were chosen as general secretaries

Amongst the speakers during the evening were Hon. J. R. Stratton, and Messrs. Adam Hall, J. H. McClellan, D. O'Connell, Martin McNamara J. J. Hartley, W. H. Meldrum, M. H. Quinlan, Wm. Ayres, Dr. Billegbrun, H. Dart, Andrew Macfarlane, A. C. McCallum, E. B. Stone, F. D. Kerr, G. K. Martin, G. W. Roger, J. K. Stabler, and R. R. Hall.

OBITUARY

Death of Miss Josephine Hallihan, of Peterborough

The death occurred on Good Friday of Miss Josephine Hallihan, daughter of Mr. James Hallihan, of town, formerly of Otonabee, at the early age of twenty-four years. Deceased had been ailing for about five months. Two sisters, Miss Maude Hallihan, of town, and Mrs. Frank LePlante, of Rochester, N.Y., are left to mourn the death of a loving sister.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, and proceeded to St. Peter's Cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic cemetery for interment. The remains were followed to their last resting place by a large number of sorrowing friends.

DEATH OF MRS. MACDONALD

An Old and Highly Respected Citizen of Peterborough

The death occurred on Saturday at noon at the residence of her son Mr. H. S. Macdonald, No. 225, Rubidge street, of Mrs. James Macdonald, after an illness of some time. The grief stricken family will have the deepest sympathy of the community in their hour of trouble.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at three o'clock, from the residence of Mr. H. S. Macdonald, No. 225 Rubidge street, and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

A RANCH IN HALIBURTON

Mr. T. W. Lumley, a Wealthy Englishman will Engage in the Business

Mr. T. W. Lumley, a wealthy Englishman coming from Montreal, passed through town a few days ago with a car load of fancy fowls, hunting dogs etc. on his way to Haliburton when he has purchased the Emmerson-Austin farm on Eagle Lake, where he will engage extensively in ranching. He intends to raise horses and cattle for shipment to the old country.

GAME TO THE LAST

If He Was Bluffing He Stayed by His Hand as Long as He Had a Say

"In days gone by," said the man with the horseshoe pin, who was staying at the Snowden House. "I never travelled by boat or rail without hunting for a follow-passenger to play poker. I was gone on the game. I'd go without food and sleep for it. I'd play for peanuts, dollars or brick houses. One night, as I left New York for Chicago I fell in with a chap who thought well of himself, and we had a stiff game. I had had luck for an hour and lost a hundred dollars, but then the cards began to come my way again. I'd got back half of my losses, when a hand was dealt in which we both held up four cards and I opened the pot on two pairs. The other man might have had the same or be drawing for a flush or straight. I drew my one card and didn't help my hand, but by the grin on his face as he drew his, I judged he had something good.

"Well, we began seeing and raising, and in ten minutes there was $100 in the pot. I had just opened my mouth to raise him $20 when the train struck a curve and went rolling down an embankment fifteen feet high. It was four days later when I came to my senses and discovered that I was in a hospital. On the next cot to my right was my opponent at poker. We had both been badly smashed up. We lay looking at each other for awhile, and then he feebly said:

"'I see you $20 and raise you $10.'

"'And I raise you $10 more,' I said.

"'And $10 more.'

"'And $10 more.'

"He closed his eyes and appeared to think for awhile, and as he opened them again I knew that he was game.

"'I'll see your $10, and raise you $40.'

"He was either a good bluffer or he had a good hand, but I was bound to see it through, and again raised him $10. After two or three minutes the nurse came over and asked what was the matter.

"'I raised him $10 and haven't heard from him,' I explained.

"'And you won't, either,' she replied. 'You have raised him out of the game.'

"The poor chap had gone dead," said the man of the horseshoe, "and the pot, wherever it was, was mine. As to whether he was bluffing or had a good hand I can only guess, but as they carried him out I turned over to the wall and made up my mind to go hence to deadheads and stick there."

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

DAIRYING

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—The widespread interest created at the annual convention of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association at Whitby, has never abated, and the demand for local dairy meetings was never so great, showing that dairymen are becoming aroused, and our governments are following right up. The Dominion Department of Agriculture are building four consolidated curing stations—two in Ontario and two in Quebec. The one for Eastern Ontario is being established at Brockville to demonstrate to our dairymen the great advantage of curing cheese at about sixty and not over sixty-five degrees. We all appreciate this. We feel satisfied this will greatly improve the quality and save over one pound per box in shrinkage. They have also promised to fit up a large number of steamships with cold air compartments, so that our cheese can be properly delivered to the British market. And further, our Provincial Department of Agriculture have given our eastern section two additional instructors, one of these to be the superintendent of our Dairy School. This has encouraged us greatly. So now all we have to do is to co-operate, make one supreme effort, and we will step right out of the way of all of our competitors. Personally, I have attended more meetings than in any single year, and I feel sure all our dairymen will work together more unitedly during the coming season. But the weakest point in the manufacture of fancy cheese, as far as I can see, is the tendency to run everything cheap. If we would pay one cent and one-quarter per lb. for manufacturing our cheese in Eastern Ontario, and demand value, we could go right to the front. We must have better factories, better equipment, proper drainage, better makers in nearly half the factories, better boxes, everything better, and have the patrons unite in getting a better quality of milk to all our factories. See that it is drawn to the factories in proper condition, having the cans properly covered with canvas and when cheese are being taken to the station for shipment, every wagon should have a cover. Milk at the same hour night and morning, and each cow have always the same milker. Salt every morning a little. Have all the good pure water the cows want, easy of access. Encourage the makers by having everything possible done to make their work easy and we can easily go right to the front. Another encouraging feature is the very large attendance at our dairy schools, but I notice only our best men are going, and some makers I know who never made a fine cheese persist in staying away. With Mr. Publow in charge of all our instructors in the east, we expect to weed out the ordinary men, and only the best will continue to make cheese. Mr. Hart, superintendent of Kingston dairy school, will have charge of our utter interests, so we expect great advancement in quality this season. The dairy institute meetings held were well attended, considering the state of the roads, and I am sure will be of great service in bringing about permanent improvement in connection with our dairy work.

Mr. Glendenning talked the dairy cow and how to feed her, showing the value of different foods and how to make a balanced ration, on the growing of corn and clover hay, building silos, and having a small one for summer use in the dry season. He also pointed out the great value of the bacon pig in connection with the dairy and the wonderful advancement that is being made by keeping a dairy cow in comfortable quarters, seeing that she has the right kind of food in abundance and proper attention.

Mr. Zufelt talked on the care of milk and urged having the milk stand in the pure air and away from the pig pen and stables, using only tin utensils and having them scrupulously clean. He told how to manufacture fancy butter and cheese. Both of these gentlemen are good speakers and carried their audiences with them. I only wish they could speak to the patrons of all our factories.

Once more, let me urge all dairymen in Eastern Ontario to unite in having large, well equipped factories, of the best character, all co-operating with one object in view, the making and placing on the market a finer quality of goods than ever in our history.

Yours respectfully,
D. DERBYSHIRE,
President E. O. D. A.

THOS. FOX KILLED

Was Struck by a Broken Post While at Work in Toronto

Mr. Henry Fox, who lives on the Norwood Road, near the high level bridge, received the shocking intelligence on Friday of the sudden death of his son, Thomas, in Toronto. Deceased was employed in the Don Valley Brick yards, and while at work on Friday afternoon, he was standing on an elevated track or tramway along which cars of clay were run from the pits to the brick machines. A post on one side of the track gave way which caused the track to swing and almost simultaneously a post on the other side broke under the heavy strain. A portion of it struck Fox a severe blow on the head which hurled him a distance of about twenty feet to the ground.

Medical aid was promptly summoned, but death had been almost instantaneous. On examination, it was found that the skull was fractured.

Deceased was about 25 years of age, and was well known in town. The funeral will take place this morning from the family residence, Norwood road, and proceed to St. Peter's Cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic cemetery for interment.

The Cause of Nervous Headache

This most distressing and common malady doubtless has its origin in some unbalanced condition of the nervous system. Probably the simplest, safest and most efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. Twenty drops in sweetened water gives immediate relief, and this treatment should be supplemented by bathing the region of pain with Nerviline. To say it acts quickly fails to express the result. Sold everywhere in large 25c. bottles.

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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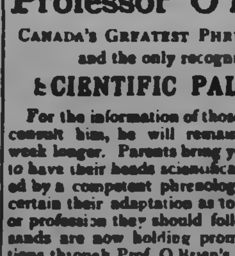

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If you want to buy a 6 roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

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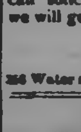

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VOL. 28 NO. 76

PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 1 1902

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One of the Party Sent Blindfolded Through British Lines to See Ex-President Steyn

IS LORD SALISBURY SEEKING TO END THE WAR

Liberal Leaders in Paris are Thought to be About to Have Conference With Leyds—The Latest News from the Seat of War

Kroonstad, Orange River Colony, March 31—The members of the Transvaal Government, headed by Acting President Schalkburgher, arrived here Sunday. On Monday morning one of the party was escorted through the British lines blindfolded, on horseback and under a white flag, to meet President Steyn. He has not yet returned. The others of the party are quartered in a private house, where they are allowed considerable liberty. They probably will remain here several days.

LORD ROSEBERY IN PARIS

Paris, April 1 — The Figaro says it has strong reason to believe that an interview is about to take place between Lord Rosebery, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Duke of Devonshire and other Liberal leaders who are now in Paris, and Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal.

The Figaro says Dr. Leyds reached Paris from Brussels last night.

CONAN DOYLE'S PLAN

London, April 1 — Dr. Conan Doyle's suggestion for settlement is to form a Boer reservation in the northern part of the Transvaal, like the Indian reservation in America. "Guarantee them, as long as they remain peaceable under the British flag, complete protection from the invasion of the miner or the prospector. Let them live their own lives in their own way with some simple form of home rule of their own. The irreconcilable men who could never rub shoulders with the British could find a home there, and the British colonies would be all the stronger for the placing in quarantine of those who might infect their neighbors with their own bitterness. * * * Without some such plan the empire will have no safety-valve in South Africa.

The work is at once a defence and an explanation — a defence of British policy, British soldiers, and the British treatment of the Boers; an explanation of the charges which have been circulated in foreign countries by emissaries of the late Boer Government. Dr. Doyle has prepared this pamphlet as a gift to the people of the empire and is receiving no profit from its publication. It has been translated into all the European languages, and is being widely circulated in every civilized country. The publishers are open to receive funds to promote its publication. It may be had of all booksellers at the cost of production, which is ten cents.

BRITAINS AROUSING

London, April 1 — "While we are wasting our wealth, energies and manhood in the South African desert, the Americans are steadily securing control of our industries," says the Daily News this morning in an editorial on "The American Invasion."

"It is time the nation aroused itself to a sense of the gravity of its position."

THE GREEKS BETRAY PLOT TO TURKEY.

Overtures of the Macedonians for Revolt Against the Sultan Not Well Received at Athens and Belgrade

London, April 1.— The Times' correspondent at Athens says: The grave situation in Macedonia and Albania causes considerable uneasiness. It is thought the propaganda of the Macedonian committee in Bulgaria is somewhat discredited among the wealthier classes, owing to crimes and extortion connected with it. Still the Physical Force party, which may be compared to the Fenian section of the Irish Nationalists, continues to follow the lead of ex-President Sarafof, who has planned a general rising of Christians in the spring.

Overtures made in Athens and Belgrade have not been found tempting, and Greeks has disclosed the scheme to Turkey. This, in connection with the strong military precautions being taken, will probably prevent the threatened outbreak.

LURED TO WOODS AND SHOT

Youth Revenges Himself on Companion With Whom He Had Quarrelled

New York, March 31 — Chas. Claus, 18 years old, of 65 Manger street, Brooklyn, lured Andrew Buttenmiller, 21 years old, of 68 Miller street, East Williamsburg, to North Beach yesterday and upon reaching a lonely spot opened fire on him with a revolver. Five shots were fired. One bullet cut through the right side of Buttenmiller's neck and brought him down. The other four shots cut through his clothing.

Claus threw his revolver into a creek and went home. Buttenmiller summoned help and was removed to St. John's hospital. Detective Peter Kelley arrested Claus at his home early yesterday morning. Buttenmiller will probably recover. Claus was arraigned before Magistrate Connorton in Flushing yesterday morning and held without bail.

The two young men quarrelled some time ago and Claus told the police that he renewed the friendship in order to get a chance to shoot Buttenmiller.

THINK IT OVER

IT IS WORTH SOME THOUGHT

Sir William Roberts, M.D., F.R.S., says: "Man has departed widely, and is departing, more and more, in regard to his food, from the simplicity and uniformity of his primitive nature."

To-day, thousands commence the morning meal with heavy, rich meats, together with foods of a starchy nature, the digestion of which requires all the existing energy of the body.

The demands of the wise, as far as breakfast is concerned, is for a health cereal such as Malt Breakfast Food, light and soothing to the stomach, a nourisher of body and brain, a bestower of energy, a regulator of digestion and a flesh and bone builder.

If people would fortify themselves for the work and duties of each day, they should become users of delicious Malt Breakfast Food, which yields abundant strength and vitality. No other grain food so quickly enriches the blood and builds up the nerve centres and tissues of the brain. See your grocer.

DID MURDERER PLAN SCENE?

Buffalo Robe was Placed Over Window of Harness Room in Brantford Stable

Brantford, March 31.—It is now believed that the murderer of Quirk carefully prepared his scene beforehand. In the harness room where Quirk was killed, is a glass door opening on to the yard. Across this window was placed a lap robe, which would conceal the affair. All those who went into the harness room after the crime testify to this. He also probably turned on the electric light beforehand. This may in fact have played a part in the plan to lure Quirk out there. The murderer, whoever he was, was in all probability known to Quirk, and was quite unsuspected. He must have summoned Quirk from the bar, and perhaps pointed out the gleams of light which would show faintly from the window, in the manner in which the robe was hung, as evidence that someone was out there.

Mr. Teale says they frequently had to put loafers out of the barn on nights when the gates were left open, and it may be that Quirk was induced to go with the murderer in the belief either that some tramp was out there asleep, or someone was trying to steal his game cocks. As Quirk entered the harness room it is quite evident that he was struck three times in quick succession, either with a hatchet, or an iron bar, and the body placed in the position, as found, by the murderer.

Saturday evening's Courier published another anonymous letter, with the Buffalo postmark on the envelope, and reading as follows:

Buffalo, N.Y.

"To The Brantford Courier, Brantford, Ont.:

"Sir,—I wish to repeat my former statement, although not in the same writing, to the effect that that consummate cad, Billy Boyd, will surely meet with what he deserved, even as sure as Quirk is now dead. The worst of the two is yet living, yet in constant dread. He dare not stay around Detroit, Mich., and makes Chatham his home. But there are those who keep a constant lookout for the villian, and they will surely get him. Very Truly yours.

(Not signed.)

[redacted] the very best quality of writing materia neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

A REVOLUTIONARY ORDER

A New Regulation Issued By the British War Office

London, March 31 — The following order, nothing short of revolutionary, has just been issued by the British War Office: "Officers and soldiers of the regulars are allowed to wear spectacles, on or off duty."

Hitherto it has been a rule of the British army that no officer below the rank of major could wear glasses; this, of course, prevented all line officers, as well as all enlisted men, from wearing them. Officers of the Guards and other regiments, some of whom needed the aid of glasses, got around the rule by inventing the monocle, sometimes irreverently called the "eyepopper," and a decision of the War Office made years ago solemnly held that an officer might wear a monocle, because it had only one glass, and so did not fall under the order prohibiting glasses. The new regulation apparently is the result of the war in South Africa, which has developed that spectacled Boers can shoot, and in some respects at least will serve to bring the British army up to the standard of the German and French armies, the officers and men of which wear spectacles or not, according as they need them.

THE SUNKEN MAINE

Wreck an Obstruction to Navigation in Havana Harbor

Washington, March 31 — General Wood has brought to the attention of the War Department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangement for raising the wreck of the Maine from the ooze and mud in which she lies embedded in Havanna harbor. It is stated by him that not only are there sentimental reasons for this, owing to the fact that, according to common belief, the remains of forty or fifty American sailors lie within the sunken hulk, but this heavy steel structure is also a menace and obstruction to navigation in the harbor of Havana, and it is our duty to the Cubans to remove it. The expense attached to the undertaking is very heavy, the bids ranging anywhere from $400,000 to $700,000. Several tentative arrangements were made with enterprising contractors who wished to use the material of the wrecked ship to make souvenirs, but they have all failed, and Secretary Root, upon securing a more detailed statement of the facts from General Wood, will submit the question to Congress, probably without recommendation, as to whether the Maine shall be raised.

CHINAMEN SMUGGLED DISGUISED AS NUNS.

Interesting Details of Recent Important Captures in the State of Vermont.

CONVEYED ACROSS THE CANADIAN BORDER.

New Chinese Laundries are Being Established at Various Places in the U. S. and There is a Demand for Labor

Hull, Canada, April 1.—"Say, Dave, did you notice anything strange about that party of nuns? They seem to me to be a most peculiar lot."

"No, I didn't notice them particularly, why?"

"Oh, nothing much. Only their queer yellow faces struck me as they came aboard in Montreal, and they were too meditative or too holy to say one blessed word, far as I could hear, all the way out."

That was all. A careless remark and a laugh between a couple of drummers, till it led an acute Yankee Customs officer to make an important discovery, which has already had an effect upon the national treasury.

This officer quietly arose from his corner of the smoking compartment wherein the short conversation had occurred, and just as the Canada Pacific Railroad train was approaching Sutton, the last but one of the Canadian stations before entering United States territory at Richford, Vt., approached the conductor with the query:—"Do you remember where the six nuns in the car ahead are booked for?"

"For St. Johnsbury, if I recall it rightly," was the reply. "The old priest who sits on the other side of the car has their tickets."

THE OFFICE SUSPICIONS.

The officer turned and walked slowly along the aisle, turning his eyes upon the priest and well shrouded nuns as he did so. Choosing a seat as close as he could to the sombre party, he spent the next few minutes in a vain attempt to catch some word or action which should confirm his suspicions. At Richford, Vt., he went his rounds among the passengers as usual, and the little reticules of the nuns and his own bag were handed to him by the priest. These contained nothing out of the ordinary, though the Book of Hours in each one was evidently quite new and unused as yet. The clergyman was in his bland French way most affable to the officer.

As he bent over in conversation with this courteous gentleman, he caught sight for the first time of the faces of two of the nuns who, from under their voluminous head coverings, were intently watching his movements. Of their Mongolian extraction there could be no doubt, and the officer probably showed the effect upon his mind of this discovery by his too expressive countenance, for when the train next stopped, having doubled back again into Canadian territory, the priest raising in his place made a signal to his friends and with them left the car.

THE PARTY ARRESTED.

A few hours later the whole party was arrested while tramping along near Troy, Vt., by officers of the United States customs. A short search revealed a natty queue neatly coiled away under each wimple and veil of the nuns, and also the fact that four of the six were males. The supposed priest, whose language was rather unclerical under the provocation, most unwillingly doled out the fines and the amount of the duties upon such commodities as Chinese men and women, and returned to Montreal by the next train.

It was pretty evident that he was a professional "Chinese steerer" who had guaranteed—for no doubt a good large consideration—to conduct the party safely into the land of the free.

The capture had been kept as quiet as possible, in the hope that the illicit percolation of Chinese into the United States from Canada might be diminished. Within the last three weeks it has happened that on two other routes the same ruse has been discovered, and in consequence the religious disguise appears now to have been discarded.

It is noticeable at the present moment that Chinese laundries are being established in several of the villages within ten or fifteen miles and on either side of the Maine and Vermont boundaries. Already in one Canadian village some of the boys, who, as is usual in small places, take a keen interest in the doings of strangers, have remarked that when one of the Celestials visits Montreal, two return, and at the Post Office and at the hotel here all kinds of theories are advanced as to what becomes of the visitors.

DEPOTS FOR CHINESE.

In all probability these laundries are merely depots for the use of smugglers of Chinese, the surprising resemblance between these foreigners making it exceedingly difficult to keep tally on those arriving and departing. But given dark nights and bad weather and it is not difficult for the Chinese contraband to smuggle themselves across the imaginary line between the two countries.

If the roads are watched there are the fields, and the whole boundary cannot be watched. And when once in the United States and domiciled with some compatriot washerman — who would pass for his own twin brother—no matter how suspicious he may be, it is about as easy for a wide-awake customs official to catch a Chinaman as it is to find the proverbial needle in a bottle of hay.

A farmer near Pigeon Hill lately heard his mastiff having an argument with some one in one of his fields at night. Next day he found a loose coat made of dark glazed material lying at the door of the dog's kennel. What had become of the Chinaman to whom it had belonged has not transpired. But the farmer's next-door neighbor farms United States soil, so that it may be taken for granted that Uncle Sam received an immigrant that night who lacked the upper portion of his attire.

DIAMOND DYES

For the Home in Spring Time

In thousands of homes throughout this vast Dominion, mothers and daughters are working merrily and happily with Diamond Dyes.

Last year's faded and dingy dresses, skirts, blouses, capes, jackets, as well as children's and men's suits, are being transformed into new and handsome garments for spring wear. This home dyeing work saves scores of dollars annually in economizing families.

Success in home dyeing is only assured and guaranteed when the Diamond Dyes are used. The use of crude, common and imitation package dyes is a danger and a source of loss to all who unfortunately use them.

Send a post card with your address if you desire to secure the full range of Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns. The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., will mail these novel designs free of cost.

Weather Notes

Probs, To-day,—Mostly fair and cool.

Elegant New Sleeping Cars Between Toronto and Montreal

The Grand Trunk have recently arranged with the Pullman Company to place in service on their express trains running between Montreal and Toronto, three elegant new sleeping cars. Each of these cars contain twelve sections and drawing room. The interior decorations are considered by experienced travellers the most artistic in use. The cars have to be seen in order to realise the high perfection the art of car building has attained.

Slowly Dying From Catarrh

Thousands are in this terrible condition but don't realise their danger. If you have the slightest taint of catarrh, would it not be wise to commence Catarrhozone treatment now and be perfectly cured in a short time? This pleasant remedy cures without the use of drugs, atomizers or snuffs. You inhale the medicated vapor which spreads to all parts of the breathing organs, kills the germs and heals the inflamed surfaces. Catarrhozone clears the throat and nose instantly, and never fails to clear the most obstinate catarrhal, lung and throat troubles. A trial will demonstrate the value of Catarrhozone, which sells for $1, small size 25c., at druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

SECRET CABLE FROM MILNER.

British Feeling Optimistic Regarding Peace in South Africa

London, April 1. — The general feeling here regarding prospects of peace in South Africa in the near future is very optimistic. A long cable despatch [redacted] er of the House of Commons; Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer; the Marquis of Lansdowne, Foreign Secretary; and the Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister. A copy was also sent to the Duke of Devonshire, the Liberal-Unionist leader in the Ministry, who is in Paris. These members of the Government form with Mr. Chamberlain the Executive section of the Cabinet.

It is pointed out that Lord Milner could not have been acquainted with the attitude of former President Steyn and Christian De Wet when he cabled. All the information available here agrees that if Christian De Wet and Mr. Steyn remain irreconcilable the Transvaalers will refuse to continue the fight, which would mean surrender on the terms of Louis Botha, Delarey and two-thirds of the Boers now in the field.

The British people are anxious for peace and any honorable terms short of Boer independence will satisfy even Imperialists and expansionists. Peace cannot be negotiated without much delay and argument, but there is little doubt that the victors will be magnanimous if the Boers abandon the demand for nationality and allow the blood-stained map of South Africa to be painted all British red, as Cecil Rhodes would have said.

WESSELS ON PEACE.

Paris, April 1.—During an interview with a representative of The Journal, Boer Delegate Wessels recently returned from the United States, expressed the belief that "a satisfactory, if not an ideal peace, is drawing near." Independence must be expected, however, he said. Mr. Kruger would approve of an honorable peace, arranged by Mr. Schalkburger. Referring to the recent death of Cecil Rhodes, Mr. Wessels said that while he considered Rhodes as the evil genius of the Transvaal, the war would undoubtedly have come just the same.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Melbourne, April 1. Premier Barton has telegraphed Lord Kitchener asking for particulars of the execution of Australian officers for having shot unarmed Boer prisoners. Official details are anxiously awaited here.

RHODES OR THOMPSON.

[redacted] r published on Saturday, signed "One Who Knows," claims that A. R. Thompson, millionaire member for Wynberg, Cape Colony, and [redacted] from the natives the concessions which made the Lobengula treaty a possibility, and secured the country now known as Rhodesia to the British Crown.

RHODES' FUNERAL.

Cape Town, March 31. — For several hours yesterday the people filed past the bier of Cecil Rhodes, lying in state at his Cape Town residence. It is estimated that fifteen thousand persons viewed the remains. A large number of floral tributes were deposited about the coffin.

DANGEROUSLY ILL.

Ottawa, March 31.— Lord Minto has been notified that Trooper William Ludlaw Wright, S. A. C., was dangerously ill at Vet River on March 26th. His father is J. L. Wright, 54 Guilford street, St. John West, N. B.

Items of Interest

London, March 31.—Parliament has dispersed for the Easter holiday with plenty of food for reflection in connection with the Education and Irish Land Bills. Most significant as regards the former is the fact that the Church party is jubilant that the Church at last has been relieved from the burden of the elementary church schools, without the latter passing under the direct control of the ratepayers. The Church will, through the nominated members of each local educational body, retain a large and probably predominant say, while teachers and training colleges are left untouched; that is to say, are left almost entirely in the hands of the Church.

Before this bill emerges from Parliament it probably will be made compulsory instead of optional that municipal bodies shall take over board schools and Church schools alike, thus creating one central educational authority in each district. That will be a great gain for English education.

The Irish Land Bill pleases the Nationalists far more than the Tories. It marks a certain step towards the extermination of Irish landlordism of the old style, and promises greatly to facilitate the transfer of land to the tenants by making the Government itself a general intermediary with the landlord, while even the Nationalists welcome the clause enabling the present landlord to buy back his actual home demesne, leaving the rest of the estate for sale. "We want," they say, "to get rid of landlordism, not the landlord." The Tory reception of the bill will depend largely upon Mr. Wyndham's acceptance of coercion against boycotting and intimidation, but he still believes in the efficacy of the ordinary law. T. W. Russel and his Ulster tenant supporters accept the bill without believing that any remedy will be effectual short of the compulsory buying out of the landlords.

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA

Jedda, Arabia, April 1.—During the past week there were 228 deaths from cholera at Mecca, and 61 at Jedda.

RUSSIANS LANDED RIFLES

Bombay, April 1.—It is asserted here that the Russian subsidized steamer Korniloff, on her last visit to the Persian Gulf, landed 60,000 rifles at Bender Abbas, a seaport of Persia, on the Persian Gulf, at the most northerly part of the Strait of Ormus.

FRENCH GENERAL ELECTIONS

Paris, April 1.—At a council of the ministers this morning, President Loubet signed a decree fixing the general election for April 27.

New York, April 1. — Private advices from members of Tolstoi's immediate family say that the philosopher seems to be too much weakened by his late illness to ever regain even a shadow of his former health and strength. For three months or longer, his pulse has been irregular, and of late became weaker and weaker. Insomnia is adding to his other sufferings.

WAILS FROM THE GREEN ISLE OVER THE SEAS

Government Charged with War of Corruption and Debauchery

CAPTURE OF GENERAL METHUEN SAVED IRELAND.

John Dillon Congratulated on His Recent Action in the Commons in Regard to Mr. Chamberland

London, April, 1. — The Times' Dublin correspondent says that at a meeting of the Dublin Harbor Divisional Executive of the United Irish League it was resolved to congratulate John Dillon on his recent action in the Commons. Alderman Farrell, in proposing the resolution, said nothing less strong than Dillon's words would describe the opinion of the Irish in regard to "Mr. Judas Chamberlain." Dillon's language expressed the contempt with which the Irish treated Chamberlain and a Government which was carrying on a war of corruption and debauchery.

The Castlereagh (County Roscommon) Board of Guardians on Saturday passed a resolution condemning the Roscommon grand jury for calling attention to the dangerous state of the country. The chairman said they might thank the gallant Boers that coercion was not now in force. The capture of Methuen had averted coercion from Ireland.

KING EDWARD'S DIFFICULTIES AND CORONATION

Fancies of the King and Queen of and the Delay They Have Caused in the Preparation of Arrangements

London, March 31,—King Edward has had great difficulty to induce the Archbishop of Canterbury to shorten and simplify the ritual of coronation, says a special despatch to the New York World.

In the first place, the King wished the ceremony to occupy not more than forty-five minutes. But the Most Rev. Dr. Temple, supported by other ecclesiastical authorities, has insisted on retaining several ancient customs, so the ceremony will take ninety minutes.

On one point the King is adamantine — he absolutely refuses to take communion. This has caused the Primate deep chagrin, and it is likely to provoke unfavorable comment, because it is common report that the King never has partaken of the communion according to the Anglican rite. The Bishops of Bath and Durham have insisted upon their rights to support the crown on the King's head after coronation, an assistance the king wanted to dispense with.

After a prolonged protest from the King the Primate has decided that the King must submit to being anointed on the breast as well as on the forehead and the chin, with holy oils, and is having a slit made in the coronation robes to permit this to be done.

As Queen Alexandra positively refuses to have her face anointed, the holy oils are being prepared in the form of solid chrism, like wax, for the Primate refused to forego that part of the rite.

COLOUR OF QUEEN'S ROBES.

Further trouble and delay have been caused by the Queen's fancies in regard to the colour of her coronation robes and the set of her crown. Thirty crowns of the Gothic pattern prescribed by the King were submitted to her but she left for Denmark without having picked one out.

Being a Consort, Queen Alexandra will not wear any regal robes in the technical sense of the term. That is to say, though her gown will be of royal purple, there will be no badge on it.

Underneath the robe she will wear a white silk dress embroidered with white lace, while the Garter ribbon will be conspicuous.

The Queen does not consider the colour of her robe the most becoming that could have been chosen for her. Her own wish was for white or red.

But purple is the prescribed colour and only one shade of that is permissible, despite the wide range of tints which the colour offers.

For instance, there is the Tyrian dye, which is as rosy in effect as the "purple" of a cardinal, as the "red" is often called. Her Majesty, however, is not to be allowed this laxity, for the purple in which she is to appear will be of a decided violet tint.

White coronation robes, which the Queen is known to prefer, have been worn on three notable occasions, and, curiously enough each royal wearer has come to a violent end.

EARLY CORONATIONS.

Richard II. was crowned in white satin, while the unfortunate Henry VI. also wore a white coronation robe. When Charles I. came to be crowned, and his intention to wear a white coronation robe became known, the Earl of Pembroke strove strongly to dissuade him from his purpose, but to no effect.

Queen Alexandra, besides having the Order of the Garter, is Grand Mistress of the Order of the Crown of India, and also of the Order of Victoria and Albert.

The removal of the royal valuables from Marlborough House to Buckingham Palace, where the King and Queen will go into residence after Easter, is being carried out with extraordinary precautions. They will fill 60 large furniture vans. Each van will be sealed before leaving Marlborough House on its 400-yard journey to the palace, and will be accompanied by the Master of the King's Household, Lord Farquhar, in whose presence the seal will be broken at the palace and the contents carried to the royal apartments.

The King has issued a peremptory order that all officials and servants employed in royal residence shall be vaccinated, because a coachman of his cousin, Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, contracted smallpox after refusing to be vaccinated.

Simultaneously an order was made that every one employed in or frequenting the House of Parliament shall be re-vaccinated, except members, who are not subject to compulsion. This order affects 1,200 persons of all grades.

Kingston, Jamaica, April 1.—Large numbers of Haytian refugees are arriving here, in consequence of the political upheaval in Hayti. They say the situation is serious, and that trouble is certain to occur soon.

ATLANTIC PASSENGER ARRESTED

Queenstown, April 1. — On the arrival here this morning of the Dominion Line steamer Merion, which sailed from Boston March 22 for Liverpool, a saloon passenger named Karl Robstead, alias Edward Meyer, was arrested. He is wanted in New York on a charge of theft. The magistrate before whom the prisoner was brought remitted the case to the Bow Street Police Court London.

IRVING REACHES PLYMOUTH.

London, April 1. — The Atlantic [redacted] er Minneapolis, [redacted] New York March [redacted] ar rived at Plymouth [redacted] Irving and Ellen Terry, who are passengers on the vessel, remained on board of her, and will land at London to-day.

London, April 1.—Fogs on the coast to-day have resulted in a number of minor mishaps to shipping. The French brig Rosela, bound for Newfoundland, and having on board a crew of 31 men, was wrecked on the rocks west of St. Catharines, Isle of Wight. The crew were safely landed.

El Paso, Texas, April 1.—The usual Sunday bull fight at Juarez, Mexico, was accompanied by a somewhat unusual feature the goaded animals turning the tables on the matador. Several bulls had been brought into the arena, but the amusement they furnished was rather tame from a Mexican standpoint. There were many Americans among the spectators, who were somewhat disgusted with the brutal show as horse after horse was gored by the tormented bulls, while the picadors and matadors escaped scathless.

This was all changed, however, when Jarilgo, the premier matador, was preparing to thrust his long, double-edged sword into the heart of the fifth bull which had faced him. It stood in the centre of the arena, bleeding from many wounds. Suddenly the bull made a quick lunge forward. So unexpected was the attack that the fighter was unable to make the customary side-step. He was caught on the bull's horns in the middle of the body and tossed about like a toy balloon. Before he could be rescued Jarilgo's clothing was literally stripped from his body and his right leg and hip was severely lacerated. It probably will prove his last bull fight as it is not thought that he will be able to step into the arena again as a matador.

As the bull tossed the man high in the air, receiving his body on its horns only to again toss it up, the Americans among the spectators cheered the animal loudly, which called forth a storm of hisses from the Mexicans present, and for a time it looked as though there would be a collision between the two races.

General - Sports.

BASKETBALL.

The junior Y.M.C.A. basketball team played the West End Y.M.C.A. team of Toronto in that city yesterday afternoon. During their tour, the local team has had the best of luck until the game yesterday when they were defeated by a score of 46—5.

The Ottawa basketball team play the local senior team in the Y.M.C.A. hall here to-night. As this will be the last game of the season, the attendance should be large. On account of the heavy expense in bringing the team here an admission fee will be charged. The local team are in good shape, but they will have a hard proposition before them to-night.

The teams will line up as follows:

Peterborough—Defence, Ross, Dobbie Will Campbell; Centre, Fred Smith; Forwards, Sandford Hall and George Robertson.

Ottawa—Defence, Lamb, Musgrove; centre, J. Watt; forwards Merritt and Hill.

Referee—Horace Ayers.

CRICKET

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Colts Cricket Club will be held in the Y.M.C.A. on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock. A large attendance of the members of the club is requested.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains

They arise from the formation of gas owing to improper digestion. A very prompt and efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. It relieves the distention instantly, and by its stimulating action on the stomach aids digestion. Nerviline cures dyspeptic pains by removing the cause. Nerviline is also highly recommended for cramps, colic, summer complaint and inflammation. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

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based upon reliable statistics, and a general bridging of the mind, to properly discern cause and effect, will so equip the dealer in stocks or speculative commodities as will enable him to obtain frequent large profits from comparatively small investments. The business affords the small capitalist equal and proportionate opportunity, will he but apply his judgment in equal manner. To supply complete data and knowledge needed for the purpose, we issue free, our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 1, 1902.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN

Affairs look equally in the Farthest East. The cable has been warm with reports of Russian activity in the direction of Corea and Japan. Troops are being hurried forward to reinforce the Russian ships in Port Arthur and Vladivostock, which together, it is said, could not cope with the Japanese fleet. If war is to come, it is Japan's interest to strike soon. And she has the motive ready, in the repeated violation by Russia of the protocol of 1898, pledging her to abstain from all interference in the internal affairs of Corea. The Japs assert that under Russian influence the so-called Emperor of Corea forbade the Japanese to land cables on his territory, and ordered his port to be closed against shipments of rice to meet the scarcity in Japan. It should be understood that almost all Corean exports go to Japan, and that of these, about 70 per cent. of foodstuffs for man or beast. As their principal purveyor of food products, as an outlet for their surplus population and as the occupant of a strategic position commanding their inland sea, Corea is indispensable to the Japanese, and the attempt of its ruler, acting under Russian advice, to wall them out of his country could not be safely tolerated. Moreover, the Russian Minister of Seoul is known to have been for some time endeavoring to secure the session of a harbor at the south-eastern angle of the Corean peninsula, and although his negotiations have been ostensibly disavowed by his Government, it is believed that they are secretly continued. So much for the pretext. It would suffice, in the eyes of the Mikado Ministers, to justify them in claiming that the protocol of 1898 has been broken, and in proceeding to occupy the Corean peninsula. If a move in that direction were now made, Russia would, of course, try to thwart it, and the question to consider is whether she could succeed in doing so. The conclusion arrived at by close observers is, that were England to hold France from lending aid to Russia, the Japanese would be strong enough to defeat Russia, and take possession of Corea. In that case the value of Port Arthur, in the Pe-chi-li Gulf, and the new Russian port of Dalny, a city which has been built to order, would be very much diminished.

CANADA AS A WAR POWER

One of the results of the South African war will be a large increase in the Canadian military establishment, if the project of War Secretary Brodrick for the training of armies in India, Australia and Canada for the defence of the realm at all points be carried out. The Colonies have contributed importantly to the British strength in South Africa. The military value of the possessions has been revealed, and before their militant spirit cools, measures will be taken to enlarge materially their military establishments for self-defence, or if need be, to aid the mother country in foreign wars. The organization of the military resources of the colonies as proposed will require the consent of the colonies that enjoy home rule. War Secretary Brodrick's programme provides that Canada shall raise four army corps, or 150,000 men. The present military establishment of Canada consists of 40,000 men, all told. There is an active militia of volunteers numbering 38,000, and a little standing army of 1021 officers and men and 226 horses. The standing army is scattered over a vast territory.

The four army corps would probably appear, and that the Brodrick proposition will be approved by the Canadian people, with the possible exception of the Province of Quebec. As to this province, a writer remarks:

"Since the French-Canadians became British subjects they have not been backward in bearing arms in defence of their own land * * * but they are not British imperialists, and naturally they care little about the defences of the outposts of the Empire as long as they themselves are left in peace. The sending of the Canadian contingents to South Africa was not popular in Quebec."

The relation of Quebec to the other provinces is not harmonious. She desires the control of public utilities, [illegible] and forests, and to enact [illegible] vital proposition has been submitted to the Quebec Legislature declaring that the right to veto the acts of the Provincial Legislature shall be given to the Imperial Government of Great Britain. The final effect of the proposed legislation might be to dismember Canada, certainly to curtail greatly the powers of the Dominion Parliament. Whether the proposition to increase the military establishment of the Dominion vastly will add to the unrest in Quebec remains to be seen.

Humor of the Hour.

Now, Mr. Rivers loved Miss Brooks, and
she returned his passion;
So they were wed, and it was not a
marriage just for fashion.
For, strange as it may seem to be (as
seldom thus it goes),
Their married life most peacefully with-
out a ripple flows.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

◆

"Did it ever occur to you," said the thoughtful person, "that the number of matches used each day reaches the stupendous sum of 'steen billions?"

"It never did," replied the thoughtless one, "and I'll be blamed if I would have cared a straw if it had."—Detroit Free Press.

◆

Jibbs—When a man assaults me I say nothing, but saw wood.

Jabbs—Well, a fellow assaulted me the other day, and I said nothing, but saw stars!—San Francisco Bulletin.

◆

"Robson, do you know why you are like a donkey?"

"Like a donkey?" echoed Robson, opening his eyes wide. "I don't."

"Because your better half is stubbornness itself."

The jest pleased Robson immensely, for he at once saw the opportunity of a glorious dig at his wife. So when he got home he said:—

"Mrs. Robson, do you know why I am like a donkey?"

He waited a moment, expecting his wife to give it up. But she didn't. She looked at him somewhat pityingly as she answered, "I suppose it's because you were born so."—Chicago Journal.

◆

"What did papa say?"

"He showed me the door."

"And what did you say?"

"I said it was certainly a very handsome door, but not what I had come to talk about. That made him laugh, and a minute later you were mine."—Tit-Bits.

◆

A commercial traveller well-known in the cycle trade on both sides of the Atlantic adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers:—

The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the formula:—

If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived."

If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived."

The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word:—

"Tandem."—Denver News.

◆

Mrs. Manning—Do you know I hate a liar?

Aunt Hannah—And yet, Mary, how sweetly you smiled when Mr. Soper declared you didn't look a day older than thirty-five.—Boston Transcript.

◆

"Hello, Willie," exclaimed the messenger boy as he met his old-time friend in Nassau street the other day. "Who yer workin' for now, Willie?"

"Working for a bank," replied Willie. "Got a good job."

"Watcher got in the satchel?" asked the messenger boy, scrutinizing a little handbag that Willie carried.

"Hist, don't say a word. I'm scared to death."

"What is it, dynamite?" asked the messenger boy in alarm.

"Naw, it's money."

"Gee, money! How much?"

"Two thou'. I'm carrying it down to another bank, and I'm scared."

"Say, how does a feller feel when he has so much money?"

"Scared," whispered the bank messenger, and he continued on his way.—New York Tribune.

◆

"The gravity which is supposed to attend all court proceedings was seriously disturbed in a New York court room one day last week," said a young lawyer who had just returned from a business trip to that city. "I was present at the trial of a case before one of the municipal Judges—a case in which I was interested because it had to do with automobiles. One of the witnesses was a German, and gave his testimony through an interpreter. In the course of the examination he said he had driven an automobile to Cedarhurst.

"'What's that?' asked the Judge.

"'To Cedarhurst,' repeated the interpreter.

"His Honor looked puzzled.

"'What did he want to see the hearse for?' he asked."—Washington Post.

Current History.

Current History for February presents a record of the world's events during December last and closes the eleventh volume of this valuable chronicle. A striking portrait of Secretary Hay is the frontispiece of this number, to accompany an opening article by Joseph Fitzgerald, entitled "The New Treaty and Secretary Hay." The contents in general deal with Congress and the President's message, the South African war, the United States in China's crisis, the Supreme Court decisions respecting the Philippines, the Pan-American Congress, South American matters, Lord Rosebery's Chesterfield speech, Marconi's triumph, etc. Price $1.50 a year. Beginning with the March number a new department entitled "Literary Chronicle," conducted by Nathan Haskell Dole, will be added to the magazine, considerably increasing its value. Other important additions to the corps of writers are being made. Sample copy free on application. Address Current History Co., Boston, Mass.

A remedy suggested for scours in lambs or sheep is to give them two fresh raw eggs. Repeat in twelve hours if relief does not come. This is worth cutting out and pasting in your scrapbook. Insect powder dusted into the wool is recommended for sheep ticks. A pound will dust from ten to fifteen sheep effectively. Avoid buying large, coarse boned rams to mate with small ewes. Size should be attained gradually and in accordance with the correct principles of breeding. A sheep will stand severe cold so long as kept dry and out of draughts. A wet fleece becomes a good heat conductor and absorbs bodily heat until [illegible] thoroughly chilled.—Shepherd.

Remarkable Surgery.

One of the most astonishing feats of surgery to date, though we are getting accustomed to these marvels, was exhibited at the recent surgical conference at Lyons, France. The subject was a young man whose larynx had been removed and replaced by an artificial one of hard rubber. "The natural glottis and vocal cords," says a French journal from which the Literary Digest translates, "are replaced by a thin rubber diaphragm with a slit in it. As the size and tension of this diaphragm are always the same, it can vibrate in only one way and produce but a single note. The man's voice, therefore, never varies in pitch, and is much like the voice of Mr. Punch; but as the modifications of the voice which produce vowels and consonants are due to motions of the palate, tongue and teeth, which parts remain intact, the subject can speak distinctly, though always in the same tone. Above the rubber larynx is a metal sieve, which prevents the entrance of solid food into the larynx and breathing-tubes. Liquids which trickle in are led away by a tube connecting the rubber larynx with the esophagus or gullet. There is still another tube which comes out in the front of the neck. This enables the subject to breathe more freely than he could do through his artificial glottis and gives this a rest. When he wishes to speak, he stops the hole in his neck with his finger."

Sandwichmen's Banquet.

There is an annual gathering at the Lambeth Baths, London, Eng., during the Christmas holiday week which is well on its way towards becoming one of the historic celebrations of the great British capital. Certainly it is of a kind that would be possible nowhere else. It is the annual banquet to the London sandwichmen. Organized originally by the proprietors of Reynolds' newspaper, it is, perhaps, one of the most grateful of festivals in Yuletide benevolence the world over, largely because its recipients are the human flotsam and jetsam of the greatest mass of humanity congregated in one spot on the earth. Reynolds has the first right to describe it, and the report of the proceedings in that newspaper has a flavor of Dickens' London that makes it good reading:—

An air of expectation hung over and possessed the crowd which thronged around the doors of the Lambeth Baths at about six o'clock on Monday night. This expectation was the child of knowledge. These men, or at least many of them, knew what awaited them. Their nostrils had been already invaded by savory odors and they were glad in the belief that huge joints of beef, legs of mutton, loins and legs and briskets of pork, with vegetables galore, with hot steaming Christmas pudding and delicately-flavored mince pies awaited them. They knew that they would be able to wash this goodly fare down with honest ale, or that, if they preferred, they would be permitted to quaff the innocuous ginger beer. They knew, too, that they would afterwards be invited to smoke sound tobacco—for the great tobacconists who contribute to this feast never send aught but the good leaf—out of a homely pipe. They knew, moreover, that while they did this they would be listening to good music and merry humor and witnessing clever art. They were finally ecstasied in their anticipation by the sure and certain hope that when they quitted the hall they would carry with them a gift of clothing, including a warm, cosy, cardigan jacket, a packet of tea, a briar-wood pipe, and—laugh not, ye Philistines; it meant Christmas comfort to these men—a florin coined in his Majesty's own mint. Was it any wonder that these poor fellows, possessed by the sure and certain knowledge of sure and certain good cheer, counted, as the poet says, "the weary beatings of the clock?"

They did not allow their anxiety to hurry them into indecorum. When at last the doors were thrown open they marched to their seats as quietly and with as excellent an obedience to the usages of courtesy as even the estimable Jeames Yellowplush would desire. There was no scurrying, no scuffling. It was a procession of well-contained men. A genial, good-tempered officer stood at the inner door, with one or two other men in uniform beside him; but their services were never required. A cheery "Pass on, my lads," from the sergeant was sufficient to quicken the procession, and a good-natured warning was sufficient to check it. The savory smell which had defied bricks and mortar and flavored the very atmosphere of the street had now become a comforting, assured fact. The great doors of the kitchen were open; and the guests caught glimpses of white-aproned and becapped cooks hoisting up from cavernous saucepans veritable mountains of well-cooked, honest English meat. The sight was the hors d'oeuvre of the feast. These men wanted afterwards no stimulant to a jaded appetite. They revealed—most of them—a fine Falstaffian capacity.

Skimmilk as Food for Hogs.

I regard skimmilk as a valuable part of the hog ration, worth at least 20 cents a hundred pounds, when mixed with grain, either whole or ground. That is, if a dollar's worth of feed be used for hogs, 20 cents' worth, or one hundred pounds, of skimmilk would make the ration more valuable than if the whole dollar was used for grain, with only water instead of skimmilk.

This skimmilk keeps the hog healthy, and therefore thrifty, preventing constipation and its attending evils, especially swine plague or hog cholera, the dread of all farmers raising hogs. In fact, I cannot recall a case of hog cholera or other disease among hogs where skimmilk formed a good part of the hog ration. I have in mind notably the case of one of our station patrons who recently sold a nice, thrifty hog in this market, weighing some four hundred pounds, fed and raised wholly on skimmilk from this station, which shows that we can make porkers equal to the best grain fed, and more healthy than those fed on grain alone. If this result of feeding skimmilk can be obtained in one instance, why can it not be obtained in many and by any farmer?—J. M. Crowley, in Kansas Farmer.

"Johnnie," said his mother to the incorrigible, "I am going to have your father whip you when he comes home tonight!"

"Please don't, mamma," replied Johnnie, penitently, "paw is allus so tired when he comes home."—Boston Post.

◆

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

The last child, who presently finds his way home in the policeman's protecting arms, is hugged to his mother's heart with a new joy. But the mother's heart is empty as her arms when her children are lost for life. How many a woman goes through such an experience, appealing in vain for help to local doctors, who confess that they are "puzzled" to understand the cause of the trouble.

In similar cases Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been used with such success that its record commends it to every woman whose children fail of vitality. "Favorite Prescription" gives the mother strength to give her child. It strengthens the female organism, giving great elasticity to the organs of maternity, and making the baby's advent practically painless. It is the true woman's medicine, establishing regularity, drying weakening drains, and healing inflammation.

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Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Candle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Candle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Candle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Stuck to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times. On the other side was written: "I have went home."

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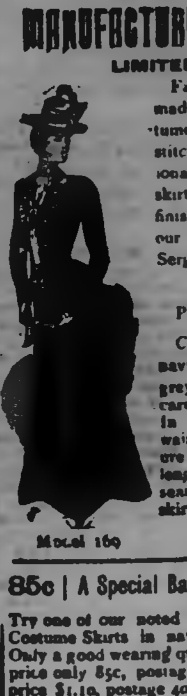

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A Day's Fishing.

THE fishing season having now positively begun, I think I will go down to the deep waters and try my luck. The great mistake made by so many fishermen is that they are lacking in the necessary patience for success in their hobby. Very often, after a man has sat for two or three days waiting in vain for a bite, he begins to feel the monotony a little tiring, and wants to throw up the whole enterprise. The enthusiastic angler, however, never allows himself to grow weary. He will wait three weeks for a bite, and when the exciting moment comes, he wrenches his prize out of the water and feels that he has not lived in vain. When you have once cast your bread (or whatever you are using for bait) upon the waters, you should be prepared to stand by and see the thing through if it takes all summer.

No angler expects to be landing fish all the time. As a matter of fact, the biggest fish are never completely landed at all. If you have ordinary luck you will land a few average-sized wrigglers, but you can't very well make them any bigger than they are, and your friends can size up their dimensions at a glance; whereas the fish that you hooked out of the water, but couldn't manage to finally land, grows every time you talk about it. This fish is well known to expert anglers. Its dimensions are only limited by the powers of imagination possessed by the operator. Most anglers will let it go with a weight of about twenty to thirty pounds avoirdupois; and the man who insists upon anything bigger than that must choose his audience very carefully in these knowing times. I have no sympathy with the man who hooks a fish that tries to wrestle him on to his back as it flies out of the water, or that aims crushing blows at his head with its off-side fin. And when that kind of man tells you that he fought three rounds with his prize in the endeavor to down it so that he could bring it away with him, you should not trust yourself to a comment on the narrative. That kind of man is wasting his talents on a modest job like angling. He ought to have been a political journalist.

When you have cast your line, you should sit by quietly and wait for the results. That delightful old prig, Izaak Walton, laid it down as a rule that anglers should avoid swearing, lest they be heard and catch no fish. It is not very clear to me why a man who has settled down by the water's edge for a day's fishing should want to swear. I don't see, in any of the hand-books on the craft, any hints that swearing has ever been considered half as useful as a wriggling worm for fishing purposes. As far as I can see, a man might stand by a stream and profane steadily for several hours without getting any more bites in consequence. If a fish will not bite at a tempting hook, I should doubt very much whether it will do so because somebody on the bank is referring to its ancestry in disrespectful terms, and is casting rather red aspersions on its moral character. The injunction as to swearing appears quite unnecessary, but dear old Izaak couldn't help preaching a little in between the bites.

After waiting a little while and looking at your float, you will probably see it begin to bob up and down. This either means that something is biting at the hook, or else that an empty sardine tin has got mixed up with your line. You must let the bobbing go on till the float is dragged under water, and then you pull in with both hands, and land the upper portion of a dilapidated boot which someone has left in the stream by an oversight. Fishing is called "the contemplative man's recreation," chiefly, I believe, on account of the very weird things that the average angler is called upon to contemplate in the course of a day's skirmish with the wonders of the deep.

Many anglers, however, do not recommend the practice of sitting down and fixing the eye on the bobbing float. After you have thrown out your line, you open the lunch basket and take out the first bottle. Then you light a pipe and take a glance or so at your float to make sure that it isn't bobbing. By that time you will be ready for the second bottle. When the second bottle has been properly and truly dealt with, the float will bob a good deal oftener than might be expected; but you don't need to take notice of low conduct like that. If a gentleman can't sit down by the water's edge and take a little light refreshment without being guyed by a mere decorative quill, it's hard luck, that's all.

By the time you have got on to the fourth bottle, you will begin to realise what a thoroughly enjoyable sport this angling business is. You will begin to wonder at first what bounder has been and thrown his line alongside yours, as there are two floats to be distinctly seen. You need not, however, bother about that. After all, you didn't come down to the water for what you could catch; but for the jolly sport of thing. Well, there's the fifth bottle ready anyway, and it's thirsty work looking on and waiting for a bite.

Of course, there are anglers who can be carried away by the sport so much as to follow a float with their eyes for a whole day, with scarcely a drop in between. These men will wade through two feet of water, and carry the spare worms in their mouths on the chance of hooking a wriggler that has been hovering about playfully for an hour or two. But this is not the weather for enthusiasm of any kind; and the only thing that you will find to admire in these rabid anglers is that their perspiring activity makes you feel so thirsty that the rest of the bottles can be opened in their right order without waiting. Some anglers reel up their line at the close of the day's sport and take it back home. But after a dozen bottles or so of the best, you won't want to be bothered with any dim nonsense of that kind. Just kick the whole kit into the water, and call for help to enable you to get home again without any bruises. Angling is a grand sport if you know how to take it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Ivan Turgenev.

In the course of a very charming study of Ivan Turgenev, which is published in the February number of The North American Review, Mr. Charles Whibley strongly deprecates the tendency of some critics to regard the novels of that great literary artist as being political pamphlets. According to that school, Turgenev kept a constant hand upon the public pulse, and symbolized social or political movements in the characters he created. That is the spirit in which one of Turgenev's best known works has been characterized as "a poem of the youth of the Russian democracy," and one of his most attractive heroines as "foreshadowing and standing for the rise of young Russia in the sixties." Mr. Whibley insists that Turgenev preached neither for nor against the new ideas, and was in no way responsible for the political condition of his country. Russia was the material of his art, which he treated with a loftiness of purpose and a sincere impartiality which forbade him ever to play the part of advocate. Referring to the diverse pictures of contemporary Russia presented in the works of Tolstoi, Dostoievsky and Turgenev, Mr. Whibley says:—

"In the generation which is dying today, three masters have lived and worked, who belong not only to their own time and country, but to the literature of all countries and of all times. Turgenev, Dostoievsky, Tolstoi—all three have painted the Russia of their faith and enthusiasm, but in colors so diverse, with a sentiment so contradictory, that when we have read their books we are left with a tangle of hostile impressions. To find a formula which shall express the vision of the three is impossible. Their books are all strange to us—strange pictures of a strange land; the elemental man reveals himself at every turn under the polish of western refinement; but he reveals himself in so dissimilar an aspect that we can do no more than put him in the common class of humanity. If Raskolnikov be a distant cousin of Bazarov, can we regard him even as a vague kinsman to Litvinov, Lepine or Prince Andry? Impossible though it seems, we must accept in a single act of faith the high authority of Turgenev, Dostoievsky and Tolstoi; we must believe that their pictures are the truth seen through the eyes of a various temperament, remembering that in fifty years, when the unessential differences of politics are forgotten, the work of all three may appear harmonious even to the stranger."

Is it a New Dynasty.

IF the authorities in England are unable to determine whether or not a new dynasty has been started with the advent to the throne of King Edward VII., it is hardly to be expected that we should speak with authority on the subject in Canada. But if we can throw light on the question, it is our duty to speak out. The London Daily Chronicle is quite unable to come to any conclusion in the matter. That journal, in its interesting daily causerie, says:—

"It would be interesting to know what warrant the new editions of Peerages and other books of reference have for the statement that a change of dynasty has taken place. Debrett says: 'Upon the death of her Majesty Queen Victoria, which terminated the Hanoverian dynasty, a new one, that of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (or perhaps better, of Saxony), commenced.' His Majesty sits on the throne not by any right derived from Saxe-Coburg-Gotha or Saxony, but as the direct representative of the House of Hanover, which has reigned over us since 1714. Where, then, the ordinary man asks, is the change of dynasty? Perhaps the learned ones will say."

On this very topic a letter reaches me from a correspondent in Belleville, Mr. W. R. Bigg, who has gone to some trouble to show why the Debrett view of the question is the correct one. It may be added that Debrett's view is also that of that very reliable publication, Whitaker's Almanack in its 1902 issue, and that The Globe recently expressed a doubt whether the King's title did not as a matter of fact derive from his mother, and not from his father, causing him to rank in the House of Brunswick. It is in reply to this point that Mr. Bigg writes. He says:—

"It is through the very fact you mention, 'that the title comes through the female side,' that constitutes the name of the House on the father's side, and each and every precedent in English history confirms it, as the following synopsis will show:—House of Normandy, William the Conqueror, claimed by conquest—House named from the male line. House of Blois, Stephen, claimed through Adela, daughter of William I.—House named from the male line. House of Plantagenet, Henry II., claimed through the mother, Matilda, daughter of Henry I.—House named from the male line. House of Lancaster, Henry IV., claimed through Edward III.—House named from the male side, 'time-honored Lancaster.' House of York, Edward IV., claimed through his great-grandmother, Ann, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line. House of Tudor, Henry VII., claimed through Margaret, great-great-granddaughter of Edward III.—House named from the male line, 'Owen Tudor.' House of Stuart, James I., claimed through Margaret, great-granddaughter of Henry VII.—House named from Henry Stuart, third husband of Margaret Tudor. House of Orange, William III., claimed through his mother, Mary, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line. House of Brunswick, George I., claimed through the mother, Sophia, granddaughter of James I.—House named from male line, Duke of Brunswick and Elector of Hanover. House of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Edward VII., claimed through the mother, Victoria, granddaughter of George III.—House named from the male side. The English are great sticklers for 'from precedent to precedent,' on Tennyson's authority, hence to rank Edward VII. as of the House of Brunswick would violate every precedent in English history."

Mr. Bigg's reasoning appears unanswerable to me, and I hope our London contemporary will have its doubts on this question removed as effectually.

The question should be disposed of finally before coronation, as it would never do to have a Sovereign whose second name we are not sure of.

The Real Difficulty.

Appy Tite—If we only had some tin, now, we might do a little fishin'.

Shady Bowers—Fishin', eh? Who's goin' ter dig de bait, bait de hooks, frow in de lines, haul out de fish, and take 'em offen de hooks?

Appy Tite—Dat's so; we'd have to hire somebody to do dat part of the [illegible]"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Interesting to Smokers.

A New York Sun editorial the other day was of interest to smokers—even, possibly, to reformers who include in their list the "holy herb nicotian":—

A sacrificial fire has been burning in Clayton, N.J., and the savor of it still tickles Gloucester County nostrils. The Anti-Nicotine Club brought to its rooms all its idols, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, tobacco, and burned them up in the stove. So fierce for the moment is the rage in Clayton against the holy herb nicotian. The case of the Vice-President of the club, Mr. Samuel Turner, is especially glorious or sad, according to the taste and fancy of him who considers it. He is 75; he has smoked for 63 years; with reasonable prudence and longevity he might hope to hold the smokers' record, for this county at least, and puff away in peace and comfort for a whole green century. He throws away the laurel in his grasp. He makes fuel of the comrades of two generations. In the heat and fury of the Clayton anti-nicotine movement he gives up the charmer of pain, the consoler of sadness, the blameless companion of reverie, the silent partner of books, the lubricator of digestion, the fountain of philosophy, the mother of good temper, the nurse of sound old age, the old, faithful, harmless, constant friend.

A boy may toss away his cigarette and a youth his cigar or briarwood, worn for show and ornament rather than for use, and feel no loss. But wait till you come to forty year. Nobody really takes his degree in the first and greatest University of Virginia before that age. His bacon isn't really cured till then. Then he becomes entitled to the freedom of the city of Nicotia. Then, if he has eyes to pierce through the smoke, he begins to see how the world goes round. For instance, what made the Elizabethans great? Tobacco. What made Bismarck great? Tobacco. Take such a philosopher and let him come to sixty year, as he cannot fail to do unless you crush him with automobiles or dynamite. For twenty years more he has worshipped at the fragrant altar. Surely he will not be turned away from it now. Surely he will obey the voice at eve obeyed at prime.

The case of Samuel Turner of Clayton shows what capacity of self-renunciation exists in the bosom of the veteran smoker. But why do people leave off smoking? Well, one reason is that there is a lot of confounded doctors who make it their pleasure to knock youre in the head. They tell you point-blank: "You positively must stop smoking;" and all the time the rascals have cigar cases in their pockets. That's the worst pang of the condemned smoker.

The Guards' New Uniform.

The thirteen hundred Guards who left the other day for South Africa were accoutred in the new uniform which has displaced the khaki, which was the all-prevailing hue at the beginning of the war. Popular interest," said The Times in describing their inspection by the King, "in these ceremonies is as keen to-day as it was when the first contingent departed for the war. Long before noon the approaches to the barracks were crowded with spectators who had not the privilege of admission to the parade ground, and were content to look on from Birdcagewalk and the railings of St. James' Park. It was not an unfavorable morning for such a display. A sharp frost nipped the air and a light mist hung over the park. Within the enclosure was a scene of picturesque activity. Guardsmen, in long grey overcoats and busbies, moved about among the ever-increasing crowd of civilians; bands mustered, and men in the new campaigning uniform paraded for a preliminary inspection by their officers. Smart and serviceable is the judgment that will be passed on the new kit. The color is a blend of khaki and drab—drab tunic, drab breeches, drab putties, and drab hat. The hat is a novelty in shape, being broader and more substantial in appearance than the ordinary soft felt with which we have become familiar. Rakishly looped up at the side—on the right for Grenadiers and Goldstreams, who wear the white and the red hackle; on the left for the Scots, who, instead of hackle, have the tartan badge of white and red—it is not merely a comfortable, but an effective and even picturesque head-dress. And it has this further advantage, that it is not uniform, and, therefore makes men less conspicuous objects for the enemy's rifles. In the early days of the war our soldiers were easily distinguished, even when lying scattered on the drab veldt, because of the uniformity of the helmet, though covered with khaki, whereas the Colonial troops in their soft felt hats were invisible from even a short distance. The accoutrements, however, have little of the quality of invisibility. The bandoliers are of light grey canvas, the belts are white, the haversack is white, the blanket is rolled in a white cover. Only the water-bottle and the cover of the "billy" or canteen which hangs from the shoulder over the blanket are of khaki color. The buttons, too, are of shining brass—buttons that are rarely seen after men have been once under the close fire of Boers. Yet there is this to be said—a few days on the African veldt will tone down the glaring whites to a neutral tint."

His Aplication for Cash.

One of the recent incidents in the invasion of England by the United States has to do with an American boy of the "smart" order. Arising out of an application in court to presume the death of one Alfred Richardson, who had been manager of some cycle works at Middlesbrough, and who had mysteriously disappeared, it was elicited that he had been advertised for in some American papers, and that one reply was received from H. C. Starnes of Virginia, U.S., a boy purporting to be nine years of age, who alleged that the deceased had married his mother in 1888. There were also two enclosures from a man represented to be a County Court Judge. Asked by the solicitors for particulars, the boy further wrote: "If there is a Estate ever thear coming to Alfred Richardson, y of corse that is a coming to me, and I want to get just as I can." Another document came, said to be from a County Court Judge, which began: "This certifies that Mr. H. C. Starnes has brought before me 20 good old citizens of [illegible] country—and proved that his father was Mr. Alfred Richardson." It was signed "[illegible]." The English Judge said it seemed impossible that a County Court Judge anywhere could have written this, and he refused leave to presume the death.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

beautiful Lillian Ruthven was openly declared to be the noted criminal's bride, despite her protestations to the contrary; and guilty Daisy trembled in terror as she read. How was this terrible complication of affairs to end?

She never forgot the day she went with her sister Olive to Briarvale to bid Miss Ruthven good-bye.

How she shrank back as she looked at the lovely, pale, proud face, and felt the touch of that slender, jeweled hand.

"I hope you will not believe, Olive, that I am that man's wife, despite the network of circumstances which would make me seem so," said the heiress, weeping. "Oh, Olive! it has blighted my whole life most cruelly. I cannot understand why heaven is punishing me in this unmerited way.

"Is your sister ill?" she added, turning to Olive; "she is as pale as a snowdrop. I will ring for a glass of water."

Her words were affecting poor Daisy beyond endurance.

Should she fall at her feet and cry out that her life should not be blasted, that her own life instead should bear the brunt of the folly of that mad, reckless marriage?

But in the very instant of its conception, the good impulse died out of Daisy's heart. No, no! Matters might go as they were until she could think herself out of the tangled web that had closed in around her.

Faint and dizzy with such a sin on her conscience as to see an innocent girl suffer for what she herself had done, Daisy turned away.

"How foolish of Lillian Ruthven to still persist in denying that marriage," laughed Olive, as the two girls rode home. "Now that the young husband has turned out so bad, no wonder she regrets it. Still, such a piece of audacity in boldly denying it is really outrageous. When the fellow gets out of Sing Sing, he will claim her at once. She ought to know that."

"It will be ten long years before—before he gets out," murmured Daisy, "She—she might die before that time."

"It will be less than eight," declared Olive, "they always take off some for good behavior."

"Would the law compel her to live with him?" asked Daisy, piteously, "even though she hated him, Olive—hated him so bitterly that death would be preferable to her to going with him?"

"She ought to have thought of all that before she married him," replied Olive, shrugging her shoulders. "Of course she will have to go with him."

Olive heard a little, sharp cry, and turning quickly about she saw Daisy lying back on the seat, white as marble.

"What is the matter with you since recently, Daisy?" cried Olive, in amazement. "There's something the matter with you of late; you're swooning all the time."

"It was a pain at my heart, Olive—a sudden, awful pain. I thought it would break in my bosom," moaned Daisy, with a terrible shudder, her teeth chattering and her little hands clutched tightly over her heart.

"If there's any one who seems to need change of scene it's you," frowned Olive. "Why, you act like a person going into quick consumption."

No person ever had more cause, thought Daisy, bitterly.

It was decided that the girls must have a chaperon, and Mrs. Barnett, Mr. Gordon's married sister, was written to and invited to accompany the girls to Cape May; she was only too delighted to accept the invitation.

When Mrs. Barnett reached the farmhouse, she was shocked at the great change in little Daisy, her favorite. Calling her brother aside, she anxiously inquired into the cause of it.

"Why, there's nothing the matter with little Daisy," laughed the farmer, good-naturedly—"nothing in the world."

"She looks to me like one who is nursing a secret grievance," declared his sister, solemnly. "Has she ever had a lover, John?"

The idea seemed so preposterous to Farmer Gordon that he laughed aloud.

"A lover—of course not—the idea of any one speaking of love or lovers in connection with a child of sixteen," he replied.

"But you married her mother when she was only sixteen," persisted his sister. "Daisy is just that age when young girls are apt to be a little romantically inclined—are you sure she cares for no one?"

"As sure as I am of my life!" declared Farmer Gordon. "Why, the child has never been five miles away from the farm in her life—she has seen no one."

"She is greatly changed," commented Mrs. Barnett.

The season was at its height when Mrs. Barnett and her three charges reached Cape May, and, crowded though it was with beauty and fashion, the arrival of three such pretty young girls created quite a flutter of excitement.

"The tallest and darkest one is a beauty," declared a young gentleman to himself who was searching the hotel register, just as soon as they had written their names, to see who they were and where they were from; "and the second one is almost as pretty—but, by Jove! the youngest one, with the big blue eyes—cheeks like dimpled roseleaves, and hair like spun gold, is the most beautiful little creature that I ever beheld, I will try to win her if I can. I have always laughed at the idea of love at first sight; but now I shall believe in it, it is no delusion."

Harry Jocelyn, the son of a millionaire banker, of Boston, paced the porch expectantly all the afternoon, to catch another glimpse of his affinity, as he called Daisy; but much to his disappointment she did not put in an appearance, though her two sisters had come out on the beach.

Nor did he see her at the six o'clock dinner.

"Now that's exceedingly strange," he muttered, impatiently. "I wonder what has become of the pretty little mystery. Why, there is my old college chum, Aleck Hamilton; I wonder what brings him to Cape May after declaring so vehemently that he would not come here with me. By George! he is stopping and shaking hands with the two beauties. He must be well acquainted, judging from his beaming face; and of course he must know the youngest one too; I'll get him to introduce me."

He little dreamed how his path and Aleck Hamilton's were to cross in the near future—and the bitter feud

To be Continued.

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really hold an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them—or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me: therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without lameness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients, but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, any two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah.
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"She means you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Caswell—The Czar of Russia now has our daughters. Mr. Caswell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the latest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied as to this effect.

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Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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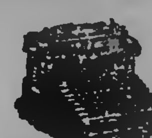

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If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.
Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.
Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)
Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.
Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.
State whether Ladies' or Gentleman's Style is desired.
Address—
LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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DETROIT, MICH.

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FISH FOR EVERYBODY
Wm. Taylor
The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskinonge in season.
Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

Greatest Bargains

IN GROCERIES

Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at

KIDD'S

382 George Street

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 1, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The Chief has a pocketbook for which he would like an owner.

—A leather school bag awaits an owner at police headquarters.

—The streets are very muddy and are much in need of a good scraping.

—The Girls' Guild of St. John's will meet this evening.

—The regular meeting of the Board of Education will be held this evening.

—The town officers should make some move, and have the fence in front of the Crystal Block removed. The sidewalk is too narrow for two persons walk on.

—The chief of police received an anonymous letter yesterday. He says he cannot and will not act on information given in such a way. The writer of a letter must sign his name and the information will be dealt with in a confidential manner.

—A man who claims he was enticed across the Hunter street bridge, and then compelled to give up his rain coat, has laid information against the young men he accuses of the act. The case will be ventilated in the police court this morning.

—On Sunday afternoon, a young lady was crossing the Hunter-st. bridge, when her new Easter hat was ruthlessly torn from her head by the high wind, which carried the frail article some distance, and then dropped it in the water. Two young men attempted to make a rescue, but failed.

—Margaret L. Shepherd, who visited Peterborough some years ago, was arrested in Columbus, Ohio, a few days ago on two warrants, one charging disorderly conduct and the other the selling and distributing of obscene literature.

—A local exchange chronicles this tragedy of an otherwise joyous season: A young lady walked into a coal hole in a Third street sidewalk this morning. It is not definitely known but it is believed she thought it was an Easter opening.

—The Grey County Council has passed a by-law requiring that an auctioneer before conducting a sale shall show his license and announce the date of its issue; also that hawkers, pedlars and chapmen be required to carry a license card where it can be seen by the public. A reward of $10 is offered by the law for every person securing a conviction for this or other by-laws in this behalf.

All Fool's Day

The first of April has been called "April Fool's Day" from time immemorial, and every one must be prepared to be made a fool of in some way or other by their friends. Take care that you are not made a fool of before the day is out. Very few people know the origin of all fools' day; some say it originated from the Druids; others that it started away back to the time of Solomon's Temple. But if any of our readers will take the trouble to turn to the 1st chapter of Isaiah and the 23rd verse, the whole thing is explained in a very few words.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

HONOR ROLL

APSLEY SCHOOL

Honor Roll for the month of March, 1902, for S. S. No. 1, Anstruther.

Third Class — John McColl, 2253; Stanley Dobson, 2[illegible].

Sr. Second—Burrell Eastland, 2455; Alex. McIlvena, 1781; Stephen McColl, 1286; Annie Henry, 721.

Jr. Second — Ethel Bullied, 2204; Brown Eastland, 1794.

Sr. Pt. I — Charles Eastland, 2256; Everrard Sullivan, 1602; Richard Bullied, 1654.

Jr. Pt. II — Joseph Gallagher, 1697. Part I — William Sullivan, 954.

Average attendance, 28.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Garnet Bell, of Toronto, spent the holiday in town.

—Miss Lemon, of Toronto, is the guest of Miss Ethel Tally.

—Miss Aggie Flaherty, of Ennismore, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Fannie Cookson, of Toronto, is visiting at the home of her parents, No. 370 Smith street.

—Miss Leslie Kennedy, of Millbrook, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nellie Gray, Sherbrooke st.

—Miss Maggie Berry, of Millbrook, is visiting her cousins, the Misses Stuart, Stewart st.

—Mr. W. A. Broadfoot, of Newmarket, is spending the holidays in town.

—Miss Lina Gray, of Barrie, is the guest of Miss Beatrice Dutton, Aylmer street.

—Mr. Fred Byars, Simcoe street, left yesterday to assume a position in Toronto.

—Dr. and Mrs. Coughlin, of Hastings, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Hurley.

—Mrs. H. Kirby, of Ottawa, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wm. Bradburn.

—Mr. J. Dempsey, of town, has returned from Ottawa, where he was called by the death of his mother.

—Mr. Wm. Thompson, of South Ontario, is the guest of his father-in-law, Mr. G. Bartley, 28 Patterson st., town.

—Miss Alma Maxwell, of Toronto, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Mollie Meldrum.

—Miss Wigmore, of Norwood is visiting her uncle, Mr. Thomas Park, Hunter street.

—Mr. Ed. Mahon, of Ormond & Walsh's, is spending the holidays in Woodstock.

—Miss McAlpine, of Lindsay, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClellan, 19 Gilmour street.

—Mr. W. G. McClellan, of the Dominion bank staff, Guelph, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McClellan, Gilmour st.

—Rev. Orr Bennet, son of Rev. W. Bennet, town, has been inducted as pastor of St. Andrew's church, Almonte.

—Mrs. Wm. Bartley and two daughters, of Cartwright Township, are visiting Mr. George Bartley, Patterson street.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. Roblin, of Belleville, spent Sunday in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Snowden, of the Snowden House.

—Mr. Harry Grubbe, of the head office of the Bank of Toronto, Toronto, spent the holidays in town with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Grubbe, McDonel street.

—Mr. Claude Rogers, son of Lt.-Col. J. Z. Rogers, left yesterday to accept a position on the engineering staff of a firm who are erecting a large pulp mill at Spanish River.

Funeral of Thos. Fox

The funeral of the late Thomas Fox who met death in an accident in Toronto, took place yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from the family residence, Norwood road, and proceeded to St Peter's Cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery for interment. The funeral cortege was unusually large. Large numbers of the friends of the sorrowing family were in attendance.

Nervous Dyspepsia

How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds a real misery to life. Not the stomach but the nerves are affected. Starved nerves make the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone because it's a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich, red blood. This is the savings bank of health. The richer the blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the nervous system, strengthens the digestive organs and, presto! the nervous disturbance disappears. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

YESTERDAY'S RUNAWAY

An Exciting Time on Charlotte Street Yesterday Afternoon

A team of horses attached to a farmers wagon made things lively on Charlotte Street yesterday afternoon for some time. The driver showed his plucky nature to good advantage, and headed the horses for the market square, where they were brought to a stand still. For a few moments it looked as though the market building would be a wreck as the wild beasts were heading in that direction.

No damage was done, however, and the driver says he will feed less oats in future.

ILLEGAL FISHING

Five "Jack Lights" Seen on Rice Lake on Saturday Night

That the wholesale destruction of fish is still going on in our inland lakes and rivers, is evident from the fact that five jack lights were seen on Rice Lake on Saturday night. These lights are used in spearing maskilonge.

The enormous illegal slaughter of fish that is carried on every spring, is apparently not decreasing. The inspectors should be stirred up a little, and a stop put to this destruction of fish.

FOOD AND NEURALGIA

The Right Food Will Drive it away

Good food cures neuralgia and many other diseases if it is the right kind of food and taken regularly, for the proper food will surely rebuild the cellular tissues and build the right kind of cells instead of diseased cells. When the rebuilding is under way the disease leaves.

That is the fact and the base of the food cure. There are hundreds of thousands of cases to prove the truth of this assertion.

A man in Delaware, Ia., Mr. Thomas Craven, says: "My wife has been greatly afflicted with neuralgia and has never found any medicine that would cure her.

I was told that if she could be fed on Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food for a time she would probably get well, so we started on Grape-Nuts. Within a very short time wife became entirely free from pain, and is now, to all appearances, entirely cured of her trouble.

We cannot find words to express our appreciation of the beneficial results from the greatest food in existence, Grape-Nuts.

A HEAVY PENALTY

Imposed on Some Young Men in Lindsay Who were Caught Gambling

On Friday last, the Chief of the Lindsay Police force, raided a confectionary story and found three young men gambling in the kitchen. A sum of money amounting to $3.05 was lying on the table so the chief locked the young men up.

At the Police Court two of the party were fined $20 and costs, each, amounting to $33.66. The third party had to pay $20 and costs.

The police laid a charge against the proprietor of the store for keeping a common gambling house and had him arrested. At the Police Court he elected to be tried by a jury and was committed to gaol to await his trial at the next sitting of the County Court. Some of his friends are making a strong effort to have him released on bail.

OUR HORSELESS CARRIAGE

Another Great Stride Taken by This G. F. J. A New and Unique Turnout

This g.f.j. has had great difficulty for some months past in endeavoring to solve a problem by which our numerous and heavy mail bags can be handled with ease in taking them to the Post Office, yesterday we received, direct from the factory a very handsome horseless carriage, which will certainly be the first of its kind in town. The carriage will be on exhibition at The Times Bookstore to-day where our many friends can have an opportunity of carefully examining the up-to-date and nobby rig. Everybody come do not miss it.

AN ALLOWANCE GRANTED

Mrs. Edwin Jory to Get $2.00 a Week from Her Husband

On Saturday last, County Magistrate Edmison handed out judgement in the case, Jory vs Jory, the complaint being laid by Mrs. Jory against her husband under the Wife's Maintenance Act, with a view to obtaining an order requiring her husband to pay her a sum not exceeding $5 per week.

After hearing the evidence, the Magistrate found the husband's charges not proven, and while those of his wife were not altogether proven, the admissions of the husband pointed to their correctness. He allowed Mrs. Jory $2 per week and costs.

Mr. O. A. Langley, Lakefield, has served complainant with a notice of appeal since the judgement was handed out. Mr R. R. Hall for the complainant.

WHILE PARLIAMENT Is in Session, Ottawa People Hear of a Marvellous Cure

It is a Rescue From Suffering and Death Effected by Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT SPRING MEDICINE

MR. BROWN, SAYS:

"After the Use of Paine's Celery Compound I am Now in the Best of Health"

The greatest of modern physicians, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., after years of long practice and close scientific study, gave to suffering and diseased men and women his marvellous life-giving prescription, with the conviction and positive knowledge that it had peculiar virtues and ample powers to cure, after the terrible verdict "incurable" was uttered by the medical practitioner.

Thousands of the strongest testimonials from the best known and most reliable men and women of our country fully sustain the claims made by Dr. Phelps regarding his incomparable Paine's Celery Compound.

One of the most convincing proofs furnished, comes recently from a gentleman widely known in the Capital City, we refer to Mr. Alfred Brown, 91 O'Connor Street, Ottawa, Ont. Mr. Brown's letter fully demonstrates the fact that the greatest sufferer may cast off his or her burden of disease and become well, strong and happy. It proves too that the great medicine maintains more firmly than ever before its unrivalled place in the estimation of the people of wealth and social standing as well as with the masses. Mr. Brown says:

"I acknowledge with thankfulness and pleasure the fact that I have been cured of a very painful illness of eight years' standing by use of Paine's Celery Compound. I had, during the years of my illness, tried almost all the advertised medicines without deriving any good results. I was also treated by several of the best doctors of this city, hoping to find that one of them at least would understand my case.

"I was getting worse, and was told I was incurable. I was indeed in a critical condition. I could not go from the house alone, as I was liable to sudden collapse. I tried hospital treatment, but no relief for good results came to me. I could not sleep; anything that I ate increased my agonies; I was extremely weak, restless, tired and despondent; was obliged to walk about with my hands pressed firmly into my left side to ease my pains; my feet and hands were cold continually; had inclination to vomit, had profuse, cold sweats, quick breathing and would be racked with pain for hours at a time.

"After the regular use of Paine's Celery Compound for a time, I am now in the best of health, have good appetite and can use any kind of food. Thank God I am my own self once more, all through the use of Paine's Celery Compound."

S. O. E. CONCERT

A Very Enjoyable Affair Last Night — A Crowded House

The members of the Sons of England gave a very pleasing and interesting entertainment in their hall, on Hunter street, last night. The spacious hall was packed to the doors by a very attentive and appreciative audience.

The chair was ably filled by Mr. Wareham, who introduced the different numbers on the program, which consisted of vocal and instrumental music, readings and recitations, in a few well chosen words. During the evening, refreshments were served by the ladies, which added greatly to the pleasures of the evening. The concert was one of the most successful given by the order.

DIED IN KINGSTON

Mrs. J. T. White, Formerly of Town, Died Suddenly at That Place

Word was received in town yesterday morning of the death of Christy Kidd, wife of Alderman J. T. White, of Kingston. Deceased was a daughter of the late Wm. Kidd, of Dummer, and was a sister to Mr. R. J. and Mr. A. R. Kidd, of town. Mrs. White visited in town last summer and at that time complained of heart trouble, which was in all probability the cause of her sudden demise. Deceased lady was sixty years of age and had lived in Kingston for many years.

She leaves her husband, Mr. White, and two sons to mourn her demise. The deceased lady was well known in Kingston and also in town where she was very highly esteemed and her death will be deeply regretted.

The funeral will take place in Kingston on Wednesday.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Principle of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE CENTRAL CHARITY BOARD.

Met in Regular Session Last Night—A Large Amount of Business Transacted

The regular monthly meeting of the Central Charity Board was held in the Town Clerk's Office last night. Those present were,—Robt. Innes, Chairman; Rev. Father McColl, Messrs. Rush, Aldridge, McBain, Fowler, Yelland, Duller, Stock, Kemp, and Relief officer, Miller.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were passed and ordered to be paid:—

Kernaghan and Gordon	$4 00
A. Allison	3 00
Curran and Galleon	3 00
W. Bradshaw	4 00
John Giles	1 00
Jas. Sutherland	4 00
Chas. W. Mack	65
A. Peters	3 00
Green Bros	60
N. Routley	2 00
Brown & Co	5 00
W. F. Gardner	3 00
Dickson Co	1 00
P. Connal & Son	6 00
Miss Grundy	1 00
R. F. Mason & Co	4 00
T. R. Boddy	1 70

STATEMENT OF ORDERS GIVEN.

	Since last meeting	During 1902
Groceries	$ 64 00	178 80
Wood	121 35	308 35
Tickets		32 35
Sundries	10 83	12 30
Total	196 18	536 33

Several communications were received discussed, Messrs. R. Innes and Wm. Yelland were appointed a committee to interview the Town Council at their next regular session for the purpose of endeavoring to secure aid from the Municipality to assist in sending persons suffering from consumption to a proper Sanitarium.

The Board adjourned.

An Easter Number

A handsome cover by a Canadian artist encloses the Easter issue of the Canadian Magazine. Aside from the Easter features of the number there are several valuable articles. John K. Munro writes of Curling in Canada in a way to interest both curlers and general readers. Arthur H. U. Colquhoun gives many interesting reminiscences of Lord Dufferin. Albert R. Carman relates some political experiences in England under the title, "John Bull in Politics." The protective value of vaccination is told by John Ferguson, M.D. The career of Henry Hudson, the discoverer of Hudson Bay, is described in a delightful way by George Johnson, the Dominion statistician. All lovers of nature will be pleased with Fritz Hope's profusely illustrated article on the Bank Swallow. No fastidious reader of current literature could demand more than is contained in this excellent Easter number.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPO — the roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

BOVRIL

"Stand by your Bovril"

Bovril

Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Settlers' One way Second Class Excursions

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Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points

PETERBOROUGH

To NELSON, TRAIL, ROSSLAND, GREENWOOD, MIDWAY, B.C., VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., SEATTLE & TACOMA, Wash. and PORTLAND, OREGON.

$45.55

Tickets on sale MARCH 1st to APRIL 30th, 1902, inclusive.
Proportionate rates from and to other points
Also reduced rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA and WASHINGTON

To Manitoba & Canadian Northwest

Will leave every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, if sufficient business offers.
For full particulars apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
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12.00 NOON DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY

Write for descriptive literature to
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10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

E. TIFFIN
Traffic Manager
Moncton, N.B.

JNO. M. LYONS
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Moncton N. B.

New Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all. Made in calf and enameled leathers by Union Workmen. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.)

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

O'Brien! O'Brien! O'Brien!

Will positively leave Peterborough
Tuesday, April 8th

Professor O'Brien,

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST

—AND—

SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

whose success in Peterborough has never been equalled by any one in his profession, will positively leave Peterborough

TUESDAY, APRIL 8TH

As this will be your last chance for some time, call early and don't loose your opportunity to consult this world-renowned Phrenologist and Palmist whose advice has caused many happy homes. A globe used free to patrons. Private office, 288 Hunter-st., terms. Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,
Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers

YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
388 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

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—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"
Muskoka Lakes District
CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above Sea Level

Most Charming Summer Resort Region in America

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District Passenger Agent Toronto.

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The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Speak Quickly

If you want to buy a 6-roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

3-acre Garden Lot, low price and very easy terms.

100-acre Farm with buildings, near town. $2,500. Will sell on easy terms or exchange for town property.

Would you like to own the finest and best Residence in town? We have three choice ones, and we have the finest lot that could be desired, second to none, whereon to build. Who wants it?

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

- G H. NOBLE -

PLUMBER

Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply 3[illegible] Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted every where to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $5 to $10 a day. You can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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IN EASTERN ONTARIO

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THE DUAL ALLIANCES MAY MEAN TROUBLE

The Political Outlook in the far East is Anything But Reassuring

THE TWO GREAT COMBINATIONS OF POWERS

The Joint Declaration of France and Russia May Mean That These Two Powers Will Fight Rather Than Give Way to Britain and Japan

Berlin, April 1 — The Volksbladtt, government organ, says: "Notwithstanding the plans for universal peace laid down by The Hague tribunal, convened at the invitation of the Czar of all the Russias, the political outlook abroad is not as reassuring as the lovers of international harmony and good will would wish for. The recent Joint Declaration of the Dual Alliance (France and Russia), which is, practically, a defiance of that other Dual Alliance (Great Britain and Japan), indicating as it does an intention to maintain Russia's grip on the great Manchurian province in China, may prove another step in the direction of grave international complications that would not, probably, go much further without producing a crisis; if, indeed, a crisis has not already been reached over the conflicting interests of some of the great nations in the Far East.

The fact that the Joint Declaration of France and Russia has been extended to the Orient, following so quickly upon the alliance of Japan and England, prompts the suggestion that if any attempt be made by the Anglo-Japanese forces to expel Russia from Manchuria it will be met by force of arms, and yet one cannot doubt that such was the primary object of the pact between the Island Kingdom and Great Britain. The Anglo-Russian issues have long been a menace to peace, and with the occupation of Port Arthur by the Czar, a few years ago, became so acute as almost to precipitate a conflict. It will also be recalled that during the Boxer outbreak in China a dispute arose over the rival claims to a railroad siding at Tien Tsin between the Russian and British forces there, that the spark, that might have produced a great conflagration, was almost fired. Only the interposition of the German commander prevented a clashing of the rival forces. The interests of Japan in Korea also help to accentuate the situation. It should not be forgotten, however, that the news of the Anglo-Japanese alliance was received at St. Petersburg with "equanimity," as a cablegram stated, and that the Russian government has declared that it (the alliance) is in line with the Russian policy in the Orient of preserving the status quo and the open trade door; but when stripped of the diplomatic phrases, the conditions of the Anglo-Japanese pact, and the Joint urope, show that two mighty forcesDeclaration of the Dual Alliance in E are arrayed against each other over a conflict of vast interests.

Russia's promises of withdrawal from Manchuria are of a decidedly vague character, and pending any move in that direction, the Czar is maintaining there an army of more than 60,000 soldiers, with almost numberless thousands on the Siberian border, whence they can be moved into the province. And as indicating the aggressiveness of the Russian Government, it is of interest to note the news that the cable brings from London that a concession of vast importance has just been obtained by the Czar from Persia in exchange for a considerable Russian loan.

The public has long watched with keen interest and anxiety the shifting scenes on the political chess board in Europe and Asia, and the future moves of the diplomatic players will be followed closely by all who appreciate the importance of the conflicting interests that influence the great Powers of the world.

Tired Feelings, Weariness, Lack of Energy, Despondency and Moroseness in Spring, are Signs of Ill Health

Paine's Celery Compound

Rejuvenates the Fagged-Out System and Restores Perfect Health

To thousands of people out-of-sorts, weary, despondent, morose, irritable, with weak, faltering step, pale faces and dull and sunken eyes, not sick enough to be confined to bed, this is a critical and dangerous season — a time that urgently calls for prompt action, if recuperation and cure are the prime objects

The past experience of hundreds of thousands, including able medical men, clergymen, judges, lawyers, literary men and women, the rich and those in high social position, points unhesitatingly to Paine's Celery Compound, the great medical prescription of modern times, that gives to the ailing, sick and diseased the true condition of health that insures happiness and true pleasure from day to day.

The virtues peculiar to Paine's Celery Compound quickly manifest their power in the correction of unhealthy nerve action, and supplying the veins with pure, more abundant, more vigorous and life-giving blood.

Paine's Celery Compound is pre-eminently the best spring medicine known to medical practitioners for thoroughly cleansing and purifying the blood and banishing the varied ills that result from a poisoned and impure condition of the life stream.

If you have any of the varied symptoms of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney disease, eczema or Salt Rheum, a few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound used at this time will rapidly dispel all trouble and danger. We urge every weak, ailing and sick person to fairly test the medicine that is doing more for suffering humanity than all other combined remedies.

JUBILEE POINT HOTEL

Mr. Dan Foley will be in Charge of the Popular Resort This Summer

The people of Peterborough who visit Jubilee Point every summer will be pleased to hear that Mr. Dan Foley, for many years the popular wine clerk at the Jubilee Hotel bar, has rented the hotel and bar and will personally conduct both during the coming season. He will go down to the point in a short time to have everything put in first class order. Judging from Mr. Foley's experience in the past, and his popularity, there is every reason to believe that Jubilee Point will be more popular than ever with tourists this summer.

PRO-BOER MEETING

Kruger's Former Pastor One of the Speakers —Chamberlain's Name Hissed

New York, March 31 — A meeting in sympathy with the Boer cause was held last night in Columbus Hall, 124 West Sixtieth street, under the auspices of the American Society of Freedom. Edward Van Ness, who hoisted the Boer flag at Bar Harbor as the British squadron was entering the harbor, a year ago last summer, presided. American, Boer and Irish flags decorated the hall. Col. Abe Gruber and Edward Lauterbach were among those on the platform.

Western Starr was the first speaker and he twisted the British lion's tail in a way to tickle the audience, which hissed every mention of Chamberlain's name. He said that the people of Chicago were in favor of helping the Boers by compelling this nation to stop selling mules and horses to the British for use in South Africa. He expressed the opinion that the fluctuations of stocks in consequence of the war had much to do with restraining the people of this country from protesting against the methods of the British in destroying republican institutions in South Africa.

The Rev. H. D. Von Brockhuisen, who was President Kruger's pastor in Pretoria, said:

If the British would fight us like men the Boers would not complain, but when you touch the women or children the Boer becomes a demon and they will fight as long as they have a drop of blood. For the sake of your own dear ones we ask you to raise your voice in protest.

The Farmer's Good Luck

(By Our Junior Reporter)

The man who wrestles with the cow and learns the calves to suck, who casts the corn before the swine is now in greatest luck, for butter's on the upper grade, veal's higher than a kite, pork is climbing up the scale, and beef is out of sight, the eggs he gathers every day from his Poland chicken coop are almost worth their weight in gold, and we are in the soup. His corn brings a fancy price, it's rising every day, and he rakes all kinds of money for half a ton of hay. The farmer is in the saddle, and when he comes to town the rest of us by right should go way back and then sit down.

Twenty Years of Bronchitis

Captain Dunlop, of Kingston, Commander of the steamer "Bohemian," of the R & O fleet, suffered unceasingly for twenty years, and although he took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained until he used "Catarrhozone," which cured him quickly and permanently. The Captain says, "Catarrhozone is the best cure for bronchitis on the face of the globe, pleasant to use, quick to relieve and sure to cure." Catarrhozone is a wonderful treatment for all diseases of the throat, lungs and Bronchial tubes. Two months' treatment, price $1, small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

A GENERAL IN NEW ORLERNS

Sir Richard W. Stewart Looking Into the Mule Transport Service

New Orleans, April 1 — Lieut.-Gen. Sir Richard W. Stewart, K. C. M. G., and K. C. B., accompanied by his aide-de-camp, Col. Holland of the Royal Artillery, has arrived here. The General is here to make inspection of the various departments of the remount service of the British military establishment in this country.

Gen. Stewart is not on the active army list of the British military department, having been retired some time before the Boer war began. Gen. Stewart and Col. Holland expect to remain in New Orleans a week, and in that time they will examine into the stock transport service.

The scandals which developed in the British War Office some time ago in connection with the shipment of mules are responsible for the General's visit. He will examine into the situation from this end and report in full to the home office. Gen. Pearson, the Boer agent here, charges that Gen. Stewart's visit is to enlarge the British military station at New Orleans and that the British henceforward will enlist men for their army under the name of muleteers.

It Will Give You an Appetite

and a stomach to take care of it, a digestion that will fill your veins with rich blood; if weak, it will strengthen the heart; will make the liver discharge its proper functions. Ferrozone will increase your nerve force, and capacity for mental labor, and will make work a real pleasure. Every man, woman and child can derive benefit from Ferrozone. At all druggists.

BRITISH SHIP SUNK OFF BRITISH COAST

Channel Steamer Alma Collides with Her and Goes Down

ELEVEN OF THE CREW PERISHED.

Sank in Four Minutes—The Collision Occurred During Fog—The Alma Returned to Southampton Badly Damaged.

London, April 2. — Eleven men were drowned as the result of a collision this morning near the Nab Lightship, between the Channel passenger steamer Alma and the British ship Cambrian Princess, Captain Roberts, from Peru for Antwerp. The latter sank immediately, and eleven of her crew perished. The Alma returned to Southampton badly damaged.

The collision occurred at 3.30 a.m., during foggy weather. The Alma struck the Cambrian Princess on the starboard quarter, ripping her side wide open. The ship heeled over and sank in four minutes The eleven survivors were hauled on board the Alma by means of ropes. The steamer's bows were badly stove in.

The Cambrian Princess was built at Southampton. She was of 1,275 tons net register, and was owned in Liverpool.

PLAGUE SITUATION WORSE

Simla, India, March 31.—The plague situation is growing worse in the Punjab, where 70,000 deaths are reported monthly.

CONGRATULATE KRUGER

Irish Nationalists Send a Congratulatory Address to Kruger

Dublin, April 1 — The feeling in Ireland is well illustrated by a resolution now on its way to Mr. Kruger, "care of Queen Wilhelmina," adopted by the Edenderry guardians, an elective body, as follows:

"We desire to record our admiration of the magnificent stand the brave South African Republics have made against the colossal might of the British Empire, and to congratulate the humane Boer leader, Delarey, on his recent great victory, which not only covers England with disgrace and ridicule, a result eminently gratifying to the rest of the civilized world, but which must have a chastening effect on the jingoes of the greatest helot empire the world has ever seen."

THIRTY NINE MEN KILLED

And Forty Five Were Injured—War Office Reports That the Affair was Purely Accidental.

Pretoria, April 2.— Thirty-nine British soldiers were killed and forty-five were injured in a railroad wreck March 30, near Barberton, Transvaal Colony.

London, April 2.—The War Office in reporting the railroad wreck at Barberton, Transvaal Colony, merely says that it was accidental. The victims nearly all belonged to the Hampshire Regiment.

BOERS SHOW DISPOSITION TO GIVE UP TO BRITISH--ASK FOR TERMS

Pretoria, April 2.—Ex-President Steyn and General Delarey have been located, and a meeting between them and Acting President Schalkburger is expected to be arranged without further delay. It is reported that General Botha will attend the conference. Commandant Meara has sent word that his command will abide by the decision of the Boer Government. Commandant De Villiers, who has been operating in the Kimberley district, has sent in a flag of truce asking for terms.

The peace movement, however, has in no way interfered with the military operations. The British are again sweeping the northwest districts of the Orange River Colony, where it is believed they have about a thousand of General De Wet's men within the cordon.

READY TO SURRENDER.

Heidelberg, Transvaal, April 1.—Commandant Alberts has called a meeting of the Boers in his district to take place 25 miles east of The Springs station, in order to discuss the proposal for a general surrender. It is said that General Hans Botha has summoned a similar meeting at Amsterdam. A party of Constabulary and native scouts was ambushed near here March 30 Six of the party were killed. The Boers eluded pursuit. Surrenders are occurring daily in the Standerton district.

COLONIAL MUST BE CONSULTED.

London, April 2.—The London Times, in an article on the peace negotiations says it is admitted that colonial opinion must be considered in the matter. Canada, Australia and New Zealand have earned the right to be consulted. While a generous policy in granting terms would be the wisest, the claims of the Cape Loyalists, the Uitlanders and the Colonists must be first considered. "Leave any district under purely Boer rule," says the article, "and a new arsenal will arise to astonish the British Empire.

CHINESE AND THE ACTION OF CHRISTIANS.

London, April 2.—A despatch from Shanghai to The Times says the most important impression fixed in the Chinese mind as the result of the campaign in the north in 1900 is a new conception of Christianity and its results, an impression conveyed by the troops of the Christian nations which compared very unfavorably in the matter of common humanity with those of heathen Japan. The correspondent says it is reasonable to expect that the cause of Christianity will suffer further in the near future. The nations chiefly interested in the labor of missionaries have come to terms with the Chinese Government, leaving the murders of the Christians unpunished. The native converts in many places are deliberately held up to the odium of their fellow-countrymen by the imposition on their community of taxes required to meet the indemnities levied for missionary claims.

Items of Interest

Washington, April 2.—The State Department, having been advised by cable of the revolutionary movement in Santo Domingo, has requested the Navy Department to send a warship there, and the Marchias, now at San Juan Porto Rico, probably will start across to-day. The trouble is not believed to be serious, but it is deemed well to have a ship there as a matter of precaution.

Paris, April 2.—For the time being Maude Gonne has abandoned the Irish cause to take up that of the Boers. She is now giving a series of lectures here on the fighting burghers, and has made a sensation by the spirit of eloquence and audacity in which she proclaims a crusade for independence of the South African Republics.

CANADIANS TURNED BACK.

Buffalo, April 1.—Seven Canadian mechanics were stopped by customs officials at Black Rock last night. From letters which were found in their possession, it was apparent that they had come here to take jobs for which they had been previously engaged, and they were told that they were violating the provisions of the alien labor law. They were sent back to Canada.

Ottawa, April 2.—A cable to Lord Minto from Cape Town says that Roland Agassiz, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, is dangerous ill at Charlestown. George Pyle, of St John, N.B., reported missing near Klerksdorp, is slightly wounded in the right foot, and is in the hospital at Klerksdorp. Captain Harold Austin Nealan is reported dangerously ill of enteric at Sydenham. The cable asks that Archdeacon Casey, of St. Peter's Palace, Peterborough, be informed of this.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—The Police Prefect of Moscow, M. Trepoff, had a narrow escape from assassination yesterday. While receiving visitors, a governess named Allart suddenly drew a revolver, placed its muzzle at the official's breast, and pulled the trigger. The weapon, however, missed fire. In the subsequent excitement the woman tried to escape, but was arrested. It is believed that the attempt was connected with the recent student troubles.

MURDERED ON PARADE.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—While the Mirgored Regiment was parading on the barrack square at Kieff yesterday Captain Sofronoff shot and killed Lieutenant Grodski for maligning the former's family.

LOOK AFTER THE HORSES.

London, April 2.—Lord Roberts visited the Curragh yesterday and inspected the Irish Horse under the command of Lord Longford, who are shortly to proceed to South Africa.

"One great thing which you must learn," said his lordship, "is to look after the horses, for if the horses of a mounted regiment are inefficient that regiment itself is practically of no use."

"Lord Kitchener writes to me: "I have the greatest difficulty in the world in mounting men I have got," and he says: Don't you send out any more mounted men unless they know how to look after their horses, for I cannot go on mounting men time after time and week after week with horses that are not taken care of."

London, April 2.—The Mysore Gold Mining Company has achieved a dividend that is rare even in the annals of the goldfields. At the annual meeting of the company yesterday Sir Charles Tennant stated that the net profit for the year was $1,371,830, allowing a dividend at the rate of 120 per cent. The quartz milled during the year amounted to 127,070 tons, yielding 164,531 oz.

LIVED ON 15 CENTS A DAY.

London, April 2.—At the inquest on a widow eighty-three years of age, who died in the Industrial Buildings, Bishopsgate, E.C., it was stated that for twenty years her income had been $1.25 a week from the City of London Guardians, and 75c a week from a Moorfields Catholic society, the latter sum being paid for her rent.

A juror: That means she practically lived on 15 cents a day. A marvellous performance, which shows the endurance of the woman.

London, April 1.— Lord Roberts, in a letter to the Mayor of Birkenhead on the subject of military training in schools, says that his personal opinion is that "if military drill is to be taught to school boys it should be made part of the school curriculum and be under the supervision of the Education Department in exactly the same way as the other subjects included in the Educational Code."

The Commander-in-Chief adds that there is no disposition on the part of the Education Office to assume responsibility in the matter. The War Department, however, allows of the formation of cadet battalions and corps, of which there are nine and 107 respectively. The work they perform is excellent.

Under the instructions of Lord Roberts a circular has been issued giving secondary schools facilities for teaching boys military drill, and this has affected about 700 schools.

BETTER SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

London, April 2.—In a letter asking clergymen and ministers to preach sermons on Sabbath Observance on Sunday, April 6th, the Committee of the working Men's Lord's Day Rest Association state that "From every part of the United Kingdom reports and facts show that a great change is rapidly coming over our country, that the observance of the Sabbath day as a day for rest and worship is being set aside, and that Sunday amusements, Sunday excursions, Sunday sports, Sunday labor, and Sunday trading are doing much to injure the quiet, religious, restful character of our hitherto peaceful day of holy rest.

MODERN MAN'S CHIEF CONCERN.

London, April 2.—"Ian Maclaren" (the Rev. Dr. John Watson) yesterday afternoon, in Wesley's Chapel, Cityroad, showed that the modern man, unlike his father, is less concerned about his own after life, and more anxious what will happen to wife and child when he dies. Philanthropic enterprise attracted help ten times more readily than the building of churches. All this seemed to point to a certain coarsening and materializing of ideas. On the other hand might it not show how God would have them work in the twentieth century? More necessary than building more churches was it that they should see that people had better homes; more desirable than spending more money on choirs and music was it to relieve effectually the poor and destitute. And thus the alienation between the proletariat and the church would come to an end.

FIGHT WITH SLAVE DEALERS.

Mozambique, Africa, April 2.—The crews of some Portuguese gun-boats, which were landed on the coast, have had a severe but successful encounter with an expedition of slave dealers from Muscat. Of the latter one hundred and sixty-two were captured, together with twelve dhows, and fifty were killed. Upwards of seven hundred slaves who were found chained in the dhows were released. The Portuguese explorer, Paez Almeida especially distinguished himself in this affair.

CONEY ISLAND IN GLOOM.

New York, March 31.—Coney Island has been plunged in gloom by the announcement that a wave of reform will sweep over the resort. Police Commissioner Partridge has decided to abridge the privileges of the islanders during the summer, and a circular letter bearing his signature has been read to members of the police force calling for volunteers to assist in the work.

In calling for volunteers Commissioner Partridge says applications will be received from patrolmen of undoubted sobriety. Only "fearless and willing men," are wanted, who will do "real police duty," and not consider the seaside assignment as in the nature of a summer junket.

PASSENGERS LANDED

Montreal March 31.—The passengers of the Elder-Dempster Beaver Liner Lake Superior, from Liverpool, were landed at St. John, N.B., this morning.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

Chatham, April 1.—A. S. Thornton, accountant in the bank of Commerce here, was accidentally shot yesterday by A. Larmour, teller. Mr. Thornton was assisting the teller in removing his cash and books to the vault after the day's work. Mr. Larmour picked up the revolver to carry it to the vault, when it slipped from his hand. As the weapon struck the floor it exploded. The bullet grazed the thigh of Mr. Larmour, and pierced the left hand of Mr. Thornton, inflicting a nasty wound.

SHOT BY NEGROES.

Oklahoma City, I. T. April 1.—Subcontractor Dunn, who was in charge of the Rock Island camp near Bridgeport, Oklahoma, was shot and killed at that place by two negroes yesterday. The negroes escaped and are being pursued by a posse. There is talk of lynching.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 1.—Up to midnight eleven bodies have been taken from the Nelson mine, the scene of yesterday's explosion. Officials of the company claim there are but eight more in the mine. Miners claim there

EASIER TERMS SECURED FOR THE FIGHTING BOERS

Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner Said to be Urging More Leniency

HOPE OF PEACE STRONG IN GREAT BRITAIN

Know to Be Making Every Effort to End the War Before His Coronation—Effect of the Death of Cecil Rhodes

London, April 2—There has grown up during the week a vague but unmistakable optimism regarding the prospects of peace in South Africa. It is based not only on the present action of the Transvaal officials but on a striking feature on the latest drive against Delarey.

It is at last discovered that British troops, stripped of artillery guns and all impediments, can move as fast as the Boers. Lord Kitchener records that his columns covered eighty miles in twenty-four hours. Everybody wonders why this was not done many months ago, but hopes are entertained that this improvement alone may end the war in the near future. Great encouragement, however, is derived from the conduct of direct peace negotiations. A long cable despatch from Lord Milner reached Mr. Chamberlain at the Colonial Office yesterday. It was evidently of the first importance, for copies were made by confidential clerks and sent by special messengers to Mr. Arthur Balfour, Government leader of the House of Commons; Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer; the Marquis of Lansdowne, Foreign Secretary, and the Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister. A copy was also sent to the Duke of Devonshire, the Liberal Unionist leader in the Ministry, who is in Paris. These members of the Government form with Mr. Chamberlain the executive section of the Cabinet.

Presumably Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner have been made acquainted with the terms on which the Boer leaders are prepared to make peace. These terms are believed to contain something that was previously rejected; and Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner are understood to have cabled in detail their reasons for thinking that concessions should now be made. Lord Milner, if converted to moderate counsels, may convert Mr. Chamberlain, and as these two men have long been the chief obstacles to peace, optimism may be justified.

It is certain that three-fourths of the Cabinet yearn to bring this inglorious struggle to an end, and the king is almost fiercely resolved that the war shall be brought to a conclusion before his coronation.

It is understood that the Boer leaders now demand some sort of assurance in regard to the duration of the transition period preceding the establishment of autonomous government in the late republics. They are also believed to have insisted on a modification of the ridiculous banishment decree of last autumn and also that permission be given to rebels to leave South Africa should they so desire. Other stipulations are for the rebuilding of burned homesteads and advances from the Imperial Exchequer on easy terms to enable burghers who have suffered by the war to restart in life.

There is really not one of these demands which could not be conceded by England without loss of dignity, and there is a strong impression that all of them will be granted.

Lord Milner could not have known the attitude of Mr. Steyn and Christian De Wet when he cabled; but apparently these intransigeants had been in communication with the Transvaal envoys before the latter made overtures. All the information available here agrees that if Christian De Wet and Mr. Steyn remain irreconcilable the Transvaalers will refuse to continue the fight, which would mean surrender on the terms of Louis Botha, Delarey and two-thirds of the Boers now in the field. Military experts from South Africa now here confidently declare that, relieved of the pressure of the Transvaalers, Lord Kitchener could and would dispose of De Wet and his men in six weeks.

Public opinion among all classes in England is so strongly in favor of peace upon any honorable terms short of Boer independence that even the Chamberlain element in the Government would scarcely dare to assume the responsibility of prolonging the war if the Boers should offer the necessary concessions.

There is a curious mixture of opinion as to the effect that Cecil Rhodes's death will have upon the peace prospects. The Transvaalers of the last-ditch type may be somewhat less irreconcilable now that the organizer of the Jameson raid is unable to see the realization of any of his ambitions. On the other hand such an extreme pro-Boer as W. T. Stead declares that Rhodes's death is a serious blow to peace and pacification because he understood the Dutch character of South Africa better than any other Englishman.

2,000 MORE MEN TO GO TO SOUTH AFRICA

Militia Department May Issue the Necessary Orders for the Contracts for Clothing, Stores, Etc.

Ottawa, April 1. — His Excellency, the Governor-General, had a conference with the Premier this morning, presumably with respect to the mobilization of the coronation contingent for Great Britain and the contingent of 2,000 men for South Africa. The communications between the two Governments, it is understood, have reached a stage that will justify the Militia Department issuing the necessary orders for the contracts for clothing, stores, etc., at once, and complete arrangements for recruiting and mobilization for South Africa. The Order-in-Council and formal documents are in a forward state of preparation and can be completed in a few hours.

RECRUITING ARRANGEMENTS.

The recruiting arrangements will be similar to those of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, with changes as regards the quotas from the respective districts, necessitated by the fact that in some cases the offers were largely exceeded and in others the full number required was not secured. Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, Col. Pinault, Deputy Minister, and Col. Lord Aylmer, Adjutant General, are back from New York, and engaged in pushing preparatory arrangements.

BRITAIN MUST RULE

No Settlement That is Possible Will Give Boers Power

New York, April 2.—The Sun says:—There really seems to be more in the present than in previous negotiations between Great Britain and the Boers. If it be possible for the two to agree on terms, it will be better for both. There is no doubt that if peace comes to the Transvaal after an honorable adjustment, the Briton of the future will have more respect for the Boer than if peace came with absolute conquest. Certain things Great Britain must demand for the future, no matter how gallant the Boers may be or how much of the world's admiration they have. England must rule in the Transvaal, and to that end she must retain power. What minor concessions she can make is a question for statesmanship. It is to be hoped that the Boers are as good statesmen as they are fighters, and will be willing to concede the things necessary for supremacy in return for assured peace and liberty and protection.

Advice to Mothers

If your little boy or girl comes home with a sore throat, the first thing to do is to rub the throat and chest with Polson's Nerviline. Don't be afraid to use Nerviline freely—a whole bottle full wouldn't burn or blister the tenderest skin. Rub in until all taken up by the pores, and just before the child goes to sleep give him a glass of hot water into which 20 drops of Nerviline has previously been stirred. This is a sure, pleasant and speedy cure. Large bottles 25c.

THE LATE MRS. WHITE

Particulars of the Death of a Former Resident of This County

Kingston News: Death came suddenly to Mrs. J. T. White, wife of Ald. White, 148 University ave. Sunday night she attended Sydenham street Methodist church, returning home at 8.30 and was dead at 9.15. The family happened to be all at home when the summons came to the deceased lady. Dr. Mundell was called in and arrived before Mrs. White expired, but she was beyond human aid. The deceased lady's maiden name was Miss C. A. Kidd. She was born in Peterborough fifty-nine years ago and was married forty years ago last Christmas. In the year 1881 the family came to Kingston and have resided here ever since. She leaves a husband, two sons, Dr. A. N. White, Denver, Col.; W. J. B. White, of this city, and one daughter, Lillie E., nurse-in-training in a hospital in Lowell, Mass. The deceased was a member of Sydenham street Methodist church. She was a woman of charitable disposition and was beloved by all who knew her. Ald. White and family have the sincere sympathy of a large number of friends. The funeral, which will be private, will occur on Wednesday at 10 a.m.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day.— Strong northwesterly winds; partly fair and continued cool.

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M. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 50c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 2, 1902.

GOVERNMENT RESERVE DAMS

Reservoirs Established by the Ontario Public Works Department

With the object of storing water for navigation, milling, manufacturing and lumbering operations the following lakes and streams have been turned into reservoirs for the holding back of water during the spring freshets so as to keep up the levels during the hot summer weather:

RESERVE DAMS ON GULL RIVER WATERS

Balsam Lake, Fenelon, four feet.
Elliott's Falls, Laxton, four feet.
Gull Lake, Lutterworth, seven feet.
Horse Shoe Lake, Minden, seven feet.
Hall's Stanhope, eight feet.
Hawk Lake, Stanhope, nine feet.
Crab Lake, Sherbourne, eight feet.
Paine Lake, Sherbourne, five feet.
Kareens, Havelock, eight feet.
Redstone, Guilford, nine feet.
Eagle and Moose, Guilford, six feet.
Oblong and Haliburton, Harburn, nine feet.
Percy Lake, Harburn, six feet.
Little Bob, Lutterworth, seven feet.
Norwood Village, dam and slide.
Elliott's Falls, dam and slide.
Rackety creek, Lutterworth.
Workinson's Mill, Minden.
Forks, Gull, and Burnt Rivers, Fenelon three piers and boom.
Cameron's Lake, five piers for sorting logs.

RESERVE DAMS ON THE BURNT RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES

Cochlong Lake, Glamorgan, eight feet.
Drag Lake, Dysart, nine feet.
Loon Lake, Dudley, five feet.
Devil's Lake, Glamorgan, seven feet.
White Lake, Glamorgan, six feet.
Contains, Glamorgan, five feet.
Pine Lake, Village of Gooderham, seven feet.
Big Marsh, Glamorgan, six feet.
Big Bear, Glamorgan, seven feet.
Little Bear, boundary Glamorgan and Monmouth, six feet.
Stormy, Glamorgan, five feet.
Otter Creek Marsh, seven feet.
Grass Lake, Monmouth, seven feet.
Farquhar, Harcourt, seven feet.
High Falls, Monmouth, seven feet.

RESERVE DAMS ON NOGIE'S CREEK

Swamp Lake, Galway, seven feet.
Bass Lake, Galway, eight feet.
Townsend dam and slide, Galway.
Bass Lake Rapids, Galway.
Foot of Big Marsh, Harvey.

MISSISSAUGA WATER

Gull Lake, Harvey, nine feet.
Deer Lake, Anstruther, five feet.
Scott's Mill, Harvey, dam and slide.
Scott's Mill, Harvey, pier and boom.

RESERVE DAMS ON SQUAW RIVER

Three dams without slides, for retaining water, Harvey.

RESERVE DAMS ON BEAR CREEK

Four dams and slides, Glamorgan.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Germany favors the "open door" policy in China but would not "in a final instance oppose something that Russia really desired." With this enigmatic reply to their latest inquiry as to the position the Kaiser would take under certain eventualities in the Far East the officials of the State Department must needs be content. The most likely inference from the statement of German policy would seem to be that the Government at Berlin not object very strongly against Russian exploitation of the mines and transportation facilities of Manchuria. If the Russians should go about the matter in a proper manner they could secure what they really desire without leaving room for objection from any other power. Instead of demanding exclusive privileges let them survey all feasible railway routes and promising mining lands, and secure a concession to work and operate the lot without putting words of exclusion in the grant. That is what the Germans did in the case of Shantung and the British Pekin Syndicate did with the mines of Shansi and Shensi.

• • • •

The Boer "government" is carrying the archives around tied in a red handkerchief on the furthest end of a stick.

The most daring burglary on record is one recently reported from California, where the operator, after robbing a house he had burgled, "took the elevator and left the building." Leaving the building seems like the wanton waste of the out-of-season angler who rips his fish open and throws them away, unless the burglar had another building somewhere that his second-hand elevator would just fit.

A Defect of Reformers.

THE newspaper despatch from Topeka, Kansas, about Mrs. Charles M. Sheldon's hired girl has been very popular, and acres of comment have appeared about it. The story is that the hired girl, who was new, had read in one of Mr. Sheldon's the-world-made-over stories that it was a good plan for the servants of a household to take their meals with the rest of the family, so she expressed to Mrs. Sheldon her willingness to follow that course, but Mrs. Sheldon dissented, and the girl left. This is thought to be a joke on Mr. Sheldon, but, remarks New York "Life," really it makes him appear in a good light as a reformer who respects the rights of others, and does not try to compel even his immediate family to share his social experiments. That is the way it is in the family of Tolstoi. He lives the ideal life, and goes barefoot, and cobbles shoes for recreation, but his wife and most of his children respect conventional customs, and live a life modified, but not stunted by his ideals.

A great and common defect about ordinary reformers is that they are not content to let their light so shine, but insist that every one whom they can control shall emulate their good works. Says the Women's Christian Temperance Union to the army, "We think it's wicked to drink beer, and you shan't have any." Says Mrs. Carrie Nation to Apollo Belvidere, "It is an outrage that you have no trousers on. Let me smash you!" Mr. Sheldon's way is better. He goes in for precept, and, maybe, example, but not for constraint. If the Women's Christian Temperance Union followed his example it might still distribute tracts to the army, but it would not legislate away the canteen, and Mrs. Nation, acting Sheldon-wise, would be content to say to Apollo Belvidere, "Wear trousers, like me."

Good Hearts and Bad Manners.

An exchange tells about a judge more noted for his bad manners than his knowledge of law. He continually insults lawyers, litigants and witnesses—especially women—in the most outrageous way, and spares no one except certain members of the bar whose political influence he fears. Recently a young lawyer, having more backbone than discretion, perhaps, was bullied by His Honor beyond the limit of endurance, and began to talk back. With the aid of a cool head and a polite but sarcastic tongue the young practitioner soon had the bencher apoplectic and nigh to frenzy and yet lacking ground for holding the lawyer guilty of contempt.

When the case had been decided against the young man an older member of the bar said:

"You did not take the judge in the right way. He is cranky, but you should have humored him. At heart he is a pretty good man."

"His heart may be good," said the young man, "but his manners are bad; and I'm tired of humoring people whose hearts are so good that they feel privileged to be bullies and curmudgeons."

"Castles of Sand."

(Written after seeing the picture called "Castles of Sand.")

I.

Castles of Youth and Hope, and Joy,
Castles of Love without alloy,
Built in the heart of a woman; there
They were fashioned with tender care.

Built to withstand the blows of Fate,
Built to rebuff the hand of Hate,
With towers of silver, and turrets of gold,
And all the Love that the walls could hold.

'Twas a woman's hand that built them there,
And a woman's thought that made them fair;
For a woman's Faith had strengthened their walls
And a woman's beauty would grace their halls.

But Youth is gone, and Faith is betray'd,
And Joy in its lonely grave is laid,
And Love has come, and laughed, and flown,
And a woman's life is lived out alone.

For a heart grew cold, and slain was Trust,
And the silver and gold all crumbled to dust;
And these castles built by a woman's hand
Are only some mounds of shifting sand.

Castles of sand on a sunny shore
Of golden grains like a hoarded store,
Mounds of shining, glistening sand
That built up the Castles of Day Dream Land.

Main Way For the Ladies.

In Michigan there is an Indian school where the children of the more or less noble redman are instructed in Anglo-Saxon graces and civilization. One of the teachers says:

It is very interesting to study these children, especially as we have them from four different tribes.

The boys have a sense of humor. In my flag-drill last Friday the partners were a boy and a girl, and where the lines intersect to form a cross I taught the boys to let their partners go first; and much trouble I had to do it.

After the exercises Isaac Crane came up to me, and in his solemn way said:

"Miss B., in letting the girls pass in front of the boys you have struck at the root of an Indian national custom."

"How so, Isaac?"

"It is the custom for the man to go first, carrying his dignity, and for the woman to follow, carrying everything else."

Expensive Revenge.

Mankind is so constituted that it is sometimes not able to forget readily any slights or rebuffs endured, and the disposition to seek revenge is frequently uppermost in the thoughts. In Sheffield, England, it is said, there is a manufacturer who became furious with the local post-office people because of certain regulations they insisted he should follow in the matter of registered mail. After calming down, the manufacturer concluded he would have to toe the mark if he wanted his mail forwarded, but his revenge he would have, too. So every day for a month or more he sent each of his two hundred employees to the post-office to buy a single penny stamp. The employees were decorated with red tape, and seemed to enjoy hugely the making of their daily purchases.

The Revolution in English Character.

IT is the opinion of Mr. Bernard Shaw, as expressed in a characteristic preface to a late volume of his plays, that the nature of the English people has, within the past ten years, undergone certain conspicuous modifications. Excitability—"theatricality" is his own word for it—Mr. Shaw believes to have been steadily mounting in force among the English, usually so solid and stolid; and this he ascribes to the pronounced romanticism of taste developed among them by the literature, the books and plays, of the past five years; a taste which has caused them to lose their true sense of the realities, with all the steadying effects thereof.

It will not be disputed that the special style of literature in vogue during a period leaves its impress upon it, nor will it be gainsaid that the demands and tastes of the period in turn determine the essential nature of its literary supply. We are hearing it said on all sides now that popular education accounts for the love of the novel of adventure. Popular education creates an enlarged reading public, but one which does not wish to have the realities of life laid before it; which, indeed, in many cases, reads, or goes to the play, just to escape reality. If one accept this explanation of certain present phenomena it is only going a step farther to find in all democratically organized, popularly educated societies an inherent inclination toward romanticism. As no countries have carried the modern experiment so far as the English-speaking countries, we ought not to be surprised to see a strong bent toward the romantic attitude showing itself, in many directions, in an English or American public; the romantic attitude here meaning any attitude betraying absence of a full perception of the realities, or disinclination to look at them.

Out of all this we seem to draw three propositions: that democracy appears to presuppose a certain sort of popular education, that without that education there would be no democracy, and yet that that education is calculated to destroy the sense of the realities. Now how is this? The very plea made for the education which, more and more, is prevailing against the classical education, is just this—that it cultivates the true perception of real things. It is a "practical" education for that precise reason, say its advocates. Why, then, asks the writer of "The Point of View" in "Scribner's Magazine," should this same generation manifest so much liking for the romantic fiction, the romantic plays, which are a means of getting away from the real conditions of existence? He proceeds to answer this question as follows: "It may very probably be that this liking is a taste of the moment, without ulterior connections or deeper significances. And, indeed, it seems to have been too much overlooked by some writers who have no love for the novel of adventure, that it is by no means the first time in the world that romance has been in high favor. It is none the less true that this subject does suggest another of far greater moment, which is the question what the "popular" education ought to be, and whether the democratic state of modern man really needs exactly that form of it which is now so insisted upon as essential to its maintenance and well-being. To perceive the realities in the high sense, and in that sense be willing to abide by them, is never, at any time, the portion of more than the few. But general education goes forward, very properly, on the assumption that all may be made in some degree to know the life to which they belong, to realize it. Realization comes, however, only in part through the development of practical efficiency. It comes also through the unfolding of the spiritual nature, the growth of moral vision, the dreams of the imagination—to none of which is the 'classical' education a stranger."

Pleasing Kind of Mal de Mer.

News comes from Honolulu that the transport "Thomas," which reached there on August 1, having on board three hundred male and one hundred female teachers, en route for the Philippines to engage in educational service under the Taft Commission, developed a veritable matrimonial epidemic. The young men and women on board represented almost every State of the Union. After the transport left San Francisco friendships were formed which soon ripened into love, and the day prior to the arrival at Honolulu Captain Buford found that thirty couples desired the nuptial knot tied. He refused to permit the ceremony on board the vessel, and the next day a clergyman at Honolulu made the thirty pairs happy by uniting them in matrimony. Prior to the sailing of the transport from Honolulu several other cases were reported. The departure from New York last week of the fifty-four Cuban girls and twenty-four men, who have been students at the summer school of Harvard University, developed the fact that they, too, had been victims of Cupid's darts, although their courtships have only reached the engagement stage. Most of the Cuban men are returning engaged and several Harvard students and professors are said to have lost their hearts to the girls from the South. Five of the ladies took home with them diamond engagement rings.

A Humane Pater.

One reads so frequently of the paternal boot as applied to the undesirable [illegible] suitor that it is a pleasure to [illegible] the more humane method adopted by a wealthy Glasgow merchant for choking off a "follower" of his daughter. The girl was very young, so was the follower, but nevertheless he called formally on the object of his affections. The merchant and his wife entered the room, the latter bearing a glass of milk and a huge slice of bread spread with butter and jam. "Now, dear, run away to bed," said the kindly mother to her daughter; "it's time that all good girls should be in bed." Then the Glasgow merchant addressed the astonished young man: "Now, youngster, you drink that glass of milk, and take that slice of bread and jam to eat on the road home—and hurry, for your mother must be anxious about your being out so late by yourself." The young man did not call again.

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martern—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Read the two sides of this story and then give a verdict on the evidence as to the merits of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

WHAT MRS. MAYTER SUFFERED.

"I had been sick for more than a year with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Lucy Mayter, of Jacksboro, Jack Co., Texas. "Several different doctors treated me, but none did me any good. One doctor said that I never could be cured, that I had Bright's Disease. I suffered nearly death at times; had spells the doctors called spasms. Was bed-fast most of the time for six months. My mother begged me to try Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

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Anecdotal.

George Ade, the Chicago man who writes the "Fables in Slang," hails from Indiana, which he has said is a State which a man "should never go back on—or to." The other night he met an Indiana woman who asked him if he had ever noticed how many bright people came from Indiana. "Yes," he replied, "and the brighter they are the quicker they come."

The Playgoer's Dinners.

A correspondent who signs himself "Serious Playgoer" writes to the "Illustrated London News": "Is it not possible to induce the public to moderate its eating and drinking before going to the play? If you have eaten a very large meal, how can you be in the mood for real drama? Nowadays the playwright has to provide, not drama, but an aid to digestion, a kind of dramatic equivalent to the cigarette and liqueur. He may count himself happy if rows of gentlemen in white waistcoats are gently stimulated by a theatrical anecdote, set to music if possible, and enlivened by charming costumes. If his characters have any troubles, these must be comic embarrassments, not the sordid cares that crease even a white waistcoat in actual life." I see the necessity for this entertainment so long as the playgoer has no scruple about his dining. Max Beerbohm, who treats this subject with admirable philosophy, proposes that the theater shall open in the early morning. Let us take our drama, he says, after breakfast, when the mind has a dewy freshness. Let commerce and its toils be put off until the evening. This, I fear, is a poetic ideal, like asking the moon to shine in the morning and the sun to oblige about nine p.m. It is upon the playgoer's dinner that reformers must concentrate their energies."

Far Reaching Influence.

"OLD-FASHIONED Indian stories, the dime novels of years back, which were within the reach of all the boys, were an important factor in building up the great West," said a typical Westerner. "These novels used to circulate in a neighborhood till they had been read by every boy and had fallen to pieces through handling. They fired the ambition of the youngsters, set them to practising shooting and riding, and sent many of them to the West in search of adventures. Some soon returned to their homes, others became bad men and were killed in time, but the great mass of them, too proud to return home, created the vigorous, wideawake population of our Western States. I have talked to hundreds of our Western pioneers about the causes which brought them west, and a majority of them admit that dime novels had more to do with it than anything else."

A Heretic.

"The man is a driveling idiot," said the trust magnate.

"A plumb fool," agreed the coal baron.

"An unmitigated lunatic," asserted the steel king.

"Crazy as a March hare," asseverated the great financier.

"A hopeless imbecile," asserted the power in Wall street.

"Absolutely and utterly devoid of sense," chimed in the senator.

"As brainless as a barrel," added the corporation lawyer.

"But what has he done?" asked the ordinary citizen.

The crowd was convulsed with laughter.

"Why, he says," they replied, choking and gurgling, "he actually says that money isn't everything!"—Smart Set.

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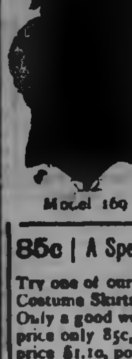

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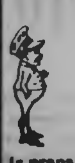

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STRICTURE Thousands of young and middle-aged men have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge. My Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby making cutting or stretching unnecessary, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous, Delicate, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female troubles.

REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention. If you cannot call write for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial savage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done uncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have hat his eye on der Bresident chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Douglas if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

Secrets Revealed by the Camera.

PROBABLY no human invention has aided the course of justice to a greater extent, says London "Tit-Bits," than the snapshot camera. It has been instrumental in condemning criminals, and has also been the means before now of saving innocent lives.

A case in point is that of Alfred Grayson, an Englishman who was living a few years ago at Rio de Janeiro. He was accused of the murder of a Brazilian named Linares, a clerk in the same office with himself. The two were known to have quarreled some days previous to the Sunday on which Linares met his death. Apparently, however, they had made up their difference, for they went out sailing that day on a small yacht which Grayson had hired.

In the evening Grayson brought the dead body of Linares home. His story was that the latter had fallen from the mast and fractured his skull. But medical evidence was of opinion the wound on the head had been made with a stick or oar. An oar was missing from the yacht's dingey. The mast-climbing story, too, sounded improbable, for the rigging was all worked from deck. Taking the recent quarrel into consideration, and Grayson's well-known violent temper, the case was black, indeed, against the Englishman. The coroner's jury had already found him guilty of murder, when a passenger on a Marseilles steamer, which had arrived in Rio on the Sunday afternoon, came forward with a new piece of evidence.

This was a snap-shot photograph taken as the vessel entered the harbor. Far away, under the cliffs, a tiny vessel was sailing, and against the white sail was a dark mark, which a powerful magnifier proved to be a falling man. By an almost miraculous coincidence the camera had been snapped just as Linares fell. The photograph turned the scale in Grayson's favor.

Almost equally curious is the way in which a photograph aided justice in the Cooper murder case. Cooper was assistant to a young blacksmith named McKenna in a Lanarkshire village. Both men were known to be fond of the same girl. One day Cooper was found dead on the floor of the smithy. He had been poisoned with carbolic acid. McKenna was suspected, but there was no proof whatever of his having ever bought or owned any carbolic acid, while Cooper was known to have purchased, as a toothache remedy, the phial found beside his dead body. "Death from misadventure" was the verdict.

Shortly afterwards McKenna was arrested. It appeared that an English tourist provided with a kodak had passed through the village on the very morning of the murder. Attracted by the quaintness of the old forge, he had taken several snap-shots of it. The photographer went on to stay in an out-of-the-way part of the Highlands, and did not hear of Cooper's death for some days. Then he hastened to develop his plates. Plain in one of the pictures were three bottles on a shelf. Two were beer bottles, the third was unmistakably one of those fluted blue glass bottles in which poisons are sold. It had also a label on it, and though the wording on this could not be read, yet on the strength of this evidence the police made a thorough search of McKenna's premises. They found the remains of the bottle in question in an old well, and proved that it had contained carbolic acid. Then McKenna confessed his guilt.

The more recent developments of scientific photography must make the criminal feel less secure than he used to. One of those thieves who make a living by van-robbing got an unpleasant shock one day in March last. He had safely got off with a tub of butter which he had stolen from the tail of a wagon as it was crossing a bridge in Rochester, N.Y. The deadly witness against him was a photograph taken by telephotography from the top of a neighboring high building.

A biograph picture of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge over the Niagara Gorge was recently taken, and, when developed, thrown upon the canvas at a music hall at Toronto. It was then noticed for the first time by the audience that a human body was tossing and spinning in the whirling waters. Search was at once made, and the body of a missing and much-advertised suicide was discovered, still caught in the furious suction of the whirlpool.

Hindu criminals succeed by long practice in forming a little bag in their throats into which they can guide jewels when they steal them. Last September a native was arrested for stealing a diamond worth 10,000 rupees from a jeweler's window in Calcutta. But as the evidence was only circumstantial, and possession unproved, he would have been liberated had it not occurred to the police to have an X-ray photograph taken of his throat. That showed the gem safely hidden in the little sac. The thief was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but he still refuses to give up the diamond.

The Roentgen-ray photography has also been instrumental in adding several thousand pounds to the Customs revenue of Buenos Ayres within the last year. Valuable jewelry on which no duty was being paid was known to be coming into the country in letters. It is, however, illegal to open letters or stamped packages, so the law-breakers went unchecked. At last, in June, 1900, several registered letters and packages were examined under X-rays in the presence of the Argentine Postmaster-General. Sixty-six suspected packages contained $4400 worth of jewelry, and were, of course, all confiscated.

What She Said.

It wasn't a smoking compartment, but they were using it for that purpose all the same, and she was too modest to object. By and by the two men got into a discussion over the woman question, and at last one of them, an unregenerate bachelor, appealed to the lady thus:

"Do you think there will be men in heaven, miss?"

She blushed.

"No!" she said. "They will want to go somewhere where they can smoke."

The discussion stopped; so did the smoking.

To be acceptable to the aristocracy one must be an ass or a millionaire.

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah!
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Gaswell—The Czar of Russia now has our daughters. Mr. Gaswell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Four Leaved Clover.

I WAS hard at work drawing a bird, which might eventually draw a cheque, when the doorbell sounded. I didn't want to be interrupted, for my editor, as a few editors are, was a soulless brute where promptitude was concerned, and my drawing had to be completed.

In a moment the servant brought in a card. It was the proper size and all that, and the name upon it was "Mr. Edward Ross."

Now, there are peculiarities about cards, and somehow this one rather impressed me. I knew no one of that name, yet the neat, white thing was unmistakable; so, laying down my brush, I sought the reception-room.

A big, trim-looking young fellow faced me, a wonderfully musical voice bade me good-morning with a certain cheery smoothness which was very pleasing, and a pair of particularly keen eyes took me in from head to foot, then apparently fixed themselves upon my left ear.

"I'm afraid you are busy?" he remarked, as his eyes shifted from my ear.

At that instant I remembered a second brush, for the moment forgotten in its usual place.

"Not too busy for business," I replied, at the same time saying inwardly, "You've got a quick eye and wit."

"Good—it's business," he commented. "The fact is, a friend of mine wants a story of the Speedway according to this memo. He asked me to get it; I made a few enquiries; Mr. —— advised seeing you." As he concluded he handed me the slip of paper, upon which was scribbled. "Conception, prime movers, construction, cost, prominent patrons, value to public, undesirable features, if any; interesting as possible; not to exceed five thousand words."

"That's all easy enough, if the price be right," I said.

"I am at liberty to offer you $——, providing the story reaches him by the fifteenth," he continued.

There was ample time, so I closed with the offer, and the business end of the interview was reached.

"How far is this Speedway from here? I've never seen it," he said, as he prepared to leave.

"Only a few blocks," I replied; then, urged by a sudden impulse, I added: "If you don't mind waiting twenty minutes in my shop while I finish a small matter, I'll take you up there."

"Good," he replied. "I shall be only too happy, if you are sure I'm not too much trouble."

"This way," I replied. "Smoke up and talk as much as you want to—doesn't bother me in the least."

His eyes lighted with pleasure as they fell upon the almost completed drawing, and his remarks presently proved that he knew the bird well. In a few moments I was busy with finishing touches; and, while he said little, his keen eyes noted every move with absorbed interest. After a bit I laid aside brushes, picked up the glass, verified the work and rose.

"Take a look through the glass," I said. "It'll show you what the result will be."

He looked long and smiled approval.

"It's wonderful," he said, "what knowledge and skill can do. That bird is all right. I can't do such things, but I have a rare good eye. That little drawing carries me back to a place far away, where that bird made its home in a certain tree. I know him well and—would—would you sell me that? I mean after you are through with it," he hastily added.

"No, but I'll give it to you three weeks hence. I can't sell it twice, you know," I retorted, laughing.

"I'll take you at your word, and I'll get hunk," he retorted, meaningly.

In a few moments the drawing was ready for mailing, and we started. The first mail-box trapped the bird; then we swung away for our destination. From the bridge we looked down upon athletic field and ball-grounds, and here my companion's personal knowledge of Upper Manhattan ended. Once upon the Speedway he became as animated as an eager boy, but the shrewd comments he made upon every important feature proved him to be rarely well informed concerning the cost of and work and the requirements of a fast, safe course. Before we had passed beneath the mighty arches which eloquently declare man's mastery over natural obstacles, he had me wondering, for those keen eyes of his saw everything and his crisp remarks proved that he had read much and had a wonderful memory.

Those who have not seen the Speedway can have no conception of its beauty. Upon the one hand the broad water, yet stirring with the pulse of the distant sea; beyond that, noble hills rolling away in tremendous, halted billows of green; beside you the low stone wall, with its guarding metal rail; then the broad-flagged walk; then the Way itself, broad and ample and carefully brushed as smooth as a yellow carpet. Across it, another broad walk, and towering far above it, tremendous cliffs of roughest rock, with grand trees clinging where they may and brush and creepers draping with lovely screen all traces of man's wondrous effort. Such is the magic roadway which the wizard money conjured from among rock-masses flung by warring forces in mystic days of old. Legends of giants' hour and crafty elves cling like lichens to these rocks, but now, at their bases, curves a modern race-course, printed by the flying feet of the swiftest light-harness horses the world contains.

As we strolled along a beautiful brown colt passed at top speed, his gait the perfection of smooth trotting, the dainty pneumatic seeming hardly to touch the ground. Soon he came jogging back, full of fire and eager for another burst. I knew the driver, and in response to my query of "Anything doing to-day?" he replied, "Sure—the match—start in 'bout an hour."

Then I remembered that a couple of rival gentlemen drivers had matched their favorite fliers weeks before, and that this was the day of the race. Furthermore, I was aware that big money had been wagered and that a [illegible] race was expected. The coming contest explained the deserted appearance of the Speedway—beyond a doubt a [illegible] gathered about the headquarters of the further [illegible]

I explained the situation to Ross, and suggested our walking where we were [illegible] for the finish.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

that would rise between them, and all for love of the same fair face.

CHAPTER VII.

"Tell me you love me, and will be my Bride."

The letter Farmer Gordon had written to Alexander Hamilton—telling him of his change of fortune, and that he intended sending the girls to Cape May,—alarmed the latter at once. He had come on without delay.

Olive and Hetty were delighted to see him, and they both noticed with wonder how anxiously he inquired after Daisy almost before the greetings were over.

"I thought you were to be away a year, and that we should not see you for that length of time, Aleck?" said Hetty, with an arch smile.

"It is a great loss to my business that I am here," he replied ruefully; "but I—I— could not stay away when I heard you were all here."

Both girls blushed violently, but, before either could reply, he asked hurriedly:

"Where is Daisy?"

"Moping in her room at the hotel, I suppose," laughed Olive. "Ah, here she comes now!" she added, espying the slender figure of Daisy, in white tulle and blue ribbons, hurrying over the sand toward them.

Aleck turned quickly, his heart in his eyes, as he watched Daisy.

Daisy stopped short as she saw the tall figure of a man standing beside her sisters.

"Oh, it's you, is it, Mr. Aleck?" she cried, in apparent relief; "I thought it was a stranger."

Aleck's heart gave a great throb as he held the little fluttering white hand in his.

"Are you pleased to see me, Daisy?" he asked eagerly.

"Yes," she answered, and he started back at the strangeness of her voice; and, looking anxiously into her face, he could see by the bright, white light of the moon how pale and wan it was.

Could it be that she had cared for him —that she had missed him, and was grieving over his absence?

It was sad to see how he caught and clung to the wild hope— he loved little Daisy so madly.

It was a torture to both Olive and Hetty Gordon to see Daisy monopolize handsome Aleck's society, during the hour that followed on the beach.

For the first time both the girls noticed how "taken up," to use their own phrase, he was with Daisy; he had no eyes for any one else.

That night the three sister had a violent quarrel in their room.

Both girls insisted that Daisy should be sent home, declaring she should not remain to spoil the chance of either one or the other winning Aleck Hamilton, for he had signified his intention of remaining at least a fortnight.

"If that is all, I will agree to avoid Aleck," said Daisy, wiping the tears from her lovely blue eyes; "either one of you can have him for all I care."

That was how it happened that she avoided Aleck so persistently, and caused him to be most recklessly desperate in his attempts to see her, and have a good talk with her.

He made a confidante of Mrs. Burnett at last, begging her to give him just one opportunity of seeing Daisy, when her body guards, as he designated Olive and Hetty, were not about.

Mrs. Burnett sympathised deeply with the handsome, impetuous young lover; she would have been delighted to have seen Daisy and Aleck marry, if her favorite niece had been older by a year or so; still, as it was, she was not inclined to throw a straw in the way of his wooing.

Matters might have gone on forever in this way had not a thrilling event transpired which changed the currents of two lives.

It happened that Mrs. Burnett and Daisy were walking on the beach one afternoon, when Aleck joined them, and at that very instant a small boy sporting in the waves a few feet from them gave a sharp, quick cry.

In an instant they comprehended what had happened; the lad had lost his hold of the life- rope, and the under- current had carried him out as it receded.

The lad's cry had reached the ears of a lady on the adjacent hotel veranda.

With a cry that those who heard it never forgot, she sprung down the beach, crying:

"Oh, for the love of heaven save him! He is my only son— my only child!"

She was frantic with agony and terror, and those about could hardly restrain her from flinging herself into the mad waters that engulfed her boy.

A hand, strong and gentle, drew her back; it was Aleck, his noble face all aglow.

"Courage!" he cried. "I will save the boy or perish with him."

In a flash he had torn off his coat and was breasting the mad waves, shouting lustily to the drowning lad.

It seemed to Daisy, who watched with bated breath, an age until he reached the boy.

A hoarse cry rose from the throats of the spectators on shore.

"They are both going—— Look! young Hamilton has sunk. See, there is a violent summer storm coming up. Ah, how heavy the sea is! God help the noble fellow who has periled his life, but I fear it is all useless."

These and many such were the comments Daisy heard all about her.

Then, standing there— watching in agony too pitifully agonizing for words, while he made that violent death struggle— the terrible truth rushed across her mind— she loved Aleck, the girlish heart that had been slumbering awakened now to full consciousness. Yes, she knew the truth now, she loved him, life would be all over for her if he lost his life.

What to her was the throng about her?

"Oh, God! save Aleck!" that was the cry that rose from her lips to the blue heavens.

A life- boat had been sent out, and more dead than alive Aleck was brought to shore, still clutching the lad in his arms.

Loud and mighty was the shout that greeted him, but Aleck was deaf to their cries of joy and praise; even the agonized voice of Daisy fell upon deadened senses as she knelt beside him, praying him to open his eyes and speak to her.

To be Continued.

One of Napoleon's Boasts.

WE who know the last as well as the first of Napoleon, who have read about Moscow, Leipsic, Elba, Waterloo and St. Helena as studiously as about the campaigns in Italy, and Marengo, Jena and Austerlitz, cannot fully comprehend with what reverence some of his apophthegms were received by the French when he was still unbeaten and apparently unbeatable. One of his boasts was that he was not governed by circumstances; that he made circumstances and was superior to them. When someone hinted that destiny might compass his defeat he replied that destiny would not dare. Even Victor Hugo, half a century after Waterloo, was blinded by the light of Napoleon's genius, and treated him as a Titan, fit to contend, though vainly, with high heaven. It was not Wellington, not Blucher who defeated Napoleon, says Hugo in his beautiful rhapsody on Waterloo; it was God. Napoleon, he declares, with blasphemous brilliancy, embarrassed God. "Waterloo was a change of front on the part of the universe"—the quotation is from memory—"in the new series of facts there was no room for Napoleon. Therefore a second-class commander won a first-class battle."

A good many believe with Napoleon that genius rises above circumstances. Napoleon's boastful epigram has been declared a rule of faith by successful men, who scout the idea of village Hampdens and mute, inglorious Miltons. But the epigram is nothing but a boast. It is not true. We are held fast in the vise of circumstances and are not completely masters of our fate. Luck enters into every game, even the game of life. No man can arrange the cards in the game with destiny, for destiny always deals. It may rain some day when the best laid plans call for sunshine, and the plans may be pulverized. At Austerlitz, which was fought at dawn, Napoleon said: "We have a rendezvous with the sun and both parties are on time." The Sun of Austerlitz became a superstition in the Grand Army.

But at Waterloo there was another rendezvous with the sun and the sun was tardy. Waterloo is the convincing answer to Napoleon's boast and to the precept that great men are superior to circumstances. Hugo points out that accidents defeated Napoleon. His plan, as experts admit, was a masterpiece. But he reckoned without luck. The battle was to have commenced at dawn, but rain fell the previous night, and the ground became too muddy for the manoeuvres of artillery. Napoleon therefore delayed the assault nearly six hours, until the ground became firmer. That delay gave Blucher time to come up when he was needed and to turn the tide of the fray. The rainfall defeated Napoleon and drove him to St. Helena. A peasant guide led Blucher aright, and he chanced to debouch on the field from the point and at the moment where and when he was supremely effective. Another peasant guide led Grouchy astray and he did not arrive. Had it not rained before the battle, had Blucher had a bad guide and Grouchy a good one, history might have been different. Napoleon was conquered by circumstances.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

A Damaging Defence.

Mark Twain, says "Life" has got support from an unexpected quarter in his efforts to demonstrate the impropriety of some things done by missionaries in China. In the "Forum" a missionary named Gilbert Reid has defended looting by missionaries with so much candor and jauntiness, and has so gloried in such looting as he did himself, as not to leave the critics of the looting missionaries much to do to prove their case. "Anyone who was sorry for the American missionaries in China, because our Brother Mark found fault with some things that some of them did, will be doubly sorry for them when he reads their defence by the Rev. Gilbert Reid. They may have justly incurred Mark's strictures, but they never deserved the Rev. Reid's defence.

Annexing New Languages.

In the new editions of the dictionaries many thousands of new words are announced. The English-speaking nations are the growing nations, comments an exchange, and the English language is the expanding language; it is annexing everything useful from every other language of the world. The difference between the comparatively modest volume which Noah Webster got out and the ponderous unabridged work of to-day, representing the toil and the knowledge and the research of hundreds of the ablest scholars of the world shows the marvelous development. One interesting feature of this expansion is the gradual elimination of italicizing. Not many years ago it was the custom to put any word that had a foreign look about it in italics; now we use this as our own as coolly as we vote a naturalized immigrant in a close primary. The effect is rather curious. It has discouraged the use of foreign phrases, and the ambitious one who wants to display his smattering of French in an English article finds his importations supplanted by home products. The editor makes the change, unless there are special reasons why it should not be done. The gain to the average reader, who dislikes to stumble against such affectation without knowing what the strange words mean, is great. So marked, indeed, has been this change that the typesetting machines, by which the newspapers of the world are now set up, have no italic letters, except where they are especially required.

A cheap-Jack butcher brought his cart to a standstill in Petticoat Lane. A miserable old woman eyed closely the heap of bones and gristle which was referred to by the butcher as joints and steaks. She was evidently very poor indeed, as she hesitated to pay threepence for a scaleful of "selected bits." "'Ere, 'ave 'em for tuppence," growled the butcher. "Too much," said the woman. "'Ave 'em at a penny." Still the woman hesitated. There was a look of pity, mixed with disgust, on his face as he yelled: "Still too much? 'Ere, 'ang it! I'll turn me back while you sneak 'em!"—London "Spare Moments."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Miss Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Miss Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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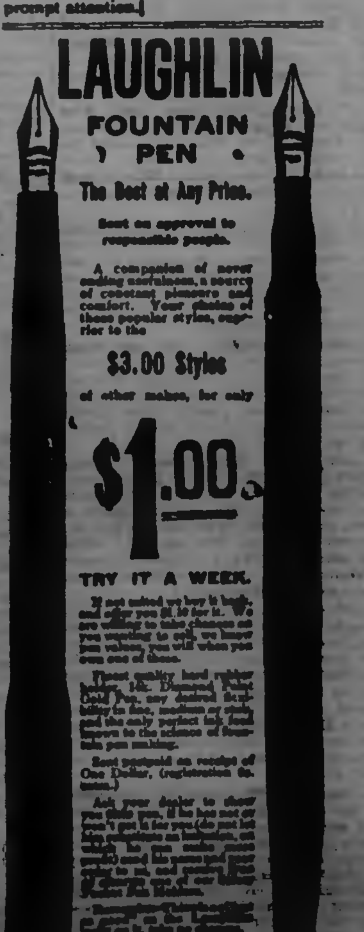

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King Edward VII. Notepaper

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All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave. DETROIT, MICH.

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial usage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done oncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have hat his eye on der President chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Douglas if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny —A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

Secrets Revealed by the Camera.

PROBABLY no human invention has aided the course of justice to a greater extent, says London "Tit-Bits," than the snapshot camera. It has been instrumental in condemning criminals, and has also been the means before now of saving innocent lives.

A case in point is that of Alfred Grayson, an Englishman who was living a few years ago at Rio de Janeiro. He was accused of the murder of a Brazilian named Linares, a clerk in the same office with himself. The two were known to have quarrelled some days previous to the Sunday on which Linares met his death. Apparently, however, they had made up their difference, for they went out sailing that day on a small yacht which Grayson had hired.

In the evening Grayson brought the dead body of Linares home. His story was that the latter had fallen from the mast and fractured his skull. But medical evidence was of opinion the wound on the head had been made with a stick or oar. An oar was missing from the yacht's dingey. The mast-climbing story, too, sounded improbable, for the rigging was all worked from deck. Taking the recent quarrel into consideration, and Grayson's well-known violent temper, the case was black, indeed, against the Englishman. The coroner's jury had already found him guilty of murder, when a passenger on a Marseilles steamer, which had arrived in Rio on the Sunday afternoon, came forward with a new piece of evidence.

This was a snap-shot photograph taken as the vessel entered the harbor. Far away, under the cliffs, a tiny vessel was sailing, and against the white sail was a dark mark, which a powerful magnifier proved to be a falling man. By an almost miraculous coincidence the camera had been snapped just as Linares fell. The photograph turned the scale in Grayson's favor.

Almost equally curious is the way in which a photograph aided justice in the Cooper murder case. Cooper was assistant to a young blacksmith named McKenna in a Lanarkshire village. Both men were known to be fond of the same girl. One day Cooper was found dead on the floor of the smithy. He had been poisoned with carbolic acid. McKenna was suspected, but there was no proof whatever of his having ever bought or owned any carbolic acid, while Cooper was known to have purchased, as a toothache remedy, the phial found beside his dead body. "Death from misadventure" was the verdict.

Shortly afterwards McKenna was arrested. It appeared that an English tourist provided with a kodak had passed through the village on the very morning of the murder. Attracted by the quaintness of the old forge, he had taken several snap-shots of it. The photographer went on to stay in an out-of-the-way part of the Highlands, and did not hear of Cooper's death for some days. Then he hastened to develop his plates. Plain in one of the pictures were three bottles on a shelf. Two were beer bottles, the third was unmistakably one of those fluted blue glass bottles in which poisons are sold. It had also a label on it, and though the wording on this could not be read, yet on the strength of this evidence the police made a thorough search of McKenna's premises. They found the remains of the bottle in question in an old well, and proved that it had contained carbolic acid. Then McKenna confessed his guilt.

The more recent developments of scientific photography must make the criminal feel less secure than he used to. One of those thieves who make a living by van-robbing got an unpleasant shock one day in March last. He had safely got off with a tub of butter which he had stolen from the tail of a wagon as it was crossing a bridge in Rochester, N.Y. The deadly witness against him was a photograph taken by telephotography from the top of a neighboring high building.

A biograph picture of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge over the Niagara Gorge was recently taken, and, when developed, thrown upon the canvas at a music hall at Toronto. It was then noticed for the first time by the audience that a human body was tossing and spinning in the whirling waters. Search was at once made, and the body of a missing and much-advertised suicide was discovered, still caught in the furious suction of the whirlpool.

Hindu criminals succeed by long practice in forming a little bag in their throats into which they can guide jewels when they steal them. Last September a native was arrested for stealing a diamond worth 10,000 rupees from a jeweler's window in Calcutta. But as the evidence was only circumstantial, and possession unproved, he would have been liberated had it not occurred to the police to have an X-ray photograph taken of his throat. That showed the gem safely hidden in the little sac. The thief was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but he still refuses to give up the diamond.

The Roentgen-ray photography has also been instrumental in adding several thousand pounds to the Customs revenue of Buenos Ayres within the last year. Valuable jewelry on which no duty was being paid was known to be coming into the country in letters. It is, however, illegal to open letters or stamped packages, so the law-breakers were unchecked. At last, in June, 1900, several registered letters and packages were examined under X-rays in the presence of the Argentine Postmaster-General. Sixty-six suspected packages contained $4,000 worth of jewelry, and were, of course, all confiscated.

What She Said.

It wasn't a smoking compartment, but they were using it for that purpose all the same, and she was too modest to object. By and by the two men got into a discussion over the woman question, and at last one of them, an unregenerate bachelor, appealed to the lady thus:

"Do you think there will be men in heaven, miss?"

She blushed.

"No!" she said. "They will want to go somewhere where they can smoke."

The discussion stopped; so did the smoking.

To be acceptable to the aristocracy one must be as new or a millionaire.

A Sad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah;
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Carwell—The Czar of Russia now has four daughters. Mr. Carwell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A Four Leaved Clover.

I WAS hard at work drawing a bird, which might eventually draw a cheque, when the doorbell sounded. I didn't want to be interrupted, for my editor, as a few editors are, was a soulless brute where promptitude was concerned, and my drawing had to be completed.

In a moment the servant brought in a card. It was the proper size and all that, and the name upon it was "Mr. Edward Ross."

Now, there are peculiarities about cards, and somehow this one rather impressed me. I knew no one of that name, yet the neat, white thing was unmistakable; so, laying down my brush, I sought the reception-room.

A big, trim-looking young fellow faced me, a wonderfully musical voice bade me good-morning with a certain cheery smoothness which was very pleasing, and a pair of particularly keen eyes took me in from head to foot, then apparently fixed themselves upon my left ear.

"I'm afraid you are busy?" he remarked, as his eyes shifted from my ear.

At that instant I remembered a second brush, for the moment forgotten in its usual place.

"Not too busy for business," I replied, at the same time saying inwardly, "You've got a quick eye and wit."

"Good—it's business," he commented. "The fact is, a friend of mine wants a story of the Speedway according to this memo. He asked me to get it; I made a few enquiries; Mr. —— advised seeing you." As he concluded he handed me the slip of paper, upon which was scribbled, "Conception, prime movers, construction, cost, prominent patrons, value to public, undesirable features, if any; interesting as possible; not to exceed five thousand words."

"That's all easy enough, if the price be right," I said.

"I am at liberty to offer you $——, providing the story reaches him by the fifteenth," he continued.

There was ample time, so I closed with the offer, and the business end of the interview was reached.

"How far is this Speedway from here? I've never seen it," he said, as he prepared to leave.

"Only a few blocks," I replied; then, urged by a sudden impulse, I added: "If you don't mind waiting twenty minutes in my shop while I finish a small matter, I'll take you up there."

"Good," he replied. "I shall be only too happy, if you are sure I'm not too much trouble."

"This way," I replied. "Smoke up and talk as much as you want to—doesn't bother me in the least."

His eyes lighted with pleasure as they fell upon the almost completed drawing, and his remarks presently proved that he knew the bird well. In a few moments I was busy with finishing touches; and, while he said little, his keen eyes noted every move with absorbed interest. After a bit I laid aside brushes, picked up the glass, verified the work and rose.

"Take a look through the glass," I said. "It'll show you what the result will be."

He looked long and smiled approval.

"It's wonderful," he said, "what knowledge and skill can do. That bird is all right. I can't do such things, but I have a rare good eye. That little drawing carries me back to a place far away, where that bird made his home in a certain tree.—I know him well and—would—would you sell me that? I mean after you are through with it," he hastily added.

"No, but I'll give it to you three weeks hence. I can't sell it twice, you know," I retorted, laughing.

"I'll take you at your word, and I'll get hunk," he retorted, meaningly.

In a few moments the drawing was ready for mailing, and we started. The first mail-box trapped the bird; then we swung away for our destination. From the bridge we looked down upon athletic field and ball-grounds, and here my companion's personal knowledge of Upper Manhattan ended. Once upon the Speedway he became as animated as an eager boy, but the shrewd comments he made upon every important feature proved him to be rarely well informed concerning the cost of and work and the requirements of a fast, safe course. Before we had passed beneath the mighty arches which eloquently declare man's mastery over natural obstacles, he had me wondering, for those keen eyes of his saw everything and his crisp remarks proved that he had read much and had a wonderful memory.

Those who have not seen the Speedway can have no conception of its beauty. Upon the one hand the broad water, yet stirring with the pulse of the distant sea; beyond that, noble hills rolling away in tremendous, halted billows of green; beside you the low stone wall, with its guarding metal rails, then the broad-flagged walk; then the Way itself, broad and ample and carefully brushed as smooth as a yellow carpet. Across it, another broad walk, and towering far above it, tremendous cliffs of roughest rock, with grand trees clinging where they may and brush and creepers draping with leafy screen all traces of man's wondrous effort. Such is the magic roadway which the wizard money conjured from among rock-masses flung by warring forces in mystic days of old. Legends of giants' hour and crafty elves cling like lichens to these rocks, but now, at their bases, curves a modern race-course, printed by the flying feet of the swiftest light-harness horses the world contains.

As we strolled along a beautiful brown colt passed at top speed, his gait the perfection of smooth trotting, the dainty pneumatic seeming hardly to touch the ground. Soon he came jogging back, full of fire and eager for another burst. I knew the driver, and in response to my query of "Anything doing to-day?" he replied, "Sure—the match—start in 'bout an hour."

Then I remembered that a couple of rival gentlemen drivers had matched their favorite fliers weeks before, and that this was the day of the race. Furthermore, I was aware that big money had been wagered and that a cracking race was expected. The coming contest explained the deserted appearance of the Speedway—beyond a doubt a crowd of keen horsemen was gathered about the headquarters at the farther end of the course.

I explained the situation to Ross, and suggested our waiting where we were for a while, as we were near [illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

that would rise between them, and all for love of the same fair face.

CHAPTER VII.

"Tell me you love me, and will be my Bride."

The letter Farmer Gordon had written to Alexander Hamilton—telling him of his change of fortune, and that he intended sending the girls to Cape May, —alarmed the latter at once. He had come on without delay.

Olive and Hetty were delighted to see him, and they both noticed with wonder how anxiously he inquired after Daisy almost before the greetings were over.

"I thought you were to be away a year, and that we should not see you for that length of time, Aleck?" said Hetty, with an arch smile.

"It is a great loss to my business that I am here," he replied ruefully; "but I—I— could not stay away when I heard you were all here."

Both girls blushed violently, but, before either could reply, he asked hurriedly:

"Where is Daisy?"

"Moping in her room at the hotel, I suppose," laughed Olive. "Ah, here she comes now!" she added, espying the slender figure of Daisy, in white tulle and blue ribbons, hurrying over the sand toward them.

Aleck turned quickly; his heart in his eyes, as he watched Daisy.

Daisy stopped short as she saw the tall figure of a man standing beside her sisters.

"Oh, it's you, is it, Mr. Aleck?" she cried, in apparent relief.; "I thought it was a stranger."

Aleck's heart gave a great throb as he held the little fluttering white hand in his.

"Are you pleased to see me, Daisy?" he asked eagerly.

"Yes," she answered, and he started back at the strangeness of her voice; and, looking anxiously into her face, he could see by the bright, white light of the moon how pale and wan it was.

Could it be that she had cared for him —that she had missed him, and was grieving over his absence?

It was sad to see how he caught and clung to the wild hope— he loved little Daisy so madly.

It was a torture to both Olive and Hetty Gordon to see Daisy monopolize handsome Aleck's society, during the hour that followed on the beach.

For the first time both the girls noticed how "taken up," to use their own phrase, he was with Daisy; he had no eyes for any one else.

That night the three sister had a violent quarrel in their room.

Both girls insisted that Daisy should be sent home, declaring she should not remain to spoil the chance of either one or the other winning Aleck Hamilton, for he had signified his intention of remaining at least a fortnight.

"If that is all, I will agree to avoid Aleck," said Daisy, wiping the tears from her lovely blue eyes; "either one of you can have him for all I care."

That was how it happened that she avoided Aleck so persistently, and caused him to be most recklessly desperate in his attempts to see her, and have a good talk with her.

He made a confidante of Mrs. Burnett at last, begging her to give him just one opportunity of seeing Daisy, when her body guards, as he designated Olive and Hetty, were not about.

Mrs. Burnett sympathized deeply with the handsome, impetuous young lover; she would have been delighted to have seen Daisy and Aleck marry, if her favorite niece had been older by a year or so; still, as it was, she was not inclined to throw a straw in the way of his wooing.

Matters might have gone on forever in this way had not a thrilling event transpired which changed the currents of two lives.

It happened that Mrs. Burnett and Daisy were walking on the beach one afternoon, when Aleck joined them, and at that very instant a small boy sporting in the waves a few feet from them gave a sharp, quick cry.

In an instant they comprehended what had happened; the lad had lost his hold of the life- rope, and the under- current had carried him out as it receded.

The lad's cry had reached the ears of a lady on the adjacent hotel veranda.

With a cry that those who heard it never forgot, she sprung down the beach, crying:

"Oh, for the love of heaven save him! He is my only son— my only child!"

She was frantic with agony and terror, and those about could hardly restrain her from flinging herself into the mad waters that engulfed her boy.

A hand, strong and gentle, drew her back; it was Aleck, his noble face all aglow.

"Courage!" he cried. "I will save the boy or perish with him."

In a flash he had torn off his coat and was breasting the mad waves, shouting lustily to the drowning lad.

It seemed to Daisy, who watched with bated breath, an age until he reached the boy.

A hoarse cry rose from the throats of the spectators on shore.

"They are both going—— Look! young Hamilton has sunk. See, there is a violent summer storm coming up. Ah, how heavy the sea is! God help the noble fellow who has periled his life, but I fear it is all useless."

These and many such were the comments Daisy heard all about her.

Then, standing there— watching in agony too pitifully agonizing for words, while he made that violent death struggle— the terrible truth rushed across her mind— she loved Aleck, the girlish heart that had been slumbering awakened now to full consciousness. Yes, she knew the truth now, she loved him, life would be all over for her if he lost his life.

What to her was the throng about her?

"Oh, God! save Aleck!" that was the cry that rose from her lips to the blue heavens.

A life- boat had been sent out, and more dead than alive Aleck was brought to shore, still clutching the lad in his arms.

Loud and mighty was the shout that greeted him, but Aleck was deaf to their cries of joy and praise; even the agonized voice of Daisy fell upon deadened senses as she knelt beside him, praying him to open his eyes and speak to her.

To be Continued.

One of Napoleon's Boasts.

WE who know the last as well as the first of Napoleon, who have read about Moscow, Leipsitz, Elba, Waterloo and St. Helena as studiously as about the campaigns in Italy, and Marengo, Jena and Austerlitz, cannot fully comprehend with what reverence some of his apophthegms were received by the French when he was still unbeaten and apparently unbeatable. One of his boasts was that he was not governed by circumstances; that he made circumstances and was superior to them. When someone hinted that destiny might compass his defeat he replied that destiny would not dare. Even Victor Hugo, half a century after Waterloo, was blinded by the light of Napoleon's genius, and treated him as a Titan, fit to contend, though vainly, with high heaven. It was not Wellington, not Blucher who defeated Napoleon, says Hugo in his beautiful rhapsody on Waterloo; it was God. Napoleon, he declares, with blasphemous brilliancy, embarrassed God. "Waterloo was a change of front on the part of the universe"—the quotation is from memory —"in the new series of facts there was no room for Napoleon. Therefore a second-class commander won a first-class battle."

A good many believe with Napoleon that genius rises above circumstances. Napoleon's boastful epigram has been declared a rule of faith by successful men, who scout the idea of village Hampdens and mute, inglorious Miltons. But the epigram is nothing but a boast. It is not true. We are held fast in the vise of circumstances and are not completely masters of our fate. Luck enters into every game, even the game of life. No man can arrange the cards in the game with destiny, for destiny always deals. It may rain some day when the best laid plans call for sunshine, and the plans may be pulverized. At Austerlitz, which was fought at dawn, Napoleon said: "We have a rendezvous with the sun and both parties are on time." The Sun of Austerlitz became a superstition in the Grand Army.

But at Waterloo there was another rendezvous with the sun and the sun was tardy. Waterloo is the convincing answer to Napoleon's boast and to the precept that great men are superior to circumstances. Hugo points out that accidents defeated Napoleon. His plan, as experts admit, was a masterpiece. But he reckoned without luck. The battle was to have commenced at dawn, but rain fell the previous night, and the ground became too muddy for the manoeuvres of artillery. Napoleon therefore delayed the assault nearly six hours, until the ground became firmer. That delay gave Blucher time to come up when he was needed and to turn the tide of the fray. The rainfall defeated Napoleon and drove him to St. Helena. A peasant guide led Blucher aright, and he chanced to debouch on the field from the point and at the moment where and when he was supremely effective. Another peasant guide led Grouchy astray and he did not arrive. Had it not rained before the battle, had Blucher had a bad guide and Grouchy a good one, history might have been different. Napoleon was conquered by circumstances.—San Francisco "Bulletin."

A Damaging Defence.

Mark Twain, says "Life," has got support from an unexpected quarter in his efforts to demonstrate the impropriety of some things done by missionaries in China. In the "Forum" a missionary named Gilbert Reid has defended looting by missionaries with so much candor and jauntiness, and has so gloried in such looting as he did himself, as not to leave the critics of the looting missionaries much to do to prove their case. "Anyone who was sorry for the American missionaries in China, because our Brother Mark found fault with some things that some of them did, will be doubly sorry for them when he reads their defence by the Rev. Gilbert Reid. They may have justly incurred Mark's strictures, but they never deserved the Rev. Reid's defence.

Amazing New Languages.

In the new editions of the dictionaries many thousands of new words are announced. The English-speaking nations are the growing nations, comments an exchange, and the English language is the expanding language; it is annexing everything useful from every other language of the world. The difference between the comparatively modest volume which Noah Webster got out and the ponderous unabridged work of to-day, representing the toil and the knowledge and the research of hundreds of the ablest scholars of the world, shows the marvelous development. One interesting feature of this expansion is the gradual elimination of italicising. Not many years ago it was the custom to put any word that had a foreign look about it in italics; now we use this as our own as coolly as we vote a naturalized immigrant in a close primary. The effect is rather curious. It has discouraged the use of foreign phrases, and the ambitious one who wants to display his smattering of French in an English article finds his importations supplanted by home products. The editor makes the change, unless there are special reasons why it should not be done. The gain to the average reader, who dislikes to stumble against such affectation without knowing what the strange words mean, is great. So marked, indeed, has been this change that the typesetting machines, by which the newspapers of the world are now set up, have no italic letters, except where they are especially required.

A cheap-Jack butcher brought his cart to a standstill in Petticoat Lane. A miserable old woman eyed closely the heap of bones and gristle which was referred to by the butcher as joints and steaks. She was evidently very poor indeed, as she hesitated to pay threepence for a scaleful of "selected bits." "'Ere, 'ave 'em for tuppence," growled the butcher. "Too much," said the woman. "'Ave 'em at a penny." Still the woman hesitated. There was a look of pity, mixed with disgust, on his face as he yelled: "Still too much? 'Ere, 'ang it! I'll turn me back while you sneak 'em!"—London "Spare Moments."

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Miss Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Miss Cruikshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act, within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

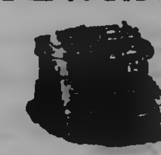
4 Per cent paid, on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

RODS for locating gold and silver ores, buried treasure, or money. Guaranteed to work or money refunded. Circle to us and testimonials free. References, any express company in Dallas. T. S. Agency, Box 278 H. Dallas Texas U.S.A.

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

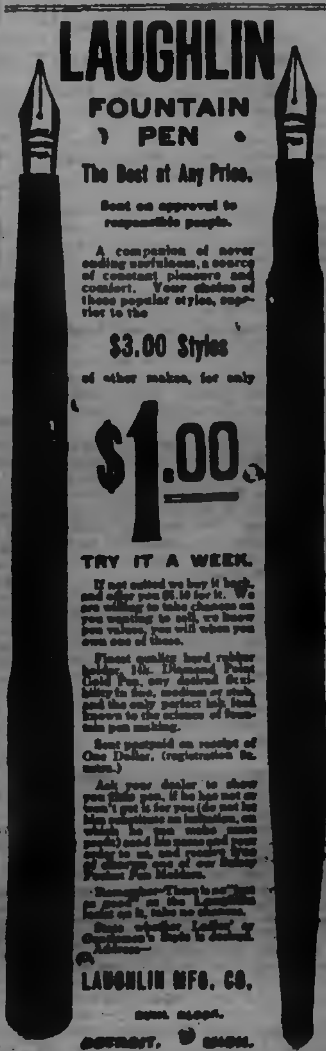
Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.



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The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar. (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen. If he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.

Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.

[illegible]

DETROIT, MICH.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1898, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

Greatest Bargains

IN GROCERIES

Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at

KIDD'S

388 George Street

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 2, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. Warren Hall began his duties as market clerk yesterday.

—Work has been commenced on the Rubidge street sewer.

—A golf club has been organized at Havelock, and grounds have been secured close to the village.

—A large amount of hay was offered for sale on the market yesterday.

—A telephone company has been organized in the township of Luther. The rate will be $10 a year.

—The steamer Sunbeam has been sold to Lindsay men, who intend putting the boat on the Lindsay waters.

—A New York magistrate has fined thirty-two men five dollars each for spitting on the sidewalk. They will see the signs hereafter.

—Mr. Angus McIntosh will be at the skating rink this evening for the accommodation of those who desire to remove skates, curling stones, etc.

—A fine new flag pole was erected on the elevator shaft of the Cereal works on Monday afternoon. The top of the pole is about 176 feet from the ground.

—At the police court yesterday morning a young man was fined $2 for loitering on Park street on Sunday. The police intend to put a stop to the habit of loitering on the streets and obstructing traffic.

—Orillia business men will continue the Thursday half-holiday plan for the summer months. It was initiated last year and worked without a hitch, having been thoroughly advertised.

—A lady visiting here from New York had photos taken by Whiten. She thought the work was equal to the best she ever had taken. When you want the best go to Whiten and get it. Studio, 158 Hunter street, west.

At ten minutes to twelve last night an alarm for fire was turned in from the Snowden House. A chimney in the house occupied by Robt Woutenholm, on Charlotte street, was blazing. The brigade was recalled as the fire in the chimney had subsided.

—John Wanamaker, the merchant prince, says that he would no more try to conduct his business without advertising than he would try to run his store without clerks. This is talk worth listening to and worth profiting by.

—Mr. T. G. Holmes was charged before Police Magistrate Dumble yesterday with purchasing junk from a boy under age. The boy had given a note, supposedly from his mother, on several occasions. The mother, while not admitting that she signed the note acknowledged that she knew of it. The case was dismissed.

—Mrs. James Scriver, Smith street, complained that Fred and Media Goggan had threatened to kill and murder her son. Fearing that they might do him some bodily harm she decided to ask the court to have the brothers bound over to keep the peace. Magistrate Dumble decided that Fred Goggan be bound over to keep the peace himself in $200, and two sureties of $100 each.

—Robert D. Mahoney charged some of his companions on Saturday night last with assault. It appears that the party had been making a tour of the hotels in town and were on their way to Ashburnham to liquor up again. Mahoney had not "set up" the drinks during the evening and when crossing the Hunter street bridge one of his companions threatened to inflict a severe pounding on him if he did not "blow" himself. This was done while in Ashburnham, but he felt himself warranted in laying a charge of assault against the party who threatened him. After listening to the evidence the magistrate dismissed the case.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish its paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. George Nichol, of Guelph, is visiting in town for a few days.

—Mr. O. Stephenson has returned to Toronto after spending a few days in town.

—Mrs. J. R. Stratton and Miss Alberta leave for Clifton Springs today.

—Miss Kate Carveth was in town yesterday on her way to Toronto, after spending her holidays in Millbrook.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Mills, London, England, are visiting in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Matthews.

—The many friends of Mr. A. F. Lane will be pleased to hear that he is recovering from a threatened attack of bloodpoisoning.

—Mr. John F. VanEvery, B.A., of Napanee Collegiate Institute is spending the holidays at his former home No. 206 Rubidge street.

—The many friends of Mr. Steve Holland, of the American House, will be pleased to see him about again after a severe attack of rheumatism.

Three Months for 25c.

—Three months for 25c. Mail us your name and address, together with 25 cents, and we will give you a three months' trial subscription to the most beautiful musical magazine published containing four, new, copyrighted pieces of music, full size, each month, together with reading matter, illustrations, &c. Ev'ry Month Publishing Co., 1123 Broadway, N. Y. C.

THE TORY CANDIDATE

Report That Major Miller will not Accept Nomination

It is currently reported in the inner circle that several names will be submitted to the Conservative Convention on Saturday. As Mr. J. W. Miller will not, it is said, sacrifice his prohibition principles, it is felt that he is not enough of the straight party man. With a certain wing of the party, there is a strong feeling against him.

RELEASED FROM CUSTODY

Mr. Fred Bradfield will Return from Toronto in a Few Days

The many friends of Mr. Fred Bradfield will be pleased to hear that he has been released from military confinement in Toronto, and will return to his home in a day or so. It will be remembered that Bradfield enlisted for service in South Africa with the last contingent but yielded to the pleading of his invalid mother and remained at home. A short short time ago he was arrested by the military authorities and taken to Toronto to be tried on a charge of absenting himself from his regiment. The trial was held in Toronto but we are not yet in possession of the facts brought out at that time. Bradfield's father has been in Toronto for some days in connection with the case, and returned from there yesterday.

OUR "HORSELESS" CARRIAGE

Crowds Called at The Times' Bookstore Yesterday to See It

In response to the invitation in yesterday's Times, many persons called at the Times Bookstore yesterday to see the "horseless" vehicle used for delivering our mails at the Post Office. The majority of those who came did not seem at first to take in the situation after having a prettily painted pushcart pointed out to them. After gazing at it for a few seconds they seemed to grasp the idea that it was the first of April, and hurried away. One case of an elderly gentleman, after being shown the cart, exclaimed, "Well, I'll be blowed! Should have known it was all fools' day." He made a bee-line for the door, which shut with a bang that shook the building.

DEATH OF MRS. JAS. TOWMEY

A Well Known and Esteemed Resident of Ennismore Passes Away

The death occurred yesterday morning of Mrs. James Twomey, of Ennismore, after an illness of about two weeks. La grippe was the immediate cause of her death.

Deceased was about 65 years of age, and was a daughter of the late Timothy Dorgan, of Emily. About thirty-five years ago she was married to her bereaved husband who with three daughters and three sons are left to mourn her death. The daughters are Mrs. M. Cavanagh, Mrs. P. J. Scollard and Miss Mary Twomey, all residing in Ennismore. The sons are Thomas, of Emily, Maurice and Timothy, of Ennismore.

The husband and family will have the sympathy of friends in their hour of sorrow.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning from the homestead, lot 3, con 7, Ennismore, and proceed to the Roman Catholic cemetery, for interment.

COFFEE TOOK IT

Robbed the Doctor of His Cunning

"I was compelled to drink some Java coffee yesterday morning and suffered so much from its effects that I feel like writing you at once.

I am 43 years old and for a great many years have been a coffee drinker. My nerves finally got into a terrible condition and for about two years I suffered with sinking spells and was so nervous that it seemed as though I could hardly live. I suffered untold agonies. My heart would stop and my kidneys gave me no end of trouble.

About six months ago I gave up coffee for good and began using Postum. I insisted on knowing that it was properly made by being sufficiently boiled, and I prefer a cup of rich Postum to Java, Mocha or any other coffee.

My sinking spells have left me, my head gives me no trouble now, the kidneys are greatly improved, and in fact, I feel a great change in my whole body. It is such a comfort to be well again.

I know a physician in San Antonio who had become so nervous from the use of coffee that his hand trembled so badly that he could not hold a lancet, or even take a splinter out, and could scarcely hold anything in his hand. Finally he quit coffee and began using Postum. Now the doctor's nervousness is all gone and he is in good health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Met in Regular Session Last Night - A Large Amount of Business Dealt With

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Education was held last night. Those present were Chairman W. H. Hill, Secretary W. G. Morrow, Messrs. J. J. McBain, Dr. Burnham, F. J. Jameson, W. H. Wrighton, J. J. Hartley, W. B. Bamford, W. G. Ferguson, Dr. Caldwell, V. E. Eastwood and Wm. Langford.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS

From Miss Eyres, resigning her position as teacher in the public school, to take effect June 1.—Referred to Committee on Appointments.

From Miss Alison Cameron, applying for position as assistant teacher in the Central Kindergarten school. —Referred to Committee on Appointments.

From Miss Meharry, tendering her resignation as teacher on the public school staff, to take effect on April 30.—Referred to Committee on Appointments.

From Miss Donell, resigning her position as first assistant at the Central School, to take effect May 1.—Referred to Committee on Appointments.

From Miss Bertha Thompson, accepting position on teaching staff at salary named.—Received.

From Geo. C. Rubb, giving report of his inspection of boiler in the Central School. He reported everything all right and well kept.—Received.

From Ashburnham School Board enclosing resolution passed at last meeting of the board and asking that a committee be appointed from the board to meet the Ashburnham board to enquire into and report on the advisability of introducing manual training and domestic science into the public schools.—Received.

On motion Messrs. Hartley, Eastwood, Jameson and Langford were appointed to meet the Ashburnham school board and report at the next meeting.

A communication asking the Board of Education to appoint a deputation to wait on the town council at its next meeting, April 7, to endeavor to secure assistance from the municipality toward sending and keeping patients in the Free Consumptive Hospital at Muskoka or elsewhere, from the town of Peterborough.—Received.

On motion Mr. W. H. Hill, Dr. Burnham and Dr. Caldwell were appointed to represent the Board of Education.

ATTENDANCE REPORTS.

PUBLIC SCHOOL

	On Roll	Average
Central	386	364
South Central	417	384
Barnardo Ave.	168	144
Park Street	167	155
George Street	144	128
	1287	1179
Kindergarten	62	42
Total	1349	1221

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

	On Roll	Averag
Form IV	13	12
" III	43	40
" II	48	44
" upper I	46	42
" lower I	48	40
Total	198	178

STATEMENT OF MONIES RECEIVED.

Town Treasurer	$3000 00
Fees, Public School	6 00
Fees, Kindergarten	14 15
	$3020 15

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAID.

P. D. Clancy—wood	$ 94 17
Stevenson Coal Coy	129 38
" "	7 35
P. D. Clancy—wood	8 00
A. Rutherford—wood	107 38
Stevenson Coal Coy	128 88
" "	5 40
Total	480 00

The payment of the above accounts was confirmed.

Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend the payment of the following accounts:—

Kingan Hardware Co.	3 12
Adam Hall	50 30
Bell Tel. Co.	10 00
Times Ptg Co.	6 25
A. H. Stratton	14 26
Ormond & Walsh	12 56
"	17 76
Miss G. Brown	1 90
Miss K. Lewis	3 75
Miss C. Martin	2 50
	$128 75

The report was adopted.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.

The report of the Committee on Appointments was presented by Mr. W. G. Ferguson, as follows:

To the Chairman and members of the Board of Education:

Gentlemen,—The Committee on Appointments beg leave to report in reference to the matters referred to them as follows:

1. In reference to the application of Jas. Russel for an increase of salary, we recommend that no action be taken

2. We recommend that Miss Casey and Miss Packenham be appointed as teachers on the public school staff to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of Miss Wright and Miss Meharry. Miss Packenham's appointment to date from the Easter holidays and Miss Casey's appointment to date from May 1st.

3. As instructed, we advertised for janitor for Collegiate Institute, and received a number of applications and recommend that John Menzies be appointed to the position for one month from April 1st on trial, salary to be at the rate of $325.00 per annum.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was taken up clause by clause, and referring to the appointment of janitor, Mr. Wrighton moved that Mr. John Hart be given the appointment. The amendment was adopted after considerable discussion, during which some of the Board contended that the Committee had already filled the position, as was within their power. Mr. Menzies had been assisting the janitor for some days past, as he had been instructed by the Secretary of the Board.

The business being over, Mr. James Stevenson, probably the oldest trustee in Ontario, addressed a few words to the members, and presented them with two large bound volumes of Shakespeare's works for the use of the Institute library. Mr. Stevenson has been a member of the Board of Education since 1848, and served continuously for 17 years as chairman. He gave a short sketch of the growth of the schools during that period.

Mr. McBain moved, seconded by Mr. Ferguson, that the thanks of this Board be tendered Mr. Stevenson for the gift to the schools and for his very deep interest in the work carried on.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

General - Sports.

BASKETBALL.

The Ottawa Y.M.C.A. Basketball team played the final game in their series of matches with western teams, with the Seniors of the local "Y" last night. As an exhibition of fast play and hard, close checking it was all that could be desired, and though the local team was not successful the honors of the game were about evenly divided.

The Ottawa quintette arrived on the 7.20 C.P.R. train and the game was called at 8.50. The teams lined as follows, and were very fairly matched as to weight:—

Ottawa,—Forwards, H. Merrill and A. Hill, Centre, J. Watt; Defence, W. Lambe and F. Musgrove.

Peterborough,—Forwards, W. Robertson and S. Hall; Centre, Smith; Defence, W. Campbell and R. Tobbin.

Umpires, P. Lee, Harold Dunsford. Referee, H. C. Ayers.

The visitors appeared to feel very much at home from the start, perhaps owing to the similarity, in shape and size of the floor here to that of their own building. The play was sharp, but very clean on both sides.

The following is the order in which the different goals were scored:

Score	Tally
Ottawa	2
Ottawa	2
Peterborough (on foul)	1
Peterborough	2
Ottawa	2
Ottawa	2
Peterborough	2
Peterborough	2
Ottawa	2

Score at half-time, 16—10 in favor of the visitors.

Score	Tally
Peterborough	2
Peterborough	2
Ottawa	2
Ottawa (on foul)	1
Peterborough (on foul)	1
Ottawa	2
Ottawa (on foul)	1
Peterborough (on foul)	1
Ottawa	2
Peterborough	2

Final score, 26—21, in favor of the visiting team.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Golf Club Ball kept many away, a good representation saw the game, at the conclusion of which the visitors were entertained by the local Association.

The Ottawa boys were strong in their encomiums of Peterborough's players, and said it was the cleanest game they have had since leaving home.

Rev. Mr. Potter and Rev. Mr. McCuaig spoke, and Rev. Mr. McCuaig rendered selections in the French habitant. The proceedings were brought to a close with the National Anthem, and the boys left for home by the 12.34 C.P.R. train.

THE GOLF CLUB BALL

One of the Most Successful Events of the Season

The opera house was the scene of one of the prettiest and most successful social events of the season last night, the occasion being the ball given under the auspices of the Colts Golf Club.

The hall was prettily decorated with flags, bunting and numerous electric lamps, which added greatly to the beauty of the scene. The evening was spent in dancing—the music being supplied by Glionna's orchestra from Toronto, and to say that the music was superb is not doing full justice to the musicians.

A number of the officers of the local regiments attended the event, wearing the uniform of the service. The dash of scarlet here and there added greatly to the pleasing effect.

Refreshments were served in the large refreshment room adjoining the ball. The tables were prettily decorated with flowers, cut glass and silver, and full justice was done to the magnificent array of good things.

The decorating of the hall was done by Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons, and the work done certainly deserves great credit.

THE LATE COCKING MAIN

Action Being Taken by Victoria Authorities to Punish Parties

The cocking main which recently took place in Ops Township, near Lindsay, between Lindsay and Peterborough birds, is likely to get the principals into serious trouble.

Edward Stevens, a farmer residing about eight miles south of Lindsay, in Ops township, appeared before County Police Magistrate Deacon on Monday at 10 o'clock to answer to the charge of allowing a cocking main on his premises on March 20th and 21st last. Five witnesses were summoned. On account of the defendant's wife—one of the principal witnesses—being ill, the case was adjourned until Monday, April 7th. The witnesses were slow in giving their answers to the questions asked, and it was after 3 o'clock when Mrs. Stevens was called. County Crown Attorney Devlin appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Hugh O'Leary, K. C., for the defendant.

MUD LAKE BRIDGE DAMAGED.

The New Bridge Across Mud Lake was Considerably Wrecked Yesterday

People from the vicinity of Bridgenorth and especially those from Ennismore who crossed the new floating bridge on Mud Lake, yesterday, did so with great difficulty and considerable danger to themselves. The high wind of the past few days had moved large masses of ice down against the bridge and a number of chains have consequently been broken. The drive way on the Ennismore shore has been pulled loose and was temporarily repaired with planks.

The bridge is in a bad shape at the present time and with a continued high wind the state of the bridge will certainly become much worse.

This is the bridge on which twenty-six thousand dollars was spent, and which was opened for navigation only a few months ago.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

KEEP UP WITH THE PROCESSION

By using ST. JACOBS OIL for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lameness, Stiffness of the Muscles, Soreness, and all aches and pains.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Has cured hundreds, its effect is instantaneous and marvellous, it penetrates to the very foundation of pain and removes the cause. Price 25c. and 50c.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC!

CONQUERS PAIN!

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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Will positively leave Peterborough

Tuesday, April 8th

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CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST

—AND—

SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

whose success in Peterborough has never been equalled by any one in his profession, will positively leave Peterborough

TUESDAY, APRIL 8TH

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OL. 28 NO. 78 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY APRIL 3 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BOER "BRUTALITIES" BY A BOER PARSON

How a "Divine" Liar Gets in His Work Against the British

A SAMPLE OF BOER TACTICS

How Rev. Dr. Van Broekhuisen Violated His Parole—Is Now Lecturing in New York City

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 3.— Rev. Dr. Van Broekhuisen, formerly a minister of Pretoria, has been lecturing in New York on "British brutalities" in the war with the Boers, whereupon the Times of this city writes to show that the lecturer was given his parole on condition of keeping out of politics, but afterwards preached inflammatory political sermons, and was given a free passage to Europe. He there printed an article in the Independance Belge, containing such vile calumnies against the British and their troops in South Africa that it was forwarded to Pretoria for investigation. M. Constamoon, Swiss consul in that city for eighteen years, replied, disproving his charges in detail. From this letter the correspondent quotes only a paragraph, which, however, sums up the spirit of the whole:

"The whole article from beginning to end is nothing but a pack of lies, and the writer, a minister of the Gospel, of all men ought to know better than to perjure himself and his office in the way he does."

In his New York lecture Dr. Van Broekhuisen referred repeatedly to "the horrors of the concentration camps, where the Boer women and children are kept in starvation and disease."

With regard to this, apparently, enforced "keeping," Assistant General Tobias Smuts wrote to Commandant Gen. Louis Botha, September, 1901, as follows:

"I got the order from you to send the women away against their wish, and when I asked you what to do if the English refused to take the women, your answer was that in that case I had to load them off within the lines of the enemy."

If Mr. Van Broekhuisen's statements about the camps are true, then the Boers appear to treat their women and children with "brutality" (to use the word so often applied by them to the British methods) in thus abandoning them to camp treatment; if they do not, then it seems only reasonable, indeed, unavoidable, to infer that they knew they would be well treated and well cared for.

With regard to "starvation," the correspondent of the Times quotes the daily allowance at Irene camp, showing this as it is close to Pretoria:

Meat	1-2 pound
Coffee...	2 ounces
Flour	3-4 pound
Sugar...	2 ounces
Salt	1-2 ounce

One bottle of milk to every child under six years.

This was in July, 1901. Since this the supplies have been increased as means of transporting them have increased. One other instance: At the Port Elizabeth Camp, 15d a day is allowed per head for the Boer diet, and, incredible as it may seem, only 8d for the British!

The following gentlemen all write most favorably of the way in which neither trouble nor money has been spared by the British to make the camps as sanitary and as comfortable as existing conditions of country, climate and war will permit:—Mr. Scholts, Inspector of Camps for the Transvaal; Commandant H. Alberts, Mr. Celliers, Dutch Minister from Aberdeen, South Africa; Mr. D. Keys, burgher; Committee of Dutch Reformed churches, one hundred male Boers at Kroonstad, and this list is closed with a brief testimony from a woman, Mrs. Blignant, who writes from the Port Elizabeth refugee Camp:

"If we had to complain it would be false complaint, and all the stories about ill-treatment are untrue so far as I can find out."

This is only some of the evidence to be placed against the statements of Mr. Van Broekhuisen.

Just a Cold in the Head

But if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, is liable to result in nasal catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The Inspector of mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says, "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of catarrh of the head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. Price $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

THE CANADIAN MOUNTED RIFLES HAVE SEEN FIGHT

Cable from Cape Town Reports One of the Troopers Wounded

Special Telegram to The Times.

Ottawa, April 3.—The Second Canadian Mounted Rifles have apparently had their baptism of fire. A cablegram from the casualty department, Cape Town, dated March 31st, reports that Trooper Geo. Pyle, of the regiment in question, who was reported missing near Klerksdorp, March 25, was slightly wounded in the right foot, and is now in the hospital at Klerksdorp.

Trooper Roland Agassiz, Second Canadian Rifles, is reported to have been dangerously ill with dysentery at Charlestown, on March 30.

A second cablegram to the Governor-General reads,—"Dangerously ill, enteric, Sydenham, March 28th, S. A. C. Corp. Harold Austin Neales Please inform Archdeacon Casey, St. Peter's Palace, Peterborough, Ont (Signed) Casualty Department."

LOST TEN MILLIONS

How a Stranger Dropped His "Wad" Over a Game of Paper

Mr. Dickson Jewett, the popular assistant manager of the Snowden House, tells The Times the following story: A tall, middle-aged, military looking man entered the Snowden House the other evening. He evidently came off the Grand Trunk nine o'clock from the west, and was stopping over to take the C.P.R. midnight for the east. He drank a glass of beer and began dealing imaginary cards from an imaginary pack. He picked up his imaginary hand, studied it carefully, looked around and said: "Who's in?" Those about him in fan picked up imaginary hands. One made an imaginary ante. Others stayed and the stranger opened an imaginary jackpot for $1,000,000. Everybody stayed. The man bet $2,000,000. He was called, threw down an imaginary full hand and tore his hair in dismay at being beaten by four nine-spots. The spectral game went on until the stranger announced that he had lost $10,000,000. He wanted to give his notes for it, and talked so wildly that the proprietor had to interfere. Several travellers who were staying at the hotel arrived, and he challenged them to play, and dealt more imaginary hands from his mythical pack. The knights of the grip played with him until he had lost several more millions. Then he arose, cursed his luck and asked the way to the C.P.R. station. One of the travellers accompanied him to the station and helped him on a train. He was seen sitting in the smoking car, where he continued to open imaginary jackpots with imaginary players. When the train left he was still betting millions on imaginary straights and flushes, always losing imaginary fortunes.

HONOR ROLL

VILLIERS

The following is the result of the Easter examinations at S S No. 1, Otonabee.

Class IV — Total 450 marks — Maggie Dickson, 379; William Robertson, 269; Jessie Havery, 287.

Class III — Total, 400 marks — Lizzie Dickson, 312; Jenny Wood, 254; Willie J. Shearer, 221.

Class II—Total, 350 marks—Tessie Havery, 288; Willie J. Hastie, 268; Vina Shearer, 259.

Part II—Total, 250 marks — Aggie Dickson, 170; May Steele, 156; May Robertson, 128.

Part II, Junior—Total, 125 marks —Arena Shearer, 74; Jessie Hastie, 71; Laura Steele, 63.

Class I—James Fortune.

Teacher, S. A. Smithson.

WHY FITZONKS LEFT HOME

A Tragedy of One Season Sent to The Times for Publication

The following was handed The Times yesterday, for publication in this great family journal:

"Clarence, dearest, you will forgive me for what I am about to tell you, I am sure."

Clarence held his breath with both hands, swallowed his heart, which was trying to crowd up through his thorax, and gasped faintly:

"Why, certainly, my precious one, but break it to me gently, I pray."

"Then know, my darling husband, that on the first day of April, rain or shine, I shall begin h-leaning house."

Without a word, but pressing a feverish kiss on her quivering lips, Clarence rushed out of the room, hurried up stairs, packed his grip and left the house.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL

The following is the report of the Nicholls Hospital for the month of March:

Number of patients remaining in the hospital	16
Treated	39
Pay patients	25
Free patients	14
From town	28
Other places	11
Cured	22
Improved	1
Died	0

Dr. Carmichael, attending physician for the month. Drs. Halliday, Boucher, Caldwell, Greer, Brown, McClelland, Young, Bradd, McCullough and Birnie, attending on private patients.

OMEMEE

—Easter Sunday service passed off splendidly, and each and every service in the respective churches were largely attended. The special music rendered in the Presbyterian church was highly appreciated.

—Large numbers of visitors went to Peterboro on Friday and Saturday, and were very much surprised at the progress made with the cereal works building.

—Mr. Cobb, merchant tailor, Peterborough, is working up a good trade here.

—The old folks concert Monday night in aid of our public library passed off most satisfactorily in every respect, the proceeds amounting to about $70. The choruses rendered were excellent. Costumes, regardless of expense, were procured from Toronto, Peterboro and other places and every one was delightfully entertained, and our library will now boom.

ITEMS OF NEWS BY CABLE AND LETTER.

Procession of 50,000 Advocating Revival of Irish Language

CELTIC ASSOC. REPRESENTED.

Many of Those Present wore the Old Celtic Costume — Speeches Made Mostly in Irish

Dublin, April 2. — A procession in furtherance of the movement for the propagation of the Irish language, organized under the auspices of the Gaelic League, was held in Dublin recently. In spite of the fact that the weather was most depressing, the gathering assumed very large proportions, the attendance being estimated at 20,000. The demonstration, which was entirely non-political, was of an orderly character. The Lord Mayor attended in State, accompanied by a large number of members of the Dublin Corporation. The Celtic Association, which has branches throughout the United Kingdom and Brittany, was represented by some of its most prominent members, a number of whom wore the old Celtic costume. The procession was headed by a band of Irish pipers playing old Irish airs. Representatives of Dublin trades with their banners also marched in the procession, prominent amongst them being the letterpress printers to the number of 700, and the bookbinders numbering about 200. A picturesque feature of the display was a number of tableaux, the most interesting being that shown by the Irish Industrial League, which represented several Irish girls engaged at spinning wheels. The Dublin Fire Brigade also attended. Speeches were made mostly in Irish, in support of the Irish language movement, it being urged that proper facilities should be given for the teaching of Irish to the youth of the country.

INCOME TAX AND MATRIMONY.

London, April 2.—Mr. Alfred Chapman, the income-tax expert, has submitted a proposal to the Chancellor of the Exchequer to allow an additional abatement to income-tax payers who are married, and further abatements proportioned to the size of their families. He argues that under the present system matrimony is penalized. He puts the case of a man earning between £350 and £400 and a girl with a similar income, and says that as long as they remain single they get an abatement of £9 6s 8d a year each. If they marry they lose both abatements, and consequently the annual tax on their union is £18 13s 4d.

London, April 2. — Speaking at a Liberal meeting at Woking to a resolution thanking Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman for his efforts to secure an honorable peace in South Africa, Mr. F. C. Selous said it was perfectly hopeless to attempt to make peace until the proclamation of banishment against the Boer leaders had been repealed. How could they expect such men as Delarey, De Wet and Botha to surrender. As long as they could get one man to stand beside them, they would go on fighting rather than be banished from South Africa. To a Boer banishment was worse than death. He knew the Boers. He had lived among them for twenty-five years, and he was sure that the first step towards an honorable peace must be the repeal of the proclamation of banishment.

FROM PAUPER TO RICH MAN.

London, April 1.—At Tivetshall, Norfolk, yesterday, the funeral was to have taken place of the late Mr. Jonathan Boyce, who died there at the age of 75. On a cabled request from America, however, the body has been embalmed, and is to be sent across the Atlantic for interment. Born at Tivetshall, Mr. Boyce worked in his youth as a farm laborer at 2s a week. In 1851 he went to America and started a wood business, which was so prosperous that the mill he owned to-day cut 175,000 feet of lumber a day, while on the forest estates which belonged to him there is over 200,000,000 feet of white pine standing.

EXPERIMENTAL MOTOR 'BUS

London, April 1.—As a result of the first two days' working of their experimental motor bus, the Road Car Company are confident that motor buses in London have come to stay.

The only question to be settled is as to what kind of motor will prove most serviceable for London streets. The one that began running this week between Oxford-circus and Shepherd's bush is propelled by steam, but it is the company's intention to experiment with oil and electric motors before finally deciding which kind shall be adopted. Once this point is settled the company hope to introduce motor buses on most of their routes.

Nor is the General Omnibus Company remaining idle in the matter. They are having various kinds of motor buses constructed, and in a few weeks they hope to put them to a trial.

DRAMATIC LITERATURE

London, April 1.—The Rev. Stewart Headlam, chairman of the Evening Schools Committee of the London School Board has started a novel scheme for nourishing a love of dramatic literature among those attending the continuation classes. He has arranged with Mr. Ben Greet for performances of some of Shakespeare's plays in various parts of London, the representations to be given without scenery. Last night the City and Tower Hamlets scholars were invited to a recital of "Twelfth Night," in the Queen's Hall, of the People's Palace. The gallery, which was densely crowded, was reserved for the scholars, while the seats in the body of the spacious building were sold to visitors. It says something for the taste of the playgoing public of the East-end that every seat which could be purchased was bought before the performance had commenced. The representation was extremely interesting. Mr. Ben Greet took the part of Malvolio. The audience seemed thoroughly to enter into the spirit of the play, and the absence of scenery did not interfere with their enjoyment. Applause of the heartiest description followed the close of each act, but while the actors were on the stage the silence in the hall was remarkable, every line being listened to with attention.

London, April 2. — A Parliamentary paper issued this morning gives correspondence respecting the comparative merits of the American, British and Belgian locomotives now in use in Egypt. In a despatch to the Foreign Secretary, Lord Lansdowne, December 31, covering a number of reports received from railroad officials, the British diplomatic agent and Consul-General in Egypt, Lord Cromer, draws the general conclusion that the main reason who so many orders for railroad equipment have recently been given to the United States is that the American firms are able to execute them with extraordinary rapidity, due largely to the system of standardization.

In respect to price, Lord Cromer finds the British firms can hold their own where special designs have to be executed. With respect to the quality of British work, it is at least equal, and often superior to American and Belgian work, while in consumption of coal the British engines have a decided superiority over the Americans, though not over the Belgian engines.

The British manufacturers' weak point is delay in executing orders. The reports enclosed showed that the Americans' tenders promised delivery within one-third of the time required by the British firms, while they offered to supply standard locomotives of equal suitability at 19 per cent. below the British, though the latter's tenders for locomotives built on Egyptian specifications were lower than the American offers.

TO SEE THE POPE

American Pilgrims to Visit His Holiness the Coming Summer

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 3 — American pilgrims who will go to Rome to take part in the jubilee of Pope Leo will leave here in three sections. The first sails on July 1, in the steamer North America. The ship has been reserved entirely for the pilgrims. Four days later, the Hohenzollern, in which a hundred places have been reserved, sails and the third section will leave on July 12. The expeditions will be in charge of Father McAdam, Father William St. Elmo Smith and Father Porcile, the latter of whom goes with the first section.

ENORMOUS SUM OF MONEY

Over a Billion Dollars to be Spent by Leading Cities of the Union

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 3 — The announcement is made by municipal experts that the second year of the new century promises the most lavish expenditures on important improvements ever seen in the United States. One billion dollars is the amount estimated to be spent by the leading cities of the country. Twenty-four millions will be laid out by New York city alone. The improvements include pavements, waterworks, sewers, bridges, the subway, boulevards and parks.

RUSSIA STANDS BY OPEN DOOR

But Tells us Troops Will Not Be Withdrawn From Manchuria at Present

Special Telegram to The Times.

Vienna, April 2 — The Allgemeine Zeitung says it learns that in answering the American inquiries submitted to Count Lamsdorf, Minister of Foreign affairs, the Czar himself replied that so long as sufficient guarantees for the maintenance of order in Manchuria were not forthcoming the Russian troops would not be withdrawn.

Nevertheless, the principle of "the open door would be maintained there as in the rest of China.

The Doctors Told Miss Blake She Was Going Into Consumption

Paine's Celery Compound

Truly Rescued Her From The Grave

This Is the Season To Use The Great Medicine If You Would Banish The Seeds of the Great White Plague

On every hand we see men and women who at this season should be active, hale and strong, losing flesh and weight, looking pale and languid. We hear them complain of feverishness, pain in the chest and of shortness of breath.

Ah! reader, these are a few of the symptoms of the White Plague! Act at once with wisdom and decision; you cannot afford to lose precious time experimenting with medicines that have no reputation — that have no positive victories to their credit.

Heaven help you to use the life-saver that rescued Miss Blake from an untimely grave. Her doctors told her she was going into consumption. Providence directed her to make use of Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle produced a marvellous effect; her life blood was being freshened and enriched; her appetite was improved; strength was taking the place of weakness and the tinge of health was coming to the pale face. Miss Blake, who resides on Hughson street, Hamilton, Ont., tells her story for the benefit of others.

"For years I suffered greatly and was under the care of doctors who finally told me I was going into consumption. I was getting worse through the use of medicines, and I gave up my doctors. While in a very critical condition, not able to sleep or rest, always faint and weak, appetite and digestion bad, and my system run down and little life left in me, I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. After taking one bottle I felt much relieved. I have used in all seven bottles, and am now a new woman, can enjoy life, and am as well as I wish to be. Many thanks for your great medicine."

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Strong north-westerly winds, cloudy, continued cool.

NUMBER OF DEATHS ARE FORTY-FIVE

Lord Kitchener Reports that Barberton Train Wreck an Accident

THE ENGINEER LOST CONTROI

Train Went at the Rate of Eighty Miles an Hour, and Jumped the Rails at a Curve.

London, April 2.—It has been suggested that the train wreck near Barberton, Transvaal Colony, March 30, resulting in the death of thirty-nine soldiers, and the wounding for forty-five others, nearly all of whom belonged to the Hampshire Regiment, was caused by the Boers, but Lord Kitchener reports that it was accidental. The train was descending a steep grade, when the engine and five trucks jumped the track and turned over.

DETAILS OF THE WRECK

Pretoria, April 2. — Details of the train wreck show that, after leaving Barberton, the engineer lost control of the train on the down grade, and for three miles, it went at the rate of eighty miles an hour. The engine jumped the rails at a sharp curve, with five trucks filled with soldiers. A terrible smashup followed, and the boiler of the engine exploded. The engineer and fireman were killed. Six of the injured soldiers have since died, raising the total deaths to 45.

Items of Interest

KRUGER'S LAST PROPHECY

Amsterdam, April 3.—Mr. Kruger and the circle surrounding him are not optimistic as to the conclusion of immediate peace. They believe that England is willing to grant full amnesty and rescind Lord Kitchener's proclamation in regard to the banishment of all Boers who did not surrender on Sept. 15, but that she remains adamant on the question of granting independence to the South African Republics. It is claimed that there is complete unison among the Boer leaders in the field and the representatives in Holland that the war will continue unless Great Britain agrees to grant independence. The friends of Mr. Kruger say in regard to the visit of Field Marshal Lord Wolseley to South Africa, which it is said in some quarters is for the purpose of conducting peace negotiations, that everything depends on whether he is empowered to negotiate concessions. If not, his mission will be fruitless.

TO DISCUSS SURRENDER.

Heidelberg, Transvaal, April 3.— Commandant Alberts has called a meeting of the Boers in his district, to take place 25 miles east of The Springs station, in order to discuss the proposal for a general surrender. It is said that General Hans Botha has summoned a similar meeting at Amsterdam.

A party of constabulary and native scouts was ambushed near here March 28. Six of the party were killed. The Boers eluded pursuit.

Surrenders are occurring daily in the Standerton district.

DR. KUYPER AT BERLIN.

Berlin, April 3.—Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch Prime Minister, has arrived here. It is not stated whether his visit has any bearing on the present negotiations regarding peace in South Africa.

COLONIES SHOULD BE HEARD.

London, April 3.— The London Times, in an article on the peace negotiations, says it is admitted that colonial opinion must be considered in the matter. Canada, Australia, and New Zealand have earned the right to be consulted. While a generous policy in granting terms would be the wisest, the claims of the Cape Loyalists, the Uitlanders, and the colonies must be first considered. "Leave any district under purely Boer rule," says the article, "and a new arsenal will arise to astonish the British Empire.

RUSSIA'S BOLD GAME.

Pekin, April 3.—Russia has made another characteristic move in her bold play in the East.

Ten thousand fresh Russian troops have arrived at Port Arthur, according to advices from New Chwang. They are particularly active at this latter place are making extensive telegraph connections about that place, and are giving other evidences of large and lasting military activity.

BISHOP OF LONDON DECLINES.

London, April 3.— The engagements of the Bishop of London, Right Rev. Arthur Ingram have compelled him to decline the invitations of Bishop Potter, of New York, and other bishops, to address the missionary gatherings in New York next advent.

RUBBER IN NEW GUINEA.

Berlin, April 3.— In a cablegram received at the Colonial Bureau, Herr Schlechter, the botanist, declares he has discovered an abundance of rubber and gutta percha trees in German New Guinea.

By this discovery Herr Schlechter wins the 3,000 marks ($7.50) prize offered by the Colonial Society for the first person to find such trees in the German colonies.

CECIL RHODES' WILL.

London, April 3.—The Daily Telegraph claims to have authoritive information that nothing hitherto published in connection with the will of the late Cecil Rhodes is authentic. It states the will is certainly of Imperial interest, but in a way not yet even hinted at.

MARCO IN THE SOUDAN

London, Wednesday, April 3. — A despatch to the Daily Mail from Cairo says the Marconi has applied to the Soudan Government for permission to introduce his system of wireless telegraphy in that province. The adoption of the system is doubtful owing to the expense and the existence of the present telegraph lines.

COLOR POISON SOLUTIONS.

Brockville, Ont., April 3.— The coroner's jury which investigated the death of Miss Mary E. Jackson, the Brockville General Hospital nurse, who by mistake drank a dose of bichloride of mercury for Epsom salts, arrived at a verdict to-night. The jury found that there was no proof as to who filled the bottle, and thought that the suggestion made in the Toronto Mail and Empire recently that all solutions of poisons should be colored was a matter worthy of consideration and would to a great extent be a preventive to such mistakes occurring in the future, where these medicines are kept in solutions in stock and ready lotion. The jury recommended that the control of medicines distributed to the nurses should be restricted to the dispenser or head nurse.

TO RETIRE PREFERENCE STOCK.

New York, April 3.—The directions of the United States Steel Corporation, gathered in quarterly meeting here today, gave formal approval to the conversion plan under which it is proposed to retire preferred stock to the amount of $200,000,000, upon which dividends are paid at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, and issue bonds to a total of $250,000,000, with interest fixed at 5 per cent. May 19 was fixed as the date upon which the project will be submitted to the stockholders. The directors also issued a statement showing that the earnings of the corporation for the first year of its existence, which ended on March 31, with the last month estimated, reached a total of $111,067,135. The directors voted the usual dividends at the rate of 7 per cent. on the preferred stock and 4 per cent. on the common stock.

PLOT AGAINST THE KING.

Rome, April 3.— The Corriere Della Sera asserts that King Edward abandoned his proposed visit to the Riviera on account of the discovery of an Anarchist plot against his life. The Anarchists purposed to give the appearance of Boer revenge to their operations.

CHINESE INDEMNITY.

Shanghai, April 3. — The third instalment of the indemnity was paid today. It amounts to 1,000,000 taels (11,170,000).

FEAR SHE HAS FOUNDERED.

London, April 3. — A Deal pilot boat reports having picked up a lifeboat marked "Ship Maxwell." She also saw boats marked "Maxwell," and says a three-masted ship sank eight miles south-west of Dungeness Lighthouse.

The British ship Maxwell, Captain Young, left San Francisco, Oct. 30, for Hull.

WESTMINISTER ABBEY CLOSED.

London, April 3.— Westminister Abbey closed to-day, and will remain closed still the coronation.

PRISONERS GAINED THEIR FREEDOM.

Chicago, April 3. — Three prisoners under guard at Fort Sheridan escaped from their sentries to-day, and gained freedom under exciting circumstances. One prisoner was shot at by a crack marksman recently returned from the Philippines and it is thought was badly wounded. Another boarded a passing freight train going toward Chicago, and was not missed for fifteen minutes. The third escaped with his life only, because the rifle which the sentry snapped at him missed fire.

M. S. Whitlow, A Kentuckian, sentenced to nine months in the guard-house for desertion, is the man supposed to have been wounded.

WILL WHITE LEAVE ENGLAND.

New York April 3.—Ambassador Choate is quoted in reference to the report that Henry White, of the London Embassy, will be appointed Ambassador to Italy, as saying he has had no information on the subject. Mr. White's friends are incredulous as to the report, according to The Herald's London correspondent. They believe that he has no wish to leave London, even though it means preferment. He has lived here many years, and has a fine country place and town residence. He has the largest acquaintance in England of any one American, and has many warm personal friends.

Rome, April 3.—The report that Henry White, Secretary of the United States Embassy in London, will succeed George V. L. Meyer, as Ambassador of the United States here, has been received with much interest in American circles in this city. Mr. White, who had just arrived at Florence to take his family back to England, has heard nothing officially of the matter. It has been reported for some time that Mr. Meyer contemplated resigning his post.

THREATEN TO KILL CONSULS

Constantinople, April 3. — The Servian Legation has called the attention of the Porte to the situation in Kolashin, where the Albanians are threatening the Christians. The Albanians are opposed to the appointment of Russian and Servian Vice-Consuls at Mitrovitza and Prizrend respectively, and threaten to kill them when they appear.

TO EMBARK FRESH TROOPS.

London, April 3. — Orders were issued this morning from the Home military headquarters at Aldershot that every available man of the Second and Third Provisional Battalions now being formed there as part of the First Army Corps must embark for South Africa by April 15th.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS ACTIVE

Pekin, April 3.—The Manchurian convention permits China to maintain whatever force she may think necessary in Manchuria after the evacuation of that territory. Official reports received here from Niu Chwang declare that the Russians are displaying great military activity there. Ten thousand troops have recently been moved to Port Arthur and new drafts are arriving. An extensive and permanent telegraph system is being constructed.

Russian forces in Manchuria total; 49,900 infantry, 30,000 cavalry, 19,000 artillery, 24,000 engineers and 300 railway corps, or a grand aggregate of 98,200. To these may be added the Amur, which is said to consist of 30,000 of all classes, so that the total available Russian force in those regions of Asia is 128,200.

SIXTEEN KILLED IN AN EXPLOSION

Tirteen Bodies Already Recovered From the Nelson Mine

THE RESCUERS BEATEN BACK

Three Remaining Bodies Must Perforce Remain in the Mine - An Enquiry to Fix Responsibility

Special Telegram to The Times.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 2. — The total of killed in the explosion in the Nelson mine at Dayton, Tenn., will reach but sixteen. Thirteen bodies have been recovered, and three more are known to be in the mine. It was described yesterday that the mine is on fire. The rescuing party distinctly felt the heat, and were beaten back in their attempts to reach and recover the three remaining bodies in the mine. An enquiry will be demanded by the miners to fix the responsibility.

The explosion is believed to have been caused by the untimely and unintentional firing of a shot by Lark Henter and John Horney, two of the experienced fire bosses, who were killed by the explosion.

FOOLED BY BRITISH SPY.

He Pretends to be a Boer Officer, and Takes in Rhode Island Irishmen

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 2.—A despatch to The Sun from Providence, R.I., says that there are a lot of members of the Clan-na-Gael in that region who are curious to know whether Capt. Louis De Villiers, of the South African Republic, and Lieut. De Villiers, late of Strathcona's Horse, are the same person. Capt. Louis De Villiers first appeared a day or two before St. Patrick's Day, and was soon on the most friendly footing with the principal Clan-na-Gael people. Being a great talker, the patriots made a lion of him. They secured a horse for him and gave him a leading place in the St. Patrick's parade at Pawtucket, and it was also arranged that he should speak at the banquet given in honor of Ireland's patron saint in Providence. In an address in the auditorium at Pawtucket, the captain vehemently cursed the British, and especially Lord Kitchener.

"If I saw Kitchener in hell," he said, "with flames all about him, and I knew that one drop of water would quench the fire, I would not lift a finger to help him."

Local Irishmen were so impressed that they decided to get up a big demonstration in his honor, but next day they were informed that he had received "orders" and had departed probably for New Orleans. Later, they were surprised to learn that he was in Boston, and was an ex-member of Strathcona's Horse, and had fought with the British through most of the war.

STRIKE TIES UP HARBOR

Longshoremen Quit Unloading of Steamer —Demand Increase of Wages

Special Telegram to The Times.

Halifax, N. S., April 3. — The harbor front of Halifax was tied up at midnight to-night, when a strike was ordered by the Longshoremen's Association. The Allan liner Sardinian came in just in time to be the first steamer on which the trial of strength between the stevedores and steamship owners and agents of the port will be made. The Sardinian had 300 tons of cargo to land here. At 12 o'clock only half of it had been removed, but every man stopped work and the hatches had to be closed for the night. On every other steamer on which work was being done the same thing happened.

The trouble is over wages. The longshoremen ask for an increase from 30 cents an hour, the present rate for day work, to 35 cents, and for night work they demand that the rate be increased from 35 cents to 50 cents. The association numbers 700 men, of whom 400 are employed at steamship work. Both sides are determined to fight the matter to a finish. The International Association will assist the striking longshoremen.

NEARLY ONE HUNDRED MILLION

The Enormous Sum Required to Run New York City

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 3.—The Board of Estimate in revising the city budget will make an effort to lop off a million or two dollars from the Tamany total of 398,000,000. It is not an easy task to accomplish, however. Street Cleaning Commissioner Woodbury asks for nearly $300,000 more than his predecessor and Water Works Commissioner Dougherty asks for $31,000 more.

RUSSIA AND HER LARGE VOLUNTEER FLEET.

Monks Guarded Miss Stone in Connivance with Brigands---Sale of Danish West Indies

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 3.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to The Times says that the new regulations of the Russian volunteer fleet provide an annual subsidy of three hundred thousand dollars, for which the fleet must maintain a regular service between Russia and the far East. The management of the fleet is vested in a committee subordinate to the Minister of Marine.

MAY DEMAND PLEBISCITE

Copenhagen, April 3.—There is a probability that the upper Danish House may acquiesce in the sale of the West Indies to the United States, on condition that a plebiscite be taken of the inhabitants of the islands, who are chiefly colored.

London, April 3.—A despatch from Vienna to The Times says that the chief of the brigands who captured Miss Stone is a young partisan of Sarafof, named Sandaunky. The band consisted of twenty-seven Bulgarians and two Greeks. The correspondent says Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka were on two occasions in Bulgaria, once at the monastery of the Rilck monks, who acted in connivance with the brigands, and kept guard of the captives.

RUSSIA IN CONCILIATORY MOOD.

London, April 3.—A despatch from Pekin to The Times says that Russia is still conciliatory, and has agreed not to make her withdrawal from Niu-Chwang entirely conditional on the previous abolition of the provisional Government of Tien-Tsin, but promises to withdraw within eight months after the signature of the convention.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 3, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The annual report of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph has been issued, and shows that 281 students were registered for the general course last year, 89 in the dairy course and 22 in the specialists course. For the three short courses, stock judging, poultry raising and domestic science, 344 additional students were registered. The average age was 20 years, and the gamut ran from 16 to 36 years. In the general course 222 students came from the province of Ontario (42 counties being represented), 27 from the other provinces of the Dominion, 7 from England, 2 from Jamaica, 4 from the United States, 14 from the Argentine Republic, one each from Asia Minor, Scotland, Mauritius and Swedon.

• • • •

The latest method of painless dentistry in Paris is by the application of electricity to produce insensibility; more precisely speaking, the dentists have employed electric currents of great frequency, furnished by the apparatus of Professor Arsonval. The new method is that, although the current which passes through the mouth of the patient is very powerful, it produces no sensation; the patient experiences neither shock, trepidation nor any unpleasant feeling whatever. After the passage of the current there remains no hurtful impression, nor even an uneasy feeling. Nevertheless, the insensibility is absolutely complete. Besides the advantages above enumerated the method has another, which is that those who submit to it need no special preparation. There is no necessity for fasting previously or for auscultation.

APSLEY

—The farmers in this vicinity have started seeding.

—The Apsley cheese factory was run on the instalment plan last year and the patrons received their last instalment on March 28th.

—Messrs. James and Bert Downing are moving on the Steen farm which they have purchased lately.

—We have seen that some of our young ladies have had a calling down for going to a low down hoe down. We think the remark uncalled for and ungentlemanly, as any young lady can conduct herself just as properly in a shanty as in a mansion, and we don't see why a man or woman either should be judged by the size of their house or the cut of their clothes. It has always been the custom for the young folks to meet at a neighbor's house and have a good time. And if the house was small it was to their disadvantage—not his—and as we have known those young ladies since they were children, we can say they are quite capable of taking care of themselves, and we don't see why anyone should blush to look at old Joe's house in daylight. Of course there is no fancy carving on it, but it has stood the storm for many a year and old age is no disgrace. So we hope the more careful in future of what he says about young ladies, and try and govern his temper and tongue.

—It is interesting and not altogether unsatisfactory to us to find that one of our neighbors, while mentioning that faith was necessary to render certain medicines effective, does not forget to include animals in the list of beings thus benefited, though we must confess it requires a trifle more faith on our part to quite see how this can be, considering that the animals taking the medicine, while in blissful ignorance of what it contains and of why it is given, no one even thinking it worth while to explain it to him. Even babies, it is presumed, exercise faith, when they receive a dose of medicine without being woke up, just as, for instance, they may catch an occasional fly or mosquito in summer time while napping with their mouths too wide open.

—Thomas, son of Mr. Charles Hales [illegible], had the misfortune to break his arm last week. Dr. Bell set the fractured limb and when we last heard the patient was doing well.

—Mrs. Garrard, of Clydendale, was visiting Mrs. McIlveen, of Apsley, last Sunday and Monday.

—Fred is quite a dog fancier. He has another one now—got it from Clint—supposed to be a good one for deer, but we are of the opinion that it will prove to be a coon dog.

—There was an item in your paper of March 22nd, put in with other correspondence, that the readers of The Times think should not have been there. It was in reference to a dance at a house a few miles from Apsley. Now, Mr. Editor, we know where it was, and it is an ordinary sized farm house. The people who occupy it have lived there for a good many years and are respected by all their neighbors. They had had a wood bee that day and the young folks concluded to wind up with a dance, as is often the case. Invitations were sent out, inviting some of the Apsley young folks, who went and they enjoyed the evening very much. There was no liquors nor rowdyism—nothing to cause such a letter to be written, except the simple fact that it was a dance, and you know there are some who object to dancing even in a palace. We hope in future that no one will so far forget himself as to call a clean, well cared for farm house a twice-by four shack or hovel.

—The following may be interesting to mineralogists: A certain party called the doctor's attention to a specimen he had sent to him and made a bet that the doctor could not guess what it was in five guesses. The doctor accepted the bet and named five different kinds of minerals — all wrong — it was a sample of Garry's maple sugar. We smoked the doctor's cigars.

Anecdotal.

A Yorkshire miller, noted for his closeness in financial matters, was once in a boat trying his best to get across the stream which drove his mill. The stream was flooded, and he was taken past the point at which he wanted to land, while further on misfortune again overtook him, to the extent that the boat was upset. His wife, realizing the danger he was in, ran frantically along the side of the stream, crying for help in a pitiful voice, when, to her sheer amazement, she was suddenly brought to a standstill by her husband yelling out: "If I'm drowned, Molly, dunnot forget that flour's gone up two shillin' a sack!"

In the year 1871, when the Government of Monsieur Thiers was at Versailles, and before the National Assembly had decided whether the new constitution of France was to be monarchical or republican, the late Comte de Paris visited the palace at Versailles. Just as he was about to enter, M. Jules Simon met and recognized him. Bowing low, Monsieur Simon said with much gravity: "If we are a republic, count, you are in my house, and I shall be delighted to do the honors; but if we are a monarchy, then I am in your house, and cannot play the host." The Comte de Paris laughed and took Monsieur Simon's arm. "Ah, monsieur," he said, gaily, "let us go in together!"

A Philadelphian tells the story of a waiter at a restaurant in the Quaker City, who has lately announced that he has begun to study French. "Do you find it necessary here?" asked the customer. "Not here, sir," said the waiter, "but I've been offered a steady job in Paris at one of the hotels if I can learn French." "But Paris is full of French waiters," said the gentleman. "I'm afraid you're being deceived." "Oh no, sir!" said the man, with much earnestness and absolute simplicity. "It's a perfectly straight thing. The proprietor of the hotel says the waiters he has can't understand French as we Philadelphians speak it, and that's what he wants me for, you see."

"Who," asks "The Candid Friend," "does not recollect Lord Hardwicke, the Glossy Peer, immaculately tailored, riding an almost priceless horse in the Row of a morning, or walking down Piccadilly, his hat at an angle which defied the laws of gravity? Spontaneously witty, with that talent for repartee which is as rare as it is delightful, Lord Hardwicke was the best of good company, and one of the unforgettable social leaders of London in the last quarter of the nineteenth century. No one will have forgotten his famous answer to a well-known tailor who had been asked to stay in the house of a noble patron, and complained to Lord Hardwicke that the 'company was mixed:' 'Good Lord, man, you didn't expect to find 'em all tailors?' "

The late Joseph Cook was celebrated for his positiveness, which those who did not admire him termed "cocksureness." The Boston "Pilot" relates several stories in illustration of this. It says that when he went over to Scotland to demonstrate by practical experiment the dangerous effects of alcohol on the human brain, he beat up the white of an egg with spirits until the mass coagulated, but it did not convince his audience as he had expected. On the contrary, it only evoked from Professor Blackie the quiet remark: "That seems to prove that whiskey must be good for softening of the brain." But the cruelest sarcasm said of him was when Bill Nye demurely wrote: "I understand that my friend the Rev. Joseph Cook has completed a thoughtful essay entitled 'A Bird's-Eye View of the Kingdom of Heaven?' "

In the early Indiana days, when both judges and attorneys literally "rode the circuit," a newly elected judge, noted for his lack of personal beauty, was plodding along on horseback between two county-seats one fine summer day. Suddenly he was confronted by a hunter, who unslung his squirrel-rifle from his shoulder, and ordered the horseman to dismount. Somewhat startled by this peremptory command, the jurist began to remonstrate. He was quickly cut short, however, by the remark: "It's no use talking. I long ago swore that if I ever met a homelier man than I am, I'd shoot him on sight." The judge, sizing up the situation, promptly got off his horse. Folding his arms, he faced his assailant, and said: "If I am any homelier than you are, for heaven's sake do shoot, and be quick about it." Needless to say, his wit saved him.

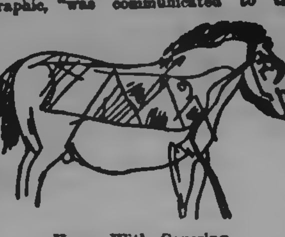
Her Revenge.

This amusing story is told by the president of a New Bedford bank, and is repeated in a Boston paper. One day not long ago he and other officers and directors were engaged in a business meeting, held in the directors' room of the bank, and as they believed themselves secure from intrusion, were much surprised to see a poor little waif enter the room, something which a man of business affairs would not dare to do under such conditions. The little girl, shabbily clothed and pinched looking, had all unconsciously entered on forbidden ground, but this she didn't realize, and at once went to the men seated about the big table, offering them small cakes of soap for sale. The very first director whom she approached shook his head, impatient at the interruption of business, and said sharply, "I never use it." The tiny peddler, unabashed, went from man to man, all the others, out of pity for her wan little figure, buying of her. As she started to leave the room, after thanking each purchaser, the girl hesitated a moment in front of the director who never used soap, according to his own declaration, and, looking him over from head to foot, said, disdainfully, "Well, yer look it!" and then she swept out like a duchess.

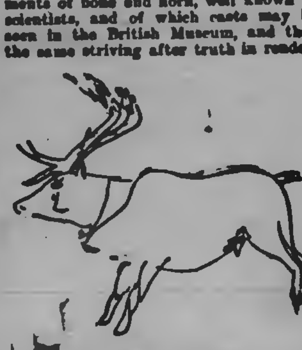
Man's Aesthetic Yearnings.

Among the most interesting of the discoveries made by the scientists who devote their time to researches into the Palaeolithic ages—thousands of years before recorded history begins—are those which prove that even in those dim and distant ages man, such as he was, had aesthetic yearnings. Few and far between are such discoveries; but when, once in a while, they are made, they cause a sympathetic thrill of interest in the bosoms of learned societies, and even of those who, not having time to be learned, feel the magnetic attraction of the "human document."

The Daily Graphic's illustrations, which are printed herewith, refer to one of the most important of such discoveries recently made in France, in the Grotto of Combarelles, near Eyzies, in Dordogne. "The discovery," says The Graphic, "was communicated to the Academie des Sciences by Messrs. Capitan and Breuil, and was accompanied by drawings, some of which we reproduce, of certain figures of animals engraved on the walls of the grotto on each side of its length. The drawings are in some places quite deeply engraved in the rock; in others they are only scratched; here and there is an effort to give a relief to the sketches. It was at once evident to the discoverers that these remarkable rock drawings were identical in character with those on fragments of bone and horn, well known to scientists, and of which casts may be seen in the British Museum, and that the same striving after truth in rendering the characteristics of the animals was to be seen in the Grotto of Combarelles, proving the familiarity of the artist with the appearance of the animals themselves. So that the artist was contemporary with the animal he drew. Now, one of these animals being a hairy mammoth, and the other a reindeer, it is evident that when those creatures roamed the hills and valleys of South Central France man was also there—that is to say, in the Palaeolithic or older stone age.

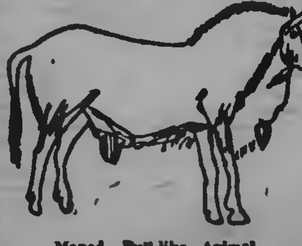


Horse With Covering.

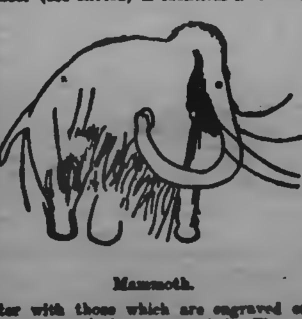


Running Reindeer.

"The precision with which the figures are drawn," say the discoverers, "allows us to recognize the species of the animals so represented. The equine types are sometimes large headed, with short, stiff manes—sometimes with flowing manes and tails. Some of the horses were domestic animals. One of them (shown in our sketch) has on its back a covering—a Palaeolithic horse cloth—others have traces of bits and halters. The bovine types are less frequent; one of them (also reproduced) has the character of certain African antelopes (such as the gnu), while another is much like our oxen of to-day. The running reindeer (see sketch) is identical in character with those which are engraved on bone and of the same period. The representations of the mammoth (of which fourteen were exhibited to the Academie des Sciences) are very characteristic. Some are more hairy than others." With these rock drawings are strange signs engraved in the rock: a circle with the semblance of human features, a double outlined lozenge on the middle of the body of one of the horses, others of M-like shape, semicircles, etc., all of mysterious and unknown significance. Since the memorable day when the first piece of engraved bone was discovered, embedded in the stalagmite of the caverns once tenanted by human beings, there has been no discovery which has caused so great an interest as this one in the Stalagmite Cavern of Combarelles. We have in these rude and yet skilful efforts of the human race deeply interesting evidence that man once shared with mammoth and with reindeer the Arctic plains of southern France.



Maned, Bull-like Animal.



Mammoth.

Piper Findlater, shot in both legs at Dargai, had his forerunner, nearly a century earlier, at Rolica, in the Peninsula, under Wellington:—"A piper of the 71st had his leg broken. Sitting down on his knapsack, the brave man cried out to his mates:—"I canna gang wi' ye, lads, but de'll tak' me if ye shall want music."

◆

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

WASP WAISTS

Are not much in evidence among American women. The women of America are workers, and a weak waist handicaps a worker. But women has a greater handicap than a weak waist. She may have a perfect form, beautiful and strong in all its lines, and yet be weak because her strength is undermined by diseases peculiar to her sex.

There is no room for argument as to the weakening effect of these diseases. There is also no room for argument as to the power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to cure them. It regulates the periods, stops unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and cannot disagree with the weakest constitution. There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all narcotics.

Sick women suffering from chronic forms of female diseases are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*, and so obtain the invaluable advice of a specialist in the diseases of women. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Words cannot tell how grateful I am for your kind advice and good medicines," writes Mrs. John Cooke, Hastings, Northumberland Co., Ontario. "I had been in poor health for four years back, and this spring got so bad I could not do my work. I went to the doctor and he said I had ulceration and falling of the internal organs, but I thought I would try your 'Favorite Prescription.' I took five bottles and three of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and I can safely say that I never felt better in my life. I have spoken well of your medicines wherever I have been."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the liver healthy. They assist the action of "Favorite Prescription" when a laxative is required.

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Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure Consultation or correspondence invited.

Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Candle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Candle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Candle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Pick-Me-Up."

◆

De Style—Why did you tie that medal to your dog's collar?

Gunbusta—He saved my life.

De Style—In what way?

Gunbusta—Had he bit me I would have died from hydrophobia.

De Style—What has that to do with saving your life?

Gunbusta—He never bit me.

◆

"Have you named the baby?" asked the admiring neighbor.

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"Dear me! What an odd name! I'd almost as soon call him after Robinson Crusoe's man Friday and be done with it."—Chicago Tribune.

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Anecdotal.

As a preface to his attack upon the recent army appointments in England, Rudyard Kipling tells a story of a man who was carrying a bag, and of whom a fellow-traveler asked what it was that the bag contained. "Mongooses," was the answer; "my brother sees snakes, and I'm taking the mongooses up to kill them." "But your brother doesn't see real snakes." "No; but these aren't real mongooses."

Hans Jensen, a Dane, who appeared before a Kansas judge in order to take out naturalization papers, very easily demonstrated his fitness for the privilege. "Hans," said the judge, "are you satisfied with the general conditions of the country? Does this government suit you?" "Yaa, yaa," replied the Dane, "only I vould like to see more rain." "Swear him!" exclaimed the judge. "I see that he already has the Kansas idea."

On one occasion Hans Richter was present at a concert given by a brother composer, at which the latter performed a long and not particularly interesting work of his own. When the composition came to an end Richter expressed his criticism in a very few words. "Well," he said, "I too haf written compositions to make a pile so high," raising his hand three feet from the ground; "but I haf burned them!"

A story is being told in the London clubs about King Edward. A discussion once arose among a circle of his intimate friends as to how they would each meet a sudden reverse of fortune. One of them turned to the Prince—it was before his accession—and said: "If the monarchy was overthrown here, sir, what would you do?" The Prince of Wales thought for a moment, and then replied: "Well, I think I might support my family by lecturing in the United States upon how it feels to be Prince of Wales."

When Mark Twain lived in Buffalo he made the acquaintance of some neighbors under peculiar circumstances. Emerging from his house one morning, he saw something which made him run across the street, and remark to the people who were gathered on the veranda: "My name is Clemens; my wife and I have been intending to call on you and make your acquaintance. We owe you an apology for not doing it before now. I beg your pardon for intruding on you in this informal manner, and at this time of day, but your house is on fire!"

While Charles A. Towne was senator from Minnesota for about thirty days last winter he made a speech on the Philippines in the Senate Chamber of Congress, and it was pronounced a great effort. At the conclusion of his speech, Senator Chauncey Depew was among the first to take Mr. Towne by the hand and congratulate him. "Senator Towne," he is said to have remarked, "your delivery was splendid, your rhetoric unsurpassed, but your argument was damnable." This left-handed compliment was no doubt intended to embarrass Senator Towne, but it didn't. He bowed politely to Mr. Depew, and said: "Senator Depew, I am glad you compliment the only features of my speech you are capable of understanding."

Nebuchadnezzar's Throne Room.

(Berlin correspondence of the London "News.")

The German Oriental Society confirms the reports in American papers to the effect that Dr. Koldewey has succeeded in discovering Nebuchadnezzar's throne room at Babylon. It is a gigantic building, about 60 feet wide by 160 feet long. Exactly opposite the door is the niche in which once the royal throne stood, and on both sides and on the northern front of the hall are richly colored ornaments, in good preservation, which will doubtless prove of the highest historical and artistic importance. The German expedition has also begun excavations in the City of Babylon, near the present village of Jumjuma, and has already discovered a goodly number of inscribed clay tablets, which, according to the testimony of Dr. Weissbach, the Assyriologist of the expedition, contain letters, psalms and vocabularies. They are, therefore, all documents of the deepest interest, and are specially calculated to further the study of the Old Testament.

With the help of new railway material, the work on the hill of Amran-ibn Ali is shortly to be resumed, and the excavations of this unique Pantheon of the Babylonian metropolis, hidden deep down in the earth, promise rich and varied discoveries.

The German Oriental Society does not confine its activity to Babylon. It has secured two other hills, named Fara and Abu Hatab, which are believed to contain particularly fine monuments dating from 4000 B.C. The two hills are not far from Nuffar, where the American excavations are being made, and the Sultan has already issued an irade permitting the excavations.

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really hold an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them—or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me, therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without laziness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients, but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, say two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "How to Lie When Sleeping." The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are awaited with interest.—Nebraska City "Conservative."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Interesting to Smokers.

A New York Sun editorial the other day was of interest to smokers—even, possibly, to reformers who include in their list the "holy herb nicotian":—

A sacrificial fire has been burning in Clayton, N.J., and the savor of it still tickles Gloucester County nostrils. The Anti-Nicotine Club brought to its rooms all its idols, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, tobacco, and burned them up in the stove. So fierce for the moment is the rage in Clayton against the holy herb nicotian. The case of the Vice-President of the club, Mr. Samuel Turner, is especially glorious or sad, according to the taste and fancy of him who considers it. He is 75; he has smoked for 63 years; with reasonable prudence and longevity he might hope to hold the smokers' record, for this county at least, and puff away in peace and comfort for a whole green century. He throws away the laurel in his grasp. He makes fuel of the comrades of two generations. In the heat and fury of the Clayton anti-nicotine movement he gives up the charmer of pain, the consoler of sadness, the blameless companion of reverie, the silent partner of books, the lubricator of digestion, the fountain of philosophy, the mother of good temper, the nurse of sound old age, the old, faithful, harmless, constant friend.

A boy may toss away his cigarette and a youth his cigar or briarwood, worn for show and ornament rather than for use, and feel no loss. But wait till you come to forty year. Nobody really takes his degree in the first and greatest University of Virginia before that age. His bacon isn't really cured till then. Then he becomes entitled to the freedom of the city of Nicotia. Then, if he has eyes to pierce through the smoke, he begins to see how the world goes round. For instance, what made the Elizabethans great? Tobacco. What made Bismarck great? Tobacco. Take such a philosopher and let him come to sixty year, as he cannot fail to do unless you crush him with automobiles or dynamite. For twenty years more he has worshipped at the fragrant altar. Surely he will not be turned away from it now. Surely he will obey the voice at eve obeyed at prime.

The case of Samuel Turner of Clayton shows what capacity of self-renunciation exists in the bosom of the veteran smoker. But why do people leave off smoking? Well, one reason is that there is a lot of confounded doctors who make it their pleasure to knock yours in the head. They tell you point-blank: "You positively must stop smoking;" and all the time the rascals have cigar cases in their pockets. That's the worst pang of the condemned smoker.

The Guards' New Uniform.

The thirteen hundred Guards who left the other day for South Africa were accoutred in the new uniform which has displaced the khaki, which was the all-prevailing hue at the beginning of the war. Popular interest," said The Times in describing their inspection by the King, "in these ceremonies is as keen to-day as it was when the first contingent departed for the war. Long before noon the approaches to the barracks were crowded with spectators who had not the privilege of admission to the parade ground, and were content to look on from Birdcagewalk and the railings of St. James' Park. It was not an unfavorable morning for such a display. A sharp frost nipped the air and a light mist hung over the park. Within the enclosure was a scene of picturesque activity. Guardsmen, in long grey overcoats and busbies, moved about among the ever-increasing crowd of civilians; bands mustered, and men in the new campaigning uniform paraded for a preliminary inspection by their officers. Smart and serviceable is the judgment that will be passed on the new kit. The color is a blend of khaki and drab—drab tunic, drab breeches, drab putties, and drab hat. The hat is a novelty in shape, being broader and more substantial in appearance than the ordinary soft felt with which we have become familiar. Rakishly looped up at the side—on the right for Grenadiers and Coldstreams, who wear the white and the red hackle; on the left for the Scots, who, instead of hackle, have the tartan badge of white and red—it is not merely a comfortable, but an effective and even picturesque head-dress. And it has this further advantage, that it is not uniform, and, therefore makes men less conspicuous objects for the enemy's rifles. In the early days of the war our soldiers were easily distinguished, even when lying scattered on the drab veldt, because of the uniformity of the helmet, though covered with khaki, whereas the Colonial troops in their soft felt hats were invisible from even a short distance. The accoutrements, however, have little of the quality of invisibility. The bandoliers are of light grey canvas, the belts are white, the haversack is white, the blanket is rolled in a white cover. Only the water-bottle and the cover of the "billy" or canteen which hangs from the shoulder over the blanket are of khaki color. The buttons, too, are of shining brass—buttons that are rarely seen after men have been once under the close fire of Boers. Yet there is this to be said—a few days on the African veldt will tone down the glaring whites to a neutral tint."

His Aplication for Cash.

One of the recent incidents in the invasion of England by the United States has to do with an American boy of the "smart" order. Arising out of an application in court to presume the death of one Alfred Richardson, who had been manager of some cycle works at Middlesbrough, and who had mysteriously disappeared, it was elicited that he had been advertised for in some American papers, and that one reply was received from H. C. Starnes of Virginia, U.S., a boy purporting to be nine years of age, who alleged that the deceased had married his mother in 1893. There were also two enclosures from a man represented to be a County Court Judge. Asked by the solicitors for particulars, the boy further wrote: "If there is a Estate over thear coming to Alfred Richardson, y of coarse that is a coming to me, and I want to get just as I can." Another document came, said to be from a County Court Judge, which began: "This certifies that Mr. H. C. Starnes has brought before me 20 good old citizens of Scott country—and proved that his father was Mr. Alfred Richardson." It was signed "Judge." The English Judge said it seemed impossible that a County Court Judge anywhere could have written this, and he granted leave forthwith to presume the death.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

But he soon rallied, thanks to his youth and stalwart constitution.

Daisy was the first to welcome him as he came down to the hotel parlor.

Why should she avoid him? she told herself with bitter recklessness. Why deny herself the few days of the only comfort she would ever know in her poor young life—surely the angels in heaven would forgive her for being unable to withstand so small a temptation.

Aleck did not know the horrible past—why should she not be happy the few golden hours in his company that she might.

Braving the anger of both Olive and Hetty, she no longer avoided Aleck, and hope began to dawn in his breast. Bright dreams came to him of the future, with Daisy always by his side.

There seemed no obstacle in his path; he had nothing to do but win her love; and that he determined to do, after waiting patiently for three long weeks for a letter from Daisy's father sanctioning it.

In those lovely eyes of hers, he believed he read some faint signs that he would not woo in vain.

His gentle, chivalrous wooing was like a beautiful poem to Daisy—as yet she was not startled into a sense of reality.

"I am going to forget the dark past and be happy for just a few short weeks," that was her constant cry to heaven by night and by day.

For a few pleasant weeks the sun shone over her, the flowers bloomed fair for her; happy birds sang in her ears; the whole world had but one voice for her, and it was full of love.

She did not heed the end of the road, she was blind to the precipice before her, and she would not see that the end was black, bitter ruin and death.

She knew that Aleck loved her—read it in his eyes, she heard it in his words, she knew it by his every action and gesture. They loved each other, and the knowledge had come to her—too late.

She could never tell in after times how this love of theirs was made known to each other, though she carefully reviewed many scenes.

There came a beautiful moonlit night when they stood on the beach together, for the first time quite alone. Olive and Hetty were at a hop, and Mrs. Burnett was seated on the veranda, near enough to see, but too far off to hear the impassioned words that fell from Aleck's lips.

He had taken her white hand in his and was trying to tell her how he loved her.

Oh, how eloquent his words were, they seemed to have burned their way from his heart to his lips.

"You stand beside me white as death, darling," he cried, "as though you were frightened. Tell me my words have not startled you, Daisy. Tell me you love me and will be my little bride."

CHAPTER VIII.

A Terrible Struggle.

Daisy did not answer; the words seemed to die away on her lips.

If he had shot her—stabbed that beautiful white throat of hers, she could not have been more horribly startled; the color died from her face; her whole figure swayed and trembled; she would have fallen to the ground had he not reached out his arm and caught her.

His wife! Oh, heaven! That terrible word—she was the wife of the man who at that moment was in a prison cell, and she only a child!

A low cry of irrepressible anger came from her lips, her head drooped, she buried her face in her hands.

It seemed to her she was back again in the little dimly-lighted stone church, enacting that horrible scene at the altar; then through the dim chaos of her thoughts she heard Aleck's voice.

"Daisy, my little darling, I must have frightened you!" he cried; "but you know—you must have known—how much I wished to ask you this."

As he spoke he drew nearer to her and threw his arm about the little slender figure.

"I am laying my life and my heart at your feet, Daisy," he pleaded. "Raise your eyes to mine, dear, and tell me my great worshipful love is not in vain."

Even in that moment it struck him that her face was pale with anguish; he could not understand the sorrow he saw expressed there.

"Answer me one question, Daisy," he said, earnestly—"answer it honestly and truly: Do you love me—'Yes' or 'No?' Can you deny that you love me?"

He caught her little, trembling hands in his, holding them close prisoners, and looked down eagerly into the averted face.

No human being could have realized the struggle that was going on in the girl's heart.

Almost involuntarily her lips formed the answer.

"Yes, Heaven help me, I—love you, Aleck!"

He laughed aloud at the timid, piteous, faltering way in which the words were uttered. He attributed it all to her girlish confusion and bashfulness. Ah! it was so sweet to woo and win such a timid, shrinking little bride.

"Listen to me, my beloved," he cried. "You own that you love me, and all true love ends in marriage. I pledge my life to you as I pledge my love."

She drew back with a piteous quivering of the white lips that he could not fail to see.

"I have startled you, dear," he declared. "We will be lovers for a little while—betrothed, you know—and after you are used to the idea, then you will think by degrees how soon you will take me for your husband."

She drew back from him in horror.

"Oh, Aleck, never mention the word 'husband' to me—it is hateful! Oh, if we could but be lovers always!"

"You would like that?" he asked, in wonder.

"Yes," she answered, with a sob.

He could not understand her; other girls, he had always believed, were most anxious to hear their lovers say something of marriage; but, then, Daisy was so very young.

"There is Mrs. Burnett coming, Daisy," he whispered suddenly. "Answer my question before she comes; are we to be lovers, darling?"

Then followed the most terrible struggles between the good angels and the bad that ever fought for a human heart.

Why not take a few weeks of joy out of her life? Oh, to be loved for a few short, fleeting weeks; they were not much, they would pass all too

TO BE CONTINUED.

Labor-Saving but Oath-Producing.

SPEAKING of the introduction in Eastern telephone exchanges of the "line-busy" phonograph attachments, the "Argonaut" remarks that in the effete East these innovations may possibly be tamely received, but they had a short life in San Francisco. When some bright telephone clerk conceived the plan of saving another clerk's wages by putting on a phonograph to say, "Line is busy," it was received with rejoicing by the telephone stockholders in San Francisco. But the telephone subscribers did not like it at all, and did not hesitate to say so. On the first day of the innovation the startled telephone subscribers listened in wonder to the mechanical moaning, squeaking and buzzing of the phonograph droning out: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy—line—is—busy—we—will—call—you." The machine, naturally, was deaf to expostulation or enquiry. To polite dissent and to fiery oaths it returned the same monotonous groan: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy." Goaded by this automatic barking, the most mild-mannered men became temporarily maddened. On that famous first day the telephone scenes in the various clubs were peculiar. From the telephone closets there would come at intervals wild bursts of oaths and sometimes maniac laughter. The attendants would hasten to the telephone temple, and assist forth congested millionaires, purple-faced, pop-eyed, apoplectic. They were speechless—all they could do was to shake their fists at the telephone. When a mining millionaire from Mexico, newly arrived that day, suddenly burst out of the telephone closet clamoring for an axe with which to attack the instrument, the club manager grew apprehensive. When, later in the day, an alcoholic millionaire could not wait for an axe, but demolished the telephone with a heavy, silver-headed cane, the manager concluded to take prudential measures and ask the telephone company to switch off the phonograph. Which was done. This was the end of the telephone-phonograph in the San Francisco clubs, and not long after it was disused throughout the city generally. This experience is respectfully submitted by the "Argonaut" for the consideration of Eastern cities.

Suicide Contagious.

Mayor Morse, of Emporia, Kan., asked the editors of Emporia papers recently to refrain from publishing details of suicides. He said that the publication of such details had caused an epidemic of suicides in that community in the last two years. He had consulted with the Board of Health, and thought that if the papers would not comply with his request he had a right to stop summarily the publication of suicide details under a law providing for the suppression of epidemics.

"If the paper," he said, "on which these local papers are printed had been kept in a place infected with smallpox I could demand that the papers quit using that paper or stop publication. If they spread another contagion, the contagious suggestion of suicide, I believe the liberty of the press is not to be considered before the public welfare, and that the courts would sustain me in using force to prevent the publication of papers containing matter clearly deleterious to the public health.

"However, no such steps need be taken. Mr. White, of the 'Gazette;' Mr. Strong, of the 'Republican,' and Mr. Yearout, of the 'Times,' are in sympathy with me in this movement and will suppress the details of suicides until the epidemic subsides."

Sunshine.

After a morn of dreary rain
The sullen clouds withdrew,
The summer sun shone forth again
From skies of dazzling blue:

Sorrow and suffering was my date,
But you have banished pain—
Your love shone through my lonely soul
Like sunshine after rain!
—Eileen Benson.

Where There Is No Degeneracy.

A delightful article by Mr. Frank Beddard, of the London Zoological Gardens, in the "Pall Mall Magazine," makes one suspect that the only spot in civilization where degeneracy has not begun is the "Zoo." Mr. Beddard takes us through the great menagerie which is under his supervision, and shows us many distinguished inmates at dinner. The hippopotamus is an enviable gourmet. He has been thirty-seven years at the "Zoo," and has had only one attack of indigestion. On that grave occasion he was cured with forty (or eighty) drops of croton oil, administered in a bun. Happy beast! No visits to specialists at a guinea a visit! No anxious trials of patent medicines, advertised in the evening papers with portraits of the cured! Down went the bun, and Hippo was himself again! The Australian cassowary consumes everything (except the missionary and his hymn-book), and never knows what indigestion means. Excellent living (Mr. Beddard's statistics of the food are staggering) and leisured ease make astonishing longevity at the "Zoo." There was a Madagascar parrot who flourished in captivity for fifty-four years, and goodness knows how old he was when he retired to Regent's Park. Possibly he became a centenarian. The official records apparently neglect to state his views of life.

Incident at Pekin.

Probably the most amusing incident of the siege of Pekin, says Henry Savage Landor, occurred on July 23, 1900, when the Dowager-Empress sent a hundred melons, some cucumbers and egg-plant as a present to the Chinese soldiers at the barricades. The servants who brought them misunderstood the order, and handed over the whole lot to the foreign soldiers, also at their barricade. The vegetables were hauled in with due haste, as soon as the guards got over their first astonishment at the handsome gift; but no doubt the person most astonished of all was the messenger on his return to the Dowager-Empress. It is not improbable that the misplaced melons cost him his life.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Miss Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Miss Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 3, 4 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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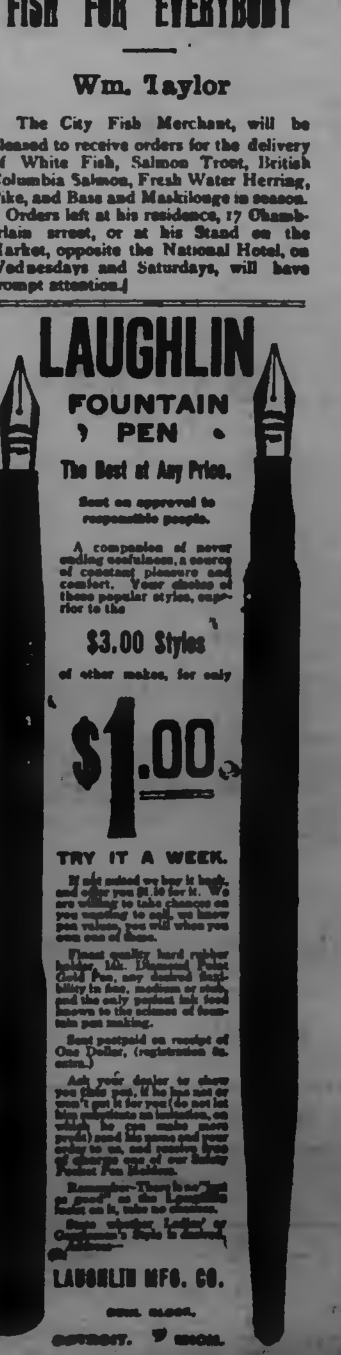
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.



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Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

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$1.00.

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.

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LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm is a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

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Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at

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388 George Street

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 3, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—A ladies' hat awaits an owner at the police station.

—There was a good attendance at the market yesterday.

—A pocket book awaits an owner at the police station.

—Workmen were engaged yesterday in taking down the front wall of the Crystal Block.

—Coal oil, it is said, has been discovered at Melrose, near Belleville, while boring a well.

—If you want a cheap lady's bicycle, call at the Times Bookstore. Two second-hand wheels at a bargain.

—The steamer, Maple Leaf, owned by Kennedy, Davis & Co., of Lindsay, is being fitted out at the wharf below Lindsay street bridge, and will start her season's work in a few days.

—The Rector's bible class of St. Luke's church will be conducted on Thursday evenings instead of on Friday. The hour will be unchanged.

—The fortnightly cottage meetings at Auburn will be conducted by Rev. Langfeldt, and will be held in the future on the first and third Friday of each month.

—Forty-three townships in Ontario have abolished statute labor and adopted the system of commutation recommended by the Provincial Road Overseer.

—Gravenhurst citizens lately carried a by-law to raise $15,000 for the purchase of the existing electric light plant. Only seven votes were cast against the by-law.

—Mr. Thos. Marshall, of Orillia, Chief Engineer of the Trent Valley Navigation Co. fleet, is busy fitting up that company's boats at Bobcaygeon, and hopes to have two of them ready early next week.

—A lady visiting here from New York had photos taken by Whiten. She thought the work was equal to the best she ever had taken. When you want the best go to Whiten and get it. Studio, 158 Hunter street, west.

—Andrew Carnegie has presented Smith's Falls with a $10,000 library building. A few wealthy residents of that town provided the site and the books. Why not accept a similar gift from the great philanthropist, and make an appeal for donations for site and books? We have at least a dozen rich men in Peterborough who should and would help the scheme if properly presented.

BAND CONCERT

Opera House on Friday Evening.
SPECIAL:
Mr. Jack Perle,
Kingston's Favourite Comic Vocalist.
Mr. Scott,
in Humorous Song and Story.
See Program—Best of Season.

To Clear

Marked down to less than cost all old lines of stationery, including some of the very best quality of writing material neatly done up in fancy boxes. Papetries containing 25 sheets of best quality of paper with envelope to match, going at 15 cts. Other lines, five cents for 25 sheets of paper with envelope to correspond. Times Bookstore.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish this paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Miss Stella Davis is visiting friends in Lakefield.

—Miss Warren, of Whitby, is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Eastwood.

—Mrs. E. C. Complin has returned from a visit to London, Ont.

—Miss Burns, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. R. B. Davidson, Dalhousie street.

—Miss Minnie Reid, of Port Hope, is the guest of Miss Katie Graham, at the Oriental.

—Miss Gertrude Wood, of Millbrook, is the guest of Mrs. John Orange, Water street.

—Miss Mattie Robertson is spending her Easter vacation with relatives at Fenelon Falls.

—Mr. Norton Chambers, late of the Stanley Piano Works, town, has accepted a position with the Heintzman Piano Co., Toronto.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Hall, of Lindsay, returned home yesterday, after spending the Easter holidays with friends in town.

—Rev. Mr. Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, were in Lindsay yesterday, attending the funeral of the late Mrs. Cooper of that town.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Donaldson, of Guelph, who have been visiting friends in town, have returned to their home.

—Mrs. Dr. McNaughton, and son, of Mimico, have returned home after spending the Easter holidays with relatives in town.

—Mr. M. W. Hatchett, principal of the Ashburnham public school, is in Toronto, attending a meeting of the Ontario Medical Association.

—Mr. Archie Moore has returned from Havelock where he officiated as floor manager at the ball given by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. He says the ball was the best ever given in Havelock. The music was furnished by Cawthorne's orchestra.

—The Times was pleased to have a call yesterday from Mr. George A. Jordan, who is spending a few days in town in the interests of the Canadian Casualty Company, of which he is the Inspector. This is a new company, with a very promising future before it. There is a wide field for accident insurance, and the promoters of the Casualty propose to cover the ground fully. The provisional board of directors are composed of the very cream of our business men.

Mission Appointments

The appointments made to the Home Mission Congregations under the supervision of the Presbytery of Peterborough are as follows,—Cardiff, Mr. J. A. Miller, Chandos, Mr. Alex. Evans; Cordova, Mr. Edgerton, S. Carey; Harvey, Mr. Stanley, H. Pickup; Oakhill, Mr. George Shearer.

Remanded Until Monday

County Constable Cochrane returned yesterday from Methuen, bringing with him, as a prisoner, Frank Newell, a farmer. Newell is charged with wife-beating, and was remanded by County Police Magistrate Edmison until Monday. This is his second offence, he having been up on a similar charge some months ago but was allowed to go on a promise to behave himself.

Y. W. C. A. NOTES

The Domestic Science classes in connection with the Y.W.C.A., have completed a most successful course of work. The attendance at the meetings has been excellent throughout, and the members have expressed themselves as highly pleased with the progress they made in this special branch of household economy.

The committee in charge desire to express their deepest thanks to Mr. C. B. McAllister, the Light and Power Co., and many others, for the generous contributions they made which aided the work most substantially.

ANOTHER CASE OF SMALLPOX

A Case, of a Severe Type, Has Developed in Otonabee

A rather severe case of smallpox has been discovered in the Township of Otonabee, about seven miles from town. The health authorities were notified of the case and all necessary precautions as to isolation vaccination etc, have been taken and the disease is not likely to spread. The case is supposed to have originated in a person who came to Warkworth from Michigan, suffering from a supposed case of chickenpox. The victim is the father of a large family and had visited in the house in Warkworth early in March where the infected person had been staying. The family have been isolated, the father being separated from the others. Only one case has so far developed and the patient is reported to be progressing favorably.

These are the facts of the case as we have received them and there is no cause for alarm. The public are therefore requested not to give credence to any rumors that might be circulated.

A TEARFUL BABY

wanted to Write a Letter

A man came upon his little girl in a grievous and tearful condition, because she had been restricted in her allowance of Grape-Nuts. The father says, "I am little at home and I hardly understood why the absence of one particular food should excite her grief, but upon inquiry discovered that she had taken such a decided fancy to it that she was refusing meat and almost every other kind of food.

Since she has been using Grape-Nuts a serious condition of constipation of the bowels has been changed to a thoroughly normal condition and her flesh is as solid as a rock.

I quieted her grief by agreeing to let her write a letter, or I would write if she would tell me what to say, so here it is: 'My dear Mr. Grape-Nuts,—Mamma will not give me all the Grape-Nuts I want. She says I must eat some beef, and I don't like it; I just like Grape-Nuts better than anything else, with cream on them. Mamma used to soak them in water, but now I just eat them dry with cream on them. If I had ten dollars to buy Grape-Nuts with, I would fill the big pantry shelf, then mamma would give me more. I am six years old. With love, and thanking you for making Grape-Nuts. D. L. F.'"

Her father adds: "Right here I may gratefully give credit to Grape-Nuts, (which has largely taken the place of rich, indigestible food in my own case), for curing a distressing catarrh of the stomach." This father and little girl live in Truro, Nova Scotia. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT

A Youth Badly Burned and Cut by Powder Exploding in a Bottle

Michael, the nine-year-old son of Mr. J. J. Hogan, of East Ops, found a small bottle filled with gun powder while he was exploring the dark corners of a root house. He retired to the stable to have an opportunity of examining the contents without interuption. He struck a match and dropped it into the powder with the usual results. The bottle exploded and the boy received about fifty cuts besides being badly burned. A large piece of glass lodged in the palm of his right hand and medical assistance had to be called to remove the glass and dress his wounds.

THE COCKING MAIN

A Case of Considerable Local Interest Now on in Lindsay

There is considerable suppressed excitement in certain circles in town over the prosecution that has been begun against those who have been engaged in the recent cocking main near Lindsay. It is said that as soon as evidence is secured steps will be taken to punish those in Peterborough who took birds to the fight.

At the preliminary hearing at Lindsay, a number of witnesses were examined, at which the names of those who took part were disclosed. Interesting developments are expected when the case comes up again on Monday next.

Weak Back and Spinal Pains

Pains in the back number their victims in thousands. Only very powerful and penetrating remedies will reach these distressing complaints, but Polson's Nerviline is as sure to cure them as anything in this world can be sure. Rub Nerviline over the sore parts night and morning, and see how quickly it drives out the pain. Five times stronger than any other. Good for internal and external use. Large bottles 25c.

PROGRAM FOR TO-NIGHT

The Closing Exercises of the Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium

For months past the members of the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium class have been preparing for a splendid exhibition of their work on the closing night of gym for the year. An excellent programme has been prepared, and will be presented to-night when the friends of the members, and those interested in the work will have an opportunity of witnessing the progress made in that branch. The hall has been prettily decorated for the occasion. A silver collection will be taken at the door.

The programme will be as follows:

Instrumental string quartette.	
Dumb bell drill	Junior boys
Wrestling bout	Juniors
Rifle manual	Sergt.-Major Brittain
Hand-ball and tug of war	Juniors
Mat work	Senior men
Instrumental string quartette.	
Gladiatorial contest	Seniors
Wand drill	Senior boys
Wrestling bout	Seniors
Apparatus work, advanced	Seniors
Indian club hustle	
Harriers vs. Ironclads.	
Marching, military and letter	Senior Boys.

Malt Breakfast Food

A STRONG AND EASY WINNER

For the past ten years millers and speculators with a very limited knowledge of the chemistry and physical value of grain foods, have placed on the market preparations under various names; some of these preparations they designate as "health foods." No greater delusions or snares have ever been foisted on the public.

Food experts, analytical chemists and physicians qualified to speak on the subject, quite agree that Malt Breakfast Food is the only true health food now before the public. This finding of scientific men should influence and direct those who are now making use of poorly prepared breakfast cereals.

The exquisite deliciousness of Malt Breakfast Food, its palatableness, its strengthening virtues and its economical features all combine to make it popular; it is a strong and easy winner with all classes of our people. Your grocer delights to recommend Malt Breakfast Food.

VESTRY MEETING

In Connection with St. Luke's Church—The Officers Elected

The annual meeting of St. Luke's Vestry was held on Easter Monday, and a very large number of the church members being present.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting the reports of the different branches were received, which were highly satisfactory. The expenses for the year amounting to $2100.00 together with a debt of $147.00, carried over from the previous year had all been met. The contributions to Missions had been very good. Reference was made to the large Easter offerings, which amounted to $340.00.

The election of officers resulted as follows:—

People's Warden—Mr. Frank Adams.

Rector's Warden—Mr. Adam Dawson.

Assistant Wardens—Col. J. Z. Rogers and Mr. A. O. Sawyers.

Vestry Clerk—Mr. T. H. Adams.

Lay Delegates to Synod—Messrs. F. J. Jameson, G. F. Warde, and R. B. Rogers.

Finance Committee—Messrs E. A. Peck, H. Nesbitt, G. G. Pratley, W. Manlece, Mrs. W. J. Scott, Mrs. A. O. Sawyers and Miss H. Peck.

The sidesmen are to be appointed by the Men's Guild from month to month.

A very hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the Church Wardens, also to the organist and choir leader, whose services had been much appreciated by the congregation. Votes of thanks were tendered to the choir, the different organizations and to Mr. J. Hall.

The meeting adjourned until April 21st. The benediction was pronounced by the Rector.

WEDDING BELLS

Nuptials of Miss Clara Strain and Mr. Wm Roberts, of Town

A pretty and interesting event took place last evening in St. John's church being the occasion of the marriage of Miss Clara L. Strain, daughter of Mr. John Strain, of town, and Mr. Wm. Roberts, also of town.

The ceremony, was performed by Rev. J. C. Davidson in the presence of a large number of friends of the contracting parties.

The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Bertie Strain, while the duties of groomsman were performed by Mr. G. Dormer, of Ashburnham.

The newly married couple will take up residence on Stewart street.

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Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

Having resumed practice, I am again ready for business at the old prices—

Sets of Teeth (best)	$7 00
Sets of Teeth (good)	6 00
Gold Fillings	1 00 up
Silver Fillings	50
Extracting (painless)	50
Gold Crowns	3 00

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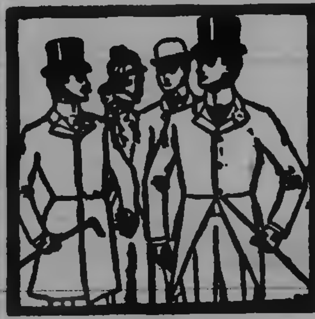

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We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

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Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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Sleepless, poor digestion, easily tired, blue as indigo, that's how you feel. Do you want to feel strong, make plenty of blood, enjoy buoyancy, strength and vim. You can do so by using Ferrozone. How it sharpens the appetite and imparts a feeling of buoyancy, strength and vim! Improves the appetite, digestion, assimulation, sleep. How surely Ferrozone does this, you can ascertain by using it. Ferrozone is a blood builder, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

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PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

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O'Brien! O'Brien! O'Brien

Will positively leave Peterborough

Tuesday, April 8th

Professor O'Brien,

CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST

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SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

whose success in Peterborough has never been equalled by any one in his profession, will positively leave Peterborough

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Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our net magic copying book. Mayo & Co., Room 711 1 and 13 Broadway, New York.

WEST PETERBOROUGH

Notice re. Licenses

A meeting of the License Commissioners for West Peterborough will be held on Monday, April 18th, 1902, at 10 a. m. in their office, 415½ Water street, Peterborough, for considering applications for licenses for 1902-3.

NAME OF APPLICANT	KIND OF LICENSE	PLACE OF LICENSE	KIND OF APPLICANT	NAME OR LOCATION OF HOUSE
James Dolan	Tavern	Peterboro'	Old	City Hotel
Mary Bowman	"	"	"	Oxford House
Steve Holland	"	"	"	American House
John Conroy	"	"	"	National Hotel
Arthur Rountree	"	"	"	Little Windsor Hotel
J. M. Brooks	"	"	"	Palace Hotel
Robert White	"	"	"	White House
Austin Dunn	"	"	"	Southern Hotel
J. B. Larocque	"	"	"	Montreal House
W. J. Overend	"	"	"	C. P. R. Hotel
Margaret O'Shea	"	"	"	Commercial Hotel
Wm. Snowden	"	"	"	Snowden House
Catharine Graham	"	"	"	Oriental Hotel
M. C. Tooley	"	"	"	Queens Hotel
R. H. Jackson	"	"	"	Crown Inn
P. J. Clunan	"	"	"	Clunan House
T. Cavanagh	"	"	"	Phelan House
John Clancy	"	"	"	Peterborough House
R. J. Munro	"	"	"	Morgan House
E. Brown & Co.	Shop	"	"	394 George street
F. J. R. Mitchell	"	"	"	141 Hunter "
M. L. Henry	"	"	"	341 George "
P. Hogan	Tavern	Ashburnham	"	Albion Hotel
Geo. Lipsett, Jr.	"	"	"	Maple Leaf Hotel
J. C. Sullivan	Shop	"	"	Elizabeth street
Wm. Collins	"	"	"	"
John Craig	Tavern	Lakefield	"	Craig House
Wm. Leahy	"	"	"	Midland Hotel
Geo H Brown	"	Smith	"	Chemong Park Hotel
Thos. Eastwood	"	"	"	Buckhorn House
W. E. Brooks	"	"	"	Carleton House
Jas E. Kearney	"	"	"	Lakeview House
Alex. Elliott	Whole'sl	Peterboro'	"	Simcoe Street

Total No. of Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1901-2 33
" Applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1902-3 33

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector, West Peterboro'

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, [illegible]

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about [illegible] each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

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A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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Manufactured by the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

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Speak Quickly

If you want to buy a 6-roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

3-acre Garden Lot, low price and very easy terms.

100-acre Farm with buildings, near town. $2,500. Will sell on easy terms or exchange for town property.

Would you like to own the finest and best Residence in town? We have three choice ones, and we have the finest lot that could be desired, second to none, whereon to build. Who wants it?

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Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

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BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 79 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY APRIL 4 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

PROHIBITION DEFEATED BY MAJORITY OF 4704

Latest Returns Give the Following Figures, 18,006 Against and 13,302 for.

WHAT PROMINENT MANITOBANS HAVE TO SAY

Rev. Dr. Duval, of Knox Church, Winnipeg, Says That a Day of Judgment is Coming

Winnipeg, Man., April 4. — The latest returns up to 9.30 o'clock this morning show a vote in favor of the referendum of 13,621, and against, of 14,600. A very heavy vote was polled in Winnipeg City, where the ballot stood 2,450 for, and 5,317 against. The consensus of opinion seems to be that prohibition is for the present removed from politics, and no political party will reintroduce it for many years. License holders feel well repaid for their arduous campaign work. They acted very wisely last night, and did not grow excessively jubilant over their victory. The saloons and bars were likewise tightly locked up, even after the polls had closed. There was nothing doing at prohibition headquarters, and the few faithful that gathered there were much disappointed, especially as regards Winnipeg. The temperance leaders received the result in silence, and will not express an opinion on the matter. They are strictly non-committal. Mr. Mulock, chairman of the Dominion Alliance, said he would prepare a statement for this afternoon, but nothing else could be got from him. At the Prohibition League Committee about the same state of affairs existed. Mr. Taylor refused to talk on the vote itself, but he condemned the manner in which it was taken. In many polls, the prohibition scrutineers were kept from assuming their duties for some time by substitutes who got there ahead of them, presumably appointed by the liquor men, and during that time Mr. Taylor said the liquor men had "Got in some of their fine work." In interviews on the result of the election

Rev. Dr. Duvall of Knox Church, said the Alliance expected something of the kind, but if the Government wished to determine the fate of prohibition on the result of this referendum, they must remember that a day of judgement is coming.

Rev. Jos. Hogg, of St. Andrew's said it was neither a surprise nor a disappointment to him. "I would rather," he said, "have the Act defeated than trust its enforcement to either of the present political parties. Now that it is defeated we must see that we put men into office who will be true to their pledges to the people, men who will have the moral courage to enforce a law that the people demand."

Premier Roblin said that it would have a great effect in Ontario, and would help Premier Ross out considerably.

Attorney-General Campbell would not yet express an opinion. He wants to size up the situation after all the returns are in and he has time to consider things.

WHAT THE FREE PRESS SAYS.

Winnipeg, Man., April 4. — The Free Press summary of yesterday's vote says: The test of the Manitoba Liquor yesterday, with the result that the measure failed to meet with the approval of the electors at the polls. The returns available last night showed that a total of 37,221 votes had been cast, and of these 15,600 were against bringing the Act into force, and 13,621 were in its favor. There was therefore a negative majority of 7,979. The result was rather a surprise to many, who thought that the prohibition vote would equal, if not exceed, that against the Act, although nobody expected that it would be sufficient to carry the measure. A great many country polls still remain to be heard from, however, and although these may cut down the adverse majority to some extent, they will not affect the main result. They will also have the effect of considerably swelling the total vote cast, so that it will be far beyond the votes cast at the plebiscite taken in 1892 and 1898. It is variously estimated that when all returns are in the total figures will range anywhere from 30,000 to 40,000, which will closely approximate the vote cast at the last Dominion general election.

The morning telegram says the vote cast for the act were 9,230 and against it 15,082, making the majority against as far as the returns went 5,852. The total number of votes cast at points outside Winnipeg, for which returns were received last night, was 17,120, of which 7,355 were cast for, and 9,760 against, making the majority against the adoption of the Liquor Act outside the city 2,430. This, of course, is far from a complete record of the votes cast.

LOOSE VOTING ALLOWED.

In Winnipeg the vote was very heavy quite early in the morning, although the polls were open until 8 p.m. A noticeable feature of the morning's vote was that a large number took the declaration, the Act permitting practically manhood suffrage, and anyone who was not on the list and had been a resident of the province for a year was permitted to take the oath and vote.

Rumors of fraud are heard everywhere. In one or two places, also, mysterious free liquor booths were in full swing, run by enthusiasts alleged to be foreign anti-prohibitionists, but as those owning the booths insisted that they had a right to give away their own property, their efforts were not frustrated.

Paine's Celery Compound

Saves Sleepless, Nervous Despondent and Morose People From Insanity

It is the Only Effective and Honest Medicine For the Banishment of Common Spring Ailments

Medical men of the highest standing, and a host of educated men and women competent to judge, declare that Paine's Celery Compound is the only true and effective medicine for the banishment of the ills that make life miserable in springtime.

In the spring season tens of thousands are sleepless, fretful, nervous, despondent and gloomy. They find it impossible to obtain restful sleep, and soon become physically exhausted; some are already mere wrecks of humanity.

Such sufferers cannot with safety trifle with their condition. They need immediate succor and aid before nature is too severely overtaxed. The weakened, exhausted and irritated system must be fortified at once.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only agent that can afford the rundown, nervous, sleepless and despondent victims prompt relief and permanent cure. If you are assured of this fact dear reader, do not hesitate a moment; putting off will certainly aggravate your condition and lead you nearer the grave. If you wisely determine to test the health building powers of Paine's Celery Compound, do not accept a substitute or vile imitation; your special case demands the best; you are paying for it and should get it. Ask your dealer for PAINE'S. Refuse all others. See that the name is on the bottle and wrapper.

SANTOS-DUMONT COMING

The Great Air Ship Navigator Sails for the United States

London, April 4.—M. Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut, sails for New York to-day on the Hamburg-American liner, Deutschland. The purpose of his trip is to assist the authorities of the St. Louis world's fair in the organization of the proposed balloon contests, and select a site on which to erect a balloon shed for himself. M. Santos-Dumont takes with him several tons of his aerial apparatus. This includes the frame, motor and the contributory portions of the Santos-Dumont No. 7, which has lately been completed in Paris.

TO COME TO CANADA

Imbued with the Opinion That Colonial Militia is Vital to Empire's Defence

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4.—I have authority to state that Lord Dundonald will assume command of the Canadian militia at the termination of O'Grady-Haly's term of office. Lord Dundonald is now at Ascot, awaiting the Gazetting of the appointment.

In view of Lord Dundonald's selection there have turned up recent expressions of his views. He has a tremendous belief in the citizen soldier as an increasingly important element in the defence of the Empire, the State providing freely everything to secure his efficiency. He points to his experience in Natal in the dark days of 1899-1900 as proof of the splendid work in the field civilian soldiers are capable of doing when formed in regiments under good regimental officers. He says on the true recognition of the citizen soldier depends the solution of one of the gravest political problems before our race, and insists on the paramount importance of good shooting to make the Empire safe.

Such are the changed conditions of warfare that we must be a match for the enemy at a thousand yards or more away. This can only be attained by constant practice in rifle shooting.

Lord Dundonald anticipates his work in Canada with the keenest interest, and fully appreciates the conditions of Canadian life, which must guide him if he is to avoid the pitfalls of his predecessors.

Lord Dundonald sends me this message for publication in The Star: "The Canadians who served under me in South Africa were men from the top of the head to the soles of their feet. To be more explicit, there are persons with rifles and men with rifles. When a general has men under him with rifles, he knows what he can do, and what risks he can take. Dundonald."

HUDDA MULLAH ON WAR PATH.

The Fanatic Who has Caused Britain Much Trouble in the Past

Special Telegram to The Times.

Allahabad, British India, April 4.—Hudda Mullah, the fanatic who has in the past endeavored to embroil Great Britain and Afghanistan, has started for Cabul, the capital of Afghanistan, with five thousand armed followers. It is feared that his arrival at Cabul will cause disturbances, as the widow of the late Ameer is opposed to him.

Weather Notes

Probs. for to-day.—Fine and milder.

The weather continues cloudy and cool in Ontario and Quebec, but the outlook is now favorable for clearing. It is fine and much milder in Manitoba and the Territories.

MURDER OF BOERS BY AUSTRALIANS

Were Ten who Surrendered Executed with Object of Robbery?

NATIVES SHOT LIKE RABBITS.

German Missionary Who Knew of the Crimes was Put Out of the Way with a Gun.

London, April 4.— The Morning Leader publishes the alleged story of the crimes which led to the court-martial and execution of two Australian officers in South Africa, which is just now exciting keen indignation in Australia.

The Morning Leader asserts that several officers of this particular irregular corps shot natives like rabbits, and they are even suspected of murdering men of their own command against whom they had grudges.

MURDER FOR PLUNDER

The incident which led to their court-martial was the cold-blooded "execution" by those officers of 10 Boers, who were journeying to Pietersburg with the object of surrendering. It was supposed that these Boers had £20,000 with them. Actuated by cupidity, the Australians stopped the Boers, tried them by mock court-martial, and ordered all of them to be shot. This was done by a squadron of the soldiers, after some non-commissioned officers had refused to carry out the death sentence.

The officers then ransacked the Boers' waggons, and were disgusted upon finding that the £20,000 was in Transvaal paper money.

SHOT A MISSIONARY

The Morning Leader says further that a German missionary, a few miles distant from the scene of the "execution," heard of the affair. Lieut. Hancock, one the Australians concerned, fearing he would divulge his information, shot the missionary down. This shooting eventually led to a complaint by the German Consul to Lord Kitchener, who proceeded to court-martial the Australians.

A STIFF FIGHT.

London, April 4.—Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Pretoria, announced that the 2nd Dragoon Guards fought a sharp rear-guard action near Boschman's Kop. Four officers are known to have been wounded. The column commander, Col. Lawley, detached the Dragoons with the object of surprising a Boer laager reported to have been located ten miles east of Boschman's Kop. The Dragoons found the Boers strongly posted, and the burghers were subsequently largely reinforced, with the result that the Dragoons had to fight a hard rear-guard action in order to regain the main column. The heavy firing called up Col. Lawley, and his troops, who drove off the Boers. The latter's loss is reported to have been heavy.

Items of Interest

Kroonstad, Orange River Colony, April 1.—The Transvaal delegates are still here. It is believed that Gen. De Wet is influencing ex-President Steyn not to meet acting President Schalkburger.

MAY BE A BOER TRICK.

Pretoria, April 2.—Communications have passed between President Steyn and the Transvaal mission at Kroonstad, but nothing is yet known of the result. The majority of the military men and civilians here expect more from the continual pressure of the troops than from the present negotiations. It is pointed out that once before, when hard pressed, the Transvaalers showed a desire for peace, but this was promptly overridden by President Steyn. Nothing in the present situation, so far as known, indicates that President Steyn is less irreconcilable than previously. Indeed, the known facts seem to point to a greater determination to continue the struggle.

CAPT. CHRISTMAS REPUDIATED.

Copenhagen, April 4. — An official note was issued to-day formally announcing that the Danish Ministry has had no connection with Captain Christmas. The latter applied for an audience, but the Premier, Dr. Deuntzer, refused to see him. The Premier also refused to receive a copy of Christmas' report on the subject of the negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indies.

KILLED BY FIRE DAMP.

London, April 3.—Six men were killed as the result of an explosion of fire damp last night, in a colliery at Wigan, Lancashire. A number of men were entombed at Dunfermline, Scotland, this morning, owing to a similar accident.

GENERAL TRAFFIC CLOSED

Durban, Natal, April 3. — General traffic is closed throughout the whole country north of the Tugela River. The region is stoutly protected by lines of blockhouses, extending from Ladysmith. Permits are required to enable people to proceed beyond Colenso. The town guards at Ladysmith, Dundee and Newcastle are under arms and have been recruited to their full strength.

RUSSIAN STUDENTS FAIL.

St. Petersburg, April 3.—The intended demonstration of students planned for April 1 did not materialize. The organizers were arrested on the previous night. The students' revolutionary movement has temporarily ended. The malcontents have failed to prevent the delivery of the university lectures, though the attendance in the lecture rooms averages only half a dozen students. The recent wholesale arrests and the imposition of sentences have greatly lessened the prospect of agitations in the immediate future. The agitators, at the present moment have no formidable program beyond the May day workingmen's celebrations; but strikes and lock-outs, it is anticipated, will occur in the spring and summer. The sending of 86 of the Moscow rioters to Siberia with many persons from other cities has caused serious apprehensions. Clashings between rioters and the police still occur, and one hears of ominous whispers of "next comes the revolver." Prophets have been predicting a revival of the reign of terrorism as a result of the Government's determination to prevent all political propaganda and all proclamations. The discontent, however, is manifested in a peaceful manner.

ATLANTIC CITY ON FIRE.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 4.— Fire broke out this morning among the mass of hotels on the board walk, and speedily enveloped many buildings in flames.

The fire is reported to have started in Brady's bath-houses, near Illinois avenue. In a few minutes it communicated to Smith's photograph gallery and two small shops adjoining, and within twenty minutes all of these flimsy structures had been destroyed and the Tarlton Hotel was in flames. The wind drove the blaze toward the Windsor and the Luray Hotels, and these, too, were soon on fire. The Stratford Hotel, at Kentucky avenue, and the board walk, one block north of the Tarlton, also caught fire. These three buildings, it is feared, will be a total loss. The Hotel Berkeley, adjoining the Stratford, caught in a few minutes.

The board walk is crowded with thousands of spectators. The hotels on Kentucky and Illinois avenues, adjoining those that are on fire, have been emptied of their guests, and furniture, in the expection that they too, will be burned.

At noon the fire was still raging, having spread to the block north of that in which it originated. Young's pier is ablaze, and will be a total loss. The Tarlton is completely destroyed.

The chief of the Atlantic City Fire Department has notified the Electrical Bureau at Philadelphia that the fire was beyond his control, and aid has been sent.

STRIKERS EXCITING SESSION

Butte, Mont., April 4.— Striking hoisting engineers of the Amalgamated Copper Mining Company's properties and the Engineers Union held an exciting session last night. The action of the hoisting engineers in walking out and violating the agreement made with the company a year ago maintaining the present wage scale for two years, was denounced by the union. The strikers, upon the decision of the union being given, bolted the meeting, and after an hour's secret session prepared a statement for the public, giving their side of the controversy. The hoisting engineers, they allege, were not a party to the so-called agreement, and that further with the exception of the Amalgamated Company, the mining companies are paying a higher scale of wages.

TRAIN JUMPS THE TRACK

Utica, N.Y., April 4.—The regular train north on the Mohawk and Malone Division of the Central Hudson Railroad jumped the track at Moose Lake early this morning, and five coaches loaded with emigrants were ditched. Physicians were summoned from Fulton Chain, but it is said that there are no fatalities. The train is badly wrecked, and a number of people are badly bruised up.

PROTRACTED STRIKE LIKELY

Boston, Mass., April 4.—What promises to be a protracted labor contest began here this morning when 1,500 brewery workmen and 73 firemen employed in Boston breweries refused to go to work. A further strike of 500 bottler, coopers and stationary engineers employed in the breweries is threatened within the next 24 hours.

THE STANDARD TIMES CARGO.

Montreal April 4.— The cargo of the stranded Elder-Dempster Liner, Lake Superior, is being removed in lighters, and brought to St. John, N. B. Mr. J. D. W. Campbell, general manager of the line, is superintending the work. As there is not sufficient lightering apparatus at St. John, arrangements will have to be made with some New York or Boston firm, for floating the ship.

BODY FOUND ON THE RAILS.

Ottawa, April 4.— Yesterday morning, about a mile west of Franktown, 36 miles from Ottawa, Engineer Langelier of the Canadian Pacific Railway train that runs into the city from Toronto at 7.15 a.m. noticed the body of a man lying across the track and stopped.

It was found that the body was that of a young man who had made himself particularly obnoxious at Carleton Place station the evening before.

Death was apparently caused by a blow at the base of the skull, and, notwithstanding the fact that the body was discovered thinly covered with snow, it was not rigid.

New York, April 4.—Because he will be legally dead as soon as he is sentenced, it is reported that Albert T. Patrick, convicted of the murder of William M. Rice, the Texas millionaire, has made a will, transferring all his rights to his wife.

By the terms of the will Mrs. Patrick will administer her husband's affairs during his incapacity, pending the decision of the Court of Appeals. If Patrick goes to the death chair his wife will try to sustain the Rice will of 1900.

London, April 4.—A despatch from Pekin to The Times, written by Dr. Morrison, says that while the concessions held by the Pekin syndicate and the British-Chinese Corporation are greater in value than those obtained by all the other powers combined, not a hand's-turn of real work has been attempted since the concessions have been held. Not a foot has been sunk in any mine, not a sod turned on any railway. Dr. Morrison says that while the Pekin syndicate cannot operate without railway communication, there is no excuse for the inactivity of the other corporation. The latter company now demands a new contract, providing for exemption from taxation, admission of machinery and stock duty free, and other privileges regarded by China as excessive and un-British.

THE BOERS HAIL STEYN AS THEIR LEADER.

De Larey and Other Boers Praise His Conduct and Hope to See Him Head of U. S. Africa

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4.—The Times' correspondent, writing from Vaalbank, says that among some Boer papers captured March 25 were copies of two addresses of welcome to Steyn and De Wet, signed by De la Rey, Commandant Liebenberg, and others. In one of them Steyn is apostrophized as "leader and counsellor," and the address continues: "We thank God for your manful and steadfast attitude. We pray also that it may be granted to you to come forward as head and leader of united South Africa."

A proclamation issued by Schalkburger in Lydenburg district ordered that March 20 be observed by the burghers as a day of intercession for the restoration of peace and the independence of the Republics.

Durban, Natal, April 4.—General traffic is closed throughout the whole country north of the Tugela River. The region is stoutly protected by lines of blockhouses, extending from Ladysmith. Permits are requested to enable people to proceed beyond Colenso. The town guards at Ladysmith, Dundee, and Newcastle are under arms, and have been recruited to their full strength.

New Cure for Malaria.

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4.—An important discovery in medical science is announced by M. Armand Gautier in the current number of the Comptes Rendue. He has found that sodium methylarsenate, injected into the blood in minute amounts, is an absolute cure for malarial fever. Particulars are given of the treatment of nine cases, all of which had been contracted in Africa, which were of such a severe type as to be refractory to large doses of quinine. The nine cases were rapidly cured, two only showing a slight relapse, and these yielded at once to a second injection. The progress of the cure was followed in each case by the examination of the blood, and the treatment was always followed by the disappearance of the specific hematozoa. The salt was also found to suppress entirely the anaemia associated with malaria. M. Gauthier regards the results as sufficiently definite to authorize the substitution of this drug for quinine in pernicious malaria, although it still remains for further researches to determine the best dose, and whether administration by the mouth or hypodermically is to be preferred.

PRES. STEYN WILL NOT GIVE UP THE FIGHT.

As Irreconcilable as Ever, He is Backed Up by Gen. De Wet, Who Objects to Meeting Schalburger

Special Telegram to The Times.

Kroonstad, Orange River Colony, April 4.—The Transvaal delegates are still here. It is believed that General De Wet is influencing President Steyn not to meet Acting President Schalkburger

Pretoria, Wednesday, April 2.—Communications have passed between President Kruger and the Transvaal at Kroonstad, but nothing is yet known of the result. The majority of the military men and civilians here expect more from the continual pressure of the troops than from the present negotiations. It is pointed out that once before, when hard pressed, the Transvaalers showed a desire for peace, but this was promptly overridden by President Steyn.

Nothing in the present situation, so far as known, indicates that President Steyn is less irreconcilable than previously. Indeed, the known facts seem to point to a greater determination to continue the struggle.

CONQUEST OF SOUDAN BY GREAT BRITAIN

She has Acquired An Enormous Amount of Territory in That Country

BRITAIN'S SUPREMACY ASSURED IN EGYPT.

The Country to be Immediately Opened Up by Means of Railways—A Good Financial Success

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4.—In connection with the report of Egyptian finances for the fiscal year just closed, more than usual interest attends the story of an expedition into the interior by the Sirdar, and the report of Bishop Tugwell, who has just reached London after a two years' sojourn in the central Soudan. A balancing of the accounts shows that a surplus of £764,000 (Egyptian) is at the disposal of the Egyptian government. But this does not represent the entire difference between revenue and expenditure for nearly £2,000,000 of the difference has been applied to the several funds which the Government is obliged to keep up in accordance with the agreement with the powers. As a matter of fact the revenue amounts to £12,160,000, as against £11,663,000 for last year, while the actual expenses amount to £9,924,000, or an increase of £24,000 over those of the previous year. The total current balance is therefore found to be £2,236,000.

The party under the new Sirdar, Sir Reginald Wingate, who, it will be recalled, succeeded Lord Kitchener as commander-in-chief of the Egyptian army, has arrived at Gebel Ain from the Upper White Nile after visiting Gondokoro, the northern post of the Uganda Protectorate. The party also visited Lado and Kiro, where they were entertained by the Congo State officials, and inspected the newly-established Egyptian posts at Shambeh, Kennimo and Mongalla, the last named place being only fifteen miles north of Gondokoro. The facility with which the party was enabled to travel from Uganda on the east, to the Congo State, on the west, shows what immense advances have been made in the means of transportation within the last few months.

Bishop Tugwell's mission led him further to the south, and to the west where he penetrated as far as Kano, the great Hausa emporium, which had not been visited by an Englishman since 1894. He says that there everything is ready for the coming of British domination, and that Mohammedans and heathen alike will rejoice at effective English administration. He adds that "before the end of the year British supremacy will be established right up to Lake Chad. Recent events have no doubt had a welcome effect upon the King of Kano, and if he proves to be recalcitrant I do not believe his people will side with him in hostility against us.

Too much importance cannot be attached to the statement recently made by General Lugard regarding the immediate opening of the country by means of railways.

GERMANY AND HOLLAND SEE TROUBLE AHEAD

The Growing Feeling Against the Encroachment of Germany

WILL GREAT BRITAIN INTERFERE?

The German Emperor Anxious to Absorb Holland—Will Soon be a Live Question and a Threatening One

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4.—That Germany is laying her plans for the early absorption of Holland, there can be no longer any doubt. Germany owns the upper Rhine, while Holland controls the outlet. This situation prevents Germany from becoming a great sea power, so long as Holland refuses to deepen and improve the lower course of the historic waterway. By absorbing Holland, Germany would at once spring to the front as a sea power, whose geographical relation to the British channel might rest on English nerves. Germany would also thereby acquire Holland's East India possessions, with 50,000,000 of subjects, included in Java, Celebes, a large part of Sumatra, Borneo and New Guinea, as well as some minor islands. France would not lift a finger to shield Holland from incorporation in the German Empire, if compensated in Belgium. Whether England would fight Germany out of good will to the Dutch depends on a multitude of considerations connected with England's fiscal military, naval and international position at the time.

The United States would be interested in the matter, because Holland has colonial possessions in the New World as well as in the Old. There is no doubt that Germany would like to acquire Dutch Guiana, which would give her a foothold on the mainland of South America, and she would also be pleased to secure the Dutch island of Curacoa, which would give her a strategic coign of vantage with reference to Venezuela. The Monroe Doctrine, as construed by the Washington State Department, however, would not sanction the transfer of Dutch Guiana, or of the island of Curacoa, from a weak European power to a strong one.

If You Are Using Brain and Muscle in the Persuit of Your Life Work, Use

Malt Breakfast Food

Men and women who make Malt Breakfast Food their first dish at the morning meal, avoid the many discomforts that come to those that use oatmeal and other starchy grain foods.

Malt Breakfast Food users go forth to the work and duties of the day with a full store of bodily and mental energy so necessary for battling with the worries of business and home responsibilities. The reasons are plain and simple. Malt Breakfast Food is easily digested and quickly assimilated, it is an energy producer as well as a flesh, bone, and muscle builder. Oatmeal and other starchy grain foods tax the powers of digestion, exhaust existing energy, give rise to stomach troubles and skin eruptions.

If you are a daily worker depending upon body and brain power, make Malt Breakfast Food your regular morning dish; health, strength and happiness will be your reward. All grocers.

HUNDREDS ARE SLAIN IN CHINESE RIOTS

Regular Soldiers of the Empire Kill Poorly Armed Villagers

TROUBLE IN COLLECTING TAXES

People too Poor to Pay the Enormous Sum Levied to Cover Indemnities—Reinforcement Sent to Quell Revolt.

Special Telegram to The Times.

Pekin, April 4.—Reports from Ta-Ming-Fu, the southernmost prefecture of the province of Chi-Li, show that the soldiers slaughtered 1,000 villagers. It is believed here that these reports are exaggerated, but it is not doubted that there was a great loss of life.

The riots were due to attempts of local officials to collect indemnities for the Catholics, as arranged between the officials and the priests.

Soldiers have been despatched to quell the disturbance, and a taotai has been sent to adjust the differences.

The officials warn the missionaries to keep out of the disturbed district.

Such resistance to the payment of missionary claims is to be expected in localities where the population is poor and large sums are levied.

Later reports from Ta-Ming-Fu say the greatest loss of life occurred during the fight between Yuan Shi Kai's soldiers and the populace. The inhabitants of several villages who were enlisting in the so-called united villagers society, resisted the soldiers, but, as most of the villagers were only armed with spears and swords, they suffered great slaughter.

The Russians are not pressing the proposition to give the Russo-Chinese bank exclusive mining and other rights in Manchuria, as the powers are not likely to oppose the signing of the Manchurian treaty, as now practically agreed upon between Paul Lessar, the Russian Minister here, and Prince Ching, president of the Chinese foreign office. The signatures will probably be attached in a few days.

M. Lessar has been suggesting to Prince Ching that Thibet should be granted independence. The Chinese believe that this portends a Russian attempt to acquire Thibet as compensation for compromising Russia's Manchurian ambitions.

Certain German instructors who were formerly employed in the Chinese army, have requested their reinstatement, but the officials replied that China had agreed not to employ foreign instructors on account of the jealousies of the powers. Nevertheless, more Japanese officers recently joined Yuan Shi Kai's army. They are wearing Chinese clothing, and their efforts have already resulted in great improvements in the equipment of the forces.

Chinese Corporations

Special Telegram to The Times.

Rome, April 4.—King Victor Emmanuel's frugality and simple tase have already become proverbial in Italy, but, although his subjects at first praised and admired the young king's economy, they are now beginning to call him downright stingy.

EMIGRANTS FOR CANADA.

London, April 4.—During March over 2,500 immigrants left Glasgow and Liverpool to settle in Canada. It is expected four thousand more will go this month, and as many more in May.

PRINCESS RETURNING HOME

San Jose, Cal., April 4.—Princess Kawananakoa, formerly Miss Abigail Campbell will return from Hawaii shortly to visit her mother and sisters in San Jose.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 4 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The United States of America has been carrying on a war for some years, and Great Britain has been carrying on a war for a less number of years. It is not uncommon thing for Britain to be making war, but it is out of the usual for the United States to be making war. One would naturally suppose, then, that the people of the United States would be very much taken up with their war, and would give it a great deal of attention. But the fact is that the war receives very little attention in the United States, while the Boer war is the principal newspaper topic in that country. Why is it?

• • •

Britain is undertaking an unusual kind of task in South Africa. She asserts her authority by thrashing the combatants, meanwhile protecting and feeding the non-combatants, women and children, and now she is about to send school teachers to educate them. Yet some anglophobe papers across the line seek to fasten on her charges of injustice and gross cruelty.

Catarrh is a Germ Disease

Science, armed with the microscope, has established it a fact, and this conclusion renders obsolete the practice of treating asthma, catarrh and bronchitis by stomach drugging, sprays, snuffs, etc. Such treatments are an utter failure because they cannot penetrate the delicate air cells of the lungs, or permeate the air passages of the nose and bronchial tubes where the germs of catarrh have their stronghold. Catarrhozone is the only certain remedy. It is inhaled by the mouth and after spreading through all the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed tissues, clears the head and throat in two minutes, and cures in a few hours. Nothing is so effective, pleasant and simple as Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment, $1.00. Small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Mission Appointments

The appointments made to the Home Mission Congregations under the supervision of the Presbytery of Peterborough are as follows,—Cardiff, Mr. J. A. Miller, Chandos, Mr. Alex. Evans; Cordova, Mr. Edgerton, S. Carey; Harvey, Mr. Stanley, H. Pickup; Oakhill, Mr George Shearer.

The Farmyard in Spring.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper, and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world only once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realise our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill-natured, hard worked, and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Everything about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

Back to It.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone" fifty times [illegible]. On the other side was [illegible]

Dooley on Athletics For Women.

Mr. Hennessy having ventured to say that athletic exercise is a splendid thing for women, "Is it, faith?" said Mr. Dooley. "Well, it may be, but it's no good f'r th' women f'r th' men. I don't know annything that cud be more demoralizin' thin to be marrid to a woman that cud give me a sthroke a shtick at goluf. 'Tis goin' to be th' roon iv fam'ly life. 'Twill break up th' happy home. I'm a man, we'll say, that's down town fr'm th' arly mornin' bendin' over a ledger an' thryin' to thrap a dollar or two to keep th' landlord fr'm th' dure. I dispise athletes. I see that all th' men that have a metallic rattle whin they get on a moovin' sthreet car are pounds overweight, an' wud blow up if they jogged around th' corner.

"Well, I come home at night, an' no matther how I've been 'Here-you-d' all day, I feel in me heart that I'm th' big thing there. What makes me feel that way, says ye? 'Tis th' sinse iv physical supeeryority. Me wife is smarter thin I am. She's had nawthin' to do all day but th' housewarrk an' puttin' in th' coal an' studyin' how she can make me do something I don't want to do that I wud want to do if she didn't want me to do it. She's thrained to th' minyit in havin' her own way. Her mind's clearer, mine bein' full iv bills iv ladin'; she can talk betther an' more frequent; she can throw me fam'ly in me face, an' whin har-rd put to it, her starry eyes can gleam with tears that I think ar-re grief, but she knows diff'rent. An' I give in. But I've won, just th' same.

"But now, how is it? I go home at night an' I'm met at th' dure be a female joynt. Me wife's th' champeen lady golufess iv th' Ivy Leaf Goluf Club; th' finest oarslady on th' canal; a tinnis player that none can rayzist without injury. She can ride a horse, an' I cudden't stay on a merry-go-round without clothespins. She can box a good welterweight, an' she's got medals f'r th' broad jump. Th' on'y spoorts she isn't good at is cookin' an' washin'. This large lady, a little peevish because she's off her dhrive, meets me at th' dure an' begins issuin' ordhers before I have me shoes off. 'Tis jut th' same as if I was back on th' hoist. She doesn't argy, she doesn't weep. She jus' says, 'Say, you,' an' I'm off on th' bound. I look her over, an' say I to meself, 'What's th' good? I cuddent cross that guard,' an' me reign is ended. I'm back to th' ranks iv th' prolitory.

"It won't do, Hinnissy. It's a blow at good govermint. 'Twill disrupt th' home. Our fathers was r-right. They didn't risk their lives an' limbs be marryin' these female Sharkeys."

Dressing-up For the Coronation.

(Paris Correspondent of London "Truth.")

The Earl-Marshal's notification to the peers and peeresses of Great Britain is thought vastly amusing. It strikes us here as might an attempt to go back with pride to the ancestral missing link, whose skeleton it appears has been found in the farthest East. There was something grand and handsome in the distinctive costumes that Louis the Fourteenth invented. The tabouret and the pliant, or folding seat, had their manifest raison d'être in the crowded saloons and galleries at Versailles. But the notification of the Earl-Marshal strikes us as the triumph of smallness, the exaltation of pettiness. Could Swift have been thinking of a similar notification in his time when he wrote about the war between the Big-Endians and the Little-Endians? A consequence of the notification will be to make American heiresses scorn offers of marriage from noblemen less high than dukes. They will know now that dukes only have strawberry leaves on their coronets and four rows of black snips of fur on their miniver capes. Barons who can only wear two rows of the black snips will be held of small account in the heiress preserves of the United States, and so, we may expect, will be earls who have half a row less than the marquis, and a whole row less than a duke. What American lady could bear to appear as a baron's wife in a mantle with a train three feet on the ground when the viscountess immediately preceding her had one a quarter of a yard longer, the countess preceding her half a yard, the marchioness three-quarters of a yard, and the duchess a whole yard? The English easily grasp the inferiority of their "proper stations" in or out of the Peerage. But the Americans do not. Their motto is "tout ou rien." They must have a front seat, or they leave the room. Mr. Jesse Grant, though not of the ornamental sex, declined to dine at Windsor with the lords' gentlemen-in-waiting. "If I do not dine with father (the ex-President of the United States) and mother at the Queen's table I go home." A court official with fear and trembling conveyed this intimation to her late Majesty, who reluctantly yielded, for Big-Endian and Little-Endian questions came within the compass of her brain, and she attached great importance to them. Mr. Jesse Grant did not know that the smallest of the court officials with whom he scorned to dine took precedence of the grand old Gladstone, and that without shocking any Englishman. The aristocratic nobody who waited on the Queen was supposed to absorb some of her sacred virtue. So far as precedence went, the Prime Minister, who was the representative of the nation, was of inferior standing. But I dare say this did not matter to the Grand Old Man.

I had some years ago one of her Majesty's judges (Sir Henry Keating) dining with me. Another guest was an English Honorable, who might have been, in regard to age, his son. It seemed to me absurd that the place of honor should not be given to the judge. To make things pleasant to him, I consulted him before the dinner came off on the subject of precedence. "If," he said, "it is a Franco-English dinner, adopt French rules, since you are in France; if it is an English one, adopt English, in which case I go behind the Honorable. Any earl's son old enough to wear a swallow-tailed coat and a white cravat is entitled to take the pas of me. I know that an American judge, accustomed to be looked up to, would not like to walk behind a young sprig of nobility. I remember Evarts, the great American lawyer who pleaded on the side of the United States at the Geneva Arbitral Court, being visibly annoyed at an earl's son who had just left Eton being placed above him at table."

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

A Queer Conventionality.

The royal English family is exceedingly domestic and affectionate; but there had developed among its members and the people connected with the court a strange surface dread of meeting the Queen, which was perfectly incomprehensible to outsiders. It was quite real on the part of her children, and was probably a remnant of their rather stern bringing up. The efforts they made to vanish into thin air when the Queen came upon them unawares were most ludicrous. From them the entourage caught the same spirit, which led to many amusing incidents. Says a writer in the "Century Magazine:" We were coming home from Whippingham Church, designed and built by Prince Albert, and where Princess Beatrice had been married the year before, when we suddenly came upon a royal group walking leisurely ahead toward Osborne Cottage. Naturally we slackened our pace, when, to our dismay, we saw looming up in the opposite direction certain white ponies and outriders. Caught between two fires, we paused a moment, took in the situation, and decided quickly that we had just time to scramble in safely before the Queen's carriage could draw up at the door. Seeing that the advance party had already turned into the vine-covered porch, we gave wings to our heels and bolted in, too, and there suddenly came upon the whole company saying good-bye to one another, nearly knocking them over in our mad haste. Prince —— and H.R.H. the —— of ——, seeing our breathless condition, and at the same time hearing horses' hoofs approaching, quickly guessed what the frightful danger was and left their conversation unfinished, having in common with us only one idea, that of getting out of the Queen's sight at once." Poor people or perfect strangers the Queen never minded seeing at all. It was only those whom she knew about that she did not care to encounter, as it would put her in the awkward position of being discourteous and passing them by, or else force her to stop and talk with them, when she felt disinclined to do so. Hence, out of deference to the Queen's supposed feelings, arose the etiquette prescribing that one must never be seen on her path. This grew into a stereotyped rule.

Wisdom From the Orient.

Taking Chinese proverbs as they are found in the literature of that nation, they contain many gems of wisdom that cannot be claimed by any Western people.

A peculiar proverb exposing the works of Chinese idolatry runs as follows: "A maker of graven images does not worship the gods; he knows what they are made of." Speaking thus in regard to his make-believe gods, the Chinaman disposes of his real divinities in a manner equally quaint. The saying is attributed to Confucius: "Respect the gods, but keep them at a distance." Some of the proverbs of Cathay are remarkable for their insight. For instance, the following is by no means shallow: "The man of first-rate excellence is virtuous independent of instruction; he of the middling class becomes so after instruction. The lowest order of man is vicious in spite of instruction." Here, too, is a truth which carries far in a work-a-day world: "A single conversation across the table with a wise man is better than ten years' mere study of books." Again, the following is an example of much that might almost have been made to Socrates' order: "When the work of merit is done and reputation is coming, to get out of the way is the high road to Heaven." And, setting aside the wisdom of the wise, we find the last commentary of the pessimistic Chinaman on things in general in the following concise form: "For every soul that Heaven creates Earth provides a grave."

"L'Ouvrage."

The god of heart's desire, ignored, doth wait,
Whilst sated Wealth within the palace gate
Lures dreamless sleep in vain, and 'wails his fate.

Whilst he (to whom this god's an unloved guest),
His brawn would barter, and his hungry nest,
For Wealth's soft, silken pillows of unrest.

"Splendid and terrible, the wage I deal;
To some, a curse, for others, balm to heal;
To-day, I hide; to-morrow, I reveal."

—Richard Scrace.

A Novel Enterprise.

"Harper's Bazar" states that a young woman in a Western city is adding very appreciably to an otherwise moderate income by making sandwiches. As usual with these nondescript businesses, the occupation came by chance. It fell to her lot once or twice to furnish sandwiches as her contribution to one or two fairs and festivals, and their excellence aroused comment. Then friends coaxed her into sandwich service now and then, till at last she took advantage of her evident specialty and became a professional at it. Many of her combinations are original, one of the moment being chopped pineapple mixed with a delicate cream cheese, the variety that is made from whipped cream. She does all the work herself, even to the designing of attractive little cards decorated with a seasonable flower upon which she prints in dainty script her assortment with prices. The success of her work undoubtedly lies in the limitation which she puts upon it—she will take no more orders than she can fill herself, and each sandwich which leaves her hand is as perfect as if it were the only one. She finds a demand for her products throughout the year, picnic sandwiches being one of her most frequent orders.

Mrs. Pretty—Isn't it strange? Mrs. Beauti has not put on mourning for her husband. Mr. Pretty—I understand that her late husband particularly requested that she should not. Mrs. Pretty—The brute! I s'pose he knew how lovely she would look in it.—"Pick-Me-Up."

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

Life at Stake

Somewhere in the world life is at stake every minute of the day. Right at our own doors, perhaps, is going on a struggle as grim and fierce as any fight or flight on record. You hear the hollow tearing cough; see the ooze of blood which tells of the wounded lungs; mark the emaciated body and hectic cheek, and know a life is at stake.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has saved many a life in just such a crisis. It cures obstinate, deep-seated coughs, stops the hemorrhage, strengthens "weak" lungs, and restores the emaciated body to its normal weight and strength.

There is no alcohol in the "Discovery," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"I desire to send you this brief, unsolicited testimonial," writes Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Barium Springs, Iredell Co., N. C. "In 1898 one of my daughters was suffering on account of a severe cough, hectic fever, wasting of flesh and other symptoms of diseased lungs. I promptly gave her Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with gratifying success, and she now enjoys excellent health. This experience caused me to recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines to my neighbors, who, without exception, used them with favorable results."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*, or if cloth bound volume is desired send 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Having resumed practice, I am again ready for business at the old prices—

Sets of Teeth (best)	$7 00
Sets of Teeth (good)	6 00
Gold Fillings	1 00 up
Silver Fillings	50
Extracting (painless)	50
Gold Crowns	3 00

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Room 243 over China Hall. All work Guaranteed.

Far Reaching Influence.

"Old-fashioned Indian stories, the dime novels of years back which were within the reach of all the boys, were an important factor in building up the great West," said a typical Westerner. "These novels used to circulate in a neighborhood till they had been read by every boy and had fallen to pieces through handling. They fired the ambition of the youngsters, set them to practising shooting and riding, and sent many of them to the West in search of adventures. Some soon returned to their homes, others became bad men and were killed in time, but the great mass of them, too proud to return home, created the vigorous, wideawake population of our Western States. I have talked to hundreds of our Western pioneers about the causes which brought them west, and a majority of them admit that dime novels had more to do with it than anything else."

A Heretic.

"The man is a driveling idiot," said the trust magnate.

"A plumb fool," agreed the coal baron.

"An unmitigated lunatic," assented the steel king.

"Crazy as a March hare," asseverated the great financier.

"A hopeless imbecile," asserted the power in Wall street.

"Absolutely and utterly devoid of sense," chimed in the senator.

"As brainless as a barrel," added the corporation lawyer.

"But what has he done?" asked the ordinary citizen.

The crowd was convulsed with laughter.

"Why, he says," they replied, choking and gurgling, "he actually says that money isn't everything!"—Smart Set.

A father, in consoling his daughter who had lost her husband, said: "I don't wonder you grieve for him, my child; you'll never find his equal." "I don't know as I can," responded the sobbing widow; "but I'll do my best!"

"If a ship," began the comedian with the rose tinted beard, "is 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, and its masts are 100 feet high, and the bo'sun is bowlegged, what does the captain weigh?"

"It weighs the anchor!" hoarsely shouted the audience, as it grabbed the benches to prevent itself rising en masse and doing violence to the Thespians.—

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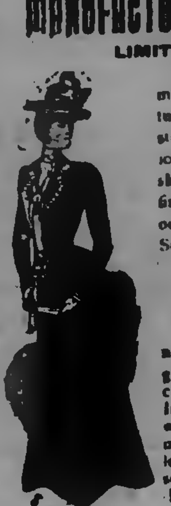

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MIDY

"What's the matter here?" said the officer, coming into the restaurant.

"Why, boss, this man said I could eat one of his dinners without any trouble," said the tramp.

"Well?"

"Well, I ate one, and I've got no money to pay for it, and now it seems there's all sorts of trouble."—Yonkers Statesman.

—◆◆◆—

The infant of the household was in its cradle. The head of the house was at home, peevish and fault-finding. At length he became unendurable. "You've done nothing but make mistakes tonight," he growled. "Yes," she answered meekly, "I began by putting the wrong baby to bed."

—◆◆◆—

"Remember, young man," said the practical man, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

—◆◆◆—

Mrs. Bloomer—"Dear! dear! I dropped my diamond ring off my finger this morning, and can't find it anywhere."

Bloomer—"It's all right. I came across it in one of my trouser pockets."

—◆◆◆—

One of his Majesty's inspectors stood before a class of seven-year-old boys. The subject of examination was Euclid. After failing several times to draw from the class the definition of parallel lines, he drew, by way of illustration, on the wall.

"Now, boys," said the worthy educational dignitary, "I've drawn two parallel lines on the wall. Will they ever meet?"

"Yes, sir," said the pick of the class.

"When?"

"If you draw them right around the room."—London Answers.

—◆◆◆—

"Ignorance," remarked young Brown, "they say is bliss."

"Oh, that probably accounts for it," rejoined Miss Cutting.

"Accounts for what?" queried the youth.

"The contented and happy look you usually wear," she replied.

—◆◆◆—

A visitor to a country town asked the local policeman when the theatre opened.

"We have no theatre here."

"Well, the music hall, then?"

"No, nothing of that kind here."

"Have you no evening amusement at all?"

"Oh, yes," said the policeman. "If you wait till 9 o'clock you'll see them shunting the goods train."

—◆◆◆—

"Wherein lies the difference between photography and courtship?" he asked, softly.

"I don't know," she replied.

"In photography," he explained, "the negative is developed in the dark room, while in courtship that is where the affirmative is developed."

She blushed, but made no answer.

"Let us," he suggested, "proceed to develop an affirmative."

There being no objections, it was so ordered.—Chicago Post.

—◆◆◆—

When Henry comes from Germany
We'll fire salutes and things,
And give him royal welcome for
The messages he brings;
We'll bow and at his every smile
Have throbs and thrills ecstatic,
And quit the practice for awhile
Of being democratic.
We'll dream of Emperors and Kings
As still our blood relations,
For, oh, we dote on royal things
Despite our protestations.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

—◆◆◆—

Applicant—"How much for a telephone, meister?"

Superintendent — "What is your name?"

Applicant—"Gelk'elwiski!"

Superintendent—"One hundred dollars per year."

Applicant—"Why for you judge me let mooch? Everybody else got ut for 24."

Superintendent—"I know, but the extra charge is for repairs. Every time any one calls your name the wires will be twisted."—Chicago News.

—◆◆◆—

The French were so much interested in Mr. Kipling's observations on sportsmen that the poem has been translated into French and published in some of the Paris newspapers. Le Temps renders the famous lines, "with the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals," as follows:—

"A void les imbeciles en complete de flanelle qui jouent au cricket.

"Et les cretins souilles de boue qui jouent au football.

—◆◆◆—

She is a sweet, poetic dream—
A lily on love's crystal stream.
But she, with all her charms divine,
Will ne'er, O ne'er, O ne'er be mine.
Because last night, unto this dear,
I said, beneath the chandelier:
"Last springtime, when the blossoms white
I saw on your black hair alight,
I thought they looked, upon my soul,
Like snowflakes on a load of coal."
—Judge.

—◆◆◆—

He was a stranger cycling through the mighty intellectual City of Oxford. You could tell it from the cautious manner with which he picked his way down the principal street.

It was evening. A gentleman approached the cyclist.

"Sir," said he, "your beacon has ceased its function."

"Sir?"

"Your illuminator, I say, is shrouded in unmitigated oblivion."

"Really, but I don't quite——"

"The effulgence of your radiator has evanesced."

"My dear fellow, I——"

"The transversal ether oscillations in your incandescer have been discontinued."

Just then an unsophisticated little newsboy shouted across the way:

"Hey, mister, yer lamp is out!"

Jack Frost, Artist.

One of the small wonders of the winter season is the abundant and beautiful tracery which Jack Frost has a habit of writing on the pane, usually overnight, in the hours of sleeping, when the fires burn low and the house has lost something of the cheery warmth of day. Everyone has seen and admired the mysterious fungus-like growth which is often the thing which greets him in his first look at the world of a biting winter morning perhaps without knowing that its formation, in all its multiform and delicate variations, is one of the most incomprehensible of phenomena. In Cosmos recently a writer gave some of the theories that have been advanced from time to time to explain it. The Literary Digest translates from the article as follows:—

"The least arrangements of these tiny interlacing ice-crystals furnish decorative designs of incontestable originality and of unequalled delicacy. The observer asks, not without surprise, how in these marvellous formations of ice one and the same design is often rigorously and mathematically reproduced in a certain space, while its character differs totally only a few inches away. There is in this fact alone a real mystery that no one can explain plausibly, at least at present.

"In one place appear very distinctly almost recognizable plants with long, thick leaves. Palms and ferns abound, forming mimic forests. By their side stretch out fine fringes bordering the angles of fantastic sheets. Further away seem to rise the serried trunks of a lofty grove in the midst of a carpet of verdure.

"Then the scene changes completely. On all sides appear the light feathers and plumes of birds. . . .

"What are the physical phenomena that control the formation of these tree-like frost pictures, so remarkable and so varied? Most of our scientists answer these questions by hypotheses, more or less valuable. Almost all give abundant explanations of the deposition of frost along the branches of trees. As to the causes that determine the appearance of such delicate and beautiful ornaments of this same frost on the panes of our windows, most of them remain silent.

"They tell us that the most probable method of frost-formation is as follows: Every tiny droplet of water, if it is produced by condensation of vapor below the freezing-point, is necessarily in a state of 'superfusion.' In this condition when it meets a rough surface it is deposited thereon as a microscopic crystal of ice impregnated or covered with a thin layer of liquid water at the freezing-point.

"This latter, being in continual contact with air that is colder than itself, must finally freeze. As the motion of the air brings up new masses, the thickness of the frost increases.

"Other physicists, we are told, give a somewhat different explanation. According to them, when the vapor of water in the air is deposited as ice, without passing through the liquid state at all, it constitutes frost. That the vapor does not really pass through the liquid state is abundantly shown by the fact that frost has not the structure of frozen dew. It presents, on the contrary, a layer of spongy, opaque ice in which we can detect the prismatic crystals lying side by side. There are still other scientific men who explain the feathery frost formations on the branches of trees by the congelation of a thick mist that comes in contact with a body of lower temperature than the freezing-point or by the solidification of a fog in superfusion, determined by contact with a solid body. The French writer says further:

"We will leave the reader to take his choice of these opinions. So far as the deposit of frost on our window-panes is concerned, we must suppose that the infinite variety of design presented by the crystals is due to the nature of the glass. This substance is, in fact, a very bad and very irregular conductor of heat; it also offers a certain resistance to the physical action of crystallization. These causes are sufficient, when vapor is congealed on the surface, to bring about the formation of these designs, which are as varied as they are remarkable."

Not so Sick as Supposed.

Judging from an opinion expressed recently in The London Spectator, Turkey's sobriquet of the "Sick Man" is being maintained under false pretences. "A strong Sultan," says the writer, "could still place in the field an army of 600,000 of the bravest soldiers in the world, defend his coasts and ports with torpedo boats, and even in defeat inflict terrible blows upon his conqueror. It is true that the advent of a strong Sultan is most improbable, the race of Othman appearing at last to be worn out, but a Sultan weak as a Merovingian is quite probable, and a strong Mayor of the Palace or Grand Vizier would be even more dangerous, because replaceable. A ruler of Turkey who threw all caution to the winds, summoned every Osmanli to his standard, stopped all payments except for munitions of war, and fought as the Mahdi fought at Omdurman, would, to begin with, shatter all European alliances, might hold in check for three years any single European power, and might while being defeated cause an explosion such as Europe has not had to face since the Spahis threatened Vienna. The Sick Man will bequeath nothing, and the whole western world desires his heritage. The catastrophe may not come just yet, for the strange being who now occupies the throne of Turkey, and who will neither yield nor fight, seems irremovable; but it cannot be put off forever, and every blow such as the one M. Delcasse has just delivered brings us nearer to its occurrence. If history affords us any guidance, the Turk will die biting hard."

"I once won a case with one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems," says Congressman Brick of Indiana, who is a lawyer, "and so I stand for him. I was defending a man charged with stealing silk, and it looked so bad for him that I decided on an appeal to the jury. I did the best I could to win with the evidence; but I banked most on the fact that the defendant was a young man with a wife and child, and that it would go hard for all of them to have him go to the penitentiary for a term of years. My whole argument led up to the point where I closed with Riley's little poem, 'Back From a Two Years' Sentence.' When I finished, the jury was in tears, and even the Judge and the Attorney for the prosecution were affected. The jury took just one ballot, and returned a verdict of not guilty."—New York Tribune.

Great Things Probable.

A Chicago professor is lecturing on "How to Lie When Sleeping." The politicians are much interested. In the heat of a campaign, much time has been lost because lying has been limited to waking hours. The effects of the learned professor's discovery upon the next campaign are awaited with interest.—Nebraska City "Conservative."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Revolution in English Character.

IT is the opinion of Mr. Bernard Shaw, as expressed in a characteristic preface to a late volume of his plays, that the nature of the English people has, within the past ten years, undergone certain conspicuous modifications. Excitability—"theatricality" is his own word for it—Mr. Shaw believes to have been steadily mounting in force among the English, usually so solid and stolid; and this he ascribes to the pronounced romanticism of taste developed among them by the literature, the books and plays, of the past five years; a taste which has caused them to lose their true sense of the realities, with all the steadying effects thereof.

It will not be disputed that the special style of literature in vogue during a period leaves its impress upon it, nor will it be gainsaid that the demands and tastes of the period in turn determine the essential nature of its literary supply. We are hearing it said on all sides now that popular education accounts for the love of the novel of adventure. Popular education creates an enlarged reading public, but one which does not wish to have the realities of life laid before it; which, indeed, in many cases, reads, or goes to the play, just to escape reality. If one accept this explanation of certain present phenomena it is only going a step farther to find in all democratically organized, popularly educated societies an inherent inclination toward romanticism. As no countries have carried the modern experiment so far as the English-speaking countries, we ought not to be surprised to see a strong bent toward the romantic attitude showing itself, in many directions, in an English or American public; the romantic attitude here meaning any attitude betraying absence of a full perception of the realities, or disinclination to look at them.

Out of all this we seem to draw three propositions: that democracy appears to presuppose a certain sort of popular education, that without that education there would be no democracy, and yet that that education is calculated to destroy the sense of the realities. Now how is this? The very plea made for the education which, more and more, is prevailing against the classical education, is just this—that it cultivates the true perception of real things. It is a "practical" education for that precise reason, say its advocates. Why, then, asks the writer of "The Point of View" in "Scribner's Magazine," should this same generation manifest so much liking for the romantic fiction, the romantic plays, which are a means of getting away from the real conditions of existence? He proceeds to answer this question as follows: "It may very probably be that this liking is a taste of the moment, without ulterior connections or deeper significances. And, indeed, it seems to have been too much overlooked by some writers who have no love for the novel of adventure, that it is by no means the first time in the world that romance has been in high favor. It is none the less true that this subject does suggest another of far greater moment, which is the question what the "popular" education ought to be, and whether the democratic state of modern man really needs exactly that form of it which is now so insisted upon as essential to its maintenance and well-being. To perceive the realities in the high sense, and in that sense be willing to abide by them, is never, at any time, the portion of more than the few. But general education goes forward, very properly, on the assumption that all may be made in some degree to know the life to which they belong, to realize it. Realization comes, however, only in part through the development of practical efficiency. It comes also through the unfolding of the spiritual nature, the growth of moral vision, the dreams of the imagination—to none of which is the 'classical' education a stranger."

Pleasing Kind of Mal de Mer.

News comes from Honolulu that the transport "Thomas," which reached there on August 1, having on board three hundred male and one hundred female teachers, en route for the Philippines to engage in educational service under the Taft Commission, developed a veritable matrimonial epidemic. The young men and women on board represented almost every State of the Union. After the transport left San Francisco friendships were formed which soon ripened into love, and the day prior to the arrival at Honolulu Captain Buford found that thirty couples desired the nuptial knot tied. He refused to permit the ceremony on board the vessel, and the next day a clergyman at Honolulu made the thirty pairs happy by uniting them in matrimony. Prior to the sailing of the transport from Honolulu several other cases were reported. The departure from New York last week of the fifty-four Cuban girls and twenty-four men, who have been students at the summer school of Harvard University, developed the fact that they, too, had been victims of Cupid's darts, although their courtships have only reached the engagement stage. Most of the Cuban men are returning engaged and several Harvard students and professors are said to have lost their hearts to the girls from the South. Five of the ladies took home with them diamond engagement rings.

A Humane Pater.

One reads so frequently of the paternal boot as applied to the undesirable youthful suitor that it is a pleasure to chronicle the more humane method adopted by a wealthy Glasgow merchant for choking off a "follower" of his daughter. The girl was very young, so was the follower, but nevertheless he called formally on the object of his affections. The merchant and his wife entered the room, the latter bearing a glass of milk and a huge slice of bread spread with butter and jam. "Now, dear, run away to bed," said the kindly mother to her daughter; "it's time that all good girls should be in bed." Then the Glasgow merchant addressed the astonished young man: "Now, youngster, you drink that glass of milk, and take that slice of bread and jam to eat on the road home—and hurry, for your mother must be anxious about your being out so late by yourself." The young man did not call again.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

quickly, then she must send him away.

She would not care to live then — but she would forget that dark future, and live only in the present.

"Are we not to be lovers, darling?" he urged again.

And this time Daisy answered: "Yes."

Bitter was the jealousy of both Olive and Hetty Gordon when they heard of it.

"I knew that would be the way!" declared Hetty, angrily. "I knew how it was going to turn out on the first evening that Aleck came here. Daisy is wonderfully attractive; why, there is that handsome young fellow, Harry Joscelyn, who sits at the opposite table, desperately in love with her. Even though he has heard of her betrothal to Aleck, he does not seem to despair of winning her. He follows her about like a shadow; Aleck is blind not to notice it."

"There is one thing that you are blind if you have not noticed," said Olive; "and that is, how unhappy Daisy looks; I cannot find out why. Only last night, as I passed through her room, I heard her moaning in her sleep, and her pillow was wet with tears. I cannot understand it."

Poor Daisy had given herself up to the few weeks of happiness she would have before she told Aleck all, and lost him forever.

Oh, it was sweet to be loved so dearly and so truly.

Ah, but for that one act of folly, what a life of peace and happiness and love might have lain before her with him whom she loved.

Oh, if she could but live her life over again, if she could but undo that dark, horrible past.

What had induced her, so young, fair and beautiful, to commit such an act of folly, such a mad act as to wed that handsome stranger, only to rue it while her life lasted.

At length the time came when Aleck was eager to have the wedding day set; for of course this betrothal could not go on forever, and he was impatient to claim her.

On the morrow she must decide her fate. She must give him up; and what after that? Was she to live always in misery, crying out for death to come to her?

A voice that seemed to stun her with its words, seemed to whisper to her heart. Why should you give him up? Marry him and be happy. As for that other one, it will be long years ere you behold his face again. You could go away so far he could never find you. As you make your choice now, you must abide by it through the long future— as long as you shall live. You must think what life would be to you without him.

That thought terrified her.

She fell upon her knees with a bitter cry.

"I cannot give him up!" she moaned. "God help me, I cannot. I am tempted beyond endurance."

She was so young, she never once realized the full enormity of the horror which surrounded the step she would take if she wedded Aleck.

When he called for his answer the next day, the terrible struggle was all over in poor Daisy's heart.

"Are you to marry me, Daisy?" he whispered.

In the most piteous voice that ever was heard, she answered, sobbingly: "Yes, Aleck, for I cannot live without you."

CHAPTER IX.

"The book fell from the minister's hands with a crash."

It was one of the most pitiful moments of Daisy's life, fraught, as it was in after years, with the cruelest trials that ever darkened a young girl's life.

Her handsome, impetuous lover sprung forward with a glad cry:

"Daisy, my love, my little darling!" he exclaimed, "you have made me the happiest of men!"

How little he dreamed it was at the price of her soul —that for love of him she had defied God and the angels, who looked on from on high and heard and saw all!

"How you shiver and recoil from me, dear!" said Aleck, reproachfully. "One would almost fancy you were forced into this betrothal. You love me, don't you, Daisy?" he asked anxiously.

"Only heaven knows how much!" she sobbed, clinging piteously to him.

He laughed a gay, happy laugh.

"Well, then, why these tears, dear?" he said, playfully caressing the curly, golden head. "You would have our pretty love-dream a tragedy instead of the romance it is. You seem to be regretting your promise almost as soon as given. I have a notion, Daisy darling, that I must claim you at once or I may lose you.

"I have business that calls me out to California the last of this month," he added, wistfully. "Do you think you could get ready to go with me so soon —as my little bride?"

"I will try, Aleck," she whispered.

Hetty and Olive took the matter of Alexander Hamilton's betrothal to little Daisy quite philosophically, for the reason that both had secured lovers of their own.

"You must have a grand wedding, Daisy," decided Olive, one day, and although Daisy piteously protested, declaring she had a great horror of weddings, and liked to see them over as soon as possible, Olive would have her way.

"I'm no great hand for big fusses," said Farmer Gordon, when he was appealed to on the subject, "and like enough it would be a bit awkward for me to give the bride away before such a crowd of city folks, but my pet must have a grand weddin'; her marriage must be an occasion of great rejoicing."

He wondered why Daisy threw her arms around his neck and begged him so piteously not to say any more.

It was decided that the wedding should take place at the pretty villa on the outskirts of Cape May, which Farmer Gordon had purchased recently, and it was therefore fitted up hastily, yet with great splendor, for the occasion.

At length the all-important day rolled around.

The pretty bridesmaids came fluttering into Daisy's room just as the maid was fastening the wreath of orange blossoms on the beautiful golden head half hidden by the shimmering bridal veil.

They had expected to see the lovely dimpled face all rosy blushes; instead, it was white as a snowdrop.

They did not know why she turned away from the window with a shudder.

(To Be Continued.)

THE MUNICIPALITIES AND SMALLPOX

Speaking in the Ontario Legislature shortly before the close of the recent session, the Provincial Secretary said it was estimated that the smallpox outbreak had cost the Province and the municipalities $465,000 up to the end of January. The cost by this time is perhaps over half a million dollars. It is a large sum.

It is so large a sum that it is worth while to seriously consider whether improvements cannot be made in the method of coping with this disease. When we speak of the outbreak having cost half a million dollars, nothing is included for the business losses to communities that are shunned because of the presence of the scourge, and no account is taken of the personal losses of individuals who are quarantined in the interests of public safety, but to their own financial detriment. It will thus be seen that the expense to which the outbreak of smallpox has put this Province is vastly much greater than the figures would indicate.

More than once it has been suggested in these columns that the task of suppressing smallpox should be entrusted to the Provincial Board of Health, and the cost of doing it paid out of the Provincial Treasury, and now that the present outbreak has assumed so large proportions the time seems appropriate for again advancing the idea. Although half a million dollars is a large sum to take out of the Provincial Treasury, yet it is easier for all the people to pay such a sum than for one-half or one-third of them to do so. If the Province as a whole should assume the responsibility and the expense of fighting smallpox wherever it appears, it would be in effect a pooling of interests which would insure each municipality against a loss that might be imposed upon it at any time.

One small town in the Province has been saddled with a bill of over $2,000 owing to a visitation of this disease, and the case will illustrate the injustice of the present system. The disease was brought to the town by a stranger who had no more claim on that municipality than on any other in the Province. He came there, knowing, or suspecting, what was the matter with him, expecting to be isolated, cared for, and treated. The town authorities did their duty to the man and to the country by taking charge of him at once, and the taxpayers of that town will have to pay two thousand dollars because the stranger came there instead of going to another town. Another small place was last fall saddled with a bill of three thousand dollars in a somewhat similar way.

But it is not so much a question of adjusting the burden of expense that this virulent disease imposes, as of checking it before it spreads. The point that the Provincial authorities must consider is that when a small town takes in a stranger who has the smallpox, cares for him, and is saddled with heavy costs, the same town is seldom caught in the same way a second time.

What does this mean? It simply means that when a municipality has once been unjustly burdened, it will, under the same circumstances, shirk its duty to society at large to escape a second unjust burden. It will bundle the suspect out of town. He will be told that he has measles or chickenpox, and he will be returned whence he came or sent along to his destination. A doctor in a small town does not wish to abandon his practice for a month or six weeks to attend to a stranger afflicted with smallpox. Nor does he wish to incur the displeasure of the local public by burdening the town with a heavy expense if there is any way out of it. On the merest suspicion of having the disease a man should be isolated, but under the present system the municipalities are only too anxious to have a traveling suspect pass on.

A couple of years ago a smallpox suspect was not prevented from leaving Lindsay and coming by train to Toronto, where he walked the streets enquiring his way to the residence of the Medical Health Officer, to give himself up. Not long ago a doctor on a train leaving Toronto saw a woman whom he suspected of having the disease, and he caused her to be put off at the first town reached, where a local doctor pronounced the case harmless, and she was sent to her destination, carrying smallpox with her. Some weeks ago a woman came by train from Michigan, and, being suspected of having the disease, was not allowed to alight at her destination, but the car in which she traveled was hitched to a returning train, and she was carried back to her starting point across the boundary.

The theory is that smallpox must be grappled with on sight by the authorities, and the cost must be borne by the locality where the disease declares itself, but the practice is for municipalities to evade this duty if they can. The desire is to confine the disease to its place of origin; the effect of the present system is to get the suspect traveling, and thus scatter the disease far and near.

This evading of duty is to a large extent responsible for the spreading of the disease throughout the country. There can be no doubt of this, and Dr. Bryce, the Provincial Health Officer, must have more evidence along this line than any newspaper can get possession of. It is astounding how one case can be traced to another, as though the disease is never produced but always "caught," so that a town that fails to hold a suspect and allows him to depart on a train may be responsible for outbreaks in a dozen places hundreds of miles apart. Yet towns will shirk a duty that is dangerous, unpleasant, and grievously expensive.

If smallpox were a disease among horses or cattle the Province would assume the duty and expense of suppressing it. The contagious diseases that attack animals are fought by the [illegible] as a whole, not by the municipalities; and there are equally strong reasons for meeting smallpox with an equally broad plan of campaign.

When a town seizes a stranger under suspicion of having the smallpox the municipality should be rewarded by the Province for its vigilance rather than compelled to pay the costs incurred in caring for the man and preventing the spread of the disease.—Toronto Star.

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Did you say he is a man of stable habits?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Yes; he kicks like a mule.—Yonkers Statesman.

—◆◆◆—

"Yes, sir, my new automobile smashed a record on its first trip."

"How?"

"Broke down thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds after it started!"—Puck.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act. within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid, on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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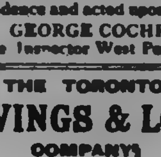

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I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00.

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentleman's Style is desired.

Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible]
DETROIT, MICH.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
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MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

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Greatest Bargains
IN GROCERIES
Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at
KIDD'S
383 George Street

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 4, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The organ in St. Paul's church has been repaired, and is now in first class working order.

—Mervin, the Hunter street butcher, has added a handsome delivery rig to his well equipped establishment.

—The Children's Aid Society acknowledge with thanks the receipt of $20.55 from the Y.M.C.A., being the proceeds of the recent basket-ball match.

—The town of Campbellford is contemplating introducing a system of electric heating. Power will be obtained at Crow Bay.

—The Campbellford Orangemen have decided to hold a monster celebration in that place on July 12. It is some years since Campbellford has had a demonstration, and a big time is expected.

—It is reported, that provided he is given command, Col. Sam Hughes is prepared to raise a brigade of men for South Africa. Provided Col. Sam were given a free hand he could accomplish more in a month than the present outfit in Africa could do in a year.—Bobcaygeon Independent.

—We have received a copy of the Advance, published at Adams, Oregon, by Mr. J. C. Craig, formerly of Peterborough. Mr. Craig is an old Peterborough boy, having served his time in this office. The paper, as might be expected, is neat, clean, and a good sample of the typographical art.

—Last Thursday Orillia entered into possession of its power transmission plant, which has been under construction for nearly three years. The town has been enjoying the use of light and power from the Ragged Rapid for six weeks past, under an arrangement with the contractors. As the contractors have not been making satisfactory progress toward the completion of the work, the council last week took steps to expedite matters, and, failing in this, sent out a staff of electricians, accompanied by several constables, and took possession of the plant.

To Consider Domestic Science

At the recent meeting of the Separate School Board it was decided to gather all information they could regarding the teaching of manual training and domestic science in the schools. This subject is gaining headway very strong in the province. Messrs. Kylie and Lynch were appointed a committee to look into the matter.

PROF. O'BRIEN
Leaves Peterborough, Tuesday next, April 8th
263 Hunter St. Terrace
Hours—10 to 10

A Game Toronto Traveller

Commercial travellers are, as a rule, "all-round" clever fellows, and while modest and unassuming they believe in claiming all the credit that is their due. Mr. McConechie, representing McColl Bros., Toronto, and who is a guest at the Munroe House, is an expert trapshot and checker-player. He is of the opinion that Peterborough does not boast a citizen who can "down" him, at checkers, euchre, pedro, rifle, revolver, or trapshooting, and, he last evening voiced his willingness to meet any citizen in a contest, for the honors of the Championship, or for stakes agreed upon.

BAND CONCERT

Opera House on Friday Evening.
SPECIAL:
Mr. Jack Perle,
Kingston's Favourite Comic Vocalist.
Mr. Scott,
In Humorous Song and Story.
See Program—Best of Season.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish its paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Frederick Harris, Toronto's great and rapid sign painter, is in town.

—Miss Ethel Dawson, who has been visiting in Toronto for some time, has returned home.

—Miss Ingram, of Fenelon Falls, is visiting in town, the guest of Mrs. Loudon.

—Mr. Hugh Stephenson, representing the International Typographical Union, is in town for a day or two.

—Miss Eva Bullen and Miss May Dunford are visiting in Havelock, the guests of the Misses Byrans.

—Miss Jessie Fairweather, accompanied by her brother, Mr. Robert Fairweather, left yesterday for a visit to Atlantic City, N.J.

—Mrs. Dr. Kirby, of Ottawa, returned to her home yesterday, after a months' visit in Peterborough and Toronto.

—Mr. H. S. Carpenter, late of the T.V.C. engineering staff, left yesterday for Cambridge to assume a new position.

—Mrs. W. D. Wilgar, of Toronto, is spending a few days in town with her sister, Miss Maude McFarlane, prior to the latter's departure for South Africa.

—Mr. Walter Dawson and Mr. Howard, of Albert College, Belleville, have returned to that place, after spending the holidays in town.

—Mr. E. T. Wier, who for some time has been connected with the Grant Hamilton Oil Co., of Toronto, has been appointed General Manager of the Marsh Manufacturing Co., of Toronto. This firm recently purchased the works of the Castile and Mill Soap Co., of Preston. Mr. Weir is to be congratulated on his appointment.

A True Nerve Tonic

acts not so much upon the nerves themselves, as upon the digestive functions, and the abundant formation of rich, red blood. The nerves cannot be fed on medicine. They can be fed and strengthened by digested and assimilated food. Ferrozone's marvellous action arises from its power over the digestive and assimilative functions of the body. You take it, the blood grows richer, redder. You feel strength and vigor, digestion ceases to be noticed, for it has become good. Work is easier, for you have the strength to do it. In a short time you have health. Use Ferrozone.

Warning to Local Merchants

The Canadian Printer and Publisher for March contains the following paragraph which will no doubt be of interest to local merchants,—"I am informed that the two big departmental stores in Toronto, namely, Eaton's and Simpson's, are going in for spring catalogues far beyond what their previous ones have been. For instance they are going in extensively for colored illustrations, so as to illustrate fabrics of all kinds, including carpets. This is intended to scoop in as much trade from the town merchant as possible, and if what I hear of the catalogue is true, it would not surprise me if more business than ever were brought into the city. My advice to advertising managers in town and country offices is to warn live merchants in their own towns of the coming competition, and get them to go in for more home advertising than they have previously done."

RIVER AND LAKE NOTES

The ice has disappeared from the river and Rice Lake.

The steamers Water Lily and City of Peterborough, have been thoroughly overhauled during the winter months. Both boats were inspected a few days ago by Captain Augustus, inspector of Lloyd' Inland Waters.

The trim little yacht, "Rob Roy," has been repaired and re-caulked and is now ready for the water. This trim little vessel looks prettier than ever this spring.

TO NURSE SMALLPOX PATIENT

Mr. W. H. Andrews will Perform the Duties in the Wood Family

Mr. W. H. Andrews, who nursed the smallpox patient at Jackson Park has been engaged to care for Mr. Ras. Wood, the smallpox patient in Otonabee. The patient is in the same house with his family but is not allowed to mingle with them. No new cases have been reported and it is thought the disease will be confined to the single patient. It is needless to say that the case will be well looked after, so far as Mr. Andrews is concerned, because he has had some experience already this winter.

A PHYSICIAN HURT

Helped Himself

When the doctor himself brings on heart disease by the use of coffee it is time for ordinary people to think carefully of the effect of that beverage.

The testimony of Dr. O. W. Mathewson, 1354 Penn. Ave., Des Moines, Ia., is as follows. His letter is rather long and this extract is necessarily condensed.

"I am a physician of 13 years' practice. I felt the need of a stimulant and for the first five or six years of my practice used strong coffee. Eight or ten years ago I began to notice symptoms of heart disease. This seemed to be a regular organic type and year by year became aggravated. Dizziness, faintness, and, later, inability to walk, at times.

Physicians could find no marked symptoms of disease but thought there might be of a kind that escaped observation. Finally I became a confirmed invalid and gave up practice.

Several years elapsed with the symptoms growing worse. I was considered as marked for an early grave. It finally became impressed upon me to give up coffee. This I found easier to do when Postum Food Coffee was used in its place. I did this more to satisfy my friends than with any hope of benefit from such a simple change, especially in such an incurable case as mine. I was debilitated and very weak and about 30 pounds short of my old weight.

From the first week I noticed a marked change, and within three months I was almost fully restored to my old strength and health. These facts are known to hundreds of my friends and acquaintances."

ANOTHER AMERICAN INVASION.

Peterboro's Street Railway to be Resurrected by American Capital

The chances are that our "underground railway" will, ere long, become an up-to-date surface road, in every sense of the term.

A prominent local business man states that he has reliable information to the effect that influential Buffalo capitalists are interested in the matter, and are quietly taking steps towards the formation of a strong company which will extend the existing line to Chemong and Lakefield, secure up-to-date equipment, and put the road in first class condition.

This is "a consummation devoutly to be wished," and our citizens will sincerely welcome the reappearance of the street cars.

A FAMILY RE-UNION

A Pleasant Affair which was Attended by Relatives from Peterborough

Referring to a very pleasant family re-union the Bowmanville Statesman says:—

"A very pleasant family re-union was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Hellyar, Wellington-st., on Good Friday, when about 30 relatives assembled by invitation to celebrate the approaching anniversary of their golden wedding. This date was chosen as a convenient time for all to gather, as many had to come from a distance. Among the guests who came to join in the festivities of the day were all ages—from the little year-old grandchild to the aged brothers of over four-score years—and the meeting was indeed a glad and happy one. Among those present were: Mr. William Brenton, Fenella, Mr. Frank Brenton, Havelock, brothers; Mrs. Richard Brenton, Peterborough, sister-in-law; Mrs. T. H. Brenton, Trenton, niece; Mrs. James Dawson, Fraserville, niece; Mrs. Albert Pellow, niece, and son Dick, Toronto; Rev. and Mrs. S. T. Bartlett, son-in-law and daughter, and Misses Lena, Hattie and Ethel, Napanee, Mr. W. H. Hellyar, son, Mrs. Hellyar and daughter Fanny and Miss A. Hampshire, Cobourg; Mrs. C. Trenbeth, cousin, town; Miss Carrie Vaughan, niece, Fenella; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Greenwood, Toronto. Letters of regret were received from Miss Fanny Brenton, niece, Buffalo, N.Y., and Mr. Thos. H. Brenton, nephew, Trenton. During the evening Rev. S. T. Bartlett assisted by Rev. Wm. Jolliffe, baptized Mrs. Pellow's little son, Alfred Richard. After the guests had partaken of a bountiful supper, the evening was spent very pleasantly in social chat, games, etc. Many useful and dainty gifts were presented, and all wished that the worthy couple may be spared to enjoy many more happy years together."

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DEATH OF MRS. JOS. SPROULE

One of Peterborough's Oldest and Most Esteemed Citizens

The death of Mrs. Joseph Sproule, who passed away yesterday morning at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. John Haggart, Brock street, removes from our midst one of the oldest and most highly esteemed citizens of town.

The deceased lady, who was 87 years of age, was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, and came to Canada with her husband in 1880, and have since that time resided in Peterborough. Her husband who is 87 years of age, is still quite smart, and with three sons and one daughter, is left to mourn the death of a wife and mother. The members of the family are, Mrs. John Haggart, town; Mr. A. H. R. Sproule, County Tyrone, Ireland, and Mr. G. R. Sproule, Helena, Montana, U. S. Another son, Dr. Sproule, died in Ireland some years ago, and was well known in town.

The late Mrs. Sproule was a lady of unusual culture and education, and though of a retiring disposition, made many warm friends in whose esteem she stood very high. In religion she was a Presbyterian.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at three o'clock, from the residence of Mr. John Haggart, 167 Brock street, and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

General - Sports.

TENNIS.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Lawn Tennis Club was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Monday night, and was very largely attended. The different reports presented showed that the past season had been the most successful in the history of the club.

A constitution was framed and adopted for the government of the club in the future. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. John Burnham for the use of her beautiful grounds.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Patroness—Mrs. John Burnham.
President—Mr. F. D. Kidd.
Vice-Pres.—Miss Hatton.
Vice-Pres.—Miss Annie Hall.
Hon. Sec-Treas.—Mr. W. Harold Claxton.

Executive Committee — Miss Dennistoun, Mrs. F. Roger, Miss Lundy, Mr. Hal Burnham, and the officers of the club.

CURLING.

A meeting of the Thistle Curling Club will be held at 8 o'clock to-night in the rink parlor, for the purpose of winding up the season's business.

CRICKET.

The annual meeting of the Colts Cricket Club will be held at the Y.M.C.A. to-night. A full attendance of members is requested.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents, all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1898, said; "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

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Settlers' One way Second Class Excursions
To
Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points
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To NELSON, TRAIL, ROSSLAND, GREENWOOD, MIDWAY, B.C., VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., SEATTLE & TACOMA, Wash. and PORTLAND, OREGON.
$42.55
Tickets on sale MARCH 1st to APRIL 30th, 1902, inclusive.
Proportionate rates from and to other points
Also reduced rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA and WASHINGTON

To Manitoba & Canadian Northwest

Will leave every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, if sufficient business offers.
For full particulars apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent or to
A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
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Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director
The Highest Educational Standard
PUPILS MAY ENTER AT ANY TIME.
School of Literature and Expression
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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
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Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland, 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Masse & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ENGLAND'S NAVAL PLANS.

London, April 4.—There are under construction to-day 13 new battleships, 22 armored cruisers, two second class cruisers, two third class cruisers, ten torpedo boat destroyers five torpedo boats, and eight minor craft.

Polson's Nerviline Cures Rheumatism

The remarkable strength and marvelous soothing power of Nerviline renders it quite infallible in rheumatism. Five times stronger than any other remedy, its penetrating power enables it to reach the source of the pain and drive out the disease. Nerviline is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing in its action than any other medicine heretofore devised for the cure of rheumatism. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

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Describing the route of the
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.
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TORONTO, ONT

O'Brien! O'Brien! O'Brien!
Will positively leave Peterborough
Tuesday, April 8th

Professor O'Brien,
CANADA'S GREATEST PHRENOLOGIST
—AND—
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST
whose success in Peterborough has never been equalled by any one in his profession, will positively leave Peterborough
TUESDAY, APRIL 8TH
As this will be your last chance for some time, call early and don't loose your opportunity to consult this world-renowned Phrenologist and Palmist whose advice has caused many happy homes. A photo read free to patrons. Private office, 263 Hunter-st. terrace. Hours 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

YOU
Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of
SPRING GOODS
They are up-to-date.
We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.
LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS
Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.
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For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
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City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter Street
PRINCESS
SHOE
For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enamelled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.
Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.
JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.)

WEST PETERBOROUGH

Notice re. Licenses

A meeting of the License Commissioners for West Peterborough will be held on Monday, April 18th, 1902, at 10 a. m. in their office, 415½ Water street, Peterborough, for considering applications for licenses for 1902-3.

NAME OF APPLICANT	KIND OF LICENSE	PLACE OF LICENSE	KIND OF APPLICANT	NAME OR LOCATION OF HOUSE
James Dolan	Tavern	Peterboro'	Old	City Hotel
Mary Bowman	"	"	"	Oxford House
Steve Holland	"	"	"	American House
John Conroy	"	"	"	National Hotel
Arthur Rountree	"	"	"	Little Windsor Hotel
J. M. Brooks	"	"	"	Palace Hotel
Robert White	"	"	"	White House
Austin Dunn	"	"	"	Southern Hotel
J. B. Laroque	"	"	"	Montreal House
W J. Overend	"	"	"	C. P. R. Hotel
Margaret O'Shea	"	"	"	Commercial Hotel
Wm. Snowden	"	"	"	Snowden House
Catharine Graham	"	"	"	Oriental Hotel
M. C. Tooley	"	"	"	Queens Hotel
R. H. Jackson	"	"	"	Crown Inn
P. J. Clunan	"	"	"	Clunan House
T. Cavanagh	"	"	"	Phelan House
John Clancy	"	"	"	Peterborough House
R. J. Munro	"	"	"	Morgan House
E. Brown & Co.	Shop	"	"	394 George street
F. J. R. Mitchell	"	"	"	141 Hunter "
M. L. Henry	"	"	"	341 George "
P. Hogan	Tavern	Ashburnham	"	Albion Hotel
Geo. Lipsett, Jr	"	"	"	Maple Leaf Hotel
J. C. Sullivan	Shop	"	"	Elizabeth street
Wm. Collins	"	"	"	"
John Craig	Tavern	Lakefield	"	Craig House
Wm. Leahy	"	"	"	Midland Hotel
Geo H Brown	"	Smith	"	Chemong Park Hotel
Thos Eastwood	"	"	"	Buckhorn House
W. E. Brooks	"	"	"	Carleton House
Jas E. Kearney	"	"	"	Lakeview House
Alex. Elliott	Whole'sl	Peterboro'	"	Simcoe Street

Total No. of Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1901-2 33
" Applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1902-3 33

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector, West Peterboro.'

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two
Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)
—AT—
H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S
High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ST. AUGUSTINE
The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford
L'EMPEREUR
Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.
J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,
Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE
ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED
LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.
"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:
99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR
with no impurities whatever."
(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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ALES AND PORTER
—OF—
THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED
They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Buy Hercules Babbit
BEST FOR HEAVY WORK
Manufactured by the
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

Speak Quickly

If you want to buy a 6-roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

3-acre Garden Lot, low price and very easy terms.

100-acre Farm with buildings, near town. $2 500. Will sell on easy terms or exchange for town property.

Would you like to own the finest and best Residence in town? We have three choice ones, and we have the finest lot that could be desired, second to none, whereon to build. Who wants it?

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 15 Temple street Toronto

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 80 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY APRIL 5 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

WAR CLOUD DABKENS IN EASTERN SKY

Ninety Thousand Turkish Soldiers Being Mobolized

ARMY TO BE ON A WAR FOOTING

The Empire in a State of Anarchy and Revolution—Further Armenian Massacres Feared.

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 5—The call to arms by the Turkish Government of some ninety thousand irregulars has a special significance just at this moment. The only troops enrolled in the Turkish army as irregulars are the Kurds of Armenia and the Upper Euphrates, but as they do not number at the most over thirty-five thousand, the remainder of the number stated must be taken from the local reserves in other parts of the Empire. If in Europe, it is from among the Arnauts, Ghegas and Koska of northern, central and southern Albania, and the Turkish Mussulman population of Macedonia and Thrace; the meaning of the step must then be that they will be used to keep down the Christian population while the regular army is employed in the field. How effectively the irregulars called out in 1876 in what is now called Bulgaria did their work is a matter of history, and there is no reason to believe that they would act less zealously now than then. The immunity enjoyed by the Sultan and the authorized perpetrators of the last massacres in Armenia is a direct encouragement to his irregulars to repeat like actions everywhere.

Fro the state of things all over the Turkish Empire, Europe as a whole, and Germany in particular, is responsible. The Treaty of Berlin provided for the reorganization of Turkey in a manner that could have been accomplished easily, if it had been taken up seriously, and that would have insured peace and progress to the peoples of the Empire. Prince Bismarck refused the concurrence of Germany, and Austria actively opposed. The result is that the hope excited among the Christians of Turkey instead of being satisfied have been destroyed, and the empire is threatened with a repetition of the Bulgarian and Armenian atrocities. The Russian and Austrian Governments have, however, come to an understanding with reference to such an eventuality, and the consequence of the Sultan's letting his irregulars loose on the unarm'd Christians, may be an immediate intervention that will bring matters to a head. The necessary preparations are are being made by both Governments. Meantime the Macedonian Committee Which has entered into relations with the National Committee of Greece and Armenia, is prepared to dissolve so soon as intervention takes place and leave the affairs of Macedonia in the hands of the Governments interested.

It is probable that the preparations said to be going on in Italy for the movement of a large body of troops by sea have as much to do with Albania as with Tripoli in Africa. In any case no action would be taken with regard to either unless circumstances warranted; and the calling of irregulars to army by the Sultan seems to justify the Italian Government in getting ready for contingencies.

CATHOLIC TO PREACH

Roman Catholic to Occupy Protestant Pulpit To-morrow

Special Telegram to The Times.

Columbus, O., April 5 — An unusual spectacle will be witnessed in the First Congregational Church of this city to-morrow, when a Catholic layman will address the congregation. Some time ago Dr. Washington Gladden, pastor of the First Congregational Church, extended an invitation to Thomas B. Minahan, formerly of Omaha, President of the American Federation of Catholic societies, to address his congregation on the "No Treating" subject, of which Mr. Minahan is a strong advocate. Mr. Minahan at once accepted the invitation and set tomorrow as the date for the address.

THE CANADIAN RIFLES WIN MUCH GLORY

Lieut. Bruce Carruthers and His Command Held Their Post Until All Had Fallen

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 5. — There was severe fighting all day long on March 31 in the neighborhood of Hart's River, in the southwestern extremity of the Transvaal, between part of General Kitchener's force and the forces of Generals Delarey and Kemp, resulting in the repulse of the Boers after heavy losses on both sides. The Canadian Rifles especially distinguished themselves, one party commanded by Lieutenant Bruce Carruthers holding its post till every man was killed or wounded.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

London, April 5.—Lord Kitchener's official report dated from Pretoria yesterday evening, says:

"General Kitchener (Lord Kitchener's brother), sent Colonels Keir and Cookson from Vriekuil, Western Transvaal, March 31, to reconnoiter towards Hart's River. They soon struck the track of guns and carried on a running fight for eight miles, following the track through the bush. Emerging on a plain, large Boer reinforcements advanced against their flanks, forcing the British troops to take up a defensible position, which they hastily entrenched. Fighting ensued at close quarters until the Boers were repulsed on all sides.

"Delarey, Kemp and other leaders vainly attempted to persuade their men to renew the action. Fifteen hundred Boers participated in the engagement, but they had suffered too heavily and cleared away to the northwest and south. The British losses were also severe. The Canadian Rifles especially distinguished themselves, one party commanded by Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, holding its post till every man was killed or wounded. Others of the forces showed great steadiness allowing the Boers to advance within two hundred yards of them and repelling them with a steady rifle fire."

WHO LIEUT CARRUTHERS IS.

Ottawa, April 5.—Lieut. Bruce Carruthers was a graduate of the Royal Military College graduating class of 1882. He joined the 21st Hussars (Imperial) and served with them in England and Ireland. He returned to Canada and joined the 14th Battalion P. W. O. Rifles at Kingston, and served as lieutenant and captain. When the first contingent went out to South Africa, he volunteered and went with the 2nd Special Service battalion, Royal Canadian Regiment, and was present with them in all their engagements, for which he received the South African medal, with four clasps. When the 3rd contingent (the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles) was raised in December last, Lieut. Carruthers accepted a commission as Lieutenant, and went out with the first portion of the contingent on board the Manhattan. He was attached to Squadron "B" and must have gone directly to the front, but no letter has been received from him by any one here since he landed.

His last letter was written on board the Manhattan, dated the 8th February, reaching Ottawa the 17th of March. He wrote in the best of health and spirits, and expected to reach Cape Town the following Thursday, and to be off for the front in about ten days. He said: "I have a splendid lot of men in this troop, and I know they have confidence in me. My horses are good also. We had a lively time on board crossing the line. Father Neptune paid us a visit, and for a couple of hours assumed control, ducking in the tank and shaving with a large razor any who had not crossed the line before." Lieut. Carruthers was married just before leaving to Miss Etta MacPherson, of Kingston. Their engagement was announced only a short time previous to the formation of the contingent.

He was notified to join the troopship, marriage was decided on, but before sailing he obtained a few days' leave, which he spent with his bride in Ottawa, the guests of Col. and Mrs. Rutherford. Lieut. Carruthers was commodore of the Kingston Yacht Club, and has always taken a great interest in all kinds of athletic sports.

How as in charge of the signallers of his battalion in South Africa, and performed distinguished service in that connection. The names of the men in Lieut. Carruthers' squadron are not known here. The department has the nominal role of the entire contingent alphabetically arranged, but not divided into squadrons. The work of dividing the contingent was to take place on the arrival of the contingent in South Africa.

PREPARING FOR CORONATION

Westminster Abbey Being Put in Shape for the Great Event

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 5—Westminster Abbey was closed this week and formally handed over to the Earl Marshal to be put in readiness for the coronation ceremony. The alterations will be of a most elaborate character, but their success will largely depend on the nature of the seating arrangements. This part of the business is giving a great deal of trouble. There are so many people to be provided for, and the accommodation within the Abbey is not of a very adaptable character.

The wild desire of some people to view the ceremony is indeed amusing. It has leaked out that a number of young scions of noble family, in their anxiety to see the coronation of their Majesties, had arranged to join the choir, while others made application for the privilege of acting as dummies in the orchestra. The Earl Marshal, learning of the matter, took immediate steps to thwart the ambitions of the young men, fearing that the success of their plans might interfere with the beauties of the musical service.

It is learned that the streets in Westminster during the coronation festival will be decorated with Venetian masts, red artificial roses, green leaves, celluloid balls, yellow ribbons and other devices. Near the Abbey the poles are to be more ornate than elsewhere, and there will be a series of triumphal arches representing the Mother Country and the colonies.

DIAMOND DYES

Are Invaluable in the Home

A Voice From the Gaspe Coast

Mrs. John Gallichon, Gaspe, P.Q., after testing Diamond Dyes in her home, for twenty years, says:

"When I commenced housekeeping twenty years ago I began the use of Diamond Dyes. In every class of dyeing, Diamond Dyes have always given me the best results. I have recently used Diamond Dyes for staining my floor and stairs; after a coat of varnish the wood looks very pretty. I may say that the people here are astonished with my work. In my hall and rooms I have mats and rugs the materials of which were dyed with the Diamond Dyes which give such lovely colors. They are truly the best of all dyes."

Upon receipt of post card with your address The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., will send you post paid sheets of new designs for making up the celebrated Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns.

NO PEACE IN SIGHT SAYS OLD KRUGER

Complete Independence is Only Conditions They Will Accept

BRITAIN WILL NEVER GRANT IT.

The Generals in the Field will Not Discuss Peace—The War May Continue for Many Months

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 5.—A despatch from The Hague states that at a recent interview Mr. Kruger stated that ex-President Steyn and Generals Botha and Delarey are in complete accord regarding the war. There will be no surrender. Complete independence is the slogan and will be to the end.

The Times says: An Amsterdam despatch says it is claimed that there is complete unision among the Boer leaders in the field and the Boer representatives in Holland that the war will continue unless Great Britain agrees to grant independence. If there is complete unision upon the question among the Boer leaders in the field, either one way or the other, we do not think that it is of the slightest consequence what the Boer representatives in Holland think. What is more to the purpose is the question, what do the people of the British Empire think of granting the Boers independence. We believe that in Great Britain (leaving a few cranks out of consideration), and in all the colonies, the people are in complete unision in declaring that while they want to see their conquered foes granted the utmost freedom consistent with the integrity of the Empire, they do not want to see the British Empire commit suicide by giving away by diplomacy all that it has prevented itself from being robbed of by arms.

The British at home and in the colonies have made enormous sacrifices in blood and treasure to preserve the integrity of the Empire, and any British Stateaman, who proposed to leave the Boers free to accumulate arms and ammunition for another effort to drive the British out of South Africa, would be looked upon as a lunatic.

It is cheaper, more humane, and in every way, better to finish now, once and for ever, the battle for supremacy in South Africa. To grant the Boers independence would shake the confidence of the colonists in the stability of the Empire. It would be the beginning of national dismemberment. It is a question of Boer independence or British Independence, and by a large majority British subjects prefer British independence.

THE SIFTON TRIAL

Gerald Sifton's Second Trial will be at London Next Week

Special Telegram to The Times.

Woodstock, April 5. — The second trial of Gerald Sifton on the charge of murdering his father, Joseph Sifton, at St. John's, on June 30, 1900, will in all probability begin next Tuesday morning before His Lordship Justice Falconbridge, at London.

The spring assizes open on the previous afternoon, and as the true bill was returned at a previous court, and both sides will be under a heavy expense, the trial is to be brought on at the earliest possible moment. It is hardly likely that the case will occupy ten days, as it did at the fall court, says the Free Press.

Witnesses for both the Crown and defence are being subpoenaed, but the course to be followed by the Crown is of course, kept dark. Crown Attorney Magee stated this morning that he was not in a position to say if many medical men would be called again. This was a matter which rested entirely with Mr. Riddle, K.C., of Toronto, who would in all probability consult with Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, leading counsel for the defence, to be called by each side.

Unmistakable Signs of Catarrh

If you have a ringing in the ears, dropping in the throat, bad breath, headache, morning weakness, bad taste in the mouth—then it's catarrh. Use Catarrhozone Inhaler four times daily and eradicate this awful disease from your system. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed membranes, clears nose, throat and air passages by one application. Catarrhozone quickly remedies the head noises and deafness, prevents dropping, and is warranted to absolutely cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, and lung troubles. Two months' treatment costs $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

Items of Interest

London, April 5.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, sailed for New York on the Hamburg-American Line steamer Deutschland, which left Southampton to-day. Her departure from London was quiet.

Miss Stone will begin lecturing in aid of the missions almost immediately after her arrival in the United States. The rest which Miss Stone has had in England evidently improved her health, though she was obliged to refuse many invitations to speak before religious and other bodies. Joseph Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Mrs. Choate are greatly interested in the missionary. They entertained her at the Embassy at tea Thursday, where Miss Stone gave the diplomatic party an account of her experiences.

BROKE FROM BARRACKS.

London, April 5.—Bugler Dunne, whose gallantry at Colenso procured for him a silver bugle from Queen Victoria, has taken his discharge from the army on account of ill-health. He left Dover on Monday night, and had an enthusiastic "send-off" from some of his comrades, who broke out of barracks and played him to the railway station. Yesterday the delinquents were sentenced by regimental court-martial to a week's imprisonment.

REBEL DEFEAT IN COLOMBIA

Panama, Colombia, April 5.—This city was the scene of wild enthusiasm on the part of the Conservatives last night when Governor Salazar made public the contents of the following despatch received from President Marroquin: "Bogota—General Gonzales Valencia has defeated and completely destroyed the armies of Generals Gasion Soto and Juan McAllister. General Uribe, who invaded Colombian territory via Medina, in the department of Boyaca, was also defeated by General Nicolas Perdamo."

St. Louis, Mo., April 5.—Major-General Sir Richard C. Stewart, in charge of the remount service, British army, arrived in St. Louis last night. Upon being shown a telegram from New Orleans to the effect that Governor Heard of Louisiana had reported to the State Department at Washington that the British Government is maintaining a military camp at New Orleans in violation of the neutrality law, the General declared that, although he had just left New Orleans, he knew nothing whatever of the existence of such a camp.

"I am sure that Governor Heard, if correctly quoted, must be mistaken," said he. "If the British army has any representation in the United States not within the knowledge of the Government, I would surely know something about it. This is the first information I have received that there is such a thing as a military camp located near New Orleans. There have been shipments of horses and mules for the British army from a point a few miles from New Orleans, but I do not think the United States Government would consider that a military camp."

Asked if he knew anything about the alleged Boer plot to kidnap British soldiers in New Orleans, General Stewart replied that he did not, and if any attempt had been made to interfere with the shipment of horses and mules to England he had received no information of the fact. General Stewart stated that he would remain in St. Louis for a few days to purchase horses and mules for the British army.

NEW KLONDYKE RAILWAY

Work on the New Alaskan Railway Soon to Commence

Special Telegram to The Times.

Seattle, Wash., April 5.—Work is to be commenced next month on the construction of a new Alaskan railroad extending from Dawson to the Stewart River, a distance of 82 miles, through the richest mining district in the Yukon country. The new road will be known as the Klondike Mines Railway, and is incorporated with a capital stock of $2,500,000. The line will run through the Bonanza Creek district, 12 miles from Dawson to Indian River, and will be completed this year.

Terrible Tortures and Death Result From Acute and Chronic Rheumatism When Neglected in Spring

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT BANISHER OF ALL FORMS OF RHEUMATISM

A Marvellous Cure After Failures with Physicians, Medicines and Mineral Springs

Rheumatism, terrible in its acute, and long enduring in its chronic form, is one of the most baneful diseases that human beings suffer from. It is a disease that will not bear neglect, for if not treated promptly will remain till death to harass, torture and make life miserable.

Rheumatism is also a constitutional disorder and hereditary. Because of an inactive condition of the kidneys and bowels the blood is not purified, and an acrid poison is formed and deposited in the muscles and joints, and this causes the inflammation and intense agonies that thousands are obliged to endure. Too often, the effects of rheumatism are fatal, especially when the dread disease affects the heart; then death is sudden. Many other serious complications result from this terrible disease, such as pneumonia, pleurisy, meningitis and diaphragmitis, and these often prove rapidly fatal.

Racked and tortured reader, what are you doing to get rid of your danger? Physicians candidly admit their inability to cure. The ordinary medicines of the day may give you relief for a few hours or days; they cannot banish the disease from your blood, joints and muscles; they cannot take the swellings from your knees, elbows or wrists, or make supple the stiffened and twisted limbs. You cannot longer afford to experiment; death is the sure result of experiment and neglect.

To-day, our only hope lies in the immediate use of Dr. Phelps' wonderful rheumatism banisher, Paine's Celery Compound. This tested and world-famed vanquisher of rheumatism, neuralgia and other troubles that arise from impure and poisoned blood, is now fully recognized by the medical profession as a positive and unfailing cure. The following important letter sent from Mr. W. H. Crysler, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., is but one of the thousands received from prominent Canadians who have been cured by Paine's Celery Compound. Mr. Crysler says:

"About four years since, I had a severe attack of grippe, followed by rheumatism, for which the local physician prescribed the usual remedies, which helped me at the time, but did not eliminate the disease. Becoming gradually worse, I finally became discouraged and began using "proprietary" medicines without any benefit. Then I went to Clifton Springs, took the treatment, and felt somewhat better; but after coming back I became very much worse, and was confined to bed for a time. I then went to Preston Springs, and really improved; but after returning home I got worse.

I was then induced to try Paine's Celery Compound, and have gained in health and strength up to the present writing. I now walk from my house to my store, a distance of one-quarter of a mile, daily, and to church Sundays. Paine's Celery Compound has done all this for me. My friends are surprised and astonished to see me able to attend to business again. Believing that it is my duty to let other sufferers know of the great benefit I have received from Paine's Celery Compound, I cheerfully send this letter."

SIBERIA FOR REBELS STUDENTS PUNISHED

Hundreds of the Flower of the Empire Banished to Penal Colony

SCHOOLS HOTBEDS OF SEDITION

One-Fourth Taken From University of St. Petersburg—Pupils in Moscow Imprisoned

Special Telegram to The Times.

St. Petersburg, April 5—The wholesale banishment of University students to Siberia and other penal colonies is the latest plan of the Russian Government to suppress the frequent riots in the larger cities, which threaten to evolve into a revolution.

The students of St. Petersburg are in constant fear of arrest. Detectives are hovering day and night around the lodging houses of the university pupils, and it is estimated by the latter that 25 per cent. of their comrades have been sent to Siberia.

At Moscow last Wednesday twenty-six persons, mostly students, were arrested for disregarding the regulations of the governor general and sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one to three months.

A teacher in a preparatory classical school here was shot four days ago by a student who declared the teacher had given him an unjust rating.

Yokohama, April 1.— The Chinese minister at Tokio has sent a strongly worded despatch to Pekin in which he advises his government to prohibit Chinese students from coming to Japan, declaring they would imbibe revolutionary ideas here.

It was recently announced that fifty-six Chinese students would soon enter the military school at Tokio. Their expenses were to be paid by the vice-roy of Che-Lee province.

SHOOTING OF SCHEEPERS

The Charges of MacNeill Have Been Made Twice Before

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 4 — The charges brought by J. G. S. MacNeill, an Irish Nationalist member of the House of Commons, that the putting to death of Commandant Scheepers by the British at Graaf Reinet, Cape Colony, Jan. 18, was attended by shocking brutality, have been made by Mr. MacNeill twice before in the House of Commons. He refused to name his authority for his allegations, and War Secretary Brodrick declined to have the matter investigated.

Mr. MacNeill's charges have been published in the United States.

ANNUAL BANQUET.

To Mark the Close of the Winter Work in the Senior Department of the Y.M.C.A.

The next great event in connection with the close of the winter work in the Y.M.C.A. will be the annual banquet, of the senior members, which will be given on Thursday evening, April 17th at 8 p.m.

The banquet will be furnished by the Ladie's Auxiliary, as last year, and a nominal fee will be charged. The receipts will go toward the Auxiliary Fund. A social committee have the arrangements in hand and every member of the "Y" should strive to be present.

A prominent Association Worker from another town, and well known in town will be present and the event promises to be one that will be long remembered. Invitations will be issued next week.

PRESBYTERY OF PETERBORO

No Appointment Made to Keene Presbyterian Church

The Presbytery of Peterborough met on Thursday morning for the purpose deciding on a minister to take charge of Keene Presbyterian Church, rendered vacant by the death of Rev. Dr. Andrews. Some time ago Rev. Mr. Kennawin of Omemee preached in the church and he was asked to be an applicant for the pulpit. This he consented to do but afterwards withdrew his name. In the meantime the ballot had been distributed and the vote was taken. The Presbytery decided that as Mr. Kennawin had withdrawn his name it was not fair to the others and consequently a new ballot will be taken.

LEAVING PETERBOROUGH

Mr. Edgar Isaac, an Employee, of the Peterborough Hardware Company Leaving for Tweed.

Mr. Edgar Isaac, who for the past four years has been an employee of the Peterborough Hardware Company has severed his connections with that firm and leaves on Monday for Tweed where he has accepted a very responsible position in a large hardware store. Mr. Isaac is well-known in the town and surrounding country and will be greatly missed by a large number of friends who will, however, extend to him their very best wishes for a prosperous and successful business career in his new position.

Speedy Cure for Cramps and Colic

The most reliable cure for cramps, colic, dysentery and summer complaint is ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. Nerviline removes the pain and distress at once, insures prompt relief and a speedy cure in every case. Nerviline is an excellent remedy for all pain, whether internal or external, and should be in every household. All druggists sell and recommend Nerviline. Price 25c.

Typographical Union Scale Adopted

On Thursday evening at a conference held between the employing printers of Peterborough, Mr. H. Stevenson, Organizer for the International Typographical Union, and representatives of the local Typographical Union, conclusions were reached as to the adoption of a scale of wages to prevail in the local printing offices. The scale includes the shortening of the working day to 54 hours per week, also hours per day, and a substantial advance on wages as specified in the scale.

Heretofore no fixed scale of wages had been mutually agreed upon, although a number of the employees in the different offices have been paid wages higher than that of the scale now adopted. Under the new conditions a minimum rate has been adopted at a substantial advance, together with the adoption of the nine hour movement.

The arrangements throughout were conducted in a most harmonious and satisfactory manner, and the results arrived at without any friction. The reasonable disposition of the organizer, backed up by the good sense of the local members was responsible for the speedy and amicable adjustment of the demands made by the employees, who have accepted the settlement agreed upon.

The agreements between the employers and printers was duly signed by the three offices yesterday afternoon.

CLOSING EXERCISES

Of the Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Class a Great Success

The closing exercises of the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium class last night, were the most satisfactory and pleasing yet presented in the history of that institution. A large number of friends of the class members were present to witness the exhibitions given by the junior and senior classes. The large gallery was packed to its fullest extent, and a large number were accomodated with seats on the ground floor.

The exhibitions given by the juniors in the various parts elicited great applause. The marching, military and letter, was well performed, and the boys heartily applauded. The advanced work of the senior men was put on by Messrs. Ayers, Trollop, Finnie, Robertson, Hall and Sawers, and was well done, the trapeze work being particularly good.

The instrumental string quartette favored the audience with a number of well rendered selections.

At the conclusion of the program, the class was photographed in the gymnasium.

A CREDIT TO THE TOWN

Gough Bros., the Up to Date Clothiers

There is many a city, with a population several times as great as that of Peterborough, but which cannot boast of such a business house that does such a large and satisfactory business as Gough Bros., of this town.

The store has since the new managers were appointed, done an exceedingly gratifying trade. The firm carry a very extensive stock of mens' and boys' fine ready-to-wear clothing furnishings, etc., and does a heavy ordered clothing trade as well. The store is a genuine hive of industry; the salesmen are kept constantly employed with their many customers, and it is plainly apparent from the contented looks of the latter, that they are thoroughly satisfied with their bargains.

The managers, Messrs. Tully and Merrell make it a point to see that every customer gets full value for every penny expended in the store. They know the needs of their patrons, and with their full and complete stock of the best goods procurable, they find no difficulty in meeting every want. Gough Bros.' store is a credit to the town and is deserving of the support of all our citizens.

Malt Breakfast Food

Is the Kind That Aids Digestion

The human digestive apparatus is better understood to-day by all classes than it was ten years ago. Simple school letters and sensibly written newspaper articles have all contributed to public benefit.

To-day the wise and prudent exercise commendable care regarding the character of the fuel used for the sustenance of life, and demand foods easily digested—nourishment for body and brain that will not waste existing energy or hamper the action of the digestive machinery.

Tests and strick chemical analysis have proven that Malt Breakfast Food is the only pure and true health food; the only form of concentrated nourishment that favors digestive vigor.

Users of Malt Breakfast Food never have their periods of gastric discord, no torments or agonies from dyspepsia, no paroxysms or fits of indigestion. Malt Breakfast Food used regularly at the morning meal is a guarantee of daily physical happiness that users of common starchy grain foods know nothing of. Ask your grocer for Malt Breakfast Food.

RUSSIA LANDS 60,000 RIFLES IN PERSIA

May be Another Move to Get England Out of India

THE WILY BEAR SHOWING FIGHT

How the Russians Hope to Get Back at Great Britain on Account of Their Treatment in China

Special Telegram to The Times.

Bombay, April 5.—The Russian subsidised steamer Korniloff, it is asserted here, landed 60,000 rifles at Bender Abbas on her last visit to the Persian Gulf.

Britain recently sent a special representative to Bener Abbas to look out for her interests.

A correspondent of the London Post sent to spy out the land on both sides of the Persian Gulf, beginning at Kowegt, wrote under date of Feb. 7:

"The power which holds Bender Abbas Bay with Larak and Kishm as its outposts, has complete control of the narrow waters at the entrance of the Persian Gulf."

If the foregoing cabled report is true, it probably is another of Russia's persistent moves to work Britain out of India.

Bender, or Bender Abbas is the key to the entrance to the Persian Gulf, at the upper end of which Britain has been getting a foothold at Kowegt to strengthen her position in the Far East. Bender Abbas is in Persia. Koweyt is in Arabia.

Turkey, which claims sovereignty over the Koweyt region, gave Germany, which works in harmony with Russia, permission to build a railroad across Asia Minor and Persia to Kowegt. Britain prompted the native chief at Koweyt to proclaim himself independent, and sent war ships recently to back him in forbidding Germany to build in his dominions a railway which would imperil British interests.

Young but Flourishing

The Best Stove Co., who opened a commodious and well-stocked store on Hunter street, a few days ago, are doing a rushing trade. Their stock is very large, and includes Buck's justly celebrated stoves, ranges and furnaces. The firm makes a specialty of the popular, new style "Happy Thought" range, and carry also a complete stock of kitchen supplies, tinware, enamelware, etc.

The business is in charge of young, bright, capable and energetic men, who are thoroughly up-to-date in their methods, and who will give their customers every reason to be satisfied with their dealings with the firm.

Band Concert Last Night

The band of the 57th Regiment gave another of their delightful concerts in the opera house last night to a very large audience. The music rendered by the band was of its usual high standard and was rendered in such a pleasing manner, as to draw forth the heartiest applause from the residence. Mr. Jack Perle, Kingston Favorite Comics vocalist delightfully entertained the audience, his selections being well rendered and mostly of a side-splitting character. Mr. Scott in harmonious songs and stories was warmly applauded on his appearance on the stage. He is certainly one of the best entertainers heard in town for sometime. Another of these delightful concerts will be given in the course of a week or two and no doubt will be very largely attended, as the concerts given by the band during the winter season have been growing in popularity to such an extent that before long the opera house will be too small for the crowds who wish to attend.

Labor Meeting

The regular weekly meeting of Peterborough Union, 9240, American Federation of Labor, was held in the labor hall, Water st., last night. The attendance of members was very large and enthusiastic. Several questions of importance to the labor men were discussed, and a large number of new members were initiated. The total membership is now in the neighborhood of 1,300

BOERS STARTED CONFLICT RELYING ON GERMANY

Paris Correspondent of the London Times says Burgers Believed Europe Would Intervene

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 5.—The Paris correspondent of The Times quotes an interview with "An Important Dutchman," well acquainted with the Transvaal, who affirms that the German Emperor's telegram to Kruger in 1896 was received by the Boers as tantamount to an assurance of Germany's intervention and protection. A Dutch authority says the Boers went into the war under the conviction that Europe would intervene at the first shot fired, and that the result of the intervention would be that the republics would govern South Africa.

AUSTRALIANS FULL OF RESENTMENT

London, April 5.—The Melbourne correspondent of The Times says that public opinion has changed with regard to the execution of Australian officers by Lord Kitchener. The Australians now deeply resent the stigma cast on the good name of their soldiers by a few men who were not members of the regular contingents.

Something New in Wedding Frills

The newest thing in connection with fashionable weddings in Toronto, that mirror of fashion, and fountain of all that is good, is to have a brass band to play the newly-wedded couple to the railway station from which they start on their wedding tour. A young couple going eastward on the G.T.R. were thus accompanied, a few days ago.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Light winds; fair and milder.

The weather is fair and temperature nearly uniform throughout the Dominion. From present indications it is likely to continue fine and become milder in Ontario and Quebec during Saturday and probably over Sunday.

SHORT AND POINTED

The Food Was Grape-Nuts

It helps one to know the kind of food to select if they can learn the experiences others have had.

"I consider it my duty to let you know what Grape-Nuts has done for me. I was suffering from dyspepsia and daily stomach trouble. After taking many kinds of medicines without finding relief I saw a description of Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and began using it regularly, and in less than two weeks my indigestion was entirely gone.

When I began using the food I weighed 125 pounds. I now weigh 160 pounds and feel stronger than I have ever felt before. Thanks and praise to the makers of Grape-Nuts." Name and address given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

STATISTICS FREE.

Secure our 400 Page Manual.

Write or Call for this Valuable Book.

Our *"Guide to Investors,"* is illustrated, contains maps and complete information of all *railroad and industrial* properties, including highest and lowest prices, for a series of ten to thirty years, of Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton, *also the methods of buying and selling on margins, issued gratis* and

Mailed Free.

Up to date in everything concerning the Markets of the World. *Very moderate margins.*

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, [illegible]

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 5 1902.

MR. BUCHANAN AND THE EXAMINER

It must be very gratifying to the readers of the Examiner that it should devote so much of its space to a controversy with Mr. Lindsay over Mr. Buchanan. Does Mr. Lindsay, does the Examiner, in fact, does anybody think, that the pretended feud is a real one? The question of drawing each other out, a trick the Liberal organ has so often played successfully on the Review, is the real one at issue, and we would recommend to the readers of the Examiner a careful perusal of the points which it does not touch upon. This hokey-pokey style of campaigning may do for greenhorns but not for them of mature age.

THE LAND OF THE SPY

A Constantinople correspondent, quoting instances, says that in no country and at no time of the world's history has the spy system been developed to the point it has attained in Turkey to-day. It is a most elaborate organization and costs an immense amount of money. There are spies and counter spies and counter counter spies to the fourth or fifth degree. Their number is legion, and they are to be found in all classes of society, from the highest to the lowest. Besides the Minister of Police, almost every high dignitary has his own service of spies. These are all rival organizations, and spend most of their time in spying and denouncing each other. All prominent persons are closely watched, and followed even while shopping, and should they meet another person of note and exchange a few words, the fact is carefully noted. Turks no longer dare assemble in parties of five or six for the purpose of spending their evenings together. It is impossible for three or four of them to sit down at a table in a coffee house without having a spy at the next. On such occasions they always speak very loud, so that everybody might hear them. Should a European converse with a Turk in the street, a spy will follow them and try to find out what they are saying. The result of all this is that the Turks avoid one another's company as much as possible, and whenever they do come together the conversation is on the most futile subjects, and quite childish. The Turkish nation is growing more and more demoralized under the present spy system.

A PROSPEROUS COMPANY

Annual Meeting of the London Life Insurance Company

We once again heartily congratulate the management of that popular financial institution, the London Life Insurance Company, on the result of the year's operations, as set forth in the financial statement submitted at the twenty-seventh annual meeting, held at the head office of the Company, London, Ontario, on March 10th.

During the year 12,468 applications for insurance were accepted, amounting to $1,615,165. The net premium income was $271,725.83, and interest $50,293.76, making a total of $322,019.59, being an increase of $24,770.47 over the previous year. $50,898 was paid for death claims. There was an increase of 2,806 policies for $379,636.74, for the year. The total assets amount to $1,126,130.40. The showing is an excellent one and indicates careful management and wise investments.

The Company does a large business in this district, which is under the energetic management of Mr. George Lee, who has been with the institution upwards of eight years. The Company has a reputation not only in Peterborough district, but everywhere else, for promptly settling all claims. Indeed, in this respect it has made a record for itself. Mr. Alex Campbell is the local agent.

INDIAN RIVER

—Next Tuesday will be a remarkable day in Douro. There are four couples to say "I will."

—There is a good correspondent at St. Helens, judging by the way they bear on Hugh and Jim. I guess that is the only way they can come inside them.

—Dr. Fitzgerald is very busy attending the sick.

—Mr. Hall has a large stock of dry goods and groceries in his store.

—Mr. Maurice O'Brien was home for a few days.

—Mr. William Borland had a number of men chopping wood last week.

—Mr. Martin Guerin is moving to Peterborough for the summer.

A Defect of Reformers.

The newspaper despatch from Topeka, Kansas, about Mrs. Charles M. Sheldon's hired girl has been very popular, and acres of comment have appeared about it. The story is that the hired girl, who was new, had read in one of Mr. Sheldon's the-world-made-over stories that it was a good plan for the servants of a household to take their meals with the rest of the family, so she expressed to Mrs. Sheldon her willingness to follow that course, but Mrs. Sheldon dissented, and the girl left. This is thought to be a joke on Mr. Sheldon, but, remarks New York "Life," really it makes him appear in a good light as a reformer who respects the rights of others, and does not try to compel even his immediate family to share his social experiments. That is the way it is in the family of Tolstoi. He lives the ideal life, and goes barefoot, and cobbles shoes for recreation, but his wife and most of his children respect conventional customs, and live a life modified, but not stunted by his ideals.

A great and common defect about ordinary reformers is that they are not content to let their light so shine, but insist that every one whom they can control shall emulate their good works. Says the Women's Christian Temperance Union to the army, "We think it's wicked to drink beer, and you shan't have any." Says Mrs. Carrie Nation to Apollo Belvidere, "It is an outrage that you have no trousers on. Let me smash you!" Mr. Sheldon's way is better. He goes in for precept, and, maybe, example, but not for constraint. If the Women's Christian Temperance Union followed his example it might still distribute tracts to the army, but it would not legislate away the canteen, and Mrs. Nation, acting Sheldon-wise, would be content to say to Apollo Belvidere, "Wear trousers, like me."

Good Hearts and Bad Manners.

An exchange tells about a judge more noted for his bad manners than his knowledge of law. He continually insults lawyers, litigants and witnesses—especially women—in the most outrageous way, and spares no one except certain members of the bar whose political influence he fears. Recently a young lawyer, having more backbone than discretion, perhaps, was bullied by His Honor beyond the limit of endurance, and began to talk back. With the aid of a cool head and a polite but sarcastic tongue the young practitioner soon had the bencher apoplectic and nigh to frenzy and yet lacking ground for holding the lawyer guilty of contempt.

When the case had been decided against the young man an older member of the bar said:

"You did not take the judge in the right way. He is cranky, but you should have humored him. At heart he is a pretty good man."

"His heart may be good," said the young man, "but his manners are bad; and I'm tired of humoring people whose hearts are so good that they feel privileged to be bullies and curmudgeons."

"Castles of Sand."

(Written after seeing the picture called "Castles of Sand.")

I.

Castles of Youth and Hope, and Joy,
Castles of Love without alloy,
Built in the heart of a woman; there
They were fashioned with tender care.

Built to withstand the blows of Fate,
Built to rebuff the hand of Hate,
With towers of silver, and turrets of gold,
And all the Love that the walls could hold.

'Twas a woman's hand that built them there,
And a woman's thought that made them fair;
For a woman's Faith had strengthened their walls
And a woman's beauty would grace their halls.

But Youth is gone, and Faith is betray'd,
And Joy in its lonely grave is laid,
And Love has come, and laughed, and flown,
And a woman's life is lived out alone.

For a heart grew cold, and slain was Trust,
And the silver and gold all crumbled to dust;
And these castles built by a woman's hand
Are only some mounds of shifting sand.

Castles of sand on a sunny shore
Of golden grains like a hoarded store,
Mounds of shining, glistening sand
That built up the Castles of Day Dream Land.

Make Way For the Ladies.

In Michigan there is an Indian school where the children of the more or less noble redman are instructed in Anglo-Saxon graces and civilization. One of the teachers says:

It is very interesting to study these children, especially as we have them from four different tribes.

The boys have a sense of humor. In my flag-drill last Friday the partners were a boy and a girl, and where the lines intersect to form a cross I taught the boys to let their partners go first; and much trouble I had to do it.

After the exercises Isaac Crane came up to me, and in his solemn way said:

"Miss B., in letting the girls pass in front of the boys you have struck at the root of an Indian national custom."

"How so, Isaac?"

"It is the custom for the man to go first, carrying his dignity, and for the woman to follow, carrying everything else."

Expensive Revenge.

Mankind is so constituted that it is sometimes not able to forget readily any slights or rebuffs endured, and the disposition to seek revenge is frequently uppermost in the thoughts. In Sheffield, England, it is said, there is a manufacturer who became furious with the local post-office people because of certain regulations they insisted he should follow in the matter of registered mail. After calming down, the manufacturer concluded he would have to toe the mark if he wanted his mail forwarded, but his revenge he would have, too. So every day for a month or more he sent each of his two hundred employees to the post-office to buy a single penny stamp. The employees were decorated with red tape, and seemed to enjoy hugely the making of their daily purchase.

—Frederick Harris, Toronto's great and rapid sign painter, is in town.

—Mervin, the Hunter street butcher, has added a handsome delivery rig to his well equipped establishment.

Dropsy is one Positive Sign of Kidney Disease.—Have you any of these unmistakable signs? Puffiness under the eyes? Swollen limbs? Smothering feeling? Change of the character of the urine? Exhaustion after least exertion? If you have there's dropsical tendency and you shouldn't delay an hour in putting yourself under the great South American Kidney Cure.—56

A noted London club man once laid a wager with a friend that the latter could not sell a given number of gold guineas at a penny a piece. He won his wager. The people refused to buy. They thought he was offering too much for too little.

It may be that the claims made for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription seem almost too great to women who in years of suffering have found no help in doctors or medicines. But it is to be remembered that no claim is made for "Favorite Prescription" which is not substantiated by thousands of women cured by its use. Its effects are truly wonderful. It wipes out past years of pain as a sponge wipes a slate.

Favorite Prescription is the great medicine for women. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It is the best preparative for maternity, making the baby's advent practically painless.

"When I wrote to you in March, asking advice as to what to do for myself," says Mrs. Ella Reynolds, of Cuffe, McLean Co., Ky., "I was expecting to become a mother in June, and was sick all of the time. Had been sick for several months. Could not get anything to stay in my stomach, not even water. Had mishaps twice in six months, and threatening all the time with this one. Had female weakness for several years. My hips, back and lower bowels hurt me all the time. Had numbness from my hips down. Had several hard cramping spells, and was not able to do any work at all. I received your answer in a few days, telling me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I took three bottles, and before I had taken it a week I was better, and before I had taken it a month I was able to help do my work. On the 27th of May my baby was born, and I was only sick three hours, and had an easy time.

"We praise Dr. Pierce's medicine for it has cured me."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario
Rev. John Potts, D.D. Victoria College
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections: no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure Consultation or correspondence invited.

HER LIPS
HER CHEEKS
HER FEATURES

Seem to be drawn by Love's own hand, sang the immortal Dryden of a woman whose clear complexion alone rendered her divinely beautiful. No toilet emollient of the age is so beneficial to lips, cheeks or hands as

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

It acts like a charm in removing Crowsfeet, Wrinkles, Pimples, Redness, Roughness, Chaps, etc., prevents and removes Freckles. At drug stores—25c bottle. The

Hutchings Medicine Co
295 YONGE ST., TORONTO

Buy Hercules Babbit

BEST FOR HEAVY WORK

Manufactured by the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

William St., Toronto, Ont.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street, Toronto

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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada

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School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

[25]

A PHYSICIAN

puts all his knowledge, experience and skill into his prescription. We put ours—the result of a lifetime's study of birds—into 'COTTAM' Seed with Patent Bird Bread. That's why birds thrive on it.

NOTICE of infringing imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible] COTTAM'S SEED [illegible] three times the value of any other bird food. [illegible] COTTAM'S [illegible]

$3.10 THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO. $3.10

LIMITED.

Model 169.

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketchbook of Costumes sent post free on application to

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
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Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

DON'T ALLOW

the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your

"Line's Busy."

Public Telephone Stations are for This Class of Business.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Having resumed practice, I am again ready for business at the old prices—

Sets of Teeth (best)	$7 00
Sets of Teeth (good)	6 00
Gold Fillings	1 00 up
Silver Fillings	50
Extracting (painless)	50
Gold Crowns	3 00

WILL S. HALL, L.D.S., D.D.S.

Room 243 over China Hall. All work Guaranteed.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

Speak Quickly

If you want to buy a 6-roomed House, stable and garden for $750.00. $50 cash and then monthly as rent.

3-acre Garden Lot, low price and very easy terms.

100-acre Farm with buildings, near town. $2,500. Will sell on easy terms or exchange for town property.

Would you like to own the finest and best Residence in town? We have three choice ones, and we have the finest lot that could be desired, second to none, whereon to build. Who wants it?

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

SEVEN MAIN QUESTIONS

THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

2nd. Where is it located and is it in the vicinity of other mines that are being worked?

3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

SAMPSON & WEMOTT, Fiscal Agents.,
The State Line Copper Mining Company. Suite 300 Century Building, Denver, Colorado

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

363 George street, Peterborough
Telephone 120 165 and 253, day or night

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

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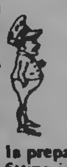
LIMITED

- G. H. NOBLE -



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Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

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$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
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APIOL & STEEL PILLS
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A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. D. HOLCOMB, Dept. O 138 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

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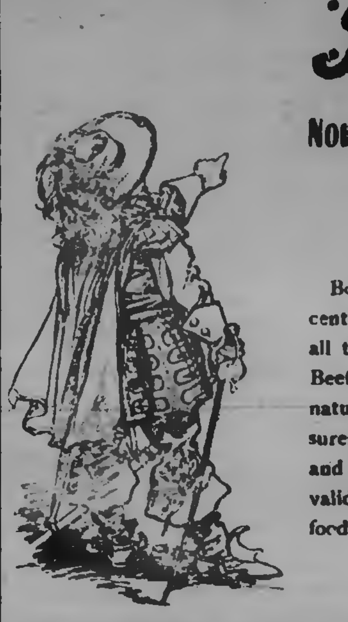
There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.



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Nourishes

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Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

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POPULAR PARCEL $5.10

Lot No. 307 contains:—1 pair Rich Artistic Drawing-Room Curtains, 4 yds. long, 2 yds. wide. 2 pairs alike, Handsome Dining-Room Curtains, choice old lace design, 3½ yds. long, 60 in. wide, 1 pair neat Floral Pattern Bed-Room Curtains, 3 yds. long, 50 in. wide, 1 pair new fashionable Sash Curtains, 1 table centre, renaissance design, 1 Set of Duchess Toilet Covers, one 45 in. long, and five smaller. Sent if desired. On receipt of Post Office Order for $6.30, the lot sent per Parcel Post, direct to your address in Canada well packed in oilcloth.

Customers throughout the Empire testify to the reliable work, Marvellous Value, and Durability. First Prize Medals, Toronto 1892; Chicago, 1893.

S. PEACH & SONS, Lister Gate, Nottingham, England. Established 1857.

Abbreviated Price Lists may be obtained at the office of this paper.

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

CAPITAL - - - -	$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND - -	270,000

Head Office and Safe Deposit Vaults Southeast Corner Yonge and Colborne Streets.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JOHN HOSKIN, K.C., LL.D., - President.
HON. S. C. WOOD, W. H. BEATTY, - Vice Presidents.

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The employment of the Corporation insures consecutive action, executive ability, permanent methods and absolute security.

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THE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS of the Corporation provide an absolutely secure but inexpensive depository for TITLE DEEDS, JEWELY CASH BOXES, PLATE CHESTS and VALUABLES of every description; FIREPROOF SAFES of various sizes are immovably fixed in the FIREPROOF and BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS.

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ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

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Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

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Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

ARE YOU STOUT.

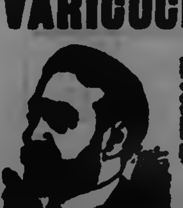
Edith Borden, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every kind of Obesity. Safely [illegible] Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. [illegible] Address Mrs. Dr. Borden, [illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging, or wormy condition, equalizes circulation, stops pains in the groins, also all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers; in Stricture it absorbs the stricture tissue, stops smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all prostatic troubles it is the [illegible] [illegible]. So positive am I that my Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each time you call you see me Personally,

or each time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I accomplished after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country.

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Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call; if you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment by those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor. All duty and express charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., Cor. Wilcox St. DETROIT, MICH.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF
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STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building
Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)..........$12,000,000
Reserved Fund.............. 7,000,000
Undivided Profits........... 876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe-streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 373 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

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ELLIOTT & BOWLAND, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Mercantile Chambers, 12 Wellington Street West, Toronto.

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FRY, 224 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 224 Park place.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

King Edward VII.
Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE
Market Block, Peterborough

CURE YOURSELF
Use Big G for [illegible] discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper [illegible]

Coats of mail are now being manufactured from papier-mache that cannot be distinguished from real antique armor. According to the wishes of the customer, the armor can be turned out bright steel, silver and gold inlay, hammered brass, rusty iron or malachite. As described by the New York "Evening Post," the new goods are calculated to deceive the best critics, and to give all the satisfaction of the genuine coat of mail. They are warranted not to break easily or to cut any unfortunate guest upon whom they may happen to fall. All descriptions of armor can be had. The new invention has aroused the anger of the dealers in antique armor, who declare that it is intended to ruin their trade.

A well-known English firm of tobacconists are giving away in their packets of cigarettes a small map of the Klondike district. It is colored red, and the words "British Territory" are printed upon it in large letters. On the back is found the following little history of the gold fields: "There is no doubt that the Klondike district is the richest gold field yet discovered. It comprises some 192,000 square miles, mostly in British territory, and although mining has been going on steadily for the past ten years, it was only in August, 1896, that the extraordinary richness of the diggings was discovered." We have been accustomed to portraits of fat women and popular heroes for so long that the novelty is as pleasant as it is instructive.

Where He Failed.

The young man drew himself up to his full height.

"I have," he cried, "an unsullied character, an ardent heart, a versatile mind and strenuous biceps."

The young girl yawned and seemed interested. He was quick to push his advantage.

"I am the possessor of a town and country house, a yacht, a stable of thoroughbreds and a box at the opera."

She hesitated, and a slight flush betrayed that she was listening.

"I have got," he continued with a certain fierceness, "thirty servants, forty pairs of trousers, fifty ancestors, three automobiles, six prize bull pups and an army commission."

Ah! she had found her tongue at last.

"And how many golf medals?" she lisped.

The young man shuddered.

He felt that he had lost. He had played nervily and high, but she was above his limit.—"Waverley Magazine."

Mrs. Fitz-Candle—Ah, me! There was a time when you always called me "Daisy;" now it's "Mrs. Fitz-Candle," as if I were the merest stranger to you. Fitz-Candle—Found out my mistake, my dear. Daisies shut up at night. You don't.—"Pick-Me-Up."

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah;
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Gaswell — The Czar of Russia now has our daughters. Mr. Gaswell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!"—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our hefty Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentleman's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible] BLOCK,
DETROIT, MICH.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

Her heart sank as she looked out at the sunshine and listened to the birds.

"I am so frightened!" she gasped when they crowded about her —"oh, I am so very, very frightened!"

They did not recognize a young heart sick and feint with its stings of accusing conscience —seized for the first time with unutterable dread —surely, if they had done so, they would have saved her, but they all kissed the lovely white face, declaring it was perfectly natural.

"No one could wonder at her fright," one of them said, "for marriage was a very solemn thing."

"Did you tell her about the accident," asked one of the bridesmaids, pushing through the group to Daisy's side.

"Look how you have frightened her," retorted one of their number. "The accident she tells about was scarcely worth mentioning, it was simply this: The minister who was to perform the ceremony missed the boat, therefore finding it impossible to reach here, and telegraphed that another minister would have to be secured in his place— which has already been done."

"I heard that it was a bad omen to have a change of ministers or of bridesmaids at a wedding," faltered Daisy. "I once knew of such a case, and when the hour for the ceremony rolled around the bridegroom was missing."

"That will not be your case," laughed Hetty, "for Aleck is pacing up and down the corridor outside with all the impatience of a schoolboy, begging to see you just the earliest moment you are ready. There's devotion for you."

"You will have one of the handsomest of husbands, Daisy darling, and what is better than all, he is marrying you for love alone," whispered one of the girls; "you ought to be so happy, dear, yet your face expresses— what shall I call it?—something very like terror."

"It is only your fancy," murmured Daisy, faintly. "What should cause me to feel terror?"

"Why nothing, only you look so!"

It was like a terrible dream to Daisy when Aleck led her down the corridor and into the grand parlor where the guests were assembled.

As he led her up to the floral horseshow beneath which the minister stood, by some subtle instinct Daisy raised her blue eyes to the clergyman's face— the wonder of it was that she did not fall down dead at Aleck's feet then and there — the same clergyman who had wedded her to that other one on that fatal night stood before her.

She did not cry out, she did not swoon, she would have turned and fled if she could, but already the doorways and passages were blocked with people— she must advance.

Would the man recognize her? Would he recoil in horror to great for words, crying out:

"I wedded this girl but a short time since, to another."

If he did not recognize her face she was safe, for he would not know the name.

A life- time of suspense was crowded in the moment that followed, for step by step she was advancing nearer and nearer, leaning heavily on Aleck's arm.

It was too late now to draw back from the awful step on the brink of the precipice.

Quietly they took their places, and the ceremony— such a cruel mockery— went on.

Aleck made his responses in a clear, distinct, happy voice.

Then the aged minister turned to the bride- elect, and the words were asked slowly:

"Wilt thou, Daisy Gordon, take this man to be thy lawfully wedded husband until death doth thee part?"

"I will," faltered Daisy, in a piteous voice.

There was a loud crash.

The minister's book had fallen from his nerveless hands to the floor.

He was leaning forward with breathless excitement, peering into Daisy's face, which was turned half toward him, as though by some uncontrolable magnet.

"That voice!" he muttered, in a low, hoarse voice, but not so low but what Daisy's strained ears caught the words, and her soul sunk within her.

She turned her wild, dilated blue eyes full of mute, beseeching agony upon him to read her doom in his face. Did he recognize her? Would he denounce her?

How Aleck, her love, would turn from her if he knew the truth.

How horrified and dismayed Hetty and Olive would be, to say nothing of the jest of the people; and her father, her poor old father, who idolized her so, and who was standing close by her, joy and happiness on his honest, rugged face. The blow would be sure to kill him.

He would fall on his face and never speak again.

Like a frightened, mesmerized bird, Daisy stood facing the man who held her fate in his hands.

"It was only my fancy, a wild, absurd fancy," she heard him murmur.

Then to her intense relief he picked up his book, and the ceremony went on.

They were soon gathered around her, calling her Mrs. Hamilton.

That was the first thing that brought her out of the dazed dream that seemed to infold her.

"You shall never regret giving yourself to me, my darling," she heard Aleck whisper; and the words smote her like a dagger's thrust.

Farmer Gordon was the last to turn away from the happy bridegroom and the death- white bride.

"Always be kind and tender with my little one, Aleck, my boy," said the farmer, huskily. "You have won the first love of a trusting young heart—a heart pure and guileless as a little child's. See how she clings to you, hiding her face on your breast. Heaven bless her and bless you, Aleck, who have won my treasure."

Ah! how quickly that blessing would be turned to a curse deep and mighty if her father knew what she had done.

But that terrible secret was hidden as deep as the grave for ten long years. Yes, and for ten long years she would put it from her and be happy, let the cost be what it might.

CHAPTER X.
Too Late For Love—When the Heart is Broken.

When Aleck found himself alone in the carriage with his pretty bride, he drew her face to his and kissed it a hundred times.

(To be Continued.)

THE LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the London Life Insurance Company was held at the Company's offices, London, Can., March 10th, 1902.

The Vice-President, Mr. Albert O. Jeffery, K.C., LL.D., D.C.L., occupied the chair, and the Manager, Mr. John G. Richter, acted as Secretary.

The notice calling the meeting was read by the Secretary, after which the following Report and Financial Statement were submitted:

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

The Directors of the Company beg to submit Annual Report and duly audited Financial Statement for the year ending December 31st, 1901.

During the year, 12,468 applications for insurance, amounting to $1,618,105, were accepted and policies issued therefor.

The net Premium and Interest receipts of the year were respectively $271,726.83 and $50,292.76, totaling $322,019.59, and being an increase of $24,770.47 over the previous year.

The sum of $59,606.32 was paid for Death Claims, $13,299.05 for Matured Endowments, and $8,141.09 for Surrendered Policies and Cash Profits, making a total of $81,246.46 paid Policy-holders or their heirs during the year.

The insurance in force on the Company's books at the close of the year, after deducting all re-insurance, amounted to $6,489,041.62, under 3,293 "Ordinary" and 43,294 "Industrial," or a total of 46,587 policies—an increase of 2,506 policies for insurance of $378,535.74 for the year.

The Assets of The Company, exclusive of uncalled but subscribed capital, amount to $1,126,190.40, an increase of $134,371.24 for the year. The interest and other payments falling due during the year were in the main satisfactorily met. No losses in respect of investments were incurred during the year.

The Liabilities of the Company under existing policies, and in all other respects, have been provided for in the most ample manner, the whole amounting to $1,026,133.79. The surplus on policy-holders' account, exclusive of uncalled but subscribed capital, is therefore $100,056.61, and after deducting paid-up capital, accumulating profits and contingent fund, there remains a net surplus, over all liabilities and capital, of $33,468.00.

JOHN McCLARY,
President.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Twenty-seventh annual Financial Statement of the London Life Insurance Company for the year ending 31st December, 1901.

Net invested assets, 31st Dec., 1900, brought forward		$965,643 00	
Less Overdrawn Bank Account, Dec. 31st, 1900		13,291 16	
			$ 942,351 84

RECEIPTS

Interest on Investments		$ 50,292 76	
Ordinary Premiums, $81,085.29, less re-insurance Premiums, $227.85		80,857 44	
Industrial Premiums		190,869 39	322,019 59
			$1,264,371 43

DISBURSEMENTS

Cash profits paid policyholders	$ 4,818 04		
Paid for surrendered policies	3,323 05		
Matured endowments paid	13,299 05		
Ordinary claims paid	19,009 99		
Industrial claims paid	40,796 33		
		$ 81,246 46	
Dividends paid shareholders		4,000 00	
Salaries, clerical staff, etc.		9,240 36	
Salaries and commissions "ordinary"		17,199 12	
Salaries and commissions "industrial"		61,764 37	
Travelling expenses, $5,073.83; Advertising, $465.78; office furniture, $300.23; Directors' fees, $1,058.00; Govt. fees and taxes, $3,294.40; legal expenses, 158.99; Com. on investments, $2,122.00; postage and exchange, $768.60; printing and stationery, $2,976.57; medical fees, $3,029; rents, $3,007; expense account, $1,815.81		24,149 30	197,601 61
Net invested assets, 31st Dec., 1901			$1,066,769 82

Assets as follows:		
Cash in office and banks	$ 14,489 17	
Loans on policies	62,891 02	
Loans on Stocks	14,226 00	
Bonds and debentures	60,562 93	
Loan Companies' stocks	62,530 00	
Mortgages on real estate	830,135 99	
Balance owing on real estate sold	6,208 17	
Loan trust account	5,431 54	
		$1,066,769 82

Additional Assets:			
Premiums in course of collection, net	$ 7,722 21		
Premium notes, net	3,549 76		
Deferred premiums, net	15,645 38		
Interest due and accrued	32,503 23	59,420 58	
Total assets, 31st Dec., 1901			$1,126,190 40
To cover Liabilities as follows:			
Total reserve on policies in force	$1,021,407 21		
Less re-insurance reserve	3,131 00		
		$1,018,276 21	
Claims accrued		5,267 41	
Advance premiums		516 96	
Shareholders' special account		182 21	
Dividend accrued		2,000 00	1,026,133 79
Surplus on policyholders' account, apportioned as under			$ 100,056 61
Contingent fund	$ 4,000 00		
Accumulating profits	12,588 61		
Capital Paid-up	50,000 00		66,588 61
Surplus over all liabilities and capital			$33,468 00

To the Shareholders of the London Life Insurance Co.:

Gentlemen,—In discharge of my duty I have made a continuous audit in detail of your books for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1901, and find them accurately kept. The Balance Sheet is a true abstract from the books for the year. As will be seen, all outside liabilities, including the reserve fund, are fully covered, independently of the general surplus shown. I have carefully looked into the securities and find them in good shape. The clerical work is neatly done.

February 12th, 1902. JAMES McMILLAN, Auditor.

The Vice-President, in moving the adoption of the report, said:

In the unavoidable absence of the President, it devolves on me to move the adoption of the report under consideration.

The report and accompanying financial statement are, as usual, full and readily understood.

The results of the past year's operations show that steady and solid progress is being made in all essential particulars. The cash receipts from interest on investments and premiums show an increase of nearly $25,000 over the previous year.

The assets of the company increased by over $134,000, while the liabilities calculated upon a reserve standard of 4 per cent. interest as regards business in force prior to 1900, and 3 1-2 per cent. and 3 per cent. as regards business issued since then, and the inclusion of every known or ascertainable outstanding obligation of the Company at the end of the year increased less than $124,000.

The surplus security to policyholders has increased to over $100,000, and after deducting contingent fund, accumulating profits, and paid-up capital, there remains a net surplus over all liabilities and capital of over 33,000.

With these remarks, I beg to move the adoption of the report.

Judge Bell, in seconding the adoption of the report said:

As a policyholders' Director, it affords me pleasure to testify to the care and ability exercised in the handling of the funds of the Company. The investments are not only first-class in character, as evidenced by the fact that no losses whatever have been incurred during the past year, but yielding as they do an average return of over 5 1-2 per cent. interest, are more than ordinarily profitable.

I am also pleased with the liberal profits the Company is paying policy holders entitled to participate therein; and taking into account the fact that the net surplus is steadily increasing, there is every reason to anticipate a continuance of like satisfactory results.

I have much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the report.

The adoption of the report was carried unanimously.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the agents and other employes of the Company for the satisfactory manner in which they discharged their several duties during the past year.

The election of Directors resulted in the re-election of Messrs. John McClary, President; A. O. Jeffery, Vice-President; Wm. Bowman, Geo. C. Gibbons, W. F. Bullen, A. S. Emery, Judge Bell, T. H. Smallman and G. M. Harrison, for the ensuing year.

A True Nerve Tonic

acts not so much upon the nerves themselves, as upon the digestive functions, and the abundant formation of rich, red blood. The nerves cannot be fed on medicine. They can be fed and strengthened by digested and assimilated food. Ferrozone's marvellous action arises from its power over the digestive and assimilative functions of the body. You take it, the blood grows richer, redder. You feel strength and vigor, digestion ceases to be noticed, for it has become good. Work is easier, for you have the strength to do it. In a short time you have health. Use Ferrozone.

TO NURSE SMALLPOX PATIENT

Mr. W. H. Andrews will Perform the Duties in the Wood Family

Mr. W. H. Andrews, who nursed the smallpox patient at Jackson Park has been engaged to care for Mr. Ram. Wood, the smallpox patient in Otonabee. The patient is in the same house with his family but is not allowed to mingle with them. No new cases have been reported and it is thought the disease will be confined to the single patient. It is needless to say that the case will be well looked after, so far as Mr. Andrews is concerned, because he has had some experience already this winter.

Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous!' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

Chollie—I stood on the corner this morning, and of all the hundreds of women that went by I didn't see more than three that I would marry.

Dolly—And I suppose the number that would marry you was a good deal smaller still.—Somerville Journal.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 3 or 5 years.

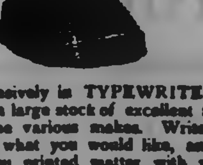
Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

—The Campbellford Orangemen have decided to hold a monster celebration in that place on July 12. It is some years since Campbellford has had a demonstration, and a big time is expected.

THE
ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER
—OF—
THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers.

NEW SHOES MADE EASY

Foot Elm in a pair of new shoes, makes them as easy as an old pair, prevents "drawing" of the feet and all discomfort. Try it the next new shoes you buy. Price, 25 cents., all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Don't Allow Operation for Cancer

There is a simpler, safer and more effective Method of Treatment.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A., in a paper he read before the Ohio State Medical Society, May 1896, said: "I have operated in a considerable number of cases of Cancer recently, and with one exception all have died within fourteen months after the operation."

This statement of a prominent Surgeon, should make any one suffering from cancer, hesitate before submitting to operation and consider carefully the evidence offered on behalf of the new Constitutional remedy, which cures Cancers, Tumors and all malignant growths, without the necessity of operation. It is a simple vegetable medicine that searches out and destroys the cancer growths, completely eradicates the disease, and at the same time, builds up and invigorates the system.

Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this treatment, in a plain, sealed wrapper.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
-AND-
MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them

Greatest Bargains
IN GROCERIES

Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at

KIDD'S

388 George Street

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 5, 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—There was no police court yesterday.

—The market to-day should be well attended.

—The water in the river is very high at present.

—The Finance, and Fire, Water and Light Committees met last night.

—Adam Forepaugh and Sells Bros. circus will arrive in Peterborough in June.

—The Otonabee smallpox patient has been isolated and the house quarantined.

—The brickwork in connection with the Cereal Co's. elevator, is being rapidly pushed forward.

—Mr. J. D. Tully has added a new show-case of the "silent salesman" type to his well-appointed store.

—When asked yesterday, how the new dam at the locks was progressing, Mr. Collins, the genial lockmaster, remarked, "It is out of sight."

—Farmers state that the fall wheat and clover has come through the winter remarkably well, and a large harvest is promised.

—A Montreal traveller says that Peterborough can boast of more pretty and attractive young ladies than any place in Canada, of twice its size.

—Mr. A. E. Micks has leased the store in the market block recently occupied by Gosella & Rose, and will open out in business in a few days.

—Miss Mearce, a returned missionary from Japan, will deliver an address to the Children's Mission Band of St. Luke's church, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—Hicks & Co. have secured a contract for supplying 100,000 feet of maple flooring to Mr. Langford for the Cereal Works. This is the largest contract of its kind ever given in town.

—Mr. Thos. Barrie, the popular furrier and gents' furnisher, believes in the ornamental as well as the useful, and has added an elegant new show case of the "silent salesman" style to his store.

—The Conservatives of West Peterborough are to meet in convention this afternoon in order to select a victim to lead the forlorn hope in this riding. Mr. J. W. Garvin, it is said, has been asked to run, but has declined. Fact is, John has learned a thing or two in the bitter school of experience, and is a wiser man than [illegible] four years ago.

—Miss Bessie Ward, who is leaving town in a few days, was the recipient of a beautiful cake dish from the members of Mrs. Stubbs' class in the Methodist Sunday school, of which she was an energetic member. The presentation was made by Miss Ethel Miller.

—A statement presented at a meeting of the Golf Colts showed that there was a surplus of about $20 after paying all expenses in connection with the ball given in the opera house on Tuesday night. The receipts were in excess of any previous ball given in the opera house.

—Mr. R. M. Roy has purchased the brick residence recently occupied by Mrs. W. C. McCrea, corner of Sheridan and Elizabeth streets, Ashburnham, and is having the place fitted up with all modern improvements. He will move into his new residence about May 15.

—A Toronto concern wants this great family journal to advertise and take fit medicine for pay. We might take cordwood, telegraph poles, or condition powders in exchange, but this g.f.j. won't have fits just to fill up the paper with advertising.

—Many residents are complaining bitterly of the damage done by boys who amuse themselves by stone-throwing. Several expensive windows have been wrecked lately, in this way, and the victims threaten to invoke the aid of the police unless the practice is stopped at once.

Organizer Goes Home

Mr. Hugh Stevenson, the genial organizer for The International Typographical Union, left for Toronto last evening. Mr. Stevenson won the respect of all with whom he came in contact, by the manner in which he performed his duties in connection with the settlement of the matters at issue between the employing printers, and the local typographical union.

A Sour Stomach and a Sour Temper travel hand-in-hand and are the precursors of mental and physical wreck. Nine hundred and ninety-nine times in a thousand food ferment (indigestion) is the cause. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets keep the stomach sweet—aid digestion—keep the nerve centres well balanced—they're nature's panacea—pleasant and harmless. 35 cents.—36

The Fortnightly Club

Prof. Short, Professor of Political Economy, of Toronto University, will deliver an address on "Trusts" at the meeting of the Fortnightly Club in the Y.M.C.A. on the evening of Friday, April 11th. As Prof. Short is a good speaker and also well versed on these subjects his address will undoubtedly be very interesting and instructive.

Are Meeting with Success

Messrs. Kells and Knapman, promoter of the new skating rink are meeting with splendid success in their canvas for stock. Almost every one they approach is willing to subscribe for a small amount at least. At the way the stock is selling it will only be a short time until sufficient money has been promised to warrant the company in calling for tender for the erection of the building.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Sprogle

The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Sprawle, took place yesterday afternoon at three o'clock from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. John Haggart, Brock street. A large number of friends of the deceased lady attended the funeral as a mark of respect for one so highly esteemed and so widely known. Interment took place at the Little Lake Cemetery.

Nervous, Sleepless and Exhausted

Not sick enough to lay up, but you are out of sorts, blood is weak, nerves unstrung, kidneys deranged, vitality is low. You should take Ferrozone at once; it will enrich, strengthen and purify the blood, invigorate and pacify the nerves, and increase your energy, vitality and power. Ferrozone will renew your appetite and digestion, make you sleep soundly—in fact will make you well. Try Ferrozone. Price 50c., or six boxes for $2.50; at Ormond & Walsh's.

MILITARY NOTES.

"A" Company, 57th Regiment, P.R., will parade at the drill-shed this evening at 7.30 sharp. Uniforms will be issued an company organization taken up. Any non-Commissioned Officers or Privates having any names to submit for membership will please bring their men along so that they can be out fitted and introduced to their future comrades.

By order, H. CLUXTON.
Capt
Commanding A Co. 57th Regiment, P.R.

Have You a Skin Disease?—Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Eczema, Itch, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Blotches, Chronic Erysipelas, Liver Spots, Prurigo, Psoriasis, or other eruptions of the skin—what Dr. Agnew's Ointment has done for others it can do for you—cure you. One application gives relief.—35 cents.—37

PROF. O'BRIEN
Leaves Peterborough, Tuesday next, April 8th
263 Hunter St. Terrace
Hours—10 to 10

Lost

LOST—Red Cocker Spaniel pup, about four months old, answering to the name of "Tuck." Any person harboring him after this notice will be prosecuted.—T. H. G. DENNE.

LOST—A white Persian lamb collar, in the west end of the town. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times Office.

An Up-to-Date Jeweller

One of the brightest and most attractive windows in town is that of Mr. Alex. Gibson's elegantly appointed jewellry store at 388 George st.

Mr. Gibson may well feel proud of the success he has attained, and of his handsome and up-to-date place of business. His store is bright, excellently lighted, and furnished with all the appointments required in a first-class jeweller's store. His stock is new and complete, and comprises all the latest novelties in jewellry, both gold and silver, watches, clocks, rings, chains, vases, statuary, etc., the arrangement of the different articles being unique and artistic.

Mr. Gibson is a clear headed, energetic business man, courteous and obliging, and is decidedly popular with his many customers.

While his stock is of the very highest quality, prices are as low as possible, much lower in fact, than in much larger centres.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Dr. McCullagh has returned from a visit to Lindsay.

—Miss Mabel Lowther is visiting friends in Fenelon Falls.

—Mr. R. F. McWilliams has returned from a short visit to Detroit.

—Mr. A. Talbot's many friends will be pleased to see him down street again after his recent illness.

—Mrs. A. H. Stratton, accompanied by her sons, Masters Reggie and Wilfred, are spending a few days in Belleville.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Benson, of Huntsville, who have been visiting in town, returned to their home yesterday.

—Mrs. Jas. Hill, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Rehill, George street, left yesterday morning to join her husband at Sault Ste. Marie, where he is engaged in superintending a large contract of steel work.

FLOWER BEDS IN THE CHOIR

To the Editor of The Times.

Dear Sir,—The question of a proper dress for mixed choirs has always been an interesting one. Mr. A. Blakeley an the authorities of Sherbourne St. Methodist Church seem to have solved the question in a very satisfactory manner. There the ladies and gentlemen are robed in black and the uniform effect obtained is most pleasant. Whether the ladies of Peterborough choirs would be willing to give up their "pictures" and other "creations" in the way of head gear is the is the question?

But those interested will be glad to inspect the large photographs of the above Toronto Choir, that are being exhibited in the windows of Madill's Drug Store, Salisbury's and Routley's Stores.

Yours Truly,
UNIFORMITY.

A PAINFUL ACCIDENT

Mr. Harry Cavanagh Met with a Serious Accident Yesterday

Mr. Harry Cavanagh, of the Phelan House, met with a very severe accident yesterday morning about seven o'clock. He was in the bar and was opening a bottle of Lemon Sour, when it exploded and caused severe injures. A piece of glass struck him in the eye and lodged there. Drs. McGrath and McCullough were summoned and after treating the patient to relieve the pain had him removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where an operation was performed. It is thought the sight of the right eye will not be affected.

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to
THOMAS SULLIVAN.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland, 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES—Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home Must write a fair hand; $6 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 80 Dearborn street, Chicago.

EITHER SEX—EARN VACATION MONEY $12 weekly copying letters at home evenings. No canvassing. Enclose stamp for particulars. King Mfg. Co., Quincy st., Chicago

CALIFORNIA'S NEW PLAN—$300 to $6?? per month to agents of ability. Real estate security. Big dividends quarterly. Krauss & Stowe, Rea Bldg., San Jose, Cal.

$10 WEEK EARNED WORKING HOME evenings, copying. Experience unnecessary. Enclose two stamps for full particulars. No canvassing. Evanston Copying Co., Baltimore bldg., Chicago.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 35c. or hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

"An Apprentice Wanted

We have an opening for an apprentice to learn the printing business. Must be a young man with fair education. Apply at The Times Office.

Personal and Otherwise

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS & electricians: new 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers, sent free. GEO. A. ZELLER, Publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 5th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.
POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

DISGUISED CATARRH.

A Stealthy, Insidious, Weakening Enemy to Women.

REV. HARRIET R. EDWARDS, CLINTON, IA.

Rev. Harriet R. Edwards in a recent letter from Mt. Pleasant Park, Clinton, Ia., writes:

"I have found that Peruna is a wonderful medicine to use in diseases peculiar to women. It quickly and permanently restores health and vigor and acts as a natural tonic to a worn-out system. I have so far never observed a case which was not greatly aided by its use."—REV. DR. H. R. EDWARDS.

THERE are a multitude of women, especially housewives, and all other women obliged to be on their feet constantly, who are wretched beyond description, simply because their strength and vitality is sapped away by catarrhal discharges from the pelvic organs. These women get up in the morning tired, drag themselves through their daily duties tired, only to go to bed at night as tired as before.

Peruna is such a perfect specific for each case that when patients have once used it they can never be induced to quit it until they are permanently cured. It begins to relieve the disagreeable symptoms at once. The backache ceases, the trembling knees are strengthened, the appetite restored, the digestion made perfect, the dull headache is stopped and the weakening drains are gradually cured. These results certainly follow a course of treatment with Peruna.

Jos. B. Crowley, Congressman from Illinois, writes from Robinson, Ill.:

"Mrs. Crowley has taken a number of bottles of Peruna on account of nervous troubles. It has proven a strong tonic and lasting cure. I can cheerfully recommend it."—Jos. B. Crowley.

Mrs. Wm. Hetrick, Kennard, Washington county, Neb., writes:

"I am fifty-six years old and have not felt well since the Change of Life began ten years ago. I was in misery somewhere most of the time. My back was very weak, and my flesh so tender it hurt me to lean against the back of a chair. I had pain under my shoulder-blades, in the small of my back and hips. I sometimes wished myself out of this world. Had hot and cold spells, dizziness, and trembling of the limbs, and was losing flesh all the time.

"After following your directions and taking Peruna I now feel like a different person."—Mrs. Wm. Hetrick.

Barbara Alberty, corner Seventh and Walnut streets, Appleton, Wis., writes as follows in regard to Peruna:

"For years I have suffered with backache and severe pains in the side. I doctored so much that I became discouraged.

"A school friend told me how very much Peruna had benefited her and I sent out for a bottle, which did more to relieve me than all the other medicine I had ever taken.

Barbara Alberty.

"I used it faithfully for two weeks and it completely cured me. I have not had any pains since, anywhere, but feel like a new woman. I am truly thankful for what Peruna has done for me."—Barbara Alberty.

Mrs. D. W. Mason, 502 Dauphine street, New Orleans, La., writes:

"I have been taking your Peruna and Manalin and can cheerfully recommend it to all those suffering with the same trouble that I was. I have been suffering for the past two years with female weakness, palpitation of the heart, stomach, kidney and liver disorder, and above all a dreadful cough with smothering spells. I was completely run down.

"After I had taken one bottle of Peruna and a few doses of your Manalin, I could sleep soundly, my heart was better, my cough left me, it acted immediately upon my nerves, and after taking four bottles according to your directions, I was entirely cured of all my troubles.

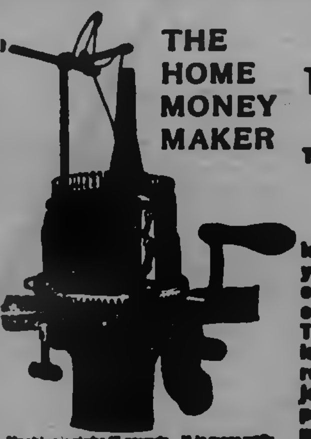
"I can truthfully say that there is nothing to equal your Peruna and Manalin. I was a different women after taking the second bottle. It is without a doubt the best medicine in the world. Language fails to express my gratitude for this cure. May God bless you."—Mrs. D. W. Mason.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

More Home Knitters Wanted



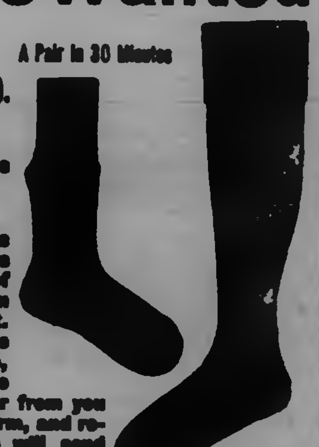
THE HOME MONEY MAKER

Machine weighs 17 pounds. It is more wonderful than a sewing machine, just as durable, and higher speed.

**To Work at Their Homes
Under the Direction of
The GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO.
37 MELINDA ST., TORONTO,**

To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.

A Pair in 30 Minutes



We want a few more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple, and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide, requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Contract, order form, and remittance, as a guarantee, and we will send machine and outfit to begin work at once.

OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS

We wish to secure the services of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the introducers of this plan and the largest knitting concern in Canada.

After long experience, we have been able to produce an Automatic Machine by which all kinds of seamless knitting is now done by our Family Machine, thereby enabling anyone of ordinary intelligence to quickly learn to do the work from the Instruction Guide. All we require is that you use the machine according to directions. The Machine being made expressly for this purpose, and the operation so simple, it cannot possibly make a mistake in its work.

The great demand now is for Bicycle Stockings, Woodmen's Socks, and Motormen's Mittens, and as we are unable to supply the demand, have taken this method of advertising for more help.

The large export trade to the North-west Territories, British Columbia, and the British Colonies, furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combined cooperation of the many families we are employing, together with the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out, by which we save rents, insurance, interest on capital, etc., enables us to undersell any manufacturers of this class of goods, and we have sale for all the knitting we can have turned out.

The price we pay for finished bicycle stockings is $20.00 per hundred, or at the rate of 20c per pair; woodmen's socks, 1c, and motormen's mittens, 12c a pair. All other work in proportion to size.

The machine can be operated by any one of a family, and at our prices any energetic family should be able to sustain themselves comfortably, and in time be a source of independent comfort.

Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a sock or stocking partially knitted, and remaining in the machine ready to be continued, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of sample socks or stockings and a simple and complete Instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us satisfactory, we send a quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We prepay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapidly done, the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute. We have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty pairs of socks or stockings a day, and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, you can readily see that $15.00 or $20.00 per week can be easily earned.

We furnish our workers all the materials, yarn, etc., free, and everything that is necessary for the work. We are furnishing the machines only for the exclusive use of those desiring to take employment with us, who must, in order to become a member, send us this Contract Order Form, properly signed by them, and at least one good reference, and remittance accordingly, to give us the necessary assurance that the quantities of valuable yarn we may send from time to time will not be wasted or misappropriated. Our interests are mutual, and this confidence must be established if we are to succeed. We guarantee fair dealing and prompt payment for work, so do not ask us to deviate from our terms, as we cannot make a distinction with one and not another; besides, we are doing an extensive business, and must be governed by business principles.

The manufactured price of the machine is $15, and positively will not be sold to any others than those who will agree to do knitting for us.

If at any time after you commence, and have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, and wish to discontinue, we will take back machine and refund the amount paid for same, after deducting cost of our expense only.

There is a Large Demand by the Trade for this class of work. Our workers can depend upon it year after year, and if you engage with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as long as you do it satisfactorily for us and return it promptly. We entrust our workers with large quantities of valuable yarn, and as we give references as to our honesty and integrity, we must ask you to do the same, in order that we may know with whom we are dealing.

We have, in as brief a manner as possible, endeavored to show you what our work is, and we simply say as to the machine, it is just what we represent it to be, and will positively do everything we claim for it, or refund the money. Each machine, securely packed with an outfit, is set up for work, thoroughly tested, and a sock or stocking partially knitted before boxing and shipping. Should you decide to engage with us, it will be necessary to send us Cash Contract Order Form, properly signed by you, and at least one good reference, together with the remittance, accordingly, upon receipt of which we will forward machine and outfit ready to commence.

Respectfully yours,

GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 Melinda Street, Toronto

Our References—Express Companies, Banks, or Toronto Business Houses.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending $3.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping, and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of twelve dollars to pay the agent and 25 cents for the return charges on the money to us.

We are so frequently and unnecessarily asked if one can learn to knit without a teacher. We say, Yes; it requires no teacher; any person of ordinary intelligence who can read the Instruction Guide can learn to knit at once.

ORDER FORM

$15.00 Cash Contract Order Form.

To the Glasgow Woolen Co., 37 Melinda St., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I desire to do the work as described in this advertisement, and enclose $15 to pay for one Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions, and everything necessary for the work, the same to be sent to me by Express, CHARGES PREPAID.

It is understood and agreed that any time after I have done an amount of work equal to the purchase price, $15, and wish to discontinue, that the Glasgow Woolen Co. will take back the machine and outfit, and after deducting their expense, refund me the amount paid for same.

Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here:

Full name ....
P. O. .... Street ....
County .... Prov. ....
Nearest Express Office is at ....
For reference I name the following person:

....
....

Be sure to use this form when sending your remittance for the machine and outfit, which you must fill in and have signed by at least one good reference in the proper place. Tear off and return to us, and also state here how much time you can devote to the work; also how you wish to be paid, weekly, monthly, or as you send in the work.

....
....

Send your remittance by Express, Money Order, Registered Letter, or Post-Office Money Order, and we will promptly forward machine, outfit, and simple guide for doing the work. This is the best offer ever made for the benefit of Canadians who want to work and make money at home.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY.

PETERBOROUGH TIMES

WRITE FOR

FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

Issued by the

Intercolonial Railway

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
388 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District
CANADA

**Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine
Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above Sea Level
Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America**

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Settlers' One way Second Class Excursions

To

Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points

PETERBOROUGH

To NELSON, TRAIL, ROSSLAND, GREENWOOD, MIDWAY, B.C., VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., SEATTLE & TACOMA, Wash. and PORTLAND, OREGON.

$42.35

Tickets on sale MARCH 1st to APRIL 30th, 1902, inclusive.

Proportionate rates from and to other points. Also reduced rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA and WASHINGTON

To Manitoba & Canadian Northwest

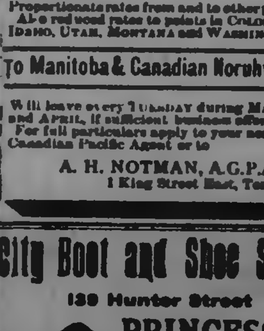
Will leave every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, if sufficient business offers.

For full particulars apply to your near est Canadian Pacific Agent or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street



PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3 50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.)

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Best Advertising Paper
in Eastern Ontario

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

OL. 28 NO. 81 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY APRIL 7 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

11 CANADIANS KILLED AND TWO REPORTED KILLED AND 40 WOUNDED

Pte. Milligan, of the Peterborough Contingent, and a Captain of the 46th Battalion, Slain in the Engagement

Ottawa, April 7.—This has been a day of anxious waiting. Not since the day of Paardeberg has such local interest been manifested in the news from South Africa. Every effort has been made by the Times to get the full details of the engagement and the list of wounded and killed. Despatches were received up until 4.30 this morning.

CANADIANS PROMINENT

Pretoria April 7.—The British losses in the engagement in the neighborhood of Hart's River (in the southwestern extremity of the Transvaal), March 31, were three officers and twenty-four men killed, and sixteen officers and one hundred and thirty-one men wounded. The Boers admit that they lost one hundred and thirty-seven men, killed or wounded.

The action occurred at Doornbelt Farm, a few miles south of the scene of General Delarey's defeat of General Methuen. The Boers, who were commanded by Generals Kemp and Potgieter, attacked with great determination, but the Canadian contingent, which was the last to arrive in South Africa from Canada, and two squadrons of Yeomanry, under Colonel Cookson, and the artillery and Mounted Rifles under Colonel Keir, presented such a stout front that the burghers were finally forced to retreat.

The casualty list shows that the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles had 4 officers wounded, 14 men killed and 40 men wounded.

Names of the Canadians Killed.

Special Despatches to The Times.

Ottawa, Ont., April 7.—

The Departmental records show the following as the next of kin of the eleven Canadians killed: Pte. D. H. Campbell, next of kin, Dougald Campbell, Foss, Ills U.S.A.; Pte. Evans, next of kin (Father) James Evans, Port Hope Ont. Pte. M. G. Huston, (Mother) Mary A. Huston, next of kin, St. Mary's Ont. Pte W. P. K. Milligan, next of kin, Margaret Milligan, Clarke Ont. Sergt. Jno. C. Perry, next of kin, John Perry, Galt Ont. Pte. W. T. Peters, next of kin, (Aunt) Mrs. Jas. Dawes, 166 Adelaide St. London Ont. Pte. A. W. Sherritt, next of kin, (Mother) Jeanette Sherritt, Brantford Ont. Pte. Wm. Volleath, next of kin, Chas Volleath, Armstrong, B.C. Pte. A. West, next of kin, (Father) A. West, Maple Lane, Coulhurst, Kent, England.

Following are reported killed, Pte. T. B. Day, next of kin (Father) D. C. Day, Shallow Lake, Ont. Corp. W. A. Knisley, next of kin, (Fahter) Hy. Knisley, Seek, Ont.

Chamberlain'S Message to Canada

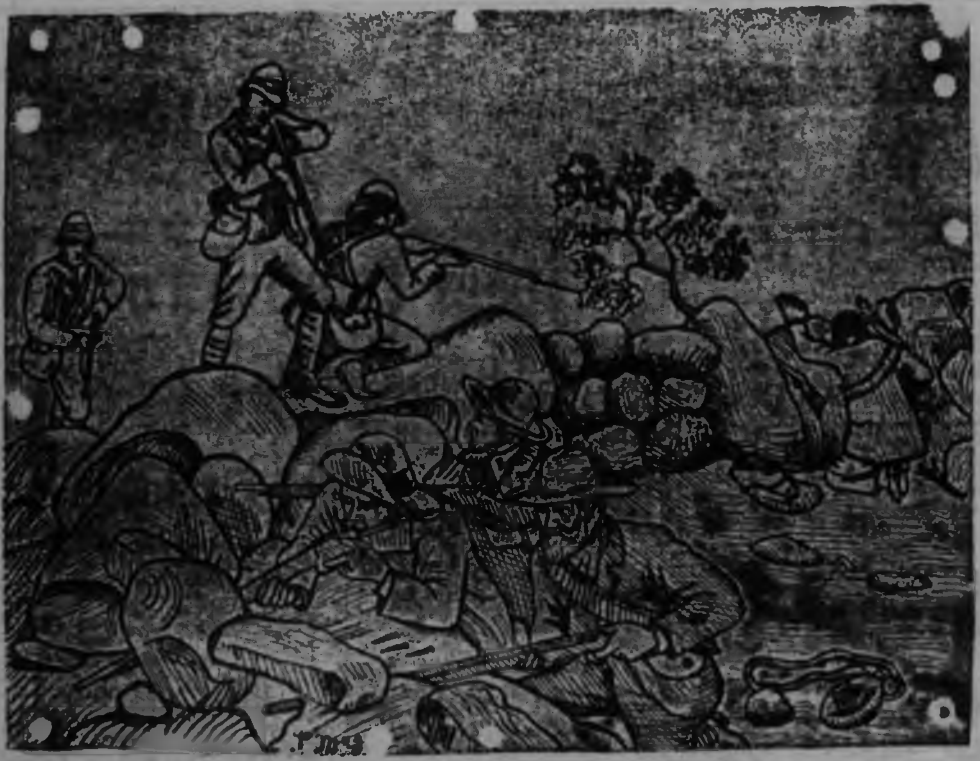
CHAMBERLAIN'S MESSAGE TO CANADA.

Ottawa, April 7.—His Excellency has received the following cablegram from the Colonial Secretary:

"Mr. Chamberlain to Lord Minto:

"London, April 7.—I congratulate Dominion on heroic conduct of Canadian Rifles in action with Delarey. Deeply regret heavy casualties, and desire to express heartfelt sympathy with relatives of those who have given their lives to maintain splendid traditions of Canadian valor.

(Signed) CHAMBERLAIN.



Canadians Forcing the Boers Back at Doornbalt Farm

CANADIAN GALLANTRY PRAISED.

London, April 7.—The gallantry of the Canadian troops at the engagement with the Boers near Hart's River, Southwestern Transvaal, March 31, attracts unstinted praise from the British press. These comments form a striking contrast to the recently printed notification that the attention of Lord Roberts, the Commander-in-Chief, had been drawn to various cases where colonials, who had been awarded commissions, were treated as inferiors by the regular officers and otherwise made to feel that they were only members of the mess by sufferance. Lord Roberts, it was semi-officially announced, was making an investigation, and intended to inflict the most serious penalties on any British officers found guilty of such conduct. Privately, and in letters to the press, many colonial officers have frequently complained that "they are good enough at the front, but are not wanted at a Cape Town hotel or in a London drawing-room

PAPERS APPRECIATE IT.

The newspapers publish the war news with headings in which the gallant conduct of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles in the recent fighting at Hart's River is paid tribute. The Daily Telegraph describes it as the "Canadians' Valor"; The Daily Chronicle, "Splendid Canadian Valor"; The Standard, "Gallantry of the Canadians"; The Globe, "Bravery of the Canadians," and The Westminster Gazette "Death Rather Than Surrender."

A letter, written three weeks ago, was received in Toronto on Saturday from Frank Bushfield of the third contingent. He states that the regiment had received orders to go to the front in charge of "a very large convoy."

This explains how it was that the Canadian contingent was the defensive rather than the offensive party. The Boers seem to have made their attack, sidestepped, and got away.

ANOTHER SEVERE FIGHT

London, April 7.—The South African casualty list, issued this evening, shows that the losses sustained by the Second Dragoon Guards in their sharp rearguard action with the Boers, near Boschman's Kop, during the evening of March 31, were severe. Two officers were killed and five were wounded, and eighteen men were killed and fifty-eight wounded.

CRIMES OF AUSTRALIANS

Plymouth, Eng., April 7.—A correspondent to-day had an interview with a British officer who had just returned from the Cape.

The officer expressed the greatest surprise that the scandal, charging Australian officers in South Africa with the murder of inoffensive Boers, has been so long suppressed.

The officer told your correspondent that there are 21 distinct charges against Australian officers, including seven counts for murder of women and children.

DID SPLENDIDLY.

Ottawa, April 6.—General O'Grady Haly received a cable to-day from Col Evans, commanding the Second Canadian Mounted Infantry, stating that the Canadian troops at Kleinhardt's fight, behaved splendidly.

GREAT INDEPENDENCE DAY

The Greeks Will Celebrate the Occasion in Various Parts of the World

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 7—To-day is the "independence day" of the Greeks, the anniversary of the defeat of the Turks, April 7, 1821, which resulted in Grecian independence, and will be observed by Hellenes in every part of the world. The Greek colony of New York will hold exercises in various public halls on the lower east side, which are lavishly decorated with Greek flags and emblems. The most important festival will be held at the Greek church, where high mass will be celebrated, and national anthems and patriotic addresses made by prominent Greeks of the city.

A Great Sufferer Cured

Mr. Benjamin Dillon, of Leeds, Ont., was cured of muscular rheumatism by Polson's Nerviline, and says: "I feel my duty is to proclaim Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for rheumatism; it cured me after 20 years suffering, and nothing I know of can equal its penetrating power. Nerviline simply has no equal in quickly relieving and curing rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and lumbago. A trial will convince anyone. Price 25c.

ANARCHISTS AGAIN AT WORK

Caught Distributing Circulars Expressing Sympathy with Czolgosz

New York, April 6.—An attempt of Anarchists to distribute pamphlets at the Altgeld memorial meeting in this city brought prompt suppression at the hands of the police. Three men were arrested. When Acting-Captain Churchill arrived at the hall he saw men and women distributing Anarchistic pamphlets making excuses for the assassin of President McKinley, and attacking President Roosevelt. Captain Churchill drove these people from the hall. When Harry Hirshkoff and Solomon Heller persisted in distributing the circulars on the sidewalks they were arrested. Later when Solomon Willheim called at the station house and claimed to be a friend of Hirshkoff he was recognized as also having distributed pamphlets, and he was sent to join his friend in the cell room. Emma Goldman sat in the most prominent part of the hall, but was kept under surveillance, and did not speak during the meeting.

Weather Notes

Probs for to-day.—Fair and mild.

WILL BE RETURNED

The Provincial Secretary States That Mr. Ross Will Sweep Ontario

Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, was in town on Saturday, and in conversation with The Times, stated that everything pointed to a return of the Ross Government. He believed that the province would be unwilling to make a change just now.

As regards East Peterborough, he had no fears as to the result. Mr. Anderson was very popular, and was gaining every day, while his own riding would no doubt keep up its past reputation.

Mr. Stratton leaves this morning for North Bay, where he will deliver an address.

BASKETBALL.

A good game of basketball was played at the Y.M.C.A. Saturday evening, between the Harriers and the Business College team. At half-time the score stood, 13-4 for Harriers, but in the second half B. C's reversed matters, and finished victorious by a score of 25—18.

BOER WAS SHOT IN RETALIATION

Australian Officer's Version of Alleged Shooting of Prisoners

VERY IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES.

Funeral of Cecil Rhodes—Schalkburger in Communication with Steyn — Leaders Must Capitulate to Negotiate

London, April 7.—The War Office has issued no official statement regarding the court-martial and shooting of Australian officers for misbehaviour.

Lieut. Wilton, one of the Australians, said to have been concerned in the shooting of the Boers, arrived at Southampton yesterday. He is under sentence of imprisonment for life for complicity in the matter. His story of the affair differs materially from that published in The Morning Leader. He says that an Australian officer named Hunt was captured and murdered by the Boers. Later on, when a Boer was captured wearing Hunt's uniform he was tried by drumhead court-martial and shot. The Australians believed their treatment of the man just and equitable, under the circumstances, and Wilton is optimistic regarding the action of the War Office in his case, when it is duly considered. He denies the report of the indiscriminate slaughter of ten Boer prisoners.

TO HIS LAST SLEEP.

Cape Town, April 5.—The funeral cortege of the great financier and statesman, Cecil Rhodes, yesterday afternoon, was most impressive. The body was borne on the "Long Cecil" gun carriage, used in the defence of Kimberley, through streets lined with thousands of troops and spectators. All business houses were closed during the funeral, and the city generally draped in mourning.

Dr. Jameson, Sir Gordon Sprigg, and six other celebrities were the pall-bearers, Col. Frank Rhodes and his brothers were the chief mourners; they walked along bareheaded in rear of the gun carriage bearing the corpse.

The general service held at the cathedral on the arrival of the cortege was very imposing. The Archbishop made an address, during which he declared that Mr. Rhodes had faults, of which he probably, was as conscious as anyone, but, nevertheless, he was a great man. Though not a great church-goer, continued the Archbishop, Mr. Rhodes was essentially religious.

After the service the body was placed on a special train bound for Buluwayo, one thousand miles north. The family, the executors of the will, and others accompanied the remains to Rhodesia.

LEADERS COMMUNICATE

London, April 6.—Pretoria despatches indicate that Schalkburger is now in communication with former President Steyn. A report of the result of their meeting is now awaited.

LEADERS MUST CAPITULATE.

Amsterdam, April 6.—Referring to the reported conference of Schalkburger and Steyn the Boer Centre at Brussels says that the British demand that all the Boer leaders shall capitulate before the negotiations with Acting President Schalkburger are opened, will not be acceded to until England guarantees a basis upon which the negotiations will bear promise of success. The Boers will remain firm on the question of their independence.

Catarrhozone

An instant relief and perfect cure for colds, coughs, catarrh, deafness, asthma, bronchitis, lung trouble and consumption.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes any time and it kills a cough or cold in the head.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes four times daily and it permanently cures chronic catarrh, deafness, asthma and hay fever.

Inhale Catarrhozone ten minutes every hour and it cures pneumonia, consumption, lung trouble, and prevents all contagious diseases. Complete outfit, $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

LIVELY LAKEFIELD

The Steamers Getting Ready For Summer Work—Other Items of News

—The Strickland Canoe Co. has had a busy winter, and many orders are being received daily for their splendid boats. The Company shipped a lot of canoes to England last week.

—The Cement Works is running full blast, and turning out 400 barrels per day. It is said that the Company propose to develop more power at No. 6 dam, on which it has an option from the Government.

—Messrs. E. R. Tate and F. J. Lillicrap are erecting a new mill in the village, with a capacity of 15,000 feet per day. The mill will be ready for work in June.

—The Stony Lake fleet of steamers are being put in shape for the season. Work has commenced on the Empire, the Empress and the Alert. The Sunbeam has been sold to a Lindsay firm, and will be used on the upper lakes.

—There is a considerable quantity of wood to be brought to Peterborough when the canal is opened to Auburn.

—The popular steamer Majestic is being overhauled at Young's Point, and will be ready for work in a few days.

—The ice is out of the river between Lakefield and Young's Point, and is likely to disappear in Clear and Stony Lakes in a day or two.

PRESBYTERY OF PETERBORO

No Appointment Made to Keene Presbyterian Church

The Presbytery of Peterborough met on Thursday morning for the purpose deciding on a minister to take charge of Keene Presbyterian Church, rendered vacant by the death of Rev. Dr. Andrews. Some time ago Rev. Mr. Kennawin of Omemee preached in the church and he was asked to be an applicant for the pulpit. This he consented to do but afterwards withdrew his name. In the meantime the ballot had been distributed and the vote was taken. The Presbytery decided that as Mr. Kennawin had withdrawn his name it was not fair to the others and consequently a new ballot will be taken.

CONSERVATIVE COHORTS PREPARE FOR THE COMING BATTLE AT THE POLLS

Major J. W. Miller Nominated at a Meeting Saturday Afternoon--A Ratification Meeting in the Evening

The annual meeting of the West Peterborough Liberal-Conservative Association was held on Saturday afternoon in the opera house. The principal business before the meeting was the election of officers for the current year, and the selection of a candidate to contest the riding at the coming elections for the Legislative Assembly.

President T. E. Bradburn was in the chair. The attendance was very large and enthusiastic. Supporting the president were Messrs. J. W. Garvin, Jas. Kendry, M.P.; L. M. Hayes, J. W. Green, G. W. Fitzgerald, W. H. Moore, J. H. Burnham, A. P. Pousette, Jos. Milburn, J. W. Miller, Jas. Stevenson, ex-M.P.; R. Fisher, of South Monaghan; W. S. Robinson and a number of others.

On calling the meeting to order, Mr. Bradburn explained that the objects of the convention were to elect officers for the coming year and to nominate a candidate to contest the coming provincial elections.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The first duty of the meeting would be to elect the officers of the association. The results were as follows:

President—Mr. T. E. Bradburn.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mr. H. LeBrun.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mr. George W. Fitzgerald.
3rd Vice-Pres.—Mr. John W. Greene.
Township Vice-Presidents—
Smith—Mr. Joseph Milburn.
Ennismore—Mr. E. O'Connor.
S. Monaghan—Mr. R. Fisher.
N. Monaghan—Mr. G. W. Bennett.
Village of Lakefield—Mr. J. F. Lillicrap.
Townships of Harvey and Galway—Mr. Archie Johnston.
Sec.-Treas.—Mr. F. D. McKay.
Asst.-Sec.—Mr. C. H. Bradburn.

CONFIDENCE IN WHITNEY.

Mr. Geo. W. Fitzgerald moved the following resolution:

"That we, the Liberal-Conservatives of West Peterborough, in convention assembled, desire to take advantage of the opportunity to tender to J. P. Whitney, Esq., M.P.P., an expression of our continued confidence in him and his course as leader of the Liberal Conservatives of Ontario. We are fully aware that if he had received what was his own at that past general election if the verdict of the people had not been thwarted by the dishonest acts of an organized gang of conservatives and election crooks, he would have been the premier of the province during the past four years. The magnificent record he has made as the head of the conservative forces, the ability and power exhibited by him as the leader of the loyal opposition in the legislature, his fearless arraignment of the wrong doing and the evils which exist in connection with the management of provincial affairs, and in the systems that have been built up by a party too long in office, have won all our admiration and unqualified approval; we can give expression to this with the satisfaction of knowing that now the present provincial administration is compelled to go again to the people, nothing can stay the verdict, and that Mr. Whitney and his colleagues shall be placed in charge of our provincial affairs and in a position to promote the reforms so much needed in Ontario; and that he will be spared to take charge of this important task to serve his country for many years to come, is our earnest wish."

Mr. L. M. Hayes seconded the resolution, in a brief but forcible speech.

Speaking for the younger men, he said: "We have lived all our lives in the cold shades of opposition, not sharing in the good things that the government has had the disposal of. We can now look forward to a change, and confidently expect a Conservative victory in this great province."

THE NOMINATIONS

The nomination of a candidate was then taken up. Mr. J. W. Miller said he had great pleasure in again nominating Mr. J. W. Garvin.

Mr. Garvin contested the election four years ago, and had put up a clean, hard fight. The party had been unsuccessful, but nevertheless were undaunted.

In seconding the nomination Mr. A. P. Pousette said he had been actively engaged with Mr. Garvin during the campaign and could assure the electors that the work had been thoroughly done. Up to three or four days before the election, the Liberal candidate was a badly scared man. Considerable money had been sent to town, and the wavering were bought up. The corrupt practices in West Elgin, had been repeated here to such an extent that Mr. Stratton had been returned with an alleged majority.

Mr. Garvin thanked his mover and seconder, and the large and representative gathering for the enthusiastic manner in which his nomination had been received. It was impossible for him to accept the nomination, which he very much regretted. Had it not been for the corrupt practices at the last election he would have been elected by a large majority. (Cheers). During the last campaign the enthusiasm had been intense. The opera house was packed to the doors every meeting and large numbers had to be refused admittance. He regretted that there were so many voters who would sell their votes for a few dollars. The candidate who will stoop to buy votes can easily be elected. This he would not do. If he could not be elected by fair means he would not accept the election at all. "I am reluctantly obliged to refuse the nomination so enthusiastically tendered," he said. "I am comparatively a stranger in this riding and not as well known as many of those who are on the platform to-day. I believe Mr. Whitney will be returned to power at this election. At the last election Mr. Whitney was really elected but the ballot boxes were stuffed and the election stolen." He said the electors would hear from him again as he was going out on the public platform and work his best for the Conservative candidate.

MR. JAMES KENDRY, M.P.

stated that he came before them to propose a name that was a house-
give the old boys the snake.' So they
hold word in town. That name is Maj. Miller, better known perhaps as "Wes Miller." Major Miller had always taken a deep interest in the policy of the Conservative party. The policy of Mr. Whitney was the best policy for the country, and he felt sure that Mr. Whitney would be elected to lead the government. No government should be in power for 30 years as in that time they came to think they owned the country. In the Major they had a candidate whose career had been one of life long honesty and a man who should receive the hearty support of the electors. They have a hard fight before them, and he was sure the battle would be fought honestly and above board. The policy of abuse was one which resulted in more harm than good. He asked the young men to rally to the standard and the old men to stand by the colors as they had done in the past.

The nomination was strongly endorsed by Mr. Joseph Milburn.

MAJOR MILLER ACCEPTS.

Major Miller was given a very hearty reception. He thanked the nominator and seconder and the members for their confidence in him and said he would endeavor to deserve it. It is a time when such a nomination is an honor. He challenged contradiction when he said that the government has carried on a trade of money changing, and office mongering in Ontario. No man can look back over the thirty years of Liberal rule, and not say 'thank God, there is a party that says they shall be called to account.' The Ross Government is a government of expediency. It is anarchy to find fault with the party in power. With the history of the broad, open corruption of Mr. Ross in view, he is no much of a man who will not say he is proud to be a Conservative.

"It used to be thought that Jacques Cartier, had something to do with the discovery of Canada, but he hadn't. Sir Wilfred Laurier discovered this country, and Mr. Ross is his lieutenant. He went forth one morning on a voyage of discovery, and lo! he discovered New Ontario! True, it is not much of a place, but Mr. Ross said, 'We can make a few votes out of it.' So he decided to call on the old boys of '66 and to give them 160 acres of land each in New Ontario. The men of '66 didn't want their 160 acres. They didn't ask for it. The government said, 'we must keep the timber for some of our own pets, but we'll gave us 160 acres of rocks each, though they didn't give us gatling guns to shoot in the seed with. The men of '66 were brave and honorable men who gladly, freely left their vacations to defend their country.

"These were the men, who, in days
of danger dark,
While ringed by hostile foes;
When every nation was an ark
To those who wished us woe,
Let traitors with their hate depart,
Disloyalty demur,
We were all Britain's, heart to heart
We would not part with her."

If some of them could come back among us to-day, and witness the extent to which corruption prevails in the government of the province, they would return to their graves in disgust.

The speaker asked for a square, clean, manly campaign. He would spread no scandals, but would put up a hot, hard fight. He wished to say that he knew, and could put his finger on the men who handled the money in the last election, and he would say to them that if they attempt to repeat their tactics in the coming contest he would see that they would "wear striped suits, and eat the king's skilly."

In conclusion Major Miller asked for the hearty support of the electorate He is a poor Irishman, he remarked, who cannot stand one defeat.

The major's remarks were received with loud and long continued applause.

Several others spoke, heartily endorsing Major Miller's candidature.

Mr. Pousette moved, seconded by Mr. J. W. Miller, that a hearty vote of thanks be tendered to Mr. T. E. Bradburn, who for a number of years had been the efficient president of the association, and for the policy he had pursued in advancing the interests of the party.

The meeting then adjourned until 8 p.m.

THE RATIFICATION MEETING.

The audience which assembled to hear the Conservative speakers in the Opera House, on Saturday evening, was certainly large and enthusiastic enough to satisfy the candidate and his immediate supporters. The hall was filled to overflowing, every seat being occupied, and the aisles and passages being held by late-comers, who were fain to be content with standing room. Every speaker was well received, Major Miller, the candidate, receiving an especially enthusiastic and cordial hearing, which augured well

Continued on page 4.

THE RUSSIAN BEAR'S DESIGNS IN THE EAST

It Is Believed That Serious Trouble is Brewing Between the Great Powers

Special Telegram to The Times.

London April 7.—The outlook in the east is not brightening, according to late despatches.

The Post says:—The alacrity and unanimity with which the French Parliament voted an appropriation of half a million francs to defray the cost of the coming visit of President Loubet to St. Petersburg may be taken as an indication of the zeal manifested by the people of France in the alliance with Russia, and of a strong desire to cement the proclaimed friendship which binds the two nations. It is trite but true to say that "politics make strange bedfellows;" but this policy proves that in great affairs of state diplomatic relations may be cemented between nations whose normal political conditions would seem to prevent such a close union. Nothing, apparently, could be more incongruous, on its face, than an alliance between a free republic and one of the most autocratic governments in the world; and yet the material interests of both, which will be given mutual protection in emergency, are such that no one doubts that the Dual Alliance in Europe is based on absolute sincerity, and that the active foe of one nation will become the foe of both. Hence, in view of the present complications, when it is announced that a personal conference is to be held by the heads of these two great nations, the world's interest becomes aroused, and speculations naturally follow that it is safe to assume that extraordinary affairs of state have arisen to justify the long journey of the President of France to the Russian capital, in order that he and the Czar may formulate a policy in line with their interests that will fit in with the complicated situation in the Far East. All the signs seem to indicate that the Anglo-Japanese alliance, if it has been formed with a view of expelling Russia from Manchuria, will not bring about that result without a clash at arms. England has no army available for service in China, unless by ending the Boer war she releases her troops from South Africa, and it is hardly likely that Japan will undertake to measure swords single handed with Russia in the vast empire. The situation does not afford opportunities for a naval contest, in which the great fleets of England and Japan might make themselves effectively felt. It is true that such a contest as would follow the actual clashing of the two Dual Alliances might spread like a conflagration, and that fighting might be transplanted in part to Europe.

The impending crisis in the Orient has excited such worldwide interest that the attitude of the great nations, aside from those immediately involved, has become a source of much solicitude, and among these are the United States and Germany. According to a Berlin cable the American Government has been sounding Germany as to its probable policy in the Far East, and while the statement, issued on apparently "high authority" from the German capital, is diplomatically phrased, the admission is significant that Emperor William "would not, in a final instance, oppose something that Russia desired." It is perfectly apparent that the main "something" that Russia desires in connection with her Oriental aggressiveness is not to be disturbed in her development of the vast Manchurian Province, where she has planted her standard and intends to stay if she can.

Another late cablegram, giving the views of a Russian officer, declares that in his opinion the Anglo-Japanese alliance has settled the fate of Manchuria, and that it will remain in Russia's possession, with an augmented military force to enable the Czar to maintain the position he has assumed. These late developments, it may be observed, hardly coincide with the recent broader views expressed of an "open door" in the vast empire and a distribution of commercial privileges equally among all trading nations. What policy the Russian Emperor and the President of France may decide upon is not difficult to imagine, and it is evident that the outcome will prove to be of vast international interest and importance.

The persistent activity of Russia in antagonism to Great Britain's interests is again indicated by the report from Bombay, which states that 60,000 rifles have been landed by a Russian subsidized steamer at Bandar Abbas, the key to the entrance to the Persian Gulf. Under the recently formed compact, Persia is practically an ally of the Czar, and efforts are being made to persuade Afghanistan to join with Russia. Great Britain has been active in securing a foothold on Koweyt in order to strengthen her position in the Orient; but Turkey, which claims sovereignty over Koweyt, gave Germany permission to build a railroad across Persia and Asia Minor. Only recently England induced the native chief at Koweyt to proclaim himself independent, and in support of this move sent warships to the Persian Gulf to back the chief at Koweyt in forbidding Germany from constructing a railway line, in his dominions, inimical to the interests of Great Britain. Russian schemes in this part of the world, possibly backed by Germany, in time, it will be seen, jeopardizing British interests in India in a way that may lead to complications in the future.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 7, 1902.

SOME SPRING SUGGESTIONS

Why Not Plant Fruit Trees For Shade Purposes ?

Sanitary, Neat and Well Drained Back Yards a Necessity—Parks and Play Grounds for Citizens and Children

In the last issue of The Canadian Horticulturist there appears a paper written by Miss Jessie M. Good, of Springfield, Ohio, in which many excellent suggestions are made for the benefit of Improvement Societies, organized in many towns in the United States to secure the co-operation of citizens in beautifying the streets and home surroundings. We make the following extracts for the benefit of Peterborough citizens:

If your town is bleak and unshaded, plant trees, but give a thought to what and how you plant. Because you love elms you certainly show a selfish affection when you plant them twenty feet apart upon a street sixty feet wide, knowing, as you must if you love them, that the elm is one of the trees that needs great space and moisture for its full development. Few shade trees should be planted closer together than from twenty-five to thirty-five feet. Why not intersperse them with some ornamental flowering trees—redbuds, dogwoods, crab-apples, catalpas, etc. Why always plant forest trees for city shade. Why not plant fruit trees?

What is the condition of your back yard and alley? Is the latter an impassable mire in winter and a weedy lane in summer, or is it a well-graded, rolled and drained passageway? Is your back yard green with grass and gay with flowers, making it a beautiful and wholesome place in which your children may play? Or, is it a death-trap, adorned with a fragrant swill barrel, heaps of ashes and garbage, piles of old boards, an untidy fence, while the bare ground is soaked with greasy dishwater, making it a place abhorrent to your children as a playground, and as unsafe from a sanitary point of view as a sewer? If you have such a back yard, let me tell you the day is nearly over when educated people keep what some one has wittily called "Queen Ann fronts and Mary Ann backs." you wonder why Johnny and Willie prefer to play in the street instead of the yard? I think their preference for the street shows a proper instinct and good judgment.

Does your grocer and fruiterer expose the foods he expects you to eat in the dusty contagion of the street? If so, you should teach him that you never offer such contaminated foods to your family. If an organization of influential housekeepers speaks clearly upon this point, glass-covered boxes will be quickly provided that will show the goods quite as well.

How about your dairy supply? In a certain town a shocking infant mortality was traced to the milk. A weekly or fortnightly visit by a committee from an improvement association would have a deal to do with wholesome dairy premises. No educated woman of this age dares to be indifferent as to the source of the food with which she supplies her family.

Have you parks and open squares as breathing places for the people? Have you public playgrounds for your children? This one matter of public playgrounds in all towns is of vital importance. When the influence upon the character and morals of children of healthful play is fully understood, no money will be spared to provide such playgrounds.

EDITORIAL NOTES

De Wet and Delarey are so mobile that even their own government cannot locate them.

• • • •

The calling out of 90,000 Turkish reserves indicates that "the eastern war cloud" is getting ready to do business at the old stand. Turkey is so poor that the sultan does not mobilize reserves to give them an outing for their health.

• • • •

Delarey's victory over Methuen accounted for 32 British, who were killed. The wounded will recover, the prisoners are released. Kitchener's bag for last week was very small, only 130 Boers, but all stay accounted for. Kitchener's work is not spectacular, but it is business.

• • • •

The marriage of Albert T. Patrick, convicted of murder, to Mrs. Francis, in the Tombs prison, in spite of the opposition of the prison officials, was a bigger feat in the matrimonial line than getting married in a baloon. Love laughs not only at locksmiths, but at locks, bolts, bars and bobbies.

• • • •

Cork is to have a great exhibition this year, add a yacht race, and a King's cup. It is altogether fitting that a Cork's crew should have something to do with the filling of the Royal cup.

• • • •

Mayor Low, of New York, wrote to the city assessors, asking them to increase the assessment on his personal estate. In this case a Low assessment means higher taxes.

• • • •

Russia is quite willing there should be an "open door" into Manchuria so long as the Bear does not have to walk out of it.

A story of a "joke" played in Vienna on Mascagni, the composer, who is soon to visit the United States, is going the round of the newspapers in Italy, where it has created an extremely bad impression. The distinguished Italian was the guest of honor at a soiree given by the theatrical artists of the Austrian capital, and expressed regret that he was unable either to speak or understand German, whereupon an actor of comic parts arose and addressed him very solemnly, saying: "Most illustrious maestro, you have given to the world 'Cavalleria Rusticana,' which is a musical freak." At this point Mascagni also rose, and warmly shook the orator's hand. "You have no other talent than that of self-advertisement." Another effusion on the part of the composer. "In a word, you are merely a genial usage." Prolonged applause, at which Mascagni could scarcely master his emotion.

Adelina Patti is, as all the world knows, one of the most charitable women in the world, and nothing pleases her more than to do a good turn "on the quiet," as she herself laughingly puts it. Last winter she was staying for a few days in an isolated village at the extreme end of Yorkshire. To kill the monotony of the place, the great singer went one night to a concert got up in aid of a certain village institution. Not half the performers turned up. Seeing the difficulty in which the chairman and committee were placed, Madame Patti (incognito, of course) offered to oblige them with a song or two if they cared about it. After she had rendered, in her own glorious way, three of her sweetest ballads, the chairman approached her, and, in solemn tones, thanked her: "Well, Miss, you've done oncommon well; and, although 'Arry 'Ock, the juggler, who thinks nowt of takin' 'old of 'ot pokers and a-swallowin' needles, couldn't turn up, yet you've pleased us very considerable, Miss!"

Colonel Osio was the present King of Italy's "governor" for very many years, when, as Prince of Naples, his charge was a delicate lad. Colonel Osio's strict regime has been very severely criticised, but that the King remembers him with respect, if not with affection, is proved by his having conferred the hereditary title of count upon him on the occasion of the birth of the Princess Yolanda. One day a request came from a well-known personage for the young prince's autograph, to be added to a collection containing that of his grandfather and his father. The prince was about to comply, when the colonel said, sharply: "Certainly not; what value has the signature of an insignificant boy who does not even know how to write properly?" For some act of disobedience a little later the prince was brought before his "governor," who exclaimed: "If I were the King I would cut off your head." "And I will cut off yours when I am king," defiantly replied the lad. His punishment is unrecorded, but, instead of cutting off his tyrant's head when that day came, he has ennobled him.

During the famous Douglas and Lincoln debate and subsequent campaigns the point was frequently brought out by the supporters of "the Little Giant" that Mr. Lincoln had served only a single term in Congress, but that Senator Douglas had enjoyed for years a national reputation. This point, says a writer in "Lippincott's," was urged in a heated discussion between an ardent supporter of Douglas and a German voter who favored Lincoln. Finally the former, thinking to overwhelm his opponent, said: "Who is this Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding a joint debate with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the Presidential chair for the last ten years!" "Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Doogias have hat his eye on der Bresident chair for ten years?" "Yes, that is just what I said." "Vell, you shoost tell Meester Doogias if he vill keep his eye on dot chair shoost a leedle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it." This closed the debate, amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.

His Impression.

"Do you believe that college-bred women make good wives?"

"I don't think going to college makes the slightest difference," answered Mr. Meekton. "You couldn't keep a woman from assuming a position of superior knowledge by merely not sending her to school."—Washington "Star."

The Definition.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what is meant by "steward?" Johnny—A steward is a man who doesn't mind his own business. Teacher—Where did you get that idea? Johnny—Well, I looked it up in the dictionary, and it said, "A man who attends to the affairs of others."—Cape "Register."

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say!

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

Eighty Years Old — Catarrh Fifty Years. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed? Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says:—"I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes.—69

Dooley on the Medical Profession.

HENNESSY having expressed the opinion that Christian Science is all foolishness.

"Well, sir, who can tell?" said Mr. Dooley. "If it wasn't f'r progress, I'd be sure the Christyan Scientists was wrong. But th' doctor who attinded me whin I was young 'd be thought as loonatical if he was alive to-day as th' mos' Christyan Scientist that iver rayjooced a swellin' over a long-distance tillyphone. He inthrajooced near th' whole parish into this life iv sin an' sorrow, he give us calomel with a shovel, bled us like a polis captain, an' niver thought anny medicine was good if it didn't choke ye goin' down. I can see him now as he come up dhrivin' an ol' gray an' yellow horse in a buggy. He had whiskers that he cud tie in a knot round his waist, an' him an' th' priest was th' on'y two men in th' neighborhood that carried a goold watch. He used to say 'twas th' healthiest parish in th' wurruld, barrin' hangin's an' thransportations, an' thim come in Father Hickey's province. Ivrybody thought he was a gr-reat man, but they wudden't lave him threat a spavin in these days. He was catch-as-catch-can, an' he'd tackle annything fr'm pneumony iv th' lungs to premachure baldness. He'd niver heerd iv microbes, an' nayther did I till a few years ago, whin I was tol' they was a kind iv animals or bugs that crawled around in ye like spiders. I see pitchers iv thim in th' pa-apers with eyes like pooched eggs, till I dhreamed wan night I was a hayloft full iv bats. Thin th' dock down th' sthreet set me r-right. He says th' microbes is a vigitable, an' ivry man is like a conservatory full iv millyons iv these potted plants.

"Well, that sounds all right, an' I sind f'r a doctor. 'Dock,' says I, 'me vilets ar-re thinnin' out, an' I feel as though I was full iv sage brush,' I say. Th' dock puts a glass chube in me mouth an' says, 'Don't bite it.' 'D'ye think I'm a glass eater?' says I, talkin' through me teeth like a Kerry lawyer. 'What's it f'r?' I says. 'To take ye'er timprachoor,' says he. About th' time I'm r-ready to sthrangle he removes th' chube. 'How high does she spout?' says I. 'Ninety-nine,' says he. 'Good hivens,' says I. 'Don't come near me, dock, or you'll be sun sthruck,' I says. 'I've just examined ye'er blood,' he says. 'Ye're full iv weeds,' he says. Be that time I'm scared to death, an' I say a few prayers, whin he fixes a hose to me chest an' begins listenin'. 'Annything goin' on inside?' says I. ''Tis ye'er heart,' says he. 'Glory be,' says I. 'What's th' matther with that ol' ingine?' says I. 'I cud tell ye,' he says, 'but I'll have to call in Dock Vinthricle, th' specyalist,' he says. 'I oughtn't be lookin' at ye'er heart at all,' he says. 'I niver larned below th' chin, an' I'd be fired be th' Union if they knew I was wurrukin' on th' heart,' he says. So he sinds f'r Dock Vinthricle, an' th' dock climbs me chest an' listens, an' thin he says, 'They'se something the matter with his lungs, too,' he says. 'At times they're full iv air an' again,' he says, 'they ain't,' he says. 'Sind f'r Bellows,' he says. Bellows comes and pounds me as though I was a roof he was shinglin', an' havin' accidentally hit me below th' belt, he sinds for Dock Laporattony, an' th' Dock sticks his finger into me as far as th' knuckle.

"He shakes his head an' goes out iv th' room with th' others, an' they talk it over at tin dollars a minyit while I'm layin' there at two dollars a day—docked. Whin they come back, wan iv thim says, 'This here is a mos' inthrestin' case an' we must have th' whole class take a look into it,' he says. It means me, Hinnissy. 'Dock,' he says, 'ye will remove its brain. Vinthricle, ye will have its heart; an', Bellows, ye will take its lungs. As f'r me,' he says, 'I will add wan more vermiform appindix to me belt,' he says. ''Tis sthrange how our foolish predecessors,' says he, 'niver got on to th' dangers iv th' vermiform appindix,' he says. 'I have no doubt that that's what kilt Methusalem,' he says. So they mark out their wurruk on me with a piece iv red chalk, an' if I get well, I look like a rag carpet. Sometimes they lave things in ye, Hinnissy. I knowed a man wanst—Moriarty was his name, Tim Moriarty—an' he had to be hemstitched hurridly because they was goin' to be a ball game that day, an' they locked up in him two sponges, a saw, an' ice pick, a goold watch, an' a pair iv curlin'-irons belongin' to wan iv the nurses. He tol' me he didn't feel well, but he didn't think annything iv it till he noticed that he jingled whin he walked.

"That's what they do with ye nowadays, Hinnissy. Ivry time I go into Dock Cassidy's office, he gives me a look that makes me wish I'd wore a suit iv chain armor. His eyes seem to say, 'Can I come in?' Between th' Christyan Scientists an' him, 'tis a question iv whether ye want to be threated like a loonytic or like a can iv preserved vigitables. Father Kelly says th' styles iv medicine changes like th' styles iv hats. Whin he was a boy, they give ye quinine f'r whativer ailed ye, an' now they give ye sthrychnine, an' nex' year they'll be givin' ye proosic acid, maybe. He says they're findin' new things th' matther with ye ivry day, an' ol' things that have to be taken out, until th' time is comin' whin not more thin half iv us 'll be rale an' th' rest 'll be rubber. He says they ought to enforce th' law iv assault with a deadly weepin' again th' doctors. He says that if they knew less about pizen an' more about gruel an' opened fewer patients an' more windows, they'd not be so manny Christyan Scientists. He says th' diff'rence between Christyan Scientists an' doctors is that Christyan Scientists thinks they'se no such thing as disease, an' doctors thinks there ain't annything else. An' there ye ar-re."

"What d'ye think about it?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"I think," said Mr. Dooley, "that if th' Christyan Scientists had some science an' th' doctors more Christyanity, it wudden't make anny diff'rence which ye called in—if ye had a good nurse."

"I understand that Frailman has come to the conclusion to contest his wife's will." "Well, what is there courageous about that? She's dead, isn't she?"—Richmond "Dispatch."

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martero—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am, but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

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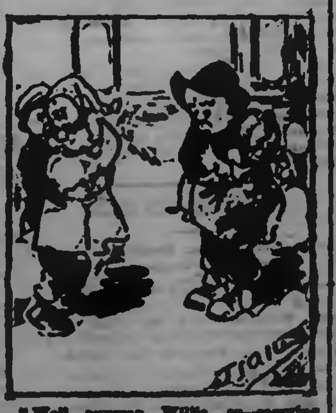
The Undeserved Evil Repute of Paris.

AN interesting discussion as to the public morals of Frenchmen and "Americans" has recently been started by Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to the United States, who made a trip home not long ago, and was so much impressed by what he saw in the Paris streets, during the summer season, that he felt constrained to make an earnest protest against what seemed to him bad tendencies. He complained of the marked increase in the absinthe habit, and of the growing quantity of indecent pictures and cartoons to be seen in the public streets. Senator Berenger, another prominent Frenchman, who is at the head of the Society for the Prevention of License in the Streets, promptly admitted the justice of M. Cambon's censure, and said that the police have of late put hardly any restrictions upon the exposure, in the central parts of Paris, of engravings and cards which offend decency. He declared that this evil is always at its worst during the summer months, and that its unusual prevalence at this season is because it "springs up especially to meet the average foreigner's conception of the gay capital." Thousands of foreigners go to Paris every year for a short vacation, he adds naively, "intent on having a good time, and declaring their intention so loudly that the city takes on a particular hue for their benefit." This view has been emphatically sustained by the pastor of a French Protestant church in Paris, who asserts that Anglo-Saxon visitors are the foreigners most to blame in this matter, and Americans the worst offenders of all. He contends that the keepers of kiosks where quantities of "lurid photographs" are sold told him that "Americans" are their best customers, purchasing handfuls of vicious papers and cards, which they distribute widely in their own country.

According to the New York "Evening Post," striking testimony to the truth of all this has just been furnished by a member of the United States Congress. Representative Gillett of the Springfield (Mass.) district, a man of high standing and proved independence, has been traveling for some weeks, with Speaker Henderson of Iowa, in England and on the Continent. In a recent letter he remarked that the shops, the hotels, and, above all, the class of amusements which we call "Frenchy," and which "Americans" flock to Paris to see, seemed to him "artificial and made to order to meet the taste of American visitors." He frankly admitted that "it's no credit to us what they think our taste is," and bluntly declared that he had been "thoroughly disgusted to see not only American men, but ladies, too, trying to be amused by sights which they would think both stupid and low at home." He added that it seemed to him as though "quite a proportion of the Parisians were engaged in exhibiting as their natural life and recreations a pretense of high spirits and risky abandon which was all affected, a constant bore to the participants, and only interesting and endurable to strangers so long as they are deceived into believing it is the custom of the country." There is thus virtual agreement on the part of the French legislator, the United States congressman and the French clergyman that foreign visitors, and particularly "American" tourists, are giving Paris a worse reputation than it deserves—in fact, making the city worse in the summer months of their presence than it is during the rest of the year. The clergyman quoted clears the resident American colony of blame, pronouncing it exemplary, but he thinks it "impossible to deny that visiting Yankees do Paris far more harm than Paris does them."



"Well, anyway, Willie, er—carrying doze babies 'll help our muscle."—Harper's Bazar.

Discretion Better Than Valor.

A New Yorker, the owner of a magnificent yacht, had for his guests on a recent trip three very clever young men, all of them suitors for the hand of his beautiful daughter. The young woman could not determine which she liked the best, they were equally good looking and equally eligible as to wealth and position.

In her perplexity she sought the advice of the Old Salt, a kindly and generous old sea-dog, who sailed the yacht.

"I tell you what I'd do, Miss, if I were you," he said. "The next time we are in a safe place you fall overboard. I will stand by to see that no harm comes to you, and then you can see which is the best man of the lot."

The plan was agreed to, and a day or two later the young woman slid off the plank into the water. In a second two of the young men were in after her and she was heroically rescued. As soon as possible the heroine sought the captain.

"What am I to do now?" she asked. "I have two of them still left."

"Well, I would say this," replied the captain. "If you want a good, sensible husband, you take the one that did not jump after you."

Mrs. Scrappington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that in Patagonia a wife can be purchased for a dollar. Mr. Scrappington—Well, there may be wives in Patagonia that are worth that much.—Harper's Bazar.

A noted London club man once laid a wager with a friend that the latter could not sell a given number of gold guineas at a penny a piece. He won his wager. The people refused to buy. They thought he was offering too much for too little.

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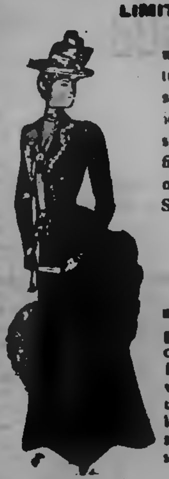

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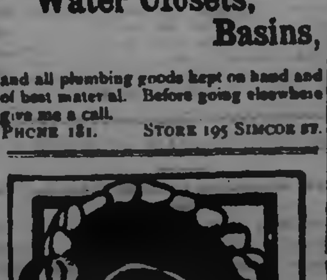

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"What's the matter here?" said the officer, coming into the restaurant.

"Why, boss, this man said I could eat one of his dinners without any trouble," said the tramp.

"Well?"

"Well, I ate one, and I've got no money to pay for it, and now it seems there's all sorts of trouble."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

The infant of the household was in its cradle. The head of the house was at home, peevish and fault-finding. At length he became unendurable. "You've done nothing but make mistakes tonight," he growled. "Yes," she answered meekly, "I begun by putting the wrong baby to bed."

◆◆◆

"Remember, young man," said the practical man, "that in order to succeed you must teach people to trust you."

"I have done that," answered the gloomy young man. "I have succeeded in getting into debt beyond my fondest expectations."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Bloomer—"Dear! dear! I dropped my diamond ring off my finger this morning, and can't find it anywhere."

Bloomer—"It's all right. I came across it in one of my trouser pockets."

◆◆◆

One of his Majesty's inspectors stood before a class of seven-year-old boys. The subject of examination was Euclid. After failing several times to draw from the class the definition of parallel lines, he drew, by way of illustration, on the wall.

"Now, boys," said the worthy educational dignitary, "I've drawn two parallel lines on the wall. Will they ever meet?"

"Yes, sir," said the pick of the class.

"When?"

"If you draw them right around the room."—London Answers.

◆◆◆

"Ignorance," remarked young Brown, "they say is bliss."

"Oh, that probably accounts for it," rejoined Miss Cutting.

"Accounts for what?" queried the youth.

"The contented and happy look you usually wear," she replied.

◆◆◆

A visitor to a country town asked the local policeman when the theatre opened.

"We have no theatre here."

"Well, the music hall, then?"

"No, nothing of that kind here."

"Have you no evening amusement at all?"

"Oh, yes," said the policeman. "If you wait till 9 o'clock you'll see them shunting the goods train."

◆◆◆

"Wherein lies the difference between photography and courtship?" he asked, softly.

"I don't know," she replied.

"In photography," he explained, "the negative is developed in the dark room, while in courtship that is where the affirmative is developed."

She blushed, but made no answer.

"Let us," he suggested, "proceed to develop an affirmative."

There being no objections, it was so ordered.—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

When Henry comes from Germany
We'll fire salutes and things,
And give him royal welcome for
The messages he brings;
We'll bow and at his every smile
Have throbs and thrills ecstatic,
And quit the practice for awhile
Of being democratic.
We'll dream of Emperors and Kings
As still our blood relations,
For, oh, we dote on royal things
Despite our protestations.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

Applicant—"How much for a telephone, meister?"

Superintendent — "What is your name?"

Applicant—"Golk'ielfwiski!"

Superintendent—"One hundred dollars per year."

Applicant—"Why for you jarge me let mooch! Eferybody else get ut for 24."

Superintendent—"I know, but the extra charge is for repairs. Every time any one calls your name the wires will be twisted."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

The French were so much interested in Mr. Kipling's observations on sportsmen that the poem has been translated into French and published in some of the Paris newspapers. Le Temps renders the famous lines, "with the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals," as follows:—

"A void les imbeciles en complete de flanelle qui jouent au cricket.

"Et les cretins souillés de boue qui jouent au football.

◆◆◆

She is a sweet, poetic dream—
A lily on love's crystal stream.
But she, with all her charms divine,
Will ne'er, O ne'er, O ne'er be mine.
Because last night, unto this dear,
I said, beneath the chandelier:
"Last springtime, when the blossoms white
I saw on your black hair alight,
I thought they looked, upon my soul,
Like snowflakes on a load of coal."
—Judge.

◆◆◆

He was a stranger cycling through the highly intellectual City of Oxford. You could tell it from the cautious manner with which he picked his way down the principal street.

It was evening. A gentleman approached the cyclist.

"Sir," said he, "your beacon has ceased its function."

"Sir?"

"Your illuminator, I say, is shrouded in unmitigated oblivion."

"Really, but I don't quite——"

"The effulgence of your radiator has evanesced."

"My dear fellow, I——"

"The universal ether oscillations in your incandescer have been discontinued."

Just then an unsophisticated little cowboy shouted across the way:

"Hey, mister, yer lamp is out!"

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

He might well wonder why she fell on his breast with a great, gasping sigh, with a burst of passionate tears. She was praying from the depths of her heart that heaven would forgive her terrible sin.

He did not think it strange that she should weep—a wedding was a solemn, impressive scene; but he did wonder what were those murmurs passing over the white lips.

He was very patient with her, he let her weep some moments in silence, then he raised her bridal veil and kissed the tears away.

"There must be smiles, not tears, love," he whispered. "Remember from this hour you are all mine, not one cloud shall darken the sunshine of your life; give yourself up to joy and happiness, darling."

His—all his. How the words smote her. From among the wedding roses by the wayside, the dark, Satanic face of Harold St. John seemed to rise suddenly and confront her.

Would she never be able to forget? Would she be haunted ever by the cruel memory of the horrible past.

But for that what a lifelay before her? But for that how happy she might be now that she really knew what love meant. Her soul was awakened, she loved Aleck with a passion and intensity that almost frightened herself.

"There is one thing that makes me superabundantly happy," continued Aleck, caressing the lovely white face. "I am your first and only love, Daisy. I have always had an ideal — you realize it. My greatest desire has always been to be the first and only lover of her whom I should choose for my wife; I am your first lover, Daisy. The thought, image— the memory of no other man is in your heart. I thank heaven," he continued, reverently, "that I have my heart's desire."

The words were so full of faith and trust, the wonder is that they did not strike her dead.

Three weeks passed like a dream to Daisy—but for the one terrible drawback of her life, she would have been unutterably happy.

Wedded to the man she loved, beautiful, young, wealthy, the world at her feet, what fate could be more enviable? No wonder that in the first intoxication of her dream, the voice of conscience had almost ceased to make itself heard.

Aleck had been rather anxious over her at first. She had seemed dull, dispirited; he often found her in tears, and he could not imagine why. Perhaps it was because she was so young to be wedded and taken away from home care.

But the gloom and depression soon wore away, and Daisy was radiantly happy.

There came a cruel awakening to her, and in a strange way.

They had long since reached Sacramento —their destination, and were domiciled in an elegant suit of rooms at one of the fashionable up-town hotels.

Aleck had thrown himself down in one of the easy lounging chairs by the window one day to look over the morning paper, and Daisy had drawn up a velvet hassock by his side, and seated herself upon it.

"You seem so very much absorbed in your paper today, Aleck," she said, stealing one pretty white arm round his neck.

"You would prefer that I should be making love as usual to you, my dear, I suppose," he replied, tossing back his dark, handsome head with a happy debonnaire laugh.

"But the fact is, my darling, I am greatly interested in reading an account of a noted criminal—Harold St. John —whom I once knew."

She gave a terrible gasp, and her face grew white.

"Do not be so alarmed, my darling," said he complacently. "I said I knew him, but that was in our college days. I am sorry that he has turned out so badly," he went on, "for he was really a bright fellow —gay, handsome, dashing and winning; a clever friend, and a most desperate foe.

"There was quite a little rivalry between us for the favor of a pretty girl; and St. John never forgave me because she threw him over, as he phrased it, for me," Aleck went on, laughingly. "He vowed vengeance against me, and said he should get even with me if it cost him a lifetime. He was sent up for some crime, but I see by today's paper he is out of prison again."

No cry broke from the white lips of the girl crouching lower and lower on the velvet hassock at his side.

"Shall I read it to you?" he asked.

And a voice, hardly human in its terrible anguish, answered, "Yes," but he was so preoccupied he did not notice it.

"It is too long and tedious to read in detail. I will give you a brief account of it. It seems that he had been making a little too free with his employer's money, and becoming bolder after a time, resorted to forgery.

"As is usually the case, he was detected, convicted, and sentenced to state's prison.

"It seems that he made a bold dash for liberty while they were taking him there, by leaping from the lightning express. All search proved futile.

"A few days later the firm received in cash from him —dollar for dollar —the amount taken. This of course created the most universal surprise. It is hinted by the paper that no special effort will be made to find him.

"His career has been anything but a savory one," continued Aleck; "some time before he shot a young lawyer in a duel, wounding him so severely that the poor fellow died after. As it was claimed to be an affair of honor, nothing could be done with St. John."

"And this man walks the earth free?" asked Daisy in an awful whisper, so full of terror that for the first time Aleck noticed it.

He started and looked at her anxiously; her terrible pallor alarmed him.

"I should not tell you of such cases to alarm you, you are so sensitive, my darling," he cried.

He stretched out his arms quickly toward her, for she had risen suddenly to her feet, and was standing before him swaying to and fro like a leaf in the wind.

But he was too late; with a piteous gasp she threw up her white hands, and fell like one dead at his feet. Janet, her maid, was summoned in all haste.

"I don't think you have any cause for alarm, sir," she said, "or reason to call in a doctor; it is only a

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Labor-Saving but Oath-Producing.

SPEAKING of the introduction in Eastern telephone exchanges of the "line-busy" phonograph attachments, the "Argonaut" remarks that in the effete East these innovations may possibly be tamely received, but they had a short life in San Francisco. When some bright telephone clerk conceived the plan of saving another clerk's wages by putting on a phonograph to say, "Line is busy," it was received with rejoicing by the telephone stockholders in San Francisco. But the telephone subscribers did not like it at all, and did not hesitate to say so. On the first day of the innovation the startled telephone subscribers listened in wonder to the mechanical moaning, squeaking and buzzing of the phonograph droning out: "We —will—call—you—line—is—busy — line—is—busy— we — will —call—you." The machine, naturally, was deaf to expostulation or enquiry. To polite dissent and to fiery oaths it returned the same monotonous groan: "We—will—call—you—line—is—busy." Goaded by this automatic barking, the most mild-mannered men became temporarily maddened. On that famous first day the telephone scenes in the various clubs were peculiar. From the telephone closets there would come at intervals wild bursts of oaths and sometimes maniac laughter. The attendants would hasten to the telephone temple, and assist forth congested millionaires, purple-faced, pop-eyed, apoplectic. They were speechless—all they could do was to shake their fists at the telephone. When a mining millionaire from Mexico, newly arrived that day, suddenly burst out of the telephone closet clamoring for an axe with which to attack the instrument, the club manager grew apprehensive. When, later in the day, an alcoholic millionaire could not wait for an axe, but demolished the telephone with a heavy, silver-headed cane, the manager concluded to take prudential measures and ask the telephone company to switch off the phonograph. Which was done. This was the end of the telephone-phonograph in the San Francisco clubs, and not long after it was disused throughout the city generally. This experience is respectfully submitted by the "Argonaut" for the consideration of Eastern cities.

Suicide Contagious.

Mayor Morse, of Emporia, Kan., asked the editors of Emporia papers recently to refrain from publishing details of suicides. He said that the publication of such details had caused an epidemic of suicides in that community in the last two years. He had consulted with the Board of Health, and thought that if the papers would not comply with his request he had a right to stop summarily the publication of suicide details under a law providing for the suppression of epidemics.

"If the paper," he said, "on which these local papers are printed had been kept in a place infected with smallpox I could demand that the papers quit using that paper or stop publication. If they spread another contagion, the contagious suggestion of suicide, I believe the liberty of the press is not to be considered before the public welfare, and that the courts would sustain me in using force to prevent the publication of papers containing matter clearly deleterious to the public health.

"However, no such steps need be taken. Mr. White, of the 'Gazette;' Mr. Strong, of the 'Republican,' and Mr. Yearout, of the 'Times,' are in sympathy with me in this movement and will suppress the details of suicides until the epidemic subsides."

Sunshine.

After a morn of dreary rain
The sullen clouds withdrew,
The summer sun shone forth again
From skies of dazzling blue;

Sorrow and suffering was my dole,
But you have banished pain—
Your love shone through my lonely soul
Like sunshine after rain!
—Eileen Benson.

Where There Is No Degeneracy.

A delightful article by Mr. Frank Beddard, of the London Zoological Gardens, in the "Pall Mall Magazine," makes one suspect that the only spot in civilization where degeneracy has not begun is the "Zoo." Mr. Beddard takes us through the great menagerie which is under his supervision, and shows us many distinguished inmates at dinner. The hippopotamus is an enviable gourmet. He has been thirty-seven years at the "Zoo," and has had only one attack of indigestion. On that grave occasion he was cured with forty (or eighty) drops of croton oil, administered in a bun. Happy beast! No visits to specialists at a guinea a visit! No anxious trials of patent medicines, advertised in the evening papers with portraits of the cures! Down went the bun, and Hippo was himself again! The Australian cassowary consumes everything (except the missionary and his hymn-book), and never knows what indigestion means. Excellent living (Mr. Beddard's statistics of the food are staggering) and leisured ease make astonishing longevity at the "Zoo." There was a Madagascar parrot who flourished in captivity for fifty-four years, and goodness knows how old he was when he retired to Regent's Park. Possibly he became a centenarian. The official records apparently neglect to state his views of life.

Incident at Pekin.

Probably the most amusing incident of the siege of Pekin, says Henry Savage Landor, occurred on July 22, 1900, when the Dowager-Empress sent a hundred melons, some cucumbers and egg-plant as a present to the Chinese soldiers at the barricades. The servants who brought them misunderstood the order, and handed over the whole lot to the foreign soldiers, also at their barricade. The vegetables were hauled in with due haste, as soon as the guards got over their first astonishment at the handsome gift; but no doubt the person most astonished of all was the messenger on his return to the Dowager-Empress. It is not improbable that the misplaced melons cost him his life.

Interesting to Smokers.

A New York Sun editorial the other day was of interest to smokers—even, possibly, to reformers who include in their list the "holy herb nicotian":—

A sacrificial fire has been burning in Clayton, N.J., and the savor of it still tickles Gloucester County nostrils. The Anti-Nicotine Club brought to its rooms all its idols, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, tobacco, and burned them up in the stove. So fierce for the moment is the rage in Clayton against the holy herb nicotian. The case of the Vice-President of the club, Mr. Samuel Turner, is especially glorious or sad, according to the taste and fancy of him who considers it. He is 75; he has smoked for 63 years; with reasonable prudence and longevity he might hope to hold the smokers' record, for this county at least, and puff away in peace and comfort for a whole green century. He throws away the laurel in his grasp. He makes fuel of the comrades of two generations. In the heat and fury of the Clayton anti-nicotine movement he gives up the charmer of pain, the consoler of sadness, the blameless companion of reverie, the silent partner of books, the lubricator of digestion, the fountain of philosophy, the mother of good temper, the nurse of sound old age, the old, faithful, harmless, constant friend.

A boy may toss away his cigarette and a youth his cigar or briarwood, worn for show and ornament rather than for use, and feel no loss. But wait till you come to forty year. Nobody really takes his degree in the first and greatest University of Virginia before that age. His bacon isn't really cured till then. Then he becomes entitled to the freedom of the city of Nicotia. Then, if he has eyes to pierce through the smoke, he begins to see how the world goes round. For instance, what made the Elizabethans great? Tobacco. What made Bismarck great? Tobacco. Take such a philosopher and let him come to sixty year, as he cannot fail to do unless you crush him with automobiles or dynamite. For twenty years more he has worshipped at the fragrant altar. Surely he will not be turned away from it now. Surely he will obey the voice at eve obeyed at prime.

The case of Samuel Turner of Clayton shows what capacity of self-renunciation exists in the bosom of the veteran smoker. But why do people leave off smoking? Well, one reason is that there is a lot of confounded doctors who make it their pleasure to knock yours in the head. They tell you point-blank: "You positively must stop smoking;" and all the time the rascals have cigar cases in their pockets. That's the worst pang of the condemned smoker.

The Guards' New Uniform.

The thirteen hundred Guards who left the other day for South Africa were accoutred in the new uniform which has displaced the khaki, which was the all-prevailing hue at the beginning of the war. Popular interest," said The Times in describing their inspection by the King, "in these ceremonies is as keen to-day as it was when the first contingent departed for the war. Long before noon the approaches to the barracks were crowded with spectators who had not the privilege of admission to the parade ground, and were content to look on from Birdcagewalk and the railings of St. James' Park. It was not an unfavorable morning for such a display. A sharp frost nipped the air and a light mist hung over the park. Within the enclosure was a scene of picturesque activity. Guardsmen, in long grey overcoats and busbies, moved about among the ever-increasing crowd of civilians; bands mustered, and men in the new campaigning uniform paraded for a preliminary inspection by their officers. Smart and serviceable is the judgment that will be passed on the new kit. The color is a blend of khaki and drab—drab tunic, drab breeches, drab puttles, and drab hat. The hat is a novelty in shape, being broader and more substantial in appearance than the ordinary soft felt with which we have become familiar. Rakishly looped up at the side—on the right for Grenadiers and Coldstreams, who wear the white and the red hackle; on the left for the Scots, who, instead of hackle, have the tartan badge of white and red—it is not merely a comfortable, but an effective and even picturesque head-dress. And it has this further advantage, that it is not uniform, and, therefore makes men less conspicuous objects for the enemy's rifles. In the early days of the war our soldiers were easily distinguished, even when lying scattered on the drab veldt, because of the uniformity of the helmet, though covered with khaki, whereas the Colonial troops in their soft felt hats were invisible from even a short distance. The accoutrements, however, have little of the quality of invisibility. The bandoliers are of light grey canvas, the belts are white, the haversack is white, the blanket is rolled in a white cover. Only the water-bottle and the cover of the "billy" or canteen which hangs from the shoulder over the blanket are of khaki color. The buttons, too, are of shining brass—buttons that are rarely seen after men have been once under the close fire of Boers. Yet there is this to be said—a few days on the African veldt will tone down the glaring whites to a neutral tint."

His Aplication for Cash.

One of the recent incidents in the invasion of England by the United States has to do with an American boy of the "smart" order. Arising out of an application in court to presume the death of one Alfred Richardson, who had been manager of some cycle works at Middlesbrough, and who had mysteriously disappeared, it was elicited that he had been advertised for in some American papers, and that one reply was received from H. C. Starnes of Virginia, U.S., a boy purporting to be nine years of age, who alleged that the deceased had married his mother in 1863. There were also two enclosures from a man represented to be a County Court Judge. Asked by the solicitors for particulars, the boy further wrote: "If there is a Estate over thear coming to Alfred Richardson, y of corse that is a coming to me, and I want to get just as I can." Another document came, said to be from a County Court Judge, which began: "This sertifies that Mr. H. C. Starnes has brought before me 20 good old citizens of Scott country—and proved that his father was Mr. Alfred Richardson." It was signed "Judge." The English Judge said it seemed impossible that a County Court Judge anywhere could have written this, and he granted leave forthwith to presume the death.

A Bad Guess.

A girl in a pale-pink kimona
Picked up a young fellow—a Jonah;
Said she, "Well, for lunch
I'll have reed bird and punch."
"Not much; you'll have beer and bologna."

Mrs. Garwell—The Czar of Russia now has our daughters. Mr. Garwell—Oh, the dear little Czardines!—Pittsburg "Chronicle Telegraph."

The Shortcomings of Breadth.

WHEN I was a schoolgirl, with many definite opinions, I remember having a talk with a man of thirty, who happened to advance a theory—I forget about what—which aroused in me ardent dissent. I eagerly presented my view, which was the exact reverse of his, and paused for him to defend himself. He gave me a friendly look; then leaned back and gazed out of the window, with the remark, "Well, there's something in that, too."

I felt as if the bottom had dropped out of the room. For, I thought, if one really hold an opinion, how can he say there is "something in" the contrary view? But since then I have not only had many such experiences; I have myself become an offender. And I wonder if it is altogether a gain. It may be sheer contrariness, but I do get a little tired, sometimes, of broad-mindedness and tolerance, and long for good, bigoted narrowness that can be counted on. I should really like to be told: "No, you're totally wrong; what you have just said is false absolutely. The facts of the case are these, and if you don't believe it, so much the worse for you." How I should enjoy that! But I have not had the experience since my brothers grew up. Occasionally, in desperation, I have assumed the part myself, and taken my stand on positive assertion of a single half truth; but it does no good. I simply live over that early experience; again I am told, "There's something in that, too," and it gives me the feeling, to quote a figure used by a friend in another connection, of having come up against a soft curtain where I expected a wall.

"A plain categorical proposition," says Mr. Morley, "is becoming less and less credible to average minds. Or at least the slovenly willingness to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time is becoming more and more common." I do not think it is quite this. Men surely used to hold two directly contradictory propositions at one and the same time with the utmost ease. The point is that they did not know they were contradictory, whereas we do; and still we hold them —or rather, entertain them, as one would interesting guests. Our attitude toward every opinion we meet might be expressed thus: "Well, there's something in that, too. Come right in!" And the new opinion comes in, and draws a chair up to the hospitable fire, and finds a friendly circle of other opinions there; they shake hands all round, and each tells the others what good fellows they are.

This is amiable, but, in honesty, I don't like it. It is like the congress of religions, which I have never been able to understand, save on the assumption that each secretly hopes to convert the others by taking them off their guard, or that no one is in earnest about his religion except as regards its common moral basis. The old attitude used to be, "You think differently from me: therefore you're wrong, therefore you're bad, therefore I'll kill you." One by one these clauses have been dropped, beginning with the last one; thus reversing the system of "the House that Jack Built." First we stopped killing the other man, then we stopped thinking he was bad, and now we have nearly stopped thinking he is wrong. May this not be carried too far?—From the "Contributors' Club."

Defeated the Bicyclist.

"GO and hitch up the ostrich," is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage, and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a heavy load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Florida, there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two seconds. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything, never runs away, and goes steadily at a good pace without lameness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on.

On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the bird.

It so happened that the cyclist had a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was then obliged to give up the race, defeated.

Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make them think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

Modest Fees.

LAWYERS do not usually get the small end of a bargain with their clients, but the "Green Bag" recalls two incidents where the clients had rather the best of it.

Sir Walter Scott's first client was a burglar. He got the fellow off, but the man declared that he hadn't a penny to give him for his services. Two bits of useful information he offered, however, and with these the young lawyer had to be content. The first was that a yelping terrier inside the house was a better protection against thieves than a big dog outside; and the second, that no sort of lock bothered his craft so much as an old rusty one.

Small compensation as this was, the first brief of the noted French lawyer, Monsieur Rouher, yielded still less. The peasant for whom Monsieur Rouher won the case asked how much he owed him.

"Oh, say two francs," said the modest young advocate.

"Two francs!" exclaimed the peasant. "That is very high. Won't you let me off with a franc and a half?"

"No," said the counsel; "two francs or nothing."

"Well, then," said his client, "I'd rather pay nothing."

And with a bow he left.

A Woman's Age.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY)

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid, on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00.

TRY IT A WEEK.

[illegible]

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them

Greatest Bargains IN GROCERIES

Ever shown in Peterborough
Everything at invoice prices at

KIDD'S

[illegible] George Street

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 7, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The market on Saturday was very large.

—The steamer Water Lily cleared for Rice Lake ports on Saturday.

—A large force of C.P.R. workmen are engaged in laying about a mile of new siding west of the C.G.E. Co. works.

—About $1200 will be spent by the Department of Fisheries this season in restocking the inland waters of this district with lunge and bass.

—Several young men have been summoned before the Magistrate for not paying their statute labor tax.

—A Millbrook lady, whose name could not be ascertained lost her purse in town, on Saturday morning. The purse contained several dollars, and her return railway ticket to Millbrook.

—The main building of the Cereal Works is nearly completed. The work of laying the floors is being pushed rapidly forward. The new feed house is being rushed up and work will be started on the elevator this morning.

—The precincts of the C.P.R. station are to be beautified this summer by the planting of large beds of flowers between the west end of the station and the bank of the creek.

—Whiten makes no common photos. All the newest ideas at Whitens. Have the children photographed by Whiten, studio 168 Hunter St. West.

—On Saturday the Chief of Police confiscated a quantity of butter on the market. He found it was rather light in weight, hence the action. The butter was sent down to the Children's Shelter.

—The laborers at the Cereal Works went out on Saturday. They ask a raise from 17 1-2 to 20 cents per hour. The brick-layers were obliged to take a day off as they had no assistants.

—On Saturday morning, an Italian laborer named Farnell, employed on the Rubidge street sewer had the misfortune to have his leg broken. He was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where the fracture was reduced.

—Lakefield News.—Mr. J. Thompson, the genial manager of the Dickson Co's. mill was in the village on Monday last. Mr. Thompson stated that he hoped to have the mill in operation by the 5th of May, which will be about a month earlier than last year.

Lost

LOST—Red Cocker Spaniel pup, about four months old, answering to the name of "Teck." Any person harboring him after this notice will be prosecuted.—T. H. G. DENNE.

LOST—A white Persian lamb collar, in the west end of the town. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times Office.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Rev. C. B. Kendrick, of Toronto, is visiting in town.

—Mr. L. Shannon, of town, is visiting his parents in Marmora.

—Mr. Edgar Isaac left last night for Tweed to assume a new position.

—Mr John Hart, of Lindsay, is spending a few days in town with his parents.

—Miss Ida Herrman, New Port, R.I., is the guest of Miss Annie Wood, Ashburnham.

—Mr. Robert Lockie, of South Monaghan, left a few days ago to visit his sister Mrs. Walton, who is very ill in Pennsylvania.

—Miss Estella Doris has returned home after a very pleasant visit to Miss Edna Illewett, of Lakefield.

—Mr. E. A. Sheppard, of The Times staff, received intelligence of the death of his uncle, Mr. R. Lochead, Perth.

—Miss Geraldine King, of town, is spending the holidays in Lindsay, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Stevens, Glenelg Street.

—The Times had a call Saturday from Mr. Geo. B. Hilliard, of Lakefield, who was in town on business.

—Hon. J. R. Stratton spent Saturday and Sunday in town. He leaves for North Bay this morning.

—Miss Stella Davis, Aylmer Street, has returned home after spending her Easter holidays with Miss Edna Illewett, of Lakefield.

Irritating Pimples and Disfiguring Blotches.

They place many young girls at a great disadvantage in life. The only cure is a blood purifier like Ferrozone. It cleanses the crimson flood of poisons and impurities, renews and strengthens it, and makes lots of red corpuscles that manifest their presence by a ruddy, healthy glow in the cheeks and lips. Ferrozone quickly masters all skin eruptions, builds up broken-down constitutions, and gives to weak, sickly women an abundance of spirits, vitality, energy and beauty. Try Ferrozone, it's all right. Price 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, at Ormond & Walsh's.

THE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE

At the convention of West Peterborough Conservatives on Saturday, Mr. J. W. Miller, town, received and accepted the nomination as a candidate to contest West Peterborough in the coming campaign. That is about all that need be said. The matter is now in the hands of the electors; it is for them to say—and the matter is a very important one—whether the interests of Peterborough, town and county, will be best served, by the election of Hon. J. R. Stratton or by the election of Mr. J. W. Miller, no matter which occupies the position of premier of the province after the election—Hon. G. W. Ross or Mr. J. P. Whitney. The Times takes the view that the interests of the town will be best served by the election of Mr. Stratton. We want to have as our representative, the man who is best qualified in the way of position, disposition, ability and influence to do the most for our town and county. What do the electors say?

NOTES FROM THE T.A.S.

Items of Interest from a Worthy Society A Lacrosse Trophy Offered

Thirteen new members were initiated yesterday.

A committee has been appointed to secure as many new members as possible as it is intended to endeavor to win the banner at the convention in Dubuque Ia., in July.

The uniforms for the members of the Lacrosse Club arrived on Saturday. Each suit consists of red jersey with black band and black trunks. The uniforms are the nattiest ever worn by a local club.

The athletic section of the society will turn out on Wednesday next, to put the Separate School grounds in condition for practice, which will commence in the course of a fortnight.

The society's rooms have undergone considerable improvement during the past few weeks. A private sitting-room is being handsomely fitted up, two new lavatories have been put in, and a telephone has been installed. The number is 281.

Rev. Father Phelan of Lakefield, has offered a handsome silver cup for competition, at his pic-nic, to be held at Lakefield on May 24th. The T.A.S. and Y.M.C.A. teams of this town are specially invited to compete.

DAILY BLOWS

Brought on Appendicitis

If a person will continue to put a little poison in the body each day, for instance like a cup of coffee each morning when coffee acts as a poison, and it frequently does, the result will be an attack some day in one of the organs of the body. The little disturbances each day pile up and finally become a big disturbance.

Many cases of appendicitis have been brought on by coffee drinking. It first affects the nerves of the stomach, and the disorder travels on down through the bowels and results in some kind of bowel trouble, frequently appendicitis.

A lady at Fredonia, N.Y., says, "During my school life, both as a student and teacher I drank coffee regularly. Most of the time I knew the coffee Most of the time I knew the coffee was injuring me, but did not feel like giving it up. First my nerves felt the effect, and later on constipation developed, and after that, the last year I had a severe attack of appendicitis. My doctor and friends all agreed that these troubles were largely caused by coffee drinking.

While I was ill some Postum was sent me by friends. I supposed it was coffee and hesitated at the first cup, but when the difference was explained, and I drank as much as I cared for, with such good results, I concluded Postum was just what I wanted and have used it ever since. It greatly aids digestion, is nourishing and refreshing.

My food and nourishment while getting well from appendicitis were Postum and Grape-Nuts.

If I had known of Postum years ago I might have been saved a tremendous amount of suffering brought on by coffee drinking.

Rev.—— is one of my converts to Postum. He suffered greatly from dyspepsia but has entirely recovered since he quit coffee and began using Postum.

Dr.—— who suffered a long while from nervous troubles says Postum brought him out when he quit coffee, and he constantly urges it on his patients who are coffee drinkers."

Conservative Convention

Continued from page 1.

for his chances in the approaching contest. The gallery held a large number of ladies, who testified to the popularity of the gallant Major with the fair sex, by the favor with which they received his remarks.

The chair was occupied by Mr. T. E. Bradburn. On the platform were Mr. Jas. Kendry, M.P., Mr. J. J. Foy, K.C., M.P.P., Major Miller, Dr. Ford of Norwood, and Messrs. J. W. Garvin, J. Jones, G. W. Hatton, L. M. Hayes, R. G. Strickland, A. P. Poussette, J. W. Green, J. H. Burnham, Wm. Croft, Thos. Rutherford, and many others.

President Bradburn opened the proceedings by stating his pleasure at presiding over such a large and representative meeting. He went straight to the point, and called on Mr. Jas. Kendry, M.P., who reminded his hearers that the party has a hard fight ahead. Major Miller, he said, is an old Peterborough boy, who has grown up with the town, and is worthy of the confidence of the riding. The province has been governed too long by one party. He believed it to be in the interests of the country that governments should be changed once in every ten or twelve years.

DR. FORD

who was introduced as "the gentleman who will represent East Peterborough in the next parliament, said the presence of fair ladies and brave men is always an inspiration to a speaker, especially when he has the confidence of his audience. A party that had not the confidence of the people is unworthy of trust. He said he was full of confidence, optimistic, and enthusiastic over the coming contest. He congratulated Major Miller upon having such an enthusiastic ratification of his nomination, and urged the enthusiastic among his hearers to infect the less hopeful ones with confidence and enthusiasm.

He said objection had been made to his (the speaker's) candidature on the ground that it was not right for a professional man to represent an agricultural riding. Was it because he is a doctor, or because he is a Conservative, he asked. The Grit party did not think it unfair nor wrong to have Dr. Landerkin represent an agricultural riding, nor to pitchfork him into the senate at a salary of $15,000. It is Mr. Stratton who instigates this anti-professional cry, and he named several instances in which Liberal professional men have represented agricultural constituencies. "Oh, no, my friends," he said, "they oppose me not because I'm a doctor; it's because I'm a Conservative."

Dr. Ford thanked the editor of the Examiner for the character given him recently in that paper. He (the speaker), has always been a staunch temperance man, and a staunch Conservative, owing allegiance to the party and its leader on all purely political questions. But on those great moral questions that are above politics, he owes allegiance to no man, no body of men, but to his own conscience alone. He was glad to speak on behalf of his old friend, Major Miller, and on any and all occasions, he would be ready and willing to take a hand in the conflict on behalf of "the Major."

MAJOR MILLER

on rising to address the meeting, was received with the heartiest applause. He said,—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,—There are occasions when a speaker can oblige his audience by not saying too much. This is one of the occasions, as we have here with us to-night, a leading statesman, not only in Ontario or Canada, but in the British Empire, in the person of Mr. J. J. Foy, who will address the meeting. The policy of the Conservative party has always been a straightforward, honest, intelligent policy in spite of Maybee's letters, assisted by local talent. We can look back to the honorable course of the Conservative party during the past thirty years. They had always striven for the best interests of the country in every way. At the time of the last election the saw-log bill was talked much of, and the Liberals wanted the people to believe that they had passed that bill after a hard struggle to overcome the objections that were raised by the Opposition. To state the matters in its true light, which party struggled to have the bill passed? It certainly was not the Liberals. Oh, no! had it been left to them it would not have been passed at all. Mr. Whitney and his party had more to do with the passing of the bill than the Liberals. The Conservatives pressed this bill on the government, and urged it so strongly that they had to pass it. What is the result of the bill—it is that now instead of our logs being taken across to Michigan, to be manufactured into lumber, they are cut in this country, cut in Canadian mills run by Canadian labor, and employment given to Canadians. Who was it that detected the corrupt practices of the Liberal party in ballot stealing, stuffing of ballot boxes and a number of election frauds? It was Mr. Whitney. Who refused a judgeship, offered as a bait? It was Mr. J. J. Foy, K.C., who claimed it was his right and privilege to vote and work for the party in whom he believed, and not be bought over by such a position. Such men as these are men whom we can admire for their sense of truth and honesty. When the government under John A. McDonald went out of power thirty years ago, they handed to the reform party a splendid cash surplus—the only cash surplus piled up by any governing body in Ontario. In addition to that large amount of money, they turned over the vast wealth of forest and mine. What has become of these? To-day our mines are being robbed, and our forests destroyed by an unprogressive policy. The party come to us with their garbled and unaudited accounts, and we believe their statements. Every year large sums of the peoples' money is spent to keep up an army of heelers and boodlers whose only vocation is at election time to distribute shekels to buy votes, and to draw their salaries with unfailing regularity. Where are the pine forests? Ask of the winds that whistle among the stumps of the denuded pine lands—all gone to Michigan.

Where are the products of our vast mines of nickel? Mr. Ross went to England a short time ago at a cost of $1500, and told the Englishmen that we had nickel to burn here in Ontario. He went to the Navy office and told them they must line the bulwarks on the war ships with Ontario nickel. The officers' cots must be mounted in Canadian nickel. He went to the War Office and told them that the fancy trappings on cavalry saddles must be made from Canadian nickel. The artillery harness and guns must be decorated with nickel, and what has been done. Our nickel mines are being robbed every day, and a revenue which should go to the province, is going into the pockets of rich capitalists. When he came back he told us he had arranged for cold storage in the transportation of our dairy products to the English markets. Where is it now? We have not got it, and Mr. Ross will never get it for us. At this time the people of Ontario are looking to the Conservative party to lead them. The experience of Liberal rule during the past thirty years has been very unsatisfactory. I do not wish to take up too much of your time, but I want to add a few remarks to what I have said. I am prepared to give you the history of both parties to-night, and I will say that if I was not a Conservative, I would be ashamed of myself. Yet, while I am a Conservative, I claim a certain amount of independence—on two questions, for instance. The first is on the great question of capital and labor, which has attracted so much attention during the past few years, and which has drawn forth opinions from eloquent speakers and great writers. The only way in which the question can be settled is by legislation. A fair share of the profits should be given to the laboring man who has worked so hard to earn large sums of money for his employer, when he (the laborer) is working for almost nothing. The children of the laborer have as much right to be educated as the children of the wealthy. Large sums of money are sent every year to China and India to educate the heathen, and why should not our children be educated as well. The labor party wish to have the question settled in a way fair to both parties, and so that there will be no trouble or hard feeling.

The other question is prohibition. The real question has not been placed before you. The government intended a bill that was only a make-shift affair. They wanted to ship the responsibility to some one else. The real agitation was started in the Dominion Government. Sir Wilfred Laurier promised the people legislation on the question, but in a few days three cabinet Ministers were out talking against the proposed legislation. One of them said,—"you will get the plebiscite but you won't get prohibition." Any level headed man who will take the trouble to read what the Ontario Government has done on the question will be disgusted with the measure taken. The referendum is no good. It cannot be carried because it is weighted down with impossible conditions. A large percentage of the votes cast must be in favor of the question, or then the bill is lost. Some are delighted with the bill given by Mr. Ross and point him out as a great and true Christian statesman. His life belies the title. The whole Cabinet are simply whited sepulchres. They simply talk prohibition to try and save Mr. Ross. Since 1864 I have lived in town, and I can say that my life and actions show that I have always been straightforward and honest temperance man. I am prepared to deal with the question when it comes before the party in Toronto and if elected I will deal with the subject in a fair open manner.

The Conservative party has done me a great honor in nominating me as their candidate. I have been told that I will be beaten, but I am out to fight and to beat the Liberal candidate, and I can do it. Honest effort on the part of the Conservative party will do this. We want the voters to vote on principle, and if you all do that I will be at the head of the polls on election day.

Continued in to-morrow's issue.

SPARE **ST. JACOBS OIL** SUFFER **RHEUMATIC PAINS**

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139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

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Hours—10 to 10

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WEST PETERBOROUGH

Notice re. Licenses

A meeting of the License Commissioners for West Peterborough will be held on Friday, April 18th, 1902, at 10 a. m. in their office, 415½ Water street, Peterborough, for considering applications for licenses for 1902-3.

NAME OF APPLICANT	KIND OF LICENSE	PLACE OF LICENSE	KIND OF APPLICANT	NAME OR LOCATION OF HOUSE
James Dolan	Tavern	Peterboro'	Old	City Hotel
Mary Bowman	“	“	“	Oxford House
Steve Holland	“	“	“	American House
John Conroy	“	“	“	National Hotel
Arthur Rountree	“	“	“	Little Windsor Hotel
J. M. Brooks	“	“	“	Palace Hotel
Robert White	“	“	“	White House
Austin Dunn	“	“	“	Southern Hotel
J. B. Larocque	“	“	“	Montreal House
W. J. Overend	“	“	“	C. P. R. Hotel
Margaret O'Shea	“	“	“	Commercial Hotel
Wm. Snowden	“	“	“	Snowden House
Catharine Graham	“	“	“	Oriental Hotel
M. C. Tooley	“	“	“	Queens Hotel
R. H. Jackson	“	“	“	Crown Inn
P. J. Clunan	“	“	“	Clunan House
T. Cavanagh	“	“	“	Phelan House
John Clancy	“	“	“	Peterborough House
R. J. Munro	“	“	“	Morgan House
E. Brown & Co.	Shop	“	“	394 George street
F. J. R. Mitchell	“	“	“	141 Hunter “
M. L. Henry	“	“	“	341 George “
P. Hogan	Tavern	Ashburnham	“	Albion Hotel
Geo. Lipsett, Jr.	“	“	“	Maple Leaf Hotel
J. C. Sullivan	Shop	“	“	Elizabeth street
Wm. Collins	“	“	“	“
John Craig	Tavern	Lakefield	“	Craig House
Wm. Leahy	“	“	“	Midland Hotel
Geo H. Brown	“	Smith	“	Chemong Park Hotel
Thos. Eastwood	“	“	“	Buckhorn House
W. E. Brooks	“	“	“	Carleton House
Jas E. Kearney	“	“	“	Lakeview House
Alex. Elliott	Whole'sl	Peterboro'	“	Simcoe Street

Total No. of Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1901-2 33
“ Applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1902-3 33

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector, West Peterboro.'

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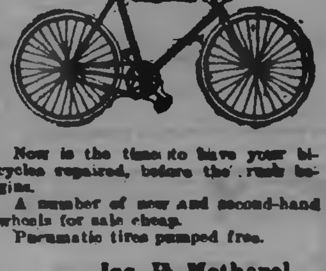

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 82 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 8 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

PROTESTANT RATE 18 MILLS ROMAN CATHOLIC 19 MILLS

These Are the Dual Rates Fixed by the Town Council Last Night

A Representative Deputation Asks Council to Make a Substantial Appropriation Toward the Free Consumptive Hospital at Gravenhurst

The Town Council met in regular session last night when there were present Mayor T. H. G. Denne and Aldermen Edgcumbe, Shortly, Rush, McGregor, Morrison, Clinkscale, Hatton Corkery and Best. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

THE RATES FOR 1902.

The following estimates for 1902 were submitted, fixing the Roman Catholic Rate at 19 mills and the Protestant Rate at 18 mills: The additional mill for separate school supporters is due to an increased demand for school purposes.

Estimated Revenue and Expenditure of the town of Peterborough for the year 1902.

REVENUE.

Ashburnham	350 00
Auburn Power Co	100 00
Arrears of Taxes	150 00
Bell Telephone Co	400 00
Dog Tax	600 00
Licenses from License Com.	3500 00
Licenses from all other sources	1300 00
Market Tolls	1270 00
Otonabee Power Co	100 00
Peterborough Lt & Power Co	400 00
Police Court	650 00
Percentage on Taxes	700 00
Statute Labor	100 00
Revenue from all other sources	4468 07
	$14,088 07

EXPENDITURE

Assessment	1376 00
Charity	1575 00
Chairman's expenses	100 00
Dog Tax	25 00
Elections & voting on By-laws	250 00
Fire Department	4225 00
Granolithic walks maintenance	125 00
Heating	400 00
Health	350 00
Hydrants	165 00
Insurance	100 00
Interest	1300 00
Light	6300 00
Law	1000 00
Market	200 00
Miscellaneous	1000 00
Municipal Government	2500 00
Parks	100 00
Property	750 00
Printing and Stationery	750 00
Refunds	200 00
Streets and Bridges	9030 00
Street Watering	1525 00
Snow ploughing and shovelling	400 00
Special Grants	3400 00
Sundries	300 00
Sewer maintenance	600 00
Voters Lists	175 00
Lamps	2000 00
Peterborough Water Com	5046 00
Administration of Justice	6650 00
Collegiate Institute	6000 00
Public Schools	18000 00
Roman Catholic Separate Schools	4400 00
Peterboro. Town Trust Com	12033 94
	$94,828 94

RECAPITULATION

Estimated Expenditure,	
Town Rate	$ 47,755 00
Less Estimated Revenue	14,088 07
	33,666 93
Estimated Expenditure,	
Special Rate	47,073 94
Amount to be raised	$80,740 87

ASSESSMENT

Protestant	$ 3,924,065 00
Roman Catholic	672,425 00
Total Assessment	4,597,490 00
Exempt from all taxes except Schools	339,340 00
Assessment for Town purposes	4,258,150 00

RATES

	Amt. Required
Administration of Justice	$ 6650 00
Town	33006 93
Public Schools	18000 00
Roman Catholic S. S.	4400 00
Collegiate Institute	6000 00
Commissioners demanded Town purposes	5405 71
Commissioners demanded School purposes	3268 23
	$80,740 87

PROTESTANT RATE

Administration of Justice	1.50—100 mills
Town	7.73—100 mills
Public Schools	4.63—100 mills
Collegiate Institute	1.39—100 mills
Commissioners for Town Purposes	1.30—100 mills
Commissioners for Schools Purposes	83—100 mills
	18 mills

ROMAN CATHOLIC RATE

Administration of Justice	1.50—100 mills
Town	7.73—100 mills
Separate Schools	6.55—100 mills
Collegiate Institute	1.39—100 mills
Commissioners for Town Purposes	1.30—100 mills
	19 mills

FREE CONSUMPTIVE HOSPITAL.

A local deputation of representative ladies and gentlemen interviewed the council on behalf of the National Sanitarium Association with a view to securing some substantial support toward the movement for restricting the spread of consumption.

Mr. J. Hampden Burnham introduced the delegation, and urged the necessity of confining within the narrowest possible limits this dread disease of consumption. He quoted statistics showing that more deaths are due to consumption than any other prevalent disease, and argued that it is in the interest of the public at large that consumption should be isolated, so that in course of time the disease might be effectively stamped out. Eminent medical authorities assert that consumption is transmitted by contact, and he hoped the town would take advantage of the power invested in municipalities by legislature, and give a substantial grant to the Free Consumptive Hospital at Gravenhurst. Forty cents a day would pay for one patient at the Sanatarium, and he besought council to look closely into the matter and treat it with every consideration.

Dr. Boucher explained that consumption is the most infectious of all diseases, so much that it is claimed the great white plague. This infection has only been brought to light within the past few years. A Consumptive Hospital requires to be on elevated ground, surrounded by sandy soil. In such an institution as that at Gravenhurst the patient breathes day and night a pure healthy atmosphere and has the benefit of the experience of medical men who have made the study of consumption a specialty. Should the town of Peterborough endow a cot at such an institution it would be doing a christian duty, and he felt confident that no christian ratepayer would object to paying an increased taxation for such a purpose.

Dr. McClellan, Mrs. Dr. Birnie and D. W. Dumble, also addressed the council and urged its active cooperation in this movement which is now so general in Canada.

Mrs. Jas Kendry did not approve of the movement in question being placed on a common footing with the word charity as generally defined in town. She thought the physicians should select the patients for treatment in the hospital; and they would be governed from a professional stand point. The whole movement is one of healing and self-preservation and not of charity.

Mr. J. Green opined that the only way to save others from consumptive contagion is by isolating those already affected.

To Ald. Shortly, Mr. Burnham explained that a little less than $150 a year would provide for one permanent patient at Gravenhurst.

This question was finally referred to a committee of the whole council.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL.

An account from St. Joseph's Hospital for care of diptheria patients during the quarintine of Nicholl's Hospital, was ordered to be paid.

ALL SAINT'S CHURCH.

At the request of Mr. J. Green an electric light was ordered to be placed at All Saint's Church; also one at Charlotte street Methodist Church.

IMPROVEMENT OF PARKS.

The Property Committee was empowered to act on the request of Mr. J.L. Hughes for fencing in Charlotte St Park, planting trees and furnishing water connection "Providing Mr. Hughes takes care of the park in question."

Ald. Best moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Corkery,—That the Property Committee be authorized to report on the cost of improving the various little parks in town,—Carried.

EX-ALD OKE

put in an appearance late in the evening and was cordially welcomed by the Mayor and Aldermen.

Mayor Denne publicly thanked Mr. Oke for courtesies extended him while in Glasgow last summer, and Mr. Oke replied that he felt it a duty to play the host to Canadian visitors at all times.

COMMUNICATIONS

Jos. Montgomery asked permission to erect a frame wood shed, covered with iron, within the fire limits.—Referred to Fire, Water & Light Committee, to consult with Engineer, with power to act.

From Edmison and Dixon, on behalf of W. H. Roberts, threatening legal proceedings against the town, if the long-standing obstruction on Bethune street, between Murray and McDonald streets, is not at once removed.—Legal Committee.

From George Pretley and a number of ratepayers in Auburn asking for a sidewalk from Brown to Smith street.—Board of Works.

From A. McMurrich, C.P.R. Solicitor, asking that he might have the privilege of looking over the form of deed to the company of certain lands on the water-front lots.—Town solicitor.

From Thos. McKee, W. Aldridge, T. B. McGrath and John Kincaid, asking to be appointed assessors for 1902 and requesting an increase in salary.—Committee on Appointments and Finance Committee.

From Robert Stuart, manager of the American Cereal Works, asking the town to try and induce the government to dredge the river from the C.P.R. bridge to Hunter or London streets, also offering to purchase from the town the waterfront lots, and asking to meet the council to discuss the matter.—Received.

From Thos. Gunn, complaining that the drainage at his place was bad and asking the council to take some action in having the drains put in.—Board of Works.

From W. J. Hooper, complaining that the sidewalk on Rubidge street, south of McDonnel street was in a dangerous condition, and asking that some action be taken in the matter.—Board of Works.

From John Corkery, Sec-Treas. S. S. Board, stating that the amount required by the Separate School Board would be $4,400, to be levied on Separate School supporters. — Finance Committee.

From A. Stevenson, Secretary Town Trust Commissioners, stating that the estimate of the sum necessary to meet the sinking fund and interest for the year 1902 would be $27,169.18.—Finance Committee.

From A. Henry, stating that he is assessed for, and pays taxes on house No. 178 Stewart street, and also assessed for statute labor. He asked that this be remitted.—Court of Revision.

From A. B. Cunningham, asking for refund of statute labor tax.—Court of Revision.

From R. M. Dennistoun, J. S. Brewell, H. B. Talbot and several others, asking for a sewer to be laid along a public lane way extending between Water st. and Dennistoun Ave., north of Smith st.—Board of Works.

From Hon. J. R. Stratton, stating that a meeting is to be held on April 17 and 18 at the Normal School, Ottawa, for the purpose of discussing the best means for the prevention of tuberculosis in Canada, and asking for the town's co-operation.—Committee of the Whole.

From G. Campbell, Wm. Fair, A. D. Irwin, and a number of others, asking that Stewart street be watered as far south as Rink street.—Board of Works.

From S. R. Armstrong, Sec.-Treas. Peterboro Water Commissioners, stating that the amount asked by the Commissioners from the town would be $35 per hydrant, and $1500 for all other purposes.—Finance Committee.

From S. R. Armstrong, enclosing resolution passed by Water Commissioners: "That the town council be requested, if practicable, to arrange for an audit of the Water Commissioners books not less frequent than every three months.—Finance Committee.

From owners of real property praying that a granolithic sidewalk four feet wide be constructed on the east side of Stewart st. between Dalhousie and King streets, outside the trees.—Board of Works.

From George Schneider, complaining of bad drainage at the corner of Dalhousie and George streets. —Board of Works.

From Hatton & Bradburn, as instructed by the Peterborough Water Company, requesting immediate payment of $75, accounts due that company by the council.—Committee of the Whole Council.

From Maria Benton, complaining of the condition of the street at the corner of Dalhousie and Stewart sts. —Board of Works, with power to act.

From Hon. J. R. Stratton, enclosing tracing of the plan referred to in the patent to the Town of Peterborough of the water front lots.—Received.

From E. H. D. Hall, Town Solicitor, reporting in regard to the appointment of Park Commissioners, the utility of the same, and their powers. In case a petition is presented to the council, signed by not less than 200 voters, praying for the adoption of the act providing for the appointment of commissioners, the council may passing a by-law giving effect to the petition, subject to the assent of the electors qualified to vote at municipal elections.—Property Committee.

From Thos. Fortye, manager of the Lock Mfg. Co., calling attention to the fact that the hydrant opposite the Lock Works being set on a 3-inch main fed from one end only, is inadequate protection in case of fire.

From T. Williams, as instructed by local union No. 255, team drivers asking that the council place no license on local teams at present. — License Committee.

From Alf Simpson, Thos. Connors, Nelson Filley, Elizabeth Chatham and Jas. Stewart, claiming remission of dog tax.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were referred to the Finance Committee:

J. W. Metheral	$17 85
A. McDonald	49 05
Canadian Express Co.	35
St. John's Industrial School	26 00
Peterborough Light & Power Company	15 63
Peterborough Light & Power Company	4 80
C. P. R. Telegraph Co.	62
A. H. Stratton	5 90
C. N. Brown	1 30
G. N. W. Telegraph Co.	28
Peterborough Hardware Co	6 79
Hall & Hayes	2 00
Kerhighan & Gordon	5 50
Stevenson Coal Co.	11 00
Union Assurance Society	7 20
Times Ptg. Co.	10 90
Lewis Spry	22 25
A. McDonald	6 12
R. Hicks & Co.	1 20
G. H. Noble	24 72
T. Williams	1 50
Sanitary Dustless Eton Brush	1 25
The Financier	14 00
Davis Thompson & Co.	10 00
Wm. Buller	80
W. Medill	1 95
R. Neill	2 00
R. Hicks & Co.	2 20
A. Kennedy	4 00
Gutta Percha & Rubber Mfg. Co.	33 75
Peterboro Light & Power Co	15 63
Peterboro Light & Power Co	6 60
W. A. Sanderson	5 00
Kingan Hardware Co	55
Times Ptg. Co.	9 00

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

Ald. Shortly submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Committee of the Whole Council beg leave to report and recommend as folllows:

1. That the Auburn Power Company be permitted to place a line of poles on the north side of Edinburgh street, from Aylmer street to George street, subject to the usual conditions and to the approval of the Town Engineer.

2. That Wm. Breckenridge be paid $5, which was retained from his January payment on his snow plow contract.

3. That the Town Engineer be instructed to pay laborers employed by the corporations $1.50 per day and teamsters with teams $3.00 per day, and mechanics at the ordinary rates of their respective trades, after April 1st of this year.

4. That the Chairman of the Property Committee be instructed to inspect street water carts and have them repaired.

The report was adopted as read.

All of which is respectfulyl submitted.

FIRE, WATER & LIGHT.

Ald. Clinkscale submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Fire, Water & Light Committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That the salaries of the teamsters in the Fire Hall be increased to $400 a year each.

2. That the chairman of this committee be authorised to procure white coats, vests and caps for the firemen at a cost not exceeding $2.50 each.

3. That the Chairman be authorised to procure bedding required for the firemen's rooms.

All of which is respectfulyl submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

FINANCE REPORT

Ald. Roger submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That the auditors' report be published in the usual way.

2. That the salary of the Relief Officer be fixed at $150 a year.

3. That no action be taken on the communication of Davis, Thompson & Co., suggesting an indemnity policy

4. That the payment of an account of G. H. Noble for $60, made on the order of this Committee be confirmed.

5. That the following accounts be paid:

H. LeBrun & Co. (when certified)	$12 15
F. Adams	10 00
Review Ptg. and Pub. Co	66 60
Peter Hamilton Mfg. Co	60
Wm. Buller	2 00
Wm. Hetherington	3 70
Peterboro Light & Power Co	19 85
J. E. A. Fitzgerald	7 00
C. N. Brown	2 35
Macfarlane Wilson & Co	1 45
Peterborough Hardware Co	4 60
G. H. Noble	9 11
Salisbury & Co	3 25
R. Neill	2 00
J. W. Gray	3 00
Robert Fair & Co	3 75
Lane & Co.	62
D. Belleghem	14 30
Duncan & Doupe	4 20
Bell Telephone Co.	21 00
Review Ptg. and Pub. Co.	214 25
Wm. English Canoe Co.	7 70
Jos. H. Yelland	10 00
Jas. T. Stinson	7 00
A. Dunford	6 75
Gutta Percha & Rubber Manufacturing Co.	409 25
Post Office Department	4 00
T. E. Boddy	7 70
F. F. Garden	53 00
Peterborough Water Co	5 00
Kingan Hardware Co.	7 35
T. Newton Green	75 00
E. H. D. Hall	72 00
R. J. Grady	6 00
John Haggart (when certified)	10 00

All of which is respectfulyl submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

LEGAL COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Ald. Shortly submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Legal Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. We have examined the by-law prepared by the Town Solicitor to authorise the giving of a deed to the Canadian Pacific Railway of the right of way over Island number one in the Otonabee River, which will be submitted to you.

2. That the Mayor be authorised to co-operate with Mr. R. Stuart in endeavoring to have the Dominion Government dredge the Otonabee river to the extent of sending a deputation to Ottawa, if necessary, and that the expense of the same to be paid on the certificate of the Mayor.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

BOARD OF WORKS.

Ald. Best submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Board of Works beg leave to report as follows:

1. We recommend that the Chairman be authorised to purchase a mud scraper or sweeper.

3. We recommend that the Town Engineer ask for tenders for the plank and cedar scantling and the necessary hardware.

4. That having examined the petition of G. W. Hatton and others for the construction of a sewer as a local improvement on Harvey street from McDonnel street to London street, and found it sufficiently signed, we recommend that it be granted and that the Engineer prepare plans for it.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read.

MARKET COMMITTEE.

Ald. McGregor submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Market Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. That the Market Tolls for the year beginning April 1st, 1902, were sold to Mr. Warren Hall for the sum of $1270

2. We recommend that an account from Mr. R. W. Errett, Inspector of Weights & Measures, for $8.25 for inspecting the market scales, be paid.

The report was adopted as read.

BY-LAW FIXING THE RATES.

A by-law fixing the rates and authorizing the levying of taxes for 1902, and adopting the assessment roll of 1901, passed its several readings.

A NUISANCE GROUND.

Ald. Hutton moved, seconded by Ald. Clinkscale,—That the agreement between Thos. Williams and the Town, for use of land as a nuisance ground, and other work, be signed for another year.

Council then adjourned.

A NEW BISHOP

A New Roman Catholic Bishop For the North West District

Special Telegram to The Times.

St. Albert, N.W.T., April 7 — Imposing ceremonies to-day accompanied the consecration of Mgr. Breynat as Bishop of Adramite, Vicar Apostolic of Mackenzie. The consecration ceremony was performed by Bishop Grouard, Vicar Apostolic of Athabasca, assisted by Bishops Clut and Pascal. Many other churchmen of the ecclesiastical province of St. Boniface took part in the ceremonies.

The new bishop came to Canada from France twelve years ago and resided at the mission of Fond du Lac. He will proceed at once to his vicariate, commencing in the Yukon territory and proceeding to the Mackenzie country.

Handsome Designs Sent Free of Cost to Any Address In Canada

DIAMOND DYE MAT AND RUG PATTERNS ARE THE MOST POPULAR

The continued and increasing demand for the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns, is the best proof of their great popularity.

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The Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns combine beauty and simplicity. After securing one of these patterns, any lady can easily hook it and produce a valuable and attractive room ornament.

The manufacturers of the celebrated Diamond Dyes are prepared to send to any address free of cost sheets of pretty and suitable designs to enable ladies to select from. Address The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q.

A PETERBOROUGH BOY WOUNDED IN THE ENGAGEMENT AT HART'S RIVER

Pte. Michael Murphy, Col-Segt. C. Company 57th Regiment, Peterboro' Son of Mr. Patrick Murphy, of Town, Wounded

Special Telegram to The Times.

At an early hour this morning The Times received the following supplementary list of names of the wounded at the engagement at Hart's River.

Ontario's contribution of blood has been a heavy one, but fortunately only one Peterborough man's name appears in the list, and that among the "slightly wounded." Following is the latest list of injured:

DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED

Cape Town April 8, 3.30 a.m.

Sergt. Geo. McKugo, Rossland, B.C.
Corp. John A. Wilkinson, Guelph, Ont.
Pte. Jas. Tennant, Moncton, N.B.
Corp. S. MCL. Howard, Montreal.
Pte. S. M. Lezart, Cranbrook, B.C.
Pte. J. C. Griffins, Cranbrook, B.C.

SEVERELY WOUNDED

John K. Minchin, Guelph, Ont.
Pte. Clayton S. Carson, Toronto, Ont.
John William Millar, (or Millan) London Ont.
William Stakes, London, Ont.
W. F. Smith, Ottawa, Ont.
Sergt. A. Milne, Calgary, N.W.T.
W. H. Hunter, Winnipeg.
Pte. J. C. Fisher, Vancouver, B.C.
Pte. L. Stratton, Virden, Man.
Pte. B. Hodges, Virden Man.
Pte. F. W. Dennehey, Calgary, N. W. T.
Pte. Chalmers, Calgary, N.W.T.
Amonos Lerrah, St. John, N.B.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED

Sergt. Norman M. Dewar, Bancialre.
Sergt. A. E. Monro, London,
Corp. John Chas. Bond, Toronto.
Pte. Alex. Ferguson, Toronto.
Pte. Harry E. Ballard, London.
Clarence K. Robinson, Guelph.
F. A. Pyke, Guelph.
John A. Hyden Kendell, London.
Pte. Frederick Cooper, Toronto.
Frederick Chas. Wildman, Hamilton.
Michael Murphy, Peterboro.
Wm Ernest McPherson, Charlottetown P.E.I. Lance Corp's.
Corp. R. Lloyd, Revelstoke B.C.
Sergt. C. R. Othen, Brandon, Ont.
Sergt. Thomas Western, Portage la Prairie.
Pte. A. Fortay, Winnipeg.
Pte. J. Simons, Nelson, B.C.
Pte. Alexander McDonald, Fort Steele. B. C.
Pte. H. Hawes, Halifax, N. S.
Pte. J. N. Biswanger, Halifax, N. S.
Pte. John Grant Gunn, London, Ont.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

Lieut. R. H Ryan, Kentville, N. S. (severely).
Lieut. G. B. Mackay, Montreal, (slightly)
Lieut. R. F. Markham, St. John, N. B. (slightly).
Lieut. W. J. Loudon, Toronto (slightly).

PTE MICHEAL MURPHY.

Among the list of Canadians wounded in the battle at Doornbalt on March 31st the name of one well-known town boy Pte. Micheal Murphy, late Col. Sergt. C. Company 57th Regt. appears. In December last Sergt Murphy enlisted for service in South Africa with the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles. Sergt. Murphy was one of the best-known non-coms in the regiment having served here for a number of years. He was a thorough soldier, born of fighting stock, his father, Patrick Murphy, of town, having served with the British forces during the Crimean war, also in India during the mutiny.

PTE. MILLIGAN.

Pte. W. P. Milligan was one of the best-known military men in Peterboro, district. He was a married man, and resided at Newtonville, Clark County, near Bowmanville. He was at one time a captain in the 14th Field Battery, but later was captain of the Bowmanville Company of the 46th Regiment, under Col. John Hughes and Major Ward, M.P. Previously he had served in the 48th Highlanders, Toronto. When the last contingent was being raised he resigned his commission in the 46th, and went to Peterboro and enlisted as a private. He was a noted rifleman, and distinguished himself at the D.R.A. and at Wimbledon and Bisley. Captain Milligan was a wealthy farmer, and leaves a widow (nee Robertson, Lindsay) and several children.

KNISELY'S BRAVE DEED.

Corp. W. A. Knisely, who is reported killed, was 24 years of age, a son of Henry Knisely, a farmer at Selkirk. He was a member of the Haldimand Rifles, and went to South Africa with the Royal Canadian Dragoons. At Lillefontein, Nov. 7, 1900, as related in Monday's Times, Knisely, during the sacrifice of the Canadians to save the guns, rode back in the teeth of the Boer fusilade to rescue Sergt. Price of Peterborough, who had been dismounted and wounded. Knisely carried Price away on his own horse, but finding the load too great for his animal, dismounted and caught a stray horse, while Price rode on on Knisely's mount.

Just as he mounted a bullet through the hips bowled him over, and he lay on the field all night and part of the next day before he was found. He received a medal for his heroism.

Knisely was a quiet fellow, and was very popular among his fellow troopers in the Dragoons. He was provisionally appointed a non-com, when recruiting took place here last fall.

TROOPER C. N. EVANS

Trooper C. N. Evans, though he enlisted at London, was a Port Hope man. He was 27 years of age and a school teacher by profession. He was born in Port Hope, and was a son of James Evans, harbormaster, who still resides there He taught school at Chatham and Amherstburg. Mrs. Hobart of King street west is a cousin of young Evans, and Mrs. Lloyd Wood of Isabella street is an aunt.

Col. Hon. F. W. Borden last night received the following message from Lieut.-Col Evans of the Second Mounted Rifles:

"Cape Town, April 2.—Regiment and Field Hospital under severe test. Have acquitted themselves creditable. Regret heavy casualties (Signed) Evans."

A reply was sent by Col. Borden, in the following terms: "Evans, commanding your regiment on its bravory, but deplore heavy losses."

Lord Dundonald, who will shortly be appointed to the command of the Canadian militia, lost no time in cabling his appreciation. In a message received to-day by the Minister of Militia from his Lordship, the latter says: "Many congratulations and heartfelt sympathy for glorious losses. (Signed) Dundonald."

TROOPER W. H. HUNTER.

Trooper W. H. Hunter is a son of G. Hunter of Philadelphia, but was born at Peterborough 24 years ago. He is a blacksmith, and enlisted at Winnipeg.

FALSE TEETH ARE SEIZED

Canadian Customs Officers Hold $12,000 Worth of Smuggled Goods

Special Telegram to The Times.

Montreal, April 7 — The secret service department of the Dominion customs has made a seizure of $12,000 worth of false teeth which had from time to time been consigned from New York to a well-known dental manufacturing firm in this city and through an alleged conspiracy were passed through the custom house free.

PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLES

The British Parliament Again at Work after Easter Holidays

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 7—Parliament reassembled to-day after the Easter recess. There is much important business ahead and the Government hopes to keep both houses actively at work until the end of the session.

POLICE COURT POINTERS

A Local Hotel Keeper in Court - Other Cases on the Docket

The proprietor of the National Hotel was charged, in the police court, yesterday, with having illegally sold liquor on Sunday, March 30th. Chief Rozzel was the complainant. Several witnesses were examined, but they testified that they had not seen any infraction of the law on the date mentioned.

Fines were imposed on several young men, who had neglected to pay their statute labor taxes. Several others will be similarly punished in the course of the next few days.

RUSSIA'S GREAT ARMY

Who Will Compel Russia to Evacuate China When the Time Comes?

Special Telegram to The Times.

Paris, April 8—If Russia decides to remain in Manchuria, who shall put her out. Russian forces in that province are 49,900 infantry, 20,000 cavalry, 19,000 artillery, 2,400 engineers and 8,000 railway corps, or a total of 93,800. To these may be added the Amur army, which is said to consist of 30,000 of all classes, so that the total available Russian force in those regions of Asia is 123,800.

OTTAWA KENNEL SHOW

The Annual Bench show Opens at the Dominion Capital

Special Telegram to The Times.

Ottawa, Ont., April 7 — Many parts of Canada and the United States are represented at the first annual bench show of the Ottawa Kennel Club, which opened to-day under auspicious circumstances. The entries number several hundred and include all of the well known breeds. Judging was commenced to-day and will continue until the close of the exhibition Wednesday night.

Your Breakfast Tells

The character of your breakfast to a large extent determines your condition for the day.

The use of Malt Breakfast Food will give you a full measure of energy, vitality and strength for mental or physical work and duty, and keep you free from distressing and depressing derangements of the stomach.

Mr. T. W. Dobbie, Provincial Land Surveyor and Conveyancer, of Tilsonburg, Ont., says: "I have been a constant user of your Malt Breakfast Food since last spring. Now, I never have a breakfast without it when I am at home. I find that I am not troubled with dizziness or biliousness while using Malt Breakfast Food."

This is the blessed experience of all who have made Malt Breakfast Food a regular morning dish. It regulates and fortifies the digestive organism, enriches the blood and builds up strength. Thousands of letters giving proof of banishment of stomach troubles by use of Malt Breakfast Food have been sent to the manufacturers of this noted cereal food. Grocers everywhere recommend the popular food.

SPEAKS FOR THE BOERS

Dr. Tillingham Says He'll Eat His Hat if His English Parish Does Not Support Him

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 8—The Rev. Dr. R. C. Tillingham, an English clergyman who is carrying on a pro-Boer agitation in this country, addressed last night a half hundred sympathisers in the Assembly Hall of the United Charities building.

Mr. Tillingham made this answer to a newspaper correspondent who asserted that the minister was condemned by public opinion in England.

"If on my return to my parish at Helton I am not received with cheers and ringing of the church bells and if I am disciplined by the church authorities, then I promise, when I come back to this country next September, to swallow my hat publicly in the Fifth Avenue Hotel lobby."

The principal object of his visit, Mr. Tillingham said, after he had discussed the Boer cause, was to secure the intervention of the American people and Government in order to end the war and restore to the Boers their independence. To bring that about he advised the American people to refuse to vote for any Congressional candidate in the impending elections who did not declare himself in favor of intervention.

HOCKEY CHAMPIONS DINED

By Mr. J. A. Culverwell, at McCallum's Restaurant Saturday Evening

Mr. J. A. Culverwell gave a complimentary banquet to the Intermediate hockey Champions and a number of their friends, at McCallum's restaurant on Saturday evening.

A very jolly gathering assembled and did full justice to the abundance of good things provided. Among those present were Messrs. H. R. H. Kenner, President, and A. W. McPherson, Secy-treasurer of the Peterborough Hockey Club; Messrs C. H. Bradburn, Secretary to the Golf Club; H. Burnham of the Tennis Club; President R. F. McWilliams of the Lacrosse Club; A. J. McClellan of the "Coal-Heavers" B. B. Club; Geo. H. Giroux, of the T.A.A. B. B. Club; E. S. Clarry, Secy-treasurer Trent Valley Hockey League; J. C. McCabe; Dr. Scott; E. O. Bradburn, P. D. Kerr, the members of the club, and a large number of others.

The toast list was quite lengthy, and several hours were very enjoyably spent, in speech, song and story.

A noteworthy incident was the presentation by Mr. Culverwell, of the shares in the new rink stock, to the Champions in fulfilment of his promise.

The function closed with cheers for Mr. Culverwell, the Champions, and the King.

A CAMPAIGN OF ABUSE

Hon. J. R. Stratton Says That His Opponents Have Inaugurated one

In conversation with a Times reporter, just previous to his departure for North Bay, Hon. J.R. Stratton referred to the assertion made by the Conservative candidate, Major Miller, in his nomination speech on Saturday, to the effect that he desires, and will wage a clean, manly, fair fight, devoid of personalities and slander. "Why," said Mr. Stratton, "it seems to me to be plainly evident that the Conservatives have entered upon a campaign of abuse and vituperation already. Are the articles published in the local organ clean, fair and manly? Are they devoid of personalities?" "But," continued the Provincial Secretary, "I am aware of the tactics they intend to use, and the object they seek to attain, and, let me tell you, I shall take precious good care that, so far as I am concerned, they shall fail in accomplishing that object."

OUR WIVES, MOTHERS AND DAUGHTERS

To Many of Them are Nerveless, Weak, Pale and Aneamic

Paine's Celery Compound

Reaches the Root of Every Female Trouble and Makes Our Women Strong and Vigorous

It is a most regrettible fact, and a calamity, too, that our women, young and old, are numbered amongst the most unhealthy of females in the civilized world. For delicacy of beauty, intellectual capacity, and for all graces that adorn the sex, they stand peerless; but it is doubtful if one in ten can be found who is functionally and organically well.

This absence of feminine health and vigorous vitality is due to a neglect of the nature's unerring laws. Immediate reformation is necessary if our nation would have women who will become true wives and mothers with an offspring that will prove a strength to the country.

For the special weaknesses to which women are now victims, Paine's Celery Compound is the surest and safest remedy. The wonderful strengthening and building up properties of this marvellous prescription devised by that eminent medical expert, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., and its specific action in correcting disorders of the female organism are well known to the medical profession and to the tens of thousands of women who have been raised from weakness and disease to health and physical happiness.

Paine's Celery Compound quickly gives the true health tint to sallow and bloodless faces; it gives life and light to the eyes; it gives pure, clean blood to course through the body; it gives natural appetite, sweet sleep and that blessed cheerfulness which is the delight of men. Try a bottle or two of Paine's Celery Compound, dear suffering and rundown sister. Your condition, your family interests and the welfare of society demand this effort on your part.

MARKET MOVEMENTS

carefully analysed and presented in our

"Daily Market Letter"

in such manner as to be *of valuable assistance to the operator, aiding him so to trade as to obtain the best results.* Mailed Free, also our handsome 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

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COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 8c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 8, 1902.

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE

Nothing has been heard of the so-called Alaskan boundary dispute for several months, and a rattling of the dry bones of the discussion was, therefore, about due. The report that Canadian surveyors had invaded American territory and removed the ancient Russian boundary marks will be deprived of its terrifying aspect by the assurance of the Superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey of the effect that monuments of the character described above had never been set up by the Russian Government. At any rate, no such boundary marks have ever been seen by anybody, and the commission of army officers which has been appointed to investigate the truth of the report will most likely go on in a vain hunt for the proverbial wild goose.

The delimitation of the boundary will be a matter of interpretation of treaties, and will depend mainly upon a determination of the meaning of the phrase, "the sinuosities of the coast." The Canadian authorities claim that the narrow and river-like fiords which run inward from the coast of the territory for hundreds of miles should not be classed with gulfs and bays, and that the word "sinuosities" in the Anglo-Russian treaty of 1825, conformably to which the boundary must be drawn, means the general contour of the shore line. The American contention is that every indentation, whether deep or of moderate concavity, must be considered a "sinuosity," so to speak, and when and arm of the sea—like the Lynn Canal, for instance—sweeps a hundred miles or so inward the boundary is pushed back correspondingly to a point ten marine leagues beyond the bottom of the fiord. It will be seen that the Russian monuments, if any should be found, would not greatly influence the decision of the controversy. Since the hinterland of Alaska was never effectively occupied nor the boundary officially determined by the two treaty powers, the marks would be only expressive of the possibly mistaken opinion of a Russian surveyor as to where the line ought to run. The framers of the treaty of 1825 imagined a mountain range to run parallel to the coast at a distance of about ten leagues, and agreed that the supposed Alaskan sierra should in a general way demark the line between British and Russian possessions, whereas the nearest elevations of land that would answer the description of a range are the Rocky Mountains. So much for the value of any geographical line that might have been drawn by Russian surveyors of the early times.

THE VALUE OF HEMLOCK

Of late years the production of hemlock timber has increased both in Canada and the United States, and with this increased production has come about an appreciation in the value. It is beginning to be realized that the difference between the price of hemlock and white pine is too great, and that the former has been selling below its real commercial value. A prominent lumberman made the statement at the recent meeting of the Ontario Lumbermen's Association that in a short time the position of hemlock would be where white pine is to-day.

In the year 1897 the production of hemlock in the States of Michigan and Wisconsin was 462,000,000 feet. This, with the growing scarcity of white pine, has increased each year until in 1901 it was 1,264,000,000 feet. In the States of Pennsylvania and New York, however, the production has declined from the maximum of twelve hundred million feet to six hundred million feet last year. Hemlock is cut for two purposes, for lumber and for bark. In most cases in this country the two operations are combined, and the person who cuts hemlock trees realizes from the lumber and from the bark. Frequently the timber is cut, however, owing to the necessity of obtaining bark, and the timber is accordingly sold below its market value. This has been a disturbing element in the lumber trade, and has also made it difficult for lumbermen to estimate the quantity of lumber in the market. In the face of this situation, however, remarks the "Canadian Lumberman," hemlock prices have advanced until sales of lumber have been made during the past winter at $10 at the mill. Lumbermen are recognizing its enhanced value, and timber limits of which the pine had been cut off have recently changed hands for the sake of the hemlock thereon.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Gravenhurst ratepayers have voted $15,000 to purchase a municipal lighting plant. Thus the good work goes on.

• • • •

Lindsay has recently given a ten years' contract to an acetylene gas company for street lighting by acetylene gas. Pipes have been laid on the principle thoroughfares, and the company has undertaken to supply 125 lights of 150 c.p. each at the rate of $25 per lamp per year, and 61 lights of 100 c. p. each, at $55.

• • • •

A Woodstock by-law submitted to the ratepayers got 740 votes to 208 against it, yet has defeated because 900 did not vote for it. The referendum proviso is not strange to Ontario electors.

• • • •

A change is coming over the dreams of British workingmen, who have now a petition in circulation, started by Lord Masham, in favor of a protective policy. Forty-five thousand names were put on in Birmingham. The workingmen of Great Britain, says an English paper, are not all hypnotised by the "big loaf," and other fallacies of the Cobden Club. "They are also beginning to discover," it goes on to say, "that loaves, big or little, are cheap or dear according as a man has the wherewithal to pay for them, and that a "free breakfast table' is small compensation for decaying industries and diminishing wages. They evidently do not regard an increase, now amounting to nearly one hundred millions a year compared with fifty years ago, in the importation of foreign manufactured goods as quite such a proof of increasing prosperity as does the Coldenite. Under the daily pressure of facts like these, they are no longer in the mood to be solaced by the comfortable belief that 'imports can be paid only by exports.'"

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 204,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 209,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by E. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Cholly Harduppe has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of axle grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

—◆◆◆—

"Well, sir," said the Chicagoian, proudly, "what do you think of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago, Ill."—Philadelphia Press.

—◆◆◆—

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

—◆◆◆—

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

UNCONSCIOUS INFLUENCE.

SERMON BY

REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

For none of us liveth to himself, and no man dieth to himself.—Romans, xiv., 7.

Somebody has said that thoughts are things. The phrase is unfortunate, because it is misleading and inaccurate. This world is made up of things and forces. Thoughts are more subtle than mere things and far more potential. They are forces which change a man's life for better or for worse.

If you apply the principles of wireless telegraphy to spiritual concerns you will see the full scope of my statement. We may safely do this, for there is a spiritual law running parallel to every physical law, and no man can discover a physical law without suggesting a corresponding spiritual law. In this way all thinkers stand shoulder to shoulder, lifting the world out of the old into the new.

The wireless telegrapher tells us that a word or its equivalent creates a vibration of the air, as a pebble creates a ripple in the pond, and this vibration speeds on its way to the destined terminus, however distant, and there makes itself known and felt. We are living in an age of miracles, or, in other words, an age of discovery, and this is one of the startling results.

In like manner a word of scorn or of praise hurled into the spiritual universe from a heart that hates or loves becomes a living force, not lost in the general confusion as a single note is lost in the multitude of sounds, but going straight to the man or woman against whom or in favor of whom it was directed. That other heart at the further end of the line, perhaps half broken by remorse or timidly hoping for better days, is the receiving station of this wireless telegraphy. Your thought, critical or gentle, strikes that other heart with an impact which either hurts or helps. You may not know that your thought has taken its flight, that other person may not know whence it comes, but all the same he is uplifted or oppressed by it.

This may seem strange and even incredible, but while it is to-day a possible fact, it may to-morrow become a demonstrated truth, and the next day it may change the whole outlook of the spiritual world. It has the appearance of a miracle, but profounder knowledge always seems miraculous, while in reality we only climb from the lower to the higher realm of law, see further and understand God better.

A spoken thought is even now recognized as a force when speaker and hearer are within earshot of each other. An oath, a compliment, a bit of vocal flattery go through the ear to the heart and kindle a flame of resentment or of happiness. What you say becomes part of another man's life and excites passion or stimulates friendship. Why may there not be a quicker transit than the slow and dull ear affords? Why may not the time come when we can convey our thoughts without the coarse medium of words? There are no words between us and heaven. A prayer is longing of the soul, "uttered or unexpressed." God speaks to hearts. The impression is instantaneous, as when the sun makes its mark on the photographer's plate. There are "unseen beings who walk the earth both when we wake and when we sleep," but they use no words. They make us feel their presence, and we are as sure that they are close by as though we heard a trumpet call. What they would say steals into the heart, for our poor ears cannot catch it. We hear nothing, but we know that they are giving us a helping hand. Is there any language in heaven except that of thoughts?

When the world grows older why may we not speak to each other without this cumbersome factor of spoken words? Progress is indefinite and infinite, and we are moving in that direction. We catch glimpses of the possible already. A look, a pressure of the hand, and contempt or sympathy is complete. Enlarge the circumference and you have a new truth. No one needed to tell the Christ what he thought. He read the heart as an open book. He looked at a man and the man's story was already told. Lips had nothing to do with it. The Master felt the woes and shared the joys of humanity. A subtler language than we can use was at His command.

A thought is the wireless message of soul to soul. Your neighbor's welfare is affected by your kind or unkind criticism of him. When we deal with subtle and far-reaching forces of this kind, then religion, which enjoins charity, is brought to the forefront as the most important factor in human life. If you would be at your best you must love your neighbor, for your thought of him will either lift him up or trip him to a fall. The whole trend and swing of the universe bid a man be honest, just and gentle, for we are so bound together that nobility in one kindles nobility in all, and one man's hurt is an injury to all. Since we are marching, one great company, from time to eternity, let us go as brothers, with a kindly word and a helping hand whenever opportunity offers.

STUCK TO IT.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and [illegible] "I have went home."

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Huxley and the Reporters.

On his arrival in Baltimore, Professor Huxley was driven to the country seat of Mr. Garrett, who had offered him hospitality and had invited a large company to meet him in an afternoon party. There was but one intervening day between his arrival, tired out by a long journey in the interior, and his delivery of the address. He had hardly reached the residence of his host before the reporters discovered him and asked for the manuscript of his speech. "Manuscript?" he said. "I have none. I shall speak freely on a theme with which I am quite familiar." "Well, professor," said the interlocutor, "that is all right, but our instructions are to send the speech to the papers in New York, and if you cannot give us the copy we must take it down as well as we can and telegraph it, for the Associated Press is bound to print it the morning after it is spoken." This was appalling, for in view of the possible inaccuracy of the shorthand, and the possible condensation of the wirehand, the lecturer was afraid that technical and scientific terms might not be rightly reproduced. "You can have your choice, professor," said the urbane reporter, "to give us the copy or to let us do the best we can, for report the speech we shall." The professor yielded, and the next day he walked up and down his room at Mr. Garrett's dictating to a stenographer, in cold and irresponsive seclusion, the speech which he expected to make before a receptive and hospitable assembly.

I sat very near the orator as he delivered the address in the Academy of Music, and noticed that, although he kept looking at the pile of manuscript on the desk before him, he did not turn the pages over. The speech was appropriate and well received, but it had no glow, and the orator did not equal his reputation for charm and persuasiveness. When the applause was over I said to Mr. Huxley: "I noticed that you did not read your address; I am afraid the light was insufficient." "Oh," said he, "that was not the matter. I have been in distress. The reporters brought me, according to their promise, the copy of their notes. It was on thin translucent paper, and to make it legible they put clean white sheets between the leaves. That made such bulk that I removed the intermediate leaves, and when I stood up at the desk I found I could not read a sentence. So I have been in a dilemma—not daring to speak freely, and trying to recall what I dictated yesterday and allowed the reporters to send to New York." If he used an epithet before the word "reporters" I am sure he was justified, but I forget what it was.—Dr. D. C. Gilman in "Scribner's Magazine."

A Feat of Memory.

During a debate in the House, between Gladstone and Disraeli, when the latter in the course of his remarks had occasion to quote from a recent speech made by his rival upon some platform in the country, a dramatic scene was enacted, and is described by Harry Furniss in his recent book, "Confessions of a Caricaturist."

Suddenly Mr. Gladstone started up and exclaimed: "I never said that in my life!"

Disraeli was silent, and putting his hands behind his back, gazed apparently in blank astonishment at the box in front of him. Several seconds went by, but he never moved. The members in the crowded House looked from one to the other, and many imagined that Disraeli was merely waiting for his opponent to apologise. But Mr. Gladstone, who had a habit, which he developed in later years, of chatting volubly to his neighbor during any interruption of this kind in which he was concerned, made no sign. A minute passed, but the sphinx did not move.

A minute and a quarter, but he was still motionless.

A minute and a half of this silence seemed as if it was an hour.

When the second minute was completed the excitement in the House began to grow intense, Disraeli seemed to be transfixed. Was he ill? Was the great man sulking? What could this strange silence portend?

Two minutes and a half!

Some members rose and approached him, but Disraeli raised his hands as if to deprecate their interference, and they stole back to their places, conscious that they were forbidden to interrupt. Then at last, when the minute-hand of the clock had passed three times round its course, the most remarkable silence which the House had ever experienced within living memory was broken as the Tory leader slowly began once more to speak.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "and gentlemen," and then word for word he repeated the whole speech of Mr. Gladstone from which he had made his quotation, duly introducing the particular passage which the Liberal leader had denied. Then he paused and looked across at his rival. The challenge was not to be avoided, and Mr. Gladstone bowed—he would have raised his hat did he wear one in the House, which, in the phraseology of the ring, was equivalent to throwing up the sponge. Mr. Disraeli afterward informed a friend that, working backward, he had recalled the whole of Mr. Gladstone's speech to his mind. Beginning at the disputed quotation, he recovered the context which led up to it, and so, step by step, the entire oration. Then he was enabled to repeat it from the outset exactly as he had read it.

Humor of the Hour.

Bunko Steerer—This is Mr. Wayback, I believe.

Farmer Wayback (suspiciously)—You have the advantage of me, young man.

Bunko Steerer—Not yet, not yet. Of course, nobody knows what may happen later on.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

—◆◆◆—

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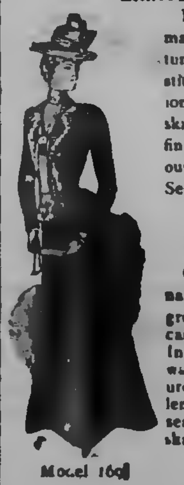

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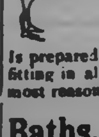

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Curious Bits or News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

" 'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous!' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

swoon; I will have her out of it directly."

But Aleck was greatly perplexed despite Janet's comforting assurance.

"I knew she was very delicate, my pretty little wild flower," he murmured, bending his handsome head and kissing the lovely face lying against the white pillow; "but I did not know she was so fragile as this, my poor, pretty Daisy."

When Daisy opened her eyes she found herself alone with her maid.

She sprung from her couch with a wild, bitter cry, clutching frantically at the maid's arm.

"Is it a dream, Janet?" she wailed piteously. "Have I been asleep and dreamed a most horrible dream, or is it a reality?"

"Is what a reality, ma'am?" asked Janet, curiously, anxious enough to know what had caused her lady to swoon.

Daisy had turned her face to the wall, memory returning to her like a flash.

"Leave me to myself, Janet," she whispered, "let no one come near me, not even Aleck —my —my—husband."

Only heaven saw how wildly she wept when she found herself alone, pacing the floor, crying out that it was the hand of heaven that had taken just vengeance upon her by setting Harold St. John free.

Of course he had gone directly to the farm to claim her. What had he done when he found she was not there, that the farm had been sold, passing into the hands of strangers, and the family had gone none knew whither?

The neighbors would tell him how her father had suddenly acquired great wealth by the death of a relative; then, yes, then he would be eager to claim her as his wife. He would search the whole world over for her, and if he found her — what then?

"No, no, he must not —he shall not find me," she wailed madly. "I should fall dead at his feet. It would kill me to be parted from Aleck."

Then a great horror came over her as to what Aleck would think if he knew. He would spurn her from him with loathing and abhorrence, and one bitter word from him would slay her just as surely as the sun shone in the blue sky yonder.

From this moment as long as her life lasted she was never to know peace again.

She could never walk the streets with Aleck, never ride by his side, without the haunting dread of the sword which hung above her head falling.

She would have to laugh, be merry and gay, and all the while her soul would be in mortal terror, lest by the cruelty of fate she should come suddenly face to face with Harold St. John. The man would show her no mercy; he would claim her, now that she was heiress to a fortune, she well knew, for money was his god.

CHAPTER XI.
Harold St. John's Terrible Discovery.

As Daisy had supposed, Harold St. John lost no time in returning to the village in which he had wooed and won her, yet few would have recognized him as he stepped from the train, he was so disguised.

How would Daisy greet him, he wondered, as he walked up the well-remembered path that led to the farmhouse?

Something like pain and sorrow throbbed in his heart for the life which might have been so brilliant, and which had gone all wrong.

He did not realize how well he loved Daisy until he had been torn so rudely from her.

When he had effected that daring escape from the officers, he had promised himself that he would reform, for Daisy's sake.

Acting upon this impulse, he had refunded the money he had taken, making the first move in the right direction.

His hand trembled and his bronzed cheek turned pale, as he opened the wicket gate, and walked up the graveled path.

Would Daisy turn from him in horror, or would she forgive all for love's sake?

He would tell her how near that terrible leap from the swift running train, down into the swirling river, came to costing him his life. How he was rescued by an old fisherman in whose cot he lay ill unto death for two long and weary months, and how he had come to plead with her to pardon him, as soon as he was able to travel.

He expected to have a terrible scene with the old farmer, but he had determined to brave everything and claim Daisy.

What if she refused to go with him?

His brow darkened. He would force her to go with him. She was his wife —he would assert a husband's right to claim her and take her away.

What had she thought when the sunlit summer days came and went and brought him not; when the weeks had lengthened into months and yet no line from him had reached her? What had sweet little Daisy thought? Had she pined away and died through cold neglect?

Of course she must have heard that he had made his escape.

Had she watched and waited for him to come to her?

Ah, if he had met Daisy before he lent himself to such folly, life would have been different for him.

Hot, burning tears fell from Harold St. John's dark eyes. It was not yet too late to reform, he assured himself. From the moment he kissed those sweet pure lips a new life should begin for him. He was still young, accomplished. He would live down the past and build up for himself a future like other men.

He would take Daisy quietly away —he would take her to far-off California, where no one who ever knew of him would see or recognize him.

With face flushing and paling with emotion, he hurried up the rose-bordered path to the door of the farmhouse.

For a moment he drew back with his hand on the old -fashioned knocker.

How his heart beat! Strong man that he was, he trembled, his breath came hot and quick.

What if it were Daisy who opened the door for him?

Even though a hundred eyes were on him, how could he refrain from catching her in his arms, kissing her lovely face, crying out as he strained her to his heart?

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

After one of his trips to the Emerald Isle Foote was praising the hospitality of the Irish, when a gentleman asked him whether he had been at Cork. "No, sir," answered Foote, "but I have seen many drawings of it."

Disraeli once said of Sir William Harcourt in his affectedly cynical way: "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." To this, when it was repeated to him, Harcourt rejoined: "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Tradition ascribes to the second Pitt the dying words: "O, my country—my country! How I leave my country!" What, in fact, Pitt said was: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork-pies." Which he did—and straightway expired, to the intense grief of the nation. This version is attested by the head-waiter of "Bellamy's" (likewise deceased), who told it to Mr. Disraeli.

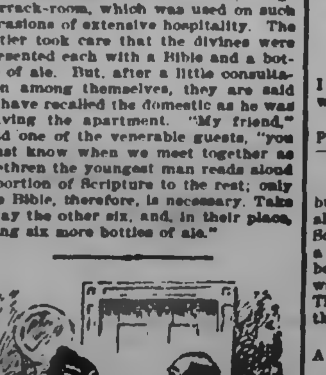
Louis XIV. was told that Lord Stair was one of the best-bred men in Europe. "I shall soon put him to the test," said the king; and asking Lord Stair to take an airing with him, as soon as the door of the coach was opened, he bade him pass and get in. The other bowed and obeyed. The king said: "The world is in the right in the character it gives—another person would have troubled me with ceremony."

When, a few years ago, the King of Portugal was a guest at Lord Salisbury's country seat, the Prince of Wales—now King Edward—asked King Carlos what had impressed him most during his stay in England. "English roast beef is very delightful," was the reply. "Oh," said the Prince, "surely something else has impressed you as well." "Ah, yes," returned Carlos; "of course, there is English boiled beef, which is also delightful."

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers: The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula: If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived." If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived." The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word: "Tandem."

A certain Scotch caddie named Mathie Gorum was noted for his invariable remark after a poor shot by the person he was serving: "It micht hae been waur," which was meant to be consolatory and encouraging. His master, a clergyman, was wearied with this well-meaning flattery. Accordingly, to make sure that he would squash the remark for once, he told the caddie he had a terrible dream the night before. "Mathie, my man, I dreamt that I was in the place where the wicked are punished. I saw the wretched ones tortured; they were swimming in a lake of boiling pitch, and could not get landed for red-hot pitchforks thrust in their faces by demons." He halted a minute, with his tongue in his cheek, when, with perfect coolness, the caddie answered: "Aye, sir, that was a bad dream, jist awfu'; but it micht hae been waur." "Waur, you fool? How could that be?" "It micht hae been true."

It is a current story in Teviotdale that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put in the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On some occasion there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and abode all night. According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extensive hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented each with a Bible and a bottle of ale. But, after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic as he was leaving the apartment. "My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know when we meet together as brethren the youngest man reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one Bible, therefore, is necessary. Take away the other six, and, in their place, bring six more bottles of ale."



"Now, James, please remember: Left hand—Eggs, poultry, three yards of silk to match my skirt, lining for Mamie's dress, and a new reefer for George. Right hand—Nellie's ribbons, Harry's algebra, telephone message to Henry, a box of starch, and my new bonnet. Say them over as you go to town."—Harper's Weekly.

Sue Brette—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—Chicago "News."

A visitor to a farm was especially struck by the great ruggedness and strength of one of the stalwart harvest hands, and said to the farmer: "That fellow ought to be chuck-full of work." "He is," replied the farmer, "or he ought to be, because I hain't never been able to get none out of him."—From "Success."

"I see that Mrs. Uptardeight is addressing the Mothers' Scientific Club this afternoon on The Care of Children." "Speaking of children, who was that youngster that broke into Snoop's candy store last night and robbed the till?" "That—why, that was Mrs. Uptardeight's youngest." — Baltimore "News."

Relics in Jerusalem.

The Greek Catholic monks, who are in possession of the chief portions of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, are now going to build a bazaar opposite it, where pilgrims may purchase souvenirs of their visit to Jerusalem. During the process of clearing the site the foundations of an old mediaeval church, forty meters long and thirty wide, with three apses, were discovered. A number of fine capitals, fragments of basalt pillars, and bas-reliefs, with symbolic animals, were found, all these remains having doubtless belonged to the choir of the church. Last year a valuable silver shrine, containing a piece of the holy cross and relics of the Apostles Peter and Paul—according, at least, to the inscriptions on them—was discovered at the same place.

The Patriarch of Jerusalem, it is said, is keeping other discoveries secret, owing to his dislike of the Roman Catholic Church. Those mentioned above are all the more important, as it can be ascertained to what church they belonged. According to the statement of a mediaeval traveller, the hospice and the monastery which the citizens of Amalfi founded about the year 640, as a refuge for western pilgrims, was situated due south of the Holy Sepulchre, about a stone's throw away. The first church was built in honor of St. Mary de Latinis, and the second, the ruins of which have now been found, in honor of St. John the Baptist. The French monk Bernard, who lived there in 870, highly praised the hospitality and the large library of the hospice. A Mohammedan historian says it was destroyed by the Khalif Hakem, and rebuilt shortly afterwards, while, according to another account, it prospered down to the time of King Baldwin of Jerusalem, from 1100 to 1118, when the two communities of St. Mary and St. John adopted the latter as their joint protector. This was the origin of the Knights of St. John. The remains now discovered, therefore, are the ruins of the cradle of this order. It is most unfortunate that the preservation of these very interesting remains seems impossible, owing to the ill-feeling which exists between the Greek and Roman Catholics in Jerusalem.—London Standard.

A Defence of the "Old Maid."

A toast is offered to the spinster! We meet a great many pleasant people in the world, but nowhere do we find a more satisfactory person than that elderly unmarried woman generally and somewhat disrespectfully known as the "old maid," and supposed to be afflicted with "nerves" and a cantankerous disposition. As a matter of fact, she is frequently the sweetest, most self-forgetful of her sex. She usually walks, with tact and a loving heart, in other women's paths, lives in other women's homes, and rejoices in other women's joys, making them her own. The children adore her, for she becomes to them a sort of fairy godmother, one who possesses all the tenderness of a mother without the extremes of maternal discipline. She loves to give children a "good time," and does it with extraordinary success. In household details, what a treasure! How many dinners owe their success to her, who reaps no glory except the glory of doing! And in the ultimate trials of life, what a prop and solace she becomes! But it is to the young boy-lovers of the family that she exhibits the finest flower of her capacity for friendship. What a gift of understanding she seems to have! There is no difficulty she cannot dissipate, no fear she cannot lessen, no tender little half-scared hope that she does not encourage to bloom for the other woman. It is always for somebody else that she is working, and perhaps it is this which gives to her eyes the look that even the worst among us unconsciously associates with all that is best and fairest in life. Let them make fun of her if they will, but could we do without her?—Harper's Weekly.

Humor of the Hour.

When Tillie used to cross my path,
  Afoot, or riding on a wheel,
Her passing by an aftermath,
  A breath of violets, would reveal.

But in her auto, she, to-night,
  So fast that it could not be seen,
Rushed by me; and though failed my
    sight,
  I knew she passed—by gasolene.
    —Life.

◆◆◆

"Wealthy, is he? Why, the last time I saw him he had trouble keeping the wolf from the door."

"Well, now he has trouble keeping his poor relations from the porte cochere."—Catholic Standard and Times.

◆◆◆

A train the other day near Waterbury, Conn., ran into and killed what all the trainmen knew was a young deer. So elated were they that they joined in a feast over the animal, at which the beautiful white pelt of the quadruped was nailed up on the wall as a trophy. Then a farmer named Hogan reported the loss of a prize white calf.

◆◆◆

A bore who asked: "Isn't it cold?"
  Was finally shot,
And now he's exclaiming, we're told,
  "Whew! Isn't it hot!"—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"I should like to ask you, Mr. Reiter, as a successful literary man, what is an author's hardest struggle?"

"Staying successful, young man."—Indianapolis News.

◆◆◆

"I suppose," said the physician, smiling and trying to appear witty, while feeling the pulse of a lady patient, "I suppose you consider me an old humbug?"

"Why, doctor," replied the lady, "I had no idea you could ascertain a woman's thoughts by merely feeling her pulse."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Hauskeep—You needn't deny it, Delia! I saw you permit that policeman to kiss you last night.

Delia—Av coorse, ma'am. Shure, ye wouldn't have me resist an officer, would ye?—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

Ascum—You don't care much for society, do you?

Cobbe—No. Society is nothing but a ridiculous school where every nobody is taught to try to be somebody.—Philadelphia Press.

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 65 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 32 per cent. write in the colonial style.—"Book Reader."

A SIMPLE FAITH.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Ye believe in God, believe also in me.—St. John xiv., 1.

What is absolutely essential in religion, so far as doctrine is concerned, is very little and very simple. The church has for a long time had a strange notion that in order to be saved a man must believe a long list of dogmas, whereas the only condition imposed by the Christ is that a man shall have a heart and a life full of love which lifts someone's burden whenever the chance occurs, and seek the strength to do it from Him who is Father to all alike.

There is this difference between what is called "a body of doctrine" and a spiritual principle, namely, that not everybody can either understand or accept the doctrine, while no man is so unlettered or so obtuse that he need fail to do what is right because he is in doubt about it. The road to heaven is not a tangled maze of statement about Christ or God, but a straight and open path from the trusting human heart to the immortal life, a path in which the little child and the grave philosopher may hand in hand wend their way with equal pleasure and profit.

You need corner-stones if you erect a building, and for a like reason you need certain beliefs if you make for yourself a character. Faith in a God who will never desert you stands first. It must be an unflinching faith, however, or it will give way in the time of emergency. You begin well when you begin with that, and you begin ill if you begin in any other fashion.

I have a queer suspicion that the faith in the ability or willingness of God to see us safely through all earthly experience is clouded by more or less doubt. It is a matter which we keep to ourselves, but deep down in the heart is a wonder whether this beautiful something which we call religion can be relied upon as firmly, for instance, as the sea captain relies on his compass in a storm. Hence the despair which we find when death comes into the house, and hence our weakness when a bold and insolent temptation assails us. We are not thoroughly convinced, and, though we hope that God is there and does hear us when we cry, we have a doubt which seizes us like a sudden throb of agony.

That is not religion; it is only the simulation of it. It is a staff of willow, not a staff of oak. It serves in good weather, but in the tempest it fails us. When Davy invented his wire gauze lamp as a protection against the explosive fire damp in mines the workmen looked at it and shook their heads. It was too simple to be worth much. But Davy had faith in his lamp. He lighted the candle, went into the bowels of the earth, sought the spot where fire damp lay in ambush and exposed himself to the danger. He had not only a theory, but a conviction. He would trust his life to it. No test could be too severe. He felt absolutely safe with that lantern in his hand.

That is the kind of faith we want if our lives are to become heroic. And when we are possessed of it we have something else besides. Faith in God produces faith that our earthly experiences are our discipline and our preparation. The moment you see God as your Father duty becomes not only clear and distinct, but easy. Alone you can bear but little, but with the infinite reservoir of power and love to draw from you are equal to whatever your position may be. If God is with you, then the angels who do His bidding will be your companions. You become one of the great family and will be consciously helped by unseen hands over the rough places. And this consciousness will grow clearer as your faith increases, until in the end there will be only a thin veil between you and the other world. You will live in the friendship of the departed as you live in that of the dear ones in your household. The Christ realized this, but we are yet dull of hearing and dim of sight.

Immortality will become not a vague hope or even a reasonable belief, but a demonstrable certainty, and you will live in the two worlds at the same time. Your last hour will find you with a smile on your lips and a great gladness in your heart. You will eagerly step out of a tired body to be welcomed by those who await your coming.

That is the kind of religion which men long for, and which they will have when they wake up from this half belief and this make believe to a realization of the glorious truth. It was Christ's religion, and it is our own fault if we do not make it ours.

Herr Von Holleben, who entertains Prince Henry as Germany's chief representative in America, has been Ambassador at Washington since 1897, and was Minister to the United States from 1889 to 1891. He is the second in the Ambassadorial corps, and upon the retirement of Lord Pauncefote will become the dean. He is sixty years old, a native of Bremen, and a graduate of Heidelberg. He was educated especially for the diplomatic service. While at the university he was distinguished as a successful duelist, and his face shows the marks of sword encounters. He is a confirmed bachelor.

Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?" "Never," answered Miss Cayenne; "when I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed, I merely mention a name and proceed to listen."—Washington "Star."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office)—Shure, doctor, Oi think Oi have appendicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for that.—"Judge."

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Editor Morning Times

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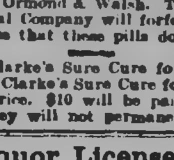

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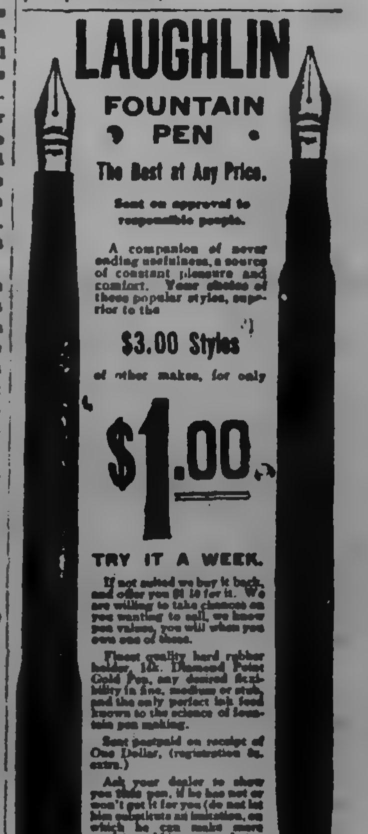

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 8, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—A leak in a gas-pipe was located on Water st., adjoining the market square.

—The monthly service of song was held in Charlotte street church on Sunday evening.

—Mr. R. H. Leary had added a new Victoria and a three seated carriage to his livery stable equipment.

—The members of the Y.M.C.A. junior gymnasium class will be photographed this afternoon by Mr. Green.

—A north end boy wants a top coat to play top in, because his father wears a golf coat to play golf in.

—A teacher at the Central School got a note from a scholar which read: "Please excuse James for lateness; I kneaded him after breakfast."

—The water in the Otonabee river has gone down fully six inches during the past twenty-four hours, and is still lowering rapidly.

—Prof. Shortt, of Queen's University, Kingston, will, on Friday, 11th inst., deliver a lecture on "Trusts," before the Fortnightly Club, in the Y.M.C.A.

—The surveyors are all work on the G.T.R. west of Port Hope, preparing for, it is said, 1,000 or 1,200 men who will be immediately engaged in building a double track from here to Whitby.—Port Hope Guide.

—The local Conservative Association has secured the store south of Kennedy's meat market, formerly used as the entrance to the opera house, for use as a committee room during the coming electoral campaign.

—A prominent member of the Ontario Cabinet, states that although the ministers have discussed the selection of a date for the elections, and know just about when the contest will take place, the exact date has not been fixed, and is not known.

—A couple of merchants who have been transgressing by depositing wrapping paper and other refuse on the market square, received a visit from the Chief of Police yesterday afternoon, and were notified to remove the objectionable matter, and warned not to repeat the offence.

A Letter from the Front

Mr. D. McCabe received a letter, last evening, from Pte. Craig, of the 2nd Regt. Canadian Mounted Rifles. Pte. Craig was well and hearty, when the letter was written and stated that the indications were that the regiment was then on the eve of going into action.

Ashburnham Civic Association

The regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham Civic Association, April 8, in the Council Chamber, at 8 o'clock.

The question of "Tree Planting" will be considered, also other means of beautifying the village. Mr. R. B. Rogers and Mr. J. W. Garvin, who represented the School Board at the Ontario Educational Association meetings in Toronto, will give a report of the proceedings of that body. The question of "Domestic Science and Manual Training in the Schools" will also come up for consideration. A very profitable meeting is expected, and all are cordially invited to be present, whether members or not.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Lost

LOST—A white Persian lamb collar, in the west end of the town. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the Times Office.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish its paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss (nurse) Mulcahy has returned to town, from Otonabee.

—Mr. T. Laing, of Toronto, spent Sunday at his home in this town.

—Mr. Herbert Armstrong, Millbrook, was a welcome visitor to his Peterborough friends on Sunday.

—Master E. Clarke, of Lindsay, spent the Easter vacation at the home of his uncle, Dr. Morrow, town.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Rorke, of Norwood, are visiting at the residence of Mr. Thomas Rorke, Hunter street.

—Miss Lena Gray, of Barrie, who has been paying a pleasant visit to Miss Beatrice Dutton, has returned home.

—The Conservative candidate in East Durham, Mr. J. J. Preston, attended the Conservative meeting in the Opera House, Saturday evening.

—Captain Breen arrived in town from Port Hope yesterday, to assume charge of the str., City of Peterborough.

—A very welcome Ashburnham visitor is Mr. W. Harrigan, of Williamsport, Pa., who is visiting his cousin, Mr. James Harrigan.

—Miss A. Sherrin, of Barrie, spent the Easter holidays at her parents' home at Lakefield. She returned to Barrie on Saturday.

—Mr. Harry King, brother of Dr. D. C. King, has passed the first year examination at Saginaw Valley Medical College, Saginaw, Mich.

—One of Bowmanville's popular young ladies, Miss Beatty, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. J. Jeffreys, of Aylmer street, town.

—The Times had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. Conrad Strewing, of Toronto. Mr. Strewing represents the well known firm of J. B. Ford Co., Wyandotte, Mich., the makers of the celebrated Wyandotte washing soda.

—The Montreal Star of Saturday published a portrait of Mrs. J. R. Stratton, with the following remarks:

Mrs. Stratton, wife of Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary of Ontario, a daughter of Mr. J. R. Ormond, now of Winnipeg, was born in Peterborough. She was married to Mr. Stratton in 1881. The marital relationship thus happily begun has since happily continued, and from the fact of its not having been blessed by children, has had a character of camaraderie more than usually intimate. Mrs. Stratton, has, therefore been closely associated with, and in no small degree contributory to, the success in public life her husband has achieved, and equally and deservedly shares the large personal popularity he enjoys. Mrs. Stratton's social popularity is easily explained by her charming personality, her genial affability, and genuine cordiality, which can come only from a warm and kindly heart, and by her success as a liberal entertainer and dispenser of hospitality. Her receptions and other social functions, whether at "Maplehurst," her cosy Peterborough home, or at the Parliament Buildings, at the Provincial capital during the session, are marked with elegance and taste. In these ways, indirectly, and directly by her sympathy and appreciation, Mrs. Stratton has been and is a "help-mate" to her husband in both his private and public career.

Knocked Down by a Rig

A lady was knocked down by a rig, in which two men were seated, on Saturday evening, at the corner of George and Hunter streets. She sustained no serious injury but was pretty severely shaken up, and thoroughly frightened. She was taken into McDonald's drug store where she soon recovered. The occupants of the rig drove away evidently caring little whether the lady was seriously hurt or not.

A Typographical Mistake

In our report of the Conservative meeting on Saturday, which appeared in our issue of yesterday, a serious mistake was made. In the resolution which Mr. Fitzgerald moved, the following words appear: "An organized gang of 'Conservatives' and election crooks." The word "Conservative" should have read "corruptionists." The two words are not synonymous, so far as Peterborough is concerned, at least.

His Farewell Sermon

The sermon delivered by Rev. George Yule, in St. Paul's Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning was the last the congregation will hear from the esteemed assistant pastor. His discourse, on the text "Saved by Hope" was an excellent one, and was listened to with deep attention by the large audience.

Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Knox College, Toronto, will succeed Rev. Mr. Yule, whose departure is sincerely regretted by the congregation.

Diarrhoea Weakens the System

and if not checked becomes a chronic condition. No remedy compares with Nerviline, which is prepared specially for stomach and bowel troubles. As a radical cure for cramps, colic, gas in the stomach, summer complaint, Nerviline excels everything in the medical line, is an indispensable household staple, and costs only 25c. Buy a bottle to-day.

Try Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills.

Y. M. C. A. Banquet

Arrangements for the Y.M.C.A. banquet to be held on Thursday 17th inst., are being rapidly completed. The sub-committees of the local Committee met on Saturday evening and reported progress. Invitations will be issued early this week. They will be sent to the senior members only. Mr. R. T. Colville, of Toronto, formerly Secretary of the Association, during whose term of office, the bequest for the new building was made, will be asked to attend also.

Lazy Livers and Sluggish Kidneys

When these organs fail to perform their proper functions, the blood becomes poisoned and suffering and disease commence. This can be avoided by keeping your vitality at high-water mark, the blood rich and pure by taking one Ferrozone tablet after each meal.

Ferrozone has a mild but rapid action on the liver and kidneys, and is certainly the greatest producer of red vitalising blood known to science. Morning tiredness, languor, dizziness, pain in the back and sick headache disappear at once when Ferrozone is used. Get it to-day. Price 50 cents, at Ormond & Walsh's.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure biliousness.

MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION.

The Local Ministerial Association Met Yesterday Forenoon

The local Ministerial Association met yesterday forenoon, the President, Rev. Mr. Bastow, in the chair. There were present Rev. Dr. Torrance, and Rev. Messrs. Crossley, Bennett, Kilgour, Hannah, Potter, and Armitage; Mr. Robert Harrison was in attendance also, and read a letter from the Field Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance urgently requesting that the work and objects of the Association be brought more prominently before the public.

In this connection it was decided that sermons shall be delivered in the different Churches on either the 13th or the 20th inst.

Rev. Mr. Potter read a very interesting and instructive paper on "Commercialism in the Church" which occasioned considerable discussion.

MARINE NOTES

The steamer yacht, Rob Roy, is receiving her new spring coat of paint, and undergoing various improvements. She was taken from her winter quarters, and successfully launched on Saturday.

It is interesting to note that this staunch little vessel was launched on April 6th, last season, just one day later than this year. Her first trip in 1901 was commenced in a heavy snow storm, and she completed her final trip of the previous season, in a fierce gale of snow.

Capt. Roy expects to be able to take the yacht out for a run in the course of a week.

ST. MARK'S TO BE CLOSED

Two weeks' Suspension of Services to Prevent the Spread of Smallpox.

Very strict precautions are being taken by the Medical Health Authorities, to prevent the spread of smallpox in Otonabee. Dr. Shaw, Medical Health Officer, for the township sent a notice, on Saturday, to Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, to the effect that services in St. Mark's Church Otonabee, must be suspended for two weeks, as a precautionary measure. The notice will, of course, be strictly complied with.

The Conservative Ratification Meeting

Continued from Monday's Issue

J. J. FOY, M.P.P.

for South Toronto, received an enthusiastic and thunderous reception. The applause was repeated again and again and lasted for several minutes.

Mr. Foy said he would give his audience a plain fair talk on the political questions of the day. He congratulated West Peterborough on having nominated so earnest, sincere, enthusiastic and intelligent a candidate, and the candidate upon having such a magnificent riding behind him. He believed Major Miller will win. The magnificent nomination meeting during the afternoon was but a specimen of those taking place all over Ontario wherever Conservatives are being nominated. There has been a re-awakening in the province, and at the coming elections the Conservative party will win a sweeping victory.

Mr. Stratton's majority at the last election was a majority given him by the returning officer. Throughout Ontario corruption and boodling won the victory for the Ross Government. In 1898 the Conservatives were not warned and did not know that such crimes would be committed by the enemy. This time they are warned. There have been trials, and revelations of rascality that show how the trick was done. The tactics resorted to a few days ago in Montreal, to defeat Mr. Bergeron, were known. A Conservative scrutineer was bought for $15.00 and the ballot box stuffed in his presence. In one division where only one vote was recorded for Mr. Bergeron, several men testified that they had voted for him. The grit party appears to have grown so hardened that they are not afraid to openly commit such crimes as these.

"There is something rotten in the state of Denmark," and something wrong and unclean in the government at Toronto, and in the speaker's opinion a doctor was the man to cure it. Therefore Fr. Ford is the proper man to represent East Peterborough.

"There are,— said the speaker, thousands of honest, manly, upright men in the Reform party, who abhor and decry the misdeeds of their leaders just as keenly as Conservatives do. These thousands of Reforms will be with us at election time and by supporting the Conservative candidates will help to bring about the much needed house-cleaning at Toronto.

"Formerly the Reform party claimed to be the party of economy. We never hear them make that claim now. They have been increasing the taxes, subsidising railways and otherwise wasting the public money so long that they no longer claim to be the party of economy.

"Neither do they call themselves the party of purity, now, as they once did. The revelations of rascality in connection with the last general elections have silenced that cry. They formerly said they were Reformers. But Sir Wilfrid Laurier said, when he went into power that he found nothing to reform. They used to talk of law reform. Two sessions ago they introduced a bill purporting to provide for reform in law procedure. But the bill was dropped and has never been revived. The government has had to admit that street railways, and various other corporations pay only about one-tenth of their rightful taxation. They should have at once introduced a bill to remedy this great wrong. But they refused to do so. Instead they got out of the difficulty, by appointing a commission to investigate the matter. The commission did nothing and these rich corporations were allowed to get off by paying only a fraction of their rightful assessment.

Mr. Ross in his speech in North York on Friday night sets forth 39 articles showing why he should be returned. It is extraordinary what claims he makes. If all he sets forth were true, and if the Conservative party had done nothing, if he had done all he claims to have done he would have a good claim to be returned. But his claims will not catch any but the unwary and thoughtless. Some of these claims made by Mr. Ross I meet by simply denying their truth. For instance, he says that only for his party we would have no ballot. Well that's not true! The Conservative party does not object to vote by ballot. But we want an honest, fair and just ballot, that cannot be tinkered with and turned to evil purposes.

Mr. Ross coolly says that if the Conservatives had been in power there would have been no trial of election petitions by judges, yet in the next breath he admits that Hon. Sandfield Macdonald introduced a bill to this effect.

Mr. Ross says that only for his Party we would have no School of Practical Science, nor no efficient Agricultural College. I simply deny the truth of that statement. The Conservative party may have different views regarding educational matters, to those of Hon. Mr. Ross and his party, but we have never opposed education, nor the founding of educational institutions. I will read what a prominent Reformer, Hon. Mr. Mills, of the Agricultural College at Guelph, says on this point.

The speaker here quoted Mr. Mills to the effect that to Sir John Carling belongs the credit of instituting the College of Agriculture in Ontario, and also for the experimental farms, at a later date.

"Thus," continued Mr. Foy, "Mr. Ross' claim is confuted out of the mouth of one of the most prominent Reformers in the country. He says there would be no reformatories for females if the Conservatives had been in power. This is a mere assumption.

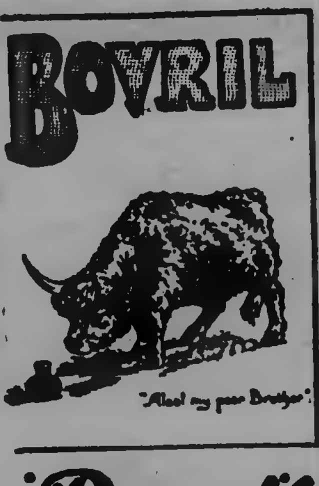
He claims great credit for the manner in which he has defended the rights of the provinces. Well, what does this amount to? The boundary of Ontario was a subject of dispute. The Province said it was in one place, the Dominion claimed it was in another, and they agreed in a friendly way to leave it to the courts to decide. The courts decided in favor of the Province. If the reform party had been in power at Ottawa, they would have done exactly as the Conservative Government did. They would have had to appoint a lawyer to argue the case for the Dominion, just as the Conservative government did, and that the decision of the Privy Council was in favor of Ontario, was simply because the Province was right in its contention as to the location of the boundary.

"The contention that the Conservatives would not have given the province a Minister of Agriculture, nor an Insane Asylum at Brockville, are equally baseless. If there had been inmates for an asylum who dare say the Conservatives would not provide proper care and keeping for them. Regarding the taxation of corporations they claim to have introduced a bill in 1899, to tax corporations which Conservatives opposed. This is not true. The truth is that while they were taxing banks and other rich corporations a small tax, they put in a clause enacting that street railways, gas companies and other corporations, were after February 1st, 1899, to pay taxes on only one-tenth of the value of their plant as scrap iron, instead of as rails, etc. The Conservatives opposed the bill on these grounds, but the statement that we opposed the taxation of corporations for the benefit of the Province, is not true.

"Then Mr. Ross says we would have given no grant to the Algoma Central Railway. This perhaps, may have been the case. This road is one of the Clergue works. Part of it runs to the Helen mine, one of the richest in the world, carries the ore from the mine to the docks to be loaded on Mr. Clergue's boats, from Mr. Clergue's mine. Mr. Clergue would have built the road himself, if this good, kind government had not helped him to build it. Mr. Clergue was given a charter for the road on condition—on the verbal condition—that he would ask no subsidy. He got the charter. Next session he appeared and asked for a grant of 7,400 acres of land per mile for building it. The Government agreed to give him what he asked. We, the Conservative Opposition, voted against doing so because we thought it wrong to give away all this land for such a purpose. (That is how we stood regard to the grant to the Algoma Central Railway."

He further censured the Government for granting subsidies to railways that had already received large grants from the Dominion government. On a number of occasions the government had put these grants through at the close of a long and arduous days' work, when a number of the members were absent, the others tired, and paying no attention to the speakers. This was a very wrong way to deal with the people's money. To vote away millions at such a time was a breach of trust. The opposition had insisted on a change in the policy. Some trifling changes had been made. In their pamphlet they give reasons why they should be sustained, but the truth of the thing is not told in the book. They take a great deal of credit to themselves that is due to the Opposition. On the question of a referendum they are silent, because they cannot please two parties. They had the liquor men on one side and the temperance party on the other. Mr. Ross and Mr. Stratton will not say anything on the question. I do not know whether they will vote on the question or not. They should say what legislation is in the interest of the people or say that the time has not yet come for prohibition. In every other bill they have introduced, they take the responsibility of handling it but in this case they do not. They are trying to shift it from one to another and will not say whether they want it carried or lost. They are in a very awkward position with the people and will have a difficult time in getting straightened up. After thanking the audience for their attentive hearing he invited everyone to carefully study the position and cast their votes in the best interests of the country and for themselves. If they would all do this he felt sure that the Conservative party would be returned by a large majority.

The meeting closed with cheers for the King, Mr. Whitney, and the candidate, Major Miller.



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Proportionate rates from and to other points.
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Most Charming Summer Resort
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For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
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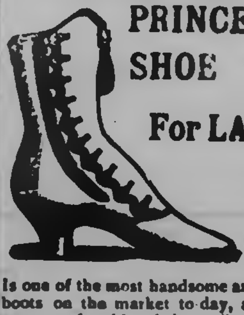
City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street



PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

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139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor
86 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

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WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland, 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted every where to handle new goods. Easy sales, Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moase & Co., Room 711 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 40c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

An Apprentice Wanted

We have an opening for an apprentice to learn the printing business. Must be a young man with fair education. Apply at The Times Office.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

WEST PETERBOROUGH

Notice re. Licenses

A meeting of the License Commissioners for West Peterborough will be held on Friday, April 18th, 1902, at 10 a. m. in their office, 415½ Water street, Peterborough, for considering applications for licenses for 1902-3.

NAME OF APPLICANT	KIND OF LICENSE	PLACE OF LICENSE	KIND OF APPLICANT	NAME OR LOCATION OF HOUSE
James Dolan	Tavern	Peterboro'	Old	City Hotel
Mary Bowman	"	"	"	Oxford House
Steve Holland	"	"	"	American House
John Conroy	"	"	"	National Hotel
Arthur Rountree	"	"	"	Little Windsor Hotel
J. M. Brooks	"	"	"	Palace Hotel
Robert White	"	"	"	White House
Austin Dunn	"	"	"	Southern Hotel
J. B. Laroque	"	"	"	Montreal House
W. J. Overend	"	"	"	C. P. R. Hotel
Margaret O'Shea	"	"	"	Commercial Hotel
Wm. Snowden	"	"	"	Snowden House
Catharine Graham	"	"	"	Oriental Hotel
M. C. Tooley	"	"	"	Queens Hotel
R. H. Jackson	"	"	"	Crown Inn
P. J. Clunan	"	"	"	Clunan House
T. Cavanagh	"	"	"	Phelan House
John Clancy	"	"	"	Peterborough House
R. J. Munro	"	"	"	Morgan House
E. Brown & Co.	Shop	"	"	394 George street
F. J. R. Mitchell	"	"	"	141 Hunter "
M. L. Henry	"	"	"	341 George "
P. Hogan	Tavern	Ashburnham	"	Albion Hotel
Geo. Lipsett, Jr.	"	"	"	Maple Leaf Hotel
J. C. Sullivan	Shop	"	"	Elizabeth street
Wm. Collins	"	"	"	"
John Craig	Tavern	Lakefield	"	Craig House
Wm. Leahy	"	"	"	Midland Hotel
Geo. H. Brown	"	Smith	"	Chemong Park Hotel
Thos. Eastwood	"	"	"	Buckhorn House
W. E. Brooks	"	"	"	Carleton House
Jas. E. Kearney	"	"	"	Lakeview House
Alex. Elliott	Whole'sl	Peterboro'	"	Simcoe Street

Total No. of Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1901-2 33
" Applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses for 1902-3 33

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector, West Peterboro.'

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
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The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
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ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints. Ask your wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

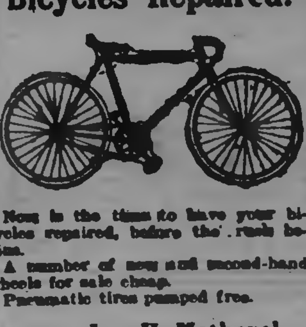
"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Bicycles Repaired.



Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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VOL .28 NO. 83 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY APRIL 9 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

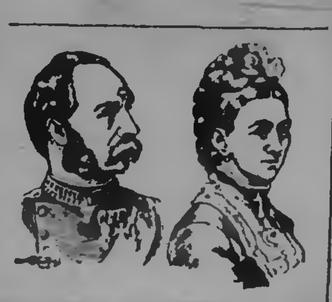
DANISH KING'S BIRTHDAY.

The Aged Sovereign Attains the Age of Eighty Four

Great Gathering of Royal Personages to Celebrate the Event

Special Telegram to The Times.

Copenhagen, April 8 — The 84th birthday of King Christian was celebrated to-day throughout Denmark. During the forenoon officials, diplomats and other dignitaries called at the palace and tendered their congratulations. The streets of the capital were crowded and in the square fronting the Amalienborg palace several thousand people constantly cheered the king, who in response appeared on the balcony with his daughters. There was the usual family gathering at the palace in celebration of the anniversary. The party included the Dowager Empress of Russia, Queen Alexandra of England, the Hereditary Grand Duke Michael, the Grand Duchess of Luxemburg, the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, and Prince George of Hanover, and the Princesses Alexandra and Olga, the Landgravine of Hesse, Prince and Princess Max of Baden and Prince Hans of Glucksburg.



KING AND QUEEN OF DENMARK

COLUMBIAN REBEL ARMIES BADLY CUT UP

Governing Forces Win Three Striking Victories Near Bogota

THE WAR NOW SAID TO BE OVER

President Marroquin States This is Almost Equal to End of Revolution

Special Telegram to The Times.

Panama, Colombia, April 9 — This city was the scene of wild enthusiasm on the part of the Conservatives last night when Governor Salazar made public the contents of a despatch received from President Marroquin to the effect that General Gonzalez Valencia at Bogota had defeated and completely destroyed the armies of General Pecion Soto and Juan McAllister near Bogota and that General Uribe-Uribe, who invaded Colombian territory via Medina, in the department of Boyaca, was also defeated by General Nicholas Pardamo.

Governor Salazar stated that both victories were of great importance, because they meant practically the end of the revolution, leaving only the isthmus to be pacified.

The governor had received advices from Cauca announcing the approaching departure of 8,000 men from that department to begin operations against the Liberal general, Herrera, who will be attacked by 10,000 government soldiers.

Should Herrera attack Panama the Governor said that the Liberals would lose every man they had, because the intrenchments of Panama were the strongest ever built here, and could not be stormed except by a numerous army with heavy artillery, which the Liberals do not possess.

Washington, April 9—Senor Concha, the Colombian Minister, has received a cablegram from President Marroquin of Colombia, confirming the press despatches from Panama of the victories of Generals Valencia and Perdomo over the insurgents. It is believed at the legation here that this will end the insurrection in Colombia.

Separation Granted

County Police Magistrate Edmison was in Lakefield on Monday hearing the story of domestic troubles between Frank Newell, of Methuen, and his wife. After hearing both sides of the story he drew up separation papers which were promptly signed by both parties.

OMINOUS WAR CLOUDS ARE SEEN IN THE EAST

Serious Aspect of the Situation in the Chinese Empire

RUSSIA AND FRANCE UNITED

And Say There Can be no One-Power in China or Corea—The French Presidents' Visit to the Czar of Russia

Special Telegram to The Times.

Paris, April 8.—Figaro, in commenting on the proposed visit of the French President to St. Petersburg, says that the object is to come to an understanding regarding the Eastern question. That France and Russia are deeply hurt over the British-Japanese alliance, is only natural. Russia's cherished plans in China will not be relinquished without a struggle.

The proposed visit of President Loubet of France, to St. Petersburg, is not reassuring. At this juncture the meeting of the President and the Czar is most significant.

Items of Interest

London, April 9.—A despatch from Moscow to The Times says the United States Consul in that city has received a communication from the mothers and sisters of the students imprisoned on account of the recent riots, asking him as representative of a free and enlightened people to protest against the cruel treatment to which the prisoners are subjected. It is said the students are refusing food until assured that they will be brought to trial.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

London, April 9.—A despatch from Odessa to The Times says that a Russian engineer from Siberia says that the construction of the great railroad is faulty. The Trans-Baikal section furnishes a good example of everything that the railroad ought not to be. More than forty locomotives and many trucks have been wrecked over this section, the ballasting of which is so that trains cannot run more than fifteen miles an hour. The engineer says many portions of the road must be entirely relaid.

MANCHURIAIAN CONVENTION SIGNED

London, April 9.—The London Times, on information received from a trustworthy source, says,—The Manchurian convention was signed at Pekin last Friday. Russia waives the question of special privileges for the Russo-Chinese Bank, and undertakes to evacuate the province of Manchuria in eighteen months. During the evacuation the Chinese are not to increase their forces in Manchuria without Russia's consent, and afterward China will only be required to notify Russia of any proposed increase in the forces. Only Chinese or Russians are to be employed on the railway.

Washington, April 9.—The Alaska boundary controversy has assumed a new phase, which may develop into a much more serious state of affairs between Great Britain and the United States. Reports have reached the State Department that a monument erected by Russia, to mark the boundary between Alaska, which until 1867 was a Russian possession, and the adjacent British territory has been arbitrarily removed by a Canadian official surveying expedition, and in view of this, Secretary Hay, by direction of the President, has ordered a personal investigation to be made by a commission of American officers to ascertain the truth of the reports. Capt. Wilds P. Richardson of the 8th Infantry and Lieut. George Thornton Emmons, U.S.N., retired, have been appointed as members of the commission. Capt. Richardson is stationed at Vancouver barracks, Washington. Lt. Emmons, since his retirement for disability, in January, 1899, has been connected with the Museum of Natural History in New York.

According to the information received here, Richard Frasier, a civil engineer in the employ of the Canadian Government, is the head of the party accused of having removed the boundary monument. The location of the boundary monuments is of the most vital importance to the United States in the controversy. To find them means that the boundary lines of the territory purchased by this Government from Russia will be determined, thus probably ending the question that has given so much trouble to Great Britain, the United States and the Dominion of Canada. For many years this Government has been attempting to find the monuments. Russia insists that they were actually erected, and that they mark the true limits of Alaska.

Since the discovery of gold in the Klondike country the boundary question has become very important, and there was danger for a time of armed conflicts between American and Canadian miners and others who had located claims near the supposed boundary line. Alarmed over the prospect of disturbances which might bring about international hostilities the Governments of the United States and Great Britain appointed what was known as the Joint High Commission, which met in Washington to endeavor to settle the dispute. They failed to agree, however, it was then proposed that an arbitrary temporary line should be determined by agreement. This proposal was adopted by the commission after much controversy, and a temporary provisional line was agreed to, its defination being laid down in the famous modus vivendi now in force.

Meanwhile Canadian surveying parties have been busy continuing their work of attempting to locate the boundary. Great Britain and Canada claim that according to the terms of the Alaska Cession Treaty between Russia and the United States the southern boundary between Alaska and the British Northwest Territory is a line thirty miles from the coast, but not following the water indentations. This Government contends that the thirty miles must be measured from the shore line of the indentations. Under the modus vivendi Great Britain has no tidewater outlet from the Klondike, but despite this a British custom house has been established at Skagway, an American town and on the American side of the provisional line laid down by the modus. Danger of a conflict at Skagway is therefore very great.

If this Government can locate the Russian monuments, and they should be, as is confidently believed here, within the territory at present occupied by Great Britain, the British case would fall to the ground and it would be necessary for British subjects to remove farther inland. The question of whether Great Britain is entitled to a port on deep water would also be settled adversely to that country. It will, therefore, be seen, that the removal of any Russian boundary monument by Canadian surveyors is a serious affront to the United States and requires explanation and redress. Should the accusation which Capt. Richardson and Lieut. Emmons are to investigate, prove true, it will be tantamount to proof that the Canadian authorities acknowledge the justice of the American boundary claim, and have resorted to sharp practive to prevent the United States Government from obtaining possession of territory rightly belonging to it.

Otto H. Tittman, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, has always maintained that no monuments were ever established by the Russians to mark the boundary, and his opinion is shared by many distinguished authorities. Mr. Tittman was appointed by this Government in 1899 to visit Alaska, with a representative of the Ottawa Government, to locate the provisional boundary line according to the terms of the modus vivendi. He has never been called on for an official expression of opinion regarding the alleged Russian monuments, but in many private letters to individuals, he has scouted the idea that such monuments ever existed.

U. S. GOVERNMENT WILL NOW INTERFERE

Washington Authorities Order an Investigation

THE NEW ORLEANS CAMP

The Station Below New Orleans, Where Horses are Shipped the Complaint

Boer General Pearson Declares Men Are Recruited There—The Governor of the state Compels Action to be Taken

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 9 — The report made by the Governor of Louisiana declaring that a British camp is established below New Orleans for collecting supplies for the British forces in South Africa was discussed at today's Cabinet meeting. It was determined to make an investigation of this charge, although Gov. Heard's report contains no details. The fact that the matter has been brought officially to the attention of the Federal authorities makes it incumbent upon the President to take notice of the charge. Secretaries Hay and Root will conduct the investigation, and issue such orders as may be required to put a summary stop to any violation of the neutrality laws of the United States.

General Pearson, of the Boer army, has returned to Washington from New Orleans, whither he went to learn the facts in regard to the collection of supplies by the British military authorities and their methods of operation. It was General Pearson who made the charge through Governor Heard that the State of Louisiana was being used to recruit the British army both in men and supplies.

General Pearson declares that America has contributed at least 42,000 men to aid England in her fight against the Boers, and has furnished the British Government with 291,107 horses and mules. The men, he says, consist of muleteers shipped from New Orleans, some of whom have been compelled to enlist against the burghers, and paid agents and men who are sent throughout the country to buy up horses and mules. He said there are one British general, two colonels and sixty captains and lieutenants in this country now, with headquarters at New Orleans. The General said that, although men are engaged with the understanding that when they reach Cape Town they may return on the first ship leaving for the United States, their passage is refused or long delayed, and every influence brought on them to enlist in the British army. With every ship load of mules sent to South Africa, the disguised British officers in charge of the transport and cargo, he claims, employ a small army of men to take care of these animals, securing enough men to assign one to every two or three mules. The men who hire as muleteers or stable hands, the General states, are of the lowest class, and care little what they do or where they go. He claims the British also have failed to keep some facts with the men, leaving them penniless in a strange land.

A resolution was presented in the House to-day requesting the Secretary of State to transmit to the House copies of the reports and communications in his possession relating to the matter.

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR MAPS

Places Marked Where Fights Have Occurred Between Boers and British

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 9.—The General Dutch Alliance, which is conducting a propaganda for the Boers, has recently sent out from its press bureau in Dordrecht a map of South Africa on which all the places where fighting between the Boers and British forces which occurred in the months of November, December and January last are marked, the purpose being to show the activity of the Boers in those months and dissipate the idea that the war is over.

There is a set of maps for each month and the places marked are those mentioned in the British casualty lists. The map shows that in November the British suffered loss at 226 places, in December, 310 and in January 234. The British line of blockhouses is shown by crosses on the maps and one can thus easily see how often they were ineffectual in keeping the Boers from penetrating the inclosures.

Of the 310 places where fights took place in December 130 were in the Transvaal, 161 were in the Orange Free State as it is called on the maps, 19 in Cape Colony and 9 in Natal. In January there were 104 fights in the Transvaal, 141 in the Free State, 82 in Cape Colony, and the others in Natal and Swaziland. Three places where fights were mentioned by the British, the Alliance says, could not be found on the maps.

The Alliance says in connection with the map for December that in the northwest of the Orange River Colony, as the English call the Free State, the Boers seemed to be in undisputed possession, and the same appeared to be true of the west and northwest of the Transvaal. In the other parts of the latter country the Boers and British were disputing every inch of ground.

Pleasant Cure for Weak Lungs

The best remedy for sore, weak lungs, is the soothing vapour of Catarrhozone, which traverses every air cell and passage of the breathing organs. It treats remote parts that cough mixtures and sprays cannot approach, and kills thousands of germs at every breath. Catarrhozone drives away pain, congestion and inflammation; it makes breathing easy and regular, and exerts a marvellous influence on coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, catarrh, deafness and lung trouble. Catarrhozone cures at once, is delightful to inhale, and simple to use. Price $1; small size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

DOMINION IRON BOUNTIES

Immense Increase in the Production of Pig Iron in Canada

Special Telegram to The Times.

Montreal, Que., April 9.—The bounties paid by the Dominion government for the production of pig iron during the last year amounted to $551,250, which is $117,962 in excess of the bounties paid in the preceding year. The Canadian production of pig iron in 1901 was 244,957 gross tons, compared with 86,090 tons in 1900. The production during the current year is expected to reach 750,000.

PILGRIMS OFF FOR ROME

Annual Catholic Pilgrimage to the Pope Sails From New York

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 8—The annual Catholic pilgrimage to Rome conducted by Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn, sailed from this city to-day. Because of the fact that this is the jubilee year of Leo's pontificate the number of pilgrims this year is larger than usual, and includes about fifty priests in addition to a number of prominent laymen. After spending ten days in the Eternal City the party will make a short tour of the continent before returning home.

FOR IRISH INDEPENDENCE

William R. Redmond Talks at a Reception for Freedom

Special Telegram to The Times.

Chicago, April 9—A reception was given at the Palmer House yesterday to the friends of the Irish Nationalist league in the city by William P. Redmond. The object of the meeting was to stir up enthusiasm for the nationalist cause and to have a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions.

Mr. Redmond addressed the meeting and made a strong appeal for financial aid to be sent to Ireland to enable the leaders in that country to push more rapidly the cause of free Ireland. A letter from Archbishop Feehan to Mr. Redmond was read in which he pledged his support to the cause.

A PAPAL MISSION

At Coronation—The Pope, is Determined to Keep in Favor with Great Britain

Rome, April 9.—In spite of the opposition of Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State, the Pope has decided to send important special missions both to the coronation of King Edward and to the festivities in Spain attendant upon the coronation of King Alfonso. The Cardinal's opposition to the sending of the mission to England was based on the fact that the British Parliament did not change the anti-Catholic formula of the accession oath, and Mgr. Merry del Val, whom the Pontiff designed to be chief of the mission, openly refused to go while the present wording of the oath is maintained. Nevertheless, the mission will be sent, and will probably arrive in London a few hours after the religious ceremony. This will be a repetition of the diplomatic manoeuvre carried out at the coronation of Czar Nichols II. at Moscow.

LEOPOLD IS SIXTY-SEVEN

The Ruler of the Belgians Celebrate His Sixty-Seventh Birthday

Brussels, April 9—The sixty-seventh birthday of King Leopold is to-day observed as a holiday throughout the kingdom. Since his return here from the Riviera, King Leopold has been very ill, and on account of his advanced years and the irregular life he has led his intimates fear he may be near his end. His doctors say little except that he is suffering from throat trouble, but there may be a hint of anxiety in their remark that they have earnestly enjoined the king to follow strictly certain directions in order to avoid complications. It is further reported that the king has been much disquieted by the political unrest in Belgium, which manifested itself last week in no less a manner than the public hooting of Prince Albert, heir to the throne.

Want More Canucks

It would seem that the gallantry of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, at Hart's River, on March 31st, has deeply impressed the War Office authorities with a sense of the great value of Canadian troops, as the following despatch will show:

(Special) Ottawa, April 9.—Hon. Dr. Borden received a cable message from the War Office last night asking that four regiments of mounted infantry be furnished by Canada for South Africa.

ANOTHER PRO-BOER MEASURE

Representative Sulzer Would Prevent Shipping Mules to Africa

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 9—The following resolution was introduced in the house by Representative Sulzer of New York:

"That we sympathise with the heroic Boers in their struggle to maintain their liberty and independence, and protest in the name of humanity and civilisation against the continuation of a war which outrages the feeling of all liberty-loving people, and that the congress of the United States being committed to the principle of arbitration for the settlement of international disputes, the president is hereby respectfully requested to urge upon the government of Great Britain the wisdom of adopting this policy for the purpose of stopping the awful atrocities now going on in South Africa, and that the president is hereby directed to maintain strict neutrality between the contending forces and prevent the shipment of contraband goods from ports in the United States to aid the British soldiers in South Africa, and respectfully inform the British Government that the war in Africa must be conducted in accordance with the rules of civilized warfare and the provisions agreed to and adopted by the Geneva convention and The Hague peace convention."

Weather Notes

Prob. To-day—Clearing.

A DEPRESSING VIEW OF SOUTH AFRICAN WAR

The Real Condition of Things Only Commencing to be Revealed

A CRITICAL TIME FOR THE BRITISH ARMY.

The Great Problem of How to Catch the Why Boer Yet Unsolved—A Fresh Complication Said to Have Been Created

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 9.—On Jan 1 of the present year there were in South Africa, in round numbers, about 217,000 British troops of all arms drawn from Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies other than South Africa. Since then there has been a considerable reduction in the fighting strength from death, wounds, and invaliding, which has not been made good either in the numbers or quality of the reinforcements sent out from England or the Colonies. The blockhouse system and lines of communication absorb quite one-half of the effective fighting force; and after the necessary garrisons for the towns and military depots are provided for, there remain at the very most not more than 45,000 men for the mobile columns. The area to be operated over is nearly as large as that covered by the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, the two Virginias, Kentucky, Indiana, and all New England, with nearly every local source of supply wiped out so far as the two republics are concerned, and partially so in Cape Colony. The impolicy of the wholesale devastation that was carried out in the territory north of the Orange River is now making itself felt, and unless the British Government can induce the republican burghers and the Cape Colonists now in the field to accept some kind of terms, the winter which is coming on will be a critical time for the British army.

The real condition of things in South Africa is only beginning to be revealed. As far as it has been able, the British Government has kept back almost everything that could throw light on the situation, but the development of events has exposed the truth. From the very beginning of the campaign in 1899 the insufficiency of horses and mules for the mounted troops and transport has hampered operations, but at no time more than the present. The British War Office has poured animals of all kinds, good, bad and indifferent, into South Africa in one continuous stream to meet the demands of its Generals; but it was like pouring water on the sands of the Sahara. They were used up as fast as sent out, so fast indeed that at last the Secretary for War began to remonstrate with the military authorities in South Africa. In September of last year, according to the recently issued Blue Book, a telegram was sent to Lord Kitchener asking if it was really necessary to keep up existing monthly supplies. The correspondence that followed was evidently not satisfactory, for in November the following message, which speaks for itself, was sent:

"The question of resting horses seems to us of the first importance. We will certainly send officers to help you. But no change of hand will be effective unless you lay it down authoritatively that columns must rest till horses are in proper condition. We cannot continue indefinitely to send 10,000 to 12,000 remounts per month to be used up by column commanders in a few days."

This was followed up by a telegram dated Dec. 23, in which the War Office expressed the hope that during that month, January, and February 40,000 horses would be landed in South Africa, and asked at the same time if this would meet requirements, as it was desirable to reduce numbers as soon as possible.

In these despatches may be read the causes of the recent disasters to the British arms and of the failure of the British commanders to make any perceptible impression on the Boer resolution to continue the war. The political exigencies of the Government at home compel them at one and the same time to urge a speedy termination of the war and economy in horses, which are the instruments most required to bring about the desired end.

In the account of the rout of Gen. Methuen's force it seems that only about half of it was mounted, and that half made the best time it could in leaving the field to the Boers and the infantry to take care of itself.

The hunt after De Wet has been fruitful in the capture of Boer non-combatants and the recapture of rifles and guns with ammunition previously taken from the British, but in nothing else. How unreliable the British official reports are about the operations against De Wet and President Steyn, and of the way in which they are being hard pressed, may be seen in the fact that the latter carries a portable printing press about with him on which he prints periodically the "Official Gazette of the Orange Free State," containing news and extracts from European papers. It is the size of a sheet of foolscap, and copies of recent date have been found by British patrols in abandoned laagers.

The latest news seems calculated to dispel the optimism indulged in for a moment that the war was nearing its end. The Boer situation is by no means so desperate as it has been represented, and so far from the fighting force being diminished it is augmented by the Cape Colonists, not all of Dutch origin, whom the executions of Louw, Lotter, Coetzee, Scheepers and others, and the arbitrary enforcement of martial law against all the neutral Dutch colonists, have driven into rebellion. The casualty lists issued by the British War Office show that in the month of January alone, encounters of greater or lesser importance took place at no fewer than 234 points, the greater number being on the ground where Botha and De Wet are operating, while fifty-four were in the Cape Colony. The blockhouse lines with their wire fences appear to offer but an indifferent obstacle to the Boers, while the provisioning of the long lines of posts away from the railways will, as the winter progresses be very difficult. It is doubtless that this consideration which will impel the British to make a great effort to finish the war before the end of June, and the Boers to force the British to use up their animals in fruitless chases and drives.

If it is true that De Wet has been located near Boshof in the western Orange River country, the Boers have begun new tactics, and are seeking to force Lord Kitchener to operate at long distances eastward and westward from his line of communications with Cape Colony, and to exhaust his horses and transport while the eastern commandos menace his connections with Natal and Lorenzo Marques. A very moderate success in this policy would prove dangerous in the extreme for the British, whose forces would be compelled to scatter, and be exposed at all points to such blows as the genius of Delarey contrives and De Wet knows how to deliver. The inefficiency of the raw material sent out from England, added to the demoralization among the older troops remarked by the Boer leaders in the field in their reports to their agents in Europe, appear to make it more desirable than ever for the British Government to end the war by concessions, rather than in the face of other dangers threatening, to continue a policy that nerves the Boers to continue a resistance that must be fatal to one side and exhausting to the other. Already the natives are raising their heads. A deputation of those in the Bloemfontein district waited on the Deputy Administrator on March 13, and among other things asked for the same political rights as are enjoyed by other British subjects: the right to own land; equal educational facilities with the whites, and the representation of the natives by men of their own race. With a want of tact almost incredible, the Deputy Administrator not only bluntly expressed himself opposed to these requests, but in reference to the question of flogging went out of his way to express his opinion that the character of the native required that the use of the lash should be maintained. It is stated that the deputation withdrew in ominous silence, and thus a fresh complication in the South muddle has been created.

THE TREATMENT OF THE CONSUMPTIVE POOR.

A deputation waited upon the Town Council on Monday evening to ask a grant in aid of indigent persons, who, though afflicted with a worse disease that leprosy or smallpox, were yet unable to secure treatment. The theory generally accepted amongst scientists now is that consumption may be easily stamped out by isolating consumptives, just as we do with smallpox patients. In addition, if we would cure them, we must provide them with pure country air. Peterborough is one of the last places to take the matter up, but it can make amends for this by acting promptly. We can do without physique for one summer to utilize the money in a much better way. Many a life surely needed in a family might in this manner be saved, and those also which the patient may by contact infect.

1902. SPRING 1902.

Man and Womankind delight to array themselves in Spring Attire, just as Nature does with the first warm sun and invigorating rains.

We are ready to fill the wants of Men, and as our Spring Stock is here in every variety and style, we are ready for critical inspection.

It is part of our business to satisfy, not only in QUALITY and PRICE, but also in FIT and APPEARANCE, and willing hands are here ready to assist customers in arriving at a decision.

We Invite Your Attention to the Following Prices:

Showing the New and Nobby

Spring Suitings

We can fit Dressy Men, Youths and Boys with the choicest of New Spring Garments and save more money than last year to every customer.

In Our Tailoring Dept.

We are showing the finest stock of Woolens direct from Great Britain and Europe we have ever displayed.

We promise to reveal to you the acme of elegance in Rich and Exclusive Textures for

Spring Suits and Overcoats

The variety of patterns and weaves is very great—greater and grander than you believe until you come.

Men's Trousers

All Wool English Tweeds in neat and narrow hair line stripes, made just as you want them by our own Tailors, with first class trimmings, regular $3 50 and $3 75 2.85

Spring Overcoats, made of English Venetians in fawn and brown shades, lined with good quality Farmers Satin, Mohair sleeve linings—worth $8. Special.... $5 to 6.90

Spring Raglan Overcoats, made of extra quality English Venetians, English Whipcords and English Covert Styles, with yoke, slash pockets and cuffs—cannot be duplicated in Canada for less than $12. Special.......... 9.90

For Men

Men's all wool Canadian Tweed Suits—neat quiet patterns, $5, $6, $6.50

Special grade Business and Semi-Dress Suits, nobby spring designs and colors in Cassimeres and Tweeds. The new checked Scotch Plaids, Browns, Greys, Blue and Black Serges, cut, tailored finished in the finest fashion — regular $10 to $12.............. $7, $8, $9

Suits for short, stout men, who usually have difficulty in getting ready made clothes to fit them—in good staple patterns and colors.... 6.50, $7, $8

For Boys

We have the largest and best assorted stock in Peterboro, including the New Russian Blouse Suit—all the rage; and all prices. Also in Boys' fine 2 and 3 piece Suits, this Department is complete.

We promise perfect satisfaction or money refunded. No tailor in Canada can give you a better fit than our own MR. DUNCAN CAMERON.

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VOL .28 NO. 83 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY APRIL 9 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

DANISH KING'S BIRTHDAY.

The Aged Sovereign Attains the Age of Eighty Four

Great Gathering of Royal Personages to Celebrate the Event

Special Telegram to The Times.

Copenhagen, April 8 — The 84th birthday of King Christian was celebrated to-day throughout Denmark. During the forenoon officials, diplomats and other dignitaries called at the palace and tendered their congratulations. The streets of the capital were crowded and in the square fronting the Amalienborg palace several thousand people constantly cheered the king, who in response appeared on the balcony with his daughters. There was the usual family gathering at the palace in celebration of the anniversary. The party included the Dowager Empress of Russia, Queen Alexandra of England, the Hereditary Grand Duke Michael, the Grand Duchess of Luxemburg, the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, and Prince George of Hanover, and the Princesses Alexandra and Olga, the Landgravine of Hesse, Prince and Princess Max of Baden and Prince Hans of Glucksburg.

COLUMBIAN REBEL ARMIES BADLY CUT UP

Governing Forces Win Three Striking Victories Near Bogota

THE WAR NOW SAID TO BE OVER

President Marroquin States This is Almost Signal to End of Revolution

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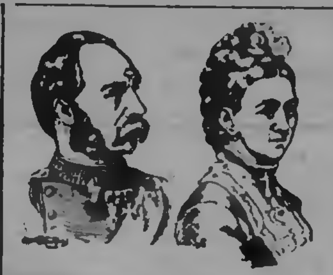

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MANCHURIAIAN CONVENTION SIGNED

London, April 9.—The London Times, on information received from a trustworthy source, says,—The Manchurian convention was signed at Pekin last Friday, Russia waives the question of special privileges for the Russo-Chinese Bank, and undertakes to evacuate the province of Manchuria in eighteen months. During the evacuation the Chinese are not to increase their forces in Manchuria without Russia's consent, and afterward China will only be required to notify Russia of any proposed increase in the forces. Only Chinese or Russians are to be employed on the railway.

Washington, April 9.—The Alaska boundary controversy has assumed a new phase, which may develop into a much more serious state of affairs between Great Britain and the United States. Reports have reached the State Department that a monument erected by Russia, to mark the boundary between Alaska, which until 1867 was a Russian possession, and the adjacent British territory has been arbitrarily removed by a Canadian official surveying expedition, and in view of this, Secretary Hay, by direction of the President, has ordered a personal investigation to be made by a commission of American officers to ascertain the truth of the reports. Capt. Wilds P. Richardson of the 8th Infantry and Lieut. George Thornton Emmons, U.S.N., retired, have been appointed as members of the commission. Capt. Richardson is stationed at Vancouver barracks, Washington. Lt. Emmons, since his retirement for disability, in January, 1899, has been connected with the Museum of Natural History in New York.

According to the information received here, Richard Frasier, a civil engineer in the employ of the Canadian Government, is the head of the party accused of having removed the boundary monument. The location of the boundary monuments is of the most vital importance to the United States in the controversy. To find them means that the boundary lines of the territory purchased by this Government from Russia will be determined, thus probably ending the question that has given so much trouble to Great Britain, the United States and the Dominion of Canada. For many years this Government has been attempting to find the monuments. Russia insists that they were actually erected, and that they mark the true limits of Alaska.

Since the discovery of gold in the Klondike country the boundary question has become very important, and there was danger for a time of armed conflicts between American and Canadian miners and others who had located claims near the supposed boundary line. Alarmed over the prospect of disturbances which might bring about international hostilities the Governments of the United States and Great Britain appointed what was known as the Joint High Commission, which met in Washington to endeavor to settle the dispute. They failed to agree, however, it was then proposed that an arbitrary temporary line should be determined by agreement. This proposal was adopted by the commission after much controversy, and a temporary provisional line was agreed to, its defination being laid down in the famous modus vivendi now in force.

Meanwhile Canadian surveying parties have been busy continuing their work of attempting to locate the boundary. Great Britain and Canada claim that according to the terms of the Alaska Cession Treaty between Russia and the United States the southern boundary between Alaska and the British Northwest Territory is a line thirty miles from the coast, but not following the water indentations. This Government contends that the thirty miles must be measured from the shore line of the indentations. Under the modus vivendi Great Britain has no tidewater outlet from the Klondike, but despite this a British custom house has been established at Skagway, an American town and on the American side of the provisional line laid down by the modus. Danger of a conflict at Skagway is therefore very great.

If this Government can locate the Russian monuments, and they should be, as is confidently believed here, within the territory at present occupied by Great Britain, the British case would fall to the ground and it would be necessary for British subjects to remove farther inland. The question of whether Great Britain is entitled to a port on deep water would also be settled adversely to that country. It will, therefore, be seen, that the removal of any Russian boundary monument by Canadian surveyors is a serious affront to the United States and requires explanation and redress. Should the accusation which Capt. Richardson and Lieut. Emmons are to investigate, prove true, it will be tantamount to proof that the Canadian authorities acknowledge the justice of the American boundary claim, and have resorted to sharp practive to prevent the United States Government from obtaining possession of territory rightly belonging to it.

Otto H. Tittman, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, has always maintained that no monuments were ever established by the Russians to mark the boundary, and his opinion is shared by many distinguished authorities. Mr. Tittman was appointed by this Government in 1899 to visit Alaska, with a representative of the Ottawa Government, to locate the provisional boundary line according to the terms of the modus vivendi. He has never been called on for an official expression of opinion regarding the alleged Russian monuments, but in many private letters to individuals, he has scooted the idea that such monuments ever existed.

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U. S. GOVERNMENT WILL NOW INTERFERE

Washington Authorities Order an Investigation

THE NEW ORLEANS CAMP

The Station Below New Orleans, Where Horses are Shipped the Complaint

Boer General Pearson Declares Men Are Recruited There—The Governor of the State Compels Action to be Taken

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 9 — The report made by the Governor of Louisiana declaring that a British camp is established below New Orleans for collecting supplies for the British forces in South Africa was discussed at today's Cabinet meeting. It was determined to make an investigation of this charge, although Gov. Heard's report contains no details. The fact that the matter has been brought officially to the attention of the Federal authorities makes it incumbent upon the President to take notice of the charge. Secretaries Hay and Root will conduct the investigation, and issue such orders as may be required to put a summary stop to any violation of the neutrality laws of the United States.

General Pearson, of the Boer army, has returned to Washington from New Orleans, whither he went to learn the facts in regard to the collection of supplies by the British military authorities and their methods of operation. It was General Pearson who made the charge through Governor Heard that the State of Louisiana was being used to recruit the British army both in men and supplies.

General Pearson declares that America has contributed at least 42,000 men to aid England in her fight against the Boers, and has furnished the British Government with 201,107 horses and mules. The men, he says, consist of muleteers shipped from New Orleans, some of whom have been compelled to enlist against the burghers, and paid agents and men who are sent throughout the country to buy up horses and mules. He said there are one British general, two colonels and sixty captains and lieutenants in this country now, with headquarters at New Orleans. The General said that, although men are engaged with the understanding that when they reach Cape Town they may return on the first ship leaving for the United States, their passage is refused or long delayed, and every influence brought on them to enlist in the British army. With every ship load of mules sent to South Africa, the disguised British officers in charge of the transport and cargo, he claims, employ a small army of men to take care of these animals, securing enough men to assign one to every two or three mules. The men who hire as muleteers or stable hands, the General states, are of the lowest class, and care little what they do or where they go. He claims the British also have failed to keep contracts with the men, leaving them penniless in a strange land.

A resolution was presented in the House to-day requesting the Secretary of State to transmit to the House copies of the reports and communications in his possession relating to the matter.

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR MAPS

Places Marked Where Fights Have Occurred Between Boers and British

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 9.—The General Dutch Alliance, which is conducting a propaganda for the Boers, has recently sent out from its press bureau in Dordrecht a map of South Africa on which all the places where fighting between the Boers and British forces which occurred in the months of November, December and January last are marked, the purpose being to show the activity of the Boers in those months and dissipate the idea that the war is over.

There is a set of maps for each month and the places marked are those mentioned in the British casualty lists. The map shows that in November the British suffered loss at 226 places, in December, 310 and in January 234. The British line of blockhouses is shown by crosses on the maps and one can thus easily see how often they were ineffectual in keeping the Boers from penetrating the inclosure.

Of the 310 places where fights took place in December 120 were in the Transvaal, 161 were in the Orange Free State as it is called on the maps; 19 in Cape Colony and 9 in Natal. In January there were 104 fights in the Transvaal, 141 in the Free State, 53 in Cape Colony, and the others in Natal and Swaziland. Three places where fights were mentioned by the British, the Alliance says, could not be found on the maps.

The Alliance says in connection with the map for December that in the northwest of the Orange River Colony, as the English call the Free State, the Boers seemed to be in undisputed possession, and the same appeared to be true of the west and northwest of the Transvaal. In the other parts of the latter country the Boers and British were disputing every inch of ground.

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DOMINION IRON BOUNTIES

Immense Increase in the Production of Pig Iron in Canada

Special Telegram to The Times.

Montreal, Que., April 9.—The bounties paid by the Dominion government for the production of pig iron during the last year amounted to $551,259, which is $113,962 in excess of the bounties paid in the preceding year. The Canadian production of pig iron in 1901 was 244,967 gross tons, compared with 86,090 tons in 1900. The production during the current year is expected to reach 750,000.

PILGRIMS OFF FOR ROME

Annual Catholic Pilgrimage to the Pope Sails From New York

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 8—The annual Catholic pilgrimage to Rome conducted by Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn, sailed from this city to-day. Because of the fact that this is the jubilee year of Leo's pontificate the number of pilgrims this year is larger than usual, and includes about fifty priests in addition to a number of prominent laymen. After spending ten days in the Eternal City the party will make a short tour of the continent before returning home.

FOR IRISH INDEPENDENCE

William R. Redmond Talks at a Receptio for Freedom

Special Telegram to The Times.

Chicago, April 9—A reception was given at the Palmer House yesterday to the friends of the Irish Nationalist league in the city by William P. Redmond. The object of the meeting was to stir up enthusiasm for the nationalist cause and to have a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions.

Mr. Redmond addressed the meeting and made a strong appeal for financial aid to be sent to Ireland to enable the leaders in that country to push more rapidly the cause of free Ireland. A letter from Archbishop Feehan to Mr. Redmond was read in which he pledged his support to the cause.

A PAPAL MISSION

At Coronation—The Pope, is Determined to Keep in Favor with Great Britain

Rome, April 9.—In spite of the opposition of Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State, the Pope has decided to send important special missions both to the coronation of King Edward and to the festivities in Spain attendant upon the coronation of King Alfonso. The Cardinal's opposition to the sending of the mission to England was based on the fact that the British Parliament did not change the anti-Catholic formula of the accession oath, and Mgr. Merry del Val, whom the Pontiff designed to be chief of the mission, openly refused to go while the present wording of the oath is maintained. Nevertheless, the mission will be sent, and will probably arrive in London a few hours after the religious ceremony. This will be a repetition of the diplomatic manoeuvre carried out at the coronation of Czar Nichole II. at Moscow.

LEOPOLD IS SIXTY-SEVEN

The Ruler of the Belgians Celebrate His Sixty-Seventh Birthday

Brussels, April 9—The sixty-seventh birthday of King Leopold is to-day observed as a holiday throughout the kingdom. Since his return here from the Riviera, King Leopold has been very ill, and on account of his advanced years and the irregular life he has led his intimates fear he may be near his end. His doctors say little except that he is suffering from throat trouble, but there may be a hint of anxiety in their remark that they have earnestly enjoined the king to follow strictly certain directions in order to avoid complications. It is further reported that the king has been much disquieted by the political unrest in Belgium, which manifested itself last week in no less a manner than the public hooting of Prince Albert, heir to the throne.

Want More Canucks

It would seem that the gallantry of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, at Hart's River, on March 31st, has deeply impressed the War Office authorities with a sense of the great value of Canadian troops, as the following despatch will show:

(Special) Ottawa, April 9.—Hon. Dr. Borden received a cable message from the War Office last night asking that four regiments of mounted infantry be furnished by Canada for South Africa.

ANOTHER PRO-BOER MEASURE

Representative Sulzer Would Prevent Shipping Mules to Africa

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 9—The following resolution was introduced in the house by Representative Sulzer of New York:

"That we sympathise with the heroic Boers in their struggle to maintain their liberty and independence, and protest in the name of humanity and civilization against the continuation of a war which outrages the feeling of all liberty-loving people, and that the congress of the United States being committed to the principle of arbitration for the settlement of international disputes, the president is hereby respectfully requested to urge upon the government of Great Britain the wisdom of adopting this policy for the purpose of stopping the awful atrocities now going on in South Africa, and that the president is hereby directed to maintain strict neutrality between the contending forces and prevent the shipment of contraband goods from ports in the United States to aid the British soldiers in South Africa, and respectfully inform the British Government that the war in Africa must be conducted in accordance with the rules of civilized warfare and the provisions agreed to and adopted by the Geneva convention and The Hague peace convention."

Weather Notes

Fair. To-day—Clearing.

A DEPRESSING VIEW OF SOUTH AFRICAN WAR

The Real Condition of Things Only Commencing to be Revealed

A CRITICAL TIME FOR THE BRITISH ARMY.

The Great Problem of How to Catch the Wily Boer Yet Unsolved—A Fresh Complication Said to Have Been Created

Special Telegram to The Times.

New York, April 9.—On Jan 1 of the present year there were in South Africa, in round numbers, about 217,000 British troops of all arms drawn from Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies other than South Africa. Since then there has been a considerable reduction in the fighting strength from death, wounds, and invaliding, which has not been made good either in the numbers or quality of the reinforcements sent out from England or the Colonies. The blockhouse system and lines of communication absorb quite one-half of the effective fighting force; and after the necessary garrisons for the towns and military depots are provided for, there remain at the very most not more than 45,000 men for the mobile columns. The area to be operated over is nearly as large as that covered by the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, the two Virginias, Kentucky, Indiana, and all New England, with nearly every local source of supply wiped out as far as the two republics are concerned, and partially so in Cape Colony. The impolicy of the wholesale devastation that was carried out in the territory north of the Orange River is now making itself felt, and unless the British Government can induce the republican burghers and the Cape Colonists now in the field to accept some kind of terms, the winter which is coming on will be a critical time for the British army.

The real condition of things in South Africa is only beginning to be revealed. As far as it has been able, the British Government has kept back almost everything that could throw light on the situation, but the development of events has exposed the truth. From the very beginning of the campaign in 1899 the insufficiency of horses and mules for the mounted troops and transport has hampered operations, but at no time more than the present. The British War Office has poured animals of all kinds, good, bad and indifferent, into South Africa in one continuous stream to meet the demands of its Generals; but it was like pouring water on the sands of the Sahara. They were used up as fast as sent out, so fast indeed that at last the Secretary for War began to remonstrate with the military authorities in South Africa. In September of last year, according to the recently issued Blue Book, a telegram was sent to Lord Kitchener asking if it was really necessary to keep up existing monthly supplies. The correspondence that followed was evidently not satisfactory, for in November the following message, which speaks for itself, was sent:

"The question of resting horses seems to us of the first importance. We will certainly send officers to help you. But no change of hand will be effective unless you lay it down authoritatively that columns must rest till horses are in proper condition. We cannot continue indefinitely to send 10,000 to 12,000 remounts per month to be used up by column commanders in a few days."

This was followed up by a telegram dated Dec. 23, in which the War Office expressed the hope that during that month, January, and February 40,000 horses would be landed in South Africa, and asked at the same time if this would meet requirements, as it was desirable to reduce numbers as soon as possible.

In these despatches may be read the causes of the recent disasters to the British arms and of the failure of the British commanders to make any perceptible impression on the Boer resolution to continue the war. The political exigencies of the Government at home compel them at one and the same time to urge a speedy termination of the war and economy in horses, which are the instruments most required to bring about the desired end.

In the account of the rout of Gen. Methuen's force it seems that only about half of it was mounted, and that half made the best time it could in leaving the field to the Boers and the infantry to take care of itself.

The hunt after De Wet has been fruitful in the capture of Boer non-combatants and the recapture of rifles and guns with ammunition previously taken from the British, but in nothing else. How unreliable the British official reports are about the operations against De Wet and President Steyn, and of the way in which they are being hard pressed, may be seen in the fact that the latter carries a portable printing press about with him on which he prints periodically the "Official Gazette of the Orange Free State," containing news and extracts from European papers. It is the size of a sheet of foolscap, and copies of recent date have been found by British patrols in abandoned laagers.

The latest news seems calculated to dispel the optimism indulged in for a moment that the war was nearing its end. The Boer situation is by no means so desperate as it has been represented, and so far from the fighting force being diminished it is augmented by the Cape Colonists, not all of Dutch origin, whom the executions of Louw, Lotter, Coetsee, Scheepers and others, and the arbitrary enforcement of martial law against all the neutral Dutch colonists, have driven into rebellion. The casualty lists issued by the British War Office show that in the month of January alone, encounters of greater or lesser importance took place at no fewer than 234 points, the greater number being on the ground where Botha and De Wet are operating, while fifty-four were in the Cape Colony. The blockhouse lines with their wire fences appear to offer but an indifferent obstacle to the Boers, while the provisioning of the long lines of posts away from the railways will, as the winter progresses be very difficult. It is doubtless that this consideration which will impel the British to make a great effort to finish the war before the end of June, and the Boers to force the British to use up their animals in fruitless chases and drives.

If it is true that De Wet has been located near Boshof in the western Orange River country, the Boers have begun new tactics, and are seeking to force Lord Kitchener to operate at long distances eastward and westward from his line of communications with Cape Colony, and to exhaust his horses and transport while the eastern commandos menace his connections with Natal and Lorenzo Marques. A very moderate success in this policy would prove dangerous in the extreme for the British, whose forces would be compelled to scatter, and be exposed at all points to such blows as the genius of Delarey contrives and De Wet knows how to deliver. The inefficiency of the raw material sent out from England, added to the demoralization among the older troops remarked by the Boer leaders in the field in their reports to their agents in Europe, appear to make it more desirable than ever for the British Government to end the war by concessions, rather than in the face of other dangers threatening, to continue a policy that nerves the Boers to continue a resistance that must be fatal to one side and exhausting to the other. Already the natives are raising their heads. A deputation of those in the Bloemfontein district waited on the Deputy Administrator on March 12, and among other things asked for the same political rights as are enjoyed by other British subjects: the right to own land; equal educational facilities with the whites, and the representation of the natives by men of their own race. With a want of tact almost incredible, the Deputy Administrator not only bluntly expressed himself opposed to these requests, but in reference to the question of flogging went out of his way to express his opinion that the character of the native required that the use of the lash should be maintained. It is stated that the deputation withdrew in ominous silence, and thus a fresh complication in the South muddle has been created.

THE TREATMENT OF THE CONSUMPTIVE POOR.

A deputation waited upon the Town Council on Monday evening to ask a grant in aid of indigent persons, who, though afflicted with a worse disease than leprosy or smallpox, were yet unable to secure treatment. The theory generally accepted amongst scientists now is that consumption may be easily stamped out by isolating consumptives, just as we do with smallpox patients. In addition, if we would cure them, we must provide them with pure country air. Peterborough is one of the last places to take the matter up, but it can make amends for this by acting promptly. We can do without [illegible] for one summer to utilize the money in a much better way. Many a life sorely needed in a family might in this manner be saved, and those also which the patient may by contact infect.

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Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 9, 1902.

THE PROHIBITION CANDIDATE

Major Miller, although nominally the Conservative, is, in his own declaration, the Prohibition and Labour candidate for this riding. As his policy on the great question of the day is diametrically opposed to that of Mr. Whitney, it is stretching a point for the Conservatives to claim that he is their candidate. Whether he is the authorized Labour candidate or not, is yet to be seen. We think it will be found that Mr. Stratton is the Labour candidate. However, no good can come of belittling Mr. Miller, as a mere shoemaker. This style of criticism is contemptible, and will do more harm to the Liberals than it will do good. Fault was found with the Conservatives for bringing out a butcher in our old friend and popular fellow citizen, Mr. Harry Winch, but we are not aware that this assumption of social superiority of the Liberals injured the Conservatives. That Mr. Stratton will be returned is everywhere admitted, but his majority may not be so large as heretofore. Dr. Ford may have paved his way by his admirable and candid statement of Saturday night, for a victory in the East Riding. He is a man of long standing in temperance circles, and the liquor interest in the East is so small that it will not be considered worth rescuing. The Government will probably be returned again, notwithstanding the diversity and activity of the elements of opposition.

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CHINA'S STUPIDITY

China is rapidly going back to her old policy of opposition to progress. The government is absolutely powerless to develop anything of China's vast natural resources, and it will not allow foreigners to help with this work. The so-called "concessions" are not concessions at all, for the demands of the Government are for a fourth part of the profits, and to this is added a further demand for from 5 to 25 per cent. of the output of coal, iron and precious stones. Such demands are practically prohibitory.

Recently the Chinese Minister at Tokio has protested against the sending of Chinese students to the military schools of Japan on the ground that they might imbibe "revolutionary ideas." There is no hope for a nation that cannot learn even in the hard school of experience, and when China refuses to learn the art of self-defence from Japan after her expensive experience in war, it is useless to hope for anything from the present dynasty. In the interest of humanity, China ought to be opened to the world, and the cruel and crafty old she-devil, who dominates the Imperial court, should be put out of the way of doing further harm. It would be an act of mercy to the Chinese themselves to force upon them some of the civilization of the west.

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BOARD OF HEALTH

The Ashburnham Board of Health Held Their Annual Meeting Last Night

The annual meeting of the Ashburnham Board of Health was held in the Council chamber Monday. Those present were, Mr. J. Smith, Chairman, Messrs Wood, McCarthy, Adams, Wright, Dr. Bingham, Village Health Officer.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting of the Board, the election of chairman of the Board resulted in the re-election of Mr. J. H. Smith.

The report of the Medical Health Officer was presented which showed that in the year 1901 there were 22 deaths. Several cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria broke out but were of a very mild type. During the year several manure heaps and hog pens were removed to a safe distance from dwelling houses. Very few wells were complained of as containing impure water. No complaint was made during the year relating to the bone yard. The citizens generally seem to take great interest in complaining with the requirements of the health act.

Diptheria is largely due to sleeping in damp unventilated rooms, defective plumbing, and bad sewerage. These defects should be carefully looked into. Taking the year all through the authorities are to be congratulated on the very healthy condition of the town.

On motion the report was adopted.

There being no other business to be taken up by the board the meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the chair.

TROOPER TRUSLER IN SOUTH AFRICA

Interesting Letter From Member of Canadian Mounted Rifles

A LOVELY VOYAGE OF 34 DAYS

Arriving at Durban on February 11th—How the Boys Put in Their Time on Route

The following letter reached The Times on Monday from Trooper A. Trusler, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, and will prove interesting reading:

Newcastle, Natal, South Africa,
March 2, 1902

After a lovely voyage of 32 days we arrived at Durban on the 11th of February. Some of the boys thought they were going to land at Cape Town, but on our arrival there we got orders to proceed to Durban, which is 800 miles farther up the coast. The scene was lovely, we being in sight of land all the way from the Cape. It was very hot, however, especially in the Indian ocean, and an ice cream or cream soda would have been very acceptable. On our arrival at Durban, we were very busy unloading horses, luggage, etc., but I was lucky; I happened to be on guard and had a snap. I just sat down eating pineapples and peaches, and roasted the other fellows.

We did not get a chance to see much of Durban, for as soon as our horses, saddles, etc., were unloaded, we entrained for Newcastle, our present camping place. We passed several historic places, such as Pietermaritzburg, Estcourt, Ladysmith, and crossed the Tugela river at the spot where Lieut. Roberts lost his life. We had two hours at Ladysmith, and our curiosity led us to examine some of the holes in buildings caused by the Boer shells, and it was very interesting to see the boys look and talk. It must have been a very trying time indeed for the besieged, for it is surrounded by hills and kopjes all around, and Ladysmith is in a valley, and a beautiful spot.

We arrived at this place tired and hungry, for we got no sleep on the train, and none on the night previous to disembarking. We took our horses off the train and had to lead them about three miles. The heat was terrible, and lo and behold when we got to our camp we found our line ropes had been left behind, consequently we had to stand up with our horses all night and hold them, but they were as tired as we were and did not bother us. Our line ropes came next day and we got a rest that night, and we slept soundly and dreamt of home and friends. We came for hardships and we must submit.

Yesterday morning we sounded reveille at 3 a.m. and in a deluge of rain saddled up and went out for a couple of miles. We got back at 6 o'clock and after coffee and punk we again saddled and were inspected by Lord Kitchener, but we were a nice looking lot, wet to the skin, and everything soiled with mud, but of course out here we are not expected to shine up. Lord Kitchener was well pleased with us, however, and complimented us on the fine shape our horses were in and hoped we would soon be able to take the field and help keep the enemy on the move, and we expect to be on the move in a day or two.

Natal is a fine country, very fertile, and fine grazing for horses everywhere. Fruit is plentiful, and we are always chewing a pineapple or a peach or bananas. This is the wet season and it is raining as I write, and the boys are all in the tent and we are very crowded, 17 men being in one tent. We are well supplied with rations and taking everything into consideration we are as comfortable as could be expected. Major Merritt is kept very busy, as Col. Evans' detachment is not with us, as the party who came on the Victorian have several cases of smallpox and are camped about three miles from us and isolated completely, but there are no new cases since landing.

Dundas and Hubbs are having a chewing match just as I write and we are trying to choke Putty off, but he is all right every other way. All the boys are getting their drill down fine, and enjoy riding.

Well, I guess I will have to close this time. Kindly remember me to the boys at home, and hoping to hear from you soon I am dear Sir, yours respectfully,

(218) TROOPER A. TRUSLER.
1st Troop, E. Squadron, Canadian Mounted Rifles, South Africa.

LINE BEING DRAWN AROUND MURDERER

That is the Conviction of Those Who Ought to Know

DETECTIVES WORKING QUIETLY

And Believe the Murderer Will Be in Custody in a Few Days—Excitement Dying Out

Brantford, April 8.—Nothing new has appeared on the surface in regard to the murder mystery, but the police authorities have not been idle and the lines are being drawn tighter around the supposed murderer. Although they will not say anything about the matter, they have had a man under suspicion for some time, and have succeeded in working up considerable evidence against him.

More importance is being attached to the fact of the bars of the front gate being found down after the murder was committed. Notwithstanding what Detective Murray says in regard to it, the impression is growing that the man who committed the crime made his escape in that way. A prominent veterinary surgeon living on Dalhousie street states that about 12 o'clock on the night of the murder he heard a man running quickly eastward down the street. Another gentleman who lives a few blocks farther east asserts that he also heard the footsteps passing his house. This would go to show that the murderer made his escape before the crime was discovered, and circumstances favored him as no one seems to have seen him leaving the vicinity of the crime.

The impression continues to grow that the act was committed for purposes of robbery. It will be remembered that about $200, which was known to be in Quirk's possession at the time, has not yet been found.

Another theory as to the motive of the deed that finds much support is that it was inspired by hatred arising from a chicken deal of some time previous.

The whereabouts of Detective Murray are not known, but he is expected back in the city this week. It is generally understood that he is still hard at work on the case, and that he has been tracing up the antecedents of at least one suspected party.

NEW INAUGURATION DAY.

An Effort Being Made to Change the Date of Inauguration

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Washington, D.C., April 7.—In response to the invitation of the District Commissioners the Governors of several states will gather in Washington to-day to further consider the proposition to change Inauguration Day from March 4 to a date later in the spring, when there is likely to be fair weather. Those Governors who were unable to accept the invitation in person have sent their views in writing so that the conference will bring out a full expression of opinion.

The resolution which passed the Senate recently set the last Thursday in April as the day for inauguration. There is some following for the proposition to name April 30, as that is the date on which President Washington was first inaugurated. A majority of the Governors, however, seem to favor the last Thursday in April, and will support the Senate resolution.

◆

ASHBURNHAM COUNCIL

Large Amount of Business Transacted—Union Scale of Wages Adopted

The regular meeting of the Ashburnham village Council was held in the Council chamber Monday. Those present were Reeve Smith, Councilor Johnston, Sheridan, Pollock, Adams.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were presented and ordered to be paid,—

Peterboro Hardware Co	$ 9 40
Harry Thompson (stamps)	1 00
Dr. Bingham	12 50
A. H. Stratton	95
J. E. A. Fitzgerald	5 35
Pay sheet 5	63 85
Pay sheet 6	10 75

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

The statement of Receipts and Expenditure presented by the Treasurer showed the Receipts from March to April 5, to be $193.75 and Expenditure to $1,718.39.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From the Ashburnham Civic Association asking that the village council take steps to number the houses in the village,—Received.

From the Mother Superior, asking the village to assist in keeping a poor woman in the House of Providence, the woman having been in the house during the greater part of the winter. Mr. Pollock was instructed to look into the matter. A sum of $3.50 was granted.

The tenders for street watering brought out five tenders ranging from $215.00 to $360.00. The tender of Mr. Martin Kylie at $215.00 was accepted.

The communication from the Civic Association was referred to a committee to enquire into.

The sum of $100.00 being the proceeds from the sale of a gravel lot was voted toward the sinking fund.

A By-law authorizing the Village Treasurer to borrow the sum of $5000 to meet the expenses for the current year was passed.

Mr. O'Connell was refunded the sum of $11.90, being price paid at Treasurers sale of lands for taxes as no proper title could be obtained for the property.

A large deputation from the American Federation of Labor interviewed the Council of the village regarding the notice given by the Union and asking that the scale set be paid by the village. The Reeve stated that neither Mr Fitzgerald or he himself had any power to pay more than $1.25. He did not consider it fair to the corporation paying $1.50 to all comers. He was willing to sanction a maximum wage of $1.50, this would be for a first class man, other laborers to be paid according to their ability. Considerable discussion arose over the subject. It was decided that the council pay $3.00 per day for teamsters for a day of nine hours. Laboring men to be paid $1.50 to date from 7th day of April 1902.

The Council adjourned.

◆

WILL SOON BE FREE

Pare, the Napanee Bank Burglar, will be Released in June

(Special Telegram to The Times)

Napanee, April 7—George Pare, of the Dominion Bank robbery fame here, has nearly terminated his three years' sentence at the Kingston penitentiary. His term will expire in May or June. The News says he will have to be taken to the hospital for another operation on his leg, which was amputated above the knee last year. He is now a sick man. He is a wealthy man because of his plunder. He is an ingenious mechanic and has made himself a wooden leg since the amputation. Holden's time will expire in another year.

◆

Sudden deaths on the increase.—People apparently well and happy to-day, to-morrow are striken down, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the heart is the cause. The king of heart remedies, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, is within reach of all. It relieves in 30 minutes, and cures most chronic cases.—98

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with [illegible]
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and hiss—
"'Tis not the snow we used to know!"

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 22.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know, but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs. Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—Town Topics.

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Not Getting Everything.

An English correspondent writes:—Apropos of the frequent announcements going the rounds of the newspaper press regarding the capture of machinery orders by American firms in markets which the British manufacturers had previously dominated (certain identical reports being frequently repeated "ad nauseam" in the same journals in different forms), it is refreshing to get a glimpse of the other side of the question, and to find that one, at least, of the representatives of our chief staple industry requires not the admonition to "wake up."

An old-established firm of English flour mill engineers have just secured the contract for the supply and erection of a large flour mill on the most modern system in North China. More than one firm of American makers were competing for the work, and, although they claimed to produce by their process better qualities and higher percentages of flour, the English firm in question was able to satisfy the buyers as to the superiority of their machinery and its ability to produce qualities and percentages equal, or superior to, the Americans.

This English house takes the contract at a price below any of the American houses, and has undertaken to ship the whole plant in ten weeks from date of acceptance of order. The firm in question is an Ipswich concern, which some months since shipped a similar complete flour mill to China, the order for which was also secured in competition with America.

About Britain's Food Supply.

To the discussion on the food supply of Great Britain in war time Mr. J. Holland Rose has lately made a contribution, which involves a curious point in the history of the Napoleonic war. Mr. Rose, it may be stated, is a competent historical critic, and the author of several works upon modern history. Recently he published a life of Napoleon, which has attracted a good deal of attention. In this work he examined at length Napoleon's commercial war with Britain, and in the current issue of The Monthly Review he places before the public in concise form some of the results of his investigations. The remarkable fact is set forth by Mr. Rose that Napoleon never attempted to starve England out, and that his famous continental system was directed to checking British exports to, but not to checking British imports from, the countries to which it was applied.

At that time Great Britain had a population of about 12 millions. In ordinary years the home harvest yielded grain enough for 49 weeks' supply of this population, and a quantity of wheat amounting to three weeks' supply, or about 5 per cent. of the total consumption, had to be imported. The Baltic countries, more particularly East Prussia and Russia, and New York were the sources from which Great Britain drew this 5 or 6 per cent. of her wheat supply. From 1809 to 1812 the harvests were bad, and the quantity of grain needed amounted to twenty weeks' supply, or about 40 per cent. of the total amount consumed. The chief grain route was from the Baltic through the North Sea, and French privateers to get at it had to slip through the Straits of Dover; the British navy always had a heavy preponderance, and after Trafalgar was the only navy on the sea.

In 1799 the fact that war with France—which was not a source of grain supply—had not affected the price of wheat caused some comment, and William Pitt drew from this the conclusion that war in general did not affect the price of food. Almost immediately afterwards the Armed Neutrality League of the Baltic powers was formed, and 1801 found Great Britain at war with the countries which constituted her European grain supply. By March the price of wheat was $4.75 a bushel! But Nelson won the battle of Copenhagen, and the Tsar Paul was murdered; the Armed Neutrality fell to pieces, peace was restored, trade was resumed—and in June wheat was down to $3.85 a bushel, and in December it was $2.25 a bushel.

In 1809 two things happened. The harvest was bad, and Napoleon had gained virtual control of the Prussian and Russian grainfields, the Baltic counties entering the continental blockade. The close of the year found wheat at 103 shillings a quarter, or about $3.10 a bushel. But in this and the following year an extraordinary turn was given to the situation. Napoleon allowed, and even encouraged, the export of wheat from France and Italy to England. In 1810 sixteen million bushels of wheat were shipped from that part of Europe to England. Yet the price of bread in England was thirty cents a four-pound loaf, and nearly half of the traders of England made compositions with their creditors.

In 1812 the harvests were bad all over Europe, so that the strange windfall from France and Italy was cut off, Napoleon finding it necessary to import wheat into France. Simultaneously war broke out with the United States, the other source of grain supply for England. Wheat rose to $4.90 a bushel, and the best Dantzig wheat fetched $5.45 a bushel. But at the end of 1812 Napoleon's Russian campaign collapsed; in 1813 the eastern Europe granary was open to English ships; there was at last a good harvest at home, and by August, 1813, the price was down to $3.35 a bushel. There had been a fearful social crisis, and the Luddite riots had shown signs of passing into a conflict between the industrial and agricultural portions of the population. The extraordinary price of wheat had greatly increased the area devoted to wheat-growing in England, and this probably furnished the margin which enabled the country to get through the lean years. On the high seas British warships seized neutral ships laden with grain, and forced them to go into British ports.

Why did Napoleon send wheat to his bitterest enemy, which at the moment was, for want of bread, on the brink of a civil war? His idea of crippling England's commerce was to prevent her from exporting, and to encourage her to import. He seems to have believed that the loss of the gold she would pay for the wheat would hurt her more than its incoming would benefit her. His definite, precise instructions to Eugene, Viceroy of Italy, to encourage the export of food to England and elsewhere are quoted by Mr. Rose. A more singular passage of history could scarcely be conceived—the arch-conqueror feeding the starving foe who confronted him!

"Is your mamma cross? Mine is awful cross! Does your mamma say 'Hush!' when you laugh or make a little bit of a noise? My mamma does. She has nerves, papa says."

The mother who overheard this account of herself would feel heart-broken to think of the shadow cast by her misery on those she loved. Yet her condition is real. Her nerves are strained to the point of torture. Lack of appetite and loss of sleep increase her weakness.

Such a condition may, in general be traced to disease of the delicate womanly organism, a cure for which is found in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

"I had been a constant sufferer from uterine disease for five years," writes Mrs. J. A. Stearts, of Yankee Dam, Clay Co., West Virginia, "and for six months previous to taking your medicine I was not out of my room. Could not walk or stand, as there was such pain and drawing in left side and bearing-down weight in region of uterus, accompanied with nervousness. I suffered constantly with headache, pain in back, shoulders, arms and chest; and could not sleep nor lie down. When I had taken three bottles of the medicine the periods were regulated, I was not so nervous, could sleep well, and the pain in side and bearing down had vanished. My health is better at this time than it has been in five years."

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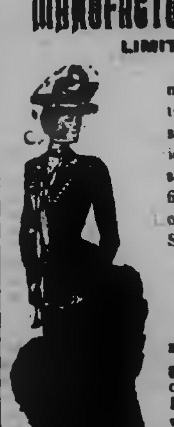

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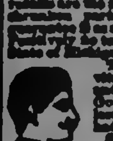

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◆

"The last time I saw Gwimple, son of the street car magnate, he told me he was going to begin at the bottom of the business and work his way up. Do you know what he's doing now?"

"He tried to be a conductor on a trolley car, but gave it up at the end of the first day."

"What was the matter?"

"He said he couldn't stand the infernal cigars the fellows smoke on the rear platform.—Chicago Tribune.

◆

"How old is that mule you're wanting to sell?"

"Well, suh, he ain't so ol', we'en you take him up en down en all roun'. De truth is, I hes done come ter de conclusion dat he ain't ol' at all."

"Why, they tell me he went through the Civil War."

"I knows he did, suh; but he went lak lightnin', en hit didn't take 'im no time ter git ter whar he is now!"—Atlanta Constitution.

◆

Patience—When he proposed do you suppose the words came from his mouth or from his heart?

Patrice—Both, I guess. He looked as if his heart was in his mouth.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆

Hewitt—I've lost my best friend.

Jewett—Why don't you advertise for it?

Hewitt—What do you mean?

Jewett—I thought you said you had lost your pocket-book.—Smart Set.

◆

First Chorus Girl—I just read that the star sprained her ankle.

Second Chorus Girl—That's fame. You and I would have to break our necks to get our names in the papers.—New York Sun.

◆

"Is that a historical novel you're reading?"

"That's what they called it at the library, but it seems to me to be more hysterical than anything else."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆

William Dean Howells has adopted the rule that all applicants for his autograph must first furnish satisfactory proof that they have read his books.

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"Have you bought my last book?"

To this the young woman replied:—

"I sincerely hope so."—Philadelphia Times.

◆

"Minnie has a good heart?"

"Has she?"

"Yes, just as soon as she heard about the poverty of that Bagg street family she sent them such a lovely bouquet."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

◆

A tramp rang the doorbell of Dr. Mary Morrison's house the other day, and when a pleasant-faced woman came to the door he asked her if she would be so kind as to ask the doctor if he had an old pair of trousers to give to a needy man.

"I'm the doctor," said the smiling woman.

The tramp fled.—Philadelphia Times.

◆

Friend—You had a very fashionable audience, didn't you?

Pianist—Yes, at one time there was not a single person in the room who was listening.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

◆

"Darling," said Mrs. Kaflippe, "you must quit associating with that Parker girl. Don't ever permit yourself to be seen out anywhere in her company again."

"Why, mamma," the child asked, "what is the matter?"

"A dreadful thing has happened. Her mother called here this afternoon and left her card. It is the style that we abandoned at least six months ago. They must be running dreadfully behind."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆

"What is a Captain of Industry?" asked the boy who is going to be very wise some day.

"It is a term that is applied to the head of a great monopoly when he is at a banquet."

"And what is a robber Baron?"

"It's the same thing when he is in politics."—Washington Star.

◆

First Spectator—Football is a game of surprises and contradictions.

Second Ditto—Yes, indeed. Why, for instance, do they call the seats stands?—Harvard Lampoon.

◆

Shopman—What style of hat do you wish, sir?

Cholly—Ah! I am not particular about the style; something to suit my head, don't ye know.

Shopman—Step this way and look at our soft felts.—Tit-Bits.

◆

The Atlanta Constitution the other day received the following letter:—

"Sur an Frend: Do the Carnage liberrary lend Books teech Matthewmattics to Outside your Citie? I want Oulie Books on Matthewmattics, as I am all right on spelin an am a purty good Grammatician if I do say it Miself. I kin Spel an Grammarize but Matthewmattics is one too Much for Me."

Englishman—"You have some pretty high buildings in Chicago, haven't you?" Chicagoan (in London)—"I should say we have. Why, the tops of some of them are covered with snow all the year round."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"My darling, I have come back to you—at last!"

A voice broke the horrible stillness. It was a stranger's from within, sharp and discordant.

He touched the brass knocker with a trembling hand, and it seemed to him the length of eternity before the door was opened.

He knew that he must call for the farmer; he could not trust himself to call for Daisy just yet.

The door was opened at length, and the woman started back at the white face of the stranger standing there.

"I should like to see Mr. Gordon," he said, raising his hat courteously with a low bow; but, even as he spoke, his yearning eyes roved past her to see if he could discern a glove, a hat, a bit of ribbon —anything that would be likely to belong to Daisy.

It had been a ludicrous mistake, imagining her to have been Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, yet, after all, he would not give up Daisy, penniless though she was, for a thousand Miss Ruthvens.

After he and Daisy were far away he told himself that he would write back and clear Miss Ruthven from all knowledge of that marriage in which her name had figured so prominently.

He repeated his question, for the woman was looking at him curiously —could he see Mr. Gordon?

"You don't seem to know, sir," she answered, "that Mr. Gordon does not live here any more."

The shock was so great that Harold St. John fell back against the casement of the door like one who had been dealt a heavy blow.

"Where have he and his family gone?" he asked, and the voice which asked the question was scarcely human in its agonized intensity.

"That no one seems to know hereabouts," she replied. "They left very suddenly, and very secretly, too, sir, leaving no address behind them."

"He took his daughters with him —all of them, I suppose?" interrogated St. John, hoarsely.

"Of course, sir," assented the woman; "Farmer Gordon set great store by his girls, and the youngest one, Daisy, was dearer to him than the apple of his eye."

"Did she —did Daisy want to go?" he asked breathlessly.

"I couldn't answer that," she replied, eyeing him curiously. "I should rather imagine not, though, for she was always in tears; and she grew so pale and thin that people who used to know her would never have recognized her."

The handsome stranger turned about with a muttered imprecation.

"I see how it is," he muttered fiercely, as he turned away. "Daisy has confessed our marriage to her father, but to no one else, and when the old farmer learned of my escape from the fate that awaited me, knowing I would come here to claim my bride, he has spirited Daisy off; but I will follow him to the end of the world, and take her from him. She is mine! No one shall part us!"

He made the most diligent inquiries, but all efforts to trace the whereabouts of Farmer Gordon proved futile.

Deep and loud were the threats of vengeance he muttered against the farmer.

He made it the business of his life to search for Daisy. Sooner or later he would find her.

He would not believe that she had gone away willingly —she was coerced in the matter, he was quite sure.

The terrible disappointment made him desperate. He fell a victim to his old habit of drink again to drown trouble in forgetfulness, and sunk lower from bad to worse, but through it all, low as he had fallen, associated as he was with criminals, he never once gave up his hope of finding Daisy and compelling her to live with him.

"The wife should share the husband's lot," he would tell himself grimly.

It so happened in the midst of his wanderings he drifted out to California, and on the same day Alexander Hamilton was reading the article in the papers in his room at the hotel, a dark-browed stranger was signing his name in the register, glancing furtively about him to see if, by any possible chance, any one had recognized him.

The man was Harold St. John. Beneath the same roof with Daisy — at last. Only heaven could have foretold how it would end.

As he stood there scanning the register, his eyes suddenly encountered the name of Alexander Hamilton and wife, New York.

His brow darkened.

"I had just as good a chance of being thought well of in the world as Hamilton did when we were college boys together," he mused; "now he is something very near a millionaire out there, while I——" A hard, bitter laugh burst from his lips— "I am a convict— a criminal— a nobody — whom the proud and mighty Alexander Hamilton would not deign to know now.

"I should like to crush him," he mused bitterly. "Why should he be happy in his love dream, while I am so miserable in mine?"

He had a curiosity to see what Alexander's bride was like. No doubt he would see her at luncheon.

It was rather a grim notion which seized him to ask to be seated at the same table with Alexander Hamilton, feeling sure that his disguise defied detection.

His eyes lit up with a savage gleam as, glancing at the farther end of the spacious dining-room, he saw Aleck approaching, and by his side a fair-haired young girl.

He would not stare at them, he thought, dropping his eyes— plenty of time for a quiet, thorough scrutiny when they were seated opposite him.

CHAPTER XII.

"My Sin Has Found Me Out."

For one moment after Aleck Hamilton seated himself there was a leaden, in that silence Harold St. John raised his eyes to the fair, girlish face beside him— she was just turning to him with a pretty gesture of impatience.

"I am so sorry your wife is not able to come down," she said, "we had arranged for a drive in the park."

"It is nothing more serious than a headache; I hope you will persuade her to keep that promise," responded Aleck— "I think a drive in the fresh air would benefit her."

Harold St. John turned away; this was evidently not Aleck's wife then.

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Struggles of a Newspaper.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives the following interesting sketch of the ups and downs of The London Daily News, which is being run under its new proprietors without the usual betting column, and which will also refuse to report all sports other than those of a clean and healthy character:—

"Mr. Cadbury's programme for his new 'Daily News' has reminded me of the introductory article of that journal's first editor, which appeared in its first number on Wednesday, January 21, 1846. "We seek at once," Dickens wrote, 'to preserve our own self-respect, and to be respected, for ourselves, and for it, by our readers.' Interesting, too, is the list of original proprietors of the 'D.N.' It comprised Bradbury & Evans, Sir William Jackson, Sir Joshua Walmsley, and Sir Joseph Paxton. They had at their back a capital of £100,000, paid up and underwritten. They were to pay Dickens £2,000 a year, and the salaries of the staff were liberal in proportion.

"Many, too, were the earlier occupants of the editorial chair. After Dickens, who sat there for seventeen days, came Forster, Eyre Evans Crowe, Knight Hunt. William Weir, Thomas Walker, F. H. Hill, H. W. Lucy. Mr. Lucy's first year of office was his last. The names of those who have succeeded him are more familiar."

Best Breed of Fowls.

There is no best breed of fowls. That claim is chiefly made by sellers and secretaries of specialty clubs for every breed that exists. "Best on earth" blasts can always be found in a certain class of poultry journals. Then there are honest but mistaken opinions expressed by those who, having kept one breed under conditions unfitting that breed, have discarded it and substituted another breed for which the conditions were fitting, and, consequently, better results were obtained. Strains vary much; individuals vary more than any intrinsic differences between breeds.

Some breeders have bred and selected their birds of one breed for many years, with due regard to utility; other breeders have bred and selected the same breed for many years with no regard to anything save feathers, markings, combs and color of shanks and eyes.

To a certain small extent housing must be different for different breeds. For small, lean, active, lightly-feathered birds the houses need to be somewhat warmer in winter than is necessary for large, phlegmatic, heavily-feathered birds.

To a somewhat greater extent, freedom to forage must be greater for one breed than is necessary for another. The small, nervous, active birds do not thrive well under close confinement, and generally the possibility of thrift under confinement is directly proportional to the size of the breed.

It must be admitted that birds, even of largest breeds, that have been reared in freedom will not do well in close confinement; also that fertility of eggs for any breed largely depends on fresh air and exercise in fresh air.

But it is in feeding that the greatest changes are required. All fowls should be compelled to make full use of any foraging opportunities. The full day's rations for fowls of one size and equal activity need to be, in amount and proportion of nutriments, such as fit the climatic conditions of the time or place. And the amount of total food, proportions of proteine, carbon-hydrates and fats must be different for birds of other sizes and degrees of activity.

Young Canada Grain Culture.

The last annual report of the Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion is remarkably interesting reading generally, but more especially where it refers to the progress that is being made by young Canadians along the lines of practical grain culture. With a view to stimulating increased interest in the growing and systematic selection of seed grain, a competition among boys and girls living on Canadian farms was started in the spring of 1900. To encourage them in this work, Sir William C. Macdonald of Montreal donated the sum of $10,000 to be given in cash prizes, according to plans which were arranged by Professor Robinson. These prizes are distributed under the supervision of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

The competitors in the seed grain competition are growing seed grain on specially prepared plots of land, one-quarter of an acre in each plot, selecting seed each year from these plots to sow on the plot for the succeeding year. They gather large, well-filled heads from vigorous plants before the grain is cut and after all the conditions of growth have been observed, and then thresh these heads. By screening and hand-picking the large, well-developed grains, from these selected heads, the seed for next year's seed-grain plot is secured. This came and manner of selecting seed has now been conducted for two years on over eight hundred Canadian farms, which are fairly well distributed throughout the Dominion.

The expressions of appreciation which have been received from the parents and teachers of many of the boys and girls who have undertaken the work of managing a seed grain plot have been most gratifying. The nature study connected with the selection of seed-grain, according to the system followed, is as helpful as it is interesting. There can be no doubt, as Professor Robertson has stated elsewhere, that a systematic continued selection of seed-grain from the most vigorous and productive plants in the plots will lead to great improvement in the crops throughout the whole of the country. The educational influence of the seed-grain competition is exerting a wholesome effect upon boys and girls whose school years are nearly ended, and who may never again be offered an inducement sufficient to awaken and to develop a liking for a careful and educational study of nature and nature's methods. This "Progressive agriculture" branch of the Macdonald Manual Training fund is growing in influence and usefulness; and there is good reason to anticipate with confidence that it will prove of perpetual advantage to Canada, not only through the improvement of seed-grain, but also through the increased intelligence and enlarged abilities of the boys and girls who have taken part in the competitions.

The Poultry Yard.

Nobody can tell yet how ideally correct feeding can be practised. It is less than useless for anybody in New Jersey to tell us how he feeds Minorcas successfully if another man in northern Michigan or Wisconsin is going to copy without change. It is not even advisable to adopt unchanged the rations of one man for a flock of equal numbers, same breed, in the next county, next town, next farm.—Jas. Shackleton, Shoal Falls, N.J., in New York Tribune Farmer.

These days, when the ground in the henyards is too often deep with mud, is almost as likely to cause roup or other disease in the fowl as any season of the year, especially if accompanied with cold winds or a little rain. It is better in such weather to keep the hens in the house most of the time, as the floor in that and the scratching shed should be dry and well covered with a litter of dry chopped straw. Open doors and windows to give them pure air, but keep them out of the mud.

Sunflower Seeds for the Layers.

Dried sunflower seeds are egg-producing, and can be fed sparingly in place of meat scraps, as they contain a goodly supply of oil. The sunflower heads are a fine thing for fowls to peck at on a cold winter's day, to extricate the seeds. Thus they get exercise that gives warmth and health.

When one has spare ground near the hennery it is a good plan to plant a plot of sunflowers for the fowls to work at during the fall. It will keep them out of mischief elsewhere. We break down several heads each day for the layers to eat.

These seeds give the fowls a glossy coat, a red comb, activity, and a generous supply of eggs.—E.L.H.

Feeding Incubator Chicks.

The Country Gentleman gives the following various methods of feeding incubator chicks, which have met with success:—

1. No food is to be given in any case till the chicks are 24 hours old. For the first meal boil some eggs at least twenty minutes. Clear eggs from the incubator will do. Mash these eggs very fine and mix egg, shell and all with bread crumbs equal parts, and feed a little of this for the first day. For the rest of the first week give them for morning meal some small oatmeal; after that some small cracked wheat, one meal a day of the egg and bread-crumbs, the rest of the ration for the first week to be the very small crushed oats and wheat. From that time feed once a day a mash feed composed of one-third each of bran, cornmeal and ground oats, with a little meat in it. As the chicks grow older add a little more meat each week, and do not forget a little bone meal at all times in the mash, just a little for each chick. Let the rest of their ration be broken corn, wheat and a little millet seed; if some oatmeal so much the better, but above all things compel them to hunt and dig in chaff and sand for all the grain food.

2. For the first two days rolled oats every two hours, or as often as the chicks are hungry; then for two days one feed per day of mash made from any good chick meal; mix in the mash some fine chick grit. After four days old, one feed of the mash per day, the rest of their food broken wheat and corn, some little millet seed, small rolled oats and plenty of green food. This is quite simple, but gives good results.

3. To push for quick growth in the shortest time, their first meal should be small broken or rolled oats, thrown into or upon sharp, bright sand. This is continued till the chicks are one week old. From the time they have their first feed of rolled oats the broiler chick should be fed every two hours till it goes to the market at eight or ten weeks old. For the first week give them every two hours a small feed of rolled oats, small cracked wheat and a little millet seed—never more than one-fifth of their food to be millet. At all times furnish some kind of green or vegetable food, and for the first three weeks have the wheat, oats and corn quite small for them. From now till finished for the market feed every two hours as much as they will eat. Give one good feed a day of the mash, and throw all the grain food into the chaff for them to hunt for.

The mash food should be composed of equal parts of wheat, bran, ground oats and cornmeal, with a little meat scrap and bone meal in it. As the chicks grow older increase the meat supply in the mash and feed the wheat whole, and the broken corn can be a little larger. Give plenty of green food and vegetables cut fine, no clover meal for broiler chicks, and be sure that the meat scrap is nice and sweet, or it will taint the delicate flavor of the broiler. When fed so strongly, they must have plenty of exercise and fresh air, also all the water they wish and plenty of grit. Hot milk is the best for mixing the mash. At all times, as soon as they are old enough, make the young chicks hunt and dig in the chaff and sand for their grain food. Some kinds of chicks will not stand such strong feeding. It turns them on their backs and they die. Experiment a little, and keep close watch on them from day to day.

4. First day hard boiled eggs and bread crumbs, as in No. 1. For the rest of the first week, baked bread made of corn meal, bran, middlings and a little cheap flour—this to be mixed with three or four clear eggs from the incubator and some milk. Bake as you do corn bread, crumble fine and feed to the chicks alternately with small oatmeal and broken wheat. As the chicks grow older feed broken corn, whole wheat and millet seed; throw this into the chaff for them to dig for. After two weeks old use the bread mixture for a mash food for once a day, and add to it some good sweet meat scraps.

We trust that the above may help in the rearing of young chicks. At all times a little green cut bone is good for the growing chick. Plenty of green food cut fine is absolutely necessary; so is plenty of grit, water, exercise and fresh air, and above all things brooders, brooder houses, floors, water vessels and feed troughs must be absolutely clean. Keep the floor of the runway clean, and it must be free from dampness. We rather prefer ground oats in the mash to stover meal. The chicks like it better, and it furnishes the roughage or husks in a better form for the chick.

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 25 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 32 per cent. write in the [illegible]

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

Grass lands deserve as much attention in spring as any other portion of the farm. Grass is really the mainspring of farming, for wherever there is a good stand of grass there will be an excellent prospect for hay, pasturage and soil improvement. Fertilizer should be applied before grass starts, and the spring rains will carry it down to the roots and give the crop an early start, which will greatly assist in enduring drought in the summer. No pasturage or grass plot should be expected to give crops without manure or fertilizer. Wood ashes make an excellent fertilizer for grass, and a light application of nitrate of soda will give good results. If cattle are given the run of a grass plot when the grass is young they will do more harm to the grass by trampling than can result from any other cause. Grass exhausts the soil the same as any other crop, and the land must be supplied with the plant foods removed. If there are bare places in the pasture use the harrow over them and sow mixed varieties of grass seeds.

The widespread interest in the dairy industry is shown by the returns just received by Superintendent Creelman of the new dairy institute meetings in western Ontario. Fourteen gatherings were held, and there was an aggregate attendance of 2,200. Expert instruction was given on the feeding and care of the dairy cow, and on the care, handling and manufacturing of milk. A series of twelve meetings are now in progress in eastern Ontario. Mr. Creelman, as Secretary of the Fruit Growers' Association, has also completed arrangements for 47 fruit institute meetings, covering the fruit sections of the Province, to begin on Friday and last until the middle of April. These will include valuable orchard demonstrations.

A Very Important Business.

Dairying is a very important business, and a herd of good cows is worth more in every respect than any other kind of stock. The bovine is both meat and milk for the human family, without which existence is almost impossible. Note the capacity of each cow and feed accordingly, as some will be found able to pay for better feeding than others. In order to know this, weigh each cow's product; then, knowing what the feed costs, it is a very easy matter to know whether you are feeding at a profit or loss.

Have a silo if possible; if not, then secure an abundance of corn fodder, well cured, with some roots and a good supply of brain, oil meal, corn meal and ground oats. These, with good early cut clover or cowpea hay, will provide a good range of rich milk-producing food. Now, with a warm, well-lighted and properly ventilated stable, with absorbent to save all the manure, both liquid and solid, you are ready to feed your cows for profit. Feed liberally, but not blindly. Weigh and compound a balanced ration.—L. K. Kerr in Agricultural Epitomist.

Keep Hogs Thrifty.

The hog seems to need some earthy or mineral matter to enable it to digest its food well. For this purpose many give salt, wood ashes and charcoal, allowing them to eat it as they please, and they usually are pleased to eat it pretty freely, especially the breeding stock kept over winter, and it has been found by test that fattening hogs put on flesh more rapidly when they can resort to this mixture as they please. It prevents the gravel eating, which sometimes seems to keep them from growing. The Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, sends out the following recipe, which we are not sure is any better than the one we give above. Charcoal, sulphur and black antimony, of each one pound, mixed with common salt, baking soda, sulphate of soda, hyposulphite of soda, of each two pounds. If given in the feed, one teaspoonful is allowed daily to each hog. The hogs also need in winter, especially the breeding sows, either roots or green feed of some kind. We think raw roots are better than cooked ones, but if they are not at hand give every day a lock of clover hay. They will always eat it greedily.—American Cultivator.

The Unproductive Cows.

What to do with the unproductive cows is a question that is puzzling many farmers to-day. Much of the stock on hand will not return the value of the feed needed to keep the animals. If the poorer animals of the herd are old cows, which have passed their period of usefulness for the dairy, I would advise selling for what they will bring as second quality beef. Old dairy cows will not return in their final value the cost of the feed necessary to fatten them. Heifers or cows in the prime of life may pay for fattening. This depends on the amount of feed which must be purchased and used in this way.

Homegrown corn and cottonseed meal are the most economical grains to use in fattening. I would advise feeding animals that are being fattened but little coarse fodder, and of this would use the poorer grades, such as second quality hay and corn stover, but would feed liberally of grain for from four to six weeks, and then sell for what the animals will bring.

A grain ration made up of four hundred pounds of corn meal and two hundred pounds of cottonseed meal should produce a rapid gain. This ration should be fed at the rate of from six to ten pounds a day, according to the size of the animal. All animals will gain faster during the early part of the fattening period, but at the present prices of feeds will probably not gain enough to pay for the feed if the fattening process is followed up beyond a certain point. This point can only be accurately ascertained by frequent weighing, but will probably not be later than six weeks after feeding begins.—Prof. C. S. Phelps, in New-England Homestead.

Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?" "Never," answered Miss Cayenne; "when I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed, I merely mention a name and proceed to listen."—Washington "Star."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office) —Shure, doctor, Oi think Oi have appendicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Editor Morning Times

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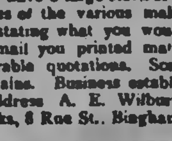

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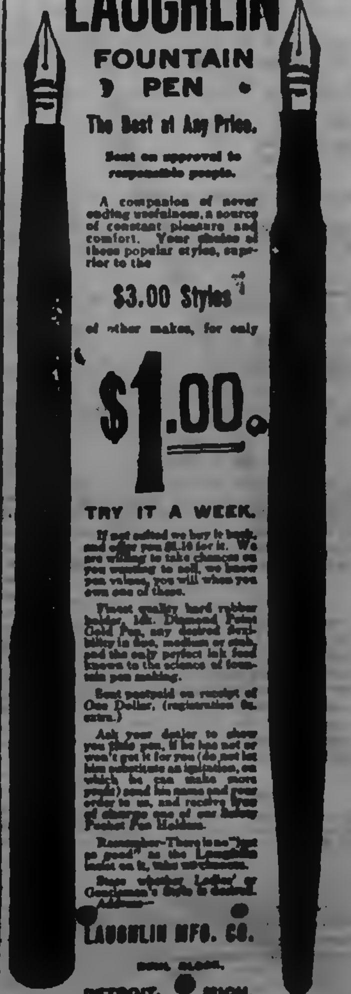

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 9, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The ice has disappeared from Chemong Lake.

—The water cart yesterday did good service in sprinkling the streets to keep down the dust.

—The high wind yesterday did considerable damage to the trees in Jackson Park.

—The senior school boys will be photographed this afternoon by Green & Son, in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium.

—Workmen are busily engaged in renovating the store formerly occupied by Buse & Goselin, in the Market Block.

—Work is progressing rapidly on the large brick chimney at the Cereal works. The chimney is now several feet above the roof of the boiler house. When completed it will be about 125 feet in height.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather last night, the attendance at the regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham Civic Association was not very large. Several questions of interest were discussed, but will be more fully taken up at the next meeting when a larger attendance is expected.

—A few of the leading citizens of Fenelon Falls are actively pushing the scheme inaugurated last year to attract summer visitors to that pleasantly situated village. They purchased 25 acres of wooded land on the shore of Cameron lake, and this spring they will erect a couple of comfortable cottages for rental.

—The News-Letter says Orillia will probably be able to boast of a shoe factory before the year is out. Local men are at the head of the enterprise. That town appears to be blessed with a bunch of very enterprising citizens who invest their money in business undertakings that help to build up the town and increase its population in preference to becoming mere money lenders who profit through the industry of others. The man who furnishes employment at fair wages to half a dozen of his fellow-citizens is worth a round dozen of the drones mentioned.

Charge Dismissed

The charge of selling liquor during prohibited hours preferred against the proprietor of the National Hotel was resumed at the Police Court yesterday morning. The evidence went to show that no liquor had been sold and the case was dismissed.

Stony Lake Cottagers' Association

The annual meeting of the Stony Lake Cottagers Association will be held in the board room at the Toronto Savings and Loan Co's offices on George street, on Thursday evening. Reports for the past year will be presented and officers elected for the coming year. All interested in summering on Stony Lake should be in attendance.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cts.

Last Night's Fire

About 10.15 last night an alarm of fire was turned in to which the brigade responded promptly. The fire was in a large double house on Sherbrooke street owned by Mrs. Thomas Henry. Mrs. Henry has occupied the west half of the house and was preparing to sell her household goods on Thursday. The fire was located in the cellar way and was reached with great difficulty, owing to the dense volumes of smoke. How the blaze originated is a mystery. The damage will amount to about $50, and is fully covered by insurance.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish its paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. Carnegie, M.P.P. for East Victoria, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Eileen Fair has returned to Bishop Strachan's School, Toronto, after spending the holidays in town.

—Mr. P. M. Anderson, of Keene, is in town on a business trip. He is a guest at the Morgan House.

—Miss Pearl Lundy left yesterday afternoon to resume her studies at St. Margaret's Ladies College, Toronto.

—Misses Madge and Helen Davidson, who have been spending the holidays at their home have returned to St. Margaret's Ladies' College, Toronto.

—Miss A. Maxwell, of Stratford, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Mollie Meldrum during the holidays, returned to Dufferin School, Toronto, yesterday.

—Mr. Ves LeBar returned yesterday morning from Ottawa, where he had been on business for a day or two.

—Mrs. Charles M. Stanley's many friends will regret to hear that she is at present suffering from the effects of a very severe cold.

—Mr. Steve Holland, of the American House, is in Toronto, as a Crown witness in the Jackson trial which is in progress there.

—Mr. Fred Holwell, of Stratford, has accepted a position in the Wm. Hamilton works. Mr. Holwell is a clarionet player of ability and will be welcomed by the members of the 57th Regt. Band.

—Mr. R. H. Leary took a run up to Lindsay yesterday morning, to see his old friend, Mr. John Mumey, of Minden, who was on his way to the North-west, where he will take up ranching.

—Miss Lillie Lumbers, of Toronto, is now at a visit at her uncle's, Mr. James Edgar, Rubidge st., wholesale merchant. Miss Lumbers, although but in her teens, is a musician of considerable merit, and has gained much distinction at the Toronto Conservatory of Music.

—Mr. Chas. Stone, the genial and popular general manager of the International Mercantile Agency, Toronto, was in town yesterday collecting and settling a number of accounts due a defunct company. This, evidently, is not a case of a rolling stone gathering no moss. Mr. Stone contemplates opening a branch of his agency in Peterborough at an early date.

A Good Quarter Dollar's Worth

Is contained in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, which cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, toothache, headache, cramps, sick stomach and indigestion. Mothers find Nerviline is first class liniment for children's sore throat, hoarseness, cold in the chest, and taken in hot water before retiring is a splendid remedy for colds. Don't be without Nerviline; it is the most economical, potent and reliable household liniment made, and costs only 25c.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Kinmount and Orillia to Be Joined

Ottawa Free Press: The Canada Atlantic railway is likely to have a strong competitor in the Great Lakes grain traffic if all goes well with the Irondale and Bancroft railway. Members of the Renfrew delegation, speaking last week, said it was the intention to get direct connection with Georgian Bay. The line is now run from Renfrew to Kinmount and all it needs is the building of a short piece of road from Kinmount to Orillia to have connection with Midland. The through line would be almost direct as the Canada Atlantic. At Midland there are good shipping facilities and it would make an ideal grain port.

The Public Library

The following new books have been supplied to the Public Library:

Audrey (2nd copy)	Johnston
The Magic Wheel	Winter
Some Women I have Known	Maartens
The Men Who Knew Better	Gallon
The Devastators	Cambridge
The Tales of Dunstable Weir	Zac
Naughty Man	Long
The Seige of Lady Resolute	Dickson
She Stands Alone	Ashton

W. C. T. U. Meeting

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held this afternoon at 3.30 in the Y.M.C.A. parlors. A good programme has been prepared and a large attendance is requested.

A FIGHT ON

When You Tell People to Quit Coffee

"At least 75 people among my acquaintances have been helped or cured by leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee in its place," writes a little woman from Independence, Ia. "I will mention one case. Miss Cora——. I learned she was suffering from nervousness and constipation and went to call on her. Found her in bed, and she looked like a living skeleton, so wild and haggard that I feared for her reason.

I asked Cora if she was improving any. She said not, but was gradually growing worse. The doctor was coming twice a day and giving her a powerful nervine. She said, 'I am so miserable that I tell you privately if I don't get better soon I will end it all myself some day.' I told her not to talk that way for I believed it was something he ate or drank that caused the trouble and she might get well by making a change in her diet. I told her my own experience in leaving off coffee when I was in almost as bad a shape as she, and as soon as I mentioned coffee I had a fight on my hands, for she insisted that coffee helped her and her mother backed her in saying that it was "the only thing she did enjoy' and 'she did not believe coffee hurt anyone.'

I talked with them a long time and finally got Cora to agree to let me make a cup of Postum Food Coffee for her supper. She was surprised that it was so good. Said she 'had heard it was terrible wishy-washy stuff.' I told her it was because they did not follow directions in boiling it enough. She promised to use it faithfully for two or three weeks, and if she was not better I would admit that I was wrong.

I went to see her again in about ten days and Cora met me at the door with a smile and said 'Ahh, your doctor Postum is the best doctor of them all. I can sleep at night, can eat heartily, and am growing stronger every day. Ma and all the rest of us use Postum now in place of coffee.'

The facts are the girl was being actually poisoned to death by coffee. Cora has since married and has a happy home and you may depend upon it no coffee is allowed to enter there." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SWING NOT OPEN

Complaints That Navigation is Delayed on Account of Swing Bridge

The steamboat men are complaining bitterly on account of the Grand Trunk Railway not placing a man in charge of the swing bridge over the Otonabee River near the locks. It appears that the Company has been notified that steamers would be running, but evidently paid no attention to the notification. The result is that steamers are forced to be at their docks.

THE COCKING MAIN

The Matter Being Threshed Out at Lindsay Police Court

The case against those engaged in the cocking main which took place near Lindsay, on March 20, was up before the Police Court at Lindsay again yesterday. This case is of interest in Peterborough because it is said that a number of local birds took part in the battle. The evidence taken was unimportant, and was for the purpose of revealing the names of the principals.

WEDDED IN ENNISMORE

Nuptials of Miss Mary Garvey to Mr. James Gifford

St. Michael's Church, Ennismore, was the scene of a pretty and interesting event yesterday morning being the occasion of the marriage of Miss Mary Garvey, daughter of Mr. Thomas Garvey, to Mr. James Gifford, all of Ennismore.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Fitzpatrick, after which the newly married couple left for their future home in Dakota, where they will have the best wishes of a host of friends.

How the Cocaine Habit Starts

Generally from using catarrh snuffs and ointments containing this deadly drug. It is well to remember that the only direct scientific cure for catarrh is Catarrhozone, which cures by the inhalation of medicated air. Simply breathe Catarrhozone, and it will cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, lung troubles and deafness. Every breath from Catarrhozone Inhaler soothes, heals and relieves. Permanent cure guaranteed even though other remedies failed. Try Catarrhozone, price $1.00; small size 25c. Druggists, or N.C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure billiousness.

OBITUARY

Death of Mrs. S. Curtis, a Well Known Resident of Douro Township

The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Sara Curtis, wife of Mr. James Curtis, a well-known resident of Douro. Deceased lady was about 55 years of age and had been in ill-health for some time. The news of her death comes as a severe shock to a large circle of friends who will tender their deepest sympathy to the bereaved husband.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, lot 1, Con 12, Douro, on Thursday afternoon at two o'clock, and proceed to the Little Lake Cemetery for interment.

HIS SERVICES APPRECIATED.

Mr. J. A. Fife Remembered by His Class in the Y. M. C. A.

At the closing exercises on Monday evening of the class in algebra and trigonometry in connection with the Y.M.C.A. evening school, the members of the class took advantage of the occasion to show their appreciation of his valuable services as instructor by presenting Mr. Fife with a neatly worded address and a handsome dress suit case. Mr. Fife made a very feeling reply to the boys and thanked them for their kindly remembrance of him.

Mr. Fife has been deeply interested in the work of the evening classes for some time.

A Wonderful Tonic and Strengthener

Said a druggist to-day, "No doubt about it, the tonic that gives best results is the biggest seller, and that is Ferrozone. It enriches and purifies the blood, restores strength and energy to the feeble, and is a scientific reconstructor that was always popular. In Chlorosis, anaemia, tiredness, langour, brain fag, indigestion and dyspepsia its action is prompt, and satisfactory cures always follow. Yes, I recommend Ferrozone to my customers because I believe it is the best tonic and strengthening medicine that money can buy." Large boxes cost 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

PROF. O'BRIEN HAS LEFT TOWN

But Has Promised to Return in the Course of a Month—A Highly Successful Visit

Prof. and Mrs. O'Brien left town yesterday on the 11.25 train for Port Hope after a most pleasant and successful sojourn in Peterborough where the worthy Professor and his accomplished wife made many warm friends. On the days previous to his departure Prof. O'Brien was busily engaged up to a late hour at night. The Professor has stated that he would be very pleased to again visit the town, which he has promised to do in the course of a few months. When he came here he found that there were a very large number of people who were skeptical on the subject of palmistry but these have been fully converted and now those who once doubted are firm believers and staunch friends of Prof. O'Brien.

A PLEASING ENTERTAINMENT

Organ Recital and Sacred Concert in Murray Street Baptist Church

The organ recital and sacred concert given last night in the Murray Street Baptist Church proved to be a very pleasing affair, and especially pleasing to lovers of high-class music. The attendance was large, but owing to the disagreeable weather numbers stayed at home who would otherwise have attended. The principal parts of the programme were taken by Mr. Arthur Blakely, Mus. Bac. organist in Sherbourne street church Toronto, Master Frank Williams, a very youthful violinist, and Clarence Glass, boy vocalist. The numbers rendered by these three were very highly appreciated, and warmly applauded. The recital throughout was a grand success.

To Build a New Dam

The management of the American Cereal Co. are pushing work ahead in all directions. Yesterday afternoon we learned that tenders for a new combined concrete dam and railway bridge have been called for. The new dam will be built near the site of the present power house and by raising it to considerable height a very strong head of water can be obtained. This work will give employment to a large number of men for some months.

A LETTER FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

Trooper John Dundas Writes To His Mother of the Trip

Mrs. Henry Dundas, 500 George st., has received the following letter from her son, John, who is a trooper in "E" squadron, 1st troop, of the 2nd Reg't Canadian Mounted Rifles, the gallant corps that did such heroic work at Hart's River on March 31:

Newcastle, Natal, March 4 1902

Dear Mother,—I drop you these few lines to let you know I am in good health, and feel alright. We arrived at Durban on Feb. 17, at about 9 o'clock, a.m., and unloaded our horses and put them aboard train. At 7.05 p.m., we left for Newcastle, arriving here at 10 a.m., on the 19th, and went into camp at Kitchener's Kop. On the following day 150 of us left here at 3 o'clock for Botha's Pass, a distance of about 20 miles. We went on foot, and got into the trenches for 5 days and nights. They expected De Wet to pass, but he broke through about 9 miles above us, and the next day they were captured about ten miles from where we were. That was our first march. It has been raining here for the last two or three days, and we have not had much to do, but we expect to get the order for to march any of these days. We are going to act as scouts for some of the main bodies. I only wish we were going up country to-day. The other boat got in some day last week. They had several cases of smallpox on board, but they are camped over three miles from us so there is no danger of us catching it. Several of the boys have got the fever, but none of them serious. We were inspected by Lord Kitchener yesterday morning, and he complimented us on our good appearance, and the good shape our horses were in, and said he thought we would do as good work as the other corps did that came from Canada before. We got several papers from home, and saw a lot of news. Percy Price got a letter from home saying that there was a big fire at home, and that Long's, Rudkins' and several other stores were burned. That was too bad, and we were all sorry to hear it. I hope that the smallpox patients are better around there, and that there was not a hard winter. I hope that you are all well and are getting on alright. I suppose Annie is going to school, and that Willie is keeping in good health. I hope you and grandma are well and alright. This is the cheapest place I guess there is for fruit. You can buy 20 pineapples for 24 cents, and peaches can be obtained for little or nothing. Well, I have not much more to say at present, but you will hear from me again before long. I hope you are all well, as this leaves me in the best of health. I guess I will say good-by, and may God bless and protect you, one and all, till we meet again. I remain your loving son,

Trooper J. R. Dundas.

My address is.—No. 222; Trooper J. R. Dundas, 1st Troop, "E" Squadron, 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, Field Force, South Africa.

Ruddy, Clear Faces are Indications of Spring Health

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Pure, Red Blood and Establishes a New and Vigorous Vitality

Men and women who have used Paine's Celery Compound, and all who have a knowledge of the wondrous cures it has wrought, particularly in springtime, unite in declaring that the great medicine is a national blessing.

The use of Paine's Celery Compound at this season by the weak, nervous, sleepless and those afflicted with rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, liver trouble, kidney disease and impure and poisoned blood, means pure, red blood, perfect digestive vigor, ruddy, clear faces, renewed strength and permanent health.

Thousands of grateful people have sent in unsolicited letters testifying to cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after the failures of doctors and use of other medicines. The wealthy and poor, the noted and famous of our large cities and the quiet people of our rural districts have sent the glad news that at last they have found a remedy (Paine's Celery Compound) that has restored lost vitality and made them themselves again.

Mrs. Catherine Benoit, Montreal, whose life was saved by Paine's Celery Compound, writes thus: "Trusting that my experience with Paine's Celery Compound may prove of benefit to those who are sick and ailing, I wish to make the following statement:

"About seven months ago I found myself in a very weak condition physically, and completely rundown. I was attended by four city doctors, but their treatment did not in any way improve my health. My condition was so bad, that my eyesight was affected and I thought blindness would be the result. A lady friend, just in time, recommended me to use your Paine's Celery Compound, as she had been cured by it. I used several bottles of the Compound with grand results. To-day I find myself a different woman. My appetite is good, my sleep is sound and natural, and my strength for one advanced in years, is all I could hope for. I can truthfully say that Paine's Celery Compound saved my life."

A MONEY SAVING STORE

Gough Bros. Splendid Outfitting Emporium on George Street

Gough Bros.' advertisement on our first page to-day, is worthy of special attention on the part of our readers. This firm is one that can always be confidently relied upon to carry out to the very letter, any and every promise made by them. The Peterborough store is under the management of Messrs. James Tully and W. Morrell, two well-known and popular young business men, each of whom has won an enviable reputation for shrewdness, energy, and honorable business methods. Under their direction the store has become more popular than ever. They make it a rule never to let a customer leave the store dissatisfied.

The large and elegantly appointed store contains a splendid stock of mens' and boys' clothing, headwear, footwear, and furnishings that cannot be surpassed by any city store in Canada, and the prices are so low as to save money for every customer. The ordered clothing department is in charge of Mr. Duncan Cameron, one of the most expert tailors in Eastern Ontario.

The management guarantee absolute satisfaction to any and every purchaser, or will refund every penny expended by anyone who is not perfectly satisfied.

Every purchaser of goods to the value of one dollar and upwards receives a handsome premium. The sum of the whole matter is that if you cannot get thorough satisfaction at Gough Bros.' you can't get it anywhere. Buy your new spring suit there.

CANADIAN CASUALTY COMPANY

Capitalists and Public Men in This New Corporation

The accident insurance business is to receive a fresh impetus in Canada. Well known capitalists and public men representing every province in the Dominion are members of the Board of Directors of the Canadian Casualty Company, which will enter the field on an extensive scale at an early date.

Amongst the many prominent public men whose names appear as Provisional Directors of the Company, and who will lend great weight to the solidity of the Institution, are the Hon. R. P. Roblin, M.P.P., of Manitoba representing that province; Mr. J. Douglas Hazen, K.C., M.P.P. of St. John's, representing the province of New Brunswick; Dr. J. T. Carroll, of Vancouver, representing British Columbia. The Hon. John Haggart, of Perth, Hon. W. H. Montague, M.D., Hugh S. Brennan, of Hamilton; A. S. Irving, of Toronto, Director of the Imperial Trust Co., and Director of the Ontario Bank; Mr. A. G. C. Dinnick, and the Rev. Alex Sutherland, D.D., of Toronto; Joseph Rosser, capitalist of Ailsa Craig, and T. B. Puddicombe, capitalist of Haysville, and J. P. Murray of Toronto Carpet Co.

In financial circles this company is acknowledged to be the strongest accident insurance company that will do business in Canada. It is conceded by shrewd investors and brokers that the Canadian Casualty Company enters the field at a most opportune time, and its success in the future is assured. On account of the feeling of general prosperity that exists, and the large amount of Canadian capital seeking investment, the stock of the company is being eagerly and rapidly taken up by the investing public. As an investment this stock is among the best that has been brought before the public notice for some time.

Mr. George A. Jordan, of Toronto, is in town for a few days in the interests of this company, and states that he is meeting with splendid success among the people of the community.

ST. JACOBS OIL

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

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"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished

Fine Cuisine

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Proportionate rates from and to other points. Also reduced rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA and WASHINGTON

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Will leave every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, if sufficient business offers.

For full particulars apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent or to

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Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

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To be had at all first-class dealers

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask you wine merchant or hotel for them.

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THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,

OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,

MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever.'

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

An Apprentice Wanted

We have an opening for an apprentice to learn the printing business. Must be a young man with fair education. Apply a The Times Office

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Time Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

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10 King St. West TORONTO

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE

139 Hunter Street - - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham.)

Bicycles Repaired.

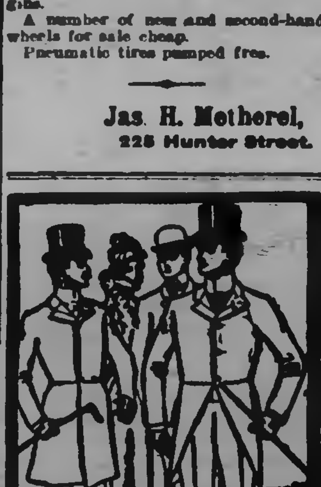
Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,

225 Hunter Street.



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We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

56 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

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VOL. 28 NO. 83 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY APRIL 10 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

A YOUNG BOER TELLS OF THE HORRORS OF WAR

Terrible Effect of the Lyddite Shells Used By the British Artillery

SOME PITIFUL INCIDENTS AFTER A BIG BATTLE.

An Alleged Occurrence at Paardeberg That Originated in the Brain of the Writer

Special Telegram to The Times.

Adolph De Wet, a nephew of the agile Boer general of that name, is the latest demi-god of the pro-Boer element in the United States.

Young De Wet fought under Joubert and Cronje during the early stages of the war. He was with Cronje, at Paardeburg, when Lord Roberts captured the Boer general and his entire command. He was wounded five times. He escaped from St. Helena and made his way to the United States.

The following letter was written by the young Boer, for the "New York Press." If all the statements made by the writer are no more reliable than his story of the Paardeburg incident, the letter as a whole is not very trustworthy.

"Gen. White, who was the British commander at Ladysmith, was a fine fellow. I remember one day, just toward sunset, when we had a truce for burying the dead which had fallen on both sides in a sortie which had been unsuccessfully attempted by the British. Gen White said to our general, Piet Joubert, in my hearing:

"General, I am sorry from the bottom of my heart for the circumstances which have made you and me enemies. No one can regret the unfortunate course of events which have led to this strife more than I do. Personally you have my admiration and respect."

A PATHETIC SCENE.

The men were throwing the Boer dead and the British dead into trenches—and not very deep ones at that—hastily covering them. In many cases the dead Boer and the dead Englishman were tumbled in side by side. We were in a hurry, for it was approaching the time of the termination of the truce and our work was far from completed. Night was coming rapidly.

"General," he said, "I wish you would agree to an extension of the truce for another hour. I desire to read the burial service over my dead. If you have no objection I should like to read it over your dead, too, for I see you have no chaplain present."

Gen. White at once agreed to the extension of the truce. Gen. Joubett, as night came down, repeated in a firm voice the burial service as provided for by the liturgy of the Dutch Reformed Church. Very solemn it was, standing there with our own and the enemy's dead about us and listening to the solemn voice of the old general. The British looked as serious as we did while the service was going on. As the two parties left the field to resume their attempt to kill each other there was in the heart of every man a wish that the conflict might find some other solution than that of being pushed to the bitter end.

These lyddite shells with which the British bombarded us were not so terrible as the stories which have been told about them; but still they were rather formidable things to meet. I was in a group of eight once, watching the enemy from a kopje, when they threw a lyddite shell right in the midst of us. After the explosion there were pieces of men scattered all about. I was the only man in that group who escaped instant death, and I was hard hit.

All I remember of this explosion was a terrible crash and flash. Then—nothing. It was at Magersfontein, and only an hour before I had been wounded by a Lee-Metford bullet shaving one of the two stones which I had rolled together for protection and between which I was poking my Mauser. The bullet did not strike me, but the chips of stone tore all the flesh off my right cheekbone and blinded me in my right eye. I thought my eye was out, but it wasn't when I came to feel gingerly. The pain was instant and intense, but I tied it up in a handkerchief, shifted my Mauser to my other shoulder and kept on firing. It is less nervous to keep busy in action. A chap does not mind being fired at if he is firing at the other man.

Shortly after that, before the lyddite shell hit our group, there was another nerve shaker. One of our men, a chum of mine, had rolled him a cigarette out of twist and had asked me for a light from my pipe. There was another man lying between us, we all being in a shallow trench on our faces. If we raised our heads we were liable to catch it, for the Lee-Metfords were "wheeping" just over the edge like a driving rain. Piet leaned his elbow on the small of the back of the fellow lying between us and was lighting his long cigarette at my pipe when he got his head above the edge of the trench. So a bullet caught him just over the ear. It made only a little hole where it went in, but it tore the whole of the other side of his head off. He dropped down on the back of the chap between us. It made me too sick to speak, so I didn't say anything. His face was close to mine when he was hit.

The chap on whom he fell thought he was funning and tried to toss him off. So the blood ran down his collar. He gave a horrified yell, jumped out of the trench and ran like a deer for the rear. It seems incredible, but he was never scratched. He dodged between the bullets somehow.

That left eight of us. Just then came the lyddite shell squarely into our trench. There was a roar and a flash—and just nothingness. By and by I began to feel an intense pain. I fought it out and began to breathe, but it was agony. I felt sure my breast was torn wide open. But when I had raised myself on one elbow and had tremblingly opened my shirt I found merely a splinter of shell sticking a little in my chest muscles and two more splinters lower down. I pulled them out with my fingers, and felt suddenly stronger. But I could not fight any more that day.

The other seven were killed outright, though two had not been touched. The concussion of a lyddite shell is terrible. It actually kills without touching its victims, the concussion sometimes forcing a man's eyeballs into his cheeks.

FLAGS OF TRUCE NOT VIOLATED.

The talk about the Boers firing on flags of truce or rising them as cloaks for their military movements is all rot. Neither the Boers nor the British in South Africa want only and deliberately fired upon flags of truce or hospital dentally go in the direction of the place flags. Sometimes a shot might accidentally where a hospital flag was flying, or a flag of truce might not be discovered until a shot or so had accidentally gone in its direction. You must consider at what immense distances modern wars are fought in order to fully appreciate the liability of a man on the firing line not noticing a flag of truce or a hospital flag. But in every case in the South African war where a shot from the Boer lines came anywhere near, or even in the direction of, a flag of truce or of a red cross flag it came there accidentally.

At Paardeburg, when Cronje was cornered, we raised a white flag merely for a parley. Instead of sending an answer to our flag, the whole British army seemed to think we had surrendered, and rushed in on us. Of course, we had to drop back into our pits and give them blazes. Caught in the open this way, we poured a horribly deadly fire into them. This has caused a lot of rotten talk about our treachery, when it was merely British stupidity.

At the beginning of the war we used to like to gather in British prisoners, but later on we were perplexed every time we captured an outfit as to what we had best do with the captives. Generally we would take away their arms, give them the parole and let them go. We could hardly manage to take care of ourselves, and it would have been practically impossible to go flying about the country as we are now obliged to do encumbered with a lot of prisoners. If a Tommy refused to take the parole we sent him adrift anyway, though we were not gentle about it under such circumstances, a little impetus from a boot being considered as a help to him on his way to liberty. He was always glad to depart with this little tribute from us.

AMONG THE WOUNDED.

Fighting is not at all bad sport. The shivering time comes after the battle is over, and you go out to help the wounded or to bury the dead. Time and time again when the excitement of repelling a charge had passed—fo. the fools would charge up to our rifles—I have laid and shivered as I have heard the cries of the wounded. A dead man is horrible only when you come close to him, but the wounded call and call to you, even if the fire of the retreated troops and the fresh wrath of the artillery make it impossible for you to as much as pop your head up for a glance at the men who writhe and moan just in front of you. I have found that a wounded man almost always calls for "Mother!" They seem to be little lads again and cry just as they may have done when they toddled down steps and hurt themselves by a fall. From all parts of the field I have heard this cry:

"Mother! Mother, dear! Oh, mother, mother! Please give me a drink, mother! For God's sake, mother! Oh, mother, mother, dear mother!"

Turkey is Wary on Its Frontiers

London, April 10. — The Vienna newspaper Information publishes a despatch from Adrianople, says the correspondent of the Times in the Austrian capital, which states that Turkish troops have been sent to four localities on the eastern Roumanian frontier to guard it against Bulgaria.

Turkish reserves in the village of Adrianople have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for service. The military have requisitioned horses and carts. There is great indignation in Constantinople over the murder of Turks in Monastir.

UNREST IN THE EAST OVER THE LEVANT

Fearful that Something Will Happen in the Turkish Empire

RUSSIA OBTAINS SECRET RIGHTS

France Wants the Mediterranean Practically Closed to Great Britain

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 10—A matter of interest, and one which is likely to bring forth interesting developments, is a rumor of trouble in the Near East. The air of the Levant just now is thick with rumors. There is a general expectation in Malta and in Egypt that something is about to happen with the Turkish empire. The friendship between France and Russia, which has ripened into an alliance, is about to be still further strengthened by the visit of M. Loubet to the Czar. Serious business will doubtless be transacted. The devotion of France to Russia has proved the financial salvation of the latter country, while the fruits also of the alliance in the Far East have been garnered mainly by Russia. It is not possible to predict the outcome of the negotiations, but a surmise may be safely hazarded that Russia will attempt once more to exploit for her own benefit the friendship of France. The Russian navy, powerful though it be, is crippled because it is divided. The Russian Baltic and Black Sea fleets are separated by the Dardanelles. Eighteen months ago a project of a canal between the Baltic and Nicolaieff, on the River Bug, was revived. For the last six months nothing has been heard of the proposals regarding the canal. On the other hand, paragraphs have recently appeared in almost every newspaper in Europe suggesting that, with the opening of navigation in the Baltic in April, the Admiral's command at Sevastopol will be reinforced by a squadron of torpedo boats from the Neva. The destroyers now being built at the Nevski works, near St. Petersburg, are ten in number. If the consent of France is obtained at the forthcoming meeting between the President of the Republic and the Czar to the despatch of four destroyers from the Neva to Sevastopol, an interesting situation will be created. It is not to be supposed that the French Foreign Office would consent to nullifying the international arrangement closing the Dardanelles without a quid pro quo. Of what that may consist may be partly surmised by the recent action of France at Mitylene. The object of France is that the Mediterranean Sea shall once more become a Latin lake. The realization of this dream is impossible without the assistance of the Russian navy. So long as the Russian Black Sea fleet is shut up behind the closed door of the Dardanelles, French ambitions for the supremacy of the Latin race in the Mediterranean will continue to belong to dreamland. It has long been known to those behind the scenes that the Dardanelles, though nominally closed to all the Powers, are really at the disposal of the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople. Russia has already obtained secret rights over Port Dentheros, while the arrangements of France, although practically complete in the Western Mediterranean, are still undeveloped in the East. In the Eastern Mediterranean the power of the British fleet greatly exceeds any naval force that can be brought to bear by France and Russia under existing conditions.

Another fact which points to some forthcoming event is the great activity lately displayed by the three principal naval powers. During the last three months England has been represented in great strength in the Eastern Mediterranean. The Russian Black Sea fleet is now being made ready for active service. A strong Russian fleet is about to meet a French squadron at Naples. M. Zinovieff, the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople, who is like a weasel for penetrative astuteness, is unusually active. Great play is being made with Germany, with the obvious intention of securing the neutrality of the Kaiser's fleet. Although the British Mediterranean fleet is now far stronger than was the case last July, much remains to be done. England needs a pied-a-terre in the Levant if the Russian project of throwing open the Dardanelles is to be baffled. English policy since the Crimean war has consisted in maintaining the status quo. If Russian torpedo boats are allowed to enter the Black Sea, it would be difficult to refuse them permission to emerge. No mere diplomatic engagement would prevent the Russian fleet from effecting a junction with the French Mediterranean squadron if England is unable to prevent that junction by superiority of naval strength. England, therefore, has to determine whether the Island of Lemnos is available for the purpose of watching the Dardanelles and checkmating the Franco-Russian schemes for increasing the influence of the Dual Alliance in the Mediterranean.

IN MEMORY OF CECIL RHODES

A Service Largely Attended in St. Paul's Cathedral, London

Special to The Times

London, April 10—The memorial service in honor of Cecil Rhodes filled St. Paul's cathedral to-day with eminent representatives of all fields of human activity, including bankers, litterateurs, journalists and political leaders of all parties. An impressive programme of music and eulogistic addresses was carried out.

THE BATTLEFIELD INSPECTED

Party of Military Men to Inspect the Field of Gettysburg

Special to The Times

Newburgh, N.Y., April 10—The cadets comprising the first class of the United States military academy leave West Point to-day for Gettysburg, Pa. The coming three days will be spent in studying the engineering and other problems which confronted the commanders of the armies that participated in the battle of Gettysburg. This is in accordance with a new plan of instruction adopted by the war department and the results are awaited with interest.

LEPERS IN BROOKLYN

Seven Victims of This Disease Roaming Through the City

Special to The Times

Brooklyn, April 10—Now that warm weather is approaching, Brooklynites are interested in three lepers which are allowed to roam ad libitum through the city. There are just seven lepers in the State of New York, four besides those in Brooklyn. They are allowed the fullest liberty to go where they please as the health authorities say they have a form of leprosy that is non-contagious, except in warm weather. The exception is the cause, however, of much anxiety on the part of Brooklynites as it is not known just where the lepers are.

The Day of Miracles not Past

A Toronto "Star" reporter investigated the case of Mr. Geo. Warner, and found that after thirteen years of almost total deafness, he had been cured by inhaling Catarrhozone.

This proves that where Catarrhozone treatment is employed, impaired hearing and deafness can be cured. Catarrhozone always brings quick relief, and is warranted to give lasting satisfaction. All sufferers from impaired hearing, deafness, head noises and ringing in the ears are advised to inhale Catarrhozone and derive the great benefit it is capable of affording. Price $1. small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

1902. SPRING 1902.

Man and Womankind delight to array themselves in Spring Attire, just as Nature does with the first warm sun and invigorating rains.

We are ready to fill the wants of Men, and as our Spring Stock is here in every variety and style, we are ready for critical inspection.

It is part of our business to satisfy, not only in QUALITY and PRICE, but also in FIT and APPEARANCE, and willing hands are here ready to assist customers in arriving at a decision.

We Invite Your Attention to the Following Prices:

Showing the New and Nobby

Spring Suitings

We can fit Dressy Men, Youths and Boys with the choicest of New Spring Garments and save more money than last year to every customer.

For Men

Men's all wool Canadian Tweed Suits—neat quiet patterns, $5, $6, $6.50

Special grade Business and Semi-Dress Suits, nobby spring designs and colors in Cassimeres and Tweeds. The new checked Scotch Plaids, Browns, Greys Blue and Black Serges, cut, tailored finished in the finest fashion — regular $10 to $12.............. $7, $8, $9

Suits for short, stout men, who usually have difficulty in getting ready made clothes to fit them—in good staple patterns and colors.... 6.50, $7, $8

Spring Overcoats, made of English Venetians in fawn and brown shades, lined with good quality Farmers Satin, Mohair sleeve linings — worth $8. Special.... $5 to 6.90

Spring Raglan Overcoats, made of extra quality English Venetians, English Whipcords and English Covert Styles, with yoke, slash pockets and cuffs — cannot be duplicated in Canada for less than $12. Special................ 9.90

For Boys

We have the largest and best assorted stock in Peterboro, including the New Russian Blouse Suit—all the rage; and all prices. Also in Boys' fine 2 and 3 piece Suits, this Department is complete.

In Our Tailoring Dept.

We are showing the finest stock of Woolens direct from Great Britain and Europe we have ever displayed.

We promise to reveal to you the acme of elegance in Rich and Exclusive Textures for

Spring Suits and Overcoats

The variety of patterns and weaves is very great—greater and grander than you believe until you come.

Men's Trousers

All Wool English Tweeds in neat and narrow hair line stripes, made just as you want them by our own Tailors, with first class trimmings, regular $3.50 and $3.75 2.85

We promise perfect satisfaction or money refunded. No tailor in Canada can give you a better fit than our own MR. DUNCAN CAMERON.

Gough Bros.

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PANAMA SAVED BY A FRENCH CRUISER REBELS RETREATED ON A BOLD FRONT

British Plans Did Not Carry

London, April 10.—A correspondent of The Times who is with Col. Kekewich's force says it had been arranged that Kekewich's and Gen. Walter Kitchener's columns should co-operate in a surprise of De la Rey's main force, starting on the night of March 31. However, Kitchener's column being prematurely engaged, the combination was spoiled. Kekewich carried out his part of the movement, but the Boers dispersed on hearing of Kitchener's engagement, and only a few captures were made.

AMNESTY FOR CAPE REBELS WILL BE GIVEN

Lord Rosebery Believes that the War can Be Ended in this Way

THE INDICATIONS FOR PEACE

The Only Terms Which England will Give are Surrender and Delivery of Arms

Special to The Times

London, April 10 — The general feeling among the great South African merchants and financiers is that the new overtures by the Boers are indicative of peace. As far as can be gathered, there is no tangible basis for this impression beyond the fact that those who hold it have hitherto been counted among the most pessimistic as to the prospects of an early settlement. The most rational view expressed by responsible men is that the King's coronation gives to English statesmen an opportunity for passing the sponge over the slate, which would not occur under ordinary circumstances. South African friends, who are in a position to know because their facilities for learning the actual state of Boer opinion are undeniable, inform me that the Boers have now practically abandoned the idea of independence. Whether this idea has or has not been given up is immaterial to British policy. It is the bedrock upon which future peace will be based. The second point of English policy is the surrender of all arms, guns, munitions and warlike stores. Obsolete rifles will not be accepted in lieu of Mausers. Complete disarmament will be insisted on, although Boer farmers will be allowed to keep their sporting rifles. Providing the British flag is acknowledged and disarmament is complete, there is no insuperable difficulty in adjusting the remaining points at issue between the two races. The most intractable factor in the problem is the question of amnesty to the Cape rebels. It is here that the king's coronation clemency may be made to play a part. Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner can scarcely retreat from the position which they have assumed in this matter. But there is a higher authority than the Secretary of State. As an act of grace on the day the king is crowned, there is nothing to prevent His Majesty, on the advice of his Ministers, from adopting the policy of forgive and forget. This is Lord Rosebery's idea. This is the idea of the most thoughtful and far-seeing of our statesmen.

AN INSEPARABLE TIE

One fact that stands out like a mountain peak is that the two races have to live side by side after the war. The tie is of the nature of a marriage where the divorce laws do not exist. For good or evil, Boer and Briton must live together. Incompatibility of temper, divergency of aim and difference of temperament are immaterial. They must live together. Therefore, it is obvious that the line of least resistance is that which makes for the least future friction between the two races. If the Cape rebels are to be punished, a festering sore will remain in every Boer home. If, on the other hand, by a great act of real generosity, the past is forgotten and the slate cleaned, the act cannot be ascribed by the Boers to pusillanimity, as was the case after Majuba. It is, therefore, to be hoped that amnesty if not contained in the protocol preliminary to a treaty of peace, will yet be carried out under the king's proclamation on coronation day.

The other points of difference are really immaterial. The rebuilding of the Boer farmhouses is a matter that might be set against the unpaid indemnity for the raid. The English nation has never paid direct damages for that raid, as it ought to have done. England was in the wrong, doubly in the wrong, and the great Englishman who has just passed away was not so great that his wrongdoing can be condoned by ignoring the obligations in which he involved us. The real difficulty that I foresee in the settlement is the unbending and martial spirit of colonial statesmen. The opinions of Mr. Seddon, Mr. Barton and Sir Wilfrid Laurier now carry as much or more weight in the United Kingdom than those of the average Cabinet Minister. If Mr. Seddon were to set himself vigorously against the policy of amnesty and of restoring the farm houses, public opinion here would not be strong enough to counterbalance his view. Mr. Seddon's personality has succeeded to the position occupied by Mr. Rhodes. He has touched the popular imagination. Men of all ways of thinking seem to look towards Mr. Seddon as one of the great forces of sane imperialism. He is a man of Abraham Lincoln's type, and has risen by sheer force of character from the position of a boiler maker to be one of the chief spirits among the rulers of the empire. It is notable that he is to call at Cape Town for conference with the Cape Government and Lord Milner on his way home to the coronation festivities.

Weather Notes

Probs to-day.—Fair, with nearly the same temperature.

The storm which was centered in Virginia yesterday is now dispersing over the Middle Atlantic States.

MISS ELLEN M. STONE

A Feeling Awakened Against the Lady For Taking Too Much Risk

Special to The Times

New York, April 10 — An important event of the week is the return to this country of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary who so long was held in captive by Bulgarian brigands. Miss Stone intends to begin her lectures in aid of the missions almost immediately. Now that she is safe and the affair has blown over it is no breach of public confidence to say that there has existed in the popular mind a certain feeling of impatience over the thought that a woman should take such needless risks as did Miss Stone in passing through a region known to be infested by brigands. Everyone seems to have felt that it was not a necessary part of her work. It is safe to say that if Miss Stone returns to Bulgaria, as it is reported she intends doing, and if she should again be made prisoner, no ransom whatever would be forthcoming.

How to Beautify the Complexion

To have a soft, smooth skin, free from eruptions and pimples, the blood must be healthy and pure. Ferrozone invigorates enfeebled blood, and cleanses it of all impurities and poisons; it brings color to the lips and cheeks, brilliancy to the eyes, whitens the teeth and sweetens the breath. No tonic compares with Ferrozone in rapid action and permanent results. Try it. Price 50c., at Ormond & Walsh's.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

The Protect Prevented the Insurgent Vessels from Bombarding the Town

REBELS WERE CONFIDENT OF VICTORY BUT HAD TO RETREAT

When They Saw That the Frenchmen was in Earnest They Steered Off

Special Telegram to The Times.

San Francisco, April 9. — Panama was saved from bombardment on the night of March 14 by the French cruiser Protet. News to this effect was brought here yesterday by the British steamer Colombia, which was at Panama two days after the incident.

Flushed with their victory over the Lautaro and other Government vessels on the morning of January 20, the insurgent steamer Padilla and two small consorts had been preparing at a part of Colombia south of the Isthmus to bombard and take Panama.

The cruiser Philadelphia, having withdrawn her shore battalion, and moved southward, the way seemed clear for the rebels, but they failed to take cognizance of the French cruiser. Word was sent to the Protet that the insurgents contemplated a bombardment of the city, and her commander promptly caused word to be sent to the rebel leader that if such an attempt was made during his stay in port, the Protet would sink the Padilla and all other insurgent vessels that could be found. The rebel commander paid little attention to the threat, and in the darkness of the night of March 14 the Padilla and her consorts steamed up for the south, heading in for Panama, with decks cleared for action. The Padilla was ready to open fire when the Protet's searchlight found her. The Protet prepared for action, and when the insurgents saw that the Frenchman was in earnest they turned and sailed out to sea without firing a shot.

SOCIALISTS WAVED RED FLAG IN FACE OF KING

Extraordinary Scene at Brussels To-day on the Arrival of the King of the Belgians from Biarritz

Brussels, April 9.—King Leopold was mobbed by Socialists this afternoon on his arrival here from Biarritz. The meeting between the Socialists and the King was quite accidental, but it was none the less unpleasant for his Majesty, whose automobile was surrounded by excited Socialists, who shouted,—"Long live the Republic," "Long live universal suffrage," and waved red flags in the King's face.

MACHINERY RUINED BY WAR

Peace in South Africa Will Open Rich Field for Americans

Special to The Times

Berlin, April 10—German engineers who have recently returned from the Transvaal say that practically the entire mining equipment of South Africa must be renewed as a result of the war. Hopes for peace are accordingly entertained by the great machinery makers of the Rhine Valley and Westphalia, who expect to divide with American manufacturers on even terms the enormous orders that will be available at the close of hostilities.

Reports brought to Berlin state that in from one to four years more than $50,000,000 must be spent in the rehabilitation of the hand. It is believed that Germany and the United States will reap practical benefits from British supremacy in South Africa within the next decade. The odds will be in favor of those manufacturers who can make the quickest deliveries.

LITTLE MEN AND LIGHT HORSE

Will be Admitted to the Four Contingents Going from Canada

Special Telegram to The Times.

Ottawa, April 10.—The British Government has been asked to send three transports to take the next Canadian contingent to South Africa. The first one is expected to arrive in three weeks, and leave during the first week in May. The other two will probably leave within a week of each other.

It is expected that the four regiments constituting the contingent will be called the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th Battalions, Canadian Mounted Rifles.

Recruiting will probably commence on Thursday for the next Canadian contingent. It has been decided not to fix any quota for each recruiting center, but to take all the men offering who possess the necessary qualifications.

A conference took place this afternoon between the Minister of Militia, Gen. O'Grady-Haly, and Col. Pinault, Deputy Minister, at which the minimum height of men who are to be recruited was fixed at 5 feet 4 inches. Somewhat lighter horses will be taken than previously, the idea being that with light men and smaller horses greater mobility can be secured.

It is said that Major Merritt and Major Cameron, now out with Col. Evans, will each be given a regiment.

ARRESTED IN TORONTO

Albert Field, Charged With Theft, Brought Back for Trial

Chief Rossel went to Toronto yesterday, to bring back from that city a man named Albert Field, who is wanted here to answer to a charge of theft preferred against him by Mr. R. J. Wolstenholm, the Charlotte street livery stable keeper.

In November last, Field, who was then conducting a boarding house at Nassau, hired a horse, harness, and democrat wagon from Mr. Wolstenholm agreeing to pay the sum charged weekly in advance. He stated that he would require the horse, etc., until March. When the horse and wagon were given into his possession he had not money enough to pay the first week's rent, but promised to pay the balance when he next came to town. He did not put in his appearance, according to agreement, however, and the next news Mr. Wolstenholm had, was to the effect that the horse was very sick; that Field had over-driven it, and had turned the animal into the stable, in an overheated condition, without taking proper care of it. The consequence was that the horse died. Then Mr. Wolstenholm demanded his harness and wagon. Field made repeated promises to return them, but failed to keep his word. Soon the owner was informed that Field had sold the wagon. He sent a man to Nassau, with an order for the harness and wagon. Upon his arrival at Nassau Mr. Wolstenholm's representative found that Field had sold the wagon. He presented his order to the man who had bought the vehicle, but the buyer refused to give it up. Field disappeared, and Mr. Wolstenholm was left lamenting his loss. Field was arrested by Detective Davis, of Toronto, in that city, where he has apparently been residing for some time past.

Chief Rossel arrived in town with his prisoner last evening. Field will have a hearing before police magistrate Dumble, this morning.

A HORRIBLE INCIDENT.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 10. — When Moses Robertson, colored, was being hanged here, for murder, his neck was not broken when he fell. He managed to get one hand loose from the straps raised it up, took his black cap from his head, and waved it in the air several times. He died of slow strangulation.

LOVE IS KING.

New York, April 9. — A cultivated and rich heiress, Miss Ida Lucy Morse, daughter of former Senator George N. Morse, has been married to a poor railroad station agent out of employment.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
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STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
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COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed U. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.
W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 10, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It may have been noticed that there are two varieties of troops among the miscellaneous forces engaged in the South African war who have never surrendered in any numbers. One is the Scotch and the other is the Canadians. There is much in common between the two races, not the least of their mutual characteristics being a canny, stubborn valor that takes no fool chances but never flinches in the most desperate straits. From the first they chummed together as no other troops did and neither were ever quite so happy as when they were fighting side by side.

• • • •

Miss Stone, the returning missionary, has signed articles for a hundred lectures in the United States at a handsome figure, and will proceed to tour the continent on her arrival. And yet they say a rolling Stone gathers no moss.

MR. RHODES' IDEA

The Cecil Rhodes scholarship provision will not abolish all causes of dissension between Great Britain and the United States, nor put an end to German anglophobia, nevertheless there is a grand idea in the dead imperialist's conception. With Britain, Germany and the United States in a triple alliance, the rest of the world would be kept upon its good behavior, for what nation in any continent could afford to affront such a strong combination by any unjust aggression? The causes of friction among the Teutonic peoples are mainly commercial. Britons do not like to see goods labelled "Made in Germany," capturing the British market; Germans turn up their noses at meat from the United States, and Yankees abhor goods that are produced in any portion of Europe. But careful observers affirm that all the time Britons have been complaining about the invasion of German goods, British exports to Germany have also been steadily increasing in quantity and in value. In the United States men of business are learning that they cannot sell abroad unless they buy from abroad, and the expansionists will have to recognize the necessity of tariff reduction at home as a means of enlarging their export trade. The education of young men from Germany and the United States at Oxford will spread the kind of knowledge that is needed in all three countries. The prosperity of one nation does not depend upon the adversity of other nations. One's commercial rival is generally one's best customer. There is no more excuse for hating the man who sells to us than for hating the man who buys from us. Prejudices, especially race prejudices, die hard, but Cecil Rhodes has done what lay in his power to remove them, and for that he is entitled to the praise of the world.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS

LAKKHURST

—The farmers are busy getting the land ready for seeding.

—Miss Lizzie Weir returned to her school on Saturday last.

—Mrs. A. Johnston has returned home after a short stay in town.

—Mrs. Young, of Rockdale, returned home last Friday.

—Mr. John Weir, who was home for Easter, returned to the Peterborough Business College on Saturday last.

—Rev. Mr. Pickup will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church here next Sunday.

—Mrs. Clarkson, who is in the hospital at Peterboro, is improving. We hope to see her home again soon.

School opened here again on Monday last.

CHANDOS

—Several of the farmers have started their spring ploughing, it being the earliest in a number of years.

—Mr. Frank Hynes, who has been a resident of Chandos all his life, is moving to Douro. Mr. Hynes' many friends will wish him every success in his future home.

—Messrs. Dennis and Michael O'Brien have gone to town, where they expect to find employment for the summer.

—Mr. John O'Brien was the guest of Mr. Stephen Scott on Sunday evening.

—Mr. Maurice O'Brien is spending his Easter holidays at home in Douro.

—Mr. Patrick Scott has gone to town.

—Mr. John Maloney was the guest of Mr. James Scott on Sunday last.

—Mr. Thomas Wilson has gone to Coe Hill.

—Some of our young men lost their rubbers the other night. John and Mick were amongst the losers. Anyway, the rubbers were returned again on Tuesday night.

—Mr. Stephen Scott gave a ball on Tuesday night, and a very merry evening was spent in dancing and games.

—Mrs. Robert Tanner was the guest of Mrs. Charley Tanner on Sunday last.

"I'd rather be dead than suffer again the tortures of insomnia, palpitation and nervous twitching of my muscles induced by simple neglect of a little indigestion." These are the forceful and warning words of a lady who proclaims that her cure by South American Nervine when everything else had failed was a modern miracle. A few doses gives relief.—93

What! Does The Grim Spectre Follow You Into The Joyous Springtime?

Paine's Celery Compound

Defeats the Work of Death by Removing Your Terrible Burden of Disease

Are you still in suffering, misery and despondency? Does the grim spectre Death follow you closely as the joyous springtime brings happiness and blessings to others around you? Are you still clinging tenaciously to false theories of physicians or friends who persist in assuring you that time, care and the use of your present medicine will give you new health?

Be assured your present condition is a perilous one. The continuance of the medicine is a folly; you are simply trifling with life and wasting precious time.

You should remember that while nature clothes the fields with fresh grass and flowers, and while the trees with a strong life are showing bursting buds and new foliage, that human beings—old and young—drop off in thousands in springtime.

Now is the time for prompt, decided and practical action if life is to be saved. Prejudice and the erroneous theories of even medical men should be cast aside when the hand of death is upon you. It matters not what your social position be; the medicine that saves the humblest man or woman is surely the one adapted for the needs of the rich and those in high social positions.

Paine's Celery Compound has a record of life-saving that no other medicine can ever equal. It has rescued rich and poor from the grasp of death when physicians and their most carefully prepared prescriptions failed in the work. If the suffering men and women of to-day could but see the happy faces and hear the kind words spoken by the tens of thousands who have been made well and strong by Paine's Celery Compound, it would soon dispel their existing doubts and fears.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that reaches the root of disease; it is the only agency that can remove your terrible load of disease. Unsolicited testimonials of cures pour in every day. Young and old constantly bear witness that rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney disease, liver complaint, dyspepsia and blood diseases are banished permanently when Paine's Celery Compound is faithfully used for a time. Begin its use to-day poor sufferer; delays are dangerous.

Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—Chicago News.

Said a lady whose surname was Beaulieu:—
"Orthography's very unrealieu.
The spelling of Belvoir
Is quite a deceivoir."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with yours treaulieu?"
—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

Little Dorothy had been intently watching her brother, an amateur artist, blocking out a landscape in his sketchbook. Suddenly she exclaimed, "I know what drawing is."

"Well, Dot, what is it?"

"Drawing is thinking, and then marking round the think."

◆◆◆

When Judge Barnard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one-cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said:

"I imagine, your Honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barnard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it."
—New York Times.

◆◆◆

City Editor—Why do you say, "He ran into the police station, puffing and blowing?" "Puffing" and "blowing" are synonymous.

Reporter—Not at all. There's a vast difference, for instance, between puffing a man up and blowing him up.—Catholic Standard and Times.

◆◆◆

Peaceful business methods oft
Succeed where others fail;
Yet dentists and chiropodists
Keep fighting tooth and nail.
—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Tramp—I'd like ter do something to pay for all this, but I'm a cripple, mum.

Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter?

Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keepin' a list of all th' people wot offered me work, mum.—New York Weekly.

◆◆◆

Rough Riders attach much value to their Colonel's good word. Perhaps, however, it never proved more useful to any of them than it did to the man who recently wrote to thank President Roosevelt for a testimonial of good conduct, sent at the former's request. After expressing his thanks he explained the "little difficulty" in which he had found himself as follows:

"I shot a lady in the eye. The lady died. I did not mean to shoot the lady. I was shooting at my wife."—New York Times.

For Stockmen.

Farm Butter Making.

At the recent convention of the Illinois Dairy Association W. R. Hostetter, one of the leading dairymen of Illinois, discussed butter making on the farm, and pointed out that the comparatively low grade of farm butter was due to the lack of conveniences and to the small quantity made. He is convinced, however, that good butter can be made on the farm, and in order to do this the dairy house and the surroundings must have excellent drainage and must be so constructed as to get the maximum amount of sunshine. He advises getting the very best tinware for dairy purposes, as it is so much easier to keep good utensils clean. Never buy cheap cans, pails or strainers.

Get a good separator, and use some kind of power for running it, as it is exceedingly difficult to maintain a uniform speed when turning by hand. He has no set temperature for cooling cream and churning, as so much depends on weather, the dairy house, etc. As a general rule, he likes to ripen his cream at a high temperature and to churn at as low a temperature as possible. He usually churns at 55 degrees in winter and 40 to 45 degrees in summer. The churn must be stopped at just the right time, or when the butter granules are about the size of a grain of wheat. He adds a little salt just before washing. The amount of salt to be used depends upon the taste of the customers. He believes it is advisable to try to get customers to use fresh butter, so that it can be delivered once or twice a week. Formerly he had customers who wanted him to pack butter in the winter for next summer's use. Gradually they have all abandoned the practice. He advises putting up butter in neat packages, as this will do much toward making sales.—Dairy World.

Profit in Pigs.

One cannot hope to make swine a profitable farm product unless he goes permanently into the business. Too many who try to make money from swine find it unprofitable one year, and abandon it, or because after two years of fair success the third season proves unsatisfactory, they conclude that the best days for the business have passed, and they try their hand at something else. My experience has always been that swine breeding requires more persistent and continuous work than most other lines of farming. As a continuous business, carried on, not one or two or three years, but ten, fifteen and twenty years, it has no superior, and the man who pursues it thus will get his sure reward. Each succeeding year we learn more about the work, and find out where we made mistakes, and where we could have made improvements. We become so familiar with the whole subject that we are competent judges as to whether we should raise this or that breed. We also grow accustomed to anticipating the markets, which is a great thing in these days of fluctuations. Then, too, we learn how best to feed the animals—how to get the most from every ton of feed, grass or hay.

If one is going into swine breeding for a continuous industry, he can then well afford to start out with the best bred animals he can afford, and by an intelligent system of selections and breeding, he will in time grade up his flock to a standard of excellence which his neighbor cannot equal except at great cost. When a man starts in each year or two to purchase new breeds and high-bred swine, it is a costly experience, and he hardly reaps much reward from it. There is quite a difference, however, when he deliberately adds each year a little new blood to his stock, increasing the quality as well as the quantity. The outlay is thus small each season for pure-bred animals, and the returns correspondingly good.

Likewise in regard to food, it requires a policy of continuous farming along certain lines which will enable one to look years ahead. The grass, forage and grain crops that can be planned for an intelligent rotation system will all help toward the same general end. The cost of feeding will thus up to a certain point be steadily reduced. One finds good pasture fields established in the course of time, land made rich and fertile for corn and grain through a rotation of crops, and hay and forage crops prepared ahead of time for each winter. In the course of time the work becomes almost automatic, and the swine produce profits on the average from year to year that must prove satisfactory.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

Medium Horses for the Farm.

What would a pair of these 1,800 to 2,200 pound horses do on a plough or harrow in the spring, when their feet sank in the mud almost as deep as the plough? They might not feel the weight of the plough, but they would feel their own weight before night. With a pair of the little Vermont Morgans, the two of them not as heavy as one of those big fellows, we could draw a heavier load through a miry place or a snowdrift than we ever saw a pair of those big ones draw in a bad place.

And when on the road they could trot eight or ten miles an hour or walk four or five miles on a dirt road, not for one hour only, but for five or six hours a day for as many days as there are in the week, and that not in a rubber-tired sulky, but a good, honestly made farm waggon with from two to four persons in it.

That is the kind of horses that used to be bred in Vermont, and some of them, not quite as compactly built, in Maine, and some of them, a little coarser built, came here from Canada, with legs about as large and hairy as the Clydes. None of them ever got spavins or crooked knees or tender feet, if they had decent usage, for they did not go down the street, as if they had taken a contract to pound down the paving stones.

The breed of these horses cannot be entirely exhausted. There must be some farmers who have good brood mares yet, and there may be a few stallions that have the Morgan blood in them. If such can be bred, we venture a prediction that in five years they will be in demand, and in ten years more popular on our New England farms and hilly roads than the heaviest western-bred horse that may be offered at the sale stables in the city. Do not make the mistake of trying to put too much weight into them by trying to breed from the heavy stallions, nor too long legs on them in the hope to get the two-minute horse; but try to get a good, honest, well-built horse of 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, with the disposition of a lamb, the willingness of the ox and the endurance of the mule.

◆◆◆

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Martens—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am, but you'll get educated up to it in time.—[illegible]

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Must be There Early.

The chosen few who will find seats in the Abbey on Coronation Day are planning their arrangements for this day far ahead of time, and with the greatest precision. One lady, according to The Daily Mail, has already given orders to her hairdresser to be with her at 6 o'clock on the morning of the eventful day. When Queen Victoria was crowned many of those in attendance at the Abbey were compelled to leave their homes at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. London is more than twice as large now as it was 65 years ago, and the difficulties of locomotion on such an occasion will be proportionately greater. Moreover, there are few now who will remember witnessing a previous coronation, none who are well past the three score and ten mark, while in 1838 middle-aged people would easily recollect the coronations of Victoria's two immediate predecessors, Wm. IV. and George IV. The King himself is said to be paying great attention to the details of the coronation procession, and it will doubtless prove a pageant worthy of comparison with the gorgeous scenes that have marked the most notable coronations of the past. One of the most famous of these was the coronation procession of Elizabeth, when England dared once more to breathe freely after the horrors of Mary's reign, and the young and charming Queen—charming at least by comparison—was received by her people with a spontaneity of enthusiasm that had been absent at the costly pageantry that attended her melancholy middle-aged sister. Elizabeth herself had been present at Mary's coronation procession, and had sat in her litter, clad in "a goune of purple velvet, furred with powdered ermine, having on her head a kale of cloth of tinsell beset with pearl and stone, and above the same upon her head a round circle of gold beset so richly with pretius stones that the value thereof was inestimable, the same kale and circle being so massie and ponderous that she was fain to beare up her head with her hand." Five years later, at her own coronation in 1558, Elizabeth made her progress from the Tower to Westminster "richly furnished and most honourably accompanied, as well, with the nobilitie of the realme, as also with a notable trayne of goodly and bewtifull ladies richly appoynted." On her entry into the city she was "of the people received marveylous entirely, as appeared by the assemblie, prayers, wishes, welcomings, cryes, tender woordes, and all other signs which argue a wonderfull earnest love"; to all of which tokens of good-will Elizabeth responded "by holding up her handes and merie countenance to such as stoode farre off, and most tender and gentle language to those that stoode nigh to her Grace did declare herself no lesse thankfullye to receive her people's good wyll than they lovingly offered it unto her." Her graciousness was extended to the humblest of the people. "If the baser personages had offered her Grace any flowers or such like as a signification of their good wyll, or moved to her any suit, she most gently, to the common rejoysing of all the lookers on, staid her chariot and heard theyr requests." Thus she passed on amid pageants innumerable through the city, "whiche withoute any forreyne persone of itself beautifyed itself."

The Soldier's Paper.

I was handed the other day some copies of a queer little South African paper, "The Northern Post and Border News," printed at Aliwal North, in Cape Colony. It is printed chiefly for circulation among the soldiers, and Tommy Atkins is only too glad, they say, to buy them at the rate of sixpence each. They are somewhat high at the price, for there is very little news in them. The papers are printed only on one side, and the whole of the matter is contained in one or two columns, and in large type at that. The only news printed, apart from rigidly censored Reuter's despatches relating either to military operations in South Africa or to proceedings in England immediately associated with the war, are the latest prices of Rand shares, and the result of the English-Australian cricket matches in England. So are the three incongruous elements of war, commerce and sport brought under the soldier's eye in the same column. Yet the first place and the biggest type are given to the statement that "when stumps were drawn for the day only four wickets were disposed of, and the score stood at 660 runs. Evidently Kipling's attack on cricketers finds little sympathy in the army, in whose behalf it was in a sense written. "The Islanders" are still islanders, and Kipling will hardly succeed in changing their nature. In the biggest type in the little paper of Feb. 6 last the words, "Bad News! Bad News!" in letters an inch and a half high, catch the eye, and give a momentary impression that the censorship cannot be so rigid after all, when headlines like this are put over British reverses. The second line, "Slaughter of the Innocents," suggests a somewhat flippant view of a presumably serious situation, but that is only what we have been taught to expect of Tommy. Reading on, however, we find the old, familiar phrases; "We must evacuate our present premises. Now's your chance," etc., etc. "Come early and do not miss this last and only opportunity." It is only a dry goods merchants' slaughter, after all. But the name at the foot of the advertisement is instructive. It is not Saxon or Celtic, but good sound Dutch, two of them, in fact, viz., Rascher, Keast & Co. These burghers are not so slow after all at improving their opportunities or copying our own most advanced business methods. One of the advertisements, printed in both English and Dutch, is signed by S. R. French, Postmaster-General of Cape Colony, and calls for tenders for posts between Aliwal North and Jamestown. Apparently there is no great rush for the work, the advertisement starting, "No satisfactory tender having been received," etc. Driving a mail cart in this region just now is probably a line of work that presents unusually favorable opportunities for being potted by some odd member of a stray commando.

Miles on Miles

Are walked by the billiard player, as he moves around the table. That is the only exercise many a city man gets. It is this lack of exercise in the shut-in-life of the city, combined with irregular eating and indigestible dishes which tend to make the city man the victim of "stomach trouble."

When there is undue fullness after eating, with belching, sour risings and other distressing symptoms, a prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will effect a speedy cure. In the most extreme cases of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, the persistent use of the "Discovery" will result in a complete cure in ninety-eight cases out of every hundred.

"The praise I would like to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' I cannot utter in words or describe with pen," writes James B. Ambrose, Esq., of 1205½ Mifflin Street, Huntingdon, Pa. "I was taken down with what our physicians said was indigestion. I doctored with the best around here and found no relief. I wrote to you and you sent me a question blank to fill out and I did so and you then advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped taking, as I think, cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now."

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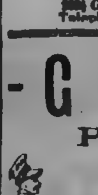

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

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CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper [illegible]

Humor of the Hour.

"When her grandfather came to this town he was barefooted and had only fifty cents in his pocket."

"What a lucky thing it was for her that he didn't know she would some day be ashamed of the manner of his arrival. If he could have known how it was going to humiliate her he mightn't have come."—Chicago Record-Herald.

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"'Tis very sad," the onion said,
And heaved a little sigh,
"The only faculty I have
"Is making people cry."
—The Interior.

◆◆◆

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

The word "ponger," indicating an exponent of the art or science of ping pong, has lately sprung into existence. Do the users of this euphonious but backboneless noun realize what they are responsible for? Witness the result:—

"If a man who plays at ping pong is a "ponger,"
Then a singer at a "sing song" is a "songer";
If the "songer" is a "singer,"
Then the "ponger" is a "pinger,"
And the man who says it's wrong must be a "wronger."

If your charming partner at the game's a "pingstress,"
Then an operatic nightingale's a "singstress";
If the song she sings is sung,
Is a game of ping pong "pung"?
And is the girl who lingers called a "lingstress"?
—London Mail.

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A pretty girl boarded a crowded street car in Washington, and a pompous old gentleman arose and gave her a seat.

After some time a number of passengers got out, and the old gentleman sank into the nearest corner with a weary sigh.

"I wouldn't get up again," he murmured, "for an angel," and then, as he caught the eyes of the girl fixed upon him reproachfully, he added quickly, "I mean, madam, for another angel!"—Harper's Magazine.

◆◆◆

"I went south to spend the winter among the palms, the flowers and the sunshine, but I was so absent-minded I had to come right back."

"How so?"

"Forgot my snowshoes."—New York Sun.

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"In Esquire Robert's court recently," says The Fulton (Ky.) Leader, "a boy was put on the witness stand, and to ascertain if he knew the nature of an oath the Justice interviewed him as follows:—

"'Do you know the nature of an oath?'

"'Don't know whether I do or not.'

"'Well, if you should tell a lie, do you know where you would go when you die?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Where?'

"'Well, when we moved out here pap said if any of us lied he would take us back to Arkansas, and I reckon he'll be as good as his word.'"

◆◆◆

The customer had not been sitting long at the hospitable table of a certain hotel in London when he noticed something mysterious about his plate of "fine old Stilton" and bread.

He watched it very closely for some time, and then with a look of awe on his face, called lustily to the waiter.

"Waiter!" he cried, "remove this cheese."

"Beg pardon, sir," said the waiter. "Can I bring you any other kind?"

"Remove this cheese, I tell you!"

"We've some fine Gorgonzola, sir. I'll—"

"Great Jupiter, man! If you don't remove it immediately I'll call the police!"

"Sorry, sir," said the terrified waiter. "Is there anything wrong?"

"Wrong! wrong! It's eating all my bread!"

◆◆◆

"I think papa is just as mean as he can be," asserted the little one with indignation.

"Why?" asked her mother in surprise.

"Oh, he never can tell anything about the changes in the weather," was the reply. "Why doesn't he get the rheumatism, like Lucy Miller's father?"—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

"No," said the cheerful man, "a man cannot be too careful about writing letters."

"That's right," replied the nervous individual; "I wrote three once that have kept me in hot water ever since."

"Ah, love letters, I suppose. Breach of—"

"No, sir. 'I.O.U.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

◆◆◆

"Hi sy, you know," said the Cockney, addressing the Bowery boy, "we cawn't be henemies; we 'ave to be brothers. We speak the same lyangwydge, you know."

"Wot t'ell. Holler for an interpreter. You're wuzzy. I seen you batten your eye. Git propper. Git propper.—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—Chicago News.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

He had little interest in the conversation that followed which drifted on to other topics.

He noticed, with darkening brow, how happy Aleck looked. His dark, handsome face was the picture of contentment.

As St. John arose and left the room, Alexander Hamilton looked after him with a puzzled expression.

"Where have I seen just such a pair of dark eyes before?" he mused. "They seem strangely familiar to me."

Meanwhile Daisy had tied on her broad sun-hat and hurried down into the grounds.

"Food would choke me," she muttered, with a half sob— "but I must have air or die— my heart seems bursting."

A walk through the beautiful grounds refreshed her.

"How silly I am to give myself up to such horrible fear," she cried, throwing herself down on a pretty rustic bench by the fountain. "Harold St. John will never find me— the world is so wide— I am safe, safe."

The color drifted back to the pale, dimpled cheeks, and the light to the beautiful blue eyes.

"To think that Aleck should know him of all people," she murmured, with a cold shudder.

"If we should meet suddenly—Harold St. John and I— I feel sure that he would never recognize me— I am so greatly changed," she thought, leaning over the fountain's brim, and gazing intently down into the beautiful face the water reflected.

A slight noise directly behind her startled her, and glancing hastily around, she saw a gentleman beside the fountain, with both of his arms leaning lightly upon the railing.

"I beg your pardon, madam," he said, raising his hat respectfully — "will you kindly tell me the name of that flowering plant at your feet?"

A faint, choking cry broke from Daisy's white, stiffening lips. She tried to turn and fly, but heaven itself seemed against her; she had not even power to turn her face away, or to fall on her knees and bury it among the crimson blooms at her feet. Like one fascinated, her terrified, strained gaze never left the stranger's face.

His eyes were fixed curiously upon the plant he had been admiring. One moment more and he would raise his eyes to her face— and then—God pity her, what would happen then!

Despite the careful disguise, she had recognized Harold St. John at the first glance. While the sun shone, and the birds sang, and the perfume of the roses was wafted around her — her doom had fallen upon her — fallen suddenly and without warning. Her only hope was in sudden flight.

A wild prayer rose in her heart to heaven for help.

With energy borne of desperation, she sprung to her feet, wheeled abruptly away, and walked swiftly down the path.

Harold St John, who had not caught sight of the face beneath the broad sun-hat, looked after the retreating figure with a scornful laugh on his lips.

"By George, what a prude!" he muttered, "to take such offense at a natural, civil question. I suppose it would be the proper thing to follow and overtake the beauty, and humbly beg her pardon."

It was certainly a merciful fate which prevented him from putting this resolution into execution.

"There is time enough; I will see her again," he told himself, as he lit a cigar and threw himself down on the bench she had so lately occupied.

Meanwhile Daisy had fled to the house in an agony of terror words are too weak to describe.

She never knew how she reached her own apartments; the earth seemed rocking beneath her feet, the light of the sun seemed blotted out, and a horrible darkness to reign.

Aleck sprung to meet her with a cry of alarm.

"You are ill, my darling," he said in affright. "In heaven's name, Daisy! what is the matter?"

She threw herself into Aleck's arms with the bitterest cry ever heard.

"Oh, Aleck!" she sobbed in an awful whisper. "If anything should ever happen to part us I should surely die, dear."

He took her in his arms in great alarm, caressing the beautiful golden head, kissing the white face and colorless lips.

What could have put such a notion into her head?

"Nothing but death could part us, my love," he murmured gently.

She laughed aloud, and that laugh startled him as the bitterest sob could not have done, it was so full of repressed agony, of terrible pain.

Nothing but heaven could part them. Why, the man she had left standing by the fountain had power to sever them if he uttered but one word.

God pity her, if Aleck but knew!

She crept closer to him, winding her white arms round his neck and looking up into his dark eyes.

"If I were to kneel at your feet, Aleck, my love, and ask you to grant me one favor, would you do it?"

"There would be no need to kneel to me, darling," he answered. "Have you ever expressed the slightest wish that I have not been most eager to fulfill? Tell me what it is that you wish, dear?"

"I want to go away from here, Aleck," she breathed, faintly, "at once—this very hour. Oh, God, every hour I spend beneath this roof will be a torture to me!"

He drew back and looked at her in amazement.

"I have always heard that women were puzzles," he declared, "but you, my dear, are the greatest puzzle of them all. Only yesterday you were telling me how delighted you were with the place, and how sorry you would be when the time came to leave. Now you are quite as anxious to go away."

Suddenly another idea came to him.

"Daisy," he cried, "has anything happened to cause you to change your opinion of the place? has —has—any one insulted you in any way? If that is the case, I will have his very life for it!" he cried, hoarsely.

"No, no; it is not that, Aleck," she sobbed. "I—I—can assign no reason for it, only I want to go away."

He looked much relieved.

"It is only a whim, then —a caprice, my darling?" he answered laughingly.

"It is only that, Aleck, but you must leave here," she sobbed, clinging closer to him.

He clasped the little ice-cold hands in his, and gazed earnestly down into the fair young face.

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

PATIENT ENDURANCE.

SERMON BY

REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

But let patience have her perfect work.—St. James., i., 4.

Patience is generally classed among the minor virtues, but so much of life's happiness and usefulness depends on it that we ought to give it a more prominent place. To patiently endure an environment which includes suffering and hardship is nothing less than heroism, and there are unseen and unrecorded instances in which men and women have shown the courage of the martyr.

Patience is always yoked with other high qualities of character. Its nearest ally is self-control, and self-control is as important when you are building a character as a rudder is when a ship is launched. It is literally the steering apparatus which keeps us clear of the rocks and shoals of an impetuous and reckless temper. I would rather have patience with perfect self-control than to have genius, for while genius is erratic and often unbalanced, these other qualities give us poise and equilibrium. Patience is grounded on resignation to the inevitable, which results in a calm endurance under exasperating circumstances, and in the conviction that it is safer to bear the ills we have than to fly to others that we know not of. When a man cultivates patience, therefore, he becomes master of himself and master of whatever may possibly happen. It is a kingly, a royal virtue, and more depends on its possession than we are apt to think.

You can reckon its value by considering its opposite. Impatience is a dangerous quality. It constantly places your self-respect and your relations to your dearest friends in peril. Moreover, it makes unhappy circumstances more unhappy still. You can't rebel against your surroundings with a complaining heart without rendering yourself weak to oppose or change them. Look your life over calmly and impartially and you will find that where you have been at odds with your lot you have made the lot so much the worse and more difficult to get away from, whereas if you had accepted the bitter experience and made the best of it you would have reaped a benefit otherwise impossible. It is equally true that where you have been impetuous of speech you have had cause for regret, while a curbed tongue has been cause for rejoicing. When you have been silent you have done better than when you have spoken. A bitter word suppressed strengthens the character, while a reckless utterance is like a bomb, which is sure to injure, if it does not kill, a friendship.

It is an inexorable law that three-quarters of the world must drudge in order to live. You may wonder why this should be so, but you will find no solution for the puzzle. The simple, stubborn fact faces you, and it ends all controversy. Moreover, all the world, without exception, must sooner or later bear heavy burdens of sorrow and bereavement. The normal condition of man is to be a burden-bearer, and I had almost said it is the only healthy condition. There is no smooth road laid down on the chart of life. We all trudge through storm and sunshine. Poverty, sickness, trouble, death, are to be found everywhere. Kings and peasants alike have their sorrows. It is the common lot.

There is only one question to be asked and answered: How shall we make these experiences contribute to strength of character, and possibly to our welfare? Not, surely, by a restless controversy with the inevitable and inexorable. That state of mind only aggravates the evil without even the shadow of a good result. It is your attitude of mind and heart which decides your happiness or misery.

Fight fate and you will surely be defeated; not only defeated, but soured. On the other hand, make the best of the worst, calmly and patiently use events and extract from them whatever of good they may contain, and your days will swing along with a smoothness that will surprise you. More and better than that, your calmness and patience will have a tendency to draw to you the help of the other world, and if you and the other world come to a harmonious understanding the very complexion of your adverse circumstances will change.

In a word, the soul which follows in the footsteps of the Christ and in poverty and hard work and misfortune bravely meets and nobly endures will find light in unexpected places, and joys where only fears were looked for. There is a subtle law here, and if we can discover it and be guided by it the clouds will have a silver lining, and even our sorrows will prove a blessing.

God is still with us, and so are the angels of God. With patience and courage we may fit ourselves for their kind services, and so make good use of the roughest places over which we must travel to the rest and reward of the glorious future.

Now as to the name of the garment,
There is one unerring test.
If it costs five plunks 'tis a waistcoat,
If less than that, a vest.

To Detect Bad Notes.

There will be no doubt an unusually large number of visitors in England this summer in connection with the coronation festivities. The recent announcement that several hundred £5 notes have been lately stopped by the Bank of England and other London banks will be specially interesting to them, and may cause some feelings of apprehension, for the visitor, unused to handling the English money, is naturally more easily victimized than those accustomed to it. The Daily Express gives some interesting information as to how you may tell whether your £5 notes are genuine or forged.

Chief cashiers in banks can tell at a glance, for in the freemasonry of the profession they have learned some of the secret marks by which the Bank of England absolutely safeguards itself against deception.

The whole of the secret marks, some dozen in all, are only known to the man whose signature appears on each note.

The best test for the average man to apply is the rough and ready one of looking at the water-mark. If that is very plain, when held up to the light or laid down on a table, you may be pretty certain that your fiver is genuine.

The water-mark of the Bank of England is one of those things that no forger has yet been able to imitate successfully.

Now for the forged notes. If you would detect them look out for any of the following defects, which were discovered after long examination by the chief cashier of a West End business house:—

(1) The water-mark is very light, and not made in the note.

(2) The paper is slightly greasy to the touch.

(3) The printing is lighter; the ink not as black as it should be. This is particularly noticeable in the medallion of Britannia in the top left-hand corner.

(4) The top and bottom of the note are very ragged, as if carried in the pocket, and nicked as if torn away, while the sides are quite clean cut.

"I had never handled a forged Bank of England note," said this cashier, "until this came into my possession, and I naturally examined it very carefully.

"I understand that the notes have different dates and numbers, making their detection more difficult, and I should say that the dates were added after the body of the note had been printed."

From the head of a large banking concern in the city The Express representative received an opinion regarding the forged notes closely corresponding with the one given above. He was of opinion that the note might best be detected by three of its features:—

(1) Not quite so crisp as the genuine note.

(2) Faint water-mark

(3) Faulty engraving and printing of the Britannia medal.

Forgers of bank notes have always two prime difficulties to contend with—to imitate the water-mark, and to get the notes in circulation.

The Duke of Gloucester.

The proposal to revive the old English title of Duke of Gloucester has set newspaper writers at work, hunting up the records of former bearers of the title, which appear to be mournful enough to give it an aspect of ill-omen even in the present materialistic age. The title was last revived by George I., who created his grandson, Frederick Lewis, Duke of Gloucester in 1714. This Prince was not, if his father, George II., may be believed, an ornament to the Peerage. "My dear firstborn," said that unamiable Sovereign, "is the greatest ass and the greatest liar and the greatest canaille and the greatest beast in the whole world, and I heartily wish he was out of it." His unhappy relations with his parents were a public scandal, but a fairer estimate of his character is that given by Horace Walpole. "His best quality was generosity, his worst insincerity, and indifference to truth, which appeared so early that Earl Stanhope wrote to Lord Sunderland what I shall conclude his character with:—'He has his father's head and his mother's heart.' His character with the people is probably best summed up in the lines beginning

Here lies Fred,
Who was alive and is dead.
and ending with
There's no more to be said."

The title became dormant again in 1834, when the second Duke of this creation, third son of "Fred," died without children. If the story of the present revival has any basis, the title is presumably intended for one of the young sons of the Prince of Wales.

Helping Reciprocity Along.

Force of circumstances is compelling us to reckon with western Canada. The Journal has often spoken of the great agricultural resources of that region, and has predicted that within ten years it will be the greatest hard wheat raising region in the world. The enormous crop raised there last year and bound for the export market, almost entirely, has called the attention of Minneapolis grain men and millers to the importance of Canadian competition. Canadian wheat is now selling so cheaply abroad that the Minneapolis export flour trade is in danger of suffering thereby, as foreign millers can buy Canadian wheat and undersell the Minneapolis exporters.

To remedy partially this unfortunate state of affairs the local millers are thinking of buying Canadian wheat and milling it in bond for their export trade. If they do this they will be able to meet the foreign millers on equal terms as to the price of Canadian wheat, since the duty on Canadian wheat will be refunded when the flour made from it is exported. So, then, we are already confronted with the desirability of using Canadian wheat in the manufacture of flour designed for export. The time is approaching when we shall need it for flour intended for domestic consumption. Already, regardless of the tariff, it is competing with American wheat and forcing down the price of the latter. If the tariff on wheat were taken off and Canadian wheat were merged in American wheat in the markets, the chances are that it would affect the price less than now.

Truly, the development of the Canadian west is making the question of reciprocity with Canada a very live one for the people of the American northwest.—Minneapolis Journal.

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia Record.

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The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said. "was signed 'Mere Anon' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Omega.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more anon."

The Poultry Yard.

Selecting Layers.

While in every flock of poultry there are good, bad and indifferent layers, not all poultry-keepers take the trouble to discriminate and set the eggs of only the good layers. The points that distinguish a good from an indifferent layer are the increased activity of the former, and she usually has a small head and extra bright eye, but these latter points want a trained eye to detect. Good layers can be found not only among pure breeds and first crosses, but among the so-called mongrels, but in every case they are the most active in the flock and the hungriest, which is easily explained by the fact that they are often laying when the others are not, and a laying hen is always more eager for food, or at least wants more food, than one not laying. A very good layer seldom, if ever, lays a large egg; it is of medium size only, and for this reason often gets overlooked when eggs are chosen for setting. Some poultry-keepers choose the biggest eggs for this purpose, but the medium sized ones will hatch just as fine chickens as a rule. The eggs of a good layer should always be set, for her progeny are very likely to take after her; a cockerel descended from a good layer is of more value in the breeding-pen than one from a moderate layer only.—C. D. L., in Farm and Home.

Unfertile Eggs.

It is generally best to set several hens at the same time, so that unfertile or addled eggs can be thrown out on the sixth or seventh day, and a redistribution made of the remainder, giving a full supply to each hen as far as they will go, and leaving perhaps one or two birds with none at all. These can be reset again with fresh eggs, and they will be little or none the worse of the extra week's work.

It is always advisable to throw out the useless eggs as soon as their presence can be detected. They are simply taking up space in the nest, and perhaps preventing full justice being done to the others. It is often possible to pick them out on the fifth day, but they can generally be detected with certainty on the seventh. The procedure is extremely simple. Encircle the egg to be tested between the thumb and forefinger, lengthways, and hold up between the eye and a gas jet or candle flame. If it is fertile it will appear to be quite opaque, the air space at the thick end showing clearly against the dark centre; while, if the egg is unfertile, it will show quite clear all over. Such eggs as the latter may at once be thrown out. If the contents seem muddy, and appear to shift as the egg is moved in the hand, very likely it is addled, and may be thrown out also. If there is any doubt as to such an egg, it may be replaced in the nest, and retested a day or two after. Its true condition can then be ascertained with certainty. If such an egg rattles when slightly shaken, it is going rotten fast.—Farmer and Stock Breeder.

Brown Eggs and White Eggs.

Among the many popular fallacies which are prevalent at the present day there is none more common (even to a large extent among educated people) than the belief in the superiority of a brown egg over a white one. It is certainly true that a rich-colored brown egg looks more tempting on the breakfast table than does one of the cream-colored eggs which are most frequently seen. A cream-colored egg in most cases is a stale egg—it is a brown egg that has lost its color to a greater or less extent, and with its color, too, has gone the bloom of freshness which is so characteristic of a new-laid egg. Although, as a rule, the richly-colored brown eggs are first selected at the morning breakfast table, yet at the same time if the white eggs were of that pure white color which is characteristic of the Minorca and Leghorn and the Andalusian—that is to say, if they were always of a pure white color, not a creamy color—I fancy they would be taken up more rapidly. The hotelkeeper who has to display on his breakfast tables a number of eggs would make them look more attractive if he would only place before his guests eggs which are either absolutely white or rich dark-brown intermingled.

But now what is the difference between a brown egg and a white one? Experiments have been tried from time to time with a view to comparing the composition of brown eggs and white eggs, and these experiments have revealed the fact that there is absolutely no difference whatever between a brown egg and a white egg so far as their chemical composition is concerned. It is six of one and half a dozen of the other, and the notion that, because an egg is brown in color, therefore it is richer than one which is white in color, is an absurdity. The same thing applies to the color of the yolk; a dark yolk is no better than a pale yolk so far as nutritive properties are concerned. It is perfectly true that the flavor of yolks varies considerably, but that depends upon the manner in which fowls are fed, and also upon the conditions under which they are kept, and it has no bearing whatever upon the richness or otherwise of the yolks from a dietetic point of view. The reason why some eggs are brown in color while others are white is simply this, that in certain breeds—generally speaking, those which are known as the Asiatic breeds—the carbonate of lime which is deposited through their blood to form the egg shell is pink-colored, whereas in other breeds it is white, and wherever Asiatic blood is present the egg color is dark proportionately—that is to say, that a fowl with only a tincture of Asiatic blood in its veins will lay a slightly tinted egg, whereas one that has more Asiatic blood in her veins will lay a darker egg, and so on. That is not an absolutely fixed rule, but that is the drift of it. The color of the eggs a hen lays depends really upon her pedigree. The same principle applies to the color of the yolk. The color of the yolk is due to a pigment, and is dependent, as I have already said, upon the feeding and general conditions of living, and to some extent upon the hereditary tendency also.

Farmers would find it advantageous (as I have several times previously said in these columns) to aim at producing very white and very dark brown eggs—in preference to the indefinite assortment of colors we usually see in an egg basket. The appearance is so much better.—W. M. Freeman, in Farm and Home.

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh. Gosh & Co. 25 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 25 per cent. write in the colonial style.—[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN

COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

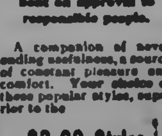
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

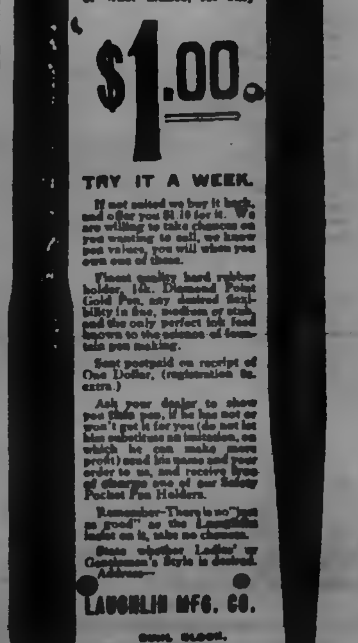
Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.



LAUGHLIN

FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell; we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.

[illegible] BLOCK,

DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Borden, M. D., Has the best treatment [illegible]

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING -AND- MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 11, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The street crossings are in a filthy condition.

—There was no police court yesterday.

—Politics is the all absorbing topic of the day.

—The water in the river rose about four inches yesterday.

—Lindsay will apply for a provincial audit of the municipal accounts.

—A large number of muskrat pelts are being offered for sale in town.

—The chief has a purse which was picked up on Simcoe street on Tuesday, for which he would like an owner.

—A heavy snow storm passed over the district extending from Manvers, west to Myrtle, yesterday morning.

—Six tons of ping-pong balls a week are turned out by one British factory; that means 4,320,000 balls. They are of xylonite.

—The bridge over Pigeon Creek was badly broken by the ice during the winter. Traffic is now by way of Cowan's bridge.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church, intend having a high tea and sale of fancy and useful articles on May 6th.

—Two men from the back country were up before County Magistrate Edmison yesterday, charged with stealing a cow. They were remanded until Friday.

—There will be a Sunday school rally in the George street Methodist church to-morrow evening, at which addresses will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Wilson, Rev. Mr. Potter and Rev. Mr. Yule.

—Mr. James Hanna, an employee of the C. G. E. Works, had the misfortune to have the index finger of his right hand cut off by coming in contact with a circular saw on Tuesday. The injury was attended to by Dr. Young.

—Mr. Thos. Barrie, the well-known George st. furrier, will purchase 20,000 muskrat pelts within the next two weeks. The skins will be dressed by Mr. Barrie's workmen, and will be used principally for overcoat linings.

—It was rumored around town yesterday morning that the new Chemong Lake bridge had been torn from its fastenings by the high winds on Tuesday. The driver of the Bobcaygeon stage, however, told Mr. Belcher, County Engineer, that the bridge had weathered the gale in good shape, and was perfectly safe.

MARRIAGES

TROLLOPE—NOYES.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Saturday, March 8th, by Rev. C. L. Thompson, Mr. Henry Trollope, of Peterborough, to Miss Fanny Noyes, daughter of Mr. Charles Noyes, Ashburnham.

Will Go to Orillia

The fire brigade and the 57th Regt. Band have decided to run an excursion to Orillia about June 16th. The exact date has not been settled as yet. Last year when the Orillia firemen visited Peterborough they invited the fire brigade and band to visit them during this summer and have promised the visitors a good time.

Belleville Imitates Peterboro'

Belleville is truly an up-to-date hamlet. The municipal council of that burg recently put in force a by-law prohibiting the cutting-up of meat for sale by any persons not occupying stalls or shops. A by-law making a similar enactment, went into operation in Peterborough half a century ago.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Elliott are spending a few days in Toronto.

—Dr. and Mrs. Young, and two children, are visiting Mrs. Young's father, Judge McDougall, Toronto.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Cox have returned from a short sojourn at Clifton Springs, N.Y.

—Mr. Geo. Rowland, who has been visiting in town for the past few days, left yesterday for Toronto, on business.

—The Misses Beatty, of town, have returned from Lakefield, where they spent the Easter holidays, the guests of Mrs. S. Nelson.

—Prof. D. Selberg passed through yesterday from Lakefield, on his way to Fenelon Falls, where he goes on professional business.

—Mr. W. J. Patterson, of town, who has been attending Queen's University, has taken his degree of M.D. He is receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

—The Times had a call yesterday from Mr. J. J. Roberts, the genial travelling agent of the Highland Spring Brewery, Port Hope, who was in town in the interests of that company. The splendid ales brewed at Port Hope, are known all over the province. Mr. Roberts received some good orders while in town.

—Mr. A. G. Gough, of the popular firm of Gough Bros., Toronto and Peterborough, who has been in town since Saturday, in connection with the business of the Peterborough branch, left for Toronto on Tuesday evening. He states that trade was never better with the firm, both in Peterborough and Toronto.

Sam Mulligan Not Killed

It was reported around the streets streets yesterday that another of our Peterborough boys, Sam Mulligan, had been killed in the battle of Hart's River, S. A., on March 31st. The rumor has proved to be unfounded, as no such name was given in the casualty lists of killed and wounded.

Lightning Remedy for Cramps

Some people have cramps pretty often, others only now and again. But when you do have them, it is a mighty quick relief you want. Polson's Nerviline is as sure as death to relieve cramps in five seconds — it's instantaneous, just a few drops in sweetened water and the pain is gone. Buy a bottle of Nerviline to-day and keep it handy. Nerviline is a common household necessity and only costs 25 cents.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure constipation.

THEY WANT AUGMENTATION.

The Request of the Mill Street Church in Port Hope is to be Dealt With

At the Presbytery meeting at Warsaw on Tuesday it was arranged to invite the members of the Assembly Augmentation committee to visit Mill Street church, Port Hope, in connection with their recent application for augmentation.

Rev. Mr. Potter was appointed as a representative of the Presbytery to meet the deputation of the committee at Port Hope.

WEDDING BELLS.

Miss Jennie Robson United in Marriage to Mr. Thompson, both of Otonabee

A pleasant event took place last evening at the home of Mrs. Walter Robson, Otonabee, when her daughter, Miss Jennie, was united in marriage to Mr. Thompson, also of Otonabee. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Torrance, in the presence of a large number of friends of the bride and groom. The bride was attired in white organdie. The gifts to the were varied and costly. The Times joins in hearty congratulations. May all their ways be pleasantness.

A LARGE SURPLUS

Cheque for $2,500 Handed to the Town by the Water Commissioners

At the last meeting of the Water Commissioners they had a very pleasant duty to perform in handing over to the Town Authorities a cheque for $2,500 representing the excess of the revenue over the cost of maintenance of the Water Works for the first quarter. The time for paying the quarters rates, which are payable in advance and secure the discount, is not yet up, so that much revenue is not yet received from this quarter. The first in which the town collected the rates.

Out of the money received the town must pay the interest and sinking fund on the works before they can figure on any surplus.

FOOD DOES IT

Restores Health More Surely Than any Medicine

It is a short road to trouble when the food does not supply the right material to rebuild the brain. You cannot use the brain without breaking down small particles every day, and you cannot rebuild unless the food furnishes the right kind of building material, and that is albumen and phosphate of potash. Not such as you get from the druggist, but such as Nature stores in certain kinds of food.

Grape-Nuts contains these particles and well-defined results can be obtained from using the toothsome, delicious food.

A brain worker whose name can be given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., writes, "Last fall I got in a desperate condition through the excessive mental work and lack of proper food. I was finally compelled to abandon all business and seek absolute quiet and rest in the country.

I had been under the care of a good physician for several months, but it seemed by food did not rebuild the brain tissue properly. I was on the verge of despair when I left for the country.

Down at the ferry I purchased an evening Journal and my attention was attracted to the headlines of a Grape-Nuts advertisement which read, 'Food Cure Nature's Way.' I read it carefully and decided to give Grape-Nuts a trial, so next morning I went in on the new food, and in two weeks time gained 10 pounds and felt like a new man all over.

I candidly believe if I had known the remarkable sustaining power of the food prior to my illness I would not have needed a physician nor would I have been sick at all."

THE TOWN COUNCIL

Tenders Let for Street Watering—The Cordage Company Siding

A special session of the Town Council was held in the Town Clerks Office last night at eight o'clock.

Those present were, Mayor Denne, Ald. Rush, Shortly, McGregor, Corkery, Edgcumbe, Hatton, Morrison, Roger.

To the Council of the Town of Peterborough.

Gentlemen :—

Your Committee of the whole council beg leave to report as follows :—

1. That the following tenders for street watering were received. Southern District, I. Williams, $346.00 W. J. Collins, $324.50. Western District, J. H. Cameron, $285.00. Northern District, Z. Blodgett, $619.00.

2. We recommend that the tenders of Wm. J. Collins, J. H. Cameron and Z. Blodgett, be accepted.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted.

A By-law authorizing the acceptance of tenders for street watering was passed and sealed.

A By-law to authorize the Mayor and Clerk to execute an agreement with Mr. Williams for a dumping ground received its several readings was passed and sealed.

A communication from Wm. Kilgour asking the council to grant him the sum of $10.00 to place a crossing at his place. The matter was referred to the Board of Works.

On motion the Legal Committee were authorized to look into the matter of closing up Mercer Avenue.

Mr. McWilliams appeared before the council and asked the council to look into the action of the Cordage Co. in placing a siding into their works which has been pointed out was damaging the property of Mr. McNamara. The company had asked the council for permission to put in a siding into their works but as the matter had been opposed by Mr. McNamara, the Cordage company had afterwards purchased the ground from the Town Commissioners and had received a deed for the ground which is a continuation of Bethune street. After sometime the company had got permission from the council to place the siding on Aylmer street. Several of the parties who signed Mr. McNamara's petition, when this became known wished to withdraw their names as they would sooner see the siding put in on Bethune street than on Aylmer.

The question is a very difficult one because the railway was built before that portion of the town was incorporated. It is difficult to say whether the town has the claim to the street or not.

Mr. McWilliams, on behalf of his client, Mr. McNamara asked that the council carry out its resolution recommended by the Legal Committee some time ago. He wants the council to arrange with the company for the return of the deed to the property, and that the obstructions on the street be removed.

Mr. McNamara is willing to waive the question of damages providing the land be taken back by the town and the street opened up.

The Council adjourned.

The Legal Committee held a short session at the close of the meeting.

REV. W. L. ATKINSON INDUCTED

As Pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Warsaw, on Tuesday

A special meeting of the Presbytery of Peterborough was held at Warsaw on Tuesday for the purpose of inducting Rev. W. L. Atkinson, formerly of Edmonton, into the pastorate of the Warsaw church. The induction services were held at three o'clock at which the attendance was very large. The following ministers represented the Presbytery, Rev. Dr. Torrance, of St. Pauls, Rev. J. G. Potter of St. Andrews, Rev. Mr. Kannawin, of Omemee, Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Lakefield, Rev. Mr. McIntosh, of Fraserville, and Rev. Wm. Bennett, of Peterborough.

The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Potter. The induction of the pastor and the asking of the usual series of questions and offering, the induction prayer was conducted by Rev. Mr. Campbell.

Rev. Mr. Kannawin, addressed the minister, and Rev. Mr. McIntosh, addressed the people in appropriate terms.

After the ceremony a congregational tea and reception to the new pastor was held, at which the greatest sociability prevailed. After the tea an excellent programme was presented in which all the ministers took part. Rev. Mr. McQuade, the Methodist minister was present and delivered an excellent address.

MILITARY NOTES

It is expected that recruiting for the fourth Canadian Contingent, for service in South Africa will be carried on at the Drill hall in the course of a few days. No definite orders have as yet been issued but it is understood that recruits will be examined and accepted at the same points as for the last contingent. In a day or so, further particulars are expected, and notice will be given in the press. Already a large number of men have sent in their names to the examining officer, Sergeant-Major Young and to the orderly room clerk. It is thought that fully fifty men can be raised here as there is no limit to the quotas from each station.

The 57th Regiment held their first drill of the season on Tuesday evening. A large number turned out, also a good batch of recruits. The regiment will parade on Tuesday evening next. As the regiment has been invited to go to Napanee, for the 24th of May, the officers are desirous that the men attend drill regularly so as to be in good shape by that time. It has not been fully decided yet whether they will go or not but it is quite likely they will.

After drill was concluded Lt. Col. Edwards addressed the men expressing his pleasure at so large a turn out. He personally mentioned Col. Sgt. Murphy, who was wounded recently in South Africa, also Captain Milligan, who was killed in the same engagement.

"PETE" SIMONS, ARTIST TAILOR

An Up-to-Date Business Man, and a Model Tailor

There are tailors and tailors. All tailors will tell you they can make you a suit that will fit you perfectly. The suits made by some tailors would make the most perfectly developed and splendidly proportioned man look like a "hobo." Others will make you a suit that improves the appearance of any man. One of this latter class of tailors does business in this town, and, needless to say, numbers his customers by the score. He is a deservedly popular citizen, known to hundreds of warm friends as "Pete" Simons.

Mr. Simons is a genial gentleman, and one of Peterborough's most prominent and successful business men. His bright, up-to-date, and commodious store on George street, two doors north of Hunter street, is stocked with one of the finest assortments of English, Scotch and Canadian tweeds, serges, and worsteds in Ontario. No sooner does fashion set her favor on any particular color, weave, or texture, than it is added to Pete Simons's stock. He says that a well-made suit or overcoat, of good material, is ruined by inferior or cheap lining or trimming, and he never uses any but the very best.

In "cutting" Mr. Simons is an artist just as much as is the man who paints an exquisite landscape. It requires years of study, observation and practice to enable a man to cut a suit so that it will conform gracefully, naturally and correctly to every curve of the human figure. Mr. Simons possesses these qualifications in a marked degree, and the suit he makes for you is up-to-date in every detail, correct in style, excellent in quality, natty, handsome, and above all, it possesses that air of quiet, graceful elegance, which so many tailors strive to attain—but without success. In short, you cannot get a better fitting handsomer, more elegant suit in America, than Pete Simons will make for you, and the beauty of the bargain is that he won't charge you a penny more for it, than ordinary dealers charge for inferior clothes.

A glance in the windows of Mr. Simon's handsome store will convince the most skeptical of the superior value of his stock.

YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
36 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

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COLLEGE STREET.

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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

It Leads and Holds The Thousands Who Formerly Used Starchy Grain Foods

Malt Breakfast Food

The Delight of Every Home

Malt Breakfast Food, delicious, appetizing and comforting to the stomach, leads and holds every man, woman and child who has given it a trial. It has, with tens of thousands, taken the place of the common grain foods full of starch and other ingredients that hamper digestion.

Malt Breakfast Food with its wonderful health-producing virtues is the delight of every home in which it is used. It is the pure, health-giving Malt used in combination with the choicest Wheat that gives Malt Breakfast Food its many advantages as a health food.

A breakfast begun with Malt Breakfast Food gives to men and women all needed energy for each day's work and labors, and gives to school children a vim and healthy activity for school duties. One package makes a meal for twenty-five people. Your grocer sells more of it than any other food.

LUCK FOR THE JANITOR.

Lakewood, N. J., April 10. — George Rhodes, janitor, cousin of the late Cecil Rhodes, has been notified of a bequest of $50,000 from him.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

THE NEW SKATING RINK

Messrs. Keila and Knapman are Rapidly Writing Up Stock

Messrs. J. S. Knapman and R. H. Keila, who were recently appointed as promoters for the new skating rink company are meeting with splendid success in their canvass for stock in the town. In all, about $4,000 will be the amount to be raised before tenders will be asked for. To assist the promoters in their work, a neat prospectus has been prepared, from which we take a few items which show the yearly estimated receipts and expenditure of the rink. The figures are based on the receipts and expenditure of the old rink and there is every reason to believe that the receipts in a thoroughly up-to-date new rink will be much in excess of the figures quoted below.

They are as follows :

RECEIPTS.

Skating tickets	$ 600 00
Carnival skaters	150 00
Hockey (ordinary)	1200 00
Hockey (reserved seats)	250 00
	2200 00

EXPENDITURE.

Interest on $8000 @ 5 per cent	$ 400 00
Caretaker, 100 days @ $1.50	150 00
Light, 100 days	100 00
Fuel, 10 cords wood	50 00
Taxes, $8000 @ 17 mills	136 00
Repairs	100 00
Hockey club expenses	500 00
Insurance $6000, 2 per cent	120 00
Water	40 00
	1596 00

RIL
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Enriches and flavors all soups, hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District
CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above Sea Level

Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

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M. C. DICKSON,
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AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

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INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

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QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

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TORONTO, ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Settlers' One way Second Class Excursions

To

Kootenay and Pacific Coast Points

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To NELSON, TRAIL, ROSSLAND, GREENWOOD, MIDWAY, B.C., VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., SEATTLE & TACOMA, Wash. and PORTLAND, OREGON.

$42.55

Tickets on sale MARCH 1st to APRIL 30th, 1902, inclusive.

Proportionate rates from and to other points

Also reduced rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA and WASHINGTON

To Manitoba & Canadian Northwest

Will leave every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, if sufficient business offers.

For full particulars apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
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SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham)

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd.
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none.)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.

The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.

To be had at all first-class dealers

ST. AUGUSTINE

The perfect Communion and Invalids' Wine. In cases, 12 quarts $4.50; 24 pints, $5.50. F. O. B. Brantford

L'EMPEREUR

Extra Dry Champagne. Cases, 12 quarts, 24 pints Ask you wine merchant or hotel for them.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.,

Manufacturers, Brantford and Pelee Island

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bb's, each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont

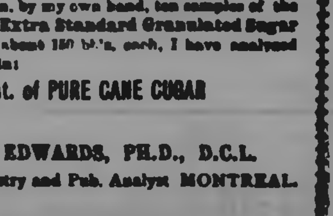
An Apprentice Wanted

We have an opening for an apprentice to learn the printing business. Must be a young man with fair education. Apply at The Times Office

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Bicycles Repaired.



Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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The Morning Times

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VOL. 28 NO. 85 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY APRIL 11 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL THE TRANSVAALERS TO CEASE FIGHTING.

Resistance of the Free Staters Can Then Easily be Overcome--Boer Delegates Think Present Negotiations Successful

Special Telegram to The Times.

The Hague, April 11.—A report is current in official circles to-day that terms of peace in South Africa will be signed in a few days. It is impossible to verify the report on any definite authority.

The Associated Press understands that the peace negotiations are progressing satisfactory, so far as the Transvaalers are concerned, but the latest advices indicate that there is small probability of the Free Staters surrendering in a body. The negotiations, thus far, have been mainly explanations of British intentions. It has been made plain to the leaders that their surrender will not entail banishment, and this has a potent influence. The leading Transvaalers urge their allies to arrange peace terms. The inner circles of the War Office believe that if the present indications are fulfilled, and the Transvaalers agree to surrender, the backbone of Boer resistance will be broken, and that the Free Staters' opposition will soon be overcome.

DIPLOMATICALLY ILL.

London, Thursday, April 11.—It is stated by gossip in connection with the reported postponement of the presentation of the budget to the House of Commons that the indisposition of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is diplomatic, and that peace is impending, and that the consequent prospect of relief to the estimates has something to do with the postponement. Nothing to confirm these statements can be found. Sir Michael is certainly unwell. He is suffering from a chill of the liver, although his condition is not serious.

The pro-Boer Daily News, scouting the peace rumor, discredits any idea of Government amnesty. It adds: — Nor is the situation in South Africa bad for the Boers. That they are moving towards unconditional surrender, quite the reverse. There is little doubt that they control vast districts in the Cape Colony. Their commandants issue orders to the farmers and receive supplies. They move about much as they please, and are scarcely disturbed by Gen. French's operations. Moreover, there is reason to believe there has been a recent reorganization of the Boer forces on Commonwealth lines. Commandant Maritz has formed an Ironsides corps, from which all drunkards and loose livers are rigidly excluded. They hold daily prayer meetings, and meet the hourly perils of war with the stern composure of the Puritans."

GOVERNMENT NOT SANGUINE.

London, April 11.—Mr. Walter Long, president of the Local Government Board, and Mr. Gerald Balfour, president of the Board of Trade, made speeches to-day, in which they indicated that the Government does not anticipate that peace will be the outcome of the mission to the Boer leaders in the field of Acting President Schalkburger, of the Transvaal.

Mr. Balfour, speaking at Leeds, said that no negotiations were proceeding with General Kitchener, who was merely facilitating a conference between the Boer leaders. Mr. Balfour added that he did not know whether the leaders intended to offer terms of surrender. For himself, he was not sanguine in the matter, and he advised his hearers not to be sanguine. Great Britain was still prepared to go as far as was stated a year ago, but that was absolutely the last work. If the Boers adhered to their demand for independence they might as well abandon the idea of negotiations.

ROSEBERY GOING TO AFRICA?

London, Thursday, April 10.—The Daily Chronicle publishes a rumor this morning that Lord Rosebery is going to South Africa to study the situation there with a view of submitting his impressions and advice to King Edward.

TROOPER PATTERSON SERIOUSLY ILL.

Ottawa, Ont., April 10.—The Militia Department was notified to-day of the dangerous illness from enteric fever at Pretoria of Trooper J. A. Patterson, of the South African Constabulary. His father resides at 23 Berkeley Street, Toronto.

TO BE EXECUTED TO-DAY

Homer Bird, the Alaskan Murderer to Die This Morning

Special Telegram to The Times.

Seattle, Wash., April 11—According to the latest advices from Alaska an execution is to take place to-day at Sitka. The victim is Homer Bird, who was convicted several months ago for the murder of Horling and Patterson on the Yukon in September, 1898.

The Agonizing Pains of Rheumatism

Swollen, aching joints, muscles are stiff and sore, every movement accompanied by pain. The most potent remedy is Polson's Nerviline, which has five times the pain-subduing power of any other preparation. Apply the Nerviline copiously, rub it on well and then bind in a hot flannel bandage. This will cure the worst cases in a short time. Try Nerviline for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica or lumbago—it's all right and only costs a quarter.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

A NEW AIR LINE

C. P. R. Will Construct Road Joining Sharbot Lake and Carleton Place

Special to The Times.

Mr. W. C. Spencer, general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific, is at present on an inspection tour of the Ottawa Valley division. In an interview, he says the company will this year build a road connecting Sharbot Lake with Carleton Place, giving an air line between Ottawa and Toronto.

As Others See Us

Lindsay Post:—In Peterborough the Chief of Police periodically visits the market at the request of the Town Property Committee, and weighs samples of butter exposed for sale. The other day he found some prints 3 oz. short of the pound, and confiscated them. Chief Nevison should be instructed to do the same, and also to weigh the bakers' loaves occasionally. We fancy the result would be cheering to the inmates of the Home for the Aged, to which institute the confiscated goods would doubtless be sent.

Seven Boer Chiefs Confer as to Peace

Special Telegram to The Times.

Pretoria, Thursday, April 10.President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, Secretary of State Reitz of the Transvaal, Acting President Schalkburgher, of the Transvaal, and General Lucas Meyer, Commander-in-Chief of the Orange Free State forces, passed through Kroonstad, Orange Free State, Sunday, April 6, on their way to Klerksdorp, Southwestern Transvaal, where General Botha, the Transvaal Commander-in-Chief, arrived Monday, April 7. It was expected that Generals De Wet and De La Rey would attend the conference to take place there. It is understood that the Boer leaders are fully possessed of the British terms, and that the conference then assembling was to enable the leaders to discuss these terms thoroughly. It is expected that the final decision of the burghers will be made known soon.

CONFIRMATION BY THE TIMES.

London, April 10.—The London Times, in its second edition to-day, publishes a despatch from Klerksdorp, dated April 9, announcing that Acting President Schalkburger and other members of the Boer Government, arrived there by train April 6, and that messages were sent out inviting President Steyn and General Delarey to come in and meet them. While awaiting a reply, General Schalkburger and his party were occupying a hotel which had been reserved for their use.

OUTLOOK FOR BOERS MOST DISHEARTENING

Commandant Maritz Has Formed an "Ironsides" Corps--Another Drive Made by British General Kritzinger's Trial

Pretoria, April 10.—The British generals are preparing to make a grand concerted movement to clear the country. The general outlook for the Boers is said to be most disheartening. It is thought here that the bulk of the Boers are only awaiting for a promise that they will not be banished, to come in and surrender.

KRITZINGER'S TRIAL

Graf Reinet, April 10.—After a two days' trial Commandant Kritzinger was acquitted by a court martial on the charge of train wrecking. No evidence was obtained to connect the prisoner with the shooting of natives, and one scout who had been captured by Kritzinger, testified that he was well treated, and that a pass was granted him.

CROMWELL IMITATIONS

London, April 10. — The pro-Boer Daily News takes a somewhat pessimistic view of the situation. It says: "Moreover, there is reason to believe there has been a recent reorganization of the Boer forces on Commonwealth lines. Commandant Maritz has formed an Ironsides camp, from which all drunkards and loose livers are rigidly excluded. They hold daily prayer meetings, and meet the hourly perils of war with the stern composure of the Puritans."

STEYN GOING BLIND.

London, April 10.—Despatches from Pretoria state that former President Steyn of the Orange Free State is threatened with total blindness as the result of a disease of the eyes. The affliction is not of recent origin, but his long, uninterrupted exposure to the hardships and privations of campaigning has developed the malady to an alarming degree.

ROSEBERRY FOR AFICA!

London, April 10.—According to The Daily Chronicle Lord Roseberry is going to South Africa to study the situation there, with a view of submitting his impressions and advice to King Edward.

WISE COMMENT ON AN ATROCITY

St. James Gazette on the Charge of Executing Natives

THE ENGLISH OPINION GIVEN

Journal Says That British Know Better Than to Hold the Whole of the U. S. Responsible.

London, April 10.—Commenting on the evidence presented at the court-martial in Manila of Major Littlejohn W. T. Waller, of the United States Marine Corps, on the charge of executing natives of Samar without trial, on the editorial remarks of American papers and of newspapers here, The St. James' Gazette this afternoon says: "Englishmen knew better than to hold a high-spirited honorable people responsible for the dishonor of a single criminal. We have no doubt American honor will be vindicated in the same manner as that of the British has recently been by an award of swift, uncompromising justice to the guilty parties. In this country our confidence in American rectitude is in no degree shaken by an isolated example of depravity, such as we know from experience is liable to occur in the armies of the foremost civilized and most human nations."

BRUTAL AMERICAN SOLDIERS

Gen. T. H. Smith Ordered Major Waller to "Kill Everything Over Ten."

Special to The Times.

Manila, April 11.—Major Waller, at to-day's session of the court-martial, by which he is being tried on the charge of executing natives of Samar without trial, testified in rebuttal of the evidence given yesterday by General Jacob H. Smith, who commanded the American troops in the island of Samar. The Major said General Smith instructed him to kill and burn, said that the more he killed and burned, the better pleased he would be, that it was no time to take prisoners, and that he was to make Samar a howling wilderness. Major Waller asked General Smith to define the age limit for killing, and he replied, "Everything over ten." The Major repeated this order to Captain Porter, saying, "We do not make war in that way on old men, women and children." Captain David D. Porter, Captain Hiram I. Bearss and Lieut. Frank Halford, all of the Marine Corps, testified corroboratively.

Some Results of Impure Blood

A blotched, pimply, disfigured face, feeling of exhaustion, wracked nerves, headache and a dull brain. The proper cure is one Ferrozone tablet after each meal. Ferrozone clears and beautifies the complexion by making rich, pure blood. It restores the enfeebled brain and unstrung nerves to a healthy, vigorous condition. It invigorates all the physical and mental powers, and brings strength and ambition to the depressed. Refuse a substitute for Ferrozone—it's the best tonic, rebuilder and invigorator known. Price 50c., at Ormond & Walsh's.

TWO NATIONS ARE AT LOGGERHEADS

Italy and Switzerland Have Broken Off Diplomatic Relations

MURDER OF KING UMBERTO.

Refusal of Switzerland to Give Satisfaction for an Insult in Geneva the Cause of Trouble

Special to The Times.

Berne, Switzerland, April 11.—Diplomatic relations between Switzerland and Italy have been ruptured. This action arises from the refusal of Switzerland to give satisfaction regarding an article published in Geneva insulting the memory of murdered King Humbert.

KNISELY'S STRICT ORDER

Incident Illustrating the Scrupulous Honesty of a Canadian Soldier

Special to The Times.

Toronto officials tell a story to the credit of the late Corporal Knisely, who was killed recently in South Africa. He enlisted in Toronto and was well known there, although living elsewhere. When the city was distributing its gifts—£5 and a silver matchbox, he asked for the exact terms of the gifts, and on learning that the resolution of the Council comprehended only residents in Toronto, he declined them, even although they were offered because there was considerable justification for giving them to him as a Toronto man.

RELIEF FOR BOER WOMEN

President Roosevelt Sees That Gift of $5,000 Reaches Them

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 10—Governor Yates's Boer Relief Fund Committee and other Boer sympathizers of Chicago are jubilant over the success of that committee in securing the indorsement of President Roosevelt in their efforts to relieve the sufferings of women and children in the British reconcentrado camps in South Africa.

Secretary Peter Van Vlissengen of the committee forwarded a letter and a check for $5,000 to the President on March 28, asking that the money be sent in some way to South Africa by the President.

A reply has been received signed by Secretary Hay, saying that the money had been forwarded to the United States Consul-general at Cape Town, South Africa, at the order of the President, with instructions to dispose of the money as requested by the Chicago committee. With this unlooked-for success in view, Secretary Van Vlissengen says a fund of $5,000,000 will be started immediately and forwarded in sums of $5,000 to the President to be disposed of in the same way, if the President is so disposed.

It is considered by Boer sympathizers that the way is now opened by the President by which sympathizers in this country can aid the women and children in the camps under British rule. A letter of thanks will also be sent to the President for his part in the work of relief.

TO WELCOME MISS STONE

A Public Reception to be Tendered the Returning Missionary

Special to The Times.

New York, April 11—A rousing welcome awaits Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary who was captured by brigands, and who is due to reach New York to-morrow morning on the Hamburg-American liner Deutchland. Representatives of the Presbyterian and other missionary societies with headquarters in this city will meet the incoming steamer and early in the coming week, according to arrangements which are being made, there will be a public reception in honor of Miss Stone.

KEENE

—A quiet wedding took place in our village on Wednesday last. The happy couple were Mr. Milton Eson and Miss Clara E. O'Riley. The nuptial knot was tied by the Rev. Mr. Secombe, pastor of the Methodist church of this place. We tender to the young couple the usual congratulations.

The citizens of Keene held a meeting in the town hall on Thursday the 3rd inst., and formed themselves into an association entitled "The Keene Improvement and Beautifying Association." They decided to turn out bodily on Arbor day and clean all the streets of refuse, as well as to plant trees where they are needed. We wish them every success in their new enterprise.

—A number of our citizens are at present actively engaged capturing the little red roach fishes. Although very small they pronounce them very good eating.

—The fall wheat and clover in this neighborhood promises to be a first-class crop. None of either has been killed or heaved out by frost.

—We are glad to learn that it is the intention of the citizens of Keene to ask our council to pass a by-law to forbid cattle to run on our streets during this summer.

COL. ARTHUR LYNCH SUES HIS TENANTS.

Fighter for Boers Hits Those Who Voted for Him

FISHERMEN PLEAD POVERTY.

Premier Seddon Regrets That the Maoris are not Allowed to Go to War—Who are the Landlords

Special to The Times.

London, April 10.—A telegram from Dublin to the Times says Col. Arthur Lynch, M.P., has made known his existence to the Nationalists in Western Ireland by suing some of his fishermen tenants for rent. The tenants had pleaded poverty and ignorance as to who was their landlord.

THE MAORIS EAGER TO SERVE

A despatch from Wellington to the Times says: "At a meeting at Christ Church, at which he received a testimonial in recognition of his services to the Empire, Premier Seddon strongly deprecated the refusal of the home authorities to accept the offer of the Maoris to serve in South Africa.

THE FOURTH CONTINGENT

Recruiting will Commence Here on Tuesday Next, April 15th

Ottawa, April 10th.—Orders were issued last night for the mobilization of the fourth Canadian Contingent for service in South Africa. There will be four regiments, to be known as the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Regiments, Canadian Mounted Rifles, to be armed and equipped as the Imperial Yeomanry of His Majesty's forces.

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE;

1. Term of service, for 12 months or until termination of present war in South Africa.

2. Pay,—cavalry rates, 24 cents per day, from date of enlistment until the day prior to embarkation, and Imperial Yeomanry rates, $1.21 from and inclusive of date of embarkation.

3. Age,—Not under 20 or over 40 years.

4. Standard,—Not under 5 feet 6 inches in height; not over 5 feet 11 inches; not to weigh more than 180 pounds, and to have a chest measurement of not less than 34 inches.

5. Medical requirements,—To be Medically fit according to Imperial Yeomanry conditions.

6. Qualifications,—To be able to ride and shoot.

Preference will be given to men who have had previous experience in South Africa, and to single men.

Married men and widowers with children will be accepted, conditional on no separation allowance being issued.

CONDITIONS OF PAY

The conditions of pay, etc., will be as follows:— (a) Up to and including the day prior to embarkation for South Africa, ordinary cavalry rates of pay and allowances will be drawn, except separation allowance.

From the date of embarkation the rates of pay will be on the following scale, which will be inclusive of good conduct pay:—Regimental sergeant-major, $2.19; quartermaster-sergeant, farrier-sergeant, farrier-staff-sergeant, $1.96; company sergeant-major, company quartermaster-sergeant, $1.94; sergeant, $1.70; corporal, appointed lance-sergeant, $1.58; corporal and paid lance-corporal, $1.46; private, $1.21. Non-commissioned officers not above the rank of sergeant acting as farrier-sergeant or farrier staff-sergeant, and privates acting as buglers, saddlers, or shoeing smiths, will be granted extra duty pay at the rate of 24 cents per diem.

Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men will be enabled to assign part of their pay to relatives and friends in Canada, and such assignments of pay will be issued monthly from the Department of Militia and Defence.

RECRUITING.

Recruiting will be commenced in the North West Territories and British Columbia on April 24th. In the Eastern Provinces it will be commenced on Tuesday next, April 15th, and continued until orders are issued from head-quarters to cease. All men will be enlisted as privates, but men who have previously served in the permanent corps, or in the North West Mounted Police Force, as non-commissioned officers, will be given the preference in making selections for non-commissioned ranks. The attestation papers will be made out and executed in duplicate.

RECRUITING DEPOTS.

Peterboro'—Lieut.-Colonel D. Sutton, 3rd Dragoons; Surgeon-Major T. W. H. Young, 3rd Dragoons.

Port Hope—Major N. F. MacNachton, 14th Field Battery; Surgeon-Major H. A. Turner, 40th Regt.

Kingston—District Officer Commanding, officer in medical charge.

Ottawa—D.O.C., Ottawa Brigade; Major C. W. F. Carrall, A.M.S.

Windsor—Lieut.-Colonel Guillot, 21st Regt.; Surgeon-Lieut. H. H. Saunderson, 21st Regt.

Guelph—Lieut.-Colonel A. H. Macdonald, R.O.; Surgeon-Major W. H. Johnson, 30th Regt.

London—District Officer Commanding, Major C. W. Hutton, A.M.S.

Hamilton—Colonel F. L. Lessard, R.C.D.; Major G. S. Rennie, A.M.S.

Brantford—Lieut. and Major C. M. Nelles, R.C.D.; Surgeon-Major R. H. Palmer, 38th Regt.

St. Catharines—Lieut.-Colonel R. W. Gregory, 2nd Dragoons; Capt. W. W. Thompson, A.M.S.

Toronto—District Officer Commanding, Lieut.-Colonel W. Nattress, A.M.S.

Recruiting officers will, unless they are able to certify from personal knowledge that candidates are good riders and fair shots, subject them to a test before enlisting them.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

The medical examination will be carried out as directed in regulations for army medical services. Attention must be paid to the eyesight, and the condition of the teeth of the recruit.

The remuneration of examiners, if not in receipt of per diem pay, will be $1 per man, up to three men examined any one day, and 50 cents for each additional man.

A further medical inspection will be made of men who from observation or from information from any source are considered doubtful. The inspector will approve the original examination paper, or if he disapproves, will state his reason in writing why the recruits should be rejected. The original examiner may be called upon to refund any expenditure connected with the enlistment of a recruit rejected in this way.

Officers will be examined by a medical board at port of embarkation.

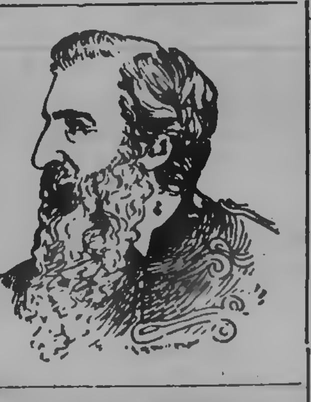
CONCENTRATION

Recruits will be forwarded to Halifax, the place of concentration, any day following the date of enlistment, according to transport arrangements to be made by the quartermaster-general. At Halifax they will be formed into four regiments of four squadrons each, the 3rd regiment being first organized, clothed, and equipped. The organization of the 4th regiment will be proceeded with as soon as sufficient men are concentrated, and similarly the 5th and 6th regiments will be organized.

Recruiting officers in forwarding recruits to place of concentration will appoint acting non-commissioned officers in the event of their being no officers to take charge, in the proportion of one corporal for any number of men up to ten, and for large detachments, one sergeant, and for every ten men one corporal.

Those desiring to enlist should send in their names to Surgeon-Major Young, or the orderly room clerk at the earliest opportunity.

GENERAL BOOTH'S BIRTHDAY



"A NICHT AT HAME."

A Splendid Concert Given Last Night in the Opera House

The concert given in the opera house last night by the Caledonian Concert Company was a grand success as far as the programme was concerned. The attendance, however, was small, but though weak in numbers were strong in their applause to the different numbers. The programme throughout consisted of Scottish music, songs and dancing and was presented as follows,—

PART I.

Bagpipe........ ... ..."Cock o' the North"
Pipe-Major Angus M. Fraser.
Song.."The Standard on the Braes o Mar."
Mr. A. D. Sturrock.
Dance...... ...."Highland Fling."
Pipe-Major Angus M. Fraser.
Song... ...."Come Ye by Athol."
Miss Ella Walker
Violin Solo...... ...."A Sprig o' Heather."
Mr. Cathcart Wallace
Song...... ...."Border Ballad."
Mr. A. D. Sturrock.
Dance... ...."Seann Trinbhas."
Pipe-Major Angus M. Fraser.
Song... ...."Jessie's Dream."
Miss Ella Walker

PART II

Piano Solo... ...."Gems of Scotland."
Mr. Cathcart Wallace
Song... ......"The Macgregors' Gathering."
Mr. A. D. Sturrock.
Song... ...."Auld Robin Gray."
Miss Ella Walker
Dance... ... ...Highland Sword Dance.
Pipe-Major Angus M. Fraser.
Song...... ...."The Gay Gordons."
Mr. A. D. Sturrock.
Dance...... ...."Sailor's Hornpipe."
Pipe-Major Angus M. Fraser.
Song... ...Wi' a Hundred Pipers an' A'
Miss Ella Walker
Song... ...."Scots Wha Hae."
Mr. A. D. Sturrock.
"Auld Lang Syne" "God Save the King"

Each number was heartily encored and pleasantly responded to. The Bagpipe Selections by Pipe-Major Fraser were excellent and plainly evidenced the fact that he is a master of the art. The solos by Miss Ella Walker and Mr. Sturrock were of a very high standard and rendered in a most pleasing style. Without a doubt Miss Ella Walker is the best Scottish vocalist that has appeared before an audience in Peterborough. Mr. Cathcart Wallace favored the audience with a violin selection that was greatly appreciated. He is truly an artist on the violin.

The Great Leader of the Salvation Army Celebrates His 73rd Birthday

Receives Hearty Congratulations from Friends and Admirers from All Parts of the World.

The Wonderful Progress Made by The Salvation Army.

London, April 10—General William Booth to-day celebrated the seventy-third anniversary of his birth. He received telegrams from every corner of the earth felicitating him upon the event. He has recovered from his serious illness of the past winter, and the severe work of receiving his friends and attending the jubilee meetings of the Salvation Army did not seem to fatigue him. It is announced that his visit to America, which was deferred because of his illness, will take place probably next fall.

General Booth was born at Nottingham in 1829 and became a minister of the Methodist New Connection in 1858. In 1861 he began his career as an evangelist, and his pathway led him to London. There in the East End he started in July, 1865, the work he called "The Christian Mission." This work, organized on military lines, was the germ of the Salvation Army, which name he adopted in 1878. The army spread over all the world, until now it numbers more than 6,000 corps and outposts established in Great Britain and Ireland, the United States, France, Australasia, India, Africa, Canada, Holland, Scandinavia, Belgium, Italy, Japan, West Indies, South America and other parts of the world. It has about 15,000 officers employed exclusively in its labors, and the number of its services is upwards of 50,000 each week. The organ of the army was established by General Booth in 1880 under the title of the War Cry. It is published weekly in England at the general headquarters, and simultaneously at each of the colonial and foreign headquarters. At present there are nearly forty weekly War Crys, with a circulation of nearly 1,000,000. In 1890 General Booth published the book of the year, "In Darkest England." He managed the charities springing from the agitation following upon the publication and has been assisted in this work by some of the most notable men in England.

Turning Down the Doctors

The marvelous cures of Catarrhozone are being much talked about. Thousands are daily recognizing the exceptional merit of this simple inhaler treatment, and instead of running to the doctor with their winter ills they protect themselves by Catarrhozone; it kills colds in the head in ten minutes, quickly relieves catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, lung troubles, and cures even though all other remedies have failed. Catarrhozone is very pleasant, safe and convenient to use. Its best recommendation is its enormous sale; try it to-day. Price $1.00, small size 25c., at druggists.

1902. SPRING 1902.

Man and Womankind delight to array themselves in Spring Attire, just as Nature does with the first warm sun and invigorating rains.

We are ready to fill the wants of Men, and as our Spring Stock is here in every variety and style, we are ready for critical inspection.

It is part of our business to satisfy, not only in QUALITY and PRICE, but also in FIT and APPEARANCE, and willing hands are here ready to assist customers in arriving at a decision.

We Invite Your Attention to the Following Prices:

Showing the New and Nobby

Spring Suitings

We can fit Dressy Men, Youths and Boys with the choicest of New Spring Garments and save more money than last year to every customer.

For Men

Men's all wool Canadian Tweed Suits—neat quiet patterns, $5, $6, $6.50

Special grade Business and Semi-Dress Suits, nobby spring designs and colors in Cassimeres and Tweeds. The new checked Scotch Plaids, Browns, Greys, Blue and Black Serges, cut, tailored finished in the finest fashion — regular $10 to $12.............. $7, $8, $9

Suits for short, stout men, who usually have difficulty in getting ready made clothes to fit them—in good staple patterns and colors.... 6.50, $7, $8

Spring Overcoats, made of English Venetians in fawn and brown shades, lined with good quality Farmers Satin, Mohair sleeve linings — worth $8. Special.... $5 to 6.90

Spring Raglan Overcoats, made of extra quality English Venetians, English Whipcords and English Covert Styles, with yoke, slash pockets and cuffs — cannot be duplicated in Canada for less than $12. Special................. 9.90

For Boys

We have the largest and best assorted stock in Peterboro, including the New Russian Blouse Suit—all the rage; and all prices. Also in Boys' fine 2 and 3 piece Suits, this Department is complete.

In Our Tailoring Dept.

We are showing the finest stock of Woolens direct from Great Britain and Europe we have ever displayed.

We promise to reveal to you the acme of elegance in Rich and Exclusive Textures for

Spring Suits and Overcoats

The variety of patterns and weaves is very great—greater and grander than you believe until you come.

Men's Trousers

All Wool English Tweeds in neat and narrow hair line stripes, made just as you want them by our own Tailors, with first class trimmings, regular $3.50 and $3.75 2.85

We promise perfect satisfaction or money refunded. No tailor in Canada can give you a better fit than our own MR. DUNCAN CAMERON.

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Tully and Merrell, - - Managers.

WALL ST. WINNERS

generally are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 pages, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete statistics relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with instructions for from 10 to 20 years; best rules for successful trading and other data, calculated to be of help to the reader, to secure some of the large profits, distributed annually, through the medium, of trading.

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COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed M. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 11, 1902.

YANKEE WRITERS ON THE WAR.

New York despatches present a very gloomy picture of the British position and prospects, in South Africa, and predict all sorts of disasters for poor old John Bull. These statements are to be received with vastly more than the proverbial "pinch of salt." In nearly every case the wish is father to the thought, and it is the hot desire of the Yankees to see Britain defeated and humiliated, that prompts the sending out of the lugubrious despatches.

It is asserted that the Boers are in better fighting trim now than ever before, and that the war will not be ended in two years. Yet, in the same journal that prints this statement we read that Yankee speculators and manufacturers are already shipping immense quantities of pianos, organs, cocktails, and other "domestic necessities" to South Africa, while others are prepared to begin the exportation of American made goods, for the use of Briton and Boer, the moment the war ends.

Had Britain in this contest pursued tactics similar to those adopted by the Yankees to capture Aguinaldo in the Philippines, the war might have been ended long ago. But the lion fights a fair fight. He descends to no trickery. He is in South Africa to win, and to stay there, and he's going to do both. And the whelps from over seas are going to help him to the bitter end. And the old fellow doesn't require the United States to assist him, as he helped them, when they were in dire danger of a pound stubbing from combined Europe, not so long ago.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Because the Conservative candidate for West Peterborough is a "Miller," does it follow that he would be a good man to run "the machine" should he and his party be inadvertently returned to power in the near future?

• • • •

If the British had betrayed Paul Kruger into captivity, as the Yankees betrayed Aguinaldo, the war in South Africa would, in all probability, have been a matter of history now.

• • • •

If local indications count for anything, the militia department will have no difficulty in raising 2,000 more men for service in South Africa. Already more than fifty young men from Peterborough and vicinity have signified their desire to enlist.

• • • •

The pro-Boers in the United States claim that the British are enlisting citizens of the republic to fight in South Africa. While the contention is untrue, it might be noted, in passing, that very few Boers are now in the field. The war is kept alive by foreigners, chiefly citizens of the United States, who, like the Irish-American brigade, so called, "are out for what they can make."

A DEFENCE OF PALMISTRY

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—My attention was called to a paragraph in the Mail & Empire issued on March 31st, being a report of a lecture on "Palmistry" given by Professor Primrose, in the Canadian Institute. As the report is apt to mislead the public on "Palmistry" be so kind as to allow me space in your valuable paper, and in justice to it to contradict the assertions and denunciations made by Professor Primrose.

Having given a life study to the "Science of Palmistry," and practised it most successfully for the past fifteen years, I most emphatically refute such statements made by the lecturer as that "he having no doubt that the professor of palmistry owed a great deal of his success in reading characters to the fact that he did not confine himself at all to markings of the palm, but to other conditions, such as facial expressions and the opinions expressed by the client." Now, before a man poses himself as a lecturer on palmistry he should be conversant with the subject he talks about. For the information and refutation of Dr. Primrose's statement, I would say that I receive photographs or plaster of Paris casts of the hand from every part of the world, and have not the first knowledge of whom my patrons are. I read the photo or cast, and send them a written delineation of character, giving them also past, present and indications of future events, as marked in their hands by nature, and by the letters received after from the same people, it proved that I was perfectly correct. Those letters I possess, and can be seen by anyone who wishes. I may also say, without fear, that I have located "diseases," when doctors, and eminent ones at that, could not do so. In fact, I have had doctors themselves and their wives coming to me to have internal ailments properly located when their own husbands failed. Their autographs are in my register in approval of my readings. This does not seem to bear out the assertion of said lecturer, whom I would advise to procure himself some good text-books on "Scientific Palmistry," and study them well, as he has a lot to learn on this subject.

As a Professor of Anatomy, surely he will know that there are more nerves in the palm of the hand than any other part of the body, and that the nerves emanate from the brain, and all our sensations and thoughts pass along these nerves. So the more often the sensation passes along the same set of nerves the more plainly they must display the effect of the habit of thought or acts. The drunkard, hypocrite, the ill-tempered, each and all bear the traits of their failings on their faces. So in the hand the constant sensations, those which make up our temperament are impressed under the skin (epidermis), not upon the outer, but upon the inner skin. Heredity will give the form of the hand, and even the leading lines, but the smaller lines will come, change and disappear in the hands of babes in a few weeks, as the infant to some extent develops. His hands tell you if the brain is feverish or dull; as he grows older the brain grows; he develops habits of thought and actions which are impressed upon and by the nerves in certain channels, which observation and study have shown to be indicative of certain dispositions. As the gardener can distinguish the type of tulip by its growth and markings, so the chiromant can diagnose character and events by considering the natural tendencies and observing the impressions left by the nerves and nerve fluid. That is briefly the theory.

The lecturer also stated, as reported in the papers, that the lines and creases on the hands, were principally caused by old age, and illustrated Gladstone and Hon. Mr. Chamberlain's hands. This is very inconsistent, he might account for the lines being so numerous by age on the hand of Mr. Gladstone, but that would not agree with the numerous lines and tracings on the hand of Mr. Chamberlain, and let me here inform the doctor that the last named gentleman is not only a student but an apostle of palmistry, and a young man at that. In contradiction to the same statement I have read over 15,000 hands, and I have often found more creases in young people's, ranging from 12 to 25 years of age, than aged people. For an instance only, three months ago I read the hand of a maiden lady, 66 years of age, whose hands were free from all outward creases except the fourteen lines of which Dr. Primrose has very little knowledge or he would not have committed himself as he has done. Individually, at 67 my own hand is free from creases or hair lines except the main ones, and I have no doubt if he examines his own hands he will find them more free from said creases than many of his younger companions.

In examining the hand we do not depend only on the outer skin, but use magnifying glasses to read under the skin, and there we find crosses, grills, stars, forks, circles, squares, etc., and from these we discover and diagnose past events, present and the indication of future events, also the diseases. And now I would remark that if physicians would study the science of palmistry, they would then become a boon to insurance companies, and a blessing to their own patients. Effects possible and almost certain could be foreseen, and perhaps provided against, and "fatalities" might be assuaged. Surely Dr. Primrose will not have the audacity to place himself in opposition to such men as the following eminent physicians and learned men of the past and present centuries: Aristotle, Pliny, Paracelsus, Cordamis, Albertus Magnus, the Emperor Augustus, Cicero, Balzac, Bulwer, Hartlieb, Iricassi, Indagine, Fabricious Luts, Cardan, Dumas and D'Arpentigny, the old officer of Napoleon and the Apostle of Chirognomy. Desbarroles, the indefatigable student and exponent of the arch science, a man of lucid brain and courageous opinions, and the late A. B. Craig, of London, an M.A., if you please, at one of the famed English universities. All these men, only a few in a crowd, have publicly expressed their views. I will conclude with a quotation from Balzac, the greatest writer of physiological fiction that ever lived, and, with Shakespeare, one of the poles around which move the literature of modern times: "If God has printed the destiny of each man on his physiognomy, taking this word to mean the total expression of the body, why should not the hand give the characteristic of the physiognomy, since the hand represents human action in its entirety, and its only mode of manifesting it?"

Yours, etc.,
E. J. O'B.

April 3rd, 1902.

Cost 10 Cents—But worth a dollar a vial. This is the testimony of hundreds who use Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills. They are so sure, so pure, so pleasant and easy acting. The demand for this popular Liver Regulator is so great it is taxing the makers to keep up with it.—98

Erne and Gans have each posted $500 guarantee to meet on May 12th, at the International Club, Fort Erie, just across the river from Buffalo. They are to box 20 rounds at 136 pounds, weighing in at the ring-side.

Jockey Cochran, of New York, who has been engaged by William C. Whitney to ride in England this season, will receive $10,000 for the season's work.

Items of Interest

London, April 9.—Lord Strathcona leaves by the midnight train for Aberdeen to be presented with the freedom of the city to-morrow.

Anglo-Canadian timber dealers fear that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach means to impose an Imperial duty on timber generally, without exemption. The colonies' insurance rates against the imposition of the tax have risen to 20 guineas per cent.

The Welsh Patagonian Committee having collected £2,134, is arranging for a steamer to call at Chubut to take the first batch, probably 250, of the most deserving emigrants, to Canada. It is hoped the Canadian Government will increase the present payment—£— per head—to enable the others to follow.

Cecil Rhodes' scholarship proposal provides a yearly value of £300 each, tenable at any college in the University of Oxford, for three consecutive academical years, for sixty colonial scholarships, of which three go to Ontario, three to Quebec and three to Newfoundland.

London, April 9.—Though the matter is not yet official, it is learned from a source which may be taken as next to official that Lord Cadogan will not give up the Lord-Lieutenancy of Ireland as soon as has been reported. He is to remain in Ireland until after the coronation, when a great honor—probably a dukedom—will be conferred upon him by the King.

MACEDONIA'S WOES.

Macedonian revolutionists are not concerned in regard to the convenience of Europe, says a Vienna correspondent of the Times. Sarafof, the Macedonian leader, deliberately says it is beyond the power of Austria or Russia to interfere. The correspondent says Sarafof's methods strongly resemble those of Anarchists, as they consist of terrorizing the defenceless population while Turkish troops are carefully avoided. The revolutionists are admirably organized, having even an efficient post service of their own. They have received donations from foreign sympathizers, and are likely to make mischief before being suppressed.

SIBERIAN LINE SCAMPED

The Odessa correspondent of the Times reports an interview with a Russian engineer who has returned from Siberia and Manchuria. The engineer partly explains the action of the Russian authorities in establishing a preliminary close season on the Siberian railway. Official reticence in regard to the matter has been so strict that no Russian newspaper has had news of the road for months. The engineer says while large sections of the road have much to be desired, the trans-Baikal section furnishes a good example of everything that a railway ought not to be. The ballasting for hundreds of miles invites disaster for a train going at any speed over fifteen miles an hour. More than 40 locomotives and many trucks and vans were wrecked on the road at the time of the Chinese troubles, when the Siberian railway received its first practical test. Many portions of the road must be entirely relaid.

London, April 9.—The treatment of the natives by the Belgian authorities and private adventurers on the Congo has long been a crying scandal. The Aborigines Protection Society have now addressed a long letter to Lord Lansdowne in which they set forth some of the evidence as to cruelty that is practised there, and make an appeal for intervention.

The letter states that some of the Belgian trading companies in partnership with the Congo Government are making as much as 250 per cent., and that they hold a monopoly which is an injustice to the traders of other nations. Far greater, however, is the wrong done to the unfortunate natives, who have been, for the most part, robbed of their lands and their produce, and subjected to oppressions far harder than the slavery from which it is professed that they have been delivered.

The following are a few specific charges authenticated with the names of their authors:

Mr. E. J. Glave said,—

Formerly the natives were well treated, but now expeditions have been sent in every direction, forcing natives to make rubber and bring it in to the stations. Up the Ruki river, away to Lake Matumba, the State is perpetrating its fiendish policy in order to obtain profit. We are taking down a hundred slaves, mere children, all taken in unholy wars against the natives. While at the mission station, I saw a gang of prisoners taken along by the State soldiers. War has been waged all through the district of Equator, and thousands of people have been killed and homes destroyed. It was not necessary in the olden times when we white men had no force at all. This forced commerce is depopulating the country.

The Rev. W. M. Morrison said,—

Outside this stockade Mr. Sheppard saw and counted between forty and fifty dead bodies. He saw three with the flesh carved off the bones. It is known that the Zappo-Zaps are cannibals, and the leader of the company acknowledged that his people had eaten the flesh.

Mr. Sheppard saw eighty-one hands cut off and drying over a slow fire. The leader said that these hands were to be taken back to the Chef de Zone at Lulumbourg. He saw other bodies mutilated. The Zappo-Zaps had sixty women prisoners, and the leader said that he had sent sixteen men to the Chef de Zone.

Mr. Edgar Canisius, an American, said,—

I was on a rubber expedition, with Major Lothaire, and during the six weeks it lasted, nine hundred natives were killed, and scores of villages burnt.

And again,—

Knees hacked off, hands severed at the wrists, limbs broken with revolver bullets, rubber collectors tied to stakes and exposed to the burning sun; such are the proceedings amongst others, whereby the Abir has acquired its wealth.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bob Schaub, Toronto's crack third baseman, has jumped his contract with the Toronto team, and thrown in his lot with the Louisville club, of the outlawed American Baseball Association. His desertion will be a serious blow to Toronto. Louis Carr will now take third base, Miller will be on second, Lezotte or Elliott on first, and Downey at short.

The colonial and foreign entries for the Henley Regatta include the Argonaut Rowing Club's team, Toronto, for the Grand Challenge Cup; Scholes, of Toronto, and Titus, the United States oarsman, for the Diamond Sculls.

George Sullivan, of Kingston, who was tested by Toronto last season, and who will pitch for Providence this year, left Kingston on Tuesday, to

The question of the advisability of the Papal mission to Spain was due to the compromise effected by the Queen Regent in nominating the Spanish Ambassador to the Vatican as her representative at the Pope's Jubilee. Under ordinary circumstances, a royal prince would have been appointed, but he would have been obliged also to go to the Quirinal, thus creating a situation full of unpleasant possibilities. His Holiness was much displeased at this step, and decided to be represented at King Alfonso's majority festivities by the Papal Nuncio at Madrid. The matter was smoothed over, however, and it is now understood that Spain will send a grandee with an important retinue to invite the Pope to send a representative to the coronation, who probably will be Cardinal Vannutelli or Cardinal Cretoni, both former Nuncios at Madrid.

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Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

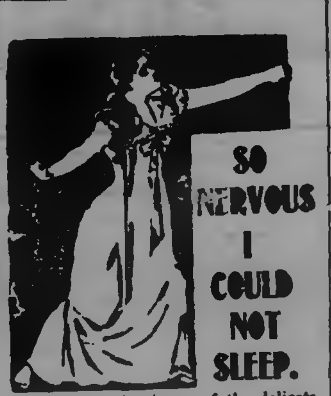
"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous!' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

Humor of the Hour.

Bunko Steerer—This is Mr. Wayback, I believe.

Farmer Wayback (suspiciously)—You have the advantage of me, young man.

Bunko Steerer—Not yet, not yet. Of course, nobody knows what may happen later on.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.



When there is disease of the delicate female organism, it is only a question of time until the general health becomes undermined. Nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and "sinking spells" produce suffering almost indescribable. There can be no restoration of the general health until the local health of the womanly organism is re-established.

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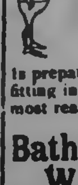

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Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Sassiety—Gracious! I feel wretched, and this is my at-home day. I do hope no one will call, for I'll be in misery all the time.

Mr. Sassiety—Why, I always thought misery loved company.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"I am familiar with every rock known," boasted the old bachelor geologist.

"Indeed," rejoined his married sister. "How about the rock of the cradle?"—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Georgiana—George, pa says that I can't marry you because you don't wear overshoes.

George—Overshoes! What have they got to do with it?

Georgiana—Why, George, pa says if a man hasn't got sense enough to take good care of himself he won't have sense enough to take good care of me!—Puck.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Borden—I notice you got a new suit of clothes to-day.

The Boarder—Yes, but they're too loose.

"Well, you can send them back and get that altered."

"I've got a better scheme. I'm going to look up a good boarding house."—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

"He stole a Texas pony," said Derringer Bill. "What shall we do about it?"

"Mustang," shouted the rest of the Gory Gulch outfit, for you must know, dear reader, that life in the far west does not destroy the innate sense of American humor.—New York Sun.

◆◆◆

The rose six months from now will
blow,
The violets will be blue,
And flanneled fools will want to know,
If it's hot enough for you.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

There was a mass meeting the other day of the residents of Cleator Moor, a district of London, in favor of a Sunday delivery of letters for the district. One of the speakers opposed to the measure was the vicar of the parish, who said: "I am here in the name of God Almighty, and those who oppose me oppose Him." This statement seemed to settle the question, for a resolution in favor of Sunday delivery was at once carried by an overwhelming majority.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Mitford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive.

Mrs. Graham—Yes, and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

A man who was bicycling in southern France was pushing his machine up a steep hill, when he overtook a peasant with a donkey cart. The patient beast was making but little progress, although it was doing its best.

The benevolent cyclist, putting his left hand against the back of the cart and guiding his machine with the other hand, pushed so hard that the donkey, taking fresh courage, pulled his load successfully up to the top.

When the summit was reached the peasant burst into thanks to his benefactor.

"It was good of you, indeed, monsieur!" he protested. "I should never in the world have got up the hill with only one donkey."—Youth's Companion.

"He may mean well," said the young doctor, "but I don't exactly like the tone of his letter."

"What's the matter?" inquired the old practitioner.

"Jones, the undertaker, writes and says that if I send my patients to him he will guarantee to give them satisfaction."—Judge.

◆◆◆

"Miss Alice," said the nervy young man, "I think I will marry you."

"Indeed! Two very remarkable statements, sir!"

"Two? How two?"

"One that you will marry me; the other that you think."—Baltimore News.

◆◆◆

"A good man has gone," wrote the editor of The Hickory Ridge Missourian, in winding up his obituary of Col. Woppajaw. "He was honored and respected by all, and a large concourse of sympathizing friends and neighbors followed to the tomb all that was mortal of our distinguished citizen, except a leg he had the misfortune to lose while fighting bravely at Chickamauga thirty-eight years ago."—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say!

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

Englishman—"You have some pretty high buildings in Chicago, haven't you?"

Chicorgan (in London)—"I should say we have. Why, the tops of some of them are covered with snow all the year round."

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out: [illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"Wouldn't next week or the week after do?" he asked slowly.

She shook her golden curls.

"If you love me, take me away within the hour, Aleck," she moaned.

"Do not put it upon that basis—my love for you, Daisy," he said quietly. "You know I love you as man never loved woman before—with all my heart and soul—but really, dear, this is a very foolish whim. If I should indulge it, it would be—it a great loss. Say to yourself Aleck knows best; he will stay a fortnight longer, then he will take me away anywhere I wish to go. I do not like to fill this pretty little curly head up with business affairs. If there is one thing I abhor in this world more than another, it is a hard, practical business woman. I should much prefer that you knew nothing about it; but I must tell you this much: if I went, it would be at a great loss just now.

"All these pretty things you are, like the rest of your charming sex, so very fond of, cost money, and it is a husband's affair to provide it. You would not like me to lose a large amount. I am interested in a big speculation here, and a few days will determine how the matter will terminate. Most of the parties interested stop here, so you see, my darling, it would be very unwise to yield to your whim in this one instance—don't you think so?"

She slipped from his arms, and knelt at his feet, clasping her little white hands.

"It is my prayer, Aleck, if you love me, to take me away," she moaned piteously. "If you refuse, you will remember through the long after years of bitter pain this hour in which I knelt at your feet, praying you, pleading with you by the love you bear me to come away."

"If you could advance one reason for it, Daisy, I would not object," he said distressedly; "but really, my darling, I fear that I must refuse; we cannot go for at least a week—or, possibly, ten days."

No moan, no cry fell from the white lips.

Daisy threw up her hands in the bitterest despair, and fell at his feet in a deep swoon.

CHAPTER XIII.

Married Once—Married Forever.

In the greatest consternation, Aleck sprung forward and raised the slight figure in his arms, ringing the bell hastily for Janet.

"Your mistress is very ill," he said. "I have seen it for some little time past; a doctor must be sent for at once."

When Dr. Morgan came, he looked earnestly at his beautiful patient for some time, then turned suddenly to Aleck.

"This is not a common case," he said. "I can discover no bodily ailment here; rather a mind diseased. Has she had any recent shock, any great trouble?"

"No," replied Aleck, in astonishment. "I assure you she has never had one care in her young life; on the contrary, she has been particularly free from it."

"I cannot be mistaken," said the doctor; "I have seen too many such cases, but none worse than this. There has been silent brooding here, and a stress on the heart and mind, which before now has led to insanity.

"But you must not let this affect you too deeply," he added, seeing the handsome young husband turn pale to the lips. "Change of scene and bright company will work wonders. It is better than all the medicine I could give her."

Long after he took his departure, Aleck pondered over the matter.

Daisy, his darling, grieving over some secret trouble which he did not share! Why the idea was simply preposterous. Suddenly the thought came to him that perhaps it was his refusal to take her away which affected her so.

Let the speculation and the loss which would ensue go; what was all the money in the world to him compared to Daisy? When she awakened from the deep sleep which the potion the doctor had given her had caused, he would tell her, that he would take her away at once.

Bidding her maid call him when she awakened, he quitted the room.

Janet looked long and earnestly at the white face lying so still and white against the pillow.

"The doctor is right," she muttered; "my lady is guarding some deep secret. If I could but find out what it is, my fortune would be made. She is so rich and I am so poor. Why shouldn't she pay me well to keep it? If I could but find it out! I will! I will watch her day and night. I shall——"

The sentence never was finished. Daisy opened her blue eyes with a low moan.

Then she sprung from the couch.

"Leave me—leave me to myself, Janet," she cried, nervously. "If I want you, I will ring for you."

"But Mr. Hamilton, ma'am; I was to tell him when you awoke. We did not think it would be so soon."

"Do not call him yet. I—I could not bear it," she muttered under her breath, "not for an hour at least; do you understand me?"

"Certainly, ma'am," answered the maid. "Mr. Hamilton must not be called for an hour yet; you wish to be alone by yourself."

"I am going out," said Daisy, "my—my husband must not know it; he might think me too weak and object."

"Let me go with you my lady," said Janet. "I am very discreet; you may trust me."

Daisy turned a pair of startled eyes upon her. What did the girl know?—what did she suspect?

Janet's stolid face did not betray her thoughts.

"I will go alone," she said nervously, dismissing the girl with a wave of her little jeweled hand.

"I must find out for myself whether Harold St. John could claim me or not, if I do not wish to go," she sobbed, as she hurried to the wardrobe and took down a long dark cloak and a thick veil.

Donning these and drawing the veil down closely over her face, she swiftly quitted the room, taking the precaution to lock the door after her.

Walking a little distance down the street, Daisy hailed a passing cab.

"Take me to the office of one of the best lawyers," she said, taking her seat in the vehicle.

She was quite unconscious of how far she came or how time was passing.

To be Continued.

Lord Chas. Beresford

Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has been on duty in the Mediterranean for some time, is without doubt the most popular man in the British navy. He has recently returned to England, and the newspapers are conjecturing whether he will re-enter Parliament or accept a higher post in the navy. His ability is not estimated to be inferior to his popularity, and there is probably no post associated with the navy for which he would be regarded as unequal. He represents, above all things, the gospel of efficiency, which is being preached just now, and with ample need, judging from the remount scandal, and if in Parliament would do much to insure the maintenance of the navy at the highest practicable standard. The popular sailor celebrated his 56th birthday on February 10th.

A Defence of Canada.

Here is a Scottish newspaper, The Daily Journal of Aberdeen, with a really eloquent defence of Canada against Kipling's implied suggestion that snow plays a part in our daily life.

"The title of 'Our Lady of the Snows,'" says the Scottish writer, "bestowed on Canada in a haphazard sort of manner by Rudyard Kipling, is not at all a happy one, as it applies to a season only. I have seen the grapes hanging in luxuriant bunches to the vines in a Quebec garden, and the fields of tomatoes grow crimson in the warm sunshine; I have lingered in the golden wheatfields in the evening, and listened to the myriad sounds of the cricket and grasshopper; I have walked amid the cedar trees in an Ontario swamp when the sunset glow had faded, and watched the fireflies darting to and fro like shooting stars; and I have watched the tiny humming-bird, with plumage that rivalled the gaily-painted butterflies, contesting with the bee for the honey that lay within the sweet-smelling flowers! Scenes like these are not associated with a land of never-ending winter. Consequently there can be no greater mistake than to imagine, as too many people do, that Canada is a semi-Arctic country out of which little good can come. And yet, what do we find? According to the returns of the Board of Trade fully 65,000 to 75,000 Britishers went to live in the United States during the past year, while only 12,000 or 13,000 went to Canada. There is no reason to doubt that if the resources and natural wealth of the Dominion of Canada were more generally known in this country, we would soon hear the last of the term "American" as applied to Canadian products, and United States producers would no longer receive the credit for Canadian goods, in many cases superior to their own. Those who guide the destinies of the Dominion think that the Stars and Stripes have overshadowed the Maple Leaf long enough. Every true Briton will be of the same opinion."

Where He Belonged.

The visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to the United States is naturally causing the telling over of some of the countless anecdotes of which the aged Kaiser Wilhelm, grandfather of Emperor Wilhelm and his brother, was the central figure. The following is one of the prettiest I have seen:—

In his later years the aged Kaiser took great pleasure in visiting the schools and catechizing the children. At one time while in the City of Ems he visited an orphan school that was in the city, and under Government patronage.

After listening for an hour or more to the recitations of several of the classes, the Kaiser called to the front a bright, golden-haired little girl seven or eight years of age, and, lifting her into his lap, said to her:

"Now, then, my little fraulein, let me see if you can answer me three hard questions." And taking an orange out of his pocket he held it up. "To what kingdom does this belong?" he asked.

The little girl hesitated a moment and then said timidly: "To the vegetable kingdom."

"Right, my little fraulein," said the Kaiser. "And, now, to what kingdom does this belong?" The Kaiser drew a gold-piece out of his pocket and placed it beside the orange.

More confident this time, the little girl replied: "To the mineral kingdom."

"Better and better," said the Kaiser. "Now, look at me and tell me to what kingdom do I belong."

The little girl was confused. Dare she say "the animal kingdom"? All the teachers and pupils looked at her with breathless expectancy. But in a moment she glanced up brightly into the face of the kind old Kaiser, and said: "To the kingdom of heaven."

This unexpected answer drew tears from the eyes of the Kaiser. "Yes, yes, my child," said he, "I trust that I do belong to the kingdom of heaven; and the day is not far distant when I shall go there, my little fraulein."

Then, kissing the little girl, he presented her with the gold piece and the orange, and brought his visit to a close.

A Slanderer of the British.

The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that further evidence has come to light of the methods employed to stir up anti-British feeling in Germany. The history of the man Kaulitz or Farlow, who at the outbreak of the Boer war founded the "London cable correspondence" for supplying the continental press with alleged war news, which was "made in London," has been traced by The Kolnische Zeitung. The Kolnische quotes from a provincial paper a list of this man's misdeeds. He was born at Brunswick, became a Social Democrat at Leipzic in the seventies, and was afterwards, it is said, sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment for inciting the workmen in the Saar district by articles in his paper. Later on he became Johann Most's partner in London and was on the staff of his paper. After giving a few further facts about the man's career The Kolnische says:—"This honorable gentleman has now been unmasked, but, unfortunately, too late, for the lies about the atrocities of English Lancers at Elandslaagte, outrages on helpless Boer women and girls, etc., continue to be freely circulated, and whoever attempts to disprove them is suspected and insulted for being an English hireling."

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 55 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 25 per cent. write in the [illegible] style.—Book Buyer.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Late Sidney Cooper, R.A.

An interesting figure in the art world passed away a few days ago in England, when Sidney Cooper, R. A., died at the age of 99. He worked at his profession until almost the last, and had a picture in the Royal Academy last year, as he had had each year since 1845, when he became A. R. A. His record in this respect is without a precedent, nor is it likely to be equalled for many a generation. Mr. Cooper was born September 26, 1803. A few years ago he was so repeatedly asked the question to what he attributed his long life and splendid vigor that he jotted down the following salient points of his life and habits:

"I was born at Canterbury in 1803 during the great Imperial war, which lasted till I was twelve years of age. All provisions were very dear and my early life was spent on very plain food. So soon as I was able I got to hard work for little pay.

"I took every opportunity to draw and sketch from Nature; but as I could not get instruction this caused me to walk much daily. I have been a great walker. At twenty years of age I was able to learn drawing at county schools, which gave me a great number of miles to walk.

"I was never ill, except with infant maladies. At thirty I commenced to try to paint. After I came to settle in London my living was of a very careful kind. I soon became known and received many commissions for my work, which became very popular.

"Then came a period of bad health from the overstrain of London life, and I feared I should become a poor invalid. So I went back to the country, bought some land and built this house (Vernon Holme, near Canterbury) in 1848. I soon felt the change for the better.

"I bought a farm, which required much looking after, and I commenced to walk again. This I continued to do; and now, in my ninety-sixth year, I can paint four or five hours a day and walk slowly a mile daily in fine weather or take a carriage drive if not fine.

"I rise at 7 o'clock, go into my study, set my palette, take my breakfast at 8, then my Bible, then I paint till 12.30. Then lunch and Bible and paint till 3 o'clock. This is my day's work and then I take my walk, write letters and dine at 6 o'clock.

"I take no wine, but a very little whiskey and cold water. Of course I have the infirmities of old age, but now enjoy the cheerful effects of a temperate life.

"I think moderate smoking conducive to sleep, if in the evening; but to smoke all day, as I know some do, is not wise.

"I must tell you that I attribute my long life to the merciful care of God's Providence, for He was the Father of the fatherless boy and has preserved him through all his trials and difficulties, prosperities, sunshine and shadow."

Mr. Cooper was no doubt the oldest member of his profession in the world at the time of his death, but he was even then junior to a Devonshire preacher, who is in his hundredth year. This is Mr. Robert C. Chapman of Barnstaple, and from the excellent health he enjoys at present there is every prospect of his going well into the second century.

Primarily a barrister, he gave up his profession when still in the twenties, in order to devote himself to religious work. For over seventy years he has worked in Barnstaple, and the older he gets the more popular he becomes with the members of the Plymouth Brethren community, to which he belongs. A man of scholarly attainments, he is master of half a dozen languages and author of many Biblical works. Mr. Chapman is known among the Nonconformist churches the world over. He still preaches, though only occasionally, as he finds it takes rather too much out of him, but whenever he does occupy the pulpit there is always a large congregation.

Advertising Canada.

Certainly, if Canada is not well advertised now in Great Britain, it is no longer the fault of the British press. It is difficult to pick up an English newspaper to-day without finding it containing somewhere or other a reference to Canada's resources or to some phase or other of life in the Dominion. Moreover, there need no longer be any feeling that the attention of the British is directed by their newspapers to Australia or New Zealand rather than to Canada; all that has changed during the last few years. South Africa necessarily occupies a sad prominence, but from a point of view altogether different from that from which Canada is seen. The London press has been paying much attention to the Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. Smart, during his visit to Great Britain, and numerous interviews and articles that must prove of great value to this country have appeared in the columns of the big metropolitan dailies. In the provincial press Canada is almost equally to the front. In the shape of letters from correspondents, who are sometimes residents of Canada, sometimes Englishmen who have visited Canada, or by means of articles based on the excellent literature emanating from the Immigration Department, Canada is being continually kept in the minds of the people of Great Britain.

Temperance Work in London.

In connection with the efforts to increase the growth of temperance in the Province of Ontario it is interesting to notice the expensive temperance work that the London County Council is at present carrying out, but it is not designated as such, nor is the general public aware of the fact. Yet within the last three years the London County Council has devoted more than $1,250,000 to the practical work of temperance. It is one of the consequences of the extensive improvements being made in London at present. When acquiring property for the necessary widening of different streets, many public houses, with licenses and good will, come into the possession of the Council. These properties are very valuable, but the Council, instead of renewing them for premises in the neighborhood, is deliberately giving them up, seeing, at the same time, that no new licenses for these localities are issued. In this way the number of public houses in London has been diminished by 168, which were valued at $1,[illegible]

UNCHARITY.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

And to godliness, brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness, charity.—II. Peter, i., 7.

There is one form of vice which is to me especially offensive and repellant, namely, habitual uncharity in the judgment of others. It is twice cursed, for it curseth him who gratifies his morbid appetite and him who is unconsciously the victim of it.

It is always safe to be generous in criticism, and seldom safe to be severe. If the Christ's rule, the "measure you mete, it shall be measured to you again," should be literally enforced, many a man and woman would be wrecked by the consequences. If it is always possible to say something kind it is well to be in the frame of mind to do it. The middle course is to be silent unless there is a good word to say, and the heroic course is to rebuke the harsh and unnecessary criticism.

Many a life has been seriously wounded, many a heart well-nigh broken by thoughtless talk which perhaps had no foundation in fact, or was based on facts misunderstood. It is so much better to be sweet than sour. The juicy plum filled with sunshine hangs on the branches in abundance, and so does the lemon, and it is a more gracious taste which chooses the plum and leaves the lemon for others to pluck. Life contains so many disagreeable things that if we can avoid coming into contact with any one of them we do ourselves a distinct benefit. A smile helps the world more than a frown, and the good nature which ignores the unpleasant and dwells only on the agreeable is a Christian virtue, which is as charming as it is rare.

The clear injunction of religion is to find the good in our neighbors and not to magnify their failings. We may laugh at their follies or look with scorn on their weaknesses, but who knows what we ourselves would do under like circumstances? We are not so strong that we can thank God, as the poor Pharisee did, that we are not like other men. If we are really strong the best way to show our strength is to help those who have fallen by the way rather than spread the news of their failure, as though we stood on a higher and safer level. True religion, the only kind worth having, not only prays that "from all uncharitableness, good Lord, deliver us," but co-operates with the Lord in the accomplishment of the task.

A legend is told of Jesus which illustrates my point. He was standing in a group who were looking at a dead dog. Each spectator had something hard and cruel on his lips, but at last a gentle voice was heard, saying, "He had very white teeth!" It was perhaps the only thing that could be said of a favorable nature, and it was the only thing He cared to say. It was a rebuke not to be easily forgotten, and the men in the group silently stole away, wondering at themselves and at Him.

You deceive yourself if you think you are religious and still indulge in uncharity. I would rather be poor Abou Ben Adhem, who cared nothing for Christ, but wanted to be classed as one "who loves his fellow-men," than so wretched a Christian that he could cherish a secret delight in the faults of others. Religion is either the most practical and useful thing in the world, or it counts for nothing—the theory of a day, to be abandoned on the morrow. And it proves its mettle when it demands a generous and charitable judgment, and will accept no excuse if you have it not. There never yet was human soul so debased that the angels could not kindle a divine and purging flame in it. In the basest creature that lives there are possibilities of excellence which cannot be calculated, and your word of censure, your scorn and disdain, your repetition of an evil rumor may quench that flame in its feeble beginnings.

There is but one wholesome rule to follow. It is the dictate of honor and of the consciousness that even you need to be judged kindly. It is never to spread an injurious story, for your own sake, for his sake, for the sake of all concerned. No bitterness of spirit and no bitterness of criticism. Look for the good and speak of it freely, but be blind to the faults of others as you would have them blind to yours. The Christ loved justice, but He was always merciful. So you may love the truth, but if you cannot help, see to it that you do not hurt. A silent tongue sometimes shows a consecrated heart.

Northern Pines.

I passed where the pines for Christmas
Stood thick in the crowded street,
Where the groves of dream and silence
Were walked by feverish feet.

And far through the rain and street cries
My home-sick heart went forth
To its pine-clad hills of childhood,
To its dark and tender North.

And I saw the gleaming pine lands,
And I thrilled to the norland cold,
Where the sunset fell in silence
On the hills of gloom and gold.

And the dusk, still woods lay round me,
And I knew that the patient eyes
Of my North as a child's were tender,
As a sorrowing mother's, wise.

The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said, "was signed 'More Anon' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Omega.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more anon."

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia Record.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, payable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 2 or 3 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskinonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rose St., Binghamton, N. Y.

LAUGHLIN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

[illegible]

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 11, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—A purse awaits an owner at Police headquarters.

—The sidewalk on Hunter street is receiving much needed repairs.

—The great trouble with these open winters is that it is hard to close them up.

—Hay is coming into town in large quantities, and is finding a ready sale, at good prices.

—The choir of St. Paul's Church will practice this evening at the close of the service.

—Prof. Shortt, of Queen's University will give a lecture on "Trusts" at the meeting of the Fortnightly Club in the Y.M.C.A. to-night.

The new machinery in the Cordage Works was tested yesterday. The factory will be in running order on Monday.

Dr. King has sold his fine, Great Dane, to Mr. P. J. Robinson, of Akron, Ohio. The price paid was well up, but the dog was well worth the money.

—Whiten makes the best crayon work in town. When you want large work done take your small pictures to Whiten. He will make work to suit you. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

—Several young Peterborough citizens, who are desirous of joining the fourth Canadian contingent, will settle permanently in South Africa, should they be taken on the strength of the force.

Peterborough Protestant Home

The committee of management of P. P. Home, gratefully acknowledge the following donations for the month of March: Mrs. Burnham, Toronto papers; E. F. Morgan & Co., bread; Miss S. Miller, reading matter; Mrs. George Brown, clothing and reading matter; Murray Street Baptist church, cake.

A Last Call

A last notice is hereby given that all accounts due The Times Printing Company must be paid forthwith to save costs. All subscription accounts due for the daily and for the weekly must be settled to the end of last year. This is a last call.

Times Printing Co.,
Peterborough.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FOUR DOURO WEDDINGS

Four Weddings Celebrated in St. Joseph's on Tuesday

On Tuesday, Rev. Father Keilty, of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church, Douro, officiated at no less than four weddings in the church. The happy couples are,—

ALLEN—LEAHY—J. James Allen, to Miss Mary Agnes Leahy, both of Douro.

SHANAHAN—O'BRIEN—Patrick Shanahan, of Ennismore, to Miss Mary Frances O'Brien, daughter of Mr. Michael O'Brien, of Douro.

Carthy, to Mrs. Mary Christie, both
McCARTHY—CHRISTIE — John McCarthy of Douro.

McMANUS — MOHER — Michael J. McManus, to Miss Mary Theresa Moher, daughter of Mr. William Moher, both of Douro.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. and Mrs. H. LeBrun are in Toronto, attending the Horse Show.

—Dr. Morgan, of Bridgenorth, was in town yesterday on business.

—Alfred Hopkins, of the C.G.E. Works left for a trip to Winnipeg on Tuesday morning.

—Mr. T. D. Fraser, of Toledo, O., is in the city, on business in connection with the Cordage Works.

Messrs. R. L. Dench and F. Waldon, of Lakefield are in the city, guests at the Morgan House.

—Mr. McFarlane Wilson has been confined to his house through illness for some days.

—Rev. Messrs. Crossley and Hunter are conducting evangelistic services in Belleville.

—Mr. Will Bullen, who has been very ill for some weeks has so far recovered as to be able to be up street yesterday.

—Mr. Robert Walton has returned from Oshawa where he went to see his brother Mr. Matthew Walton, who is seriously ill.

—Mr. Frank Beurose, tenor soloist, who has been visiting in town, the guest of Mr. R. H. Henderson, returned to his home in Toronto yesterday.

—Miss L. O'Brien and Miss M. McHean, of Lindsay, who have been visiting in town, the guests of Miss Mary O'Brien returned to their homes yesterday.

—Miss Daisy Hamilton, who has been spending the winter in Toronto, has returned to town accompanied by Miss Hamilton, of Belleville, Mrs. (Hon.) Hamilton will return to town next week.

THE COCKING MAIN

The Parties in Lindsay Found Guilty and Heavily Fined

The trial of those engaged in the Lindsay cocking main has been concluded and the defendants have been adjudged guilty. As it was a first offence, a fine was imposed. It is said that other prosecutions will follow, as Chief Nevison is determined to put a stop to this kind of sport (!)

Chief Roszel informed the Times yesterday that he is gathering information against local owners of Birds who make a practice of attending cocking mains, and intends to begin proceedings against them.

Becoming Obsolete

"Formal calls," said a society woman to the Times yesterday, "are becoming obsolete. I mean the running in of an afternoon, chatting for five or ten minutes, leaving your cards, rushing off to the next place on your list, and then expecting these women to do the same thing to you, and praying you may be out when they call. That sort of thing is growing beautifully less, and I think the telephone is largely responsible for it. I make nearly all my calls now over the phone. It is so much more comfortable, and saves such a lot of time and bother. I just sit down in my own home and call up Mrs. Jones in her home. I owe her a call. If she is in she comes to the phone, and, although I may have nothing in particular to talk to her about, we chatter away for several minutes, and before I ring off I impress upon her the fact that I am returning her call and that she needn't expect me to come in person. She laughs and thinks it's all right, and then pays some of the calls she owes in the same way. It really does away with a great nuisance."

ILLICIT BASS FISHING.

Bass Being Brought to Peterborough in Wagon Loads

At the annual meeting of the Stony Lake Cottager's Association last evening, while the members were discussing the permanent hatchery question, Mr. D. W. Dumble made a statement that is full of significance.

"I will tell you, gentlemen" said he, "I have the knowledge on pretty good and reliable authority that bass are brought to this town by the wagon-load, having been fleetly caught, and brought here 'through the back door' as it were; that they are bought and sold by men who make a business of it."

"What are our fishery inspectors good for?" inquired a member.

"That's a matter on which a great deal could be said," answered Mr. Dumble.

"Why should we not secure the services of a detective on our own behalf?" was asked.

The matter was allowed to drop.

"ON THE SLY"

Patients Drink Contrary to Doctors' Orders Three Months For Field

Bad food habits hurt the habitue and sometimes affect others. A mother was in such a miserable condition from coffee drinking that when her baby was born—but let her tell her own tale.

"I steadily grew worse. When baby was born it was a skeleton of mere bones, and so weak and puny that its little life soon flickered out. I had been suffering for several years with stomach trouble and nervous diseases, the doctor said 'brought on by coffee.'

At times I would swell up until I could hardly breathe, but I poohed when the doctor told me coffee was the cause of it all. Why, I had used coffee for years without seeing that it did me any harm, so the silly idea of a fogy doctor was not going to make me give up my favorite beverage, and I kept on using it on the sly unknown to him, while he gave me every sort of tonic and pills to attempt to cure me and get my nerves in a healthy condition.

After baby's death I was sick in bed and the doctor insisted on keeping coffee away from me. He put me on Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts. I shall never forget how I relished the first cup of fragrant, black Postum and how good the Grape-Nuts with cream tasted, and, as if by magic, I began to sleep all night for the first time in months.

Slowly I began to gain in strength and flesh, and my mind began to clear up. My stomach gave me no pain, and the doctor was greatly surprised at the change caused by the food and drink and pleasantly named them the 'magic nerve restorers,' for he says they built up my nerves and strength as nothing else on earth could.

It seems to me I am twice as large as I used to be, but it is good, healthy tissue. I have been made a well woman by Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

STONY LAKE COTTAGERS

HELD THEIR ANNUAL MEETING LAST NIGHT.

Matters of Importance Discussed—Officers for the Current Year Elected — The Annual Fee Increased

The annual meeting of the Stony Lake Cottagers' Association was held in the board-room of the Toronto Loan & Savings Co. offices last night.

There were present Messrs. B. Shortly, president, in the chair, J. J. McBain, R. McWhinnie, Geo. Cochrane, A. C. McCallum, R. B. Rogers, D. W. Dumble, P.M., E. B. Edwards, J. D. Collins, R. J. Winch, R. F. McWilliams, and others.

The minutes of the annual meeting of 1901, were read by Secretary-Treasurer McWilliams, and were confirmed.

The election of officers for the current year was then proceeded with. President Shortly thanked the members for the zealous and cordial support they had given him during his two years tenure of office. He held that it was only right that the honors should go around, and he asked to be relieved from office this year, that others might have an opportunity to do what they can for the society.

The society showed a disposition to retain Mr. Shortly's services, but he resolutely declined to accept. The offices were then filled as follows, all the election being unanimous:

President,—Mr. George Cochran.

1st Vice-Pres.—Mr. R. B. Rogers, Peterborough.

2nd Vice-Pres.—Mr. H. G. Buck, Norwood.

3rd Vice-Pres.—Mr. Percy Strickland, Lakefield.

Secy-Treas.—Prof. Brock, Toronto.

Asst. Sec.-Treas.—W. G. Morrow, Peterborough.

Executive Committee—The officers of the society, with the chairman of the Sunday, the Music, and the Regatta Committees.

Regatta Committee—Messrs. W. A. Sanderson, chairman; O. B. McAllister, B. Shortly, Jas. Davidson and Tait.

Sunday Committee — Sheriff Hall, chairman; Messrs. Robinson, E. B. Edwards, D. W. Dumble, Colville, Sutherland and J. D. Collins.

Music Committee — Messrs. John Crane, chairman; A. C. McCallum, S. Henderson, A. L. Davis, W. Graham and E. Dawson. The officers of the society are also ex-officio members of each committee.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

Mr. J. W. Flavelle, Toronto, wrote congratulating the members upon their success in encouraging the growth of timber on the islands in Stony Lake. He asked if the society could not go further, and undertake to plant pines on the islands. He would be pleased, he wrote, to be given an opportunity to contribute towards a fund to cover the cost of the undertaking, should the society decide to call for subscriptions.

D. W. Dumble said, referring to the subject, that it would be an exceedingly difficult undertaking, to grow young pine trees on the islands. Young pines, transplanted, are very easily broken by the wind. He recommended the mountain ash as a substitute for the pine.

On motion of Mr. Dumble, it was resolved that all owners of islands be encouraged to plant trees on their property, to the greatest possible extent.

Considerable discussion took place regarding the action to be taken by the society with regard to the wharf at Juniper Island.

D. W. Dumble moved that the society is under no obligation to acquire ownership of the wharf, and that no action be taken towards that end, but that $15, which the society has already voted towards the cost of building the wharf, be given to Mr. Robinson.—Carried.

Mr. G. M. Roger suggested that as the wharf is for the general accommodation of the public, and as Mr. Robinson, storekeeper there, derives a peculiar and particular benefit from the wharf, that he be requested to pay half the cost of maintaining the wharf, and the islanders pay the other half. He made a motion to that effect, with the proviso that Mr. Robinson be at the expense of maintaining it in proper condition.

Mr. Dumble objected to this. "How much did you get in fees from the islanders last year?" he asked the Sec.-Treasurer.

"Not very much," was the answer.

"And you propose to give away more money than you took in last year, for the convenience of people who won't pay you a dollar," said Mr. Dumble, sarcastically.

Mr. Sanderson thought it would be well to give Mr. Robinson a bonus yearly for maintaining the wharf. This it was decided to do, and the sum amount of the bonus was fixed at $5.00.

It was decided to hold the annual regatta on Peterborough Civic holiday, and the preceding day, as the number of events is too great to be carried out on one day.

Mr. McWilliams moved to hold the annual meeting on the evening after the regatta, in the pavilion. His idea was to secure a more representative attendance, so as to give the islanders from other centres a voice in the affairs, as was only right and just.

The motion was withdrawn as it was stated that this had been done in former years, but that the result was unsatisfactory.

RAISED THE FEE.

It was unanimously agreed to increase the annual membership fee to $1.00 per year. A proposition to levy a small fee on young men who do not own property among the lakes, but who spend considerable time there every summer, met with such pronounced opposition, that it was withdrawn.

Messrs. R. B. Rogers and A. C. McCallum were appointed a committee to select a design and colors, for a badge, that will be distinctively representative of the society.

Mr. Dumble notified the members that Hon. Provincial Secretary Stratton had written him, stating that the society can have a supply of bass for the lakes this year. Mr. Dumble said that it cost $19 last year for this purpose.

Mr. Rogers said this was only touching the fringe of the question. The society ought to take steps towards securing a permanent hatchery. He was convinced that the government would assist. They ought to breed not only bass, but maskinonge. There is no doubt, he said, that the lakes are very nearly depleted of fish.

A discussion, regarding the causes of the comparative scarcity of bass in the waters of the lakes, followed.

Mr. B. Shortly (chairman), with Messrs. Rogers and Dumble, were named a committee to take up the hatchery question, and to take steps towards the securing of a permanent place for the propagation of fish.

Mr. Kincaid informed those present that he was prepared to give them a sail to the lakes to inspect the cottages, etc., provided they would select a convenient date. It was agreed to accept the invitation, but the selection of a date was deferred for the present.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS BED.

AT THE ORIENTAL HOTEL ON THURSDAY MORNING.

Harry L. Boyd, a Traveller, Representing Chase and Company, of Boston, Expired After Retiring to His Room — Found Lying Face Downward—

Among the travellers who arrived in town at 6 p.m. on Wednesday was Mr. Harry L. Boyd, representing Chase and Company, confectioners, of Boston, Mass. He went to the Oriental Hotel where he engaged a room for the night. Before retiring he asked the clerk in the office to have him called in the morning at eight o'clock, and it was by several ineffectual attempts to waken him that the proprietor of the house became uneasy and had one of the clerks look into the room through the fan light over the door. On doing so, Mr. Boyd was seen lying across the bed. He had not removed any of his clothing as it is thought that after entering the room the night before that he was overcome with a weak feeling, and threw himself on the bed. On gaining an entrance to the room an attempt was made to arouse him again but with no effect as it was found that life was extinct. Medical aid was at once called and in a few minutes Drs. Gray and McCullough arrived, and after examing the body, found that he had been dead for some hours. As the deceased is a stranger in town it is not known whether he was subject to weakness of the heart or not. The cause of death was given as suffocation.

The firm he represented was at once communicated with and the remains taken to Mr. D. Belleghem's undertaking rooms to await instructions.
rooms to await instructions. At a late hour last night no message had been received from the relatives of the deceased, although a message was received from his employers stating that instructions would be sent as to the disposal of the remains.

THE CHILDREN, HEAVEN BLESS THEM

Are They Frail, Restless and Nervous?

Will Make Them Vigorous, Healthy Bright and Happy

As a rule, parents are to blame if their children are puny, weak, nervous and irritable. The little ones may be well clothed and fed, yet still be sadly neglected from a physical point of view.

It should be remembered that the children inherit many of the troubles that parents suffer from. Thousands of little ones are subjects of nerve troubles, a condition inherited from father or mother. This nervous condition begets irritableness, bad temper, headache, indigestion and stomach derangements. Such children need the best and most intelligent care, or they will grow up in misery and disease.

Give the little ones Paine's Celery Compound for the next few weeks, and note well its fortifying affect on the nervous system; watch the growth in muscle and flesh.

Thousands of thankful letters have been received from glad fathers and mothers who have had their dear ones perfectly restored to health and strength by Paine's Celery Compound.

Mr. Robert D. Templeton, Winnipeg, Man., says: "I take great pleasure in recommending your Paine's Celery Compound for all children's troubles. Our little girl was very sick a short time ago, and we had to call in a doctor, who said he could not prescribe anything better than your Compound."

HORSES FOR THE ARMY

Suitable Horses will be Purchased in Town by Mr. Robert Beith, M.P.

Mr. J. Harris McClellan has just returned from an extensive business trip to a number of centres in Ontario. During his trip he met with Mr Robert Beith M.P., who is purchasing horses suitable for war purposes, for the Imperial authorities. Mr. Beith stated he would visit Peterborough for the purpose of buying up any suitable horses that are offered for sale. The date has not yet been decided on, but notice will be given in the course of a few days.

A Breakfast Dish After Your Own Heart

Thousands are now enjoying what they long wished for; the same enjoyment and luxury may be yours every morning—a breakfast after your own heart.

A breakfast dish after your own heart means physical and mental benefits. The true breakfast dish guaranteeing the blessings of health is Malt Breakfast Food, delicious, appetizing, easily digested, strengthening and invigorating.

Malt Breakfast Food has a direct influence on the brain as well as the body. While it keeps the blood pure and at normal temperature, it also acts as a brain nutriment, imparting clearness and power.

Malt Breakfast Food which has so quickly captured the hearts and palates of young and old as a breakfast food, is as far ahead of all the ordinary grain foods of the day as the diamond is superior to cheap glass. Try a package; your grocer sells it.

PROFITABLE SPECULATION

Why speculate in the stock market or in any other way when you can make your money work for you? We have a method of speculation that is safer and more profitable than any ever before devised. Send your name and address and we will mail you a pamphlet giving full information. Address A H Mills & Co., Suite 804-806 Park Row Building, New York City, New York

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

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We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

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Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5 Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.)

POLICE COURT NEWS

Albert Field was convicted in the police court yesterday morning of stealing a wagon and harness from livery stable keeper Wolstenholm in November last. He was sentenced to the county jail for three months. Field broke down utterly when taken to the cells after sentence had been passed. He expressed his sorrow for having acted in such a dishonest manner, and said that Mr. Wolstenholm had always treated him generously, and had given him every chance to do what was right.

The Mystery Still Unsolved

A few months ago the citizens of the town and county were shocked by the report received from Otonabee that an old man had been found drowned in a well. At first it was thought that the victim was John Hooper, but "Silent John" turned up in Ashburnham, alive and well. It was then thought that the deceased was an old man, named Jimmy Dunlavey, who lived with different farmers in Otonabee, but it seems not. The Times has received reliable information to the effect that Dunlavey was seen in town yesterday. If this is true, then who was the man that was found drowned in the well?

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V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH, Scotland.

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

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They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers

THE
ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, [illegible]

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 [illegible] to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book Store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

An Apprentice Wanted

We have an opening for an apprentice to learn the printing business. Must be a young man with fair education. Apply at The Times Office.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland [illegible] Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

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AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mann & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 86 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY APRIL 12 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

CENTRES OF BELGIUM IN STATE OF TERROR

Precautions in Brussels and Other Places to Check Progress of Rioting Socialists

STRIKERS AND GENDARMES ARE FIGHTING.

Seven Thousand Men Hurled Stones and Were Silenced with Revolvers--Guards with Loaded Rifles

Brussels, April 11. — Troops were called out at Liege yesterday, to quell the rioting Socialists whom the police had been unable to deal with. Serious conflicts took place at Rue Stevens, where 100 shots were exchanged.

A semblance of order was restored among the rioters early this morning. The police, who had borne the brunt of the fighting, were strongly reinforced by gendarmes and civic guards with loaded rifles. Orders were issued to use all the force necessary to drive the mob out of the Maison du Peuple. Just as the order was about to be executed the chiefs of the Socialists offered to evacuate the building quietly. Estimates as to the number wounded during the riots vary from forty to one hundred, but scores of injured were carried off and hidden by friends. A large number of rioters were arrested and are still detained.

The burgomasters of Brussels and suburban municipalities have proclaimed that meetings of more than ten persons are prohibited, and that anyone found carrying a revolver shall be liable to six months' imprisonment.

BRISTLING WITH BAYONETS.

All centres of agitation are bristling to-day with bayonets. Squads of cavalry are continually patrolling the streets, and guarding the shops, which were threatened with plundering by the rioters.

A manifesto signed by the general council of the labor party has been widely posted. It demands a revision of the constitution, and universal suffrage.

Telegrams from the country districts indicate the widespread character of the movement which threatens to culminate in a grand coup next week during the Reform debate in Parliament. A thousand demonstrators caused great disturbances at St. Nicholas last night, until routed by repeated charges of the gendarmes. At La Louviere 6,000 men ceased work, forcing the workers in the large industrial establishments at La Croyere and Haine, St.Pierre, to join them. The strikers threaten to burn all factories where the workers refuse to quit. Strong detachments of cavalry are now patrolling the district in order to protect the factories. A telegram from Mons says work still continues in the Borinage district, but a strike and disorders are threatening. Troops have been sent to the district to cope with possible rioting.

MORE TROOPS ARRIVING

Brussels, April 11.—Additional regiments of cavalry, infantry and engineers arrived here this morning; a battalion is held in readiness for action at each of the barracks. All the troops are supplied with two packets of ball cartridges, and two packets of so-called strike cartridges.

Gendarmes and civic guards are assembling at their headquarters in large numbers, and rigorous instructions have been issued for the instant repression of outbreaks in their incipiency.

Four regiments of cavalry and infantry arrived to-day at Charleroi. Infantry has been sent to Douvain, a city fifteen miles east of Brussels, and Vilvoorden, a town six miles northeast of Brussels, and squadrons of Chasseurs have been distributed in the Midlands.

Sharp fighting between strikers and gendarmes occurred this morning at Bracquegnies, near Charleroi. Several thousand strikers attacked and stoned a body of gendarmes, who retaliated by firing their revolvers. A sharp fusilade followed, and the gendarmes were compelled to retreat. A squadron of lancers, however, galloped up and charged and dispersed the mob.

Township Valuators

Uxbridge Township is adopting a new regulation in reference to sheep cases, by appointing valuators. Heretofore, any neighbour could value a dead or injured sheep and appear as a witness when the owner applied to Council for compensation. The valuing will now be left to being appointed for the seven divisions of the township.

A Last Call

A last notice is hereby given that al accounts due The Times Printing Company must be paid forthwith to save costs. All subscription accounts due fo the daily and for the weekly must be settled to the end of last year. This is a last call.

Times Printing Co.,
Peterborough.

More Good Boot News

We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

——WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

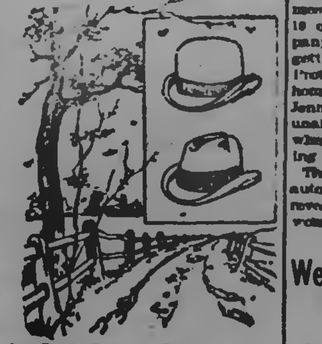
BECAUSE our assortments are so complete that none will be disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?——easy. Come and judge for yourself.

Good Hat News



You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Que. and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirts, including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & MERRELL, Managers.

DEFEAT OF CHINESE REBELS

Imperial Troops in Hot Pursuit of the Band in Qwang-he

Special to The Times.

Washington, April 12.—The following telegram in regard to the insurrection in Southern China was received by the State Department to-day from McWade, United States Consul at Canton:

"Gov. Teng informs me that rebels in Qwang-he have been defeated, and are being pursued by Imperial troops. Our missionaries safe."

W. W. Rockhill, former Special Commissioner of the United States to China regards this rebellion as of little importance, and believes that it will be suppressed soon.

BRITISH STILL BUYING HORSES

Officer in Charge at the Missouri Camp Discards His Military Dress

Special to The Times.

Lathrop, Mo., April 12.—In view of the investigation being made at New Orleans, the important fact to be developed at Lathrop, Mo., is, Who is running the horse and mule business here? Is it merely an American market or is it a British supply camp conducted by British capital, and under orders from British officers?

When Major Moore of the British Army was asked to-day whether he had established a military supply camp he carefully explained that the horses and mules are not purchased by the British remount commission, but that the buying is done by Guyton and Harrington and that they sell to the British Government in South Africa. Notwithstanding this statement it is asserted that the British Government owns the horses shipped from here.

When Major Moore went to the big barn this morning he was garbed like a Clinton county farmer, having discarded his riding boots and cap. The military stock was displaced by a white linen turn-down collar.

The work of buying and shipping horses and mules continues. The matter has been laid before Gov. Dockery.

New Orleans, La., April 9.—Capt. E. H. Crowder of the Judge Advocate General's Department is here investigating the condition of affairs prevailing at the British mule station at Chalmette. Capt. Crowder has established an office in the United States Custom House, but has not yet decided whether he will hold any formal sessions in his inquiry. He has requested, however, that those interested in the investigation, whether on the British or the Boer side, shall furnish him with a list of witnesses to be examined by him.

Captain Crowder announced that he would endeavor to have those interested on the opposite sides of the Chalmette controversy present names of their witnesses. He will then examine them and go over very largely the same evidence that has already been sent to Secretary Hay through Gov. Heard.

MILLER CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Former Woodstock Man Accused of Ending Miss Jennet's Life

A BRUTAL MURDER IN DETROIT

Girl Found on Street in Horribly Mutilated Condition - Miller Unable to Account for His Movements.

Windsor, April 11.—Miss Carrie M. Jennet, aged 22 years, was found murdered in Detroit yesterday morning. Her body was cut, hacked and mutilated almost beyond recognition. An hour later James M. Miller, a music teacher, was arrested in connection with the deed and is held on a charge of murder. There were telltale blood stains on his shirt and overcoat, and his hat was incrusted with blood spots, for which the prisoner was unable to account. Miller is a Canadian and went to Detroit from Woodstock, his home, some years ago, taking his wife and two children with him. For a time he was engaged as teacher of music in Mt. Clemens public schools, but went back to Detroit again. For several years Miller had been giving Miss Jennet music lessons, and often remained late in the evening. Mr. Jennet, the father, asserts that he was finally compelled to forbid Miller the house. The two continued to meet clandestinely, however, and at the houses of mutual friends.

On Wednesday night Miss Jennet left a meeting of the Daughters of Rebekah at 10 o'clock, declining the offers of company. About the same time Miller was getting ready to leave a meeting of the Protected Home Circle. He reached his home at 11.30, but before that time Miss Jennet's body had been found. Miller was unable to account satisfactory for his whereabouts in the interval between leaving the meeting and arriving home.

The motive for the murder is plain. The autopsy held on the remains of the victim revealed the startling fact that the young woman was about to become a mother.

Well and Stylishly Clothed at all Times

Thousands of women in Canada with limited means have discovered the secret of dressing well and stylishly in their homes and for the street.

These fortunate women have found out that, by spending ten cents for a package of one of the fashionable colors of Diamond Dyes they can re-color any old, faded and dingy dress, so as to make it appear a new production.

A lady recently affirmed that she had not purchased new materials for dresses for two years. This same lady is always neatly and prettily dressed, because she uses the Diamond Dyes. She has several old dresses, and dyes each one twice a year, and produces as good colors with the Diamond Dyes as can be found in new bought goods. It is wonderful, indeed, the saving in dollars that can be effected by a judicious use of the celebrated Diamond Dyes. Would you like to make up a pretty homemade Mat or Rug from your old wool or cotton rags. Send post card with your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive all the new designs to make choice from.

THE QUIRK MURDER

Government Detective Murray Has Again Departed from Brantford

Special to The Times.

Brantford, April 12.—Detective Murray did not remain in Brantford very long yesterday. He went to Toronto in the afternoon, stating that he expected to return shortly, probably this week. While he was here he did not do a great deal of work in connection with the Quirk murder case. He was closeted with Chief of Police Vaughan for some time, and the facts surrounding the tragedy were reviewed by the two at some length. After this he had an interview with a couple of gentlemen in Brantford, who had asked to see him, and who, it is understood, had some information in their possession relative to the case. There are still a couple of persons in this city who have expressed a wish to see Murray, but he did not have the time to call upon them yesterday. It is for this reason that he will return to Brantford this week or early next week. Chief Vaughan said this morning that there were no further developments.

Items of Interest

London, April 12.—Germany, France, Japan, and the United States are busy preparing for the London Coronation penny kerbstone merchant.

Never before in history have so many "special penny lines" been got ready for the tray of the street hawker. Some of them have arrived and have been opened out in the Houndsditch wholesale show rooms. Others repose in big cases at the docks, ready to be sprung upon the public when the right moment arrives. Imitation babies sparkling seductively in an imitation gold crown form a striking penny "line." Penny plaques for wall decoration have surprisingly faithful likenesses of the King and Queen, and measuring five inches by three and a half inches, are a wonderful pennyworth.

Monograms containing "E.R. VII.," done on neat metal brooches, ladies' bracelets with tiny hearts bearing a pleasing portrait of His Majesty, Coronation seaside pails and other toys embellished with pictures of their Majesties, views of Westminster Abbey, the Coronation chair, the royal crown and maps of the British Empire are prominent among the penny articles that are to come out for the delectation of Coronation crowds.

A self-locking money-box with portraits of King and Queen, quite a range of penny "Coronation puzzles," glass boxes in which there are little balls to be shaken into cavities in the royal crown mirrors with the royal photographs at the back and portraits in white metal frames are among the other things at the same nimble price, while a "Coronation panorama" with magnifying glass and handle with which to turn the views round is a marvel of penny ingenuity.

Necklaces with the royal crown as pendant, hollow balls with "Coronation, June, 1902," printed upon them, and trumpets with topical pictures on their glaring surfaces are a few of the very cheap penny surprises.

These and many others are being opened out in the great Houndsditch warehouses, such as Wisbey's.

Some of the articles are made in England.

TO RENEW THE DREIBUND.

Vienna, April 11.—The German Imperial Chancellor, Count von Buelow, started for Berlin to-day. According to the Neue Freie Presse, the Dreibund will be renewed in its old form, as the Chancellor's conferences here established the fact that it would not be wise to replace the present satisfactory arrangements by others of a more experimental character.

TO ANNUAL THE BANKRUPTCY

London, April 12.—In the Bankruptcy Court this morning the registrar decided, in spite of "rash speculation and extravagance in living," that he would annual the bankruptcy of the Duke of Manchester, an arrangement having been reached by which the sum of £11,676 is provided, giving the creditors 12s. 6d. in the pound sterling.

HONORARY DEGREES CONFIRMED.

Edinburgh, April 11.—At the graduation ceremony at the University here to-day the honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred on Professor William James of Harvard and President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell University.

SPANISH ARTILLERY COMMISSION

Madrid, April 12. — The commission which is to value the Spanish artillery remaining in the West Indies has sailed.

DUTCH HATRED.

London, April 11.— A recent issue of the Amsterdam Handelsblad contains a little paragraph which would be ridiculous did it not throw such a sinister light on our neighbors' present state of mind in regard to England. It is as follows.

"The Society for Clothing Children, whose motto is, "Let charity be our aim," begs us to call attention to a new propaganda medium which the committee has brought out. It consists of a little book, in which there is printed a bust of Mr. Chamberlain on a page covered with little squares. The idea is that the holder of such a booklet shall give anybody who will put one cent an opportunity of pricking the head of Mr. Chamberlain."

The Handelsblad remarks that such propaganda is to be strongly deprecated but the fact that a charitable society of Dutch ladies should originate and carry out such an idea is in itself significant enough.

IGNORED THE GERMAN

Berlin, April 12.— The German school authorities in the Polish districts of East Prussia are determined that the children attending the national schools shall be punished in an exemplary manner for declining to reply in the German during religious instructions. From Wreschen comes the announcement that forty Polish children, who would otherwise have finished their usual school course, will be compelled to attend school until further notice for declining to answer in German. Their parents have received written notice that until the children are able to display sufficient knowledge in the elements of religion they will not be freed from compulsory school attendance. The action of the authorities has caused much excitement amongst the Polish population of Eastern Prussia.

NEW GOVERNOR OF FIJI.

London, April 10.—The Colonial Office has appointed Mr. Henry Moore Jackson, now Governor of the Leeward Islands, to be Governor of Fiji in succession to Sir George T. M. O'Brien. Sir Gerald Strickland, chief secretary to the Governor at Malta, has been appointed Governor of the Leeward Islands.

RUSSIA MAKES A GRAB

Wants to Build a Railway Through Persia —Concession for a Loan

To the Editor of The Times:

St. Petersburg, April 11.—The Exchange Gazette says it thinks the recent loans to Persia ought to lead to the formation of a Russian company for railway construction in Persia. Russia ought in this way to obtain access to the Indian Ocean in the same manner as by the Manchurian Railway she has obtained access to the Pacific.

RUSSIA'S GIFT TO LOUBET.

St. Petersburg, April 11. — The municipality will present to President Loubet of France on his forthcoming visit to Russia a splendid album, containing twelve views of the Russian capital in oils and water-colors. The binding will be of gold and silver.

Dances have been arranged for the officers and crews of the warships which will accompany Loubet.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE INTERESTS THE KING

Lipton Thought to Have Prompted Edward to Confer With the Home Secretary

London, April 12—King Edward has become interested in Mrs. Maybrick's case, it is reported. He is even said to have conferred with Home Secretary Ritchie about the advisability of releasing her.

The Home Secretary, it is asserted, opposed making an exception in her case, as he and all his predecessors have affirmed their belief that her sentence was just. He is represented to have been especially averse to exercising royal clemency in her sole behalf in coronation year, when public opinion would not tolerate any general act of amnesty toward any class of criminals.

Sir Thomas Lipton is believed to be at the bottom of the king's reported recent action. Lipton was a close friend of the late Lord Chief Justice Russell, who used every lever at his command to obtain Mrs. Maybrick's release. Lipton, it is understood, was primarily actuated by influential American friends.

One Common Cause of Headache

Perhaps the most general cause of headache and pain across the eyes is nasal catarrh. The simplest cure is to inhale the medicated vapor of Catarrhozone which traverses every air cell and air passage of the throat, lungs and nose. It kills myriads of germs at every breath, clears away mucous discharges, preserves and heals the membrane. Catarrhozone is just a splendid remedy for headache, and its action is certain and unfailing in diseases of the throat and lungs, deafness, bronchitis, asthma and catarrh. A trial will convince the most sceptical that Catarrhozone is all right. Large size, $1, trial size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

RUSSIA MAY SEIZE THE TWO PROVINCES

The Czar's Grip May Extend to the Province of Mongolia

TROOPS WILL NOT WITHDRAW.

A Leading Educator Says He Does Not Believe the Russian Troops Will be Withdrawn from Manchuria.

Special to The Times.

Victoria, B.C., April 12—Dr. W. A. Martin, who a month ago resigned the principalship of the Imperial Chinese College at Pekin, and has since been offered a similar position with the Chinese University at Wu Chang, arrived yesterday by the steamer Empress of Japan. Mr. Martin was in Pekin during the seige, and says there have been many changes since then.

"China has completed a treaty with the foreign powers, and all is quiet now," he said, "but how long it will remain a placid country no one can say. The recent treaty of Great Britain and Japan guarantees peace for a time only, for there is a feeling tending to the disintegration of the country among some powers. Great Britain, Japan and the United States are for the maintenance of the integrity of China, but Russia, France and others are for slicing up the kingdom.

"Russia did not get the special concessions in Manchuria favored by the treaty made by Li Hung Chang," he said. "Even to the hour before his death, when the Chinese statesman was all but unconscious, M. Lessar was trying to have him place his signature to the treaty by which Russia would have secured all she wanted."

Dr. Martin does not think the Russian troops will be withdrawn from Manchuria. "Russia will make the excuse that the troops are necessary for the protection of her railways," he continued, "and, in my opinion, Russia will ultimately have sole possession of Manchuria and Mongolia. The latter province has not yet been brought into question, but Russia is going to build a railway line across Mongolia from the nearest point of the boundary to Pekin.

"The Russians are scheming in many ways for the retention of the districts. There were rumors before I left Pekin that rebel forces were in motion in Kansu, and were supposed to be acting in concert with troops of Prince Tuan the ex-Boxer leader. I do not think it is likely that they will march on Pekin, but will hold an area in Shinsi and Mongolia. In Ningshia, his Kansu capital, Prince Tuan has a strong point."

Do You Belch Gas

If you have uneasy sensations in the stomach, a bad taste in the mouth, headache—remember that ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in sweetened water is a quick and certain cure. Nerviline aids digestion, dispels the gas, makes you comfortable and free from distress. Nerviline is just splendid for cramps, colic, dysentery, stomach and bowel troubles, and costs only 25c. Better try it.

WAR OFFICE RECEIVES WORD FROM KITCHENER

At an Early Hour This Morning Regarding the Peace Negotiations with Boers

THE CABINET SUMMONED TO MEET TO-DAY.

Big Party of Boer Leaders Now Conferring as to the Terms of Peace Steyn, Dewet, Delarey Arrive at Klerksdorp

Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony, Wednesday, April 9.—The approach of President Steyn and Generals De Wet and Delarey, with their staffs, who, as already cabled, arrived here at noon to-day, was signalled at 11 a.m. by the arrival of a flag of truce at an outpost. An officer, with an escort, was sent out, and the President and the two Generals rode into Klerksdorp in Cape carts. The Orange Free State envoys were accompanied by Judge Hertzog, Commandant Olivier and six other persons. General Delarey had with him his secretary and a dozen Boers. The Free State representatives are quartered in the Old Town. General Delarey joined the Transvaal party, consisting of Botha, Schalk-burger, Reitz, Meyer and Jacobs, in the New Town. A conference tent was pitched midway between the two towns, and free communication was permitted the Boer delegates, but they were suitably guarded.

NO NEWS UP TO 11.30.

London, April 11.—From Government sources the Associated Press ascertains that the peace negotiations are not expected to come to a conclusion so quickly as this morning's premature reports indicate. The belief that there will be considerable parleying also exists in circles intimate with the Boer leaders on the continent, who maintain that no peace can be arrived at unless the British grant some form of amnesty to the Cape rebels. Whether this contention will prove well founded or otherwise is only a matter of conjecture, but it appears certain that the Boers will hold out till all expedients of negotiation are exhausted in an endeavor to gain this point. Some of those who are in close touch with South Africa believe that ten days may elapse before a definite conclusion is reached. In the meanwhile the presence of such representative Boers at Klerksdorp and other factors creates an all-round hopeful feeling. This was reflected on the Stock Exchange to-day in the advances of consols and Kaffirs. Up to 11.30 a.m. the Government had received no official news bearing out the statements that peace had been arranged.

PEACE RUMORS DENIED.

London, April 11.—Frederick Rutherford Harris, former Secretary of the British Chartered South Africa Company, was asked this morning at his residence, Llangibly Castle, Usk, Monmouthshire, if he had received a telegram announcing that the Boer leaders had accepted the British terms. Mr. Harris replied that the rumor was entirely without foundation.

A similar report of the alleged agreement was carried by The Central News and published by some of the many papers, which issued extra editions. It appears to have been originated in the Town of Pontypool, adjacent to Llangibly Castle.

The despatch appearing in The Financier and Bullionist is not confirmed from any other quarter. The editor of the paper says several words of the code message received were vague, but he believes his general interpretation of the despatch to be correct.

WORKING MR KRUGER.

Utrecht, April 11.— 1 a.m.— (Special)—Dutch hero-worship has become an unreasoning fetish, so far as Mr Kruger is concerned. He is idealized as a martyr to British oppression and persecution, and an unique and picturesque figure, reading the Bible with sublime faith, and working with serenity of purpose for the deliverance of the Boer republics. There is no decline in his popularity, although he lives in seclusion and is seldom seen outside his villa in the small factory town. He is surrounded by a swarm of relatives and Boer exiles, sees few visitors, and is more phlegmatic and taciturn than ever. He is unmanageable in money matters, and so deliberate and cautious in expressing an opinion and judgment respecting South African affairs that he is seldom consulted by Leyds, Wolmerans, Fischer and the other Boer leaders. Dr Leyds is received as the diplomatic representative of the South African Republic, and is allowed to display his full uniform on State occasions. Mr. Kruger is a private citizen living in exile, and not encouraged to visit the capital or appear in public. Yet he is reverenced throughout the Netherlands as a hero and a martyr.

HIS MIND GROWN DULL.

Mr. Kruger is unmistakably ageing, as his followers admit. His heart action is better than it was, and his general health has improved during his residence near Utrecht, but his mind has grown dull and torpid, his grim humor has disappeared, and the force of his character has sensibly abated. He remains the central figure of the group of Boer refugees because his personality is still unrivalled, but his associates make no secret of the fact that it is difficult to squeeze money out of him, and that his leadership is nominal and ineffective. Indecision is now described as his leading trait. He is unable to make up his mind when called upon to settle any point of Boer policy.

RELATIONS WITH SCHALK BURGER.

The extent to which Mr. Schalk Burger and General Botha have committed Mr. Kruger and his followers in the peace-making is a mystery. If the Boer agents were consulted, they probably disclaimed responsibility, and reserved judgment until Mr. Steyn could be approached and sounded. Their irreconcilable attitude will be maintained until the last moment. The idea that the Boers can or will surrender is the last the Dutch will entertain, and is incompatible with the hero-worship which prevails in Holland.

LATEST DESPATCH 2.30 a.m.

London, April 12.—

A summons issued last night for a Cabinet Meeting to-morrow. This circumstance started a fresh crop of rumors to the effect that the Government had received a despatch from Lord Kitchener on the subject of the peace negotiations after Mr. Broderick's statement in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon. Should the Boers taking part in the conference decide in favor of opening peace negotiations they will submit their proposals to Lord Kitchener who has been instructed to forward them immediately to the Government.

RIVER AND LAKE NOTES

The Steamers All Being Prepared for the Season's Operations

—The steamer Water Lily left yesterday for Rice Lake on her first trip of the season. She will return to-day on her regular weekly excursion.

—The City of Peterborough will this year be under the command of Capt. Maurice Lane. The steamer is now being thoroughly overhauled and will be launched about May 1st. Already a number of excursions have been booked.

—The publication in The Times of a complaint with regard to the delay in opening the swing of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge, evidently had the desired effect. A man was at once put on to open the bridge.

—Mr. Dan Foley will again have charge of the popular Jubilee Point summer resort. Commodore Calcutt, with his enterprise, is having the hotel and grounds put in excellent shape.

—Mr. T. H. Darcy, of Burleigh Falls Hotel, is preparing for an immense business this year. He is enlarging the hotel, and is already assured of a "full house" during the season.

—Mr. Geo. H. Brown, of Chemong Park Hotel, told The Times yesterday that already applications were being made received for accommodation for the hot months. Visitors who once stay at this popular resort, always return.

—Mr. Kelly, of Bridgenorth, will keep his boat entirely for towing purposes hereafter.

—The Trent Valley Navigation Company will have a new steamer on the route between Bridgenorth, Bobcaygeon and Burleigh this year.

THE ARGENTINA ARMY.

London, April 9. — The following cablegram has been received from Buenos Ayres, dated April 8: The review of the army was a complete success. All the Ministers and many foreign military notabilities attended. They consider the evolutions and the appearance of the troops worthy of the best organized armies in Europe. They speak especially in praise of the military and cavalry.

WHAT IS THIS Malt Breakfast Food

Malt Breakfast Food is a true health food, recommended by the best physicians.

Malt Breakfast Food is made from the choicest strength-yielding wheat and the purest health-giving malt.

Malt Breakfast Food is a partially cooked food and predigested, quickly assimilated, and requires no digestive effort.

Malt Breakfast Food is a concentrated food for young and old, yielding true nourishment to the body and brain.

Malt Breakfast Food enriches the blood and builds up nerve centres and the tissues of the body.

Malt Breakfast Food is invaluable for growing children, invalids and convalescents; it is retained on the weakest stomach.

Malt Breakfast Food stands first in public estimation as a grain breakfast food.

Malt Breakfast Food is the acknowledged king of all cereal foods; it is used by royalty and the masses.

Your grocer sells it.

A Great Dairy Number

With its usual enterprise the Farming World is again to the fore. Its special numbers dealing with different branches of agriculture are becoming noted. A few weeks ago its Poultry Number appeared and attracted wide attention. The Number before us eclipses anything heretofore attempted in this country in the way of a Dairy Number. It contains articles by the heads of the dairy departments of agriculture in the different provinces besides an otherwise splendid and varied bill of fare. The illustrations are unusually fine. Any of our readers may secure a sample copy by addressing the Farming World, Toronto. We have a special combination offer by which we can supply The Weekly Times and The Farming World both for $1.50.

WALL ST. WINNERS

primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete statistics relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with fluctuations for from 10 to 20 years; best rules for successful trading and other data, calculated to best fit the reader, to secure some of the larger profits, distributed annually, through the medium, of trading.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 12, 1902.

BRITISH TAXES

The British budget will be brought down on Monday, and it is generally expected that some new taxes will be announced, for the war is still going on and the total expenditure of the year is estimated at £171,000,000, of which £150,000,000 will be raised by taxation. The British policy is to pay *as you go*, *as far* as possible, and to avoid adding to the national debt. There is talk of an import duty on timber, which Canada would feel to some extent, and there may be an increase in the sugar duties. Although the income tax is already very high, an increase is spoken of, either in the form of an additional penny in the pound, or by an extension of the tax, so as to include incomes between £100 and £150, the latter amount having been the limit of exemption. The British people know how to stand taxation, and they know that while Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is Chancellor of the Exchequer, the new taxes will be so arranged that as much as possible of what the people pay will find its way into the public treasury. The debate on the budget is expected to last two days. Here in Canada it lasts three or four weeks, when there are no tariff changes at all to wrangle over.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP IN THE UNITED STATES

The fact that 150,000 voters in Chicago cast their ballots for municipal ownership of the street railways and lighting plants should serve as a warning to legislators who peddle out public franchises corruptly or carelessly.

It happens in this case that the vote was not binding, but simply served as an expression of the public will and a protest against the widespread blunder of giving away public franchises without an adequate return.

The fact that only 25,000 voted in the negative in Chicago is conclusive evidence that the people are disgusted with the management of the public franchises of that city.

When the popular impatience is so emphatically expressed, it will not always suffer itself to be ignored in practice. The referendum idea is simply an experiment in its initial stages. In time it is liable to gather the means of making itself operative in legislation, and then heedless legislators will begin to realize what they have brought about.—Boston Globe.

THE CANADIAN SOLDIER

No name will come out of this South African war brighter than that of "the Canadian soldier."

Wherever he has been severely tried, he has acquitted himself not only with credit, but with brilliancy. From Paardeberg to Hart's River, he has shown the steadiness of the veteran, linked with the splendid daring of the Light Brigade.

We Canadians who have stayed at home should feel no false modesty in proclaiming our pride in this. It is emphatically for us to say it.

We have not done the deed, but we will profit by it. Our name will gain immensely in prestige throughout the Empire and the world because these brothers of ours died fighting and victorious on the battle line. If they had flinched, we would have suffered. But they met death with a superb courage, and we shall go out among the peoples of the world with a reputation for daring.

It might have been expected, to begin with, that "raw colonials" would not have stood fire. It will never be expected again. Our volunteers have established the reputation of the colonial soldier. There is not a military camp in Europe where we will not be ranked higher for the sacrifice of these men.

It is not only our privilege to boast of this, but our duty. We should make it clear to all coming generations that we appreciated to the full the work done by these young Canadians. The movements to make their graves in South Africa and to erect fitting monuments to them here are the natural expressions of a grateful people.

The gratitude is deep enough and real enough; and we must not be careless about the permanent expression of it.

A PROPER COURSE

Mr. Morrison, the clever editor of the Ottawa Citizen, says in his paper:

If the present peace negotiations turn out to be a Boer ruse, or even if they are bona fide on Schalkburger's part, but prove abortive, we move that the British Government put its foot down and announce that the terms in future will be "unconditional surrender." These were the terms the United States Government granted the South and they are good enough for the Boers. After they have surrendered it will be time enough for the British Government to consider the terms to be granted to the belligerents—terms not to be regarded from the standpoint of the future of the Dutch race in South Africa, but from the standpoint of the future of the British race in South Africa. With "unconditional surrender" as the watchword there will be no further need of peace negotiations, bogus or bona fide. All Mr. Boer will have to do is to stay in the field and fight until he gets ready to come in. The prolonged and senseless resistance of the small force of irreconcilables in the field has forfeited their right to terms. They are destroying their own country and putting the British Government to useless expenditure which might better be employed in rebuilding ruined farm houses, restocking farms and giving the conquered burghers a new start in life. But what the Overseas Peoples are really afraid of is that the maudlin sentiment in Great Britain, reinforced by a desire to end the war, will result in a grant of terms to the Boers which will not ensure the unchallenged supremacy of the British flag and institutions for all time to come in South Africa.

ASSESSORS ARE ASTRAY

Some of Them Ignorant of the Revised Law

Proceeding on Old Legislation and Will Probably Have to Make New Assessments in Accordance With Amended Laws

It has developed that municipal assessors throughout the Province began their season's work over a fortnight ago without a thorough knowledge of the amendments to the assessment act made at the last session of the Legislature. It is the duty of assessors to be informed of the latest amendments to the assessment law, but results have shown that many assessors are still ignorant of the radical alteration made in the act by the Legislature a few weeks ago. The assessments made under the old act will probably not be accepted.

The principal amendments to the act provide that land shall be assessed in the municipality in which it lies; that the assessment of lands of water, light, heat, power and other companies shall be made in the municipality in which the lands are situated, and that the rails, wires, gas mains conduits and other properties of such companies shall be assessed at their actual cash value, as the same would be appraised upon a sale to another company possessing similar powers.

Instructions to assessors throughout the country may be forwarded.

MARINE NOTES.

The City of Peterborough will be ready for business early in May. Several excursions have already been booked.

The Majestic is engaged towing on Clear and Stony lakes.

The Sunbeam, which is in dry dock in Lakefield, is being overhauled, preparatory to her removal to Lindsay waters.

Lindsay Post: The Str. Ogemah, of the Trent Valley Navigation Co., made a short trip up the lake last evening, and the movements of the ice convinced Capt. Hamilton that the lake would be clear this morning. The result justified his opinion. A number of passengers were on board for the first trip this morning, and it is expected that the majority of the villagers will take an airing in the course of a few days to shake off the lethargy induced by their long seclusion from the outer world. The Ogemah will remain on the route for some time, and will then be replaced by the Manita. The Esturion will not be ready for service for several weeks.

Mr. C. D. H. McAlpine, advance agent for the Str. Sunbeam, the boat recently purchased by Messrs. Carew and Parkin, of Lindsay, made a business trip through Mariposa township a few days ago and booked several excursions. Cyril says he had no trouble in arranging for excursions on account of the Sunbeam being able to pass through Balsam lake. We understand Capt. Parkin has some 25 excursions already booked.

Items of Interest

London, April 11.—Commenting on Mr. Cecil Rhodes' political will and testament as contained in a letter written to him, and which is published by Mr. W. T. Stead says that Mr. Rhodes' great dream was to found a society composed of men of strong convictions and great wealth, which would do for the unity of the English-speaking race what the Society of Jesus did for the Roman Catholic Church immediately after the Reformation. The English-speaking race stood to Mr. Rhodes for all that the Catholic Church stood to Ignatius Loyola. Mr. Rhodes saw in the English-speaking race the greatest instrument yet evolved for the progress and elevation of mankind, shattered by internal dissensions and rent in twain by the declaration of American independence, just as the unity of the church was destroyed by the Reformation.

NEW GOVERNOR OF FIJI.

London, April 10.—The Colonial Office has appointed Mr. Henry Moore Jackson, now Governor of the Leeward Islands, to be Governor of Fiji in succession to Sir George T. M. O'Brien. Mr Gerald Strickland, chief secretary to the Governor at Malta, has been appointed Governor of the Leeward Islands.

LORD STRATHCONA HONORED.

London, April 10. — Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal received the freedom of Aberdeen to-day. In the ceremony at the County Hall Lord Provost Fleming, in presenting him with the burgess ticket, referred to his splendid services and princely munificence in raising Strathcona's Horse for the South African War.

In returning thanks, Lord Strathcona referred to the importance of the development of the British colonies. He said that however much they might deplore the cause of the war, the fact that soldiers of the Mother Country and the colonies were fighting shoulder to shoulder was an object lesson, the importance of which could not be over-estimated.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

Vienna, April 9.—Count von Buelow, the German Chancellor, will arrive here this evening, and have audiences with Emperor Francis Joseph and Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian Minister. The object of the visit is to arrange the prolongation of the Triple Alliance.

TO SUE THE OWNERS

London, April 9.—The owners of the Red Star liner Waesland, which was sunk in the Irish Sea, near Holyhead after collision with the Liverpool steamship Harmonides, have entered an action for damages against the owners of the latter vessel.

PROF. AGASSIZ IN NEW YORK.

London, April 9.—Prof. Alexander Agassiz is a passenger on the Deutschland, which is due in New York to-morrow. He has completed a prolonged and successful study of the coral formations among the Maldive Islands, in the Indian Ocean. His expedition has been among the remote and unfrequented groups in the Southern Indian Ocean, and it is understood that specimens of the rarest coral formations have been gathered.

THE ARGENTINA ARMY.

London, April 9. — The following cablegram has been received from Buenos Ayres, dated April 8: The review of the army was a complete success. All the Ministers and many foreign military notabilities attended. They consider the evolutions and the appearance of the troops worthy of the best organized armies in Europe. They speak especially in praise of the military and cavalry.

AMERICAN IN IDEAS.

Mr. Rhodes was devoted to the British flag, but in his ideas he was American, and in later years he expressed to Mr. Stead his unhesitating readiness to accept a reunion of the race under the Stars and Stripes, if it could not be obtained in any other way. Although he had no objection to monarchy, he preferred the American to the British constitution. His one favorite expedient for inducing the United States to recognize the need for unity was the declaration of a tariff war. This, he believed, would bring the United States to its senses and lead to an Anglo-American union, and eventually to universal peace.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

Ottawa, April 10.—Official confirmation of the death of Corp. Knisley and Private Day at Kleinhart's River has been received here.

The following cable has been received by the Governor-General: "Capetown—Dangerously ill, enteric fever, 7th April, Pretoria, South African Constabulary, James Arthur Patterson. Please inform father, Samuel Patterson, 318 Berkeley street, Toronto."

Probs. To-day,—A little milder.

The area of low pressure which caused the rain and high northwest winds is now slowly dispersing near the New England coast. The weather is cloudy and unsettled in Ontario and Quebec, and scattered showers are reported in both provinces.

CHECKED SOUTH.

When the first keen winds of winter begin to be felt in the North, many an invalid is hurried away by anxious friends to the kindlier climate of the South. The cause is apparent as you look at the hollow cheeks and listen to the rasping cough of the traveler.

Persons suffering with weak lungs, obstinate cough and severe hemorrhage even, have found the change of climate made unnecessary by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens weak lungs, cures obstinate coughs, and builds up the body with sound, healthy flesh. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine nor other narcotic.

"I feel that I owe a debt of gratitude to a friend for recommending your medicine, as well as to you for preparing such grand remedies for chronic diseases especially, which the doctors failed to reach," writes I. B. Staples, Esq., of Barclay, Osage Co., Kans. "I desire to pass the good word along for the benefit of others who need your remedies. I am a railroad agent, and four years ago my work keeping me in a warm room and stepping out frequently into the cold air gave me bronchitis, which became chronic and deep seated. Doctors failed to reach my case and advised me to try a higher air, but, fortunately for me, a friend also advised me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken the first bottle I was better, and after taking about four bottles my cough was entirely gone. This was a year ago last winter; and again last winter I took about three bottles to prevent a return of the trouble. I have found no necessity for seeking another climate."

Free. The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth bound, sent free on receipt of 30 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure Consultation or correspondence invited.

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SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

CAREFULNESS [28]

is catching—one reason it pays well to keep a canary.

Thousands live better because of a bird's cheering song. We ship birds everywhere at cost (write for prices) to advertise "COTTAM" Seed, which is sold by all grocers.

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents put up under 6 patents, sell separately: BIRD BREAD, 10c.; PERCH HOLDER (containing bird bread), 5c.; SEED, 10c. With 1 lb. pkg. COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated price 25c.; To users of COTTAM SEED a copy, with rusty [illegible] will be sent post paid for 12c.

Kidney Search Lights.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you pains in the loins? Have you dizziness? Have you a tired dragging feeling in the regions of the kidneys? Any and all of these indicate kidney trouble. South American Kidney Cure is a liquid kidney specific and works wonderful cures in most complicated cases.—34

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 5th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.
POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

HER LIPS HER CHEEKS HER FEATURES

Seem to be drawn by Love's own hand, sang the immortal Dryden of a woman whose clear complexion alone rendered her divinely beautiful. No toilet emollient of the age is so beneficial to lips, cheeks or hands as

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

It acts like a charm in removing Crowsfeet, Wrinkles, Pimples, Redness, Roughness, Chaps, etc., prevents and removes Freckles. At drug stores—25c bottle. The

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- G. H. NOBLE -

is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths, Water Closets, Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

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Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention

Buy Hercules Babbit

BEST FOR HEAVY WORK

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INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO HON. G. W. ALLAN, PRESIDENT.

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THAT ARE USUALLY ASKED BY MEN WHO ARE TEMPTED TO LOOK INTO A MINING PROPOSITION

1st. What is the characteristic ore showing of the property being presented?

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3rd. Is there a good title to the mines or are they merely held on bond and lease, or on an option?

4th. What sort of a corporation has been formed to take title to the property and under what state laws; also the charter life of the company?

5th. Is it safe to trust the men who are at the helm?

6th. Will money put in be used to open up the mines or will it be pocketed by the managers?

7th. Will one stand a good chance to get a fair slice of profits against what is put in?

In answer to the above questions, a prospectus, or statement will be sent upon postal card request addressed to

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$3.10 $3.10

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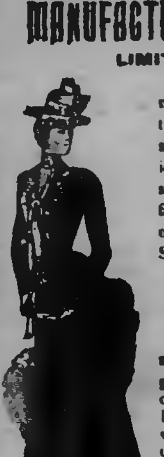

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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25 Cents each

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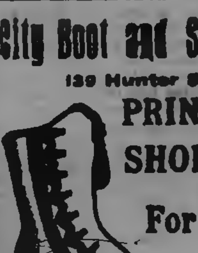

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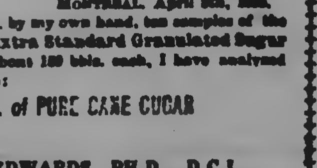

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is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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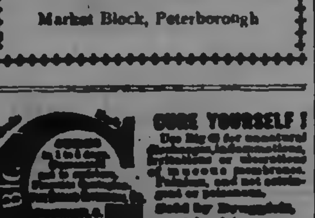

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If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost power. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

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REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

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For the Farmer.

Sheep are the only animals which do not really exhaust the land on which they feed. They distribute manure evenly on the field and tramp it into the soil, feeding upon plants that other animals will not consume.

It is claimed that if tobacco stems or refuse be placed around the base of a peach tree the borer will not attack the tree. The mode of applying is to get the stems around the trees, on the ground, and fasten them to the trees higher up. It is worthy of a trial.

Another remedy suggested for the curculio is to spray just before the trees blossom with a mixture of a pound of Paris green in sixty gallons of water. Two weeks later use kerosene emulsion, giving a third spraying about June 1z. This method, it is said, will destroy the curculio, leaf lice and other enemies of the plum.

Heat, moisture and occasionally cooling are the factors at work in the production of chickens. Heat is of course supplied by the hen, who, also, if she be a good setter, will see to the cooling, though as a rule it is better not to trust entirely to her for this. But moisture is beyond her control if the place of setting is allotted to her. In some districts there is no trouble whatever on this score, as the atmosphere is charged with sufficient for the needs of the eggs. But in others very great care has to be taken or dryness of the atmosphere will be fatal to successful hatching. Seasons also differ.

How to Spray.

The agricultural station of the University of Illinois has issued bulletin No. 68, prepared by Professor Arnold V. Stubenrouch, on "Important Details of Spraying." In the chapter describing the proper method of spraying, we read:

Having the mixtures properly prepared and thoroughly agitated cannot alone insure success. Unless the spray is properly applied, all preliminary effort is lost. To spray properly is more difficult than is usually supposed, especially where materials in suspension are used. It will not do to go out with a determination "to do a thorough job and give them an everlasting soaking" until everything is dripping. If this is done there will be less material on the trees in the end than if less were applied in a proper manner. This to some may seem paradoxical. Nevertheless, it is a fact, and an attempt will be made to show just how it takes place. In order to do this it will be necessary to consider the globules of water as they come from the nozzle, carrying with them suspended particles of Paris green or Bordeaux mixture, or both, as the case may be. The settling which takes place. The only way this can be avoided is the globules of water after they become fixed to the fruit and leaves. Hence the larger the globule, the more settling will take place, and consequently the more material will be deposited at one place in the spray tank goes on without is to have the globules very small and fine as they leave the nozzle, and to keep them intact as separate, fine globules after they become attached to the fruit or leaf. Hence the importance of the injunction: "Use only a fine nozzle; use force enough to keep the liquid issuing as a fine mist, and spray only until the foliage and fruit are completely bedewed."

It requires considerable skill to do this properly and cover the surface fully. If it cannot be done with one spraying it would pay better to go over the trees twice, allowing the first application to dry before giving the second, than to try to accomplish it all at one time, and thus run the risk of going further than the simple bedewing of the fruit or leaves. If the spray is continued too long the fine globules will "run together" to form one or several large ones, which, instead of remaining fixed and drying just where they strike, will run down to the lowest place and drip. Of course, the suspended material settles to the lowest point of the globule, which is, in that case, spread over a considerable surface of the fruit. Some of the upper portions are thus left completely bare. At the lower edge the material will drip off with the water, or often accumulate in sufficient quantity to cause injury.

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say!

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

ing; she was startled from her thoughts by the cab door suddenly opening and the driver announcing that he had brought her to the office of Simpson & Brown, they were considered the best in the profession.

Daisy was ushered into the private office, where she found Mr. Simpson, the senior member of the firm, bending over huge piles of legal documents.

He arose with a low bow as the slender figure entered, and handed his veiled visitor a chair.

"I have come to see you upon a very important matter, sir, in the interest of a young lady friend of mine, and, oh, sir, the happiness of two lives depends upon the answer you shall give me," faltered Daisy, clasping her little white hands piteously together.

"I trust I may be able to give you a very encouraging answer, and just the answer you wish," said Mr. Simpson, pleasantly, noting the richness of her dress and the jewels that shone like stars on the lily-white hands.

He caught but a faint outline of the face hidden by the thick veil, but judged that it must be very fair.

"I scarcely know how to begin," faltered Daisy, "it is surely the most pitiful story that was ever heard."

"Every one thinks his own lot the hardest to bear," said Mr. Simpson, with a smile, which encouraged Daisy to proceed.

"It is about a young girl," she began, with great embarrassment, "who made a most unhappy marriage."

"A very common occurrence nowadays, I am sorry to say," observed Mr. Simpson.

"She was so young—this friend of mine—when she married that she hardly knew what love meant. She was coaxed into it. A handsome stranger who came to the village persuaded her to marry him—without the consent of her relatives and friends, and it was to be kept a secret for a little while."

"The same old story," thought the lawyer, but he made no comments; he put on a very sympathetic look and seemed profoundly interested.

"She was so young, so very young she did not know that this was wrong—all wrong," Daisy went on in a low voice, half choked with sobs.

"Quite as soon as they were married, a strange fate separated them; but their secret was never found out —they drifted apart.

"She found out what he was, this handsome stranger who had wooed and won her; a scoundrel of the deepest dye, whom it were mild to call a villain.

"And then—— Oh, sir, how she abhorred him from the very depths of her heart.

"It became the one great secret trouble of her life that he would come back some time and claim her. She would have died before she would have gone with him."

"Poor child, that was a hard secret to bear," mused the lawyer, sympathetically, pretending not to notice her great emotion, and the sudden stop she had come to.

"It was indeed a bitter secret," Daisy went on, piteously; "but after awhile her fear grew less, and she dared to hope he could never find her if she were to go away—destroying every trace by which he might search for her.

"Then she met another whom she had in the meantime learned to love with all the fervor of her heart and soul, and—and he asked her to marry him.

"Her whole soul went out to meet him. She loved him so well that she could not give him up. She believed he would never find out —never know the horrible secret that darkened the past, and one sunny summer day she married him."

The old lawyer's face had suddenly grown grave; this was worse than he had thought. Still, he would not interrupt her.

"She married him," continued Daisy, faintly, "and their life was one dream of happiness until suddenly in an unexpected moment she met the first one face to face.

"My—my friend cannot tell whether he recognized her or not. She turned and fled as though an arrow had pierced her heart. What I want to know is this, sir. Could the scoundrel claim her? Can he force her to go with him?

"Remember she hates him with all her heart. She would rather die than go with him; yes, rather die a thousand times.

"It would break her heart to be parted from the husband whom she loves."

"I am to tell you the truth, the whole truth, no matter for the pain it may bring you?" questioned the lawyer, slowly.

"Yes," said Daisy, piteously. "Tell me the truth. Could he, the scoundrel, claim my—my friend?"

"Yes, he could claim her. She is his wife before God and man!" he responded, slowly. "She committed one of the greatest sins as well as one of the gravest of crimes by disobeying God's law by marrying again; in the eyes of the law she is guilty of bigamy, that is punishable by the prison doors closing upon her. A woman who would lend herself to such a sin ought to be sent to prison. I am too honorable a man to lift my voice to save her."

CHAPTER XIV.
"I Know Your Awful Secret, My Lady."

The words fell upon poor Daisy's ears like the voice of doom.

It was a terrible and cruel awakening; only heaven knew what she suffered as she listened.

The full meaning of his words had not reached her—she realized, understood but one thing—Harold St. John could claim her—he could part her from Aleck—her love—the other half of her soul.

How she ever left the lawyer's office and entered the cab again she never remembered.

The lawyer looked after the slim figure with keen eyes.

"I should know that form and that little white hand anywhere again," he ruminated. "Poor child, it is a great sorrow, and she has brought it upon herself; the friend whose case she cites—is herself.

"How strange that love should be called a blessing when it brings so much misery to one-half of the world," thought the bachelor lawyer. "How much sin and folly is brought about all through love's sake, and it seems that the most beautiful women are the most prone to it."

He turned with a sigh to his books,

To be Continued.

"MANY FALSE PROPHETS SHALL RISE."

ONE OF THE SIGNS OF THE LAST DAYS NOW BEING CONSPICUOUSLY FULFILLED.

BY REV. P. E. EASTON.

When our Lord was asked what would be the signs by which His people might know that His coming was near at hand, He mentioned, among others, (Matt. 24: 5), that many would come in His name, saying I am Christ, and would deceive many. If it were possible, He added, "they will deceive the very elect." It is evident that such teachers must be very subtle and have much that is true in their teaching, otherwise sincere people would not be deceived. As the counterfeit coin would not pass if it was all base metal, but is accepted the more readily the more silver it has in it, so the most dangerous teaching is that which contains a leaven of truth.

This fact was brought impressively to my mind by an utterance of one of our ablest scholars. Lecturing to students, he stopped suddenly and spoke to them with great earnestness, to the following effect:—"If you forget all that I have taught you, there is one thing which I desire that you should remember. The danger which threatens the church is not what most people suppose it to be. It is a matter concerning which ninety-nine people out of a hundred are ignorant. The faith is being undermined; and in no long time the church will be called to pass through a crisis more severe than anything in her past history." He then went on to point out that the wicked Haman, who was plotting the destruction of the church, was the insidious Pantheistic teaching of the day. Nine years have passed since this utterance, and it is evident to-day not only that the same condition exists, but that we are rapidly hastening toward the crisis then spoken of. It is not the church alone, it is the State and the family also, whose very foundations are being undermined.

One of the essential characteristics of Pantheism is its esoteric character—one thing to the outside world, and another to those who are initiated into the system; one thing again to the catechumen who is yet in the initial stage, and another to the adept who has gone through all the degrees. If it be asked how can we know anything about a system which is thus wrapped up in mystery, the answer is, the system is old, its sects many, and by comparing these sects and studying their literary remains we have very valuable literary and historical data upon which to base a judgment.

One of the amazing things about all these sects is the extraordinary fascination and seductive influence which they exert upon their followers. It is the story of the pied piper of Hamelin, with this difference, that it is not children, nor even women, but strong men also, who are borne along by the current. It is, in fact, a sort of spiritual intoxication, not to say delirium, which seizes upon them in which the senses are drowned and the voice of reason is not heard. It is impossible to argue with them, because there is no common ground on which to stand. That which the common sense of mankind declares to be black is to them white; that which is manifest folly is to them the highest wisdom. Talk not to them of a future heaven; they are in heaven now; nor of the beatific vision, for they have heard, and seen, and handled. Not all, it is true, are thus crazy. We are speaking here more particularly of Oriental Pantheists; but something of this same character is seen in all forms of the delusion.

How shall we account for the fact? We must bear in mind that the Pantheistic tempter is not the devil in horns and hoofs, but the devil transformed into an angel of light, who comes to mankind to-day as he did to the Saviour in the wilderness, with the offer of the kingdoms of the world and all the glory of them, on the one sole condition of accepting him as Lord and master. This is all he asks. No change of religion and no change of life. All things to all men in a sense somewhat different from that of the apostle. He is an exceedingly obliging and courteous individual. He is also a very pious individual and a very self-sacrificing one, ready in many cases even to lay down his life for the cause. Is it any wonder that he has deceived many, and that many have been moved to inveigh with righteous indignation against the hard-heartedness of those who would impugn the motives of such an excellent person. What grace, they cry; what goodness, what heavenly language! Would that his uncharitable accusers were half as good as he! Nevertheless, let us listen to the great Persian writer when he cries: "O how much sugar-like sweetness, within which poison was concealed." In the story of the wily vizier that master mind has drawn just such a character, a strange combination of saint and devil, a character by no means uncommon in Persian history. Let the reader ponder these and other like words of Scripture: "Now the Spirit speaketh expressly that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith, giving heed to seducing spirits, and doctrines of devils." (I. Tim. 4:1).

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh. Gosh & Co. 85 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 25 per cent. write in the [illegible] style.—[illegible]

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Honor for a Canadian.

Canadians generally will be interested in learning that Dr. J. Beattie Crozier, author of the famous work, "History of Intellectual Development," has been selected as one of the 300 representatives of the empire in the splendid ten-guinea volume of portraits and biographies which the Grosvenor Press are bringing out. The work consists of representative men of every class outside of the military and civil services, who will have a volume to themselves. Dr. Crozier will be one of the representatives of the department of philosophy. Also, of course, he will stand as one of the representatives of Canada, a distinction he has well earned, and on which I am sure his countrymen will warmly congratulate him.

An Out-spoken Journal.

It is refreshing, and even entertaining, to turn occasionally to that ultra-Radical English journal, Reynolds' Newspaper, and see the use which is still made of that right of free speech which is sometimes supposed to have been menaced by the developments of late years. Reynolds' does not take much stock in the colonies of the empire, nor, for that matter, in the mother country either, and in an article dealing with the war the other day made the following amiable reference to the progressive colony of New Zealand, the advanced radicalism of which might have been expected to meet with sympathy in its columns:—"Amid all this scene of woe and desperation, one sinister figure emerges—the ogre of Capitalism. Seddon, the frozen meat 'patriot,' with the hostile tariff against British goods, and his bankrupt colony living on borrowed money, rages about the contracts for supplying the army. The foreign Jewish 'patriots'—who used to sing 'God Shave the Queen'—domiciled here, have secured most of those contracts, as they secured the astounding contracts for the supply of horses. And behind this section of old Jewry is that other section of Judaism with which Rhodes the Raider is connected. Fine patriots, indeed, making their millions out of the war, while the Government refuses to pay poor Tommy Atkins his back wages, leaving him to starve in the street, or to die in the workhouse."

Here, too, is Reynolds' pleasantly frank way of dealing with the Anglo-Japanese alliance:—"We are going the way of all nations given up, on the one hand, to the most sensual luxury, on the other to the most immoral and criminal seizure of their neighbors' territory. The latest sign of our feebleness, under a Government composed of rich men and land monopolists, whom the international Jewish capitalists have by the throat, is the treaty with Japan. Only a couple of months ago that vulgar self-advertiser Chamberlain was hurling insults at Germany—a country that had previously rejected his cringing appeal for an alliance—and boasting of our 'splendid isolation.' To-day our Government, composed of fools and knaves, recognizing the gravity of the position of affairs in South Africa, is obliged to beg little Japan, a semi-savage nation, with a veneer of western culture among its more prosperous classes, to enter into an alliance with decaying England. The humiliation of it! The danger of it!"

Presbyterian Lenten Service.

A regular Lenten service in a Presbyterian church is not heard of often, but Dr. Hunter of the King's Weigh House Church, London, has begun this innovation during the present season of Lent. In the course of a conversation with a representative of a London newspaper, Dr. Hunter expressed himself as strongly in favor of the observance of all the seasons of the "Christian year." "It belongs," he said, "to the whole of Christendom and not to any one section only. Nonconformists have lost much through their non-observance of these special seasons. For instance, Lent arose originally out of a deep necessity of the inner life, and, more even than men long ago, we require such a pause amid the rush of business and pleasure. It is well for us to have such a season, it is better still if we seek to profit by it. It is wise and good that so many in our day, and in so many of our churches, are returning to the old paths of meditation and prayer and are seeking to fill the best of the old forms and observances with a truer and better meaning and spirit."

Dr. Hunter has always been an advocate of the observance by Free Churchmen of the feasts and fasts of the church. When he began his ministry in York twenty-eight years ago he introduced the custom of a service on Good Friday, and in his church at Glasgow he had for two years daily prayer. At King's Weigh House Church on the Sunday evenings in Lent, Dr. Hunter is delivering a course of sermons on "Self-discipline" and he has announced a "class for young persons wishing to be prepared for the Communion of the Lord's Supper," which is presumably on the lines of a confirmation class in the Church of England. The service book in use at King's Weigh House is one compiled by Dr. Hunter, and used by him at Glasgow, and, while based mainly on liturgical lines, it provides for the exercise of extempore prayer.

To Make Colts Shy.

Nearly every colt, when first driven away from home, will shy and scare more or less at objects along the roadside. After he has been driven a few times the common practice is to strike him with the whip every time he does this. It is provoking to feed a horse hay three times a day and then see him scare at a little pile of hay in the road. The first thing that comes into the mind is to give him a cut with the whip.

Nothing worse than this could be done. The next time he will not only be afraid of the object, but of the whip also, and by a little training in this way he will soon be confirmed in the habit of shying and scaring at nearly everything he sees. First the tendency, then the habit, is the law of nature, and when the pile of hay or rock, or whatever startles, is connected with the whip, as it soon will be, the habit is fixed for life. You cannot lick horses into good habits, [illegible] easily by [illegible].—Maine Farmer.

Poultry and Dairy.

Washing the hands seems a needless task sometimes, but the successful dairyman will find the moments spent in this way are the most profitable of the day. Clean hands lead to clean cows, and with clean cows there will be a clean product.

Experience With Houdans.

I have had fifteen years' experience in breeding Houdan fowls, and am strongly of the opinion that the high favor in which this breed is held by the French farmer and poulterer is not misplaced. I think it a great mistake that the Houdans are not more generally raised by the farmers of this country. They are medium sized, good layers of large white eggs, and are highly esteemed as a table bird. They have no combs to freeze in severe weather—a convenience to farmers who expect fowls to thrive without protection.—Charles Hopper, Ashley, O.

Poultry on the Dairy Farm.

Just why dairymen do not make poultry-raising pay is not a problem hard to solve. The reason is lack of knowledge relating to poultry-raising. How can we make fowls hustle and exercise? First, we must not feed too heavily or make it too easy for birds to get their food. We must get them out of their houses in winter as much as possible. The profit in winter depends on having the hens well housed and giving special care. A house 12 by 20 feet is large enough for 50 fowls. Do not permit any of the floor space to be occupied with nests, roosts or other fixtures. All of the floor space should be reserved for the hens, and a part of it should be used for a scratching floor. Put in only enough glass for lighting purposes.

One reason why some people do not succeed with poultry is that they do not know how to feed to the best advantage. Large fowls require a different system of feeding than small ones. Leghorns are not likely to get overfat. They will leave corn on the ground and run after insects; while the larger breeds will eat the corn that is given them and stand around waiting for more. Chopped clover is good, and should be fed each day, and chopped vegetables will not take its place. On the average farm there is much that goes to waste that the fowls can utilize, and this helps to give profit.—F. M. Munger, in American Agriculturist.

Guinea Fowls for Farm.

There is a difference of opinion as to the profitableness of guinea fowls. Where one person succeeds ten will perhaps fail. Guineas are very like wild birds in habits and it is thought that it is impossible to tame them but this is not the case. On a farm where they have a wide range guineas can be raised to advantage. They begin to lay in April and lay until the middle of October. During this season chicken hens get broody and in August and September moult and a flock of guineas will keep the egg basket filled.

Young guineas are susceptible to cold, and we do not set any eggs until the first of June, and have them coming off from the first of July until the middle of August. Those taken off later will not get grown before cold weather, but will make nice broilers to use in the fall. We set the eggs under an ordinary hen and raise them with the chickens; keep them fastened in a coop with the hen for several days, until they get used to the hen; then turn them out to forage in the day but shut them up at night. We give them the same kind of food as the young chicks, making sure to keep the coop's floor covered with coarse sand. The little guineas are so tame that it is hard to keep from stepping on them when going to feed or to put up at night. Our guineas roost in the fowl house, and, although they make the circuit round the farm every day, they come back to a clover patch near the fowl yard to lay, and nearly always lay near each other. I do not find them any harder to raise than chickens. They are great foragers, bug catchers and insect destroyers, and trouble grain and truck patches less than any other class of fowls.

The meat of the guinea resembles that of wild game in flavor, and is delicious, fit for an epicure. In many sections of the country partridges, quails, etc., are very scarce, and I do not see why guineas could not be hatched by incubators and raised to supply those who know what a toothsome bird the guinea is.—L. G. Holland, Ninety-Six, S. C.

The Water on a Dairy Farm.

The water supply should be even more scrupulously guarded than the food supply. It serves a double purpose, that of water for the cow and for the washing of the utensils. The water for both should be equally pure, and it ought to be made an axiom that water unfit to wash the pails or cans is unfit for cattle to drink. The milking cow requires large quantities of water, and whether it be capable of demonstration that impurities may find their way into the milk, it is safest to take the benefit of the doubt and use only pure water. A shallow dug well in the corner of the cow lot cannot escape contamination at some time. The contamination may not last all the time, and it may be, as is usually the case, that it is of a harmless character. The fact is that any contamination from the surface, no matter what may be its character, marks the well as one that may become infected and the cause of an epidemic. It only remains for the right kind of an infection to enter. It may require one year or forty years.

The special forms which are partial to the water supply are the intestinal germs that cause diarrhoea and the typhoid form. Many of the most alarming epidemics of typhoid have been traced to such source. It is not an easy matter to obtain an adequate supply of water at all places about a city, but as far as possible it should be from driven wells. As far as tested, all driven wells of more than twenty-five feet are supplying pure water. The hard-pan near the surface acts as an effective barrier to the passage of germs, and those that come from below are harmless. A driven well of twenty-five feet is a deeper well from a sanitary standpoint than any dug well. All dairies within the corporate limits of a city should be compelled to use city water.—United States Bulletin No. 86.

How Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets Give Instant Relief.—They're handy to carry—take one after eating—or whenever you feel stomach distress coming on—sufferers have proved it the only remedy known that will give instant relief and permanent cure—no long tedious treatments with questionable results—best for all sorts of stomach troubles. 35 cents.—96

Dr. King has sold his fine, Great Dane, to Mr. F. J. Robinson, of Akron, Ohio. The price paid was put up, but the dog was sold upon the quiet.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentleman's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible] Block,
DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the largest treatment [illegible]

Cancer Attacks the Middle-Aged

Persons approaching the meridian of life should beware of little lumps and growths.

It is a well-known fact that any physician will substantiate, that there is a greater percentage of Cancer among those of midlife than at any other age.

Persons at this time of life would do well to regard with suspicion any lumps or growths on their bodies. Should these prove malignant or of a cancerous nature, they can be removed completely, without operation, by the use of our painless home treatment.

It is the most successful remedy for the cure of cancers and tumors and has cured numbers of people here in Canada and saved them from the torture of the surgeon's knife or the painful plaster.

For full particulars send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Tender Feet

People who have sore, tender feet that ache and tire easily should use FOOT ELM. It is grateful, comforting and restful. Price 25c. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 12, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—The streets are much in need of their annual cleaning.

—The trees are now budding quite rapidly.

—The tennis court at the Y.M.C.A. is now in shape for playing on.

—There should be a good market to-day, if the weather is settled.

—A determined attempt was made the other night to wreck the Lindsay fire hall.

—The Peterborough Canoe Co. are about to construct a new wharf at the boat house on Water street.

—The farmers are looking forward to a large harvest of fall wheat and clover, which, they say, has come through the winter in excellent shape.

—There will be a short gospel service at the Y. W. C. A. at 8 o'clock to-night. All young women are invited to attend.

—The open season for muskrats begins January 1st, and closes May 1st, but no muskrat shall be shot during the month of April.

—A large party of rivermen left for Minden yesterday in charge of Mr. George Jackson. They will bring down the Rathbun Company's drive of logs.

—Mr. Long will be back in his old store in a few days, and from all appearances it will be a first-class, up-to-date store. Jordan Bros. will occupy the store Mr. Long is now in.

—The steamer Beaver and barge arrived in town yesterday with a cargo of logs for the Matthews Co. The Beaver commences her regular Saturday trips to-day.

—Whiten makes the best crayon work in town. When you want large work done take your small pictures to Whiten. He will make work to suit you. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

—If a few of the gratings in the pavements in front of the stores on George street, were lowered half an inch or more it might prevent a few accidents, and save a whole lot of cuss words.

—Mr. J. M. Brooks, the enterprising proprietor of the Palace Hotel, has recently had the front of the building very artistically decorated with a large number of colored incandescent lamps.

—Work will be started in a few days on another building at the Cereal Works. A large warehouse three stories in height, will be built from the south end of the partly completed building, south to Hunter street.

—Mr. J. H. Burnham has received a letter from Mr. J. S. Robinson, of the National Sanitorium Association, stating that the result of the efforts made in Peterborough to raise funds, is being watched with the deepest interest.

Anniversary Services

—The anniversary services of St. Andrews' church will be held May 4th. The Ladies' Aid Society has secured the services of Miss Wallace, of Toronto, elocutionist, to assist in their congregational reunion on the Monday following, May 5th.

ACKNOWLEDGED WITH THANKS

To the Editor of The Times:

Dear Sir,—On behalf of my son who is doing active service with the 2nd C.M.R. in South Africa, I wish to thank the Mayor and Town Council for a check for the sum of $25.00.

JOSEPH CRANFIELD.
139 Rubidge St.
Peterborough, April 11.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

(NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Hon. J. R. Stratton came down from Toronto last night, for Sunday.

—Miss Marion Hall has been confined to her room for the past week.

—Mr. H. H. Walls, of the Canada Printing Ink Co., was in town yesterday.

—Mr. F. M. Vanderwater was slightly indisposed yesterday, with a cold, but is better to-day.

—Mr. W. H. Russel, Reeve of Millbrook, has resigned his office, owing to ill health.

—Mr. J. P. Whitney and Mr. J. J. Foy spent a couple of hours in town yesterday, on their way to Hastings.

—Mr. R. J. Munro, proprietor of the Morgan House, went to Toronto yesterday, to attend the Horse Show.

—Mr. George Stevens, of Ashburnham, has returned from a business trip to a number of American cities.

—Miss Maud McFarlane and Miss Mabel Yeomans leave on the midnight train to-night, en route for South Africa.

—Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Knox College, Toronto, who was recently appointed assistant pastor in St. Paul's church, has arrived in town.

—Mrs. C. B. McAllister, of Ashburnham, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit to her parents in Renfrew.

—Mr. J. E. Noble, of Peterborough, has been appointed engineer, steamfitter and plumber in the Asylum for the Insane, Toronto. Mr. Noble will assume his new duties on May 1st.

—Mrs. W. R. Russell, of Quebec, accompanied by her two sons, Hartley and Jack, are visiting in town, the guests of Mrs. J. A. Hartley, Murray street.

—Mr. E. B. Edwards has been appointed a local representative of the University of Toronto, in the matter of the local examinations in music connected with that institution.

—T. G. Eastland, Warden of the County of Peterborough, Apsley; Mr. John Purser, of Burkhorn, and Miss Amy Kemp, Toronto, are guests at the Morgan House.

—We were delighted to have a call yesterday from our old friend, Hon. Dr. Pendry, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who, with Mrs. Pendry, is visiting relatives here. Dr. Pendry left Peterborough for Brooklyn about twenty years ago, where he has resided ever since, and where he has made his mark. He was for several years on the staff of The Times, which, no doubt, helped to qualify him for future usefulness and honors. He was elected some months ago to the State Legislature at Albany, and is now one of its leading and most progressive members. He will remain about a week.

Police Court Notes

Mr. Wm. Dell, of Auburn, preferred charges against five boys for destroying his fences. The case was heard in the Police Court yesterday morning, but the charge was not proven and the boys dismissed.

The Savings Bank of Health

Is lots of red and vitalizing blood to nourish and invigorate your body. If your blood is thin and watery use "Ferrozone." It supplies the necessary elements such as phosphorus and iron, and quickly restores lost strength and spirits. Ferrozone is an unequalled restorative for the tired, the sick and the rundown; it stimulates appetite, aids digestion, soothes the nerves, and makes the system too healthy for disease to exist. No tonic does so much good in a short time as Ferrozone. Get it to-day from any druggist for 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

To Discuss the Referendum

A union meeting of Mark street, Charlotte street and George street Epworth Leagues will be held in the Sunday School room of the George street Church on Monday evening next. Addresses on the Referendum will be delivered by Mr. H. P. Lindsay and others, and the present situation of the temperance question will be fully discussed and plans laid for the coming campaign. A short musical programme has been arranged and a thoroughly enjoyable and profitable evening is anticipated. A large attendance of those interested in the Temperance question, and members of the different temperance organizations is requested.

ON A TOUR OF INSPECTION

The Town Visited Yesterday by a Number of G. T. R. Officials

A number of prominent officials of the Grand Trunk Railway Company among whom were, Mr. Chas. M. Hayes, 2nd Vice-Pres.; Mr. F. W. Morse, 3rd Vice-Pres.; Mr. F. H. McGuigan, General Manager; Mr. J. W. Loud, Freight Traffic Manager; Mr. Jas. Hobson, chief engineer; Mr. W. R. Tiffin, Supt. of the Northern Division; Mr. A. White, District Freight Agent; Mr. D. W. Robb Supt. of Motive power, visited town yesterday morning. They came quite unexpectedly but we believe their trip was to inspect the lines in this district. They left for Port Hope enroute for Montreal.

A NEW BABY

Old One Made Over by Grape-Nuts

A delicious food that is nourishing for both mother and infant may be depended upon to fit other people. This mother's story is interesting:

"My baby is now a fine, robust little fellow two years and six months old, but I had a dreadful time with him at first. I could not nurse him because I was too weak I did not have the milk for him, so I gave him different kinds of foods, but he was crying nearly all of the time and would vomit after every meal.

His condition worked on my nerves dreadfully and I called in Dr. Campbell. After inquiring carefully into the case he said 'You send at once for some Grape-Nuts, take four teaspoonfuls in a cup of hot milk on going to bed, also feed your baby on some of the food in hot milk.'

Well, I followed the doctor's advice with good results at once. I could nurse my baby and he began to improve immediately. I, myself, got strong and well very rapidly.

The neighbors were, of course, interested and they would always say, 'How fast you are improving.' 'How the little boy grows.' 'He don't look like the same baby, what are you feeding him?' So I have to tell them one and all how Grape-Nuts have brought us both back to health. I wish other mothers knew of the value of this food."

PRESENTED WITH BIBLE

Miss Maude McFarlane Made the Recipient of a Most Useful Gift

At the conclusion of the preparatory service held in St. Andrew's church hall last night, the Rev. J. G. Potter on behalf of the Kirk Session, presented Miss Maud McFarlane with a beautiful copy of the Scriptures. The presentation was preceded with a brief address in which the pastor said that the Session considered it not only a duty and privilege, but a great honor to be associated with one going to engage in the very important work that had been laid out for the teachers being sent to South Africa, by the British Government.

The congregation united in singing "God Be With You till we Meet Again."

Miss McFarlane leaves to-night by the C.P.R. midnight express.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY

A Five Dollar Note of the Traders' Bank of Canada Has Been Counterfeited

A new counterfeit $5 note on the Traders' Bank of Canada has made its appearance. This new counterfeit is a photographic production and should not deceive the ordinary handler of money. It is of the issue dated July 2nd, 1897, signed D. Muir for the General Manager, and the counterfeit is numbered 43367, check letter D. The numbers of the genuine notes of bank are in blue, but those on the counterfeit have been traced in with red ink. Paper of good quality.

We Are Not Alarmists !

Would Simply Direct Your Attention to Serious Symptoms Experienced by Thousands

THEY TRULY INDICATE TERRIBLE AND DEADLY KIDNEY DISEASE

Paine's Celery Compound

HAS CURED THE MOST DESPERATE CASES AND WILL ASSUREDLY BANISH YOUR TROUBLE

While we would not play the part of alarmists, and seek to frighten people by declaring that a large majority of them are already victims of kidney diseases, and liable to be hurried into untimely graves by them, still the very noticeable increase of kidney diseases in recent years, and their virulent power, is a subject that is constantly engaging the attention of the ablest medical investigators.

Have you pain in the small of the back, of a dull, dragging nature, but often acute and severe? It is urine in a disordered state, sometimes, pale in color and very copious, at other times high colored and scanty, with brick sediment or with settling of mucous, offensive and foul smelling? Have you a general feeling of lassitude and weakness? Do you recognize the fact that you are unable to perform the same amount of mental or physical work that you got through with months ago?

Any one of the symptoms mentioned point unmistakably to deadly kidney disease in some form. Do not delay until it is too late. If you value life, begin this very day with Paine's Celery Compound; it is your only hope of success and safety. By the use of this wonderful remedy, tens of thousands are now enjoying perfect health who once were victims of treacherous kidney diseases. Read carefully the testimony of Mr. W. Davidson, Oliver street, Quebec. He says:

"It is with pleasure and gratitude I refer to your Paine's Celery Compound, and the wondrous blessings I received from its use. I had suffered for years from kidney and liver troubles and indigestion, and I decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a thorough testing. After a fair use of the Compound I am as well as ever I was, and all my troubles have disappeared. Your medicine is a wonderful one; it is far superior to all others and has truly given new life."

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB

The Subject for "Trusts" Fully Discussed by Prof. Shortt of Queen's University

Prof. Shortt, of Queen's University, Toronto delivered a very pleasing and instructive address on "Trusts" in the Y.M.C.A. hall last night before the Fortnightly Club and their friends. The lecture throughout was splendid and showed that the speaker was fully versed on the subject. The absence of notes also showed that he had given his most careful study to the subject. The attendance was small, owing, no doubt, to the several other attractions during the evening. Mr. R. F. McWilliams occupied the chair in his usual pleasing style. At the conclusion of the address a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered the speaker for his able address.

THE LATE H. L. BOYD

The Remains Sent to Bangor, State of Maine Last Night

The body of the late H. L. Boyd, who was found dead in room 30 at the Oriental Hotel on Thursday, was sent last night by C.P.R express to Bangor Maine. From the many telegrams received from the firm of Chase and Company, Boston, in whose employ deceased had been, and from his brother and wife it appears that the home of the deceased was in Bangor. The wife of the deceased has asked for full particulars relating to the death of her husband. Mr. Graham received instructions to have the body embalmed and forwarded at once. The physicians of town who have inquired into the case express the belief that he died of heart failure.

In an interview with Dr. Gray last night we learned that a well-known Toronto traveller who saw the notice in the papers relating to the sudden death of Mr Boyd, stated that he had been well acquainted with the deceased for some time. The deceased was a man who was very highly esteemed by those with whom he was acquainted. He had been suffering from a severe type of stomach trouble for some time and was not addicted to the use of strong liquor in any form. This information will dispel from many minds the impression that the deceased man was under the influence of liquor at the time of his death.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

DO SHEEP DRINK?

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir,—Do sheep ever drink? I was reared on a farm, but in the winter the sheep were never watered, and I never saw them drink in the summer. They were often kept in dry pastures. A farm paper which I take has a picture of a sheep drinking at a brook, but it seems to me that the picture violates nature.

H. F. S.

TO THE KLONDYKE

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir,—Can you or any of your readers kindly inform me the best route to Klondike? Also, is there an opening at any place for domestics, and about how much is the fare from New York?

K.

Ans.—Go to Vancouver, thence by steamer to White Horse, thence by rail to the Klondike. There is an opening for good servants, just as there is anywhere in the country.

BUTTERMILK FOR HEALTH

To the Editor of The Times:

Kindly print this clipping in "Letter Box," as it might be helpful to some.

J. B. S.

Warsaw, April 11, 1902.

THE USE OF BUTTERMILK

Buttermilk as a remedial agent can not be too highly praised. The lactic acid, the sour of the buttermilk, attacks and dissolves every sort of earthy deposit in the blood vessels. Thus it keeps the veins and arteries so supple and free running there can be no clogging up; hence, no deposits of irritating calcareous matter around the joints, nor of poisonous waste in the muscles. It is the stiffening and narrowing of the blood vessels which bring on senile decay. Buttermilk is likely to postpone it ten or twenty years if freely drunk. A quart a day should be the minimum; the maximum according to taste and opportunity. Inasmuch as gouty difficulties usually arise from sluggish excretion, buttermilk is a blessing to all gouty subjects. It generally stimulates all the excretories — liver, skin and kidneys. It also tones the stomach and furnishes it the material from which to make rich, red, healthy blood. If troubled with gout, avoid meat, sweets, pastry, wines, spices, hot rolls, bread of all sorts, and everything belonging to the tribe of ferments. Eggs, game, fresh fruit, vegetables, especially salads, may be eaten with impunity. If anyone has a creaky joint, or a swollen and aching one, he should drink all the buttermilk he can relish, whenever and wherever he can, but it should be fresh churned and wholesome.—Health Culture.

KRUGER'S LATEST PROPOSAL

London, April 12 — Mr. Kruger's proposition to cede the Witwatersrand gold region to Great Britain in exchange for Boer independence, indicates that the old gentleman still obstinately refuses to understand what the British are fighting for. It is characteristic of him to assume that every nation has its price. Great Britain has made tremendous sacrifices to maintain British supremacy in South Africa, and Boer independence is, unfortunately, incompatible with British supremacy. Before Mr. Kruger can hold any office again, in South Africa, he will have to take the oath of allegiance to His Most Gracious Majesty, and he ought to be grateful for the privilege.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Lacrosse Meeting

Vatican Lacrosse team will organize on Tuesday night at the Oriental. All those interested in Lacrosse are requested to attend. It will be decided at this meeting as to the advisability of entering a team in the C.L.A.

PROFITABLE SPECULATION

Why speculate in the stock market or in any other way when you can make your money work for you? We have a method of speculation that is safer and more profitable than any ever before devised. Send your name and address and we will mail you a pamphlet giving full information. Address A H Mills & Co., Suite 804-806 Park Row Building, New York City, New York

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Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work.......... 950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

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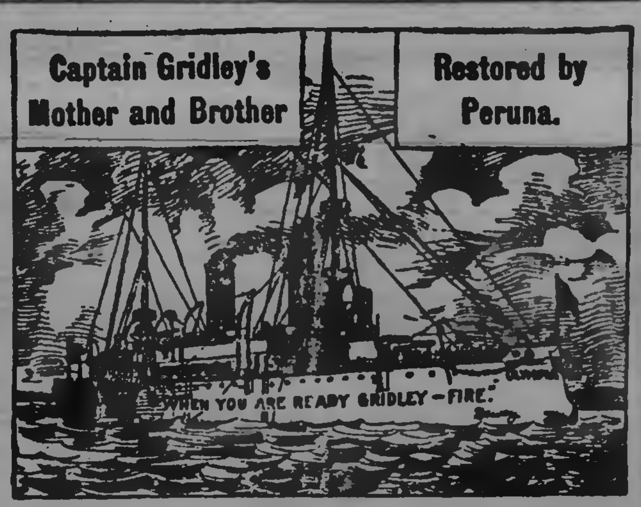
Captain Gridley's Mother and Brother
Restored by Peruna.
"WHEN YOU ARE READY GRIDLEY—FIRE."

DEWEY'S FLAGSHIP OLYMPIA—CAPTAIN GRIDLEY, COMMANDER.

Mrs. Gridley, mother of Captain Gridley, who was in command of Dewey's flagship, at the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Manila, says of our remedy, Peruna:

"At the solicitation of a friend I used Peruna, and can truthfully say it is a grand tonic and is a woman's friend, and should be used in every household. After using it for a short period I feel like a new person."—MRS. GRIDLEY.

Mrs. Longstreet is the wife of the famous Confederate General, Lieutenant-General James Longstreet, the only living ex-Confederate officer of that rank. She writes as follows to The Peruna Medicine Co.:

"I can recommend your excellent remedy, Peruna, as one of the best tonics, and for those who need a good, substantial remedy, I know of nothing better. Besides being a good tonic it is an effective cure for catarrh."—Mrs. James Longstreet.

Hon. Lucius E. Gridley, brother of Captain Gridley, also speaks a good word for Peruna. In a letter written from 1511 T Street, Washington, D. C., he says:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—"Your Peruna has been thoroughly tested in my family. My mother and wife used it with the very best results, and I take pleasure in recommending it to all who want a good, substantial remedy, both as a tonic and a catarrh cure."—Lucius E. Gridley.

Miss Mary J. Kennedy, manager of the Armour & Co.'s exhibit, Trans-Mississippi Exposition, Omaha, Neb., writes the following in regard to Peruna, from 662 West Sixty-second street, Chicago, Ill.:

"I found the continual change of diet incidental to eight years' traveling completely upset my digestive system. On consulting several physicians they decided I suffered with catarrh of the stomach.

"Their prescriptions did not seem to help me any, so, reading of the remarkable cures perfected by the use of Peruna, I decided to try it, and soon found myself well repaid.

"I have now used it for about three months and feel completely rejuvenated. I believe I am perfectly cured, and do not hesitate to give unstinted praise to your remedy, Peruna."—Mary J. Kennedy.

Congressman Geo. W. Smith of Murphysboro, Ill., writes:

"I take pleasure in testifying to the merits of Peruna. I have taken one bottle for my catarrh and I feel very much benefited. To those who are afflicted with catarrh and in need of a good tonic I take pleasure in recommending Peruna."—Geo. W. Smith.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna can be obtained for $1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada.

"The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores, and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

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Going and returning via direct U. S. lines.

$72.25

Going via Detroit and direct U. S. lines and returning via Vancouver and Canadian Pacific. For Federation of Women's Club at Los Angeles, Cal., May 1st to 8th. 1902. Tickets good going APRIL 19th to 28th, good for return until June 25th, 1902.

COLONIST SPECIAL TRAINS TO THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST

for settlers and their effects will leave Toronto at 9 p. m. every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL. Write for copy of Settlers' Guide to your nearest Canadian Pacific Railway agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

36 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 416 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $50 to $80 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 712, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home. Must write a fair hand; $6 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

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VOL. 28 NO. 87 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY APRIL 14 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

100,000 NATIVES HAVE BEEN SLAUGHTERED

Since the American Conquest of War--Disease and Starvation Kill Thousands

CARNIVAL OF SLAUGHTER IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Army has Either Demanded Absolute Submission or Has Given no Quarter—Expeditions Sent Out to Kill and Burn

Washington, April 12.—One hundred thousand inhabitants of the Province of Batangas, Luzon, have perished by war, disease and starvation since the American conquests of the Philippines This terrible charge is made by the acting governor of the province in a report to the Philippine Commission, the purport of which became known yesterday. Before the American occupation of the province there were 300,000 persons resident in the province, and now there are only two-thirds of this number. The acting governor, discussing the extirpation of loyal sentiment, says:

"I know that such a sentiment once existed. Of late, by reason of the conduct of the troops, such as the extensive burning of the barrios in trying to lay waste to the country so that insurgents cannot occupy it; the torturing of natives by so-called water cure and other methods, in order to obtain information; the harsh treatment of natives generally, and the failure of inexperienced, lately appointed lieutenants commanding posts to distinguish between those who are friendly and those unfriendly, and to treat every native as if he were whether or not, an insurrecto at heart, this favorable sentiment above referred to is being fast destroyed and a deep hatred toward us engendered. If these things need be done, they had best be done by native troops, so that the people of the United States will not be credited therewith. Almost without exception, soldiers, and also many officers, refer to natives in their presence as 'niggers,' and natives are beginning to understand what the word 'nigger' means."

Senator Patterson of Colorado said to-night that the reports of the acting governor of Batangas and Major Gardener, civil governor of Tayabas, showed a condition of affairs that was appalling.

"These reports and the charges made by Major Waller against General Smith establish that a most deplorable state of affairs exists in the Philippines," he said. "There has been simply a carnival of slaughter in the islands. The army has either demanded absolute submission or has given no quarter.

OTHER PROVINCES MENTIONED.

"General Bell's orders regarding the conduct of the war in Southern Luzon show that every man should be considered as an enemy who failed to prove that he was actively a friend. This was a license to the American troops sent out on expedition to kill and burn. Thirty days ago I would not have believed that American soldiers would act as these reports show. It seems to me some remedy should be applied, but I am fearful that nothing will be done.

"It is the purpose of the Senate Philippine Committee to ask the War Department for additional reports received by Secretary Root, which, it is stated, will show that other provinces have suffered as severely as Batangas and Tayabas."

AMERICAN MURDERERS

How Philippine Prisoners are Being Murdered by Americans

Special to The Times.

London, April 14 — At the trial of an American officer in Manila charged with "executing Filipinos without a trial," several officers swore that an American general ordered that all Filipinos over ten years of age were to be killed if captured. This is worse than anything the British have been charged with even by Boer fictionists, and it was sworn to by American officers. We really trust the United States press will find space for a few lines, sandwiched in between their double leaded denunciations of the cruel oppressors of the Boers, to register a gentle kick on the conduct of the war in the far east.

PROPHECY OF MORE REPUBLICS

President of Swiss Council Says Thrones are Tottering

Special to The Times.

Paris, April 12.—Many officials of France went to Berne, the capital of Switzerland, to witness the impressive ceremonies with which the two legislative bodies dedicated the new House of Congress. The edifice somewhat resembles the Capitol at Washington and cost $2,000,000. The architect, the decorators and the material were all Swiss.

Something of a stir was caused among the diplomats present by the prophecy of the President of the Federal Council that the next fifty years will surely see five or six more republics in Europe, several big monarchies being clearly tottering to their end.

More Good Boot News

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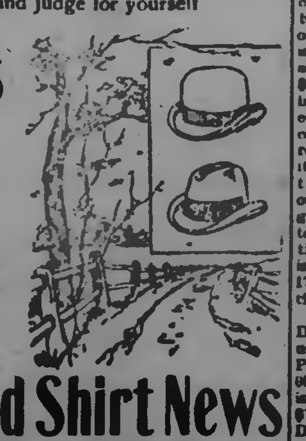

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

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We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Que. and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirts, including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

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FIRST CRIMINAL CASE

The First Criminal Case in Washington from Hawaii

Special to The Times.

Washington, D.C., April 14. — The first criminal case from the territory of Hawaii will come up for hearing to-day in the Supreme Court of the United States. The case is that of Osaki Mankichi, a Japanese resident of the Hawaiian Islands, found guilty of manslaughter, by a majority vote of the jury by which he was tried. This proceeding occurred in the interim between the surrender of Hawaiian sovereignty and the Act of Congress providing a government for the territory. The convicted man secured his release on a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that the Hawaiian Islands were United States territory and that conviction by a majority vote of the jury was invalid. The case was then appealed to the Supreme Court by the territory.

JOHANNESBURG REVIVING

Hotels are Crowded and Gold Mining Resuming

Special to The Times.

London, April 14—A letter received from Johannesburg says that a large number of residents are returning every week, everybody is too busy to think about war, and all are sanguine that in six months from the present time the mining industry will be on as large a scale as it was when the mines were closed over two years ago. This town was never so busy as it is to-day.

If these sanguine expectations are realised 6,000 stamps will be at work before the end of the year and if they turn out gold as fast as before the war they will be producing at the rate of $80,000,000 a year.

The people in the Rand, however, feel perfectly certain that there is to be an enormous increase in the industry. They say there is not a particle of doubt from what is known of the mineral resources and the present plans for development that within five years there will be 17,000 stamps in operation. This would be nearly three times as many stamps as have ever been worked on the Rand.

This estimate of future growth may be extravagant, but it shows at least the confidence of the people in the future of the Rand, whose fallen fortunes they are now working with the utmost energy to restore.

MERCHANT SENT TO PRISON

W. J. Dennis Gets Nine Months for Theft—Robbed His Partner

Special to The Times.

Cobourg, April 12.—W. J. Dennis was yesterday found guilty of obtaining money by false pretences from his late partner, Daniel O'Leary. He was also found guilty on the charge of stealing a quantity of silk from F. L. Clarry, assignee for the benefit of creditors and was sentenced by Judge Benson on these two charges and on the charge of stealing goods from the assignee, of which he was convicted last Friday.

Before the sentences were pronounced the prisoner presented several petitions from farmers residing near Roseneath asking the court for clemency on account of his wife and children. His Honor, in passing sentence, stated that the crime was premeditated and well considered, and that it was in the interest of trade that crimes of this character should be dealt severely with. He would take into consideration the prisoner's previous good character.

Mr. A. J. Russel Snow, counsel on behalf of the creditors, urged the judge to deal severely with the prisoner, pointing out that a large quantity of goods had been taken by the prisoner and no restitution made.

The prisoner was sentenced to nine months in the Central Prison on the first charge, and on the other charges to three months, the sentences to run concurrently.

QUEEN SOON TO RETIRE

Her Majesty, the Queen of Spain, will Give Way to the Young King

Special to The Times.

Madrid, April 12.—As the young King of Spain will become of age in a little more than a month, people are talking about the prospects and fortune of Queen Christina, a princess imperial and archduchess of Austria, became the bride of Alfonso XII of Spain, she brought very little dower indeed to her husband. Nothing was settled upon her except a pension of $60,000 in the event that she should become the widow of Alfonso XII. As everybody knows, when she did become a widow, the queen declined to receive the pension during the minority of the successor of Alfonso XII. For the first time this year the Minister of Finance, in his estimate of the budget for 1902, has reminded the nation that the queen will have to receive the part of the pension corresponding to the period extending from May 17 to December 31, namely a little more than $31,000.

Singularly enough, the future Queen Dowager Christina will receive annually less than her own daughter, Princess of Asturias, who gets $100,000 a year, and less than her mother-in-law, ex-Queen Isabella II, who gets $750,000. The king's grand-father, Don Francisco de Asis, husband of Queen Isabella, gets $60,000, and the Infanta Isabel, aunt of the young king, $50,000 a year. In fact, in the Spanish royal family at the present time, only the king's maiden sister, Princess Maria Teresa, and his aunts, Dona Paz and Dona Eulalia, receive from the Spanish budget, less than the regent herself will receive when she hands over the reins of government to her son. It is not generally known abroad that since the war with America the queen regent has managed to make a gift to the nation of $200,000 a year out of the $1,400,000 that forms the civil list of the crown. Fortunately the queen regent has her own little private property in the summer palace of Miramar, in San Sebastian, which she built as soon as she came into a little money left to her by one of her Austrian uncles. There, if Alfonso XIII marries early, and his mother prefers to be independent, she may live quietly, facing the sea, she loves so well.

A BIG ARMY TO DEFEND CANADA.

Militia Reserve Force to be Created and Arsenals Established

RIFLE FACTORY AT QUEBEC.

Permanent Force to be Enlarged — The Statement Made by Hon. Dr. Borden

Special to The Times.

Ottawa, April 11. — Col. Borden, in explaining the militia estimates yesterday, made an important announcement respecting the measures which have been decided upon for increasing, arming, and rendering thoroughly efficient the force needed in Canada for purposes of defence.

The permanent force is to the increased from 1,000 to 1,500 men. A militia reserve will be created, enabling the total available defensive force to be augmented to 100,000.

In connection with the scheme of defence, the members of rifle clubs, which are being formed all over the country under the Act of last year will play an important part.

The proposal to extend the period of annual training to twenty-one, and even twenty-eight days, is difficult to accomplish, but it may be practicable to have twenty-eight days' training in three years.

The Dominion arsenal at Quebec is being extended so as to permit of an annual output of from two million to six or seven million rounds of ammunition, which in time of need could be increased to eighteen or twenty million. The necessity of a second arsenal in some other part of the country and of additional magazines with convenient centres in which to store the cartridges as they were manufactured, is not lost sight of.

The Government is equally alive to the importance of being able to supply the whole defence force with rifles and in accordance with the terms of a contract made between the Government and Sir Chas. Ross, the location of a factory, probably at Quebec, for the manufacture of small-arms, can be looked for at an early date. This factory will turn out from 12,000 to 15,000 rifles of a pattern which has stood a careful test by experts. The distribution of Lee-Enfield rifles to the rural regiments will proceed as speedily as possible.

The Minister spoke of the importance of having an effective staff at headquarters, and of having well-trained regimental officers. The shortening of the term of regimental command would insure a reserve of excellent senior officers.

NOT TO UNITE WITH AUSTRALIA

New Zealand has a Decided Opinion on the Subject

Special to The Times.

Montreal, April 11.—"There is not the slightest doubt that the people of New Zealand would strongly object to throw in their lot with Australia. While the relations between both countries are friendly and are likely to remain so, they will not become any more than that."

Such was the opinion offered by Mr. D. R. Caldwell, president of the Board of Trade of Aukland, New Zealand, who is in the city for a few days.

"Some time ago opinions were taken on the subject, and the project was opposed by the entire business community. It is generally felt that in time the small colony would be swallowed up by the big ones."

And the feelings towards preferential trade?

"The growing feeling in the colony is that some change is necessary, and that as far as New Zealand is concerned, the people are ready to give a preference to the Motherland, the same as Canada has already done. At the present time Great Britain takes 50 per cent. of our products, and there is no reason whatever why such a loyal colony should allow the United States to carry off all the trade, as it is claimed they do, from the Commonwealth of Australia. Up to the present, I have not been able to see clearly what would come out of the theory of Imperial preferential trade, but there is no doubt that when the premiers of Australia, Canada and New Zealand get together at the Coronation, an arrangement will likely be made by which better trade between these countries will be secured."

SEDDON AS A LEADER.

"And what of the experimental legislation that has been adopted in New Zealand.

"It has certainly proved a great experiment, and its results are being watched very closely both by the United States and the Continental countries of Europe. Delegations from the different countries have visited the country to study the Colonial Government. And as a semi-socialist leader, Premier Seddon has shown himself very powerful, for, while the business people generally opposed his party, he has had for the past nine years the entire support of the working classes, and this is what has enabled him to remain in power. And the Government has certainly given the country many good laws, even if a great many of them had a socialistic ring to them."

"Are you in a position to say that the new regime of Government in Australia has proved very successful?"

"As far as I can see, there has not been a great deal of enthusiasm over the new regime, and really if it were possible all the States would probably vote themselves out of the Union. All friction, however, will likely disappear in time, and the Commonwealth will be a closely united country.

POPE TO BE REPRESENTED

Cardinal Rampolla's Opposition to Attending Coronation

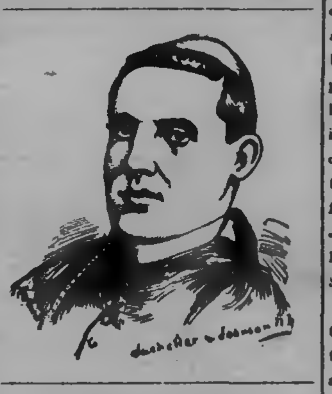
Overruled by His Holiness Pope Leo, and the Vatican

Special to The Times

Rome, April 14 — In spite of the opposition of Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State, the Pope has decided to send important special missions both to the coronation of King Edward and to the festivities in Spain attendant upon the enthroning of King Alphonso. The Cardinal's opposition to the sending of the mission to England was based on the fact that the British Parliament did not change the anti-Catholic formula of the Accession oath, and Monsignor Merry Del Val, whom the Pontiff designed to be chief of the mission, openly refused to go while the present wording of the oath is maintained.

Nevertheless, the mission will be sent and will probably arrive in London a few hours after the religious ceremony. This will be a repetition of the diplomatic manoeuvre carried out at the coronation of Czar Nicholas II at Moscow.

The question of the advisability of the Papal mission to Spain was due to the compromise effected by the Queen Regent in nominating the Spanish Ambassador to the Vatican as her representative at the Pope's Jubilee. It is understood Spain will send a grandee, with an important retinue, to specially invite the Pope to send a representative, who probably will be Cardinal Kannutelli or Cardinal Gretoni, both former Nuncios at Madrid.



AFFIRM THEIR LOYALTY

Will Wait Upon Governor and Disavow Sympathy with the Afrikanders

London, April 12.—A despatch from Cape Town to The Times says arrangements are being made for a number of leading Dutch colonists to wait upon the Governor to disavow sympathy with the Africander Bund and affirm their loyalty.

ALTERNATIVE OF BUTCHERS.

London, April 12.—The competition of the American Meat Trust has made the position so acute to English butchers that they are now face to face with the alternative of selling beef at a penny a pound or going out of business. In Birmingham prices for beef are prohibitive to the poorer classes. The seizure of tuberculosis infected meat without compensation has assisted Americans to get control of the market. English butchers by buying American beasts run less risk of finding it infected.

ASSURANCES GIVEN TO FRANCE.

London, April 12.—A despatch from Paris to The Times says that the scope of the dual alliance treaty did not originally include France. Russia, however, assured France, in order to induce her to reply to the British-Japanese agreement, that in case of need she would support her in Africa.

BRITISH STEAMER STRANDED.

London, April 12.—The British steamer Kinfauns Castle, homeward bound from the Cape of Good Hope, with 80 passengers on board, stranded off Bridgstone, Isle of Wight, at 2 o'clock this morning. The sea is calm, but the vessel's position is somewhat dangerous. The passengers and mails are being landed by tugs.

A STARTLING FIND

A House Filled with Plunder of All Kinds—Traced by Peculiarly Shod Horse

New York, April 12.—In the residence occupied by a man known as George T. Howard, at Ridgewood, N. J., the police have made a startling discovery. For two years Howard, his wife and a ten-year-old son have lived at Ridgewood, where the man was highly respected. He was known as a tea and coffee merchant, doing business in New York. Soon after his coming thefts began to occur in all the country surrounding. Horses and carriages were missed, freight depots were looted, and farmhouses and barns were burglarised promiscuously.

Finally, two horses and carriages were stolen from Muncy, N.Y. One of the horses wore a peculiarly shaped shoe, by which it was tracked for 20 miles, the trail ending in Howard's barn, where the property was found. Search warrants were at once issued The house was entered, and found to be filled with all sorts of plunder. Only Mrs. Howard was at home. Mr. Howard had disappeared, as also had the boy, who fled to Jersey City, where he was found and arrested; but in the meantime he had communicated with his father, and took his arrest with the greatest degree of composure, even smiling contemptuously at the police when they tried to make him tell where his father had gone.

Then the exploration of the house began. On the back porch was a nearly new road wagon. In the hallway was a new double sleigh. How it was put inside the door the police cannot explain. The house has fourteen rooms, and each room was strewn with goods. Three wagon loads of property were taken to the village lockup at Ridgewood, and as the available space in the lockup was filled officers were put in charge of the remainder of the stuff.

Ringing in the Ears

This is an unfailing sign of catarrh, and if not checked will ultimately result in deafness. The simplest remedy is Catarrhozone, which if inhaled a few times daily, prevents the catarrhal condition from spreading. Catarrhozone quickly stops the ringing in the ears, head noises, gives permanent relief to catarrhal deafness. For catarrh in any part of the system, bronchitis, asthma, lung or throat troubles, Catarrhozone is a specific, and is guaranteed to permanently cure or your money back. Large size, $1.00; trial size, 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

INCREASING RACE FEELING MAY DESTROY CANADA

French and English in Quebec Province Not Living Together as They Should

EXCEEDINGLY OMINOUS LOOKING FOR THE FUTURE

French Said to be Irritated by Imperialism—A Spirit of Toleration Needed in Canada

Special Telegram to The Times.

Montreal, April 14 — During the past week I have had an opportunity of learning from a Canadian of British origin—who is not in politics in any way, but whose position and whose relations with leading men on both sides of politics enable him to form an accurate opinion of present conditions in Canada—what he believes the outcome of the antagonism of race which has been engendered by the Boer war between British and French Canadians will be. He divides the population into three groups, Canadians, British and French; the second being the least numerous, but as a rule more British than the people of Great Britain themselves. The French he does not consider as having any leanings to reunion with France, but as aiming at establishing themselves as the dominant race and keeping themselves separate from the rest of the population by means of their language and religion. Among the British Canadians there is a desire to bring matters to a crisis before the rapid natural increase of the French over the British and their organization and affiliation with the French Canadians in the United States give them the political and material strength necessary to attain their object.

Disunion, he says, is the order of the day. Everything possible is being done to keep the British and French elements apart, socially, politically and commercially. The French language is becoming more exclusively used where, under the conditions of the Capitulation act, it can be enforced. Here in Montreal the Catholic religious authorities insist upon a complete separation of their people from the Protestants, whether in their social organizations, their hospitals, or even their amusements; and throughout the country, but especially in this province of Quebec, the same thing is going on. The migration of French to the West is being carried out systematically, and everything possible is being done to prevent their assimilation with the other nationalities. One instance of the determined antagonism shown by the French toward the British element was mentioned in connection with the recent provincial medical conference held at Quebec. The French language was used exclusively and it was proposed that the British and French Canadian doctors should form separate councils and that the latter should affiliate with the French Canadian Medical Association in the United States.

When I asked what the end of all this was going to be, the reply was "Civil war." At the same time he pointed out that the mass of the Canadians were anxious to avoid anything of the kind, but that the religious and race fanaticism of the extreme British and French was working to bring it on, and that one side was as deaf to reason as the other. Imperialism, he believed, had overreached itself in Canada and there was no longer the same enthusiasm on the subject that there was, even among its more ardent adherents. The British population of the country increases but slowly compared with the French, and none but British volunteer for South Africa, the French looking on their departure with satisfaction. The indiscreet utterances of the British Colonial Secretary, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, regarding the rigors of the climate of Canada when he endeavored to persuade the Welsh emigrants to Patagonia to turn to South Africa, also helped to chill imperial sentiment.

"What I want to see in Canada," the Canadian I spoke with said, "is the cultivation of a spirit of toleration all round, and a Canadian national feeling, leaving to time the eradication of the artificially stimulated antagonisms that now destroy harmony and threaten the peace and progress of the country. The religious feuds of Ontario, the racial struggle in Quebec, and the general narrow-mindedness in the Maritime Provinces, are responsible for this state of things, as they give mischief-makers in Canada and Great Britain the opportunity to meddle in its affairs and to prevent the consolidation of Canada as an independent State, certain, sooner or later, to cast off its political connection with Great Britain.

Items of Interest

London, April 12—It is understood that King Edward is taking advantage of his cruising holiday to complete the task of setting the list of honors to be conferred upon the occasion of his coronation. The list, which will probably fill four or five newspaper columns, will include a dukedom for Lord Salisbury and peerages for Sir Edward J. Poynter, the artist, and Right Hon. William Edward Hartpole Lecky, the historian.

London, April 12—A correspondent from the London Times, writing from Bloemfontein, says: 'But the supreme instrument of unconscious reconciliation is the system of free education admirably organized and indefatigably carried out under the supervision of Mr. Sargeant, the very able Director of Public Education for the two colonies. Mr. Sargeant has devoted himself with whole-hearted enthusiasm to the work. He began with about 100 teachers for the camp schools. He has now 200. Before the end of the year he hopes to add another 100 to his staff. Some of these teachers are Dutch; the latest importations are chiefly Scotch. The next batch will be English, Scotch and colonial. In every camp there are schools in proportion to the number of child refugees. Instruction is given in English, and in some of the lower classes an important part of the work consists in teaching the children to speak English. There are actually in the camps, keenly profiting by the opportunities of English education, a larger number of children than ever figured before the war on the Dutch school rolls. I have not before me the total numbers for the two colonies combined, but for the Orange River Colony alone the number now attending the camp schools—and attending with an unusually high average of regularity—is about 11,500 children, whereas the greatest number on the Dutch school rolls before the war was 9,500. In other words, the entire young population of the colony is for the time being under English tuition."

Lockport, N. Y., April 12.—Buffalo recently boasted that it had a five-generation family which was the prize winner. The Buffalo family contained a great-great- grandfather aged ninety-three, and a great-great-grandchild aged ten months.

Niagara county can heavily discount the Buffalo family. The Niles family living in the village of Newfane, town of Newfane, boasts five generations embraced within the remarkably short period of eighty-seven years. The head of the house is Francis Niles, hale and hearty at eighty-seven. His daughter is Mrs. James Matthews, a remarkably well preserved woman of sixty-two. The third generation in the remarkable family group of five generations is Mrs. Daniel Miller, her daughter, who is now forty-two years old, but she is called grandmother. Mrs. Miller's daughter is Mrs. Alice Lake, 22 years old. Her daughter the fifth link in the family chain, is pretty little Ethel, now three years old At her birth the five generations were really embraced in eighty-four years, for that was her great-great-grandfather's age at that time. Should she marry as young as her mother did and have a child born to her at her mother's age, Francis Niles would be, if alive, a great-great-great-grandfather, the head of six generations living at the age of 106.

Vancouver, B. C., April 12. — The tawny redskins who hunt among the mountains around Fort George, 200 miles north of the Cariboo gold district, have gone on the warpath against the handful of whites around the Hudson Bay station. The first news of the uprising was in message from the telegraph station at Quesnelle to obtain military assistance.

The despatch explained that the Indians had been troublesome all winter and two weeks ago they made an open attack on the post. The factor and his assistant, named Cook had been warned and, having barricaded themselves, kept the Indians away. No one was killed, although shots were fired by the white men and their helpers over the heads of the natives to scare them away.

The Indians have had a hard winter, and refused to furnish pelts in trade. One Indian, bolder than the rest, got inside and threatened to kill Kepner with an ax if he did not throw open the store to them. Finally Kepner got them quieted, and, leaving his assistant in charge, started out for help.

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The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 14, 1902.

A TRIBUTE FROM OVER THE BORDER

Dominion soldiers have earned and secured much glory as participants on behalf of England in the South African war, says the Detroit Free Press. Wherever placed they have met the highest requirements of duty and in actual conflict displayed the superb bravery that distinguishes a dominant race. Even the critics in the mother country make candid admission that the most intelligent and efficient soldiery enlisted for the empire in this struggle came from among our neighbors across the border who tendered their services at the beginning and have voluntarily come forward with more men as the emergencies of the protracted strife demanded. Some of the sons of Australia have disgraced her beyond forgiveness but in all their relations the men from the Dominion have been the ideal soldier. The latest example of this is told in the story from the neighborhood of Hart's river. In the severe fighting of a whole day the Canadian Rifles were in the thick of the ruck from the beginning to the end. One party of these gallant boys held an impossible position until every member was killed or wounded. Not while there was a shot to be fired from among them was the cessation of resistance thought of. It was not in itself a history-making tragedy, but the annals of war can show nothing finer in the way of superb courage.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Kruger is now said to be so far favorable to peace as to be willing to give up the gold region if the Boers would be given rule over the rest of the country. It won't work. Kruger will never again rule a foot of South Africa. The interests of civilization forbid it.

* * *

Unless the good right hands of Canada's pretty school ma'ms have lost their vigor since the not distant days of our youth, we think the rising portion of the Boer population will know when they have been licked.

MUNICIPAL CRITICISM

At the beginning of the present year a western Ontario city elected its municipal council on strictly political lines, says the Ottawa Citizen. In discussing the new departure, we expressed the opinion that it would probably be of advantage to the public to have some responsible advisory body such as the executive of a political party who would feel an interest in and a measure of responsibility for the proper administration of municipal business by the majority of a council. Under the present system each alderman is only responsible to the mass of the ratepayers of his ward and except under extreme conditions which might call for the holding of an indignation meeting of his supporters there is no means of impressing upon the individual alderman the views of his constituents on any important measure which may come up during the year. Many aldermen are, no doubt, misled by interested wire-pullers, who claim to represent the views of the ratepayers, into giving votes which as a matter of fact are opposed to the interests and opinions of the large mass of the ratepayers whom they represent. What is everybody's business is nobody's business, and as the wire-pullers are active and the body of the ratepayers have no medium for making their views felt, the aldermanic representative, especially if inexperienced, is prone to mistake the voice of the smooth wire-puller for the only reliable vox populi. If some outside organization were indirectly responsible, or interested in seeing that the majority of the council conducted business in a manner satisfactory to the public, we believe that municipal business would be conducted in a better manner.

A striking instance of this has recently been afforded in Ottawa. Two labor representatives were elected to the council last January. The municipal record of one of these aldermen has been excellent; that of the other not so satisfactory on several important votes. Under ordinary conditions the latter would pursue the uneven tenor of his way undisturbed except by occasional jolts from the newspapers until he presented himself to the big "silent vote" next January for re-election. Then he would hear when the returns were read out exactly what the ratepayers, as distinguished from interested advisers, thought about his votes in council. but the Allied Trades and Labor Association was instrumental in bringing out and nominating these candidates and that body feels a measure of responsibility for their course in the council. At the last meeting of the association the executive presented a report dealing with municipal matters and the discussion which ensued embodied some very pointed criticism of the alderman in question. The association has no axes to grind. It is out for the public interest and is desirous that its nominees should pursue a course satisfactory to the ratepayers. It is probable the alderman will take the advice tendered into his serious consideration and will be more careful in future. Not only so but other aldermen to whom the labor vote means much will take the hint, so that the action of the association will be of advantage to the ratepayers by direct application and ricochet.

If one of the political parties were responsible in a similar sense for the successful administration of affairs by a majority of the council the same result might follow, though the admonition might be administered with less publicity but with even greater effect.

Dr. Chaillu's Animals.

In a long review of Paul Du Chaillu's "The World of the Great Forest," The Spectator, London, declares the book's only fault is the failure to supply all the details the reader wants to know about its furred and feathered heroes and heroines.

"Do the hippopotami of the West Coast river really go across country for a swim in the Atlantic on moonlight nights?" asks The Spectator. "Where is the 'land of plenty' to which the monkeys migrate? What are the fish which regularly travel up the rivers from the sea in the dry season to spawn? Where is the place where the forest eagles cross that great continent to rear their young? These questions are among many suggested by the book.

"The description of the bathing of the 'hippo' 'trippers,' from their cautious entry into the sea to their return at 4 a.m., 'when each family went back to its shoal,' hardly bears quoting, but the idea is novel and amusing. The illustrations of the life of these creatures and of their seaside party by Mr. Gleeson are really admirable.

"The native names of most animals are short. An exception is that of the great forest eagle, the monkey-eater. It is one of the crested hawk-eagles, of which the native name is 'guanionien.' The difficulties of these birds' life when monkeys are scarce; their power of soaring to such vast heights as to be invisible to the monkeys, and of dropping down from the blue, whence their keen eyes see the monkeys on the tree-tops, of their hovering over the tops of certain trees on which fruit grows which the monkeys will probably come to gather—are all fresh and vivid."

A Canadian Herd Record.

The following letter is published by Hoard's Dairyman :—

Enclosed you will find a brief report of our dairy of twelve cows for the year 1901 :—

No. lbs. milk for year..........	62,596
No. lbs. cream from same......	8,560
No. lbs. skim milk	54,036
Cream was shipped to Montreal and averaged me about 78 cents a gallon of 10 lbs., or.	$670.80
54,036 lbs. skim milk, 20 cents..	108.07
Total...	$778.87
Average milk per cow..	5,216 lbs.
Average money per cow	$64.90
Average of milk per hundred lbs.	$1.24½

You will see that I value the skim milk at 20 cents per hundred. I consider it worth this to me to feed at home. My cows are grade Durhams and Jerseys. We have a silo; have used it seven years, and consider it the cheapest feed we can raise here. Had about four acres last season, and had 65 double loads to put in silo. Thought we had nearly 80 tons. Am feeding it twice a day in winter, and find our cows do just as well. I have water in stable. Cows have only been out once this winter. Stable is well lighted, and has a ventilator in it. Cellar under stable, and in this way think we save the liquid manure.

A.E.H.

Richmond, Que.

Give the Cows Sunlight.

The one thing that we think quite as important to them as either fresh air or exercise is that of which they are most frequently deprived in the old-fashioned stables of those who believe in having them out of doors during the day, and it may be that it is so necessary to their well-ing that a few hours' outing may do them good enough to counterbalance the injury done by being out in the cold.

Sunlight is as necessary to the thrifty and healthy growth of animals as of plants. Every stable or place where they are kept should be well lighted upon the south side, not only by having plenty of glass, but that glass kept clean enough to allow the sun to penetrate it freely. We have seen glass so opaque with cobwebs and dirt as to admit only enough light to allow one to grope his way about in semi-darkness. The "dim religious light" of the ancient and some modern churches is not good enough for a barn. We do not care for blue glass or other stained glass, but want a clear, clean, transparent glass, that will let in the full rays of the sun. Even double sashes of glass now cost but little more for the space they occupy than the siding and painted clapboards, or a single sash with a curtain to shut out the cold at night.

Not every one can afford new barns with the modern improvements, but many old ones could be so changed at small expense as to make the stables much warmer and lighter, and when this is done they will be found a better place for dairy cows than the barnyard when the temperature is below freezing or when there is a cold wind or rain.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

Almost ever since Bloemfontein has been captured a theatrical company has been playing there without intermission, and has been doing a good business.

The fruit grower should know every tree in his orchard, and he should go over the orchard frequently and satisfy himself that everything is favorable to the trees. Some trees may be backward in growth and he should endeavor to learn the cause. It may be due to a lack of plant food in the soil, to the pruning, to too much grass, to the mode of cultivation, or to insects; but a thoroughly competent fruit grower will discover the cause if possible, and remove it.

drawn from the udder as the last. In experiments made to test the matter it was found that the difference was so great that with some cows the strippings consisted almost entirely of butter fat. It is important, therefore, that milking the cows be done in a thorough manner, leaving nothing in the udder. If this is done the cow will not be so liable to become dry as soon as when the milk is not entirely removed at each milking. The practice of carefully stripping also serves as a check upon careless milkers, as the farmer can, and should, examine each cow after she is milked in order to observe if the milking has been done thoroughly. Where there is no supervision the milking is sometimes performed carelessly and at a loss to the farmer.

For the Farmer.

Poultry Ailments and Remedies.

For Roup—Separate the sick from the well, put former in warm, dry quarters, inject camphorated sweet oil into their nostrils and throat. Give fresh water and nourishing food.

For frosted wattles or combs, prepare a salve of vaseline (one pound), spirits of turpentine, kerosene, oil of tar, and oil of sassafras, one spoonful each.

To prevent egg eating in fowls, make a paste of flour, red pepper, mustard and water; put into some empty egg shells, and place them where the hens will find them. One dose is enough.

For feather-pulled fowls, make an ointment of lard and sulphur, and rub on the bare spots if the feathers have come out because of parasites. There is no "positive cure" for fowls that pull feathers except the hatchet applied to the neck.

What is frequently supposed to be cholera is nothing more or less than indigestion. It may be caused by feeding too concentrated feeds and lack of grit and the drinking of impure water. Sharp grit is a necessity, and oyster shells furnish it.

Leg weakness is brought about largely by an unnatural forcing system. It is sometimes caused by improper feeding, lack of exercise, lack of variety in foods, dampness and cold. The converse of all this is the remedy

Colds are prevalent in fowls at this time of year. Coughing, sneezing and watery eyes and nostrils are sure indications. A simple cold can be dealt with effectually by putting the fowl in a warm place, and giving small doses of castor oil, say a scant teaspoonful. Canker is the worst form of cold or roup. Give water to drink into which a few drops of a solution of copperas has been put. Give no hard grain. A real case of roup is incurable, and the fowl might as well be killed first as last. It doesn't pay to doctor it unless worth its weight in gold. —Agricola.

Turkeys For Profit.

Mr. B. L. Davis, Meshoppen, Penn., writes to The New York Tribune Farmer :—

I have been fairly successful in raising turkeys for profit, and this is my method: I raise my own hens, keeping from four to six, and always selecting the finest specimens. I never mate them akin, but purchase the finest bronze gobbler I can get, keeping him until two years old. When it is time for them to begin laying, which is usually about April 1, I watch them carefully, as they are very sly about hiding their nests; but they are never lousy if permitted to do so. I gather the eggs every day, marking each one with date, keeping in a cool place and turning twice a week. I do not keep them longer than four weeks before setting. I have learned by experience that June is the month for turkeys, the weather being dry and warm, which is essential for them.

I do not allow them to set the first time they are broody. They break up easily and will begin laying within ten days. When the turkey wants to set the second time, I fix the nest carefully, giving her eighteen eggs, covering some brush over to protect from crows. At the same time I set a hen on nine eggs, giving all the poults to the mother turkey. They hatch in twenty-eight days, and must not be disturbed while hatching.

When the poults are twenty-four hours old remove them carefully from the nest so as not to injure them (for they are very tender or frighten the mother, and place them in a triangular pen made from three boards 12 inches in width and 14 feet in length, placed in the orchard, where they will get the morning sun and the shade during the hottest part of the day. I feed the mother corn or buckwheat night and morning, and the little turkeys stale bread soaked until soft in sweet milk, with a dash of black pepper every other day. I squeeze the bread dry, only putting down a little at a time on a clean board, and taking care not to feed to much, as it will cause bowel trouble.

While in the pen I feed them four times a day—at 5 o'clock in the morning, at 10, at 2 and at 7 in the evening, supplying them with crushed eggshells, pure sweet milk and water at all times. I keep them in the pen until they are strong enough to jump out, which will be in from ten days to two weeks. After this feed mostly cornbread in the same way as the white, but only twice a day—early in the morning and in the evening—and let them roam at will; but if they are not at their feeding place by 6 o'clock I hunt them up, as I always feed them in the same place. They soon learn to come of themselves. As they grow older I give crushed oyster shells in place of eggshells. When ten weeks old they will need feed only evenings.

How Long to Keep the Dairy Cow.

The answer is short to the question, "How long should a dairy cow be kept?" Keep the cow only so long as she pays a gratifying profit. If no record is kept of profit and loss on the farm, neither man nor beast will get credit for services rendered. Every animal should have a ledger standing account. Even justice to man and beast alike is honorable. The farmer's methods in bookkeeping are not always commended by expert accountants. Business demands system, and that system must be correct. When the leaf is turned over in correct bookkeeping, the profitless live stock will be got rid of at the earliest possible moment. Profitless stock is the heaviest tax the farmer, dairyman and breeder is imperiously called upon to pay. The tax on real estate in comparison is only a feather weight in the balance. The farmer's son should be sent to a business college, if only for three months. The investment will pay a good interest for life.

It is more than probable that men who keep no profit and loss on stock have mortgages to pay interest on—that perpetual source of annoyance. No man of fine feelings lives as long or is so happy under the strain of interest paying as he who is free from debt. Small incomes pay off debts too slowly for much joy. Possession without debt is ennobling to manhood, and a rich mine of happiness for the home. Milk the cow only so long as she is profitable, then quickly turn her into beef and cash. —H., in New York Tribune.

Mr. Youngwed—Do you mean to say you are 24 years old to-day? Why, you told me six months ago, just before the wedding, that you were only 21.

Mrs. Youngwed—Yes, I know; but, my dear, I've aged so rapidly since we were married.

Mrs Crawford—How did you enjoy your ocean voyage? Mrs. Crabshaw—It was just lovely. The state-room seemed so comfortable after living in a flat.—"Town Topics."

A Mother To Mothers.

"I am the mother of five children," writes Mrs. S. E. Rose, of Big Otter, West Va., "and have been as high as eight days in the doctor's hands, and never less than two days with any child until the last. Then I had used two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and was only two hours in the hands of the doctor."

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Prince Henry frequently surprised his American companions on his recent tour by his knowledge of the idioms and slang of our language. The climax was reached on Monday on the train returning from Philadelphia, where his Royal Highness had inspected the magnificent Russian battle ship Retvizan. The Prince suddenly leaned over to Admiral "Bob" Evans, and, with a merry twinkle in his eye, said:—

"Admiral, this certainly is a most wonderful country—where even the physical ailments of the people win a European's admiration."

Evans, with a puzzled look, replied, "I beg your pardon, but I don't quite catch your meaning."

"Why," the Prince replied, with a broad smile, "we Europeans would be only too glad to have American Cramps!" —New York Times.

"Hi sy, you know," said the Cockney, addressing the Bowery boy, "we cawn't be henemies; we 'ave to be brothers. We speak the same lyangwydge, you know."

"Wot t'ell. Holler for an interpreter. You're wuzzy. I seen you batten your eye. Git propper. Git propper.—Chicago Tribune.

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—Chicago News.

Cover Crops and Fertilizers.

Prof. I. P. Roberts of Cornell University says:—Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil; fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productively by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that another cover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 138.96 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.25 lbs.; potash, 199.96 lbs. There is removed by 25 bushels of wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 43 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash, 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

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If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost power. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of young men have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge; my Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby making cutting or stretching unnecessary, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous, Delicate, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Stomach, Female troubles.

REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Av., DETROIT, MICH.

Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous.' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

but the vision of a fair face framed in sunny, golden hair which he caught but an imperfect outline of, haunted him—he could not tell why.

Swiftly the cab which bore Daisy rolled on through the sunlit streets, but it seemed to her darkness reigned.

Of course Harold St. John had recognized her as she rose from her seat and hurried away; surprise must have held him spellbound for a moment, then he must have gone in search of her; he was searching for her even then.

What should she do? That was the agonized cry of her heart.

When she reached the hotel a sudden faintness seized her; what if she should meet her foe in the corridors. He would cry out in a voice like a bugle blast:

"I have found you at last—you are mine—you shall go with me!"

Oh, the horror and disgrace of it; what would Aleck do if he knew?

Trembling with excitement she gained her own suit of rooms; she met no one; she thanked heaven for that.

"How white and ill you look, my lady," cried Janet, springing to her side. "You should not have gone out alone."

"Has any one —called for me—any one been here to see me?" asked Daisy, asking the question with apparent calmness, but the girl could detect a subdued intentness in her voice.

"A stranger called —who refused to leave his card," she answered, telling the falsehood boldly; but she was greatly dismayed at the effect upon her mistress.

Daisy threw up her hands with the bitterest moan that ever fell from human lips.

"At last—the sword has fallen at last!" she muttered.

"Did he say he would call again?" Daisy asked with a most piteous quiver in her voice.

"Yes; and soon," replied the girl, boldly.

Sending her maid from the room, for an hour or more she paced the floor in an agony of mind words are too weak to describe.

"I cannot see him," she muttered. "I must write to him all that I have to say."

"Would that my pen was a dagger," she moaned, as she seated herself before her writing- desk. "I would plunge it through my heart and end it all. The world is narrowing down to a grave."

The lines seemed to waver before her tear-blinded eyes; but with a desperate effort she began her letter, which ran as follows:

"Harold St. John, the hour has come in which we have stood face to face at last. You have hunted me down, I can but confess all now, and then die, for death would be preferable to going with you.

"You wooed and won me through the most cruel of frauds; but I never loved you—I realized that but too plainly as we stood before the altar together. I will not dwell upon how cruelly you deserted me then and there, nor the horrible scene that followed on the heels of it, for you remember all but too well.

"I will confess the truth now, taking the consequence of my folly in my own hands. I learned to love another, and thinking the past would never be found out, I married.

"If you part me from my love it will kill me. There is no love between you and me. There never was. For this reason I pray you to spare me— spare me because I am so young to face and live down the world's scorn. Have pity, have mercy. Go your way and let me go mine, I implore you."

She could write no more, her tears fell so thick and heavy on the page.

Should she send it or should she not? Would her prayers or pleadings touch his heart? She thought not.

No, she would not sue for mercy—she would stand bravely and face the sword as it fell on her head. She crushed the letter in her hand and flung it from her, then it suddenly occurred to her that it would be best to destroy it, but how?

If she should tear it into shreds and trust it to the breeze, into whose hands might the fragments fall? "Ah, no, there was too much of a risk in that," she told herself.

Then it occurred to her that the safest way would be to burn it. Yes, that was the only way.

She gave the bell-rope a violent pull, and when her maid entered, she startled the girl by ordering a fire started in the grate.

"A fire?" repeated the girl, in wonder, looking at her strangely.

"Yes," said Daisy, nervously.

"But," objected the girl, "it is so warm —it is quite a hot day. I am afraid the heat will be too much for you."

"I am as cold as death," said Daisy, shuddering.

It was a strange thing to order a fire built on a September day. "It was unnatural," the maid told herself.

Still the fire was lighted; but it went out. Three or four attempts proved quite unsuccessful.

"How bent she is upon having a fire," thought the girl. "There is an air of mystery about it— yes, it looks as though there was something she wished to burn." At last a bright flame burst out, and the fire gave promise of burning, and the maid quitted the room.

Daisy secured the door, then knelt down before the grate, separated the glowing coals, and placed the paper which bore such pitiful evidence against her between them.

She shook it from her white hands as though it had been the clammy coils of a serpent, and gazed at it with fascinated eyes; the heat seemed to shrivel and harden it instead of burning it.

A moment more and the flames seemed to have claimed it, and as the thick, dark smoke enveloped the crumpled ball, she turned away.

And in that instant she heard her maid calling at the door:

"Oh, my lady, my lady, open the door—quick! I want to speak to you."

With trembling fingers, Daisy flung open the door.

Janet's cunning eyes took in the startled expression of face; also the curling, smoking, blackening mass in the grate at first glance.

"Oh, my lady!" she panted, "you should come down to the parlor at once. Mr. Hamilton has just come in, and he looks so white I am sure he is ill. He fell back into a chair,

To be Continued.

Light Hogs.

A good many farmers in eastern Ontario are still adhering to the very foolish policy of marketing hogs that are too light in weight, and quite unsuitable for packing purposes. The Geo. Matthews Co., Limited, report that during the month of January their receipts of hogs graded as follows:—Selects, 1,398; light, 1,840; light fats, 690; heavy fats, 27; sows, 40; stags, 6; cripples, 21; stores, 123; a toal of 4,154 hogs, of which only 1,398, or about 33 per cent., were suitable for the manufacture of first-class export bacon. If the trade in Canadian bacon is to be increased or even maintained, at its present volume, it is absolutely necessary that only hogs of proper weight and quality be sent to the packing houses. F. W. Hodson, Live Stock Commissioner.

A Test For Good Butter.

The good housewife who said, "The way to test good butter is to smell it," was surely an expert judge of butter. The fact is that a really good judge of butter seldom tastes it but depends rather upon the senses of smell and sight. The dealer who really knows and deals in good butter can at any time when he is testing a crock or roll of butter, be seen to very carefully pass it in review before his olfactory nerve, and to break it and note the appearance of the broken surface.

The true flavor of butter can be quickly tested in the entirety of a package in this manner, while, if the sense of taste alone were depended upon and the package was not of even quality, the fact might go unnoticed. The quantity of salt in the butter can, of course, only be determined by tasting it. The surface exposed when a package or sample of butter is broken should exhibit what is known as a good grain. That means that it should have a clearly defined granular surface, similar to that found on the broken surface of cast iron of good quality. Do not fail to apply these tests when passing judgment on the quality of butter. Their careful observance and a little practice will make you an expert.—Michigan Farmer.

Clover For Egg Producing.

Experience has demonstrated the value of clover for egg producing time and again. Clover has just the material in it to form egg shell, and hence it becomes an essential part of every ration fed to the chickens. It may not be generally understood that there are nearly thirty pounds of lime contained in each thousand pounds of clover. The chickens fed daily with clover will consequently prove better egg layers than those denied it. The clover hay should be given to chickens in winter in quantities sufficient to satisfy them, and to make them eat more it is desirable sometimes to prepare it in various ways. Cook and chop it up, and mix it with meal or other articles. This will sometimes induce the hens to consume a great amount of clover each day. Cut up into short lengths and mixed with warm mash, and then fed only as fast as the chickens will clean it up each day, is probably the most economical way to feed the clover. Some cut the second crop of clover and place it in the poultry yard for the chickens to eat and scratch over at pleasure. This of itself is all right, but it is rather wasteful. More than half the clover will be lost, and the chickens do not actually eat much more than the leaves. The stalks contain most of the lime, and these should be prepared so the chickens will consume them. Of all foods that can be raised on a farm for poultry, clover is not only the best, but probably the cheapest, and a field of it is as essential to success as a pasture field is necessary to the success of dairying.—Annie C. Webster, in Massachusetts Ploughman.

Just What You Ask For.

Outside the drug store—the store of J. Milhau's Son, at No. 183 Broadway—you may read the announcement at the head of this column, "We give you just what you ask for."

We are glad to seize upon this occasion to pay a tribute to this motto, and, incidentally, to point out a dishonest and very common practice among merchants —that of substituting one article for another.

One business man devotes all his energy, his money and his time to building up the reputation of a certain article. He enables the retailer to make a large profit, and he spends his money that customers may be plentiful.

When a customer asks for the article in question it is dishonest to say to him, as many do:—

"Don't buy that. We have something else just as good and much cheaper."

If the merchant has something good and cheap of his own, let him sell it to his customers by all means. But let him not steal the trade of a man whose energy helps to build up his business. Let him not divert to his own pocket all of the profit which he ought to in honesty share with another.

There are wares that are made enormously profitable to the retailer simply because men push their business with intelligence and perseverance. It is ungrateful as well as dishonest for the sake of a little extra profit to cut into the legitimate business of the advertising manufacturer.

Incidentally, the public, as well as the storekeeper and the manufacturer, are interested in this question of substituting one article for another.

That which is represented as "just as good" is usually not just as good, but very far from it.

If a man has spent a million dollars building up the reputation of a certain article, it is to his advantage to keep up the quality of the material which enters into the manufacture of that article. His profit is large if he is honestly treated, and it would be suicide for him to use inferior material for the sake of a little extra money.

The man who makes up an imitation article and announces it as "just as good" has no such sum at stake. He has invested nothing. He has no valuable name to ruin, and it is to his interest to make the "just as good" article just as cheap as he can make it.

The buyer should remember these facts and put his confidence in that retailer who, like the man quoted at the head of this article, gives to the customer just what he asks for, treats the wholesaler honestly, and shows gratitude for the energy which builds up a successful business and makes the retailer prosperous.—From The New York Journal. Issued by the Association of American Advertisers.

The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said, "was signed 'Mors Anon' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Omega.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more anon."

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia Record.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST —SUPPER

Ping-Pong in Society.

We have no idea on this side of the Atlantic of the extent to which "ping-pong" has affected English society, but the following from a London paper of late date gives an inkling of the popularity—absurd popularity, one is tempted to say—which it has attained: —

"The nice conduct of the celluloid has become a cult. 'Professors' we have already, and now comes the 'school,' where beginners are coached in the subtleties of our latest form of amusement.

"As befits the high rank of 'ping-pong,' the teaching class is an academy, and its location is the balcony at Niagara Hall. There half a dozen tables (9 feet by 5 feet) are open to students. They absorb the rudiments and go forward to excellence under the skilful tuition of Mr. P. Fleming, son of Tom Fleming, known as the father of lawn tennis.

"Around these tables stand, day by day, scores of men, young and middle-aged, maidens and matrons, eager to qualify for proficiency in the dining-room. Half a crown is the fee per lesson, and when the 'ping-pongers' have picked up some mastery of the game a shilling secures the table for a set.

"Frequently a really good player strolls in and takes a turn. It is as if Stevenson descended on a pool-room and casually 'took a cue,' or MacLaren played as 'Mr. A. N. Other' on a village cricket ground.

"Thursday brings its special diversion. Men and women from the ice rink below come up and play 'ping-pong' on skates.

"Of course, there are no sofas nor cosy corners in this academy, and hence no easy hiding-place for the errant ball. Players do not grovel on dusty floors. Ingenuity has evolved a 'scoop' with a long handle to entrap the wanderer in meshes of elastic.

"The game prospers all round. Mr. Fleming has always plenty of calls on his teaching ability from private houses.

"On Thursday week his Majesty is to visit Niagara and watch the skating champions on the ice. It is not beyond the dreams of 'ping-pongers' that the King may ascend the balcony and look on at a game.

"Nay, the fluttering hope is that Edward VII. will himself take a racquet and his first (public) essay in what somebody in 'Measure for Measure' long ago foretold as 'the game of tick-tack.'"

The same paper, The Express, in another issue raises the point as to whether the craze for "ping-pong" is not a sign of national decay, and really, after reading the above, the suggestion does not seem unreasonable. Mr. Kipling might have done his country a real service if he had attacked "ping-pong" instead of cricket and football. Or can it be that the craze is partly due to his bitter lines, for in yet another reference to the new game it is stated that "suburban athletes have forsaken football and golf to foregather in a stuffy club room on Saturday afternoons and trifle with a celluloid ball"; and again "The National Sporting Club has invested in a championship 'ping-pong' table, and amateur boxers have been seen glaring at each other, not across the ring, but over a miniature net." Surely the "flannelled fools," etc., have gone from bad to worse, and the Imperial bard should shortly be heard from again.

Misfortunes of Some Welshmen.

The following extract from an article by Mr. W. L. Griffith, Canadian Government agent for Wales, in The Western Daily News, Cardiff, gives a picturesque sketch of the misfortunes of the Patagonian Welshmen who are likely to come to Canada shortly:—When the idea of a Welsh colony in Patagonia was first mooted Wales was seething with political discontent. But, strong as this feeling undoubtedly was, it required much effort on the part of Professor Michael Jones of Bala and the Rev. Lewis Jones of Festiniog to prevail upon the small band of people which eventually made the venture. The motives of the self-deceived leaders in the movement will always remain open to debate. The attraction to the rank and file was the vision of free land, immunity from taxes, and the self-government so dear to the heart of the Welshman. Fired with these ideas, the imaginative Cymry saw visions of a Cymric Utopia. They not only cherished these ideals, but they were prepared to do all in their power to compass their realization. They were brave, earnest, laborious, ready and willing to sacrifice self. It is pathetic to think of the shock these brave men and women encountered when they finally landed on the desert shores of New Bay, and discovered that the country they had fondly pictured as one of illimitable resource was nothing but a barren desert, and that their leaders, whom they implicitly trusted, had been guilty of carelessness, which was, perhaps, worse than inexcusable. In fairness it must here be stated that Professor Michael Jones squandered a private fortune on what had become his pet project. As they were without means the Welsh people were face to face with starvation. There was nothing to do but, to use an Americanism, "scratch for a living." The history of these people during the first years of the settlement entitles them to the greatest credit.

A Story of Prince Henry.

Prince Henry of Prussia, according to a story told by a diplomat who was once attached to the British Embassy in Berlin, was one day chatting with an English friend in a cafe in Bonn, when he became an object of suspicion to one of those meddling minor officials who flourish in such numbers in Germany. The Prince is too discreet a man to discuss affairs of State in a public place, but on this occasion some subject arose which, while not of general interest, related to the Imperial family. The conversation was in English, and the spying official was acquainted with that language. At length Prince Henry remarked:—"Why, my dear fellow, don't you see that the Emperor would be even crazier than some people seem to believe he is if he did anything like that?"

The official leaned toward his Royal Highness and said: "Sir, are you aware that there is a lese majeste law in this country? Let me hear another remark of that kind, and I make a complaint against you."

The Englishman took in the situation, and a moment afterward remarked: "As I was saying to your Royal Highness before we were interrupted——"

The meddler gasped, rose hastily and withdrew.

For Live-Stockmen.

A Good Salve For Horses.

A salve valuable to horsemen may be made of equal quantities by measure of pine tar, sulphur and lard. Mix the sulphur with the tar and stir it well; then add the lard and stir again. Set it on the stove and simmer for six hours, occasionally stirring it. It will cure the scratches on horses, and galls from the harness.

For scratches, thoroughly wash and clean the parts with castile or some other good kind of soap, and then rub in the salve. I have tried it and recommend it to others. I never knew it to fail. It is simple and cheap, and the formula easy to remember. It is not patented; anyone can use it.

It will also relieve sores, ringworm and most skin troubles on men.—J. W.

Ayrshires at St. Louis in 1903.

The breeders of dairy cattle in the United States are already beginning to prepare for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903. At the recent meeting of the American Ayrshire Breeders' Association, held at Providence, R.I., it was voted to appropriate money from the treasury to pay the expense of placing a herd of Ayrshire cows in the breed test at that Exposition, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the same. Canadian breeders who intend to exhibit at St. Louis should at once begin to prepare their stock, so that they will not be taken at a disadvantage, when the time for this great international contest arrives.

Canadian Cattle in Aberdeenshire.

The removal of the British embargo on Canadian cattle is evidently still a live question in Scotland, as shown by the following item from a recent issue of The North British Agriculturist, a paper which has strongly opposed the free admission of Canadian "stores":—"A rather curious debate for a literary society, 'Should the restrictions on Canadian cattle be removed' was held in the Public Hall, New Deer, under the auspices of the local Literary Society. The local papers state that there was a large attendance, and considerable interest was taken in the debate. Mr. Milne, coach-builder, supported the negative, and Mr. Godsman of Mains of Fedderate the affirmative. Mr. Milne made an able speech in favor of his side, pointing out the injury that would be done to small farmers and crofters, who depended mainly on their stock for a living, were Canadians admitted; but Mr. Godsman, who argued mainly on free trade theories, was one too many for him, and in the end carried the affirmative by a considerable majority. The great majority of those present were not farmers at all, but the vote shows how opinion may go even in this large cattle-breeding country."

How to Secure Good Lambs.

Begin with the ewes before the breeding season. For two or three weeks put them on better feed. The best I have found for this is rape pasture. Let the ewes run on the rape for an hour twice a day for the first few days until they get accustomed to it. This will put them in good flesh and in shape to raise strong lambs.

I always raise a few acres of turnips and these I feed regularly twice a day during the winter in connection with ground oats and bran. About a quart for each sheep with as much hay as they will eat up clean is sufficient. This care of the ewes during the winter gives to the lambs when they are dropped a large amount of milk. When the lambs are less than a week old they will begin to eat a little grain. The ewes must then be fed more liberally. I generally have a place where the lambs can be fed by themselves, and then give them ground oats and a little bran in the morning with cornmeal and bran at night. I always give a feed of roots during the day. By this method I have raised lambs which have dressed 78 pounds at thirteen weeks old. I always keep the following points in mind:—Give plenty of clean water, dip in late summer, keep clean and in a good dry barn, give regular attendance and feed.—J. Withers, in American Agriculturist.

Pigs and Cows.

The dairyman of to-day is of necessity a breeder of swine. The two go together so thoroughly that it would be a waste of good material and opportunity to neglect either. There can be no doubt that nature intended that the pigs should be the companion of the cows in the clover fields. But more than that, the swine should be fed on the skim milk that comes from the dairy. Pigs and shoats will thrive on this skim milk as on nothing else. The milk fed in this way will yield a larger profit than if sold in the ordinary market, where only a few cents a quart can be obtained, and often not that. The waste of time and material in trying to find a good market for skim milk is the most discouraging feature of the dairy business. Many a man has been induced to leave the business entirely on account of this. After settling up his accounts for the year he has found that he was actually no gainer for the year's work.

The only actually sure way of making money is to have a well organized dairy and pig farm. Enough of the latter should be kept at all times to consume the skim milk. By rapid growing and selling, turning the money over quickly, a good profit can be made for every quart of skim milk fed. Some keep their pigs too long. It is better to sell them as young pigs than to wait until they are so fat that few want them. A good healthy pig, with plenty of lean and fat on his sides, will usually sell better than the excessively fat hogs. The clover and grass will always help to make the pigs grow, and on a diet of good clover and plenty of skim milk there is no danger of hog cholera or other swine diseases in the hottest of weather. Corn and dry grain are the breeders of disease and illness in hogs during the summer. The hog cholera is undoubtedly the produce of over-heated blood, superinduced by heavy corn and grain feeding. We cannot stamp out the disease until we change the diet. Let that be skim milk and green clover and grass from June 1 until the end of September, and any man can raise as fine a flock of clean, healthy swine as any market man could ask for. And the market for such animals —A. B. Barrett, in Indiana Farmer.
s always ready, with prices far more constant than for most farm products.

The Veal Age.

"This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Jack, Goch & Co. 85 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 33 per cent. write in the colonial style.—[illegible]"

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid. on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

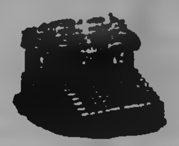
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS



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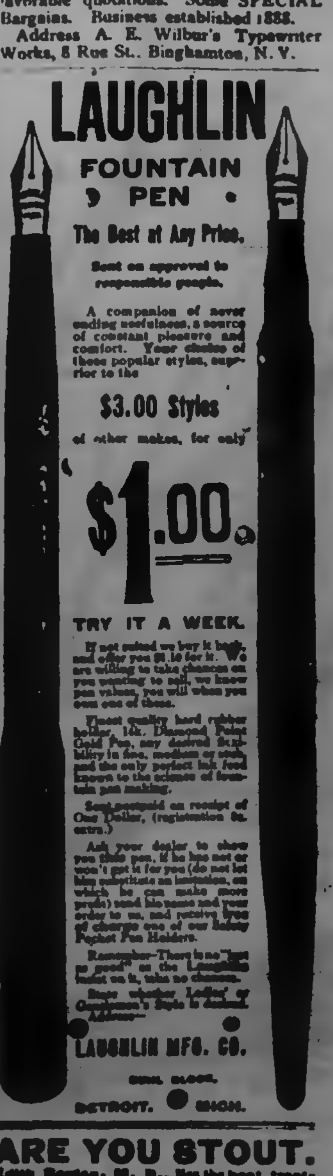

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The Best at Any Price.
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of other makes, for only
$1.00
TRY IT A WEEK.
If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.
Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.
Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)
Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.
Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin; insist on it, take no chances.
State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired.
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DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

Our New Book uo Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 14, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—There was no police court on Saturday.

—The market on Saturday was not large.

—Work will be resumed at the lift lock to-day.

—The Y.M.C.A. held a Gospel meeting for young women, on Saturday evening.

—Mr. J. Halpany and his trained dog was a feature of the show the other night.

—A few cans of Maple syrup were sold for good prices on the market on Saturday.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of the Y.W.C.A. will be held this afternoon at 3.30.

—Master Reggie Deacon, the wonderful boy singer sang at the evening service in St. John's church yesterday.

The Vatricans have called a meeting for Tuesday evening, at the Oriental Hotel. Important business will be transacted.

—It is rumored in local marine circles that negotiations for the sale and purchase of the steamer Empress, are in progress.

—The Department of Fisheries will expend $2,000 this season in restocking the inland waters of this district with bass and trout.

—Messrs. Madill Bros. have sold the Lakefield Electric Light Works to Farrar Bros., of Parry Sound, who intend to instal an up-to-date alternating system.

—The Ladies' Aid Society in connection with St. Andrew's church will hold their anniversary concert on the evening of Monday, May 5th.

—The Mens' Guild of St. Luke's church will entertain the members of St. Andrew's Mens' Guild in St. Luke's Sunday school room, this evening.

—The appeal in the case Jory vs. Jory has been going on at the County Judge's criminal court for the past two days. His Honor Judge Ketchum presiding.

—Whitan makes the best crayon work in town. When you want large work done take your small pictures to Whitan. He will make work to suit you. Studio 158 Hunter street, west.

—A purse which was found about a year ago, still awaits an owner at the Police Station. Shortly before the purse was turned over to the police a lady enquired for the purse, but has made no enquiry since. She can now now obtain it if she will apply at the police station.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mrs. H. B. Rye, of Toronto, is visiting relatives in town.

—Thos. J. Wilkie, Toronto, is one of the latest arrivals at the Morgan House.

—Miss Jessie Quinn, of Cobourg, is visiting at Bridgenorth, the guest of her cousin, Miss Lizzie Quinn.

—Mrs. W. A. Sanderson and Mrs. C. B. McAllister were in Toronto last week attending the horse show.

—Mr. George E. T. Sherry, of the Union Bank staff, Norwood, has been transferred to the branch at Yorkton, Assa.

—Captain Maurice Lane, the captain of the steamer, City of Peterborough, spent Saturday in town.

—Mrs. T. H. Graham, of Smith's Falls, who has been visiting in town for the past month, returned to her home on Saturday.

—Mr. D. Hughes Charles, Manager of the local branch, of the Bank of Commerce, was in Toronto for a day or two last week attending the horse show.

—Lorne C. McClure, of Toronto, is in town on a business trip. He is a guest at the Morgan House.

—Rev J. G. Wilson, the new assistant Pastor, of St. Paul's Church, preached in that church at the evening service last night.

—Miss Emma Howden, of town, is one of the young ladies who will receive her diploma at the graduating exercises of the Kingston General Hospital this evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dan Foley, left on Saturday for Jubilee Point, Mr. Foley will have charge of the hotel this summer. His many friends will wish him every success in his new venture.

Take a Pointer Boys

A number of boys whose ages range from about 15 to 12 years, make it a custom to congregate on Water street, near Hunter on Sunday evening's, and make the locality resound with their howls jig-dancing etc. The police would do well to keep an eye on these embryo rowdies.

The Fortnightly Club

Two meetings of the Fortnightly Club will be held in the near future. On April 29th, the meeting will be addressed by Mr. H. D. Burnett, and the other meeting to be held later, will be addressed by Mr. D. O'Connell.

"Daddy's" the Engineer

Engineer Julius Dabby Boyers, of Everett, will be at the throttle on the steamer "City of Peterborough," this season. The vessel is being thoroughly overhauled, preparatory to commencing the season's work. It is expected that she will be "in the water" in about a week.

Teachers for South Africa

Misses McFarlane and Tenny, of this town left at midnight, Saturday, to join the corps of Canadian teachers at Halifax for South Africa. The young ladies received a hearty, and well-deserved send-off from a large number of friends.

Toothache Cured in One Minute

Saturate some batting with Polson's Nerviline and place in the cavity of the tooth. Rub the painful part of the face with Nerviline, bind in a hot flannel, and the toothache will disappear immediately. Nerviline is a splendid household remedy for cramps, indigestion, summer complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia and toothache. Powerful, penetrating, safe and pleasant for internal and external use. Price 25c. Try Nerviline.

Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills for biliousness.

MILITARY NOTES

Recruiting for the fourth Canadian Contingent will be commenced to-morrow morning at nine o'clock at the DrillShed. As there is no limit set for the quota from here there should be a large number taken on. All those wishing to enlist should be at the shed on Tuesday at nine o'clock sharp. Surgeon-Major Young of the 3rd Dragoons will be Medical Examiner at Lt. Col. D. Sutton, recruiting officer.

The regular weekly drill of the 57th Regiment will be held to-morrow evening. There will altogether be a march out. A large number of recruits have been taken on during the past two weeks.

The 14th field Battery will start drill during the next two weeks. There is a great deal of interest being taken in the Battery and judging from present appearances the sections with head-quarters here will be up to their full strength in a short time.

CHURCH NOTES

—At St. John's Church yesterday three services were held, Holy Communion in the morning at 8, Morning Prayer and sermon at 11, Evening service at 7. The services were conducted by the Rector Rev. J. C Davidson.

—At St. Luke's Church, three services were held yesterday. Holy Communion at 8, Morning Prayer and sermon at 11. Evening service at 7. Rev. G. Warren, M.A., of Lakefield, conducted the services in the absence of the Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt.

—At All Saint's services were held yesterday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The subject of the sermon in the morning was, St. Paul's second Epistle to the Corinthians," in the evening "A Disciple but Secretly" The services were conducted by Rev. W. L. Armitage. The adjourned vestry meeting will be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

—At St. Paul's Church yesterday the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was dispensed at the morning service. Rev. Dr. Torrance occupied the pulpit at the morning service. The evening service was conducted by Rev. J. G. Wilson, Assistant Pastor.

—At the George Street Methodist church the services yesterday were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson.

—At the Charlotte Street Methodist church, the services were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. D. O. Crowsley.

—At the Murray street Baptist church, the services were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Dastow. The subject of the morning service, was the "Observance of the Sabbath" and in the evening, "Entering the Kingdom as a Little Child. The sermons were preached in a very forcible manner and were appreciated by the large congregations.

—At St. Andrews church, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was dispensed at the morning service. The pulpit was occupied by the Pastor, Rev. J. G. Potter.

Will Peterboro Have a Team in the C.L.A.?

Are the Lacrosse loving people of Peterborough going to allow the game to be at a deadlock again this season? The present outlook for entering a team in the C.L.A. is not very gratifying.

About four weeks ago the Vaticans called a meeting and organized, and a few nights later the Peterborough Lacrosse team called for a meeting of Lacrosse enthusiasts to meet in the Y.M.C.A., the Vaticans sending representatives.

A Club was organized and after considerable discussion it was decided upon to enter a team in the C.L.A. This seems to be as far as they have proceeded and practically matters have been allowed to drop and nothing more done to revive the game.

Surely Peterborough is not going to take a back seat in Lacrosse, "Canada's National Game" We have the material to put a winning team in the field for championship honors — with such men as McCabe and Glover, who were the main stays of the Port Hope team last season, and Dunsford, Lynch, and numerous others Peterborough should rank as one, if not the strongest teams in the Intermediate series. The question of grounds seems to be the only draw back or excuse offered, and as for putting the game away for another season, as it has been for the last three or four years, will practically bury the game, and the longer Lacrosse enthusiasts allow this state of affairs to continue the more difficult it will be to bring the game to life again. If Peterborough can support Rugby and Cricket teams why can she not support a Lacrosse team? A game that will draw large crowds and more gate receipts than either Cricket or Rugby, and with less travelling expenses, as the matches are played nearer home than the Rugby Clubs.

A more opportune time to put Lacrosse on its old standing can not be had. The Vaticans have called a meeting for Tuesday night in the Oriental Hotel and are determined to make Lacrosse the game of the season. With a little hard work, and the help that can be obtained by donations to the interests of the game "Lacrosse" should make such a hit this season that it will no longer be a question of doubt as to the ability of Peterborough supporting a winning Lacrosse team in the C.L.A. A large crowd is looked for at the meeting on Tuesday night.

LONDON HIRING OUTSIDERS.

One new name has been added to the list of players of the London Lacrosse Club. A signed contract was received this morning. This makes six players in all under contract so far. Secretary Hawkshaw stated this morning that they had applications from over a hundred players.

"But they must go to work if they come to London," said the Secretary.

Hired Lacrosse players are dropping off trains at every station where Lacrosse is known. Occasionally one such looks out of the car window while passing Stratford, but he hears the little German band playing that grand new song, "Our Team's All Our Own," and passes regretfully on and drops off at London.

Nervous and Sleepless

There is just one cure and that is plenty of food for the blood and nerves, which is best supplied in Ferrozone, than which no blood builder, nerve tonic or strength producer is better. Ferrozone promotes healthy digestion, which results in improved nutrition. The blood grows rich and red, furnishes stability to the entire system, and the store of nerve force and energy increases daily. A rebuilding of the constitution, new spirits, health and strength, all come from the use of Ferrozone. This marvelous renovator is sold by druggists for 50c. a box, or six boxes for $2.50. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

MAKING MONEY TOO FAST.

Thrilling Experience of a Peterborough Railway Man in the West

It was in the back parlor of the Snowden House. The genial proprietor had just loaded his corn cob and was clearing his throat preparatory to once more telling the story of the accident he met with at Calamity canal, when Conductor Fred Haskell entered. Now, Fred is popular with everybody, and always has something new to relate, of his own personal experience.

"When I was railroading out west," Fred began, as he reached over and pulled a cigar out of Mr. Snowden's vest pocket, "I had an experience which I will never forget. We picked up a new Irishman somewhere up-country and set him to work braking on a construction train at three cents a mile for wages. One day when him and me was on the train, she got away on one of them mountain grades, and the first thing we knowed she was flying down the track at about ninety miles an hour, with nothing in sight but the ditch and the happy hunting grounds when we come to the end. I twisted em down as hard as I could all along the tops, and then of a sudden I see Mike crawling along toward the end of one of the cars on all fours, with his face the color of milk. I thought he was getting ready to jump, and I see his finish if he did.

"'Mike,' I says, 'for God's sake don't jump.'

"He clamps his fingers on the running board to give him a chance to turn round, and looking at me contemptuous, answers:

"'Jump is it? Do yez think I'd be afther jumpin' an' me makin' money as fast as I am?'"

STOPS THE COUGH

AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

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A Last Call

A last notice is hereby given that all accounts due The Times Printing Company must be paid forthwith to save costs. All subscription accounts due for the daily and for the weekly must be settled to the end of last year. This is a last call.

Times Printing Co.,
Peterborough.

SENSATIONS IN DROWNING

A contemporary publishes an account of a certain well known provincial lawyer who was drowned, but who refused to stay drowned. The lawyer has filed a denial of the popular belief that before a drowning man sinks into a pleasant dreamlike state and total unconsciousness all the events of his life pass in quick review through his mind. His account of his sensations is meagre, and he makes no note of acute suffering such as the impossibility of breathing might be supposed to cause, at least for a moment. Most persons who have dived deep have had a feeling of suffocation and distress, and it is reasonable to think this would become excruciating if prolonged a few seconds. Evidently, however, this sensation passes quickly away, else it would be the most vivid of all a drowned man's recollections. The lawyer does not refer to it at all, and neither did a member of Parliament who was drowned at a summer resort a year or two ago and who was brought back to life by artifical respiration. The latter said he had not suffered much; that there was no feeling of horror, no passing in review of those acts of a lifetime which are calculated to make a conscience howl. He had felt a great weight on his body, a tremendous beating on his eardrums and a sense of fullness from having swallowed so much of the lake—after which he went to sleep.

Probably drowning affects different persons differently. Perhaps a person with an aggressive conscience, who has not been hardened by the practice of the law, or by two or three terms in Parliament, may recall in an instant all the important and trivial incidents of his career. The excitement of being drowned may make the mind act quickly. How quickly the stored-up impressions of a lifetime may be forced into consciousness we may imagine from experience with dreams. There is a knock at the door to arouse a sleeper, and in a second or two he becomes conscious and replies; yet in that second or two he may have a dream (caused by the knock) the events of which would occupy a day, and the mere recital of which would take an hour.

There is one unfathomable mystery about which neither of these drowned men tells us anything. This concerns the place and condition of his conscious spirit during the half hour which elapsed between the drowning and the resuscitation. All the functions of life had ceased. In each case the man was practically dead—wholly unconscious of the outer world. It is the same with a man felled by a blow on the head. He may remain unconscious for hours, or even days, and when his senses become active again there is no record in his mind of the period of lifelessness. A curious case is reported in surgical annals. A man was kicked in the head by his horse "Tom." As the animal raised its feet the man cried "Whoa!" and then he was struck. Hours later the surgeons lifted a piece of the skull which pressed on the brain, and the man completed his cry with—"there, Tom!" In other words, he took up life exactly where he left off.

Items of News

London, April 12.— Both the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, and the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, attended the Cabinet council held at the ForeignOffice at noon to-day. Prior to the meeting of the Ministers, representatives of the Bank of England had a conference with the Chancellor of the Exchequer, indicating that the budget was a prominent subject of discussion by the Ministers, especially as to the best means of issuing a war loan.

LORD ROBERTS LONG WAIT.

London, 13.—"My Lord,—For nineteen years I have led an abstemious life in the hope of this day."

Such was the remarkable answer of Lord Roberts to Lord Lansdowne's request that he should go to South Africa to take supreme command in December, 1899.

It is published for the first time in the fourth volume of Mr. J. MacLaren Cobban's "Life of Lord Roberts." Commenting upon it the author says:

"It is as remarkable for what it implies or suggests as for what it expresses. It suggests that the peace patched up by Mr. Gladstone after Majuba had had to Lord Roberts' mind from the first no element of permanence, that it was merely a postponement of the issue which would have to be fought out between Briton and Boer. It implies that for nineteen years Lord Roberts had lived in the sure and unshaken belief that when the inevitable crisis did come in South Africa affairs he would be summoned to be the leader of the British hosts.

"That the Government did not thus summon him in the beginning of October instead of at the end of December is but evidence that the gravity of the military situation had not been apprehended by those responsible for the conduct of the nation's business, who at first appointed to the chief command a general of no particular military reputation in place of the 'organizer of victory in India.'"

PING-PONG BALL SECRETS.

London, April 12.— One of our trade secrets has remained undiscovered by the Americans, viz., how to produce xylonite ping-pong balls absolutely round. The British maker holds this secret very tight, and as a result exports gigantic quantities of the balls to the United States, where the game is in the full height of popular favor.

The demand is such that no balls are kept in stock, every day the output of about 300 gross being sent direct from the factory. A week's output represents over £1,000. Since the game was invented some 5,000,000 balls have been turned out in London.

QUEER WORK FOR A DUCHESS.

London, April 14.—The Duchess of Sutherland, while in Russia with the Duchess of Marlborough, acted as a drummer on behalf of the Highland cotters. She took with her to St. Petersburg and Moscow several trunks packed with samples of the tweeds made by scotch peasants, and, spreading out the goods like a regular commercial traveller, invited the leading tailors there to examine and buy them. She believes her action will result in opening a new market for the peasants.

MISS STONE SEES MOTHER.

Chelsea, Mass., April 12.— Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary, who returned here last night and spent the night at her brother's house, visited her aged mother just before noon.

The meeting was pathetic. The mother, who is over 80 years of age, and feeble, was cheered by the presence of her daughter. She said God had heard her prayers and permitted her to live to see her daughter again.

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The grandest remedy in the World because it never fails to cure

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Going and returning via direc U. S. lines.

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Going via Detroit and direct U. S. lines and returning via Vancouver and Canadian Pacific. For Federation of Women's Club at Los Angeles, Cal., May 1st to 8th. 1902. Tickets good going APRIL 19th to 26th, good for return until June 25th, 1902.

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for settlers and their effects will leave Toronto at 9 p. m. every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL. Write for copy of Settlers' Guide to your nearest Canadian Pacific Railway Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

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WANTED GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—BOTH SEXES — Wanted everywhere to handle new goods. Easy sales. Large profits. Write for catalogue. Crown Manufacturing Company, London.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711. 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 40c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

SHOT NEAR PORT HOPE.

Ottawa, April 12.—Five years ago death on the gallows stared Edward Prentice a young English farm lad, in the face. To-day he is at liberty and on route home to England to his friends.

Prentice was employed on a farm near Port Hope. He quarrelled with a neighboring farmer's son over a rail, and a fight took place. The farmer took up his son's quarrel, and Prentice, lying in wait behind a fence, shot him dead. He was tried and was sentenced to be hanged. This sentence was, however, commuted to life imprisonment.

During this week, upon a favorable report from the judge who tried the case, Prentice was pardoned by the Minister of Justice.

PRISONER KILLS POLICE.

Cumberland, Md., April 12.— Chief of Police John Marstellar of Elkins was shot dead to-day by a man named Davis, whom Marstellar had arrested.

The shooting occurred while Davis was being taken to jail. Someone handed Davis the pistol which he shot the officer. Excitement runs high and there is talk of lynching.

TO PROTECT BIG GAME.

Pretoria, April 12.—At the present time, many valuable species of big game in South Africa are threatened with total extinction—for instance, the conteboek, the koodoo, the black wildebeest, the bushbuck, the oribi, and others. It is proposed, in view of the necessity for immediate action, to establish regulations upon strict drastic lines for their preservation.

It is suggested that camps should be formed on all the experimental farms which will be shortly established, in connection with the Agricultural Department, to be set apart for the purpose of breeding certain species of game, in order that South Africa may be restocked. The Zoological Society of the Transvaal is anxious to induce the Administration to take immediate active steps and have the Sabi Reserve proclaimed and well guarded. It is hoped that Rhodesia, Orange Colony, Bechuanaland, Cape Colony, and Natal will co-operate in furthering this important work, for unless preserves are made and kept very soon the interesting fauna which may now be preserved will be gone for ever.

WHY BOERS REFUSE PAROLE

London, April 12.—To a British friend who pointed out the folly of the Boer prisoners at Umballa in forfeiting their chance of a cool healthy climate during the summer months, one old man said, "Our kinsmen are in the field enduring all kinds of hardships and privations. Some of our sons are there also. Is this a time for us to be signing parole and humbling ourselves for the sake of making life more comfortable? No, we are not comfortable, but we have everything we need to keep us fit and healthy. Let those who have taken us prisoners make their own arrangements." This is the answer in different forms all through the camp, and from this position the prisoners will not move. To the authorities they give no explanation, and their [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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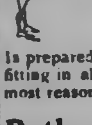

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VOL. 28 NO. 88 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 15 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE BRITISH ARE BUSY WITH THE WILY BOERS

Kitchener Reports Some Pretty Severe Fighting As Occurring at the Latter Part of Last Week.

Special to The Times.

London, April 14. — News of severe fighting in the Transvaal at the end of last week has been sent by Lord Kitchener, who reports that about two hundred Boers were killed, wounded, or captured. There were about a hundred British casualties.

The British also captured three guns and a considerable quantity of supplies.

Commandant Potgieter was among the Boers killed.

Colebrander's Operations.

Lord Kitchener, in a despatch dated from Pretoria, Sunday, April 13, recounts how Colonel Colebrander, after locating Commandant Beyer's laager at Pael Kop, moved his force, force, by different routes, from Pietersburg, Transvaal Colony, blocking the principal lines of retreat. The fighting commenced April 8, when the Inniskilling Fusileers attacked Molippoort, covering the Boer position, and by dusk had seized a hill eastward of the Poort, after considerable opposition, resulting in Colonel Murray being wounded, and Lieutenant Lincoln being killed. An officer and five men were wounded.

Since then the operations continued daily. Colenbrander's latest report, April 12, gave the Boer losses in killed, wounded or prisoners, at 106 men. The Colonel hoped to be able to report further captures.

Ian Hamilton's Good Work.

The most severe fighting occurred on April 11, in Western Transvaal, where General Methuen in command of the British troops. The Boers attacked Colonel Kekewich's force near Roywal, and fighting at close quarters ensued. The Boers were repulsed, leaving on the field 44 men killed, including Commandant Potgieter and 34 wounded. The British captured 20 unwounded prisoners.

According to last accounts, General Ian Hamilton was pursuing the remainder of the Boer commands. The British losses in this fight were six men killed and fifty-two wounded.

At the beginning of the pursuit Col. Kekewich captured two guns, a pom-pom, a quantity of ammunition, and a number of wagons.

British Patrol Taken.

A force of Boers recently overwhelmed a strong British patrol sent out from Bulfontein, Orange River Colony, to clear distant farms. An officer and two men were killed, fourteen men were wounded, and the remaining members of the patrol were surrounded and captured. Lord Kitchener mentions holding an inquiry into this reverse.

STRONG HOPES BUILT ON A SLIGHT BASIS

Boer Leaders Said to Have Merely Asked for Use of the Cable from Lord Kitchener to Communicate with Kruger

Special to The Times.

London, April 14.—It is said that the communication of the Boer leaders to Lord Kitchener amounted to little more than a request for permission to use the cable in consulting Mr. Kruger and the Boer delegates in Europe regarding a basis for a peace settlement.

There is a distinctly hopeful feeling in official quarters.

Replying in the House of Commons today to the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, who asked whether any terms of peace had been suggested by the Boer leaders in South Africa, the Government leader, A. J. Balfour, said it was impossible, at present, to say more than that a message had been received Saturday from the Boer leaders through Lord Kitchener, and that a reply had been sent to them. Further communication was expected.

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ITALY AND SWITZERLAND.

The Trouble Between the Two Countries not Yet Settled

Switzerland Refuses to Give Satisfaction for Its Insult

Special to The Times.

Berne, Switzerland, April 15 — The trouble between Switzerland and Italy is not yet settled. The Bundesrath has sent the following communication to parliament: "Regrettable misunderstandings have occurred between us and Signor Silvestrelli, the Italian minister. We have felt constrained to request the Italian Government of the two countries to recall Signor Silvestrelli. The Italian government having refused to do so, we broke off relations with Signor Silvestrelli, whereupon the Italian government, on its part, has now broken off relations with our minister at Rome. We shall publish the documents relating to this conflict."

The article which led to the differences appeared in an anarchist sheet published in Geneva. Signor Silvestrelli demanded that the authorities prosecute the paper, but the Swiss government replied that it could not act without a complaint being formally lodged by the Italian government. Italy declined to adopt this course, and the correspondence became acrimonious, leading finally to the rupture of diplomatic relations.

Items of Interest

ITALY TO GET TRIPOLI!

Rome, April 14.—A fierce agitation is proceeding in Italy against the supposed intention of The Government to send an expedition to Tripoli. The agitation is being engineered by the Socialists and Republicans and meetings of protest have been held in most of the large towns.

The majority favors the project on the assumption that it can be accomplished without much risk, and nine-tenths of the Italian newspapers vehemently support it. As a matter of fact, the Italian Government has practically abandoned the idea of an armed expedition, it now being understood that the object desired may be acquired without violence.

The story goes that the German Emperor, with a view to countering on the Francophiles in Italy, promised to use his influence at Constantinople to induce the Sultan to grant Italy a lease of Tripoli, which, of course, is an euphemism for cession, and that Italy is prepared to pay up to 100,000,000 francs to the Sultan. The sovereignty of the Porte would be nominally preserved as in Egypt.

SENT $100 BY AN ADMIRER.

Rome, April 13.—Musolino, the notorious bandit, has received in the prison at Lucca a cheque for $100 drawn on the National Bank of New York, and signed "Mortimer Bakopp." The envelope bears the New York postmark. Musolino was astonished, and can form no guess as to who the sender is. His trial will begin at Lucca to-morrow.

$150,000,000 WAR LOAN

London, Monday, April 14.—According to the Daily Telegraph, the consensus of opinion in Stock Exchange and banking circles is that the Government will need a loan of about £30,000,000 to cover the year's requirements, and it is surmised that power will be asked from Parliament for the creation of a further £40,000,000 founded debt, of which amount £20,000,000 to £30,000,000 will be issued forthwith. The city would like, says the Telegraph, a guaranteed three per cent. Transvaal loan, but such a loan is not generally expected.

REBELLION IN GOA.

Bombay, April 14.—Another revolt against the Portuguese has broken out at Goa, the colony of Portugal, on the west coast of India. The leader of the Mahratta land-owners has taken up arms, with five thousand followers, who have burned the military barracks at Valpoy, where some soldiers were killed.

TROOPS FOR FRENCH CONGO

Paris, April 14.—The Minister of the Colonies, M. Decrais, has ordered reinforcements to be sent to the scene of the troubles in the French Congo, as the result of a despatch which he received confirming the report of a revolt of natives in the Sangha district.

The Paris manager of the Sangha Company, in an interview, attributes the outbreak to the fact that the fanaticism of the natives has been aroused by human sacrifices, which were extensively celebrated recently. In October last signs of trouble were noticed, and the local manager vainly asked for assistance from the authorities. The Paris manager adds that the natives are well armed with modern rifles, obtained from foreign traders in exchange for ivory and rubber.

CRIMEAN VETERAN DEAD

London, Ont., April 13. — Ex-Police Sergeant James Crawford died here very suddenly at noon to-day, of convulsions. Deceased was born at Woolwich, England, 67 years ago. He fought at Sebastopol and other places in the Crimea and was at the front during the Fenian troubles of 1866. He served for years on the London police force, and lived here altogether over half a century. He was also chief of Galt for a time. Of late he served as a county constable, and was on duty Saturday. The surviving family are Mrs. A. H. Clinger, city; "Jack" at the Soo; Dr. Walter, in England; and Rev. Ed., missionary in East Africa.

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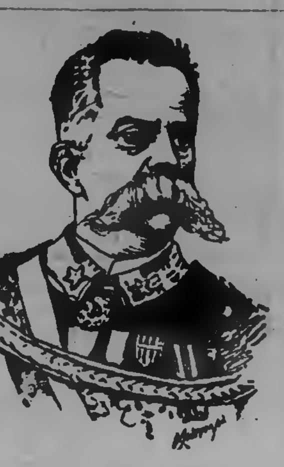

THE LATE KING HUMBERT. OF ITALY

REPRIEVE ARRIVED TOO LATE

Governor of Missouri Did Not Act Promptly Enough and Execution was Carried Out

Special to The Times

St. Louis, April 11.—A reprieve granted by Governor Dockery was received just 35 minutes too late to prevent the execution of Henry Flutcher, colored, at 6.10 o'clock this morning. During an altercation August 27, 1900, Flutcher shot and killed Louis Roth, aged 16 years. He was sentenced to be hanged between 6 a.m., and 6 p.m. to-day. Preparations for the hanging had almost been completed when Circuit Attorney Folk, at 11 o'clock last night, telegraphed Governor Dockery, at Jefferson City, recommending a ten days' reprieve to investigate more fully some testimony to the effect that Flutcher acted in self-defence when he killed Roth.

At 2 a.m. a message was received from the telegraph office at Jefferson City as follows: "Yours to A. M. Dockery, signed Folk, received. Messenger reports Governor would not come to door, stuck his head out of second story window, asked 'What's wanted?' Messenger told him nature of message. He told messenger to put it under door; made no reply."

This message was opened by Sheriff Dickmann, as Attorney Folk had gone home. He telephoned to the Attorney, and both concluded that this ended the matter. Flutcher was told, and did not express any expectation of a respite.

At 5.50 Sheriff Dickmann told the condemned boy to prepare for the march to the gallows. The boy walked with steady step, and before the black cap was adjusted, made a short speech, in which he declared that he fired the shot that killed Roth, but that he had no other intention than to disarm his assailant. He spoke for three minutes and then waved a good-bye to those assembled, and turned to the Sheriff. A minister stepped forward and made a final prayer. Immediately after, at 6.10 o'clock, the trap was sprung, and Flutcher's neck was broken in the drop. A formal inquest was held, and the body was turned over to the family, when a message was received at 6.45 o'clock from Governor Dockery saying: "I have granted a respite of fifteen days in case of Henry Flutcher, to be hanged to-day. Stay execution. Answer."

Deputy Sheriff Bilharts, who received and opened the telegram containing the reprieve from the Governor, said that the message was received by him twenty minutes after it had been filed in Jefferson City. It came to the Western Union office on Eighth st., and was delivered by a messenger who had run the entire distance of six blocks to the Four Courts where the execution took place.

Circuit Attorney Folk said: "There can be no doubt as to Flutcher's guilt. He was given a fair trial before an impartial jury, and his case was fully examined by the Supreme Court. When Detectives McNeil and Harrington came to my house last night at eleven o'clock and reported they had just discovered witnesses, who, it was alleged, through fear, had been restrained from appearing at the trial, I thought best, as a matter of caution, to ask the Governor for a respite of ten days, until I could fully investigate and examine these witnesses."

THE GOVERNOR'S EXPLANATION.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 13.—Governor Dockery to-day declined to discuss the time of receiving Circuit Attorney Folk's telegram regarding Flutcher, but says he did not decide until an early hour this morning to grant a respite. The Governor says he went down stairs to get Folk's message, and read it at 12.30 this morning, but that he did not decide to act until 5.55 this morning. He at once wired Sheriff Dickmann, and also telephoned him to stay the execution, the order, he says, being sent at 6 o'clock. The telegram reached St. Louis 35 minutes too late, and the telephone message ten minutes too late. Governor Dockery stated that Flutcher should have been executed, and that the respite could only have operated to stay the execution a few days.

APPEAL FOR AID

Gov. Yates' Boer Relief Fund Committee Requests Cash

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 14 — The Gov. Yates Boer relief fund committee on Saturday issued an appeal to the public.

In the appeal the committee says: "We desire to collect five million checks and drafts of $1 each, from all parts of the United States, payable to Theodore Roosevelt, to be used by him for such aid as he may be able to render the people, and as a practical and beneficent demonstration of the sympathy of the people of America for these reconcentrado camp sufferers. These checks and drafts should be sent to Peter Van Vlissingen, 172 East Washington street, Chicago.

The appeal is signed by Edward F. Dunne, Carter H. Harrison and Peter Van Vlissingen.

THE WAR SITUATION AS IT REALLY EXISTS

Britain Will Not Weaken in Her Efforts to Make Peace

WOLSLEY'S VISIT TO AFRICA

Not One Shred of Their Former Independence Will be Allowed—The War Goes Merrily on.

Special to The Times.

London, April 15 — In the face of the endeavors of pro-Boer organs to create an impression that Britain is weakening in her determination to continue the war in South Africa until the dream of the Afrikander Bond is finally dispelled, it is necessary to constantly refute the numerous rumours which gain currency. In the first place it is perhaps inaccurate to say that actual negotiations are taking place, either between diplomats favorable to the Boer cause in Europe and the British Cabinet, or between Lord Kitchener and the so-called Boer Governments in South Africa; our authority for this denial is the official statements made in the British Parliament this very week. All that Lord Kitchener has been authorized to do is to facilitate interviews between Schalkburgher and his civilian colleagues with their scattered friends who are still able to retain a following upon the warpath. The story that Lord Wolseley had a mission from the King to report and to negotiate behind the back of his constitutional advisers had no sooner received its quietus than it is replaced by a rumor that Lord Rosebery is going upon a similar mission. Probably the latter will scarcely take the trouble to contradict the report, which the ex Commander in Chief did when, upon embarking on board the Walmer Castle, at Southampton, he said: "I am going to the Cape upon strictly personal business, and may possibly return to England on this steamer's homeward trip."

The British position really remains as it was defined by Lord Salisbury at the time when Holland attempted to intervene. The Premier then said he would never be a party to any negotiations which would aim at restoring to the late Transvaal and Orange Free States "one shred of their former independence." After all, though rarely named in connection with the war, it is Lord Salisbury who is "the man at the wheel," and, having kept the ring clear so successfully for three years, we can quite believe that he has no intention of now surrendering to any Boer bluffing. Sir Gordon Sprigg, the Premier of the Cape Colony, tells us that the war will not actually be over until the last individual commando in the field has been broken up. If any additional proof is needed of the unswerving determination of the Home Government and the Colonial Administrations in South Africa, it will be best found in the Budget statement which the Chancellor of the Exchequer is to make next Monday, when it will be seen that provision has been made for carrying on the struggle with undiminished energy during the year which ends on March 31st, 1903.

PRINCE GOING TO INDIA

He Will Sit at the Big Durbar of Indian Rulers and Princes

Special to The Times.

London, April 14. — The Prince of Wales has not yet made any plans to visit the United States." This is the statement made by Sir William Carrington, Controller of his household. He says the Prince, who is now in Copenhagen, will probably go to India to attend the big Durbar of Indian rulers and princes in January.

READY FOR BATTLE

Venezuelan Insurgents to Fight and Rising to Follow

Special to The Times.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, April 14. — News has reached here that Government troops, to the number of 1,500, under the command of General Velutini, Minister of the Interior, left Piritu, a small village on the seashore near Barcelona, capital of the State of Bermudez, to engage the revolutionists, under the command of General Monagas, who are encamped fifteen miles from Piritu. A battle is expected between these forces to-day. If it be won by the revolutionists, the victory will be a signal for a general rising.

REVOLT IN FRENCH CONGO

Massacre of a Manager and Factory Pillaged—Local Militia Routed the Insurgents

Special to The Times.

Paris, April 15.—The Minister of the Colonies, M. Decrais, has received a despatch confirming the report of a revolt of natives in the Sangha district of the French Congo. A body of natives attacked the French Company factory on the river Sangha, murdered the manager, and also burned and pillaged another factory. The local militia defeated the rebels. Reinforcements of Senegalese troops were despatched to the scene of the trouble. According to advices received by the Journal, the natives employed at the French factory were also massacred, and goods valued at 150,000 francs were pillaged. This report states that the rebels, who are cannibals, marched later on to attack other factories. It is feared that many persons have been killed.

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MOB THROWS ACID AND TROOPS FIRE TO KILL

Belgian Rioting Has Become Savage and Many Victims Being Reported--Disorder Said to be Spreading

Special to The Times.

Brussels, April 15.—There were no serious disturbances here throughout Saturday, with the exception of a few cases where revolvers were fired, but at 10.30 o'clock Saturday night there was an affray between the gendarmerie and the rioters, which is described as worse than any of the disorders and riots in 1893 and 1889.

A mob had assembled in the Rue Haute, near the Maison du Peuple, pelted the gendarmes with balls containing sulphuric acid, and attacked them with butchers' knives, shouting at the same time: "Long live the revolution and the Republic."

The gendarmes fired into the mob, and the fire was returned from revolvers in the hands of the people in windows. The number of casualties has not yet been ascertained, but it is feared that they have been extensive.

Later there was another collision between the mob and the police, in which one person was killed and several others injured.

The scenes in the neighborhood where the riots occurred were frightful. The mob was intensely excited, and the word "revolution" was freely pronounced on all sides.

Complete quiet prevailed here to-day. The ugly emeute of last night raised the gravest apprehension, and everybody feared that Sunday, being a holiday, would see a more serious manifestation. The day, however, was quieter than usual, owing partly to the fact that a considerable number of the respectable people, fearing a renewal of the rioting, left the city. The King spent the day at Ostend, having gone there this morning. The authorities have a firm grasp on the situation. Burgomaster Demot caused the city to be placarded with a dignified appeal against violence, but further measures were taken to guard against an outbreak. The city authorities, acting in conjunction with Gen. Verstrate, had 300 Civil Guards posted inside the Palais des Academies, 150 in the Cercle Artistique, 150 in the Hotel de Ville, and others in other places, including a flying squadron of cavalry, all of whom were at the service of the burgomaster.

THE ENTIRE ARMY NOW UNDER ARMS.

This afternoon Gen. Verstrate and his staff strolled through the streets, as did also the Count of Flanders, the King's brother. There was not the slightest demonstration. There were no signs of the extra police and military, all of whom were concealed from the public view, but ready at an instant's notice to proceed speedily to whatever point was deemed necessary.

At the present moment the entire forces of Belgium, numbering 85,000 men, are under arms.

During the afternoon a crowd never numbering more than a thousand people, consisting chiefly of curious sightseers, drifted round the Maison du Peuple, the Socialist centre, where a meeting was in progress.

After seven o'clock this evening the city was patrolled by a thousand Civil Guards. There was some groaning at the guards as they entered the Hotel de Ville in the evening, which was the only demonstration made.

After the breaking up of the meeting at the Maison du Peuple, those attending it and the small, drifting crowd in the vicinity, quietly dispersed. It was unanimously resolved at the meeting to abstain from violence. Some of the speakers recommended that a universal strike be inaugurated this week.

The appearance of quiet has not removed the alarm, and the situation is still regarded as being most serious. Yesterday and on previous occasions M. Van der Velde, the Socialist leader, and others were looked for recommending that the Socialists demonstrate without violence. To-night when the meeting at the Maison du Peuple was over every approach to the place was barred by the Civil Guards. They numbered eight hundred, and formed a double line about the building. Each man had ball cartridges and his bayonet fixed. The only persons allowed to pass the buildings were the patrols. Foot passengers, omnibuses, and tram cars were turned back. Many of the shops and houses have their windows and doors strongly barred, and some of the cabarets have had special shutters placed in position as a protection in the event of street fighting. Many doctors are in attendance day and night at the places where the military is stationed out of sight. Ambulances and members of the Red Cross are stationed outside the Maison du Peuple. The general feeling of calm is ominous rather than reassuring. The Government is ready to declare a state of seige. The chief anxiety, however, is felt regarding the country, especially the mining districts.

FURTHER DETAILS OF SATURDAY'S RIOTING.

The bloody repression of the disorders of yesterday evening has created a painful impression among all classes here. Yesterday for the first time the police fired their rifles loaded with ball cartridges. Previously they had used their swords and their revolvers, the latter usually loaded with blank cartridges. The rioters were the dregs of the population, with a sprinkling of what is called the young Socialist guard, made up of mere boys. The Maison du Peuple is situated on the upper slope of the hill. The central boulevard and most of the business portion of the city lies at the foot of this hill, while the Royal palace, the law courts, the Chamber of Deputies, and the Ministries stand upon the ridge. The quarter around the Maison du Peuple is the worst in the city. It is a perfect rookery of low-class dwellings, intersected by steep and narrow streets and malodorous alleys. The mob was mainly composed of the rough population of this quarter. The serious troubles began when a number of roughs when at a safe distance, fired revolvers in the direction of the police cordons. The gendarmes charged, firing revolvers loaded with blank cartridges; they were greeted with a hail of missiles, such as stones, bottles, and heavy iron rivets. This happened in several streets. An officer of the gendarmes ordered the crowd to disperse, but no notice was taken of this order. Then the gendarmes fired their Mauser carbines, loaded with what are called "strike cartridges," which contain a ball, but a minor charge of powder. The gendarmes fired only one volley, but, when the mob scattered, several bodies were lying on the ground. Two of the wounded were mortally hurt, and died while being conveyed to the hospital. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number of the victims of yesterday's rioting. The director of the Hospital of St. Pierre, however, stated this afternoon that three rioters had died in the hospital and another was believed to be mortally injured. Thirty people who are badly hurt were received at the hospital last night. Among the injured are many imprudent spectators of the rioting. A doctor, who was returning home after having visited patients, was caught between two bodies of charging gendarmes, and his nose was cut off with a sword. A woman was also among the injured. One of the men killed was the assistant secretary of the Socialist Jewelers' Union. Only one or two policemen were hurt.

At Antwerp everything is perfectly quiet. The Civic Guard has been discharged, and the police are guarding the dwellings of clerical deputies. There was another manifestation at Mons, but no casualties resulted. At Liege the Socialists paraded the streets and destroyed property.

A general strike of coal miners in the Charleroi district is ordered for Monday. Messrs. Boch Bros., crockery manufacturers at La Louviere, received yesterday morning a threatening letter, declaring that if work was not ceased the establishment would be wrecked with dynamite. The managers ordered all hands to quit the premises, and consequently work has ceased.

The threatening aspect of a mob, near the Maison du Peuple, at 11 o'clock to-night, caused the police and gendarmes to charge it, with the result that five of the demonstrators were wounded. One of the injured men will die. He received a bayonet thrust in the back. Sixteen arrests were made during the course of the evening.

ATTEMPT ON THE KING'S LIFE PLANNED.

London, Monday, April 14.—The Brussels correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that the Cabinet met Sunday at Laeken Castle, King Leopold presiding. It was decided to oppose vigorously the motion concerning universal suffrage to be laid before Parliament Wednesday. The Council agreed upon extraordinary measures in order to prevent further outbreaks. Other reports agree with that of The Morning Times correspondent that the King passed Sunday at Ostend.

A despatch to the Standard from Brussels says that King Leopold, the Liberal leaders, and several of the Clerical leaders recommend the immediate dissolution of Parliament, and the organization of a referendum on open suffrage as the only measure likely to set a limit the increasing effervescence, but the Ministry continues to observe a hesitating attitude.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says it appears certain that the agitation in Belgium was designed to coincide with an attempt at Biarritz on the life of the King of the Belgians. Happily, the plot was frustrated by the fact that King Leopold left Biarritz sooner than he originally expected.

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The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 15, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The United States naval attache at Berlin boasts that Emperor William has invited him to 47 breakfasts, dinners and lunches and calls him "Bill." This is real touching. Wait till he tries to reciprocate and the Kaiser will call him Down.

• • • •

The recent departure made by the London post offices in employing girls as well as boys for the express messenger service is meeting with great success. The girls prove more reliable than boys, and are quite as able to stand the strain of the work. There is no examination to be passed beyond the fact of knowing the locality thoroughly. All applicants must be over eighteen years of age, have good characters, be quick walkers and be thoroughly healthy. They are expected to walk with any message which lies within ten minutes' distance of the office to which they are attached. Beyond that radius either a bus or underground railway fare is allowed.

• • • •

Phil. Marquam, of Marquam, Ore., has been testing his theory of living in thin clothes. Marquam believes that clothes are an unnecessary evil, and for three years has been accustoming himself to living in light clothes all the year round, thereby hardening his system and his skin to resisting low temperatures. In Eastern Oregon he worked in the cold when the thermometer was ten degrees below zero, clad in cotton shirt and trousers, and experienced no ill effects. This, he contends, demonstrates his theory. He has so far suffered no ill-health as the result of his experiments.

UNINTENTIONAL YANKEE KINDNESS.

The pro-Boers of the United States are willing to go to almost any extreme in their efforts to handicap Great Britain in South Africa. Their dearest wish is to see the mother of nations defeated and humiliated. No story, no matter how ridiculous, how improbable it may be, is rejected, or even investigated, so long as it accuses Britain or British soldiers of brutal, cowardly or disgraceful conduct. Everything they can do to aid the Boers is done.

Sometimes, however, they overreach themselves in their hatred of the nation that gave them their existence, their country and the best of their laws. For instance Britain goes to enormous expense to maintain the Boer concentration camps in proper condition. She feeds the fugitives there collected on better food than her own soldiers are given. She pays medical men to attend to their physical health, and school teachers to dispel the dense ignorance that enclouds them. No other nation under the sun would treat such sullen, implacable and unreasoning enemies as the Boers in such manner.

Were the War Office unburdened by the necessity of supporting the thousands of Boer women, children and aged men (hundreds of whom have been taken to the concentration camps for safety by their relatives), the enormous sums devoted to this purpose every month could be used in prosecuting the war more vigorously.

Here is where the Yankee pro-Boer "gets his work in." The sum of $5,000 has been collected in the United States, and, by permission of the British authorities, sent to South Africa to be devoted towards the support of the fugitives in the camps. The secretary of the committee that collected the money states that the collection of a fund of $5,000,000 will be commenced immediately, and applied to the relief of the Boers.

The committee ought to receive every encouragement in prosecuting the work of freeing Britain's hands in this direction. We would suggest that the Yankee pro-Boers assume the entire cost of supporting the Boer fugitives. The good British gold that is now put to that purpose could then be used to stamp out the embers of war in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony more quickly and effectively.

THE BELL TELEPHONE BILL.

The Bell Telephone Company is pressing on its bill for the increase of its capital stock from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000. It was introduced in the senate a week ago and given its second reading and referred to the railway committee. It will be remembered that when Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick was waited on by a deputation representing the municipalities in reference to the other telephone bills before the house, he refused to commit himself to any assurance that the bill of the monopoly would be held over until next year. Senator Kirchhoffer in his speech introducing the bill in the senate gave as the reason for the increase in the capital stock that the farmers of the Northwest were crying for telephones and money was needed to extend the lines into the highways and byways of the prairie. This and the alleged cost of renewing plant in the large cities, which apparently is not done out of the enormous rates at present charged, are the only reasons made public as the reasons for the increase asked for. Last session the monopoly did not even condescend to give reasons.

In the face of the protest of the municipalities the Fitzpatrick and Maclean telephone bills have been held over till next year and it is only proper that the Bell Telephone Company's application for an increase of stock should be held over until the public see what the terms of the government bill will be. There is no consideration coming to the Bell Telephone monopoly from the people of Canada. That monopoly has gouged and bulldozed and imposed on the people and the municipalities to the full extent. Before the Bell Telephone Company is granted any more favors in Canada the people want to see that they are protected against the monopoly and that they are secured in some rights which the arrogant corporation is bound to respect. The municipalities should demand that the Bell Telephone Company's bill be held over with the others until next year, and that then any favors from Parliament, which as the people of Canada, shall be granted only after a satisfactory basis of arrangement has been reached. The senate knocked the bill out last session and it will serve the people of Canada equally well if it insist on the measure being held over another year.—Ottawa Citizen.

NEW CUSTOMERS TO BE LOOKED AFTER

Seven thousand immigrants from the British Isles and 30,000 from the United States are the inside figures mentioned by a Winnipeg correspondent for this year. He adds that "these figures are sufficiently remarkable to attract attention without destroying their value by exaggeration. They furnish a series of propositions in mathematics that railway builders, elevator men, merchants, and those engaged in industrial enterprise are trying to solve. How shall the grain in these great new sections be hauled out, where stored, and by whom marketed? Where will these settlers get their implements, their thoroughbred stock, such of them as go in for mixed farming, and where their general supplies? We may be very sure that the manufacturers and merchants of the Northwestern States will follow them up and seek to retain their trade, tariff or no tariff. Here is a problem for the manufacturers of the east. Winnipeg will do all it can to sell them Canadian goods, to make this great army of consumers Canadians commercially as well as geographically. In woollens, in boots and shoes, in fine imported dry goods, our position is safe, but the implement manufacturer and the hardware man must fight for this market. It is worth fighting for, and the fight should begin now by putting before the new comers the best implements that can be manufactured. The tariff alone will not do the trick, and it will be folly to charge all the tariff will permit. That is not how new markets are won. The 18,000 of last year become the 36,000 of this year, and the stream is only beginning to flow. Wait till it cuts a channel for itself."

A Visit to a Saint Factory.

WHAT lends a peculiar interest to a visit to such a factory, writes a contributor to "Pearson's Magazine," is the curious suggestion of humor which, in one's conversation with the workmen and employees, comes to relieve the deep sense of awe and reverence which at all times weighs upon one.

I remember that, having contemplated, not without a painful feeling in my breast, the most lamentable figure of an old man in monk's attire, whose hands were pierced, whose side was pierced, and from whose furrowed brow large drops of blood were trickling down, I asked a passing workman to tell me whom the statue represented. And he called to a fellow-workman: "Who is that old gent up there?" It was St. Francis d'Assisi. The painful feeling was for a while dispelled. This was but a figure after all, an article of trade. And so also, when one hears the clerks calling through the telephones: "When is that St. Maurice coming down?" "Five St. Anthonys, with their pigs, wanted at once." And so on. There is not a vestige of irreverence in these remarks, but, as I say, they are not without a most welcome suggestion of humor.

For, indeed, the terrible realism of many of these statues must impress even the most indifferent. I could not refrain from asking the maker of saints why he allowed his artists to carry the horrible to such extremes. Here was a St. Jean de Dieu succoring a leper, on whose body the modeller had not omitted one of the horrid signs of that most foul of maladies. Here was a writhing St. Sebastian streaming with blood. Here a chained woman in the flames of purgatory extended her anguished hands.

"We export very largely to South America," said Monsieur Pacheu, "and it is necessary that, to impress the imaginations of the people there—who are indifferent, as a rule, to suffering—we should strike hard. Yet in none of our figures is truth surpassed. That leper is studied from life. Those horrid bruises were copied from a corpse."

So many persons are operated upon every day that it is becoming quite a distinction to go to the grave all in one piece.—Atchison "Globe."

"Doesn't it make you the least bit envious to see what elegant furniture Mrs. Eyefly is putting into her house next door?" "Not a bit. My husband says it will be sold by the sheriff within six months—and I'll be there to buy."—Chicago "Tribune"

Humor of the Hour.

Patience—I see that Miss Sue Brette is going to write a book on the stage.

Patrice—Well, it wouldn't take her long.

"Why not?"

"Why, haven't you ever noticed how they write on the stage?"—Yonkers Statesman.

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First Hunter—It was your fault I didn't shoot that deer this morning.

Second Hunter—My fault?

First Hunter—Yes, I saw something moving. When I said, "Is that you, Jim?" the deer ran. Next time I'm going to say nothing and shoot, so look out.—Boston Post.

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Limson—Why do you want to sell your property?

Sizeup—Because I dread the taxes.

Limson—But they are surely reasonable?

Sizeup—Yes, they are now; but they will not be reasonable next year. Haven't you heard that Carnegie intends to give a million-dollar library for us to maintain?—Brooklyn Life.

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"A farmer ought to read a great deal, just the same as any other business man."

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel. "It keeps me so busy posting up on railroad rates and the tariff that I'm sometimes afraid I won't have time to raise the stuff to send to market.—Washington Star.

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Toward the end of the mince pie stage Willie put down his spoon and pushed away his unfinished trifle. "Why, Willie," said his father, "what's the matter? You look quite mournful!" "Yes," replied Willie, "that's just it—I'm more'n full." And the innocent child wondered why everybody laughed.—London Globe.

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"Suppose," said the friend who had been reading "Enoch Arden," "that you went away on a sea voyage and came back to find that your wife had married another man?"

"That's an absurd proposition," answered Mr. Meekton. "Henrietta would never be so careless with me as to let me go away on a sea voyage."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

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"Very few girls," said the mother, "know how to sit down gracefully. You should be deliberate about it."

"I am," returned the girl.

"Nix," said her annoying small brother.

"Yes, I am, too," said the girl.

"Not when you were learning to skate at the park this morning," insisted the small brother.

Thereupon the discussion ended.—Chicago Post.

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"I thought you guaranteed that suit of underwear you sold me not to shrink?" said the customer, who entered the store and stood in a somewhat cramped attitude.

"I did," replied the merchant; "if it shrinks bring it back."

"I have brought it back," said the customer in evident embarrassment, "but I got caught out in the rain and can't get it off."—Ohio State Journal.

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"Can you make four revolutions in the air before alighting?" asked the curious stranger of the circus acrobat.

"Say," replied the acrobat. "I'm no South American republic!"—Ohio State Journal.

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"Charlie, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "which canal route do you think they will select?"

"I don't know. What is your preference?"

"The Panama. It's so much easier to spell."—Washington Star.

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"Suppose," said the man with the morbid imagination, "that the trusts make everything so expensive that the public can't afford to buy; what then?"

"Now, what's the use of talking nonsense?" answered the business man. "All the fun a trust has is taking people's money from them. When they get all the money, they'll simply have to give a lot of it out again or stop the whole amusement."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

Alas! Those resolutions of three short
weeks ago,
How they are shattered, battered,
bruised or stained like city snow!
They would not know their fathers now,
the change is so complete,
Nor would their fathers nod at them
upon the public street.
—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

A tramp the other day asked a woman in a Massachusetts hamlet for a meal, and in giving it to him the good woman explained that she had no milk for the tea. "Oh, mum," he gallantry replied, "you've gave me the milk of human kindness, and that's enough."—New York Tribune.

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Dominie—Hello, my good man. I don't see you in church ever, but I'm sure you live in this district. Why don't you come?

Man—I've been to your church four times this month, sir.

Dominie—Is that so? Funny I never see you. Where do you sit?

Man—Don't sit nowhere. I come and fix the water pipes when they get froze.—Buffalo Express.

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Brown—Are you interested in genealogy? Ever looked up your ancestral tree?

Black—Never did. Fact is, I'd be afraid there might be a man hanging from one of its branches.—Boston Transcript.

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The eccentric millionaire decided to build a Venetian palace in the little lake that adorned his country home.

"It will be easy enough to build the palace," said the architect whom he was consulting, "but there may be some trouble about the foundation."

"Well, you start for Venice on the first steamer that sails for Europe. Find out how they lay the foundations for their palaces over there, and add your expenses to the bill."

The architect packed his valise and started.

In about two weeks the millionaire received the following cablegram:

"Venice, May 5.—Have made thorough investigation and find there has not been a foundation laid here for 500 years. Chubb."—Chicago Tribune.

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Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

"WHIZ!! WALK A MILE"

Is a laconic definition of a toboggan ride. It's quick work going down the slide, but it's a long climb back to the starting point. It is very much that way with health; it is quickly lost and slowly regained. When the first symptoms of failing health appear, proper care may prevent the descent to utter weakness and debility. Usually the complication of disorders known as general debility has its origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. These diseases are perfectly cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures through the stomach disorders which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach.

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"I was all run down; had no strength; had sharp darting pains all through me; head and back ache every day," writes Mrs. Frank Caswell, of Salamanca, N. Y. "I was also troubled with a distressed feeling in the stomach and pain in front of the hip bones. I had a severe cough and it nearly killed me to draw a long breath, I was so sore through my lungs.

"I wrote to Dr. Pierce, telling my symptoms as near as I could. He sent me a very kind letter, advising me to try his medicines, which I did, and before I had taken them a week I was decidedly better. I took two bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two of the 'Favorite Prescription,' and am sure I never felt better in my life than when I quit taking them."

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Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—Chicago News.

Said a lady whose surname was Beaulieu:—
"Orthography's very unreaulieu.
The spelling of Belvoir
Is quite a deceivoir."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with
yours treaulieu?"
—Chicago Tribune.

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Little Dorothy had been intently watching her brother, an amateur artist, blocking out a landscape in his sketchbook. Suddenly she exclaimed, "I know what drawing is."

"Well, Dot, what is it?"

"Drawing is thinking, and then marking round the think."

◆◆◆

When Judge Barnard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one-cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said:

"I imagine, your Honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barnard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it."—New York Times.

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City Editor—Why do you say, "He ran into the police station, puffing and blowing?" "Puffing" and "blowing" are synonymous.

Reporter—Not at all. There's a vast difference, for instance, between puffing a man up and blowing him up.—Catholic Standard and Times.

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Peaceful business methods oft
Succeed where others fail;
Yet dentists and chiropodists
Keep fighting tooth and nail.
—Chicago News.

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Tramp—I'd like ter do something to pay fer all this, but I'm a cripple, mum.

Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter?

Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keepin' a list of all th' people wot offered me work, mum.—New York Weekly.

◆◆◆

Rough Riders attach much value to their Colonel's good word. Perhaps, however, it never proved more useful to any of them than it did to the man who recently wrote to thank President Roosevelt for a testimonial of good conduct, sent at the former's request. After expressing his thanks he explained the "little difficulty" in which he had found himself as follows:

"I shot a lady in the eye. The lady died. I did not mean to shoot the lady. I was shooting at my wife."—New York Times.

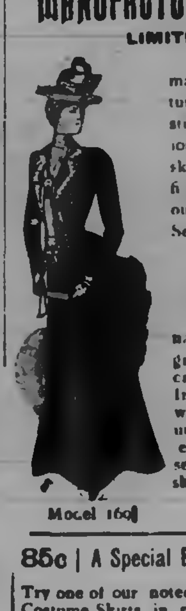
Lawyer (examining witness)—Where was your maid at the time? Lady—In my boudoir, arranging my hair. Lawyer—And were you there also? Lady (indignantly)—Sir!—Chicago "Journal."

Optimist—Oh, cheer up; cheer up. Spring will come again. Pessimist—That's just what I am sad about; I haven't got a new winter overcoat yet.—Detroit "Free Press."

Where They Flourish.

Crawford—If you're not going out to buy a new hat, but merely to look at them, what do you want with a dollar? Mrs. Crawford—Why, you can't get a decent seat at the matinee for less than a dollar.

Warrior Woes.—Through damp, cold and exposure many a brave soldier who left his native hearth as "fit" as man could be to fight for country's honor, has been "invalided home" because of the vulture of the battle ground—Rheumatism. South American Rheumatic Cure will absolutely cure every case of Rheumatism in existence. Relief in six hours.—98



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Humor of the Hour.

Visitor to the Prison—I suppose this life of yours in here is a continual torture?

Convict—Oh, no. Not so bad as that. We don't have visitors every day, you know.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

"The last time I saw Gwimple, son of the street car magnate, he told me he was going to begin at the bottom of the business and work his way up. Do you know what he's doing now?"

"He tried to be a conductor on a trolley car, but gave it up at the end of the first day."

"What was the matter?"

"He said he couldn't stand the infernal cigars the fellows smoke on the rear platform.—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

"How old is that mule you're wanting to sell?"

"Well, suh, he ain't so ol', we'en you take him up en down en all roun'. De truth is, I hez done come ter de conclusion dat he ain't ol' at all."

"Why, they tell me he went through the Civil War."

"I knows he did, suh; but he went lak lightnin', en hit didn't take 'im no time ter git ter whar he is now!"—Atlanta Constitution.

◆◆◆

Patience—When he proposed do you suppose the words came from his mouth or from his heart?

Patrice—Both, I guess. He looked as if his heart was in his mouth.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

Hewitt—I've lost my best friend.

Jewett—Why don't you advertise for it?

Hewitt—What do you mean?

Jewett—I thought you said you had lost your pocket-book.—Smart Set.

◆◆◆

First Chorus Girl—I just read that the star sprained her ankle.

Second Chorus Girl—That's fame. You and I would have to break our necks to get our names in the papers.—New York Sun.

◆◆◆

"Is that a historical novel you're reading?"

"That's what they called it at the library, but it seems to me to be more hysterical than anything else."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

William Dean Howells has adopted the rule that all applicants for his autograph must first furnish satisfactory proof that they have read his books.

A Chicago woman recently wrote to the novelist for his autograph. By return mail came a single typewritten line:—

"Have you bought my last book?"

To this the young woman replied:—

"I sincerely hope so."—Philadelphia Times.

◆◆◆

"Minnie has a good heart?"

"Has she?"

"Yes, just as soon as she heard about the poverty of that Bagg street family she sent them such a lovely bouquet."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

◆◆◆

A tramp rang the doorbell of Dr. Mary Morrison's house the other day, and when a pleasant-faced woman came to the door he asked her if she would be so kind as to ask the doctor if he had an old pair of trousers to give to a needy man.

"I'm the doctor," said the smiling woman.

The tramp fled.—Philadelphia Times.

◆◆◆

Friend—You had a very fashionable audience, didn't you?

Pianist—Yes, at one time there was not a single person in the room who was listening.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

◆◆◆

"Darling," said Mrs. Kaflippe, "you must quit associating with that Parker girl. Don't ever permit yourself to be seen out anywhere in her company again."

"Why, mamma," the child asked, "what is the matter?"

"A dreadful thing has happened. Her mother called here this afternoon and left her card. It is the style that we abandoned at least six months ago. They must be running dreadfully behind."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

"What is a Captain of Industry?" asked the boy who is going to be very wise some day.

"It is a term that is applied to the head of a great monopoly when he is at a banquet."

"And what is a robber Baron?"

"It's the same thing when he is in politics."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

First Spectator—Football is a game of surprises and contradictions.

Second Ditto—Yes, indeed. Why, for instance, do they call the seats stands?—Harvard Lampoon.

◆◆◆

Shopman—What style of hat do you wish, sir?

Cholly—Ah! I am not particular about the style; something to suit my head, don't ye know.

Shopman—Step this way and look at our soft felts.—Tit-Bits.

◆◆◆

The Atlanta Constitution the other day received the following letter:—

"Sur an Frend: Do the Carnage liberary lend Books teech Matthewmattics to Outside your Citie? I want Onlie Books on Matthewmattics, as I am all right on spellin an am a purty good Grammatician if I do say it Mself. I kin Spel an Grammarize but Matthewmattics is one too Much for Me."

Forty per cent. of the people of the United States are farmers, or living upon farms. These farmers produce enough to feed and clothe themselves and the other sixty per cent. of the inhabitants and annually send away one billion dollars' worth of surplus products to other countries. Yet there are people who say farming doesn't pay.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

and did not answer me when I spoke, so I am sure he is ill."

"Aleck ill!" cried Daisy, in grand alarm.

She did not wait to hear the rest of the girl's story, but flew with desperate, breathless haste down to the parlor. As she hastened away, she did not notice that she had left the girl in the room behind her.

Ten minutes later Daisy returned to her room; the maid was still there.

"What could you mean by telling me my husband came home ill, Janet?" she asked impatiently. "He has not been home since luncheon. No one in the house has even seen him."

Daisy never noticed that the girl's face was flushed and her manner strange.

"I was so sure it was Mr. Hamilton!" she declared, murmuring something about being sorry she had made such an awkward mistake; "but I am very glad to know he was not ill."

Glancing toward the glowing bed of coals in the grate, Daisy was thankful to see that no trace or fragment of the letter remained.

There was a terrible load lifted from her heart; she had seen Harold St. John leaving the hotel in the hack that went to meet the noon train.

He had not recognized her then; heaven had spared her.

Aleck was surprised at the wonderful change in her when he returned an hour later.

She threw herself into his arms with a hysterical sob.

"It is going to be as you wish, Aleck, my love!" she faltered. "We will not go; indeed I— would rather stay here."

Aleck was puzzled as well as being amused.

"I had just come to tell you, darling, that I have bought tickets back to New York," he said gayly.

A strange smile passed over the maid's lips.

"Ha! my lady, I will go with you; the terrible secret I have discovered shall be converted into a little gold mine. You shall pay me handsomely, or ere tomorrow's sun rises Mr. Hamilton shall know all!"

CHAPTER XV.

The Price of Silence.

No one ever yet took a first step in the downward path of concealment and folly, but was forced by necessity still farther down the broad road that leads to a precipice.

"Oh, what a tangled web we weave,
When first we practice to deceive."

Poor hapless Daisy had sinned too deeply and too piteously to retrace her steps now— she was recklessly following the hand of love that led her on to her doom.

Amidst new scenes and new faces Daisy told herself she would once more be happy, even though she knew her danger.

There was one thing, however, that puzzled and annoyed her, and that was the great change that had come over her maid Janet.

The French maid was no longer deferential to her wishes; there was a look in her black eyes that Daisy could not comprehend, and there were occasional hints of secrets she had discovered in the lives of many of the dainty ladies who had employed her, and her words were always accompanied by a piercing smile and a peculiar nod that made Daisy's blood almost turn to ice around her heart.

"Can she suspect? Ah, surely not," Daisy assured herself over and over again, for the very thought terrified her.

The girl's manner was becoming intolerable to her, and she concluded to dispense with her services at once.

Janet received her dismissal with a sneering smile.

"I have that to say which may change your decision, madame," she said, and to Daisy's great surprise the girl glided swiftly across the room and turned the key in the lock.

"Why do you do that?" she asked, in amazement.

"Because I want to talk to you without interruption, my lady," answered the girl.

Daisy rose to her feet in haughty displeasure.

"You behave very strangely," she said. "I do not like it."

She looked fixedly at the girl, whose face was not pleasant to see— there was a lurid light in her eyes, and an air of cringing, yet defiance, in her whole manner.

"You may as well be seated, for you must listen to me, Mrs. Hamilton. I hold a secret of yours, and it would not be well to make an enemy of me. I intended to leave your service long ago, but I must not go away emptyhanded. You must pay me well if I keep your secret!"

"You can know no secret of mine," returned Daisy bravely. "How dare you insinuate such a thing?"

"But I do," persisted the girl, "and I could very soon convince Mr. Hamilton that it was a very dark secret, too. If you want it kept from him you must pay me a thousand dollars for it."

"You— you have taken leave of your senses," cried Daisy, clutching nervously at the marble mantel, her lovely face paling, and her blue eyes expanding in guilty terror.

"You will find, on the contrary, that I was never more sane in my life, Mrs. Hamilton. Let me tell you what I have to say."

Daisy leaned heavily against the cold marble and looked at her.

Had this girl in any way found out the terrible secret which was wearing her young life out like a blighting canker at the heart of a rose? Ah, no, she had been too careful, too guarded for that. Even the register in the dim old church could not reveal what had happened there—fate had screened her name in so curious a way at the expense of poor Lillian Ruthven, the heiress.

Daisy collected her scattered thoughts by a great effort.

"Say what you have to say quickly," she said. "I suppose I must listen. Let this unpleasant scene terminate as quickly as possible."

The maid rose from her chair and glided toward her.

"Do you remember what happened yesterday, my lady?" she asked.

Daisy started, her face paling to a dead white.

"Say what you have to say very quickly," she replied, steadily. "I cannot comprehend what you are getting at."

The girl returned her gaze with glittering eyes.

"Do you remember, my lady, how excited you were when you came back

(To be Continued.)

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 85 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 32 per cent. write in the colonial style.—[illegible]

The Friend of M'dame.

HERE is a little story which was told me in the twilight, when we had finished our tea and still sat, cups in hand, loth to say good-bye. We were talking of a town far down east, near which there is a queer old gray stone house which has not been inhabited in twenty years.

Once, said the visitor, it was one of the prettiest places in Canada. A handsome young mistress ruled over it and over two of those old-fashioned loyal family servants who are now out of vogue. The master was a traveler, often away for a month at a stretch, but Jean and Jacqueline and "M'dame" were as happy and contented as three people could be. "M'dame" had her dogs, her horses, her pigeons, her books, her piano and her needlework. She was convent-bred, and had married from school—an orphan, who had never been to a dance or a play or a race meet, nor even a big dinner. The Cure dined sometimes at the Stone House, the doctor came to smoke a pipe with the master and play cards; the master invited no one else, and the mistress withdrew herself from the few gentlefolks who would have entertained her in the neighborhood. She was gently born and convent-bred—you know how that type can be happy in a seclusion that would madden you and me.

One day Jean and Jacqueline were made anxious by the delay in the return of m'dame from her drive. Long after the simple little dinner of fish and fruit was spoiled by waiting m'dame came home—was brought home, rather—by a strange gentleman who had startled her ponies in an unfrequented road, and after a time stopped their runaway career and taken them in hand. The gentleman came up to the verandah with m'dame, and because it was so warm, and he a bit tousled and dusty, Jean took him into the dressing-room of monsieur and brushed him, and Jacqueline made him a famous drink of fruit-syrup and ice, with a dash of something French and liquorish.

"I shall look in to-morrow, if I may, to see that you are none the worse," they heard him say, as he lifted his hat in farewell to m'dame, and Jean said to Jacqueline: "He is not Canadian, nor of the Republic, but English," and Jacqueline nodded, "So it appears to me, my friend."

To-morrow and on many other morrows the stranger sat on the rose-wreathed verandah, Jean and Jacqueline always watchfully chaperoning their mistress. M'dame read and played and sang to the stranger, who was courtesy and compliment personified, and Jean and Jacqueline agreed that never had they served a finer fellow than this one whom they always mentioned as "the friend of m'dame."

Monsieur was away on a long trip, somewhere in that region vaguely known as the North-West, but just before he might be expected home the servants heard the Englishman regretting that home news had arrived calling him back to England.

So he went away, and monsieur duly returned. M'dame drove to meet him, and on the verandah, in the hearing of Jean and Jacqueline, detailed the story of the runaway, mentioned that the stranger had called, and had gone to England. It was strange how her story gave the impression that he had only called once! Jean and Jacqueline thought it strange, though neither one made any remark, each being secretly a bit ashamed of having noticed it at all.

It was about this time that Jacqueline began to be anxious about the health of m'dame, and ventured to give monsieur a few timid words in that connection.

"M'dame not strong!" cried monsieur heartily. "Nonsense!" Monsieur was a very big, very robust and very slow-witted person, it seems. Jean was also moved to remark that m'dame needed change of air, did not sleep well, ate less than formerly, and rarely sang those brilliant and somewhat "risque" French songs which monsieur preferred. Monsieur protested. "You and Jacqueline have absurd fancies," he said, testily.

And then he told m'dame, and she, wonderful to relate, grew suddenly furious at her two servitors, and rated them for officious meddlers. You could not picture the horror and chagrin of those two! M'dame, their cherished, petted, adored one, abusing them in wrathful tones! "Certainly she is ill," said Jean, with sorrowful pigheadedness. "We must be very, very good to her, until she is quite recovered."

When monsieur went away again, this time on a shorter trip, he asked m'dame to come with him. She promptly refused. "In this heat I should die of the railway train, smother in the country inns and fall ill of the viands," she said with a wave of her pretty hands, consigning the whole scheme to limbo.

"On the way to the train, monsieur met the physician. "I wish you'd take a look in occasionally at my wife," he said; "she's not ill, but silly old Jean and Jacqueline persist she is, and I think she is suffering from the heat."

"She has been driving about so much and walking too far. The English are such walkers, and that young man has made her walk too far every day in the sun," said the doctor testily, for he had not once been asked to smoke a pipe while monsieur was this time at home.

Monsieur was boarding his train at the instant and scarcely comprehended the remark. It went in at his ears and did not at once reach his brain. But when he had settled himself, some moments later, suddenly it arrived. He started. "Young Englishman—walking in the sun every day!" the physician's words jostled each other to the tuck-a-tuck of the train over the rails.

Monsieur turned a very deep red. "Good thing he's left the country!" he said in a very ugly tone, and then got redder yet, for his next neighbor "pardoned" and asked what monsieur had remarked.

"Oh, nothing! nothing!" he shortly replied, nervously unable to think of a tactful improvisation.

Meanwhile m'dame and Jean and Jacqueline were living in the old gray stone house, the same equable lives as before, only always m'dame growing more and more difficile, passing Jacqueline's tastiest soups and entrees and sitting much in her hammock under the arbor from which one could see a long way down the dusty country road.

The old French people grew very sober and silent. Even when Jacqueline went down the orchard to milk her Jersey cow, she quite forgot to sing and call Bijou, the poodle, to trot at her side. She prayed often to her good Saint Anne, and opened her fat little savings bank and took out her coin and bought four big candles, which burned gaily the next Sunday before the altar of Bonne Ste. Anne in the church of the village.

One day m'dame came in from her drive a bit late, and as she pulled up her ponies at the gate she cried: "Jacqueline, ma bonne, hast thou a good dinner? I am hungry again!" And Jacqueline, hastily crossing herself and sending a sort of telegraphic "thank you" to Bonne Ste. Anne, told of the little chicken roasting and the late salad and the early Crawford peaches on the ice, with Devonshire cream, and then, in gratified tones, mentioned that m'dame's favorite potage was just ready to serve.

It was the old merry dinner-hour, when Jean and Jacqueline almost quarrelled about who should serve m'dame, though it was well known that it was to Jean to serve, to pour the wine, to enquire if the dinner was as m'dame liked, while Jacqueline stood humbly by the door until it was time to remove the different services.

Jacqueline was a bit bumptious when she remembered her four candles and the evident complaisance of Bonne Ste. Anne, and so far forgot herself as to march in with the roast chicken and actually place it herself before m'dame. Only the exceeding content of Jean with m'dame's appetite and spirits made him overlook this breach of privilege!

After dinner m'dame and Bijou strolled down the orchard as usual, and Jean gently reprimanded Jacqueline, who immediately demolished him with the revelation of the four candles and the complaisance of Bonne Ste. Anne.

Then Jacqueline trotted busily down the orchard with a little shawl, for m'dame had gone out with her beautiful shoulders bare. She, good Jacqueline, paused at the prettiest of pictures, m'dame reading a letter, Bijou sitting up before her, begging; then m'dame kissing the senseless sheets of paper and crushing them to her bosom and crying: "He comes, Bijou, my little one! Only you must know it! He comes! He cannot leave us, Bijou!"

Jacqueline came forward all smiles. "A little shawl, m'dame," she said, archly. "Monsieur will not be pleased to find m'dame with a cold," then shrank back from her flushed and frowning mistress. In one instant the letter was in m'dame's pocket and she had recovered herself.

"Some day, Jacqueline, you will frighten me to death. Don't follow me about, my good soul!" she said quickly. "I am going in. I shall not need the little shawl, and you know I never take cold," and, like a flash, m'dame swept by, calling to Bijou to come in for his forgotten lump of sugar at once.

There was an envelope on the grass, which Jacqueline picked up. It was not addressed, and it was crushed and a little rubbed and dirty. The old woman dropped it as if it were hot.

"I have wasted my four candles," she sighed, as she went hurriedly back to her kitchen.

That night m'dame slept like an infant, as the anxious old woman assured herself by many visits to her bedside, but Jacqueline slept not at all. Instead she prayed, but not once to Bonne Ste. Anne.

For several days m'dame came home from drives or walks in famous appetite and spirits. Jean chortled, and teased his glum companion, enquiring if she begrudged the four candles now, and being overcome by her fierce rejoinder that she did.

At last one evening Jacqueline's forebodings were realised; the rustic gate swung on its hinges with a bang, and the tall form of the friend of m'dame came to the verandah. Jacqueline stood behind the shutters and remarked the meeting. M'dame was neither flurried nor surprised. Indeed, she barely held out her hand, but Jacqueline could see how her whole frame trembled.

The old woman hurried out to the kitchen garden, where Jean was picking some herbs for drying.

"See here!" said she, explosively. "This will not do. Here is that cursed Englishman back again!"

Jean dropped his tray of herbs. "Where?" he gasped.

"But there on the verandah. What must be done?"

"Calm thyself, good Jacqueline. I have not been kind with thee lately. Is it no new thing, this idea of thine?" Jean's voice was trembling with confusion and distress.

"New! New! And I vowing candles to Ste. Anne and spending one whole night on my knees, while thou in bed snored and snored! It is this cursed Englishman, only him! She was so content and happy here. He has ruined us all!"

Jean put his hand over her mouth. "Shut up! you are dreaming!" he said, fiercely.

"Oh, am I, indeed? Well, one awakes! Let me tell you—" and in a torrent of whispers she told of the letter, the changed spirits and the words to Bijou. "Now, isn't this too much for us?" she cried between sobs.

"If only monsieur were here!" said Jean distractedly. A heavy hand fell on his shoulder.

"Well, my good Jean, he is here," and so was he, in traveling dust-coat and valise, having come up between the ranks of vegetables and herbs from the back gate. "Don't be frightened, you two. You, at least, need not fear," said monsieur, kindly. "I gather from you, good woman, that the serpent has entered my Eden. Well, I shall put the serpent out. It will not be a mighty task, never fear. Jacqueline, will you very quietly give me a biscuit and a glass of wine, out here?—as quickly and as quietly as you can—not to disturb m'dame. Jean, take my valise into your own room and return here to me directly."

Monsieur sat down on a rustic bench amid the vegetables and herbs, while Jean and Jacqueline stole into the house.

"I shall tell m'dame," said Jean, "if monsieur shoots me for it."

"You will do as you like," said Jacqueline, rooting in her biscuit-box. "I know enough to obey." Jean hung his head and softly mounted to his own chamber with the valise and coat.

Monsieur drank two glasses of wine and ate a biscuit.

"I am going out as I came, and shall meet the serpent outside paradise," said monsieur. "Unless m'dame rings for you, you will remain here, you two." Then he went back down the narrow path between the vegetables.

"Hold my hand, Jean!" said Jacqueline in a shrill child's voice.

"I am sore afraid, too!" sighed Jean.

Outside on the dusty road monsieur paced to and fro. Presently, as hour or so later, the rustic gate swung back and two figures came out.

"You will come with me to-morrow!" said the strong English voice. "Promise me!" Then monsieur listened as one listens to the nails driven in his scaffold.

"Not to-morrow," said m'dame, pleadingly. "It is not possible!"

"But the ship sails next day, beloved, and if he returns." M'dame slipped inside the gate, trembling, warned by some psychic current, who knows? and faltered:

"I cannot go to-morrow! I must think. I will tell you in the morning, at the old place, when I can go," and then her white dress and pale face flitted under the trees, up the verandah steps and into the shadows.

In a moment her bell tinkled and Jacqueline's voice was heard crying, "A l'instant, m'dame!"

The Englishman laughed.

"Cursed French tricks," he said, loudly. "I've a good mind to sail without her."

Monsieur strolled down the road; the Englishman stared at him curiously.

"Bonsoir, monsieur! Could you oblige me with a light?" said monsieur. The Englishman handed him a match-case.

"Monsieur resides here?" politely enquired he, striking a match and lighting a cigar.

"No," said the Englishman, shortly. "Just making a call."

"Ah, you know the afflicted one?" (politely to a degree).

"Afflicted one? What do you mean?" stammered the stranger.

"I mean," explained monsieur, "but I detain you. Let us go together, if agreeable; I am walking to the village."

"But, you mean?" insisted the Englishman, anxiously.

"Only this, that the beautiful lady is mad. Surely you know her sad history?" queried monsieur in surprised tones.

"Good God!" cried the Englishman. "Mad! Why, she goes about everywhere!"

"But always watched, my dear sir. You would not remark it, but it is true. When she receives friends there is always a keeper concealed close at hand, within earshot. When she drives she is perhaps in peril, but she has never come to much harm. Once she was rescued in a runaway by some tourist, whom she has since spoken of in her times of delirium. Her physician sent for me to-day to decide whether she should be put under restraint. I am, monsieur, the superintendent of the insane asylum. We await the return of that much-to-be-pitied man, her husband. Monsieur will pardon me, but, seeing you emerge from the gate, I fancied you might be he. However, no such tragedy darkens your life, for which you may be thankful."

The Englishman walked mechanically along beside monsieur. He stepped high as if his feet were numbed. Presently he shook himself together.

"Good God!" he said again. "What an escape!" Monsieur "pardoned."

"Oh, nothing! nothing!" said the Englishman hastily. "If you don't mind, I'll just hurry along. I believe my train leaves at midnight, and I have some things to pack."

Monsieur stood watching him as he strode through the dust. "A fine, handsome fool!" said he, bitterly. "I am glad she took time to think it over!" Then a sudden fury shook him. "How I'd like to feel his neck between my hands! How I'd enjoy running him through. What pleasure to pitch him over the cliff!" he gasped, and laughed as devils might.

Presently monsieur re-entered the vegetable garden, where old Jean stood waiting.

"Well, my good Jean," said monsieur cheerfully. "The serpent has left Paradise. But, to be quite sure that he has—to satisfy yourself, good Jean—would you very much mind walking to the station about the time the midnight train passes here? It is late, I know, but, to satisfy yourself—" and monsieur paused. Jean looked curiously at him. "And monsieur?"

"Oh, I shall smoke here until you return," said monsieur, sitting tranquilly down. "I always enjoy this kitchen garden, and I want to enjoy it greatly this autumn because, good Jean, I think of moving into town a little later.

When Jean got home at one of the morning, monsieur still sat smoking in the moonlight. He nodded when Jean said "I am satisfied, monsieur," and remarked: "You might ask Jacqueline to tell m'dame when she takes her the morning coffee that I arrived home by the midnight train, Jean, and am sleeping in the guest-chamber rather than disturb her."

M'dame slipped from her lace-draped bed and ran across the hall to the guest-chamber when Jacqueline had duly delivered herself of this message. There she found monsieur soundly sleeping. He was awakened by the clasp of her arms about his neck and her glad cry: "I have wanted you so badly! I am glad you are here!"

Jacqueline, shamelessly eavesdropping, said under her breath: "Forgive me, m'dame! Forgive me, Bonne Ste. Anne! And thou shalt have four more candles for Christmas!"

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPP'S S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Warning Off the English.

An ingenious method of obtaining a reputation for patriotism cheaply has been invented by certain Berlin publicans. On their shop fronts they hang legends to this effect: "So long as the war in South Africa lasts I forbid any Englishman to enter my premises." The use of this placard is, it is said, entirely confined to houses of a class that never entertained an Englishman in the course of their existence.

Intellect vs. Morals.

It is the tendency of a sophisticated age like the present to overestimate intellectual as compared with moral and emotional gifts. The material civilization upon which we pride ourselves is almost entirely the achievement of the intellect. Fame and wealth, luxury, cultivation and leisure—all the big prizes of the world, in fact—are obtained by the successful exercise of the intellect. The moral qualities, of themselves, can procure a man nothing but a clear conscience, and the approval, perhaps mixed with contempt, of his neighbors. And yet, when the intellectual qualities are brought to the test of reality; when one's view of them is not clouded by pride, avarice, or passion, how amazingly does their value shrink and shrivel!—Henry Childs Merwin in "Atlantic Monthly."

◆◆◆

The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said, "was signed 'More Anon' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Omega.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more anon."

If the farmer who tills
Makes his living by tillage,
Does the doctor who pills
Make his living by pillage?
—Philadelphia Record.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times:

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilber's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

LAUGHLIN
FOUNTAIN
PEN
The Best at Any Price.
Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

$3.00 Styles

of other makes, for only

$1.00

TRY IT A WEEK.

[illegible]

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
[illegible]
DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.
Edith Gordon, M. D., [illegible]

Our New Book no Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein t Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed). T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 15, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The water in the river is going down.

—The members of the 57th Regiment will meet for drill this evening.

—All Water rates must be paid today, or water will be shut off.

—The brick work for the Cereal Company's buildings will be completed next week.

—Two second-hand ladies' bicycles, in good order, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book-store.

—Two young men were fined $2 and costs each for raising a disturbance on Thursday night, on Smithtown Hill.

—Mr. J. W. Garvin is addressing meetings on behalf of Mr. J. H. Carnegie, the Conservative candidate in East Victoria.

—The Cordage Company expect to get started with the manufacture of rope and twine in the course of a few days.

—St. Luke's Guild will give another of their popular entertainments in the Opera House on Monday evening next, April 21st.

—The second of the present series of Knickerbocker dances will be held in the Foresters' Hall on Friday evening.

—At eleven o'clock last night the fire brigade was called out to extinguish a small blaze at the lock works. Very little damage was done.

—A man named Silas Pearson was arrested in Smith by County Constable Moore charged with stealing a bicycle in Millbrook.

—A very interesting address will be delivered this evening before the Social Bible Club, on "The Life of Christ," illustrated by lime-light views.

—Prof. O. O. Sheets conducted a hermine in Collingwood on Friday evening which was a great success, over $500 having been taken in at the door.

—Nothing succeeds like success. That is the reason Whiten, the photographer is kept so busy. He makes only the best quality of photos. (Studio, 158 Hunter street west.

A Last Call

A last notice is hereby given that all accounts due The Times Printing Company must be paid forthwith to save costs. All subscription accounts due fo the daily and for the weekly must be settled to the end of last year. This is a last call.

Times Printing Co.,
Peterborough.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mrs. W. R. Russell and two young sons, are visiting relatives in town.

—Mrs. R. G. Sturgeon and family left on Saturday on an extended trip to Toronto and western points, and also to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

—Ald. G. M. Roger, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and Mr. John Crane, Manager of the Ontario Bank, left on Saturday night for Montreal to deliver the waterworks debentures to their purchasers, Hanson Bros. They will return to-day.

—The Fenelon Falls correspondent of the Bobcaygeon Independent, says: Miss Mattie Robertson, the youngest daughter of Mr. W. H. Robertson, of Peterborough, spent her Easter holidays among her many friends at the Falls. Last Thursday evening, Mrs. J. H. Brandon entertained a number of young people for her juvenile guest at "Brandonhurst," and the beautiful home shone with electric jets. "Brandonhurst" is a lovely spot, and Mr. Brandon is already having his lawns attended to for the coming season.

Printers Wanted

We want a lad who has had some experience at press work; also a lad in our job room. Wages from $2.50 to $1 per week according to length of time at the business. Apply at The Times Bookstore.

A Pretty Front

The Palace Hotel has an ornamental front that is very pretty at night, when lighted up. The enterprising proprietor, Mr. J. M. Brooks, is sparing neither money nor pains in making the Palace one of the most up-to-date establishments of its kind in Ontario.

The Late Mrs. John Whitelaw

A telegram was received in town yesterday morning, announcing the death in Cobourg, of Agnes Glover, widow of the late Mr. Whitelaw, and sister of Mr. Peter Glover, Ashburnham. The deceased was well known in Peterborough, and was highly esteemed.

A Pair of Bad Actors

A man named Williamson and his wife were arrested yesterday evening by constables Stewart and McGinty, charged with disorderly conduct. The pair were manoeuvring in front of the Southern Hotel, with a horse, attached to a buggy. The woman was repeatedly rolled in the mud while attempting to turn the rig. The pair were vile in their language.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid intoxicants, keep away from dampness, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Nerviline as a quick reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than ordinary remedies, Nerviline's power over pain is simply beyond belief. It cures also sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia and all pain, whether internal or external. Large bottles, price 25c.

Death of Mrs. McColl

On Sunday morning there passed away at the family residence, Douro, Jennie K. Hunter, daughter of Mr. George Hunter, of Ashburnham, and wife of Mr. William H. McColl. The deceased had been a sufferer from consumption, and bore her trials with true Christian fortitude. Mr. McColl has the sympathy of a very large circle of friends, in which The Times heartily joins. The funeral will take place to-day, at 2 o'clock, to the Little Lake Cemetery.

TO MEET IN PETERBORO

The Historical Society of the Province to Meet Here in June

The members of the Ontario Historical society, will meet in Peterborough in June, and have arranged the following programme: On the 5th of June to assemble at Peterborough, visiting points of interest, among which the Victoria Museum is named, with a meeting in the evening. On the following day, journeying to Lindsay, via Lakefield, and the lakes—, provided arrangements with the local societies can be made, and on Saturday, 7th, to be spent at Lindsay and surroundings.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORS MEET

In School Room of George Street Methodist Church to Discuss the Referendum

The meeting commenced at 8.15 in George St. Church Sunday School room by singing of hymns 117 and 359. Rev. Mr. Crowley offered prayer followed by a Male quartette.

Mr. H. P. Lindsay then addressed the meeting referring to passing of prohibitory law in 1893 and the plebescite taken in 1894 resulting in a majority of 81,000, and to the Privy Councils discussion in fall of 1896 relating to sale of Retail Liquors. Also to Mr. Buchanan's Bill having been passed by the Government of Manitoba, quoting long extracts from the 'Guardian' and 'Alliance' dealing with this question. Two minutes were allowed for general discussion in which several speakers joined. After a usual vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting was closed by singing of hymn "Onward Christian Soldiers.

A WHOLE FORTUNE

Good Food and Good Health

This food tale from a trained nurse is worth reading.

"I want to tell you of the curative properties of the good food Grape-Nuts, and will say they are a whole fortune to anyone suffering as I did for years with a stomach so rebellious as to be almost useless to me.

For years and years I was tortured with flatulency, heartburn, bloating, tenderness of the stomach, and many a time I cried bitterly because of my great distress.

One never to be forgotten day sister came up from Columbus to visit me. She bought a package of Grape-Nuts to see if the food would agree with me. I found the new food very delicious with cream, and it caused me no pain or disturbance whatever.

To make a long story short, I have been using Grape-Nuts ever since. Have gained 20 pounds in five months, and my health is perfect. It is a pleasure to be plump and healthy, and feel well again. I am a professional nurse and naturally appreciate this change in my health." Lucy M. Richardson, Box 164, Logan, Ohio.

DOVER VS. DENNE

Judgment for Mr. Denne in the Court of Appeal — This is the Third Court in which Mr. Denne Has Been Upheld

In the Court of Appeal at Osgoode Hall, judgment was given in Dover vs. Denne, a case of local interest, as follows: Before Armour, C. J. O., Osler, Maclennan, J. J. A.

Judgment (H) on appeal by plaintiffs from order of Ferguson J., dismissing appeal from report of Master at Peterborough, finding that defendant Denne, one of the three trustees under the will of Stephen Wood, who died in 1892, was not liable to make good a loss of about $5,590 incurred by reason of a breach of trust by his co-trustee, Burnham, who died in December, 1897. The Master found that Denne had no reason to suspect that Burnham, whose reputation for honesty and integrity was very high in the community, would be guilty of misappropriation of the trust funds; that when the testator was about to make his will he asked Denne to become one of the executors and trustees, but Denne refused, because, as he said, he was old and did not know about such things, whereupon the testator told him he did not want him to act in any way, because Burnham would manage everything, as he had always been theretofore doing, (Burnham having been the testator's solicitor), and that he, (testator) merely wanted Denne's name in order that if anything should happen to Burnham, Denne would communicate with testator son-in-law in England, the defendant Carruthers; that thereupon Denne consented, honestly believing that he was not obliged to take any part in the management of the estate. The Master also found that the beneficiaries and third trustee (Charruthers) acquiesced in the sole management of the estate by Burnham. Held, that the report of the Master was right and the appeal should be dismissed. Per Maclennan, J. A.—On the passing of the accounts, all debts and charges having been paid, and the residue ascertained, the executors became trustees of the testator's estate, and the liability of the respondent must be determined in that regard; re Willey, W. N 1890, p 1; re Smith, 42 Chy. 302; re Chipman, 1896, 2 Chy. 773; Phillips v. Munnings, 2 M. & Cr. 309, 314; Dix v. Burford, 19 Beav. 412. Then, regarded as a trustee, was the respondent guilty of such default as to make him liable? There is no question of the honesty of his conduct. He trusted Burnham, and had no reason to suspect him, a circumstance considered material in such cases. See in re Gasquoine, 1894, 1 Chy. 476. Of course it cannot be contended that confidence in a co-trustee, or the absence of reason for suspicion, will or ought to excuse the omission of a plain, obvious duty, but there was no such plain, obvious duty omitted or neglected by the respondent. The respondent is not responsible for the money received and misapplied by Burnham nor for the mortgages that he improperly assigned. Even if it were held that the respondent was guilty of a breach of trust, it ought also to be held that he had acted both honestly and reasonably, and ought fairly to be excused: 62 Vict., ch. 15, sec. 1, O. Altogether what passed between him and the testator would be no excuse independently of the statute, it is very material on the question whether under the circumstances his conduct was reasonable. See re Smith, 18 Times L.R., 433. Appeal dismissed with costs. A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., and F. R. Edwards, K. C., for plaintiffs. G. H. Watson, K. C., and Louis M. Hayes, Peterborough, for defendant Denne.

OUR BACK LAKES

Greatly Increased Hotel Accommodation for Tourists

A Toronto Star correspondent has been interviewing some of the boatmen on the Stony Lake waters, with the following result:

Captain Young, of the Kawartha Lakes Navigation Company: "We are expecting a busy season up our way this year. In fact, there are indications that the tourist travel will be greater than ever before. The popularity of the Kawartha Lakes district is growing very rapidly. The district does not now have to depend upon the local traffic. It is nearly all tourist travel from the other side."

Captain Reynolds: "Our greatest trouble has been lack of proper hotel accommodation, but we are in a fair way to have that deficiency remedied so far as the Kawartha Lakes district is concerned. Several of the hotels are being enlarged, and one new one is to be erected which will be"

The superintendent of the provincial police will lead a punitive expedition and special constables are being sworn in to start with him at once, and they will arrest the leaders of the Indians and arrange to feed the starving families.

Congratulatory Messages

From the Ladies

The daily mails bring to the manufacturers of the Diamond Dyes congratulatory messages from ladies in every city, town and village in Canada. These letters speak of great successes and triumphs with the Diamond Dyes. Such unsolicited testimony regarding the vast superiority of Diamond Dyes is conclusive proof that no other package dyes can be compared to them in strength, fastness and beauty of colors.

It is also quite evident that the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns have increased their popularity; the present large demand is the strongest proof. If your dealer cannot furnish you with printed sheets of new designs, send your address at once to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and will be supplied free of cost.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

PROFITABLE SPECULATION

Why speculate in the stock market or in any other way when you can make your money work for you? We have a method of speculation that is safer and more profitable than any ever before devised. Send your name and address and we will mail you a pamphlet giving full information. Address A H Mills & Co., Suite 804-805 Park Row Building, New York City, New York

Warrior Woes.—Through damp, cold and exposure many a brave soldier who left his native hearth as "fit" as man could be to fight for country's honor, has been "invalided home" because of the vultures of the battle ground—Rheumatism. South American Rheumatic Cure will absolutely cure every case of Rheumatism in existence. Relief in six hours.—98

RIVER FOREMAN KILLED

ALFRED EDGAR, THE VICTIM OF A SAD MISHAP

Was Jolted from His Seat on a Wagon and Sustained Internal Injuries.

Mr. Alfred Edgar, a well known citizen of Bobcaygeon, met with an accident on Tuesday last, which has since resulted in his death. Mr. Edgar was in charge of a gang of men for the Gilmour Co. of Trenton, who were on their way to Swamp Lake to drive that company's logs to Trenton. When within six miles of their destination, at a point on the Galway Road nearly opposite Mr. Chris. Graney's residence, Edgar fell or was jolted out of the wagon and alighted on the sharp end of a log.

He was picked up in an unconscious condition, and taken back to Bobcaygeon, when Dr. Thorne was summoned. It was discovered that the unfortunate man had sustained severe internal injuries, and in spite of the best medical treatment he slowly sank until death relieved his sufferings. Deceased was about forty years of age and leaves a wife and several children.

Paine's Celery Compound

The Great Spring Medicine

WHILE IT DRIVES OUT THE SEEDS OF DEADLY DISEASES IT QUICKLY BUILDS UP FLESH AND MUSCLE

A Marvellous Restoration Vouched for by a Prominent Clergyman

THE CURED MAN SAYS:

"I Feel Like a New Man, Which Condition I Owe to the Blessing of God and Paine's Celery Compound"

Thousands of families to-day mourn the loss of near and dear ones who, when sickness first came upon them, were forced to use other medicines instead of the great disease banisher, Paine's Celery Compound.

We earnestly appeal to the relatives and friends of the suffering, to break away from the bondage of medical etiquette and dictation, in order that the suffering ones may have a surer and happier hope of a new life.

The one remedy known to medicine that can bring vigor, strength and permanent health to the weak, rundown, rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic and those burdened with kidney and liver troubles, blood diseases and derangements of the digestive organism, is Dr. Phelps's great medical prescription, Paine's Celery Compound.

The following letter from Mr. R. W. Daniels, Lawrencetown, N.S., will surely inspire every suffering man and woman with fresh courage and hope. Mr. Daniels' cure is vouched for by Rev. O. M. Tyler, a prominent clergyman of the Methodist church:

"I feel constrained for the benefit of suffering humanity, to add my testimony to the wonderful effects of your Paine's Celery Compound. I was induced to try your Compound through its wonderful effects upon a Mr. Parks; I had previously used a vast quantity of patent and doctors' medicines, only to find myself growing weaker. After using your Paine's Celery Compound to the number of five bottles, I gained forty-three pounds, and I am able to work hard all day and a season, with comfort to myself. I feel like a new man, which condition I owe to the blessing of God and your Paine's Celery Compound."

THE CRUELTY STORIES

Falsehood of the Boers and their Friends Exposed

London, April 15—In view of the recent repetition of the oft-exposed falsehoods about the British cruelty to the Boer women and children, the evidence of a continental newspaper correspondent will not be without interest. The Suisse Liberale, of Geneva, has a representative, M. Leopold Perrin, who has spent the last six months visiting the concentration camps in Natal, that he might furnish an unbiased report of what the conditions really are. He now writes his paper from Howick camp that as soon as the necessary pass was obtained, no restrictions were placed upon him. He freely mixed with the Boer men and women in the camps and visited all the buildings. The camp had four thousand Boer men, women and children, and he questioned many of them. The families were somewhat cramped for room, but he found them comfortable enough.

"I specially remarked," he says, "that the hospitals were supplied with every comfort, and furnished with the latest medical appliances. The Boer patients who were dangerously ill were supplied with every delicacy, such as milk, eggs, brandy, port, and even champagne. A son of Louis Botha, who was recovering from typhoid fever, received two bottles of champagne every day."

BACK TO ACADIA

The last Family of Anticosti Colonists in Manitoba to the East

Montreal, April 15—The departure of James Osborne as soon as he and his family are released from the Winnipeg pesthouse will mark the close of the Anticosti colony which was established in Manitoba three years ago for the fishermen who had been driven from their island home by the purchase of Anticosti by the French chocolate king.

After Menier secured control of the island friction between the inhabitants and the proprietor ended only when they were finally ejected. The Dominion Government came to their aid, offered them land in the far West, and aided them to reach it. About forty healthy families took advantage of the Government offer, left for Manitoba and settled in the Dauphin district. Here they made an honest effort as agriculturists, and in a few instances they met with a fair measure of success: but in the end they pined like children for the salt breezes, and eventually, one by one, returned to the Atlantic coast. With the incoming of many new settlers the gradual departure of the Anticostians was finally settled. It was known that they were not satisfied, and some were even assisted to return; but it was only upon the arrival of the Osborne family in Winnipeg a short time ago that it was ascertained that they were the last of the colony. The Osborne family was attacked by smallpox, but have recovered and within a few weeks will resume their journey to the Atlantic coast.

Mr. Osborne says the climate was unsuited to the new comers, farming was new to them, the prairie was unbearably monotonous and the changed conditions began to tell upon their health. Then began the movement eastward. Needless to say, all the islanders feel very bitter toward the French owner of Anticosti.

TRADE MARK.

St. Jacobs Oil

The grandest remedy in the World because it never fails to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
SCIATICA
LUMBAGO
PLEURISY
HEADACHE
TOOTHACHE
FACEACHE
EARACHE
BACKACHE
STIFFNESS
SORENESS
SPRAINS

And all Bodily Aches and Pains. It penetrates and removes the cause of pain.

Conquers Pain

CANADIAN PACIFIC

$64.70

PETERBORO'

LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

AND RETURN

Going and returning via direct U. S. lines.

$72.25

Going via Detroit and direct U. S. lines and returning via Vancouver and Canadian Pacific. For Federation of Women's Club at Los Angeles, Cal., May 1st to 8th, 1902 Tickets good going APRIL 18th to 26th, good for return until June 25th, 1902.

COLONIST SPECIAL TRAINS TO THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST

for settlers and their effects will leave Toronto at 9 p. m. every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL. Write for copy of Settlers' Guide to your nearest Canadian Pacific Railway agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

Help Wanted.

WANTED GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa, and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

The Freshness and Deliciousness of

Malt Breakfast Food

QUICKLY CAPTIVATE YOUNG AND OLD

The large majority of breakfast cereals are simply made to sell. Malt Breakfast Food with its many health-giving virtues is made to keep the well strong and vigorous, and to restore health and digestive vigor to those suffering from impaired digestion and stomach derangements.

There is a freshness and deliciousness in Malt Breakfast Food that cannot be described in words. One trial of this great health food gives instant and convincing proof of its superiority over all other brands now on the market. Old and young after one serving of this kingly food are captivated, and never have a desire to return to the starchy and indigestible grain foods, such as common oatmeal, cracked wheat, wheat grits and hominy. Try one package of Malt Breakfast Food if you have not yet used it; it will prove a delightful treat at the morning meal. Your grocer sells it.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay." is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Mackinlay's

V.O.B. BLEND

Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd.
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished

Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings

1,000 Feet Above Sea Level

Most Charming Summer Resort Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

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QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,
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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
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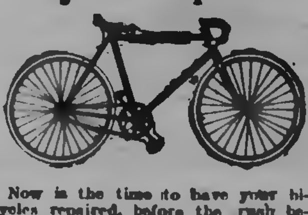

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A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

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VOL. 28 NO. 69 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO WENDSDAY APRIL 16 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

SCHOOL BOYS WHO WANTED TO FIGHT

Adventure of Three Woodstock Lads Bent on War.

WISHED TO ENLIST FOR S. AFRICA

Walked to London to Join the Regiment for South Africa — weary and Footsore They Returned.

Woodstock, April 16.—A day or two ago, two lads of 13 and 12, named Whaley and Edwards, did not answer the roll-call at Delatre Street School. A boy of about the same age named Ferney also failed to show up in his class at the Separate School.

There was a mystery somewhere which was further enhanced when the parents of the Whaley and Edwards lads sent word to Principal Cameron in response to enquiries from him that the young hopefuls were not at home either.

The mystery was cleared yesterday by the return home of Masters Whaley, Edwards and Ferney. They explained that fired by military ardor they had gone to London to enlist for South Africa. Their total resources consisted of four coppers, so they decided there was nothing else to do but walk to London, where they understood recruits were enlisted, taking consolation from the fact that when they got to South Africa they'd have plenty of walking to do, anyway, and a little here wouldn't matter.

So they walked every step of the way to London, though the roads were bad and the weather atrocious. Each cheered the other on the way.

But by the time the plucky trio arrived in the Forest City, weary with footsore, they had concluded that they had had soldiering enough. How to get back home was the next question.

Emboldened by the adventures they had already had, they were ready to rush into more danger, so they jumped a freight train that was coming this way, and rode as far as Ingersoll. There the trainmen caught them, and chased them away, and the three made the rest of their way home as they journeyed to London—on foot.

BRITISH MULES AT LATHROP

MISSOURI FARMERS OBJECT TO STOPPING SALE

They Appeal to Governor Dockery—Say That the Traffic Has Reached the Value of $7,000,000 in Mules and Horses.

Lathrop, Mo., April 15.—It is said here that the order of President Roosevelt to investigate the purchase of horses and mules by the British Government will include the supply camp at this place. The farmers during the last year have sold $7,000,000 worth of horses and thousands of dollars worth of feed, and will ask Governor Dockery to prevent the possible stoppage of the traffic.

The statement of Major Moore, of the British army, in charge of the camp, that the British Government has not purchased any horses or mules at Lathrop, but simply inspect the animals here, the purchases being completed after they are landed in South Africa, is refuted by the statement of J. D. Guyton, President of the Guyton and Harrington Mule Company.

He says, "We do not own any of the horses and mules here now.

"In fact, we do not even furnish one-half of the horses and mules which are concentrated by the British Remount Department. We sell to the British considerably more horses and mules than any other firm in the country. You will notice when the stock is arriving that each and every animal bears on his left hip the official brand of the British War Office, namely, the broad arrow."

Jefferson City, Mo., April 15—Gov. Dockery has decided to investigate the charges that a British supply depot is being maintained at Lathrop to furnish the British army in South Africa with horses and mules. Last night he sent his private secretary, O. P. Gentry, to Lathrop under instructions to investigate thoroughly the situation.

The Governor says there is some question as to whether the neutrality laws are being violated by the British Government. If they are, he says, the national authorities at Washington will have to deal with the situation. He will make the investigation, and then report it to Washington with recommendations. The Governor says he is in sympathy with the Boer cause.

A SPLENDID REPORT

Presented at the Annual Meeting of the Western Bank of Canada

We have much pleasure in directing the attention of our readers to the report of the twentieth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Western Bank of Canada, which took place at the head office of that institution, Oshawa, on Wednesday, April 9th.

The report speaks for itself. It shows that great care has characterised the management of the Bank during the past, and that substantial progress is the order of the day. That the earnings of the Bank for the last financial period is in excess of any previous year, is perhaps only natural under the circumstances. After paying two half-yearly dividends of 3 1-2 per cent. each, $16,000 to Rest Account, $12,857.33 to the credit of the past due paper, $4,078.21 has been carried forward to Profit and Loss. While the deposits have increased nearly half a million, the circulation about $14,000, and the gross assets $530,452, over previous year, the losses have decreased, and are below the average of previous years. The Rest Account now stands at $150,000.

We heartily congratulate Mr. T. H. McMillan, the cashier, and the board of directors, on the splendid showing.

Lost Hearing Quickly

No matter whether of long standing or not, deafness can be cured permanently by Catarrhozone, which never fails even in the worst cases. The pleasant scented vapor of Catarrhozone allays inflammation, prevents and cures the catarrhal condition that causes deafness, and relieves right away. Thousands have proved the efficiency of Catarrhozone, and with such a valuable remedy within easy reach there is no longer any reason for people to remain deaf. Catarrhozone is recommended also for coughs, colds, catarrh and bronchitis. Complete outfit, $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U.S., or Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

More Good Boot News

We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

—WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

BECAUSE our assortm are so complete that none will be disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?—easy. Come and judge for yourself

Good Hat News

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Q u and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirts including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & MERRELL, Managers.

THE PAGAN INDIANS MAKE THREATS

Onondaga Chiefs Object to Proposed Division of Their Land

TO KEEP ONLY FULL BLOODS.

They Have a Law Which Enables Them to Expel All Half-breeds from the Reservation

Special to The Times.

Syracuse, April 14—The Onondaga Indians are aroused over the proposition to admit Indians in this state to citizenship and to divide their lands into individual holdings. They declare that they will retaliate by expelling all except full-blood Onondagas from the reservation.

The pagan Indians are leading the movement, and last night they held an indignation meeting to consider it. A resolution to that effect was passed by the Council of Chiefs.

Under the Indian law of this State such an expulsion would be possible. It provides that upon the petition of a majority of the chiefs of any tribe, any person not a member of the tribe may be cited before the county judge to show cause why he should not be expelled from the reservation. Upon proof that the accused is not a member of the tribe through maternal descent, the court must impose a sentence of expulsion.

If the threat be carried out there will be left twenty families on the Onondaga reservation. The other eighty or more families will be sent away, each to its own tribe.

"It is not an unjust move," said one of the pagan party; "it is only for our protection. We have adopted civilization, and we want the benefit of civil laws. We have worked and made homes for ourselves, and we do not want to see them taken away. Our children should have them when we are gone. We would compel no one against his will to adopt citizenship. Let there be a period of twenty-five years in which the older Indians may remain in our present state under the protection of the Government, while the less conservative ones may assume citizenship immediately."

BRITISH CONFLICT WITH RUSSIA

London Times' Comments on the Budget Speech of the British Chancellor

Special to The Times

London, April 16.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times quotes the leading Japanese paper as saying that although a British-Russian conflict in Central Asia, through Russia's seeking an outlet by way of Afghanistan, would not necessarily involve Japan, nevertheless the Japanese appreciate the fact that the spirit of the treaty with the British is not bound by the mere letter of the convention.

London, April 16.—An editoral in The London Times, discussing Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's budget speech, says: We are not clearly convinced by the Chancellor's argument that tobacco would not bear a somewhat heavier burden. If competition with American dealers reduces the praise, consumption will probably be stimulated, and the State ought to profit." The Times says the proposals of the Chancellor are eminently simple and clear.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT CUNNING.

London, April 16.—A despatch from Madrid to The Times says that the Spanish Government has overcome the difficulty confronting it in the registration of the religious communities by procuring a decree, with a royal order, purporting to explain and facilitate the measure, but which in reality renders it nugatory. The Government could neither enforce nor revoke measures against the religious associations.

Items of Interest

Ottawa, April 16.—Yesterday Premier Laurier laid upon the table the report of Messrs. Clute, Munn and Foley on Japanese immigration. In their conclusions the commissioners say: "The consensus of opinion of the people of British Columbia is that the Japanese do not and cannot assimilate with white people, and that while in some respects they are less undesirable than the Chinese, in that they adopt more readily our habits of life and spend more of their earnings in the country, yet in all that goes to make for the permanent settlement of the country they are quite as serious a menace as the Chinese, and keener competitors against the working men, and as they have more energy, push and independence, more dangerous in this regard than the Chinese."

The Japanese law of August 2, 1900 forbidding emigration of Japan laborers to Canada is commended the hope expressed that it may be repealed. In the event, however, of that statute being revoked the commissioners state that the welfare of the Province of British Columbia imperatively demands that effective measures be adopted to take the of the inhibition now imposed by the Japanese Government. Your commissioners recommend that in that event an act be passed by the Dominion Government in the line of what is known as the Natal act, made sufficiently stringent and effective to accomplish the desired result.

Montreal, April 16.—Albert Lussier, ex-M.P.P., Seigneur of Varennes, was shot and probably fatally injured by his son, Aime Lussier, at an early hour in the morning. The affair took place at the father's house in Varennes, about twenty miles below Montreal.

The son spent the evening in the company of some young ladies of the village, but returned early and retired to his room. Shortly after midnight he came down stairs, and entering the bedroom of his mother, struck her several times with a cane. A young sister, who also slept in the room, tried to interfere, and he struck her.

The father was aroused by the noise and ran to the assistance of his daughter, when Aime Lussier hurriedly left the room. He went to his own bedroom, picked up a revolver he had in a drawer, and came downstairs again. Without any warning he shot his father four times, inflicting probably fatal wounds.

The son was arrested. He refuses to discuss the crime. He is 22 years of age, and has been well educated. The Lussier family is one of the best known in the Province. Mr. Albert Lussier, who is very wealthy, is a director of the Provincial Bank, and was member of the Legislative Assembly from 1886 to 1897, and at different times mayor of the parish and warden of the county. He is a brother-in-law of Hon. C. B. De Boucherville, ex-Premier.

THE BOERS IN EUROPE

Utrecht, Holland, April 14.—Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal agent, and other Boer leaders had a long conference yesterday evening. Dr. Leyds afterwards asserted that the meeting was not connected with the conference proceeding at Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony. Peace however, he added, could not be concluded without previous consultation with the Boer representatives in Europe.

LONDON'S MEAT FAMINE

London, April 14.—The so-called meat famine, which has already been exploited throughout the British press, has now become a matter of keen interest to Londoners, who hitherto have not been affected by the prevailing scarcity. A careful canvass of London shows that the retailers at the present time are the sole sufferers by the advance in the wholesale price which amounts to a penny a pound on all grades of meat. Since January the majority of the retailers have been running their business absolutely without profit, because lack of organization prevented a uniform increase of prices. A meeting, however, has been called, which undoubtedly result in a uniform increase in the price of meat on the part of the retailers throughout London.

MILLER SENTENCED FOR LIFE.

Detroit, April 15.—Prof. Joseph M. Miller, the music teacher, who yesterday confessed to having murdered Miss Carrie N. Dannet with a hatchet, was arraigned in the Recorder's Court to-day. The question of Miller's sanity was raised and three alienists, Drs. Emerson, Kennedy and Hitchcock, found that he was sane. He was sentenced to Jackson Prison for life this afternoon. At midnight to-night, 72 hours after his murder of Miss Jennet, Miller was in the prison to spend the rest of his life there at hard labor. His wife, who has been an invalid for several years, is prostrated at her home and is in a critical condition.

Woodstock, April 14.—Since the news of the murder committed by Joseph Miller in Detroit reached this city numerous citizens have recalled the man, and all speak well of him, though it seems to have been generally understood that some time before leaving Woodstock he had got into the hands of bad companions. Relatives of his wife still live in the vicinity of Norwich, and they have all along been of the opinion that the Miller household in Detroit was a happy one. This opinion was found from letters received from time to time from Mrs. Miller.

Queenstown, April 16.—Gunnery Lieutenant James H. S. Hayne, Lieutenant Miller and nine bluejackets were instantly killed yesterday afternoon by the bursting of a twelve inch gun on board the British firstclass battleship Mars during gun practice off Berehaven. In addition several men were injured by the explosion. The breach of the gun blew out after it had missed fire twice. The bodies of the two men who were sighting the gun were shattered to pieces and blown overboard. The injured seamen were brought ashore here to-day.

THE DISTURBANCES IN BELGIUM.

Brussels, April 16.—In consequence of the disorders the pupils of several communal schools have been dismissed and the premises have been utilized as barracks for the troops.

All the factories and mines at Morlanwelz, Valere and Mabille have been closed.

Socialist disturbances occurred last night at Namur. A mob there stoned the police, who charged with drawn swords. Subsequently a force of gendarmes scattered the rioters.

HARD BOILED EGGS IN CHURCH.

London, April 13.—After the special Easter service last night at St. Mary-at-Hill Church Monument, the rector, the Rev. W. Carlile, received offerings of hard-boiled eggs from the congregation.

A large number of people before the church was opened presented a rather curious spectacle as they crowded about the doors with little paper bags in their hands containing the eggs.

The collection of the offerings by the sidesmen was another unusual spectacle.

The eggs were afterwards used at a supper given in the rectory to penniless and starving men.

CO-OPERATION OF ZIONISTS.

London, April 16.—The very latest thing in co-operation is its adoption by the Zionists in order to raise funds for the return to Palestine.

The belief in the eventual return to Palestine is growing stronger and stronger among the Jews, and already the Zionists number over 500,000, and have raised $250,000 as a nucleus for the expenses of the new exodus.

But they realise that this sum will have to be largely augmented before anything definite can be done, and it is with this object that the new co-operative societies are being organized.

Already one such society has been founded at Mile-end, and some hundreds of members have already joined. No interest is to be paid on the capital, but after paying away a certain percentage of profit 10 per cent, will be devoted to the Zionist fund.

WANTS MEN FOR CANADA.

London, April 16.—The Bishop of Moosonee, who is at present in this country, is making an urgent appeal for men for his diocese. He specially wants two clergymen to fill immediate vacancies, one at Fort Churchill, where the work is among Chippewayans and Eskimos, and the other at Bismotasing, on the Canadian Pacific Railway. "Our life," says the Bishop, "is hard but healthy, with never a case of serious illness; our lot is lonely, but happy, and there is at times a spice of adventure which lights up the monotony."

Ottawa, April 16.—"Three thousand Americans a month is the rate of immigration into the Canadian West," says Mr. W. J. White, inspector of Canadian immigration agencies in the States. Mr. White has just returned from the West, and says the Canadian agents are getting hundreds of enquiries from all parts of the Western States about land in Canada.

A NOVEL SPORTING EVENT.

London, April 16.—A novel sporting event was witnessed on Saturday at Linthwaite, near Huddersfield.

A local innkeeper named Lightowler back his Irish terrier for £5 to run 300 yards while a pigeon belonging to another man named Horner was flying the same distance, the conditions being that the bird should alight on its owner's shoulder or hand.

The distance was covered by the terrier in 27 seconds, but the pigeon was not equal to the task, and taking a zigzag course was seven minutes on the journey alighting on the ground in front of its owner.

Large odds were laid on the pigeon.

NO INFORMATION REGARDING PEACE

Mr. Balfour Makes an Announcement in the House

UNWISE TO SPEAK JUST NOW.

But when There is Any News to Communicate the Government will Immediately Inform the House.

Special to The Times.

London, April 16.—The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, replying to a question in the House of Commons, to-day, announced that the ministers had no information to impart on the subject of the South African peace negotiations, nor, under the circumstances, could any information be imparted at the present stage of the negotiations. The Government, Mr. Balfour added, would immediately inform Parliament of the fact when they had any news to communicate.

MACEDONIA TO BE INVADED

Revolutionary Committee Orders a Rising for April 27

Special to The Times.

Cologne, April 16.—The Sofia correspondent of the Cologne Gazette telegraphs that M. Sarafoff, president of the Macedonian Committee, has issued a proclamation calling to arms all Macedonians resident in Bulgaria. The proclamation fixes the rising for the Greek Church Easter, on April 27 and 28.

The Macedonians are ordered to report in Sofia and the frontier towns of Dubnitza and Kustendje, and be prepared to invade Macedonia simultaneously from different points.

Large parties of Macedonians are journeying daily toward the frontier.

BRITISH UNPOPULAR IN SPAIN.

People Credit England With Checking European Move Against Us.

Special to The Times.

London, April 16.—Once upon a time when the British warships visited Spanish ports they were made welcome and officers and men used to have a good time ashore. All this is changed since the belief has seized the Spanish people that the British Government prevented Europe from helping Spain against the United States. It is nowadays regarded as unsafe for an Englishman to go about in many Spanish towns after dark, and without exception the newspapers are furiously Anglophobe.

The feeling of hatred from fresh vent at the beginning of this week when the British Channel squadron visited Coruna. The British bluejackets received the customary shore leave. They found themselves boycotted. The men were preparing to resent this when their officers interposed and all were sent back to the ships and the squadron left the port two days earlier than had been intended.

FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

List of Young Men who will Go with the Contingent

Yesterday was a busy day at the headquarters of the 57th Regiment, Lieut.-Col. Sutton, assisted by Surgeon-Major Young, superintending the enlistment of recruits. There were many applications. The following are the list of those accepted,—

J. A. CROSSLAND, 57th Regiment.
ALBERT EDWARD MILLER, Port Hope, Canadian Scout.
W. E. FAIR, 57th Regiment.
FRANK HUGHES, 14th Field Battery.
ALF. KEMP, 57th Regiment.
VANCE WILSON, 14th Field Battery.
JAS. JUDD, 14th Field Battery.
V. E. LeBAR, 57th Regiment.
H. MORDEN, 57th Regiment.
J. C. STRICKLAND, Lakefield.
HARRY WILCON.
A. GIBSON.
R. BIGGS, 14th Field Battery.
V. HAMILTON, 14th Field Battery.
JOHN BULLER, 57th Regiment.
SIDNEY BYERS, 14th D. F. B.
CHAS FROST.
GEORGE McDONALD, Oxford Rifles.
MILFRED ABRAMS, 4th Hussars, Kingston.
R. R. CLINKSCALE, 40th Regiment.

Stomach and Bowel Trouble

A promptly satisfactory cure for cramps, colic, indigestion, heartburn, biliousness, sick stomach and summer complaint, is a few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water. Nerviline at once relieves pain and suffering, eradicates the cause of the trouble and cures permanently. Polson's Nerviline is the best general purpose remedy for internal pains known; it acts so quickly that no household should be without it. Buy a 25c. bottle of Nerviline to-day, it's all right.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

THE MISTAKEN IDEAS OF THE FIGHTING BOERS

How the Capture of Methuen May Have Brougot Delarey to his Senses

The Enormous Extent of Territory Where the Fighting is Being Done - The Winter Season Now Begun

Special to The Times.

Montreal, April 15—The Star says: The Methuen disasters seem to have given, in certain quarters, an altogether fictitious importance to the present military position of the Boer forces; the very fact that, within two weeks of that affair, the guns which Delarey captured had been recovered and his temporarily concentrated force again scattered into diminished fragments proves amply, to the average mind, that there is no longer any effective cohesion among the individual commandos themselves, let alone any possible effective co-operation between the "generals" who control bands of perhaps a few hundred each, scattered over an area as far as from Halifax to Calgary in one direction and from Montreal to New Orleans in another.

It is also opportune to remind the pessimists that this month commences that six months of winter in which the climatic conditions are altogether unsuitable to Boer tactics. Messrs. Kruger and Steyn commenced this struggle in the month of October, deliberately, because, at that period, they had their best campaigning season in front of them. A British commander just home invalided thinks that the involuntary meeting of Lord Methuen with General Delarey may have a very satisfactory effect, inasmuch as his talks with that able and humane captor would give Delarey a very much better understanding than he ever had before of the determination of the British to see the war "through" at all costs and to accept no terms short of unconditional surrender.

The time for the exercise of leniency, diplomacy and wise statesmanship will come when the vanquished throw themselves upon the generosity of their conquerors. Those who think that undue harshness will then be shown must have utterly and wilfully failed to understand either the British character or the motives which prompted the Mother Country to take up the quarrel of the loyal population of South Africa.

ORCHESTRAL ENTERTAINMENT

A Decided Success Achieved by Charlotte Orchestra

The music-loving people of Peterborough who attended Charlotte St. orchestral entertainment last evening were amply repaid and Charlotte St. orchestra is to be congratulated on being able to furnish such high-class music, each of the different numbers showing careful training and marked artistic ability.

The director, Mr. Hodgson may be justly proud of his success which is evidenced by the large attendance at those entertainments which are growing in popularity and we feel sure the progress of Charlotte St. orchestra will be watched with much interest.

PROGRAMME.

Orchestral selection ...Message from Mars
Address.............................Chairman.
Orchestral selection...overture...Salutation
Recitation......................Miss White
Trom-bone Solo........Mr. Jack Robinson.
Vocal Solo with flute obligato ...Miss Clara Bellegham.
Orchestral selection ...Bright and bewitching.
Recitation.................Mr. Jack Robinson
Flute Solo The Bob-o-link ...Mr. J. E. Hodgson.
Vocal Solo The Volunteer, with violin and piano accompaniment.
Flute Solo Swissboy...Mr. J. E. Hodgson.
Orchestral ....Creole Belles
Recitation How a Dutchman set a hen... Mr. Jack Robinson.
Oboe Solo The Palms (by request)...Mr. J. E. Hodgson.
Orchestral selection ....Medley.

As worthy of special mention we might note Mr. Hodgson's well-rendered flute solos. His artistic rendition of "The Swiss Boy" was thoroughly enjoyed by all. His versatility is shown by his thorough acquaintance with the violin and oboe in addition to the above mentioned instrument. It would indeed be difficult to tell which of the three was most enjoyed.

We are informed the next of this series of entertainments is to take place in about a month, and we venture to predict a full house.

MR. H. LONG'S ENTERPRISE.

Back in the Old Premises Which Have Been Beautifully Finished Throughout

Mr. H. Long, who was a sufferer by fire when the Crystal Block was destroyed, and who occupied temporary premises, has returned to his old stand, which has been handsomely finished. The store is now one of the prettiest in town, the interior being very artistic and beautiful.

Mr. Long has added several improvements, the most important being a large ice cream parlor and supper hall. This new room is being elegantly furnished, and will be specially suited for dinners and social gatherings.

Items of News.

From our own Correspondent

New York,—It was reported from Paris yesterday that Prince Eugene—Napoleon—Nicholas, Duke of Nericia and fourth son of King Oscar of Sweden, had become engaged to marry Miss Helen Gorman Wild of Baltimore, Md., who is related to the well-known Carroll family of Maryland. She is a Catholic and the Prince is a Protestant by the nature of his country's religion and politics.

The marriage, therefore, will necessitate his renouncing all the rights he has to the throne, which are not many, as he is sixth in the line of succession to the rule of Sweden and Norway. According to the report, King Oscar at first was very much opposed to the idea of the union, but was won over by the Queen, Eugene's mother, who asserted that her son had set his heart upon marrying Miss Wild and that the King's refusal to sanction it might make a great deal of trouble.

The Prince is an interesting man of excellent education and reputation. He is 37 years old. Miss Wild has been abroad for some time and according to the reports has often attended services in a little church in Paris's Latin Quarter, where it is said the wedding ceremony will be quietly celebrated. The Queen, it is said, has decided to give half her fortune to Prince Eugene.

Paris, April 16.—Eight hundred Greek emigrants, who had been booked to sail from Havre to-day on the steamship La Gascogne, refused, when at the docks, to embark. They said they were convinced that the steamship had been chartered by the British Government to convey them to South Africa, where they would be compelled to fight the Boers. The Greek Consul intervened and persuaded most of the emigrants to go on board, but a number of them persisted in demanding the return of their passage money.

CONGRATULATES CANADA

London, Ont., April 14.— In an interview here yesterday Rev. Thomas Moran, of Tipperary, Ireland, was asked as to the comparative status of the drink traffic in Ireland and in Canada. He said: "From my observations in Toronto, Hamilton and London, I consider that Canada is to be congratulated on her comparative freedom from the awful evils of strong drink. In Ireland there are many more hotels in proportion to population than here; more drinking per head of population, and you see much more open drunkenness there."

Ottawa, April 16.—A postmaster in a rural district in Quebec was dismissed last week because of his remitting postage stamps to another place, thereby increasing the revenue of his office for the purpose of expanding the amount of his commission upon stamp sales. The vendor who received the stamps was also dismissed.

DEAD ITALIAN CAME TO LIFE AGAIN

Broke Open the Lid of His Coffin on the Point of Burial

HE SCARED THE UNDERTAKER

Four Men Dropped the Coffin in a Fright—When the Corpse Began to Speak — Remarkable Sensation

New York, April 16—Four assistants to an undertaker suddenly dropped a coffin they were carrying out of the Paterson, N.J., jail door. When the suppose corpse broke open the lid and sat up, and in vociferous Italian said he "wasn't dead." He was Alexander Scazzeletta, who had been imprisoned for some slight offence. He had been called in the morning by the keeper, but did not respond. His cell was opened, and the man could not be roused. The jail officials were informed, and they sent for a physician, telling him that a man had died in the night. The doctor made a casual examination, and pronounced the man dead, and the undertaker was sent for. His employees were carrying the supposed corpse out to the wagon when Scazeletta opened his eyes and sat up in the coffin. For two days he talked incessantly in jail, but on Saturday apparently lost the power of speech only to recover it in the coffin, when he abused the undertaker's assistants. The jail physician ordered his release.

DEATH OF REV. T. GOLDSMITH

Venerable Minister Labored Sixty Years in Church

The death is announced of Rev. T. Goldsmith, of Toronto, a gentleman well known in Peterborough in connection with St. Paul's church, he having officiated as pastor for several months when Dr. Torrance was laid up with fever. Mr. Goldsmith, who had been ill for nearly eighteen months with liver trouble, was born eighty years ago in Prince Edward County. He was the son of U. E. Loyalists, his grandfather being Capt. Goldsmith, who came to this country at the time of the revolution.

Of the sixty years' service in the ministry, thirty were spent in the Methodist Church, and the last thirty years as a Presbyterian minister, among the charges held by him being at Seaforth and St. John's Church, Hamilton. Since leaving the latter city twelve years ago Mr. Goldsmith had led a retired life at 2 Walmer Road, having occasionally acted as supply. For one year he was at Peterborough and for six months at St Andrew's Church, King Street, in the absence of the late Rev. Dr. Macdonald.

His wife predeceased him, and two daughters survive. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 1 o'clock from his late residence to Aurora by Metropolitan Railway, where his wife was buried.

General - Sports.

The Vaticans met last evening at the Oriental Hotel to elect officers for ensuing season.

The following gentlemen were appointed

Hon. Pres.—H. LeBrun.
Pres.—R. F. McWilliams.
1st. Vice. Pres.—Alf. Terrell.
2nd Vice Pres.—W. Crawley.
Manager,—A. Dorris.
Secy.-Treas.—J. Picard.
Exec Committee,—Messrs. W. Lynch, C. Taylor, W. Parrell and R. Rickey.

Several old players were present who expressed their intention of donning the colors again for the ensuing season.

With such a list of names we feel confident that prosperity is ensured the club and to which we offer our congratulations and best wishes for continued success.

Paine's Celery Compound

WOMAN'S HOME FRIEND

IT QUICK BANISHES THE ILLS AND PHYSICAL TROUBLES THAT ARE TOO COMMON IN SPRINGTIME

A multitude of the healthiest, brightest and most active women of this North American continent are deeply indebted to Paine's Celery Compound for the blessings of health.

Women, old and young, know well that this famous medicine is specially adapted for all the ills peculiar to their sex. When it is used, the sick and suffering ones are seen to gain steadily in health, strength and vigor. No room is left for doubt to the skeptic and stubborn-minded individual. The joyous transformation from sickness to health through the use of Paine's Celery Compound is constantly going on in every direction, so that those once alarmed about the safety of near and dear ones, now rejoice to see the bloom of returning health lighting up and beautifying features once pallid and wan.

Paine's Celery Compound continues to be woman's best home friend in times of sickness. At this season, when the numberless ills of women are a source of danger and anxiety, women stand in need of a disease banisher and life-giver like Paine's Celery Compound to cleanse the blood, to restore digestive vigor, to banish sleeplessness, to brace the nerves, to banish the symptoms of deadly kidney disease, to dispel the agonies of rheumatism and neuralgia.

This is the season, to-day is the time to begin the use of this best of medical prescriptions. There is not the slightest reason to advance why any woman should continue in suffering, when Paine's Celery Compound can be so easily procured. Heaven grant that you may have faith sufficient to use at least one bottle of nature's health-builder in order that you may be convinced that it is what you need.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Light winds, fine and a little warmer.

A pronounced area of high pressure now covers the Lake Region and from present indications will remain almost stationary during to-day and to-morrow. The weather is fine throughout the Dominion, with a general tendency for higher temperature.

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primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 16, 1902.

BE WIDE AWAKE, CANUCKS.

The Insurance Blue Book, recently issued by the Finance Department at Ottawa, contains figures that will startle thoughtful Canadians who read them.

For instance, it is shown that during 1901, United States insurance companies drew $1,331,000 in cash premiums for fire insurance from Canadian insurers, while Yankee life insurance companies benefitted to the amount of $4,709,000, in cash premiums during the same year. The total sum of life and fire insurance premiums paid by Canadians to Yankee corporations in one single year amounted to $6,040,000. Extending the perspective we find that during the period between 1875 and 1901 Canadian companies effected insurance to the amount of $558,000,000, British companies $61,737,000, and Yankee companies $326,000,000, the aggregate being nearly $1,000,000,000, and the Yankee companies getting more than one-third of this sum. The premium income during the same period shows that the Yankee companies drew the same proportion.

In 1901 Yankee companies were given Canadian risks amounting to $107,000,000. Since 1869 Yankee companies have drawn from Canadian pockets more than $18,000,000 in net cash premiums, from fire insurance alone. During a period of thirty years Canadians have enriched Yankee insurance companies to the amount of $86,000,000.

Let Canadians consider the situation and there can be no possible doubt but that their native good sense will prompt them to patronize Canadian companies and thus keep at home the immense sums now sent to the United States to still further distend the bursting pockets of bloated Yankee corporations, whose best wish for Canada and Canadians is that our country and our people will ere long become a portion of their so-called republic to share their enormous tax-bills, to suffer under their crude and ill-executed laws, to submit to Judge Lynch's rulings, and become tools and playthings in the hands of the offscourings of Europe, now being driven from their native hearths to the alleged "land of the free."

WHAT WAR IS.

Major Waller, of the American army in the Philippines, testified recently in his own defence, on a charge of executing natives of Samar without trial, that Gen. Smith instructed him to "kill and burn," saying that "the more we killed and burned the better pleased he would be," that it was "no time to take prisoners," and that he was to "make Samar a howling wilderness." Major Waller asked Gen. Smith to define the age limit for killing and he replied, "Everything over ten." Capt. David D. Power, Capt. Hiram I. Bearss and Lieut. Frank Halford, all of the Marine Corps, corroborated Major Waller's testimony.

A trooper of the Bushvelt Carabineers states that the guilty Australian officers of that shamed and disbanded corps killed nearly forty unarmed Boers, including three children who had come to ask food.

Such unsoldierly deeds are no part of the British scheme of conquest. They are on the contrary deeply and in shame regretted by Britons everywhere. Kitchener has promptly executed the Bushveldt murderers; Mr. Montague White, the Boer agent in the United States, credits Chamberlain with an earnest attempt to cure the horrors of the reconcentration camps.

But whether in South Africa or in the Philippines or in China, the game of war, in spite of the best efforts of the humane participants, becomes at times what Sherman called it—"all hell."

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP IN CHICAGO

A few days ago the voters of Chicago had the pleasure of a referendum, in fact of four referendums or referenda. Of these the two most important relate to "public ownership," a subject in which various performers take a deep interest and many politicians affect one. First, shall the city of Chicago own all the street railroads within its corporate limits? Second, shall the city of Chicago own the gas and electric lighting plants and furnish therefrom light, heat and power for public and private use?

As to municipal ownership of street railways, the voters said aye, by a vote of 124,594, to 25,987. As to the municipal ownership of lighting plants the voters said aye, by a vote of 124,180 to 18,477.

The magnificence of the majority may be due in part to the fact that municipal ownership is and long or ever must be a speculation and a dream so far as Chicago is concerned. The city is so far from having money to burn that the municipal "ghost" is very tottering and uncertain in its walk. The stupendous debt that would have to be incurred were the city to go into the railroad, gas and electric lighting business was not before the voters as an actuality or immediate probability. But the decided expression of their opinion will encourage the numerous Democratic statesmen who believe that the municipal ownership of public utilities is a promising issue to coddle. Their troubles will begin whenever the scheme advances from its present gaseous state into a condition of concrete and figure-laden reality.

When the cost of municipal ownership is counted and the details are plotted, the enthusiasm of the voters may fall a good many degrees.

ARE THE LAWS ENFORCED

The Stony Lake Cottagers Association has done a great service in calling public attention to the fact that the fishery inspectors are not doing their duty. Their complaint applies to more than one species of inspector. What is the reason of it? It is a well known fact that fish and game are sold openly out of season and in complete disobedience of the law. What is the good of laws and of inspectors? The truth is that a tight hand and a watchful eye are needed over them and it will pay the Governments to mind the people's business better in this respect.

Revolutionary Proposals.

It must have struck many of the admirers of the melodramatic stage that the various outrages to which the hero is subjected during the course of the four acts, when he is "up against it" good and hard, are as like each other as a row of Japanese dolls. The locomotive, the fire-reel, the buzz-saw, the mine explosion, and the shipwreck, have been worked over and over again. What we need is novelty. And if I might make a suggestion, some new and startling climaxes could be worked up from the modest incidents of our daily life. For there are climaxes in the domestic circle just as distressing as any depicted on the stage. Even when the canvas buzz-saw is advancing on him with all the energy a perspiring stage carpenter can impart to it, the hero does not suffer the agony of apprehension that convulses the soul of the average man when he arrives home at three o'clock in the morning and hears the contemptuous sniff which apprises him that the wife of his bosom is awaiting him at the top of the stairs. Nor does the heroine, when starving to death in the latest black cashmere "Daily Hint from Paris," evince more trepidation than does the average matron, when the leader in her particular brand of "sassiety" drops in and finds her in a cotton wrapper with her store teeth in a tumbler of water and her magnificent chevelure lying on top of the bureau. There are calamities just as soul-harrowing in the domestic circle as in the drama. The trouble is that the playwrights have never taken hold of them in the true spirit of discovery.

We will take as an example one heroic incident that lately happened in this city when a prominent citizen induced a small girl to save her life by jumping from the windowsill of a burning house on to the tails of his ulster, which she accomplished without even breaking his flask. We can easily picture to ourselves how this could be worked up for the stage. The Angel cheeild is backed up on the windowsill with a pound of red fire burning on a tin shovel behind her. The hero comes tearing on from the side scenes. He sees her, and clasps his hand to his forehead. (Heroes always do that. It is a kind of a send-off.) He seizes a handful of clustering locks from his wig and tosses it into the air. It comes down "Tails!" The cheeild must be saved. With a wild wrench he whips off his liver-pad and holds it outstretched in his strong arms. The cheeild jumps and rebounds from it like a half a brick from a book-agent's cheek. Once more she springs; and again he is foiled. With a cry of anguish he hurls the liver-pad at the sneering villain and catches her on his breath. And as she is lowered in safety to the ground we see the quivering body of the villain nailed fast to the blazing ruins by the faithful liver-pad.

There is another point to which I would like to draw attention. And that is the way in which inanimate objects are neglected. We have dogs, geese, chickens and poultry in melodrama. But that is all. I was once acquainted with a gentleman who played a cake of ice in the river scene in "Uncle Tom's Cabin." And the barrel in "Panjandrum" was a most lovable personage off the stage. Many friends of mine have also formed part of the "hoarse gathering murmur" which always arises in the wings when the hero is getting into a remarkably tight place. But these were not strictly inanimate objects. They drew salaries, and wore red neckties on Sundays. What we need is a further extension of the drama from the farmyard to the grocery counter, and the hardware store. And we shall get it. We shall yet see a drama in which the leading comedy part is played by a tin of canned salmon and the heroine is saved from the villain's clutches by a barrel of patent glue. And why should we not? There are many comedians now on the stage who would compare unfavorably from an intellectual standpoint with a tin of canned salmon. And there are heroes beside whose personal charms a barrel of glue would shine as a paragon of pulchritude. A tin of canned salmon would prove far more useful to the heroine when she is lost on the sandy desert, or afloat on the lonely raft in mid-ocean, than a comic Irishman with a Coney Island brogue. If she did not care to tackle it herself she could feed it to the villain and tie him up in so many knots that it would take a traction engine to straighten him out. And the dramatic possibilities of a barrel of glue are simply illimitable. She could use it for sticking to everything from the angel cheeild to the papers proving her to be rightful heiress to the old baronial home. When the villain sprang upon her, hissing out "At last I have you in my power-r-r!" she could paste him to the kitchen stove and go out for a walk. How would the band of Moorish brigands look if she stuck them all to the adjacent rocks by the slack of their loose trousers, while the manly hero went through their pockets? A dab of glue on her windowsill when the murderer was creeping, knife in hand, into her lonely bed-chamber, would compel him to stay there all night or complete his crime in a costume which the management would not stand for even for a moment. And then how useful it would be to help her to adhere to her salary. It is true that they might have to soak the hero in hot water to get him away from her. But then he often richly deserves to be soaked. In every other instance the faithful glue pot could give cards and spades and little casino to the most useful comedian who ever trailed the villain to his lair.

These are only two of the instances in which the use of inanimate objects in the cast would increase the novelty of the drama. But their number could be indefinitely increased. We have long had the wooden actor. Why should we stick at the inanimate tragedian? Herein we have a bright idea for the budding playwrights who have dramatized every book that has a circulation of over ten copies, until the principal value we place on the dictionary is the fact that even the most ambitious of them have never used it as the basis of a romantic play. And we charge nothing for this hint to dramatists. It is an absolutely free graft.—Montreal "Sunday Sun."

Nature's Flying Machines.

It is an extraordinary thing that the places where people think that they can invent flying machines are the capitals of Europe. Paris, Vienna, London, Brussels, each takes its turn, in paragraphs in the morning papers and illustrated interviews in the weeklies, at producing flying machine inventors; but the man who will succeed must be more familiar than any townsman or laboratory savant seems to be with the way in which Nature's flying machines, the birds, work. To this the townsman will reply that everybody knows how birds fly. They flap their wings; and what we have to do is to invent a machine which will flap its wings like a bird.

Yes; but which bird? In every one of our undulating Norfolk stubbles there are two birds, among many, that you cannot help observing on the wing. One is the partridge and the other the gull. Let us take the gull first. It is a bird with a very light body in proportion to its expanse of wing; and when it wishes to rise from the ground it raises its wings aloft, back to back, and then with one quick stroke—whiff!—wafts itself aloft. Three or four more similar strokes follow, each one visibly raising the bird higher in the air, and then it sails off. Now it is "coasting" down an inclined plane; now its widespread wings catch the wind like a sail and it curves upwards; then it wheels and "coasts" again, and at the turn one vigorous flap of its wings shoots it up into the wind again. Another sail, another "coast," another flap, and so the gull could go on through the livelong afternoon. The albatross, spreading as much wing-sail as Shamrock II., so very nearly equalises its sailing power with its coasting momentum that it remains in the air alongside a steamer for, perhaps, half an hour together, without occasion for a flap of the wing. This is the very highest development of one kind of Nature's flying machines.

Now let us look at the partridge. This is a heavy, substantial bird, with great running power, necessitating a muscular development essentially different from the gull's. The object of the partridge's flight is not to loaf about in the air, always ready to descend at any inclined plane that the chance of snatching food from the restless waves may offer, but to put as large a distance as possible in the shortest space of time between itself and the danger which compelled it to take wing. With the partridge flying is, in fact, merely an urgent improvement upon terrestrial locomotion, whereas with the gull it is the highest development of the art of remaining in the air at the poise most suitable for descending like an arrow in any desired direction.

From this contrast it is evident that the model which human inventors of flying machines should set before themselves is that of the partridge and not of the gull. We need aerial locomotion as an improvement upon our existing means of terrestrial progress. Our flying machine must be a weight-carrier because it has to bear up a terrestrial mechanism—i.e., a man; and the partridge gives us a very good idea of the means whereby this can be achieved. In common with all ground-birds—and if man is destined to be a bird at all it is as a ground-bird that he will have to commence his aerial evolutions—the partridge goes off whirring like clockwork. This is because enormous power, comparatively speaking, is needed to raise so heavy a bird from the ground. But when it has once reached an altitude of, say, ten feet, it goes on at a tremendous pace, gliding for twenty yards, then whirring violently again for ten, gliding for twenty, and so on. Thus the partridge can, taking into consideration all kinds of wind and weather, travel between two fixed points faster than a gull, provided that the point of departure is higher than that of destination. This is not generally understood; and it is common to talk of the amazing power of flight of such long-winged birds as gulls and swifts, although their "power" of flight is small compared with that of partridge or pheasant.

A New Vocabulary.

"I SEE," said the wise person, "that some eminent philologist is again monkeying with the language of the world in the effort to combine them in one tongue that no one will want to learn, but everybody can understand. It has always been a matter of surprise to me that none of these word-arrangers has ever grasped the amazing possibilities of baby-talk as a universal, time-saving method of conversation. Instead of delving into the dusty dimness of antiquity for Saxon and Sanskrit roots, and making it necessary for one to master ten languages to learn one, why do they not go into the nursery with an open mind and a notebook and compile a new mother-tongue that will catch everybody?"

Here he paused for a question, but, as none was forthcoming, he went on:

"What I mean is this: You take any baby that has an intelligent, quick-witted mother, and it can make its wants known with less expenditure of breath than a deaf-and-dumb man. If it says "Wow" she knows that a pin is sticking it, or that it wants its dinner, or that it wants to turn over, or that it has colic. If it says "Ah-goo" she makes a rapid-fire translation which proves that the child has said that it wants to see papa or that it feels good. If it says "Gup" she will at once tell you that it means "look at the horse." If it says "Boo" she can tell you without a moment's hesitation that it desires a peep at its picture-book. And so on ad infinitum, and ad infantum, for that matter. By jing! We don't want Volapuk or any other old universal language, but as a time and tongue saver and word-condenser we need the adoption of baby-talk."

Then, with a sarcastic glance at the young father, he concluded:

"Besides, it would keep a lot of people from telling us what their children had tried to say."—W. D. Nesbit in "Judge."

A Matter of Spelling.

Those who love to study human nature often derive as much pleasure from watching the people who visit picture-galleries as they receive from the pictures themselves. It is not every day, however, which produces so amusing an incident as one which an English paper reports:

Two ladies were looking at a picture by Mr. Faed, in the Royal Academy, entitled, "His Only Pair." The artist has depicted a poor boy sitting up in bed while his hard-working mother mends his only pair of trousers. The boy, although obliged to stay in bed while the repairs are under way, is contentedly eating an orange.

One of the visitors looked at the picture with searching gaze, and then remarked to her companion: "'His Only Pair!' I don't call that a pear at all! It's an orange that he is eating."

The dizziness and faintness from which women suffer may be due to one of several causes. But the most common cause is disease of the delicate womanly organism. The story of Mrs. Brown, told in her letter below, gives a fair example of the conditions under which so many women work: *"I had a sick headache nearly all the time, was so weak around my waist could hardly bear anything to touch me. I would work a little while and then lie down a while."* Failing to obtain more than temporary relief from her doctor's treatment, Mrs. Brown began the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, with the usual result—a complete cure.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best medicine for the cure of diseases peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, dries offensive drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"A few years ago I suffered severely with female weakness and had at times dreadful pains," writes Mrs. Mary V. Brown, of Creswell, Harford Co., Maryland. "I went to my doctor, and he gave me medicine which did me good for a while, but I would get worse again. I had a sick headache nearly all the time; was so weak around my waist could hardly bear anything to touch me. My feet would keep cold and I could hardly do my work. I would work a while and then lie down a while; was completely run down. Suffered from disagreeable discharge and also severe pains at times. After using five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, three of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and following the advice you gave regarding the 'Lotion Tablets,' I can truly say that I am cured. The doctor said it was uterine disease I had."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*, or if cloth-bound volume is desired send 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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It is women who write "daring" books, and it is women who read them. When once the fair do take their bonnets off they are not content with that; they throw them over the windmills, as the French say. Men do not like this kind of thing. It not only disgusts but bores them. It is a particular kind of woman, usually earnest and very stupid, who enjoys these successes. Our sex, if all this goes on, must provide itself with fans to blush behind. We must leave the ladies before the coffee and cigarettes begin to circulate.—Andrew Lang in "Longman's Magazine."

Out of His Province.

A soap-maker and a banker were at a Wagner concert, says the "Christian Register." The programme did not please them, and they began to talk.

"Every man," said the banker, "wants to do something outside of his own work."

"Yes," answered the soap-maker. "I manufacture good soap, and yet I've always wanted to be a banker."

"You wouldn't be a good one. I am a successful banker, but I always wanted to write a book. And now here's this man Wagner tries his hand at music. Just listen to the stuff! And yet we all know he builds good parlor-cars."

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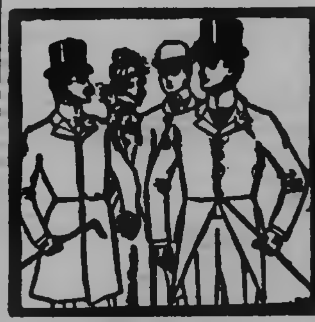

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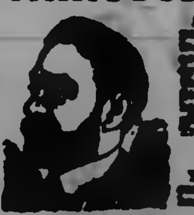

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THE WAR SITUATION AS IT REALLY EXISTS

Britain Will Not Weaken in Her Efforts to Make Peace

WOLSLEY'S VISIT TO AFRICA

Not One Shred of Their Former Independence Will be Allowed—The War Goes Merrily on.

Special to The Times.

London, April 15 — In the face of the endeavors of pro-Boer organs to create an impression that Britain is weakening in her determination to continue the war in South Africa until the dream of the Afrikander Bond is finally dispelled, it is necessary to constantly refute the numerous rumours which gain currency. In the first place it is perhaps inaccurate to say that actual negotiations are taking place, either between diplomats favorable to the Boer cause in Europe and the British Cabinet, or between Lord Kitchener and the so-called Boer Governments in South Africa; our authority for this denial is the official statements made in the British Parliament this very week. All that Lord Kitchener has been authorized to do is to facilitate interviews between Schalkburgher and his civilian colleagues with their scattered friends who are still able to retain a following upon the warpath. The story that Lord Wolseley had a mission from the King to report and to negotiate behind the back of his constitutional advisers had no sooner received its quietus than it is replaced by a rumor that Lord Rosebery is going upon a similar mission. Probably the latter will scarcely take the trouble to contradict the report, which the ex Commander in Chief did when, upon embarking on board the Walmer Castle, at Southampton, he said: "I am going to the Cape upon strictly personal business, and may possibly return to England on this steamer's homeward trip."

The British position really remains as it was defined by Lord Salisbury at the time when Holland attempted to intervene. The Premier then said he would never be a party to any negotiations which would aim at restoring to the late Transvaal and Orange Free States "one shred of their former independence." After all, though rarely named in connection with the war, it is Lord Salisbury who is "the man at the wheel," and, having kept the ring clear so successfully for three years, we can quite believe that he has no intention of now surrendering to any Boer bluffing. Sir Gordon Sprigg, the Premier of the Cape Colony, tells us that the war will not actually be over until the last individual commando in the field has been broken up. If any additional proof is needed of the unswerving determination of the Colonial Administrations in South Africa, it will be best found in the Budget statement which the Chancellor of the Exchequer is to make next Monday, when it will be seen that provision has been made for carrying on the struggle during the year which ends on March 31st, 1903, with undiminished energy.

Warrior Woes.—Through damp, cold and exposure many a brave soldier who left his native hearth as "fit" as man could be to fight for country's honor, has been "invalided home" because of the vulture of the battle ground—Rheumatism. South American Rheumatic Cure will absolutely cure every case of Rheumatism in existence. Relief in six hours.—98

READY FOR BATTLE.

Venezuelan Insurgents to Fight and Rising to Follow.

Special to The Times.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, April 14. — News has reached here that Government troops, to the number of 1,500, under the command of General Velutini, Minister of the Interior, left Piritu, a small village on the seashore near Barcelona, capital of the State of Bermudas, to engage the revolutionists, under the command of General Monagas, who are encamped fifteen miles from Piritu. A battle is expected between these forces to-day. If it be won by the revolutionists, the victory will be a signal for a general uprising.

APPEAL FOR AID

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 14 — The Gov. Yates Boer relief fund committee on Saturday issued an appeal to the public.

In the appeal the committee says: "We desire to collect five million checks and drafts of $1 each, from all parts of the United States, payable to Theodore Roosevelt, to be used by him for such aid as he may be able to render the people, and as a practical and beneficent demonstration of the sympathy of the people of America for these reconcentrado camp sufferers. These checks and drafts should be sent to Peter Van Vlissingen, 172 East Washington street, Chicago.

The appeal is signed by Edward F. Dunne, Carter H. Harrison and Peter Van Vlissingen.

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'DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

from your walk yesterday! How you [illegible]d out to be alone, and how, half [illegible] hour later, you rang the bell sharply and ordered a fire to be built in your room, although the day was very warm!"

No answer fell from Daisy's ashen lips, and the girl went on steadily:

"I said to myself that it was not natural to call for a fire on such a hot day, when the sun was shining so brightly. There must be a reason for it, and that reason was that you had something to burn."

A bitter cry fell from Daisy's lips; but the French girl continued rapidly:

"I may just as well admit the truth to you, Mrs. Hamilton. I did not go away when you sent me from the room. I—I stayed and watched through the keyhole; then I knew my surmise had been correct — you had something to burn!

"I saw you take a letter, and after glancing hastily around as though to make sure you were unobserved, place it on the glowing coals.

"I was wild to know the contents of that letter, and trusted to my ingenuity to find out. It was then that I invented the excuse that Mr. Hamilton was ill down in the parlor, just to get you away from the room.

"You know how well I succeeded.

"The door had scarcely closed upon you ere I sprung into the room and rescued the burning letter from the flames, and hid it in my bosom.

"That night, when you slept in fancied security I was reading that letter in my room; the flames had barely scorched it. Every line was visible.

"You never thought when you went over the past in that letter in such minute detail, what it was to lead to. I was amazed at the revelation, used as we French are to the intrigues of beautiful women.

"I said to myself:

"'So this is the history of my lovely lady, eh! How horrified master would be if he knew it; but know it he shall, unless my lady buys my silence with gold.'

"So there the matter rests, my lady."

The agonizing horror on the white face was horrible to see.

The great wonder is that she did not fall down at the girl's feet dead.

She had fancied herself so securely free; and now, the sword had fallen. Yet, slowly she erected her golden head.

She would never acknowledge that there was anything wrong—she would die first; but if she could temporize with this girl in any way, she would do it.

"I do not wish any harm to come to you, Mrs. Hamilton," interposed the girl, quickly. "I know full well how you love your husband; I know it would be more bitter than death for you to part from him. You love him, and you either that other one. Give me the money I ask for, and I will return you the letter you thought you had burned; I will keep your secret. Not one word shall ever pass my lips. Mr. Hamilton will never know. You can trust me, I——"

"Stop!"

The voice that broke the sunlit, summer silence was like nothing human— more like the moan that one sometimes hears among the trees.

"Stop!" Daisy cried again, though this time there was the recklessness of terrible despair in her tone. "I —I will give you the money you ask for, not because I admit there is anything wrong, but because I do not wish this story repeated— it is so absurd," and again she erected her beautiful head, turning a face as pallid as death itself on the maid. "Tomorrow I will give you the money."

"You are wise, madame; I knew you would take a sensible view of the matter," returned the girl, and the covert meaning in her words made Daisy's eyes flash fire, and her face glow with hot anger.

She pointed to the door, and the scheming French girl who had done her terrible work but too well glided from the room.

The summer sun in all its round since first the flight of time began, surely never fell upon a sadder sight than the beautiful, golden-haired girl standing alone in that luxurious room.

"Let me try to realize what has happened to me," she gasped; "let me grasp the position if I can, although my brain seems reeling, and my heart on fire.

"Am I a sinful, scheming woman, who has lost the world, all for love's sake— the same creature who but a few short months ago, was only a happy child, dreaming my idle dreams in the old orchard of the farm— the idolized child on whom the rude winds of the world had never blown roughly?

"Oh, if I had had strength enough to tell Aleck all and turn away! But I could not; it seemed like tearing my heart asunder, the very thought of giving him up.

"While I rested secure in Aleck's love, while I believed the cause of my terror set aside, while I believed myself safe, fate was tracking me down, my doom was settling darkly around me like a funeral pall. Let me try to think clearly what has happened to me. My sin has found me out."

She thought of the lines she had read only that very day and trembled over:

"I know that each sinful action,
As surely as night brings shade,
Is some time, somewhere punished,
Tho' the hour be long delayed."

Poor, beautiful, hapless Daisy! surely those lines must have been written as a warning to her, for the hour of her punishment had come upon her at last.

She must raise the money this girl had demanded of her as the price of her silence, or she would go to Aleck with the letter.

A thousand dollars— where should she get it? Aleck would wonder what she wanted with so much money. Supposing the girl's demands upon her should increase!

"Great heaven, where will it end!" she moaned, wildly.

It was well she could not foresee her horrible future.

CHAPTER XVI.

Daisy's Desperation.

Daisy never remembered how that day passed; it always seemed like a confused, horrible dream to her.

Before nightfall she must nerve herself to ask Aleck for the money. Never had she exerted herself so much to look pleasing in his eyes, never had she been so tender and loving in her manner. She clung to him, burying her golden head on his breast.

To be Continued.

The Saving of Mrs. Mervine.

PERSONALLY, I never liked Mrs. Mervine. It may have been that she was too pretty for any other woman to like, or it may have been something else. I'm not good at analyzing my sentiments. I like and I dislike, that's enough for me. Some people can't wear a bustle without knowing in what period of our evolution a taste for humps was evolved, but for me, I'd go on all fours without a question if it became the style. And when Mrs. Mervine—she was Miss Henry then—married Mr. Mervine, I did a little quiet rejoicing all privately in my own room. You see, George and Miss Henry had had an affair, and, by the way, I hadn't thought of it before, but maybe that is why I never liked her. But then, according to that, I shouldn't have liked George, either. Two things equal to each other are equal to themselves, isn't it? Or something like that. No, don't explain it to me. I couldn't understand in a week, and, besides, I want to tell you what saved Mrs. Mervine.

You see, she was young and pretty as a picture in an Alma Tademaesque sort of way. He was about seventy, and he looked like an antique brass. Just the color, you know, and so many wrinkles that they looked as if they had been made by hand with a chisel. He was rich and respected and all that, but he was a man of principle, and of all things I loathe it's a man or woman of principle. I think principles ought to be like the magazines at a man's club —for the use of all, and not to be gathered up and secreted by one, any more than one would try to swallow all the air around him, so no one else should have any.

Mixed? No, I'm not. The metaphor? Oh, well, I'm telling you what saved Mrs. Mervine. But about his principles. They were a good concrete sort, you know. There was nothing Comtian or Kantian about them. A babe in arms could have understood them. One was that servants should not be tipped. Another, that a man should get his money's worth wherever he went. Another, that a woman who had attained her growth was old enough to take care of herself, and so on and so on. Any one of these was a principle for which he declared himself ready to perish at the stake. Mrs. Mervine knew all about these principles before she married him, but she didn't realise their import, and she went up to the altar pink and smiling and thinking how she was going to spill his money about.

How do I know what she thought? Didn't I tell you that I feel things—lots of them—without ever knowing them? We all went down to the station with them. You know they went to New York and sailed from there for Europe. His best man had the tickets bought and the chairs bought, and he shoved them over to Mr. Mervine. That worthy looked at them and bolted back to the ticket-office. He came back puffing and showed us a handful of change.

"She can have a chair," he said, jerking his thumb towards the bride, who was neither pink nor smiling now, "and I'll sit in the smoking compartment. You see, they can't put me out, because I can show them I've paid for a seat in the car. Nothing like getting your money's worth."

Just then the bell rang for the train to start. Poor old Mr. Mervine was born, you know, ages before trains were thought of, and he always had a panic about catching one. Well, he forgot everything except that he was scheduled to catch that train, and he whisked through the gate alone, galloped down the track and threw himself on the platform. Of course, there wasn't anything left for Mrs. Mervine to do but to make a hasty explanation to the gatekeeper and sail down after him. She scrambled on to the rear platform, with the aid of the porter, and never turned to wave us good-by.

We threw the old shoes and rice at a young couple that came in on the local and stopped behind a load of trunks to kiss.

Mamma and I went abroad that year, and I had almost forgotten the old Relic and his bride until one day in Paris I heard an American voice. It was at a kiosk where I was buying a magazine, and there was the Relic flourishing the Paris edition of the "Herald," trying in execrable French to have it exchanged for a "Galignani" of the same date. The old woman who kept the booth imagined herself threatened by a maniac or an assassin, and was about to call a gendarme, when I interfered and explained. The Relic was profuse in his thanks, but begged that since I had already been so kind, would I do yet a little more and see if I could not induce the old woman to take the "Herald," which he had read, in exchange for the "Galignani," which he desired to read. I glanced across the way, and saw Mrs. Mervine seated on one of the public benches watching us with narrowed eyes, which she averted as I turned toward her. She was gorgeously dressed, and I saw she had a hand full of new diamonds, but her face was absolutely colorless and her eyes looked bright and hot as if she hadn't been able to have a good cry for a year. I knew the Relic's principles were getting on Mrs. Mervine's nerves, and I slipped a few sous into the old woman's hand and gave the Relic his "Galignani."

He was quite embarrassing in his gratitude, and summoned Mrs. Mervine with a sort of whistle, such as one uses in emergencies for hackmen or motormen. She had learned the signal well, for she came up promptly, with a look in her eyes as if she expected to see ghosts. She was quietly cordial, saying and acting the correct thing, as she had always done, but it didn't occur to me until afterwards how weakly she had seconded his effusive invitation for us to dine with them.

Mamma, you know, is always quite unhappy on the Continent. She misses her morning oatmeal and ice water, and, most of all, someone to whom she can talk English; so, whenever we meet an American, I have all I can do to prevent her legally adopting him into the family. So, when the Relic insisted on having us dine with them, mamma joyously consented. It was arranged that they should call for us at our hotel, and from there we were to go to the Palais Royal and later to the Comedie Francaise.

Well, they came on time—in an old voiture with a drunken driver who had agreed to take them for less than the regular tariff. The Relic has a morbid habit of demonstrating everywhere that he knows more than any other one or two human beings about him, so we had no sooner started than he began to declare to the "cocher" that he was driving us in a roundabout way to er-[illegible] to consume time and earn a bigger fare. The "cocher" had traveled Paris drunk and sober for forty years, he told me, and when he forgot, his horse knew anyway, but the more the Relic argued, the more convinced he became that there was a deep plot on hand to rob him, and it ended by our stopping and calling a gendarme, who called another, who called another, and they all performed a sort of autopsy over us, while every gamin in Paris walked around us and made comments. You know them.

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EPPS'S
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At last we were sent on our way, the Relic yet unconvinced, and Mrs. Mervine pale and trying to smile. Poor mamma's eyes had fairly popped out of her head, and she held my hand and trembled as if we were going to the guillotine. At the Palais Royal the driver insisted on being paid for the time consumed during the autopsy, but we fled into one of the little jewelry shops, where I talked like a graphophone, from sympathy for poor Mrs. Mervine. At last the Relic came, looking copperier than ever. But there—you're looking tired.

No, I'll not tell you all the details. It was too awful. Poor Mrs. Mervine looked as if she wanted to die then, and how she lived with him for four years after I don't know. You see, he bounced into the restaurant ahead of us and plunged down in the first chair. Then he grabbed the menu and gave his own order to the waiter, explaining that his wife would take the same, but that one order would suffice for both. He fairly drowned himself in his "vin ordinaire," trying to get his money's worth. Before we left, he gathered up the few extra lumps of sugar and pocketed them, declaring that when he paid for a thing he liked to have it. As we prepared to leave, the waiters lined up to receive their customary fee, but the Relic was true to his principle, and not for millions would I again run the gauntlet of their withering scorn as we crawled out, like so many worms.

I don't remember just what happened at the theater. Some of the Revolutionary blood of our ancestors, never before agitated, was stirring in mamma's veins, and she looked like the pictures of frontier women about to attack Indians. I didn't want her to claw the Relic there. And poor Mrs. Mervine. I forgot George then, and the affair, and all her evil gloating over us when she captured the Relic, but I couldn't have felt more wretched for a soul in purgatory.

I remember him scrapping with the woman who takes care of the wraps for a couple of sous, and I remember being marched into the theater, the only ones in the house with hats. I remember him scooting down ahead of us and jumping into his seat. He wouldn't buy a programme, it was another principle of his, and he didn't understand a word. He went to sleep, and when he was folded back over the seat with his mouth hanging open, snoring gently (an usher would have jerked us out if he had snored loudly), Mrs. Mervine looked a bit more natural, and asked me about everyone at home—everyone but George.

I don't remember how we got home. I know mamma said things I had never taught her, and I know I had to put a hot water bag to her feet and an ice-cap on her head.

A day or so afterward I met them again at the Invalides. You know how the Continentals are about their treasures. There are as many cast-iron rules about seeing them as a presentation at court, and one of them is that no one shall enter Napoleon's tomb without removing his hat. Well, the Relic had another principle. He'd have died for it along with the others. That one was not to take off his hat to anything that was not "American." When I saw him at the Invalides that day, he was coming down the marble stairs too rapidly for it to have been spontaneous. I knew he had been trotting out one of his principles, and the French guards had been enforcing theirs.

Poor Mrs. Mervine! I get quite maudlin yet when I think of her face as she stumbled down the steps after him.

Mamma met them once after that, in London. He was puffing along the Strand with an umbrella held over him and one under his arm. The one over him was to protect him from the rain, the other one was to assist him in making a way through the crowd. Mrs. Mervine was following umbrellaless behind, majestically as always, as though she didn't know that his umbrella was pouring rivers over her. Mamma leaned out of the carriage to speak to her, but decided not to do so, which was pretty good for mamma, you know. If it had not been in England, I don't think she could have resisted it.

We sailed for home a day or so after that, and you know George and I were married right away. In the excitement of getting ready and acknowledging presents and receiving afterward, I forgot the Mervines completely until one day I saw among George's letters one directed in a woman's handwriting. Of course, it wasn't right to open it, but — Well, anyway, I did open it, and it was from Mrs. Mervine.

It just comes to me it isn't right to tell this, but I've gone so far, and anyway, she is in Japan, and the Relic has been dead a year. Well, the letter was all blotchy and blistery, and the writing ran off the lines and the sentences weren't finished. What? Of course I remember it. You don't suppose I just glanced at it! I memorized it [illegible]:

"I am sick and heart-broken. For weeks nothing has kept me alive but the thought that as soon as I landed I should see you. I tried to see you yesterday, but the tyranny—Oh, George, come and take me away! I cannot endure it—I cannot. You would lift the cart-wheel from off a dog's neck in the street. Take me away—take me with you. You loved me once, and I would make you love me again. I don't care for the dreadful things you said when I married. I did sell myself—oh, yes, oh, yes, and the coin I received! If I knew where you were I would go to you, and you could not, would not send me away. It needn't be for life, you know, but just until I know what I can do or where I can go. Oh, George, if it is a sacrifice, make it for the sake of the time when you did want me—oh, that time when I took my life's happiness in my foolish, sinful hand and gave it back to you."

Now, wasn't that scorching? And, don't you know, the beauty of it was—I often think I should have been a saint and had my picture in the Catacombs—the beauty of it all was that I didn't get angry at either of them. Of course, I think George must have looked very silly begging Miss Henry to fly with him when at that time he didn't make enough money in a month to buy one of her kimonas, and, naturally, I can never, never trust him again; but I understood the business at a glance. You see, she hadn't loved George a bit, but when she was isolated with the Relic for something over a year, all the old Eve and Delilah and Mrs. Potiphar in her came to the surface. She just had to be loved by some one, and the more she thought about it, the more she became convinced that George was It.

Perspicacious? Thank you. I've been telling you one can see some things without a [illegible]. What did I do?

Well, first I locked that letter in my desk and then I put on my mauve grenadine—the one, you know, with the Renaissance yoke and the embroidered flounce. I had Thompson rub up Major and the coupe and the harness until they shone like silver. Then I went to call on Mrs. Mervine. A shabby butler in a greasy coat opened the door. The hall was dusty, and everything was upside down. You know, as soon as you go in a house you can tell whether the people are happy or not.

I had arrayed myself to go and demolish Mrs. Mervine with my wifely dignity, and to give her Sunday-school advice from the heights, but when I went into the drawing-room I found her there, crouching over a steam radiator. She was thin and blue and wretched, and I just went up to her and threw my arms about her—forgot my Renaissance yoke entirely—and I said: "Oh, you poor, little, battered thing!" And I kissed her, and she didn't resent it, and then we cried.

I think we must have cried a gallon, and then it seemed so funny, and we both laughed a while, and then I think we cried some more. Anyway, it did us both loads of good, and then we talked it over. I explained to her that George and I were married, and that he couldn't do a thing, but that I could do something, and that I would; and when I proposed that we go to mamma's for a month or so, she couldn't speak for gratitude. I told her I was going home to tear up the letter, and that the rack or thumb-screws couldn't make me tell George anything about it. You can understand, when she saw it from my standpoint, it seemed very silly, and she wouldn't have had George know it for worlds.

The next day I carried her off to mamma's. The reasons I gave George for taking Mrs. Mervine with me made no mere "tissue of falsehood." It would have supported an elephant. When one begins to fabricate, it's silly to leave holes big enough to throw you.

We stayed there a month, and we talked the prospects over in every possible light. We couldn't see the shadow of a chance to do anything but just stand it, but the talking and the sympathy and mamma's sublime ignorance of everything did her good, and she went back without a murmur. She got a new butler who didn't wear a greasy coat, and she fixed up the house, and when things got too awful she came over to see me and cried it out. She didn't fancy meeting George, but I cross my heart and hope to die, he doesn't know a thing to this day.

I suppose you think that it was the Relic's death that saved her, but it wasn't. It was me. Oh, well, it was I, then. If I had preached that day, she'd have taken a scenic-railway speed to destruction with the first man in sight. No, she isn't immoral. She's as good as I am, but St. Cecilia couldn't have stood the Relic and his principles for more than a year and not have done something "wicious." — From "Ainslee's."

Fish Stories in the Talmud.

THE Talmud of the Hebrews is a depository in which one would seek for many things before looking for huge fish stories and chronicles of the immemorial sea-serpent; yet there are some specimens therein which would put the veriest ass of the sea to shame and show that the early rabbis were not devoid of a keen sense of humor. The following are from the latest section of the English translation by Rabbi Rodkinson:

"Rabba b. Hana said again: 'I have seen an alligator as large as the city of Hagrunia, which contained sixty houses. A snake came and swallowed it, and a large-tailed raven came and swallowed the snake, and then the raven sat on a tree!'"

The translation of another is as follows:

"Rabba said again: 'At one time when on board of a ship I saw a fish into whose gills a reptile crept from which it died, the sea throwing it out on land. And sixty streets were destroyed by its fall, and sixty streets consumed its flesh, and sixty other streets salted the flesh that was left; and from one eye they filled three hundred measures of oil; and when I returned thither after twelve months, I saw its bones being sawed to restore the streets that were destroyed by it!'"

Were the speaker other than Rabba b. Hana, who would have believed this?

"He said again: 'At one time I was on board of a ship, which was driven between two fins of a fish; three days and three nights the fish was swimming against the wind and we were sailing with the wind. . . And R. Ashi said that this was one of the smallest fishes of the sea which has two fins!'"

From the same inexhaustible source we have the following also:

"It once happened that I was going on a boat, and saw a fish on which sand was gathered and grass grown thereupon. And we thought it was an island, descended, baked, and cooked upon it. When the back of the fish grew hot, it turned over, and had the ship not been so near we would have been drowned."

It is scarcely to be wondered at that at the close of one of these marvelous rabbinical tales we should find this remark recorded: "R. Papa b. Samuel said: 'If I had not been there, I should not have believed it!'"

Peck's Bad Boy.

Professor Harry Thurston Peck, editor of the "Bookman," has written a delightful story for children. It is entitled "The Adventures of Mabel." A few days ago a woman entered one of the Chicago stores to buy a book for her little girl, says the "Record-Herald."

"How old is she?" the clerk asked.

"Five."

"Here is a nice tale for a child of that age," the clerk said, handing out Professor Peck's story about Mabel.

The woman took the book, looked at the title page, and then handed it back, saying:

"Mercy! I don't want that in my house. I've read some of that stuff he wrote about that bad boy, and that's enough for me."

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Sassiety—Gracious! I feel wretched, and this is my at-home day. I do hope no one will call, for I'll be in misery all the time.

Mr. Sassiety—Why, I always thought misery loved company.—Philadelphia Press.

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"I am familiar with every rock known," boasted the old bachelor geologist.

"Indeed," rejoined his married sister. "How about the rock of the cradle?"—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Georgiana—George, pa says that I can't marry you because you don't wear overshoes.

George—Overshoes! What have they got to do with it?

Georgiana—Why, George, pa says if a man hasn't got sense enough to take good care of himself he won't have sense enough to take good care of me! —Puck.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years. The most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

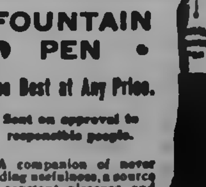
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS



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The Best at Any Price.

Sent on approval to responsible people.

A companion of never ending usefulness, a source of constant pleasure and comfort. Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

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TRY IT A WEEK.

If not suited we buy it back, and offer you $1.10 for it. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed known to the science of fountain pen making.

Sent postpaid on receipt of One Dollar, (registration 8c. extra.)

Ask your dealer to show you these pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which he can make more profit) send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember—There is no "just as good" as the Laughlin [illegible] on it, take no chances.

State whether Ladies' or Gentlemen's Style is desired. Address—

LAUGHLIN MFG. CO.
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DETROIT, MICH.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every form of Obesity [illegible]

Our New Book no Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c. a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 14, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—The housecleaning season is now in order.

—The work of decorating Victoria Park has begun.

—Furnished rooms to rent. Apply at 466 Sherbrooke street.

—The 57th Regiment held their regular weekly drill last night. There was a fair turnout.

—A mother's meeting will be held at 2.30 this afternoon in connection with St. Luke's church.

—A special meeting of Victoria County Cheese Board will be held Wednesday in the council chamber, commencing at one o'clock.

—Mr. James Graham, contractor, has erected a very handsome portico in front of the residence of Mrs. C. H. Clementi, Water street.

—We require a lad who has had some experience at feeding press. A steady job and good wages. Apply at this office.

—Deputy Fishery Inspector Snowden, whose authority extends on the creek from the Snowden House to Spaulding's bay, states that suckers are commencing to run. He noticed several at his headquarters lately.

—It will require a month or so to complete the power house of the Otonabee Power Co., at dam No. 3. Work cannot be begun till after the water has gone down, which will be at least a couple of weeks yet.

—"General" Brock has signified his acceptance of the secretaryship of the Stony Lake Cottagers' Association, tendered him at the annual meeting. A letter to Mr. R. F. McWilliams from Mr. Brock conveys the above pleasing information.

—The man Williamson and his wife, who were referred to in the Times of yesterday as having been arrested for disorderly conduct, were fined $2.00 and costs each at the police court yesterday. They promised to leave town.

—A ten year old lad named Blake Cullen, son of Mr. Thomas Cullen, of Bridgenorth, while playing with a bottle of gunpowder, which exploded, had his eyes injured and his eyelashes singed. He is under the care of Dr. Morgan, who hopes to save the lad's eyesight.

Servant Girl Wanted

WANTED—General servant girl. Apply at McCallum's Restaurant.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Mrs. Robert Harrison, Water st., was called suddenly to Lucknow, to visit her brother, who is ill with pneumonia.

—Mr. W. H. Collins, formerly of the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce here, but now of New York, is in town on a short visit.

—We congratulate Mr. Will Patterson on his successfully passing his final examination in medicine at Queen's College, Kingston, a few days ago.

—Wedding bells have commenced to ring at the Kindred Temperance House again. It seems to be a lucky place. Mr. Stirling Imrie left last night on the 5.20 G. T. R. train for Uxbridge, where he will be married this afternoon.

—Mr. J. H. McQuay, the well known confectioner, leaves this morning for Manitoba, where he will remain for the summer. He intends to take up a section of land if opportunity offers. His absence will in no way interfere with the business here, which will be conducted by Mrs. McQuay. Mr. McQuay's many friends wish him all kinds of good luck.

Over 100 Last Month

Mr. Burbidge, circulation manager of The Times, added over 100 new subscribers to our daily list last month. This speaks for itself.

Oddfellows' Church Parade

The Oddfellows of Peterborough, will attend divine service at St. Andrew's Church on Sunday evening, April 27, when Rev. Geo. Potter will preach. The members will meet at the hall at 6 o'clock and all Oddfellows in and around Peterborough are requested to attend. This will be the eighty-third anniversary of the founding of the Order.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

An Insane Man

A Smith farmer, while driving, overtook a man on the road, whom he took into his rig and brought to town. Yesterday the man appeared at the Police Court, charged with vagrancy. He was without shoes or socks, and was evidently insane. Magistrate Dumble remanded him for a week.

To Increase Your Appetite

Nothing will stimulate a keen, healthy relish for food, insure good digestion and perfect assimilation like Ferrozone, which is the most successful tonic and health renewer known to medical science. Ferrozone is a positive cure for anaemia, impure blood, boils, pimples, indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach and bowel troubles. Ferrozone cleanses, strengthens and purifies the blood, it invigorates the heart and nerves, banishes sickness and pain, and makes ailing people well. Try a box of two of Ferrozone, the result will be a surprise. Price 50c., at Ormond & Walsh's.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Transient Traders Case

Huntsville Forester:—Miss Berryman, who represents Boulter & Stewart, manufacturers of ladies' garments, announced that she would be pleased to meet the ladies of Huntsville at Hotel Kent between certain hours on a certain day, and her announcement cards bore a very enticing illustration of a lady's suit. During the day she is said to have had many callers but towards evening, behold a young man stepped in to ascertain upon what clause of the Transient Traders by-law she hoped to be relieved of prosecution for conducting a retail business in Huntsville, without license or the payment of taxes. Miss Berryman gave her unwelcome visitor little satisfaction. An information, charging her with a violation of the local Transient Traders by-law was accordingly issued and at 7.30 p.m. she appeared before Justice Hutchison. She asked a remand until Monday night, which was granted, but during the interval her employers were communicated with through her solicitor, Mr. D. M. Grant, and on condition that they stay away and pay costs to date, the case was dismissed.

TO INSPECT WATERWORKS

The Water Commissioners Leave to Visit Other Towns

Mayor Dennе and Mr. W. H. Hill, water commissioners, accompanied by Mr. E. H. D. Hall, town solicitor, and Mr. W. Henderson, superintendent of the waterworks system, left yesterday to visit Brantford, London and Windsor to investigate waterworks systems at these places and the management under municipal ownership. Mr. T. F. Matthews, chairman of the commissioners, will join the party to-day.

HOW THEY MANAGE

Doctors' Wives Trained to Arrange Things

Sometimes the wife of a doctor can bring her husband around when he don't know exactly how to help himself. The wife of a certain well known physician in Washington, D.C., concluded that coffee was the cause of the doctor's sleepless nights. She says, "He would retire and lie for hours unable to sleep a wink. I thought perhaps he was nervous from the coffee which he drank at his meals and suggested that he tried Postum. To my surprise he objected most decidedly. I said nothing but the next morning made Postum Coffee instead of the regular coffee and gave that to the doctor. I made it according to directions and it had a beautiful coffee color and flavor. He drank his cup and remarked that the coffee was unusually good that morning and asked for more.

From that time I served him Postum at every meal, and in the course of a week or two he showed such remarkable signs of improvement in health and strength that I told him he had been drinking Postum from the time he had begun to get better.

You never saw such a surprised man. He said, "Well, if the good coffee I have had is Postum, and leaving off regular coffee has made such a change in my health, I never want any other kind in my house.' Since then he regularly prescribes Postum to many of his patients and with good results." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE NEW CONTINGENT.

Speculation as to the Officers to Be Appointed to the Various Commands—Nine Commissions For Ontario.

Ottawa, April 14.—His Excellency the Governor-General returned from New York yesterday, and, doubtless, the nominations for commands in the fourth contingent will now go forward to the War Office without delay, that is, presuming the selections all to have been made by the Minister of Militia. The report that two of the commands have been assigned to Lieut.-Col. Williams and Lieut. Boulanger, is corroborated. There has been talk of the two other commands being offered to officers of the third contingent, now in South Africa. This may be probable in the case of Lieut.-Col. Cameron, but it is not likely that Major Merritt will be taken from his present position of second in command.

It is the intention of the Minister to give younger officers a chance for this fourth contingent. An officer with the rank of colonel in a colonial regiment can hope for no further preferment by going to South Africa. All ranks under a colonel, however, may go ahead.

Of the 22 commissions in the contingent, it is said, two will be given to the Mounted Police, and, of the remaining 20 commissions, nine will be given to Ontario officers.

TAPS FROM THE WIRES.

His Grace the Duke of Newcastle is the guest of the University Club at Boston.

Amalgamation is expected at Montreal of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co. and the Dominion Coal Co.

Wide extent of platinum beds have been uncovered in the Similkameen District, B.C. They are being worked by hydraulic machinery.

The last week broke all records of emigration to America from Christiania, Norway. Thirteen hundred Scandinavians sails from that port.

Alonzo Bohner of Southwold was terribly injured by his team running away Saturday. He was dragged for several rods, his head being gashed until 16 stitches were necessary.

J. C. Ayton of Laurel, Md., while eating oysters Saturday, fell from his chair and in a few moments was found to be dead. An oyster had slipped into his windpipe and choked him.

Lewis Busch, convicted in the United States Court of smuggling 581 diamonds, worth $2,000, into the United States from Canada in 1899, was sentenced Saturday at Detroit to pay a fine of $1,400. Busch paid the fine and was released.

A telegram was received by Toronto police Sunday night, instructing them to notify H. F. Goldman of the death of his wife at Chicago. The message stated that Mrs. Goldman had committed suicide, after learning of the arrest of her son.

Section foreman George Johnson, trackman Daniel Clark and sectionman Dennis Flaherty of the G.T.R., on board a jigger were struck by a train Saturday morning near Gourock, Ont. The jigger was smashed. The men jumped and escaped.

The British steamer Kinfauns Castle, homeward bound from the Cape of Good Hope, with 350 passengers on board, stranded off Brightstone, Isle of Wight, at 3 o'clock Saturday morning. The sea was calm, but the vessel's position is somewhat dangerous. The passengers and mails were landed by tugs.

MORE ABUNDANT LIFE.

How Canadians May Obtain That Which All Seek After.

The world's greatest hunger is life-hunger.

"'Tis life, whereof our nerves are scant,
Oh life, not death for which we pant,
More life and fuller that we want."

Perhaps the greatest mistake we make is that of measuring life by its quantity instead of its quality; its length instead of its depth; its years instead of its usefulness, its high purposes and its worthy aims, writes Rev. J. T. Sutherland in Toronto Sunday World. The terrific thing about sin and evil in the heart is that they cripple life, they maim it in the very highest part of its nature. They make the soul sick and weak when it ought to be strong. Men often say, Let us indulge our appetites and passions without control or law, and thus enjoy life to the full. That is the way to make enjoyment of life to the full impossible. Moral health, not moral disease, is what leads to real happiness. Sin, self-indulgence and the "sowing of wild oats" always bring weakness, impoverishment of life and misery in their train. There is no other such enricher of life as a pure and noble religion. This is because religion goes deeper than anything else—it renovates and feeds the very springs of man's purposes, aims, ideals, secret purposes and desires. It gives men new moral incentive, moral motive, moral power, and thus renovates society and lays the only enduring foundation for states, nations and civilizations.

Jesus said: "I came that they might have life, and might have it more abundantly." What a mission was that! His heart was ever close to His brother, and so He felt the joys and sorrows, the hopes and fears, the temptations and struggles of humanity as His own. His soul was ever close to God, and so the tides of the Infinite life swept through Him. Hence His power to become a giver of life, and life at its deepest, richest, divinest, to His fellow men. Are any of us weak? Do we feel the currents of the higher life of the spirit run feebly within us? Let us take His strong hand in ours and be led by Him to the fulness of the Divine Fountain which flows forever for us all in God.

Canada's Large Frogs.

Among large frogs Canada probably has the honor of owning the largest. It was grown on a small farm, Killarney, five miles from Fredericton, New Brunswick. Just before its death it was weighed and found to tip the scales at 46 pounds. Its length was 30 inches and height 18 inches. Across the back it measured 14 inches. Now, stuffed and mounted, it forms an exhibit of which the locality is proud.

—Nothing succeeds like success. That is the reason Whiten, the photographer is kept so busy. He makes only the best quality of photos. (Studio, 156 Hunter street west.

A GOOD RUBBING WITH

ST. JACOBS OIL

WILL CURE

CHEST COLDS.

Sold in 25c. and 50c. Sizes.

ST. JACOBS OIL, LTD., BALTIMORE.

Every one can master a grief but he that has it.—Shakespeare.

Nothing is more friendly to a man than a friend in need.—Plautus.

The plea of ignorance will never take away our responsibilities.—Ruskin.

Pride is as loud a beggar as want and a great deal more saucy.—Franklin.

Young men think old men fools, and old men know young men to be so.—Metcalf.

Modesty seldom resides in a breast that is not enriched with nobler virtues.—Goldsmith.

Never be afraid of what is good. The good is always the road to what is true.—Hameleton.

If we could read the secret history of our enemies, we should find in each man's life sorrow and suffering enough to disarm all hostility.—Longfellow.

The Pressure of Light.

The idea that the waves of light produce a mechanical push or pressure was advanced years ago by Clerk Maxwell, but he could only offer a theoretical proof. Recently Professor Lebedew of Moscow has made an experimental demonstration of the "pressure of light." He employs a radiometer resembling the familiar Crookes radiometers with their revolving vanes, but uses a larger and more completely exhausted bulb, from which the heating effect that is the principal agent in moving the Crookes vanes is excluded. When the light falls upon the vanes, they are driven before it, and the intensity of the pressure thus revealed comes within 10 per cent. of that calculated by Maxwell. The effect is independent of the color of the light and directly proportional to its energy.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

"Daring" Books.

It is women who write "daring" books, and it is women who read them. When once the fair do take their bonnets off they are not content with that; they throw them over the windmills, as the French say. Men do not like this kind of thing. It not only disgusts but bores them. It is a particular kind of woman, usually earnest and very stupid, who enjoys these excesses. Our sex, if all this goes on, must provide itself with fans to blush behind. We must leave the ladies before the coffee and cigarettes begin to circulate.—Andrew Lang in "Longman's Magazine."

Out of His Province.

A soap-maker and a banker were at a Wagner concert, says the "Christian Register." The programme did not please them, and they began to talk.

"Every man," said the banker, "wants to do something outside of his own work."

"Yes," answered the soap-maker. "I manufacture good soap, and yet I've always wanted to be a banker."

"You wouldn't be a good one. I am a successful banker, but I always wanted to write a book. And now here's this man Wagner tries his hand at music. Just listen to the stuff! And yet we all know he builds good parlor-cars."

THE TWENTIETH ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE

Western Bank of Canada

OSHAWA, ONTARIO

Held at the Head Office of the Bank on Wednesday, April 9th, 1902

The following shareholders were present: John Cowan, Esq., W. F. Allen, Esq., Thomas Patterson, Esq., Dr. McIntosh, R. S. Hamlin, Esq., Thomas Miller, Esq., John McLaughlin, Esq., C. W. Scott, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., T. H. McMillan, Esq. George Porter, Esq., R. Dillon, Esq., and Thomas Conant, Esq.

The President, John Cowan, Esq., occupied the chair, and Mr. T. H. McMillan acted as Secretary to the meeting.

REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting the Twentieth Annual Report for the year ending 28th February, 1902.

The earnings of the Bank have been in excess of any previous year. The net profits of the year have amounted to $50,325.58, or about 12 1-2 per cent. upon the average paid-up capital of the Bank, which, added to the balance carried forward from the previous year of $11,175.93, amounts to $61,501.51.

Out of this sum two half-yearly dividends of 3 1-2 per cent. each have been paid, absorbing $28,565.97, $16,000 carried to the Rest Account, $12,857.33 to the credit of past due paper, and $4,078.21 has been carried forward to the credit of Profit and loss.

The deposits of the Bank have increased $490,279.66, and the circulation $13,800, and the gross assets $530,452.80 over the previous year. The losses of the year have been below the average of previous years.

The Rest Account of the Bank now stands at $150,000, or about equal to 36 per cent. of the paid-up capital.

The Agencies of the Bank have been recently inspected, and found in a satisfactory condition.

Oshawa, 9th April, 1902. JOHN COWAN, President.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF
THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA
ON THE 28th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1902

Statement of Profits for the year ending 28th Feb., 1902

Balance at credit of profit and Loss Account on the 28th of February, 1901	$11,175 93	To Dividend No. 38	$14,045 19
		To Dividend No. 39	14,520 78
		Carried to Credit of Rest Account	16,000 00
		Carried to Credit of Past Due Bills	12,857 33
Net Profits of the year	50,325 58	Balance at Credit of Profit and Loss Account	4,078 21
	$61,501 51		$61,501 51

LIABILITIES	$	ASSETS	
Capital Account	$ 418,220 77	Specie	$ 27,286 67
Rest Account	150,000 00	Legals	24,331 25
Notes in circulation	306,110 00	Notes and Cheques of other Banks	20,062 76
Deposits with interest	2,297,949 90	Due from other Banks in Canada	682,651 75
Due to Dividend No. 39	14,520 78	Due from Banks in foreign countries	16,918 82
Reserved Interest	1,256 22	Deposit with Dominion Government to secure circulation with interest	20,819 73
		Due from Royal Bank, London	30,810 80
		Dominion and Provincial, Municipal and other first class debentures	861,558 56
		Assets readily convertible	1,603,870 24
		Bills Discounted Current	1,579,508 08
		Real Estate	15,122 11
		Mortgages on Real Estate	26,700 00
		Banking Premises	12,242 40
Profit and Loss Account	4,078 21	Offices Safes and Furniture	14,815 65
	$3,252,254 88		$3,252,254 88

T. H. McMILLAN, Cashier

Moved by the President, and seconded by the Vice-President, that the Report as read be adopted, printed and circulated among the Shareholders.—Carried.

Mr. Conant, seconded by Mr. Dillon, moved: That the thanks of the Shareholders are due, and are hereby tendered to, the President, Vice-President and Directors of the Bank for the manner in which they have conducted the Affairs of the Bank during the past year.—Carried.

Mr. Paterson, seconded by Mr. Scott, moved: That the thanks of the Shareholders be given to the Cashier and other officers of the Bank for their attention to the interests of the Bank.—Carried.

Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Porter, moved: That this meeting do now proceed to elect, by ballot, seven Directors to fill the place of those retiring, and that Messrs. C. W. Scott and John McLaughlin be scrutineers for said election, and that the poll remain open for one hour to receive the votes of the Shareholders, and that should five minutes elapse at any time without a vote being taken the poll should be declared closed, and that the Scrutineers be paid $4.00 each for their services.—Carried.

The scrutineers reported the following seven gentlemen as having received the unanimous vote of the Shareholders, viz.: John Cowan, Esq., R. S. Hamlin, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., Dr. McIntosh, W. F. Allen, Esq., T. Paterson, Esq., and J. A. Gibson, Esq., who were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year. A vote of thanks was then tendered to the Chairman for his able conduct in the chair, and the meeting then adjourned.

At a subsequent meeting of the new Board, John Cowan, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and R. S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky
Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

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A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 236 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED—Two first class coat makers. No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont.

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ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto.

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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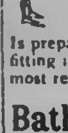

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Pneumatic tires pumped free.

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they always give satisfaction

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VOL. 28 NO. 90 PETEBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY APRIL 17 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ENRAGED KURDS AND TURKS SLAY HUNDREDS

A Massacre of Christians in a Village by Turkey's Soldiers--Terrible Bloodshed in Armenia.

Special to The Times.

Constantinople, April 17.—News has been received here of a massacre by Turks and Kurds of three hundred Christians at Diarbekir in Kurdistan. A band of roving Armenians recently appeared near the town, and the authorities sent Ibrahim Pasha at the head of Kurdish irregulars to disperse them. The irregulars pursued the Armenians for some distance, attacking Armenian villages en route.

Finally Ibrahim and his party were forced back, and just as they reached the town seeking for reinforcements the Armenians opened fire. Heavy fighting lasted for some time. The Kurds, enraged at not being able to force the Armenians back, turned into the Christian quarter of the town and killed unmercifully. It is estimated that three hundred Christians were massacred. Many Turks and Kurds were also killed.

FINANCIAL INFLUENCE AND THE BOER WAR

Rothschilds Said to Favor Peace Almost at Any Price

IF THE WAR IS TO BE CONTINUED

England Will Put More Men in the Field Who Will Prosecute the War With Energy

London, April 16.— It is generally understood in London in connection with the peace negotiations between the British and Boers that financial considerations are exercising a predominant influence. It is no longer a secret that from the outset the great world-finance establishment of the Rothschilds has been dissatisfied with the policy of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain in South Africa, and considers the war to have been wholly unnecessary and inexpedient. What influence, therefore, they may be able to exercise in bringing about a durable peace will be exerted.

The counter-influences, however, which financed the Jameson raid and backed up the Chamberlain policy with all their power are still potent, and it is feared may prevent the acceptance by the British Government of the conditions under which the Boers will consent to cease hostilities.

What these are have not yet been made public, and may not be for some days, as they have to be passed on by the Boer mission in Europe, who also will consult those who are acting as intermediaries in the negotiations with the British Government, or may be appealed to for support in asking of the latter guarantees for the fulfilment of the conditions that may be definitely decided on, for the Boer mistrust of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain and Lord Milner is such that no confidence is placed in them by either the burghers or their leaders.

The Spectator says: Should the present peace overtures fail, we are in a position to state that heavy reinforcements will be at once despatched to South Africa, and the war will be prosecuted with terrible energy.

PRESIDENT DIAZ OF MEXICO

The Chief Magistrate of the Mexican Republic to Visit Uncle Sam

Visit Said to be of a Political Nature, and is in Reference to the Monroe Doctrine

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 17.— At the Mexican Embassy here it is reported that President Diaz, of Mexico, is preparing to visit Washington. It is altogether likely that his visit has something to do with the interpretation of the Monroe doctrine, which is understood to be offensive to the Mexicans. It is an unusual thing for a ruler of Mexico to visit this country, and his welcome will be sincere.

What President Diaz has been and what he has done in the reconstruction of Mexico is of too recent history and is too present a fact to need recounting. Probably not until the great chief of our southern neighbor republic has passed away will America or the world rightly appreciate the ability and greatness of mind which General Porifiro Diaz has shown in his statecraft.

But even in the present short perspective the splendid achievements of the Mexican people and the Mexican Government under his leadership are patent to the world and the United States, as the premier republic of the western hemisphere, has special reason to do him honor.

More Good Boot News

We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

—WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

BECAUSE our assortm[illegible] are so complete that none will be disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?—easy. Come and judge for yourself

Good Hat News

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Que. and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirts including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & HERRELL, Managers.

LEPROSY AMONG THE BOERS

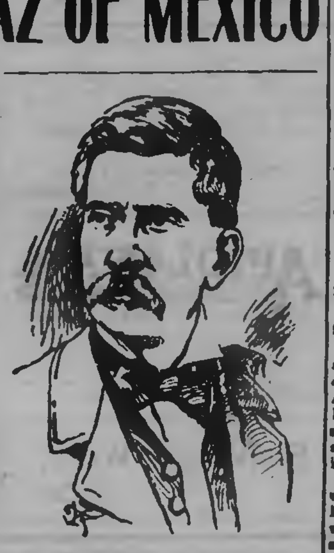
Sensational Report in Holland. Why British Troops Should Withdraw

Amsterdam, April 16.—News of an extraordinary reason for the withdrawal of British troops from South Africa is current in inner circles.

This is nothing less than the discovery that the dread disease of leprosy is widely diffused among the Dutch farmers. A suspicion this became so well grounded a few months ago that Jonathan Hutchinson, F.R.S., consulting surgeon to the London Hospital, was sent to the Transvaal to make an investigation and report.

It appears that Mr. Hutchinson has now returned with notes of the most disquieting nature. He found that the disease was scattered over the whole of South Africa. Originally it affected few besides the natives, but in recent years it has become diffused among the burghers from Cape Town over the whole British territory, being especially prevalent in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State — just where the British soldiery are now most concentrated.

The spread of the disease is believed to be due to the eating of food contaminated by passing through the hands of lepers, especially in the case of salt fish prepared at various places on the south and west coasts.



PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico.

EPISCOPAL BISHOPS MEET

A Remarkable Convention of Church Dignitaries in Cincinnati

Special Telegram to The Times.

Cincinnati, O., April 16 — Sixty of the eighty or more bishops of the Episcopal Church, including nearly all the foreign missionary bishops, are attending the special meeting of the House of Bishops which began here to-day. The meeting is one of considerable importance to the church. The principal business before the meeting is the election of missionary bishops for Western Kansas, the Hawaiian Islands and Porto Rico. Interest centres particularly in the selection of a bishop for Honolulu, where Bishop Nichols of California is now acting pending the selection of a successor to Bishop Willis, who resigned under protest after the see has passed from the control of the British church into American hands. Another matter of importance before the House of Bishops is a memorial from the Mexican Episcopal church asking admission to the American church. This matter will be considered but it is not believed that final or definite action will be taken at the present meeting.

The bishops opened their meeting with a celebration of the holy communion at Christ Church this morning. Immediately afterward the House went into private executive session in the parish house. Bishop Dudley of Kentucky presided in the absence of Bishop Clark of Rhode Island. The sessions are expected to continue through to-morrow. A missionary service open to the public is to be held this evening at the Pro-Cathedral. Bishop Potter of New York will speak on the Philippines, Bishop Doane of Albany on the "Principle of Apportionment for General Missions," and Bishop Gailor of Tennessee on "Work Among the Colored Peoples of the South." Immediately following the service a reception to the Bishops will be given by the Church Club at the Grand Hotel.

RECRUITING AT ARMORIES.

A SPLENDID LOT OF MEN SECURED IN PETERBOROUGH

Pte. Tom Burnham, of No. 4 Company Enlists —Russel Pearce, of Norwood, Also Amongst the Number

Recruiting was continued yesterday up till six o'clock, when the following men were enrolled:

R. R. Clinkscale, 40th Regt.
Robt. Biggs, 14th D.F.B.
Victor Hamilton, 14th D.F.B.
Sidney Byers, 14th D.F.B.
F. J. Hughes, 14th D.F.B.
Vance Wilson, 14th D.F.B.
John Buller, 57th Regt.
Alf. Kemp, 57th Regt.
William Fair, 57th Regt.
Sgt. V. E. LaBar, 57th Regt.
J. A. Crossland, 57th Regt.
H. M. Morton, 57th Regt.
Geo. A. MacDonald, Oxford Rifles.
Milford Ahrens, 4th Hussars.
A. E. Miller, late Canadian Scouts.
Harry Wilson.
Albert Gibson.
Charles Frost.
Jas. Judd, 14th D.F.B.
J. C. Strickland, Lakefield.
Daniel Shanahan, 57th Regt.
Russell Pearce, Norwood.
John White, Havelock.
Thos. H. Burnham, 57th Regt.
Thos. Anglesea, Peterborough.

The feature of yesterday's proceedings at the drill shed, was the enlistment of Thos. H. Burnham, of the 57th Regiment, who is well known to the citizens of the town. Tom has been an enthusiastic volunteer in the ranks of the 57th, and will be much missed.

HONORS M'KINLEYS MEMORY

France Does Honor to the Memory of the Late President

Special Telegram to The Times.

Paris, April 16 — One of the most distinguished audiences ever assembled in Paris filled the Theatre Comique to-day on the occasion of the benefit performance for the McKinley memorial fund. Although organized by the American colony of Paris the French people and the French Government aided the affair with their sanction and Premier Waldeck-Rousseau and other eminent representatives of the Government shared the boxes with General Porter and others from the American embassy. More than a score of the most prominent players and singers of Paris contributed their services and it is believed that fully $100,000 for the memorial fund will be realized by the performance.

200 MILES AN HOUR

Plan of a $10,000,000 Company to Build an Elevated Trolley

Special Telegram to The Times.

Trenton, N.J., April 17.— New life was given to the proposition to have quick passage between Philadelphia and New York on an elevated trolley road which will ignore crossings and small communities.

The original American Elevated Railroad Company has increased its capital stock from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000. The company proposes to construct an air line between New York and Philadelphia at an elevation which will give clear passage across the state. The speed is to be 150 to 200 miles an hour.

It is currently reported that the line has control of the franchise recently granted to the Trenton and New Brunswick Traction Company, which completes the connection between Trenton and New York.

WOMEN WEPT IN CHURCH.

Rector Asked for Prayer for Mr. Tower, Whose Wife Slew Son and Self

Special Telegram to The Times.

Poughkeepsie, April 16 — There was a dramatic scene in Christ Episcopal church to-day when the rector, Rev. Alexander N. Cummins, asked for silent prayer for Edward Tower, the millionaire ironmaster, whose wife shot and killed her son and herself in a fit of emotional insanity.

Every head was bowed, and women who knew Mrs. Tower and appreciated her activity in the parish societies wept profusely. One little girl cried so that she had to be taken from the church. The Rev. Mr. Cummins was with Mr. Tower most of the day.

Bishop Potter went to the house to offer his consolation. The funeral of Mrs. Tower and her son will be held to-morrow.

PRESBYTERIAN ALLIANCE

Of the United States and Canada Meets To-Day, Thursday

Special Telegram to The Times.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 16 — The Convention of the Presbyterian Alliance of the United States and Canada has attracted a large number of prominent ministers and elders of the church from all parts of America. The gathering was formally opened to-day and will continue in session through to-morrow, considering and acting upon numerous matters affecting the church government. Prominent among the participants are the Rev. Dr. William H. Black of Missouri, the Rev. Dr. David J. Burrell of New York, the Rev. Dr. James Scrimgeor of Montreal, the Rev. Dr. J. T. McCrory of Pittsburg, the Rev. Dr. David H. Macvicar, of Montreal, the Rev. Dr. William S. Plumer Bryan of Chicago, Principal Caven of Toronto, and the Rev. Dr. William Henry Roberts, secretary and treasurer of the Alliance and stated clerk of the Presbyterian General Assembly.

Why Sniffle and Sneeze?

Don't suffer any more with a cold in the head, just carry a Catarrhozone inhaler in your vest pocket, use it now and again, and you won't have colds. Catarrhozone knocks out a cold in ten minutes, kills a headache in five minutes, and hard racking coughs in half an hour. Inhale the pleasant Catarrhozone vapor five minutes four times daily and it will cure bronchitis, lung trouble, deafness, asthma and catarrh in any part of the system. Catarrhozone is the most direct, modern and scientific method, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Complete two months' treatment costs $1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

LAKEHURST

—Rev. Mr. Delve preached a very appropriate sermon last Sunday evening on the text, "Behold a sower went forth to sow." Quite a large congregation was present. Mr. Delve is an impressive and clever speaker and is much liked in the community.

—Rev. Mr. Pickup preached in the Presbyterian church here last Sunday morning. Mr. Pickup has this work in charge during the summer months.

—Mrs. Clarkson returned home from the hospital in Peterborough on Saturday last. We are pleased to

Alabama Doctors Meet

Birmingham, Ala., April 16 — The State Medical Association began a four days' session in this city to-day with an attendance of several hundred physicians and surgeons of prominence in various parts of the state. In addition to the discussion of numerous papers on subjects of interest to the profession, the usual attention will be devoted to matters pertaining to the health of the state.

Weary Brain Workers

All fagged out, ideas flow slowly as molasses, snap and energy gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure, that's gone also. A doctor would say you are run down, enervated, neither eating nor digesting enough. It's Ferrozone you need to brace up that fitful appetite and improve assimilation and digestion so that lots of pure strong blood will be formed to nourish the broken down system. Ferrozone will drive away the tired feeling, restore your spirits and energy, revive your ambition and strength for work. No tonic or rebuilder like Ferrozone—try it. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50; at Ormond & Walsh's.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation

LIVELY LAKEFIELD LOCALS

Latest Grist of Interesting News from Our Pretty Northern Suburb

—The village seems to be particularly lively this week, and there is every indication of a busy summer.

—Mr. John Thompson, the Dickson Co.'s superintendent, is already at work at the saw mill, getting things in shape for the commencement of the season's work, which is expected to start about a month earlier than usual.

—The steamers Empress and Alert are both ready to commence operations, and the Majestic is reported the same at Young's Point.

—The cement works are manufacturing and shipping large quantities of cement daily.

—Messrs. Farrer Bros., late of Parry Sound, who have recently purchased the electric light plant here, approached the Council at their regular meeting on Monday evening with a request for a contract, and a ten-year franchise, undertaking to instal a thoroughly up-to-date system, give an all night service and a revision of rates. There was a large number of influential ratepayers present, and at the invitation of the reeve many of them stated their views on the subject and the Council resolved to defer any action for two weeks, and will therefore meet on the 28th inst., to receive and consider any proposals for lighting the village, which may be submitted to them on that date.

—Messrs. Tate and Lillicrap have about completed their plans and arrangements for purchase of machinery for their new mill, and will commence the building not later than next week.

—The Strickland Canoe Works have shipped a large number of canoes recently and have many orders in hand for future delivery.

Items of Interest

St. Petersburg, April 17.—An official despatch received here from Port Arthur, dated Saturday, April 12, announces that serious fighting has occurred in the vicinity of the boundary of the Provinces of Mukden and Kirin (Manchuria) between Russian frontier guards and Chinese robbers, who had been raiding railroad stations. The Russians surrounded eight hundred Chinese at Kiang Tung Tai and only thirty of them escaped. The Russian losses were very small.

London, April 17.—The British Cabinet held another meeting to-day for the purpose of considering a communication from the Boer representatives who are now at Pretoria, and a message from Lord Milner, the British High Commissioner in South Africa. The session was extremely brief.

After the Cabinet meeting Lord Salisbury, the Premier, had an audience of King Edward at Buckingham Palace, and stayed to lunch with his Majesty. The latter afterwards went to Sandringham.

Berlin, April 16.— Great Britain has accepted Germany's proposition for an international conference to regulate the use of wireless telegraphy. The other powers to which the proposition was made, namely, the United States, France and Russia, have not yet responded, but the officials here confidently expect favorable answers, especially from the United States, which has taken much interest in the matter. Germany's suggestion embraces merely calling a conference, but without definitely formulated propositions for discussion. Germany has also asked the powers to set forth in their answers if they wish Germany to formulate propositions to lay before the conference or leave the matter entirely to the conference.

Later it was asserted that the communication from Lord Milner, considered at the Cabinet meeting, contained the first clear statement of the attitude of the Boer leaders, who, hitherto, had not agreed on the peace terms they would accept.

The St. James Gazette predicts an early public announcement of the progress of the peace negotiations.

The paper says there is little doubt that if the British and Boers arrived at an understanding on the main points of the proposals peace will ensue, the banishment proclamation will be withdrawn, and minor points like re-stocking the farms, will be referred to a board composed of British and Boer representatives.

Hong Kong, April 16.—A courier who arrived at Canton yesterday reported that over 2,000 Imperialist soldiers sent by Marshal Su against the rebels, were ambushed in a narrow defile and were all killed or captured.

The situation in the rebellious districts of Southern China is increasingly alarming. The Viceroy of Canton has telegraphed to Pekin, urging the immediate forwarding of reinforcements. Lack of news from General Ma and Marshal Su is taken to indicate that the rebels have surrounded the Imperial troops and cut off communication with those forces.

BOER HRCISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

London, April 17.— The Christian Endeavor movement has made considerable progress among the Boer prisoners in Ceylon, and there are now no fewer than eight societies there, with a total membership of 700. The prison authorities have allowed them a small printing press, and they publish every week a Christian Endeavor paper of their own. Societies have also been formed in the Boer prison in Bermuda, and in the prisoners' and women's camps in South Africa. Dr. F. E. Clark, the founder and president of the Christian Endeavor Movement, has been visiting Italy in the interests of the work, and the Waldensians in that country have greatly interested themselves in the formation of societies. Dr. Clark has now gone to Norway and Sweden, and expects to arrive in England in time for the C. E. convention in Manchester next month.

St. Louis, Mo., April 16. — Five thousand persons heard William H. K. Redmond, member of the British Parliament, plead the Irish cause at Exposition Music Hall last night. Mr. Redmond's address was a forceful statement of conditions in Ireland, and a passionate plea for a cause which he said is now about to be won. The meeting closed with a short address by former Congressman John P. Finerty of Chicago. More than three thousand dollars has been subscribed to the support of the Irish cause as a result of Mr. Redmond's visit to St. Louis.

London, April 17.—Professor John Perry is a mathematician, physicist, and engineer. In the first and last of these qualities he appeals for a more practical method of teaching mathematics than prevails now at our public schools and universities. Professor Perry foresees a new order of things, and urges that "Englishmen should prepare for the new phase in the struggle for existence which has so suddenly come upon the world. I believe," he says, "that it has been

GERMANS ARE RESENTFUL OVER ROYAL VISIT.

Thought that Alleged Disclosures Over Spanish-American War Would Have Injured Britain in American Eyes

Special to The Times.

Paris, April 17.—A despatch from Berlin to the Paris edition of The Herald says the rumored invitation of the Prince of Wales to America, stirs up a spirit of resentment in the German capital, as it was expected, after the exposure of the attitude of Britain during the Spanish-American war, that the United States would feel drawn closer to Germany. Although it is denied that the Crown Prince of Germany will be sent to the United States in case the Prince of Wales is entertained there, it is true that another mark of high respect is being planned to prevent another estrangement between the two countries.

AMERICAN DEMAND FOR STEEL.

Paris, April 17.—A despatch from London to the Paris edition of The Herald quotes a prominent American in the steel trade as saying: The demand for steel upon the United States cannot be supplied. Stacks of orders are in sight, with no prospect of meeting the demand. The railroads and structural iron workers failed to estimate in proper time how much material they would require. The correspondent says there is no doubt that much steel is being brought on the continent for the American market.

MAN WHO WOULD BE KING.

Calcutta, April 17. A curious case of attempted rebellion and native superstition has come up before the Rangoon Chief Court.

Nag San Baw, the hpongyi of the Kaingyri Myauk Kyaung, declared to a large gathering in the Sikya Mintha that he possessed supernatural powers, that he could make gold and silver, and that he was a king.

The village headman sent one Shwe Kyn to find out what was going on in San Baw's Kyaung. Shwe reported that there were about 150 persons there trying to transmute rice, flour, mercury, and oil into gold and silver by means of cooking in pots over a fire.

San Baw, on being arrested, informed the village headman that he was the Sikya Mintha, and that he intended to seize the Palace of Mandalay and reign over Burma.

He added that he was not afraid of the English nor their weapons, for they would not injure him. On his way to the police station he asserted that it was only out of consideration for the police that he had allowed himself to be captured.

The pretender was sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, and fifteen of his accomplices to terms ranging from three years' to one year's rigorous imprisonment each.

SCOUTS' TRANSPORT WAGGON.

London, April 17.— Colonel Sir Howard Vincent, who is in command of the Queen's Westminister Rifles, is having a scouts' transport wagon constructed for the corps.

THE SUCCESS OF BRUCE HAMILTON'S TROOPS.

Official News Still Wanting--Public and Press of England Becoming Impatient for Definite Details

Special to The Times.

London, April 17.—The press and the public are becoming impatient for definite news regarding peace negotiations. There was a meeting of the Cabinet yesterday, at which the majority of the members were present. It is understood that the Boer request for an armistice during peace negotiations was definitely refused.

The Daily Mail is somewhat pessimistic as to the outcome of negotiations.

It says that the questions of amnesty for Cape rebels and the withdrawal of banishment proclamation threaten to prove an obstacle to the negotiations.

A Pretoria despatch from Lord Kitchener says,—

"Bruce Hamilton's columns arrived at the Standerton line last night, having taken 145 Boers, including killed and wounded, during the movement from the Middleburg line."

growing for sixty years, that it is going to be very intense during the next twenty years, that it will be important for the next hundred years, and that the weaker nations will have been completely defeated before the end of that time, before people in general recognise their foolishness in wasting coal." Hence the professor claims that our antiquated and mystifying system should be simplified and made more serviceable to practical men like the engineers. But did not we produce under the old system, the most wonderful mathematician that ever lived, to whom nothing of that sort seemed difficulty, and Euclid appeared to be "rather trifling." Yes, verily; but, says Professor Perry, "Because Isaac Newton was such a superb bowman, and the English yew was even of the finest material, the schoolmen will insist on the use of the antiquated weapon only. I sincerely trust that the English yew, which is very much of a graveyard tree may not yet flourish over the grave of British industry." He points out that Cayley, Clifford, and Sylvester approved the very reforms of geometrical teaching that are now demanded. How very few schoolboys really see the "beauty" of "Euclid!

His South African experience has taught him that such a vehicle is of paramount importance, as giving the best means of pushing scouts to the front as rapidly as possible with the least expenditure of horseflesh and of rendering them independent as regards forage, ammunition, and entrenching tools.

Three horses will be used to draw the wagon, which will carry a detachment of one officer and twenty-two men, three bicycles, a Maxim gun, entrenching tools, and forage and rations for three days, the total weight being two and a half tons.

The horses are to be ready saddled and bridled for instant use by scouts on ground which the wagon cannot traverse.

A FARTHING NEWSPAPER.

Vienna, April 16.—The farthing newspaper, Die Neue Zeitung, has been issued and consists of eight pages. Three of these are devoted to advertisements and five to news. The proprietor intends to give in tabloid form all the news printed by other journals, together with articles and generally interesting matter. The proprietor, who was formerly the owner of a leading daily in Budapest, states that he requires a circulation of 80,000 daily to cover the bare cost of production. This is an enormous circulation in Vienna, where the most popular paper at present does not exceed 60,000 per day, and where there are several dailies with a circulation of less than 10,000.

London, April 17.— The United Kingdom Postal Clerks' Association at their annual conference at Preston made their first selection of a candidate to directly express their views in Parliament.

With but two dissentients Mr. W. E. Clery, of Deptford, was chosen. Mr. Clery, it was understood, was also the selected candidate of the Deptford Liberal Association. It is proposed to pay their "member," when elected, a salary of £300 a year. This will involve an immediate levy of a shilling per member and an increased subscription of a penny each per month.

The Majority of People Have Impure and Poisoned Blood Coursing Through the Body in Springtime

Paine's Celery Compound

Is the Fountain of Health From Which the Disease Laden May Draw a Fresh Supply of Vitality and Health

Is your blood impure, poisoned or sluggish? It must be if you have eruptions, boils, pimples, blotches, running sores, eczema or salt rheum. With such troubles and ailments the blood is fast carrying disease and death to the body.

To be clean, sound, vigorous, healthy and happy, you must use Paine's Celery Compound before the advent of the hot summer days. At this time the vitalizing and health-giving work of Paine's Celery Compound shows quickly upon the blood, which is purified and made rich with nutriment that builds up the nerves and tissues.

Remember that "Paine's" is the kind that cures. At all times refuse the "something just as good," offered by some dealers.

Mr. M. D. Arthur, Chelmsford, Ont., testifies briefly regarding his rescue from a perilous condition.

"With great pleasure I write about your wondrous medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. I was laid up with scabs all over my face and neck, the result of blood poisoning. While in that condition I could not sleep at night, I had no appetite, and could not attend to my work. I tested the skill of all the doctors in the district, and used their medicines, but was not benefitted. I think I was miraculously saved at last. My aunt advised me to use Paine's Celery Compound. I did so to please her. In two weeks I was so much better that I could go out, and in three weeks I was able to work again. I bless the day I commenced with Paine's Celery Compound. I cannot say sufficient in praise of the great healing medicine. I would not be without it if I were obliged to pay ten dollars a bottle for it."

INDIAN VILLAGE DESTROYED.

[illegible] came up through the village and the natives moved some of their belongings to the high ground. Nearly all the houses were swept away, and all their contents were lost.

WALL ST. WINNERS

primarily are produced by proper application of keen judgment, based upon a knowledge of the property or commodity one deals in. To supply the needed information and best methods to apply same, to obtain the best results, we have issued our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

containing complete statistics relative to every property dealt in upon the exchanges, together with fluctuations for from 10 to 20 years; best rules for successful trading and other data, calculated to best fit the reader, to secure some of the large profits, distributed annually, through the medium, of trading.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $1 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 17, 1902.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

OMEMEE

—The spring weather has at last come, and farmers have begun seeding.

—There are quite a number of farmers who took in the Peterborough market on Saturday last.

—David Thornton, Peterborough, attended the funeral of his cousin, the late Mrs. Johnston. Mr. Thornton says there is lots of employment in Peterborough for the willing workers.

—R. J. Adams, agent for the Massey-Harris Co., has been selling a good deal of machinery. The Peter Hamilton Co.'s machinery is amongst the most satisfactory.

—The sudden death of Mrs. Jas. Johnston, from paralysis, cast a gloom over the place. Dr. Keith, the attending physician, had Dr. Carmichael, of Peterborough, to consult with, but the best medical skill was of no avail.

—The military tournament and celebration would be quite an attraction if held at Peterborough May 24th.

—Mr. J. Nicholls, proprietor of the saw and shingle mill, is suffering very much from a sore leg. Two of our local doctors are waiting on him. His recovery is doubtful.

—Mr. Carnegie holds his first meeting here on Thursday night. Mr. Heyd and his representatives are invited. In all probability West Peterborough's defeated candidate, Mr. Garvin, will have a hot time if he faces Heyd.

—The announcement of a concert by the Mendelssohn Choir, Toronto, in St. Paul's church, Peterboro, May 12th, would be quite a drawing card for the music loving people of this village.

Literature's Anticipations of Science.

A VERY interesting book might be written, as the "Spectator" observes, by collecting together all the cases in which poets and dramatists and novelists have anticipated the triumphs of later science. A correspondent has just called attention to such a case, in which he claims that the Spanish dramatist Calderon uttered "a very clear prevision of Marconi's wireless telegraphy." Freely translated, the passage in question reads as follows: "They say that when two instruments are properly attuned together they communicate to each other their wind-borne echoes; touch the one instrument and the winds excite its fellow, though none be near it." Calderon's reference is, of course, to the well-known principle of resonance, and can scarcely be used as a prophecy of wireless telegraphy, but in the writings of a contemporary of Calderon there is a much closer approximation to Marconi's discovery. Strada, the learned Jesuit historian, tells us, how two friends carried on a correspondence "by the help of a certain Loadstone, which had such virtue in it that, if it touched two several needles, when one of the needles so touched began to move, the other, though at never so great a distance, moved at the same time and in the same manner." Strada goes on to describe how these two friends made a kind of "alphabetic telegraph"—a dial-face with the letters of the alphabet placed around its edge, and a needle in the center which could be made to point at any of the letters at will. "When they were some hundreds of miles asunder, each of them shut himself up in his closet at the time appointed, and immediately cast his eye upon his dial-plate. If he had a mind to write anything to his friend, he directed his needle to every letter that formed the words which he had occasion for, making a little pause at the end of every word or sentence to avoid confusion. The friend, in the meanwhile, saw his sympathetic needle moving of itself to every letter which that of his correspondent pointed at. By this means they talked across a whole continent, and conveyed their thoughts to one another in an instant, over cities or mountains, seas or deserts." Not only had these correspondents no necessity for wires; they did not even need the simple apparatus upon which Marconi depends, although there are scientific prophets of our day who believe that we shall yet reach even a higher standard of simplicity in the future.

"And she isn't married yet? Gracious, she's well preserved: one is the same Birdie Hoppindyke she was fifteen years ago."

"No, she's not the same. She spells it 'Byrdye' now."—Chicago Tribune.

The Origin of the Loving Cup.

THE loving cup is very common nowadays, and we see it everywhere. But many years ago there were no such things as these queer three handled affairs, and the following story tells how they first happened to be made:

Once upon a time centuries before us, there lived a great and powerful king, who was extremely fond of hunting. He was one day in a forest pursuing a stag, but it was so fleet and clever that it eluded him and his band of followers, and led them entirely out of their way. After wandering about in a hopeless fashion they finally came upon a little hut, and the king himself dismounted and rapped smartly upon the door.

A young girl answered his knock, and soon showed the men the right path. The king was about to go, when he saw a well near the house, and at the sight of the clear water immediately felt thirsty, and, going back, asked the girl for a drink. Without hesitation she went into the house and came out with an earthen jug filled with the well water. But, instead of offering his royal majesty the handle, as most people would do, she held that herself, and handed him the cup the wrong way.

The king said nothing, thanked the girl, and he and his band soon found their way out of the wood.

But when he reached his palace he determined to reward the girl for giving him the water and at the same time to teach her a lesson in politeness.

Sending to his jeweler, he bade him make a silver cup, with two handles, and deliver it to the young girl, without a word as to whence it came.

Perhaps a month after this the king again hunted in that same forest, sought the hut and asked the girl for another drink of water.

This time she entered the house and came out with a beautiful silver cup, full of the sparkling water. "Now," thought the king, "she has certainly learned a lesson." But never was he more mistaken, for the poor, ignorant girl took a handle in each hand, and for the second time offered her liege lord nothing save the side of the cup.

The king rode away deeply perplexed. He resolved to teach the girl the polite way to hand a cup without directly rebuking her, and many were the hours he spent in cudgelling his brains for some way in which to do it. At last a bright idea struck him, and he sent for his jeweler a second time. "Make me," said he to the man, "a silver cup, heavily chased, and with my royal crest, and put three handles on it." The jeweler, much surprised—for remember, no such thing had ever been heard of up to this time—did as he was told, and soon the mug was finished. As before, the king had it privately sent to the girl who lived in the little hut.

One day not long after this for the third time he rode into that forest, and, taking the now well-known path, soon reached the cottage. Dismounting, he knocked at the door and asked humbly for a drink of clear water.

The girl immediately came out with the beautiful three-handled cup, and, taking two of the handles in her hands, she offered him the third.

So the king rode away well pleased with his strategy and, reaching home, ordered three-handled cups to be made in every sort of ware, and they became so popular that we now have them in all our shops and stores.

An Unfortunate Experiment.

SOME years ago there lived in Turin a physician noted far and wide as a specialist of brain diseases. Men and women came to him from the ends of the earth. With the development of fortune, for his fees were in proportion to his prominence, he cultivated a pleasing taste for those precious relics of antiquity in which millionaires alone are privileged to indulge. He had in his library a collection of costly objects of art. The fame of his treasures was loud in the world's ears with the note of his skill. One day a rich American banker came to consult him about his wife, a confirmed kleptomaniac. His life was a burden to him, following her from store to store, continually guarding her reputation against the encroachment of her fingers. Though it had cost him thousands, his wife knew nothing, suspected nothing of her own weakness. Nor should she ever know if he could prevent it.

"If I brought her here to consult you as a physician," said the afflicted husband, "I fear she would suspect something and it would kill her. If you will permit it I'll bring her to call on you as a collector of antiquities. Do not be disconcerted, however, if during the interview you find her pilfering, slipping your relics and coins into her umbrella or pockets. That is the ailment, and, of course, whatever she takes will be returned to you at once. My references are So and So, bankers." This with much dignity and the production of documents.

The physician made the appointment, and next day the couple came. The doctor brought out his treasures, wonderful coins, antique jewelry, on which he descanted with much graceful learning. Every now and then the lady slipped into her pocket or dropped into her parasol a coin, a jewel, a vase, and as she did so her husband winked at the doctor to draw attention to her theft. When the physician finally gave the signal that he had learned all he required, she had accumulated the rarest of his possessions.

"I'll be back within an hour," said the Chicago banker, "with the things my wife has taken. Poor, poor girl!" he burst out. "Doctor, my fortune, my life are yours if you can but cure her."

Two hours passed, then three, then the interval lengthened to five. The physician, rather alarmed, sent his servant to the American's hotel. No persons of the name were staying there. The police were called in, descriptions given, detectives went forth. They identified the culprits, who had time to make their escape. They were London pickpockets, two thieves whose characters and depredations were notorious all over England.

"Why do you call the fast bicycle rider a scorcher?" "Because he goes at a hot pace, makes pedestrians boiling mad, warms up the police, gets roasted in court, and then thinks the whole thing is a burning shame."—"Tit-Bits."

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—'Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all! Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago "Daily News."

The rose six months from now will blow,
The violets will be blue,
And flannelled fools will want to know,
If it's hot enough for you.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Mrs. Mitford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive.

Mrs. Graham—Yes, and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—Boston Transcript.

The Antiquity of Trousers.

WOMAN'S ever-changing fashions in dress have afforded the men much amusement, and have given the satirical writers any amount of material for their pens. It is clearly a case of people living in glass houses and throwing stones. Men's fashions have passed through quite as many changes, and it is doubtful if the petticoat itself has had a more varied history than have those grim articles trousers. "To the eye of vulgar Logic," said Ruskin, "what is man? An omnivorous biped that wears Breeches." There has never been a Petticoat Bible, yet in the year 1560 an edition of the Scriptures was printed at Geneva known as the "Breeches Bible." The name arose from an unusual rendering of Genesis iii. 7. Adam and Eve, instead of making themselves aprons of fig-leaves, made themselves "breeches." There is no record of Eve wearing petticoats, yet the first man is reported to have worn breeches. The ancients wore breeches—divided skirts probably—on horseback only, resuming their flowing draperies when they dismounted. Among the Romans, trousers, which were called braccae, were worn only by the soldiers who were exposed to cold northern climates. They were homemade, to judge from the pictures, and not in the least stylish. Among the Greeks such garments were confined to slaves, the swells reserving the chiton for themselves. The first faint foreshadowing of trousers as we now see them was in the time of Richard I. of England. In Spain, as well as in the Low Countries, trunk hose, mercilessly slashed, stuffed and decorated, were the smart things among the elegants. The story is related of a luckless courtier who, having seated himself on a chair upon which was a projecting nail, was suddenly obliged to rise to pay his devoirs to his sovereign. Instantly several pecks of dry wheat dust gushed out of his "galloons," and the unhappy courtier stood there diminished to a spindle and cutting a very sorry figure. During the reign of Charles I. of England, when Vandyck's influence was being felt, breeches became of uniform width, open at the knee, where they were fringed or bordered with lace and fastened with ribbons. Trousers comes from Old French: trousses, a kind of hose, from trousse, a truss. Pantaloons owes its origin to St. Pantaleone, a patron saint of the Venetians. His name was commonly received at baptism by the Venetians, and was by them transferred to this garment, which they very much affected. The term "sansculotte" originated in France. It meant, properly speaking, a fellow without breeches, and was used as a term of derision by the aristocratical party for the popular party at the beginning of the Revolution, but was later assumed by the patriots as a title of honor. Another term, one which has offended our ears and our sensibilities, is pants. But good old Oliver Wendell Holmes disposes of it with short shrift: "the things named pants—a word not made for gentlemen, but gents." Even among the poets trousers have not been considered too prosaic to be put into song. The genial Tom Moore leaves behind him a charming little impromptu inspired by a pair of breeches. It seems that the bard was obliged upon one occasion to leave a very pleasant party on account of not having a pair of evening trousers in which to dress for dinner. He scratched upon a fly-leaf the following:

Between Adam and me the great difference is,
Though a paradise each has been forced to resign,
That he never wore breeches till turn'd out of his,
While, for want of my breeches, I'm banished from mine.

A Toast to the Bachelor.

A TOAST is offered to the bachelor. Not to every bachelor, of course. Not all are toastworthy. There are plenty who ought to have married, but were too timid, distrustful, lazy, self-indulgent, or incompetent. There are those who were dazzled in their youth by the spangles and gewgaws of life, and stretched out for them hands too eager to detect the worthlessness of what they got. There are those who were unfit to marry. Toast them in moderation, because they didn't, provided they will give bonds to continue single. There are those who broke hearts, partly from faithlessness, partly from over-much calculation, partly from mere lack of grit. No, we may not toast all bachelors. So much the more toast those whom we may! Maintainers of the unmaintained, bearers of burdens dropped by other men, providers for the unprovided for, succorers of the distressed, defenders of the fatherless, bulwarks of the widow! Oh, what a good, an indispensable man is that bachelor who can make a bigger living than he needs, and is always ready to share his surplus; who counsels his nephews and fortifies them with timely remittances; who surprises his nieces with gowns and opportune hats; who has no serious troubles of his own, and is ready always to shoulder such troubles as others bring to him! The trouble with Benedict is that his hostages are given. There are claims upon his heart, his time, his income. He must consider obligations and proprieties. He is a mortgaged man, though he may be ever so good a one. There is no use of spending much affection on Benedict, for he can get it at home, and he can't repay a large investment in kind without incurring domestic hazards. But a good bachelor, what a great property he is, and how inestimably valuable to those who own him! It is a great calling to be a good bachelor, and about one bachelor in a hundred makes a fairly satisfactory demonstration that it is his.—"Harper's Weekly."

Mrs. Borden—I notice you got a new suit of clothes to-day.

The Boarder—Yes, but they're too loose.

"Well, you can send them back and get that altered."

"I've got a better scheme. I'm going to look up a good boarding house."—Philadelphia Record.

"He stole a Texas pony," said Derringer Bill. "What shall we do about it?"

"Mustang," shouted the rest of the Gory Gulch outfit, for you must know, dear reader, that life in the far west does not destroy the innate sense of American humor.—New York Sun.

So many persons are operated upon every day that it is becoming quite a distinction to go to the grave all in one piece.—Atchison "Globe."

"Doesn't it make you the least bit envious to see what elegant furniture Mrs. Eyefly is putting into her house next door?" "Not a bit. My husband says it will be sold by the sheriff within six months—and I'll be there to buy."—Chicago "Tribune."

The Pace That Tells.

In the six day bicycle races the pace tells terribly at the end. Man after man falls out exhausted. The victor wabbles wearily over the line. In the business race it's the same. Man after man drops out exhausted. The successful man is often a dyspeptic, unable to enjoy success. When the stomach is diseased there is not enough nutrition assimilated to sustain the body and repair the daily waste of tissues. The result is weakness, tending to collapse.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect assimilation of food by which the body is built up with sound, healthy flesh.

"I have taken one bottle of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for indigestion and liver complaint," writes Mr. C. M. Wilson, of Yadkin College, Davidson Co., N. C. "Have had no bad spells since I commenced taking your medicine—in fact, have not felt like the same man. Before I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' I could not eat anything without awful distress, but now I can eat anything I wish without having unpleasant feelings. Last summer our baby was teething and was so poor he was almost a skeleton. We gave him your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and now he is as healthy and well as any child. I will speak a good word for your medicine whenever I have an opportunity."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure sick headache.

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Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure Consultation or correspondence invited.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Awful Experience with Heart Disease.—Mr L. J Law, Toronto, Can., writes: "I was so sorely troubled with heart disease that I was unable for 18 months to lie down in bed lest I smother. After taking one dose of Dr Agnew's Heart Cure, I retired and slept soundly. I used one bottle and the trouble has not returned."—99

They Staked Their Lives.

NOT long ago, among the varied pictures of human life which go to make up the daily newspaper, appeared a story as thrilling as fiction, although it was only a part of the plain news of the day. It had to do with the life-savers at the Chatham station which guards the end of Cape Cod. For thirty-six hours Captain Eldredge and his crew, who patrol this point of land projecting far out into the Atlantic, went through as hard an experience as brave men are often called upon to endure. The story is outlined by the "Youth's Companion:"

During a freezing hurricane they saw a schooner in distress off Pollock Rip. Ordinarily there could have been no question as to whether or not they should go to her assistance; for although every drop of water froze as fast as it fell, and the sea was mad, and Pollock Rip is a treacherous place, yet life-savers are used to riotous weather and do not hesitate. But this time there was a special element of danger; a northwest wind tearing down past the edge of the land at sixty miles an hour made it impossible for any boat that should set out for Pollock Rip to return against the gale.

But the men of the Chatham station did not stop to reckon their chances of return. Trusting that the schooner might hold out through the storm if manned and pumped by a fresh crew, they struck out in their life-boat toward the Rip.

Although the wind was with them, it was a hard pull. Three times they were nearly swamped, and when they reached the schooner, they dared not pull alongside of her. It took an hour of hard work to get aboard, and even then the crew of the schooner had to pull them up one by one with ropes, as if they, the life-savers, were the rescued, not the rescuers.

They had won their goal, but it might still be nothing but a goal of death; they knew that when they started. One pump was broken, the crew of the vessel was half exhausted, and the water was pouring into the schooner at the rate of nine hundred pump-strokes an hour.

Sending most of the ship's crew to their bunks, Captain Eldredge and his men manned the two good pumps and fought the inrushing water. After thirty hours of fighting they won. That is how the schooner "Emma D. Endicott," Captain Rogers of New York, lived to be towed up to Boston.

If she had not lived, the men of the Chatham life-saving station, who staked their lives on the chance that they could reach her and keep her afloat, who went to her aid knowing they could not return until the wind abated—well, they would not have lived to hear people tell them how brave they are.

Where They Flourish.

Crawford—If you're not going out to buy a new hat, but merely to look at them, what do you want with a dollar? Mrs. Crawford—Why, you can't get a decent seat at the matinee for less than a dollar.

There was a mass meeting the other day of the residents of Clapton Moor, a district of London, in favor of a Sunday delivery of letters for the district. One of the speakers opposed to the measure was the vicar of the parish, who said: "I am here in the name of God Almighty, and those who oppose me oppose Him." This statement seemed to settle the question, for a resolution in favor of Sunday delivery was at once carried by an overwhelming majority.

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Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made o our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

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Colours – Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined, price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

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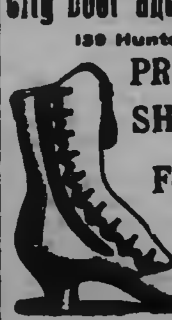

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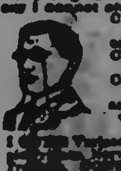

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Humor of the Hour.

"Night falls, but it doesn't break," observed the Simple Mug.

"What of it?" queried the Wise Guy.

"Oh, nothing," chuckled the Simple Mug, "except that day breaks, but it doesn't fall."—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

May—Yes, I'm going to marry Jack White.

Maud—My! From what you've always said I thought he'd be the last man you'd ever marry.

May—I hope he is.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"Don't you think I preached a very poor sermon this morning?" asked the new preacher of the deacon, from whom he expected a compliment.

"Yaas, I do," drawled the honest deacon, "but it runs in my mind that I've heard worse, of I cud only rickollect wher' I wus."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

◆◆◆

No doubt the future races
Will navigate the air.
Perhaps their summer places
Will be constructed there.
When Pierpont Morgan buys the earth
They'll have to go elsewhere.
—Chicago News

◆◆◆

"At Plevna, Kan.," says The Kansas City Journal, "A 'joint' keeper cornered the Rev. W. H. Houston in the post-office and informed the reverend gentleman that he must take a licking on account of a temperance sermon which he had preached the day before. 'All right,' responded the parson, cheerfully, and two minutes later the friends of the 'joint' keeper were taking him down to the butcher shop for the application of beefsteak to a pair of beautiful black eyes. Showing again the low down, deceptive wickedness of our theological seminaries in maintaining physical culture departments."

◆◆◆

"And now," clucked the old hen, surveying with pride the fifteen eggs in her nest, "I am going to have a smart set of my own."

Three weeks later, true to her word, she had a coming-out party, and society eagerly flocked to see her debutantes, who were arrayed in the daintiest and fluffiest of garments and looked too sweet for anything.—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

Chimmie—Say, d'yer know dat Billy's one o' de directors o' de Teatrical Sadicate now?

Jack—G'on! Is dat right?

Chimmie—Sure! He directs people to deir seats.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

The hospitality of Scotland is quite as well established as the hospitality of Ireland, but the canniness of the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, is likely to assert itself at any stage. As The Scotsman tells this story, it cannot be suspected of proving false to its own countrymen:—

An Irish friend insisted that a Scotchman should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

◆◆◆

Judge Roger S. Greene, for many years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, was eminent not only for his legal attainments, but also for the accuracy of his scholarship and scrupulously correct use of language. A mispronunciation was an offence that he could not permit to pass unnoticed.

In arguing a case before him one day an attorney cited Browne on Carriers, pronouncing the name of the author Brown-ey. The Judge interrupted the argument to give him the correct pronunciation, which he accepted for the moment, but soon relapsed into his error, whereupon the Judge again interrupted with:—

"Mr. ——, that author's name is not pronounced Browney, but Brown. As in the case of many similar words, the final 'e' is silent. There is an 'e' at the end of my name, but you would not call me 'Greney,' would you?"

"T' at depends," instantly replied the lawyer, "on how your Honor decides this case!"—New York Times.

Gambling on the Atlantic.

An English paper charges that the big Atlantic liners are hotbeds of gambling, and supply an easy prey in the shape of foolish young men to the card-sharpers who travel to and fro. Probably there is not a steward on board who does not know the faces of half a dozen of these men, and doubtless the detectives of Liverpool and New York know every one of them. Liners should carry a detective as they carry a surgeon and lifeboats; and a quiet hint to the prey that is walking into the snare should be easy and effective.

At a New York Pier.

The traveler fell on his knees and begged for mercy; but the customs inspector was adamant.

"Once, and once only," said the latter, "I let a man go through without offering him every indignity that savage ingenuity can devise. He proved to be a spotter from Washington, and I nearly lost my job. I sha'n't make that mistake again."

Yes, the traveler would have to have his stomach pumped out; most distinctly, yes.—N. Y. "Life."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

asking him to tell her over and over again that he loved her with all his heart. There was something pitifully pathetic about the wistful manner in which she asked the question.

Aleck threw back his dark, handsome head with a hearty, good-humored laugh.

"I wonder if every man's wife is as fond of love-making as mine?" he said quizzically. "It seems to me you ask me if I shall always care for you almost every day. Why should you imagine there could ever be any change in my great love for you? The sun could easier change its course, the darkness of night obscure the glad light of day."

"Oh, Aleck!" she sobbed, clinging to him closer, "if anything should ever happen to part us, I should die. You will always remember those words—it would kill me!"

He kissed the lovely face so like the petals of a white rose.

"Nothing but the death of either you or me could part us," he said.

"Look into my face and swear that to me, Aleck," she said, "then I will know that whatever happens you will, you must keep your solemn vow."

An older and wiser man than handsome, gay Aleck would have looked into her words more closely, and found a strange meaning there, a terrible, haunting fear.

Youth never weighs actions and words where love is concerned. Aleck only laughed, thinking that this dainty, sweet little golden-haired bride of his only wanted to be made love to.

"There is no need to repeat it, my darling," he answered smilingly, "for I promised all that on the day we were wed; and there is nothing on earth as solemn and as binding as a marriage vow, you know."

"Nothing on earth so solemn or so binding as a marriage vow!" Heaven help her! It was a wonder she did not fall dead at his feet when she heard those terrible words.

"What if any one were to break a marriage vow, Aleck?" she breathed faintly. "What should you think ought to be done with him?"

"In what way?" he answered, surprised and puzzled at the question.

"Suppose that one of them failed to keep that sacred promise to love and honor the other—suppose that one of them found life so intolerable as to fly from the other—go to the farther end of the world, breaking that vow to cleave to that other until death parted them? Oh, Aleck, my love! tell me what would happen to the one who found life so hard as to break away."

The question amused him vastly.

"You ask such curious questions, my dear, that I can scarcely answer them. In the first place, true love never wearies of its object; where weariness exists, there is no true love; and one who would break those sacred bonds has no honor."

"But when one soul is created, tell me, Aleck, is not another created to go with it?"

"Yes," he said thoughtfully, "I am sure there is."

"But what happens, Aleck, if the wrong souls go together?" she asked. "I am not speaking lightly, Aleck. What happens, what do people do if the wrong souls go together? I know," she went on before he had time to answer, "the wrong souls part and each goes to the right one, Aleck."

The very oddness of their conversation struck him forcibly.

"How does it happen that you have such strange thoughts, my darling?" he asked. "Have you been reading some newspaper scandal, or have you been thinking of leaving me?" he added, with an uneasy laugh.

There was something infinitely piteous in the way she threw her white arms around his neck, and laid her soft, warm cheek against his, murmuring brokenly:

"Leave you, Aleck, my heart's love, oh, never—never, it would be death to me—you are the other half of my soul, my thoughts, my very being are bound up in you! If you should be taken from me, Aleck, in that moment my heart would break!

"Oh, Aleck, my love, we will not talk about it any more, we will never speak about such things again."

His handsome face flushed happily under her tender caresses.

Aleck was young —only four-and-twenty —and of course his heart beat with a responsive thrill as the lovely rose-bud mouth of his little bride was pressed to his in love's sweet kisses.

At thirty a man's heart is hardened; the romance and tenderness of youth is, by contact with the world, brushed off like the down of a peach.

He is suspicious, and weighs every act, word and glance. As Aleck had not reached the age of suspicion, he naturally believed that Daisy meant if death should ever take him from her, she, too, would die then and there.

"And now," said he, removing the clinging clasp of the white arms, "why that solemn face?"

"I had something to ask of you, Aleck," she answered wistfully.

"To settle some milliner's bill, I presume?" he said amusedly. "I supposed all this love-making was the forerunner of something of the kind."

"Yes; I do want some money, Aleck," she said, "and you must not ask me what I want it for."

He took out his pocket-book at once and handed out two fifty-dollar bills.

"I want more than this, Aleck," said Daisy, faintly. "I want a thousand dollars."

He looked at her aghast.

"A thousand dollars, my darling," he said. "Why, what could you possibly want it for? I had an idea that all your wants were filled."

"So they are, Aleck; all but this one."

"I hope you are not contemplating starting a charity society, or sending it off to the heathen," he said, curiously; "especially as I am a little short just now; but you shall have it, my dear, how could I refuse you anything? You shall have it in the course of a day or so."

"I must have it now, Aleck," she persisted, her face paling to a dead white.

"But I have not that amount by me, darling," he declared. "You shall have it in the course of a day or two."

"But that will not do, Aleck," she said. "I must have it now; you must raise it somehow."

"If I thought it was for anything imperative I would get it at once, dear," he said; "if you can advance

To be Continued.

Anecdotal.

At a recent dinner in New York the Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage told a story of a lady who was asked: "Do you ever think of getting married?" "Think," she answered with asperity, "I worry."

A Toronto man, father of an unusually numerous family, was visited by a Westerner. "I never saw anything like it, old man," remarked the stranger over the cigars; "every time I come you have a new baby." "Oh, don't mind it, my dear fellow; it isn't your fault," was the quick reply.

The late Lord Dufferin had put on record a Sheridan story which is worth repeating. Richard Brinsley Sheridan was one day remonstrating with his son in reference to some peccadillo, and finished by exclaiming, "Why, Tom, my father would never have permitted me to do such a thing." Like lightning came the repartee: "Sir, do you presume to compare your father with my father!"

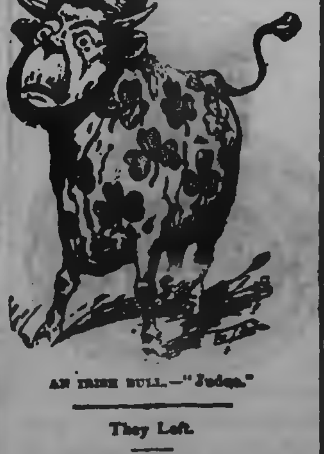
A young heiress with a penchant for farming was explaining at length the many difficulties she encountered in pursuing her fad. "I really am a farmer," she protested, and then added, regretfully, "although it must be confessed that almost all I plant I lose." "Therein differing from me," courteously rejoined her table companion, a rising young physician, "for I find in my case that almost all I lose I plant."

An omnibus full of Parisian students was making its way along the Rue de Rivoli when a priest in his robes of office joined the party. The students hailed the newcomer with delight, and began at once to tell all the objectionable stories they could recall. The priest spoke not a word till he rose to get out. Then he said, politely: "Au revoir, messieurs." The French "au revoir" means literally, "till we see each other again." One of the students evidently had this in mind when he replied. "Um," he said, "we don't want to meet you again, old dismal!" "But, au revoir," repeated the cure; "we are sure to meet again. I am the chaplain of the Mazas prison."

Once when Sir Charles Hotham, Governor of Victoria, was out driving, his coachman nearly came into collision with a wood carter, an Irishman, in a narrow lane outside Melbourne. The Irishman would not pull off the middle of the road, as he had the heavier load, and, by the rough rule of such things, was thus entitled to keep there. The incensed governor thereupon put his head out of the carriage window and shouted: "Do you know who I am, my man? I'm Sir Charles Hotham, the Governor of Victoria!" "Ye are, are ye?" responded the other. "Well, ye've got a thunderin' foine billet, ould man, an' I'd advise ye to shtick to it!"

When called to take up mission work in Chicago, the late Bishop Whipple found busy railway yards close to his chapel. He asked the chief engineer how to reach railway operatives. "Read Lardner's 'Railway Economy' until you are able to ask a question of an engineer and he not think you a fool." So instructed, he dropped in one day on a group cleaning an engine, and ventured a question: "Which do you like the better, inside or outside connections?" A torrent of discussion followed on connections, steam-heaters, exhausts; and at the end of a half hour he remarked, in leaving: "Boys, I have a free church in Metropolitan Hall, where I should be glad to see you." The next Sunday every man was there.

In order to show the feeling of insecurity of the Czar of all the Russias amongst his subjects, Prince Bismarck related the following anecdote of the Emperor Nicholas: The court physician had prescribed massage for some ailment of the Czar, who, however, was unable to find a single person in his entourage to whom he cared to entrust the task. At his wit's end, he at last applied to Frederick William IV. for a few non-commissioned officers of the Prussian Guard; these were sent, and returned to Berlin after the completion of the rubbing "cure" heavily laden with presents. "So long as I can look my Russians in the face everything is well," Nicholas is reported to have said, "but I will not risk letting them work away at my back."



AN IRISH BULL.—"Judge."

They Left.

"It does me good to see a smart Aleck get the worst of it," said the communicative conductor to the man on the back platform. "There were two of them on my car yesterday, and their game was to scare people into thinking that they were just recovering from smallpox. They talked loudly about it for the benefit of the other passengers, and the more nervous ones, especially the women, began to grow apprehensive.

"'Yes,' said one, 'my case was a pretty bad one, the doctors said.'

"'So was mine,' replied the other fellow. 'It seems good to get out of the Municipal Hospital, doesn't it?'

"'That's what it does,' said the first one.

"Sitting next to them was a man who had been taking it all in. At this point he leaned over and said:

"'Say, when did you fellows get out?'

"'Only yesterday,' loudly remarked one of the kidders.

"'Is that so,' exclaimed the man. 'So did I. What ward were you in?'

"Well, say, those fellows jumped off the car as though it had been struck by lightning."

Peaceful business methods oft
Succeed where others fail;
Yet dentists and chiropodists
Keep fighting tooth and nail.
—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Tramp—I'd like ter do something fo pay for all this, but I'm a cripple, mum.

Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter?

Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keepin' a list of all th' people wot offered me work, mum.—New York Weekly.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
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BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

It is somewhat humbling to our pride to know that the greatest speed attained under sail is that of the flying proa of Pacific savages. Until the advent of the turbine motor these tiny craft could outsail any steamer afloat, even the modern German liners. Their lowest estimated speed is twenty knots, and many travelers credit them with more.

Since March 1 the torch in the hand of the Statue of Liberty Enlightening the World, in New York harbor, has not been lighted. This does not mean that the statue has lost its significance as the symbol and personification of the broad political and industrial freedom which is enjoyed in the United States. It simply means that no satisfactory method of lighting the torch has been devised, and that the Lighthouse Board does not think it worth while to continue an inadequate electric lamp. The other harbor lights serve all the needs of the mariners, and the statue itself, without its own light, will show more plainly in the darkness than before.

The reputation of Germany as a country where life is regulated as much as possible in accordance with the behests of science is borne out by the regulations of the German military authorities concerning the marching and physical training of troops. The "physiology of marching" has recently been the subject of careful investigation, and the results obtained are taken advantage of for the benefit of the German army. Among the conclusions reached is that during continuous heavy marching the rations supplied are not sufficient to replace the waste of carbohydrates, and that a day's rest is required after every three days' marching, to enable the body to recover its normal power.

In typewriting 500 letters you waste one hour in writing "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly." Now, the total annual number of letters sent through the post all over the world is 8,000,000,000. Of course this is not all commercial correspondence, nor is it all typewritten, but for the purpose of having some statistical starting-point it will be assumed that it is. To write "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly" for this number of letters would take one typist 14,000,000 hours, allowing 300 working days to the year, about 4,700 years. To translate this into an approximation of its money value, allowing $10 as the salary of the typist and eight hours as the average day's work, the cost would be $3,850,000.

The Wiarton (Ont.) "Echo" records a remarkable instance of affection between dumb brutes. A Mr. Robertson lost a team of horses through the ice on Colpoy's Bay. It appears that the gentleman mentioned is the owner of a dog—an ordinary collie dog—that was passionately fond of the animals drowned, and they were in constant companionship whenever possible. After the accident occurred, and when the horses were delivered from their watery graves and pulled out on the ice, the large crowd that had gathered quickly dispersed, the horses being apparently "left alone in their glory." It transpired later on, however, that the faithful dog, in his grief for his lost companions, refused to leave the spot where they were, and was tenderly licking the animals' heads and giving vent to his sorrow in various other ways. Efforts were made to console the bereaved canine and to attract him from the spot, but he went not, and refused to be comforted. He remained, it is said, near the scene of the accident till the bay was completely enveloped in darkness. The poor brute then solemnly and sadly wended his way to his master's home.

The other night Thomas J. White, a Brooklyn butcher, found it necessary to remain in his store until after midnight, to finish making up his accounts for the week. Miss Maria Jacobs, his fiancee, was waiting for him to escort her to her home. White took six hundred dollars from the cash drawer and placed it in a wallet, which he put in his pocket. He was just about to don his coat when he was seized with a fit and fell to the floor. Miss Jacobs tried to raise him up, but failed, so she ran out of the store for assistance. The first persons she met were two frowsy-looking fellows, who readily responded to her appeal for help. They rushed into the store, and while one of them lifted the prostrate White the other lifted the wallet out of the butcher's pocket and fled. Miss Jacobs gave pursuit. The other stranger promptly dropped White, ran to the money-drawer, and, finding no money there, looked about him for something of value to seize. There were juicy steaks and toothsome chops, but he selected a big bologna sausage and ran out with the booty. The first stranger, in the meantime, had succeeded in eluding Miss Jacobs and getting away. When she returned to the store the second thief had also disappeared. A policeman was finally called to hunt for the robbers, and a physician to attend White. The doctor succeeded in bringing White out of his fit, but the policeman failed to bring back the thieves or the money.

Recognized Their Old Friend.

THE love which English people, especially British soldiers, feel for Florence Nightingale has been shown at many times and in many places. A new and striking instance of it was recently given by the "Sunday Magazine."

The late Sir John Steell, sculptor to Queen Victoria, was modeling a bust of Miss Nightingale, when an officer of one of the Highland regiments which had suffered so cruelly in the Crimea heard that the bust had just been completed, and was in Sir John's studio. Many of the men in his company had passed through the hospital at Scutari, and he obtained permission from the sculptor to bring some of them to see it. Accordingly a squad of men one day marched into the big studio and stood in line.

They had no idea why they had been mustered in so strange a place. Without a word of warning the bust was uncovered, and the men broke rank, and with cries of "Miss Nightingale! Miss Nightingale!" surrounded the model, and with hats off cheered the figure of their devoted nurse until the roof rang.

So spontaneous and hearty and so inspiring was the whole scene that in after days Sir John Steell declared it to be the greatest compliment of his life.

Anecdotal.

Shortly after Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" made its appearance, J. T. Trowbridge was walking with Lowell in Cambridge, when the latter pointed out a doorway sign, "Groceries," with the letters set zigzag, to produce a bizarre effect. "That," said he, "is Walt Whitman—with very common goods inside."

A Philadelphia paper declares that Archbishop Ryan was recently about to take a train for Baltimore at the Broad Street Station, when a young man accosted him, saying: "Your face is familiar, where in hell have I seen you?" "I really don't know," replied the archbishop, blandly; "what part of hell do you come from?"

Many years ago, when Senator Ingalls was in the Senate, oleomargarine was a bone of contention. The debate led Ingalls to utter one of those epigrammatic sentences which made him famous. "I have never, to my knowledge, tasted oleomargarine," said Ingalls, "but I have stood in the presence of genuine butter with awe for its strength and reverence for its antiquity."

A lady carrying on mission work in the slums was teaching a little colored girl to spell. She used a pictorial primer, and over each word was its accompanying picture. Polly glibly spelled "o-x, ox," and "b-o-x, box," etc. But the teacher thought that she was making "right rapid progress." So she put her hand over the picture, and said, "Polly, what does 'o-x' spell?" "Ox," answered Polly, nimbly. "How do you know that it spells 'ox,' Polly?" "Seed his tail," replied the apt Polly.

A very popular Oxford dean, crossing the quadrangle of Christ's College one day, was met by a number of undergraduates who passed him without "capping." The reverend gentleman felt annoyed. "Do you know who I am?" he asked. "No, sir." "Then how long have you been at the college?" "Eight days, sir." "Indeed!" replied the dean, sarcastically. "Well, in that case, you stand excused. I know that puppies do not open their eyes until the ninth day." And then he resumed his walk.

While he was in England, Mark Twain says his head was once taxed as gas works. He wrote Queen Victoria a friendly letter of protest, saying: "I don't know you, but I've met your son. He was at the head of a procession in the Strand, and I was on a 'bus." Years afterward he met the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., at Homberg. They had a long walk and talk together. When bidding him good-by, the Prince said: "I am glad to have met you again." This remark troubled Twain, who feared that he had been mistaken for someone else. He communicated this suspicion to the Prince, who replied: "Why, don't you remember when you met me in the Strand and I was at the head of a procession, and you were on a 'bus?"

Slason Thompson says that the late Eugene Field was fond of relating the following story of James Whitcomb Riley: "To beguile the tediousness of the return voyage from Europe, it was proposed to give a concert in the saloon of the ship—an entertainment to which all capable of amusing their fellow-voyagers should contribute. Mr. Riley was asked to recite some of his original poems, and, of course, he cheerfully agreed to do so. Among the number present at this mid-ocean entertainment, over which the Rev. Myron Reed presided, were two Scotchmen, very worthy gentlemen, en route from the land o' cakes to the land of biscuits, upon a tour of investigation. These twain shared the enthusiasm with which the auditors applauded Mr. Riley's charming recitations. They marveled that so versatile a genius could have lived in a land reputed for uncouthness and savagery. "Is it no wonderful, Donal," remarked one of these Scots, "that a tradesman suld be sic a bonnie poet?" "And is he indeed a tradesman?" asked the one. "Indeed he is," answered the other; "did ye no hear the dominie intryjuce him as the hoosier poet? Just think of it, mooni—just think of a gude poet dividing his time making hoosiery!"

In the Jaws of the Fire.

THE risks that firemen take are an everlasting wonder, even though almost every paper contains stories of their bravery. But the man behind the fire-engine—apparently he has only to keep his machine going, and is as safe as the man who pulls the lever of an upright "donkey." The story of Bill Brown, as told by Mr. Cleveland Moffett in "Careers of Daring and Danger," shows that the engineer's bravery is sometimes put to tests as severe as those which the fireman at the ladder [illegible].

What happened was this: Engine 33, pumping her prettiest, stood at the corner so near the drug-house that the driver thought it wasn't safe for the horses, and led them away. That left Brown alone, against the cheek of the fire, watching his boiler and keeping his steam-gage at twenty-five.

As the fire gained, chunks of redhot sandstone began to crash down on the engine. Brown put his pressure up to eighty, and watched the door anxiously where the four firemen from his squad had gone into the furnace.

Then an explosion of chemicals in the building sent a flame wide as a house clear across the street, enwrapping engine and man, and setting fire to the elevated railway station overhead. Bill Brown stood by his engine with a sheet of fire above him. He heard footsteps on the pavement and voices that grew fainter, crying, "Run for your life, [illegible]!" [illegible] the skin on his hands, face and neck was blistered.

Brown knew why everyone was running. There would be another explosion. It was tolerably certain that he [illegible]. But his four men were in the fire and needed the water. If he quit his engine the water would fail.

He stoked in coal and ran the gage up another notch, easing the running parts with the oiler. He was offering his life for his friends.

In a few minutes the four firemen came out of the building. Then Bill Brown ran for his life with his comrades. A second or two later Engine 33 was crushed by the falling walls.

A Story of Cecil Rhodes.

Mr. Cecil Rhodes' latest biographer, Mr. Hensman, contradicts the story that Rhodes ever used the phrase "he never met a man whom he could not buy." The germ of this fiction, Mr. Hensman says, "is to be found in the fact that one day, many years ago, when discussing his proposed telegraph wire [illegible] to the other, somebody asked him how he proposed to carry it across the Soudan, which was then under the domination of the Khalifa. 'Oh, leave it to me,' Rhodes answered, 'I never met a man yet with whom I could not come to an agreement, and I shall be able to fix things up with the Khalifa when the time comes.' This is the [illegible] version of a story [illegible] quoted."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid, on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

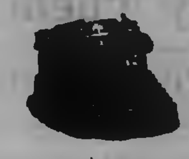
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS



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Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Turning Smoke Into Gold.

QUEEN ELIZABETH of England was not a thoroughgoing spinster, for she had so little prejudice against the practice of smoking that she permitted Sir Walter Raleigh his pipe in the royal presence. She was sufficiently a woman, however, to twit him openly on his devotion to the weed, and it was on one of these occasions—or so the author of "The Soveraine Herbe" shrewdly surmises—that the knight replied:

"I can assure Your Majesty that I have so well experienced the nature of it that I can tell even the weight of the smoke in any quantity I consume."

"I doubt it much, Sir Walter," replied Elizabeth, holding it was impossible to weigh smoke, and mayhap scenting a joke, "and I will wager you twenty gold angels that you do not solve my doubt."

Gallantly accepting the wager, Raleigh filled his pipe with a weighed quantity of tobacco, smoked it out, and then, weighing the resultant ashes, announced the weight he had smoked away.

"Your Majesty cannot deny that the difference has disappeared in smoke."

"Truly, I cannot," answered the Queen. Ordering the wager to be paid, she turned to the courtiers around her and said: "Many alchemists have I heard of who turned gold into smoke, but Raleigh is the first who has turned smoke into gold."

Little Lottie had gone away from home to visit a little neighbor without her mother's consent, and upon her return Lottie received a rebuke. The little girl pouted for a time and then her mother, anxious to renew friendly relations again, said:—

"You still love your mother, don't you, Lottie?"

"Well," answered Lottie, thoughtfully, "I don't guess I luv you enuf t' notice it."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

◆◆◆

Oldest Inhabitant—We don't have any such winters now as we had when we were boys.

Next Oldest—No, but we have a whole lot more rheumatism, which makes 'em worse.—Indianapolis News.

ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

Our New Book no Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 17, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the editor, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The town's new road scraper arrived yesterday.

—A pocket book which was found last week, has been handed to the Chief of Police.

—A citizen contributed $2 at the Police Court yesterday for riding a wheel on the sidewalk.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson, the Montreal horse king, secured a load of fine horses here yesterday.

—The annual banquet of the members of the Y.M.C.A. will take place on Thursday evening.

—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt will hold a cottage meeting this evening at 8 o'clock, in the mission church at Auburn.

—A meeting of the Board of Works was held last night, when some street matters were disposed of.

—Master Reggie Deacon, the phenomenal boy singer, has been secured for the band concert on Friday evening next.

—A full attendance of the National base-ball team is called on Thursday April 17th, at half past six o'clock, on their old practice grounds, north of the C.G.E. Works, on Park St.

—The plans for the Carnegie Public Library were displayed at Tuesday night's meeting of the Lindsay Council. They were furnished by Messrs. Miller & Co., Architects, of Hamilton.

—There is some talk of putting on a first class automobile carriage between Peterborough and Chemong Park. We sincerely hope that the report may prove true.

—It is said that considerable spearing of maskilonge has been going on both up the lakes and down the river. Steps are being taken, we understand, to punish the guilty parties.

—Mr. Richard Sheehy, of town, was one of three experts selected by the mayor of Lindsay to report on the foundation walls of the new fire hall in regard to which some question had been raised. The three experts each reported the walls as satisfactory.

—Mr. R. H. Jackson, the genial proprietor of the Crown Hotel, ordered an extra copy of The Times to be sent to his hotel. He says there is a scramble for the paper every morning. In fact several of his star boarders say that they cannot enjoy their early meal without this great family journal.

—Miss Moore, a returned missionary from Japan, will speak at the usual Saturday morning meeting of the St. John's Mission Band. It is hoped that all the members of the Band will be in attendance, and punctual, so that the meeting may begin sharp at half-past two.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson and his son, Mr. Percy Pearson, were in town yesterday.

—Mr. Robert Ruddy, barrister, Millbrook, was in town yesterday on business.

—Miss Gertie Cornell, of Omemee, is spending a few days in town, the guest of her cousin, Miss Dina Hill.

—The Times had a call yesterday from Mr. S. E. Salls, general agent of the Canada Life Assurance Company, who is in town on business connected with the Company.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

Got Lame Back or Lumbago?

No need of that now. That sort of pain can be knocked out in short order, for Polson's Nerviline, which is five times stronger than any other, penetrates at once through the tissues, reaches the source of suffering, drives it out and thus gives relief almost instantly. Not magic, but strength that gives Polson's Nerviline this power. You will think it magic, however, if you try it, pain goes so quickly. Sold by dealers everywhere, in large 25c. bottles.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A HORSE

A Young Lady Run Over and Severely Injured Last Night

Yesterday evening about half past six a young lady, who was returning from the Electric Works, where she is employed, was run over by a horse and rig when crossing the street at the corner of Hunter and Bethune streets. The Times was unable to learn the name of the driver, who was accompanied by a lady, and who is said to have been going very fast.

The wheels passed over the young woman's legs, bruising them. She was assisted into Mr. Bradshaw's grocer store, where she remained until she recovered herself. She complained of injury to the head, but was able to walk home.

THE CAMPAIGN

The Liberals of West Peterborough More Completely Organized Than Ever Before —Conservatives Also Preparing

The Liberals are not letting the grass grow under their feet, and are said already to have perfect organization from Harvey to South Monaghan. Hon. Mr. Stratton's 1898 majority will not, it is believed by fair-minded thinkers be materially reduced when the ballots are counted.

Major Miller is "pegging" away, and will do what he can to pull his opponents big majority down. Everybody has a good word to say of the gallant Major, and many regret to be obliged to vote against him. His entrance into the political arena in opposition to the Provincial Secretary, was not a wise piece of political strategy, particularly at this juncture.

Servant Girl wanted

WANTED—General servant girl. Apply at McCallum's Restaurant.

"Side Tracked" To-Night

The attraction of the season will be the famous comedy triumph "Side-Tracked," presented by A. Q. Scammon's favorite company of clever comedians and handsome and talented girls. "Side Tracked" is a comedy that has few duplicates as a laugh provoker, possessing, as it does, many characteristics that compel all to enjoy it. It has gained public favor by reason of its originality, the quality of its story and the opportunity it affords for good, clean fun and wholesome amusement. The selection of this season's company was made by Mr. Scammon with especial reference to the individual ability of each member to correctly portray the role to which they would be allotted. As a result the collective performance of the company has been pronounced the most satisfactory seen with any comedy this season. The performance abounds in pleasing specialties and sparkling musical features. The piece is particularly pleasing in scenic and costume effects, and the girls of the company are strikingly attractive. "Side Tracked" may be anticipated to prove one of the "real" shows of the season and amusement patrons are advised that it is worthy of their consideration. Reserved seats are on sale in advance at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. Prices, 25c., 35c., 50c.

EVER GET "FULL?"

On Other Things Than Liquor

It is profitable for anyone to study food in order to regulate the health, not with medicine but by building up healthy nerve centres with good food.

A man who has made something of a study on this line writes from Iowa City: "When I first tried Grape-Nuts it was at the table of a prominent state official and the remarkable taste attracted me. I afterwards investigated the subject carefully and discovered that Grape-Nuts contains dextrose sugar. The starchy part of the food is transformed into starch sugar or dextrose. Those same results are produced by the digestive organs by the action of the saliva and the pancreatic juices on starchy foods. These facts convinced me that Grape-Nuts is a natural, pre-digested food and just what I required and needed.

I had been suffering from a full feeling after meals and generally more or less headache. All this trouble left when I quit using white bread, warm biscuits, etc.

It was about this time I came home from school, broken down physically and mentally. I only weighed 120 lbs. At my earnest request mother began serving Grape-Nuts every meal and she said she had never eaten anything that agreed with her physical condition as did my 'new' food," as she termed it.

In five weeks I weighed 133 pounds, a gain of 13 pounds, and I feel so strong that I have been able to do from ten to 16 hours of hard work daily. My mind has never seemed so clear before and I am thoroughly convinced that there is no food like Grape-Nuts to produce health and a strong and clear brain." Lee Arlington, Box 1755, Iowa City, Ia.

FAREWELL TO REV. YULE WELCOME TO REV. WILSON

"AT HOME" TENDERED THE RETIRING PASTOR AND HIS SUCCESSOR

In the Spacious Schoolroom of St. Paul's Church Last Night—A Pleasant Evening Spent.

The spacious Sunday School room of St. Paul's Church was the scene of a very pleasant gathering last evening. The At Home which was tendered the retiring pastor Mr. Yule, and his successor, Mr. Wilson, was decidedly successful although the voice of welcome mingled with the sadness of farewell.

Both young and old seemed to cast aside all care and the true spirit of sociability pervaded the assembly and contrived to make the evening so pleasant that it will long be remembered by those present.

The speeches delivered during the evening by Dr. Torrance, and different members of the congregation all went to show the high esteem in which Mr. Yule was held, both as a preacher and as a man. During his stay here he has won for himself golden opinions in Peterborough, and he will ever occupy a warm place in the hearts of the people of St. Pauls.

The following is the programme, each number of which was much appreciated and listened to with rapt attention.

Selection,—Where are the boys of the old brigade?	St Paul's Quartette
Chairman's Address	Mr. Adam Hall.
Speech	Mr. R. B. Wood.
Address,—Young men	Horace Ayers.
Vocal Solo	Mr. Milne
INTERMISSION.	
Speech	Dr. Torrance.
Vocal Solo	Mrs. W. A. Sanderson
Speech	Sheriff Hall
Vocal Solo	Mr. Dawson.
Address	Rev. J. A. Wilson.
Selection	St. Paul's Quartette.?
Address	Rev. G. Yule.

The chair was ably occupied by Mr. Adam Hall, and Mr. Crane in his well-known and masterly style presided at the piano.

During the intermission refreshments were served in the manner which always characterizes anything given in this line by the ladies of St. Pauls. The meeting closed with the benediction by the Rev. Dr. Torrance.

A Girl's Health and Beauty

Malt Breakfast Food

GUARANTEES MANY BLESSINGS

A girl's health and beauty depend upon her home surroundings and education, her dress, her work, proper exercise, and last but not least, upon her food. It matters not if she be rich or poor, elevated or humble, if her food is not of a character to keep flesh, nerves, blood and brain in proper condition, she can have neither true health or beauty.

It has been satisfactorily demonstrated that breakfast regularly begun with delicious and health-giving Malt Breakfast Food, does much to improve a girl's health and beauty.

This marvelous health food is a perfect regulator of digestion, a builder of flesh, bone and muscle and a brain nourisher. Malt Breakfast Food keeps the blood pure, thus insuring clear, transparent skin, sparkling eyes and a face that betokens full health.

Girls and young women desiring continued good health and good looks, should use Malt Breakfast Food every morning. At all grocers.

A HANDSOME STORE

Mr. George Schneider to Create Handsome Single Store on George Street

Mr. George Schneider, whose building on George street, occupied by Mr. Pete Simons, was wrecked by the falling of a brick wall after the Crystal Block fire, is busily employed repairing the damage, a settlement having been arrived at with the Central Canada Loan Co., who were responsible for the trouble. Mr. Schneider, we understand will turn the shop into a handsome single store, in order to make room for a stairway to the second flat.

It is Mr. Schneider's intention to fit the upstairs into dwelling flats or commodious business offices, for which there is now a demand.

DEATH OF MRS. WM. ALFORD

One of Lakefield's Oldest and Most Esteemed Citizens Passes Away

We regret to be forced to chronicle the demise of Mrs. Wm. Alford, who passed away at the family residence, Lakefield on Tuesday last. The deceased was born in Devonshire, England, on August 12th, 1826, and was married to Mr. Wm Alford on March, 1851, who survives her. Besides her husband, there is left to mourn her demise, two daughters,—Mrs. D. McLean, Moosejaw, N.W.T., and Mrs. Gunn Peterborough, and also a brother in England, besides six grandchildren.

The deceased was for many years a resident of Lakefield, where she was highly esteemed. Her many noble qualities endeared her to those who had the pleasure of her acquaintance, and will make her memory long revered.

STOPS THE COUGH

AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Band Concert, Opera House, Friday Evening.

SPECIAL

Master Regie Deacon the Phenomenal Boy Soprano

EAST PETERBORO' CAMPAIGN

Mr. Wm. Anderson Opens the Ball in Douro Last Night

The campaign in East Peterborough, so far as the Liberal Candidate is concerned, was opened last night, when a meeting was held in the interests of Mr. Wm. Anderson, at S.S. No. 2 Douro.

Mr. Anderson addressed the electors and was heartily received. Stirring addresses were also delivered by Messrs. R. F. McWilliams and G. M. Roger.

To-morrow night a meeting will be held at Stewart's settlement, Otonabee, where the same speakers will be present and address the meeting.

THE TWENTIETH ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE

Western Bank of Canada

OSHAWA, ONTARIO

Held at the Head Office of the Bank on Wednesday, April 9th, 1902

The following shareholders were present: John Cowan, Esq., W. F. Allen, Esq., Thomas Patterson, Esq., Dr. McIntosh, R. S. Hamlin, Esq., Thomas Miller, Esq., John McLaughlin, Esq., C. W. Scott, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., T. H. McMillan, Esq. George Porter, Esq., R. Dillon, Esq., and Thomas Conant, Esq.

The President, John Cowan, Esq., occupied the chair, and Mr. T. H. McMillan acted as Secretary to the meeting.

REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting the Twentieth Annual Report for the year ending 28th February, 1902.

The earnings of the Bank have been in excess of any previous year. The net profits of the year have amounted to $50,325.58, or about 12 1-2 per cent. upon the average paid-up capital of the Bank, which, added to the balance carried forward from the previous year of $11,175.93, amounts to $61,501.51.

Out of this sum two half-yearly dividends of 3 1-2 per cent. each have been paid, absorbing $28,565.97. $16,000 carried to the Rest Account. $12,857.33 to the credit of past due paper, and $4,078.21 has been carried forward to the credit of Profit and loss.

The deposits of the Bank have increased $190,279.08, and the circulation $13,800, and the gross assets $530 452.80 over the previous year. The losses of the year have been below the average of previous years.

The Rest Account of the Bank now stands at $150,000, or about equal to 36 per cent. of the paid-up capital.

The Agencies of the Bank have been recently inspected, and found in a satisfactory condition.

Oshawa, 9th April, 1902. JOHN COWAN, President.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA ON THE 28th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1902

Statement of Profits for the year ending 28th Feb., 1902

Balance at credit of profit and Loss Account on the 28th of February, 1901	$11,175 93	To Dividend No. 38	$14,045 19
		To Dividend No. 39	14,520 78
		Carried to Credit of Rest Account	16,000 00
		Carried to Credit of Past Due Bills	12,857 33
Net Profits of the year	50,325 58	Balance at Credit of Profit and Loss Account	4,078 21
	$61,501 51		$61,501 51

LIABILITIES	$	ASSETS	
Capital Account	$ 418,229 77	Specie	$ 27,286 57
Rest Account	150,000 00	Legals	24,661 25
Notes in circulation	366,110 00	Notes and Cheques of other Banks	20,062 76
Deposits with interest	2,397,949 90	Due from other Banks in Canada	582,651 75
Due to Dividend No. 39	14,520 78	Due from Banks in foreign countries	15,918 82
Reserved Interest	1,256 22	Deposit with Dominion Government to secure circulation with interest	20,819 73
		Due from Royal Bank, London	30,810 80
		Dominion and Provincial, Municipal and other first class debentures	881,558 56
		Assets readily convertible	1,603,870 24
		Bills Discounted Current	1,678,505 08
		Real Estate	16,122 11
		Mortgages on Real Estate	26,700 00
		Banking Premises	12,242 40
Profit and Loss Account	4,078 21	Offices Safes and Furniture	14,815 05
	$3,352,254 88		$3,352,254 88

T. H. McMILLAN, Cashier

Moved by the President, and seconded by the Vice-President, that the Report as read be adopted, printed and circulated among the Shareholders.—Carried

Mr. Conant, seconded by Mr. Dillon, moved: That the thanks of the Shareholders are due, and are hereby tendered to, the President, Vice-President and Directors of the Bank for the manner in which they have conducted the Affairs of the Bank during the past year.—Carried.

Mr. Paterson, seconded by Mr. Scott, moved: That the thanks of the Shareholders be given to the Cashier and other officers of the Bank for their attention to the interests of the Bank.—Carried.

Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Porter, moved: That this meeting do now proceed to elect, by ballot, seven Directors to fill the place of those retiring, and that Messrs. C. W. Scott and John McLaughlin be scrutineers for said election, and that the poll remain open for one hour to receive the votes of the Shareholders, and that should five minutes elapse at any time without a vote being taken the poll should be declared closed, and that the Scrutineers be paid $4.00 each for their services.—Carried.

The scrutineers reported the following seven gentlemen as having received the unanimous vote of the Shareholders, viz.: John Cowan, Esq., R. S. Hamlin, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., Dr. McIntosh, W. F. Allen, Esq., T. Paterson, Esq., and J. A. Gibson, Esq., who were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year. A vote of thanks was then tendered to the Chairman for his able conduct in the chair, and the meeting then adjourned.

At a subsequent meeting of the new Board, John Cowan, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and R. S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.

FLUID BEEF
BOVRIL

Enriches and flavors all soups hashes, and entrees. It gives the appetizing flavor of

Fresh Lean Beef

to even the most tastless dish. No kitchen is complete without it.

LIEUT. PENDRY ELECTED

An Old Peterborough Boy Honored in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lieut. Bryer H. Pendry, D.U.S., of Company H. Thirteenth Regiment, was a few evenings ago elected Captain of the Company, by a vote of 46 to 15. A Brooklyn paper, in referring to the promotion of Dr. Pendry, says: "Lieut. Pendry's selection is the outcome of a spirited although altogether good-natured contest between himself and his opponent, who was a regular army officer. Both men are capable officers, and the question of election appeared to hinge upon personal popularity. Lieut. Pendry is a young and energetic officer, and is well liked by his subordinates. It is believed by his brother officers that he will do much toward putting Company H. on a plane as high as that occupied by any military organization in the city."

Capt. Pendry is a son of Hon. Dr. Pendry, who, with Mrs. Pendry, is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. Edward Courtney, Ashburnham. Capt. Pendry, who is also a D.V.S., was born in Ashburnham in 1873, where he spent the years of his childhood. His many friends in Peterborough and Ashburnham will join with The Times in extending hearty congratulations

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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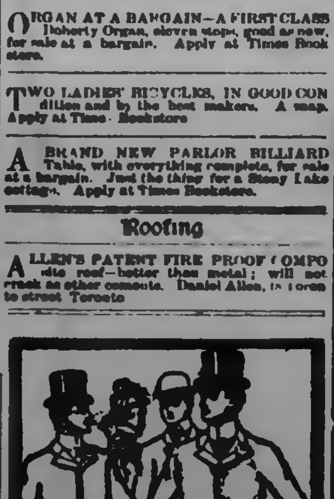

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We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
34 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal.

—We understand that there has been no further spread of smallpox in Otonabee. The one case is all there is in the township, and the disease is not likely to spread.

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V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky
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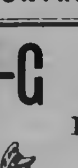
WANTED—Two first class coat makers No other need apply. Highest union wages paid. Steady employment. Railway expenses refunded. Apply A. C. Waggoner, Kingston, Ont

-G H. NOBLE-



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PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

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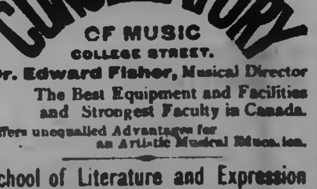

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

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Frame house, stable and large lot	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a life-time to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

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VOL. 28 NO. 91 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY APRIL 18 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS OF THE WORLD BY WIRE AND CABLE

Interesting Events Transpring in all Parts of the Globe

PREVENTION OF TUBERCOLOSIS

The Emperor of Germany Goes Sailing—The Latest Events from Uncle Sam's Domain

Berlin, April 17—At the invitation of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, Emperor William and the German Crown Prince embarked at Bremerhaven to-day on the steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm for a pleasure cruise of several days in the North Sea

TO PREVENT TUBERCULOSIS

Ottawa, Ont., April 17 —The Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, which was organized at a meeting held two years ago, is holding its annual convention in this city. Many eminent medical men are in attendance and during the two days' session the important question of the cure and prevention of consumption will be discussed in all its phases.

GEORGIA TRAVELERS IN SESSION

Atlanta, Ga., April 17—The largest convention in the eight years' history of the Georgia Division of the Travelers' Protective Association opened in Atlanta to-day and will continue in session until Sunday. The ball was started rolling at two o'clock this afternoon, when the delegates assembled in the ball room of the Kimball and were called to order by President R. L. Wylly of Savannah. The visitors were cordially greeted in addresses of welcome delivered on behalf of the city of Atlanta, the Commercial Club and the local post. These formalities occupied the most of the opening session.

Reports prepared by the officers for presentation to the convention show the organization in this state to be in a flourishing condition, both as regards membership and finances. Strong posts exist in Atlanta, Savannah, Augusta, Rome, Waycross and one or two other cities of the state and the present enthusiastic convention is expected to result in the organization of several more in the near future.

BASEBALL.

New York, April 17 — The race for the National League pennant begins to-day, and from now until the autumn winds begin to whistle about the bleachers the fans will have plenty to keep them guessing. While the conditions surrounding the opening of the season for the old and honored organization might be of a rosier hue, still, all things considered, there has been a lifting of the cloud during the last few weeks and the magnates affect to see a bright horizon. At the polo grounds the Giants lined up this afternoon against the Philadelphies. To-morrow a return game between the two clubs will be played in the Quaker City and the following day the third of the series takes place here. Brooklyn opens the season at home to-day in a game with the Bostons. Pittsburg plays at St. Louis and Chicago at Cincinnati.

CROWDS AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston, S.C., April 17 — From present indications this will prove the banner week in the attendance at the Charleston Exposition. Not since the opening of the big fair have such large crowds passed through the turnstiles as were witnessed during the past few days. The large attendance is due to the many special days celebrated this week. Virginians have been here in force for Virginia Day, and Pennsylvania has likewise celebrated. In addition there have been large delegations from Savannah, Wilmington, Augusta, Chattanooga and other leading cities of the South.

New York, April 17 — Among the passengers booked for Cuba on the Ward liner sailing to-day is General T. Estrada Palma, President-elect of the new Republic of Cuba. General Palma will take up the reins of government on the island May 20. Senora Palma and the children do not accompany the General to Cuba, but intend to join him at Havana early next month.

FAST DAY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Concord, N.H., April 17 — In accordance with the recent proclamation of Governor Jordan, to-day was observed as a fast day throughout New Hampshire. Special services were held in many of the churches.

OVER A THOUSAND BENEFITED

Millbury, Mass., April 17 — More than one thousand hands are benefited by the wage advance at the Manchaug cotton mills in Sutton which went into effect to-day. The advance amounts to 10 per cent., and was made without demand from the employees.

Portland, Ore., April 17 — Reports received by the local branch of the Department of Agriculture from the different agricultural districts in Oregon continue to indicate that the condition of wheat in this section is not as promising as expected. The recent continued cold and wet handicapped farm work and while the wheat is generally healthy and well rooted there seems to be little upward growth. This applies mostly to the lowlands and poorly drained sections, the crop in the highlands of the Willamette Valley and in the southern portion of the state being reported as generally in splendid condition.

CANADA AND THE STATES

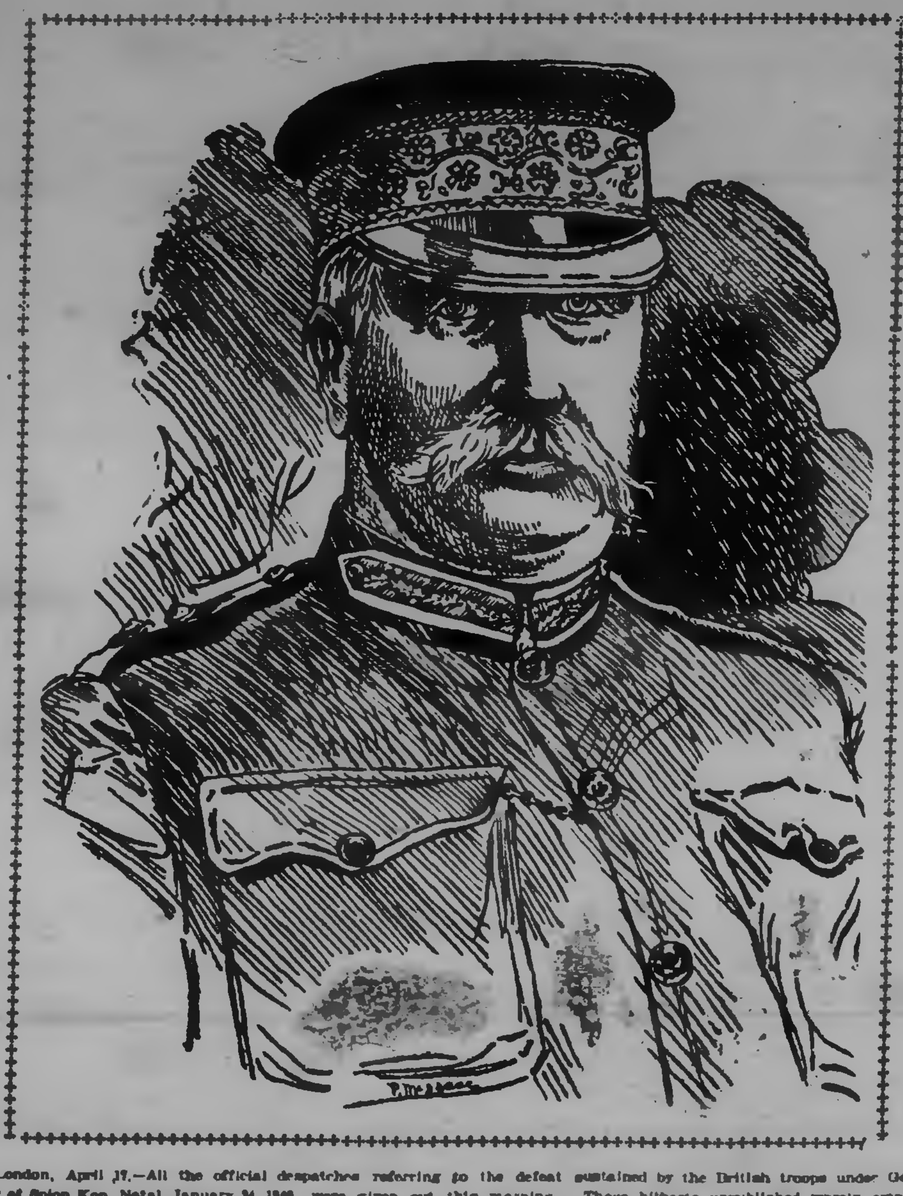
Canada is one of the Best Customers Uncle Sam has got

Special Telegram to The Times.

Washington, April 18 — In a report on "commercial relations," just given out at Washington, it is said that "it is not realized as widely as it should be that Canada is the best customer we have, excepting only Great Britain and Germany. Consul General Bittinger, at Montreal, in a report on the subject says:—The United States does more business with Canada than with the whole of South America; as much as with Central America, Mexico and the West Indies together; and nearly as much as with Africa, Asia and Oceanica."

Canada's total importation for consumption in the last fiscal year amounted to $181,[illegible],000. Imports from the United States reached the figure of $110,485,000, an increase of some $[illegible],000 over the preceding year. Figures are given to show that the preferential tariff has failed to affect seriously trade movements.

GENERAL BULLER CONVICTS HIMSELF FOR THE SPION KOP DISASTER



London, April 17.—All the official despatches referring to the defeat sustained by the British troops under Gen. Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, January 24, 1900, were given out this morning. Those hitherto unpublished merely emphasize how hopelessly muddled were the preparations for that engagement. The controversy between Gen. Buller and Gen. Sir Charles Warren is proved to have been even more bitter than previously hinted at, while a new extract from one of Lord Roberts' despatches brings additional censure on Gen. Buller. Lord Roberts declares that Gen. Buller's endeavor to put the responsibility for the defeat on Gen. Warren was not justifiable. Roberts holds that it was Buller's duty to intervene when he saw things were going wrong. This remark was caused by a despatch from Buller, in which he says:

"I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situation or command his forces himself. We lost our chance by Warren's slowness. He seems to me to be a man who can do well what he can do himself, but who cannot command. I can never employ him again on an independent command. I ought to have assumed command myself when I saw things were not going well. I blame myself now for not doing so."

Buller explains that he failed to supersede Warren because it might have discredited the latter with the troops which was an especially serious matter, as, if Buller had been shot, Warren would have acceded to the supreme command.

The question of the responsibility for the actual retreat from Spion Kop is shrouded in a maze of despatches, proving that a mistake was made in sending out a heliograph message, and that there was a general desire to shirk the onus.

BOER EXILES REGARDING PEACE TERMS.

Boers Against Sacrifices Which Equal Suicide Says Times Correspondent at St. Petersburg.

London, April 18.—The Paris correspondent of The Times quotes the views expressed by Boer exiles in Holland and Belgium. He says the Boers in Europe believe that extreme demands on either side have been abandoned. The Boers know that sacrifices must be made, but cannot consent to sacrifices amounting to a kind of suicide. The Boers must be able to live freely and proudly, not as the slaves of anybody and not bearing humiliations.

TO CONCEAL TRUTH FROM CZAR.

London, April 18.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times quotes a foreign statesman's views in regard to the revolutionary movement. "The internal situation of Russia is much worse than anyone supposes," he says. "It is so bad that it has practically crippled Russia's power for international mischief. At present the most important of the Russian officials' duty is to conceal the truth from the Czar."

London, April 18.—Although there is no indication that Colonel Arthur Lynch (who formerly fought on the Boer side in the South African war, and who was elected to represent Galway city in Parliament in November last) has any intention of placing himself within the reach of the British courts, the Government is bringing witnesses from South Africa to testify in support of the charges of treason brought against Col. Lynch.

Lewis Handley, an American by birth, but a naturalized British subject, and a farmer of the vicinity of Glencoe, Natal, landed in England this morning. He says Col. Lynch was the leader of a Boer force, principally composed of Irishmen, which raided his farm in 1900, confiscated his stock and other movables, and destroyed his crops. Lynch informed Handley that he was a British subject.

Items of Interest

Ottawa, April 18.—The transport Cymric, which is now in Boston, will be in Halifax ready to embark the first regiment of the Mounted Rifles the first week in May. The vessel is 585 feet long, 64 feet beam and 38 feet depth of hold. She was built by Harland & Wolff of Belfast in 1898, and has a gross tonnage of 12,600.

KILLED HIMSELF AND DAUGHTER.

New York, April 18.— The bodies of Charles Flackenstein, a prosperous business man of Brooklyn, and his daughter, nine years old, were found in their home to-day. Death was caused by illuminating gas. It is believed that Flackenstein turned on the gas to kill himself and his daughter. He had grieved much over the death of his wife some months ago, and he told his sister recently that he was tired waiting for death. He said frequently that he could not bear to see his daughter motherless.

Groton, Mass., April 18.—"The hatless brigade" of Groton schoolboys, which came into prominence through the illness of Theodore Roosevelt, jr., has been disbanded because of restrictions placed upon it by the school authorities.

After the school sessions were resumed five weeks ago the following rule was adopted: "In the sixth form there are no restrictions about going without hats; in the fifth form the parents' consent is required; in the other four forms a physician's certificate of permission is requested."

There is a mild case of typhoid now in the infirmary, the patient being Henry Deland Chandler, of Boston, in the sixth form. Recurring to the pneumonia cases of January and February, it is now said that Theodore Roosevelt, jr., was the least ill of the three. It was the Potter boy, of New York, who was so very ill, and who only a few days ago recovered sufficiently to permit his leaving school for home and recuperation.

WOODSTOCK BOY SHOT TWICE.

Woodstock, April 18.—Wm. Bush, son of Louis Bush, foreman at the Canada Furniture Company's factory, has returned to Woodstock after having been away for 18 months. Mr. Bush enlisted with a cavalry company at Chicago a year ago last summer, and left for the Philippines. While with this company he encountered much hard work, but succeeded in keeping free of passing bullets. The company served its time and came home last June, but Mr. Bush wished to stay, and so enlisted with another company. It was only a short time, however, that he served with this company, for in August he was disabled. While passing through a bamboo forest, the road through which is quite narrow and very thickly hedged with bamboo trees on either side, behind which the guerillas were hidden, he was shot in two places. One bullet went clean through the calf of his leg and striking an iron plate, dropped in the stirrup, after which he stopped and picked it up. Another bullet entered the wrist of his right arm and passed through the thumb and out at the knuckle. Three mules and a teamster were killed at the same time, but the six Americans who were together then succeeded in killing four and captured seven. The Americans were on escort duty taking goods from one place to another.

Since that time he has been in three or four hospitals in the Philippines, and spent a short time at San Francisco. He left the Philippines in February, and after reaching San Francisco got his release. He cannot use his right hand at all, but his leg does not bother him.

Mr. Bush did not like the climate. He says it is almost impossible for a white man to live there. It rains four months, day and night, each year. He goes back to the States in a month.

Franco Aprillon Francisco D'Assisse, the former King of Spain, died here last night. He was proclaimed King of Spain October 10, 1846, on his marriage to his cousin, Queen Isabella II. of Spain. Queen Isabella and her husband were expelled from Spain as a result of the revolution of September 20, 1868. She formally abdicated the throne in Paris June 25, 1870, in favor of her son, the late King Alfonso XII., father of the present King of Spain, Alfonso XIII.

BOOTH AND CECIL RHODES

London, April 18.—In a recent number of The War Cry "General" Booth gives some interesting recollections of his meetings with Mr. Rhodes, who, he recalls, more than once contributed to the Salvation Army's funds in connection with the social work in South Africa.

"In the course of my wanderings," declares the "General," "I have been privileged to meet with many of the class of individuals who are said to be the moving spirits of the world, but very few outside the pale of Christian and philanthropic circles have impressed and interested me more than did Cecil Rhodes."

Describing his first interview with Mr. Rhodes in Capetown, "General" Booth remarks: "We plunged into a discussion of my proposal for the founding of 'An Over-the-Sea Colony.' I think I see him now, scanning the large map of South Africa on the walls of his office. 'Our objects, you see, differ,' he said. 'You are set on filling the world with the knowledge of the Gospel. My ruling purpose is the extension of the British Empire.'

"Then, laying his finger on a great piece of the map showing the country, part of which was then known as Mashonaland, but which is now called after his name, he went on to say, 'If this part of South Africa would suit you, I can give you whatever extent of land you may require.'

"We parted with mutual respect."

Four years later there was another meeting at the Cape, and Mr. Rhodes renewed his offer, and when he was next in England he paid a visit to the army's Hadleigh Farm Colony, in company with Lord Loch and the "General."

"Mr. Rhodes," says "General" Booth, "was interested in everything. Nothing struck me more than his inquiring spirit"

AMERICAN UITLANDERS IN THE NORTHWEST.

An American Paper Says Canada Must Join American Union

TWO MILLION AMERICAN SETLERS

Are Expected to Find Homes in Canada During the Next Ten Years.

Special to The Times.

Milwaukee, April 18 — The Tribune of this city says:

At a recent meeting of a Canadian club in an American city one of the speakers boasted of the rapidity with which the Canadian Northwest was acquiring immigrants from this side of the line, and predicted that within ten years there would be found settled within the Dominion at least two million people whose birthplace of former citizenship was in the United States.

Judging by what we have seen in the current news of emigration movements during the past few months neither the statement nor the prediction of the Canadian orator seems at all exaggerated. The Assiniboia country is certainly enticing a good deal of the best American blood across the border—but the interesting question arises, what are our Canadian friends going to do with these new citizens after they get them?

We have only to hark back a few years to the history of the settlement of South Africa, to be reminded of what infinite trouble Oom Paul had with the British and other "uitlanders" who came to exploit the mines. The Boers didn't invite them, but they came, attracted by the gold, and it was not long before they wanted to run the country, on account of their superior intelligence and enterprise.

No one anticipates any such bloody outcome of the settlement of the Canadian Northwest by the Yankees as has resulted from the clash of Boer and British interests in South Africa; but there is nevertheless a possibility that it will lead to important political changes. If the Yankees number two millions within ten years they will constitute, in round numbers, a quarter of the Canadian population, with a voting strength approximating half a million, concentrated in the fertile region ranging from the United States border to the 55th parallel. Two generations ago this territory was the subject of fierce controversy between the American and British Governments. The American war-cry anent the border issue, as history informs us, was, "Fifty-four forty or fight." We didn't fight and we didn't succeed in getting the American boundary pushed northward to within 20 of the 55th parallel. But who knows but that what we failed to get then, either by diplomacy or bluff will some day come to us by the peaceful vote of a majority of the inhabitants? It may be that the Dominion authorities, in offering premiums in the way of tariff rebates and easy terms for fertile lands, are encouraging a class of "uitlanders" who will revenge Oom Paul—in a peaceful way—for the loss of his South African Dominion?

It appears that Canadians are coming into the United States about as fast as Americans are going to Canada. This interchange of population is salutary. It means, some day, a political union of the English-speaking races on this continent.

A TIME OF DANGER!

Thousands in Peril From Blood Diseases and Nerve Troubles Developed During the Winter Months

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT SPRING BLOOD PURIFIER, NERVE BRACER AND HEALTH BUILDER

Paine's Celery Compound is the wonder of the age. Its marvellous virtues are discussed amongst interested medical men, and its cures are talked of at every fireside.

As a spring health-giver, Paine's Celery Compound stands far ahead of all other known remedies. It has no worthy competitor in the vast field of medicine.

To a large extent, the present popularity of Paine's Celery Compound is due to the fact that it has accomplished some of its most astonishing cures in the spring season—a time when people feel dull, listless, despondent and ambitionless.

To-day, there are thousands of business men, mechanics, farmers and dear wives and mothers too who, though able to walk around, are nevertheless sadly "out of health."

At this season, Paine's Celery Compound is the great health restorer and strength giver for the "out of health" people—for those who are perilously nearing some organic disease. Paine's Celery Compound used at once will quickly remove every trace of poison from the blood, brace up the weak nerves, build up the tissues, and tone the digestive organism.

If you, dear reader, feel that your health is not as robust and vigorous as it should be, let us honestly suggest the use of Paine's Celery Compound that has so wonderfully blessed your neighbors and friends. Be assured, "it makes sick people well."

NOVEL WAGES CASE.

London, April 17.—A novel point under the labor laws was raised before the Yarmouth magistrates. Mr. Nathaniel Swann a fish merchant, sued one of his employes, who left without notice, to recover a week's wages as compensation. It was admitted that he had immediately engaged another man at less wages, and it was successfully argued that under such circumstances there was no loss, and no damages could be given. Mr. Swann informed the Bench he brought the case as a test one, and the Mayor said the magistrates were advised that as no loss had been proved a week's wages could not be granted for leaving without notice. They ordered defendant to pay nominal damages of 1s. and costs

THE BELGIAN TROUBLE 2000,000 MEN OUT

A Revolution Said to be Imminent In the Little Kingdom

CAUSE OF THE GREAT UNREST

Political Freedom for the People Demanded—Universal Suffrage Demanded.

Special to The Times.

Brussels, April 18 — It is a political, and not an industrial, agitation which has culminated in riots at Brussels and in other Belgian towns, and which has caused the Council-General of the Labor party in that kingdom to issue a manifesto ordering a general strike.

It is well known that, up to 1893, the franchise was more restricted in Belgium than in any other country professing to enjoy free institutions. The number of qualified electors did not much exceed 130,000. Repeated attempts to widen the suffrage by constitutional means had failed, but, in the year named, an outbreak which threatened revolution, and which, through a universal strike, paralyzed the national industries, coerced the Parliament into recognizing the principle of universal suffrage, complicated, however, with provisions for plural voting which were intended to assure preponderance to the property-owning classes. According to these provisions, which have been operative for the last eight year, every citizen over 25 can vote, but voters over 35, if married or widowers, with legitimate issue, and paying five francs a year in house tax, have a supplementary vote, as has also every one of the younger class possessed of a certain amount of property. The recognition of property as entitling the owner to a second vote was, of course, a concession to the Conservatives, but a concession was also made to the old fashioned Liberals of the Frere Orban type, who had always maintained that a given number of highly educated men should have more weight at the ballot box than the same number of educated persons. In deference to this demand, it was enacted that graduates from establishments representing the higher education, or men offering equivalent proof of intellectual equipment, should have two supplementary votes.

Experience has shown that the aggregate effect of the provisions for plural voting defeats the ostensible purpose of the law of 1893, which purported, as we have said, to establish universal suffrage. At the last Parliamentary election, the number of citizens over 35 qualified to cast at least one vote exceeded 1,453,000, which, of course, was a vast improvement over the 130,000 citizens who monopolized the franchise under the old system. The supplementary ballots cast, however, by those entitled to more than one vote numbered upward of 787,000, and sufficed to turn the scale against the Liberals, Radicals and Socialists in a great many constituencies. Hence the present agitation, which aims to give each adult citizen one vote.

The Belgians will be behind the times if they do not follow the example of the German Reichstag and the French Chamber of Deputies in adopting the principle of universal suffrage pure and simple as the basis for the election of the popular branch of their National Legislature.

RUSSIA AND CHINA MAKE AGREEMENT

Manchurian Treaty Signed by the Great Northern Power

RUSSIA AND FRANCE DEFEATED

The Two Powers Have Been Badly Beaten by British Diplomacy—The Hatred of Britain Therefore Increasing

Special Telegram to The Times.

London, April 18 — The long-pending treaty in relation to Manchuria has at last been signed by the representatives of Russia and China. The principal features of the treaty are the following: In the first place, Russia agrees to withdraw from Manchuria within six months after the signing of the treaty all her troops with the exception of the few needed to protect the railway which connects the Trans-Siberian front-line with the new port of [illegible] in the Liao Tung Peninsula. As regards the port of Newchwang in particular, Russia covenants to evacuate it as soon as the foreign troops now occupying Tientsin make over that place to the Chinese. We may note in passing that the delay in the surrender of Tientsin is due to the Germans, who insist that the Chinese have thus far failed to fulfil certain obligations touching the free navigation of the Pei Ho. In the third place, Russia promises to deliver to the Chinese the railway running from Newchwang to Shanhaikwan as soon as the British shall have placed the Chinese authorities in control of the railway from Shanhaikwan to Tientsin and Pekin. In the fourth place, while Russia retains the right to maintain order on the branch of the Siberian railway which traverses Manchuria, all of the exclusive industrial, mining and banking privileges in that region, which for a long time, she demanded, are now withheld from her. In a word, if the treaty had been shaped by representatives of the United States, Great Britain and Japan, it could scarcely have been improved from their point of view.

The fact just mentioned indicates the sources of the pressure to which answer was returned by the American Government to the urgent inquiries on the subject addressed to it by the Russian Ambassador at Washington is not yet definitely known. The tenor of it, however, may be inferred from the fact that Russia's representative in Pekin was last week instructed to sign the Manchurian convention in the form practically dictated to China by Great Britain and Japan.

It would seem that in this matter Russia and France have suffered a serious diplomatic defeat. That a bitter hatred of Great Britain now exists in both France and Russia there is no reason to doubt.

Valuable Advice to Mothers

If your child comes in from play coughing or showing evidences of an approaching attack of grippe, sore throat, or sickness of any kind, first thing get out your bottle of Nerviline. Rub the chest and neck with Nerviline, and give internal doses of ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water every two hours. This will prevent any serious trouble. No liniment or pain reliever equals Polson's Nerviline, which is a necessity in every household. Large bottles cost only 25c.

More Good Boot News

We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

——WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

BECAUSE our assortments are so complete that none will be disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?——easy. Come and judge for yourself.

Good Hat News

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Que. and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirt including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros. and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & MERRELL, Managers.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
we have successfully conducted a brokerage business in

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This concern was established in [illegible]; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts, when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our house. Every facility supplied and all news effecting markets promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts, either for cash or upon exceedingly moderate margins.

Issued free, our [illegible] page, clothbound illustrated

"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

These two are factors of moment—They will aid you to success.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 18, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

General Ian Hamilton, who has taken over the work of harrying the Boers, and is doing it so effectively, met them originally at Majuba Hill, where he was severely wounded. He has done his share of wiping the slate in the present war.

* * * *

Lucretia Borgia is brought up to date in the unholy city of Butte. Mrs. Minnie Grady has been detected in a series of crimes, not for revenge, but for gain, which give her unique notoriety even in this day of strange and varied criminal conceptions. She is not only accused of having poisoned her husband and children, for the insurance on their lives, but she had a pleasant habit of inviting her wealthy female friends to drive with her, arrayed in their rare jewels and fine raiment, and then trying to drug and rob them. One of her victims recovered after being robbed of her diamonds and left for dead by the roadside, and the arrest of the fiend followed. Lombroso should take up his studies in Butte.

The Lament of the Adult.

In one of Dickens's novels—those novels which we are tearfully assured nowadays are not in the least funny—an ungrateful brickmaker rejects the little volume which has been brought him, because "it's a book fit for a babby, and I'm not a babby. If you was to leave me a doll, I shouldn't nuss it."

Something of this unchastened spirit stirs within our middle-aged hearts when we read a modern story, or see a modern play. It is probably the nicest kind of a story, and the nicest kind of a play, and if we were only fourteen instead of forty, or fifteen instead of fifty, we should thoroughly enjoy them both. Nothing is better calculated to make us regret our lost youth than fiction and the drama as they exist today. With what glorious emotions we should have dilated in childhood over Mr. Crockett's desperate brigands, or Miss Johnston's dauntless heroes. How we should have steeped ourselves—figuratively speaking—in gore, and revelled in romance. Sicilian outlaws, noble Indians, cruel half-breeds, courtly villains and heroines of wild, unearthly beauty—time was when these things made our pulses jump. But now seventeen murders excite us less than one, and duels are no longer the thrilling episodes they were in the happy past. It is hard to grow old, and it is made harder by the fact that nobody, save one's family doctor, has anything to offer to age. We should still like, even at forty or fifty, to be amused, but nobody caters to our amusement. When a veteran actor like Mr. Drew—who ought to sympathise with adults—entertains us with a drama that calls to mind the school plays of happy infancy, and the last act of which must certainly have been written by Miss Edgeworth, we feel that we are indeed friendless in the evening of our lives.

It is cold comfort to be told that the drama is intended for the debutante, and the novel for her younger brothers and sisters. It is even less agreeable to hear it hinted that if we do not like these pure and wholesome performances, it is because we want something evil. Does nothing, then, interest the adult save sin? Are bankers and brewers, anxious mothers and hard-working spinsters indifferent to all but vice? Must we either frolic like lambs—being lambs no longer—or devote ourselves seriously to the meretricious? Life has issues, not wholly unimportant, yet disconnected with love-making of any kind. Men—middle-aged men—desire many things besides their neighbors' wives. Women—middle-aged women—are sometimes strangely indifferent to their neighbors' husbands. We may be pure of heart, yet unable to take pleasure in "The Old Homestead", or "Ben Hur." We may be virtuous and intelligent adults. Will no one write novels and plays for us?—Agnes Repplier in "Life."

Imperial Weather.

Somebody is about to publish a vindication of the character of English weather. It appears that it has been most unfairly misrepresented. What we stupidly call its fickleness is really nothing in the world but a perfectly laudable effort to reproduce in our midst the imperial nature of our climate, remarks "Outlook." When it presents us with primroses in November, that is to remind us of the pleasant picnic weather they are having on the veldt; the same laudable intention accounts for June snowstorms. Nor do we have to wait for complete reversals of the seasons. A week of imperial weather—sometimes, like a cheap trip, it is all crammed into one day—runs somewhat as follows: Monday, fog (home produce); Tuesday, cricketing weather (Australia); Wednesday, skating (Canada); Thursday, waterspouts (various ocean territories); Friday, steaming (West Coast); Saturday, general imperial representation; Sunday—but the British Sunday [illegible]

Tragedies of the Arctic.

An extraordinary coincidence has been developed by a recent Arctic tragedy brought about by the expedition of the Duke of the Abruzzi.

When this navigator went on his journey to the North Pole he took with him among others Lieutenant Querini, a Venetian gentleman of an old and noble family. His work over, the Duke returned, but the lieutenant was not with him, for he had lost his life through an accident in the Arctic regions.

Now, at the very time when this accident occurred a professor in the technical school in Trieste, while rummaging in the archives of that city, discovered a manuscript bearing the date 1601, and containing an account of a journey made by one Pietro Querini, in 1431, to the Arctic regions. Querini is not a common name, and a little investigation showed that Pietro Querini was a direct ancestor of the other Pietro Querini who lost his life in the Arctic seas a few months ago.

"Querini," says the old manuscript, "sailed from Candia for Flanders on board a vessel loaded with merchandise and precious stones. When he arrived in Flanders he sold his cargo and started for the Arctic regions. A storm forced him to abandon his ship and to take refuge with his crew in two barks. The wind then carried them to the coast of Norway, but on January 5, 1432, Querini was again shipwrecked near the Lofoden Islands in seventy degrees north latitude, and almost all his companions were drowned."

For some time it was supposed that he, too, had been drowned, but in January, 1433, he appeared in Venice with ten companions, the only survivors of his original crew of seventy-eight men. It seems that he succeeded in gaining the shore after the others had been drowned, and then slowly made his way home through Denmark and Germany.

"Although these two Pietro Querinis," says a French writer, "are separated from each other by five centuries, we find the same destiny at work in the case of each." And he continues, with a dash of playfulness: "Is it not possible that the adventurer of the fifteenth century, desiring to enjoy once more the exciting days of his youth, actually became incarnated as a hero of the twentieth century?"

New York's Fussy Society.

"Allowing for a certain difference in the degree of barbarism," says Sydney Brooks in "Harper's Magazine," "Rome in its decline could alone furnish a parallel to New York's Four Hundred. The American aristocracy has no equal in Europe for ability to turn the simplest sort of diversion into a function, and every function into a ceremony. It is not of them I write, though their passion for incongruous artificialities and the glare in which they live have infected all strata. An exasperated Englishman once described the social atmosphere of Manhattan Island as 'rather fussy,' but that was only in comparison with the English way of doing things. The charm of London hospitality is that there is never the slightest strain put upon either host or guest. The American hostess, like the French hostess, feels that she must be continually 'entertaining' her guest; she considers it a reflection on her hospitality if the guest is left a moment alone; she looks upon it as her duty to be continually providing fresh amusements, and is constantly troubled by doubts as to whether the visitor is really 'enjoying' himself. That is one of the reasons why Americans, after the pampering they get at home, are apt to feel themselves neglected in London, and left out in the cold."

A Prophecy Fulfilled.

On no less authority than that of Mr. Justin McCarthy it is stated that, with the exception of the King of Sweden, a descendant of Bernadotte, whom Napoleon raised from the ranks and later made king, there is not a single important ruler in Europe who is not descended from Mary, Queen of Scots. In "Macbeth," which was evidently written with the idea of courting the favor of James I., the first Stuart ruler of England, Shakespeare puts into the mouth of the witches this prophecy to Banquo, from whom the Stuarts are by legend descended: "Your children shall be kings." Even the most obsequious of courtiers could not have anticipated how literally true this compliment to the Stuarts through King James was to prove. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, "in many ways the worst dynasty," as Mr. McCarthy says, "that ever ruled over England, "should have left so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

Meantime there is for the student of medical anthropology the spectacle of a series of inbreeding intermarriages that demonstrates the dangers and effects of marital consanguinity. Perhaps the lesson of the necessity for exercising more care as regards the relationship and other qualities of marital partners may thus be taught by example, if it cannot be enforced by the legal measures that are now so commonly suggested. In a word, the history of the present reigning families of Europe is an open book in which he who runs may read the evils of marriage where new blood is not constantly introduced to modify the degenerative tendencies of the original stock. The lesson may be learned better from a "horrible example" than from the cold logic of statistics on the subject.

Faith and Works.

A piece of bright class-room repartee comes from a Western college. The professor had been annoyed by the tardy entrance of a student into the lecture-room, and pointedly stopped talking until the man took his seat.

After class the student went to the desk and apologised.

"My watch was fifteen minutes out of the way, sir. It's bothered me a good deal lately, but after this I shall put no more faith in it."

"It's not faith you want in it," replied the professor; "it's works."

◆

Prince Henry frequently surprised his American companions on his recent tour by his knowledge of the idioms and slang of our language. The climax was reached on Monday on the train returning from Philadelphia, where his Royal Highness had inspected the magnificent Russian battle ship Retvizan. The Prince suddenly leaned over to Admiral "Bob" Evans, and, with a merry twinkle in his eye, said:—

"Admiral, this certainly is a most wonderful country—where even the physical ailments of the people win a European's admiration."

Evans, with a puzzled look, replied, "I beg your pardon, but I don't quite catch your meaning."

"Why," the Prince replied, with a broad smile, "we Europeans would be only too glad to have American Cramps!"—New York Times.

Abigail Again.

I see by the papers, says a writer in "Pick-Me-Up," that some worthy people in high places are getting a little tired of the servant girl question, and now there is a proposal to bring boys up to the job. What will become of the balance of the girls willing but not henceforward able to take to service, is not stated. Perhaps the English language is too abrupt and practical to permit of any reliable statement of the kind. But, of course, it's the old trouble. When mistress and maid fall out the fault is always the maid's. We never hear of any society for proving mistresses in the wrong. And poor old Abigail is down again!

I think before people lay the blame too heavily on Abigail they should search their own hearts and see if there is no fault in themselves. Just because the family thinks it would like to have breakfast at eight o'clock in the morning, Abigail's night's rest is practically broken from seven a.m. onwards. First there is the alarm clock, which rattles like the Day of Judgment; and just as she has turned over and gone to sleep again, the electric bell over her head starts its infernal clatter, interrupting her in a most lovely dream just where she and the milkman's young man had arranged to get married as soon as he could get trusted for a suite of kitchen furniture and a regulation four-poster. And as a final blow she has to sit up in bed and hear the master downstairs offering to run up and drag her out of bed, while the missis is declining the offer with some energy. No thanks.

How much nicer it would be to treat Abigail like one of the family. Now and again it would show a very good feeling if the head of the family went off to the city without his breakfast rather than disturb Abigail in her second go of beauty sleep. When employers meet together and talk of Abigail's sins, it never seems to occur to them that they might win her over by a timely display of generosity. Nobody seems to think anything of it if missis comes down to breakfast in a dressing-gown. She chooses to do it, and that is enough. But if Abigail waits at the breakfast-table in a red flannel petticoat, fastened over her shoulders with a safety-pin, the harsh remarks that are heaped upon a poor orphan girl are positively brutal.

What Abigail objects to so much is the perpetual fault-finding. Suppose she does drop a plate on the ground and break it? A plate must be broken sooner or later in the ordinary course of nature, and, as Horatius said when he called for volunteers to defend the narrow pass, we may as well pick it off as wait for it to drop on us.

In many households it is quite a usual thing to keep a common, irresponsible cat of indifferent moral character, and to let it have the free run of the place. If the cat does anything wrong, the missis at once blames—Abigail. Is it any wonder that the servant girl has turned at last after centuries of injustice? If the cat should get the key of the beer cask and go down and draw off a modest quencher, it's as likely as not that Abigail is charged with having taken the beer for her favorite policeman, when it is well known that he is a teetotaller and only eats cloves to improve his complexion. As every naturalist is well aware, it is quite a common thing for a cat to run round to the pawnbroker's with a couple of the best tablecloths till the end of the month; but as sure as anything Abigail will be charged with the offence, just because the ticket happened to fall out of her petticoat pocket. Most unreasonable.

The way to solve the problem is not for the mistresses to entrench themselves on one side and the maids on the other, and speak in harsh and inconsiderate language of the opposition. As Lord Rosebery says, the way to make peace is for two travelers to arrive at an inn and have a drink or something of that sort, and drop hints of mutual concessions in between the sips. The mistresses should meet the maids casually and get some idea of the basic principles of domestic service as governed by the natural aspirations of both sides. As I make it out, the point of view of the mistresses will be that they want a girl who will always get up at six in the morning, who will always look neat and tidy, and who will be talked at in a loud, rasping voice from the attic to the cellar without once answering back in the dreamy, picturesque language of Bermondsey. A girl who can do the work of three men, and who has a small appetite, will be preferred.

From the maids' point of view, I understand it is considered essential that a bicycle should be kept on the premises exclusively for kitchen use, and that the offensive habit of locking up the piano and hiding the key will be discontinued. It will also be necessary that the objectionable practice of counting the bottles of sherry in the cellar, and the mince pies in the larder, should at once cease, as this sort of thing is calculated to imply distrust and want of confidence. The question as to the privilege of wearing the missis's sealskin jacket or her new hat is not definitely settled; but it is understood that a concession of this sort would go far to remove the bad blood that has been stirred up in this unfortunate controversy.

Sweetness Long Drawn Out.

A business man of whom the "Youth's Companion" tells declares that the average stenographer will not learn to spell correctly until the millennium comes. In support of his opinion he relates his experience with a young woman whose spelling, as he describes it, had an "engaging originality," but who was so amiable and even-tempered that he seldom found heart to rebuke her.

One day she appeared before him with a neatly written letter for a Southern correspondent. He hastily looked it over.

"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar s-u-g-g-a-r."

The young woman looked at it a moment critically, and then her face brightened as she replied:

"So I have. How careless of me! I don't see how I came to leave out the 'h.'"

Supply Limited.

"This is tough luck," said Ham, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. "What's wrong now?" queried Shem. "Why, all this water to fish in," replied Ham, "and only two fishin' worms on board."—Ohio "State Journal."

He Was Better Off Without It.

Hewitt—Gruet is a very polite fellow. I asked him if he would have a cigar and he said he would. I found I didn't have one, but he thanked me just the same. Jewett—He ought to have thanked you more.—"Judge."

"What are you going to paint on this dazzling white canvas, may I ask?"

"That is a finished painting, miss. It is entitled, 'The Snow Storm.'"

"Why, so it is! How stupid of me! Isn't it beautiful!"—Chicago Tribune.

Baby's Birth.

How many a woman dates a life of chronic invalidism from baby's birth. She tries "different doctors and different medicines" with little benefit. Then, fortunately her attention is called to the remarkable cures resulting from the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and she gives the medicine a trial. Her experience is that of ninety-eight women out of every hundred who use "Favorite Prescription" for womanly ills—she is cured.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is peculiarly a mother's medicine. Its use before maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless. It gives the mother strength to nurse her child. It cures diseases peculiar to women and cures them permanently.

There is no alcohol, opium, cocaine or any other narcotic in "Favorite Prescription." It is purely a vegetable preparation and cannot disagree with the weakest constitution.

Mrs. Emerson Allen, of Dorset, Ontario Co., Ont., writes: "I can truly say that I think Dr. Pierce's medicines the best I have ever used. I was in very poor health for a long time, dating from the birth of my little girl. I tried different doctors and different medicines. I derived very much more benefit from your medicines than from any other I have ever used. I took four bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and I always keep the 'Pellets' in the house."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper bound, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvelous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

"I believe it to be the most effective remedy for the Stomach and Nerves in the market," is what Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N.B., says of South American Nervine, for, she says, La Grippe and the complications which followed it left her next to dead with Indigestion, Dyspepsia and General Nervous Shattering. It cured her.—100

A Tribute to Father Pat.

Writing from Rossland, B. C., in reference to a recent paragraph in "Saturday Night" on the career of the late "Father Pat," the Rev. Charles W. Hedley says that the main point of his remarkable ministry was not eccentricity, but a quite unique self-sacrifice in the service of any who needed him. "Unconventional he certainly was to a degree which might indeed, as you suggest, shock some strait-laced people in Toronto, but in an age of worldliness and self-seeking he sought neither the world nor self, but gave freely and utterly his time, comfort, strength, means, even at times the clothes off his back, to those in need. The best proof of the man is to be found in the warm regard with which his memory is treasured over the wide area in which he labored as a pioneer missionary. He did adapt himself as few could have done to the tone of the men among whom chiefly his work lay; but while seemingly indifferent to conventional details, he stood for the main elements of religion—faith in God the Father, the redemption, and the practical brotherhood of man—and he lived out his creed. The vices which Christ most sweepingly condemned were as far as possible removed from his character, while on the other hand the pre-eminently Christian virtues were his to a remarkable degree. It is due to no mere eccentricity on his part that a memorial church is to be erected in Rossland, and that immediately on receipt of the news of his death a spontaneous movement was made to erect a public memorial, a movement which has been widely supported by hundreds of contributors of all classes and creeds."

Conscientious.

Farmer Prymm (in city theater)—Better take off yer hat, Sary; all the other wimin folks has theirs off. His wife—Let them, the brazen things! Nobody'll ever have a chance to say that I'd do anything in a show-place that I wouldn't do in church.—Brooklyn "Life."

Proof Positive.

A convict at a French penal settlement, who was undergoing a life sentence, desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the prisoner.

"Did you not marry in France?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And your wife is dead?"

"She is."

"Have you any document to show that she is dead?"

"No."

"Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead."

There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom.

Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead."

"How will you do so?"

"I was sent here for killing her."

The bride accepted him notwithstanding.—"Scotsman."

◆

The snow pile is frozen. You slip! you stumble!
You slip!
You tumble!
You are up in the air
For a second or so,
But while you are there
It has thawed, don't you know.

You get back to the ground
And you are drowned.

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Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 18 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 1 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 1 1-8 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 82. There were 198 new cases in September, 309 in October, 473 in November, 904 in December and 1,285 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

Musical M.D.'s of the Future.

A PATIENT having been cured of smallpox by the witching strains of a violin, a contemporary thinks it not at all unlikely that it may ere long be discovered that music has a therapeutic value heretofore undreamed of. Music may in time become a most important branch of medical science, and the doctor of the future may, after diagnosing his case, take a violin or a cornet from his bag, as the case may demand, and render the wedding march from "Lohengrin," or Schubert's "Serenade," according to the progress the malady has made. Different tunes rendered on different instruments, in various tempos, may become necessary at critical moments, and this will naturally develop a new science—that of writing musical prescriptions. Musical boxes and orchestrions may yet be used in hospital-wards, and the shops in which sheet music and musical instruments are now dispensed are likely to be the drug stores of the future. Patent music is a possible successor of patent medicine, and we may yet take a five-minute dose of "Lanigan's Ball" adagio, or a seven-minute-and-a-half dose of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words" andante, for our neuritis or necrosis. Medical music and medical science will be one, and the scalpel will be supplanted by the mandolin, and the clinical thermometer by the piccolo.

Little Mothers in Japan.

Although the Empire of Japan is said to be a "paradise of children," where they are allowed to do very much as they please, and where they seldom, if ever, cry, their life is not all play. The little boys and girls have their work to do, but in many skilful ways they turn work into play. Take, for instance, the little girls who have baby sisters or brothers to care for. They tuck the youngsters into their queer garments and go on with their games of ball. If the baby grows tired and begins to fret the "little mother" jounces it up and down over her shoulder with a peculiar humping motion of her back, without stopping the game. All the time she sings some pretty song.

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DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter.

one valid reason for being in such a hurry; surely two or three days will not matter; I have drawn on the New York bank; you shall have the money by Tuesday at latest."

"That will not do Aleck," she whispered, her voice quivering with fright, "I must have it today."

"If you could advance one valid reason for such haste I would not have one word to say. I could get it, of course, but a man of my standing does not like to borrow money when it is not an absolute necessity."

"Then you refuse me, Aleck?" she said.

"You shall have it Tuesday, my darling," he answered —"even our journey must necessarily be delayed on account of the money not reaching here yet."

When Daisy found herself alone, she pondered long and earnestly how she should obtain the money.

Then she thought of her diamonds —surely she could raise money on them —but Aleck would miss them —then a startling idea came to her —she could substitute the diamonds for brilliant paste for a day or two, and raise the money in that way.

It was a matter easily accomplished—the diamond- broker's eyes sparkled as the beautiful gems were spread out before him.

"Certainly, he could accommodate madame," he said, "such a request was often made of him —ladies in high life were often in need of money, and turned their diamonds to good advantage for a few days."

He noticed the terrible agitation on the beautiful young face, and smiled, muttering to himself: "No doubt this is some lady's companion —who has made free with her mistress' jewels, and before it is discovered that she has substituted paste for the real stones, she will be far away. Ah, well, that is none of my business, the stones are worth ten times the thousand dollars I gave her — of course she will never take them up again, I would not give them up to her."

Daisy hurried quickly back to her room, touching the bell nervously for her maid.

The interview which she must necessarily have with her might as well be gotten over at once — she would never know another hour's safety until she held the charred letter in her hands which the maid held as a sword over her head.

She had barely laid aside her wraps ere Aleck entered her boudoir.

"Have you been on the street, my darling?" he asked, noting the wraps and hat which she had not had time to lay away at once.

"Yes," she answered, trying to speak without a tremor in her voice.

"I would have gladly accompanied you had I known you were going out," he said. "I hope, darling, you are not angry with me for what I have said."

Before she could answer, there was a light tap at the door. It was by the merest chance that Daisy, who was standing near the door, opened it.

A small lad was standing there.

"A note for Mrs. Hamilton— if you be she," whispered the boy. "I was requested to put it into her own hands without any one seeing me—the gentleman who gave it to me waits for an answer."

CHAPTER XVII.
On the Track.

A deathly faintness stole over Daisy; by an almost superhuman effort she kept from fainting outright.

"Come back in an hour and you shall have the answer," she whispered, in a low voice, but, low as it was, Aleck had caught part of the sentence from within, and, chancing to glance into the mirror which reflected the door opposite and the corridor beyond, he had distinctly seen Daisy take the letter from the boy's hand, and thrust it into her bosom.

The action puzzled him.

"Why should she do that?" he asked himself.

Of course she would tell him about it when she came back into the room; but, much to his intense surprise, she did not mention it, and he noticed that her face was white as death.

What could it mean?

He was too proud to ask, believing that Daisy should tell him.

It was the first secret that had ever come between them, and he felt it keenly.

He noticed, with pain, that Daisy soon made an excuse to break away from him, and of course he knew that it was for an opportunity to read the letter.

He arose, taking up his hat and gloves at once.

"I am going down to the piazza to smoke a cigar; remember we are to hear Patti to-night; but first we are going out driving; be ready when I return, my dear."

It struck him how cold the lips were that met his in a parting kiss.

"Daisy is growing to be more of a puzzle to me as each day advances," he thought; "now who could that note have been from, and why did she not show it to me?"

Suddenly a solution of the mystery came to him.

No doubt it was a bill from some creditor which she did not wish him to see.

Daisy was young and thoughtless. She might have run in debt for something which pleased her fancy.

He remembered how earnestly she had pleaded for that thousand dollars, saying that she must have it at once; his Daisy must never know one care; it was bad enough for his own head to be worried over money matters.

Yes, he would get the money for her at once.

Left to herself, Daisy hurriedly opened the note, recognizing at once the cramped, peculiar chirography of her maid.

"Mrs. Hamilton."— it ran— "Being called suddenly away, I have been obliged to place the matter in the hands of my brother, telling him all. You need not fear that he will divulge it, madame; he will be as silent as the grave. He will be at the corner of O and H avenues at three o'clock, prompt, this afternoon; do not fail to come; to him you will pay the thousand dollars, and he will give you in return the charred bit of paper. Yours in great haste, Janet."

Daisy leaned heavily against the window, her breath coming thick and fast.

Another knew her terrible secret. Great heaven! where would it end?

"It will drive me mad!" she groaned— "yes, mad! Ah, how deeply I have sinned to keep Aleck's love!"

To be Continued.

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A New View of Braddock.

There have doubtless always been those who realized that history had dealt too harshly with the unfortunate Braddock, but it is difficult to change a settled conviction with regard to one who has become either a popular or an unpopular figure of the past. It is interesting, therefore, to find in the latest volume in which the Braddock campaign figures, Mr. A. G. Bradley's "The Fight With France for North America," that the author departs slightly from the beaten track, and presents the British commander in a somewhat more favorable light than we have been taught to regard him. "No name," he says, "has been more irresponsibly played upon, and few reputations, perhaps, have been more hardly used, than Braddock's, by most writers of history and nearly all writers of fiction. His personality, from its very contrast to the wild woods in which he died, has caught the fancy of innumerable pens, and justice has been sadly sacrificed to picturesque effect. One is almost inclined to think that the mere fact of his name beginning with a letter which encourages a multiplication of strenuous epithets has been against him. By all American writers he is depicted as the typical redcoat of the Hanoverian period —burly, brutal, blundering, blasphemous, but happily always and without a dissentient note—brave, brave indeed, as a lion. This familiar picture of our poor General, as a corpulent, red-faced, blaspheming bulldog, riding roughshod over colonial susceptibilities, tones down amazingly when one comes to hard facts." Mr. Bradley goes on to show that what is really known about Braddock is in his favor. Vanquished in a duel, he had been too proud to ask his life.

When in command at Gibraltar he was "adored by his men," and this, though he was notorious as a strict disciplinarian, a quality which Wolfe at that very time was declaring to be the most badly needed one in the British army. The simple truth about Braddock is that he was the first British General to conduct a considerable campaign in a remote wilderness. He had no precedents furnished by the experience of others to guide him, and he found little help in the colonies, where he had been taught to look for much. He has been accused of disparaging the colonial irregulars and of neglecting to utilize friendly Indians. As to the first taunt, Mr. Bradley submits that, in view of the appearance and discipline of the provincial troops that were paraded before Braddock, he would not as a soldier trained on European fields have been human had he refrained entirely from open criticism. As to the second taunt, the facts brought forward in this book demonstrate that it has no foundation. Robert Orme of the Thirty-fifth Regiment, who was one of the General's aide-de-camps and who himself was highly thought of by the provincials, gives no hint in his diary that Braddock was the violent, unreasonable, foul-mouthed person who has since figured in magazine articles. Orme was as much disheartened as his chief by the appearance and seeming temper of the colonial troops and dwells on the trying conditions which Braddock had to meet, and the energy and honesty with which he endeavored to do his duty. It is certain that Braddock quickly appreciated Washington, and to save the Virginia Colonel from the indignity of ranking under a British ensign placed him on his personal staff. Braddock appreciated Benjamin Franklin also, and in a despatch to his Government described him as the "first capable and sensible man I have met in the country." Mr. Bradley contends that in no proper sense of the word can Braddock be said to have been surprised at Fort Duquesne. Throughout the march thither, on the contrary, admirable discipline was maintained, and every precaution that prudence required was observed. When the attack upon him was ultimately made it succeeded simply because Braddock's soldiers were not backwoodsmen.

It is with some indignation, says The New York Sun in an admirable review of the work, that the author of this book points out that "even the dying moments of the gallant bulldog have been made the theme of much fanciful dialogue, and garnished with fictitious utterances of grief at the disaster and remorse for his supposed obstinacy and rashness. That he twice tried to arrest the stampede and then took measures for the comfort of the wounded is all that we know for certain of his last hours." It is not, of course, here pretended that Braddock was a great General. The plain truth is that he was sent to carry out an undertaking arduous and unprecedented in British experience, and did his best in the face of immense difficulties, human and physical. Both he and his soldiers had, perhaps, grown a little too confident after crossing the second ford of the Monongahela. Till then, however, he had been entirely successful in avoiding ambuscades, and even the scene of the final engagement was no ambush in the ordinary sense of the term. Had his scouts been pushed farther forward, he would have been notified, no doubt, a little earlier of the impending attack; but under no circumstances would his regulars have been qualified to face even a lesser number of Indians in their native woods. Of provincial combatants on the field of battle, there were not 200 on the British side, and many of these had had no backwoods experience whatever.

The London Daily Chronicle pays the following pleasant compliment to the new Minister of Justice for Canada:— "The Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, who has become Canadian Minister of Justice, in succession to Mr. David Mills, is young enough to have a future ahead of him both as a lawyer and a statesman. A modest man, and with nothing of the 'loose tongue' which Disraeli attributed in an angry moment to lawyers, he has not, perhaps, made apparent to distant observers the large part he has played in the successful Laurier Administration. Mr. Fitzpatrick, as Solicitor-General, has made his mark, and in the more difficult paths of diplomacy he showed his mastery when the Manitoba school question disturbed the relations between a State Government and the Federal Ministry, with ramifications in the Privy Council and at the Vatican. Mr. Fitzpatrick dealt with the vexed question at Ottawa, in London and in Rome. He was a welcome visitor to our own capital so lately as in last December."

Observations of John Henry.

"DOWN the Line With John Henry" is the title of an amusing little booklet of sketches in up-to-date slang by the pseudonymous writer, Hugh McHugh, who is disputing with George Ade the right to the particular niche left vacant by the death of the entertaining "Billy Baxter." John Henry is a sporty man-about-town, the very antithesis of Richard Harding Davis's refined Van Bibber. From his account of his experiences at the races with his best girl, we quote a few characteristic extracts:

When we got to the track they were bunching the bones for the first race, so I told Clara Jane I thought I'd crawl down to the ring and plaster two or three thousand around among the needy.

Two or three thousand, and me with nothing but a five-spot in my jeans, and the return ticket money in that!

"Sure!" I said; "I've got a pipe!"

"Well, I hope you won't smoke it near me. I hate pipes!" she said.

"All right; I'll take my pipe down to the betting ring and smoke it there!" I said, and we parted good friends.

(In front of the band stand he met a number of friends ready to give him tips on the winners:

Every Breezy Boy I met had a different hunch, and they called me into the wharf and unloaded.

I figured it out that if I had bet five dollars on each good thing they gave me I would have lost four hundred thousand dollars.

Then I ducked under, sopped up a stein of root beer, and climbed up again to the hurricane deck.

"Did you bet?" enquired Clara Jane.

"Only seven hundred and thirty dollars," I said: "a mere bag o' shells."

I leave a call for 7.30 every morning, and I suppose that's the reason I was so swift with the figures.

"My! what a lot of money!" said the Fair One; "do point out the horse you bet on! I shall be awfully interested in this race!"

(John Henry picked out a horse at random, declaring that the only way it could lose "was for some sore-head to get out and turn the track around.")

Sure enough, the favorite galloped into port and dropped anchor six hours ahead of the other clams.

I win over two thousand two hundred dollars—conversation money—and Bonnie Brighteyes was in a frenzy of delight. . . .

I had a nervous chill for fear she'd declare herself in on the rake-off.

But she didn't, so I excused myself and backed down the ladder to cash in.

(Still the wary John Henry listened to the tips and refrained from betting.)

When I got back to the stand I had a preoccupied air. The five-spot in my jeans was crawling around and begging for a change of scene.

When Clara Jane asked me how much I had bet on the race just about to start, I could only think of nine hundred dollars.

When she wanted to know which horse I pointed my finger at every toad on the track, and said: "That one, over there!"

It won.

At the end of the third race I was $19,218 to the good.

Clara Jane had it down in black and white on the back of an envelope, in figures that couldn't lie.

(John Henry remarked that when Clara begged him to be content with his winnings and not bet any more, he promised, "but she didn't notice that I had my fingers crossed.")

I simply had to have a roll to flash on the way home, so I took my lonely V and went out into the Promised Land after the nuggets Maddy had put me wise to. . . .

(Pretty Boy was his choice, despite the fact that the bookmakers told him he had made a mistake.)

When the horses got away with Pretty Boy in front I started in to stand on my head, but changed my mind and swallowed half the programme.

Pretty Boy at the quarter! Me for Rector's till they put the shutters up!

Pretty Boy at the half! Me down to Tiffany's in the morning dragging tiaras away in a dray!

Pretty Boy at the three-quarter pole! Me doing the free-library gag all over the place!

But just as they came in the stretch Pretty Boy forgot something and went back after it.

The roach quit me cold at the very door of the safety deposit vaults.

(Of course Clara Jane never guessed his plight, for he "rushed down among the ramblers and made a swift touch for the price of a couple of rides home," and on the way back promised Clara Jane that he would be awfully careful of his $19,218—conversation money.)

School Humor.

AN English paper gives some further examples of children's unconscious humor in answering examination questions:

Alexander the Great was born in absence of his parents.

The chief clause in Magna Charta was that no free man should be put to death or imprisoned without his own consent.

Where were the kings of England crowned? On their heads.

What were the three most important Feudal dues? Friendship, courtship, marriage.

What do you know of Dryden and Buckingham? Dryden and Buckingham were at first friends, but soon became contemporaries.

What is Milton's chief work? Milton wrote a sensible poem called the "Canterbury Tails."

Give the names of five Shakespearian plays? Macbeth, Mikado, Quo Vadis, San Toy, Sign of the Cross.

An optimist is a man who looks after your eyes, and a pessimist is a man who looks after your feet.

A man who looks on the bright side of things is called an optionist, and the one who looks on the dull side is called a pianist.

Good News!

Stage Manager—Mr. Heavy, you will take the part of Alonzo. Mr. Heavy—I have never seen this play. Do you think I can please the audience in that part? "Immensely. You die in the first act."—"Tit-Bits."

Gazzam (after he has succeeded in waking his wife)—Open the door! Mrs. Gazzam (head out of the second story window)—Are you sober? Gazzam—Yesh. Mrs. Gazzam—Then say reciprocity.—Harlem "Life."

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

The Cockade.

THE adoption of the cockade by President Roosevelt for his coachman and footmen has resuscitated the old question: Whose servants are entitled to wear a cockade? As a matter of fact, there is no right nor title to the cockade, but usage has, in England, where the cockade is more common than in any other country, confined it to the servants of the royal household, of the diplomatic corps, of officers of the Army and Navy—including the militia and volunteers—and to servants of justices and deputy lieutenants of counties. According to this unwritten law of custom, neither peers nor other persons of title, except they be royal, can confer the cockade on their servants unless they themselves hold one of the commissions already named. And here comes a strange anomaly: if they occupy a Government position, they can wear a cockade, although their servants cannot.

"Cockade," or, rather, the French equivalent of it, made its first appearance in the phrase "bonnet a la coquarde" of Rabelais. About sixty years after Rabelais's death, Randle Cotgrave, author of the first Anglo-French dictionary, defined "coquarde," now "cocarde," as "a Spanish cappe or fashion of bonnet, used by the most substantial men of yore—also any bonnet or cappe worn proudly or peartly on the side." But the most plausible origin given of the cockade of to-day is that it was derived from the tuft of cock's plumes worn by the Croatian soldiers, who in the seventeenth century served under France, and introduced the cravat to the world of fashion. At any rate, in 1683, men ambitious to become soldiers of France received cockades of paper; hence the expression, "prendre la cocarde," meaning "to enlist." Cockades appear to have fallen into innocuous desuetude, so far as France was concerned, until the Revolution, when the "cocarde tricolor" must have become obligatory, for, just before the fall of Robespierre, arrests were made for not wearing it.

The black cockade, now worn in England, was originally the distinctive badge of the House of Hanover, as the white cockade was that of the House of Stuart. It is said white was adopted by the adherents of the Stuarts because it was the emblem of the kings of France, who supported the Stuarts against the Hanoverians. The cockade worn by servants of the British royal household is a large half-disk which projects above the hat. Servants of naval officers wear a disk not projecting above the hat; those of army officers and other persons considering themselves entitled to carry cockades are fan-shaped, with a button, and they reach above the hat. The cockades of the servants of diplomats are in the colors of the country their masters represent, and many noble houses on the continent of Europe make their servants wear cockades matching their livery in color. When, many years ago, the war as to whose servants were entitled to a cockade was raging in England, the facts discovered were that no orders regulating their use were known to exist, but it was recorded that servants of officers of the London City Light Horse, a volunteer regiment, did not wear them. The conclusion arrived at was that the cockade was originally purely a military distinction; that the reason it was worn by servants of field officers was that, in former days, these servants had served in the army, that it was later adopted by servants who had never been in the army, and afterward by servants of naval officers.

There being no set rule in any country from which we have been in the habit of adopting social customs, it remains for us to follow the law that usage and good form has laid down. They have prescribed that the servants of ambassadors and foreign ministers of the United States abroad shall wear cockades, like the servants of foreign diplomats accredited to this country, the cockades of the coachman and footman giving the carriages a certain right of way. Ambassadors and ministers are entitled to the cockade after they have retired from the diplomatic service. But consuls are not members of the diplomatic service; they are merely commercial agents. Neither our consuls abroad nor consular representatives to this country have the right to the cockade, as consuls. Its adoption by an American citizen who represented a foreign country as consular agent in this city was authorized neither by usage nor good taste. That his family should continue to use it after his death is ridiculous vulgarity. Servants of officers of the United States army and navy, both regular and volunteer, are also entitled to wear the cockade.—Town Topics.

Eggs for The British Museum.

A notice of the collections recently bequeathed by the late Mr. Philip Crowley to the natural history branch of the British Museum appeared a few days ago in the "Times." A very important portion of the bequest is the collection of eggs, from which 15,300 specimens have been added to the series previously possessed by the museum. Among the gems in the Crowley cabinet are an egg of the great auk and one of the extinct pied Labrador duck. Both these specimens were acquired by Mr. Crowley from Canon Tristram. The great auk's egg is one of the last "batch" despatched in 1844 from Iceland to Denmark. The two specimens in the museum previous to this addition were both cracked and in otherwise poor condition. An interesting item in the collection is the number of clutches of eggs of various species of birds with a cuckoo's egg among them. The Crowley collection has added about 12 per cent. to the species of birds represented by their eggs in the museum, the increase being especially marked in Australian forms, in which the national collection was previously weak.

The Conscience Fund.

"I found eighteen umbrellas in the church yesterday," said the sexton to the minister the day after a rainy Sunday. "Oh, well," said the dominie, "take them to my study; they are probably intended as contributions to the conscience fund."—Yonkers "Statesman."

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18c., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

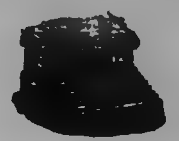
FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS



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Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Onions and Epidemics.

A READER of "Marmaduke's" letters in London "Truth" has sent him the following:

"Whilst turning over some old books in my library last week I stumbled upon the following paragraph in the 'Rural World' of 1863. As there is an epidemic of smallpox in London it has occurred to me to send this to you, for some of your medical readers may be either able to prove or disprove the statements it contains:

"'Onions and Epidemics.—In the spring of 1849 I was in charge of one hundred men on shipboard, with the cholera among the men. We had onions, which a number of the men ate freely. Those who did so were soon attacked, and nearly all died. As soon as I made this discovery their use was forbidden. After mature deliberation I came to the conclusion that onions should never be eaten during the prevalence of epidemics, for the reason that they absorb the virus, and communicate the disease, and that the proper use for them is sliced and placed in the sick-room, and replaced with fresh ones every few hours. . . . After maintaining the foregoing opinion for eighteen years, I have found the following well attested: Onions placed in the room where there is smallpox will blister and decompose with great rapidity; not only so, but will prevent the spread of the disease. I think that as a disinfectant they have no equal if properly used. If needed, the foregoing (which I have greatly abbreviated) can be attested on oath.'"

It is a curious echo of a bygone preventive, and it is given here without much hope that the suggestion can be valuable.

Doubtless She Was.

Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop? Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

Bargains.

When woman gets into politics
Reform will just be great,
Two dollar votes will be marked down
[illegible]

ARE YOU STOUT.
Edith Bordan, M. D., has the best treatment—has cured many [illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c. a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 18, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—All Saints' confirmation class met last night.

—The town's new road scraper will be put to work on the streets at once.

—Cheese factories are now being opened for the season.

—Close season for maskinonge and bass commenced on Tuesday, April 15th.

—The Board of Works will make their annual tour of inspection on Monday.

—Mr. James Dolan is again about to embark in the dry goods business in Peterborough. The Times wishes him every success.

—The steamer Sunbeam, will leave Lakefield for good next week. Her home henceforth will be at Lindsay.

—The Water-Lily left yesterday for Hastings with the government dredge. The dredge will be put to work on the Hastings River.

—Go and see the lovely photos at the entrance to Whiten's studio. Nothing to equal them in town. No common work made at Whiten's studio, 164, Hunter St.

—"Sidetracked" was presented at the opera house last night to a fair audience. The comedy-drama was well put on and full of sensational effects.

—The Times received a letter enquiring from Hamilton, asking if there was no a demand for bricklayers in Peterborough. There is not, as bricklayers are plentiful here at present.

—Our old friend, Ald. Clinkscale, is doing his share in the defense of the Empire: He has a son serving in the British army, and a second son left last night with the 4th contingent.

—It will be noticed, with pleasure, that Master Reg. Deacon, the gifted boy soprano, will commencing Sunday next, become a regular member and soloist in St. John's choir.

—The Times is in receipt of a letter of enquiry regarding the Peterborough Old Boys' movement, in which Mayor Denne took such an interest some months ago. Has the matter been dropped?

—We understand that tenders are soon to be asked by the Cereal Company for the erection of a new dam across the Otonabee River. The new structure will be located immediately above the present Dickson Company dam, and will be modern and substantial.

—The Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario, Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary; Mr. Thos. Blezard, Ex-M.P.P.; and Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal candidate in East Peterborough; will address the electors of Havelock, and the township of Belmont and vicinity, on Friday evening, April 25th, at the town hall, Havelock.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. W. Flavelle, Toronto, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. E. S. Hopkins, who summers at Stony Lake, passed through town yesterday on his way north.

—Mrs. C. B. McAllister will not receive this afternoon, but will do so next Friday.

—The many friends of Mr. Macfarlane Wilson will be pleased to know that he has taken a turn for the better, and he hopes to be around in a few days.

—Mrs. A. D. Carver left yesterday for Haliburton, having received word of the death of her father, Mr. Wm. McKnight, at that place.

—Miss Howden, of town, is receiving the congratulations of her many friends on account of having graduated as a trained nurse at the Kingston General Hospital Training School.

—Tweed News.—Mr. P. H. Clarke, of Peterborough, has taken the position of baggageman at the C.P.R. station in place of Mr. Ernest Rose, who left this week to take his new position in Winnipeg.

Death of Mr. Brophy

Yesterday afternoon a telegram was received by Mr. Harry Phelan, conveying the sad intelligence of the death of Mr. T. B. Brophy, his brother-in-law, which occurred at Ottawa. The deceased is well known in Peterborough, where he resided for several years, being connected with the construction of the locks at Burleigh. Mr. and Mrs. Phelan left for Ottawa last night.

Ald. Edgecumbe Injured

While examining the new road roller on Wednesday, in company with Ald Clinkscale, a lever was accidentally sprung, when Ald. Edgecumbe received a stunning blow on the head, inflicting an ugly scalp wound. He was at once conveyed home, where his injuries were properly attended to. We are pleased to say that he is now doing nicely, and will be all right in a few days.

A Full House

The energetic staff of Messrs. E. Brown & Co., the well-known grocers, are busily engaged in clearing away the winter cobwebs and preparing for the dog days. Rolly Hill, the driver, draws away the refuse, Boulton Cunningham draws the plans for the hot weather fittings, Andy Graham and John Hardie draw their salary and Mr. Brown draws his breath. Altogether they seem to have drawn a "full house"—of the choicest groceries in town.

A Cold Water Banquet

The annual banquet of the members of the Y.M.C.A. took place last night and was, we understand, very successful. Being a cold water affair, The Times does not care to pour cold water on the affair because the press was not invited.

The Critical Time of Life

is between the years of fifty-seven and sixty-two. (Nature's power slows down, vitality becomes less, and the progress of decay sets in. A means of extending old age and renewing decreasing vigor is to take Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone keeps up the appetite, and in the formation of red vitalizing blood imparts clearness to the tiring brain, force, energy and spirits just when they are needed most. To take Ferrozone regularly means adding from ten to twenty years to life. Large boxes 50c., or 6 boxes for $2.50, at Ormond & Walsh's

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are certain.

A LAST FAREWELL

Several Members of the Contingent Entertained Last Night

Last night Privates Hamilton and Anglesye were entertained by a number of their young friends to a farewell supper at McCallum's restaurant.

Another party met at the Crown Hotel to similarly honor Privates Thos. Burnham and H. M. Morden.

Short speeches and songs were the order of the day, and in both cases expression was given by those present of a fervent wish for a safe return home of all the members of the contingent.

EAST PETERBORO CAMPAIGN

A Meeting in Mr. Anderson's Interests to be Held This Evening

Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal Candidate in East Peterborough, will hold his second meeting of the present campaign to-night in the Stewart Settlement, Otonabee. The meeting will be addressed by Mr. Anderson, the candidate, and Messrs. G. M. Roger and R. F. McWilliams.

Dr. Ford, the Conservative candidate, has not held any meetings yet, but is arranging to go up at an early date. The campaign in the East provinces is to be a warm one.

SWEET BREATH

When Coffee is Left Off

A test was made to find if just the leaving off of coffee alone would produce an equal condition of health as when coffee is left off and Postum Food Coffee used in its place.

A man from Clinton, Wis., made the experiment. He says, "About a year ago I left off drinking coffee and tea and began to use Postum. For several years previous my system had been in wretched condition. I always had a thickly furred, bilious tongue, and foul breath often accompanied with severe headaches. I was troubled all the time with chronic constipation so that I was morose in disposition and almost discouraged.

At the end of the first week after making the change from coffee to Postum I witnessed a marvellous change in myself. My once coated tongue cleared off, my small appetite increased, breath became sweet and the headaches ceased entirely. One thing I wish to state emphatically, you have in Postum a virgin remedy for constipation, for I certainly had about the worst case ever known among mortals and I am completely cured of it. I feel in every way like a new person.

During the last summer I concluded that I would experiment to see if the Postum kept me in good shape or whether I had gotten well from just leaving off coffee. So I quit Postum for quite a time and drank cocoa and water. I found out, before two weeks were past, that something was wrong and I began to get costive as of old. It was evident the liver was not working properly, so I became convinced it was not the avoidance of coffee alone that cured me, but the great value came from the regular use of Postum."

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Visit of the Peterborough Deputation to the City of London.

The London Press of yesterday says—Peterborough this year took over the waterworks system which a private company had operated in that bustling town since 1882. The city paid $230,000 for the system, but think they have a good thing. There are now 1,100 consumers, and by a judicious extension of the mains it is hoped to double the number. Rates have been high, but will be reduced. The system is operated comparatively cheaply. There is an unlimited supply of water, and not a pound of coal is required to pump it. A dam 600 feet wide stretches across the Otonabee River and affords magnificent power. The town supply also comes from the river, but the water is said to be of great purity, owing to the fact that for nine miles it rushes down the Otonabee Rapids.

The Peterborough Water Commission arrived in this city Tuesday night to look over London's famous system of water supply. The party came direct from Peterborough, and comprised Mayor T. H. G. Denne, Commissioners W. H. Hill, Town Solicitor E. H. D. Hall, Supt. W. Henderson and Town Clerk S. R. Armstrong. At 8 o'clock yesterday morning they made the trip to Springbank, and were very greatly pleased with what they saw. The river park delighted them. Engineer Henderson thought the new hydraulic pumps were much needed. An inspection of the office management was a pleasant surprise. Clerk Armstrong thought the methods there could not be improved upon, Secretary Ellwood having explained these very fully.

The deputation left yesterday afternoon for Windsor, and will also go to Brantford.

They Father Consumption

Bad coughs, colds and catarrh are responsible for more consumption than is traceable even to heredity. Catarrhozone cures more quickly than ordinary remedies because it is the only antiseptic yet discovered that is volatile enough to reach the root of the trouble in remote parts of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and impregnate every particle of the air breathed with its healing, germ-killing vapor. Colds can't last ten minutes, or coughs more than thirty minutes when Catarrhozone is inhaled. It clears nose, throat and air passages at once, stops dropping, headache, and erradicates catarrh from any part of the system. Two months' treatment, $1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are mild.

THE LAW UPHELD

And the Trading Stamp Business has had to Cease Business

The Court of Appeal has given judgment on the stated case by the Attorney-General as to whether the Legislature had power to pass the act of 1901 giving municipalities the power to prohibit trading stamp concerns operating within their own boundaries. The court answers in the affirmative.

Peterborough town council passed a by-law prohibiting trading stamps in town. The trading stamp concerns were closed on January 1 last. Announcements were made by the companies that they had closed down temporarily until the Court of Appeal had given its decision as to the power of the Legislature to pass the Act.

MR. DOLAN'S ENTERPRISE

Will Open Out an Up-to Date Dry Goods Store in Peterborough

Peterborough is to have another up-to-date dry goods store in a few days. Our enterprising fellow townsman, Mr. James Dolan, has decided to open out a first class dry goods store in commodious premises in the Dolan block, nearly opposite the Times building.

Mr. Dolan's long experience at the business, together with ample capital, will enable him not only to put in, and keep a stock of the latest novelties in dry goods, but will also enable him to sell at bargain prices. In fact Mr. Dolan's motto will be "small profits and quick returns."

There is a rare opening in Peterborough just now for a man of Mr. Dolan's push and enterprise, and The Times predicts for

NOTHING LIKE

Malt Breakfast Food

FOR NOURISHING AND MAKING THE LITTLE ONES HAPPY

The proper feeding and nourishing of the child just after weaning should engage the most serious attention of the mother. The great majority of prepared foods produce irritation of the stomach and bowels because of their improper and unscientific manufacture. This irritation of the digestive organs develops into serious complications that often prove fatal.

Malt Breakfast Food is the ideal health food for our little ones. It is entirely free from starchy substances, easily digested and assimilated, is richer in flesh and bone producing elements than all other foods, and has a deliciousness that at once captivates the taste of every child. If you desire to see your child grow up strong; try the effects of Malt Breakfast Food for a few weeks, and note well the grand results. Your grocer can supply you.

HELPED WIFE TO SEE BIDDLES

Warden Soffel Ordered That She be Admitted to Cells

Special to The Times.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 18 — The evidence taken by the Allegheny county Prison Board on the escape of the Biddles was made public to-day. It shows that Warden Soffel, at the request of his wife, introduced her to the Biddle brothers last November, that she later began visiting the Biddles daily, and that she remained in front of their cells from 6.45 until ten o'clock many evenings. When the jailers hesitated about admitting her Warden Soffel gave peremptory orders that she be admitted. One day she remained there four hours during the day watch, which was the day the bars in the cells were sawed.

Servants in the house say they knew she signalled Edward Biddle. Her father, Conrad Deitrich, admitted carrying messages for her to and from the cells. The guards said it was common talk about the jail that Mrs. Soffel was in love with Edward Biddle, and that even the County Commissioners knew she visited the brothers. Guard James McGeary says this part of the testimony was suppressed for political reasons.

THE PETERBORO BOYS LEAVE FOR S. AFRICA

Are Escorted to the Train by Hundreds of Our Patriotic Citizens

Once again Peterborough has nobly responded to the call to arms, and has again sent the flower of its young men to fight the battles of the Empire. The enthusiasm displayed during the past few days, since recruiting began, culminated last night when the brave lads took their departure for Halifax on the midnight C.P.R. train. Thousands of our citizens escorted them to the train. The procession was headed by the band of the 57th Regiment and the fife and drum band, while the crowd cheered and sang patriotic songs, alternately. The following is the names of the contingent from here:—

R. R. Clinkscale, 45th Regt.
Robt. Biggs, 14th D.F.B.
P. J. Hughes, 14th D.F.B.
Vance Wilson, 14th D.F.B.
John Buller, 57th Regt.
Alf. Kemp, 57th Regt.
William Fair, 57th Regt.
Sgt. V. E. LeBar, 57th Regt.
J. A. Crossland, 57th Regt.
H. M. Morden, 57th Regt.
Geo. A. MacDonald, Oxford Rifles.
Milfred Abrams, 4th Hussars.
A. E. Miller, late Canadian Scouts.
Harry Wilson.
Albert Gibson.
Charles Frost.
Jas. Judd, 14th D.F.B.
J. C. Strickland, Lakefield.
Daniel Shanahan, 46th Regt.
Russell Pearse, Norwood.
John White, Havelock.
Thos. H. Bradburn, 57th Regt.
Thos. Anglesye, Peterborough.

The train arrived in due course, and the final leave-taking was soon over. As the train pulled away from the station there was more ringing cheers and tearful adieus exchanged, after which the crowd departed for their homes.

Girls Wanted

One or two good, smart girls wanted at The Times bindery at once. This is a good chance for bright girls. Apply at The Times Bookstore.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc, at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

—The Times received the other day an article entitled "Spring." The prelude ran as follows,—Spring is now dancing on the mountain top of glory and whistling through his fists to the robbins and blue birds to carol the dead flowers into life, while Father Time strews the resurrection morn of undying hope with the Easter lilies of perpetual peace. And the next day it snowed.

ROBERTS AND HIS GRANDMOTHER

London, April 17.—Earl Roberts recently unveiled a memorial to his father, Sir Abraham Roberts, which is to be affixed to the house at Royal York-crescent, Clifton, to which the gallant soldier retired when his fighting days were over.

The Commander-in-Chief delivered a reminiscent speech, remarking that it was nearly 100 years since his grandmother first came to Clifton from Scotland.

Such a journey was in those days a tremendous undertaking, and he remembered his mother telling him that the first attempt at the journey was made in a sailing vessel, which was wrecked shortly after the start.

In the following year they made another attempt, overland, and succeeded in reaching Clifton after many days of continuous travelling in a postchaise.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1895 Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

"I believe it to be the most effective remedy for the Stomach and Nerves in the market," is what Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N.B., says of South American Nervine, for, she says, La Grippe and the complications which followed it left her next to dead with Indigestion, Dyspepsia and General Nervous Shattering. It cured her.—100

[31]

PECULIAR PROPERTIES,

Protected by patents, is one reason why COTTAM Seed produces better results than others. Here, every packet is carefully mixed in accordance with the experience of a lifetime among birds.

BEWARE of imitations. Be sure "BART COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents put up under 6 patents, sell separately: Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird seed. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated, price 25c. To users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty stuffing will be sent post paid for 12c.

Band Concert, Opera House, Friday Evening.

SPECIAL

Master Regie Deacon the Phenomenal Boy Soprano

For Sale

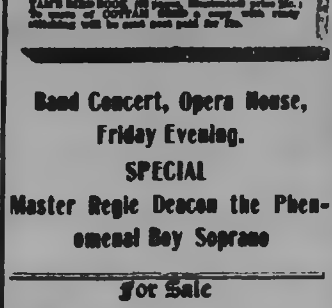
ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 15 Toronto street Toronto



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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

348 Water street, next door to Bank of M

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland.

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

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PETERBORO'

LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

AND RETURN

Going and returning via direct U. S. lines.

$72.25

Going via Detroit and direct U. S. lines and returning via Vancouver and Canadian Pacific. For Federation of Women's Club at Los Angeles, Cal., May 1st to 8th, 1902. Tickets good going APRIL 19th to 26th, good for return until June 25th, 1902.

COLONIST SPECIAL TRAINS TO THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST

for settlers and their effects will leave Toronto at 9 p.m. every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL. Write for copy of Settlers' Guide to your nearest Canadian Pacific Railway agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, A.G.P.A.,
1 King Street East, Toronto.

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"Royal Muskoka"

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Most Charming Summer Resort

Region in America

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District Passenger Agent Toronto.

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

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Describing the route of the

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Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

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RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711. 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured many [illegible] of Obesity [illegible] Reducing [illegible] Abdomen [illegible] [illegible]

-G H. NOBLE-

PLUMBER

Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths, Water Closets, Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.

450 George Street

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO Hon. J. A. Boyd, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

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COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Homes for Quick Sale;

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms,	$550
Frame house, stable and large lot..	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, [illegible]

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 38 NO. 92 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY APRIL 19 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

TRANSVAAL MINES TO PAY THE WAR DEBT.

This Is Said to be a Foregone Conclusion Amongst British Statesmen

Special to The Times.

London, April 19 — The promise of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach that the wealth of the Transvaal will be made to pay something toward the cost of the war which has set it free from the plundering taxation of the Kruger oligarchy, is in line with common sense and the common expectation. Like all other things South African, the mines of the Rand have suffered from the operations of the war, chiefly by being kept idle, however; but now they will go ahead under the protection of the British flag with greatly multiplied profit and increased security. The happy Government of Pretoria will no longer bleed them freely at will, and their development will not be cramped by an ever-present fear of confiscation.

No other section of the Empire will profit by the results of the war to anything like the extent of the Rand mines. So far as the value of victory may be expressed in money, it will practically all fall into the laps of the men who own them; hence it is nothing but justice that a large share of the cost of the war should be met by these men and their rich properties. The British taxpayer will apparently not shirk from the burden of his share; for, to him, the war has been fought for the integrity of the Empire. But, as a by-result, the mines on the Rand have been made immensely more profitable; and certainly a fair share of this profit should be taken to lighten the weight of new taxation and debt on the shoulders of the Briton at home whose only interest in the struggle has been a patriotic one.

Then the Rand mines will have money to spare. Kruger taxation has ceased. What they once paid to a government which oppressed them, the miners can now pay, in part and for a time, to a government which at great cost has rescued them from oppression. It would likely make even patient John Bull dissatisfied to see a few miners getting enormously rich out of the operation of properties for the enhancement of whose value he was still paying heavily in direct taxation and added interest on his debt.

TAKING OFF THATCH TO FEED CATTLE.

Starving Russian Peasants, Reduced to Terrible Straits

LAST OF SEED GRAIN CONSUMED

Scurvy and Typhoid Fever Devastating the Peasantry Throughout the Whole of the Altai District

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—The reports received here from the famine-stricken districts of Russia more than justify the anticipations of acute suffering in those localities. Scurvy and typhoid fever are devastating the peasantry throughout the whole of the Altai region, formerly the chief granary of Siberia. The starving people there have consumed even the last remnants of their seed grain, and no spring crops have been sown. In some places the scarcity of fodder is so great that half the houses have been unthatched to save the lives of the cattle and horses. One hundred thousand pounds of foodstuffs, recently despatched by the Government, have not yet reached Siberia, and the Lieutenant-General in command of the district is endeavoring to locate the supplies and hurry them forward. The Czar contributed 200,000 roubles to the relief fund, and has remitted the taxes of the sufferers.

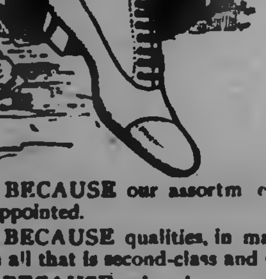
The gravity of the situation is evidenced by the latest disease statistics. At Menzolinsk, Government of Oufa, there have been upwards of 4,000 cases of typhus, hunger and scurvy; at Belibeisky 602 cases have been reported, and at Akmolinsk over 1,000 cases have occurred. Similar reports come from Voronej, Kazan and Saratoff.

The Red Cross Society is furnishing all the aid at its command, in the way of free kitchens and medicines.

A Sure Cure for Constipation

Some remedies cure this distressing complaint, in a day, some in a month, but Nerviline never fails to cure in a few minutes. Just ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water—that's enough, and away goes the dysentery, cured to stay cured. Nerviline also cures cramps, colic, pain in the stomach, and sick headache. It has five times the strength and curative properties of ordinary remedies, and should be in every household. Better buy a 25c. bottle and try it. Nerviline is all right.

Hamilton's Pills for the liver.



More Good Boot News

We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

——WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

BECAUSE our assortm [illegible] disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?——easy. Come and judge for yourself.

Good Hat News

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe Qu and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Colored Shirts including Stiff Bosoms and Sof Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & MERRELL, Managers.

A YOUNG CANADIAN ON ARMOURED TRAIN

Thrilling Experiences in the South African War by a Peterboro Boy

NOT IN THE PRESS DISPATCHES

In Search of Adventure Percy Tynan Goes to South Africa, and Finally Joins the British Army.

Special to The Times.

An interesting letter, descriptive of armored trains, was received by a citizen from South Africa, and was handed The Times for publication. Percy Tynan was formerly a resident of Peterborough, and removed with his parents and family some years ago to Dakota. His letter is as follows:

"Our captain of the armored train is a brick, and he doesn't seem to care whether we do any work or not. He is a young fellow, and not such a crank as most of the imperial officers. There are two of us now—another Yank besides myself, a young fellow from Chicago by the name of Richardson—and he is Chicago from his head to his heels. He is the best fellow I have struck since leaving home, totally unlike most of those one meets out here from the States, who are usually professional hoboes. We are, at the time I write this, over on the east coast, and only 90 miles from East London.

"First in the train is a truck or car, containing a searchlight and Maxim gun; second, captain's truck; third, gun carriage truck, containing two 12-pounders; fourth, troops; fifty, engine; sixth, water truck; seventh, cookhouse truck; eighth, dynamo truck; ninth, construction truck; tenth, telegraph truck; eleventh, searchlight and Maxim gun.

"There are 68 men with the train, scattered through the different trucks. The entire train is sheeted with five-eighths of an inch armor with loopholes and so on. The train guards the frontier, and is used for general purposes of that nature. Most men with armored trains have a hard time of it. They have to do both night and day patrol duty. With the train we have a cycle machine for patrol and scout duty. It is a four-wheeled machine used on the track, and constructed on the same principle as a bicycle. Great speed can be made with it. I do most of the work with it.

"We were called out one night by a report that the Boers had rushed a farm about 12 miles out and about a mile from the railway line. Away we went, with our ammunition beside us, ready to stick a muzzle of a Krag-Jorgensen through a loop-hole at the first sight of a Boer. As we drew near the house the train slowed down and a reconnoitering squad was sent out. In a few minutes they were greeted with a hail of bullets, many of which flattened on our train. Our scouting party stayed where they were and my skillful manoeuvring gradually drew back toward the train, and with them the Boers.

Like a flash the searchlight was turned on the Boers and the house. Bang! went one of the 12-pounders, and such a scampering you never saw. The shell from the 12-pounder knocked out four men and two horses; the rest of them got away. As the ranch belonged to a rank rebel who was supposed to be aiding the Boers on the quiet, the major in command, who happened to be on the train, gave orders to destroy the house. The searchlight made it a beautiful target, and the gunners with the twelve-pounder soon knocked it to kindling wood. Then we steamed back to town, rolled up in our blankets and slept.

"A few days after the bombardment of the farm house we were called out one night by the report that the Boer leader in the vicinity was making north for the frontier. He had been having a hard time in the colony and decided to try to get out. Away we went once more, and after passing about 15 blockhouses with no news, we at last came to the hunting ground.

"In a cloudy, moonlight night we could see the whiskers of the advance guard, coming over the veldt, a mile away. We were lying with our armored train in a cut, out of sight. When the Boers were a little less than a mile of the line each man dropped and began to make a sneak. Orders were sent by phone to the blockhouses in the vicinity to hold fire until we opened.

"Finally four Boers started on a run for the fences. They knew that the line was protected by barb wire networks, but I guess they did not know the strength of the fences. They began slashing and cutting with their wire clippers, and after five minutes work, signalled the command in the rear to come on and make a dash for it. They came—and so did we. Our cut was half a mile from the attempted place of crossing.

"To go back a little, you may think it strange that they did not put out outposts. It would have been useless because the blockhouses were so near together, and the sentries have orders to fire on anyone approaching the line.

"Twenty men were sent out from our train and the nearest blockhouses to hold the pass. Imagine twenty men attempting to hold a pass against 275 desperate Boers, caught like rats in a trap—as that is the number we afterward learned made the rush. Our men started on to hold the pass at the same moment the Boers started to make it.

What a scene followed! Our searchlight was turned on, the two Maxims firing between them 800 rounds a minute, and one 12-pounder dropping shrapnel shells with 200 bullets in each, started in to do business. To see that bunch of Boers come was something grand.

"The first rattle of the Maxims took them completely by surprise, and naturally checked them for a moment—and then on they came until they reached the wires. Instead of heading for the opening they made for the solid fence, and failing to jump that or break through, landed in all shapes, a confused mass of struggling, desperate fighting men.

"About 25 of them, as soon as they struck the fence, wheeled and started to encircle the train. Alas, more than half rolled over dead. The first quarter of a mile and the rest scampered over the veldt. Only ten succeeded in getting across both lines, and of these but three were mounted. The remainder went back over the veldt in all directions.

"Our casualties were three wounded, one of which was a gunner on one of the 12-pounders, while the Boers left forty dead on the field, eighty wounded and lost 165 horses, the latter of which were either killed outright, or had to be shot afterward.

"When nothing is doing we occasionally have concerts. Nearly every Tommy has a song he can sing in public, which together with the musicians among them, always makes something doing. There are two mandolins, a banjo, an autoharp and two accordions in the outfit. All but two of the men who have them are fine musicians.

"As I finish my letter the Tommies are all out on the grass on the shady side of the train playing cards, chess and checkers. The veldt is covered with a most beautiful growth of grass. The thornbush about here is green now and covered with flowers. There is a specie of red cacti that is also very pretty. The temperature where we now are is about 90 by day; the evenings are cool and delightful."

Come, Let us Reason Together

You will readily acknowledge the fact that defects and derangements of digestion are amongst the most common of human ailments. These digestive derangements not only complicate almost every form of disease, but they constitute by themselves serious torments to a vast number of otherwise healthy people.

If you are unfortunately numbered amongst those who are users of common oatmeal and other starchy and indigestible grain foods producing stomach irritations, eructations, waterbrash, heartburn, heated blood and skin eruptions, why continue to use such grain foods when the use of Malt Breakfast Food perfectly maintains digestive vigor and robust health?

Malt Breakfast Food has proved a revelation to the dyspeptic; it has banished his troubles and given him a natural and healthy appetite. Malt Breakfast Food is predigested, readily assimilated, delicious, appetizing and strengthening. Its use in the home for one week will gladden your heart, and you will never have a desire to give it up. See your grocer.

NEWS OF THE WORLD BY WIRE AND CABLE

Interesting Events Transpiring in all Parts of the Globe

IRISH LEADER AT PITTSBURG

England's Depressed Shoe Trade — Patriot's Day Celebration in Boston

Special to The Times.

London, April 19 — Quite a public controversy has arisen from the declarations made by George A. Royce, president of the Federation of Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, to the effect that American competition has little to do with the present depression of the English shoe trade. The Daily Mail takes issue with the statements of Mr. Royce, and in speaking of the situation says: How far American competition is responsible for the present situation each must judge for himself. These facts are undisputed. Our exports of shoes are smaller now than during the corresponding time last year. American exports to colonies which were once supplied from England, have greatly increased. Our home demand for British-made shoes has declined. The sale of American shoes in this country is steadily and largely increasing. The official figures leave no room for dispute on these points. Is it not time, then, for British shoe manufacturers to abandon the ostrich-like policy which they have up to now favored and face the facts?

PATRIOTS' DAY

Boston, Mass., April 19—"Patriots' Day" will be observed generally throughout Massachusetts to-day, the celebrations recalling the old traditions and historic incidents of the revolution. From the belfry of the Old North Church two lanterns are hung to recall Paul Revere's ride, and at daybreak the patriotic organizations of Lexington and vicinity marched over the route taken by the British, April 19, 1775. In Boston nearly all the old houses and public buildings of historic interest were decorated and were kept open all day for the inspection of visitors.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 19 — Messrs. Redmond and Devlin, Irish members of Parliament, are in Pittsburg to take part in the demonstration to be held at the avenue theatre to-morrow evening in the cause of Irish liberty. The meeting is to be the first of a series to be held in the chief cities of Pennsylvania.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS

Dallas, Texas, April 19 — All is in readiness for the great reunion of Confederate veterans which will be held in this city next week. At a meeting of the executive committee yesterday the various chairmen reported that their work was almost finished and that on Monday the gates of the city would be thrown open to the old soldiers. All indications point to one of the largest and most successful reunions in the history of the organization. All the state divisions from Maryland to Texas promise to be well represented, and there will be undoubtedly a large number of visitors who will attend simply as spectators. The arrangements have been made on a scale to insure good accommodations for all comers.

TO PROTECT ALPINE CLIMBERS.

Geneva, Switzerland, April 17.—The unprecedented mortality among Alpinists last year has roused the Swiss Alpine Club to introduce new measures in order to protect amateur Alpinists—in spite of themselves. It is estimated that fifty per cent. of last year's accidents was among persons who had come to Switzerland for the first time, and had practically no experience in mountaineering.

New "cabins" are to be built in the most dangerous places, and signboards warning the tourist against hidden crevasses, etc., are to be erected.

A new code of signals, by which the guides may communicate with the valleys in case of necessity, will also come into force this year.

A scheme for the general assurance of all Alpinists is also in progress. Of course it is impossible to prevent a tourist from undertaking a risky climb unattended, but in such cases hotel-keepers will warn the tourist of his danger beforehand. Guides have also been instructed to refuse to continue a climb if they find that the tourist is unable to withstand the fatigue, or in case the change of weather would render the climb dangerous. The steps cut into the rock in dangerous places and the handrails are to be renovated, and, in short, the Alpine Club is doing its utmost this season to prevent accidents in the Alps.

ROBERTS' STRICTURES ARE FULLY JUSTIFIED

Spion Kop Dispatches give a Good Idea of What Kind of a Leader Buller Was.

London, April 19.—The London Times, in an editorial article on the Spion Kop despatches, says that the single redeeming feature of the battle was the splendid conduct of the troops, but that from every other point of view the story of Spion Kop and the behavior of the principal actors must remain painful reading to Englishmen. The Times declares that the despatches contain crushing condemnation of Buller's behavior as commander out of his own mouth. They show that if the Ministers had acted weakly in first publishing an incomplete version of the despatches, it was done out of a sincere desire to spare Buller's reputation. The papers now published in reply to Buller's offensive challenge, says— The Times, fully justify the most severe strictures passed upon his leadership by Roberts, and leave a strong suspicion among the public as to what that leadership must have been.

THE BOER COMMANDOES TO ELECT DELEGATES TO THE CONFERENCE

Lord Kitchener Grants Facilities for Meetings of Representatives of Boer Commandoes in the Field to Consider Peace Terms

Special to The Times.

London, April 19.—The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the House of Commons to-day, made the following important statement:—

"After two conferences between Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener and the Boer delegates at Pretoria, Lord Kitchener, while refusing to grant an armistice, on military grounds, has agreed to give facilities for the election and meeting of representatives of the various Boer commandos to consider the position. The Boer leaders have, therefore, left Pretoria to carry out this plan."

Mr. Balfour added that it was not expected that communication between the British authorities and the Boer leaders could be resumed in less than three weeks' time.

RECRUITING STILL GOES ON

More Men Enlisted Yesterday for the Canadian Contingent

Several recruits were secured yesterday at the Regimental headquarters for the South African contingents.

The names are,—

RICHARD STEWART, Millbrook, 57th Regiment.

HENRY SANDYS, Brantford, no service.

E. HENRY, Alvinston, no service.

B. B. BEACH, Peterborough, 57th Regiment.

W. BALLANTYNE, Cobourg, no service.

R. J. NIDDERY, Oshawa, 34th Regiment.

J. A. Hefferman.

The work of enlisting will be continued to-day.

EAST PETERBORO CAMPAIGN

Mr. Wm. Anderson Holds a Successful Meeting in Otonabee

Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal candidate in East Peterborough, held a very successful meeting last night in the Stewart settlement, Otonabee. The school house was well filled with electors, all of whom seemed to take great interest in the proceedings.

The meeting was addressed by Mr. Anderson, and by Messrs. R. F. McWilliams and Ald. G. M. Roger.

At the conclusion of the proceedings, cheers were given for the King and for the Liberal Candidate.

A PRINCE ALBERT LADY SAYS:

"I Have Freat Faith in Diamond Dyes."

To the wise woman who buys good material, Diamond Dyes are a necessity to the economy of the household, and by using these dyes many perplexing problems are solved. It is here that good judgment and management can save much, while the thoughtless and extravagant keep themselves hopelessly poor.

Mrs. G. S. Pook, Prince Albert, N. W.T., says: "I am very pleased with the success I have had with Diamond Dyes. I have used the black for wool on many occasions, and always got a lovely fast black that kept its bright and full color as long as the goods held together. I dyed a heliotrope cashmere dress for my little girl; it took a rich cardinal, very even in color, and that stands washing. I have great faith in Diamond Dyes."

If you delight in home Mat and Rug making, send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and be supplied free of cost with the new designs of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns which are ready for booking.

LICENSES GRANTED

The West Peterborough Commissioners Met Yesterday

A meeting of the License Commissioners of the West Riding of Peterborough was held yesterday morning, the following commissioners being present, Robert Walton, chairman; M. H. Halpin, and R. Graham. The following licenses were granted for the ensuing year:

Peterborough.

Taverns—
Jas. Dolan, City Hotel.
Mary Bowman, Oxford Hotel.
Steve Holland, American Hotel.
John Conroy, National Hotel.
Arthur Rountree, Little Windsor.
J. M. Brooks, Palace Hotel.
Robert White, White House.
Austin Dunn, Southern Hotel.
W. J. Overend, C.P.R. Hotel.
Margaret O'Shea, Commercial Hotel.
Wm. Snowden, Snowden House.
Catharine Graham, Oriental Hotel.
M. C. Tooley, Queen's Hotel.
R. H. Jackson, Crown Inn.
P. J. Clunan, Clunan House.
T. Cavanagh, Phelan House.
John Clancy, Peterborough House.
R. J. Munro, Morgan House.
Wholesale—
Alex. Elliott & Co.
Shops—
E. Brown & Co., F. J. R. Mitchell, M. L. Henry.

Ashburnham.

Taverns—
P. Hogan, Albion Hotel.
Geo. Lipsett, jr., Maple Leaf Hotel.
Shops—
J. C. Sullivan, Wm. Collins.

Lakefield.

Taverns—
John Craig, Craig House.
Wm. Leahy, Midland Hotel.

Smith.

Taverns—
G. H. Brown, Chemong Park Hotel.
Thos. Eastland, Buckhorn House.
W. F. Brooks, Carleton House.
Jas. B. Kearney, Lakeview House.

SURRENDER OF FILIPINOS

General Chaffee to Witness the Pacification of Samar Island

Manila, April 19.—Gen. Chaffee has arrived at Calbayog, Samar, where he expects to witness the surrender of 400 riflemen and a large number of bolomen under the orders of Col. Guevarra. These men form isolated commands and will surrender at the nearest garrison.

Gen. Bell reports the surrender of three columns under Gen. Bunal. These columns have given the Americans much trouble and their surrender is regarded as important. In addition to Gen Bunal two Colonels, eight staff officers, eighteen Lieutenants, seventy-five riflemen, 200 bolomen and 400 members of a revolutionary society have taken the oath of allegiance.

Unofficial telegrams state that two columns, comprising 1,500 men, are leaving Nanaland and Cotabatto and invading the Lake Lanao district. The trails are closed and the Moros are fortifying themselves.

Gen. Smith will sail for the United States on the transport Buford.

Paine's Celery Compound

Permanently Cures all the Varied Forms of Rhuematism

IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD AND REMOVES EVERY TRACE OF POISONOUS ACID

THE GREAT MEDICINE HAS CURED MORE RHEUMATIC SUFFERS THAN ALL OTHER COMBINED REMEDIES.

Sufferers from the varied forms of rheumatism—articular, muscular, inflammatory, lumbago and gout, should bear in mind that there is a morbid principle in the blood when rheumatism is present. This morbid principle is uric acid, which circulates with the blood and acts upon the joints and muscles, causing the pains and agonies of rheumatism. Paine's Celery Compound is the only scientific remedy for the permanent banishment of every form of rheumatism. If your joints are painful; if the knees, wrists, elbows or ankles are swollen, a few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound will soon remove all your troubles and pains. If you have inflammatory or sciatic rheumatism accompanied with fever, acute darting pains in the sciatic nerve from the hip down the leg, Paine's Celery Compound taken at once will soon drive out the disease, and make you strong and active.

Mr. G. J. McDonald, Cornwall, Ont, writes about his happy cure as follows:

"After giving your Paine's Celery Compound a thorough testing, I am pleased to say a few words in its favor. For three years I suffered terribly from rheumatism. It seemed to me that I was forced to endure all the agonies and pains that a mortal could possibly experience from the dreadful disease.

"While suffering I tried many of the advertised remedies, also doctors prescriptions, but never found a cure until I procured a supply of Paine's Celery Compound. It worked like a charm—it seemed to strike at the very root of my trouble. I am now cured; all pains are banished, and in every respect I am a new man.

"I shall always consider it a pleasure and duty to strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all who are afflicted with rheumatism."

PRISON OPENED FOR "FRENCHY."

New York's Jack-the-Riper Set Free by the Governor

WAS HE A POLICE VICTIM?

Influential Men, Believing Him to Have Been, Worked Long for His Release

Special to The Times.

New York, April 19.—After ten years' imprisonment for the alleged murder of "Old Shakespeare," a dissolute, aged woman of the town East Side, Ameer Ben Ali, better known as "Frenchy," who was sentenced for life, was pardoned yesterday by Governor Odell, on the ground that there are grave doubts as to the man's guilt.

"Frenchy," who during the past ten years has been shifted about from one prison to another, and who spent several years in the Matteawan Asylum for Insane Criminals, is now in Dannemora Prison. The efforts in his behalf have been going on for several years. Among those interested has been Jules Cambon, the French ambassador; Frederic R. Coudert and J. B. Martin. Applications were made to Governors Black and Roosevelt for his pardon, without avail. Opinion as to the man's guilt or innocence had always been divided, and new evidence discovered last year strongly turned the tide of sympathy in the prisoner's favor.

THE HONNOR BROUGHT HOME

One day in April, 1891, the city was horrified to find that just such a murder as those in Whitechapel had occurred here. A bellboy forcing open the door of a room in the East River Hotel, in Catharine street, had found the body of "Old Shakespeare" lying on the bed, cut and hacked just as the victims of the London murders had been mutilated. The key of the room, No. 31, was missing.

Inspector Byrnes and practically the whole detective force of the city started to work on the case, and within 24 hours had arrested one of the most miserable specimens of humanity ever seen in the most miserable part of the city — Ameer Ben Ali, an Algerian, known to some as George Frank, and more generally among the lower East Side dives as "Frenchy."

ST. LUKE'S VESTRY MEETING

Church in a Prosperous Condition — Considerable Business Transacted

Proceedings commenced by the Rector, Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, reading the 15th chapter of St. Luke, followed by prayer.

Minutes of previous meetings being read, it was moved by Mr. Lawson, seconded by Mr. Adams that these be confirmed. Auditors report was then submitted showing Assets $23,720.40 and Liabilities $21,450.40, also Insurance amounting to $15,100 with $122.50 premium, besides $300.00 on stable in rear of Rectory, $2,300 Insurance on Rectory with $1.75 premium; amount collected on Easter Day $205.65, total collections for year ending Easter 1902 were $1710.32, expenditure $1705.81 showing a balance of $5.52. It was moved that report be accepted which was carried unanimously.

The Rector then addressed the meeting stating, in course of his remarks that, since he had entered upon his ministry on September 22 he had preached 62 sermons given 41 addresses and paid 321 visits. Discussion then followed as to advisability of obtaining the services of Mr. G. W. Mulligan to train members of the choir at the rate of 50 dollars per annum which matter was subsequently referred to a committee.

Reports were then presented by the Woman's Auxiliary, Young Women's Chapter of Guild, Mother's Meeting and the Sunday School.

A motion was moved by Mr. Rogers seconded by Mr. Scott, that a sidewalk be built at once, was referred to a committee of 6 to carry out the work.

After the usual vote of thanks, the meeting was closed by prayer, after which ladies served refreshments.

FOR TWENTY YEARS

we have successfully conducted a brokerage business in

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

This concern was established in 1890; since then, transacting business at the same address. Experience counts, when selecting your Broker. "Up to Date, modern methods"—the motto of our house. Every facility supplied and all news affecting markets, promptly posted, at all of our offices, for benefit of our customers. We execute orders for large or small amounts, either for cash or upon exceedingly moderate margins.

Issued free, our 400 page, clothbound illustrated

"Guide to Investors." and "Daily Market Letter."

These two are factors of moment—They will aid you to success.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N Y.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE-EIGHTH — The only licensed N. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

M. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 19, 1902.

JOHN BULL'S PESSIMISM.

It is curious, but instructive, to find a New York paper gently chiding John Bull for pessimism in the matter of American and German trade rivalry. But it is a tempting subject, with John Bull still leading the world's trade, and his factories as busy as they can be. The chaffing paper is the New York Journal of Commerce, and it makes the shrewd remark at the outset that it is chiefly the literary people of England who have become dejected at the sight of serious commercial rivalry.

"The fact of American and German competition is undeniable;" it says; "but England is still pre-eminently the manufacturing country of the world, as well as its great sea power. There is nothing in the growth of this country or of Germany to indicate that England is to be driven from the sea or from the world's markets, but henceforth she has not the world to herself; she must divide it with two powerful competitors."

This is in exact accord with the facts. Britain is no longer the only shop on the world's great street, but it is still by far the biggest one. Nor is it surprising that the British manufacturer does not immediately rush after American or German methods when his works are busy overtime and his sales are steadily increasing. It is hard for him to believe that his primacy is threatened when he is growing more prosperous with every year; but the literary man, who sees nothing but tables of statistics, is tremendously alarmed.

Of course, the time will come when each British industry must make sure it has as good machinery as its rival overseas is using, but it may not come in many cases until they actually feel the pinch of competition. Then it will be found that British enterprise and adaptiveness are as alert as ever. It is only natural, the Journal of Commerce thinks, that the newer factories should have the newer machinery; but already John Bull is getting in much of the latest of it, and sometimes hiring foreign workmen to manage it to the best advantage.

The people who are calculating upon the decadence of Britain are in for a crushing disappointment.

* * * *

The splendid response of Canada's young men to the request for 2,000 more troops shows that the fighting spirit of Canadians once aroused does not easily die down like that of other nations of more mercurial temperament. There were not wanting those who thought that as the war fever had apparently died down some difficulty might be experienced in getting the men for this contingent, but the reports from the recruiting stations show that the patriotic spirit is as strong as ever.

Afraid to Repeat the Dose.

A local clergyman was engaged in conversation with a number of friends the other day, says the Duluth "News Tribune," when each started telling stories of weddings he had performed. One of the party had this to offer:

Some time ago a great big fellow, roughly dressed, and a wee mite of a young woman came to him. They had no witnesses, and, in fact, did not care to have any. Nevertheless a bridesmaid and groomsman were selected from the household, and the ceremony began. They had promised to love and obey and all the rest of the service, when the preacher announced: "Kiss the bride."

The groom, on bended knee, hesitated a little, tried to say something and couldn't.

"Kiss the bride," said the pastor.

"Why, parson, I did, afore I come here at all," replied the groom, whose face had taken the color of a June rose.

Little Georgie was taken by his aunt to see the newcomer, aged one day. He was duly and profoundly impressed with the specimen, and asked where the little brother came from. "God sent it," answered the aunt, reverently. The answer made a deep impression on Little Georgie, for that afternoon he was seen out in the backyard gazing up into the deep blue sky and spreading his diminutive apron expectantly as he said: "Dear God, please throw me one down, too."—Troy "Press."

First Little Girl—The doctor brought us twins yesterday! Second Little Girl—That's when you made a mistake. You should have had a homeopathic!—St. [illegible]

Curious Bits of News.

George W. Gray, secretary of the "Forward Movement" in Chicago, proposes to redeem the slum districts of that city by Christian vaudeville houses, pool and billiard-rooms, and bowling-alleys.

Jeanne de Villeneuve has been appointed secretary of the French consulate in New York. This, it is believed, is the first appointment of a woman in the consular service. Mlle. Villeneuve is only twenty-five years old, and belongs to an old family of Provence.

McKeesport, Pennsylvania, has a bookless library. The fine stone building was erected with the $50,000 Andrew Carnegie donated, but the entire donation was used to build the library, as the directors expected Mr. Carnegie would give more. He has declined to do this, and the board has no money to buy books.

The mountains end a greater number of lives every year than is generally supposed. An official report states that in 1901, in Switzerland alone, accidents to mountain-climbers amounted to 119, and that death occurred in all of these. This figure is double that of 1900, and represents the highest total that has hitherto been recorded.

At Uelzen, in Lunsberg, the authorities have passed a by-law which is more popular with the fair than the sterner sex. Husbands must be home by eleven o'clock. A fine equal to ten shillings is the penalty for infringing this regulation, half of which goes to the person—presumably the wife—who brings and proves the accusation.

One of the eccentricities of the late Duke of Portland was to subscribe for all the ordinary newspapers and magazines of the day and have them wholebound in beautiful crushed morocco coats of many colors. Each of these volumes he put in a perfectly fitting oak box lined with white velvet and fitted with a patent Bramah lock and duplicate keys. The cost of each volume worked out at about £40.

As the result of studies on New Jersey mosquitoes last summer, Professor John B. Smith of Rutgers College says that not only will the insects travel long distances from their breeding-place, but on favorable evenings large swarms rise and are carried during the night by winds. The direction in which they go is often seaward. Swarms have been met fifteen miles from the shore, and they are common five miles from shore. Migration of mosquitoes with the aid of the winds Professor Smith regards as of much importance, and as rendering the control of the mosquito nuisance much more difficult than has been supposed.

Miss Florence K. Jewell, a wealthy young Jewess, who attained notoriety in August, 1899, by marrying Lobengula's son, while he was on exhibition at the Kaffir Kraal at Earl's Court, London, has applied for a divorce on the ground of her husband's cruelty and misconduct. She testified that he had given her black eyes, and stabbed her with an assegai, when the judge, Sir Francis Jeune, broke in with: "That was what you expected in marrying a savage, was it not?" The judge reserved judgment, as he doubted whether it could be shown that Lobengula's domicile was in England. He said, too, that he only behaved like a savage, and that the petitioner had insisted on marrying him, and now saw the result of it.

The old proverb about honor among thieves has had a staggering blow in St. Louis. The thieves were certain members of the city council and a number of street railway men, and it was because neither side had any confidence in the honor of the other that a remarkable case of bribery was most amusingly disclosed. The railway men desired certain franchises, and put up one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars as a corruption fund. They were afraid, however, to pay it to the councilmen until the council had voted as they wished. The corrupt councilmen, on their part, would not vote until they had the money. By a compromise, therefore, the fund was placed in a safety-deposit box which had two keys, one of which was held by each party. Neither could open the box without the cooperation of the other. The councilmen voted as they had agreed, and it was through the quarrel over their attempt to get the funds that the whole matter became public.

No Breach of Discipline.

THE colonel was entertaining some of his friends with stories of army life, and the talk turned to the inflexibility of orders. That reminded the colonel of Tim Murphy's case.

Murphy had enlisted in the cavalry service, although he had never been on a horse in his life. He was taken out for drill with other raw recruits under command of a sergeant, and, as luck would have it, secured one of the worst buckers in the whole troop.

"Now, my men," said the sergeant in addressing them, "no one is allowed to dismount without orders from a superior officer. Remember that."

Tim was no sooner in the saddle than he was hurled head over heels through the air, and came down so hard that the breath was almost knocked out of him.

"Murphy," shouted the sergeant, when he discovered the man spread out on the ground, "you dismounted!"

"I did."

"Did you have orders?"

"I did."

"From headquarters, I suppose?" with a sneer.

"No, from hindquarters."

"Take him to the guard-house!" ordered the sergeant.—Detroit "Free Press."

Winter Uplands.

The frost that stings like fire upon my cheek,
The loneliness of this forsaken ground,
The long white drift upon whose powdered peak
I sit in the great silence as one bound;
The rippled sheet of snow where the wind blew
Across the open fields for miles ahead;
The far-off city towered and roofed in blue,
A tender line upon the western red;
The stars that singly, then in flocks appear,
Like jets of silver from a violet dome,
So wonderful, so many, and so near,
And then the golden moon to light me home;
The crunching snowshoes and the stinging air,
And silence, frost, and beauty everywhere.
—Lampman.

Epitaph.

Here lies Luke Longpenne, the distinguished historical novelist, who died at the age of eleven years in the full height of his fame, three weeks after the publication of his first book.—"Life."

Correct to the Last.

"Anyhow," chuckled the somewhat fastidious horse-thief as the regulators adjusted the noose about his neck, "it isn't a ready-made tie."—Chicago "Tribune."

Caught in a Stampede.

TWO years ago, when the cowboys of north-eastern Arizona came together to find out who was the "best man" in various ways, James Evans won the steer-tying championship by roping, throwing and tying a vicious steer in twenty-four seconds. But in a recent round-up the champion did a more remarkable thing, by which, says the Kansas City "Star," he saved his own and another man's life.

While he and some companions were camping for the night on a high tableland, which ended a few miles away in an abrupt drop of two hundred feet, a storm swept through the mountains. Made nervous by the lightning, the herd of fifteen hundred cattle stampeded in the direction of the precipice. Evans and his men mounted hurriedly and, circling to the front of the maddened cattle, tried with whoops and revolver-shots to turn them back.

In the dense blackness of the night Evans's horse missed his footing and went down in a heap, one leg in a gopher-hole. The horse of a cowboy named Davis, running close behind, stumbled over Evans's horse, and Davis, too, came to earth and lay still, unconscious.

Fifty yards away came the herd, and a short flash of lightning showed Evans the situation. The swiftly moving sea of cattle reached one hundred yards each way. Unable to arouse Davis, and never thinking of leaving his disabled comrade, Evans took the only chance of saving both. He emptied his own revolver and his companion's into the center of the herd, cutting a breach in the front of the mass. Then, throwing the inanimate form of Davis over his shoulder, he awaited his opportunity.

As one of the leaders brushed by, Evans, with one movement, put the body of Davis across the shoulders of the steer, and mounted, also. Vainly the animal leaped, bucked and sidejumped. With his legs wrapped tightly around the body of his mount, Evans drove his spurs deep in, and held himself and Davis in place.

The steer, wild with rage, agony and fright, rapidly left the herd in the rear, and, veering to the right in a furious gallop, carried his riders out of danger. Then Evans rolled off the back of his strange rescuer, and a half-hour later, when his cowboys turned the herd at the rim of the canyon, and rode back to look for the foreman and Davis, they found them, both unconscious. The weary steer, with his sides covered with blood, lay exhausted a short distance away.

The outfit ordered a medal for Evans, and the steer has been pensioned for life on the best alfalfa in the valley.

A Revolutionary Age.

Soulless corporations, heartless coquettes and conscienceless rascals of various sorts we have had with us now these many years, and it looks very much now as if a kind of providence was about to even things up a little by providing us with such useful contrivances as wireless telegraphy, heatless light, smokeless powder, boneless shad and seedless oranges. If some genius will rise up now and give us a breed of biteless dogs and stingless mosquitoes, together with some loseless umbrellas and spendless cash, we shall all be happy and content.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When to Get Married.

The astrologers, it is said, have named the following as propitious dates for marriages for 1902: January 2, 4, 11, 19 and 21; February 1, 2, 10, 19 and 21; March 2, 5, 12, 20 and 22; April 2, 4, 12, 20 and 22; May 2, 4, 12, 20 and 23; June 1, 2, 11, 19 and 21; July 1, 2, 12, 19, 21 and 31; August 2, 11, 18, 20 and 30; September 1, 9, 16, 18 and 28; October 1, 2, 15, 17, 27 and 28; November 5, 11, 13, 20 and 25; December 1, 8, 10, 19, 28 and 29.

The Monk's Knowledge of Women.

AN interesting story comes from the French Alps of Dauphiny relating the futile efforts of the Princess of Crøy, who desired to enter the monastery of the Grande Chartreuse, a habitation from which women visitors are rigidly excluded.

The story runs that the Princess dressed herself in boy's clothes and accompanied her husband to the institution. The gates were opened to them, and the Prince sent his card to the father superior, with a line to the effect that he was accompanied by a friend.

Just as they were about to make the round of the building the word was received that the father would like to see the Prince and "his friend." Going upstairs they were received by the smiling monk, who cordially invited them to join him in an appetizing luncheon. The Princess endeavored to make the best of the situation, but she was not put any the more at her ease by the fact that the monk kept gazing sharply at her.

At last he exclaimed suddenly: "Catch it, young man!" at the same time throwing at her a large pear. The Princess was startled, and, thrown completely off her guard, made a motion to grab up her skirt, the absence of which she overlooked in her confusion.

Then the father stopped smiling and said with great gravity:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but ladies are not allowed in the monastery. I must ask you to wait outside until the Prince has finished his inspection."

And outside she had to go, the reverend father bowing her from the room with most elaborate politeness.

The Democracy of Children.

ONE amusing trait in children is their unconscious democracy. They are nearly always democratic when permitted any latitude. The desire for playmates levels sense of caste, if any exists. On a street through which I often pass there is a coterie of children who blend with the most thorough harmony, although they are of quite different social strata. One of the boys is a "smart" young gentleman in knickerbockers, always well groomed; another is a little Italian; a third, the thin, restless, wide awake son of a housekeeper. One of the little girls is a negress, with her woolly hair standing out from her head in thin curved-up tails. She is quite a belle in this "mixed" company.—Harper's "Bazar."

On a Dog.

"They're thinking now of reversing the usual process, and first trying plays in New York before taking them out on the road." "What's the idea?" "Well, if a play succeeds in New York, the rest of the country will know it's rotten."—"Life."

A Matter of Contrast.

"Give an example of how heat expands and cold contracts." "In the summer the days are long; in the winter they are short."—[illegible]

BAD BLOOD

Reveals itself in many ways. Sometimes the impurities in the blood mark and mar the skin with blotches, pimples, boils or other eruptions. Sometimes the result of bad blood is rheumatism or a debilitated condition which is popularly described as "feeling played out, hardly able to drag myself around."

The impurities and poisons which corrupt the blood, clog the liver and cloud the skin are removed by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It does more than eliminate the poisons; it increases the activity of the blood-making glands so that there is an increased supply of pure, body-building blood. It brightens the eyes, cleanses the skin, and gives new, physical energy.

Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"I thank God for the good your medicines have done me," writes Mr. James M. Skidmore, of Mitchell, Lawrence Co., Ind., Box 301. "I was not well for two years. My throat was always sore, head ached, and back ached nearly all the time. My weight was 125 pounds. I was taken sick with typhoid fever, and when the fever left me I had such a pain in my left side I could not breathe without pain. I thought I must die. My wife went to the drug store and procured a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and a vial of his 'Pleasant Pellets.' I discontinued the use of my doctor's medicine and began with the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets.' I at once began to feel better; the pain soon left my side and I could breathe with ease. In a week or so I felt so good I could not stay in the room. I began to walk about the streets; I felt better each morning. After a month's use of the medicine I was well. That was over a year ago. Now I weigh 165 pounds and feel better than ever in my life."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario
Rev. John Potts, D.D. Victoria College
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure Consultation or correspondence invited.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Mrs. or Miss?

JUST as a sort of New Year's card, the Woman's Suffrage Society of Paris have issued a manifesto contending that, as woman in her maiden name accomplishes all the duties of a citizen, she does prejudice to her interests by sinking her identity and losing her individuality in adopting the name of her husband when she marries. Consequently, it seems on the tapis that in future, when Miss Smith marries Mr. Brown, she will still retain her maiden patronymic of Smith. Being married, she must of necessity be Mrs.; therefore, if she retains her maiden name of Smith, we shall have the weird anomaly of Mr. Brown and Mrs. Smith as man and wife. Now, supposing Mrs. Smith, otherwise Mrs. Brown, should, by any unforeseen event, meet with a Mr. Smith in the absence of her husband, and it should go forth to the world—in a hotel visitors' book, for instance—that they were actually Mr. and Mrs. Smith, where the dickens, in the event of trouble, would Mr. Brown come in? Mr. Brown might swear by all that was holy that Mrs. Smith was Mrs. Brown, but if Mr. Smith swore that she was Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Smith did not stoop to deny it, what jury outside a lunatic asylum could convict Mrs. Smith of playing fast and loose with Mr. Brown? It is a complex problem, to say the least of it; but if the Woman's Suffrage Society of gay Paree are not content to let well alone, I suppose they must put up with the consequences.

A Girl's Daring Feat.

IT seems hardly possible that a girl of sixteen should save nearly fifty people from a terrible death. Yet that is what Grace Bussell did, who may well be called the Grace Darling of Australia. It happened one day in December that a vessel was wrecked off the coast of Australia, a few miles from the Bussell home. The lifeboat on board the steamer was lowered, but it capsized and the eight people in it were drowned. So the rest of the crew clung to the sinking steamer. The surf ran so wildly that no one could dare swim through it, and there was not a house or person in sight. The girl, who was a splendid horsewoman, was riding along with a native servant. She caught sight of the vessel in distress; turning her horse's head toward the coast, she started him on a quick gallop. When she reached the sea she urged her horse into the angry surf. She rode boldly on till she reached the vessel. With great difficulty she took some of the children in her arms and put them before her on the saddle; then, with bigger children and women clinging to her dress, she started for the shore, gave those she had rescued to the care of her servant, and returned again to the wreck. So she went backward and forward for four hours, till all were safe on land, the servant having ridden to bring out the last man.—"Leslie's Weekly."

"Hi sy, you know," said the Cockney, addressing the Bowery boy, "we cawn't be henemies; we 'ave to be brothers. We speak the same lyangwydge, you know."

"Wot t'ell. Holler for an interpreter. You're wozzy. I seen you batten your eye. Git propper. Git propper.—Chicago Tribune.

◆

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—Chicago News.

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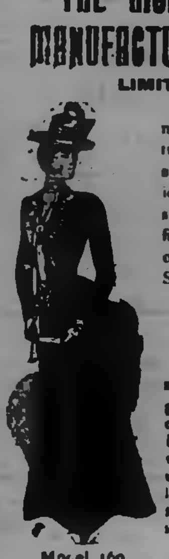

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"I believe it to be the most effective remedy for the Stomach and Nerves in the market," is what Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N B., says of South American Nervine, for, she says, La Grippe and the complications which followed it left her next to dead with Indigestion, Dyspepsia and General Nervous Shattering. It cured her.—200

Anecdotal.

When the English barrister, Richard Eve, desired to "take silk"—or, in other words, to become a Queen's Counsel—he sent the usual note to the senior members on the circuit to see whether anyone objected, according to custom. Mr. Adam Walker, one of the senior members, replied as follows:—"My dear Eve,—You may take silk or a fig leaf. I don't care.—Adam."

Shortly after Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R.A., was knighted, he and Lady Alma-Tadema gave an At Home at St. John's Wood. Everybody present was congratulating them, and one lady was very profuse. "Oh, dear Sir Lawrence," she said, "I am awfully glad to hear of the honor you have received. I suppose now that you are knighted you will give up painting and live like a gentleman."

In an Ohio town last fall, the African Methodist-Episcopal Church of that district held a conference, and for a week the town was filled with colored pulpit orators. A few days after the conference closed its sessions, one of the leading colored women of the town drove out to Pea Ridge to purchase chickens of an old mammy who had supplied the family for years. Aunt Hanna, coming to the gate, said: "I'm sorry, Miss Allie. I ain't got a chicken left. Dey all done enter de ministry.

A story is going the rounds about a prominent Nova Scotia lawyer who is noted for his carelessness in dress, which fact annoys the members of the Bar exceedingly. Entering the courtroom one day minus a cravat, the judge reproved him, saying the law required him to wear one. "Oh, yes, your honor. I know it," he answered; "but it does not say where he shall wear it," and as he spoke he pulled it out of his trousers pocket. The matter then dropped.

General William T. Sherman was fond of relating the following story: "When I was with the army in Georgia, a slave-owner about Christmas time missed a fine fat turkey. He suspected a good-looking mulatto, and ordered the man brought before him. 'You have stolen my turkey and eaten it,' said the irate planter. 'I'se not gwine to say I didn't, when you says I did, massa.' 'I ought to have you flogged. What have you to say why I should not punish you?' 'Well, massa, you hain't lost anything particular. You see, you has a little less turkey and a good deal more nigger.' And the master was compelled to acknowledge the philosophy of the slave, and let him go unwhipped."

As a young man Paul Kruger was regarded as an authority on psalm singing, and the farmers used to come to him to learn the keynote for starting the psalms at the next Sunday's service." Kruger, even in those days, was no believer in the policy of giving anything away—not even a note of music—so he had a uniform charge of a double handful of dried peaches for his instruction. Even the fact that the work was in the service of religion did not deter him from resorting to strategy, for he made a point of giving each applicant a different note. The result when the pious Doppers attempted to raise their voices in sacred harmony next Sunday may be imagined. The result was that each man concluded he had lost the key, and had to return for a further lesson. "I nearly bankrupted them of their dried peaches," said the president.

Ford Madox Brown, the artist, once had to be smuggled into his own exhibition. The occasion was a private view in Bond street of the Manchester fresco, "John Kay." The artist being unwell at the time was accompanied in his carriage to the gallery by his doctor and old friend, William Gill. The time passed pleasantly enough en route in conversation, when suddenly Madox Brown's talk came to an abrupt full stop; he started as though struck by some very disquieting thought, and wildly plunged round in his various pockets, blank dismay depicted on his countenance the while. "Good heavens, Gill!" he exclaimed, "I have forgotten my card of admission! What am I to do?" "Your card of admission!" replied his amazed friend, "surely you can get in without that?" "No, no," answered Madox Brown in despair, "they will never let me in—they don't know me!" Fortunately, however, Mr. Gill was provided with the necessary passport, and he thus played the distinctly original role of getting an artist admission into his own show.

Musical M.D.'s of the Future.

A PATIENT having been cured of smallpox by the witching strains of a violin, a contemporary thinks it not at all unlikely that it may ere long be discovered that music has a therapeutic value heretofore undreamed of. Music may in time become a most important branch of medical science, and the doctor of the future may, after diagnosing his case, take a violin or a cornet from his bag, as the case may demand, and render the wedding march from "Lohengrin," or Schubert's "Serenade," according to the progress the malady has made. Different tunes rendered on different instruments, in various tempos, may become necessary at critical moments, and this will naturally develop a new science—that of writing musical prescriptions. Musical boxes and orchestrions may yet be used in hospital-wards, and the shops in which sheet music and musical instruments are now dispensed are likely to be the drug stores of the future. Patent music is a possible successor of patent medicine, and we may yet take a five-minute dose of "Lanigan's Ball" adagio, or a seven-minute-and-a-half dose of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words" andante, for our neuritis or neurosis. Medical music and medical science will be one, and the scalpel will be supplanted by the mandolin, and the clinical thermometer by the piccolo.

Say—Yes, sir; when I was in New York a sharper robbed me of fifty dollars. Hay—Why didn't you call a policeman? "Well, I thought fifty dollars was enough."—Philadelphia "Press."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

She tore the letter into a thousand fragments, and ground them into the lilies of the velvet carpet beneath her heel.

But they must not be found there; they would bear witness against her.

She would place them in the grate, and make sure this letter was safely burned.

She had not noticed that a passing breeze caught up one of the fragments and bore it far beyond her reach; the rest she burned carefully this time.

In half an hour Aleck returned to her.

"What! not ready yet, my darling?" he said, caressing the lovely curly, golden hair. "Why, what is coming over my little Daisy? She used to be the soul of punctuality."

"I am not going, Aleck," she said. "You must go without me. I have a headache. I am going to lie down and rest."

"Then all pleasure in the drive is lost for me, dear," he said. "I will sit here with you."

"No, no, Aleck!" she cried. "You must not—indeed you must not! I want to be left alone—alone!"

She insisted so strongly that he should go that finally Aleck submitted.

"You must not hurry back, Aleck," she whispered—"indeed you must not!"

Aleck had been gone quite half an hour before he remembered that he had not given her the money he had in his breast pocket for her, and gave orders to return home at once.

She should not grieve one unnecessary moment, his beautiful, tender little Daisy, he thought, hurrying up the broad stairway two steps at a time.

He knocked gently, but there was no response; Daisy had evidently lain down to rest.

One of the maids passing opened the door for him.

He intended laying the packet beside her, and quitting the boudoir without awakening her.

His amazement was great to find that she was not there.

What, gone! after telling him so emphatically she would not leave her room, she was too tired. Aleck was puzzled.

Had the letter she had received anything to do with her strange behavior?

Whom could it have been from?

He was just about turning away when a crumpled bit of paper on the floor caught his eye, and mechanically he stooped and picked it up, and as he smoothed it out he saw that there was writing on it.

As his eyes ran over the written scrap every vestige of color left his face.

Once, twice, thrice he read it through, leaning heavily against the marble mantel, every word seemed to dance in letters of fire before his mental vision. The bit of paper contained but these words.

"Will be at the corner of O and H avenues at three, prompt, this afternoon; do not fail to come."

The chirography was decidedly masculine. Who was it that dared write thus to Daisy?

Had she gone to keep the appointment? A thousand slumbering demons of jealousy awoke in his heart at the thought.

He sprung from his chair, his face white as death, his features working convulsively.

"I must—I will know the meaning of this!" he cried, smiting his forehead, on which the veins stood out like whip-cords, with his clinched hand. A moment more and he was in his carriage.

"Drive as quickly as you can to the corner of O and H avenues. You shall have double fare if you reach there in five minutes."

The man touched his whip to the horses, and the vehicle flew over the road to their destination, which was but a few blocks off.

"There is quite a crush of carriages ahead. I can get no nearer for a few moments yet, sir," said the driver, touching his hat respectfully, as he appeared for a moment at the door.

Aleck sprung from the coupe and hurriedly approached the corner on foot, and was just in time to see a flashily-dressed young fellow, who had been pacing restlessly up and down the pavement, hastily enter a coupe in response to the beckoning of a hand that was thrust through the window.

Aleck could almost have sworn, excited though he was, that the white hand was Daisy's; but all in a moment the coach door closed upon the man, and amidst the crush of vehicles he lost sight of the carriage.

For one moment Aleck stood like a man stricken dumb upon the pavement. Great God! what could it mean?

He would as soon think the angels up in heaven could be false, as little Daisy.

Had he not chosen her from the whole world of women for her simple purity?

Had he not loved her because she was as free from guile as a little child?

What could it mean?

He staggered back to his carriage, the fiery jealousy of the Hamiltons beating like burning lava through his veins.

"Do you see that coach ahead?" he cried hoarsely to his driver. "The one just ahead with the black horses attached to it?"

"Yes, sir," replied the man, rather startled at the white face and flashing eyes raised to his own.

"Overtake it—drive alongside of it."

The carriage, which indeed contained poor, hapless Daisy, and the man she had been forced, as it were, into an interview with, had moved quickly on toward the park.

It was no easy matter to drive alongside of it owing to the crush of vehicles.

"There is little use trying it, sir," declared the driver, at last, "unless you are willing that I should signal the driver of that other cab. Then it will stop and we can drive up."

"Loose no time in stopping it!" commanded Aleck, sharply.

What if it were Daisy within? He told himself, if it were, there would be bloodshed; there was nothing which could excuse it.

The cab ahead was signaled, and stopped, the carriage containing Aleck driving rapidly up. Another instant and they would be side by side.

CHAPTER XVIII.

"You are in my Power."

When Daisy entered her carriage,

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Wiles of Woman.

GEORGE AKERSIDE "did" the book reviews for the Tolchester "Courier," and wrote the more flippant editorials. He had a smart style, a general, if somewhat superficial, knowledge on a large number of subjects, and was looked upon by many of his brother journalists as a coming man. George himself thought that he was the coming man. His reviews were conceded by all but the authors interested to be quite amusing, and the "Courier" had justly obtained a name for merciless use of the literary pillory. When George Akerside got hold of a really bad book he exulted as a strong man about to run a race, and such was the feeling which possessed him as he turned over the leaves of "Her Heart a Target," by Mona Mulready. The fact that the author was a woman did not weigh with him one iota. The book was trash unadulterated, with an occasional soupcon of mild impropriety, and abounded in opportunities for the exercise of his peculiar gift. Slipshod grammar, ill-constructed sentences, and glaring improbability of plot, he handled with the light and graceful touch of an expert, and when he conned his review over, before consigning it to the hands of the printer, he felt with a glow of satisfaction that he had surpassed himself. He read it to the managing editor, who laughed heartily, and said it was rather a shame to handle a woman's first attempt without gloves.

"Gloves be hanged!" replied George. "There are too many fancying they can write nowadays. Anything that will discourage that sort of people, irrespective of sex, is a positive boon to humanity."

"You wrote a novel yourself, once, George, didn't you?" asked the managing editor, rather unkindly, and the reviewer went away without replying, for his work had proved a painfully slow sale, and he disliked to be reminded of it.

When George Akerside had concluded his Saturday's work by a personal supervision of the make-up of "Timely Book Chat," in which his review of Mona Mulready's novel occupied a leading place, he decided to treat himself to a few hours of recreation, and betook himself to Springfield Park, a summer resort, lying within a few miles of Tolchester. He was not a person of strong gregarious instincts, but was by no means averse to agreeable feminine society at times, and when he encountered an old friend, a Mrs. Walthorpe, accompanied by one extremely pretty girl, and one particularly plain one, he readily accepted an invitation to join the party. Mrs. Walthorpe introduced him to her companions as the literary critic of the "Courier," and George noticed that both girls regarded him with appreciative interest, in which a flattering infusion of alarm at contact with so eminent a literary personage was apparent.

In order to dispel any consciousness of inferiority on the part of the young ladies, George laid himself out to be agreeable, and succeeded so well that before long he found himself tete-a-tete with Miss Katharine Garniture, the pretty one, and conversing on terms of delightful familiarity.

Although she did not say so in so many words, Miss Garniture deftly conveyed the impression that she felt herself highly honored by his attentions, and, being a clever girl, as well as a pretty one, made such good use of her opportunities that George began seriously to doubt whether his frequently-expressed views on the advantages of a bachelor existence were not based upon radically unsound premises. He eagerly accepted Mrs. Walthorpe's suggestion that he should remain for tea at her cottage, and when, at the conclusion of the meal, that lady suggested that Miss Garniture should show him a darling little bit of scenery up the river, he felt that she was a friend worth having.

"It must be a terrible thing to be a literary critic," said Miss Garniture.

They had inspected the scenery, which George, looking hard at Miss Garniture's blushing countenance the while, had pronounced one of the most perfect pieces of God's handiwork he had ever seen, and now they were drifting comfortably down the slow current, the girl idly dabbling her hand in the water and George leaning on his oars watching her.

"Why do you think it is so terrible?" asked George, indulgently. Really this girl was charming.

"You are so horribly severe," she replied. "I always turn to 'Book Chat' the first thing when I get the Sunday paper. I cannot help laughing over the reviews, but I cannot help feeling sorry for the poor authors, and—and I am afraid."

"Why should you fear?" said the young man, laughing. "You are not an authoress, are you?"

Miss Garniture blushed in evident embarrassment. She withdrew her hand from the water, and fell to examining a massive diamond and sapphire ring.

"You ought to feel for me," she said at last, in a low voice. "You are an author yourself. I—I read the 'Throes of a World,' and I liked it so much. I seemed to feel a strong man's life throbbing through it."

"And what did you think of the character of Alan Despard?" asked George, glad to find someone who had read and appreciated his magnum opus.

"I thought he was just too lovely for anything," replied the girl, enthusiastically.

"Oh!" said George, blankly. Alan Despard was the villain of the book, and the author had done his best to paint him in the blackest of color.

"But, tell me," he continued, swallowing his discomfiture, "why are you so interested in the book reviews? Have you tried your hand at authorship?"

Once more the girl blushed divinely, and shot a fleeting, tremulous glance at the young man out of an entrancing pair of violet eyes.

"Have you?" she said, softly, with her gaze once more on the water. "Have you read a book called 'Her Heart a Target,' by Mona Mulready? Good gracious! Why are you beginning to row so fearfully hard?"

"I have just remembered an appointment," cried George, in great agitation. "A most important appointment. I must get to town at once!" He stopped rowing for a moment to look at his watch, and thrust it back into his pocket with a something that sounded very much like an oath.

"If you are in such a desperate hurry," said Miss Garniture, sweetly, "you can save time by landing at that little point and taking a short cut through the wood to the street car line. I don't mind rowing home by myself in the least. I am often out here alone. We can finish our conversation some other time, you know," she added.

"If you wouldn't mind," said George, dubiously, as he headed the boat for the shore. "It is really important, you know."

"I am quite vain enough to believe that it must be," Miss Garniture replied, with a smile that completely finished her companion.

"And I may call and see you again?" George asked, as he sprang ashore.

"I shall be delighted. It is so seldom that a girl has the opportunity of talking to a clever man."

"Monday afternoon?" hazarded George, intensely flattered.

"Monday, by all means," Miss Garniture replied, "but hurry. I should never forgive myself if you missed an appointment on my account."

She watched him out of sight, waving her handkerchief as he turned to look back at a bend in the path, and then she pushed the boat off, and rowed leisurely homeward, smiling softly to herself.

"Well," queried Mrs. Walthorpe, as Katharine entered the little sitting-room.

"It is well," replied the girl. Then she burst out laughing, and went up to her own room.

* * *

The foreman of the composing-room was superintending the locking-up of the last form of the supplement when George Akerside made a headlong entrance.

"Is the 'Book Chat' page broken up?" he asked, between gasps.

"No, it ain't," replied the foreman, "but the plate's on the press, and we start running in fifteen minutes."

"Thank God!" cried George. "You'll have to cast a new plate. I've got to make some alterations in one of the reviews. Now, it's no use kicking, old man. We can't let it go the way it stands and hold our jobs."

He snatched a handful of proofs from a hook, and, disregarding the uncomplimentary remarks of the outraged foreman, rushed down to his office.

It is no easy matter to convert curses into blessings at a few minutes' notice, and so George found to his cost, as he ran his eye over the devastating sentences of his review. The beginning was not promising. "While 'Her Heart a Target' can scarcely be called a welcome addition to modern literature, Miss Mulready has undoubtedly deserved the thanks of a large number of literary aspirants. She has demonstrated that there exist publishers who are apparently willing to accept a work on the unsupported recommendation of the author."

With a few scratches of the pen he changed this to read: "'Her Heart a Target' can, without flattery, be called a welcome addition to modern literature, and Miss Mulready has undoubtedly earned the thanks of a large number of intelligent readers." There were certain passages which defied all attempts at remodeling, and had to be eliminated altogether, particularly a collection of paragraphs, carefully culled from the work, and prefaced by an introduction to the effect that "The following extracts, selected at random, may be fairly quoted as examples of the author's style."

By these excisions the review was abbreviated to about one-half its original length, but what was left was crammed so full of effusive commendation that George could not help wondering, in the midst of his relief, what the managing editor would say when he read it. He handed the proofs to the foreman, soothed his irritation with a couple of choice cigars, and a little judiciously administered flattery, and went home to enjoy, in anticipation, his approaching interview with the charming Miss Garniture.

To the managing editor on Monday morning George candidly confessed the reason for his sudden change of front, and that gentleman, who, beneath a matter-of-fact exterior, hid the workings of a romantic soul, cheerfully bade him "Go in and win."

"It's high time you were getting married, George," he said, "and you might drop in to-night and let me know, on the quiet, how things are going."

When George reached the Walthorpe cottage, he found Miss Garniture alone in the sitting-room, with the "Courier" supplement in her hand. She greeted him with charming cordiality.

"How good you are," she said. "I have just been reading over your review for the tenth time. You do put things so nicely. Do you know, I have a strong suspicion that you rushed off in such a hurry on Saturday night on purpose to write that article. Now, confess."

"We were intending to keep it for next Sunday," George replied, disingenuously, "but I felt sure that you would be anxious to see what we had to say about the book. I am glad you are pleased."

"It is just lovely," replied the girl. "If I ever write a book, I hope you will review it."

"'If you ever write a book!'" echoed George, laughing. "Why, you have written a book, haven't you?"

"I?" replied the girl. "Good gracious, no! What makes you think that? I couldn't write a book to save my life."

"Do you mean to say," cried the young man, gasping in bewilderment, "that you are not Mona Mulready?"

Miss Garniture laughed, a little nervously. "What a ridiculous idea!" she said.

"But you said on Saturday night—"

"I never said that I was the author, surely, Mr. Akerside, but I did want you to know that I was interested in the book. It was written by a—by a very dear friend of mine."

"Then I may still be happy in the thought that I have rendered you a slight service?" said George, somewhat relieved.

"A great service, Mr. Akerside," replied the girl. "You have no idea how anxious he and I both are that his book should be a success."

"He!" cried George. "Do you mean to say that Mona Mulready is a man!"

"Isn't it an absurd nom-de-plume?" replied Miss Garniture, "but Edward insisted that women's books were more popular just now. I don't know that I ought to have told you, but I am sure you will not talk about it."

George laughed bitterly. "I am the last person likely to talk about it," he said. "May I ask when Edward—I don't know his other name—is likely

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18c., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 2 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 3 1-3 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 82. There were 198 new cases in September, 369 in October, 478 in November, 904 in December and 1,295 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

A Cheerful Prophecy.

THE animal that cannot be trained to keep its wits about it on the approach of a motor car must disappear. Its stupidity, filth, sloth, fear of everything and useless size prove to the most conservative that it must go. The horse that will not stand a motor car may be the delight of its owner, but it is a public nuisance and a public danger, and ought to be shot like a mad dog. Horsemen have no right to bring unmanageable brutes into the public highways, to the public danger, and it is time this elementary justice should be recognized. The motor is going to become the means of locomotion for all light transit, and by the ordinary roads as they exist to-day. It is the pedestrian and the horse that have got to give way. The horse in traffic, if he chooses to bolt, is uncontrollable. The motor, from the lightest bicycle to the heaviest car, is perfectly controllable, occupies half the space, and travels now through the congested streets at double and treble the speed of any horse-drawn vehicle. The only thing the two have in common is that at times they both refuse to go.

The unobservant talk of the accidents that would happen. The accidents will be a great deal fewer in number. A conclusive proof of this, to any one with any sense, is the fact that in the thousand miles tour no one, I believe, was hurt, though the roads were lined with spectators. In the race from Paris to Berlin, three days, and the tour around Italy, ten days, but two children were killed, the result entirely of their own carelessness or that of their parents. Suppose, for a moment, that in France a hundred and ten teams, or, rather, droves, of horses—there were a hundred and ten motors—ranging from fifty in a bunch down to two—this was the horse-power of the machines—had been let loose and driven at top speed for three days on the public roads. Will anyone tell me that thousands of people would not have been killed, that hundreds of drivers would not have lost their lives as well? But that would have been described as sport. . . . The only danger to be feared from the motor car is to its own driver, the only drawback is its own imperfection. Read the reports of automobile accidents: proportionately, there are far fewer than from any other form of locomotion, and in nine cases out of ten the accident occurs to the driver or the occupant of the car; in the tenth case it is owing to the stupidity or the carelessness of the person who gets in front. The average pedestrian has simply got to learn to keep out of the way, and that is the end of it.—Joseph Pennell in "Contemporary Review."

The snow pile is frozen. You slip!
you stumble!
You slip!
You tumble?
You are up in the air
For a second or so,
But while you are there
It has thawed, don't you know.

You get back to the ground
And you are drowned.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITER. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 8th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

Chimmie—Say, d'yer know dat Billy's one o' de directors o' de [illegible] now?

Jack—G'wan! Is dat right?

Chimmie—Sure! He directs people to deir seats.—Philadelphia Press.

The hospitality of Scotland is quite as well established as the hospitality of Ireland, but the canniness of the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, is likely to assert itself at any stage. As the Scotsman tells this story, it cannot be suspected of proving false to his own countrymen:

An Irish friend insisted that a Scotsman should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the car fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last glass.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll have no more o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements [illegible] you I'll [illegible] have a toss for it! We'll just [illegible]

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents, scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Beckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching. Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort, Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 18, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Peterborough Light and Power Co are putting in a number of new poles on Water street.

—Mr. James Dolan will begin to-day opening goods. He hopes to be ready for business in a few days.

—Go and see the lovely photos at the entrance to Whiten's studio. Nothing to equal them in town. No common work made at Whiten's studio, 158, Hunter St.

—Hon. J. R. Stratton will address the electors of East Northumberland upon the political issues of the hour at Hastings on Monday evening next.

—The Times extends its sincere sympathy to Mr. S. Frank Wilson, publisher of Truth, Toronto, in the death of his estimable wife. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were married 34 years ago, by the Rev. Dr. Briggs.

—The following question will be put to every candidate for the Legislature by the prohibitionists: "Are you in favor of the prohibition of the liquor traffic to the full extent of the ascertained powers of the province?

—Mr. Robert Sturgeon, the chief plumber and Sanatarian for the Central Canada Loan and Savings Co., has put six complete baths in the Grand Central hotel building, which is being turned into flats.

—Albert Gibson, who left on Thursday night for South Africa, was previous to his departure, presented by his fellow employees at B. F. Ackerman's, with a well-filled purse.

—The Young Men's Guild of St. Andrew's church, presented Geo. MacDonald, who left for South Africa on Thursday night, with a nicely-bound packet edition of the New Testament with name and occasion engraved.

—At the police court yesterday morning Pte. Brooks, who will leave with the remaining Peterborough representatives for South Africa, was fined $1 and 17 cents for running down a young lady at the corner of Aylmer and Hunter St. some days ago.

—Mr. John Finlay, Reeve of Norwood, received by express a few days ago a handsome gold headed cane. It is a gift from the members of the C.W.A. of Toronto to Mr. Finlay as a mark of their appreciation of his services in bringing about a satisfactory solution of certain differences.

—The citizens of Keene held a meeting in the town hall a few days ago and formed themselves into an association entitled "The Keene Improvement and Beautifying Association." They decided to turn out bodily on Arbor day and clean all the streets of refuse, as well as to plant trees where they are needed.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social matter either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss Wright, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. F. Cobb, has returned home to Tweed.

—Mr. Andrew Pearson, of Barrie, has secured a position with Mr. R. A. Dutton, town.

—Miss Jean Anderson, of Ayr, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. T. L. Anderson, London-St., has returned home.

—Mr. A. R. Evans, of Queen's University, has been appointed to the Presbyterian mission in Chandos. He was in town yesterday.

Port Hope Guide,—Mr. Walter Pilling Peterborough, was in town to-day. He came in to say good-bye to his brother Jack, who has enlisted for service in South Africa.

—Miss Aggie Barnett, sister of Mrs. W. E. Lech, has received the appointment of head nurse of the Portage la Prairie General Hospital. Miss Fahner, also graduate of the Nicholls Hospital Training School for Nurses, is superintent of this hospital.

—Yesterday afternoon about one o'clock Mr. Frank Perry, accountant at the Lock Works, was taken suddenly ill, and for some hours appeared to have lost consciousness. He was removed home and medical aid summoned. His many friends will be pleased to learn that he is now recovering, and will, it is expected, be as well as ever in a few days.

To Succeed Dr. Andrews

On Thursday last Rev. D. D. McDonald, of Caledonia, was elected by a vote of the congregation, to the vacant pulpit of the late Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Keene. It is understood that several names were before the congregation, and that Mr McDonald was finally the unanimous choice. The salary is $800 per year with free manse and three week's holidays.

Married in Toronto

Toronto Globe,—A quiet wedding took place last evening at the residence of Mrs. Montgomery, 200 Bathurst street, Toronto, when her daughter, Miss Jennie Montgomery, was married to Mr. W. A. Doidge, of this city. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Gertrude Montgomery, and the groomsman was Mr. E. Doidge, of Peterborough, brother of the groom. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. O. Johnston. Mr. and Mrs. Doidge left on the 6.15 train for Niagara Falls, New York, and other places, accompanied by the best wishes of their many friends.

The Story of Morning Tiredness

is told by impure blood, poor digestion, sluggish liver and tired nerves. It is a warning of very serious trouble ahead, and should prompt sensible people to take a bracing tonic like Ferrozone, an energetic invigorant and rebuilder. Ferrozone will give you a sharp appetite, promote good digestion and sound sleep; it will feed and energize the enfeebled organs, strengthen the nerve and vital forces and regulate the heart. Ferrozone changes that tired feeling into vigor, strength and ambition, and does it quickly. Remember the name, and insist on having only Ferrozone; its the best tonic made. Price 50c. per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50, at Ormond & Walsh's.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

WANTED TO-DAY

Experienced dry goods clerks. Apply to-day to

JAMES DOLAN

The Band Concert

The band concert last night was as usual a great success, the numbers being all particularly good. The singing of master Regie Deacon the boy soprano, was well received, and made an agreeable variation in the programme. The attendance was good.

THE BOWLING CLUB

Annual Meeting Held Last Night and Election of Officers

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Lawn Bowling Club took place last night, in the board room of the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company. Dr. Boucher, President in the chair. The following officers were elected.

Patrons,—Hon. J. R. Stratton and James Kendry, M.P.

President,—Robt. Kerr.

Vice President,—Dr. Moher.

Sec.-Treas.,—Alf Tyrrell.

Executive and Lawn Committee: The officers and Messrs. J. M. Brooks, Geo. Giroux, M. E. Green and Harry Rush, jr.

Messrs. H. Lebrun, Frank Bell and Geo. Giroux were appointed to secure new members and report.

After transacting some detail business, the meeting adjourned until the evening of Thursday, May 1st.

"YOU MEAT EATERS"

The Baltimore Man Says Things

You meat eaters who are ailing in any sort of way might take a valuable hint from the following:

A gentleman in Baltimore writes, "For a long time I steadily ran down because of an intense pain in my side, and also in the pit of my stomach. I was miserable and everything I ate caused distress. I fell away from 185 pounds to 150, Lost all my ambition for work, was drowsy all of the time, felt tired in the morning as I did upon going to bed at night.

I was a steady meat eater three times a day for several years. Somebody told me that if I would change my diet and take Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food at two meals in the day I would improve. I made the experiment and in less than two weeks began to improve very rapidly. My appetite came back, and I slept better than I had for months.

I used Grape-Nuts both at breakfast and lunch, and ate a little meat for dinner, but not much. I discovered that a few teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts would furnish more nourishment than quantities of meat.

My improvement has continued until now I weigh 195 pounds, which is a gain of about 45 pounds in five months, and I feel in magnificent condition. Please do not publish my name if you use this letter, but I will gladly tell any person of the benefits received if self addressed stamped envelope is sent." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Bovril

Nourishes

and—

Strengthens.

Bovril contains in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form all the nourishment of Prime Ox Beef. It imparts to the body that natural healthy glow, which is the surest preventative against colds and chills. It is invaluable for invalids, who relish it when all other food is rejected.

SUFFERED THREE YEARS. CATARRH OF STOMACH.

MISS EVELYN MORSE

Miss Evelyn Morse writes from 651 Adams Street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for nearly three years with catarrh of the stomach which no medicine seemed to relieve, until a friend advised me to try Peruna. Although skeptical, I tried it, and found it helped me within the first week. I kept taking it for three months, and am pleased to say that it cured me entirely, and I have had no symptoms of its return. I am only too glad to recommend it."—EVELYN MORSE.

Adis Brittain, of Sekitan, O., writes: "After using your wonderful Peruna three months, I have had great relief. I had continual heaviness in my stomach, was bilious, and had fainting spells, but they all have left me since using Peruna. I can now get around and do my housework, and think Peruna the greatest medicine I ever used."—Adis Brittain.

Mrs. Lizzie Blevins, 102 Bolivar street, Cleveland, Ohio, writes: "I candidly feel Peruna was the means of saving my life, for I suffered for months from catarrh of the stomach. Two bottles of Peruna cured me."—Mrs. Lizzie Blevins.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

CAPITAL - - - -	$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND - -	270,000

Head Office and Safe Deposit Vaults Southeast Corner Yonge and Colborne Streets.

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Under the approval of the Ontario Government the Corporation is accepted by the High Court of Justice as a Trusts Company, and from its organization has been employed by the High Court of Justice for the investment of Court Funds.

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Solicitors placing business with the Corporation are retained in the professional care thereof.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS of the Corporation provide an absolutely secure but inexpensive depository for TITLE DEEDS, JEWELY CASH BOXES, PLATE CHESTS and VALUABLES of every description; FIREPROOF SAFES of various sizes are immovably fixed in the FIREPROOF and BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS.

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YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
288 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

HER LIPS
HER CHEEKS
HER FEATURES

Seem to be drawn by Love's own hand, sang the immortal Dryden of a woman whose clear complexion alone rendered her divinely beautiful. No toilet emollient of the age is so beneficial to lips, cheeks or hands as

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

It acts like a charm in removing Crowsfeet, Wrinkles, Pimples, Redness, Roughness, Chaps, etc., prevents and removes Freckles. At drug stores—25c bottle. The

Hutchings Medicine Co
103 YONGE ST., TORONTO

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 16 Toronto street Toronto

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid, on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc, at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

FOUR WEDDINGS IN ONE DAY

Rev. Father Keilty, of Douro, has had a Busy Day Lately

Tuesday 8th inst., Rev. Father Keilty, of Douro, officiated at no less than four weddings in St. Joseph's church. The happy couples were:—

Mr. Patrick Shanahan, of Ennismore, to Miss Mary Frances O'Brien, daughter of Mr. Michael O'Brien, of Douro.

Mr. John McCarthy, of Douro, to Miss Mary Christie, of Douro.

Mr. Michael J. McManus, to Miss Mary Theresa Moher, daughter of Mr. Wm. Moher, of Douro.

Mr. J. Jas Allen, of Douro, to Miss Mary Agnes Leahy, also of Douro.

Miss Jones' Voice Greatly Improved

A startling improvement is noticeable in Miss Jones' singing. Her voice is stronger, and sounds clearer and sweeter than before using Catarrhozone, which is a wonderful aid to singers, speakers and ministers. Catarrhozone inhaler insures absolute freedom from colds, coughs and catarrh, clears the nose and throat, and prevents hoarseness and huskiness. Catarrhozone makes the voice brilliant and enduring, and is uncommonly well recommended by Prima Donnas, members of Parliament, lawyers, doctors, and thousands that use it daily. Better try Catarrhozone. Price $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Mackinlay's V.O.B. BLEND Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd.
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY, APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER.

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings

1,000 Feet Above Sea

Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

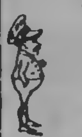
AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 40c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Manitoba Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

$12 WEEKLY for copying letters home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Company, 48 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

LADIES COPY LETTERS at home. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Supply Co., Dept. 110 Chicago.

-G H. NOBLE-



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is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO HON. G. A. COX, PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms,	$550
Frame house, stable and large lot..	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Postoffice

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 93 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY APRIL 21 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITISH CORRESPONDENT PRAISES THE CANADIANS

Detailed Account of the Great Battle at Hart River with Boers Now at Hand

London, April 21 — The telegraphic accounts are at hand of the fight with Delarey's forces on March 31, in which the Canadian Mounted Rifles suffered so severely and distinguished themselves so gallantly. The London papers are full of compliments of the Canadians. The Daily Express heads its account, "Gallant Stand Made by the Canadians;" the Daily Chronicle speaks of "Splendid Canadian Valor;" the pro-Boer Morning Leader refers to the "Heroic stand by a party of Canadian Rifles." The Daily Telegraph in its editorial comment on the engagement says, "Above all, the Canadian Rifles, still proving themselves worthy of the renown of Paardeberg, stood their ground with heroic gallantry, one party, under Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, fighting until every single man was either dead or wounded." The Times said editorially, "The further account of the fight with Delarey, which reaches us to-day, shows how severely the action was contested, and fully confirms earlier reports as to the splendid conduct of the Canadian Mounted Rifles under Colonel Evans. The regiment, as their commander, with the modesty of a true soldier, observes in his report to the Dominion Minister of Militia, "have undergone a severe test, and have acquitted themselves most creditably." The mother country is proud to hear the well-earned congratulations on their conduct which Lord Roberts has added to those of Mr. Chamberlain. They had comrades worthy of them in the field. Though they bore the brunt of the attack, the 28th Mounted Infantry and the Royal Horse Artillery showed a fine coolness and discipline in very trying conditions."

DAILY MAIL'S STORY.

It is strange that in none of the telegrams is any reference made to the fate of Bruce Carruthers. The Daily Mail published the following.

The Canadians who took such a prominent part in the last engagement with General Delarey are just out of Canada. Twenty per cent are old hands who rejoined after a short holiday.

With them is a section of trackers under Lieut. O'Callaghan, D.S.O., recruited from the North-West Mounted Police.

The contingent is described as a magnificent body of men and is under Col. Cookson. (The latter is evidently the brigade commandant.)

THE TIMES' ACCOUNT.

The Times's special correspondent sent the following account of the fight:

Kekewich's Headquarters, (30 miles south of Lichtenburg, April 21—Acting on intelligence supplied by Col. Woole-Sampson, Colonel Kekewich moved with Colonel Grenfell's and Col. Von Donop's columns on the night of the 31st to supply the main body of the Boers under Delarey, who were known to be near the junction of the Great and Small Harts Rivers. It was arranged that General Walter Kitchener should co-operate, moving west from his camp on the Small Harts River to the south end of Barberspan. The same afternoon, however, part of General Kitchener's force, sent out on a reconnaissance under Colonels Cookson and Keir, became heavily engaged with the enemy, and the force was consequently unable to co-operate with Kekewich. Distant gun firing was heard at this camp before the force moved in the evening, and a report received as the columns were starting that Cookson was engaged with the enemy made it unlikely that the Boers would remain where they had been located. But our movement was carried out, and after a night march of over thirty miles Kekewich reached Barberspan to find that the main body of the Boers had left.

According to information given by natives, it was Kemp who attacked Cookson, and after being driven off sent to Delarey for reinforcements. Delarey immediately collected all his available men and started with the avowed intention of attacking Cookson and Keir at night. If the threat was not carried out it was probably due to the fact, that delarey found them too strong.

According to later information Delarey has gone south.

A large quantity of stock and waggons had been collected at Barberspan. But Delarey gave the order to disperse on receiving news of Kemp's engagement, and nearly all had disappeared before the arrival of Kekewich's column's. Nine prisoners, however, were captured, besides 20 waggons and some hundreds of cattle.

The force bivouacked at the junction of the Small and Great Harts rivers, and, after a drenching night, returned to this camp, having covered 70 miles during the time they had been absent.

REUTER TELLS OF THE FIGHT

Reuter's special service furnished this story of the battle:

News has been received of an action between Delarey's forces, under the immediate command of Kemp and Potgieter and a British force, consisting of two columns commanded respectively by Colonel Keir and Colonel Cookson, the former comprising the newly-raised Artillery Mounted Rifles, and the latter the last Canadian contingent, Damant's Horse and two squadrons of Yeomanry. The scene of action was a farm called Doornbalt, a few miles south of the place where Delarey fought his successful engagement with Lord Methuen. The result is a distinct blow to the prestige of Delarey, who twice within a fortnight has suffered serious loss.

Further details state that Colonel Cookson's and Colonel Keir's columns, while reconnoitering towards Hart River, came upon the spoor of guns, and got into touch with the enemy. A long running fight ensued in a thick, scrubby country. On the columns coming into the open ground, large reinforcements for the Boers appeared and attacked both flanks with great determination. Our force hastily entrenched and took up the defence. The enemy pushed close up, but our men, behaving with great steadiness, poured in a heavy fire, and the Boers flinched and retreated, in spite of the efforts of their leaders to renew the attack.

Delarey and Kemp were both present, and personally urged their followers on, but the enemy had suffered too seriously for more fighting. They, therefore, abandoned the attack and hastily retired.

All arms behaved with magnificent steadiness, the 28th Mounted Infantry doing excellent work, while the new Canadian Rifles maintained the reputation of their countrymen, one party under Lieutenant Carruthers sticking to their position until every man was killed or wounded. The Royal Horse Artillery Rifles showed imperturbable steadiness, allowing the enemy to approach to very close quarters, and then driving them back with a well-directed rifle fire.

FURTHER DETAILS

This was followed the next day by additional particulars, contained in the following despatch:

Klerksdorp, April 21.—Gen. Walter Kitchener on March 30 sent out Colonel Cookson on a reconnaissance in the direction of Doornbalt. Numbers of Boers were seen, and, the object of the reconnaissance being attained, Colonel Cookson returned to camp. On the 31st Colonels Cookson's and Keir's columns went out again in the same direction, and it was arranged that the main column should follow. Early in the day the reconnoitring columns got on the track of the Boers, and also of their guns. After they had driven scattered parties of Boers in front of them, large bodies of the enemy appeared on both flanks.

Anticipating an attack, Colonel Cookson waited for the convoy to come up, and then made preparations for defence, the position which he selected being open ground on the right bank of the Brakspruit, some twelve or fifteen miles south of Delarey's recent fight with Lord Methuen, farm houses on the right and left flanks being utilized.

Damant's Horse occupied the right front and the 28th Mounted Infantry the right flank, while on the left front were the 17th Mounted Infantry and the 2?th Mounted Infantry, with Kitchener's Fighting Scouts on the left flank. Canadians, under Col. Evans, held the extreme front, and Royal Horse Artillery Mounted Rifles the extreme rear.

The Boers opened the attack with three guns and a Pom-Pom, at one o'clock, from the left front, at a range of 6,000 yards, while a general attack was made from all sides. The Boer rifle fire and gun practice were excellent, but the shells did not burst well. Their effect, however, was to stampede the mules carrying provisions. The mules bolted from the main column in the direction of the 28th Mounted Infantry, who moved out to intercept them, Damant's Horse acting as a support.

The latter, however, were bearing the brunt of a severe attack, and had to fall back, now exposing the 28th Mounted Infantry to a still heavier fire. The force, which had all the sick in its charge, accomplished the move in perfect order.

The Boers advanced close to the Royal Horse Artillery, who were in support under cover of a farmhouse calmly waiting for the Boers until they were at close range, when they poured in a steady rifle fire, driving the enemy back. The Canadians in front were attacked by strong numbers, but gallantly repelled every attempt made by the Boers to get through. One party fought until all were killed and wounded. The last man, though mortally wounded, emptied his two bandoliers, and then broke his rifle to prevent it from falling into the hands of the enemy.

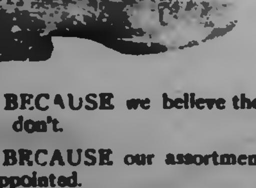
Our guns succeeded in silencing one Boer gun, while our forces, now in close order, repelled the determined efforts which the Boers continued to make under the personal exhortations of their leaders. Towards night the Boer fire slackened and finally ceased, and the enemy retired. The Boer losses are not known, but they must have been heavy. Our doctors saw 13 dead in one place, and the Boers' ambulance was seen making numerous trips. It is supposed that the Boers had concentrated to trek north, but it is not certain. They were certainly a strong force, numbering fully 2,500.

Our losses were also heavy. The stretcher-bearers, cooly carrying in the wounded under a heavy fire, behaved with great gallantry. The Canadians were very conspicuous, while the 28th Mounted Infantry and Royal Horse Artillery showed splendid discipline and steadiness.

THE CASUALTIES.

A comparison of the casualty lists as published in the English papers on the authority of the War Office, shows that the despatch sent to the Governor-General was correct in every detail, so that the mail does not bring any additional particulars on that point.

More Good Boot news



We think every Man, Woman, boy and Child in Peterborough ought to buy their SPRING FOOT-WEAR at

GOUGH'S

—WHY?

BECAUSE we believe those who buy here fare better than those who don't.

BECAUSE our assortments are so complete that none will be disappointed.

BECAUSE qualities, in material as well as in making, are free from all that is second-class and unworthy.

BECAUSE values here are all the best in town.

THE PROOF?—easy. Come and judge for yourself.

Good Hat News

You're pretty well posted on Hats from Goughs. You get just what you want CHEAPER than anywhere else in town. That's another feather in our cap.

Good Shirt News

We have full control of the O G Shirt Co. of St Hyacinthe, Qu., and are prepared to show the fittest assortment of Colored Shirts, including Stiff Bosoms and Soft Fronts, that ever came to Peterborough. We have also the best lines from Tooke Bros and The Imperial Shirt Co., Montreal, to choose from—making an extra fine assortment, from which the hardest to suit can find what will meet every requirement.

Gough Bros.

TULLY & MERRELL, Managers.

SHIPPING ARMY HORSES

Gen. Pearson Calls on Boer Sympathizers to Aid in Investigation

New Orleans, April 21.—Gen. Pearson, the South African burgher, returned from Washington to-day in response to a telegraphed request from Col. Crowder, who is conducting the government investigation into the alleged British army post at Chalmette, immediately upon getting here Gen. Pearson inserted advertisements calling upon all Boer sympathizers who might possess information touching the conduct of the British camp to meet him in the offices of his lawyers.

Gen. Pearson said he had been excellently received at Washington, and that sentiment there had recently grown very strong for the Boers. Referring to the peace talk in the papers, would be any successful issue of the negotiations, Gen. Pearson will see Col. Crowder during the day.

Col. Crowder said to-day that the reports that were sent over the country last night that he had decided against the British camp here were entirely imaginary so far as he was concerned, and that he had made absolutely no statements of his conclusions by inference or otherwise. Col. Crowder is keeping three typewriters busy in his office to-day.

Sure Cure for Sick Stomach

Such maladies as nausea, sick stomach, cramps and colic, yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from any of these complaints just keep Nerviline handy and take a few drops in water for quick relief. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is a comfort and safeguard in any household, and will save great suffering and big doctors' bills every year. Do you use Nerviline. Try it. Hamilton's Pills don't gripe.

NEWS OF THE WORLD BY WIRE AND CABLE

Interesting Events Transpiring in all Parts of the Globe

MISS STONE ON LECTURE TOUR

Birthday of Famous Woman—Lord Kelvin to be Honored

London, April 20 — Baroness Burdett-Coutts, the millionaire philanthropist, was showered with congratulations to-day on having reached her eighty-eighth birthday. There were a number of callers at her residence, all of whom were received and welcomed, although the health of the baroness has not been of the best during the past year. King Edward's congratulations, in the form of an autograph letter, were delivered by special messenger. The baroness is looking forward eagerly to the approaching coronation which she hopes to attend as she attended the crowning of Queen Victoria.

It is now more than a score of years since the baroness created surprise by taking for a helpmate the present Mr. Burdett-Coutts, who was William Lehmar Ashmead Bartlett, some time her private secretary. She was then 67 and he 29, but in the intervening years he has aged relatively far more than she. He has $200,000 a year settled on him.

BOXING

London, April 21—Jabez White and Bill Chester, the well-known featherweights, are slated to come together before the National Sporting Club to-night and keen interest is manifested in the result. The articles call for a ten round bout for a purse of $500 and a side bet of a similar amount.

MISS STONE LECTURING

Boston, Mass., April 21 — Miss Ellen M. Stone, the Missionary who was kidnapped and held for ransom by brigands, makes her debut as a lecturer here to-night. Miss Stone has been engaged to deliver 100 lectures in the leading cities of the country. The entire proceeds of the lectures, it is said, will be devoted to returning her ransom money, $69,000, and to her missionary work.

TO HONOR LORD KELVIN

New York, April 21 — The American Institute of Electrical Engineers and other scientific societies of New York will unite this evening in giving a reception in honor of Lord Kelvin, Past President of the Royal Society and one of the foremost of England's men of science, who came to this country to attend the installation of President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University.

The affair will be in the nature of a farewell demonstration as it is hardly probable that Lord Kelvin will ever visit America again. He is now more than 76 years old and quite feeble. Lord Kelvin, when 24, was elected Professor of Physics in the University of Glasgow, a chair which he occupies still. He was knighted in 1866 at the laying of the first cable, with which he was identified, and was created Lord Kelvin in 1892. His chief inventions have been the mirror galvanometer, the siphon recorder and the improved mariner's compass. He has elaborated also the work of Joule, his lifelong friend.

DUFFY VS. COUHIG

Chicago, Ill., April 21—Martin Duffy of Chicago and Tom Couhig of Dunkirk meet in a six round bout to-night before a local club. The men are regarded as evenly matched and as they have been anxious to meet in the ring for some time a lively set-to is expected.

FEAST OF THE PASSOVER

New York, April 21 — To-day ushers in one of the most strictly observed of all Jewish holidays, known as Pesach, and commonly called the Passover, or Jewish Easter. This holiday is observed throughout the world by orthodox and reformed alike by the change in the daily diet. Everything leavened is removed, and only unleavened food is consumed. The holiday is observed during one entire week, and during that time "matzos" take the place of bread, and all pastry is made from matzos and potato flour. The matzos is a large, round cracker, which is made of flour and water and baked hard and crisp.

Family reunions are among the pleasant features of the holiday, and members who may be absent from home during the entire year, appear at the family fireside during the celebration. The poor also are given special attention, and every family which is unable to secure the necessary food is furnished with enough for their wants by some one of the many charitable organizations.

WILD WEST SHOW

New York, April 21 — At Madison Square Garden this week Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show begins a season which will be its last in America, for several years at least. At the conclusion of its engagement in this city the show will go across the continent, taking in Arizona and other Western states which gave birth to the life it pictures, and for the first time in its eighteen years of existence will visit the Pacific coast states. With the close of the season the show will be taken abroad for a stay of possibly two years. Barnum & Bailey's circus will then close its long engagement in Europe and return to America.

ROMANCE IN AN EGG SHELL

Hoboken, N.J., April 21 — Jacob Miller, of Woodcliffe, near here, leaves on a motorcycle to-day for Annapolis, Ill., where he will see for the first time a pretty seventeen year old girl, Miss Edna Busby, whom he will make his wife. The young people have conducted a courtship by letter for the past six months. A hen's egg figures very prominently in the little romance. The girl's father is the owner of an egg packing establishment, and one day the daughter wrote her name and address on the shell of an egg before it was put in the case for shipment. The box containing the egg went to a Woodcliffe grocer. Miller was helping in the store and in opening the box noticed the inscription on the egg. He wrote a letter to the young woman, and to his surprise received a reply. The correspondence developed into a courtship which will culminate in a wedding when young Miller reaches the end of his cycle journey.

MAY EXACT BIG FORFEIT.

New York, April 21—The extension of time granted the John A. Roebling Sons' Company for the spinning of the carrying cables in the new East river bridge expired to-day, and if Commissioner Lindenthal, of the Department of Bridges, adheres to his expressed determination he will force the company to pay the city the $1,000 per day penalty provided for overtime. It is estimated that the work cannot be completed under six months, and on this basis it is computed that the penalties would amount to $112,000.

PRIMROSE DAY

London, April 19 — Primrose Day, the anniversary of the death of Lord Beaconsfield, who died April 19, 1881, was observed throughout the country to-day with customary zeal. About two-thirds of the people to be seen in the streets of London wore primroses in their buttonholes. The flowers were thick everywhere and the Beaconsfield statue was even more elaborately bedecked than usual. Beautiful wreaths, shields, crowns and other tokens from clubs and Unionist organizations were scattered in profusion around its base, attracting thousands of spectators. Numerous wreaths were placed also about the grave of the statesman in Hughendon churchyard. This evening several notable banquets were held in various parts of the country in observance of the anniversary.

Kingston, April 19.—The following letter was received by Robert Lawler of this city from Pte. A. Robinson, 20 Troop 'E' Division, South Africa Constabulary, South Africa:—

"Wonderfontein, Feb. 27,1902. — We are now camped at a place called Wonderfontein, guarding the line of communication between Vet River station and Hoopstadt. The British force has not been in Hoopstadt very long. The night they went in they captured two Boers who were on lookout on the church spire. Yesterday they came in under the white flag and surrendered. They said they were sick of the war, and they claim that the Boer commanders are starting to talk to the men of surrender.

"It looks just at present that the war will be over before long. I think it will be over by July 1st. You

Can't Get as Much Scrap

as you want now, but about six months ago you did not have to look for it. You could get it any old time. During Christmas week we captured 100 Boers and a week later 35. The British method of blockhouses is a great success. They don't have to send men when they want convoys escorted. That work falls on the blockhouses, the convoys passing close to them. The British have also taken in all Boers and Kaffir refugees off the farms they come to. They also take all stock, and destroy everything they can't take.

"The British captured last month a man by the name of Page. He is accused of several murders and also of blowing up an hospital train. He was taken prisoner twice and escaped both times. I think he will be shot. Major-General Baden-Powell went through here yesterday.

"I will tell you of an incident that happened the other night. I was awakened out of my peaceful slumbers about midnight by the sentry, who said there were

Mounted Men Approaching

"I got up. Seeing the objects who were supposed to be mounted men I said to him, "Fire one shot over their heads and see what they will do." He did so, and they started out in extended order. I then gave the order volley firing ready. After we had fired six volleys I crept outside the wire entanglement and saw some one running up the road. We went down and found it was a mule shot outright, and three were wounded, which had to be shot in the morning. They were six in all, and out of the six four were killed. Gen. Baden-Powell asked me about the shooting, and he said we were good shots. He only wished they were Boers.

"Remember me to all the Kingston boys. I have saved $300 this year, and hope to do better next. The reason I have not saved more is on account of foodstuff being so high.

London, April 19.—The Times contradicts the rumors of the purchase of steamship lines for the North Atlantic trade, and "wild statements" of wholesale transfer of fleets from the British flag to that of the United States. The Times says it is in a position to state definitely that an arrangement is being completed under which British shipping will be able to make a good bargain, and strengthen our present prospective position in the Atlantic trade. "It will be gratifying to the British public," says The Times, "to be assured that the arrangement involves no change in the flag and little or no change in management. In England the interests of the consolidation will be looked after by men intimately connected with shipping all their lives, and who will have the advantage of working in conjunction with the ablest shipping men in America and Germany' so that it is a real combination of shipping interests from which advantages will accrue to shareholders, travellers and shippers.

A BILLION MINUTES ELAPSED.

London, April 19.—Camille Flammarion announced at a meeting of the French Astronomical Society that one billion minutes had elapsed at ten minutes past six on the evening of the eighteenth since the beginning of the Christian era, January 1st, in the year one, being the starting point of the calculation.

UNEASINESS AMONG CHINESE

London, April 20.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Times says he is informed by an exalted Chinese official that recent despatches from Pekin indicate uneasiness in responsible quarters, on account of the anti-foreign feeling of troops in the north.

Montreal April 19.— The New York Central express which arrived at Windsor street depot yesterday brought 150 immigrants for the Northwest. This brings the number of new arrivals who have gone through Montreal this week for the prairie lands of the Dominion up to 2,000.

After this week the bulk of the immigrants for the Canadian West will come to Montreal by steamer. Up to the present time the immigration this season has been of the most gratifying character. The Canadian Pacific, Intercolonial, and Grand Trunk trains from St. John, N.B., Halifax, and Portland, Me., have brought up twice as many prospective settlers from the British Isles and the Continent of Europe as reached here last year at this date.

The immigration to Canada by way of New York has been exceptionally heavy, the arrival of from three to five car loads on the New York morning train being no unusual thing.

It has been noted, too, that the men are of a better class than usual, owing to the increasing efficiency in selection which has resulted from the personally conducted parties.

The immigration officials here state that the immigration from the Central States of the Union into Canada has been greater than has ever been known.

It is expected that the steamers due in Montreal next week will bring between to settle in the Dominion. There will be 700 Scandinavians, who are going up to the Clergue undertakings at Sault Ste. Marie. Altogether the season is expected to prove the best ever known in the history of the Dominion.

FATAL LAUGHTER.

New York, April 19.— Dr. Nathaniel M. Freeman, a wealthy retired physician of this city, died suddenly in the Archenomml Club, from heart disease. He had been playing chess when somebody told a funny story. Dr. Freeman was so convulsed with laughter that he was unable to resume the game. Suddenly he launched forward and died.

New York, April 19.—Structural steel manufacturers have advanced prices for immediate delivery $3 to $5 a ton over quotations recently current, says the Journal of Commerce, and the supply of steel billets throughout the country is so small that manufacturers are compelled to go abroad to purchase supplies for their mills. There is no famine as yet, although prevailing conditions, it is reported, make an approximation to the same. The scarcity of materials is particularly felt by small manufacturers, although the United States Steel Corporation also feels the lack of a necessary supply of billets.

The situation has a particular bearing on the question of steel rail supply. It is stated that the wants of the railroads will necessitate a much larger importation of rails this year than for some years past.

All the mills are practically booked for the entire year, and it will be found that more business will be carried from this year's books into 1903 than was carried from last year into 1902. The rail pool shows no intention at present of advancing prices.

HOLLAND'S QUEEN IN A CRITICAL CONDITION

Passed a Comparatively Easy Night and Is Still Conscious--Gloom Among the People

The Hague, April 21, 4.30a.m. The condition of Queen Wilhelmina remains practically unchanged. She does not lose consciousness, and has taken a little nourishment.

The Prince Consort and her physician left Castle Loo for a short time to-day. This is regarded as a favorable sign.

The heir-presumptive to the throne is a German Prince of the Orange blood, but the succession is understood. The Dutch constitution provides that, in default of a legal heir, the sovereign and States-General shall designate a successor. This has not been done, and the States-General will exercise the right of selection in case of the Queen's death.

A German Prince under the influence of Berlin will be distasteful to the Dutch people as a successor to the throne. The anti-British feeling caused by the Boer war has done something to mitigate Dutch prejudice, but has not overcome it. Queen Emma is popular with all classes, and may be made Regent.

Vessel Burned to the Waters Edge

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 21, 4.30 a.m. Reports from Olmstead, Ills. says that the Cincinnati and Memphis packet, City of Pittsburg, a large side wheeler, burned to the waters edge, near Turners Landing, to-day. When the City of Pittsburg left Cincinnati last Wednesday night for Memphis she had 21 passengers and a crew more than sixty. The local officers of the packet company say that some of these passengers have since reached their destination and others had been taken aboard during the past three days at points down the river, some of the passengers were from Pittsburg and other up the river points, even the names of the passengers who started from Cincinnati are not obtained, as the only register kept was in the pursers office on the steamer.

THE UNITED STATES TO ANNEX ENGLAND

At Least This is What Andrew Carnegie Would Like to See

AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS TALK.

And Believe That such a Union of English Speaking People is Possible

Special to the Times.

Louisville, Ky., April 21 — Mr. Andrew Carnegie thinks well of Cecil Rhodes' ambition for a union of all English-speaking peoples, but he does not agree with the South African Empire-builder, that these peoples should go to England. On the contrary, he says:

There is no other destiny for the United Kingdom. She must look across the Atlantic to the children of her own blood and finally enter the union as six or eight States—Scotland, Ireland and Wales, each one, and England divided into two, perhaps three.

The Louisville Commercial, one of the leading papers of the south, in referring to the above, says: According to this programme, and allowing six counties for Canada and taking in our present three territories, the greater United States would have a total of sixty members. And allowing twenty years for the consummation of this project, it is estimated that the total population would be 150,000,000. This sounds like a dream—even a "pipe dream."—but yet it is being discussed with every show of interest by a great number of historians and philosophers on both sides of the Atlantic.

PEACE IS ANTICIPATED ABOUT JUNE THE FIRST

General Impression is that the Boers will Al Lay Down Arms in About Six Weeks

London, April 21.—The general impression that peace would be made about June 1st was confirmed by Mr. Balfour's statement in the House of Commons yesterday. The policy of the Government in refusing an armistic in regard as a reasonable and sagacious exhibition of firmness. It may not be pleasing to pro-Boers, but it is manifestly the best policy. Military operations will be continued without reference to the conference, it is natural to assume that peace made too easily might not be permanent.

It is thought that the terms offered by Kitchener must have been definite, or the Boer leaders would not have dispersed to consult their commandos.

Items of Interest

New York, April 19.— Rarely at this season of the year, when the general trend of ocean travel is to the eastward, has any westward-bound liner brought so many saloon passengers as did the White Star steamship Teutonic, arriving yesterday from Liverpool.

More than usually replete with titles were the names that appeared on the extended list of saloon voyagers—Lords and ladies, rear-admirals and vice-admirals, colonies and captains, and K.C.B.'s. And, by way of contrast, these simple words, "Governor Hogg." Nothing else. But nothing else was needed to identify in this passenger the redoubtable Texan whose scorn of knee breeches outbalanced his desire of an audience with England's King.

"Certainly I refused to masquerade in any such middle-age frumpery as that," the former Governor of Texas explained, as he watched the examination of his baggage yesterday. "Fancy me in knee breeches, a tight-fitting silk coat, and a cocked hat, with rooster feathers stuck in it! Well, others may get themselves up in that rig if they want to, but I have not been taken that way yet."

"Why didn't you stay for the coronation ceremonies?" he was asked.

"Well, I don't go in much for coronations. Besides, I was over there on business—and pleasure," he added, reflectively. "I did want to see the King, but"—and he held one massive leg out for inspection—"no knee breeches for these."

"How would the Chinamen down in Washington feel if they were requested to come to the White House dressed in American clothes they had never worn before? Why should an American citizen, sir, lay out $350 on a uniform with which to go into the presence of royalty? I received an invitation to go before the King. It was a compliment. I would have liked to go. But they told me I must dress as a knight. I am no knight. I could not be a knight without laying aside, even though temporarily, my allegiance to my own country! So I didn't go!

St. John, April 19.—A remarkable case of suicide is reported at Hartland, this country. The body of Ambrose Crouse was found buried, and evidence points to his having buried himself alive. Crouse was 30 years of age, and had recently shown signs of mental unbalancing.

He disappeared from his home on Tuesday. One hundred men have been searching since Wednesday, and yesterday they found the body. Freshly-turned earth was discovered on a hillside and near by was a shovel. The searchers dug and under a few inches of earth came across Crouse's body. Evidence pointed to his having smothered himself; he had dug for himself a grave on the hillside, lay in it, and worked at the overhanging bank until it fell in on him.

An inquest will be held.

London, April 19.—John Redmond, Irish Nationalist, delivered a flagrant speech on the Crimes Act proclamation in the House of Commons last night. He described as infamous calumnies the stories that crime existed in Ireland. He said that the proclamation was an infamous conspiracy to foment crime in Ireland, where no crime existed. A hundred men, Mr. Redmond continued, stood ready to replace every man sent to prison in this struggle. They entreated Mr. Wyndham the Chief Secretary for Ireland, to change his policy; but, if he continued it, they would meet him face to face and give him blow for blow. Their answer to his coercion of Ireland would be to harden their hearts, strengthen their organization, and compel redress.

Mr. Wyndham replied that while there was a comparative lack in Ireland of crime against the person, the lives of people were made miserable by intimidation and boycotting.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 21, 1902.

THE FIGHTING FREE STATERS.

The latest development of the peace negotiations is peculiar. It will be remembered that originally the Free Staters had no quarrel with Britain. They were dragged into the war by the bumptious Transvaalers. Now the latter have had enough and are ready to make terms, but De Wet, Delarey and Steyn are still unsurfeited. After the capture of Cronje the Free Staters charged that the Transvaalers made undue haste to quit and with the exception of the battles of Diamond Hills and Belfast there was really very little further organized resistance in the Transvaal. Botha, with the exception of occasional forays to help De Wet, has shown great enthusiasm in the war personally since that time.

It would be curious now if the Transvaalers should make terms and the Free Staters continue the war alone, but it must be remembered that most of the blockhouse system is in the heart of the Transvaal and it has probably done much to discourage that section. Should the Transvaal accept terms of peace, the large proportion of the British forces could be turned into the Free State and the further resistance of the indomitable De Wet and Delarey would not be protracted.

CHILDREN'S EYESIGHT.

What shall a child gain in the way of a smattering of education if he lose his good eyesight. A London oculist declares that the large amount of defective eyesight among young people is due to the present condition of the education laws. No sooner are the children of the lower classes pushed away from their mothers' breasts than the school board officer swoops down upon them, and carries them off to the badly lighted and worse ventilated school room, where for about five hours per diem they strain their eyes in the endeavor to read small print and learn a smattering of French, painting and the 'ologies, embroidery and the grammar of music. Hence unnecessary strain often takes place, and the shape of the eye becomes gradually altered, accompanied, of course, by defective vision. The opinion of the oculist quoted is that seven or eight years of age is time enough for a child to begin schooling.

• • • •

The promptness and despatch with which that British loan was subscribed would not indicate that John Bull was reduced to the straits of taxing the poor man's bread, as some people blindly allege.

There Was One.

"Is there a man in all this audience," fiercely exclaimed a female lecturer, "that has ever done anything to lighten the burden resting on his wife's shoulders? What do you know of woman's work?"

"Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms and looking over her audience with superb scorn, "that has ever got up in the morning, leaving his tired, worn-out wife to enjoy her slumbers, gone quietly downstairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, darned the family stockings, scoured the pots and kettles, cleaned and filled the lamps, swept the kitchen, and done all this, if necessary, day after day, uncomplainingly? If there is such a man in this audience, let him rise up! I should like to see him!"

And in the rear of the hall a mild-looking man in spectacles, in obedience to the summons, timidly arose. He was the husband of the eloquent speaker. It was the first time he had ever had a chance to assert himself.

"What are you going to paint on this dazzling white canvas, may I ask?"

"That is a finished painting, miss. It is entitled, 'The Snow Storm.'"

"Why, so it is! How stupid of me! Isn't it beautiful?"—Chicago Tribune.

Little Mothers in Japan.

Although the Empire of Japan is said to be a "paradise of children," where they are allowed to do very much as they please, and where they seldom, if ever, cry, their life is not all play. The little boys and girls have their work to do, but in many skilful ways they turn work into play. Take, for instance, the little girls who have baby sisters or brothers to care for. They tuck the youngsters into their queer garments and go on with their games of ball. If the baby grows tired and begins to fret the "little mother" jounces it up and down over her shoulder with a peculiar thumping motion of her back, without stopping the game. All the time she sings some pretty song.

Dr. Chaillu's Animals.

In a long review of Paul Du Chaillu's "The World of the Great Forest," The Spectator, London, declares the book's only fault is the failure to supply all the details the reader wants to know about its furred and feathered heroes and heroines.

"Do the hippopotami, of the West Coast river really go across country for a swim in the Atlantic on moonlight nights?" asks The Spectator. "Where is the 'land of plenty' to which the monkeys migrate? What are the fish which regularly travel up the rivers from the sea in the dry season to spawn? Where is the place where the forest eagles cross that great continent to rear their young? These questions are among many suggested by the book.

"The description of the bathing of the 'hippo' 'trippers,' from their cautious entry into the sea to their return at 4 a.m., 'when each family went back to its shoal,' hardly bears quoting, but the idea is novel and amusing. The illustrations of the life of these creatures and of their seaside party by Mr. Gleeson are really admirable.

"The native names of most animals are short. An exception is that of the great forest eagle, the monkey-eater. It is one of the crested hawk-eagles, of which the native name is 'guanionien.' The difficulties of these birds' life when monkeys are scarce; their power of soaring to such vast heights as to be invisible to the monkeys, and of dropping down from the blue, whence their keen eyes see the monkeys on the tree-tops, of their hovering over the tops of certain trees on which fruit grows which the monkeys will probably come to gather—are all fresh and vivid."

A Canadian Herd Record.

The following letter is published by Hoard's Dairyman:—

Enclosed you will find a brief report of our dairy of twelve cows for the year 1901:—

No. lbs. milk for year..........	62,595
No. lbs. cream from same......	8,559
No. lbs. skim milk	54,036
Cream was shipped to Montreal and averaged me about 78 cents a gallon of 10 lbs., or.	$670.80
54,036 lbs. skim milk, 20 cents..	108.07
Total...	$778.87
Average milk per cow..	5,216 lbs.
Average money per cow	$64.90
Average of milk per hundred lbs.	$1.24½

You will see that I value the skim milk at 20 cents per hundred. I consider it worth this to me to feed at home. My cows are grade Durhams and Jerseys. We have a silo; have used it seven years, and consider it the cheapest feed we can raise here. Had about four acres last season, and had 65 double loads to put in silo. Thought we had nearly 60 tons. Am feeding it twice a day in winter, and find our cows do just as well. I have water in stable. Cows have only been out once this winter. Stable is well lighted, and has a ventilator in it. Cellar under stable, and in this way think we save the liquid manure. A.E.H.

Richmond, Que.

Give the Cows Sunlight.

The one thing that we think quite as important to them as either fresh air or exercise is that of which they are most frequently deprived in the old-fashioned stables of those who believe in having them out of doors during the day, and it may be that it is so necessary to their well-ing that a few hours' outing may do them good enough to counterbalance the injury done by being out in the cold.

Sunlight is as necessary to the thrifty and healthy growth of animals as of plants. Every stable or place where they are kept should be well lighted upon the south side, not only by having plenty of glass, but that glass kept clean enough to allow the sun to penetrate it freely. We have seen glass so opaque with cobwebs and dirt as to admit only enough light to allow one to grope his way about in semi-darkness. The "dim religious light" of the ancient and some modern churches is not good enough for a barn. We do not care for blue glass or other stained glass, but want a clear, clean, transparent glass, that will let in the full rays of the sun. Even double sashes of glass now cost but little more for the space they occupy than the siding and painted clapboards, or a single sash with a curtain to shut out the cold at night.

Not every one can afford new barns with the modern improvements, but many old ones could be so changed at small expense as to make the stables much warmer and lighter, and when this is done they will be found a better place for dairy cows than the barnyard when the temperature is below freezing or when there is a cold wind or rain.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

Almost ever since Bloemfontein has been captured a theatrical company has been playing there without intermission, and has been doing a good business.

The fruit grower should know every tree in his orchard, and he should go over the orchard frequently and satisfy himself that everything is favorable to the trees. Some trees may be backward in growth and he should endeavor to learn the cause. It may be due to a lack of plant food in the soil, to the pruning, to too much grass, to the mode of cultivation, or to insects; but a thoroughly competent fruit grower will discover the cause if possible, and remove it.

drawn from the udder as the last. In experiments made to test the matter it was found that the difference was so great that with some cows the strippings consisted almost entirely of butter fat. It is important, therefore, that milking the cows be done in a thorough manner, leaving nothing in the udder. If this is done the cow will not be so liable to become dry as soon as when the milk is not entirely removed at each milking. The practice of carefully stripping also serves as a check upon careless milkers, as the farmer can, and should, examine each cow after she is milked in order to observe if the milking has been done thoroughly. Where there is no supervision the milking is sometimes performed carelessly and at a loss to the farmer.

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—Chicago News.

For the Farmer.

Poultry Ailments and Remedies.

For Roup—Separate the sick from the well, put former in warm, dry quarters, inject camphorated sweet oil into their nostrils and throat. Give fresh water and nourishing food.

For frosted wattles or combs, prepare a salve of vaseline (one pound), spirits of turpentine, kerosene, oil of tar, and oil of sassafras, one spoonful each.

To prevent egg eating in fowls, make a paste of flour, red pepper, mustard and water; put into some empty egg shells, and place them where the hens will find them. One dose is enough.

For feather-pulled fowls, make an ointment of lard and sulphur, and rub on the bare spots if the feathers have come out because of parasites. There is no "positive cure" for fowls that pull feathers except the hatchet applied to the neck.

What is frequently supposed to be cholera is nothing more or less than indigestion. It may be caused by feeding too concentrated feeds and lack of grit and the drinking of impure water. Sharp grit is a necessity, and oyster shells furnish it.

Leg weakness is brought about largely by an unnatural forcing system. It is sometimes caused by improper feeding, lack of exercise, lack of variety in foods, dampness and cold. The converse of all this is the remedy

Colds are prevalent in fowls at this time of year. Coughing, sneezing and watery eyes and nostrils are sure indications. A simple cold can be dealt with effectually by putting the fowl in a warm place, and giving small doses of castor oil, say a scant teaspoonful. Canker is the worst form of cold or roup. Give water to drink into which a few drops of a solution of copperas has been put. Give no hard grain. A real case of roup is incurable, and the fowl might as well be killed first as last. It doesn't pay to doctor it unless worth its weight in gold. —Agricola.

Turkeys For Profit.

Mr. B. L. Davis, Meshoppen, Penn., writes to The New York Tribune Farmer:—

I have been fairly successful in raising turkeys for profit, and this is my method: I raise my own hens, keeping from four to six, and always selecting the finest specimens. I never mate them akin, but purchase the finest bronze gobbler I can get, keeping him until two years old. When it is time for them to begin laying, which is usually about April 1, I watch them carefully, as they are very sly about hiding their nests; but they are never lousy if permitted to do so. I gather the eggs every day, marking each one with date, keeping in a cool place and turning twice a week. I do not keep them longer than four weeks before setting. I have learned by experience that June is the month for turkeys, the weather being dry and warm, which is essential for them.

I do not allow them to set the first time they are broody. They break up easily and will begin laying within ten days. When the turkey wants to set the second time, I fix the nest carefully, giving her eighteen eggs, covering some brush over to protect from crows. At the same time I set a hen on nine eggs, giving all the poults to the mother turkey. They hatch in twenty-eight days, and must not be disturbed while hatching.

When the poults are twenty-four hours old remove them carefully from the nest so as not to injure them (for they are very tender) or frighten the mother, and place them in a triangular pen made from three boards 12 inches in width and 14 feet in length, placed in the orchard, where they will get the morning sun and the shade during the hottest part of the day. I feed the mother corn or buckwheat night and morning, and the little turkeys stale bread soaked until soft in sweet milk, with a dash of black pepper every other day. I squeeze the bread dry, only putting down a little at a time on a clean board, and taking care not to feed to much, as it will cause bowel trouble.

While in the pen I feed them four times a day—at 5 o'clock in the morning, at 10, at 2 and at 7 in the evening, supplying them with crushed eggshells, pure sweet milk and water at all times. I keep them in the pen until they are strong enough to jump out, which will be in from ten days to two weeks. After this feed mostly cornbread in the same way as the white, but only twice a day —early in the morning and in the evening—and let them roam at will; but if they are not at their feeding place by 5 o'clock I hunt them up, as I always feed them in the same place. They soon learn to come of themselves. As they grow older I give crushed oyster shells in place of eggshells. When ten weeks old they will need feed only evenings.

How Long to Keep the Dairy Cow.

The answer is short to the question, "How long should a dairy cow be kept?" Keep the cow only so long as she pays a gratifying profit. If no record is kept of profit and loss on the farm, neither man nor beast will get credit for services rendered. Every animal should have a ledger standing account. Even justice to man and beast alike is honorable. The farmer's methods in bookkeeping are not always commended by expert accountants. Business demands system, and that system must be correct. When the leaf is turned over in correct bookkeeping, the profitless live stock will be got rid of at the earliest possible moment. Profitless stock is the heaviest tax the farmer, dairyman and breeder is imperiously called upon to pay. The tax on real estate in comparison is only a feather weight in the balance. The farmer's son should be sent to a business college, if only for three months. The investment will pay a good interest for life.

It is more than probable that men who keep no profit and loss on stock have mortgages to pay interest on—that perpetual source of annoyance. No man of fine feelings lives as long or is so happy under the strain of interest paying as he who is free from debt. Small incomes pay off debts too slowly for much joy. Possession without debt is ennobling to manhood, and a rich mine of happiness for the home. Milk the cow only so long as she is profitable, then quickly turn her into beef and cash. —H., in New York Tribune.

Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—Chicago News.

Said a lady whose surname was Beaulieu:—
"Orthography's very unreaulieu.
The spelling of Belvoir
Is quite a deceivoir."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with your tuneulieu?"
—Chicago Tribune.

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As Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for womanly diseases. No one knows this better than the woman who has tried local doctors and many medicines and found no cure until she began the use of "Favorite Prescription." It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I was troubled for three years with ulceration and female weakness and my doctor gave me but little relief," writes Mrs. Lulu Hunter, of Allenton, St. Louis Co., Mo. "I saw an advertisement in the paper of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I began the use of it about a year ago. I took five bottles of it, and one bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and my health is better now than it was for years. I have also recommended these medicines to some of my friends, who suffered from female weakness, and good results have followed."

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Mrs. or Miss?

JUST as a sort of New Year's card, the Woman's Suffrage Society of Paris have issued a manifesto contending that, as woman in her maiden name accomplishes all the duties of a citizen, she does prejudice to her interests by sinking her identity and losing her individuality in adopting the name of her husband when she marries. Consequently, it seems on the tapis that in future, when Miss Smith marries Mr. Brown, she will still retain her maiden patronymic of Smith. Being married, she must of necessity be Mrs.; therefore, if she retains her maiden name of Smith, we shall have the weird anomaly of Mr. Brown and Mrs. Smith as man and wife. Now, supposing Mrs. Smith, otherwise Mrs. Brown, should, by any unforeseen event, meet with a Mr. Smith in the absence of her husband, and it should go forth to the world—in a hotel visitors' book, for instance—that they were actually Mr. and Mrs. Smith, where the dickens, in the event of trouble, would Mr. Brown come in? Mr. Brown might swear by all that was holy that Mrs. Smith was Mrs. Brown, but if Mr. Smith swore that she was Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Smith did not stoop to deny it, what jury outside a lunatic asylum could convict Mrs. Smith of playing fast and loose with Mr. Brown? It is a complex problem, to say the least of it; but if the Woman's Suffrage Society of gay Paree are not content to let well alone, I suppose they must put up with the consequences.

A Girl's Daring Feat.

IT seems hardly possible that a girl of sixteen should save nearly fifty people from a terrible death. Yet that is what Grace Bussell did, who may well be called the Grace Darling of Australia. It happened one day in December that a vessel was wrecked off the coast of Australia, a few miles from the Bussell home. The lifeboat on board the steamer was lowered, but it capsized and the eight people in it were drowned. So the rest of the crew clung to the sinking steamer. The surf ran so wildly that no one could dare swim through it, and there was not a house or person in sight. The girl, who was a splendid horsewoman, was riding along with a native servant. She caught sight of the vessel in distress; turning her horse's head toward the coast, she started him on a quick gallop. When she reached the sea she urged her horse into the angry surf. She rode boldly on till she reached the vessel. With great difficulty she took some of the children in her arms and put them before her on the saddle; then, with bigger children and women clinging to her dress, she started for the shore, gave those she had rescued to the care of her servant, and returned again to the wreck. So she went backward and forward for four hours, till all were safe on land, the servant having ridden to bring out the last man.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When Judge Barnard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one-cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said:

"I imagine, your Honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barnard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it." —New York Times.

Edison's Prophecy.

Mr. Edison's latest theory is that by and by we shall be able to do without sleep altogether, as by the more perfect processes of electric lighting it will be difficult to tell night from day, and we shall forget when bedtime comes round. The man of the future is evidently going to live pretty rapidly. It was only the other day that we were told that square meals would be a thing of the past in the good time that's coming. Instead of laboriously working your way through seven or eight courses, all you'll have to do will be to go to the nearest chemist and buy a few pills with the nourishment of a city dinner concentrated into each. In the face of these conditions one feels disposed to urge the race unborn to stay where they are for their own sakes.

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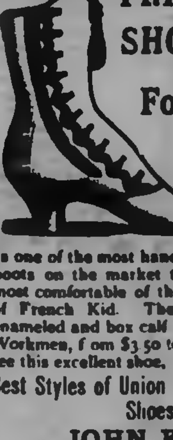

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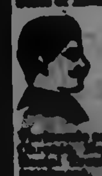

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Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 2 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 3 1-3 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 83. There were 188 new cases in September, 360 in October, 473 in November, 804 in December and 1,295 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

Recognized Their Old Friend.

THE love which English people, especially British soldiers, feel for Florence Nightingale has been shown at many times and in many places. A new and striking instance of it was recently given by the "Sunday Magazine."

The late Sir John Steell, sculptor to Queen Victoria, was modeling a bust of Miss Nightingale, when an officer of one of the Highland regiments which had suffered so cruelly in the Crimea heard that the bust had just been completed, and was in Sir John's studio. Many of the men in his company had passed through the hospital at Scutari, and he obtained permission from the sculptor to bring some of them to see it. Accordingly a squad of men one day marched into the big studio and stood in line.

They had no idea why they had been mustered in so strange a place. Without a word of warning the bust was uncovered, and then, as by one impulse, the men broke rank, and with cries of "Miss Nightingale! Miss Nightingale!" surrounded the model, and with hats off cheered the figure of their devoted nurse until the roof rang.

So spontaneous and hearty and so inspiring was the whole scene that in after days Sir John Steell declared it to be the greatest compliment of his life.

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18c., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

with the intention of keeping that strange appointment, her heart beat so fiercely she thought it would break with its weight of woe.

She drove directly to the place indicated, and standing on the pavement, evidently watching for her, she saw a graceful, handsome stranger.

The resemblance was so strongly marked, she knew he must be Janet's brother.

She raised her white, jeweled hand, and in an instant he was standing beside the carriage.

"Have you brought that letter that was intrusted to you?" asked Daisy, in a faint voice. "Here is the money—give me the letter."

"I shall be most happy to comply with madame's wishes if she will allow me but a few moments' conversation first," declared the handsome Frenchman, with a low bow. "I am going uptown; if you could take me in your carriage as far as the park—dropping me down there—I should be much obliged; besides, I have something to say to madame which she must hear."

Although his tone was smooth and respectful enough, Daisy could detect determination in it; she was in this man's power—she dared not refuse his request.

With a haughty gesture she moved the folds of her dress aside, and he seated himself in the coupe.

"I am sorry to know that such a beautiful lady as yourself is placed in the predicament this letter in my breast pocket shows you to be in," he said, and a merciful smile stirred beneath his heavy mustache, showing a set of dazzling white teeth, "but since it is so, and madame is so wealthy," he continued, "it is but right that you should share with those who keep your strange secret."

Daisy drew a little, quivering breath.

"You torture me," she cried. "Give me the letter—take the money and go. Leave me before I go mad!"

She snatched the roll of bills from her pocket book, and thrust them into his hand.

She saw him bow coolly, smilingly, as he counted the money over rapidly, then transferred it to his breast pocket; but to her consternation he did not hand her the letter, although she held one hand appealingly out to him, clutching her fair white throat with the other, as if for breath.

"I cannot part with so valuable a paper, even for the sake of so lovely a lady as yourself, for a meager sum like this," he said, tauntingly. "It is worth five times that amount to me. No matter what arrangements you made with Janet, you must make different ones with me. She did not realize what a veritable gold mine she had stumbled across. Yes, this paper goes to the one who will pay me five thousand dollars for it!"

Daisy threw up her cold, white hands in a gesture of despair that was heart-breaking to see.

"Don't—don't—I cannot bear it!" she gasped. "Oh, my God! my God! be merciful, and show me some way—any way—of escape from the meshes of the terrible net which is closing around me. I couldn't get five thousand dollars if my life depended upon it," she moaned, wildly.

"Your handsome young husband is very rich and indulgent, I understand," he answered, insinuatingly, adding:

"'When lovely women stoop to folly' They must stand the consequences, you know."

Daisy's eyes flashed fire.

"I would not ask my husband for money. I would die first," she said.

"Suit yourself, fair lady," responded the Frenchman, with a shrug of his shoulders. "I will merely say I would take it in sums to meet your convenience—say five hundred a week. Of course, in the style you are living, you must have that much pin money.

"I have still further demands to make upon your good nature, fair lady. I have a secret ambition, and you must gratify it. It is this: I long to enter the social world—to be on equality with the aristocrats who dare snub me now, if I may use that phrase—and you must introduce me into society; under these conditions, and these alone, is your secret safe."

The very boldness of the proposition staggered Daisy.

"It is easily accomplished," he went on. "Give a series of luncheons, a party or two, and receptions, and introduce me as the lion of the occasion—a French count, a marquis, or something of that sort. I tell you madame, it must be managed in some way."

"Impossible!" cried Daisy, aghast at the daring of the proposition.

"A word to the wise is sufficient, madame. You must begin by introducing me to your husband as an old friend of the family; the rest will be plain sailing. Refuse—well, you know what to expect then," he said, with darkening brow.

"Have you no pity, no mercy, no heart?" moaned Daisy, distractedly, as she sank back in her seat with a bitter cry.

"I have a heart, and a very susceptible one," he declared; "especially where a young and lovely woman is concerned.

"There is to be a grand ball at Mrs. Colonel Dillingham's on the tenth instant. I have often seen you with her, so it is safe to presume that you are friends. You must secure an invitation for me to this ball and while there you will present me to your friends."

"If I cannot, what then?" cried Daisy, desperately.

"It will be quite as well for you to supply the 'what then.' It is not polite to threaten a lady."

"Will this be the first and last time you will make a request of this kind to me?" cried Daisy, bitterly.

"If you introduce me about among your friends, I may safely answer 'Yes,'" he replied, "for I——"

The sentence never was finished, for, glancing back, he chanced to behold the coachman behind signal their driver, and he saw, too, Alexander Hamilton, white as death, leaning excitedly from the coach window.

In a single instant he had determined on the course he must pursue. Mr. Hamilton must not find him there, as no explanations could be given by Daisy taken in such momentary disadvantage.

"Here is my address," he said, thrusting a card into her hand, "the invitation to the ball will find me there," and before Daisy could utter a reply he had flung open the door and sprung from the vehicle, but not an instant too soon, for at that very

To be Continued.

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Caught in a Stampede.

TWO years ago, when the cowboys of north-eastern Arizona came together to find out who was the "best man" in various ways, James Evans won the steer-tying championship by roping, throwing and tying a vicious steer in twenty-four seconds. But in a recent round-up the champion did a more remarkable thing, by which, says the Kansas City "Star," he saved his own and another man's life.

While he and some companions were camping for the night on a high tableland, which ended a few miles away in an abrupt drop of two hundred feet, a storm swept through the mountains. Made nervous by the lightning, the herd of fifteen hundred cattle stampeded in the direction of the precipice. Evans and his men mounted hurriedly and, circling to the front of the maddened cattle, tried with whoops and revolver-shots to turn them back.

In the dense blackness of the night Evans's horse missed his footing and went down in a heap, one leg in a gopher-hole. The horse of a cowboy named Davis, running close behind, stumbled over Evans's horse, and Davis, too, came to earth and lay still, unconscious.

Fifty yards away came the herd, and a short flash of lightning showed Evans the situation. The swiftly moving sea of cattle reached one hundred yards each way. Unable to arouse Davis, and never thinking of leaving his disabled comrade, Evans took the only chance of saving both. He emptied his own revolver and his companion's into the center of the herd, cutting a breach in the front of the mass. Then, throwing the inanimate form of Davis over his shoulder, he awaited his opportunity.

As one of the leaders brushed by, Evans, with one movement, put the body of Davis across the shoulders of the steer, and mounted, also. Vainly the animal leaped, bucked and side-jumped. With his legs wrapped tightly around the body of his mount, Evans drove his spurs deep in, and held himself and Davis in place.

The steer, wild with rage, agony and fright, rapidly left the herd in the rear, and, veering to the right in a furious gallop, carried his riders out of danger. Then Evans rolled off the back of his strange rescuer, and a half-hour later, when his cowboys turned the herd at the rim of the canyon, and rode back to look for the foreman and Davis, they found them, both unconscious. The weary steer, with his sides covered with blood, lay exhausted a short distance away.

The outfit ordered a medal for Evans, and the steer has been pensioned for life on the best alfalfa in the valley.

A Revolutionary Age.

Soulless corporations, heartless coquettes and conscienceless rascals of various sorts we have had with us now these many years, and it looks very much now as if a kind of providence was about to even things up a little by providing us with such useful contrivances as wireless telegraphy, heatless light, smokeless powder, boneless shad and seedless oranges. If some genius will rise up now and give us a breed of biteless dogs and stingless mosquitoes, together with some loseless umbrellas and spendless cash, we shall all be happy and content.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When to Get Married.

The astrologers, it is said, have named the following as propitious dates for marriages for 1902: January 2, 4, 11, 19 and 21; February 1, 8, 10, 19 and 21; March 2, 5, 12, 20 and 23; April 2, 4, 12, 20 and 22; May 2, 4, 12, 20 and 29; June 1, 8, 11, 19 and 21; July 1, 8, 12, 19, 21 and 31; August 2, 11, 18, 20 and 30; September 1, 9, 16, 18 and 28; October 1, 8, 15, 17, 27 and 29; November 5, 11, 13, 22 and 25; December 1, 8, 10, 19, 23 and 29.

The Monk's Knowledge of Women.

AN interesting story comes from the French Alps of Dauphiny relating the futile efforts of the Princess of Croy, who desired to enter the monastery of the Grande Chartreuse, a habitation from which women visitors are rigidly excluded.

The story runs that the Princess dressed herself in boy's clothes and accompanied her husband to the institution. The gates were opened to them, and the Prince sent his card to the father superior, with a line to the effect that he was accompanied by a friend.

Just as they were about to make the round of the building the word was received that the father would like to see the Prince and "his friend." Going upstairs they were received by the smiling monk, who cordially invited them to join him in an appetizing luncheon. The Princess endeavored to make the best of the situation, but she was not put any the more at her ease by the fact that the monk kept gazing sharply at her.

At last he exclaimed suddenly: "Catch it, young man!" at the same time throwing at her a large pear. The Princess was startled, and, thrown completely off her guard, made a motion to grab up her skirt, the absence of which she overlooked in her confusion.

Then the father stopped smiling and said with great gravity:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but ladies are not allowed in the monastery. I must ask you to wait outside until the Prince has finished his inspection."

And outside she had to go, the reverend father bowing her from the room with most elaborate politeness.

The Democracy of Children.

ONE amusing trait in children is their unconscious democracy. They are nearly always democratic when permitted any latitude. The desire for playmates levels sense of caste, if any exists. On a street through which I often pass there is a coterie of children who blend with the most thorough harmony, although they are of quite different social strata. One of the boys is a "smart" young gentleman in knickerbockers, always well groomed; another is a little Italian; a third, the thin, restless, wide-eyed son of a housekeeper. One of the little girls is a negress, with her woolly hair standing out from her head in this curved-up fashion. She is quite a belle in this "mixed" company.—Harper's "Bazar."

Abigail Again.

I SEE by the papers, says a writer in "Pick-Me-Up," that some worthy people in high places are getting a little tired of the servant girl question, and now there is a proposal to bring boys up to the job. What will become of the balance of the girls willing but not henceforward able to take to service, is not stated. Perhaps the English language is too abrupt and practical to permit of any reliable statement of the kind. But, of course, it's the old trouble. When mistress and maid fall out the fault is always the maid's. We never hear of any society for proving mistresses in the wrong. And poor old Abigail is down again!

I think before people lay the blame too heavily on Abigail they should search their own hearts and see if there is no fault in themselves. Just because the family thinks it would like to have breakfast at eight o'clock in the morning, Abigail's night's rest is practically broken from seven a.m. onwards. First there is the alarm clock, which rattles like the Day of Judgment; and just as she has turned over and gone to sleep again, the electric bell over her head starts its infernal clatter, interrupting her in a most lovely dream just where she and the milkman's young man had arranged to get married as soon as he could get trusted for a suite of kitchen furniture and a regulation four-poster. And as a final blow she has to sit up in bed and hear the master downstairs offering to run up and drag her out of bed, while the missis is declining the offer with some energy. No thanks.

How much nicer it would be to treat Abigail like one of the family. Now and again it would show a very good feeling if the head of the family went off to the city without his breakfast rather than disturb Abigail in her second go of beauty sleep. When employers meet together and talk of Abigail's sins, it never seems to occur to them that they might win her over by a timely display of generosity. Nobody seems to think anything of it if missis comes down to breakfast in a dressing-gown. She chooses to do it, and that is enough. But if Abigail waits at the breakfast-table in a red flannel petticoat, fastened over her shoulders with a safety-pin, the harsh remarks that are heaped upon a poor orphan girl are positively brutal.

What Abigail objects to so much is the perpetual fault-finding. Suppose she does drop a plate on the ground and break it? A plate must be broken sooner or later in the ordinary course of nature, and, as Horatius said when he called for volunteers to defend the narrow pass, we may as well pick it off as wait for it to drop on us.

In many households it is quite a usual thing to keep a common, irresponsible cat of indifferent moral character, and to let it have the free run of the place. If the cat does anything wrong, the missis at once blames—Abigail. Is it any wonder that the servant girl has turned at last after centuries of injustice? If the cat should get the key of the beer cask and go down and draw off a modest quencher, it's as likely as not that Abigail is charged with having taken the beer for her favorite policeman, when it is well known that he is a teetotaller and only eats cloves to improve his complexion. As every naturalist is well aware, it is quite a common thing for a cat to run round to the pawnbroker's with a couple of the best tablecloths till the end of the month; but as sure as anything Abigail will be charged with the offence, just because the ticket happened to fall out of her petticoat pocket. Most unreasonable.

The way to solve the problem is not for the mistresses to entrench themselves on one side and the maids on the other, and speak in harsh and inconsiderate language of the opposition. As Lord Rosebery says, the way to make peace is for two travelers to arrive at an inn and have a drink or something of that sort, and drop hints of mutual concessions in between the sips. The mistresses should meet the maids casually and get some idea of the basic principles of domestic service as governed by the natural aspirations of both sides. As I make it out, the point of view of the mistresses will be that they want a girl who will always get up at six in the morning, who will always look neat and tidy, and who will be talked at in a loud, rasping voice from the attic to the cellar without once answering back in the dreamy, picturesque language of Bermondsey. A girl who can do the work of three men, and who has a small appetite, will be preferred.

From the maids' point of view, I understand it is considered essential that a bicycle should be kept on the premises exclusively for kitchen use, and that the offensive habit of locking up the piano and hiding the key will be discontinued. It will also be necessary that the objectionable practice of counting the bottles of sherry in the cellar, and the mince pies in the larder, should at once cease, as this sort of thing is calculated to imply distrust and want of confidence. The question as to the privilege of wearing the missis's sealskin jacket or her new hat is not definitely settled; but it is understood that a concession of this sort would go far to remove the bad blood that has been stirred up in this unfortunate controversy.

Sweetness Long Drawn Out.

A business man of whom the "Youth's Companion" tells declares that the average stenographer will not learn to spell correctly until the millennium comes. In support of his opinion he relates his experience with a young woman whose spelling, as he describes it, had an "engaging originality," but who was so amiable and even-tempered that he seldom found heart to rebuke her.

One day she appeared before him with a neatly written letter for a Southern correspondent. He hastily looked it over.

"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar s-u-g-g-a-r."

The young woman looked at it a moment critically, and then her face brightened as she replied:

"So I have. How careless of me! I don't see how I came to leave out the 'h.'"

Supply Limited.

"This is tough luck," said Ham, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. "What's wrong now?" queried Shem. "Why, all this water to fish in," replied Ham, "and only two fishin' worms on board."—Ohio "State Journal."

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

Poultry and Dairy.

Washing the hands seems a needless task sometimes, but the successful dairyman will find the moments spent in this way are the most profitable of the day. Clean hands lead to clean cows, and with clean cows there will be a clean product.

Experience With Houdans.

I have had fifteen years' experience in breeding Houdan fowls, and am strongly of the opinion that the high favor in which this breed is held by the French farmer and poulterer is not misplaced. I think it a great mistake that the Houdans are not more generally raised by the farmers of this country. They are medium sized, good layers of large white eggs, and are highly esteemed as a table bird. They have no combs to freeze in severe weather—a convenience to farmers who expect fowls to thrive without protection.—Charles Hopper, Ashley, O.

Poultry on the Dairy Farm.

Just why dairymen do not make poultry-raising pay is not a problem hard to solve. The reason is lack of knowledge relating to poultry-raising. How can we make fowls hustle and exercise? First, we must not feed too heavily or make it too easy for birds to get their food. We must get them out of their houses in winter as much as possible. The profit in winter depends on having the hens well housed and giving special care. A house 12 by 20 feet is large enough for 30 fowls. Do not permit any of the floor space to be occupied with nests, roosts or other fixtures. All of the floor space should be reserved for the hens, and a part of it should be used for a scratching floor. Put in only enough glass for lighting purposes.

One reason why some people do not succeed with poultry is that they do not know how to feed to the best advantage. Large fowls require a different system of feeding than small ones. Leghorns are not likely to get overfat. They will leave corn on the ground and run after insects; while the larger breeds will eat the corn that is given them and stand around waiting for more. Chopped clover is good, and should be fed each day, and chopped vegetables will not take its place. On the average farm there is much that goes to waste that the fowls can utilize, and this helps to give profit.—F. M. Munger, in American Agriculturist.

Guinea Fowls for Farm.

There is a difference of opinion as to the profitableness of guinea fowls. Where one person succeeds ten will perhaps fail. Guineas are very like wild birds in habits and it is thought that it is impossible to tame them but this is not the case. On a farm where they have a wide range guineas can be raised to advantage. They begin to lay in April and lay until the middle of October. During this season chicken hens get broody and in August and September moult and a flock of guineas will keep the egg basket filled.

Young guineas are susceptible to cold, and we do not set any eggs until the first of June, and have them coming off from the first of July until the middle of August. Those taken off later will not get grown before cold weather, but will make nice broilers to use in the fall. We set the eggs under an ordinary hen and raise them with the chickens; keep them fastened in a coop with the hen for several days, until they get used to the hen; then turn them out to forage in the day but shut them up at night. We give them the same kind of food as the young chicks, making sure to keep the coop's floor covered with coarse sand. The little guineas are so tame that it is hard to keep from stepping on them when going to feed or to put up at night. Her guineas roost in the fowl house, and although they make the circuit round the farm every day, they come back to a clover patch near the fowl yard to lay, and nearly always lay near each other. I do not find them any harder to raise than chickens. They are great foragers, bug catchers and insect destroyers, and trouble grain and truck patches less than any other class of fowls.

The meat of the guinea resembles that of wild game in flavor, and is delicious, fit for an epicure. In many sections of the country partridges, quails, etc., are very scarce, and I do not see why guineas could not be hatched by incubators and raised to supply those who know what a toothsome bird the guinea is.—L. G. Holland, Ninety-Six, S. C.

The Water on a Dairy Farm.

The water supply should be even more scrupulously guarded than the food supply. It serves a double purpose, that of water for the cow and for the washing of the utensils. The water for both should be equally pure, and it ought to be made an axiom that water unfit to wash the pails or cans is unfit for cattle to drink. The milking cow requires large quantities of water, and whether it be capable of demonstration that impurities may find their way into the milk, it is safest to take the benefit of the doubt and use only pure water. A shallow dug well in the corner of the cow lot cannot escape contamination at some time. The contamination may not last all the time, and it may be, as is usually the case, that it is of a harmless character. The fact is that any contamination from the surface, no matter what may be its character, marks the well as one that may become infected and the cause of an epidemic. It only remains for the right kind of an infection to enter. It may require one year or forty years.

The special forms which are partial to the water supply are the intestinal germs that cause diarrhoea and the typhoid form. Many of the most alarming epidemics of typhoid have been traced to such source. It is not an easy matter to obtain an adequate supply of water at all places about a city, but as far as possible it should be from driven wells. As far as tested, all driven wells of more than twenty-five feet are supplying pure water. The hard-pan near the surface acts as an effective barrier to the passage of germs, and those that come from below are harmless. A driven well of twenty-five feet is a deeper well from a sanitary standpoint than any dug well. All dairies within the corporate limits of a city should be compelled to use city water.—United States Bulletin No. 88.

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Mrs. Mitford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive.

Mrs. Graham—Yes, and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—Boston Transcript.

Correct to the Last.

"Anyhow," chuckled the somewhat fastidious horse-thief as the regulators adjusted the noose about his neck, "it isn't a ready-made tie."—Chicago "Tribune."

A MARVELLOUS ARTICLE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITER. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Turning Smoke Into Gold.

QUEEN ELIZABETH of England was not a thoroughgoing spinster, for she had so little prejudice against the practice of smoking that she permitted Sir Walter Raleigh his pipe in the royal presence. She was sufficiently a woman, however, to twit him openly on his devotion to the weed, and it was on one of these occasions—or so the author of "The Soverane Herbe" shrewdly surmises—that the knight replied:

"I can assure Your Majesty that I have so well experienced the nature of it that I can tell even the weight of the smoke in any quantity I consume."

"I doubt it much, Sir Walter," replied Elizabeth, holding it was impossible to weigh smoke, and mayhap scenting a joke, "and I will wager you twenty gold angels that you do not solve my doubt."

Gallantly accepting the wager, Raleigh filled his pipe with a weighed quantity of tobacco, smoked it out, and then, weighing the resultant ashes, announced the weight he had smoked away.

"Your Majesty cannot deny that the difference has disappeared in smoke."

"Truly, I cannot," answered the Queen. Ordering the wager to be paid, she turned to the courtiers around her and said: "Many alchemists have I heard of who turned gold into smoke, but Raleigh is the first who has turned smoke into gold."

Judge Roger S. Greene, for many years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, was eminent not only for his legal attainments, but also for the accuracy of his scholarship and scrupulously correct use of language. A mispronunciation was an offense that he could not permit to pass unnoticed.

In arguing a case before him one day an attorney cited Browne on Carriers, pronouncing the name of the author Brown-ey. The Judge interrupted the argument to give him the correct pronunciation, which he accepted for the moment, but soon relapsed into his error, whereupon the Judge again interrupted with:—

"Mr. ——, that author's name is not pronounced Browney, but Brown. As in the case of many similar words, the final 'e' is silent. There is an 'e' at the end of my name, but you would not call me 'Greeney,' would you?"

"That depends," instantly replied the lawyer, "on how your Honor decides this case!"—New York Times.

"Don't you think heaven is a land of rest?" enquired the doctor.

"O, I suppose it is," replied the professor, "for everybody except the recording angel."—Chicago "Tribune."

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bowdoin, M. D., Has the best treatment [illegible]

Our New Book on Cancer

should be in the hands of every sufferer from this dread disease.

We have just completed a new book on Cancer which we believe is the most comprehensive popular work on this subject published in America. It was written for us by a physician who has given the subject a great deal of thought and study, and it will no doubt prove of considerable interest and be of great benefit to those suffering from cancer or tumor.

If you are afflicted with cancer yourself, or have a friend or relative who is, send two stamps to Stott & Jury Bowmanville, Ont., and a copy will be mailed you promptly in plain wrapper.

From the Camp Outside Bloemfontein

Comes a letter from a member of "C" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "Foot Elm" helped the Canadian boys on their marches.

There is no section of the British Army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "Foot Elm" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering, and chafing, and robs marching of the foot-soreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, "C" Co., R.C.R. sends the following letter from the camp outside Bloemfontein to Messrs. Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.:

"The regiment was supplied with Foot Elm on route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most treasured things his knapsack contains." (Signed), T. Buckart

"Foot Elm" is 25 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail, Stott and Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

SORE FEET

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, Foot Elm can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c, a box at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 18, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. James Dolan has a staff of men at work opening goods.

—A drunk contributed $2 at the Police Court on Saturday.

—About 500 people visited the Canal works and lift locks, on Sunday.

—The steamers Beaver and Water Lily made their regular trips hither on Saturday.

—There is some talk of another industry locating in Peterborough, to employ 300 persons.

—A runaway on George Street caused considerable excitement on Saturday afternoon.

—Read the announcement of Messrs. Gough Bros., the noted clothing men, in to-day's issue.

—The brickwork on the Cereal Company's buildings is approaching completion.

—A pocket-book which was found on Saturday is waiting an owner at the Police station.

—There was a small market on Saturday, the farmers being busy with their spring work.

—"I care not who makes the liquor laws," says the average thirsty citizen, "provided they are not enforced."

—There is no further developements of smallpox in Otonabee. The one case is doing nicely, and no spread of the disease is apprehended.

—Mr. J. W. Carnegie, M.P.P., held a meeting in Omemee, on Wednesday night, at which Mr. Hayd, the Liberal Candidate was represented.

—There will be a splendid concert on Friday evening next, to be given under the auspices of St. Andrew's church choir. Tickets 25 cents. For sale at J. D. Tully's or R. H. Simison's drug store.

—Our genial friend, ex-Warden Fitzgerald, had the misfortune to have his foot tramped on by a horse a few days ago, and received a painful injury, although not sufficient to confine him to his home.

—Victoria Park is beginning to assume its usual pretty summer appearance. Mr. Cooney, the caretaker, has been for several days, busily engaged in levelling the sod and repairing the walks.

—Collingwood Town Council has decided to take action against the Bell Telephone Co. for planting poles on the streets without permission. It is proposed to charge the company a certain rental per pole.

—On Saturday a gipsy woman went about amongst the stores talking fortunes. She entered Mr. Sam Ray's tobacco store, in company with a chum. While engaged in conversation with the proprietor the companion managed to steal a quantity of tobacco.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Dan. DeVine, of Toronto, is in town.

—Mr. Alf. George, of Port Hope, is visiting in town.

—Mr. Will Delaney and bride, nee Miss Jean Cameion, of Cobourg, were guests of friends here on Saturday.

—Mr. James Spellman, who has been on a three week's vacation, returned home Saturday.

—Mr. Clark Faris, of Toronto, formerly employed at the Stanley Piano works, here is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Eck, local representative of the National Correspondence School, is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Mr. Will Tummonds, of Port Perry, who has been visiting his friend, Mr. Lue. Brooks, returned home Saturday.

—Mr. Chas. Gunn, of Detroit, who has been visiting his parents in town, returned to Detroit on Saturday.

—Miss Ada Laing, who has been the guest of Mrs. W. A. Bell for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Wingham on Saturday.

—Messrs. Bert Sygtt, Jack Gerrard and Geo. Dawson, patternmakers at William Hamilton's Foundry, leave for Sydney, Cape Breton on Wednesday, where they have secured situations.

—Mrs. R. Maude Mowry, has accepted a responsible position in a Cobourg dry goods store as saleslady. Her many friends will be pleased to hear of her advancement, and will miss her very much.

—Mr. Milne, who was employed at the Wm. Hamilton Co. Foundry, leaves for Toronto to-day, where he has secured a situation. Mr. Milne was a valuable member of St. Paul's choir and took a great interest in church work. His many friends wish him every success.

Had a Treat in Store for the Boys

On Saturday evening, Mr. W. J. McCallum gave his many patrons a pleasant surprise, by adding to his bill a fare so early in the season, a delicacy, namely "Frog's Legs."

The Jarvis Street Choir

Arrangements have been completed for the visit to Peterborough of the Jarvis st., choir, on Monday, May 12. The choir will leave Toronto by special train and will be entertained here by the choir of St. Paul's church, where they will give a concert in the evening. There are fifty voices in the organization, and it is considered one of the best in Canada. An effort will be made to have the local choirs attend the concert in a body. The leader, Mr. A. S. Vogt, is the conductor of the celebrated Mendelssohn choir, which, according to competent critics, has no equal in this country. Mr. Crane deserves the hearty thanks of the music treat in store for them.

East Peterborough Licenses

The License Commissioners of East Peterborough met to-day. The members present were Wm. Moher, Chairman, Douro; J. M. Drummond, Keene, and James Bryans, Havelock. License Inspector Crowe was also in attendance. Licenses for the year were issued as follows,—

Fred Morgan, Warsaw.
John Morgan, McCracken's Landing.
Chas. Armstrong, Julian's Landing.
Warren Dawson, Burleigh Falls.
John Doherty, Westwood.
Sam. English, Keene.
Mich. Keanneally, Keene.
J. A. McDonald, Norwood.
J. A. McNicholl, Norwood.
Michael McNicholl, Havelock.
Thos. Reid, Havelock.
Wm. Dineen, Havelock.
Dan. Flynn, Cordova Mines.

New Cars for C. P. R.

According to the Railway Gazette, the Canadian Pacific road has the following rolling stock now on order: Seventy-two locomotives, forty of which are to be built at the Schenectady works of the American Locomotive Co; eight consolidations at the Canadian Locomotive Co., Kingston, Ont.; and the remainder at the company's own shops. Also two dining cars, sixteen combination dining and sleeping cars for use of the construction department; forty coaches twelve sleeping cars, two parlor cars, on observation car, five baggage cars, 55 vans, three pile-drivers, two derrick cars, fifty double-deck cars, fifty refrigerate cars, 200 coal cars, 218 stock cars, 1,854 box cars, and 50 ore cars. The bulk of this equipment will be built at the company's own shops, except 1,000 forty-ton box cars, which will be built by Rhodes, Curry & Co., Amherst, N.S. The total is 2,670 cars and 72 locomotives.

A True Nerve Tonic

Will act, not so much directly upon the nerves as upon the digestive functions and the abundant formation of red, vitalizing blood. Nerves can't be fed on medicine. They can, however, be restored and strengthened by assimilated food. The marvellous action of Ferrozone arises from its action over the digestive and assimilative processes. When you take Ferrozone the blood is purified, strengthened, and grows rich and red. Then you grow vigorous, healthy and beautiful, ready to work, because you have the strength to do it. No tonic for the brain, blood or nerves compares with Ferrozone. Price 50c., at Ormond & Walsh's.

Hamilton's Pills are effective.

WANTED TO-DAY

Experienced dry goods clerks.
Apply to-day to
JAMES DOLAN

THE CONTRACT AWARDED

For the Erection of a New Factory for Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons

The enterprising and popular firm of J. J. Turner & Sones have outgrown their present premises, and are about to erect a splendid factory and warerooms. The contract for the work has been awarded to Messrs. Gordon & Finnis, and the work will commence at once.

The building will be of brick, and will be erected at the south-east corner of George and King street, opposite the present premises. It will be 65 x 100 feet, and three storeys in height. The ground floor will be warerooms, and the two upper storeys will be the manufacturing departments. In the rear will be fine brick stables.

The new building will fill another of the few remaining vacant corners of Geo. St. with a substantial structure. It speaks in the highest terms of the success that has attended the efforts of Peterborough's enterprising firm, Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons.

REMAINING QUOTA LEAVE FOR S. AFRICA

Last Night on the Midnight Express—More to Go Wednesday

The remaining recruits who were left behind Thursday night and those sworn in on Friday and Saturday left on the 12.3 train last night, for Halifax, en route for South Africa. The men were formed up at the armories, and were escorted to the station by the 57th band, bugle band, fire brigade and a crowd of enthusiastic and loyal citizens, who turned out to give the boys a send off and have a farewell shake. The boys were in the best of spirits, but the hearty send off was dulled by a touch of sadness.

Following are the names of those who left last night.

SERGT. A. E. MILLER.
CORP. R. M. S. RYE.
PTE. JNO. BULLA.
PTE. W. E. FAIR.
PTE. RUSSELL PEARCE.
PTE. W. D. DONOVAN.
PTE. GEORGE DENOON.
Pte. S. J. BROOKS.
PTE. FRANCIS HENRY,
PTE. H. SANDYS.
PTE. RICHARD STEWART.
PTE. BERT BEACH.
PTE. W. J. BALLANTYNE.
PTE. R. J. MIDDERY.
PTE. R. M. SHINE.

Recruiting will be continued to-day.

THE CAMPAIGN

The Committees Getting Down to Work Now That the Date for Election is Known

The elections are to take place on May 29th, and the announcement of this fact has put much life into the politicians of both sides of politics.

Hon. Mr. Stratton's committee rooms have been filled nightly to overflowing, and on Saturday night the crowd was more than the place could comfortably accomodate. Mr. Stratton himself was present and delivered a short and stirring address.

Reports from the various committees indicate an increased majority over what it was four years ago. In East Peterborough the outlook, Mr. Stratton said was exceedingly bright, and he had no doubt as to the election of the government candidates

Much enthusiasm was manifested, and hundreds of willing workers are devoting their time to perfect the organization.

Mr. Miller addressed a meeting of the supporters at the Conservative Committee rooms, and told them of his hopes, and desires. He urged organization as the one duty of the hour.

A SPRING POEM

But One Verse in all That Our Press will Probably Stand at One Time

This great family journal received for publication yesterday a poem on "Spring." It evidently was written by some deputy hand whose rich imagination inspired him to do justice to the creek that runs through the town, as well as to the subject proper. The first verse runs as follows:

Now the glory of the springtime o'er
  Otonabee's great plains
You can hear it marching, marching, to
  the music of the rains.
As they fall in rhythmic cadence on the
  shingles over head,
Or beat a muffled tattoo in the brooklet's stony bed.

There may be a springtime like that somewhere, but not hereabouts. Spring so far has lacked enough moisture to march in ragtime. The sprinkling carts only beat a rapid tattoo on the dusty pavements and the anxious householder cannot even swear in rhythmic cadence as he sits supinely by and watches his carefully nurtured lawn shrivel up. Fact is this g.f.j. has no use for spring poems at all.

AS TO LUMBER CAMPS

A Very Desirable Law Passed at the last Session of Parliament

At the recent session of the Ontario Legislature the Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, with his usual foresight, introduced a bill which became law, authorizing the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council to make and enforce regulations to apply to lumber and other camps where large numbers of men are employed. These regulations require such camps to be kept in a cleanly and healthy condition, prevent the polution of the water supply for such camps and provide for their inspection, and also provide for the employment of duly qualified physicians, and for the erection of permanent or temporary hospitals for the employees in such camps. The expense of carrying out these regulations for the protection of the health of working men, and preventing and checking outbreaks of disease, shall be borne by the employing firms or corporations concerned.

The Cause of Deafness

Deafness and impaired hearing are due almost entirely to catarrhal inflammation of the eustachian tubes. Permanent cure is guaranteed to all who inhale Catarrhozone as directed. This vegetable antiseptic is inhaled at the mouth, and after traversing all the air passages of the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils; it completely erradicates catarrh from any part of the system, clears the ears, nose and throat, and allays inflammation, congestion and soreness. For deafness, earache, ringing in the ears, head noises, catarrh, asthma and bronchitis, medical science can devise nothing as beneficial as Catarrhozone. Complete outfit for two months' use, price $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills are effective.

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We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

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By using ST. JACOBS OIL for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lameness, Stiffness of the Muscles, Soreness, and all aches and pains.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Has cured hundreds, its effect is instantaneous and marvellous, it penetrates to the very foundation of pain and removes the cause. Price 25c. and 50c.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC!

CONQUERS PAIN!

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—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

If you want a situation, if you want to obtain help, if you have lost anything, if you have anything for sale or to exchange, an inexpensive adlet will do the business every time.

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

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THE TIMES

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Increase Your Business

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Efficient Telephone Facilities

We will quote you rates on a Private Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

The Bell Telephone Co'y

OF CANADA, LTD

One or two good, smart girls wanted at The Times bindery at once. This is a good chance for bright girls. Apply at the Times Bookstore.

—Toronto Telegram.—Public ownership of the means of developing electric energy by water power enables the Ontario Government to get one hundred horse-power from the [illegible] of Drillia at $15 per horse-

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

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They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor
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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage Apply at Times Bookstore.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements Daniel Allen, 13 Toronto street Toronto

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN.

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COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, re payable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Offices, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

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to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising, and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS' INK, 10 Spruce St., New York.

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Manufactured by the

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William St, Toronto, Ont.

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Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY, APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER.

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE	AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

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Describing the route of the

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Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

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WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 226 Simcoe st.

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AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $30 to $50 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

$12 WEEKLY for copying letters home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Company, 50 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

LADIES COPY LETTERS at home. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope, for particulars. Monarch Supply Co, Dept. 118 Chicago.

- G. H. NOBLE -

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Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
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Leave Your Money in Peterborough—

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
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Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work............................ 950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

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SANTAL MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

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Cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 94 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 22 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ALMOST HALF PERISHED OUT OF 150 PEOPLE

Terrible Scenes at the Destruction of the City of Pittsburg Near Cairo--Passengers Penned in on All Sides.

Special to The Times.

Cairo, Ill., April 21.—Although no complete list of either the victims or of the survivors is yet obtainable, investigation to-day indicates that almost one-half of the 150 people on the City of Pittsburg were lost when that steamer was burned yesterday at Ogden's Landing, between this city and Paducah. Many of those who were brought to this city are suffering from injuries, exposure and fright. The number aboard was about equally divided between passengers and crew, the latter suffering the greatest loss in casualties. The names of many of the roustabouts were not known, and the number drowned or burned is not likely ever to be ascertained.

The fire started in the lower part of the steamer in the freight material, or possibly in the engine room, and shut off the means of escape there, while passengers jumped overboard from the upper decks. Within ten minutes after the discovery of the fire at 4 a.m. survivors say that the upper decks were swept by flames and passengers were penned in on all sides, even the life preservers being cut off by the flames. The panic that followed caused a greater loss of life than would have ensued if the officers could have controlled the terror-stricken people. Some rushed through the flames and perished; others fainted and sank down to be cremated. Many in their nightrobes, some of them afire, jumped overboard and were drowned. Those who got into the boats saw others drowning as their overcrowded craft pulled to shore. The barely clad survivors on the shore not only witnessed horrifying scenes around the charred hull, but also suffered from early morning till relief came in the afternoon. The captain says there were 60 passengers, not including a dozen babies. There were as many women as men in the cabin, and the age of loss was among the women and children. As the register, with all other records, was burned, and the survivors scattered in every direction, there is great difficulty in getting a list of the survivors. It is conceded that many bodies will never be recovered, so that there will never be a complete list of the victims. It is thought that many charred bodies will be found in the hull of the burned steamer when the mass of embers ceases burning, so that the search for the remains can be continued.

Cairo, Ill., April 21.— Turner's Landing, twenty-four miles from this city, on the lake shore, was the scene of a disastrous fire yesterday morning, when the paddle wheel steamer City of Pittsburg was burned to the water's edge. Many of the passengers were sleeping when the conflagration started, and frightful panic ensued when the alarm was given. Children cried piteously, begging that they be saved. Lifeboats were manned and every effort made to save the passengers. Boats were sent from shore to help in the work of rescue, and passengers were landed at the river banks. As fast as the boats could be emptied they returned to the ill-fated steamer. The burning steamer was quickly headed to the bank, but passengers were forced to jump from the stern, and, trying to swim ashore through the swift current, many were drowned. Many also perished in the flames. Help, except from people living near by, did not arrive until 2.30 o'clock this afternoon, and passengers who only had no night clothes and were without food suffered terribly.

There is so far no definite information as to the loss of life. It is thought that at least sixty persons perished.

HORRIBLE TORTURES BY THE AMERICAN ARMY

The Country Shocked Over the News That Now Comes from the Phillipine Islands

Special to the Times.

Washington, April 22 — "The Presidente's mouth was held open and water was allowed to run into it from a small tank. The Presidente was held under the tank for from five to ten minutes. When he was so full of water that his body was swollen he was rolled on his stomach violently on the ground. The water gushed from his mouth. He squealed. His eyes became bloodshot and he struggled like a crazy man. It took several soldiers to hold him."—Sergt. Edward L Davis, of Company M, Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, in describing the "water cure" to the Senate Philippines Committee.

Sergt. Davis was at the taking of Igbaras. He was in the same regiment with Riley and Smith, who told of this same instance of "water cure" before the Senate Committee a short time ago. His story was substantially the same. Sergt. Davis lives at Greenfield, Mass. He is a soldierly-appearing young fellow, who told his story clearly and concisely. He was examined by Senator Rawlins and made all his statements under oath.

CAPT. GLENN PRESENT

Davis went to Igbaras with his company. Soon after the Massachusetts man arrived Capt. Glenn came with a detachment of regular troops. Capt. Glenn ordered Sergt. Davis to take a squad of men and bring in the Presidente. The headquarters were at a convent. Davis located the Presidente, arrested him and carried him to the convent.

Capt. Glenn, Lieut. Conger, and Dr. Lyon, the contract surgeon, were present when the Presidente was subjected to the "water cure." Capt. Glenn, who was responsible for the torture, was then on Gen. Hughes's staff as Judge-Advocate of the Visayas.

The Presidente, who was given the old. After reaching the convent he was requested to tell whether men had been sent out to notify the insurgents that the town had been captured by "water cure" was about forty years the Americans. He refused to reply.

Capt. Glenn at once detailed two privates belonging to the Eighteenth Infantry to strip the Presidente and administer the "water cure." The clothing was removed above the waist and the man's hands were tied behind him.

ORDERED BY THE CAPTAIN

"After this had been done," said Sergt. Davis, "the man was taken to the water tank and thrown upon his back while an interpreter stood over him. A stream of water was directed into his mouth, which was held open."

"Who gave the command for this treatment?" was asked.

"Capt. Glenn," was the reply.

"How was the man's mouth kept open?"

"By means of a stick, but I couldn't see just how it was done."

The second application of the "water cure" was described by the witness, who corroborated the testimony of Sergt. Riley, that the details of administration were supervised by Contract Surgeon Lyons, and that Capt. Glenn and Lieut. Conger were both present when it occurred.

Sergt. Davis said in reply to questions as to the physical effect, that the man "squealed" terribly and that his eyes were bloodshot, but that the next day he was able to mount his horse and lead the scouts to the mountain. Afterward he was, the witness said, taken to Iloilo and placed in prison.

The witness also repeated the statement that two police officers of the town of Igbaras had been subjected to the "water cure."

In answering questions of various Senators, Sergt. Davis said that the "water cure" torture in all the instances which he had indicated was applied by regular soldiers. The members of the Twenty-sixth Volunteers, to which he belonged, had not participated in this punishment. He had been in charge of a detachment of volunteers at Igbaras for several months before the regulars arrived and for some time afterward, but had no trouble with the natives.

WANTON BUTCHERY

Richard O'Brien, formerly a corporal in Company M, Twenty-sixth United States Volunteers, told yesterday to a New York World reporter of the tortures he had seen practised by officers and men of the United States army in the Philippines. He was with his regiment in the Philippines for two years, and was stationed on the Island of Panay, Province of Iloilo.

In speaking of the "water cure" torture he said that he remembered vividly when the Presidente, or Mayor, of the town of Igbaras, in the Province of Iloilo, was bound hand and foot and forced by means of the "water cure" to give information.

"Throughout the Philippines the 'water cure' system is the recognized means of forcing confessions from the insurgents and their friends," said O'Brien. "If a Filipino dies under the treatment nothing is thought of it."

In describing the wanton butchery of the natives, encouraged and countenanced by the officers, Corp. O'Brien tells this awful story of the visit of the troops to and the pillage of the town of Barrio la Nog.

"It was on the 27th day of December, the anniversary of my birth," said Corp. O'Brien, and I shall never forget the scenes I witnessed on that day. As we approached the town the word was passed along the line that there would be no prisoners taken. It meant that we were to shoot every living thing in sight, man, woman or child. The first shot was fired by the then first sergeant of our company. His target was a mere boy, who was coming down the mountain path into the town astride of a carabao. The boy was not struck by the bullet, but that was not the sergeant's fault. The little Filipino boy slid from the back of his carabao and fled in terror up the mountain side. Half a dozen shots were fired after him. The shooting now had attracted the villagers, who came out of their homes in alarm, wondering what it all meant. They offered no offence, did not display a weapon, made no hostile movement whatsoever, but they were ruthlessly shot down in cold blood, men, women and children. The poor natives huddled together or fled in terror. Many were pursued and killed on the spot.

FIRED ON WHITE FLAG

"Two old men, bearing between them a white flag and clasping hands like two brothers, approached the lines. Their hair was white. They fairly tottered, they were so feeble under the weight of years. To my horror and that of the other men in the command, the order was given to fire, and the two old men were shot down in their tracks. We entered the village. A man who had been on a sick-bed appeared at the doorway of his home. He received a bullet in the abdomen and fell dead in the doorway. Dum-dum bullets were used in that massacre, but we were not told the name of the bullets. We didn't have to be told. We knew what they were.

"In another part of the village a mother with a babe at her breast and two young children at her side pleaded for mercy. She feared to leave her home, which had just been fired —accidentally, I believe. She faced the flames with her children, and not a hand was raised to save her or the little ones. They perished miserably. It was sure death if she left the house—it was sure death if she remained. She feared the American soldiers, however, worse than the devouring flames.

ORDERED NATIVE BEHEADED

"At Guymbal American officers actually countenanced the beheading of a native in public, but the program was not carried out, simply because the appointed executioner became nervous and did not wield the bolo properly. The victim was Patro Gargenero, who was called a bandit, but who was however, a learned man. He had been Presidente of the town and was reputed to be wealthy. He was accused of having murdered a boy.

"I have said all I wanted to on the subject of the order to Gen. Chaffee to courtmartial Gen. Jacob H. Smith," said Secretary Root yesterday as he was about to sail for Cuba. He referred to the charge of Major Waller that Gen. Smith had given orders to "kill and burn."

"Some of the courts-martial will be held in this country, because the regiments from which witnesses are needed have been brought home, and it will be much easier to secure the evidence wanted here than in Manila. I cannot say now whether any of the officers against whom charges have been preferred will be tried in Manila or not."

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—
SHIRTS
For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at .... 44c each

2nd—
READY-MADE SUITS
In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44.
Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—
TIES
In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods are 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for .... 21c each

4th—
BOOTS
Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for...... $1.25 per pair

5th—
SUITS TO ORDER
We have about 25 suit lengths of Fancy Imported Worsted, all shades and patterns, made under personal supervision of our skilful cutter, MR. DUNCAN CAMERON. Every garment sewn with silk and stayed with linen. Would be cheap at $16.50. We will take your order all this week at.................... $13.75 each

ASK FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES AND BE CONVINCED.

GOUGH BROS.
TULLY & MERRILL, Managers

CONDITION OF HOLLAND'S QUEEN IS UNCHANGED

The Terror Stricken Nation is in a Terrible State of Suspense

Special to The Times.

The Hague, April 22, 3.30 a.m. The condition of Queen Wilhelmina is unchanged. Her physicians say it is impossible to predict the date of the Crisis in her illness. An extraordinary Cabinet Council was held to-day. The meeting caused numerous rumors concerning a decision of the matter of the Regency but it is said upon good authority that this matter was not discussed at the Council. It is reported that a lady's maid of Queen Wilhelmina's household has been attacked with typhoid fever. The Queen's mother burst into tears when she was first told her daughter had typhoid fever. She seldom leaves the sick chamber.

London, April 22, 4 a.m. In a despatch from Castle Loo, the correspondent of the Daily Mail declares the information vouchsafed. The public minimizes the gravity of Queen Wilhelmina's condition and magnifies her chances for recovery. The griefstricken nation, which loves the Queen to the point of idolatry, the correspondent continues, is in a state of terrible suspense, while the politicians are aghast at the possibility of a fatal termination of her illness.

A PLEASING ENTERTAINMENT

Given Last Night by the Young Ladies of St. Luke's Church

A really delightful entertainment was given last night in the opera house, by the young ladies of St. Luke's Church, Ashburnham. There was a good audience, and the programme was of unusual merit, reflecting much credit on those who took part in it. The following was the programme and cast,—

Overture, Prof. Gliddon's Orchestra
Comedy. "The Old Maids' Convention"

Overture... ... ...Prof. Gliddon's Orchestr
Comedy... ..."The Old Maids' Convention'

Characters.

Mariah Lovejoy,—President of the Old Matrimonial Club—Miss Tivey.
Amarilla Heywood,—Secretary—Miss P Burnham.
Priscilla Hope,—Treasurer—Miss Phillips.
Members of Club,—The Girl's Guild.
Professor Pinkton—With his Electric Transform(h)er—Mr. H. Neill.
Selection... ......Prof. Gliddon's Orchestra.
Farce... ..."The Day Before the Wedding."

Characters.

Mr. Ebenezer Padelthorp, who will give away his daughter to-morrow—Mr. H. Neill.
Mrs. Ebenezer Padelthorp, who will be given a son-in-law to-morrow—Miss Fitzgerald.
Mr. Alfred Warford, who will be married to-morrow—Mr. H. Adams.
Miss Ada Padelthorp, who will be married to-morrow—Miss Tivey.
Mr. Dick Padelthorp, who will be best man (and who wishes it might be his own wedding) to-morrow—Mr J Turner
Miss Dollie Deaton, who will be Ada's bridesmaid (and her own bride some other to-morrow—Miss Philips.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHARGED WITH TREASON

Col. Lynch, Who Fought for the Boers, Formally Indicted

Special to The Times.

London, April 22 — Although there is no indication that Colonel Arthur Lynch, who fought on the Boer side in the South African war, and who was elected to represent Galway City in Parliament in November last, has any intention of placing himself within reach of the British courts, the government is bringing witnesses from South Africa to testify in support of the charges of high treason brought against him. Lewis Handley, an American by birth, but a naturalized British subject and a farmer of the vicinity of Glencoe, Natal, landed in England to-day. He says Col. Lynch was the leader of the Boer force, principally composed of Irishmen, who raided his farm in 1900, confiscated his stock and other movables and destroyed his crops. Lynch informed Handley that he (Lynch) was a British subject.

The Evils of Constipation

This dangerous condition causes sick headache, abdominal pains, piles, and in severe cases insanity and apoplexy. The most agreeable and satisfactory remedy is Ferrozone, which makes the bowels so well ordered that natural and unassisted action is established. It is mild and certain in action and never causes distress or inconvenience, and may be taken as long as required. Pains in the stomach and intestines, piles, biliousness and headache disappear at once when Ferrozone is used. Recommended and sold by druggists, price 50c., or by Ormond & Walsh.

No Pills like Dr. Hamilton's.

Weather Notes

Probs, To-day.—Mostly fair and becoming warmer.

The weather is cold and wintry in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, and snow is reported from many points. Further South in the Mississippi Valley a pronounced warm wave has appeared and is likely to extend into Southern Ontario

SENSATION II AUSTRALIA

Senator Declares Troops Should Not be Sent Against Boers

Special to The Times.

Victoria, B.C., April 22 — News of a pro-Boer sensation in the Australian house was received by the steamer Noana. Senator Higgins made a pro-Boer speech, arguing that there was no justification for the sending of contingents to South Africa by Australia to aid in exterminating a brave people and he argued for general amnesty for the Boers, his speech being drowned in the uproar it created.

Your Decision This Day is All-Important

Paine's Celery Compound
Guarantees a Freedom From Disease and Sickness

INDIFFERENCE AND CARELESSNESS LEAD TO PHYSICAL SHIPWRECK AND THE GRAVE

The weak, ailing, sick and diseased have now more than ever before under their control their physical condition. They are free agents, and almost wholly responsible for their future. When the brain is not affected, and the mind can discern between right and wrong, a duty to themselves, their friends and country loudly demands a marked decision—prompt and determined action when health is impaired and life is in danger.

It is the part of wisdom that true decision be made to-day; to-morrow may be too late. In thousands of cases the checking and banishment of disease depends upon instant action; An hour lost frequently means the snuffing out of some precious life.

Few people in our country are without some knowledge of the wondrous life-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that guarantees release from the diseases common to life.

What will your decision be to-day, poor sufferer? Will you give Paine's Celery Compound the fair and honest testing that others are giving it, with its certain reward of health, strength, vigor and happiness, or will you remain indifferent and careless, content to pass your few days or weeks in misery, agony and wretchedness until the dark grave claims you as its victim?

It is almost needless to enumerate the blessed results that flow from Paine's Celery Compound when used promptly in springtime, as you and your friends have a knowledge of them. Of this you may be assured: the seeds of disease are banished, the system is fortified, the blood is made red and pure, the nerves braced, digestion regulated, headaches, sideaches and backaches forever dispelled, and sweet, restful sleep takes the place of insomnia.

IMPALED ON A HAT PEG.

London, April 21.— The funeral took place at Harrow of Police Constable Patrick Burns, whose death resulted from injuries he received in a remarkable manner on Good Friday night.

He was about to go downstairs when his foot caught on the top step, and he fell headlong. In falling he dashed against a row of hat-pegs fixed in the wall, one of which penetrated his eye with such force that as the man fell to the ground the peg was torn, with a large piece of wood, from the wall, and remained embedded in his head.

After a long period of unconsciousness he succumbed to the terrible injury a few days ago.

DISTRICTS OF RUSSIA ARE IN OPEN REVOLT

Times Records a Spontaneous Protest of Russians Against Present Conditions Similar to French Revolution

Special to The Times.

New York, April 21.—"Private acounts of absolute authenticity," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times, give news of serious disorders in southwest Russia. Since the pillaging of the Duke of Mecklenburg's house the disturbances have spread to large districts in Kharkoff and Poltava, which are in open revolt. The rioters are unorganized, and have no definite object. The movement is apparently a spontaneous protest against the existing conditions. The correspondent says the present unrest in Russia recalls the situation in France before the revolution. Competent judges do not expect the movement to develop as the French revolution did, but certain things cannot go on as at present.

UNCLE SAM'S BIG WAR SAID TO BE OVER.

Surrender of Aguinaldo's Successor will Hasten the Event

PEACE NOW SAID TO BE IN SIGHT

But General Chaffee Reports Trouble with the Moros in the south—Soldier Murdered Chiefs Refuse to Give up the Guilty

Manila, April 22.—Gen. Malvar, the last of the great rebel Generals, has surrendered to Gen. Bell. This information was contained in the following telegram received from Gen. Lloyd Wheaton to-day.

"Malvar has surrendered unconditionally to Bell at Lipa. Organized armed resistance to the authority of the United States has thus been terminated in this department."

This is the climax of Gen. Wheaton's wise but just and consistent policy, which was inaugurated last December by Gen. Bell when he established protected zones and reconcentration camps. The camps were erroneously supposed to be similar to those of Captain-General Weyler in Cuba. They were quite the contrary. In the Philippine camps not a single case of starvation has been reported, and the death rate is below that of the neighboring provinces where there are no camps. The majority of the peasants are better fed, housed and protected than they were formerly.

In the meantime these people are co-operating with the native volunteers who are relentlessly rounding up the rebels. Their work has resulted in the capture or surrender of 3,600 riflemen and hundreds of storehouses with enormous provisions and supplies of ammunition.

The personal surrender of Gen. Malvar, with his promise that his entire command will come in, will permit thousands of people to return to their homes before the planting season begins, as they know now that they will not be disturbed by the rebels.

This announcement of Malver's surrender has caused the greatest rejoicing in the province of Laguna, Batangas and Cavite, where he had been operating with more or less success. It is a happy termination of the struggle in these places, which had necessitated the establishment of the reconcentration camps.

Gen. Bell, who has achieved this result, is held in universal respect and admiration by the natives.

Washington, April 19.—The War Department to-day received an encouraging despatch from Gen. Chaffee with reference to the campaign in Batangas province under Gen. Bell. He reports the uncontional surrender of Gen. Malver, one of the few remaining hostile insurgent leaders, and adds that organized armed resistance to the United States is terminated in the Department of the North Philippines.

Gen. Chaffee's despatch is as follows: "Unconditional surrender Malver to-day to Brig-Gen. J. Franklin Bell. Organized armed resistance to United States terminated Department North Philippines."

When Aguinaldo was captured Gen. Malver announced himself as leader of the Filipinos and tried to rally the scattered forces. A few months ago his camp and his private papers were captured, and since that time he has been kept on the run. Malvar is the last of the prominent Filipino Generals, Lukban, who commanded in Samar, being captured some weeks ago.

Items of Interest

London, April 22.—A new use for the numerous chalkpits in the south of England lies in their utilization as ranges village rifle practice. On Saturday afternoon the Countess of Onslow opened the new range of the Merrow Rifle Club, which is situated in a chalkpit near Clandon Park, Surrey. Lord Onslow has given the range to the club, and has promised to present a challenge cup for competition.

Kingston, Ont., April 21.Mrs. Bruce Carruthers this morning received a cablegram from Klerksdorp, in the Transvaal, from her husband, Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, which contained but two words: "Never better." This is the first word received since the battle in which he won fame.

SUFFERING FROM GUNSHOT.

Ottawa, April 22.—A cable from the Casualty Department at Cape Town announces that Farrier Wm. Hunter is dangerously ill at Elandsfontein from the effect of the gunshot wound received in the Kleinhard's River engagement. Hunter enlisted at Winnipeg. Corporal Wm. Blanchard is ill with enteric fever. He is from Peterborough.

Sure Cure for Sick Stomach

Such maladies as nausea, sick stomach, cramps and colic, yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from any of these complaints just keep Nerviline handy and take a few drops in water for quick relief. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is a comfort and safeguard in any household, and will save great suffering and big doctors' bills every year. Do you use Nerviline. Try it. Hamilton's Pills don't gripe.

NEWS OF THE WORLD BY WIRE AND CABLE

Interesting Events Transpiring in all Parts of the Globe

ARE RUINING IRELAND'S FAME.

Free Fight in a Church — Sequel to Lloyd George Riots.— French Colonial Weakness.

London, April 21.—The action of Dr. Thompson, M.P., in strenuously protesting against the Irish members cheering the news of Lord Methuen's defeat has been widely supported by Catholics in Ireland.

Speaking at a Catholic bazaar at Omagh, Dr. Thompson said that when he saw things done which he believed were ruinous to the fair fame and character of Ireland he would certainly speak out. He would be a coward and a poltroon if he did not do so.

FREE FIGHT IN A CHURCH.

London, April 21.—The campaign against alleged ritualistic practices in certain Bristol churches has culminated in a free fight in All Hallows' Church.

In endeavoring to eject a Wycliffe preacher, who stood up to condemn a portion of the service, the church officials met with strenuous opposition from a section of the congregation.

Sticks and umbrellas were freely used, men struggled fiercely together, ladies fainted, and the police had finally to be called to restore order.

SEQUEL TO LLOYD-GEORGE RIOTS.

London, April 21.— The Birmingham City Council recently discussed the report of the Watch Committee in the enquiry which they were directed by the council to make into the conduct of the police force towards the crowd on the occasion of the Lloyd-George riots. The report completely exonerated the chief constable and his principal officers, but admitted that certain officers, whom the committee had failed to discover, had lost their heads, and on their own volition assaulted inoffensive persons. The report was adopted. The riots arose out of the attempt of Lloyd-George, a pro-Boer, to address a demonstration.

London, Monday, April 21. — A despatch to the Standard from Pretoria, dated Saturday, says there is considerable reason for believing that a tentative agreement regarding peace has been arrived at, which, unless something unforseen happens to vitiate it, will prove mutually cordial. The correspondent adds that he understands that the basis of assured peace on the initiation of the Boers themselves has at length been reached. The Boer leaders left Pretoria Friday night. Gen. De Wet goes to Heilbron, Acting President Schalkburger and Gen. Delarey will leave the train at Klerksdorp, Gen. Lucas Meyer goes to the Lydenburg district, State Secretary Reitz and a companion will meet the burghers beyond Pietersburg, and Gen. Botha goes to Dundee and thence to Vryheid, whence he will reach his main commando. Arrangements have been made by which the burghers will be summoned to the different rendezvous, where on agreed dates the British terms will be clearly laid before them. Meanwhile there is nothing in the nature of an armistice except that no attacks will be made on the Boers on the actual dates of their various meetings. While it is possible that some of the Free State burghers will prove recalcitrant, it is confidently expected that the Transvaal Boers almost to a man will acquiesce in the wishes of their leaders.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Telegraph concludes a despatch to that paper saying:—"As most of the Boer delegates have ordered clothing and groceries here for early delivery you may draw your own conclusions."

GEN WARREN DISSATISFIED.

London, Monday, April 21.—General Sir Charles Warren has written to the newspapers regarding the Spion Kop despatches published by the Government last Wednesday. He states that they do not contain some of the most important documents bearing on the subject, give a totally incorrect view of the matter if considered by themselves, and reflect injuriously upon the military reputation of himself and those who served so well under him. He trusts that the Government will publish the complete documents. Meanwhile he says he will refrain from making any further statement.

MUST CONSULT BURGHERS.

London, April 21.—The reference of the British terms by the Boer military leaders to their commandoes shows that the delegates are acting strictly in accordance with their own constitution, which says:—

"Treaties of peace require ratification by the Volksraad, which must be summoned as soon as possible for that purpose."

To-day the old Volksraad is scattered to the winds. Many of its members are killed, have been captured, or have fled from their country. Others have died. Only a bare remnant remains. Hence the delegates are obviously required to submit the matter to the people themselves as represented by the fighting burghers. Besides, under the Transvaal Constitution, the Volksraad is bound to allow due time for the people to express their views on any proposed law.

CAREFUL CALCULATION

based upon reliable statistics, and a general training of the mind, to properly discern cause and effect, will so equip the dealer in stocks or speculative commodities, as will enable him to obtain frequently large profits from comparatively small investments. The business affords the small capitalist equal and proportionate opportunity, will he but apply his judgment in equal manner. To supply complete data and knowledge needed for the purpose, we issue free, our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

also a

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M. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 22, 1902.

SUGGESTIVE RELIGIOUS CHANGES.

Many new devices to attract people to churches have been invented and adopted of recent years and a religious periodical, the Church Economist, gives special attention to descriptions of them and their working.

The most remarkable, not to say curious, of these innovations, are the vested choirs, borrowed from Roman Catholicism and Anglicanism, which have been introduced even into a Baptist church of New York, but more extensively into Methodist churches in several places.

On Easter Sunday the Washington Heights Baptist Church started the innovation of a vested choir of sixty voices, with cassock and cotta, and the women wearing also mortar-board hats. That is, the vestments are the same as in Episcopal churches. The introduction of such a choir into the Metropolitan Methodist Temple, a year ago, proved so successful, apparently, that the example has been followed by other Methodist churches, one at Chicago having come into line recently and conspicuously.

This is very suggestive because the two Protestant Churches which in the past were always most distinguished by the extreme simplicity of their worship and their church architecture, and were most violently opposed to anything like mere aestheticism in religious services, were the Baptist and the Methodist. They were plain people, and all worldly display, in raiment and in social life, were eschewed by them. Methodists were enjoined by Wesley, in his "General Rules," to "evidence their desire of salvation" by refraining from "putting on of gold and costly apparel." Like austerity of life was the Baptist rule, and the meeting houses of both denominations were usually without steeples or any other marks of a distinctively ecclesiastical architecture.

The change from all this to the pump of vested choirs and the imitation of purely ritualistic features is revolutionary. A generation ago it would have stirred up violent protest throughout those denominations. Now it seems to cause no disturbance whatever, but rather to provoke an amiable desire to repeat and extend the innovation.

Will these ritualistic Baptist and Methodist churches stop with vested choirs merely? Will they not go on, naturally and logically, to the adoption of other features of the liturgical churches they are imitating? We are likely to see the cross introduced, and perhaps the time will come when the plain communion table will give place to a veritable altar, with all its religious significance. This is, therefore, a serious innovation, suggestive of a radical doctrinal transformation in the future. We have seen how Ritualism in the Episcopal Church has advanced to a bold teaching of the Real Presence.

Meanwhile the Paulist Fathers tell of conversions from Protestantism to the Roman Catholic Church increasing at a rate so great and rapid that the time seems to be coming when the Catholic throng will be too large to be contained within the walls of their churches. On the other hand, the propagandas of Mormonism, Christian Science and "The New Thought" are described by their votaries as pushing ahead astonishingly, and, on their side, the agnostics are confident that belief in all Christian dogma and all supernaturalism is passing away not less rapidly.

The religious writers seem to be more disturbed at this time than ever before in the history of Christianity, and signs of unprecedented revolutionary changes appear in many directions.

Out of His Province.

A soap-maker and a banker were at a Wagner concert, says the "Christian Register." The programme did not please them, and they began to talk.

"Every man," said the banker, "wants to do something outside of his own work."

"Yes," answered the soap-maker. "I manufacture good soap, and yet I've always wanted to be a banker."

"You wouldn't be a good one. I am a successful banker, but I always wanted to write a book. And now here's this man Wagner tries his hand at music. Just listen to the stuff! And yet we all know he builds good parlor-cars."

Light Hogs.

A good many farmers in eastern Ontario are still adhering to the very foolish policy of marketing hogs that are too light in weight, and quite unsuitable for packing purposes. The Geo. Matthews Co., Limited, report that during the month of January their receipts of hogs graded as follows:—Selects, 1,308; light, 1,840; light fats, 690; heavy fats, 27; sows, 40; stags, 6; cripples, 21; stores, 123; a toal of 4,154 hogs, of which only 1,308, or about 33 per cent., were suitable for the manufacture of first-class export bacon. If the trade in Canadian bacon is to be increased or even maintained, at its present volume, it is absolutely necessary that only hogs of proper weight and quality be sent to the packing houses.

F. W. Hodson,
Live Stock Commissioner.

A Test For Good Butter.

The good housewife who said, "The way to test good butter is to smell it," was surely an expert judge of butter. The fact is that a really good judge of butter seldom tastes it but depends rather upon the senses of smell and sight. The dealer who really knows and deals in good butter can at any time when he is testing a crock or roll of butter, be seen to very carefully pass it in review before his olfactory nerve, and to break it and note the appearance of the broken surface.

The true flavor of butter can be quickly tested in the entirety of a package in this manner, while, if the sense of taste alone were depended upon and the package was not of even quality, the fact might go unnoticed. The quantity of salt in the butter can, of course, only be determined by tasting it. The surface exposed when a package or sample of butter is broken should exhibit what is known as a good grain. That means that it should have a clearly defined granular surface, similar to that found on the broken surface of cast iron of good quality. Do not fail to apply these tests when passing judgment on the quality of butter. Their careful observance and a little practice will make you an expert.—Michigan Farmer.

Clover For Egg Producing.

Experience has demonstrated the value of clover for egg producing time and again. Clover has just the material in it to form egg shell, and hence it becomes an essential part of every ration fed to the chickens. It may not be generally understood that there are nearly thirty pounds of lime contained in each thousand pounds of clover. The chickens fed daily with clover will consequently prove better egg layers than those denied it. The clover hay should be given to chickens in winter in quantities sufficient to satisfy them, and to make them eat more it is desirable sometimes to prepare it in various ways. Cook and chop it up, and mix it with meal or other articles. This will sometimes induce the hens to consume a great amount of clover each day. Cut up into short lengths and mixed with warm mash, and then fed only as fast as the chickens will clean it up each day, is probably the most economical way to feed the clover. Some cut the second crop of clover and place it in the poultry yard for the chickens to eat and scratch over at pleasure. This of itself is all right, but it is rather wasteful. More than half the clover will be lost, and the chickens do not actually eat much more than the leaves. The stalks contain most of the lime, and these should be prepared so the chickens will consume them. Of all foods that can be raised on a farm for poultry, clover is not only the best, but probably the cheapest, and a field of it is as essential to success as a pasture field is necessary to the success of dairying.—Annie C. Webster, in Massachusetts Ploughman.

Just What You Ask For.

Outside the drug store—the store of J. Milhau's Son, at No. 183 Broadway—you may read the announcement at the head of this column, "We give you just what you ask for."

We are glad to seize upon this occasion to pay a tribute to this motto, and, incidentally, to point out a dishonest and very common practice among merchants —that of substituting one article for another.

One business man devotes all his energy, his money and his time to building up the reputation of a certain article. He enables the retailer to make a large profit, and he spends his money that customers may be plentiful.

When a customer asks for the article in question it is dishonest to say to him, as many do:—

"Don't buy that. We have something else just as good and much cheaper."

If the merchant has something good and cheap of his own, let him sell it to his customers by all means. But let him not steal the trade of a man whose energy helps to build up his business. Let him not divert to his own pocket all of the profit which he ought to in honesty share with another.

There are wares that are made enormously profitable to the retailer simply because men push their business with intelligence and perseverance. It is ungrateful as well as dishonest for the sake of a little extra profit to cut into the legitimate business of the advertising manufacturer.

Incidentally, the public, as well as the storekeeper and the manufacturer, are interested in this question of substituting one article for another.

That which is represented as "just as good" is usually not just as good, but very far from it.

If a man has spent a million dollars building up the reputation of a certain article, it is to his advantage to keep up the quality of the material which enters into the manufacture of that article. His profit is large if he is honestly treated, and it would be suicide for him to use inferior material for the sake of a little extra money.

The man who makes up an imitation article and announces it as "just as good" has no such sum at stake. He has invested nothing. He has no valuable name to ruin, and it is to his interest to make the "just as good" article just as cheap as he can make it.

The buyer should remember these facts and put his confidence in that retailer who, like the man quoted at the head of this article, gives to the customer just what he asks for, treats the wholesaler honestly, and shows gratitude for the energy which builds up a successful business and makes the retailer prosperous.—From The New York Journal. Issued by the Association of American Advertisers.

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

Ping-Pong in Society.

We have no idea on this side of the Atlantic of the extent to which "ping-pong" has affected English society, but the following from a London paper of late date gives an inkling of the popularity—absurd popularity, one is tempted to say—which it has attained:—

"The nice conduct of the celluloid has become a cult. 'Professors' we have already, and now comes the 'school,' where beginners are coached in the subtleties of our latest form of amusement.

"As befits the high rank of 'ping-pong,' the teaching class is an academy, and its location is the balcony at Niagara Hall. There half a dozen tables (9 feet by 5 feet) are open to students. They absorb the rudiments and go forward to excellence under the skilful tuition of Mr. P. Fleming, son of Tom Fleming, known as the father of lawn tennis.

"Around these tables stand, day by day, scores of men, young and middle-aged, maidens and matrons, eager to qualify for proficiency in the dining-room. Half a crown is the fee per lesson, and when the 'ping-pongers' have picked up some mastery of the game a shilling secures the table for a set.

"Frequently a really good player strolls in and takes a turn. It is as if Stevenson descended on a pool-room and casually 'took a cue,' or MacLaren played as 'Mr. A. N. Other' on a village cricket ground.

"Thursday brings its special diversion. Men and women from the ice rink below come up and play 'ping-pong' on skates.

"Of course, there are no sofas nor cosy corners in this academy, and hence no easy hiding-place for the errant ball. Players do not grovel on dusty floors. Ingenuity has evolved a 'scoop' with a long handle to entrap the wanderer in meshes of elastic.

"The game prospers all round. Mr. Fleming has always plenty of calls on his teaching ability from private houses.

"On Thursday week his Majesty is to visit Niagara and watch the skating champions on the ice. It is not beyond the dreams of 'ping-pongers' that the King may ascend the balcony and look on at a game.

"Nay, the fluttering hope is that Edward VII. will himself take a racquet and his first (public) essay in what somebody in 'Measure for Measure' long ago foretold as 'the game of tick-tack.'"

The same paper, The Express, in another issue raises the point as to whether the craze for "ping-pong" is not a sign of national decay, and really, after reading the above, the suggestion does not seem unreasonable. Mr. Kipling might have done his country a real service if he had attacked "ping-pong" instead of cricket and football. Or can it be that the craze is partly due to his bitter lines, for in yet another reference to the new game it is stated that "suburban athletes have forsaken football and golf to foregather in a stuffy club room on Saturday afternoons and trifle with a celluloid ball"; and again "The National Sporting Club has invested in a championship 'ping-pong' table, and amateur boxers have been seen glaring at each other, not across the ring, but over a miniature net." Surely the "flannelled fools," etc., have gone from bad to worse, and the Imperial bard should shortly be heard from again.

Misfortunes of Some Welshmen.

The following extract from an article by Mr. W. L. Griffith, Canadian Government agent for Wales, in The Western Daily News, Cardiff, gives a picturesque sketch of the misfortunes of the Patagonian Welshmen who are likely to come to Canada shortly:—When the idea of a Welsh colony in Patagonia was first mooted Wales was seething with political discontent. But, strong as this feeling undoubtedly was, it required much effort on the part of Professor Michael Jones of Bala and the Rev. Lewis Jones of Festiniog to prevail upon the small band of people which eventually made the venture. The motives of the self-deceived leaders in the movement will always remain open to debate. The attraction to the rank and file was the vision of free land, immunity from taxes, and the self-government so dear to the heart of the Welshman. Fired with these ideas, the imaginative Cymry saw visions of a Cymric Utopia. They not only cherished these ideals, but they were prepared to do all in their power to compass their realization. They were brave, earnest, laborious, ready and willing to sacrifice self. It is pathetic to think of the shock these brave men and women encountered when they finally landed on the desert shores of New Bay, and discovered that the country they had fondly pictured as one of illimitable resources was nothing but a barren desert, and that their leaders, whom they implicitly trusted, had been guilty of carelessness, which was, perhaps, worse than inexcusable. In fairness it must here be stated that Professor Michael Jones squandered a private fortune on what had become his pet project. As they were without means the Welsh people were face to face with starvation. There was nothing to do but, to use an Americanism, "scratch for a living." The history of these people during the first years of the settlement entitles them to the greatest credit.

A Story of Prince Henry.

Prince Henry of Prussia, according to a story told by a diplomat who was once attached to the British Embassy in Berlin, was one day chatting with an English friend in a cafe in Bonn, when he became an object of suspicion to one of those meddling minor officials who flourish in such numbers in Germany. The Prince is too discreet a man to discuss affairs of State in a public place, but on this occasion some subject arose which, while not of general interest, related to the Imperial family. The conversation was in English, and the spying official was acquainted with that language. At length Prince Henry remarked:—"Why, my dear fellow, don't you see that the Emperor would be even crazier than some people seem to believe he is if he did anything like that?"

The official leaned toward his Royal Highness and said: "Sir, are you aware that there is a lese majeste law in this country? Let me hear another remark of that kind, and I make a complaint against you."

The Englishman took in the situation, and a moment afterward remarked: "As I was saying to your Royal Highness before we were interrupted——"

The meddler gasped, rose hastily and withdrew.

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18k., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

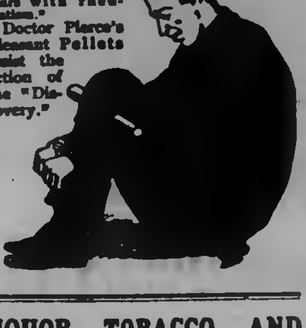
HELPLESS.

The man trussed up so that he can neither move hand nor foot is in his helplessness a fair type of many a man affected by rheumatism. Often the disease only partially disables, and with crutch and cane the sufferer hobbles painfully about.

Rheumatism can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This great blood purifying medicine eliminates the poisons which cause the disease. It increases the activity of the blood-making glands, and so increases the purity and abundance of the blood supply, thus giving vigor and vitality to all organs of the body which depend for their health on plenty of pure blood. It builds up the body with firm flesh instead of flabby fat. The "Discovery" contains neither alcohol nor narcotics.

"I had been troubled with rheumatism for twelve years, so bad at times I could not leave my bed," writes Mr. R. J. McKnight, of Cades, Williamsburg Co., S. C. "I was badly crippled. Tried many doctors, and two of them gave me up to die. None of them did me much good. The pains in my back, hips and legs (and at times in my head), would nearly kill me. My appetite was very bad. Everybody who saw me said I must die. I took five bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four vials of the 'Pellets,' and to-day my health is good after suffering twelve years with rheumatism."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets assist the action of the "Discovery."



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Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

It Cures all Creeds.—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims: Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking. 50 cts.—105

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

Cover Crops and Fertilizers.

Prof. I. P. Roberts of Cornell University says:—Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil; fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productively by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that another cover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 138.86 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.35 lbs.; potash, 109.98 lbs. There is removed by 25 bushels of wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 42 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash, 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

Epitaph.

Here lies Luke Longpenna, the distinguished historical novelist, who died at the age of eleven years in the full height of his fame, three weeks after the publication of his first book.—"Life."

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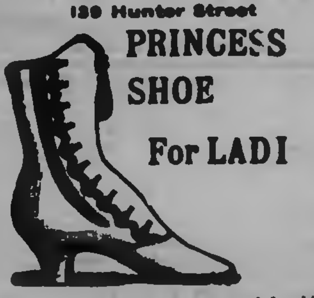

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Humor of the Hour.

"When her grandfather came to this town he was barefooted and had only fifty cents in his pocket."

"What a lucky thing it was for her that he didn't know she would some day be ashamed of the manner of his arrival. If he could have known how it was going to humiliate her he mightn't have come."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

"'Tis very sad," the onion said,
And heaved a little sigh,
"The only faculty I have
Is making people cry."
—The Interior.

◆◆◆

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

The word "ponger," indicating an exponent of the art or science of ping pong, has lately sprung into existence. Do the users of this euphonious but backboneless noun realize what they are responsible for? Witness the result :—

"If a man who plays at ping pong is a
"ponger,"
Then a singer at a "sing song" is a
"songer";
If the "songer" is a "singer,"
Then the "ponger" is a "pinger,"
And the man who says it's wrong must
be a "wronger."

If your charming partner at the game's
a "pingstress,"
Then an operatic nightingale's a "singstress";
If the song she sings is sung,
Is a game of ping pong "pung"?
And is the girl who lingers called a
"lingstress"?
—London Mail.

◆◆◆

A pretty girl boarded a crowded street car in Washington, and a pompous old gentleman arose and gave her a seat.

After some time a number of passengers got out, and the old gentleman sank into the nearest corner with a weary sigh.

"I wouldn't get up again," he murmured, "for an angel," and then, as he caught the eyes of the girl fixed upon him reproachfully, he added quickly, "I mean, madam, for another angel!"—Harper's Magazine.

◆◆◆

"I went south to spend the winter among the palms, the flowers and the sunshine, but I was so absent-minded I had to come right back."

"How so?"

"Forgot my snowshoes."—New York Sun.

◆◆◆

"In Esquire Robert's court recently," says The Fulton (Ky.) Leader, "a boy was put on the witness stand, and to ascertain if he knew the nature of an oath the Justice interviewed him as follows:—

"'Do you know the nature of an oath?'

"'Don't know whether I do or not.'

"'Well, if you should tell a lie, do you know where you would go when you die?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Where?'

"'Well, when we moved out here pap said if any of us lied he would take us back to Arkansas, and I reckon he'll be as good as his word.'"

◆◆◆

The customer had not been sitting long at the hospitable table of a certain hotel in London when he noticed something mysterious about his plate of "fine old Stilton" and bread.

He watched it very closely for some time, and then with a look of awe on his face, called lustily to the waiter.

"Waiter!" he cried, "remove this cheese."

"Beg pardon, sir," said the waiter. "Can I bring you any other kind?"

"Remove this cheese, I tell you!"

"We've some fine Gorgonzola, sir. I'll——"

"Great Jupiter, man! If you don't remove it immediately I'll call the police!"

"Sorry, sir," said the terrified waiter. "Is there anything wrong?"

"Wrong! wrong! It's eating all my bread!"

◆◆◆

"I think papa is just as mean as he can be," asserted the little one with indignation.

"Why?" asked her mother in surprise.

"Oh, he never can tell anything about the changes in the weather," was the reply. "Why doesn't he get the rheumatism, like Lucy Miller's father?"—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

"No," said the cheerful man, "a man cannot be too careful about writing letters."

"That's right," replied the nervous individual; "I wrote three once that have kept me in hot water ever since."

"Ah, love letters, I suppose. Breach of——"

"No, sir. 'I.O.U.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Mrs. Borden—I notice you got a new suit of clothes to-day.

The Boarder—Yes, but they're too loose.

"Well, you can send them back and get that altered."

"I've got a better scheme. I'm going to look up a good boarding house."—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

"He stole a Texas pony," said Derringer Bill. "What shall we do about it?"

"Mustang," shouted the rest of the Gory Gulch outfit, for you must know, dear reader, that life in the far west does not destroy the innate sense of American humor.—New York Sun.

◆◆◆

The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said, "was signed 'More Anon' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Omega.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more such."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell; Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

moment Alexander Hamilton's coach stopped abreast of the coupe.

White as death Aleck leaned forward and saw Daisy sitting among the velvet cushions, and to his intense joy—alone.

"I was a madman to be suspicious of my darling," he muttered. "What would she say if she knew it?"

At that instant she raised her eyes and saw him.

"Aleck!" she murmured in horror too great almost for words.

How long had he been sitting in that coach opposite watching her! Dear heaven! how long?

He joined her at once.

"My darling," he said, taking his seat by her side, "I am so glad to see that you have changed your mind about going driving. I am beginning to think now your refusal to go with me was because you preferred your own thoughts to my company, not very complimentary—that."

"I am never so happy as when I am with you, Aleck," she whispered, and he wondered why her voice quivered so piteously, and the big pearly tear drops started in those bluebell eyes.

"It was a sudden whim of mine to go riding, even after refusing you; but I am full of whims, Aleck—you must not think strange of anything I may do, will you, dear?"

It was only natural, loving her as well as he did, he should readily acquiesce in anything she might say.

Daisy readily surmised the true state of affairs; her tormentor must have seen Aleck approaching and that was how he happened to make such a quick exit from the coupe.

But about the ball he had set his heart upon attending, how should she secure him an invitation when her friend Mrs. Dillingham was one of the most particular of women as to her acquaintances?

Daisy called upon her friend the next day and the subject was broached with great tact.

"A friend of yours you are anxious to introduce to me? I shall be most pleased to see him," remarked Mrs. Dillingham. "He is a stranger here, you say; that is unpleasant. If I were to meet him previously I should be pleased to send him an invitation to my ball, any friend of yours must be a valuable acquisition to society, I feel sure."

She wondered why her pretty young friend blushed so pitifully to the very roots of her curly golden hair, then turned so deadly pale.

"Your sister Olive will be here in time for my ball she writes me," Mrs. Dillingham went on, "so we will have two agreeable strangers at least—the graceful French count and pretty Olive."

And again Mrs. Dillingham wondered why her friend shuddered as with sudden chill. Daisy could not bear the name of Monsieur Devereaux—as he had chosen to call himself—mentioned in the same breath with that of her sister Olive.

CHAPTER XIX.
Under a Mask.

The count had been presented to Mrs. Dillingham, and his handsome face, ready wit, and polished manners made him a prime favorite with the lady at once.

"Where will it all end?" Daisy wondered, as she stood dressing for the ball—even Olive noticed how preoccupied she was.

"Of course it will be a grand affair," said Olive, glancing complacently at her lovely figure in the long mirror, "and I intend to make many conquests—among them the noble French count whom every one is raving over. By the way, Daisy, where did you first meet the count? —it is strange you never spoke of it —he is not one to forget, I should imagine, judging from Mrs. Dillingham's description of him."

"I have forgotten where I first met him—at Saratoga, I think," faltered Daisy.

"But Aleck did not meet him," persisted Olive, "he said so. That was strange. Why, Daisy, how awkward you are."

The lovely pearl fan her sister was holding had fallen to the floor from her nerveless hands with a crash —Daisy felt that she should surely die if she were obliged to hear another word concerning her tormentor.

"You must present me to the handsome count—at once," pursued Olive. "Who knows what may come of it—I may yet be a countess. I shall do my best to attract him."

"You must not do it, Olive," Daisy gasped. "Shun him—remember my words—shun him."

Olive Gordon looked at her curiously. "Why do you speak like that?" she asked frowningly. "I am sure if he were not very nice you would never have taken so much pains to introduce him to Mrs. Dillingham. I understand just what is the matter with you, Daisy, it's pure, simple jealousy—you're afraid pure, simple jealousy—you're afraid only plain Mrs. Hamilton."

"I'd rather be Aleck's wife than have the whole world," said Daisy huskily—bravely keeping back the hot tears that would start to her eyes.

It was like death to her to go to the ball and face the fiery eyes of the man who had it in his power to blast her life or to spare her—and more bitter than death to present him to Aleck and her sister, Olive. She never remembered afterward how she got through it. She noticed with horror, how admiringly the count's eyes rested on Olive's pretty, piquant face, and a glance full of fire and passion seemed to flash from his eyes to hers.

"A half a million in her own right," the count was thinking to himself as he bowed low over Olive Gordon's pretty white hand. "That isn't bad—besides the girl is beautiful. Why shouldn't I win her? her sister must use her influence in my behalf."

"This count is a very good fellow, I suppose," said Aleck to Daisy when they found themselves for a few moments alone together; "but there is something about him which puzzles me—upon my honor, he does not seem accustomed to good society, and there is a sort of flashiness about his dress. He seems rather attentive to Olive, don't you think so? How did you come to know him, Daisy?" he inquired, abruptly.

The lights and the flowers of the conservatory in which they stood seemed to whirl around her; by a violent effort she controlled her voice to speak.

"It was at Saratoga, Aleck, I think," she faltered disconnectedly.

"How strange that you did not mention it at the time," he said con-

To be Continued

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Honor for a Canadian.

Canadians generally will be interested in learning that Dr. J. Beattie Crozier, author of the famous work, "History of Intellectual Development," has been selected as one of the 300 representatives of the empire in the splendid ten-guinea volume of portraits and biographies which the Grosvenor Press are bringing out. The work consists of representative men of every class outside of the military and civil services, who will have a volume to themselves. Dr. Crozier will be one of the representatives of the department of philosophy. Also, of course, he will stand as one of the representatives of Canada, a distinction he has well earned, and on which I am sure his countrymen will warmly congratulate him.

An Outspoken Journal.

It is refreshing, and even entertaining, to turn occasionally to that ultra-Radical English journal, Reynolds' Newspaper, and see the use which is still made of that right of free speech which is sometimes supposed to have been menaced by the developments of late years. Reynolds' does not take much stock in the colonies of the empire, nor, for that matter, in the mother country either, and in an article dealing with the war the other day made the following amiable reference to the progressive colony of New Zealand, the advanced radicalism of which might have been expected to meet with sympathy in its columns :—"Amid all this scene of woe and desperation, one sinister figure emerges—the ogre of Capitalism. Seddon, the frozen meat 'patriot,' with the hostile tariff against British goods, and his bankrupt colony living on borrowed money, rages about the contracts for supplying the army. The foreign Jewish 'patriots'—who used to sing 'God Shave the Queen'—domiciled here, have secured most of those contracts, as they secured the astounding contracts for the supply of horses. And behind this section of old Jewry is that other section of Judaism with which Rhodes the Raider is connected. Fine patriots, indeed, making their millions out of the war, while the Government refuses to pay poor Tommy Atkins his back wages, leaving him to starve in the street, or to die in the workhouse."

Here, too, is Reynolds' pleasantly frank way of dealing with the Anglo-Japanese alliance :—"We are going the way of all nations given up, on the one hand, to the most sensual luxury, on the other to the most immoral and criminal seizure of their neighbors' territory. The latest sign of our feebleness, under a Government composed of rich men and land monopolists, whom the international Jewish capitalists have by the throat, is the treaty with Japan. Only a couple of months ago that vulgar self-advertiser Chamberlain was hurling insults at Germany—a country that had previously rejected his cringing appeal for an alliance—and boasting of our 'splendid isolation.' To-day our Government, composed of fools and knaves, recognizing the gravity of the position of affairs in South Africa, is obliged to beg little Japan, a semi-savage nation, with a veneer of western culture among its more prosperous classes, to enter into an alliance with decaying England. The humiliation of it! The danger of it!"

Presbyterian Lenten Service.

A regular Lenten service in a Presbyterian church is not heard of often, but Dr. Hunter of the King's Weigh House Church, London, has begun this innovation during the present season of Lent. In the course of a conversation with a representative of a London newspaper, Dr. Hunter expressed himself as strongly in favor of the observance of all the seasons of the "Christian year." "It belongs," he said, "to the whole of Christendom and not to any one section only. Nonconformists have lost much through their non-observance of these special seasons. For instance, Lent arose originally out of a deep necessity of the inner life, and, more even than men long ago, we require such a pause amid the rush of business and pleasure. It is well for us to have such a season, it is better still if we seek to profit by it. It is wise and good that so many in our day, and in so many of our churches, are returning to the old paths of meditation and prayer and are seeking to fill the best of the old forms and observances with a truer and better meaning and spirit."

Dr. Hunter has always been an advocate of the observance by Free Churchmen of the feasts and fasts of the church. When he began his ministry in York twenty-eight years ago he introduced the custom of a service on Good Friday, and in his church at Glasgow he had for two years daily prayer. At King's Weigh House Church on the Sunday evenings in Lent, Dr. Hunter is delivering a course of sermons on "Self-discipline," and he has announced a "class for young persons wishing to be prepared for the Communion of the Lord's Supper," which is presumably on the lines of a confirmation class in the Church of England. The service book in use at King's Weigh House is one compiled by Dr. Hunter, and used by him at Glasgow, and, while based mainly on liturgical lines, it provides for the exercise of extempore prayer.

To Make Colts Shy.

Nearly every colt, when first driven away from home, will shy and scare more or less at objects along the roadside. After he has been driven a few times the common practice is to strike him with the whip every time he does this. It is provoking to feed a horse hay three times a day and then see him scare at a little pile of hay in the road. The first thing that comes into the mind is to give him a cut with the whip.

Nothing worse than this could be done. The next time he will not only be afraid of the object, but of the whip also, and by a little training in this way he will soon be confirmed in the habit of shying and scaring at nearly everything he sees. First the tendency, then the habit, is the law of nature, and when the pile of hay or rock, or whatever startles, is connected with the whip, as it soon will be, the habit is fixed for life. You cannot whip horses into good habits; you can [illegible] them very easily [illegible].

"MANY FALSE PROPHETS SHALL RISE."

ONE OF THE SIGNS OF THE LAST DAYS NOW BEING CONSPICUOUSLY FULFILLED.

BY REV. P. Z. EASTON.

When our Lord was asked what would be the signs by which His people might know that His coming was near at hand, He mentioned, among others, (Matt. 24: 5), that many would come in His name, saying I am Christ, and would deceive many. If it were possible, He added, "they will deceive the very elect." It is evident that such teachers must be very subtle and have much that is true in their teaching, otherwise sincere people would not be deceived. As the counterfeit coin would not pass if it was all base metal, but is accepted the more readily the more silver it has in it, so the most dangerous teaching is that which contains a leaven of truth.

This fact was brought impressively to my mind by an utterance of one of our ablest scholars. Lecturing to students he stopped suddenly and spoke to them with great earnestness, to the following effect:—"If you forget all that I have taught you, there is one thing which I desire that you should remember. The danger which threatens the church is not what most people suppose it to be. It is a matter concerning which ninety-nine people out of a hundred are ignorant. The faith is being undermined; and in no long time the church will be called to pass through a crisis more severe than anything in her past history." He then went on to point out that the wicked Haman, who was plotting the destruction of the church, was the insidious Pantheistic teaching of the day. Nine years have passed since this utterance, and it is evident to-day not only that the same condition exists, but that we are rapidly hastening toward the crisis then spoken of. It is not the church alone, it is the State and the family also, whose very foundations are being undermined.

One of the essential characteristics of Pantheism is its esoteric character—one thing to the outside world, and another to those who are initiated into the system; one thing again to the catechumen who is yet in the initial stage, and another to the adept who has gone through all the degrees. If it be asked how can we know anything about a system which is thus wrapped up in mystery, the answer is, the system is old, its sects many, and by comparing these sects and studying their literary remains we have very valuable literary and historical data upon which to base a judgment.

One of the amazing things about all these sects is the extraordinary fascination and seductive influence which they exert upon their followers. It is the story of the pied piper of Hamelin, with this difference, that it is not children, nor even women, but strong men also, who are borne along by the current. It is, in fact, a sort of spiritual intoxication, not to say delirium, which seizes upon them in which the senses are drowned and the voice of reason is not heard. It is impossible to argue with them, because there is no common ground on which to stand. That which the common sense of mankind declares to be black is to them white; that which is manifest folly is to them the highest wisdom. Talk not to them of a future heaven; they are in heaven now; nor of the beatific vision, for they have heard, and seen, and handled. Not all, it is true, are thus crazy. We are speaking here more particularly of Oriental Pantheists; but something of this same character is seen in all forms of the delusion.

How shall we account for the fact? We must bear in mind that the Pantheistic tempter is not the devil in horns and hoofs, but the devil transformed into an angel of light, who comes to mankind to-day as he did to the Saviour in the wilderness, with the offer of the kingdoms of the world and all the glory of them, on the one sole condition of accepting him as Lord and master. This is all he asks. No change of religion and no change of life. All things to all men in a sense somewhat different from that of the apostle. He is an exceedingly obliging and courteous individual. He is also a very pious individual and a very self-sacrificing one, ready in many cases even to lay down his life for the cause. Is it any wonder that he has deceived many, and that many have been moved to inveigh with righteous indignation against the hard-heartedness of those who would impugn the motives of such an excellent person. What grace, they cry; what goodness, what heavenly language! Would that his uncharitable accusers were half as good as he! Nevertheless, let us listen to the great Persian writer when he cries: "O how much sugar-like sweetness, within which poison was concealed." In the story of the wily vizier that master mind has drawn just such a character, a strange combination of saint and devil, a character by no means uncommon in Persian history. Let the reader ponder these and other like words of Scripture: "Now the Spirit speaketh expressly that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith, giving heed to seducing spirits, and doctrines of devils." (I. Tim. 4:1).

He Was Better Off Without It.

Hewitt—Gruet is a very polite fellow. I asked him if he would have a cigar and he said he would. I found I didn't have one, but he thanked me just the same. Jewett—He ought to have thanked you more.—"Judge."

"What are you going to paint on this dazzling white canvas, may I ask?"

"That is a finished painting, miss. It is entitled, 'The Snow Storm.'"

"Why, so it is! How stupid of me! Isn't it beautiful!"—Chicago Tribune.

Must be There Early.

The chosen few who will find seats in the Abbey on Coronation Day are planning their arrangements for this day far ahead of time, and with the greatest precision. One lady, according to The Daily Mail, has already given orders to her hairdresser to be with her at 6 o'clock on the morning of the eventful day. When Queen Victoria was crowned many of those in attendance at the Abbey were compelled to leave their homes at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. London is more than twice as large now as it was 65 years ago, and the difficulties of locomotion on such an occasion will be proportionately greater. Moreover, there are few now who will remember witnessing a previous coronation, none who are well past the three score and ten mark, while in 1838 middle-aged people would easily recollect the coronations of Victoria's two immediate predecessors, Wm. IV. and George IV. The King himself is said to be paying great attention to the details of the coronation procession, and it will doubtless prove a pageant worthy of comparison with the gorgeous scenes that have marked the most notable coronations of the past. One of the most famous of these was the coronation procession of Elizabeth, when England dared once more to breathe freely after the horrors of Mary's reign, and the young and charming Queen—charming at least by comparison—was received by her people with a spontaneity of enthusiasm that had been absent at the costly pageantry that attended her melancholy middle-aged sister. Elizabeth herself had been present at Mary's coronation procession, and had sat in her litter, clad in "a goune of purple velvet, furred with powdered ermins, having on her head a kale of cloth of tinsell beset with pearl and stone, and above the same upon her head a round circle of gold beset so richly with pretius stones that the value thereof was inestimable, the same kale and circle being so massie and ponderous that she was fain to beare up her head with her hand." Five years later, at her own coronation in 1558, Elizabeth made her progress from the Tower to Westminster "richly furnished and most honourably accompanied, as well, with the nobilitie of the realme as also with a notable trayne of goodly and bewtifull ladies richly appoynted." On her entry into the city she was "of the people received marveylous entirely, as appeared by the assemblie, prayers, wishes, welcomings, cryes, tender woordes, and all other signs which argue a wonderfull earnest love"; to all of which tokens of good-will Elizabeth responded "by holding up her handes and merie countenance to such as stoode farre off, and most tender and gentle language to those that stoode nigh to her Grace did declare herself no lesse thankfullye to receive her people's good wyll than they lovingly offered it unto her." Her graciousness was extended to the humblest of the people. "If the baser personages had offered her Grace any flowers or such like as a signification of their good wyll, or moved to her any suit, she most gently, to the common rejoysing of all the lookers on, staid her chariot and heard theyr requests." Thus she passed on amid pageants innumerable through the city, "whiche withoute any forreyne persone of itself beautifyed itself."

The Soldier's Paper.

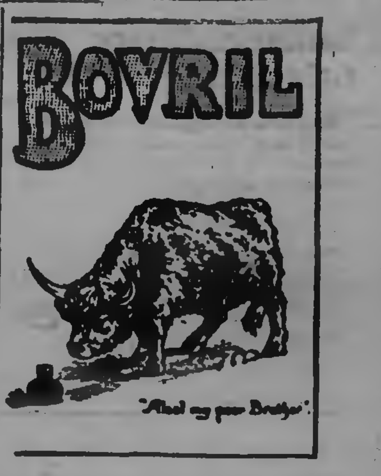
I was handed the other day some copies of a queer little South African paper, "The Northern Post and Border News," printed at Aliwal North, in Cape Colony. It is printed chiefly for circulation among the soldiers, and Tommy Atkins is only too glad, they say, to buy them at the rate of sixpence each. They are somewhat high at the price, for there is very little news in them. The papers are printed only on one side, and the whole of the matter is contained in one or two columns, and in large type at that. The only news printed, apart from rigidly censored Reuter's despatches relating either to military operations in South Africa or to proceedings in England immediately associated with the war, are the latest prices of Rand shares, and the result of the English-Australian cricket matches in England. So are the three incongruous elements of war, commerce and sport brought under the soldier's eye in the same column. Yet the first place and the biggest type are given to the statement that "when stumps were drawn for the day only four wickets were disposed of, and the score stood at 650 runs. Evidently Kipling's attack on cricketers finds little sympathy in the army, in whose behalf it was in a sense written. "The Islanders" are still islanders, and Kipling will hardly succeed in changing their nature. In the biggest type in the little paper of Feb. 6 last the words, "Bad News! Bad News!" in letters an inch and a half high, catch the eye, and give a momentary impression that the censorship cannot be so rigid after all, when headlines like this are put over British reverses. The second line, "Slaughter of the Innocents," suggests a somewhat flippant view of a presumably serious situation, but that is only what we have been taught to expect of Tommy. Reading on, however, we find the old, familiar phrases: "We must evacuate our present premises. Now's your chance," etc., etc. "Come early and do not miss this last and only opportunity." It is only a dry goods merchants' slaughter, after all. But the name at the foot of the advertisement is instructive. It is not Saxon or Celtic, but good sound Dutch, two of them, in fact, viz., Rascher, Keast & Co. These burghers are not so slow after all at improving their opportunities or copying our own most advanced business methods. One of the advertisements, printed in both English and Dutch, is signed by S. R. French, Postmaster-General of Cape Colony, and calls for tenders for posts between Aliwal North and Jamestown. Apparently there is no great rush for the work, the advertisement starting, "No satisfactory tender having been received," etc. Driving a mail cart in this region just now is probably a line of work that presents unusually favorable opportunities for being potted by some odd member of a stray commando.

A Matter of Spelling.

Those who love to study human nature often derive as much pleasure from watching the people who visit picture-galleries as they receive from the pictures themselves. It is not every day, however, which produces so amusing an incident as one which an English paper reports:

Two ladies were looking at a picture by Mr. Faed, in the Royal Academy, entitled, "His Only Pair." The artist has depicted a poor boy sitting up in bed while his hard-working mother mends his only pair of trousers. The boy, although obliged to stay in bed while the repairs are under way, is contentedly eating an orange.

One of the visitors looked at the picture with searching gaze, and then remarked to her companion: "'His Only Pair!' I don't call that a pear at all! It's an orange that he is eating."



BOVRIL
Contains all the nourishment of the finest beef in its most concentrated form. It can be prepared in a minute, with absolutely no trouble and is always ready for a hasty luncheon or unexpected supper.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITER. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write me, stating what you would like, and will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.
Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

For the Farmer.

Sheep are the only animals which do not really exhaust the land on which they feed. They distribute manure evenly on the field and tramp it into the soil, feeding upon plants that other animals will not consume.

It is claimed that if tobacco stems or refuse be placed around the base of a peach tree the borer will not attack the tree. The mode of applying is to get the stems around the trees, on the ground, and fasten them to the trees higher up. It is worthy of a trial.

Another remedy suggested for the curculio is to spray just before the trees blossom with a mixture of a pound of Paris green in sixty gallons of water. Two weeks later use kerosene emulsion, giving a third spraying about June 1st. This method, it is said, will destroy the curculio, leaf lice and other enemies of the plum.

Heat, moisture and occasionally cooling are the factors at work in the production of chickens. Heat is of course supplied by the hen, who, also, if she be a good setter, will see to the cooling, though as a rule it is better not to trust entirely to her for this. But moisture is beyond her control if the place of setting is allotted to her. In some districts there is no trouble whatever on this score, as the atmosphere is charged with sufficient for the needs of the eggs. But in others very great care has to be taken or dryness of the atmosphere will be fatal to successful hatching. Seasons also differ.

How to Spray.

The agricultural station of the University of Illinois has issued bulletin No. 68, prepared by Professor Arnold V. Stubenrauch, on "Important Details of Spraying." In the chapter describing the proper method of spraying, we read:

Having the mixtures properly prepared and thoroughly agitated cannot alone insure success. Unless the spray is properly applied, all preliminary effort is lost. To spray properly is more difficult than is usually supposed, especially where materials in suspension are used. It will not do to go out with a determination "to do a thorough job and give them an everlasting soaking" until everything is dripping. If this is done there will be less material on the trees in the end than if less were applied in a proper manner. This to some may seem paradoxical. Nevertheless, it is a fact, and an attempt will be made to show just how it takes place. In order to do this it will be necessary to consider the globules of water as they come from the nozzle, carrying with them suspended particles of Paris green or Bordeaux mixture, or both, as the case may be. The settling which takes place. The only way this can be avoided is the globules of water after they become fixed to the fruit and leaves. Hence the larger the globule, the more settling will take place, and consequently the more material will be deposited at one place in the spray tank goes on without is to have the globules very small and fine as they leave the nozzle, and to keep them intact as separate, fine globules after they become attached to the fruit or leaf. Hence the importance of the injunction: "Use only a fine nozzle; use force enough to keep the liquid issuing as a fine mist, and spray only until the foliage and fruit are completely bedewed."

It requires considerable skill to do this properly and cover the surface fully. If it cannot be done with one spraying it would pay better to go over the trees twice, allowing the first application to dry before giving the second, than to try to accomplish it all at one time, and thus run the risk of going further than the simple bedewing of the fruit or leaves. If the spray is continued too long the fine globules will "run together" to form one or several large ones, which, instead of remaining fixed and drying just where they strike, will run down to the lowest place and drip. Of course, the suspended material settles to the lowest point of the globule, which is, in that case, spread over a considerable surface of the fruit. Some of the upper portions are then left completely bare. At the lower edge the material will drip off with the water, or often accumulate in sufficient quantity to cause injury.

ARE YOU STOUT.
Edith Barton, M. D., Has the best treatment [illegible] of Obesity [illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE
PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 22, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The advance in the price of live stock is bothering the local butchers just now.

—The country roads are in fine condition for driving, notwithstanding recent rains.

—Mr. H. D. Burnett will deliver an address before the Fortnightly Club on Tuesday night of next week, on "The Ether and its Disturbing Agents."

—Mr. Ed. Brown has just purchased a very handsome buggy. It has all the latest improvements, including pneumatic tires, ball bearings &c.

—When you want the best quality of photos taken go to Whiten's, you get the best there. If you want the best quality in crayon work, take your small pictures to Whiten, 158 Hunter St. west.

—Mr. John C. Strickland, one of the South African recruits, from Lakefield, was presented, on the eve of his departure to the veldt, with a handsome pipe, by the members of the Hockey Club, of that village.

—Through a misprint in our report of St. Luke's church vestry meeting in Saturday's issue, we stated that the liabilities were $31,000. It should have read $1250. The finances of the church are in a prosperous condition, the assets being $32,000.

—Guelph Board of Trade has a membership of 132. The business men of that town believe in pushing things. Peterborough people, if we may judge from the small membership and slight interest displayed in our Board of Trade, are either satisfied with the present rate of progress or despair of their ability to induce a better state of things.

—On Sunday last thieves entered the house of Mr. Nelson Rusaw, who lives in the Township of Douro, just above Auburn, and stole a silver watch, a gold chain, a new suit of clothes and a pair of boots. Mr. Rusaw and his family were away at the time, and the doors of the house were left locked. The doors had evidently been unlocked by another key. There is as yet no clue.

—Bobcaygeon Independent.—Managers promoters, or proprietors of Shows, whether local or foreign, should make a note of the fact that if they wish their business reported, it is necessary to leave a Pass at this office for the reporter. While noticing professional shows in so much advertising, and reporting amateur affairs is merely giving a pleasurable gratification to the performers this journal is ready to give freely a moderate amount of its time, labor and space to such matters. It does not however, intend to pay for the thankless task of serving others for nothing.

WANTED TO-DAY

Experienced dry goods clerks. Apply to-day to
JAMES BOLAN

More Recruits

The following men were enrolled for South Africa yesterday:—

Messrs. Hodgson, Pogue, Hartley, B. Thompson, R. Carter and F. Plummer. Recruiting will be continued to-day.

DIED

McWILLIAMS.—At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. J. A. Harper, 187 McDonald street, on Monday, April 21st, 1902, Mary E. McWilliams, relict of the late James McWilliams, aged 59 years and two months.

Funeral private from above address, to-morrow afternoon, April 23rd, at three o'clock.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Miss Armstrong, of the Golden Lion, is in Toronto, attending the millinery openings.

—Miss Gertie Wallace, of Lakefield, is in town, the guest of Miss Fitzgerald, Ashburnham.

—Toronto Globe.—"Mrs. Young of Peterborough, has been staying in town with Judge and Mrs. McDougall of Carleton Lodge."

—Miss K. Campbell and Miss Margaret Chambers returned yesterday from a brief visit to Miss Chamber's parents in Manvers.

—The many friends of Mr. Macfarlane Wilson will be pleased to know that at a late hour last night he was resting well, and was likely to recover.

—Mr. Alex. Gillies, of Paterson & Gillies, wholesale stationers, Montreal, was in town yesterday, and favored The Times with a call.

—Mr. J. H. McClellan left yesterday for Hastings, where he addressed a joint meeting held in the interest of Messrs. Anderson and Simmons.

—The many friends of ex-Warden Fitzgerald, of Smith, will be pleased to learn that he is recovering from his recent accident, and that pneumonia, from which he has been suffering, is disappearing.

—Mr J. J. Turner returned yesterday from a three months' visit to England, Where he was called to attend his mother, who quietly passed away soon after his arrival. Mr. Turner arrived on the Bohemian, and on the same vessel came as jolly a party as ever crossed the Atlantic together. Nightly concerts were the order of the day, which were highly enjoyed. On the arrival of the steamer Mr. Turner was presented by the party with a "medal" which was suitably 'engraved," as a recognition of his efforts to entertain and amuse the passengers The aforesaid medal consisted of a huge circular malt water soda biscuit, on which was neatly inscribed the particulars. Mr Turner was kept busy all day yesterday shaking hands with his many friends all of whom were glad to see him safely back again, and looking remarkably well

Three Centuries of Plowing

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in this issue of the Wonder Plow Company, of London Ontario. We believe that nothing to equal it has ever been invented. As a labor-saver it is a marvel, and no farmer should be without one. When the plow is adjusted there is no need of holding the plow handles. Read the advertisement, and write the company for prices.

Is Your Back Lame?

Does it hurt to stoop or bend down? Have you a heavy dull pain at the base of the spine? If so, the best remedy is Nerviline. It will invigorate the tired, sore muscles, make them supple and strong. Nerviline will drive out the pain and make you well in no time. Nothing so good as Nerviline for lumbago, stiff neck, rheumatism, neuralgia, and sciatica. Buy a 25c. bottle of Polson's Nerviline to-day, and try it.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Two Cathedral Weddings

Yesterday morning at St. Peter's Cathedral, Michael Joseph Brady, of town, was married to Miss Fredolene Lagrandeur, daughter of Mr. Joseph Lagrandeur, also of town. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. Dr. O'Brien. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Laura, and the groom was supported by Mr. Benj; Poquette.

Another wedding at the Cathedral yesterday morning was that of Mr. Harry B. Spencer to Miss Anna Traynor. The bride's maid was Miss May Laurence and groomsman Mr. J. H. Paulson. Rev Father McColl officiated.

A PETERBOROUGH MAN ILL

Mr. Blanchard, of Peterborough, Very Ill in South Africa

The many friends of Corporal W. H Blanchard, will regret to learn that he is dangerously ill at Bloemfontein. The above information was cabled to Lord Minto, from Cape Town, and also reports that W. H. Hunter is also very ill, suffering from a gunshot wound. Both men belong to the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles.

Forest Stream and Seashore

Advertised in our columns is a book entitled Forest Stream and Seashore, a copy of which has just reached us. The book is issued by the Intercolonial Railway, and contains one hundred and seventy-five pages of a well illustrated and well written description of the country traversed by the Government railways—the route of the Maritime Express and Prince Edward Island, the Garden of the Gulf. Indeed it is far superior to the ordinary railway publication, for it contains much matter of an historical nature, that portion of the Dominion being particularly rich in historic incident, while a whole chapter is devoted to Sydney, now so prominently before the country, that a careful perusal is assured, and it will undoubtedly be kept for future reference by those desiring a more intimate knowledge of Quebec and the provinces by the sea. A copy of this book was presented to each member of the Canadian Press Association, who toured the Maritime Provinces last year, and the encomiums passed upon it by them were of the highest. It is with much pleasure, therefore, that we recommend it to our readers, and we understand that Forest Stream and Seashore can be obtained from the Toronto representative, Mr. Robinson, 10 King street, west, the Montreal representative, Mr. H. A. Price, 143 St. James street, or the General Passenger agent, Mr. John M. Lyons at Moncton, N.B. It has been intimated to us that an early application is necessary, as the issue of so expensive a publication is necessarily limited, while the demand has been very heavy.

Dying by Slow Degrees

Although not always aware of it, yet thousands die by slow degrees of catarrh. It first attacks the nose or throat, then the lungs, and finally spreads all through the system. Catarrhozone is the only remedy that will immediately prevent the spread of this awful disease. Every breath from the Inhaler kills thousands of germs, clears the throat and nose, aids expectoration and relieves the pain across the eyes. Catarrhozone eradicates every vestige of Catarrh from the system, and is highly recommended also for bronchitis, asthma, deafness and lung trouble. Price $1. trial size 25c., all druggists. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure biliousness.

AROUND THE WHARVES

What is Going on Amongst our Local Steamboat Men

—The City of Peterborough is being put in first class shape for the season's work. Already a large number of excursions are booked. Manager Drain is determined to boom Rice lake, and make it the popular route for tourists and pleasure-seekers.

—The Alert is now on duty, and is engaged in desultory work previous to opening of navigation. The steamer is in better shape than ever.

—The Water Lily is doing a rattling business in hauling freight.

—The Government dredge is now at Hastings, and will be used to clear out the channel.

—The popular steamer Majestic is out of winter quarters, looking spik and span, having been thoroughly overhauled this spring. Capt. Scollard, who is always popular, is again on the bridge.

—The Empress has made several trips this year, and is in fine shape. She went up Saturday, spending Sunday at McCracken's.

—The Sunbeam is still in drydock at Lakefield. She will not be in shape to leave for her new home, before a week or ten days.

—The Bobcaygeon Independent says: Capt. Lane, tempted by a very flattering and very satisfactory offer from Peterborough, will sever his connection with the T.V.N. Co'y boats this season and take command of the City of Peterborough on the Otonabee waters and Rice lake. The City is a twin propeller and is being put in first class order. About the 1st of May she will be placed in commission and the Captain will then once more don the brass buttons and gold braid, for the officers of the City have some regard for the proprieties of their positions and there is no danger of mistaking the Captain for a deck hand. It is likely that a number of the Captain's friends on the lakes will take a day off this summer for a trip with him on his picturesque run.

MALT COMBINED WITH THE CHOICEST QUALITY OF WHEAT AND SCIENTIFICALLY COOKED GIVES A TRUE HEALTH FOOD

Health-giving Malt combined with the choicest quality of Wheat, the whole scientifically cooked, gives the true health cereal known as Malt Breakfast Food.

The value of Malt as a health and strength builder has long been recognized by the most eminent physicians and food experts. In liquid form, the good properties of Malt are spoiled by admixture of fermented liquors.

In Malt Breakfast Food, the Malt is eaten in its natural state, giving strength to both body and brain.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only breakfast cereal that perfectly satisfies the appetite, and at the same time supplies the fuel and strength for pursuit of your every day work. If you would have good digestive vigor, clear blood, freedom from indigestion and stomach troubles, use Malt Breakfast Food for one month, and note well its effects. All grocers sell it.

BERT BEACH'S FAREWELL

Presented with a Valuable Ring and a Well Filled Purse

Pte. Beach, who left on Sunday night with the recruits from Peterborough, was given a royal farewell by his fellow-employees, of the Peterborough Steam Laundry and Dye Works, on Saturday evening last. During Bert's two years connection with Mr. Parker's establishments, he has made many friends, and has become a general favorite. His obliging disposition and courteous manner, with his kindly regard for those around him, made him generally beloved. When it was learned that he had answered to his country's call to arms, and was to leave for far-off Africa, his fellow-employees mustered in the press room of the establishment where the following address was read:—

Peterborough, April 19th, 1902.

Dear Bert,—On account of our long friendship as a fellow workman, we are all very sorry the time has come to part and we present you with this small gift as a slight token of our friendship and love towards you.

We trust that many times when lonesome moments come, that a glance at this gift will be a comfort to you, and be the cause of our cause of our remembrance in your long absence. We also wish you a pleasant voyage and a safe return.

Signed on behalf of the employees,
ROBERT PARKER.

At the conclusion of the address Mr Beach was handed a valuable gold ring and a well-filled purse by Miss Susi Green, of the laundry department.

Mr. Beach was taken completely by surprise, and was visibly affected. He replied in feeling terms, thanking the employees for their kindness and assuring them that he would always remember his Peterborough friends.

DIAMOND DYES

The Only Kind Bought and Used by Wise and Prudent Women

The only pure, harmless and unadulterated package dyes for home use are the Diamond Dyes.

Each package colors from one to eight pounds of goods, according to depth of color and character of fabric.

The full and explicit directions on each package of Diamond Dyes are so simple that even a child can understand them, and easily match any desired shade.

Diamond Dyes make old things look like new. You can color old and faded dresses, skirts, suits, blouses, jackets, capes, silks, ribbons, hosiery, feathers and other goods, any desired shade, making them look as good as new.

Diamond Dyes give the best and strongest colors, unfading in washing or sunlight. You are always safe when you use them; no disappointments or failures.

When you go to your druggist or dealer to buy dyes, do not accept any but the "Diamond," they are the only guaranteed package dyes for home use.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc, at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

AD VERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

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There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to
—IN—
THE TIMES

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.
We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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Money to loan at lowest current rates.
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THE TIMES BOOK-STORE
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NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE.

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end. Our wall papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are enrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

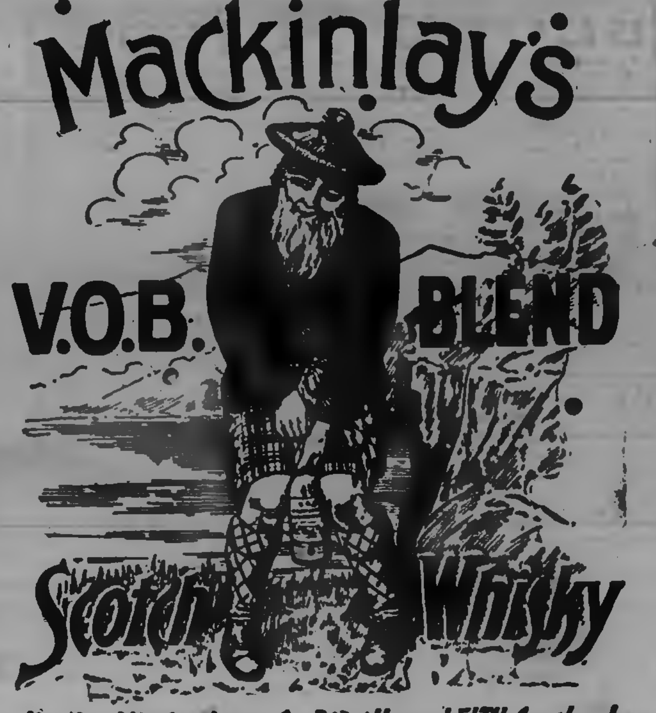
IN DAYS OF OLD
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore



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THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

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Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY, APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m. on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.
Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER.

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"Royal Muskoka"
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Elegantly Furnished
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1,000 Feet Above Sea
Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
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WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 226 Simcoe st.

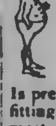
MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711, 14 and 16 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

Dropsy and Heart Disease.—"For two years I suffered greatly from Heart Disease. Fluttering of the Heart and Smothering Spells made my life a torment. Dropsy set in. My physician told me to prepare for the worst. I tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose gave great relief, one bottle cured me completely."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y.—oo]

- G. H. NOBLE -
PLUMBER



Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.
PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.
A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.
Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough—

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.
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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 95 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY APRIL 23 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

AN UNEASY FEELING IN PEKIN--CHINESE TROOPS SAID TO BE READY TO REVOLT

A Widespread Feeling of Uneasiness Prevailes Through Out the Empire

A General Uprising Said to be Expected at Almost Any Time.

Special to The Times.

Pekin, April 23 — All sorts of conflicting rumors are in circulation. City people say the Chinese intend to make an attack on foreigners, while the countrymen say the foreigners are taking possession of the city of Pekin with the intention of making further demands. The condition is such that it will probably lead to outbreaks in other parts of the country.

The legation officials are advising women to avoid going to the interior of the province, but scout the idea of any danger. The legation guard commanders are taking precautionary measures.

Notwithstanding the widespread feeling of uneasiness foreigners do not appear to be alarmed. The missionaries report there have been fewer applications for medicines at the various dispensaries during the past week and there has also been a decrease in the number of persons who made religious inquiries in the country districts. This was because the natives were afraid of being accused of being in open connection with the foreigners.

It is expected here that the court will return from the visit to the eastern tombs by Tuesday.

The Emperor announced some time ago that he would review 20,000 troops at Hunting Park on April 25. An edict just issued which cancels this order is of additional importance because of the rumors that there is dissatisfaction among the Chinese regular troops.

A SCENE IN CHINA

SIX DEATHS CAUSED BY LIGHTNING FLASH

Hull Livery Keeper, His Wife, Three Children and a Hired Man Lose Their Lives

Ottawa, April 22.—Six people lost their lives as the result of a flash of lightning which struck the house of Thomas Hill, liveryman, Hull, this morning. The dead are:—

Thomas Hill, aged 35.
Mrs. Hill, his wife.
Pearl Hill, aged 11.
Robbie Hill, aged 9.
Maggie Hill, aged 5.
John Watson, hired man, aged 50.

At four o'clock this morning the house which is at the corner of Bridge and Wellington streets was struck by lightning, and was quickly a mass of flames. By the time the police and fire brigade had reached the house it was found impossible to effect an entrance. When the fire had been got somewhat under control an entrance was effected, the dead bodies being discovered all more or less blackened by smoke. It is believed that death was caused by lightning in each case.

WHERE THE FIRE STARTED.

Later investigations show that the hired man was in the stable when the flash came and started the fire. The stable was destroyed with the house. Watson's body was badly burned, as were those of all the others. Another family lived in the house, Harry Boyce and wife, with a young man named Renaud, who ran a pool-room for Boyace. They were awakened by the fire, and finding flames breaking out everywhere jumped from two side windows on the second story in their night-clothes and escaped without injury. The Hills were in the back part of the house, from which there was no escape. The Boyce people were too dazed to ask for the Hills when they first escaped. The positions in which the remains of the Hill family were found indicated that they were all in bed when the fire broke out, and if they were not first killed by the lightning, which is probable, they were choked to death by the smoke, and then burned. Some of them presented a shocking spectacle, being horribly charred. The house was one of two tenements, and in the other tenement were two Chinamen running Sing Long's laundry. These men were on the ground floor, and escaped. Nothing is left but the shell of the building, a few charred rafters and the blackened debris. The loss is between $7,000 and $8,000. The remains of the six dead were gathered together and removed to an adjoining shed, where an inquest is now being held.

EAST PETERBORO CAMPAIGN

Mr. William Anderson Busily Engaged in Holding Meetings

Mr. William Anderson, the Liberal candidate in East Peterborough, is not allowing the grass to grow under his feet. He is now engaged in holding meetings in various parts of the riding. On Monday night he held a very successful meeting in Ounnawang school house, in Ashgudel, every seat being filled, and many having to stand.

The chair was occupied by Mr. Robert Harrison, of town, who filled the position most acceptably, and who called on the Liberal candidate as the first speaker.

Mr. Anderson was heartily received, and outlined the position of the government in respect to farmers. He spoke well and to the point.

Mr. T. Blezard, ex-M.P.P., gave an account of the Liberal administration during the quarter of a century that he had been in the Legislature. He warmly endorsed the candidature of Mr. Anderson.

Mr. R. F. McWilliams dealt particularly with the Prohibition issue, and also with the satisfactory manner in which the government had handled the problems arising out of the development of new Ontario.

At the conclusion of Mr. McWilliams' address, an opportunity was given the Conservative candidate, or any one on his behalf, to speak, but no one responded to the invitation. The meeting closed with cheers for the king, the candidate and the chairman.

Mr. Anderson will hold a meeting at Cottesloe, in Dummer, this evening, and at Havelock the following night, when Hon. G. W. Ross will be present and address the electors.

Dr. Ford, the Conservative candidate, is preparing to hold a series of meetings. The Doctor told a Times representative a few days ago he is very much encouraged, and expects to head the poll by a large majority.

THE WEST INDIES NOW

Sir Neville Lubbock Says They are Ready to Join the United States

Special to The Times.

London, April 23—In an interview yesterday Sir Neville Lubbock, chairman of the West India Committee, said it was doubtful whether the subsidy of £250,000 would benefit the West Indies greatly. He doubted if the late repentance of the Imperial Government would be able to eradicate the recollection years of neglect.

He added that he felt confident that if the whites were polled a majority in the British West Indies and Demerara would be in favor of joining the United States owing to their gratitude for the American countervailing duty on bounty-fed sugar. The blacks, however, were more loyal. Their disinclination to be under the Stars and Stripes is probably the chief cause that would prevent the British West Indies from joining the United States.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—Mostly fair and quite warm local thunderstorms not unlikely by night.

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE. We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction. ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—
SHIRTS
For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at ....44c each

2nd—
READY-MADE SUITS
In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44.
Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—
TIES
In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods is 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for ....21c each

4th—
BOOTS
Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for...... $1.25 per pair

5th—
SUITS TO ORDER
We have about 25 suit lengths of Fancy Imported Worsted, all shades and patterns, made under personal supervision of our skilful cutter, MR. DUNCAN CAMERON. Every garment sewn with silk and stayed with linen. Would be cheap at $16.50. We will take your order all this week at.....................$13.75 each

ASK FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES AND BE CONVINCED.

GOUGH BROS.
TULLY & MERRELL, Managers

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE

The Matter Forcing Itself to the Front in Ottawa

Special to The Times.

Ottawa, April 23—The first incident in the language war has taken place, strange to say, at Ottawa, where the French language is nearly as much in evidence as English. The testimony of a witness in a police court there was refused by the presiding magistrate, although the witness knew no other language than French. The matter was further aggravated in the estimation of the French Canadian papers, who have taken the matter up warmly, by the magistrate fining the witness $2 for persisting on the right to use the French language. The action of the magistrate is justified by an article in the consolidated statutes of the Province of Ontario which declares that all proceedings in the law courts of Ontario shall be in the English language only. The French contend that no provincial law can abrogate the right guaranteed to the French of Canada by the Act of Capitulation.

RUSSIAN SCARE FOR BRITISH

SHIPS CROWDED WITH TROOPS ENTER SINGAPORE HARBOR

On a Peaceful Mission, as it Happened, But Their Presence Showed the Possibility of a Treacherous Seizure of the Port—Garrisons Much Weakened

Special to the Times.

London, April 23 — One of the many incidental effects of the war in South Africa has been the general weakening of the British garrisons in oversea stations. At one time this gave the War Office very serious thought, but with the disappearance of all danger of intervention by foreign powers officialdom here again became indifferent.

Now it is learned from the Indian mail, which arrived to-day, that there has been a scare in the British East Indies over the possibilities of a treacherous seizure—say by Russia—of Singapore, the most vital position in the event of hostilities with a first-rate power. It seems that the vessels of a so-called Russian volunteer fleet, which are really warships in disguise with their holds full of guns and ammunition are in the habit of calling at Singapore on voyages to and from Russian military stations in the Far East. On these journeys they are regularly used as transports.

Quite recently there were two of these ships in Singapore harbor, each crowded with Russian troops—in all about 4,000 of them—largely in excess of the strength of the local garrison. At the present moment that garrison is without its customary stiffening of regular British troops, and is composed entirely of natives. The scare was obviously not without its justification, in spite of the fact that in modern days the powers do not declare war without warning.

What could be done by an unscrupulous power is well illustrated by an incident that occurred a few years ago, which was the subject of a somewhat heated diplomatic correspondence between Russia and England. The Admiral commanding the British China squadron, desiring to test the accuracy of charts which he had surreptitiously obtained, and to nerve his navigating officers, sailed into Vladivostock with his entire squadron under cover of fog.

Every officer in every one of the numerous forts which were supposed to render Vladivostock impregnable was punished for negligence, and ultimately all the powers were informed of new port regulations, by which not more than two foreign warships would be permitted to enter Vladivostock at any one time. England made similar regulations at all her eastern fortified ports, and these remain in force to this day.

Russia, however, denies that the steamships of her volunteer fleet are warships and in spite of the provisions of the Treaty of Paris these vessels regularly pass up and down the Dardanelles on their way to and from the Black Sea and the far east.

FROM THE C.G.E. ANGLER'S CLUB

Peterborough, April 22.
(By Request.)

Little Dinkey Dawson
To-night He goes away,
Although fond hearts have tried
They cannot make him stay.
At midnight on the C.P.R.
He leaves us badly smitten
To live away down upon the coast
In a place they call Cape Breton.

Little George would go to war
If they would let him go,
They said he could not see enough
Now that's where they are slow;
I have heard it said he saw too much
When a joke is played,
Now England is the loser
When home George Dawson stayed,

If with him you went fishing
You always got a haul
You need not get a single bite
Dinkey had the gall,
His winning way was quite a bait
And was never known to fail,
We are satisfied while on the coast
That he will catch a whale,

Be careful George that some fair maid
Don't win your heart down there,
You leave behind some better girls
Than you'll find anywhere.
So good-bye Dinkey Dawson
We see you're bound to go
The best of luck you'll always have
If you get half a show.

Inflamed Nose and Throat

And such diseases of the respiratory organs as bronchitis, weak lungs, cold in the head, and nasal catarrh, are treated with marvellous success on strictly scientific principles by Catarrhozone. The medicated vapor of Catarrhozone quickly traverses every air passage possible to be reached by any treatment. All soreness, pain, congestion and inflammation are at once dispelled, and by means of the healing powers of Catarrhozone the vitiated tissues are quickly restored. Where Catarrhozone is used, colds last only ten minutes, coughs only half an hour, and catarrh, consumption, asthma and bronchitis flee as from fire. A trial will convince anyone of the startling merit of Catarrhozone. Costs $1, small size 25c. At druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

FROG FARMING GROWING

The Industry Officially Reported to be Rapidly Increasing

Frog farming as an industry is assuming large proportions in many parts of Canada. Not only are large shipments of frogs' legs made from this country to the United States, but there is a growing demand for the luxury in many of the large centres of the Dominion.

Some of the most successful frog farms are on the Ottonabee river. Last year they are said to have produced 5,000 pounds of dressed frogs legs and 7,000 living frogs for scientific purposes and for stocking other waters.

The Deputy Commissioner of Fisheries reports that in the past year a number of applications were made to the government for leases of lands suitable for this industry. No licenses were, however, granted, as it was found that the territory concerned was already being farmed by a number of people.

It is safe to assume that in the very near future much land now idle will be stocked with frogs. All that is necessary for this purpose is to place a few paired breeders in the water. Natural food is almost always present in sufficient amount for successful growth.

The species considered here to be most profitable, on account of its size, is the Eastern bullfrog, Rana catesbiana, which reaches a length of more than eight inches. It begins to breed at the end of three years, is very productive and reaches a marketable size in four or five years.

Only the hind legs are marketed, and they average half a pound a pair in weight. They are worth 50c. a pound, at times, to the producer, and American dealers take as many as Canada can supply.

The Brantford Murder

Brantford, April 22.—The doctors have disagreed in the Quirk case. Last night at the inquest, Dr. Digby, one of the oldest practitioners in Brantford, gave it as his opinion that the hotel-keeper's death was accidental; on the other hand, Dr. H. R. Frank, who performed the autopsy, stoutly maintained that the wounds had been made by a murderer.

The first evidence taken at the inquest was offered by Dr. Digby, Quirk's family physician. When he reached the barn on the night of the tragedy, he was told by John Toole, Quirk's partner, that Quirk had fallen down and killed himself.

Asked for an opinion as to what might have caused the wounds, Dr. Digby testified a fall on such things as the corn cutter and sleigh runners which were represented as lying on the floor.

Dr. Frank was positive that the wounds could not have been caused by a fall. He said that the wounds were probably caused by a heavy triangular, not a sharp, instrument. A square bar with an angular edge would have caused the wounds. The first blow was that on the top of the head, and it was impossible for a man to have received that blow and fallen in such a way on anything that would have caused the other wounds.

George Taylor, a boarder in the hotel, said that in conversation with Toole since the night of the tragedy Quirk's partner had expressed the opinion that death was not the result of an accident.

The last witness called was Andrew Doyle, a mechanic and chicken fancier. He had often visited the loft to see Quirk's birds. While he was there after the murder, Mr. Fred Westbrook, of Toronto, a brother-in-law of the dead man came into the loft with a lantern, and pointed out some stains of blood in the loft to the left of the ladder. The witness had also noticed finger marks of blood on the bottom of the ladder and on the corn cutter.

The inquest was adjourned to May 6th.

BE WISE TO-DAY

'TIS MADNESS TO DEFER

THE USE OF
Paine's Celery Compound
IN SPRINGTIME
Means Banishment of Disease and the Establishment of Strength, Vigor and Permanent Health

Well meaning and really worthy people often err when sickness and disease come to them. Too often they are content to follow blindly the advice of second-rate physicians, who in nine cases out of every ten fail to properly diagnose the ills they are called upon to cure. Too frequently our sick people put their trust and confidence in common advertised pills, nervines, sarsaparillas and other liquid concoctions. Terrible disappointments and results come to the users of such medicines; sickness and disease is aggravated—their dangers vastly increased.

Happy are the people who, when disease has laid its hand upon them, use Dr. Phelps' life-giving prescription, Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that stands without an equal for feeding exhausted nerves, purifying the blood and building up the weakened and rundown system.

Weakly, sickly and disease-laden mortal, it is madness to defer the use of that health giving medicine that has rescued and saved its tens of thousands in every land.

Paine's Celery Compound is the one true specific recognised and prescribed to-day by our most eminent and our most honest practitioners for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system. You need its use this very day; your condition demands it; common sense and a knowledge of what Paine's Celery Compound has done for others, should be your guide at this critical time of your life. PAINE'S is the kind that makes sick people well! See that the name is on both bottle and wrapper. Do not be induced to take a substitute or any imitation; you need the kind that has cured others.

THE PEACE OUTLOOK IN SOUTH AFRICA.

The British Government to Assist the Boers in Rebuilding Their Homesteads and Restocking Their Farms

London, April 23.—The Daily Mail publishes the following as the basis of peace, which is almost sure to be accepted by the Boers: The Boers renounce their former demand for political independence, and accept the provincial administration of the former twin republics as Crown Colonies, or, rather, as one Crown Colony, on condition that their territories shall eventually be made self-governing, the date of the change to be fixed by the British Government. As spokesmen for their wishes and defender of their interests, one or two representatives of the Boers are to be appointed members of the Governor's Council during the provincial regime. This is perhaps as much in the way of political privilege as could be wrung from Mr. Chamberlain and his agent in South Africa, Lord Milner.

A considerably sum of money will be granted by the British Government for the purpose of rebuilding farm-houses and restocking farms belonging to the Boers. This concession involves the virtual annulment of the proclamation issued by Lord Kitchener in August, 1901, whereby all the Boers who should remain in the field after Sept. 15 were declared outlaws, and their property was confiscated. We scarcely need point out that, since the date when that absurd proclamation became nominally operative, the Boers have been successful in several engagements. It is obvious that the Boers were well advised in treating Lord Kitchener's manifesto with disdain. Had they not persisted in resistance, they would never have obtained terms more acceptable than the unconditional surrender which has been hitherto demanded.

There was at one time a rumor that after peace had been effected, the Rand would be segregated from the rest of the Transvaal, and organized as a separate administrative district. It is hard to see what would be gained by such a proceeding. It would be easy so to frame the conditions of the franchise as to assure preponderance to the Uitlanders over the Boers, in the Transvaal at all events, where the former class of residents is the more numerous, although in the Orange River country, which is almost exclusively agricultural, the burghers of Hollander descent are likely long to remain numerically preponderant.

A question concerning which it was feared that the negotiations might be unable to agree was the treatment of those citizens of Cape Colony who have co-operated with the Boers. Hitherto such men have been dealt with as rebels, and the loyalists in Cape Colony and Natal demand that the British Government shall make no concession on this point. The Boers with equal firmness have insisted that in honor and decency they can accept no favors which are withheld from their Afrikander brethren in arms. What decision has been arrived at in this matter we do not know, but it is unlikely that the interests of the British Government will be sacrificed to the rancor of colonial loyalists. Had Lord Durham listened to the protests of Canadian loyalists after Papineau's Rebellion, he would never have recommended the propitiatory measures which were to have such fortunate results. As for the repatriation of the Boer exiles, we take for granted that no opposition will be offered to the plea on their behalf.

The admiration which Sir Michael Hicks-Beach expressed for the valor of the Boer combatants, viewed in conjunction with other incidents, seems to warrant the assumption that Mr. Chamberlain was overruled by those members of the Salisbury Government who are disposed to meet the Boers half way, and to forego the previous demand for unconditional surrender. There is also reason to believe that, in their new and conciliatory attitude, the majority of the Ministers have been warmly supported, if not actually prompted, by King Edward VII., who naturally desires that the British Empire should be everywhere at peace on the occasion of his coronation.

Items of News

Guatemala City, Guatemala, April 22.—The details which are being received of the result of the earthquake shocks which were general throughout Guatemala Friday, Saturday and Sunday, show that Solola, Nahuala, Amatitlan, Santa Lucia, and San Juan were badly damaged, and that Quezaltenango was partly obliterated. Fire added to the horrors there. Two hundred persons were killed, mostly women, and many people were injured. At the capital three churches were slightly damaged. The Government is relieving the sufferers.

Hong Kong, April 22.—Chinese officials yesterday raided a house at Canton and captured six men who were known to have been sent to Canton for the purpose of spreading the rebel propaganda, and for the purchase of arms and supplies. The prisoners carried orders from Kwok, the rebel leader, commanding the assassination of the Manchu officials of Canton. Five hundred armed braves left Canton yesterday for Wu Chow.

OVERWEIGHTED BY ICE

London April 22.—The Norwegian steamer Egil, which arrived at Lerwick from Iceland after being icebound for three months at Hakkafjord, had a remarkable experience on the outward voyage from Scotland in January.

Heavy seas continually broke on board and froze, causing so much extra weight on the ship that it was feared she would sink before reaching Iceland.

NOVEL CHURCH DEPARTURE.

London, April 22.—The Rev. E. Winter, the rector of Elland, in Yorkshire, has hit upon a novel means for raising money with which to complete the building of the new parish church.

Addressing his parishioners, the rector—who for many years has devoted much of his stipend to the furtherance of the spiritual needs of his flock—intimated his intention of trying to raise another £3,000 by the issue of debentures.

An appeal is to be made for loans of £10 each, and each lender will receive in return a "certificate of a subscription of £10" in approved commercial style, entitling him to 4 per cent. interest, the eventual repayment of the principal.

The security for the investment, the rector explained, was his own stipend.

Afterwards the interest and repayment of principal would be a charge upon the collections of the church. Should the collections be insufficient, he undertook to pay the balance so long as he held the incumbency.

SURPRISE ATTACK FAILS.

London, April 22.—For the purpose of testing the vigilance of the garrison of the forts guarding the approach to Portsmouth, two torpedo-boats were told off to make a surprise attack about midnight recently.

The attempt completely failed. As the boats were trying to steal past the forts the searchlights on shore were unmasked, and the presence of the torpedo-boats was revealed.

Simultaneously the big guns of the forts were fired, greatly to the alarm of the residents of Southsea and the Lower Solent. So heavy was the firing that the houses near the forts were shaken.

To prevent a surprise the garrison used lighted torches as floating [illegible].

CANADIAN GALLANTRY AT HART RIVER FIGHT

Further Particulars Show That Canadians Fought Nobly

MOST GLORIOUS LITTLE AFFAIR

Lieut. Bruce Carruthers the Only Officer That Escaped

Special to The Times.

London, April 23—The fuller report of the Hart River fight shows that Lieut Bruce Carruthers and 23 men of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles and 45 British Mounted Infantry held an isolated post on the flank. They stood off 600 Boers until 21 out of the 24 Canadians, and 30 out of the 45 British Mounted Infantry were killed or wounded. Carruthers was the only surviving officer. When the Boers had reduced the little band from 69 to 18 men they charged into and rode over the survivors, capturing them. It was a glorious little affair and Canadians will place the record of it among the most cherished incidents of their military annals. In addition to this particular part of the engagement another detachment of the Second Canadian M. R. were holding a portion of the main position and suffered 34 casualties, including four officers. A portion of the British force was compelled to retire at this point, but the Canadians held on, covering them, and stopped the Boer advance at 200 yards. The Boers were eventually driven off and are reported to have suffered 250 casualties.

Cramps are Like Burglars

They come unexpected and when least welcome. Be armed with a one-minute cure in a bottle of Nerviline, which relieves cramp and stomach pains in five minutes. In colic, summer complaint, diarrhoea, indigestion and nausea, Nerviline is a remedy of remarkable potency, and acts promptly and satisfactorily at all times. The composition of Polson's Nerviline expresses the highest medical progress of the age, which accounts for its superior merit. Price 25c.

Hamilton's Pills are good Pills.

REPRESENTED AT THE CORONATION

London, April 22.—It is announced in The Gazette that the King has approved of Mr. Arthur Serena as Consul-General of San Marino at London.

The statement draws attention to the fact that the interest Sovereign State in the world to be represented at the King's coronation will be this little Republic in Central Italy. The dominion of San Marino measures just thirty-three square miles. The smallest Sovereign State in the world will thus participate in the ceremony of the crowning of the head of the largest State.

CAREFUL CALCULATION

based upon reliable statistics, and a general training of the mind, to properly discern cause and effect, will so equip the dealer in stocks or speculative commodities, as will enable him to obtain frequent large profits from comparatively small investments. The business affords the small capitalist equal and proportionate opportunity, will he but apply his judgment in equal manner. To supply complete data and knowledge needed for the purpose, we issue free, our 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

also a

"Daily Market Letter"

both invaluable to traders

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Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

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"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE EIGHTH — The only licensed U. S. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

M. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 23, 1902.

FACTS ABOUT MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

The discussion of municipal ownership of public utilities in the public press is attracting considerable attention in the United States to this so-called reform. Kansas City, Cleveland and Hartford, Conn., at the late elections gave favorable expression to the municipal ownership issue, and Chicago has given evidence of strong sympathy with the idea.

The Engineering News has gathered some facts about this debatable question which are interesting in showing the progress made in the growth of the sentiment up to the present time. The following data is condensed from the article referred to:

Of the 1524 American cities and towns having a population of 3,000 or more, 768 own their own waterworks, 1045 their own sewers, 193 their electric lighting plants, 29 their gas works and one its street railway. There are 61 cases of privately owned waterworks, 1199 of privately owned electric light plants, 938 of privately owned gas works, and 927 of privately owned street railways. Eight of the ten and forty of the fifty largest cities of the country own their own water works plants. In the largest cities public ownership of electric light plants is very rare, and with one exception public ownership of gas plants is not known at all in the cities the size of Charleston, S.C.

The most surprising statement of the article is that the sewers of forty-two cities and towns—among them Atlantic City, Wilmington, N.C., and Austin, Tex., are owned by private companies. Why not the ownership of streets as well as sewers, is a natural question. Undoubtedly if a private company owned the streets and they were allowed to get in the condition which the Buffalo streets get into at times there would be such a tremendous fuss raised that the officials of the company would hide themselves in the manholes until the clouds rolled by.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It will strike people as curious that the Transvaal and Orange Free State did not take any referendum before they declared war, but it is now stated that under their forms of government the division of the burghers must be taken before the governments can stop the war.

• • • •

Even if the Boer peace negotiations were only a ruse to gain time the Boers will not have got any advantage by it through Lord Kitchener's wise decision to allow no armistice.

• • • •

It is announced that the introduction of the air-brake and automatic couplers on freight cars will enable railway companies to practically cut the train crews in two. The men may not like this, but it is certainly preferable to cutting the men themselves in two.

There Was One.

"Is there a man in all this audience," fiercely exclaimed a female lecturer, "that has ever done anything to lighten the burden resting on his wife's shoulders? What do you know of woman's work?"

"Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms and looking over her audience with superb scorn, "that has ever got up in the morning, leaving his tired, worn-out wife to enjoy her slumbers, gone quietly downstairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, darned the family stockings, scoured the pots and kettles, cleaned and filled the lamps, swept the kitchen, and done all this, if necessary, day after day, uncomplainingly? If there is such a man in this audience, let him stand up! I should like to see him!"

And in the rear of the hall a mild-looking man in spectacles, in obedience to the summons, timidly arose. He was the husband of the eloquent speaker. It was the first time he had ever had a chance to assert himself.

Lawyer (examining witness)—Where was your maid at the time? Lady—In my boudoir, arranging my hair. Lawyer—And were you there also? Lady (indignantly)—Sir!—Chicago "Journal."

Optimist—Oh, cheer up; cheer up. Spring will come again. Pessimist—That's just what I am sad about; I haven't got a new winter overcoat yet. —Detroit "Free Press."

Ping-Pong in Society.

We have no idea on this side of the Atlantic of the extent to which "ping-pong" has affected English society, but the following from a London paper of late date gives an inkling of the popularity—absurd popularity, one is tempted to say—which it has attained:—

"The nice conduct of the celluloid has become a cult. 'Professors' we have already, and now comes the 'school,' where beginners are coached in the subtleties of our latest form of amusement.

"As befits the high rank of 'ping-pong,' the teaching class is an academy, and its location is the balcony at Niagara Hall. There half a dozen tables (9 feet by 5 feet) are open to students. They absorb the rudiments and go forward to excellence under the skilful tuition of Mr. P. Fleming, son of Tom Fleming, known as the father of lawn tennis.

"Around these tables stand, day by day, scores of men, young and middle-aged, maidens and matrons, eager to qualify for proficiency in the dining-room. Half a crown is the fee per lesson, and when the 'ping-pongers' have picked up some mastery of the game a shilling secures the table for a set.

"Frequently a really good player strolls in and takes a turn. It is as if Stevenson descended on a pool-room and casually 'took a cue,' or MacLaren played as 'Mr. A. N. Other' on a village cricket ground.

"Thursday brings its special diversion. Men and women from the ice rink below come up and play 'ping-pong' on skates.

"Of course, there are no sofas nor cosy corners in this academy, and hence no easy hiding-place for the errant ball. Players do not grovel on dusty floors. Ingenuity has evolved a 'scoop' with a long handle to entrap the wanderer in meshes of elastic.

"The game prospers all round. Mr. Fleming has always plenty of calls on his teaching ability from private houses.

"On Thursday week his Majesty is to visit Niagara and watch the skating champions on the ice. It is not beyond the dreams of 'ping-pongers' that the King may ascend the balcony and look on at a game.

"Nay, the fluttering hope is that Edward VII. will himself take a racquet and his first (public) essay in what somebody in 'Measure for Measure' long ago foretold as 'the game of tick-tack.'"

The same paper, The Express, in another issue raises the point as to whether the craze for "ping-pong" is not a sign of national decay, and really, after reading the above, the suggestion does not seem unreasonable. Mr. Kipling might have done his country a real service if he had attacked "ping-pong" instead of cricket and football. Or can it be that the craze is partly due to his bitter lines, for in yet another reference to the new game it is stated that "suburban athletes have forsaken football and golf to foregather in a stuffy club room on Saturday afternoons and trifle with a celluloid ball"; and again "The National Sporting Club has invested in a championship 'ping-pong' table, and amateur boxers have been seen glaring at each other, not across the ring, but over a miniature net." Surely the "flannelled fools," etc., have gone from bad to worse, and the Imperial bard should shortly be heard from again.

Misfortunes of Some Welshmen.

The following extract from an article by Mr. W. L. Griffith, Canadian Government agent for Wales, in The Western Daily News, Cardiff, gives a picturesque sketch of the misfortunes of the Patagonian Welshmen who are likely to come to Canada shortly:—When the idea of a Welsh colony in Patagonia was first mooted Wales was seething with political discontent. But, strong as this feeling undoubtedly was, it required much effort on the part of Professor Michael Jones of Bala and the Rev. Lewis Jones of Festiniog to prevail upon the small band of people which eventually made the venture. The motives of the self-deceived leaders in the movement will always remain open to debate. The attraction to the rank and file was the vision of free land, immunity from taxes, and the self-government so dear to the heart of the Welshman. Fired with these ideas, the imaginative Cymry saw visions of a Cymric Utopia. They not only cherished these ideals, but they were prepared to do all in their power to compass their realization. They were brave, earnest, laborious, ready and willing to sacrifice self. It is pathetic to think of the shock these brave men and women encountered when they finally landed on the desert shores of New Bay, and discovered that the country they had fondly pictured as one of illimitable resource was nothing but a barren desert, and that their leaders, whom they implicitly trusted, had been guilty of carelessness, which was, perhaps, worse than inexcusable. In fairness it must here be stated that Professor Michael Jones squandered a private fortune on what had become his pet project. As they were without means the Welsh people were face to face with starvation. There was nothing to do but, to use an Americanism, "scratch for a living." The history of these people during the first years of the settlement entitles them to the greatest credit.

A Story of Prince Henry.

Prince Henry of Prussia, according to a story told by a diplomat who was once attached to the *British Embassy* in Berlin, was one day chatting with an English friend in a cafe in Bonn, when he became an object of suspicion to one of those meddling minor officials who flourish in such numbers in Germany. The Prince is too discreet a man to discuss affairs of State in a public place, but on this occasion some subject arose which, while not of general interest, related to the Imperial family. The conversation was in English, and the spying official was acquainted with that language. At length Prince Henry remarked:—"Why, my dear fellow, don't you see that the Emperor would be even crazier than some people seem to believe he is if he did anything like that?"

The official leaned toward his Royal Highness and said: "Sir, are you aware that there is a lese majeste law in this country? Let me hear another remark of that kind, and I make a complaint against you."

The Englishman took in the situation, and a moment afterward remarked: "As I was saying to your Royal Highness before we were interrupted——"

The meddler gasped, rose hastily and withdrew.

On a Dog.

"They're thinking now of reversing the usual process, and first trying plays in New York before taking them out on the road." "What's the idea?" "Well, if a play succeeds in New York, the rest of the country will know it's rotten."—"Life."

A Matter of Contrast.

"Give an example of how heat expands and cold contracts." "In the summer the days are long; in the winter they are short."—"Judge."

Light Hogs.

A good many farmers in eastern Ontario are still adhering to the very foolish policy of marketing hogs that are too light in weight, and quite unsuitable for packing purposes. The Geo. Matthews Co., Limited, report that during the month of January their receipts of hogs graded as follows:—Selects, 1,398; light, 1,840; light fats, 690; heavy fats, 27; sows, 40; stags, 6; cripples, 21; stores, 123; a total of 4,154 hogs, of which only 1,398, or about 33 per cent., were suitable for the manufacture of first-class export bacon. If the trade in Canadian bacon is to be increased or even maintained, at its present volume, it is absolutely necessary that only hogs of proper weight and quality be sent to the packing houses. F. W. Hodson, Live Stock Commissioner.

A Test For Good Butter.

The good housewife who said, "The way to test good butter is to smell it," was surely an expert judge of butter. The fact is that a really good judge of butter seldom tastes it but depends rather upon the senses of smell and sight. The dealer who really knows and deals in good butter can at any time when he is testing a crock or roll of butter, be seen to very carefully pass it in review before his olfactory nerve, and to break it and note the appearance of the broken surface.

The true flavor of butter can be quickly tested in the entirety of a package in this manner, while, if the sense of taste alone were depended upon and the package was not of even quality, the fact might go unnoticed. The quantity of salt in the butter can, of course, only be determined by tasting it. The surface exposed when a package or sample of butter is broken should exhibit what is known as a good grain. That means that it should have a clearly defined granular surface, similar to that found on the broken surface of cast iron of good quality. Do not fail to apply these tests when passing judgment on the quality of butter. Their careful observance and a little practice will make you an expert.—Michigan Farmer.

Clover For Egg Producing.

Experience has demonstrated the value of clover for egg producing time and again. Clover has just the material in it to form egg shell, and hence it becomes an essential part of every ration fed to the chickens. It may not be generally understood that there are nearly thirty pounds of lime contained in each thousand pounds of clover. The chickens fed daily with clover will consequently prove better egg layers than those denied it. The clover hay should be given to chickens in winter in quantities sufficient to satisfy them, and to make them eat more it is desirable sometimes to prepare it in various ways. Cook and chop it up, and mix it with meal or other articles. This will sometimes induce the hens to consume a great amount of clover each day. Cut up into short lengths and mixed with warm mash, and then fed only as fast as the chickens will clean it up each day, is probably the most economical way to feed the clover. Some cut the second crop of clover and place it in the poultry yard for the chickens to eat and scratch over at pleasure. This of itself is all right, but it is rather wasteful. More than half the clover will be lost, and the chickens do not actually eat much more than the leaves. The stalks contain most of the lime, and these should be prepared so the chickens will consume them. Of all foods that can be raised on a farm for poultry, clover is not only the best, but probably the cheapest, and a field of it is as essential to success as a pasture field is necessary to the success of dairying.—Annie C. Webster, in Massachusetts Ploughman.

Just What You Ask For.

Outside the drug store—the store of J. Milhau's Son, at No. 183 Broadway—you may read the announcement at the head of this column, "We give you just what you ask for."

We are glad to seize upon this occasion to pay a tribute to this motto, and, incidentally, to point out a dishonest and very common practice among merchants—that of substituting one article for another.

One business man devotes all his energy, his money and his time to building up the reputation of a certain article. He enables the retailer to make a large profit, and he spends his money that customers may be plentiful.

When a customer asks for the article in question it is dishonest to say to him, as many do:—

"Don't buy that. We have something else just as good and much cheaper."

If the merchant has something good and cheap of his own, let him sell it to his customers by all means. But let him not steal the trade of a man whose energy helps to build up his business. Let him not divert to his own pocket all of the profit which he ought to in honesty share with another.

There are wares that are made enormously profitable to the retailer simply because men push their business with intelligence and perseverance. It is ungrateful as well as dishonest for the sake of a little extra profit to cut into the legitimate business of the advertising manufacturer.

Incidentally, the public, as well as the storekeeper and the manufacturer, are interested in this question of substituting one article for another.

That which is represented as "just as good" is usually not just as good, but very far from it.

If a man has spent a million dollars building up the reputation of a certain article, it is to his advantage to keep up the quality of the material which enters into the manufacture of that article. His profit is large if he is honestly treated, and it would be suicide for him to use inferior material for the sake of a little extra money.

The man who makes up an imitation article and announces it as "just as good" has no such sum at stake. He has invested nothing. He has no valuable name to ruin, and it is to his interest to make the "just as good" article just as cheap as he can make it.

The buyer should remember these facts and put his confidence in that retailer who, like the man quoted at the head of this article, gives to the customer just what he asks for, treats the wholesaler honestly, and shows gratitude for the energy which builds up a successful business and makes the retailer prosperous.—From The New York Journal. Issued by the Association of American Advertisers.

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18c., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

"I lingered between life and death."

"I think Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' the best medicines in the world," writes Mrs. Amelia Dougherty, of Kerrigan, Wayne Co., Mo. "I gave birth to a baby last summer. After confinement I became very ill, had the best physician that could be got, and he diagnosed my case as uterine trouble tending to dropsy. Medicine seemed to do me no good. I lingered between life and death for quite a while, every day growing weaker until I could not walk across the room. My friends were looking for my death every minute. A friend wrote and told me about Dr. R. V. Pierce, and I at once wrote to him for medical advice. He replied immediately, giving me full instructions as to what to do. I at once followed his advice, and when I had taken his medicine about a week I felt a good deal stronger. When I had taken it about one month I felt as strong as I do to-day. I took four bottles of each kind and two vials of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Many thanks for the medicine, It has permanently cured me."

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

FISH FOR EVERYBODY

Wm. Taylor

The City Fish Merchant, will be pleased to receive orders for the delivery of White Fish, Salmon Trout, British Columbia Salmon, Fresh Water Herring, Pike, and Bass and Maskilonge in season.

Orders left at his residence, 17 Chamberlain street, or at his Stand on the Market, opposite the National Hotel, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, will have prompt attention.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

Huxley and the Reporters.

On his arrival in Baltimore, Professor Huxley was driven to the country seat of Mr. Garrett, who had offered him hospitality and had invited a large company to meet him in an afternoon party. There was but one intervening day between his arrival, tired out by a long journey in the interior, and his delivery of the address. He had hardly reached the residence of his host before the reporters discovered him and asked for the manuscript of his speech. "Manuscript?" he said. "I have none. I shall speak freely on a theme with which I am quite familiar." "Well, professor," said the interlocutor, "that is all right, but our instructions are to send the speech to the papers in New York, and if you cannot give us the copy we must take it down as well as we can and telegraph it, for the Associated Press is bound to print it the morning after it is spoken." This was appalling, for in view of the possible inaccuracy of the shorthand, and the possible condensation of the wirehand, the lecturer was afraid that technical and scientific terms might not be rightly reproduced. "You can have your choice, professor," said the urbane reporter, "to give us the copy or to let us do the best we can, for report the speech we shall." The professor yielded, and the next day he walked up and down his room at Mr. Garrett's dictating to a stenographer, in cold and irresponsive seclusion, the speech which he expected to make before a receptive and hospitable assembly.

I sat very near the orator as he delivered the address in the Academy of Music, and noticed that, although he kept looking at the pile of manuscript on the desk before him, he did not turn the pages over. The speech was appropriate and well received, but it had no glow, and the orator did not equal his reputation for charm and persuasiveness. When the applause was over I said to Mr. Huxley: "I noticed that you did not read your address; I am afraid the light was insufficient." "Oh," said he, "that was not the matter. I have been in distress. The reporters brought me, according to their promise, the copy of their notes. It was on this translucent paper, and to make it legible they put clean white sheets between the leaves. That made such bulk that I removed the intermediate leaves, and when I stood up at the desk I found I could not read a sentence. So I have been in a dilemma—not daring to speak freely, and trying to recall what I dictated yesterday and allowed the reporters to send to New York." If he used an epithet before the word "reporters" I am sure he was justified, but I forget what it was.—Dr. D. C. Gilman in "Scribner's Magazine."

The snow pile is frozen. You slip &
you stumble !
You slip !
You tumble !
You are up in the air
For a second or so,
But while you are there
It has thawed, don't you know.

You get back to the ground
And you are drowned.

$3.10 $3.10

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours – Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

Model 2169

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

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139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADI

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham)

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

321 George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible] and [illegible], day or night

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J B HOSKEN Dept. O. 103 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

"Use Good Solder"

WIRE 1-2 and 1-2, REFINED.

Manufactured by the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

William St., Toronto, Ont.

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
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Curious Bits of News.

George W. Gray, secretary of the "Forward Movement" in Chicago, proposes to redeem the slum districts of that city by Christian vaudeville houses, pool and billiard-rooms, and bowling-alleys.

Jeanne de Villeneuve has been appointed secretary of the French consulate in New York. This, it is believed, is the first appointment of a woman in the consular service. Mlle. Villeneuve is only twenty-five years old, and belongs to an old family of Provence.

McKeesport, Pennsylvania, has a bookless library. The fine stone building was erected with the $50,000 Andrew Carnegie donated, but the entire donation was used to build the library, as the directors expected Mr. Carnegie would give more. He has declined to do this, and the board has no money to buy books.

The mountains end a greater number of lives every year than is generally supposed. An official report states that in 1901, in Switzerland alone, accidents to mountain-climbers amounted to 119, and that death occurred in all of these. This figure is double that of 1900, and represents the highest total that has hitherto been recorded.

At Uelzen, in Luneberg, the authorities have passed a by-law which is more popular with the fair than the sterner sex. Husbands must be home by eleven o'clock. A fine equal to ten shillings is the penalty for infringing this regulation, half of which goes to the person—presumably the wife—who brings and proves the accusation.

One of the eccentricities of the late Duke of Portland was to subscribe for all the ordinary newspapers and magazines of the day and have them wholebound in beautiful crushed morocco coats of many colors. Each of these volumes he put in a perfectly fitting oak box lined with white velvet and fitted with a patent Bramah lock and duplicate keys. The cost of each volume worked out at about £40.

As the result of studies on New Jersey mosquitoes last summer, Professor John B. Smith of Rutgers College says that not only will the insects travel long distances from their breeding-place, but on favorable evenings large swarms rise and are carried during the night by winds. The direction in which they go is often seaward. Swarms have been met fifteen miles from the shore, and they are common five miles from shore. Migration of mosquitoes with the aid of the winds Professor Smith regards as of much importance, and as rendering the control of the mosquito nuisance much more difficult than has been supposed.

Miss Florence K. Jewell, a wealthy young Jewess, who attained notoriety in August, 1899, by marrying Lobengula's son, while he was on exhibition at the Kaffir Kraal at Earl's Court, London, has applied for a divorce on the ground of her husband's cruelty and misconduct. She testified that he had given her black eyes, and stabbed her with an assegai, when the judge, Sir Francis Jeune, broke in with: "That was what you expected in marrying a savage, was it not?" The judge reserved judgment, as he doubted whether it could be shown that Lobengula's domicile was in England. He said, too, that he only behaved like a savage, and that the petitioner had insisted on marrying him, and now saw the result of it.

The old proverb about honor among thieves has had a staggering blow in St. Louis. The thieves were certain members of the city council and a number of street railway men, and it was because neither side had any confidence in the honor of the other that a remarkable case of bribery was most amusingly disclosed. The railway men desired certain franchises, and put up one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars as a corruption fund. They were afraid, however, to pay it to the councilmen until the council had voted as they wished. The corrupt councilmen, on their part, would not vote until they had the money. By a compromise, therefore, the fund was placed in a safety-deposit box which had two keys, one of which was held by each party. Neither could open the box without the cooperation of the other. The councilmen voted as they had agreed, and it was through the quarrel over their attempt to get the funds that the whole matter became public.

At a New York Pier.

The traveler fell on his knees and begged for mercy; but the customs inspector was adamant.

"Once, and once only," said the latter, "I let a man go through without offering him every indignity that savage ingenuity can devise. He proved to be a spotter from Washington, and I nearly lost my job. I sha'n't make that mistake again."

Yes, the traveler would have to have his stomach pumped out; most distinctly, yes.—N. Y. "Life."

---

to bring out another book? I should like to have the reviewing of it."

Miss Garnitum blushed and smiled, and fell to twisting her diamond and sapphire ring on her finger.

"Not for some little time, I think," she answered. "I made him promise that he wouldn't do any more writing till—till after we are married."

"Oh!" said George Akerside.

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—Chicago News.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Wilful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

loudly; "who presented him to you?"

He saw her put out her hands gropingly, and reel forward; she would have fallen in a faint at his feet if he had not stretched out his hand quickly and caught her.

"You are ill, my darling," he said, in great fright; "your face is perfectly ghastly. I will order the carriage at once, and you shall be taken home."

"No, no," moaned Daisy; "I must brave it out. This is but the beginning of the end."

"What are you saying about braving it out, dear?" said Aleck, anxiously. "You must not think of doing anything of the kind—you shall go home at once."

"I will go to Mrs. Dillingham's room and rest a little," she replied; "indeed, Aleck, I shall be all right then."

The hostess took Daisy to her boudoir.

"Rest here a good hour, my dear," she said, placing her on a velvet divan, "and then I shall come for you—you will feel greatly refreshed. I will dismiss my maid from the adjoining room that you may enjoy perfect quiet, and leave to your care in her place the family jewels. I hold to the good old plan that no hostess should outshine her guests in the way of gems, so I have laid them all aside for tonight. Good-bye for a short time, my dear," she said, kissing the lovely face.

Then turning the gas-jet low she quitted the room, bidding Daisy fasten the door after her.

"Alone with my own thoughts," moaned Daisy, as she turned the key in the lock. "I cannot live through it—the torture of it will drive me mad—yes, mad."

She closed her eyes, but all attempt to sleep was useless.

Ah, what a grave sea of trouble that one thoughtless act of folly had caused her—never more was she to know one hour of peace such as other women enjoyed, ah, never more.

A new difficulty was staring her in the face—Olive, her sister, seemed to be deeply infatuated with the French count, despite her warning; she could not look on calmly and see it, yet she dared not expose her enemy, for that would mean ruin to herself—Aleck's love turned to hatred, and deepest scorn—and death.

No, no; she could not betray her enemy, yet she must save Olive. But how?

She had been lying back on the velvet divan—her eyes closed—her hands pressed in agony over them. Suddenly she became dimly conscious of another's presence in the room.

She raised her head, and glanced furtively about her in the dim, uncertain light, and beyond through the open doorway into the inner apartment.

One glance, then a wild cry of horror broke from Daisy's lips.

In the inner room, bending over the open safe in which Mrs. Dillingham kept her diamonds, she beheld the figure of a man.

With a terrible oath he sprung toward her, and Daisy saw that he wore a heavy black-crepe mask over his face.

In an instant he had caught Daisy by the arm as she was flying headlong toward the door.

"Cry out again at your peril!" he hissed. "Make no noise, and you are safe. I am a desperate man; you must do as I say."

"I saw you put those diamonds in your pocket," panted Daisy. "Give them up, or I will cry out for help until some one comes—even though you should kill me for it."

A muttered curse fell from the man's lips.

Daisy was about to put her threat into execution, when he forced her back into a chair.

A desperate struggle ensued, and, in that struggle, Daisy caught at the mask and tore it from his face.

A moment of awful intense silence ensued.

"You would know me, it seems, my dear lady," he said mockingly. "I had no very good reputation in your eyes before; your discovery of what I am before the world makes no material difference, I fancy. I am a French count, a poet, a gentleman, a robber—anything you like; anything to suit the time.

"Make no outcry; I am going through that window with the diamonds in my pocket."

Before he had time to reach it, Mrs. Dillingham and a party of ladies came hurrying into the boudoir through another door which Daisy had forgotten to lock, and, quick as a flash, with a daring coolness worthy of a better cause, the French count darted behind the heavy draperies of the window.

"Did you cry out, my dear?" asked Mrs. Dillingham, anxiously. "These ladies were passing through the corridor, and heard distinctly a loud piercing cry from this room, they say. Did you cry out?"

It almost killed poor Daisy to shield the wretch who stood so near her that she could have put out her hand and touched him—with the stolen diamonds in his pocket, her friend valued so highly.

She was tempted to denounce him—to drag him forth. To point to him, crying out:

"Call help—there is a robber behind these velvet hangings! Capture him—let justice be done!"

Looking through the small space between the hangings, the count saw her face, and knew the struggle that was going on in her mind.

Would she dare denounce him?

"If she does, it will be my turn next," he muttered, grimly.

CHAPTER XX.

Suspected.

The struggle in Daisy's heart lasted but an instant.

"No, come what may I must shield this villain for my own sake," she told herself bitterly.

White as death she turned to Mrs. Dillingham.

"It was only your fancy," she said in a very steady voice. "I did not cry out, indeed I did not."

The ladies all looked exceedingly puzzled; they had been so sure they had heard a piercing scream in Daisy's voice, and from that room. Of course they must have been mistaken.

With many apologies for disturbing her, they took their leave, advising her to rest quite an hour before venturing down to the ballroom again, she was looking so pale.

Trembling in every limb, Daisy sunk into the nearest chair as the door closed behind them; and at

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For scratches, thoroughly wash and clean the parts with castile or some other good kind of soap, and then rub in the salve. I have tried it and recommend it to others. I never knew it to fail. It is simple and cheap, and the formula easy to remember. It is not patented; anyone can use it.

It will also relieve sores, ringworm and most skin troubles on men.—J. W.

Ayrshires at St. Louis in 1903.

The breeders of dairy cattle in the United States are already beginning to prepare for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903. At the recent meeting of the American Ayrshire Breeders' Association, held at Providence, R.I., it was voted to appropriate money from the treasury to pay the expense of placing a herd of Ayrshire cows in the breed test at that Exposition, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the same. Canadian breeders who intend to exhibit at St. Louis should at once begin to prepare their stock, so that they will not be taken at a disadvantage, when the time for this great international contest arrives.

Canadian Cattle in Aberdeenshire.

The removal of the British embargo on Canadian cattle is evidently still a live question in Scotland, as shown by the following item from a recent issue of The North British Agriculturist, a paper which has strongly opposed the free admission of Canadian "stores":—"A rather curious debate for a literary society, 'Should the restrictions on Canadian cattle be removed?' was held in the Public Hall, New Deer, under the auspices of the local Literary Society. The local papers state that there was a large attendance, and considerable interest was taken in the debate. Mr. Milne, coach-builder, supported the negative, and Mr. Godsman of Mains of Fedderate the affirmative. Mr. Milne made an able speech in favor of his side, pointing out the injury that would be done to small farmers and crofters, who depended mainly on their stock for a living, were Canadians admitted; but Mr. Godsman, who argued mainly on free trade theories, was one too many for him, and in the end carried the affirmative by a considerable majority. The great majority of those present were not farmers at all, but the vote shows how opinion may go even in this large cattle-breeding country."

How to Secure Good Lambs.

Begin with the ewes before the breeding season. For two or three weeks put them on better feed. The best I have found for this is rape pasture. Let the ewes run on the rape for an hour twice a day for the first few days until they get accustomed to it. This will put them in good flesh and in shape to raise strong lambs.

I always raise a few acres of turnips and these I feed regularly twice a day during the winter in connection with ground oats and bran. About a quart for each sheep with as much hay as they will eat up clean is sufficient. This care of the ewes during the winter gives to the lambs when they are dropped a large amount of milk. When the lambs are less than a week old they will begin to eat a little grain. The ewes must then be fed more liberally. I generally have a place where the lambs can be fed by themselves, and then give them ground oats and a little bran in the morning with cornmeal and bran at night. I always give a feed of roots during the day. By this method I have raised lambs which have dressed 78 pounds at thirteen weeks old. I always keep the following points in mind:—Give plenty of clean water, dip in late summer, keep clean and in a good dry barn, give regular attendance and feed.—J. Withers, in American Agriculturist.

Pigs and Cows.

The dairyman of to-day is of necessity a breeder of swine. The two go together so thoroughly that it would be a waste of good material and opportunity to neglect either. There can be no doubt that nature intended that the pigs should be the companion of the cows in the clover fields. But more than that, the swine should be fed on the skim milk that comes from the dairy. Pigs and shoats will thrive on this skim milk as on nothing else. The milk fed in this way will yield a larger profit than if sold in the ordinary market, where only a few cents a quart can be obtained, and often not that. The waste of time and material in trying to find a good market for skim milk is the most discouraging feature of the dairy business. Many a man has been induced to leave the business entirely on account of this. After settling up his accounts for the year he has found that he was actually no gainer for the year's work.

The only actually sure way of making money is to have a well organized dairy and pig farm. Enough of the latter should be kept at all times to consume the skim milk. By rapid growing and selling, turning the money over quickly, a good profit can be made for every quart of skim milk fed. Some keep their pigs too long. It is better to sell them as young pigs than to wait until they are so fat that few want them. A good healthy pig, with plenty of lean and fat on his sides, will usually sell better than the excessively fat hogs. The clover and grass will always help to make the pigs grow, and on a diet of good clover and plenty of skim milk there is no danger of hog cholera or other swine diseases in the hottest of weather. Corn and dry grain are the breeders of disease and illness in hogs during the summer. The hog cholera is undoubtedly the produce of overheated blood, superinduced by heavy corn and grain feeding. We cannot stamp out the disease until we change the diet. Let that be skim milk and green clover and grass from June 1 until the end of September, and any man can raise as fine a flock of clean, healthy swine as any market man could ask for. And the market for such animals —A. B. Barrett, in Indiana Farmer. is always ready, with prices for [illegible]

Late Sidney Cooper, R.A.

An interesting figure in the art world passed away a few days ago in England, when Sidney Cooper, R. A., died at the age of 99. He worked at his profession until almost the last, and had a picture in the Royal Academy last year, as he had had each year since 1845, when he became A. R. A. His record in this respect is without a precedent, nor is it likely to be equalled for many a generation. Mr. Cooper was born September 28, 1803. A few years ago he was so repeatedly asked the question to what he attributed his long life and splendid vigor that he jotted down the following salient points of his life and habits:

"I was born at Canterbury in 1803 during the great Imperial war, which lasted till I was twelve years of age. All provisions were very dear and my early life was spent on very plain food. So soon as I was able I got to hard work for little pay.

"I took every opportunity to draw and sketch from Nature; but as I could not get instruction this caused me to walk much daily. I have been a great walker. At twenty years of age I was able to learn drawing at county schools, which gave me a great number of miles to walk.

"I was never ill, except with infant maladies. At thirty I commenced to try to paint. After I came to settle in London my living was of a very careful kind. I soon became known and received many commissions for my work, which became very popular.

"Then came a period of bad health from the overstrain of London life, and I feared I should become a poor invalid. So I went back to the country, bought some land and built this house (Vernon Holme, near Canterbury) in 1848. I soon felt the change for the better.

"I bought a farm, which required much looking after, and I commenced to walk again. This I continued to do; and now, in my ninety-sixth year, I can paint four or five hours a day and walk slowly a mile daily in fine weather or take a carriage drive if not fine.

"I rise at 7 o'clock, go into my study, set my palette, take my breakfast at 8, then my Bible, then I paint till 12.30. Then lunch and Bible and paint till 3 o'clock. This is my day's work and then I take my walk, write letters and dine at 6 o'clock.

"I take no wine, but a very little whiskey and cold water. Of course I have the infirmities of old age, but now enjoy the cheerful effects of a temperate life.

"I think moderate smoking conducive to sleep, if in the evening; but to smoke all day, as I know some do, is not wise.

"I must tell you that I attribute my long life to the merciful care of God's Providence, for He was the Father of the fatherless boy and has preserved him through all his trials and difficulties, prosperities, sunshine and shadow."

Mr. Cooper was no doubt the oldest member of his profession in the world at the time of his death, but he was even then junior to a Devonshire preacher, who is in his hundredth year. This is Mr. Robert C. Chapman of Barnstaple, and from the excellent health he enjoys at present there is every prospect of his going well into the second century.

Primarily a barrister, he gave up his profession when still in the twenties, in order to devote himself to religious work. For over seventy years he has worked in Barnstaple, and the older he gets the more popular he becomes with the members of the Plymouth Brethren community, to which he belongs. A man of scholarly attainments, he is master of half a dozen languages and author of many Biblical works. Mr. Chapman is known among the Nonconformist churches the world over. He still preaches, though only occasionally, as he finds it takes rather too much out of him, but whenever he does occupy the pulpit there is always a large congregation.

Advertising Canada.

Certainly, if Canada is not well advertised now in Great Britain, it is no longer the fault of the British press. It is difficult to pick up an English newspaper to-day without finding it containing somewhere or other a reference to Canada's resources or to some phase or other of life in the Dominion. Moreover, there need no longer be any feeling that the attention of the British is directed by their newspapers to Australia or New Zealand rather than to Canada; all that has changed during the last few years. South Africa necessarily occupies a sad prominence, but from a point of view altogether different from that from which Canada is seen. The London press has been paying much attention to the Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. Smart, during his visit to Great Britain, and numerous interviews and articles that must prove of great value to this country have appeared in the columns of the big metropolitan dailies. In the provincial press Canada is almost equally to the front. In the shape of letters from correspondents, who are sometimes residents of Canada, sometimes Englishmen who have visited Canada, or by means of articles based on the excellent literature emanating from the Immigration Department, Canada is being continually kept in the minds of the people of Great Britain.

Temperance Work in London.

In connection with the efforts to increase the growth of temperance in the Province of Ontario it is interesting to notice the expensive temperance work that the London County Council is at present carrying out, but it is not designated as such, nor is the general public aware of the fact. Yet within the last three years the London County Council has devoted more than $1,250,000 to the practical work of temperance. It is one of the consequences of the extensive improvements being made in London at present. When acquiring property for the necessary widening of different streets, many public houses, with licenses and good will, come into the possession of the Council. These properties are very valuable, but the Council, instead of renewing them for premises in the neighborhood, is deliberately giving them up, seeing, at the same time, that no new licenses for these localities are issued. In this way the number of public houses in London has been diminished by 103, which were valued at $4,673,755.

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING

PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wonder Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow; saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor of man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted. Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 1, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

A Feat of Memory.

DURING a debate in the House, between Gladstone and Disraeli, when the latter in the course of his remarks had occasion to quote from a recent speech made by his rival upon some platform in the country, a dramatic scene was enacted, and is described by Harry Furniss in his recent book, "Confessions of a Caricaturist."

Suddenly Mr. Gladstone started up and exclaimed: "I never said that in my life!"

Disraeli was silent, and putting his hands behind his back, gazed apparently in blank astonishment at the box in front of him. Several seconds went by, but he never moved. The members in the crowded House looked from one to the other, and many imagined that Disraeli was merely waiting for his opponent to apologise. But Mr. Gladstone, who had a habit, which he developed in later years, of chatting volubly to his neighbor during any interruption of this kind in which he was concerned, made no sign. A minute passed, but the sphinx did not move.

A minute and a quarter, but he was still motionless.

A minute and a half of this silence seemed as if it was an hour.

When the second minute was completed the excitement in the House began to grow intense. Disraeli seemed to be transfixed. Was he ill? Was the great man sulking? What could this strange silence portend?

Two minutes and a half!

Some members rose and approached him, but Disraeli raised his hands as if to deprecate their interference, and they stole back to their places, conscious that they were forbidden to interrupt. Then at last, when the minute-hand of the clock had passed three times round its course, the most remarkable silence which the House had ever experienced within living memory was broken as the Tory leader slowly began once more to speak.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "and gentlemen," and then word for word he repeated the whole speech of Mr. Gladstone from which he had made his quotation, duly introducing the particular passage which the Liberal leader had denied. Then he paused and looked across at his rival. The challenge was not to be avoided, and Mr. Gladstone bowed—he would have raised his hat did he wear one in the House, which, in the phraseology of the ring, was equivalent to throwing up the sponge. Mr. Disraeli afterward informed a friend that, working backward, he had recalled the whole of Mr. Gladstone's speech to his mind. Beginning at the disputed quotation, he recovered the context which led up to it, and so, step by step, the entire oration. Then he was enabled to repeat it from the outset exactly as he had read it.

No Breach of Discipline.

THE colonel was entertaining some of his friends with stories of army life, and the talk turned to the inflexibility of orders. That reminded the colonel of Tim Murphy's case.

Murphy had enlisted in the cavalry service, although he had never been on a horse in his life. He was taken out for drill with other raw recruits under command of a sergeant, and, as luck would have it, secured one of the worst buckers in the whole troop.

"Now, my men," said the sergeant in addressing them, "no one is allowed to dismount without orders from a superior officer. Remember that."

Tim was no sooner in the saddle than he was buried head over heels through the air, and came down so hard that the breath was almost knocked out of him.

"Murphy," shouted the sergeant, when he discovered the man spread out on the ground, "you dismounted!"

"I did."

"Did you have orders?"

"I did."

"From headquarters, I suppose?" with a sneer.

"No, from hindquarters."

"Take him to the guard-house!" ordered the sergeant.—Detroit "Free Press."

Winter Uplands.

The frost that stings like fire upon my cheek,
The loneliness of this forsaken ground,
The long white drift upon whose powdered peak
I sit in the great silence as one bound;
The rippled sheet of snow where the wind blew
Across the open fields for miles ahead;
The far-off city towered and roofed in blue,
A tender line upon the western red;
The stars that singly, then in flocks appear,
Like jets of silver from a violet dome,
So wonderful, so many, and so near,
And then the golden moon to light me home;
The crunching snowshoes and the stinging air,
And silence, frost, and beauty everywhere.

—Lampman.

* * *

A man who was bicycling in southern France was pushing his machine up a steep hill, when he overtook a peasant with a donkey cart. The patient beast was making but little progress, although it was doing its best.

The benevolent cyclist, putting his left hand against the back of the cart and guiding his machine with the other hand, pushed so hard that the donkey, taking fresh courage, pulled his load successfully up to the top.

When the summit was reached the peasant burst into thanks to his benefactor.

"It was good of you, indeed, monsieur!" he protested. "I should never in the world have got up the hill with only one donkey."—Youth's Companion.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

A Tribute to Father Pat.

WRITING from Rossland, B. C., in reference to a recent paragraph in "Saturday Night" on the career of the late "Father Pat," the Rev. Charles W. Hedley says that the main point of his remarkable ministry was not eccentricity, but a quite unique self-sacrifice in the service of any who needed him. "Unconventional he certainly was to a degree which might indeed, as you suggest, shock some strait-laced people in Toronto, but in an age of worldliness and self-seeking he sought neither the world nor self, but gave freely and utterly his time, comfort, strength, means, even at times the clothes off his back, to those in need. The best proof of the man is to be found in the warm regard with which his memory is treasured over the wide area in which he labored as a pioneer missionary. He did adapt himself as few could have done to the tone of the men among whom chiefly his work lay; but while seemingly indifferent to conventional details, he stood for the main elements of religion — faith in God the Father, the redemption, and the practical brotherhood of man—and he lived out his creed. The vices which Christ most sweepingly condemned were as far as possible removed from his character, while on the other hand the pre-eminently Christian virtues were his to a remarkable degree. It is due to no mere eccentricity on his part that a memorial church is to be erected in Rossland, and that immediately on receipt of the news of his death a spontaneous movement was made to erect a public memorial, a movement which has been widely supported by hundreds of contributors of all classes and creeds."

"Daring" Books.

It is women who write "daring" books, and it is women who read them. When once the fair do take their bonnets off they are not content with that; they throw them over the windmills, as the French say. Men do not like this kind of thing. It not only disgusts but bores them. It is a particular kind of woman, usually earnest and very stupid, who enjoys these excesses. Our sex, if all this goes on, must provide itself with fans to blush behind. We must leave the ladies before the coffee and cigarettes begin to circulate.—Andrew Lang in "Longman's Magazine."

Correct to the Last.

"Anyhow," chuckled the somewhat fastidious horse-thief as the regulators adjusted the noose about his neck, "it isn't a ready-made tie."—Chicago "Tribune."

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Borden, M. D., [illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means farther exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 23, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Mount Hebron Encampment, No 64, met last night.

—The Chief has a pocket book for which he would like an owner.

—The Board of Works met last night and transacted some routine business.

—The suckers are now in evidence, and the small boy's heart is glad.

—The Fire Brigade was called over to Ashburnham yesterday. Some grass on the roadside had taken fire.

—Dog tags are now in evidence. The Chief requests all who have not yet procured tags to do so at once.

—The vocal pupils of Mrs. W. J. Morrow attended the concert in the opera house last night in a body.

—On Saturday evening Pte. Eastland who left for South Africa on Sunday night, was banquetted by his fellow-employees at the Snowden House and presented with a purse of $25.

—When you want the best quality of photos taken go to Whiten's, you get the best there. If you want the best quality in crayon work, take your small pictures to Whiten, 154 Hunter St. west.

—Lindsay Post.—Mr. H. Gould, expert machinist with the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterborough, is spending a few days in town making repairs to the electrical machinery in the Flavelle Milling Co's mill.

—Mayor Denne dispensed evenhanded justice at the Police Court yesterday morning, in the absence of Magistrate Dumble. James Hanlon was up pursuant to remand on a charge of vagrancy. His Worship further remanded him until Thursday next, when the Police Magistrate will have returned home.

—The Senior Girl's Guild of All Saint's church intend holding a "Rummage Sale" in Bradburn's new store in the Arcade from May 7th to 10th inclusive. Contributions of furniture, pictures, books, bric-abrac, toys, china, curios, clothing, etc, will be asked for from those kindly disposed.

—Mr. James Doland, our enterprising new dry goods man, advertised in The Times for a couple of clerks. The result was that over 40 persons applied during the first day after the ad. appeared. This great family journal is a cracker-jack when it comes to getting "results."

—Mr. Harry Long, with his usual enterprise, has added a splendid new soda water fountain to his splendid newly furnished store. The fountain is a marvel of beauty and usefulness. It weighs over a ton, stands 12 feet in height, is six feet in width, and is covered with incandescent lights. Drop in and see it.

—Here is a pointer for church workers who are looking for novelty:—There were doings at the Hannah Street Methodist Church social Hamilton Ont., given last evening by the men of the congregation. A special feature was a chorus of bald-headed men, who sang "There'll Be No Parting There." It was a shining success. A repast of hard-boiled eggs and pork and beans preceded the concert.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., at the lowest prices. Workmanship unequalled.

Three Centuries of Plowing

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in this issue of the Wonder Plow Company, of London Ontario. We believe that nothing to equal it has ever been invented. As a labor-saver it is a marvel, and no farmer should be without one. When the plow is adjusted there is no need of holding the plow handles. Read the advertisement, and write the company for prices.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times solicits its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—It will be pleasing news for Mr. Macfarlane Wilson's many friends to learn that he is slowly improving.

—Miss Emma Morrow has returned from a trip to Florida, having accompanied Mrs. Ames south for the spring.

—Miss Warren, of Whitby, who has been the guest of Mrs. (Dr.) Eastwood, Brock street, for the last few weeks has returned home.

—Our respected townsman, Mr. F. M. Cobb, is entertaining his brother, Mr. Wellington Cobb, of Evanston, Ill., who is on his wedding trip, going east to Kingston.

—Port Hope Guide.—Mr. R. Armstrong left on Saturday on a visit among his old friends in Peterborough. The grocery business will be in charge of Miss Merrifield during his absence.

—The many friends of Mr. Chester Lang will be pleased to learn that he has so far recovered from his attack of typhoid fever as to be able to return home where he arrived on Monday. Mr. Lang was stricken on 18th of last month and on that day was taken to the hospital in Pittsburg, where he remained until a few days ago.

The Miss MacLachlan Concert

The Opera House last night was well filled on the occasion of the first appearance in Peterborough of the Celebrated Scottish prima donna, Miss Jessie N. MacLachlan and Mr. Donald C. McGregor, baritone. Those who went were well repaid for doing so, as the high reputation of the artists was found not to have been overdrawn.

Drowned in the Gull River

Lindsay Post.—Mr. J. Armour, brother of Mr. Sam Armour, of the Central School staff, was accidentally drowned in the Gull River, north of Norland, early this morning. He had been visiting his son-in-law, who operates a saw-mill in that locality, and it is supposed that while helping to move some logs he slipped into the river and was carried away by the swift current. The body was found shortly afterwards.

The deceased is the eldest brother of the family, and was about 60 years of age. Interment will take place in the Union cemetery, Oshawa, on Wednesday. Mr. Armour's many friends in Lindsay will sympathize with him in his bereavement.

Orillia's Light and Power Rates

Peterborough citizens will be interested in the following schedule of rates adopted by Orillia Council in connection with the town's new power system, now in successful operation: Incandescent Light.—Each 16 c.p. lamp in stores or hotels, 25c per month; in dwellings, 15c, per month. Twenty per cent discount for prompt payment, making store lights 20c net, and dwellings 12c. for twentyfour hour service. The present rate is 40c. stores 30c residence, 20 off Power—$16 per h.p. net. 24-hour service. Ten horse power and under will be based on the capacity of the motor over 10 h.p. computed on the maximum power used.

Completely Fagged Out

The world is full of sickly, despondent, tired, enervated people, all hoping to be well some day. The surest road to health is along the way of taking Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone is a great appetizer and enables one to eat plenty of wholesome food without fear of indigestion or dyspepsia. This results in the rapid formation of an abundance of red, vitalizing blood, which will restore the nerves, increase flesh and vigor, and nourish and feed every organ of the body. Ferrozone is an ideal restorative and invigorant, is a tonic of unequalled merit that all can use with benefit. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

BANQUETTED AT McCALLUMS

Pte. Hudson and Pogue Given a Farewell Supper by the W. E. A. C.

The members of the West End Baseball Club gathered at McCallum's Restaurant to say Farewell to Pte. Pogue and Walter Hodgson and give the boys a banquet before their departure for South Africa. A very pleasant evening was spent in singing and speechmaking alternately.

The West End Club will be well represented in South Africa, five of their number having enlisted, namely,—

Pte. Crossland.
Pte. Clinkscale.
Pte. Kemp.
Pte. Judd.
Pte. Hudson.

SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

A Peterborough Man Very Dangerously Wounded in South Africa

The Governor General has received the following from the Casualty Department at Cape Town.

"Dangerously ill, 20th April Johannesburg, 2nd C.M.R. J. Millen, Michael Murphy both gunshot wounds."

Millen, who comes from Wyndham Centre Ont., was wounded in the jaw and leg in the Hart's River engagement. Murphy hailed from Peterborough. His was a scalp wound.

A CHINA HEAD

Comes From Tea Drinking

A lady writes from Shanghai, China: "In the summer of '98, husband and I were travelling through southern Europe and I was finally laid up in Rome with a slow fever. An American lady gave me Postum Food Coffee which I began using at once. It was my sole breakfast and supper. In a short time the change in my physical condition was wonderful to see. I will never travel again without Postum.

When we arrived in Shanghai we were in an English community and found ourselves in the midst of the four o'clock tea custom. Before long we began to have sleepless nights and nervous days as a result of our endeavors to be amiable and conform to custom.

As soon as it could arrive from San Francisco we had a large supply of Postum Food Coffee and began its use at the four o'clock tea table. I cannot tell how popular the coffee table became for afternoon callers. In fact a number of the business men, as well as missionaries, use Postum now wholly in place of tea and the value of the change from coffee and tea cannot be estimated." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Another Batch of Recruits Secured Yesterday for the Contingent

Recruiting still continues at the Drill Shed, over 60 men all told having been secured in Peterborough. The following additional men have been taken on the strength:—

J. POGUE.
W. H. HARTLEY.
F. PLUMMER.
H. SCULLY.
R. H. Wm. PAYNE.
C. E. GOW.

The following men will leave Peterborough to-night for Halifax to join the others of the local contingent: Walter Eastland, Frank Plummer, Walter Hodgson, Wm. Hartley, Bert Thompson, R. H. W. Payne, C. E. Gow and Harold Scully.

All enlisted men will report at the drill shed this morning at 10 o'clock.

Took the Wrong Wheel

Our genial friend, Chief Rutherford of the Fire Department, recently alighted from his wheel in front of the Peterborough Hardware Company's store and entered the building. Just then another rider landed a few feet in front of where Tom's wheel stood. The latter took the precaution to lock his wheel to the hitching on the curb, and also entered the store. In a few moments Tom came out and sauntered up to No. 2 wheel and prepared to mount. He noticed that it was chained to the pavement. Thinking that some smart Alick had played a trick on him, he tore the wheel from its fastening and after mounting, proceeded down street. He hadn't gone far till he found his mistake, and hurriedly returned and secured his own wheel. He lost no time in getting away from the unlucky spot. When No. 2 rider appeared, he was naturally indignant to find that his lock had been broken. Now it is up to Tom to square himself, which no doubt he will speedily do by inviting his victim down to the Palace one of those days for a glass of buttermilk.

WEDDED IN OTONABEE

Nuptials of Wm. L. Welch to Miss Eliza J. McAllister

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Wednesday last, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. McAllister, Otonabee, when their charming daughter, Miss Eliza J. was united in marriage to Mr. Wm. W. Welch, of the same township, Rev. J. G. Potter, of St. Andrew's Church, town, officiated. The bride was tastely attired in a dress of white lustre, trimmed with satin ribbon and lace, wearing the conventional veil, caught up with Lily of the Valley, carrying a boquet of white bride roses. She entered the parlor on the arm of her father, to the strains of the wedding march, rendered by Mr. John Tapson, of Bowmanville. The bride was assisted by Miss Catherine Robinson, of Peterboro, who was very prettily attired in pink Organdie, trimmed with lace and silk. The groom was ably assisted by his brother, Mr. Ernest A. Welsh.

After hearty congratulations had been extended, the party, numbering about seventy-five sat down to a sumptuous wedding dejeuner. The presents were very valuable and exceedingly handsome. The young couple took up their residence in Peterborough at 305 Perry street, where they carry with them the hearty good wishes of their many friends, in which The Times cordially joins.

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 60,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 15th April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

ELECTED OFFICERS

The Annual Business Meeting of George St. Epworth League

The annual business meeting and election of officers of George street Epworth League took place Monday evening. Preceding the business meeting an excellent paper on the topic, "The Secret of Endurance," was read by Miss Crafts.

Although the League has not increased to any extent in membership during the year, yet the term that has just closed has been one of the most successful in the history of the Society, as was shown by the excellent character of the reports of work accomplished by the different departments during the year.

The officers for the coming term are as follows:—

President—Mr. G. Robertson.

1st Vice-President, Christian Endeavour Department—Mr. W. F. Stubbs.

2nd Vice-President, Missionary Department—Miss Kidd.

3rd Vice-President, Literary Department—Mr. E. Doidge.

4th. Vice-President, Social Department—Miss Metheral.

Recording Secretary—Miss Maude Detlor.

Corresponding Secretary Miss Ethel Miller.

Treasurer—Miss Janet Wilson.

Pianists—Mrs. R. Cunningham, Miss Edith McClennan.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN TOWN

THE TIMES BOOK-STORE

MARKET BLOCK.

NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

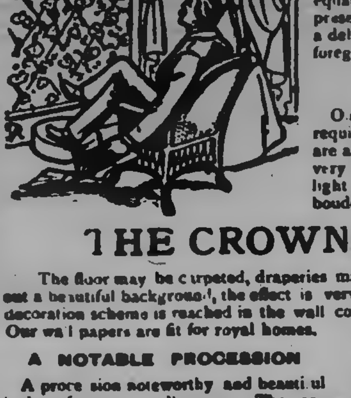
PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE.

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of vision than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them



WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They present the new schools of design and a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end. Our wall papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are unrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore

SPARE **ST. JACOBS OIL**
SUFFER
RHEUMATIC PAINS

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles

MIDY

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

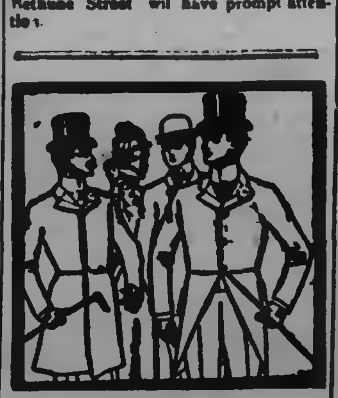
If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

—IN—

THE TIMES



YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
386 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Increase Your Business

—BY HAVING—

Efficient Telephone Facilities

We will quote you rates on a Private Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

Mackinlay's
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Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

WRITE FOR

FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE

AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12 00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"
Muskoka Lakes District
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VOL. 28 NO. 96 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY APRIL 24 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THREE BROTHERS TO DIE IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

One of the Boys Quailed when the Sentence was Pronounced

TO BE EXECUTED AT AUBURN

Heartless Conduct of the Elder Brother—Their Crime a Most Atrocious One

Special to The Times.

Hudson, N.Y., April 23

"What the devil are you so white about?"

"You are not any too red yourself, you ex-lobster!"

These words were the first exchanged by the Van Wormer brothers after sentence of death had been passed on them to-day. Burton, the mastermind in the brothers' career of crime, heard the sentence sullenly. Fred, the baby of the family, brown-eyed and youthful, had quailed. As they were led in silence to the jail Burton taunted the youngest for his pallid, frightened face. The youth flushed and flung back the taunt.

As if repeating his words Burton shouted with attempted cheerfulness as his brothers were led to separate cells and the bolts snapped into place: "Good night, boys! I'll see you on the train."

Fred caught the greeting, pressed his face against the bars and then drew back into the gloomy cell.

The Van Wormer boys, Willis, Burton and Frederick, were found guilty of murder in the first degree to-day for the killing of their aged uncle, Peter A. Hallenbeck, on Christmas eve last. Jaunty indifference marked their demeanor from the beginning to the end of the trial until they listened to their death sentence.

Then the nerve of the youngest deserted him an instant, to be lashed back into a spirit of bravado by the imperturbable Burton. Willis, the eldest, was apparently unconcerned. He and Fred have been pliant tools of their brother.

Only once before in the history of the State have three brothers been condemned to death. That was in 1825, when the three Thayers were hanged at Buffalo.

SENTENCED TO DEATH CHAIR!

Justice Chester sentenced the three brothers to be executed at Clinton Prison, Dannemora, during the week beginning May 30, 1902. They showed no signs of breaking down, no surprise.

"This is the saddest moment of my career on the bench," Justice Chester began, in passing judgment required by the verdict.

"I never imagined that such an awful duty as sentencing three young men, brothers, to die by the hand of the law would ever fall to my lot."

The brothers were ordered to stand up. Fred braced himself on the chair of his counsel as he arose. The clerk put to them the usual legal questions, and the answers were unfaltering. After sentence had been passed Alonzo H. Farrar, their counsel, leaned back and put his arm around Fred, assuring him that the verdict would not stand, and that a new trial would be the result of an appeal which will be taken.

Sheriff Best's first plan was to hurry the prisoners off to Dannemora prison to-night, but Fred asked to see his step-mother, and Pearl Van Buren, Willis's former sweetheart, telephoned to the jail asking for permission to bid him good-bye. It was then decided to keep the brothers in jail until Sunday, when they will be escorted to Dannemora under a strong guard.

CALLED IT A LARK

The details of the crime, the purchase of masks, the turning of their coats to aid their disguise, the hiring of a fast team, the roundabout course to the house where the aged couple were spending their lonely Christmas eve, the summons at the door, and when the white-haired man appeared a hail of bullets which dropped him bleeding and lifeless on the threshold, while his wife, pleading for mercy—fell across her husband's body—all this the Van Wormer brothers said was a "lark to frighten the old man," they didn't plan to shoot him down in cold blood.

When all else failed they sought to shift responsibility on their cousin, Harvey Bruce, who accompanied them, and on whose confession the prosecution founded its case. Bruce will be tried later.

AN ALL NIGHT FIGHT IN PANAMA ISTHMUS

Columbian Rebels Capture Town of Boas, North of Colon

FEDERAL TROOPS BADLY BEATEN

The War Feeling Spreading—The Captured Town a Prominent Port

Special to The Times.

Colon, Columbia, April 24 — A German steamer from Bocas del Toro brings news that the Liberals (rebels) effected a landing in open boats and barges near Bocas at 6 p.m. Thursday, when fighting began. The Liberal troops outnumbered the Government force, which was compelled to surrender the town at 11 a.m. yesterday.

One hundred and fifty men on both sides were killed, but the Government loss was insignificant as compared with that of the Liberals.

The United States gunboat Machias has landed 100 marines at Bocas.

Gen. Gomez, the Military Governor of Colon, left here yesterday on the Government gunboat Gen. Pinzon for Bocas del Toro, with 700 men and four guns, one a long range three pounder.

It is believed here that the Pinzon is now bombarding the town, and will quickly dislodge the insurgents, who are under command of Gen. Buendia.

Bocas del Toro is an important fruit shipping port on the isthmus of Panama, north of Colon (or Aspinwall). The fruit trade is almost exclusively with the United States and is practically controlled by Americans, who have extensive interests there.

A few days ago the Colombian rebels in that neighborhood seized an American steam launch used in the fruit trade in order to use it to tow barges laden with troops to a convenient point for landing to attack the town. When the seizure was reported in Colon the United States gunboat Machias, which was stationed there, went immediately to Bocas del Toro to protect American interests.

The Navy Department at Washington received yesterday from Commander McCrea, of the Machias, this cable despatch:

"Bocas del Toro, Columbia, has surrendered. No injury to American citizens or interests. Making arrangements to withdraw forces this evening. Will sail for Aspinwall Sunday."

LAKEHURST

—Miss Edna Shearer came home from Peterborough on Friday last. Her mother has been suffering from a severe cold.

—The Sunday school in connection with the Methodist church here started its summer work last Sunday. Mr. Jas. Cooms has been appointed superintendent, with Mrs. Purser, Miss Cooms and Mr. David Weir as teachers.

—On Tuesday a meeting was held in the Presbyterian church to arrange for a week-night meeting and to reorganize the Sunday school for the summer.

—Mr. Jas. Cooms has been suffering from a very severe cold for some time back. We hope to see him around as usual soon.

—Mrs. Clarkson still improves in health after her recent illness.

BEEF IS HIGH

Prices have been Increased by all the Local Butchers.

Prices for meat have been increased during the past few days. Twenty cents per pound is now being charged for the best cuts.

Mr. H. P. Kennedy was interviewed by The Times, and stated that prices might even go higher than at present. We will get no relief for the next six months at least. Prices are high in the United States from some cause or other. He didn't exactly know what is the cause. Corn and feed generally are high apparently and there is a shortage of fat cattle. The Americans have, therefore, been coming over here for some time past getting all the cattle they could get hold of, then, of course, the large shipments of very young cattle to the other side for the past year or two has had an effect, so that it has come now that ordinary butcher cattle, if they are any good at all, sell at 6 and 6 1-2 cents a pound, and that means 9 and 9 1-2 cents in the beef. Then the wholesale dealer and the retailer have to handle and must make a profit somewhere, so he did not see much less than 20c. a pound to the consumer. It is very likely the hotel and restaurant men will shortly raise the price of meals in sympathy with the increased cost of meat.

Another prominent meat merchant took a more hopeful view of the situation. He thought that a reduction might be expected when grass cattle are slaughtered. All cattle now being slaughtered were stall fed and consequently come higher. When the gamboling steer, who has fed on the straw stack all winter, gets a month's feeding on new pasturage meat will be plentiful and cheaper.

THE BOYS IN HALIFAX

The Progress of the First Detachment of the Fourth Contingent

Word has been received from some of the boys who left Peterborough for South Africa on last Thursday night, giving particulars of their trip to the coast.

From all reports they had a comparatively pleasant journey, being allowed all reasonable liberty to see the principal places of interest on the route. They were in Montreal on Friday morning from about 9 a.m. until noon, leaving there for Halifax at that time. The latter place was reached on Saturday evening, and an encampment made on the exhibition grounds. They were dismissed shortly afterwards, until Monday morning, and most of the boys took advantage of the free bath and writing equipment kindly accorded by Mr. James P. Fairbanks, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel, who did everything possible to give them a pleasant welcome to the city. They expect to remain for some time.

HORRIBLE BRUTALITY OF AMERICAN ARMY.

Returned Soldiers Tell of the Awful Torture of Filipinos

SOAP ADDED TO WATER CURE

Uncle Sam has a Heap of Trouble of His Own Without Looking to South Africa

Buffalo, April 24.—"The soldiers are not at all squeamish about administering the "water cure to the Filipinos.

This statement was made by John J. Barnett, a young man of this city who has just returned from the Philippines. He served as a corporal in Company H, Twenty-eight Infantry, on the island of Panay, province of Iloilo from October, 1899, to May, 1901, and later as sergeant of a mounted command.

"On the evening of Sept. 14, 1900" he said, "I saw the 'cure' administered to the President, or Mayor, of Trust, a town of 1,200 inhabitants. He was taken to a bamboo shack and there questioned by the United States officers. They knew the insurgents were in force somewhere in the vicinity, and they wanted the President to tell them where they were, but he refused. He was told that if he did not give the information other means would be employed, but still he persisted in his refusal.

WATER WAS MADE SOAPY.

"A detail of soldiers then tied him up to the wall of the shack in such a manner that his head was forced backwards. A small bamboo stick was passed between his teeth so as to hold his mouth partly open. Then a stream of water was allowed to run from above the man's head so as to strike his forehead and flowed down over his nostrils and into his mouth. If he breathed through his nose he would choke, and so he had to keep swallowing the water or drown.

"After the man had swallowed a large amount of water and was almost totally exhausted he was laid down and his stomach kneaded until the water he had swallowed was forced out of his mouth. The interpreter then said, 'Alba!' which means 'Speak!'

"'I don't know anything about any insurgent forces in this vicinity,' the man persisted. Then the dose was repeated, only it was worse, inasmuch as soap was mixed with the water this time. At last, when he was almost suffocated, the man said he would tell what he knew, and he was released. He fell down in collapse, and was restored in the same manner as before.

HAD TO SWALLOW WATER OR DROWN

"Another form of the 'water cure' I saw administered to a Filipino civilian of the town of Dingle. He was laid flat on the bamboo floor of a shack and tied securely. A short piece of hollow bamboo was placed in his mouth and kept there. Then a stream of water was poured steadily on his face. As in the other instance, he had to swallow to keep from drowning. Mixed with the water was soap.

"After this had been continued for about five minutes the soldiers let up to see if he would reveal anything. The man was totally exhausted, being almost drowned. The water was forced out of his stomach and then he gave up what he knew.

"From sixteen to twenty cases of the "water cure" came within my personal observation, but I never knew of a man dying under the treatment."

San Francisco, April 24.—J. Mercuz, a coal dealer of this city, was formerly a sergeant of Company B, Thirty-fifth Volunteers, in the Philippines. This was the company of Lieut. Hughes, accused of torturing natives. Mercuz said to-day:

"I spent eighteen months in northern Luzon, and almost daily I saw Filipinos tortured into revealing the hiding places of arms and ammunition. I have seen the native police use black mud, where they could not get water, to inflict the "water cure" on Filipinos who were supposed to have rifles hidden. The sight was so sickening that the Major in command ordered the men to stop and turned away. But as soon as the Major was gone the torture was resumed.

"Although the Thirty-fifth was in the Philippines less than two years, I believe the records will show that they captured more rifles than any regiment of regulars stationed there. The "water cure" was the only way to get them, and the "water cure" was invariably used by the boys of the Thirty-fifth. One-fifth of the rifles captured in the Philippines were taken by means of torture.

"'Water curing' was not generally used until after Gen. Lawton's death. No orders to inflict torture ever came from any officer higher than a captain, though the other officers all know of the practice. They did not forbid it. The higher officers of the Thirty-fifth were all regulars, and I understand they did not like the method. But it was the only way to get rifles. Col. Plummer, stationed at Baliuan, was not in favor of it.

400 STUDENTS TO BE SENT TO SIBERIA

Forty-eight Persons were Held in One Prison for Nearly a Year

HORRIBLE CONDITION OF AFFAIRS

Russian Famine in Its Worst Form—Revolution Likely to Follow

Special to The Times

St. Petersburg, April 23 — Student reports give the total number of arrests in Moscow during the last two or three weeks as 1,800. They anticipate the exile to Siberia of the greater part of the 400 students who offered the Government armed resistance in the University of Moscow.

From many towns it is reported that many political prisoners are generally resorting to starvation tactics in order to force their release or obtain a hearing. Forty-eight prisoners thus secured their release a short time ago from a detention prison in this city, where they had been held without an inquiry for nearly a year.

Many students are preparing to go abroad for study, and this has led to a proposition to increase the fee for the issue of a passport to go abroad from $7.50 to $150 for the first six months, and $100 for each additional half year.

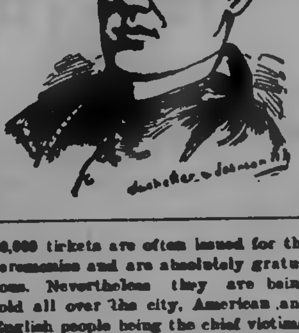
Scurvy and typhoid fever are devastating the peasantry throughout the whole of the Altai (highlands of Siberia) region, formerly the chief granary of Siberia. The starving people there have consumed even the last remnants of their seed-grain, and no spring crops have been sown.

At Menzolinsk, Government of Oufa, there have been upward of 4,000 cases of typhus, hunger and scurvy; at Belibelaki 682 cases have been reported, and at Akmolinsk over 1,000 cases have occurred. Similar reports come from Voronej, Kasan and Saratoff.

A SUCCESSOR TO LEO XIII

There is Active Competition For the High Position of Holy Pontiff

Cardinal Rampolla Will Probably Succeed on the Death of Leo. XIII.



Special to The Times

Rome, April 23 — The recent alarming reports regarding the pope's health have caused a great revival of activity among the cardinal aspirants to the pontificate. The campaign goes on continually preparatory to the next conclave. The sacred college is divided into two distinct forces. One is headed by Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, and the other by Cardinal Vannutelli. The latter and Cardinal Gotti are regarded as Pope Leo's probable successors.

Other candidates who are not considered so important point out that nearly 150 cardinals have been buried during the pontificate of Leo XIII. They declare that the pope may live to see many more ambitious cardinals removed by the hand of death.

The traffic in tickets to the ceremonies in honor of the twenty-fourth anniversary of the pope's coronation, to be held at St. Peter's and the Sistine chapel, has increased so as to amount to a scandal. Some 50,000 to 60,000 tickets are often issued for the ceremonies and are absolutely gratuitous. Nevertheless they are being sold all over the city, American and English people being the chief victims. Steps have been taken to stop the sale.

Archbishop Falconi, papal delegate to Canada, has been selected to succeed Cardinal Martinelli as papal delegate to the United States. It is felt that he is eminently fitted for his new position by his diplomatic abilities, his learning, his command of the English language, and his previous experience in Canada. The appointment will not be announced officially until after the meeting of the consistory next October.

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE. We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction. ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—
SHIRTS
For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at ....44c each

2nd—
READY-MADE SUITS
In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44.
Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—
TIES
In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods is 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for ....21c each

4th—
BOOTS
Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for.......$1.25 per pair

5th—
SUITS TO ORDER
We have about 25 suit lengths of Fancy Imported Worsted, all shades and patterns, made under personal supervision of our skilful cutter, MR. DUNCAN CAMERON. Every garment sewn with silk and stayed with linen. Would be cheap at $16.50. We will take your order all this week at ....$12.75 each

ASK FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES AND BE CONVINCED.

GOUGH BROS.
TULLY & MERRELL, Managers

PETERBOROUGH STREET RAILWAY SOLD YESTERDAY

The Property Purchased by a Wealthy American Company of Detroit

The Times is authorized to state that the Peterborough Street Railway has been sold to a syndicate of American capitalists, who have their headquarters in Detroit. Negotiations have been going on for some time, and about four o'clock yesterday an agreement was reached.

Mr. Bene, President of the National Construction Company, of Detroit, has been in town for some days carrying on the negotiations for the purchase of the property. The company which he represents is said to be very strong financially, and will at once put the road in first class shape. It is understood that six miles are to be completed this year, which will give connection with the river below the locks and Jackson Park.

The matter of the transfer of the franchise to the new owners will be taken up by the Council in a few days. The Times interviewed Ald. Best in regard to this matter. Mr. Best stated that the present franchise was extended until July 1st only, and it was not the purpose of the Council to renew it without special provisions being made (which is not in the present agreement) to protect the town. The Company will have to keep its roadbed in good shape.

IRISH LEAGUE ORGANIZER ASKS FOR COERCION

O'Sullivan Calls Upon the People of Leinster to Behave so as to Invite Coercion

Special to The Times.

London, April 24.—Speaking at Shannonbridge, King's County, says a telegram from Dublin to the Times, O'Sullivan, the official organizer of the United Irish League, declared that as fighting in the Counties of Munster and Connaught was being proclaimed, Leinster would have to take up the burden of the work. The people of Leinster, said O'Sullivan, would be forever disgraced if in a few months they did not compel the exercise of coercion in that Province.

READY TO SERVE

The 30th Regiment, Guelph, Offer to Go to South Africa

Special to The Times.

Guelph, April 23 — The 30th Wellington rifles, of which Lieut. Colonel Mutrie, M.P.P., is in command, are fired with a desire to go to South Africa. Colonel Mutrie, with the consent of the officers and men, a few days ago forwarded notice to District Commanding Officer Peters, of London, to the effect that he was prepared to muster a regiment comprising 600 officers and men to go to South Africa for active service on short notice. Col. Peters replied promptly stating that he had forwarded the application to the Adjutant General at Ottawa, strongly recommending its acceptance should any more troops be required. The Adjutant General's reply was to the effect that it was possible such an offer might be accepted, and the result would be made known in a few days.

An official of the militia department speaking in reference to the offer said it would not be accepted. No such offer would be accepted for service outside of Canada.

Remodelling Digestive Vigor

Malt Breakfast Food

DOES THE GOOD WORK

A breakfast grain food that can remodel impaired digestion is surely worth trying.

Malt Breakfast Food does this good work in a way that cannot be accomplished by any other breakfast food seeking public recognition.

A noted city physician, an authority on scientific dietetics, recently asserted that the majority of prepared grain foods tended to indigestion and stomach derangements, for the reason that these foods contained too great a quantity of insoluble starch and other elements difficult to digest.

Malt Breakfast Food, partially cooked and digested, is free from insoluble starch and other ingredients that hamper digestion. It has given new digestive vigor to thousands of dyspeptics and banished their troubles. No other grain food is so delicious, appetizing, satisfying and healthful for young and old. Ask your grocer for it.

A RICH FIND

Twelve Thousand Dollars Found in a Buried Box

Brantford, April 24.—A story has reached the city of a remarkable discovery made by a farm hand in the vicinity of Ayr. Omar Beamer, a young man in the employ of A. B. Chisholm, whose farm is about three miles north of Ayr, accidentally unearthed a box while ploughing last Thursday. On being opened the box was found to contain coins to the value of $12,000. The coins are of an English issue. It is stated that the boy received $6,000 as his portion of the discovery. The Courier telegraphed to Ayr but could get no confirmation of the story, which is given for what it is worth.

Cause of Splitting Headaches

Poisons accumulate in the blood and spread every moment to all parts of the body. The brain becomes congested, nerves irritated, and the result is that awful headache.

Ferrozone is nature's own remedy for headaches; it is a blood strengthener and purifier of uncommon merit, a lasting potent tonic, and the greatest invigorant and health maker known. Headaches never bother people that take Ferrozone after each meal. Buy a box from your druggist for 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Liver Complaint.

Items of Interest

Winnipeg, April 24. — A private letter, received in the city from South Africa yesterday, says that recently several Canadians, who refused to walk in South Africa, were courtmartialed and sentenced to terms ranging from two to five years' imprisonment. The men were mounted men and declined to become infantry men.

London, April 24.—Belgian papers, says the Brussels correspondent of the Times, no longer accept Leyds as a South African oracle. The statement made by him that the Boer chiefs know that the British terms will not be accepted by the commandoes is regarded as untrustworthy.

The Hague, April 24. — The following bulletin was issued this morning from Castle Loo—

"Queen Wilhelmina had a quiet night. The fall in the morning temperature continues, and the feeling of illness has lessened. The patient is taking sufficient nourishment."

INSURGENTS HAVE CAPITULATED.

Colon, Colombia, April 24.— The German steamer Hercynia, which left this port for Bocas Del Toro several days ago, with reinforcements of Government troops on board, returned here this morning, and announced that Bocas Del Toro, which was captured by the insurgents April 18, was again in possession of the Government. Owing to the timely arrival of the reinforcements on the Hercynia, and a threat of bombardment on the part of the Government gunboat, Gen. Pinzon, the insurgents at Bocas Del Toro capitulated to the Government forces.

FIGHTING THE MOSQUITO.

London, April 24.—The Colonial Office has been approached by the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine with a view of securing increased support for the malaria expedition which is now working in Freetown, Sierra Leone.

Mr. Chamberlain has replied (a Reuter's message says) to the effect that a first expenditure of £400 has been sanctioned for the immediate surface drainage of those parts of Freetown which are most infested by mosquitos.

The leader of the expedition approves of this course, and Mr. Chamberlain's letter is greatly appreciated.

FIRST SHOT AT SEBASTAPOL.

London, April 24. — Another Crimean hero has passed away in the person of Alfred Mathews, of 3 Portland Villas, Southend, who died on Saturday at the age of seventy-eight. He served with the naval brigade throughout the Crimean war, and was captain of the gun which fired the first shot into Sebastopol. Five years ago he was knocked down by a vicious dog and sustained a fractured thigh, from which he never quite recovered. A naval funeral is to be accorded to him on Thursday, next. Mathews was granted a pension in 1869, but his death leaves his widow quite unprovided for.

THIEVES AND THE CORONATION

London, April 24.—In defending a man named Alfred Williams, aged thirty, of no fixed address, who pleaded guilty to a charge of attempting to pick ladies' pockets on omnibuses in Regent street, Mr. Arthur Newton urged that as the prisoner only attempted to steal, but did not obtain anything, a term of three month's imprisonment would meet the justice of the case.

That would be a serious punishment for a thief, added the solicitor, as he would be in prison during the coronation festivities, to which all thieves were eagerly looking forward.

The magistrate, however, sent Williams to the Sessions to be dealt with as an incorrigible rogue.

London, April 24.—The magnitude and intricacy of the work which has had to be done in fitting up the Central Post Office Telephone Exchange in the city, now open, is indicated by the fact that in the switch room 4,720 miles of wire have been used, and two and a half million soldered joints have been made.

In an exhaustive description of the system given in The Times, it is mentioned that the area to be covered by the system is 640 square miles extending from Chipping Barnet and Enfield on the north to Croydon and Redhill on the south, and from Romford, Erith, and Crayford on the east to Harrow, Hanwell and Hounslow on the west.

The Central Exchange in Carter-lane near St. Paul's is nearly the largest in the world, being designed for the use of 14,400 subscribers, as against [illegible] in the Government exchange in Post

LOOK WELL AT THE TONGUE

If Furred and Coated, the Liver Needs Attention

Paine's Celery Compound

THE POPULAR SPRING MEDICINE CURES EVERY FORM OF LIVER TROUBLE

A Victory Over an Insidious Disease After the Failures of Physicians

The liver is the great housekeeper of our health. On its right and proper action depends our enjoyment of life.

One of the commonest indications of a disordered and diseased liver is a nasty tongue—furred and coated. Such a condition is positive proof that the liver is not working well. Other symptoms are as follows: nauseous taste in the mouth, pains under the shoulder blades and in the region of the kidneys. Frequently the mental symptoms of liver troubles are more dangerous than the bodily ills. Sufferers experience mental anguish, gloomy forebodings, melancholy, and a general feeling of disgust with life.

When these bodily and mental troubles are experienced, your liver tells you it needs immediate help. If the proper medicine is not used at once, sickness and death follow.

Paine's Celery Compound is the one great specific for the cure of liver troubles. It always acts gently and effectively on the root of the evils, driving from the system accumulations of morbid poisons that give rise to your suffering. Soon every organ is infused with new life, the skin is fresh and clear, and you enjoy perfect health.

Mrs. G. Durant, of Elma, Ont., cured by Paine's Celery Compound after suffering for years from severe liver troubles, writes thus:

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Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 24, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The referendum next December will probably end the prohibition agitation. It is already spoken of not as the Referendum but as the Liquorendum.

• • • •

The Bobcaygeon Independent says: It is pleasant to find every opinion that has been expressed by this journal on the British military system, stoutly confirmed by Col. Sam Hughes, a gentleman who had an unusual opportunity of sizing up the system in actual service, in Africa, and who is a perfect representative of the Canadian soldier. The Canadian military volunteer, being unfettered by old ideas or regulations, being thoroughly in touch with the conditions of to-day, if given his own officers, is the best soldier in the war, bar none. If Canada acted wisely it would wipe out all connection with the British system and give Col. Sam charge of its militia.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

APSLEY.

—Seeding is well advanced, some of the farmers being nearly through.

—There is a movement on foot among the villagers to have a survey and plan of this place. It is much needed.

—The main question here at present is not "What's going to be elected?" but "Are you going sucker fishing?" The election must take a back seat until suckers are done running.

—Every available team is pressed into service drawing goods from Lakefield station for the stores, and lumber, stone, etc., for new buildings in course of erection. Tommy is busy at the foundation of his house. Now while so many improvements are going on why not do something towards cleaning up and repairing our cemetery and show a little respect for the dead.

—The ratepayers of S.S. No. 2, Anstruther, want to build a new school in a more central part of the section, but as yet cannot find the centre nor who really belong to the section. The municipal fathers tried to decide the question at a council meeting in South Burleigh, the only result of which was a very heated discussion between two of the parties as to their respective knowledge of school laws and the legality of a private haul on a public document. The other business of the meeting was appointing pathmasters.

—One of our young men went to a dance up north a week or two ago and had the misfortune to lose his hat, but the host kindly loaned him one to wear home, and his own turned up the next week. He has sold out his livery outfit and intended going to Dakota with the view of purchasing some Indian ponies, got as far as Lakefield Tuesday, and arrived in Apsley Wednesday, saying that Lakefield was far enough and did not think those ponies were much, anyway.

Turning Smoke Into Gold.

QUEEN ELIZABETH of England was not a thoroughgoing spinster, for she had so little prejudice against the practice of smoking that she permitted Sir Walter Raleigh his pipe in the royal presence. She was sufficiently a woman, however, to twit him openly on his devotion to the weed, and it was on one of these occasions—so the author of "The Sovereign Herbe" shrewdly surmises—that the knight replied:

"I can assure Your Majesty that I have so well experienced the nature of it that I can tell even the weight of the smoke in any quantity I consume."

"I doubt it much, Sir Walter," replied Elizabeth, holding it was impossible to weigh smoke, and mayhap scenting a joke, "and I will wager you twenty gold angels that you do not solve my doubt."

Gallantly accepting the wager, Raleigh filled his pipe with a weighed quantity of tobacco, smoked it out, and then, weighing the resultant ashes, announced the weight he had smoked away.

"Your Majesty cannot deny that the difference has disappeared in smoke."

"Truly, I cannot," answered the Queen. Ordering the wager to be paid, she turned on the courtiers around her and said: "Many alchemists have I heard of who turned gold into smoke, but Raleigh is the first who has turned smoke into gold."

Epitaph.

Here lies Luke Longpenne, the distinguished historical novelist, who died at the age of eleven years in the full height of his fame, three weeks after the publication of his first book.—"Life."

The Poultry Yard.

Selecting Layers.

While in every flock of poultry there are good, bad and indifferent layers, not all poultry-keepers take the trouble to discriminate and set the eggs of only the good layers. The points that distinguish a good from an indifferent layer are the increased activity of the former, and she usually has a small head and extra bright eye, but these latter points want a trained eye to detect. Good layers can be found not only among pure breeds and first crosses, but among the so-called mongrels, but in every case they are the most active in the flock and the hungriest, which is easily explained by the fact that they are often laying when the others are not, and a laying hen is always more eager for food, or at least wants more food, than one not laying. A very good layer seldom, if ever, lays a large egg; it is of medium size only, and for this reason often gets overlooked when eggs are chosen for setting. Some poultry-keepers choose the biggest eggs for this purpose, but the medium sized ones will hatch just as fine chickens as a rule. The eggs of a good layer should always be set, for her progeny are very likely to take after her; a cockerel descended from a good layer is of more value in the breeding-pen than one from a moderate layer only.—C. D. L., in Farm and Home.

Unfertile Eggs.

It is generally best to set several hens at the same time, so that unfertile or addled eggs can be thrown out on the sixth or seventh day, and a redistribution made of the remainder, giving a full supply to each hen as far as they will go, and leaving perhaps one or two birds with none at all. These can be reset again with fresh eggs, and they will be little or none the worse of the extra week's work.

It is always advisable to throw out the useless eggs as soon as their presence can be detected. They are simply taking up space in the nest, and perhaps preventing full justice being done to the others. It is often possible to pick them out on the fifth day, but they can generally be detected with certainty on the seventh. The procedure is extremely simple. Encircle the egg to be tested between the thumb and forefinger, lengthways, and hold up between the eye and a gas jet or candle flame. If it is fertile it will appear to be quite opaque, the air space at the thick end showing clearly against the dark centre; while, if the egg is unfertile, it will show quite clear all over. Such eggs as the latter may at once be thrown out. If the contents seem muddy, and appear to shift as the egg is moved in the hand, very likely it is addled, and may be thrown out also. If there is any doubt as to such an egg, it may be replaced in the nest, and retested a day or two after. Its true condition can then be ascertained with certainty. If such an egg rattles when slightly shaken, it is going rotten fast.—Farmer and Stock Breeder.

Brown Eggs and White Eggs.

Among the many popular fallacies which are prevalent at the present day there is none more common (even to a large extent among educated people) than the belief in the superiority of a brown egg over a white one. It is certainly true that a rich-colored brown egg looks more tempting on the breakfast table than does one of the cream-colored eggs which are most frequently seen. A cream-colored egg in most cases is a stale egg—it is a brown egg that has lost its color to a greater or less extent, and with its color, too, has gone the bloom of freshness which is so characteristic of a new-laid egg. Although, as a rule, the richly-colored brown eggs are first selected at the morning breakfast table, yet at the same time if the white eggs were of that pure white color which is characteristic of the Minorca and Leghorn and the Andalusian—that is to say, if they were always of a pure white color, not a creamy color—I fancy they would be taken up more rapidly. The hotelkeeper who has to display on his breakfast tables a number of eggs would make them look more attractive if he would only place before his guests eggs which are either absolutely white or rich dark-brown intermingled.

But now what is the difference between a brown egg and a white one? Experiments have been tried from time to time with a view to comparing the composition of brown eggs and white eggs, and these experiments have revealed the fact that there is absolutely no difference whatever between a brown egg and a white egg so far as their chemical composition is concerned. It is six of one and half a dozen of the other, and the notion that, because an egg is brown in color, therefore it is richer than one which is white in color, is an absurdity. The same thing applies to the color of the yolk; a dark yolk is no better than a pale yolk so far as nutritive properties are concerned. It is perfectly true that the flavor of yolks varies considerably, but that depends upon the manner in which fowls are fed, and also upon the conditions under which they are kept, and it has no bearing whatever upon the richness or otherwise of the yolks from a dietetic point of view. The reason why some eggs are brown in color while others are white is simply this, that in certain breeds—generally speaking, those which are known as the Asiatic breeds—the carbonate of lime which is deposited through their blood to form the egg shell is pink-colored, whereas in other breeds it is white, and wherever Asiatic blood is present the egg color is dark proportionately—that is to say, that a fowl with only a tincture of Asiatic blood in its veins will lay a slightly tinted egg, whereas one that has more Asiatic blood in her veins will lay a darker egg, and so on. That is not an absolutely fixed rule, but that is the drift of it. The color of the eggs a hen lays depends really upon her pedigree. The same principle applies to the color of the yolk. The color of the yolk is due to a pigment, and is dependent, as I have already said, upon the feeding and general conditions of living, and to some extent upon the hereditary tendency also.

Farmers would find it advantageous (as I have several times previously said in these columns) to aim at producing very white and very dark brown eggs—in preference to the indefinite assortment of colors we usually see in an egg basket. The appearance is so much better.—W. M. Freeman, in Farm and Home.

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18k., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

Lord Chas. Beresford

Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has been on duty in the Mediterranean for some time, is without doubt the most popular man in the British navy. He has recently returned to England, and the newspapers are conjecturing whether he will re-enter Parliament or accept a higher post in the navy. His ability is not estimated to be inferior to his popularity, and there is probably no post associated with the navy for which he would be regarded as unequal. He represents, above all things, the gospel of efficiency, which is being preached just now, and with ample need, judging from the remount scandal, and if in Parliament would do much to insure the maintenance of the navy at the highest practicable standard. The popular sailor celebrated his 56th birthday on February 10th.

A Defence of Canada.

Here is a Scottish newspaper, The Daily Journal of Aberdeen, with a really eloquent defence of Canada against Kipling's implied suggestion that snow plays a part in our daily life.

"The title of 'Our Lady of the Snows,'" says the Scottish writer, "bestowed on Canada in a haphazard sort of manner by Rudyard Kipling, is not at all a happy one, as it applies to a season only. I have seen the grapes hanging in luxuriant bunches to the vines in a Quebec garden, and the fields of tomatoes grow crimson in the warm sunshine; I have lingered in the golden wheatfields in the evening, and listened to the myriad sounds of the cricket and grasshopper; I have walked amid the cedar trees in an Ontario swamp when the sunset glow had faded, and watched the fireflies darting to and fro like shooting stars; and I have watched the tiny humming-bird, with plumage that rivalled the gaily-painted butterflies, contesting with the bee for the honey that lay within the sweet-smelling flowers. Scenes like these are not associated with a land of never-ending winter. Consequently there can be no greater mistake than to imagine, as too many pople do, that Canada is a semi-Arctic country out of which little good can come. And yet, what do we find? According to the returns of the Board of Trade fully 65,000 to 75,000 Britishers went to live in the United States during the past year, while only 12,000 or 13,000 went to Canada. There is no reason to doubt that if the resources and natural wealth of the Dominion of Canada were more generally known in this country, we would soon hear the last of the term "American" as applied to Canadian products, and United States producers would no longer receive the credit for Canadian goods, in many cases superior to their own. Those who guide the destinies of the Dominion think that the Stars and Stripes have overshadowed the Maple Leaf long enough. Every true Briton will be of the same opinion."

Where He Belonged.

The visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to the United States is naturally causing the telling over of some of the countless anecdotes of which the aged Kaiser Wilhelm, grandfather of Emperor Wilhelm and his brother, was the central figure. The following is one of the prettiest I have seen:—

In his later years the aged Kaiser took great pleasure in visiting the schools and catechising the children. At one time while in the City of Ems he visited an orphan school that was in the city, and under Government patronage.

After listening for an hour or more to the recitations of several of the classes, the Kaiser called to the front a bright, golden-haired little girl seven or eight years of age, and, lifting her into his lap, said to her:

"Now, then, my little fraulein, let me see if you can answer me three hard questions." And taking an orange out of his pocket he held it up. "To what kingdom does this belong?" he asked.

The little girl hesitated a moment and then said timidly: "To the vegetable kingdom."

"Right, my little fraulein," said the Kaiser. "And, now, to what kingdom does this belong?" The Kaiser drew a gold-piece out of his pocket and placed it beside the orange.

More confident this time, the little girl replied: "To the mineral kingdom."

"Better and better," said the Kaiser. "Now, look at me and tell me to what kingdom do I belong."

The little girl was confused. Dare she say "the animal kingdom"? All the teachers and pupils looked at her with breathless expectancy. But in a moment she glanced up brightly into the face of the kind old Kaiser, and said: "To the kingdom of heaven."

This unexpected answer drew tears from the eyes of the Kaiser. "Yes, yes, my child," said he, "I trust that I do belong to the kingdom of heaven; and the day is not far distant when I shall go there, my little fraulein."

Then, kissing the little girl, he presented her with the gold piece and the orange, and brought his visit to a close.

A Slanderer of the British.

The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that further evidence has come to light of the methods employed to stir up anti-British feeling in Germany. The history of the man Kaulitz or Farlow, who at the outbreak of the Boer war founded the "London cable correspondence" for supplying the continental press with alleged war news, which was "made in London," has been traced by The Kolnische Zeitung. The Kolnische quotes from a provincial paper a list of this man's misdeeds. He was born at Brunswick, became a Social Democrat at Leipsic in the seventies, and was afterwards, it is said, sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment for inciting the workmen in the Saar district by articles in his paper. Later on he became Johann Most's partner in London and was on the staff of his paper. After giving a few further facts about the man's career The Kolnische says:—"This honorable gentleman has now been unmasked, but, unfortunately, too late, for the lies about the atrocities of English Lancers at Elandslaagte, outrages on helpless Boer women and girls, etc., continue to be freely circulated, and whoever attempts to disprove them is suspected and insulted for being an English hireling."

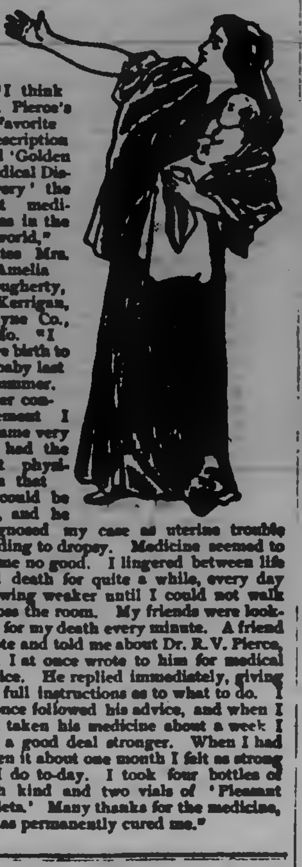
On a Dog.

"They're thinking now of reversing the usual process, and first trying plays in New York before taking them out on the road." "What's the idea?" "Well, if a play succeeds in New York, the rest of the country will know it's rotten."—"Life."

A Matter of Contrast.

"Give an example of how heat expands and cold contracts." "In the summer the days are long; in the winter they are short."—"Judge."

"I lingered between life and death."



"I think Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' the best medicines in the world," writes Mrs. Amelia Dougherty, of Kerrigan, Wayne Co., Mo. "I gave birth to a baby last summer. After confinement I became very ill, had the best physician that could be got, and he diagnosed my case as uterine trouble tending to dropsy. Medicine seemed to do me no good. I lingered between life and death for quite a while, every day growing weaker until I could not walk across the room. My friends were looking for my death every minute. A friend wrote and told me about Dr. R. V. Pierce, and I at once wrote to him for medical advice. He replied immediately, giving me full instructions as to what to do. I at once followed his advice, and when I had taken his medicine about a week I felt a good deal stronger. When I had taken it about one month I felt as strong as I do to-day. I took four bottles of each kind and two vials of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Many thanks for the medicine, It has permanently cured me."

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A Prophecy Fulfilled.

ON no less authority than that of Mr. Justin McCarthy it is stated that, with the exception of the King of Sweden, a descendant of Bernadotte, whom Napoleon raised from the ranks and later made king, there is not a single important ruler in Europe who is not descended from Mary, Queen of Scots. In "Macbeth," which was evidently written with the idea of courting the favor of James I., the first Stuart ruler of England, Shakespeare puts into the mouth of the witches this prophecy to Banquo, from whom the Stuarts are by legend descended: "Your children shall be kings." Even the most obsequious of courtiers could not have anticipated how literally true this compliment to the Stuarts through King James was to prove. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, "in many ways the worst dynasty," as Mr. McCarthy says, "that ever ruled over England," should have left so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

Meantime there is for the student of medical anthropology the spectacle of a series of inbreeding intermarriages that demonstrates the dangers and effects of marital consanguinity. Perhaps the lesson of the necessity for exercising more care as regards the relationship and other qualities of marital partners may thus be taught by example, if it cannot be enforced by the legal measures that are now so commonly suggested. In a word, the history of the present reigning families of Europe is an open book in which he who runs may read the evils of marriage where new blood is not constantly introduced to modify the degenerative tendencies of the original stock. The lesson may be learned better from a "horrible example" than from the cold logic of statistics on the subject.

Faith and Works.

A piece of bright class-room repartee comes from a Western college. The professor had been annoyed by the tardy entrance of a student into the lecture-room, and pointedly stopped talking until the man took his seat.

After class the student went to the desk and apologized.

"My watch was fifteen minutes out of the way, sir. It's bothered me a good deal lately, but after this I shall put no more faith in it."

"It's not faith you want in it," replied the professor; "it's works."

Proof Positive.

A convict at a French penal settlement, who was undergoing a life sentence, desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the prisoner.

"Did you not marry in France?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And your wife is dead?"

"She is."

"Have you any document to show that she is dead?"

"No."

"Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead."

There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom.

Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead."

"How will you do so?"

"I was sent here for killing her."

The bride accepted him notwithstanding.—"Tougner."

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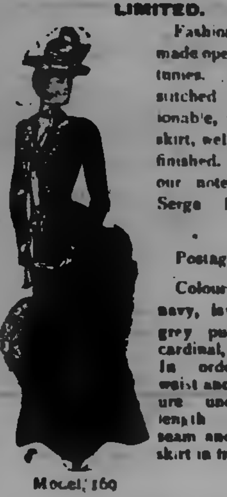

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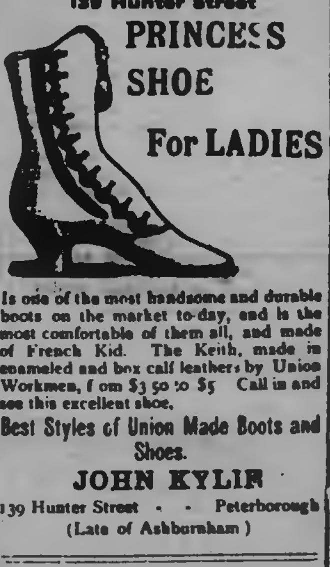

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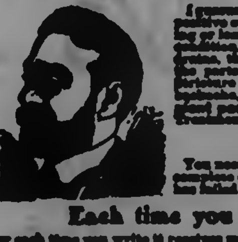

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Mrs. or Miss?

JUST as a sort of New Year's card, the Woman's Suffrage Society of Paris have issued a manifesto contending that, as woman in her maiden name accomplishes all the duties of a citizen, she does prejudice to her interests by sinking her identity and towing her individuality in adopting the name of her husband when she marries. Consequently, it seems on the tapis that in future, when Miss Smith marries Mr. Brown, she will still retain her maiden patronymic of Smith. Being married, she must of necessity be Mrs.; therefore, if she retains her maiden name of Smith, we shall have the weird anomaly of Mr. Brown and Mrs. Smith as man and wife. Now, supposing Mrs. Smith, otherwise Mrs. Brown, should, by any unforeseen event, meet with a Mr. Smith in the absence of her husband, and it should go forth to the world—in a hotel visitors' book, for instance—that they were actually Mr. and Mrs. Smith, where the dickens, in the event of trouble, would Mr. Brown come in? Mr. Brown might swear by all that was holy that Mrs. Smith was Mrs. Brown, but if Mr. Smith swore that she was Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Smith did not stoop to deny it, what jury outside a lunatic asylum could convict Mrs. Smith of playing fast and loose with Mr. Brown? It is a complex problem, to say the least of it; but if the Woman's Suffrage Society of gay Paree are not content to let well alone, I suppose they must put up with the consequences.

A Girl's Daring Feat.

IT seems hardly possible that a girl of sixteen should save nearly fifty people from a terrible death. Yet that is what Grace Bassell did, who may well be called the Grace Darling of Australia. It happened one day in December that a vessel was wrecked off the coast of Australia, a few miles from the Bassell home. The lifeboat on board the steamer was lowered, but it capsized and the eight people in it were drowned. So the rest of the crew clung to the sinking steamer. The surf ran so wildly that no one could dare swim through it, and there was not a house or person in sight. The girl, who was a splendid horsewoman, was riding along with a native servant. She caught sight of the vessel in distress; turning her horse's head toward the coast, she started him on a quick gallop. When she reached the sea she urged her horse into the angry surf. She rode boldly on till she reached the vessel. With great difficulty she took some of the children in her arms and put them before her on the saddle; then, with bigger children and women clinging to her dress, she started for the shore, gave those she had rescued to the care of her servant, and returned again to the wreck. So she went backward and forward for four hours, till all were safe on land, the servant having ridden to bring out the last man.—"Leslie's Weekly."

Humor of the Hour.

"Night falls, but it doesn't break," observed the Simple Mug.

"What of it?" queried the Wise Guy.

"Oh, nothing," chuckled the Simple Mug, "except that day breaks, but it doesn't fall."—Philadelphia Record.

◆◆◆

May—Yes, I'm going to marry Jack White.

Maud—My! From what you've always said I thought he'd be the last man you'd ever marry.

May—I hope he is.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"Don't you think I preached a very poor sermon this morning?" asked the new preacher of the deacon, from whom he expected a compliment.

"Yaas, I do," drawled the honest deacon, "but it runs in my mind thet I've heard worse, ef I cud only rickollect wher' I wuz."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

◆◆◆

No doubt the future races
 Will navigate the air.
Perhaps their summer places
 Will be constructed there.
When Pierpont Morgan buys the earth
 They'll have to go elsewhere.
—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

"At Plevna, Kan.," says The Kansas City Journal, "A 'joint' keeper cornered the Rev. W. H. Houston in the post-office and informed the reverend gentleman that he must take a licking on account of a temperance sermon which he had preached the day before. 'All right,' responded the parson, cheerfully, and two minutes later the friends of the 'joint' keeper were taking him down to the butcher shop for the application of beefsteak to a pair of beautiful black eyes. Showing again the low down, deceptive wickedness of our theological seminaries in maintaining physical culture departments."

◆◆◆

"And now," clucked the old hen, surveying with pride the fifteen eggs in her nest, "I am going to have a smart set of my own."

Three weeks later, true to her word, she had a coming-out party, and society eagerly flocked to see her debutantes, who were arrayed in the daintiest and fluffiest of garments and looked too sweet for anything.—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

There was a mass meeting the other day of the residents of Cleator Moor, a district of London, in favor of a Sunday delivery of letters for the district. One of the speakers opposed to the measure was the vicar of the parish, who said: "I am here in the name of God Almighty, and those who oppose me oppose Him." This statement seemed to settle the question, for a resolution in favor of Sunday delivery was at once carried by an overwhelming majority.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

that instant the count stepped forth from his place of concealment.

"Are we alone?" he whispered, glancing furtively about him.

Alone! Yes, she was alone with him, heaven help her. She realized that fact all too bitterly, but she dared make no outcry.

"I am glad of the opportunity to speak with you upon a very important subject," he went on with a little mellow laugh. "I hope I have your full attention, madame?"

"Say what you have to say quickly," cried Daisy, springing to her feet, fairly trembling with scorn and loathing. "You pollute the air I breathe, I—— Oh, I could kill you, I hate you so!"

"It is not the first sin that would be laid at madame's door," he declared with another laugh, for which Daisy could have annihilated him.

"Time is valuable. It is necessary that I should humor madame by speaking quickly, and I will do so. I am much in love with madame's charming sister, Miss Olive. In love for the first time in my life, and for the first time in life the thought of marriage has entered my heart. Olive must be mine, and I shall depend upon madame to use her influence in my behalf."

White with passion, Daisy sprung to her feet.

"How dare you insult me so!" she cried. "How dare you mention my beautiful sister in the same breath with yourself! You aspire to her hand— you, a villain, a scoundrel, a robber!"

"I do indeed do myself that honor," returned the count, complacently.

"I would rather see her lying dead in her coffin, declared Daisy. "No, never dare to speak to her again!"

He shrugged his shoulders.

"Madame does not frighten me by her anger," he said. "I expected it. If you would be happy in your love, you must help me to be happy with mine. Olive must be my wife, and that, too, within a month; for I shall be a hasty wooer, or—— Ah, well, you can imagine what would happen if she should refuse me. I would cut her pride down, level to the very dust through you."

"Are you human, or are you a monster?" gasped Daisy, in agony too deep for words. "Ah, heaven, you must be a fiend incarnate to torture me so."

"I am only very human, I assure madame; giving myself up to a love dream after seeing as much of the world as I have seen, proves it," he replied. "It is quite unnecessary to argue the point with you; we understand each other, I hope."

No answer fell from Daisy's stiff, cold lips —she had endured so much she quite believed no more trouble could come to her.

It was over an hour after the grand ball broke up that Mrs. Dillingham discovered the loss of her diamonds, then in a single instant the mansion was in a state of the greatest confusion.

Messengers were dispatched to police headquarters without delay, asking that the most expert detectives that could be procured be sent them at once.

This was done. Mr. Lane listened attentively to every minute detail which might have the least bearing on the case, even to the hostess describing how she had left her friend, young Mrs. Hamilton, alone in her boudoir, dismissing her maid that her friend might be induced to rest—she looked so strangely pale — and how she had laughingly told her she would leave her to guard her diamonds, which were in an adjoining room.

Mr. Lane made note of this point particularly, examined the premises minutely, took a list of the guests who had been at the ball, then left the mansion.

"Well," said the chief, when Mr. Lane walked into his private office, "you've been carefully over the ground, I suppose; what luck? Did you find any clew?"

"The best kind of a clew," returned Mr. Lane.

"Is it a man or a woman whom you suspect?" inquired the chief.

"A woman," returned Mr. Lane, "and a young and beautiful one, who moves in the best society."

"I hope you are on the right track," remarked the chief; "mistakes are unpleasant in such cases."

"It is not this little beauty's first attempt," continued Mr. Lane, "she was brought to my notice a few days since, and in a peculiar manner. I was strolling down the avenue one afternoon when a coupe, drawn by a pair of prancing horses, dashed suddenly up the street, halting within a few feet of me, and from the vehicle descended a woman heavily veiled and all alone.

"'Wait here for me until I return,' she said to the driver, and hurried rapidly around the nearest corner. Of course I followed, believing there was something wrong.

"After glancing furtively about I saw her enter Levy's pawnshop.

"Here is something to trail, I said to myself, quickening my pace and hurrying after her. Well, the result was, the beauty— for she was beautiful as a poet's dream — my keen eyes discerned that even through the thickness of the dark veil— left with the pawnbroker a quantity of valuable diamonds on which she raised a thousand dollars, and she had the real stones replaced with pastes. I followed her home and found out who she was. The knowledge shocked me a little I must confess. I have been quietly watching to hear from that affair, but nothing has come to light."

"This woman's name?" said the chief.

Mr. Lane leaned forward and whispered a name in his ear that startled him —shocked him.

"You must be mistaken, Lane!" he cried. "The thing is impossible. Why she is as innocent a creature as the sun ever shone on. She couldn't do such a thing."

"With all due respect to your opinion, chief, I insist that the clew is the right one. You know as well as I do myself it is always these young, innocent-appearing ones that are the greatest sinners. Why, look closely in her face and you will see a story written there. The hurried sound of a strange footstep startles her. Peer keenly in her face, and her eyes will fall before your gaze, and you can read terror and guilt there."

The chief looked really distressed.

"It will be the most painful duty I have ever performed to prosecute

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

For Stockmen.

Farm Butter Making.

At the recent convention of the Illinois Dairy Association W. R. Hostetter, one of the leading dairymen of Illinois, discussed butter making on the farm, and pointed out that the comparatively low grade of farm butter was due to the lack of conveniences and to the small quantity made. He is convinced, however, that good butter can be made on the farm, and in order to do this the dairy house and the surroundings must have excellent drainage and must be so constructed as to get the maximum amount of sunshine. He advises getting the very best tinware for dairy purposes, as it is so much easier to keep good utensils clean. Never buy cheap cans, pails or strainers.

Get a good separator, and use some kind of power for running it, as it is exceedingly difficult to maintain a uniform speed when turning by hand. He has no set temperature for cooling cream and churning, as so much depends on weather, the dairy house, etc. As a general rule, he likes to ripen his cream at a high temperature and to churn at as low a temperature as possible. He usually churns at 55 degrees in winter and 40 to 45 degrees in summer. The churn must be stopped at just the right time, or when the butter granules are about the size of a grain of wheat. He adds a little salt just before washing. The amount of salt to be used depends upon the taste of the customers. He believes it is advisable to try to get customers to use fresh butter, so that it can be delivered once or twice a week. Formerly he had customers who wanted him to pack butter in the winter for next summer's use. Gradually they have all abandoned the practice. He advises putting up butter in neat packages, as this will do much toward making sales.—Dairy World.

Profit in Pigs.

One cannot hope to make swine a profitable farm product unless he goes permanently into the business. Too many who try to make money from swine find it unprofitable one year, and abandon it, or because after two years of fair success the third season proves unsatisfactory, they conclude that the best days for the business have passed, and they try their hand at something else. My experience has always been that swine breeding requires more persistent and continuous work than most other lines of farming. As a continuous business, carried on, not one or two or three years, but ten, fifteen and twenty years, it has no superior, and the man who pursues it thus will get his sure reward. Each succeeding year we learn more about the work, and find out where we made mistakes, and where we could have made improvements. We become so familiar with the whole subject that we are competent judges as to whether we should raise this or that breed. We also grow accustomed to anticipating the markets, which is a great thing in these days of fluctuations. Then, too, we learn how best to feed the animals—how to get the most from every ton of feed, grass or hay.

If one is going into swine breeding for a continuous industry, he can then well afford to start out with the best bred animals he can afford, and by an intelligent system of selections and breeding, he will in time grade up his flock to a standard of excellence which his neighbor cannot equal except at great cost. When a man starts in each year or two to purchase new breeds and high-bred swine, it is a costly experience, and he hardly reaps much reward from it. There is quite a difference, however, when he deliberately adds each year a little new blood to his stock, increasing the quality as well as the quantity. The outlay is thus small each season for pure-bred animals, and the returns correspondingly good.

Likewise in regard to food, it requires a policy of continuous farming along certain lines which will enable one to look years ahead. The grass, forage and grain crops that can be planned for an intelligent rotation system will all help toward the same general end. The cost of feeding will thus up to a certain point be steadily reduced. One finds good pasture fields established in the course of time, land made rich and fertile for corn and grain through a rotation of crops, and hay and forage crops prepared ahead of time for each winter. In the course of time the work becomes almost automatic, and the swine produce profits on the average from year to year that must prove satisfactory.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

Medium Horses for the Farm.

What would a pair of these 1,800 to 2,200 pound horses do on a plough or harrow in the spring, when their feet sank in the mud almost as deep as the plough? They might not feel the weight of the plough, but they would feel their own weight before night. With a pair of the little Vermont Morgans, the two of them not as heavy as one of those big fellows, we could draw a heavier load through a miry place or a snowdrift than we ever saw a pair of those big ones draw in a bad place.

And when on the road they could trot eight or ten miles an hour or walk four or five miles on a dirt road, not for one hour only, but for five or six hours a day for as many days as there are in the week, and that not in a rubbed-tired sulky, but a good, honestly made farm waggon with from two to four persons in it.

That is the kind of horses that used to be bred in Vermont, and some of them, not quite as compactly built, in Maine, and some of them, a little coarser built, came here from Canada, with legs about as large and hairy as the Clydes. None of them ever got spavins or crooked knees or tender feet, if they had decent usage, for they did not go down the street, as if they had taken a contract to pound down the paving stones.

The breed of these horses cannot be entirely exhausted. There must be some farmers who have good brood mares yet, and there may be a few stallions that have the Morgan blood in them. If such can be bred, we venture a prediction that in five years they will be in demand, and in ten years more popular on our New England farms and hilly roads than the heaviest western-bred horse that may be offered at the sale stables in the city. Do not make the mistake of trying to put too much weight into them by trying to breed from the heavy stallions, nor too long legs on them in the hope to get the two-minute horse; but try to get a good, honest, well-built horse of 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, with the disposition of a lamb, the willingness of the ox and the endurance of the mule.

To Detect Bad Notes.

There will be no doubt an unusually large number of visitors in England this summer in connection with the coronation festivities. The recent announcement that several hundred £5 notes have been lately stopped by the Bank of England and other London banks will be specially interesting to them, and may cause some feelings of apprehension, for the visitor, unused to handling the English money, is naturally more easily victimized than those accustomed to it. The Daily Express gives some interesting information as to how you may tell whether your £5 notes are genuine or forged.

Chief cashiers in banks can tell at a glance, for in the freemasonry of the profession they have learned some of the secret marks by which the Bank of England absolutely safeguards itself against deception.

The whole of the secret marks, some dozen in all, are only known to the man whose signature appears on each note.

The best test for the average man to apply in the rough and ready one of looking at the water-mark. If that is very plain, when held up to the light or laid down on a table, you may be pretty certain that your fiver is genuine.

The water-mark of the Bank of England is one of those things that no forger has yet been able to imitate successfully.

Now for the forged notes. If you would detect them look out for any of the following defects, which were discovered after long examination by the chief cashier of a West End business house:—

(1) The water-mark is very light, and not made in the note.

(2) The paper is slightly greasy to the touch.

(3) The printing is lighter; the ink not as black as it should be. This is particularly noticeable in the medallion of Britannia in the top left-hand corner.

(4) The top and bottom of the note are very ragged, as if carried in the pocket, and nicked as if torn away, while the sides are quite clean cut.

"I had never handled a forged Bank of England note," said this cashier, "until this came into my possession, and I naturally examined it very carefully.

"I understand that the notes have different dates and numbers, making their detection more difficult, and I should say that the dates were added after the body of the note had been printed."

From the head of a large banking concern in the city The Express representative received an opinion regarding the forged notes closely corresponding with the one given above. He was of opinion that the note might best be detected by three of its features:—

(1) Not quite so crisp as the genuine note.

(2) Faint water-mark.

(3) Faulty engraving and printing of the Britannia medal.

Forgers of bank notes have always two prime difficulties to contend with—to imitate the water-mark, and to get the notes in circulation.

The Duke of Gloucester.

The proposal to revive the old English title of Duke of Gloucester has set newspaper writers at work, hunting up the records of former bearers of the title, which appear to be mournful enough to give it an aspect of ill-omen even in the present materialistic age. The title was last revived by George I., who created his grandson, Frederick Lewis, Duke of Gloucester in 1714. This Prince was not, if his father, George II., may be believed, an ornament to the Peerage. "My dear firstborn," said that unamiable Sovereign, "is the greatest ass and the greatest liar and the greatest canaille and the greatest beast in the whole world, and I heartily wish he was out of it." His unhappy relations with his parents were a public scandal, but a fairer estimate of his character is that given by Horace Walpole. "His best quality was generosity, his worst insincerity, and indifference to truth, which appeared so early that Earl Stanhope wrote to Lord Sunderland what I shall conclude his character with:—'He has his father's head and his mother's heart.' His character with the people is probably best summed up in the lines beginning

 Here lies Fred,
 Who was alive and is dead.

and ending with

 There's no more to be said."

The title became dormant again in 1834, when the second Duke of this creation, third son of "Fred," died without children. If the story of the present revival has any basis, the title is presumably intended for one of the young sons of the Prince of Wales.

Helping Reciprocity Along.

Force of circumstances is compelling us to reckon with western Canada. The Journal has often spoken of the great agricultural resources of that region, and has predicted that within ten years it will be the greatest hard wheat raising region in the world. The enormous crop raised there last year and bound for the export market, almost entirely, has called the attention of Minneapolis grain men and millers to the importance of Canadian competition. Canadian wheat is now selling so cheaply abroad that the Minneapolis export flour trade is in danger of suffering thereby, as foreign millers can buy Canadian wheat and undersell the Minneapolis exporters.

To remedy partially this unfortunate state of affairs the local millers are thinking of buying Canadian wheat and milling it in bond for their export trade. If they do this they will be able to meet the foreign millers on equal terms as to the price of Canadian wheat, since the duty on Canadian wheat will be refunded when the flour made from it is exported. So, then, we are already confronted with the desirability of using Canadian wheat in the manufacture of flour designed for export. The time is approaching when we shall need it for flour intended for domestic consumption. Already, regardless of the tariff, it is competing with American wheat and forcing down the price of the latter. If the tariff on wheat were taken off and Canadian wheat were merged in American wheat in the markets, the chances are that it would affect the price less than now.

Truly, the development of the Canadian west is making the question of reciprocity with Canada a very live one for the people of the American northwest.—Minneapolis Journal.

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

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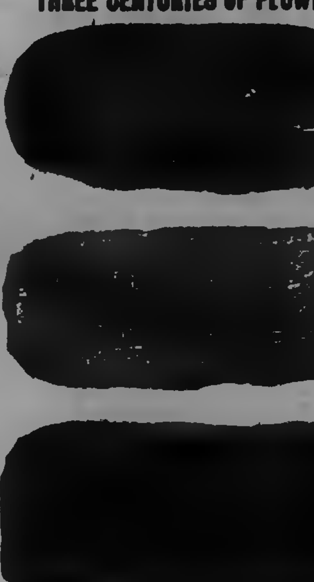

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Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

In the Jaws of the Fire.

THE risks that firemen take are an everlasting wonder, even though almost every paper contains stories of their bravery. But the man behind the fire-engine—apparently he has only to keep his machine going, and is as safe as the man who pulls the lever of an upright "donkey." The story of Bill Brown, as told by Mr. Cleveland Moffett in "Careers of Daring and Danger," shows that the engineer's bravery is sometimes put to tests as severe as those which the hoseman or the ladderman even has to endure.

What happened was this: Engine 20, pumping her prettiest, stood at the corner so near the drug house that the driver thought it wasn't safe for the horses, and led them away. That left Brown alone, against the cheek of the fire, watching his boiler and keeping his steam-gage at seventy-five.

As the fire gained, chunks of red-hot sandstone began to smash down on the engine. Brown ran his pressure up to eighty, and watched the door anxiously where the four firemen from his squad had gone into the furnace.

Then an explosion of chemicals in the building sent a flame wide as a house curling across the street, enwrapping engine and man, and setting fire to the elevated railway station overhead. Bill Brown stood by his engine with a sheet of fire above him. He heard footsteps on the pavement and voices that grew fainter, crying, "Run for your lives!" He was alone, and the skin on his hands, face and neck was blistered.

Brown knew why everyone was running. There would be another explosion. It was tolerably certain that he must die if he stayed. But his four chums were in the fire and needed the water. If he quit his engine the water would fail.

He stoked in coal and ran the gage up another notch, easing the running parts with the oiler. He was offering his life for his friends.

In a few minutes the four firemen came out of the building. Then Bill Brown ran for his life with his comrades. A second or two later Engine 20 was crushed by the falling walls.

Afraid to Repeat the Dose.

A local clergyman was engaged in conversation with a number of friends the other day, says the Duluth "News Tribune," when each started telling stories of weddings he had performed. One of the party had this to offer:

Some time ago a great big fellow, roughly dressed, and a wee mite of a young woman came to him. They had no witnesses, and, in fact, did not care to have any. Nevertheless a bridesmaid and groomsman were selected from the household, and the ceremony began. They had promised to love and obey and all the rest of the service, when the preacher announced: "Kiss the bride."

The groom, on bended knee, hesitated a little, tried to say something and couldn't.

"Kiss the bride," said the pastor.

"Why, parson, I did, afore I come here at all," replied the groom, whose face had taken the color of a June rose.

The snow pile is frozen. You slip!
 you stumble!
You slip!
 You tumble!
You are up in the air
 For a second or so,
But while you are there
 It has thawed, don't you know.

You get back to the ground
And you are drowned.

Cover Crops and Fertilizers.

Prof. I. P. Roberts of Cornell University says:—Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil; fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productively by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. "I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that another cover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 138.86 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.36 lbs.; potash, 109.96 lbs. There is removed by 25 bushels of wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 42 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash, 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Roe St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Out of His Province.

A soap-maker and a banker were at a Wagner concert, says the "Christian Register." The programme did not please them, and they began to talk.

"Every man," said the banker, "wants to do something outside of his own work."

"Yes," answered the soap-maker. "I manufacture good soap, and yet I've always wanted to be a banker."

"You wouldn't be a good one. I am a successful banker, but I always wanted to write a book. And now here's this man Wagner tries his hand at music. Just listen to the stuff! And yet we all know he builds good parlor-cars."

Little Georgie was taken by his aunt to see the newcomer, aged one day. He was duly and profoundly impressed with the specimen, and asked where the little brother came from. "God sent it," answered the aunt, reverently. The answer made a deep impression on Little Georgie, for that afternoon he was seen out in the backyard gazing up into the deep blue sky and spreading his diminutive apron expectantly as he said: "Dear God, please throw me one down, too."—Troy "Press."

First Little Girl—The doctor brought us twins yesterday! Second Little Girl—That's where you made a mistake. You should have had a homeopath!—St. L. "Life."

Chimmie—Say, d'yer know dat Billy's one o' de directors o' de Theatrical Syndicate now?

Jack—[illegible] Is dat right?

Chimmie—Sure! He directs people to dair seats.—Philadelphia Press.

The hospitality of Scotland is quite as well established as the hospitality of Ireland, but the meanness of the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, is likely to assert itself at any stage. As The Scotsman tells this story, it cannot be suspected of proving false to its own countrymen:—

An Irish friend insisted that a Scotchman should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "ye've been keepin' me at yer hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll not stand it—ye mun let me have a toss for this one!"

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 24, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.]

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. C. H. Macauley, an old Lindsay boy, has been elected Mayor of Dawson City.

—The steamer Beaver will arrive to-day with a scow load of logs for the Mathews Company.

—We have a number of packing boxes for sale cheap. Apply at The Times Bookstore.

—The high winds yesterday chased up clouds of dust, making the streets very disagreeable.

—A burning chimney on Dr. Greer's residence gave the Fire Brigade a run yesterday morning.

—The boys of St. John's choir are asked to meet in the Sunday school room this evening at 7.30.

—Col. Sam Hughes, M.P., Lindsay, banquetted the officers of the 45th Victoria Regiment at Lindsay last night.

—Chief Rossel has a robe for which he would like an owner. It was placed in the wrong vehicle on the market about six weeks ago.

—Reports from the north country are to the effect that the drives are making great progress, there being an abundance of water.

—The plan of the hall for Mrs. Morrow's vocal and instrumental recital is now open at Ormond and Walsh's drug store.

—A meeting of the members of the Athletic Lacrosse Club will be held in the Oriental Hotel this evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of electing officers.

—The farmers' pic-nic will probably take place down the river this year, and will be under the auspices of the Farmers' Institutes of East and West Peterboro, and East Northumberland.

—The work on the new government dam at the locks, has been entirely discontinued until about the first of July, when the water will have fallen sufficient to allow the work to proceed.

—Lindsay Post,—Mr. Jas. Grace, secretary of the Toronto Street Railway, is spending a few days with his father in town. Mr. Grace was one of the lucky investors in Dominion Steel shares, and cleaned up the snug sum of $10,000.

—When you want the best quality of photos taken go to Whiten's, you get the best there. If you want the best quality in crayon work, take your small pictures to Whiten, 166 Hunter St. west

—Mr. Harvey Hartley, who goes to South Africa with the Fourth Contingent, was given a hearty farewell by the Special Bible Club at the Y.M.C.A. on Tuesday evening when he was presented with a neat morocco-bound testament. Mr Hartley suitably acknowledged the gift.

—The Deering Co., of Chicago, who were dickering with our civic authorities for a suitable sight for their Canadian Works which they propose to establish at an early date, are likely to select Hamilton as their Canadian home. A bonus of $50,000 is proposed.

—Mr. Carnegie must have turned down Belleville's request for a library. The Daily Ontario says,—A Toronto preacher complained of the increase of beggars. Why blame individuals for doing what municipalities have done at Mr. Carnegie's door? Begging has become somewhat of a national characteristic.

—A meeting has been called of the representatives of the Farmers Institutes of East and West Peterborough and of East Northumberland, and the local steam boat men, to make arrangements for holding the annual farmers pic-nic at Jubilee Point this year. The meeting will be held on Saturday next.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. Brandon was in town yesterday on business.

—Miss Staunton, trained nurse, who has been engaged on a case in Lindsay, has returned to town.

—The many friends of Mr. John Borradale, who is confined in the Nicholls Hospital with diptheria, will be pleased to learn that he is improving.

—Our talented local artists, the Misses Hurley, furnished the music on Monday evening for a dance given by the Lindsay Ping Pong Club.

—Dr. Beattie, of Cobourg, formerly of Peterborough, is in town for a few days. He is being greeted by his many friends, who are all pleased to see him looking so well after his serious sickness.

—Dr. Moher has removed to his new quarters, which have been fitted up very conveniently in the old Grand Central block, George-st., opposite the Opera House. Entrance by the main staircase, George street.

—Messrs. Geo. Dawson, Gilbert Scott and J. Girard left last night for Sydney, Cape Breton, to assume positions there. These young men will be greatly missed by their many friends, who, however, will wish them a large share of success.

Presented with a Ring and Purse

Mr. Walter Hudson, was made the recipient of a valuable ring, presented to him by the members of the 57th Band, and a purse of $50 from the C. G. E. works before his departure to South Africa last night.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

Recruiting Yesterday

Two additional men were sworn in yesterday afternoon at the Armories,—

Pte. E. A. Pengelley and Pte. W. C. Inkster.

Orders were received late yesterday afternoon to take no more men as the number required had been received.

Obituary

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Goheen, 234 Rubidge street, deeply sympathize with them in the death of their darling little three-year old daughter, which occurred on Monday night. The little one was an exceedingly bright and clever child, and greatly beloved.

Permanent Cure for Neuralgia

Experienced sufferers state that no remedy relieves neuralgia so quickly as a hot application of Polson's Nerviline, the strongest liniment made. Nerviline is certainly very penetrating and has a powerful influence over neuralgic pains, which it destroys almost at once. Nerviline is highly recommended for rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica and toothache. Better try a 25c. bottle, it's all right.

No Pills like Dr. Hamilton's.

A Vicious Dog

On Tuesday evening a little three year old boy—a nephew of Mr. T. M. Hunter of North Monaghan, was badly bitten by a dog belonging to his uncle. The child's face was terribly lacerated, the nose being almost torn off the child's face, and the head and neck badly bitten. The child was brought to town and had to be chloroformed while the injuries were dressed. The dog was at once shot.

Three Centuries of Plowing

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in this issue of the Wonder Plow Company, of London Ontario. We believe that nothing to equal it has ever been invented. As labor-saver it is a marvel, and no farmer should be without one. When the plow is adjusted there is no need of holding the plow handles. Read the advertisement, and write the company for prices.

A NORTH MONAGHAN WEDDING

Nuptials of Miss Ida Barnard and Mr. John W. Arthur

The Charlotte Street Methodist parsonage was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday evening, 9th instant, when Miss Ida Barnard, youngest daughter of Mr. Joseph Barnard, North Monaghan, was united in marriage to Mr. John W. Arthur, of Haldimand, the ceremony being performed by Rev. D. O. Crossley. The bride looked charming in a costume of a beautiful grey and was assisted by Miss Maggie Arthur sister of the groom, who was prettily gowned. The bride and the bridesmaid carried bouquets of white and pink carnations. The groom was assisted by his cousin, Mr. H. A. Sherwin. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to the residence of the bride's parents where they partook of a sumptuous wedding dinner, after which they left on the early morning train for Galt, Toronto and other western points, and on their return they will take up their residence at No. 146 Park street town. The bride was the recipient of a number of beautiful and costly presents, showing the high esteem in which the young couple were held. Among the presents was a handsome cheque from Mr and Mrs Samuel Ward, Birmington, England. The Times joins in extending its hearty congratulations.

A BURNING BLACKSMITH

Changed Food and Put Out the Fire

Even sturdy blacksmiths sometimes discover that, notwithstanding their daily exercise and resulting good health, if their food is not well selected trouble will follow, but in some cases a change of food to the right sort will quickly relieve the sufferer, for generally such active men have fine constitutions and can, with a little change of diet, easily rid themselves of the disease.

I. E. Overdorf, Vilas, Penn., a blacksmith, says, "Two months ago I got down so bad with stomach troubles that I had to quit my business. About ten o'clock each morning I was attacked by burning pains in the stomach, so bad I was unable to work.

Our groceryman insisted upon my changing breakfasts and using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food instead of the ordinary breakfast of meat, potatoes, etc., so I tried and at once began to mend. The new food agreed with my stomach perfectly and the pains all ceased. I kept getting better and better every day, and now I am able to follow my business better than before in years. I am a thousand times obliged to the makers of Grape-Nuts for the great benefits the food has given."

EAST PETERBOROUGH

Dr. Ford, the Conservative Candidate, is Holding Meetings

Mr. Anderson, the Liberal candidate in East Peterborough, has already held a number of meetings, all of which have been largely attended. Dr. Ford, his opponent, is now out with a list of meetings, as follows:

Wednesday, April 30th, at the hall, Stewart's, Otonabee, at 7.30 p.m.

Thursday, May 1st, at Forresters' hall, Zion, Otonabee, at 7.30 p.m.

Friday, March 2, at St. Joseph's hall, Douro, at 7.30.

Dr. Ford will address these meetings and will be accompanied by other speakers.

Revolution in Newfoundland

Since the introduction into Newfoundland of the new Inhaler Remedy "Catarrhozone," the treatment of catarrhal diseases has been entirely revolutionized. The old-time snuff and internal medicine has been cast aside, and everyone is inhaling Catarrhozone; it clears the head and throat in two minutes, and is very agreeable and pleasant to use. Catarrhozone is a wonderful cure for coughs, colds, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, lung troubles and deafness. It relieves quickly and cures permanently. We advise our readers to try Catarrhozone. Price $1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

OFF FOR THE WAR

Eight More Recruits Leave Last Night for South Africa

Last night eight more recruits left by C.P.R. for Halifax en route to South Africa. Their names are:

Walter Eastland.
Frank Plummer.
Walter Hodgson.
Wm. Hartley.
Bert Thompson.
R. H. W. Payne.
C. E. GOW.
Harold Scully.

They were given a hearty send-off.

MR. PLUMMER REMEMBERED

Is Presented With a Handsome Gold Watch and Chain

On Tuesday evening the workers in the wire department of the Canadian General Electric works met at Mr. Long's restaurant to pay farewell to Mr. F. Plummer, one of their fellow-employees. After an excellent supper, eulogistic and flattering addresses were delivered, and songs by Mr. Beyette and Mr. E. Pilling punctuated the speeches. Mr. Drew, foreman of the department, made an ideal chairman. The following address was read by A. Fife, and W. Pilling presented Mr. Plummer with a handsome gold watch suitably inscribed:

Mr. F. Plummer;

Dear Sir,—As you have joined the C. M.R., and intend leaving for South Africa to-morrow, we, your fellow-workers, have gathered here to-night to spend a social hour, as it will be the last opportunity we will have for some time. We hope you will have a safe journey, and return home again safe and sound, having upheld the record of the brave Canadians who have gone there before. As a slight token of our regard for you, we ask you to accept this watch, trusting that every time you look at it you will remember the many pleasant times we have spent together.

Signed by all the workers.

Mr. Plummer made a very suitable reply in which he thanked his friends for the honor done him. The gift would always be a reminder of his many friends in Peterborough.

Ashburnham Shade Trees

With commendable enterprise the Ashburnham Civic Association are arranging as they did last year, to furnish a limited number of trees for planting on the streets of the village. They will only be supplied on the understanding that the trees will be carefully planted and cared for. Any person desiring trees on these terms should notify Mr. A. Fitzgerald, or some other member of the committee on or before Monday, 28th inst. Arbour Day on which the trees will be delivered and planted, on Friday, May 2nd.

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 60,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals.
Ottawa, 15th April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN TOWN

THE TIMES BOOK-STORE
MARKET BLOCK.

NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE.

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end Our wall papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are unrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.35 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

ADVERTISE
—IN—
THE TIMES

Advertise

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

—IN—

THE TIMES

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day, — Much cooler, with strong westerly winds.

The storm which was in Iowa yesterday has moved northeast, and is now centred north of Lake Huron. Fresh southwesterly gales now prevail on Lake Erie and Ontario, and west and northwest gales on Huron and Superior. The temperature exceeded 80 degrees yesterday in many parts of Ontario. The weather continues cold in Manitoba and the Territories.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

YOU

Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. A call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor
356 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c

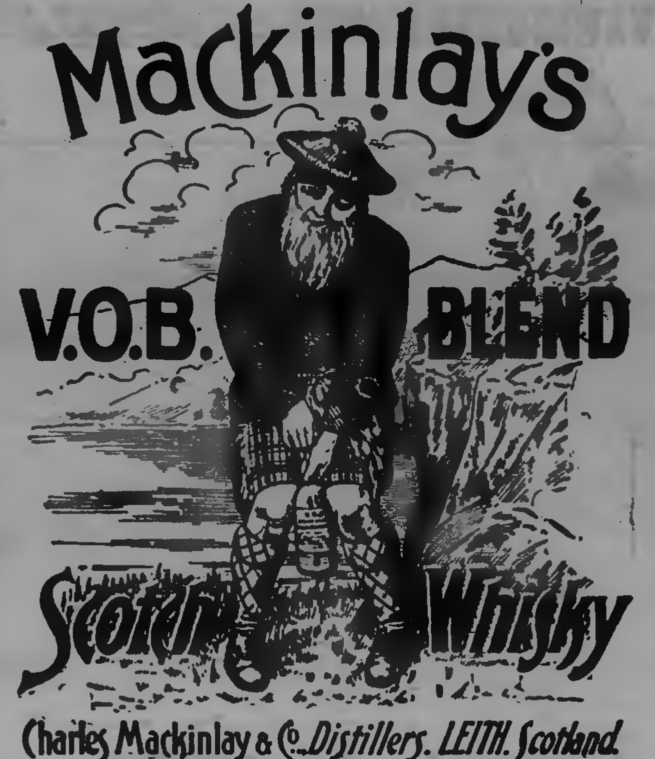
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Nurse's Good Words.—"I am a professional nurse," writes Mrs. Eisner, Halifax, N.S. "I was a great sufferer from rheumatism—almost constant association with best physicians I had every chance of a cure if it were in their power—but they failed. South American Rheumatic Cure was recommended—to-day my six years of pain seem as a dream. Two bottles cured me."—106



Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

WRITE FOR

FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE	AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,
10 King St. West
TORONTO, ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"
Muskoka Lakes District
CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above Sea

Most Charming Summer Resort Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICK MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 716 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $30 to $60 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying books. Munro & Co., Room 711, 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 35c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Master Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

Roofing.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack or get out of repair. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

THE TORONTO SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, payable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 2 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

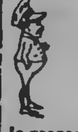
For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book Store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION, will be sold at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Suitable for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

G. H. NOBLE



P L U M B E R

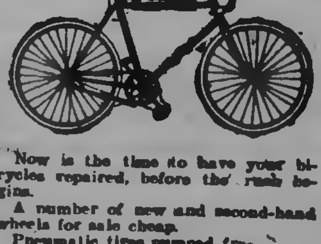
Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths, Water Closets, Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Bicycles Repaired.



Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

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—WANTED—

to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS INK, 10 Spruce St., New York

APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England

INCORPORATED TORONTO 1886. Sir J. A. Boyd, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
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Hand-Made Shoes,
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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 97 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY APRIL 25 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

SECRETARY REITZ ACTIVE BUT STILL RETICENT

Boers Leaders Keeping the Progress of Their Negotiations with Burghers Secret.

Special to The Times.

Balmoral, Transvaal, Wednesday April 23.—Secretary of State Reitz, of the Transvaal: Gen Lucas Meyer, Commander-in-Chief of the Orange Free State forces and other members of their party have concluded their conferences with the burghers composing General Meyer's command. Nothing has leaked out regarding the result. Secretary Reitz returned here yesterday evening and proceeded to Pietersburg to meet Commandant Beyers.

A GRIST OF NEWS FROM NEW YORK CITY

Anti-British Sentiment Strong In the Metropolis

THE IRISH AND THE BOER WAR

Interesting Budget of News from America's Commercial Centre

Special to The Times.

New York, April 24.—That there is a strong and growing anti-British feeling in this city is apparent. The attitude of the Irish societies in the Boer war, and later on the strong language used on the platform and in the press regarding the British camp at New Orleans, together with the hostility to England over Irish matters, makes it plain that England's enemies are numerous here. Since the talk of peace has begun, the hostility seems greatly on the increase.

REFUSED FIVE MILLIONS

The most historic church in New York City is St. Paul's Chapel. Here are contained pre-revolutionary relics and here hundreds of visitors go daily to sit in the pew which George Washington once occupied. The church stands almost in the heart of the business district on Lower Broadway. Now, it is said that a syndicate of capitalists have made an offer of $5,000,000 for the edifice and churchyard surrounding for the site of a great office building. The churchmen have refused the offer, greatly to the city's gain, for there are many sky-scrapers but only one St. Paul's Chapel. Most things have to give way to the advance of commerce and the demands of business, but St. Paul's with its historic record is too impressive a memorial to be allowed to disappear.

WILL BE CLOSED

The famous old Broadway Tabernacle, which business recently forced to sell, will not be finally closed tomorrow as originally intended. An agreement has been made to extend the beginning of the demolition until after the 28th, as Miss Ellen M. Stone will give a lecture there, telling the story of her capture by the Bulgarian brigands and treatment while in captivity. Dr. Jefferson, pastor of the Tabernacle, was at one time Miss Stone's pastor, and influential in raising a large part of her ransom, so it is only natural that the members of the Tabernacle should wish to hear her lecture in the church which did so much for her.

NO MORE POLICE PARADES

For years one of the spring features of this city has been the police parade. This May there will be none, and for once Police Commissioner Partridge has the unanimous support of the department in deciding this fact. The reasons given for doing away with the time honored show are that the concentration of 4,000 members of the force for several hours along the route of parade leaves the remainder of the city with insufficient protection; that business is interrupted along busy thoroughfares, that extra preparatory drills are required, which takes away much of the policeman's time at home and that as the parade follows closely upon Decoration Day in order to make use of the reviewing stand without additional expense, it is especially hard on the force whose duties are arduous on Decoration Day

ORGANIZED CHARITY

A movement which is considered the next legitimate step in the evolution of charity organization in this city is the effort now being made to establish an equitable standard of salaries for officials and employees engaged in philanthropic work. It is not so long since that the idea of a paid philanthropist was in itself repugnant. Little by little, however, this field of labor has been mapped out and the effort in it systematized. The old idea of doing good by stealth in seeking to uplift society at odd times and wholly on emotional impulses, has more and more given way to a clearer and broader perception of charity and its possibilities. The executive spirit has come to prevail.

Malt Breakfast Food

Is Their Favorite Dish

One of the strongest and most striking proofs of the popularity of Malt Breakfast Food is the fact that the Ralston Health Club members, numbering over ten millions in Canada and the United States, have made it their favorite breakfast dish.

This king of breakfast cereals possesses all the important virtues for the building of health and bodily strength.

It is partially cooked and predigested, therefore requires no digestive effort; it is readily assimilated and always retained on the most delicate stomach.

Malt Breakfast Food is generally recommended by our ablest physicians as the best diet for the strong and weak, for invalids and convalescents. One package makes from twenty-five to thirty meals. All grocers sell it.

BOGGS RELEASED TO-DAY

A Remarkable Criminal Who Gets His Freedom This Morning

Special to The Times.

Dover, Del., April 25.—William N. Boggs, formerly teller of the First National Bank of this city, and who, in 1898, was convicted of embezzling $167,000 of the funds of that institution, will be released from the Trenton Penitentiary to-day, and residents of Dover are awaiting with interest his return home. The sentence was for five years, but it was commuted to four by President Roosevelt.

Delaware never had a greater scandal than the one which grew out of the defalcations of young Boggs. It involved a United States Senator, Richard R. Kenney, who was twice placed on trial in the United States District Court, charged with improper use of the bank's money; a member of the Delaware State Legislature, Colonel Ezekiel Cooper, who died in prison while serving his sentence, and several other prominent citizens.

Next to Senator Kenney Boggs was the most conspicuous figure in the scandal. Without his aid the Government never could have unraveled the tangled books of the Dover bank. He was a wonder at figures. The fact that he stole more than the whole capital stock of the institution, in a very few years, right under the noses of the Directors and the National Bank Examiner, is proof of his ability. was regarded as one of the most remarkable young men in Delaware. His system of carrying along balances and deficits without ever getting into a tangle, his cool head and quick judgment under the most trying circumstances, and his unerring judgment of human nature were wonderful. Deserted by the men who had profited by his violations of the law and who had helped to place him in the position of a criminal, Boggs fled to South America, June 1, 1897. Then the great defalcation was discovered. A run was started on the bank, but the Richardsons, prominent in the canning industry here, put up money enough to make good the shortage. During of his enforced banishment, Boggs returned in the spring of 1898 and gave himself up to the Federal authorities. With the aid of Boggs the United States District Attorney began a vigorous prosecution of several of the most prominent citizens of the state. The two trials of Senator Kenney, then a member of the United States Senate, were full of sensations and dramatic incidents. Upon each trial the jury in the case of Senator Kenney disagreed.

During the imprisonment of Boggs his wife has resided in this city and most of her time has been devoted to efforts to bring about his release. It was she who visited the President and finally obtained a commutation of the sentence. Mrs. Boggs says that she and her husband have no definite plans for the future, but that there are several positions open to Boggs.

TO ERECT NEW PAPER MILLS

FINE LIMITS AND GOOD HARBOR FOR MILLS

The Atlantic Company Has Splendid Prospects of Success

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, proposes to establish mills for the manufacture of paper from pulp wood at New Richmond, in Quebec, on the Baie des Chaleurs.

The personnel of the corporation is a guarantee of good management, including as it does some of the most prominent business men in Canada. The President is W. C. Edwards, M. P., an experienced lumber king of the Ottawa Valley, and the Vice-President is Mr. R. Y. Ellis, well and favorably known in Toronto. One of the directors is R. H. Thompson, a paper merchant in Buffalo.

The management of the mills will be under the direction of Mr. W. M. McIntyre, lately mechanical superintendent of the Laurentide Pulp Company, whose knowledge will be a strength to the new concern.

The company intends to manufacture chiefly for the export trade, and is unusually well situated for the purpose. It has an ocean port for eight months right at its doors, and for the rest of the year can obtain access to the port of St. John at low rates. Its abundant wood supply is close at hand, the mills being built at the mouth of the little Cascapedia River, which flows through the limits; and the same river, with its clear and rocky bottom, provides a water supply suitable for making the finest grades of paper without filtering. Its stream has also, according to the test of experts, sufficient power to run mills of double the capacity to be built.

It is proposed to erect a paper mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons, a ground wood pulp mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and a sulphite pulp mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons. The wood used will be principally spruce, and it is believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than at any other place in America. The properties and limits acquired by the company contain about 302 square miles.

The company has reports on the property made by five different rangers, whose reports show that there is sufficient wood to afford a perpetual supply of timber. One of the rangers, who has travelled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, says it is the best pulp limit he has ever seen or travelled over.

The trade which the company is entering is a prosperous one. Prices rule high. The special advantages to the site at New Richmond guarantee a low cost of production. And there is every reason to anticipate good results. The preferred stock of the company is being sold by Messrs. Sutherland & Cameron, the Company's brokers, Ottawa.

The subscription books are now open and prospectuses, with full information and application forms, may be obtained from the office of Sutherland & Cameron, or the National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg.

TROOPS AT CORONATION

A Sample of the Empire's Troops to go to England in June

Special to The Times.

London, April 24.—Colonial troops to the number of 2,500 will visit London for the coronation, including Australians, Canadians, Cypriots, Dyaks, Malays, Maltese, and South Africans. Their accomodation is a matter of some concern to the authorities, as the barrack-room accomodation in London is barely sufficient for the number of home troops who will be drafted into the metropolis. Negotiations have been entered into with the idea of utilising the grounds of the Alexandra Palace at Muswell hill as as a camping ground.

WILL DIE TO-DAY

A Nebraska Murderer to go to the Scaffold This Morning

Special to The Times.

Lincoln, Nebraska, April 25.—This is the date set for the execution of William Rhea and unless the Governor exercises executive clemency the sentence will be carried out at the state penitentiary some time during the day. The case has attracted unusual attention from the fact that the sentence is the first under the new law, which provides that all legal executions in the state must take place within the walls of the state penitentiary in this city, instead of in the county jails as heretofore. Rhea was convicted of the murder of Herman Zahn, a saloon keeper, at Snyder, Neb., Jan. 4, 1891.

TEACHER MEET IN OTTAWA

Fifteen Hundred Yankee Teachers now at the Capital

Ottawa, Ont., April 24.—Fifteen hundred teachers took possession of Ottawa to-day and the city was patriotically decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the annual convention of the Northern Illinois Teachers' Association. The visitors were met at the trains by members of the reception committee, who escorted them to headquarters, where they were registered, provided with badges and assigned to homes. The convention will be formally opened this evening with a session in the assembly hall of the high school. An attractive program has been arranged for Friday and Saturday, including papers, addresses and discussions covering a wide range of subjects relating to educational work.

THE LAST DRAFT

Five Additional Men to Leave for South Africa

Recruiting has stopped, the full quota of men required for the contingents having been secured. The following are the names of those who make up the last squad from Peterborough.

J. S. Pogue.
R. Carter.
C. A. Pengelley.
W. C. Inkster.
D. Forsythe.

The men will probably not leave until to-morrow evening.

Heart That are Diseased

will never be cured by the false, unnatural stimulation of liquor. First increase your vitality, build up the system, strengthen and purify the blood—then the heart will respond and grow strong.

Ferrozone is precisely what to take, it gives you an appetite and a digestion that will look after everything that is eaten. Ferrozone improves nutrition, makes rich, vitalizing blood, and is positively the most powerful restorative and strengthener known to science; it improves the nerve tone, regulates the heart's action, makes the feeble strong and the sick well. Ferrozone will do you untold good and costs only 50c. at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills stimulate the liver.

Items of Interest

Port of Spain, Trinidad, April 24.—On Tuesday morning the Venezuelan Government troops, numbering 2,300 men, under General Ramon Castillo, attacked the revolutionists between San Antonio and Gunanaguana, distant about thirty leagues from Cumana, and situated in a mountainous district, well known to the revolutionists. General Castillo personally led the advance government guard, composed of veteran troops. One hour after the opening of the action General Castillo was wounded, and died later. Immediately after he was wounded all of the recently recruited Venezuelan soldiers disbanded, deserting in all directions. The Government officers tried to rally their troops, but their efforts were vain, and ended in a complete retreat of the Venezuelan soldiers. The whereabouts of Gen. Escalante, who was second in command of the Government army, was unknown when this despatch was forwarded. The situation in Venezuela is again critical.

A REMARKABLE FAMILY

Scarborough, April 25.—The funeral has taken place in Hutton Bushel Churchyard, near Scarborough, of Mrs. Ursula Lightfoot, the widow of a farmer of West Ayton, who was in her ninety-fourth year. The deceased lady had six daughters and three sons, seventy-nine grandchildren, seventy-three great-grandchildren, and two great-great-grandchildren, all of whom survive her. The ages of five members of her family totalled no fewer than 328 years.

POISONED ARROWS v. RIFLES

Gambaga, Feb. 24.—On March 4 a punitive expedition leaves Gambaga under the command of Lieut.-Colonel Morris, D.S.O., to operate against the Tianses, an important people inhabiting the country about five days' march to the north-west, who, though nominally under the British flag, was never brought to acknowledge our rule. On their part they boastfully state that they can put 4,000 fighting men into the field armed with guns and the far more deadly poisoned spear and arrow.

VETERAN YACHTMAN'S DEATH

London, April 25.—Captain Bradford, skipper of the famous old racing cutter-yacht Galatea, fell dead yesterday on the deck of the vessel in Dartmouth Harbor, where the Galatea has been laid up for many years past. He had not been ill previously. The Galatea raced for the America Cup in 1886, and was defeated by the Mayflower.

TO REVIVE BRITISH FENCING.

London, April 25.—To enable the English masters of fencing to meet the foreign professors on level ground, it is proposed to hold a competition amongst all the fencing masters of Great Britain, first of all counties, and then bringing these winners together in London and finding out who are the best four, then letting them meet the foreigners in friendly rivalry. The four, it is suggested, should also complete for the title of English champion. A committee is being formed to carry out this scheme.

TWO LIVES — 213 YEARS

London, April 24.—Mrs. Margaret Ann Campbell, one of London's few centenarians, has just died at Sandringham road, Dalston, where she had been living with one of her sister's grandsons.

The old lady was one of a family of ten, but all her brothers and sisters pre-deceased her by nearly half a century.

Married in 1819, she became a widow three years afterwards. She reached her hundredth birthday in August last.

Except that her eyesight partly failed about two years ago, she retained all her faculties to the last, and would talk freely of the many stirring times through out which she had passed.

At the wonderful age of 113 Mrs. Ellen Egan, a widow, of the parish of Ballintubber, Roscommon, has passed away.

A NOVEL DINING ROOM.

Paris, April 24.—Preparations for the voyage of the President of the Republic to Russia are actively proceeding at Brest. An immense diningroom which can be taken to pieces, is being constructed on the Montcalm, and will be put together before Kronstadt is reached, in which port the President will offer a grand luncheon to the Russian sovereigns.

So great is the number of French journalists who wish to accompany M. Loubet to Russia that the Cassini's hospital is being converted into a dormitory for the press men.

NOVELTY IN THE NAVY

London, April 24.—The destroyer Syren has been commissioned at Portsmouth to carry out a series of trials with a self-lubricating apparatus attached to her engines, the invention of Mr. Reed, of Palmer's, Jarrow. Oil from a reservior under the engine room is automatically pumped into the bearings, thus entering avoiding hand lubrication.

FIVE HUNDRED WITHOUT HOMES

Clarion, Pa., April 25.—The fire at Marienville, Forest County, yesterday raged until late last night, consuming 150 buildings and entailing a loss of nearly $300,000, with not over $75,000 insurance. About one-half of the town is in ashes and five hundred people are homeless. The flames spread from the town to a lumber yard, and from there to the woods, and burned for two miles up the railroad. About onehalf mile of track of the Bradford, Bordell & Kinzua Railroad was burned, including eight cars. S. L. Pickens, editor of the Marienville Express, was severely burned about the face, while several others were injured. John Johnson, a tailor, is missing, and it is supposed he was burned in his tailor shop. Among the buildings destroyed were the post office, opera house, three hotels, Marienville Express and Presbyterian church. The only business houses standing in the town are the buildings in which are located the Gold Standard Bank, one store, one hotel, and one restaurant.

COL. IRVING TO COMMAND

Ottawa, April 25.—It is believed that Col. Irving, of Halifax, will be given command of the fifth regiment of the fourth contingent.

Orders went out yesterday to cease recruiting in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces last night. The total number, enrolled in these provinces is over 1,400, which will be sufficient to form three regiments. About 600 men now remain to be enrolled in the west, where recruiting will begin to-day.

BOYS LONGED FOR FATHER.

Buffalo, April 25.—Leroy and Edward Kaegle, both under 12 years of age, whose home is in Buffalo, escaped from the Susquehanna Valley Orphan Home in Binghampton to come to Buffalo to see their father. The boys were sent there when their mother died. They longed for sight of their father's face, and after their escape they started for Buffalo. Edward injured himself, and when they arrived at Corning they were taken in charge by the authorities, and Edward was sent to a hospital. He escaped from there, and is believed to be on his way to Buffalo.

CARRUTHERS ON DUTY.

Ottawa, April 25.—A cablegram received to-day from Cape Town by his Excellency the Governor-General announces that Lieut. Bruce Carruthers is doing duty with his regiment at Klerksdorp.

THE COSSACKS ARE SLANDERED

London, April 25.—Charlemagne Tower, the United States Ambassador to Russia, has arrived in London on his way to the United States. He will sail for New York May 3, will go to Washington to see President Roosevelt and will return to St. Petersburg after a short stay in Philadelphia, Mr. Tower said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"I cannot discuss the reports of disturbances in Russia and the changes of ministry. However, you can say this that the reports reaching England are generally much garbled and exaggerated.

"One reads here of savage charges of Cossacks upon unprotected mobs, on whom they inflict knoutings and other hardships. How mistaken is that impression I know from personal experience. A short time ago I accidentally got in a crowd on whom Cossacks charged. They came riding down, not very fast, with swords not drawn and with only small riding whips in their hands and shouting: "Please pass on." I saw not a single trace of brutality. No one was hurt. In our country, I have seen police who had not the same consideration for an excited crowd as had these Cossacks."

RUSSIA AND BRITAIN MAY COME TO BLOWS

The Advance of Russia in the East Must be Checked Immediately.

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Mail says.—As there are no absolutely unofficial papers in Russia—for the simple reason that a paper which does not voice the ideas of the Government is not permitted to exist—serious attention is being paid in Paris and London to an elaborate article on Russo-British relations which recently appeared in the Novosti of St. Petersburg. It begins by boldly declaring that it would be permissible for Russia to destroy the independence of Afghanistan and Baluchistan in order to open her way to the Indian Ocean. Russia, it says, has the same rights in the south that Japan and England have prevented her from gaining in the west. And the Novosti continues

"A nest of brigands such as Afghanistan ought not to be suffered to prevent Russia from penetrating to the Indian Ocean, and from becoming India's immediate neighbor. At any rate, the Afghans are not to be feared, for if the English have been able on several occasions to take Kabul, only a few regiments of Cossacks would be needed to conquer Afghanistan and Baluchistan. Russia, indeed, has already done much to live at peace with Great Britain, and English publicists have also been known to advocate an understanding between the two Governments, but the historic prejudices, jealousies and traditional hatreds have always ended by overriding the counsels of reason, and, instead of trying to reconcile their interests and to carry out in common accord their work of civilization in Asia, England and Russia have unceasingly manifested one toward the other their sentiments of distrust, rivalry and honesty. Even in Europe Russia sees the exit by the Black Sea closed to her ships of war by England, a matter which is at once inconvenient and humiliating to her.

"Now, therefore, that she has protected herself by her agreement with France from all possible action on the part of England and Japan in the Far East, Russia ought to consider the question of an outlet in the Indian Ocean for the products of Central Asia, and to convert it into a civilized region. This will be impossible as long as the shores of the Indian Ocean are closed to Russia by the savage Afghans, for the Siberian Railway and the Chinese ports held by her are not sufficient for the attainment of this end, since it would always be possible for others to close those ports."

TO EXPEL ALL RUSSIANS FROM FRENCH DOMAINS

Czar's Government Trying to Induce France to Authorize Expulsion

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Times correspondent at Paris says that certain Russians now in France are likely to be expelled, as the Russian Government is evidently trying to induce France to authorize their expulsion. It is feared that Paris contains a group of agitators in close relations with the Nihilists, who were aware of the recent assassinations. The police made a domiciliary visit to fifteen Russian refugees in Paris and seized an incriminating letter. The correspondent infers that since the Franco-Russian alliance France will no longer harbor suspects

THE UNITED STATES TO ANNEX ENGLAND

The Idea is Taken Seriously by Many American Newspapers

UNCLE SAM HAS THE BIG HEAD.

A Disease That May Yet Get Him Into Serious Trouble

Milwaukee, Wis., April 25.—The Tribune says,—Here's greeting to, say, half a dozen new states which are soon according to the prediction of a man eminent in practical affairs, to seek admission to the American union. These states are not inhabited by primitive savages or dirty half-castes, but by a highly organized, cultivated and wealthy people, speaking the English language and familiar with representative institutions.

The states will be carved out of the British Isles. Ireland will comprise one, Scotland another, Wales another, and England perhaps three. Andrew Carnegie is the seer who foretells this momentous merger. He avers in an interview commenting upon Cecil Rhodes' will, that there is no other destiny possible for the United Kingdom.

The idea of a union of the two countries was unquestionably working in Cecil Rhodes' large brain, but his notion was manifestly an alliance, with Great Britain as the paramount factor. Mr. Carnegie, more familiar with the potencies of our vaster area and resources, believes that the republic will be magnet that will draw the empire to its embraces. With his shrewd practical eye he can perceive the straits to which England is put to carry on the war in South Africa, and to realize its full significance. If 200,000 people, cooped up on the African continent, destitute of a single seaport, can drive Great Britain to taxing the food her people eat, what visions of her vulnerability may the imagination not conjure up As the result of a European coalition against her?

Since "The Battle of Dorking" there have been a number of fanciful speculations as to the manner in which the ruin of the British empire was to come about but none dreamed that the hardest blow she has received in more than half a century would come from such a (comparatively feeble folk as the Boers. The history of the past three years cannot fail to leave its deep impress upon the English mind and heart. It reveals to the Britons, and to us of America, as well, that the uncertainty of human life involves nations as well as individuals, and the importance of the union of kindred races.

If such a union as Mr. Rhodes dimly foresaw and as Mr. Carneige predicts ever come about, the United States must necessarily be the paramount factor, since we surpass all the other English-speaking countries in population, wealth, resources and the elements of power. Our constitution is elastic enough to stretch over outlying territory, it can enfold in the American flag the historic isles from whence our ancestors and our language and many of our institutions sprung, more easily than it can absorb more distant isles sheltering alien races. Our British cousins will be welcome whenever they get ready to knock for admission.

"PAINE'S"

THE GREAT DELIVERER FROM DISEASE AND SUFFERING

Paine's Celery Compound

Full of Life-Giving Power and Virtue Is The Prescription of a Great Physician

It Has No Equal As A Spring Medicine

It should be well-understood by the ailing, physically brokendown and diseased that the ordinary advertised nervines, sarsaparillas, tonics and pills have never accomplished the glorious life-saving work in springtime that has marked the history of that health-giver, Paine's Celery Compound, which has cured such desperate cases of kidney disease, liver complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia and blood diseases.

Paine's Celery Compound is the discovery of one of the ablest physicians that ever lived, and one of the strongest proofs of its worth and value is the fact that able practitioners prescribe and recommend it daily.

It is this Paine's Celery Compound dear sufferer, the great nerve feeder, the marvellous system cleanser and digestive regulator, that we now strongly urge you to make use of at this season if you lack the strength of true manhood or womanhood. The young and old, the rich and poor extol its wondrous effects. Try its curative virtues without delay if you would be free from your ailments and enjoy life. A bottle or two used just now will cause you to bless heaven that such a life-giver was placed before suffering humanity.

A Presentation

On Tuesday evening last the employees of the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co. assembled in the foundry to say farewell to their fellow-employee, Private J. S. Pogue, who had joined the South African contingent which leaves to-night for Halifax. The affair was of a purely informal character, the presentation being made by the "oldest man in the shop." Short speeches were made by several present.

Private Pogue, although taken completely by surprise, expressed his heartfelt gratitude for the generous gift. He would always cherish an affection for his friends in Peterborough.

Mr. Pogue is a young man much thought of and is very popular with all who know him. He carries with him the hearty good wishes of all his fellow-workmen.

A Capital Cure for Sore Throat

Is to use as a gargle a few drops of Polson's Nerviline in sweetened water, and before retiring rub the throat and chest vigorously with Nerviline. By morning the soreness and inflammation will have disappeared entirely. Nerviline drives away the pain and cures sore throat and hoarseness quickly, simply because that's what it's made for. Buy a 25c. bottle from your druggist to-day.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills stimulate the liver.

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—
SHIRTS
For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at .... .44c each

2nd—
READY-MADE SUITS
In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44.
Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—
TIES
In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods is 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for .... 21c each

4th—
BOOTS
Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for.......$1.28 per pair

5th—
SUITS TO ORDER
We have about 25 suit lengths of Fancy Imported Worsted, all shades and patterns, made under personal supervision of our skilful cutter, MR. DUNCAN CAMERON. Every garment sewn with silk and stayed with linen. Would be cheap at $16.50. We will take your order all this week at ....$13.75 each

ASK FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES AND BE CONVINCED.

GOUGH BROS.
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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $1 per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 25, 1902.

POPULARIZE TARGET PRACTICE

Col. Hughes and Hon. Dr. Borden agree on the high value of target shooting as a method of getting non-military people prepared to defend themselves against invasion. It would be difficult, with the Boer war in progress, to find anyone with another opinion. A people who know how to handle the modern rifle and the trenching spade, need fear little from a hostile force.

The trouble seems to be to get our people practising. The Boer was compelled by the conditions of his life to be a good marksman; but some peaceful Canadians have more use for skill with the cultivator or the telephone. We mount electric cars when the Boer swings himself into the saddle, and most of us have more practice in talking than stalking.

Still we must shoot straight and take cover quickly if we are to relieve ourselves of the necessity of supporting a standing army. And this only comes by use. If invasion threatened, our people would patriotically take up the duty of drill and rifle practice with great enthusiasm; but our very security keeps them from turning aside from the absorbing occupation of money-getting.

The one chance for general rifle practice amongst us, the conditions being what they are, is to get it regarded as a popular amusement. Col. Hughes is right in wanting to catch the riflemen young. If we can encourage all our young fellows into going to the rifle ranges as they now flock to the grand-stand of a football or baseball ground, the problem will be solved. For it is a fascinating sport, and one which can be continued well up to the borderland of old age.

The Government should do what it can to popularize target-practice by providing good ranges, easy of access, and putting it within the reach of every young man to get the use of a first class rifle and plenty of ammunition. If rifle clubs filled the land an invader would never think of entering it.

◆

Humor of the Hour.

When Tillie used to cross my path,
Afoot, or riding on a wheel,
Her passing by an aftermath,
A breath of violets, would reveal.

But in her auto. she, to-night,
So fast that it could not be seen,
Rushed by me; and though failed my sight,
I knew she passed—by gasolene.
—Life.

◆◆◆

"Wealthy, is he? Why, the last time I saw him he had trouble keeping the wolf from the door."

"Well, now he has trouble keeping his poor relations from the porte cochere."—Catholic Standard and Times.

◆◆◆

A train the other day near Waterbury, Conn., ran into and killed what all the trainmen knew was a young deer. So elated were they that they joined in a feast over the animal, at which the beautiful white pelt of the quadruped was nailed up on the wall as a trophy. Then a farmer named Hogan reported the loss of a prize white calf.

◆◆◆

A bore who asked: "Isn't it cold?"
Was finally shot,
And now he's exclaiming, we're told,
"Whew! Isn't it hot!"—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"I should like to ask you, Mr. Reiter, as a successful literary man, what is an author's hardest struggle?"

"Staying successful, young man."—Indianapolis News.

◆◆◆

"I suppose," said the physician, smiling and trying to appear witty, while feeling the pulse of a lady patient, "I suppose you consider me an old humbug?"

"Why, docto.," replied the lady, "I had no idea you could ascertain a woman's thoughts by merely feeling her pulse."—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Housekeep—You needn't deny it, Delia! I saw you permit that policeman to kiss you last night.

Delia—Av coorse, ma'am. Shure, ye wouldn't have me resist an officer, would ye?—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

Ascum—You don't care much for society, do you?

Cobbe—No. Society is nothing but a [illegible] where every nobody is [illegible] to try to be somebody.—Philadelphia Press.

UNCONSCIOUS INFLUENCE.

SERMON BY
REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

For none of us liveth to himself, and no man dieth to himself.—Romans, xiv., 7.

Somebody has said that thoughts are things. The phrase is unfortunate, because it is misleading and inaccurate. This world is made up of things and forces. Thoughts are more subtle than mere things and far more potential. They are forces which change a man's life for better or for worse.

If you apply the principles of wireless telegraphy to spiritual concerns you will see the full scope of my statement. We may safely do this, for there is a spiritual law running parallel to every physical law, and no man can discover a physical law without suggesting a corresponding spiritual law. In this way all thinkers stand shoulder to shoulder, lifting the world out of the old into the new.

The wireless telegrapher tells us that a word or its equivalent creates a vibration of the air, as a pebble creates a ripple in the pond, and this vibration speeds on its way to the destined terminus, however distant, and there makes itself known and felt. We are living in an age of miracles, or, in other words, an age of discovery, and this is one of the startling results.

In like manner a word of scorn or of praise hurled into the spiritual universe from a heart that hates or loves becomes a living force, not lost in the general confusion as a single note is lost in the multitude of sounds, but going straight to the man or woman against whom or in favor of whom it was directed. That other heart at the further end of the line, perhaps half broken by remorse or timidly hoping for better days, is the receiving station of this wireless telegraphy. Your thought, critical or gentle, strikes that other heart with an impact which either hurts or helps. You may not know that your thought has taken its flight, that other person may not know whence it comes, but all the same he is uplifted or oppressed by it.

This may seem strange and even incredible, but while it is to-day a possible fact, it may to-morrow become a demonstrated truth, and the next day it may change the whole outlook of the spiritual world. It has the appearance of a miracle, but profounder knowledge always seems miraculous, while in reality we only climb from the lower to the higher realm of law, see further and understand God better.

A spoken thought is even now recognized as a force when speaker and hearer are within earshot of each other. An oath, a compliment, a bit of vocal flattery go through the ear to the heart and kindle a flame of resentment or of happiness. What you say becomes part of another man's life and excites passion or stimulates friendship. Why may there not be a quicker transit than the slow and dull ear affords? Why may not the time come when we can convey our thoughts without the coarse medium of words? There are no words between us and heaven. A prayer is longing of the soul, "uttered or unexpressed." God speaks to hearts. The impression is instantaneous, as when the sun makes its mark on the photographer's plate. There are "unseen beings who walk the earth both when we wake and when we sleep," but they use no words. They make us feel their presence, and we are as sure that they are close by as though we heard a trumpet call. What they would say steals into the heart, for our poor ears cannot catch it. We hear nothing, but we know that they are giving us a helping hand. Is there any language in heaven except that of thoughts?

When the world grows older why may we not speak to each other without this cumbersome factor of spoken words? Progress is indefinite and infinite, and we are moving in that direction. We catch glimpses of the possible already. A look, a pressure of the hand, and contempt or sympathy is complete. Enlarge the circumference and you have a new truth. No one needed to tell the Christ what he thought. He read the heart as an open book. He looked at a man and the man's story was already told. Lips had nothing to do with it. The Master felt the woes and shared the joys of humanity. A subtler language than we can use was at His command.

A thought is the wireless message of soul to soul. Your neighbor's welfare is affected by your kind or unkind criticism of him. When we deal with subtle and far-reaching forces of this kind, then religion, which enjoins charity, is brought to the forefront as the most important factor in human life. If you would be at your best you must love your neighbor, for your thought of him will either lift him up or trip him to a fall. The whole trend and swing of the universe bid a man be honest, just and gentle, for we are so bound together that nobility in one kindles nobility in all, and one man's hurt is an injury to all. Since we are marching, one great company, from time to eternity, let us go as brothers, with a kindly word and a helping hand whenever opportunity offers.

Rough Riders attach much value to their Colonel's good word. Perhaps, however, it never proved more useful to any of them than it did to the man who recently wrote to thank President Roosevelt for a testimonial of good conduct, sent at the former's request. After expressing his thanks he explained the "little difficulty" in which he had found himself as follows:

"I shot a lady in the eye. The lady died. I did not mean to shoot the lady. I was shooting at my wife."—New York Times.

Struggles of a Newspaper.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives the following interesting sketch of the ups and downs of The London Daily News, which is being run under its new proprietors without the usual betting column, and which will also refuse to report all sports other than those of a clean and healthy character:—

"Mr. Cadbury's programme for his new 'Daily News' has reminded me of the introductory article of that journal's first editor, which appeared in its first number on Wednesday, January 21, 1846. "We seek at once," Dickens wrote, 'to preserve our own self-respect, and to be respected, for ourselves, and for it, by our readers.' Interesting, too, is the list of original proprietors of the 'D.N.' It comprised Bradbury & Evans, Sir William Jackson, Sir Joshua Walmsley, and Sir Joseph Paxton. They had at their back a capital of £100,000, paid up and underwritten. They were to pay Dickens £2,000 a year, and the salaries of the staff were liberal in proportion.

"Many, too, were the earlier occupants of the editorial chair. After Dickens, who sat there for seventeen days, came Forster, Eyre Evans Crowe, Knight Hunt, William Weir, Thomas Walker, F. H. Hill, H. W. Lucy. Mr. Lucy's first year of office was his last. The names of those who have succeeded him are more familiar."

Best Breed of Fowls.

There is no best breed of fowls. That claim is chiefly made by sellers and secretaries of specialty clubs for every breed that exists. "Best on earth" blasts can always be found in a certain class of poultry journals. Then there are honest but mistaken opinions expressed by those who, having kept one breed under conditions unfitting that breed, have discarded it and substituted another breed for which the conditions were fitting, and, consequently, better results were obtained. Strains vary much; individuals vary more than any intrinsic differences between breeds.

Some breeders have bred and selected their birds of one breed for many years, with due regard to utility; other breeders have bred and selected the same breed for many years with no regard to anything save feathers, markings, combs and color of shanks and eyes.

To a certain small extent housing must be different for different breeds. For small, lean, active, lightly-feathered birds the houses need to be somewhat warmer in winter than is necessary for large, phlegmatic, heavily-feathered birds.

To a somewhat greater extent, freedom to forage must be greater for one breed than is necessary for another. The small, nervous, active birds do not thrive well under close confinement, and generally the possibility of thrift under confinement is directly proportional to the size of the breed.

It must be admitted that birds, even of largest breeds, that have been reared in freedom will not do well in close confinement; also that fertility of eggs for any breed largely depends on fresh air and exercise in fresh air.

But it is in feeding that the greatest changes are required. All fowls should be compelled to make full use of any foraging opportunities. The full day's rations for fowls of one size and equal activity need to be, in amount and proportion of nutriments, such as fit the climatic conditions of the time or place. And the amount of total food, proportions of proteins, carbon-hydrates and fats must be different for birds of other sizes and degrees of activity.

Young Canada Grain Culture.

The last annual report of the Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion is remarkably interesting reading generally, but more especially where it refers to the progress that is being made by young Canadians along the lines of practical grain culture. With a view to stimulating increased interest in the growing and systematic selection of seed grain, a competition among boys and girls living on Canadian farms was started in the spring of 1900. To encourage them in this work, Sir William C. Macdonald of Montreal donated the sum of $10,000 to be given in cash prizes, according to plans which were arranged by Professor Robinson. These prizes are distributed under the supervision of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

The competitors in the seed grain competition are growing seed grain on specially prepared plots of land, one-quarter of an acre in each plot, selecting seed each year from these plots to sow on the plot for the succeeding year. They gather large, well-filled heads from vigorous plants before the grain is cut and after all the conditions of growth have been observed, and then thresh these heads. By screening and hand-picking the large, well-developed grain, from these selected heads, the seed for next year's seed-grain plot is secured. This means and manner of selecting seed has now been conducted for two years on over eight hundred Canadian farms, which are fairly well distributed throughout the Dominion.

The expressions of appreciation which have been received from the parents and teachers of many of the boys and girls who have undertaken the work of managing a seed grain plot have been most gratifying. The nature study connected with the selection of seed-grain, according to the system followed, is as helpful as it is interesting. There can be no doubt, as Professor Robertson has stated elsewhere, that a systematic continued selection of seed-grain from the most vigorous and productive plants in the plots will lead to great improvement in the crops throughout the whole of the country. The educational influence of the seed-grain competition is exerting a wholesome effect upon boys and girls whose school years are nearly ended, and who may never again be offered an inducement sufficient to awaken and to develop a liking for a careful and educational study of nature and nature's methods. This "Progressive agriculture" branch of the Macdonald Manual Training fund is growing in influence and usefulness; and there is good reason to anticipate with confidence that it will prove of perpetual advantage to Canada, not only through the improvement of seed-grain, but also through the increased intelligence and enlarged abilities of the boys and girls who have taken part in the competitions.

Doubtless She Was.

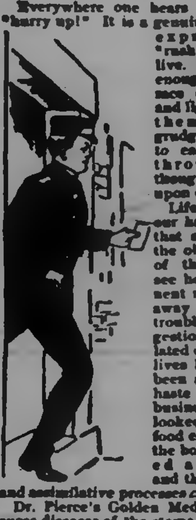
Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop?

Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

Bargains.

When woman gets into politics
[illegible] will just be great,
For [illegible] votes will be marked down
[illegible]

HURRY UP!



Everywhere one hears that expression "hurry up!" It is a genuine Americanism expressive of the "rush" in which we live. Nothing is swift enough for us. We race against steam and lightning and find them slow. We grudge the time given to eating, and rush through meals as though life depended upon our haste.

Life does depend on our haste, but not in that sense. Look at the obituary columns of the papers and see how many prominent men are carried away by "stomach trouble," "acute indigestion" and other related diseases. Their lives have in general been sacrificed to the haste and rush of business which overlooked the fact that food can only nourish the body when digested and assimilated and that the digestive and assimilative processes *can't be hurried.*

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, cures diseases of the stomach and the associated organs of digestion and nutrition. The source of all physical strength is food, properly digested and perfectly assimilated. By enabling the perfect digestion and assimilation of food "Golden Medical Discovery" increases and enriches the blood supply and sends new strength to every organ of the body.

"I was at one time as I thought almost at death's door," writes Mr. J. B. Bell, of Leando, Van Buren Co., Iowa. "I was confined to my house and part of the time to my bed. I had taken quantities of medicines but they only seemed to feed the disease; but I must say that 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured me, and to-day I am stouter than I have been for twenty years. I am now forty-three years old."

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser sent *free* to you on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only.* Send fifty one-cent stamps for cloth bound book, or thirty one stamps for paper covered, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

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GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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These days, when the ground in the henyards is too often deep with mud, is almost as likely to cause roup or other disease in the fowl as any season of the year, especially if accompanied with cold winds or a little rain. It is better in such weather to keep the hens in the house most of the time, as the floor in that and the scratching shed should be dry and well covered with a litter of dry chopped straw. Open doors and windows to give them pure air, but keep them out of the mud.

Sunflower Seeds for the Layers.

Dried sunflower seeds are egg-producing, and can be fed sparingly in place of meat scraps, as they contain a goodly supply of oil. The sunflower heads are a fine thing for fowls to peck at on a cold winter's day, to extricate the seeds. Thus they get exercise that gives warmth and health.

When one has spare ground near the hennery it is a good plan to plant a plot of sunflowers for the fowls to work at during the fall. It will keep them out of mischief elsewhere. We break down several heads each day for the layers to eat.

These seeds give the fowls a glossy coat, a red comb, activity, and a generous supply of eggs.—E.L.M.

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OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
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New York's Fussy Society.

"ALLOWING for a certain difference in the degree of barbarism," says Sydney Brooks in "Harper's Magazine," "Rome in its decline could alone furnish a parallel to New York's Four Hundred. The American aristocracy has no equal in Europe for ability to turn the simplest sort of diversion into a function, and every function into a ceremony. It is not of them I write, though their passion for incongruous artificialities and the glare in which they live have infected all strata. An exasperated Englishman once described the social atmosphere of Manhattan Island as 'rather fussy,' but that was only in comparison with the English way of doing things. The charm of London hospitality is that there is never the slightest strain put upon either host or guest. The American hostess, like the French hostess, feels that she must be continually 'entertaining' her guest; she considers it a reflection on her hospitality if the guest is left a moment alone; she looks upon it as her duty to be continually providing fresh amusements, and is constantly troubled by doubts as to whether the visitor is really 'enjoying' himself. That is one of the reasons why Americans, after the pampering they get at home, are apt to feel themselves neglected in London, and left out in the cold."

Feeding Incubator Chicks.

The Country Gentleman gives the following various methods of feeding incubator chicks, which have met with success:—

1. No food is to be given in any case till the chicks are 24 hours old. For the first meal boil some eggs at least twenty minutes. Clear eggs from the incubator will do. Mash these eggs very fine and mix egg, shell and all with bread crumbs equal parts, and feed a little of this for the first day. For the rest of the first week give them for morning meal some small oatmeal; after that some small cracked wheat, one meal a day of the egg and bread-crumbs, the rest of the ration for the first week to be the very small crushed oats and wheat. From that time feed once a day a mash feed composed of one-third each of bran, cornmeal and ground oats, with a little meat in it. As the chicks grow older add a little more meat each week, and do not forget a little bone meal at all times in the mash, just a little for each chick. Let the rest of their ration be broken corn, wheat and a little millet seed; if some oatmeal so much the better, but above all things compel them to hunt and dig in chaff and sand for all the grain food.

2. For the first two days rolled oats every two hours, or as often as the chicks are hungry; then for two days one feed per day of mash made from any good chick meal; mix in the mash some fine chick grit. After four days old, one feed of the mash per day, the rest of their food broken wheat and corn, some little millet seed, small rolled oats and plenty of green food. This is quite simple, but gives good results.

3. To push for quick growth in the shortest time, their first meal should be small broken or rolled oats, thrown into or upon sharp, bright sand. This is continued till the chicks are one week old. From the time they have their first feed of rolled oats the broiler chick should be fed every two hours till it goes to the market at eight or ten weeks old. For the first week give them every two hours a small feed of rolled oats, small cracked wheat and a little millet seed—never more than one-fifth of their food to be millet. At all times furnish some kind of green or vegetable food, and for the first three weeks have the wheat, oats and corn quite small for them. From now till finished for the market feed every two hours as much as they will eat. Give one good feed a day of the mash, and throw all the grain food into the chaff for them to hunt for.

The mash food should be composed of equal parts of wheat, bran, ground oats and cornmeal, with a little meat scrap and bone meal in it. As the chicks grow older increase the meat supply in the mash and feed the wheat whole, and the broken corn can be a little larger. Give plenty of green food and vegetables cut fine, no clover meal for broiler chicks, and be sure that the meat scrap is nice and sweet, or it will taint the delicate flavor of the broiler. When fed so strongly, they must have plenty of exercise and fresh air, also all the water they wish and plenty of grit. Hot milk is the best for mixing the mash. At all times, as soon as they are old enough, make the young chicks hunt and dig in the chaff and sand for their grain food. Some kinds of chicks will not stand such strong feeding. It turns them on their backs and they die. Experiment a little, and keep close watch on them from day to day.

4. First day hard boiled eggs and bread crumbs, as in No. 1. For the rest of the first week, baked bread made of corn meal, bran, middlings and a little cheap flour—this to be mixed with three or four clear eggs from the incubator and some milk. Bake as you do corn bread, crumble fine and feed to the chicks alternately with small oatmeal and broken wheat. As the chicks grow older feed broken corn, whole wheat and millet seed; throw this into the chaff for them to dig for. After two weeks old use the bread mixture for a mash food for once a day, and add to it some good sweet meat scraps.

We trust that the above may help in the rearing of young chicks. At all times a little green cut bone is good for the growing chick. Plenty of green food cut fine is absolutely necessary; so is plenty of grit, water, exercise and fresh air, and above all things brooders, brooder houses, floors, water vessels and feed troughs must be absolutely clean. Keep the floor of the runway clean, and it must be free from dampness. We rather prefer ground oats in the mash to clover meal. The chicks like it better, and it furnishes the roughage or husks in a better form for the chick.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Wilful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

this case if your suspicions are indeed well founded," he said, slowly, "for her father was, in my earlier life, my best friend, and a more honest man the sun never shone on. Why, I could almost as soon think of suspecting my own fair young daughter of taking Mrs. Dillingham's diamonds, as to suspect her!"

At that moment a carriage drove up to the chief's office in all haste, and Alexander Hamilton sprang out.

The chief and Mr. Lane exchanged strange glances when his card was sent in. He was accorded an interview at once.

"I will state briefly as I can the object of my visit," said Mr. Hamilton, unfastening a handsome stud from his bosom and placing it upon the desk.

"I called at a leading jewelry store with a gentleman friend to look at studs. My friend remarked casually that he wished to purchase one exactly like mine if he could. As it happened, I had purchased mine there.

"The jeweler looked at it steadily a moment; then requested me to let him examine it. I did so.

"'There has been a terrible fraud perpetrated here, Mr. Hamilton,' he said excitedly. 'This is not the gem I sold you! This is a clever paste put in that same setting.'

"You can imagine, my dear sir, my intense amazement upon hearing that.

"Now, I come to you to see if you can trace my lost diamond."

"Have you spoken to anyone concerning the matter?" asked the chief.

"No," said Aleck. "Not even to my wife. I did not want to distress her."

"That is right," returned the chief; "do not speak of it—not even to her just now. If I should summon you hastily, come quickly."

Those words and the strange look that accompanied them, haunted Aleck for hours afterward.

CHAPTER XXI.

"The Curse That Hangs on Your Proud Head."

Three weeks had passed since the eventful night of the ball — weeks fraught with the keenest pain to Daisy for the French count was a daily caller at the beautiful villa where they were now located, and he made no secret of the fact that Olive Gordon was the magnet that drew him thither.

It was torture to Daisy, and all the more bitter because Olive was learning to care for the fellow.

"It must not be," she moaned, "and yet, how dare I tell her all? It would wreck my life, and lose me Aleck's love forever."

Either Olive or herself must be sacrificed— which was it to be? Only heaven could have foretold.

The count had been most pressing in his demands for money, too. She had exhausted every available means of obtaining it, and he was driving her to madness.

One evening a note was slipped into her hand, which culminated all her woes.

"My Dear Madame"— it ran — "I have done myself the honor today of proposing for mademoiselle's hand. She reserves her decision in order to consult with you. You dare not refuse to aid me. She must be mine."

She had scarcely finished reading the note when she heard a light tap at the door, and had barely time to crush it into her bosom ere Olive entered.

"Oh, Daisy!" she cried, fluttering to the room and flinging herself breathlessly down on the velvet hassock at her sister's feet, "guess the great news! No, I shall not tease you by making you guess. I will tell you. The count has proposed at last! Just think of it—I am to be a countess! I haven't accepted him yet, but of course I will.

"He has been telling me of his vast possessions, and, Daisy, I will be so rich and grand —and what is best of all—I—I care for him."

No answer fell from Daisy's white lips. Ah, how cruel of heaven to send this double punishment upon her.

"You do not congratulate me," pouted Olive. "Say, something, Daisy. There is a look on your face which puzzles me."

Daisy slipped on her knees at her sister's feet wringing her white hands and sobbing bitterly.

"I cannot bear the thought of you marrying the count, Olive," she gasped. "You must not— I do not like him— indeed I do not."

"I like him," flashed Olive, "and after all I am the one to be suited in an affair of this kind."

"If he were a poor adventurer — a man with neither money, position, nor brains, would you like him?" she asked, piteously.

"Of course not," assented Olive; but what's the use of talking like that? his wealth is enormous, and as for brains —he has any amount of it, and his position is assured. I am determined to marry the count within the coming month. It will be sudden, of course, but he declares he cannot bear the thought of going back to Europe without me."

A month — a long month — what might not happen in that time!

She could surely devise some means of saving her sister from rushing headlong into the pit that had been dug for her unwary feet.

Long after midnight Daisy pondered over the matter. If she were to save Olive, it meant ruin and disgrace for herself.

Was there no way out of this labyrinth of folly but ruin and death?

She grew so pale and wan during the week which followed that Aleck was alarmed over her.

She had such strange notions, too. He thought it a pitiful hallucination— the fancy that someone was dogging her footsteps night and day.

"But it is quite true, Aleck," she persisted, "wherever I go I see a tall man with a dark beard watching me intently. When he finds himself observed by me, he disappears immediately."

"You need change of scene, my darling," said Aleck, soothingly. "You are not well. That reminds me, my dear, to tell you I have urgent business which requires my presence in New York. We must return at once; of course Olive goes with us; that will put a stop to her little flirtation with the handsome count." he added, laughingly.

"Aleck," whispered Daisy, creeping close to him, and stealing two white, cold arms round his neck, "she says she intends marrying the French count, and it must not be, Aleck — do you hear? It must not be."

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Not Getting Everything.

An English correspondent writes:— Apropos of the frequent announcements going the rounds of the newspaper press regarding the capture of machinery orders by American firms in markets which the British manufacturers had previously dominated (certain identical reports being frequently repeated "ad nauseam" in the same journals in different forms), it is refreshing to get a glimpse of the other side of the question, and to find that one, at least, of the representatives of our chief staple industry requires not the admonition to "wake up."

An old-established firm of English flour mill engineers have just secured the contract for the supply and erection of a large flour mill on the most modern system in North China. More than one firm of American makers were competing for the work, and, although they claimed to produce by their process better qualities and higher percentages of flour, the English firm in question was able to satisfy the buyers as to the superiority of their machinery and its ability to produce qualities and percentages equal, or superior to, the Americans.

This English house takes the contract at a price below any of the American houses, and has undertaken to ship the whole plant in ten weeks from date of acceptance of order. The firm in question is an Ipswich concern, which some months since shipped a similar complete flour mill to China, the order for which was also secured in competition with America.

About Britain's Food Supply.

To the discussion on the food supply of Great Britain in war time Mr. J. Holland Rose has lately made a contribution, which involves a curious point in the history of the Napoleonic war. Mr. Rose, it may be stated, is a competent historical critic, and the author of several works upon modern history. Recently he published a life of Napoleon, which has attracted a good deal of attention. In this work he examined at length Napoleon's commercial war with Britain, and in the current issue of The Monthly Review he places before the public in concise form some of the results of his investigations. The remarkable fact is set forth by Mr. Rose that Napoleon never attempted to starve England out, and that his famous continental system was directed to checking British exports to, but not to checking British imports from, the countries to which it was applied.

At that time Great Britain had a population of about 12 millions. In ordinary years the home harvest yielded grain enough for 49 weeks' supply of this population, and a quantity of wheat amounting to three weeks' supply, or about 5 per cent. of the total consumption, had to be imported. The Baltic countries, more particularly East Prussia and Russia, and New York were the sources from which Great Britain drew this 5 or 6 per cent. of her wheat supply. From 1809 to 1812 the harvests were bad, and the quantity of grain needed amounted to twenty weeks' supply, or about 40 per cent. of the total amount consumed. The chief grain route was from the Baltic through the North Sea, and French privateers to get at it had to slip through the Straits of Dover; the British navy always had a heavy preponderance, and after Trafalgar was the only navy on the sea.

In 1796 the fact that war with France —which was not a source of grain supply—had not affected the price of wheat caused some comment, and William Pitt drew from this the conclusion that war in general did not affect the price of food. Almost immediately afterwards the Armed Neutrality League of the Baltic powers was formed, and 1801 found Great Britain at war with the countries which constituted her European grain supply. By March the price of wheat was $4.75 a bushel! But Nelson won the battle of Copenhagen, and the Tsar Paul was murdered; the Armed Neutrality fell to pieces, peace was restored, trade was resumed—and in June wheat was down to $3.85 a bushel, and in December it was $2.25 a bushel.

In 1809 two things happened. The harvest was bad, and Napoleon had gained virtual control of the Prussian and Russian grainfields, the Baltic counties entering the continental blockade. The close of the year found wheat at 103 shillings a quarter, or about $3.10 a bushel. But in this and the following year an extraordinary turn was given to the situation. Napoleon allowed, and even encouraged, the export of wheat from France and Italy to England. In 1810 sixteen million bushels of wheat were shipped from that part of Europe to England. Yet the price of bread in England was thirty cents a four-pound loaf, and nearly half of the traders of England made compositions with their creditors.

In 1812 the harvests were bad all over Europe, so that the strange windfall from France and Italy was cut off. Napoleon finding it necessary to import wheat into France. Simultaneously war broke out with the United States, the other source of grain supply for England. Wheat rose to $4.50 a bushel, and the best Dantzig wheat fetched $5.45 a bushel. But at the end of 1812 Napoleon's Russian campaign collapsed; in 1813 the eastern Europe granary was open to English ships; there was at last a good harvest at home, and by August, 1813, the price was down to $3.36 a bushel. There had been a fearful social crisis, and the Luddite riots had shown signs of passing into a conflict between the industrial and agricultural portions of the population. The extraordinary price of wheat had greatly increased the area devoted to wheat-growing in England, and this probably furnished the margin which enabled the country to get through the lean years. On the high seas British warships seized neutral ships laden with grain, and forced them to go into British ports.

Why did Napoleon send wheat to his bitterest enemy, which at the moment was, for want of bread, on the brink of a civil war? His idea of crippling England's commerce was to prevent her from exporting, and to encourage her to import. He seems to have believed that the loss of the gold she would pay for the wheat would hurt her more than its incoming would benefit her. His definite, precise instructions to Eugene, Viceroy of Italy, to encourage the export of food to England and elsewhere are quoted by Mr. Rose. A more singular passage of history could scarcely be conceived—the arch-conqueror feeding the starving foe who confounded him!

Proof Positive.

A convict at a French penal settlement, who was undergoing a life sentence, desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the prisoner.

"Did you not marry in France?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And your wife is dead?"

"She is."

"Have you any document to show that she is dead?"

"No."

"Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead."

There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom.

Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead."

"How will you do so?"

"I was sent here for killing her."

The bride accepted him notwithstanding.—"Scotsman"

Grass lands deserve as much attention in spring as any other portion of the farm. Grass is really the mainspring of farming, for wherever there is a good stand of grass there will be an excellent prospect for hay, pasturage and soil improvement. Fertilizer should be applied before grass starts, and the spring rains will carry it down to the roots and give the crop an early start, which will greatly assist in enduring drought in the summer. No pasturage or grass plot should be expected to give crops without manure or fertilizer. Wood ashes make an excellent fertilizer for grass, and a light application of nitrate of soda will give good results. If cattle are given the run of a grass plot when the grass is young they will do more harm to the grass by trampling than can result from any other cause. Grass exhausts the soil the same as any other crop, and the land must be supplied with the plant foods removed. If there are bare places in the pasture use the harrow over them and sow mixed varieties of grass seeds.

The widespread interest in the dairy industry is shown by the returns just received by Superintendent Creelman of the new dairy institute meetings in western Ontario. Fourteen gatherings were held, and there was an aggregate attendance of 2,200. Expert instruction was given on the feeding and care of the dairy cow, and on the care, handling and manufacturing of milk. A series of twelve meetings are now in progress in eastern Ontario. Mr. Creelman, as Secretary of the Fruit Growers' Association, has also completed arrangements for 47 fruit institute meetings, covering the fruit sections of the Province, to begin on Friday and last until the middle of April. These will include valuable orchard demonstrations.

A Very Important Business.

Dairying is a very important business, and a herd of good cows is worth more in every respect than any other kind of stock. The bovine is both meat and milk for the human family, without which existence is almost impossible. Note the capacity of each cow and feed accordingly, as some will be found able to pay for better feeding than others. In order to know this, weigh each cow's product; then, knowing what the feed costs, it is a very easy matter to know whether you are feeding at a profit or loss.

Have a silo if possible; if not, then secure an abundance of corn fodder, well cured, with some roots and a good supply of brain, oil meal, corn meal and ground oats. These, with good early cut clover or cowpea hay, will provide a good range of rich milk-producing food. Now, with a warm, well-lighted and properly ventilated stable, with absorbent to save all the manure, both liquid and solid, you are ready to feed your cows for profit. Feed liberally, but not blindly. Weigh and compound a balanced ration.—L. E. Kerr in Agricultural Epitomist.

Keep Hogs Thrifty.

The hog seems to need some earthy or mineral matter to enable it to digest its food well. For this purpose many give salt, wood ashes and charcoal, allowing them to eat it as they please, and they usually are pleased to eat it pretty freely, especially the breeding stock kept over winter, and it has been found by test that fattening hogs put on flesh more rapidly when they can resort to this mixture as they please. It prevents the gravel eating, which sometimes seems to keep them from growing. The Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, sends out the following recipe, which we are not sure is any better than the one we give above. Charcoal, sulphur and black antimony, of each one pound, mixed with common salt, baking soda, sulphate of soda, hyposulphite of soda, of each two pounds. If given in the feed, one teaspoonful is allowed daily to each hog. The hogs also need in winter, especially the breeding sows, either roots or green feed of some kind. We think raw roots are better than cooked ones, but if they are not at hand give every day a lock of clover hay. They will always eat it greedily.—American Cultivator.

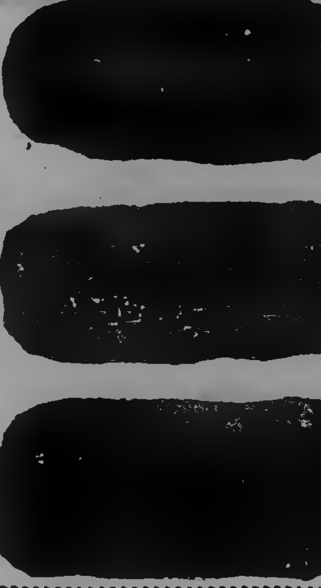
The Unproductive Cows.

What to do with the unproductive cows is a question that is puzzling many farmers to-day. Much of the stock on hand will not return the value of the feed needed to keep the animals. If the poorer animals of the herd are old cows, which have passed their period of usefulness for the dairy, I would advise selling for what they will bring as second quality beef. Old dairy cows will not return in their final value the cost of the feed necessary to fatten them. Heifers or cows in the prime of life may pay for fattening. This depends on the amount of feed which must be purchased and used in this way.

Homegrown corn and cottonseed meal are the most economical grains to use in fattening. I would advise feeding animals that are being fattened but little coarse fodder, and of this would use the poorer grades, such as second quality hay and corn stover, but would feed liberally of grain for from four to six weeks, and then sell for what the animals will bring.

A grain ration made up of four hundred pounds of corn meal and two hundred pounds of cottonseed meal should produce a rapid gain. This ration should be fed at the rate of from six to ten pounds a day, according to the size of the animal. All animals will gain faster during the early part of the fattening period, but at the present prices of feeds will probably not gain enough to pay for the feed if the fattening process is followed up beyond a certain point. This point can only be accurately ascertained by frequent weighing, but will probably not be later than six weeks after feeding begins.—Prof. C. S. Phelps, in New-England Homestead.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



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Relics in Jerusalem.

The Greek Catholic monks, who are in possession of the chief portions of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, are now going to build a bazaar opposite it, where pilgrims may purchase souvenirs of their visit to Jerusalem. During the process of clearing the site the foundations of an old mediaeval church, forty meters long and thirty wide, with three apses, were discovered. A number of fine capitals, fragments of basalt pillars, and bas-reliefs, with symbolic animals, were found, all these remains having doubtless belonged to the choir of the church. Last year a valuable silver shrine, containing a piece of the holy cross and relics of the Apostles Peter and Paul—according, at least, to the inscriptions on them—was discovered at the same place.

The Patriarch of Jerusalem, it is said, is keeping other discoveries secret, owing to his dislike of the Roman Catholic Church. Those mentioned above are all the more important, as it can be ascertained to what church they belonged. According to the statement of a mediaeval traveller, the hospice and the monastery which the citizens of Amalfi founded about the year 640, as a refuge for western pilgrims, was situated due south of the Holy Sepulchre, about a stone's throw away. The first church was built in honor of St. Mary de Latinis, and the second, the ruins of which have now been found, in honor of St. John the Baptist. The French monk Bernard, who lived there in 870, highly praised the hospitality and the large library of the hospice. A Mohammedan historian says it was destroyed by the Khalif Hakem, and rebuilt shortly afterwards, while, according to another account, it prospered down to the time of King Baldwin of Jerusalem, from 1109 to 1118, when the two communities of St. Mary and St. John adopted the latter as their joint protector. This was the origin of the Knights of St. John. The remains now discovered, therefore, are the ruins of the cradle of this order. It is most unfortunate that the preservation of these very interesting remains seems impossible, owing to the ill-feeling which exists between the Greek and Roman Catholics in Jerusalem.—London Standard.

A Defence of the "Old Maid."

A toast is offered to the spinster! We meet a great many pleasant people in the world, but nowhere do we find a more satisfactory person than that elderly unmarried woman generally and somewhat disrespectfully known as the "old maid," and supposed to be afflicted with "nerves" and a cantankerous disposition. As a matter of fact, she is frequently the sweetest, most self-forgetful of her sex. She usually walks, with tact and a loving heart, in other women's paths, lives in other women's homes, and rejoices in other women's joys, making them her own. The children adore her, for she becomes to them a sort of fairy godmother, one who possesses all the tenderness of a mother without the extremes of maternal discipline. She loves to give children a "good time," and does it with extraordinary success. In household details, what a treasure! How many dinners owe their success to her, who reaps no glory except the glory of doing! And in the ultimate trials of life, what a prop and solace she becomes! But it is to the young boy-lovers of the family that she exhibits the finest flower of her capacity for friendship. What a gift of understanding she seems to have! There is no difficulty she cannot dissipate, no fear she cannot lessen, no tender little half-scared hope that she does not encourage to bloom for the other woman. It is always for somebody else that she is working, and perhaps it is this which gives to her eyes the look that even the worst among us unconsciously associates with all that is best and fairest in life. Let them make fun of her if they will, but could we do without her?—Harper's Weekly.

Imperial Weather.

SOMEBODY is about to publish a vindication of the character of English weather. It appears that it has been most unfairly misrepresented. What we stupidly call its fickleness is really nothing in the world but a perfectly laudable effort to reproduce in our midst the imperial nature of our climate, remarks "Outlook." When it presents us with primroses in November, that is to remind us of the pleasant picnic weather they are having on the veldt; the same laudable intention accounts for June snowstorms. Nor do we have to wait for complete reversals of the seasons. A week of imperial weather—sometimes, like a cheap trip, it is all crammed into one day—runs somewhat as follows: Monday, fog (home produce); Tuesday, cricketing weather (Australia); Wednesday, skating (Canada); Thursday, waterspouts (various ocean territories); Friday, steaming (West Coast); Saturday, general imperial representation; Sunday—but the British Sunday [illegible]

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

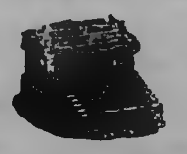
We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1883.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

A Visit to a Saint Factory.

WHAT lends a peculiar interest to a visit to such a factory, writes a contributor to "Pearson's Magazine," is the curious suggestion of humour which, in one's conversation with the workmen and employees, comes to relieve the deep sense of awe and reverence which at all times weighs upon one.

I remember that, having contemplated, not without a painful feeling in my breast, the most lamentable figure of an old man in monk's attire, whose hands were pierced, whose side was pierced, and from whose furrowed brow large drops of blood were trickling down, I asked a passing workman to tell me whom the statue represented. And he called to a fellow-workman: "Who is that old gent up there?" It was St. Francis d'Assisi. The painful feeling was for a while dispelled. This was but a figure after all, an article of trade. And so also, when one hears the clerks calling through the telephones: "When is that St. Maurice coming down?" "Five St. Anthonys, with their pigs, wanted at once." And so on. There is not a vestige of irreverence in these remarks, but, as I say, they are not without a most welcome suggestion of humor.

For, indeed, the terrible realism of many of these statues must impress even the most indifferent. I could not refrain from asking the maker of saints why he allowed his artists to carry the horrible to such extremes. Here was St. Jean de Dieu succoring a leper, on whose body the modeller had not omitted one of the horrid signs of that most foul of maladies. Here was a writhing St. Sebastian streaming with blood. Here a chained woman in the flames of purgatory extended her anguished hands.

"We export very largely to South America," said Monsieur Pacheu, "and it is necessary that, to impress the imaginations of the people there—who are indifferent, as a rule, to suffering—we should strike hard. Yet in none of our figures is truth surpassed. That leper is studied from life. Those horrid bruises were copied from a corpse."

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market, by reason of less land being devoted to it.

ARE YOU STOUT
[illegible]

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 28 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.)

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Young lad can secure board and comfortable room for $2.50 per week. Apply at The Times Bookstore.

—Collingwood will try to compel the Bell Telephone Company to pay rental for the use of the streets for their poles.

—Maskinonge must be on the run as "jack lights" are in evidence during the nights both up and down the river.

—The Water Commissioners have handed over to the Town Treasurer another $1,000 representing receipts over and above working expenses.

'Because the other fellow doesn't advertise is the very reason why you should—people usually trade with the firm which shows the most enterprise.

—At the Police Court yesterday a young man was fined $5 for having used profane and insulting language at the C.P.R. depot on Thursday night last.

—The City of Peterborough was launched yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, at the Ashburnham dock yard. The steamer will be ready for business about the Middle of May.

—Mr. J. Kylie, the popular Hunter street boot and shoe merchant, has a splendid window show of new and nobby footwear. See advertisement elsewhere.

—Our popular Registrar, Mr. D. Morrow, has been appointed Returning Officer for East Peterborough for the Ontario elections. Sheriff Hall secures the plum for the West.

—When you want the best quality of photos taken go to Whiten's, you get the best there. If you want the best quality in crayon work, take your small pictures to Whiten, 158 Hunter St. west

—When Mr. Jas. Lewis of Bobcaygeon, launched his yacht Pearl the other day she rapidly filled with water. It was found that a muskrat had eaten his way through the hull and wintered inside.

—The Belleville School Board has arranged to employ the Albert College teacher of Domestic Science. The Board pays $50 to have a class of 12 taught 2 lessons a week and the pupils pay a dollar each also.

—Orillia has offered the Ontario government 100 horse power of electric energy at $15 per horsepower per year. It would be generated at Ragged Rapids, 17 miles from Orillia and the point at which that town has its municipal electric plant.

—At about 1.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon fire broke out in the residence occupied by Mr. Thomas Parker, in the north end of Ashburnham. The fire originated, it is thought, from a defective flue. The brigade was promptly on hand and succeeded in subduing the flames before any great damage was done.

—Marmora Herald,—The village assessment has been printed and distributed. This is a new departure that is meeting with hearty approval from all ratepayers. The council have taken this step in order that justice be shown to every person in the corporation. Appeals must be made to the Clerk before May 14th. It is to be hoped that every error or injustice in valuation will be reported in order that the assessment will be a good basis for the future.

—The firm of McDougall, Brandon and Austin of Fenelon Falls are not only heavy dealers in live stock as well as large millers, but they are also successful farmers and feeders of cattle and hogs. They now have one herd about twenty-five head. Some of them weigh 1,400 pounds. Another herd of twenty-five are high-class three-year-old steers. They are sold to go on May 1st and are certainly the finest lot of beef animals in this part of the province. They are fed on ensilage and straw; for finishing, clover is substituted for straw.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. Macfarlane Wilson's condition is gradually improving.

—Mr. Sam Reid, of Toronto, formerly with the Rathbun Co. here, is in town.

—Rev. J. W. McIntosh, Centreville, was in town yesterday and gave the Times a call.

—Mr. Richard Shearer is preparing to build a terrace of seven brick houses at the corner of Reid and Sherbrooke Sts.

—Miss M. Thorne, of Lindsay, who has been visiting friends in town has returned home.

—The Times had a call yesterday from Dr. Ford, the Conservative Candidate in East Peterborough.

—Mrs. R. N. Weir, of Balgonie, N.W.T. is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. B. Harper, Stewart St.

—Mrs. Chas Stanley accompanied her daughters to Toronto to attend a birthday party given by their cousin, Miss Brown, Brunswick-ave.

—Mrs. W. H. Russell, Quebec, who has been visiting in town for the past two weeks, left yesterday to spend a few days in Toronto.

Another Big Industry

The Times is informed that another extensive Cereal concern is likely to locate in Peterborough. Through the efforts of Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell, representatives of the new concern are expected to visit Peterborough next week, with a view to making arrangements to locate here.

Mr. Bradburn's Good Luck

The Times extends its hearty congratulations to Mr. Ormond E. Bradburn, son of our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. T. E. Bradburn, on his appointment as Lieutenant in the Sixth Regiment of Canadian Mounted Rifles. Mr. Bradburn will leave for Halifax on Monday. His many friends will wish him every success.

Furnished House to Rent

360 Charlotte st., at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

A Coming Musical Event

The concert to be given by Mrs. W. J. Morrow in the Opera House, Peterborough, on the evening of May 5th, will be an event of great interest to the music-loving citizens of Peterborough.

The programme will consist of two vocal choruses by the pupils. Solos will be rendered by five of the advanced pupils, soprano, tenor and baritone. Mrs. Morrow will be assisted by two talented young artists from Toronto College of Music, Miss E. Miller, pianiste, and Master Gilbert Markle, violinist. All those who appreciate music should not fail to hear these accomplished artists. During the past six months Mrs. Morrow has been untiring in her efforts to further advance the study of music, and has obtained a great measure of success, especially in voice culture, Miss Florence Miller and Miss M. Routley, sopranos, and Miss M. Rush, contralto, being three of many instances. The plan of the hall is now open at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

—At the drill shed on Wednesday night a number of presentations were made to members of the South African contingent. Pte. Hodgson was presented with $50 by the employees of the Canadian General Electric Company, and a beautiful ring by the members of the 57th Regimental Band. Pte. Hartley was given $16 in cash by a number of his personal friends, and Pte. Pogue was made the recipient of $17.50 by the employees of the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Company.

TO DETECT POISONS

The Body Tries to Sweat Them out

At a convention of medical men in St. Louis the effects of coffee drinking were carefully considered. It was unanimously agreed that while coffee does not seem to injure some persons, to others it is a rank poison. The effect on different persons is, of course, very different. In some the heart is affected, in others the kidneys, again the stomach or bowels, or the eyes, and in nervous cases the prostration is spread over the whole body.

As an illustration, a man in Hinton, W. Va., experienced well defined symptoms of poisoning from coffee. He says, "I used coffee a great many years with no apparent ill effects, but about nine years ago I began being sick. I became dull, lost my ambition, had dizziness, my eyesight was very bad and kept getting worse, and at times I could hardly navigate at all, I felt I was going to fall every minute, and finally became so bad I would have to sit down and rest three or four times in a distance of twice that many blocks.

I went from one physician to another and faithfully took their prescriptions but the case was so complex that they could not successfully diagnose it. I finally went to N.Y. City to the Vanderbilt Clinic for treatment. There my case was diagnosed as neurasthenia. Every morning about nine I would have a kind of spasm. The perspiration would break out all over the palms of my hands, and my hair would be wringing wet, every nerve in the body would be affected and my heart would jump and beat at a fearful rate. This condition would generally last for about two hours. What I suffered no one can understand.

It finally came to me that these terrible sweats and spasms were just the same as in cases where people are poisoned and Nature tries to throw off the poison through the pores. So I concluded that something I was taking must act like a poison and I decided it was coffee. I left it off one morning and had a fearful headache all day, a sure sign that I was being held up by a drug, so that evening I bought some Postum and the next morning had it for breakfast in place of coffee. I was surprised for I could hardly tell it from coffee. That day I was only a little sick about the usual time, and from the next day until now, something over 18 months, I have never felt even the remotest return of the spasms.

I steadily got strong, my weight has increased from 130 pounds to 147 pounds and I am a well man. The seven years of suffering from coffee poison will always remain with me as a horrible nightmare." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SALVATION ARMY NOTES

Items of Interest Concerning the Army and Their Work in Peterborough

The local corps have just celebrated their 17th Anniversary. The meetings last Sunday were of this character: Adj't Moore, the officer in command spoke in the afternoon at some length on the progress made. "It scarce seems seventeen years since we "opened fire" in the pretty town of Peterborough, yet so it is, we now number one hundred and thirty five soldiers." He then proceeded to give statistics as to what each soldier cost the army, which was immensely interesting covering as it did the amount of labor as well as cost in dollars and cents.

We notice a great improvement in the brass band. Their music on our streets is very pleasing. It is now under the leadership of Mr. Mendell Greene, senior partner of the firm of Greene Bros. This gentleman states they intend to add several more members and instruments ere he will consider it complete.

Mr. John Haweis has just given the junior work a substantial subscription of $25.00 to purchase new books for the library.

We notice announcements of the visit of the Hand bell Ringers on Tuesday, Apr. 29th. Good! their reputation precedes them, and, no doubt here as elsewhere a packed house will greet them. Brigadier Pickering, of Toronto, is in command. (See photo of him and band in many store windows.) This is a rare musical treat feasible for all to enjoy.

'On the veldt of South Africa' is the subject of Capt. Poole's magic lantern service to-morrow evening (Apr. 29th) African scenes by limelight will certainly be realistic.

People with Bad Breath

Generally suffer from Catarrh and should use Catarrhozone Inhaler four times daily, and be cured. The pleasant scented Catarrhozone vapour spreads through every air passage of the breathing organs, and reaches the very root of the disease at once; it kills the germs, purifies and cleanses the mucous surfaces, and erradicates every vestige of catarrh in a short time.

Pure, sweet breath, free from headache, sneezing and discharge are quickly derived from the use of Catarrhozone Inhaler. Complete outfit, guaranteed to cure, costs $1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills stimulate the liver.

GIRLS WANTED

Wanted at once, four or five good girls, to whom the highest wages will be paid. Apply to Wm. Snowden, Snowden House.

[31]

GOOD GIFTS

The gift of wide experience among birds is turned to good account, we think, in packing a bird food like COTTAMS. The keeper of a single pet thus gets the benefit of a lifetime's study

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. Contents put up under 6 patents, sell separately: Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder [illegible] Bird Bread 5c.; Seed, 10c. With 1 lb. pkts. COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK, 96 pages, illustrated, price 25c.; to users of COTTAM SEED a copy with [illegible] will be sent post paid for 12c.

-G. H. NOBLE

PLUMBER

is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 80,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order.
L. K. JONES.
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals.
Ottawa, 15th April. 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.
R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.
A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.
CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.
J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.
WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and
W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & HICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organised in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 256½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $950,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $6.80 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	286,319.88	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock. Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada. Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further Information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

Weather Notes

Probs, To-day—Moderate winds, becoming easterly; fair, stationary or higher temperature.

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 98

PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY APRIL 26 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

EARL RUSSELL OF DIVORCE COURT FAME

Has Bill Before House of Lords Dealing With Divorce

SOME OF ITS PROVISIONS GIVEN

By It Marriage With a Deceased's Wife Sister Would be Made Legal

Special to The Times.

London, April 25—The divorce bill of Earl Russell, who has had a long series of marital troubles, was introduced in the House of Lords on Wednesday.

The first clause provides that either a man or wife may petition for a dissolution of their marriage, unless connivance is proved, on the grounds of either adultery, cruelty, penal servitude for not less than three years, unsound mind for a year preceding the filing of the petition, living apart for the preceding three years, and not intending to resume cohabitation, or living apart for the preceding year, when the other party concurs in the petition.

Clause 7 provides that after the commencement of the act no petition for a judicial separation or restitution of conjugal rights or respecting jactitation of marriage shall be received.

Clause 16 provides that as soon as a dissolution of marriage is effected the parties may marry again.

Clause 18 provides that marriage with a deceased wife's sister or a deceased husband's brother shall not be invalid by reason of affinity.

EARL RUSSELL'S WOES

In 1890 Earl Russell wedded the daughter of Sir Claude Scott, but in the following year she sued him for divorce, making charges of cruelty and other offences of a serious character. The charges created a great scandal. The Countess was unsuccessful in her suit and she was compelled to pay the costs which it is said amounted to over $25,000. Her mother, Lady Scott, was afterwards convicted and imprisoned for libelling the Earl, and the Countess was convicted of libelling H. A. Roberts, a master of Bath College, who was mentioned in the charge she made against her husband.

Five years ago the Countess withdrew the charges she had made against her husband and sued for restitution of conjugal rights. In this suit she was also unsuccessful. She then adopted the stage as a profession. In April, 1900, Lord Russell married Mollie Somerville Cooke, at Reno, Nevada. Earl Russell returned to England last year and was arrested for Bigamy. He was tried by the House of Lords, convicted and sentenced to three months in Holloway gaol, which he served. The first Countess Russell then secured a divorce, and on October 31 last Earl Russell remarried Mollie Somerville.

NEW RAILWAY RULES

How an American Railway Company Has Set the Pace

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 25 — Courtesy will hereafter characterize the conduct of trainmen on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, if the new regulations adopted by that road for the guidance of its employees are obeyed. Conductors and brakemen must remove their hats when passing through parlor cars and dining cars. They must answer the enquiries of passengers promptly and cheerfully. "Coarse and vulgar language from anyone employed on this road is prohibited, under the penalty of prompt dismissal." Trainmen must assist, or at least offer assistance, to all passengers when they alight at stations.

The drawling of words, so common to the vernacular of railroad employees when making such announcements as "All aboard!" is to be done away with. Passengers must never be ejected "except at a regular open station." Women, or "Children of tender age," are not to be "put off" under any circumstances; and a person travelling alone who is "in such a condition of mind and body as to be incapable of caring for himself must be placed in the custody of the nearest station agent." A brakeman is required to pass through every car of a train before it leaves its terminus and call out distinctly the names of all the stations on that line; and when approaching a station its name must be announced from each end of a car.

The new regulations go further and prescribe that a passenger train shall be called a "train of superior class," that a freight shall be known as a "second class train," that a side track shall be no longer denominated as a "siding," but as an "auxiliary," that engineers shall be called "engine men," and that the term "engine house" shall supersede the old name of "roundhouse."

The general manager and general superintendent of the road, who framed the rules, have caused the following injunction to be printed conspicuously on over 50 of the 135 pages which the book contains: "In case of doubt, adopt the safe course. Speed must always be sacrificed for safety."

HIS ENTERPRISING UNCLE

How a Peterborough Man Badly Missed a Good Thing

"I'm sorry I didn't stay with my uncle in New York," said a well known citizen to Mr. James Dolan, our enterprising and progressive dry goods merchant, when the latter refused him a job as clerk in his new store.

"Why?" asked Mr. Dolan, in a sympathetic tone.

"Oh, I'd been rich now," said the disappointed aspirant to the clerkship. "My uncle has one of the biggest saloon businesses in New York state. He kept forty men busy every day making mallets for tapping beer kegs. He runs five distilleries in connection with his saloon. His saloon is situated in a tract of 250 acres. In the centre of this tract is a fresh water lake that covers ten acres. Every morning he dumps ten car loads of sliced lemons into the lake and one car load of sugar, to make lemonade."

"How does he stir it?" asked Mr. D., becoming greatly interested.

"Why, he has three mules hitched to one of these big wheels they use in brickyards for stirring up the mud. He drives the mules through the lake and they stir up the mixture."

After the applicant had gone, Mr. Martin Connors, who was standing by and overheard the conversation, asked, "What is the matter with him?"

"Nothing," said Mr. Dolan, "except that he is not telling the truth."

Malt Breakfast Food

THE ONLY CEREAL FOOD THAT PERFECTLY AGREES WITH STOMACHS STRONG OR WEAK

The pre-eminent qualities of Malt Breakfast Food are the result of the action of the pure, health giving malt on the starch and gluten of the wheat, rendering them soluble and changing them into forms to be quickly absorbed by the stomach, then passing into the blood to enrich it and build up the nerves, the tissues, of the body and brain.

Malt Breakfast Food being quite free from starchy ingredients, requires no digestive effort or loss of bodily energy. It is delicious, comforting and soothing to the stomach of child or adult. It makes the weak strong and keeps the strong in perfect health. Malt Breakfast Food is recommended by physicians everywhere. Sold by all grocers.

Everybody reads The Times.

WILL SHIPPING COMBINE COERCE CANADA

Rumor in London That It Wants to Handle All the Emigration

THREATENS COMMERCIAL WAR.

Would Buy Up the Canadian Railways and Play with Us Generally

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Daily Express declares that the shipping combine is trying to coerce Canada into accepting its terms and conditions as to emigration rates and traffic, and that, if resistance is made, the combine will buy up the Canadian railroads and declare a commercial war.

It is the intention of the combine, says the Daily Express, to demand that the Canadian Emigration Department in London should cease to give facilities to the Elder, Dempster Company.

COLONEL DENISON'S PROPOSAL.

Colonel Denison fears that the trust will buy up the Canadian Pacific Railway, and thereby control all lines that could possibly feed the shipping. He says British policy should be to run a competing line, tax everything the combine vessels bring into this country, and let the things that the other line brings come in free.

TO FLY AMERICAN FLAG.

The Daily Mail publishes a statement this morning to the effect that the promoters of the new shipping combination will announce in a few days that the arrangement is one for mutual commercial convenience, and has no special national significance. At the same time the Daily Mail professes to know that the vessels of British lines which have been taken over will pass under the American flag after three or four years. It talks of a new shipping bill, which will be promoted in the United States Congress, with the object of permitting vessels built abroad but owned in America to be brought under the American flag, and quotes one of the promoters as saying that, apart from sailing vessels, private yachts, and the navy, the British flag will at the end of a few years have disappeared from the North Atlantic.

Shipping men consider that undue excitement has been caused by newspapers, and that the flag will remain over all British ships now in the trans-atlantic trade. They also contend that one combination will be met by another, for British capitalists, with the Admiralty behind them, will not allow the control of the merchant marine to pass into foreign hands. Without doubt there is a strong patriotic feeling in favor of a vigorous defence of British maritime interests against the grip of a money power.

Does Your Baby Cry at Night?

If so, it is well to know the great value of Polson's Nerviline, a household remedy for stomach pains, cramps, toothache, sick headache, and the manifold ills peculiar to children. A few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water makes a pleasant drink and never fails to quickly relieve. Nerviline is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c. a bottle. Get Nerviline from your druggist to-day.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills for headache.

WHAT THE TORONTO STAR SAYS

In Reference to the Street Railway and Another Industry for Peterborough

From Toronto Star.

Peterborough, April 24.— The Peterboro Street Railway, which was built by the Edison Company when the electric works were established here, and which was afterwards acquired by the Peterboro and Ashburnham Street Railway Company, was sold yesterday afternoon to a Detroit syndicate. The line has not been operated for a couple of years, but will be put in first class shape by July 1st. Branch lines will also be operated to nearby summer resorts, including Chemong Park, Lakefield and Rice Lake.

The big cereal works are being got into good shape. The building is eight storeys in height, and of mammoth proportions otherwise.

Another large American cereal company is in negotiation with Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell, of the Central Ontario Power Company, regarding the building of a branch factory here. The company whose factory is now here will fill its European orders from this city, and it is said the new company's main object in locating in Canada is to secure the advantage of the preference which may be given by Great Britain to Canadian food products.

SHOULD MINISTERS SHAVE?

Presbyterian Pastors Engage in a Discussion of the Question

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25 — Should a minister wear whiskers after his beard becomes gray? was a question which arose at to-day's session of the Presbyterian Ministerial Association. Rev. Mr. Sherrard held that a minister should remain young in appearance as long as possible, and that this is almost impossible when the face is covered with long white hair. Once he was invited to preach a trial sermon. He was entertained over Sunday at the home of one of the congregation and almost the first question asked him was in regard to his age. In a joking manner he replied that he was over 40, when, as a matter of fact, he was 52. Mr. Sherrard said he believed one of the reasons why he was called to the charge was on account of his not having a beard.

Then the bearded men took up the defence. Rev. Dr. Dunlap Moore said the face had little to do with the man. He did not know but that few Apostles ever shaved, he said, and Christ has always been pictured to us with a beard. While in India Dr. Moore shaved daily, and the Mohammedans often questioned him in regard to his hairless face. He found that the beard had secured the respect of the Mohammedans, and, therefore, he allowed his to grow. He referred to the beardless man as resembling woman.

PLAN TO FIGHT TRUST

He Would Have Britain Tax All Goods by Combine's Vessel

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Daily Express publishes two flaring columns under the heading "Splitting the Empire," "Morgan Trust to Control Canada." It alleges that Canada will be coerced to accept the terms of the trust, its immigrant rates will be fixed, and they will be compelled to travel on the steamers of the trust. Failing this, commercial war will be declared. The Express anticipates the trust will control the Canada Pacific, securing absolute command of Canadian ports and railways.

Other alarmist reports are elaborated, apparently on the authority of Col. Denison, who urges the British and Canadian Governments to run a competing line, and tax everything the trust vessels bring, and British letting everything the Anglo-Canadian line brings enter free.

KING'S BIRTHDAY

Government to Introduce Bill to Recognize Two Holidays on One Day

The government has decided to introduce a bill at the present session providing for the celebration of the King's birthday on May 24th, Victoria Day.

King Edward's birthday is November 9th, but Thanksgiving Day usually takes place that month and the official view is that it would be most inconvenient to have another holiday in November. In England the King's birthday will be celebrated on May 30th, but it is deemed better that Canadians should take advantage of the holiday already fixed by statute for the 24th. George the third's birthday was June 4th. This continued to be observed in Canada as the sovereign's birthday throughout the reign of George IV and William IV. It is likely that June 26th will be proclaimed as a holiday in honor of the coronation of King Edward.

Follow the Example of the Millions of Women Now Now Use

DIAMOND DYES

It is safe to follow the example of the millions of wise women, who have made the Diamond Dyes their chosen and only dyes for home coloring. The faith of all is so firmly established in the excellence of the Diamond Dyes that they would not use any other make, even if they were given the common and imitation dyes free of cost. Valuable goods and garments should not be risked with poor and untried dyes. Ruin, loss of money and bad temper is the sure result.

Mrs. R. F. Swalwell, 108 Harris st., Vancouver, B.C., says: "I have used a great many of the Diamond Dyes and have always had most satisfactory results. I have dyed silks, dresses, men's clothes, curtains and any quantity of wool goods to my entire satisfaction."

Despised Even by Brute

"I've worked around animals more or less all my life," said a well known livery man, "and I have noticed particularly the effect that a drunken man has on them. A horse hates a man with a jag worse than the devil hates holy water, but a dog seems to feel that a drunk isn't responsible for himself and acts accordingly. A dog, no matter how fierce he is, will never bite a drunken man. He seems to know by instinct when a man is under the weather, and treats him much as he would treat a child. But with a horse it's different. A horse treats a drunken man with contempt—doesn't want to have anything to do with him. There used to be an old bum who loafed around the stables, and who somehow or other always managed to keep loaded up to the nozzle. Some nights he would creep into a stall and go to sleep in the straw. The horses, when they finished at night would always be ready to drop in their stalls, but I never knew a horse that would sleep with the bum. Rather than lie down alongside him the horse would stand up all night."

THE COUNCIL AND THE ELECTRIC RAILWAY.

Many Reasons Why the Franchise Should be Transferred

RAILWAY GREATLY NEEDED

Leading Citizens Favor a Thirty Year Franchise to the Company

The Company will Then be in a Position to Handle its Bonds to Advantage

The citizens of Peterborough are delighted at the prospect of having the street railway resurrected and put in first class shape. On all sides one hears nothing but words of commendation of the scheme, which is sure to play an important part in the development of our town and district. The extension of the road to Chemong and Lakefield will be a good thing for the town, and will do much to develop and popularize Peterborough as a summer resort. The fact that lines of railway are to be constructed to outlying points without one cent of municipal aid and costing the town absolutely nothing is too good a thing to contemplate without intense satisfaction. It is more than likely that besides Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point, the road will eventually reach out in other directions—probably down the old Cobourg track to Hiawatha, to Keene, and other places within a close radius of Peterborough. But better than all, there would doubtless be an effort made to continue the line from Young's Point to Burleigh Falls and thence to Apsley, bringing the whole back country our way.

The Times, in order to strengthen the hands of the Council has interviewed a few of the leading citizens with regard to granting the thirty years' extension asked for.

Mr. D. W. Dumble thought that the town should help the Company in every possible way.

Other places bonused railways in order to bring trade and develop the town. In our case the road was being built to outside points without costing us a dollar. He was strongly in favor of granting the thirty year franchise.

Mr. W. A. Cressman was satisfied that the council would be making a big mistake if it was to hamper the Company in any way. He is of the opinion that a good electric railway to outlying points would naturally help business.

Mr. A. Poussette, K.C., said: "I have for several years interested myself very considerably in an endeavor to revive the railway, and am pleased to learn that a contract for its sale has been made to substantial people. I am satisfied that the town should grant a thirty year franchise as no shorter term would enable the purchasers to float bonds for the enlarged scheme proposed. Great credit is due to Mayor Denne for bringing the negotiations to a successful issue, and it is now for him and the Council to see that the sale is not prevented going through."

Mr. James Dolan was delighted with the prospects of getting an up-to-date electric railway. It would help business and do much for the town. He was in favor of giving them all the privileges they desired in the way of street franchise.

Mr. H. LeBrun believed in railways, and especially in electric roads running into outlying villages. As for the thirty-year franchise, he thought the Council should not object to this, as half this time would probably elapse before the investment paid.

Mr. R. B. McKee said he believed Peterborough was particularly lucky in getting American capital interested. He thought the council should do everything in its power to help the Company, and secure an early start.

—Mr. H. C. Winch thought we were exceedingly fortunate in having the old buried railway so gloriously resurrected. He believed the opening of the railway to Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point would mark an era in the town's history. The franchise was none too long, considering what was to be undertaken.

Mr. J. M. Brooks said that the Oshawa Council, of which he was a member at the time, not only gave the electric railway a street franchise, but also gave a bonus of $600. Peterborough would indeed be making a big mistake in placing any obstacles in the way of the present negotiations for a 30 year franchise.

Mr. W. H. Meldrum was in favor of meeting the wishes of the new Company as far as possible consistent with our own interests. He thought that with the present rate of increase in population, an electric railway would be a paying investment in five years' time. Twenty years, he thought, would be a reasonable time for the franchise to run. Proper conditions should be inserted in the contract as regards keeping the roadbed in order.

Mr. Chas Stanley was anxious to see the railway again in operation, and believed the new owners are the people to give us a first class road. The town had everything to gain and nothing to lose. He would not object to a 30 year franchise so long as the company gave us a good service.

Dr. Halliday thought the Company should be given a 30-year franchise, as it probably would be many years before the railway was made to pay. A good electric street car service was much to be desired, and he was very pleased to hear that we were likely to secure one.

Items of Interest

London, April 25.—Fifty persons were injured this morning in an accident on the Great Eastern Railway near the Hackney Downs station. As a train for Walthamstow called the "three penny train" was crossing the bridge an axle of the car nearest the locomotive broke, and the coach jumped the rails, crashed into the side of the bridge and lodged across both tracks. The train was filled with persons on their way to work.

The two coaches following the stranded car crashed into it, completing the wreck and dealing awful havoc among the passengers [illegible] therein.

The second car also was wrecked, and a number of its inmates were badly hurt. The injured were taken to the hospital.

DEVELOPING RUSSIAN TRADE.

London, April 25.—Prince Scherbatoff, who has arrived in London for the purpose of establishing closer direct Anglo-Russian trade relations, was yesterday interviewed by a representative of Reuter's Agency. "The main fact I wish to emphasize," said he, "are that there are 12,000,000 householders in Russia who are interested in finding a market for the surplus agricultural production of that country, and that there are 4,000,000 householders in Great Britain who are interested in finding markets for English manufactured goods.

"If you take into consideration the development of Russia and the increase of the population, I am quite sure that in thirty years the actual consumption now to £151,000,000 would rise to £3,000,000,000. It will be England's fault if she allows this market to slip from her hands."

CRITICIZED BY LORD ROBERTS.

London, April 25.—Some candid criticism on the efficiency shown last year by the regular practice is to be found in a memorandum just issued by Lord Roberts.

The Commander-in-Chief refrains from enumerating certain units in which the results were bad, but significantly remarks that "the names of the officials commanding these units have been noted, and this fact will be taken into account in considering their future advancement in the army."

In regard to the regular army, Lord Roberts insists upon effeciency in musketry practice in officers, both commissioned, and upon increased attention to the training of recruits, while he emphasizes the necessity of training soldiers to use their own intelligence and judgment.

NEW OIL ENGINE.

London, April 25.—Messrs. Thornycroft, the well-known ship-builders of Chiswick, are experimenting with a new oil engine which may not only revolutionize private yacht propulsion, but may also effect a remarkable change in the adaptability and allround efficiency in the smaller craft of our navy. Messrs. Thornycroft point out the advantages of the motor for navy cutters and similar craft no less than for private yachts, and are building a special steel cutter in which to make experiments. The oil motor occupies certainly not more than half the space of the steam engine. Power can be developed in ten minutes, where half an hour would be required for steam, and the oil fuel that can be carried will last twice the time that coal will.

LORD O'BRIEN ADVENTURE.

London, April 25.—Lord Chief Justice O'Brien has had a remarkable experience at the Ennis Assizes. His coachman had to give evidence before another Judge in a different part of the building. Leaving his magnificent livery hat on the coach-box, the servant handed over his horses to the charge of a ragged little urchin, and departed. The chief justice rose rather early, was ushered out to his carriage, and took his seat without noticing that the coachman was absent. The escort drew their swords, the trumpeter blew his trumpet, and the carriage, states The Freeman's Journal, drove away to his Lordship's lodgings. His Lordship could not understand the rapidity of the peace or the roars of laughter of the spectators, till, on alighting, he discovered that he had been driven by the tattered urchin, who was wearing the coachman's resplendent hat.

London, April 25.—Lord Roberts has given orders that all reservists of cavalry, infantry and army service corps who are at present on "working furlough" are at once to be recalled to regimental duty. Immediately on their return they are to be medically examined, and if fit for foreign service they are to embark for South Africa with the next regimental draft. If not medically fit they are to be discharged. By this means it is hoped that a considerable waste of money will be averted. There have been for over two years a large number of men who, though nominally effective reservists, have been medically unfit for service abroad whenever mobilized. These men, although they have had nothing to do, have since the war started been in receipt of their full regimental pay and 6d. a day furlough money in addition.

FARMERS CO-OPERATIVE DAIRY.

London, April 25.—The Warwickshire Farmers' Association have established at Coventry a co-operative dairy for dealing with large supplies of milk direct from the farmer. They have acquired what was formerly a cycle factory, and this has been equipped with the most modern machinery for pasteurizing and sterilizing milk. Each farmer becomes a shareholder in proportion to the quantity of milk supplied.

Napanee, April 25.—Word was received here this morning from Phoenix, Arizona announcing the death of Mr. John A. Shibley, business manager of the well known firm of Dean & Shibley, bankers, promoters and financial agents of New York city and Providence, R.I., The late Mr. Shibley was one of the most successful young Canadians in the States. He was born in 1866, near the Village of Wilton, Addington County. He went to the States in the early nineties, and aided solely by his own energies and abilities, became at thirty-three years of age a millionaire. Three years ago Mr. Shibley purchased a summer residence in Napanee, where he has since spent much of his time. His large handed donations for benevolent purposes have been the talk of town and country. Last summer and the preceding summer all the children of the Counties of Lennox and Addington and of the surrounding towns were invited to the Napanee Park, where several thousand of them were royally entertained at Mr. Shibley's expense. Death was due to tuberculosis. The remains, accompanied by Mrs. Shibley, valet and nurse, will be sent here on Monday for interment.

A Splendid Investment

The advertisement in this issue, referring to the offer of preference stock of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, calls attention to the rapid development of one of Canada's most important resources. The President, Mr. Edwards, is a wealthy and far-seeing business man, and one of the Directors is Mr. Waterous, of Brantford. The location of the works is on the Bay of Chaleurs, where there is an unlimited supply of wood and a fine water power, and whence the shipping facilities to all parts of the world are excellent. The stock offered for sale will pay 7 per cent., and there should be no difficulty in earning it, under such careful management as there is every reason to expect from the men who have the enterprise under their control.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day.—South and southwesterly winds; showers and local thunderstorms; warmer.

CHINESE SOLDIERS DEFEAT REBELS

The Latter were Scattered and Their Leader Taken Prisoner

A BIG FIGHT NEAR NAN NING

Later the Rebels Took Two Villages and Established Their Headquarters

Special to The Times.

Hong Kong, April 25.—Advices received here to-day from Wu Chou, under date of Tuesday, April 22 announce that a bloody battle was then proceeding between a force of imperial troops on their way to Nan Ning and a large force of rebels. The imperial army attacked the rebels' encampment in the Wu Chang hills, brought up two maxims and two twelve pounders, and finally scattered the rebels and captured their leader, Hung Yung Seng, who was wounded.

Subsequently the rebels captured two villages on the outskirts of Nan Ning, and established their headquarters in these villages.

ABOUT WEALTHY CHILDREN

A Citizen who Thinks that they Miss a Lot of Fun

Yesterday a well known gentleman about town entered the Times' sanctum, and, seating himself on an easy chair, began to expound some theories to the editor of this great family journal. Our new office boy, who is no paragon of cleanliness and beauty, attracted his attention, and he said:

"Our wealthy children are disreputably clean. They are little patterns of anemic primness. They exist merely for their clothes. A good roll in the mud is what they need. Mud pies, that blessed institution of happy, normal children, would be their salvation.

"A plush civilization is not the one for children. The home on whose walls the pictures are crying out for space is not the home for children. Parents must decide whether the upholsterer, the tailor or the child shall rule the home."

And this g.f.j., cordially endorses the above deductions, which are based on good square common sense.

WEDDING BELLS

Nuptials of Miss A. K. Shaw and Mr. C. F. DeMill

A very pretty wedding took place on Thursday evening last, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Major, Rubidge street. The contracting parties were Miss Amey Kathleen Shaw, of Bedford, England and Mr. Charles Fremont DeMill of the Canadian General Electric Co., and formerly of Hamilton Ont.

The bridal party entered the drawing-room at eight o'clock to the strains of the wedding march, which was played by Miss May Koster. The bride wore a most becoming gown of crepe-de-chene draped with applique and the bride's maid, Miss L. Koster, looked charming in a pretty suit trimmed with over applique. Mr. R. Cottrell performed the duties of best man and ably supported the groom.

Rev. J. G. Potter, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church was the officiating minister. After the wedding ceremony was performed, all united in giving Mr. and Mrs. DeMill their heartiest best wishes for future success and happiness. A sumptuous wedding dejeuner was then partaken of in the dining room which was prettily decorated for the occasion.

During the evening a programme of songs, recitations etc. was pleasingly rendered by those present.

The high esteem in which the bride is held by her many friends is evidenced by the numerous, costly presents she was the recipient of.

The Times unites in wishing Mr. and Mrs. DeMill a full measure of happiness and success to crown their every undertaking.

After Long Years of Mental and Physical Sufferings and Failures With Common Medicines

Paine's Celery Compound

Cures an Ontario Lady

THE GREAT REMEDY IS HEARTILY INDORSED BY THE ABLEST PHYSICIANS, WHO DAILY RECOMMEND ITS USE

What a blessing it would be to humanity in general if all suffering men and women knew just what Paine's Celery Compound is able to do.

The work that cannot be done for the sick and suffering by months of experimenting with the common medicines of the day, is successfully carried to victory by Paine's Celery Compound in a few short weeks.

The cure of Mrs. Hopper, of Thornhill, Ont., fully proves the assertion made above. After years of failures, misery, agony and despondency, Paine's Celery Compound made a "new woman" of one who had become a mere wreck—one who was fast nearing the grave.

Have faith sufferer! You have a strong deliverer at hand able to rescue and save you. From to-day, let your hope be centred in Paine's Celery Compound and its mighty power to cure. It has never disappointed any sufferer; it will not fail in your case. Read Mrs. Hopper's wonderful and striking testimony.

"With great pleasure and satisfaction I wish to add my testimony to what had already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility and rundown system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound, I determined to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than I can express. For ten years I doctored without any good results, but after using Paine's Celery Compound I am perfectly restored to health, can eat well, digestion is good, and my sleep is sweet and sound. Altogether I am a new woman. I always recommend Paine's Celery Compound to my friends.

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE. We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—

SHIRTS

For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at ....44c each

2nd—

READY-MADE SUITS

In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44. Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—

TIES

In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods is 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for ....21c each

4th—

BOOTS

Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for..... $1.25 per pair

5th—

SUITS TO ORDER

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Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 26, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Some of the advanced ladies of the United States are rather opposed to the idea of having the Government put Martha Washington's portrait on a postage stamp. They say that there are lots of women who have done something, while all this lady did was to be Mrs. Washington. Yet, even without the postage stamp reminder, the face of the pleasant looking lady who led a simple home life, and was only Mrs. Washington, will be remembered generations after the founders of a sect, the leaders of a great movement, have been forgotten.

• • • •

A gentleman in Connecticut has started a movement for purchasing the Holy Land by Christian people. While the Moslem has control of it he will allow all Christians to see it and prevent them fighting over its possession. The Monroe doctrine would interfere with annexing it to the United States, and no one European country would consent to its becoming part of any other European country. Better leave it in the hands of the infidel to see fair play.

• • • •

The Toronto World says the Deerings of Chicago "see what is in the wind—that the Canadian tariff is bound to be increased—and so these enterprising Americans are making a move to hold their Canadian business. One good turn of the Canadian tariff screw would bring the McCormicks and others into Canada, in order to hold their business." And that turn of the screw would raise the cost of implements to the Canadian farmer and to that extent would discourage the development of Canada's most important industry. This country is going to be well supplied with implement factories under the present 20 per cent. tariff. The Massey-Harris people manage to get three square meals a day out of their profits; the Deerings will do the same, and if the McCormicks do not want to come in, Canada will be very glad to pocket the customs duty on all the machines they make in the United States and sell in Canada. Cannot the World let well alone? What spite has it against the Canadian farmer?

Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

A SIMPLE FAITH.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Ye believe in God, believe also in me.—St. John xiv., 1.

What is absolutely essential in religion, so far as doctrine is concerned, is very little and very simple. The church has for a long time had a strange notion that in order to be saved a man must believe a long list of dogmas, whereas the only condition imposed by the Christ is that a man shall have a heart and a life full of love which lifts someone's burden whenever the chance occurs, and seek the strength to do it from Him who is Father to all alike.

There is this difference between what is called "a body of doctrine" and a spiritual principle, namely, that not everybody can either understand or accept the doctrine, while no man is so unlettered or so obtuse that he need fail to do what is right because he is in doubt about it. The road to heaven is not a tangled maze of statement about Christ or God, but a straight and open path from the trusting human heart to the immortal life, a path in which the little child and the grave philosopher may hand in hand wend their way with equal pleasure and profit.

You need corner-stones if you erect a building, and for a like reason you need certain beliefs if you make for yourself a character. Faith in a God who will never desert you stands first. It must be an unflinching faith, however, or it will give way in the time of emergency. You begin well when you begin with that, and you begin ill if you begin in any other fashion.

I have a queer suspicion that the faith in the ability or willingness of God to see us safely through all earthly experience is clouded by more or less doubt. It is a matter which we keep to ourselves, but deep down in the heart is a wonder whether this beautiful something which we call religion can be relied upon as firmly, for instance, as the sea captain relies on his compass in a storm. Hence the despair which we find when death comes into the house, and hence our weakness when a bold and insolent temptation assails us. We are not thoroughly convinced, and, though we hope that God is there and does hear us when we cry, we have a doubt which seizes us like a sudden throb of agony.

That is not religion; it is only the simulation of it. It is a staff of willow, not a staff of oak. It serves in good weather, but in the tempest it fails us. When Davy invented his wire gauze lamp as a protection against the explosive fire damp in mines the workmen looked at it and shook their heads. It was too simple to be worth much. But Davy had faith in his lamp. He lighted the candle, went into the bowels of the earth, sought the spot where fire damp lay in ambush and exposed himself to the danger. He had not only a theory, but a conviction. He would trust his life to it. No test could be too severe. He felt absolutely safe with that lantern in his hand.

That is the kind of faith we want if our lives are to become heroic. And when we are possessed of it we have something else besides. Faith in God produces faith that our earthly experiences are our discipline and our preparation. The moment you see God as your Father duty becomes not only clear and distinct, but easy. Alone you can bear but little, but with the infinite reservoir of power and love to draw from you are equal to whatever your position may be. If God is with you, then the angels who do His bidding will be your companions. You become one of the great family and will be consciously helped by unseen hands over the rough places. And this consciousness will grow clearer as your faith increases, until in the end there will be only a thin veil between you and the other world. You will live in the friendship of the departed as you live in that of the dear ones in your household. The Christ realized this, but we are yet dull of hearing and dim of sight.

Immortality will become not a vague hope or even a reasonable belief, but a demonstrable certainty, and you will live in the two worlds at the same time. Your last hour will find you with a smile on your lips and a great gladness in your heart. You will eagerly step out of a tired body to be welcomed by those who await your coming.

That is the kind of religion which men long for, and which they will have when they wake up from this half belief and this make believe to a realization of the glorious truth. It was Christ's religion, and it is our own fault if we do not make it ours.

Herr Von Holleben, who entertains Prince Henry as Germany's chief representative in America, has been Ambassador at Washington since 1897, and was Minister to the United States from 1892 to 1891. He is the second in the Ambassadorial corps, and upon the retirement of Lord Pauncefote will become the dean. He is sixty years old, a native of Bremen, and a graduate of Heidelberg. He was educated especially for the diplomatic service. While at the university he was distinguished as a successful duelist, and his face shows the marks of sword encounters. He is a confirmed bachelor.

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, ain't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martern—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Anecdotal.

After one of his trips to the Emerald Isle Foote was praising the hospitality of the Irish, when a gentleman asked him whether he had been at Cork. "No, sir," answered Foote, "but I have seen many drawings of it."

Disraeli once said of Sir William Harcourt in his affectedly cynical way: "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." To this, when it was repeated to him, Harcourt rejoined: "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Tradition ascribes to the second Pitt the dying words: "O, my country—my country! How I leave my country!" What, in fact, Pitt said was: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork-pies." Which he did—and straightway expired, to the intense grief of the nation. This version is attested by the head-waiter of "Bellamy's" (likewise deceased), who told it to Mr. Disraeli.

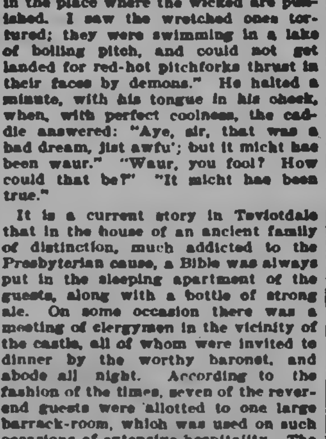
Louis XIV. was told that Lord Stair was one of the best-bred men in Europe. "I shall soon put him to the test," said the king; and asking Lord Stair to take an airing with him, as soon as the door of the coach was opened, he bade him pass and get in. The other bowed and obeyed. The king said: "The world is in the right in the character it gives—another person would have troubled me with ceremony."

When, a few years ago, the King of Portugal was a guest at Lord Salisbury's country seat, the Prince of Wales—now King Edward—asked King Carlos what had impressed him most during his stay in England. "English roast beef is very delightful," was the reply. "Oh," said the Prince, "surely something else has impressed you as well." "Ah, yes," returned Carlos; "of course, there is English boiled beef, which is also delightful."

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers: The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula: If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived." If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived." The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word: "Tandem."

A certain Scotch caddie named Mathie Gorum was noted for his invariable remark after a poor shot by the person he was serving: "It micht hae been waur," which was meant to be consolatory and encouraging. His master, a clergyman, was wearied with this well-meaning flattery. Accordingly, to make sure that he would squash the remark for once, he told the caddie he had a terrible dream the night before. "Mathie, my man, I dreamt that I was in the place where the wicked are punished. I saw the wretched ones tortured; they were swimming in a lake of boiling pitch, and could not get landed for red-hot pitchforks thrust in their faces by demons." He halted a minute, with his tongue in his cheek, when, with perfect coolness, the caddie answered: "Aye, sir, that was a bad dream, jist awfu'; but it micht hae been waur." "Waur, you fool? How could that be?" "It micht hae been true."

It is a current story in Teviotdale that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put in the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On some occasion there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and abode all night. According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extensive hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented each with a Bible and a bottle of ale. But, after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic as he was leaving the apartment. "My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know when we meet together as brethren the youngest man reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one Bible, therefore, is necessary. Take away the other six, and, in their place, bring six more bottles of ale."



"Now, James, please remember: Left hand—Eggs, poultry, three yards of silk to match my skirt, lining for Mamie's dress, and a new reefer for George. Right hand—Nellie's ribbons, Harry's algebra, telephone message to Henry, a box of starch, and my new bonnet. Say them over as you go to town."—"Harper's Weekly."

Sue Brette—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—Chicago "News."

A visitor to a farm was especially struck by the great ruggedness and strength of one of the stalwart harvest hands, and said to the farmer: "That fellow ought to be chuck-full of work." "He is," replied the farmer, "or he ought to be, because I hain't never been able to get none out of him."—From "Success."

"I see that Mrs. Uptardeight is addressing the Mothers' Scientific Club this afternoon on The Care of Children." "Speaking of children, who was that youngster that broke into Snoop's candy store last night and robbed the till?" "That—why, that was Mrs. Uptardeight's youngest."—Baltimore "News."

Doubtless She Was.

Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop? Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

Bargains.

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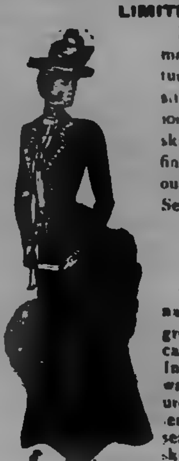

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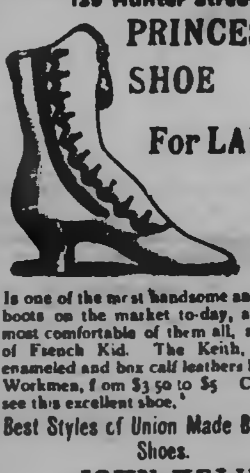

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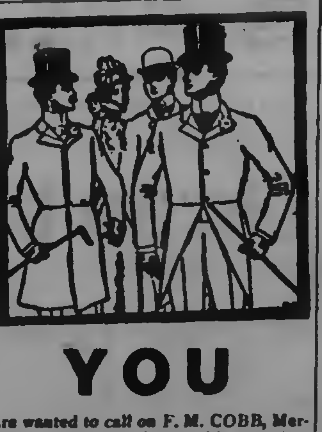

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Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, [illegible]. Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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CURE YOURSELF!

[illegible]

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 3 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 3 1-2 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 82. There were 128 new cases in September, 300 in October, 472 in November, 804 in December and 1,285 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

A man who was bicycling in southern France was pushing his machine up a steep hill, when he overtook a peasant with a donkey cart. The patient beast was making but little progress, although it was doing its best.

The benevolent cyclist, putting his left hand against the back of the cart and guiding his machine with the other hand, pushed so hard that the donkey, taking fresh courage, pulled his load successfully up to the top.

When the summit was reached the peasant burst into thanks to his benefactor.

"It was good of you, indeed, monsieur!" he protested. "I should never in the world have got up the hill with only one donkey."—Youth's Companion.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 5th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

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I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

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MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home. Must write a fair hand; $6 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 59 Dearborn street, Chicago.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Atlas Novelty Co., D pt. 116 Chicago.

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

He knit his brows into a quizzical frown, asking quietly:

"Did you ever hear the old lines:

"'If a woman will, she will, you may depend on't,
If a woman won't, she won't, so there's an end on't.'"

"But I repeat it must not be!" cried Daisy, wildly. "I would as soon see her lying in her coffin!"

"How vehement you are, my darling," laughed Aleck; "but why do you dislike the count so much and all at once? You declared, only a little while since, that we must take him into society, and make quite a lion of him, and now——"

"Now he has lost my good will by falling in love with Olive," she faltered.

"If you think there is the least doubt as to his social standing, we can investigate at once."

"No— no!" cried Daisy, in a spasm of guilty terror; "do not do that, Aleck— anything but that!"

"Then if you have nothing in particular against him, why interfere, my darling? Every heart should choose its own mate. Think how badly you and I should have felt if any one had tried to separate us."

She crept closer up to him, her breath coming in short gasps.

"It would have killed me, Aleck," she whispered; and you— oh, Aleck! what would you have done if any one had come between us?"

"I would have gone through fire and water to have won you, my wild flower," he replied, earnestly.

"I have thanked heaven," he went on slowly, "that I am your first and only love, Daisy. I am a very jealous fellow, my darling. I should never have allowed myself to love you, if you had ever cared for any one else."

"I have never loved any one but you, Aleck," she whispered. "I should solemnly say that if I were dying."

"You must not say such grave things, Daisy," said Aleck. "Gloomy thoughts are depressing."

"That reminds me of Olive's message. There is a party of gypsies encamped back of the grove. The young folks are going to take a stroll down that way, and want you to go with them. You had better go, dear; it will take up your time and attention."

"I am not going, dear," said Daisy to her sister, when Olive made her appearance half an hour later. "You must go with our guests — my head aches."

"The gypsy tents and their campfires are very picturesque when viewed by moonlight. You had better come, Daisy, especially as they are to be ordered from the grove tomorrow."

But Daisy declined.

"I shall not leave my room," she declared. "My head aches."

Aleck was loath to leave her by herself; but she insisted he should accompany their guests.

It was a merry party which set out for the grove a little later.

Daisy watched them out of sight with restless eyes.

"I couldn't have a better opportunity," she murmured, catching her breath with a hard sob.

Hurrying to the wardrobe, she took from it a long, dark cloak lined with scarlet, drew the hood over her face and stole noiselessly by a rear entrance from the house, and by cutting across lots, gained the grove fully half an hour in advance of the party that had gone round by the main road.

Once in the grove, Daisy turned her cloak crimson side out and waited patiently by a fallen log for their approach.

She had not long to wait. She soon heard voices, Olive's the gayest and brightest of them all.

They passed the little shrinking figure in the crimson cloak, who drew furtively back among the shadows, laughing and chattering as they passed on toward the white tents.

It happened that Olive fell back a few paces. This was Daisy's chance.

Darting quickly forward, she touched her on the arm.

"If you would have your fortune told, bonny lady," she said, in a hoarse constrained voice that could never have been recognized, "come apart a little way to where the nightingale is singing, and I will tell you of the strangest fortune the fates have in store for you that ever was heard."

Olive glanced down curiously at the small, misshapen figure in the bright, crimson cloak standing amid the shadows of the trees.

"I know my fortune," she said impatiently. "I have had my love-dream, met my lover, and am engaged, and soon to be married; so there, what more of a fortune could you tell me, my good gypsy."

"I could tell you of the curse that hangs over your proud head!" was the startling answer.

CHAPTER XXII.

Only a Dash of the Pen.

Olive Gordon's face grew strangely white.

"A curse!" she repeated, with a gasp. "Why, what can you mean?"

"You have a lover," replied her companion; "handsome, gay, debonair, whom you would wed; but hark you, lady, listen to the gypsy's warning— turn from him— love him not — his life is accursed— he is not for love— not for marriage with such as you. If you married him the greatest curse that ever fell on a woman's head would fall upon yours."

"I do not believe it!" cried Olive. "I will marry him in defiance of every curse. I will hear no more; who are you who dares defame my betrothed?"

She stretched out her hand to grasp the little red- cloaked figure beside her and drag her out into the clearer light that she might see her face, but the little figure was too quick for her— like a shadow she had glided amongst the pines and was lost in the darkness.

"I have failed," muttered Daisy, hurrying back to the house. "I might have known— heaven help me, what shall I do now— which way shall I turn?"

"There is but one thing to do," she murmured, sinking on her knees when she reached her own room, "and that is, to live through the coming month as best I can, and on the day of the wedding end it all by a full confession of everything— and while they read what I have written, I shall be lying cold in death — then perhaps they will forgive me my terrible sin— when they see that

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Abigail Again.

I SEE by the papers, says a writer in "Pick-Me-Up," that some worthy people in high places are getting a little tired of the servant girl question, and now there is a proposal to bring boys up to the job. What will become of the balance of the girls willing but not henceforward able to take to service, is not stated. Perhaps the English language is too abrupt and practical to permit of any reliable statement of the kind. But, of course, it's the old trouble. When mistress and maid fall out the fault is always the maid's. We never hear of any society for proving mistresses in the wrong. And poor old Abigail is down again!

I think before people lay the blame too heavily on Abigail they should search their own hearts and see if there is no fault in themselves. Just because the family thinks it would like to have breakfast at eight o'clock in the morning, Abigail's night's rest is practically broken from seven a.m. onwards. First there is the alarm clock, which rattles like the Day of Judgment; and just as she has turned over and gone to sleep again, the electric bell over her head starts its infernal clatter, interrupting her in a most lovely dream just where she and the milkman's young man had arranged to get married as soon as he could get trusted for a suite of kitchen furniture and a regulation four-poster. And as a final blow she has to sit up in bed and hear the master downstairs offering to run up and drag her out of bed, while the missis is declining the offer with some energy. No thanks.

How much nicer it would be to treat Abigail like one of the family. Now and again it would show a very good feeling if the head of the family went off to the city without his breakfast rather than disturb Abigail in her second go of beauty sleep. When employers meet together and talk of Abigail's sins, it never seems to occur to them that they might win her over by a timely display of generosity. Nobody seems to think anything of it if missis comes down to breakfast in a dressing-gown. She chooses to do it, and that is enough. But if Abigail waits at the breakfast-table in a red flannel petticoat, fastened over her shoulders with a safety-pin, the harsh remarks that are heaped upon a poor orphan girl are positively brutal.

What Abigail objects to so much is the perpetual fault-finding. Suppose she does drop a plate on the ground and break it? A plate must be broken sooner or later in the ordinary course of nature, and, as Horatius said when he called for volunteers to defend the narrow pass, we may as well pick it off as wait for it to drop on us.

In many households it is quite a usual thing to keep a common, irresponsible cat of indifferent moral character, and to let it have the free run of the place. If the cat does anything wrong, the missis at once blames —Abigail. Is it any wonder that the servant girl has turned at last after centuries of injustice? If the cat should get the key of the beer cask and go down and draw off a modest quencher, it's as likely as not that Abigail is charged with having taken the beer for her favorite policeman, when it is well known that he is a teetotaller and only eats cloves to improve his complexion. As every naturalist is well aware, it is quite a common thing for a cat to run round to the pawnbroker's with a couple of the best tablecloths till the end of the month; but as sure as anything Abigail will be charged with the offence, just because the ticket happened to fall out of her petticoat pocket. Most unreasonable.

The way to solve the problem is not for the mistresses to entrench themselves on one side and the maids on the other, and speak in harsh and inconsiderate language of the opposition. As Lord Rosebery says, the way to make peace is for two travelers to arrive at an inn and have a drink or something of that sort, and drop hints of mutual concessions in between the sips. The mistresses should meet the maids casually and get some idea of the basic principles of domestic service as governed by the natural aspirations of both sides. As I make it out, the point of view of the mistresses will be that they want a girl who will always get up at six in the morning, who will always look neat and tidy, and who will be talked at in a loud, rasping voice from the attic to the cellar without once answering back in the dreamy, picturesque language of Bermondsey. A girl who can do the work of three men, and who has a small appetite, will be preferred.

From the maids' point of view, I understand it is considered essential that a bicycle should be kept on the premises exclusively for kitchen use, and that the offensive habit of locking up the piano and hiding the key will be discontinued. It will also be necessary that the objectionable practice of counting the bottles of sherry in the cellar, and the mince pies in the larder, should at once cease, as this sort of thing is calculated to imply distrust and want of confidence. The question as to the privilege of wearing the missis's sealskin jacket or her new hat is not definitely settled; but it is understood that a concession of this sort would go far to remove the bad blood that has been stirred up in this unfortunate controversy.

Sweetness Long Drawn Out.

A business man of whom the "Youth's Companion" tells declares that the average stenographer will not learn to spell correctly until the millennium comes. In support of his opinion he relates his experience with a young woman whose spelling, as he describes it, had an "engaging originality," but who was so amiable and even-tempered that he seldom found heart to rebuke her.

One day she appeared before him with a neatly written letter for a Southern correspondent. He hastily looked it over.

"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar s-u-g-g-a-r."

The young woman looked at it a moment critically, and then her face brightened as she replied:

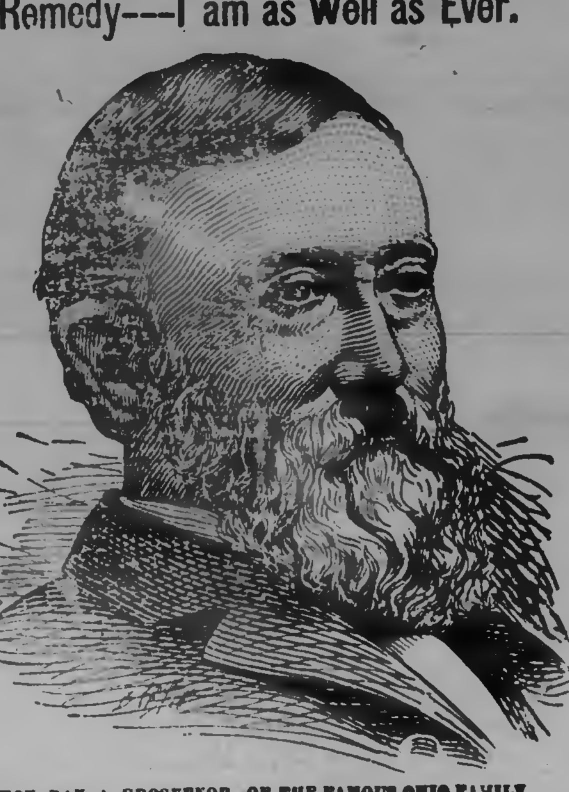
"So I have. How careless of me! I don't see how I came to leave out the 'h.'"

Supply Limited.

"This is tough luck," said Ham, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. "What's wrong now?" queried Shem. "Why, all this water to fish in," replied Ham, "and only two fishin' worms on board."—Ohio State Journal."

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy—I am as Well as Ever."



HON. DAN. A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."—

DAN. A. GROSVENOR.

In a recent letter he says:

"I consider Peruna really more meritorious than I did when I wrote you last. I receive numerous letters from acquaintances all over the country asking me if my certificate is genuine. I invariably answer, yes."—Dan. A. Grosvenor.

A County Commissioner's Letter.

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner, of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna:

"As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."—John Williams.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it.—Mattie L. Guild.

A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. W. P. Brownlow, Congressman from Tennessee, writes from Washington, D. C., the following:

"I have suffered from catarrh of the stomach for several years, and for the past twelve months was in an exceedingly critical condition. My attention was called to your Peruna, and I began to use it, and my improvement was noticeable after the first three days. I have taken three bottles of the medicine and I feel satisfied that I am now almost, if not permanently, cured. In connection with the Peruna, I have used your Manalin for biliousness and torpid liver. I regard it as the best medicine for this purpose that I have ever used. Having been benefited so much myself, I give you this statement, that others may be likewise benefited."—W. P. Brownlow, M. C., Jonesboro, Tenn.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 168, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn.

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy."—Mrs. Elmer Fleming.

Treat Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

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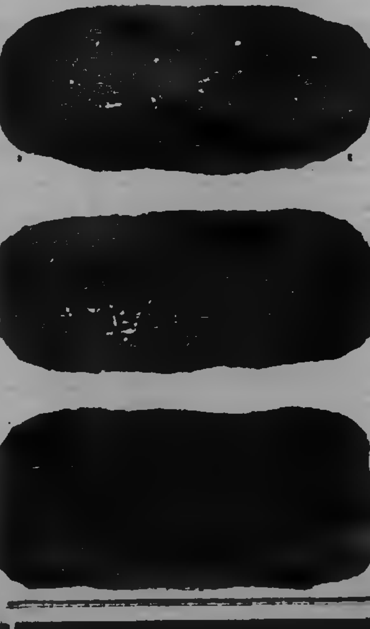

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Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 26, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The wire fence has been removed from Victoria Park.

—A meeting of the committee of the whole council took place last night.

—The Peterborough Board of Trade will meet on Monday night to discuss the Street Railway franchise, and other matters.

—Mr. R. H. Leary, has of late made a new addition to his livery in the shape of pneumatic tire wheel barrow purchased from Mr. W. J. Doughty.

—The remaining men of the Peterborough Quota will leave for South Africa tonight.

—The Chief has a memorandum book and pocket book for which he would like an owner.

—Complaints have been made that red cedar trees are being cut on the Islands of Stony Lake by the Indians.

—Another way for Mr. Carnegie to get rid of his surplus millions is to eat meat three times a day.

—A sale of useful and fancy articles, under the auspices of the Ladie's Aid Society, will be held in the School Room of St. Paul's Church, on May 8th, commencing at 5 p.m. A high tea will be served from 5.30 to 7.30. p.m.

—A meeting of the Ladie's Reading Circle of St. Peter's T.A.S., will be held Tuesday evening, at which a paper will be read on the "Life and Labours of Fath er Matthew, the Apostle of Temperance," by Mr. P. J. Bagley. A musical programme will be presented.

—A merchant may have absolutely the best goods on the market. Yet if he is not able to convince the public of the fact he might as well have inferior wares. Advertise. But advertise tersely, truthfully, temperately and timely, and always use the columns of The Times.

—Lindsay Post: A most peculiar accident happened yesterday afternoon to the Haliburton train while it was on its trip north. When near Distillery Creek bridge, a mile north of the Victoria Junction, the strong gale lifted the roof completely off an Intercolonial Railway box car, throwing it on the fence on the east side of the track. The train was stopped and the car examined, but as there was no other damage the trip north was continued.

—The following pupils entered the departmental drawing class, which is being conducted by Mr. Wm. Smith:—S. Plummer, N. Miller, H. Fair, W. Moncrief, W. H. Vickers, F. Dawson, Geo. Hall, R. McKee, W. Kennedy, G. Ferguson, F. Hewson, C. Gilbert and D. Carlisle. It is expected that a large number of these will secure certificates. The good showing is due to the good work done by the instructors, Messrs. Geo. Cliffe and W. H. Collier.

Major Denne's New Title

Lindsay Post: Major Denne, of Peterborough, was in town to-day on business.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

How They do it in Lindsay

Lindsay Post: The Reform Committee Rooms, opposite the Benson house, are being prettily decorated and the formal opening will take place tomorrow (Friday) evening, when addresses will be delivered by local speakers, interspersed with music.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Hon. J. R. Stratton was in town yesterday for a short time.

—Mr. J. C. Johnston, of Guelph, has joined the force of the Stanley Piano Co.

—Mr. D. O'Connell was in Havelock last night, where he addressed a big political meeting.

—Mr. Thos. Harris has returned from Toronto, where he has been on an extended business trip.

Mr. J. J. Sheehy, of Chicago, is in town, having been summoned home on account of the serious illness of his mother.

—Mrs. Richard Birdsall, returned yesterday from an extended trip to California and British Columbia.

Broke Her Leg

Yesterday about six o'clock a child who was riding a trycicle on the sidewalk on Charlotte street, near the Queen's Hotel, collided with a middle aged lady named Mrs. Lafave, who resides on Sherbrooke street. The woman was knocked down, and in falling had the misfortune to break one of the bones of her ankle. Dr. McNulty set the fractured limb.

A New Tea Store

The Stroud Tea Company, of Montreal, has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. W. J. Morrow, as manager of their Peterborough store. Mr. Morrow has had a long experience in the grocery business, and has a large circle of friends. The premises will be No. 366 George-st., next to Messrs. Stinson & Son, boot and shoe dealers, and are now being refitted, and will be opened by the middle of May, carrying a full line of teas, coffees, etc. In Mr. Morrow's able hands, and backed up by the excellent goods, the store should be a popular one with buyers of such staple necessaries as teas and coffees.

A Surprising Discovery

You will be surprised in trying Catarrhozone to find how quickly it cures cold in the head. The agreeable, penetrating vapor traverses every air cell and passage of the nose, throat and lungs. In one breath it carries instant death to the millions of germs infesting the respiratory organs and breaks up a cold in ten minutes.

A trial will convince you that Catarrhozone is the most potent, satisfactory and pleasant cure for colds, catarrh, deafness, bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble. Complete outfit $1, small size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure biliousness.

THE CAMPAIGN

It is Only a Question of Majority in West Peterborough

The Campaign in West Peterborough has not entered the stage of excitement yet, if it ever will. It is conceded on all sides that Hon. Mr. Stratton will be returned, and that it is only a question of majority. His splendid majority of 1,000 secured four years ago, will, we think, not be materially reduced. Indeed, if a man were to prophesy that it would disappear altogether, he would be laughed at. Some idea of the feeling that exists amongst the "sporting" element, may be inferred from the fact that bets have been made that Mr. Stratton's majority would exceed a thousand.

Thinking people, regardless of party, know that the interests of this rising young City can be best served by re-electing Mr. Stratton. They argue, and not without reason, that partyism should not enter into the campaign, and that Peterborough should support a government that gives us a cabinet minister.

TO THE FRONT

New Appointment for One of Our Esteemed Citizens.

The many friends of Mr. Jas. Strobell will be delighted to learn that late last evening he received the appointment of adjuster to one of the prominent Canadian Fire Insurance Companys of Canada and received his first call to adjust a Fire Insurance claim at Gananoque, the premises of F. O. Webster, Stanley Piano Representative of that town having been laid in ashes yesterday. We are sure that Mr. Strobell will perform his duty whether to adjust fire loss or fighting the Boer in South Africa.

Quite a delegation gave him a hearty send off at the station last night. "Tommy" McDonegue, Clerk at the Oriental narrowly missed accompanying him owing to his front line grip at the station.

LESS CANDY

Better to Give Children Delicious Food Than Candy

Some foods will cure dyspepsia and other foods will cause it. The safest way to get well is to use the food that agrees with the stomach and permits Nature to go along in a thoroughly natural way.

A lady says, "I have at last found a true way to get well and keep well, and that is by the use of Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.

For six years I suffered with indigestion and palpitation of the heart so that I could not sleep nights. I tried a great many different kinds of medicines and a lot of different kinds of cereals, but none of them helped me, and my stomach seemed to get worse and worse.

I became very despondent and was at a loss to know what to do. One day I read in the paper that Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food would cure indigestion and build up the body. I wondered if it contained any medicine, but learned that it did not, and that it was only a food prepared so that the stomach could easily digest it.

The next time I went down town I bought two packages. This was on Tuesday and it was all gone on Saturday for we all liked it so much, so I sent down and got three more packages and from that time I have been using Grape-Nuts steadily and my indigestion has entirely disappeared.

Sometimes when my little girl has been playing extra hard after supper she will climb on my knee, put my cheek and whisper in my ear, 'Mamma please give me something good.' I say (knowing all the time) 'What is good, dear?' She says, 'Grape-Nuts with cream on top,' and there is nothing else that she enjoys better than this good, wholesome food. She eats it for breakfast every morning and prefers Grape-Nuts pudding for dinner. At night she has Grape-Nuts for her supper with a soft boiled egg, and she thrives wonderfully on this kind of food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

DR. FORD SPEAKS

And Tells The Times About His Campaign in the East

Dr. Ford, the Conservative candidate, dropped into the Times office on Thursday evening, for half an hour's chat. He spent the day in Ashburnham and suburbs, and appeared to be well satisfied with his day's work.

The Doctor is exceedingly hopeful of the result, and says that he expects to head the poll by a handsome majority. In the back country, which he visited, he was well received, and was assured of a big vote in that district.

In discussing the outlook throughout the province, the Doctor said he was persuaded that the Conservatives would emerge from the conflict triumphant. There was every reason to believe that such would be the case.

Nerve Wracked and Insomnious

Everything goes wrong, head feels heavy and dull, mind is filled with strange forebodings, stomach is out of kilter. You need a good tonic like Ferrozone to bring back your lost appetite and digestion, and cleanse the blood of all impurities. Ferrozone is a wonderful invigorant and strengthener that will banish gloomy depression and quickly restore you to a healthy, vigorous condition of mind and body. Nothing is so good for the sick, weary and debilitated as Ferrozone. Price 50c per box at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure constipation.

Barbers May Raise Rates

The barbers of Peterborough contemplate an advance in rates at an early date. A prominent tonsorial artist said to The Times yesterday:

"I am of opinion that the time has arrived when our prices should be increased, in harmony with other things, and to partly overcome the extra expense in the way of wages, etc., that master barbers have to meet. I would suggest that general barbering such as haircutting and shaving prices be not changed, but hereafter it will cost 25c. instead of 15c. to have your razor honed. Then if you want your beard trimmed it will cost you 10c. instead of 20c. for haircut and beard trim as heretofore. I would also suggest that barbers close up one half day each week."

MANHOOD SUFFRAGE REGISTRATION

The Registration for Manhood Suffrage will be on the 12th, 13th, 14th of May.

The Sittings of the Board of Appeal will be on the 19th and the Supplementary Sittings will be on the 26th of May.

The Registrars are:

Ward No. 1—Joseph Lundy.
Ward No. 2.—W. F. Johnston.
Ward No. 3.—Chas Cameron.
Ward No. 4.—T. W. Robinson.

The places for registration will be the same as in former registrations.

GIRLS WANTED

Wanted at once, four or five good girls, to whom the highest wages will be paid. Apply to Wm. Snowden, Snowden House.

-G.H. NOBLE

PLUMBER

is prepared to do Plumbing and Steam fitting in all their different branches at most reasonable charges

Baths,
Water Closets,
Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.
PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 30,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 15th April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.

R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organised in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, willl be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 356½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $560,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 25,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $3.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.39 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	286,319.88	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, re payable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c. per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Masons Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa, and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 98
PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY APRIL 26 1902
PRICE TWO CENTS

EARL RUSSELL OF DIVORCE COURT FAME

Has Bill Before House of Lords Dealing With Divorce

SOME OF ITS PROVISIONS GIVEN

By It Marriage With a Deceased's Wife Sister Would be Made Legal

Special to The Times.

London, April 26—The divorce bill of Earl Russell, who has had a long series of marital troubles, was introduced in the House of Lords on Wednesday.

The first clause provides that either a man or wife may petition for a dissolution of their marriage, unless connivance is proved, on the grounds of either adultery, cruelty, penal servitude for not less than three years, unsound mind for a year preceding the filing of the petition, living apart for the preceding three years, and not intending to resume cohabitation, or living apart for the preceding year, when the other party concurs in the petition.

Clause 7 provides that after the commencement of the act no petition for a judicial separation or restitution of conjugal rights or respecting jactitation of marriage shall be received.

Clause 16 provides that as soon as a dissolution of marriage is effected the parties may marry again.

Clause 18 provides that marriage with a deceased wife's sister or a deceased husband's brother shall not be invalid by reason of affinity.

EARL RUSSELL'S WOES

In 1890 Earl Russell wedded the daughter of Sir Claude Scott, but in the following year she sued him for divorce, making charges of cruelty and other offences of a serious character. The charges created a great scandal. The Countess was unsuccessful in her suit and she was compelled to pay the costs which it is said amounted to over $25,000. Her mother, Lady Scott, was afterwards convicted and imprisoned for libelling the Earl, and the Countess was convicted of libelling H. A. Roberts, a master of Bath College, who was mentioned in the charge she made against her husband.

Five years ago the Countess withdrew the charges she had made against her husband and sued for restitution of conjugal rights. In this suit she was also unsuccessful. She then adopted the stage as a profession. In April, 1900, Lord Russell married Mollie Somerville Cooke, at Reno, Nevada. Earl Russell returned to England last year and was arrested for Bigamy. He was tried by the House of Lords, convicted and sentenced to three months in Holloway gaol, which he served. The first Countess Russell then secured a divorce, and on October 31 last Earl Russell remarried Mollie Somerville.

NEW RAILWAY RULES

How an American Railway Company Has Set the Pace

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 25 — Courtesy will hereafter characterize the conduct of trainmen on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, if the new regulations adopted by that road for the guidance of its employees are obeyed. Conductors and brakemen must remove their hats when passing through parlor cars and dining cars. They must answer the enquiries of passengers promptly and cheerfully. "Coarse and vulgar language from anyone employed on this road is prohibited, under the penalty of prompt dismissal." Trainmen must assist, or at least offer assistance, to all passengers when they alight at stations.

The drawling of words, so common to the vernacular of railroad employees when making such announcements as "All aboard!" is to be done away with. Passengers must never be ejected "except at a regular open station." Women, or "Children of tender age," are not to be "put off" under any circumstances; and a person travelling alone who is "in such a condition of mind and body as to be incapable of caring for himself must be placed in the custody of the nearest station agent." A brakeman is required to pass through every car of a train before it leaves its terminus and call out distinctly the names of all the stations on that line; and when approaching a station its name must be announced from each end of a car.

The new regulations go further and prescribe that a passenger train shall be called a "train of superior class," that a freight shall be known as a "second class train," that a side track shall be no longer denominated as a "siding," but as an "auxiliary," that engineers shall be called "engine men," and that the term "engine house" shall supersede the old name of "roundhouse."

The general manager and general superintendent of the road, who framed the rules, have caused the following injunction to be printed conspicuously on over 50 of the 135 pages which the book contains: "In case of doubt, adopt the safe course. Speed must always be sacrificed for safety."

HIS ENTERPRISING UNCLE

How a Peterborough Man Badly Missed a Good Thing

"I'm sorry I didn't stay with my uncle in New York," said a well known citizen to Mr. James Dolan, our enterprising and progressive dry goods merchant, when the latter refused him a job as clerk in his new store.

"Why?" asked Mr. Dolan, in a sympathetic tone.

"Oh, I'd been rich now," said the disappointed aspirant to the clerkship. "My uncle has one of the biggest saloon businesses in New York state. He kept forty men busy every day making mallets for tapping beer kegs. He runs five distilleries in connection with his saloon. His saloon is situated in a tract of 250 acres. In the centre of this tract is a fresh water lake that covers ten acres. Every morning he dumps ten car loads of sliced lemons into the lake and one car load of sugar, to make lemonade."

"How does he stir it?" asked Mr. D., becoming greatly interested.

"Why, he has three mules hitched to one of these big wheels they use in brickyards for stirring up the mud. He drives the mules through the lake and they stir up the mixture."

After the applicant had gone, Mr. Martin Connors, who was standing by and overheard the conversation, asked, "What is the matter with him?"

"Nothing," said Mr. Dolan, "except that he is not telling the truth."

Malt Breakfast Food

THE ONLY CEREAL FOOD THAT PERFECTLY AGREES WITH STOMACHS STRONG OR WEAK

The pre-eminent qualities of Malt Breakfast Food are the result of the action of the pure, health giving malt on the starch and gluten of the wheat, rendering them soluble and changing them into forms to be quickly absorbed by the stomach, then passing into the blood to enrich it and build up the nerves, the tissues, of the body and brain.

Malt Breakfast Food being quite free from starchy ingredients, requires no digestive effort or loss of bodily energy. It is delicious, comforting and soothing to the stomach of child or adult. It makes the weak strong and keeps the strong in perfect health. Malt Breakfast Food is recommended by physicians everywhere. Sold by all grocers.

Everybody reads The Times.

WILL SHIPPING COMBINE COERCE CANADA

Rumor in London That It Wants to Handle All the Emigration

THREATENS COMMERCIAL WAR.

Would Buy Up the Canadian Railways and Play with Ex Mob Generally

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Daily Express declares that the shipping combine is trying to coerce Canada into accepting its terms and conditions as to emigration rates and traffic, and that, if resistance is made, the combine will buy up the Canadian railroads and declare a commercial war.

It is the intention of the combine, says the Daily Express, to demand that the Canadian Emigration Department in London should cease to give facilities to the Elder, Dempster Company.

COLONEL DENISON'S PROPOSAL.

Colonel Denison fears that the trust will buy up the Canadian Pacific Railway, and thereby control all lines that could possibly feed the shipping. He says British policy should be to run a competing line, tax everything the combine vessels bring into this country, and let the things that the other line brings come in free.

TO FLY AMERICAN FLAG.

The Daily Mail publishes a statement this morning to the effect that the promoters of the new shipping combination will announce in a few days that the arrangement is one for mutual commercial convenience, and has no special national significance. At the same time the Daily Mail professes to know that the vessels of British lines which have been taken over will pass under the American flag after three or four years. It talks of a new shipping bill, which will be promoted in the United States Congress, with the object of permitting vessels built abroad but owned in America to be brought under the American flag, and quotes one of the promoters as saying that, apart from sailing vessels, private yachts, and the navy, the British flag will at the end of a few years have disappeared from the North Atlantic.

Shipping men consider that undue excitement has been caused by newspapers, and that the flag will remain over all British ships now in the trans-atlantic trade. They also contend that one combination will be met by another, for British capitalists, with the Admiralty behind them, will not allow the control of the merchant marine to pass into foreign hands. Without doubt there is a strong patriotic feeling in favor of a vigorous defence of British maritime interests against the grip of a money power.

Does Your Baby Cry at Night?

If so, it is well to know the great value of Polson's Nerviline, a household remedy for stomach pains, cramps, toothache, sick headache, and the manifold ills peculiar to children. A few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water makes a pleasant drink and never fails to quickly relieve. Nerviline is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c. a bottle. Get Nerviline from your druggist to-day.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills for headache.

WHAT THE TORONTO STAR SAYS

In Reference to the Street Railway and Another Industry for Peterborough

From Toronto Star.

Peterborough, April 24.— The Peterboro Street Railway, which was built by the Edison Company when the electric works were established here, and which was afterwards acquired by the Peterboro and Ashburnham Street Railway Company, was sold yesterday afternoon to a Detroit syndicate. The line has not been operated for a couple of years, but will be put in first class shape by July 1st. Branch lines will also be operated to nearby summer resorts, including Chemong Park, Lakefield and Rice Lake.

The big cereal works are being got into good shape. The building is eight storeys in height, and of mammoth proportions otherwise.

Another large American cereal company is in negotiation with Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell, of the Central Ontario Power Company, regarding the building of a branch factory here. The company whose factory is now here will fill its European orders from this city, and it is said the new company's main object in locating in Canada is to secure the advantage of the preference which may be given by Great Britain to Canadian food products.

SHOULD MINISTERS SHAVE?

Presbyterian Pastors Engage in a Discussion of the Question

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25.—Should a minister wear whiskers after his beard becomes gray? was a question which arose at to-day's session of the Presbyterian Ministerial Association. Rev. Mr. Sherrard held that a minister should remain young in appearance as long as possible, and that this is almost impossible when the face is covered with long white hair. Once he was invited to preach a trial sermon. He was entertained over Sunday at the home of one of the congregation and almost the first question asked him was in regard to his age. In a joking manner he replied that he was over 40, when, as a matter of fact, he was 52. Mr. Sherrard said he believed one of the reasons why he was called to the charge was on account of his not having a beard.

Then the bearded men took up the defence. Rev. Dr. Dunlap Moore said the face had little to do with the man. He did not know but that few Apostles ever shaved, he said, and Christ has always been pictured to us with a beard. While in India Dr. Moore shaved daily, and the Mohammedans often questioned him in regard to his hairless face. He found that the beard had secured the respect of the Mohammedans, and, therefore, he allowed his to grow. He referred to the beardless man as resembling woman.

PLAN TO FIGHT TRUST

He Would Have Britain Tax All Goods by Combine's Vessel

Special to The Times.

London, April 25.—The Daily Express publishes two flaring columns under the heading "Splitting the Empire," "Morgan Trust to Control Canada." It alleges that Canada will be coerced to accept the terms of the trust, its immigrant rates will be fixed, and they will be compelled to travel on the steamers of the trust. Failing this, commercial war will be declared. The Express anticipates the trust will control the Canada Pacific, securing absolute command of Canadian ports and railways.

Other alarmist reports are elaborated, apparently on the authority of Col. Denison, who urges the British and Canadian Governments to run a competing line, and tax everything the trust vessels bring, and British letting everything the Anglo-Canadian line brings enter free.

KING'S BIRTHDAY

Government to Introduce Bill to Recognize Two Holidays on One Day

The government has decided to introduce a bill at the present session providing for the celebration of the King's birthday on May 24th, Victoria Day.

King Edward's birthday is November 9th, but Thanksgiving Day usually takes place that month and the official view is that it would be most inconvenient to have another holiday in November. In England the King's birthday will be celebrated on May 30th, but it is deemed better that Canadians should take advantage of the holiday already fixed by statute for the 24th. George the third's birthday was June 4th. This continued to be observed in Canada as the sovereign's birthday throughout the reign of George IV and William IV. It is likely that June 26th will be proclaimed as a holiday in honor of the coronation of King Edward.

Follow the Example of the Millions of Women Now Now Use

DIAMOND DYES

It is safe to follow the example of the millions of wise women who have made the Diamond Dyes their chosen and only dyes for home coloring. The faith of all is so firmly established in the excellence of the Diamond Dyes that they would not use any other make, even if they were given the common and imitation dyes free of cost. Valuable goods and garments should not be risked with poor and untried dyes. Ruin, loss of money and bad temper is the sure result.

Mrs. R. F. Swalwell, 108 Harris st., Vancouver, B.C., says: "I have used a great many of the Diamond Dyes and have always had most satisfactory results. I have dyed silks, dresses, men's clothes, curtains and any quantity of wool goods to my entire satisfaction."

Despised Even by Brute

"I've worked around animals more or less all my life," said a well known livery man, "and I have noticed particularly the effect that a drunken man has on them. A horse hates a man with a jag worse than the devil hates holy water, but a dog seems to feel that a drunk isn't responsible for himself and acts accordingly. A dog, no matter how fierce he is, will never bite a drunken man. He seems to know by instinct when a man is under the weather, and treats him much as he would treat a child. But with a horse it's different. A horse treats a drunken man with contempt—doesn't want to have anything to do with him. There used to be an old bum who loafed around the stables, and who somehow or other always managed to keep loaded up to the nozzle. Some nights he would creep into a stall and go to sleep in the straw. The horses, when they finished at night would always be ready to drop in their stalls, but I never knew a horse that would sleep with the bum. Rather than lie down alongside him the horse would stand up all night."

THE COUNCIL AND THE ELECTRIC RAILWAY.

Many Reasons Why the Franchise Should be Transferred

RAILWAY GREATLY NEEDED

Leading Citizens Favor a Thirty Year Franchise to The Company

The Company will Then be in a Position to Handle its Bonds to Advantage

The citizens of Peterborough are delighted at the prospect of having the street railway resurrected and put in first class shape. On all sides one hears nothing but words of commendation of the scheme, which is sure to play an important party in the development of our town and district. The extension of the road to Chemong and Lakefield will be a good thing for the town, and will do much to develop and popularize Peterborough as a summer resort. The fact that lines of railway are to be constructed to outlying points without one cent of municipal aid and costing the town absolutely nothing is too good a thing to contemplate without intense satisfaction. It is more than likely that besides Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point, the road will eventually reach out in other directions—probably down the old Cobourg track to Hastings, to Keene, and other places within a close radius of Peterborough. But better than all, there would doubtless be an effort made to continue the line from Young's Point to Burleigh Falls and thence to Apsley, bringing the whole back country our way.

The Times, in order to strengthen the hands of the Council has interviewed a few of the leading citizens with regard to granting the thirty years' extension asked for.

Mr. D. W. Dumble thought that the town should help the Company in every possible way.

Other places bonused railways in order to bring trade and develop the town. In our case the road was being built to outside points without costing us a dollar. He was strongly in favor of granting the thirty year franchise.

Mr. W. A. Cressman was satisfied that the council would be making a big mistake if it was to hamper the Company in any way. He is of the opinion that a good electric railway to outlying points would naturally help business.

Mr. A. Poussette, K.C., said: "I have for several years interested myself very considerably in an endeavor to revive the railway, and am pleased to learn that a contract for its sale has been made to substantial people. I am satisfied that the town should grant a thirty year franchise as no shorter term would enable the purchasers to float bonds for the enlarged scheme proposed. Great credit is due to Mayor Denne for bringing the negotiations to a successful issue, and it is now for him and the Council to see that the sale is not prevented going through."

Mr. James Dolan was delighted with the prospects of getting an up-to-date electric railway. It would help business and do much for the town. He was in favor of giving them all the privileges they desired in the way of street franchise.

Mr. H. LeBrun believed in railways, and especially in electric roads running into outlying villages. As for the thirty-year franchise, he thought the Council should not object to this, as half this time would probably elapse before the investment paid.

Mr. R. B. McKee said he believed Peterborough was particularly lucky in getting American capital interested. He thought the council should do everything in its power to help the Company, and secure an early start.

—Mr. H. C. Winch thought we were exceedingly fortunate in having the old buried railway so gloriously resurrected. He believed the opening of the railway to Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point would mark an era in the town's history. The franchise was none too long, considering what was to be undertaken.

Mr. J. M. Brooks said that the Oshawa Council, of which he was a member at the time, not only gave the electric railway a street franchise, but also gave a bonus of $5000. Peterborough would indeed be making a big mistake in placing any obstacles in the way of the present negotiations for a 30 year franchise.

Mr. W. H. Meldrum was in favor of meeting the wishes of the new Company as far as possible consistant with our own interests. He thought that with the present rate of increase in population, an electric railway would be a paying investment in five years' time. Twenty years, he thought, would be a reasonable time for the franchise to run. Proper conditions should be inserted in the contract as regards keeping the roadbed in order.

Mr. Chas. Stanley was anxious to see the railway again in operation, and believed the new owners are the people to give us a first class road. The town had everything to gain and nothing to lose. He would not object to a 30 year franchise so long as the company gave us a good service.

Dr. Halliday thought the Company should be given a 30-year franchise, as it probably would be many years before the railway was made to pay. A good electric street car service was much to be deserved, and he was very pleased to hear that we were likely to secure one.

Items of Interest

London, April 25.—Fifty persons were injured this morning in an accident on the Great Eastern Railway near the Hackney Downs station. As a train for Walthamstow called the "three penny train" was crossing the bridge an axle of the car nearest the locomotive broke, and the coach jumped the rails, crashed into the side of the bridge and lodged across both tracks. The train was filled with persons on their way to work.

The two coaches following the stranded car crashed into it, completing the wreck and dealing awful havoc among the passengers caught therein.

The second car also was wrecked, and a number of its inmates were badly hurt. The injured were taken to the hospital.

DEVELOPING RUSSIAN TRADE.

London, April 25.—Prince Scherbatoff, who has arrived in London for the purpose of establishing closer direct Anglo-Russian trade relations, was yesterday interviewed by a representative of Reuter's Agency. "The main facts I wish to emphasize," said he, "are that there are 12,000,000 householders in Russia whose interested in finding a market for the surplus agricultural production of that country, and that there are 4,000,000 householders in Great Britain who are interested in finding markets for English manufactured goods.

"If you take into consideration the development of Russia and the increase of the population, I am quite sure that in thirty years the actual consumption now to £51,000,000 would rise to £2,000,000,000. It will be England's fault if she allows this market to slip from her hands."

CRITICIZED BY LORD ROBERTS.

London, April 25.—Some candid criticism on the efficiency shown last year by the regular practice is to be found in a memorandum just issued by Lord Roberts.

The Commander-in-Chief refrains from enumerating certain units in which the results were bad, but significantly remarks that "the names of the officials commanding these units have been noted, and this fact will be taken into account in considering their future advancement in the army."

In regard to the regular army, Lord Roberts insists upon effeciency in musketry practice in officers, both commissioned, and upon increased attention to the training of recruits, while he emphasizes the necessity of training soldiers to use their own intelligence and judgment.

NEW OIL ENGINE.

London, April 25.—Messrs. Thornycroft, the well-known ship-builders of Chiswick, are experimenting with a new oil engine which may not only revolutionize private yacht propulsion, but may also effect a remarkable change in the adaptability and allround efficiency in the smaller craft of our navy. Messrs. Thornycroft point out the advantages of the motor for navy cutters and similar craft no less than for private yachts, and are building a special steel cutter in which to make experiments. The oil motor occupies certainly not more than half the space of the steam engine. Power can be developed in ten minutes, where half an hour would be required for steam, and the oil fuel that can be carried will last twice the time that coal will.

LORD O'BRIEN ADVENTURE.

London, April 25.—Lord Chief Justice O'Brien has had a remarkable experience at the Ennis Assizes. His coachman had to give evidence before another judge in a different part of the building. Leaving his magnificent livery hat on the coach-box, the servant handed over his horses to the charge of a ragged little urchin, and departed. The chief justice rose rather early, was ushered out to his carriage, and took his seat without noticing that the coachman was absent. The escort drew their swords, the trumpeter blew his trumpet, and the carriage, states The Freeman's Journal, drove away to his Lordship's lodgings. His Lordship could not understand the rapidity of the pace or the roars of laughter of the spectators, till, on alighting, he discovered that he had been driven by the tattered urchin, who was wearing the coachman's resplendent hat.

London, April 25.—Lord Roberts has given orders that all reservists of cavalry, infantry and army service corps who are at present on "working furlough" are at once to be recalled to regimental duty. Immediately on their return they are to be medically examined, and if fit for foreign service they are to embark for South Africa with the next regimental draft. If not medically fit they are to be discharged. By this means it is hoped that a considerable waste of money will be averted. There have been for over two years a large number of men who, though nominally effective reservists, have been medically unfit for service abroad whenever mobilized. These men, although they have had nothing to do, have since the war started been in receipt of their full regimental pay and 6d. a day furlough money in addition.

FARMERS CO-OPERATIVE DAIRY.

London, April 25.—The Warwickshire Farmers' Association have established at Coventry a co-operative dairy for dealing with large supplies of milk direct from the farmer. They have acquired what was formerly a cycle factory, and this has been equipped with the most modern machinery for pasteurizing and sterilizing milk. Each farmer becomes a shareholder in proportion to the quantity of milk supplied.

Napanee, April 25.—Word was received here this morning from Phoenix, Arizona announcing the death of Mr. John A. Shibley, business manager of the well known firm of Dean & Shibley, bankers, promoters and financial agents of New York city and Providence, R.I. The late Mr. Shibley was one of the most successful young Canadians in the States. He was born in 1866, near the Village of Wilton, Addington County. He went to the States in the early nineties, and aided solely by his own energies and abilities, became at thirty-three years of age a millionaire. Three years ago Mr. Shibley purchased a summer residence in Napanee, where he has since spent much of his time. His large handed donations for benevolent purposes have been the talk of town and country. Last summer and the preceding summer all the children of the Counties of Lennox and Addington and of the surrounding towns were invited to the Napanee Park, where several thousand of them were royally entertained at Mr. Shibley's expense. Death was due to tuberculosis. The remains, accompanied by Mrs. Shibley, valet and nurse, will be sent here on Monday for interment.

A Splendid Investment

The advertisement in this issue, referring to the offer of preference stock of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, calls attention to the rapid development of one of Canada's most important resources. The President, Mr. Edwards, is a wealthy and far-seeing business man, and one of the Directors is Mr. Waterous, of Brantford. The location of the works is on the Bay of Chaleurs, where there is an unlimited supply of wood and a fine water power, and whence the shipping facilities to all parts of the world are excellent. The stock offered for sale will pay 7 per cent., and there should be no difficulty in earning it, under such careful management as there is every reason to expect from the men who have the enterprise under their control.

Weather Notes

Probs. To-day,—South and southwesterly winds; showers and local thunderstorms; warmer.

CHINESE SOLDIERS DEFEAT REBELS

The Latter were Scattered and Their Leader Taken Prisoner

A BIG FIGHT NEAR NAN NING

Later the Rebels Took Two Villages and Established Their Headquarters

Special to The Times.

Hong Kong, April 25.—Advices received here to-day from Wu Chou, under date of Tuesday, April 22 announce that a bloody battle was then proceeding between a force of Imperial troops on their way to Nan Ning and a large force of rebels. The Imperial army attacked the rebels' encampment in the Wu Chang hills, brought up two maxims and two twelve pounders, and finally scattered the rebels and captured their leader, Hung Yung Seng, who was wounded.

Subsequently the rebels captured two villages on the outskirts of Nan Ning, and established their headquarters in these villages.

ABOUT WEALTHY CHILDREN

A Citizen who Thinks that they Miss a Lot of Fun

Yesterday a well known gentleman about town entered the Times' sanctum, and, seating himself on an easy chair, began to expound some theories to the editor of this great family journal. Our new office boy, who is no paragon of cleanliness and beauty, attracted his attention, and he said:

"Our wealthy children are disreputably clean. They are little patterns of anemic primness. They exist merely for their clothes. A good roll in the mud is what they need. Mud pies, that blessed institution of happy, normal children, would be their salvation.

"A plush civilization is not the one for children. The home on whose walls the pictures are crying out for space is not the home for children. Parents must decide whether the upholsterer, the tailor or the child shall rule the home."

And the g.f.j., cordially endorses the above deductions, which are based on good square common sense.

WEDDING BELLS

Nuptials of Miss A. K. Shaw and Mr. C. F. DeMill

A very pretty wedding took place on Thursday evening last, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Major, Rubidge street. The contracting parties were Miss Amey Kathleen Shaw, of Bedford, England and Mr. Charles Fremont DeMill of the Canadian General Electric Co., and formerly of Hamilton Ont.

The bridal party entered the drawing-room at eight o'clock to the strains of the wedding march, which was played by Miss May Koster. The bride wore a most becoming gown of crepe-de-chene draped with applique and the bride's maid, Miss L. Koster, looked charming in a pretty suit trimmed with over applique. Mr. R. Cottrell performed the duties of best man and ably supported the groom.

Rev. J. G. Potter, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church was the officiating minister. After the wedding ceremony was performed, all united in giving Mr. and Mrs. DeMill their heartiest best wishes for future success and happiness. A sumptuous wedding dejeuner was then partaken of in the dining room which was prettily decorated for the occasion.

During the evening a programme of songs, recitations etc. was pleasingly rendered by those present.

The high esteem in which the bride is held by her many friends is evidenced by the numerous, costly presents she was the recipient of.

The Times unites in wishing Mr. and Mrs. DeMill a full measure of happiness and success to crown their every undertaking.

After Long Years of Mental and Physical Sufferings and Failures With Common Medicines

Paine's Celery Compound

Cures an Ontario Lady

THE GREAT REMEDY IS HEARTILY INDORSED BY THE ABLEST PHYSICIANS, WHO DAILY RECOMMEND ITS USE

What a blessing it would be to humanity in general if all suffering men and women knew just what Paine's Celery Compound is able to do.

The work that cannot be done for the sick and suffering by months of experimenting with the common medicines of the day, is successfully carried to victory by Paine's Celery Compound in a few short weeks.

The cure of Mrs. Hopper, of Thornhill, Ont., fully proves the assertion made above. After years of failures, misery, agony and despondency, Paine's Celery Compound made a "new woman" of one who had become a mere wreck—one who was fast nearing the grave.

Have faith sufferer! You have a strong deliverer at hand able to rescue and save you. From to-day, let your hope be centred in Paine's Celery Compound and its mighty power to cure. It has never disappointed any sufferer; it will not fail in your case. Read Mrs. Hopper's wonderful and striking testimony.

"With great pleasure and satisfaction I wish to add my testimony to what had already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility and rundown system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound, I determined to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than I can express. For ten years I doctored without any good results, but after using Paine's Celery Compound I am perfectly restored to health, can eat well, digestion is good, and my sleep is sweet and sound. Altogether I am a new woman. I always recommend Paine's Celery Compound to my friends."

Peace is Anticipated

General impression is that the Boers will lay down arms, but DIFFERENT HERE. We will never give up fighting HIGH PRICES until we show our competitors A THING OR TWO. PLAIN FACTS are stubborn things and defy contradiction ALL THIS WEEK we are placing

Five Great Lines

on the market, at our Large Store, that speak for themselves.

1st—

SHIRTS

For big men only, as they are all large sizes, being fancy colored—soft bosom—starched collar and wrist bands. They are regular 75c goods, to clear this week at ....**44c each**

2nd—

READY-MADE SUITS

In this line we have a lot of them. Being a Blue and Black Cheviot Cloth—single or double breasted with either single or double breasted vest—guaranteed pure all wool and thoroughly shrunk. Sizes from 36 to 44

Special all This Week $4.90

3rd—

TIES

In looking through our Tie stock we find about 100 dozen flowing end ties. The regular price of these goods is 50c. We intend to clear the lot this week for ....**21c each**

4th—

BOOTS

Just to show the public that we are doing the Boot and Shoe business; for this week only we have picked out a line of Men's Dongola Boots, both Congress and Balmorals, which sell in the regular way for $1.75. We will let you take them this week for..... **$1.25** per pair

5th—

SUITS TO ORDER

We have about 25 suit lengths of Fancy Imported Worsted, all shades and patterns, made under personal supervision of our skilful cutter, MR. DUNCAN CAMERON. Every garment sewn with silk and stayed with linen. Would be cheap at $16 50. We will take your order all this week at ....**$13 75 each**

ASK FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES AND BE CONVINCED.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL, Manager

MARKET MOVEMENTS

carefully analyzed and presented in our

"Daily Market Letter"

in such manner as to be of valuable assistance to the operator, aiding him to so trade as to obtain the best results. Mailed free, also our handsome 400 page, clothbound, illustrated

"Guide to Investors"

Orders solicited in any amount for purchase or sale.

HAIGHT & FREESE CO.

Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough Off

PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Worcester, Baltimore, Washington, Cleveland, Newark, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany, Poughkeepsie, Montreal, Toronto, Hartford, Atlantic City, Cincinnati, Toledo, Columbus, Detroit, Providence, Lowell, Hartford, Springfield.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

COMMISSION ONE EIGHTH — The only licensed N. Y. Stock Brokerage Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 26, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Some of the advanced ladies of the United States are rather opposed to the idea of having the Government put Martha Washington's portrait on a postage stamp. They say that there are lots of women who have done something, while all this lady did was to be Mrs. Washington. Yet, even without the postage stamp reminder, the face of the pleasant looking lady who led a simple home life, and was only Mrs. Washington, will be remembered generations after the founders of a sect, the leaders of a great movement, have been forgotten.

• • • •

A gentleman in Connecticut has started a movement for purchasing the Holy Land by Christian people. While the Moslem has control of it he will allow all Christians to see it and prevent them fighting over its possession. The Monroe doctrine would interfere with annexing it to the United States, and no one European country would consent to its becoming part of any other European country. Better leave it in the hands of the infidel to see fair play.

• • • •

The Toronto World says the Deerings of Chicago "see what is in the wind—that the Canadian tariff is bound to be increased—and so these enterprising Americans are making a move to hold their Canadian business. One good turn of the Canadian tariff screw would bring the McCormicks and others into Canada, in order to hold their business." And that turn of the screw would raise the cost of implements to the Canadian farmer and to that extent would discourage the development of Canada's most important industry. This country is going to be well supplied with implement factories under the present 20 per cent. tariff. The Massey-Harris people manage to get three square meals a day out of their profits; the Deerings will do the same, and if the McCormicks do not want to come in, Canada will be very glad to pocket the customs duty on all the machines they make in the United States and sell in Canada. Cannot the World let well alone? What spite has it against the Canadian farmer?

Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

A SIMPLE FAITH.

SERMON BY

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Ye believe in God, believe also in me.—St. John xiv., 1.

What is absolutely essential in religion, so far as doctrine is concerned, is very little and very simple. The church has for a long time had a strange notion that in order to be saved a man must believe a long list of dogmas, whereas the only condition imposed by the Christ is that a man shall have a heart and a life full of love which lifts someone's burden whenever the chance occurs, and seek the strength to do it from Him who is Father to all alike.

There is this difference between what is called "a body of doctrine" and a spiritual principle, namely, that not everybody can either understand or accept the doctrine, while no man is so unlettered or so obtuse that he need fail to do what is right because he is in doubt about it. The road to heaven is not a tangled maze of statement about Christ or God, but a straight and open path from the trusting human heart to the immortal life, a path in which the little child and the grave philosopher may hand in hand wend their way with equal pleasure and profit.

You need corner-stones if you erect a building, and for a like reason you need certain beliefs if you make for yourself a character. Faith in a God who will never desert you stands first. It must be an unflinching faith, however, or it will give way in the time of emergency. You begin well when you begin with that, and you begin ill if you begin in any other fashion.

I have a queer suspicion that the faith in the ability or willingness of God to see us safely through all earthly experience is clouded by more or less doubt. It is a matter which we keep to ourselves, but deep down in the heart is a wonder whether this beautiful something which we call religion can be relied upon as firmly, for instance, as the sea captain relies on his compass in a storm. Hence the despair which we find when death comes into the house, and hence our weakness when a bold and insolent temptation assails us. We are not thoroughly convinced, and, though we hope that God is there and does hear us when we cry, we have a doubt which seizes us like a sudden throb of agony.

That is not religion; it is only the simulation of it. It is a staff of willow, not a staff of oak. It serves in good weather, but in the tempest it fails us. When Davy invented his wire gauze lamp as a protection against the explosive fire damp in mines the workmen looked at it and shook their heads. It was too simple to be worth much. But Davy had faith in his lamp. He lighted the candle, went into the bowels of the earth, sought the spot where fire damp lay in ambush and exposed himself to the danger. He had not only a theory, but a conviction. He would trust his life to it. No test could be too severe. He felt absolutely safe with that lantern in his hand.

That is the kind of faith we want if our lives are to become heroic. And when we are possessed of it we have something else besides. Faith in God produces faith that our earthly experiences are our discipline and our preparation. The moment you see God as your Father duty becomes not only clear and distinct, but easy. Alone you can bear but little, but with the infinite reservoir of power and love to draw from you are equal to whatever your position may be. If God is with you, then the angels who do His bidding will be your companions. You become one of the great family and will be consciously helped by unseen hands over the rough places. And this consciousness will grow clearer as your faith increases, until in the end there will be only a thin veil between you and the other world. You will live in the friendship of the departed as you live in that of the dear ones in your household. The Christ realised this, but we are yet dull of hearing and dim of sight.

Immortality will become not a vague hope or even a reasonable belief, but a demonstrable certainty, and you will live in the two worlds at the same time. Your last hour will find you with a smile on your lips and a great gladness in your heart. You will eagerly step out of a tired body to be welcomed by those who await your coming.

That is the kind of religion which men long for, and which they will have when they wake up from this half belief and this make believe to a realization of the glorious truth. It was Christ's religion, and it is our own fault if we do not make it ours.

Herr Von Holleben, who entertains Prince Henry as Germany's chief representative in America, has been Ambassador at Washington since 1897, and was Minister to the United States from 1889 to 1891. He is the second in the Ambassadorial corps, and upon the retirement of Lord Pauncefote will become the dean. He is sixty years old, a native of Brehen, and a graduate of Heidelberg. He was educated especially for the diplomatic service. While at the university he was distinguished as a successful duelist, and his face shows the marks of sword encounters. He is a confirmed bachelor.

Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Martere—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.

Anecdotal.

After one of his trips to the Emerald Isle Foote was praising the hospitality of the Irish, when a gentleman asked him whether he had been at Cork. "No, sir," answered Foote, "but I have seen many drawings of it."

Disraeli once said of Sir William Harcourt in his affectedly cynical way: "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." To this, when it was repeated to him, Harcourt rejoined: "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Tradition ascribes to the second Pitt the dying words: "O, my country—my country! How I leave my country!" What, in fact, Pitt said was: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork-pies." Which he did—and straightway expired, to the intense grief of the nation. This version is attested by the head-waiter of "Bellamy's" (likewise deceased), who told it to Mr. Disraeli.

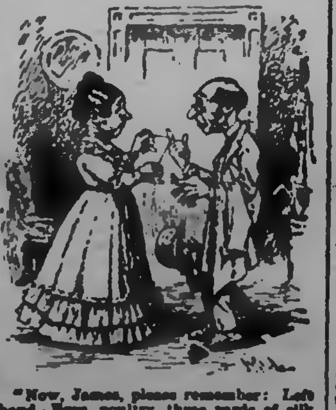
Louis XIV. was told that Lord Stair was one of the best-bred men in Europe. "I shall soon put him to the test," said the king; and asking Lord Stair to take an airing with him, as soon as the door of the coach was opened, he bade him pass and get in. The other bowed and obeyed. The king said: "The world is in the right in the character it gives—another person would have troubled me with ceremony."

When, a few years ago, the King of Portugal was a guest at Lord Salisbury's country seat, the Prince of Wales—now King Edward—asked King Carlos what had impressed him most during his stay in England. "English roast beef is very delightful," was the reply. "Oh," said the Prince, "surely something else has impressed you as well." "Ah, yes," returned Carlos; "of course, there is English boiled beef, which is also delightful."

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers: The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula: If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived." If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived." The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word: "Tandem."

A certain Scotch caddie named Mathie Gorum was noted for his invariable remark after a poor shot by the person he was serving: "It micht hae been waur," which was meant to be consolatory and encouraging. His master, a clergyman, was wearied with this well-meaning flattery. Accordingly, to make sure that he would squash the remark for once, he told the caddie he had a terrible dream the night before. "Mathie, my man, I dreamt that I was in the place where the wicked are punished. I saw the wretched ones tortured; they were swimming in a lake of boiling pitch, and could not get landed for red-hot pitchforks thrust in their faces by demons." He halted a minute, with his tongue in his cheek, when, with perfect coolness, the caddie answered: "Aye, sir, that was a bad dream, fist awfu'; but it micht hae been waur." "Waur, you fool? How could that be?" "It micht hae been true."

It is a current story in Teviotdale that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put in the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On some occasion there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and abode all night. According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extensive hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented each with a Bible and a bottle of ale. But, after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic as he was leaving the apartment. "My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know when we meet together as brethren the youngest man reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one Bible, therefore, is necessary. Take away the other six, and, in their place, bring six more bottles of ale."



"Now, James, please remember: Left hand—Eggs, poultry, three yards of silk to match my skirt, lining for Mamie's dress, and a new reefer for George. Right hand—Nellie's ribbons, Harry's algebra, telephone message to Henry, a box of starch, and my new bonnet. Say them over as you go to town."—"Harper's Weekly."

Sue Brette—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—Chicago "News."

A visitor to a farm was especially struck by the great ruggedness and strength of one of the stalwart harvest hands, and said to the farmer: "That fellow ought to be chuck-full of work." "He is," replied the farmer, "or he ought to be, because I hain't never been able to get none out of him."—From "Success."

"I see that Mrs. Uptardeight is addressing the Mothers' Scientific Club this afternoon on The Care of Children." "Speaking of children, who was that youngster that broke into Snoop's candy store last night and robbed the till?" "That—why, that was Mrs. Uptardeight's youngest."—Baltimore "News."

Doubtless She Was.

Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop? Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

Bargains.

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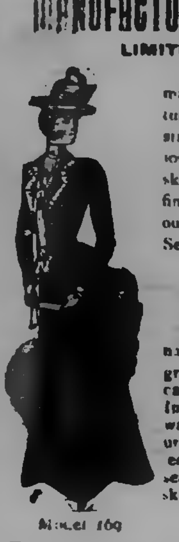

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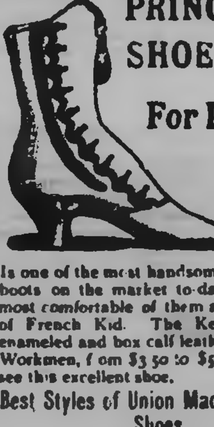

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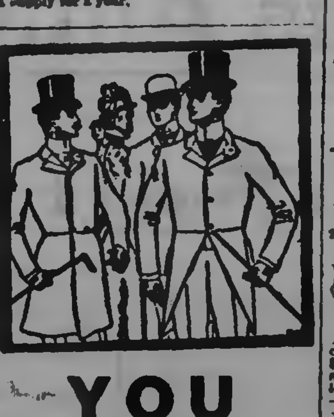

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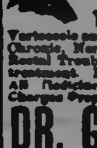

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CURE YOURSELF!

[illegible]

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 2 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 3 1-2 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 82. There were 183 new cases in September, 380 in October, 473 in November, 804 in December and 1,286 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

A man who was bicycling in southern France was pushing his machine up a steep hill, when he overtook a peasant with a donkey cart. The patient beast was making but little progress, although it was doing its best.

The benevolent cyclist, putting his left hand against the back of the cart and guiding his machine with the other hand, pushed so hard that the donkey, taking fresh courage, pulled his load successfully up to the top.

When the summit was reached the peasant burst into thanks to his benefactor.

"It was good of you, indeed, monsieur!" he protested. "I should never in the world have got up the hill with only one donkey."—Youth's Companion.

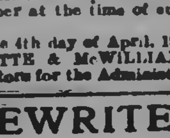
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 5th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.
POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.



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Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Personal and Otherwise.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS & electricians: new 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. GEO. A. ZELLER Publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home. Must write a fair hand; $6 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply Co., 39 Dearborn street, Chicago.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Atlas Novelty Co., D pt. 116 Chicago.

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

He knit his brows into a quizzical frown, saying quietly:

"Did you ever hear the old lines:

"'If a woman will, she will, you may
depend on't,
If a woman won't, she won't, so
there's an end on't.'"

"But I repeat it must not be!" cried Daisy, wildly. "I would as soon see her lying in her coffin!"

"How vehement you are, my darling," laughed Aleck; "but why do you dislike the count so much and all at once? You declared, only a little while since, that we must take him into society, and make quite a lion of him, and now——"

"Now he has lost my good will by falling in love with Olive," she faltered.

"If you think there is the least doubt as to his social standing, we can investigate at once."

"No—no!" cried Daisy, in a spasm of guilty terror; "do not do that, Aleck—anything but that!"

"Then, if you have nothing in particular against him, why interfere, my darling? Every heart should choose its own mate. Think how badly you and I should have felt if any one had tried to separate us."

She crept closer up to him, her breath coming in short gasps.

"It would have killed me, Aleck," she whispered; "and you—oh, Aleck! what would you have done if any one had come between us?"

"I would have gone through fire and water to have won you, my wild flower," he replied, earnestly.

"I have thanked heaven," he went on slowly, "that I am your first and only love, Daisy. I am a very jealous fellow, my darling. I should never have allowed myself to love you, if you had ever cared for any one else."

"I have never loved any one but you, Aleck," she whispered. "I should solemnly say that if I were dying."

"You must not say such grave things, Daisy," said Aleck. "Gloomy thoughts are depressing.

"That reminds me of Olive's message. There is a party of gypsies encamped back of the grove. The young folks are going to take a stroll down that way, and want you to go with them. You had better go, dear; it will take up your time and attention."

"I am not going, dear," said Daisy to her sister, when Olive made her appearance half an hour later. "You must go with our guests — my head aches."

"The gypsy tents and their campfires are very picturesque when viewed by moonlight. You had better come, Daisy, especially as they are to be ordered from the grove tomorrow."

But Daisy declined.

"I shall not leave my room," she declared. "My head aches."

Aleck was loath to leave her by herself; but she insisted he should accompany their guests.

It was a merry party which set out for the grove a little later.

Daisy watched them out of sight with restless eyes.

"I couldn't have a better opportunity," she murmured, catching her breath with a hard sob.

Hurrying to the wardrobe, she took from it a long, dark cloak lined with scarlet, drew the hood over her face and stole noiselessly by a rear entrance from the house, and by cutting across lots, gained the grove fully half an hour in advance of the party that had gone round by the main road.

Once in the grove, Daisy turned her cloak crimson side out and waited patiently by a fallen log for their approach.

She had not long to wait. She soon heard voices, Olive's the gayest and brightest of them all.

They passed the little shrinking figure in the crimson cloak, who drew furtively back among the shadows, laughing and chattering as they passed on toward the white tents.

It happened that Olive fell back a few paces. This was Daisy's chance.

Darting quickly forward, she touched her on the arm.

"If you would have your fortune told, bonny lady," she said, in a hoarse constrained voice that could never have been recognized, "come apart a little way to where the nightingale is singing, and I will tell you of the strangest fortune the fates have in store for you that ever was heard."

Olive glanced down curiously at the small, misshapen figure in the bright, crimson cloak standing amid the shadows of the trees.

"I know my fortune," she said impatiently. "I have had my love-dream, met my lover, and am engaged, and soon to be married; so there, what more of a fortune could you tell me, my good gypsy?"

"I could tell you of the curse that hangs over your proud head!" was the startling answer.

CHAPTER XXII.

Only a Dash of the Pen.

Olive Gordon's face grew strangely white.

"A curse!" she repeated, with a gasp. "Why, what can you mean?"

"You have a lover," replied her companion; "handsome, gay, debonair, whom you would wed; but hark you, lady, listen to the gypsy's warning—turn from him—love him not — his life is accursed— he is not for love—not for marriage with such as you. If you married him the greatest curse that ever fell on a woman's head would fall upon yours."

"I do not believe it!" cried Olive. "I will marry him in defiance of every curse. I will hear no more; who are you who dares defame my betrothed?"

She stretched out her hand to grasp the little red-cloaked figure beside her and drag her out into the clearer light that she might see her face, but the little figure was too quick for her— like a shadow she had glided amongst the pines and was lost in the darkness.

"I have failed," muttered Daisy, hurrying back to the house. "I might have known— heaven help me, what shall I do now— which way shall I turn?"

"There is but one thing to do," she murmured, sinking on her knees when she reached her own room, "and that is, to live through the coming month as best I can, and on the day of the wedding end it all by a full confession of everything— and while they read what I have written, I shall be lying cold in death — then perhaps they will forgive me— my terrible sin— when they see the end."

To be Continued.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Abigail Again.

I SEE by the papers, says a writer in "Pick-Me-Up," that some worthy people in high places are getting a little tired of the servant girl question, and now there is a proposal to bring boys up to the job. What will become of the balance of the girls willing but not henceforward able to take to service, is not stated. Perhaps the English language is too abrupt and practical to permit of any reliable statement of the kind. But, of course, it's the old trouble. When mistress and maid fall out the fault is always the maid's. We never hear of any society for proving mistresses in the wrong. And poor old Abigail is down again!

I think before people lay the blame too heavily on Abigail they should search their own hearts and see if there is no fault in themselves. Just because the family thinks it would like to have breakfast at eight o'clock in the morning, Abigail's night's rest is practically broken from seven a.m. onwards. First there is the alarm clock, which rattles like the Day of Judgment; and just as she has turned over and gone to sleep again, the electric bell over her head starts its infernal clatter, interrupting her in a most lovely dream just where she and the milkman's young man had arranged to get married as soon as he could get trusted for a suite of kitchen furniture and a regulation four-poster. And as a final blow she has to sit up in bed and hear the master downstairs offering to run up and drag her out of bed, while the missis is declining the offer with some energy. No thanks.

How much nicer it would be to treat Abigail like one of the family. Now and again it would show a very good feeling if the head of the family went off to the city without his breakfast rather than disturb Abigail in her second go of beauty sleep. When employers meet together and talk of Abigail's sins, it never seems to occur to them that they might win her over by a timely display of generosity. Nobody seems to think anything of it if missis comes down to breakfast in a dressing-gown. She chooses to do it, and that is enough. But if Abigail waits at the breakfast-table in a red flannel petticoat, fastened over her shoulders with a safety-pin, the harsh remarks that are heaped upon a poor orphan girl are positively brutal.

What Abigail objects to so much is the perpetual fault-finding. Suppose she does drop a plate on the ground and break it? A plate must be broken sooner or later in the ordinary course of nature, and, as Horatius said when he called for volunteers to defend the narrow pass, we may as well pick it off as wait for it to drop on us.

In many households it is quite a usual thing to keep a common, irresponsible cat of indifferent moral character, and to let it have the free run of the place. If the cat does anything wrong, the missis at once blames—Abigail. Is it any wonder that the servant girl has turned at last after centuries of injustice? If the cat should get the key of the beer cask and go down and draw off a modest quencher, it's as likely as not that Abigail is charged with having taken the beer for her favorite policeman, when it is well known that he is a teetotaller and only eats cloves to improve his complexion. As every naturalist is well aware, it is quite a common thing for a cat to run round to the pawnbroker's with a couple of the best tablecloths till the end of the month; but as sure as anything Abigail will be charged with the offence, just because the ticket happened to fall out of her petticoat pocket. Most unreasonable.

The way to solve the problem is not for the mistresses to entrench themselves on one side and the maids on the other, and speak in harsh and inconsiderate language of the opposition. As Lord Rosebery says, the way to make peace is for two travelers to arrive at an inn and have a drink or something of that sort, and drop hints of mutual concessions in between the sips. The mistresses should meet the maids casually and get some idea of the basic principles of domestic service as governed by the natural aspirations of both sides. As I make it out, the point of view of the mistresses will be that they want a girl who will always get up at six in the morning, who will always look neat and tidy, and who will be talked at in a loud, rasping voice from the attic to the cellar without once answering back in the dreamy, picturesque language of Bermondsey. A girl who can do the work of three men, and who has a small appetite, will be preferred.

From the maids' point of view, I understand it is considered essential that a bicycle should be kept on the premises exclusively for kitchen use, and that the offensive habit of locking up the piano and hiding the key will be discontinued. It will also be necessary that the objectionable practice of counting the bottles of sherry in the cellar, and the mince pies in the larder, should at once cease, as this sort of thing is calculated to imply distrust and want of confidence. The question as to the privilege of wearing the missis's sealskin jacket or her new hat is not definitely settled; but it is understood that a concession of this sort would go far to remove the bad blood that has been stirred up in this unfortunate controversy.

Sweetness Long Drawn Out.

A business man of whom the "Youth's Companion" tells declares that the average stenographer will not learn to spell correctly until the millennium comes. In support of his opinion he relates his experience with a young woman whose spelling, as he describes it, had an "engaging originality," but who was so amiable and even-tempered that he seldom found heart to rebuke her.

One day she appeared before him with a neatly written letter for a Southern correspondent. He hastily looked it over.

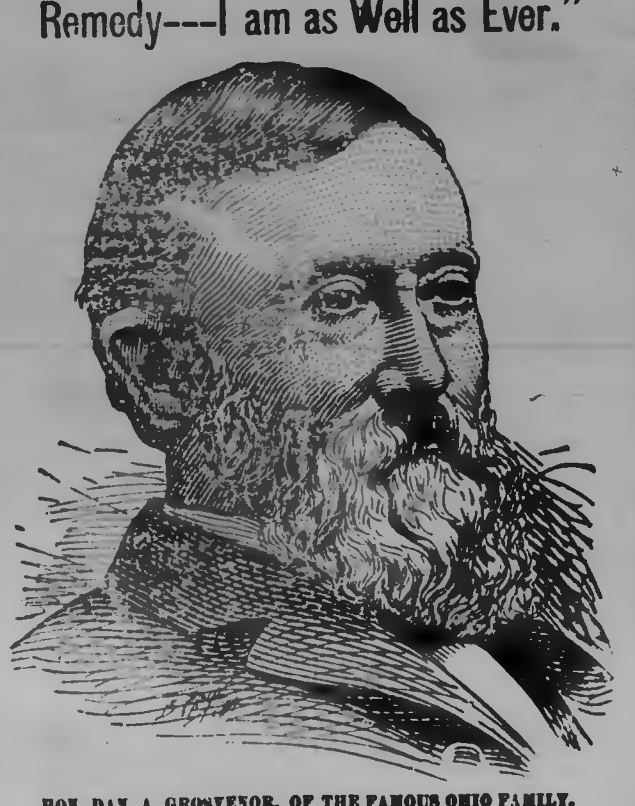
"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar s-u-g-g-a-r."

The young woman looked at it a moment critically, and then her face brightened as she replied:

"So I have. How careless of me! I don't see how I came to leave out the 'h.'"

Supply Limited.

"This is tough luck," said Noah, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. "What's wrong now?" queried Ham. "Why, all this water going to waste," replied Noah, "and only two worms on board."—Ohio "State Journal."



DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy---I am as Well as Ever."

HON. DAN. A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."—

DAN. A. GROSVENOR.

In a recent letter he says:

"I consider Peruna really more meritorious than I did when I wrote you last. I receive numerous letters from acquaintances all over the country asking me if my certificate is genuine. I invariably answer, yes."—Dan. A. Grosvenor.

A County Commissioner's Letter.

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner, of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna:

"As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."—John Williams.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it.—Mattie L. Guild.

A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. W. P. Brownlow, Congressman from Tennessee, writes from Washington, D. C., the following:

"I have suffered from catarrh of the stomach for several years, and for the past twelve months was in an exceedingly critical condition. My attention was called to your Peruna, and I began to use it, and my improvement was noticeable after the first three days. I have taken three bottles of the medicine and I feel satisfied that I am now almost, if not permanently, cured. In connection with the Peruna, I have used your Manalin for biliousness and torpid liver. I regard it as the best medicine for this purpose that I have ever used. Having been benefited so much myself, I give you this statement, that others may be likewise benefited."—W. P. Brownlow, M. C., Jonesboro, Tenn.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 168, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy."—Mrs. Elmer Fleming.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn.

Treat Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

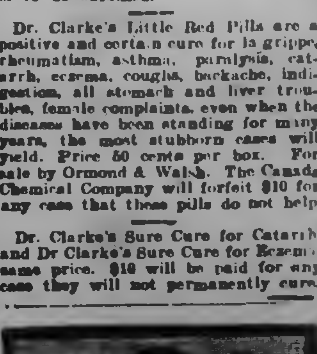
Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.



HER LIPS
HER CHEEKS
HER FEATURES

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It acts like a charm in removing Crowsfeet, Wrinkles, Pimples, Redness, Roughness, Chaps, etc. [illegible]

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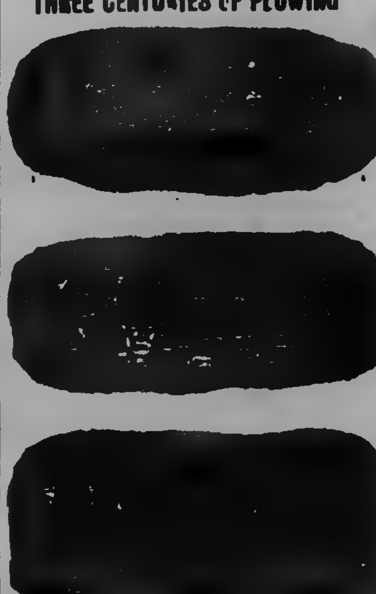

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The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors, find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system. not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

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Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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PORT HOPE BREWING
:—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 26, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—The wire fence has been removed from Victoria Park.

—A meeting of the committee of the whole council took place last night.

—The Peterborough Board of Trade will meet on Monday night to discuss the Street Railway franchise, and other matters.

—Mr. R. H. Leary, has of late made a new addition to his livery in the shape of pneumatic tire wheel barrow purchased from Mr. W. J. Doughty.

—The remaining men of the Peterborough Quota will leave for South Africa tonight.

—The Chief has a memorandum book and pocket book for which he would like an owner.

—Complaints have been made that red cedar trees are being cut on the Islands of Stony Lake by the Indians.

—Another way for Mr. Carnegie to get rid of his surplus millions is to eat meat three times a day.

—A sale of useful and fancy articles, under the auspices of the Ladie's Aid Society, will be held in the School Room of St. Paul's Church, on May 6th, commencing at 6 p.m. A high tea will be served from 6.30 to 7.30 p.m.

—A meeting of the Ladie's Reading Circle of St. Peter's T.A.S., will be held Tuesday evening, at which a paper will be read on the "Life and Labours of Father Matthew, the Apostle of Temperance," by Mr. T. J. Bagley. A musical programme will be presented.

—A merchant may have absolutely the best goods on the market. Yet if he is not able to convince the public of the fact he might as well have inferior wares. Advertise. But advertise tersely, truthfully, temperately and timely, and always use the columns of The Times.

—Lindsay Post: A most peculiar accident happened yesterday afternoon to the Haliburton train while it was on its trip north. When near Distillery Creek bridge, a mile north of the Victoria Junction, the strong gale lifted the roof completely off an Intercolonial Railway box car, throwing it on the fence on the east side of the track. The train was stopped and the car examined, but as there was no other damage the trip north was continued.

—The following pupils entered the departmental drawing class, which is being conducted by Mr. Wm. Smith:—S. Plummer, N. Miller, H. Fair, W. Moncrief, W. H. Vickers, F. Dawson, Geo. Hall, R. McKee, W. Kennedy, G. Ferguson, F. Bowman, C. Gilbert and D. Carlisle. It is expected that a large number of those will secure certificates. The good showing is due to the good work done by the instructors, Messrs. Geo. Cliffe and W. H. Collier.

Major Denne's New Title

Lindsay Post: Major Denne, of Peterborough, was in town to-day on business.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

How They do it in Lindsay

Lindsay Post: The Reform Committee Rooms, opposite the Benson house, are being prettily decorated and the formal opening will take place tomorrow (Friday) evening, when addresses will be delivered by local speakers, interspersed with music.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature, either by phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Hon. J. R. Stratton was in town yesterday for a short time.

—Mr. J. C. Johnston, of Guelph, has joined the force of the Stanley Piano Co.

—Mr. D. O'Connell was in Havelock last night, where he addressed a big political meeting.

—Mr. Thos. Barrie has returned from Toronto, where he has been on an extended business trip.

Mr. J. J. Sheehy, of Chicago, is in town, having been summoned home on account of the serious illness of his mother.

—Mrs. Richard Birdsall, returned yesterday from an extended trip to California and British Columbia.

Broke Her Leg

Yesterday about six o'clock a child who was riding a tricycle on the sidewalk on Charlotte street, near the Queen's Hotel, collided with a middle aged lady named Mrs. Lafave, who resides on Sherbrooke street. The woman was knocked down, and in falling had the misfortune to break one of the bones of her ankle. Dr. McNulty set the fractured limb.

A New Tea Store

The Stroud Tea Company, of Montreal, has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. W. J. Morrow, as manager of their Peterborough store. Mr. Morrow has had a long experience in the grocery business, and has a large circle of friends. The premises will be No. [illegible] George-st., next to Messrs. Stinson & Son, boot and shoe dealers, and are now being refitted, and will be opened by the middle of May, carrying a full line of teas, coffees, etc. In Mr. Morrow's able hands, and backed up by the excellent goods, the store should be a popular one with buyers of such staple necessaries as teas and coffees.

A Surprising Discovery

You will be surprised in trying Catarrhozone to find how quickly it cures cold in the head. The agreeable, penetrating vapor traverses every air cell and passage of the nose, throat and lungs. In one breath it carries instant death to the millions of germs infesting the respiratory organs and breaks up a cold in ten minutes.

A trial will convince you that Catarrhozone is the most potent, satisfactory and pleasant cure for colds, catarrh, deafness, bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble. Complete outfit $1, small size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure biliousness.

THE CAMPAIGN

It is Only a Question of Majority in West Peterborough

The Campaign in West Peterborough has not entered the stage of excitement yet, if it ever will. It is conceded on all sides that Hon. Mr. Stratton will be returned, and that it is only a question of majority. His splendid majority of 1,000 secured four years ago, will, we think, no be materially reduced. Indeed, if a man were to prophesy that it would disappear altogether, he would be laughed at. Some idea of the feeling that exists amongst the "sporting" element, may be inferred from the fact that bets have been made that Mr. Stratton's majority would exceed a thousand.

Thinking people, regardless of party, know that the interests of this rising young City can be best served by re-electing Mr. Stratton. They argue, and not without reason, that partyism should not enter into the campaign, and that Peterborough should support a government that gives us a cabinet minister.

TO THE FRONT

New Appointment for One of Our Esteemed Citizens.

The many friends of Mr. Jas. Scobell will be delighted to learn that late last evening he received the appointment of adjustor to one of the prominent Canadian Fire Insurance Companys of Canada and received his first call to adjust a Fire Insurance claim at Gananoque, the premises of F. O. Webster, Stanley Piano Representative of that town having been laid in ashes yesterday. We are sure the Mr. Scobell will perform his duty whether to adjust fire loss or fighting the Boer in South Africa.

Quite a delegation gave him a hearty send off at the station last night. "Tommy" McDonogue, Clerk at the Oriental narrowly missed accompanying him owing to his frost like grip at the station.

LESS CANDY

Better to Give Children Delicious Food Than Candy

Some foods will cure dyspepsia and other foods will cause it. The safest way to get well is to use the food that agrees with the stomach and permits Nature to go along in a thoroughly natural way.

A lady says, "I have at last found a true way to get well and keep well, and that is by the use of Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.

For six years I suffered with indigestion and palpitation of the heart so that I could not sleep nights. I tried a great many different kinds of medicines and a lot of different kinds of cereals, but none of them helped me, and my stomach seemed to get worse and worse.

I became very despondent and was at a loss to know what to do. One day I read in the paper that Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food would cure indigestion and build up the body. I wondered if it contained any medicine, but learned that it did not, and that it was only a food prepared so that the stomach could easily digest it.

The next time I went down town I bought two packages. This was on Tuesday and it was all gone on Saturday for we all liked it so much, so I went down and got three more packages and from that time I have been using Grape-Nuts steadily and my indigestion has entirely disappeared.

Sometimes when my little girl has been playing extra hard after supper she will climb on my knee, put my check and whisper in my ear, 'Mamma please give me something good.' I say (knowing all the time) 'What is good, dear?' She says, 'Grape-Nuts with cream on top,' and there is nothing else that she enjoys better than this good, wholesome food. She eats it for breakfast every morning and prefers Grape-Nuts pudding for dinner. At night she has Grape-Nuts for her supper with a soft boiled egg, and she thrives wonderfully on this kind of food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

DR. FORD SPEAKS

And Tells The Times About His Campaign in the East

Dr. Ford, the Conservative candidate, dropped into the Times office on Thursday evening, for half an hour's chat. He spent the day in Ashburnham and suburbs, and appeared to be well satisfied with his day's work.

The Doctor is exceedingly hopeful of the result, and says that he expects to head the poll by a handsome majority. In the back country, which he visited, he was well received, and was assured of a big vote in that district.

In discussing the outlook throughout the province, the Doctor said he was persuaded that the Conservatives would emerge from the conflict triumphant. There was every reason to believe that such would be the case.

Nerve Wracked and Insomnious

Everything goes wrong, head feels heavy and dull, mind is filled with strange forebodings, stomach is out of kilter. You need a good tonic like Ferrozone to bring back your lost appetite and digestion, and cleanse the blood of all impurities. Ferrozone is a wonderful invigorant and strengthener that will banish gloomy depression and quickly restore you to a healthy, vigorous condition of mind and body. Nothing is so good for the sick, weary and debilitated as Ferrozone. Price 50c per box at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure constipation.

Barbers May Raise Rates

The barbers of Peterborough contemplate an advance in rates at an early date. A prominent tonsorial artist said to The Times yesterday:

"I am of opinion that the time has arrived when our prices should be increased, in harmony with other things, and to partly overcome the extra expense in the way of wages, etc., that master barbers have to meet. I would suggest that general barbering such as haircutting and shaving prices be not changed, but hereafter it will cost 25c. instead of 15c. to have your razor honed. Then if you want your beard trimmed it will cost you 10c. instead of 20c. for haircut and beard trim as heretofore. I would also suggest that barbers close up one half day each week."

MANHOOD SUFFRAGE REGISTRATION

The Registration for Manhood Suffrage will be on the 12th, 13th, 14th of May.

The Sittings of the Board of Appeal will be on the 19th and the Supplementary Sittings will be on the 26th of May.

The Registrars are:

Ward No. 1—Joseph Lundy.
Ward No. 2—W. F. Johnston.
Ward No. 3—Chas Cameron.
Ward No. 4—T. W. Robinson.

The places for registration will be the same as in former registrations.

GIRLS WANTED

Wanted at once, four or five good girls, to whom the highest wages will be paid. Apply to Wm. Snowden, Snowden House.

-G.H. NOBLE
PLUMBER

is prepared to do Plumbing and Steam fitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges

Baths, Water Closets, Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 50,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order.
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 15th April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.
VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.
R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.
A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.
CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.
J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.
WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and
W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.
Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organised in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 356½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $950,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.80 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	286,319.88	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund, under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, re payable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 3, 4 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

WANTED—AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 98 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY APRIL 28 1902 PRICE TWO CEN

BOER AND BRITON WILL NOW BE ONE

The Result of the South African War Will Soon Manifest Itself

NO TIME FOR NOW EXULTATION

A Survey of the Situation That is now Re-Assuring—John Bull Now Stronger Than Ever.

Special to The Times.

London, April 28 — The Mail says: The dawn of peace in South Africa is naturally a time for reflection and contemplation of the results of the great struggle in which the Boer and the Briton have been engaged. Among those who acknowledge allegiance to King Edward it is a time for exultation and congratulation, and among the vanquished South Africans it should be a time for philosophical introspectation. If these latter, notwithstanding the terrible temporary havoc that has been wrought, will realize how bright a prospect there is for continued peace, prosperity and contentment under the aegis of the flag of Britain, they will not for long mourn the loss of their national independence, and will on a day not far distant rejoice that they have had given them the liberties and privileges of British citizenship.

A survey of the field from the standpoint of the Briton leads to the conclusion that the immediate results of the conflict are far-reaching and momentous, and that ultimately this war will be regarded as epoch-making. A far-distant corner of the Empire was threatened by a pastoral people who would be numerically hardly sufficient to populate one of the minor manufacturing cities of England, and yet the task of arresting the disturbers of the peace has occupied a period of two years and a half, has involved an expenditure of over eight hundred millions of dollars, and has necessitated a sacrifice of something like twenty thousand lives. But a new era in the history of the Empire has been inaugurated. The latent power of Greater Britain had never before been put to the test. The fighting strength of John Bull was problematical, and that of the Imperial partnership was uncertain and unreliable. Other nations were sceptical and then envious, their scepticism amounting during the early stages of the struggle to a belief that the British army was a sham and that the British navy would soon prove to be one. The conviction gained ground that a few thousand peasant farmers were beginning the destruction of the Imperial fabric, and that there would soon be an end to Britain's political prestige and commercial supremacy. But Britain and Greater Britain displayed an ability for united action that soon excited the amazement of Europe. The people of every portion of the great Empire and of every race that at that time bowed the beloved Queen allegiance evinced a spirit of patriotism and devotion that has rarely if ever been equalled. The time of disillusion had come, and instead of exulting over Britain's supposed weakness, Europe was obliged to assume an attitude of impotent anger and ill-will. It would be superfluous to recount here the story of the campaign, with the great sacrifice and suffering that it involved, the destruction of life and property, the reputations made and unmade, the triumphs and disasters, joys and sorrows, and the harrowing and thrilling scenes on the blood-stained veldt and kopjes. There were the contributory details of the great imperial achievement, an achievement which, we believe, is destined to make South Africa one of the most valuable portions of our heritage. The war has engendered in the Mother Country a greater unity of interest, greater patriotism, greater loyalty to existing institutions and a more healthy national spirit than can be found in any previous period in the nation's history. With a greater knowledge of Britain's power has come a recognition of the worth of Britain's soldiers, and the application of remedies for such weaknesses and defects as have been found in her military system. In the British dominions beyond the seas it has brought into existence a wave of Imperial sentiment that gives inestimable strength to the Imperial bond. It has created a feeling of greater security and confidence in the great congeries of nations that make up the Empire, and of greater pride in their connection with the great sisterhood. The destinies of each dependency have become safer, its aspirations loftier, and the spirit that dominates it is one that should make for an increase in its prosperity, and an enhancement of its power. These are some of the fruits of the great outlay involved in the subjugation of the Boers, and few there are to say that the cost has been too great.

The restoration of peace is, however, not the highest Imperial interest. There are things that are more important than peace with the Boers, namely, the conservation of the integrity of the Empire, the maintenance of the existence of the world-wide federation of freedom which the Empire constitutes, and the upholding of the sword of justice before all the subject races of Asia and Africa. In order to secure these there must be a full recognition of Imperial supremacy in South Africa, the dispelling forever of the Afrikander dream of domination, and the extinction of the hope, a heritage of an evil past, of the dissolution of the Empire, and of an Afrikander succession to one portion of the dismembered possessions of the sick man. Any wavering in the Imperial resolve might mean the beginning of a centrifugal movement, and it matters little how long the struggle has lasted so long as the object is ultimately attained.

A GENERAL SCARE ABOUT COMBINE

Great Steamship Amalgamation Continues to Excite Interest

FORMER SALES ARE RECALLED

Transfer of the City of Paris and the City of New York to American Flag — Appointment of Committee

Special to The Times.

London, April 28 — The statements regarding the intentions of the managers of the Atlantic shipping combine vary with each edition of almost every newspaper here, and most of them entirely lack the semblance of authenticity, but they serve to enhance the general scare which is fairly voiced by the startling newspaper posters and headlines.

Shipping circles express satisfaction at the announcement of Mr. Anold-Forster, the Secretary of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons yesterday, of the appointment of a committee to inquire into the whole subject, as affecting the admiralty. Much is made of the fact that the Inman line steamers, City of Paris, now the American line steamer Philadelphia, and the City of New York, now the American line steamer New York, after receiving £26,000 in subsidies, were transferred to the American flag, and it is contended that there is nothing to prevent a repetition of such action.

The Westminster Gazette, however, solaces itself with the thought that if the law by which only American-built ships are entitled to fly the American flag is repealed, the British, as shipbuilders, stand to gain what they will lose as ship-owners.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains

Improperly digested food usually forms gases that cause a painful distention of the stomach and pressure against the heart. This results in much pain and distress, but Nerviline will relieve the distention, dispel the gas, and cure the dyspeptic pains very quickly. Polson's Nerviline is really an excellent remedy for dyspepsia, indigestion, cramps, summer complaint and all stomach and bowel troubles. No household is complete without Nerviline. Try a 25c. bottle.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM U. S. A.

What Is Going on in Uncle Sam's Broad Domain

AUTOMOBILE ENDURANCE TEST.

Grants' Birthday Banquet — The British Camp at New Orleans and the Boer War.

Special to The Times.

Washington, April 27 — Gen. Pearson, the Boer agent here, has returned from New Orleans, and reports that the British camp there is flourishing. That President Roosevelt would overlook the gross outrages which this country is perpetrating on the Boer republics, is not pleasing to Pearson.

AUTOMOBILE ENDURANCE TEST

New York, April 26 — Fourteen gasoline carriages, a dozen steam vehicles and a number of electric machines made the start from Jamaica to-day on the one hundred mile endurance run under the auspices of the Long Island Automobile Club. Everyone interested in automobilism is discussing the probable result of the contest as it is certain to demonstrate the reliability of the automobile in general and furnish valuable information regarding the worth of the various types of power driven vehicles.

GRANT BIRTHDAY BANQUET

The Grand Monument Association has completed arrangements for its annual banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria to-night in celebration of Grant's birthday. General G. M. Dodge will preside and the speakers will include Senator Burrows, of Michigan, Representative J. E. Watson of Indiana, Representative Champ Clark of Missouri and General Thomas H. Hubbard of New York.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Washington, D.C., April 26 — This afternoon was set aside in Congress for memorial services on the late Representative Stokes of South Carolina, and the late Representative Crimp of Michigan. After several eulogistic addresses the session was adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased members.

SCHLEY GOES TO TENNESSEE

Washington, D.C., April 26 — Admiral Schley left Washington to-day for a week's visit to Tennessee. In response to invitations he will visit Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga and several other cities, where elaborate preparations have been made to receive him.

ARCHBISHOP WILLIAMS IS 80

Boston, Mass., April 27 — Presents and congratulatory messages began to pour in upon Archbishop Williams yesterday in commemoration of his 80th birthday, which will be celebrated today. The priests of the archdiocese have planned to make the occasion a notable one in the history of the diocese.

Archbishop Williams was born in this city April 27, 1822. He began his education at a private school. Later he went to the Sulpician College at Montreal, and in 1841 was sent to the theological seminary conducted by the same fathers in Paris, where he was ordained in 1846. On his return home he was assigned to the Franklin street cathedral in this city as assistant, and afterward as rector. A few years later he was appointed Vicar-general of the diocese by Bishop Fitzpatrick, whom he succeeded as bishop of the diocese in 1856. In 1875 Boston was raised to an archbishopric, and on May 3 the pallium was conferred on Archbishop Williams. In all the long course of years that he has lived as priest, bishop and archbishop in Boston, the same zeal and devotion to duty have characterized Archbishop Williams, and it has been said for many years that his is one of the best governed dioceses in the country, and that with the church authorities at Rome no bishop in the United States has a higher standing. By the priests of his diocese Archbishop Williams is revered as a father, loved for his personal qualities and respected for his thoughtfulness of them and those in their care. It has been the proud boast of the priests of the diocese that there never has been any trouble between bishop and clergy.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 28 — A widespread public interest is manifested in the case of Mrs. Kate Soffel, which was called for trial to-day in the criminal court. Mrs. Soffel, who was the wife of the warden of the Allegheny county jail, is charged with aiding in the escape of the Biddles, who were killed in an effort to escape capture, the bullets of the pursuing posse also seriously wounding Mrs. Soffel. Able counsel has been secured to conduct the defence and the trial promises to be an interesting one.

INTERESTING TO FARMERS

Decided in a Case Heard at the Last Sittings of the Division Court

Rosborough vs. McIlmoyle — This was an action tried at the last sittings of the Division Court, which excited a good deal of interest among the farmers living in the neighborhood of Lakefield, the question being whether the defendant was bound to pay for certain pigs which he had bought, they being over the value of $40, and there being no memorandum in writing in regard to the contract and no payment of any part of the purchase money. The defendant never saw the pigs, but they were delivered at the Lakefield cheese factory in accordance with his instructions. Word was sent him the day after the delivery of the pigs that they were there, and a few days after that he offered to sell them to the cheese maker. The judgment delivered involves a great deal of research, and a very large number of precedents have been examined, with the result that His Honor finds that there may be delivery to an agent without the necessity of actual delivery to the defendant or inspection by him, and that there may be acceptance by words only, and he finds as a matter of fact that the defendant in this case did accept the hogs which had been delivered in accordance with his instructions. The Judge, therefore, gives judgment for the plaintiff for the amount claimed. Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson, solicitors for the plaintiff; Messrs. Edmison & Dixon, solicitors for the defendant.

A SUCCESSFUL CONCERT

Given on Friday Night by the Choir of St Andrew's Church

The past few months' history in St. Andrews' choir has been most fertile in earnest and interesting endeavor and the vocal event which has been much looked forward to came to pass on Friday evening last, when notwithstanding the unfavorable state of the weather a most select and attentive audience gathered in St. Andrew's Sunday school hall and showed their appreciation of the choir in this, their initial effort at choral singing. Under the able and efficient leadership of Mr. Alfred Davies the improvement in this choir is most apparent to all. He has been most energetic and indefatigable in his efforts and we feel confident it is with no small amount of satisfaction he should witness the success of the evening's entertainment. The choir was most artistically arranged, a very pleasing effect being attained by the wearing of white by the ladies. The choruses were sung with great precision and good expression and were also well-balanced and of delightful rhythmic quality. The first number was "March of the Men of Harlech," which was heartily applauded, after which Miss Davies and Mr. Davies gave a piano duet in D major (Diabelli) which excelled in faultless execution. Mr. Gerrard then gave "Out on the Deep" (Lohr) in his usual happy style, followed by Miss Davies rendering "Come Sweet Morning" very sweetly and with the marked beauty of tone for which she is noted. Mr. Potter's reading "Sorrow at Easter" was much enjoyed, and Miss Weddell, who is well known to Peterborough audiences as a purely Scotch singer gave "Jessie's Dream" with good effect. The part song, "Silent Night," was most harmoniously rendered by Misses Davies, Weddell and Van Every, Mrs. Kerr and Messrs. Laing, Smith, Gerrard and Edwards. A pretty duet, "I Would That my Love" (Mendelssohn) was next given by Miss Davies and Mrs. Kerr, after which the humorous part song, "The Goslings," was given by Miss Van Every and Messrs. Laing, Smith, Gerrard. The chorus "O who will o'er the downs so free," was then given by the choir, and after a five minutes' intermission the choir gave "Drops of Rain," a descriptive piece which charmed all hearers with its suggestiveness of the weather. Miss Davies' piano solo Grand Fantasia on Weber's "Oberon" displayed most marked talent, splendid technique and conscientious interpretation. As an encore she gave a melody by Stephen Heller. The quartette "Venetian Boat Song," given by Mrs. Kerr and Messrs. Laing, Smith, Gillespie and Sollitt was followed by Miss McCrae reciting "The Chariot Race," from "Ben Hur." Miss McCrae held her audience well and proved herself the possessor of a very fine memory and good dramatic fire. The humorous glee, "Dame Durden," which was given by Messrs. Laing, Smith and Gerrard evoked much laughter and applause and was repeatedly encored. Miss Davies again favored the audience and gave "The World's Awakening" (Noel Johnson), after which a quartette composed of Mrs. Metheral, Miss Tully and Messrs. Smith and Gillespie rendered "Sweetly Come Those Strains Melodious" (G. F. Root), the effect of voices in the distance being well carried out by the choir. Mr. Potter then gave "King of the Sea" in good voice and was loudly encored. The last two numbers were part songs by the choir, the first being "Sweet and Low" (Sir J. Barnby), and "The Watchword," which drew forth much enthusiasm. The accompanists of the evening were Mr. Davies, Miss Davies and Miss Etta Garbutt.

At the conclusion a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Davies and the choir by Mr. McFarlane, which was most warmly seconded by Messrs. McClelland and Webster. Mr. Davies in responding dwelt on the pleasure his connection with St. Andrews had given him and thanked the choir for the united effort which they had put forth to make the concert a success. Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather it was deemed advisable to repeat this entertainment on Tuesday, May 20th. The National Anthem brought this very pleasant and enjoyable evening to a close.

[We regret very much that for lack of space this report was omitted in Saturday's issue.]

BOERS HIDDEN IN THE LONG GRASS

Graphic Story of a Fight of the Queen's Bays Dragoons

A DARK AND MISTY NIGHT.

Commandant Prinsloo was Wounded and Captured by the British—The Hussars in a Charge

Special to The Times.

Pretoria, April 27 — Details have been received here of the gallant fight of Col. Rawley's column at Holsprut on Easter Tuesday. The column was 800 strong, consisting of the 2nd Queen's Bays, the 7th Hussars, and a few National scouts, with a convoy.

On April 1, having received information of the location of Alberts's laager, Colonel Fanshaw, with about three squadrons of the Bays and a few National Scouts, left camp at two o'clock in the morning, and trekked east through Nooitgedacht and Leeuwkop to Holspruit.

DARK AND MISTY

The night was extremely dark and misty, and it was difficult to see a yard ahead. It was felt that the horses were descending a slope towards a drift, but before reaching the banks the leading squadron came suddenly on a number of hobbled horses, betraying the vicinity of the enemy. Simultaneously the whole Boer force, which had been hidden in the river and the long grass, opened fire almost from under the horses' hoofs, and our men galloped to the shelter of the ridge they had just descended. Here a short stand was made while Colonel Fanshawe arranged his men, but he found that the Boers held a position on the left dominating him, and he had to retire on the next ridge.

Then commenced a series of rear-guard actions, the enemy continually out-flanking our men on either side until the Bays were quite surrounded. In the darkness it was almost impossible to distinguish friend from enemy. The contending forces were often mixed up, frequently at close quarters, and the fighting was mostly at close range.

A GALLANT FIGHT

Many hand to hand encounters took place, the enemy in front making short rushes, shouting and yelling "Hands up," but none thought of surrender. Only a few horseless men unable to get away and wounded were captured.

On reaching Leeuwkop, where Col. Fanshawe had thought he would be able to hold the enemy in check until reinforcements arrived, he found the Boers in strong possession, and fell back further north. By this time dawn was breaking.

The squadrons still kept cool and in order, retiring in turns and encouraged by the approach of the 7th Hussars, who came dashing to their assistance. The Boers in turn had to retire before the eager cavalry, who burned to get to close quarters.

Some of the Hussars did charge a body of the enemy, scattering them in all directions and killing two, but once the retreat had commenced the Boers were soon out of sight behind their strong positions.

PRINSLOO CAPTURED

Dr. Richie, who stayed behind to attend to the wounded, says the Boers treated them well, very few being molested, but some of the captured men were stripped. Commandant Alberts stated that they lost very heavily, including Commandant Prinsloo and his brother killed.

The latter fell into our hands and was returned in an ambulance under a white flag. Three field cornets were also killed. Eleven dead Boers were picked up on the field, and it is also known that the enemy had sixteen seriously wounded.

All accounts agree that their loss was equal to ours.

Our casualties were heavy. Most of the wounded were severely injured, owing to the closeness of the range, the latest return being seventy wounded and fourteen killed.

The Bays lost all their squadron leaders, six out of twelve officers being hit. Major Vaughan had two horses shot under him, and although hit below the knee early in the fight he continued right through.

Items of Interes

The Hague, Apr. 28—In their morning bulletin from Castle Loo, Queen Wilhelmina's physicians say the rise in the patient's temperature yesterday evening was of shorter duration than before. Consequently, the Queen had a fairly quiet night, resulting beneficially to her general condition.

A BIG EXCURSION

London, April 26 — Well-grown boys and girls, as well as the "tiny tots," are to be feasted in the great coronation excursion of 46,000 children from Southwark.

The project which is now being arranged will necessitate the purchase of 90,000 pies, 46,000 scones, and, approximately, 125,000 cups of tea.

Each of the 46,000 children is to receive a scone on entering the train, and meat and fruit pies are to be given at the journey's end.

In various pleasant spots in the neighborhood of Box Hill, Ashtead and Epsom the children will be able to enjoy fresh air, music, games and refreshments — a few thousand children at each spot. Each group of children will vary in the design of the band on the children's arms.

The huge excursion is to be non-sectarian and non-political, and the fifty schools, board and voluntary, in the borough are all to be centres for the organization of the trip.

BIG EGGS

London, April 26 — An egg of the Aepyornis Maximus is to be sold by auction. These eggs are the largest in existence, one having been known to contain two gallons of water, or equal to 125 hens' eggs. The bird has long since died out, but it remains in the shape of a few bones which have been found in Madagascar.

A CURIOUS RAILWAY

London, April 26—The Millisle and Garlieston Railway, Wigtownshire, is a curiosity in railway enterprise. Its days, however, seem numbered. It is about a mile long, and is jointly owned by four great railway companies, who are getting tired of its average weekly receipts of a sovereign, on which have to be maintained an engine, with driver and fireman, one carriage and a guard. Sometimes the fares collected on a journey total threepence. The early morning and late evening trains have recently been withdrawn, and the mails between Millisle and Garlieston are now wheeled on a barrow to catch the Whithorn connection.

EXPLORER'S DONKEY DIET

London, April 26—Major H. H. Austin had quite a thrilling story to tell the Royal Geographical Society last night when he described his journey from Omdurman to Mombasa, via lake Rudolf.

The major, in company with Major Bright and Major Garner, left Omdurman in December, 1900, having an escort of fifty-nine Sudanese soldiers. On approaching Lake Rudolf unfriendly natives were met, and some of the Sudanese escort were continually missing and being found speared.

Water became scarce, while for food they were compelled to eat the donkeys they had brought with them.

The major and his companions were several times at death's door, and of the fifty-nine Soudanese who started only fourteen survived.

SLAVERY IS RECOGNIZED

London, April 26 — On April 25, 1898, a very important decision was given by the judge of the Provincial Court of Mombasa, in which it was laid down, on the advice of two Mohammedan doctors learned in the law, who sat as assessors in the case, that all slaves imported into the coast territories of the Sultan of Zanzibar (which are leased by Great Britain from him), since the decree of April 18, 1876, were illegally held and should be confiscated. According to this judgment a very large proportion of the slave population of the coast strip (estimated by the bishop at no less than nine-tenths of the whole), are legally free. Four years have elapsed since that decision was given, and yet nothing has been done to make it known and effective throughout the territory. On the contrary, in spite of it our administration still recognises the status of slavery, and that notwithstanding that Ministers have repeatedly declared their wish to abolish it.

PLAN TO PRESERVE MILK

London, April 26—If recent scientific reports are to be believed, we are on the eve of a revolution in regard to our milk supply. Milk preserved by means of deleterious substances is to be a thing of the past. The new process is of French origin, the discovery having been made by members of the Pasteur Institute. For the moment its exact nature is not to be disclosed, but it appears that after the milk has cooled it is treated with oxygen, the microbes being put into a state of paralysis, so that they cannot multiply. Then the milk is heated to a fixed degree and cooled again, it being claimed that the fluid so treated will last in a perfectly pure state over nine months. In a short time the system is to be introduced to this country by prominent members of the wholesale milk trade in England and Scotland.

KILLED ON THE RAILWAY

Gananoque, April 24 — The body of a man was found lying across the G.T.R. Track at Thousand Island Island Junction, having been run over by an express. From papers found in the pockets he is supposed to be Wm. Macoon, of Elgin. He is about 32 years of age. Coroner Shaw of Lansdowne will hold an inquest.

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY

London, April 24—During the course of the budget debate in the Commons the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that after July 1 the new colonies were to assume the cost of maintaining 6,000 of the 10,000 men in the South African Constabulary, even if peace were not concluded.

THE LAST CONTINGENT

Five More Recruits Leave Saturday Night for South Africa

On Saturday night the following recruits left on the midnight C.P.R. for Halifax, en route for South Africa:

Corporal Forsythe.
J. S. Pogue.
R. Carter.
C. A. Pengelley.
W. C. Inkster.

The boys were given a hearty send-off by a number of their friends.

Otonabee Council

The Otonabee council met on the 21st April, all the members being present except John Dryell, who was unable to attend on account of illness. Ormiston Stewart was present requesting that his and Fred Stewart's statute labor be commuted for 3 years, to improve the roads near their places.—Granted. It was decided to hold the court of revision on the 28th May. $1650 was granted for expenditure on the roads. Following accounts were ordered to be paid: E. J. Grieve, for 19 days employed as policeman at E W Woods, to prevent the spread of smallpox, $21.37; J. J. Turner & Sons, double hospital tent, $80, 2 spring camp beds and mattresses, $6; stove pipes, tins, 30c; Dickson Co., for tent floor, $10.19; S. Mather, repairing scrapers, etc., $0.75.

A communication was received from Dennistoun, Peck, & Stevenson advising the Council that the timber on the road allowances can be sold by the council. Council adjourned to May 28th.

The Penalty of a Fast Life

Is paid for by an irritable condition of body and mind, by exhausted energy, poor digestion, unstrung nerves and broken sleep. If you must and will live the killing pace, better keep in mind the sustaining powers of Ferrozone, a wonderful tonic and reconstructor. Ferrozone is a blood maker, a nerve strengthener, a heart and brain invigorator. It creates appetite, insures perfect digestion and undisturbed sleep, restores the vitality and strength lost by excessive living very quickly. Ferrozone will do you inestimable good. Try it. Price 50c. per box or 6 boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

THRILLING BATTLE WITH THE BOLOMEN

Captain Schoeffel of the Ninth Infantry Tells a Graphic Story

ATTACKED FROM THE AMBUSH

Routed a Band of Barbarous Filipinos with a Band of Fifteen Brave Yankee Soldiers

Special to The Times.

San Francisco, April 28 — Captain Schoeffel of the Ninth Infantry, who has recently returned from the Philippines, where he led a detachment of his regiment in a hot fight against the bolomen, has arrived here. His left foot and leg are entirely paralyzed from the severing of the sciatic nerve by a bolo thrust. Two operations at Manila did not result favorably, and the handsome young officer is here on waiting orders at the Presidio Hospital. He hopes soon to be ordered to Washington for treatment, and then to Johns Hopkins, in Baltimore, for another operation, which will consist of bringing the nerve together and sewing it. This may restore to him the use of his foot and leg. His home is in Rochester, N.Y., where his wife and children reside.

STORY OF THE FIGHT

The gallant captain recounts the story of his adventure with great modesty. He says: "Early on the morning of December 24 I sent Lieut. Lang with eighteen men, many of them native scouts, by boat to a place called Dap-Dap, while I and eighteen men of Company E, Ninth Infantry, and one or two native scouts, went by boats also to a place called Talinga, at the head of a bay several miles in the rear of the first named place.

"The first man on the trail in our little advance guard was our faithful old Filipino scout, who knew the country, every inch of it, well. He was on the lookout at every tree for a bamboo spear trap.

"These people have an unpleasant way of bending over a tree branch and fastening it down with a sharp pointed bamboo spear in such a hidden way that when the unwary soldier steps on it, it will fly up and pierce him through in the vicinity of the chest.

A NOVEL WEAPON

"Suddenly the scout gave a quick, deep grunt and fell forward on his face. A bolo had gone through him, and when we reached him his intestines were protruding. He was carried a little to one side, and, strange to say, he lived. He had not fallen before the corporal yelled 'Goo-Goos!'

"In less than a second the Cougan grass was literally alive with their brandished bolos, and the air danced with waves of red sashes and caps.

"As soon as the firing began my other men, who were a short distance in the rear, started to our assistance.

"A mad boloman started for me, and I had nothing to meet him with. My knowledge of boxing came in play, and just as he reached me I sidestepped him, so to speak. He sank to his knees on the trail, and I drew my revolver and shot him in the chest, as I thought, killing him.

"At the same time three of them came at me on the other side with knives raised. One of them dropped on his knees and made a dive at my chest. I parried and poured hot shot into them with the pistol, and two of them fell. The other ran.

"I fought on unconsciously, and when my revolver was empty I saw one of my own men, now so pitifully few, lying at my feet. He was conscious, but he had been stabbed near the heart. Death was not far distant. I yelled for his gun and belt and took them. Then, with the help of the few men left and some friendly natives, our bearers, who had simply sunk into the grass from fright when the fight began, we fought like Turks, and saw the remaining bolomen turn and run.

"The arrival of Lang and his men was more than welcome, for we could not by our own efforts make a move to get out of the tall grass. They at once went to work and cut down saplings and made stretchers on which to carry the wounded men down to the boats. I was among the number, for my wounds had made me ill and faint. It was an awful trail, and we all had to be tied to the stretchers. The dead were carried on the natives' backs, and it made the most gruesome sight I ever saw. We got back in our boats to Tanaguan, where Dr. Calhoun, the post surgeon, dressed all wounds."

CHURCH NOTES

At the George street church last night Rev. Mr. Wilson, the pastor, preached upon the subject of music, while the choir rendered a choice programme. There was a large attendance.

The Oddfellows attended divine service at St. Andrews' church last night, when Rev. J. G. Potter preached an eloquent and impressive sermon. There was a large turnout of the brethren.

There was a celebration of the Holy Communion yesterday morning at All Saint's church. Rev. Henry Benoit preached at the morning service.

The pastor, Rev. J. Bastow, preached at the Murray street church yesterday morning on the subject of Paul's Thorn in the Flesh. In the evening he preached on Obedience.

Rev. D. O. Crossley, of the Charlotte street Methodist church, and Rev. C. L. Thompson, of Ashburnham, exchanged pulpits yesterday evening.

They Take Weeks

Ordinary remedies sometimes take weeks to even relieve cases that Catarrhozone cures at once.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes now and again and it cures a cold.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes four times a day and it cures stubborn coughs.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes every hour and we guarantee it will cure any case of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, lung or throat trouble, deafness. It is very pleasant and convenient to use, quick to relieve, and certain as the hereafter to cure. Large size, complete, price $1.00; small size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them But spare the mother's feeling.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will loose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 28, 1902.

NORTH MONAGHAN

The Township Council met in the town hall on Monday, April 14th, at 1.30 p.m. All the members were present. The reeve, Mr. Bradburn, presided.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Communications were presented and read as follows:

From the Clerk of the County of Peterborough, enclosing statement of assessments made by the County valuators in the Township of North Monaghan.—Received.

From J. H. Foster, applying to have his property placed in Road Division No. 1 for statute labor purposes. —Received and no action taken.

From Jas. R. Bell, asking for damages for rig broken on road.—Received and no action taken.

The following accounts were presented:

R. Sanderson, for taking down and putting up fence on 10 Con., $2.00; John Bell, for cleaning Park street drain, $4.25; Review Printing Co., for minute book, $3.00; R. Revington, for fixing and railing washout on drain road, $6.50.

On motion of Messrs. Dobbin and Madill, these accounts were passed, and ordered paid.

Accounts for opening snow roads during the stormy spells of winter were presented as follows:

Road Div. No. 1, under D. Galloway, Com., $83.25; Road Div. No. 2, under R. Sanderson, Com., $28.25; Road Div. No. 3, under J. J. Bennett, Com., $30.15; Road Div. No. 4, under R. Revington, Com., $12.50.

It was moved by Messrs. Madill and May, that sufficient money to pay these accounts as presented and certified, be advanced to each Commissioner, who is hereby instructed to pay them and to file receipted pay sheets for the same forthwith. Said amount of money to be deducted from the amount of commutation tax due each Road Division respectively for the year 1902.—This was carried.

It was moved by Messrs. May and Smith, that the portion of the Road Division No. 4, consisting of lot 12, in the 13th concession, with the highways therein, and also that portion of the gravel road running through lot 12, in 12th concession, be placed in Road Division No. 1, for Statute Labor purposes, and the clerk is hereby authorized to prepare a by-law for passing accordingly. This was carried.

On motion By-laws No. 505 and 506, appointing certain township officers for 1902 were then introduced, given their necessary readings and passed.

The appointments made were as follows:

Collector, Jas. Barnard; Road Commissioners, D. Galloway, R. Sanderson, J. J. Bennett and R. Revington; pound keepers, W. Williamson, W. Laing, R. Sanderson and Thos. Hooper; fence viewers, George Young, sr., J. Fowler and Fred Stinson; Thos. Hunter, Jas. McIndoo, and J. M. McIntosh; R. Waterman, John Brown and W. Whitfield; N. W. Maybee, A. Cummings and A. Saunders.

On motion the Council adjourned to meet on Monday, May 26th, at 1.30 p.m., as a court of revision, and for general business.

An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 2 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 3 1-2 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 82. There were 138 new cases in September, 380 in October, 673 in November, 804 in December and 1,385 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

"And she isn't married yet? Gracious, she's well preserved! She is the same Birdie Heppindyke she was fifteen years ago."

"No, she's not the same. She spells it 'Byrdye' now."—Chicago Tribune.

Caught in a Stampede.

TWO years ago, when the cowboys of north-eastern Arizona came together to find out who was the "best man" in various ways, James Evans won the steer-tying championship by roping, throwing and tying a vicious steer in twenty-four seconds. But in a recent round-up the champion did a more remarkable thing, by which, says the Kansas City "Star," he saved his own and another man's life.

While he and some companions were camping for the night on a high tableland, which ended a few miles away in an abrupt drop of two hundred feet, a storm swept through the mountains. Made nervous by the lightning, the herd of fifteen hundred cattle stampeded in the direction of the precipice. Evans and his men mounted hurriedly and, circling to the front of the maddened cattle, tried with whoops and revolver-shots to turn them back.

In the dense blackness of the night Evans's horse missed his footing and went down in a heap, one leg in a gopher-hole. The horse of a cowboy named Davis, running close behind, stumbled over Evans's horse, and Davis, too, came to earth and lay still, unconscious.

Fifty yards away came the herd, and a short flash of lightning showed Evans the situation. The swiftly moving sea of cattle reached one hundred yards each way. Unable to arouse Davis, and never thinking of leaving his disabled comrade, Evans took the only chance of saving both. He emptied his own revolver and his companion's into the center of the herd, cutting a breach in the front of the mass. Then, throwing the inanimate form of Davis over his shoulder, he awaited his opportunity.

As one of the leaders brushed by, Evans, with one movement, put the body of Davis across the shoulders of the steer, and mounted, also. Vainly the animal leaped, bucked and side-jumped. With his legs wrapped tightly around the body of his mount, Evans drove his spurs deep in, and held himself and Davis in place.

The steer, wild with rage, agony and fright, rapidly left the herd in the rear, and, veering to the right in a furious gallop, carried his riders out of danger. Then Evans rolled off the back of his strange rescuer, and a half-hour later, when his cowboys turned the herd at the rim of the canyon, and rode back to look for the foreman and Davis, they found them, both unconscious. The weary steer, with his sides covered with blood, lay exhausted a short distance away.

The outfit ordered a medal for Evans, and the steer has been pensioned for life on the best alfalfa in the valley.

A Revolutionary Age.

Soulless corporations, heartless coquettes and conscienceless rascals of various sorts we have had with us now these many years, and it looks very much now as if a kind of providence was about to even things up a little by providing us with such useful contrivances as wireless telegraphy, heatless light, smokeless powder, boneless shad and seedless oranges. If some genius will rise up now and give us a breed of bitless dogs and stingless mosquitoes, together with some loseless umbrellas and spendless cash, we shall all be happy and content.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When to Get Married.

The astrologers, it is said, have named the following as propitious dates for marriages for 1902: January 2, 4, 11, 19 and 21; February 1, 3, 10, 19 and 21; March 3, 5, 12, 20 and 23; April 3, 4, 12, 20 and 22; May 2, 4, 12, 20 and 23; June 1, 3, 11, 19 and 21; July 1, 3, 12, 19, 21 and 31; August 2, 11, 18, 20 and 30; September 1, 9, 18, 19 and 28; October 1, 8, 15, 17, 27 and 29; November 5, 11, 13, 22 and 25; December 1, 3, 10, 19, 28 and 29.

The Monk's Knowledge of Women.

AN interesting story comes from the French Alps of Dauphiny relating the futile efforts of the Princess of Croy, who desired to enter the monastery of the Grande Chartreuse, a habitation from which women visitors are rigidly excluded.

The story runs that the Princess dressed herself in boy's clothes and accompanied her husband to the institution. The gates were opened to them, and the Prince sent his card to the father superior, with a line to the effect that he was accompanied by a friend.

Just as they were about to make the round of the building the word was received that the father would like to see the Prince and "his friend." Going upstairs they were received by the smiling monk, who cordially invited them to join him in an appetizing luncheon. The Princess endeavored to make the best of the situation, but she was not put any the more at her ease by the fact that the monk kept gazing sharply at her.

At last he exclaimed suddenly: "Catch it, young man!" at the same time throwing at her a large pear. The Princess was startled, and, thrown completely off her guard, made a motion to grab up her skirt, the absence of which she overlooked in her confusion.

Then the father stopped smiling and said with great gravity:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but ladies are not allowed in the monastery. I must ask you to wait outside until the Prince has finished his inspection."

And outside she had to go, the reverend father bowing her from the room with most elaborate politeness.

The Democracy of Children.

ONE amusing trait in children is their unconscious democracy. They are nearly always democratic when permitted any latitude. The desire for playmates levels sense of caste, if any exists. On a street through which I often pass there is a coterie of children who blend with the most thorough harmony, although they are of quite different social strata. One of the boys is a "smart" young gentleman in knickerbockers, always well groomed; another is a little Italian; a third, the thin, restless, wide awake son of a housekeeper. One of the little girls is a negress, with her woolly hair standing out from her head in thin curved-up tails. She is quite a belle in this "mixed" company.—Harper's "Bazar."

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

Poultry and Dairy.

Washing the hands seems a needless task sometimes, but the successful dairyman will find the moments spent in this way are the most profitable of the day. Clean hands lead to clean cows, and with clean cows there will be a clean product.

Experience With Houdans.

I have had fifteen years' experience in breeding Houdan fowls, and am strongly of the opinion that the high favor in which this breed is held by the French farmer and poulterer is not misplaced. I think it a great mistake that the Houdans are not more generally raised by the farmers of this country. They are medium sized, good layers of large white eggs, and are highly esteemed as a table bird. They have no combs to freeze in severe weather—a convenience to farmers who expect fowls to thrive without protection.—Charles Hopper, Ashley, O.

Poultry on the Dairy Farm.

Just why dairymen do not make poultry-raising pay is not a problem hard to solve. The reason is lack of knowledge relating to poultry-raising... How can we make fowls hustle and exercise? First, we must not feed too heavily or make it too easy for birds to get their food. We must get them out of their houses in winter as much as possible. The profit in winter depends on having the hens well housed and giving special care. A house 12 by 20 feet is large enough for 50 fowls. Do not permit any of the floor space to be occupied with nests, roosts or other fixtures. All of the floor space should be reserved for the hens, and a part of it should be used for a scratching floor. Put in only enough glass for lighting purposes.

One reason why some people do not succeed with poultry is that they do not know how to feed to the best advantage. Large fowls require a different system of feeding than small ones. Leghorns are not likely to get overfat. They will leave corn on the ground and run after insects; while the larger breeds will eat the corn that is given them and stand around waiting for more. Chopped clover is good, and should be fed each day, and chopped vegetables will not take its place. On the average farm there is much that goes to waste that the fowls can utilize, and this helps to give profit.—F. M. Munger, in American Agriculturist.

Guinea Fowls for Farm.

There is a difference of opinion as to the profitableness of guinea fowls. Where one person succeeds ten will perhaps fail. Guineas are very like wild birds in habits and it is thought that it is impossible to tame them but this is not the case. On a farm where they have a wide range guineas can be raised to advantage. They begin to lay in April and lay until the middle of October. During this season chicken hens get broody and in August and September moult and a flock of guineas will keep the egg basket filled.

Young guineas are susceptible to cold, and we do not set any eggs until the first of June, and have them coming off from the first of July until the middle of August. Those taken off later will not get grown before cold weather, but will make nice broilers to use in the fall. We set the eggs under an ordinary hen and raise them with the chickens; keep them fastened in a coop with the hen for several days, until they get used to the hen; then turn them out to forage in the day but shut them up at night. We give them the same kind of food as the young chicks, making sure to keep the coop's floor covered with coarse sand. The little guineas are so tame that it is hard to keep from stepping on them when going to feed or to put up at night. Her guineas roost in the fowl house, and, although they make the circuit round the farm every day, they come back to a clover patch near the fowl yard to lay, and nearly always lay near each other. I do not find them any harder to raise than chickens. They are great foragers, bug catchers and insect destroyers, and trouble grain and truck patches less than any other class of fowls.

The meat of the guinea resembles that of wild game in flavor, and is delicious, fit for an epicure. In many sections of the country partridges, quails, etc., are very scarce, and I do not see why guineas could not be hatched by incubators and raised to supply those who know what a toothsome bird the guinea is.—L. G. Holland, Ninety-Six, S. C.

The Water on a Dairy Farm.

The water supply should be even more scrupulously guarded than the food supply. It serves a double purpose, that of water for the cow and for the washing of the utensils. The water for both should be equally pure, and it ought to be made an axiom that water unfit to wash the pails or cans is unfit for cattle to drink. The milking cow requires large quantities of water, and whether it be capable of demonstration that impurities may find their way into the milk, it is safest to take the benefit of the doubt and use only pure water. A shallow dug well in the corner of the cow lot cannot escape contamination at some time. The contamination may not last all the time, and it may be, as is usually the case, that it is of a harmless character. The fact is that any contamination from the surface, no matter what may be its character, marks the well as one that may become infected and the cause of an epidemic. It only remains for the right kind of an infection to enter. It may require one year or forty years.

The special forms which are partial to the water supply are the intestinal germs that cause diarrhoea and the typhoid form. Many of the most alarming epidemics of typhoid have been traced to such source. It is not an easy matter to obtain an adequate supply of water at all places about a city, but as far as possible it should be from driven wells. As far as tested, all driven wells of more than twenty-five feet are supplying pure water. The hard-pan near the surface acts as an effective barrier to the passage of germs, and those that come from below are harmless. A driven well of twenty-five feet is a deeper well from a sanitary standpoint than any dug well. All dairies within the corporate limits of a city should be compelled to use city water.—United States Bulletin No. 88.

Doubtless She Was.

Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop?
Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

Bargains.

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Anecdotal.

When the English barrister, Richard Eve, desired to "take silk"—or, in other words, to become a Queen's Counsel—he sent the usual note to the senior members on the circuit to see whether anyone objected, according to custom. Mr. Adam Walker, one of the senior members, replied as follows:—"My dear Eve.—You may take silk or a fig leaf. I don't care.—Adam."

Shortly after Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R.A., was knighted, he and Lady Alma-Tadema gave an At Home at St. John's Wood. Everybody present was congratulating them, and one lady was very profuse. "Oh, dear Sir Lawrence," she said, "I am awfully glad to hear of the honor you have received. I suppose now that you are knighted you will give up painting and live like a gentleman."

In an Ohio town last fall, the African Methodist-Episcopal Church of that district held a conference, and for a week the town was filled with colored pulpit orators. A few days after the conference closed its sessions, one of the leading colored women of the town drove out to Pea Ridge to purchase chickens of an old mammy who had supplied the family for years. Aunt Hanna, coming to the gate, said: "I'm sorry, Miss Allie. I ain't got a chicken left. Dey all done enter de ministry."

A story is going the rounds about a prominent Nova Scotia lawyer who is noted for his carelessness in dress, which fact annoys the members of the Bar exceedingly. Entering the court-room one day minus a cravat, the judge reproved him, saying the law required him to wear one. "Oh, yes, your honor. I know it," he answered; "but it does not say where he shall wear it," and as he spoke he pulled it out of his trousers pocket. The matter then dropped.

General William T. Sherman was fond of relating the following story: "When I was with the army in Georgia, a slave-owner about Christmas time missed a fine fat turkey. He suspected a good-looking mulatto, and ordered the man brought before him. 'You have stolen my turkey and eaten it,' said the irate planter. 'I'se not gwine to say I didn't, when you says I did, massa.' 'I ought to have you flogged. What have you to say why I should not punish you?' 'Well, massa, you hain't lost anything particular. You see, you has a little less turkey and a good deal more nigger.' And the master was compelled to acknowledge the philosophy of the slave, and let him go unwhipped."

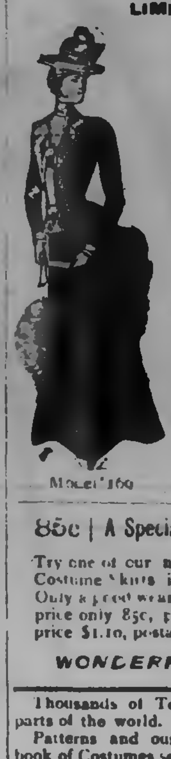
As a young man Paul Kruger was regarded as an authority on psalm singing, and the farmers used to come to him to learn the keynote for starting the psalms at the next Sunday's service. Kruger, even in those days, was no believer in the policy of giving anything away—not even a note of music—so he had a uniform charge of a double handful of dried peaches for his instruction. Even the fact that the work was in the service of religion did not deter him from resorting to strategy, for he made a point of giving each applicant a different note. The result when the pious Doppers attempted to raise their voices in sacred harmony next Sunday may be imagined. The result was that each man concluded he had lost the key, and had to return for a further lesson. "I nearly bankrupted them of their dried peaches," said the president.

Ford Madox Brown, the artist, once had to be smuggled into his own exhibition. The occasion was a private view in Bond street of the Manchester fresco, "John Kay." The artist being unwell at the time was accompanied in his carriage to the gallery by his doctor and old friend, William Gill. The time passed pleasantly enough en route in conversation, when suddenly Madox Brown's talk came to an abrupt full stop; he started as though struck by some very disquieting thought, and wildly plunged round in his various pockets, blank dismay depicted on his countenance the while. "Good heavens, Gill!" he exclaimed, "I have forgotten my card of admission! What am I to do?" "Your card of admission!" replied his amazed friend, "surely you can get in without that?" "No, no," answered Madox Brown in despair, "they will never let me in—they don't know me!" Fortunately, however, Mr. Gill was provided with the necessary passport, and he thus played the distinctly original role of getting an artist admission into his own show.

Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—Chicago News.

Said a lady whose surname was Beaulieu:—

"Orthography's very unreaulieu.
The spelling of Belvoir
Is quite a deceivoir."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with yours treaulieu?"
—Chicago Tribune.



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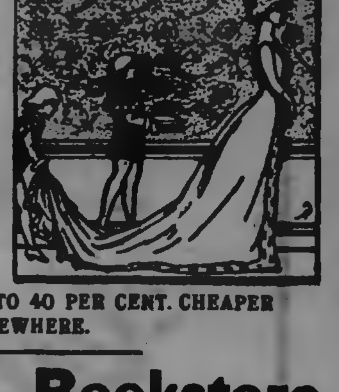

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They Staked Their Lives.

NOT long ago, among the varied pictures of human life which go to make up the daily newspaper, appeared a story as thrilling as fiction, although it was only a part of the plain news of the day. It had to do with the life-savers at the Chatham station which guards the end of Cape Cod. For thirty-six hours Captain Eldredge and his crew, who patrol this point of land projecting far out into the Atlantic, went through as hard an experience as brave men are often called upon to endure. The story is outlined by the "Youth's Companion:"

During a freezing hurricane they saw a schooner in distress off Pollock Rip. Ordinarily there could have been no question as to whether or not they should go to her assistance; for although every drop of water froze as fast as it fell, and the sea was mad, and Pollock Rip is a treacherous place, yet life-savers are used to riotous weather and do not hesitate. But this time there was a special element of danger; a northwest wind tearing down past the edge of the land at sixty miles an hour made it impossible for any boat that should set out for Pollock Rip to return against the gale.

But the men of the Chatham station did not stop to reckon their chances of return. Trusting that the schooner might hold out through the storm if manned and pumped by a fresh crew, they struck out in their life-boat toward the Rip.

Although the wind was with them, it was a hard pull. Three times they were nearly swamped, and when they reached the schooner, they dared not pull alongside of her. It took an hour of hard work to get aboard, and even then the crew of the schooner had to pull them up one by one with ropes, as if they, the life-savers, were the rescued, not the rescuers.

They had won their goal, but it might still be nothing but a goal of death; they knew that when they started. One pump was broken, the crew of the vessel was half exhausted, and the water was pouring into the schooner at the rate of nine hundred pump-strokes an hour.

Sending most of the ship's crew to their bunks, Captain Eldredge and his men manned the two good pumps and fought the inrushing water. After thirty hours of fighting they won. That is how the schooner "Emma D. Endicott," Captain Rogers of New York, lived to be towed up to Boston.

If she had not lived, the men of the Chatham life-saving station, who staked their lives on the chance that they could reach her and keep her afloat, who went to her aid knowing they could not return until the wind abated—well, they would not have lived to hear people tell them how brave they are.

A Cheerful Prophecy.

THE animal that cannot be trained to keep its wits about it on the approach of a motor car must disappear. Its stupidity, filth, sloth, fear of everything and useless size prove to the most conservative that it must go. The horse that will not stand a motor car may be the delight of its owner, but it is a public nuisance and a public danger, and ought to be shot like a mad dog. Horsemen have no right to bring unmanageable brutes into the public highways, to the public danger, and it is time this elementary justice should be recognised. The motor is going to become the means of locomotion for all light transit, and by the ordinary roads as they exist to-day. It is the pedestrian and the horse that have got to give way. The horse in traffic, if he chooses to bolt, is uncontrollable. The motor, from the lightest bicycle to the heaviest car, is perfectly controllable, occupies half the space, and travels now through the congested streets at double and treble the speed of any horse-drawn vehicle. The only thing the two have in common is that at times they both refuse to go.

The unobservant talk of the accidents that would happen. The accidents will be a great deal fewer in number. A conclusive proof of this, to any one with any sense, is the fact that in the thousand miles tour no one, I believe, was hurt, though the roads were lined with spectators. In the race from Paris to Berlin, three days, and the tour around Italy, ten days, but two children were killed, the result entirely of their own carelessness or that of their parents. Suppose, for a moment, that in France a hundred and ten teams, or, rather, droves, of horses—there were a hundred and ten motors—ranging from fifty in a bunch down to two—this was the horse-power of the machines—had been let loose and driven at top speed for three days on the public roads. Will anyone tell me that thousands of people would not have been killed, that hundreds of drivers would not have lost their lives as well? But that would have been described as sport. . . . The only danger to be feared from the motor car is to its own driver, the only drawback is its own imperfection. Read the reports of automobile accidents: proportionately, these are far fewer than from any other form of locomotion, and in nine cases out of ten the accident occurs to the driver or the occupant of the car; in the tenth case it is owing to the stupidity or the carelessness of the person who gets in front. The average pedestrian has simply got to learn to keep out of the way, and that is the end of it.—Joseph Pennell in "Contemporary Review."

At a New York Pier.

The traveler fell on his knees and begged for mercy; but the customs inspector was adamant.

"Once, and once only," said the latter, "I let a man go through without offering him every indignity that savage ingenuity can devise. He proved to be a spotter from Washington, and I nearly lost my job. I sha'n't make that mistake again."

Yes, the traveler would have to have his stomach pumped out; most distinctly [illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

have paid the penalty of my folly with my young life.

"I will live from day to day—forgetting if I can — then the month wanes all will be over."

It was hard to face death so calmly, and she so young and fair.

How long she remained crouching on her knees—giving herself up to the abandonment of her terrible woe—she never knew.

A slight noise startled her; she turned round just in time to see a tall, slender man leap lightly from the balcony through the open window directly into the room, holding up his hand with a menacing gesture indicating silence. It was the French count.

"Hush!" he cried. "Surely you recognize me."

He had sprung forward, stifling with a muttered imprecation the cry of horror on her red lips.

"What are you doing here? How dared you come?" she gasped, recoiling from him in terror.

A merciless smile stirred beneath his heavy mustache, showing his dazzling white teeth.

"Two very good reasons brought me here, my dear madame, the first," with a very low bow, "to pay my respects to your dear self; the other a pressing need of glittering gold which I told you must be forthcoming.

"Your servants refused to take up my card, on the ground that you were in your boudoir ill with a sick headache, and had given positive orders that you were not to be disturbed. I was not to be balked in that way—I knew the location of your room—and leaped without difficulty from one balcony to the other, and here I am."

Daisy fell back into the nearest seat trembling in every limb, gazing at the bold, handsome face that fascinated her with such awful terror. He glanced toward the inner rooms.

"You are entirely alone but for me?" he asked questioningly. "Tell me, is it safe to speak? Are we alone?"

Daisy drew a little quivering breath, nodding a silent "yes," realizing that she was so fawfully, awfully alone with him, yet she dared not, if she would, have aroused the occupants of the house.

He drew his chair close up beside her, despite the fact that she waved him back with a gesture of her white hands pitiful to see.

"In the first place, I must tell you of my wooing," he said. "Fair Olive is to be mine; we are to be married within the coming month. You do not congratulate me, my dear madame; evidently you do not look upon your future brother-in-law with much favor; but be that as it may, the fact remains the same.

"I shall expect you to arrange for a grand banquet, for we must be married in style. And that reminds me to mention that it takes money for a wedding trip, and the amount which you were to hand me last week has not been forthcoming. I will take it now, if you please, dear madame."

"You have goaded me to madness," moaned Daisy. "I have given you every dollar I could raise; you have my diamonds and every article of value I possess. I can do no more."

"There is still another way to raise the amount, since it is a matter of necessity. Your husband has a bank account, and what is the husband's should belong to the wife. You can give your husband's check for five thousand, and he will never miss the amount. I have noticed you are a very clever imitator with the pen; it is a gift, my dear madame, which one should profit by. A few dashes of the pen and we would have such an admirable imitation of Mr. Hamilton's signature that it would puzzle even that gentleman himself as to whether he ever wrote it or not."

"Do I comprehend the full import of your words? You—you ask me—me, Alexander Hamilton's wife, who loves him better than life itself, to forge his name to a check? You dare ask this!"

"I am indeed so brave," he retorted with a smile, for which she could could have struck him dead at her feet; "and not only ask but expect you to comply with so reasonable a request. I assure you no one would think of tracing the matter to you."

She shivered like a poor leaf in an icy blast, or a tortured bird in the sportsman's trap, and he saw it and exulted over his power over the lovely, unfortunate lady.

"And what is to be done, must be done quickly," he observed, drawing a folded paper from his pocket, continuing: "Not anticipating a refusal, I have the check all filled out. It requires but the signature. I see pen and ink on the desk yonder; you will oblige me by signing it."

"I would cut off my right hand sooner than do it!" cried Daisy. "You have made me subservient to your will long enough. Even the timid doe will stand and fight for her life when driven at bay. I repeat, I will never sign it. You have driven me to madness—do your worst!"

"If I were to make it an object to you would you sign it?" he asked. "If I promised to give up Olive—take the money and go quietly away, swearing by all the saints in the calendar never to cross your path again—would you sign it then?"

She drew her breath with a sharp cry—on one side she beheld the two pictures, a respite of life, with Aleck's love still hers; on the other, disgrace, ruin, and death. No wonder the poor child wavered.

"I make no secret of it—wealth is the ruling passion with me—I have met one more beautiful than Olive whom I might love more, and she is an heiress—she left the city—if I had money I would follow her, for I am sure I could win her."

Daisy staggered blindly to the window, and raised her death-white face to the night sky.

"Give me a little time to think," she murmured faintly.

"Consider well," said the count.

She was considering well—only a dash of the pen and she could avert a fate more cruel than death from the sister who was rushing so blindfold to her ruin—only a dash of the pen—it did not seem much compared to the blasting of a young girl's life. And in saving Olive—she could save herself—Aleck's love would be hers for yet a little while, and she loved him so well—with all the passionate strength of her untutored, simple, childish heart—she loved him better than her own life.

Up and down the luxurious boudoir Daisy paced, wringing her little hands in the bitterest woe. The china-

To be Continued.

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.

R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organised in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, willl be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 356½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

- A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
- A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
- A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $650,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.89 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	286,319.88	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of........................		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends ...		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers

OTTAWA, CANADA.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

"Use Good Solder"

WIRE 1-2 and 1-2, REFINED.

Manufactured by the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

William St., Toronto, Ont.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

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LIMITED

Cancer Sufferers Gain Strength

The new constitutional treatment not only eradicates the disease, but renews the exhausted strength.

A great many people suffering from Cancers and Tumors find their strength rapidly slipping away. These horrible diseases undermine the health and sap the vitality.

To operate or use plasters, simply means further exhaustion. The new Constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the entire system, not only this, but it arrests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the Cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home, without pain or inconvenience.

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., enclosing three stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

Burning Bunions

Foot Elm soothes a Bunion, takes out the inflammation and gives ease and rest to the poor sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price 25c. a box, all druggists, or by mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

Finest Draught and Bottled Ales and Porter made from the Purest Spring Water, by New Process of Brewing.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 28, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—The annual picnic at Douro will take place on Thursday, June 19th.

—Don't forget the Board of Trade meeting to-night to discuss the street railway franchise. There should be a large attendance.

—The Children's Aid Society have a bright young girl, six years of age, for whom they would like a home. Apply to the agent, Mr. George Cochrane.

—A sale of useful and fancy articles, under the auspices of the Ladie's Aid Society, will be held in the School Room of St. Paul's Church, on May 6th, commencing at 3 p.m. A high tea will be served from 5.30 to 7.30 p.m.

—Mr. J. J. Turner has received a letter from his son, Mr. Reg. Turner, who is in South Africa, stating that he had been made saddler for the squadron he is attached to.

—Mr. Geo. H. Brown, the popular proprietor of Chemong Park Hotel, has had issued from the Times' job presses a very neat and tasty folder, setting forth Chemong as a popular summer resort.

—A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Y.W.C.A. will be held this afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock. A full attendance of members is requested, as very important matters are to be discussed.

—Under the auspices of the Girls' Guild, pupils of Mr. Gliddon's classes will give a musicale in St. John's school room this evening, assisted by the orchestra. There will be a silver collection in aid of the Guild funds.

Officers Say Goodbye

On Friday evening last the officers of the 57th Regiment entertained Lieut. Bradburn, on the eve of his departure for South Africa, to a smoker. The affair was very enjoyable, and expressive in appreciation of the honor done Mr. Bradburn as well as the regiment and the town, in selecting him as one of the officers of the fourth contingent. Lieut. Bradburn leaves to-night on the midnight for Halifax.

Death of Mr. E. J. Mann

Mr. Everett J. Mann, of Bridgenorth, son of Mr. James H. Mann, passed away on Saturday morning. Last fall the deceased had one of his legs amputated, and it was thought that he would recover from the effects of the operation. Complications set in, however, and heart trouble followed by an attack of pneumonia brought to an untimely end a bright and promising young life. He was a cheerful sufferer and had been confined to his bed for the past seven weeks.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at two o'clock, to the Little Lake cemetery.

A New Tea Store

The Stead Tea Company, of Montreal, has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. W. J. Morrow, as manager of their Peterborough store. Mr. Morrow has had a long experience in the grocery business, and has a large circle of friends. The premises will be No. 382 George-st., next to Messrs. Stinson & Son, boot and shoe dealers, and are now being refitted, and will be opened by the middle of May, carrying a full line of teas, coffee, etc. In Mr. Morrow's able hands, and backed up by the excellent goods, the store should be a popular one with buyers of such staple necessities as teas and coffees.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Miss Tina Macbeth has returned from a three weeks' visit in Toronto.

—The many friends of Mr. Geo. H. Noble will regret to learn that he has been taken to Nicholls hospital. He is, however, we are pleased to say, recovering.

—A number of Miss Geraldine Billington's young friends were delightfully entertained by that popular little lady. Mrs. Billington and children leave next Wednesday to join Mr. Billington at Winnipeg, where the family will reside.

THE STREET RAILWAY

What the Company Offers in Exchange for Franchise

The new owners of the street railway have outlined their scheme. They propose to extend the road in town along Park street, and down McDonnell street, and build a line to the river within six months, or before August 1st. They promised to maintain a ten minute service, and to extend to Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point.

A LAKEFIELD VIEW

Regarding the Proposed Street Railway Extension

Mr. George B. Hilliard, one of Lakefield's most enterprising and progressive citizens, was in town on Saturday and dropped in to see The Times. Speaking of the proposed extension of the street railway to Lakefield Mr. Hilliard was of the impression that it would be a benefit to the village. While no doubt some would come to Peterborough to do their shopping, this would be more than made up by visitors to the pretty northern village who would take the delightful trip up the picturesque banks of the Otonabee. He thought the company would find hearty support in Lakefield.

LIEUT. BRADBURN HONORED

Presented with a Gold Watch by the Young men of the Town

On Saturday evening a very pleasing though somewhat informal event took place in the Oriental hotel, when Lieut. O. E. Bradburn, who is to leave this evening for South Africa, was presented with a gold watch, together with an address, from the young men of the town, about forty of whom were present.

The address was read by Mr. F. D. Kerr, and the presentation made by Mr. Dickson Davidson.

Lieut. Bradburn feelingly replied, thanking his friends for their generous gift and kind good wishes.

GEORGE H. NOBLE DEAD

Passed Away Yesterday Afternoon at Nicholls Hospital

The news of the death of Mr. Geo. H. Noble will come with a shock to his many friends in town. The sad event took place at Nicholl's Hospital yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Noble was taken ill several weeks ago with pneumonia, and on Thursday last was removed from his home to Nicholls Hospital, to undergo a critical operation. This was successfully performed, and it was thought by those in attendance that his recovery would be rapid. Yesterday, however, alarming symptoms set in, and he passed quietly away about three o'clock.

Mr. Noble was an old and esteemed resident of Peterborough. He came here about twenty years ago, and for some time was employed by the Water Company. He afterwards carried on business as a plumber, which he continued until his death.

Mr. Noble was about 65 years of age, and leaves a widow, and four children, William, of Pennsylvania, Mrs. John Wood, of Philadelphia, Jas. E. and Mrs. McAndrew of town, who have the sympathy of the community in their great loss.

ILLEGAL FISHING

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir,—The Times is an independent paper, and although it is for Mr. Stratton in this election, it will not let the law be violated without remonstrating against it. Your local item, showing how Jack-lights are being used up and down the river is just what we may expect after the way the fish and game laws have been violated by favorites. The way the law is enforced in this county is rotten, and Heaven help us if we ever get prohibition, which I am sure the liquor men will never allow. Party doesn't interfere with their pocket. No, sir, it is only the prohibitionist who is all cry and no wool. Yours, etc.,

TRUE SPORT

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

GOLF

A small league has been formed amongst the players doing the local course in 90 or under for the purpose of mutual improvement. The league is formed so far of Messrs. McAllister, Robert Neill, Ray, Hamilton, Burnham and the captain. Those who wish to join this league may do so up to Saturday, May 3rd, by sending in the usual properly authenticated card to Mr. Hamilton. A small trophy will be played for.

Unmistakable Signs of Catarrh.

If you have a ringing in the ears, dropping in the throat, bad breath, headache, morning weakness, bad taste in the mouth—then it's catarrh. Use Catarrhozone Inhaler four times daily and erradicate this awful disease from your system. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed membranes, clears nose, throat and air passages by one application. Catarrhozone quickly remedies the head noises and deafness, prevents dropping, and is warranted to absolutely cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung troubles. Two months' treatment costs $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter Street

PRINCESS SHOE For LADIES

Is one of the most handsome and durable boots on the market to-day, and is the most comfortable of them all, and made of French Kid. The Keith, made in enameled and box calf leathers by Union Workmen, from $3.50 to $5. Call in and see this excellent shoe.

Best Styles of Union Made Boots and Shoes.

JOHN KYLIE

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham.)

ADVERTISE

—IN—

THE TIMES

Advertise

If you have houses to let, there are many newcomers in the town who cannot traverse the whole place but who can reach you if you

Advertise

If you are a retailer and want small cash purchasers, if you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business, the way to bring buyers who advertise is to

There may be people looking for just such as you and who will never hear of you unless you

Advertise

If you have old goods that you wish to get rid of to make room for fresh stock, let the people who look out for bargains know it and

Advertise

—IN—

THE TIMES

The ONLY MORNING DAILY

BETWEEN TORONTO AND OTTAWA.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 394 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 394 Park place.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Spadina avenue, Toronto. Comfortable and homelike hotel; centrally located; dollar and dollar fifty per day. S. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 17 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

A BRAND NEW PARLOR BILLIARD Table, with everything complete, for sale at a bargain. Just the thing for a Stony Lake cottage. Apply at Times Bookstore.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

[illegible]

U.S.A.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been aim at entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Nature Revolts Against High Living and it has set its seal to it by adding to man's ailments the scourge of diabetes. Eminent medical men until recently proclaimed it a "no cure" disease, but South American Kidney Cure has knocked down their pet fallacy and has proved itself master of kidney disease in all its forms. Relief in 6 hours.—120

TRENT CANAL

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN PORTLAND CEMENT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Portland Cement" will be received at this office up to sixteen o'clock on Monday, 28th April, 1902, for the supply and delivery of 10,000 barrels, or any portion thereof of Portland Cement on the Trent Canal as per specification.

Specifications by the parties tendering at the office of the Chief Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for 10 per cent. of the total amount tendered for must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

L. K. JONES,

Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 18th April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

-G.H. NOBLE

PLUMBER

Is prepared to do Plumbing and Steamfitting in all their different branches, at most reasonable charges.

Baths,

Water Closets,

Basins,

and all plumbing goods kept on hand and of best material. Before going elsewhere give me a call.

PHONE 181. STORE 195 SIMCOE ST.

Canvasser

—WANTED—

to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS INK, 10 Spruce St., New York

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished

Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings

1,000 Feet Above Sea

Most Charming Summer Resort Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

M. C. DICKSON,

District Passenger Agent Toronto.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN

COMPANY.

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Offices, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,

225 Hunter Street.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING

PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wond Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow; saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor of man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted. Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,

Room 1, Hiscox Building,

London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

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NOVELS BY WM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

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Complete and Unabridged Edition printed in clear type, on good paper, and bound in an attractive and colored wrapper. Price Sixpence. 169 Illustrations.

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Complete and Unabridged, containing 357 pages and all the Original Illustrations by the author. The Work is an exact reproduction of the First Edition. This Edition is also the largest and most fully illustrated Sixpenny worth ever offered to the Public.

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Containing 328 pages, with all the Original Illustrations, tailpieces, and especially all the famous Vignette Initials

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ALES AND PORTER

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THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.

The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.

To be had at all first-class dealers

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 50c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ...ARCHITECT..

450 George Street

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FOREST, STREAM AND SEASHORE | AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK OF 170 PAGES.

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS.

WM. ROBINSON,

King St. West

TORONTO ONT

SANTAL-MIDY

[illegible]

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Are wanted to call on F. M. COBB, Merchant Tailor, and inspect his complete line of

SPRING GOODS

They are up-to-date.

We also have the best fashion plate in the market and we guarantee you a perfect fit and first class workmanship at the lowest prices.

LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be made to please the ladies. call solicited. Get our prices first and we will get the order.

F. M. COBB

Ladies and Gent's Tailor

458 Water street, next door to Bank of Montreal

Increase You Business

—BY HAVING—

Efficient Telephone Facilities

We will quote you rates on a Private Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

The Bell Telephone Co'y

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BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m

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Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., [illegible]

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The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 26 NO. 99 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 29 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

EUROPE IS ALARMED AT AMERICA'S STRIDES

The Whole Continent Seems to Have Become Rattled and Excited

The British Press Call on the Government to Take Action—The Capture of the Shipping Trade by Morgan

Special to The Times.

London, April 29.—The excitement over the great ocean steamship combine is on the increase in England. The leading papers are all sensational, and even go so far as to state that the British flag will soon disappear from the seas, so far as the Mercantile Marine is concerned. But this is mere folly, as the Times points out. The subsidized steamships cannot pass over to Morgan any more than could the British navy. As nearly all the best vessels are subsidized so as to be available in case of war as cruisers there really is little ground for alarm. But in other results things are not so bright: "The Americans will soon send coal to Newcastle and steel to Sheffield," one English writer recently declared. "Can it be that Valencia will soon take its oranges from the United States?" a Spanish paper asked, when noting how California fruit was being marketed in Spain.

In Germany the whole of the great manufacturers and merchants in the tobacco trade formed a league against the progressive American trust. Paris to-day is taking many of its fashions from New York. Paris was long the arbiter of the style of the world; now even Paris is gracefully sinking to second place.

American shoes are coming to the forefront in French shops. In men's attire, especially in shirts and fine underwear, an increasing trade is being done, and the sign of the American tailor is becoming growingly common. But it is in women's dress that greatest advance is secured.

Glancing over the new catalogue of a great French costumier, I see that in article after article where the Paris taste was once supreme Paris is now modeling itself on the Western style. In corsets the big French houses are to-day pushing nothing but the straight front, essentially an American idea. In shirt waists, while the American manufacturer has failed to hold its own, the American style has triumphed.

In Russia the tobacco trade is in terror for its safety. In Switzerland the watch trade has had too hard a lesson not to appreciate the value of the competition now swallowing it up. Some years ago, when manufacturers from the Eastern states began flooding Europe with cheap watches, the Swiss makers who had up to then held the field laughed at them. Swiss watches were so good and so cheap that competition seemed impossible. The Swiss now laugh no longer. They have discovered the qualities which satisfy one generation will not meet the needs of the next. The American watch has won.

On the Continent the American trader is met by one great difficulty which does not meet him in England, the language problem. It is characteristic of English speaking people that they are bad linguists, nearly as bad as the French. The German acquires foreign tongues by sheer hard work, the Russian picks them up, as it were, by instinct, the Frenchman rarely learns at all, and the English speaking man refuses to learn so long as he possibly can.

The Briton is bad enough this way, but the American is worse. "Let them learn my language if they want to do business," is the attitude of many. "We have enough to do without fooling around after their talk, and our language is good enough anyway."

It is this attitude which has hindered much of the possible advance of United States trade in South America, and it bids fair to check it in Europe.

But this is being overcome, for merchants are finding out that they have to learn, and are submitting to the inevitable. Americans are seeing that in many ways the Mediterranean basin presents one of the finest fields for their enterprise. Freight rates from the Eastern French ports are almost as low as the rates from England.

Germany is a dangerous competitor to the United States in many things, but the power of German competition is decidedly limited. In the past German manufactures have been noted for cheapness rather than quality; British have been [illegible] for quality rather than cheapness, but the Americans are coming along combining the two. It is in the Mediterranean that American coal is winning most.

Americans are realizing that the continent of Europe affords a splendid field for electrical investments. There restrictions are less irksome than in England, and throughout Southern Europe monopolies can be frequently obtained for lighting and power and traction.

A year ago it seemed certain that nearly all of these would go to German firms which are backed up by their own banks. But the crash in German banks has left the field free.

The triumphal tour of Mr. Schwab over the continent of Europe—a tour which resembled that of a victorious prince—is significant of the importance Europe now attaches to American competition. The great financial and manufacturing kings of the Old World do not bend the knee to a stranger as they did to him with good cause.

But England still remains, now as before, the favored field of attack. The latest scheme is the creation of a great American pneumatic tube service in London. Needless to say an enterprising man from the Eastern states is at the head of this, but he will mask his attack behind English names.

An English marquis will head his board of directors, and English names will be thick among his supporters. But it will be American ideas, brains and energy behind. The scheme will probably come before the English parliament next session, for its consent will be necessary before a gigantic affair like this can be put through.

In England Americans are going to make their business opportunities over the coronation. The English hotel and boarding house keepers are preparing to reap some spoil by raising their charges three-fold. But the profits earned from the summer visitors will be well repaid by the business schemes which the visitors will mature on the spot.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; if he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

BOERS MAY TREK WEST

Irreconcilables Expected to Form New Republic Near German Territory

Special to The Times.

New Orleans, April 29.—Gen. Pearson, Boer agent here, received to-day a letter from Lieut. Haberer, assistant secretary to President Kruger, announcing the establishment of a new Boer Republic in the Langenberg country, composed of Transvaal Boers, who during the present war have trekked across Bechuanaland and British South Africa, crossing the Kalahari, and have wedged themselves in between German Southwest Africa and Portuguese West Africa.

Some Boers went there as early as 1895. Their number has been greatly increased since the beginning of the war, and it is thought that the irreconcilables will move there in the event of peace.

It is the fifth trek taken by the Boers to escape British dominion.

REGRETS FOR BOERS BY NEW YORK PAPER

The Journal of Commerce Sees Good Results From the War

GREAT BRITAIN LEADS THE WAY

A Few Plain Words from a Leading American Paper—Admires the Boers as Fighters

New York, April 29.—The Journal of Commerce, which represents the opinion of the "solid men" of the American commercial metropolis, rejoices that the Boer war is drawing to a close, and that it is ending with the British victorious. "While it is impossible," it says, "not to admire the personal bravery, military capacity and indomitable resolution displayed by the Boers—it is equally impossible from the standpoint of civilization or human progress to regret the disappearance from the roll of sovereign states of the Transvaal and its ally." The Journal goes on to show that the Boer Republics were governed under a system of patriarchal despotism, which plundered the foreigner and prevented progress. "It is certain," it continues, "that some serious obstacles will be removed from the path of commerce since the Boer Governments have no longer the power to cripple enterprise and paralyze productive industry over a large portion of South Africa. As where Great Britain goes, the rest of the world may go, the feeling of the mercantile community, without distinction of nationality, ought to be one of profound satisfaction over the Boer surrender."

"This is the attitude which we may confidently expect the business men of the world to take when once they have escaped from the shadow of the wholly erroneous but not unnatural notion that it was a war between a great power and a weak pastoral people. It is human instinct to sympathize with the small dog; and we Britons would have suffered less in our tempers during the last few years if we had recognized this instinct in much of the talk against us [illegible] of Europe. But, when that delusion fades, the commercial community, no matter what language it speaks, will recognize the vast advantage it will be to the whole world to have British guarantees of a stable government, fair treatment, respect for property and an open door firmly established throughout South Africa.

As a matter of fact, the war never was the attack of a great power upon a weak people. It was rather an effort of a nation of soldiers, splendidly prepared, and fighting in their own country, to drive out of South Africa a commercial power which was wretchedly prepared and compelled to gather its forces from the ends of the earth. Of course the commercial power wins, it had to. It was always only a question of how much it would cost in money and lives. And the self-interest of the world was on the side of the commercial power. As the Journal of Commerce says, the Boer must be "judged to have been on the wrong side of the struggle, which is coterminous with the boundaries of the habitable globe, for the advancement and elevation of mankind."

BOER WAR SWORDS AT AUCTION

Sheriff to Sell Capt. E. Methuen Marshall's Baggage to Pay His Debt

New York, April 29.—Louis Sherry, proprietor of the Fifth avenue restaurant, through his attorneys, Newell & Dechhold, entered judgment yesterday for $191.82 against Capt. Edward Methuen Marshall of the British Army. Capt. Marshall came here last summer from South Africa, where he had commanded a company of the South African Light Horse. He was entertained at Newport and later he took luxurious apartments at the Manhattan Hotel here. When he was departing Mr. Sherry's attorneys attached nine pieces of the Captain's military baggage, including his swords, saddles and uniforms. These will shortly be sold by the Sheriff to satisfy the judgment.

METHUEN'S REVERSE BY ONE OF HIS MEN

One of the Most Desperate Battles of the War

TWO HOURS HARD FIGHT

And Every Gunner Either Killed or Wounded During the Battle.

The True Story of the Battle Told by one of the Captured British Soldiers

London, April 29.—Lance-Corporal Martin, of the 1st Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, who was captured by the Boers during the fight in which Lord Methuen was wounded, has written a long letter to his wife, at Lancashire, from Mafeking under date March 12, in which he describes that action. He states: "On March 7 we got up at two a.m., and moved again at three a.m., as escort to an ox convoy, leaving the main body to proceed at four a.m., with the mule convoy. The main body were all mounted men. About 5.45 we heard very heavy firing to the rear of us. The Boers attacked Methuen from all sides, and completely outnumbered the main body, taking two guns in less than fifteen minutes. Lord Methuen then ordered his men to close up and make a stand. Instead of doing that they ran right through us, closely followed by the Boers, who also dashed through us, firing from their saddles. We had two 15-pounders and a pom-pom, and were left to our fate, with Lord Methuen and the [illegible] Imperial Yeomanry. We fought until there was not a gunner left to fire and there was no ammunition, as the mule wagons containing the ammunition had gone with the main body. Lord Methuen was with us all the time the fighting was going on, after the main body had cleared, and he stood by the guns and helped the men to work them until there was not a man left, everyone of the gunners being shot down. It was a dreadful sight around the guns — just like a slaughterhouse. I have never seen men work as hard in my life. They kept on firing the guns under the heaviest fire that I have experienced, never seeming to heed their dead comrades or horses, because a similar fate awaited them. The last gunner, finding himself alone, was just leaving when he was shot.

"Lord Methuen did not leave the guns till then. He came over to us and stood about fifteen yards from where I was. Five minutes later he got his first wound in his right side, and then tried to mount his horse. I didn't know what he was going to do, but his horse got shot in the leg, and he had to get off. A few minutes later he got his second wound in the thigh, and lay down on the ground as if nothing had happened. His horse was shot dead immediately afterwards, falling on Lord Methuen and breaking his leg. The doctor went to him to dress his wounds, but before he had half finished he was shot too, and our general had to lie until we surrendered. I am telling you this just to show what a brave and good soldier he is, beloved by all his men — those who had been with him from the first. He always had a kind word for everyone, and I hope he will pull through and get all right again.

"We surrendered at 9.10 a.m., after about two hours' hard fighting. There was nothing else for us to do, so we had to admit that we were beaten by the Boers. As soon as the Boers had taken us prisoners they commenced to rob us of everything we had — money, watches, clothes, and boots — leaving us nothing. They then marched us about ten miles to their laager, obliging us with some of our own food. We stayed there until one p.m., and then they marched us back to the field where we fought in the morning. One glance showed what they had been doing. They had picked up all their dead and wounded and carried them away. Ours were still on the field, and they were just beginning to pick them up. They would not let us help our hospital corps with the wounded.

"It was just after we left the battlefield that we heard that the main body had made a stand five miles from us, but most of them had been taken prisoners. Only 241 got away, and the Boers followed them for over twenty miles, shooting them down as they came up with them. We marched about seven miles from the battle-ground, and were then joined by those who had been taken prisoners from the main body at a farmhouse. It was here where I saw the worst sight. They had murdered all our natives—shot them down in cold blood, and then put them in a heap, just as if they had been old rags thrown away. There would be quite thirty, and some of our men stated they had seen the Boers cut the throats of the natives. The Boers think as little of shooting the natives as they do of shooting dogs. Our dead and wounded lay all over the ground for twelve miles. We lost from 200 to 400 killed and wounded, and 300 were taken prisoners. They marched us for thirty-eight miles till midnight, and then we started again at four a.m. In the morning they left us to go where we pleased, without giving us any directions; but we turned up on the railway at Kraaipan at six p.m., after a march of seventy-eight miles in forty hours, nearly dead for want of food and water. We looked nice objects. I had an old suit on which a Boer gave me in exchange for mine, and it was all colors with patches."—London Telegraph.

PLENTY OF MEN TO FILL CORPS.

Recruiting Finished for the Contingent of 2000 Canadians

Ottawa, April 28—A change has been made in the dates of departure of the transports for South Africa. Instead of sailing on the 5th and 12th of May, the Castrian and Winifredian will leave on the 8th and 15th respectively. The reason for making the change is that the dates first selected would have involved working on Sunday, and the Minister of Militia wished to avoid this.

Major Hoomer of the Mounted Rifles, Winnipeg, will be second in command in the regiment from the West. Captain E. F. Mackie of the 90th Battalion and Lieut. A. W. Strange, both of whom served in Strathcona's Horse, have accepted commissions. Captain Mackie may be adjutant of the regiment.

WATERFALLS WILL OPERATE MILLS

And Streams Will Float the Logs for the Pulp to Their Doors

TEAMING TO BE AVOIDED

And Steamers Will Load Paper at the Adjacent Docks for Shipment to Europe

Those who are acquainted with the property of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Co., which is at present offering $850,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preference stock to the public for sale at par, claim that the company will be able to manufacture pulp and paper more economically than any other company in America. The assertion is based on a number of natural advantages which the company may utilize.

Where the Mills Are.

Firstly, the mills will be situated at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and will be within two or three miles of the limits, which contain a practically inexhaustible supply of pulpwood. This circumstance alone gives the company a marked advantage over other companies who have to haul their wood, sometimes, several hundred miles on trains. Besides, the Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the centre of the limits, and this, with a large number of tributary streams winding here and there, practically does away with the inconveniences and expense of teaming. At the mills there is a large mill-pond, capable of holding several million logs.

Secondly, the company have been fortunate in securing a water power on the Little Cascapedia River. Before finally accepting the site the company had the foremost authority on water powers in America, Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, make an examination. The company proposed to build a paper mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons, a ground wood pulp mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and a sulphite pulp mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons, and Mr. Hardy was asked if there was power enough. He said there was, and to spare. The cost of erecting the mills and developing the power would be, he said, about $850,000.

For Foreign Markets.

Thirdly, the company's mills are exceptionally favorably situated in regard to transportation facilities. Pulp mills are dependent almost entirely upon foreign markets, especially the European and the Eastern States' markets. Other Canadian companies, to reach these markets, are forced to make a long and costly railway haul with their product. The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company can, however, make arrangements with Atlantic steamships lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, if required. During the winter months favorable arrangements can be made with the railway companies to St. John and Halifax.

Large Annual Profits.

The company estimates that it will have an annual profit of over $455,000. Of this amount only $105,000 will be required to pay the dividends on the preferred stock, a portion of which is now being offered for sale. With every two shares of this seven per cent. cumulative preference stock subscribed for, there will be allotted by way of a bonus one share of fully-paid common stock. Further information may be obtained from Sutherland & Cameron, brokers, Ottawa, or from the National Trust Company, Toronto.

MORGAN PLANS IN CHINA

Report of a Project to Build a Railway Out of Pekin

Victoria, B. C., April 29.— Oriental advices brought by the steamer Empress of China include a telegram received by the Tokio Asahi from Pekin, saying that a syndicate of Americans, headed by J. P. Morgan, has applied to the Chinese Government for the right of construction of a railway between Pekin and Chang Kia and Kan, with a capital of 1,500,000 taels.

A Canton correspondent, writing of March 22, says the Canton-Hankow Railway project has been tied up for some time by the Chinese and it seems nothing has been accomplished but the purchase of the new line of reclaimed ground on the riverfront.

"Even J. P. Morgan with his millions will find that things move slowly in China," says the correspondent.

Mr. Denby, an American, has been commissioned by Prince Ching to build waterworks at Pekin, and Mr. Denby will turn over the work to Wood & Co. of Philadelphia. Charles Denby has been engaged in this project for several years and if the present arrangement carries, a preliminary contract only having been signed, the final agreement will be made when the American engineers have completed the survey of the city and through the summer palace, where it is proposed to bring the water, the lake there and the springs from which it is filled affording the water supply.

Speedy Cure for Cramps and Colic.

The most reliable cure for cramps, colic, dysentery and summer complaint is ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. Nerviline removes the pain and distress at once, insures prompt relief and a speedy cure in every case. Nerviline is an excellent remedy for all pain, whether internal or external, and should be in every household. All druggists sell and recommend Nerviline. Price 25c.

30 YEARS' FRANCHISE FOR THE STREET RAILWAY

Advocated by the Board of Trade at It's Annual Session Last Night

Mr. D. W. Dumble Re-Elected President, Mr. R. Fair Re-Elected Treasurer—Annual Reports—President's Address

The Board of Trade met in annual session last night and after a lengthy discussion of the proposed agreement between the Peterborough Radial Company and the town the following resolution was adopted unanimously:

Moved by Mr. John Carnegie, seconded by Mr. W. H. Hill,—That this meeting approves of the granting to the Peterborough Radial Company a 30 years' franchise with exemption from taxes during that time, and that the Council insist on a provision in the contract providing that the freight rate shall not exceed the rate on the G. T. R. and C. P. R. on like freights for the same distance, and that every caution be taken to provide for keeping the roads in good repair and up-to-date.

MEMBERS PRESENT

There were present amongst others Messrs. D. W. Dumble, president; Robert Fair, treasurer, Mayor Denne, Aldermen Morrison and Hatten, Wm. Aldridge, W. H. Bradburn, Robert McWhinnie, R. J. Winch, O. N. Brown, W. G. Morrow, Jno. Carnegie, S. D. Hall, J. Hughes-Charles, W. H. Hill, T. A. S. Hay, Jno. Sawers, J. H. Bradburn, Reeve Smith of Ashburnham, Peter Campbell, R. B. Rogers and T. Q. Quartermain, secretary.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Treasurer Robert Fair submitted the following report, which was adopted as read:

Receipts

1901		
Feb. 28	—To balance at credit of special fund	$ 146 23
	To Balance at credit of general fund	226 30
	Bank interest Nov. 30 1900	4 50
May 31	—Bank interest May 31 1901	4 56
Nov. 30	—Bank interest Nov 30 1901	4 63
	Members' fees	42 00
		$ 438 22

Payments

1901		
Mch 9	—Postage	$ 2 00
Mch 13	—Grant Examiner reporter	5 00
	Grant Review reporter	5 00
	Grant Times reporter	5 00
Mch 18	—Delegates' expense to Toronto re Norwood & Apsley Railway	3 40
Mch 22	—Times Printing Co.	7 00
	Times Ptg. Co., typewriting	1 35
April 11	—Three delegates' tickets to Ottawa re Trent Canal	22 50
May 8	—Grant to Farmers' Institute for part expense for public meeting re beet sugar industry	10 00
1902		
Feb 21	—Examiner Ptg. Co	6 00
Feb 28	—T. Q. Quartermain, commission on collection of fees	4 20
	T. Q. Quartermain, salary one year as secretary	50 00
	Balance at credit of special fund	146 23
	Balance at credit of general fund	170 54
		$ 438 22

Total receipts	$ 51 19
Total payments	121 35
Excess of payments over receipts	$ 70 16

THE SECRETARY'S REPORT

Secretary T. Q. Quartermain submitted the following:

Mr. President and Gentlemen,—I have the honor to present you, as Secretary, the thirteenth annual report of this Board.

Meetings.—Since our last annual meeting we have held four meetings of the Board, viz., on the 31st April, 1901, 2nd August, 1901, 30th September, 1901 and 20th November, 1901.

Membership.—The members on the roll last year was 54, a decrease in comparison with the previous year. With the new industries lately established in town, we trust to greatly increase our membership during the coming year.

Attendance.—The average attendance of members of the Board was 20, a marked increase to that of the previous year.

Deputations.—In March, 1901, a deputation waited on the Provincial Government in the interests of the Norwood-Apsley Railway, and in the following month a deputation waited on the Hon. G. A. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, also in the interests of the Norwood-Apsley Railway, and at the same time urged on the Minister the desirability of opening up the Trent Canal from Lakefield to Peterborough.

Subjects Under Discussion.—The following subjects have been duly discussed:—Sugar beet industry, American Cereal Company, Trent Canal, Norwood-Apsley Railway, Cordage Company's By-law, interests of the town with reference to water power and manufactories.

Council Chamber.—The thanks of the the Board are due to the Mayor, the Board of Aldermen and the Town Clerk for the use of the Council Chamber during the past year.

Local Press.—The thanks of the Board are also due to the proprietors and reporters of the local press for the able manner in which the business of the Board has been published and reported.

The report was adopted as read.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

President D. W. Dumble in a verbal report drew attention to the fact that during the year 1901 the town had enjoyed a year of great prosperity, and expatiated on the advantages which would accrue from the establishment in our midst of such large industries as the Cereal Company and the Cordage Works. No town in Canada, he said, could point to such mammoth industries as those above mentioned, together with the Canadian General Electric Company. The presence of these big concerns advertised abroad the choice of Peterborough as a manufacturing centre. During the past year the Board of Trade had been called on to support the Town Council in measures of great weight, one of which had been interviewing the Ministers at Ottawa with reference to a "conservation" of the Trent Valley Canal waters. He had, he explained, been called on at the last moment to accompany the deputation appointed for the purpose. In the absence of time in which to call a meeting of his colleagues he had assumed the responsibility of responding to the call, believing such course to be in the best interests of the community. Regarding the sugar beet question, Mr. Dumble believed Peterborough would be a very desirable centre for the establishment of such an industry. Turning to the question of canals, he thought that while the Georgian Bay and Ottawa Canal was being boomed by influential supporters, the Trent Valley waterway had been in a measure neglected. The present government was committed to the latter scheme by their predecessors, but appear to be proceeding with the work as slowly as possible. He deplored this fact because the rapid development of the north west as a grain growing district goes to show that that territory will shortly become the granary of the world, in which event all the carrying routes Canada at present owns will not be sufficient to meet her transportation demands. He opined that grain could be transported via the T. V. waters at a much cheaper rate than by any other route. This canal, costing but five or six million dollars, will have a larger capacity than the Erie even after an additional expenditure upon it of eight millions. The capacity of the T.V.C. he believed to be unlimited, and all that is required is concentrated energy to push the scheme along. Turning to the development of power on the Otonabee he rejoiced that there is still remaining a plentitude of undeveloped power, which is being offered at such low prices as will assure its being taken up. And he did not see why Peterborough should not get the power from Burleigh Falls in preference to Lindsay. We have two railways where they have but one, and many other advantages besides. Our aim should be to secure that power. In conclusion Mr. Dumble remarked that as the town is altogether too large for further growth from its agricultural surroundings, it must rely upon a concentration of energy to make it a manufacturing centre. This the mayor and aldermen have done in the past, and he felt safe in placing implicit reliance on their efforts in this direction in the future.

OFFICERS ELECTED

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

D. W. Dumble (re-elected) ... President
W. G. Morrow ... Vice-President
T. Q. Quartermain (re-elected) Sec'y
Robert Fair (re-elected)...Treasurer

Mayor Denne and Messrs. J. H. Burnham, R. Fair and W. H. Hill were appointed a committee to strike the council of the Board of Trade.

GRANTS

On motion of W. G. Morrow, seconded by Mr. Robert Fair, the usual grants were made the three reporters.

STREET RAILWAY FRANCHISE

The President here introduced the main question of the evening, that of a proposed contract between the new street railway company, to be known as the Peterborough Radial Railway, and the Town, by which a 30 years' franchise is to be granted for operating an electric railway in the town, on George, Charlotte, Park and McDonnell streets, with extensions to the river, and to Chemong, Lakefield and Young's Point. The town extensions are to be in operation by the first of August next, but no time limit has yet been fixed for the construction of the suburban roads. The fares to Chemong and Lakefield are to be 15c. for single and 25c. for return tickets, and to Young's Point 25c. for single and 40c for return tickets. Town fares will be 5c., with workmen's tickets during specified hours at eight for 25c., and school children's tickets at ten for 25c.

The President suggested that the Board of Trade advise that the company be restricted in the matter of freight rates, which, he thought, should be limited to the same rates as charged by the railways for similar distances. He could not see that there is any particular inducement for a street railway company to plant its money here on a short franchise. He did not think Peterborough would have any extraordinary growth in the near future to return extraordinary receipts to the company. For the next ten years it would hardly hold its own. After that its dividends would depend entirely on the growth of the town.

Continued on Page Four

Unmistakable Signs of Catarrh.

If you have a ringing in the ears, dropping in the throat, bad breath, [illegible], [illegible] weakness, bad taste in the mouth—then it's catarrh. Use Catarrhozone Inhaler four times daily and eradicate this awful disease from your system. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed membranes, clears nose, throat and air passages by one application. Catarrhozone quickly remedies the head noises and deafness, prevents dropping, and is warranted to absolutely cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, and lung troubles. Two months' treatment costs $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 29, 1902.

THANKS TO KRUGER

It would seem that Mr. Kruger has occupied the part of Balaam towards the British Empire in more than one respect. When his ultimatum was handed to Mr. Conyngham Greene at Pretoria, in October, 1899, it seemed very unlikely that Canada, Australasia and New Zealand would have very much to do with the vindication of the position of the loyalists in South Africa. Events which, at the time, were designated "regrettable incidents" caused the slender ties of sentiment which, up to that period, had bound the self-governing portions of the Empire together, to become strengthened and sealed on many an acre of bloodstained veldt throughout South Africa. The men who, [illegible] for years prior to the chosen moment of hostile action, had plotted to [illegible] the Empire building have thus been the unconscious instruments of late in welding it together more securely and making it more than ever able to withstand the storms of time, at [illegible] in the consolidation of its strength for defence, and, if needs be, for decisive action in the affairs of the world, they, Messrs. Steyn and Kruger, have aided the Empire. Their action has set on foot a movement which will probably be bearing good fruit long after the recent troubles of South Africa battlefields have passed away. We owe the prospects afforded by this last budget statement of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach—which promises to bring the question of preferential trade within the Empire into the level of the political issues—also to the Presidents exiled from Bloemfontein and Pretoria.

It would almost certainly have taken several sessions of discussion and one general election at least to have produced such a healthy reaction against the fetish of Free Trade as is now seen to be seething among the masses which control the British electorate and have grown up in the belief that the conditions which dictated the volte face of Sir Robert Peel were as unchangeable as the laws of the Medes and Persians.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

INDIAN RIVER.

—Mr. Martin Guerin moved to Ashburnham a few days ago.

—Mr. William Leahy and Miss Martha Tohil were the guests of Mrs. Samuel O'Brien, on Sunday, 6th inst.

—Miss Emma Delaney and her brother were guests at the Doherty House on Sunday of last week.

—Mr. J. Herreman, Asphodel, visited Miss Maggie O'Grady last week.

—Mr. John Herr was the guest of Miss Meade on Sunday of last week.

—Miss F. Marquis, of Norwood, is visiting at Thomas Fitzgerald's.

Peck's Bad Boy.

Professor Harry Thurston Peck, editor of the "Bookman," has written a delightful story for children. It is entitled "The Adventures of Mabel." A few days ago a woman entered one of the Chicago stores to buy a book for her little girl, says the "Record-Herald."

"How old is she?" the clerk asked.

"Five."

"Here is a nice tale for a child of that age," the clerk said, handing out Professor Peck's story about Mabel.

The woman took the book, looked at the title page, and then handed it back, saying:

"Mercy! I don't want that in my house. I've read some of that stuff he wrote about that bad boy, and that's enough for me."

A Very Important Business.

Dairying is a very important business, and a herd of good cows is worth more in every respect than any other kind of stock. The bovine is both meat and milk for the human family, without which existence is almost impossible. Note the capacity of each cow and feed accordingly, as some will be found able to pay for better feeding than others. In order to know this, weigh each cow's product; then, knowing what the feed costs, it is a very easy matter to know whether you are feeding at a profit or loss.

Have a silo if possible; if not, then secure an abundance of corn fodder, well cured, with some roots and a good supply of bran, oil meal, corn meal and ground oats. These, with good early cut clover or cowpea hay, will provide a good range of rich milk-producing food. Now, with a warm, well-lighted and properly ventilated stable, with absorbent to save all the manure, both liquid and solid, you are ready to feed your cows for profit. Feed liberally, but not blindly. Weigh and compound a balanced ration.—L. E. Kerr in Agricultural Epitomist.

Nature's Flying Machines.

It is an extraordinary thing that the places where people think that they can invent flying machines are the capitals of Europe. Paris, Vienna, London, Brussels, each takes its turn, in paragraphs in the morning papers and illustrated interviews in the weeklies, at producing flying machine inventors; but the man who will succeed must be more familiar than any townsman or laboratory savant seems to be with the way in which Nature's flying machines, the birds, work. To this the townsman will reply that everybody knows how birds fly. They flap their wings; and what we have to do is to invent a machine which will flap its wings like a bird.

Yes; but which bird? In every one of our undulating Norfolk stubbles there are two birds, among many, that you cannot help observing on the wing. One is the partridge and the other the gull. Let us take the gull first. It is a bird with a very light body in proportion to its expanse of wing; and when it wishes to rise from the ground it raises its wings aloft, back to back, and then with one quick stroke—whiff!—wafts itself aloft. Three or four more similar strokes follow, each one visibly raising the bird higher in the air, and then it sails off. Now it is "coasting" down an inclined plane; now its widespread wings catch the wind like a sail and it curves upwards; then it wheels and "coasts" again, and at the turn one vigorous flap of its wings shoots it up into the wind again. Another sail, another "coast," another flap, and so the gull could go on through the livelong afternoon. The albatross, spreading as much wing-sail as Shamrock II., so very nearly equalizes its sailing power with its coasting momentum that it remains in the air alongside a steamer for, perhaps, half an hour together, without occasion for a flap of the wing. This is the very highest development of one kind of Nature's flying machines.

Now let us look at the partridge. This is a heavy, substantial bird, with great running power, necessitating a muscular development essentially different from the gull's. The object of the partridge's flight is not to loaf about in the air, always ready to descend at any inclined plane that the chance of snatching food from the restless waves may offer, but to put as large a distance as possible in the shortest space of time between itself and the danger which compelled it to take wing. With the partridge flying is, in fact, merely an urgent improvement upon terrestrial locomotion, whereas with the gull it is the highest development of the art of remaining in the air at the poise most suitable for descending like an arrow in any desired direction.

From this contrast it is evident that the model which human inventors of flying machines should set before themselves is that of the partridge and not of the gull. We need aerial locomotion as an improvement upon our existing means of terrestrial progress. Our flying machine must be a weight-carrier because it has to bear up a terrestrial mechanism—i.e., a *man*; and the partridge gives us a very good idea of the means whereby this can be achieved. In common with all ground-birds—and if man is destined to be a bird at all it is as a ground-bird that he will have to commence his aerial evolutions—the partridge goes off whirring like clockwork. This is because enormous power, comparatively speaking, is needed to raise so heavy a bird from the ground. But when it has once reached an altitude of, say, ten feet, it goes on at a tremendous pace, gliding for twenty yards, then whirring violently again for ten, gliding for twenty, and so on. Thus the partridge can, taking into consideration all kinds of wind and weather, travel between two fixed points faster than a gull, provided that the point of departure is higher than that of destination. This is not generally understood; and it is common to talk of the amazing power of flight of such long-winged birds as gulls and swifts, although their "power" of flight is small compared with that of partridge or pheasant.

A New Vocabulary.

"I SEE," said the wise person, "that some eminent philologist is again monkeying with the language of the world in the effort to combine them in one tongue that no one will want to learn, but everybody can understand. It has always been a matter of surprise to me that none of these word-arrangers has ever grasped the amazing possibilities of baby-talk as a universal, time-saving method of conversation. Instead of delving into the dusty dimness of antiquity for Saxon and Sanskrit roots, and making it necessary for one to master ten languages to learn one, why do they not go into the nursery with an open mind and a notebook and compile a new mother-tongue that will catch everybody?"

Here he paused for a question, but, as none was forthcoming, he went on:

"What I mean is this: You take any baby that has an intelligent, quick-witted mother, and it can make its wants known with less expenditure of breath than a deaf-and-dumb man. If it says "Wow" she knows that a pin is sticking it, or that it wants its dinner, or that it wants to turn over, or that it has colic. If it says "Ah-goo" she makes a rapid-fire translation which proves that the child has said that it wants to see papa or that it feels good. If it says "Gup" she will at once tell you that it means "look at the horse." If it says "Boo" she can tell you without a moment's hesitation that it desires a peep at its picture-book. And so on ad infinitum, and ad infantum, for that matter. By jing! We don't want Volapuk or any other old universal language, but as a time and tongue saver and word-condenser we need the adoption of baby-talk."

Then, with a sarcastic glance at the young father, he concluded:

"Besides, it would keep a lot of people from telling us what their children had tried to say."—W. D. Nesbit in "Judge."

"Is that a historical novel you're reading?"

"That's what they called it at the library, but it seems to me to be more hysterical than anything else."—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

William Dean Howells has adopted the rule that all applicants for his autograph must first furnish satisfactory proof that they have read his books.

A Chicago woman recently wrote to the novelist for his autograph. By return mail came a single typewritten line:—

"Have you bought my last book?"

To this the young woman replied:—

"I sincerely hope so."—Philadelphia Times.

◆◆◆

"Minnie has a good heart!"

"Has she?"

"Yes, just as soon as she heard about the poverty of that Bagg street family she sent them such a lovely bouquet."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Must be There Early.

The chosen few who will find seats in the Abbey on Coronation Day are planning their arrangements for this day far ahead of time, and with the greatest precision. One lady, according to The Daily Mail, has already given orders to her hairdresser to be with her at 6 o'clock on the morning of the eventful day. When Queen Victoria was crowned many of those in attendance at the Abbey were compelled to leave their homes at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. London is more than twice as large now as it was 65 years ago, and the difficulties of locomotion on such an occasion will be proportionately greater. Moreover, there are few now who will remember witnessing a previous coronation, none who are well past the three score and ten mark, while in 1838 middle-aged people would easily recollect the coronations of Victoria's two immediate predecessors, Wm. IV. and George IV. The King himself is said to be paying great attention to the details of the coronation procession, and it will doubtless prove a pageant worthy of comparison with the gorgeous scenes that have marked the most notable coronations of the past. One of the most famous of these was the coronation procession of Elizabeth, when England dared once more to breake freely after the horrors of Mary's reign, and the young and charming Queen—charming at least by comparison—was received by her people with a spontaneity of enthusiasm that had been absent at the costly pageantry that attended her melancholy middle-aged sister. Elizabeth herself had been present at Mary's coronation procession, and had sat in her litter, clad in "a goune of purple velvet, furred with powdered ermine, having on her head a kale of cloth of tinsell beset with pearl and stone, and above the same upon her head a round circle of gold beset so richly with pretius stones that the value thereof was inestimable, the same kale and circle being so massie and ponderous that she was faine to beare up her head with her hand." Five years later, at her own coronation in 1558, Elizabeth made her progress from the Tower to Westminster "richly furnished and most honourably accompanied, as well, with the nobilitie of the realme, as also with a notable trayne of goodly and bewtifull ladies richly appoynted." On her entry into the city she was "of the people received marveylous entirely, as appeared by the assemblie, prayers, wishes, welcomings, cryes, tender woordes, and all other signs which argue a wonderfull earnest love"; to all of which tokens of good-will Elizabeth responded "by holding up her handes and merie countenance to such as stoode farre off, and most tender and gentle language to those that stoode nigh to her Grace did declare herself no lesse thankfullye to receive her people's good wyll than they lovingly offered it unto her." Her graciousness was extended to the humblest of the people. "If the baser personages had offered her Grace any flowers or such like as a signification of their good wyll, or moved to her any suit, she most gently, to the common rejoysing of all the lookers on, staid her chariot and heard theyr requests." Thus she passed on amid pageants innumerable through the city, "whiche withoute any forreyne persone of itself beautifyed itself."

The Soldier's Paper.

I was handed the other day some copies of a queer little South African paper, "The Northern Post and Border News," printed at Aliwal North, in Cape Colony. It is printed chiefly for circulation among the soldiers, and Tommy Atkins is only too glad, they say, to buy them at the rate of sixpence each. They are somewhat high at the price, for there is very little news in them. The papers are printed only on one side, and the whole of the matter is contained in one or two columns, and in large type at that. The only news printed, apart from rigidly censored Reuter's despatches relating either to military operations in South Africa or to proceedings in England immediately associated with the war, are the latest prices of Rand shares, and the result of the English-Australian cricket matches in England. So are the three incongruous elements of war, commerce and sport brought under the soldier's eye in the same column. Yet the first place and the biggest type are given to the statement that "when stumps were drawn for the day only four wickets were disposed of, and the score stood at 660 runs. Evidently Kipling's attack on cricketers finds little sympathy in the army, in whose behalf it was in a sense written. "The Islanders" are still islanders, and Kipling will hardly succeed in changing their nature. In the biggest type in the little paper of Feb. 6 last the words, "Bad News! Bad News!" in letters an inch and a half high, catch the eye, and give a momentary impression that the censorship cannot be so rigid after all, when headlines like this are put over British reverses. The second line, "Slaughter of the Innocents," suggests a somewhat flippant view of a presumably serious situation, but that is only what we have been taught to expect of Tommy. Reading on, however, we find the old, familiar phrases: "We must evacuate our present premises. Now's your chance," etc., etc. "Come early and do not miss this last and only opportunity." It is only a dry goods merchants' slaughter, after all. But the name at the foot of the advertisement is instructive. It is not Saxon or Celtic, but good sound Dutch, two of them, in fact, viz., Rascher, Kenst & Co. These burghers are not so slow after all at improving their opportunities or copying our own most advanced business methods. One of the advertisements, printed in both English and Dutch, is signed by S. R. French, Postmaster-General of Cape Colony, and calls for tenders for posts between Aliwal North and Jamestown. Apparently there is no great rush for the work, the advertisement starting, "No satisfactory tender having been received," etc. Driving a mail cart in this region just now is probably a line of work that presents unusually favorable opportunities for being potted by some odd member of a stray commando.

◆◆◆

First Spectator—Football is a game of surprises and contradictions.

Second Ditto—Yes, indeed. Why, for instance, do they call the seats stands?—Harvard Lampoon.

◆◆◆

Shopman—What style of hat do you wish, sir?

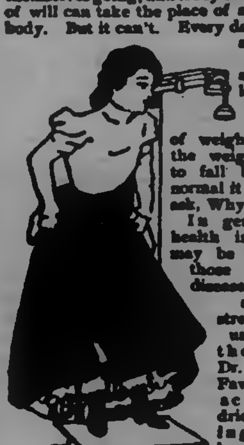
Cholly—Ah! I am not particular about the style; something to suit my head, don't ye know.

Shopman—Step this way and look at our soft felts.—Tit-Bits.

◆◆◆

The Atlanta Constitution the other day received the following letter:—

"Sur an Frend: Do the Carnage liberary lend Books teech Matthewmattics to Outside your Citie! I want Onlie Books on Matthewmattics, as I am all right on spellin an am a party good Grammatician if I do say it Mieslf. I kin Spel an Grammarize but Matthewmattics is one too Much for Me."



WOMAN'S WEIGH

Does not always keep pace with woman's will. There are energetic, home-loving women who by sheer force of will keep themselves going, and fancy that strength of will can take the place of strength of body. But it can't. Every day will see a loss of strength, and that loss will be indicated by a loss of weight. When the weight begins to fall below the normal it is time to ask, Why?

In general, ill health in women may be traced to those womanly diseases which sap the strength and undermine the vitality. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. Where the disease is marked by loss of flesh, there is a steady regaining of weight coincident with the cure which proves the renewal of health to be thorough and permanent.

"Three years ago," writes Mrs. John Graham, of 2018 Plumb Street (Frankford), Philadelphia, Penna. "I had a very bad attack of dropsy which left me with heart trouble, and also a very weak back. At times I was so bad that I did not know what to do with myself. I came to Philadelphia two years ago, and picking up one of your little books one day began to read what your 'Favorite Prescription' had done for others, I determined to try it myself. I took seven bottles, and to-day I am a strong, well woman, weighing 160 pounds. Have gained 29 pounds since I started to use your 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

Curious Bits or News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous.' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation."

$3.10 $3.10

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.

Model 169

Fashionable tailor made open coat costumes. Coat tailo-stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey, purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c. Lined price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketchbook of Costumes sent post free on application to

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.

Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
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DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers,

221 George street, Peterborough
Telephone 160 ... and 2... day or night

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfail[ing] result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c. No postage stamps received. J. B. HOSKEN Dept. O 122 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550

Frame house, stable and large lot .. 750

Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work 950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms. 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street, Toronto.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

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COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.

GEORGE COCHRANE,

License Inspector West Peterborough

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky
Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd

AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED

MONTREAL

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST.
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each. I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN TOWN

THE TIMES BOOK-STORE

MARKET BLOCK.

NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE.

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are enrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every kind of Obesity. ... Reducing ... Abdomen and ...

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building
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Bank of Montreal
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HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)..........$12,000,000
Reserved Fund............. 7,000,000
Undivided Profits.......... 876,531
General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe Streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISters and Solicitors, 375 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 17 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 304 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 304 Park place.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough – First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D.C.

Literature's Anticipations of Science.

A VERY interesting book might be written, as the "Spectator" observes, by collecting together all the cases in which poets and dramatists and novelists have anticipated the triumphs of later science. A correspondent has just called attention to such a case, in which he claims that the Spanish dramatist Calderon uttered "a very clear prevision of Marconi's wireless telegraphy." Freely translated, the passage in question reads as follows: "They say that when two instruments are properly attuned together they communicate to each other their wind-borne echoes; touch the one instrument and the winds excite its fellow, though none be near it." Calderon's reference is, of course, to the well-known principle of resonance, and can scarcely be used as a prophecy of wireless telegraphy, but in the writings of a contemporary of Calderon there is a much closer approximation to Marconi's discovery. Strada, the learned Jesuit historian, tells us how two friends carried on a correspondence "by the help of a certain Loadstone, which had such virtue in it that, if it touched two several needles, when one of the needles so touched began to move, the other, though at never so great a distance, moved at the same time and in the same manner." Strada goes on to describe how these two friends made a kind of "alphabetic telegraph"—a dial-face with the letters of the alphabet placed around its edge, and a needle in the center which could be made to point at any of the letters at will. "When they were some hundreds of miles asunder, each of them shut himself up in his closet at the time appointed, and immediately cast his eye upon his dial-plate. If he had a mind to write anything to his friend, he directed his needle to every letter that formed the words which he had occasion for, making a little pause at the end of every word or sentence to avoid confusion. The friend, in the meanwhile, saw his sympathetic needle moving of itself to every letter which that of his correspondent pointed at. By this means they talked across a whole continent, and conveyed their thoughts to one another in an instant, over cities or mountains, seas or deserts." Not only had these correspondents no necessity for wires; they did not even need the simple apparatus upon which Marconi depends, although there are scientific prophets of our day who believe that we shall yet reach even a higher standard of simplicity in the future.

"Darling," said Mrs. Kaflippe, "you must quit associating with that Parker girl. Don't ever permit yourself to be seen out anywhere in her company again."

"Why, mamma," the child asked, "what is the matter?"

"A dreadful thing has happened. Her mother called here this afternoon and left her card. It is the style that we abandoned at least six months ago. They must be running dreadfully behind."—Chicago Record-Herald.

VARICOCELE

If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost powers. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of you have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge; my Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby making cutting or stretching unnecessary, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous, Delicate, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Stomach, Female troubles.

REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Av., DETROIT, MICH.

At last we were sent on our way, the Relic yet unconvinced, and Mrs. Mervine pale and trying to smile. Poor mamma's eyes had fairly popped out of her head, and she held my hand and trembled as if we were going to the guillotine. At the Palais Royal the driver insisted on being paid for the time consumed during the autopsy, but we fled into one of the little jewelry shops, where I talked like a graphophone, from sympathy for poor Mrs. Mervine. At last the Relic came, looking copperier than ever. But there—you're looking tired.

No, I'll not tell you all the details. It was too awful. Poor Mrs. Mervine looked as if she wanted to die then, and how she lived with him for four years after I don't know. You see, he bounced into the restaurant ahead of us and plunged down in the first chair. Then he grabbed the menu and gave his own order to the waiter, explaining that his wife would take the same, but that one order would suffice for both. He fairly drowned himself in his "vin ordinaire," trying to get his money's worth. Before we left, he gathered up the few extra lumps of sugar and pocketed them, declaring that when he paid for a thing he liked to have it. As we prepared to leave, the waiters lined up to receive their customary fee, but the Relic was true to his principle, and not for millions would I again run the gauntlet of their withering scorn as we crawled out, like so many worms.

I don't remember just what happened at the theater. Some of the Revolutionary blood of our ancestors, never before agitated, was stirring in mamma's veins, and she looked like the pictures of frontier women about to attack Indians. I didn't want her to claw the Relic there. And poor Mrs. Mervine. I forgot George then, and the affair, and all her evil gloating over us when she captured the Relic, but I couldn't have felt more wretched for a soul in purgatory.

I remember him scrapping with the woman who takes care of the wraps for a couple of sous, and I remember being marched into the theater, the only ones in the house with hats. I remember him scooting down ahead of us and jumping into his seat. He wouldn't buy a programme, it was another principle of his, and he didn't understand a word. He went to sleep, and when he was folded back over the seat with his mouth hanging open, snoring gently (an usher would have jerked us out if he had snored loudly), Mrs. Mervine looked a bit more natural, and asked me about everyone at home—everyone but George.

I don't remember how we got home. I know mamma said things I had never taught her, and I know I had to put a hot water bag to her feet and an ice-cap on her head.

A day or so afterward I met them again at the Invalides. You know how the Continentals are about their treasures. There are as many cast-iron rules about seeing them as a presentation at court, and one of them is that no one shall enter Napoleon's tomb without removing his hat. Well, the Relic had another principle. He'd have died for it along with the others. That one was not to take off his hat to anything that was not "American." When I saw him at the Invalides that day, he was coming down the marble stairs too rapidly for it to have been spontaneous. I knew he had been trotting out one of his principles, and the French guards had been enforcing theirs.

Poor Mrs. Mervine! I get quite maudlin yet when I think of her face as she stumbled down the steps after him.

Mamma met them once after that, in London. He was puffing along the Strand with an umbrella held over him and one under his arm. The one over him was to protect him from the rain, the other one was to assist him in making a way through the crowd. Mrs. Mervine was following umbrellaless behind, majestically as always, as though she didn't know that his umbrella was pouring rivers over her. Mamma leaned out of the carriage to speak to her, but decided not to do so, which was pretty good for mamma, you know. If it had not been in England, I don't think a e could have resisted it.

We sailed for home a day or so after that, and you know George and I were married right away. In the excitement of getting ready and acknowledging presents and receiving afterward, I forgot the Mervines completely until one day I saw among George's letters one directed in a woman's handwriting. Of course, it wasn't right to open it, but — Well, anyway, I did open it, and it was from Mrs. Mervine.

It just comes to me it isn't right to tell this, but I've gone so far, and anyway, she is in Japan, and the Relic has been dead a year. Well, the letter was all blotchy and blistery, and the writing ran off the lines and the sentences weren't finished. What? Of course I remember it. You don't suppose I just glanced at it! I memorized it.

Friend—You had a very fashionable audience, didn't you?

Pianist—Yes, at one time there was not a single person in the room who was listening.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

ing of the ebony clock on the mantel warned her that time was flying swift-winged from her.

Only a dash of the pen—true, it would be a crime the world called by a hard name—but it would save Olive from this dreadful marriage—ought she to hesitate on that score?

Quietly she turned at length to the count:

"Take a solemn oath, if I sign that check, you will never see Olive again, and never cross my path."

"I have said I would not, and I will keep my word," he replied.

Another moment and the check lay in his hand, with the forged signature of Alexander Hamilton upon it.

"Good-bye, most charming of all charming women," he said; "you have looked your last upon the French count," and, with a low bow, he leaped lightly from the window through which he had gained an entrance, swung himself coolly from the balcony down to the rose garden below, walking jauntily away, little dreaming that a pair of astonished eyes were watching him—watching with amazement and horror too deep for words.

CHAPTER XXIII.

"My Love Turns to Bitterest Hate."

It so happened that Alexander Hamilton, by some impulse he could scarcely understand himself, had placed the ladies in care of friends whom he met in the grove, and had returned at once to the house to keep Daisy company.

Crossing the glade, he saw distinctly in the clear, bright light the man leap lightly from Daisy's window.

His first thought was that he was a burglar, but a second glance had shown him the utter absence of any appearance of ruffianism in the well-dressed, handsome fellow who wore a boutonneire in his coat.

Aleck was just about to spring forward and confront him, when he saw a sight that made the blood turn to ice in his veins.

The man had paused for a moment and glanced back at the window from which he had but just emerged, and at that instant the heavy lace curtains were parted by a white jeweled hand and Daisy glanced fearfully out.

The man raised his hat to her with an elaborate bow, and as he bared his head in the white, clear light, Aleck recognized distinctly the face of the handsome count, but as he recognized him the count vanished.

A numb, hideous nightmare seemed to paralyze every nerve in Alexander Hamilton's body; he leaned back heavily against a tree and tried to think.

He remembered how anxious Daisy had been to send him off with their guests, pleading illness as an excuse for not accompanying them; and now returning home suddenly and unexpectedly, he found the count taking leave of her in this extraordinary fashion. What could it mean? He could find no answer for it.

A sudden, swift storm of sickening despair, jealousy and rage swept over him.

All argument with himself ended where it began, in keen, terrible dismay.

If he had not witnessed this parting with his own eyes he would never have believed it.

A grayish pallor swept over his splendid face. He must know what it meant—yes, he would know.

A laugh, horrible to hear, fell from his lips as he remembered how vehemently Daisy had cried out that her sister Olive should not marry the count.

Great heaven! was it because she herself cared for him? The thought goaded him to madness.

Hurriedly entering the house, he went quickly up the broad stairway that led to her suit of rooms, noiselessly turned the knob and entered, standing motionless in the middle of the boudoir.

Daisy lay face downward on a velvet divan, her face half revealed, half concealed by a veil of golden hair that hung in curling masses around it.

He stopped short and looked at her—so wondrously, fatally fair.

"Great God! how can I think ill of her?" he muttered, great drops starting to his forehead, his hands clinching themselves together like bands of steel. "I will not—no, I will not—and yet——"

He crossed the room swiftly and stood before her in all his dignity of noble manhood and outraged pride—his arms crossed over his breast.

Still she was unaware of his presence.

Thinking herself alone, she clasped her little hands together with a low moan.

"Olive must never marry the count," she murmured, "oh, never, never. Oh, how I tremble lest Aleck should come and find him here—he is to never come again, it would never do," she sobbed, pushing back her golden hair with a bitter sigh.

"Daisy!"

The name was uttered in a harsh stern voice, fairly ringing with repressed rage.

Daisy started from the divan like a fluttering, frightened bird.

Was it Aleck speaking to her in that harsh, terrible voice? Aleck, who had parted from her within the hour, his splendid face radiant with love—tender kisses upon his lips.

"Daisy!" he cried again, "do you hear?"

She sprung forward with a little quivering cry, and would have flung her white arms around him, but he sternly repulsed her.

Had some one revealed to him the dark past—or had he met the count, and had he betrayed her terrible secret?

She sunk down on the nearest chair prostrate and pale. Her heart was beating in great, awful throbs that seemed wrenching it asunder as she sat before him, stricken dumb with terror waiting for him to speak.

"Do not pretend that you are pleased to see me, for you are not. I am back unexpectedly, as you observe, and you are terrified lest I have met the man from whom you have just parted. I did see him, not in time, however, to intercept him and demand from him an explanation, as to what he was doing here, and I am here to learn that from you—I, your husband, command you to speak."

His voice was sharp with repressed, terrible anger that cut poor Daisy to the very soul. She shrunk still further back into the seat in which she had fallen, and he saw the deadly pallor deepen on the lovely, girlish

—To be Continued.

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.

R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organized in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 256½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 64 tons,
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 80 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $960,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 30,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $3.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.39 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	132,712.00	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund, under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further Information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

Little Lottie had gone away from home to visit a little neighbor without her mother's consent, and upon her return Lottie received a rebuke. The little girl pouted for a time and then her mother, anxious to renew friendly relations again, said:—

"You still love your mother, don't you, Lottie?"

"Well," answered Lottie, thoughtfully, "I don't guess I luv you enuf t' notice it."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

"Use Good Solder"
WIRE 1-2 and 1-2, REFINED.
Manufactured by the
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

Scavenger Work,
Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price, 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:— "When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life, but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 29, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, if a proper subject for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—Warm weather will now be in order.

—The open season for catching votes will close on May 29.

—The water in the Otonabee River is gradually subsiding.

—Go to Whitton when you want the best quality of photographs.

—The [illegible] Co. has launched a [illegible] foot tow boat at Lindsay last week.

—Peterborough has contributed 60 men for the South African contingents.

—The Central Charity Board met last night and passed a number of accounts.

—Housecleaning is in full swing just now, and life is not as pleasant as it might be to most of us.

—The County Engineer states that the gales of Saturday and Sunday did no harm to the Chemong Lake bridge.

—We intend to change the make-up of The Times to a six and eight page sheet. This change will take place in the course of a week or so.

—Five boys were in the police court yesterday, charged with throwing stones. They were warned and dismissed.

—The high winds of Saturday and Sunday did considerable damage. A roof was blown from a barn in Otonabee, and many fences were uprooted.

—The man who knows the least about advertising is the freest with his opinions on the subject—the one who knows only talks on a cash basis. Advertise in The Times.

—The funeral of the late Mr. Noble will take place this afternoon, from the family residence, Simcoe street, to the Little Lake cemetery. It will be under Masonic auspices.

—A sale of useful and fancy articles, under the auspices of the Ladie's Aid Society, will be held in the School Room of St. Paul's Church, on May 8th, commencing at 3 p.m. A high tea will be served from 5.30 to 7.30 p.m.

An appeal has been made to the "Old Boys" of Upper Canada College for funds to equip a gymnasium in connection with the University. On the committee we notice the name of Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell. The project is deserving of the hearty support of those interested.

—We have been handed a copy of the 20th annual report of the Federal Life Assurance Co., by Mr. H. D. McInerney, the local manager of that popular institution. It is neatly printed and the useful features are clearly set out together with the various schemes of insurance.

—A young lady, named Miss Elizabeth Meagher, daughter of Mr. Thos. Meagher, of Emily, was burned to death last Tuesday evening in a fire that broke out in her boarding house in Rochester, she being unable to make her escape. The deceased was well and favorably known in Peterborough.

—A correspondent writes to The Times asking: "How does the sap of a maple tree run in the spring, and how does it run in the autumn?" My dear boy, it runs up in the spring and down in the autumn. We may add that this great family journal is always glad to impart information from its great storeroom of concentrated knowledge.

—The Rockland House, Bobcaygeon, one of the best on the Kawartha Lakes, and owned by Mrs. Goulais, of Lindsay, became the property of Mr. H. Thompson 1st of May, he having purchased from Mrs Goulais. Mr. Thompson has retired from hotel life, and will not resume the business again, but will be an energetic pusher towards increasing the accommodation for the tourist trade, and thus develop the Kawartha Lakes as the summer pleasure grounds of Canada.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Social Doings Items Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by telephone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Rev. Jas. Hamilton, of Mimico, was the guest of Rev. J. G. Potter yesterday.

—Mr. Bert Hartley, of Orillia, is visiting his sister, Mrs. (Rev) E. A. Langfeldt.

—Mrs. R. R. Hall leaves this week for a month's sojourn at Clifton Springs.

—Mr. R. M. Hamilton and family are about to occupy the residence over the Bank of Montreal.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hartshorne, of Hartford, Conn., have returned to Chemong for the summer.

—Dr. and Mrs. Pentry, who have been visiting relatives here for a couple of weeks left yesterday for their home in Brooklyn, N.Y.

—Mr. Chester Lang, of Pittsburg, Pa., who returned home after an attack of typhoid fever, is rapidly regaining his health.

—Miss Olive Bradburn, of Ontario Ladies' College, is home to say farewell to her brother, Lieut. Bradburn, who left last night for Halifax.

—Mr. Hogg, the popular manager of the Bank of Montreal, and family, have moved into the residence on the corner of Hunter and Stewart streets.

—Mr. T. F. Matthews has purchased the residence of Mr. Wm. Scott, corner of Water and London streets, formerly owned and occupied by Mrs. T. G. Hazlitt.

—The many warm personal friends of Mr. Haybee, accountant of the local branch of the Bank of Commerce, will regret to learn that he has been transferred elsewhere. He will be replaced by Mr. Jarvis, of London.

—Dr. McClelland has purchased the residence occupied by Dr. Eastwood, on Brock street, and Dr. Eastwood has bought the house at present occupied by Mr. R. R. Hall, Water street, where he will reside hereafter.

Furnished House to Rent

269 Charlotte street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

A Last Good Bye

Lieut. E. O. Bradburn was given a hearty send off last night by his many friends as he took his departure on the 9 o'clock train for Halifax, en route for South Africa. There was quite a crowd on hand to wish him God-speed and a safe return.

Margaret L. Sheppard Again

Mrs. Margaret L. Sheppard, the woman who claimed to be an ex-nun and raised such a commotion in Peterborough some years ago by her lectures upon nunneries, has turned up again, after having dropped from view for some time. She is now in Vancouver, B.C., giving her famous "Confessions of an ex-Nun."

The Farmers' Picnic

The great annual farmers' picnic, under the auspices of the Farmers' Institutes of East and West Peterborough and East Northumberland, will take place on the second Thursday in June, to Jubilee Point. Mr. Wm. Collins, the energetic and popular Secretary, is making arrangements for some prominent speakers, who will deal with the sugar beet question. Full particulars later.

To Go to Ottawa

Mayor Dunne will join Senator Cox and Mr. Stewart, of the Cereal Co., to-morrow at Ottawa, where they will wait on Hon. Mr. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, and present the request that the dredging of the Otonabee up as far as Hunter st. be undertaken. The construction of the lower section of the Trent Valley Canal will also probably be strongly urged by these gentlemen, as the development of the Cereal Co.'s progressive plans depends largely on the securing of the water navigation to the front.

Nervous, Sleepless and Exhausted.

Not sick enough to lay up, but you are out of sorts, blood is weak, nerves unstrung, kidneys deranged, vitality is low. You should take Ferrozone at once; it will enrich, strengthen and purify the blood, invigorate and purify the nerves, and increase your energy, vitality and power. Ferrozone will renew your appetite and digestion, make you sleep soundly—in fact will make you well. Try Ferrozone. Price 50c. per box or 6 boxes for $2.50, at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

A New Tea Store

The Strand Tea Company, of Montreal, has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. W. J. Morrow, as manager of their Peterborough store. Mr. Morrow has had a long experience in the grocery business, and has a large circle of friends. The premises will be No. 366 George-st., next to Messrs. [illegible] & Son, boot and shoe dealers, and are now being refitted, and will be opened by the middle of May, carrying a full line of teas, coffees, etc. In Mr. Morrow's able hands, and backed up by the excellent goods, the store should be a popular one with buyers of such staple necessaries as teas and coffees.

The Highlands of Ontario

From the General Passenger and ticket Agent's office of the Grand Trunk Railway system comes a well illustrated and descriptive circular of the "Highlands of Ontario" giving a general outline of the various arrangements the G.T.R. are making to provide a first-class tourist service to Muskoka, Lake of Bays, Nipissing, Kawartha Lakes, the summer resorts among the 30,000 islands of the Georgian Bay, and points on Lake Huron. Much information is set down in the four pages of the circular, and of such a nature as to be invaluable to anyone contemplating a summer outing. Some of the things dealt with are special arrangements, baggage, sportsmen's baggage, dogs, hay fever, where to get further information. There are as well a number of excellent halftones and a table showing the round trip tourist fares from different points.

—Bobcaygeon Independent:—Mr. Wm. McFarlane and family moved to Lovesick Lock, by Capt. Lewis' steam launch Pearl, on Monday, after spending the winter in the village. Mr. and Mrs. McFarlane wish to thank all the friends who were so kindly and sympathetic in their attentions during the prolonged and anxious period of the illness of their daughter, Miss Veronica. Mr. McFarlane is looking forward to a busy season at the Lock this year, with the rapidly increasing popularity of the Kawartha Lakes.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Continued From Page 1

An electric railway in the town is only a luxury, but one that brings us in closer touch with outside points and will help to build up the town, and a radial railway such as is proposed should be given "both inducements." He would favor binding them to make their extensions within a given time and if they do not do so, why let them forfeit their charter for that particular part of the road.

Mr. J. Hughes-Charles did not think any company could be persuaded to take up the franchise unless given a very long term. An electric road is always more popular than a steam one, and such a line to Lakefield he thought would greatly encourage traffic. Providing the town's interests were safeguarded, it would be wise to grant the franchise asked for.

The President hoped the Council would see to it that the roadbed of the railway is kept clean and in good condition to the width of the tires at least.

Mr. R. Weir remarked that if we want to build up the town we must encourage such enterprises; still, he thought the company should be bound down to construct their suburban roads within a two years' limit.

Messrs. McWhinnie, R. R. Rogers and H. LeBrun all expressed themselves in favor of the measure, although Mr. Rogers thought the Council should not be in too much of a hurry in executing so important an agreement.

Mayor Dunne explained that this company are asked to keep a larger portion of the road clean than the old charter provided for. Should snow be piled up higher than one foot the Company is to draw it away. Then they are bound to install the latest electrical appliances.

Reeve Smith of Ashburnham expressed himself in favor of the measure, and said that should the company see fit to extend their road to Ashburnham, said village, he felt sure, would be willing to grant them the same privileges as the town. Ald. Morrison thought special attention should be given to the kind of rail to be used, and hinted that the town would be saddling itself with considerable expense in agreeing, as was asked by the company, in maintaining the necessary bridges to be crossed by the railway. The bridge at Smith street and one in the vicinity of Jackson's Park would have to be rebuilt.

President Dumble replied that this Board of Trade was simply dealing with the matter on broad general principles, and can safely trust the Town Council to deal with all minor points.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A Handsome Office

Mr. T. E. Buddy, the genial and popular ticket agent of the C.P.R., is being congratulated on the beautiful new quarters which have been secured for him. The office has for some years been located in the market building at the corner of Charlotte and George streets, and has been moved to the Grand Central building at No. 343 George street. The apartments are handsome and up to date, being finished regardless of expense. The large plateglass window is neatly lettered with the words "Canadian Pacific Railway," while on the inside the appearance is in keeping with the general progress of the company. The handsome new counter is of quartered oak and is the product of the Canadian Furniture Company. The walls are attractive looking with the many pictures of Canadian scenery along the road of the C.P.R., whilst the general appearance of the office is most inviting. The heating is by steam and the lighting is of electricity which can at any time be substituted by gas. The new C.P.R. office adds another to Peterborough's list of handsome business quarters.

Paine's Celery Compound Is the Only Medicine That Can Promptly and Permanently Banish All Wasting and Dangerous Diseases

IT RESTORES LOST HEALTH WHEN PHYSICIANS PRONOUNCE YOUR CASE INCURABLE

If, in springtime sick people—young and old—act with promptness, wisdom and decision, suffering, agony and misery would never be carried into the summer months.

To delay the work of banishing disease, regulating the nerves, purifying the blood and restoring perfect digestion is a serious mistake.

When the blood is sluggish, impure and poisoned, when the nervous system is unstrung, when digestion is deranged, and the appetite poor and variable, be assured your condition is critical, and calls for instant attention before the summer months bring additional dangers.

At this time the use of Paine's Celery Compound will do a marvellous work for every rundown, sick and diseased man and woman.

Its life-giving work first commences with the blood, which is made clean and pure; then the nerves are quickly set in order, digestive vigor is fully restored, the appetite is made natural, sleep is refreshing, and the desponding heart is made light and joyous.

It is well to bear in mind that Paine's Celery Compound owes its origin to the most distinguished physician that this American continent ever produced, and his marvellous prescription is publicly indorsed by our best and ablest physicians.

If all sufferers who have been disappointed in the past will promptly start with Paine's Celery Compound, they will be astonished and delighted with the speed with which this wonderful remedy is able to call a halt to wasting and dangerous diseases. It is now making tens of thousands well and strong, and fitting them to enjoy the summer months which, to the well and strong, are pleasurable and happy.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure No Pay," is the Boldest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the disease have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRSTCLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

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King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

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Market Block, Peterborough

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Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 5 p. m. on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.15a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

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Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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BETWEEN
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VOL. 28 NO. 100 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY APRIL 30 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

RURSIA AND JAPAN MUST FIGHT IT OUT

This Seems to be The Opinion of the American Newspaper

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE NOT AT ALL ASSURING

The Combination Between Russia and France Regarded as a Huge Bluff, to Discredit the Treaty With Britain

Special to The Times.

London, April 30.—The feeling is growing that war between Russia and Japan is bound to come in a few months. The immense preparations that are being made in both countries must produce a conflict sooner or later. In Japan public attention is divided between the Franco Russian note in reply to the Anglo-Japanese alliance and the general election which is to take place about the middle of August.

With regard to the first-mentioned question it is evident that no serious importance is attached by the Japanese statesmen and journalists to the declared extension of the scope of the Franco-Russian alliance to the Far East. There is a general tendency in well-informed circles in Tokio to regard that declaration in the light of a diplomatic bluff, intended in the first place, to counteract the favorable effect which the Anglo-Japanese convention produced on the minds of the Chinese and Corean rules, and secondly to warn the Japanese in a vague manner as to what they might expect in the event of their precipitating a collision—a contingency which seems to be a source of constant apprehension to the Northern Power.

The joint note certainly does not say nor, in the opinion of many Japanese thinkers, is it meant to say that France will under all circumstances join Russia in case of war in Eastern Asia. The possibility of what France may do in certain circumstances has never been lost sight of by Japanese politicians, but that possibility is not, in their opinion, rendered in any manner more palpable or clear by the recent simultaneous announcement from Paris and St. Petersburg.

As to the coming general election, parties are busily engaged in selecting candidates. That the "War Party" will supersede all others at the polls, there is no reason to doubt. The feeling is strong in the country against Russia. meanwhile, attention centres on Marquis Ito, the veteran leader of the largest party, the Constitutionists. What policy will he prescribe for his great party to go upon in the coming campaign?

This is the question which everybody is asking in Japan. I say "prescribe" advisedly, for it is a well-known fact that the Marquis is an autocratic head of his party. He has always said to his followers—"This is my policy; if you agree with me follow me; if not, please leave my standard." And they have thus far willingly followed him, and there is little reason to believe they will not do so in the present juncture.

The veteran leader, however, chooses for the present to hold his tongue; he has not taken even his immediate lieutenants into his confidence as to what he proposes to do for the coming campaign.

In the numerous addresses which he has had to deliver at the various banquets held in his honor after his arrival home from his recent foreign tour, the illustrious statesman has confined himself to advising his countrymen never to lose sight of the important fact that the conclusion of the alliance with Great Britain should not alter in the slightest degree the friendly attitude of the nation toward any other Power, and to emphasizing the necessity of their devoting their whole energies to the development of the material resources of the country. He also strongly deprecates the dissipation of his people's attention and energy over paltry questions of party politics.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE SUPREME

In South Africa—Most Important News from the Pretoria Government

London, April 30.—The announcement of a Government Gazette issued at Pretoria on April 15, may be taken to settle some important points as to the future of the Transvaal. It perhaps shows better than any "guesses" at the details of peace negotiations, what the government of the country is to be like, after the war is over. It also shows that order is being already pretty effectually enforced and civil administration established, even though guerilla operations still continue. The Gazette announcement provides, pending the creation of a Supreme Court, for the establishment of a High Court of the Transvaal, to be opened on May 8, and a Pretoria and Witwatersrand District Court or Superior Court for Johannesburg, to be opened on May 30. The same jurisdiction and powers are assigned to the District as to the High Court, except as regards appeals, and proceedings in insolvency. The regulations for admission of advocates and attorneys to practice in the Courts are Imperial in spirit, protecting the prestige of the Transvaal Bar but providing an opening for members of the profession in all the British Colonies, as well as the late South African Republic, although the two branches of the profession are kept distinct.

An interesting point, as indicating a decision of the British on the dual language question in South Africa, is the enactment that the proceedings of the Courts are to be conducted in the English language. The Roman-Dutch law, except so far as changed by legislative enactments, is to be the law of the Colony. Appeals may be taken from the District Court to the High Court, and—in cases where the sum or matter at issue amounts to £3,000—from the High Court to the Privy Council of Great Britain. The special criminal courts in Pretoria and Johannesburg cease on the day the new courts open. The judges appointed are: Sir J. Rose Innes, President; Puisne Judges, W. H. Solomon, J. W. Wessels and Sir William Smith. Another proof of the reestablishment of civil administration is to be found in the announcement that the offices of Registrar of Deeds, of Surveyor General, and for the registration of patents and trade marks will open May 20. New laws on patents and trade marks drawn on English lines have been published. All these signs point to progress in the direction of the pleasant paths of peace as surely as any formal negotiations could.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

BRUTAL MURDER OF POLICE

Shot in the Back at a Lonely Spot Near Snake Hill, New Jersey

New York, April 28—Constable Chas. Engelbrecht has been shot to death on a lonely stretch of the Secaucus road, near Snake Hill, N.J. The police are searching for a bartender whom they suspect of the murder.

Engelbrecht was a constable of the township of Secaucus. Accompanied by Constables Doyle and Heflich, he planned a raid on an alleged disorderly house on the Secaucus road.

Engelbrecht and his assistants reached the place shortly before midnight. They found nothing of an incriminating nature, and departed. They started down the road, and had reached a dark stretch near the meadows, when a man opened fire within a few paces of the constables. Engelbrecht fell, with two wounds in his back.

Doyle and Heflich jumped aside until the man had emptied his pistol, and then sprang toward him. He evaded them, and darted into the rushes by the side of the road. The constables searched in vain, and then hurried to Secaucus, where an alarm was spread, and a posse set forth to hunt for the murderer.

BOER WOMEN VERY VINDICTIVE

They Shook Their Fists at the Soldiers as They Passed by.

Norwich, Ont., April 30 — C. J. A. Dunlop, of Norwich, writes home from Fort McReady, South Africa, on March 6th, as follows:

This is the place where General White was defeated. We arrived in Durban after a fine trip, and came on at once up country. It seems strange to be on African soil after reading so much about it, and see the blacks moving about. It was very hot at the coast, but it is cool up here. We saw the places where General Buller was repulsed, which did not appear to me to be so bad as one would suppose, and saw where they lost the guns, and the place where young Roberts fell, over whose grave a monument has been erected. It was most interesting to be in Ladysmith and view all the positions which made it a hard place for General White to hold; he deserves great praise. We had tea there, hard tack and not very tender beef, which is the average fare. I have not had my clothes off since we arrived, as there are Boers about and we have to be ready to turn out at once, having done so twice already. I sleep with rifle loaded at my side and 150 rounds of ammunition, also my revolver charged. It seems strange to here the sentry shout "Who goes there?" and then the rifle's bang and sing of bullets through the air and followed by the whole camp turning out half asleep. We have trenches all around the camp, and which we occupy and await developments. There have been about 1,400 Boers captured during the last ten days, at which rate the end must be approaching. We passed a train load of prisoners on the way up, and they are just what we had read about. They are friendly. They said we could not catch De Wet with such horses as we had. At one of the stations some officers of the Black Watch came and spoke to me; they are a splendid looking lot of fellows. We were inspected on Saturday by Lord Kitchener, who is not by any means the fine looking man shown in photos, but I heard him tell the Colonel something after my own heart, which proved he knew his business. We are in quarantine for smallpox, but expect to be out on Saturday. The Manhattan men are six miles away, and will join us on Saturday, and we expect to leave in about a week. We get no war news, not seeing any papers. About 400 Boers were captured a few days since a short distance from us, who were supposed to be on their way to visit us, when they ran into a regiment of regulars and were captured. On the way up we passed a number of concentration camps, and the women saluted us with doubled fists. Some of our officers have been shot by small boys about six years old. We are in sight of Majuba Hill, where General Colley was defeated.

DAIRYMEN MEET TO-DAY

Prominent Men from All Parts Meet To-Day in Ottawa

Special to The Times.

Ottawa, Ont., April 30.—In response to the call of J. A. Ruddick, chief of the Government Dairy Department, prominent dairymen assembled here from various parts of the Dominion to-day for an important conference. The object of the meeting is to discuss prevailing systems of manufacture, and also to arrive at a more uniform method of dairying, which may be carried on in future.

ENGLAND'S VALUED CUSTON

How a Leading Philadelphia Paper View the Situation

Philadelphia, April 22.—The people who supposed that Great Britain was going to be financially crushed by the burden of the Boer war have been proved mistaken. Great Britain is evidently all right. Both France and Germany, which have not suffered any exceptional drain, have lately confessed to deficits; while, in spite of everything, the "tight little island" is able to exhibit a substantial surplus. The circumstance is gratifying from every point of view, for Great Britain is the United States' best customer.

BROOKS MURDER A MYSTERY.

The Inquest Throws no Light on the Tragedy

Special to The Times.

New York, April 30.—The inquest into the death of Walter Brooks, who was murdered in the Glen Island Hotel two months ago and for whose death Miss Florence Burns was held and subsequently released, was begun to-day before Coroner Brown. During the past few weeks the police have been working assiduously on the case to complete their evidence. They claim to have several new witnesses, but the opinion prevails that nothing of importance has been turned up and that the case is destined to remain a mystery.

CHINA AT CORONATION

Son of Prince Ching Reaches Here on His Way to London

Hong Kong, April 30.—Tsai Chen, son of Prince Ching, who is en route to London, where he will represent the Emperor of China at the coronation of King Edward, arrived here to-day.

He paid a visit to Gen. Sir William Gascoigne, commanding the military forces here, and was entertained at lunch at the Chinese Club. He will inspect the Terrible to-morrow.

MAUD GENTILE'S SLAYER HERE

Brought Back from Canada — Killing was an Accident He Says

Eugene Gauthier, who is accused of murdering Maud Gentile in a Third avenue hotel on March 12, was brought back here last night from Montreal, where he surrendered to the police and was locked up in Police Headquarters. Detective Sergeants Berkeley and Aitken, who brought him from Montreal said that he was taciturn and reticent on the trip. The only thing he would say, according to the detectives, was:

"It was all an accident. I was scared and ran away."

BURNED WITH CARBOLIC ACID

Mrs. Allen, an Important Witness in the Wolfe Case, Attacked

Toronto, May 28—The very complicated case, in which Mrs. Rachel Wolfe, her husband, Max Wolfe, and Mrs. Lucy Allen have been so prominent, had been made much more complex by a sensational turn which matters took on Sunday night, when Mrs. Allen was attacked on Ontario street by some miscreant, who forced a cloth, saturated with carbolic acid, into her face, burning her very painfully.

Mrs. Allen, it will be remembered, was an employe at Mrs. Wolfe's fur store on Yonge st. Mrs. Wolfe assigned and later on Mrs. Wolfe was charged with theft and fraud upon the creditors, and in the Police Court at the preliminary investigation, Mrs. Allen, who is quite young, was a witness for the Crown, swearing to the fact that Mrs. Wolfe had sold a jacket for $65 and had turned in only $40 to the assignee. About this time Mrs. Allen began to be the subject of anonymous persecution, and she went to her mother at Hamilton. After her departure the Wolfes had the house at which she used to board, Mrs. Graceley's, 31 Emily street, searched. The result was the discovery of a quantity of furs which the Wolfe's claimed to have been theirs. Mrs. Allen was arrested and brought back to Toronto. On Friday her trial began before Police Magistrate Kingsford. Very extraordinary and conflicting evidence was given by Mrs. Graceley and her daughter Florence. The case was adjourned until to-day, when it was the intention of the defence to call Mrs. Allen, who, it was promised, would give very sensational evidence.

Last night she was out with a friend named Miss Ella Loftus, who boards at 135 Shuter street. At Sherbourne and Gerrard streets they separated about a quarter to 10 o'clock. Miss Loftus, who, by the way, was another witness against the Wolfe's went home. Mrs. Allen went east on Gerrard street and then up Ontario street. Half way up to Carlton street she was suddenly seized by a man, who slashed her in the face with a towel and then ran away with great speed. When she recovered herself a little she found her right cheek and neck burning, and she at once hastened to Miss Loftus' Dr. McCallum was hastily called in and Sergeant Reburn and Detective Black were notified. The police ambulance was called and Mrs. Allen was taken to St. Michael's Hospital, where she now lies in a private ward.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

KILLED GIRL WHO TEASED HIM.

Schoolboy at Kingston, in Momentary Anger Shot Friend

Kingston, April 29 — In Frontenac public school at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Eric Sharp, the 16-year-old son of H. Sharp, a Princess street grocer, deliberately shot and almost instantly killed Beatrice Holland, 14 years of age, daughter of Geo. Holland, an engineer on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway.

A few scholars had finished their daily tasks in the junior fourth class and were in the cloak room preparing to go home. The young girl jokingly tipped the boy's hat off his head. Eric told her to go away or he would shoot her. Almost instantly he drew a revolver from his pocket and fired. The bullet entered the girl's temple and she fell to the floor. In less than five minutes death ensued.

Crazed by the deed, the lad fled, and could not be found. At 7 o'clock in the evening he gave himself up to the police, in a dazed condition. According to his story, he and the girl were good friends, and he had no intention of shooting her when he drew the revolver, which went off before he knew. He says that he went away not knowing where he was going, and finally found himself in the city park, when he told a boy of the affair and was advised to go to the police station. This he did. Young Sharp says he got the revolver under the school steps, but his companions say he had been carrying it for some time, using it to shoot frogs.

An inquest will be held on Tuesday.

THE DOMINION CAPITAL

The Hermer System Becomes Part of the C. P. R.—Social and Personal News from the Capital.

Special to the Times

Ottawa, April 29 — An official of the Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway announced that the sale of the road to the C.P.R. had been definitely concluded and will go into effect immediately. The negotiations which for some time have been in progress are concluded, and to-morrow, Wednesday, the old Board of Directors will meet in Montreal to formally hand over the line to the new purchasers.

The local officials of the road have not yet been informed as to what their exact status, in view of the sale of the road, will be, but they have received an intimation that all will be provided for.

The Pontiac and Gatineau line, it is announced, will be amalgamated with the eastern division of the C.P.R. under the general superintendance of Mr. C. W. Spence. Time tables on all of the lines will be changed and a better train service provided. As to whether the old company's offices in the Central chambers will be done away with is not yet known.

Parliament to Prorogue

It is rumored that the session will close about the 15th of May. The session has been uneventful and somewhat disappointing, on the whole.

Social and Personal

Among many members of parliament who are planning to go to the coronation are Messrs. W. S. Calvert, A. F. MacLaren, H. J. Logan and Ralph Smith.

Among the ministers who will go to the coronation besides Sir Wilfrid Laurier are Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. Dr. Borden, Hon. J. I. Tarte and Hon. Wm. Paterson. All except the Minister of Finance will be accompanied by private secretaries.

Mayor Dunne, of Peterborough, and Mr. Stewart, of the Cereal Works, Peterborough, are in the city on departmental business.

Gratitude Expressed

Governor Mousette, of Hull jail, has received a letter from relatives of Stanislaus Lacroix, in which they express deep gratitude and thanks for the many acts of kindness shown the unfortunate man by Mr. and Mrs. Mousette and family during his imprisonment. The letter also speaks very appreciatively of the manner in which Lacroix's relatives were treated when they visited him.

Conservative Banquet

The Conservative senators and members of the house of commons will give a banquet to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the veteran opposition leader of the senate, on Tuesday, May 6th, in the dining room of the senate.

News from Foreign Lands

St. Paul, Minn., April 30.—The local representatives of the big packing houses of Chicago and St. Paul, who were arrested last week on complaint of the local meat dealers, who charged them with selling meat preserved by means of borax injections and solution, were arraigned in court to-day for trial. The decision of the cases depends on the efforts of the defense to prove that borax is not injurious. The prosecution arises from the dissatisfaction of the retailers over the dictatorial action of the packers in raising the price of meat and the result of the trials is awaited with much interest.

Berlin, April 30.—According to the calculations of a Hamburg mathematician, Professor Schubert, forty minutes past ten o'clock this morning will mark the passing of exactly a thousand million minutes since the birth of Christ. The event has been celebrated by the issue of a picture postcard reproducing Professor Schubert's chronological calculation.

Salem, Ore., April 30.—A new method for extracting gold from base ores has been developed by a resident of this city. After years of effort the process has been perfected and lately practical demonstrations of its success have been given. The process is said to have yielded three times as much gold as could have been obtained by the usual smelting process. Briefly, the process separates the gold from the ore, which is put through various solutions after crushing. After settling for twelve hours the liquid is skimmed like cream, the gold being taken off the top where it rises like a thick skum. It is claimed by the discoverer that the process matures latent gold, which cannot be secured by other processes. It is believed by experts that the new process will greatly increase the amount saved, especially from ores of a low grade.

Washington, April 30.— The Department of State has been notified by cable from Bogota that fierce fighting is going on near Guatavita, forty-five miles from Bogota, and it is reported that 2,000 men are engaged. According to the Government advices the army of Gen. Uribe-Uribe, revolutionist, has been twice defeated and is retreating, and the Government forces continue to advance.

LEYDS TALKS OF NEW REPUBLICS IN S. AERICA

Will be Established in the Northwestern Section of Cape Colony by Boers and Rebels

DESIRE FOR INDEPENDENCE WILL BE MANIFESTED

By the Establishment of Several Republics in the North-West of The Colony by the Rebels.

London, April 29—A statement by D. Leyds in the Neue Freie Presse is quoted by the Vienna correspondent of the Times. Leyds says the South African peace negotiations must be regarded as having broken down. The demand that the Boers lay down their arms and renounce independence and claim to amnesty cannot be complied with because Cape Colony and other rebels form a considerable portion of the combatants. Leyds alleges that there is profound dissatisfaction in Cape Colony, and asserts the desire for independence will be manifested by the establishment of several republics in the north-west of the colony.

THE DEPARTURE OF THE TRANSPORTS

Change in Date of Sailing Made by the Department

TO AVOID SUNDAY LABOR

Canada Could Easily Have Raised Still Another Regiment—Recruiting Over

Special to The Times.

Ottawa, April 30.—A change has been made in the dates of departure of the transports for South Africa. Instead of sailing on May 6 and 12, the Castrian and Winifredian will leave on the 10th and 14th respectively. The reason for making the change is that the dates first selected would have involved working on Sunday, and the Minister of Militia wished to avoid this.

The selection of officers for the regiment to be commanded by Lieut.-Col. Macdonell has not yet been completed, but some of the appointments have been made. Major Hemmer, of the Mounted Rifles, Winnipeg, will be second in command. Captain E. F. Mackie, of the 9th Battalion, and Lieut. A. W. Strange, both of whom served in Strathcona's Horse, have accepted offers of commissions. Captain Mackie may be adjutant of the Regiment.

The requisite number of men for the fourth contingent has been raised, and there are many to spare, as the applications and those who passed the examinations have exceeded the two thousand required.

The news that Canada could easily have raised another contingent has been received at the Militia Department yesterday. From British Columbia comes word that 222 men have been enlisted; Manitoba 197, and in the North-West Territories about 130 men. This makes 555, which, together with those enrolled in the East, brings up the total over 2,000 men.

Returns of the enlisting for South Africa in Ontario and the eastern provinces have also been received. They show that in Ontario there were 18 men enrolled at Windsor, 62 Guelph, 72 at London, Brantford, 22, St. Catharines 19, Toronto 158, Peterborough 67, Port Hope 23, Kingston 21, Hamilton 64, Ottawa 180.

In Quebec—Montreal 124, Quebec 21 Sherbrooke 18.

In New Brunswick — Fredericton 11 Moncton 30, Newcastle 24, St. John 87 Woodstock 6.

In Nova Scotia—Halifax 82, Kentville 11 Truro 18, Sydney 29, Springhill 20, Yarmouth 2, Middleton 6.

In Prince Edward Island — Charlottetown 37.

This makes a total of 1,224, which, with the 100 to be taken from the permanent corps, brings it up to 1,324.

Recruiting has now been stopped, and when the equipment and arms are all shipped to Halifax, the Canadian boys will will be ready to go to South Africa.

Quebec, April 5—Eight men of the R.C.G.A., quartered at the Citadel, leave for Halifax to-day.

WOODSTOCK'S CONTRIBUTION

Woodstock, April 30.—Among the Woodstock men who joined the fourth contingent and left Saturday night for Halifax is Aylmer Lonald Fraser, goal-keeper for the Woodstock Hockey team. He is one of the best goal men in Canada. His brother Gordon, of Paris, also enlisted. The list of Woodstock men has swelled to about fifteen. Last night James Hamilton, hardware merchant, of this city, received notice of his appointment to a captaincy in the contingent.

KINGSTON'S QUOTA.

Kingston, Ont., April 30.—Eighteen members of "A" and "B" Batteries, picked from the 119 that offered their services and also recruits from outside points will leave for South Africa. They are all unmarried men. The names are: "A" Battery; Br. Mercier and Grs. Mayer, Honeyball, Wallace, Miller, Predett, Manning, Irwin, Aiken, Smith, Walsh—11. "B" Battery—Br. Hannah, Grs. Hardy, Chabott, Rae, Hubley, Henneay, McGuard, 7. They will be accompanied by S. M. Gunblett.

A Labor Candidate

Special to The Times.

Brantford, Ont., April 26—There may be a third candidate in South Brantford for the local house, the labor party having decided to ask Ald. Ham to be its standard bearer. Mr. Ham is a manufacturer, but he has always identified himself with labor movements.

A Great Sufferer Cured

Mr. Benjamin Dillon, of Leeds, Ont. was cured of Muscular Rheumatism by Polson's Nerviline, and says: "I feel my duty is to proclaim Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for Rheumatism; it cured me after 20 years suffering, and nothing I know of can equal its penetrating power. Nerviline simply has no equal in quickly relieving and curing Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, and Lumbago. A trial will convince anyone. Price 25c.

Everybody reads The Times.

NO TRANSFER OF FLAGS TO AMERICAN VESSELS

The Big Scare in Britain not Regarded Seriously in Washington

SCHEME SAID TO BE IMPOSSIBLE

The Idea Ridiculed by Members of the U. S. Congress—Not the Slightest Cause for Alarm.

Washington, April 30.—Members of Congress are inclined to ridicule the fears in London that all the English ships in the Morgan merger may eventually fly the American flag. It requires a special act of Congress for each ship of foreign construction to obtain American registry. No bill has been presented to Congress, such as is mentioned in the London despatches this morning, and none of the leaders know of any intention to introduce such a bill. Senator Frye, of Maine, author of the Ship Subsidy measure which passed the Senate, said to-day that it was hardly possible to get such a bill introduced to say nothing of its passage.

"Such a proposition," continued Mr. Frye, "as is contained in the despatches from London, which say that the steamship combination will urge upon Congress the admission of all its foreign built ships to American registry, is absurd and impossible. Such a thing would not be permitted in either branch of Congress, and I have heard no sentiment whatever in favor of it."

Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, member of the Commerce Committee, said: "The story about granting American registry to foreign built ships comes up every year. The Republican party will not permit anything of that kind to occur so long as it remains in power. Such a proposition could not go through the Senate."

Items of Interes

London, April 29 — The Canadian officials here are highly excited over the proofs received at the Emigration Office that the shipping combination, with two Canadian lines in it, are already interfering with the systematized operations of the highly successful bureau.

Commissioner W. T. R. Preston confirmed yesterday the report that the two representatives of the shipping ring had threatened to divert emigration from Canada unless the work of the sub-agents appointed throughout the United Kingdom for promoting it without prejudice to any line were restricted.

Reported to Ottawa

Mr. Preston told me that important correspondence on the subject would arrive at Ottawa on Thursday, showing that the ring is seeking to control the rates for passage to Canada, and to interfere with the wise policy which has led to the enormous increase of inquiries and departures of British settlers.

He predicted that the interference of the shipping ring with the immigration business would be followed inevitably by the creation of a Canadian subsidized line for carrying emigrants, and that the British government would assist in defence of Imperial commerce.

The subject will be brought up before Mr. Chamberlain at the conference of the Colonial Premiers after the coronation.

The excitement caused here by the shipping deal is subsiding, owing to the mass of contradictions and the lack of authentic information. A sense of irritated uneasiness remains unmistakably, for the independence of the British commercial marine is a national tradition well-nigh sacrosanct, and even if the Cunard and White Star Lines, in joining an American-Canadian-German coalition, keep the same flag afloat, the grip of a foreign money power is dreaded as a source of danger in time of war.

A fresh series of questions asked in Parliament threw little light upon the subject, but disclosed the fact that the Government was fully alive to the importance of establishing safeguards against the transfer of subsidized British ships to foreign flags. The heads of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade have been consulting, and there is likely to be something more than a reappointment of the committee on steamship subsidies. Mr. Arnold Forster is both a naval expert and a man of energy, and important action is foreshadowed.

The most significant feature of the shipping excitement is the silence prevailing at the shipyards of Belfast, the Clyde and the Tyne. There are no outcries from British shipbuilders when it is suggested that the United States may adopt a free ship bill and take over European merchant fleets. The truth is discerned that the Morgan combination is not harmful to the shipbuilding interests at Philadelphia and other American ports, and that the adoption of a free ship policy would be a tremendous gain for British yards.

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W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each evening up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 30, 1902.

THE STATE AND CONSUMPTION.

Whensoever two or three philanthropists gather together these days, they discuss the necessity of providing better means for the isolation and treatment of consumptive patients. And they could not well direct their philanthropy to a worthier purpose.

But is it not a question that the state should take hold of, promptly, vigorously, effectively, generously?

Here we have a disease which is a veritable plague in its ravages and universality. And here we have the new knowledge that it is not hereditary but communicable; and so mildly communicable that very simple measures of isolation serve to absolutely prevent its spread. And with that we have too, the knowledge that it is often curable by mere exposure to pure air, coupled with wholesome living.

Do these not constitute a set of facts which justify the whole community—that is, the State—in taking joint and concerted action for stamping out the plague? It is no mere matter of fighting a disease. It is a struggle with an epidemic, from which the people can be set free; and is as much a case for State action as the establishment of a quarantine against cholera, or the provision by the municipality of a fire department.

When we make up our minds to take this ghastly menace by the throat, we will increase our chances of life by a tremendous percentage.

MODERATE DIET.

Good beef having gone up in price, word is being passed that people in general eat too much of that commodity. It is stated as a fact that since the jump in price, the people are using only one-half of what was consumed a couple of months ago. The abstinence on the part of consumers may not suit the doctors, for if people ate less there would be less for those professional gentlemen to do, and the consumers, who think themselves such and victims of the worldly-minded Trust, would be physically and mentally the gainers. It is an old maxim that meat once a day is all that any one needs. Yet most people imagine it a hardship not to be provided with some kind of meat twice or three times a day—"three square meals" in other words. It is astonishing, however, how well one can get along with two. Heavy, or high, living puts too much pressure on the vital forces and shortens life, just as over-stoking a steam boiler is injurious and wasteful. A moderate diet is best.

• • • •

John Wanamaker has closed a contract with the N. Y. Journal for a full page advertisement daily for a year, the price being $150,000 which shows John's big head for business. There is no money he invests which gives such returns, as that spent in advertising. Small men in small places, run their small business without advertising. John is not built that way.

School Humor.

AN English paper gives some further examples of children's unconscious humor in answering examination questions:

Alexander the Great was born in absence of his parents.

The chief clause in Magna Charta was that no free man should be put to death or imprisoned without his own consent.

Where were the kings of England crowned? On their heads.

What were the three most important Feudal dues? Friendship, courtship, marriage.

What do you know of Dryden and Buckingham? Dryden and Buckingham were at first friends, but soon became contemporaries.

What is Milton's chief work? Milton wrote a sensible poem called the "Canterbury Tails."

Give the names of five Shakespearian plays? Macbeth, Mikado, Quo Vadis, San Toy, Sign of the Cross.

An optimist is a man who looks after your eyes, and a pessimist is a man who looks after your feet.

A man who looks on the bright side of things is called an optimist, and the one who looks on the dull side is called a pessimist.

Good News!

Stage Manager—Mr. Heavy, you will take the part of Alonzo. Mr. Heavy—I have never seen this play. Do you think I can please the audience in that part? "Immensely. You die in the first act."—"Tit-Bits."

The Saving of Mrs. Mervine.

PERSONALLY, I never liked Mrs. Mervine. It may have been that she was too pretty for any other woman to like, or it may have been something else. I'm not good at analyzing my sentiments. I like and I dislike, that's enough for me. Some people can't wear a bustle without knowing in what period of our evolution a taste for humps was evolved, but for me, I'd go on all fours without a question if it became the style. And when Mrs. Mervine—she was Miss Henry then—married Mr. Mervine, I did a little quiet rejoicing all privately in my own room. You see, George and Miss Henry had had an affair, and, by the way, I hadn't thought of it before, but maybe that is why I never liked her. But then, according to that, I shouldn't have liked George, either. Two things equal to each other are equal to themselves, isn't it? Or something like that. No, don't explain it to me. I couldn't understand in a week, and, besides, I want to tell you what saved Mrs. Mervine.

You see, she was young and pretty as a picture in an Alma Tadema-esque sort of way. He was about seventy, and he looked like an antique brass. Just the color, you know, and so many wrinkles that they looked as if they had been made by hand with a chisel. He was rich and respected and all that, but he was a man of principle, and of all things I loathe it's a man or woman of principle. I think principles ought to be like the magazines at a man's club—for the use of all, and not to be gathered up and secreted by one, any more than one would try to swallow all the air around him, so no one else should have any.

Mixed? No, I'm not. The metaphor? Oh, well, I'm telling you what saved Mrs. Mervine. But about his principles. They were a good concrete sort, you know. There was nothing Comtian or Kantian about them. A babe in arms could have understood them. One was that servants should not be tipped. Another, that a man should get his money's worth wherever he went. Another, that a woman who had attained her growth was old enough to take care of herself, and so on and so on. Any one of these was a principle for which he declared himself ready to perish at the stake. Mrs. Mervine knew all about these principles before she married him, but she didn't realize their import, and she went up to the altar pink and smiling and thinking how she was going to spill his money about.

How do I know what she thought? Didn't I tell you that I feel things—lots of them—without ever knowing them? We all went down to the station with them. You know they went to New York and sailed from there for Europe. His best man had the tickets bought and the chairs bought, and he shoved them over to Mr. Mervine. That worthy looked at them and bolted back to the ticket-office. He came back puffing and showed us a handful of change.

"She can have a chair," he said, jerking his thumb towards the bride, who was neither pink nor smiling now, "and I'll sit in the smoking compartment. You see, they can't put me out, because I can show them I've paid for a seat in the car. Nothing like getting your money's worth."

Just then the bell rang for the train to start. Poor old Mr. Mervine was born, you know, ages before trains were thought of, and he always had a panic about catching one. Well, he forgot everything except that he was scheduled to catch that train, and he whisked through the gate alone, galloped down the track and threw himself on the platform. Of course, there wasn't anything left for Mrs. Mervine to do but to make a hasty explanation to the gatekeeper and sail down after him. She scrambled on to the rear platform, with the aid of the porter, and never turned to wave us good-by.

We threw the old shoes and rice at a young couple that came in on the local and stopped behind a load of trunks to kiss.

Mamma and I went abroad that year, and I had almost forgotten the old Relic and his bride until one day in Paris I heard an American voice. It was at a kiosk where I was buying a magazine, and there was the Relic flourishing the Paris edition of the "Herald," trying in execrable French to have it exchanged for a "Galignani" of the same date. The old woman who kept the booth imagined herself threatened by a maniac or an assassin, and was about to call a gendarme, when I interfered and explained. The Relic was profuse in his thanks, but begged that since I had already been so kind, would I do yet a little more and see if I could not induce the old woman to take the "Herald," which he had read, in exchange for the "Galignani," which he desired to read. I glanced across the way, and saw Mrs. Mervine seated on one of the public benches watching us with narrowed eyes, which she averted as I turned toward her. She was gorgeously dressed, and I saw she had a hand full of new diamonds, but her face was absolutely colorless and her eyes looked bright and hot as if she hadn't been able to have a good cry for a year. I knew the Relic's principles were getting on Mrs. Mervine's nerves, and I slipped a few sous into the old woman's hand and gave the Relic his "Galignani."

He was quite embarrassing in his gratitude, and summoned Mrs. Mervine with a sort of whistle, such as one uses in emergencies for hackmen or motormen. She had learned the signal well, for she came up promptly, with a look in her eyes as if she expected to see ghosts. She was quietly cordial, saying and acting the correct thing, as she had always done, but it didn't occur to me until afterwards how weakly she had seconded his effusive invitation for us to dine with them.

Mamma, you know, is always quite unhappy on the Continent. She misses her morning oatmeal and ice water, and, most of all, someone to whom she can talk English; so, whenever we meet an American, I have all I can do to prevent her legally adopting him into the family. So, when the Relic insisted on having us dine with them, mamma joyously consented. It was arranged that they should call for us at our hotel, and from there we were to go to the Palais Royal and later to the Comedie Francaise.

Well, they came on time—in an old voiture with a drunken driver who had agreed to take them for less than the regular tariff. The Relic has a morbid habit of demonstrating everywhere that he knows more than any other one or two human beings about him, so we had no sooner started than he began to declare to the "cocher" that he was driving us in a roundabout way in or-

The Poultry Yard.

Nobody can tell yet how ideally correct feeding can be practiced. It is less than useless for anybody in New Jersey to tell us how he feeds Minorcas successfully if another man in northern Michigan or Wisconsin is going to copy without change. It is not even advisable to adopt unchanged the rations of one man for a flock of equal numbers, same breed, in the next county, next town, next farm.—Jas. [illegible], [illegible] Falls, N.J., in New York Tribune Farmer.

The Origin of the Loving Cup.

THE loving cup is very common nowadays, and we see it everywhere. But many years ago there were no such things as these queer three handled affairs, and the following story tells how they first happened to be made:

Once upon a time centuries before us, there lived a great and powerful king, who was extremely fond of hunting. He was one day in a forest pursuing a stag, but it was so fleet and clever that it eluded him and his band of followers, and led them entirely out of their way. After wandering about in a hopeless fashion they finally came upon a little hut, and the king himself dismounted and rapped smartly upon the door.

A young girl answered his knock, and soon showed the men the right path. The king was about to go, when he saw a well near the house, and at the sight of the clear water immediately felt thirsty, and, going back, asked the girl for a drink. Without hesitation she went into the house and came out with an earthen jug filled with the well water. But, instead of offering his royal majesty the handle, as most people would do, she held that herself, and handed him the cup the wrong way.

The king said nothing, thanked the girl, and he and his band soon found their way out of the wood.

But when he reached his palace he determined to reward the girl for giving him the water and at the same time to teach her a lesson in politeness.

Sending to his jeweler, he bade him make a silver cup, with two handles, and deliver it to the young girl, without a word as to whence it came.

Perhaps a month after this the king again hunted in that same forest, sought the hut and asked the girl for another drink of water.

This time she entered the house and came out with a beautiful silver cup, full of the sparkling water. "Now," thought the king, "she has certainly learned a lesson." But never was he more mistaken, for the poor, ignorant girl took a handle in each hand, and for the second time offered her liege lord nothing save the side of the cup.

The king rode away deeply perplexed. He resolved to teach the girl the polite way to hand a cup without directly rebuking her, and many were the hours he spent in cudgelling his brains for some way in which to do it. At last a bright idea struck him, and he sent for his jeweler a second time. "Make me," said he to the man, "a silver cup, heavily chased, and with my royal crest, and put three handles on it." The jeweler, much surprised—for remember, no such thing had ever been heard of up to this time—did as he was told, and soon the mug was finished. As before, the king had it privately sent to the girl who lived in the little hut.

One day not long after this for the third time he rode into that forest, and, taking the now well-known path, soon reached the cottage. Dismounting, he knocked at the door and asked humbly for a drink of clear water.

The girl immediately came out with the beautiful three-handled cup, and, taking two of the handles in her hands, she offered him the third.

So the king rode away well pleased with his strategy and, reaching home, ordered three-handled cups to be made in every sort of ware, and they became so popular that we now have them in all our shops and stores.

An Unfortunate Experiment.

SOME years ago there lived in Turin a physician noted far and wide as a specialist of brain diseases. Men and women came to him from the ends of the earth. With the development of fortune, for his fees were in proportion to his prominence, he cultivated a pleasing taste for those precious relics of antiquity in which millionaires alone are privileged to indulge. He had in his library a collection of costly objects of art. The fame of his treasures was loud in the world's ears with the note of his skill. One day a rich American banker came to consult him about his wife, a confirmed kleptomaniac. His life was a burden to him, following her from store to store, continually guarding her reputation against the encroachment of her fingers. Though it had cost him thousands, his wife knew nothing, suspected nothing of her own weakness. Nor should she ever know if he could prevent it.

"If I brought her here to consult you as a physician," said the afflicted husband, "I fear she would suspect something and it would kill her. If you will permit it I'll bring her to call on you as a collector of antiquities. Do not be disconcerted, however, if during the interview you find her pilfering, slipping your relics and coins into her umbrella or pockets. That is the ailment, and, of course, whatever she takes will be returned to you at once. My references are So and So, bankers." This with much dignity and the production of documents.

The physician made the appointment, and next day the couple came. The doctor brought out his treasures, wonderful coins, antique jewelry, on which he descanted with much graceful learning. Every now and then the lady slipped into her pocket or dropped into her parasol a coin, a jewel, a vase, and as she did so her husband winked at the doctor to draw attention to her theft. When the physician finally gave the signal that he had learned all he required, she had accumulated the rarest of his possessions.

"I'll be back within an hour," said the Chicago banker, "with the things my wife has taken. Poor, poor girl!" he burst out. "Doctor, my fortune, my life are yours if you can but cure her."

Two hours passed, then three, then the interval lengthened to five. The physician, rather alarmed, sent his servant to the American's hotel. No persons of the name were staying there. The police were called in, descriptions given, detectives went forth. They identified the culprits, who had time to make their escape. They were London pickpockets, two thieves whose characters and depredations were notorious all over England.

"Why do you call the fast bicycle rider a scorcher?" "Because he goes at a hot pace, makes pedestrians boiling mad, warms up the police, gets roasted in court, and then thinks the whole thing is a burning shame."—"Tit-Bits."

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—'Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all! Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago "Daily News."

Peaceful business methods oft
Succeed where others fail;
Yet dentists and chiropodists
Keep fighting tooth and nail.
—Chicago News.

Tramp—I'd like ter do something to pay for all this, but I'm a cripple, mum.

Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter?

Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keepin' a list of all th' people wot offered me work, mum.—New York Weekly.

Good Boys

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Keep Hogs Thrifty.

The hog seems to need some earthy or mineral matter to enable it to digest its food well. For this purpose many give salt, wood ashes and charcoal, allowing them to eat it as they please, and they usually are pleased to eat it pretty freely, especially the breeding stock kept over winter, and it has been found by test that fattening hogs put on flesh more rapidly when they can resort to this mixture as they please. It prevents the gravel eating, which sometimes seems to keep them from growing. The Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, sends out the following recipe, which we are not sure is any better than the one we give above. Charcoal, sulphur and black antimony, of each one pound, mixed with common salt, baking soda, sulphate of soda, hyposulphite of soda, of each two pounds. If given in the feed, one teaspoonful is allowed daily to each hog. The hogs also need in winter, especially the breeding sows, either roots or green feed of some kind. We think raw roots are better than cooked ones, but if they are not at hand give every day a lock of clover hay. They will always eat it greedily.—American Cultivator.

The Unproductive Cows.

What to do with the unproductive cows is a question that is puzzling many farmers to-day. Much of the stock on hand will not return the value of the feed needed to keep the animals. If the poorer animals of the herd are old cows, which have passed their period of usefulness for the dairy, I would advise selling for what they will bring as second quality beef. Old dairy cows will not return in their final value the cost of the feed necessary to fatten them. Heifers or cows in the prime of life may pay for fattening. This depends on the amount of feed which must be purchased and used in this way.

Homegrown corn and cottonseed meal are the most economical grains to use in fattening. I would advise feeding animals that are being fattened but little coarse fodder, and of this would use the poorer grades, such as second quality hay and corn stover, but would feed liberally of grain for from four to six weeks, and then sell for what the animals will bring.

A grain ration made up of four hundred pounds of corn meal and two hundred pounds of cottonseed meal should produce a rapid gain. This ration should be fed at the rate of from six to ten pounds a day, according to the size of the animal. All animals will gain faster during the early part of the fattening period, but at the present prices of feeds will probably not gain enough to pay for the feed if the fattening process is followed up beyond a certain point. This point can only be accurately ascertained by frequent weighing, but will probably not be later than six weeks after feeding begins.—Prof. C. S. Phelps, in New-England Homestead.

Grass lands deserve as much attention in spring as any other portion of the farm. Grass is really the mainspring of farming, for wherever there is a good stand of grass there will be an excellent prospect for hay, pasturage and soil improvement. Fertilizer should be applied before grass starts, and the spring rains will carry it down to the roots and give the crop an early start, which will greatly assist in enduring drought in the summer. No pasturage or grass plot should be expected to give crops without manure or fertilizer. Wood ashes make an excellent fertilizer for grass, and a light application of nitrate of soda will give good results. If cattle are given the run of a grass plot when the grass is young they will do more harm to the grass by trampling than can result from any other cause. Grass exhausts the soil the same as any other crop, and the land must be supplied with the plant foods removed. If there are bare places in the pasture use the harrow over them and sow mixed varieties of grass seeds.

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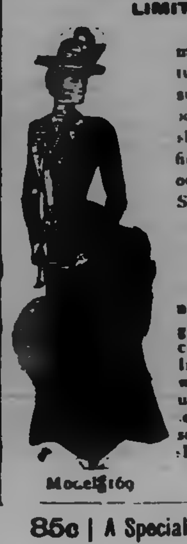

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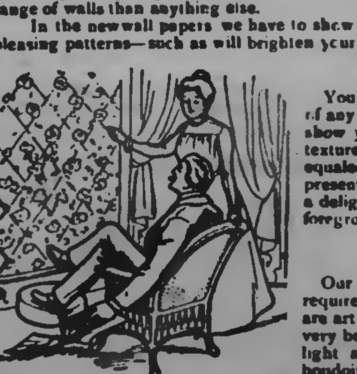

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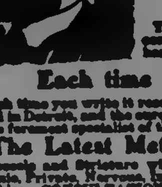

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Humor of the Hour.

Visitor to the Prison—I suppose this life of yours in here is a continual torture?

Convict—Oh, no. Not so bad as that. We don't have visitors every day, you know.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

"The last time I saw Gwimple, son of the street car magnate, he told me he was going to begin at the bottom of the business and work his way up. Do you know what he's doing now?"

"He tried to be a conductor on a trolley car, but gave it up at the end of the first day."

"What was the matter?"

"He said he couldn't stand the infernal cigars the fellows smoke on the rear platform.—Chicago Tribune.

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"How old is that mule you're wanting to sell?"

"Well, suh, he ain't so ol', we'en you take him up en down en all roun'. De truth is, I hez done come ter de conclusion dat he ain't ol' at all."

"Why, they tell me he went through the Civil War."

"I knows he did, suh; but he went lak lightnin', en hit didn't take 'im no time ter git ter whar he is now!"—Atlanta Constitution.

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Patience—When he proposed do you suppose the words came from his mouth or from his heart?

Patrice—Both, I guess. He looked as if his heart was in his mouth.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

Hewitt—I've lost my best friend.

Jewett—Why don't you advertise for it?

Hewitt—What do you mean?

Jewett—I thought you said you had lost your pocket-book.—Smart Set.

◆◆◆

First Chorus Girl—I just read that the star sprained her ankle.

Second Chorus Girl—That's fame. You and I would have to break our necks to get our names in the papers.—New

Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous!' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Sassiety—Gracious! I feel wretched, and this is my at-home day. I do hope no one will call, for I'll be in misery all the time.

Mr. Sassiety—Why, I always thought misery loved company.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

"I am familiar with every rock known," boasted the old bachelor geologist.

"Indeed," rejoined his married sister. "How about the rock of the cradle?"—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

Georgiana—George, pa says that I can't marry you because you don't wear overshoes.

George—Overshoes! What have they got to do with it?

Georgiana—Why, George, pa says if a man hasn't got sense enough to take good care of himself he won't have sense enough to take good care of me.—Puck.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

face, and the agonized flutter of her hands at his words.

The sharp agony of his suspicion was like death to her pride, she knew what he must think.

She lifted her piteous face and sorrowful, beautiful eyes in a gaze that deep to his anger, went thrilling hotly to his very soul.

"Aleck, you look as though you thought—as though you thought I—I—had——" The sentence was finished by a torrent of tears.

"Tell me what brought the count to this room?" he repeated, in a terrible voice.

Heaven help her! There was no way of evading the direct question, yet she could not answer it.

Again she was like a timid doe driven at bay. She rose to her feet, swaying to and fro like a lily in a harsh, cold wind.

"I cannot tell you, Aleck," she said desperately, knowing that her love, her peace of mind, her happiness, all that made life worth living for was at stake.

His handsome face darkened with terrible wrath.

"I demand your answer, Daisy!" he cried. "Do not tamper with me, I am not the kind of a man to stand it."

"I must positively refuse to answer you, Aleck," she said; "I cannot tell you why he was here."

Again a horrible laugh — terrible to hear— fell from his lips.

"I wonder that you have not attempted to deny that he was here," he said.

"How can I deny it when — you —you saw him?" she sobbed, piteously.

Their eyes met in a look such as had never occurred before, and the anger and icy sternness in his face frightened her into dumb terror, and yet she would suffer everything to keep the terrible truth from him whom she loved better than life.

"Daisy!" this time his voice thrilled with passion and mighty love, "in heaven's name tell me what this means! What am I to think! I ask you plainly. What in heaven's name am I to think?"

"If I had had my revolver with me I should have shot the fellow dead. Do you know?— can you realize what construction the world would put upon what I have witnessed?"

The lovely girlish face did not flush under his stern gaze and cold eyes, but a heart- breaking quiver trembled on her red lips as she looked pleadingly, sorrowfully at him.

"Oh, I know what you must think, Aleck," she said in a pleading, touching way, "but, oh, Aleck, although I cannot tell you what brought him here, you must trust me. I cannot explain myself, I cannot defend myself; but as you love me trust me—believe in me."

She knelt before him in all her fair young beauty, her golden hair falling about her white shoulders like a veil of burnished gold, her blue eyes full of tears, her voice full of anguish.

Aleck turned on his heel with a terrible imprecation.

"If you will not tell what the count was doing here, by heaven! I shall follow him to the end of the world to force it from his lips. This is the end of our love— our happiness, Daisy —in this hour you and I part forever, and my love turns to bitterest hate."

CHAPTER XXIV.

Estranged.

In all the after years of sorrow and pain Alexander Hamilton never forgot the scene which followed.

On the threshold he paused and turned back.

Daisy had flung herself on the velvet carpet, her long golden hair floating about her, half revealing, half concealing a face so deathly white it startled him. His heart ached to see her terrible anguish, but the thought rose up darkly in his heart— was she innocent or was she terribly guilty?

"I give you one more chance," he said hoarsely. "Will you tell me all —clear up this horrible mystery—or must we part?"

She stretched out her trembling arms to him and caught his hand in hers.

"Do not turn from me, Aleck!" she moaned. "Better kill me instead. I cannot live without you!"

She raised her eyes with a piteous pathos in them that would have touched a heart of stone.

There was no relenting in those proud eyes, no softening of the haughty lips; he was as stern as a judge who unwillingly administers justice.

Many women have knelt upon the gibbet, and have suffered less with the bright knife suspended over their heads than she endured in that hour.

"You must not leave me, Aleck!" she prayed. "Spare me the shame and disgrace of that. Spare me because I am so young, and the disgrace would kill me!" she repeated with dry, burning lips. "Before you were out of the sound of my voice I should fall down dead. For God's sake, save me!"

He was only human, this stern, proud man, and her anguish touched him keenly.

A sudden thought came to him; he paced hastily up and down the room a few moments, then turned to her abruptly.

"There is but one alternative," he said, slowly. "To save appearances, I will spare you the shame of desertion and the publicity of the divorce court, but on one condition."

"And that?" faltered Daisy, piteously.

"Is that we are to live as far apart —although under the same roof— as though the whole wide world separated us," he repeated. "Never more shall you be wife of mine until this galling and infamous mystery is cleared up. I can never again touch your hand, look upon your face without thinking of it."

"Aleck, my love!" she moaned, but did not appear to hear.

"This villa will still be your home and mine if you prefer having it so, and the terms on which we reside here are these: You can choose any suit of rooms that you prefer for your own use. I have mine. Unless we have visitors, it would be painful for us to meet at lunch or dinner. You can have what you want, at what hour you want, and I shall do the same. Our friends need never know of our estrangement. Before them we will be as we have been in the past to each other. When the door closes upon them we will go back to our new mode of life. I shall consider myself at perfect liberty to go and come when I like, staying away as long as I will. You have the same freedom."

He paused and looked at her.

To be Continued

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.

R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

Solicitors—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organized in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, willl be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 356½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $950,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.89 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	286,319.88	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of..............................		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends ...		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers

OTTAWA, CANADA.

Little Lottie had gone away from home to visit a little neighbor without her mother's consent, and upon her return Lottie received a rebuke. The little girl pouted for a time and then her mother, anxious to renew friendly relations again, said:—

"You still love your mother, don't you, Lottie?"

"Well," answered Lottie, thoughtfully, "I don't guess I luv you enuf t' notice it."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

Electric Lamps

25 Cents each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, APRIL 30, 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.]

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—The formal opening of the Liberal Committee rooms, Lindsay took place last night.

—The rain last night interfered with the regular march out of the 57th Regiment.

—A lady's bicycle, as good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at the Times Bookstore.

—Yesterday the wind blew up clouds of dust, greatly to the annoyance of everybody.

—The body of Paddy O'Donoghue, who was drowned in the Lindsay river on March 3rd, was rescued Monday afternoon.

—There was a break in the machinery of the Cement Works at Lakefield, which occasioned some loss. The damage was promptly repaired by the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co.

—The Canadian General Electric Co. have purchased the old Upper Canada College grounds in Toronto and purpose erecting a building thereon for the exhibition of their varied manufactures.

—Mr. John Nugent has had his pretty residence on Brock street entirely repainted on the outside. It now shines like a bright star in the firmament of lovely homes in that district. Mr. Ralf Carton did the job, and, as usual, it is first class.

—Cards are out for the annual Olympic excursion, which will be pulled off this year on the first Thursday in June. The destination this year will be Burleigh Falls, where Mr. Darcy, the new proprietor, will provide the buttermilk as well as the other marvelations.

—The Men's Union of All Saints' church entertained the men of the church last night. Rev. Mr. Langfeldt, the popular rector of St. Luke's, Ashburnham, delivered an exceedingly interesting address on "Life in the German Army." A most enjoyable evening was spent.

—At the final meeting for this year of Mr. Jeffries' Reading Circle, held at the residence of Mr. T. W. Robinson, George street, on Monday evening, the leader and Sheriff Hall, vice-leader, were presented by the members with handsomely-bound copies of Oliphant's Makers of Florence and Makers of Venice and Carlisle's French Revolution, respectively.

—The Auburn Power Co. has purchased the large electric generator of the Belleville street railway. This will about treble the present direct output of current. The purchase indicates that the company is far from the death that some were inclined to expect. The generator will be brought hither and installed as soon as possible.

—Talking to the Provincial Board of Health in Toronto, Dr. Bryce was very severe on the doctors who, in their certificates, gave the cause of death as "heart failure." In the vigorous words of Dr. Bryce, "They use the term 'heart failure' to cover up their own ignorance, seeing no apparent cause." In England, he said, such returns would be refused. Heart failure there meant a mode of death, not a cause, and it should be the same, here.

—The Orillia Times mentions a Plymouth Rock egg measuring 8x6 1-2 inches. We'll take our esteem's word for it, but it's hard to swallow. Apparently the hens in the district are sacrificing quality and size to speed of production, and are turning out eggs so small that house-keepers would be justified in insisting that they be sold [illegible].

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—The Times had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. Jos. J. Brignall, one of the staff of the C.P.R. Passenger Department, Toronto.

—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from our old friend, Mr. John Whyte, of Campbellford, who spent the day in town. He leaves this morning for a week's visit to friends in Toronto.

There will be quite a colony of Peterborough ladies at Clifton Springs, N.Y., in a few days. Mrs. J. R. Stratton and Miss Alberta Gooding have been sojourning there for a fortnight or more. In a day or two they will be joined by Mrs. R. R. Hall, Mrs. W. G. Ferguson, Mrs. R. S. Davidson and others.

—Mr. J. Galvin and his mother departed on the early C.P.R. for Sault Ste Marie Michigan, where they will remain to enjoy the pleasant breezes of Lake Superior during the hot weather. Mr. Galvin has spent two seasons in the vicinity of the Soo and he highly recommends it as a summer resort. Mr. Fred Garden has taken charge of the local branch of the International Correspondence Employment Association during Mr. Galvin's absence, and they will be closely connected by correspondence through their daily report system which is attaining such fame in securing positions all over the Dominion. Mr. Galvin promises a letter to the local press, which will contain a complete report on the demand for common and skilled labor in the vicinity of the Soo

Married in Toronto

The marriage took place at Bond street Congregational church, Toronto yesterday of Miss Sarah Britton, fourth daughter of Mr. John Britton, Peterborough to Mr. E. C. Southerland, Toronto. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. J. S. Gordon.

Mr. Burnett's Lecture

The lecture delivered last night in the Y.M.C.A., before the Fortnightly Club, was fairly well attended, considering the wet weather. It proved to be exceedingly interesting and instructive, and well repaid those who were fortunate enough to attend. At the conclusion of the lecture the usual vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Burnett.

Mill Man Wanted

Wanted at Once—A handy mill man who could handle the lever of a circular saw or who would be an apt pupil to learn to set on the carriage. Apply to T. Cavanagh.

Irritating Pimples and Disfiguring Blotches

They place many young girls at a great disadvantage in life. The only cure is a blood purifier like Ferrozone. It cleanses the crimson flood of poisons and impurities, renews and strengthens it, and makes lots of red corpuscles that manifest their presence by a ruddy, healthy glow in the cheeks and lips. Ferrozone quickly masters all skin eruptions, builds up broken-down constitutions, and gives to weak, sickly women an abundance of spirits, vitality, energy and beauty. Try Ferrozone, it's all right. Price 50c per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Interred With Masonic Honors

The remains of the late Mr. Geo. H. Noble, a faithful and esteemed member of Peterborough Lodge, No. 155, A.F. & A.M., were interred in Little Lake Cemetery yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the fraternity with which he had been so many years connected. The pall-bearers were Ver. Wor. Bro. H. C. Winch, Wor. Bro. Burrett, Wor. Bro. Martin, Rt. Wor. Bro. Gibson and Wor Bro. Carmichael. Wor. Bro. Stocker and Wor. Bro. Greer conducted the masonic rites at the late residence of the deceased, and the impressive ceremony at the grave was conducted by Wor. Bro. Roszel assisted by Wor. Bro. H. Rush and Wor Bro. Stocker. Rev. O. C. Crossley, of Charlotte street Methodist Church read the burial service.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

OBITUARY

Death of Mr. Elias Thompson, a Well Known Citizen

Yesterday morning another of our old and honored citizens passed away, in the person of Mr. Elias Thompson, at the age of 67 years. The deceased was born in Antrim County, Ireland, in 1835. He came to Canada in 1849, and settled in Peterborough, where he resided ever since. He carried on an extensive lumbering business, which he conducted successfully for many years.

In 1859 Mr. Thompson married Miss Esther Parnell, daughter of the late Richard Parnell, who, with a family of five children, are left to mourn his death. The sons are R. H., H. L., and Arthur. The daughters are Mrs. R. E. McKee, Smith, and Miss Birdie, at home. The deceased was a Methodist in religion, and was greatly esteemed by all who knew him. A kind and indulgent father and husband, as well as a warm friend, he will be sadly missed. The funeral will take place to-morrow, Thursday, afternoon, from the family residence, No. 601 Water street, at 3 o'clock, to the Little Lake cemetery.

THE LATE MR. ROSEBOROUGH

The death occurred in Smith on Monday of William S. Roseborough, a well known farmer of that township. The deceased has been ailing for upwards of seven months and his death was not unexpected. The deceased was 61 years of age and was a native of Smith, being the son of the late James Roseborough. He has lived in Smith, on lot 16, con. 4, all his life and was highly respected by a wide circle of friends. He married Sarah Innis, daughter of the late Mr. Innis, of Norwood, who together with one daughter survives him. The following are brothers of the deceased: Messrs. Daniel, of town; Andrew, of McGregor, Man.; John, of Man.; Samuel, of British Columbia; and Alex., of Smith. Sisters of the deceased are: Mrs J. Northey and Mrs. Thomas Diver, of Smith; Mrs. Samuel Sherin, Lakefield; Mrs. James Bell, of Glenelg, Grey County; Mrs. George Preston, Man., and Mrs. J. G. Armstrong, Smith.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock to Lakefield cemetery.

LIBERAL MASS MEETING IN OPERA HOUSE

To Be Held on Thursday Evening May the 8th

And will be Addressed by Hon. J. R. Stratton and Other Speakers. The Real Questions to be Put Before the Electors

A mass meeting, under the auspices of the West Peterborough Liberal Association, will be held in the Opera House, Peterborough, on the evening of Thursday, May 8th, when addresses will be delivered by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, Hon. R. Harcourt, Minister of Education, Hon Mr. Evanturel, late Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and others. The important political questions of the day will be discussed and the future policy of the Ross Government clearly set forth and defined.

The electors who may attend the mass meeting on May 8th, can count upon hearing instructive and eloquent addresses upon public questions.

Catarrhozone.

An instant relief and perfect cure for Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Deafness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung Trouble and Consumption.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes any time and it kills a cough or cold in the head.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes four times daily and it permanently cures Chronic Catarrh, Deafness, Asthma and Hay Fever.

Inhale Catarrhozone ten minutes every hour and it cures Pneumonia, Consumption, Lung Trouble and prevents all contagious diseases. Complete outfit $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N.C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Items of News

Niagara Falls, N.Y., April 30.—Lord Kelvin, the eminent scientist, visited Niagara Falls to-day. Lord Kelvin was greatly interested in the power development of the falls since the inception of the scheme, for he was one of the men consulted preliminary to the work of harnessing the waterfall. At one of the plants he saw, to his delight a process whereby nitric acid is made from the air. The subject of very high temperature attained at Niagara interested Lord Kelvin. "There is practically no limit to the temperature the electric furnace can get." After a pause he said when told of the process whereby almost valueless carbon was turned into valuable graphite: "It ought to be easy to manufacture the diamond."

London, April 30.—The mysterious Italian movements which have been so persistently asserted and denied as directed against Tripoli are now explained in despatches from Rome. They have been due to the discovery of what is practically a plot, it is said, to proclaim a British protectorate over the Tripolitan hinterland.

Portraits of King Edward and small British flags were, it is alleged, distributed by wholesale in towns and villages all through the hinterland, and negotiations were opened by the British agents with the saintly Senousis, whose influence is so great over the African Mahommedans that the Sultan would pay a good deal, even in these hard times, for his holy head.

When Italy remonstrated against these unbrotherly proceedings the British government, so the story goes, placed them to the credit of their own zealous agents in Egypt and entirely repudiated the latter.

The incident is closed, but it has left considerable uneasiness, both in Rome and Constantinople, which France is doing its best to increase.

Niagara Falls, April 28 — John S. Clark, a negro employed as a powder-monkey by Contractor Anthony C. Douglas, on Friday night discovered a plot to dynamite the tunnel being constructed for the Canadian Niagara Power Company, and by his discovery 36 men were saved from possible death and entombment. The Canadian Niagara Power Company is developing electric energy, and is popularly supposed to be working in affiliation with the Cataract Construction Company at Niagara Falls, N.Y.

Clark discovered that the electric wires used for the purpose of discharging blasts had been diverted to a shelf where 75 pounds of the explosive was kept. The tunnel is being cut 165 ft. below the surface of the earth, and averages 20 feet in diameter, and is supported strongly by beams and heavy timbers. The dynamite was stored about 40 yards from the shaft and hoist for carrying the men up and down. Four gangs of men of 17 men to each gang were used in the work, which goes on day and night. Clark had charge of the dynamite, and on Friday night about 7, when he went to see if he had enough to last over night, noticed a stick of dynamite had been taken from a box and dropped between two cases. Looking closer, Clark saw a wire attached and leading to the main wire which discharged the blasts.

The blast was practically ready to be fired, and if the discovery had been made five minutes later a terrible tragedy would undoubtedly have been recorded. The tunnel and machinery would have been thrown into chaos, and those who were not killed outright would have had a poor show of rescue in days, or perhaps weeks. Had the outrage have been successfully carried out, besides the great loss of life, Contractor Douglas of Niagara Falls, N.Y., would have suffered great financial loss.

Mr. Douglas is president of the Niagara Falls, N.Y., Council, and seems to think that Clark planned the scheme in order to make a hero of himself in the eyes of the men. There is little talk of Fenian agency. The workmen come from many nationalities, and had the charge exploded, blacks and whites would have been included in the catastrophe.

The electric light was diverted to the stored dynamite between 6 and 7.30 on Friday afternoon, and although at a time when the hoist would not be used, John Davis, a walking boss, recalls the fact that he heard it going down the shaft about this time.

Chief Maine, of Niagara Falls, is on the case, assisted by Chief Wilcox of the Queen Victoria Park police.

Eczema Relieved in a day.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure this disgusting skin disease without fail. It will also cure Barber's Itch, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all skin eruptions. In from three to six nights it will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. One application brings comfort to the most irritating cases. 35 cents.—225

St. Jacobs Oil

The grandest remedy in the World because it never fails to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
SCIATICA
LUMBAGO
PLEURISY
HEADACHE
TOOTHACHE
FACEACHE
EARACHE
BACKACHE
STIFFNESS
SORENESS
SPRAINS

And all Bodily Aches and Pains. It penetrates and removes the cause of pain.

Conquers Pain

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

Situations Wanted

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied as to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in affecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

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Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

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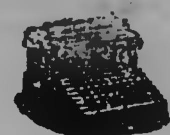

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VOL. 28 NO. 101 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THUSDAY MAY 1 1902 PRICE TWO CENT

BOERS WILL AT LAST BE FREE

Late Chaplain of Transvaal Congress Tells Americans This

AN APPEAL FOR BOER CAUSE

"Peace Talk Manufactured to Aid in Getting Recruits in England."—So Says This "Divine" Humbug and Liar

Special to the Times.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 1.—Rev. Herman D. Brockhuyzen, late chaplain of the Transvaal congress, made an impassioned appeal for the Boer cause before 1,150 Milwaukee people at the Exposition building last night.

In the course of his remarks the speaker said,—

"All this talk about peace in South Africa is manufactured for the purpose of getting recruits and money in England. It will end with the Boers fighting harder than ever. We will fight on to the happy end for the liberty of all South Africa, and you will live to see it free under its own flag."

Resolutions were adopted denouncing Great Britain and imploring the government of the United States to maintain its sense of justice and fair play, as shown in its intervention in similar conditions on the island of Cuba, and presently to take the initiative in an endeavor to secure the united action of all nations to stop this unholy mode of warfare.

A liberal collection was taken up.

Items of Interest

WILHELMINA'S CONDITION

The Hague, April 30—The morning bulletin issued from Castle Loo, regarding the condition of Queen Wilhelmina, says she passed a quiet night and that the feverless periods were more frequent.

Both Chambers of the States General, on receipt of to-day's bulletin from Castle Loo, charged their Presidents to convey to the Queen an expression of joy at the glad news of Her Majesty's improvement.

RUSSIAN REFORM

St. Petersburg, April 30—There are reports in circulation to the effect that the Czar will shortly issue a rescript giving Russia a constitution similar to the scheme for administrative reform drawn up by the late General Loris-Melikoff, when he was Minister of the Interior, and which was sanctioned by the late Czar Alexander II some six months before his assassination, which occurred on March 13, 1881.

CAUGHT THE SMUGGLERS

Niagara Falls, Ont., April 30—For years past tailors in town and at Niagara Falls South have been doing a big business with Niagara Falls, N.Y., men. The clothes were made here and smuggled across the river. On Saturday Officers Lewis, Deitrich and O'Meara of the United States Secret Service, seized a horse and rig and three men engaged in smuggling clothes across for P. G. Latour, the Clifton avenue tailor. This will put a damper on the business.

A FAKIR EXPOSED.

London, April 30.— Lord Cromer in his annual report on the Soudan says—

"In February a certain Ali Abdul-Kerim gave himself out to be the true Mahdi. This man had been known for some time to be eccentric, and, being gifted with a certain amount of 'legerdemain,' he was able to pass off as miracles a few tricks on an ever-ready and easily gullible crowd. He collected a small following. His removal, however, to Halfa and his inability to free himself from a Government gaol soon dispersed the belief in him."

REMNANTS OF MAHDISM.

London, April 30.—Lord Cromer's annual report regarding the condition of affairs in the Soudan says:—"The small remnants of the Dervishes who proceeded after the death of the Khalifa to Dar Kara are stated to be still in that neighborhood, where they live by plundering and brigandage. They are so far away as to be of little consequence, and will probably in time become merged with the local inhabitants. Sir Rudolf von Slatin, who is now travelling in Western Bahr el Ghazal, will endeavor to communicate with the leader, and extend to him the following pardon which he is understood to be seeking.

"There may be a little trouble in another direction:—

"A few tribes—notably the Gemilab, inhabiting the mountainous districts south west of Suakin, the Kababish to the west of Omdurman, and the Kenana, in the Sennar Province, between the Blue and White Niles, all of these being powerful and wealthy tribes—have shown considerable reluctance to comply with the moderate demands of the Government and it may be necessary, sooner or later, to resort to measures which will oblige them to understand that the authority and orders of the Government must be respected."

A CLEVER BRITISH STROKE.

London, April 30.—The future role which Wei-hai-wei is to play in the Far East is attracting great attention in both China and Japan; but there seems, from the comments of some of the papers, to be a belief that the colony is merely in a state of transition, and that any commercial development might be proved, by subsequent events, to be ill-judged. The real significance of Wei-hai-wei's future is guarded in Japan. The Kobe Herald remarks:—

"Without doubt the new move is of importance. The scheme, as we take it, is to introduce Wei-hai-wei to the commercial interests of the Far East as the most desirable distributing or trans-shipping centre for North China and Manchuria.

"The scheme, therefore, is a clever stroke at both Japan and Russia."

HOMER'S ISLAND DISCOVERED.

London, April 30.—Dr. Dorfield, the director of the German Archaeological Institute here, acting on his conjecture that Homer's Island of Ithaca, of which Odysseus was King, was that now known as Santa Maura (Leucadia), which lies to the north of Thiaki, has been making excavations there. He believes that some of the remains he has already discovered, including objects of art and traces of monuments and aqueducts, dated from the Homeric epoch and confirm his theory. Dr. Dorpfield is expected at Athens during the week, when he will communicate the result of his discoveries.

112 YEARS OLD

Glens Falls, N.Y., April 29 — John Morris of West Day, Saratoga county, thinks he is the oldest man in the State. He was born in Canada, and while he thinks it was in 1790, he has no way of proving it. He lives on a small farm with his wife, who is almost a centenarian. He has lived in the town for many years, and when the oldest men in Day were boys Morris was an old man. He still does more or less work on his farm, is an inveterate user of tobacco, but draws the line at liquors.

ATTACKED A RESCUE WORKER

Portland, Ore., April 30—Miss Faith Stewart, a rescue worker among the denizens of Portland's slums, is in a dying condition at her home, as the result of an assault made upon her Sunday night by five men. Several dive-keepers are known to be bitter against Miss Stewart, as she had induced a number of girls to leave their places.

Memory of Heroes Honored

Special to the Times.

Ephrata, Pa., May 1.—On Zion's Hill, where are buried 200 Revolutionary heroes who died at the Ephrata cloister hospital from wounds received at the battle of Brandywine, there will be unveiled to-day, in the presence of patriotic thousands, a handsome monument in commemoration of their valor. The unveiling will be carried out with interesting ceremonies, civilians, military and office holders uniting to make it a gala day never to be forgotten. The principal oration will be delivered by Ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison, and other addresses were made by General John E. Roller, Colonel J. A. Southgate and Congressman J. A. Stober.

Diarrhoea Weakens the System

and if not checked becomes a chronic condition. No remedy compares with Nerviline, which is prepared specially for stomach and bowel troubles. As a radical cure for Cramps, Colic, Gas in the Stomach, Summer Complaint, Nerviline excels everything in the medical line, is an indispensible household staple, and costs only 25c. Buy a bottle to-day.

McKAY CONSULTS QUIRK'S SPIRIT

The Brantford Murdered Man Himself Tells the Story

A FUNNY YARN IN WINDSOR.

A Gold Cure Manager Says Spirit Did Not Presume to Know the Name of the Murderer.

Windsor, April 30 — Herb. McKay, manager of the Munro Gold Cure Institute on Pitt street, makes the rather startling statement that he has held communication with the spirit of Jim Quirk, the victim of the mysterious murder in Brantford, and that in that interview the spirit of the dead man revealed to him (McKay) the manner of his killing.

McKay has for some time past been attending the spiritualistic seances in Detroit, and has become greatly interested in the study of the occult art. During one of the seances recently, McKay asked the medium to introduce him to the spirit of James Quirk. According to McKay's testimony, Quirk's spirit gave the following account of the experiences met with by its earthly tabernacle before body and spirit were separated by the hand of the assassin:

"On the night I was killed," said Quirk's spirit, "I had occasion to go out to the barn, a thing I didn't very often do, for I am rather nervous at night. I had no sooner got inside than a man came out of the shadow.

"'What are you doing here?' I asked.

"'You will soon find out,' he replied, and with that he struck me over the head with a hatchet. I fell to the floor and then the murderer again struck me several times on the head with the instrument."

Mr. McKay says that in this remarkable interview the spirit did not presume to know the identity of the murderer. All it could tell was the fact that he had met the man in the barn and that death was inflicted in the manner described. McKay says, though, that just before the spirit took its departure it said:

"However, it's all right, I guess; I got what I deserved."

FRED LEE RICE ON TRIAL

Charged with the Murder of County Constable Boyd

Toronto, April 30.

The second trial of Fred Lee Rice for the murder of Constable William Boyd, who was shot to death while conveying Rice, Rutledge and Jones to jail last year, was commenced in the Court of Appeal this morning before Chief Justice Armour and Justices Osler, Maclennan, Moss and Garrow.

At the previous trial before Mr. Justice Falconbridge the prisoner was arraigned on two charges, first, that of murder, and, secondly, conspiracy to murder. On the first count the jury brought in a verdict of "Not guilty," and on the second the prisoner was found guilty. Mr. T. C. Robinette, counsel for Rice, took objection to the verdict, and demanded the submission of a stated case to the Court of Appeal, which was accordingly done by Mr. Justice Falconbridge.

WAS THERE A CONSPIRACY?

In opening the case this morning Mr. Robinette claimed that there was no evidence to show that there had been conspiracy or common design between Rice, Rutledge and Jones up to the time that the parcel containing the revolvers with which the shooting was done was thrown into the carriage. He could only be shown to be guilty of conspiracy if at the moment the parcel was thrown into the carriage he had made up his mind, with his companions, to escape, and Mr. Robinette held that this was not so.

THE FATAL SHOT

As to who fired the fatal shot, the evidence showed that he had not secured possession of one of the revolvers until after the second shot had been fired, and had not fired until he had left the carriage. Consequently he was not the person who killed Boyd. Mr. Robinette said that from the evidence given by Rice the affair had passed too quickly to allow of any collusion between Rice and his comrades. There was absolutely no evidence of common design.

JUDGE DIFFERS

Chief Justice Armour was inclined to take a different view, and pointed out that the circumstance of the pistols being thrown into the carriage and each prisoner grabbing for one seemed to be evidence of common design.

Mr. Robinette replied that one might guess design, to which the Chief Justice made answer that it was more than guessing. Rice having taken a pistol, and Rutledge having taken a pistol, he wished to know if they were not actuated by common design.

Mr. Robinette adhered to the view that there was no collusion, and Mr. Justice Maclennan asked why they wanted the pistols.

"That," replied Mr. Robinette, "is the question." Continuing, he said that there was nothing to show that they knew what was in the parcel.

"But," said the Chief Justice, "Rutledge opened the parcel at once, and passed a pistol over to Rice."

Mr. Robinette denied that this was so. Rutledge had, according to Rice's evidence, passed the pistol to Jones, and it was only after the second shot had been fired, and Jones had been hit by Boyd, that the former had handed his weapon over to Rice.

STEWART REFUTED RICE.

Mr. Justice Moss pointed out that Rice's evidence on this point was contradicted by Constable Stewart's statement, and that the jury had accepted the evidence of the latter.

Mr. Robinette demurred at this, and still insisted that there was nothing to prove that Rice was assisting Rutledge to escape. He thought of escaping himself, and there was the further fact that Rutledge had got out of the carriage first, and had dragged the others after him. All that happened must have been in a flash, far too rapidly to permit of the prisoner coming to any understanding with the others. It had been shown that there was no common design previous to the incident of the parcel, and he claimed that it was impossible that there should be any afterwards. There was no denial that Rice had made up his mind to escape, but his counsel held that he had taken the revolver mechanically without any clear idea of what he was to do with it, and that his plan for escape had been formed independently, and after he had got out of the cab.

The case is being continued this afternoon, and after Mr. Robinette has presented his side, Deputy Attorney-General Cartwright will give the case for the Crown.

A PROPOSED TEST WELL

Letter From Mr. Joseph Harvey, the Oil Expert

He Proposes to Sink Test Well in Peterboro for Coal oil or Natural Gas—or Both—The Matter Referred to the Mayor

Last fall Mr. Joseph Harvey, of Frazer & Harvey, contractors, Peterborough, was in town looking over the ground to see what the prospects were for sinking a test well for natural gas or coal oil. He visited the lift lock, where pockets of natural gas had been struck during the excavation there. He was persuaded that natural gas exists here, but whether or not in paying quantities, he could not say. This could only be ascertained by the sinking of a test well. Mr. Harvey now writes the Times as follows:

To the Editor of The Times,

Dear Sir.—I have not heard anything from you since Mr. Frazer was up to see you last November, so I suppose you must have given up the idea of sinking a test well in Peterborough. I have been over the ground most of the way from Port Hope to Collingwood, this spring, and I am afraid that Peterborough is a little too far to the east, still it may be that you are in the right place as you have the same amount of Trenton in Peterborough as they have at Collingwood, and they have some very nice little gas wells there. I was over the ground from Collingwood to Beaton last week. We got no permanent supply of gas in paying quantities at Port Hope on account of the lime-stone there being too open, and the gas is escaping instead of accumulating in the rock. I explained that to them when I first went to Port Hope, but I was in hopes that there would be a strata of close rock that would confine the gas at the 80 ft. level.

Now, the reason I write you is this. I have a light plant at Garden Hill that would do the work at Peterborough nicely. We were sinking some water wells there, and we have plenty of casing there, so if you people want a test well I could do it at a small cost. I will go to Peterborough myself to do the work, and will furnish all the casing needed for the work for $400, and will go as deep as the granite if there is no gas in paying quantities before going that far.

We are so close to you now that I would like to make the test before we take the plant away, and we have the necessary amount of casing with us which we might not have at some other time. The cost of a test does not amount to very much, and it would be well to find out if there was any gas below the town.

I will be in Peterborough for a few days and would be pleased to hear from you before leaving.

Yours truly,
JOSEPH HARVEY.

The matter has been handed over to Mayor Deane, who will no doubt take some action.

Lazy Livers and Sluggish Kidneys

When these organs fail to perform their proper functions, the blood becomes poisoned and suffering and disease commence. This can be avoided by keeping your vitality at high-water mark, the blood rich and pure by taking one Ferrozone Tablet after each meal.

Ferrozone has a mild but rapid action on the liver and kidneys, and is certainly the greatest producer of red vitalizing blood known to science. Morning tiredness, Languor, Dizziness, Pain in the back and Sick Headache disappear at once when Ferrozone is used. Get it to-day. Price 50c. at Druggists, or [illegible] & [illegible].

CROWNING SERVICE APPROVED BY KING

Royal Pair to be Welcomed at Abbey by King's Scholars

THE REGULATIONS AS AMENDED

How the King and Queen are to Receive the Crown of Great Briten and Ireland

Special to the Times.

London, May 1.—The form of the coronation service, as finally amended and approved by the King, was announced to-day. It consists of twenty-six distinct sections.

The King and Queen will enter the great west door of Westminster Abbey, to which a large canopied approach is already being erected. They will be welcomed by the shouts of the King's scholars of Westminster School and by the anthem "I was glad when they said unto me. We will go to the house of the Lord."

ROYAL PAIR WILL KNEEL.

Instead of going direct to their thrones the royal pair will kneel in private prayer on footstools in front of their chairs. Then the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Great Chamberlain and the Garter King of Arms, each in turn, will formally present the King, the lords carrying the regalia will step up and the Dean of Westminster will place the regalia on the altar.

The abbreviated Litany and part of the communion service will follow.

Then the Archbishop will recite the Nicene Creed and the Bishop of London will preach a short sermon.

Just before the sermon the King, who up to that stage of the ceremony will have been uncovered, will put on a cap of crimson velvet trimmed with ermine.

OATH-TAKING AND ANOINTING.

Then comes the oath-taking, after which the King will be anointed.

Then the King's cap and crimson robe will be removed and four Garter Knights will hold over him a rich pall of silk or cloth-of-gold, the Dean of Westminster will pour holy oil into a spoon and the Archbishop of Canterbury will anoint the King, making the sign of the cross on the top of His Majesty's head, thus consecrating him "King over this people, whom the Lord your God hath given you to rule and govern."

The King will then kneel and the Dean of Westminster will invest him with the super tunica.

Next will come the ceremonies which caused so much discussion, including the presentation of the sword of state, the standards and the spurs, and then the orb will be placed in the King's right hand, he will again be divested of the crimson robe and will be enveloped in a purple robe of state, and the Archbishop of Canterbury will give the sceptre to the King, while the Lord of the Manor of Worksop supports the King's right hand and a ring is placed on His Majesty's fourth finger.

THE CROWNING.

Then will come the actual crowning. The Primate will take the crown from the altar and place it on King Edward's head, a fanfare of trumpets will be sounded and guns will fire salutes.

The Archbishop of Canterbury will next address the King, exhorting him to be strong and of good courage, so that he may receive the crown of righteousness; the peers will put on their coronets and, the presentation of the Bible having been made, the King will be enthroned by being led to the hitherto unoccupied throne. Another solemn admonition from the Archbishop of Canterbury will be followed by marks of homage from the archbishops, bishops and peers.

After this ceremony the Queen will be crowned. She will be anointed on the head, four peeresses holding a magnificent pall over her, the King will put a ring on her finger, the Archbishop of York will place the crown on her head and the sceptre and ivory rod and dove will be placed in her hands.

Prayers will be offered, the peeresses will put on their coronets and the service will end with the communion.

On leaving the Abbey their Majesties will go direct to Buckingham Palace.

BILLON DOLLAR TRUST

That is What American Packers Talk of Forming

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 30.—A billion dollar packing trust is among the possibilities if the United States Government should succeed in maintaining its contemplated injunction proceedings, says the Tribune. The prediction is made in La Salle Street official circles that the large packers who may be made defendants in the Federal Court will be forced formally to combine if the prosecution against them under the Sherman anti-trust law should be successful.

The combination would be formed along the lines followed by the United States Steel Corporation, and would be made to comprise practically all the beef packing companies in the country. In the formation of such a combination, continues the Tribune, all the powers now denied the packers, with one exception, could be legally exercised. The single exception, in the opinion of corporation lawyers, would be the adoption of an arbitrary and unreasonable schedule of prices.

Trial of Mrs. Hooks

Special to The Times.

Memphis, Tenn., April 30.—The case of Mrs. George Emma Hooks was called for trial in the criminal court to-day. The defendant is charged with the murder by poison of her husband, the late Cerro Gordo Hooks. The trial promises to be one of the most notable that has taken place here in recent years. The defense is represented by eminent counsel including George B. Peters, Major R. F. Wright and C. M. Bryan.

TOWN SWEPT BY A TORNADO

Six Dead and Forty or Fifty Injured at Glenrose—Quarter of a Million Loss

Houston, Texas, April 30—The small town of Glenrose, the county seat of Somerville county, has been nearly swept away by a tornado. As a result of the fearful windstorm six are known to be dead, and between forty and fifty persons are injured.

Glenrose is located on the Paluxy River, in a valley. The tornado came down the valley, sweeping everything before it. It struck the town in the business district, and about one-third of the stores were wrecked.

A hard rain succeeded the storm, and the stocks were ruined, damaging what had not been destroyed by the wind. The western portion of the residence section of the town was struck. Here were located most of the fine residences.

The frame houses were simply torn asunder and scattered. Their inmates had no warning of the impending calamity, and it was here that all the fatalities occurred. How many cannot be told until communication has been reopened. The residence of Mrs. Council, one of those wrecked, caught fire, and with two others was burned.

The property loss is roughly estimated at one-quarter of a million dollars. It may prove to be much greater when all the facts are known, for there are undoubtedly other sections which have been devastated up and down the river. It may be several days before the entire story of the disaster is known.

The town is cut off from wire communication, and all the facts have come from neighboring towns which have been reached by refugees who cannot tell all of the facts as they are in quest of assistance for their stricken people.

Glenrose had a population of about 800 people.

EASY TERMS WILL AID TO PEACE

Correspondent of the Times Says Great Britain Should be Lenient

Special to the Times

London, April 30—Mail advices from Pretoria to the Times urge the abandonment of the Englishman's cry for "unconditional surrender." The correspondent, who remarks that the vast majority of the Boers are now either prisoners, on parole, or inmates of burgher camps, also urges a broad-minded and generous conduct of South African affairs after peace is declared. He suggests that Great Britain on her own initiation promise representative government within five years, and in the meantime making Crown government easier and less restrictive every year.

IS SHE MRS. LUETGERT?

Police Believe They Have Found Wife of Dead Sausage Maker

Special to The Times.

Chicago, April 30.—Mrs. Mary Robbins, who is believed by some to be Mrs. Adolph L. Luetgert, the supposed murdered wife of the sausage maker, was taken into custody last night by Detective Blais, because of the strong suspicion that attaches to her case. Mrs. Robbins had intended leaving the Alma Mott Home on Austin avenue, to which she was taken about six weeks ago, but the chain of circumstantial evidence seemed so strong to Attorney Lawrence Harmon, who defended Luetgert, and to a number of other persons interested, that a hurried conference was held and it was decided to hold the woman until further investigation was made.

The woman told apparently conflicting stories, but insisted that she is not Mrs. Luetgert.

Mr. Harmon asserts that he is more than ever convinced that she is Mrs. Luetgert, and Detective Blais also declared that he believes she is the widow of the sausage maker.

Boy's Body Found

Special to the Times.

Kingston, May 1.—The bodies of Martin and Babcock drowned at Sharbot Lake during last Wednesday's gale, have been found. Martin had an insurance of $1,000 on his life. He had recently made a payment that kept the policy effective until May 26. In a pocket was found a notification from the company about the next payment, and with it was a letter he had written in reply, notifying them of his intention to allow the policy to lapse. The insurance meantime is valid.

Notable Wedding in London

Special to The Times.

London, April 30.—A notable wedding to-day was that of Miss Violet Kerr, daughter of the late Mr. Charles W. R. Kerr and Mrs. Charles Kerr, of Hyde Park Square, and the Rev. Hon. Nigel Campbell, son of Earl and Countess Cawdor.

Second Class Fares Abolished

Special to the Times.

New York, May 1.—Second class passenger fares between New York and Chicago will be abolished to-day by action of the Trunk Line Passenger Committee. The reform is one for which efforts have been making for a long time. Hereafter the minimum rate is to be $18 via the Erie, Lehigh Valley, Lackawanna, Ontario & Western and the West Shore in connection with their connections at the Western termini. The standard lines are to charge $20.00.

Crushed to Death

Special to the Times.

Montreal, April 30.—Charles Hugron, 40 years of age, an employee of the Dominion Bridge Company of Lachine, was instantly killed in the works of the company at about 9 o'clock to-day. While engaged at work, by some means he became entangled in revolving machinery, and was crushed to death. The deceased was a hard-working and industrious man, and was very highly esteemed by his fellow-workers. He was married and leaves a widow and four small children. The coroner has been notified of the accident and will hold an inquest to-morrow afternoon at Lachine.

How the Cocaine Habit Starts

Generally from using catarrh snuffs and ointments containing this deadly drug. It is well to remember that the only direct scientific cure for catarrh is Catarrhozone, which cures by the inhalation of medicated air. Simply breathe Catarrhozone, and it will cure all forms of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Lung Troubles and Deafness. Every breath from Catarrhozone Inhaler soothes, heals and relieves. Permanent cure guaranteed even though other remedies failed. Try Catarrhozone, price $1.00; small size, 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

CHINESE LABOR FOR SOUTH AFRICA

The Chinese Merchants of Vancouver Embark for S. Africa

COOLIES ARE ON THE WAY

Two Hundred Arrive at Vancouver and will be Taken to South Africa Under Contract

Vancouver, B.C., April 30—A syndicate of Chinese merchants of Vancouver has entered into a speculation that connects the two ends of the earth. The plan is for the invasion of the labor market in South Africa. Several of the business men of Vancouver's Chinatown have decided to go into large operations in Johannesburg.

By the Empress of China two hundred Chinamen were brought over by the local syndicate and are now in the Dominion Government detention shed near the C.P.R. station. The Orientals come under contract to proceed to South Africa at once and to remain there for five years. A contract rate of wages is paid them, which is guaranteed by the Chinese Six Companies.

OPENINGS FOR CHINESE

When Johannesburg was taken by the British Government it was found that almost all the mines that had been in operation before the war had been abandoned, and in many places had caved in from want of care and rotting timber supports. The Kaffir laborers have become scattered, and there is a great demand for cheap employees. Now that things are in the control of the British in Johannesburg it is expected that the mines will be immediately reopened and worked, and that Chinese laborers will be in demand. To satisfy this expected demand, and also as a matter of speculation, the present bunch of coolies have been brought over. Should the venture be a profitable one, more will follow, and operations throughout the entire country be pushed forward. There is no Chinese restriction in the Transvaal country, and when the war is finally concluded, the director of the local syndicate believes that there will be an opening for Chinese labor of all kinds, laundrymen, market gardeners, underground men and every other kind.

READ BAD NOVELS

Carried a Pistol — Jury Took a Merciful View of Eric Sharpe's Offence

Kingston, April 30—The jury appointed to consider the death of Beatrice Holland, who was shot to death by young Eric Sharpe, a playmate, reached the conclusion that the cause of death was accidental homicide.

It is supposed that the lad pulled the revolver quickly more for the purpose of frightening the girl than anything else, and that it was discharged before he knew it. Others have the opinion that he did not know it was loaded. The revolver was found in pieces near the school, where the youngster had hidden it after the shooting.

The lad had been a reader of dime novels. The revolver was purchased for him in a second-hand store by an older lad named McDermott. In their verdict the jury called attention to the number of second-hand stores in the city, and advised licensing them and having a closer inspection. The Crown Attorney has the matter in hand.

Your Blood in May Must Produce True Vitality for Disease

Paine's Celery Compound

EXPELS ALL WINTER IMPURITIES AND POISONS FROM THE BLOOD AND BUILDS UP THE ENTIRE SYSTEM

True health can only be maintained by keeping the body free of acid and sluggish blood and morbid waste matters. The blood that is pumped through the heart to all parts of the body, carries nourishment and health, or poison and the seeds of death.

Close confinement in badly ventilated offices, stores and workshops during the winter months, has lowered the vitality of tens of thousands. Poisons and impurities have been implanted in the blood; these agents of death must be expelled, if health is maintained during the coming summer.

The month of May should be renovating and building-up time with the vast army of weak, debilitated and brokendown men women and young people.

If the work of purifying and vitalizing the blood be longer deferred, eruptions, blotches, sores, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas and other dangers are sure to be your portion.

Paine's Celery Compound meets successfully at this season all unhealthy conditions of the blood. It is the only medicine that can guarantee perfect purification of the vital fluid; that can give true nutriment to the nerves and tissues; that can bestow new life, vigor and strength for the enjoyment of summer or the prosecution of life's duties. Mr. D. McMahon, Peterborough, Ont. says:

"I have great pleasure in testifying to the fact that Paine's Celery Compound has caused a remarkable change in my condition. I was troubled with a very bad type of eczema on my face, and in patches over my body for four years; and was under treatment of three doctors at different periods. I had also tried other remedies, but all proved useless. At last I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and [illegible], as recommended on the label. The one bottle did me so much good that I bought five bottles more, and now am happy to say I am perfectly cured, and completely free from the troublesome disease."

WEATHER NOTES

Probs to-day—Fresh northwesterly winds, fair and cooler.

The general outlook in both provinces is for cool weather, and on the lakes the winds are likely to be northerly.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; if he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

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Write or Call for this Valuable Book.

Our *"Guide to Investors,"* is illustrated, contains maps and complete information of all *railroad and industrial properties*, including highest and lowest prices, for a term of ten to thirty years, of Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton, *also the methods of buying and selling on margin, issued gratis and*

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Up to date in everything concerning the Markets of the World. *Very moderate margins.*

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Established 1880. Main Office, 53 B'way, N.Y.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

Peterborough, Ont.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED — The only licensed M. & Stock Exchange Corporation in business by permission of the Royal Government of the Province of Ontario.

W. F. NELSON. Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 10c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 1, 1902.

HISTORICAL NOTES

A weird faculty of scenting the approach of death within forty-eight hours is claimed by a London physician, who accounts for it by the supersensitiveness of a sense of smell, which detects the commencement of mortification of the body while life still exists. The physician says the age of the patients, their cleanliness, hygienic surroundings, duration or nature of the illness have nothing whatever to do with the odor, which can only be described as an earthy smell, and which is apparently imperceptible to others.

• • • •

The closing of British ports against Argentine cattle and sheep during the whole of last year and part of 1900 has been severely felt in Argentina. It has brought the export of sheep from the River Plate to the verge of extinction, as for every twenty sheep shipped alive in 1899, only one was shipped in 1901. In 1899 Argentina exported 312,-150 head of live cattle, and last year the number so exported was 119,189, or a little more than one-third. The number of live sheep exported in 1899 was 543,458, and last year only 25,746. The enforced restriction in the shipment of live animals has thus seriously crippled the trade of Argentina in one direction, but it has given an impetus to the frozen meat industry, the expansion of the frozen beef trade being greater than that of the frozen mutton trade.

• • • •

It is to be feared that the Prohibs. are making a mess of their cause. By sending pledged men to Parliament something might be hoped for, but nothing can be hoped for from the Local Legislature beyond what they have the opportunity given them to ensure by a popular vote next December. By organizing in favor of that measure they might help to carry it, but by putting candidates in the political field they are wasting ammunition and discouraging the real work to come later. They forget that the referendum must be ended before it can be mended. The voting day is fixed, and the vote will be taken before there is another meeting of the Assembly.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

LAKEHURST.

—Mr. Rendlbaum, of Apsley, was visiting in the settlement last week.

—Miss Edna Shearer, who was home last week, returned to town on Saturday.

—Miss Susie Weir spent a few days last week at home. She returned to town on Monday.

—Mrs. Wm. Weir spent Thursday of last week in Toronto.

—Miss [illegible], of Chandos, came down to Lakehurst to remain all summer. She was accompanied by her brother, who returned on Monday.

—Arrangements have been made for a weekly prayer-meeting to be held in the Presbyterian Church.

A Tribute to Father Pat.

Writing from Rossland, B. C., in reference to a recent paragraph in "Saturday Night" on the career of the late "Father Pat," the Rev. Charles W. Hedley says that the main point of this remarkable ministry was not eccentricity, but a quite unique self-sacrifice in the service of any who needed him. "Unconventional he certainly was to a degree which might indeed, as you suggest, shock some strait-laced [illegible] in Toronto, but in an age of [illegible] and self-seeking he sought nothing [illegible] nor ease, but gave freely and utterly his time, comfort, strength, money, even at times the clothes off his back, to those in need. The best proof of the man is to be found in the warm regard with which his memory is treasured over the wide area in which he labored as a pioneer missionary. He did adapt himself as few could have done to the tone of the men among whom chiefly his work lay; but while seemingly indifferent to conventional details, he stood for the main elements of religion — faith in God the Father, the redemption, and the practical brotherhood of man—and he lived out his creed. The vices which Christ most sweepingly condemned were, as far as possible removed from his character, while on the other hand the pre-eminently Christian virtues were his to a remarkable degree. It is due to no mere eccentricity on his part that a memorial church is to be erected in Rossland, and that immediately on receipt of the news of his death a spontaneous movement was made to erect a public memorial, a movement which has been widely supported by hundreds [illegible]

The Friend of M'dame.

Here is a little story which was told me in the twilight, when we had finished our tea and still sat, cups in hand, loth to say good-bye. We were talking of a town far down east, near which there is a queer old gray stone house which has not been inhabited in twenty years.

Once, said the visitor, it was one of the prettiest places in Canada. A handsome young mistress ruled over it and over two of those old-fashioned loyal family servants who are now out of vogue. The master was a traveler, often away for a month at a stretch, but Jean and Jacqueline and "M'dame" were as happy and contented as three people could be. "M'dame" had her dogs, her horses, her pigeons, her books, her piano and her needlework. She was convent-bred, and had married from school—an orphan, who had never been to a dance or a play or a race meet, nor even a big dinner. The Cure dined sometimes at the Stone House, the doctor came to smoke a pipe with the master and play cards; the master invited no one else, and the mistress withdrew herself from the few gentlefolks who would have entertained her in the neighborhood. She was gently born and convent-bred—you know how that type can be happy in a seclusion that would madden you and me.

One day Jean and Jacqueline were made anxious by the delay in the return of m'dame from her drive. Long after the simple little dinner of fish and fruit was spoiled by waiting m'dame came home—was brought home, rather—by a strange gentleman who had startled her ponies in an unfrequented road, and after a time stopped their runaway career and taken them in hand. The gentleman came up to the verandah with m'dame, and because it was so warm, and he a bit tousled and dusty, Jean took him into the dressing-room of monsieur and brushed him, and Jacqueline made him a famous drink of fruit-syrup and ice, with a dash of something French and liqueurish.

"I shall look in to-morrow, if I may, to see that you are none the worse," they heard him say, as he lifted his hat in farewell to m'dame, and Jean said to Jacqueline: "He is not Canadian, nor of the Republic, but English," and Jacqueline nodded, "So it appears to me, my friend."

To-morrow and on many other morrows the stranger sat on the rose-wreathed verandah, Jean and Jacqueline always watchfully chaperoning their mistress. M'dame read and played and sang to the stranger, who was courtesy and compliment personified, and Jean and Jacqueline agreed that never had they served a finer fellow than this one whom they always mentioned as "the friend of m'dame."

Monsieur was away on a long trip, somewhere in that region vaguely known as the North-West, but just before he might be expected home the servants heard the Englishman regretting that home news had arrived calling him back to England.

So he went away, and monsieur duly returned. M'dame drove to meet him, and on the verandah, in the hearing of Jean and Jacqueline, detailed the story of the runaway, mentioned that the stranger had called, and had gone to England. It was strange how her story gave the impression that he had only called once! Jean and Jacqueline thought it strange, though neither one made any remark, each being secretly a bit ashamed of having noticed it at all.

It was about this time that Jacqueline began to be anxious about the health of m'dame, and ventured to give monsieur a few timid words in that connection.

"M'dame not strong?" cried monsieur heartily. "Nonsense!" Monsieur was a very big, very robust and very slow-witted person, it seems. Jean was also moved to remark that m'dame needed change of air, did not sleep well, ate less than formerly, and rarely sang those brilliant and somewhat "risque" French songs which monsieur preferred. Monsieur protested. "You and Jacqueline have absurd fancies," he said, testily.

And then he told m'dame, and she, wonderful to relate, grew suddenly furious at her two servitors, and rated them for officious meddlers. You could not picture the horror and chagrin of those two! M'dame, their cherished, petted, adored one, abusing them in wrathful tones! "Certainly she is ill," said Jean, with sorrowful pigheadedness. "We must be very, very good to her, until she is quite recovered."

When monsieur went away again, this time on a shorter trip, he asked m'dame to come with him. She promptly refused. "In this heat I should die of the railway train, smother in the country inns and fall ill of the viands," she said with a wave of her pretty hands, consigning the whole scheme to limbo.

"On the way to the train, monsieur met the physician. "I wish you'd take a look in occasionally at my wife," he said; "she's not ill, but silly old Jean and Jacqueline persist she is, and I think she is suffering from the heat."

"She has been driving about so much and walking too far. The English are such walkers, and that young man has made her walk too far every day in the sun," said the doctor testily, for he had not once been asked to smoke a pipe while monsieur was this time at home.

Monsieur was boarding his train at the instant and scarcely comprehended the remark. It went in at his ears and did not at once reach his brain. But when he had settled himself, some moments later, suddenly it arrived. He started. "Young Englishman—walking in the sun every day!" the physician's words jostled each other to the tack-a-tack of the train over the rails.

Monsieur turned a very deep red. "Good thing he's left the country!" he said in a very ugly tone, and then got redder yet, for his next neighbor "pardoned" and asked what monsieur had remarked.

"Oh, nothing! nothing!" he shortly replied, nervously unable to think of a tactful improvisation.

Meanwhile m'dame and Jean and Jacqueline were living in the old gray stone house, the same equable lives as before, only always m'dame growing more and more difficile, passing Jacqueline's tastiest soups and entrees and sitting much in her hammock under the arbor from which one could see a long way down the dusty country road.

The old French people grew very sober and silent. Even when Jacqueline went down the orchard to milk her Jersey cow, she quite forgot to sing and call Bijou, the poodle, to trot at her side. She prayed often to her good Saint Anne, and upbled her fat little savings bank and took out her coin and bought four big candles, which burned gaily the next Sunday before the altar of Bonne Ste. Anne in the church of the village.

One day m'dame came in from her drive a bit late, and as she pulled up her ponies at the gate she cried: "Jacqueline, ma bonne, hast thou a good dinner? I am hungry again!" And Jacqueline, hastily crushing herself and sending a sort of telegraphic "mouth" [illegible] to Bonne Ste. Anne, said as she [illegible] on the tea, with Devonshire cream, and then, in gratified tones, mentioned that m'dame's favorite potage was just ready to serve.

It was the old merry dinner-hour, when Jean and Jacqueline almost quarrelled about who should serve m'dame, though it was well known that it was to Jean to serve, to pour the wine, to enquire if the dinner was as m'dame liked, while Jacqueline stood humbly by the door until it was time to remove the different services.

Jacqueline was a bit bumptious when she remembered her four candles and the evident complaisance of Bonne Ste. Anne, and so far forgot herself as to march in with the roast chicken and actually place it herself before m'dame. Only the exceeding content of Jean with m'dame's appetite and spirits made him overlook this breach of privilege!

After dinner m'dame and Bijou strolled down the orchard as usual, and Jean gently reprimanded Jacqueline, who immediately demolished him with the revelation of the four candles and the complaisance of Bonne Ste. Anne.

Then Jacqueline trotted busily down the orchard with a little shawl, for m'dame had gone out with her beautiful shoulders bare. She, good Jacqueline, paused at the prettiest of pictures, m'dame reading a letter, Bijou sitting up before her, begging; then m'dame kissing the senseless sheets of paper and crushing them to her bosom and crying: "He comes, Bijou, my little one! Only you must know it! He comes! He cannot leave us, Bijou!"

Jacqueline came forward all smiles. "A little shawl, m'dame," she said, archly. "Monsieur will not be pleased to find m'dame with a cold," then shrank back from her flushed and frowning mistress. In one instant the letter was in m'dame's pocket and she had recovered herself.

"Some day, Jacqueline, you will frighten me to death. Don't follow me about, my good soul!" she said quickly. "I am going in. I shall not need the little shawl, and you know I never take cold," and, like a flash, m'dame swept by, calling to Bijou to come in for his forgotten lump of sugar at once.

There was an envelope on the grass, which Jacqueline picked up. It was not addressed, and it was crushed and a little rubbed and dirty. The old woman dropped it as if it were hot.

"I have wasted my four candles," she sighed, as she went hurriedly back to her kitchen.

That night m'dame slept like an infant, as the anxious old woman assured herself by many visits to her bedside, but Jacqueline slept not at all. Instead she prayed, but not once to Bonne Ste. Anne.

For several days m'dame came home from drives or walks in famous appetite and spirits. Jean chortled, and teased his glum companion, enquiring if she begrudged the four candles now, and being overcome by her fierce rejoinder that she did.

At last one evening Jacqueline's forebodings were realized; the rustic gate swung on its hinges with a bang, and the tall form of the friend of m'dame came to the verandah. Jacqueline stood behind the shutters and remarked the meeting. M'dame was neither flurried nor surprised. Indeed, she barely held out her hand, but Jacqueline could see how her whole frame trembled.

The old woman hurried out to the kitchen garden, where Jean was picking some herbs for drying.

"See here!" said she, explosively. "This will not do. Here is that cursed Englishman back again!"

Jean dropped his tray of herbs. "Where?" he gasped.

"But there on the verandah. What must be done?"

"Calm thyself, good Jacqueline. I have not been kind with thee lately. Is it no new thing, this idea of thine?" Jean's voice was trembling with confusion and distress.

"New! New! And I vowing candles to Ste. Anne and spending one whole night on my knees, while thou in bed snored and snored! It is this cursed Englishman, only him! She was so content and happy here. He has ruined us all!"

Jean put his hand over her mouth. "Shut up! you are dreaming!" he said, fiercely.

"Oh, am I, indeed? Well, one awakes! Let me tell you—" and in a torrent of whispers she told of the letter, the changed spirits and the words to Bijou. "Now, isn't this too much for us?" she cried between sobs.

"If only monsieur were here!" said Jean distractedly. A heavy hand fell on his shoulder.

"Well, my good Jean, he is here," and so was he, in traveling dust-coat and valise, having come up between the ranks of vegetables and herbs from the back gate. "Don't be frightened, you two. You, at least, need not fear," said monsieur, kindly. "I gather from you, good woman, that the serpent has entered my Eden. Well, I shall put the serpent out. It will not be a mighty task, never fear. Jacqueline, will you very quietly give me a biscuit and a glass of wine, out here?—as quickly and as quietly as you can—not to disturb m'dame. Jean, take my valise into your own room and return here to me directly."

Monsieur sat down on a rustic bench amid the vegetables and herbs, while Jean and Jacqueline stole into the house.

"I shall tell m'dame," said Jean, "if monsieur shoots me for it."

"You will do as you like," said Jacqueline, rooting in her biscuit-box. "I know enough to obey." Jean hung his head and softly mounted to his own chamber with the valise and coat.

Monsieur drank two glasses of wine and ate a biscuit.

"I am going out as I came, and shall meet the serpent outside paradise," said monsieur. "Unless m'dame rings for you, you will remain here, you two." Then he went back down the narrow path between the vegetables.

"Hold my hand, Jean!" said Jacqueline in a shrill child's voice.

"I am sore afraid, too!" sighed Jean.

Outside on the dusty road monsieur paced to and fro. Presently, an hour or so later, the rustic gate swung back and two figures came out.

"You will come with me to-morrow?" said the strong English voice. "Promise me!" Then monsieur listened as one listens to the nails driven in his scaffold.

"Not to-morrow," said m'dame, pleadingly. "It is not possible!"

"But the ship sails next day, beloved, and if he returns." M'dame slipped inside the gate, trembling, warned by some psychic current, who knows? and faltered:

"I cannot go to-morrow! I must think. I will tell you in the morning, at the old place, when I can go," and then her white dress and pale face flitted under the trees, up the verandah steps and into the shadows.

In a moment her bell tinkled and Jacqueline's voice was heard crying, "A l'instant, m'dame!"

The Englishman laughed.

"Cursed French tricks," he said, loudly. "I've a good mind to sail without her."

Monsieur strolled down the road; the Englishman stared at him curiously.

"Bonsoir, monsieur! Could you oblige me with a light?" said monsieur. The Englishman handed him a match-box.

[illegible]

ONE WOMAN

With two faces; one face bright with health, the other face pinched and drawn by illness. Many a woman can take the portrait of herself made but a few years ago, and holding it by her face in the mirror realize a similar change.

Behind this change in form and feature is always disease, and generally disease which affects the womanly organism. The backache and bearing-down pains put a heavy strain on the nervous system. There is loss of sleep, lack of appetite, and, as a natural result, loss of strength and flesh.

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures diseases of the womanly organs. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Words cannot tell what I suffered for thirteen years with womb trouble and dragging-down pains through my hips and back," writes Mrs. John Dickson, of Grenfell, Assiniboia Dist., N.W. Ter. "I can't describe the misery it was to be on my feet long at a time. I could not eat nor sleep. Often I wished to die. Then I saw Dr. Pierce's medicines advertised and thought I would try them. Had not taken one bottle till I was feeling well. After I had taken five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I was like a new woman. Could eat and sleep and do all my own work. I would entreat of any lady suffering from female weakness to give Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a fair trial, for I know the benefit she will receive."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA

WELLAND CANAL

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for substructure of Bridge," will be delivered at this office until 16 o'clock on Monday 5th May, 1902, for the substructure of the new Bridge at Marlatt's Crossing of the old Welland Canal.

Plans and specifications of the work may be seen on and after Wednesday, 23rd, April, 1902, at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Welland Canal, St. Catharines where forms of tender may be obtained.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, of the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for the sum of $500 must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

L. K. JONES,
Secretary

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 23rd April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

For the Farmer.

Poultry Ailments and Remedies.

For Roup—Separate the sick from the well, put former in warm, dry quarters, inject camphorated sweet oil into their nostrils and throat. Give fresh water and nourishing food.

For frosted wattles or combs, prepare a salve of vaseline (one pound), spirits of turpentine, kerosene, oil of tar, and oil of sassafras, one spoonful each.

To prevent egg eating in fowls, make a paste of flour, red pepper, mustard and water; put into some empty egg shells, and place them where the hens will find them. One dose is enough.

For feather-pulled fowls, make an ointment of lard and sulphur, and rub on the bare spots if the feathers have come out because of parasites. There is no "positive cure" for fowls that pull feathers except the hatchet applied to the neck.

What is frequently supposed to be cholera is nothing more or less than indigestion. It may be caused by feeding too concentrated feeds and lack of grit and the drinking of impure water. Sharp grit is a necessity, and oyster shells furnish it.

Leg weakness is brought about largely by an unnatural forcing system. It is sometimes caused by improper feeding, lack of exercise, lack of variety in foods, dampness and cold. The converse of all this is the remedy.

Colds are prevalent in fowls at this time of year. Coughing, sneezing and watery eyes and nostrils are sure indications. A simple cold can be dealt with effectually by putting the fowl in a warm place, and giving small doses of castor oil, say a scant teaspoonful. Canker is the worst form of cold or roup. Give water to drink into which a few drops of a solution of copperas has been put. Give no hard grain. A real case of roup is incurable, and the fowl might as well be killed first as last. It doesn't pay to doctor it unless worth its weight in gold. —Agricola.

City Editor—Why do you say, "he was run into the police station, puffing and blowing?" "Puffing" and "blowing" are synonymous.

Reporter—Not at all. There's a vast difference, for instance, between puffing a man up and blowing him up.—Catholic Standard and Times.

$3.10 $3.10

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.

Model 169

Fashionable tailor made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge Price only

$3.10

Postage 50c extra

Colours — Black navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from al parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.

Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
Bradford, England

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible] day or night

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the usual result of using **Derma Cream** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits, 10c No postage stamps received. J. D. BOSKEY Dept. O. 105 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

50 Good Farms Wanted

To supply our customers. Applications coming in daily in person and by letter. Now is the time to list your farms with us if you want to sell this year. See or write us at once. 3 good salesmen wanted, also 100 farm buyers. No time to lose.

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Postoffice

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO SIR J. A. BOYD, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture

CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

FOR STYLISH Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand, "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

JOHN KYLIE,

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham)

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd

AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each. I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN

Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

—AT—

H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN TOWN

THE TIMES BOOK-STORE

MARKET BLOCK.

NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the color scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are unrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore

ARE YOU STOUT. [illegible]

SANTAL-MIDY Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Running in 48 Hours. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles. MIDY

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. [illegible]

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each time you call you see me Personally,

or each time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I accomplished after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country.

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call; if you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor. All duty and express charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., Cor. Wilcox St. DETROIT, MICH.

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN
ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT
STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
OFFICE—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

Bank of Montreal
(Established 1817.)
HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK
PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 8[illegible] Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 411 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. R. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 151 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, [illegible] Park Place—Painting, Interior Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY [illegible] Park street.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Give the Cows Sunlight.

The one thing that we think quite as important to them as either fresh air or exercise is that of which they are most frequently deprived in the old-fashioned stables of those who believe in having them out of doors during the day, and it may be that it is so necessary to their well-being that a few hours' outing may do them good enough to counterbalance the injury done by being out in the cold.

Sunlight is as necessary to the thrifty and healthy growth of animals as of plants. Every stable or place where they are kept should be well lighted upon the south side, not only by having plenty of glass, but that glass kept clean enough to allow the sun to penetrate it freely. We have seen glass so opaque with cobwebs and dirt as to admit only enough light to allow one to grope his way about in semi-darkness. The "dim religious light" of the ancient and some modern churches is not good enough for a barn. We do not care for blue glass or other stained glass, but want a clear, clean, transparent glass, that will let in the full rays of the sun. Even double sashes of glass now cost but little more for the space they occupy than the siding and painted clapboards, or a single sash with a curtain to shut out the cold at night.

Not every one can afford new barns with the modern improvements, but many old ones could be so changed at small expense as to make the stables much warmer and lighter, and when this is done they will be found a better place for dairy cows than the barnyard when the temperature is below freezing or when there is a cold wind or rain.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

Almost ever since Bloemfontein has been captured a theatrical company has been playing there without intermission, and has been doing a good business.

Curious Bits of News.

George W. Gray, secretary of the "Forward Movement" in Chicago, proposes to redeem the slum districts of that city by Christian vaudeville houses, pool and billiard-rooms, and bowling-alleys.

Jeanne de Villeneuve has been appointed secretary of the French consulate in New York. This, it is believed, is the first appointment of a woman in the consular service. Mlle. Villeneuve is only twenty-five years old, and belongs to an old family of Provence.

McKeesport, Pennsylvania, has a bookless library. The fine stone building was erected with the $50,000 Andrew Carnegie donated, but the entire donation was used to build the library, as the directors expected Mr. Carnegie would give more. He has declined to do this, and the board has no money to buy books.

The mountains end a greater number of lives every year than is generally supposed. An official report states that in 1901, in Switzerland alone, accidents to mountain-climbers amounted to 118, and that death occurred in all of these. This figure is double that of 1900, and represents the highest total that has hitherto been recorded.

At Uelzen, in Luneberg, the authorities have passed a by-law which is more popular with the fair than the sterner sex. Husbands must be home by eleven o'clock. A fine equal to ten shillings is the penalty for infringing this regulation, half of which goes to the person—presumably the wife—who brings and proves the accusation.

One of the eccentricities of the late Duke of Portland was to subscribe for all the ordinary newspapers and magazines of the day and have them wholebound in beautiful crushed morocco coats of many colors. Each of these volumes he put in a perfectly fitting oak box lined with white velvet and fitted with a patent Bramah lock and duplicate keys. The cost of each volume worked out at about £40.

As the result of studies on New Jersey mosquitoes last summer, Professor John B. Smith of Rutgers College says that not only will the insects travel long distances from their breeding-place, but on favorable evenings large swarms rise and are carried during the night by winds. The direction in which they go is often seaward. Swarms have been met fifteen miles from the shore, and they are common five miles from shore. Migration of mosquitoes with the aid of the winds Professor Smith regards as of much importance, and as rendering the control of the mosquito nuisance much more difficult than has been supposed.

Miss Florence K. Jewell, a wealthy young Jewess, who attained notoriety in August, 1899, by marrying Lobengula's son, while he was on exhibition at the Kaffir Kraal at Earl's Court, London, has applied for a divorce on the ground of her husband's cruelty and misconduct. She testified that he had given her black eyes, and stabbed her with an assegai, when the judge, Sir Francis Jeune, broke in with: "That was what you expected in marrying a savage, was it not?" The judge reserved judgment, as he doubted whether it could be shown that Lobengula's domicile was in England. He said, too, that he only behaved like a savage, and that the petitioner had insisted on marrying him, and now saw the result of it.

The old proverb about honor among thieves has had a staggering blow in St. Louis. The thieves were certain members of the city council and a number of street railway men, and it was because neither side had any confidence in the honor of the other that a remarkable case of bribery was most amusingly disclosed. The railway men desired certain franchises, and put up one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars as a corruption fund. They were afraid, however, to pay it to the councilmen until the council had voted as they wished. The corrupt councilmen, on their part, would not vote until they had the money. By a compromise, therefore, the fund was placed in a safety-deposit box which had two keys, one of which was held by each party. Neither could open the box without the cooperation of the other. The councilmen voted as they had agreed, and it was through the quarrel over their attempt to get the funds that the whole matter became public.

How Long to Keep the Dairy Cow.

The answer is short to the question, "How long should a dairy cow be kept?" Keep the cow only so long as she pays a gratifying profit. If no record is kept of profit and loss on the farm, neither man nor beast will get credit for services rendered. Every animal should have a ledger standing account. Even justice to man and beast alike is honorable. The farmer's methods in bookkeeping are not always commended by expert accountants. Business demands system, and that system must be correct. When the leaf is turned over in correct bookkeeping, the profitless live stock will be got rid of at the earliest possible moment. Profitless stock is the heaviest tax the farmer, dairyman and breeder is imperiously called upon to pay. The tax on real estate in comparison is only a feather weight in the balance. The farmer's son should be sent to a business college, if only for three months. The investment will pay a good interest for life.

It is more than probable that men who keep no profit and loss on stock have mortgages to pay interest on—that perpetual source of annoyance. No man of fine feelings lives as long or is so happy under the strain of interest paying as he who is free from debt. Small incomes pay off debts too slowly for much joy. Possession without debt is ennobling to manhood, and a rich mine of happiness for the home. Milk the cow only so long as she is profitable, then quickly turn her into beef and cash. —E., in New York Tribune.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"It is a most miserable compromise, Aleck," she sobbed, "but I accept it. The sentence you have passed is heavier than death, but I submit because I cannot live apart from you. You may repent, Aleck, and take me back to your heart again. You cannot mean all that you have said. Look into my face that you have found so fair, and tell me that your love is still mine, in spite of all."

"Your beauty took me by storm," he answered slowly, "but mortal beauty pales before nobility of soul. I gave you the deepest, truest love man ever gave to woman, but it died when I found that you were false as you are fair. The soul has gone from my love, there is but the corpse of it left, nothing can reanimate it. Do not think me harsh— do not think that I judge you from a pinnacle of self-complacent goodness; I humble myself before heaven for my many faults and sins while I speak to you of yours. You have transgressed beyond all forgiveness. I will not turn from you, I will spare you from disgrace, but my love for you is dead."

He was deaf to her entreaties to be more merciful, he turned and left her— left her lying prone on her face on the velvet carpet more dead than alive.

"And this is the end of it all," she moaned, in a terrible voice, "the whirlpool has drawn me down and ingulfed me, Aleck's love is dead. What is there left to live for."

All the long night through she paced the floor, and the young moon in all its rounds never looked upon a sadder sight than the death-white face that passed ever and anon before the window and was raised to the night sky.

The stars died out, a faint, gray line in the eastern horizon heralded the approach of another day; still Daisy lingered by the window, her thoughts in pitiful chaos.

Her maid came to her at the usual hour but she sent her away again. The girl was greatly startled to see the bed had not been slept in, but she made no comments.

An hour later there was a hurried tap on the door, and before Daisy could say "Come in," Olive burst like a whirlwind into the room with the morning paper in her hand.

"Oh, Daisy!" she cried breathlessly, "you would never guess what has happened; oh, it's something perfectly horrible."

Daisy stood quite still; she had believed she had reached the depths of human misery. What new sorrow could come to her now?

"It is about the count," continued Olive; "just think what a fearful escape I have had. He was coming this very morning to arrange with me about our approaching marriage; now, the first thing that meets my eyes as I open the paper is that he is under arrest charged with the robbery of Mrs. Dillingham's diamonds. You remember about that, don't you? How on the night of the ball they were taken from the safe by some one who had smuggled himself in at the ball?

"It seems that the detectives had been watching him long before he was suspected, and when he attempted to dispose of them early this morning— after keeping them in his possession all this while until the excitement had blown over — well, they pounced upon him at once, and the consequence is he is in the tombs, and there in searching through his pockets, guess what was brought to light, Daisy!"

A terrible gasp broke from Daisy's lips. Of course it was the half-burned letter revealing that terrible past. She could have uttered no word.

"It was a forged note bearing Alexander Hamilton's signature for a large amount.

"Aleck was sent for in great haste a few minutes ago, and went up there post-haste. I suppose he did not tell you of all this for fear of frightening you. Didn't I have a narrow escape, Daisy? I shall never dare to look at a so-called titled foreigner again. I have had a lesson that will do me for life. Thus fades my roseate dreams of becoming a countess."

As she spoke she raised her eyes to Daisy's face; then a terrible piercing cry rang through the room.

"Oh, my God, Daisy is dying!"

Servants were quickly summoned.

She had not fainted, though her face was the hue of death. They carried her to her couch, and in a voice that sounded like nothing human, she begged them to leave her.

It was the only kindness they could do her, she said; leave her quite alone with her face turned toward the wall.

At that opportune moment there was the sound of an arrival.

It was Farmer Gordon. He had just arrived in the city. Wishing to surprise them, he had not apprised them of his coming. He had taken a coupe to the villa, and here he was, he explained to Olive, who had hurried down the corridor to meet him, hearing the welcome sound of his cheery voice.

"And where is my little Daisy?" he exclaimed eagerly. "Why is she not here to welcome me?"

In a few brief words Olive told him how strangely Daisy had been taken ill— how she had begged them all, as the greatest kindness they could do her, to leave her by herself with her face turned toward the wall.

"I will go to her at once!" declared Farmer Gordon, hoarsely. "She will always be pleased to see her poor old father."

Olive led him to the door of her boudoir, and he entered alone.

With faltering steps he approached the slim figure, lying on the couch, her face buried in the pillows, and laid his hand heavily on the golden head just as he used to do when she was a little dreaming child.

"Daisy, little one," he called softly.

She sprung up with the most piteous cry that ever was heard, and the next moment two soft white arms were around his neck, and the golden head was pillowed on his breast.

Her old father's love had never failed her no matter what she had done.

Here was the heart that would always find pity and forgiveness for her no matter what her sin had been.

"Papa," she wailed out sharply, "I——"

The sentence never was finished. She fell back in his arms in a dead faint.

CHAPTER XXV.

A Painful Discovery.

It was quite an hour afterward that Aleck, returning to the villa, learned from Farmer Gordon, who came out to meet him, what had happened — Daisy was lying ill, nigh unto death.

But much to Farmer Gordon's dismay, Aleck did not spring past him

To be Continued

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.
VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.
R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.
A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.
CHARLES LYMAN, President the Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.
J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.
WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and
W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.
Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.
Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organised in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 364½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—
A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $350,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $5.89 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,274.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	132,712.00	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both dividends and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund. under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

The fruit grower should know every tree in his orchard, and he should go over the orchard frequently and satisfy himself that everything is favorable to the trees. Some trees may be backward in growth and he should endeavor to learn the cause. It may be due to a lack of plant food in the soil, to the pruning, to too much grass, to the mode of cultivation, or to insects; but a thoroughly competent fruit grower will discover the cause if possible, and remove it.

RUBBER STAMPS
B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Scavenger Work,
Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street will have prompt attention.

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter: "When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH. MA 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—A pair of glasses, picked up on the street Tuesday, await an owner at the police station.

—A farmer residing in Smith was fined $50 and costs, and bound over to keep the peace, for threatening to shoot.

—Mr. W. J. Pearson, the Montreal horse buyer, secured a car load of fine stock yesterday in town. They will be shipped east to-day.

—The Sovereign Bank will open its doors to-day in Toronto. The Bank, it is said, prepares to establish a branch in Peterborough.

—The Lady Macabees Lodge, No. 336, have received their charter and had it framed. The lodge is in a very prosperous condition.

—Mr. George Schneider has let the contract for repairing the store on George street lately occupied by Messrs. P. Simons & Co. Mr. J. T. Moore has secured the job.

—An organization meeting was called in the interests of Mr. Wm. Anderson, in Ashburnham last night. There was a fair attendance, and committees were formed.

—The McClellan Coal Company is taking time by the forelock and importing huge quantities of coal for next season. Yesterday there were 25 cars of coal on the track being unloaded.

—The session of the Ladies' Reading Circle of St. Peter's T.A.S., which was to have been held on Tuesday evening, was postponed on account of the unfavorable weather. The date of session will be announced later.

—Don't forget the concert under the direction of Mrs. W. J. Morrow on Monday evening in the opera house. A programme of unusual merit is being provided. Secure your seat at once, as the plan is filling fast.

—A joint meeting in the interests of Mr. Simmons, the Government candidate in East Northumberland, and Mr. Anderson, the Government candidate in East Peterborough, will be held in the town hall, Hastings, on Friday evening of this week. Hon. F. R. Latchford, Minister of Public Works, and other prominent speakers will also address the meeting.

Furnished House to Rent

380 Charlotte street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

A Presentation

Miss Meharry was the recipient of a very handsome silver tray and an address by the teachers of the South Central School yesterday afternoon. The resignation of Miss Meharry from the staff is regretted by both teachers and scholars. A feeling reply was made by Miss Meharry.

Trades and Labor

The Trades and Labor Council met last night and appointed the following committees:

Credentials and Organization—C. F. Brown, W. R. Turner, Hugh Robertson.

Municipal and Legislative.—Thos. Richardson, Thos. Stanton, F. F. Garden, T. W. Lowry, John Murray.

To draft the by-laws—Wm. Menzies, T. G. Anderson, Chas. H. J. Mitchell. The latter was also appointed auditor in place of G. Y. Gerrard, resigned.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. B. O. Britton, of the Gananoque Reporter, and Mrs. Britton, are visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Wm. Shenden left yesterday for Preston Springs, where he will remain a week or ten days.

—His Honor Judge Weller and Mr. H. LeBrun left last night for Preston Springs, where they will remain a couple of weeks.

—Mr. E. B. Stone leaves on Monday for Sault Ste Marie and the Manitoulin district, where he will hold a number of political meetings in the interests of the Liberal party of Ontario.

—Major W. J. Neill, of Omemee, is understood to have been offered an appointment with the fourth contingent, C.M.R. He will go either as a Captain of a Squadron or as a veterinary Captain. Major Neill holds a first-class Royal School of Instruction certificate. Major Neill was senior Major in the 45th Victoria Regiment of Lindsay. He lately passed the final examinations with honors at the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Rev. Mr. Yule Called

A unanimous call has been extended by the Presbyterian congregation of Springville and Bethany to the Rev. Mr. Yule, late assistant pastor of St. Paul's, Peterborough. The call was the result of a special meeting of the two congregations, held at Springville on Tuesday. The call will be presented at the meeting of the Presbytery to be held in Toronto during the meeting of Synod, May 11th and 12th, and will no doubt be confirmed.

An Election Story

Mr. E. B. Stone tells a good story of a man who kept a pig. The time came when the pig had to be killed. He killed it and split it down in two halves and hung it in the barn. Next morning he went to look at the pig, when lo and behold half the pig was gone. He told a friend who was passing that those d—— Grits had stolen half of his pig. The friend replied, "How do you know the Grits stole half of your pig?" The man answered, "Because if it had been the Tories they would have taken it all."

Old Friends Heard From

Mr Dick Simons, son of our esteemed fellow-townsman, Mr. Peter Simons, has returned home for his summer vacation, having left his company at Atlantic City, N.J. Dick looks the picture of good health, and is in fine spirits, having, with his brother, Mr. Danny Simons, completed a very successful season. Dick will remain till July. Danny is staying in New York, and may not be over this summer. He has as a room-mate Mr. Carson LeBrun. Mr. LeBrun is doing well, being employed as one of the city representatives of the great Heintz pickling house. Through Dick, Danny and Carson send their regards to all the Peterborough boys of their acquaintance, and their love to all the girls.

Canadian Writers

Really noteworthy is the progress now being made by Canadian writers. With the expansion of the country, the old isolation vanishes. A big country grows big people. Then again, the brightness of treatment is increasing and the style of writing improving. This is especially noticeable in the Canadian Magazine, where our leading writers place their best work. The May number, just to hand, contains some excellent material. John Innes' beautifully illustrated article on the Buffalo Hunting, L. S. Channell's profusely pictured description of the Eastern Townships, and Mr. Colquhoun's masterly delineation of Lord Rosebery, are three worthy contributions. The stories and lighter features are as entertaining as usual. All booksellers.

Death of Mrs. Richard Sheehy

It is with sincere regret that we record the death of Mrs. Richard Sheehy, which sad event took place yesterday morning at the family residence, 43 Lake street. The deceased lady was eighty years of age, and succumbed after a brief illness, passing peacefully away at the last. Mrs. Sheehy was born in Ireland, coming to Canada 40 years ago with her husband and a family of nine children. She was a good woman, and was beloved and esteemed by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She leaves the following family: William, of Nevada, Richard of Peterborough and James J., of Chicago; the daughters are, Mrs. Flynn, of Boston; Mrs. John Corkery, Mrs. M. O'Brien and Miss Mary Sheehy, of Peterborough. The funeral takes place tomorrow, Friday, at 9 o'clock, from the family residence, 43 Lake street, to St. Peter's cathedral.

How It Happened

A good story was told The Times the other day about a certain merchant, whose place of business is not far removed from the office of this great family journal. The gentleman in question recently ordered a pair of trousers from his tailor. On trying them on they proved to be several inches too long. It being late on Saturday night, the tailor's shop was closed, and the merchant took the trousers to his wife and asked her to cut them off and hem them over. The good lady, whose dinner had perhaps disagreed with her, brusquely refused. The same result followed an application to the wife's sister and to the eldest daughter. But before bed-time the wife relenting, took the pants, and cutting off six inches from the legs, hemmed them up nicely and restored them to the closet. Half an hour later her daughter taken with compunction for her unfilial conduct, took the trousers, and cutting off six inches, hemmed and replaced them. Finally, the sister-in-law felt the pangs of conscience, and she too performed an additional surgical operation on the garment. When the merchant appeared at breakfast on Sunday the family thought a Highland chieftain had arrived.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

OUR WEALTHY PEOPLE.

LIST OF THOSE WHO OWN STOCK IN CHARTERED BANKS

Large Stocks of Stock Held by People Living in and Around Peterborough

The following is a list of those residing in this district who own stock in chartered banks of Canada.

Edith A. Armstrong, Jermyn	1,100
T. Bradburn, Estate	2,500
Dr. Geo. Burnham	2,000
J. M. Brooks	2,000
Peter Campbell	700
Wm. Campbell, Keene	1,000
Elizabeth O. Dennistoun	1,300
Katherine A. Dennistoun	500
R. M. Dennistoun	500
Martha Durand	2,500
Hon. R. Hamilton, Estate	5,500
Dr. McCrea, Estate	2,400
S. Wood, Estate	900
T. Fortye, in Trust	600
P. McGregor, Keene	1,300
James McNeil, Estate, Keene	21,700
Rev. D. O'Connell	4,000
George Peters	700
Helen S. Roger	500
Helen S. Smith	700
Martha S. Spilsbury	4,000
DOMINION BANK.	
Dr. Beatty, V. S.	1,200
Miss Sophia R. Burnet	2,200
J. D. Collins	
IMPERIAL BANK.	
R. M. Dennistoun	100
Mrs. K. A. Dennistoun	3,200
Hon. R. Hamilton	500
ONTARIO BANK.	
Miss Amy Bennet	600
Rev. Orr Bennet	600
S. H. Best	1,200
J. M. Brooks	2,000
Dr. Geo. Burnham	1,400
Mrs. Elizabeth Davidson	300
Mrs. Wm. Davidson	500
Miss Charlotte Dickson	1,200
Miss Martha Dickson	1,300
Adam Hall	800
Mrs. I. M. E. Hall	1,200
John Hall, Estate	2,200
Mrs. M. A. Hazlett	1,000
Mrs. M. A. Hazlett, in Trust	1,500
R. Innes	4,000
Miss Ann Nicholls	1,000
Geo. Peters	1,200
Jedidiah Payne	600
Isabella Roger	400
Mrs. Clara A. Rubidge	2,000
Mrs. Agnes B. Spence	100
Hon. J. T. Stratton	6,000
D. Ulyott	15,500
Mrs. Ellen Walsh	200
Wm Walsh, Estate	400
Jos. Walton and M. Martyn	200
STANDARD BANK.	
Mrs. Jane G. Hall	400
Hon. Robt Hamilton, Estate	1,000
J. J. Lundy	6,000
BANK OF TORONTO	
Z. Burnham	500
Mrs. Matilda Burnham	2,100
Mrs. Margaret Hutcheson	300
J. J. Lundy	19,500
Jr. A. McGreggor	100
Miss Eleanor Stothard	300
Miss Mary Stothard	400
UNION BANK OF CANADA.	
Mrs. Mary Booth	1,300
EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.	
John A. Paddon	1,250
TRADERS' BANK.	
Hon. J. R. Stratton	6,000
BANK OF OTTAWA.	
Mrs. M. G. Wood	25,000
MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.	
Thomas Bradburn	7,300
Elizabeth Dennistoun	400
Jane G. Hall	300
Annie S. Hamilton	300
James T. Halliday, M.D.	400
Hon. Robert Hamilton, Estate	1,000
Charlotte P. Hoskin	300
John J. Lundy	10,000
Rev. Daniel O'Connell	400
George Peters	700
Isabella Roger	1,200

A Delicious Diet for the Banishment of Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles

The value and importance of Malt Breakfast Food as a diet for dyspeptics is becoming more apparent each day. The happy record of dyspeptics being cured by Malt Breakfast Food instead of nauseous drugs, will cheer the heart of many a poor sufferer. Indigestion and dyspepsia are results of overtasking the stomach and digestive organism with indigestible and faulty nourishment.

Malt Breakfast Food soothes and strengthens the inflamed and irritated stomach. It has a most beneficial influence on the torpid liver by quickly giving new power and life to this organ; it enriches the starved blood, and brings the whole digestive machinery into one harmonious combination. The happy results may be summed up as follows: healthy appetite, increased energy, greater vitality and good health. If dyspepsia is making life a misery for any member of your family, have the sufferer use Malt Breakfast Food for a couple of weeks. Your Grocer will recommend it.

A PRETTY WEDDING

Nuptials of Mr. J. W. Botterill and Miss Caroline H. G. Payne

A very pretty wedding was celebrated in the George street Methodist church yesterday afternoon by the Rev. J. C. Wilson, pastor of the church, when Mr. John W. Botterill led to the marriage altar Miss Caroline Helena G. Payne, daughter of Levi Payne, Esq., of Lakefield. The groom is also a resident of that village.

The bride was assisted by Miss D. Bickell, of Lakefield, while Mr. W. B. Girvin, of the same place, acted as best man.

The bride looked charming in a dress of taffeta silk trimmed with pearls, while the bridesmaid was also daintily attired. The wedding march was played by the organist of the church.

The bride was the recipient of a number of beautiful and costly presents, amongst which were a purse of gold from the groom and a gold watch from her father.

They left on the C.P.R. on a honeymoon trip to Niagara Falls and points west. On their return they will take up their residence in Lakefield.

The Times joins in extending Mr. and Mrs. Botterill its hearty congratulations.

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 50 cents.—5

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

KAWARTHA LAKES

1902 TIME TABLE

Trent Valley Navigation Co.

Line of Steamers

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt., G.T.R., Peterboro

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction, Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 10th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A GOOD GUIDE TO A GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

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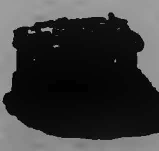

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The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

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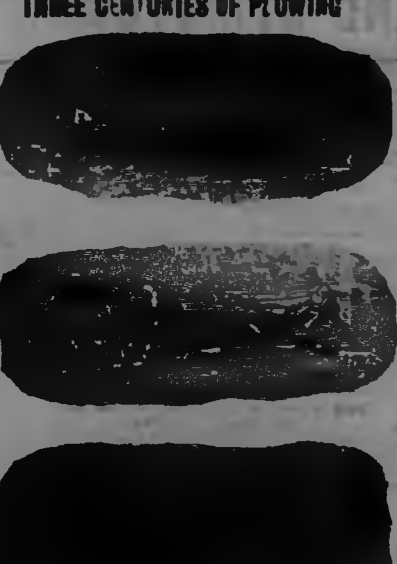

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VOL. 28 NO. 102 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MAY 2 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE CRITICAL CONDITION OF EUROPE THE BEST GUARANTEES OF PEACE

It would be Impossible for Russia or France to Engage in War with Great Britain or Japan at the Present Time

London, May 2.—The Standard, in discussing the outlook for peace says,—Great Britain is not the only power that is giving hostages for peace in its internal troubles. People have been saying for the last three years that the South African war crippled Great Britain for taking an effective part in the high politics of Europe. Some have wondered why her enemies did not take advantage of the opportunity to follow, with more frankness and vigor, ambitious prospects in Asia and elsewhere. The reason is that the enemies of Great Britain have troubles of their own, hidden as carefully as may be from the public eye, but always imminent and occasionally acute.

Evidences have been plenty for the last two or three years of discontents and menacing popular purposes among the subjects of the greatest European powers. Germany has been going through a financial crisis which would weaken her for war, were it not that her greatest possible enemies have been still more fatally weakened. Labor and Socialists outbreaks in Italy and Belgium, on either side of France, put down only by society in all these allied populations. France is a republic, and feelings that find vent in rioting in Italy and Belgium seek an outlet at the voting booths there. In the elections of Sunday the French government was completely defeated in Paris, and received a severe check throughout France. Not one supporter of the government was elected in the capital, and most of the successful candidates are avowed revolutionists of one kind or another. Here is the plainest kind of warning that France could not endure the shock of foreign war without a change of government.

The ally of France, whether against Germany on the continent or against Great Britain in the East, is in still more cruelly crippled for effective foreign war. It is difficult to trust any news from Russia, between the home censorship on one side and unfriendly British exaggeration on the other; but some news is certain. One minister has been assassinated and others are living under daily menace. This might be the result of the Nihilist movement among the educated classes, which has been going on for many years without making much impression on the people. But there are evidences of popular discontent in the present riots in the south of Russia, which tell a different story. Our ambassador at St. Petersburg cables that these reports are exaggerated; but he has no other information than that furnished by the government. The significant thing is that the heretofore submissive peasants are thinking of rebellion at all. When such a class rises, the result is terrible. It was the peasantry that really made the French revolution.

It is possible that the rise of industrial centers and the establishment of mills and factories in Russia have wrought a fatal change in the population by bringing the peasants together for discussion and giving them the dim sort of half education which breeds the most dangerous discontent. Whatever the cause and whatever the result, there are indications that Russia is likely to have her hands as completely tied at home, between money troubles and popular discontents, as those of Great Britain have been tied in South Africa. All this increases the assurance of the world's peace.

KRUGER HEARS THAT THE WAR WILL CONTINUE

Report that the Boer Chiefs Have Rejected the British Peace Terms.

Paris May 2.—The Rappel says that Mr. Kruger has received a communication by way of Lorenzo Marques, to the effect that the Boer chiefs have rejected the British peace terms by a unanimous vote.

London, May 2.—A despatch to the Telegraph from Johannesburg, dated Saturday, says that Gen. Delarey's commandoes under Commandant Kemp will meet early next week to discuss the question of peace.

A despatch confirms the statement that a general meeting of representatives of all the Commandos will meet on May 20th and determine whether it will be peace or war. The Liverpool Globe's correspondent wires from Pretoria that a rumor is abroad that the present peace talk of the Boers is simply a trick to gain time, and that they have no thought of surrendering. A concerted line of action will be agreed upon by the enemy, as a result of the conference of the leaders.

CORONATION INVASION

Great Folks who are Going to the Coronation Next Month

London, May 2.—It is expected that more royal personages will be in London at the coronation than England has ever before seen together. When Victoria was crowned not a European court sent a representative with rank higher than Ambassador Extraordinary; but, in the years between that occasion and her Jubilee the Queen fortified England against another such slight, by becoming grandmother to most of the ruling monarchs of Europe.

There will be some attractive and interesting women among the royal guests, and incidentally, there should be, too, a marvellous display of jewels. The Grand Duchess Serge of Russia will be perhaps the handsomest of the foreign Princesses.

She is King Edward's niece and was, before her marriage, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse. She is a sister of the Czarina. She has been called the most beautiful of Queen Victoria's descendants, and her jewels and costumes are a proverb. With her will be her cousin, the Duchess of Sparta, daughter of Empress Frederick.

The Duchess of Aosta, wife of the heir presumptive to the throne of Italy, will be the Grand Duchess Serge's chief royal rival in the matter of good looks. She was married, when Helene d'Orleans in the Catholic Church at Kingston on the Thames, and she made her social debut at a Marlborough House garden party, and a visit to England will be rather like a homecoming to her. The Duke of Genoa, uncle of the King of Italy, will also attend the coronation and command an Italian man of war in the great naval review.

The Princess of Asturias is not a beauty, but her husband, Prince Charles of Bourbon, is sufficiently good looking to strike an average, and the Princess is both pleasant and agreeable. She was Queen of Spain from November, 1885, when her father died, until the following May, when her brother Alfonso XIII, was born; and now, as heiress presumptive to the throne she is, next to the King, the most important personage of Spain.

Many charming stories are told of her devotion to her brother and to her country. She refused to marry any Prince who would require her to live outside of Spain, and when it made a love match in spite of opposition from family and public. She has never been in England, but like all royalty in Europe, speaks English perfectly.

The Crown Princess of Roumania is King Edward's niece and spent her childhood in England.

Prince Henry of Prussia and his wife are doubly related to the King, through Prince Henry's mother, Empress Frederick, and Princess Henry's mother, Princess Alice. Prince Henry is now known to Americans. His wife is famed for her sweetness of disposition and charm of manner.

Prince Rupert of Bavaria and his pretty young Austrian wife, who was a granddaughter of Francis Joseph, will represent Bavaria. They are not related to the English royal family, but the feeling between England and Bavaria is particularly cordial.

Another young couple destined for a throne are Prince Albert of Flanders and his bride, who is an uncommonly attractive young woman, daughter of Duke Theodor in Bavaria. Prince Albert has spent much time in England, but was named for the Prince Consort and was a favorite of Queen Victoria.

The Crown Prince and Princess of Denmark have been frequent visitors at Sandringham and Marlborough House, since the day when the Crown Prince with his parents and brothers took Alexandra to her wedding at Windsor. The Crown Princess is the only child of the late King of Sweden. This couple will undoubtedly be the favorite guests of the King and Queen.

The Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden are also popular with the royal family of England. The Princess is a granddaughter of Emperor William I.

There is a rumor that the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland will attend the coronation. The Duke, now King de jure of Hanover, is a Prince of the British blood royal and his wife is Queen Alexandra's sister, so their welcome would be a hearty one, but the chances are that they will be represented by their son, Prince George, and their daughter, Princess Max of Baden.

The Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, youngest of Germany's rulers, will return to his old home for the coronation and be uncommonly glad to get there on any pretext, for rumor has it that he is a homesick, though conscientious and exemplary young ruler. His sister, Princess Alice of Albany, and his mother will be with him.

The list is not complete and more prospective sovereigns may be added to the collection. Gossip names the genial Duke of Oporto, brother of the King of Portugal, as Portugal's representative, but Servia and Bulgaria are known quantities; and, unless the Boer War ends speedily, Holland will doubtless send only an Ambassador.

The accommodation of so much royalty is giving the royal host some anxious moments. London has no such assortment of colossal royal palaces as most of the great European capitals. Marlborough House and Buckingham Palace will not lodge comfortably any save the privileged close relations of the King and Queen. It is said that a large hotel near Buckingham Palace has been taken for the King's guests, and that several noblemen have placed their London houses at King Edward's disposal.

After the coronation week many of the royal guests will visit Windsor and Sandringham, and partake of the great country homes of England; so mighty preparations for elaborate entertaining are being made throughout the length and breadth of the land, as well as in London, and the amount of money that will be hospitably spent during the season is beyond ordinary calculation.

Pleasant Cure for Weak Lungs

The best remedy for sore, weak lungs, is the soothing vapor of Catarrhozone which traverses every air cell and passage of the breathing organs. It treats remote parts that cough mixtures and sprays can't approach, and kills thousands of germs at every breath. Catarrhozone drives away pain, congestion and inflammation; it makes breathing easy and regular, and exerts a marvelous influence on Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Deafness, and Lung Trouble. Catarrhozone cures at once, is delightful to inhale, and simple to use. Price $1.00; small size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co. Kingston, Ont.

Items of Interest

CORK EXPOSITION

Cork, May 1—The international exhibition here was opened to-day with a brilliant street procession, in which Lord Mayors and various corporations and trade guilds with bands and banners took part.

DESTROYED BY FIRE

Berne, Switzerland, May 1 — The Gurnigelbad, a famous health resort, was destroyed by fire last night. The church alone escaped. There were no fatalities. The season had not begun and the establishments were unoccupied.

CITY DEVASTATED

Calcutta, May 1—A tornado has devastated the City of Dacca and the adjoining towns.

Four hundred and sixteen persons were killed.

Crops were ruined throughout the district.

Dacca, a city in Bengal, is 150 miles north-east of Calcutta.

WANT MORE MONEY

Montreal, May 1—The Gazette publishes the following special despatch this morning from Halifax:

The 3rd and 4th Regiments of the Canadian Mounted Rifles held a special indignation meeting this evening in the Halifax Hotel, to decide on united action with reference to the way they are being treated on the subject of pay. The result was a decision to wire the Minister of Militia, asking that the Government guarantee that they receive Yeomanry instead of cavalry pay, as they are now rated, and if an unfavorable reply be received, they will resign in a body rather than accept commissions under the present terms.

DUMONT AT CORONATION

New York, May 1 — Santos-Dumont sailed for Europe to-day on the steamer La Savoie. He will go to London, and will probably give some exhibitions during the coronation. Mr. Santos-Dumont will probably return to the United States next autumn.

WIRE FOR C.P.R.

Montreal, May 1 — The Canadian Pacific Telegraph Company contracted in the city for 200 tons of copper wire, which will be used to improve the lines. This will supply wire for 1,200 miles of line, and will be strung between Montreal and St. John, N.B., Halifax and Sydney, and Montreal and the Soo.

"HELL-FIRE JACK" DEAD

London, May 1 — General Sir William Olpherts, V.C., who gained the sobriquet of "Hell Fire Jack," at Lucknow, is dead. He was born in 1822.

FELL TO HIS DEATH

Chatham, May 1—A shocking accident occurred shortly before eleven o'clock yesterday morning at the building being erected by the firm of O'Keefe & Drew, on King street east. Geo. Maynard, one of the workmen, fell from the top of the building, a distance of some thirty feet, upon the granolithic sidewalk, crushing his skull, breaking one leg and sustaining other serious injuries, causing his death at noon.

DEATH OF A NOVELIST

Paris, May 1 — Xavier Aymon De Montepin, the novelist and playwright, is dead.

Dr. Harbottle, who was convicted at Burford some four months ago for shooting with intent to kill, was released from the Central Prison to-day as the result of a petition to the Government.

During his four months' confinement under the care of Warden Gilmour the doctor has improved the opportunity to look around him for reforms necessary at that institution. He has no complaint to make regarding the conduct of the institution, and he says he was accorded the very best treatment throughout his term. One thing absolutely necessary, he thinks, for the preservation of the lives of the prisoners, is a higher railing on No. 2 gallery, over which John Burk fell to his death on March 9 or thereabouts. He says that the wooden buckets used at the prison are disease transmitters; galvanized iron buckets should be substituted.

Dr. Harbottle says that the "violent perversion of judgment and justice" caused him to shoot. He wanted to bring the "rottenness" of the judicial system before the Dominion Government. The Village of Burford, he says, is overrun by rowdies who do all in their power to make the [illegible] respectable people miserable.

RUSSIA WAR MINISTER QUITS?

Report in Vienna that he has Resigned—Disturbances in Finland

Vienna, May 2.—The Neue Freie Presse says that Gen. Kouropatkin, Russian Minister of war, has resigned.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—There are disturbances daily in Finland in connection with the conscription law. Crowds collect in the chief towns and sing patriotic songs, but the police disperse them, generally without much trouble.

SHEMAKHA SHAKEN AGAIN

Severe Earthquake at the Devastated Town in Transcaucasia

St. Petersburg, May 2.—The town of Shemakha, in Transcaucasia, which recently experienced a disastrous series of seismic disturbances, was severely shaken again last night. A slighter shock followed the first earthquake.

Early last February a series of earthquakes devastated a vast area in and about Shemakha. More than 200 people were killed, and thousands were made homeless. The shocks are said to have changed the levels of the Caspian and the Black seas.

DEFENDS SHIP COMBINE

Lord Brassey Discusses it Before Australian Chamber of Commerce

Special to The Times.

London, May 2.—At a meeting of the Australian Chamber of Commerce to-day an address was made by Lord Brassey who took occasion to refer to the shipping combination. He said there was no reason to apprehend that the combination would be disadvantageous to trade. The public had no right to object to the steps taken to prevent the cutting of rates, which had proved so disastrous in the past.

Services which did not pay could not long be kept up to their full efficiency. A combining of interests and management under a due sense of responsibility to the public should secure reasonable, not excessive profits, while giving advantages in respect to continuity and succession of sailings not hitherto enjoyed.

SENSATIONAL MURDER TRIAL

The Assassins of Marquis de Mores now on Trial

Special to The Times.

Paris, May 2.—The sensational career of the Marquis de Mores is recalled by despatches from Tunis stating that his alleged murderers are to be placed on trial to-day. Few names were more familiar to the public a decade ago than that of the Marquis de Mores. On both sides of the Atlantic his eccentric ventures attracted widespread attention. He is probably best remembered in America for his disastrous attempt to establish a mammoth packing industry on the Dakotas ranges.

De Mores was murdered by members of a band of Touaregs in 1896 while on a military expedition into the interior of Africa. Since his death his relatives, particularly his widow, who was a daughter of the millionaire New York banker, L. von Hoffman, have been endeavoring to obtain the arrest and punishment of his murderers with the result that several of the band have been arrested finally and brought to trial.

GEN. SMITH'S DEFENCE

How Capt. Connell was Killed by a 15 Year Old Boy in Samar

Special to The Times.

Manila, May 2.—At the court-martial of Gen. Jacob H. Smith, who is accused of violating the rules of war in the campaign in Samar, the Filipino mascot of Company C, Ninth Infantry, described how Capt. Connell, when overwhelmed by the natives, leaped out of a convent window. As he landed a fifteen-year-old Filipino boy stabbed and killed him.

Gen. Smith's counsel prised Col. Guevarra, who, he declared, was respected, patriotic and honorable.

The court is displaying a disposition to admit all testimony tending to prove the conditions prevailing in Samar for the benefit of the readers of American newspapers.

The Chamber of Commerce has adopted a resolution expressing confidence in Gen. Chaffee, and declaring that he is earnestly substaining the civil authorities. The resolution deplores the spirit displayed in some quarters in the United States in unfairly charging the army with loose warfare, when in reality the actions of the troops have always been brave and humane.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY

Malt Breakfast Food

The immense popularity attained by Malt Breakfast Food in the homes of this country, has induced certain speculators to put up cheap preparations which they style "health food." While these poor foods pay handsome profits to the speculators, they are positively worthless to consumers, as they impart neither nourishment or health.

Don't fail to try Malt Breakfast Food if you are a stranger to it. It is the only true health giver—the one preparation that fully meets the ideas of such food experts as Fothergill, Williams and Henry.

To-day, physicians depend upon the virtues of Malt Breakfast Food for the nourishment of weak stomachs and frail bodies. The entire medical profession recognizes its worth as a builder of flesh, bone and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food makes the weak strong; it is now the chosen breakfast food of all who desire to maintain a full supply of energy and vitality. Your Grocer sells it.

British Postage to China

Special to The Times.

London, May 2.—The Postmaster-General has issued a notice to the effect that on and after May 1 the rate of postage to China will be 1 penny to all points maintaining British Post Offices.

THE SCOTCH OBJECT

St. John, N.B., May 1—A copy of the Scotch Patriotic Association's protest, signed on the field of Bannockburn against the King's assumed title of Edward VII., has been received in this city by Joseph H. Murdoch, secretary of the Clan MacKenzie, order of Scotch clans. The contention is that the King cannot become seventh King Edward of Scotland, as Scotland never before had a King Edward, and entered the union as a free and independent kingdom.

MAY CANONIZE A CHINAMAN

Inquiry Into the Claim Made in Behalf of Joseph Khang, a Convert

Rome, May 2. — The Congregation of Rites under the Presidency of the Pope, has formally opened an inquiry into the claim for the beatification of the Chinese Catholic convert Joseph Khang. If the claim be approved, he will be the first Chinaman to become a saint of the Catholic Church.

COURT RETURNS TO PEKIN

Empress Dowager Calls to One of the Foreigners at the City Gate

Special to The Times.

Pekin, May 2.—The court returned to Pekin to-day from its pilgrimage to the Eastern tombs by way of the Hunting Park, escorted by 1,200 cavalry and infantry. The imperial party entered the palace at 2 o'clock.

Nearly all the foreigns in Pekin with the exception of the soldiers were present to witness the spectacle. They assembled at the top of the Chien Men gate where despite a dust storm they awaited the coming of the court for four hours.

Before burning incense at the gate of the temple the Dowager Empress leisurely scanned the foreigners. She called to a lady belonging to the Spanish Legation and questioned her concerning her health, a former professor of the Imperial University acting as interpreter.

A large number of high and low officials accompanied the court. The pilgrimage entered the city quietly. The alarming rumors caused by the absence of the court have now subsided.

TO RUN ROADS IN NORTHWEST

Incorporation of the Great Northern o Canada Consolidated Company

Special to The Times.

Trenton, N.J., May 2.—The Great Northern of Canada Consolidated Company, with a capital stock of $10,000,000, was incorporated to-day to operate railroads in the Northwest. The incorporators are Benjamin F. Moore, John McNaught and Arthur L. Meyers. The registered agent of the company is the Corporation Trust Company of 15 Exchange place, Jersey City.

According to a report which accompanied the filing of the charter to-day, the new company is backed by James J. Hill and the Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific railroads. The specific purpose of the corporation, according to this report, is to construct a railroad from Duluth, Minn., to Dawson City, Alaska. The plan as outlined is to bring freight to Duluth from a great area in the Northwest heretofore tapped by no railroad and load it on boats at Duluth for shipment to Eastern points and Europe.

A large portion of the projected line, it is said, will be through a wilderness in some cases hundreds of miles from any other railroad. It was further asserted that the cost of construction would be considerably in excess of $100,000,000.

These reports lacked positive confirmation.

CLAIM EIGHTY MILLIONS

Cuban Soldiers Want More than the Country Can Pay

Havana, May 2.—Generals Rabi, Lora, Salcedo and Capote have tried to obtain from President-elect Estrada Palma an assurance that the Cuban army would be paid. Replying to the Generals, Senor Estrada Palma said he was disposed to pay the army, but to do so more resources would be needed than Cuba now has. He never suspected, he said, that the list of those to be paid contained 70,000 names, and the estimate of the amount due the soldiers—$80,000,000—frightened him. "The payment of this enormous sum would annihilate us," said the President-elect. "I would have to lease Cuba to raise this amount."

Senor Estrada Palma's idea was to revise the lists and to negotiate a loan of $10,000,000, providing for the interest by a sinking fund, as outlined in the Constitution. He expressed regret at the fact that no provision had been made to pension the widows of war heroes, mentioning particularly in this connection the widows of Generals Maceo and Marti. He proposed also to do something for those injured in the war.

QUEEN WILHELMINA

The Hague, May 1 — The bulletin posted this morning at Castle Loo, referring to the health of Queen Wilhelmina, announced that Her Majesty's condition was satisfactory.

GREAT SHIP COMBINE EXCITING GREAT BRITAIN

Managers of the Great Trust to Try and Control the World's Shipping

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT TO TAKE ACTION

Conference To-Day with Mr. Morgan and Statement of Each Steamship Line's Position will Follow in a Few Days

Special to The Times.

London, May 2.—It is said that an official statement will be issued in a few days to English steamship owners regarding the combination. This will define the exact position of each company which has joined the trust.

Regarding the White Star Line, the official statement will prove that neither a change of ownership nor flag has taken place, and that the company is simply bound by the regulations of a tight pool.

Belfast, May 2.—Mr. Pirrie, chairman of the Harland & Wolff Shipbuilding Company, told a representative of the Central News to-day that he would start for London to-night and would meet J. Pierpont Morgan to-morrow for the purpose of settling details of the shipping combination and preparing a circular which will be issued to the shareholders of the various companies within a week. This circular would clear the air of the many rumors now current.

Mr. Pirrie added that the deal had been entirely favorable to England. Although the Cunard and some other companies had not yet joined the combination, the arrangement would certainly benefit them.

London, May 2.—The Shipping Gazette states that it is informed on the highest authority that, while there will be no sale of the shares of the White Star Line, there will be an exchange of the present shares for those of the new trust. The real intention of the companies concerned, it explains, is to enter into a pooling arrangement.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer made an important announcement in the House of Commons this afternoon in the matter of British shipping as subsidized by the Government. He announced that a committee had been appointed by the Admiralty with a limited reference, to ascertain and report in what way and at what cost steamships of greater speed and greater efficiency than those now employed may be secured for naval service in return for the Government subsidy.

The chairman of the committee is the Earl of Camperdown, and the other members are Vice-Admiral Penrose Fitzgerald, Prof. J. H. Biles, M. D. Chalmers, representing the Treasury; a representative of the General Post Office, and Capt. Stafford. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said that the Government would not promise at present that the reports and evidence would be presented to the House.

Gerald Balfour, President of the Board of Trade, said that the Government had no official information as to whether the English shipping companies had entered into the new combination on the same terms as the German and American lines. Mr. Arnold-Forster, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, declared that whatever may have been the original policy which led to the subvention of merchant cruisers, it was considered by the Admiralty that definite functions could be assigned to such ships in time of war, and they were to be retained.

Gerald Balfour added that the Board of Trade had no power to compel the disclosure of any agreement in reference to the transfer of any British ships. The Board had no reason to think that further powers were required for preventing the evasion or infraction of the Merchant Shipping Act. The possible effects of the American combination were engaging the serious attention of the Government.

France and Venezuela to Arbitrate

Special to The Times.

Paris, May 2.—The Journal Official will publish to-morrow the text of the agreement between the Governments of France and Venezuela with regard to the claims of French citizens for indemnity. Each Government appoints an arbitrator and these will sit at Caracas to consider the claims. The referee will be the Spanish Ambassador in Paris.

Around the World in a Motor Car

London, May 2.—Dr. E. E. Lehwess and Messrs. Max Wedell and H. Morgan left here this morning on a trip around the world on a motor car. Their first stage is to Southampton, whence they cross to Havre. The itinerary includes Paris and all the principal European capitals.

Earl Spencer Liberal Leader

London, May 2.—At a meeting of the Liberal Peers to-day Earl Spencer was elected unanimously to be the leader of the Liberals in the House of Lords. Earl Spencer has acted as leader since the death of the Earl of Kimberley several weeks ago.

GUN BURST ON BRITISH WARSHIP

Three Marines Killed During Practice on the Formidable

Special to The Times.

London, May 2.—Admiralty advices show that the accident aboard the warship Formidable in the Mediterranean near Magdalena Island yesterday, in which three marines were killed, was not due to the bursting of a gun as at first reported, but occurred during boat practice.

A Good Quarter Dollar's Worth

Is contained in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, which cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Toothache, Headache, Cramps, Sick Stomach and Indigestion. Mothers find Nerviline is first class liniment for children's sore throat, hoarseness, cold in the chest, and taken in hot water before retiring is a splendid remedy for colds. Don't be without Nerviline; it is the most economical, potent and reliable household liniment made, and costs only 25c.

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Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 2, 1902.

HE WISHES TO GO INTO POLITICS

The young man who writes us the following letter needs not only instruction, but admonition also:

"I am 24 years old. It has been my earnest wish for years to make politics my profession. I have received a common school education. I am considered by my friends to be smart and full of push. Some of my former schoolmates have entered politics, and have made it a success. I have been unable to find out the secret of their success (they seem to be jealous of me). I am sure it is not from the fact of their being better educated than I am. "The advice I desire is this: What steps must I take to bring myself forward and to become conversant with political matters? How long does it generally take a young man starting in politics to secure a nomination?"

Every young man ought to take an interest in politics. If he fails to do it, he neglects the most important duty of a citizen of a republic. He has the privilege of voting, and, in order to exercise it intelligently, he should inform himself in regard to the political principles of the parties which seek his vote, and establish his own political principles on a firm foundation of conviction.

And the more earnestness he shows in behalf of just political convictions, the more chances he has of success. Let him eschew bitter party papers, reading only such literature as is found in The Times and his morality will be all right.

PURE MILK

The subject of pure milk supply is one which is commanding the attention of the leading scientists. Dr. A. D. Chapin discusses the subject in the current number of the *Forum* and points out that according to the milk dealers, the great trouble is that the public cannot see any difference between perfectly clean milk and the ordinary article. For this reason people are not aware of being made sick by milk, and will not pay the price which extra cleanliness necessitates. This state of affairs has led to the organizing of milk commissions by medical societies, to stand between the milk dealers and the public, examine the milk at stated intervals, and issue certificates of cleanliness to those dealers whose milk contains few bacteria. The use of milk thus certified is to be recommended for infants, invalids, and all who wish an extra clean article. Even milk sold at a price that barely exceeds the cost of production, when the least possible labor is expended, is generally safe for adults with healthy digestions. It is true that disease has been transmitted by such milk, but it must be confessed that this is the exception, not the rule. Many people are frightened by alarmist reports into giving up a nutritious and valuable article of food. What is needed is public education as to the value of good food and general willingness to pay for it. Honest and conscientious producers will then be encouraged to supply the best article.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

INDIAN RIVER.

—The farmers are nearly through with their spring work.

—Mr. John Lonergan has been up at [illegible] Lake gathering herbs. He says the [illegible] root makes a splendid home medicine.

—Mr. James Duff has not returned the [illegible] which he procured from A. White [illegible] with brains into his [illegible] returns [illegible] Jones.

—A peculiar incident.—Mr. T. Cavanagh drove to Indian River a few evenings ago to purchase some dry-goods, accompanied by Joseph Collins, who having no horse, and wishing to take his best girl for a drive, kindly asked Mr. Cavanagh to lend him his horse for a short run. Mr. Cavanagh consented, and Joe was away on his favorite road toward Westwood.

After they drove some distance, the young lady persuaded Joe to turn to Indian River, which he did. On returning Joe by mistake tied the horse about one half mile north of the station, and returned [illegible]. Mr. Cavanagh by this time [illegible] uneasy and had a search for the horse and drivers, but all in vain. [illegible] a horse from Milton and returned at a late hour in the morning, while his fellow had been anxiously awaiting him, figuring he may be in [illegible].

A New View of Braddock.

There have doubtless always been those who realized that history had dealt too harshly with the unfortunate Braddock, but it is difficult to change a settled conviction with regard to one who has become either a popular or an unpopular figure of the past. It is interesting, therefore, to find in the latest volume in which the Braddock campaign figures, Mr. A. G. Bradley's "The Fight With France for North America," that he author departs slightly from the beaten track, and presents the British commander in a somewhat more favorable light than we have been taught to regard him. "No name," he says, "has been more irresponsibly played upon, and few reputations, perhaps, have been more hardly used, than Braddock's, by most writers of history and nearly all writers of fiction. His personality, from its very contrast to the wild woods in which he died, has caught the fancy of innumerable pens and justice has been sadly sacrificed to picturesque effect. One is almost inclined to think that the mere fact of his name beginning with a letter which encourages a multiplication of strenuous epithets has been against him. By all American writers he is depicted as the typical redcoat of the Hanoverian period—burly, brutal, blundering, blasphemous, but happily always and without a dissentient note—brave, brave indeed, as a lion. This familiar picture of our poor General, as a corpulent, red-faced, blaspheming bulldog, riding roughshod over colonial susceptibilities, tones down amazingly when one comes to hard facts." Mr. Bradley goes on to show that what is really known about Braddock is in his favor. Vanquished in a duel, he had been too proud to ask his life.

When in command at Gibraltar he was "adored by his men," and this though he was notorious as a strict disciplinarian, a quality which Wolfe at that very time was declaring to be the most badly needed one in the British army. The simple truth about Braddock is that he was the first British General to conduct a considerable campaign in a remote wilderness. He had no precedents furnished by the experience of others to guide him, and he found little help in the colonies, where he had been taught to look for much. He has been accused of disparaging the colonial irregulars and of neglecting to utilize friendly Indians. As to the first taunt, Mr. Bradley submits that, in view of the appearance and discipline of the provincial troops that were paraded before Braddock, he would not as a soldier trained on European fields have been human had he refrained entirely from open criticism. As to the second taunt, the facts brought forward in this book demonstrate that it has no foundation. Robert Orme of the Thirty-fifth Regiment, who was one of the General's aide-de-camps and who himself was highly thought of by the provincials, gives no hint in his diary that Braddock was the violent, unreasonable, foul-mouthed person who has since figured in magazine articles. Orme was as much disheartened as his chief by the appearance and seeming temper of the colonial troops and dwells on the trying conditions which Braddock had to meet, and the energy and honesty with which he endeavored to do his duty. It is certain that Braddock quickly appreciated Washington, and to save the Virginia Colonel from the indignity of ranking under a British ensign placed him on his personal staff. Braddock appreciated Benjamin Franklin also, and in a despatch to his Government described him as the "first capable and sensible man I have met in the country." Mr. Bradley contends that in no proper sense of the word can Braddock be said to have been surprised at Fort Duquesne. Throughout the march thither, on the contrary, admirable discipline was maintained, and every precaution that prudence required was observed. When the attack upon him was ultimately made it succeeded simply because Braddock's soldiers were not backwoodsmen.

It is with some indignation, says The New York Sun in an admirable review of the work, that the author of this book points out that "even the dying moments of the gallant bulldog have been made the theme of much fanciful dialogue and garnished with fictitious utterances of grief at the disaster and remorse for his supposed obstinacy and rashness. That he twice tried to arrest the stampede and then took measures for the comfort of the wounded is all that we know for certain of his last hours." It is not, of course, here pretended that Braddock was a great General. The plain truth is that he was sent to carry out an undertaking arduous and unprecedented in British experience, and did his best in the face of immense difficulties, human and physical. Both he and his soldiers had, perhaps, grown a little too confident after crossing the second ford of the Monongahela. Till then, however, he had been entirely successful in avoiding ambuscades, and even the scene of the final engagement was no ambush in the ordinary sense of the term. Had his scouts been pushed farther forward, he would have been notified, no doubt, a little earlier of the impending attack; but under no circumstances would his regulars have been qualified to face even a lesser number of Indians in their native woods. Of provincial combatants on the field of battle, there were not 200 on the British side, and many of these had had no backwoods experience whatever.

The London Daily Chronicle pays the following pleasant compliment to the new Minister of Justice for Canada:—"The Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, who has become Canadian Minister of Justice, in succession to Mr. David Mills, is young enough to have a future ahead of him both as a lawyer and a statesman. A modest man, and with nothing of the 'loose tongue' which Disraeli attributed in an angry moment to lawyers, he has not, perhaps, made apparent to distant observers the large part he has played in the successful Laurier Administration. Mr. Fitzpatrick, as Solicitor-General, has made his mark, and in the more difficult paths of diplomacy he showed his mastery when the Manitoba school question disturbed the relations between a State Government and the Federal Ministry, with ramifications in the Privy Council and at the Vatican. Mr. Fitzpatrick dealt with the vexed question at Ottawa, in London and in Rome. He was a welcome visitor to our own capital so lately as in last December."

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

Curious Bits of News.

It is somewhat humbling to our pride to know that the greatest speed attained under sail is that of the flying proa of Pacific savages. Until the advent of the turbine motor these tiny craft could outsail any steamer afloat, even the modern German liners. Their lowest estimated speed is twenty knots, and many travelers credit them with more.

Since March 1 the torch in the hand of the Statue of Liberty Enlightening the World, in New York harbor, has not been lighted. This does not mean that the statue has lost its significance as the symbol and personification of the broad political and industrial freedom which is enjoyed in the United States. It simply means that no satisfactory method of lighting the torch has been devised, and that the Lighthouse Board does not think it worth while to continue an inadequate electric lamp. The other harbor lights serve all the needs of the mariners, and the statue itself, without its own light, will show more plainly in the darkness than before.

The reputation of Germany as a country where life is regulated as much as possible in accordance with the behests of science is borne out by the regulations of the German military authorities concerning the marching and physical training of troops. The "physiology of marching" has recently been the subject of careful investigation, and the results obtained are taken advantage of for the benefit of the German army. Among the conclusions reached is that during continuous heavy marching the rations supplied are not sufficient to replace the waste of carbohydrates, and that a day's rest is required after every three days' marching, to enable the body to recover its normal power.

In typewriting 500 letters you waste one hour in writing "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly." Now, the total annual number of letters sent through the post all over the world is 8,000,000,000. Of course this is not all commercial correspondence, nor is it all typewritten, but for the purpose of having some statistical starting-point it will be assumed that it is. To write "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly" for this number of letters would take one typist 16,000,000 hours, allowing 300 working days to the year, about 6,700 years. To translate this into an approximation of its money value, allowing $12 as the salary of the typist and eight hours as the average day's work, the cost would be $2,250,000.

The Wiarton (Ont.) "Echo" records a remarkable instance of affection between dumb brutes. A Mr. Robertson lost a team of horses through the ice on Colpoy's Bay. It appears that the gentleman mentioned is the owner of a dog—an ordinary collie dog—that was passionately fond of the animals drowned, and they were in constant companionship whenever possible. After the accident occurred, and when the horses were delivered from their watery graves and pulled out on the ice, the large crowd that had gathered quickly dispersed, the horses being apparently "left alone in their glory." It transpired later on, however, that the faithful dog, in his grief for his lost companions, refused to leave the spot where they were, and was tenderly licking the animals' heads and giving vent to his sorrow in various other ways. Efforts were made to console the bereaved canine and to attract him from the spot, but he went not, and refused to be comforted. He remained, it is said, near the scene of the accident till the bay was completely enveloped in darkness. The poor brute then solemnly and sadly wended his way to his master's home.

The other night Thomas J. White, a Brooklyn butcher, found it necessary to remain in his store until after midnight, to finish making up his accounts for the week. Miss Maria Jacobs, his fiancee, was waiting for him to escort her to her home. White took six hundred dollars from the cash drawer and placed it in a wallet, which he put in his pocket. He was just about to don his coat when he was seized with a fit and fell to the floor. Miss Jacobs tried to raise him up, but failed, so she ran out of the store for assistance. The first persons she met were two frowzy-looking fellows, who readily responded to her appeal for help. They rushed into the store, and while one of them lifted the prostrate White the other lifted the wallet out of the butcher's pocket and fled. Miss Jacobs gave pursuit. The other stranger promptly dropped White, ran to the money-drawer, and, finding no money there, looked about him for something of value to seize. There were juicy steaks and toothsome chops, but he selected a big bologna sausage and ran out with the booty. The first stranger, in the meantime, had succeeded in eluding Miss Jacobs and getting away. When she returned to the store the second thief had also disappeared. A policeman was finally called to hunt for the robbers, and a physician to attend White. The doctor succeeded in bringing White out of his fit, but the policeman failed to bring back the thieves or the money.

Onions and Epidemics.

A READER of "Marmaduke's" letters in London "Truth" has sent him the following:

"Whilst turning over some old books in my library last week I stumbled upon the following paragraph in the 'Rural World' of 1869. As there is an epidemic of smallpox in London, it has occurred to me to send this to you, for some of your medical readers may be either able to prove or disprove the statements it contains:

"'Onions and Epidemics.—In the spring of 1849 I was in charge of one hundred men on shipboard, with the cholera among the men. We had onions, which a number of the men ate freely. Those who did so were soon attacked, and nearly all died. As soon as I made this discovery their use was forbidden. After mature deliberation I came to the conclusion that onions should never be eaten during the prevalence of epidemics, for the reason that they absorb the virus, and communicate the disease, and that the proper use for them is sliced and placed in the sick-room, and replaced with fresh ones every few hours. . . . After maintaining the foregoing opinion for eighteen years, I have found the following well attested: Onions placed in the room where there is smallpox will blister and decompose with great rapidity; not only so, but will prevent the spread of the disease. I think that as a disinfectant they have no equal if properly used. If needed, the foregoing (which I have greatly abbreviated) can be attested on oath.'"

It is a curious echo of a bygone preventive, and it is given here without much hope that the suggestion can be valuable.

Epitaph.

Here lies Luke Longpenne, the distinguished historical novelist, who died at the age of eleven years in the full height of his fame, three weeks after the publication of his first book.—"Life."

CONSUMPTION

Is like the constrictor which drops its coils around its victim and slowly tightens them until life is extinguished.

Once the coils are drawn tight there is little chance of escape. The one hope of safety is to break loose at the beginning of the attack.

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There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"I feel it my duty to give my testimonial in behalf of your great medicine," writes Mr. John T. Reed, of Jefferson, Jefferson Co., Ark. "When I commenced taking Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I was very low with a cough, and would at times spit blood. I was not able to do any work at all, was weak and my head was dizzy. The first bottle I took did me so much good that I had faith in it and continued until I had taken twelve bottles. Now I do not look like nor feel like the same man as I was a year ago. People were astonished and said they did not think that I could live. I can thankfully say that I am entirely cured of a disease from which had it not been for your wonderful 'Discovery' I would have died."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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From the Times Greatest Poet

Standing one day on the golf links,
  He was weary and ill at ease;
And he baffed and foozled idly
  Over the whins and tees,
He knew not what he was dreaming,
  Or where he was rubbering then
But Myles swiped that ball, of a sudden
  With the force of two-score men.

It sped through the crimson twilight
  Like a shot from a 16-inch gun;
And it passed from my fevered vision
  To the realm of the vanished sun;
It chanced over the bunker,
  It caromed hazard and hill;
It went like a thing infernal—
  I suppose it is going still.
  With infinite nerve and ease;
And bored right on through the land
It shied each perplexing stymie
  [illegible]

  As if it were loath to cease
I have sought—but I seek it vainly—
  That ball of the strenuous pace,
That went from the sole of Myles' niblick
  And entered into space.

It may be some blooming caddy
  Can sooner or later explain;
It may be that only in heaven
  We shall find that ball again.

And I slowly trudged along homeward,
  With Hamilton, Burnham and Ray,
And wondered if Garvin had done it,
  How much he would have to say.

No Breach of Discipline.

THE colonel was entertaining some of his friends with stories of army life, and the talk turned to the infallibility of orders. That reminded the colonel of Tim Murphy's case.

Murphy had enlisted in the cavalry service, although he had never been on a horse in his life. He was taken out for drill with other raw recruits under command of a sergeant, and, as luck would have it, secured one of the worst buckers in the whole troop.

"Now, my men," said the sergeant in addressing them, "no one is allowed to dismount without orders from a superior officer. Remember that."

Tim was no sooner in the saddle than he was hurled head over heels through the air, and came down so hard that the breath was almost knocked out of him.

"Murphy," shouted the sergeant, when he discovered the man spread out on the ground, "you dismounted!"

"I did."

"Did you have orders?"

"I did."

"From headquarters, I suppose?" with a sneer.

"No, from hindquarters."

"Take him to the guard-house!" ordered the sergeant.—Detroit "Free Press."

Winter Uplands.

The frost that stings like fire upon my cheek,
The loneliness of this forsaken ground,
The long white drift upon whose powdered peak
I sit in the great silence as one bound;
The rippled sheet of snow where the wind blew
Across the open fields for miles ahead;
The far-off city towered and roofed in blue
A tender line upon the western red;
The stars that singly, then in flocks appear,
Like jets of silver from a violet dome,
So wonderful, so many, and so near,
And then the golden moon to light me home;
The crunching snowshoes and the stinging air,
And silence, frost, and beauty everywhere.

—Lampman.

City Editor—Why do you say, "He ran into the police station, puffing and blowing?" "Puffing" and "blowing" are synonymous.

Reporter—Not at all. There's a vast difference, for instance, between puffing a man up and blowing him up.—[illegible] Plaindealer and Times.

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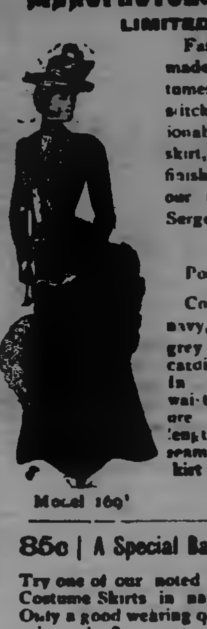

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Revolutionary Proposals.

It must have struck many of the admirers of the melodramatic stage that the various outrages to which the hero is subjected during the course of the four acts, when he is "up against it" good and hard, are as like each other as a row of Japanese dolls. The locomotive, the fire-reel, the buzz-saw, the mine explosion, and the shipwreck, have been worked over and over again. What we need is novelty. And if I might make a suggestion, some new and startling climaxes could be worked up from the modest incidents of our daily life. For there are climaxes in the domestic circle just as distressing as any depicted on the stage. Even when the canvas buzz-saw is advancing on him with all the energy a perspiring stage carpenter can impart to it, the hero does not suffer the agony of apprehension that convulses the soul of the average man when he arrives home at three o'clock in the morning and hears the contemptuous sniff which apprises him that the wife of his bosom is awaiting him at the top of the stairs. Nor does the heroine, when starving to death in the latest black cashmere "Daily Hint from Paris," evince more trepidation than does the average matron, when the leader in her particular brand of "sassiety" drops in and finds her in a cotton wrapper with her store teeth in a tumbler of water and her magnificent chevelure lying on top of the bureau. There are calamities just as soul-harrowing in the domestic circle as in the drama. The trouble is that the playwrights have never taken hold of them in the true spirit of discovery.

We will take as an example one heroic incident that lately happened in this city when a prominent citizen induced a small girl to save her life by jumping from the windowsill of a burning house on to the tails of his ulster, which she accomplished without even breaking his flask. We can easily picture to ourselves how this could be worked up for the stage. The Angel cheeild is backed up on the windowsill with a pound of red fire burning on a tin shovel behind her. The hero comes tearing on from the side scenes. He sees her, and clasps his hand to his forehead. (Heroes always do that. It is a kind of a send-off.) He seizes a handful of clustering locks from his wig and tosses it into the air. It comes down "Tails!" The cheeild must be saved. With a wild wrench he whips off his liver-pad and holds it outstretched in his strong arms. The cheeild jumps and rebounds from it like a half a brick from a book-agent's cheek. Once more she springs; and again he is foiled. With a cry of anguish he hurls the liver-pad at the sneering villain and catches her on his breath. And as she is lowered in safety to the ground we see the quivering body of the villain nailed fast to the blazing ruins by the faithful liver-pad.

There is another point to which I would like to draw attention. And that is the way in which inanimate objects are neglected. We have dogs, geese, chickens and poultry in melodrama. But that is all. I was once acquainted with a gentleman who played a cake of ice in the river scene in "Uncle Tom's Cabin." And the barrel in "Panjandrum" was a most lovable personage off the stage. Many friends of mine have also formed part of the "hoarse gathering murmur" which always arises in the wings when the hero is getting into a remarkably tight place. But these were not strictly inanimate objects. They drew salaries, and wore red neckties on Sundays. What we need is a further extension of the drama from the farmyard to the grocery counter, and the hardware store. And we shall get it. We shall yet see a drama in which the leading comedy part is played by a tin of canned salmon and the heroine is saved from the villain's clutches by a barrel of patent glue. And why should we not? There are many comedians now on the stage who would compare unfavorably from an intellectual standpoint with a tin of canned salmon. And there are heroes beside whose personal charms a barrel of glue would shine as a paragon of pulchritude. A tin of canned salmon would prove far more useful to the heroine when she is lost on the sandy desert, or afloat on the lonely raft in mid-ocean, than a comic Irishman with a Coney Island brogue. If she did not care to tackle it herself she could feed it to the villain and tie him up in so many knots that it would take a traction engine to straighten him out. And the dramatic possibilities of a barrel of glue are simply illimitable. She could use it for sticking to everything from the angel cheeild to the papers proving her to be rightful heiress to the old baronial home. When the villain sprang upon her, hissing out "At last I have you in my pow-er-r-r!" she could paste him to the kitchen stove and go out for a walk. How would the band of Moorish brigands look if she stuck them all to the adjacent rocks by the slack of their loose trousers, while the manly hero went through their pockets? A dab of glue on her windowsill when the murderer was creeping, knife in hand, into her lonely bed-chamber, would compel him to stay there all night or complete his crime in a costume which the management would not stand for even for a moment. And then how useful it would be to help her to adhere to her salary. It is true that they might have to soak the hero in hot water to get him away from her. But then he often richly deserves to be soaked. In every other instance the faithful glue pot could give cards and spades and little casino to the most useful comedian who ever trailed the villain to his lair.

These are only two of the instances in which the use of inanimate objects in the cast would increase the novelty of the drama. But their number could be indefinitely increased. We have long had the wooden actor. Why should we stick at the inanimate tragedian? Herein we have a bright idea for the budding playwrights who have dramatized every book that has a circulation of over ten copies, until the principal value we place on the dictionary is the fact that even the most ambitious of them have never used it as the basis of a romantic play. And we charge nothing for this hint to dramatists. It is all absolutely free gratis.—Montreal "Sunday Sun."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

and hurry up to his young wife's boudoir. He turned away with a face pale with emotion.

"Do all you can for her," he said. "Let nothing that will add to her comfort be spared."

The farmer's brow darkened. He laid a heavy hand like a grasp of steel on the young man's shoulder.

"What is the meaning of this change in you, Aleck?" he said sternly, "and who is responsible for this change in Daisy? I gave a beautiful, tender flower into your keeping, and charged you to guard it carefully. I find it crushed and broken. What does it mean?"

And the voice that asked the question trembled with mighty passion.

Alexander Hamilton looked calmly and unflinchingly into the wrathful face before him.

"I must refer you to your daughter, sir, for an answer," he said slowly.

"Then there is a reason for this bitter and awful change in my child!" thundered the farmer. "Hark you, Alexander Hamilton," he added, "if there is anything wrong for which you are accountable, you shall answer to me, her father, for it."

"I am perfectly willing," answered Aleck, wearily.

Farmer Gordon went directly to his daughter's room again, vowing to himself that he would find out what this meant. If there was a quarrel between Alexander and his young wife, he would probe the affair to the very bottom, and find out which was in the wrong.

But he must not speak of this matter yet to Daisy; she was too ill to hear it.

During the fortnight which followed Alexander Hamilton carried out strictly his compromise. He never went near that portion of the house in which Daisy's suit of rooms were situated, but he was careful to send every morning to her room to see if she were better.

All Farmer Gordon's attempts to get at the bottom of the mystery which separated these two who seemed to have loved each other so well were futile.

On the day the farmer had come so near having an altercation with Aleck Daisy had received a short note from Aleck, telling her of the count's arrest. He had gone to the tombs, on being sent for to certify to genuineness of the note found in the count's pocket; and how upon arriving there he had found the count dead.

"This ends all," Aleck wrote. "In all probability he took the secret which is between you unrevealed to the grave."

Only heaven knew what a relief it was to Daisy to hear this, aside from her natural regret for the sudden taking off of a human life. But her terrible secret was safe now—safe.

The papers spoke afterwards of the strange note—and still stranger leaf torn from some book which they found pinned on the count's breast—it appeared to have related to the last sad rites over the grave of some eccentric genius.

The words seemed to have struck the count's fancy, making a deep impression on his mind.

"My life has not been blameless," he wrote in his note—"my sins are many and my virtues few. No woman's white hand has pointed out to me the path that leads toward heaven. No woman's gentle voice has urged me to a better life, or perhaps my fate would have been different. It is useless to repine now. Be kind enough to grant my last request. Let those gather around me at the last who have known me at my best—and at my worst; and let these words be uttered over my grave; 'We here place in the bosom of the great mother earth, the remains of a true child of nature; a man of brilliant attainments, notwithstanding his misdirection and waste of splendid talents. He laid aside as a worthless bauble the most beautiful of poet's dreams—the doctrine of immortality—believing as the perfume of the rose is wafted away on a passing zephyr, never more to unite with the decayed petals, so is the spirit or soul extinguished in the dead; and here lies all there is.'"

His wishes were strictly carried out, and with his death Daisy realized she had lost her greatest foe.

Ah, if heaven would but give her Aleck's love again, that was the great hope that had sprung up in her heart.

She would make one great effort toward reconciliation. She had gone so far in deceiving Aleck—"one more deception could not matter much," she told herself piteously.

"I am going to send for Aleck this afternoon, papa," she told Farmer Gordon one afternoon. "I can endure this estrangement no longer."

"Of course it is best known to you two what this bitter quarrel has been about; but I say, if you are in the right, Daisy, you must not humble yourself to Aleck—show the true Gordon spirit, and the Gordon pride."

"Pride should not stand in the way of love, papa!" she sighed, "it must not—it is too cruel."

When the moon was shining on the trees, and the flowers and birds were asleep, she sent for Aleck.

He was out in the grounds smoking a cigar, one of the servants told her, but he would call him at once.

"Stay," said Daisy, "I will go to him there."

Throwing a light veil over her golden hair, she stole out into the grounds—she knew his usual haunt — the rose arbor near the fountain; but tonight he was not there.

A great desolation fell over her heart. Had he gone? Would days, perhaps weeks, drag wearily by before she should see him again? A kind of terror came over her at the thought.

Just then she heard his familiar step on the gravel path.

How lonely he looked and desolate—what a sad, far-away look there was in the dark, gloomy eyes. How her heart ached for him! Was he thinking of her, she wondered.

She took a few steps forward, whispering, timidly, "Aleck;" but the low, faint, fluttering voice died away over the nodding roses—he did not hear.

"Aleck," she murmured again, a little louder than before.

This time he turned impatiently.

"How foolish I am," he muttered, setting his white teeth hard together. "In every sigh of the wind as it mourns among the trees I fancy I hear Daisy's voice."

"You do hear Daisy's voice," she whispered, close to his elbow. "I—I have something to say to you, Aleck."

The impulse was strong upon him to turn quickly and clasp her in his arms.

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Anecdotal.

At a recent dinner in New York the Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage told a story of a lady who was asked: "Do you ever think of getting married?" "Think," she answered with asperity, "I worry."

A Toronto man, father of an unusually numerous family, was visited by a Westerner. "I never saw anything like it, old man," remarked the stranger over the cigars; "every time I come you have a new baby." "Oh, don't mind it, my dear fellow; it isn't your fault," was the quick reply.

The late Lord Dufferin had put on record a Sheridan story which is worth repeating. Richard Brinsley Sheridan was one day remonstrating with his son in reference to some peccadillo, and finished by exclaiming, "Why, Tom, my father would never have permitted me to do such a thing." Like lightning came the repartee: "Sir, do you presume to compare your father with my father!"

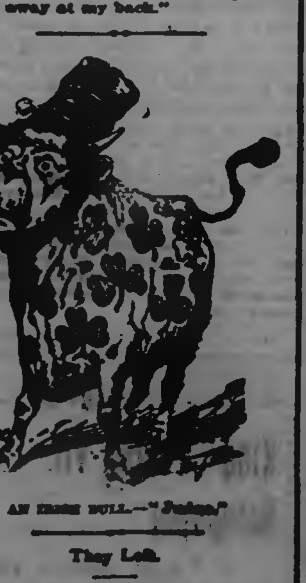
A young heiress with a penchant for farming was explaining at length the many difficulties she encountered in pursuing her fad. "I really am a farmer," she protested, and then added, regretfully, "although it must be confessed that almost all I plant I lose." "Therein differing from me," courteously rejoined her table companion, a rising young physician, "for I find in my case that almost all I lose I plant."

An omnibus full of Parisian students was making its way along the Rue de Rivoli when a priest in his robes of office joined the party. The students hailed the newcomer with delight, and began at once to tell all the objectionable stories they could recall. The priest spoke not a word till he rose to get out. Then he said, politely: "Au revoir, messieurs." The French "au revoir" means literally, "till we see each other again." One of the students evidently had this in mind when he replied. "Um," he said, "we don't want to meet you again, old dismal!" "But, au revoir," repeated the cure; "we are sure to meet again. I am the chaplain of the Mazas prison."

Once when Sir Charles Hotham, Governor of Victoria, was out driving, his coachman nearly came into collision with a wood carter, an Irishman, in a narrow lane outside Melbourne. The Irishman would not pull off the middle of the road, as he had the heavier load, and, by the rough rule of such things, was thus entitled to keep there. The incensed governor thereupon put his head out of the carriage window and shouted: "Do you know who I am, my man? I'm Sir Charles Hotham, the Governor of Victoria!" "Ye are, are ye?" responded the other. "Well, ye've got a thunderin' foine billet, ould man, an' I'd advise ye to shtick to it!"

When called to take up mission work in Chicago, the late Bishop Whipple found busy railway yards close to his chapel. He asked the chief engineer how to reach railway operatives. "Read Lardner's 'Railway Economy' until you are able to ask a question of an engineer and he not think you a fool." So instructed, he dropped in one day on a group cleaning an engine, and ventured a question: "Which do you like the better, inside or outside connections?" A torrent of discussion followed on connections, steam-heaters, exhausts; and at the end of a half hour he remarked, in leaving: "Boys, I have a free church in Metropolitan Hall, where I should be glad to see you." The next Sunday every man was there.

In order to show the feeling of insecurity of the Czar of all the Russias amongst his subjects, Prince Bismarck related the following anecdote of the Emperor Nicholas: The court physician had prescribed massage for some ailment of the Czar, who, however, was unable to find a single person in his entourage to whom he cared to entrust the task. At his wit's end, he at last applied to Frederick William IV. for a few non-commissioned officers of the Prussian Guard; these were sent, and returned to Berlin after the completion of the rubbing "cure" heavily laden with presents. "So long as I can look my Russians in the face everything is well," Nicholas is reported to have said, "but I will not risk letting them work away at my back."



AN IRISH BULL.—"Judge."

They Left.

"It does me good to see a smart Aleck get the worst of it," said the communicative conductor to the man on the back platform. "There were two of them on my car yesterday, and their game was to scare people into thinking that they were just recovering from smallpox. They talked loudly about it for the benefit of the other passengers, and the more nervous ones, especially the women, began to grow apprehensive.

"'Yes,' said one, 'my case was a pretty bad one, the doctors said.'

"'So was mine,' replied the other fellow. 'It seems good to get out of the Municipal Hospital, doesn't it?'

"'That's what it does,' said the first one.

"Sitting next to them was a man who had been taking it all in. At this point he leaned over and said:

"'Say, when did you fellows get out?'

"'Only yesterday,' loudly answered one of the kiddies.

"'Is that so,' exclaimed the man. 'So did I. What ward were you in?'

"Well, say, those fellows jumped off the car as though it had been struck by lightning."

The Cockade.

THE adoption of the cockade by President Roosevelt for his coachman and footmen has resuscitated the old question: Whose servants are entitled to wear a cockade? As a matter of fact, there is no right nor title to the cockade, but usage has, in England, where the cockade is more common than in any other country, confined it to the servants of the royal household, of the diplomatic corps, of officers of the Army and Navy—including the militia and volunteers—and to servants of justices and deputy lieutenants of counties. According to this unwritten law of custom, neither peers nor other persons of title, except they be royal, can confer the cockade on their servants unless they themselves hold one of the commissions already named. And here comes a strange anomaly: if they occupy a Government position, they can wear a cockade, although their servants cannot.

"Cockade," or, rather, the French equivalent of it, made its first appearance in the phrase "bonnet a la coquarde" of Rabelais. About sixty years after Rabelais's death, Randle Cotgrave, author of the first Anglo-French dictionary, defined "coquarde," now "cocarde," as "a Spanish cappe or fashion of bonnet, used by the most substantial men of yore—also any bonnet or cappe worn proudly or peartly on the side." But the most plausible origin given of the cockade of to-day is that it was derived from the tuft of cock's plumes worn by the Croatian soldiers, who in the seventeenth century served under France, and introduced the cravat to the world of fashion. At any rate, in 1688, men ambitious to become soldiers of France received cockades of paper; hence the expression, "prendre la cocarde," meaning "to enlist." Cockades appear to have fallen into innocuous desuetude, so far as France was concerned, until the Revolution, when the "cocarde tricolor" must have become obligatory, for, just before the fall of Robespierre, arrests were made for not wearing it.

The black cockade, now worn in England, was originally the distinctive badge of the House of Hanover, as the white cockade was that of the House of Stuart. It is said white was adopted by the adherents of the Stuarts because it was the emblem of the kings of France, who supported the Stuarts against the Hanoverians. The cockade worn by servants of the British royal household is a large half-disk which projects above the hat. Servants of naval officers wear a disk not projecting above the hat; those of army officers and other persons considering themselves entitled to carry cockades are fan-shaped, with a button, and they reach above the hat. The cockades of the servants of diplomats are in the colors of the country their masters represent, and many noble houses on the continent of Europe make their servants wear cockades matching their livery in color. When, many years ago, the war as to whose servants were entitled to a cockade was raging in England, the facts discovered were that no orders regulating their use were known to exist, but it was recorded that servants of officers of the London City Light Horse, a volunteer regiment, did not wear them. The conclusion arrived at was that the cockade was originally purely a military distinction; that the reason it was worn by servants of field officers was that, in former days, these servants had served in the army, that it was later adopted by servants who had never been in the army, and afterward by servants of naval officers.

There being no set rule in any country from which we have been in the habit of adopting social customs, it remains for us to follow the law that usage and good form has laid down. They have prescribed that the servants of ambassadors and foreign ministers of the United States abroad shall wear cockades, like the servants of foreign diplomats accredited to this country, the cockades of the coachman and footman giving the carriages a certain right of way. Ambassadors and ministers are entitled to the cockade after they have retired from the diplomatic service. But consuls are not members of the diplomatic service; they are merely commercial agents. Neither our consuls abroad nor consular representatives to this country have the right to the cockade, as consuls. Its adoption by an American citizen who represented a foreign country as consular agent in this city was authorized neither by usage nor good taste. That his family should continue to use it after his death is ridiculous vulgarity. Servants of officers of the United States army and navy, both regular and volunteer, are also entitled to wear the cockade.—Town Topics.

Eggs for The British Museum.

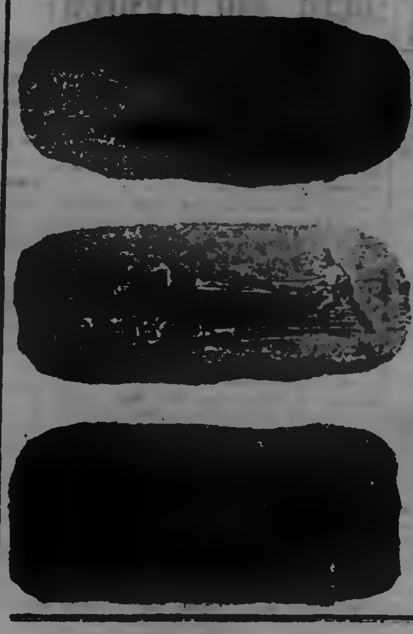
A notice of the collections recently bequeathed by the late Mr. Philip Crowley to the natural history branch of the British Museum appeared a few days ago in the "Times." A very important portion of the bequest is the collection of eggs, from which 16,300 specimens have been added to the series previously possessed by the museum. Among the gems in the Crowley cabinet are an egg of the great auk and one of the extinct pied Labrador duck. Both these specimens were acquired by Mr. Crowley from Canon Tristram. The great auk's egg is one of the last "batch" despatched in 1844 from Iceland to Denmark. The two specimens in the museum previous to this addition were both cracked and in otherwise poor condition. An interesting item in the collection is the number of clutches of eggs of various species of birds with a cuckoo's egg among them. The Crowley collection has added about 15 per cent. to the species of birds represented by their eggs in the museum, the increase being especially marked in Australian forms, in which the national collection was previously weak.

The Conscience Fund.

"I found eighteen umbrellas in the church yesterday," said the sexton to the minister the day after a rainy Sunday. "Oh, well," said the dominie, "take them to my study; they are probably intended as contributions to the conscience fund."—Yonkers "Statesman."

"Daring" Books.

It is women who write "daring" books, and it is women who read them. When once the fair do take their bonnets off they are not content with that; they throw them over the windmills, as the French say. Men do not like this kind of thing. It not only disgusts but bores them. It is a particular kind of woman, usually earnest and very stupid, who enjoys these excesses. Our men, if all this goes on, must provide [illegible] with done to blush behind. We must have the ladies before the [illegible] and [illegible] begin to [illegible].—Andrew Lang in "Longman's Magazine."



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The Lament of the Adult.

IN one of Dickens's novels—those novels which we are tearfully assured nowadays are not in the least funny—an ungrateful brickmaker rejects the little volume which has been brought him, because "it's a book fit for a babby, and I'm not a babby. If you was to leave me a doll, I shouldn't nuss it."

Something of this unchastened spirit stirs within our middle-aged hearts when we read a modern story, or see a modern play. It is probably the nicest kind of a story, and the nicest kind of a play, and if we were only fourteen instead of forty, or fifteen instead of fifty, we should thoroughly enjoy them both. Nothing is better calculated to make us regret our lost youth than fiction and the drama as they exist to-day. With what glorious emotions we should have dilated in childhood over Mr. Crockett's desperate brigands, or Miss Johnston's dauntless heroes. How we should have steeped ourselves—figuratively speaking—in gore, and revelled in romance. Sicilian outlaws, noble Indians, cruel half-breeds, courtly villains and heroines of wild, unearthly beauty—time was when these things made our pulses jump. But now seventeen murders excite us less than one, and duels are no longer the thrilling episodes they were in the happy past. It is hard to grow old, and it is made harder by the fact that nobody, save one's family doctor, has anything to offer to age. We should still like, even at forty or fifty, to be amused, but nobody caters to our amusement. When a veteran actor like Mr. Drew—who ought to sympathise with adults—entertains us with a drama that calls to mind the school plays of happy infancy, and the last act of which must certainly have been written by Miss Edgeworth, we feel that we are indeed friendless in the evening of our lives.

It is cold comfort to be told that the drama is intended for the debutante, and the novel for her younger brothers and sisters. It is even less agreeable to hear it hinted that if we do not like these pure and wholesome performances, it is because we want something evil. Does nothing, then, interest the adult save sin? Are bankers and brewers, anxious mothers and hard-working spinsters indifferent to all but vice? Must we either frolic like lambs—being lambs no longer—or devote ourselves seriously to the meretricious? Life has issues, not wholly unimportant, yet disconnected with love-making of any kind. Men—middle-aged men—desire many things besides their neighbors' wives. Women—middle-aged women—are sometimes strangely indifferent to their neighbors' husbands. We may be pure of heart, yet unable to take pleasure in "The Old Homestead" or "Ben Hur." We may be virtuous and intelligent adults. Will no one write novels and plays for us?—Agnes Repplier in "Life."

Judge Roger S. Greene, for many years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, was eminent not only for his legal attainments, but also for the accuracy of his scholarship and scrupulously correct use of language. A mispronunciation was an offence that he could not permit to pass unnoticed.

In arguing a case before him one day an attorney cited Browne on Carriers, pronouncing the name of the author Brown-ey. The Judge interrupted the argument to give him the correct pronunciation, which he accepted for the moment, but soon relapsed into his error, whereupon the Judge again interrupted with:—

"Mr. ——, that author's name is not pronounced Browney, but Brown. As in the case of many similar words, the final 'e' is silent. There is an 'e' at the end of my name, but you would not call me 'Greeney,' would you?"

"I et depends," instantly replied the lawyer, "on how your Honor decides this case!"—New York Times.

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Any quality or form.

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 2 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—Victoria Day (May 24th) three weeks from to-morrow.

—The open season for trout fishing begins to-day.

—The writs for the elections will be issued on Monday.

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—The chief is after owners of dogs who have not taken out their dog tags.

—A government agent is expected here in a few days, to purchase horses for the British army in South Africa.

—Committee rooms for the use of the Liberal party have been opened in Mr. P. Glover's butcher shop, Ashburnham.

—If it wasn't for elections the working man would never find out the vast number of friends he has among the politicians.

—There are some men in Peterborough looking for prohibition that would not be hurt by a course at a gold cure institute.

—A telephone system is being put in at Havelock. The Standard says a metallic line is being strung to Hastings to connect with the trunk lines.

—Mr. H. G. Buck's new steamer, which will be put on Stony Lake waters, is approaching completion at Hastings. It will be taken by G. T. R. to Lakefield when completed.

—The man with the swelled-head does not suffer so much as those who are compelled to associate with him. We have, fortunately, few of such in Peterborough.

—A joint public meeting of the electors of East Northumberland and East Peterborough will be held in the town hall, Hastings, this evening, when addresses will be delivered by the Hon. F. R. Latchford, Minister of Public Works for Ontario, A. O. Simmons, Wm. Anderson, and others.

—A bad boy found the coat of Caretaker Cooney of Victoria park hanging on a post, and seeing an axe nearby, cut holes in the coat. Mr. Cooney had him up before Police Magistrate Dumble last night, when he was allowed to go after a warning.

—Lindsay Post.—The Str. Sunbeam, purchased by Messrs. Carew & Parker, will arrive in town to-morrow from Lakefield. The craft will be put in shape for the excursion season as soon as possible. We understand that Kirkfield people have chartered it to run an excursion from that village to Lindsay on May 24th.

—A well known boot and shoe man the other day came down from his place of business in the old post office block, to the city hall, and purchased a dog tag. When he got back home his canine had taken a French leave, and has not been seen since. Our friend now has a dog tag for sale cheap.

Furnished House to Rent

239 Charlotte street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

A Wonderful Tonic and Strengthener

Said a druggist to-day, "No doubt about it, the tonic that gives best results is the biggest seller, and that is Ferrozone. It enriches and purifies the blood, restores strength and energy to the feeble, and is a scientific reconstructor that was always popular. In Chlorosis, Anaemia, Tiredness, Languor, Brain Fag, Indigestion and Dyspepsia its action is prompt, and satisfactory cures always follow. Yes, I recommend Ferrozone to my customers because I believe it is the best tonic and strengthening medicine that money can buy." Large boxes cost 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Mr. W. C. T. Boyd, President of the Trent Valley Navigation Co., was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Ed Brown has gone to Preston springs for a few days, to recuperate.

—Hon. G. W. Ross visited Lindsay yesterday and addressed large meetings afternoon and evening.

—Miss Dolly Dutton, charmingly entertained a number of her young friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Dutton, London Street, last night.

—Mr. Robert Porter, of the 12th concession of Manvers, who was trampled on and gorded by a bull on Saturday last, died of his injuries yesterday afternoon.

—Venerable Archdeacon Casey, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday, attending the celebration of the thirteenth anniversary of Bishop O'Connor's consecration.

—The citizens of Peterborough will be pleased to learn that Mr. John Davis, solo clarionetist, lately with the 57th Regt. band, has decided to make Peterborough his home and will be found in the front ranks with the band in their concert this evening.

—Mr. Wm. Barrington, of Hastings, who has been a guest at the National Hotel for several weeks, has accepted the position of wine clerk at Idyl Wyld, the popular Rice Lake resort. Billy's friends will all be pleased to meet him there, especially his friends from Hastings.

—Mr. John Thompson, the energetic Manager of the Dickson Company's Mills at Lakefield, was in town yesterday. He told the Times that he expects to be in full operation about the 15th inst., and will run full swing until the river freezes in the fall.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Scott, who hav sold their beautiful home on Water Street to Mr. Frank Matthews will take their departure for Ottawa next week. Mrs. Scott and family will spend the summer months with Mrs. Scott's mother. Mr. and Mrs. Scott have made many friends in Peterborough in the few months that they have resided here, and their departure is much regretted.

The Late Charles Mills

On Saturday morning last Mr. Chas. Mills, of Emily township, passed away, after an illness extending over a period of seven months, caused by a kick from a horse. The deceased was well known throughout the district, and was highly esteemed. He was a loving husband and father, and a good neighbor. He leaves to mourn his loss, a wife, two sons, George and Charles at home, and six daughters, Mrs. J. H. Harvey, Dauphin, Manitoba, Annie, Lily, Eva, Olive and Florence, at home. The heartfelt sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved relatives.

An Old Picture

The Times was yesterday shown, by Col. H. C. Rogers, an old picture of the Otonabee bridge and part of Ashburnham, taken in 1865 by R. D. Ewing. It was the property of Mr. H. St. Baldwin, who was at that time a teller in the Toronto Bank here, and who generously presented it to the Victoria museum. The picture is an excellent one, and will prove very interesting to the old timers. The bridge, which shows up so plainly in the picture, was of wood, and was burned in 1876.

She Didn't Give It Up

"Robson, do you know why you are lik a donkey?"

"Like a donkey?" echoed Robson, opening his eyes wide. "I don't."

"Because your better half is stubborness itself."

The jest pleased Robson immensely, for he at once saw the opportunity of a glorious dig at his wife. So when he got home he said:

"Mrs. Robson, do you know why I am like a donkey?"

He waited a moment, expecting his wif to give it up. But she didn't. She looked at him somewhat pityingly as she answered: "I suppose it's because you wer born so."

Nicholls Hospital

The following is the report of the Nicholls hospital for the month of April:

No. of patients remaining in the hospital	13
Treated	42
Paid	35
Free	8
From town	28
Other places	15
Cured	38
Improved	2
Died	2

Dr. Scott, attending physician for the month. Attending on private patients, Drs. Boucher, Halliday, Pigeon, Greer, Carmichael, Brown, McCollough, Young and Bradd.

Another Original Bard

Peterborough has at least six poets, without counting Mr. John W. Garvin or the junior reporter on this great family journal, each of whom will some day leave a name to literature. But we have still another, as will be seen by the following stanzas, selected from 22 which were sent for insertion in this g. f. j. The writer does not disclose his name, no doubt for good and sufficient reasons. At the risk of breaking the press, or causing heart failure amongst our millions of readers we let her go:

Oh, let our lives be good and pure—
Clear-sounding as a bell;
For heaven's sake, good people,
Let us not go to hell!

For there is fire and brimstone,
And more than I can tell,
Oh, may no engine switch me off
Upon the road to hell!

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A STRAIGHT QUESTION

And as Straight an Answer as we Can Possibly Give

Yesterday the Times was asked the following question:

"Is the Times a Grit newspaper?"

If the consistent and unvarying advocacy of principles that go to make the country prosperous and happy is meant, then the Times is a Grit newspaper.

But if it is the consistent and unvarying support of every nomination and every rascal in office that makes a Grit, then the Times is not a Grit newspaper.

VICTORIA DAY

Falls on Saturday and Market Day will Probably be Friday

Mr. Robert Fair, President of the Retail Merchants' Protective Association, has written the following letter to the Mayor and Council. The matter will come up at the meeting of the Council on Monday night:

To the Mayor and Aldermen of the Town of Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—On account of Victoria day falling on Saturday this year I have been requested on behalf of the Retail Merchants' Association to respectfully suggest to your body the propriety of making Friday, the 23rd of May the regular market day for that week, instead of Saturday.

In order to avoid any misunderstanding as to the date it is also suggested that the Town Clerk be requested to issue a public announcement regarding the change, for the information of farmers and others interested. I am sure that the newspapers of the town will also co-operate in announcing the change so that the first anniversary of our departed Queen may be fittingly commemorated and the celebration of the day held under as favorable conditions as possible. Yours Respectfully,

ROBERT FAIR,
President Retail Merchants' Association.

A PRETTY HOME WEDDING

Nuptials of Mr. Andrew Graham and Miss Mabel L. Armstrong

A very pretty wedding took place on Wednesday last, at the residence of Mr. John Penrose, 432 Sherbrooke st., when Miss Mabel Lillian, daughter of the late Christopher Armstrong, Esq., of Toronto, was united in marriage to Mr. Andrew Graham, of Messrs. E. Brown & Co., grocers, town. About 75 guests were present, and the ceremony was performed beneath a beautiful evergreen arch, in which tiny candles sparkled with brilliant effect.

The bride was assisted by Miss Letty Armitage, of Oakwood, and Mr. Jas. Fowler, of North Monaghan, performed a similar duty for the groom. The bride, who was given away by her cousin, Mr. Penrose, wore a veil, fastened with a pearl crescent and lilies of the valley. Her charming gown was of cream silk trimmed with applique and chiffon and her boquet, of white roses. The bridesmaid wore a becoming gown of nun's veiling trimmed with chiffon, and carried pink roses. Two pretty little maids of honor, Miss Flossie Armitage and Miss Myrtle Penrose, were dressed in white silk and carried baskets of flowers. Rev. D. O. Crowley tied the nuptial knot. The wedding march was played by Miss Maud Penrose.

After the ceremony a sumptuous wedding breakfast was served in the dining hall, where decorations of evergreens and Chinese lanterns were very artistic and much admired.

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful gifts, the groom's present being a beautiful diamond brooch with pearl setting.

Friends were present at the wedding from Toronto, Shelbourne, Lindsay, Boston, Campbellford and Cavanville. Mr. and Mrs. Graham will reside at 436 Sherbrooke street. The Times extends its hearty congratulations.

READY TO CHANGE BEDFELLOWS

How a Little Peterborough Lad Figured it Out

There is a bright little lad living not far from George Street Methodist Church if the following be true, which is vouched for by his father.

The other night little Tommie had been put to bed alone. It was upstairs, and the thunder rolled and lightening flashed unmercifully. He lay quietly until he could no longer stand it and then his little nightgowned figure appeared at the head of the stairs.

"Ma!" he cried.

"Yes, my son," came the calm rejoinder.

"I'm afraid, ma. It thunders so and I'm all alone."

"Go, back to bed, Tommie," came his mother's voice. "Don't you know nothing can hurt you?"

Tommie went back to bed, but not to stay.

"Ma!" he cried again, and this time the little figure was half way downstairs.

"Tommie," called his mother, "don't you know I have told you nothing can hurt you, God is always with you?"

"Then, ma," and this time there came an audible sniff from the weeping Tommie "you come up and sleep with God and let me sleep with pa."

For Your Welfare

You are Urged to Make Health Building your First Work for this Month

Paine's Celery Compound

PUTS YOU IN CONDITION TO WITHSTAND THE ENERVATING EFFECTS OF A HOT SUMMER

If you are ailing, sick or diseased, it is our earnest desire to interest you in your own perfect welfare. We try to do this by simply urging you to make health building your first work this month, as efforts to banish disease are much more difficult when, in addition to physical sufferings, you are obliged to contend with the enervating effects of a hot summer. Medical men know well that a sick person when treated with the proper medicine in May, has a much better chance for life and health than is possible in July or August.

The incalculable amount of good that Paine's Celery Compound is now doing in making sick people well, should compel the attention of every thinking man and woman now in sickness and suffering.

Faulty nutrition of the nervous system is the direct cause of nervous debility, headaches, dyspepsia and neuralgia—ailments that thousands are now suffering from. When people have blood that is pale, watery and full of impurities, their nerves cannot assimilate food properly and derive nourishment from it.

Paine's Celery Compound used in May cleanses the blood, begets greater nerve force, regulates the stomach and bowels, arouses a healthy appetite and brings about a normal action of the dormant liver. Paine's Celery Compound in every case gives a positive and permanent cure. It is the most thoroughly honest medicine that rundown and sickly men and women can employ. Its life-giving effect on nerves and blood is truly marvellous.

MR. STRATTON AND TEMPERANCE

The Times, though like all other sensible authorities it deplores, and would welcome any means to decrease, the admitted great evils of the intemperate use of strong drink, does not take much stock in prohibitory legislation as a means to seek such an end. But it has great respect for thousands of honest people who believe in prohibition, and believes that if the temperance people of Ontario want to make a trial of it they have a right to the opportunity of doing so. We don't believe in the high price of beef, but if we eat it we have to pay the price. We don't believe very much in prohibition, but if the people say we must have it, what the people say goes.

In this connection the attitude of the respective candidates now before the electors, is interesting, and it strikes The Times that the published reply given by Mr. Stratton to the "test" questions submitted is reasonable, and we think his position on prohibition should appeal to every reasonable elector. His course is the manly course, though the merit of this may be lessened by the fact that it is the only course he could consistently take. He is a member of the Ross Government, which has, in answer to the request of the temperance people, placed a prohibitory law upon the statute book—the best the Province has power to pass, and the Government has provided that the people shall have a chance to say whether they want it or not. This opportunity is presented through the referendum. This is objected to by many as requiring too large a vote, but The Times thinks that a prohibitory law to be any good—to be any better than that champion farce, the Scott Act, must have a thumping big majority to back it; otherwise it will do more harm than good, and will do less to help moral reform than a good license law, such as we now have. The present license law, as Mr. Stratton showed, is a good one, and has done much to lessen, not only drunkenness, but the chances to cultivate drunkenness. The Government of which Mr. Stratton is a member has done much to improve the drinking habits of the people by license law improvement, and it has done all that could be expected of it in giving the people a chance to have prohibition if they want it. If we can't get a good big majority for prohibition then the country is not ripe for it, and it would do more harm than good.

Major Miller, who was made the temperance and prohibition candidate yesterday is in a queer position. He is, at the same time, a prohibition candidate and the supporter of a party with a leader who opposes prohibition, and if he can turn two such sharp curves without upsetting he is cut out for a successful politician. Major Miller is rather too good a temperance man; he rather overdraws it. He subscribed to the cast-iron pledge out and out—he will support any temperance measure, no matter how labelled, though it may be introduced by a crank and if passed prove impracticable, and an actual injury to temperance. Mr. Anderson and Dr. Ford don't go it blind quite so strongly as Mr. Miller. They reserve a little play for their judgment, and will support such temperance measures as are good in their eyes. We should have temperance in drinking, eating and talking as well. It is possible to go a little too far in the anxiety to catch votes. If the Province ever gets workable prohibition it will be owing to moderate, rather than extreme, action.

DELAREY'S MEN MEET

London, April 30—There is no truth in the reports circulated in the United States to-day that General Delarey, with three Boer commandoes, has surrendered to the British in South Africa. The War Office received despatches from Lord Kitchener to-day, but he made no mention of surrenders. Operators on the Stock Exchange were busy with peace rumors, but they were all very intangible. Two Boer commandoes were said to have surrendered. This, later, was supplemented by the New York report that Delarey and three commandoes had given themselves up. As a matter of fact, Delarey arrived at Klerksdorp April 24, and his commandoes, under Kemp, were arranging to hold a meeting westward of that place during the present week.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

BUILD UP ONTARIO!

Mass Meeting

In the interests of

THE ROSS GOVERNMENT

IN BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE, ON

Thursday, May 8th,

will be addressed by

HON. J. R. STRATTON,
Liberal Candidate, Provincial Secretary

HON. R. HARCOURT,
Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,
Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

C. H. ROGER, Sec'y W.R.R.A.
PETER HAMILTON, Pres. W.R.R.A.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA

WELLAND CANAL

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for substructure of Bridge," will be delivered at this office until 16 o'clock on Monday 5th May, 1902, for the substructure of the new Bridge at Marlatt's Crossing of the old Welland Canal.

Plans and specifications of the work may be seen on and after Wednesday, 23rd, April, 1902, at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Welland Canal, St. Catharines where forms of tender may be obtained.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, of the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for the sum of $540 must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary

Department of Railways and Canals.
Ottawa, 23rd April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender, will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 15th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.
Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

WEATHER NOTES

Probs to-day—Fresh or strong easterly winds; fair; stationary or a little higher temperature.

Fair weather is at present indicated for Ontario and Quebec, but on the lakes the winds are likely to become fresh or strong from the eastward, increasing on Lake Superior to moderate gales.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers

A GOOD GUIDE	TO A	GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 40c
Smocks, at............90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine

Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above Sea

Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

Increase You Business

—BY HAVING—

Efficient Telephone Facilities

We will quote you rates on a Private Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

The Bell Telephone Co'y
OF CANADA, LTD

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.35 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

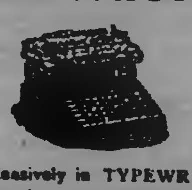
A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough —>

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

TYPEWRITERS



I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

Canvasser

—WANTED—

to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS INK, 10 Spruce St., New York

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

Everybody reads the Times.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $30 to $50 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moore & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.—owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 35c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Mason Building Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED FOR PETERBOROUGH; six intelligent ladies or gentlemen, who are willing to canvass in the best business of to-day. Three for Lakefield; three for Omemee; three for Millbrook; three for also here; three for Monaghan; three for Keene; three for Norwood; one for Warsaw. Guaranteed salary $30 to $75 per month. Address Box 666, Peterborough.

YOUNG MAN WANTED to learn barber trade. A good opening for a bright, intelligent young man. Apply to David Hall, Snowdon House Barber Shop.

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONDITION and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Situations Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

OL. 28 NO. 103 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 3 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

A NEW CONSTITUTION FOR RUSSIAN EMPIRE

Rumor that the Czar Will Give the People Political Freedom

HAD BEEN APPROVED BY THE CZAR'S FATHER

Gen. Melikoff'S Scheme for a Representative Assembly Presented Some Years Ago May be Revived

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—It is reported here that Czar Nicholas will shortly make a pronouncement giving the Russian Empire a Constitution on the lines of the reform scheme drawn up some years ago by the late Gen. Louis Melikoff, Minister of the Interior to the Czar's father.

Gen. Loris Melikoff, whom Czar Alexander II, had appointed Supreme Executive at St. Petersburg during the troublous times in the year preceding the Czar's assassination, and who was later made Minister of the Interior, proposed to the new Czar, in 1881, a plan for establishing a representative Assembly. The project had received the approval of Czar Alexander before his death, and it was the first business of importance to which Melikoff directed the attention of Czar Nicholas. Melikoff's plan was for an Elective Redaction Commission to be chosen by the nobles, the cities and the rural magistracies for a revision of the public laws.

The questions which the representative assembly was to consider were the solution of the agrarian question by means of reductions of the purchase money for the peasants' lands and of the land taxes; the restoration of certain powers to the municipal and rural authorities and the enlargement of their sphere of activity; the cessation of the repressive policy in Poland and the other border lands; and the reform of all the local administrations from the communal up to the provincial governments.

Coupled with this scheme of an embryo Parliament was a plan for rendering the Ministers responsible in a greater degree and insuring their more harmonious action. According to the rules, every decision of the Cabinet Council must be by a unanimous vote, and, failing of this, the question must be submitted to the Czar. After his decision the Ministers whose votes had been over-ruled were expected to resign. Any Minister who had submitted these projects to the Council of Ministers which had been rejected was also expected to resign.

The proposition of Melikoff reached the stage of discussion by the Ministerial Council in a meeting called for the purpose. The plan for a representative assembly was disapproved by a majority as a reform which savored too much of a Constitution. The plan as affecting the Council was approved. A few days later a reactionary manifesto of the Czar, on May 11 1881, put an end to all of Melikoff's plans for reform.

TO DREDGE THE RIVER

A Strong Deputation Wait on Hon. Mr. Tarte at Ottawa

A strong deputation from town, headed by Mayor D[illegible], waited on the Minister of Public Works on Wednesday, and urged that the river be dredged from the Little Lake to the Cereal Company's building. The deputation consisted of His Worship Mayor Denne, T. A. S. Hay, Town Engineer, R. Stuart, of the American Cereal Co., and Mr. Richards, the Traffic Manager of the same. At Ottawa the deputation was joined by Hon. Senator Cox, Mr. Douglass and Mr. Keefer of the Cereal Company.

Hon. Senator Cox, Mayor Denne and Mr. R. Stuart addressed the Minister, and were attentively listened to.

Hon. Mr. Tarte, in reply, assured them that the work would be undertaken, and more than this, that it would be commenced at once. He was deeply impressed with the importance of the work, and saw nothing to prevent it being accomplished.

Later on in the evening, Senator Cox was assured that arrangements had been made for the work to proceed forthwith.

How to Beautify the Complexion

To have a soft, smooth skin, free from eruptions and pimples, the blood must be healthy and pure. Ferrozone invigorates enfeebled blood, and cleanses it of all impurities and poisons; it brings color to the lips and cheeks, brilliancy to the eyes, whitens the teeth and sweetens the breath. No tonic compares with Ferrozone in rapid action and permanent results. Try it. Price 50c, at druggists, or Ormond and Walsh.

MR. GREEN'S ENTERPRISE.

Great Improvements Made in His Machine Shop and Factory.

Mr. G. Waller Green, the progressive and enterprising Pump and Windmill manufacturer, on Macdonnell street, has made great improvements in his works during the past year or so. The principal change has taken place in the western portion of the building, where the blacksmith shop and storage rooms were situated. This department has been entirely remodelled and fitted up in a very convenient manner with labour-saving machinery for boring and turning pumps. Additional new devices have been installed, so that in this section Mr. Green can now boast of having a most complete equipment for turning out work more rapidly than heretofore. The machine shop has also been overhauled and put into condition for more efficient service. Mr. Green reports business unusually brisk. He has just erected a fine Brantford New Imperial Steel Mill at Gore's Landing for Capt. Harris. This mill has a 70 foot tower and 12 foot wheel, and is capable of forcing water through 2000 feet of piping.

A Good Quarter Dollar's Worth

Is contained in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, which cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Toothache, Headache, Cramps, Sick Stomach and Indigestion. Mothers find Nerviline is first class liniment for children's sore throat, hoarseness, cold in the chest, and taken in hot water before retiring is a splendid remedy for colds. Don't be without Nerviline; it is the most economical, potent and reliable household liniment made, and costs only 25c.

SUPPLY DEPOT OF THE WORLD

Canada Destined to Supply the United States and Europe with Paper

WATER POWER AND SPRUCE

Prospectus of a New Paper Company Contains Rich Food for Reflection

The Shareholder, a leading financial paper in Montreal, has a strong article on the pulp and paper industry in Canada, and says:

The exceptional advantages which Canada enjoys in relation to pulp material for the manufacture of paper, the inexhaustible supply of raw material, the excellence and availability of her water supply and its ready applicability for use as a motive power, offer strong inducements to capitalists desirous of seeking investment in profitable undertakings. That Canada can supply all the quarters of the globe with paper, on conditions in no way inferior, but in many superior, to competing countries, is a well established fact, and justifies the expectation that this industry, which is already in a thriving condition, will yet become, and that at no distant day, one of the leading and most profitable industries of the country. As demand regulates the supply, and as the demand for the product of pulpwood has virtually no limit, the future is increasingly promising for this industry. It is highly desirable that the material should be manufactured in this country, and, then only, exported in the finished state. If other countries can manufacture our raw material to advantage that is all the more reason why we should see to it that the benefit they derive should be kept here. We are gratified, therefore, to know that efforts are being put forth to accomplish this desirable result, and we believe that these efforts will meet with that success which they deserve. Among the most recent enterprises in this direction is the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company (limited) which has been organized to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of Pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, where it is confidently believed that these products can be manufactured equally economically, if not more so, than in any other place in America. The company proposes to manufacture for export trade, and the position of its works on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without transhipment, an advantage the value of which cannot be too highly estimated. In order to enable the company to complete the additional necessary works and secure sufficient capital it now offers for sale $850,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preference stock at par, payable 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months, 25 per cent. four months, and a like sum six months after allotment. The prospectus fully sets out the objects contemplated, while the composition of the Board of Directors is a strong guarantee of the faith that experienced, practical business men have in the success of the undertaking. The investor seeking remunerative employment for his idle capital will find rich food for reflection in the statements contained in the prospectus issued by the company.

GENERAL BOER MEETING

Pretoria, May 1 — The general meeting of the Boer leaders, at which a final decision on the subject of the peace negotiations is expected, will take place at Vereeniging, Transvaal, May 15.

It is officially asserted that subsequent to the deliberations of the Boer leaders at Vereeniging, they will proceed to Pretoria, and deliver to Lord Kitchener their decision in regard to the peace terms they are prepared to accept.

GENERAL DELAREY A GREAT LEADER

Traits of the Boer Who Made Lord Methuen Prisoner.

KNEW EVERY INCH OF COUNTRY

Instances of His Keen Military Insight—Got Away When Cronje Was Trapped—Of Huguenot Descent and Deeply Religious—Praise From Foe.

London, May 3.—It was a characteristic act of Commandant Delarey that he sent his fallen antagonist back to Klerksdorp to be attended to as soon as he found that Gen. Methuen was fit to be moved. The possession in his hands of a live British General was not calculated to disturb the clear judgment of this remarkable descendant of the old French Huguenots and lead him into personal reprisals.

A record of the strategy and tactics of J. H. Delarey, the prosperous landowner and leader of the burghers of Lichtenburg for many years of peace, would probably furnish the most valuable matter for scientific students of warfare that is to be found on either side in the South African struggle. But apart from a military genius that recalls the personality of some of his ancestral compatriots in the first French Republic, there is another side to Delarey as a man.

When the Boers struck their first blow in the western campaign by capturing the British armored train on the Mafeking line and occupying Vryburg, the Boer operations were directed by Delarey. When Vryburg, which lies out in the flat, wholly unsheltered and was an easy capture, found itself without a constituted government, the neutrals began to help themselves freely to the household furniture of the British residents, who hurried south into Cape Colony.

Delarey himself moved south with his Lichtenburg commando, collecting burghers as he went, and held the railway south of Kimberly. But as soon as he learned that proceedings which were not in accord with his sense of the art of war had followed the Boer occupation he ordered every stick of property in Vryburg to be returned to its rightful owner, and at once set up a municipal system which was found working in perfect order eight months afterward, when the overwhelming numbers and widespread disposition of Lord Roberts's columns moving north necessitated a Boer movement back into the middle Transvaal.

It was he who overruled Piet Cronje when the older man insisted on sticking to the old style of fighting, seeking the hillsides and from improved stone schanzes using the purchase of the higher positions to throw back attackers, as had been successfully done in the Kaffir wars. Delarey said:

"No; they will assume that we are on the kopje. Let us go somewhere else."

He had his way at Magersfontein, when he moved the Boer front line forward and to the left into the long, low bank of roughflat, away from the big hill, and thereby trapped the Highlanders. How right he was may be judged by the fact that Lord Methuen poured lyddite all the previous afternoon on the hillside, where it subsequently appeared there was nobody.

Again when Gen. French struck round to the east for the relief of Kimberley, Delarey was against Cronje's plan of falling back along the Modder, and the Lichtenburg man got his commando away north to Boshof, taking with him the big gun that had been turned against Methuen's camp at the Modder for the previous two months. He also got away the Boer siege guns outside Kimberley and took them all up to his new base without a casualty.

His habitually accurate reasoning led to Delarey's being frequently taken away from his western Transvaalers to devise positions for other Boer leaders.

Since the British occupation of the railway line and the stretching out of the block house system have made personal meetings among the Boer leaders more difficult, he has remained in the western Transvaal, of which—excepting the towns—he is still practically master.

He is a humane, companionable man, not at all cynical, otherwise his release of Methuen might have been accompanied by the expression of an earnest wish that they might again meet soon in battle.

Before the war Delarey was a leader among the liberal Transvaalers and not on very cordial terms with the Pretoria Government. He is an older man than Christian De Wet or Louis Botha, is as deeply religious as his Huguenot forbears and has great personal influence among the country Boers, who in the west of the Transvaal include a large proportion of men of his race.

SUSPICIOUS OF THE GREAT SHIP DEAL

The Reassuring Statements Not Accepted by the British People

REAL PURPOSE OF AGREEMENT

Think the Motive is Hidden, and that the Combination is Merely a Pooling of Interests and not a Merger

Special to The Times.

London, May 3.—The Liverpool Express says that there has been no sale of British ships to Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan's syndicate, and it asserts that the combination is not adverse to British interests. The combination is formed on a basis of the normal capital of the companies and of the individual value of each boat, cargo vessels and passenger vessels being valued separately. With regard to companies which are not in the combination, provision is made by which they may come in at any time on similar terms, all that is necessary being an increase of the nominal capital.

The Westminster Gazette remarks that the combination, as now explained, is really a pooling arrangement. There will be no competition at the ports with which particular lines have been identified. There has been no sale of shares, simply an exchange. The name of the new corporation will, says the Gazette, be announced in a few days, and the promised circular will then be issued by the companies concerned.

Sir J. C. Colomb will on Thursday put a question in the House of Commons to Mr. Gerald Balfour, President of the Board of Trade, asking whether the Admiralty, before adopting in 1887 the policy of subsidizing merchant vessels with a view to retaining them for war purposes, consulted the Board of Trade as to the probable effects of depriving the carrying trade, in the event of war, of those vessels best able to escape capture by an enemy.

The Pall Mall Gazette to-day says that the feeling of alarm occasioned in this country by the announcement of the shipping combination is giving way in London to an opinion that it is not too late to organize hostilities by which the completion of the deal may be prevented. It is not to be inferred that any attempt is being made to form a rival trust, but the companies which have kept aloof from the movement are prepared to memorialize the Government urging it to veto the proposed scheme if possible, or to pass a special act by which British ports shall not remain open to vessels run by the trust.

The Pall Mall Gazette adds that there is little doubt that action on these lines would have the approval of the people of the country, who feel that the methods of commercial warfare now attempted are unfair. Much depends upon the action of the Cunard company. Should that company elect to join the trust, the best authorities believe that sufficient pressure can be brought to bear to frustrate the whole deal and to save British shipping from what is nothing less than a great disaster.

MARRIED IN HASTINGS

Nuptials of Mr. James Ryan, of Town, to Miss Lena Lynch, Asphodel

In St. Mary's church, Hastings, on Wednesday last, the marriage was solemnized of Miss Lena Lynch, eldest daughter of Mr. Michael Lynch, of Asphodel, and Mr. Jas. Ryan, of Peterborough. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. McGuire. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Bessie Lynch, and Mr. Foley, of Keene, was best man.

After the ceremony a reception was tendered the newly wedded couple at the home of the bride's father. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan will take up their home in Westwood.

The Day of Miracles not Past

A Toronto "Star" reporter investigated the case of Mr. Geo. Warner, and found that after thirteen years of almost total deafness, he had been cured by inhaling Catarrhozone.

This proves that where Catarrhozone treatment is employed, impaired hearing and deafness can be cured. Catarrhozone always brings quick relief, and is warranted to give lasting satisfaction. All sufferers from impaired Hearing, Deafness, Head Noises and Ringing in the Ears are advised to inhale Catarrhozone and derive the great benefit it is capable of affording. Price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

GEN. DE WET IS URGING THE BOERS TO GIVE UP

Frankly Admits that It Would be Useless for the Boers to Keep Up the Struggle

THE BOFRS TO BALLOT FOR PEACE OR WAR

200 Representatives of Commandoes to Meet at Vereeniging on May 15—Government is Silent

London, Friday, May 2—A despatch to the Central News from Pretoria says that at the meeting of Boers at Vereeniging on May 15 representatives from every commando, numbering 200, will be present. It is probable that the final vote on the question of peace or war will be taken by ballot.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Standard says he understands that the meetings of the Boers have thus far shown a majority in favor of peace, though possibly some of the irreconcilables may hold out, however generous the terms offered.

A despatch to the Telegraph from Pretoria says that the Boer leaders are certainly placing the issue before the burghers plainly and without reservation. General DeWet is moving everywhere among his people setting forth the facts most honorably. He has frankly stated that in his opinion the struggle is now hopeless, and that the British terms are reasonable and generous.

GOVERNMENT IS SILENT

London, May 1.— In the House of Commons this afternoon Mr. A. J. Balfour said there was no information in possession of the Government in regard to the prospect of peace in South Africa that he could impart to the House. The Cabinet will meet to-morrow.

WILL MEET KITCHENER

London, May 1 — It is officially asserted that subsequent to the deliberations of the Boer leaders at Vereeniging, they will proceed to Pretoria and deliver to Lord Kitchener their decision in regard to the peace terms they are prepared to accept.

Ottawa, Ont., May 1—A cable to His Excellency announces that Troopers Kr[illegible], of Palmerston, and McClinchey, of Montreal, both of the South African Constabulary, reported missing from Klerksdorp since March 27th, have rejoined.

WAS TWICE CAPTURED

Ottawa, May 1 — A letter dated Klerksdorp, March 27, was received this week, telling of the doings of the 2nd C.M.R. It says: "We started at daybreak to drive the country back towards Klerksdorp. Soon after starting we killed two Boers and captured 22. By noon we had captured a few more; also a Boer convoy, with one transport of pom-pom ammunition. Our horses were played out. On that account some of our men fell behind our column. Dr. Jackson, of Ottawa, lost his rifle and stopped to look for it. He was captured by the Boers, and his horse and saddle taken from him. He had only been released two hours when he was recaptured by four Boers and stripped of watch, money, boots, pants, and coat. They gave him a pair of cotton pants and a pair of low shoes. After he was released he wandered around till he found his way to the L. H. lines. There they gave him a pair of pants and something to eat, and allowed him to ride on their transport till they reached our camp. On the whole our drive was very successful, capturing 135 and quite a number killed, also capturing 1,200 head of cattle, two large guns, three pom-poms, 50 rifles, a wagon load of ammunition, a number of horses and mules, and 26 transport wagons. Our loss was four killed and twelve wounded."

POPE MAY LIVE A CENTURY.

Leo's Health, Vitality and Mental Clearness a Marvel

An American who Visited His Holiness Speaks of the Wonderful Old Man

New York, May 3.—W. Bourke Cockran, who finds the sea his best physician, got home yesterday from Europe on the Kron prinz Wilhelm. He was gone just five weeks on this trip, spending a week in Rome, three days in London, one in Paris and the rest in travel. In Rome he had an audience with Pope Leo.

"I think it quite possible that the Pope will live to be 100 years old," said Mr. Cockran. "His health, vitality, clearness of mind and intellectual grasp make one of God's marvels. He received me on Tuesday of my stay in Rome.

"Those to whom the Pope gives an audience find him in a little room at the Vatican. An attendant throws open the doors, you enter and the name is announced. The attendant did not catch my name correctly, and announced 'Signor Bourke.' Instantly the Pope corrected him.

"'No, it is Signor Bourke Cockran,' he said, and remarked that it was two years since we had met. That was the only error of memory I discovered. It was five years since I had the privilege of an audience.

"He referred several times to subjects we had discussed at that earlier meeting. There was no noticeable change in his voice; his eye was as keen as five years ago. Indeed, I came away with the impression that the Pope is in better health than he was then. When our interview was at an end he received a pilgrimage of Hungarians.

"On the following Thursday I was one of 40,000 people who saw him go to St. Peter's to celebrate mass. He was carried to the cathedral in his sedan chair, and took his accustomed place at the altar behind the main altar of the church. We saw him personally receive 200 persons and later, as he passed the Cardinals, he greeted each one with a word or a question.

"The ordeal of the morning would have tired a vigorous man of fifty. The Pope's exhibition of endurance was significant of the unwaning vitality of his body and his brain. He will outlive some of the present candidates for the chair of St. Peter.

"I know that many people believe that the stories of the Pope's vigor are mere fiction—that he is on the verge of the grave. I shall not be surprised if the Pope I saw rounds out a century."

Mr. Cockran said that the Pope asked questions about America and the progress of the American Church.

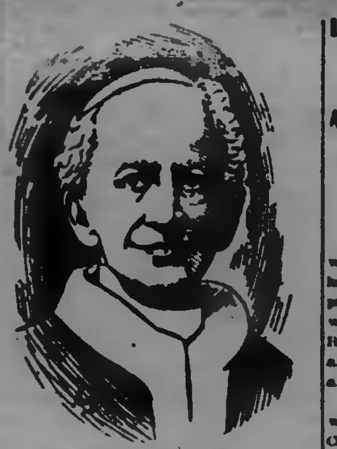
One of Mr. Cockran's first acts on reaching his office was to inquire for the health of Archbishop Corrigan, of whose illness he had learned on shipboard. He had something to say, too, about the Beef Trust.

"No trust which advances prices can survive," said he. "A combination which lowers prices may be tolerable. It [illegible]

Three Vessels Lost

Special to The Times.

Dunkirk, May 2.—News has been received here that [illegible] fishing fleet [illegible] have been lost.



Pope Leo XIII.

ENLISTED IN CANADA

Over 8,000 Men Have Enlisted for the South African War

Special to The Times.

Ottawa, May 2 — Since the declaration of war in South Africa, the Canadian enlistment has been as follows:

Royal Canadian Regiment	1,150
1st Canadian Mounted Rifles	388
Royal Canadian Dragoons	630
The Strathcona Horse	597
South African Constabulary	1,208
Halifax Garrison Regiment	1,004
2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles	905
Field Hospital Corps	63
3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Canadian Mounted Rifles, say	2,000
Total	[illegible]

Married in Hamilton

The Hamilton Herald contains the following reference to the marriage of Mr. Chas. H. Mann, formerly of town: At the residence of the groom, 230 Hughson street north, Rev. W. F. Wilson, of the First Methodist church, spoke the words which joined together, Chas. H. Mann of Hamilton, and Miss M. E. Bustin, in the bonds of holy matrimony. Miss Aggie H. Mann, sister of the groom, assisted the bride, while the groom was ably supported by Prof. A. E. Randell. After the ceremony was performed, a dainty repast was partaken of, and the evening was enjoyably spent in music and games. Mr. and Mrs. Mann have the best wishes of their many friends for a happy and successful wedded life.

The Palace Cafe

No matter what else happens, the proposition that we have to eat to live is true. And it being true, naturally calls for a desire on the part of the eater to find the most satisfactory place to dine. The reason the public has long since decided that the Palace restaurant, next door to this great family journal, is the best place is because all the requirements are met there. The service, the food, the [illegible]

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

How Things Are.

Whitney will not look at Prohibition; Ross looks at it through compensation spectacles, costing forty millions of dollars. The Prohibitionists look at it while they look for office, and the people look at it in amazement. Drop it, gentlemen and women. Don't you see the country's laughing at you? Prohibition is dead—now bury it and let us go and have something. The liquor men at least know how to behave themselves.

LEYDS CONTINUES TO THREATEN

A Man who Never Once Despaired of Success Says There will be Several Republics

London, May 3—The Star says: Dr. Leyds should certainly be invited to step up and get the first prize for optimism. He has never once despaired of success in South Africa. The brutal Kitchener could not frighten him by shooting Boers, far, far away from the safe committee rooms of Europe.

And now, when it is understood that even the fighting burghers have yielded to the inevitable and abandoned any hope of maintaining the independence of the late twin republics, Dr. Leyds comes forward with a confident prophecy that there will be "several republics" [illegible] north; but the indomitable Doctor [illegible]

HOW IS YOUR APPETITE?
IF IT IS WEARIED AND WEAK
USE
Malt Breakfast Food

Experience strongly maintains the statement that a very large number of people—young and old—go to the breakfast table each morning with wearied, weak and unhealthy appetites.

Uncertain and weak morning appetites are produced by the use of foods of a heavy, rich and starchy nature that call for too great an expenditure of energy in the work of digestion. Oatmeal, cracked wheat, hominy and the ordinary breakfast foods are responsible for many a poor and unhealthy appetite.

Malt Breakfast Food made from the choicest strength-giving Wheat and the purest healthgiving Malt, [illegible]

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which we publish, for free distribution. Our

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issued gratis every afternoon assists the operator to a wonderful degree, in his endeavor to profitably catch the turns of the market.

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W. F. NELSON, Peterborough.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per annum, and to outside points at [illegible] per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 3, 1902.

THE PHILIPPINE ATROCITIES.

General J. H. Smith, of the United States army, has pleaded guilty to ordering his men "to kill and burn and make Samar a howling wilderness; to kill all over ten years old." In the face of such a terrible admission, coupled with the evidence of subordinate officers that the order was carried out, even the shocking revelations of the torture of thousands of Filipinos by the "water cure" sink into comparative insignificance. The eyes of the civilized world will turn upon the United States inquiringly to see what that nation proposes to do with a general officer who admits the responsibility for atrocities which scarcely find a parallel in civilized warfare. The wholesale denunciation by a section of the American press of the humane and paternal conduct of the war by the British in South Africa will not make it any easier for the government to purge themselves of the odium of a state of affairs in their own campaign which is not an isolated instance of cruelty but a mere incident of a policy of ruthless extermination towards their enemies which, according to sworn testimony of their own soldiers, has been in progress for two years or more. The United States press was apparently so busy exploiting the mote in the eye of John Bull that it quite ignored the beam in that of Uncle Sam. But what is to be said of the government which must have had cognizance of these proceedings in the Philippines for a long time past and is only now taking tardy action? The orders under which these reported atrocities were practised must have existed in writing, and, in the natural order of things, would come to the attention of the chief officers of the government at Washington long before the matter was brought to the attention of the world through the revelations before congressional committees and from evidence in military courts strangely convened to punish subordinates for executing orders issued by a general commanding a department.

ABOUT FLYING.

We have heard with great interest a few days ago Lord Kelvin confirm the opinion expressed by The Times after Santos-Dumont's first flight that his system was useless. A flying machine occupying a thousand times the bulk of the man it carries, and of gossamer-like material, shows a practical absurdity.

There is another factor in sight, however, which, while this great family journal cannot believe that it will ever make the Santos-Dumont form of airship practicable, is at least worthy of consideration.

We are already telegraphing without wires. We shall doubtless witness before long the wireless transmission of electrical power. When that is perfected, the power-making part of the present balloon engine, which constitutes, of course, the greater part of its weight, can be dispensed with, and the machinery to work the airship's driving propellers can be kept going from some station on the land. And the same energy applied to another set of propellers might make the machine rise so as to do away with the balloon.

This g.f.j. respectfully submits this suggestion to Lord Kelvin.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The cry of the Conservatives, "We've been too long out of power."

• • • •

Though Rev. Dr. Talmage is dead, for about two weeks and though he was incapable of doing work for weeks before this and [illegible], his weekly "sermons" continue to appear in the papers which like to print that sort of stuff. His syndicate still lives, it would seem.

• • • •

Is there any other little matter, in the heavens above, or in the earth beneath or in the waters under the earth, the John Charlton would like to take under his protective wing? Now that he has told Lord Salisbury how to treat the Boers and has been himself told by the House of Commons to try to mind his own business [illegible] negotiations between Kitchener and [illegible] Burger reach a conclusion. John [illegible] be [illegible] until he finds a new [illegible]

For Stockmen.

Farm Butter Making.

At the recent convention of the Illinois Dairy Association W. R. Hostetter, one of the leading dairymen of Illinois, discussed butter making on the farm, and pointed out that the comparatively low grade of farm butter was due to the lack of conveniences and to the small quantity made. He is convinced, however, that good butter can be made on the farm, and in order to do this the dairy house and the surroundings must have excellent drainage and must be so constructed as to get the maximum amount of sunshine. He advises getting the very best tinware for dairy purposes, as it is so much easier to keep good utensils clean. Never buy cheap cans, pails or strainers.

Get a good separator, and use some kind of power for running it, as it is exceedingly difficult to maintain a uniform speed when turning by hand. He has no set temperature for cooling cream and churning, as so much depends on weather, the dairy house, etc. As a general rule, he likes to ripen his cream at a high temperature and to churn at as low a temperature as possible. He usually churns at 55 degrees in winter and 40 to 45 degrees in summer. The churn must be stopped at just the right time, or when the butter granules are about the size of a grain of wheat. He adds a little salt just before washing. The amount of salt to be used depends upon the taste of the customers. He believes it is advisable to try to get customers to use fresh butter, so that it can be delivered once or twice a week. Formerly he had customers who wanted him to pack butter in the winter for next summer's use. Gradually they have all abandoned the practice. He advises putting up butter in neat packages, as this will do much toward making sales.—Dairy World.

Profit in Pigs.

One cannot hope to make swine a profitable farm product unless he goes permanently into the business. Too many who try to make money from swine find it unprofitable one year, and abandon it, or because after two years of fair success the third season proves unsatisfactory, they conclude that the best days for the business have passed, and they try their hand at something else. My experience has always been that swine breeding requires more persistent and continuous work than most other lines of farming. As a continuous business, carried on, not one or two or three years, but ten, fifteen and twenty years, it has no superior, and the man who pursues it thus will get his sure reward. Each succeeding year we learn more about the work, and find out where we made mistakes, and where we could have made improvements. We become so familiar with the whole subject that we are competent judges as to whether we should raise this or that breed. We also grow accustomed to anticipating the markets, which is a great thing in these days of fluctuations. Then, too, we learn how best to feed the animals—how to get the most from every ton of feed, grass or hay.

If one is going into swine breeding for a continuous industry, he can then well afford to start out with the best bred animals he can afford, and by an intelligent system of selections and breeding, he will in time grade up his flock to a standard of excellence which his neighbor cannot equal except at great cost. When a man starts in each year or two to purchase new breeds and high-bred swine, it is a costly experience, and he hardly reaps much reward from it. There is quite a difference, however, when he deliberately adds each year a little new blood to his stock, increasing the quality as well as the quantity. The outlay is thus small each season for pure-bred animals, and the returns correspondingly good.

Likewise in regard to food, it requires a policy of continuous farming along certain lines which will enable one to look years ahead. The grass, forage and grain crops that can be planned for an intelligent rotation system will all help toward the same general end. The cost of feeding will thus up to a certain point be steadily reduced. One finds good pasture fields established in the course of time, land made rich and fertile for corn and grain through a rotation of crops, and hay and forage crops prepared ahead of time for each winter. In the course of time the work becomes almost automatic, and the swine produce profits on the average from year to year that must prove satisfactory.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

Medium Horses for the Farm.

What would a pair of these 1,800 to 2,300 pound horses do on a plough or harrow in the spring, when their feet sank in the mud almost as deep as the plough? They might not feel the weight of the plough, but they would feel their own weight before night. With a pair of the little Vermont Morgans, the two of them not as heavy as one of those big fellows, we could draw a heavier load through a miry place or a snowdrift than we ever saw a pair of those big ones draw in a bad place.

And when on the road they could trot eight or ten miles an hour or walk four or five miles on a dirt road, not for one hour only, but for five or six hours a day for as many days as there are in the week, and that not in a rubber-tired sulky, but a good, honestly made farm waggon with from two to four persons in it.

That is the kind of horses that used to be bred in Vermont, and some of them, not quite as compactly built, in Maine, and some of them, a little coarser built, came here from Canada, with legs about as large and hairy as the Clydes. None of them ever got spavins or crooked knees or tender feet, if they had decent usage, for they did not go down the street, as if they had taken a contract to pound down the paving stones.

The breed of these horses cannot be entirely exhausted. There must be some farmers who have good breed mares yet, and there may be a few stallions that have the Morgan blood in them. If such can be bred, we venture a prediction that in five years they will be in demand, and in ten years more popular on our New England farms and hilly roads than the heaviest western-bred horse that may be offered at the sale stables in the city. Do not make the mistake of trying to put too much weight into them by trying to breed from the heavy stallions, nor too long legs on them in the hope to get the two-minute horse; but try to get a good, honest, well-built horse of 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, with the disposition of a lamb, the willingness of the ox and the endurance of the mule.

Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?" "Never," answered Miss Cayenne; "when I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed, I merely mention a name and proceed to listen."—Washington "Star."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office) —Sure, doctor, Oi think Oi have appendicitis. Dr. [illegible]—[illegible] [illegible] money enough for [illegible]

"MANY FALSE PROPHETS SHALL RISE."

ONE OF THE SIGNS OF THE LAST DAYS NOW BEING CONSPICUOUSLY FULFILLED.

BY REV. P. Z. EASTON.

When our Lord was asked what would be the signs by which His people might know that His coming was near at hand, He mentioned, among others, (Matt. 24: 5), that many would come in His name, saying I am Christ, and would deceive many. If it were possible, He added, "they will deceive the very elect." It is evident that such teachers must be very subtle and have much that is true in their teaching, otherwise sincere people would not be deceived. As the counterfeit coin would not pass if it was all base metal, but is accepted the more readily the more silver it has in it, so the most dangerous teaching is that which contains a leaven of truth.

This fact was brought impressively to my mind by an utterance of one of our ablest scholars. Lecturing to students, he stopped suddenly and spoke to them with great earnestness, to the following effect:—"If you forget all that I have taught you, there is one thing which I desire that you should remember. The danger which threatens the church is not what most people suppose it to be. It is a matter concerning which ninety-nine people out of a hundred are ignorant. The faith is being undermined; and in no long time the church will be called to pass through a crisis more severe than anything in her past history." He then went on to point out that the wicked Haman, who was plotting the destruction of the church, was the insidious Pantheistic teaching of the day. Nine years have passed since this utterance, and it is evident to-day not only that the same condition exists, but that we are rapidly hastening toward the crisis then spoken of. It is not the church alone, it is the State and the family also, whose very foundations are being undermined.

One of the essential characteristics of Pantheism is its esoteric character—one thing to the outside world, and another to those who are initiated into the system; one thing again to the catechumen who is yet in the initial stage, and another to the adept who has gone through all the degrees. If it be asked how can we know anything about a system which is thus wrapped up in mystery, the answer is, the system is old, its sects many, and by comparing these sects and studying their literary remains we have very valuable literary and historical data upon which to base a judgment.

One of the amazing things about all these sects is the extraordinary fascination and seductive influence which they exert upon their followers. It is the story of the pied piper of Hamelin, with this difference, that it is not children, nor even women, but strong men also, who are borne along by the current. It is, in fact, a sort of spiritual intoxication, not to say delirium, which seizes upon them in which the senses are drowned and the voice of reason is not heard. It is impossible to argue with them, because there is no common ground on which to stand. That which the common sense of mankind declares to be black is to them white; that which is manifest folly is to them the highest wisdom. Talk not to them of a future heaven; they are in heaven now; nor of the beatific vision, for they have heard, and seen, and handled. Not all, it is true, are thus crazy. We are speaking here more particularly of Oriental Pantheists; but something of this same character is seen in all forms of the delusion.

How shall we account for the fact? We must bear in mind that the Pantheistic tempter is not the devil in horns and hoofs, but the devil transformed into an angel of light, who comes to mankind to-day as he did to the Saviour in the wilderness, with the offer of the kingdoms of the world and all the glory of them on the one sole condition of accepting him as Lord and master. This is all he asks. No change of religion and no change of life. All things to all men in a sense somewhat different from that of the apostle. He is an exceedingly obliging and courteous individual. He is also a very pious individual and a very self-sacrificing one, ready in many cases even to lay down his life for the cause. Is it any wonder that he has deceived many, and that many have been moved to inveigh with righteous indignation against the hard-heartedness of those who would impugn the motives of such an excellent person. What grace, they cry; what goodness, what heavenly language! Would that his uncharitable accusers were half as good as he! Nevertheless, let us listen to the great Persian writer when he cries: "O how much sugar-like sweetness within which poison was concealed." In the story of the wily vizier that master mind has drawn just such a character, a strange combination of saint and devil, a character by no means uncommon in Persian history. Let the reader ponder these and other like words of Scripture: "Now the Spirit speaketh expressly that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith, giving heed to seducing spirits, and doctrines of devils." (I. Tim. 4:1).

At a New York Pier.

The traveler fell on his knees and begged for mercy; but the customs inspector was adamant.

"Once, and once only," said the inspector, "I let a man go through without offering him every indignity that savage ingenuity can devise. He proved to be a spotter from Washington, and I nearly lost my job. I shan't make that mistake again."

Yet, the traveler would [illegible] to have [illegible]

Pretty

Is an adjective which seems to have become monopolized by the young lady at the typewriter. It is astonishing what an array of beautiful women are found in stores and offices. In fact, the typical American beauty will be found sitting at the typewriter rather than lolling in a carriage in the park.

And yet this pretty young girl needs always to be reminded that "beauty is only skin deep," unless it roots in health. When the health is undermined by womanly diseases, the luster soon passes from the eyes, the cheeks grow thin, the body loses its plumpness.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures diseases which weaken women and which destroy their strength and beauty. It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Several years ago I suffered severely from female weakness, prolapsus and menorrhagia, and used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription with splendid effect," writes Fannie Shelton, of Washington, Iowa. "Glad I have not needed it for a few years past, but if I should ever have any return of the old trouble would surely try 'Favorite Prescription.' I have recommended it to a number of my lady friends. I always tell them to try a bottle, and if they are not benefited by it I will pay for the medicine. In every case they have spoken in praise of it."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick headache.

HER LIPS
HER CHEEKS
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Seem to be drawn by Love's own hand, sung the immortal Dryden of a woman whose clear complexion alone rendered her divinely beautiful. No toilet emollient of the age is so beneficial to lips, cheeks or hands as

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

It acts like a charm in removing Crowsfeet, Wrinkles, Pimples, Redness, Roughness, Chaps, etc., prevents and removes Freckles. At drug stores—25c bottle. The

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Of Peterborough.

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MONDAY, MAY 5th, at 7.30 P.M.

Town Hall, Apsley.
TUESDAY, MAY 6th, at 7.30 P.M.

Caldwell's School House, Chandos.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 7th, AT NOON

Paul's School House, Chandos.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, at 7.30 P.M.

Ratcliffe's School House, Chandos.
THURSDAY, MAY 8th, AT NOON

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$3.10 $3.10

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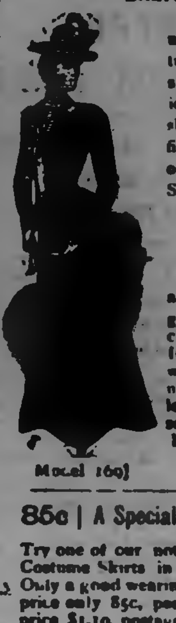

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms length of inside seam and length of skirt in front.

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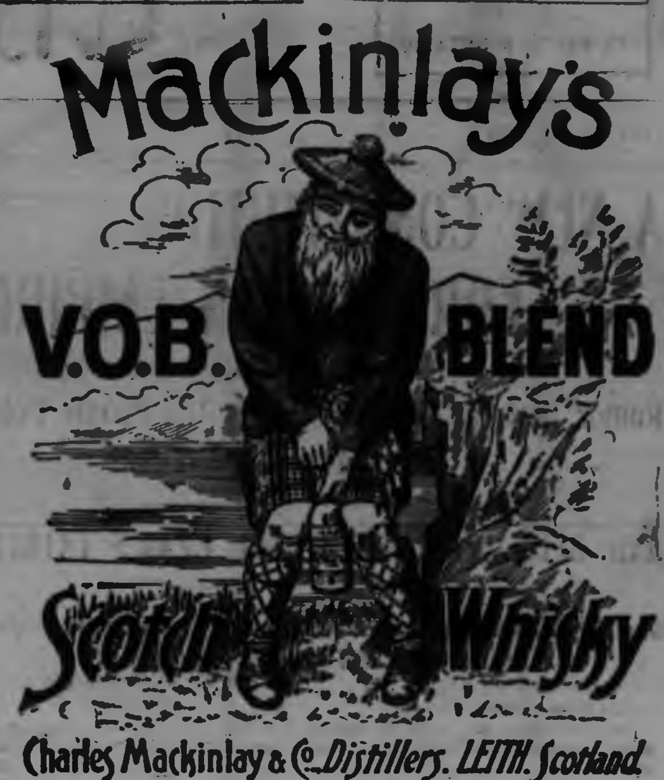

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In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

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Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end papers are fit for royal homes.

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My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

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MIDY

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PERFECT MANHOOD

[illegible] THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. [illegible]

This is to certify that I had been a sufferer from Nervous Debility, lost vitality and [illegible] had been doctoring both in Canada and Detroit without receiving any benefit, and placed myself under Dr. Goldberg's care, [illegible] I noticed an improvement in my condition in less than one week [illegible] cured April [illegible] and have had no return of [illegible] trouble.
A. E. LE CHARTIER.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, 1902.
Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

THE LATEST METHOD TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE

Varicocele and Stricture without Cutting, Stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Chronic, Nervous, Private, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. If you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor. All Duty and Express Charges Prepaid.

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General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

Legal

DOUCETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

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HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. N. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. [illegible] Information respected. [illegible] names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Painting

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 204 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. See A. FRY 204 Park place.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPO site roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street. Toronto

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Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

INCORPORATED TORONTO HON. G. W. ALLAN, 1886. PRESIDENT.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director
The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.
Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression
MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

Dr. Chaillu's Animals.

In a long review of Paul Du Chaillu's "The World of the Great Forest," The Spectator, London, declares the book's only fault is the failure to supply all the details the reader wants to know about its furred and feathered heroes and heroines.

"Do the hippopotami of the West Coast river really go across country for a swim in the Atlantic on moonlight nights?" asks The Spectator. "Where is the 'land of plenty' to which the monkeys migrate? What are the fish which regularly travel up the rivers from the sea in the dry season to spawn? Where is the place where the forest eagles cross that great continent to rear their young? These questions are among many suggested by the book.

"The description of the bathing of the 'hippo' 'trippers,' from their cautious entry into the sea to their return at 4 a.m., 'when each family went back to its shoal,' hardly bears quoting, but the idea is novel and amusing. The illustrations of the life of these creatures and of their seaside party by Mr. Gleeson are really admirable.

"The native names of most animals are short. An exception is that of the great forest eagle, the monkey-eater. It is one of the crested hawk-eagles, of which the native name is 'guanionien.' The difficulties of these birds' life when monkeys are scarce; their power of soaring to such vast heights as to be invisible to the monkeys, and of dropping down from the blue, whence their keen eyes see the monkeys on the tree-tops, of their hovering over the tops of certain trees on which fruit grows which the monkeys will probably come to gather—are all fresh and vivid."

A Canadian Herd Record.

The following letter is published by Hoard's Dairyman:—

Enclosed you will find a brief report of our dairy of twelve cows for the year 1901:—

No. lbs. milk for year	62,596
No. lbs. cream from same	8,560
No. lbs. skim milk	54,036
Cream was shipped to Montreal and averaged me about 78 cents a gallon of 10 lbs., or	$670.80
54,036 lbs. skim milk, 20 cents	108.07
Total	$778.87
Average milk per cow	5,216 lbs.
Average money per cow	$64.90
Average of milk per hundred lbs.	$1.24½

You will see that I value the skim milk at 20 cents per hundred. I consider it worth this to me to feed at home. My cows are grade Durhams and Jerseys. We have a silo; have used it seven years, and consider it the cheapest feed we can raise here. Had about four acres last season, and had 65 double loads to put in silo. Thought we had nearly 60 tons. Am feeding it twice a day in winter, and find our cows do just as well. I have water in stable. Cows have only been out once this winter. Stable is well lighted, and has a ventilator in it. Cellar under stable, and in this way think we save the liquid manure.

A.E.R.

Richmond, Que.

Turkeys For Profit.

Mr. B. L. Davis, Meshoppen, Penn., writes to The New York Tribune Farmer:—

I have been fairly successful in raising turkeys for profit, and this is my method: I raise my own hens, keeping from four to six, and always selecting the finest specimens. I never mate them akin, but purchase the finest bronze gobbler I can get, keeping him until two years old. When it is time for them to begin laying, which is usually about April 1, I watch them carefully, as they are very sly about hiding their nests; but they are never lousy if permitted to do so. I gather the eggs every day, marking each one with date, keeping in a cool place and turning twice a week. I do not keep them longer than four weeks before setting. I have learned by experience that June is the month for turkeys, the weather being dry and warm, which is essential for them.

I do not allow them to set the first time they are broody. They break up easily and will begin laying within ten days. When the turkey wants to set the second time, I fix the nest carefully, giving her eighteen eggs, covering some brush over to protect from crows. At the same time I set a hen on nine eggs, giving all the poults to the mother turkey. They hatch in twenty-eight days, and must not be disturbed while hatching.

When the poults are twenty-four hours old remove them carefully from the nest so as not to injure them (for they are very tender or frighten the mother, and place them in a triangular pen made from three boards 12 inches in width and 14 feet in length, placed in the orchard, where they will get the morning sun and the shade during the hottest part of the day. I feed the mother corn or buckwheat night and morning, and the little turkeys stale bread soaked until soft in sweet milk, with a dash of black pepper every other day. I squeeze the bread dry, only putting down a little at a time on a clean board, and taking care not to feed so much as it will cause bowel trouble.

While in the pen I feed them four times a day—at 5 o'clock in the morning, at 10, at 2 and at 7 in the evening, supplying them with crushed eggshells, pure sweet milk and water at all times. I keep them in the pen until they are strong enough to jump out, which will be in from ten days to two weeks. After this feed mostly cornbread in the same way as the whites, but only twice a day —early in the morning and in the evening—and let them roam at will; but if they are not at their feeding place by 6 o'clock I hunt them up, as I always feed them in the same place. They soon learn to come of themselves. As they grow older I give crushed oyster shells in place of eggshells. When ten weeks old they will need feed only evenings.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

Only heaven knew how his heart yearned toward her— and how great an effort it was to restrain his great, passionate love.

He tossed his cigar aside and stood quite still, folding his arms calmly over his broad chest.

"I am at your service as long as you live," he said gently.

"Let me come nearer to you, Aleck," she said timidly, but, oh, so wistfully and piteously. "I— I cannot talk to you so far away."

He led her to a garden bench and placed himself by her side.

"Now, Daisy," he said— still in that cold, courteous voice— "what is it?"

"I have come to make peace with you, Aleck," she sobbed, "and tell you —all."

He clasped the little hands that fluttered out toward him in such an uncertain way. Ah, how wondrously fair the lovely girlish face looked in the soft, white light of the moon.

"It was all a cruel mistake, Aleck," she began incoherently. "Now that the— the count is dead, I may tell you why he was there— where— you —saw— him. I had come upon him suddenly, taking our jewels, but for Olive's sake— because she loved him, I would not give him up to shame and disgrace. I would have shielded him, Aleck, even though you thought —you thought——"

He had caught her in his strong arms, covering the quivering mouth with kisses.

Oh, what a world of doubt was removed from his mind— fool that he had been— why had not such a possibility as this occurred to him before, he wondered.

It was such a happy reconciliation, quite worth the price of their estrangement, Aleck laughingly declared.

He could not understand the strange shadow that still lingered on Daisy's face.

At first he quite imagined this must be only his fancy, until all doubt was set at rest in a very casual manner.

He had been down to Highgate to look over a tract of land he thought of purchasing, when on his way back to the villa he had encountered Dr. Thompson— the old family physician.

"I was just thinking of driving over to see you, Aleck, my dear boy," he said, shaking the young man heartily by the hand, "I am glad I ran across you."

After a few casual remarks the doctor turned a serious face to Aleck.

"I have something to tell you, my dear boy," he said, "but you must promise me first not to be startled— I— have made a grave and painful discovery, and I feel that I would be guilty of a sin if I did not warn you."

"Warn me," repeated Aleck—"about what, my dear sir?"

"About your young wife," was the startling answer that nearly took his breath away.

CHAPTER XXVI.

How the Tragedy Began.

"I must warn you about your wife," repeated the doctor gravely. "Do you remember some little time ago you called me professionally to attend your wife? I told you then that there was something on her mind which was troubling her, and unless the cause was removed, it would end in madness. I am grieved to tell you I observe the malady gaining steadily day by day."

"There could be nothing on her mind— no secret thought which I do not share," declared Aleck, emphatically.

"Watch patiently, and see for yourself," said the doctor, sagely. "I have had a life-time of experience. I know whereof I speak."

Aleck did watch Daisy closely, and he saw for himself there was still something she was keeping back from him.

She was recklessly gay. How was he to know that it was the feverish gayety born of despair? She was clinging to Aleck's love from day to day— as a drowning man clings to a drifting straw.

This state of affairs culminated in a strange manner. Cards had been out for a grand garden party at a neighboring villa, and Aleck and Daisy had decided to go.

It was a great crush, but amidst all that throng of fashion and beauty Daisy reigned queen of them all by right of her royal loveliness.

As they saw her then they remembered her for long years afterward.

She had chosen one of Worth's marvels— an evening dress of silver and blue, that suited her fair beauty as nothing else could have done. She held a superb bouquet of white rosebuds and forget-me-nots half hidden by silver leaves in her hand, and a white rose nestled in the meshes of her shining, golden hair.

Aleck was proud and pleased at the attention she elicited.

When they had made the tour of the lawn he suddenly stopped short and touched her on the arm.

"Do you see who that is, Daisy?" he said, "that lovely woman leaning against the railing of the fountain, looking with pensive eyes this way. She sees us and bows— she is coming this way—as I live it is Lillian Ruthven, the heiress. You remember her, don't you Daisy?"

Ah, God! could she ever forget Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, and how strangely her path had crossed her own?

The answer died away on her lips, and at that moment Lillian joined them.

"I am so glad to see you both!" she exclaimed, in the old, impulsive way. "A friend's face among strangers is always a welcome sight."

As they looked at Lillian they could not help observing how greatly changed she was.

The fair young face was peaked with lines that should never have been there, and the bright, clustering hair was heavily streaked with silver threads; even her eyes had lost their brightness.

It was strange she did not observe Daisy's terrible emotion as she stooped to kiss her white lips, but she did not.

It was not until they were alone together that Daisy dared trust herself to speak of the past and ask Lillian if she had ever seen or heard of Harold St. John since the night of that terrible midnight marriage.

A terrible shudder passed over Lillian's slender frame. Tears sprang to her blue eyes, but she dashed them away with an impatient hand.

"He has fairly haunted me ever since!" she replied, bitterly. "Haunted and hunted me down until sometimes I wonder if there is mercy on earth or justice in heaven."

(To be Continued)

Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $3,000,000

In Shares of $100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, $1,500,000; 15,000 Common Shares, $1,500,000

$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for Sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months after allotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT—W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa.

VICE-PRESIDENT—R. Y. ELLIS, Vice-President of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited, Brantford.

R. H. THOMPSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President The Lyman-Knox Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Superintendent Laurentide Pulp Co.), and

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

Bankers—THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. **Solicitors**—PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

Brokers—SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

Registrars of Stock and Transfer Agents:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, and Winnipeg.

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the purchase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock, provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organized in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood;
2. Adequate water power cheaply developed;
3. Pure water for the manufacturer;
4. Cheap labor;
5. Low transportation charges;
6. Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies.

1. **WOOD SUPPLY.**—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merriton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The Little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the center of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. **WATER POWER.**—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. **WATER SUPPLY.**—Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. **COST OF LABOR.**—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. **TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.**—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. **MANAGEMENT.**—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over twenty years experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned.

The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have traveled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or traveled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 364½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect—

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.
A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons, and
A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at $650,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at $2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over $6.00 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over $16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over $16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at $37.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	$625,374.00	
8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $30.00 a ton f.o.b. at mills	248,835.00	
		$874,209.00
Cost of producing same:		
16,902 tons of newspaper, at $16.94 a ton	286,319.88	
8294½ tons of sulphite pulp at $16 a ton	132,712.00	
		419,031.88
Showing a profit of		$455,177.12
7 per cent on $1,500,000 Preference Stock		105,000.00
Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends		$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

For every two shares of Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, there will be allotted by way of bonus one share of fully paid Common Stock.

The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both divide and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent. must be applied to a Reserve Fund under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg; or to SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

If the whole amount applied for be not allotted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where no allotment be made, the deposit will be returned in full.

Further Information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, 48 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA CANADA, or the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, MONTREAL, and WINNIPEG.

We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers
OTTAWA, CANADA.

So many persons are operated upon every day that it is becoming quite a distinction to go to the grave all in one piece.—Atchison "Globe."

"Doesn't it make you the least bit anxious to see what elegant furniture Mrs. Brody is putting into her house next door?" "Not a bit. My husband says it will be sold by the sheriff within six months—and I'll be there to buy."—Chicago "Tribune."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Electric Lamps
25 Cents each
Peterborough Light & Power Co
LIMITED

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

TEAMSTER'S FEET

Any teamster or driver, subject to cold, clammy, sore, aching feet can have warm, dry, comfortable feet by using Foot Elm in his shoes. Price 25 cents at all druggists, or sent by mail, postage free, from Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer Growing Two Years

A Remarkable Case Cured Completely by the New Constitutional Remedy.

Not long ago, we had the pleasure of receiving the following letter:

"When I began your treatment there was a hard lump in my breast, which had been growing for two years, and it was so bad that at last it drew the nipple in. I consulted two doctors, and they both pronounced it cancer, and advised me to have my breast cut off. Your remedy, however, was recommended to me by a friend, and I am very thankful to say that it not only saved my life but did away with the necessity of having to undergo the painful operation, which I so much dreaded."

We do not publish the names of those who give us testimonials for the gratification of the curious, but any sufferer from cancer or tumor may have the name and address of the lady who wrote the above, by sending two stamps to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

:—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 3 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The county council will meet next month.

—We have a couple of coal stoves for sale cheap, at The Times Office.

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—The directors of the Little Lake Cemetery Co. officially visited the cemetery yesterday.

—Lindsay proposes to hold a big demonstration on July 12th. It should soon come Peterborough's turn.

—Mr. W. A. Given, of the Reporter, Millbrook, was elected Reeve of the village, Monday, in place of Mr. Russell, resigned.

—The Board of Works, the Finance, Property, Appointments and Health committees of the town council met last night.

—About 320 dog tags have been taken out this year so far, which is only about half the number of dogs in town, according to Chief Rossel. The time for taking out tags is extended for two days.

—Yesterday the horse buyers were in town buying horses for South Africa. They obtained a number of fine animals, for which good prices were paid.

—The directors of Peterborough, Lindsay, Orillia and Midland Fall Fairs have entered into an agreement by which first-class special attractions will be secured for each fair.

—Mr. G. M. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, and everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

—Lindsay Watchman-Warder: Mr. Robert Arnott, of Peterborough, has purchased Bark Bros.' cheese box factory, town, and will conduct it in the future. Anyone wanting this make of box can send their order to Mr. Arnott at Peterborough.

—Toronto Evening News: The butchers were to have met last night to arrange for a hoist in the price of beef. But they didn't, and they probably will not. It is stated that the country is full of lean cattle, and that shortly there will be a fall in the present high rate.

—Perhaps the Beautiful Snow is about as clean as anything that is white, but it is no cleaner than the linen which comes from the Parker's steam Laundry. This laundry does not agree to iron or starch the button holes proper. The holes will be removed, if patrons request it, while the articles are being laundered. At first glance one might think it would not be much trouble to remove a hole from a garment, but if you will think this over you will conclude that May Be It Is.

—The Millbrook Reporter says: — A young man named Pierson from Buckhorn was up before Mr. Gillett, J. P. on Tuesday, for stealing a bicycle from Mr. Duncan. He rented the wheel for three hours to go to Mount Pleasant, so he said, but neglected to show up until arrested by a constable from Peterborough at Buckhorn and brought back. His plea was that he had no intention of keeping the wheel, but His Worship did not agree with him and sent him down for trial, agreeing to accept bail of $100.

Furnished House to Rent

300 Charlotte street, at present occupied by Mr. W. B. Parker. Apply at above address.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. J. H. McClellan is home for a few days.

—Mrs. Mellville is visiting Mrs. G. A. Duncan.

—Mr. R. A. Dutton returned from Montreal last night.

—Mr. Del Fowse of Lakefield was in town yesterday and gave the Times a call.

—Rev. W. J. Joliffe has been invited to the pastorate of the Charlotte st. Methodist church.

—It gives us great pleasure to state that the condition of Mr. Macfarlane Wilson is steadily improving.

—Mrs. George Hankinson of town, is visiting her mother, Mrs. T. B. Thomas, in Campbellford.

—Miss Annie Irwin, who has been attending Havergal's Ladies' College, Toronto, is home for a brief vacation.

—The many friends of Mrs. Wm. Irwin will be pleased to learn that she is recovering from her recent severe illness.

—Mrs. W. R. Russell and sons, Jack and Hartley, of Quebec, who have been visiting in town for the past three weeks, left for Quebec yesterday.

—Mrs. Thos. Henry has left Peterborough to visit with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Drain, in Dunkirk, N. Y. Miss Annie Henry accompanied her mother.

—Mr. A. C. P. Poussette, of the Sovereign Bank of Canada, Toronto, has been notified of his appointment as accountant of the Amherstburg branch, and has assumed his position.

Mr. J. F. Kennedy, a member of the well known firm of Dick, Ridout & Co., Toronto, was in town yesterday, and paid his respects to The Times. Mr. Kennedy reports business good. He speaks hopefully of his intended return to Peterborough in June, to take in the Olympic excursion. Mr. K. is genial, full of happiness, and makes friends wherever he goes.

—There is quite a party of Peterborough people staying at Preston Springs just now. They are: His Honor Judge Weller, Mr. R. LeBrun, Mr. Ed. Brown, and last but not least Mr. William Snowden, the genial proprietor of the hostelry that bears his name. The judge is seeking renewed vigor after his serious illness last winter; Mr. LeBrun is suffering from rheumatism, and we are pleased to say is on the mend; Mr. Brown is recruiting exhausted energies after a stiff winter's business, and Mr. Snowden simply resting. May they all return hale and hearty, and entirely free from every ache or ailment, is the wish of their hosts of Peterborough friends.

High Tea and Sale

A sale of useful and fancy articles, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society, will be held in the School Room of St Paul's Church on Tuesday, May 6th, commencing at 3 p.m.

A high tea will be served from 5 p.m. to 7.30. All those contributing to the sale will kindly send their contributions to the school room early on Monday afternoon.

Lightning Remedy for Cramps

Some people have cramps pretty often, others only now and again. But when you do have them it is a mighty quick relief you want. Polson's Nerviline is as sure as death to relieve cramps in five seconds—it's instantaneous, just a few drops in sweetened water and the pain is gone. Buy a bottle of Nerviline to-day, and keep it handy. Nerviline is a common household necessity and only costs 25 cents.

"The Sermon."

Are the dead really alive? Are they conscious and do they linger near us? Is there a wireless telegraphy between earth and heaven? Is Spiritualism all fact or all delusion, or part fact and part delusion? Does the Bible favor or condemn Spiritualism? These and a hundred other interesting questions are discussed in an instructive pro and con way in The Sermon Monthly Magazine of Toronto. Any of our readers can get a free copy by writing to The Austin Publ. Co., Toronto, Can.

In New Premises

Messrs. Jordan Bros., the enterprising florists, have moved into larger and more commodious quarters, next to Mr. H. Long's confectionery store, George street. The store is modern in every particular, and will be kept constantly stocked with the latest novelties in flowers and foliage plants. This progressive firm found the old premises too small for their rapidly increasing trade. Take a look at their beautiful window. It is worth seeing.

THREE BLACKS That Have a World-Wide Reputation

In that unique and wondrous collection of Diamond Dye colors, are three Blacks which have obtained a world-wide reputation for first class work; they are called, Fast Diamond Dye Black for Wool, Fast Diamond Dye Black for Silk and Feathers, and Fast Diamond Dye Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods. These three Blacks are used in thousands of Canadian homes each day, and are prized for their beauty, fastness and great richness. When you purchase Black Dyes for home dyeing, see that your dealer gives you the "Diamond;" they are the best and only reliable.

Have you tried to make a hooked Mat or Rug? If you would make a pretty floor ornament, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q., and you will be furnished free of cost with new and pretty designs from which you can select.

—Some editors have very intense imaginations, as witness the following: "An editor was being escorted into heaven by an angel who had been sent out for that purpose. May I look at the other place before we ascend to eternal happiness? 'Easily,' said the angel. So they went below and skirmished around, taking in the sights. The angel lost track of the editor, and looked around about to find him. He found him sitting by a furnace, fanning himself, and gazing with rapture upon a lot of people in a fire. There was a sign on the furnace which said: 'Delinquent Subscribers.' 'Come,' said the angel, 'we must be going.' 'You go on,' said the editor; 'I'm not coming. This is heaven enough for me.'"

MISS MIGHT PRESENTED

With an Address and Beautiful Gift, Yesterday Afternoon

Yesterday afternoon, Miss Might, of the Central school, was presented with an address, accompanied by a beautiful present, by the teachers and pupils of the school. The pleasing affair took place in the school room, where the teachers and scholars assembled.

Miss Might, who has severed her connection with the school, carries with her into her new home the hearty good will of hundreds of scholars who have passed through her hands since she became a teacher, besides the teachers, with whom she has always been popular, and who esteem her very highly.

Paine's Celery Compound

Thousands of Physicians, Men and Women of Note and Position, and People in Humbler Circumstances Say it is Unequalled as a Spring Medicine

A STARTLING PROOF OF ITS POWER OVER DISEASE AND SUFFERING

It is by true merit, and true merit alone that Paine's Celery Compound has won its wondrous popularity in every part of the civilized world.

When all other medicines fail; when the best directed efforts of physicians accomplish but little for the banishing of desperate and dangerous disease, Paine's Celery Compound saves life and restores health.

It is natural therefore, that men and women rescued from the agonies of rheumatism and neuralgia, and from the deadly perils of kidney disease, liver complaint and blood diseases, should acquaint their friends—the sick and well—of what was accomplished for them by Paine's Celery Compound. In this way the glad tidings of prompt and effectual cures have spread from day to day to the remotest towns and villages, and the blessed work of life saving progresses in every direction.

One of the most remarkable cures of recent years affected by Paine's Celery Compound, is the case of Mr. R. G. Morris, of Brockville, Ont. Neuralgia, with its sharp, darting and excruciating pains for two years made life a misery for Mr. Morris. The skill of doctors and the use of common advertised medicines failed to give even a brief term of relief. It was only when Paine's Celery Compound was used that a blessed and happy change was wrought. Mr. Morris writes thus:

"Having suffered with neuralgia in the head for two years, I tested the skill of doctors, and made used of many kinds of medicines as well as the electric battery, but got no relief from any of these sources. I decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial, as I noted by the press that it was highly recommended for my trouble. I used several bottles and it cured the neuralgia as well as the dyspepsia from which I suffered. Now I am able to work all winter. I am happy to say the neuralgia has not troubled me for a year."

Presentation to Mr. W. H. Walkey

District Deputy Grand Master W. H. Walkey made his official visit to Peterborough Lodge, No. 155, A.F. & A.M., last night. One of the most pleasing features of the communication was a presentation to Mr. Walkey, from Peterborough Lodge, of an exceedingly handsome Past District Deputy Grand Master's regalia, as a token of the esteem and honor in which he is held by his brother Masons. Wor. Brother Rossel made the presentation, which was preceded by a very appropriate address by Wor. Bro. Armitage. D. D. G. M. Walkey is a member of Peterborough Lodge, the brethren of which took advantage of his official visit as a Grand Lodge officer to practically demonstrate their appreciation of his untiring energy in the lodge's interests, and his devotion to Masonry in General.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John Porter, late of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough, Farmer, deceased.

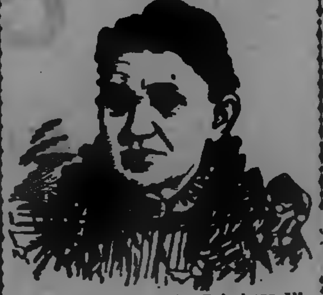
Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Porter, who died on or about the twenty-eighth day of February, A.D., 1902, are required, on or before the 5th day of May, 1902, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Poussette & McWilliams, of the Town of Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.
POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

A MINISTER'S BUSY WIFE.

Pe-ru-na a Prompt and Permanent Cure for Nervousness.



Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty, Galesburg, Ill.

Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty, recent superintendent of the W. C. T. U. headquarters, at Galesburg, Ill., was for ten years one of the leading women there. Her husband, when living, was first President of the Nebraska Wesleyan University, at Lincoln, Neb.

In a letter written from 401 Sixty Seventh street, W., Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Fleharty says the following in regard to Peruna:

"Having lived a very active life as wife and working partner of a busy minister my health failed me a few years ago. I lost my husband about the same time and gradually I seemed to lose health and spirit. My daughter is a confirmed invalid, and we both felt great need of an invigorator.

"One of my neighbors advised me to try Peruna. A bottle was immediately secured and a great change took place in my daughter's, as well as in my own health. Our appetites improved very greatly, the digestion seemed much helped, and restful sleep soon improved us, so that we seemed like new women.

"I would not be without Peruna for ten times its cost."—MRS. ANNA B. FLEHARTY.

Peruna never fails to prevent nervous prostration if taken in time.

"Summer Catarrh," a book written by Dr. Hartman on the subject of the nervous disturbances peculiar to summer sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

—THE—

"Royal Muskoka"

Muskoka Lakes District

CANADA

Elegantly Furnished
Fine Cuisine
Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above
Most Charming Summer Resort
Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
H. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Metherel,
225 Hunter Street.

TENDERS

Will be received by The

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction, Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 15th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.
Montreal, 22nd April, 1902

KAWARTHA LAKES

1902 TIME TABLE

Trent Valley Navigation Co.

Line of Steamers

BOBCAYGEON, STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a.m. Ar. 5.30 p.m.
Lindsay Ar. 10 00 a.m. Lv. 3 00 p.m.

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to
W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt., G.T.R., Peterboro

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where those wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

BUILD UP ONTARIO!

Mass Meeting

In the interests of

THE ROSS GOVERNMENT

IN BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE, ON

Thursday, May 8th,

will be addressed by

HON. J. R. STRATTON,
Liberal Candidate, Provincial Secretary

HON. R. HARCOURT,
Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,
Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

C. H. ROGER, Sec'y W.R.R.A
PETER HAMILTON, Pres. W.R.R.A.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA

WELLAND CANAL
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for substructure of Bridge," will be delivered at this office until 16 o'clock on Monday 5th May, 1902, for the substructure of the new Bridge at Marlott's Crossing of the old Welland Canal.

Plans and specifications of the work may be seen on and after Wednesday, 23rd, April, 1902, at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Welland Canal, St. Catharines where forms of tender may be obtained.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, of the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for the sum of $500 must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary
Department of Railways and Canals.
Ottawa, 23rd April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

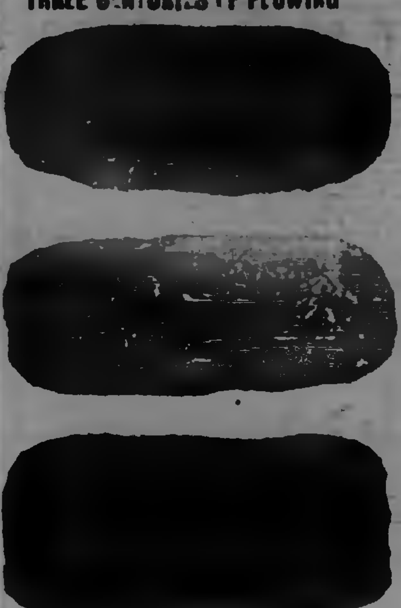
SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p.m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.00 a.m. Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wood Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow; saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor o man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted. Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising Agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 1, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been induce to try the machine.

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER

—OF—

THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class dealers

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

CAPITAL	$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	270,000

Head Office and Safe Deposit Vaults Southeast Corner Yonge and Colborne Streets.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JOHN HOSKIN, K.C., LL.D., President.
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B. E. WALKER,	D. R. WILKIE.

Under the approval of the Ontario Government the Corporation is accepted by the High Court of Justice as a Trusts Company, and from its organization has been employed by the High Court of Justice for the investment of Court Funds.

The Corporation is authorized to accept and execute trusts of every description, and to act in any of the following capacities, namely: EXECUTOR, TRUSTEE, ADMINISTRATOR, GUARDIAN, LIQUIDATOR, ASSIGNEE AND GENERAL AGENT.

The employment of the Corporation insures consecutive action, executive ability, permanent methods and absolute security.

Confidential interviews upon all Trust Estate matters are invited.

Solicitors placing business with the Corporation are retained in the professional care thereof.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS of the Corporation provide an absolutely secure but inexpensive depository for TITLE DEEDS, JEWELY CASH BOXES, PLATE CHESTS and VALUABLES of every description; FIREPROOF SAFES of various sizes are immovably fixed in the FIREPROOF and BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Managing Director.
A. D. LANGMUIR Assistant M

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at	40c
Suspenders	15c
Overalls, with bib, at	45c
Smocks, at	60c

Ready-to wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Personal and Otherwise.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS & electricians: new 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. Geo. A. ZELLER Publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home Must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy street, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars Eagle Supply Co., 80 Dearborn street, Chicago.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $6 to $8 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Atlas Novelty Co., D pt. 136 Chicago.

LADIES: Use our harmless, reliable remedy for delayed or suppressed period; it cannot fail. Trial free. PARIS CHEMICAL CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

Help Wanted.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 226 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mogan & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

WANTED — AT WINNIPEG, MAN.— owing to the rapid progress of the country and the prospects of a heavy season's work, there will be a demand for an additional number of stonemasons and bricklayers; wages 40c per hour. Apply A. T. Davidson, Sec. Master Builders Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

WANTED FOR PETERBOROUGH; six intelligent ladies or gentlemen, who are willing to canvas in the best business of to-day. Three for Lakefield; three for Omemee; three for Millbrook; three for [illegible]; three for Monaghan; three for Keene; three for Norwood; one for Warsaw. Guarantee and salary $40 to $75 per month. Address Box 602, Peterborough.

YOUNG MAN WANTED to learn barber trade. A good opening for a bright, intelligent young man. Apply to David Hall, Snowdon House Barber Shop. [illegible]

For Sale

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Situations Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY MORNING DAILY BETWEEN TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 104 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MAY 5 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

BOER WAR COSTS OVER BILLION DOLLARS

Parliamentry Paper Just Issued Gives These Figures

CHINA TROUBLE THIRTY MILLION

How These Colossal Sums Were Raised — A Wonderful Financial Shewing

Special to The Times.

London, May 5.—A Parliamentary paper just published shows a total estimated charge on account of the war in South Africa to March 31, 1902, of £222,970,000, and in support of operations in China a total of £4,610,000.

A second table shows that the proceeds of the new taxes from 1900 to March 31, 1902, amount to an increase in revenue of £76,025,000, of which the greatest part is supplied by the income tax, which aggregates £30,877,000. The sugar duty from its imposition until March, 1902, is estimated to produce £11,300,000. The revenue set free by the suspension of the sinking fund amounts to £13,963,000. This, together with the proceeds of new taxation, minus £16,097,000, the excess expenditure over revenue for the period, leaves a balance for war expenditure to be charged to capital account of £155,140,000.

A third table sets down the total amount borrowed at £159,000,000, the cash proceeds of which are stated at £152,425,000.

Items of Interest

Special to The Times.

The Hague, May 3.—Advices from Het Loo say that Queen Wilhelmina passed a quiet night. All symptoms of her disease indicate a steady improvement in her condition.

London, May 1—According to the Liverpool Post, one-third of the £34,000,000 of the capital of the shipping combine will be required to liquidate the White Star Line interests. The paper also says that a substantial proportion of the preference shares will be handed over to the owners of the White Star Line, who will also get £3,000,000 in cash for the sale of the debentures.

Albany, May 3.—Chief Judge Alton B. Parker, of the Court of appeals, has refused to grant a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of John Most, of New York City.

Most was found guilty of having published an article entitled, "Murder vs. Murder," in his newspaper called the Freiheit, just prior to the assassination of President McKinley, and was sentenced to one year's penitentiary.

He appealed, and the Appellate Division unanimously affirmed the judgement. Under that decision he would be compelled to begin the service of his term, notwithstanding that an appeal had been taken by him to the Court of Appeals.

A certificate of reasonable doubt was desired in order that he need not go to prison pending the disposition of his case by the Court of Appeals. Judge Parker, in denying the application, writes:

"I am unable to certify, in view of the condition of the record as it comes to this court, that there is reasonable doubt whether the judgment should stand, and hence must refuse to make a certificate to that effect."

Special to The Times.

Montreal, May 2—The Canadian Pacific has acquired the stock of the Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway Company, which comprises the Pontiac and Pacific, the Alexandra Bridge, and the Hull Electric Railway. The Gatineau Valley Railway also falls under this deal, as it is controlled by the Pontiac and Pacific. A joint meeting of Canadian Pacific and Ottawa, Northern and Western Directors was called for this afternoon, at the office of Henson Bros., the firm which has been for some time past financing the Ottawa road and conducting negotiations for its sale to the Canadian Pacific. It is not stated at what figure the one thousand shares of stock were purchased, but the actual purchase price is under $4,000,000, sufficient, however, to give Mr. H. J. Beemer and his Montreal associates a profit of a cool million dollars. The road evidently is to be run on the same lines as the Kingston & Pembroke road, which is operated under the presidency and general management of Mr .O. W. Spencer, and it is understood Mr. Spencer will have his already extensive jurisdiction extended over the new acquisition.

The original stock was 1,000 shares of $100 each, but there is now a bill before Parliament to increase this to $10,000,000 to become law on the 1st of July next.

St. Petersburg, May 1 — Duke Alexander, of Ouldenbourgs celebrated Chateau of Romone, in the Government of Voronej, has been burned by revolted peasants, who practically ruined the estate. The Duke is the father-in-law of the Czar's sister Olga, who married his son, Duke Peter, last year.

The seriousness of the situation in South Russia is apparent from the fact that Dragomiroff, Governor-General of Kieff, Pocaroff, Vice-Director of the Department of Police, and other officials have joined Von Plehwe, the Minister of the Interior, at Kharjoff. The Voronej sugar refiners have especially suffered from the outbreak during which the Duke of Oldenbourg's estate was dismantled.

It now develops that the agitators who are chiefly responsible for the spread of the revolutionary movement among the Hungary peasants used a curious political canard to bring the former serfs and the landowners into collision. A rumor was industriously circulated that the Czar had ordered the lands of the nobles to be divided among the emancipated serfs. The peasants thereupon formed committees under the commune officials, which waited on the landowners, and ordered them to vacate the land withheld. The peasants chose their own agents and proceeded to distribute the land and moveables, leaving the noblemen from 16 to 20 acres each. The proceedings, which were orderly, were conducted with the utmost gravity until the authorities interfered. Thereafter there was riot, arson and devastation.

Montreal, May 5.—The Shareholder, a leading financial paper in Montreal, has a strong article on the pulp and paper industry in Canada, and says:—

The exceptional advantages which Canada enjoys in relation to pulp material for the manufacture of paper, the inexhaustible supply of raw material, the excellence and availability of her water supply and its ready applicability for use as a motive power, offer strong inducements to capitalists desirous of seeking investment in profitable undertakings. That Canada can supply all the quarters of the globe with paper on conditions in no way inferior, but in many superior, to competing countries, is a well-established fact, and justifies the expectation that this industry which is already in a thriving condition will yet become, and that at no distant day one of the leading and most profitable industries of the country. As demand regulates supply, and as the demand for the product of pulpwood has virtually no limit, the future is increasingly promising for this industry. It is highly desirable that the material should be manufactured in this country, and, then only, exported in the finished state. If other countries can manufacture our raw material to advantage, that is all the more reason why we should see to it that the benefit they derive should be kept here. We are gratified, therefore, to know that efforts are being put forth to accomplish this desirable result, and we believe that success which they deserve. Among the most recent enterprises in this direction is the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company (limited), which has been organized to take advantage of the unrivaled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, where it is confidently believed that these products can be manufactured equally economically, if not more so, than in any other place in America. The company proposes to manufacture for export trade, and the position of its works on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without transhipment, an advantage, the value of which cannot be too highly estimated. In order to enable the company to complete the additional necessary works and secure sufficient capital it now offers for sale $250,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preference stock at par, payable 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months, 25 per cent. four months, and a like sum six months after allotment. The prospectus fully sets out the objects contemplated, while the composition of the Board of Directors is a strong guarantee of the faith that experienced, practical business men have in the success of the undertaking. The investor seeking remunerative employment for his idle capital will find rich food for reflection in the statements contained in the prospectus issued by the company.

ENGLAND TO STUDY AMERICAN METHODS

British Millionaire Will Try to Arouse Emulation of America

COMMISSION IS COMING SOON

Alfred Mosely has been Taking Notes and Finds that we are far Ahead of Britain in many Ways

New York, May 5.—Alfred Mosely, who has been taking notes of American commerce for a month past, will soon leave for England to bring out commissions to study American educational and industrial methods. To the question "What are your exact plans with regar to the commissions you are bringing over?" he replied to-day:

"What I want to do is to arouse British trade to the necessity of waking up, and the best method of achieving that object appears to me to be the selection of picked men who can investigate the methods by which our commercial rivals are flourishing."

"How did you first think of the necessity of this investigation?"

"It first dawned upon me in Africa that something was wrong. It seemed to me somehow incorrect that all the large mercantile businesses were in the hands of German firms, while had not American engineers come along and revolutionized the mines and mining methods, we should have become almost bankrupt. So, later on, I took a trip through Canada and the United States to examine industrial developments.

"I was amazed at what I saw. I saw that unless we reform our methods England would be reduced to the place o a third-place industrial power. All the new industrials of the world which were in our hands 60 years ago are now in the hands of others. All the great manufactures which call for enormous consolidated plant will pass from us and we will be left with the odds and ends of trade.

"I am fitting out two commissions. One of these, which I shall conduct to Germany and America, will be to inquire into the educational method pursued abroad. The other will visit this country only, to investigate the relations of labor and capital. Both missions have for their object to ascertain how it is that England is being outstripped by America, and to some extent by Germany, in the race for the world's trade. Both missions are undertaken with the encouragement of the British Government, to which they will report the result of their inquiries. The mission on education will leave England in October for Germany, and will then proceed to New York and travel through the country. At a certain point in the West it will be joined by the labor commission, and then the two commissions will visit the same places together, returning to England next Christmas.

"It is hoped that the English people will be at last awakened out of their present blissful state of complacency the more time during the strike period. These disputes between labor and capital create a feeling of uncertainty which results in the paralysis of industry. Capitalists refuse to invest money in new business or in extensions because they do not know when fresh trouble may come. It is my personal belief that our improvement must come along the lines of education and conciliation between capital and labor.

"In England the object and effect of trade unionism is to reduce every man to a dead level of mediocrity. In this country, however, free play is given to individualism, and trade unionism aims to develop each man's abilities to the utmost. That is just the point upon which I feel convinced that my labor commission will gain most valuable knowledge. I am so impressed with the immense scope which America offers to every kind of enterprise that if I were a young man, and had my time over again, and knew that I could achieve a success in Africa, I would prefer to try my fortune in America."

"But what do you think will be the final outcome of all this? Your commissions will publish their reports, a few men will read them and then they will be placed in libraries. Do you think the general mass of the people will be so stirred that any Government action will follow?

"It may or it may not. I do not anticipate too much from the commissions, but I shall be satisfied if some useful hints are gleaned on the visit which afterward become incorporated with our educational and trade systems. You cannot, after all, pigeonhole ideas.

"Now, will you say what you have done since your arrival?"

"I have been observing. I see very much what I expected. There are signs of tremendous progress, and you are busily solving many of the problems which we have hardly yet touched, both concerning the higher education of the masses and the conflict between labor and capital."

TWO COAL CONTRACTS

The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Take Half Million Tons

Special to The Times.

Montreal, May 5.—The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railways, it is understood, have closed contracts with the Dominion Coal Company, which aggregate half a million tons. That of the Canadian Pacific is for the current year, while the Grand Trunk's contract is for next season. The greater portion will be delivered in the port of Montreal during the present season of navigation.

AN ALL DAY FIGHT

A Battle Between Loyalists and Rebels in Colombia

Special to The Times.

Colon, Colombia, May 5.—The gunboat General Pinzon and a canal steam launch have returned from Bocas del Toro.

An important engagement was fought on Sunday at Punta Opera, near Chiriqui Grande. The battle lasted all day. The Government forces, numbering 500 men, under Gen. Gomez, penetrated seven miles into the interior and attacked the insurgents, 800 strong, who were entrenched. The losses of the insurgents are estimated to have been one hundred. The Government lost sixty killed and wounded.

The wounded, including Gen. Ferrero and Col. Lopez, were brought here.

Gov. Velez has received from the executive presidential powers over the republic.

Dr. San Clemente was President of Colombia when the present war started. He was deposed by Vice-President Marroquin of his own party and put in prison. His death was reported a few weeks ago. Marroquin declared himself President.

BRIGHAM YOUNG REUNION

Over 1,000 Descendants Invited to a Meeting at Salt Lake

Salt Lake May 5.—Arrangements were made to-day for the first reunion of the descendants of the late Brigham Young, President of the Mormon Church. For the first time the number of the descendants of the founder of the Church was announced by the family. There were fifty-six children, forty-seven of whom survived Mr. Young. From these sprang 204 grandchildren and there are 7[illegible] great-grandchildren. This makes a total of over 1,000 descendants of a man who has died since the Civil War. They are scattered in all parts of the world, some by change of residence, some on missions, and others travelling.

No building in Salt Lake is large enough for the reunion and it will be held in the open air. Despite the great number of his children, the descendants say that President Young knew them all by name. Brigham's young grandson said to-day:

"Grandfather knew every one of his own children by name. He always carried sugar in his pocket to give us. He loved children."

This does not agree with a story that is currently believed. Just before he died, President Young met three little boys on the street smoking cigarettes. He stopped them, and asked, "Don't you know you are committing a sin to smoke? Didn't your father ever tell you this was wrong?"

"Why, pa," chimed in the three boys, "don't you know us?"

The Young family denies this story.

The Hollywood Paint Company, Hamilton

A visit to their factory reveals the fact that they are now actively engaged manufacturing and are securing their share of spring business. Their factory is equipped with the very latest improved machinery driven by electric power, so that their methods of producing are most economical and places them on a par with their competitors. Their principal product is Hollywood Mixed Paint, in semi paste form, in connection with which their manager, Mr. Norman A. Jones, says: "The painters throughout Canada have so often been induced to believe that the various brands of liquid paints submitted to them use were pure and made with the very best linseed oil, only to find out later, that they had been grossly deceived, we have decided to put on the market a semi paste product of the very best lead and zinc so that the buyer could purchase his own linseed oil and be satisfied that he is getting the very best. In this way the house-holder and practical painter knows beyond any question or doubt that he is getting the very best material for his money." Their proposition to the consumer says, "one gallon of Pure Raw Linseed Oil added to one gallon of Hollywood Mixed Paint will give two gallons of Pure Mixed Paint," a proposition never before offered to the buying public. With their paints, the Hollywood Paint Company give a five-year guarantee of durability and satisfaction, so that their offer to painters and consumers is certainly an attractive one. The trade have asked the company to put their paint up in a form ready for the brush, and they are also putting it up in this way so that the small consumer may no have the trouble of mixing. The company are also making a floor paint which has been very favorably received by the trade, and will dry hard enough to walk on and have a high gloss in seven hours. In addition to mixed paints they will also manufacture colors in oil, dryers, varnishes and everything that is used in the decoration of a house, except wall paper, glass and brushes.

Mr. Jones reports that he has secured from one of the principal producers of turpentine in the Southern States, the Canadian Agency for Turpentine Spirits, besides which their company has been appointed the exclusive Agent for a number of American products greatly to be [illegible] by paint consumers.

ENTHUSIASTIC RALLY OF LIBERAL WORKERS

In Mr. Stratton's Committee Rooms on Saturday Night

MR. STRATTON'S PROSPECTS

For a Large Majority Very Encouraging—Number of Other Speakers Delivered Short Addresses.

Hon. J. R. Stratton addressed a meeting of his working supporters in the committee rooms on Saturday evening. There was a very large attendance, the large rooms being crowded to their utmost capacity.

Mr. William Yelland occupied the chair. In a capital speech Mr. Yelland showed the inconsistent attitude of a wing of the local Conservatives, who were trying to use temperance to advance the interests of the Review-Lindsay-Whitney candidate. It was quite evident, Mr. Yelland said, that it was Toryism, not temperance, these persons were trying to advance. He thought that no more injurious meeting to the temperance cause was ever held in Peterborough than the political temperance convention held on Tuesday afternoon last. If the temperance people allowed the wool to be pulled over their eyes by such a clique of politicians, they were responsible for doing a serious injury to the temperance cause. He was quite satisfied that the temperance people would resent this attempt to drag through the mire of politics the temperance organizations of the country. He was a strong temperance man himself, but they couldn't pull the wool over his eyes (applause).

Mr. M. S. Madole, the Liberal candidate for Lennox, who was in town a few hours on business, made a stirring speech, which was enthusiastically received. He dwelt upon the importance of the best classes of the community giving their support to the Ross Government, which was the most progressive Government the Province ever had. Its finances were in excellent condition. The public institutions under its charge ever were tutions under its charge never were better, the laws were all that the policy of the government gave hope and strength and vitality to the growth of the province. No greater calamity could come to Ontario than to place in power a party who were willing to arouse all sorts of cries to gain power to serve their own ends. He paid a warm compliment to the Hon. Mr. Stratton, who enjoyed and deserved as high a popularity throughout the province as he did in his own riding. Mr. Madole concluded by pointing out that the Ross Government would be stronger in the next parliament than it was in the last, as there were several seats in the eastern part of the province which would be redeemed.

Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, thanked the committee for the splendid work they had been doing in his absence during the week. He thought that if the people of the province were satisfied with the flapdoodle being doled out nightly by the leaders of the Conservative party, they were easily satisfied indeed. There was nothing elevated or proud in their speeches, and they showed their lack of grasp of political affairs by their inability to offer the people anything worthy of the great interests a Provincial Government was required to serve and promote.

An assertion very frequently made by the Conservative press and on the Opposition platform was that the Government was unprogressive, that the legislation of the province had not kept pace with the demands of a growing community or with the advances made elsewhere. No more absurd or unfounded charge could be brought than this in view of the fact that the legislation of Ontario had been widely copied not only by the other provinces but by many of the most progressive states of the American Union. Ontario was in fact the pioneer in lawmaking and in methods of administration. This was true in connection with every department. In the important matter of agriculture, Ontario had set the example in the collection of statistics. Manitoba had adopted the system and the other provinces were considering the advisability of doing so. Our system of Farmers' Institutes, which had done so much to raise the standard of farming, had been adopted by Manitoba and New Brunswick and the Dominion Government was sending Ontario Institute lecturers into the other Provinces. The Ontario Live Stock Associations, which had been liberally aided and encouraged by the Government had furnished the model for similar institutions in all the other provinces. The Dominion Government had followed the precedent set by Ontario in starting a winter live stock fair. The Ontario dairy school system had led the way in dairy instruction, and there were now institutions established on the same line in Manitoba, Quebec and New Brunswick. The Agricultural College, at one time derided and decried by the Opposition, was so much appreciated by the people of other sections that the three Maritime Provinces were about to adopt our system, and the Manitobans were considering the question. The marked success of one of its notable features, the Dairy Department, has induced the Dominion Government to take up the work of dairy instruction, putting Ontario dairymen in charge. Ontario instructors in this line were also engaged in the other provinces, in New Zealand and in Scotland, which was certainly a high tribute to the thoroughness of the training secured at the Agricultural College. The bulletins of that institution were everywhere widely sought after. Prof. W. L. Amoss, Director of Maryland Farmers' Institutes, characterized the College as "the best of the twelve I have visited in the United States and Canada for educating the farmer's son for the farm." (Applause.)

Another department in which Ontario was notably in advance of other communities was the Board of Health. Our Public Health Act has been copied by Quebec, Manitoba, British Columbia, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick and many of the American States had drawn fully upon its provisions. The Act respecting sanitary regulations for unorganized territories, passed in 1900, had formed a precedent for legislation by the States of Minnesota, Michigan, Maine and Pennsylvania, and had been practically adopted by Quebec. The provisions of our law giving the Board of Health supervision over waterworks and drainage systems had been copied by Ohio. Ontario was far ahead of any province or state in the registration of vital statistics. Our plan had been highly commended at the Washington conference two years ago, and had been copied to a slight extent by the other provinces and adopted by many Canadian cities. The uniting of the registration and public health branches had been found highly effective in the prevention of disease. The Sanatoria for Consumptives Act adopted in 1901 was in advance of any legislation elsewhere. So far no European Government or American State had undertaken to deal with the question, but doubtless before long our initiative would be followed in this as in other matters.

Mr. Stratton concluded by urging his supporters to keep up the good work for the rest of the month and they would be rewarded by a splendid victory (applause).

Mr. G. K. Martin referred to the fact that the local political temperance movement originated in and was propagated by a certain room in the Bank of Commerce buildings. It was purely political and he hoped no supporters of the Government would be deceived by the actions of this clique.

Mr. Wm. Eyres followed in a similar strain showing that party animus was the moving spirit of the movement and bringing out a supporter of an anti-temperance leader as the supporter of temperance in the House. He had been a temperance man all his life but he had never witnessed any movement calculated to do more injury to temperance than the course of a clique who chiefly desired to secure a party gain.

Mr. R. F. McWilliams referred to the excellent progress of the campaign in East Peterborough and predicted a splendid victory for Mr. Anderson.

Mr. James Garrow, of the William Hamilton Company, said the best interests of Peterborough would be served by the election of Mr. Stratton, who was a member of a Government that had a splendid policy in relation to development, especially of the farming and mining industries. The working men desired to see such developments as would promote industrial enterprise and give employment to both capital and labor.

The meeting closed with cheers for the king and the candidate.

MRS. W. J. MORROW'S CONCERT.

Vocal and Instrumental Recital in the Opera House This Evening

Following is the programme to be given this evening at Mrs. W. J. Morrow's concert:

PART I

Pupils chorus — O Divine Redeemer. Marchetti.
Vocal solo—Good Night, Sweet Dreams. Stenhoff. Miss M. Rush.
Piano solo—(a) Si O'iseau J'etais. Henselt—(b) Nachtstueck. Schumann. Miss E. Miller.
Vocal solo — Happy Days. Strelezki. (flute obligato) Miss M. Bentley.
Vocal solo — Queen of the Earth. Pinsuti. Mr. J. Legg.
Vocal solo — Night of Nights. V. De Water. Mrs. C. B. McAllister.
Violin solo — Bolero. German. Mr. Gilbert Markle.
Vocal duet — O Salutaris. Bailey. Miss M. Rush. Rev. W. L. Armitage.

PART II

Vocal duet — Love shall Guide. White. Miss F. Miller. Miss M. Bentley.
Piano solo — (a) Polonaise Allegro Appassionato. Chopin — (b) Valse. Mrs. W. J. Morrow.
Vocal solo — (a) I Dreamed of a Lover Tall and Fair. Weir — (b) A May Morning. Denza. Miss F. Miller.
Vocal solo—The King of the Winds. David. Rev. W. L. Armitage.
Vocal duet — The Ranchero. Edgar. Miss F. Miller. Mr. J. Legg.
Vocal solo — (a) O Dry Those Tears. Del Riego — (b) A Song of Thanksgiving. Allitsen. Mrs. W. J. Morrow.
Violin solo — Sonata. Greig. Mr. Gilbert Markle.
Pupils' chorus — Waltz Rondo. Gumbert.

Canadian Horses

In 1891 the exports of horses from the United States to all countries amounted to less than $1,000,000. During the single year ending with June, 1901, England received from thence the record-breaking total of 76,000 horses, and the entire exports of United States horses for that year amounted to nearly $8,000,000. These exportations began on a large scale in 1895, when over 10,000 horses were sent to England. From that time on the shipments increased until in 1901, the record was as follows:—South Africa, 57,485; Great Britain, 22,000; Canada, 3,435; Cuba, 4,455; China, 2,217; Philippines, 1,603; Japan, 1,545; British Columbia, 395; and the British West Indies, 190. Since 1895 Great Britain alone has received from the United States an average of 50,000 horses annually. All this in the face of the scare felt everywhere that horses were soon to be superseded by mechanical motors. Has Canada become so infected with this fear that the comparatively small number of horses for export is to be thus accounted for? During March, 4,946 horses were bought for the British army in Fiume, Austria; 5,000 from the United States, and 751 from Canada. The Canadian Gazette, of London, which reports these figures, well remarks that the last mentioned is "a miserable total. Canadians have the remedy in their own hands; either they must use more English or Irish thoroughbred hunting or coaching stallions, or the British Government and London horse dealers will, for obvious reasons, continue to make their purchases in foreign countries." The Gazette observes that "some Canadians are taking exception to Col. Dent's selections of cavalry horses in Canada, but there are defects not discernible to inexperienced Canadians, which would [illegible] a valuable soldier's life in South Africa—perhaps that of the Canadian farmer's own son." A horse that may appear perfect to the inexperienced eye may to the expert have a defect, such as cataract only discernible by the candle test, that is, examining the eye in a dark stable. Such horse, worth [illegible] otherwise, would not be taken at a gift.

LORD STRATHCONA ON CANADA'S CHANCE

The Opportunity of the Dominion at the Present Day

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE NEEDED

Would give Canadian Ports and Railways Control of Vast Traffic

London, May 5.—Whatever may be the outcome of the steamship Merger, Canada is likely to be a great gainer. This view is shared by Lord Strathcona, the High Commissioner, who was seen on the subject the other day by a London Chronicle representative. While anxious not to be represented as giving any opinion on the Morgan combination, His Lordship said that any such movement was likely to draw wider attention in Great Britain to the possibilities of Canadian ports. Those possibilities, he thinks, have up to the present only been faintly realized by the British public.

His Lordship then explained how much nearer than New York the principal Canadian ports were to England. Quebec was 500 miles nearer, and for eight of the best months of the year was open to the largest vessels afloat. But it was no use considering a port unless it was open all the year round, and this could be found at Cape Breton, which was a whole day's journey shorter than New York. Louisburg, at Cape Breton, had 36 feet of water at low tide, and the harbor was always ice free. Halifax, also, was a good port, always ice free, and as Nova Scotia and Cape Breton were well served by the Government railway, passengers and mails could be conveyed to Montreal in a few hours, and dispatched by the grand trunk lines to any part of the United States and Canada. A passenger could land at Cape Breton twenty-four hours before he could reach New York by steamer from England and if he took train to New York as soon as he landed, he would still reach that city, so His Lordship explained, "a business day ahead of his friend in the New York-bound vessel—no inconsiderable thing in these days of keen commercial rivalry."

The distances from Liverpool are—to Louisburg, 2,576 miles; to Halifax, 2,734; to Boston, 3,160, and to New York, 3,286.

Of course the first step to be taken, as Lord Strathcona explained, is to secure a fast mail service and that at first would have to be subsidized. The Canadian Government is very much in earnest over the matter and is now considering more seriously than ever this question of subsidizing a fast service. The subject is to be brought forward at the conference of Colonial Premiers in London next July, and it is considered certain that before long a fast service will be established between the two countries.

Once the boats begin running, His Lordship believes, they will not only draw away the Canadian mails that now go to New York, but all passengers for Canada and a good number of people bound for the United States. "In fact," said the High Commissioner, "I hope to see the present state of affairs reversed, and instead of people for Canada passing first through the United States I look forward with confidence to the time when people for the United States will first pass through Canada."

Some Results of Impure Blood

A blotched, pimply, disfigured face, feeling of exhaustion, wracked nerves, headache and a dull brain. The proper cure is one Ferrozone Tablet after each meal. Ferrozone clears and beautifies the complexion by making rich, pure blood. It restores the enfeebled brain and unstrung nerves to a healthy vigorous condition. It invigorates all the physical and mental powers, and brings strength and ambition to the depressed. Refuse a substitute for Ferrozone—it's the best tonic, rebuilder and invigorator known. Price 50c., at Druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

MUCH C. P. R. STOCK GOES TO CONTINENT.

London, New York and Montreal Take New $19,500,000 Issue

WHOLE NOW DISPOSED OF

$2,000,000 Has Been Set Aside for Construction of Shops at Hochelaga

Montreal, May 5.—Although the detailed returns showing where the new issue of Canadian Pacific stock amounting to $19,500,000 was subscribed for, is not yet to hand, it is known that about 40 per cent. in New York, and 30 per cent. in Montreal It is believed that a large portion of the New York subscriptions were for European shareholders and that the Dutch German and other continental subscribers made application in London. The full issue was taken up at par and had to be absorbed by the original shareholders, who were allotted at the rate of 30 per cent. of their stock, which was $65,000,000.

Of this, there will be expended for locomotives, cars and other equipments, $10,000,000; new shops at Hochelaga and improvement of repair shops, $2,000,000; reduction of grades, improvement of alignment, second tracks, 3,000,000; additional grain elevators, terminals, business and passing siding and other facilities as may be required from month to month, $4,500,000.

Of the $10,000,000 for new locomotives and cars $4,500,000 has already been appropriated as follows: 80 locomotives, which in round figures will cost $1,600,000 and the following car equipment, which will run the total figures up to about $4,500,000 a box car costing about $900: 1500 box cars; 200 stock; 500 coal; 50 ore; 50 refrigerator; 5 baggage and 3 diners.

Turning Down the Doctor

The marvellous power of Catarrhozone [illegible] instead of running to the doctor [illegible] by [illegible]; it [illegible] in the head [illegible] quickly relieves Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Lung Troubles, and cures even though all other remedies have failed. Catarrhozone is very pleasant, safe and convenient to use, [illegible] try it to-day. Price $1.00, small size 25c. at Druggists.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 5, 1902.

CANADIAN HORSES.

In 1902 the exports of horses from the United States to all countries amounted to less than $1,000,000. During the single year ending with June, 1901, England received from thence the record-breaking total of 75,000 horses, and the entire exports of United States horses for that year amounted to nearly $9,000,000. These exportations began on a large scale in 1895, when over 10,000 horses were sent to England. From that time on the shipments increased until in 1901, the record was as follows:—South Africa, 37,-465; Great Britain, 22,000; Canada, 3,418; Cuba, 4,436; China, 2,217; Philippines, 1,-572; Japan, 1,585; British Columbia, 791; and 120 British West Indies, 190. Since 1895 Great Britain alone has received from the United States an average of 50,000 horses annually. All this in the face of the scare felt everywhere that horses were soon to be superseded by mechanical motors. Has Canada become so infected with this fear that the comparatively small number of horses for export is to be thus accounted for? During March, 6,546 horses were bought for the British army in Fiume, Austria; 6,365 from the United States, and 161 from Canada. The Canadian Gazette, of London, which reports these figures, well remarks that the last mentioned is "a miserable total. Canadians have the remedy in their own hands; either they must use more English or Irish thoroughbred hunting or coaching stallions, or the British Government and London horse dealers will, for obvious reasons, continue to make their purchases in foreign countries." The Gazette observes that "some Canadians are taking exception to Col. Dent's selections of cavalry horses in Canada, but there are defects not discernible to inexperienced Canadians which might risk a valuable soldier's life in South Africa,—perhaps that of the Canadian farmer's own son." A horse that may appear perfect to the inexperienced eye may to the expert have a defect, such as embryo cataract only discernible by the candle test, that is, examining the eyes in a dark stable. Such horse, worth 30 guineas otherwise, would not be taken as a gift.

One serious discouragement to Canadian horse-breeding is the low tariff under which so large a number of animals as above reported have been brought in from the States. No doubt a very considerable if not the most of these 3,418 horses exported from the United States to Canada were of the class recently objected to in Parliament, viz., the western ranch ponies. These inferior animals have been laid down here at $14 each, paying only twenty per cent. duty, while a horse of no more value than a goat is taxed $30 duty on going into the United States. This should be remedied.

In the Jaws of the Fire.

THE risks that firemen take are an everlasting wonder, even though almost every paper contains stories of their bravery. But the man behind the fire-engine—apparently he has only to keep his machine going, and is as safe as the boy who pulls the lever of an upright "slammer." The story of Bill Brown, as told by Mr. Cleveland Moffett in "Careers of Daring and Danger," shows that the engineer's bravery is sometimes put to tests as severe as those which the hoseman or the ladderman ever has to endure.

What happened was this: Engine 33, pumping her prettiest, stood at the corner so near the drug-house that the driver thought it wasn't safe for the horses, and led them away. That left Brown alone, against the shock of the fire, watching his boiler and keeping the steam-gauge at seventy-five.

As the fire gained, chunks of red-hot sandstone began to smash down on the engine. Brown ran his pressure up to eighty, and watched the door anxiously where the four firemen from his squad had gone into the furnace.

Then an explosion of chemicals in the building sent a flame wide as a house curling across the street, enwrapping engine and man, and setting fire to the elevated railway station overhead. Bill Brown stood by his engine with a sheet of fire above him. He heard footsteps on the pavement and voices that grew fainter, crying, "Run for your lives!" He was alone, and the skin on his hands, face and neck was blistered.

Brown knew why everyone was running. There would be another explosion. It was tolerably certain that he must die if he stayed. But his four chums were in the fire and needed the water. If he quit his engine the water would fail.

He stoked in coal and ran the gauge up another notch, easing the running parts with the oiler. He was offering his life for his friends.

In a few minutes the four firemen came out of the building. Then Bill Brown ran for his life with his comrades. A second or two later Engine 33 was crushed by the falling walls.

Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Chelly Hardupp has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of this grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

"Well, sir," said the Chicagoan, proudly, "what do you think of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago."—Philadelphia Press.

Oldest Inhabitant—We don't have any such storms now as we had when we [illegible]

PATIENT ENDURANCE.

SERMON BY

REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

But let patience have her perfect work.—St. James., i., 4.

Patience is generally classed among the minor virtues, but so much of life's happiness and usefulness depends on it that we ought to give it a more prominent place. To patiently endure an environment which includes suffering and hardship is nothing less than heroism, and there are unseen and unrecorded instances in which men and women have shown the courage of the martyr.

Patience is always yoked with other high qualities of character. Its nearest ally is self-control, and self-control is as important when you are building a character as a rudder is when a ship is launched. It is literally the steering apparatus which keeps us clear of the rocks and shoals of an impetuous and reckless temper. I would rather have patience with perfect self-control than to have genius, for while genius is erratic and often unbalanced, these other qualities give us poise and equilibrium. Patience is grounded on resignation to the inevitable, which results in a calm endurance under exasperating circumstances, and in the conviction that it is safer to bear the ills we have than to fly to others that we know not of. When a man cultivates patience, therefore, he becomes master of himself and master of whatever may possibly happen. It is a kingly, a royal virtue, and more depends on its possession than we are apt to think.

You can reckon its value by considering its opposite. Impatience is a dangerous quality. It constantly places your self-respect and your relations to your dearest friends in peril. Moreover, it makes unhappy circumstances more unhappy still. You can't rebel against your surroundings with a complaining heart without rendering yourself weak to oppose or change them. Look your life over calmly and impartially and you will find that where you have been at odds with your lot you have made the lot so much the worse and more difficult to get away from, whereas if you had accepted the bitter experience and made the best of it you would have reaped a benefit otherwise impossible. It is equally true that where you have been impetuous of speech you have had cause for regret, while a curbed tongue has been cause for rejoicing. When you have been silent you have done better than when you have spoken. A bitter word suppressed strengthens the character, while a reckless utterance is like a bomb, which is sure to injure, if it does not kill, a friendship.

It is an inexorable law that three-quarters of the world must drudge in order to live. You may wonder why this should be so, but you will find no solution for the puzzle. The simple, stubborn fact faces you, and it ends all controversy. Moreover, all the world, without exception, must sooner or later bear heavy burdens of sorrow and bereavement. The normal condition of man is to be a burden-bearer, and I had almost said it is the only healthy condition. There is no smooth road laid down on the chart of life. We all trudge through storm and sunshine. Poverty, sickness, trouble, death, are to be found everywhere. Kings and peasants alike have their sorrows. It is the common lot.

There is only one question to be asked and answered: How shall we make these experiences contribute to strength of character, and possibly to our welfare? Not, surely, by a restless controversy with the inevitable and inexorable. That state of mind only aggravates the evil without even the shadow of a good result. It is your attitude of mind and heart which decides your happiness or misery.

Fight fate and you will surely be defeated; not only defeated, but soured. On the other hand, make the best of the worst, calmly and patiently use events and extract from them whatever of good they may contain, and your days will swing along with a smoothness that will surprise you. More and better than that, your calmness and patience will have a tendency to draw to you the help of the other world, and if you and the other world come to a harmonious understanding the very complexion of your adverse circumstances will change.

In a word, the soul which follows in the footsteps of the Christ and in poverty and hard work and misfortune bravely meets and nobly endures will find light in unexpected places, and joys where only fears were looked for. There is a subtle law here, and if we can discover it and be guided by it the clouds will have a silver lining, and even our sorrows will prove a blessing.

God is still with us, and so are the angels of God. With patience and courage we may fit ourselves for their kind services, and so make good use of the roughest places over which we must travel to the rest and reward of the glorious future.

Now as to the name of the garment,
  There is one unerring test.
If it casts five plunks 'tis a waistcoat;
  If less than that, a vest.

Jay—Yes, sir; when I was in New York a sharper robbed me of fifty dollars. Hay—Why didn't you call a policeman? "Well, I thought fifty dollars cost enough."—Philadelphia "Press."

Lawyer (examining witness)—Where was your maid at the time? Lady—In my boudoir, arranging my hair. Lawyer—And were you there also? Lady (indignantly)—Sir!—Chicago "Journal."

Optimist—Cheer up, cheer up, [illegible] will come again. Pessimist—That's just what I am afraid [illegible]

UNCHARITY.

SERMON BY

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

And to godliness, brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness, charity.—II. Peter, i., 7.

There is one form of vice which is to me especially offensive and repellant, namely, habitual uncharity in the judgment of others. It is twice cursed, for it curseth him who gratifies his morbid appetite and him who is unconsciously the victim of it.

It is always safe to be generous in criticism, and seldom safe to be severe. If the Christ's rule, the "measure you mete, it shall be measured to you again," should be literally enforced, many a man and woman would be wrecked by the consequences. If it is always possible to say something kind it is well to be in the frame of mind to do it. The middle course is to be silent unless there is a good word to say, and the heroic course is to rebuke the harsh and unnecessary criticism.

Many a life has been seriously wounded, many a heart well-nigh broken by thoughtless talk which perhaps had no foundation in fact, or was based on facts misunderstood. It is so much better to be sweet than sour. The juicy plum filled with sunshine hangs on the branches in abundance, and so does the lemon, and it is a more gracious taste which chooses the plum and leaves the lemon for others to pluck. Life contains so many disagreeable things that if we can avoid coming into contact with any one of them we do ourselves a distinct benefit. A smile helps the world more than a frown, and the good nature which ignores the unpleasant and dwells only on the agreeable is a Christian virtue, which is as charming as it is rare.

The clear injunction of religion is to find the good in our neighbors and not to magnify their failings. We may laugh at their follies or look with scorn on their weaknesses, but who knows what we ourselves would do under like circumstances? We are not so strong that we can thank God, as the poor Pharisee did, that we are not like other men. If we are really strong the best way to show our strength is to help those who have fallen by the way rather than spread the news of their failure, as though we stood on a higher and safer level. True religion, the only kind worth having, not only prays that "from all uncharitableness, good Lord, deliver us," but co-operates with the Lord in the accomplishment of the task.

A legend is told of Jesus which illustrates my point. He was standing in a group who were looking at a dead dog. Each spectator had something hard and cruel on his lips, but at last a gentle voice was heard, saying, "He had very white teeth!" It was perhaps the only thing that could be said of a favorable nature, and it was the only thing He cared to say. It was a rebuke not to be easily forgotten, and the men in the group silently stole away, wondering at themselves and at Him.

You deceive yourself if you think you are religious and still indulge in uncharity. I would rather be poor Abou Ben Adhem, who cared nothing for Christ, but wanted to be classed as one "who loves his fellow-men," than so wretched a Christian that he could cherish a secret delight in the faults of others. Religion is either the most practical and useful thing in the world, or it counts for nothing—the theory of a day, to be abandoned on the morrow. And it proves its mettle when it demands a generous and charitable judgment, and will accept no excuse if you have it not. There never yet was human soul so debased that the angels could not kindle a divine and purging flame in it. In the basest creature that lives there are possibilities of excellence which cannot be calculated, and your word of censure, your scorn and disdain, your repetition of an evil rumor may quench that flame in its feeble beginnings.

There is but one wholesome rule to follow. It is the dictate of honor and of the consciousness that even you need to be judged kindly. It is never to spread an injurious story, for your own sake, for his sake, for the sake of all concerned. No bitterness of spirit and no bitterness of criticism. Look for the good and speak of it freely, but be blind to the faults of others as you would have them blind to yours. The Christ loved justice, but He was always merciful. So you may love the truth, but if you cannot help, see to it that you do not hurt. A silent tongue sometimes shows a consecrated heart.

Northern Pines.

I passed where the pines for Christmas
  Stood thick in the crowded street,
Where the groves of dream and silence
  Were walked by feverish feet.

And far through the rain and street cries
  My home-sick heart went forth
To its pine-clad hills of childhood,
  To its dark and tender North.

And I saw the glooming pine lands,
  And I thrilled to the storied cold,
Where the sunset fell in silence
  On the hills of gloom and gold.

And the dusk, still woods lay round me,
  And I knew that the patient eyes
Of my North as a child's were tender,
  As a sorrowing mother's, wise.

Little Dorothy had been intently watching her brother, an amateur artist, blocking out a landscape in his sketchbook. Suddenly she exclaimed, "I know what drawing is."

"Well, Dot, what is it?"

"Drawing is thinking, and then marking round the think."

Cured to the Last.

[illegible]

Pretty

is an adjective which seems to have become monopolized by the young lady at the typewriter. It is astonishing what an array of beautiful women are found in stores and offices. In fact, the typical American beauty will be found sitting at the typewriter rather than lolling in a carriage in the park.

And yet this pretty young girl needs always to be reminded that "beauty is only skin deep," unless it roots in health. When the health is undermined by womanly diseases, the luster soon passes from the eyes, the cheeks grow thin, the body loses its plumpness.

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Relics in Jerusalem.

The Greek Catholic monks, who are in possession of the chief portions of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, are now going to build a bazaar opposite it, where pilgrims may purchase souvenirs of their visit to Jerusalem. During the process of clearing the site the foundations of an old mediaeval church, forty meters long and thirty wide, with three apses, were discovered. A number of fine capitals, fragments of basalt pillars, and bas-reliefs, with symbolic animals, were found, all these remains having doubtless belonged to the choir of the church. Last year a valuable silver shrine, containing a piece of the holy cross and relics of the Apostles Peter and Paul—according, at least, to the inscriptions on them—was discovered at the same place.

The Patriarch of Jerusalem, it is said, is keeping other discoveries secret, owing to his dislike of the Roman Catholic Church. Those mentioned above are all the more important, as it can be ascertained to what church they belonged. According to the statement of a mediaeval traveller, the hospice and the monastery which the citizens of Amalfi founded about the year 640, as a refuge for western pilgrims, was situated due south of the Holy Sepulchre, about a stone's throw away. The first church was built in honor of St. Mary de Latinis, and the second, the ruins of which have now been found, in honor of St. John the Baptist. The French monk Bernard, who lived there in 870, highly praised the hospitality and the large library of the hospice. A Mohammedan historian says it was destroyed by the Khalif Hakem, and rebuilt shortly afterwards, while, according to another account, it prospered down to the time of King Baldwin of Jerusalem, from 1100 to 1118, when the two communities of St. Mary and St. John adopted the latter as their joint protector. This was the origin of the Knights of St. John. The remains now discovered, therefore, are the ruins of the cradle of this order. It is most unfortunate that the preservation of these very interesting remains seems impossible, owing to the ill-feeling which exists between the Greek and Roman Catholics in Jerusalem.—London Standard.

A Defence of the "Old Maid."

A toast is offered to the spinster! We meet a great many pleasant people in the world, but nowhere do we find a more satisfactory person than that elderly unmarried woman generally and somewhat disrespectfully known as the "old maid," and supposed to be afflicted with "nerves" and a cantankerous disposition. As a matter of fact, she is frequently the sweetest, most self-forgetful of her sex. She usually walks, with tact and a loving heart, in other women's paths, lives in other women's homes, and rejoices in other women's joys, making them her own. The children adore her, for she becomes to them a sort of fairy godmother, one who possesses all the tenderness of a mother without the extremes of maternal discipline. She loves to give children a "good time," and does it with extraordinary success. In household details, what a treasure! How many dinners owe their success to her, who reaps no glory except the glory of doing! And in the ultimate trials of life, what a prop and solace she becomes! But it is to the young boy-lovers of the family that she exhibits the finest flower of her capacity for friendship. What a gift of understanding she seems to have! There is no difficulty she cannot dissipate, no fear she cannot lessen, no tender little half-owned hope that she does not encourage to bloom for the other woman. It is always for somebody else that she is working, and perhaps it is this which gives to her eyes the look that even the wisest among us unconsciously associates with all that is best and fairest in life. Let them make fun of her if they will, but could we do without her?—Harper's Weekly.

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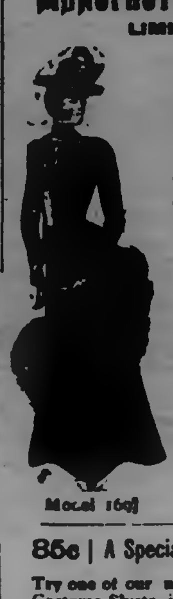

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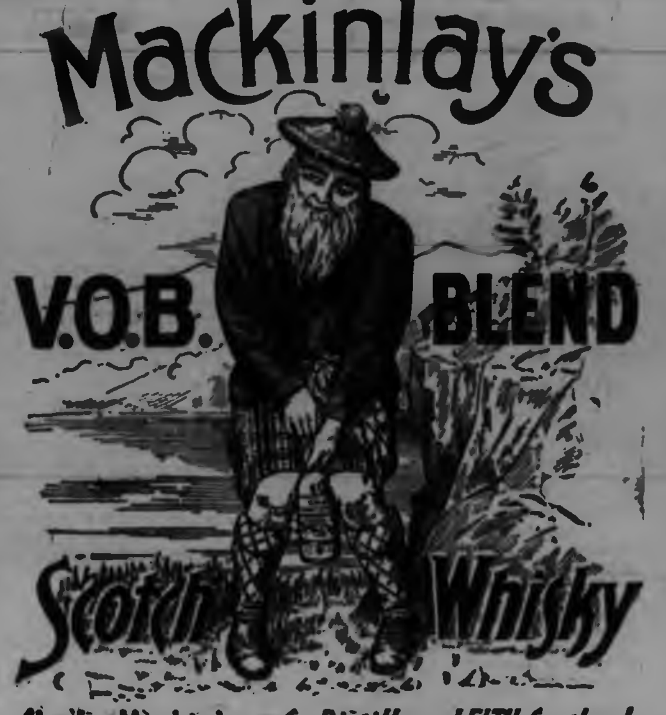

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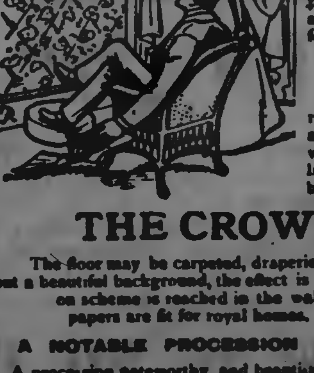

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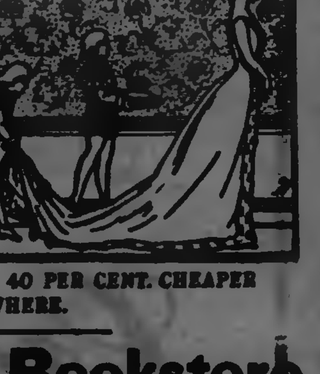

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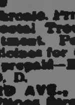

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Huxley and the Reporters.

ON his arrival in Baltimore, Professor Huxley was driven to the country seat of Mr. Garrett, who had offered him hospitality and had invited a large company to meet him in an afternoon party. There was but one intervening day between his arrival, tired out by a long journey in the interior, and his delivery of the address. He had hardly reached the residence of his host before the reporters discovered him and asked for the manuscript of his speech. "Manuscript?" he said. "I have none. I shall speak freely on a theme with which I am quite familiar." "Well, professor," said the interlocutor, "that is all right, but our instructions are to send the speech to the papers in New York, and if you cannot give us the copy we must take it down as well as we can and telegraph it, for the Associated Press is bound to print it the morning after it is spoken." This was appalling, for in view of the possible inaccuracy of the shorthand, and the possible condensation of the wirehand, the lecturer was afraid that technical and scientific terms might not be rightly reproduced. "You can have your choice, professor," said the urbane reporter, "to give us the copy or to let us do the best we can, for report the speech we shall." The professor yielded, and the next day he walked up and down his room at Mr. Garrett's dictating to a stenographer, in cold and irresponsive seclusion, the speech which he expected to make before a receptive and hospitable assembly.

I sat very near the orator as he delivered the address in the Academy of Music, and noticed that, although he kept looking at the pile of manuscript on the desk before him, he did not turn the pages over. The speech was appropriate and well received, but it had no glow, and the orator did not equal his reputation for charm and persuasiveness. When the applause was over I said to Mr. Huxley: "I noticed that you did not read your address; I am afraid the light was insufficient." "Oh," said he, "that was not the matter. I have been in distress. The reporters brought me, according to their promise, the copy of their notes. It was on thin translucent paper, and to make it legible they put clean white sheets between the leaves. That made such bulk that I removed the intermediate leaves, and when I stood up at the desk I found I could not read a sentence. So I have been in a dilemma—not daring to speak freely, and trying to recall what I dictated yesterday and allowed the reporters to send to New York." If he used an epithet before the word "reporters" I am sure he was justified, but I forget what it was.—Dr. D. C. Gilman in "Scribner's Magazine."

Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

Little Georgie was taken by his aunt to see the newcomer, aged one day. He was duly and profoundly impressed with the specimen, and asked where the little brother came from. "God sent it," answered the aunt, reverently. The answer made a deep impression on Little Georgie, for that afternoon he was seen out in the backyard gazing up into the deep blue sky and spreading his diminutive apron expectantly as he said: "Dear God, please throw me one down, too."—Troy "Press."

First Little Girl—The doctor brought us twins yesterday! Second Little Girl—That's where you made a mistake. You should have had a homeopathist.—N. Y. "Life."

Gasmann (after he has succeeded in waking his wife)—Open the door! Mrs. Gasmann (head out of the second-story window)—Are you sober? Gasmann—[illegible]. Mrs. Gasmann—[illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"I solemnly swear to you, Daisy, I am not his bride!" she went on excitedly. "Some young girl who resembles me closely must have passed herself off for me. It is an infamous plot to gain possession of my fortune."

"Since the world began no young girl was ever called upon to face so bitter a trial. The shock—the torture of it would have killed anyone else. I have often wondered since that I did not go mad; but heaven is kind—I live in hopes that there is some brightness in store for me yet.

"He has written me that he is coming for me to claim me on the twenty-fifth. This is the fifteenth. If he does, remember my words, Daisy, I shall not be accountable for whatever may happen. There is such a thing as goading a person too far."

"Coming here? Do you say this man is coming here?" asked Daisy, and her voice sounded like nothing human.

"Yes! he is coming here!" repeated Lillian Ruthven, with the calm of despair; "and I shall settle the future with him once and for all."

"Promise me, for the love of heaven, that you will do nothing rash," said Daisy, looking up into Lillian's face with terrified eyes. "If you do it would kill me!"

"I thank you for taking so much interest in me," said Lillian, gratefully. "I have grown cynical, I am afraid; but it touches my heart strangely when any one expresses such true deep sorrow as you seem to evince for me. You are indeed my true friend, Daisy."

Her true friend; ah, had Lillian Ruthven but known the truth!

"No wonder I have grown cynical, Daisy," she said, with a dry hard sob. "That cruel affair has blighted my life in more ways than one. The bitterest blow of all was, it parted me forever from the only man I ever cared for, and what is life without the one we love. Think how desolate your future would be if you were to be parted from Aleck, whom you love so much; by looking at it in this way you will understand.

"Ah, here is your sister Olive coming."

Daisy was glad indeed to see her sister approaching. She felt that she must die if she listened to Lillian Ruthven another moment.

Every word she uttered struck like a death-knell into her heart. She knew why—heaven help her.

She could not endure to hear Olive and Lillian discuss that terrible topic. She rose hurriedly from the garden chair.

"I will leave you with Olive for a little while, Miss Ruthven," she said. "The perfume of the roses overpowers me."

She walked steadily enough away from them. When she reached the lime grove out of the sound of their voices, she gave full vent to her grief.

"I am driven at bay in one way or another," she moaned. "How can I let this villain claim poor Lillian Ruthven and blast her life; and yet, how can I tell the world why he should not?" she moaned, bitterly.

She had often wondered how a criminal could see an innocent man hang for a crime which he himself had committed—stand quietly by uttering no word; now she could understand the terrible position.

Ah! how cruelly God had punished her for losing the world for love's sake; even Aleck's love could not compensate her, for in love's cup lay the bitterest of dregs.

Twice before the volcano had nearly burst beneath her feet—the sword which was suspended by a single thread had nearly fallen on that guilty, golden head.

If she could have but made a confidante of Olive; but these two sisters had never agreed. Olive would turn from her in horror in a moment of that kind.

She longed with all her soul for Hetty. Ah, if Hetty would but come to her; but she could not reach there by the twenty-fifth, and that was the day on which Harold St. John had told Lillian Ruthven he was coming to claim her.

If by some strategem she could but save Lillian, and at the same time keep her own terrible secret intact; but she saw no hope—whichever way she turned the precipice yawned beneath her feet.

There is but one way, she told herself desperately, for the last time, and that is to end it all before the twenty-fifth.

There would be ten days still, of life, of pleasure, and Aleck's love.

She rose slowly from her knees, pushing back the heavy masses of long, golden hair from her face; every moment was precious—the ten days would pass soon enough.

As she hurried back to the gay throng, she did not see the tall, motionless figure standing among the dense shadows of the trees.

As she stepped out into the broad clearing, the moonbeams fell full upon her face. He started back with a suppressed imprecation.

"By all that is wonderful, if it isn't—Daisy!"

For a moment he stood irresolute; should he, Harold St. John, stride after her, face her before all that gay company and claim her?

She was by far more beautiful than ever—or was Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, fairer game?

"I will ponder the matter over," he muttered, laughing softly beneath his dark, curling mustache.

"More beautiful than ever," he repeated, gazing after the slender, girlish form; "and she could be mine if I so willed it. I was greatly in love with her pretty face and childish ways in those days. It was a terrible blow to me to find out she was not Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, but only Daisy Gordon, a farmer's daughter. If Daisy had had any money we might have had a tolerably happy life of it.

"I wonder, by the way, what she is doing off here, and in such grand company.

"I must find out!" And that is how the tragedy began.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Who is That Beautiful Woman?

Harold St. John's love for pretty Daisy had been little more than a passing fancy.

True, he had resented it bitterly in his own heart, when he had come to the farm and found she had gone—none knew whither.

He had sworn that he would find her, if he had to search the whole wide world for her, but as time passed his love cooled.

Another idea had occurred to his fertile brain. Why not make [illegible]

To be Continued.

Not Getting Everything.

An English correspondent writes:—Apropos of the frequent announcements going the rounds of the newspaper press regarding the capture of machinery orders by American firms in markets which the British manufacturers had previously dominated (certain identical reports being frequently repeated "ad nauseam" in the same journals in different forms), it is refreshing to get a glimpse of the other side of the question, and to find that one, at least, of the representatives of our chief staple industry requires not the admonition to "wake up."

An old-established firm of English flour mill engineers have just secured the contract for the supply and erection of a large flour mill on the most modern system in North China. More than one firm of American makers were competing for the work, and, although they claimed to produce by their process better qualities and higher percentages of flour, the English firm in question was able to satisfy the buyers as to the superiority of their machinery and its ability to produce qualities and percentages equal, or superior to, the Americans.

This English house takes the contract at a price below any of the American houses, and has undertaken to ship the whole plant in ten weeks from date of acceptance of order. The firm in question is an Ipswich concern, which some months since shipped a similar complete flour mill to China, the order for which was also secured in competition with America.

About Britain's Food Supply.

To the discussion on the food supply of Great Britain in war time Mr. J. Holland Rose has lately made a contribution, which involves a curious point in the history of the Napoleonic war. Mr. Rose, it may be stated, is a competent historical critic, and the author of several works upon modern history. Recently he published a life of Napoleon, which has attracted a good deal of attention. In this work he examined at length Napoleon's commercial war with Britain, and in the current issue of The Monthly Review he places before the public in concise form some of the results of his investigations. The remarkable fact is set forth by Mr. Rose that Napoleon never attempted to starve England out, and that his famous continental system was directed to checking British exports to, but not to checking British imports from, the countries to which it was applied.

At that time Great Britain had a population of about 12 millions. In ordinary years the home harvest yielded grain enough for 49 weeks' supply of this population, and a quantity of wheat amounting to three weeks' supply, or about 5 per cent. of the total consumption, had to be imported. The Baltic countries, more particularly East Prussia and Russia, and New York were the sources from which Great Britain drew this 5 or 6 per cent. of her wheat supply. From 1800 to 1812 the harvests were bad, and the quantity of grain needed amounted to twenty weeks' supply, or about 40 per cent. of the total amount consumed. The chief grain route was from the Baltic through the North Sea, and French privateers to get at it had to slip through the Straits of Dover; the British navy always had a heavy preponderance, and after Trafalgar was the only navy on the sea.

In 1799 the fact that war with France—which was not a source of grain supply—had not affected the price of wheat caused some comment, and William Pitt drew from this the conclusion that war in general did not affect the price of food. Almost immediately afterwards the Armed Neutrality League of the Baltic powers was formed, and 1801 found Great Britain at war with the countries which constituted her European grain supply. By March the price of wheat was $4.75 a bushel! But Nelson won the battle of Copenhagen, and the Tsar Paul was murdered; the Armed Neutrality fell to pieces, peace was restored, trade was resumed—and in June wheat was down to $3.85 a bushel, and in December it was $2.25 a bushel.

In 1809 two things happened. The harvest was bad, and Napoleon had gained virtual control of the Prussian and Russian grainfields, the Baltic counties entering the continental blockade. The close of the year found wheat at 103 shillings a quarter, or about $3.10 a bushel. But in this and the following year an extraordinary turn was given to the situation. Napoleon allowed, and even encouraged, the export of wheat from France and Italy to England. In 1810 sixteen million bushels of wheat were shipped from that part of Europe to England. Yet the price of bread in England was thirty cents a four-pound loaf, and nearly half of the traders of England made compositions with their creditors.

In 1812 the harvests were bad all over Europe, so that the strange windfall from France and Italy was cut off, Napoleon finding it necessary to import wheat into France. Simultaneously war broke out with the United States, the other source of grain supply for England. Wheat rose to $4.50 a bushel, and the best Dantzig wheat fetched $5.45 a bushel. But at the end of 1812 Napoleon's Russian campaign collapsed; in 1813 the eastern Europe granary was open to English ships; there was at last a good harvest at home, and by August, 1813, the price was down to $3.35 a bushel. There had been a fearful social crisis, and the Luddite riots had shown signs of passing into a conflict between the industrial and agricultural portions of the population. The extraordinary price of wheat had greatly increased the area devoted to wheat-growing in England, and this probably furnished the margin which enabled the country to get through the lean years. On the high seas British warships seized neutral ships laden with grain, and forced them to go into British ports.

Why did Napoleon send wheat to his bitterest enemy, which at the moment was, for want of bread, on the brink of a civil war? His idea of crippling England's commerce was to prevent her from exporting, and to encourage her to import. He seems to have believed that the loss of the gold she would pay for the wheat would hurt her more than its incoming would benefit her. His definite, precise instructions to Eugene, Viceroy of Italy, to encourage the export of food to England and elsewhere are quoted by Mr. Rose. A more singular passage of history could scarcely be conceived—the arch-conqueror feeding the starving foe who confronted him!

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be dropped [illegible] by [illegible] else. A successful [illegible] grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he immediately planted it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

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Honor for a Canadian.

Canadians generally will be interested in learning that Dr. J. Beattie Crozier, author of the famous work, "History of Intellectual Development," has been selected as one of the 300 representatives of the empire in the splendid ten-guinea volume of portraits and biographies which the Grosvenor Press are bringing out. The work consists of representative men of every class outside of the military and civil services, who will have a volume to themselves. Dr. Crozier will be one of the representatives of the department of philosophy. Also, of course, he will stand as one of the representatives of Canada, a distinction he has well earned, and on which I am sure his countrymen will warmly congratulate him.

An Outspoken Journal.

It is refreshing, and even entertaining, to turn occasionally to that ultra-Radical English journal, Reynolds' Newspaper, and see the use which is still made of that right of free speech which is sometimes supposed to have been menaced by the developments of late years. Reynolds' does not take much stock in the colonies of the empire, nor, for that matter, in the mother country either, and in an article dealing with the war the other day made the following amiable reference to the progressive colony of New Zealand, the advanced radicalism of which might have been expected to meet with sympathy in its columns:—"Amid all this scene of woe and desperation, one sinister figure emerges—the ogre of Capitalism. Seddon, the frozen meat 'patriot,' with the hostile tariff against British goods, and his bankrupt colony living on borrowed money, rages about the contracts for supplying the army. The foreign Jewish 'patriots'—who used to sing 'God Shave the Queen'—domiciled here, have secured most of those contracts, as they secured the astounding contracts for the supply of horses. And behind this section of old Jewry is that other section of Judaism with which Rhodes the Raider is connected. Fine patriots, indeed, making their millions out of the war, while the Government refuses to pay poor Tommy Atkins his back wages, leaving him to starve in the street, or to die in the workhouse."

Here, too, is Reynolds' pleasantly frank way of dealing with the Anglo-Japanese alliance:—"We are going the way of all nations given up, on the one hand, to the most sensual luxury, on the other to the most immoral and criminal seizure of their neighbors' territory. The latest sign of our feebleness, under a Government composed of rich men and land monopolists, whom the international Jewish capitalists have by the throat, is the treaty with Japan. Only a couple of months ago that vulgar self-advertiser Chamberlain was hurling insults at Germany—a country that had previously rejected his cringing appeal for an alliance—and boasting of our 'splendid isolation.' To-day our Government, composed of fools and knaves, recognizing the gravity of the position of affairs in South Africa, is obliged to beg little Japan, a semi-savage nation, with a veneer of western culture among its more prosperous classes, to enter into an alliance with decaying England. The humiliation of it! The danger of it!"

Presbyterian Lenten Service.

A regular Lenten service in a Presbyterian church is not heard of often, but Dr. Hunter of the King's Weigh House Church, London, has begun this innovation during the present season of Lent. In the course of a conversation with a representative of a London newspaper, Dr. Hunter expressed himself as strongly in favor of the observance of all the seasons of the "Christian year." "It belongs," he said, "to the whole of Christendom and not to any one section only. Nonconformists have lost much through their non-observance of these special seasons. For instance, Lent arose originally out of a deep necessity of the inner life, and, more even than men long ago, we require such a pause amid the rush of business and pleasure. It is well for us to have such a season, it is better still if we seek to profit by it. It is wise and good that so many in our day, and in so many of our churches, are returning to the old paths of meditation and prayer and are seeking to fill the best of the old forms and observances with a truer and better meaning and spirit."

Dr. Hunter has always been an advocate of the observance by Free Churchmen of the feasts and fasts of the church. When he began his ministry in York twenty-eight years ago he introduced the custom of a service on Good Friday, and in his church at Glasgow he had for two years daily prayer. At King's Weigh House Church on the Sunday evenings in Lent, Dr. Hunter is delivering a course of sermons on "Self-discipline," and he has announced a "class for young persons wishing to be prepared for the Communion of the Lord's Supper," which is presumably on the lines of a confirmation class in the Church of England. The service book in use at King's Weigh House is one compiled by Dr. Hunter, and used by him at Glasgow, and, while based mainly on liturgical lines, it provides for the exercise of extempore prayer.

To Make Colts Shy.

Nearly every colt, when first driven away from home, will shy and scare more or less at objects along the roadside. After he has been driven a few times the common practice is to strike him with the whip every time he does this. It is provoking to feed a horse hay three times a day and then see him scare at a little pile of hay in the road. The first thing that comes into the mind is to give him a cut with the whip.

Nothing worse than this could be done. The next time he will not only be afraid of the object, but of the whip also, and by a little [illegible] pile of hay or rock, or whatever startles, is connected with the whip, as it soon will be, the habit is fixed for life. You cannot lick horses into good habits, you can establish them very easily by [illegible]—[illegible]

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Tragedies of the Arctic.

AN extraordinary coincidence has been developed by a recent Arctic tragedy brought about by the expedition of the Duke of the Abruzzi.

When this navigator went on his journey to the North Pole he took with him among others Lieutenant Querini, a Venetian gentleman of an old and noble family. His work over, the Duke returned, but the lieutenant was not with him, for he had lost his life through an accident in the Arctic regions.

Now, at the very time when this accident occurred a professor in the technical school in Trieste, while rummaging in the archives of that city, discovered a manuscript bearing the date 1601, and containing an account of a journey made by one Pietro Querini, in 1431, to the Arctic regions. Querini is not a common name, and a little investigation showed that Pietro Querini was a direct ancestor of the other Pietro Querini who lost his life in the Arctic seas a few months ago.

"Querini," says the old manuscript, "sailed from Candia for Flanders on board a vessel loaded with merchandise and precious stones. When he arrived in Flanders he sold his cargo and started for the Arctic regions. A storm forced him to abandon his ship and to take refuge with his crew in two barks. The wind then carried them to the coast of Norway, but on January 3, 1432, Querini was again shipwrecked near the Lofoden Islands in seventy degrees north latitude, and almost all his companions were drowned."

For some time it was supposed that he, too, had been drowned, but in January, 1433, he appeared in Venice with ten companions, the only survivors of his original crew of seventy-eight men. It seems that he succeeded in gaining the shore after the others had been drowned, and then slowly made his way home through Denmark and Germany.

"Although these two Pietro Querinis," says a French writer, "are separated from each other by five centuries, we find the same destiny at work in the case of each." And he continues, with a dash of playfulness: "Is it not possible that the adventurer of the fifteenth century, desiring to enjoy once more the exciting days of his youth, actually became incarnated as a hero of the twentieth century?"

A Feat of Memory.

DURING a debate in the House, between Gladstone and Disraeli, when the latter in the course of his remarks had occasion to quote from a recent speech made by his rival upon some platform in the country, a dramatic scene was enacted, and is described by Harry Furniss in his recent book, "Confessions of a Caricaturist."

Suddenly Mr. Gladstone started up and exclaimed: "I never said that in my life!"

Disraeli was silent, and putting his hands behind his back, gazed apparently in blank astonishment at the box in front of him. Several seconds went by, but he never moved. The members in the crowded House looked from one to the other, and many imagined that Disraeli was merely waiting for his opponent to apologize. But Mr. Gladstone, who had a habit, which he developed in later years, of chatting volubly to his neighbor during any interruption of this kind in which he was concerned, made no sign. A minute passed, but the sphinx did not move.

A minute and a quarter, but he was still motionless.

A minute and a half of this silence seemed as if it was an hour.

When the second minute was completed the excitement in the House began to grow intense. Disraeli seemed to be transfixed. Was he ill? Was the great man sulking? What could this strange silence portend?

Two minutes and a half!

Some members rose and approached him, but Disraeli raised his hands as if to deprecate their interference, and they stole back to their places, conscious that they were forbidden to interrupt. Then at last, when the minute-hand of the clock had passed three times round its course, the most remarkable silence which the House had ever experienced within living memory was broken as the Tory leader slowly began once more to speak.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "and gentlemen," and then word for word he repeated the whole speech of Mr. Gladstone from which he had made his quotation, duly introducing the particular passage which the Liberal leader had denied. Then he paused and looked across at his rival. The challenge was not to be avoided, and Mr. Gladstone bowed—he would have raised his hat did he wear one in the House, which, in the phraseology of the ring, was equivalent to throwing up the sponge. Mr. Disraeli afterward informed a friend that, working backward, he had recalled the whole of Mr. Gladstone's speech to his mind. Beginning at the disputed quotation, he recovered the context which led up to it, and so, step by step, the entire oration. Then he was enabled to repeat it from the outset exactly as he had read it.

Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls also have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—[illegible]

Said a lady whose [illegible]
[illegible]
"Orthography's very [illegible],
The spelling of [illegible]
Is quite a [illegible]."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with [illegible]?"
—[illegible]

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If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 5 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to the columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.

—Go to Whiten when you want the best quality of photographs.

—During the summer months the police court will open at 9 o'clock.

—The steamer Rainbow made her first trip from Rice Lake on Saturday.

—Late despatches state that Michael Murphy, who was wounded in South Africa, is still dangerously ill.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—A citizen was fined $2 and costs on Saturday for permitting cows to run at large.

—The general meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held this afternoon at half past three, in the Y.M.C.A. building.

—The choir of George street church have announced a concert to take place on Friday, May 9th. A splendid programme is promised.

—The hull of the burned steamer Columbian, purchased last year by the Kennedy, Davis Co., Lindsay, from Dr. McCamus, Bobcaygeon, is to be transformed into an excursion barge.

—The statement which recently appeared in the Toronto papers that Matilda Smith, who was arrested for stealing a bicycle, was a native of Peterborough, is not correct. The woman does not belong to this place.

—Mr. G. M. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, and everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

—Over 200 members of St. Peter's Total Abstinence Society attended Mass and received Holy Communion in a body yesterday morning, marching afterwards from the cathedral to the assembly hall on George street. At a subsequent meeting some thirty new members received the pledge.

—Dates for registration are Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, May 12th, 13th and 14th. There is an evening session on Tuesday. Every patriotic citizen, who desires to see Peterborough progress, should see that every young man favorable to Mr. Stratton is registered.

—Lindsay Post: The body of Fred Brown, the eleven year old son of Mr. Bert Brown, hotel keeper, Lindsay street, who was accidentally drowned on Monday, March 31st last, while playing with several small boys at the dam, near the locks, was found this morning at 8 o'clock floating near a crib of logs a little below the Wellington street bridge, by Jas. Hutton, an employee of the Kennedy & Davis Co. Word was immediately sent to Mr. Brown and Coroner Burrows, but as an inquest was unnecessary Undertaker Tangney took charge of the body. The funeral took place at 10 o'clock to the R.C. cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Brown's many friends will sympathize with them in their great bereavement.

Married in Rochester

The wedding took place in Rochester on Wednesday last of Miss Olive G. Hayward, daughter of the late Stewart Francis Goode Hayward of [illegible], to Dr. J. Walter Fitz-Gerald, of [illegible], N.Y. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. S. Lippitt, at St. Andrew's Episcopal church, Rochester. The bride and groom are well known to Peterborough people, all of whom will join in extending heartiest congratulations.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.

—Hon. J. R. Stratton spent Sunday in town.

—Mr. Charlie Stone, son of Mr. E. B. Stone, is home from Trinity University for the holidays.

—Rev. Mr. Armitage, who had been suffering from grippe for some weeks, has recovered sufficiently to be able to occupy the pulpit in All Saints', yesterday.

—Mr. E. B. Stone leaves for Sault Ste. Marie and Manitoulin this morning, where he will conduct a number of political meetings in the interests of the Government.

—Toronto Saturday Night: "Mrs. and the Misses Lye, of Cecil street, gave a tea on Monday afternoon for their guest, Miss Burnham, of Peterborough. Miss Gertrude Lye and Miss Benson poured tea."

—Mrs. J. R. Stratton and her little niece, Miss Alberta Gooding, returned on Friday evening from Clifton Springs, where they spent a month. Mrs. Stratton, we are pleased to say, has completely recovered from her indisposition.

Furnished House to Rent

260 Charlotte street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

AT NORTH MONAGHAN TO NIGHT

Hon. J. R. Stratton will address the electors of North Monaghan, at the town hall, this, Monday evening, at 7.30. There should be a large attendance.

The Agonizing Pains of Rheumatism

Swollen, aching joints, muscles are stiff and sore, every movement accompanied by pain. The most potent remedy is Polson's Nerviline, which has five times the pain-subduing power of any other preparation. Apply the Nerviline copiously, rub it on well and then bind in a hot flannel bandage. This will cure the worst cases in a short time. Try Nerviline for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica or Lumbago—it's all right and only costs a quarter.

Monday, May 12

The programme to be given in St. Paul's church on the 12th inst., by the Jarvis street Baptist choir, of Toronto, is without question a program of the good things in music. The choir is assisted by Miss McMurtry, soprano, Mr. A. L. E. Davies, bass, Mr. Victor Hutchison, tenor, Mr. G. E. McClellan, baritone, and Mr. Arthur Alvin, solo organist. As an evidence of the interest this choir has caused in church circles, it may be stated that they have had six or seven invitations to visit as far east as Perth. That Mr. Vogt and his choir has chosen to visit Peterborough is a matter for congratulation to the choir of St. Paul's and the public generally.

A WIDE REPUTATION

Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons Now Widely Known

J. J. Turner & Son received from North Wales the following letter, which speaks for itself:

Dear Sirs,—A party of Englishmen are going out to Canada on a hunting and fishing trip. We want to know if you can supply with an outfit of tents, canoes, etc. Please send us your catalogue. We hope eventually to make a party of about thirty.

M. G. RAWSON, Harris.

DEEPENING THE CHANNEL

The Town to Provide a Quarter of the Total Cost

It is estimated that about $60,000 will be required to dredge and crib the river between the C.P.R. bridge and London street. Of this sum the Government will provide half, and the balance it is proposed to provide between the Cereal Company and the town. This means that the ratepayers will be asked for $15,000 or $20,000.

We are not quite sure as to the benefits to accrue to the town by the construction of a deeper waterway between the points named. It is not proposed to put in a swing at the C.P. R. bridge or at the Hunter street crossing, so that the channel will be of use only for scows and unmasted vessels.

The Times will have more to say on the subject when the scheme fully develops.

AN HONEST FRIEND

Cleared Away the Family Troubles

There is not one thing on earth that could enter a family and do as much honest good and bring as much happiness as in certain cases where coffee drinking is left off and Postum Food Coffee used in its place.

A family in Iowa Park, Texas furnishes a good illustration. The mother says, "I want to tell you what happened in our family when we left off coffee and took up Postum. About eight months ago we made the change. I had been, for quite a while, troubled with rheumatism in my right hip and shoulder, swimming of the head, and fluttering of the heart, so I thought I had heart trouble.

Sometimes in walking my head would swim so that I would be obliged to sit down. I had other disagreeable feelings I cannot describe but they will be readily understood by coffee drinkers if they will confess it.

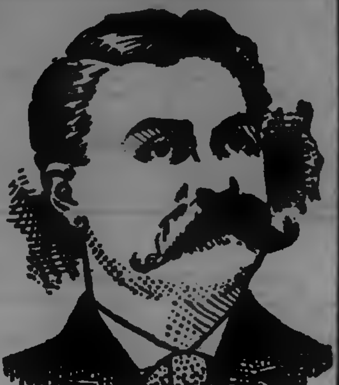
My family were also more or less ill and were all coffee drinkers. Well we gave up the coffee and started in on Postum Food Coffee; husband, myself and four children. Even the two year old baby (who had been puny since having the grip) had her coffee along with the rest of the family. When we made the change to Postum she began to fatten and now is perfectly healthy and fat as a pig.

My boys, ten and twelve years of age, are so stout and muscular that people remark about them and ask what makes them so. I do not have any more trouble with rheumatism or with my head, neither does my husband, who was troubled much in the same way. We are all in better health every way than we have been before in years and we are always glad of an opportunity to recommend Postum. I hope what I have said will lead others to make the change." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SPARE ST. JACOBS OIL SUFFER RHEUMATIC PAINS

HIS RUPTURE CURED

AT THE AGE OF 85 YEARS



J. R. Ketcheson, of Madoc, Ont, writes:

I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says:

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S. RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

Painting.

LOUIS MAJOR, PAINTER, Paper Hanger Glazier, etc.; 341 Rubidge street, Peterborough. Twenty-five years' experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

FRY, 384 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 384 Park place.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

Roofing

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 373 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts.

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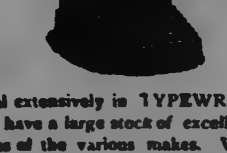

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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

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Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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Bobcaygeon Lv. 8.00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m.
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25 Cents each

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LIMITED

Homes for Quick Sale;

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work.............................. 990

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.

Phone 376 Near Post Office

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT,

450 George Street

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Latest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Opening... Navigation

Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m., on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.25 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender, will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction, Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 16th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,

Chief Engineer of Construction.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid. on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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FOR EVERYBODY

COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

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ALES AND PORTER

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THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

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The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.

To be had at all first-class dealers

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

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We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 10c
Overalls, with bib, at ....
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Ready-to wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor

BUILD UP ONTARIO!

Mass Meeting

In the interests of

THE ROSS GOVERNMENT

IN BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE, ON

Thursday, May 8th,

will be addressed by

HON. J. R. STRATTON,

Liberal Candidate, Provincial Secretary

HON. R. HARCOURT,

Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,

Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

C. H. ROGER, Sec'y W.R.R.A. PETER HAMILTON, Pres. W.R.R.A.

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Bicycles Repaired.

Now is the time to have your bicycles repaired, before the rush begins.

A number of new and second-hand wheels for sale cheap.

Pneumatic tires pumped free.

Jas. H. Motherel,

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WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once. Apply to Mrs. Dr. McClelland 216 Simcoe st.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—To work at home. Good wages. Write Glasgow Woollen Mill Company, Department C, Toronto

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moses & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG MAN WANTED to learn barber trade. A good opening for a bright, intelligent young man. Apply to David Hall, Snowden House Barber Shop.

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ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

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LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address

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J. D. McDONALD,

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DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA

WELLAND CANAL

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for substructure of Bridge," will be delivered at this office until 16 o'clock on Monday 5th May, 1902, for the substructure of the new Bridge at Marlatt's Crossing of the old Welland Canal.

Plans and specifications of the work may be seen on and after Wednesday, 23rd, April, 1902, at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Welland Canal, St. Catharines where forms of tender may be obtained.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signature of the full name, of the nature of the occupation, and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for the sum of $300 must accompany the tender. This accepted check must be endorsed over to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

L. K. JONES.

Secretary

Department of Railways and Canals.

Ottawa, 23rd April, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 106 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MAY 6 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

SITUATION OF RUSSIA GROWING DESPERATE

The Army is Said to be Thoroughly Permeated With Sedition

THE CZAR'S PLAN FOR A CONSTITUTION

Which May Relieve the Pressure and Prevent a Revolution—A Change or Rebellion Must Come

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, May 5.—The outlook throughout Russia is just now exceedingly ominous. Rebellion has broken out in various parts of the great Empire, and sedition is everywhere rife. Therefore, there is nothing improbable in the report that the Emperor Nicholas has decided to endow Russia with a Constitution. His experience of the weight of government [illegible] such [illegible] him to relieve himself of some of the [illegible] to any [illegible] of its dangers.

The [illegible] of the peasantry has [illegible] little [illegible] the condition of the individual moujik, who was thrown upon the world without having [illegible] or [illegible] habits of self-reliance. Congregating as they have for several years past in the new centres of industry, the Russian working classes have received the international ideas and socialist organizations, and to some extent of the revolutionary political party in Russia itself which has evolved from the old Nihilist conspiracy against any form of government.

The assassination of Alexander II. took place at the moment of transition, when the revolutionary political party was in process of formation, its leaders looking on the Nihilist methods of dagger and dynamite as futile and reactionary. Their idea was to revolutionize Russia by Constitutional means, and with that purpose they formed centres of propaganda in several of the Continental cities of Europe and in England.

From these they sent out quantities of educational literature in the Russian and Polish languages, strongly tinged with socialism, which found its way not only among the working classes but also among the students in the colleges and universities. It is this which explains the cooperation between students and workmen which has been one of the remarkable features of the recent disturbances in Russia and Russian Poland.

The army has also been evidently more or less permeated with the revolutionary ideas. There would be nothing singular in this, for long before the materials for socialist agitation existed in Russia, the Nihilist party was working actively in the ranks of the officers and soldiers. The Russo-Turkish War was a period of particular activity, the Naredaia Volia and other nihilistic publications being extensively distributed in the army in Bulgaria and Roumania.

The affect on the mind of the Emperor Alexander II. was seen immediately after that war, when he called the Armenian General, Loris Melikoff, from the Caucasus to St. Petersburg, and installed him as Minister of the Interior. Between them they elaborated a political Constitution, which, when it became known, was as satisfactory to the revolutionary political party as it was the reverse to the old Conservative Russians. The assassination of the Emperor, which took place after he had withdrawn his assent to the promulgation of the newly elaborated Constitution, has been variously ascribed to the Nihilists and to the Conservative party which was said to have used the former instruments. However that may be his death was always looked on as a misfortune for Russia by the revolutionary political party, who had hoped to profit by the liberalizing tendencies of the Emperor, and work out their ends by Constitutional methods.

The reign of the Emperor Alexander III. was always described by the leaders of that party as a pall that had fallen over Russia and those who had not gone into exile on his accession to the throne, kept their own counsel and bided their time at home. The well-known humanitarian views of the present Emperor raised great hopes at first among the party of progress in Russia, but the influence of the Procurator of the Holy Synod, Mr. Pobiedonostzeff, seemed to neutralize the benevolent intentions of the departments under his control, some having been successful. It is little to be wondered at, therefore, if the social disturbances, defection among the troops and the murders of officers have not contributed in great part of the reported intention of the Emperor Nicholas to give Russia some form of Constitutional government.

It is very unlikely that it will be a full fledged Constitution such as that of Gen Loris Melikoff is believed to have been. It is more probable that the first stage will be something in the form of a deliberative assembly of notables and leading men from all over the empire, to decide on what shape the new National Assembly should take, and what would be its functions.

PRO-BOER RESOLUTION

Requests the President to Declare Horses and Mules Contraband of War

Washington, May 6.—Mr. Burk (Rep. Pa.) to-day introduced a joint resolution requesting the President to issue a proclamation declaring the shipment of horses and mules contraband of war, and that neither of the belligerents now at war in South Africa, Great Britain and the South African republics, their officers or agents, or any other persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall use the ports or waters of the United States for the shipment of horses or mules or other military supplies.

He also introduced a joint resolution extending, in the name of the people of the United States, a cordial welcome to Madame J. P. Kruger.

The Hollywood Paint Company, Hamilton

A visit to their factory reveals the fact that they are now actively engaged manufacturing and are securing their share of spring business. Their factory is equipped with the very latest improved machinery driven by electric power, so that their methods of producing are most economical and places them on a par with their competitors. Their principal product is Hollywood Mixed Paint in semi paste form, in connection with which their manager, Mr. Norman S. Jones, says: "The painters throughout Canada have so often been induced to believe that the various brands of liquid paints submitted to their use were pure and made with the very best linseed oil, only to find out later, that they had been grossly deceived, we have decided to put on the market a semi paste product of the very best lead and zinc so that the buyer could purchase his own linseed oil and be satisfied that he is getting the very best. In this way the house-holder and practical painter knows beyond any question or doubt that he is getting the very best material for his money." Their proposition to the consumer says, "one gallon of Pure Raw Linseed Oil added to one gallon of Hollywood Mixed Paint will give two gallons of 'Pure Mixed Paint,'" a proposition never before offered to the buying public. With their paints, the Hollywood Paint Company give a five-year guarantee of durability and satisfaction, so that their offer to painters and consumers is certainly an attractive one. The trade have asked the company to put their paint up in a form ready for the brush and they are also putting it up in this way so that the small consumer may not have the trouble of mixing. The company are also making a floor paint which has been very favorably received by the trade, and will dry hard enough to walk on and have a high gloss in seven hours. In addition to mixed paints they will also manufacture colors in oil, dryers, varnishes and everything that is used in the decoration of a house, except wall paper, glass and brushes.

Mr. Jones reports that he has secured from one of the principal producers of turpentine in the Southern States, the Canadian Agency for Turpentine Spirits, besides which their company has been appointed the exclusive Agent for a number of American products greatly in demand by paint consumers.

Items of Interest

New York, May 6.—Alfonzo XIII's coronation is booked to take place on Saturday, and, of course, the United States will be represented at the affair. It is known to the world that the relations between this country and the little King's are especially cordial at the present time. In fact, no since the close of the American war of independence, in which, for a time, Spain was a quasi-ally of the United States, has there been such a complete absence of elements of disturbance between the two nations as there is at this moment. First, it was the navigation of the Mississippi, which was controlled at the New Orleans end by Spain, which caused the friction. Then, after the purchase of Louisiana, the two countries were in trouble about the Florida boundary, and when Florida was ceded in 1821 Cuba came up to menace the peace of the two nations. But ever since Spain left the continent in 1898 there has been nothing to cause the slightest friction between us and the former occupant of that island. The United States' well wishes for Spain on the occasion of the coronation of its new monarch will be especially sincere.

New York, May 6.—Justice Giegrich has issued a warrant charging Arthur L. Meyer, alleged to be a partner in the Webb-Meyer syndicate, whose operations on the stock market have boosted certain securities, with fraud in connection with the market transactions. It is alleged that 60 banks scattered throughout the country are out more than a million dollars, while the total loss at stake was from five to ten millions.

One of the charges is the "wash" sale of stocks or a bogus sale from one member of the company to another. No money passes in a "wash" sale, nor are the securities taken out of the company. Dr. Seward Webb is not implicated in any way with Meyers in the transactions complained of by the affidavits though he is reported to be a member of the partnership. Maurice L. Muriemann, controller of the Hackensack Meadows Company, in a statement, regarding the syndicate properties, says that among others the North American Lumber and Pulp Company has acquired 200,000 acres of lumber and pulp wood lands in Nova Scotia, and has 60,000 more under contract. The Dominion Security Company, another alleged Meyer-Webb concern, is, Mr. Muriemann, says, capitalized at $3,000,000 and has acquired bonds and sixty per cent, of the outstanding capital stock of the North American Lumber and Pulp Company. The original capital of the corporation was used to acquire the franchises and securities of the Cape Breton Railway Company of Nova Scotia, which the company is now building. The Dominion Company has also acquired fifty miles of harbor front property for the terminal purposes at Louisburg, Cape Breton. Last September it bought and sold the South Shore Railway of Canada, acquired an interest in the new Montreal Bridge, and for that purpose secured one hundred acres of land opposite Montreal, to be used for the terminals; it has an interest in the Canada Atlantic Railway sale to the Rutland Railway Company, and a controlling interest in the stock, together with $300,000 of the bonds of the North American Lumber and Pulp Company.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes." If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; if he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

BRITAIN'S NEW WAR CAR A FORT ON WHEELS

An Armoured Motor Car to Fight on Land

EQUIPPED WITH RAPID GUNS.

May Revolutionize the Present Mode of Fighting—Ships on Land May Yet Become as Formidable as Ships on Sea

Special to The Times.

London, May 6.—The latest departure in automobilism, according to the London Engineer, as will be seen, consists of the combination of offensive weapons with an armored motor wagon, the whole forming a novel appliance, the scope and utility of which may prove of farreaching character. The machine is the invention of Mr. R. F. Simms, and has been built to the order of Vickers, Sons & Maxim, Limited. Its principal object is to act on the defensive on the coast of Great Britain, but if successful in this departure there are many other obvious uses on warfare to which the car can be applied. For instance, it is suggested that for quelling street mobs it might be adopted. It weighs complete about five and one-half tons, and the six millimetre Vickers steel armor completely encircles the car frame. The wheels are of wood, with iron tires. The armor is of crinoline shape, flattened longitudinally, and having a ram fore and aft. The extreme length is 28 feet, the beam 8 feet and the height 10 feet. One of the chief difficulties which was encountered in the armor plating was the method of securing it to the frame of the car, as it was found that the constant vibration due to running over ordinary road surfaces loosened the rivetings. This has, however, been remedied by attaching the armour to the frame by means of semi-elliptical springs onto which it is hung by means of brackets. The four semi-elliptical springs are mounted on steel trestles, suitably braced and stayed to the main frame. By this it will be seen that armor is not rigidly fixed to the frame. It is claimed, moreover, that this system of mounting increases the impenetrability of the armor by allowing a certain amount of lateral movement when hit by projectiles. This movement is limited by distance links. The armament on the car includes two automatic quick-firing Maxim guns and a pom-pom, with their turret mountings. The ammunition is carried in boxed-in stores situated at the extreme ends of the armor.

The frame of the vehicle is rectangular, and is built up of heavy steel channels of U section, tied, stayed and braced so as to be perfectly rigid. The motive power is supplied by a 16 horse-power four-cylinder hydro-carbon engine of the Daimler type, with Simms-Bosch magneto-electric ignition. The transmission of power is effected by friction cone direct through a short length of shafting to the speed-changing gear. The speed gear has four definite speeds—one and one-half, three, five and nine miles per hour. With the accelerator, however, the speed of the car may be increased by 25 per cent. By means of the speed gear which is controlled by two levers, each commanding two speeds, the friction clutch is automatically released before the change of speed is effected. The third lever controls the forward or backward movement, the gear being so arranged as to give all four speeds, either forward or backward, which is attained by means of a shifting double-bevel pinion. The transmission of power to the driving wheels is by means of a countershaft, on which is fitted the differential gear; at either end of this shaft is fixed a sprocket wheel, and these sprocket wheels drive by means of chains the road wheels.

Four persons are said to be sufficient to man the machine, but there is ample platform area for a further number of riflemen.

NATURE SMILING WHILE THOUSANDS SUFFER

Paine's Celery Compound

THE GREAT SPRING HEALTH GIVER MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL.

When spring comes with its gentle showers, its balmy airs, its bright sunshine and bursting buds, it too often brings but famous scenes of suffering and physical decay.

The seeds of disease which were imperceptible germinating during the winter months, have developed and planted in the system dangers that now demand our instant care and attention. Neglect and only deepen existing perils and lead to death.

Before the advent of spring, you must have noted symptoms, perhaps of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, kidney disease, liver complaint, functional irregularities or nervous disorders.

If you have experienced pains in the joints, muscles or limbs, lacerating pains in face or head, stomach derangements, bile, dislike of food, pains in back and loins, swelling of hands or feet, frequent urinating, with highly colored urine, loss of energy, torpid liver, vomiting or impure blood—any of these are warnings of disease.

Take warning sufferers! Delay not another day; hesitation and indecision on your part may forever seal your fate. If you have already made efforts to banish your troubles by the use of other medicines and the treatment of physicians, and these have failed, we counsel you to put your full trust in that never-failing disease banisher, Paine's Celery Compound. Its use for a week or two will convince you that you have truly commenced a new existence; it will assuredly give you the health you need for the enjoyment of true life. Mr. A. Daignault, St., Hyacinthe, Que., writes as follows:

"I desire to say, that had it not been for Paine's Celery Compound I would not be living to-day. Five years ago I was taken sick, and suffered from dyspepsia and [illegible]. For three years I was unable to work, and would loose consciousness several times a day. I was tired of life, and could realize that death was my only deliverer from suffering. At that time one of my friends urged me to use Paine's Celery Compound, as all other medicines had failed. After the use of six bottles I got as well as ever before in my life, and can do a full day's work. My friends say my cure is a miracle, as I [illegible] condemned to die. I thank you for your wonderful life-giving medicine."

BRITISH EDISON COMPANY

Formed to Extract Iron Ore by Inventor's Patent

London, May 6.—Herman Dick of Chicago will sail for New York on May 7 after an eight months' sojourn here, where here presented Thomas Edison in forming a company to utilize Mr. Edison's patent for extracting iron ore and profitably working the vast deposits on the west coast of Norway.

The company has a capital of £2,000,000. Its stockholders include all the principal British ironmasters.

Mr. Dick says the application of Mr. Edison's discovery will be one of the greatest boons possible to Great Britain. Eighty million tons of crude ore are already available for quarrying.

This will render Great Britain practically independent of American supplies, and will not affect the United States, which is unable to supply its own requirements in this direction.

BOOKS TO CLOSE ON MAY 7

A Bonus of One Share of Common Stock Given with Every Two Shares of Preferred Stock

The subscription books of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will close at 4 p.m. to-morrow. The brokers, Messrs Sutherland & Cameron, Ottawa, have been offering $250,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preference stock for sale at par. From the prospectus which has been published in these columns, it will be seen that they are offering as a bonus to preferred stockholders one share of fully paid common stock with every two shares of preferred stock subscribed and paid for. Further information and application forms may be had from the National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto, Montreal, or Winnipeg, or from Sutherland & Cameron, Ottawa, Canada.

A LUXURY FOR DYSPEPTICS

Malt Breakfast Food

A BANISHER OF INDIGESTION

Malt Breakfast Food possesses special and very important advantages over all other grain foods. While it has become the chosen breakfast dish of hale and strong people, keeping digestion perfect and the brain clear, it has become the popular food with thousands who suffer from dyspepsia and indigestion. Dyspeptic subjects find Malt Breakfast Food is an infallible cure for their stomach troubles. Weak stomachs relish the popular health food; it is easily digested; soothes the weary and inflamed organs, and furnishes true nourishment for the building of flesh, bone and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food is a true banisher of all digestive troubles. Dyspeptics are urged to give Malt Breakfast Food a month's trial; it will give them happy and lasting results. All grocers sell Malt Breakfast Food.

ASHBURNHAM PUBLIC SCHOOL.

April Reports Show the Progress of the School During Past Month

Names are in order of merit. Parents will please sign the Reports and return them promptly

Senior Fourth Class, —1100 marks.

Clara Craig—honors	867
Elsie Pollock—honors	832
Willie Swanston—honors	796
Martha Murray—honors	790
Lillie McCubbin—passed	780
Bertha Curtis—honors	746
Ethel Pakenham—honors	730
Clara Adams—honors	712
Hattie Williams—passed	672
Bella Brasley—passed	645
Janet Quinn	600
Flossie Scott	588
Flora Noyes—passed	565
Herbert Gale	548
Elva Greenwood	526
Ethel Sawyer	514
Muriel Scott	496
Alfred White	483
Herbie Anderson	461
Ada Straine	450
Kathleen Long	446
Annie Hunter	430
Charlie Crane	386
Jennie Gillespie	381
George Butcher	377
Ethel Quinn	346
Lizzie Henthorne	258

Junior Fourth Class—870 marks.

May McCubbin—passed	631
Bruce Fisher—passed	585
Ruby Quartermaine	554
Willie Butcher—passed	546
Violet Whittaker	544
Maggie Anderson	543
Gordon Butcher	518
Harry Fisher	508
Guy Quartermaine	501
Hazel Craig	491
Evelena Gardiner	484
Tillie Graham	444
Eva Crane	430
Annie Crocker	426
Willie Henthorne	406

Senior Third—Dave Smith, Arthur Pakenham, Fred Wyatt.

Junior Third—Norman Gale, Mable Hinds John Kerr.

Senior Second—Ethel Clarke Hazel Greenwood, Doris Donaldson.

Junior Second—George Evans, Bertram Cross, Edmund Wyatt.

Senior Part II—R. Brotherson, L. Williams Joe Graham.

Junior Part II—Leah Rogers, Bella Gaskins, Fanny Long.

Senior Part I—Ada Adams, Mary May, Earl Crane.

Intermediate—Lulu Greenwood, Freddy Land, Douglas Johnston.

Junior Part I—Greta Pakenham, Bertha Record, Ernest Parker.

NEXT WEEK'S MEETINGS

In the Interests of the Candidature of Mr. Stratton

Meetings have been arranged as follows in the interests of the candidature of Mr. Stratton in the riding:

Foresters' Hall, Bailieboro, Monday evening, May 12th.

Temperance Hall, Selwyn, Tuesday evening, May 13th.

Temperance Hall, 4th line, Smith, Wednesday evening, May 14th.

Town Hall, Bridgenorth, Thursday evening, May 15th.

Young's Point, Thursday evening, May 15th.

Beaufort, Thursday evening, May 15th.

Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day,—Fine and moderately warm.

Showers have occurred in nearly all parts of Ontario and Quebec, but fine is now generally indicated.

A 30 YEARS' FRANCHISE FOR THE ST. RAILWAY CO.

Approved of Last Night by the Town Council in Regular Session

13TH REGT. OF HAMILTON MAY COME HERE 24TH

But They Ask a Grant of $500 and Permission to Give a Band Concert to Meet Their Expenses

The Town Council met in regular session last night, when there were present Mayor T. H. G. Denne and Aldermen Edgecumbe, Shortly, H. Rush, McGregor, Turner, Morrison, [illegible], Bethune, Corkery and Best.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

HISTORICAL CONVENTION.

T. A. S. Hay, Secretary Peterborough Historical Society, wrote that the Provincial Historical Society of Ontario have arranged to hold their annual meeting in Peterborough on the 5th, 6th and 7th June, and the local society, being desirous of showing them some attention, for the credit of the town, would like co-operation of the Mayor and Council. The business meeting will be held on the 5th, and it is the intention to take carriages and boats to convey the delegates to different points of interest in the city. We therefore respectfully request that you will make a grant of $50 to assist in entertaining our visitors, who will come from all parts of the province, and also allow us the use of the Council Chamber to hold meetings in. This was referred to the Finance Committee.

FOR THE 24TH.

Messrs. R. M. Dennistoun, R. Fair, Peter Campbell and W. H. Meldrum, on behalf of a delegation from the citizens of Peterborough, and the 57th Regiment, addressed the Council, and asked for a grant of $500 toward entertaining the 13th Regiment and band, of Hamilton, on their proposed visit to Peterborough on the 24th May next. The colonel of the 13th Regiment had some time ago intimated a desire on the part of his officers and men to visit here, but had originally stipulated for a grant of at least $900 to defray expenses. This of course was out of the question. Latterly, however, Col. E. B. Edwards had received word that the regiment now saw its way clear to come, on an appropriation of $500, and permission for the famous 13th band to give a concert. The deputation urged an acceptance of their terms, and particularly as fully the amount granted would be expended in town by the regiment. Mr. Meldrum thought a grand military review on the coming 24th, the first anniversary since our late beloved Queen's death, would be a very fitting way in which to celebrate the occasion. He did not think any ratepayer would object to paying his or her share toward making this event one to be long remembered. Mr. Peter Campbell remarked that a balance of $125 remained on hand from the appropriation of last year's 1st July celebration which would help to make up the $500 asked for.

This matter was referred to the Finance committee with power to act. Their decision will be handed to Mr. Fair on Wednesday morning, when the colonel of the 13th regiment will be at once communicated with.

Mr. Fair estimates that such an attraction as this will mean a saving of several thousand dollars to the town by keeping its citizens home on the coming holiday in question. The 57th Regiment and officers are perfectly willing to heartily co-operate in the day's proceedings.

FINANCE REPORT.

Ald. Rush submitted the following:

Gentlemen:—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That the payment of the expenses of the Chairman of this Committee and Mr. Crane to Montreal to deliver the Waterworks Debentures to the purchasers be confirmed.

2. That, after deducting the expenses incurred in the measuring stone obtained by the Dixon Company in 1899, the Company be paid the balance of their accounts.

3. That a grant of $50.00 be made to the Salvation Army Band.

4. That a grant of $450 be made to the 57th Regiment Band on the usual conditions and also on the condition that the new instruments, as well as the old ones, be the property of the Town and that the Chairman of the Property Committee procure a list of all the Band instruments for insurance purposes.

5. That a grant of $100 be made to the Peterborough and Ashburnham Horticultural Society on condition that the said Society care for Victoria and Central Parks during the season.

6. That the payment of an account for $34.73 of the late G. H. Noble be confirmed.

7. That the Treasurer be authorized to pay electric light and gas accounts for lighting the Town Building, fire hall, etc. when they are certified by James English.

8. That the following accounts be paid:

R. Neill	$ 2 00
J. D. Craig	19 65
T. Williams	1 50
A. H. Stratton & Co.	5 90
M. R. Dafoe	1 25
Hall & Hayes	2 00
Walter Sucker	5 00
Times Printing Co.	19 70
A. McDonald	19 65
St. John's Industrial S.	25 00
C. P. R. Co's Teleg.	65
G. N. W. Teleg Co.	30
Stevenson Coal Co	11 00
A. Kennedy	4 00
John Nugent	1 00
C. N. Brown	1 50
Peterborough Hardware Co.	6 70
Peterboro Light & Power Co	20 65
Kerleghan & Gordon	5 10
R. Hicks & Co.	1 20
Can. Express Co.	85
A. McDonald	6 12
[illegible] Co.	14 00
Wm. [illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. [illegible]	107
W. A. Sanderson	6 00
Gutta Percha & Rubber Mafg	28 75
R. Hill & Co (when cert)	1 50
J. R. Mahaffy	7 20
Davis Thompson & Co.	10 00
J. & W. Metheral (when cert)	17 65
Lewis Spry	22 25
The Kingan Hardware Co.	55

The report was adopted as read;

LEGAL COM. REPORT.

Ald. Edgecumbe submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Legal Committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. That the Town Solicitor was instructed to take such steps by disclaimer of any interest of the Town in Mercer Avenue or otherwise as he might consider advisable in the suit of Lynch v Mercer in view of the facts reported by him, in his letter of April 5th, 1902.

2. The letter from Messrs. Edmison and Dixon on behalf of Mr. W. H. Roberts in regard to obstructions on Bethune street between Murray and McDonnell streets, was referred to the Town Solicitor to report and to protect the Town's interests in the mean time.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted as read;

PROPERTY COM. REPORT.

Ald. Batten submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Property Committee beg leave to report as follows:

We recommend that a new iron roof be put on the stable at the fire hall, and that the chairman be authorized to purchase ice for the drinking fountain.

The report was adopted as read;

RESOLUTION OF THANKS.

Moved by Ald. Morrison, seconded by Ald. J. J. Turner,—That the thanks of this council be given to the Hon. J. Israel Tarte, Minister of Public Works, for the very courteous manner in which he received the deputation in regard to the dredging of the Otonabee River, and the business like way in which he discussed the matter with them, and the prompt manner in which he has taken it up,—Carried.

STREET RAILWAY FRANCHISE.

The Council went into Committee of the whole on the proposed agreement between the Peterborough Radial Railway Company and the Town. Amongst other Amendments the following important ones were added:

On street within the area bounded by Wolfe street in the south, Bethune street in the west, McDonald street in the north, and the river to the east, the company shall remove the snow from the streets from curb to curb so that the level of the surface between the rails shall in no case be more than sixteen inches where the company has a single track, or one foot where it has a double track, below the level of the snow on the remainder of the said streets, and the snow left on the said streets shall be evenly spread over the same.

The Company shall keep in repairs all street crossings between its rails of a similar character to those adopted by the council, the corporation providing material for same at edge of track.

Unchecked baggage going out of town to be carried free. Baggage checked to be charged for at the rate of ten cents per 100 lbs., and under, and five cents for each additional 50 lbs.

The agreement being amended to the satisfaction of the committee and Wm. Bain, the company's representative, council resumed.

Ald. Shortly reported that the Committee of the whole recommended that a 30 year's franchise be granted the Peterborough Radial Railway Company upon the terms set out in annexed draft agreement, and that a by-law be prepared for that purpose after the proper notices have been given and published, provided the same is approved of by the Railway Committee of the Executive Council for Ontario in case of appeal to them by any person claiming to be prejudicially affected, and providing such agreement is properly executed by the Peterborough Radial Company. And they further recommend that such notices be given and published on deposit of cost of publication by the said company.

The report was adopted as read, and Council adjourned to meet in Committee of the Whole to-night.

True Economy in Well Regulated Homes

In well regulated homes in city and country there are many avenues open for the practice of economy, but none so simple and satisfactory as the use of the Diamond Dyes in renewing for wear old and faded dresses, skirts, blouses, capes, jackets, ribbons, shawls, yarns and feathers. The husband's or boy's suit now off color and apparently worthless, can be dyed a rich and fast black, navy blue or dark seal brown, making practically new and stylish garments.

The Diamond Dyes are the easiest to use; a child can successfully dye with them. No failures or disappointments when the very simple directions are followed.

Thousands of ladies are now making up pretty Mats and Rugs from the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns. These patterns are favorites all over Canada. Sheets of designs showing the various sizes may be obtained from The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain st., Montreal, P.Q. Send your address.

Must Keep Before the Public

There are certain facts about advertising which experienced business men keep in mind. Among a number which appear in an advertising periodical is this: "To succeed, one must keep himself before the public. When a man ceases to work his deterioration [illegible]; when a business man ceases to advertise his sales [illegible] steadily." Everybody [illegible] [illegible].

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $[illegible] per year, payable in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 6, 1902.

THE MEAT QUESTION.

Just now the press all over the continent are discussing the recent rise in the price of meat. Some United States newspapers are now clamoring not only for the import duty on cattle to be taken off, which is the right and righteous remedy for the evil, but for an export duty to be put on cattle and meat stuffs. The constitution of the United States expressly provides that no export duties shall be imposed, but what does that matter, urge the complainants, "let's change the constitution." Some Canadian writers go further and would pass a law prohibiting the export of cattle, so long as the retail price was forced up by an alleged shortage. There are immense herds on the ranges in the Northwest, and hundreds of thousands of fine cattle are shipped out of this country to England, and yet there is talk of a meat famine in Canada. Such is the plaint, and, if the supply is short, as the butchers allege when they put up prices twenty or twenty-five per cent, why should the home market be neglected, and the meat shipped out of the country? Why, it is pathetically urged, should the poor people of this country be denied necessary food, or have to pay famine prices for it, while the London hotels and restaurants are furnishing prime Canadian beef to portly foreigners? The plea is not sentimentally attractive from one point of view, but it "won't hold water" economically. Even sentimentally, it is one-sided, for while depriving the portly foreigner from another source, anyhow, we should so force up prices in England that our much-loved poor brother Briton would have a fine chance to starve. But the person who would be directly hit would be the Canadian farmer and rancher. The farmer has been the country's great burden bearer. He has been patient and docile in enduring import taxes whose incidence upon him is indirect and often remote. But such a direct hit at his means of living as this he certainly would not stand. Such a prohibition, moreover, would dislocate all our business with Britain, and when we wanted to come into the British market again we should find that we were not wanted. Most of the cattle raisers have nothing to do with the combine at all and the innocent would be punished instead of the guilty. The proposition is, indeed, preposterous from all points of view.

Recognised Their Old Friend.

THE love which English people, especially British soldiers, feel for Florence Nightingale has been shown at many times and in many places. A new and striking instance of it was recently given by the "Sunday Magazine."

The late Sir John Steell, sculptor to Queen Victoria, was modelling a bust of Miss Nightingale, when an officer of one of the Highland regiments which had suffered so cruelly in the Crimea heard that the bust had just been completed, and went to Sir John's studio. Many of the men in his company had passed through the hospital at Scutari, and he obtained permission from the sculptor to bring some of them to see it. Accordingly a squad of men one day marched into the big studio and stood in line.

They had no idea why they had been marched in to so strange a place. Without a word of warning the bust was uncovered, and then, as by one impulse, the men broke rank, and with cries of "Miss Nightingale! Miss Nightingale!" surrounding the model, and with hats off cheered the figure of their devoted nurse until the roof rang.

So spontaneous and hearty and so inspiring was the whole scene that in after days Sir John Steell declared it to be the greatest compliment of his life.

Proof Positive.

A convict at a French penal settlement, who was undergoing a life sentence, desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the groom.

"Did you not marry in France?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And your wife is dead?"

"She is."

"Have you any document to show that she is dead?"

"No."

"Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead."

There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom.

Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead."

"How will you do so?"

"I was sent here for killing her."

The bride accepted him notwithstanding.—Exchange.

"Darling," said Mrs. Kallyps, "you must quit associating with that Parker child. Don't ever permit yourself to be seen with her anywhere in her company again."

"Why, mamma," the child asked, "what is the matter?"

"A dreadful thing has happened. Her father called here this afternoon and [illegible]

Turning Smoke Into Gold.

QUEEN ELIZABETH of England was not a thoroughgoing spinster, for she had so little prejudice against the practice of smoking that she permitted Sir Walter Raleigh his pipe in the royal presence. She was sufficiently a woman, however, to twit him openly on his devotion to the weed, and it was on one of these occasions—or so the author of "The Soverane Herbe" shrewdly surmises—that the knight replied:

"I can assure Your Majesty that I have so well experienced the nature of it that I can tell even the weight of the smoke in any quantity I consume."

"I doubt it much, Sir Walter," replied Elizabeth, holding it was impossible to weigh smoke, and mayhap scenting a joke, "and I will wager you twenty gold angels that you do not solve my doubt."

Gallantly accepting the wager, Raleigh filled his pipe with a weighed quantity of tobacco, smoked it out, and then, weighing the resultant ashes, announced the weight he had smoked away.

"Your Majesty cannot deny that the difference has disappeared in smoke."

"Truly, I cannot," answered the Queen. Ordering the wager to be paid, she turned to the courtiers around her and said: "Many alchemists have I heard of who turned gold into smoke, but Raleigh is the first who has turned smoke into gold."

There Was One.

"Is there a man in all this audience," fiercely exclaimed a female lecturer, "that has ever done anything to lighten the burden resting on his wife's shoulders? What do you know of woman's work?"

"Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms and looking over her audience with superb scorn, "that has ever got up in the morning, leaving his tired, worn-out wife to enjoy her slumbers, gone quietly downstairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, darned the family stockings, scoured the pots and kettles, cleaned and filled the lamps, swept the kitchen, and done all this, if necessary, day after day, uncomplainingly? If there is such a man in this audience, let him rise up! I should like to see him!"

And in the rear of the hall a mild-looking man in spectacles, in obedience to the summons, timidly arose. He was the husband of the eloquent speaker. It was the first time he had ever had a chance to assert himself.

For the Farmer.

Sheep are the only animals which do not really exhaust the land on which they feed. They distribute manure evenly on the field and tramp it into the soil, feeding upon plants that other animals will not consume.

It is claimed that if tobacco stems or refuse be placed around the base of a peach tree the borer will not attack the tree. The mode of applying is to put the stems around the trees, on the ground, and fasten them to the trees higher up. It is worthy of a trial.

Another remedy suggested for the curculio is to spray just before the trees blossom with a mixture of a pound of Paris green in sixty gallons of water. Two weeks later use kerosene emulsion, giving a third spraying about June 1st. This method, it is said, will destroy the curculio, leaf lice and other enemies of the plum.

Heat, moisture and occasionally cooling are the factors at work in the production of chickens. Heat is of course supplied by the hen, who, also, if she be a good setter, will see to the cooling, though as a rule it is better not to trust entirely to her for this. But moisture is beyond her control if the place of setting is allotted to her. In some districts there is no trouble whatever on this score, as the atmosphere is charged with sufficient for the needs of the eggs. But in others very great care has to be taken or dryness of the atmosphere was be fatal to successful hatching. Seasons also differ.

How to Spray.

The agricultural station of the University of Illinois has issued bulletin No. 68, prepared by Professor Arnold V. Stubenrauch, on "Important Details of Spraying." In the chapter describing the proper method of spraying, we read:

Having the mixtures properly prepared and thoroughly agitated cannot alone insure success. Unless the spray is properly applied, all preliminary effort is lost. To spray properly is more difficult than is usually supposed, especially where materials in suspension are used. It will not do to go out with a determination "to do a thorough job and give them an everlasting soaking" until everything is dripping. If this is done there will be less material on the trees in the end than if less were applied in a proper manner. This to some may seem paradoxical. Nevertheless, it is a fact, and an attempt will be made to show just how it takes place. In order to do this it will be necessary to consider the globules of water as they come from the nozzle, carrying with them suspended particles of Paris green or Bordeaux mixture, or both, as the case may be. The settling which takes place. The only way this can be avoided is the globules of water after they become fixed to the fruit and leaves. Hence the larger the globule, the more settling will take place, and consequently the more material will be deposited at one place in the spray tank goes on with. ed is to have the globules very small and fine as they leave the nozzle, and to keep them intact as separate, fine globules after they become attached to the fruit or leaf. Hence the importance of the injunction: "Use only a fine nozzle; use force enough to keep the liquid issuing as a fine mist, and spray only until the foliage and fruit are completely bedewed."

It requires considerable skill to do this properly and cover the surface fully. If it cannot be done with one spraying it would pay better to go over the trees twice, allowing the first application to dry before giving the second, than to try to accomplish it all at one time, and thus run the risk of going further than the simple bedewing of the fruit or leaves. If the spray is continued too long the fine globules will "run together" to form one or several large ones, which, instead of remaining fixed and drying just where they strike, will run down to the lowest place and drip. Of course, the suspended material settles to the lowest point of the globule, which is, in that case, spread over a considerable surface of the fruit. Some of the upper portions are thus left completely bare. At the lower edge the material will drip [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Anecdotal.

Shortly after Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" made its appearance, J. T. Trowbridge was walking with Lowell in Cambridge, when the latter pointed out a doorway sign, "Groceries," with the letters set zigzag, to produce a bizarre effect. "That," said he, "is Walt Whitman—with very common goods inside."

A Philadelphia paper declares that Archbishop Ryan was recently about to take a train for Baltimore at the Broad Street Station, when a young man accosted him, saying: "Your face is familiar, where in hell have I seen you?" "I really don't know," replied the archbishop, blandly; "what part of hell do you come from?"

Many years ago, when Senator Ingalls was in the Senate, oleomargarine was a bone of contention. The debate led Ingalls to utter one of those epigrammatic sentences which made him famous. "I have never, to my knowledge, tasted oleomargarine," said Ingalls, "but I have stood in the presence of genuine butter with awe for its strength and reverence for its antiquity."

A lady carrying on mission work in the slums was teaching a little colored girl to spell. She used a pictorial primer, and over each word was its accompanying picture. Polly glibly spelled "c-a-t, cat," and "b-o-x, box," etc. But the teacher thought that she was making "right rapid progress." So she put her hand over the picture, and said, "Polly, what does 'o-x' spell?" "Ox," answered Polly, nimbly. "How do you know that it spells 'ox,' Polly?" "Seed his tail," replied the apt Polly.

A very popular Oxford dean, crossing the quadrangle of Christ's College one day, was met by a number of undergraduates who passed him without "capping." The reverend gentleman felt annoyed. "Do you know who I am?" he asked. "No, sir." "Then how long have you been at the college?" "Eight days, sir." "Indeed!" replied the dean, sarcastically. "Well, in that case, you stand excused. I know that puppies do not open their eyes until the ninth day." And then he resumed his walk.

While he was in England, Mark Twain says his head was once taxed as gas works. He wrote Queen Victoria a friendly letter of protest, saying: "I don't know you, but I've met your son. He was at the head of a procession in the Strand, and I was on a 'bus." Years afterward he met the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., at Homberg. They had a long walk and talk together. When bidding him good-by, the Prince said: "I am glad to have met you again." This remark troubled Twain, who feared that he had been mistaken for someone else. He communicated this suspicion to the Prince, who replied: "Why, don't you remember when you met me in the Strand and I was at the head of a procession, and you were on a 'bus?"

Simeon Thompson says that the late Eugene Field was fond of relating the following story of James Whitcomb Riley: "To beguile the tediousness of the return voyage from Europe, it was proposed to give a concert in the saloon of the ship—an entertainment to which all capable of amusing their fellow-voyagers should contribute. Mr. Riley was asked to recite some of his original poems, and, of course, he cheerfully agreed to do so. Among the number present at this mid-ocean entertainment, over which the Rev. Myron Reed presided, were two Scotchmen, very worthy gentlemen, en route from the land o' cakes to the land of biscuits, upon a tour of investigation. These twain shared the enthusiasm with which the auditors applauded Mr. Riley's charming recitations. They marveled that so versatile a genius could have lived in a land reputed for uncouthness and savagery. "Is it no wonderfu', Donal," remarked one of these Scots, "that a tradesman suld be sic a bonnie poet?" "And is he indeed a tradesman?" asked the one. "Indeed he is," answered the other; "did ye no hear the dominie intryjuce him as the hoosier poet? Just think of it, mon!—just think of sic a gude poet dividing his time making hoosiery!"

A Prophecy Fulfilled.

ON no less authority than that of Mr. Justin McCarthy it is stated that, with the exception of the King of Sweden, a descendant of Bernadotte, whom Napoleon raised from the ranks and later made king, there is not a single important ruler in Europe who is not descended from Mary, Queen of Scots. In "Macbeth," which was evidently written with the idea of courting the favor of James I., the first Stuart ruler of England, Shakespeare puts into the mouth of the witches this prophecy to Banquo, from whom the Stuarts are by legend descended: "Your children shall be kings." Even the most obsequious of courtiers could not have anticipated how literally true this compliment to the Stuarts through King James was to prove. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, "in many ways the worst dynasty," as Mr. McCarthy says, "that ever ruled over England, should have left so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

Meantime there is for the student of medical anthropology the spectacle of a series of inbreeding intermarriages that demonstrates the dangers and effects of marital consanguinity. Perhaps the lesson of the necessity for exercising more care as regards the relationship and other qualities of marital partners may thus be taught by example, if it cannot be enforced by the legal measures that are now so commonly suggested. In a word, the history of the present reigning families of Europe is an open book in which he who runs may read the evils of marriage where new blood is not constantly introduced to modify the degenerative tendencies of the original stock. The lesson may be learned better from a "horrible example" than from the cold logic of statistics on the subject.

Faith vs. Works.

A piece of bright class-room repartee comes from a Western college. The professor had been annoyed by the tardy entrance of a student into the lecture-room, and pointedly stopped talking until the man took his seat.

After class the student went to the desk and apologized.

"My watch was fifteen minutes out of the way, sir. It's bothered me a good deal lately, but after this I shall put no more faith in it."

"It's not faith you want in it," replied the professor; "it's works."

When Judge Barnard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one-cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said:

"I imagine, your Honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barnard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it."—New York Times.

Young Mothers

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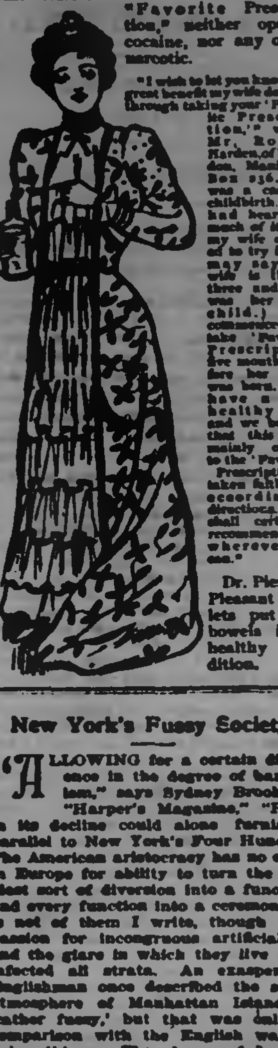

"I wish to let you know the great benefit my wife derived through taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mr. Robert Harden, of Brandon, Manitoba, Box 236. "It was a case of childbirth. We had heard so much of it that my wife decided to try it. (I may say my wife is thirty-three and this was her first child.) She commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' five months before her child was born. We have a fine, healthy girl, and we believe that this was mainly owing to the 'Favorite Prescription' taken faithfully according to directions. We shall certainly recommend it wherever we can."

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New York's Fussy Society.

"ALLOWING for a certain difference in the degree of barbarism," says Sydney Brooks in "Harper's Magazine," "Rome in its decline could alone furnish a parallel to New York's Four Hundred. The American aristocracy has no equal in Europe for ability to turn the simplest sort of diversion into a function, and every function into a ceremony. It is not of them I write, though their passion for incongruous artificialities and the glare in which they live have infected all strata. An exasperated Englishman once described the social atmosphere of Manhattan Island as 'rather fussy,' but that was only in comparison with the English way of doing things. The charm of London hospitality is that there is never the slightest strain put upon either host or guest. The American hostess, like the French hostess, feels that she must be continually 'entertaining' her guest; she considers it a reflection on her hospitality if the guest is left a moment alone; she looks upon it as her duty to be continually providing fresh amusements, and is constantly troubled by doubts as to whether the visitor is really 'enjoying' himself. That is one of the reasons why Americans, after the pampering they get at home, are apt to feel themselves neglected in London, and left out in the cold."

A Spider's Genius.

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web in the top of a decaying peach tree with a few leaves that it was in plain view. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will so long as the receptacle within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—Waverley Magazine.

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Montreal, 22nd April, 1902

Anecdotal.

When the English barrister, Richard Eve, desired to "take silk"—or, in other words, to become a Queen's Counsel—he sent the usual note to the senior members on the circuit to see whether anyone objected, according to custom. Mr. Adam Walker, one of the senior members, replied as follows:—"My dear Eve,—You may take silk or a fig leaf. I don't care.—Adam."

Shortly after Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R.A., was knighted, he and Lady Alma-Tadema gave an At Home at St. John's Wood. Everybody present was congratulating them, and one lady was very profuse. "Oh, dear Sir Lawrence," she said, "I am awfully glad to hear of the honor you have received. I suppose now that you are knighted you will give up painting and live like a gentleman."

In an Ohio town last fall, the African Methodist-Episcopal Church of that district held a conference, and for a week the town was filled with colored pulpit orators. A few days after the conference closed its sessions, one of the leading colored women of the town drove out to Pea Ridge to purchase chickens of an old mammy who had supplied the family for years. Aunt Hanna, coming to the gate, said: "I'm sorry, Miss Allie. I ain't got a chicken left. Dey all done enter de ministry.

A story is going the rounds about a prominent Nova Scotia lawyer who is noted for his carelessness in dress, which fact annoys the members of the Bar exceedingly. Entering the courtroom one day minus a cravat, the judge reproved him, saying the law required him to wear one. "Oh, yes, your honor. I know it," he answered; "but it does not say where he shall wear it," and as he spoke he pulled it out of his trousers pocket. The matter then dropped.

General William T. Sherman was fond of relating the following story: "When I was with the army in Georgia, a slave-owner about Christmas time missed a fine fat turkey. He suspected a good-looking mulatto, and ordered the man brought before him. 'You have stolen my turkey and eaten it,' said the irate planter. 'I'se not gwine to say I didn't, when you says I did, massa.' 'I ought to have you flogged. What have you to say why I should not punish you?' 'Well, massa, you hain't lost anything particular. You see, you has a little less turkey and a good deal more nigger.' And the master was compelled to acknowledge the philosophy of the slave, and let him go unwhipped."

As a young man Paul Kruger was regarded as an authority on psalm singing, and the farmers used to come to him to learn the keynote for starting the psalms at the next Sunday's service. Kruger, even in those days, was no believer in the policy of giving anything away—not even a note of music—so he had a uniform charge of a double handful of dried peaches for his instruction. Even the fact that the work was in the service of religion did not deter him from resorting to strategy, for he made a point of giving each applicant a different note. The result when the pious Doppers attempted to raise their voices in sacred harmony next Sunday may be imagined. The result was that each man concluded he had lost the key, and had to return for a further lesson. "I nearly bankrupted them of their dried peaches," said the president.

Ford Madox Brown, the artist, once had to be smuggled into his own exhibition. The occasion was a private view in Bond street of the Manchester fresco, "John Kay." The artist being unwell at the time was accompanied in his carriage to the gallery by his doctor and old friend, William Gill. The time passed pleasantly enough en route in conversation, when suddenly Madox Brown's talk came to an abrupt full stop; he started as though struck by some very disquieting thought, and wildly plunged round in his various pockets, blank dismay depicted on his countenance the while. "Good heavens, Gill!" he exclaimed, "I have forgotten my card of admission! What am I to do?" "Your card of admission!" replied his amused friend, "surely you can get in without that?" "No, no," answered Madox Brown in despair, "they will never let me in—they don't know me!" Fortunately, however, Mr. Gill was provided with the necessary passport, and he thus played the distinctly original role of getting an artist admission into his own show.

School Humor.

An English paper gives some further examples of children's unconscious humor in answering examination questions:

Alexander the Great was born in absence of his parents.

The chief clause in Magna Charta was that no free man should be put to death or imprisoned without his own consent.

Where were the kings of England crowned? On their heads.

What were the three most important Feudal dues? Friendship, courtship, marriage.

What do you know of Dryden and Buckingham? Dryden and Buckingham were at first friends, but soon became contemporaries.

What is Milton's chief work? Milton wrote a sensible poem called the "Canterbury Tails."

Give the names of five Shakespearian plays? Macbeth, Mikado, Quo Vadis, San Toy, Sign of the Cross.

An optimist is a man who looks after your eyes, and a pessimist is a man who looks after your feet.

A man who looks on the bright side of things is called an optimist, and the one who looks on the dull side is called a pianist.

Good News!

Stage Manager—Mr. Heavy, you will take the part of Alonzo. Mr. Heavy—I have never seen this play. Do you think I can please the audience in that part? "Immensely. You die in the first act."—"Tit-Bits."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

ital out of the strange mistake which had occurred, and claim Lillian Ruthven the heiress!

It was a bold and mighty stroke for a fortune, but he was just desperate enough to make it.

She was pretty enough to please any man, and then there was a certain piquancy in claiming an unwilling bride.

While his life lasted, he vowed to himself he should never forget his first interview with Miss Ruthven.

If anger and scorn, flashed from a pair of blue eyes, could have struck him dead, he would have died then and there.

Since the world began, she protested, she had never heard of a case like this.

She wondered how God could let a man live to blast a fair young life, and glory in it.

"You know as well as I do," she added, "that I am not your wife; and, up to the time you were brought before me, surrounded with officers, I had never even looked upon your face."

He had thrown back his dark, handsome head with a laugh not pleasant to hear.

"I can claim you," he said; "that settles the matter. You shall be mine by fair means or foul Lillian Ruthven. If I thought it possible that I could win your liking, I would go through a whole course of wooing. Should you like that?"

Lillian Ruthven was quick-witted. She saw here a chance of respite from the horrible doom that awaited her.

If she had time she might see some way out of the trap fate had set for her.

"Yes, give me time," she answered, with a piteous quiver in her voice.

The words choked her; she could say no more.

Feeling so sure of his beautiful, hapless victim, Harold St. John acquiesced very gallantly.

"You will not exclude me from your presence under this arrangement?" he said. "I will be a constant visitor.

It was gall and wormwood to the girl's sensitive soul to allow this man to clasp her white hand, and raise it to his lips, looking ardently in her eyes the while, as he bade her au revoir, but what could she do? Was ever a woman more completely in a man's power?

Her case was all the more deplorable, because she had a lover whom she loved with all the strength of her heart.

The startling news of her marriage to Harold St. John had been a fearful blow to him.

There was a terrible scene between them.

He accused her of playing with his heart and breaking it, tossing it away like a useless toy; still keeping him near her, even up to the very hour almost that she had wedded another.

He turned on his heel and left her, praying heaven he might never look upon her fair, false face again —left her standing before him like a statue carved in marble, and as cold as death.

On coming into the drawing room an hour later, her aunt found her lying on her face like one dead.

"Is this terrible thing true? —are you indeed the wife of the man who came here and claimed you?" asked Mrs. Colonel Ruthven, when the girl regained consciousness.

"On my honor, no," answered Lillian, frantically. "Oh, God! cannot you, who have known me all my life, believe me when I say it is all terribly false?"

Mrs. Ruthven took Lillian abroad, but with cruel pertinacity, Harold St. John followed them, declaring he had entered upon his privileges as an accepted suitor.

At length he became convinced of the fact Lillian hated him beyond all doubt. Then he came boldly forward, saying he should claim her on the twenty-fifth.

He had followed Lillian Ruthven to Sacramento, but it was not so easy to gain access to the exclusive society in which she moved.

She was visiting at the villa of Mrs. Elford, and in her honor the grand garden party was given.

Harold St. John had recourse to spying upon her actions through one of the pretty young serving-maids of the villa.

He made the acquaintance of pretty Katy, madame's maid, in a very romantic fashion. She had gone to one of the shops to purchase some few things for herself, and on leaving the place she passed on the threshold the handsomest young man she had ever beheld in all her life.

She saw the glance of admiration he gave her—Katy was always alive to that—and in her confusion she dropped one of the little parcels she carried.

He picked it up and gave it to her with a bow such as Katy had never received in all her life before; her face flushed with delight.

The next time she came to do some shopping for her mistress she saw him again, and this time he spoke to her.

The third time he insisted on seeing her home or at least as far as the park gate.

He said it was neither right nor safe for a beautiful young lady like herself to be wandering about alone.

Katy was enchanted, for a new element had crept into her life.

She had made a conquest at last that she considered worthy of her charms; not one of the grooms or gardeners, but a gentleman —a perfect gentleman, who wore a suit of fine black clothes and glossy linen as white as snow and who wore a gold watch and a fine signet ring on his finger.

He learned from Katy all he wished to know concerning the movements of the guests of the house.

All the young gentlemen were in love with Miss Ruthven the heiress, but she was like an icicle to one and all.

She did not know why the slow smile crept up under the dark mustache when he heard that.

On the night of the garden party, after he had seen Daisy, he hurried to the rear entrance of the villa, and succeeded in getting one of the other maids to smuggle a note to Katy.

"Of course it is from Mr. Smith," she thought, with a blush, (that was the name Harold St. John had given her). "He wants to see me, of course," she murmured, "but he should know how busy I am on an evening like this."

She hid the note in the pocket of her coquettish little apron, intending to read it later on.

To be Continued

Nature's Flying Machines.

It is an extraordinary thing that the places where people think that they can invent flying machines are the capitals of Europe. Paris, Vienna, London, Brussels, each takes its turn, in paragraphs in the morning papers and illustrated interviews in the weeklies, at producing flying machine inventors; but the man who will succeed must be more familiar than any townsman or laboratory savant seems to be with the way in which Nature's flying machines, the birds, work. To this the townsman will reply that everybody knows how birds fly. They flap their wings; and what we have to do is to invent a machine which will flap its wings like a bird.

Yes; but which bird? In every one of our undulating Norfolk stubbles there are two birds, among many, that you cannot help observing on the wing. One is the partridge and the other the gull. Let us take the gull first. It is a bird with a very light body in proportion to its expanse of wing; and when it wishes to rise from the ground it raises its wings aloft, back to back, and then with one quick stroke—whiff!—wafts itself aloft. Three or four more similar strokes follow, each one visibly raising the bird higher in the air, and then it sails off. Now it is "coasting" down an inclined plane; now its widespread wings catch the wind like a sail and it curves upwards; then it wheels and "coasts" again, and at the turn one vigorous flap of its wings shoots it up into the wind again. Another sail, another "coast," another flap, and so the gull could go on through the livelong afternoon. The albatross, spreading as much wing-sail as Shamrock II., so very nearly equalizes its sailing power with its coasting momentum that it remains in the air alongside a steamer for, perhaps, half an hour together, without occasion for a flap of the wing. This is the very highest development of one kind of Nature's flying machines.

Now let us look at the partridge. This is a heavy, substantial bird, with great running power, necessitating a muscular development essentially different from the gull's. The object of the partridge's flight is not to loaf about in the air, always ready to descend at any inclined plane that the chance of snatching food from the restless waves may offer, but to put as large a distance as possible in the shortest space of time between itself and the danger which compelled it to take wing. With the partridge flying is, in fact, merely an urgent improvement upon terrestrial locomotion, whereas with the gull it is the highest development of the art of remaining in the air at the poise most suitable for descending like an arrow in any desired direction.

From this contrast it is evident that the model which human inventors of flying machines should set before themselves is that of the partridge and not of the gull. We need aerial locomotion as an improvement upon our existing means of terrestrial progress. Our flying machine must be a weight-carrier because it has to bear up a terrestrial mechanism—i.e., a man; and the partridge gives us a very good idea of the means whereby this can be achieved. In common with all ground-birds—and if man is destined to be a bird at all it is as a ground-bird that he will have to commence his aerial evolutions—the partridge goes off whirring like clockwork. This is because enormous power, comparatively speaking, is needed to raise so heavy a bird from the ground. But when it has once reached an altitude of, say, ten feet, it goes on at a tremendous pace, gliding for twenty yards, then whirring violently again for ten, gliding for twenty, and so on. Thus the partridge can, taking into consideration all kinds of wind and weather, travel between two fixed points faster than a gull, provided that the point of departure is higher than that of destination. This is not generally understood; and it is common to talk of the amazing power of flight of such long-winged birds as gulls and swifts, although their "power" of flight is small compared with that of partridge or pheasant.

A New Vocabulary.

"I SEE," said the wise person, "that some eminent philologist is again monkeying with the language of the world in the effort to combine them in one tongue that no one will want to learn, but everybody can understand. It has always been a matter of surprise to me that none of these word-arrangers has ever grasped the amazing possibilities of baby-talk as a universal, time-saving method of conversation. Instead of delving into the dusty dimness of antiquity for Saxon and Sanskrit roots, and making it necessary for one to master ten languages to learn one, why do they not go into the nursery with an open mind and a notebook and compile a new mother-tongue that will catch everybody?"

Here he paused for a question, but, as none was forthcoming, he went on:

"What I mean is this: You take any baby that has an intelligent, quick-witted mother, and it can make its wants known with less expenditure of breath than a deaf-and-dumb man. If it says "Wow" she knows that a pin is sticking it, or that it wants its dinner, or that it wants to turn over, or that it has colic. If it says "Ah-goo" she makes a rapid-fire translation which proves that the child has said that it wants to see papa or that it feels good. If it says "Gup" she will at once tell you that it means "look at the horse." If it says "Boo" she can tell you without a moment's hesitation that it desires a peep at its picture-book. And so on ad infinitum, and ad infantum, for that matter. By jing! We don't want Volapuk or any other old universal language, but as a time and tongue saver and word-condenser we need the adoption of baby-talk."

Then, with a sarcastic glance at the young father, he concluded:

"Besides, it would keep a lot of people from telling us what their children had tried to say."—W. D. Nesbit in "Judge."

Where They Flourish.

Crawford—If you're not going out to buy a new hat, but merely to look at them, what do you want with a dollar? Mrs. Crawford—Why, you can't get a decent seat at the matinee for less than a dollar.

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Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say?

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work. —Philadelphia Press.

"Don't you think heaven is a land of rest?" enquired the doctor.

"O, I suppose it is," replied the professor, "for everybody except the recording angel."—Chicago "Tribune."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

To Detect Bad Notes.

There will be no doubt an unusually large number of visitors in England this summer in connection with the coronation festivities. The recent announcement that several hundred £5 notes have been lately stopped by the Bank of England and other London banks will be specially interesting to them, and may cause some feelings of apprehension, for the visitor, unused to handling the English money, is naturally more easily victimized than those accustomed to it. The Daily Express gives some interesting information as to how you may tell whether your £5 notes are genuine or forged.

Chief cashiers in banks can tell at a glance, for in the freemasonry of the profession they have learned some of the secret marks by which the Bank of England absolutely safeguards itself against deception.

The whole of the secret marks, some dozen in all, are only known to the man whose signature appears on each note.

The best test for the average man to apply is the rough and ready one of looking at the water-mark. If that is very plain, when held up to the light or laid down on a table, you may be pretty certain that your fiver is genuine.

The water-mark of the Bank of England is one of those things that no forger has yet been able to imitate successfully.

Now for the forged notes. If you would detect them look out for any of the following defects, which were discovered after long examination by the chief cashier of a West End business house:—

(1) The water-mark is very light, and not made in the note.

(2) The paper is slightly greasy to the touch.

(3) The printing is lighter; the ink not as black as it should be. This is particularly noticeable in the medallion of Britannia in the top left-hand corner.

(4) The top and bottom of the note are very ragged, as if carried in the pocket, and nicked as if torn away, while the sides are quite clean cut.

"I had never handled a forged Bank of England note," said this cashier, "until this came into my possession, and I naturally examined it very carefully.

"I understand that the notes have different dates and numbers, making their detection more difficult, and I should say that the dates were added after the body of the note had been printed."

From the head of a large banking concern in the city The Express representative received an opinion regarding the forged notes closely corresponding with the one given above. He was of opinion that the note might best be detected by three of its features: —

(1) Not quite so crisp as the genuine note.

(2) Faint water-mark.

(3) Faulty engraving and printing of the Britannia medal.

Forgers of bank notes have always two prime difficulties to contend with—to imitate the water-mark, and to get the notes in circulation.

The Duke of Gloucester.

The proposal to revive the old English title of Duke of Gloucester has set newspaper writers at work, hunting up the records of former bearers of the title, which appear to be mournful enough to give it an aspect of ill-omen even in the present materialistic age. The title was last revived by George I., who created his grandson, Frederick Lewis, Duke of Gloucester in 1714. This Prince was not, if his father, George II., may be believed, an ornament to the Peerage. "My dear firstborn," said that unamiable Sovereign, "is the greatest ass and the greatest liar and the greatest canaille and the greatest beast in the whole world, and I heartily wish he was out of it." His unhappy relations with his parents were a public scandal, but a fairer estimate of his character is that given by Horace Walpole. "His best quality was generosity, his worst insincerity, and indifference to truth, which appeared so early that Earl Stanhope wrote to Lord Sunderland what I shall conclude his character with:—'He has his father's head and his mother's heart.' His character with the people is probably best summed up in the lines beginning

Here lies Fred,
Who was alive and is dead.
and ending with
There's no more to be said."

The title became dormant again in 1834, when the second Duke of this creation, third son of "Fred," died without children. If the story of the present revival has any basis, the title is presumably intended for one of the young sons of the Prince of Wales.

Helping Reciprocity Along.

Force of circumstances is compelling us to reckon with western Canada. The Journal has often spoken of the great agricultural resources of that region, and has predicted that within ten years it will be the greatest hard wheat raising region in the world. The enormous crop raised there last year and bound for the export market, almost entirely, has called the attention of Minneapolis grain men and millers to the importance of Canadian competition. Canadian wheat is now selling so cheaply abroad that the Minneapolis export flour trade is in danger of suffering thereby, as foreign millers can buy Canadian wheat and undersell the Minneapolis exporters.

To remedy partially this unfortunate state of affairs the local millers are thinking of buying Canadian wheat and milling it in bond for their export trade. If they do this they will be able to meet the foreign millers on equal terms as to the price of Canadian wheat, since the duty on Canadian wheat will be refunded when the flour made from it is exported. So, then, we are already confronted with the desirability of using Canadian wheat in the manufacture of flour designed for export. The time is approaching when we shall need it for flour intended for domestic consumption. Already, regardless of the tariff, it is competing with American wheat and forcing down the price of the latter. If the tariff on wheat were taken off and Canadian wheat were merged in American wheat in the markets, the chances are that it would affect the price less than now.

Truly, the development of the Canadian west is making the question of reciprocity with Canada a very live one for the people of the American northwest.—Minneapolis Journal.

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DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wood Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor o man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted Fast seller every where. Enterprising agents wanted. Address t once:

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London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been induce to try the machine,

They Staked Their Lives.

NOT long ago, among the varied pictures of human life which go to make up the daily newspaper, appeared a story as thrilling as fiction, although it was only a part of the plain news of the day. It had to do with the life-savers at the Chatham station which guards the end of Cape Cod. For thirty-six hours Captain Eldredge and his crew, who patrol this point of land projecting far out into the Atlantic, went through as hard an experience as brave men are often called upon to endure. The story is outlined by the "Youth's Companion:"

During a freezing hurricane they saw a schooner in distress off Pollock Rip. Ordinarily there could have been no question as to whether or not they should go to her assistance; for although every drop of water froze as fast as it fell, and the sea was mad, and Pollock Rip is a treacherous place, yet life-savers are used to riotous weather and do not hesitate. But this time there was a special element of danger; a northwest wind tearing down past the edge of the land at sixty miles an hour made it impossible for any boat that should set out for Pollock Rip to return against the gale.

But the men of the Chatham station did not stop to reckon their chances of return. Trusting that the schooner might hold out through the storm if manned and pumped by a fresh crew, they struck out in their life-boat toward the Rip.

Although the wind was with them, it was a hard pull. Three times they were nearly swamped, and when they reached the schooner, they dared not pull alongside of her. It took an hour of hard work to get aboard, and even then the crew of the schooner had to pull them up one by one with ropes, as if they, the life-savers, were the rescued, not the rescuers.

They had won their goal, but it might still be nothing but a goal of death; they knew that when they started. One pump was broken, the crew of the vessel was half exhausted, and the water was pouring into the schooner at the rate of nine hundred pump-strokes an hour.

Sending most of the ship's crew to their bunks, Captain Eldredge and his men manned the two good pumps and fought the invading water. After thirty hours of fighting they won. That is how the schooner "Emma D. Endicott," Captain Rogers of New York, lived to be towed up to Boston.

If she had not lived, the men of the Chatham life-saving station, who staked their lives on the chance that they could reach her and keep her afloat, who went to her aid knowing they could not return until the wind abated—well, they would not have lived to hear people tell them how brave they are.

Humor of the Hour.

"Night falls, but it doesn't break," observed the Simple Mug.

"What of it?" queried the Wise Guy.

"Oh, nothing," chuckled the Simple Mug, "except that day breaks, but it doesn't fall."—Philadelphia Record.

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May—Yes, I'm going to marry Jack White.

Maud—My! From what you've always said I thought he'd be the last man you'd ever marry.

May—I hope he is.—Philadelphia Press.

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"Don't you think I preached a very poor sermon this morning?" asked the new preacher of the deacon, from whom he expected a compliment.

"Yaas, I do," drawled the honest deacon, "but it runs in my mind that I've heard worse, ef I cud only rickollect wher' I wuz."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

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No doubt the future races
Will navigate the air.
Perhaps their summer places
Will be constructed there.
When Pierpont Morgan buys the earth
They'll have to go elsewhere.
—Chicago News.

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"At Plevna, Kan.," says The Kansas City Journal, "A 'joint' keeper cornered the Rev. W. H. Houston in the postoffice and informed the reverend gentleman that he must take a licking on account of a temperance sermon which he had preached the day before. 'All right,' responded the parson, cheerfully, and two minutes later the friends of the 'joint' keeper were taking him down to the butcher shop for the application of beefsteak to a pair of beautiful black eyes. Showing again the low down, deceptive wickedness of our theological seminaries in maintaining physical culture departments."

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"And now," clucked the old hen, surveying with pride the fifteen eggs in her nest, "I am going to have a smart set of my own."

Three weeks later, true to her word, she had a coming-out party, and society eagerly flocked to see her debutantes, who were arrayed in the daintiest and fluffiest of garments and looked too sweet for anything.—Chicago Tribune.

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"Hi sy, you know," said the Cockney, addressing the Bowery boy, "we awt'n't to be hennemies; we 'ave to be brothers. We speak the same lyngwydge, you know."

"Wot t'ell. Holler for an interpreter. You're wuzzy. I seen you batten your eye. Git prepper. Git prepper.—Chicago Tribune.

KAWARTHA LAKES

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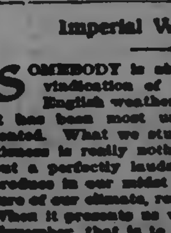
There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules. For sale by Druggists The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.



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Imperial Weather.

SOMEBODY is about to publish a vindication of the character of English weather. It appears that it has been most unfairly misrepresented. What we stupidly call its fickleness is really nothing in the world but a perfectly laudable effort to reproduce in our midst the imperial nature of our climate, remarks "Outlook." When it presents us with primroses in November, that is to remind us of the pleasant picnic weather they are having on the veldt; the same laudable intention accounts for June snowstorms. Nor do we have to wait for complete reversals of the seasons. A week of imperial weather—sometimes, like a cheap trip, it is all crammed into one day—runs somewhat as follows: Monday, fog (home produce); Tuesday, cricketing weather (Australia); Wednesday, skating (Canada); Thursday, waterspouts (various ocean territories); Friday, steaming (West Coast); Saturday, general imperial representation; Sunday—but the British Sunday.

Chimmie—Say, d'yer know dat Billy's one o' de directors o' de Teatrical Syndicate now?

Jack—G'on! Is dat right?

Chimmie—Sure! He directs people to deir seats.—Philadelphia Press.

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The hospitality of Scotland is quite as well established as the hospitality of Ireland, but the canniness of the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, is likely to assert itself at any stage. As The Scotsman tells this story, it cannot be suspected of proving false to its own countrymen:—

An Irish friend insisted that a Scotchman should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last drink.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your house for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its Cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

:—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 6 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—The Ashburnham village council met last night. Reports will appear to-morrow.

—A regular meeting of the Board of Education will be held this evening at the Board Room at 7 o'clock.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—The Cordage Works are now in operation, and admission to the interior is refused to everybody.

—The first march out of the season will take place to-night from the regimental headquarters.

—Magazines will be sold while they last at two for five cents. Prices of cloth and paper books and novels less than half regular price.

—Capt. M. Lane, who takes command of the Steamer City of Peterborough, is now at work preparing the vessel for the season.

—It is proposed by the congregation of All Saints' Church to erect a new and larger edifice. The matter is now under consideration of the Churchwardens.

—Dr. J. H. Eastwood has removed his office from Brook street to 467 Water street, the residence formerly occupied by Mr. R. R. Hall, opposite Victoria Park.

—Mr. G. M. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, an everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

—For those seeking cheap reading, a call at The Times Bookstore will be of special interest. We are having a rummage sale of cloth-bound and paper novels and books. Also, a very large variety of back numbers of magazines, consisting of some of the choice journals of the day.

—Rev. Dr. O'Brien on Sunday pinned on the breast of Mr. T. Meade a gold T.A.U. pin, as a reward for increasing the membership of the Society. Mr. T. J. Begley, who arranged the production of the comedy drama, presented on the evening of 17th March, was also presented with a gold pin. Both recipients suitably acknowledged the presentation.

—"If you want to down the beef combination," said a man to The Times, who is engaged in the fruit trade, "don't eat meat. Eat bananas instead. I'm not joking; I'm serious. The banana as a staple article of food has been too long neglected by the people of our zone. I traveled in the south once, and I practically lived on bananas prepared in the various ways for which the natives are famous. It may surprise you to know that the banana is the king-pin of the vegetable world, so far as nutrition is concerned. It is 25 times as nutritious as wheat of the same weight, has 45 times the nutriment of potatoes and 20 times that of rice, the three staple vegetable products of the world. These figures are the result of scientific investigation. It is time that we turned our attention to the banana. We might profitably take a few lessons in preparing the fruit for the table from our southern neighbors."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. J. D. Eck, representing the International Correspondence School, is in town.

—Miss Emeline Muller, of Toronto, is a guest of Mrs. Roland Johnson, Water street.

—Mr. R. R. Bone, president of the syndicate which is purchasing the Peterborough Street Railway, is in town.

—Miss Gibney, of Toronto, returned home last evening, after spending a few days with her niece, Mrs. Vanderwater.

—Mr. Charlie Whiten's many friends will be pleased to learn that he is convalescing at the Nicholl's Hospital, having successfully passed through a critical operation.

—Mr. Jas. T. Canniff, for eleven years foreman of The Napanee Beaver, and his son, a typograph machine operator, have accepted positions in The Times. Mr. Canniff will look after the advertising department of the paper.

—The Globe says:—Miss Theodora Kirkpatrick, of Coolmine, who has been staying at Ottawa with the Postmaster-General and Mrs. Mulock, and with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Keefer, of Buena Vista, left on Thursday for Peterborough, where she will pay a visit to friends before returning to her home.

Ashburnham

The supporters of Mr. Anderson in Ashburnham will meet again on Wednesday evening, May 7th, when a good attendance is asked.

An Official Visit

Grand Organizer Thomas A. Duff, of Toronto, will pay an official visit to Loyal Orange Lodge No. 88, to-morrow, Wednesday night. All the brethren of the district are urged to attend. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock in the Orange Hall, Simcoe street.

[illegible]

If you have uneasy sensations in the stomach a bad taste in the mouth, headache—remember that ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in sweetened water is a quick and certain cure. Nerviline aids digestion, dispels the gas, makes you comfortable and free from distress at once. Nerviline is just splendid for Cramps, Colic, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, and costs only 25c. Better try it.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Constipation.

Mr. Henry Denne in a Critical Condition.

While the Council was in Committee of the whole on the street railway franchise last night, Mayor Denne received a telephone message that his father, Mr. Henry Denne, was dying. The Mayor at once left the committee room, and in the hack sent for him drove with all speed to the family residence, where he found his father lying in an exceedingly critical condition.

I. O. O. F. Notes

The attendance of Oddfellows at St. Andrew's Church Sunday, April 27th, in commemoration of the eighty-third anniversary of the order, was the largest turnout for some years in Peterboro.

Decoration Day has been fixed for Thursday, June 19. The fixing of the date in advance gives all the community a chance to arrange to be present, and join in decorating the graves.

The District Committee of Peterborough District, No. 26, will meet in the Oddfellow's Hall, Friday evening, June 6, at 8 o'clock, to discuss the affairs of the district, to nominate a D. D. G. M., to arrange for the July installations, some of which will be public &c.

The Grand Lodge of Ontario will meet in Toronto in August. The representatives will be elected at the last meeting in May.

—Rev. James Livingstone, president of the London Methodist conference, intends to begin a movement to have the Methodist church adopt the Roman Catholic Church rule, which provides that no man at death shall receive a Christian burial if he has not been a member of the church. It is time, said Mr. Livingstone, that the Church stopped pandering to the irreligious element, which encourages people to remain out of the church. He said, further, that it was not right that a man who had led a bad life and given no support to the church should be given a Christian burial. This great family journal is in accord with Mr. Livingstone. It is positively sickening to be forced so often to listen to the eulogies which preachers deliver over the dead sinners.

PUZZLED

Hard Work Sometimes to Raise Children

Children's taste is ofttimes more accurate in selecting the right kind of food to fit the body than that of adults. Nature works more accurately through the children.

A Brooklyn lady says, "Our little boy has long been troubled with weak digestion. We could never persuade him to take more than one taste of any kind of cereal food. He was a weak little chap and we were puzzled to know what to feed him on. One lucky day we tried Grape-Nuts. Well you never saw a child eat with such a relish, and it did me good to see him. From that day on it seemed as though we could almost see him grow. He would eat Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper and I think he would have liked the food for dinner.

The difference in his appearance is something wonderful.

My husband has never been known to fancy cereal foods of any kind, but he became very fond of Grape-Nuts and has been much improved in health since using it.

A friend has two children who were formerly afflicted with the rickets. I was satisfied that the disease was caused by lack of proper nourishment. They showed it. So I urged her to use Grape-Nuts as an experiment and the result was almost magical. They contained the food and to-day both children are well and strong as any children in this City, and, of course, my friend is a firm believer in the right kind of food, for she has the evidence before her eyes every day.

When I have some task to perform about the house and don't feel very strong, a saucer of Grape-Nuts and cream stimulates me and I am able to do the task at hand with ease.

We are now a healthy family and naturally believe in Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MRS. MORROW'S RECITAL

IN THE OPERA HOUSE LAST NIGHT A GRAND SUCCESS

Thoroughly Appreciative Audience Gather to Hear the Musical Treat

The consummation of several weeks' pleasant anticipation on the part of the elite of our musical circles was reached last evening, in the Opera House, when a most refined and thoroughly appreciative audience gathered to take advantage of the treat which Mrs. Morrow's concert has more than proved to be.

Mrs. Morrow is well known in Peterborough as one of Canada's most versatile artistes, and the thanks of the music-loving public are due her for providing so high-class an entertainment in every respect.

It should be indeed gratifying to her to witness the success of the pupils, each of whom gave marked evidence of most careful and thorough training.

The stage was prettily draped for the occasion and ornamented with flags and palms and together with the white robed ladies in Greek costumes, which gave them a most ethereal and sylph-like appearance, constituted a fairy-like scene that will not soon be forgotten.

The opening number, Marchetti's "O Divine Redeemer" given as a chorus by the pupils was well-sustained and expressive and was followed by Miss Rush, rendering "Good-Night Sweet Dreams" (Bischoff) with splendid effect, and proving that she is the possessor of a voice of remarkable compass and power.

Miss Miller's piano solos were most artistic and sympathetic and were enthusiastically applauded after which Miss M. Routley's vocal solo "Happy Days" with flute obligato, was given with remarkable sweetness and splendid expression.

Mr. J. Legg, who gave "Queen of the Earth" made himself so popular with the audience that he had to respond to an encore and give "Come back to Erin."

Mrs. C. B. McAllister gave that most charming selection "Night of Nights" in her usual good voice and responded to the encore which followed by giving the Scotch song, "O where, tell me where is my Highland Laddie gone?" very sweetly.

Mr. Gilbert Mackie, of Toronto, proved himself a thorough violinist, having excellent style and broad interpretation.

A vocal duet, "O Salutaris," by Miss M. Rush and Rev. W. L. Armitage, was the next number which was thoroughly appreciated, after which Miss F. Miller and Miss M. Routley gave a vocal duet, "Love shall Guide," which captivated the audience by its expressive rendition.

Mrs. Morrow was in excellent form and gave a piano solo, which proved her a most correct interpreter of Chopin, and a most fluent and rapid executant.

Miss F. Miller, who gave "I dreamed of a Lover Tall and Fair," and "A May Morning," was most heartily applauded and established her as a prime favorite. Her enunciation is remarkably distinct and her vocalization accurate.

Rev. W. L. Armitage contributed much to the enjoyment of the evening by his well rendered solo, "The King of the Winds."

Miss Miller and Mr. Legg again favored the audience with a duet which evoked much applause and was enthusiastically encored.

Mrs. Morrow whose vocal talent always has been so much appreciated in town, gave, "O dry those tears" and "A song of thanks giving" with good effect.

Mr. Gilbert again favored the audience with a sweet and thrilling violin solo, which was followed by the concluding number on the programme, the pupils' chorus "Waltz Rondo" and the National Anthem.

The accompanists of the evening were Mrs. Morrow and Miss Miller (Toronto). The piano used for the occasion was a Heintzman and Co.

The Savings Bank of Health

Is lack of red and vitalizing blood to nourish and invigorate the body. If your blood is thin and watery use "Ferrozone." It supplies the necessary elements such as phosphorus and iron, and quickly restores lost strength and spirits. Ferrozone is an unequalled restorative for the tired, the sick, and the run down; it stimulates appetite, aids digestion, soothes the nerves, and makes the system too healthy for disease to exist. No tonic does so much good in a short time as Ferrozone. Get it to-day from any druggist for 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Constipation.

THE LIFT LOCK

Carey and Lavardure will Complete the Contract in a Few Weeks

Messrs. Carey & Lavardure will complete their contracts at the lift lock in a short time. Their work, extensive and costly though it was, will not be anything nearly so extensive or so costly as what is to follow. The steel lift and basin, with the hydraulic appurtenances will cost much more than the work already completed.

It is understood that the department will soon call for tenders for the steel work.

MR. GREYSTOCK HONORED

An Old Churchwarden of Otonabee Honored on Sunday Last

On Sunday last Mr. Mark Greystock, who has retired from his office as Church Warden of St. Mark's, which office he held for 35 years, was presented with a beautifully illuminated address. Rev. R. A. Langfeldt, after his sermon, addressed Mr. Greystock from the chancel steps in a few well-chosen words, after which Mr. Anthony Taylor, the Churchwarden, presented Mr. Greystock with the address. The address was artistically executed by Mr. Pringle, principal of the Peterborough Business College, as follows:

The Congregation of St. Mark's Church,
Otonabee.
1867 — Easter — 1902.

To Mark Greystock, Esq.,—

Dear Sir,—Speaking on behalf of the congregation, we wish on the occasion of your much regretted retirement from the Church Wardenship of St. Mark's church, after thirty-five years' service, to express our keen appreciation of your sincere loyalty to the Great Founder of the Church Militant, and to this branch of it in particular, for so long a period.

Your kindly advice, earnest zeal and liberality have been important factors in the work of St. Mark's, and judging by your past devoted relations and work, we are all sure that your interest will continue unabated.

We pray that Almighty God will continue to shower material and spiritual blessings upon you.

R. A. LANGFELDT, M. A.,
Pastor.
THOS. GREYSTOCK,
ANTHONY TAYLOR,
Church Wardens.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

News Items

London, May 6.—The London Times says "The most elementary and undeniable of these facts is that it is we, and not the Boers, who are the visitors in the struggle they challenged. Obvious though that fact is, it is habitually ignored by most of the Continental amateurs who are good enough to favor us with their opinions on the situation. These writers like the persons who profess to speak for the Boer fugitives in Holland, discuss the settlement of the colonies we have annexed, and are quietly administering in the principal districts, as though the contest had ended in a drawn battle, if not indeed in a victory for the Boers. Mr. Schalkburger and Mr. Steyn and their generals know how complete our success in the field has been. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's statement as to the actual and prospective economic condition of the annexed colonies ought to enlighten foreigners who are not wilfully blind as to the progress actually accomplished in the work of resettlement under the British flag. The revenue of the Transvaal for the year which began on July 1 last had reached £[illegible] in March, and is expected to reach £1,[illegible] by the end of June. That single fact shows how assured is our grip upon the country and how idle it is to talk as though we were under any constraint to put off the guerilla still in arms."

One Common Cause o' Headache

Perhaps the most general cause of headache and pain across the eyes is nasal catarrh. The simplest cure is to inhale the medicated vapor of Catarrhozone which traverses every air cell and air passage of the throat, lungs and nose. It kills myriads of germs at every breath, clears away mucous discharges, preserves and heals the membrane. Catarrhozone is just a splendid remedy for headache, and its action is certain and unfailing in diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh. A trial will convince the most sceptical that Catarrhozone is all right. Large size, $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Constipation.

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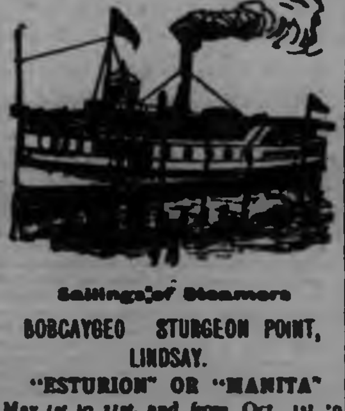
THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED



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"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m
Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
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Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

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Efficient Telephone Facilities

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CURE YOURSELF!

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Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, [illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 40c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms,	$550
Frame house, stable and large lot..	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work.	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376. Near Post Office

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

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I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says:

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S. RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

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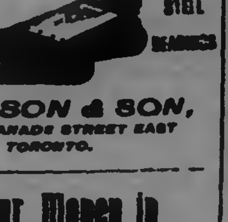

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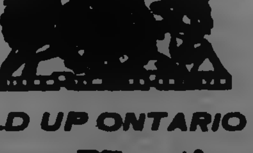

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In the interests of

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IN BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE, ON

Thursday, May 8th,

will be addressed by

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Liberal Candidate, Provincial Secretary

HON. R. HARCOURT,
Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,
Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

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BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

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PAUL KRUGER FIGHTING HARD WITH HIS MOUTH

Attempts Being Made to Inflame Continental Powers Against Great Britain

But the Powers are too Busy at Home at the Present Time —Boer Kaffirs are Keeping Busy

Special to The Times.

London, May 7.—A telegram from The Hague to Neue Wiener Tageblatt inquoted by the Vienna correspondent of the Times. It says Paul Kruger, in addressing the Belgian pro-Boer deputation declared peace would not be concluded without his approval. Kruger added that the English reports representing peace prospects as favorable were mere manoeuvres to hoodwink the British people in view of the coronation of King Edward.

A Brussels despatch to Neue Freie Presse states that the chairman of the committee of the league of peace has drawn up a project for reconciliation between Great Britain and Boers, which will be submitted to the Council of International Union at Berne early this month.

The correspondent says these attempts to mislead Continental opinion on the part of Boer press agencies in Holland and Belgium, as well as other attempts to revive anglophobia, are fruitless. The great powers are sufficiently occupied with the economic crisis and their own profound dissensions and mutual suspicions.

A STARTLING PHOTO OF CHRIST'S BODY

Portrait Alleged to Have Been Made from Shroud of Savior

SOME SCIENTISTS CREDIT IT.

Pictures Look Like Alphonse Daudet, and Church Authorities Declare They Bear Evidence of Retouching

Special to The Times.

Paris May 6.—The sensational story that portraits of the dead body of Christ have been obtained at Turin by photographing the holy shroud preserved in the Cathedral there has been revived by the Figaro and is causing a huge stir.

The famous relic, which belongs to the royal house of Savoy and has long been recognized as authentic, shows numerous blood stains which are faint ordinarily, but, it is alleged, that they turn a vivid scarlet on Holy Friday.

Nearly two years ago a Turin photographer asserted that negatives of the shroud revealed a perfect resemblance to Jesus. The plates were examined by church authorities, who found that they bore evidence of clever retouching and, therefore, a sensation was nipped in th bud.

LOOKS LIKE ALPHONSE DAUDET.

Now the photos are exhibited in the lobby of the Figaro's Building, and thousands are thronging the place every day to see them. A good idea of what they look like may be had from any of the later and bearded portraits of Alphonse Daudet.

Concurrently with the exhibiting of the photographs two eminent physicians, Drs. Delage and Vignon, have communicated to the Academy of Sciences theories explaining the miracle, basing their argument on M. Gautier's discovery that the body of a dying man emits an alkaline perspiration, and M. Colson's previous discovery that certain chemicals could impress sensitized plates in absolute darkness or leave traces invisible to the human eye but capable of being photographed.

Delage and Vignon believe Christ's dying torture emitted a perspiration which enabled the shroud to preserve an invisible likeness which now for the first time has been revealed by the photo negative.

Some prominent scientists ridicule the ingenious theories. M. Berthelot, for instance, said:

"First, the negatives, it has been proved, were doctored. Second, after 19 centuries such chemical forces would have long been evaporated. Third, it is impossible to wrap a shroud in such a manner as to obtain the continuous, perfect imprints shown in these pictures."

DAY'S CRIMES IN UNCLE SAM'S LAND

Foreigners Play the Roles—Highbinders Abduct Chinese Bride

A GOTHAM MAFIA MURDER.

Mob of Italians Crazed by Liquor Terrorize a Town in Wisconsin

Special to The Times.

New York, May 7.—Wee Lung Fong a beautiful Chinese girl, who was brought to New York three weeks ago to become the wife of Ling Foy, a wealthy Ninth street tea merchant, has been kidnapped by highbinders, and intense excitement prevails in Chinatown. The wedding ceremony was to have been preformed at the Joss house in Mott street at midnight, and extensive preparations had been made for the event. The merchant has not yet been told of the disappearance of his finance, and the news will be kept from him until the last moment, in the hope that the girl may be found.

Ling Foy is said to be one of the wealthiest Chinamen in America. Near Hong Kong he had seen a beautiful girl, whom he determined to purchase for a wife. An agent was sent to China, where the girl was purchased from her father for $900. She reached New York three weeks ago in the care of the emissary, and was placed in the hands of a resident of Mott street, who was instructed to allow no person to see her.

Shortly after the news of the approaching marriage was spread through Chinatown Ling Foy was approached by a committee of the highbinders, and asked to contribute $1,000 for a general merry-making among his people. The merchant flatly refused. The next night the girl was carried away in a carriage, and the women in whose care she was also disappeared.

MOB RULED THE STREETS

Racine, Wis., May 7.—A mob of 40 Italians, crazy from liquor, has ruled the town of Corliss, seven miles west of here, terrorizing the people, and driving all citizens from the streets. Two women were wounded slightly by revolver bullets, and two men were cut by knives in the hands of the invaders.

Help was asked from this city, and Sheriff Baumann, with a posse of deputies, drove to Corliss, where order was restored, after a short but exciting encounter in the streets.

VICTIM OF THE MAFIA.

New York, May 7.—Fran Dicenza, a political leader among the naturalized citizens in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, has been shot and instantly killed by two unknown men. The police believe that he was a victim of the Mafia. The motive for the murder is as mysterious as the identity of the assassins.

SAFE ROBBERS GOT $500.

Cleveland, O., May 7.—Three masked and armed men blew open the safe at the Lake Shore freight depot at the foot of Watson street early to-day and secured about $500. The robbers had a violent struggle with the nightwatchman, and after overpowering him, he was bound and gaged. Then the men took from him everything he had before proceeding with the drilling of the safe.

REBELS MARCH ON CAPITAL

Revolutionists in Possession of Almost the Whole Republic

Special to The Times.

Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, May 7—Vice President Horatio Vasquez, leader of the revolution, is in Guerra with his insurgent force. He is now only about four hours' march from the capital.

The Jiminez Government is expected to fall either to-day or to-morrow. The revolutionists are in possession of the whole republic, with the exception of the capital and Puerto Plata.

General Deschamps, Governor of Puerto Plata, is determined to hold out against the revolutionists. There is a large number of Government troops in Puerto Plata, and a Dominican war vessel is in the harbor. Alexander Joseph Gill has been appointed Minister of War.

CORONATION PARADE STANDS

High Prices now Demanded for Seats—Places for 2,000,000 Spectators

London, May 7—Preparations for viewing the coronation procession are proceeding on a great scale. Stands have been planned, and in many cases are already half built, which will accommodate 2,000,000 seated spectators.

Prices for single seats in the best locations in Piccadilly are still absurdly high, twenty guineas being frequently demanded. A huge stand around St. Mary's Strand advertises seats at from ten to three guineas, but it seems safe to prophesy that unless there is a great reduction there will be thousands of empty seats along the route, experience having shown what enormous multitudes can stand along a six [illegible] course.

The demolition of many houses on the Strand, which in the ordinary course would have been deferred for some time, is now being hurried for the sake of erecting stands. The block in front of the Savoy hotel is now half down.

London, May 7—The Spaniards seem to be somewhat discontented over the comparatively small number of foreign princes who will attend the ceremony of the coronation and taking of the oath by Alphonso XIII. They seem to think that there ought to be a few crowned heads to emphasize the dignity of Spain and recall her ancient glories.

The list, however, is a pretty long one: England, the Duke of Connaught, with the Duke of Wellington, who as the Duke Ciudad Rodrigo, is a grandee of Spain; Germany, Prince Albert of Prussia and Prince Joachim Albert of Prussia; Austria, Archduke Eugene; Denmark, Prince Christian Charles; Greece, Prince Nicholas; Italy, the Duke of Genoa; Monaco, the Crown Prince; Portugal, the Infante Dom Alfonso and the Duke of Oporto; Russia, Grand Duke Vladimir; Sweden, the Crown Prince Eugenie; Siam, the Crown Prince. All other countries will be represented by special embassies.

The young King Alfonso will wear fifty different uniforms during the festivities attendant on his accession to the throne, and orders have been distributed among all the leading tailors of Madrid. Several of the uniforms to be worn by the young sovereign are wonderfully picturesque, beautiful and closely copied from the medieval garments which have been kept in the Escurial.

TO KILL COCKROACHES

Load a gun with number two buckshot. As a cockroach advances shoot.

N.B.—Take care to see that the chambermaid is not in front of you.

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes" If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; if he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

COUNCIL WILL NOT GIVE A GRANT OF $500

TO BRING THE 13TH REGT. OF HAMILTON HERE ON THE 24TH

Resolution of Regret at the Death of the Late Henry Denne, Esq., J.P., and in Sympathy with the Bereaved Family

The Town Council met in special session last night, Alderman Roger, presiding.

THE LATE HENRY DENNE

As a mark of respect to the memory of the late Henry Denne, Council decided to attend his funeral in a body, and passed the following resolution to that effect, and in sincere sympathy with the bereaved family in their sad affliction:

Moved by Ald. Best, seconded by Ald. Clinkscale.—That the Council has learned with deep regret of the death of Henry Denne, Esq., J. P., father of His Worship F. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor of the Town. The late Mr. Denne was during his many years' residence in Peterborough a valuable citizen, and gave to the community many years of good service as a member of the Town Council, as a member and Chairman of the Board of Health, as a representative appointed by this Council on the Board of Education, as President of the Little Lake Cemetery Company, and in other responsible positions. His well known honesty of purpose and strict intergrity of character made him respected by the whole community, and along with his natural ability enabled him to serve the people with advantage in the public positions to which he was called, and won for him the esteem of the community and the sincere friendship of those more intimately acquainted with him. As an officer of the Corporation, while he held the position of Collector of Taxes, he was zealous and efficient in the discharge of his duties, and when he was stricken down with disease the Town lost a faithful officer. While expressing our deep regret on account of the death of Mr. Denne, we desire to tender to Mrs. Denne, to His Worship the Mayor and to the other members of the bereaved family our sincere sympathy with them in their affliction.

And that this Council, as a mark of respect, attend the funeral of the late Mr. Denne in a body.—Carried.

Ald. Best in moving the resolution remarked that there was not a word in the resolution but what was strickly true and even more might be said. When Mr. Denne was actively engaged in business he accomplished much for the Town as a leading grain merchant, and did much to keep up prices by his courage and sagacity in business. In his private public capacity Mr. Denne was a man of honor and integrity, and every one who knew him would thoroughly endorse the terms of this resolution.

Ald. Shortly said that he had been on the Board of Managers of the Little Lake Cemetery Co., with Mr. Denne, for many years, during several of which Mr. Denne was president of the company. He gave a great deal of time to the cemetery's business, was a most approachable man and one desirous of administering its affairs to the best advantage in the interests of the public. His character as an honorable man stood high, and all regretted sincerely, the loss of so valuable a citizen.

DID NOT FAVOR A GRANT.

After carefully discussing the grant of $500, asked for by a deputation Monday night, as an inducement for the 13th Regt. and band of Hamilton to visit Peterborough on the 24th of May. Ald Clinkscale moved, seconded by Ald. Best,—That no action be taken in the matter.—Carried.

CHANGE OF MARKET DAY

Robert Fair, President of the Retail Merchants' Assn., wrote, asking that on account of Victoria day falling on Saturday this year, Friday, May 23rd be made market day that week, and that public announcements to this effect be issued.

This request was granted and Friday, May 23rd will be market day instead of Saturday, May 24th.

Council then adjourned.

PROMPT ACTION IS IMPERATIVE

Time Lost At This Season Means Increased Suffering, Perhaps Death

Paine's Celery Compound

Is The Never-Failing Health Restorer in Springtime

It is now an established fact that nervous prostration, insomnia, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia and blood diseases are curable, if Paine's Celery Compound is honestly and faithfully used at this season. It is well known that many of our most successful physicians are daily prescribing and recommending Paine's Celery Compound. This fact proves the superiority of the great medicine over all the regular drugs usually prescribed for the troubles mentioned above.

Paine's Celery Compound is pre-eminently adapted for correcting unhealthy nerve action; it feeds the nerve centres with elements needed to strengthen them and build up healthy tissue. It purifies the blood, taking away every trace of poison, and encourages a rapid growth of red corpuscles upon which the vigor of the entire system depends.

Weariness, tired feelings, despondency and unrest, so prevalent in the last days of spring, are banished after a week's use of Paine's Celery Compound, and full vital energy and strength take the place of lassitude and weakness.

Now is the time to strike at the root of your besetting troubles. The work of recuperation begun to-day will save you future weeks, perhaps months, of torture and mental agony.

The immense and unprecedented demand for Paine's Celery Compound—earth's best medicine—is an indication that thousands are throwing off disease and seeking health. Past experience and the happy results given by Paine's Celery Compound, all combine to make clear your path of duty. Begin to-day with Paine's Celery Compound, if you would establish health and vigor for the coming summer months.

HER CAR WENT THROUGH

A Woman the Only Passenger in it from Atlanta to Washington

Washington, May 6 — A plucky woman scored an unusual victory in a contest with the Southern Railway on Friday night. She got on a Pullman car attached to the Southern's train at Birmingham Friday afternoon, and showed a ticket and a Pullman Fur coupon for Washington. When the train arrived at Atlanta on Friday at 11.30 o'clock it was found that the woman was the only passenger on the car ticketed for the north. When she was asked to transfer to another car attached to the northbound train she produced her Pullman coupon from her card case and said:

"This entitles me to a section in this car to Washington."

"That is all right, madam," replied the conductor. "Other arrangements have been made and this car will not go through."

"I think it will," said the lady. "My coupon says I am to ride in this car to Washington, and I don't propose to leave the car."

Efforts of the officials to make the woman leave the Pullman were in vain. She was perfectly cool and determined, and finally the railway officials admitted defeat by attaching the Pullman, with its single passenger, to the northbound train and carrying it through to Washington. The car was without a conductor or porter, and passengers along the way thought it a dead-head car; but Mr. J. M. Culp, traffic manager of the Southern, and J. L. Cox, of Atlanta, a soliciting freight agent for the road, who were on the train, told the story of the occurrence at Atlanta, and admitted defeat for their company. The name of the woman was not given by the Southern officials. She was well dressed and distinguished looking.

ADVERTISING CANADA

Grand Trunk Railway Travelling Picture Exhibit a Strong Factor in Bringing Tourists to Canada. Thousands of People Being Educated to the Beauties of the Northern Resorts

The Grand Trunk Railway's travelling picture exhibit, which is meeting with such a favorable reception in all the cities at which it is being displayed, is also receiving eulogistic words of praise in the press of the southern and middle States. The Springfield (Ohio) "Sun" of April 22nd, in speaking of this collection, says: "The exhibit establishes a precedent in railroad advertising, possessing sufficient merit in itself to justify anyone in taking the time to make an inspection of it." The Springfield "Gazette" in commenting on this exhibit says: "It is one of the finest exhibits of art ever given in this city." While all the newspapers in the other cities visited are profuse in their favorable comments regarding the display.

The collection has been shown this year at fifteen different cities, and up to the present time nearly 40,000 people have viewed the display. It is one of the best advertisements that Canada has ever had for her summer resorts, and it is expected that the results will justify all the good words that have been spoken of it. A heavy influx of tourists into Canada the coming season is assured. The exhibit is composed of over 100 large photographic views 40x50 inches, in addition to one of the finest collections of stuffed and mounted fish, including specimens of the gamey species of the finny tribe native to the Canadian waters, and including maskinonge, black bass, pike-perch (Dore) brook trout, land locked salmon and other specimens; as well as reproductions of many of the wonderful engineering feats that are located on the Grand Trunk System in the way of tunnels and bridges.

Items of News

METAL FELL UPON THEM.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 7. — Four men were killed, two were fatally injured, and two others were terribly burned by being caught in a torrent of molten metal last night in an open hearth pit at the Pennsylvania Steel Works, at Steelton, near here. All of the men were Austrians.

The men were at work in a pit behind the "checkers" when the iron either boiled over or the furnace burned out, and the entire pit was turned into a pool of fire. The pit boss, Charles F. Lockett, gave a cry of warning as the iron commenced to flow into the pit, and three of the laborers heeded his cry, and escaped fatal injury. The others, thinking evidently that the overflow was a slight one similar to those, which occur frequently at the furnaces, pressed against the side of the pit, and were caught in the awful flood.

London, May 6.—Herman Dick of Chicago will sail for New York on May 7 after an eight months' sojourn here, where here promoted Thomas Edison in forming a company to utilize Mr. Edison's patent for extracting iron ore and profitably working the vast deposits on the west coast of Norway.

The company has a capital of £2,000,000. Its stockholders include all the principal British ironmasters.

Mr. Dick says the application of Mr. Edison's discovery will be one of the greatest boons possible to Great Britain. Eighty million tons of crude ore are already available for quarrying.

This will render Great Britain practically independent of American supplies, and will not affect the United States, which is unable to supply its own requirements in this direction.

Nervous and sleepless

There is just one cure and that is plenty of food for the blood and nerves, which is best supplied in Ferrozone, than which no blood builder, nerve tonic or strength producer is better. Ferrozone promotes healthy digestion, which results in improved nutrition. The blood grows rich and red, furnishes stability to the entire system, and the store of nerve force and energy increases daily. A rebuilding of the constitution, new spirits, health and strength, all come from the use of Ferrozone. This marvellous renovator is sold by druggists for 50c. a box, or two boxes for $2.50, or by Ormond & Walsh.

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER BY CHINESE REBELS

Fugitives From Kwangsi Province Tell of the Killing of Thousands

The Earlier Stories of Bloodshed Have not Been Exaggerated—The Anti-Foreign Element Supreme

Special to The Times.

Victoria, B.C., May 6 — News was brought by the steamer Olympia, which arrived to-day from the Orient, of further success by the Kwangsi rebels. Fugitives who arrived at Canton reported that when Ching Shang Fui was captured more than one thousand people were slaughtered, and that the rebels burned and looted the stores and houses. Terrible slaughter is also reported from other captured towns.

After the capture of Lung Chau, an important point on the Annam border, messengers from the rebels went to the camp of Gen. Ma's Imperial troops and urged them to join the rebels. The messengers stated that the rising was caused in consequence of the oppression of missionaries and converts and also because of the unbearable burden caused by the indemnity. The fugitives say several thousands of the Imperial troops deserted.

It was thought that the stories of bloodshed were exaggerated by panic stricken peasants, who have been running in hundreds from their farms to the walled cities. Investigation showed, however, that the mortality was very great. For days the people of Nanning on the West River have been bringing mutilated corpses of soldiers and villagers ashore and giving them burial. Nearly a thousand bodies have been taken from the river by the boatmen, and still others are floating down the river. The bodies were those of soldiers, rebels and country folks.

The rebellion is strongly anti-foreign, and much hatred is being shown against foreigners because of reports emanating from Canton that the cholera there has been caused by foreigners having poisoned the salt. Big placards have been posted on the walls of that port stating that foreigners have poisoned the rivers and wells as revenge for the Boxer rebellion.

The rebels have an agency at Canton through which a steady supply of arms is being imported into the western part of Kwangsi, the rifles and ammunition being taken up the West River. One large shipment of rifles and ammunition, which was said to have been forwarded from San Francisco, was seized at Canton and confiscated.

Some Chinese of Taichow extracted a boy's eyes, it being given out that Roman Catholic missionaries of the vicinity had offered a large price for them. The report fired the Chinese and they rebelled. Stones were thrown at the British Consulate, and the houses of the foreigners were surrounded by crowds who pelted them with stones. The houses were barricaded by the owners and the rioters kept at a distance with rifles. The British cruiser Arethusa and the German gunboats Luchs and Geier were sent to the scene, and, on their arrival, the rioters dispersed. Those who spread the rumor were arrested by the Tao Tai, when the British Consul asked for explanations, and at once executed. The warships then left and the Chinese began rioting again immediately after their departure. The situation was considered serious.

KITCHENER'S WORK IS STILL PUSHING FORWARD

Peace Negotiations Have not Caused Any Cessation in Slaying and Capture of Boers

London, May 7.—Lord Kitchener's weekly report, dated from Pretoria yesterday, shows that the peace movement is not allowed to interfere with military operations, except so far as to permit of unrestrained meetings between the leaders and their various commands. The week's Boer casualties were ten men killed and 123 made prisoners.

General Bruce Hamilton's columns captured 87 men on the Heilbron Orange River Colony line. Colonel Colenbrander has resumed operations in the northern part of the Transvaal against Commandant Beyers, whose forces have been considerably reduced, and General Ian Hamilton has cleared a large area west of Klerksdorp, South-western Transvaal.

RELIEF FORCE HAS FIGHTING.

Cape Town, May 7.—The O'Kiep, Western Cape Colony, relief column has occupied to the north of O'Okiep, which was strongly held by the Boers, after fighting. April 27 and April 28. The British lost six men killed, and had eight wounded. The Boer losses are said to have been heavy. The Boers asked for British medical assistance.

STAMPS WITH KINGS HEAD.

The first Transvaal stamps bearing the portrait of King Edward were issued on April 1st, and the first to arrive in Toronto was received yesterday. They are very handsome in appearance and bear the head of King Edward in vignette as on the new English stamps, on a black background, with an ornamental frame postage and revenue at the sides, and the value in each corner, with a crown at the top of the vignette and beneath the word "Transvaal," with a black background. The colors are as follows:—1-2 green; 1d, carmine; 3d, mauve; 2 1-2, blue; 6d, orange; 1s, olive green; 5s, brown. Local philatelists are much pleased with them.

BLADED GRASS THEIR SHELTER.

Montreal, May 7.—A letter was received in the city this morning from Lieut.-Col. Cameron, D.S.O., of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, written the day after the fight at Kleinhart's River, in which the Canadians so distinguished themselves. He says—

"Easter Sunday morning, about 3 o'clock we left Harmonifontein with 2,000 mounted men. We covered fully thirty miles before coming in contact with the enemy who numbering over 2,000. We gave chase for at least ten miles more, to where we expected to camp for the night, a point we reached about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. We had hardly taken off our saddles before the enemy was seen surrounding our camp at a distance of 2,000 yards, completely hemming us in. Two troops of one of my squadrons (I was in command of three) had not yet come into camp, and were cut off by the Boers and lost heavily.

FOUGHT VICIOUSLY.

They fought viciously, with only the bladed grass as shelter, their courage was of the veritable bulldog type, and under no circumstances could they be compelled to surrender. They held their ground until almost every man had been killed or wounded.

The few survivors were stripped and sent in to us naked. We fought hard for two hours and managed at last to beat off the Boers, who greatly outnumbered us. Our men at once began extending themselves, fearing a night attack, and they did their work so well that no living force could have dislodged them from the position they held. The British loss in the engagement was about 150 killed and wounded, while the Boers, it is estimated, lost over three hundred. Our green men did splendid work and proved themselves to be wonderfully adapted for the conditions under which the battle was fought. As a veteran of the early stages of the war, I can say, that in severity, in the number of skirmishes, in hard fighting, and in privations, the campaign I am now passing through greatly exceeds my past experience.

FOOT SOLDIERS NOW MOUNTED

London, May 7.—Reuter's special correspondent at Klerksdorp, who accompanied Colonel Rawlinson's column in the last big drive of Delarey, writes in high terms of the splendid conduct of the men engaged, and especially of the Regular Mounted Infantry. He says—

The great feature of the drive was the magnificent spirit and endurance of the men. It is a most pleasing trait in the character of our soldiers that the bigger the call that is made on them, the readier the response. Take them an ordinary twenty miles' march with no fighting and they will grumble. Give them a heavy fight or ask them to beat a record, and they are as cheery as schoolboys. It is a wonderful thing to me to see the same men whom I saw at infantry drill not long ago do cavalry work almost as well as the most experienced cavalrymen.

It is different to leave the subject without a reference to the work of the Regular Mounted Infantry. There seems to be an idea abroad that the army is composed of small units of infantry thrown into a lump together with a horse and a bandolier, and dubbed a mounted infantry battalion. There may have been a time when this was partly true, but it no longer holds good. We have now in the field battalions of mounted infantry which have made for themselves a tradition, and possess an esprit de corps unsurpassed by any of our crack regiments. They are proud to a degree of their mounted infantry badge, and can never return to the humdrum of infantry work. There is a great feeling both among the men and the officers that at least the first eight original battalions should become permanent. A great percentage of the men are willing to serve the twelve years if they can remain mounted, but will leave the army the moment the war is over if their time is up, and they are expected to return to their regiment. These battalions have made themselves a name and to disband them back into their different infantry regiments would be a loss to the army which only those who have served out here can properly appreciate.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day—Moderate to fresh westerly winds; generally fair and moderately warm.

Pressure changes continue to be unusually rapid, obstructing the existence of any lengthy periods of settled weather. A widespread rain area is approaching the lake region from the [illegible], [illegible] likely to spread [illegible]

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS
A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
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Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
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Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.
Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 7, 1902.

TWO WARS.

There may have been design on the part of some leading men in the United States in directing the attention of humane and emotional people to the unbearable hardships imposed by war on the Boers. While the attention of the American public was fastened on South Africa, the work of conquering the Filipinos was being pushed vigorously along, and those engaged in this task were not hampered by any such powerful criticism as was directed constantly against the British operating in South Africa.

When both wars are concluded it will be found that the truth cannot be corked in a bottle. Truth confined will burst forth with a loud report, and crimes, cruelties, deeds of injustice done in either war will come to the knowledge of the world.

The alert sympathy of various nations has been given to the Boers, and the war in South Africa has been fought under the watchful eyes of all the jealous powers of Europe, so that it is very unlikely that much that was discreditable to the British remains to be exposed.

But the nations of Europe did not keep watchful eyes on the Filipino war. Even the restraining influence of American public opinion failed to operate on the troops in the field, because this influence was turned in another direction, was enlisted in behalf of the Boers, while the conquest of the Filipinos was proceeded with unwatched and uncriticised.

More than a year ago this paper called attention to some of the letters sent home from the Philippines by Canadians serving in Uncle Sam's army, which undoubtedly revealed the fact that the American troops were doing about whatever they liked in the country they passed through. In one case a lieutenant, angered by resistance, destroyed a town by fire. One Canadian related approvingly how a native, suspected of stealing a rifle, was taken into the woods by the soldiers, stripped, and made to run the gauntlet, the men using their belts on him with such effect that he was scarcely able to crawl over the ground when they had done with him. There are later revelations more repulsive by far, but all going to show that there has been little discipline enforced by the army of occupation in the [illegible] respect for the lives, persons, or property of the Filipinos. All this will come out in time. When the heavy hand of militarism is lifted the natives will find their chronicler. Europeans will venture to tell what they know, and even American witnesses will stand forward and speak in the cause of mankind.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

CHANDOS

—Several of the farmers are through seeding.

—Dr. Ford addressed the electors on Wednesday last at S.S. No. 1, Chandos.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Gooley were the guests of Mr. John Gilmour on Sunday.

—Mr. Maurice O'Brien is very ill at present.

—Mr. M. Scott was the guest of Mr. James Twitter on Sunday.

—The Clydesdale Football team would like to arrange a match with Cas Hill or Apsley for May 24th. Maurice O'Brien will be captain for the season.

—We are glad to know that Mr. Stephen Scott is getting over his illness.

—Miss Kate Scott has returned home from town.

—Mr. John Mahoney was the guest of Mr. James Scott on Sunday.

—Mr. Maurice O'Brien was the guest of Mr. Alex. [illegible] on Friday evening.

—Mr. M. Cleary makes his regular trips in the evenings again.

A certain pompous and officious judge in a western town had just fined a young lawyer $10 for contempt of court. After it had been paid a grave old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a $10 gold piece.

"What is that for?" asked the Judge.

"For contempt, your Honor," was the reply.

"But I didn't fine you for contempt," answered the Judge. "There must be some mistake."

"Oh, no, there isn't," replied the old man. "I have cherished a secret contempt for this court for a long time, and I'm willing to pay for it."—[illegible]

Must be There Early.

The chosen few who will find seats in the Abbey on Coronation Day are planning their arrangements for this day far ahead of time, and with the greatest precision. One lady, according to The Daily Mail, has already given orders to her hairdresser to be with her at 6 o'clock on the morning of the eventful day. When Queen Victoria was crowned many of those in attendance at the Abbey were compelled to leave their homes at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. London is more than twice as large now as it was 65 years ago, and the difficulties of locomotion on such an occasion will be proportionately greater. Moreover, there are few now who will remember witnessing a previous coronation, none who are well past the three score and ten mark. While in 1838 middle-aged people would easily recollect the coronations of Victoria's two immediate predecessors, Wm. IV. and George IV. The King himself is said to be paying great attention to the details of the coronation procession, and it will doubtless prove a pageant worthy of comparison with the gorgeous scenes that have marked the most notable coronations of the past. One of the most famous of these was the coronation procession of Elizabeth, when England dared once more to breathe freely after the horrors of Mary's reign, and the young and charming Queen—charming at least by comparison—was received by her people with a spontaneity of enthusiasm that had been absent at the costly pageantry that attended her melancholy middle-aged sister. Elizabeth herself had been present at Mary's coronation procession, and had sat in her litter, clad in "a goune of purple velvet, furred with powdered ermine, having on her head a kale of cloth of tinsell beset with pearl and stone, and above the same upon her head a round circle of gold beset so richly with pretius stones that the value thereof was inestimable, the same kale and circle being so massie and ponderous that she was fain to beare up her head with her hand." Five years later, at her own coronation in 1558, Elizabeth made her progress from the Tower to Westminster "richly furnished and most honourably accompanied, as well, with the nobilitie of the realme, as also with a notable trayne of goodly and bewtifull ladies richly appoynted." On her entry into the city she was "of the people received marveylous entirely, as appeared by the assemblie, prayers, wishes, welcomings, cryes, tender woordes, and all other signs which argue a wonderfull earnest love"; to all of which tokens of good-will Elizabeth responded "by holding up her handes and merie countenance to such as stoode farre off, and most tender and gentle language to those that stoode nigh to her Grace did declare herself no lesse thankfullye to receive her people's good wyll than they lovingly offered it unto her." Her graciousness was extended to the humblest of the people. "If the baser personages had offered her Grace any flowers or such like as a signification of their good wyll, or moved to her any suit, she most gently, to the common rejoysing of all the lookers on, staid her chariot and heard theyr requests." Thus she passed on amid pageants innumerable through the city, "whiche withoute any forreyne persone of itself beautifyed itself."

The Soldier's Paper.

I was handed the other day some copies of a queer little South African paper, "The Northern Post and Border News," printed at Aliwal North, in Cape Colony. It is printed chiefly for circulation among the soldiers, and Tommy Atkins is only too glad, they say, to buy them at the rate of sixpence each. They are somewhat high at the price, for there is very little news in them. The papers are printed only on one side, and the whole of the matter is contained in one or two columns, and in large type at that. The only news printed, apart from rigidly censored Reuter's despatches relating either to military operations in South Africa or to proceedings in England immediately associated with the war, are the latest prices of Rand shares, and the result of the English-Australian cricket matches in England. So are the three incongruous elements of war, commerce and sport brought under the soldier's eye in the same column. Yet the first place and the biggest type are given to the statement that "when stumps were drawn for the day only four wickets were disposed of, and the score stood at 650 runs. Evidently Kipling's attack on cricketers finds little sympathy in the army, in whose behalf it was in a sense written. "The Islanders" are still islanders, and Kipling will hardly succeed in changing their nature. In the biggest type in the little paper of Feb. 6 last the words, "Bad News! Bad News!" in letters an inch and a half high, catch the eye, and give a momentary impression that the censorship cannot be so rigid after all, when headlines like this are put over British reverses. The second line, "Slaughter of the Innocents," suggests a somewhat flippant view of a presumably serious situation, but that is only what we have been taught to expect of Tommy. Reading on, however, we find the old, familiar phrases: "We must evacuate our present premises. Now's your chance," etc., etc. "Come early and do not miss this last and only opportunity." It is only a dry goods merchants' slaughter, after all. But the name at the foot of the advertisement is instructive. It is not Saxon or Celtic, but good sound Dutch, two of them, in fact, viz., Rascher, Kount & Co. These burghers are not so slow after all at improving their opportunities or copying our own most advanced business methods. One of the advertisements, printed in both English and Dutch, is signed by S. R. French, Postmaster-General of Cape Colony, and calls for tenders for posts between Aliwal North and Jamestown. Apparently there is no great rush for the work, the advertisement starting "No satisfactory tender having been received," etc. Driving a mail cart in this region just now is probably a line of work that presents unusually favorable opportunities for being potted by some odd member of a stray commando.

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

⁂

"What is a Captain of Industry?" asked the boy who is going to be very wise some day.

"It is a term that is applied to the head of a great monopoly when he is at a banquet."

"And what is a robber Baron?"

"It's the same thing when he is in politics."—Washington Star.

Struggles of a Newspaper.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives the following interesting sketch of the ups and downs of The London Daily News, which is being run under its new proprietors without the usual betting column, and which will also refuse to report all sports other than those of a clean and healthy character:—

"Mr. Cadbury's programme for his new 'Daily News' has reminded me of the introductory article of that journal's first editor, which appeared in its first number on Wednesday, January 21, 1846. 'We seek at once,' Dickens wrote, 'to preserve our own self-respect, and to be respected, for ourselves, and for it, by our readers.' Interesting, too, is the list of original proprietors of the 'D.N.' It comprised Bradbury & Evans, Sir William Jackson, Sir Joshua Walmsley, and Sir Joseph Paxton. They had at their back a capital of £100,000, paid up and underwritten. They were to pay Dickens £2,000 a year, and the salaries of the staff were liberal in proportion.

"Many, too, were the earlier occupants of the editorial chair. After Dickens, who sat there for seventeen days, came Forster, Eyre Evans Crowe, Knight Hunt, William Weir, Thomas Walker, F. H. Hill, H. W. Lucy. Mr. Lucy's first year of office was his last. The names of those who have succeeded him are more familiar."

Best Breed of Fowls.

There is no best breed of fowls. That claim is chiefly made by sellers and secretaries of specialty clubs for every breed that exists. "Best on earth" blasts can always be found in a certain class of poultry journals. Then there are honest but mistaken opinions expressed by those who, having kept one breed under conditions unfitting that breed, have discarded it and substituted another breed for which the conditions were fitting, and, consequently, better results were obtained. Strains vary much; individuals vary more than any intrinsic differences between breeds.

Some breeders have bred and selected their birds of one breed for many years, with due regard to utility; other breeders have bred and selected the same breed for many years with no regard to anything save feathers, markings, combs and color of shanks and eyes.

To a certain small extent housing must be different for different breeds. For small, lean, active, lightly-feathered birds the houses need to be somewhat warmer in winter than is necessary for large, phlegmatic, heavily-feathered birds.

To a somewhat greater extent, freedom to forage must be greater for one breed than is necessary for another. The small, nervous, active birds do not thrive well under close confinement, and generally the possibility of thrift under confinement is directly proportional to the size of the breed.

It must be admitted that birds, even of largest breeds, that have been reared in freedom will not do well in close confinement; also that fertility of eggs for any breed largely depends on fresh air and exercise in fresh air.

But it is in feeding that the greatest changes are required. All fowls should be compelled to make full use of any foraging opportunities. The full day's rations for fowls of one size and equal activity need to be, in amount and proportion of nutriments, such as fit the climatic conditions of the time or place. And the amount of total food, proportions of proteins, carbon-hydrates and fats must be different for birds of other sizes and degrees of activity.

Young Canada Grain Culture.

The last annual report of the Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion is remarkably interesting reading generally, but more especially where it refers to the progress that is being made by young Canadians along the lines of practical grain culture. With a view to stimulating increased interest in the growing and systematic selection of seed grain, a competition among boys and girls living on Canadian farms was started in the spring of 1900. To encourage them in this work, Sir William C. Macdonald of Montreal donated the sum of $10,000 to be given in cash prizes, according to plans which were arranged by Professor Robinson. These prizes are distributed under the supervision of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

The competitors in the seed grain competition are growing seed grain on specially prepared plots of land, one-quarter of an acre in each plot, selecting seed each year from these plots to sow on the plot for the succeeding year. They gather large, well-filled heads from vigorous plants before the grain is cut and after all the conditions of growth have been observed, and then thresh these heads. By screening and hand-picking the large, well-developed grain, from these selected heads, the seed for next year's seed-grain plot is secured. This came and manner of selecting seed has now been conducted for two years on over eight hundred Canadian farms, which are fairly well distributed throughout the Dominion.

The expressions of appreciation which have been received from the parents and teachers of many of the boys and girls who have undertaken the work of managing a seed grain plot have been most gratifying. The nature study connected with the selection of seed-grain, according to the system followed, is as helpful as it is interesting. There can be no doubt, as Professor Robertson has stated elsewhere, that a systematic continued selection of seed-grain from the most vigorous and productive plants in the plots will lead to great improvement in the crops throughout the whole of the country. The educational influence of the seed-grain competition is exerting a wholesome effect upon boys and girls whose school years are nearly ended, and who may never again be offered an inducement sufficient to awaken and to develop a liking for a careful and educational study of nature and nature's methods. This "Progressive agriculture" branch of the Macdonald Manual Training fund is growing in influence and usefulness; and there is good reason to anticipate with confidence that it will prove of perpetual advantage to Canada, not only through the improvement of seed-grain, but also through the increased intelligence and enlarged abilities of the boys and girls who have taken part in the competitions.

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 65 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 32 per cent. write in the colonial style.—"Book Reader."

"Don't Speak

To the motorman," is a sign to be seen on the front platform of many cars. It requires all his thought, all his energy and all his strength to pilot his car through crowded streets. The strain tells on him, and some when he gets "rattled" and has an accident. The surest way to sustain the physical strength and nervous force required by the motorman or railroad man is to keep the stomach in a condition of sound health. When the stomach becomes "weak," food is imperfectly digested and the body is deprived of its necessary nourishment. The nerves are "unstrung" and the body is weakened.

The timely use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when the stomach is "weak" will re-establish the body in vigorous health. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, nourishes the nerves and purifies the blood.

"I suffered for four years with pain in my stomach so that at times I couldn't work nor eat," writes Mr. Frank Smith, of Granite, Chaffee Co., Colo. "I wrote to you about my sickness and was told to use your medicine, which I did with good results. I only used four bottles of your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and must say that I am entirely cured, and feel like a new man, and I can highly recommend your medicine to any sufferer."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In the Jaws of the Fire.

THE risks that firemen take are an everlasting wonder, even though almost every paper contains stories of their bravery. But the man behind the fire-engine—apparently he has only to keep his machine going, and is as safe as the man who pulls the lever of an upright "donkey." The story of Bill Brown, as told by Mr. Cleveland Moffett in "Careers of Daring and Danger," shows that the engineer's bravery is sometimes put to tests as severe as those which the hoseman or the ladderman ever has to endure.

What happened was this: Engine 33, pumping her prettiest, stood at the corner so near the drug-house that the driver thought it wasn't safe for the horses, and led them away. That left Brown alone, against the cheek of the fire, watching his boiler and keeping his steam-gage at seventy-five.

As the fire gained, chunks of red-hot sandstone began to crash down on the engine. Brown ran his pressure up to eighty, and watched the door anxiously where the four firemen from his squad had gone into the furnace.

Then an explosion of chemicals in the building sent a flame wide as a house curling across the street, enwrapping engine and man, and setting fire to the elevated railway station overhead. Bill Brown stood by his engine with a sheet of fire above him. He heard footsteps on the pavement and voices that grew fainter, crying, "Run for your lives!" He was alone, and the skin on his hands, face and neck was blistered.

Brown knew why everyone was running. There would be another explosion. It was tolerably certain that he must die if he stayed. But his four chums were in the fire and needed the water. If he quit his engine the water would fail.

He stoked in coal and ran the gage up another notch, easing the running parts with the oiler. He was offering his life for his friends.

In a few minutes the four firemen came out of the building. Then Bill Brown ran for his life with his comrades. A second or two later Engine 33 was crushed by the falling walls.

Afraid to Repeat the Dose.

A local clergyman was engaged in conversation with a number of friends the other day, says the Duluth "News Tribune," when each started telling stories of weddings he had performed. One of the party had this to offer:

Some time ago a great big fellow, roughly dressed, and a wee mite of a young woman came to him. They had no witnesses, and, in fact, did not care to have any. Nevertheless a bridesmaid and groomsman were selected from the household, and the ceremony began. They had promised to love and obey and all the rest of the service, when the preacher announced: "Kiss the bride."

The groom, on bended knee, hesitated a little, tried to say something and couldn't.

"Kiss the bride," said the pastor.

"Why, parson, I did, afore I come here at all," replied the groom, whose face had taken the color of a June sun.

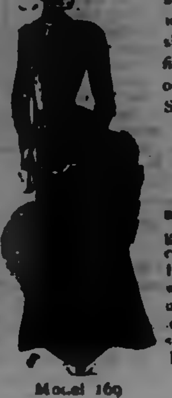
An English Departure in Insurance.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from London under date of February 13 says: "One queer phase of the present smallpox scare is the smallpox insurance department opened at Lloyd's. The current rates are 3 1-2 per cent. if recently vaccinated, and 5 1-2 if not vaccinated since infancy. The insurance becomes due on the doctor's certificate that the policy-holder has smallpox." He adds: "After jogging along comfortably with smallpox in its midst for six months, London is now beginning to get worried, and a large contributing cause of that worry is that if the plague spreads much more it is going to frighten away the profitable American cousin, who is expected to come over in unprecedented shoals for the coronation season and scatter dollars right and left. Trouble began away back in August, and has been slowly growing, off and on, ever since, until the average lately has been about 50 new cases a day. One day last week it ran up to 81. There were 105 new cases in September, 300 in October, 473 in November, 804 in December and 1,335 in January. Yet, according to previous experience, smallpox reaches its height in London from January to May. Consequently it would be well for readers planning a trip to see King Edward's crown put on to watch the smallpox returns from London for the next four or five weeks. At present the plague can be said to be well under control, but a big sudden increase would tax London's resources to the utmost and might cause a panic."

"What are you going to paint on this dazzling white canvas, may I ask?"

"That is a finished painting, miss. It is entitled, 'The Snow Storm.'"

"Why, so it is! How stupid of me! Isn't it beautiful?"—Chicago Tribune.



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Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front

Model 169

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black. Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c. Lined price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.
Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to
THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
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APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

RUBBER STAMPS

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SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
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Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly.
GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

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I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.
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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS
Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.
[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible] and [illegible]

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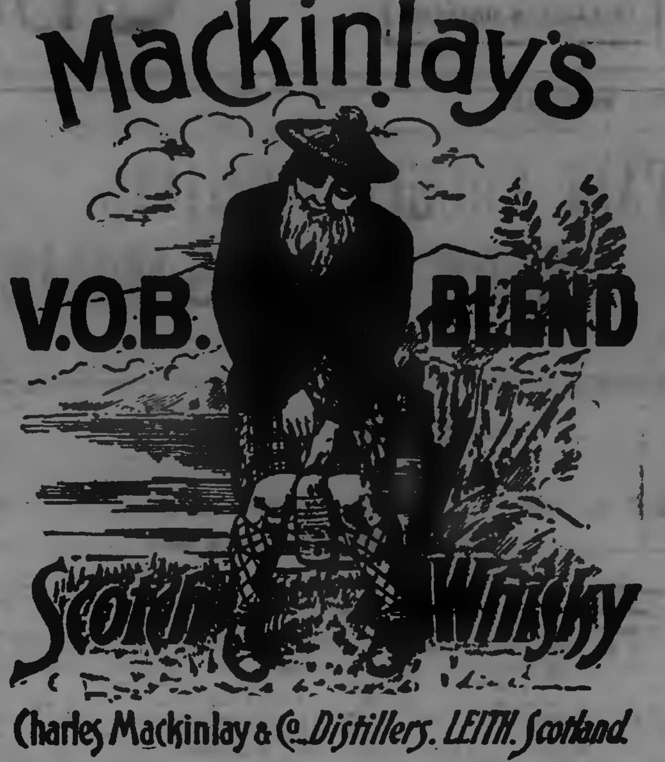

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

THE FASHIONABLE MAN
Of Nineteen Aught Two
Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)
—AT—
H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S
High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN TOWN | THE TIMES BOOK-STORE MARKET BLOCK. | NEW SPRING NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

PETERBOROUGH'S NEW WALL PAPER STORE.

We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices.

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive [illegible].

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the [illegible] scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end papers are fit for royal homes.

A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are unrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.

OUR PRICES ARE FROM 10 TO 40 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.

The Times Bookstore

SANTAL-MIDY
[illegible]

ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

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ON EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT
STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS
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PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.
Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
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PETERBOROUGH, ONT.
General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department. Highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

THE TORONTO
SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY
3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. R. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moore & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG MAN WANTED to learn barber trade. A good opening for a bright, intelligent young man. Apply to David Hall, Snowden House Barber Shop, Peterboro. [illegible]

For Sale or to Rent

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 300 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Book store.

NEW AL-VISTA PANORAMIC CAMERA Cost $42.50, will sell at a great bargain. Apply Tate Optical Co., 432 George St. [illegible]

Situations Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

Miscellaneous

LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co., Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 214 Park Place—Painting, Interior Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 214 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsition roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 16 Toronto street Toronto

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender, will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction, Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 15th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.
Montreal, 22nd April, 1902

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful in the world, for result of using Derma Cream Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail [illegible] Canada, to prepay [illegible] J. B. [illegible] 30 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

VARICOCELE

If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost power. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of you have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge. My Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby avoiding cutting or stretching unnecessarily, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous Diseases, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Stomach, Female troubles.

REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank, perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave. DETROIT, MICH.

A Visit to a Saint Factory.

WHAT lends a peculiar interest to a visit *to such a factory*, writes a contributor to "Pearson's Magazine," is the curious suggestion of humor which, in one's conversation with the workmen and employees, comes to relieve the deep sense of awe and reverence which at all times weighs upon one.

I remember that, having contemplated, not without a painful feeling in my breast, the most lamentable figure of an old man in monk's attire, whose hands were pierced, whose side was pierced, and from whose furrowed brow large drops of blood were trickling down, I asked a passing workman to tell me whom the statue represented. And he called to a fellow-workman: "Who is that old gent up there?" It was St. Francis d'Assisi. The painful feeling was for a while dispelled. This was but a figure after all, an article of trade. And so also, when one hears the clerks calling through the telephones: "When is that St. Maurice coming down?" "Five St. Anthonys, with their pigs, wanted at once." And so on. There is not a vestige of irreverence in these remarks, but, as I say, they are not without a most welcome suggestion of humor.

For, indeed, the terrible realism of many of these statues must impress even the most indifferent. I could not refrain from asking the maker of saints why he allowed his artists to carry the horrible to such extremes. Here was a St. Jean de Dieu succoring a leper, on whose body the modeller had not omitted one of the horrid signs of that most foul of maladies. Here was a writhing St. Sebastian streaming with blood. Here a chained woman in the flames of purgatory extended her anguished hands.

"We export very largely to South America," said Monsieur Pacheu, "and it is necessary that, to impress the imaginations of the people there—who are indifferent, as a rule, to suffering—we should strike hard. Yet in none of our figures is truth surpassed. That leper is studied from life. These horrid bruises were copied from a corpse."

A Cheerful Prophecy.

THE animal that cannot be trained to keep its wits about it on the approach of a motor car must disappear. Its stupidity, filth, sloth, fear of everything and useless size prove to the most conservative that it must go. The horse that will not stand a motor car may be the delight of its owner, but it is a public nuisance and a public danger, and ought to be shot like a mad dog. Horsemen have no right to bring unmanageable brutes into the public highways, to the public danger, and it is time this elementary justice should be recognized. The motor is going to become the means of locomotion for all light transit, and by the ordinary roads as they exist to-day. It is the pedestrian and the horse that have got to give way. The horse in traffic, if he chooses to bolt, is uncontrollable. The motor, from the lightest bicycle to the heaviest car, is perfectly controllable, occupies half the space, and travels now through the congested streets at double and treble the speed of any horse-drawn vehicle. The only thing the two have in common is that at times they both refuse to go.

The unobservant talk of the accidents that would happen. The accidents will be a great deal fewer in number. A conclusive proof of this, to any one with any sense, is the fact that in the thousand miles tour no one, I believe, was hurt, though the roads were lined with spectators. In the race from Paris to Berlin, three days, and the tour around Italy, ten days, but two children were killed, the result entirely of their own carelessness or that of their parents. Suppose, for a moment, that in France a hundred and ten teams, or, rather, droves, of horses—there were a hundred and ten motors—ranging from fifty in a bunch down to two—this was the horse-power of the machines—had been let loose and driven at top speed for three days on the public roads. Will anyone tell me that thousands of people would not have been killed, that hundreds of drivers would not have lost their lives as well? But that would have been described as sport. . . . The only danger to be feared from the motor car is to its own driver, the only drawback is its own imperfection. Read the reports of automobile accidents: proportionately, there are far fewer than from any other form of locomotion, and in nine cases out of ten the accident occurs to the driver or the occupant of the car; in the tenth case it is owing to the stupidity or the carelessness of the person who gets in front. The average pedestrian has simply got to learn to keep out of the way, and that is the end of it.—Joseph Pennell in "Contemporary Review."

The caller had a grievance.

"That communication I sent you yesterday," he said, "was signed 'Hero Ance' as plainly as the words could be written. You printed it in your paper this morning 'Onean.'"

"I know it," replied the editor. "We didn't intend there should be any more onean."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

It was after the garden- party was over that Katy found time to slip down to the old oak tree on the lawn for a moment —that was the request made in the note.

Charlie Smith was already there, pacing impatiently up and down with a quick, nervous tread.

Katy stole up to him, placing a little white hand on his arm. He started back with a fierce oath, that made the girl recoil with a cry of terror.

"Oh, is it you, Katy?" he cried angry enough with himself for his awkward mistake. "I—I— thought it was one of your blue-coated police— come to arrest me for being found prowling about the grounds. I really beg your pardon."

Katy's anger was easily appeased.

Very adroitly he brought the conversation around to the subject uppermost in his mind —the grand guests at the garden party — commenting on the different styles of beauty, the elaborate costumes, and the jewels that would have purchased a king's ransom which were worn.

"You would look like a princess if you were dressed like one young girl I saw there, Katy," he said, eagerly; "she was fair —marvelously fair with curling hair like spun gold, and eyes like blue hyacinths; she wore a pale azure-blue silk dress dotted with silver stars, and over all was a cloud of tulle, caught here and there with diamond sprays. Diamonds glowed on her breast and ran like a river of fire around the firm white throat, and gleamed in the shell-like ears."

Katy interrupted him with a petulant little laugh, full of malice and jealousy, declaring he must have watched the lady very closely indeed to have noticed all that.

"She was so much like you I could not help it Katy," he said, humbly. "I was thinking how true it is that 'fine feathers make fine birds.'"

"I know who it is you mean," replied Katy, easily flattered; "pretty Mrs. Hamilton, they call her — she lives in that large villa on the corner of the avenue."

"Mrs.— she is married then?" said her companion, abruptly, his face darkening with wrath.

"Why, of course she is!" said Katy, thinking this a fine opportunity to spur this laggard lover on; "pretty women do not remain long in the market, I can tell you."

But his thoughts were elsewhere— he had not even heard this deft speech.

"Who is she married to, did you say?" he asked abruptly.

"They call her husband Mr. Alexander Hamilton," she replied. "She was only a poor girl when he married her—so he married her for love, for he was quite rich himself. Afterward a fortune was left to her by the death of an uncle, they say. So she is a great heiress now in her own right —worth nearly a million of money."

"Worth nearly a million of money in her own right!" he repeated, with a gasp; "are you quite sure of this, girl?"

"Why, one would think the subject of interest to you," pouted Katy.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

"An Heiress —What a mad Fool I was to Desert Her!"

Harold St. Johns face whitened. Ah, how little the girl knew how vitally the subject interested him.

An heiress in her own right, and the knowledge that she had wedded Alexander Hamilton, his bitterest foe, nearly overpowered him.

"How dared she do it?" he asked himself, his wrath rising higher and higher at the very thought.

The idea came to him that no doubt she had heard of his claiming Miss Ruthven as the bride of that weird marriage, and had taken advantage of it; thinking, in the face of that, he would never dare claim her.

He bade Katy a hasty good night— he had found out all he cared to know —and had hurriedly taken his leave.

The girl watched him out of sight with tears of mortification in her eyes.

"What made him so cold to me?" she mused. "Is he tiring of me? I almost think he fell in love with that grand young lady at the garden party, young Mrs. Hamilton, and he is put out to find that she is married."

Her brows darkened and her eyes flashed fire.

"I will follow him about, myself unseen, and find out for myself," she muttered, with bitter jealousy. "He shall see that he cannot make love to Katy Barrett and whistle her down the wind like that."

Daisy had gone home from the garden party in a tremor of excitement. Harold St. John was in the city, she was liable to meet him at any moment; no wonder the coldness of death struck to her heart at the very thought.

But forewarned is forearmed— she would be on the lookout for him, and he would not cross her path if she saw him first.

"How abstracted you are, my darling," said Aleck, looking at her beautiful face flushing and paling so strangely in the bright white moonlight. "Did you enjoy yourself?"

"No," she answered, leaning wearily back among the velvet cushions, "the great crush was tiresome."

"Who would have thought of meeting Lillian Ruthven away out here— or rather 'Lillian St. John?'" mused Aleck, "and how terribly altered the girl is, yet no one can wonder at that. The only thing I can blame the girl for, is not standing by that fellow in the hour of his adversity. She married him for better or for worse —she should not have deserted him even when she found out his true character."

"But if she did not love him, Aleck? If she married him in a thoughtless moment— repenting it at the very altar after the horrible words were spoken?" she cried, piteously.

"Then that was not love— a sort of infatuation," he replied, adding, "we will not discuss the question, it seems to affect you so; we must not allow other people's troubles to cast a gloom over us. You must make the most of your time here, my dear, I am called away on the twenty-fourth of this month, and you are to accompany me."

She drew a long breath, faint with joy. Aleck would take her away on the twenty-fourth— ah, how good heaven was to her.

But should she go? That was the stern question that reverted to her mind in the dead watches of the night —should she, the only human being on the face of the earth who could set Lillian Ruthven *free* from the

(To be Continued)

Caught in a Stampede.

TWO years ago, when the cowboys of north-eastern Arizona came together to find out who was the "best man" in various ways, James Evans won the steer-tying championship by roping, throwing and tying a vicious steer in twenty-four seconds. But in a recent round-up the champion did a more remarkable thing, by which, says the Kansas City "Star," he saved his own and another man's life.

While he and some companions were camping for the night on a high tableland, which ended a few miles away in an abrupt drop of two hundred feet, a storm swept through the mountains. Made nervous by the lightning, the herd of fifteen hundred cattle stampeded in the direction of the precipice. Evans and his men mounted hurriedly and, circling to the front of the maddened cattle, tried with whoops and revolver-shots to turn them back.

In the dense blackness of the night Evans's horse missed his footing and went down in a heap, one leg in a gopher-hole. The horse of a cowboy named Davis, running close behind, stumbled over Evans's horse, and Davis, too, came to earth and lay still, unconscious.

Fifty yards away came the herd, and a short flash of lightning showed Evans the situation. The swiftly moving sea of cattle reached one hundred yards each way. Unable to arouse Davis, and never thinking of leaving his disabled comrade, Evans took the only chance of saving both. He emptied his own revolver and his companion's into the center of the herd, cutting a breach in the front of the mass. Then, throwing the inanimate form of Davis over his shoulder, he awaited his opportunity.

As one of the leaders brushed by, Evans, with one movement, put the body of Davis across the shoulders of the steer, and mounted, also. Vainly the animal leaped, bucked and side-jumped. With his legs wrapped tightly around the body of his mount, Evans drove his spurs deep in, and held himself and Davis in place.

The steer, wild with rage, agony and fright, rapidly left the herd in the rear, and, veering to the right in a furious gallop, carried his riders out of danger. Then Evans rolled off the back of his strange rescuer, and a half-hour later, when his cowboys turned the herd at the rim of the canyon, and rode back to look for the foreman and Davis, they found them, both unconscious. The weary steer, with his sides covered with blood, lay exhausted a short distance away.

The outfit ordered a medal for Evans, and the steer has been pensioned for life on the best alfalfa in the valley.

A Revolutionary Age.

Soulless corporations, heartless coquettes and conscienceless rascals of various sorts we have had with us now these many years, and it looks very much now as if a kind of providence was about to even things up a little by providing us with such useful contrivances as wireless telegraphy, heatless light, smokeless powder, boneless shad and seedless oranges. If some genius will rise up now and give us a breed of biteless dogs and stingless mosquitoes, together with some loseless umbrellas and spendless cash, we shall all be happy and content.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When to Get Married.

The astrologers, it is said, have named the following as propitious dates for marriages for 1902: January 2, 4, 11, 19 and 21; February 1, 3, 10, 19 and 21; March 3, 5, 12, 20 and 28; April 2, 4, 12, 20 and 22; May 2, 4, 12, 20 and 28; June 1, 3, 11, 19 and 21; July 1, 3, 12, 19, 21 and 31; August 2, 11, 12, 20 and 30; September 1, 9, 16, 18 and 28; October 1, 8, 16, 17, 27 and 29; November 5, 11, 12, 20 and 25; December 1, 8, 10, 19, 28 and 29.

The Monk's Knowledge of Women.

AN interesting story comes from the French Alps of Dauphiny relating the futile efforts of the Princess of Croy, who desired to enter the monastery of the Grande Chartreuse, a habitation from which women visitors are rigidly excluded.

The story runs that the Princess dressed herself in boy's clothes and accompanied her husband to the institution. The gates were opened to them, and the Prince sent his card to the father superior, with a line to the effect that he was accompanied by a friend.

Just as they were about to make the round of the building the word was received that the father would like to see the Prince and "his friend." Going upstairs they were received by the smiling monk, who cordially invited them to join him in an appetizing luncheon. The Princess endeavored to make the best of the situation, but she was not put any the more at her ease by the fact that the monk kept gazing sharply at her.

At last he exclaimed suddenly: "Catch it, young man!" at the same time throwing at her a large pear. The Princess was startled, and, thrown completely off her guard, made a motion to grab up her skirt, the absence of which she overlooked in her confusion.

Then the father stopped smiling and said with great gravity:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but ladies are not allowed in the monastery. I must ask you to wait outside until the Prince has finished his inspection."

And outside she had to go, the reverend father bowing her from the room with most elaborate politeness.

The Democracy of Children.

ONE amusing trait in children is their unconscious democracy. They are nearly always democratic when permitted any latitude. The desire for playmates levels some of caste, if any exists. On a street through which I often pass there is a coterie of children who blend with the most thorough harmony, although they are of quite different social strata. One of the boys is a "smart" young gentleman in knickerbockers, always well groomed; another is a little Italian; a third, the thin, restless, wide awake son of a housekeeper. One of the little girls is a negress, with her woolly hair standing out from her head in thin curved-up tails. She is quite a belle in this "mixed" company.—Harper's "Bazar."

Forty per cent. of the people of the United States are farmers, or living upon farms. These farmers produce enough to feed and clothe themselves and the other sixty per cent. of the inhabitants, and annually send away one billion dollars' worth of surplus products to other countries. Yet there are people who say farming doesn't pay.

Englishman—"You have some pretty high buildings in Chicago, haven't you?" Chicagoan (in London)—"I should say we have. Why, the tops of some of them are covered with snow all the year round."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Light Hogs.

A good many farmers in eastern Ontario are still adhering to the very foolish policy of marketing hogs that are too light in weight, and quite unsuitable for packing purposes. The Geo. Matthews Co., Limited, report that during the month of January their receipts of hogs graded as follows:—Selects, 1,296; light, 1,840; light fats, 690; heavy fats, 27; sows, 40; stags, 6; cripples, 21; stores, 123; a total of 4,154 hogs, of which only 1,296, or about 33 per cent., were suitable for the manufacture of first-class export bacon. If the trade in Canadian bacon is to be increased or even maintained, at its present volume, it is absolutely necessary that only hogs of proper weight and quality be sent to the packing houses. F. W. Hodson,
Live Stock Commissioner.

A Test For Good Butter.

The good housewife who said, "The way to test good butter is to smell it," was surely an expert judge of butter. The fact is that a really good judge of butter seldom tastes it but depends rather upon the senses of smell and sight. The dealer who really knows and deals in good butter can at any time when he is testing a crock or roll of butter, be seen to very carefully pass it in review before his olfactory nerve, and to break it and note the appearance of the broken surface.

The true flavor of butter can be quickly tested in the entirety of a package in this manner, while, if the sense of taste alone were depended upon and the package was not of even quality, the fact might go unnoticed. The quantity of salt in the butter can, of course, only be determined by tasting it. The surface exposed when a package or sample of butter is broken should exhibit what is known as a good grain. That means that it should have a clearly defined granular surface, similar to that found on the broken surface of cast iron of good quality. Do not fail to apply these tests when passing judgment on the quality of butter. Their careful observance and a little practice will make you an expert.—Michigan Farmer.

Clover For Egg Producing.

Experience has demonstrated the value of clover for egg producing time and again. Clover has just the material in it to form egg shell, and hence it becomes an essential part of every ration fed to the chickens. It may not be generally understood that there are nearly thirty pounds of lime contained in each thousand pounds of clover. The chickens fed daily with clover will consequently prove better egg layers than those denied it. The clover hay should be given to chickens in winter in quantities sufficient to satisfy them, and to make them eat more it is desirable sometimes to prepare it in various ways. Cook and chop it up, and mix it with meal or other articles. This will sometimes induce the hens to consume a great amount of clover each day. Cut up into short lengths and mixed with warm mash, and then fed only as fast as the chickens will clean it up each day, is probably the most economical way to feed the clover. Some cut the second crop of clover and place it in the poultry yard for the chickens to eat and scratch over at pleasure. This of itself is all right, but it is rather wasteful. More than half the clover will be lost, and the chickens do not actually eat much more than the leaves. The stalks contain most of the lime, and these should be prepared so the chickens will consume them. Of all foods that can be raised on a farm for poultry, clover is not only the best, but probably the cheapest, and a field of it is as essential to success as a pasture field is necessary to the success of dairying.—Annie C. Webster, in Massachusetts Ploughman.

Just What You Ask For.

Outside the drug store—the store of J. Milhau's Son, at No. 183 Broadway—you may read the announcement at the head of this column, "We give you just what you ask for."

We are glad to seize upon this occasion to pay a tribute to this motto, and, incidentally, to point out a dishonest and very common practice among merchants —that of substituting one article for another.

One business man devotes all his energy, his money and his time to building up the reputation of a certain article. He enables the retailer to make a large profit, and he spends his money that customers may be plentiful.

When a customer asks for the article in question it is dishonest to say to him, as many do:—

"Don't buy that. We have something else just as good and much cheaper."

If the merchant has something good and cheap of his own, let him sell it to his customers by all means. But let him not steal the trade of a man whose energy helps to build up his business. Let him not divert to his own pocket all of the profit which he ought to in honesty share with another.

There are wares that are made enormously profitable to the retailer simply because men push their business with intelligence and perseverance. It is ungrateful as well as dishonest for the sake of a little extra profit to cut into the legitimate business of the advertising manufacturer.

Incidentally, the public, as well as the storekeeper and the manufacturer, are interested in this question of substituting one article for another.

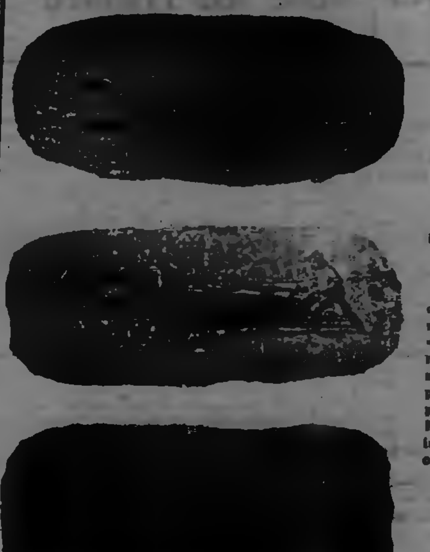
That which is represented as "just as good" is usually not just as good, but very far from it.

If a man has spent a million dollars building up the reputation of a certain article, it is to his advantage to keep up the quality of the material which enters into the manufacture of that article. His profit is large if he is honestly treated, and it would be suicide for him to use inferior material for the sake of a little extra money.

The man who makes up an imitation article and announces it as "just as good" has no such sum at stake. He has invested nothing. He has no valuable name to ruin, and it is to his interest to make the "just as good" article just as cheap as he can make it.

The buyer should remember these facts and put his confidence in that retailer who, like the man quoted at the head of this article, gives to the customer just what he asks for, treats the wholesaler honestly, and shows gratitude for the energy which builds up a successful business and makes the retailer prosperous.—From The New York Journal. Issued by the Association of American Advertisers.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wonder Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor of man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted. Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 17, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been thus induced to try the machine.

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 205,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 208,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by E. A. Suverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Suverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

How Long to Keep the Dairy Cow.

The answer is short to the question, "How long should a dairy cow be kept?" Keep the cow only so long as she pays a gratifying profit. If no record is kept of profit and loss on the farm, neither man nor beast will get credit for services rendered. Every animal should have a ledger standing account. Even justice to man and beast alike is honorable. The farmer's methods in bookkeeping are not always commended by expert accountants. Business demands system, and that system must be correct. When the leaf is turned over in correct bookkeeping, the profitless live stock will be got rid of at the earliest possible moment. Profitless stock is the heaviest tax the farmer, dairyman and breeder is imperiously called upon to pay. The tax on real estate in comparison is only a feather weight in the balance. The farmer's son should be sent to a business college, if only for three months. The investment will pay a good interest for life.

It is more than probable that men who keep no profit and loss on stock have mortgages to pay interest on—that perpetual source of annoyance. No man of fine feelings lives as long or is so happy under the strain of interest paying as he who is free from debt. Small incomes pay off debts too slowly for much joy. Possession without debt is ennobling to manhood, and a rich mine of happiness for the home. Milk the cow only so long as she is profitable, then quickly turn her into beef and cash. —H., in New York Tribune.

These days, when the ground in the henyards is too often deep with mud, is almost as likely to cause roup or other disease in the fowl as any season of the year, especially if accompanied with cold winds or a little rain. It is better in such weather to keep the hens in the house most of the time, as the floor in that and the scratching shed should be dry and well covered with a litter of dry chopped straw. Open doors and windows to give them pure air, but keep them out of the mud.

Sunflower Seeds for the Layers.

Dried sunflower seeds are egg-producing, and can be fed sparingly in place of meat scraps, as they contain a goodly supply of oil. The sunflower heads are a fine thing for fowls to peck at on a cold winter's day, to extricate the seeds. Thus they get exercise that gives warmth and health.

When one has spare ground near the henery it is a good plan to plant a plot of sunflowers for the fowls to work at during the fall. It will keep them out of mischief elsewhere. We break down several heads each day for the layers to eat.

These seeds give the fowls a glossy coat, a red comb, activity, and a generous supply of eggs.—[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Musical M.D.'s of the Future.

A PATIENT having been cured of smallpox by the witching strains of a violin, a contemporary thinks it not at all unlikely that it may ere long be discovered that music has a therapeutic value heretofore undreamed of. Music may in time become a most important branch of medical science, and the doctor of the future may, after diagnosing his case, take a violin or a cornet from his bag, as the case may demand, and render the wedding march from "Lohengrin," or Schubert's "Serenade," according to the progress the malady has made. Different tunes rendered on different instruments, in various tempos, may become necessary at critical moments, and this will naturally develop a new science—that of writing musical prescriptions. Musical boxes and orchestrions may yet be used in hospital-wards, and the shops in which sheet music and musical instruments are now dispensed are likely to be the drug stores of the future. Patent music is a possible successor of patent medicine, and we may yet take a five-minute dose of "Lanigan's Ball" adagio, or a seven-minute-and-a-half dose of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words" andante, for our neuritis or necrosis. Medical music and medical science will be one, and the scalpel will be supplanted by the mandolin, and the clinical thermometer by the piccolo.

A Very Important Business.

Dairying is a very important business, and a herd of good cows is worth more in every respect than any other kind of stock. The bovine is both meat and milk for the human family, without which existence is almost impossible. Note the capacity of each cow and feed accordingly, as some will be found able to pay for better feeding than others. In order to know this, weigh each cow's product; then, knowing what the feed costs, it is a very easy matter to know whether you are feeding at a profit or loss.

Have a silo if possible; if not, then secure an abundance of corn fodder, well cured, with some roots and a good supply of bran, oil meal and ground oats. Then, with clover or cowpea hay, a good range of [illegible] and, with a warm, well-lighted and properly ventilated stable, with absorbent to save all the manure, both liquid and solid, you are ready to feed your cows for profit. Feed liberally, but not blindly. Weigh and compound a balanced ration.—L. E. Lacy in Agricultural Epitomist.

Permanent Cures of Cancer

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

:—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 7 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.]

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Times is to be enlarged in a few days.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—The streets are being scraped, the new town scraper is doing excellent work.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—The Provincial Historical Society will hold their annual meeting in Peterborough this year, on June 5th, 6th and 7th.

—Members of the Olympic Club, which escorts to the back lakes on June 5th, are asked to return their coupons to the secretary by to-morrow.

—Mr. Cole Barrett has sent in his resignation to the Board of Managers as janitor of St. Andrew's church. He has held the office for 28 years.

—The Fire Brigade and 57th Batt. Band will run a joint excursion to Orillia on Wednesday, June 18th. Return tickets, $1.25, good for two days. Particulars later.

—Mr. G. M. Brooks, the popular proprietor of the Palace Restaurant, has purchased Mr. John Lee's cottage at Chemong Park. He intends to enlarge and improve it at once.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—Mr. G. M. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, and everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

A Bygone

Grit voter—Now, there was John W. Garvin——

Tory voter—Aw, let bygones be bygones.

Monday May 12

The programme to be given in St. Paul's church on the 12th inst., by the Jarvis street Baptist choir, of Toronto, is without question a program of the good things in music. The choir is assisted by Miss McMurty, soprano, Mr. A. L. E. Davies, bass, Mr. Victor Hutchison, tenor, Mr. G. E. McClellan, baritone, and Mr. Arthur Alvin, solo organist. As an evidence of the interest this choir has caused in church circles, it may be stated that they have had six or seven invitations to visit as far east as Perth. That Mr. Vogt and his choir have chosen to visit Peterborough is a matter for congratulation to the choir of St. Paul's and the public generally.

The Proposed Grant

The 13th Battalion of Hamilton wants to come to Peterborough. By all means let it come—but not at the town's expense. Any money we have to expend we ought to expend upon our parks, our band, our choirs, and other things that find it hard to develope without help and encouragement. The Council has not much to give, and what the town can spare is already placed, or ought to be, to much greater and more permanent advantage. It is no doubt wise to encourage the volunteers, but this should be done through regular channels and at governmental expense. That we should be called upon to give a picnic of such dimensions is, as has been abundantly proven heretofore, unwise, to say the least of it.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Edward Wade has returned to town after an absence of several months.

—Mr. D. Hughes Charles, Manager of the local branch of the Bank of Commerce, is in Montreal for a week.

—Mr. W. J. Kearns is down from Sault Ste Marie, spending a few days with his family here.

—Mr. Gus Gough, who has been down from Toronto for a couple of days, looking over this end of their progressive firm's business, returned to Toronto yesterday.

—Mr. H. A. Wood, of Peterborough, who was successful at the recent combined examinations of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, held at Toronto, obtaining the degrees of L.D.S. and D.D.S., in addition to first-class honors in the university of Toronto, has, we believe, decided on locating in town for the practice of his profession.

Ringing in the Ears

This is an unfailing sign of catarrh, and if not checked will ultimately result in deafness. The simplest remedy is Catarrhozone, which if inhaled a few times daily, prevents the catarrhal condition from spreading. Catarrhozone quickly stops the ringing in the ears, head noises, gives permanent relief to catarrhal deafness. For catarrh in any part of the system, bronchitis, asthma, lung or throat troubles, Catarrhozone is a specific, and is guaranteed to permanently cure or your money back. Large size $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

THE LATE HENRY DENNE

Demise of One of Peterborough's Oldest and Most Esteemed Citizens

It is with extreme sorrow that we are forced to chronicle the death of Mr. Henry Denne, who passed quietly away on Monday night last.

About 15 months ago Mr. Denne was stricken with appolexy, and for a time his life was despaired of. His robust constitution, however, came to his aid, and he gradually recovered, but was never so strong as before. He was again stricken a few days ago, and gradually sank until death took place as above.

There is perhaps no one in Peterborough who will be so greatly missed. Of a kindly and genial temperment he possessed a multitude of friends, who respected him for his high integrity of character and pure life.

Mr. Denne was born in Kent, England in 1821. In 1843 he visited Newfoundland shortly afterwards coming to Peterborough. He rented what was known as the Langton flouring mill, on the Otonabee River, which he operated in partnership with Mr. Louis Glover. This mill he named the Blythe Mill. In 1871 Mr. Denne bought the flour mill owned by Mr. Anson Sperry, erected on the sight of Adam Scott's old mill, which was the first building erected in Peterborough, which he operated for several years.

Mr. Denne was twice married. Both his first and second wives, the latter being still living, were daughters of the late Mr. Gerald Fitzgerald, of Smith. The children by his first marriage were Miss Hattie and Mr. T. H. G. Denne, the present Mayor of Peterborough. The issue of the second marriage were Miss Emma Denne, Mrs. A. St. A. Smith, of town, Mrs. W. H. Graham, of Kingston; Miss Gertie, Miss Eva, Mr. Roland, Miss Maggie, Miss May and Miss Helen.

Mr. Denne for several years was a member of the Town Council, and subsequently of the Board of Education, and was ever foremost in promoting the best interests involved.

The deceased was a member of the Church of England, and a regular attendant at St. Luke's. The funeral will take place from the family residence, George street, at three o'clock to-morrow afternoon to the Little Lake Cemetery.

By order of Ald. G. M. Roger, Acting Mayor, the town flag is flying at half mast as a tribute of respect to the deceased.

OPPOSED TO THE GRANT.

To the Editor of the Times,

Dear Sir,—I see by the papers that we have a chance of having the 13th Battalion of Hamilton and their fine band here on the 24th of May. It is always pleasant to see the brave soldiers, and it is a pleasure to hear a fine band, for I have heard that it is as fine a band as our own, if not better, and the men probably are as good looking as our own, if not better. And we will have the chance of seeing them march past, keeping fine step, and the band playing the martial airs of England, and sir, on the Sunday will be a grand church parade, and all the people will line the streets and see the soldiers marching, and that Sunday will be a memorable Sunday, because it will not be like other Sundays—the other peaceable, quiet, God-serving days that we will rejoice in. And for this privilege we are asked to pay $300 of our tax money, and to contribute several hundreds of dollars more to hear the concert of the 13th Battalion Band, for it will cost them, they say, $900.00 to come to Peterborough. Now air plebiscites and referendums are the order of the day, and I would just suggest that the question of whether the Council is to vote $300 of the peoples' money for a restless Sunday and an hour's march-out, be submitted to the people. Take my word for it, sir, if the people are asked to settle this question they will settle it so that the Council will never again consider the question of voting away the money for such a purpose. We have this year an extra mill on the dollar, and we will have the chance of having another extra mill on the dollar next year, if we indulge in such 24th of May exploits. I believe in the volunteers, and I believe in a good band, but, sir, when I am afraid to walk at night on our plank side walk, and I am told that until lumber gets cheaper they will be no better; and when I see such hard work to get $300 for the Horticultural Society which keeps up our beautiful little parks a source of pleasure all summer long, and when I know the extension of the Street Railway will add 1000 of dollars to the expenditure of the streets, as it did for the original construction of the Street Railway, then I feel like saying to our good men of the Council, "Go Slow." I am satisfied that an uneasy night in the cars coming, and an uneasy night returning, and the irregularity and dissipation that always follows these outings, is not as good for the soldiers as a good honest march-out, under knapsack and great coat, for fifteen or twenty miles, to some place near Hamilton. Such would be better soldiering, better experience, and altogether more healthful than this trip to Peterborough. Therefore my loyalty suffers not in suggesting that the soldiers do as they do in England, march to their outing grounds, have good, honest military exercises, and return in a like manner to their homes. I therefor suggest that I voice the sentiment of the people when I suggest that the Town of Peterborough cannot afford to vote for the proposed entertainment of our good friends from the City of Hamilton.

Yours Truly,

RATEPAYER.

Toothache Cured in One Minute

Saturate some batting with Polson's Nerviline, and place in the cavity of the tooth. Rub the painful part of the face with Nerviline, bind in a hot flannel, and the toothache will disappear immediately. Nerviline is a splendid household remedy for cramps, indigestion, summer complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia and toothache. Powerful, penetrating, safe and pleasant for internal or external use. Price 25c. Try Nerviline.

Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills for biliousness.

INS AND OUTS

I see that Mr Schwab, the head of the Yankee billion dollar trust, talks and a Mr. Gompers answers him, and of course there are two sides to every question. It always seemed to me that this great conflict which is just about to be on between Labor and Capital is all nonsense anyhow. A man must labor, no matter if he has but ten cents, or if he has ten millions. And nine times out of ten the man who has the Millions labors harder than the man who has Ten Cents. I have seen men hustle harder for ten cents to buy a drink than they would hustle for ten cents to buy bread. This was not necessarily because they were built that way, but because they wanted a drink. A man can put off most everything until to-morrow except a drink. The Want for a drink is a Sight Draft and protest fees if it isn't met. People sometimes envy the rich when they see 'em loll back in their carriage and their eyes are dazzled by the glitter of their Jewels. But the Rich have their ups and downs, their Sorrows and their Griefs—more of 'em, I dare say, than the man who has nothing but his brawn or brain to depend upon for a livelihood. Were I going to advise Labor, I would tell it to toil on, to keep [illegible], and at the end of the year take an invoice, and it would discover unto itself that Riches were not all, by a blamed sight. The rich roll and tumble. A mosquito bites a rich man harder than it does a poor man—at least he thinks it does. A little cold that a poor man would think nothing of puts a rich man to bed and worries him like Five Hundred—pshaw! the Rich Man is daily and hourly up against the Real Thing, and the history is that Riches, save in a few cases, have not brought Contentment—fact!

• • • •

ABOUT COOKING

I have received this letter, which is of international importance, and so I give it international publicity:

Dear Idler.—Do you publish recipes in your column? I thought if you did. I am just learning how to cook and bake, and our neighbors say several new dishes I have prepared are just splendid, and I ought to have the recipe printed. MARY S. M.

Oh, yes, once in a while I publish a few of my own. I have just about prepared a new series which I shall print very soon. In the matter of cooking and baking, however, I'll never allow anyone to beat me. I am a cook and a baker if I am anything. I give you a sample:

Egg Muffin.—Take the yolks of 3 eggs and beat them to a finish. Add mustard and salt sufficient to season. Take the whites of the eggs and stir them till they foam. Put in powdered nutmeg, and mix the whole in a [illegible] in a Large [illegible] together. Stir in a half gallon of lard until the stuff is smooth, and then lay on a broad board and cut into squares. Use flour enough to stiffen the stuff, and give it a dash of pepper-sauce. Serve while steaming.

I could go on in this way and write several columns. My opinion is that the Cook Books and Recipes have decreased the population of this country 17 per cent. Happy, hopeful, and Contented Men have become wan, haggard, emaciated wrecks over the Cooking recipe route. Indians never had dyspepsia and they never had a cook book. If they caught a dog they had raw dog for breakfast, stewed dog for dinner and fried dog for lunch, if it lasted that long. Some of the puddings and cakes which cook books would have you make would pierce armor plate at a distance of seven miles if shot out of a thirty-inch gun.

No, Mary S. M., let the secret die with you. There is enough woe and dyspepsia and untimely death already with us. If you love the Boers, and are in favor of their freedom, send your recipes to the English Government and let it get them to the front.

WAS DOING HIM

The "Hold Up" Man, Coffee

Few people know how many persons are made sick and kept sick by coffee drinking. A trained nurse relates her experience with a number of different persons. She says, "Quite a long time ago I discovered that coffee was the cause of the violent palpitation of my heart and frequent sick headaches and attacks of indigestion, so I quit coffee and went onto hot water, not knowing then of Postum Food Coffee.

Quite a while after I quit coffee my husband began to complain of coffee coming up in his mouth more or less during the forenoon, and it made it very disagreeable for him. One day I said, 'Suppose we try that Postum Food Coffee which is advertised so much.' So we did and I prepared it according to directions. The beverage proved delicious, and we liked it so much and it agreed with us so well we have used it for over five years now.

My palpitation of the heart, headaches and indigestion have gone altogether. It is very easy to make the boiling 15 or 20 minutes, with a small piece of butter put in the pot to prevent its boiling over.

My cousin, who is a telegraph operator, had nervous dyspepsia, having to stay from work every few days. He gave up the use of coffee and commenced using Postum, and since that time he has not been troubled with dyspepsia.

One woman told me she had suffered with indigestion for three years. She drank nothing but tea. I made Postum for her and showed her how to make it. She liked it and now uses it in her family regularly and is well and happy.

I could name a dozen or more similar cases." M.N. Clark, 322 Ogden Ave., Chicago, Ill.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Adjourned Last Night in Respect to the Late Henry Denne

The Board of Education met in regular session last night, when there were present Chairman, W. H. Hill and Messrs. R. Fair, W. B. Bamford, J. J. Hartley, Dr. Caldwell, Dr. Burnham, L. M. Hayes, Peter Hamilton and F. J. Jameson.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

THE LATE HENRY DENNE.

In respect to the memory of the late Henry Denne, the Board decided to adjourn, and also arranged for sending a floral wreath and attending the funeral in a body.

Dr. Burnham moved, seconded by J. J. Hartley,—That this Board has learned with regret of the death of the late Henry Denne, who for a period of 20 years and upwards was an active and zealous member of the Peterborough Board of Education. And that a committee, composed of the mover and seconder of this resolution, and Messrs. Hamilton, Wrighton and Stevenson, be appointed to prepare an appropriate resolution, and that the same be engrossed and forwarded to Mrs. Denne. — Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, after this notice has been posted up for one month in six public places in the Municipality and published weekly for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the Municipality, the Council of the Town of Peterborough propose to pass a by-law authorising the Peterborough Radial Railway Company to lay out, construct and operate its railway on, upon and along any of the streets of the Town of Peterborough (except Crescent street).

The said Council will at its regular meeting to be held on the 2nd day of June, 1902, hear in person or by counsel anyone whose property may be prejudicially affected by such proposed railway, who desires to be heard, and any person so heard may appeal to the Railway Committee of the Executive Council of Ontario against such By-law.

The proposed agreement for such franchise is on file in the office of the Town Clerk and may be examined by anyone interested.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1902.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

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Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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25 Cents each

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"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
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Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

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THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at	40c
Suspenders	8c
Overalls, with bib, at	48c
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Ready-to wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

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Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms,	$550
Frame house, stable and large lot	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

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I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S. RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

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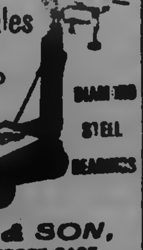

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HON. R. HARCOURT,
Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,
Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

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Navigation will open on UPPER LAKES on

SATURDAY APRIL 19

Steamship "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound about 1.30 p. m. on arrival of train due to leave Toronto at 8.30 a. m.

Every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY following, Steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave Owen Sound on arrival of above train.

FURTHER PARTICULARS LATER

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

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The Morning Times

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BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 108 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MAY 8 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ANOTHER MOVEMENT AGAINST GREAT BRITAIN

German Papers Say There is an Agitation in Egypt--British Capital is More Dangerous than Garrisons

Special to The Times,

London, May 8.—The correspondent of The Times quotes an article in the Deutsch Zeitung on the alleged anti-British movement in Egypt. The article declares there has been a revival of the national feeling in Egypt, that the movement is steadily increasing; that it amounts to an anti-British campaign; that even the silent canal driver feels that British capital which controls trade and industry is a more dangerous enemy than the garrisons of Cairo and Alexandria.

Since the Boer war, says the writer, the Egyptians have ceased to regard the British soldier as invincible. The anti-British movement is carried without fireworks from house to house, pending the distribution of huge sand tracts on the Nile. Egyptians fear that Great Britain will get control of this newly arable land, and cultivate it for her own profit, and that Egyptians, like the Irish, will become bondsmen on their own soil. An association of educated Egyptian agriculturists is reclaiming this land. The writer declares that discontented Egyptians look to France as their natural ally against Great Britain.

DEMONSTRATION OF BOERS BEFORE U. S. CONGRESS

The Boers in Desperation Appear Before a Committee of Congress in Washington

Special to The Times,

Washington, May 8.—A large delegation was present this morning in the room of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, where a sub-committee, to which has been referred all of the Boer resolutions, gave a hearing. The delegation was headed by Representatives Burke of Pennsylvania, Sulzer of New York, William Alden Smith of Michigan, and other members of Congress, some of them connected with the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The plea of the speakers was to the effect that the depots of supplies alleged to be maintained by the British Government in and about New Orleans for the exporting of horses and mules to South Africa should be abolished by this Government, that the neutrality laws should be strictly enforced and that resolutions of sympathy with the Boers should be adopted by Congress.

Charles H. Kayser, chairman of the Boer Legislative Committee, made the opening address, with an appeal for the passage of the resolution of sympathy.

Dr. C. J. Hexamer, President of the National German Alliance, presented a legal argument designed to show that the laws of neutrality were being violated by the British at and about New Orleans and that the United States should, if it wished to fulfil its obligations under the treaty of neutrality, prevent the shipment of any more horses and mules or other contraband of war from the United States to South Africa.

Edward Van Ness of the New York Society of Freedom discussed the legal phase of the neutrality laws and the number of mule camps and supply stations. He said that the Boers have no idea that the present peace negotiations will come to anything and that the Boers expected absolute freedom and would not tolerate suzerainty.

J. C. Williams, Secretary of the American Transvaal League of Chicago, said there was a feeling throughout the country that the Government was pandering to the strong, meaning the British Government. The adoption of resolutions of sympathy, he thought, would result in stimulating the spirit of liberty in this country.

Representative W. A. Smith said the Congress district he represented was of one opinion in favor of doing something of this kind. His people had raised and sent $20,000 to the Boers.

Representative Adams of Pennsylvania chairman of the sub-committee, at the conclusion of the hearing, took exceptions to what he considered an attempt to give a political tinge to the subject. Denying that it was a political question, he said that the sympathy of the present Administration has been shown by its offering its good offices. The facts about the New Orleans camp were now before the Attorney-General, and it was not a question of politics, but of international law.

A large number of Boer sympathizers were present from different parts of the country, among them Commandant W. D. Snyman of New York, formerly of Gen. De Wet's staff.

LAKEHURST

—Mrs. R. Weir, of Balgonie, N.W.T., is visiting at Wm. Weir's.

—Miss Lizzie Faucett has gone out to Smith for the summer. She left last Tuesday.

—Last Sunday was the regular quarterly meeting in the Methodist church here. Rev. Mr. Delve preached a very excellent sermon.

—Miss Maggie Smith was home for Sunday.

—Miss Ethel Dumbe, of Sandy Point, left for Bridgenorth last Saturday.

—Last Friday was Arbor day at the schools.

—Mr. Alex. Thompson has started work on his new house.

—Major Miller, the Conservative candidate for West Peterborough, made a royal progress through the district last week in search of supporters.

—Mr. Sharp, the cheese maker, has returned to Harvey. The factory will open on the 15th of May.

—Rev. Mr. Pickup preached in the Presbyterian church here last Sunday morning.

CHANGED NEW BANK'S NAME.

Ottawa, May 8.—In the Senate Banking Committee to-day the name of the First National Bank of Canada was changed to "The Securities Bank of Canada." The provisional directors of the enterprise are: S. B. Woods, John M. Jackson, W. J. McWhinney, Alexander W. Falconer, of Toronto, and Thos. H. Lennox, of Aurora. The capital is to be five millions, and the chief place of business Toronto.

BOERS STRIPPED THE WOUNDED

Incident Showing Cruelty of the Burghers Towards the British

Vancouver, B.C., May 8.—William McCrombie has received a letter from his brother in South Africa giving a graphic description of the manner in which the Boers treat the British wounded. He says: "At daybreak we fell in with a lot of Boers whom we were ordered to charge. We, of course, fired from our saddles and bullets were pouring everywhere. Suddenly my mare fell into a hole and over we rolled. When I was up again the troops had disappeared over the skyline and bullets were raining around me from 12 Boers, who were about 150 yards off. I mounted and made after the troops. Eleven of the Boers dismounted and poured a line of bullets after me — Mausers, Lee-Metfords, Mannlichers, soft-nosed, explosive and dumdum all flew around me. One wounded my mare and another went through my hat. Looking round I found a Boer on a big horse coming up rapidly on me. He it was that put the bullet through my hat. I slewed in my saddle and fired three times; the third was the last in my magazine, and taking as good aim as possible I fired. He rode for a second, reeled forward, then backward and fell in lump to the ground. I rode on and came up with some of my troop, who had halted on a raise. Suddenly a scout came along and told the captain that a large number of Boers were coming. As our party only numbered 12 they had to go. I volunteered to remain with the wounded man. Our men had no sooner gone, taking my rifle and ammunition with them, I putting on a white scarf on my arm, when a Boer commando swept down on me.

RAISED THEIR RIFLES.

They knocked me down, stripped me and nearly broke my ribs in with their rifles. Six of them raised their rifles to shoot me, but the commandant stopped them. They also stripped the wounded man and then rode away, taking my pony, watch, clothes, money, and a small keepsake I had. The day was wet and shiveringly cold, but in about two hours' time a Cape cart came to pick me up. The Boers came again and stripped the orderly (Red Cross, too), who drove it. We put the wounded man in and went on and met our S.A.C. doctor, with a man of our squad with an explosive bullet through his chest. More dying man of his clothes, taking also his horse, saddle, etc., two pack mules and medicines. They only left us the Cape cart after a lot of bother. Then they told us to go, and fired after us to make us go faster. The Cape cart is as big as a wheel barrow, and only held the wounded man doubled up. We had no grub for 22 hours. Being barefooted our feet were all blood, and the cold at night was awful. Our side lost one dead, four wounded, and 15 captured. The Boers lost five dead, 10 wounded and four captured. Such was the fight at Scotland, O.R.C., Feb. 22, 1902.

TWENTY YEARS OF AGE

Crown Prince of Germany Celebrates his Twentieth Birthday

Special to The Times,

Berlin, May 6 — There was a gala time at Potsdam to-day in celebration of the twentieth birthday of the Crown Prince of Germany, Frederick William. Congratulations were received at the palace from all parts of the empire and from the various courts of Europe. Gossip says that an announcement may be expected soon of the engagement of the Crown Prince to Princess Alice of Albany. The report probably owes its origin to the recent visit paid by Princess Alice to Potsdam. It would cause no surprise, however, if the report proved true, for Frederick William's fondness for the young English princess has been the subject of remark ever since he paid his visit to England two years ago.

The two are about the same age, Princess Alice having celebrated her nineteenth birthday last month. She is the daughter of the Duchess of Albany, widow of the Duke of Albany, son of the late Queen Victoria. He died March 28, 1884. The Duchess is a daughter of the late Prince George of Waldeck. Princess Alice has the reputation of being a most sympathetic and sweet-natured girl, and is a great favorite with her aunt, Queen Emma of Holland.

SURRENDER OF SAN DOMINGO

Change of Government in One of the West India Islands

Special to The Times,

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, West Indies, Friday, May 2,—The Dominican capital capitulated today to the revolutionary forces commanded by General Horatio Vasquez, the Vice-President of the Republic. President Jiminez sought refuge in the French Consulate, and many Government officers obtained shelter in the French and American Consulates. The revolutionary troops entered the capital quietly. There was no enthusiasm shown by the population at the entry of the victorious army. As this despatch is sent no foreign war ships have arrived here.

The approach of the revolutionists to the capital was announced after two day's heavy fighting between the Government troops and the forces of Gen. Vasquez, during which many were killed or wounded on both sides.

President Jiminez consented to the drawing up of a treaty of capitulation, which was to provide a full guarantee for the safety of the officials, employes and defenders of the Government as well as for the security of personal property. The President and the Ministers, it was further aggreed, were not to leave the country before the submission of all the authorities of the different districts of Santo Domingo had been received, and all political prisoners were to be liberated. The revolutionary army entered San Domingo at 11 a.m. the same day (Friday) and took possession of the Government buildings. The form of the new Government of Santo Domingo has not been decided upon.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED.

Monte Christi, Republic of Santo Domingo, May 8.—Further confirmation was received here to-day of the surrender of San Domingo, capital of Santo Domingo, Friday last, to the revolutionary forces commanded by Vice-President Vasquez. The provincial government established there will retain power until new elections have been held.

Peace is completely re-established in the southern part of Santo Domingo.

Advices from Puerto Plata, on the north coast, announce that the crew of the Dominican war vessel at that port has sided with the insurgents and yesterday conveyed to Governor General Deschamps an order to surrender. An agreement providing for a suspension of hostilities with Puerto Plata was signed later in the day, so as to permit the drawing up of the conditions on which the Port will capitulate to the revolutionists.

TO MAKE FAST TIME

C.P.R. to Spend a Million on the Line From Smith's Falls to Toronto

Montreal, May 7—The executive of the C.P.R. has ordered the following construction work for the coming season: A million dollars will be expended for grades on the main line between Smith's Falls and Toronto, by which the grades will be reduced, many curves eliminated, and the hauling capacity of locomotives increased by 70 per cent. West Selkirk extension to Winnipeg 25 miles. Forest extension on Great Northwest Central, 12 miles westward. Wellwood extension to Brookdale, 10 miles. Waskada extension, from Waskada for 20 miles. Snowflake extension, southeasterly to Moberly 10 miles. Yorktown extension 33 miles northwesterly. Pleasant Hills extension, 100 miles northwesterly. From Lauder to Glemboro, 70 miles. From Lauder to western boundary of Manitoba, 24 miles. From Osborne, 36 miles southwesterly. In British Columbia, 35 miles will be constructed on Arrowhead and Kootenay Lake, to Girard to Trout Lake, on the main line from field to Ottertail, 7 miles, thus improving grades.

Exhaustion Of Nerve Force Is Common to Springtime

Paine's Celery Compound

Banishes

Nervous Prostration, Hysteria and Sleeplessness

Any intelligent man or woman can easily detect victims of nervous troubles by taking a ten minute walk on any of the crowded streets of our cities or towns. The observer will note countenances full of feverish anxiety, haggard looks, unsteady hands, faltering steps, twitching muscles, pallid faces, and startled, anxious looks when unusual noises are made. Such people are, without doubt, victims of nervous prostration, hysteria or insomnia. The whole system suffers—the brain, the spinal cord and the sympathetic system.

It is unnecessary to dilate minutely on the causes of nervousness. Business cares and disappointments, haste after riches and honors, social and household worries, sexual and alcoholic excesses, watching and anxiety, and loss of near and dear ones, all contribute to the breaking down of the nervous organism of men and women.

In earnest words we set before this afflicted class the truth that Paine's Celery Compound affords a speedy and sure cure for all forms of nervous disease. The great medicine is a perfect restorer of nerve force and power; a sure builder and strengthener of the weak and debilitated system.

Paine's Celery Compound has enabled thousands in every city and town in our land to renew and invigorate their health and keep their places in business and in society. In all large centres where nervous diseases are common, the best physicians prescribe Paine's Celery Compound with continued success.

A few bottles of nature's health restorer used during the month of May will completely banish all nervous disorders, by giving new nerve force, purer blood, better digestion, normal appetite and refreshing sleep. In a word, Paine's Celery Compound will give you the full powers of robust manhood and true womanhood.

Two of the De Wets Sentenced

Special to The Times,

London, May 8 — A despatch from Aliwal North, Cape Colony, says the Treason Court in session there has sentenced David Dewet to pay a fine of £500 or serve a year's imprisonment. Pieter De Wet has been found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of £1,000 or serve two years in prison. A previous telegram declared that Pieter De Wet had been acquitted.

CHINESE ATTACK JESUITS

Rebels Said to Have Surrounded Their Headquarters at Hsienhsien

Special to the Times,

Pekin, May 7—An unconfirmed report has reached here that rebels have surrounded and fired upon the Jesuit headquarters at Hsienhsien, one of the largest in China.

The Throne has ordered Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai to see that the French priest who was murdered recently by rebels has a suitable burial. The priest's head was carried a hundred miles south of the place where he was killed.

The Board of Foreign Affairs acknowledges the existence of the revolt.

Consul Kahn, representing the French legation, had an interview yesterday with Yuan Shih Kai at Pao-ting-fu. The Viceroy stated that the conditions in the disturbed district are serious, and that more men had revolted than had been reported. He urged M. Kahn not to depart for Cheng-ting-fu without an escort of troops. M. Kahn's mission to Cheng-ting-fu is to investigate the murder of the French priest.

Prince Ching, one of the military governors of Pekin, who holds other high offices, has asked for ten days leave of absence.

NAVY FOR AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

Emperor Francis Asks for Funds for New Warships and More Men

and improve it at once.

Budapest, Austria, May 8.—"As in the past, so in the future, the constant endeavor of my Government will be directed to fostering closer relations with our allies, as well as feelings of confidence with all other powers, thus contributing to the maintenance and consolidation of European peace."

This was the most interesting passage from a general international viewpoint in the reply of the Emperor and King, Francis Joseph, to-day to the address of the delegations of Austria-Hungary at the reception held in the castle at Budapest.

The Emperor also made a brief but important reference to the Balkan situation, saying:

"Our unvarying and friendly understanding with the Russian Empire concerning events in the near East is conductive to the continued maintenance of order and tranquility in these regions."

His Majesty remarked that since the last session of the delegations, the general political situation had in no way undergone any material change. He paid a tribute to the Austrian-Hungarian forces employed in the China expedition, and referred to the necessity for increased expenditure for the artillery, for improved naval stations, and for indispensable increases in the personnel of the fleet and for the construction of ships.

Items of Interest

"PEACE PROBABLE."

London, May 8.—The wife of General Lucas Meyer, the Commander of the Orange Free State, forces, who is in this country, received a cable message from her husband yesterday saying that peace in South Africa was probable.

CANADIANS' SEATS FOR CORONATION

Ottawa, May 8.—Lord Strathcona wires to the Prime Minister to-day as follows: "Colonial Office have placed six hundred seats at my disposal to view coronation and Royal processions June 26 and 27. Price of tickets about ten shillings each day. Please give publicity to statement, so that persons wishing to have names recorded may write me at once, giving particulars and stating whether tickets desired for one day or both. If applications exceed the number, must resort to ballot. No definite promises yet possible. Seats will be allotted end of month, and any not taken up and paid for by June 20 will be recalled. (Signed), Strathcona."

TROOPER PATON DIED OF FEVER.

Ottawa, May 8—The following casualties have been reported to His Excellency the Governor-General by the Casualty Department in South Africa:

William Brock, South African Constabulary, dangerously ill of enteric fever at Pretoria, May 4. His mother is Mrs. J. Brock, Newmarket, Ont.

Ernest Hugh Paton, South African Constabulary, died of enteric fever May 2 at Pretoria. His father is Mr. Hugh Paton, 153 Bleecher street, Waterworks Department, Toronto.

William G. Shanks, South African Constabulary, leg amputated, dangerously ill at Potchefstroom, May 4. His brother is T. Shanks of Pettypiece, Manitoba.

E. Redswell, 2nd C.M.R., ill of enteric fever Pietermaritzburg, will shortly rejoin his regiment. Redswell belongs to Medicine Hat.

Pte. M. Murphy, Peterborough, and A. Pearson, Toronto, the former wounded at Hart's River, and the latter ill of enteric, are still in hospital.

CLAIM RICE'S MILLIONS.

Winnipeg, Man., May 8.—Mrs. John A. Lee, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, and Amos Sparks, three grandchildren of Lucy Rice (deceased), who married Sparks of Ottawa, and who is mentioned in despatches as next of kin of Millionaire Rice, who was murdered in New York, have filed claims to the latter's immense estate. All reside in High Bluff district, Manitoba, and so good apparently are their claims that all who are now poor will shortly become millionaires.

London, May 8.—Military operations in Cape Colony, says the Cape Town correspondent of the Times, are less affected than in other districts by the Boer meetings on the subject of peace. The enemy are not numerous, but the enormous area of the country and the smallness of each burgher band render it difficult for the British columns to press the Boers when operating at a great distance from the base.

The correspondent says the pick of the enemy are some Transvaalers who accomplished General Smuts in a hurried tour on the Midlands, and there crossed the railway to the western districts. One body, comprising five or six commandos, has for some time been devoting its attention to the railway from Port Alworth to O'Okiep, and is still interrupting traffic. Another has its headquarters in Great Fish River Valley, 200 miles away, watching and occasionally worrying the blockhouse lines. Two or three commandos have headed north. A small party of Boers is again wandering in Camdeboo district, keeping close to the shelter afforded by the mountains.

The correspondent says the chief need is a railway in the open country west and north of the main line. This would

THE BOER OPERATIONS IN CAPE COLONY AREA

Enemy Not Numerous But the Enormous Area of the Country Renders the Campaign a Difficult One to Wage

Special to The Times,

London, May 8.—A despatch to The Times from Cape Town says that normal operations in Cape Colony are less affected than other districts by the Boer meetings for peace. The enemy is not numerous, but the enormous area of the country renders the campaign difficult. The pick of the enemy are some Transvaalers who accompanied General Smuts in his hurried tour of the midlands and then across the railway to the Western district. One body comprising six commandoes has been interrupting traffic on the railway between Port Nolloth and O'Kelp; another has headquarters two hundred miles away in the great Fish River valley watching the block-house line. Three commandoes have headed north; a small party of Boers is again wandering in the Camdeboo district, keeping close to the mountains. The chief need is a railway in the open country west and north of the main lines.

facilitate present operations, and eventually prove a pacifying factor as well as a fruitful source of revenue.

THE QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

The Hague, May 8.—Queen Wilhelmina's physicians issued this morning the following bulletin from Castle Loo:

"Yesterday evening there was a very slight increase in the temperature of her Majesty; but she had a good night, and this morning there is a complete absence of fever. The patient's general condition is satisfactory."

The 2 p.m. bulletin announced that the condition of her Majesty was "satisfactory up to the present."

St. Petersburg, May 8 — Martial law has been proclaimed in five districts in the province of Poltava.

Berlin, May 8 — A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Tageblatt says that peasants in Tomsk have broken open and emptied a State corn depot after a conflict with the police.

A semi-official denial is given to the reports that conflicts have occurred between Moscow and Vladimir, and that Uhlans refused to attack workingmen.

London, May 8 — The Odessa correspondent of the Daily Mail has interviewed a barrister who was present at the trial of Balabascheff, the man who assassinated M. Sipiaguine, Russian Minister of the Interior. The prisoner declared that he had a host of accomplices, but said it was impossible to name them. He added voluntarily that the Czar was safe from the reformers' hands, he being a well-meaning, noble-hearted young man, who was not endowed with the capacities necessary to be an autocrat. Nevertheless, owing to his good qualities of heart and mind his safety would be loyally respected. War against the Ministers, however, would be carried on until liberties were conceded. In conclusion Balabascheff said:

"We ask neither grace nor mercy. We are working for those coming after us, and we expect nothing for ourselves."

SALISBURY IS IN A HAPPY MOOD.

London, May 8.—The Premier, Lord Salisbury, as President of the annual Grand Habitation of the Primrose League, at Albert Hall this afternoon spoke to an immense audience, in a much less pessimistic vein than when he was last time heard in public. He congratulated the League on the staunch support given to Conservative Governments, one result of which was that Great Britain was now supreme in Egypt, while, with regard to Ireland, the country need no longer fear the "insane, suicidal projects of Imperial disruption supported by many of the Opposition statesmen."

THREE BOYS SAIL AWAY.

New Haven, Conn., May 7.— James S. Gray, aged 15 years, George Carding, 14, and John Corbett, 13, are somewhere in a 14-foot, brown-painted sharpie on the waters between their home port, Stony Creek, and the Maine coast, if they haven't been gobbled up by the police or haven't gone to Davy Jones' locker. They had been stocking the charpie for several days with food for a long cruise. Then they sailed away in the dark on Saturday night.

Each knows something about handling sharpies. They left word they would be gone three months. An alarm has been sent out to every port between here and Bar Harbor to hold the young tars.

THE SAILING OF THE CESTRIAN.

Halifax, May 7.—The troopship Cestrian with the Third Regiment, C.M.R., and half of the Fourth Regiment, will probably sail about the end of this week. It was expected that the vessel would cast off about Friday, but this is now conceded to be possible.

DR. GRANT GROWING WORSE.

Kingston May 8.—Principal Grant's condition gives increasing cause for alarm. Yesterday he was attacked by severe chills, accompanied by an almost total suppression of the action of the kidneys. Last night an operation was successfully performed, though little hope of the recovery of the patient is held out. The patient lapses into unconscious spells. It is felt that the end is drawing near, that the Principal will not live to see celebrated the 25th anniversary of his coming to Queen's.

Asthma Can be Cured

Thousands of testimonials conclusively prove that Asthma can be permanently cured by inhaling Catarrhozone, a vegetable antiseptic that destroys at once the germs causing the disease. Catarrhozone gives immediate relief to the distressing cough and suffocating sensations, makes breathing easy and regular and insures undisturbed sleep. Catarrhozone cures Asthma that doctors are unable to relieve and can cure you. The Catarrhozone inhaler is made of hard rubber, fits into the vest pocket and can be used at work, in church, in the street, in bed—any place—at any time. Two months' treatment (guaranteed), price $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Try Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills.

DEVLIN WILL REMAIN TO WORK UNCLE SAM

Redmond Says the Irish League Will Have 100,000 Members

SEPARATION FROM ENGLAND.

Is the Object of the Organization—An Independent Ireland would Mean the Downfall of Britain

Special to the Times,

New York, May 7 — William Redmond, M.P., delegate to America with Joseph Devlin, from the United Irish League, has returned to this city after a two months' tour through the west. He has organized branches of the league and addressed large meetings in the principal cities on nearly every night of his trip. Mr. Redmond says that, even in the best days of the Parnell movement, he never saw more encouraging meetings than those which welcomed him and his message to this country.

"The League bids fair to be the strongest organization of its kind that has ever been brought together," he said. "It will have several hundred thousand members in this country alone and it is quite probable that a convention will be had before long, at which my brother and several of the other Irish Nationalist leaders will be present."

Mr. Redmond will return to Ireland in about two weeks, but Joseph Devlin, who is now speaking in the New England States, will remain several months.

Prinsloo Escapes From the Boers

Special to the Times,

London, May 8 — A despatch from Pretoria says that ex-Commandant Prinsloo, who surrendered to the British and was afterward captured by the Boers, has escaped. He arrived at Springfontein yesterday.

WEATHER [illegible]

Probs. To-day—Moderate winds; mostly westerly; fine and moderately warm.

Rain has fallen generally and heavily in Ontario and Quebec, attended by numerous thunderstorms; clearing conditions are now indicated for the lakes, spreading eastward to-night, and more settled weather now promises to prevail.

THE BOER CAPTIVES ARE WELL FED

Windsor Man Speaks of the Treatment of Boers in Bermuda

THEY HAVE NO REGULAR WORK

Repairs to Piers and Other Odds and Ends of Jobs—Idling About in the Sunshine

Special to the Times,

Windsor, May 8.—J. L. Marcourt, the manager of the Windsor branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, has returned from the Bermuda Islands, after spending the winter in that island resort. During his sojourn at Bermuda, Mr. Marcourt had an unusual opportunity to see how the Boer prisoners of war, who are being kept there under British surveillance, are being treated, and his report differs widely from some which have been made concerning the British treatment of the vanquished Boer.

"What do I think of the manner in which the Boer is being treated in Bermuda," said Mr. Marcourt in reply to the question. "Well, I want to say, and I think the United States Consul at Hamilton, will verify my statement, that the prisoners of war who are confined on the islands in the vicinity are treated as well as, or even better than, prisoners of any previous war have ever been by any nation or under any circumstances.

LIBERALLY FED.

"As nearly as I could make out, there are in the neighborhood of 5,000 here. As regards the food the Boers are receiving, from what I was able to learn from observation and inquiry, I believe they are fed on exactly the same food as that given to British soldiers, and in a good many respects superior to some rations served in campaign times. A baker named Thompson, of the city of Hamilton, Bermuda, has the contract for the bread, supplying thousands of loaves every day, which are as sweet and fresh as on your or my table. The other rations are regular army fare, and handed out liberally and no complaint is ever heard from the prisoners as to food.

"The Boers have no labor to perform, that is, no regular work. When a pier is out of repair or little odds and ends of jobs have to be attended to, a small detachment of them is sent to do it, but most of them lie idly about, basking in the sunshine and enjoying themselves. It's a kind of little heaven for them, for they fare better than they would were they on their native veldt. The climate is a delightful one. The prisoners are housed in tents, arranged in long rows, military style, and are very comfortably situated."

GIVE THE BOY LONG TROUSERS

If his legs deserve them. But spare the mother's feelings.—Give him long trousers that won't make him "A LITTLE OLD MAN." Trousers cut to grace the most ungainly age.

Dress him RIGHT and don't say, "Be careful of your clothes" If he is a lively boy, he will forget your instructions; If he is inclined to be quiet, or if he is not well, he will be in constant fear of soiling or tearing his suit, and he will lose the benefit of the healthful exercise.

DRESS HIM RIGHT AND GIVE HIM HIS FREEDOM

If you want to know how to dress him right, bring him to GOUGH'S and we will show you suits that will not show the dirt; suits that are stronger in the seams than the boy; suits that will wear "like iron" and every one of them handsome and stylish. In everything somebody must be first. We choose to be first in BOYS CLOTHING—FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN QUALITY—FIRST IN FAVOR. The larger the business, the smaller the cost of doing business.

ECONOMIC PRICES FOLLOW AS A NATURAL SEQUENCE.

Gough Bro's.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 5c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 8, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The valiant Major will go away back and sit down after the 29th.

• • • •

See that your name is on the voters' list, or, if not, have it put on.

• • • •

There is no truth in the statement, "A married man lives longer than a single one." Some married men just think they do.

• • • •

Hon. J. R. Stratton has been a good friend to West Peterborough. It was only to satisfy a small clique that he was not accorded the seat by acclamation.

• • • •

It is only a question of majority. It will be to the interests of Peterborough to give Mr. Stratton a large majority, so that his position may be strengthened in the government.

• • •

The Times is not a Grit sheet. It is a paper that has always stood up for anything and everything that was likely to promote the best interests of the town and county. That's why it would like to see Mr. Stratton elected.

• • • •

The Brockville town council will on June 4th submit three by-laws to the ratepayers. One for a bonus of $20,000 to the union factory of St. John's, Que., to remove to Brockville; another for $11,000 to repair Victoria Hall, and a third of $10,000 for the erection of buildings for the Unionville Fair, which it is proposed to remove from Forthton to Brockville.

• • • •

By the Morgan shipping deal, if alarmist journals in London are to be credited, Mr. Morgan holds Canada by the throat to the extent of prohibiting British emigration to the Dominion, to meet which a joint Anglo-Canadian state steamship service is suggested. Other proposals include British legislation making illegal all secret or postponed steamship rebates, cancelling all differential rates which favor foreigners, and creating a Government veto upon the sale of all British shipping lines.

• • • •

Many persons think of Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan as a capitalist of enormous wealth, who finances great enterprises with his own money. The truth appears to be that Mr. Morgan is only a hired broker, and that his extraordinary talent for organizing corporations, whose stock is mainly held by other men, is employed on occasion, like that of any other specialist of great skill. All specialists get high fees, and Mr. Morgan's commissions are not insignificant. He takes them in the form of stock in the enterprise he organizes. Rumor says he got $12,500,000 for managing the steamship merger; $100,000,000 for arranging the United States Steel Corporation; $20,000,000 from the Metropolitan Securities Company; and $15,000,000 each from the Northern Securities Company and the American Bridge Company. Mr. Morgan has acted as manager for various lesser combinations, for which figures are not given. Though he appears to be only a broker on commission, business is pretty good with Mr. Morgan, and, if his services continue to be in the same demand, he may hope to become a rich man himself before he dies.

Peck's Bad Boy.

Professor Harry Thurston Peck, editor of the "Bookman," has written a delightful story for children. It is entitled "The Adventures of Mabel." A few days ago a woman entered one of the Chicago stores to buy a book for her little girl, says the "Record-Herald."

"How old is she?" the clerk asked.

"Five."

"Here is a nice tale for a child of that age," the clerk said, handing out Professor Peck's story about Mabel.

The woman took the book, looked at the title page, and then handed it back, saying:

"Mercy! I don't want that in my house. I've read some of that stuff he wrote about that bad boy, and that's enough for me."

Out of His Province.

A soap-maker and a banker were at a Wagner concert, says the "Christian Register." The programme did not please them, and they began to talk.

"Every man," said the banker, "wants to do something outside of his own work."

"Yes," answered the soap-maker. "I manufacture good soap, and yet I've always wanted to be a banker."

"You wouldn't be a good one. I am a successful banker, but I always wanted to write a book. And now here's this man Wagner tries his hand at music. [illegible] And yet we [illegible] good parlor-game."

The Wiles of Women.

George Akerside "did" the book reviews for the Tolchester "Courier," and wrote the more flippant editorials. He had a smart style, a general, if somewhat superficial, knowledge on a large number of subjects, and was looked upon by many of his brother journalists as a coming man. George himself thought that he was the coming man. His reviews were conceded by all but the authors interested to be quite amusing, and the "Courier" had justly obtained a name for merciless use of the literary pillory. When George Akerside got hold of a really bad book he exulted as a strong man about to run a race, and such was the feeling which possessed him as he turned over the leaves of "Her Heart a Target," by Mona Mulready. The fact that the author was a woman did not weigh with him one iota. The book was trash unadulterated, with an occasional soupçon of mild impropriety, and abounded in opportunities for the exercise of his peculiar gift. Slipshod grammar, ill-constructed sentences, and glaring improbability of plot, he handled with the light and graceful touch of an expert, and when he conned his review over, before consigning it to the hands of the printer, he felt with a glow of satisfaction that he had surpassed himself. He read it to the managing editor, who laughed heartily, and said it was rather a shame to handle a woman's first attempt without gloves.

"Gloves be hanged!" replied George. "There are too many fancying they can write nowadays. Anything that will discourage that sort of people, irrespective of sex, is a positive boon to humanity."

"You wrote a novel yourself, once, George, didn't you?" asked the managing editor, rather unkindly, and the reviewer went away without replying, for his work had proved a painfully slow sale, and he disliked to be reminded of it.

When George Akerside had concluded his Saturday's work by a personal supervision of the make-up of "Timely Book Chat," in which his review of Mona Mulready's novel occupied a leading place, he decided to treat himself to a few hours of recreation, and betook himself to Springfield Park, a summer resort, lying within a few miles of Tolchester. He was not a person of strong gregarious instincts, but was by no means averse to agreeable feminine society at times, and when he encountered an old friend, a Mrs. Walthorpe, accompanied by one extremely pretty girl, and one particularly plain one, he readily accepted an invitation to join the party. Mrs. Walthorpe introduced him to her companions as the literary critic of the "Courier," and George noticed that both girls regarded him with appreciative interest, in which a flattering infusion of alarm at contact with so eminent a literary personage was apparent.

In order to dispel any consciousness of inferiority on the part of the young ladies, George laid himself out to be agreeable, and succeeded so well that before long he found himself tete-a-tete with Miss Katharine Garniture, the pretty one, and conversing on terms of delightful familiarity.

Although she did not say so in so many words, Miss Garniture deftly conveyed the impression that she felt herself highly honored by his attentions, and, being a clever girl, as well as a pretty one, made such good use of her opportunities that George began seriously to doubt whether his frequently-expressed views on the advantages of a bachelor existence were not based upon radically unsound premises. He eagerly accepted Mrs. Walthorpe's suggestion that he should remain for tea at her cottage, and when, at the conclusion of the meal, that lady suggested that Miss Garniture should show him a darling little bit of scenery up the river, he felt that she was a friend worth having.

"It must be a terrible thing to be a literary critic," said Miss Garniture.

They had inspected the scenery, which George, looking hard at Miss Garniture's blushing countenance the while, had pronounced one of the most perfect pieces of God's handiwork he had ever seen, and now they were drifting comfortably down the slow current, the girl idly dabbling her hand in the water and George leaning on his oars watching her.

"Why do you think it is so terrible?" asked George, indulgently. Really this girl was charming.

"You are so horribly severe," she replied. "I always turn to 'Book Chat' the first thing when I get the Sunday paper. I cannot help laughing over the reviews, but I cannot help feeling sorry for the poor authors, and—and I am afraid."

"Why should you fear?" said the young man, laughing. "You are not an authoress, are you?"

Miss Garniture blushed in evident embarrassment. She withdrew her hand from the water, and fell to examining a massive diamond and sapphire ring.

"You ought to feel for me," she said at last, in a low voice. "You are an author yourself. I—I read the 'Throes of a World,' and I liked it so much. I seemed to feel a strong man's life throbbing through it."

"And what did you think of the character of Alan Despard?" asked George, glad to find someone who had read and appreciated his magnum opus.

"I thought he was just too lovely for anything," replied the girl, enthusiastically.

"Oh!" said George, blankly. Alan Despard was the villain of the book, and the author had done his best to paint him in the blackest of color.

"But, tell me," he continued, swallowing his discomfiture, "why are you so interested in the book reviews? Have you tried your hand at authorship?"

Once more the girl blushed divinely, and shot a fleeting, tremulous glance at the young man out of an entrancing pair of violet eyes.

"Have you?" she said, softly, with her gaze once more on the water. "Have you read a book called 'Her Heart a Target,' by Mona Mulready? Good gracious! Why are you beginning to row so fearfully hard?"

"I have just remembered an appointment," cried George, in great agitation. "A most important appointment. I must get to town at once!" He stopped rowing for a moment to look at his watch, and thrust it back into his pocket with a something that sounded very much like an oath.

"If you are in such a desperate hurry," said Miss Garniture, sweetly, "you can save time by landing at that little point and taking a short cut through the wood to the street car line. I don't mind rowing home by myself in the least. I am often out here alone. We can finish our conversation some other time, you know," she added.

"If you wouldn't mind," said George, dubiously, as he headed the boat for the shore. "It is really important, you know."

"I am quite vain enough to believe that it must be," Miss Garniture replied, with a smile that completely [illegible]

"And I may call and see you again?" George asked, as he sprang ashore.

"I shall be delighted. It is so seldom that a girl has the opportunity of talking to a clever man."

"Monday afternoon?" hazarded George, intensely flattered.

"Monday, by all means," Miss Garniture replied, "but hurry. I should never forgive myself if you missed an appointment on my account."

She watched him out of sight, waving her handkerchief as he turned to look back at a bend in the path, and then she pushed the boat off, and rowed leisurely homeward, smiling softly to herself.

"Well," queried Mrs. Walthorpe, as Katharine entered the little sitting-room.

"It is well," replied the girl. Then she burst out laughing, and went up to her own room.

• • •

The foreman of the composing-room was superintending the locking-up of the last form of the supplement when George Akerside made a headlong entrance.

"Is the 'Book Chat' page broken up?" he asked, between gasps.

"No, it ain't," replied the foreman, "but the plate's on the press, and we start running in fifteen minutes."

"Thank God!" cried George. "You'll have to cast a new plate. I've got to make some alterations in one of the reviews. Now, it's no use kicking, old man. We can't let it go the way it stands and hold our jobs."

He snatched a handful of proofs from a hook, and, disregarding the uncomplimentary remarks of the outraged foreman, rushed down to his office.

It is no easy matter to convert curses into blessings at a few minutes' notice, and so George found to his cost, as he ran his eye over the devastating sentences of his review. The beginning was not promising. "While 'Her Heart a Target' can scarcely be called a welcome addition to modern literature, Miss Mulready has undoubtedly deserved the thanks of a large number of literary aspirants. She has demonstrated that there exist publishers who are apparently willing to accept a work on the unsupported recommendation of the author."

With a few scratches of the pen he changed this to read: "'Her Heart a Target' can, without flattery, be called a welcome addition to modern literature, and Miss Mulready has undoubtedly earned the thanks of a large number of intelligent readers." There were certain passages which defied all attempts at remodeling, and had to be eliminated altogether, particularly a collection of paragraphs, carefully culled from the work, and prefaced by an introduction to the effect that "The following extracts, selected at random, may be fairly quoted as examples of the author's style."

By these excisions the review was abbreviated to about one-half its original length, but what was left was crammed so full of effusive commendation that George could not help wondering, in the midst of his relief, what the managing editor would say when he read it. He handed the proofs to the foreman, soothed his irritation with a couple of choice cigars, and a little judiciously administered flattery, and went home to enjoy, in anticipation, his approaching interview with the charming Miss Garniture.

To the managing editor on Monday morning George candidly confessed the reason for his sudden change of front, and that gentleman, who, beneath a matter-of-fact exterior, hid the workings of a romantic soul, cheerfully bade him "Go in and win."

"It's high time you were getting married, George," he said, "and you might drop in to-night and let me know, on the quiet, how things are going."

When George reached the Walthorpe cottage, he found Miss Garniture alone in the sitting-room, with the "Courier" supplement in her hand. She greeted him with charming cordiality.

"How good you are," she said. "I have just been reading over your review for the tenth time. You do put things so nicely. Do you know, I have a strong suspicion that you rushed off in such a hurry on Saturday night on purpose to write that article. Now, confess."

"We were intending to keep it for next Sunday," George replied, disingenuously, "but I felt sure that you would be anxious to see what we had to say about the book. I am glad you are pleased."

"It is just lovely," replied the girl. "If I ever write a book, I hope you will review it."

"If you ever write a book!" echoed George, laughing. "Why, you have written a book, haven't you?"

"I?" replied the girl. "Good gracious, no! What makes you think that? I couldn't write a book to save my life."

"Do you mean to say," cried the young man, gasping in bewilderment, "that you are not Mona Mulready?"

Miss Garniture laughed, a little nervously. "What a ridiculous idea!" she said.

"But you said on Saturday night——"

"I never said that I was the author, surely, Mr. Akerside, but I did want you to know that I was interested in the book. It was written by a—by a very dear friend of mine."

"Then I may still be happy in the thought that I have rendered you a slight service?" said George, somewhat relieved.

"A great service, Mr. Akerside," replied the girl. "You have no idea how anxious he and I both are that his book should be a success."

"He!" cried George. "Do you mean to say that Mona Mulready is a man!"

"Isn't it an absurd nom-de-plume?" replied Miss Garniture, "but Edward insisted that women's books were more popular just now. I don't know that I ought to have told you, but I am sure you will not talk about it."

George laughed bitterly. "I am the last person likely to talk about it," he said. "May I ask when Edward—I don't know his other name—is likely to bring out another book? I should like to have the reviewing of it."

Miss Garniture blushed and smiled, and fell to twisting her diamond and sapphire ring on her finger.

"Not for some little time, I think," she answered. "I made him promise that he wouldn't do any more writing till—till after we are married."

"Oh!" said George Akerside.

—◆◆◆—

A tramp rang the doorbell of Dr. Mary Morrison's house the other day, and when a pleasant-faced woman came to the door he asked her if she would be so kind as to ask the doctor if he had an old pair of trousers to give to a needy man.

"I'm the doctor," said the smiling woman.

The tramp fled.—Philadelphia Times.

The snow pile is frozen. You slip!
you stumble!
You slip!
You tumble!
You are up in the air
For a second or so,
But while you are there
It has dawned, don't you know,
[illegible]
You get back to the ground
And you are dumped.

The fact that all women suffer during the birth-hour leads a great many women to accept a degree of suffering which is altogether unnecessary. Sometimes it is hours, sometimes days before the struggle is over. No medicine can absolutely eliminate pain from this time of travail, but Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can and does make the baby's advent practically painless. It acts upon the organs of maternity, giving them strength and elasticity. It produces physical comfort and mental cheerfulness. It is an effective tonic, giving the mother abundant nutrition for her child.

"I believe I owe my life to Dr. Pierce's remedies, and have long felt it my duty to acknowledge the benefit I received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Pleasant Pellets,'" says Mrs. Maria O. Haysel, writing from Brookland, D. C. "Six years ago, after the birth of one of my children, I was left in a weak, run-down condition. My health seemed utterly gone. Life was a burden. I doctored with three different physicians and got no relief. I began to get worse, and to add to the complications, I suffered terribly from constipation. I chanced to see one of your advertisements and concluded to try the above remedies. I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and began to improve right away, and continued improving and gaining in strength. I cannot express the relief, it was so great. Seven months later my little daughter was born without much trouble. I feel that I would never have been able to endure my confinement only for the help due solely to Dr. Pierce's medicines. She was a fine, healthy child, and the only one I have ever been able to nurse."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

Intellect vs. Morals.

It is the tendency of a sophisticated age like the present to overestimate intellectual as compared with moral and emotional gifts. The material civilization upon which we pride ourselves is almost entirely the achievement of the intellect. Fame and wealth, luxury, cultivation and leisure—all the big prizes of the world, in fact—are obtained by the successful exercise of the intellect. The moral qualities, of themselves, can procure a man nothing but a clear conscience, and the approval, perhaps mixed with contempt, of his neighbors. And yet, when the intellectual qualities are brought to the test of reality; when one's view of them is not clouded by pride, avarice, or passion, how amazingly does their value shrink and shrivel!—Henry Childs Merwin in "Atlantic Monthly."

Fish Stories in the Talmud.

The Talmud of the Hebrews is a depository in which one would seek for many things before looking for huge fish stories and chronicles of the immemorial sea-serpent; yet there are some specimens therein which would put the veriest son of the sea to shame and show that the early rabbis were not devoid of a keen sense of humor. The following are from the latest section of the English translation by Rabbi Rodkinson:

"Rabba b. Hana said again: 'I have seen an alligator as large as the city of Hagrunia, which contained sixty houses. A snake came and swallowed it, and a large-tailed raven came and swallowed the snake, and then the raven sat on a tree!'"

The translation of another is as follows:

"Rabba said again: 'At one time when on board of a ship I saw a fish into whose gills a reptile crept from which it died, the sea throwing it out on land. And sixty streets were destroyed by its fall, and sixty streets consumed its flesh, and sixty other streets salted the flesh that was left; and from one eye they filled three hundred measures of oil; and when I returned thither after twelve months, I saw its bones being sawed to restore the streets that were destroyed by it!'"

Were the speaker other than Rabba b. Hana, who would have believed this?

"He said again: 'At one time I was on board of a ship, which was driven between two fins of a fish; three days and three nights the fish was swimming against the wind and we were sailing with the wind. . . And R. Ashi said that this was one of the smallest fishes of the sea which has two fins!'"

From the same inexhaustible source we have the following also:

"It once happened that I was going on a boat, and saw a fish on which sand was gathered and grass grown thereupon. And we thought it was an island, descended, baked, and cooked upon it. When the back of the fish grew hot, it turned over, and had the ship not been so near we would have been drowned."

It is scarcely to be wondered at that at the close of one of these marvelous rabbinical tales we should find this remark recorded: "R. Papa b. Samuel said: 'If I had not been there, I should not have believed it!'"

"He may mean well," said the young doctor, "but I don't exactly like the tone of his letter."

"What's the matter?" inquired the old practitioner.

"Jones, the undertaker, writes and says that if I send my patients to him he will guarantee to give them satisfaction."—Judge.

—◆◆◆—

"Miss Alice," said the nervy young man, "I think I will marry you."

"Indeed! Two very remarkable statements, sir!"

"Two! How two?"

"One that you will marry me; the other that you think."—Baltimore News.

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"A good man has gone," wrote the editor of The Hickory Ridge Missourian, in winding up his obituary of Col. Wopjaw. "He was honored and respected by all, and a large concourse of sympathizing friends and neighbors followed to the tomb all that was mortal of our distinguished citizen, except a leg he had the misfortune to lose while fighting bravely at Chickamauga thirty-eight years ago."—Chicago Tribune.

A Story of Cecil Rhodes.

Mr. Cecil Rhodes' latest biographer, Mr. Hensman, contradicts the story that Rhodes ever used the phrase "he never met a man whom he could not buy." The germ of this fiction, Mr. Hensman says, "is to be found in the fact that one day, many years ago, when discussing his proposed telegraph wire from one end of Africa to the other, somebody asked him how he proposed to carry it across the Soudan, which was then under the domination of the Khalifa. 'Oh, leave it to me,' Rhodes answered. 'I never met the man yet that I could not come to an agreement with, and I shall be able to fix things up with the Khalifa when the time comes.' This is the true version of a story that in its distorted form has been so widely circulated."

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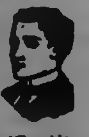
If you are tired in the morning, drowsy and sleepy, feel as if you are overworked, pain in the back, deposits in urine, irritable and easily excited, no ambition, memory poor, haggard expression, or other signs of weakness, call and see me, as I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment a positive cure for these conditions, and you pay when cured. Read this sworn testimonial, none used without permission. $5,000.00 for any I cannot show.

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated by——for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in [illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May 10, [illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above troubles, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured. Aug. 1, [illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. [illegible]. J. HARRIS.

JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.



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Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISters and Solicitors, 375 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $5 to $10 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moore & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG MAN WANTED to learn barber trade. A good opening for a bright, intelligent young man. Apply to David Hall, Snowden House Barber Shop, Peterboro. 6d168

For Sale or to Rent.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 309 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

NEW AL-VISTA PANORAMIC CAMERA Cost $45.00, will sell at a great bargain. Apply Tate Optical Co., 428 George St. 2d168

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LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Host of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address

Miscellaneous

LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co. Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 284 Park, Piano—Polishing, also House—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 284 Park street.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Tower street Toronto

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 29th, 1902.

Observations of John Henry.

"DOWN the Line With John Henry" is the title of an amusing little booklet of sketches in up-to-date slang by the pseudonymous writer, Hugh McHugh, who is disputing with George Ade the right to the particular niche left vacant by the death of the entertaining "Billy Baxter." John Henry is a sporty man-about-town, the very antithesis of Richard Harding Davis's refined Van Bibber. From his account of his experiences at the races with his best girl, we quote a few characteristic extracts:

When we got to the track they were bunching the bones for the first race, so I told Clara Jane I thought I'd crawl down to the ring and plaster two or three thousand around among the needy.

Two or three thousand, and me with nothing but a five-spot in my jeans, and the return ticket money in that!

"Sure!" I said; "I've got a pipe!"

"Well, I hope you won't smoke it near me. I hate pipes!" she said.

"All right; I'll take my pipe down to the betting ring and smoke it there!" I said, and we parted good friends.

(In front of the band stand he met a number of friends ready to give him tips on the winners:

Every Breezy Boy I met had a different bunch, and they called me into the wharf and unloaded.

I figured it out that if I had bet five dollars on each good thing they gave me I would have lost four hundred thousand dollars.

Then I ducked under, sopped up a stein of root beer, and climbed up again to the hurricane deck.

"Did you bet?" enquired Clara Jane.

"Only seven hundred and thirty dollars," I said; "a mere bag o' shells."

I leave a call for 7.30 every morning, and I suppose that's the reason I was so swift with the figures.

"My! what a lot of money!" said the Fair One; "do point out the horse you bet on! I shall be awfully interested in this race!"

(John Henry picked out a horse at random, declaring that the only way it could lose "was for some sore-head to get out and turn the track around.")

Sure enough, the favorite galloped into port and dropped anchor six hours ahead of the other clams.

I win over two thousand two hundred dollars—conversation money—and Bonnie Brighteyes was in a frenzy of delight. . . .

I had a nervous chill for fear she'd declare herself in on the rake-off.

But she didn't, so I excused myself and backed down the ladder to cash in.

(Still the wary John Henry listened to the tips and refrained from betting.)

When I got back to the stand I had a preoccupied air. The five-spot in my jeans was crawling around and begging for a change of scene.

When Clara Jane asked me how much I had bet on the race just about to start, I could only think of nine hundred dollars.

When she wanted to know which horse I pointed my finger at every toad on the track, and said: "That one, over there!"

It won.

At the end of the third race I was $19,218 to the good.

Clara Jane had it down in black and white on the back of an envelope, in figures that couldn't lie.

(John Henry remarked that when Clara begged him to be content with his winnings and not bet any more, he promised, "but she didn't notice that I had my fingers crossed.")

I simply had to have a roll to flash on the way home, so I took my lonely V and went out into the Promised Land after the nuggets Maddy had put me wise to. . . .

(Pretty Boy was his choice, despite the fact that the bookmakers told him he had made a mistake.)

When the horses got away with Pretty Boy in front I started in to stand on my head, but changed my mind and swallowed half the programme.

Pretty Boy at the quarter! Me for Rector's till they put the shutters up!

Pretty Boy at the half! Me down to Tiffany's in the morning dragging tiaras away in a dray!

Pretty Boy at the three-quarter pole! Me doing the free-library gag all over the place!

But just as they came in the stretch Pretty Boy forgot something and went back after it.

The roach quit me cold at the very door of the safety deposit vaults.

(Of course Clara Jane never guessed his plight, for he "rushed down among the ramblers and made a swift touch for the price of a couple of rides home," and on the way back promised Clara Jane that he would be awfully careful of his $19,218—conversation money.)

Humor of the Hour.

Mrs. Society—Gracious! I feel wretched, and this is my at-home day. I do hope no one will call, for I'll be in misery all the time.

Mr. Society—Why, I always thought misery loved company.—Philadelphia Press.

"I am familiar with every rock known," boasted the old bachelor geologist.

"Indeed," rejoined his married sister. "How about the rock of the cradle?"—Chicago News.

Georgiana—George, pa says that I can't marry you because you don't wear overshoes.

George—Overshoes! What have they got to do with it?

Georgiana—Why, George, pa says if a man hasn't got sense enough to take good care of himself he won't have sense enough to take good care of me!—Puck.

Conclusions.

Farmer Prymm (in city theater)—Better take off yer hat, Sary; all the other wimin folks has theirs off. His wife—Let them, the brazen things! Nobody'll ever have a chance to say that I'd do anything in a show-place that I wouldn't do in church.—Brooklyn "Life."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

fatal web that had coiled itself around her, go and leave the girl to her doom!

Saving Lillian meant ruin to herself.

For three days and three nights she pondered over the matter; she scarcely ate, and when her eyes closed — if the truth must be told— she drugged herself to sleep with powerful narcotics— yes! it had come to that.

At last her nervousness grew so intense, if sleep for a few moments overtook her, she woke with a cry of alarm.

She had arisen early one morning—sleep was growing terrible to her, her dreams were so full of horrors—and had gone out into the garden.

It was a lovely summer's morning, the dew was shining on the long grass, on the hedges, on the leaves of the tall trees, and on the brilliant flowers.

Daisy thought to herself the flowers were never so fair as at this beautiful home of hers which she must leave.

But Aleck, whom she loved so well, was going with her, there was great comfort for her in that.

"I used to wonder what people meant when they talked of the agony of death," she thought; "now I know."

How fair life was to her as she walked among the flowers.

Oh, the lovely, laughing summer, the golden sun, the fairy flowers, the sweet singing birds, the fragrant air! Daisy stood in the midst of this loveliness, wondering if heaven would be kind to her, or if her sin would ever find her out.

She was safe here in her husband's princely home. Her eyes wandered round; surely her foe could not enter here.

She looked at the green, waving woods, at the beautiful park, at the pleasure grounds.

The sun shone on the square towers and massive turrets, on the oriel windows and the grand old porch.

A fancy came to her that, if Harold St. John had ever found her here and tried to take her away, she could shut herself up in this stronghold, and hold it against him.

But they would never meet—Heaven would not be so cruel, even if she did send poor Lillian to her doom.

So she reasoned with herself as she walked through the leafy glade.

A broad, running brook sung its pretty song winding through one corner of the grounds.

She stooped down and laved her hot hands in it; it was so cool, this sweet water singing under the shade of the trees; she bathed her face in it.

Ah, Heaven! what a fever of fear and unrest she was in.

Should she save Miss Ruthven by confessing all—or should she brave Heaven's anger still further? Listen to the little birds singing such sweet, fleeting music; would Heaven be so good to a little bird—feed it, keep it, fill its little heart with so much gladness that it overflowed in song, yet be cruel to her?

Look at the flowers, they lived, laughed, loved in the sunshine; would there be more compassion for a violet or for a rose than for her?

She thought not.

It is yet more than a week to the twenty-fourth, she told herself —she must take more time to consider.

A step sounded on the green lawn; she turned with a guilty start, that ended in a sigh of relief, when she found it was her father.

She would have avoided him by taking another path back to the house, but he saw her and called to her.

He noticed how cold the little hands were he clasped in his own, and how deep the shadows were in the great violet eyes he loved so well.

"You are not looking well, my child," he said, with deep concern.

"She is trying to keep it from me," he thought. "I am quite sure she is not on good terms with Aleck yet. They give one side of life to the outside world—even to me; but there is quite another in private."

He drew the curly head on his shoulder and kissed the lovely, velvety lips.

"Something is troubling you, pet," he said; "I feel sure. Confide in your father."

"I was just trying to solve the great problem of life, papa," she said, "and was wondering why I was born. Do you believe that an evil destiny guides some lives, and pursues them until death breaks the poor victims chains? I do!"

"I believe nothing of the kind," declared the honest old farmer. "People make or mar their own lives as the case may be. Your mother, God bless her! used to say, if people kept out of bad company, and walked the straight and narrow path heedless of the thorns that beset the way, they would find heaven at the end of the road. She set great store by you, little Daisy, and made heaps of plans for your future.

"Tell me one thing, are you happy with Aleck, or are you not, child?" he asked, anxiously. "I do not understand the look on your face."

"Believe me, Aleck is my world, papa," she sobbed. "He is to me what the sunshine is to the flowers. He is the other half of my soul. I love him with a love so intense, even the angels in heaven might tremble for me, it is so great and so pitiful. And Aleck, poor Aleck, loves me quite as well as I do him, papa, and trusts me."

"Then what in heaven's name do you wear that death-white face around for if your life is going on happily and well?" demanded her father, in astonishment. "You give people the impression that you are heart-broken— that you are nursing some secret sorrow.

"I would give every dollar I have in the world to see you like you were once, Daisy," he sighed. "Why, you were singing as happily as a lark in the clover meadow from morning till night. Now day and night your eyes are heavy with unshed tears which you try in vain to conceal. You have been a different being ever since the day your sisters, Olive and Hetty, started off on that frolic to Briarvale. Why, how you start, child. What is the matter?"

"It was only a quick, sudden pain at my heart, papa," she answered. "I —I am better now. You must not feel alarmed; indeed, you must not, it is nothing, I assure you."

CHAPTER XXIX.

"I am Anything but Pleased."

It had been decided that Mr. Gordon and Olive should accompany Aleck and Daisy east again on the twenty-fourth.

It wanted but two days to that time now, and still Daisy's courage failed

To be Continued

Ping-Pong in Society.

We have no idea on this side of the Atlantic of the extent to which "ping-pong" has affected English society, but the following from a London paper of late date gives an inkling of the popularity—absurd popularity, one is tempted to say—which it has attained:—

"The nice conduct of the celluloid has become a cult. 'Professors' we have already, and now comes the 'school,' where beginners are coached in the subtleties of our latest form of amusement.

"As befits the high rank of 'ping-pong,' the teaching class is an academy, and its location is the balcony at Niagara Hall. There half a dozen tables (9 feet by 5 feet) are open to students. They absorb the rudiments and go forward to excellence under the skilful tuition of Mr. P. Fleming, son of Tom Fleming, known as the father of lawn tennis.

"Around these tables stand, day by day, scores of men, young and middle-aged, maidens and matrons, eager to qualify for proficiency in the dining-room. Half a crown is the fee per lesson, and when the 'ping-pongers' have picked up some mastery of the game a shilling secures the table for a set.

"Frequently a really good player strolls in and takes a turn. It is as if Stevenson descended on a pool-room and casually 'took a cue,' or MacLaren played as 'Mr. A. N. Other' on a village cricket ground.

"Thursday brings its special diversion. Men and women from the ice rink below come up and play 'ping-pong' on skates.

"Of course, there are no sofas nor cosy corners in this academy, and hence no easy hiding-place for the errant ball. Players do not grovel on dusty floors. Ingenuity has evolved a 'scoop' with a long handle to entrap the wanderer in meshes of elastic.

"The game prospers all round. Mr. Fleming has always plenty of calls on his teaching ability from private houses.

"On Thursday week his Majesty is to visit Niagara and watch the skating champions on the ice. It is not beyond the dreams of 'ping-pongers' that the King may ascend the balcony and look on at a game.

"Nay, the fluttering hope is that Edward VII. will himself take a racquet and his first (public) essay in what somebody in 'Measure for Measure' long ago foretold as 'the game of tick-tack.'"

The same paper, The Express, in another issue raises the point as to whether the craze for "ping-pong" is not a sign of national decay, and really, after reading the above, the suggestion does not seem unreasonable. Mr. Kipling might have done his country a real service if he had attacked "ping-pong" instead of cricket and football. Or can it be that the craze is partly due to his bitter lines, for in yet another reference to the new game it is stated that "suburban athletes have forsaken football and golf to foregather in a stuffy club room on Saturday afternoons and trifle with a celluloid ball"; and again "The National Sporting Club has invested in a championship 'ping-pong' table, and amateur boxers have been seen glaring at each other, not across the ring, but over a miniature net." Surely the "flannelled fools," etc., have gone from bad to worse, and the Imperial bard should shortly be heard from again.

Misfortunes of Some Welshmen.

The following extract from an article by Mr. W. L. Griffith, Canadian Government agent for Wales, in The Western Daily News, Cardiff, gives a picturesque sketch of the misfortunes of the Patagonian Welshmen who are likely to come to Canada shortly:—When the idea of a Welsh colony in Patagonia was first mooted Wales was seething with political discontent. But, strong as this feeling undoubtedly was, it required much effort on the part of Professor Michael Jones of Bala and the Rev. Lewis Jones of Festiniog to prevail upon the small band of people which eventually made the venture. The motives of the self-deceived leaders in the movement will always remain open to debate. The attraction to the rank and file was the vision of free land, immunity from taxes, and the self-government so dear to the heart of the Welshman. Fired with these ideas, the imaginative Cymry saw visions of a Cymric Utopia. They not only cherished these ideals, but they were prepared to do all in their power to compass their realization. They were brave, earnest, laborious, ready and willing to sacrifice self. It is pathetic to think of the shock these brave men and women encountered when they finally landed on the desert shores of New Bay, and discovered that the country they had fondly pictured as one of illimitable resource was nothing but a barren desert, and that their leaders, whom they implicitly trusted, had been guilty of carelessness which was, perhaps, worse than inexcusable. In fairness it must here be stated that Professor Michael Jones squandered a private fortune on what had become his pet project. As they were without means the Welsh people were face to face with starvation. There was nothing to do but, to use an Americanism, "scratch for a living." The history of these people during the first years of the settlement entitles them to the greatest credit.

A Story of Prince Henry.

Prince Henry of Prussia, according to a story told by a diplomat who was once attached to the British Embassy in Berlin, was one day chatting with an English friend in a cafe in Bonn, when he became an object of suspicion to one of those meddling minor officials who flourish in such numbers in Germany. The Prince is too discreet a man to discuss affairs of State in a public place, but on this occasion some subject arose which, while not of general interest, related to the Imperial family. The conversation was in English, and the spying official was acquainted with that language. At length Prince Henry remarked:—"Why, my dear fellow, don't you see that the Emperor would be even crazier than some people seem to believe he is if he did anything like that?"

The official leaned toward his Royal Highness and said: "Sir, are you aware that there is a lese majeste law in this country? Let me hear another remark of that kind, and I make a complaint against you."

The Englishman took in the situation, and a moment afterward remarked: "As I was saying to your Royal Highness before we were interrupted——"

The meddler gasped, rose hastily and withdrew.

He Was Better Off Without It.

Hewitt—Gruet is a very polite fellow. I asked him if he would have a cigar and he said he would. I found I didn't have one, but he thanked me just the same. Jewett—He ought to have thanked you more.—"Judge."

Oldest Inhabitant—We don't have any such winters now as we had when we were boys.

Next Oldest—No, but we have a whole lot more [illegible], which makes 'em [illegible].—Indianapolis News.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

The Poultry Yard.

Selecting Layers.

While in every flock of poultry there are good, bad and indifferent layers, not all poultry-keepers take the trouble to discriminate and set the eggs of only the good layers. The points that distinguish a good from an indifferent layer are the increased activity of the former, and she usually has a small head and extra bright eye, but these latter points want a trained eye to detect. Good layers can be found not only among pure breeds and first crosses, but among the so-called mongrels, but in every case they are the most active in the flock and the hungriest, which is easily explained by the fact that they are often laying when the others are not, and a laying hen is always more eager for food, or at least wants more food, than one not laying. A very good layer seldom, if ever, lays a large egg; it is of medium size only, and for this reason often gets overlooked when eggs are chosen for setting. Some poultry-keepers choose the biggest eggs for this purpose, but the medium sized ones will hatch just as fine chickens as a rule. The eggs of a good layer should always be set, for her progeny are very likely to take after her; a cockerel descended from a good layer is of more value in the breeding-pen than one from a moderate layer only.—C. D. L., in Farm and Home.

Unfertile Eggs.

It is generally best to set several hens at the same time, so that unfertile or addled eggs can be thrown out on the sixth or seventh day, and a redistribution made of the remainder, giving a full supply to each hen as far as they will go, and leaving perhaps one or two birds with none at all. These can be reset again with fresh eggs, and they will be little or none the worse of the extra week's work.

It is always advisable to throw out the useless eggs as soon as their presence can be detected. They are simply taking up space in the nest, and perhaps preventing full justice being done to the others. It is often possible to pick them out on the fifth day, but they can generally be detected with certainty on the seventh. The procedure is extremely simple. Encircle the egg to be tested between the thumb and forefinger, lengthways, and hold up between the eye and a gas jet or candle flame. If it is fertile it will appear to be quite opaque, the air space at the thick end showing clearly against the dark centre; while, if the egg is unfertile, it will show quite clear all over. Such eggs as the latter may at once be thrown out. If the contents seem muddy, and appear to shift as the egg is moved in the hand, very likely it is addled, and may be thrown out also. If there is any doubt as to such an egg, it may be replaced in the nest, and retested a day or two after. Its true condition can then be ascertained with certainty. If such an egg rattles when slightly shaken, it is going rotten fast.—Farmer and Stock Breeder.

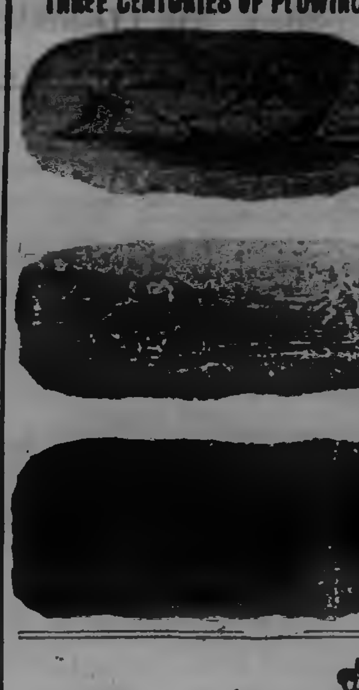
Brown Eggs and White Eggs.

Among the many popular fallacies which are prevalent at the present day there is none more common (even to a large extent among educated people) than the belief in the superiority of a brown egg over a white one. It is certainly true that a rich-colored brown egg looks more tempting on the breakfast table than does one of the cream-colored eggs which are most frequently seen. A cream-colored egg in most cases is a stale egg—it is a brown egg that has lost its color to a greater or less extent, and with its color, too, has gone the bloom of freshness which is so characteristic of a new-laid egg. Although, as a rule, the richly-colored brown eggs are first selected at the morning breakfast table, yet at the same time if the white eggs were of that pure white color which is characteristic of the Minorca and Leghorn and the Andalusian—that is to say, if they were always of a pure white color, not a creamy color—I fancy they would be taken up more rapidly. The hotelkeeper who has to display on his breakfast tables a number of eggs would make them look more attractive if he would only place before his guests eggs which are either absolutely white or rich dark-brown intermingled.

But now what is the difference between a brown egg and a white one? Experiments have been tried from time to time with a view to comparing the composition of brown eggs and white eggs, and these experiments have revealed the fact that there is absolutely no difference whatever between a brown egg and a white egg so far as their chemical composition is concerned. It is six of one and half a dozen of the other, and the notion that, because an egg is brown in color, therefore it is richer than one which is white in color, is an absurdity. The same thing applies to the color of the yolk; a dark yolk is no better than a pale yolk so far as nutritive properties are concerned. It is perfectly true that the flavor of yolks varies considerably, but that depends upon the manner in which fowls are fed, and also upon the conditions under which they are kept, and it has no bearing whatever upon the richness or otherwise of the yolks from a dietetic point of view. The reason why some eggs are brown in color while others are white is simply this, that in certain breeds—generally speaking, those which are known as the Asiatic breeds—the carbonate of lime which is deposited through their blood to form the egg shell is pink-colored, whereas in other breeds it is white, and wherever Asiatic blood is present the egg color is dark proportionately—that is to say, that a fowl with only a tincture of Asiatic blood in its veins will lay a slightly tinted egg, whereas one that has more Asiatic blood in her veins will lay a darker egg, and so on. That is not an absolutely fixed rule, but that is the drift of it. The color of the eggs a hen lays depends really upon her pedigree. The same principle applies to the color of the yolk. The color of the yolk is due to a pigment, and is dependent, as I have already said, upon the feeding and general conditions of living, and to some extent upon the hereditary tendency also.

Farmers would find it advantageous (as I have several times previously said in these columns) to aim at producing very white and very dark brown eggs—in preference to the indefinite assortment of colors we usually see in an egg basket. The appearance is so much better.—W. M. Brown, in Farm and Home.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



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DIEU ET MON DROIT

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of the month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY, 1902

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

Humor of the Hour.

When Tillie used to cross my path,
Afoot, or riding on a wheel,
Her passing by an aftermath,
A breath of violets, would reveal.

But in her auto. she, to-night,
So fast that it could not be seen,
Rushed by me; and though failed my sight,
I knew she passed—by gasolene.
—Life.

"Wealthy, is he? Why, the last time I saw him he had trouble keeping the wolf from the door."

"Well, now he has trouble keeping his poor relations from the porte cochere."—Catholic Standard and Times.

A train the other day near Waterbury, Conn., ran into and killed what all the trainmen knew was a young deer. So elated were they that they joined in a feast over the animal, at which the beautiful white pelt of the quadruped was nailed up on the wall as a trophy. Then a farmer named Hogan reported the loss of a prize white calf.

A bore who asked: "Isn't it cold?"
Was finally shot,
And now he's exclaiming, we're told,
"Whew! Isn't it hot!"—Philadelphia Press.

"I should like to ask you, Mr. Reiter, as a successful literary man, what is an author's hardest struggle?"

"Staying successful, young man."—Indianapolis News.

"I suppose," said the physician, smiling and trying to appear witty, while feeling the pulse of a lady patient, "I suppose you consider me an old humbug?"

"Why, doctor," replied the lady, "I had no idea you could ascertain a woman's thoughts by merely feeling her pulse."—Chicago News.

Mrs. Hauskeep—You needn't deny it, Delia! I saw you permit that policeman to kiss you last night.

Delia—Av coorse, ma'am. Shure, ye wouldn't have me resist an officer, would ye?—Philadelphia Press.

Ascum—You don't care much for society, do you?

Cynic—No. Society is nothing but a ridiculous school where every nobody is taught to try to be somebody.—Philadelphia Press.

Mrs. Borden—I notice you got a new suit of clothes to-day.

The Boarder—Yes, but they're too loose.

"Well, you can send them back and get that altered."

"I've got a better scheme. I'm going to look up a good boarding house."—Philadelphia Record.

"He stole a Texas pony," said Derringer Bill. "What shall we do about it?"

"Mustang," shouted the rest of the Gory Gulch outfit, for you must know, dear reader, that life in the far west does not destroy the innate sense of [illegible] humor.—New York Sun.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work..... 950
4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376. Near Post Office

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made [illegible] beautiful is the wonderful result of using Derma Cream. Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove results 10c No postage stamps received. J. B. [illegible] Dept. O. 128 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Permanent Cures

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

:—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO overnight.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 8 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Times is to be enlarged in a few days.

—The Otonabee smallpox case is convalescent.

—Painters and paperhangers complain of dullness of trade.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—Many of the ratepayers are by no means favorable to spending money in dredging the bed of the river.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—Two young men were each fined $2 an costs yesterday at the Police Court for riding on the sidewalk.

—There is what is called a rummage sale now going on a few doors south of The Times building, under the auspices of All Saints' Church.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—The funeral of the late Henry Dunne will take place this afternoon from the family residence, George st., to the Little Lake cemetery.

—Dr. Ford's committee rooms in Ashburnham are established in a broom factory. Is this suggestive of a cleansweep for the Doctor?

—The Murray Street Separate School grounds are to be improved and levelled. The Council has consented to loan the town road roller to roll the grounds.

—Atsum of the Dickson Company is poor position. This Company has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars amongst the people during the past few years.

—The high tea in St. Paul's Church parlors on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Church, was a great success, both financially and otherwise.

—Mr. Dan Foley is getting Jubilee Point Hotel into shape for a big summer's trade, which this popular resort is sure to secure when the season opens.

—The writs for the election for East and West Peterborough have been received by the returning officers here, Sheriff Hall and Mr. B. Morrow.

—The Mayor will issue a proclamation announcing Friday, the 23rd, instant, as a market day, as the 24th will fall on Saturday, and will be observed as a public holiday.

—Mr. G. M. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, an everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

—A Belleville paper says:—"An old man, named W. Graham, who claims Peterborough as his home, was arrested on Saturday evening for begging on the street. For two nights previous he had been in the station for protection. Upon promising to leave the city the magistrate allowed him to go."

—The Committee of Management of the P.P. Home gratefully acknowledge the following donations for the month of April: Mrs. Burnham, Toronto papers; Richard Hall & Son, pair of curtains; A. W. Crossman, pair of curtains; Turnbull & Co., window shade; Mr. A. H. Stratton, music book; Chief of Police, 5 lbs. butter; Mrs. D. W. Dumble, milk; Miss Dugar, rhubarb; Huffington, apples.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. John Craig, Lakefield, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Scott left yesterday for Ottawa, where they will reside heretofore.

—The condition of Mr. Macfarlane Wilson continues to improve. He is now able to sit up a short time each day.

—Mrs. (Rev) D. Martin, of Cannington, has been spending the last few days in town, with Mrs. (Dr.) Greer. Mrs. Martin is on her way to Montreal.

A Gift of Books

Mrs. Wallis, Gilmour street, yesterday shipped by express a case containing 200 books to the South African contingent at Halifax. This generous gift will be much appreciated by the boys on the long voyage to the dark continent.

Gough Bros.' Enterprise

Messrs. Gough Bros. the great clothing house of Peterborough, are just now conducting a large sale in boys' clothing. The firm are offering suits for boys and men at prices that knock the bottom out of all previous records in low figures. It is only necessary to call and inspect the high quality of the goods offered, and the prices asked, to be convinced. Messrs. Tully & Merrill, the Managers of the local branch have shown their ability to successfully cater to the requirements of the trade. Drop in and see them.

Monday May 12

The programme to be given in St. Paul's church on the 12th inst., by the Jarvis street Baptist choir, of Toronto, is without question a program of the good things in music. The choir is assisted by Miss McMurty, soprano, Mr. A. L. E. Davies, bass, Mr. Victor Hutchison, tenor, Mr. G. R. McClellan, baritone, and Mr. Arthur Alvin, solo organist. As an evidence of the interest this choir has caused in church circles, it may be stated that they have had six or seven invitations to visit as far east as Perth. That Mr. Vogt and his choir has chosen to visit Peterborough is a matter for congratulation to the choir of St. Paul's and the public generally.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

Pimples, Blotches and Skin Eruptions

How unsightly, sometimes even disgusting, and certainly very mortifying to the sufferer. They are merely an evidence of impure, poisoned blood, and lowered vitality of the eliminating organs, which can quickly be changed by taking Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone cleanses the blood of all poisons and eruptions, makes it rich in red corpuscles that manifest themselves in a healthy, ruddy complexion. To have a pure, soft skin and good complexion, simply use Ferrozone regularly. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Try Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills.

STONY LAKE IMPROVEMENTS

A Number of New Cottages for the Summer Resort

That Stony Lake is becoming more popular as a summer resort may be seen by the new cottages that are being erected every year. The present year will be no exception to the rule.

Mr. T. H. Darcy, the new and popular proprietor of Burleigh Falls Hotel, is making extensive improvements. A large addition is being made to the house, by which more sleeping accommodation will be afforded, and the house will be otherwise improved. Mr. Darcy and his son Warren are the right men in the right place. They will assuredly do a big business. Mrs. Darcy, who will also lend her assistance in the management of this popular resort, is also well known, and will see that the guests are well cared for.

Mr. John Kinrald, our local contractor and builder, whose reputation for artistic work is seen in many of the beautiful cottages on the lake, has just completed a new cottage, for Mr. Joshua Collins. The cottage has a comfortable verandah, with two sleeping rooms.

Mr. George Morrow is also erecting a fine two-storey boat house.

Mr. Dodsworth, a resident of the neighboring republic, is erecting an addition to his cottage of a dining room, kitchen and three bedrooms.

Mr. David Brown is also overhauling and greatly improving his place.

Mr. Gus Loch contemplates building a verandah this year.

Mr. Morgan, at McCracken's Landing, is also doing some improving.

Mr. E. H. D. Hall will make an addition to his cottage.

CLIMBED TO TOP

Grape Nuts Food Give the Strength

It is a good thing to know of food that will add volumes to one's strength, for the strong can do things and accomplish work in this world while the weak must stand to one side.

A woman in Toronto writes, "I was in very poor health a long time and got so weak and run down that I would often stop at the foot of the stairs and wonder how I could get to the top.

I began using Grape-Nuts and in a very short time that weak, broken down feeling entirely disappeared. I had formerly been forced to give up my breakfasts in order to give my stomach a rest, but when I got hold of Grape-Nuts I could eat breakfast for the food seemed to help digest other foods, and soon I began to gain in weight and strength.

I regularly use fruit and Grape-Nuts for breakfast and can work harder and for a longer time than ever before." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE BIG MEETING TO-NIGHT

IT WILL BE THE PRINCIPAL GATHERING OF THE ELECTORS

During the Campaign and will be Addressed by Hon. J. R. Stratton, Hon. Richard Harcourt and Hon. F. E. A. Evanturel

The electors of Peterborough are reminded of the public meeting which will be held in Bradburn's opera house this evening, in the interests of the candidature of Hon J R Stratton, who will address the meeting, as well as Hon. R. Harcourt, Minister of Education and Hon. F. E. A. Evanturel, ex-Speaker of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt is a fluent and effective speaker, and is regarded as one of the best in the late Parliament. Hon Mr. Evanturel is also a pleasing speaker. He will address the meeting both in French and English.

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock so that the speaking may be concluded at a reasonably early hour.

The gallery will be reserved for ladies who are cordially invited to be present

Nursing Mothers and Malt Breakfast Food

As an article of diet, Malt Breakfast Food has brought more health and comfort to the homes of Canada than any other food preparation. Mothers find it an invaluable food during the period of nursing, as it provides the most ample nutrition for keeping up health and strength. It also wonderfully promotes the secretion of milk.

Malt Breakfast Food is recommended every day by physicians to nursing mothers, because of its many advantages as a concentrated nourishment. No other food is so easily and so rapidly digested and assimilated, and no other contributes so much to general health building. If the mother's stomach is weak and capricious, let her try Malt Breakfast Food for a week; it will soon establish perfect digestion, healthful circulation and a well regulated nervous system. Ask your grocer for Malt Breakfast Food.

APSLEY

Honor roll for Apsley Public School for the month of April, 1902:

Class II, Sr — Hurrell Eastland, 1706; Annie Henry, 1424; George McColl, 1368; Alex. McIlvena, 1163.

Class II, Jr — Ethel Bullied, 1607; Bruce Eastland, 1271.

Part II, Sr. — Richard Bullied, 1907; Charles Eastland, 1933; Everrard Sullivan, 1649.

Part II, Jr. — Joseph Gallagher, 1728.

Part I (c) — Mildred McIlvena, 854; William Sullivan, 378.

Part I (b) — Elijah McKay, 590; Thomas McKay, 484; Charlie Smith, 234; Reggie Windsor, 196; Stanley Windsor, 147.

Part I (a). — Josie McIlvena, 1313; Flora Eastland, 1120; Daniel Gallagher 660; Hugh McColl, 519.

Average attendance, 28.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid intoxicants, keep away from dampness, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Nerviline as a quick reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than ordinary remedies, Nerviline's power over pain is simply beyond belief. It cures also sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia and all pain, whether internal or external. Large bottles, price 25c.

—Messrs. James Bogue and John Hayes were unsuccessful tenderers for Lindsay pavements, the contract being given to a Lindsay man, although Mr. Hayes' tender was the lowest. This kind of treatment will hardly be productive of competition on future jobs.

—The Dickson Co's new alligator the Hazlitt, was launched at Lakefield on Monday and made a successful trial trip to Young's Point. The craft is being built along the usual lines, with side wheels and powerful engines. West & Peachy, of Simcoe, are the builders.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for supplying coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Tuesday, 3rd June, 1902, inclusively, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

SANTAL-MIDY

[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

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THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at	7 00 a m
" Port Hope at	8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at	12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at	5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1 00 Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL & QUEBEC

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday	7 00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday	2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday	Morning

Finest excursion trip on the continent Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville	11.00 a m
" Trenton	1.15 p m
" Brighton	2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte	7 30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

[illegible] Sold by Druggists, [illegible]

U.S.A.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction, Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 15th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
REMEDY FOR PAIN

KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

Sailings of Steamer

BOBCAYGEO STURGEON POINT,
LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

Tinsmiths don't STRIKE

Who use our solder. It's such a pleasure to work.

WIRE 1-2 and 1-2, REFINED.

Any quality or form.

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Increase Your Business

—BY HAVING—

Efficient Telephone Facilities

We will quote you rates on a Private Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

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Describing the route of the

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Leaving Montreal 12 00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

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Fine Cuisine
Beautiful Surroundings
1,000 Feet Above
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Region in America

For full particulars, illustrated descriptive literature, maps, and all information, apply to

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
J. D. McDONALD,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Saturday, May 24th Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leave Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
1 King St. East, Toronto

HIS RUPTURE CURED

AT THE AGE OF 85 YEARS

J. R. Ketcheson, of Madoc, Ont., writes:

I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

MARVELOUSLY CHEAP WORKS OF

Dickens and Thackeray

JOHN DICKS | 313 STRAND LONDON, ENG | Send for JOHN DICKS' new catalogue of Cheap Literature, Plays, etc.

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NOVELS BY WM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

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An Illustrated Edition of

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Complete and Unabridged, contains 267 pages and all the Original Illustrations by the author. The Work is an exact reproduction of the First Edition. This Edition is also the largest and most full illustrated Sixpenny worth ever offered to the Public.

Price Sixpence. Complete and Unabridged.

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Containing 128 pages, with all the Original Illustrations, tailpieces, and especially all the famous Vignette Initials.

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ALES AND PORTER

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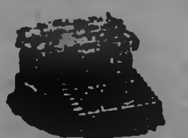

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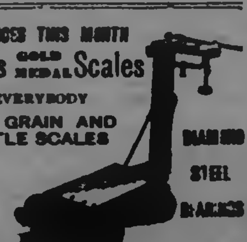
SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH

Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales



C. WILSON & SON,
81 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at	40c
Suspenders	15c
Overalls, with bib, at	40c
Smocks, at	50c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

BUILD UP ONTARIO!

Mass Meeting

In the interests of

THE ROSS GOVERNMENT

IN BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE, ON

Thursday, May 8th,

will be addressed by

HON. J. R. STRATTON,
Liberal Candidate, Provincial Secretary

HON. R. HARCOURT,
Minister of Education.

HON. F. E. A. EVANTUREL,
Ex-Speaker.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

C. H. ROGER, Sec'y W.R.R.A. PETER HAMILTON, Pres. W.R.R.A.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

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Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.

Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

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ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

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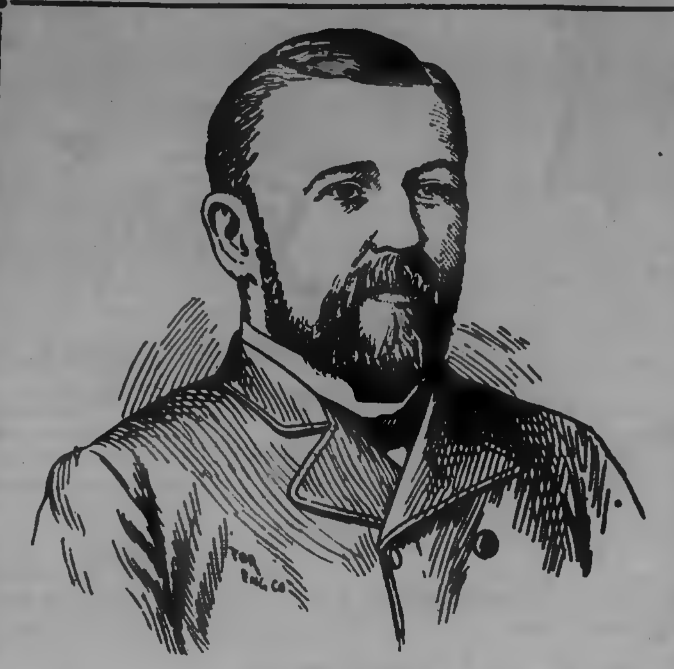
PETERBOROUGH COMES OUT STRONG FOR THE HON. J. R. STRATTON

Eloquent and Impressive Addresses Delivered Last Night by Cabinet Ministers

A Great Meeting Endorses Mr. Stratton and Shows that He is as Popular as Ever

The Opera House Crowded to the Doors, and Great Enthusiasm Shewn.



HON. J. R. STRATTON
Provincial Secretary

What was really the opening gun of the present campaign, so far as the Liberal side is concerned, in West Peterborough, was fired last night at the opera house, when Hon. Richard Harcourt, Minister of Education, Hon. Mr. Evanturel, late speaker of the Legislative Assembly, and Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary and candidate for West Peterborough, addressed a crowded meeting. The chair was occupied by Alderman Rogers, who in a brief and appropriate address called the meeting to order, and introduced the various speakers.

If the immense crowd which came to see and hear the Ministers has any connection with the state of public feeling, it means an overwhelming majority for the Liberal candidate. Last night's demonstration was a spontaneous outburst of the people, who were delighted to show their appreciation and hearty good will for Mr. Stratton, whose appearance was the signal for almost boundless applause. To the young men the magnetism of the Provincial secretary, the amiable manner and the personal regard in which he is held by the electors of West Peterborough, regardless of political ties, was amply manifested throughout the meeting.

The decorations were profuse and appropriate, and were the work of Mr. Alf Kingscote.

HON. J. R. STRATTON

The Provincial Secretary on taking the platform received a perfect ovation. He thought the splendid gathering assembled to greet his colleagues and himself indicative of the interest taken in the live issues of the day. The ladies he thought have always been on his side in Peterborough campaigns, which he attributed as one of the reasons for his hitherto successful political contests. Four years ago he asked for votes as an ordinary member of the local house; since that time a change has occurred in the leadership of the Provincial Legislature, resulting in his occupying to-day the Portfolio of Provincial Secretary, and he had to thank both Liberals and Conservatives alike for their courtesy in returning him by acclamation when his name came before them as a candidate for that proud position (cheers). The Government are appealing for a renewal of that confidence it has enjoyed for so many years, and he did not think the Opposition has shown any justifiable reason for a withdrawal of that confidence.

Continuing, the hon. gentleman showed by figures that the surplus claimed by the Ross Government was a reality, and in comparing Ontario's finances with those of other Provinces, the former stands preeminently ahead of any other Province in the Dominion. An auditing of the books by eminent financiers showed that they had been promptly kept, that the monies had been expended according to appropriations and all business transactions the same as those adopted by all financial institutions. When Parliament dissolved the Government had a cash surplus in the bank of $1,979,050. The assets of the Province on December 31st, 1901, were $7,901,000; liabilities $5,330,000, and after a liquidation of all claims there would remain a surplus of $2,571,000, in round numbers. Of all the Provinces of the Dominion, not one of them occupied the proud position of Ontario, with a surplus in the bank, and Mr. Whitney and his followers have yet to establish the improper disposal of a single dollar of public funds. It is a striking fact that Ontario is the only Province in the Dominion that has been continuously under Liberal rule and has such a splendid financial record, while all the others have fallen behind, Quebec almost continuously under Tory rule, most of all. Turning to his Tory opponent, he said, Mr. Miller complained in the North-West district one will not find a stick of pine lumber which stood 30 years ago. We do not want that pine tune, but the land upon which it stood under cultivation, and to-day we have an intelligent population, where timber once grew. Then since the Liberal Government came into power, it has received for timber $27,730,965. If we have squandered the Province's money it is but fair for the Opposition to prove in what direction it has gone. We have expended it on railways, on colonization roads and public institutions of varied kinds, and still have a surplus. In contrast to this, Quebec since confederation has incurred an indebtedness of $3,000,000, Nova Scotia $3,000,000, British Columbia $6,000,000, Manitoba, $5,000,000. We have increased our expenditure only where it was absolutely necessary, and indispensable, and $20,000,000 has been expended in public institutions, thus lessening the burdens the electors would have had to bear by direct taxation had the Government's policy been different. In Ontario the rate of taxation is about one half mill less than that of many of the States in the American Union. Our average rate is 9.9—10 mills, while the average rate in the Central States reaches 23.1—10 mills.

The distinguished speaker next handled the succession tax, which he considered a move in the right direction, and he was not above telling the Hon. Senator Cox that a reasonable share of his estate should go toward maintaining public institutions and charities. In adopting this measure the Ross Government is simply following a precedent set by Great Britain. An estate under $10,000 does not pay a penny of succession dues; neither does an estate of 100,000, if it be left to widow and family. It is only the estate that is left to those outside these beneficiaries that is subjected to succession dues. The assumption is that a man who has made a million or half a million has made it out of the peopl or out of some public utility, and that it is only fair, he having been protected by our laws in the making of this money, that a small proportion of it should find its way back to the people, out of whom it comes.

Continuing, the hon. gentleman remarked that, the Government contends that large corporations should pay somethin towards the expense of the Province, under whose charters and protection they do business. Railways, telephone companies, insurance companies, telegraph companies, brewers and distillers, and banking and loan corporations were all now subjected to a slight levy, and not one of them had complained. It was necessary to have money wherewith to carry on the Government of the Province, and these were fair bodies to ask to contribute. Last year they contributed something less than a million dollars ($871,000), which went to the maintenance of the schools, the enforcement of the laws, the cost of legislation, and the protecting of the lives and property of the people. Mr. Whitney does not deem it right that these wealthy corporations deriving large dividends from the people should contribute toward the governing of the Province, but the Ross Government takes the opposite view.

Turning to the development of New Ontario, Mr. Stratton saw the Government could not have promoted it earlier because for 18 years this territory was in dispute between the Dominion and Ontario, and thanks is due Sir Oliver Mowat that this Province to-day includes some 100,000 square miles more territory than it would have had the Opposition had its way. This district has become of inestimable value through its minerals, timber and spruce, to say nothing of a million acres of as fine agricultural land as is to be found in any county in the Province. The policy of the Conservatives at Ottawa when they thought they owned this territory was to parcel it out amongst their friends, and limits with enormous quantities of timber upon them were given away at $5 a square mile. To-day the Ross Government is receiving $1,000 a square mile for these very limits, and has received as much for some of them as $2,000 a square mile. This money is all spent for the people of Ontario alone.

The speaker then went on to enumerate the several railways connecting this region with Old Ontario, and the enormous development of raw mineral product which would not have taken place had the Clergue deal matured. The development of the clergue has been rapid. A million dollars has been spent by the company in an iron mine, and already between four and five thousand men are engaged in their various enterprises. The result is that the value of property has advanced enormously. In the vicinity of Sault Ste Marie it has gone up ten and even twenty fold. Imagine what all this means for Old Ontario in the way of supplies, clothing, groceries boots and shoes, implements and machinery, and even farm products. Houses are going up in all directions and villages, and settlements are springing into existence. Regarding the charge of stealing pulp wood, the Government has granted seven concessions on condition that a certain sum of money must be spent in erecting a mill, and a stipulated number of men employed; the pulp wood can be cut at 40c. a cord, and must be manufactured into pulp in the Province—it cannot be exported at 25c. additional per cord, or tied up till doomsday as is the case in Quebec. We reserve the right to all settlers of the pulp wood on their lands. For 288 million cords the Government will receive $115,000,000 for the pulp wood in that country.

As to the license act, the hon gentleman gave figures showing a very appreciable decrease in the number of licenses issued, and in the vice of drunkenness. A comparison with other countries shows that Canada is the most sober and has the best conducted people in the world (cheers). No laws are more stringent than the License laws of Ontario. The Referendum we propose submitting to the people is not for Prohibition such as voted on in Manitoba. That act did not prohibit the manufacture of liquor, while ours will be prohibitory in every sense of the word, and if passed the responsibility must rest upon the people themselves so that they will have a greater interest in its enforcement. But the Government says that Prohibition must be passed by a substantial majority, and unless 212,00 of the people who voted four years ago cast their ballots for it it shall not become law. This is in justice to all parties.

In reply to Mr. Lindsay, Mr. Stratton did not think he carried the key of the whole temperance party of the riding in his pocket. A voice—"I beg to differ." The speaker "And I don't think Mr. Northy does either. He and Mr. Lindsay will make a capital team, but the results will be the same" (laughter. He (the speaker) will not pledge himself to either party, but will do that which he thinks is in the best interests of th Province, and it is our duty to represen the views of all classes and creeds (hear, hear).

Turning to home affairs, the hon gentleman explained that the Ennismore people asked for $3,000 or $3,500 for the Ennismore bridge, and at his request the Premier gave them the overflowing cup—$3,500. As to the $4,000 given by his Government for the Dickson Co's dam at Stony Creek, Mr. Stratton explained that had that company built the dam themselves no person could use it but under the given and streams regulations, which n settler could comply with. Then we by timber limits in that district returning a revenue to the Government in trust for the people. The Government is now building a dam on Squaw River for the Gilmour Co., but as Mr. Gilmour is a conservative we don't hear a word of complaint.

In conclusion Mr. Stratton said he had always endeavored to do that which was in the best interests of this riding and he thought the 29th will show that he has been reasonable with all parties. The 65 or 70,000 appropriated by his Government for West Peterborough had all been spent by its several Reeves and to the satisfaction of the people, and would any sane man have voted for him in past elections had such money not been properly expended. He courted the keenest scrutiny of the uses to which all monies appropriated for this riding were put. The hon. gentleman resumed his seat amid prolonged applause.

HON. RICHARD HARCOURT.

Was enthusiastically received. He reviewed at some length most of the arguments advanced by the Provincial Secretary, and showed the wisdom of the Government in establishing schools of forestry and mines from which graduates are sent out to contribute to a knowledge of what our mineral and forestry wealth is. There are only two places in the world where nickle is found—one New Caledonia (French) and the other in our own Province, near Sudbury. No land in the world has such vast mineral wealth as that of Ontario. As to education, it is the greatest asset any people can have—an asset far exceeding the wealth of mines, forestry or fisheries. While in Ontario we have three Normal Schools, and the promise of a fourth, in England thousands are teaching who never had an hour of professional training. He illustrated the efficiency of Ontario's educational system by naming many of her scholars who have been selected for exceedingly responsible positions abroad, in competition with the best those countries could produce. When a third Normal School was proposed for London, Mr. Whitney opposed it—keep this in mind. There are Colleges in the U.S., the hon gentleman incidently remarked, giving degrees which have not the status of the Peterborough Collegiate Institute.

HON. T. B. A. EVANTUREL.

Was introduced at eleven o'clock, and regretted that the hour was so late and that he had to follow the Provincial Secretary. The ex-speaker of the house is an exceedingly eloquent speaker, full of French chivalry, and apparently could have held his audience till any hour he pleased. He eulogised Senator Cox as a distinguished business man who had made his mark in the world, and explained that he (the speaker) had come to Peterborough out of respect to the Provincial Secretary. If there is one thing more than another that has made him support the Liberal Government—of Mowat, Ross and Stratton—it is because that Government has always sat upon anything of a racial character. He was proud and grateful in the courtesy shown his race in selecting him, a French Canadian, to the honorable position of speaker of the House. In a riding in Quebec he had been pleased to note that this courtesy of Ontario had been in measure reciprocated; for in spite of the appeals of both Tory and French papers to a nineteenths majority of French Canadian Roman Catholic electorate to elect one of their own race and creed at that by-election, Mr. Bergeron was left at home and Protestant Mr. Roy elected. In conclusion the distinguished speaker urged upon his audience the wisdom of cementing together in friendship people of all races and creeds. Do not let us fool our lives away during the short time at our disposal in petty rivalries of race and religion. (Prolonged applause).

Hon. Senator Cox then in a brief address expressed his confidence in the Provincial Secretary's re-election, after which God save the King, was rendered by the 57th band and the usual cheers given for Mr. Stratton and his distinguished colleagues. Each speaker was presented with a beautiful bouquet.

Future of the British Colonies

New York, May 7—Captain A. T. Mahan, the American author and one of the most luminant writers on international relations of the present day, discusses the present condition of the British empire and the position of the colonies in an able article contributed to a current magazine. Among other things he points out that, in the absence of any federal union, the mother country has entire management of the foreign policy of the empire, and concern for the interests of the colonies, regard to their possible action in case of serious discontent with particular measures, certainly and necessarily modify the decisions of the British cabinet. In this way the colonies possess influence; but influence is different from power, less assured in exercise, and less dignified in recognition. Colonial interests, as affected by foreign relations, not only are not in their own hands, but they have no constitutional voice in their determination. In this chiefly their dependency now consists; and Sir Henry Parks, whose ideal of Australian independence was not severance from the empire, but entrance upon a due share in the government of a united empire, avowed his conviction that there was no possibility of permanent contentment with the status of dependency. Deprecating separate independence, he defined the only alternative to be "sharing on equal terms in all the glory of the empire." The precision of this phrase in one respect is noteworthy. It does not demand an equal share, but a share "on equal terms." This not only admits, but prescribes, that the power constitutionally exercised by each member shall bear some proportion to the strength contributed by it to the whole. Otherwise there is no equality.

Items of Interest

THE MOST FRUITFUL LAND.

Melbourne, May 7.—There is every indication that the New Hebrides problem has reached an acute stage in Australia. Unless prompt action is taken by the Imperial Government to support and supplement the efforts of the Commonwealth Government, the preponderance of French influence in the New Hebrides islands will become as firmly established, and the disgust of the British planters and settlers there with the neglect they experience so marked, that it will be impossible for either London or Melbourne to resist the claim of Quai d'Orsay that open and exclusive French control should take the place of the present loose Anglo-French regime.

In the entire New Hebrides group there are only 146 British subjects, including seventy-seven missionaries and their establishments, and some twenty bona-fide planters. The French population, on the other hand, totals over 500, and includes fifty bona-fide planters. Out of a total acreage of land in the islands of 2,082,083, the French claim 1,661,500—being for practical purposes, more than seventy per cent. of the most fruitful land.

DOMINANCE OF FRENCH.

If the condition of three or four of the best known islands is examined the dominance of French enterprise is even more noticeable than when the entire group is dealt with in a broad generalization. At the central island, known as Sandwich or Efate, there are 130 white inhabitants, of whom only forty are British and 130 French, the former claiming 12,500 acres of land and the latter 25,000 acres out of a total acreage of 274,000. The principal village in the island, Vila, is in all but name a French port. In the island of Espiritu Santo the French allege they possess 384,000 out of a total of 1,535,000 acres, the white population—living amongst 14,000 warlike natives—consisting of twenty-nine Frenchmen and ten Englishmen. At Malekula, the second largest island and one of the most fertile, my informant found fifty-seven Frenchmen, owing 482,000 acres, as fifteen Britishers owing 14,000 acres. A[illegible] he found 4,000 natives, sixty-two Frenchmen, and twenty-six British the Gauls claiming no less than 121,760 acres out of 150,250, and the Anglo-Saxons only 7 20. These facts speak for themselves in unmistakable tones, and must necessarily impress the statesmen in Paris who conduct the negotiations with Lord Lansdowne—especially when they are accompanied by the knowledge that three years ago there were only ninety Frenchmen in the group, with a proportionate ownership of land.

BIG CAPTURE OF BOERS IN ORANGE RIVER COLONY

Military Train was Derailed in Northern Transvaal and an Officer and Ten Men Killed

Special to The Times.

Lord Kitchener telegraphs the War Office from Pretoria as follows: "In Tuesday's operations in the Orange River Colony, Elliot held from Lindley to Liebenberg Vlei, and Barker held the drifts on Liebenberg Vlei to Frankfort in a continuous line. A column left Frankfort on the Heilbron-Vredefort line at dawn without wheels, and went southward rapidly, reaching Kroonstadt, Liebenberg Vlei, and Lindley in the afternoon. Ten Boers were killed and 2[illegible] taken prisoners. We also captured a number of horses and cattle. This force contained a portion of the most irreconcilable of the Boers.

"Barker has not reported the number of his captures."

London, May 9.—Lord Kitchener reports another accident on May 7.— to a train bound from Pretoria to Pietersburg, Northern Transvaal. The cars were derailed at a curve, and an officer and ten men were killed.

HART'S RIVER FIGHT

Graphic Description of the big Battle by a Canadian

Ottawa, May 8—The following letter was received from Stewart Clarke, a well known Ottawa boy, who also served in D Battery, R.C.A., describing the Hart's River fight.

Forty miles west of Klerksdorp,
S.A., April 1 '02

Dear Mother,—By this time you have heard about our terrible fight. We had our first fight on 30th of March, and it was a fierce one. We got sight of the Boers on the road ahead of us and the first thing we knew we were ordered to gallop after them. We started and got within 600 yards of them when they opened fire on us. We had a little fight with them and they moved away. We started after them again and they stopped us. We made preparations for camping and unsaddled our horses. I went over to help some Tommies get a 15-pounder out of some trees, about 200 yards away. We succeeded, and when I looked up I could see the enemy on the sky line. I thought we were in for it so I went back to camp to get ready. I had just got there when they fired their pom-pom. It landed very near us. We started at them and they gave us a hot old time which lasted from 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m. They gave us a terrible fire. Rube Elliott and I got together and we fired. We had our fun and when it was over we started out to get our wounded and dead. It was a terrible sight to see our horses all over the camp dead, saddles broken, horse lines all broken and a general mixup of horses, waggons and men. We started to build trenches and get ready for them at daybreak but we got no chance at them. We got some sleep and soda crackers. It was a sight to see us get those crackers. You would have had to laugh. We then went over to see the waggons come in. If you saw the sight; hands, legs, all mixed up in a pile! Then the doctor got them spread out and it was a terrible sight to see the dead. We lost eight men. One fellow of ours named West got wounded and we thought he would live, but he died next morning. The next thing we did was to bury the dead. It was a sad sight. We put them in, two and three men on top of each other.

About twelve o'clock General Kitchener came in with some men. As they came over the hill and marched toward the camp, we fired a volley at them, taking them for Boers. Then we found out and were good and glad when they came in. He ordered us to saddle and we marched back here. There are about ten thousand here, so we will get a few days' rest. Then we will get at them again, but this time we will put them out of business for good. I will close for this time. Remember me to all the boys. Goodbye,

CORP. S. A. CLARKE,
2nd C.M.R., S.A.

RUBE ELLIOTT'S LETTER

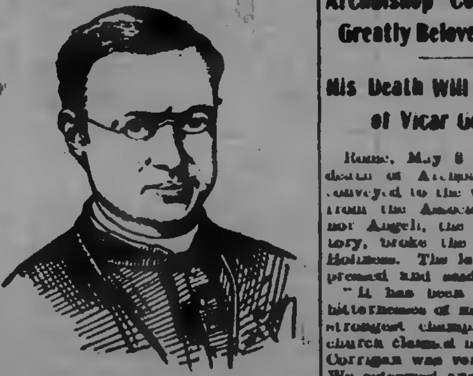
On a piece of paper no bigger than the palm of one's hand, written with a lead pencil which apparently had not been sharpened for a long time, came a letter from "Rube" Elliott to his mother, Mrs. Elliott, of 108 O'Connor street, yesterday afternoon. The letter is one descriptive of the ever to be remembered Hart's river engagement and was most welcome both to his parents and friends, of whom he has many in this city.

Hart's River, Apr 2, '02.

Dear Mother,—I now drop you these few lines to let you know that I am well and came out of that fight all O. K. Stewart Clarke and I were together (we still keep together) and we dug a big trench and had a good fight with them. They shelled us too, but the Canadians fought like men and made a good name for themselves. This is the way they had Tommy and us. (Here he draws his diagram). As the mail is closing I will say goodbye to all and may God bless you. I have got no more paper and no more news. All Ottawa boys are well.

RUBY

THE POPE MUCH GRIEVED



THE LATE ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN

Archbishop Corrigan Was Very Greatly Beloved by His Holiness

His Death Will Mean to Elevation of Vicar General Mooney

Rome, May 6 — The news of the death of Archbishop Corrigan was conveyed to the Vatican in a despatch from the Associated Press. Monsignor Angeli, the pope's private secretory, broke the news gently to His Holiness. The latter was greatly depressed and said:—

"It has been one of the greatest bitternesses of my long life to see the strongest champions of the militant church claimed by death. Archbishop Corrigan was very affectionate to us. We esteemed and loved him greatly."

The pope then retired to his private chapel in prayer.

Michael Augustine Corrigan was born in Newark sixty-two years ago and was consecrated bishop of that city in 1873. He was a studious and apt scholar and rose rapidly to eminence in the councils of the church. Only 10 years previous to his consecration as Bishop of Newark he was ordained by Cardinal Patrizi in the Lateran Basilica, a year before the close of his theological studies, which were prosecuted in the North American College at Rome, he being one of the 12 students who entered when the college was opened. In 1864 the degree of doctor of divinity was conferred upon him. When he returned to his native land a few months later Archbishop James Roosevelt Bayley, then Bishop of Newark, appointed him Professor of Dogmatic Theology and Sacred Scripture at Seton Hall College. He received various honors in rapid succession until in September, 1880, Pope Leo elevated Bishop Corrigan to the office of Coadjutor Archbishop of the archdiocese of New York, with the right of succession in the archiepiscopate to Cardinal McCloskey. Upon the death of the latter prelate in 1885 Dr. Corrigan was installed Archbishop.

In bearing Archbishop Corrigan had no equal in America. He was an earnest worker and wielded a powerful influence in the Catholic Church in America. He could not Brook any interference inside of his jurisdiction as Archbishop of New York. A contest with Dr. McGlynn in a matter of church discipline, therefore, created at one time a considerable excitement in church circles. The affair was amicably adjusted by the final submission of Dr. McGlynn, though the effects were lasting.

When the news of the Archbishop's death becomes known in Rome, the senior ecclesiastical authority in the archdiocese will be designated to act as administrator of the archdiocese pending the appointment by the Pope of a successor to Archbishop Corrigan. In the present case Bishop Farley of the diocese is not in this country and the next in line is Monsignor Joseph F. Mooney vicar general.

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Second—It is the most healthful cereal food.

Third—It comes in the most nutritious form in which a grain food can be served.

Fourth—It is the most easily digested cereal food manufactured.

Fifth—It pleases the whole family, old and young, strong and weak, athlete and invalid.

Sixth—For invalids and convalescents Malt Breakfast Food is an unequalled diet; it is always relished.

Seventh—It is the best food for children of any age after infancy.

Eighth—Its use is indorsed by the highest authorities in the science of foods.

Ninth—The ablest physicians recommend Malt Breakfast Food as a true health food.

Tenth—It affords a great variety of appetising dishes.

Eleventh—It is a boon to those suffering from indigestion and dyspepsia. It banishes all stomach derangements.

Twelfth—It is the most economical of breakfast foods; one package makes a meal for twenty-five to thirty people.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day — Clearing and cooler again.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

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Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90, sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 32, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3 piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3 piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seize 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3 Piece Suit, in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

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This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 9, 1902.

THE DICKSON COMPANY

It is, we think, poor policy to abuse the Dickson Company. Everybody who is at all familiar with the affairs of Peterborough, knows that the Dickson Company has, for half a century or more, been one of Peterborough's leading industries. There is no concern in this section that has done so much for Peterborough and for this part of the country as this concern has done. Many hundreds of thousands of dollars it has paid out in wages, and it has carried on its extensive operations at all seasons, even when times were bad and money almost unobtainable. Had Peterborough not had the Dickson Company, there would probably be no such progress as at present marks our rising young city. No, it is decidedly wrong to strike the hand that nourished us when we were unable to nourish ourselves. Votes will never be made in this way.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING

The meeting last night was what might reasonably have been expected. It showed that the people of Peterborough do not regard the present campaign altogether in the light of a political contest. That Peterborough's interests will be best served by the election of Mr. Stratton, we think the people generally believe. Suppose Mr. Whitney became Premier, would not a strong opposition be the best thing that could happen the country? And why not Peterborough help to supply it? Then, if Mr. Ross is returned, is it not infinitely to our advantage to have a Cabinet Minister as our representative?

The speech of Mr. Stratton last night was a masterly one, and showed a truly wonderful grasp of public affairs. His record and the record of the Government was fully explained. The speeches of Messrs. Harcourt and Evanturel were also of deep interest and persuasive. Altogether the meeting was one continued success, from start to finish.

How did you like the speeches?

• • •

Sporting men have been betting even on 800 majority for Stratton. The limit will now be raised to a thousand.

• • •

Registration of manhood suffrage votes begins on Monday.

• • •

A great calm will now settle down over the country. The disquieting rumor that the Provincial Secretary was in danger of being pried loose from his job as member for West Peterborough, in the Legislative Assembly, has been run to the earth and found to have no foundation.

Humor of the Hour.

Patience—I see that Miss Sue Brette is going to write a book on the stage.

Patrice—Well, it wouldn't take her long.

"Why not?"

"Why, haven't you ever noticed how they write on the stage?"—Yonkers Statesman.

—♦♦♦—

First Hunter—It was your fault I didn't shoot that deer this morning.

Second Hunter—My fault?

First Hunter—Yes, I saw something moving. When I said, "Is that you, Jim?" the deer ran. Next time I'm going to say nothing and shoot, so look out.—Boston Post.

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Sweetness Long Drawn Out.

A business man of whom the "Youth's Companion" tells declares that the average stenographer will not learn to spell correctly until the millennium comes. In support of his opinion he relates his experience with a young woman whose spelling, as he describes it, had an "engaging originality," but who was so amiable and even-tempered that he seldom found heart to rebuke her.

One day she appeared before him with a neatly written letter for a Southern correspondent. He hastily looked it over.

"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar s-u-g-g-e-r."

The young woman looked at it a moment critically, and then her face brightened as she replied:

"So I have. How careless of me! I don't see how I came to leave out the 'h.'"

Supply Limited.

"This is tough luck," said Shem, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. "What's wrong now?" queried Ham. "Why, all this water to fish in," replied Shem, "and only two worms on board."—[illegible]

Poultry and Dairy.

Washing the hands seems a needless task sometimes, but the successful dairyman will find the moments spent in this way are the most profitable of the day. Clean hands lead to clean cows, and with clean cows there will be a clean product.

Experience With Houdans.

I have had fifteen years' experience in breeding Houdan fowls, and am strongly of the opinion that the high favor in which this breed is held by the French farmer and poulterer is not misplaced. I think it a great mistake that the Houdans are not more generally raised by the farmers of this country. They are medium sized, good layers of large white eggs, and are highly esteemed as a table bird. They have no combs to freeze in severe weather—a convenience to farmers who expect fowls to thrive without protection.—Charles Hopper, Ashley, O.

Poultry on the Dairy Farm.

Just why dairymen do not make poultry-raising pay is not a problem hard to solve. The reason is lack of knowledge relating to poultry-raising. How can we make fowls hustle and exercise? First, we must not feed too heavily or make it too easy for birds to get their food. We must get them out of their houses in winter as much as possible. The profit in winter depends on having the hens well housed and giving special care. A house 12 by 20 feet is large enough for 50 fowls. Do not permit any of the floor space to be occupied with nests, roosts or other fixtures. All of the floor space should be reserved for the hens, and a part of it should be used for a scratching floor. Put in only enough glass for lighting purposes.

One reason why some people do not succeed with poultry is that they do not know how to feed to the best advantage. Large fowls require a different system of feeding than small ones. Leghorns are not likely to get overfat. They will leave corn on the ground and run after insects; while the larger breeds will eat the corn that is given them and stand around waiting for more. Chopped clover is good, and should be fed each day, and chopped vegetables will not take its place. On the average farm there is much that goes to waste that the fowls can utilize, and this helps to give profit.—F. M. Munger, in American Agriculturist.

Guinea Fowls for Farm.

There is a difference of opinion as to the profitableness of guinea fowls. Where one person succeeds ten will perhaps fail. Guineas are very like wild birds in habits and it is thought that it is impossible to tame them but this is not the case. On a farm where they have a wide range guineas can be raised to advantage. They begin to lay in April and lay until the middle of October. During this season chicken hens get broody and in August and September moult and a flock of guineas will keep the egg basket filled.

Young guineas are susceptible to cold, and we do not set any eggs until the first of June, and have them coming off from the first of July until the middle of August. Those taken off later will not get grown before cold weather, but will make nice broilers to use in the fall. We set the eggs under an ordinary hen and raise them with the chickens; keep them fastened in a coop with the hen for several days, until they get used to the hen; then turn them out to forage in the day but shut them up at night. We give them the same kind of food as the young chicks, making sure to keep the coop's floor covered with coarse sand. The little guineas are so tame that it is hard to keep from stepping on them when going to feed or to put up at night. Her guineas roost in the fowl house, and, although they make the circuit round the farm every day, they come back to a clover patch near the fowl yard to lay, and nearly always lay near each other. I do not find them any harder to raise than chickens. They are great foragers, bug catchers and insect destroyers, and trouble grain and truck patches less than any other class of fowls.

The meat of the guinea resembles that of wild game in flavor, and is delicious, fit for an epicure. In many sections of the country partridges, quails, etc., are very scarce, and I do not see why guineas could not be hatched by incubators and raised to supply those who know what a toothsome bird the guinea is.—L. G. Holland, Ninety-Six, S. C.

The Water on a Dairy Farm.

The water supply should be even more scrupulously guarded than the food supply. It serves a double purpose, that of water for the cow and for the washing of the utensils. The water for both should be equally pure, and it ought to be made an axiom that water unfit to wash the pails or cans is unfit for cattle to drink. The milking cow requires large quantities of water, and whether it be capable of demonstration that impurities may find their way into the milk, it is safest to take the benefit of the doubt and use only pure water. A shallow dug well in the corner of the cow lot cannot escape contamination at some time. The contamination may not last all the time, and it may be, as is usually the case, that it is of a harmless character. The fact is that any contamination from the surface, no matter what may be its character, marks the well as one that may become infected and the cause of an epidemic. It only remains for the right kind of an infection to enter. It may require one year or forty years.

The special forms which are partial to the water supply are the intestinal germs that cause diarrhoea and the typhoid form. Many of the most alarming epidemics of typhoid have been traced to such source. It is not an easy matter to obtain an adequate supply of water at all places about a city, but as far as possible it should be from driven wells. As far as tested, all driven wells of more than twenty-five feet are supplying pure water. The hard-pan near the surface acts as an effective barrier to the passage of germs, and those that come from below are harmless. A driven well of twenty-five feet is a deeper well from a sanitary standpoint than any dug well. All dairies within the corporate limits of a city should be compelled to use city water.—United States Bulletin No. 68.

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"No," said the cheerful man, "a man cannot be too careful about writing letters."

"That's right," replied the nervous individual; "I wrote three ones that have kept me in hot water ever since."

"Ah, love letters, I suppose. Breach of——"

"No, sir. 'I.O.U.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Ephraim—He dun held fo' [illegible]. Rastus—Wot did you hold? Ephraim—[illegible]—[illegible] "World."

Lord Chas. Beresford

Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has been on duty in the Mediterranean for some time, is without doubt the most popular man in the British navy. He has recently returned to England, and the newspapers are conjecturing whether he will re-enter Parliament or accept a higher post in the navy. His ability is not estimated to be inferior to his popularity, and there is probably no post associated with the navy for which he would be regarded as unequal. He represents, above all things, the gospel of efficiency, which is being preached just now, and with ample need, judging from the remount scandal, and if in Parliament would do much to insure the maintenance of the navy at the highest practicable standard. The popular sailor celebrated his 56th birthday on February 10th.

A Defence of Canada.

Here is a Scottish newspaper, The Daily Journal of Aberdeen, with a really eloquent defence of Canada against Kipling's implied suggestion that snow plays a part in our daily life.

"The title of 'Our Lady of the Snows,'" says the Scottish writer, "bestowed on Canada in a haphazard sort of manner by Rudyard Kipling, is not at all a happy one, as it applies to a season only. I have seen the grapes hanging in luxuriant bunches to the vines in a Quebec garden, and the fields of tomatoes grow crimson in the warm sunshine; I have lingered in the golden wheatfields in the evening, and listened to the myriad sounds of the cricket and grasshopper; I have walked amid the cedar trees in an Ontario swamp when the sunset glow had faded, and watched the fireflies darting to and fro like shooting stars; and I have watched the tiny humming-bird, with plumage that rivalled the gaily-painted butterflies, contesting with the bee for the honey that lay within the sweet-smelling flowers. Scenes like these are not associated with a land of never-ending winter. Consequently there can be no greater mistake than to imagine, as too many pople do, that Canada is a semi-Arctic country out of which little good can come. And yet, what do we find? According to the returns of the Board of Trade fully 65,000 to 75,000 Britishers went to live in the United States during the past year, while only 12,000 or 13,000 went to Canada. There is no reason to doubt that if the resources and natural wealth of the Dominion of Canada were more generally known in this country, we would soon hear the last of the term "American" as applied to Canadian products, and United States producers would no longer receive the credit for Canadian goods, in many cases superior to their own. Those who guide the destinies of the Dominion think that the Stars and Stripes have overshadowed the Maple Leaf long enough. Every true Briton will be of the same opinion."

Where He Belonged.

The visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to the United States is naturally causing the telling over of some of the countless anecdotes of which the aged Kaiser Wilhelm, grandfather of Emperor Wilhelm and his brother, was the central figure. The following is one of the prettiest I have seen:—

In his later years the aged Kaiser took great pleasure in visiting the schools and catechizing the children. At one time while in the City of Ems he visited an orphan school that was in the city, and under Government patronage.

After listening for an hour or more to the recitations of several of the classes, the Kaiser called to the front a bright, golden-haired little girl seven or eight years of age, and, lifting her into his lap, said to her:

"Now, then, my little fraulein, let me see if you can answer me three hard questions." And taking an orange out of his pocket he held it up. "To what kingdom does this belong?" he asked.

The little girl hesitated a moment and then said timidly: "To the vegetable kingdom."

"Right, my little fraulein," said the Kaiser. "And, now, to what kingdom does this belong?" The Kaiser drew a gold-piece out of his pocket and placed it beside the orange.

More confident this time, the little girl replied: "To the mineral kingdom."

"Better and better," said the Kaiser. "Now, look at me and tell me to what kingdom do I belong."

The little girl was confused. Dare she say "the animal kingdom"? All the teachers and pupils looked at her with breathless expectancy. But in a moment she glanced up brightly into the face of the kind old Kaiser, and said: "To the kingdom of heaven."

This unexpected answer drew tears from the eyes of the Kaiser. "Yes, yes, my child," said he, "I trust that I do belong to the kingdom of heaven; and the day is not far distant when I shall go there, my little fraulein."

Then, kissing the little girl, he presented her with the gold piece and the orange, and brought his visit to a close.

A Slanderer of the British.

The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that further evidence has come to light of the methods employed to stir up anti-British feeling in Germany. The history of the man Kaulitz or Farlow, who at the outbreak of the Boer war founded the "London cable correspondence" for supplying the continental press with alleged war news, which was "made in London," has been traced by The Kolnische Zeitung. The Kolnische quotes from a provincial paper a list of this man's misdeeds. He was born at Brunswick, became a Social Democrat at Leipsic in the seventies, and was afterwards, it is said, sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment for inciting the workmen in the Saar district by articles in his paper. Later on he became Johann Most's partner in London and was on the staff of his paper. After giving a few further facts about the man's career The Kolnische says:—"This honorable gentleman has now been unmasked, but, unfortunately, too late, for the lies about the atrocities of English Lancers at Elandslaagte, outrages on helpless Boer women and girls, etc., continue to be freely circulated, and whoever attempts to disprove them is suspected and insulted for being an English hireling."

A Classification.

Henry Thomas Buckle's thoughts and conversation were always on a high level. Once he remarked: "Men and women range themselves into three classes, or orders, of intelligence; you can tell the lowest class by their habit of always talking about persons; the next by the fact that their habit is always to converse about things; the highest by their preference for the discussion of ideas."

Rail Road Men

In all departments of active service stand in need of the readiness of mind and promptness of action which depend on a healthy nervous system. Let a railroad man be "rattled," and every life depending on him is in danger. A great many railroad men have found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a valuable tonic for the overstrained nervous system. It builds up the body, purifies the blood, nourishes the nerves, and induces a healthy appetite and refreshing sleep.

"I suffered for six years with constipation and indigestion, during which time I employed several physicians, but they could not reach my case," writes Mr. G. Popplewell, of Eureka Springs, Carroll Co., Ark. "I felt that there was no help for me; could not retain food on my stomach; had vertigo and would fall helpless to the floor. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and little 'Pellets,' and improved from the start. After taking twelve bottles of the 'Discovery' I was able to do light work, and have been improving ever since."

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CONVENT SCHOOL REPORT

The following is the report for the month of April for the Convent school. The names are given in order of merit.

Senior Fourth—M. McGrath, M. McDonnell, E. Doris, J. Conroy, G. Primeau, E. Picard, K. McCarthy, M. Carleton, T. Moore, A. Mahony, J. Gordon, N. Taylor, B. Wyer.

Junior Fourth — W O'Brien, M E Carveth, B O'Heron, Mamie Theobald, E Donoghue, G O'Brien, A Gilloy, M Paccmald, C Calman, M Denault, M Howen, V Kennealey, M Fagan, M O'Brien.

Senior Third — L Hill, G Vinette, B Flynn, A Cuffe, G Holmes, A Holland, N Shevlin, M McMahon, J Potvin.

Junior Third — K O'Brien, N Overend, J Potvin, M Shevlin, O Cuffe, G Coughlan, N O'Heron, A Sullivan, M Morrow.

Senior Second—Honours—M Powers, M Fitzsimmons, M Hickey, A Devlin, L Ward, C Doig, M Doris, A Doig, M Morency, K Talcot, C Delaire, J Morency, M Halpin, B McDonald, K Hobbins, N Hallihan, M E Trombley, M Rose O'Schapp, M Grady, M Geary, E O'BBrien, A McDonald, M Guerin, N Brady.

Junior Second — Honours — G Sullivan, J Buck, E O'Brien, L Potvin, A McGreel, E Barry, V Devlin, K Collins, M Sullivan, L Callaghan, J Cleary, L Whaley, L O'Reilly, C White, F Donoghue, M Coughlin, M Burns, M Murray, F Lejuneuse, E Joyce, M Dunn, M Lefebre, M Dolan, D Mennell, M Bloom, E Marion.

Senior Part Second—E Lajeunesse, M Vinette, M Shevlin, G Rudkins, C Shevlin, N Kylie, A Hogan, O Stockdale, L Grady, G Dineen, K McGrath, M King, K Herlihy, E Deroher, M Blodgett, M Kearns, J Conroy, B Heffernan, M MacCormack, E Vinette, L Hurd, A Ward.

Junior Pt. Second—E Archambault, J Crawford, M MacMahon, L McGreet, E Lynch, A Barrette, G Fitzsimmons, J Killen, G Kylie, J Sinnot, F Walsh, M O'Reilly, E O'Brien, M Hobbins, L Hattrick, L Hurley, M Dunn, N Kelly, B Galvin, M Heenan, J Heenan, A Smith, D Barrette, A Thibault, E Bernier, G Lordreville, B White, L Sullivan O Fontaine, K Mennell.

Part First, Senior Grade—O Tangney, J Hobbin, K Collins, M Dwyer, M Tonderson, P Lefebre, H Dunn, G Dunn, A Blodgett, K Hickey, H Killen, L Lajeunesse, M O'Toole, H Holland, O McMahon.

Junior Grade—L Delaine, A Potvin, C Fullivan, B Malone, L Hummel, M Downey, M Collin, M O'Connor, L Doig, E Keenn, E Clancy, M Aste, T Grady, P Halpin, L Minnicola, A Nolan, M Morency, G Jones.

Grade B—B Giroux, M Thompson, M Lamonte, M Blodgett, L Clancy.

Toward the end of the mince pie stage Willie put down his spoon and pushed away his unfinished trifle. "Why, Willie," said his father, "what's the matter? You look quite mournful!" "Yes," replied Willie, "that's just it—I'm more'n full." And the innocent child wondered why everybody laughed.—London Globe.

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"Suppose," said the friend who had been reading "Enoch Arden," "that you went away on a sea voyage and came back to find that your wife had married another man?"

"That's an absurd proposition," answered Mr. Meekton. "Henrietta would never be so careless with me as to let me go away on a sea voyage."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

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"Very few girls," said the mother, "know how to sit down gracefully. You should be deliberate about it."

"I am," returned the girl.

"Nix," said her annoying small brother.

"Yes, I am, too," said the girl.

"Not when you were learning to skate at the park this morning," insisted the small brother.

Thereupon the discussion ended.—Chicago Post.

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"I thought you guaranteed that suit of underwear you sold me not to shrink?" said the customer, who entered the store and stood in a somewhat cramped attitude.

"I did," replied the merchant; "if it shrinks bring it back."

"I have brought it back," said the customer in evident embarrassment, "but I got caught out in the rain and can't get it off."—Ohio State Journal.

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"Can you make four revolutions in the air before alighting?" asked the curious stranger of the circus acrobat.

"Say," replied the acrobat, "I'm no South American republic!"—Ohio State Journal.

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"Charlie, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "which canal route do you think they will select?"

"I don't know. What is your preference?"

"The Panama. It's so much easier to spell."—Washington Star.

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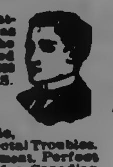

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, } ss.

J. Harris being duly sworn deposes and says, that some time ago he was treated by ——for Nightly Emissions, Seminal Losses and Sexual Weakness and was pronounced cured in 18[illegible]—that he noticed a recurrence and on May 10, 18[illegible] he consulted Dr. Goldberg for the above troubles, and immediately commenced treatment, he improved steadily and was discharged absolutely cured, Aug. 1, 18[illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. 18[illegible] J. HARRIS.

JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co. Mich.

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Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

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HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court building.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $30 to $50 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 64 and 66 Broadway, New York.

For Sale or to Rent

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 389 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book Store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

Situations Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

Miscellaneous

LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co., Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 384 Park, Piano-Polling into Lane—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo A. FRY 384 Park street.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 16 Toronto street Toronto

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

A Skin Like Satin: Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the [illegible] beautiful is the [illegible] result of using Derma Cream [illegible] the worst blemish [illegible] Sold by [illegible] People [illegible] C. [illegible] 220 [illegible] St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Humor of the Hour.

"When her grandfather came to this town he was barefooted and had only fifty cents in his pocket."

"What a lucky thing it was for her that he didn't know she would some day be ashamed of the manner of his arrival. If he could have known how it was going to humiliate her he mightn't have come."—Chicago Record-Herald.

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"'Tis very sad," the onion said,
And heaved a little sigh,
"The only faculty I have
Is making people cry."
—The Interior.

◆◆◆

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

The word "ponger," indicating an exponent of the art or science of ping pong, has lately sprung into existence. Do the users of this euphonious but backboneless noun realize what they are responsible for? Witness the result:—

"If a man who plays at ping pong is a "ponger,"
Then a singer at a "sing song" is a "songer";
If the "songer" is a "singer,"
Then the "ponger" is a "pinger,"
And the man who says it's wrong must be a "wronger."

If your charming partner at the game's a "pingstress,"
Then an operatic nightingale's a "singstress";
If the song she sings is sung,
Is a game of ping pong "pung"?
And is the girl who lingers called a "lingstress"?
—London Mail.

◆◆◆

A pretty girl boarded a crowded street car in Washington, and a pompous old gentleman arose and gave her a seat.

After some time a number of passengers got out, and the old gentleman sank into the nearest corner with a weary sigh.

"I wouldn't get up again," he murmured, "for an angel," and then, as he caught the eyes of the girl fixed upon him reproachfully, he added quickly, "I mean, madam, for another angel!"—Harper's Magazine.

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"I went south to spend the winter among the palms, the flowers and the sunshine, but I was so absent-minded I had to come right back."

"How so?"

"Forgot my snowshoes."—New York Sun.

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"In Esquire Robert's court recently," says The Fulton (Ky.) Leader, "a boy was put on the witness stand, and to ascertain if he knew the nature of an oath the Justice interviewed him as follows:—

"'Do you know the nature of an oath?'

"'Don't know whether I do or not.'

"'Well, if you should tell a lie, do you know where you would go when you die?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Where?'

"'Well, when we moved out here pap said if any of us lied he would take us back to Arkansas, and I reckon he'll be as good as his word.'"

◆◆◆

The customer had not been sitting long at the hospitable table of a certain hotel in London when he noticed something mysterious about his plate of "fine old Stilton" and bread.

He watched it very closely for some time, and then with a look of awe on his face, called lustily to the waiter.

"Waiter!" he cried, "remove this cheese."

"Beg pardon, sir," said the waiter. "Can I bring you any other kind?"

"Remove this cheese, I tell you!"

"We've some fine Gorgonzola, sir. I'll—"

"Great Jupiter, man! If you don't remove it immediately I'll call the police!"

"Sorry, sir," said the terrified waiter. "Is there anything wrong?"

"Wrong! wrong! It's eating all my bread!"

◆◆◆

"I think papa is just as mean as he can be," asserted the little one with indignation.

"Why?" asked her mother in surprise.

"Oh, he never can tell anything about the changes in the weather," was the reply. "Why doesn't he get the rheumatism, like Lucy Miller's father?"—Chicago Post.

◆◆◆

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know!

Grass lands deserve as much attention in spring as any other portion of the farm. Grass is really the mainspring of farming, for wherever there is a good stand of grass there will be an excellent prospect for hay, pasturage and soil improvement. Fertilizer should be applied before grass starts, and the spring rains will carry it down to the roots and give the crop an early start, which will greatly assist in enduring drought in the summer. No pasturage or grass plot should be expected to give crops without manure or fertilizer. Wood ashes make an excellent fertilizer for grass, and a light application of nitrate of soda will give good results. If cattle are given the run of a grass plot when the grass is young they will do more harm to the grass by trampling than can result from any other cause. Grass exhausts the soil the same as any other crop, and the land must be supplied with the plant foods removed. If there are bare places in the pasture use the harrow over them and sow mixed varieties of grass seeds.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Wilful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

her so to making the terrible sacrifice that would have saved Lillian Ruthven.

"If her life or mine must be wrecked, what matters it which one is sacrificed," she comforted herself by saying.

Her ardent love for Aleck had conquered all other feelings.

Two days more and she would be away from Sacramento en route for New York. Better there in the midst of hustling crowds than here, where any day she might meet Harold St. John face to face.

As for Harold St. John himself, he haunted the road which led to the villa, on the watch for Daisy, but he did not see her as the days passed; then he determined to go boldly to the house and call for her.

"Does Mrs. Hamilton live here?" he asked of the liveried footman who opened the door.

"Yes," was the laconic reply.

"Is she at home? I wish to see her."

"Not at home."

"Not at home," repeated Harold St. John. "Does that mean she is in the house, and unwilling to see any one, or that she is really not here?"

The man looked aghast.

What a question to ask the fashionable servant of a fashionable mistress.

The direct earnestness of it took him by surprise; he answered it honestly, before he had time to think what he was saying:

"My mistress is not at home to callers today, though she is in the house."

Then the footman recovered himself. He had certainly lost some of his dignity by being too affable. He looked at the stranger from head to foot and mentally decided that although well dressed, he looked too flashy to be a gentleman, no need therefore to waste civility.

"Can you tell me when she will be at home to callers?" St. John inquired, "what day I can see her."

"Sorry, I don't know," was the reply, rather impatiently.

Then Harold St. John bethought himself that perhaps a golden key was required. He placed a bill in the man's hand.

"Now try to remember," he said. "The fact is that I really wish to see your mistress on very important business."

Then seeing the servant hesitate, he added:

"The business is urgent, and relates to her own affairs."

The footman thought to himself there would be no harm in obliging this generous man. So he answered readily enough, his mistress was on the eve of a journey, the maids were packing the trunks, and she had said adieu to all her friends she cared to know.

Harold St. John listened with bated breath.

"Where does she go— I mean where is her destination?"

And again, thoughtlessly enough, the man answered:

"New York City."

Then the footman seemed to consider he had been civil enough for the bill given him, and closed the door. At that instant Harold St. John saw a little phaeton passing swiftly out of the gate. He caught the gleam of a golden head beneath the gauzy veil, and knew, much to his chagrin, that he had just missed the object of his search; but he made up his mind to wait at the carriage entrance until she returned. Then he would confront her.

He might have to wait for hours. Never mind fatigue, never mind pain. So he watched and waited the rest of the day there.

He watched the sun set and the stars rise; he watched the sweet summer night fall, and he brooded in gloomy silence over the revenge he should take on Daisy for proving so false to him.

It would be a glorious revenge to take her triumphantly from Alexander Hamilton, to drag her from this luxurious home to follow his fortunes, no matter where he might choose to take her. Her lovely face, too, would inspire the envy of all his friends.

He was too deep in his reverie and plans to hear the phaeton roll up to the velvety lawn and up to the carriage drive.

He raised his head just in time to see Daisy and Alexander Hamilton descend from it, and run lightly up the marble steps.

He sprung after them, but before he had time to speak the door opened and closed after them. Then Harold St. John rung the bell; the door was opened by the same servant he had seen early in the afternoon.

"Mrs. Hamilton is in now," said St. John. "I know it. I watched for her. I must see her."

"Come, come!" said the man, "this will not do at all. We are not used to this sort of thing here; you cannot see my mistress at this hour of the night."

"But I must see her— I will not take a refusal. You have no right to refuse me; I must and will see the lady!"

The footman eyed him severely.

"I tell you," he said, "I should be very sorry to take any violent measures, but this will not do at all. You must not make this noise here."

"I will give you——" began St. John, excitedly.

"There!" interrupted the man, "say no more; it's of no use. I'm sorry enough that I have accepted what I did from you."

"I will wait outside yonder gate until I do see her, mark my word," exclaimed St. John, emphatically.

"All right! that will not be my fault at all; you can please yourself. If my mistress leaves the house to ride tomorrow, it will not be until late in the afternoon; the police will have removed you long before that. A lady's house is her castle; you cannot get into it just when you will, I can tell you that."

"You are an impudent menial!" cried Harold St. John, fairly glowering with rage.

"Just so; well, never mind; get off these steps and I will be anything you like."

So saying he closed the door, and St. John had no recourse but to go away.

"What is the matter, John?" asked Mr. Hamilton, who was crossing the hall and had heard angry voices; "what is wrong?"

"Only a man, sir," answered John, "who insisted upon seeing my mistress."

"At this hour of the night? Was it anything important?"

"I should say not, sir. I told him it was impossible."

To be Continued

For Live-Stockmen.

A Good Salve For Horses.

A salve valuable to horsemen may be made of equal quantities by measure of pine tar, sulphur and lard. Mix the sulphur with the tar and stir it well; then add the lard and stir again. Set it on the stove and simmer for six hours, occasionally stirring it. It will cure the scratches on horses, and galls from the harness.

For scratches, thoroughly wash and clean the parts with castile or some other good kind of soap, and then rub in the salve. I have tried it and recommend it to others. I never knew it to fail. It is simple and cheap, and the formula easy to remember. It is not patented; anyone can use it.

It will also relieve sores, ringworm and most skin troubles on men.—J. W.

Ayrshires at St. Louis in 1903.

The breeders of dairy cattle in the United States are already beginning to prepare for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903. At the recent meeting of the American Ayrshire Breeders' Association, held at Providence, R.I., it was voted to appropriate money from the treasury to pay the expense of placing a herd of Ayrshire cows in the breed test at that Exposition, and a committee was appointed to take charge of the same. Canadian breeders who intend to exhibit at St. Louis should at once begin to prepare their stock, so that they will not be taken at a disadvantage, when the time for this great international contest arrives.

Canadian Cattle in Aberdeenshire.

The removal of the British embargo on Canadian cattle is evidently still a live question in Scotland, as shown by the following item from a recent issue of The North British Agriculturist, a paper which has strongly opposed the free admission of Canadian "stores":—"A rather curious debate for a literary society, 'Should the restrictions on Canadian cattle be removed?' was held in the Public Hall, New Deer, under the auspices of the local Literary Society. The local papers state that there was a large attendance, and considerable interest was taken in the debate. Mr. Milne, coach-builder, supported the negative, and Mr. Godsman of Mains of Fedderate the affirmative. Mr. Milne made an able speech in favor of his side, pointing out the injury that would be done to small farmers and crofters, who depended mainly on their stock for a living, were Canadians admitted; but Mr. Godsman, who argued mainly on free trade theories, was one too many for him, and in the end carried the affirmative by a considerable majority. The great majority of those present were not farmers at all, but the vote shows how opinion may go even in this large cattle-breeding country."

How to Secure Good Lambs.

Begin with the ewes before the breeding season. For two or three weeks put them on better feed. The best I have found for this is rape pasture. Let the ewes run on the rape for an hour twice a day for the first few days until they get accustomed to it. This will put them in good flesh and in shape to raise strong lambs.

I always raise a few acres of turnips and these I feed regularly twice a day during the winter in connection with ground oats and bran. About a quart for each sheep with as much hay as they will eat up clean is sufficient. This care of the ewes during the winter gives to the lambs when they are dropped a large amount of milk. When the lambs are less than a week old they will begin to eat a little grain. The ewes must then be fed more liberally. I generally have a place where the lambs can be fed by themselves, and then give them ground oats and a little bran in the morning with cornmeal and bran at night. I always give a feed of roots during the day. By this method I have raised lambs which have dressed 78 pounds at thirteen weeks old. I always keep the following points in mind:—Give plenty of clean water, dip in late summer, keep clean and in a good dry barn, give regular attendance and feed.—J. Withers, in American Agriculturist.

Pigs and Cows.

The dairyman of to-day is of necessity a breeder of swine. The two go together so thoroughly that it would be a waste of good material and opportunity to neglect either. There can be no doubt that nature intended that the pigs should be the companion of the cows in the clover fields. But more than that, the swine should be fed on the skim milk that comes from the dairy. Pigs and shoats will thrive on this skim milk as on nothing else. The milk fed in this way will yield a larger profit than if sold in the ordinary market, where only a few cents a quart can be obtained, and often not that. The waste of time and material in trying to find a good market for skim milk is the most discouraging feature of the dairy business. Many a man has been induced to leave the business entirely on account of this. After settling up his accounts for the year he has found that he was actually no gainer for the year's work.

The only actually sure way of making money is to have a well organized dairy and pig farm. Enough of the latter should be kept at all times to consume the skim milk. By rapid growing and selling, turning the money over quickly, a good profit can be made for every quart of skim milk fed. Some keep their pigs too long. It is better to sell them as young pigs than to wait until they are so fat that few want them. A good healthy pig, with plenty of lean and fat on his sides, will usually sell better than the excessively fat hogs. The clover and grass will always help to make the pigs grow, and on a diet of good clover and plenty of skim milk there is no danger of hog cholera or other swine diseases in the hottest of weather. Corn and dry grain are the breeders of disease and illness in hogs during the summer. The hog cholera is undoubtedly the produce of overheated blood, superinduced by heavy corn and grain feeding. We cannot stamp out the disease until we change the diet. Let that be skim milk and green clover and grass from June 1 until the end of September, and any man can raise as fine a flock of clean, healthy swine as any market man could ask for. And the market for such animals—A. B. Barrett, in Indiana Farmer. a always ready, with prices far more constant than for most farm products.

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Mrs. Mitford—What do you think of this vivisection question? It must be awful to be cut up alive.

Mrs. Graham—Yes, and it is awful to be cut dead, as I was by one of my dearest friends last evening.—Boston Transcript.

Doubtless She Was.

Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop? Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present encumbrance, just now.—Philadelphia "Press."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

UNCONSCIOUS INFLUENCE.

SERMON BY
REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

For none of us liveth to himself, and no man dieth to himself.—Romans, xiv., 7.

Somebody has said that thoughts are things. The phrase is unfortunate, because it is misleading and inaccurate. This world is made up of things and forces. Thoughts are more subtle than mere things and far more potential. They are forces which change a man's life for better or for worse.

If you apply the principles of wireless telegraphy to spiritual concerns you will see the full scope of my statement. We may safely do this, for there is a spiritual law running parallel to every physical law, and no man can discover a physical law without suggesting a corresponding spiritual law. In this way all thinkers stand shoulder to shoulder, lifting the world out of the old into the new.

The wireless telegrapher tells us that a word or its equivalent creates a vibration of the air, as a pebble creates a ripple in the pond, and this vibration speeds on its way to the destined terminus, however distant, and there makes itself known and felt. We are living in an age of miracles, or, in other words, an age of discovery, and this is one of the startling results.

In like manner a word of scorn or of praise hurled into the spiritual universe from a heart that hates or loves becomes a living force, not lost in the general confusion as a single note is lost in the multitude of sounds, but going straight to the man or woman against whom or in favor of whom it was directed. That other heart at the further end of the line, perhaps half broken by remorse or timidly hoping for better days, is the receiving station of this wireless telegraphy. Your thought, critical or gentle, strikes that other heart with an impact which either hurts or helps. You may not know that your thought has taken its flight, that other person may not know whence it comes, but all the same he is uplifted or oppressed by it.

This may seem strange and even incredible, but while it is to-day a possible fact, it may to-morrow become a demonstrated truth, and the next day it may change the whole outlook of the spiritual world. It has the appearance of a miracle, but profounder knowledge always seems miraculous, while in reality we only climb from the lower to the higher realm of law, see further and understand God better.

A spoken thought is even now recognized as a force when speaker and hearer are within earshot of each other. An oath, a compliment, a bit of vocal flattery go through the ear to the heart and kindle a flame of resentment or of happiness. What you say becomes part of another man's life and excites passion or stimulates friendship. Why may there not be a quicker transit than the slow and dull ear affords? Why may not the time come when we can convey our thoughts without the coarse medium of words? There are no words between us and heaven. A prayer is longing of the soul, "uttered or unexpressed." God speaks to hearts. The impression is instantaneous, as when the sun makes its mark on the photographer's plate. There are "unseen beings who walk the earth both when we wake and when we sleep," but they use no words. They make us feel their presence, and we are as sure that they are close by as though we heard a trumpet call. What they would say steals into the heart, for our poor ears cannot catch it. We hear nothing, but we know that they are giving us a helping hand. Is there any language in heaven except that of thoughts?

When the world grows older why may we not speak to each other without this cumbersome factor of spoken words? Progress is indefinite and infinite, and we are moving in that direction. We catch glimpses of the possible already. A look, a pressure of the hand, and contempt or sympathy is complete. Enlarge the circumference and you have a new truth. No one needed to tell the Christ what he thought. He read the heart as an open book. He looked at a man and the man's story was already told. Lips had nothing to do with it. The Master felt the woes and shared the joys of humanity. A subtler language than we can use was at His command.

A thought is the wireless message of soul to soul. Your neighbor's welfare is affected by your kind or unkind criticism of him. When we deal with subtle and far-reaching forces of this kind, then religion, which enjoins charity, is brought to the forefront as the most important factor in human life. If you would be at your best you must love your neighbor, for your thought of him will either lift him up or trip him to a fall. The whole trend and swing of the universe bid a man be honest, just and gentle, for we are so bound together that nobility in one kindles nobility in all, and one man's hurt is an injury to all. Since we are marching, one great company, from time to eternity, let us go as brothers, with a kindly word and a helping hand whenever opportunity offers.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING

PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wood Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor of man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 14-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted Fast seller every where. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 1, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of the month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY, 1902

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

Cover Crops and Fertilizers.

Prof. I. P. Roberts of Cornell University says:—Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil; fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productively by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that another cover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 126.86 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.35 lbs.; potash, 109.96 lbs. There is removed by 25 bushels of wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 42 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash, 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

Little Mothers in Japan.

Although the Empire of Japan is said to be a "paradise of children," where they are allowed to do very much as they please, and where they seldom, if ever, cry, their life is not all play. The little boys and girls have their work to do, but in many skilful ways they turn work into play. Take, for instance, the little girls who have baby sisters or brothers to care for. They tuck the youngsters into their queer garments and go on with their games of ball. If the baby grows tired and begins to fret the "little mother" jounces it up and down over her shoulder with a peculiar bumping motion of her back, without stopping the game. All the time she sings some pretty song.

When Judge Barnard was on the bench and holding court in Poughkeepsie a lawyer who did not like him chanced to see a one-cent coin lying on the floor. Picking it up and holding it forth in ostentatious display, he said:

"I imagine, your Honor, from the value of this coin, that it must belong to the court."

"And I imagine," replied Judge Barnard, "that if it was not such a small coin the court never would have seen it."—New York Times.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in affecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh, and Dr Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. $10 will be paid for any case they will not permanently cure.

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms,	$550
Frame house, stable and large lot..	750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work	950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376. Near Post Office

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent [illegible] occasion. [illegible]

Permanent Cures

We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

:—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO over-night.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 9 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Bicycle riding is now in full swing again.

—The Times is to be enlarged in a few days.

—The Gun Club will shoot this afternoon at Riverside Park.

—Lawn mowers are now in active demand in the suburbs.

—The Times is to be enlarged and greatly improved next week.

—A blazing chimney on Rubidge street gave the Fire Brigade a run yesterday morning.

—The steamer City of Peterborough will be ready to move out of harbor in a few days.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—By a change in the statute it has been made a punishable offence to trespass on an unfenced lawn.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—Look out for the Jarvis Street Baptist choir concert in St. Paul's Church on Monday evening. Secure your tickets at once.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—Lindsay Watchman-Warder: Mr. Arnott of Peterborough has purchased this season's make of cheese boxes from Burk Bros., but not the factory as stated in last week's issue.

—At the police court yesterday morning a citizen was fined $2 and costs, amounting in all to $5.35, for obtaining a $1 tag for his bitch, when he should have purchased a $2 tag.

—FOR SALE—New Al-Vista Panoramic camera. Cost $45.00. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply, Tate Optical Co., 428 George street.

—Suckers are now running. Yesterday Mr. Rolly Hill, the genial delivery clerk at Messrs. E. Brown & Co., drove down to the locks and secured eighty.

—Alfred Vanhoughnet was brought back from Lindsay yesterday and was charged at the police court with having stolen certain articles from Thos Williams. He was remanded until to-morrow.

—Mr. G. B. Whiten, the up-to-date photographer, has had his splendid studio thoroughly overhauled and improved. Painters and paper hangers have been at work, an everything is now in first class order. Mr. Whiten's reputation for doing only first class work is known far and near.

—The many Peterborough friends of Mr. Hugh O'Leary, K.C., Lindsay, will regret to learn that he met with a serious mishap on Tuesday evening last. It appears that he was one of the speakers at a political meeting in the country, and while making his way to the road he stumbled owing to the darkness, and struck his right knee with great force against a large stone. Unable to walk, and in great pain, he was carried to the vehicle, and when the party reached town Dr. Gillespie, on examining the injury, found that Mr. O'Leary had sustained a transverse fracture of the patella or knee-cap. Under the most favorable circumstances Mr. O'Leary will be unable to walk for a couple of months, and there is danger of permanent weakness. The Times expends its sincere sympathy.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Hon Senator George A. Cox is in town.

—Mr. A. J. McClellan was in Toronto yesterday on business.

—Hon. Senator McHugh, of Lindsay, was in town for a few hours yesterday morning.

—Mr. Wm. Snowden returned yesterday from Preston, where he spent a few days enjoying a rest.

—Mr. W. H. Foord, formerly superintendent of the Little Lake Cemetery, was down from Toronto attending the obsequies of the late Mr. Denne.

Prohibition Meeting

Mr. W. W. Buchanan, of Toronto, Secretary of the Manitoba Alliance and editor of the new temperance newspaper, the Liberator, will address a public meeting in the opera house on Tuesday evening next, May 13th. He will urge the election of Major Miller, the prohibition candidate.

Educational Closing

The educational closing will be held in the Y.W.C.A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Reports of the work in the various classes will be given by the teachers, followed by a musical programme, and informal reception. Refreshments will be served. Members and friends of the Association are specially invited to be present.

Supplementary Estimates

In the final supplementary estimates which were brought down in the Dominion Parliament on Wednesday the following items appear which are of local interest: Repairing Public Buildings, Peterborough, $2,500; Harwood wharf, $1,800; Lindsay harbour, $2,000; Dredging the Trent River, $6,000; bridge at Healey's Falls, $1,000; extending dam at Peterborough, $9,000.

Lost Hearing Quickly Restored

No matter whether of long standing or not deafness can be permanently cured by Catarrhozone, which never fails even in the worst cases. The pleasant-scented vapor of Catarrhozone allays inflammation, prevents and cures the catarrhal condition that causes deafness and relieves right away. Thousands have proved the efficiency of Catarrhozone, and with such a valuable remedy within easy reach there is no longer any reason for people to remain deaf. Catarrhozone is recommended also for coughs, colds, catarrh and bronchitis. Complete outfit $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U.S. or Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Laid at Rest

The remains of the late Mr. Henry Denne were interred yesterday afternoon from the family residence, [illegible] George street. As the funeral cortege passed down the street the places of business were closed as a mark of respect to the deceased. There were many beautiful floral offerings, among them being those from the Town Council, the Board of Education and the Cemetery Board. Notwithstanding the rain, the funeral cortege was one of the largest ever seen in Peterborough, nearly every business house in town represented. The Aldermen, members of the Board of Education, and Cemetery Board attended in a body. The following gentlemen were bearers:—Messrs. James Stevenson, J. J. Lundy, James Stewart, Charles Stapleton, E. H. G. Hall and W. H. Wrighton.

THE LATE HENRY DENNE

A Resolution of Condolence Passed by the Little Lake Cemetery Board

At a meeting of the Directors of the Little Lake Cemetery Company, specially called by the President for consideration of action of the Board upon the death of the late Henry Denne, it was unanimously resolved that there be placed on the company's minutes an expression of the very deep regret felt by the directors at the loss of so highly valued a member, and their sincere sympathy with his sorrowing widow and family."

Mr. Denne was elected a member of the Board in January, 1878, and has since occupied that position, and during that period he has been president for ten years. Over all these years Mr. Denne has ever been active and energetic and manifested the deepest concern in the company's affairs, and much of its success and prosperity is attributable to the eminent services of Mr. Denne as Director and President.

The directors would also, on this occasion, bear witness to the deservedly high esteem in which Mr. Denne has for fifty years been held by his fellow townsmen, evidenced by their having elected him to the various positions of public trust which his busy life would permit him to accept, to which he invariably devoted time and much ability, and he will be long remembered for the faithful discharge of the duties he undertook.

It is further resolved that the Board provide a wreath and attend the funeral in a body, and that a copy of this resolution be delivered by the secretary to his afflicted widow.

THE J. P.'S DECISION

He Sums Up the Coffee Case

Judge W. W. Bowen, of Creeds, Va., announces himself as a "reformed coffee toper, and gives authority to make the following public statement.

"For years the coffee habit had been growing on me until my condition was getting serious. I have considerable writing to do and had become so nervous that I had to depend almost entirely upon my wife to do the writing. Sometimes when it was imperative that I sign my name my hand trembled so I could scarcely do it. [illegible]

I had severe headaches, stomach trouble, heart trouble, also some rheumatism. A friend, Rev.——, one day sent me a package of Postum Food Coffee with request that I give up Coffee and make a fair trial of Postum.

I took the advice and the headaches ceased, also the stomach trouble. I now have no heart trouble at all except when I use coffee for a time. My old nervousness is a thing of the past.

My wife also suffered for years with heart trouble and extreme nervousness. She has found relief by leaving off coffee and using Postum. We now think it a much better drink than either coffee or tea. I have known of a number of cases that have been entirely cured or greatly benefited by leaving off coffee and using the new beverage, Postum."

THE BARGAIN CLOSED.

THE STREET RAILWAY CHANGED OWNERSHIP YESTERDAY

Five Thousand Dollars Paid Over to Bind the Bargain—Work to be Begun at Once and Cars to be Running in a Few Weeks

Yesterday was the last day of the option on the purchase of the street Railway by the National Construction Company of Detroit. The $5000 which the option called as first payment of the purchase money, amounting to $30,000, was handed over yesterday morning.

The new company will lose no time in getting to work, and in a few days we will probably see the streets torn up in the work of resurrecting the road. The Times is informed that the line to the edge of the river will be constructed first, and put in operation, together with the old line.

Monday May 12

The programme to be given in St. Paul's church on the 12th inst., by the Jarvis street Baptist choir, of Toronto, is without question a program of the good things in music. The choir is assisted by Miss McMurty, soprano, Mr. A. L. E. Davies, bass, Mr. Victor Hutchison, tenor, Mr. G. B. McClellan, baritone, and Mr. Arthur Alvin, solo organist. As an evidence of the interest this choir has caused in church circles, it may be stated that they have had six or seven invitations to visit as far east as Perth. That Mr. Vogt and his choir has chosen to visit Peterborough is a matter for congratulation to the choir of St. Paul's and the public generally.

PING PONG AT LINDSAY

Number of Peterborough Young People Spend a Pleasant Evening

A party composed of Miss Helen Hall, Miss Gwendoline Meade, Miss Mamie Rogers, Miss Kate Hall and Miss Dumbl and chaperoned by Mrs. J. H. McClellan were most delightfully entertained in Lindsay on Wednesday evening, by the ping pong club of that place.

Although Peterborough was not successful in winning the laurels it was not at all detrimental to their enjoyment of the various forms of entertainment provided.

Beside ping-pong, dancing and euchre were also engaged in and at the conclusion of the games refreshments were served.

All returned home delighted and speak in glowing terms, of the evening's enjoyment.

The Lindsay ladies who received on behalf of the ping-pong club were Mesdames Grace, Hopkins, Kempt and Paddon.

WHAT YOU DO, DO IT WELL

This Is Important For Health-Building In May

Thousands of Cures Made by Paine's Celery Compound Should Convince You of Its Value

"What you do, do it well," is the golden rule of business life. This rule and far-reaching command can be profitably observed in many other conditions of life. In sickness and and suffering it is all-important that "what you do" to banish disease and restore lost health, shall be well done. While prudence and common sense will, in nearly every instance, direct you aright, the experience of your friends and neighbors and the thousands rescued from sickness and suffering, will point directly to Paine's Celery Compound as the infallible health-giver.

People who think they will get rid of troubles such as rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia and nervous disorders by medicines which have not yet passed the experimental stage, will be sadly disappointed and find their sufferings increased.

To get rid of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia and nervous complaints, it is wisdom to use Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that proceeds at once to make the appetite normal, sleep natural and refreshing, the nerves strong, as a foundation for building up health and vigor.

If sick people in May look for a true nerve strengthener, an honest blood purifier, a reliable diuretic, that will restore strength, renew vitality, regulate the kidneys, liver and bowels, they should at once make use of use of Paine's Celery Compound, and note the speedy and pleasing results that flow from its use.

NEXT WEEK'S MEETINGS

IN THE INTERESTS OF THE CANDIDATURE OF MR. STRATTON

Announcement of the Dates on Which Addresses will be Made in Different Parts of the Riding

Meetings have been arranged as follows in the interests of the candidature of Mr. Stratton in the riding:

Foresters' Hall, Baillieboro, Monday evening, May 12th.

Temperance Hall, Selwyn, Tuesday evening, May 13th.

Temperance Hall, 4th line, Smith, Wednesday evening, May 14th.

Town Hall, Bridgenorth Thursday evening, May 15th.

Young's Point, Thursday evening, May 15th.

Bensfort, Thursday evening, May 15th

Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

—A train one mile in length sounds like a record, but that is what was recently hauled over the Thunder Bay and Wabigoon section of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It comprised 105 cars. Situate next to the engine was a testing car. The train was sent over the road to ascertain exactly the tonnage that could be handled on the various grades between the lake and leveller sections of the prairie. With this knowledge gained, plans will be prepared to lower the grades where necessary, and generally improve the road to allow of the haulage of the maximum tonnage both directions. A portion of the $2,000,000 appropriated for the improvement of that section will be applied to this work.

ANOTHER INDUSTRY

Representatives of a Large Industry Arrive in Town Last Night

Yesterday afternoon representatives of a large industry arrived in town, and will be shown the advantages possessed by Peterborough as a place to locate in They were met by Senator Cox, at the station, and escorted to the hotel.

We are not at liberty to say much about the matter farther than to announce that Peterborough is likely to be their choice, in which case large buildings will be erected and many hands will be employed.

CEREAL COMPANY'S NEW DAM

Tenders Asked for for Dam, Bridge and New Power House

The Peterborough Hydraulic Power Company, which is said to be only another name for the Cereal Company, are advertising in outside papers for tenders for the construction of a concrete dam, bridge and power house.

Yesterday The Times called up Mr. Kirn, the Engineer of the Cereal Company, who said that the work was in the hands of Mr. Charles H. Keefer, C.E., Ottawa. When asked if Peterborough contractors were to be given a chance to figure on the work, Mr. Kirn said that they did not do so on a former occasion, and he did not think they would do so now. He had nothing to do with it, the matter being entirely in Mr. Keefer's hands.

To Increase Your Appetite

Nothing will stimulate a keen, healthy relish for food, insure good digestion and perfect assimilation like Ferrozone, which is the most successful tonic and health renewer known to medical science. Ferrozone is a positive cure for anaemia, impure blood, boils, pimples, indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach and bowel troubles. Ferrozone cleanses, strengthens and purifies the blood, it invigorates the heart and nerves, banishes sickness and pain, and makes ailing people well. Try a box or two of Ferrozone. The result will be a surprise. Price 50c. at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local Manager

"WIRE SOLDER"

Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.

CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender, will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 16th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE,
Chief Engineer of Construction.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

Sailings of Steamer

BOBCAYGEON STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a.m. Ar. 5.30 p.m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a.m Lv. 3 00 p.m
Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt., G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m
Fare continuous round trip $1 00
Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL & QUEBEC

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m.
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning

Finest excursion trip on the continent
Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
" Trenton - - 1.15 p m
" Brighton - - 2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7 30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6 h

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A GOOD GUIDE

GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12 00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 1902

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
J. D. McDONALD.
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Saturday, May 24th Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leave Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p.m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
1 King St. East, Toronto

HIS RUPTURE CURED

AT THE AGE OF 85 YEARS

J. R. Ketcheson, of Madoc, Ont., writes:

I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S. RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

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WORKS OF

Dickens and Thackeray

JOHN DICKS | 313 STRAND LONDON, ENG | send for JOHN DICKS' 1902 catalogue of Cheap Literature, Plays, etc.

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SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH

Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales

FOR EVERYBODY

COAL; GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS

GET OUR PRICES

C. WILSON & SON,
31 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for supplying coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Tuesday, 3rd June, 1902, inclusively, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at............40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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COLLEGE STREET.

Dr. Edward Fisher, Musical Director

The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

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Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

BEST ADVERTISING
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The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 23 NO. 110 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 10 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE COMING WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA

A Colossal Struggle Will Soon Begin for Commercial Supremacy of the Conquered Republics

London, May 9—On the day when peace is declared between Great Britain and the Boers there will be a new ultimatum and a fresh declaration of war. The battles between the armed legions will cease. The struggle for supremacy between the cohorts of industry will begin.

There have been some passages of arms already, but they have been for the most part suspended while the land has echoed with the tramp of armies and the noise of war. Both sides have scored, and scored sufficiently to show us that the coming struggle will be long and bitter, and one to be fought out to the end.

What will be the prize of the victors?

Roughly, this may be said to be the finest market in the world for commodities of every description. Materials of every-day necessity, articles of food and articles of wear, the fitting out and the building of new cities and of towns ruined by the long conflict, all will be needed.

There will be railway systems to be developed and extended, and the equipment of railways and trains to be provided. And, above all, there will be such a demand for machinery of every kind as has never before been made by any one country at any one time.

The mining plant alone wanted on the Rand within five years of the conclusion of peace will run into colossal figures. It has been stated officially that its value will not be less than one hundred and fifty million dollars. There are at present some six thousand head of stamps. These will be increased to seventeen thousand. South Africa will be the El Dorado of the future, not only for the men who own the gold mines of the Rand, but also for every enterprising, up-to-date manufacturer of machinery.

The prize is too great to be won without a fierce industrial struggle. Natal is a closed land to invasion. Clauses in all contracts there are not only insisting that British manufacturers shall do all the work; they go further, and say that even the raw material must be supplied by British firms. Rhodesia is in much the same condition. The management of the Rhodesian railways boast that everything they use, from sleepers to locomotives, is either local or British.

Cape Colony, on the other hand, is disposed to give a readier ear to the manufacturer, without consideration of his nationality. Sir Charles Eliot, the special Commissioner of the Cape railways, has spent some time in the States and is in touch with the best firms. The Cape cannot afford to let patriotism stand in the way of business.

It is here and in the new territories that the battle willl centre. Not long since a large and wealthy company, composed almost entirely of Englishmen, supported entirely by British capital, had to place orders for two large breweries, one in Cape Town and one in Johannesburg. The bricks and mortar were made locally. Everything else came from the States, where every cent was spent. The machinery alone cost $350,000.

Structural machinery, copper coolers, refrigerating and ice-making plants, elevators, scales, fermentation and storage tanks, fireproofing, and even carpentering work—all this fell to American firms. And there is only one explanation. Nowhere else could such a combination of excellence in the different things required, and cheapness and satisfactory terms for delivery be secured. Even the designs for the buildings were drawn out by a Broadway architect.

"We cannot wait for the British manufacturer," said one of the largest buyers in London to me the other day. "When we want anything quickly we have to go to Germany or America. We would like to be patriotic, but we must draw the line somewhere. Some time ago steel piping to the value of $300,000 was wanted for a waterworks scheme at Johannesburg. When several English firms had been tried and could not promise delivery in less than monthly instalments ranging over a period of nine months we placed the order in America and had delivery of the whole lot promised in four months. The matter was urgent and we offered a bonus for all time saved. Every cent of that bonus was earned and we had our goods within three months."

On another occasion, 240 30-ton steel trucks were required urgently. The order for 167 of these went to America, after ample opportunity had been given to English manufacturers to retain the whole order.

This question of speed and delivery will be the one on which the fate of the struggle will depend. It will be to the industrial combatants what mobility has been to armies in the field. The demand will come all at once. From north to south, from east to west, from the Zambesi to the east, everybody will want their goods at the same time.

Woe then to the manufacturer who wants unnecessary weeks and months to complete delivery. There will be no time for elaborate calculations, and for the interchange of those letters of courtesy in which old fashioned manufacturers delight. With speed of cable and of telephone thousands of tons will have to be arranged for on the spur of the moment.

Grip and nerve and quick decision rather than the slow level of certainty to the tenth of a decimal point will be the order of the day. There will be no waiting. The men who are there ready will have the orders and there will be as many of them as they can conveniently take over.

Competition does not entirely lie between the British and American firms. The diligent Teuton claims attention as a factor in the case. He, too, has made great preparations for taking a side in the coming fray. The fight will be triangular rather than between two evenly matched nations.

German interests on the Rand are strong. They have the controlling power over one important group of mines, the Abe group, and the forges of the Grusonwerk in the past have groaned with orders sent to the homeland. This competition will be intensified in the near future.

In one important respect in South Africa Briton and German have manifested a tendency to pool their interests. German interest is supreme in a great stretch of country in Southwest Africa, rich in minerals and full of possibilities of development.

A railway is already planned, starting from a portion of German territory and pushing eastward with designs upon a junction with the famous Cape to Cairo line. This will be extended until a band of iron joins the Atlantic to the Indian Ocean.

But still the main competition will rest with the two branches of the Anglo Saxon race.

Race sympathy in the coming war in South Africa will count for little. Neither the hatred which some declare the inhabitants of the new countries will feel for their conquerors nor any hypothetical attraction they may feel for others, will have anything to do with the matter whatever. The thing will be fought out on its own merits.

This is universally recognized. British merchants, watching with grave apprehension the advance scouts of their competitors, have taken counsel together as to how their interests can be best served.

They want to keep all rivals out. They recognize the value of the new lands to be added to the crown. They see a preserve which, if they can keep for their own, will last them for many years and load them with profitable orders.

In this desire they are actively assisted by politicians. One reason why Britain has been patient in paying her colonial war bill has been this constant hope of recouping all outlay by greatly extended trade.

This waking up of the British merchants will add to the intensity of the struggle. They are making preparations as vast as those made by their rivals. Already they have given out some orders which are not inconsiderable to manufacturers in their own country. The manufacturer jogs along in his quiet way. On him really depends the issue.

Can he turn out material fast enough to second the efforts of the wide-awake merchant? He can. But then here comes in a further question, will he? The answer to it will be watched with eagerness on both sides of the Atlantic and in Germany, for much depends thereupon.

CLOSING EXERCISES

In Connection with the Young Women's Christian Association

The educational department of the Y.W.C.A., which has been a source of so much benefit and pleasure to many of our young ladies during the past season, was brought to a close last evening, when a great number of members and interested friends were present and showed their appreciation of the helpful work which is being accomplished by the Association. Interesting reports were heard from the following classes: Physical Culture, Miss Dickson, teacher; Wood Carving, Miss Dennistoun and Miss Jessie Dennistoun, teachers; Instrumental Music, Miss Agar, teacher; Book-Keeping and Stenography, Miss Detcher, teacher; Dressmaking, Miss Mann and Miss Armstrong, teachers; English Composition, Mrs. Marks.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the teachers for their gratuitous services so kindly lent during the term, after which an enjoyable musical programme was given, followed by an informal reception. Refreshments were served in the gymnasium which was converted into a tea room and prettily decorated for the occasion.

The meeting dispersed by singing God Save the King.

THE POLLUTION OF THE LAKE

The Medical Health Officer Has Something to Say on This Subject

Dr. Bingham, the efficient Medical Health Officer of the town, sent the following letter to the Board of Health,—

Peterborough, May 8th 1902.

Gentlemen,—At the suggestion of your chairman, I prepared a short report in reference to the different sources of pollution which contaminate the waters of Little Lake, where the citizens obtain their annual supply of ice for domestic use. Of the sources of contamination outside of the corporation may be mentioned all the river drives, the steam boats Lakefield and the Auburn Woollen Mills. Within the municipality we have the kindergarten school, the National hotel and the Cereal Works emptying their sewerage into the river. Your Sanitary Inspector and your Medical Health Officer met the Managers of the Cereal Company who treated us very courteously. They say that they have no outlet for their sewerage excepting the river, or a sewer constructed along the river bank to connect with the main sewer on George street. Privy Pits would be out of the question where they employ so many people. I may be permitted to mention that I have heard it said on all sides that the town should deal liberally with the Cereal Company, who are bringing so much wealth to the town.

J. BINGHAM,
Medical Health Officer.

The following resolution was adopted by the Board:

"That persons whose premises are connected by a sewer with the river or creek or a cess pool, and who can connect with a sewer be requested to make the connection with the town sewer at once."

It was decided that the Medical Health Officer, owing to the presence of dyptheria, should inspect the Lake street school.

The Board then adjourned.

A New Brunswick Lady Who Had Become a Physicak Wreck is Marvellously Restored.

She Would Have The Whole World Know That

Paine's Celery Compound

Was Her Deliverer From Disease

A Special Message of Comfort For Sick and Despondent Women.

Ten years of suffering from treacherous kidney disease is of itself a heavy record of sickness and agony for one frail woman. When we add to kidney suffering, nervousness, sleeplessness and continued overwork in the home, it marks a condition of life that draws forth our tenderest and deepest sympathies.

Such a condition of life was bringing Mrs. W. Irvine, of Queen street, St. John, N.B., very close to the dark grave. Notwithstanding the regular use of common advertised remedies and doctors' prescriptions, the ravages of disease continued, and friends of Mrs. Irvine said with sad voices, "she is going fast to death."

Just before deadly disease could finish its work, the use of that wondrous life giver, Paine's Celery Compound, was recommended. Soon, hope—a new hope—cheered the sad heart and brightened up the pallid face. A powerful, searching, life-giving agent was working at the root of the disease. It was making new blood; it was nourishing and strengthening nerves and body; it was saving a precious life.

Take comfort and cheer, ye weary, sick and diseased women, from Mrs. Irvine's experience. The remedy that so successfully met and conquered her troubles will, without fail, meet your case. Mrs. Irvine speaks of her case as follows:

"I have been troubled for the past ten years with kidney disease and have tried a great many preparations and doctors' prescriptions, with little or no benefit. For the last six months I have had a great strain upon my system from night-watching and overwork. I was breaking down; my friends said, 'I was going fast to death.' I resolved to try Paine's Celery Compound, and used four bottles. My kidney trouble disappeared; nervousness and sleeplessness are troubles of the past, and my general health is good. In a word, I am cured; I wish you to publish this so that the world can read it."

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day,—Winds, gradually becoming easterly; fair and cool.

The important disturbance mentioned yesterday is now situated in the Lower St. Lawrence Valley and the marked cool wave is centered in Lake Superior. A northwest gale prevails over Ontario and Quebec, and will soon extend to the Maritime Province. Sharp frosts are indicated for all localities.

Storm warnings will be lowered on the lakes, but remain up in the St Lawrence and the Maritime Provinces.

RESULT OF VACCINATION

A Victoria University Student Dangerously Ill at Norwood

The Toronto News says,—The vaccination scare at the University this spring has brought unpleasant consequences in its train for several students of Victoria College who were obliged to submit their arms to the test required by the authorities.

Rev. Dr. Bain, registrar of Victoria College, stated this morning that he had just received a letter from the physician in attendance upon Mr. W. M Hunter, a first year student of Victoria, saying that the unfortunate young man was dangerously ill, and that the probabilities were that he would not recover. Hunter was so ill after vaccination that he gave up his studies and went home to Norwood. Dr. Bain expressed his sincere regret, and also sympathy for the young student. Several of the lady students of Victoria are also ill and unable to write on their examinations. In several cases the arms have been so bad that they have been lanced repeatedly.

A RUSSIAN STRAGETIC RAILWAY IN CHINA

A Sensational Story Regarding Russia's Attempt to Control China

Special to The Times.

London, May 9—What may prove to be a momentous announcement of Chinese politics is made by the Manchester Guardian. It is declared on the authority of an expert traveller, who has penetrated Manchuria disguised as a Russian tramp, who is the only foreigner admitted without Russian military escort, that Russia rapidly is completing a secret strategic railway, leaving the Siberian line to go directly through Mongolia to Pekin. The line leaves the trunk line seventy miles west of Khailar in Manchuria, 650 miles directly north of Pekin and will before winter reach Kalgan on the great wall, 100 miles west of Pekin. This is 476 miles shorter than the previously adopted St. Petersburg-Pekin route across the desert of Gobi, and traverses a much better country in Chinese Mongolia. The Guardian says that it is useless to blink the fact that the existence of such line would profoundly affect the political situation in the far East. With such a direct railway in Russia's hands, the integrety of China, to which Great Britain and Japan are pledged in the face of the world, could be defended only by a land war.

Weary Brain Workers

All fagged out, ideas flow slowly as molasses, snap and energy gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure, that gone also. A doctor would say you are run down, enervated, neither eating nor digesting enough. It's Ferrozone you need to brace up that fitful appetite and improve assimilation and digestion so that lots of pure, strong blood will be formed to nourish the broken down system. Ferrozone will drive away the tired feeling, restore your spirits and energy, revive your ambition and strength for work. No tonic or rebuilder like Ferrozone—try it. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50; at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Items of Interest

Southampton, May 9 — Dr. Jameson, Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, Rudyard Kipling and Mr. Michell, manager of the Cape Town branch of the Standard Bank and one of the executors of Mr. Rhodes's will, arrive here from South Africa to-day on the steamship Walmer Castle. Dr. Jameson was welcomed by B. F. Hawksley, the solicitor for the late Cecil Rhodes, and other members of Rhodes's staff.

New York, May 9—It looks very like a fight between Mr. Bryan and Mr. Hill in the affairs of the Democrats of New York State. Mr. Bryan seems to be clinging tenaciously to his issues of 1896 and 1900, while Mr. Hill is as firmly opposed to them as ever. If the latter should carry New York this year on his programme he would be a powerful factor in the next National Convention. Hence the importance of any move Mr. Bryan may make in New York politics. Edward M. Shepherd, the Tammany nominee for Mayor who ran against Mr. Low last fall is on a western trip on "legal business" but in Brooklyn it is suspected that he is on a secret political mission, this being no more or less than that of sounding Mr. Bryan and getting his agreement to a harmony programme.

Paris, May 8—The Journal's correspondent at Marseilles telegraphs that mail advices from Jibouti, French East Africa, declare a rumor is current that a battle has been fought between Turkish troops and the Imam tribe of Arabs at Koffutidor, on the frontier of Arabia, in which the Turks were defeated, losing 400 men in killed and wounded. The Arabs are also said to have lost heavily.

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE IN FRENCH WEST INDIES

Immense Mass of Fire Destroyed the Town of St. Pierre--25,000 People Perish

Paris, May 10.—The commander of the French cruiser Suchet has telegraphed to the Minister of Marine, M. De Lanessan, from Fort De France, Island of Martinique, under date of Thursday, May 8, at 10 p.m., as follows:—

"Have just returned from St. Pierre, which has been completely destroyed by an immense mass of fire which fell on the town at about 8 o'clock in the morning. The entire population (about 25,000 souls) is said to have perished. I have brought back a few survivors, about thirty. All the shipping in the harbor has been destroyed by fire. The eruption continues."

EARTHQUAKES OF THE PAST

This old earth has been subject to thousands of disastrous earthquakes. On consulting the recorded list the reader is surprised at the amazing number of volcanic catastrophes and is bewildered at the loss of life that has been caused through the centuries by these eruptions.

The most celebrated volcanic outburst was the dire eruption of Vesuvius, which buried the beautiful cities of Herculaneum and Pompeii beneath a tide of burning lava in the year A.D. 79.

In the year 542 an earthquake was felt by nearly the whole world.

Thousands perished in an earthquake that shook Constantinople in 557.

An earthquake in Sicily in the year 1137 destroyed 15,000 persons.

In 1158 some 20,000 perished in Syria.

In 1268 in Cilicia 60,000 people perished.

At Naples in 1456 over 40,000 people lost their lives.

At Schamaki in 1667, an earthquake lasted for three months, and killed 80,000 natives.

In September, 1693, an earthquake occurred in Sicily, which overturned 54 cities and towns and 300 villages; of Catania and its inhabitants not a trace remained; more than 100,000 lives were lost.

In Jeddo, in Japan, 200,000 perished on Feb. 2nd, 1703.

In November, 1731, over 100,000 people were swallowed up in Pekin.

The memorable earthquake of Lisbon occurred on Nov. 1st, 1755. In about eight minutes most of the houses, and upwards of 6,000 inhabitants were swallowed up, and whole streets buried. This awful earthquake extended 5,000 miles and was felt even as far north as Scotland.

Four years later 20,000 people perished in an earthquake which visited Syria.

On Feb. 4, 1797, the whole country between Santa Fe and Panama was destroyed, including Cuzco and Quito; 40,000 people were buried in one second.

In 1822 an earthquake in Aleppo killed 20,000 persons.

In [illegible] the Cities of Arequipa and Chancha, and many towns in Peru and Ecuador, were destroyed and about 25,000 lives lost and 30,000 rendered homeless. The loss of property amounted to $50,000,000; about £11,000 were collected in London to relieve the sufferers.

In May, 1875, an earthquake killed 14,000 people in Colombia.

An earthquake in Kuchan, Persia, in 1893, destroyed 12,000 lives. Since then there have been no fearful catastrophies until the present volcanic actively in Martinique.

THE FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 9.—Yesterday afternoon the British steamer Roddam, Capt. Freeman, brought the report from Martinique to St. Lucia that the town of St. Pierre, Martinique, which is the commercial centre and largest city of the French West Indies, had been totally destroyed, as the result of volcanic disturbances, and that almost the total population of 25,000 had been killed. The shipping in the port is said to have been destroyed, and the Quebec Steamship Company's steamer Roraima is reported to have been lost with all on board. The Roddam herself was nearly a complete wreck, while her captain was badly burned and seventeen of her crew were dead.

London, May 9.—A despatch to The Times from St. Pierre, dated Thursday confirmed the report that the city with all its inhabitants and with the shipping in the harbor had been destroyed by a volcanic eruption, and a message to The Daily Mail stated that the eruption of Mount Pelee continued, that Guerin factory had been overwhelmed with boiling mud on Monday, and twenty-four persons were known to have been killed. Up to the time of the sending of the message, however, there had been no earthquake.

PROFITABLE HOME WORK

In thousands of homes in city and country districts will be found faded and partly worn dresses, skirts and men's suits that can be cleaned, dyed with the Diamond Dyes and made over for the girls and boys. In this way, many women dress their families in handsome, fashionable clothing at a comparatively small expense—thanks to the Diamond Dyes.

Diamond Dyes are put up specially for home use, and the directions on each package are so plain that even the inexperienced can get beautiful and unfading colors by using these dyes. Diamond Dyes color anything from ribbons and feathers to the heaviest coats and dresses.

Homemade mats and rugs are all the rage just now. These pretty floor ornaments are all made from the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns. Send for designs and information to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Mont-

THE SPANISH KING'S CORONATION NOW ON

Madrid in a Blaze of Glory Over the Great Event

THE YOUNG KING VERY POPULAR

The Ceremony will Take Place on Tuesday Amid Great Pomp and Splendour—The Programme for the Week

Special to the Times.

Madrid, May 10—The fetes preceding the coming of age of King Alfonso whirl along with bewildering ingenuity. They have converted Madrid into a city diffused with rainbows. Pictures of the young monarch gleam from almost every wall and window of the capital. The patriotic subjects are making bedlam of the streets, and visitors agree that never before have they seen such extraordinary wealth and brilliancy of decorations. Great silken flags, with red and yellow streamers, and pennants of silver and gold choke the air, resolving the sunshine into partial night. They hang thick in every thoroughfare and drape every public square. Under the flags merrymakers hold a noisy holiday. Groups of sweet voiced youngsters stray hither and thither, breathing soft melodies.

Occasionally the young king and queen regent drive past in an open carriage, their approach heralded by mounted officers. Then follows a scene of headstrong tumult, men, women and children pushing pell mell for the line of march. Several of the extraordinary missions from abroad have arrived in the city and to-morrow they will be received officially, their reception forming the first link in the long chain of ceremonies and festivities which is to culminate in the hall of the Chamber of Deputies the week from to-day. An outline of the completed programme for the week is as follows:

Monday, the foreign missions will present their credentials. In the afternoon there will be an official reception at the Northern station of the train which brings the foreign princes themselves, and in the evening a state banquet will be given at the royal palace in their honor.

Tuesday, the ceremony will take place at the palace, in the morning, of intrusting the king with the Order of the Garter. In the afternoon a bull fight; in the evening a state ball. On the same day will be held, if possible, a review of the troops which are stationed in or near Madrid.

Wednesday, in the morning, the investiture of the king with the Persian Order of the Agdes. In the afternoon the inauguration of the fair in the Buen Retiro. In the evening an official reception at the foreign office and a great military tattoo, which will be witnessed by the royal family and foreign representatives from the balconies of the palace.

Thursday, inauguration of an exhibition of portraits. In the afternoon a "battle of flowers" in the Retiro. In the evening a state banquet in honor of the foreign missions.

Friday, a military tournament in the Plaza de la Aremiria with a display of horsemanship by Arabs from Morocco. Gala night at the opera house.

Saturday, at 2 in the afternoon, in the assembly hall of the Chamber of Deputies, the king will take the oath to the Constitution, and at 3.30 will be present at a Te Deum, to be performed at the Church of San Francisco el Grande. The king will go in state, the procession passing through the principal streets in [illegible] Madrid.

MURDERED ON EVE OF HIS WEDDING DAY

Lorenzo Nathan Said to Have Been Murdered.

HAD $200 IN HIS POCKET

Excitement in the Village of Burnley, Twenty Miles East of Cobourg

Special to the Times

Lorenzo Nathan is the man who has disappeared, and Miss Ellen Shaw was to have become his bride. Nathan was a prosperous farmer, the wedding was set for 8 o'clock in the morning, and the guests were at the church. When Nathan did not put in an appearance at 8, a messenger was dispatched to his home. There it was learned that the young man had not been home since the previous evening. The members of his family thought that he had spent the night with some bachelor friends, and were anxiously awaiting his return. The news of his disappearance was broken to Miss Shaw, who collapsed completely, and has since been in a precarious condition.

Up to the night of his disappearance young Nathan had been making preparations for the wedding. A couple of days prior to that he drew $200, and it is known that he carried this sum on his person. On the night of his disappearance he left home with the intention of going to a neighboring village, but it has since been learned that he did not go there. It is now learned that he was murdered and robbed on some of the lonely roads near here, and that his body was then hidden. Searching parties have scoured the woods in this vicinity, but no trace of him can be found.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit, in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGERS

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 10, 1902.

THE HART RIVER FIGHT

The reports by mail which are now coming to hand give a more lucid account of the Hart River fight of March 31st, in which the Canadians so greatly distinguished themselves, and, apart from the feeling of pride and gratification that our boys fought so splendidly and died with never a thought of surrender, there is the additional satisfaction of knowing that the most severe losses were sustained in holding positions the relinquishment of which would in all probability have meant the destruction of the whole force. The two troops which were practically annihilated were on the extreme rear guard and they heroically sacrificed themselves to prevent the Boers closing in on the wagon train before it could reach the main body and laager. Every man who died gave up his life to gain invaluable time, which was utilized by getting the transport into compact formation where the main body was able to resist the Boer attack and repulse it with heavy losses. It is plain that if our men had not been the bravest of the brave the Boers would undoubtedly have added another disaster to the ghastly list of similar incidents. The story of the fight in a few words is that the rear guard troops, under Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, held their ground until practically all were killed or wounded, to give the column time to concentrate in a defensive position with its transport and then the rest of the Canadians with the British troops who were with them put up a fight that made the Boers draw off with heavy losses.

It is a fine thing to know that our brave Canadian boys, mostly inexperienced and fresh from home, exhibited an indomitable courage which we may almost pride ourselves now is inseparably linked with the name of the Canadian soldier, but it is a still finer thing to know and a consolation to feel that they displayed their courage and sustained their losses in an intelligent and successful frustration of an attack by a superior Boer force, which, but for their cool daring and ready adaptation to the exigencies of the sudden onslaught, would undoubtedly have scored a decisive victory.

A TRUE STORY

Of How a Peterborough Merchant Secured a Cash Customer and How This Great Family Journal Did the Trick.

The good farmer's wife on one evening in May,
When at last she had finished all parts of the day,
She sat on the porch with the Times in her hand,
And read of the happenings all over the land.

When down in one corner she happened to spy,
And as she read it it twinkled her eye,
The ad of a merchant but ten miles away;
She was sure they could go there and back in a day.

She was sure, this good wife, that now where they should go
To trade after this and her husband must know;
For the goods were so cheap everything that's of use,
And they paid a high price for all farmers produce.

So out to the barn she must hasten to go
To tell him the news he must needs want to know;
And they straightway decided the very next day
To this wonderful place they would hasten away.

They started by daylight, not any too soon,
And arrived there along in the early forenoon.
They loaded their wagon with groceries in store,
And slippers and dresses and all things galore.

And the good farmer said, unloading his store,
That he never had seen such great bargains before.
The journey was long and the hills they were steep,
But they felt full repaid for the goods were so cheap.

This ad in the Times the good wife had seen
Brought at least two new patrons for all time I mean;
And perhaps many more, tho' not seeing, not knowing,
But why the vast crowds who in that way are going!

The next time she went to Peterborough to trade
At the Times office she called while she stayed;
Thanked the editor kind for the ad in [illegible]
Then left a round dollar to renew her subscription.

Anecdotal

After one of his trips to the Emerald Isle Foote was praising the hospitality of the *Irish*, when a gentleman asked him whether he had been at Cork. "No, sir," answered Foote, "but I have seen many drawings of it."

Disraeli once said of Sir William Harcourt in his affectedly cynical way: "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." To this, when it was repeated to him, Harcourt rejoined: "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Tradition ascribes to the second Pitt the dying words: "O, my country—my country! How I leave my country!" What, in fact, Pitt said was: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork-pies." Which he did—and straightway expired, to the intense grief of the nation. This version is attested by the head-waiter of "Bellamy's" (likewise deceased), who told it to Mr. Disraeli.

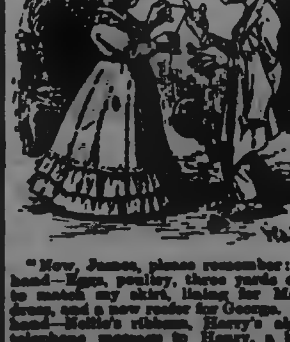
Louis XIV. was told that Lord Stair was one of the best-bred men in Europe. "I shall soon put him to the test," said the king; and asking Lord Stair to take an airing with him, as soon as the door of the coach was opened, he bade him pass and get in. The other bowed and obeyed. The king said: "The world is in the right in the character it gives—another person would have troubled me with ceremony."

When, a few years ago, the King of Portugal was a guest at Lord Salisbury's country seat, the Prince of Wales—now King Edward—asked King Carlos what had impressed him most during his stay in England. "English roast beef is very delightful," was the reply. "Oh," said the Prince, "surely something else has impressed you as well." "Ah, yes," returned Carlos; "of course, there is English boiled beef, which is also delightful."

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers: The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula: If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived." If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived." The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word: "Tandem."

A certain Scotch caddie named Mathie Gorum was noted for his invariable remark after a poor shot by the person he was serving: "It micht hae been waur," which was meant to be consolatory and encouraging. His master, a clergyman, was wearied with this well-meaning flattery. Accordingly, to make sure that he would squash the remark for once, he told the caddie he had a terrible dream the night before. "Mathie, my man, I dreamt that I was in the place where the wicked are punished. I saw the wretched ones tortured; they were swimming in a lake of boiling pitch, and could not get landed for red-hot pitchforks thrust in their faces by demons." He halted a minute, with his tongue in his cheek, when, with perfect coolness, the caddie answered: "Aye, sir, that was a bad dream, jist awfu'; but it micht hae been waur." "Waur, you fool? How could that be?" "It micht hae been true."

It is a current story in Teviotdale that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put in the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On some occasion there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and abode all night. According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extensive hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented each with a Bible and a bottle of ale. But, after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic as he was leaving the apartment. "My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know when we meet together as brethren the youngest man reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one Bible, therefore, is necessary. Take away the other six, and, in their place, bring six more bottles of ale."



"Now, James, please remember: Left hand—Eggs, poultry, three yards of silk to match my skirt, lining for Maggie's dress, and a new reader for George. Right hand—Nellie's ribbons, Harry's skates, telephone message to Henry, a box of starch, and my new bonnet. Say them over as you go to town."—"Harper's Weekly."

Sue Brette—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—Chicago "News."

A visitor to a farm was especially struck by the great ruggedness and strength of one of the stalwart harvest hands, and said to the farmer: "That fellow ought to be chuck-full of work." "He is," replied the farmer, "or he ought to be, because I hain't never been able to get none out of him."—From "Success."

"I see that Mrs. Uptardeight is addressing the Mothers' Scientific Club this afternoon on The Care of Children." "Speaking of children, who was that youngster that broke into Snoopy's candy store last night and robbed the till?" "That—why, that was Mrs. Uptardeight's youngest."—Baltimore "News."

The Poultry Yard.

Nobody can tell yet how ideally correct feeding can be practised. It is less than useless for anybody in New Jersey to tell us how he feeds Minorcas successfully if another man in northern Michigan or Wisconsin is going to copy without change. It is not even advisable to adopt unchanged the rations of one man for a flock of equal numbers, same breed, in the next county, next town, next farm.—Jas. Shackleton, Shoal Falls, N.J., in New York Tribune Farmer.

Late Sidney Cooper, R.A.

An interesting figure in the art world passed away a few days ago in England, when Sidney Cooper, R. A., died at the age of 99. He worked at his profession until almost the last, and had a picture in the Royal Academy last year, as he had had each year since 1845, when he became A. R. A. His record in this respect is without a precedent, nor is it likely to be equalled for many a generation. Mr. Cooper was born September 28, 1803. A few years ago he was so repeatedly asked the question to what he attributed his long life and splendid vigor that he jotted down the following salient points of his life and habits:

"I was born at Canterbury in 1803 during the great Imperial war, which lasted till I was twelve years of age. All provisions were very dear and my early life was spent on very plain food. So soon as I was able I got to hard work for little pay.

"I took every opportunity to draw and sketch from Nature; but as I could not get instruction this caused me to walk much daily. I have been a great walker. At twenty years of age I was able to learn drawing at county schools, which gave me a great number of miles to walk.

"I was never ill, except with infant maladies. At thirty I commenced to try to paint. After I came to settle in London my living was of a very careful kind. I soon became known and received many commissions for my work, which became very popular.

"Then came a period of bad health from the overstrain of London life, and I feared I should become a poor invalid. So I went back to the country, bought some land and built this house (Vernon Holme, near Canterbury) in 1848. I soon felt the change for the better.

"I bought a farm, which required much looking after, and I commenced to walk again. This I continued to do; and now, in my ninety-sixth year, I can paint four or five hours a day and walk slowly a mile daily in fine weather or take a carriage drive if not fine.

"I rise at 7 o'clock, go into my study, set my palette, take my breakfast at 8, then my Bible, then I paint till 12.30. Then lunch and Bible and paint till 3 o'clock. This is my day's work and then I take my walk, write letters and dine at 6 o'clock.

"I take no wine, but a very little whiskey and cold water. Of course I have the infirmities of old age, but now enjoy the cheerful effects of a temperate life.

"I think moderate smoking conducive to sleep, if in the evening; but to smoke all day, as I know some do, is not wise.

"I must tell you that I attribute my long life to the merciful care of God's Providence, for He was the Father of the fatherless boy and has preserved him through all his trials and difficulties, prosperities, sunshine and shadow."

Mr. Cooper was no doubt the oldest member of his profession in the world at the time of his death, but he was even then junior to a Devonshire preacher, who is in his hundredth year. This is Mr. Robert C. Chapman of Barnstaple, and from the excellent health he enjoys at present there is every prospect of his going well into the second century.

Primarily a barrister, he gave up his profession when still in the twenties, in order to devote himself to religious work. For over seventy years he has worked in Barnstaple, and the older he gets the more popular he becomes with the members of the Plymouth Brethren community, to which he belongs. A man of scholarly attainments, he is master of half a dozen languages and author of many Biblical works. Mr. Chapman is known among the Nonconformist churches the world over. He still preaches, though only occasionally, as he finds it takes rather too much out of him, but whenever he does occupy the pulpit there is always a large congregation.

Advertising Canada.

Certainly, if Canada is not well advertised now in Great Britain, it is no longer the fault of the British press. It is difficult to pick up an English newspaper to-day without finding it containing somewhere or other a reference to Canada's resources or to some phase or other of life in the Dominion. Moreover, there need no longer be any feeling that the attention of the British is directed by their newspapers to Australia or New Zealand rather than to Canada; all that has changed during the last few years. South Africa necessarily occupies a sad prominence, but from a point of view altogether different from that from which Canada is seen. The London press has been paying much attention to the Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. Smart, during his visit to Great Britain, and numerous interviews and articles that must prove of great value to this country have appeared in the columns of the big metropolitan dailies. In the provincial press Canada is almost equally to the front. In the shape of letters from correspondents, who are sometimes residents of Canada, sometimes Englishmen who have visited Canada, or by means of articles based on the excellent literature emanating from the Immigration Department, Canada is being continually kept in the minds of the people of Great Britain.

Temperance Work in London.

In connection with the efforts to increase the growth of temperance in the Province of Ontario it is interesting to notice the expensive temperance work that the London County Council is at present carrying out, but it is not designated as such, nor is the general public aware of the fact. Yet within the last three years the London County Council has devoted more than $1,250,000 to the practical work of temperance. It is one of the consequences of the extensive improvements being made in London at present. When acquiring property for the necessary widening of different streets, many public houses, with licenses and good will, come into the possession of the Council. These properties are very valuable, but the Council, instead of renewing them for premises in the neighborhood, is deliberately giving them up, seeing, at the same time, that no new licenses for those localities are issued. In this way the number of public houses in London has been diminished by 103, which were valued at $4,372,782.

Friend—You had a very fashionable audience, didn't you?

Pianist—Yes, at one time there was not a single person in the room who was listening.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

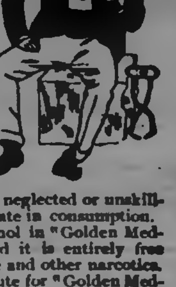
Little Dorothy had been intently watching her brother, an amateur artist, blocking out a landscape in his sketchbook. Suddenly she exclaimed, "I know what drawing is."

"Well, Dot, what is it?"

"Drawing is thinking, and then marking round the think."

Cooling Off.

The man who would sit on a cake of ice to cool off would be considered crazy. Yet it is a very common thing for a person heated by exercise to stand in a cool draught, just to cool off. This is the beginning of many a cough which ultimately involves the bronchial tract and the lungs.



For coughs in any stage there is no remedy so valuable as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures deep-seated, obstinate coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs, and like conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate in consumption.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good."

"I took a severe cold which settled in the bronchial tubes," writes Rev. Frank Hay, of Nortonville, Jefferson Co., Kansas. "After trying medicines labeled 'Sure Cure,' almost without number, I was led to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took two bottles and was cured, and have stayed cured.

"When I think of the great pain I had to endure, and the terrible cough I had, it seems almost a miracle that I was so soon relieved.

"That God may spare you many years and abundantly bless you is the prayer of your grateful friend."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers or 50 stamps for it in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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COLLEGE STREET.

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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.

Offers unequalled Advantages for an Artistic Musical Education.

School of Literature and Expression

MAUDE MASSON, Principal.
Expression, Pedagogy, Physical Culture
CALENDARS AND SYLLABUS FREE

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for supplying coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Tuesday, 3rd June, 1902, inclusively, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1902.

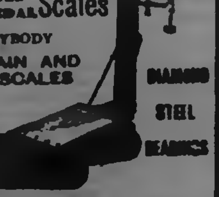
Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Electric Lamps

25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH
Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales
FOR EVERYBODY
COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES



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Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rum St., Binghamton, N. Y.

$3.10 $3.10

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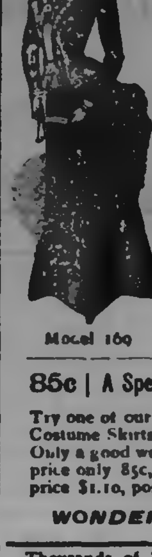

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Colours – Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front

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Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
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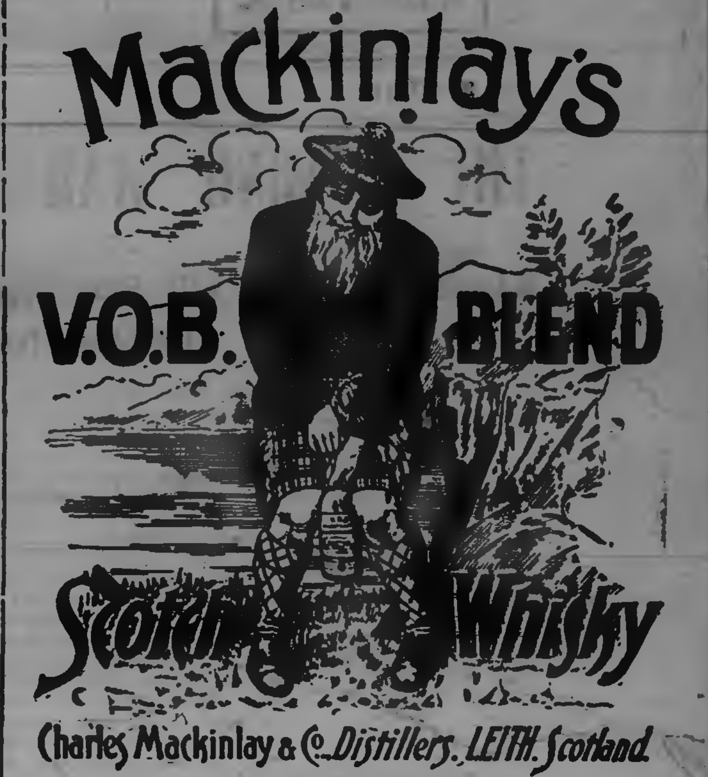

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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
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99 99/100 to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

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The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the color scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end papers are fit for royal homes.

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[illegible] A. B. LE CHARGE. Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of January, [illegible] Wm. A. [illegible], Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

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AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $20 to $30 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Masse & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME, $4 to $8 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Novelty Co., D pt. 16 Chicago.

MEN AND WOMEN—To do copying at home $6 to $12 weekly working evenings; no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., 3 Warren Avenue, Chicago.

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FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT, 289 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Book store.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore

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LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address

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LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co., Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 384 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. See A. FRY 384 Park place.

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ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS & electricians: new 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. GEO. A. ZELLER Publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

RETIRED BANKER, middle aged, seeks affectionate home loving wife. Address J. C. Hamilton, 403 Omaha Bldg., Chicago.

HANDSOME YOUNG WIDOW independently wealthy, seeks kind affectionate husband. Address Bell, 125 Van Buren st., Chicago, Ill.

Keep Hogs Thrifty.

The hog seems to need some earthy or mineral matter to enable it to digest its food well. For this purpose many give salt, wood ashes and charcoal, allowing them to eat it as they please, and they usually are pleased to eat it pretty freely, especially the breeding stock kept over winter, and it has been found by test that fattening hogs put on flesh more rapidly when they can resort to this mixture as they please. It prevents the gravel eating, which sometimes seems to keep them from growing. The Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, sends out the following recipe, which we are not sure is any better than the one we give above. Charcoal, sulphur and black antimony, of each one pound, mixed with common salt, baking soda, sulphate of soda, hyposulphite of soda, of each two pounds. If given in the feed, one teaspoonful is allowed daily to each hog. The hogs also need in winter, especially the breeding sows, either roots or green feed of some kind. We think raw roots are better than cooked ones, but if they are not at hand give every day a lock of clover hay. They will always eat it greedily.—American Cultivator.

The Unproductive Cows.

What to do with the unproductive cows is a question that is puzzling many farmers to-day. Much of the stock on hand will not return the value of the feed needed to keep the animals. If the poorer animals of the herd are old cows, which have passed their period of usefulness for the dairy, I would advise selling for what they will bring as second quality beef. Old dairy cows will not return in their final value the cost of the feed necessary to fatten them. Heifers or cows in the prime of life may pay for fattening. This depends on the amount of feed which must be purchased and used in this way.

Homegrown corn and cottonseed meal are the most economical grains to use in fattening. I would advise feeding animals that are being fattened but little coarse fodder, and of this would use the poorer grades, such as second quality hay and corn stover, but would feed liberally of grain for from four to six weeks, and then sell for what the animals will bring.

A grain ration made up of four hundred pounds of corn meal and two hundred pounds of cottonseed meal should produce a rapid gain. This ration should be fed at the rate of from six to ten pounds a day, according to the size of the animal. All animals will gain faster during the early part of the fattening period, but at the present prices of feeds will probably not gain enough to pay for the feed if the fattening process is followed up beyond a certain point. This point can only be accurately ascertained by frequent weighing, but will probably not be later than six weeks after feeding begins.—Prof. C. S. Phelps, in New-England Homestead.

Edison's Prophecy.

Mr. Edison's latest theory is that by and by we shall be able to do without sleep altogether, as by the more perfect processes of electric lighting it will be difficult to tell night from day, and we shall forget when bedtime comes round. The man of the future is evidently going to live pretty rapidly. It was only the other day that we were told that square meals would be a thing of the past in the good time that's coming. Instead of laboriously working your way through seven or eight courses, all you'll have to do will be to go to the nearest chemist and buy a few pills with the nourishment of a city dinner concentrated into each. In the face of these conditions one feels disposed to urge the races unborn to stay where they are for their own sakes.

Imperial Weather.

SOMEBODY is about to publish a vindication of the character of English weather. It appears that it has been most unfairly misrepresented. What we stupidly call its fickleness is really nothing in the world but a perfectly laudable effort to reproduce in our midst the imperial nature of our climate, remarks "Outlook." When it presents us with primroses in November, that is to remind us of the pleasant picnic weather they are having on the veldt; the same laudable intention accounts for June snowstorms. Nor do we have to wait for complete reversals of the seasons. A week of imperial weather—sometimes, like a cheap trip, it is all crammed into one day—runs somewhat as follows: Monday, fog (home produce); Tuesday, cricketing weather (Australia); Wednesday, skating (Canada); Thursday, waterspouts (various ocean territories); Friday, steaming (West Coast); Saturday, general imperial representation; Sunday—but the British Sunday

Gambling on the Atlantic.

An English paper charges that the big Atlantic liners are hotbeds of gambling, and supply an easy prey in the shape of foolish young men to the card-sharpers who travel to and fro. Probably there is not a steward on board who does not know the faces of half a dozen of these men, and doubtless the detectives of Liverpool and New York know every one of them. Liners should carry a detective as they carry a surgeon and lifeboats; and a quiet hint to the prey that is walking into the snare should be easy and effective.

Little Georgie was taken by his aunt to see the newcomer, aged one day. He was duly and profoundly impressed with the specimen, and asked where the little brother came from. "God sent it," answered the aunt, reverently. The answer made a deep impression on Little Georgie, for that afternoon he was seen out in the backyard gazing up into the deep blue sky and spreading his diminutive apron expectantly as he said: "Dear God, please throw me one down, too."—Troy "Press."

First Little Girl—The doctor brought us twins yesterday! Second Little Girl —That's where you made a mistake. You should have had a [illegible] [illegible]

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey
Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"Some one want'ng money, I presume," said Aleck; "she is so good in that way to every one."

But John —remembering the two-dollar note tucked away so carefully in his vest pocket —knew that his master was mistaken in that at least.

In turn'ng away, blinded by rage, Harold St. John missed his footing and went crashing down the steps headlong, and there, unconscious, one of the servants found him when he went to fasten the outer gates.

He was removed to the hospital, where, after a strong cordial was given him, he opened his eyes, gazing in wonder at the strange faces bending over him.

He tried to spring from the couch, but a terrible twinge of pain rendered him almost frantic, and he abandoned the attempt.

"Where am I and what's the matter with me?" he groaned, sinking back among the pillows.

"A sprained ankle," repl'ed the doctor, briefly, "and a fracture of the bone."

"How long will it be before you can get me out of this?" he demanded, with a fierce imprecation.

"Three weeks, if you remain perfectly quiet, and allow the bone, which we have set to knit together— two months if you don't, and a prospect of amputation."

A volley of horrible oaths broke from Harold St. John's lips.

"Curses on the way affairs are going!" he cried. "I can't lie here three weeks—and I won't."

"You are at perfect liberty to walk off any time you can," replied the doctor, laconically.

What could not be cured must be endured. As there was no help for it, Harold St. John was obliged to lie on the hospital cot and allow the fractured ankle to slowly mend.

He bought the daily papers and scanned them eagerly. He read of the departure for the east of Alexander Hamilton and his young wife on the twenty-fourth, and another volley of curses broke from h's lips.

As he was about to crush the paper in his hand, and toss it from him, torn into a thousand shreds, another paragraph caught h's eye which held him spellbound —slowly he read the article through from beginning to end —the veins standing out like whipcords on his forehead as his startled eyes traversed each line, that wavered in letters of fire before his gaze.

CHAPTER XXX.
"Would You Have Loved me if You had Never Seen Me?"

Harold St. John thrust the paper from him with a muttered imprecation.

He was white to the lips, and great beads of perspiration stood out on his forehead.

The paragraph which had startled him so, was a list of passengers' names who had just come over from London, and among the list he saw one name that struck subtile terror to his heart.

He recovered himself with a mighty effort.

"Pshaw! the world is wide — we shall never meet," he told himself reassuringly; then dismissed the subject from his mind altogether.

It was a happy day for Daisy when she reached New York— despite her accusing conscience —for the memory of Lillian Ruthven and her haunting face were ever before her, waking or sleeping, by day or by night.

She had sold her soul for love and happiness; she would give up all fear, and live only in the pleasure that each day brought forth.

The meeting between Hetty Gordon —who had been left behind in New York when Mr. Gordon and Olive took that western trip — and her two sisters was very affecting.

She had keener perceptions than Olive, and saw at once that beneath Daisy's assumed gayety there was something terribly wrong.

"I am sorry to say it, papa," said Hetty, when she found herself alone with her father that evening, "but I do not think Daisy is quite happy. She laughs and smiles, but if you come upon her suddenly, when she fancies herself quite alone, you will find something very like terror on her face, and her long lashes wet with tears. Does that look like happiness?"

Even Hetty had noticed it. What could it mean?

Very reluctantly her father confided to her all that had happened at the villa; the strange quarrel between Aleck and Daisy, which he had not understood, and which neither of them would explain.

"Whatever that quarrel was, it has brought about a shadow between them which is not likely to be dispelled soon," said Hetty. "For Daisy's sake, father, I must find out by strategy what it is."

So she set her wits to work to discover Daisy's dark secret, little dreaming where it was to end.

By night and by day she watched her.

She noticed another thing — how visibly affected and how nervous Daisy grew if any one mentioned by chance Briarvale, or the pretty young heiress, Lillian Ruthven, who used to live there.

One afternoon, while Hetty and Daisy were driving through Central park, they came across Lillian herself.

A wild cry broke from Daisy's lips; her face turned the hue of death.

Now why should this chance encounter with Miss Ruthven affect her so? Hetty wondered in amazement.

Lillian Ruthven held out her hands to them with a bright smile.

"You are surprised to see me here, I suppose?" she said to Daisy, turning her animated face toward her, adding quickly: "You remember what we were speaking of at the garden-party that night — of the terrible cloud that hung over me— in the expected presence of the man who had blasted my life, and who declared he was coming to claim me on the twenty-fifth?

"How shall I describe to you in what torture I waited, for I had determined to brave the affair out there and then; rather than have gone with him I should have thrust the silver dagger I wore in the coils of my hair through my heart, and have fallen dead at his feet.

"But much to my intense surprise and joy the day came and went — my mortal foe did not put in an appearance, nor has he been heard from since— you see, when it came to the test, the fellow dared not claim me.

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A SIMPLE FAITH.
SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Ye believe in God, believe also in me.—St. John xiv., 1.

What is absolutely essential in religion, so far as doctrine is concerned, is very little and very simple. The church has for a long time had a strange notion that in order to be saved a man must believe a long list of dogmas, whereas the only condition imposed by the Christ is that a man shall have a heart and a life full of love which lifts someone's burden whenever the chance occurs, and seek the strength to do it from Him who is Father to all alike.

There is this difference between what is called "a body of doctrine" and a spiritual principle, namely, that not everybody can either understand or accept the doctrine, while no man is so unlettered or so obtuse that he need fail to do what is right because he is in doubt about it. The road to heaven is not a tangled mass of statement about Christ or God, but a straight and open path from the trusting human heart to the immortal life, a path in which the little child and the grave philosopher may hand in hand wend their way with equal pleasure and profit.

You need corner-stones if you erect a building, and for a like reason you need certain beliefs if you make for yourself a character. Faith in a God who will never desert you stands first. It must be an unflinching faith, however, or it will give way in the time of emergency. You begin well when you begin with that, and you begin ill if you begin in any other fashion.

I have a queer suspicion that the faith in the ability or willingness of God to see us safely through all earthly experience is clouded by more or less doubt. It is a matter which we keep to ourselves, but deep down in the heart is a wonder whether this beautiful something which we call religion can be relied upon as firmly, for instance, as the sea captain relies on his compass in a storm. Hence the despair which we find when death comes into the house, and hence our weakness when a bold and insolent temptation assails us. We are not thoroughly convinced, and, though we hope that God is there and does hear us when we cry, we have a doubt which seizes us like a sudden throb of agony.

That is not religion; it is only the simulation of it. It is a staff of willow, not a staff of oak. It serves in good weather, but in the tempest it fails us. When Davy invented his wire gauze lamp as a protection against the explosive fire damp in mines the workmen looked at it and shook their heads. It was too simple to be worth much. But Davy had faith in his lamp. He lighted the candle, went into the bowels of the earth, sought the spot where fire damp lay in ambush and exposed himself to the danger. He had not only a theory, but a conviction. He would trust his life to it. No test could be too severe. He felt absolutely safe with that lantern in his hand.

That is the kind of faith we want if our lives are to become heroic. And when we are possessed of it we have something else besides. Faith in God produces faith that our earthly experiences are our discipline and our preparation. The moment you see God as your Father duty becomes not only clear and distinct, but easy. Alone you can bear but little, but with the infinite reservoir of power and love to draw from you are equal to whatever your position may be. If God is with you, then the angels who do His bidding will be your companions. You become one of the great family and will be consciously helped by unseen hands over the rough places. And this consciousness will grow clearer as your faith increases, until in the end there will be only a thin veil between you and the other world. You will live in the friendship of the departed as you live in that of the dear ones in your household. The Christ realized this, but we are yet dull of hearing and dim of sight.

Immortality will become not a vague hope or even a reasonable belief, but a demonstrable certainty, and you will live in the two worlds at the same time. Your last hour will find you with a smile on your lips and a great gladness in your heart. You will eagerly step out of a tired body to be welcomed by those who await your coming.

That is the kind of religion which men long for, and which they will have when they wake up from this half belief and this make believe to a realization of the glorious truth. It was Christ's religion, and it is our own fault if we do not make it ours.

Herr Von Holleben, who entertains Prince Henry as Germany's chief representative in America, has been Ambassador at Washington since 1897, and was Minister to the United States from 1892 to 1894. He is the second in the Ambassadorial corps, and upon the retirement of Lord Pauncefote will become the dean. He is sixty years old, a native of Bremen, and a graduate of Heidelberg. He was educated especially for the diplomatic service. While at the university he was distinguished as a successful duelist, and his face shows the marks of sword encounters. He is a confirmed bachelor.

The Lament of the Adult.

IN one of Dickens's novels—those novels which we are tearfully assured nowadays are not in the least funny—an ungrateful brickmaker rejects the little volume which has been brought him, because "it's a book fit for a babby, and I'm not a babby. If you was to leave me a doll, I shouldn't nuss it."

Something of this unchastened spirit stirs within our middle-aged hearts when we read a modern story, or see a modern play. It is probably the nicest kind of a story, and the nicest kind of a play, and if we were only fourteen instead of forty, or fifteen instead of fifty, we should thoroughly enjoy them both. Nothing is better calculated to make us regret our lost youth than fiction and the drama as they exist to-day. With what glorious emotions we should have dilated in childhood over Mr. Crockett's desperate brigands, or Miss Johnston's dauntless heroes. How we should have steeped ourselves—figuratively speaking—in gore, and revelled in romance. Sicilian outlaws, noble Indians, cruel half-breeds, courtly villains and heroines of wild, unearthly beauty—time was when these things made our pulses jump. But now seventeen murders excite us less than one, and duels are no longer the thrilling episodes they were in the happy past. It is hard to grow old, and it is made harder by the fact that nobody, save one's family doctor, has anything to offer to age. We should still like, even at forty or fifty, to be amused, but nobody caters to our amusement. When a veteran actor like Mr. Drew—who ought to sympathise with adults—entertains us with a drama that calls to mind the school plays of happy infancy, and the last act of which must certainly have been written by Miss Edgeworth, we feel that we are indeed friendless in the evening of our lives.

It is cold comfort to be told that the drama is intended for the debutante, and the novel for her younger brothers and sisters. It is even less agreeable to hear it hinted that if we do not like these pure and wholesome performances, it is because we want something evil. Does nothing, then, interest the adult save sin? Are bankers and brewers, anxious mothers and hard-working spinsters indifferent to all but vice? Must we either frolic like lambs—being lambs no longer—or devote ourselves seriously to the meretricious? Life has issues, not wholly unimportant, yet disconnected with love-making of any kind. Men—middle-aged men—desire many things besides their neighbors' wives. Women—middle-aged women—are sometimes strangely indifferent to their neighbors' husbands. We may be pure of heart, yet unable to take pleasure in "The Old Homestead" or "Ben Hur." We may be virtuous and intelligent adults. Will no one write novels and plays for us?—Agnes Repplier in "Life."

◆◆◆

"Suppose," said the man with the morbid imagination, "that the trusts make everything so expensive that the public can't afford to buy; what then?"

"Now, what's the use of talking nonsense?" answered the business man. "All the fun a trust has is taking people's money from them. When they get all the money, they'll simply have to give a lot of it out again or stop the whole amusement."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

Alas! Those resolutions of three short
weeks ago,
How they are shattered, battered,
bruised or stained like city snow!
They would not know their fathers now,
the change is so complete,
Nor would their fathers nod at them
upon the public street.
—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

A tramp the other day asked a woman in a Massachusetts hamlet for a meal, and in giving it to him the good woman explained that she had no milk for the tea. "Oh, mum," he gallantry replied, "you've gave me the milk of human kindness, and that's enough."—New York Tribune.

◆◆◆

Mrs. Query—Isn't she a member of your club?

Mrs. Gadabout—Not any more. We had to get rid of her or she would have disorganized us.

Mrs. Query—You don't say!

Mrs. Gadabout—Yes; at one of our sessions we were discussing the servant girl question, and she said the best way to solve the problem was for all of us to stay at home and do our own work.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

It came to us, so white and pure,
A visitor we rarely see,
It stayed with us, to play with us—
'Twas welcomed by us royally.
It stuck to us, it would not go,
But gradually its paleness left
Until it scarcely seemed the same—
Of all its beauty 'twas bereft.
And now, as black as soot, it strews
The streets and pavements where we go,
We tramp it under foot and kick—
'Tis not the snow we used to know!

◆◆◆

"What is a Captain of Industry?" asked the boy who is going to be very wise some day.

"It is a term that is applied to the head of a great monopoly when he is at a banquet."

"And what is a robber Baron?"

"It's the same thing when he is in politics."—Washington Star.

HER LIPS
HER CHEEKS
HER FEATURES

Seem to be drawn by Love's own hand, sang the immortal Dryden of a woman whose clear complexion alone rendered her divinely beautiful. No toilet emollient of the age is so beneficial to lips, cheeks or hands as

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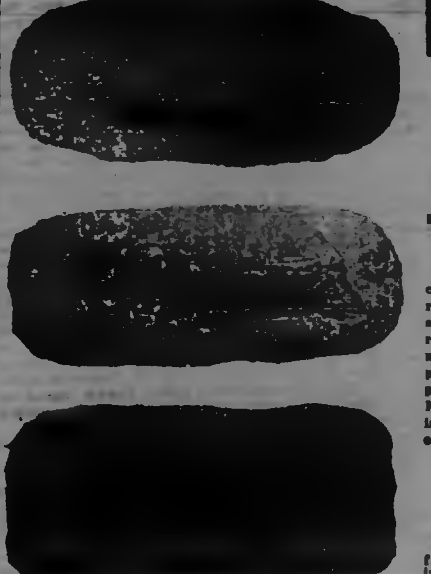

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Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of the month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY, 1902

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

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RESERVE FUND - - 270,000

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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We here give a few cases, where the efficacy of our constitutional treatment in curing Cancer is established beyond all question. We have plenty on fyle.

There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay and saves people from the torture of knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST—A lady had Cancer of the Breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment cured him five years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH—Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well to-day.

CANCER OF THE NOSE—A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to this day.

Full accounts of the above cases, together with the names and addresses of the persons, are given in our new book, "Cancer, its cause and Cure," sent to anyone, in plain wrapper, on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 10 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

(Ed.—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—There was some frost last night.

—There was no Police Court yesterday.

—The Chief again notifies all who have not yet done so to take out dog tags.

—You can hardly realize that two weeks from next Thursday will be election day. Keep a-moving.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—Peterborough has now a third auctioneer. In the person of Mr. J. H. Gardiner, who has taken up his residence in Ashburnham.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—May 24th falls this year on Saturday, and market day will be held on Friday. Farmers and others will please make a note of this.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—Messrs. Gough Bros., the great Peterborough clothing house, are conducting a big spring sale of boy's ready-made clothing.

—A new floor is to be put down in the Post Office, a grant of $3,500 having been made for this purpose. Mr. J. H. McClellan, to whose efforts are due the securing of the grant, states that the work will be proceeded with at an early date.

—Look out for the Jarvis Street Baptist choir concert in St. Paul's Church on Monday evening. Secure your tickets at once.

Although the town of Deseronto is one of the busiest lumbering towns in Ontario, they have now decided not to lay any more new plank sidewalks. They are going in for cement walks. E. W. Rathbun, Mayor, and the other town officials have figured the cost of cement walks to be cheaper and better than plank.

—FOR SALE—New Al-Vista Panoramic camera. Cost $45.00. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply, Tate Optical Co., 428 George street.

—The hungry man, or the man who is regular in eating, wants a place to dine where the surroundings are appetizing. He wants plenty of "sea room," so to speak; he wants attentive waiters; he wants an inviting table—clean napkins; clean water—and, most of all, he wants to know that what he finally orders will be well cooked. These are the essentials. Then he wants the price after each article to be at least low enough so that it will not destroy his appetite while the order is being filled. All these things are found at the Palace Cafe, Frank, the caterer, has a happy faculty of making you feel at home in this restaurant, and our advice is for you to go there and verify what we have said concerning it.

—We read of boys and men arrested in Ontario for shooting robins, and being fined for so doing. The increase of insect pests is undoubtedly due in part to the destruction of birds by would be sportsmen. Left to herself, nature maintains a balance which permits of no undue increase in what is hurtful. A few years ago the sheep-pastures on the Scottish borders were destroyed by mice to a degree that was ruining the farmers. Every device was tried to kill the mice, and failed, and the plague continued until hawks were allowed to do their work. The increase of rats and mice in field and barn in this district, and which this spring has ruined many an orchard, may be traced in part to the ruthless shooting of owls and hawks.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.)

—Mr. Geo. B. Hilliard, Lakefield, was in town yesterday on business.

—Miss Emeline Miller, the talented pianiste, who was so much appreciated on the evening of Mrs. Morrow's concert, returned to Toronto yesterday after spending a few weeks in Peterborough very pleasantly.

—Mr. J. C. Minorgan, Miss Lillie Minorgan of town and Miss Florence Crocker of California, left town yesterday for Montreal where they will take the Allan liner Tunisian to-day for London, England.

—Mr. George Burnham, of the C.G.E. Company, who left yesterday for Pittsburg, Pa., was given a hearty send-off by his fellow members of the C.D.A. at the Crown Hotel on Thursday night when he was presented with a handsome pipe.

Retail Clerks to Organize

A movement is on foot to organize an Association of Retail Clerks. A very strong organization, it is hoped, will be formed in Peterborough. The object of the society is to discuss matters of mutual interest, and in these days of unions there is no reason why such an organization should not be formed here.

Station Improvements

Extensive improvements are being made in the Grand Trunk station and buildings at Lakefield. The old engine house has been taken down; a new roof is being put on the station building and the waiting room is being enlarged. A freight storehouse will also, we understand, be constructed.

Why Snuffle and Sneeze?

Don't suffer any more with a cold in the head. Just carry a Catarrhozone Inhaler in your vest pocket, use it now and again and you won't have colds. Catarrhozone knocks out a cold in ten minutes, kills a headache in five minutes, and hard racking coughs in half an hour. Inhale the pleasant Catarrhozone vapor five minutes four times daily and it will cure bronchitis, lung trouble, deafness, asthma and catarrh in any part of the system. Catarrhozone is the most direct, modern and scientific method, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Complete two months' treatment costs $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Senator Cox's Liberality

Peterborough has a staunch friend in Hon. Geo. A. Cox, who is always interested in anything that goes to promote the welfare of Peterborough. This has been shown in a thousand ways during the past few years. Yesterday he subscribed for a large block of stock in the new hockey rink, which will be built this year.

Voted for 56 Years

Yesterday Mr. Redmond Carey, an old and respected resident of Otonabee, called to renew his subscription to The Times. Mr. Carey has a high opinion of this great family journal, and says that it is by all odds the best paper in this part of the Province. He has for many years been a subscriber, as well as a subscriber to other local papers, and therefore knows what he is talking about. Speaking of the election, Mr. Carey said that he has voted at every parliamentary election for 56 years. He is an ardent Conservative, and predicts the election of Dr. Ford in the east. He looks hale and hearty, and will live, we trust, for many years yet.

CEREALS OR MEAT

A Prepared Food Helps to Solve the Problem of Good Living.

PRICES OF MEAT GO UP

"While the average housekeeper may be ignorant as to whether a beef trust has been formed or whether the increase in the price of meat is due to other causes, if she is a woman of moderate means, she has become convinced that she must turn to something except animal food for the main fare of her family," says the *Buffalo Express.*

"It is not an entirely new thing, this advance in the price of meats, and it is even rumored that prices have not yet reached their limit, but certain it is that the cost for the average family has increased rapidly of late until meat has become an article of diet that must necessarily be eliminated from the daily fare of the very poor and has become almost a luxury even to those who have a moderate and usually adequate amount to spend upon the family food.

"To-day domestic science and public opinion have joined in teaching an important lesson to rich and poor alike, the necessity of consuming body building food, supplying material that will keep nerves, muscles, bones flesh and brain in the proper condition, feeding into the human engine the fuel needed to make good the constant waste."

A food expert at Battle Creek, Mich., has produced a food especially intended to supply more nutriment than meat, fish or fowl, and that costs the consumer about one cent a meal. It is called "Grape-Nuts," and has more nourishment for the body and greater strength and vitality for the brain and nervous system, and is an economy that reduces the cost of housekeeping to the minimum and at the same time pleases the palate.

Grape-Nuts is a condensed food, and about four teaspoonfuls with cream is sufficient for the cereal part of a meal. It requires no cooking or preparation of any kind, and is ready for immediate use and suited to the laborer, athlete, brain worker, epicure and invalid.

One pound of Grape-Nuts contains more nourishment—that the system will absorb—than ten pounds of meat. An experiment was tried by a man who found that by leaving off meat altogether at breakfast and lunch and taking in its place four heaping teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, he began to gain health and strength and before the full pound package was gone had gained four pounds in weight, whereas he had been losing on his meat diet.

Present conditions, therefore, regarding the price of meat, are solved to the family provider by supplying Grape-Nuts to the individuals of her household—a food that not only recommends itself by its economy and pleasant taste, but by its health-sustaining properties and its ability to build up flabby muscles, restore color to the cheek, brightness to the eye and replace the daily loss occasioned by brain and nervous work.

A package of Grape-Nuts costs 15 cents and makes 14 meals. All grocers.

THE STREET RAILWAY

Arrangements Being Made to Proceed to Work at Once

Yesterday Mr. Ed. Wade received a letter from the new owners of the Street Railway, in regard to beginning operations. Men will be put to work in a few days to clear the track. It is evident that no time will be lost in getting the railway started.

The Prospective Industry

The party of American capitalists who arrived in town on Thursday evening, were driven around town by Hon Senator Cox, James Kendry, M.P., acting Mayor Hegar, Ald Rush and Ald. Morrison. The visitors expressed themselves as highly pleased with what was shown them and promised that the advantages Peterborough possessed would be carefully considered. The gentlemen represented a large elevator company, and are looking up a suitable place in which to locate. Mr. Kendry, M.P., brought the visitors to town.

Got Lame Back or Lumbago

No need of that now. That sort of pain can be knocked out in short order, for Polson's Nerviline, which is five times stronger than any other, penetrates at once through the tissues, reaches the source of suffering, drives it out, and thus gives relief almost instantly. Not magic, but strength that gives Polson's Nerviline this power. You will think it magic however if you try it, pain goes so quickly. Sold by dealers everywhere, in large 25c. bottles.

Monday May 12

The programme to be given in St. Paul's church on the 12th inst., by the Jarvis street Baptist choir, of Toronto, is without question a program of the good things in music. The choir is assisted by Miss McMurty, soprano, Mr. A. L. E. Davies, bass, Mr. Victor Hutchison, tenor, Mr. G. B. McClellan, baritone, and Mr. Arthur Alvin, solo organist. As an evidence of the interest this choir has caused in church circles, it may be noted that they have had six or seven invitations to visit as far east as Perth. That Mr. Vogt and his choir has chosen to visit Peterborough is a matter for congratulation to the choir of St. Paul's and the public generally.

Everybody reads The Times.

We Suggest Major Miller

Each Canadian regiment is to be represented at the coronation, and who will be selected by the 57th for the honor has not yet been determined. The Times makes bold to suggest the name of Major Miller in this connection. He is an old warrior, and has worked his way up from the ranks in the local force. Besides, it would be a nice rest after his weary and fruitless effort in West Peterborough, and would be some offset for the great disappointment which he is sure to experience on the evening of the 29th.

A Breakfast Dish That is Daily Bringing Health and Strength to Thousands

The old breakfast grain foods with abundance of insoluble starch and other indigestible elements producing dyspepsia, indigestion, irritation of the stomach, eruptions and redness of the skin, have not been tolerated in many homes since the introduction of Malt Breakfast Food.

The advent of Malt Breakfast Food has brought health, joy and contentment to tens of thousands who use brain and muscle in the activities of life. This unequalled breakfast food is a positive banisher of dyspepsia and stomach irregularities; our best physicians recommend it daily to those whose digestion is weak. It perfectly agrees with the stomach of the young child and the strongest adult. If you would build up in flesh, bone, muscle and strength, make Malt Breakfast Food your first morning dish. All grocers.

ASHBURNHAM PUBLIC SCHOOL

Report for the Month of March for Room Number Four

The following is the report of Room, No. 4, in Ashburnham Public School. The names are in the order of merit:

Senior Fourth Class—870 marks	
C. Craig	738
B. Curtis	700
R. Pakenham	696
R. Pollock	696
M. Murray	682
C. Adams	[illegible]
L. McCubbin	[illegible]
H. Williams	647
B. Beasley	[illegible]
L. Hawthorn	[illegible]
R. Greenwood	612
W. Swanston	[illegible]
J. Quinn	[illegible]
F. Moyes	571
H. Anderson	561
G. Butcher	549
F. Scott	547
A. White	530
M. Scott	[illegible]
R. Geale	[illegible]
C. Crane	[illegible]
R. Sawyer	470
J. Gillispie	[illegible]
K. Long	434
A. [illegible]	[illegible]
A. Hunter	[illegible]
R. Quinn	[illegible]
Junior Fourth Class—870 marks	
R. Quartermaine	639
V. Whittaker	[illegible]
R. Fisher	[illegible]
M. Anderson	537
M. McCubbin	537
R. Gardiner	515
G. Quartermaine	513
G. Butcher	[illegible]
F. Glover	[illegible]
H. Craig	[illegible]
A. Crocker	477
H. Fisher	443
R. Crane	419
W. Hawthorne	[illegible]
W. Butcher	371
T. Graham	[illegible]

The June promotions will be based on the Monthly Reports.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

A COLLEGE PROFESSOR.

One of Georgia's Useful Educators is Grateful For What Pe-ru-na is Doing For Suffering Humanity.

F. A. CURTRIGHT

F. A. Curtright, A. B., Principal of the Georgia Normal and Industrial Institute, and editor and proprietor of the "Georgia Helping Hand" writes the following glowing words concerning Peruna, and its efficacy in the cure of catarrh.

He says: "I was induced to try Peruna by the advice of a friend, and certainly believe that suffering humanity would be relieved if they only gave Peruna a fair trial. Would that I could frame words sufficient to express my gratitude for the benefits derived from its use."—F. A. CURTRIGHT, Greensboro, Ga.

Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota, in a letter written from Larimore, North Dakota, says:

"Persuaded by a friend, I have used Peruna as a tonic, and am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—W. N. Roach.

Senator Roach's wife recommends Peruna also. She says: "I can cheerfully recommend your excellent remedy, Peruna. Indeed, I know of no other remedy as good as yours. It is a grand tonic, and many of my friends have used it for catarrh with good results."—Mrs. W. N. Roach.

The most common phases of summer catarrh are catarrh of the stomach and bowels. Peruna is a specific for summer catarrh.

Mr. Wm. Hobley, Duquesne, Pa., writes:—"I am cured of catarrh of the stomach of two years standing. I had it so bad that I could not eat anything but milk. I doctored with several doctors and they could give me relief for a short time only. I saw Peruna recommended and thought I would try it, and I now think I am cured of catarrh. I have worked two months and did not lose a day."—Wm. Hobley.

Mr. Moses F. Merrill, Columbus, Cherokee Co., Kansas, Rural Route No. 3, writes:

"I had been troubled with systemic catarrh, which affected the lower bowels especially. I was troubled with running off of the bowels and troublesome catarrh of the bronchial tubes which caused spitting of thick mucus. *Since taking Peruna my improvement has been wonderful. My bowels are regular as clock-work. I can now eat like other people and my victuals digest."—Moses F. Merrill.*

Hon. Willis Brewer, Representative in Congress from Alabama, writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman:

House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"I have used one bottle of Peruna for lassitude, and I take pleasure in recommending it to those who need a good remedy. As a tonic it is excellent. In the short time I have used it it has done me a great deal of good."—Willis Brewer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A DELIGHTFUL CONCERT

A Charming Musical Entertainment by the George Street Church Choir

A charming concert was given last night, under the auspices of the splendid choir of the George Street Methodist Church. The spacious Lecture Room of the Church was well filled, with an intelligent and appreciative audience.

The following ladies and gentlemen took part: Miss Hall, Miss Currie, Miss Nellie Davis, Mrs. Mowat, Miss Fannie Hoolihan, Mr. Mulligan, Mr. Geo. Dick, Mr. James Dawson, Mr. J. Pease and Mr. J. Miller.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Money, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

ARE YOU BIRDY?

That is, fond of birds? If so, of course you know about COTTAM Seed—about its peculiar health-sustaining, song and plumage developing quantities.

[illegible]

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT
450 George Street

For Sale

A large frame House, 7 rooms, wood shed and barn, and 4 acres of land in the Township of Douro, a little outside the corporation of Peterborough, above the Auburn Woolen Mills. All for $1,000. Apply on the premises, to

THOMAS SULLIVAN.

KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

Sailings of Steamer

BOBCAYGEON STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1 00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL & QUEBEC

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning

Finest excursion trip on the continent.

Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
" Trenton - - 1.15 p m
" Brighton - - 2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using Derma Cream Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample to prove merits 10c No postage stamps received. J B HOSKEY Dept. O. 183 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

HIS RUPTURE CURED

AT THE AGE OF 85 YEARS

J. R. Ketcheson, of Madoc, Ont., writes:

I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S. RICE, Department (PT) 2 Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

MARVELOUSLY CHEAP
WORKS OF
Dickens and Thackeray

JOHN DICKS | 313 STRAND LONDON, ENG. | Send for JOHN DICKS catalogue of Cheap Literature, Plays, etc.

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NOVELS BY WM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

FOR THE FIRST TIME AT SIXPENCE An Illustrated Edition of

The History of Henry Esmond

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Complete and Unabridged Edition printed in clear type, on good paper, and bound in an attractive and colored wrapper. Price Sixpence. 160 Illustrations.

The History of Pendennis

FACSIMILE OF THE ORIGINAL EDITION.

Complete and Unabridged, containing 357 pages and all the Original Illustrations by the author. The Work is an exact reproduction of the First Edition. The Edition is also the largest and most fully illustrated Sixpenny worth ever offered to the Public.

Price Sixpence. Complete and Unabridged.

"Vanity Fair.

Containing 338 pages, with all the Original Illustrations, tail-pieces, and especially all the famous Vignette Initials

ASK FOR THE

ALES AND PORTER
—OF—
THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED

They are Finest and Purest in the market.
The WHITE LABEL BRAND is a specialty.
To be had at all first-class deale

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 1902

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Bolona, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.
J. D. McDONALD,
District Passenger Agent Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Saturday, May 24th Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leave Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt
1 King St. East, Toronto

THEY ARE PRETT

For the month of May we will suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice goods for one month. We have latest patterns in Tweeds and W to choose from.

Working Shirts at............ 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 40c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at argain. Call early and get first cha

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's T

New Telephone Directo

The BELL TELEPHONE CO, Canada, will issue a new directory for Eastern Ontario, the Town of Peterborough early in J

Orders for new connections changes of firms names should be sent at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local

"WIRE SOLDER"

Electrical, Canne Glaziers.

CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF

[illegible]

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 23 NO. 111 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MAY 12 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

WHIRLWIND OF FIRE SET THE TOWN IN FLAMES.

Loss of Life Estimated at 30,000--Barbadoes Also Affected by the Eruption

Paris May 11.—The Minister of Marine has received the following undated despatch from Pointe A Pitre, Island of Guadeloupe, from the commander of the French cruiser Suchet:—

"I have obtained the following information of the events of yesterday: About 8 o'clock the volcano threw up a considerable mass of smoke and earth. A whirlwind of fire immediately followed. Instantly the whole town (of St Pierre) was in flames, and the ships in the harbor were dismasted and burned. The shower of rocks lasted a quarter of an hour. I arrived at St. Pierre at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, saving a few persons from the ships. I saw no living creature in St. Pierre, to which it was impossible to penetrate. There were numerous corpses near the quay."

CONFIRMATION FROM LLOYD'S AGENT.

London, May 11.—Lloyd's agent at St. Lucia, B.W.I., cables later news fully confirms the disaster at St. Pierre. He says he cannot ascertain the names of the vessels which have been lost, but they include one Italian barque and two steamers, one probably being the Grappler, the cable ship belonging to the West India and Panama Telegraph Company. The total loss of life is estimated at 20,000.

Lloyd's agent at St. Thomas, D.W.I., cables that St. Pierre has been totally destroyed by fire and that all the inhabitants perished. All the vessels in the harbor were lost. These include the Grappler. The steamer Roraima, belonging to the Quebec Steamship Co., took fire in port and become a total loss. All on board the Roraima perished.

BARBADOES COVERED WITH DUST.

London, May 11.—The following cablegram was received this morning at the Colonial Office, from Governor Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, of Barbadoes:—

"The Soufriere volcano on St. Vincent, B.W.I., erupted violently yesterday. Loud reports, resembling artillery fire, were heard at Barbadoes at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. At five o'clock there came darkness and thunder, accompanied by a strong downpour of dust, which continued until night. Barbadoes is covered several inches deep with dust this morning. Have telegraphed Sir Robert B. Llewellyn, Governor of the Windward Islands, offering him all assistance."

Another cablegram received from Administrator Bell, of the Island of Dominica, is as follows:—

"A terrible eruption has occurred of a volcano at Martinique. Great distress prevails there. I am sending provisions immediately. All safe at Dominica."

THE LATEST NEWS.

Paris, May 11.—A telegram from the Governor of the Island of Guadeloupe contains the latest news of the Martinique cataclysm received at the Colonial Office. After announcing that the French cruiser Suchet had thirty survivors on board, the Governor of Guadeloupe says:—

"Everything tends to the belief that Governor of the colony M. L. Mouttet, and Colonel Gerbault, and their wives perished with the population of St. Pierre. I have ordered the prompt despatch of provisions from Pointe A Pitre and Basseterre. The Suchet sails for Martinique this evening. All of the people and the supplies of Guadeloupe are at your disposal for relief."

An unending procession of inquirers who have friends and relatives on the stricken island is arriving at the Ministry of the Colonies, which has telegraphed to every possible source for information.

A few private telegrams received here renew the hope that some of the inhabitants of St. Pierre escaped. The Bishop of Martinique sent a cable message from Fort De France, forwarded at 6.30 p.m. yesterday, announcing the safety of Pastor King, of St. Pierre, who escaped the disaster, and sought refuge at Morne Rouge. It is hoped that others fled there.

Cable messages have been received by the southern route. All the northern cables are interrupted.

At least fifty families of Bordeaux are bereaved. Most of the business of St. Pierre was transacted through Bordeaux.

SURVIVORS OF THE RORAIMA.

New York, May 11.—The agent of the Quebec Steamship Company has received a telegram from the company's agent at Dominica saying that the survivors of the steamship Roraima, which was destroyed in the Martinique disaster, are on board the steamship Korona. The following are reported as saved:—

The quartermaster, the stewardess and Seamen Morley, Thompson, Moore, Evans Benson, Mayer, Leady and three others, names unknown. The first officer and assistant purser are in the hospital at Fort de Fance.

CASUALTIES ON THE RODDAM.

London, May 11.—Thirty deaths are reported to have occurred at the Island of St. Vincent, according to a telegram received at the Colonial Office from Governor Llewyllen, forwarded from St Lucia yesterday evening. The Governor adds: "Information incomplete Eruption continues. I am endeavoring to get back to St. Vincent."

Steel, Young & Company, of the city, owners of the British steamer Roddam, which escaped from St. Pierre to St. Lucia, received the first news from their agents at St. Lucia this morning. It was as follows:

"Terrible volcanic eruption at Martinique, Roddam returned. One anchor and chain slipped. Tarpaulins and running gear burned. Machinery intact. Captain in hospital. Two mates, chief engineer and eight of crew dead. Ten in hospital. Second and third engineers aboard. Campbell, supercargo, dead. Communication between here and Barbadoes interrupted."

FORTY THOUSAND DEAD.

London, May 12.—Forty thousand people are now estimated to have perished in the volcanic disturbance which destroyed St. Pierre, in Martinique. A Reuter telegram from Kingston, Jamaica says that the eruption began on Saturday May 3, which St. Pierre was covered with ashes and appeared to be enveloped in fog, and the flow of lava continued until Wednesday, May 7. The people were panic-stricken, and few escaped. The French cruiser Suchet arrived at Pointe a Pitre, Island of Gandeloupe, French West Indies, from Fort De France, Martinique, yesterday morning, bringing several refugees, who said that most of the inhabitants of St. Pierre had been killed, the neighboring parishes laid waste, and the residue of the population without food or shelter. The commander of the Suchet stated that at 1 o'clock on Thursday the entire town of St. Pierre was wrapped in flames. He endeavored to save about thirty persons, more or less burned, from vessels in the harbor, and his officers went ashore in small boats to look for survivors, but were unable to penetrate the town. They saw heaps of bodies on the wharves, and it is believed that not a single resident of St. Pierre at the moment of the catastrophe escaped. The governor of the colony and his staff colonel and wife were in the city and probably perished.

1,000 WHITE RESIDENTS.

The most reliable estimate places th white population of St. Pierre at one thousand, including half a dozen English men. The British Mail steamer Esk, which arrived at St. Lucia yesterday passed St. Pierre on Thursday night and though five miles out was covered with ashes. She sent a boat as near the shore as possible, but no one was to be seen on shore, only the flames were visable.

A cablegram received yesterday by the State Department at Washington from Point a Pitre says that at 7 o'clock a.m. on the 8th instant, a storm of steam, mud and fire enveloped the city and community, and many lost their lives. Eighteen vessels more than twenty persons escaped were burned and sunk with all on board, including four American ships and the steamer Raraima from Quebec The United States Consul and his family, are reported to be among the victims.

VOLCANO EXPLODED.

Another vessel, the British schooner Ocean Traveler, which arrived at the island of Dominica yesterday, reported that she was opposite to St. Pierre when the volcano of Mount Pelle exploded. Those on board say that a wave of fire swept from it over St. Pierre, destroying both the town and the shipping in the harbor, including a cable ship engaged in repairing the cable. The Ocean Traveler had also a previous experience with a volcano, having been obliged to hasten away from the Island of St. Vincent on May 7, owing to a heavy fall of sand from a volcano in eruption there.

CANADIANS LOST.

A despatch from Halifax gives some information regarding the Roraima, the Quebec Line steamer, which was lost. She was commanded by Capt. George Muggah, who was born in Sydney 44 years ago, and was married to a daughter of Theophilus Spence of Port Morien, C.B. The chief officer of the ship was Robert Morley, a Halifax boy, whose mother lives there yet. A thriving trade was formerly carried on between Halifax and Martinique, but the protective tariff enacted by the French Government about ten years ago put an end to it.

They Father Consumption

Bad coughs, colds and catarrh are responsible for more consumption than is traceable even to heredity. Catarrhozone cures more quickly than ordinary remedies because it is the only antiseptic yet discovered that is volatile enough to reach the root of the trouble in remote parts of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and impregnate every part of the air breathed with its healing, germ-killing vapor. Colds can't last ten minutes, or coughs more than thirty minutes when Catarrhozone is inhaled. It clears nose, throat and air passages at once, stops dropping, headache, and eradicates catarrh from any part of the system. Two months' treatment, $1; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are mild.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE W START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in our store and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3 piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3 Piece Suit, in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGER

THE PHILLIPINE ATROCITIES

Further Developments of Cruelty by American Expected

Special to The Times.

Manila, May 12 — Further developments in the charges of cruelty and barbarity brought against the army in connection with the Samar campaign are expected to come to light in the general court-martial which meets at Catbalogan to-day for the trial of Major Edwin F. Flenn, Fifth Infantry, and other officers and men against whom charges have been preferred.

RUSSIA AUSTRIA'S FRIEND

Emperor Francis Joseph Says He will try to Preserve Good Relations

Special to The Times.

Budapest, May 11,— Emperor Francis Joseph's speech from the throne to the Hungarian delegates at the reception to-day declared that the Government would continue its exertions to foster friendly relations with other nations, more especially to preserve an amicable understanding with Russia concerning events in the East, the continuation of which understanding would be a guarantee of the maintenance of order in those countries.

METHUEN'S LEG AMPUTATED!

Strathroy Soldier Writes to His Home Telling the News

Strathroy, May 12 — Edwin Morrow, of this place, is in receipt of an interesting letter from his son, Private Fred. Morrow, of the Canadian Field Hospital Corps on service in South Africa. He states that Lord Methuen had been compelled to submit to the amputation of one of his legs as a result of the wounds received in the battle with Delarey. The cable news announced that Gen. Methuen would be crippled for the remainder of his life, but this is the first intimation that the injured limb had to be removed.

CORONATION FETES AT MADRID

The City Crowded With Visitors to see the King Crowned

Special to the Times.

Madrid, May 12—The opening of coronation week finds the capital thronged with visitors from all parts of Europe and from all of the South American republics. The lavish decorations with which the streets and squares and buildings are blossoming out gives evidence that the populace intends to enjoy the fetes to the utmost. With a score of princes, grand dukes and other persons of high rank from the various courts of Europe, grandees from all over Spain, to say nothing of the many visitors of lesser rank, it will indeed be a gala week for the ancient city of Madrid. The programme of popular and municipal festivities provides for bullfights, horse races, gala performances at the opera, balls and receptions galore. The grand ceremonial programme, as distinguished from that arranged for the entertainment of the masses, was inaugurated to-day with a grand review of fifteen thousand troops at Camp Carabanchel.

The Critical Time of Life

Is between the years of fifty-seven and sixty-two. Nature's power slows down, vitality becomes less, and the progress of decay sets in. A means of extending old age and renewing de-creasing vigor is to take Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone keeps up the appetite, and in the formation of red, vitalising blood, imparts clearness to the tiring brain, force, energy and spirits just when they are needed most. To take Ferrozone regularly means adding from ten to twenty years to life. Large boxes 50c., or six boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are certain.

PEACE SITUATION IN WEST AFRICA

No Apprehension of a Recurrence of Old Troubles

THE ASHANTIS ARE DESCRIBED.

Said to be: Cruel, Deceitful, Suspicious and Intemperate, but Brave and Clever

London, May 11.—The last report from Coomassie, West Africa, shows that strained inter-tribal relations were less severe, and that there was no apprehension of a recurrence of trouble. Villages are being rebuilt, roads made and cleaned, land disputes settled, and generally speaking, the country is, superficially at least, settling down. But the permanent factors are not altogether reassuring. These are set forth in a despatch by Governor Nathan, dated March last. The real cause of the rising, he points out, was the profound dislike on the part of the chiefs and leading people of Ashanti to British rule. Nor is this dislike unnatural, he says. "We take away from them all they care about, and give them in place conditions of life which have no attractions for them." Peace has no charm for men whose title to respect, and whose recognized power and wealth, are in feats of war. Humane punishments are ridiculous to the Ashanti, besides depriving him of the pleasure he derives from seeing blood flow.

As for industry, personal labor of any kind is beneath his dignity, and there is no compensation for labor in a wage which has to be slowly accumulated before it reaches a sum such as could be obtained in a day's loot of an enemy's town. The only things which European civilization has brought him which he really appreciates are spirits and power. The chiefs like velvet and silks; but native custom confines the wearing of these stuffs to the few. The mass of the people regard the toga — their only wear — as superior when made of native cloth, not of Manchester cotton. "A complicated system of administration, hallowed by antiquity and historic precedents, which our ignorance and policy have alike tendered to break down, and a deep-rooted superstition which we are unable to understand, and from which our presence in the country has detached a proportion of the people, further help to make our rule distasteful to the Ashanti."

ENGLAND HAS SNOW STORM

Thunder with It at Newmarket—Snow Also in France.

Special to The Times.

London, May 11 — The weather in London is bitterly cold and snow has fallen in various parts of England There have been snowstorms in Cheshire and Lancashire, in Dover and in other parts of Kent and in Leicestershire and Norfolk. Snow fell at Newmarket yesterday morning, accompanied by thunder and followed by sunshowers.

Paris, May 11 — Snow fell at Abbeyville, midway between Calais and Paris, yesterday.

WAR AT HART RIVER

Letter from an Ottawa Boy who was at the Battle of Hart River

Ottawa, May 11 — a letter from Lieutenant Graham, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, dated from a place with an unpronounceable name near Klerksdorp, April 2nd, has been received by his friends. It is the first news by mail giving any details of the fight, and is necessarily short. He says:

"Here I am again safe and sound after a very hard fight and much marching. We went out for General Delarey and we certainly found him, for before we knew 'where we were at,' he had us surrounded and was pumping lead and iron into us from all sides from four large guns and three pom-poms, and a force of three thousand Boers. We managed, however, to fight him off and positively refused to surrender. Our regiment lost three officers and 63 men, while all the rest lost in proportion. We killed 350 Boers, and wounded many others. My friend Ryan was wounded, it being the third time in this campaign."

The writer had to close abruptly to catch an outgoing mail. As far as can be ascertained Lieut. Graham's is the only letter received from the Ottawa boys in the C.M.R. by this latest South African mail.

MRS. SOFFEL GUILTY.

She Acknowledges Her Part in Assisting the Biddles' Escape.

Pittsburg, May 9 — Mrs. Catherine Soffel, attired in a white shirt waist and black skirt, with a modest hat, ungloved and with her face uncovered, entered the crowded court room a few minutes before the District Attorney called up her case for aiding and abetting in the escape of the murderers, Edward and John Biddle, on Jan. 30 from the Allegheny jail, of which her husband was keeper.

The woman took a seat near the wall and watched the proceedings. She appeared to be in excellent health and exhibited no concern. Not once did she show any emotion.

When her name was called Mrs. Soffel advanced to the bar of the court with a firm step and stood there looking fixedly at the judges during the moments required to dispose of this chapter in her career. None of her relatives were present. They had obeyed her wish and stayed away.

Attorneys Scandrett and Moore attempted to keep their client from appearing before the criminal bar in the Quarter Sessions Court by pleading guilty for her, but District Attorney Haymaker said she would have to plead the same as any other criminal.

"Catherine Soffel," he cried in a loud voice.

Then she leisurely arose and stood with her attorneys before Judges Fraser and Elliott, apparently the calmest person in the room. She will receive her sentence Saturday morning. It will probably be two years in the penitentiary.

The two Biddles died from wounds inflicted by their captors. Mrs. Soffel was wounded also.

THE GALLANT FIGHT OF EASTER MORNING

Halifax Man Tells of the Sudden Appearance of the Boers

E SQUADRON'S FINE STAND

Hot Work Amidst a Storm of Screeching Shells and Whistling Bullets

Halifax, May 9—J. G. Harrington, of the C.M.R., writing to his father of the fight on Easter Monday, says: "We were just getting dinner, when on the skyline crowds of mounted men appeared. Nothing was thought of it until whiz, and with a scream, a shell pitched into our lines. Then another, and so on. We rushed out a hundred yards, dismounted, and commenced firing. The Boers circled around us, our guns got on them, and played havoc. Lieut Markham was shot alongside of me. Our corporal was also shot. Bullets were sending up the dust all about one, and the shells were pitching about us. It was hot work, but we beat them off. We lost heavily, 70 casualties, total in column 150. We buried 8 of our poor chaps next morning. Our troops were sent over the field next day, and we found a few dead Boers, and came upon the spot where a troop of E Squadron made a splendid stand. They were cut up badly and the ground about was strewn with broken rifles, bandoliers, bayonets, etc. Our fellows had broken their rifles rather than let them fall into the Boers' hands. Remnants of Boer clothing were on the ground where they had stripped our dead and wounded.

SURROUNDED BY THE BOERS

Toronto, May 9 — Trooper Moody, whose capture by the Boers was related in a letter from Trooper Moon published here Tuesday, was released and returned to the British lines, evidently after Moon had mailed his letter. Moody's mother has received a letter from him, dated at Karlldorp. He says:

"We are moving to-morrow 175 miles up the track. We were shipped here by rail. We have had a big time since coming up here, chasing the Boers."

Moody tells of the big ride, in which the Canadians covered 45 miles between 6 o'clock at night and 3 the next morning. He says a big rain and hail storm came up, and he and others got separated from the main body, and when the weather cleared they found themselves surrounded by Boers, who were all wearing the British uniform and greatcoats. After taking the Canadians' rifles, the Boers ordered them to take off their clothes, and left them to walk 18 miles to camp. They also took from Moody a ring, which was presented to him by a friend before he left Toronto.

PEACE IN SOUTH AFRICA SAID TO BE A CERTAINTY

Expected Result of Boer Conference to be Held on May the 15th or 16th.

Special to The Times.

Lisbon, May 11.—A despatch received here from Delagoa Bay, Portuguese East Africa, says that peace in South Africa is certain to result from the conference of the Boer leaders to be held at Vereeniging Transvaal, May 15. It is said, the despatch continues that peace will be officially proclaimed May 30. Preparations are afoot for general rejoicings.

After having met the burghers in the field and explained to them the British terms, the Boer leaders were to meet at Vereeniging, and reach a final decision on the subject of peace.

A despatch from London dated May 3 said it was officially asserted that after their conference at Vereeniging, the Boer leaders would proceed to Pretoria, and announce to Lord Kitchener their decision in regard to the peace terms they were prepared to accept.

Items of Interest

Vienna, May 9—The Mittags Zeitung learns that negotiations are on between Austria and Russia regarding a partition of Turkey, beginning with the common occupation of Albania and parts of Macedonia. An Austrian commission, the paper says, is now bound for Albania to study the conditions there. The Mittags Zeitung, which is subsidized by the Austrian government, asserts that the statement is accurate, despite anticipated denials.

Berlin, May 9—Reports from Constantinople states that the sultan has been greatly excited by a confidential despatch from the Turkish ambassador at Vienna which stated that Austria is preparing for war. Abdul Hamid, according to representatives, immediately appealed to the kaiser, as his personal friend and chief of the triple alliance, to pacify Austria.

Stratford, May 9.—Mrs. S. J. Ballard, Caledonia street, has received a letter from her son, Pte. Harry Ballard, who was wounded at Hart's River on March 30. The letter, which bears the date of April 4, is as follows:

"My Dear Mother,—Just a short note to you to let you know that we have had one of the fiercest fights of the war. The enemy attempted to rush our camp, but were repulsed with heavy loss. We had a terrible position with 2,500 Boers around us, with three captured British guns. Our squadron formed the rear guard, and we were about a mile from camp when the enemy opened fire. They planted shells right into the camp. We got the order and retired about two miles from camp, and the rest of the regiment remained in camp. There were only the third troop of our squadron and our own troop, the fourth, under Lieut. Carruthers, and a few British troops—in all, about 80 of us—fighting outside of the camp, with the whole of us completely surrounded. The fire was awful. Nearly all our horses were hit, and most of our men.

"Well, mother, I got a wound at last, but it is only a slight one. A bullet struck me in the right shoulder. On my shoulder strap was a badge with Canada' on it. The bullet struck it first, and turned its course—otherwise it would have gone through my throat. As it was, it ran along my shoulder, causing a painful, but not a bad wound. Now, don't worry; I'm all right.

"The enemy advanced steadily until right up to us. Then they rushed and shouted "Hands up!" took us prisoners, marched us off about two miles, and stripped us of our clothes. They took my shirt, shoes, hat, drawers, but left my coat, on account of my wound, and thus sent us back to camp. All this time a fierce fight was raging in the camp, but the enemy were repulsed on all sides. About 200 men fell on our side, about 30 of whom were Canadians. I lost my horse, rifle, saddle, and everything, and my feet are sore from walking without shoes. It was as hot as Paardeberg. The enemy were led by De Wet and De la Rey. They lost about 250 men. We belong to Coxon's column.'

London, May 9.—In his speech yes- Turning to the peace negotiations, Lord Salisbury announced that "Great Britain has not receded one inch from her former position. As to the rights we claimed and the policy we intend to pursue we are exactly where we were." terday Lord Salisbury said the country must not expect the "ashes of past conflicts" to be extinguished immediately. Great Britain has had a great and serious war; but, admitting that misery and suffering had been caused, it "must be recognized that the power, prestige, influence, and magic effort of our great Empire are more potent, more efficient, and more admirable than ever before." "We have suffered," continued the Premier, "but we have greatly won."

INSIDE THE GROCERY

Some Facts Made Known.

It is often thought that grocers really have very little care regarding the food value of the articles they sell, but the real facts are that grocery keepers of the right sort are extremely particular as to what they recommend.

One of the fraternity relates a tale. "The highest priced coffee on the market I introduced to my customers and used myself. I began to have bilious attacks and after a little observation attributed them directly to coffee. Every time I left off drinking it I got better, but I felt the need of a warm drink for breakfast.

Along in '96 a wholesale grocer urged me to put in some Postum Food Coffee in my store, which I did with considerable misgiving, for, at that time, the now famous Postum was not so well known.

He urged me to try it myself, which I did and was disgusted with the flat, tasteless, beverage; so was my wife. I remembered the wholesale grocer said something about following directions carefully, so I took the package and studied it. I at once discovered that we had not boiled it long enough, only three or four minutes, but it must be boiled fifteen minutes at least, so we tried it again, with the result that we got a perfect cup of coffee, a delightful and healthful beverage. I have continued the use of Postum in my home ever since. We use it for breakfast, dinner and supper.

My bilious attacks quietly left and I am free from them altogether. I began to explain to my customers something of the value of Postum Coffee and now have a very large trade on it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A STUBBORN FIGHT WITH STRONG FORCE OF BOERS

Relief Party Found Grabbe Heavily Engaged With a Boer Force of 1,200

Cape Town, May 11.—In writing of the arduous work of troops in clearing Cape Colony of rebels, a correspondent says—"A badly-needed halt was called until daybreak, when the contract was made with Col. Crabbe. The latter was anxious about Major Crafton's ill-fated convoy, and went out to pick him up, asking Capper to remain at Reinfontein, and he would send for him if he wanted help. Almost immediately afterwards a despatch came back from Crabbe reporting Crafton's convoy burnt, and his own column heavily engaged, and a request that Capper and Lund would come to his help at once. The two columns promptly moved out, and came to Crabbie at the critical moment for he was heavily engaged by fully 1,200 of the enemy. The three columns conjointly repulsed the attack after a very stubborn fight, and the enemy retired north. Crabbie's casualties were heavy, as the casualty list will have told you.

CONCERTED SWEEP.

"On February 17 a concerted sweep of the country from Beaufort west to the blockhouse line by Williston began. The force engaged consisted of three separate bodies of about 600 men each, each of these being subdivided into two columns of 300. The stretch of country they had to cover was sixty miles wide, and the columns had to plough six furrows 200 miles long, with cross cuts into the gaps of country, between the furrows.

"That the enemy had come south again was seen in evidence, for shipping began the first day out. The second day out Col. B. Doran's column surprised a Boer laager, and captured Hugo and Van Heerden, and set the rest off at a run which they will remember for some time to come. The fugitives fell in with Pyper's commando two days later, just as Pyper fell in with Capper. After a temporary stand Pyper cleared, and the chase began again, Capper driving him on to Crabbie, who considerably hustled him, while Lord C. Bentinck's Scouts completed the demoralization, and the commando fled in disorder northwards. Capper's column struck the Zac River, which he worked up without incident until Williston was reached on February 27. The result of the drive was: Malan driven across the railway to the east at Nelspoort J. J. Smith, the two Pypers, Wessels and Van Reenen driven north of the blockhouse line."

New French Warship

Special to the Times.

Paris, May 11 — The armored cruiser Amiral Aube was launched at St. Nazaire to-day with interesting ceremonies and in the presence of a large crowd of spectators. The vessel is a sister ship of the Conde, recently launched at Lauriont. She is the last of the armored cruisers provided for in the shipbuilding programme of 1896. The Amiral Aube will be ready for commission in June, 1903. Her total cost is estimated at nearly $5,000,000.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 12, 1902.

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL

The Montreal Star says: What would Parliament be without the Trent Valley Canal? It may start nowhere and run to a place of the same name. It may be more useful to the local fisherman than to the shipper, and to the politician than to both; but it links us with the distant past, and will perpetuate our memory into the far future. When we take up the dusty records of dead and gone Parliaments, we can always find something familiar by leafing them over until we come to the annual discussion of the Trent Valley Canal; and when Canada shall have grown so that Parliament will sit at Winnipeg in order to get nearer the centre of population, there will still be the yearly vote for the unfinished Trent Valley Canal. It can never run dry—politically—unless some Government arises which is foolish enough to get to work and dig it out.

Our contemporary is evidently not up in geography or it would know that the completion of the Trent Valley Canal would mean a very great increase to the trade of Montreal. No railway is able to compete with water transportation. In a given period of time all the railways running eastward from Chicago carried five million bushels of grain while twenty-seven millions of bushels passed over the Erie Canal. When it is remembered that the latter is a mere ditch as compared with the Trent Canal, and is several hundreds of miles larger, there is no room for argument against the great Canadian waterway. We are surprised that the Star has not more sense than to print such stuff.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Vote for Stratton and prosperity.

• • • •

It doesn't cost a cent to get registered.

• • • •

Don't forget to see if you are on the voters' list, and if not get your name registered.

• • • •

Can it be possible that Hon. John Haggart does not believe in the Trent Valley Canal? A few years ago he was thought to be its fond and doting father.

• • • •

Let the honest, thinking, intelligent men get their work in and give Mr. Stratton a bigger majority than ever before.

• • • •

The result of the magnificent meeting on Thursday night was a little jarring to some of Mr. Stratton's opponents, but there are other jars to come yet.

• • • •

Will not Lord Kitchener render himself liable to some Boer election law if he continues to round up burghers and thus keep them away from the polls?

• • • •

Frog farming is becoming a recognized industry in Western Ontario. It is an industry in which there will be continual croaking.—Ottawa Citizen.

It is a business, however, that one cannot jump into without experience. Catching frogs is not to be sprung on an unsophisticated individual in the springtime, when the music of the bullfrogs is heard throughout the land.

• • • •

The Pope has granted the Catholics throughout the British Empire a dispensation allowing them to eat meat on Friday, June 27th, and on Saturday, June 28th—which is a fast day, the vigil of the feast of St. Peter and St. Paul—to enable them to take part in the rejoicings on the occasion of the Coronation. If the Catholics of Canada avail themselves of this dispensation, they will be giving financial proof of their loyalty, considering the present state of the meat market.

• • • •

John L. Sullivan was whipped by a telephone lineman in a saloon fight over in Bridgeport, Conn., and now the ex-champion will begin to notice that nobody will take any back talk from him any more. It must sadden John L. to recall the time when he used to pull off men's neckties, smash their hats, and knock their heads off if they did not admit that they liked [illegible] so big a bully.

Caught in a Stampede.

TWO years ago, when the cowboys of north-eastern Arizona came together to find out who was the "best man" in various ways, James Evans won the steer-tying championship by roping, throwing and tying a vicious steer in twenty-four seconds. But in a recent round-up the champion did a more remarkable thing, by which, says the Kansas City "Star," he saved his own and another man's life.

While he and some companions were camping for the night on a high table-land, which ended a few miles away in an abrupt drop of two hundred feet, a storm swept through the mountains. Made nervous by the lightning, the herd of fifteen hundred cattle stampeded in the direction of the precipice. Evans and his men mounted hurriedly and, circling to the front of the maddened cattle, tried with whoops and revolver-shots to turn them back.

In the dense blackness of the night Evans's horse missed his footing and went down in a heap, one leg in a gopher-hole. The horse of a cowboy named Davis, running close behind, stumbled over Evans's horse, and Davis, too, came to earth and lay still, unconscious.

Fifty yards away came the herd, and a short flash of lightning showed Evans the situation. The swiftly moving sea of cattle reached one hundred yards each way. Unable to arouse Davis, and never thinking of leaving his disabled comrade, Evans took the only chance of saving both. He emptied his own revolver and his companion's into the center of the herd, cutting a breach in the front of the mass. Then, throwing the inanimate form of Davis over his shoulder, he awaited his opportunity.

As one of the leaders brushed by, Evans, with one movement, put the body of Davis across the shoulders of the steer, and mounted, also. Vainly the animal leaped, bucked and side-jumped. With his legs wrapped tightly around the body of his mount, Evans drove his spurs deep in, and held himself and Davis in place.

The steer, wild with rage, agony and fright, rapidly left the herd in the rear, and, veering to the right in a furious gallop, carried his riders out of danger. Then Evans rolled off the back of his strange rescuer, and a half-hour later, when his cowboys turned the herd at the rim of the canyon, and rode back to look for the foreman and Davis, they found them, both unconscious. The weary steer, with his sides covered with blood, lay exhausted a short distance away.

The outfit ordered a medal for Evans, and the steer has been pensioned for life on the best alfalfa in the valley.

A Revolutionary Age.

Soulless corporations, heartless coquettes and conscienceless rascals of various sorts we have had with us now these many years, and it looks very much now as if a kind of providence was about to even things up a little by providing us with such useful contrivances as wireless telegraphy, heatless light, smokeless powder, boneless shad and seedless oranges. If some genius will rise up now and give us a breed of biteless dogs and stingless mosquitoes, together with some loseless umbrellas and spendless cash, we shall all be happy and content.—"Leslie's Weekly."

When to Get Married.

The astrologers, it is said, have named the following as propitious dates for marriages for 1902: January 2, 4, 11, 19 and 21; February 1, 2, 10, 19 and 21; March 2, 6, 12, 20 and 22; April 2, 4, 12, 20 and 22; May 2, 4, 12, 20 and 26; June 1, 3, 11, 19 and 21; July 1, 3, 12, 19, 21 and 31; August 2, 11, 12, 20 and 30; September 1, 9, 16, 18 and 26; October 1, 8, 15, 17, 27 and 29; November 5, 11, 13, 22 and 25; December 1, 8, 10, 19, 23 and 28.

The Monk's Knowledge of Women.

AN interesting story comes from the French Alps of Dauphiny relating the futile efforts of the Princess of Croy, who desired to enter the monastery of the Grande Chartreuse, a habitation from which women visitors are rigidly excluded.

The story runs that the Princess dressed herself in boy's clothes and accompanied her husband to the institution. The gates were opened to them, and the Prince sent his card to the father superior, with a line to the effect that he was accompanied by a friend.

Just as they were about to make the round of the building the word was received that the father would like to see the Prince and "his friend." Going upstairs they were received by the smiling monk, who cordially invited them to join him in an appetizing luncheon. The Princess endeavored to make the best of the situation, but she was not put any the more at her ease by the fact that the monk kept gazing sharply at her.

At last he exclaimed suddenly: "Catch it, young man!" at the same time throwing at her a large pear. The Princess was startled, and, thrown completely off her guard, made a motion to grab up her skirt, the absence of which she overlooked in her confusion.

Then the father stopped smiling and said with great gravity:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but ladies are not allowed in the monastery. I must ask you to wait outside until the Prince has finished his inspection."

And outside she had to go, the reverend father bowing her from the room with most elaborate politeness.

The Democracy of Children.

ONE amusing trait in children is their unconscious democracy. They are nearly always democratic when permitted any latitude. The desire for playmates levels sense of caste, if any exists. On a street through which I often pass there is a coterie of children who blend with the most thorough harmony, although they are of quite different social strata. One of the boys is a "smart" young gentleman in knickerbockers, always well groomed; another is a little Italian; a third, the thin, restless, wide awake son of a housekeeper. One of the little girls is a negress, with her woolly hair standing out from her head in thin curved-up tails. She is quite a belle in this "mixed" company.—Harper's "Bazar."

Where They Flourish.

Crawford—If you're not going out to buy a new hat, but merely to look at them, what do you want with a dollar? Mrs. Crawford—Why, you can't get a decent seat at the matinee for less than a dollar.

Epitaph.

Here lies Luke Longpenne, the distinguished historical novelist, who died at the age of eleven years in the full height of his fame, three weeks after the publication of his first book—[illegible]

Light Hogs.

A good many farmers in eastern Ontario are still adhering to the very foolish policy of marketing hogs that are too light in weight, and quite unsuitable for packing purposes. The Geo. Matthews Co., Limited, report that during the month of January their receipts of hogs graded as follows:—Selects, 1,398; light, 1,840; light fats, 690; heavy fats, 17; sows, 40; stags, 6; cripples, 21; stores, 123; a total of 4,154 hogs, of which only 1,398, or about 33 per cent., were suitable for the manufacture of first-class export bacon. If the trade in Canadian bacon is to be increased or even maintained, at its present volume, it is absolutely necessary that only hogs of proper weight and quality be sent to the packing houses.

F. W. Hodson,
Live Stock Commissioner.

A Test For Good Butter.

The good housewife who said, "The way to test good butter is to smell it," was surely an expert judge of butter. The fact is that a really good judge of butter seldom tastes it but depends rather upon the senses of smell and sight. The dealer who really knows and deals in good butter can at any time when he is testing a crock or roll of butter, be seen to very carefully pass it in review before his olfactory nerve, and to break it and note the appearance of the broken surface.

The true flavor of butter can be quickly tested in the entirety of a package in this manner, while, if the sense of taste alone were depended upon and the package was not of even quality, the fact might go unnoticed. The quantity of salt in the butter can, of course, only be determined by tasting it. The surface exposed when a package or sample of butter is broken should exhibit what is known as a good grain. That means that it should have a clearly defined granular surface, similar to that found on the broken surface of cast iron of good quality. Do not fail to apply these tests when passing judgment on the quality of butter. Their careful observance and a little practice will make you an expert.—Michigan Farmer.

Clover For Egg Producing.

Experience has demonstrated the value of clover for egg producing time and again. Clover has just the material in it to form egg shell, and hence it becomes an essential part of every ration fed to the chickens. It may not be generally understood that there are nearly thirty pounds of lime contained in each thousand pounds of clover. The chickens fed daily with clover will consequently prove better egg layers than those denied it. The clover hay should be given to chickens in winter in quantities sufficient to satisfy them, and to make them eat more it is desirable sometimes to prepare it in various ways. Cook and chop it up, and mix it with meal or other articles. This will sometimes induce the hens to consume a great amount of clover each day. Cut up into short lengths and mixed with warm mash, and then fed only as fast as the chickens will clean it up each day, is probably the most economical way to feed the clover. Some cut the second crop of clover and place it in the poultry yard for the chickens to eat and scratch over at pleasure. This of itself is all right, but it is rather wasteful. More than half the clover will be lost, and the chickens do not actually eat much more than the leaves. The stalks contain most of the lime, and these should be prepared so the chickens will consume them. Of all foods that can be raised on a farm for poultry, clover is not only the best, but probably the cheapest, and a field of it is as essential to success as a pasture field is necessary to the success of dairying.—Annie C. Webster, in Massachusetts Ploughman.

Just What You Ask For.

Outside the drug store—the store of J. Milhau's Son, at No. 183 Broadway—you may read the announcement at the head of this column, "We give you just what you ask for."

We are glad to seize upon this occasion to pay a tribute to this motto, and, incidentally, to point out a dishonest and very common practice among merchants—that of substituting one article for another.

One business man devotes all his energy, his money and his time to building up the reputation of a certain article. He enables the retailer to make a large profit, and he spends his money that customers may be plentiful.

When a customer asks for the article in question it is dishonest to say to him, as many do:—

"Don't buy that. We have something else just as good and much cheaper."

If the merchant has something good and cheap of his own, let him sell it to his customers by all means. But let him not steal the trade of a man whose energy helps to build up his business. Let him not divert to his own pocket all of the profit which he ought to in honesty share with another.

There are wares that are made enormously profitable to the retailer simply because men push their business with intelligence and perseverance. It is ungrateful as well as dishonest for the sake of a little extra profit to cut into the legitimate business of the advertising manufacturer.

Incidentally, the public, as well as the storekeeper and the manufacturer, are interested in this question of substituting one article for another.

That which is represented as "just as good" is usually not just as good, but very far from it.

If a man has spent a million dollars building up the reputation of a certain article, it is to his advantage to keep up the quality of the material which enters into the manufacture of that article. His profit is large if he is honestly treated, and it would be suicide for him to use inferior material for the sake of a little extra money.

The man who makes up an imitation article and announces it as "just as good" has no such sum at stake. He has invested nothing. He has no valuable name to ruin, and it is to his interest to make the "just as good" article just as cheap as he can make it.

The buyer should remember these facts and put his confidence in that retailer who, like the man quoted at the head of this article, gives to the customer just what he asks for, treats the wholesaler honestly, and shows gratitude for the energy which builds up a successful business and makes the retailer prosperous.—From The New York Journal, Issued by the Association of American Advertisers.

Bargains.

When woman gets into politics
Bargains will just be great,
Two dollar votes will be marked down
[illegible]

Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?" "Never," answered Miss Cayenne; "when I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed, I merely mention a name and [illegible]."—Washington "Star."

"Pain in the head and back" is a form of suffering with which so many women are familiar. Often this pain is associated with nervousness, sleeplessness and loss of appetite. The cause of such suffering is generally to be traced to derangement of the womanly function, or a diseased condition of the delicate womanly organs.

In such cases the action of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is marvelous in the prompt relief of pain and permanent cure of disease. It regulates the periodic function, dries disagreeable drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It cures when all other means have been tried in vain.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has cured more than half a million women.

"I was a great sufferer for six years and doctored all the time with a number of different physicians, but did not receive any benefit," writes Mrs. George Sogden, of 641 Bonda Street, Saginaw (South), Mich. "One day as I was reading a paper I saw your advertisement, and, although I had given up all hope of ever getting better, thought I would write to you. When I received your letter, telling me what to do, I commenced to take your 'Favorite Prescription' and follow your advice. I have taken ten bottles in all, also five vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' Am now regular after having missed two years and suffered with pain in the head and back. I was so nervous, could not eat or sleep. Now I thank you for my recovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

Curious Bits of News.

George W. Gray, secretary of the "Forward Movement" in Chicago, proposes to redeem the slum districts of that city by Christian vaudeville houses, pool and billiard-rooms, and bowling-alleys.

Jeanne de Villeneuve has been appointed secretary of the French consulate in New York. This, it is believed, is the first appointment of a woman in the consular service. Mlle. Villeneuve is only twenty-five years old, and belongs to an old family of Provence.

McKeesport, Pennsylvania, has a bookless library. The fine stone building was erected with the $50,000 Andrew Carnegie donated, but the entire donation was used to build the library, as the directors expected Mr. Carnegie would give more. He has declined to do this, and the board has no money to buy books.

The mountains end a greater number of lives every year than is generally supposed. An official report states that in 1901, in Switzerland alone, accidents to mountain-climbers amounted to 112, and that death occurred in all of these. This figure is double that of 1900, and represents the highest total that has hitherto been recorded.

At Uelzen, in Luneberg, the authorities have passed a by-law which is more popular with the fair than the sterner sex. Husbands must be home by eleven o'clock. A fine equal to ten shillings is the penalty for infringing this regulation, half of which goes to the person—presumably the wife—who brings and proves the accusation.

One of the eccentricities of the late Duke of Portland was to subscribe for all the ordinary newspapers and magazines of the day and have them wholebound in beautiful crushed morocco coats of many colors. Each of these volumes he put in a perfectly fitting oak box lined with white velvet and fitted with a patent Bramah lock and duplicate keys. The cost of each volume worked out at about £40.

As the result of studies on New Jersey mosquitoes last summer, Professor John B. Smith of Rutgers College says that not only will the insects travel long distances from their breeding-place, but on favorable evenings large swarms rise and are carried during the night by winds. The direction in which they go is often seaward. Swarms have been met fifteen miles from the shore, and they are common five miles from shore. Migration of mosquitoes with the aid of the winds Professor Smith regards as of much importance, and as rendering the control of the mosquito nuisance much more difficult than has been supposed.

Miss Florence K. Jewell, a wealthy young Jewess, who attained notoriety in August, 1899, by marrying Lobengula's son, while he was on exhibition at the Kaffir Kraal at Earl's Court, London, has applied for a divorce on the ground of her husband's cruelty and misconduct. She testified that he had given her black eyes, and stabbed her with an assegai, when the judge, Sir Francis Jeune, broke in with: "That was what you expected in marrying a savage, was it not?" The judge reserved judgment, as he doubted whether it could be shown that Lobengula's domicile was in England. He said, too, that he only behaved like a savage, and that the petitioner had insisted on marrying him, and now saw the result of it.

The old proverb about honor among thieves has had a staggering blow in St. Louis. The thieves were certain members of the city council and a number of street railway men, and it was because neither side had any confidence in the honor of the other that a remarkable case of bribery was most amusingly disclosed. The railway men desired certain franchises, and put up one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars as a corruption fund. They were afraid, however, to pay it to the councilmen until the council had voted as they wished. The corrupt councilmen, on their part, would not vote until they had the money. By a compromise, therefore, the fund was placed in a safety-deposit box which had two keys, one of which was held by each party. Neither could open the box without the cooperation of the other. The councilmen voted as they had agreed, and it was through the quarrel over their attempt to get the funds that the whole matter became public.

The widespread interest in the dairy industry is shown by the returns just received by Superintendent Creelman of the new dairy institute meetings in western Ontario. Fourteen gatherings were held, and there was an aggregate attendance of 2,200. Expert instruction was given on the feeding and care of the dairy cow, and on the care, handling and manufacturing of milk. A series of twelve meetings are now in progress in eastern Ontario. Mr. Creelman, as Secretary of the Fruit Growers' Association, has also completed arrangements for 47 fruit institute meetings, covering the fruit sections of the Province, to begin on Friday and last until the middle of April. These will include [illegible] demonstrations.

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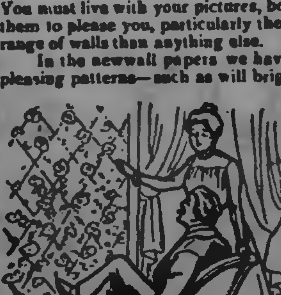
In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.



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Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

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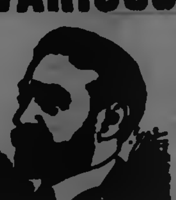

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HANDSOME YOUNG WIDOW independently wealthy, wants kind affectionate husband. Address Ball, 134 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

The Antiquity of Trousers.

WOMAN'S ever-changing fashions in dress have afforded the men much amusement, and have given the satirical writers any amount of material for their pens. It is clearly a case of people living in glass houses and throwing stones. Men's fashions have passed through quite as many changes, and it is doubtful if the petticoat itself has had a more varied history than have those grim articles trousers. "To the eye of vulgar Logic," said Ruskin, "what is man? An omnivorous biped that wears Breeches." There has never been a Petticoat Bible, yet in the year 1560 an edition of the Scriptures was printed at Geneva known as the "Breeches Bible." The name arose from an unusual rendering of Genesis iii. 7. Adam and Eve, instead of making themselves aprons of fig-leaves, made themselves "breeches." There is no record of Eve wearing petticoats, yet the first man is reported to have worn breeches. The ancients wore breeches —divided skirts probably—on horseback only, resuming their flowing draperies when they dismounted. Among the Romans, trousers, which were called braccae, were worn only by the soldiers who were exposed to cold northern climates. They were homemade, to judge from the pictures, and not in the least stylish. Among the Greeks such garments were confined to slaves, the swells reserving the chiton for themselves. The first faint foreshadowing of trousers as we now see them was in the time of Richard I. of England. In Spain, as well as in the Low Countries, trunk hose, mercilessly slashed, stuffed and decorated, were the smart things among the elegants. The story is related of a luckless courtier who, having seated himself on a chair upon which was a projecting nail, was suddenly obliged to rise to pay his devoirs to his sovereign. Instantly several pecks of dry wheat dust gushed out of his "galloons," and the unhappy courtier stood there diminished to a spindle and cutting a very sorry figure. During the reign of Charles I. of England, when Vandyck's influence was being felt, breeches became of uniform width, open at the knee, where they were fringed or bordered with lace and fastened with ribbons. Trousers comes from Old French: trousse, a kind of hose, from trousse, a truss. Pantaloons owes its origin to St. Pantaleone, a patron saint of the Venetians. His name was commonly received at baptism by the Venetians, and was by them transferred to this garment, which they very much affected. The term "sansculotte" originated in France. It meant, properly speaking, a fellow without breeches, and was used as a term of derision by the aristocratical party for the popular party at the beginning of the Revolution, but was later assumed by the patriots as a title of honor. Another term, one which has offended our ears and our sensibilities, is pants. But good old Oliver Wendell Holmes disposes of it with short shrift: "the things named pants—a word not made for gentlemen, but gents." Even among the poets trousers have not been considered too prosaic to be put into song. The genial Tom Moore leaves behind him a charming little Impromptu inspired by a pair of breeches. It seems that the bard was obliged upon one occasion to leave a very pleasant party on account of not having a pair of evening trousers in which to dress for dinner. He scratched upon a fly-leaf the following:

Between Adam and me the great difference is,
Though a paradise each has been forced to resign,
That he never wore breeches till turn'd out of his,
While, for want of my breeches, I'm banished from mine.

A Toast to the Bachelor.

A TOAST is offered to the bachelor. Not to every bachelor, of course. Not all are toastworthy. There are plenty who ought to have married, but were too timid, distrustful, lazy, self-indulgent, or incompetent. There are those who were dazzled in their youth by the spangles and gewgaws of life, and stretched out for them hands too eager to detect the worthlessness of what they got. There are those who were unfit to marry. Toast them in moderation, because they didn't, provided they will give bonds to continue single. There are those who broke hearts, partly from faithlessness, partly from over-much calculation, partly from mere lack of grit. No, we may not toast all bachelors. So much the more toast those whom we may! Maintainers of the unmaintained, bearers of burdens dropped by other men, providers for the unprovided for, succorers of the distressed, defenders of the fatherless, bulwarks of the widow! Oh, what a good, an indispensable man is that bachelor who can make a bigger living than he needs, and is always ready to share his surplus; who counsels his nephews and fortifies them with timely remittances; who surprises his nieces with gowns and opportune hats; who has no serious troubles of his own, and is ready always to shoulder such troubles as others bring to him! The trouble with Benedict is that his hostages are given. There are claims upon his heart, his time, his income. He must consider obligations and proprieties. He is a mortgaged man, though he may be ever so good a one. There is no use of spending much affection on Benedict, for he can get it at home, and he can't repay a large investment in kind without incurring domestic hazards. But a good bachelor, what a great property he is, and how inestimably valuable to those who own him! It is a great calling to be a good bachelor, and about one bachelor in a hundred makes a fairly satisfactory demonstration that it is his.—"Harper's Weekly."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office) —Shure, doctor, Oi think Oi have appindicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for that.— "Judge."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

The report had been put in circulation some time since, however, that I had lost my fortune, and—without that, which was his God—I was worthless in his eyes. He has let me go —to find a wealthier victim I imagine."

It was terrible to witness the pallor of Daisy's face as she listened—she spoke no word, but as the last sentences fell from Lillian Ruthven's lips, she threw up her white hands and sank back in the carriage in a dead faint.

Hetty turned the horse's head homeward at once, but Daisy regained consciousness before they reached there. Hetty could not refuse the pleading way in which she begged her not to mention what had transpired, assuring her it was only the heat of the sun and the overpowering odor of the roses that had caused her to swoon, but, though Hetty kept her own counsel, she believed differently.

In a vague way the thought came to her that Daisy's trouble seemed somehow connected with Miss Ruthven; still she had no glimmer of the actual truth—she attributed it to a far different cause.

Once before, when Daisy had seen Miss Ruthven talking to Aleck, Hetty had observed that she turned deadly white. Now she jumped to a strange conclusion, and that was that Daisy was suffering from the keenest pangs of jealousy; yes, that was the secret that was destroying poor Daisy's life, she thought—she was bitterly jealous of poor Lillian Ruthven.

Every incident went to prove this —there had been no quarrel between Aleck and Daisy until Miss Ruthven had come on the scene. Daisy could not bear to hear Miss Ruthven's name mentioned.

And Hetty, who imagined herself very clever, wondered at her father's stupidity in not finding this out before.

It takes a woman to ferret out a secret every time, she told herself.

The next afternoon Miss Ruthven called to see if Daisy was better, and that was the first intimation the family had that there had been anything amiss.

Hetty watched with furtive eyes to see what reason, if any, Daisy had for jealousy.

She saw Aleck greet Miss Ruthven in the most friendly manner—he bowed his handsome head low over the little white hand extended to him, and smiled kindly down into the lovely girlish face.

He took her out and showed her the roses in the garden and the choice flowers in the conservatory, and she came back with her hands full of the scarlet blooms, and a cluster of them on her breast.

"Aleck and I have been talking over old times," she said, turning toward Daisy with a charming smile. "Did he never tell you that we were playfellows when we were little children—and so fond of each other that people smiled as we passed them by with our arms twined about each other, and called us 'little lovers!' Ah, those were happy days! Why, people went so far as to predict that we would surely marry each other when we grew older."

Daisy opened her blue eyes wide in great surprise.

"I never even heard of it," she said, "Aleck never mentioned it to me."

Lillian turned a pair of reproachful eyes upon him.

"He had simply forgotten me—that is all," she said, demurely.

"As though any one, having known you, could forget you," replied Aleck, gallantly. "Do not, I beg of you, accuse me of anything so unkind."

"How does it happen, dear, that you never told me you knew Lillian Ruthven when you were children, Aleck?" asked Daisy, when they found themselves alone together.

"I thought so little about it, that no doubt it did not recur to me; the playmates of our children drift out of our memory so quickly."

"But she says you were lovers," persisted Daisy.

He laughed aloud.

"What is the love of a boy or girl?" he replied. "Do not talk nonsense, my dear Daisy."

"If you had seen Lillian in all the beauty of her girlhood, and had not seen me—do—do—you think you could have cared for her, Aleck?" she asked, with pitiful wistfulness.

"Perhaps," he answered carelessly; "for she looks strikingly like you, Daisy."

She turned away hastily, for she felt a deadly faintness at her heart. Ah, she knew why—she knew why.

"Has that likeness between you never occurred to you, Daisy?" he asked.

But there was no answer — Daisy had suddenly quitted the room.

She stole out of the house and into the grounds—the very air seemed to stifle her. Oh, how chill the night winds blew, but they were not more chill than her heart.

She hurried across the rose terrace, through the grounds to the very edge of the park beyond, to where a little brook flowed through the grounds, and flung herself beside it.

In the distance she could hear the plaintive songs of a pair of caged nightingales in a neighboring villa. And, lying face downward, sobbing her heart out in the lone wood, the haunting words of the old song came back to her with the plaintive notes of the nightingales:

"Oh, cruel- like birds! They sing for spite.
They sing for hate, they sing for doom;
They'll sing through death who sing through night,
They'll sing and sting me in the tomb—
The nightingales, the nightingales!"

CHAPTER XXXI.

To Err is Human.

"He had once loved Lillian Ruthven; he might have married her but for me."

Those were the words that burned themselves into Daisy's very soul.

Brushing all the traces of tears from her face by laying it in the cool waters of the brook, Daisy mechanically returned to the house.

On the porch she met Hetty.

"Why, where have you been, Daisy?" she cried. "Your dress is bedraggled with dew, and it lies heavy on your golden hair; even your hands are cold and chill."

Daisy drew her hands away from her sister's clasp like a petulant child.

"I have been merely walking through the grounds," she said. "Is there anything so strange about that?"

"Why, yes, at this time of the night," declared Hetty.

(To be Continued)

The Origin of the Loving Cup.

THE loving cup is very common nowadays, and we see it everywhere. But many years ago there were no such things as these queer three handled affairs, and the following story tells how they first happened to be made:

Once upon a time centuries before us, there lived a great and powerful king, who was extremely fond of hunting. He was one day in a forest pursuing a stag, but it was so fleet and clever that it eluded him and his band of followers, and led them entirely out of their way. After wandering about in a hopeless fashion they finally came upon a little hut, and the king himself dismounted and rapped smartly upon the door.

A young girl answered his knock, and soon showed the men the right path. The king was about to go, when he saw a well near the house, and at the sight of the clear water immediately felt thirsty, and, going back, asked the girl for a drink. Without hesitation she went into the house and came out with an earthen jug filled with the well water. But, instead of offering his royal majesty the handle, as most people would do, she held that herself, and handed him the cup the wrong way.

The king said nothing, thanked the girl, and he and his band soon found their way out of the wood.

But when he reached his palace he determined to reward the girl for giving him the water and at the same time to teach her a lesson in politeness.

Sending to his jeweler, he bade him make a silver cup, with two handles, and deliver it to the young girl, without a word as to whence it came.

Perhaps a month after this the king again hunted in that same forest, sought the hut and asked the girl for another drink of water.

This time she entered the house and came out with a beautiful silver cup, full of the sparkling water. "Now," thought the king, "she has certainly learned a lesson." But never was he more mistaken, for the poor, ignorant girl took a handle in each hand, and for the second time offered her liege lord nothing save the side of the cup.

The king rode away deeply perplexed. He resolved to teach the girl the polite way to hand a cup without directly rebuking her, and many were the hours he spent in cudgelling his brains for some way in which to do it. At last a bright idea struck him, and he sent for his jeweler a second time. "Make me," said he to the man, "a silver cup, heavily chased, and with my royal crest, and put three handles on it." The jeweler, much surprised—for remember, no such thing had ever been heard of up to this time—did as he was told, and soon the mug was finished. As before, the king had it privately sent to the girl who lived in the little hut.

One day not long after this for the third time he rode into that forest, and, taking the now well-known path, soon reached the cottage. Dismounting, he knocked at the door and asked humbly for a drink of clear water.

The girl immediately came out with the beautiful three-handled cup, and, taking two of the handles in her hands, she offered him the third.

So the king rode away well pleased with his strategy and, reaching home, ordered three-handled cups to be made in every sort of ware, and they became so popular that we now have them in all our shops and stores.

An Unfortunate Experiment.

SOME years ago there lived in Turin a physician noted far and wide as a specialist of brain diseases. Men and women came to him from the ends of the earth. With the development of fortune, for his fees were in proportion to his prominence, he cultivated a pleasing taste for those precious relics of antiquity in which millionaires alone are privileged to indulge. He had in his library a collection of costly objects of art. The fame of his treasures was loud in the world's ears with the note of his skill. One day a rich American banker came to consult him about his wife, a confirmed kleptomaniac. His life was a burden to him, following her from store to store, continually guarding her reputation against the encroachment of her fingers. Though it had cost him thousands, his wife knew nothing, suspected nothing of her own weakness. Nor should she ever know if he could prevent it.

"If I brought her here to consult you as a physician," said the afflicted husband, "I fear she would suspect something and it would kill her. If you will permit it I'll bring her to call on you as a collector of antiquities. Do not be disconcerted, however, if during the interview you find her pilfering, slipping your relics and coins into her umbrella or pockets. That is the ailment, and, of course, whatever she takes will be returned to you at once. My references are So and So, bankers." This with much dignity and the production of documents.

The physician made the appointment, and next day the couple came. The doctor brought out his treasures, wonderful coins, antique jewelry, on which he descanted with much graceful learning. Every now and then the lady slipped into her pocket or dropped into her parasol a coin, a jewel, a vase, and as she did so her husband winked at the doctor to draw attention to her theft. When the physician finally gave the signal that he had learned all he required, she had accumulated the rarest of his possessions.

"I'll be back within an hour," said the Chicago banker, "with the things my wife has taken. Poor, poor girl!" he burst out. "Doctor, my fortune, my life are yours if you can but cure her."

Two hours passed, then three, then the interval lengthened to five. The physician, rather alarmed, sent his servant to the American's hotel. No persons of the name were staying there. The police were called in, descriptions given, detectives went forth. They identified the culprits, who had time to make their escape. They were London pickpockets, two thieves whose characters and depredations were notorious all over England.

"Why do you call the fast bicycle rider a scorcher?" "Because he goes at a hot pace, makes pedestrians boiling mad, warms up the police, gets roasted in court, and then thinks the whole thing is a burning shame."—"Tit-Bits."

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—'Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all! Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago "Daily News."

Here is a little gem clipped from a small boy's essay on parents:—"Parents are things which boys have to look after them. Most girls who have parents. Parents consist of pas and mas. Pas talk a good deal about what they are going to do, but mostly it's the mas that make you mind."—Chicago News.

Said a lady whose surname was Beau-[illegible]:
"Orthography's very uncertain, [illegible]
The spelling of Belvoir
Is quite a deceiver."
Said her husband: "What's wrong with your [illegible]?"
—Chicago Tribune.

St. Jacobs Oil

The grandest remedy in the World because it never fails to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
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EARACHE
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STIFFNESS
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And all Bodily Aches and Pains. It penetrates and removes the cause of pain.

Conquers Pain

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Curious Bits of News.

It is somewhat humbling to our pride to know that the greatest speed attained under sail is that of the flying proa of Pacific savages. Until the advent of the turbine motor these tiny craft could outsail any steamer afloat, even the modern German liners. Their lowest estimated speed is twenty knots, and many travelers credit them with more.

Since March 1 the torch in the hand of the Statue of Liberty Enlightening the World, in New York harbor, has not been lighted. This does not mean that the statue has lost its significance as the symbol and personification of the broad political and industrial freedom which is enjoyed in the United States. It simply means that no satisfactory method of lighting the torch has been devised, and that the Lighthouse Board does not think it worth while to continue an inadequate electric lamp. The other harbor lights serve all the needs of the mariners, and the statue itself, without its own light, will show more plainly in the darkness than before.

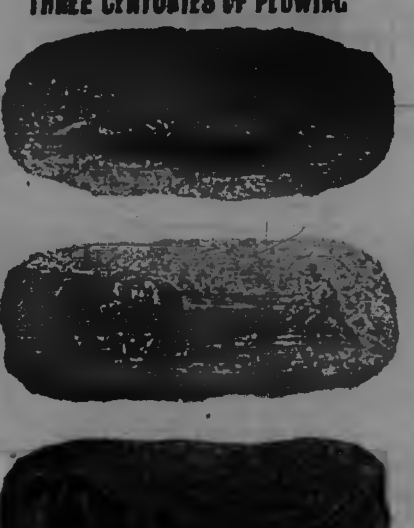
The reputation of Germany as a country where life is regulated as much as possible in accordance with the behests of science is borne out by the regulations of the German military authorities concerning the marching and physical training of troops. The "physiology of marching" has recently been the subject of careful investigation, and the results obtained are taken advantage of for the benefit of the German army. Among the conclusions reached is that during continuous heavy marching the rations supplied are not sufficient to replace the waste of carbohydrates, and that a day's rest is required after every three days' marching, to enable the body to recover its normal power.

In typewriting 500 letters you waste one hour in writing "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly." Now, the total annual number of letters sent through the post all over the world is 3,000,000,000. Of course this is not all commercial correspondence, nor is it all typewritten, but for the purpose of having some statistical starting-point it will be assumed that it is. To write "Dear Sir" and "Yours very truly" for this number of letters would take one typist 18,000,000 hours, allowing 300 working days to the year, about 6,700 years. To translate this into an approximation of its money value, allowing $10 as the salary of the typist and eight hours as the average day's work, the cost would be $3,250,000.

The Wiarton (Ont.) "Echo" records a remarkable instance of affection between dumb brutes. A Mr. Robertson lost a team of horses through the ice on Colpoy's Bay. It appears that the gentleman mentioned is the owner of a dog—an ordinary collie dog—that was passionately fond of the animals drowned, and they were in constant companionship whenever possible. After the accident occurred, and when the horses were delivered from their watery graves and pulled out on the ice, the large crowd that had gathered quickly dispersed, the horses being apparently "left alone in their glory." It transpired later on, however, that the faithful dog, in his grief for his lost companions, refused to leave the spot where they were, and was tenderly licking the animals' heads and giving vent to his sorrow in various other ways. Efforts were made to console the bereaved canine and to attract him from the spot, but he went not, and refused to be comforted. He remained, it is said, near the scene of the accident till the bay was completely enveloped in darkness. The poor brute then solemnly and sadly wended his way to his master's home.

The other night Thomas J. White, a Brooklyn butcher, found it necessary to remain in his store until after midnight, to finish making up his accounts for the week. Miss Maria Jacobs, his fiancee, was waiting for him to escort her to her home. White took six hundred dollars from the cash drawer and placed it in a wallet, which he put in his pocket. He was just about to don his coat when he was seized with a fit and fell to the floor. Miss Jacobs tried to raise him up, but failed, so she ran out of the store for assistance. The first persons she met were two frowsy-looking fellows, who readily responded to her appeal for help. They rushed into the store, and while one of them lifted the prostrate White the other lifted the wallet out of the butcher's pocket and fled. Miss Jacobs gave pursuit. The other stranger promptly dropped White, ran to the money-drawer, and, finding no money there, looked about him for something of value to seize. There were juicy steaks and toothsome chops, but he selected a big bologna sausage and ran out with the booty. The first stranger, in the meantime, had succeeded in eluding Miss Jacobs and getting away. When she returned to the store the second thief had also disappeared. A policeman was finally called to hunt for the robbers, and a physician to attend White. The doctor succeeded in bringing White out of his fit, but the policeman failed to bring back the thieves or the money.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



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DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wood Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow; saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor of man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted. Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 1?, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of the month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY, 1902

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according o law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, [illegible] Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

R-I-P-A-N-S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Foot Elm.

This is the original and reliable remedy for feet that are blistered, hot, feverish, sweaty, tired, aching, etc.

It gives immediate relief.
It preserves the leather
It is the cheapest because the best.

All honest druggists sell it. If any man offers you a substitute for the sake of making a little extra profit out of you, write us about it, giving the name. We will send you the name of some honest dealer in your vicinity who will give you what you ask for.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. overnight.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 12 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The County Council will meet on the third Tuesday in June.

—The town is fairly flooded with commercial travellers these days.

—Saturday's market was fairly well attended, but prices were high.

—Houses are scarce in Peterborough, and as a result rents have increased.

—We have 50 good-sized second hand packing cases for sale cheap at The Times Bookstore.

—The prices of Chemong Park lots have increased on account of the prospect of a street railway being built.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—The frosts of Friday night did considerable damage to the crops in various parts of the country.

The employees of the Wm. Hamilton Foundry will have Saturday afternoon off during the summer months.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—Victoria Park is once more assuming its beautiful summer appearance, under the faithful care of Mr. Cooney.

—The rummage sale, in aid of All Saint's Church, which has been going on for some days, closed on Saturday.

—We see the Dominion Supplementary Estimates make no provision for the proposed dredging of the Otonabee River.

—Advertising bears about the same relation to a business that steam does to an engine. Everybody reads The Times.

—Look out for the Jarvis Street Baptist choir concert in St. Paul's Church on Monday evening. Secure your tickets at once.

—The proposal to level off the graves in the old Catholic burial grounds on Murray street, is certainly a "stiff proposition.

—FOR SALE—New Al-Vista Panoramic camera. Cost $45.00. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply, Tate Optical Co., 428 George street.

—The Cordage Company's works are now in full operation, the electric energy to drive the machinery being supplied by the Auburn Power Company.

—The rumor that the Sovereign Bank is to open a branch in Peterborough has been renewed. The Times was told on Saturday by a gentleman who is supposed to know, that a branch will be opened here in a short time.

—A Vankoughnet, of Lindsay, was sent [illegible] to [illegible] this [illegible] morning by P. M. Dumble for stealing lumber from premises owned by Thos. Williams.

—The Grand Central Hotel is rapidly being remodelled and made into flats or houses. We understand that every suite of rooms in the building has been rented.

—While at play a little four year old daughter of Mr. T. J. Parker, of Ashburnham, had the misfortune to fall and break her arm at the elbow. She is being attended by Dr. Brown, and is now doing as well as can be expected.

—There is no truth whatever in the rumor that our popular fellow townsman Mr. Harry LeBrun, is getting himself into condition in order to complete in the 100 yard dash at the Olympic Sunday School pic-nic, next month.

—Port Hope people propose to build a fine covered rink for hockey and curling and plans have been prepared. The hockey ice will be 180x70 feet, and the curling sheet 150x30 feet. Seating accommodation for 1200 persons will be provided.

—The Olympics will excurt to Stony Lake on the first Thursday in June. Already preparations are being made for the event, which promises to be more enjoyable than ever. Already over sixty members have signed their intention of taking in the event.

—Mr. J. W. Crossley, Reeve of King township, a brother of Rev. D. O. Crossley, of the Charlotte-st. Methodist church and Rev. N. T. Crossley, the well known evangelist, died Saturday morning at his home in King. The funeral will be held this afternoon. Rev. Mr. Crossley left on Saturday.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. John Craig, Lakefield attended the market as usual on Saturday.

—Mr. Isaac Richardson, the well known Millbrook drover, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. J. J. Preston, of Bethany, Conservative candidate for East Durham, was in town on Saturday.

—Messrs. Reg Adams and Willis Garrow, Machinists at the Wm. Hamilton Foundry, left for Toronto this morning to secure employment.

—Judge Weller and Messrs. Harry Le Brun and Ed. Brown have returned from a weeks' stay at Preston Springs, greatly benefitted in health.

—Miss Barlee, who is soon to leave for England, was the guest at a farewell tea given in her honor by friends at the Golf club house. Appropriate toasts were proposed and honored.

Saturday's Market

There was a fair attendance at Saturday's market, the following prices prevailing: Eggs, 12c; chickens, 50c. to 75c.; butter, 18 to 20c; rhubarb, 3 bunches for 10c; potatoes, 75c. to 80c. per bag.

Sneak Thieves at Work

A few nights ago a sneak thief entered the summer kitchen or Mr. R. E. McKee's residence, Charlotte St., and helped himself. Everything disappeared except a pail of lard and some pickles. This is not the only case of the kind. On Saturday night some garden implements were reported missing from a house on Brock street.

Valuable Advice to Mothers

If your child comes in from play coughing or showing evidences of an approaching attack of grippe, sore throat or sickness of any kind, first thing get out your bottle of Nerviline. Rub the chest and neck with Nerviline, and give internal doses of ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water every two hours. This will prevent any serious trouble. No liniment or pain reliever equals Polson's Nerviline, which is a necessity in every household. Large bottles cost only 25c.

THE STREET RAILWAY

Arrangements Being Made to Start Work in a Week or So

As intimated in Saturday's Times, work on the Street Railway will begin as soon as material and men can be secured. Mr John Campbell, of the National Construction Company, an expert on work of this kind, has arrived in town, and is looking over the ground. He says that the rails will require to be re-bonded, but very little other work will be necessary. He hopes to have his material here this week, when actual work will begin.

The Company will secure power from one of the local electrical concerns until their own power house, which they propose to build, is constructed.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

Eloquent Anniversary Services Preached Yesterday

Yesterday the anniversary services of St. Paul's Church were conducted, eloquent and impressive sermons being preached morning and evening by Rev. Dr. Parsons, of Toronto.

In the morning the subject of the discourse was, Matthew 20th chapter and 28th verse, and in the evening the text was 1st Corinthians, second chapter and 16th verse.

The congregations were large on both occasions, special music being furnished. In the evening a solo by Mrs. H. Johnston, Millbrook, was rendered with effect. The collections were for the reduction of the debt on the church.

General - Sports.

The Boys Brigade baseball team of All Saint's Church, defeated the Shamrock's on the Edison field, Saturday afternoon.

The Choir boys of All Saint's defeated the boys of St. Andrew's Guild in a game of baseball, Saturday afternoon.

The T.A.S. and the Y.M.C.A. Lacrosse teams will come to-gether in a match at the T.A.S. pic-nic at Lakefield, on the 24th.

DROWNED AT HASTINGS

Richard King of the Government Dredge Loses His Life

Richard King, an employee of the Government dredge, now working in the Hastings River, while boarding the craft on Thursday night, lost his footing on the gang plank, in the dark, and was drowned.

His companion, who had preceded him on board, heard the splash, but the unfortunate man must have sunk at once, and was doubtless carried away with the current. The fire alarm was sounded, and the villagers turned out with grappling irons, but were unable to recover the body.

The deceased leaves a wife and family and owned a small farm about four or five miles out of the village.

THE CONCERT TO-NIGHT

A Splendid Programme Provided for the Musical Events

The sacred concert to be given in St. Paul's church this evening by the splendid choir of the Jarvis street Baptist church, Toronto, under the auspices of the choir of St. Paul's, is worthy of the attention and patronage of all our music-loving citizens. The visitors will arrive this evening, by special train, and will return at the conclusion of the entertainment. The local choir are to be heartily commended for their enterprise and pluck in bringing this magnificent musical organization to Peterborough, and it is to be hoped that the church will be packed to the doors. The following is the programme:

PART I.
Doxology
Prayer
(After which the Choir will chant the Lord's Prayer—the audience remaining in the attitude of prayer).

1.—Organ solo, "Schiller Festival March." (Meyerbeer-Best) — Mr. Arthur Oliver.

2.—Anthem, "God Hath Appointed a day (Tours) — Choir of Jarvis Street Baptist Church, Toronto. Quartette by Miss Dora L. McMurty, Miss Gertrude Shuttleworth, Mr. Victor Hutchison and Mr. A. L. E. Davies.

3.—Bass solo, "There is a Green Hill Far Away." (Gounod) — Mr. A. L. E. Davies.

4.—Soprano obligato and chorus, "Inflammatus," from the "Stabat Mater" (Rossini) — Miss McMurty and the Choir.

5.—Motette, unaccompanied, "Come Unto Him." (Gounod) (For a chorus in six parts).

6.—Trio, "Praise Ye the Lord" (Geibel) — Miss McMurty, Mr. Hutchison and Mr. G. B. McClellan.

PART II.

7.—Motette, unaccompanied, "Say, Watchman, What of the Night?" (Sullivan) (For an eight-part choir).

8.—Organ solo, Fantasia, "O, Sanctissima," (Lux) — Mr. Oliver.

9.—Baritone solo and choral sanctus, "Behold, I Create a New Heaven and a New Earth." (Gaul) — Mr. Davies and the Choir.

10.—Motette, unaccompanied, "Yea, Tho' I Walk Through the Valley of the Shadow of Death" (Sullivan)

11.—Chorus, for women's voices, with solo obligatos for soprano and bass, "List the Cherubic Host" (Gaul) Solos by Miss McMurty and Mr. Davies.

12.—Soprano solo and chorus, from "Gallia," (Gounod) — Miss McMurty and the Choir.

God Save the King.

The audience are requested to refrain from applause.

REGISTER TO-DAY

The Registration of Votes will Begin This Morning.

The registration of manhood suffrage voters will begin to-day and continue tomorrow and Wednesday next.

All British subjects twenty-one years of age, who have resided in the province one year and in the riding three months and are not on the voters' lists are eligible to register.

The fact that you registered at the last election will not give you a vote this time. You must register again.

You will register in the ward where you sleep. The places for registration are as follows:—

NO ONE WARD—At Miller's shop 212 Rubidge-st.

NO. TWO WARD—At Town Council Chamber.

NO. THREE WARD — At Committee room adjoining the Council Chamber, town buildings.

NO. FOUR WARD At W. Lee's shop, corner of Smith and George-sts.

Each man must attend personally to register his name. The hours for registering are as follows:—

Monday, May 12—From 10 a.m. to 1 p.m and from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Tuesday, May 13—From 10 a.m. to 1 p.m from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m., or from 7.30 to 9 p.m.

Wednesday, May 14—From 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 1 p.m. to 6 p.m.

It will be noticed that the only evening session will be on Tuesday, from 7.30 to 9 o'clock.

See to it that you are registered and secure a vote on May 29th.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c. This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

CHURCH NOTES

—At St. Luke's Church yesterday the Rector, Rev. Mr. Langfeldt, preached on "The Divine Farewells" in the morning, and in the evening on "The Judgement Seat of Christ," both discourses being eloquent and impressive.

—At Murray-st. Church last night Rev. Mr. Bastow preached a special sermon to young men. There was a large congregation, and an earnest, thoughtful and impressive discourse.

—In the absence of Rev. Mr. Crossley, who left to attend the funeral of his brother, the pulpit of the Charlotte-st. church was filled yesterday by Rev. Mr. Wilson, of George-st., in the morning, and Rev. Mr. Yule in the evening.

—At All Saint's, the Rector preached on "Paul and Titus" in the morning and on "The Death of Moses, or this Life's Incompleteness," in the evening. There was large congregations at both services.

A Christian Temperance Union Mission was opened yesterday for the first time in the Union Labour Hall, Water street. This Mission is free for all, especially those not identified with any church. In the forenoon, Sunday School was held from 10 to 11 o'clock and Bible Study from 11 to 12 o'clock. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock a temperance address was delivered by Mr. Holland. In the evening, Mission Service at 7 o'clock was conducted by Mr. W. A. Redfern, superintendent of the Mission.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure W E Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

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Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME, $ to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Novelty Co., D pt. 116 Chicago.

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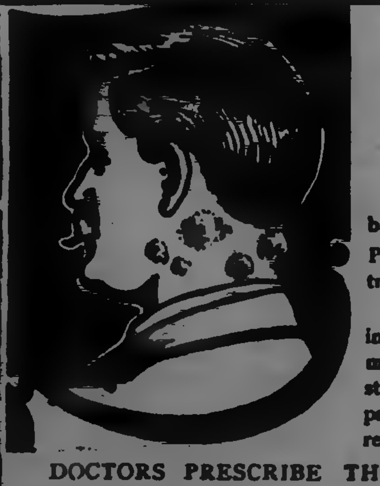

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A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
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THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

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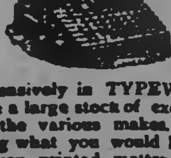

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New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO, of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

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VOL. 23 NO. 112 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MAY 13 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

HEART RENDING SCENES OF DESOLATION DESTRUCTION, AND FAMINE AT ST. PIERRE

30,000 Perish, and 50.000 are in Need--King Edward Sends Gift of Five Thousand Dollars---Lava Still Pouring Out.

Fort de France, Island of Martinique, May 12.—Several steamers, including the Government vessel Rubis, started from here yesterday for St. Pierre, carrying relief, also a quantity of firewood, petroleum, and quicklime, for use in the cremation of the bodies of the victims of the terrible volcanic outbreak. Large quantities of disinfectants and stocks of clothing for the refugees were also shipped to St. Pierre. The refugees had as a rule assembled at Le Carbet and Caz Piloto (not far from St. Pierre), and it is reported over a thousand of them have died since the fearful stream of lava poured down Mont Pelee.

SEA COVERED WITH DEBRIS.

The sea for miles round was covered with the wreckage of the vessels sunk off St. Pierre, and ashore only a few trees, all bent seaward by the force of the volcanic shower, were left standing.

When nearing St. Pierre the Rubis met a number of tugs towing lighters filled with refugees.

The heat from the smoking, lava covered ruins at St. Pierre was suffocating, and the stench from the corpsestrown streets was awful. Only a few walls were standing. The report that the hospital clock was found intact with its hands stopped at 7.50 was confirmed, as was the statement that the offices of the cable company had entirely disappeared.

On all sides were found portions of corpses, which were gathered up by the soldiers and gendarmes and burned on one of the public squares.

4,000 REFUGEES SAVED.

Nearly four thousand of the refugees from the vicinity of the village of Le Precheur, a suburban to the north of St. Pierre, were rescued by the French cruiser Suchet and the cable repair ship Pouyer-Quertier, and were brought here. As the result of his inspection, the commander of the Suchet, said that crevasses and valleys are constantly forming in the northern portion of the island, where the land is in a state of perpetual change. Fortunately, that part of the country was evacuated in good time by the inhabitants, who fled to Fort de France.

LAVA STILL POURING OUT.

Lava continues to stream down the mountain side, accompanied by terrific thunder and lightning.

The dearth of provisions is beginning to be felt throughout the island. Numerous families are completely ruined, and even shelterless, while the means at the disposal of the authorities are much inadequate to cope with the distress.

Communication is practically cut off from all the surrounding islands, except by stray vessels, which are seized upon by the inhabitants to flee from Martinique.

KING EDWARD'S GIFT.

Paris May 12.—King Edward has sent 25,000 francs ($5,000) as his contribution to the fund being raised for the relief of the sufferers from the Martinique disaster.

The Czar has telegraphed to President Loubet, expressing the sincere sympathy of himself and the Czarina, who share with France the sorrow caused by the terrible West Indian catastrophe.

50,000 ARE HOMELESS.

Washington, May 12.—Secretary Hay has received the following cablegram, dated May 11, from United States Consul Ayme at Gaudaloupe, who went to Fort de France, Martinique, by instructions from this Government:

"The disaster is complete, the city wiped out. Colonel Prentis and his family are dead. Governor says 30,000 have perished, 50,000 are homeless and hungry. He suggests that the Red Cross be asked to send codfish, flour, beans rice salt meats, and biscuit as quickly as possible. Visits of war vessels valuable."

The Navy Department this morning was informed of the departure of the cruiser Cincinnati from San Domingo city for Martinique.

STORY OF THE RUINS.

A landing has at last been made at St. Pierre, and the work of exploring the ruins of the annihilated city has begun. Those who have come back here from the city report that the streets and all the neighborhood are now encumbered with heaps upon heaps of dead bodies in all directions.

AN APPALLING SIGHT

All the dead thus far seen were stark naked, their clothing apparetnly having burned from their bodies like so much tinder, while they themselves were roasted to death. In the vast majority of instances fires seem to have been the sole cause of death. Great numbers of bodies have been burst asunder by the terrible heat, and lie disemboweled. In many instances the faces of the victims are quite calm, as though they were stricken down instantly where they stood without a moment's warning, or with hardly time to appreciate for an instant the deadly peril they were in. Others have stamped on their faces an expression of indescribable terror.

The entire city and the neighborhood all about it recks with a horrible odor of burned flesh. In one instance an entire family of nine persons were found, all tightly locked in each other's arms, and the bodies in a horrible state of decomposition.

CREMATION OF THE DEAD.

Almost the first thing done was to make preparations for the cremation of the dead. Fatigue parties of soldiers built enormous pyres of wood and branches of trees, upon which they heaped the dead bodies by scores, and burned them as rapidly as possible. To facilitate the combustion and to destroy as far as possible the awful odor of burning flesh which came from them, the impromptu crematories were heavily soaked with coal tar and petroleum.

The total number of dead is now estimated at fully 30,000. The disaster itself took place within thirty seconds, and in that half minute the vast majority of all those people were killed.

MOUNDS OF RUINS.

All the small hills around Le Carbet and in the Township of Le Precheur are crowded with fugitives. They number about 5,000. They are being brought away gradually, and meanwhile provisions are being sent to them.

Few of the victims will ever be recognized, so great is the mutilation and distoration. Searching parties found 2,000 charred corpses on the site of the cathedral. All appear to have been asphyxiated before they were burned. The bodies of some persons were found as they died, in the act of performing their daily avocations.

DANGER OF PLAGUE.

Unless wholesale cremation, as intended, is carried out, there will be an epidemic.

GOVERNOR'S FAMILY LOST.

Among the families of St. Pierre which have entirely disappeared are those of the Governor of Martinique, including Mme. Mouttet, his wife, Lt.-Col. Gerbault, and his wife. The Governor escaped to Morne Rouge, a suburb.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

One captain of one of the vessels lost in the harbor alone survives. In relating his escape, he says that the only way in which he managed to save his life was by repeatedly diving. He was an expert swimmer and was able to remain under water for a considerable length of time. He returned again and again to the surface, barely exposing his face for a moment or two to the terrible heat, and thus getting enought breath for another long dive.

THREATENINGS OF DISASTER

On May 3 last Mont Pelee began to throw out dense clouds of smoke. Midnight the same day flames, accompanied with rumbling noises, lighted the sky, causing widespread terror. Hot ashes covered the whole city quarter of St. Pierre an inch thick on May 4 and while falling made Mont Pelle invisible.

On Monday, May 5, a stream of boiling lava burst through the top of the crater, plunged into the valley of the River Blanche, overwhelming the Guerin sugar works, and killing 23 workpeople and the son of the proprietor. As the lava rushed into the sea the water receded three hundred feet all along the coast. Returning with great strength, a big wave covered the whole sea front of St. Pierre, but doing little damage ashore or afloat.

Terrible detonations, heard hundreds of miles northward, followed at short intervals and continued at night. The electric lights failed, but the town was lighted up by flashes of flames from the mountain. Terror-stricken inhabitants rushed for the hills, screaming and wailing.

FATAL REASSURANCE.

A commission was appointed by the Government to investigate the outbreak, and it returned a reassuring report on Wednesday evening. But about 8 o'clock on Thursday morning a shower of fire rushed down on St. Pierre and the coast from Le Carbet (which had a population of 6,000) to Le Precheur (which had a population of 4,000) burning up everything in its path.

RUIN DESCENDS.

The inhabitants of Fort de France were panic-stricken the morning of the disaster, when the sky suddenly blackened until it was as dark as at midnight. The sea shrank back 30 yards, but rain began to fall, while gravel, the size of walnuts, poured down to the town. This lasted about 15 minutes, and then the town began to resume its normal aspect.

The 460 survivors who were brought here yesterday from the vicinity of St. Pierre by the French cable repair ship Pouyer Quertier came from the town of Le Precheur were surrounded on all sides by flowing lava. They were nearly roasted to death, and expected momentarily to be engulfed.

ERUPTION CONTINUES.

The latest reports received here showed that lava continues to pour down the slopes of the mountain, slowly engulfing the whole north side of the island, while fresh crevasses are continually opening.

THE RODDAM'S ESCAPE.

Captain Whatter of the Roddam reports that having just cast anchor off St. Pierre at 8 a.m. in fine weather, succeeding an awful thunderstorm during the night, he was talking to the ship's agent, Joseph Plissono, who was in a boat alongside, when he saw a tremendous cloud of smoke and cinders rushing with terrific rapidity over the town and port, completely, in an instant, enveloping the former in a sheet of flame and raining fire on board. The agent had just time to climb on board when his boat disappeared. Several of the crew of the Roddam were quickly scorched to death. By superhuman efforts, having steam up, the cable was slipped, and the steamer backed away from the shore, and nine hours later managed to reach Castries. Ten of the Roddam's men were lying dead, contorted and burned out of human semblance, among the black cinders which covered the ship's deck to a depth of six inches. Two more of the crew have since died.

The survivors of the Roddam's crew were loud in their praises of the heroic conduct of their captain in steering his vessel out of danger with his own hands, which were badly burned by the rain of fire which kept falling on the ship for miles after she got under way. When the Quebec liner Roroaima sank Captain Muggah of the latter waved his hand in farewell to the Roddam as his vessel exploded.

BRITISH WARSHIPS SENT.

London, May 12.—The Colonial Office received another cable despatch from Governor Llwellyn Saturday afternoon, dated St. Lucia, in which he said that, he would leave St. Louis at once for St. Vincent. He adds:

"The eruption continues. The break in the cable also continues. I again request that a man-of-war be sent."

The warship Indefatigable has been ordered to St. Pierre to render all possible assistance.

HOW ST. VINCENT SUFFERED.

St. Lucia, B.W.I., May 12.—The entire northern end of the British Island of St. Vincent has been laid waste by volcanic eruption.

The British lieutenant in charge of the garrison here reports that both large craters on St. Vincent are emitting enormous volumes of smoke, lava, and hot ashes.

The northern end of the island is cut off from the southern end by an enormous stream of lava, which is destroying everything in its path.

Small craters are bursting everywhere.

No vessel can approach the northern shore of the island on account of the intense heat and the steam which is coming from all sides.

It is estimated now that fully 200 lives have been lost on the Island of St. Vincent. It is thought that when details are received the loss of life will prove to be much heavier.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE W START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2 45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $3 00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1 75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in cure tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3 25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, izes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3 piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3 65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3 piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seise 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$8.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4 25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3 Piece Suit, in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGER

MOCK MARRIAGES BIND 200

Purim Ball Prank Results Seriously for a Hundred Couples

Yonkers, May 13.—There is consternation in Jewish circles in this city over the serious outcome of the mock marriage of fully 100 couples of the 200 that attended the recent Purim ball at McCann's Hall, this city. In the course of the ball somebody suggested that each man select a partner and go through a mock marriage. The suggestion pleased many young persons, and fully 200, some of them said to have been already married, went through the Jewish marriage ceremony, including the placing of a ring on the finger of the bride.

Several days later a New York rabbi informed several of the young persons that according to the Hebraic law every one of the marriages was valid. The matter then ceased to be a joke. Several other rabbis were consulted, and every one of them pronounced the marriages valid, because the mockers had not only used rings, but had so faithfully repeated the marriage pledges that it met all the requirements of the Jewish religion.

It is said that fully three-fourths of the young persons concerned will apply to the courts to have the marriages annulled, while the remainder will abide by the result. A majority of those thus married are residents of this city, and the rest are residents of Manhattan, Brooklyn and nearly every town in Westchester county.

Many of our Boys and Girls are Suffering This Month From the After-Effects of Winter Grippe

Wise Parents Provide

Paine's Celery Compound

For Their Loved Ones

The Wondrous Medicine Quickly Expells All Germ Poisons From the Blood and Fortifies the Weak and Rundown System

A busy city physician, enjoying a large annual income, remarked the other day that a host of young people—boys and girls—were suffering this month from the after-effects of winter grippe.

Dear parents, have any of your children suffered from an attack of the cruel monster grippe during the past winter months? Are your boys and girls irritable, feverish, pale or weak? Have they cold and clammy limbs? Is the blood watery, impure or sluggish? Is the appetite poor and digestion weak? Has the rose tint of health faded from the cheeks? If any of these conditions are noted, be assured the dregs of deadly grippe are implanted in the system.

If your children are not blithesome, happy, boisterous and strong in May, their condition calls for prompt action on your part. Their future—health and physical happiness or suffering and early death—is in your hands dear parents, and you alone are responsible to heaven and the community of which you form a part.

When winter grippe has implanted seeds of virulent diseases, the first and most important work is to expel from the blood every trace of poison. This is always successfully accomplished by the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

This marvellous medicine after purifying the foul and stagnant blood, acts as a nerve food. It builds up the nervous system and nourishes all the bodily tissues.

Boys and girls with such a start in life as they always receive from Paine's Celery Compound, grow up as sturdy as forest oaks; they revel in strength and true life; they are fair to behold; they make the men and women most needed by our country. Do your part this month, dear parents, with promptness and honesty, and rest assured Paine's Celery Compound will not fail in its grand work of health building.

KILLED IN FORLORN HOPE

Result of Agitation to Re-Establish Kingdom of Poland

Special to The Times.

Warsaw, May 13.—Demonstrations in favor of a re-establishment of the kingdom of Poland occurred yesterday. The crowd became so noisy it was discharged and dispersed by a body of Cossacks, who rode over the people, flogging them with knouts. Six persons were killed and 225 injured. Over 800 persons were arrested, including a number of children under ten years of age.

REVIEW OF RUSSIAN TROOPS.

Czar's Safety Carefully Insured During the Manoeuvres

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The Czar held a grand review this morning. The force was composed of fifty-four battalions of infantry, thirty-seven squadrons of cavalry, fourteen companies of Cossacks and artillery, with 126 guns making a total of 60,000 troops. The Grand Dukke Vladimir Alexandrovitch, the Czar's brother, was in command. The most elaborate precautions were taken to insure the Czar's safety en route to and during the review. During the actual manoeuvres the public was kept a quarter of a mile distant.

DRINK MIXERS MEET

The Wine Clerks of Canada and United States Gather Together

Special to The Times.

Louisville, Ky., May 12.—Louisville is this week entertaining some 300 men who have done much to make Kentucky whisky famous. They are the delegates to the annual meeting of the National Bartenders' Association, and all parts of the United States and Canada are represented among them. The session began today in the Elks' Hall, and will continue through the week. Among other matters to receive attention it is probable that the meeting will take action to sever the alliance between the Bartenders' Union and the Waiters' organization.

The Story of Morning Tiredness

is told by impure blood, poor digestion, sluggish liver and tired nerves. It is a warning of very serious trouble ahead, and should prompt sensible people to take a bracing tonic like Ferrozone, an energetic invigorant and rebuilder. Ferrozone will give you a sharp appetite, promote good digestion and sound sleep; it will feed and energize the enfeebled organs, strengthen the nerve and vital forces and regulate the heart. Ferrozone changes that tired feeling into vigor, strength and ambition, and does it quickly. Remember the name, and insist on having only Ferrozone; it's the best tonic made. Price 50c. per box, or two boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

A MARVELOUS CANNON

Norwegian Physicist Claims Gun will Throw Projectile 90 Miles

Berlin, May 13.—Prof. K. Bierkland, the Norwegian, physicist, has been in Berlin demonstrating before experts the powers of an electro-magnetic cannon which theoretically can throw a projectile weighing two tons a distance of ninety miles. The principle has not been made public, but it is understood that the projectile is thrown from an ordinary cast iron tube, heavily wrapped with copper wire. No explosive gases result from the discharges.

A firm of artillery manufacturers has offered to purchase the invention for immediate exploitation. Many regard the new gun as liable to bring on a greater revolution in fighting material than the discovery of gunpowder.

A DESERVING INSTITUTION

The Highfields Consumption Sanatorium Proving a Success

The Times has been requested by Dr. Playter, Secretary, to publish the following:

It is claimed in its last report that Highfields Consumption Sanitorium is the freest, and so far as means permit, the most accessible charitable institution in Toronto. It receives neither city nor government aid, and in the two years since it was opened has had in residents from various parts of the Province and treated for many months patients without receiving any remuneration whatever from them, while for many others their friends paid only from $1.50 to $3.00 or $4.00 a week for months together. A few have been able to pay for the benefits received. $8.00 to $12.00 per week.

Furthermore, nearly all the patients were far advanced in the second or third stage of the disease and many of them for this reason had been refused admission to several institutions. Yet several of these, greatly prostrated and emaciated, have recovered and been able to resume their usual occupation.

The medical attendance, including almost constand medical supervision, over the patients in the institution, except in a few special cases, is all free.

Since the opening of the institution, when there was a surplus, no general appeal or effort to collect money has been made.

Now, however, a few hundreds of dollars are much needed for patients not able to pay in full or in part, and, also, particularly for some tents.

Contributions sent to the Treasurer, Lt. Col. Mason, or the President, Robert Darling, Esq., will be thankfully received and acknowledged.

Married in Toronto

A wedding of considerable local interest took place at the residence of Major W. J. Ramsay, Moss Park Place, Toronto, on Friday last, when Miss Lila Florence Smith, second daughter of Mr. William Smith, Principal of the Central school, Peterborough, was united in marriage to Mr. Edwin Carter Crompton, of Brantford. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. H. M. Parsons, of Toronto. The bride was well known in Peterborough, and her friends will join in wishing her many years of happiness.

CANADIANS WITH RIMINGTON'S COLUMN

Interesting Particulars of the Movements of This Division

HOW THE BRITISH TOMMY ACTS

When Under Fire—Humorous Incidents in the South African War

Montreal, May 11.—Trooper A. C. Loosemore, a Montreal boy in South Africa, writes, under date of Heilbron, Orange River Colony.

Since writing you, we have been on trek continuously with Rimington's column, having been attached to it for a time, and a nice time he has given us, even going so far as to take our water cart and bottles away from us, to make us more mobile, I suppose, though where his argument against the water bottle comes in is hard to see. He gave us one or two good fights though, to make up for his conduct in other ways. One day, after a rapid advance, we charged and took a Boer laager, capturing eight of their waggons and other stuff.

I was glad of the chance to see a laager, but there was nothing particular about it, with the exception of the extreme dirt, everything being filthy, including the prisoners we took.

I said to one of them: "Your chaps don't keep things as clean as we do.' And he said: 'That is the colour o a different horse," getting our old proverb a bit mixed. On our return to camp the Boers gave our rear guard a lively time of it, pressing them closely all the way in. I had no business to be with the rear guard at all, as it was composed of Tommies—that is, Mounted Infantry—but I had fallen out and ridden over to an orchard on the flank, and while busily making myself sick on green peaches and pears I had let most of the column go past, and was brought back to a realization of my position by heavy rifle fire breaking out, not a hundred miles away, so I rode cautiously out of the orchard and found Johnnie Boer in possession of ridge within a thousand yards of where I was, the Mounted Infantry peppering them from some kraals just back of the farm house, I being between the two. The M. I. had been firing over the orchard, and when the firing began I could hear the bullets whistling over head; so, as I was very much closer to them than I was to the Boers, I at once made toward them. They ceased fire until I had galloped up to them. The Boers, of course, let me have it, but their range was much too short to do any damage. I did not show much too soon, as shortly after I joined them the M. I.'s retired from where they were to a ridge about a quarter of a mile further back, as the Boers would have given me a gallop for it if I had delayed in the orchard much longer.

Being with them, I thought I'd stay with the M. I.'s, and see the fun before going to my own outfit, so I handed my horse over, and lay down in the firing line. I had been there about five minutes when I heard the following amusing conversation from two Tommies next me:

"Wot range 'ave ye got up, Bill?"

"I'm a givin' 'em 1400, 'Arry."

"Wot are we firin' at?"

"Oh, I'm just a droppin' 'em over that there ridge."

'Arry then fired, and cut the barb wire on a fence about 30 yards in front of him clean in two. The humour of the situation was increased by the fact that the Boers were supplying our ambulance with work from a farm house not 800 yards away. These two are exceptions, of course, as the M. I.'s are splendid fellows with their rifles.

We made some curious captures on this trek, too. On one of the waggons in the Boer laager we found two tame monkeys, curious little chaps, full of fun and quite pretty, light gray, with little black faces. Damant's Horse appointed them first favourites, and they got quite spoiled. Sometimes they ride on the ammunition-horses, but generally prefer the kit waggons. One of the men made them a small tent out of a couple of gunnery sacks, and one of the transport niggers always pitches it as soon as the waggons go into laager, and it is the first thing the monkeys look for on coming into camp. The Inniskilling Dragoons have a large baboon, which is quite a trooper. He has an old plug to ride all his own, and the reveille has no sooner sounded every morning than the baboon will make for the horse line and sit down beside his horse until some one looses it for him. There is only a halter round the horse's neck of course and he follows the troop without any guidance from Mr. Monkey, but it is quite funny to see him in the ranks. He won't allow any one to touch his charge.

I made a capture of my own on this trek. I had gone into an old barn to put a match to it, when a little fox-terrier came at me, making a great fuss, but I remonstrated with her, and she quieted down, and retired into a big bin at the end of the barn, where I followed her in order to turn her out before firing the place. I found her with a family of four beautiful little pups, so I just put them into my haversack and brought them into camp, carrying the little lady on my saddle in front of me. They live in the quartermaster's tent and get quite spoiled by the attention they get.

Upon getting back to the line from this trek we were very pleased to be told that we would in future act independently and just go easy for a few weeks, and re-fit, to be ready for the hard work we would get upon Colonel Damant's return. He seems to have deceived the doctors, and hopes to be back with his column shortly.

Major Campbell took us out for a run "on his own" the day before yesterday. We travelled all the night before, and rushed the camp of about 500 Boers just as the dawn was breaking, taking over 60 prisoners and putting about that number hors de combat. The M. I.'s did most of the work on this occasion. Coming back was a very tiring business, as we were all very sleepy and tired, some of the fellows getting nasty falls from sleeping in the saddle. Some of the prisoners had complete suits of khaki on, which they had taken from Kitchener's Scouts, whom they cut up with Wilson's column a few days previously. One of them had a khaki uniform bandolier of explosive bullets, and was identified by one of our men as a fellow who had shot men with their hands up, so he was put out of business at surprise this morning. He looked an awful villian, and, remembering 14th December, I was not at all sorry for him.

—The Nationals of 1901 have re-organized under the name of the "Lillies" with the following officers:—Manager, B. M. Hill, Sec. Treas. W. Thornton, Captain, E. Pilling, Executive committee W. Cawthorne, T. Jeffers, N. Graham. The boys are open for a challenge for a practice game before May 24.

AN AMERICAN VIEW OF THE BOER WAR

The United States Have Gone as far as They Dare Go

A RESOLUTION OF SYMPATHY

This is All That Uncle Sam is Able to Do for the Fighting Burghers

Washington, May 11—The Tribune says: The friends of the Boers in the United States have lacked no opportunity to express their sympathy, and to appeal to congress and the administration for efforts in behalf of this unfortunate people. The president and the state department always have been accessible, and committees of congress always have been open to evidence and argument. A subcommittee of the foreign affairs committee received a large delegation recently, which made impassioned arguments and presented voluminous petitions. The desire of these people does not go farther than the passage of a resolution of sympathy by congress and its formal communication to Great Britain.

It is not unlikely that these applicants represent the secret or open feeling of a majority of the people of the United States. It may be said that congress is the natural channel through which the feeling of the people should have expression. Like resolutions of sympathy with other struggling nations have passed one or both houses without serious international complications. The formal communication of such a resolution to the British Government would be a different matter. It might not be resented, because Great Britain is not in a position to resent any act of the United States, however unfriendly in appearance. But it would create needless irritation without doing the least good, and would disturb relations with the only power in Europe willing to be sincerely friendly with the United States.

There is a proper and formal way for a neutral nation to show its good feeling towards one engaged in a war. We have taken that way to show our sympathy for the Boers. This government has tendered its good offices to both belligerents to bring about a good understanding and peace. They were refused by Great Britain and there the matter ended. The final evidence that we have gone as far as possible in this matter is that none of the continental powers, all of which are more friendly to the Boers and more unfriendly to Great Britain than we—has gone as far as we, with the single exception of little Holland.

LECTURE AND CONCERT

Ven Archdeacon Casey Speaks in the T. A. S Hall Last Night

In the assembly hall of St. Peter's Total Abstinence Society last night a large crowd gathered for the concert and lecture in aid of the Junior Lacrosse Team of the T.A.S. The programme opened with an instrumental duet by the Misses McCabe and Doherty, following which were vocal solos by Mr John King and Miss Nellie Hallihan, and a comic song by Mr. Wm. Parle. Venerable Archdeacon Casey then took the platform and in an eloquent and attractive lecture laid before the audience the work of the Catholic Church in the cause of individual liberty, civil, political and religious. He compared the condition of society in the pagan empires of Greece and Rome to the later social conditions, after the church had begun to influence the minds of the people, and showed in a clear and forcible manner that the basis of all the laws of liberty and justice possessed by the peoples of the world to-day is the influence and example of the Catholic Church. The speaker dwelt on the gradual change from the terrible injustic and evil of slavery and the law and degraded position of women among pagan nations to the individual free dom and equality of men and the elevation and honors of women reigning among those guided by the teaching of the church. He was listened to with close attention by all present, and at the conclusion was tendered a unanimous and hearty vote of thanks by the audience. Mr. Jos. Maher and Mrs. Thos. Begley, the mover and seconder, spoke a few words in congratulation, and praise of the lecture, and short speeches were also made by Rev. Dr. O'Brien and Rev. Father O'Brien. It is hoped that Ven. Archdeacon Casey will be heard in Peterborough more frequently in the future, the enthusiasm of his reception last evening amply proving that his popularity among his former parishioners has in no way lessened. The lecture was followed by an instrumental duet by the Misses Doris, comic recitations by Mr. George Lynch and vocal solos by Mr. John King, Mr. W. J. Primeau and Mr. Thos Begley. Mr. Fred Dorscher, occupied the chair during the evening.

The senior Lacrosse Team of the T.A.S. is now well started on the work of this season, and the junior team is now being got into shape. It was for the purpose of giving them a good start that the concert of last evening was arranged. They will shortly be in a position to give a good account of themselves among the junior lacrosse players of the district.

A FORTUNE IN

Malt Breakfast Food

This is not a declaration implying that the Manufacturers of Malt Breakfast Food have a vast fortune in this popular breakfast food, nor does it mean that the grocers and dealers who sell it expect fortune profits from its sale.

A well known business man in Montreal, who for years suffered from indigestion and stomach troubles, declares emphatically he has found a fortune in Malt Breakfast Food. He says:

"For several years indigestion and general stomach troubles frequently were so severe as to keep me away from business, and, as a consequence, many matters to which I was obliged to give personal attention, were neglected, often causing me [illegible]. My doctor recommended the use of Malt Breakfast Food. It proved a happy change of diet; it perfectly agreed with my weak stomach, strengthened my digestion, and soon rid me of my ailments. By the regular use of Malt Breakfast Food I am hale and hearty, and never miss a day from my business. Malt Breakfast Food has proved a fortune to me from a financial and physical point of view. I advise all to give it a trial." Ask your grocer.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 13, 1902.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Register to-day.

• • • •

Only one day more to get your name on the list, so as to vote.

• • • •

All honest, thinking, intelligent men, who are not mere party hacks, will vote for Stratton.

• • • •

Don't forget to see if you are on the voters' list and if not see that your name is registered.

• • •

Whether the Ross Government stands or falls, Mr. Stratton is the proper man for Peterborough to have in the House.

• • • •

Capt Bernier is probably grateful that the North Pole is in cold storage, else it might become unfit for use, while he waits for the sympathy of the politicians to crystalize into a hard money vote.

• • •

Sessions of parliament during this coronation spring have been mainly gatherings at which the postponement of important measures until a more convenient season have been announced.

• • • •

The Tory organ is doing a lot of jollying these days. For instance, it speaks of electing Major Miller, when it knows that Mr. Stratton's return is only a question of majority—and a big majority at that.

• • • •

The political poets of North Bruce have attacked the candidates, and here is the retort of the Liberal poet to what his Conservative rival produced last week:

On the 29th of May
Is our election day,
Be sure and vote for Bowman,
And not for that old woman. "D.M.J.

• • •

Four years ago the Opera House was used by Mr. Stratton's opponents as a committee room. Such was the "enthusiasm." His opponent was to be elected, sure, and everybody howled for Garvin. But when election day arrived, most of these same people went out and voted for Stratton. History will repeat itself on the present occasion.

New York's Fussy Society.

"ALLOWING for a certain difference in the degree of barbarism," says Sydney Brooks in "Harper's Magazine," "Rome in its decline could alone furnish a parallel to New York's Four Hundred. The American aristocracy has no equal in Europe for ability to turn the simplest sort of diversion into a function, and every function into a ceremony. It is not of them I write, though their passion for incongruous artificialities and the glare in which they live have infected all strata. An exasperated Englishman once described the social atmosphere of Manhattan Island as 'rather fussy,' but that was only in comparison with the English way of doing things. The charm of London hospitality is that there is never the slightest strain put upon either host or guest. The American hostess, like the French hostess, feels that she must be continually 'entertaining' her guest; she considers it a reflection on her hospitality if the guest is left a moment alone; she looks upon it as her duty to be continually providing fresh amusements, and is constantly troubled by doubts as to whether the visitor is really 'enjoying' himself. That is one of the reasons why Americans, after the pampering they get at home, are apt to feel themselves neglected in London, and left out in the cold."

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

STUCK TO IT.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper, and there was "have gone fifty times." On the other side was written: "I have went home."

Rough Riders attach much value to their Colonel's good word. Perhaps, however, it never proved more useful to any of them than it did to the man who recently wrote to thank President Roosevelt for a testimonial of good conduct, sent at the former's request. After expressing his thanks he explained the "little difficulty" in which he had found himself as follows:

"I shot a lady in the eye. The lady ... I did not mean to shoot the lady. I was shooting at my wife."—New York

To Detect Bad Notes.

There will be no doubt an unusually large number of visitors in England this summer in connection with the coronation festivities. The recent announcement that several hundred £5 notes have been lately stopped by the Bank of England and other London banks will be specially interesting to them, and may cause some feelings of apprehension, for the visitor, unused to handling the English money, is naturally more easily victimized than those accustomed to it. The Daily Express gives some interesting information as to how you may tell whether your £5 notes are genuine or forged.

Chief cashiers in banks can tell at a glance, for in the freemasonry of the profession they have learned some of the secret marks by which the Bank of England absolutely safeguards itself against deception.

The whole of the secret marks, some dozen in all, are only known to the man whose signature appears on each note.

The best test for the average man to apply is the rough and ready one of looking at the water-mark. If that is very plain, when held up to the light or laid down on a table, you may be pretty certain that your fiver is genuine.

The water-mark of the Bank of England is one of those things that no forger has yet been able to imitate successfully.

Now for the forged notes. If you would detect them look out for any of the following defects, which were discovered after long examination by the chief cashier of a West End business house:—

(1) The water-mark is very light, and not made in the note.

(2) The paper is slightly greasy to the touch.

(3) The printing is lighter; the ink not as black as it should be. This is particularly noticeable in the medallion of Britannia in the top left-hand corner.

(4) The top and bottom of the note are very ragged, as if carried in the pocket, and nicked as if torn away, while the sides are quite clean cut.

"I had never handled a forged Bank of England note," said this cashier, "until this came into my possession, and I naturally examined it very carefully.

"I understand that the notes have different dates and numbers, making their detection more difficult, and I should say that the dates were added after the body of the note had been printed."

From the head of a large banking concern in the city The Express representative received an opinion regarding the forged notes closely corresponding with the one given above. He was of opinion that the note might best be detected by three of its features:—

(1) Not quite so crisp as the genuine note.

(2) Faint water-mark.

(3) Faulty engraving and printing of the Britannia medal.

Forgers of bank notes have always two prime difficulties to contend with—to imitate the water-mark, and to get the notes in circulation.

The Duke of Gloucester.

The proposal to revive the old English title of Duke of Gloucester has set newspaper writers at work, hunting up the records of former bearers of the title, which appear to be mournful enough to give it an aspect of ill-omen even in the present materialistic age. The title was last revived by George I., who created his grandson, Frederick Lewis, Duke of Gloucester in 1714. This Prince was not, if his father, George II., may be believed, an ornament to the Peerage. "My dear firstborn," said that unamiable Sovereign, "is the greatest ass and the greatest liar and the greatest canaille and the greatest beast in the whole world, and I heartily wish he was out of it." His unhappy relations with his parents were a public scandal, but a fairer estimate of his character is that given by Horace Walpole. "His best quality was generosity, his worst insincerity, and indifference to truth, which appeared so early that Earl Stanhope wrote to Lord Sunderland what I shall conclude his character with:—'He has his father's head and his mother's heart.' His character with the people is probably best summed up in the lines beginning

Here lies Fred,
Who was alive and is dead,
and ending with
There's no more to be said."

The title became dormant again in 1834, when the second Duke of this creation, third son of "Fred," died without children. If the story of the present revival has any basis, the title is presumably intended for one of the young sons of the Prince of Wales.

Helping Reciprocity Along.

Force of circumstances is compelling us to reckon with western Canada. The Journal has often spoken of the great agricultural resources of that region, and has predicted that within ten years it will be the greatest hard wheat raising region in the world. The enormous crop raised there last year and bound for the export market, almost entirely, has called the attention of Minneapolis grain men and millers to the importance of Canadian competition. Canadian wheat is now selling so cheaply abroad that the Minneapolis export flour trade is in danger of suffering thereby, as foreign millers can buy Canadian wheat and undersell the Minneapolis exporters.

To remedy partially this unfortunate state of affairs the local millers are thinking of buying Canadian wheat and milling it in bond for their export trade. If they do this they will be able to meet the foreign millers on equal terms as to the price of Canadian wheat, since the duty on Canadian wheat will be refunded when the flour made from it is exported. So, then, we are already confronted with the desirability of using Canadian wheat in the manufacture of flour designed for export. The time is approaching when we shall need it for flour intended for domestic consumption. Already, regardless of the tariff, it is competing with American wheat and forcing down the price of the latter. If the tariff on wheat were taken off and Canadian wheat were merged in American wheat in the markets, the chances are that it would affect the price less than now.

Truly, the development of the Canadian west is making the question of reciprocity with Canada a very live one for the people of the American northwest.—Minneapolis Journal.

On a Dog.

"They're thinking now of reversing the usual process, and first trying plays in New York before taking them out on the road." "What's the idea?" "Well, if a play succeeds in New York, the rest of the country will know it's rotten."—"Life."

A Matter of Contrast.

"Give an example of how heat expands and cold contracts." "In the summer the days are long; in the winter they are short."—[illegible]

Nature's Flying Machines.

IT is an extraordinary thing that the places where people think that they can invent flying machines are the capitals of Europe. Paris, Vienna, London, Brussels, each takes its turn, in paragraphs in the morning papers and illustrated interviews in the weeklies, at producing flying machine inventors; but the man who will succeed must be more familiar than any townsman or laboratory savant seems to be with the way in which Nature's flying machines, the birds, work. To this the townsman will reply that everybody knows how birds fly. They flap their wings; and what we have to do is to invent a machine which will flap its wings like a bird.

Yes; but which bird? In every one of our undulating Norfolk stubbles there are two birds, among many, that you cannot help observing on the wing. One is the partridge and the other the gull. Let us take the gull first. It is a bird with a very light body in proportion to its expanse of wing; and when it wishes to rise from the ground it raises its wings aloft, back to back, and then with one quick stroke—whiff!—wafts itself aloft. Three or four more similar strokes follow, each one visibly raising the bird higher in the air, and then it sails off. Now it is "coasting" down an inclined plane; now its widespread wings catch the wind like a sail and it curves upwards; then it wheels and "coasts" again, and at the turn one vigorous flap of its wings shoots it up into the wind again. Another sail, another "coast," another flap, and so the gull could go on through the livelong afternoon. The albatross, spreading as much wing-sail as Shamrock II., so very nearly equalizes its sailing power with its coasting momentum that it remains in the air alongside a steamer for, perhaps, half an hour together, without occasion for a flap of the wing. This is the very highest development of one kind of Nature's flying machines.

Now let us look at the partridge. This is a heavy, substantial bird, with great running power, necessitating a muscular development essentially different from the gull's. The object of the partridge's flight is not to loaf about in the air, always ready to descend at any inclined plane that the chance of snatching food from the restless waves may offer, but to put as large a distance as possible in the shortest space of time between itself and the danger which compelled it to take wing. With the partridge flying is, in fact, merely an urgent improvement upon terrestrial locomotion, whereas with the gull it is the highest development of the art of remaining in the air at the poise most suitable for descending like an arrow in any desired direction.

From this contrast it is evident that the model which human inventors of flying machines should set before themselves is that of the partridge and not of the gull. We need aerial locomotion as an improvement upon our existing means of terrestrial progress. Our flying machine must be a weight-carrier because it has to bear up a terrestrial mechanism—i.e., a man; and the partridge gives us a very good idea of the means whereby this can be achieved. In common with all ground-birds—and if man is destined to be a bird at all it is as a ground-bird that he will have to commence his aerial evolutions—the partridge goes off whirring like clockwork. This is because enormous power, comparatively speaking, is needed to raise so heavy a bird from the ground. But when it has once reached an altitude of, say, ten feet, it goes on at a tremendous pace, gliding for twenty yards, then whirring violently again for ten, gliding for twenty, and so on. Thus the partridge can, taking into consideration all kinds of wind and weather, travel between two fixed points faster than a gull, provided that the point of departure is higher than that of destination. This is not generally understood; and it is common to talk of the amazing power of flight of such long-winged birds as gulls and swifts, although their "power" of flight is small compared with that of partridge or pheasant.

A New Vocabulary.

"I SEE," said the wise person, "that some eminent philologist is again monkeying with the language of the world in the effort to combine them in one tongue that no one will want to learn, but everybody can understand. It has always been a matter of surprise to me that none of these word-arrangers has ever grasped the amazing possibilities of baby-talk as a universal, time-saving method of conversation. Instead of delving into the dusty dimness of antiquity for Saxon and Sanskrit roots, and making it necessary for one to master ten languages to learn one, why do they not go into the nursery with an open mind and a notebook and compile a new mother-tongue that will catch everybody?"

Here he paused for a question, but, as none was forthcoming, he went on:

"What I mean is this: You take any baby that has an intelligent, quick-witted mother, and it can make its wants known with less expenditure of breath than a deaf-and-dumb man. If it says "Wow" she knows that a pin is sticking it, or that it wants its dinner, or that it wants to turn over, or that it has colic. If it says "Ah-goo" she makes a rapid-fire translation which proves that the child has said that it wants to see papa or that it feels good. If it says "Gup" she will at once tell you that it means "look at the horse." If it says "Boo" she can tell you without a moment's hesitation that it desires a peep at its picture-book. And so on ad infinitum, and ad infantum, for that matter. By jing! We don't want Volapuk or any other old universal language, but as a time and tongue saver and word-condenser we need the adoption of baby-talk."

Then, with a sarcastic glance at the young father, he concluded:

"Besides, it would keep a lot of people from telling us what their children had tried to say."—W. D. Nesbit in "Judge."

"Daring" Books.

It is women who write "daring" books, and it is women who read them. When once the fair do take their bonnets off they are not content with that; they throw them over the windmills, as the French say. Men do not like this kind of thing. It not only disgusts but bores them. It is a particular kind of woman, usually earnest and very stupid, who enjoys these excesses. Our sex, if all this goes on, must provide itself with fans to blush behind. We must leave the ladies before the coffee and cigarettes begin to circulate.—Andrew Lang in "Longman's Magazine."

Limson—Why do you want to sell your property?

Sizzup—Because I dread the taxes.

Limson—But they are surely reasonable?

Sizzup—Yes, they are now; but they will not be reasonable next year. Haven't you heard that Carnegie intends to give a million-dollar library for us to maintain?—Brooklyn Life.

SUPERSTITION

Has been responsible for much of human mortality. Men and women die by thousands in an Indian famine, not because of lack of food but because caste superstition prevents them from accepting it. Even in America there are still to be found those who believe that healing herbs lack virtue unless gathered during certain phases of the moon.

The great foe of superstition is science. Every year science increases the territory of the natural at the expense of the supernatural.

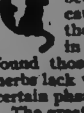
Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery achieves its successful cures because it is a scientific preparation originated by a scientific man. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, purifies the blood and establishes the body in sound health.

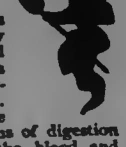
As the writer of the following letter says, "It is the best thing for nervousness and for a weak run-down condition that anybody would want. It gives a person new life and new blood."

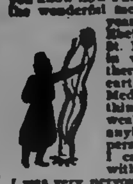
"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol and is free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

"I must again send a few lines to you to let you know how I am getting along since taking the wonderful medicine which cured me two years ago," writes Miss Bertha Wheeler, of 1416 Benton Street, St. Louis, Mo. "I still continue in very good health and think there is not a better medicine on earth than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best thing for nervousness and for a weak, run-down condition, that anybody would want. It gives a person new life and new blood. I can now work all day long without feeling the least bit tired. I was very nervous and weak last summer. I took five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it just made me feel like a new person."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets stimulate the liver.







THE CORONATION

Things Worth Noting—A Popular House or House

The date having been fixed for June 26th, every town, city, village and hamlet will hold its rejoicings. The house will have to be thoroughly gone through with the usual spring cleaning and the lace curtains and other fancy goods will have to be selected. Also ladies will be specially engaged in the selection of those personal adornments such as blouses, collarettes, capes, scarves, etc., of all kinds, which are so fashionable this season.

We have before us one of S. Peach & Sons, Nottingham, Illustrated Catalogues, which is the most complete and comprehensive list issued. It is full of choice, artistic but inexpensive goods, and shows the great advantage of buying direct from the looms. We advise our readers to send for one of these lists, which are sent gratis.

For the past 45 years Messrs. Peach and Sons have been supplying the public in all parts of the empire direct from the looms, and have thus gained experience which enables them to suit all tastes and to meet the growing demand for their goods. We feel sure their efforts this coronation year will be crowned with success.

Messrs. Peach and Sons' goods are reliable in every way and any lady may order through the post feeling confident that her instructions will have best attention. The elaborate price lists containing photographs of curtains, their own registered designs and other lace goods, renders the selection quite easy, every make in Nottingham lace curtains is included, also real Swiss, Guipure d'art, Madras muslins, at most reasonable prices.

Our illustration of lace curtain taken from their price list showing No. 2862, 3 1-2 yds. long 57 in. wide at 9s. per pair gives you some idea of the reasonable prices at which this firm are enabled to offer.

Sideboard covers, table centres, tray covers in handmade and embroidered lace are also shown. Two leading lines of blouses might be mentioned, creme silk slip with lace insertion at 9s. 6d. each and black silk blouses trimmed torcha 11s. 9d. each both of which are very fashionable and useful. All kinds of laces are also stocked, including real Torchons, Valenciennes, fancy creme laces, etc. Black silk trimming laces in all widths at special prices, black and creme dress nets in large variety, patterns of these are sent, embroidered lace robes, etc., etc. New Duchesse Roller Blinds and also the well-known make of Stand Hard Wear Nottingham Loom Hosiery for ladies and gentlemen. Damask table and household linens, qualities such as only a firm with with their reputation to uphold would send out are inexpensive and very durable.

For the past 25 years this firm have advertised their Popular Parcel (21s) which contains for 1902: 1 pair of drawing room curtains 4 yards long, 2 yards wide; 2 pairs handsome diningroom curtains 3 1-2 yards long; 1 pair of pretty bedroom curtains, 3 yards long, 50 in. wide; 1 pair fashionable sash curtains, 1 table centre and 1 handsome set of duchesse toilet table covers. All the curtains are new elaborate designs for this season. The lot is sent carriage paid for 21s.

There Was One.

"Is there a man in all this audience," fiercely exclaimed a female lecturer, "that has ever done anything to lighten the burden resting on his wife's shoulders? What do you know of woman's work?"

"Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms and looking over her audience with superb scorn, "that has ever got up in the morning, leaving his tired, worn-out wife to enjoy her slumbers, gone quietly downstairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, darned the family stockings, scoured the pots and kettles, cleaned and filled the lamps, swept the kitchen, and done all this, if necessary, day after day, uncomplainingly? If there is such a man in this audience, let him rise up! I should like to see him!"

And in the rear of the hall a mild-looking man in spectacles, in obedience to the summons, timidly arose. He was the husband of the eloquent speaker. It was the first time he had ever had a chance to assert himself.

"Is that a historical novel you're reading?"

"That's what they called it at the library, but it seems to me to be more hysterical than anything else."—Chicago Record-Herald.

"Don't you think heaven is a land of rest?" enquired the doctor.

"O, I suppose it is," replied the professor, "for everybody except the recording angel."—Chicago "Tribune."

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Model 169

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

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Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front

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Frame house, stable and large lot .. 750
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4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a life-time to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 189[illegible].

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99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL

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We have decided to embark in the Wall Paper business, and ask our friends and the public to call and inspect our stock and prices

LIVING WITH IT

You must live with your pictures, books, wall paper and furniture. Therefore, have them to please you, particularly the wall paper, for it occupies more space in your range of walls than anything else.

In the new wall papers we have to show you there are to be found particularly pleasing patterns—such as will brighten your walls and delight all who see them.

WITH PRIDE.

You may point with pride to your selection of any of the new patterns in wall paper we show you. They are in color, design and texture the correct thing and cannot be equaled by any other house here. They represent the new schools of design and show a delightful background as well as decorative foregrounds distinctive new.

WELL NAMED.

Our new wall papers are the kind which require no pictures upon the walls. They are art papers, pictures in themselves, and very beautiful, but abounding, too, in those light and delicate tones associated with boudoirs, parlor and bed rooms.

THE CROWNING POINT

The floor may be carpeted, draperies may be abundant and beautiful, but without a beautiful background, the effect is very poor. The crowning point in the decoration scheme is reached in the wall coverings. The beginning and the end Our wall papers are fit for royal homes.

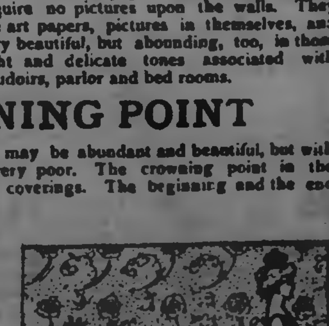
A NOTABLE PROCESSION

A procession noteworthy and beautiful is that of our new wall papers. They are enrolled to hundreds of admirers, and we hope to count you among them. The wall papers are distinctive, interesting and beautiful. They are the correct thing!

IN DAYS OF OLD
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

My lady, the chatelaine, wove in beautiful designs and embroideries the tapestries from which we have borrowed some beautiful ideas in our wall paper.

My lady of 1902 will find many things in our stock to her liking.



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All sexual complaints, especially private diseases—which have been improperly treated, sooner or later affect the kidneys and bladder.

Have you pain in the back, a dull feeling in the region of the kidneys? At times your water comes freely, a large quantity, light in color, with no peculiar sensations, while at other times you do not make it quite so freely, it is dark in color, you make a small quantity, or you may have a mucous deposit or brick dust colored sediment in your urine; give your condition immediate attention or more serious complications will set in. My Latest Method Treatment guaranteed as a positive cure for such conditions, and remember you

PAY WHEN CURED.

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. Read what one of my grateful patients writes: $1,000.00 reward if I cannot show the originals HAZELHURST WIS. Feb. 6

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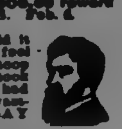

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Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moore & Co., Room 711 [illegible] and 33 Broadway, New York.

Situation Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Best of references. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

Miscellaneous

LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co. Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 304 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate rates. Geo. A. FRY 304 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 13 Toronto street Toronto

For Sale or to Rent.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 203 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 25th, 1902.

R·I·P·A·N·S

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Curious Bits of News.

A minister in a Kansas town recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation, just before the plates were passed around, that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

It really turns out that the population of France has increased three times more rapidly during the past five years than it did during the preceding five, and, consequently, the recent French census is regarded as unexpectedly favorable, notwithstanding that the rate of increase has been extremely low. It is important, if the decline has passed the deepest point of depression.

The oyster trade of England has fallen in ten years from an annual total of fifteen million dollars to two and one-half millions. Sewerage schemes carried out by town boards resulted in flooding the oyster beds with sewage, and several deaths ensued from eating poisonous oysters. The alarm became widespread, and the figures quoted show the disaster brought upon the trade.

It is evident that one of the popular superstitions had no hold on the designer of Uncle Sam's silver twenty-five-cent piece. In the words quarter-dollar are thirteen letters. Thirteen letters compose E Pluribus Unum. In the tail of the eagle are thirteen feathers, and in the shield are thirteen lines. There are thirteen stars and thirteen arrow-heads, while, if you examine the bird through a microscope, you will find thirteen feathers in its wing.

According to the Birmingham "Daily Gazette," an extraordinary character has just passed away in a Carmarthenshire gentleman named Evans. Mr. Evans devoted his life to witnessing hangings, making the acquaintance of executioners, and collecting relics of murderers. In the early days of public hangings he would travel any distance to see a man "turned off." He was so fascinated by the business that on the death of Calcraft he applied for his post. As this was not granted, he set up a gallows in his own house and invited his friends to test the noose.

Exploration, says "Science Siftings," has now revealed relics of Menes, the founder of Egyptian monarchy, fashioned more than sixty-five hundred years ago. Of Zer, the successor to Menes, it is astonishing to find the forearm of his queen still in its wrappings, with four splendid bracelets intact. This brilliant and exquisitely finished group of jewelry is two thousand years older than the jewelry of Dahshur, the oldest up to then known. The arm of the queen had been broken off by the first plunderers, and had lain hidden in a hole in the wall of the tomb.

Two curious cases of the use of the magnet in surgery are attracting some attention. Dr. Garel of Lyons, France, has drawn a nail about two inches long from the bronchial tube of a boy of eighteen months from Buenos Ayres. The nail had been there for some time, causing the child to cough much. Roentgen rays showed the position of it, and an electro-magnet drew it out. Another successful operation of the same kind has been performed by Dr. Piechaud of Bordeaux, on a child of three years. In this case the trachea was opened to get a projection from the pole of the magnet near the nail.

Too Great a Risk.

"I'm going to give up the business," said a life insurance agent with a sigh, whom the Detroit "Free Press" encountered. "I don't care whether they meant it for a joke or not. It's a hard life, and people have no business trying to be funny at my expense.

"I have always prided myself upon my ability to land a man when once I succeeded in getting his attention. But I had a new experience the other day. I was working hard to convince a party that it was his duty to take out some of our insurance upon his life for the protection of his family, and I saw that I had him wavering, when I had to pause for breath, and he broke in with:

"'By the way, how much do you carry on your life?'

"While I, taken unaware by the abruptness of the question, was stammering a reply, he escaped. The incident set me to thinking. I had induced hundreds of men to insure their lives for the benefit of their families, and yet I had never thought far enough to carry any insurance upon my own life. It didn't look consistent, now that I had come to consider the question, and I resolved to remedy it at once. To think is to act with me, and I sat down and filled out an application at once for a good round sum.

"I got the application back to-day marked, 'Refused—occupation too dangerous!' The next paper they get from me will be my resignation!"

Humor of the Hour.

Dickie—Chelly Hardupps has hit on a great scheme.

Archie—What is it?

Dickie—He puts gasoline on his handkerchief, rubs a spot or two of axle grease on his hands, and everybody thinks he owns an automobile.—Judge.

"Well, sir," said the Chicagoan, proudly, "what do you think of our city?"

"It's great," replied the crusty tourist. "In fact, I believe the greatest ill that flesh is heir to is Chicago, Ill."—Philadelphia Press.

So many persons are operated upon every day that it is becoming quite a distinction to go to the grave all in one piece.—Atchison "Globe."

"Doesn't it make you the least bit envious to see what elegant furniture Mrs. Hyedy is putting into her house next door?" "Not a bit. My husband says it will be sold by the sheriff within six months—and I'll be there to buy."—Chicago "Tribune."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"Habit is strong, Hetty," she answered. "Don't you remember how I used to wander round the old farm at night whenever fancy willed, watching the lily-bells close their eyes and the stars come out in the sky? No one thought it strange then when I came and went."

"A farm is a different place from the suburbs of the great metropolis; besides, you were only a child then, and we thought when you grew older you would grow out of all those childish habits."

Daisy threw herself with a burst of tears into her sister's arms.

"I wish I could have remained a child forever, Hetty," she sobbed. "Oh, I was so happy then — so happy, dear!"

"Then you are not happy now?" questioned Hetty, earnestly. "Oh, Daisy, I feared this; and yet you have everything in the world to make you contented."

"I was only jesting," declared Daisy sobbing and laughing in a breath. "You ought to know that Hetty?"

"Do you ever dream bad dreams at night, Hetty?" she asked suddenly; "dreams that leave traces of tears heart?"

"Yes, often," replied Hetty; "and they are said to be caused by an unsettled state of the mind."

Daisy crept nearer to her, and laid her hot cheek against hers in the caressing way she had ever had since she was a little child.

"I always dream the same bad dream, Hetty," she whispered. "That I am parted from Aleck, but not by death; if it were that it would not seem so cruel to bear it. I stretch out my arms to him and he turns away—turns away in the bitterest scorn and anger, and I wake weeping as though my heart would break."

"I am afraid you love him too well dear," said Hetty, gravely. "You idolize him; that is quite wrong. Idols are the soonest shattered."

"Do you know what I should do Hetty, if Aleck —ever— ever left me?" Daisy faltered, creeping closer to her sister.

The idea was so horrible and so far from actually occurring that her words took Hetty's breath away. Before she could remonstrate with her for the ridiculous notion, Daisy continued in a low voice:

"If he should ever leave me, Hetty, I would steal quietly away to mother's grave— you know the spot well, its white shaft pointing up to the sunshine, just within the shadow of the old gray church on the hill.

"I would part the long grass, and lay my tear-wet face on the cold earth and whisper: 'I have found the world too hard and bitter, mother, and I have come here to your grave, with my head pillowed on your pulseless breast, to die'; and when the stars came out and were burning golden in the night sky, there they would find me, with the dew lying heavy on my face—dead."

"Heaven forbid!" cried Hetty fervently. "You paint such terrible pictures —mind pictures — that you terrify me. Why, you are becoming a monomaniac, it almost seems to me on the subject of Aleck's leaving you. Do you know of any reason why it would be liable to happen?" she asked, sharply.

She saw the question strike her as lightning blasts a tender flower, all in an instant she seemed to wither, a terrible shudder passed over her, her lovely face grew ghastly in utter terror, and the beautiful blue eyes grew almost black with inward emotion.

Her manner was so strange Hetty began to feel anxious. Daisy was looking at her with wistful eyes, but she did not answer her question.

"It is colder tonight than usual, isn't it, Hetty?" she said, in an unsteady voice, trying to change the conversation. "The air is sweet with roses, but it seems to me chill," and again a shudder passed over the slender frame. "I wish," she added, with a sudden, piteous quiver in her voice, "that I could live my life over again, and knew as much as I do now. Oh! Hetty, Hetty, how I wish it from the bottom of my heart."

"I do not suppose there are many people but what have had that same thought," laughed Hetty, amusedly.

"All people make grave mistakes one time or another in their lives, do they not, Hetty?" she asked, slowly.

"Very many do," replied Hetty; "but surely you are not among the number, Daisy, you can have made no mistake in your life."

"Hetty," she cried, drawing her sister's face down to hers and laying her dimpled pink-and-white cheek upon it, "do you think if any one loved another very much, and found out that the one so loved had done a great wrong, do you think it would be easy to find pardon —to forgive and love still?"

"It would depend altogether on the nature of the wrong commited," answered Hetty. "I should imagine one who loves well and truly could overlook ordinary faults and weaknesses, for you know:

"'To err is human,'

but there are some things that should never be pardoned."

"What are they?" asked Daisy, breathlessly.

"Trickery, deceit, and falsity in love," she replied, "the latter especially. There are many people who would, I believe, almost forgive murder soon than anything of that nature."

Daisy was looking at her with wide-open, frightened eyes.

"Would sooner forgive murder than —than— falsity in love," she echoed.

The words had a strange sound as she uttered them, and made a lasting impression on Hetty.

"I am sure it is chilly," she remarked, after a pause. "I am going in, Hetty."

Long after Daisy left her Hetty paced the grounds in silence. What terrible mystery was here? that there was some dark and awful secret, she felt sure, but what could it be?

How strangely Daisy had dwelt on the words "falsity in love." Was Aleck —whom the world looked upon as a model young husband, who seemed to fairly adore his lovely girlish bride —false to her?

What had darkened Daisy's life so pitifully?

That Lillian Ruthven was connected with it in some way she felt certain.

At length Hetty came to a strange conclusion.

"I will see Miss Ruthven, and accuse her openly of trying to come between Daisy and Aleck," she decided. "Poor little Daisy's happiness shall not be wrecked if I can prevent it."

To be Continued

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Honor for a Canadian.

Canadians generally will be interested in learning that Dr. J. Beattie Crozier, author of the famous work, "History of Intellectual Development," has been selected as one of the 300 representatives of the empire in the splendid ten-guinea volume of portraits and biographies which the Grosvenor Press are bringing out. The work consists of representative men of every class outside of the military and civil services, who will have a volume to themselves. Dr. Crozier will be one of the representatives of the department of philosophy. Also, of course, he will stand as one of the representatives of Canada, a distinction he has well earned, and on which I am sure his countrymen will warmly congratulate him.

An Outspoken Journal.

It is refreshing, and even entertaining, to turn occasionally to that ultra-Radical English journal, Reynolds' Newspaper, and see the use which is still made of that right of free speech which is sometimes supposed to have been menaced by the developments of late years. Reynolds' does not take much stock in the colonies of the empire, nor, for that matter, in the mother country either, and in an article dealing with the war the other day made the following amiable reference to the progressive colony of New Zealand, the advanced radicalism of which might have been expected to meet with sympathy in its columns:—"Amid all this scene of woe and desperation, one sinister figure emerges—the ogre of Capitalism. Seddon, the frozen meat 'patriot,' with the hostile tariff against British goods, and his bankrupt colony living on borrowed money, rages about the contracts for supplying the army. The foreign Jewish 'patriots'—who used to sing 'God Shave the Queen'—domiciled here, have secured most of those contracts, as they secured the astounding contracts for the supply of horses. And behind this section of old Jewry is that other section of Judaism with which Rhodes the Raider is connected. Fine patriots, indeed, making their millions out of the war, while the Government refuses to pay poor Tommy Atkins his back wages, leaving him to starve in the street, or to die in the workhouse."

Here, too, is Reynolds' pleasantly frank way of dealing with the Anglo-Japanese alliance:—"We are going the way of all nations given up, on the one hand, to the most sensual luxury, on the other to the most immoral and criminal seizure of their neighbors' territory. The latest sign of our feebleness, under a Government composed of rich men and land monopolists, whom the international Jewish capitalists have by the throat, is the treaty with Japan. Only a couple of months ago that vulgar self-advertiser Chamberlain was hurling insults at Germany—a country that had previously rejected his cringing appeal for an alliance—and boasting of our 'splendid isolation.' To-day our Government, composed of fools and knaves, recognizing the gravity of the position of affairs in South Africa, is obliged to beg little Japan, a semi-savage nation, with a veneer of western culture among its more prosperous classes, to enter into an alliance with decaying England. The humiliation of it! The danger of it!"

Presbyterian Lenten Service.

A regular Lenten service in a Presbyterian church is not heard of often, but Dr. Hunter of the King's Weigh House Church, London, has begun this innovation during the present season of Lent. In the course of a conversation with a representative of a London newspaper, Dr. Hunter expressed himself as strongly in favor of the observance of all the seasons of the "Christian year." "It belongs," he said, "to the whole of Christendom and not to any one section only. Nonconformists have lost much through their non-observance of these special seasons. For instance, Lent arose originally out of a deep necessity of the inner life, and, more even than men long ago, we require such a pause amid the rush of business and pleasure. It is well for us to have such a season, it is better still if we seek to profit by it. It is wise and good that so many in our day, and in so many of our churches, are returning to the old paths of meditation and prayer and are seeking to fill the best of the old forms and observances with a truer and better meaning and spirit."

Dr. Hunter has always been an advocate of the observance by Free Churchmen of the feasts and fasts of the church. When he began his ministry in York twenty-eight years ago he introduced the custom of a service on Good Friday, and in his church at Glasgow he had for two years daily prayer. At King's Weigh House Church on the Sunday evenings in Lent, Dr. Hunter is delivering a course of sermons on "Self-discipline," and he has announced a "class for young persons wishing to be prepared for the Communion of the Lord's Supper," which is presumably on the lines of a confirmation class in the Church of England. The service book in use at King's Weigh House is one compiled by Dr. Hunter, and used by him at Glasgow, and, while based mainly on liturgical lines, it provides for the exercise of extempore prayer.

To Make Colts Shy.

Nearly every colt, when first driven away from home, will shy and scare more or less at objects along the roadside. After he has been driven a few times the common practice is to strike him with the whip every time he does this. It is provoking to feed a horse hay three times a day and then see him scare at a little pile of hay in the road. The first thing that comes into the mind is to give him a cut with the whip.

Nothing worse than this could be done. The next time he will not only be afraid of the object, but of the whip also, and by a little training in this way he will soon be confirmed in the habit of shying and scaring at nearly everything he sees. First the tendency, then the habit, is the law of nature, and when the pile of hay or rock, or whatever else, is connected with the whip, as it soon will be, the habit is fixed for life. You cannot lick horses into good habits; you can establish vices very easily by blows.—Maine Farmer.

PATIENT ENDURANCE.

SERMON BY
REV. GEO. H. HEPWORTH.

But let patience have her perfect work.—St. James, i., 4.

Patience is generally classed among the minor virtues, but so much of life's happiness and usefulness depends on it that we ought to give it a more prominent place. To patiently endure an environment which includes suffering and hardship is nothing less than heroism, and there are unseen and unrecorded instances in which men and women have shown the courage of the martyr.

Patience is always yoked with other high qualities of character. Its nearest ally is self-control, and self-control is as important when you are building a character as a rudder is when a ship is launched. It is literally the steering apparatus which keeps us clear of the rocks and shoals of an impetuous and reckless temper. I would rather have patience with perfect self-control than to have genius, for while genius is erratic and often unbalanced, these other qualities give us poise and equilibrium. Patience is grounded on resignation to the inevitable, which results in a calm endurance under exasperating circumstances, and in the conviction that it is safer to bear the ills we have than to fly to others that we know not of. When a man cultivates patience, therefore, he becomes master of himself and master of whatever may possibly happen. It is a kingly, a royal virtue, and more depends on its possession than we are apt to think.

You can reckon its value by considering its opposite. Impatience is a dangerous quality. It constantly places your self-respect and your relations to your dearest friends in peril. Moreover, it makes unhappy circumstances more unhappy still. You can't rebel against your surroundings with a complaining heart without rendering yourself weak to oppose or change them. Look your life over calmly and impartially and you will find that where you have been at odds with your lot you have made the lot so much the worse and more difficult to get away from, whereas if you had accepted the bitter experience and made the best of it you would have reaped a benefit otherwise impossible. It is equally true that where you have been impetuous of speech you have had cause for regret, while a curbed tongue has been cause for rejoicing. When you have been silent you have done better than when you have spoken. A bitter word suppressed strengthens the character, while a reckless utterance is like a bomb, which is sure to injure, if it does not kill, a friendship.

It is an inexorable law that three-quarters of the world must drudge in order to live. You may wonder why this should be so, but you will find no solution for the puzzle. The simple, stubborn fact faces you, and it ends all controversy. Moreover, all the world, without exception, must sooner or later bear heavy burdens of sorrow and bereavement. The normal condition of man is to be a burden-bearer, and I had almost said it is the only healthy condition. There is no smooth road laid down on the chart of life. We all trudge through storm and sunshine. Poverty, sickness, trouble, death, are to be found everywhere. Kings and peasants alike have their sorrows. It is the common lot.

There is only one question to be asked and answered: How shall we make these experiences contribute to strength of character, and possibly to our welfare? Not, surely, by a restless controversy with the inevitable and inexorable. That state of mind only aggravates the evil without even the shadow of a good result. It is your attitude of mind and heart which decides your happiness or misery.

Fight fate and you will surely be defeated; not only defeated, but soured. On the other hand, make the best of the worst, calmly and patiently use events and extract from them whatever of good they may contain, and your days will swing along with a smoothness that will surprise you. More and better than that, your calmness and patience will have a tendency to draw to you the help of the other world, and if you and the other world come to a harmonious understanding the very complexion of your adverse circumstances will change.

In a word, the soul which follows in the footsteps of the Christ and in poverty and hard work and misfortune bravely meets and nobly endures will find light in unexpected places, and joys where only fears were looked for. There is a subtle law here, and if we can discover it and be guided by it the clouds will have a silver lining, and even our sorrows will prove a blessing.

God is still with us, and so are the angels of God. With patience and courage we may fit ourselves for their kind services, and so make good use of the roughest places over which we must travel to the rest and reward of the glorious future.

Now as to the name of the garment,
There is one unerring test.
If it costs five plunks 'tis a waistcoat;
If less than that, a vest.

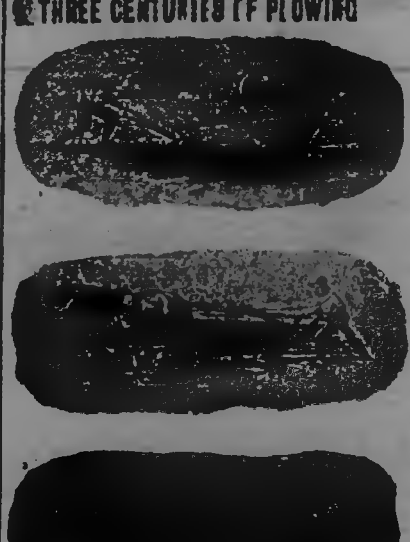
Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?" "Never," answered Miss Cayenne; "when I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed, I merely mention a name and proceed to listen."—Washington "Star."

"A farmer ought to read a great deal, just the same as any other business man."

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel. "It keeps me so busy posting up on railroad rates and the tariff that I'm sometimes afraid I won't have time to raise the stuff to send to market.—Washington Star.

THREE CENTURIES OF PLOWING



PLOWING MADE EASY.

DON'T GO TO BED SO TIRED YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

The Wonder Plow Attachment can be attached to any plow; regulates depth and width of furrow; saves one third draft on horses; relieves all labor o man, as you need not hold plow handles to do perfect plowing. 10-year-old boy can plow in hardest soil. Agents wanted Fast seller everywhere. Enterprising agents wanted. Address at once:

WONDER PLOW CO.,
Room 17, Hiscox Building,
London, Ontario

Thousands of testimonials from farmers who have been hard to induce to try the machine.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, thot in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of the month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY, 1902

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represedt them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according o law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful in the use of [illegible] the resulting result of using **Derma Cream** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits [illegible] No postage stamps received. [illegible] Dept. O. 180 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

"WIRE SOLDER"
Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

Foot Elm.

This is the original and reliable remedy for feet that are blistered, hot, feverish, swealy, tired, aching, etc.

It gives immediate relief.
It preserves the leather
It is the cheapest because the best.

All honest druggists sell it. If any man offers you a substitute for the sake of making a little extra profit out of you, write us about it, giving the name. We will send you the name of some honest dealer in your vicinity who will give you what you ask for,

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

.THE

PORT HOPE BREWING
:—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. overnight.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 13 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The Water Lily came up yesterda from Harwood.

—There will probably be a march out of the Regiment to-night.

—Work on the new dam below the Little Lake will now be proceeded with.

—Empire Day, which falls on the 23rd, will be observed in the schools of the Province.

—Preparations are being made at the summer resorts around Peterborough for a busy season.

—The Men's Guild of St. Luke's Church met last night and transacted some important business.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—The City of Peterborough will, it is expected, make her initial trip to Jubilee Point on Thursday.

—Work on the new dam for the Cereal Company will be started about the first of June.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—The Canadian General Electric Company has greatly beautified the surrounding of their power house at Nassau.

—Mr. W. W. Buchanan, of Toronto, the father of the Manitoba prohibition bill will deliver an address in the Opera House this evening.

—FOR SALE—New Al-Vista Panoramic camera. Cost $15.00. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply, Tate Optical Co., 428 George street.

—"What do the wild waves say, mother
My heart so longs to know."
Each swell repeats the sentence, chil
And says, dear Wes must go."

—Mr. John Kyle, the enterprising Hunter street boot and shoe man, is working up a large business. Mr. Kylie keeps none but the best goods, which he sells at the lowest living prices. Give him a call.

—A tile floor is to be laid in the Post-office, and other improvements made. Fact is, Peterborough should have a new post-office as the present one is too small.

—Mr. John King, the well known stock man, of Kansas, is arrainging for a shipment of western horses to Peterborough and other points in Canada next month.

—The Peterborough Hydraulic Power Company is advertising for tenders for the construction of a dam over the Otonabee River. See advertisement elsewhere.

—We are in receipt of the initial number of The standard published a Dresden, Ont., by Mr. C. H. Gordon. The paper is a creditable sheet, and just what might be expected from an old employee of this office.

—Mr. Wm. Bunton, the genial uptown ticket agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, went up to Toronto yesterday morning and escorted the Jarvis street choir to Peterborough by special train, arriving in Peterborough at 5.30.

—There is a prospect of having the old Cobourg and Peterborough Railway, from Cobourg to Harwood, turned into a electric line, when connection will be made with the Peterborough Navigation Company's steamers.

—The members of the Fraser Mission Band of St. Paul's church are reminded of the regular monthly meeting of the society which will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock. A large attendance of members is requested.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

—Up to the hour of going to press ,the Modus Vivendi between the supporters of Major Miller and those Conservatives who regard the advancement and prosperity of this rising young city of more importance than political party ties, remains in Statu Quo; but The Times suspects that there may be a [illegible] nigger in the woodpile yet.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Fred Elmhirst, of Keene, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. J. W. Ridpath, of the Lakefield News, was in town yesterday and gave The Times a call.

—Miss Clara Hatley, of Orillia, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. (Rev) E. A. Langfeldt, Ashburnham.

—Mr. J. H. Bookhout, of Schoharie, N.Y. arrived in town last night to fill the position of foreman of the draughting department of the C. G. Electric Company.

—Mr. Michael Orier, for many years Hotel Keeper at Rice Lake, has returned from the West and will make Peterborough his home.

—Mrs. Arthur Lang and little child, of St. Catharines, who have been visiting Mrs. Lang's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Watt, will leave for their home in St Catherines this morning.

—The many friends of Mrs. Christopher Clements, No 7 Walton Street, who has been seriously ill in Toronto for several months, will be pleased to learn that she is so far recovered as to be able to return home, where she will arrive this week.

—Mr. Chester Lang, who has been recuperating at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lang, Water Street, for three weeks, after an attack of typhoid fever will leave for Pittsburg, Pa., this morning, where he holds a responsible position as draughtsman in a large electrical works. Chester carries with him the hearty good will of his many young Peterborough friends.

The Kirkfield Lift Lock

Mr. Gus. Sawers, C. E., is down from Kirkfield for a day. Mr. Sawers is employed as engineer on the Cereal Works on this section. He showed The Times a number of photos taken by himself of the works. Excavation is now going on for the lift lock, which will have a lift 48 feet, which is 17 less than the Peterborough hydraulic lock.

Miss Jones' Voice Greatly Improved

A startling improvement is noticeable in Miss Jones' singing. Her voice is stronger, and sounds clearer and sweeter than before using Catarrhozone, which is a wonderful aid to singers, speakers and ministers. Catarrhozone Inhaler insures absolute freedom from colds, coughs and catarrh, clears the nose and throat, and prevents hoarseness and huskiness. Catarrhozone makes the voice brilliant and enduring, and is uncommonly well recommended by prima donnas, members of parliament, lawyers, doctors and thousands that use it daily. Better try Catarrhozone. Price $1.00, trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Another Spring Poem

Recent rains have manifestly cheered up another poet, through whose verses for some weeks past there has run a vein of deep melancholy. He now throws open the windows of his soul and sings as follows:

Ay last Ontario is wet down,
In every spot and nook,
And every man in this man's town
Has on a echeerful look.
The glad green leaves look fresher now
Than they have looked this spring;
The grass grows for the spotted cow—
Let all arise and sing.

There are several additional verses, but we are afraid to unload any more of it on our readers.

A Sure Cure for Constipation

Some remedies cure this distressing complaint in a day, some in a month, but Nerviline never fails to cure in a few minutes. Just ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water—that's enough, and away goes the dysentery, cured to stay cured. Nerviline also cures cramps, colic, pain in the stomach and sick headache. It has five times the strength and curative properties of ordinary remedies, and should be in every household. Better buy a 25c. bottle and try it. Nerviline is all right.

Hamilton's Pills for the liver.

IS IT RIGHT?

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—I happened to drive up the river road to Lakefield, on Sunday last, and was surprised to find a gang of Italian laborers at work dredging the river. When I asked one of the men why they worked on Sunday. I was informed that it was because they did not want to lose a day. There apparently was no reason for their doing so, as the work was not of a nature that required urgency.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would ask if this is right? Where are the Constables, that they do not interfere to prevent this flagrant violation of the Lord's Day Act?

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space, I am, etc.,

J. W. WOOD.

Peterborough, May 12, 1902.

The Fire Last Night

About 12 o'clock last night flames burst out in an old building next to Comstock's Furniture warerooms, on the premises where Mr. J. J. Turner has commenced to build. The building was burned to the ground.

The Colors Produced By the
DIAMOND DYES
Are Admired By All Who Have A Taste For Color Beauty

The colors produced by the Diamond Dyes on all wool, mixed goods and all cotton goods are admired by all ladies who have a taste for color beauty. There is a depth, fulness and richness in Diamond Dye colors that manufacturers of other home dyes have never been able to produce.

Garments and materials dyed with the Diamond Dyes show clear and perfect colors that stand fast as long as the goods hold together. Colors produced by the common package dyes are dull, muddy and streaked, giving full proof of adulterations and worthless coloring ingredients. When it is generally understood that Diamond Dyes with all their superior qualities and a guarantee of perfect work are sold at the same price as the poorly prepared dyes, it will be a difficult undertaking to find a woman who will risk her goods with the adulterations put up in imitation of the Diamond Dyes.

Send your address on a post card to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P. Q., and you will receive post paid full range of designs in the new Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns.

DELIGHTFUL CONCERT AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

The High Class Entertainment Given by Jarvis St. Church Choir

A CHARMING PROGRAM IT WAS

The Beautiful Edifice, Which Was Decorated with Flowers, Filled to the Doors

One of our noted writers has said: "The music and the poetry of each country must keep pace with their usual tone of mind as well as with the state of society." Music moves the heart to something and the influence must be good, and if we are to judge by large and appreciative audiences and rapt attention, we are confronted with the fact that those who comprise the musical circles of Peterborough are not lacking in culture and refinement of taste.

To Mr. J. Crane, the popular and energetic director of St. Paul's Choir, the thanks and gratitude of our music-loving citizens are due for placing within their reach one of the richest feasts of music which Peterborough has ever enjoyed.

It would be hard to conceive of a more enjoyable entertainment than the Service of Praise given in St. Paul's last evening by the Jarvis St. Baptist Choir, of Toronto, under the direction of Mr. A. S. Vogt. There was a very large audience present, testifying to the fact that Peterborough entertainment-lovers know how to appreciate the efforts of those who bring good attractions to the town.

It is unnecessary for us to eulogize Mr. Vogt and the different artists composing his choir—it is enough to say their names are household words in Canada, where Mr. Vogt stands without a peer in the realm of music. All the members of his choir are artists of conspicuous attainments and talent, whose reputation in most cases is already well established.

A pleasing feature of the evening was the attendance of the different choirs of the town in a body, showing respect for the visiting choir and also to derive both pleasure and instruction from the excellence of the choral work rendered by this splendid organization.

After the Doxology and opening prayer by Rev. Dr. Torrance the choir chanted the Lord's Prayer, and the programme proper was commenced by Mr Arthur Oliver giving the Meyerbeer Best arrangement of the Schiller Festival March, which thoroughly proved him master of his instrument.

Tours' Anthem "God hath appointed a Day" was then rendered most effectively by the choir, the quartette being taken by Miss Dora L. McMurtry, Miss Gertrude Shuttleworth, Mr Victor Hutchinson and Mr A. L. E. Davies.

Mr. A. L. E. Davies then followed with Gounod's "There is a Green Hill far Away." Mr. Davies captivated the audience with his splendid voice and fine broad style.

The Soprano Obligato and Chorus "Inflammatus," from the "Stabat Mater" (Rossini) by Miss Dora L. McMurtry and the choir was an attractive number. Miss McMurtry, whose artistic rendition of the soprano obligato was so much admired, is well known in Peterborough, having sang before delighted audiences several times.

A Motette "Come Unto Him," (Gounod) unaccompanied, was given in excellent rendering, and held the audience spellbound, after which the choir gave "They that now in tears," with splendid effect, the different voices blending most harmoniously.

In the second part of the programme the two unaccompanied Motettes, "Say, Watchman, What of the Night?" (Sullivan) and "Yea, tho' I Walk Through the Valley of the Shadow of Death" (Sullivan) are worthy of special mention, and showed to advantage the training and strong points of the Choir.

Mr. Oliver again excelled in another of his sublime and delightful organ solos, Fantasia "O, Sanctissima" (Lux), after which the baritone solo and choral Sanctus, "Behold, I Create a New Heaven and a New Earth" (Gaul), was very effective, the solo being sang in splendid voice by Mr. Davies.

"List, the Cherubic Host" (Gaul) a number of much sweetness and pleasing rythm was excellently rendered by the ladies of the choir with obligatos by Miss McMurtry and Mr. Davies.

Gounod's beautiful cantata from "Gallia" was the closing number, Miss McMurtry again taking the solos with indescribable sweetness. The National Anthem brought this pleasant and profitable evening to a close.

The work of Jarvis St. Choir last evening was beyond criticism—it was perfect. We cannot describe nor do justice to it as we are conscious that we hear but imperfectly and can only give an imperfect sketch. The noble effort of Mr. Crane in bringing this choir to town has been appreciated by all as it has shown the different effects that can be accomplished by human voices.

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L A

The Peterborough, District Convention of the Women's Missionary Society, of the Methodist church, will be held on Thursday, May 15th, at the Methodist Church, Lakefield. There will be three sessions all open to the public. Public meeting in the evening will be addressed by Rev. Mr. Wilson, Peterborough. An excellent musical programme will be given.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, [illegible]

PETERBOROUGH HYDRAULIC POWER COMPANY (LIMITED)

Separate tenders will be received until noon of Monday, the 26th inst., addressed to Charles H. Keefer, C.E., Metropolitan Building, 49 Metcalfe street, Ottawa, Ont., for the construction at Peterborough, Ont., of—

1st. A combined concrete dam and railway bridge, with necessary connections.

2nd. For all the work to be constructed, viz., the combined concrete dam and railway bridge, together with a power house and tail race.

The work includes the construction of a power-house, 105 feet by 80 feet, of brick, on concrete foundation; the furnishing and erection of the steel, iron and expanded metal required in the construction of the power-house and dam (with the exception of the superstructure of the railway bridge), and of the timber in platforms, aprons, stop logs and crib work, together with the necessary excavations, etc.

The following are approximate quantities of some of the principal items:

Concrete in power-house and dam	3,950 cubic yards
Dry rubble wall	5,200 cubic yards
Rock excavation	11,100 cubic yards
Earth excavation	65,000 cubic yards
Clay puddle	2,000 cubic yards
Gravel filling	2,000 cubic yards

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the American Cereal Company, Peterborough, or at the office of Charles H. Keefer, C.E., Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CHARLES H. KEEFER, Engineer,
The Peterboro' Hydraulic Power Company, Limited.
Ottawa, Ont., May 3, 1902.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on Monday, May 26th, 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London.

Hard coal—2,000 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size. Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,350 tons 1,000 may not be required till January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal—1,850 tons large egg size, 300 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, 500 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard)

Asylum for Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal—3,575 tons small egg size, 474 tons stove size, 146 tons chestnut size coal for grates, 50 tons; for pump house 200 tons soft slack; 130 tons hard slack screenings. Of the above quantity 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Mimico.

Hard coal—1,600 tons large egg size, 120 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Idiots, Orillia.

Soft coal screenings, or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons; 90 tons hard coal, stove size; 90 tons hard coal, grate size.

Asylum for Insane, Brockville

Hard coal—1,300 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 75 tons small egg. Of the above quantity, 1,050 tons may not be required until January and March, 1903.

Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg

Hard coal—450 tons large egg size, 15 tons egg size, 50 tons stove size.

Central Prison, Toronto

Hard coal—100 tons small egg size. Soft coal—2,500 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as required.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville

Hard coal—800 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford

Hard coal—475 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang.

Eighty tons egg size, 51 tons stove size, 23 tons nut size, 300 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Mercer Reformatory, Toronto

Soft coal screening or run of mine lump, 650 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenderers are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name, fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade.

Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said Inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary.
Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

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25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
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KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
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BOBCAYGE STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
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Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
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COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at	7 00 a m
" Port Hope at	8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at	12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at	5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1.00
Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning
Finest excursion trip on the continent.
Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville	11.00 a m
" Trenton	1.15 p m
" Brighton	2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte	7.30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th
For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont

New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local Manager

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH

Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales

FOR EVERYBODY

COAL; GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS

GET OUR PRICES

C. WILSON & SON,
21 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Temperance Hall, Selwyn, Tuesday evening, May 13th.

Temperance Hall, 4th line Smith, Wednesday evening, May 14th.

Town Hall, Bridgenorth, Thursday, evening. May 15.

Young's Point, Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Bensfort Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President.
C. H. OGEP, Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

HIS RUPTURE CURED

AT THE AGE OF 85 YEARS

J. R. Ketcheson, of Madoc, Ont, writes:

I am glad to say I am cured by Dr Rice's wonderful method, at the age of eighty-five years."

Philander Ross, of Gilead, Ont., says

"I tried all sorts of trusses and springs without relief. I sent for your cure and in three months I could work as well as ever, being completely cured."

Every ruptured person should write DR. W. S RICE, Department (PT) 2½ Queen St. E, Toronto, Ont., who will send a sample of his wonderful home treatment FREE OF CHARGE.

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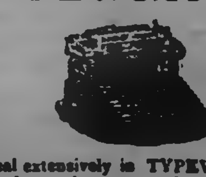

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SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

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Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
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Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

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Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
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1 King St, East, Toronto

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Working Shirts at	40c
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The Morning Times

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MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 113 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MAY 14 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GERMAN ABSORPTION IS HOLLAND'S DANGER

This is Greatly Feared Should Queen Wilhelmina Die Childless

Special to The Times.

London May 14—The daily bulletins in regard to the condition of Queen Wilhelmina, which are issued from Het Loo are favorable, but the danger is not over. The question of the succession to the Dutch throne is still present in the minds of European statesmen. Wilhelmina, who is the last in a direct line, acts by reason of her pedigree as a barrier to all dynastic pretensions but, as the Spectator says to-day, Holland will never really be safe until the Queen has an heir."

There is no doubt that the German people look toward Holland with a longing, only equalled by the detestation and fear with which the Dutch regard the Germanization of their country. Nor is the prospect vague and illusory. The German people want their "'free-born German Rhine" from its source to the sea and they consider that owing to the configuration of the Empire they have a natural right to it. This has been a favorite theme with German writers for many years.

According to the arrangements made in 1890 the Dutch throne, failing Whilhelmina, and her possible children, passes to the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, He, of course, is a vassal of the German Emperor and as such the Dutch people would not tolerate him as a King. It is generally assumed, however, that the Grand Duke has renounced his claims to the Dutch throne, which would prove a thorny heritage for himself and his heirs. Assuming that this renunciation is true, the next successor is Prince Albrecht of Hohenzollern,, Regent of Brunswick. He is no more pleasing to the Dutch,, who fear that he would naturally govern Holland for the advantage of Germany and the Hohenzollern dynasty.

The Spectator commenting on the situation says: "The drift of Holland to Barvia's position in the Empire of which it would be a maritime arm, would be almost irresistible. The Dutch would detest this prospect and might reject it. Then the foreign offices of Europe would quiver with excitement and alarm."

The independence of Holland, then, is protected only by Austria and Russia, The former does not desire to see any further aggrandizement of the Hohenzollerns or for Germany to become without expense a maritime power that would be able to dominate the Mediterranean. Similiar feelings obtain in Russia, which, in turn, would influence France. Thus Holland might be permitted to settle at once its own fate. The Dutch feeling would almost certainly favor a reversion to a Commonwealth or a republic, to which the Powers would probably object, thus forcing the selection of a King and leaving the way open to renewed danger.

Holland's safety lies in the life of the young Queen, and the birth of an heir. The former at the present moment is very precarious, the bulletins admit. The physicians privately acknowledge that extreme weakness may yet prevent her recovery. Even if she does recover there is considerable doubt as to the prospects of an heir, after two such terrible experiences within seven months and with no very favorable family history in this particular line taken into consideration.

The Hague, May 10.—The bulletin issued this morning says "The Queen had a particularly good night. There was no return of the fever. All continues as well as could be desired."

Queen Wilhelmina's condition is so much improved that she is able to sign all the necessary Government decrees. The newspapers suggest that there be a national holiday when her condition permits and on the cessation of the Bulletins from Castle Loo. The afternoon's bulletin says that the Queen's favorable condition continues.

NO MENACE TO CANADA

Shipping Combine Should be Met with Fast Ships

Special to The Times,

London, May 14 — Lord Strathcona does not regard the shipping trust as a menace to Canada's trade at the present, but, in his own words, there is no saying what might happen in the future. The way to meet the combine was, he thought, to have fast British steamships between Britain and Canada. Lord Strathcona anticipates that at the present rate of development Canada will be able in ten years to provide all that Britain needs in the way of necessities.

Liverpool, May 14 — The Liverpool Journal of Commerce asserts positively that J. P. Morgan has arrived at some arrangement with the Manchester Ship Canal Company.

TO ABOLISH CHURCH FESTIVALS

Women's Missionary Society Try to Start a Great Reform

Xenia, O., May 14 — The Women's General Missionary Society of the United Presbyterian Church is holding its nineteenth annual convention in this city. More than 200 delegates have arrived from all parts of the United States. The convention will be in session until Friday noon.

A lively debate is promised over the resolution prepared by Mrs. H. C. Jackson, of Illinois, president of the society, to do away with all church suppers, bazaars, festivals and the like in raising money for missions. About one-half of the mission revenues comes from this source, and its abolition will be vigorously opposed by the liberal element of the church.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S
SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE
IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE W START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $3.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3 piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seize 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3 Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.
TULLY & MERRELL, MANAGER

1,600 DEATHS IN ISLAND OF ST. VINCENT THE CHILDREN MOAN FOR WATER

Died in Awful Agony--Unable to Drink Through Being Chocked with Ashes Reports To-Day Say Death List in British Island is Growing

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 13.—Advices received here from the Island of St. Vincent (British West Indies), forwarded on Sunday last, announce that seven hundred deaths have occurred in that island as a result of the outbreak of the Soufriere volcano, which is still slightly active.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, British West Indies, May 13.—It is announced in advices received here this morning (Tuesday) from the Island of St. Vincent (British Indies) that 1,600 persons have perished there since the Soufriere volcano has been in eruption.

CHILDREN MOAN FOR WATER.

New York, May 13.—James Taylor, who was one of the officers of the Roraima, the Quebec Line steamship which was destroyed in the harbor of St. Pierre, gives a graphic account of the tragedy of last Thursday, says a despatch to the Herald from St. Pitt's Island of St. Christopher, B.W.I.

"We experienced the greatest difficulty in getting into port," he said. "Appalling sounds were issuing from the mountains behind the town, which were shrouded in darkness. All the passengers were up, and some were trying to obtain photographs.

"Suddenly I heard a tremendous explosion. Ashes began to fall thicker upon the deck, and I could see a black cloud sweeping down upon us. I dived below, and, dragging with me Samuel Thomas, a gangway man, and a fellow-countryman, sprang into a room, shutting the door to keep out the heat that was already unbearable.

"The ship rocked, and I expected every moment that it would sink. Outside I heard a voice pleading for the door to be opened. It was Scott, the first officer, and I opened the door and dragged him into the room.

"It soon became unbearably hot, and I went on deck. All about were lying the dead and the dying. Little children were morning for water. I did what I could for them. I obtained water, but when it was held to their swollen lips they were unable to swallow, because of the ashes which clogged their throats. One little chap took water into his mouth and rinsed it out, but even then could not swallow, so badly was his throat burned. He sank back unconscious, and a few minutes later was dead.

SAVED BY A WAVE.

"All aft the ship was afire, and from the land came drafts of terrible heat. At last, when I could stand it no longer, I sprang overboard. The water was almost hot enough to parboil me, but a wave soon swept in from the ocean, bringing with it cool water.

"I was caught in the receding wave, which was of tidal velocity, and was carried out to sea. Then, on the second return of the wave, I was washed up against an overturned sloop, to which I clung.

"A few minutes later I was joined by another man, whom I learned was Capt. Muggah of the Roraima. He was in dreadful agony, and kept begging piteously to be put on board his ship.

"Picking up some wreckage and a tool chest I and five others who joined me succeeded in forming a rude raft, on which we placed the captain. Seeing an upturned boat I asked one of the five to swim out to it and bring it over so that Capt. Muggah might have an opportunity to live. The man succeeded in getting the boat righted, but instead of returning he picked up two of his countrymen and went away in the direction of Fort de France.

"Seeing the Roddam, which had arrived in port soon after we anchored, making for the Roraima, I said goodbye to Capt. Muggah, and swam to the Roddam. Before I could reach her she burst into flames, and put out to sea, I finally reached the Roraima, about half-past two o'clock in the afternoon, and later was taken off by the cruiser Suchet."

THE GLORY THAT WAS

The city of St. Pierre, just destroyed, was one of the most picturesque places imaginable. It was built in amphitheater shape, on the fine, sweeping curve of the harbor, the streets with their white houses, with red earthen-tiled roofs, rising gradually from the edges of the bay. Those narrow streets were well paved, with a central gutter, the water in which, bountifully supplied from the hills above the town, rushed down in clear and sparkling torrents. These street gutters were not mere drains, for children were even bathed in their clear, sweet water.

There was a fine cathedral, a theater, and good public buildings; but the glory of the city, to a foreigner, was its gardens, both public and private, with their reckless wealth of flowers and tropical foliage. Martinique is one of the "wet" islands, wonderful for the luxuriance of its tropical vegetation. The unlimited supply of water from the hills was taken advantage of, not only for the city's necessities, but for its beautification, and fountains splashed and sparkled everywhere.

Cleanliness in dress and habitation, even among the lowest classes, was everywhere conspicuous. The population was preponderatingly colored, negroes, mulattoes, etc., but all of an advanced, wholesome type. The colony of French people was of a select character, and they had brought with them the urbanity and grace of bearing which characterize the world's most polite race. The characteristics of the population, both white and black, are pronouncedly French.

The ill-fated and beautiful Empress Josephine was a native of Martinique, as was also her first husband, Viscount Beauharnais. At Fort de France stands a beautiful marble statue, erected to her memory by Napoleon III.

SOME LEFT IN TIME

Paris, May 14.—An official despatch received by the Minister for the Colonies,M. De Crais, to-day says that 450 refugees landed at Fort de France by the French cable steamer Pouyer-Quartier were all from the village of Le Precheur, near St. Pierre, and that the only inhabitants of St. Pierre who were saved were those who left that town before eight o'clock in the morning of the disaster, Thursday last.

HOLLAND TO AID.

The Hague, May 14.—The Government of the Netherlands has ordered the Dutch warship Koningin Regentes to proceed from the Island of Curacoa, Dutch West Indies, to the Island of Martinique, at full speed, in order to assist the sufferers from the Mont Pelee outbreak.

Both members of the States-General (Parliament) have adopted resolutions expressing sympathy with France.

ITALY'S KING GIVES $5,000.

Rome, May 13.—King Victor Emanuel has contributed 25,000 lire ($5,000) to the fund being raised for the relief of the sufferers from the Martinique disaster.

NOTES OF THE DISASTER.

Up to yesterday the death list of St. Vincent had increased to 700, and was increasing constantly.

The St. Vincent volcano burst into eruption again yesterday, after a period of quiet, and at noon the darkness was like midnight.

Nearly four thousand refugees have been brought to Fort de France by the cruiser Suchet and the cable repair ship Pouyer-Quertier, from Le Precheur, a suburb of St. Pierre.

A rescue party found a horse and buggy and a policeman dead in a group at a door.

The British ship Solent has taken to St. Pierre from the Barbadoes the Colonial Secretary, two civil doctors, two military, and Dr. W. E. Aughinbaugh of Washington, a corporal, and four hospital orderlies, three trained nurses, and full field hospital.

President Roosevelt has recommended Congress to pass $500,000 for relief. Congress has already appropriated $200,000.

The collier Sterling of Porto Rico is being loaded with voluntary contributions of supplies and army and navy stores, and will leave for Martinique as soon as possible.

It is believed in Chicago that Dan Coughlin of the Cronin murder perished at St. Pierre.

C. C. Evans of Montreal, who has on the Roraima in the harbor, describing his experience, said: "As eight bells was struck, a frightful explosion was heard up the mountain. A cloud of fire, toppling and roaring, swept with lightning speed down the mountain side and over the town and bay. The Roraima was nearly sunk, and caught fire at once. I never can forget the horrid, fiery, choking whirlwind which enveloped me. Mr Morris and I rushed below. We were not very badly burned, not so bad as most of them. When the fire came we were going to our posts (we are engineers), to weigh anchor and get out. When he came up we found the ship all afire aft, and fought it forward until 3 o'clock, when the Suchet came to our rescue. We were then building a raft."

"Ben" Benson, the carpenter of the Roraima, said: "I was on deck, amidships, when I heard an explosion. The captain ordered me to up anchor. I got to the windlass, but when the fire came I went to the forecastle and got my duds. When I came out I talked to Captain Muggah, Mr. Scott, the first officer, and others. They had been on the bridge. The captain was horribly burned. He had inhaled flames and wanted to jump into the sea. I tried to make him take a life preserver. The captain, who was undressed, jumped overboard and hung on a line for a while. Then he disappeared."

The Governor of the Windward Islands, Mr. Robert Llewellyn, has received instructions from England to spend all the money necessary for the relief of the St. Vincent sufferers.

Disturbances caused by the volcanic eruptions to the south-east of Jamaica are being felt at Kingston, Jamaica.

The victims of the awful disaster who have escaped with their lives and even without injury are dazed and helpless as children. They are absolutely destitute of everything save the few garments on their backs.

The food supply at Fort de France is so small that with the utmost caution it cannot last long among those who are there already, to say nothing of those who are still to come.

Over St. Pierre, and all the country for miles around, there is still, even in the middle of the day, a darkness from the great black canopy of smoke that continues to rise from Mont Pelee, and spreads out over the sky to the horizon. At considerable distances from where the big sulphur pit of the volcano was new craters have broken out.

RUSSIA'S IRON HAND TO CRUSH THE REBELS

Revolutionary Emergency in Russia to be Met By Reign of Terror Throughout the Country

Special to The Times.

Alexandrovo, Russian-Prussian Frontier, May 14.—Advice from the interior that cannot be intrusted either to mail or telegraph, say that the Czar's government is ready to meet the revolution-ary emergency by a reign of terror.

All the big cities and many of the smaller towns are to be declared in a state of seige, the inhabitants being put under martial law.

Martial law means the imposition of the death penalty, a punishment the criminal law of the country doesn't recognize.

Under martial law the gallows will be kept busy,, but those knowing the situation doubt that a display of severity, however sweeping, will mend matters.

The revolution has gained too much headway and infected too many classes. Besides, the whole of Russia's intelligent youth is on the side of the working classes, and these poor students, like the working classes, have nothing to lose but their lives, which they value little enough.

By introducing martial law, the government is enabled to hang Balmaschheff the murderer of the minister of the interior, while under the ordinary criminal code he would get off with sixteen years' imprisonment.

On many railway lines throughout the empire passenger and goods traffic has given way to transportation of troops, infantry and cavalry being moved in all directions.

While the czar is half willing to use extreme measures against the revolting students, he is opposed to harsh treatment as far as the peasants are concerned.

The new minister of the interior is therefore now traveling in the provinces trying to make peace between the peasants and their masters, the great land owners.

MODERN CANADA THE WORLD'S WONDER

Dominion's Developments Unexcelled in History

EXPERT'S STRONG TESTIMONY.

No Similar Population Has Ever Achieved Similar Results, Says Mr. Fred Nicholls

"Canada has made the most remarkable ascent, commercially as well as in every other way that makes life worth living, of any country in the world. A small population—barely five million, scattered all the way from Halifax to Dawson—a big, unsettled blanket of territory stretched out at every corner,—up against the rush and activity of the United States—and yet this country is the greatest, the most remarkable in the history of the commercial world.

"Ten years ago, no commercial enterprise of any importance was ever undertaken before it being first ascertained that the capital could be obtained for it in England. Now it is entirely different, and the result is enough to make any Canadian proud. I know of no commercial project too large for the enterprise of Canadians, or so large that all the money necessary cannot be obtained in Canada to carry it through."

These are the clear, virile, business statements of Mr. Frederick Nicholls, president of the Canadian General Electric Company, and director of half-a-dozen of the largest national enterprises of the Dominion. These include the Canadian Bank of Commerce, the Canadian Northern Railway, the Crow's Nest Coal Co., etc.

"The progress which this country has made in a few years is simply marvellous. Here is a country of five million people scattered around to make Government and manufacturing and progress generally additionally difficult Not in the United States nor in any country in the Old World have the people any advantages over Canada, in the things that go to make life worth living. I have yet to find any single particular wherein other countries have the slightest advantage, and every time I come back home, it is coming to be forced on my mind that we lead them all.

"'Make a comparison! Where were the United States when they had a population of five million? Did they build a transcontinental railway or think of it when they had twice the population that we have now? Of course not! But people will tell you that times have changed, that telephones and telegraphs were not invented in those days and so on. But did they have the business, the commercial activity, and the genuine progress that marks Canada to-day? Every one knows that they did not. The Americans had a territory no larger than ours to handle, they had different climates—tropical in the South, and temperate in the North—but with twice the population of Canada they simply were not in sight for enterprise, and considering the money they had to start with, were not on the horizon in comparison at all. A man who lives in

CANADA LIVES IN LUXURY.

Every little town and village scattered about as they are, has its waterworks and its electric light system and every equipment of modern life.

"Let me refer to some ancient history for a Canadian characteristic. When the McKinley tariff went into force, Canada was, for the moment, without a market. We had been selling our goods to the nearest buyers, which was natural, and the effect of the tariff was stunning to Canadian exporters. Did Canadian manufacturers and producers sit back and make a howl? Oh, no! They looked for a new market the next day. Now they have a better market than ever in the Old Country, and the Americans are glad to buy what they can get.

Then Canada labors under another big disadvantage. Being the smaller of the two nations, its markets are the slaughter-ground for American manufacturers, and the tariff is not protective. The tariff is one for revenue only, not of protection, just the opposite of the high walls of the United States This same market-finding pluck and business enterprise is what places Canadians in the highest among the positions of trust throughout the United States.

"Now look at Canadian institutions Take the banks for example, and I have the honor of being a director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce. The Bank of Montreal is, of course, the premier institution with a hundred millions assets,, while the Bank of Commerce has eighty millions. We have branches everywhere that business can be secured —in San Francisco, Seattle, Portland, Victoria and Vancouver, in Alaska and all over the West. Now, was there any such banking system operated in the United States, when the population was five millions or five times that figure? Take the public buildings! I have seen them in half a dozen countries, and Canadian post offices and city halls, libraries and railway depots are equal to anything to be seen anywhere. Look at the immense business built up by the insurance companies—The Canada Life, the Sun, the Confederation, the Imperial, the Canada Mutual, the North American and all the others. Their business is large, profitable and absolutely solid —and they, like the banks, are enterprises of Canadians.

CONTROLLED BY CANADIAN MONEY

"The same is true of the industries I believe the maritime Provinces are destined to become the greatest manufacturing centres on the continent. The Dominion Steel and Iron Company at Sydney has alone expended in the vicinity of $16,000,000, and this industry alone is immense and far-reaching in its results. The people of the Maritime Provinces have had a peculiar career in manufacturing. Previous to confederation they had a very large trade down there in wooden shipbuilding and kindred industries. But after Confederation this fell off. The people laid the blame at the door of Confederation, but it was only the evolution of the industry—ships began to be manufactured in iron. Now those Provinces are reopening, until they promise to be the great manufacturing centres of the country. The investment of thirty millions of dollars in the iron and steel business had a tremendous effect. From the manufacturing of ordinary billets and blooms, the industry is developing to include the turning out of steel rails, and steel shipbuilding will shortly be commenced in conjunction with the works. And there is plenty of money right here in Canada to start more like them.

"Industrially and commercially the same progress is true all through Ontario and further west. The country was never so prosperous as now. You have only to look at the population of Manitoba and adjacent districts— something over 300,000—dividing among themselves sixty millions of dollars for a wheat crop alone, and you have no reason to look further for a reason of prosperity.

"'I was born in England, but now I am a Canadian, because my family has been born and has grown up here and because my interests are here. If there was anything better than being a Canadian, I would go out after it, but there isn't, and I think Canada to-day is the most phenomenally good and prosperous condition of any country in the world."

OLD AGE AND SPRING

Paine's Celery Compound Invigorates and Strengthens Those Advanced in Years.

If You Feel Old, The Great Medicine Will Give You The Vigor and Health of Youth

Everyone in springtime should give attention to the purifying of the blood, the bracing of the nerves, and the regulating of the digestive apparatus.

This is the special time when old people need a tonic and strength-giver—something that will restore them to that condition of health that conduces to make old age happy, cheerful and bright.

Old people should carry home with them to-day — not by-and-by — a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. It will certainly banish the rheumatism and neuralgia that help to make life a misery. It will drive out of the system all impurities and make the life stream flow fresh and pure; it will banish weakness and all languid feelings, and impart the vigor and activity that mark youthfulness. It is the only medicine that will fully meet the needs and expectations of all in declining years.

Mr. J. Holdsworth, Claremont st., Toronto, Ont., says: "I was taken sick last summer, and was in bed for five weeks or more, and my physician was attending me all the time. My case was pronounced to be weakness of the heart and old age, for I am now seventy-eight years old. I kept getting worse until my recovery was considered hopeless. One of my relatives recommended me to use Paine's Celery Compound, which I did with good results. After the first dose I felt relieved, and in a few days was able to leave my bed and walk around. I used four bottles, and am now quite well. I hope other sufferers will receive as much benefit as I received."

THE KAISER WARNED TO KEEP HANDS OFF

Holland Never will be Annexed Without War

THE DUTCH LEARNING TO SHOOT

Wilhelmina's Last Order Aimed at Enlivening the Military Spirit of Hollanders

Special to The Times.

The Hague, May 14—At the time when Prime Minister Dr. Kuyper received your correspondent and told him about his country's hopes for an heir to the throne, the correspondent asked his excellency a question which he would answer only on condition that his reply be not made public at once. This was the question asked "Supposing that Germany by marriage, hereditary claims, or some other pretext, sought a closer connection with the Netherlands, would the Dutch people tolerate any attempts upon their complete sovereignty?"

Prime Minister Dr. Kuyper "'Never, sir, never."

Correspondent: "'The question of annexation, then, recently raised by the London Times, finds no favor in your government circles?"

Dr. Kuyper: "'Neither in Government circles, nor with the people. We are Dutch to the core, nobody, nothing can make us Germans."

Correspondent: "'You wouldn't even hear of a so-called personal union, the Netherlands ruled by a Prussian prince, subject to the kaiser only so far as the king of Saxony and the other German princes are subject to the Imperial authority?"

Dr. Kuyper: "'Nothing could ever induce us to forego one iota of our national rights or independence. We will neither be annexed nor join a federation of states, such as those constituting the German empire. We are free men and expect to remain masters of our own country as long as the world stands. I guess history backs me up in that statement, bold as it may seem."

Correspondent: "'But suppose Germany did annex the Netherlands under one pretense or another by force? When I say Germany I mean Prussia, Prussia wiped out the Kingdom of Hanover, the electorate of Hesse and the duchy of Nassau in 1866. She would have annexed Saxony, too, if Napoleon III had not interfered. Suppose she conquered you, what then?"

Dr. Kuyper: "'If Prussia ever conquered the Netherlands—God forbid,, for her sake as well as ours that she never makes the attempt—if Prussia, I said, conquered the Netherlands, my country would develop into a second Ireland. She would be to Prussia and Germany what Ireland is to Great Britain, only a ten times more formidible enemy—ten times more of a hindrance to her progress, for we have brains, we have money, we have men and we have friends, Yes friends the world over."

HOLLANDERS LEARNING TO SHOOT

Some little time before she was taken ill, Queen Wilhelmina, of her own accord issued a cabinet order commanding the minister of war henceforth to distribute prizes to the best shots in the kingdom every fall. The prizes consisting of medals in gold, silver, gilt and silver, are given "'to encourage military practice among non-commissioned and among Dutchmen retiring from the army service." As the war department defrays the cost of these medals, Wilhelmina's cabinet order may be regarded as a semi-military measure. While the constitution of the kingdom is against a large standing army, the Queen was anxious to keep the military spirit alive among her people to be alive for all emergencies.

General - Sports.

The Y.M.C.A. and the athletics will meet to-night, in the first lacrosse match of the season, on Nicholls Oval. The game is called for 6.45.

The following players will represent the teams.

Y.M.C.A.		Athletics.
Long	Goal	Galley
Trelinge	Point	Dillon
Smith	C. Point	Morgan
Pennick		Glover
Galley	Defence	Mels
Cameron		Dusty
Robinson	Centre	Dunsford
Robertson		[illegible]
Brown	Home field	[illegible]
E. Long	Outside	[illegible]
Best	[illegible]	[illegible]

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 14, 1902.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Stratton and prosperity.

• • • •

The dreadful catastrophe at St. Pierre, Martinique, in which 40,000 persons are said to have perished, is one of the most appalling of modern times.

• • • •

People had supposed that such disasters as that of St. Pierre belonged to olden times or to far-away places, and could not happen near our own doors.

• • •

It is likely there will be heavy slumps against Mr. Stratton in some of the rural districts, as it is said that Mr. Garvin will be invited to sing some of his election ditties—words and music by himself, copyrighted.

• • • •

Peterborough will elect the man who has always stood by the town.

Every citizen of Peterborough, regardless of political ties, has a duty to perform, by voting for Mr. Stratton.

• • • •

Australia imports great quantities of paper, of furniture, and of steel rails. Canada will soon be in a position to supply the sister colony, on terms which will defy competition. The Gamo paper mills and the Sydney steel works are exceptionally well located for foreign trade.

He Wanted Work

This great family journal advertised for a man to do some rough work. A big, muscular Irishman walked into the Times Bookstore, in answer to the ad, and glanced around; finally his eye rested on a sign over a case of books: "Dickens' Works all This Week for $1." The Irishman eyed it thoughtfully, then edged towards the door. The young lady clerk asked him pleasantly if there was something he wanted, and the applicant remarked with a backward glance at the sign: "Oi come in t' git th' job, but O'll not care f'r it. Dickens kin wur-ruk all th' week f'r four dollars if he wants to—O'll not." And the visitor, who evidently belongs to the local labor organization, strode vigorously out.

AN APPRECIATIVE LANDLORD

How the Present Scarcity of Houses in Peterborough is Being Felt.

An occupant of a rented cottage in the south end, wishing to add to the comforts of his home and at the same time improve the healthfulness of his place, conceived the idea—a rather unusual one for a tenant—of digging a cellar and putting a stone foundation under the house. All winter he devoted his spare moments—in the morning and in the evening—to the work of excavating, and when the job was completed he proceeded to erect the foundation.

The next time the landlord called to collect the rent he was much surprised at the change in the appearance of his place.

"This is quite an improvement," said he to his tenant.

"Yes, it is," replied the latter. "Well, I felt as though I wanted a little more room, and, as I had a little time to spare I concluded to add a basement to the house."

"It certainly makes quite a difference in the looks of the place," said the landlord, "and ought to make the property more valuable. In view of this fact I suppose I will have to raise the rent. You may have the house at the old price until the 1st of June, but after that I must ask you to pay me $2 a month more."

This was more than the tenant had looked for, and the landlord's remarks took him completely by surprise. As he likes the place and does not care to move and no houses are to be had, he is now wondering whether he can compel the landlord to pay him for the labor and time spent in improving the place.

Germans and Japs in a Fight

Special to The Times.

Victoria, B.C., May 14 — The Japan Herald, brought by the steamer Tartar, which arrived to-day, published details of a collision between Japanese and German soldiers in China. Sergt. Myasaki with two private soldiers was going in the direction of Shan Hai Kwan to replace the garrison there, when he met a party of about ten German soldiers with a Japanese sea flag. The Japanese determined to recover the flag by force, whereupon the Germans quietly handed it over to them. The Japanese thanked the Germans for this courtesy, but no sooner had they turned their backs than the Germans attacked them with drawn swords. Sergt. Myasaki accepted the challenge and, assisted by his subordinates, had a hot engagement with the Germans, several of whom were killed and the others put to flight. The matter, it is feared, may become a grave international question.

GROOM DISAPPEARS ON WEDDING EVE

No Assigned for the Extraordinary Conduct of the Young Man

Special to The Times.

Cobourg, Ont., May 11—The village of Burnley, 20 miles east of here, is excited over the mysterious disappearance of a prominent young farmer who vanished on the eve of his wedding day.

Lorenzo Nathan is the man who has disappeared, and Miss Ellen Shaw is the young woman whom he had promised to lead to the altar. Nathan was a prosperous farmer, popular among his associates, and a man who took an active interest in politics. Both he and Miss Shaw were prominent in local society. They have been "keeping company" for some time, and when the bans were published for the first time two weeks ago Sunday no one was surprised.

On the morning set for the wedding Miss Shaw arrayed herself in her bridal gown, and, surrounded by her bridesmaids and members of her family, awaited the coming of the groom. Down at the church, a stone's throw from the bride's home, a curious crowd had assembled, and inside Rev. Father O'Connor waited patiently the coming of the wedding party. The wedding was set for 8 o'clock, and when Nathan did not put in an appearance at 9, a messenger was dispatched to his home. There it was learned that the young man had not been home since the previous evening. The members of his family thought he had spent the night with some bachelor friends, and were anxiously awaiting his return. Enquiries were then made among his friends, but nothing tangible regarding his movements could be elicited. The news of his disappearance was then broken to his intended, who collapsed completely, and has since been in a precarious condition.

Up to the night of his disappearance young Nathan had been making preparations for the wedding. A couple of days prior to that he drew $300, and it is known that he carried this sum on his person. On the night of his disappearance he left home with the intention of going to a neighboring village, but it has since been learned that he did not go there. It is now feared that he was murdered and robbed on some of the lonely roads near here, and that his body was then hidden. Searching parties have scoured the woods in this vicinity, but no trace of him can be found. Some advance the theory that he relented at the last minute and left the country. This theory, however, does not appear tenable, inasmuch as he left nearly all his clothing behind him, and made no provision for the caring of his stock or the tilling of his farm. He owns one of the best farms in the township.

Sam. Clark, M.P., has a timber limit and saw mill at Burnley, and visits that place once a week. He reports that the community is in a state of fervid excitement over the affair, and that while opinion is divided, many think there has been foul play. The intended bride is one of these. She refuses to be comforted, and it is feared that her mind will give way under the strain.

THE TRENT CANAL

For the Benefit of the Montreal Star We Print Below a Few Facts About the Trent Valley Canal

For the benefit of the Montreal Star we print below a few facts about the Trent valley canal.

This great waterway of 200 miles in length, can be completed for $3,500,000.

When completed it will give continuous navigation to barges of 800 tons burthen (twice the capacity of the Erie Canal) from Montreal to Sault Ste. Marie via Georgian Bay, Lake Simcoe, Otonabee and Trent Rivers and the connected lakes and Bay of Quinte.

It will shorten the distance between all the great western lake ports and Liverpool by 721 miles.

It is capable of being operated during a season of seven months in the year and of transporting 200 million bushels of grain per annum.

By means of the numerous lakes and rivers which it utilizes and intersects, it will give a short line of 11,000 miles and lay under tribute six million acres of agricultural, forest and mineral lands capable of yielding from 50 to 100 tons of freight per acre.

It will utilize the finest continuous system of water powers on the globe. The fall downward from Balsam Lake to Bay of Quinte being 600 feet, while that northward to Georgian Bay is 250 feet.

It will build up cities along its route to manufacture the hardwood timber into furniture and the iron and steel of Midland, Deseronto, and Sault Ste. Marie into all things into which they are convertible and also develop marl lands for the manufacture of Portland cement, the lime quarries for lime and building stone, the mica mines, the lithographic stone quarries, the peat fuel beds, etc., to say nothing of the agricultural products of the rich counties traversed at its southern ends, each bushel of which will have an added value owing to cheaper transportation of 1c per bushel.

It will act as a feeder to the railways which now very imperfectly serve the district through which the canal runs and render valuable an immense amount of material now only encumbering the ground, and valueless, save for the pittance in labor which the unfortunate possessors get for it when cut into cordwood or burned for potash.

140 miles of this waterway is now completed, but bottled up at both ends, yet it is giving employment for internal commerce and tourist travel to 500 steamboats, besides numerous smaller craft.

It has been estimated that a daily flow of 12 millions of gallons of water will be required to operate the canal, but 17 billions of gallons are available and if placed under one control, i.e., Dominion or Provincial, the flow of the stream would be more than doubled, and the water kept at a constant height throughout the year.

And last but not least it would greatly increase the shipping trade of Montreal.

When Miss Delavelle Barrington was playing Miami in The Green Bushes at the old Mary Street Theater, Cork, a ludicrous incident occurred. Miami has to jump into the Mississippi, but when Miss Barrington reached the rocky eminence from which she had to leap she saw there was no mattress below to receive her; also the ledge of rock in front of the supposed river was too low to conceal the actress after her leap. Miss Barrington, however, nothing daunted, took her leap, and came down with a thud on the bare stage. The situation struck a member of the "gods," for a stentorian voice called out "Oh, be jabers, 'tis frozen!"

Lord Chas. Beresford

Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has been on duty in the Mediterranean for some time, is without doubt the most popular man in the British navy. He has recently returned to England, and the newspapers are conjecturing whether he will re-enter Parliament or accept a higher post in the navy. His ability is not estimated to be inferior to his popularity, and there is probably no post associated with the navy for which he would be regarded as unequal. He represents, above all things, the gospel of efficiency, which is being preached just now, and with ample need, judging from the remount scandal, and if in Parliament would do much to insure the maintenance of the navy at the highest practicable standard. The popular sailor celebrated his 56th birthday on February 10th.

A Defence of Canada.

Here is a Scottish newspaper, The Daily Journal of Aberdeen, with a really eloquent defence of Canada against Kipling's implied suggestion that snow plays a part in our daily life.

"The title of 'Our Lady of the Snows,'" says the Scottish writer, "bestowed on Canada in a haphazard sort of manner by Rudyard Kipling, is not at all a happy one, as it applies to a season only. I have seen the grapes hanging in luxuriant bunches to the vines in a Quebec garden, and the fields of tomatoes grow crimson in the warm sunshine; I have lingered in the golden wheatfields in the evening, and listened to the myriad sounds of the cricket and grasshopper; I have walked amid the cedar trees in an Ontario swamp when the sunset glow had faded and watched the fireflies darting to and fro like shooting stars; and I have watched the tiny humming-bird, with plumage that rivalled the gaily-painted butterflies, contesting with the bee for the honey that lay within the sweet-smelling flowers. Scenes like these are not associated with a land of never-ending winter. Consequently there can be no greater mistake than to imagine, as too many people do, that Canada is a semi-Arctic country out of which little good can come. And yet, what do we find? According to the returns of the Board of Trade fully 65,000 to 75,000 Britishers went to live in the United States during the past year, while only 12,000 or 13,000 went to Canada. There is no reason to doubt that if the resources and natural wealth of the Dominion of Canada were more generally known in this country, we would soon hear the last of the term "American" as applied to Canadian products, and United States producers would no longer receive the credit for Canadian goods, in many cases superior to their own. Those who guide the destinies of the Dominion think that the Stars and Stripes have overshadowed the Maple Leaf long enough. Every true Briton will be of the same opinion."

Where He Belonged.

The visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to the United States is naturally causing the telling over of some of the countless anecdotes of which the aged Kaiser Wilhelm, grandfather of Emperor Wilhelm and his brother, was the central figure. The following is one of the prettiest I have seen:—

In his later years the aged Kaiser took great pleasure in visiting the schools and catechizing the children. At one time while in the City of Ems he visited an orphan school that was in the city, and under Government patronage.

After listening for an hour or more to the recitations of several of the classes, the Kaiser called to the front a bright, golden-haired little girl seven or eight years of age, and, lifting her into his lap, said to her:

"Now, then, my little fraulein, let me see if you can answer me three hard questions." And taking an orange out of his pocket he held it up. "To what kingdom does this belong?" he asked.

The little girl hesitated a moment and then said timidly: "To the vegetable kingdom."

"Right, my little fraulein," said the Kaiser. "And, now, to what kingdom does this belong?" The Kaiser drew a gold-piece out of his pocket and placed it beside the orange.

More confident this time, the little girl replied: "To the mineral kingdom."

"Better and better," said the Kaiser. "Now, look at me and tell me to what kingdom do I belong."

The little girl was confused. Dare she say "the animal kingdom"? All the teachers and pupils looked at her with breathless expectancy. But in a moment she glanced up brightly into the face of the kind old Kaiser, and said: "To the kingdom of heaven."

This unexpected answer drew tears from the eyes of the Kaiser. "Yes, yes, my child," said he, "I trust that I do belong to the kingdom of heaven; and the day is not far distant when I shall go there, my little fraulein."

Then, kissing the little girl, he presented her with the gold piece and the orange, and brought his visit to a close.

A Slanderer of the British.

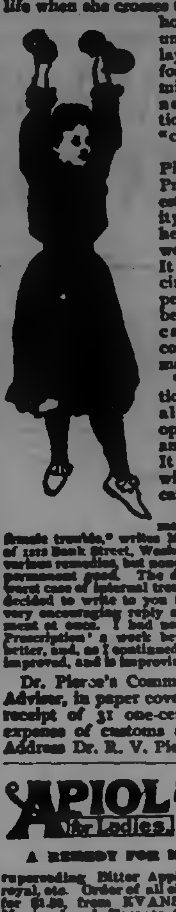
The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that further evidence has come to light of the methods employed to stir up anti-British feeling in Germany. The history of the man Kaulitz or Farlow, who at the outbreak of the Boer war founded the "London cable correspondence" for supplying the continental press with alleged war news, which was "made in London," has been traced by The Kolnische Zeitung. The Kolnische quotes from a provincial paper a list of this man's misdeeds. He was born at Brunswick, became a Social Democrat at Leipsic in the seventies, and was afterwards, it is said, sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment for inciting the workmen in the Saar district by articles in his paper. Later on he became Johann Most's partner in London and was on the staff of his paper. After giving a few further facts about the man's career The Kolnische says:—"This honorable gentleman has now been unmasked, but, unfortunately, too late, for the lies about the atrocities of English Lancers at Elandslaagte, outrages on helpless Boer women and girls, etc., continue to be freely circulated, and whoever attempts to disprove them is suspected and insulted for being an English hireling."

At a New York Pier.

The traveler fell on his knees and begged for mercy; but the customs inspector was adamant.

"Once, and once only," said the latter, "I let a man go through without offering him every indignity that savage ingenuity can devise. He proved to be a spotter from Washington, and I nearly lost my job. I shan't make that mistake again."

Yes, the traveler would have to have his stomach pumped out; most distinct-[illegible]



TOO MUCH

Exercise is as bad as too little for the growing girl. It is very easy for her to overdo, and this is especially dangerous at that critical period of a young girl's life when she crosses the line of womanhood. It is not an uncommon thing to lay the foundation for years of after misery by neglect of necessary precautions at the first "change of life."

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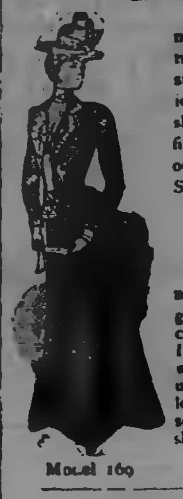
Relics in Jerusalem.

The Greek Catholic monks, who are in possession of the chief portions of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, are now going to build a bazaar opposite it, where pilgrims may purchase souvenirs of their visit to Jerusalem. During the process of clearing the site the foundations of an old mediaeval church, forty meters long and thirty wide, with three apses, were discovered. A number of fine capitals, fragments of basalt pillars, and bas-reliefs, with symbolic animals, were found, all these remains having doubtless belonged to the choir of the church. Last year a valuable silver shrine, containing a piece of the holy cross and relics of the Apostles Peter and Paul—according, at least, to the inscriptions on them—was discovered at the same place.

The Patriarch of Jerusalem, it is said, is keeping other discoveries secret, owing to his dislike of the Roman Catholic Church. Those mentioned above are all the more important, as it can be ascertained to what church they belonged. According to the statement of a mediaeval traveller, the hospice and the monastery which the citizens of Amalfi founded about the year 640, as a refuge for western pilgrims, was situated due south of the Holy Sepulchre, about a stone's throw away. The first church was built in honor of St. Mary de Latinis, and the second, the ruins of which have now been found, in honor of St. John the Baptist. The French monk Bernard, who lived there in 870, highly praised the hospitality and the large library of the hospice. A Mohammedan historian says it was destroyed by the Khalif Hakem, and rebuilt shortly afterwards, while, according to another account, it prospered down to the time of King Baldwin of Jerusalem, from 1100 to 1118, when the two communities of St. Mary and St. John adopted the latter as their joint protector. This was the origin of the Knights of St. John. The remains now discovered, therefore, are the ruins of the cradle of this order. It is most unfortunate that the preservation of these very interesting remains seems impossible, owing to the ill-feeling which exists between the Greek and Roman Catholics in Jerusalem.—London Standard.

A Defence of the "Old Maid."

A toast is offered to the spinster! We meet a great many pleasant people in the world, but nowhere do we find a more satisfactory person than that elderly unmarried woman generally and somewhat disrespectfully known as the "old maid," and supposed to be afflicted with "nerves" and a cantankerous disposition. As a matter of fact, she is frequently the sweetest, most self-forgetful of her sex. She usually walks, with tact and a loving heart, in other women's paths, lives in other women's homes, and rejoices in other women's joys, making them her own. The children adore her, for she becomes to them a sort of fairy godmother, one who possesses all the tenderness of a mother without the extremes of maternal discipline. She loves to give children a "good time," and does it with extraordinary success. In household details, what a treasure! How many dinners owe their success to her, who reaps no glory except the glory of doing! And in the ultimate trials of life, what a prop and solace she becomes! But it is to the young boy-lovers of the family that she exhibits the finest flower of her capacity for friendship. What a gift of understanding she seems to have! There is no difficulty she cannot dissipate, no fear she cannot lessen, no tender little half-eared hope that she does not encourage to bloom for the other woman. It is always for somebody else that she is working, and perhaps it is this which gives to her eyes the look that even the worst among us unconsciously associate with all that is best and fairest in life. Let them make fun of her if they will, but could we do without her?—Harper's Weekly.



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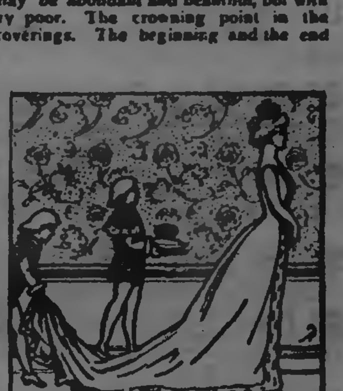

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I am happy to say that your medicines helped my trouble more than anything I ever took. REV. W. McGOUVERN.
CASE NO. 21804. Oct. 15, 1898.
Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR DIEHL.
CASE NO. 26116. Nov. 18, 1899.
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The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

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There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

Huxley and the Reporters.

On his arrival in Baltimore, Professor Huxley was driven to the country seat of Mr. Garrett, who had offered him hospitality and had invited a large company to meet him in an afternoon party. There was but one intervening day between his arrival, tired out by a long journey in the interior, and his delivery of the address. He had hardly reached the residence of his host before the reporters discovered him and asked for the manuscript of his speech. "Manuscript?" he said. "I have none. I shall speak freely on a theme with which I am quite familiar." "Well, professor," said the interlocutor, "that is all right, but our instructions are to send the speech to the papers in New York, and if you cannot give us the copy we must take it down as well as we can and telegraph it, for the Associated Press is bound to print it the morning after it is spoken." This was appalling, for in view of the possible inaccuracy of the shorthand, and the possible condensation of the wireband, the lecturer was afraid that technical and scientific terms might not be rightly reproduced. "You can have your choice, professor," said the urbane reporter, "to give us the copy or to let us do the best we can, for report the speech we shall." The professor yielded, and the next day he walked up and down his room at Mr. Garrett's dictating to a stenographer, in cold and irresponsive seclusion, the speech which he expected to make before a receptive and hospitable assembly.

I sat very near the orator as he delivered the address in the Academy of Music, and noticed that, although he kept looking at the pile of manuscript on the desk before him, he did not turn the pages over. The speech was appropriate and well received, but it had no glow, and the orator did not equal his reputation for charm and persuasiveness. When the applause was over I said to Mr. Huxley: "I noticed that you did not read your address; I am afraid the light was insufficient." "Oh," said he, "that was not the matter. I have been in distress. The reporters brought me, according to their promise, the copy of their notes. It was on thin translucent paper, and to make it legible they put clean white sheets between the leaves. That made such bulk that I removed the intermediate leaves, and when I stood up at the desk I found I could not read a sentence. So I have been in a dilemma—not daring to speak freely, and trying to recall what I dictated yesterday and allowed the reporters to send to New York." If he used an epithet before the word "reporters" I am sure he was justified, but I forget what it was.—Dr. D. C. Gilman in "Scribner's Magazine."

A Feat of Memory.

During a debate in the House, between Gladstone and Disraeli, when the latter in the course of his remarks had occasion to quote from a recent speech made by his rival upon some platform in the country, a dramatic scene was enacted, and is described by Harry Furniss in his recent book, "Confessions of a Caricaturist."

Suddenly Mr. Gladstone started up and exclaimed: "I never said that in my life!"

Disraeli was silent, and putting his hands behind his back, gazed apparently in blank astonishment at the box in front of him. Several seconds went by, but he never moved. The members in the crowded House looked from one to the other, and many imagined that Disraeli was merely waiting for his opponent to apologise. But Mr. Gladstone, who had a habit, which he developed in later years, of chatting volubly to his neighbor during any interruption of this kind in which he was concerned, made no sign. A minute passed, but the sphinx did not move.

A minute and a quarter, but he was still motionless.

A minute and a half of this silence seemed as if it was an hour.

When the second minute was completed the excitement in the House began to grow intense. Disraeli seemed to be transfixed. Was he ill? Was the great man sulking? What could this strange silence portend?

Two minutes and a half!

Some members rose and approached him, but Disraeli raised his hands as if to deprecate their interference, and they stole back to their places, conscious that they were forbidden to interrupt. Then at last, when the minute-hand of the clock had passed three times round its course, the most remarkable silence which the House had ever experienced within living memory was broken as the Tory leader slowly began once more to speak.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "and gentlemen," and then word for word he repeated the whole speech of Mr. Gladstone from which he had made his quotation, duly introducing the particular passage which the Liberal leader had denied. Then he paused and looked across at his rival. The challenge was not to be avoided, and Mr. Gladstone bowed—he would have raised his hat did he wear one in the House, which, in the phraseology of the ring, was equivalent to throwing up the sponge. Mr. Disraeli afterward informed a friend that, working backward, he had recalled the whole of Mr. Gladstone's speech to his mind. Beginning at the disputed quotation, he recovered the context which led up to it, and so, step by step, the entire oration. Then he was enabled to repeat it from the outset exactly as he had read it.

◆◆◆

William Dean Howells has adopted the rule that all applicants for his autograph must first furnish satisfactory proof that they have read his books.

A Chicago woman recently wrote to the novelist for his autograph. By return mail came a single typewritten line:—

"Have you bought my last book?"

To this the young woman replied:—

"I sincerely hope so."—Philadelphia Times.

◆◆◆

"Minnie has a good heart?"

"Has she?"

"Yes, just as soon as she heard about the poverty of that Bagg street family she sent them such a lovely bouquet."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

Meanwhile matters were nearing the fatal end for the hapless girl who had paid such a bitter price for love's sake.

Harold St. John had entirely recovered from the accident which had befallen him, and was speeding toward New York city as fast as steam could take him.

"Heiress to a million in her own right," he muttered, for the fiftieth time on that journey, as he leaned back in his cushioned chair watching the night stars as the train whirled along. "I shall take a terrible vengeance upon her for daring to marry Hamilton. I will show her that I—and not Hamilton —am her lord and master, I will bring her to my feet, and when she kneels there asking me to pardon her, I shall please myself as to whether I will or not."

There was an awful malignity in his face, a fixed, terrible purpose.

"I must have my revenge," he muttered. "I may forgive her then, I may pardon her when I have crushed her pride and made her suffer, but not until then. I shall bring the whole force of the law against her; I will claim her and make her own the truth. I will have my wife, even though she should leave me again. If she were kneeling here with the pallor of death on her face, and the cold of death in her heart and I could save her by only one word I would not speak that word until I had had my revenge."

There was little hope for beautiful hapless Daisy with a relentless foe like this upon her track.

It was nearly sun-down when the train bearing Harold St. John reached New York.

"Too late for me to do anything tonight," he decided, as he drove to his hotel, "tomorrow I will begin my search, and ere the sun sets I shall have claimed her, my fair, false, beautiful, young wife. She may tremble for the future which lies before her, for she will have need to."

CHAPTER XXXII.

A Significant Telegram.

It so happened that on the day following Daisy's interview with Hetty on the porch, Aleck had received a telegram from Boston stating that his presence was needed there in a very important speculation, and accordingly he made preparations to go at once.

All in vain Daisy pleaded to accompany him. For once Aleck was firm in refusing her.

"It is to be purely a business trip," he declared, "and a man cannot attend to a wife when he has business to see to. You need not be lonely, darling," he added.

"Are you not in the bosom of your own family, with your father, Olive and Hetty about you? With fully five hundred dear friends to fall back on should you want company? Why, you couldn't be lonesome, my dear," he added laughing.

"I am always lonely when you are not near, Aleck," she said, twining her white arms about him, and hiding her face on his breast. "You are my world, Aleck. Ah, dear, if you would but take me with you," she sighed. "I have a strange presentiment that something will happen before I see you again."

"Foolish, superstitious Daisy," he laughed. "I gave you credit for more logic than this."

"You will always remember how I begged to go with you, Aleck," she said solemnly; "how I prayed and pleaded with you, telling you that I had a presentiment."

Aleck stopped the lovely mouth with kisses lest she should persuade him against his better judgment to take her.

The thing was almost among the impossibilities, for he was going with a party of gentlemen, and upon important business. No— no, it wasn't to be thought of.

But the lovely, tearful face haunted him for hours after he had reached Boston.

He thought it was because he had never been parted from her a whole day since their marriage before.

While smoking his usual after-dinner cigar, he took out of his pocket a copy of a New York paper, and almost the first item his eye rested upon was an announcement of the arrival at one of the New York hotels of Harold St. John.

He could not understand then, but he knew soon afterward what the shivering sensation meant that passed like an icy chill over his heart.

Two gentlemen, seated in the smoking-room, were evidently discussing the same paragraph.

"St. John is a man of splendid talents," observed one; "but they are fearfully misused. Such men, I always claim, are better in prison than out. Despite his career, he seems to take well with women. He is as handsome as a prince, and as wicked as the Prince of Darkness."

Both gentlemen laughed immoderately.

"Did you see him talking to that little beauty in the park yesterday? Why, there was quite a little scene. I was riding by in too big a hurry to catch the train to stop, or I should have done so to have found out what the commotion was about. The lady he was speaking to threw up her hands with a terrible cry and fell face downward in a dead faint.

"She was such a beautiful little creature," continued the gentleman, thoughtfully. "If I were an artist or a poet I might attempt to describe to you what she was like. Her hair, which seemed to have caught the shining gold of the sunlight, framed the sweetest, most bewitching pink-and-white dimpled face I ever beheld; and her eyes, why, they were simply like the hearts of two velvet pansies steeped in dew."

"How like the description of my Daisy!" thought Aleck, smiling. "I imagined there was not another in the whole world like her."

It would certainly have been against Aleck's principles to have deliberately listened, but he was so near he could not help overhearing their remarks.

"She is married," pursued the gentleman. "I remember seeing her once before with her husband at a New York reception. It was certainly not to her credit to be seen in company with such a man as St. John. I know her husband quite well— he ought to be warned against allowing his young wife to make the acquaintance of such a man as St. John. I declare the husband ought to have a hint dropped to him."

"Take my advice and don't meddle with affairs of that kind," declared the other gentleman, "unless you want to figure in a divorce proceeding, and that isn't pleasant."

(To be Continued.)

Anecdotal.

At a recent dinner in New York the Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage told a story of a lady who was asked: "Do you ever think of getting married?" "Think," she answered with asperity. "I worry."

A Toronto man, father of an unusually numerous family, was visited by a Westerner. "I never saw anything like it, old man," remarked the stranger over the cigars; "every time I come you have a new baby." "Oh, don't mind it, my dear fellow; it isn't your fault," was the quick reply.

The late Lord Dufferin had put on record a Sheridan story which is worth repeating. Richard Brinsley Sheridan was one day remonstrating with his son in reference to some peccadillo, and finished by exclaiming, "Why, Tom, my father would never have permitted me to do such a thing." Like lightning came the repartee: "Sir, do you presume to compare your father with my father!"

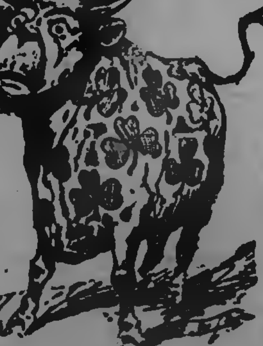
A young heiress with a penchant for farming was explaining at length the many difficulties she encountered in pursuing her fad. "I really am a farmer," she protested, and then added, regretfully, "although it must be confessed that almost all I plant I lose." "Therein differing from me," courteously rejoined her table companion, a rising young physician, "for I find in my case that almost all I lose I plant."

An omnibus full of Parisian students was making its way along the Rue de Rivoli when a priest in his robes of office joined the party. The students hailed the newcomer with delight, and began at once to tell all the objectionable stories they could recall. The priest spoke not a word till he rose to get out. Then he said, politely: "Au revoir, messieurs." The French "au revoir" means literally, "till we see each other again." One of the students evidently had this in mind when he replied. "Um," he said, "we don't want to meet you again, old dismal!" "But, au revoir," repeated the cure; "we are sure to meet again. I am the chaplain of the Mazas prison."

Once when Sir Charles Hotham, Governor of Victoria, was out driving, his coachman nearly came into collision with a wood carter, an Irishman, in a narrow lane outside Melbourne. The Irishman would not pull off the middle of the road, as he had the heavier load, and, by the rough rule of such things, was thus entitled to keep there. The incensed governor thereupon put his head out of the carriage window and shouted: "Do you know who I am, my man? I'm Sir Charles Hotham, the Governor of Victoria!" "Ye are, are ye?" responded the other. "Well, ye've got a thunderin' foine billet, ould man, an' I'd advise ye to shtick to it!"

When called to take up mission work in Chicago, the late Bishop Whipple found busy railway yards close to his chapel. He asked the chief engineer how to reach railway operatives. "Read Lardner's 'Railway Economy' until you are able to ask a question of an engineer and he not think you a fool." So instructed, he dropped in one day on a group cleaning an engine, and ventured a question: "Which do you like the better, inside or outside connections?" A torrent of discussion followed on connections, steam-heaters, exhausts; and at the end of a half hour he remarked, in leaving: "Boys, I have a free church in Metropolitan Hall, where I should be glad to see you." The next Sunday every man was there.

In order to show the feeling of insecurity of the Czar of all the Russias amongst his subjects, Prince Bismarck related the following anecdote of the Emperor Nicholas: The court physician had prescribed massage for some ailment of the Czar, who, however, was unable to find a single person in his entourage to whom he cared to entrust the task. At his wit's end, he at last applied to Frederick William IV. for a few non-commissioned officers of the Prussian Guard; these were sent, and returned to Berlin after the completion of the rubbing "cure" heavily laden with presents. "So long as I can look my Russians in the face everything is well," Nicholas is reported to have said, "but I will not risk letting them work away at my back."



AN IRISH BULL.—"Judge."

They Left.

"It does me good to see a smart Aleck get the worst of it," said the communicative conductor to the man on the back platform. "There were two of them on my car yesterday, and their game was to scare people into thinking that they were just recovering from smallpox. They talked loudly about it for the benefit of the other passengers, and the more nervous ones, especially the women, began to grow apprehensive.

"'Yes,' said one, 'my case was a pretty bad one, the doctors said.'

"'So was mine,' replied the other fellow. 'It seems good to get out of the Municipal Hospital, doesn't it?'

"'That's what it does,' said the first one.

"Sitting next to them was a man who had been taking it all in. At this point he leaned over and said:

"'Say, when did you fellows get out?'

"'Only yesterday,' loudly remarked one of the kidders.

"'Is that so,' exclaimed the man. 'So did I. What ward were you in?'

"Well, say, those fellows jumped off the car as though it had been struck by lightning."

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

A SIMPLE FAITH.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Ye believe in God, believe also in me.—St. John xiv., 1.

What is absolutely essential in religion, so far as doctrine is concerned, is very little and very simple. The church has for a long time had a strange notion that in order to be saved a man must believe a long list of dogmas, whereas the only condition imposed by the Christ is that a man shall have a heart and a life full of love which lifts someone's burden whenever the chance occurs, and seek the strength to do it from Him who is Father to all alike.

There is this difference between what is called "a body of doctrine" and a spiritual principle, namely, that not everybody can either understand or accept the doctrine, while no man is so unlettered or so obtuse that he need fail to do what is right because he is in doubt about it. The road to heaven is not a tangled maze of statement about Christ or God, but a straight and open path from the trusting human heart to the immortal life, a path in which the little child and the grave philosopher may hand in hand wend their way with equal pleasure and profit.

You need corner-stones if you erect a building, and for a like reason you need certain beliefs if you make for yourself a character. Faith in a God who will never desert you stands first. It must be an unflinching faith, however, or it will give way in the time of emergency. You begin well when you begin with that, and you begin ill if you begin in any other fashion.

I have a queer suspicion that the faith in the ability or willingness of God to see us safely through all earthly experience is clouded by more or less doubt. It is a matter which we keep to ourselves, but deep down in the heart is a wonder whether this beautiful something which we call religion can be relied upon as firmly, for instance, as the sea captain relies on his compass in a storm. Hence the despair which we find when death comes into the house, and hence our weakness when a bold and insolent temptation assails us. We are not thoroughly convinced, and, though we hope that God is there and does hear us when we cry, we have a doubt which seizes us like a sudden throb of agony.

That is not religion; it is only the simulation of it. It is a staff of willow, not a staff of oak. It serves in good weather, but in the tempest it fails us. When Davy invented his wire gauze lamp as a protection against the explosive fire damp in mines the workmen looked at it and shook their heads. It was too simple to be worth much. But Davy had faith in his lamp. He lighted the candle, went into the bowels of the earth, sought the spot where fire damp lay in ambush and exposed himself to the danger. He had not only a theory, but a conviction. He would trust his life to it. No test could be too severe. He felt absolutely safe with that lantern in his hand.

That is the kind of faith we want if our lives are to become heroic. And when we are possessed of it we have something else besides. Faith in God produces faith that our earthly experiences are our discipline and our preparation. The moment you see God as your Father duty becomes not only clear and distinct, but easy. Alone you can bear but little, but with the infinite reservoir of power and love to draw from you are equal to whatever your position may be. If God is with you, then the angels who do His bidding will be your companions. You become one of the great family and will be consciously helped by unseen hands over the rough places. And this consciousness will grow clearer as your faith increases, until in the end there will be only a thin veil between you and the other world. You will live in the friendship of the departed as you live in that of the dear ones in your household. The Christ realized this, but we are yet dull of hearing and dim of sight.

Immortality will become not a vague hope or even a reasonable belief, but a demonstrable certainty, and you will live in the two worlds at the same time. Your last hour will find you with a smile on your lips and a great gladness in your heart. You will eagerly step out of a tired body to be welcomed by those who await your coming.

That is the kind of religion which men long for, and which they will have when they wake up from this half belief and this make believe to a realization of the glorious truth. It was Christ's religion, and it is our own fault if we do not make it ours.

Herr Von Holleben, who entertains Prince Henry as Germany's chief representative in America, has been Ambassador at Washington since 1897, and was Minister to the United States from 1889 to 1891. He is the second in the Ambassadorial corps, and upon the retirement of Lord Pauncefote will become the dean. He is sixty years old, a native of Bremen, and a graduate of Heidelberg. He was educated especially for the diplomatic service. While at the university he was distinguished as a successful duelist, and his face shows the marks of sword encounters. He is a confirmed bachelor.

Shopman—What style of hat do you wish, sir?

Cholly—Ah! I am not particular about the style; something to suit my head, don't ye know.

Shopman—Step this way and look at our soft felts.—Tit-Bits.

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The Atlanta Constitution the other day received the following letter:—

"Der an Frend: Do the Carnage liberary lend Books tech Matthewmattics to Outside your Citie? I want Only Books on Matthewmattics, as I am all right on spellin an am a purty good Grammatician if I do say it Mieself. I kin Spel an Grammarize but Matthewmattics is one too Much for Me."

A GOOD RUBBING
WITH
ST. JACOBS OIL
WILL CURE
CHEST COLDS.
Sold in 25c. and 50c. Sizes.
ST. JACOBS OIL, LTD., BALTIMORE.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE, in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

At 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Temperance Hall, Selwyn, Tuesday evening, May 13th.

Temperance Hall, 4th line Smith, Wednesday evening, May 14th.

Town Hall, Bridgenorth, Thursday, evening, May 15.

Young's Point, Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Bensfort, Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President. C. H. OGER, Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

Leave Your Money in Peterborough—

Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT. 450 George Street

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Coatey is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

A GOOD GUIDE — GOOD COUNTRY
"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
Describing the route of the
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS
WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
VICTORIA DAY
MAY 24th 1902
Return tickets will be issued at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit, Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Fombay Jct., N. Y., Bolene, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.
GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th
Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound
STEAMSHIP EXPRESS
will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:
Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leave Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p.m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. 1 King St. East, Toronto

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches [illegible] Derma Cream [illegible] Dept. O. 166 Monroe St. [illegible]

50 Doses for 25c

IF THEY CURE YOU.

50 Doses for Nothing

IF THEY DO NOT CURE YOU.

These are the terms upon which we will mail you a full size box of either

Dr. Dean's Nerve & Blood Builder

—OR—

Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills.

We know you never tried the equal of these wonderful remedies and that's why we can offer to send back your money if you buy them and are not perfectly satisfied.

Send 25c. in stamps and get a box by return mail.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over-night.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 14 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Forepaugh & Sells' circus will be her in July.

—The bowlers meet this evening to elect skips.

—Don't worry; there will be plenty of hot weather presently.

—The Times will be enlarged and greatly improved in a few days.

—The Regiment had a march-out last night and presented a fine appearance.

—The T. Eaton Co., of Toronto, are seeking a site to start a factory to make ladies' white goods.

—It is predicted by some that the caterpiller pest will be on deck again this summer, as bad as ever.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—When you ask a man how the elections are going to go his answer reveals his hopes.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—The band of the 57th Regiment has chartered the City of Peterborough for an excursion to Jubilee Point on May 24th.

—A large number of men will be employed on the street railway as soon as operations begin, which will be in a few days.

—He who builds a business on cheapness, builds it on shifting sands. The waves of competition weaken it and the storm of adversity carries it to sea. Do the right thing and advertise in The Times.

—FOR SALE—New Al-Vista Panoramic camera. Cost $45.00. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply, Tate Optical Co., 429 George street.

—The fire on Monday night which destroyed a frame store house, situated south of Comstock's furniture store, proved a rather serious loss to the Bradburn estate. A considerable quantity of lumber, counters, shelving, &c., was destroyed, with only partial insurance.

—There passed away at Cornwall on Monday, Mr. W. J. Sheets father of Prof. O. O. Sheets, well known in Peterborough, and of Mr. M. O. Sheets, barrister, Cornwall. The deceased was 73 years of age, and was highly esteemed and widely known.

—A contemporary thus prods up delinquent subscribers: "If you have frequent headaches, dizziness, fainting spells accompanied by chills, cramps, corns, bunions chilbains, epilepsy and jaundice, it is a sign you are not well, but you are liable to die any minute. Pay your subscription a year in advance, and thus make yourself solid for a good obituary notice."

Meeting in Douro

A meeting in the interests of Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal Candidate in East Peterborough, was held in the old church, Douro, last night. There was a large gathering of electors and the chair was occupied by Mr. John Welsh. The speakers were Messrs. Wm. Anderson, G. W. Powell, R. F. McWilliams.

Provincial Appointments

The Gazette announces the following appointments:—Wm. M. Hersey, Police Magistrate for Bowmanville and Durham Ward; C. F. Farwell, Sault Ste. Marie, Registrar of Deeds for Algoma; R. Bell, Chatham, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace, pro tem. for Kent County; A. W. Holmsted, Toronto, notary public for Ontario; Benjamin Hanna, Parry Sound, bailiff First Division Court, Parry Sound.

Business Not Too Brisk

The painters state that business—particularly in the line of wall paper hanging—is not so good as last year in town. The reason for the slump is explained by the fact that last spring owners of houses were obliged to cater to the wants of the tenants; now it is different. There are more tenants than there are houses to accommodate them, and the landlord is therefore at the bat.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by 'phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Mr. Charles Fowlds, of Hastings, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. John Millar, M.A., of Toronto News, was in town yesterday and was given a run around the Little Lake on Mr. R. M. Roy's steam yacht. He returns to Toronto this morning.

—Mr. A. Weir, the popular and energetic representative of the well known firm of Messrs. W. B. Reed & Co., cigar manufacturers, Montreal and Toronto, was in town yesterday in the interests of his company. This firm do a large and constantly increasing business in this district, their special brands being "Manhattan," "Rob. Roy," and "Caboose."

To Go to the Coronation

Seven worthy representatives of Peterborough's best type of a soldier paraded at the Armories last night after the march out of the Regiment and were put through difficult drill by Col. Edwards. One of the number will be chosen to go to the Coronation. The lucky man will probably be Sergt. Ed. Wand, drum major of the band, or Corp. Ironsides, of No. 4 Company. The boys have yet to appear for the doctor's examination.

Pte. Brown, of A Co. one of the South African veterans was the choice of the African veterns, was the choice of the majority of the regiment but owing to his present occupation had to decline the honor.

Sure Cure for Sick Stomach

Such maladies as nausea, sick stomach, cramps and colic yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from any of these complaints just keep Nerviline handy and take a few drops in water for quick relief. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is a comfort and safeguard in any household and will save great suffering and big doctors' bills every year. Do you use Nerviline? Try it.

Hamilton's Pills don't gripe.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month.

A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magazines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelops 10 cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices, Times Bookstore.

THE FARMERS' PICNIC

Arrangements for the Big Farmers' Picnic to Jubilee Point is Proceeding

Arrangements for the big farmers' picnic to Jubilee Point is proceeding. Mr. Wm. Collins, the energetic Secretary, is not letting the grass grow under his feet, and has already secured several speakers, who will address the farmers on topics of interest—namely the proposed sugar beet industry for Peterborough. Mr. Duncan Anderson, of Rugby, Ont.,—one of the best Farmers' Institute orators in the country, will be sent by the government, and Prof. Harcourt or Prof. Gamble, of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, will also be present. Mr. Collins proposes to make the pic-nic this year the best that has ever been held in this locality, and there is every indication that he will be completely successful in his efforts.

IN GOOD SANITARY CONDITION

Are the Rooms in the Lake Street Separate School

Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer, makes the following report in connection with the sanitary condition of the Lake street Separate School:

On the 9th inst., in company with the chairman of the Board of Health, I inspected the sanitary condition of the Lake street separate school. All the rooms were in a good sanitary condition so that the most rigid sanitarian could find no fault with the school. But to make assurance doubly sure we disinfected and fumigated every room in the building, so thoroughly that it would be impossible for the most minute germs of disease to escape destruction. The school rooms are clean and absolutely free from any infection. The outside premises were examined and found to be in a proper sanitary condition.

Diptheria is a dirt disease, and it gradually starts in some family where sanitary measures are unknown, and this the disease spreads by infection in other families were the most scrupulous cleanliness is observed.

J. BINGHAM,
Medical Health Officer.

May 13th, 1902.

Pope Receives Convert Queen

Rome, May 13 — The Pope to-day received ex-Queen Natalie of Servia, who recently joined the Roman Catholic church, with royal honors. The interview, which was an effecting one, lasted forty minutes.

LIGHT "BOOZE"

Do You Drink It?

A minister's wife had quite a tussle with coffee and her experience is interesting. She says: "During the two years of my training as a nurse while on night duty I became addicted to coffee drinking, for between midnight and four in the morning, when the patients were asleep, there was little to do except make the rounds, and it was quite natural that I should want a good, hot cup of coffee about that time. It stimulated me and I could keep awake better.

After three or four years of coffee drinking I became a nervous wreck and thought that I simply could not live without my coffee. All this time I was subject to frequent bilious attacks, sometimes so severe as to keep me in bed for several days.

After being married, husband begged me to leave off coffee for he feared that it had already hurt me almost beyond repair, so I resolved to make an effort and release myself from the hurtful habit. I began taking Postum Food Coffee and for a few days felt the languid. Tired feeling from the lack of the stimulant, but I liked the taste of Postum and that answered for the breakfast beverage all right.

Finally I began to feel clearer headed and had steadier nerves. After a year's use of Postum I now feel like a new woman. Have not had any bilious attacks since I left off coffee." This lady requests that her name be kept from public print. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION

Mr. Buchanan Addresses a Meeting in the Opera House

In the Opera House lastnight a mass meeting was held, under the auspices of the Peterborough Temperance Alliance, for the discussion of the temperance question in the present election campaign. Mr. W. W. Buchanan, of Toronto, Secretary of the Manitoba alliance, was the principal speaker of the evening, the chair being occupied by Mr. J. M. R. Roberts, of Selwyn.

The meeting was opened with a male quartette and chorus. On account of the inability of Mr. Buchanan to reach Peterborough at the hour named for the meeting, short addresses were given by the chairman, by Mr. Lindsay and several clergymen of the town who were present.

Mr. Buchanan arrived on the nine o'clock train and from then till eleven o'clock occupied the attention of the House. During the course of his address he took the position that no matter to what political party a man may belong, it is his duty to vote for the candidate who has pledged himself to support prohibition independent of either party. He would not support Major Miller, the Conservative candidate for this riding, because he is a Conservative, but because he has pledged himself to help any movement in favor of temperance reform. He believed that Mr. Miller was in favor of other reforms also in the administration, and consequently deserved the support of the riding. After critizing the policy of the Liberal Government with regard to New Ontario, the speaker referred to the dealings of the advocates of temperance with the various leaders of the Government in Ontario, claiming that the latter had not kept their pledges to pass prohibitory laws. He would admit, he said, that no law would ever entirely do away with drink in the country, but claimed that with a prohibitory law properly enforced the evil would be greatly lessened. The meeting was concluded by the singing of the National Anthem.

THE RIGHT TIME TO SPRAY

Is When the Blossom Has Fallen, Not at Full Bloom the Law Says

Parties who are spraying their trees will do well to be careful of the time at which the work is done. Not only is the practice of spraying while the blossom is full, contrary to law, but it is positively hurtful to the crop. The pistil is so sensitive at this time that the spraying is liable to kill it and the consequence is no fruit. When the bloom has fallen is the proper time to spray the trees., according to the report of Mr. A. W. Peart, Burlington. A section of the act reads as follows —

1., No person in spraying or sprinkling fruit trees, during the period within which such trees are in full bloom, shall use or cause to be used any mixture containing Paris green or any poisonous substance injurious to bees.

2. Any person contravening the provision of this Act, shall, on summary conviction thereof, before a justice of the peace be subject to a penalty of not less than $1.00 or more than $5.00 with or without costs of prosecution, and in case of a fine or a fine and costs being awarded, and of the same not being upon conviction forthwith paid the justice may commit the offender to the common gaol, there to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding thirty days unless the fine and costs are sooner paid.

3. This Act shall not come into force until the first day of January, 1893.

Killed Thirty Boers

Special to The Times.

London, May 14 — A despatch from Vryheid, Transvaal, dated May 5, says that natives who were searching for stolen cattle discovered a Boer laager at Scheeper's Nek and killed thirty Boers.

A True Nerve Tonic

Will act, not so much directly upon the nerves as upon the digestive functions and the abundant formation of red, vitalising blood. Nerves can't be fed on medicine. They can, however, be restored and strengthened by assimilated food. The marvellous action of Ferrozone arises from its action over the digestive and assimilative processes. When you take Ferrozone the blood is purified, strengthened, and grows rich and red. Then you grow vigorous, healthy and beautiful, ready for work, because you have the strength to do it. No tonic for the brain, blood or nerves compares with Ferrozone. Price 50c., at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Pills are effective.

SHIPPED FLOUR TO MARTINIQUE

The Flavelle Milling Co., Town, Had Dealings with a St. Pierre Firm

Lindsay Post: It will interest all our readers to know that a Lindsay firm, the Flavelle Milling Co., has for several years made regular shipments of flour to a prominent commission firm of St. Pierre, Martinique, the ill-fated city that was destroyed the other day, with its entire population, by an earthquake. On Saturday the firm received a cheque drawn by their customer in their favor on the Bank de Martinique for the sum of 3,634 francs, and it was deposited to-day for collection by the Bank of Montreal. Newspaper despatches convey the news that all the members of the staff of the Martinique Bank lost their lives, and in all probability the commission merchants also perished.

Another shipment of flour was consigned to the same house last week via New York, but had not reached the steamer when news of the disaster arrived, and the order was cancelled by the Messrs. Flavelle.

Southern Presbyterians Concert

Special to The Times.

Jackson, Miss., May 14 — This city is filling with visitors for the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, which begins its sessions to-morrow in the First Presbyterian Church. From all indications the attendance will be unusually large. Several matters of importance to the denomination are to be considered and acted upon and the session will probably last ten days.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of this year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

BOERS STRIPPED THE DEAD

A Canadians Unpleasant but Lively Experience in South Africa

Special to The Times.

Chatham, May 14 — In a letter to his parents, James A. Kendall, a trooper in the Second C.M.R. says anent the fight with Gen. Delarey's forces:

"Our squadron was in command of Lieut. Bruce Carruthers. This was a most trying and critical time for us, our first actual smell of gunpowder. We might have escaped, but, even then, would have lost heavily in doing so. The order was given to throw up trenches and defend ourselves. I shall never forget the awfulness of that day. The air was rent with shells, pom-poms, Maxims and rifle poured a deadly hail of shot into our ranks. I am very thankful to tell you I only got a slight flesh wound in the left arm. My hat was shot through. My water bottle was shot away. Several shots seemed to skim past my face. We were almost wiped out. Most of my chums are dead. Poor Charley Evans was next to me; then Huston. Both of these poor lads are no more. Millan, next man to Huston, was badly wounded.

"The more I see of the Boers, the greater is my disgust and contempt for them. They stripped me of everything but my underwear. They stripped the wounded; yes, and even the dead. I saw some with only a shirt on."

The Cause of Deafness

Deafness and impaired hearing are due almost entirely to catarrhal inflammation of the eustacian tubes. Permanent cure is guaranteed to all who inhale Catarrhozone as directed. This vegetable antiseptic is inhaled at the mouth, and after traversing all the air passages of the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils; it completely erradicates catarrh from any part of the system, clears the ears, nose and throat, and allays inflammation, congestion and soreness. For deafness, earache, ringing in the ears, head noises, catarrh, asthma and bronchitis, medical science can devise nothing as beneficial as Catarrhozone. Complete outfit for two months' use, price $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Pills are effective.

The Peterborough, District Convention of the Women's Missionary Society, of the Methodist church, will be held on Thursday, May 15th, at the Methodist Church, Lakefield There will be three sessions all open to the pulic. Public, meeting in the evening will be addressed by Rev. Mr. Wilson, Peterborough. An excellent musical programme will be given.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Miscellaneous

LADDERS—THE WAGGONER EXTENSION LADDER is the best made. Lawn swings, curtain stretchers, &c. Illustrated catalogue free. Address The Waggoner Ladder Co., Ltd., London, Ont.

FRY, 204 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all design and descriptions at very moderate fees. Geo A. FRY 204 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 15 Toronto street Toronto

For Sale or to Rent.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 390 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Peterborough—for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant Secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $30 to $50 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 4 and 6 Broadway, New York.

A GOOD PLAIN COOK WANTED. No washing. Apply at Times Bookstore for address.

Situations Wanted.

LIGHT employment, by young lady; either at home or in an office. Fond of reference. Apply at Times Bookstore for address

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, after this notice has been posted up for one month in six public places in the Municipality and published weekly for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the Municipality, the Council of the Town of Peterborough propose to pass a by-law authorising the Peterborough Radial Railway Company to lay out, construct and operate its railway on, upon and/along any of the streets of the Town of Peterborough (except Crescent street).

The said Council will at its regular meeting to be held on the 2nd day of June, 1902, hear in person or by counsel anyone whose property may be prejudicially affected by such proposed railway, who desires to be heard, and any person so heard may appeal to the Railway Committee of the Executive Council of Ontario against such By-law.

The proposed agreement for such franchise is on file in the office of the Town Clerk and may be examined by anyone interested.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1902.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

PETERBOROUGH HYDRAULIC POWER COMPANY (LIMITED)

Separate tenders will be received until noon of Monday, the 26th inst., addressed to Charles H. Keefer, C.E., Metropolitan Building, 49 Metcalfe street, Ottawa, Ont., for the construction at Peterborough, Ont., of—

1st. A combined concrete dam and railway bridge, with necessary connections.

2nd. For all the work to be constructed, viz., the combined concrete dam and railway bridge, together with a power house and tail race.

The work includes the construction of a power-house, 106 feet by 80 feet, of brick, on concrete foundation; the furnishing and erection of the steel, iron and expanded metal required in the construction of the power-house and dam (with the exception of the superstructure of the railway bridge), and of the timber in platforms, aprons, stop logs and crib work, together with the necessary excavations, etc.

The following are approximate quantities of some of the principal items:

Concrete in power-house and dam	3,950 cubic yards
Dry rubble wall	6,200 cubic yards
Rock excavation	11,100 cubic yards
Earth excavation	45,000 cubic yards
Clay puddle	2,000 cubic yards
Gravel filling	3,000 cubic yards

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the American Cereal Company, Peterborough, or at the office of Charles H. Keefer, C.E., Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CHARLES H. KEEFER, Engineer
The Peterboro' Hydraulic Power Company, Limited.

Ottawa, Ont., May 2, 1902.

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. C MOFFAT,
Secy. E.R.L.A

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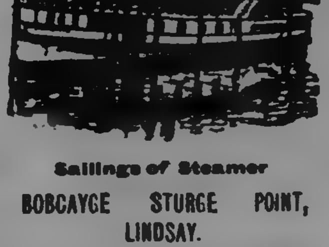

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BOBCAYGE STURGE POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
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STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

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RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

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Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
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Finest excursion trip on the continent.

Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of)

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Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
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" Brighton - - 2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

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THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav., Peterborough, Ontario, or to THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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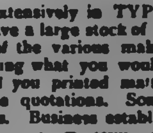

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COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

GET OUR PRICES

DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS

C. WILSON & SON,
31 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local Manager

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 48c
Suspenders 25c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor

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The Morning Times

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MORNING DAILY
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VOL. 28 NO. 114 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MAY 15 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

TERRIBLE DEATH OF AN AERONAUT

Senhor Severo, the Brazilian Killed on His Trial Trip

THE EXPLOSION IN MID-AIR

Aeronaut Fell in a Street and was Dashed to Pieces — Engineer was Burned to Death

Paris, May 14.—The death of Senhor Severo, the Brazilian aeronaut, who, with an assistant was killed this morning by the explosion of his airship, La Paix, in which he was making a trial trip, created terrible consternation.

Senhor Severo had invited a number of friends to witness the ascension, and his wife and a number of relatives were following the course of the balloon in motor cars. Suddenly the spectators were horrified by a bright flash of light, followed by a loud explosion. The balloon, which at this time was 1,500 feet above the ground, fell rapidly, landing on the roof of a house.

The aeronaut fell into the street and was dashed to pieces. The bones of his legs were forced through the soles of his boots. The engineer who accompanied him was burned to death.

The accident is said to have been caused by a leakage of gas.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

Senhor Severo started with the intention of sailing to the military parade ground at Issy, and a large number of his relatives and friends were preceding in the direction of that village (situated five miles south-west of Paris). With an engineer named Sachet, Severo sailed out of his balloon-house near the Boulevard de Vagirard, at 5.30 a.m., in excellent spirits, and full of confidence, the aeronaut put his airship through a series of evolutions before starting in the direction of Issy. There seemed to be some hitch with the steering gear, and the rear propelling screw turned with difficulty. Nevertheless, after several stoppages, the airship sailed of, moving steadily enough through a light breeze. Suddenly a puff of wind caught the airship and whirled it over the Avenue Dumaine. The ship turned completely around and veered about in a fashion showing that control of her had been lost. Then, from the center of the outer envelope, a tongue of flame darted out. This was followed by a loud report, resembling a cannon shot, and the ship sank like a stone, falling on the roof of a house, thence into some trees, and finally reaching the Avenue Dumaine almost ontop of its occupants, who had previously been precipitated to the stone pavement. The fearfully mangled corpses of Severo and Sachet were conveyed to a neighboring police station. The bodies of the two men presented a horrible spectacle, especially that of Sachet. The flame which caused the explosion burned the engineer in a shocking manner. Practically not a bone of either victim was left unfractured, and both skulls were terribly crushed.

FAVOR CONFEDERATION

Newfoundland's Best Interests Would be Served

Toronto, May 15.—Justice Morrison, of Newfoundland, and Justice Seymour of Newfoundland, are here in connection with a party on the island which is working towards confederation with Canada and their visit is considered as significant. Judge Morrison, in an interview, stated that in 1869 when Newfoundland opposed confederation the colony had no debt and the taxation upon imports was about ten per cent. To-day, chiefly through the building of railways the debt had risen to about $20,000, the interest on which was alone equal to the total expenditure of the colony in 1869. To meet this import duties had been increased until they now averaged about 33 per cent, or $10 per head of the population of 200,000. Not only would Newfoundland gain decreased cost of government by confederation, but Canada would gain an increased market as the $7,000,000 worth of goods imported into Newfoundland largely from the U. S. and Britain would to a great extent come from Canada when Canadian goods came in free and all other goods paid 30 per cent. Canada would gain control of the fisheries of the whole North Atlantic and would be able to dictate her own terms to the U. S. instead of allowing that country to play off Canada and Newfoundland one against the other. Judge Morrison says that Newfoundland is a country of great resources in timber, pulp wood and minerals and that once joined to Canada its development would be repaid. The French shore question would be settled in a year after confederation.

Judge Seymour speaking at the decoration of the Batoche monument on Saturday expressed hope that before long Canada would open her arms and take Newfoundland into the confederation. He saw a great future before the Dominion, and wanted to be in it. The hearts of the people of Newfoundland beat as one with Canadians in loyalty to the empire. When Newfoundland came in they would join hearts and arms for the defence of home and country.

Municipal League of Indiana

Special to The Times.

Vincennes, Ind., May 14.—The Municipal League of Indiana began its semi-annual meeting here to-day and will continue until Saturday. Those in attendance include the mayor or other officials of many of the leading cities of the state. The opening session was given over to routine business. It opened with an invocation by the Rev. E. Hunter. Mayor George E. Green welcomed the visitors and the response was embodied in the annual address of the president George E. Downey of Aurora. The regular business begins this evening.

One of the important reports to be considered is that of the committee appointed to codify state laws relating to the governing of municipalities. The report will contain a statement of the weaknesses of many statutes for city and town government, and suggestions as to how these effects may be remedied by legislative enactment.

Special to The Times.

London, May 14.—In recognition of the munificence of his educational gifts, the Plumbers' Company, an ancient Guild of the City of London, to day conferred the freedom of the city upon Andrew Carnegie. The ceremonies took place in Guild Hall and consisted of the presentation of resolutions contained in a gold box, the presentation being accompanied by suitable addresses and a response by Mr. Carnegie.

Alfred Beit Takes Rhodes' Place

Special to The Times.

London, May 14 — Mr. Alfred Beit to-day resumed the directorship of the South African Chartered Company.

Episcopal Church Convention

Special to The Times.

Jackson, Tenn., May 14 — A large number of lay and clerical delegates are here for the annual state convention of the Episcopal Church, which will be in session here for the next week. The presiding officer is Bishop Gailor of Memphis.

The Evils of Constipation

This dangerous condition causes sick headache, abdominal pains and in severe cases insanity and apoplexy. The most agreeable and satisfactory remedy is Ferrozone, which makes the bowels so well ordered that natural and unassisted action is established. It is mild and certain in action and never causes distress or inconvenience, and may be taken as long as required. Pains in the stomach and intestines, piles, biliousness and headache disappear at once when Ferrozone is used. Recommended and sold by druggists, price 50c., or by Ormond & Walsh.

No Pills like Dr. Hamilton's.

FORT DE FRANCE SUFFERS AS WELL ?

A Conflagration in Direction of That Town Seen Last Night

SCENES OF AWFUL HORROR.

Material That Poured Upon the Stricken People was Like Burning Sealing Wax

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, May 15.—The St. Lucia signal station here reports having seen a conflagration last night in the direction of Fort de France, Martinique.

SCENES OF TERROR.

New York, May 15.—In a despatch from its correspondent on the Island of St. Vincent., B.W.I., the Herald says,—

Admonitory rumblings and earthquakes in the vicinity of Soufriere came two weeks ago. On Monday, May 5, the lake in the old crater became greatly disturbed. On Tuesday, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the mountain began a series of volcanic efforts. Several earthquakes accompanied these terrific noises, and detonations succeeded quickly.

At 7 o'clock in the evening an immense column of steam issued from the crater and lasted until midnight. Terrific explosions followed on Wednesday morning and at 7 o'clock there was another sudden escape of steam. This ascended for three hours, when other material was ejected.

THREE CRATERS OPENED.

At noon three craters appeared to open and began to vomit lava. Six streams at once ran down the sides of the mountain, making an awful scene.

The mountain labored heavily for half an hour after the appearance of the lava. Fire flashed around the edges of the craters, and there were tremendous detonations in succession, rapidly merging into a continuous roar.

This lasted through Wednesday night and until Friday morning. The thunderings of the volcano were heard throughout the Caribbean Sea.

The eruption began Wednesday. A huge cloud in a dark and dense column, charged with volcanic matter, rose to a height of 8 miles from the mountain top. Darkness like midnight descended, and the sulphurous air was laden with fine dust.

LITTERED WITH BODIES.

The country districts on the windward coast was littered with dead bodies.

Kingstown, the capital, and the whole population, are safe. There have been no accidents or deaths. Clouds of dust are blowing over the city, however.

The Royal Mail steamer Wear is transporting food and water to the leeward coast, sailing vessels will proceed to the windward coast on the same errand. Doctors and nurses have gone to the scenes of distress.

The majority of the corpses being found are covered with ashes, decomposed, and hardly approachable.

The dead are being buried in trenches, thirty in each.

WORSE THAN FIRST STATED.

London, May 15.—The Governor of the Windward Islands, Sir Robert Llewellyn telegraphs to the Colonial Office from the Island of St. Vincent under date of Tuesday, May 13, as follows:

"I arrived here yesterday, and found the state of affairs much worse than were stated. The Administrator's reports show that the country on the east coast between Robin Rock and Georgetown was apparently struck and devasted in a manner similar to that which destroyed St. Pierre, and I fear that practically all living things in that radius were killed. Probably 1,600 persons lost their lives. The exact number will never be known. Managers and owners of the estates, with their families, and several of the better class of people, have been killed. A thousand bodies have been found and buried. One hundred and sixty persons are in the hospital at Georgetown. Probably only six of this number will recover.

"The details of the disaster are too harrowing for description. I got, at St. Lucia, a coasting steamer, which is running up and down the Leeward coast with water and provisions. Twenty-two hundred persons have received relief.

"I have asked for medical officers from Trinidad and Grenada. All the neighboring British colonies are assisting generously. Every effort is being made to grapple with the awful calamity.

BODIES BLACK AND SHINY.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, Tuesday, May 13.—The correspondent of the Associated Press here has visited St. Pierre, Martinique, by the relieving steamer Kenneth. The destruction there is appalling. The streets are two feet deep in ashes and cinders, which cover thousands of dead bodies, scorched black, and shinny, as if they had been plunged into boiling pitch. Many of the dead were never touched by the volcanic fire, and some of the houses and woodwork destroyed show no signs of having been burnt.

At Mouillage, in the south-western portion of St. Pierre, the Town Hall is still standing as high as the first storey, while at the fort in the north-western part of St. Pierre the most massive stonework is calcined.

FEARS FOR VINCENT.

Fort de France, Martinique, May 14.—On the Island of St. Vincent conditions are reported to be worse. Le Soufriere, on St. Vincent, was in full eruption on May 10. A storm of stone and mud, half a mile wide, was then issuing from the volcano. Stones two inches in diameter fell twelve miles away. At Kingston, the capital of the island, the ashes were two inches deep. It is estimated that the total number of deaths on St. Vincent reaches 2,000. Most of the victims are said to be Carib Indians. Seven estates on the island have been burned to ashes, and it is authoritatively reported that two earthquakes occurred there.

It is believed the submarine cables in St. Vincent have been broken by the disturbances. The present volcanic eruption on St. Vincent is the first since 1812.

Kingstown is still free from serious harm, but it is certain that all crops and practically all the domestic animals on the island have been killed. Everywhere there is such devastation that from a tropical paradise St. Vincent has become uninhabitable.

Most of the inhabitants of the island are gathered at Kingstown, and there is already a scarcity of food and water. Military forces guard the supplies and prevent trouble.

LOOTING THE BODIES.

Fort de France, May 15.—Words fail to describe the present situation of St. Pierre. A small detachment of French troops is making efforts to inter the dead, although the Government seems to be strikingly unconcerned as to what is done in this direction. The looting of the dead has begun already.

A famine here is imminent. The northern section of the island is depopulated. Business is suspended. The people of the city have assembled in the churches. The cathedral, where special services are being held for the St. Pierre dead, has been thronged since daylight.

Strange to relate, in view of the number of inhabitants of St. Pierre who were swept to death by the volcanic waves from Mont Pelee on Thursday last, very few corpses have been found. This is due to the fact that the most populous quarters of the town are buried under a thick layer of cindered lava, which apparently entirely consumed the bodies of the victims.

MASS OF TRAVELING FLAME.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, Tuesday, May 13.— The Soufriere volcano, on the Island of St. Vincent, is still in destructive eruption. Terrific detonations can be heard a hundred miles away. The reports are followed by columns of smoke rising miles in the air. Immense balls of colored fire also issue from the crater. Lightning is playing fiercely in the upper sky, and the whole northern part of the island is one mass of traveling flame. It is impossible to reach the burning district by land or sea, and there are no means of estimating the destruction wrought to life and property.

Kingstown, the capital of St. Vincent, is still safe, though showers of ashes and pebbles are continually falling on the town. The volcano itself is invisible.

Connecticut G. A. R.

Special to The Times.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 14 — The Connecticut department of the G. A. R. began its annual encampment here to-day. The formal opening took place this afternoon in Warner's Hall and will be followed by the annual camp-fire this evening, when a number of speakers of prominence will be heard. The visiting veterans and their friends will be handsomely entertained by the members of Elias Howe, jr., post of this city.

Dinner to Whitelaw Reid

Special to The Times.

New York, May 14 — A notable dinner takes place at the Union League Club to-night in honor of Whitelaw Reid, special envoy to the court of St. James for the coronation ceremonies. The dinner is not given by the Club, but by a large number of its members. Senators Platt and Depew, several members of the Cabinet and other men of note are to be present.

PROOF IS EASY TO FIND.

One thing of great importance discovered by the manufacturers of Malt Breakfast Food, is a practical way of combining the vegetable digestive agent, Malt Diastase, with the choicest quality of Wheat.

The action of the Malt on the starch of the grain supplies the action in which the weakened stomach is defective, and the result is restored digestion, new health and greater strength.

While thousands of dyspeptics and strong people have given the most convincing testimony as to the superiority of Malt Breakfast Food over all other breakfast foods, the following letter from the celebrated Webster Edgerly, President of the Ralston Health Club, is worthy of the special notice of all who would eat to live happily:

"Your Malt Breakfast Food was duly received and tested. We think you have the best breakfast food for imparting strength that has yet been made. We wish all you can send us to give away for trial. We will soon displace all oatmeal and other foods in the market within our reach."

INFORMING THE WORLD OF CUBAN REPUBLICS

Identical Notes Sent to All Nations of the Earth

THE BIRTH OF A NEW NATION

A Period of Great Prosperity in Store for the Little Republic

Special to The Times.

Washington, May 15.—The State Department has decided on the method it will employ to inform the world officially of the birth of the new Cuban Republic on May 20. Instead of issuing a proclamation, the Department will send identical notices to all United States Ambassadors and Ministers abroad, that the military occupation of the island by the United States has ceased as of that date, and that Thomas Estrada Palma has been duly installed as the head of a new government of the Island of Cuba. There will be no invitation on our part to the nations to recognize the new Republic, but it is expected that they will take notice themselves of the fact that the United States has recognized the Cuban Republic by sending to the island a Minister President and staff of Legation and Consuls, and it is not doubted that the example will be followed.

SEVERE STORM IN ITALY

A Lighthouse Destroyed and Many Vessels Wrecked—Snow Fall

Special to The Times.

Rome, May 14 — A terrible storm is raging on the coast. The lighthouse at Civita Vecchia has been destroyed. Many vessels have been wrecked. Snow has fallen in some districts of Italy.

MARRIED TO SALM SALM

The Archduchess Maria Christina Weds the Prince at Vienna

Vienna, May 14 — The Archduchess Maria Christina was married to Prince Emanuel Salm Salm yesterday in the presence of Emperor Francis Joseph and a number of Archdukes and Duchesses.

The Archduchess is the eldest daughter of the brother of the Queen Regent of Spain, whose namesake she is.

Glass Factories Closing Down

Special to The Times.

Anderson, Ind., May 14.—The fires in all the factories controlled by or under the influence of the American Window Glass Company will be blown out to-morrow and production will cease for an indefinite period. According to the manufacturers it is the regular summer shut down, though a little earlier than usual, and the purpose is simply to maintain an aggressiveness in prices.

Texas Firemen's Tournament

Special to The Times.

Waco., Texas, May 14.—The Texas Firemen's Association began its tournament here today. Firemen accompanied by bands and citizens poured in on every train. The city is decorated and numerous arches welcome the fire fighters. The three days' programme provides for a parade, hook and ladder contests, races and other attractive features.

AN UNEQUALLED RECORD

Paine's Celery Compound
The Only Medicine That Can Poin With Pride To True and Marvellous Cures

ITS PRAISES SOUNDED BY ALL CLASSES OF OUR PEOPLE

A Spring Medicine That Quickly Purifies The Blood and Banishes Disease

Paine's Celery Compound can, with pride, point to a long and wonderful list of cures effected in this and other lands. In fully ninety cases out of every hundred, it has been successful in overcoming and banishing treacherous and long-standing diseases and ailments.

The great work of disease banishing and life saving so happily accomplished by Paine's Celery Compound has not been confined to any particular class of people. All ranks and conditions of our population — amongst which are found city toilers, hard working farmers, business men, capitalists, clergymen, lawyers physicians and legislators, owe their lives and present good health to the curing virtues of Paine's Celery Compound.

No other medicine in the world today has been so much talked of, so highly recommended by medical men, so generally indorsed by our best people, as Paine's Celery Compound. It truly deserves all the good words spoken in its favor.

May is the great month for recuperating and building up the weakened and diseased system. At this time we press upon the ailing, the nervous, the rheumatic, the neuralgic, the dyspeptic, old and young, the necessity of using Paine's Celery Compound. To those who are suffering and despondent owing to the rapid progress of blood troubles, kidney disease and liver complaint, we say "use the great health-giver at once, if you would be speedily restored to health." The virtues peculiar to Paine's Celery Compound are as potent and true for you to-day as they proved powerful and effective for your friends and neighbors weeks and months ago.

Locomotive Engineers Meeting

Norfolk, Va., May 14 — During the next three weeks the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, one of the most conservative and influential labor bodies in America, will be in biennial convention in this city. The convention organized for business to-day and as there is much to occupy its attention the session is likely to be a busy one. The reports of the various officers will show that the organization's affairs are in splendid condition. Since its organization in Detroit in 1863, with a membership of twelve men, the order has increased in numbers until it has now 585 subdivisions, representing a membership of 41,000. The Brotherhood has succeeded in making written agreements with 90 per cent. of all the railroad companies in the country, covering rules and rates of pay for the members. Furthermore the order has been instrumental in giving to the railroad companies a more efficient class of men, as it has aimed steadily to educate its members up to a high standard of excellence in their profession.

Items of Interest

London, May 15.—Only the other day all the Conservative and Liberal members of the House of Commons were opposed to Mr. Dillon. Yesterday the House was with him to a man. He was loudly cheered when he directed Mr. Balfour's attention to the action of President Roosevelt in recommending an immediate appropriation of $500,000 for the relief of the sufferers in the West Indies, and asked whether the British Government intended to take steps of a similar character. Mr. Balfour stated that every assistance that could be given on the spot by the Government would be given, but he was uncertain about granting a vote, for which there was no precedent. The situation is a singular one. The Government is anxious to show sympathy in a practical way. The House of Commons is anxious to pass a vote, and yet nothing can be done because the records of the mother of Parliaments have established no precedent in such a matter. Mr. Balfour informed the House that the question of relief for the sufferers of St. Vincent and Martinique was under the consideration of the Cabinet. Mr. Dillon was not satisfied with this assurance, and he proposes to ask Mr. Balfour again to-day to state definitely what the Government intends to do.

LUNATIC BURNED.

Baie St. Paul, Que., May 15.—At 1 o'clock this morning part of the St. Antoine Hospital was destroyed by fire, resulting in the death of a lunatic named Ducheane from Eboulements. The building, which was detached, contained about fifty lunatics and several guardians, who escaped with much difficulty. The main part of the hospital and the several surrounding buildings were saved. Loss is estimated at $8,000, with $4,000 insurance.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 14. — The Grand Army veterans of Tennessee began their nineteenth annual state encampment at Chattanooga today. Death is rapidly thinning the ranks of the veterans as is evidenced by the annual reports from the department officers. Tomorrow the visitors will spend the day on the famous battlefields of Lookout Mountain and Chickamauga.

New York, May 14.—A consolidation of all the large stove manufacturing plants of the United States will probably be consummated at the meeting of the National Association of Stovemakers, which began here to-day. The combine is the result of three years' wrok on the part of its promoters. The consolidated company will embrace between 40 and 50 plants located in all parts f the country and will be capitalized at $100,000,000.

Meppen, Prussia, May 14. — Krupp's new quick-firing gun, which is being tried on the nearby drill ground for cannons is a wonderful machine for wholesale murder.

It fires forty to fifty shots per minute, the reports following each other as quickly as the puffs of a locomotive nothing like of it has ever been seen or heard of.

Lindsay Post—Local Orangemen are making big preparations for the coming 12th of July, when the brethren of Victoria, Peterboro, Durham and part of Ontario Counties will foregather in Lindsay to the number of 5,000 or 6,000 at least. It is estimated that we shall have 15,000 or 16,000 visitors within our gates on that day.

New York, May 14 — If learned discussion can do anything towards checking the dread disease popularly known as consumption, then a great deal will be accomplished at the third annual session of the American Congress of Tuberculosis, which began today at the Hotel Majestic. Those in attendance include representative medical men from every state and territory of the Union, from nearly the Canadian provinces and from several of the countries of Central and South America. In addition to the foremost representatives of the medical profession there are accredited delegates from leading scientific societies and bar associations of the United States. This means that the great question at issue is to be discussed from every standpoint. The medical departments of both the army and navy are represented.

The sessions are to continue through the remainder of the week. There will be aside from all papers of a miscellaneous character, four symposiums arranged, each to occupy one session of the body, as follows:

"Preventive Legislation, Embracing the Social, Municipal and State Aspects of Tuberculosis." (What aid should be expected from the State in the cure and prevention of tuberculosis, and how shall this be secured?)

"Tuberculosis in its Pathological and Bacteriological Aspects."

"The Medical and Surgical Aspects of Tuberculosis." (Embracing sanitoria and climatic conditions, light and electricity.)

"The Veterinary Aspects of Tuberculosis."

Cincinnati, O., May 14.—The fifteenth Cincinnati May musical festival begins tonight with the oratorio, "The Beatitudes." The festival this year promises to be the most successful financially of any previously given here. The advance sale amounts to over $10,000. Every seat for the first night was sold a week ago, and Music Hall will be packed with an audience of 4,000 to hear Cesar Franck's famous oratorio. The instrumental music will be furnished by Theodore Thomas' orchestra and there will be a chorus of 500. The soloists this year are Miss Clara Turpen, Mme. Schumann-Heink, Ben Davies, Ellison Van Hoose, Andrew Black, and Gwylym Miles. The festival continues until Saturday night.

WEATHER NOTES

Fresh, cloudy,—stationary or a little higher temperature.

DIRTY WORK FOR RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES

French Police Obedient to Advices from St. Petersburg

LOOKING FOR THE ASSASSIN.

Murderer of Czar's Minister of the Interior Said to Have Friends in French Capital

Special to The Times.

Paris, May 15.—The Liberal Press is disgusted because the French police is doing "dirty" work for the Russian Government. Obedient to advices from St. Petersburg, the Paris police issued search warrants for fifteen persons residing in the French capital and confiscated their private papers. It is claimed that some letters and documents were found proving that the murderer of the minister of the interior had accomplices in this city.

NEW ARMY TELEPHONES.

At the forthcoming manouvers the new field telephone, system Charollois, will have a thorough trial. The inventor Captain Charollois, claims that moving bodies of troops, not more than six or seven miles apart, can be connected by telephone by a simple, strong wire, laid on the ground. Whether the wire is walked on or tramped on it doesn't make the least difference. It will operate as long as the land is dry. In wet weather the wire is to be placed on tree, fences or sticks. The wire is so thin that a distance of half a mile can be covered with wire weighing less than six pounds.

KRUGER DONE IN CAKE.

That Kruger and the Boer cause are decidedly popular in France is shown at this years' honey-cake market, Faubourg St. Antoine, where his face adorns most of the goods for sale. There are even more Kruger than Loubet cakes. To be done in honey cake is every French politician's ambition. Faure never achieved it, but really popular men like Gambetta, McMahon, and Boulanger were all honey-cake market heroes. This year Loubet is just a bit jealous of Kruger crowding him, but at the same time is proud of coming in second best. If Emperor Williams could once achieve honey cake market honors he might safely visit Paris.

SURVIVING TWIN IMPROVING

Professor Doyen, who separated the Indian twins, Radica and Doodica, allowed our correspondent to see the surviving child of his clinic. Radica is doing well as to general health, and is putting on flesh, but has to be constantly amused in order to keep her from brooding on the separation from her beloved sister. She is now being taught to walk, but progress is slow, even though she could walk when Doodica was alive. "The two girls," said Professor Doyen, "were depending upon each other when walking one holding the other, so to speak. As a consequence Radica has now to be taught to move by herself. This she won't be able to do without assistance for many months to come, for the curvature of her spine, which prevents her from hoisting herself erect, must be cured first. The curvature was originally due to the growing together." The professor denies the published reports that Doodica died from loss of blood during the operation. "What little blood was spilled," he said. "The girl had consumption of the stomach—that's what made the operation necessary."

Dying by Slow Degrees

Although not aware of it yet thousands die by slow degrees of catarrh. It first attacks the nose or throat, then the lungs, and finally spreads all through the system. Catarrhozone is the only remedy that will immediately prevent the spread of this awful disease. Every breath from the inhaler kills thousands of germs, heals the throat and nose, aids expectoration and relieves the pain across the eyes. Catarrhozone erradicates every vestige of catarrh from the system, and is highly recommended also for bronchitis, asthma deafness and lung trouble. Price $1.00, trial size 25c., all druggists. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure biliousness.

SECOND HORSE WON.

London, May 15.—In the race for the Newmarket Stakes (of sovereigns each with 2,000 sovereigns added; for three-year-olds) at Newmarket, to-day, Ard Patrick ridden by M. Cannon, was the first horse home; but "Clem" Jenkins, the American jockey, who was on the second horse, Fowling-piece, lodged an objection on the ground of bumping and boring. The objection was sustained, and the race was awarded to Fowling-piece, Royal Lancer and Cheers were second and third respectively.

THE CONDOR'S FATE.

Victoria, B.C., May 15.—At last the Condor's fate is definitely known. Information to the effect that she foundered, carrying her crew of 110 to death, in a gale of the night of December 3, is given in a letter written from Bamfield Creek by a hunter on the sealing schooner Mary Taylor. The sealer, Robert Marshall, writing to his brother, who lives on a farm near this city, says:—'It's too bad about the Condor, isn't it? One of the schooners saw her in distress on December 3rd night. She was firing off guns and rockets, but it was too rough to go to her. Afterwards they could not see her."

Marshall makes another reference to the lost warship in his letter, which indicated that he could tell more of the fate of the Condor, for he says in closing:—"But I suppose you know from the newspapers all about how she went down."

The Mary Taylor is now bound to the Behring Sea, and will not be back for about two months. The Condor sailed from here for the South Seas, via Honolulu, on December 2nd, and a very heavy gale raged for two days afterwards. Some lifebuoys, a boat, and small wreckage from her was found on the west coast of Vancouver Island, and she was posted as lost by the Admiralty on February 17. Until now nothing was known of how she met disaster.

McKinley's Memorial College

Special to The Times.

Washington, D.C., May 14.—The corner stone of the Ohio McKinley Memorial College of Government of the American University was laid today by President Roosevelt. Addresses were delivered by Senators Dolliver of Iowa and Hanna, of Ohio, the Rev. Dr. Frank M. Bristol, President McKinley's pastor, and District Commissioner McFarland.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE
IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE W START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3 65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3 piec All-wool, Halifax Twee Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUG BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGE

FREE TRIAL

INTRODUCTION OFFER

Cut out this advertisement and send it to us together with 25c. in stamps and we will mail you one large size box of Dr. Dean's Nerve and Blood Builder or Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills. You can use them and if you write us saying you do not find them better than anything of the kind you have ever used, your money will be returned by first mail.

Dr. Dean's Nerve and Blood Builder cures all diseases arising from nerve troubles or thin, watery blood. Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills cure all forms of kidney troubles.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 14, 1902.

THE COMMON SENSE VIEW OF IT

The questions which the electors of Ontario will have to consider in making up their minds as to how to vote at the coming election are of an essentially practical and business-like character. It is a mistake to attach too much importance to party names and formulas in such a contest. The words "Liberal" and "Conservative" have practically lost their significance as applied to the political parties of to-day. Hon. G. W. Ross, while in some respects adhering to old-time Liberal traditions, is a thorough Conservative as regards his policy of aiding the development of the country by the expenditure of public money in promoting various industries. His forward policy as regards New Ontario is in fact a leaf taken from the Conservative book, while the protests and denunciations of Mr. Whitney and his colleagues sounds very like the old-time Liberal outcries against the Canadian Pacific Railway and the N.P.

It would therefore be an error to be guided in this crisis by mere names and shibboleths which as regards the new issues confronting the people of to-day have lost whatever meaning they may once have possessed. There is no great question of principle as between the parties. Everybody is practically agreed as to the desirability of Provincial progress, of forwarding railway construction, building up industries and peopling the waste lands by a judicious expenditure of public money. It is simply a question of methods, of administration, and of which party shall be entrusted with the work. Much of the argument which we find addressed to the electors, based on old-time prejudices and sympathies and hereditary politics, is therefore utterly beside the mark. All that an intelligent elector has to do is to regard the matter from a common-sense business point of view. The fact that his grandfather was a Conservative or a Liberal ought not to weigh with him an instant.

The proof of the pudding, as the old proverb has it, is in the eating. There is no platform, no array of promises or pledges, so weighty as a good record. Dismissing all party predilections and judging the respective opponents by just what they have done, rather than what they or their friends say they would do, there is every reason why the Ross Government should be sustained at the polls. They have deserved well of the country. In the matter of administrative policy they have been energetic and progressive. They have grappled manfully with the question of how best to develop our Northern heritage so as to secure its early settlement and the building up of industries that will furnish a market both for the farmers in the neighborhood and the manufacturer and merchant of Old Ontario. It may be said that in some details of their policy mistakes have been made, but even admitting this, it is surely better to go ahead even if some blunders are made than to stand still and do nothing. The work must be taken as a whole, and viewing it in that light the people of Ontario have reaped a great and distinct advantage from Mr. Ross' course. Not only is this the case in regard to New Ontario, but in connection with other details of his constructive policy directed towards finding new markets for the farmer and artizan and improving economic conditions. Mr. Whitney's line on the contrary has been altogether that of the carper and the obstructionist. He has proposed nothing and originated nothing. He may have some constructive ideas but unfortunately he appears to be unable to free himself from the old-time political tradition, that the only duty of the Opposition leader is to oppose.

The affairs of the Province have been well and wisely administered by the Liberals and the interests of the people carefully protected. We are not prepared to say that the Conservatives might not do equally as well in this regard but why should the electors make the experiment? Why should they allow a mere party name to influence them to incur the risk of a change, which is much more likely to be for the worse than for the better? They should be satisfied to "let well alone."

In Mr. Stratton Hon. G. W. Ross has an energetic and capable lieutenant whose presence in the Cabinet is a decided advantage to the county and town of Peterborough. He has administered his Department with marked success, and brought the conspicuous business tact and ability which he has always displayed in his own affairs into the public service. It is hardly conceivable that the people of the constituency whom he has faithfully served and whose interests he has always done his best to forward in every legitimate way will reject him in favor of an untried man in politics, whose qualifications as representative have never been manifested. We ask the electors to view the matter purely from the standpoint of hard-headed practical common sense, to put aside partizan and sentimental considerations and act as a plain business man would act in an affair of every day life. Why should Peterborough be represented by a private member of mediocre capacity rather than by a cabinet minister of proven ability and disposition to serve his constituents? Some better reason should be forthcoming than the fact that one is dubbed "Conservative" and the other "Liberal."

THE LESSON OF THE EARTHQUAKES

There has been a notable advance in the thought of the world since John Wesley wrote his well known sermon on "The Cause and Cure of Earthquakes," the occasion of which was the great Lisbon earthquake of 1st November, 1755. The lesson which the eminent divine sought to teach was the ever-important one of the need for national righteousness; but in a manner characteristic of the times, he assumed that the divine displeasure with a nation was manifested in calamities of this nature, and conversely, that in a comparative degree, at least, of divine satisfaction, might be inferred where such calamities were absent. Yet a contrary lesson had certainly been taught by the Master Himself, when He repudiated the idea that those on whom the tower in Siloam fell were "sinners above all them that dwelt in Jerusalem." To very few in our day will it occur to impute special moral demerit to the unhappy population of St. Pierre de Martinique. The sympathy of the world goes forth to them unchecked by any such uncharitable assumption. The savants of to-day simply try to understand the physical conditions upon which the various phenomena of nature depend; and the theologians do not, as a rule, seek to embarrass them in their researches by any arbitrary prescriptions. But, while we may congratulate ourselves that in our day there is peace on the frontier between science and religion, we must not unduly blame those who in past generations argued and speculated, or even dogmatised, according to their less perfect lights. A good sermon from an irrelevant or misunderstood text is better than no sermon at all; and who will say that any occasion is unsuitable for the preaching of righteousness?

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Yesterday was the last day for registering. It's all over now but the voting.

* * * *

The three following Thursdays of May, 1902, will be historic. On the 15th the Boers are expected to accept the British peace conditions; on the 22nd the provincial nominations will be held in Ontario; and on Thursday, May 29th the Ross Government will be beaten out of its political boots,

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

APSLEY

—The candidates for the Ontario Parliament have been here and told us all about the affairs of the Province and now we are ready to elect one of them (with the chances in favor of William).

—Although there is not likely to be any change in government, there are many changes going on in Apsley. Mr. Simon Windsor has torn down the old red store, an old landmark built by Mr. Vigard more than thirty years ago. Simon will at once commence building another on the site of the old one; he has all the material on the ground. Andy has finished the foundation work of Tommy's new house and carpenters will be put on this week. Work will be pushed forward next month on the Methodist church. Mr. McIlvena has his house almost completed and expects to move into it in a few weeks.

—Rev. Canon Harding, assisted by the members of his church, are making some good improvements to the churchyard. They have removed the unsightly fence that has stood for 25 years replacing it with a handsome wire fence.

—The municipal council intend having a new fence put up in front of the town hall property, and certainly not any too soon, as the present one is a disgrace to our village. There will be many other improvements during the summer. Others are purposing building in Apsley or near it if the saw mills can supply lumber, of which there is a scarcity at present.

—Mr. A. Evans, Presbyterian student, is in charge of Apsley and Clydesdale mission field for the summer, and though only a short time here has made many friends.

—A literary and improvement society is about to be started here.

—The union Sunday school will open next Sunday. Mr. J. E. Howson, the Superintendent, is assisted by a good staff of teachers.

—Miss Mattie Bullied is teaching at the Loon Lake school.

—The Apsley school has turned out a good many first class teachers and doctors, with more to follow.

—Robert has the factory in operation now with the prospect of a good season ahead.

GALWAY

It is with deep regret that we record the death of Mrs. John Clark, which sad event took place at the family residence on Monday, May 5th. The sad occurrence came as a shock to the whole community, for only two short years ago Mrs. Clark was made a bride and lived happily with her husband. Death was caused by premature confinement, the innocent cause being placed in the coffin at her side.

Deceased was only twenty-four years of age at the time of her death, and had, apparently, before her a long and a bright future. In all the duties of her position she was faithful. She was affectionate and devoted and deserved the title of a real home maker in the widest sense of that term, as she had already won a large circle of friends.

The remains were taken to the Roman Catholic cemetery in Galway, followed by a very large number of vehicles.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to Mr. John Clark, (son of Mr. Thos. Clark, ex-reeve of Galway,), whose home has been blighted so soon and who is one of the most promising young men of our township.

[illegible]

CHANDOS

—There is nothing but election talk at present.

—Mr. Wm. Anderson held a very successful meeting at S. S. No. 1 on Wednesday evening. The chair was taken by Reeve John Menogue, the speakers present being Mr. Thos. Blezard, John Menogue and David Campbell. It was the largest meeting ever held at Clydale.

—Mr. M. Clary was the guest of Mr. John Mannell last week.

—Mr. Thos. Blezard was the guest of John Menogue on Wednesday.

—Mr. Maurice Hobbins was the guest of Mr. Joseph Trotter on Sunday.

—Mr. M. Long and Patrick Menogue were the guests of Mr. James Scot on Sunday.

For the Farmer

Sheep are the only animals which do not really exhaust the land on which they feed. They distribute manure evenly on the field and tramp it into the soil, feeding upon plants that other animals will not consume.

It is claimed that if tobacco stems or refuse be placed around the base of a peach tree the borer will not attack the tree. The mode of applying is to get the stems around the trees, on the ground, and fasten them to the trees higher up. It is worthy of a trial.

Another remedy suggested for the curculio is to spray just before the trees blossom with a mixture of a pound of Paris green in sixty gallons of water. Two weeks later use kerosene emulsion, giving a third spraying about June 1st. This method, it is said, will destroy the curculio, leaf lice and other enemies of the plum.

Heat, moisture and occasionally cooling are the factors at work in the production of chickens. Heat is of course supplied by the hen, who, also, if she be a good setter, will see to the cooling, though as a rule it is better not to trust entirely to her for this. But moisture is beyond her control if the place of setting is allotted to her. In some districts there is no trouble whatever on this score, as the atmosphere is charged with sufficient for the needs of the eggs. But in others very great care has to be taken or dryness of the atmosphere will be fatal to successful hatching. Seasons also differ.

How to Spray.

The agricultural station of the University of Illinois has issued bulletin No. 68, prepared by Professor Arnold V. Stubenrauch, on "Important Details of Spraying." In the chapter describing the proper method of spraying, we read:

Having the mixtures properly prepared and thoroughly agitated cannot alone insure success. Unless the spray is properly applied, all preliminary effort is lost. To spray properly is more difficult than is usually supposed, especially where materials in suspension are used. It will not do to go out with a determination "to do a thorough job and give them an everlasting soaking" until everything is dripping. If this is done there will be less material on the trees in the end than if less were applied in a proper manner. This to some may seem paradoxical. Nevertheless, it is a fact, and an attempt will be made to show just how it takes place. In order to do this it will be necessary to consider the globules of water as they come from the nozzle, carrying with them suspended particles of Paris green or Bordeaux mixture, or both, as the case may be. The settling which takes place. The only way this can be avoided in the globules of water after they become fixed to the fruit and leaves. Hence the larger the globule, the more settling will take place, and consequently the more material will be deposited at one place in the spray tank goes on without. ed is to have the globules very small and fine as they leave the nozzle, and to keep them intact as separate, fine globules after they become attached to the fruit or leaf. Hence the importance of the injunction: "Use only a fine nozzle; use force enough to keep the liquid issuing as a fine mist, and spray only until the foliage and fruit are completely bedewed."

It requires considerable skill to do this properly and cover the surface fully. If it cannot be done with one spraying it would pay better to go over the trees twice, allowing the first application to dry before giving the second, than to try to accomplish it all at one time, and thus run the risk of going further than the simple bedewing of the fruit or leaves. If the spray is continued too long the fine globules will "run together" to form one or several large ones, which, instead of remaining fixed and drying just where they strike, will run down to the lowest place and drip. Of course, the suspended material settles to the lowest point of the globule, which is, in that case, spread over a considerable surface of the fruit. Some of the upper portions are thus left completely bare. At the lower edge the material will drip off with the water, or often accumulate in sufficient quantity to cause injury.

School Humor.

An English paper gives some further examples of children's unconscious humor in answering examination questions:

Alexander the Great was born in absence of his parents.

The chief clause in Magna Charta was that no free man should be put to death or imprisoned without his own consent.

Where were the kings of England crowned? On their heads.

What were the three most important Feudal dues? Friendship, courtship, marriage.

What do you know of Dryden and Buckingham? Dryden and Buckingham were at first friends, but soon became contemporaries.

What is Milton's chief work? Milton wrote a sensible poem called the "Canterbury Tails."

Give the names of five Shakespearian plays? Macbeth, Mikado, Quo Vadis, San Toy, Sign of the Cross.

An optimist is a man who looks after your eyes, and a pessimist is a man who looks after your feet.

A man who looks on the bright side of things is called an optionist, and the one who looks on the dull side is called a pianist.

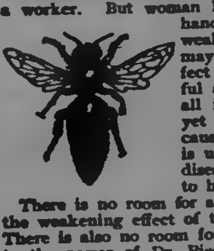
Peaceful business methods oft
Succeed where others fail;
Yet dentists and chiropodists
Keep fighting tooth and nail.
—Chicago News.

Tramp—I'd like ter do something to pay for all this, but I'm a cripple, mum.

Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter?

Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keepin' a list of all th' people wot offered me work, mum.—New York [illegible]

WASP WAISTS



Are not much in evidence among American women. The women of America are workers, and a weak waist handicaps a worker. But woman has a greater handicap than a weak waist. She may have a perfect form, beautiful and strong in all its lines, and yet be weak because her strength is undermined by diseases peculiar to her sex.

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A Prophecy Fulfilled.

On no less authority than that of Mr. Justin McCarthy it is stated that, with the exception of the King of Sweden, a descendant of Bernadotte, whom Napoleon raised from the ranks and later made king, there is not a single important ruler in Europe who is not descended from Mary, Queen of Scots. In "Macbeth," which was evidently written with the idea of courting the favor of James I., the first Stuart ruler of England, Shakespeare puts into the mouth of the witches this prophecy to Banquo, from whom the Stuarts are by legend descended: "Your children shall be kings." Even the most obsequious of courtiers could not have anticipated how literally true this compliment to the Stuarts through King James was to prove. It is certainly a curious historical fact that the dynasty of the Stuarts, "in many ways the worst dynasty," as Mr. McCarthy says, "that ever ruled over England, "should have left so many descendants among the reigning houses of Europe.

Meantime there is for the student of medical anthropology the spectacle of a series of inbreeding intermarriages that demonstrates the dangers and effects of marital consanguinity. Perhaps the lesson of the necessity for exercising more care as regards the relationship and other qualities of marital partners may thus be taught by example, if it cannot be enforced by the legal measures that are now so commonly suggested. In a word, the history of the present reigning families of Europe is an open book in which he who runs may read the evils of marriage where new blood is not constantly introduced to modify the degenerative tendencies of the original stock. The lesson may be learned better from a "horrible example" than from the cold logic of statistics on the subject.

Faith and Works.

A piece of bright class-room repartee comes from a Western college. The professor had been annoyed by the tardy entrance of a student into the lecture-room, and pointedly stopped talking until the man took his seat.

After class the student went to the desk and apologized.

"My watch was fifteen minutes out of the way, sir. It's bothered me a good deal lately, but after this I shall put no more faith in it."

"It's not faith you want in it," replied the professor; "it's works."

Recognized Their Old Friend.

The love which English people, especially British soldiers, feel for Florence Nightingale has been shown at many times and in many places. A new and striking instance of it was recently given by the "Sunday Magazine."

The late Sir John Steell, sculptor to Queen Victoria, was modeling a bust of Miss Nightingale, when an officer of one of the Highland regiments which had suffered so cruelly in the Crimea heard that the bust had just been completed, and was in Sir John's studio. Many of the men in his company had passed through the hospital at Scutari, and he obtained permission from the sculptor to bring some of them to see it. Accordingly a squad of men one day marched into the big studio and stood in line.

They had no idea why they had been mustered in so strange a place. Without a word of warning the bust was uncovered, and then, as by one impulse, the men broke rank, and with cries of "Miss Nightingale! Miss Nightingale!" surrounded the model, and with hats off cheered the figure of their devoted nurse until the roof rang.

So spontaneous and hearty and so inspiring was the whole scene that in after days Sir John Steell declared it to be the greatest compliment of his life.

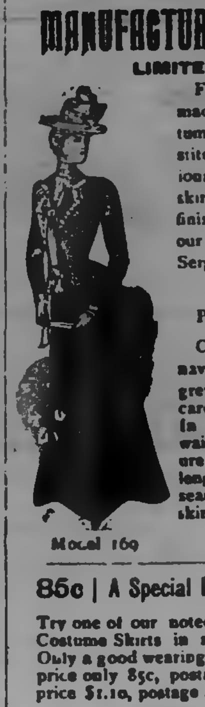
Tommy—Pop, a husband and a wife are one, aren't they?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then it doesn't always take two to make a quarrel, does it?—Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Marters—I must say, Jane, that I am not altogether pleased with your cooking.

The Cook—It isn't to be expected you should be at first, ma'am; but you'll get educated up to it in time.—Boston Transcript.



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FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT. 380 Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. W. D. Parker. Apply at above address.

ORGAN AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS Doherty Organ, eleven stops, good as new, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Times Bookstore.

TWO LADIES' BICYCLES, IN GOOD CONdition and by the best makers. A snap. Apply at Times Bookstore.

Children's Aid Society

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature. 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office, Division Court buildings.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. McGILL, General Manager
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

A Skin Like Satin. Free From Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using **Derma Cream** Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample, to prove merits 10c No postage stamps received. J B HOSKEN Dept. O 155 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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R·I·P·A·N·S
There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R·I·P·A·N·S Tabule. For sale by Druggists. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

VARICOCELE
If you are tired of being experimented upon, you will find my Latest Method Treatment is a guaranteed cure for varicocele without use of knife or loss of time. It absorbs the wormy condition, restores the parts, thereby bringing back lost powers. If you take my treatment, you pay when cured.

STRICTURE Thousands of you have stricture and do not know it. If you have been indiscreet, or improperly treated, or notice a smarting sensation, unnatural discharge, weak organs, or back, nervous debility, or if you are not the man you should be, it may be the cause of stricture. If you are in doubt, call and see me as I will examine you free of charge; my Latest Method Treatment absorbs the stricture, thereby making cutting or stretching unnecessary, and you pay when cured.

MY LATEST METHOD TREATMENT is a positive cure for all Chronic, Private, Nervous, Delicate, Blood, Skin, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female troubles. REMEMBER each time you call you see me personally, or each time you write it receives my personal attention; if you cannot call send for blank; perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call.

All Medicines for Canadian Patients Shipped from Windsor, Canada.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

Anecdotal

Shortly after Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" made its appearance, J. T. Trowbridge was walking with Lowell in Cambridge, when the latter pointed out a doorway sign, "Groceries," with the letters set zigzag, to produce a bizarre effect. "That," said he, "is Walt Whitman—with very common goods inside."

A Philadelphia paper declares that Archbishop Ryan was recently about to take a train for Baltimore at the Broad Street Station, when a young man accosted him, saying: "Your face is familiar, where in hell have I seen you?" "I really don't know," replied the archbishop, blandly; "what part of hell do you come from?"

Many years ago, when Senator Ingalls was in the Senate, oleomargarine was a bone of contention. The debate led Ingalls to utter one of those epigrammatic sentences which made him famous. "I have never, to my knowledge, tasted oleomargarine," said Ingalls, "but I have stood in the presence of genuine butter with awe for its strength and reverence for its antiquity."

A lady carrying on mission work in the slums was teaching a little colored girl to spell. She used a pictorial primer, and over each word was its accompanying picture. Polly glibly spelled "o-x, ox," and "b-o-x, box," etc. But the teacher thought that she was making "right rapid progress." So she put her hand over the picture, and said, "Polly, what does 'o-x' spell?" "Ox," answered Polly, nimbly. "How do you know that it spells 'ox,' Polly?" "Seed his tail," replied the apt Polly.

A very popular Oxford dean, crossing the quadrangle of Christ's College one day, was met by a number of undergraduates who passed him without "capping." The reverend gentleman felt annoyed. "Do you know who I am?" he asked. "No, sir." "Then how long have you been at the college?" "Eight days, sir." "Indeed!" replied the dean, sarcastically. "Well, in that case, you stand excused. I know that puppies do not open their eyes until the ninth day." And then he resumed his walk.

While he was in England, Mark Twain says his head was once taxed as gas works. He wrote Queen Victoria a friendly letter of protest, saying: "I don't know you, but I've met your son. He was at the head of a procession in the Strand, and I was on a 'bus." Years afterward he met the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., at Homberg. They had a long walk and talk together. When bidding him good-by, the Prince said: "I am glad to have met you again." This remark troubled Twain, who feared that he had been mistaken for someone else. He communicated this suspicion to the Prince, who replied: "Why, don't you remember when you met me in the Strand and I was at the head of a procession, and you were on a 'bus?"

Slason Thompson says that the late Eugene Field was fond of relating the following story of James Whitcomb Riley: "To beguile the tediousness of the return voyage from Europe, it was proposed to give a concert in the saloon of the ship—an entertainment to which all capable of amusing their fellow-voyagers should contribute. Mr. Riley was asked to recite some of his original poems, and, of course, he cheerfully agreed to do so. Among the number present at this mid-ocean entertainment, over which the Rev. Myron Reed presided, were two Scotchmen, very worthy gentlemen, en route from the land o' cakes to the land of biscuits, upon a tour of investigation. These twain shared the enthusiasm with which the auditors applauded Mr. Riley's charming recitations. They marveled that so versatile a genius could have lived in a land reputed for uncouthness and savagery. "Is it no wonderfu', Donal," remarked one of these Scots, "that a tradesman suld be sic a bonnie poet?" "And is he indeed a tradesman?" asked the one. "Indeed he is," answered the other; "did ye no hear the dominie intryjuce him as the hoosier poet? Just think of it, mon—just think of sic a gude poet dividing his time making hoosiery?"

Humor of the Hour.

Bunko Steerer—This is Mr. Wayback, I believe.

Farmer Wayback (suspiciously)—You have the advantage of me, young man.

Bunko Steerer—Not yet, not yet. Of course, nobody knows what may happen later on.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

A Smart Salesman.

Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, Johnny?

"Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings."

"Good, my boy," said the jeweler, highly pleased. "We'll make a first-class salesman of you one of these days. You got the regular price, of course?"

"Oh, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside, 18c., and the gentleman took all that was left, sir."—N.Y. "Life."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey
Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Wilful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"I know," persisted his friend, "but I cannot see a lovely young wife take one step in a wrong path without feeling deep concern. I am married to a young wife myself, you know, and what does she know of the world or of its follies? Supposing she should, by chance, make the acquaintance of such a dangerous man as St. John, I should be thankful enough to any man who would drop me a hint of it. Remember, she might be innocent enough, but there's no trusting a fellow who has no reputation— no honor."

"My advice is, keep out of the affair, my dear fellow," laughed his companion.

They rose from their seats and walked away.

"I think one of those gentlemen quite right," mused Aleck, throwing back his handsome head and watching the blue rings of smoke as it curled gracefully above it. "A hint should be dropped to the husband— that is, if he does not know of his wife's acquaintance with St. John, which is presumably a fact, as St. John never cultivates the acquaintance of a pretty woman's husband."

With that thought he dismissed the subject from his mind.

Heaven help him, how little he dreamed who the young wife was the gentlemen referred to.

Aleck had been gone three days, and as yet no letter had reached him from Daisy, although the devoted young husband had written her three.

"She does not answer through pique," he told himself amusedly. "She is still displeased, bless her dear little heart, because I did not take her with me!"

A week had passed, still pressing business detained him; and although he had written Daisy regularly, he had not received one line from her in reply.

He was growing quite alarmed. What could it mean? Surely her petulant anger had had time to cool. He determined to write to Squire Gordon, her father, and find out what it meant.

Was his darling ill? Ah! surely not, for in that case he would have been apprised of it at once.

He would have taken the next express back to New York, business or no business. What was the whole world to him compared to Daisy, her comfort, and her welfare!

No reply was received from her father. Aleck was mystified.

He decided to close his business affairs the following day, no matter how disastrous the loss might be to him; he must know why Daisy had had not written to him.

"I might as well take in the theater with my friends the last evening I am in Boston," he concluded.

As he was crossing the rotunda to join the group of gentlemen waiting for him on the piazza; he was touched on the arm by a messenger boy.

"Mr. Hamilton, I believe," he said, "I spoke to you twice, sir, but you did not seem to hear."

"I am Mr. Hamilton. What can I do for you, my lad?" returned Aleck, pleasantly.

For answer the boy placed a telegram in his hand.

With a strange presentiment of coming evil, Aleck tore open the envelope, and ran his eyes in a flash over the contents, which were as follows:—

"To Mr. Alexander Hamilton, —— Hotel, Boston:

"In heaven's name, take the first express back to New York!

Hetty Gordon."

Strong man as he was, Alexander Hamilton turned pale as death.

There was something terribly wrong at home; he had felt sure of it all along. Could there be anything the matter with Daisy, his darling?

The next train would not start until midnight, and once aboard, it seemed to fairly creep along. At last he saw the tall spires of the metropolis faintly outlined in the early morning light.

"Heaven help me, if anything is the matter with Daisy!" he murmured hoarsely.

CHAPTER XXXIII.
Daisy Meets Harold St. John Face To Face.

Although the villa was about three miles from the great metropolis, almost every day Daisy drove into the city and through Central park.

Hetty was usually her companion, but one day—ah, how well she remembered it in the after years—her sister could not accompany her, and she went alone.

It was a day bright as golden sunshine could make it, but poor Daisy never dreamed that it was for her the day of doom.

Her spirits rose as she rode along through the sunshine and the early morning air.

How foolish she had been to wear her life out in terrible fear, she told herself. Fate would be too kind to her to part her from Aleck. Others had committed sins far worse, and the world never knew, —why should she find less mercy?

She never remembered how it happened —whether she was thinking too deeply, or whether the coach which came whirling around a sharp corner quite unobserved bore down upon her before she had the opportunity to turn aside—the fact remained the same; in a twinkling a wheel of the phaeton lay on the ground; and a terrible accident might have been recorded, if one of the blue-coated patrolmen, who had witnessed the occurrence, had not sprung quickly forward and grasped the bit of Daisy's rearing pony with a hand like bands of steel.

"I am not at all hurt," said Daisy, in reply to the frightened inquiries of the gentleman who had sprung from the coach, "the only damage done is the wrenching off of the wheel of my carriage. I see it is not broken."

Would she permit him to see that the damage was repaired? the gentleman inquired —there was a place adjacent where it could be done; she could either wait in the park for it or come to the office of the carriage factory.

"I will wait here," replied Daisy, consenting to the arrangement, and the pony and phaeton were taken away.

Daisy sat down on one of the benches busily intent upon watching a group of children talking and laughing a little way on.

How their childish prattle interested her. They were as beautiful and pure as angels, those little ones, she thought; how short a time it was since she had been like one of these—not more than eight years, and since then

To be Continued

They Staked Their Lives.

NOT long ago, among the varied pictures of human life which go to make up the daily newspaper, appeared a story as thrilling as fiction, although it was only a part of the plain news of the day. It had to do with the life-savers at the Chatham station which guards the end of Cape Cod. For thirty-six hours Captain Eldredge and his crew, who patrol this point of land projecting far out into the Atlantic, went through as hard an experience as brave men are often called upon to endure. The story is outlined by the "Youth's Companion:"

During a freezing hurricane they saw a schooner in distress off Pollock Rip. Ordinarily there could have been no question as to whether or not they should go to her assistance; for although every drop of water froze as fast as it fell, and the sea was mad, and Pollock Rip is a treacherous place, yet life-savers are used to riotous weather and do not hesitate. But this time there was a special element of danger; a northwest wind tearing down past the edge of the land at sixty miles an hour made it impossible for any boat that should set out for Pollock Rip to return against the gale.

But the men of the Chatham station did not stop to reckon their chances of return. Trusting that the schooner might hold out through the storm if manned and pumped by a fresh crew, they struck out in their life-boat toward the Rip.

Although the wind was with them, it was a hard pull. Three times they were nearly swamped, and when they reached the schooner, they dared not pull alongside of her. It took an hour of hard work to get aboard, and even then the crew of the schooner had to pull them up one by one with ropes, as if they, the life-savers, were the rescued, not the rescuers.

They had won their goal, but it might still be nothing but a goal of death; they knew that when they started. One pump was broken, the crew of the vessel was half exhausted, and the water was pouring into the schooner at the rate of nine hundred pump-strokes an hour.

Sending most of the ship's crew to their bunks, Captain Eldredge and his men manned the two good pumps and fought the inrushing water. After thirty hours of fighting they won. That is how the schooner "Emma D. Endicott," Captain Rogers of New York, lived to be towed up to Boston.

If she had not lived, the men of the Chatham life-saving station, who staked their lives on the chance that they could reach her and keep her afloat, who went to her aid knowing they could not return until the wind abated—well, they would not have lived to hear people tell them how brave they are.

Mrs. or Miss?

JUST as a sort of New Year's card, the Woman's Suffrage Society of Paris have issued a manifesto contending that, as woman in her maiden name accomplishes all the duties of a citizen, she does prejudice to her interests by sinking her identity and losing her individuality in adopting the name of her husband when she marries. Consequently, it seems on the tapis that in future, when Miss Smith marries Mr. Brown, she will still retain her maiden patronymic of Smith. Being married, she must of necessity be Mrs.; therefore, if she retains her maiden name of Smith, we shall have the weird anomaly of Mr. Brown and Mrs. Smith as man and wife. Now, supposing Mrs. Smith, otherwise Mrs. Brown, should, by any unforeseen event, meet with a Mr. Smith in the absence of her husband, and it should go forth to the world—in a hotel visitors' book, for instance—that they were actually Mr. and Mrs. Smith, where the dickens, in the event of trouble, would Mr. Brown come in? Mr. Brown might swear by all that was holy that Mrs. Smith was Mrs. Brown, but if Mr. Smith swore that she was Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Smith did not stoop to deny it, what jury outside a lunatic asylum could convict Mrs. Smith of playing fast and loose with Mr. Brown? It is a complex problem, to say the least of it; but if the Woman's Suffrage Society of gay Paree are not content to let well alone, I suppose they must put up with the consequences.

Man as an Incarnation.

PEOPLE of a materialistic frame of mind, to whom man is but a machine, says an editorial writer in the "Hospital," are apt to put on one side all that cannot be weighed and measured as not only inexplicable or unthinkable, but as quite beyond the range of reasonable discussion. Such people are advised to attend a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research for "a change of scene." What they will see is thus described:

"There they will find people, quite as convinced as they are of their own sanity, and quite as content as they can possibly be with the correctness of their own interpretation of things, asserting the most astounding propositions, without turning a hair. To those who are so self-centered as to think that there is something cranky about all who do not see as they do, it is a wholesome awakening to find good, solid, comfortable, and respectable people believing in telepathy as a thing indisputable, and holding that man, as we see him engaged in his various more or less ignoble pursuits, in the city and elsewhere, is but the incarnation of one little bit of himself as he exists in an intangible and ethereal form. At the last meeting of the Psychical Research Society, Dr. Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., said that he did not hold that the whole of any one of us was incarnated in their terrestrial bodies; certainly not in childhood; more, but perhaps not so very much more, in adult life. What was manifest was only a definite portion of a much larger whole. What the rest was doing during the years spent here he did not know. Perhaps it was asleep; but probably, he said, it was not entirely asleep with men of genius, nor perhaps was it all completely inactive with people called mediums. Now to the modern materialist all this is absolute 'rot.' Yet Dr. Lodge is not exactly a man to pooh-pooh. Indeed, may not the immaterialists retort that this is a Christian country and that our very religion teaches us not to weigh and measure too exactly? Again, Roentgen, Tesla, and Marconi have of late been giving many shocks to old ideas. At any rate, this is clear, that we must not too rigidly put outside the bounds of sanity belief in the unthinkable. It is a queer world, and which half of it is sane appears still undecided."

Good News!

Stage Manager—Mr. Heavy, you will take the part of Alonzo. Mr. Heavy—I have never seen this play. Do you think I can please the audience in that part? "Immensely. You die in the first act."—"Tit-Bits."

A GOOD GUIDE
GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
Describing the route of the
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS
WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DA
ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902
Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N.Y.
A. H. NOTMAN
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent
1 King St. East, Toronto

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
VICTORIA DAY
MAY 24th 1902
Return tickets will be issued at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.,
GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th
Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

Turning Smoke Into Gold.

QUEEN ELIZABETH of England was not a thoroughgoing spinster, for she had so little prejudice against the practice of smoking that she permitted Sir Walter Raleigh his pipe in the royal presence. She was sufficiently a woman, however, to twit him openly on his devotion to the weed, and it was on one of these occasions—or so the author of "The Soverane Herbe" shrewdly surmises—that the knight replied:

"I can assure Your Majesty that I have so well experienced the nature of it that I can tell even the weight of the smoke in any quantity I consume."

"I doubt it much, Sir Walter," replied Elizabeth, holding it was impossible to weigh smoke, and mayhap scenting a joke, "and I will wager you twenty gold angels that you do not solve my doubt."

Gallantly accepting the wager, Raleigh filled his pipe with a weighed quantity of tobacco, smoked it out, and then, weighing the resultant ashes, announced the weight he had smoked away.

"Your Majesty cannot deny that the difference has disappeared in smoke."

"Truly, I cannot," answered the Queen. Ordering the wager to be paid, she turned to the courtiers around her and said: "Many alchemists have I heard of who turned gold into smoke, but Raleigh is the first who has turned smoke into gold."

Prince Henry frequently surprised his American companions on his recent tour by his knowledge of the idioms and slang of our language. The climax was reached on Monday on the train returning from Philadelphia, where his Royal Highness had inspected the magnificent Russian battle ship Retvizan. The Prince suddenly leaned over to Admiral "Bob" Evans, and, with a merry twinkle in his eye, said:—

"Admiral, this certainly is a most wonderful country—where even the physical ailments of the people win a European's admiration."

Evans, with a puzzled look, replied, "I beg your pardon, but I don't quite catch your meaning."

"Why," the Prince replied, with a broad smile, "we Europeans would be only too glad to have American Cramps!"—New York Times.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according o law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Town Hall, Bridgenorth, Thursday, evening, May 15.

Young's Point, Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Bensfort Thursday evening, May 15th.

At Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President.
C. N. OGER, Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

"WIRE SOLDER"
Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

ARE YOU STOUT.
[illegible]

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MAY 15 1902.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Look out for The Times in its new and improved form.

—The police are busily engaged in serving notices to clean yards, &c.

—Vote for Stratton and ensure Peterborough's future prosperity.

—The Gun Club will have a shoot at Riverside Park this afternoon.

—For honest up-to-date Photos go to Whiten, and you will get the best.

—The Chief has a society pin and badge and scarf pin for which he wants owners.

—Hon. George A. Cox has given a pair of African lions to Riverside Park Toronto.

—Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons, shipped 16 bales of goods to London, England on Tuesday.

—Several dog owners were up in the police court yesterday for not having their dog tags.

—Amateur baseball players monopolize the side streets and vacant lots of the town just now.

—East York Farmers' Institute will run a pic-nic to Peterborough the second week in June.

—What a nice hammock! New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

—The Band will give the last indoor concert of the season to-morrow night. Let there be a bumper house.

—The City of Peterborough makes her first trip to Jubilee this afternoon. The steamer will leave at one o'clock.

—The Toronto Star in speaking of the sacred concert in St. Paul's church on Tuesday evening, said it was a most enjoyable affair and very successful.

—If some merchants appreciated the value of advertising as much as some politicians do, their business would prosper accordingly.

—The political pot is beginning to simmer. Yesterday two bets were made on the result in East Peterborough—one on 100 majority for Stratton, and one on a thousand.

—Hamilton Times.—A deputation of school trustees from Peterborough and Ashburnham will visit the School of Domestic Science on Wednesday (yesterday)

—Toronto Globe.—"A deputation from Peterborough consisting of Messrs. J. J. Hartley, R. Fair, V. Eastwood, R. R. Rogers, W. G. Morrow, and W. D. Parker, were met at the Walker House yesterday by Mr. W. C. Wilkinson, secretary of the Public School Board, and shown through a number of the Toronto schools, the object being to obtain ideas with a view to the improvement of the schools at Peterborough."

MR. STRATTON'S MEETINGS

Where He Will be Engaged the Remainder of the Week

Hon. Mr. Stratton's engagements for the next six days are as follows:—

Wednesday night — Napanee in Lennox.

Thursday night — Brighton, in East Northumberland.

Friday night — Warsaw, in East Peterborough.

Saturday night — Committee Rooms, Peterborough.

Tuesday night — Orange Hall, Buckhorn.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month.

A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magazines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelopes, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelopes to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelopes 10cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices, Times Bookstore.

Mr. Elliott Coming

Mr. Andrew Elliott, of Galt, the veteran Farmers' Institute speaker and worker, has written Mr. Wm. Collins, Secretary of the West Peterborough Farmers' Institute stating that he will be here to attend the big farmer's pic-nic at Jubilee Point next month, and deliver an address on topics interesting to farmers.

The Bank of Montreal

The annual statement of the Bank of Montreal has been made public, and is of a most gratifying character, the profits being nearly one hundred thousand dollars greater than last year. We will defer giving the figures until after the annual meeting takes place. The local branch, under the capable managment of Mr. Hogg, contributes its full share to the prosperity of the great financial institution.

Death of Mrs. Dredge

There passed away at Nicholls Hospital yesterday afternoon about four o'clock Mrs. Dredge, beloved wife of Mr. Charles Dredge, and mother of Mr. Walter Dredge pressman at The Times Office. The deceased had been suffering from appendicitis, as well as other troubles, and when it was found that an operation was indispensible, she was removed to the hospital on Thursday last. The operation was successfully performed on Monday by Dr. Carmichael, assisted by Drs. Halliday and Boucher. Complications set in, and she gradually sank until death came to her relief as above. Mrs. Dredge was a beloveable woman, and many will mourn her demise. She was 50 years of age. The family will have the deep sympathy of the community in their irreparable loss. The funeral will take place from the family residence, 13 Victoria Avenue, (North) to-morrow, Friday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock, to the Little Lake Cemetery.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and Around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Miss Vida Foote is spending her vacation with her aunt in Napanee.

—Miss Maud Nugent, of Millbrook, is visiting with her cousin, Miss A. E. Peters, Ashburnham.

—Mr. John Thorndyke, carpenter, left yesterday for Muskoka, where he will be engaged for the summer, in the erection of a summer residence for a Toronot man.

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

Reg. Turner Wounded

Yesterday Mr. J. J. Turner received a post card from his son Reginald, dated April 6th, informing him that he had been wounded, and is now down with enteric fever, in Severn Hospital, Pretoria. Previous to being taken to the field hospital, Reg. was in the saddle 36 hours. The Times joins in expressing the hope, which is universal, that the gallant boy will be soon again in the saddle.

MILITARY NOTES

No. 4 Company was well represented at the Drill Hall last evening. Sergt Jackson being in command and in charge of the recruits present for range practice with the Morris Tube. Several good scores were made, Corporal Hall showing up well and Pte. K. Henderson being a close second.

Staff Sergt Green who was present on invitation took a crack at the targets and succeeded in topping the score.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore

An Amusing Incident

Last Sunday evening a very amusing incident occurred at St. Luke's church. The service was over and the people began putting on their wraps. One of our prominent citizens who is a noted golf player, reached for his overcoat, and by some means he got hold of the tails of the garment instead of the neck. The congregation was startled to hear a loud noise in his vicinity, and it was soon learned that a number of golf balls, which he had in his pocket, fell out, and rolled in every direction under the pews making a racket that was startling. The people were shocked at first, but this soon gave way to a sensation of great amusement. Indeed, our informant, who sat near the unfortunate golfer, said that the look of horror on his face, as the balls clattered over the church, was very funny, and worth coming "Myles" to see. However, it is only proper, lest there be some injustice done, to state that this was not the golfer's regular Sunday coat.

High Beef a Benefit

if it teaches you that

BETTER HEALTH
GREATER STRENGTH
KEENER BRAIN

come from

GRAPE-NUTS

Try the change and "cut out" meat for breakfast.

Our word for it you will feel "Fit as a Lord" in a week's time by breakfasting on Grape-Nuts and cream, a little fruit and perhaps one or two soft eggs.

If you ever try this experiment, you will always bless the day of high beef that waked you up.

There's a reason why Grape-Nuts furnishes power to the body and brain. The food contains selected parts of the field grains that furnish phosphate of potash in a natural state that can be assimilated by the human body, this joins with the albumen of food and forms the soft filling of the brain and nerve centers.

Feed skilfully and you can "do things."

The greatest brain workers in America eat Grape-Nuts.

Ask one or two, they'll tell you.

You meat eaters who are ailing in any sort of way might take a valuable hint from the following statement of Chief Chemist Wiley, of the Agricultural Department, in the Daily Press from which we give the following extracts :—

"There is no doubt of the fact that meat-eating is not essential to human life, and that men can be well nourished without resorting to a fish diet,

"I think the statement may be accepted without question that, as a rule, we eat too much, not only of meat, but of all forms of food. The question of limiting the diet is based primarly not on the principle of economy, but on the requirements of hygiene.

"At the early breakfasts which Americans are wont to indulge in, that is, a hearty meal before going to their daily work, the omission of meat is to be earnestly advised.

"It is well known that men who are nourished very extensively on certain cereals are capable of the hardest and most enduring labor. Meats are quickly digested, furnish an abundance of energy soon after consumption, but are not retained in the digestive organism long enough to sustain permanent muscular exertion.

You will feel the Energy of Grape-Nuts longer than any meal of meat.

Remember Grape-Nuts food costs about one cent per meal for each person and all grocers sell it.

Made at pure food factories of Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

DR. FORD'S BIG MEETING

He will Address the Electors of Ashburnham on Monday

Dr. Ford, the Conservative Candidate for East Peterborough, will hold a meeting in Ashburnham on Monday evening next, in the Town Hall, Ashburnham This is the Doctor's first meeting in Ashburnham, and as he is a rattling good speaker, many no doubt will go to hear him.

The Times of Tuesday will contain a report of the meeting.

TO THE ADVERTISER

Do you realize that it would be easy for you to increase your business to the extent of several thousand dollars a year?

Do you know that hundreds of people living in the country surrounding Peterborough never see your name in the newspaper they read; that they don't know why it would be to their advantage to deal with you?

Do you know that those people are sending to Toronto for goods they could buy from you, if they knew you wanted to sell them?

Do you realize that the merchants of Toronto and Montreal are reaching out for the trade of this, and other towns; that they are spending thousands of dollars in advertising, to tell people who ought to buy from YOU all about their goods?

Are YOU telling the people about YOUR GOODS, and the LOW PRICES at which you sell them?

You CAN NOT do so thoroughly, if you don't advertise in THE TIMES, because THE TIMES reaches people whom you can't reach through any other medium.

At least 60 per cent, of the people living in the surrounding country read "THE TIMES" and NO OTHER newspape These people have money to spend and will spend it in Toronto because they think they can buy more cheaply there than here, If you don't secure their custom.

Use THE TIMES to tell them you can give them better bargains than they can get in Toronto.

You'll make money, you'll increase your business, you'll get new customers if you advertise in THE TIMES.

We're going to make THE TIMMES the best daily paper in Eastern Ontario. We have made arrangemtns to improve the local news service and to push the paper to the foremost place in the front ranks. We want you to advertise in THE TIMES because it'll pay you to do so. Every dollar you spend for advertising in The Times will return with good interest added.

Remember—No matter how much business you are doing now—YOU CAN DOO MORE if you advertise in THE TIMES.

TRY IT AND SEE IF YOU CAN'T.

PETERBORO'S POPULAR ROUTE

Peterborough Navigation Company Excursions to Rice Lake

The following excursions are already booked for Jubilee Point for the coming season, per steamer City of Peterborough:

May 22—Sons of England, moonlight.
May 24—57th Regiment Band (Steamer Water Lily also engaged.)
June 13—Farmer's Picnic.
June 26—C.O.F.—three Courts— (Water Lily also engaged.)
July 1.—Sons of England.
Aug. 11—Catholic Order Foresters.

There are several other excursions under consideration showing that the beautiful Otonabee River will have its share of the excursion business this year.

A Big Demonstration

A member of one of the local labour organizations suggested to The Times the idea of holding a big labor demonstration at Jubilee Point on Labour Day this year. The entire fleet of steamers on the waters would be necessary to carry the crowds from town to the Point and return. We think the idea a capital one, and would suggest that the matter be taken up at once. Unless this is done the steamers will be chartered ahead for that day.

SODDOM AND GOMORRAH

A Traveller Talks About the Martinique Disaster

"My first thought when I read of the destruction of St Pierre was that it was simply the history of Sodom and Gomorrah repeated," said Mr. M. Walker, a commercial traveller, to The Times yesterday.

"The morals of the inhabitants of St. Pierre were very bad," he explained. "Good women were an exception among the natives. I cannot picture the vice and immorality of that place vividly enough. It had to be seen to be understood. It is my fear that my friend and companion, Mr. Henry Wade, has lost his life, as he lived in the city and not back of the mountain, as I did. It may be wondered why people did not escape in time.

"When it is considered, however, that to one side laid the volcano, on another a steep mountain, on the other the sea, while the only avenue of escape, toward Fort-de-France, was within the radius of the volcano's power, the true situation may be seen. The people were simply like rats in a trap and had no way to turn. Whoever thought of an eruption proceeding from the volcano. It seemed entirely extinct and the fact that a little lake lay at the bottom of the crater lent strength to this supposition.

"This crater lay about twelve miles to the north and west of St. Pierre and could be climbed after hard work. Its precipitous sides were covered with rough rocks and lava beds. The crater proper was 300 yards in diameter and eighty feet deep.

Mr. Walker says that the whole archipelago is volcanic, and he fears the trouble is not all over yet.

A BELOVED PASTOR

Tribute to the Rev. J. P. Wilson, of George Street Church

The Quarterly Board of the George street Methodist church held its last meeting for the year on Wednesday evening. The various reports that came in showed a very prosperous year.

The following resolution was passed regarding the pastor, the members approving by unanimous vote;

"This Quarterly Board, at the close of the second year of the pastorate of Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., desire to convey to him their thanks for his faithful ministry. In every department of pastoral work Mr. Wilson has been eminently satisfactory — his pulpit efforts have been pleasing, interesting, instructive and helpful; the sick have been faithfully ministered to, the classes and Sunday school helped, and in his intercourse with the people he has won their respect and love.

"We take pleasure in conveying to Mr. Wilson this expression of our appreciation and good will, and hope that the present relationship of pastor and people may be long continued."

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure W E Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

GALWAY

It is with deep regret that we record the death of Mrs. John Clark, which sad event took place at the family residence on Monday, May 5th. The sad occurrence came as a shock to the whole community, for only two short years ago Mrs. Clark was made a bride and lived happily with her husband. Death was caused by premature confinement, the innocent cause being placed in the coffin at her side.

Deceased was only twenty-four years of age at the time of her death, and had, apparently, before her a long and a bright future. In all the duties of her position she was faithful. She was affectionate and devoted and deserved the title of a real home maker in the widest sense of that term, as she had already won a large circle of friends.

The remains were taken to the Roman Catholic cemetery in Galway, followed by a very large number of vehicles.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to Mr. John Clark, (son of Mr. Thos. Clark, ex-reeve of Galway), whose home has been blighted so soon and who is one of the most promising young men of our township.

Is Your Back Lame

Does it hurt to stoop or bend down? Have you a heavy, dull pain at the base of the spine? If so, the best remedy is Nerviline. It will invigorate the tried, sore muscles, make them supple and strong. Nerviline will drive out the pain and make you well in no time. Nothing so good as Nerviline for lumbago, stiff neck, rheumatism, neuralgia and sciatica. Buy a 25c. bottle of Polson's Nerviline to-day and try it.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Special to The Times.

Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

THE TORONTO SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

Liquor License Act

Information of any infraction of the Liquor License Act within the West Riding Peterborough, forwarded to me at Peterborough with the bona fide name and address of the sender will be treated with confidence and acted upon promptly

GEORGE COCHRANE,
License Inspector West Peterborough

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.00 per day. Commercial rooms.

Legal

POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 and 15 Broadway, New York.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.

Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.

Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.

Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.

Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. overnight.

Try Them.

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH

Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales

FOR EVERYBODY

COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS

GET OUR PRICES

C. WILSON & SON,
21 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO, of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local Manager

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Canvasser —WANTED—

to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS INK, 10 SpruceSt., New York

TENDERS

Will be received by the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

for construction work required in the reduction of grades on the Ontario & Quebec Railway between Smith's Falls and Toronto. This will include clearing, grading, masonry, bridging and tracklaying. Specifications and forms of tender, will be furnished on application. Plans and profiles may be examined in the office of W. F. Tye, Chief Engineer of Construction Montreal, where bids should be sent not later than the 15th day of May 1902. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. F. TYE.
Chief Engineer of Construction.
Montreal, 23rd April, 1902

IF THEY DO NOT CURE YOU.

These are the terms upon which we will mail you a full size box of either

Dr. Dean's Nerve & Blood Builder
—OR—
Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills.

We know you never tried the equal of these wonderful remedies and that's why we can offer to send back your money if you buy them and are not perfectly satisfied.

Send 25c. in stamps and get a box by return mail.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

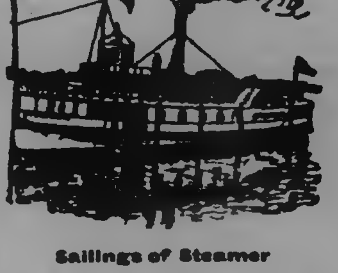
Working Shirts at	40c
Suspenders	15c
Overalls, with bib, at	48c
Smocks, at	90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED



Sailings of Steamer

BOBCAYGE STURGE POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at	7 00 a m
" Port Hope at	8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at	12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at	5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday	7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday	2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday	Morning

Finest excursion trip on the continent.

Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville	11.00 a m
" Trenton	1.15 p m
" Brighton	2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte	7.30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.

NIAGARA ON THE SEA

THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav., Peterborough, Ontario, or to THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L.A

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

The Morning Times

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

VOL. 28 NO. 115 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MAY 16 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE ST. PIERRE ERUPTION RELIEF FOR WEST INDIES

How Science Views It--Heat Melted Iron Bars--Echoes of the Horrible Disaster

Special to the Times.

London, May 15.—In a statement in the House of Commons to-day regarding the measures proposed by the Government for the relief of the sufferers from the volcanic outbreaks in the West Indies, the Government leader, A. J. Balfour, after a reference to the steps taken, added:

"We have not taken account of the most sympathetic manner in which the United States Government have, to use their own language, expressed their desire "to share in the work of aid and rescue." As to the manner in which this generous offer can best be accepted, the Government of the Windward Islands has already been consulted."

Mr. Balfour referred to the opening of the relief fund at the Mansion House by the Lord Mayor, Sir Joseph Dimsdale, in behalf of the sufferers of the Island of St. Vincent, and said that Canada, Jamaica, and the other West Indian Island, and the Island of Mauritius (in the Indian Ocean) had promised to help with money and goods.

AN OX SURVIVED.

Fort de France, May 15.— The only living thing seen at St. Pierre by a search party was an ox, thin as a skeleton, which stalked slowly through the wreckage to the beach, where it drank sea water, and then went back up the hillside.

Between St. Pierre and Carbet was the body of a man at the foot of a statue of the Virgin, he apparently having been killed while praying.

The wave of fire must have passed over that section of the island at extreme hurricane velocity. Every house in St. Pierre, not excepting those that were most solidly built of stone, is absolutely in ruins. The streets are piled 12 feet high in debris, and hundreds of bodies can be seen in every direction.

At the police station there was a large pile of bodies lying face downward, as if the victims had fallen while in the act of running to escape the fate impending them.

In one distillery a quantity of rum was found intact in casks.

The Royal mail steamer Solent reports that the people of St. Pierre were in a state of semi-panic for a few days before the catastrophe, and tried to leave the city, but the Government assured them that there was no danger, and placed a cordon of soldiers about the town to prevent anyone from leaving. Death appears to have been more due to suffocation than to fire or lava.

The population of Fort de France are in a state of great anxiety. Earth shocks are felt, and the roaring of the volcano is still heard. The mountain continues to throw out lava and cinders.

New Haven, Conn., May 15.—Prof. Henry S. Williams, Silliman Professor of Geology at Yale, in discussing the Martinique horror said:

"The trouble at Martinique was undoubtedly of volcanic origin. It might have been associated with earthquake energy, as the two sometimes occur together. The thunder and lightning which accompanied the eruption is not uncommon at such times. This was produced by the tension of the atmosphere.

"The volcanic explosions were due to water getting into the cavities in the earth and coming in contact with the heated rocks. These explosions are frequent in the vicinity of the sea or rivers. The ashes spoken of were really not ashes, but fragments of rock thrown out."

"How far down in the earth are these disturbances?" the professor was asked.

"At various depths. Usually they are pretty deep in the earth and may be several miles down. The matter that flows out after an explosion is not real fire, but molten matter. It is red hot and flows down the mountain like water and gives the impression of fire. Gases are emitted, and taking fire, produce the flame which is often seen. The molten matter sets fire to anything in its course. The theory is that the matter in the interior of the earth is under very great pressure, and this pressure keeps it from becoming molten, but as soon as it is thrown up, then it is molten matter.

"Earthquakes are produced by a sliding away of masses of rock and then there is a settling of the earth. At the Charleston earthquake the crack in the earth was several miles long. The earth settled only a few inches."

Princeton, N. J., May 15 — Prof. William B. Scott, the well-known geologist, speaking of the destructive volcanic eruption of Mont Pelee said:

"The eruption was of the explosive type, similar to that of Mount Vesuvius. But it differs in the nature of the material ejected. In the case of Vesuvius, the explosion was powerful enough to powder the lava. Here, however, immense masses of lava were blown out. To these white hot masses can be ascribed the destructive fire in the city and among the ships in the harbor. A rain of fire reported in the newspapers was simply the white-hot lava. Gases did probably burn, but any fire from the source would have ascended.

"The sudden access of a body of water to the lava reservoir is the only explanation worthy on the present evidence. The ejection is peculiar in that immense masses of lava were ejected, and in that comparatively little volcanic dust was noticed. A force as great as that which caused this explosion should have powdered all the lava."

DREAM WARNING AT ST. PIERRE

New York Woman Moved to Flee Before the Eruption

Special to The Times.

New York, May 15 — Mrs. C. M. Craig, of No. 41 West Forty-fifth st., who returned from St. Pierre on the last trip of the steamer Roraima previous to the disaster, tells an interesting story of her flight from Martinique after a dream, which she now regards as a premonition.

"Of all the West Indian islands we thought Martinique the garden spot," said Mrs. Craig. "The merchants were prosperous, the stores were fine, and we liked it so much that we talked of renting a house in St. Pierre for next winter.

"But for a dream I had we might have been in St. Pierre yet. My husband said that it was the coffee, but I insisted that we take the next steamer, and we did.

"I dreamed that while a ball was in progress a terrible rain descended. I was with my husband and my brother. In my dream I saw them killed, not by the rain, but by the natives while the rain was falling. They seemed to have been subjected to torture, and then I awoke. I told my husband of the occurrence. He laughed at me and said I was superstitious, but I insisted on leaving.

"Except for the Prentis family, there were no American families of prominence in St. Pierre."

Charles Van Romondt, until recently Dutch Consul at St. Pierre, who is head of the firm of Charles Van Romondt & Co., of this city and St. St. Pierre, is pessimistic regarding the possibility of the escape of his friends and relatives who were in St. Pierre at the time of the eruption. He believes all avenues of escape were cut off as soon as the ashes began to fall.

Canada's Presents to Royal Pair

Special to The Times.

London, May 16.—An exhibit of the presents received by the Prince and Princess of Wales during their tour of the colonies last year, was opened today at the Imperial institute. In a gallery alongside the royal presents, is displayed the mineral, forestry and fruit products from Canada, previously shown at the Royal Exchange. Following the exhibition at the Imperial Institute, the presents will be displayed at Edinburgh, Manchester and the other leading cities of the United Kingdom.

Farmers' Visit to Hungary

Special to The Times.

London, May 16—Under the auspices of the Essex Technical Instruction Committee, a party of agriculturalists leave London today for a three week's tour of inspection in Hungary, the object being to study farming and agricultural organizations in that country. Visits will be made to the Archduke Frederick's dairy farms at Magyar Ovar and to M. Snell's pure-bred herd of Simmenthal cattle at Ratot. Electricity as applied to farming will be studied at Ikervar. Various agricultural colleges and peasant farms will also be inspected.

THE CROWNING OF THE KING OF SPAIN

The Old Capital of Spain in a Blaze of Wild Frenzy

THE CORONATION TO-MORROW.

The Young King is Receiving Honors from Many Quarters—The City Crowded with Strangers

Special to The Times.

Madrid, May 16.—Madrid is en fete in celebration of the coming of age of Alfonso XIII. To-day's link in the chain of festivities will be the investiture of the of the young King with the Garter and other orders. The ceremony will be held at the Royal Palace in the presence of a brilliant throng of court functionaries, grandees and visiting princes.

All the provinces of Spain have poured their quota of visitors into the capital and the city is crowded as never before in recent years. The strangers include provincial and municipal authorities, delegations representing educational and scientific bodies, a host of clergy and thousands of people who came simply as sightseers. The continuous round of festivities afford ample entertainment for the visitors as well as for the populace of Madrid. Today there was a rehearsal of the various features which are to form part of the ceremonies tomorrow when the King takes the oath to the Constitution in the Chamber of Deputies. Stands are being erected along the route to be followed by the royal procession to and from the Royal Palace and the pageant will doubtless be witnessed by thousands. Detachments of military have been concentrated in the capital from all parts of the kingdom and extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent disorderly disturbances.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c	Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.
$1.65	Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2 45 to $3.50.
$1.88	Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2 00.
$1.88	Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.
$1.65	Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.
$1 75	Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.
$1.80	Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.
$1.95	Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.
$1.95	Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.
$2.20	Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3 25.
$2.75	Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.
$1.95	Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.
$2.25	Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25
$3.00	Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.
$2.20	Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.
$2.50	Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3 65.
$2.75	Will buy a Boy's 3 piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.
$3.00	Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4 25 to $4.75.
$3.50	Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00
$4.40	Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.
$4.05	Will buy a Boys' 3 Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

APPEAL FOR IRELAND

Redmond Declares People were Never so United

Special to the Times.

Philadelphia, May 16.—William H. K. Redmond, member of Parliament from East Clare, last night addressed a meeting in Cathedral Hall in behalf of the United States Irish League. He spoke earnestly for the cause of nationalism and urged all present to exert their best efforts to stamp out English landlord rule in Ireland.

"This appeal," he said, "comes practically from the united Irish people, and at home the opponents of the movement are in the smallest possible minority. There is no doubt to-day that Ireland is more united politically than ever before, and the spirit of the entire country is stronger for nationalism. This is proven by the fact that out of the 103 Irish members of Parliament 83 are united against landlordism, and I emphatically deny that there is more enthusiasm for the cause in this country than there is in Ireland."

RUSSIAN PEASANTS STARVING

Enormous Crowds Flocking to Moscow in Search of Food

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, May 15. — Enormous crowds of starving peasants are flocking to Moscow from the Central provinces, in search of means of existence. Half a dozen freight trains, each carrying some 1500 persons, are dispatched daily from Riazan (about a hundred miles from Moscow), in addition to the ordinary traffic.

The railroad station at Riazan is inadequate to hold the refugees, and the wretched crowds bivouac in the open air, suffering from rain, cold and hunger.

DE WET PRAISES THE BRITISH ARMY

Says That He was Kindly and Courteously Treated

TOMMY GENEROUS AND KINDLY

The Boer Leader has a High Opinion of the British People—End of the War

Special to The Times.

Capetown, May 14.—Speaking in his native tongue, Gen. P. De Wet said:

"In my opinion these slanders proceed from the same class of people who have done so much to produce the present unfortunate war. They originate not from the Afrikander people, but from unscrupulous agitators who have been for past years sowing dissension and hatred between the two nationalities. It is impossible for people living in this country to be deceived by such palpable falsehoods. Only people living thousands of miles away can be found to put faith in them. For myself, I have invariably found the English "Tommy" friendly, generous and kind-hearted. I might refer to my own experience when at the outbreak of the war I was in command of a large body of Free Staters. Before we could join with the burghers from the Transvaal two severe battles had been fought at Dundee and Elandslaagte. Directly I came into touch with the Transvaalers who had taken part in the fight, and had learned that a large number of their men, including Gen Kock and other notable leaders had been wounded and taken prisoners, my first question was as to how the wounded prisoners had been treated by the English. I was gladdened to hear that they had been most kindly dealt with, and that after General Kock had succumbed to his injuries his body was respectfully handed over to friends for burial at their hands.

"Further, I had occasion to march through the country around Dewetsdorp shortly after a large force of English had passed through. I inquired most carefully at each farm and stopping place as to the behavior of the troops and was in every instance assured that the soldiers had stolen nothing and had treated all the people with kindness and respect. I even found that the families of burghers still fighting with the Boers had received exactly the same treatment as the families of those who had surrendered. No distinction had been made.

"Again, on one occasion I was permitted to meet with the wife of my brother, General Christian De Wet, who is still fighting in the field. I must acknowledge that Mrs. De Wet was at that time very bitter against the English; but when I asked how she was treated and whether I could procure her any necessaries, her reply was that she had been most kindly treated by the troops, and that she lacked nothing. Since my own surrender I have experienced nothing but kindness and courtesy from the military authorities. For the last twelve months I have lived in Kroonstad, and sometimes I almost forget that war is still in the land."

In conclusion, General Piet De Wet instanced the peaceable and quiet state of the town in which they were living, although thousands of soldiers were frequently passing through, as showing the thorough discipline and good conduct of Tommy Atkins.

Inflamed Nose and Throat

And such diseases of the respiratory organs as bronchitis, weak lungs, cold in the head and nasal catarrh, are treated with marvellous success on strictly scientific principles by Catarrhozone. The medicated vapor of Catarrhozone quickly traverses every air passage possible to be reached by any treatment. All soreness, pain, congestion and inflammation are at once dispelled, and by means of the healing powers of Catarrhozone the vitiated tissues are quickly restored. Where Catarrhozone is used colds last only ten minutes, coughs only half an hour, and catarrh, consumption, asthma and bronchitis flee as from fire. A trial will convince anyone of the startling merit of Catarrhozone. Costs $1.00. Small size 25c. At druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

—Want a nice hammock? New lot, of the very best make, just in, at Times Bookstore.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE

Celebrates Her 79th Birthday in London Yesterday

Special to The Times.

London, May 15. — Congratulations poured in to-day upon Miss Florence Nightingale, the famous Crimean war nurse, the occasion being her seventy-ninth birthday. There were a number of callers at her residence, all of whom were received and welcomed, although the health of the venerable heroine has been very poor for several years. The congratulations of the King and Queen, in the form of autograph letters, were delivered to Miss Nightingale by special messenger. Dispatches couched in felicitous phrases were also received from Miss Clara Barton, the Czar of Russia, and other notables.

It is well known that for years Miss Nightingale has been an invalid as a result of her experiences in the Crimea a half century ago. It is not so well known, however, that her sick room has been the scene of the most arduous and constant labor for the improvement of the health of the soldier. Although now confined to her bed for a large part of the time, she always accorded a welcome to anyone who seeks advice on a question affecting the interests of the sick or those who nurse them. She is cheerful and spends most of her time in reading.

Mafeking Celebration

Special to The Times.

London, May 16.—The anniversary of the action on the Malopo River, by which the relief of Mafeking was secured, will be celebrated in London to-day. Colonel Rhodes and Prince Alexander of Teck are the chief promoters in the celebration which consists of a number of loyal speeches by men of distinction in war and politics.

Montreal Dog Show

Special to The Times.

Montreal, Que., May 16.—As regards the number and high quality of the exhibits of the Montreal Canine Association which opened to-day in the Arena, is one of the most notable shows of its kind ever held in the Dominion. Nearly one thousand blue-blooded dogs are benched representing many of the leading kennels of Canada and the United States. The fox terriers, Great Danes, Russian Wolfhounds and St. Bernards are particularly well represented.

A Sensational Murder Trial

Special to The Times.

New York, May 16.—Preparations for the second trial of Roland B. Molineux, are well under way, the same being under the direction of Assistant District Attorney Osborne. The trial probably will begin early next month, and will, of course, revive all the sensation produced by the first trial two years ago. Patrick's trial caused talk enough, but it was a clean case. There was no scandal in it, the traditional "'woman in the case'" having been absent. But there is a broad river of filth running through the Molineux case which makes its retrial deplorable from the standpoint of public morals.

Completely Fagged out

The world is full of sickly, despondent, tired, enervated people, all hoping to be well some day. The surest road to health is along the road to taking Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone is a great appetizer and enables one to eat plenty of wholesome food without fear of indigestion or dyspepsia. This results in the rapid formation of an abundance of red, vitalizing blood, which will restore the nerves, increase flesh and vigor, and nourish and feed every organ of the body. Ferrozone is an ideal restorative and invigorant. It is a tonic of unequalled merit and that anyone can use with benefit. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50, at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

HE ALWAYS EATS STANDING

BUT IT'S NOT AT ALL FOR THAT OLD, OLD REASON

So the Real Explanation a Brand New Cure for Dyspepsia is Sprung — The Underlying Theory of the Cure is Backed Up Strongly by the Law of Gravitation

Into the Palace Restaurant in which several men perched on high stools were bending over the counter eating their luncheon, there marched a rosy citizen, exhibiting satisfaction with himself and the world. He seized a vacant stool moved it to one side with a thump, placed himself in the space thus left empty and looked around to see if the other lunchers were watching him. His eyes fell on the man to his right.

"Hello, John, that you?" he said as he grabbed the bill of fare. "What are you eating? One of Kennedy's beef steaks? Fruh! Gimme fried lamb chops," to Frank, the waiter.

"What's the matter with you sitting down?" rejoined John. "Make yourself at home and stay awhile."

"I can remember the time when I had to take my meals standing, too. That was after my father caught me going fishing when I ought to have been weeding. What have you been doing to get it so bad?"

"I've been getting common sense, that's what. Say those lamb chops are great. Frank, I'll have a bottle of beer with em."

"Ugh! If I tasted one of those chops I'd have dyspepsia till I liked to die."

"Serve you right for sitting doubled up on that stool. Stand up like I do and you could beat an ostrich. My! It's wonderful what an appetite this weather gives a man. Waiter! Gimme some fried sausages and buckwheat cakes."

"Say, my friend," interposed John, with some anxiety in his voice, "you haven't any reason for committing suicide, have you? Because if you have you'll find it a sight less painful to go down to the Otonabee bridge and jump into the river, and it'll be quicker, too than eating sausages and buckwheat cakes on top of lamb chops."

"Don't you be alarmed about me. A man can eat almost anything he feels like eating, provided he does it in the right way."

"I have heard that there are some men who don't know the meaning of fear and I suppose there are many others who have never heard of dyspepsia."

"Dyspepsia! Why, say! For years I had it in the worst way. I had it so bad last summer—that and indigestion—that I couldn't eat at all except prepared infant food. Why, I got so that I broke down and my wife had to carry me off to the country. Now, I am cured. That's all."

"That so?" exclaimed John laying down his spoon and turning around to face his friend. "What did you take?"

"Nothing," replied the ex-dyspeptic, "I just ate standing up."

"It's a fact," asserted the ex-dyspeptic, "and if you want to cure yourself I'll tell you all about it. I broke down last summer and my wife carried me off to the country. Just one meal of that good plain country board that you read about in the advertisements, laid me up for three days.

"When I was able to be up again I went to the doctor to get him to fix me up. He turned out to be a great old character, that doctor. Said he didn't believe in treating sick people by any school of medicine, but just used plain common sense.

"'I told him all about myself—what I ate, how much I ate and how often I ate. At the end I asked him what I ought to do.

"He replied, 'Do anything you please as long as you don't sit down when you eat.'

"Then he went on and gave a long explanation. I couldn't go into the details of it if I tried, because there were too many scientific terms in it. Man's life gets further and further away from nature with the growth of civilization. It becomes more and more artificial, while his functions remain as nature made them. Therefore, his functions are out of kilter with some of his present conditions.

"That is especially true of his stomach. Among other things it suffers from his manner of eating. The stomach and the oesophagus are like a rubber bag with a rubber tube leading down to it. Below the stomach are the intestines, like more rubber tubing.

"If you take a rubber tube with a bag at the end and hold it up the tube will be perfectly straight and anything you put in in will fall through to the bag and thence to the other tubing. So with the stomach. Let a man stand up and there is a straight path for his food to the place where it should be.

"But if the rubber tube is bent and the bag is doubled over, there will be no longer a free and unobstructed passage. That's what happens when you sit down to eat. You are bent over. The food can't slide down the oesophagus, and into the stomach, and thence to the stomach as it ought to.

"The passage gets blocked. There is a congestion of food. Instead of the work being equally distributed, part the digestive apparatus has to do all the work. The result naturally is a breakdown. And there you are."

"And do you mean to say that you cured your dyspepsia by standing up while you ate?" asked John, incredulously.

"Sure," replied the ex-dyspeptic, ordering a piece of hot mince pie. "And it seems reasonable, too. As that old doctor pointed out, animals never curl themselves up when they eat. Snakes stretch themselves out straight when they swallow their prey.

"That doctor declared that there were only two proper positions for eating, one standing upright, the other lying down after the fashion of the ancient Romans. If people would sit bolt upright when they ate, it wouldn't be so bad, he said, but they don't. They sit with their spine in a curve.

"I have tried the plan of standing up when I eat and you don't see any marks of the dyspeptic about me. I've told a dozen other people about it, and it has benefitted them. We're going to form a Stand-Up-While-You-Eat Club."

"I wish," said John wistfully, as he got down from his stool, "that really I knew how you got cured. Perhaps, I'll try eating standing up, though."

An Essential For Health Building

Malt Breakfast Food is now recognized as a prime essential for health-building. The ablest physicians as well as the most noted food experts after repeated tests and experiments have found to their satisfaction that Malt Breakfast Food contains a much larger proportion of the elements necessary for the building of flesh, bone and muscle, than any other food now on the market.

This expert testimony in favor of Malt Breakfast Food will strengthen the faith of present users of the popular cereal food, and will exercise a telling influence on those who now use oatmeal and other starchy food preparations at the morning meal.

While Malt Breakfast Food is the chosen and popular breakfast dish of the strong and well, it is the physician's favorite diet for the weak and frail, for the invalid and convalescent. A few weeks of dieting on Malt Breakfast Food will banish the ailments of the dyspeptic, and establish permanent health. All grocers.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day: Continued fine and somewhat warmer.

Continued fine weather is still indicated and the conditions are becoming favorable for higher temperature in Ontario and Quebec, more especially after to-day. Warm weather prevails throughout the West.

THE EARTH'S CENTER FRIGHTFULLY UNEASY

People are Fleeing From the Colima Volcano in in Mexico, Alarming Settlers

Special to The Times.

Guadalajara, Mexico, May 15.— The Colima volcano shows strong indications of a great eruption, and the inhabitants living in the valley at its base are moving to a safe distance from the peak, from which smoke and puffs of flame have been belching for several days.

Mount Colima has threatened renewed activity for several weeks, this condition, causing the work of constructing the extension of the Mexican Central railroad to Manzanillo, passing near the base of the mountain, to cease temporarily. The route of the extension will probably be changed in order to avoid any possible disaster that an eruption might bring.

Omaha, May 16.—According to dispatches received from Pender, Mount Lena, Nebraska's miniature volcano, has been for two days sending up smoke and steam.

The volcano is situated on the Missouri River, in Cedar County, about 150 miles from Omaha, and has been practically dead for 30 years.

Reports say that all the settlers in the immediate neighborhood are preparing to move. Geologists have said the smoke is caused by water from the Missouri sweeping into the limestone rock formation of the mountain, but the people are fearful of an eruption.

THE PRESBYTERY

Of Peterborough Met in Toronto on Wednesday—Rev. Mr. Yule for Springfield

The Presbytery of Peterborough met at Toronto, during Synod meeting and disposed of three calls; one from Keene to Rev. D. D. McDonald, of Caledonia, in the Presbytery of Hamilton; one to Rev. G. Yule from Springville, and one from Herning's Mills, in the Orangeville Presbytery, to Rev. D. A. Hamilton, of Havelock. Mr. Yule's induction was appointed to take place at Springville on the 27th inst. at three o'clock. Orders were given to the clerk to cite the Havelock congregation to appear for their interests at Springville on the 27th, when the call from Herning's Mills will be finally issued.

Mr. Hamilton tendered the resignation of his appointment as delegate to the Assembly and Mr. Kannawin, of Omemee, was appointed in his stead.

Mr. Sinclair and Mr. Clark, of the First church, Port Hope, were appointed as additional delegates to the Assembly.

Revs. Potter, Bennet and Campbell and Sheriff Hall, elder, were appointed to meet with a committee of the Whitby Presbytery to confer as to claims of the Ballyduff congregation on the manse property at Blackstock.

Those present at the meeting were Messrs. Potter, Bennett, Oswald, Campbell, McIntosh, Hamilton and Sinclair.

Presbytery adjourned to meet again at Springville on the 27th, of which meeting the clerk was instructed to notify all the members.

Living in Gotham

Special to The Times.

New York, May 16.—Each year brings additions to the list of famous people living [illegible] and thirteen who have been Maying in New York and nineteen hundred and two is not an exception to the rule. With ex-Secretary of the Treasury Lyman Gage, considered a New Yorker, there are now residing in the metropolis seven former members of the Cabinet, three of whom were Secretaries of the Treasury, namely, Fairchilds, Carlisle and Gage; four men who have been Ministers to France, Bigelow, Morton, Reid and Porter; two ex-Governors of the State, two men who have been Lieutenant Governors, either of New York or Brooklyn.

Enterprising Insurance Men

Special to The Times.

New York, May 16.—One of the most unique schemes for recruiting the ranks of any society ever heard of has been devised by the Equitable Life Assurance Society, which has agreed to establish a class of instruction in insurance to young men and women who are working their way through college and desire some employment to enable them to pay their expenses. The class will be under the instruction of experts in the business and during the one or two months' teaching the company pay the expenses of the members of the class. There will probably be more than a thousand in the class.

Tracing a Boer Up

Special to the Times.

Cape town, May 16.—A rebel in Cape Colony, whose name was Douwaas, and who could speak nothing but Dutch, was tried for treason recently. An English gentleman who was present at the trial became interested in him and after his acquittal entered into conversation with him through an interpreter. Douwaas could neither read nor write, but thought that he was of French extraction. However, all his little history was written down in the family Bible at his farm, and the Englishman had the curiosity to go there and investigate it. Then he discovered that the man's real name was Douglas, that his grandfather emigrated direct from Scotland and that the transformation was entirely the work of two generations of Boer mothers.

VILLIERS

Dr. Harrison of Keene is attending Miss Maggie Sager, who is ill with scarlet fever; he reports the case as doing nicely.

A little stranger appeared in our village last week, which means a busy summer for Geordie.

Our village blacksmith received a visit last week from his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. William Hastie, Allandale.

Jack Frost worked hard on Friday night, leaving three quarters of an inch of ice on rain barrels and water troughs.

On Friday night one of our young men wheeling home at a late hour tried to run over a sheep, but only got far enough to put his arm around its neck.

Cramps are Like Burglars

They come unexpected and when least welcome. Be armed with a one-minute cure in a bottle of Nerviline, which relieves cramp and stomach pains in five minutes. In colic, summer complaint, diarrhoea, indigestion and nausea, Nerviline is a remedy of remarkable potency, and acts promptly and satisfactorily at all times. The composition of Polson's Nerviline expresses the highest medical progress of the age, which accounts for its superior merit. Price 25c.

Hamilton's Pills are good Pills.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS
A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
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References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

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Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
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Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 5c per month, and to outside points at $6 per year. Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 16, 1902.

THE REAL ISSUE

There has been a great deal too much ancient history dragged into current campaign discussion. Dead issues and forgotten scandals which have no legitimate bearing upon the actual questions before the people have been resuscitated and paraded through the partizan press and on the platform, while weightier matters have been neglected to a secondary position. It would be far better if both parties could conclude to let bygones be bygones and confine themselves to the discussion of live issues, and topics of present and pressing interest—a field quite broad enough it might be supposed to occupy the mind of the average writer or speaker.

The question which the electors are called upon to consider is not the general history, career and course of conduct of the two parties calling themselves "Liberal" and "Conservative," from the early days of settlement up to date. It is not a matter respecting which one has to rummage musty newspaper files and consult historical archives to arrive at a conclusion. It is a much simpler and more practical one, viz.—Whether the administration of Hon. G. W. Ross, or a government to be formed by Mr. Whitney from the leading members of the Opposition is likely to succeed best in promoting the practical interests of the country. It does not afford much scope for hysterics and histrionics, which are quite out of place in considering what is simply a plain business proposition.

The main feature of the policy of the incumbents of office—the paramount and all important issue in this contest, as respects especially West Peterborough—is the relation of Mr. Stratton to the progress and interests of this town and county, and the work of progressive development of New Ontario and the resulting benefits to Older Ontario, and of the general agricultural and commercial interests undertaken by the Premier and his colleagues. As to the beneficial character of the object sought to be obtained there can be no doubt. Everyone wants to see the town forge ahead and the county prosper, our industries flourish, new industries established, money plentiful, labor well employed, and immigrants flocking in. Everyone desires to see our agricultural lands settled, new enterprises promoted, railways built where they are needed, and to have these things accomplished as rapidly and efficiently as possible. However men may disagree as to party designations on abstract theories, the people as a whole believe in development and desire to see this town and the country generally grow and prosper.

It is to the credit of Mr. Ross and his colleagues, especially the member for West Peterborough, that they have not allowed outworn theories as to the limitations of the scope of Government to stand in the way of practical measures. The adoption of what is known as the forward policy, which by the way, was, we believe, just mentioned in the House in a speech by Mr. Stratton, was a great step in advance. This policy must be judged not by occasional shortcomings, but by broad, general results, and if on the whole they have been favorable thus far, and promise well for the future, the government certainly deserves well of the country and should be sustained. It is easy to criticize and pick flaws to show where there might be room for improvement, and how some features of the project have not turned out quite as favorable as could be wished. At this sort of work Mr. Whitney is an adept. Now we are not concerned with the correctness of his allegations, some of which may have a substratum of fact. But, making due allowance for the imperfections of all things human, and taking a broad, comprehensive view of the subject, it is evident that while the government has risen and shown constructive ability of a high order, Mr. Whitney, on the other hand, has never formulated any policy or advanced any plan for the advancement of the material interests of the province such as would indicate his fitness to carry on the work of development.

As the right hand man of Hon. G. W. Ross in pushing forward the constructive movement on which such great results depend, Mr. Stratton should have the hearty support of the electors of West Peterborough. The constituency ought to be proud of having a representative who has taken such an active part in the noble though arduous task devolving upon the government of Ontario. His prudence shown in the management of his private concerns, have well fitted him for his share in the additional duties and responsibilities undertaken by the cabinet. It would be a public calamity should the electors, allowing themselves to be influenced by altogether minor and secondary considerations, reject one of his proved energy, experience and capacity in favor of a man who can never hope to equal his usefulness. Even were Mr. Miller personally as acceptable a candidate as the Provincial Secretary, it would be a great mistake on the part of the electors to run the risk of defeating a government which has done so much to promote the best interests of the Province, by depriving the cabinet of his services.

The all-important question before the people is whether the good work of industrial expansion and the building up of Peterborough and New Ontario shall go on under the auspices of those who have been so far successful in promoting it, or whether for the mere sake of change they will commit it to new and untried hands and run the danger of failure and mismanagement. They should bear in mind the old adage that, "It is a bad time to swap horses when crossing streams."

THE TRAGEDY OF ST. PIERRE

The destruction of St. Pierre, Martinique, seems to have been due to the pressure of water in contact with the volcanic fires of Mont Pelee. The steam thus generated blew the mountain's head off, as Prof. Hovey, of the Natural History Museum, explains, just as a hot boiler explodes when cold water is carelessly introduced.

All the conditions invited calamity. The island is of volcanic origin, being little more than a ridge joining two threatening peaks. From Pelee to St. Pierre the descent is short and steep, and there was no way of escape when flame flashed down upon the town and set it almost instantly ablaze, followed by a rain of hot mud and ashes and choking sulphuric gas.

Pelee is one of the many volcanos that frown on populous scenes. Naples is beyond danger from Vesuvius, but a great eruption might wipe out many nearer towns and be as destructive as was the great one of A.D. 79, when Pompeii, a city of 30,000 people, with an amphitheatre larger than the Madison Square Garden, and Herculaneum, and other towns were destroyed; and fewer people might escape than then fled to safety. Under Etna live 400,000 people, including 140,000 in Catania, which was destroyed in 1169 and 1693, when from 60,000 to 100,000 people were killed. A Lisbon earthquake as severe as that of November 1, 1755, would slay more than the 30,000 to 40,000 people who are supposed to have then perished.

The volcano is versatile. It calls the earthquake to aid; some men it slays by covering them with hot lava which cools into solid rock, as at Herculaneum, some it buries in soft lava dust, as at Pompeii; some it boils in mud, as at Bandaisan, Japan, in 1895. Against seacoasts it hurls huge tidal waves, as when the Krakatoa eruption of 1883 "sent our stoutest steamships to roost with the startled crows" in tree-tops, and when nearly 30,000 persons perished.

The eruption of St. Pierre, though unexampled in its swift and terrible destructiveness, seems not to have been upon so vast a scale, and no mention is yet made of any remarkable tidal-wave as following it. It was the density of the population and the nearness of the source of danger which made that unhappy place, hitherto known to most readers mainly as the childhood home of the Empress Josephine, the victim in a calamity of seldom-equalled completeness of horror.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The Times has only one policy—the advancement of Peterborough's interests. This is our politics, and explains why we are supporting Mr. Stratton.

* * * *

The Times is not surprised to hear that Hon. F. R. Latchford will probably be beaten in South Renfrew. His violation of the railway promises he made when seeking re-election three years ago, is telling against him now.

* * * *

Every patriotic citizen who desires to see Peterborough prosper, should get in line now.

* * *

Up to the hour of going to press the day for observing Victoria Day in Peterborough had not been changed again.

* * *

There will be another frost on the 29th, when Major Miller's supporters will be chilled to the core.

It is estimated that 200,000 immigrants will come into the Canadian Northwest from the States this summer. The crop last year was eighteen million bushels larger than transportation could be provided for. What will it be when the Northwest really begins to fill up? Better hurry up and get the Trent Valley canal built.

* * * *

When the cannon of nature belch at humanity, we become one race, with a common dread and a common sympathy. The dead at the foot of Mont Pelee are kin to every continent.

* * *

It is to be hoped that peace will be concluded in time for Lord Kitchener to get back for the Coronation, and his full share of the cheering.

* * *

If the question of peace or continued brigandage is really to be submitted to a vote of the Boers it is to be feared Lord Kitchener will have to be charged with trying to keep people away from the polls. His "bag" last week was 49 killed, 6 wounded, 302 taken prisoner and nine surrendered. There also fell into his possession 400 rifles 157 wagons, 400 horses, and 4,300 head of cattle. These are the Boers being gradually restored to the comforts of civilization.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

VILLIERS

Dr. Harrison of Keene is attending Miss Maggie Fisher, who is ill with scarlet fever; he reports the case as doing nicely.

A little stranger appeared in our village last week, which means a busy summer for Geordie.

Our village blacksmith received a visit last week from his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. William Hastie, Allandale.

Whey drawers are on the move again.

Jack Frost worked hard on Friday night, leaving three quarters of an inch of ice on rain barrels and water troughs.

On Friday night one of our young men wheeling home at a late hour tried to run over a sheep, but only got far enough to put his arm around its neck.

Miss Mary Nelson is sewing with Miss A. Gillespie.

Now would be a good time, when so many freight trains are running, causing the express to take the siding, to petition the G.T.R. for the removal of Blezard's station to Fortune's switch.

Mr. Jas. Whitton inspected Villier's cheese on Tuesday.

MOUNT PLEASANT

Dr. Carmichael, of Peterborough, passed through here last week.

At the Methodist church last Sabbath morning, Rev. Mr. Mounteer chose for the subject of his discourse these words, "What is that to thee," "Follow thou Me." Rev. Mr. Kannawin's text in the evening at the Presbyterian church was "Set thine house in order for thou shalt die and not live." Following each other the texts chosen were very appropriate and both sermons were very impressive.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. J. H. Bist is improving.

We are glad to hear that under the special care of Dr. Keith, Mrs. J. Morden is improving.

Tragedies of the Arctic.

An extraordinary coincidence has been developed by a recent Arctic tragedy brought about by the expedition of the Duke of the Abruzzi.

When this navigator went on his journey to the North Pole he took with him among others Lieutenant Querini, a Venetian gentleman of an old and noble family. His work over, the Duke returned, but the lieutenant was not with him, for he had lost his life through an accident in the Arctic regions.

Now, at the very time when this accident occurred a professor in the technical school in Trieste, while rummaging in the archives of that city, discovered a manuscript bearing the date 1881, and containing an account of a journey made by one Pietro Querini, in 1431, to the Arctic regions. Querini is not a common name, and a little investigation showed that Pietro Querini was a direct ancestor of the other Pietro Querini who lost his life in the Arctic seas a few months ago.

"Querini," says the old manuscript, "sailed from Candia for Flanders on board a vessel loaded with merchandise and precious stones. When he arrived in Flanders he sold his cargo and started for the Arctic regions. A storm forced him to abandon his ship and to take refuge with his crew in two barks. The wind then carried them to the coast of Norway, but on January 3, 1432, Querini was again shipwrecked near the Lofoden Islands in seventy degrees north latitude, and almost all his companions were drowned."

For some time it was supposed that he, too, had been drowned, but in January, 1433, he appeared in Venice with ten companions, the only survivors of his original crew of seventy-eight men. It seems that he succeeded in gaining the shore after the others had been drowned, and then slowly made his way home through Denmark and Germany.

"Although these two Pietro Querinis," says a French writer, "are separated from each other by five centuries, we find the same destiny at work in the case of each." And he continues, with a dash of playfulness: "Is it not possible that the adventurer of the fifteenth century, desiring to enjoy once more the exciting days of his youth, actually became incarnated as a hero of the twentieth century?"

The Veal Age.

This is assuredly the Veal Age in literature. People no longer ask about an author, How old is he? but How young is he—or she, as is usually the case. Of the writers on the staff of Josh, Gosh & Co. 85 per cent. are under the age of twenty-one, and 25 per cent. are under sixteen years. Sixty-eight per cent. of these write historical romances and 25 per cent. write in the colonial style.—"Book Booster."

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"And now," clucked the old hen, surveying with pride the fifteen eggs in her nest, "I am going to have a smart set of my own."

Three weeks later, true to her word, she had a coming-out party, and society eagerly flocked to see her debutantes, who were arrayed in the daintiest and fluffiest of garments and looked too sweet for anything.—Chicago Tribune.

Literature's Anticipations of Science.

A very interesting book might be written, as the "Spectator" observes, by collecting together all the cases in which poets and dramatists and novelists have anticipated the triumphs of later science. A correspondent has just called attention to such a case, in which he claims that the Spanish dramatist Calderon uttered "a very clear prevision of Marconi's wireless telegraphy." Freely translated, the passage in question reads as follows: "They say that when two instruments are properly attuned together they communicate to each other their wind-borne echoes; touch the one instrument and the winds excite its fellow, though none be near it." Calderon's reference is, of course, to the well-known principle of resonance, and can scarcely be used as a prophecy of wireless telegraphy, but in the writings of a contemporary of Calderon there is a much closer approximation to Marconi's discovery. Strada, the learned Jesuit historian, tells us how two friends carried on a correspondence "by the help of a certain Loadstone, which had such virtue in it that, if it touched two several needles, when one of the needles so touched began to move, the other, though at never so great a distance, moved at the same time and in the same manner." Strada goes on to describe how these two friends made a kind of "alphabetic telegraph"—a dial-face with the letters of the alphabet placed around its edge, and a needle in the center which could be made to point at any of the letters at will. "When they were some hundreds of miles asunder, each of them shut himself up in his closet at the time appointed, and immediately cast his eye upon his dial-plate. If he had a mind to write anything to his friend, he directed his needle to every letter that formed the words which he had occasion for, making a little pause at the end of every word or sentence to avoid confusion. The friend, in the meanwhile, saw his sympathetic needle moving of itself to every letter which that of his correspondent pointed at. By this means they talked across a whole continent, and conveyed their thoughts to one another in an instant, over cities or mountains, seas or deserts." Not only had these correspondents no necessity for wires; they did not even need the simple apparatus upon which Marconi depends, although there are scientific prophets of our day who believe that we shall yet reach even a higher standard of simplicity in the future.

UNCHARITY.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

And to godliness, brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness, charity.—II. Peter, i., 7.

There is one form of vice which is to me especially offensive and repellant, namely, habitual uncharity in the judgment of others. It is twice cursed, for it curseth him who gratifies his morbid appetite and him who is unconsciously the victim of it.

It is always safe to be generous in criticism, and seldom safe to be severe. If the Christ's rule, the "measure you mete, it shall be measured to you again," should be literally enforced, many a man and woman would be wrecked by the consequences. If it is always possible to say something kind it is well to be in the frame of mind to do it. The middle course is to be silent unless there is a good word to say, and the heroic course is to rebuke the harsh and unnecessary criticism.

Many a life has been seriously wounded, many a heart well-nigh broken by thoughtless talk which perhaps had no foundation in fact, or was based on facts misunderstood. It is so much better to be sweet than sour. The juicy plum filled with sunshine hangs on the branches in abundance, and so does the lemon, and it is a more gracious taste which chooses the plum and leaves the lemon for others to pluck. Life contains so many disagreeable things that if we can avoid coming into contact with any one of them we do ourselves a distinct benefit. A smile helps the world more than a frown, and the good nature which ignores the unpleasant and dwells only on the agreeable is a Christian virtue, which is as charming as it is rare.

The clear injunction of religion is to find the good in our neighbors and not to magnify their failings. We may laugh at their follies or look with scorn on their weaknesses, but who knows what we ourselves would do under like circumstances? We are not so strong that we can thank God, as the poor Pharisee did, that we are not like other men. If we are really strong the best way to show our strength is to help those who have fallen by the way rather than spread the news of their failure, as though we stood on a higher and safer level. True religion, the only kind worth having, not only prays that "from all uncharitableness, good Lord, deliver us," but co-operates with the Lord in the accomplishment of the task.

A legend is told of Jesus which illustrates my point. He was standing in a group who were looking at a dead dog. Each spectator had something hard and cruel on his lips, but at last a gentle voice was heard, saying, "He had very white teeth!" It was perhaps the only thing that could be said of a favorable nature, and it was the only thing He cared to say. It was a rebuke not to be easily forgotten, and the men in the group silently stole away, wondering at themselves and at Him.

You deceive yourself if you think you are religious and still indulge in uncharity. I would rather be poor Abou Ben Adhem, who cared nothing for Christ, but wanted to be classed as one "who loves his fellow-men," than so wretched a Christian that he could cherish a secret delight in the faults of others. Religion is either the most practical and useful thing in the world, or it counts for nothing—the theory of a day, to be abandoned on the morrow. And it proves its mettle when it demands a generous and charitable judgment, and will accept no excuse if you have it not. There never yet was human soul so debased that the angels could not kindle a divine and purging flame in it. In the basest creature that lives there are possibilities of excellence which cannot be calculated, and your word of censure, your scorn and disdain, your repetition of an evil rumor may quench that flame in its feeble beginnings.

There is but one wholesome rule to follow. It is the dictate of honor and of the consciousness that even you need to be judged kindly. It is never to spread an injurious story, for your own sake, for his sake, for the sake of all concerned. No bitterness of spirit and no bitterness of criticism. Look for the good and speak of it freely, but be blind to the faults of others as you would have them blind to yours. The Christ loved justice, but He was always merciful. So you may love the truth, but if you cannot help, see to it that you do not hurt. A silent tongue sometimes shows a consecrated heart.

Northern Pines.

I passed where the pines for Christmas
Stood thick in the crowded street,
Where the groves of dream and silence
Were walked by feverish feet.

And far through the rain and street cries
My home-sick heart went forth
To its pine-clad hills of childhood,
To its dark and tender North.

And I saw the gleaming pine lands,
And I thrilled to the norland cold,
Where the sunset fell in silence
On the hills of gloom and gold.

And the dusk, still woods lay round me,
And I knew that the patient eyes
Of my North as a child's were tender,
As a sorrowing mother's, wise.

Shopman—What style of hat do you wish, sir?

Cholly—Ah! I am not particular about the style; something to suit my head, don't ye know.

Shopman—Step this way and look at our soft felts.—Tit-Bits.

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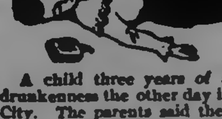
The Atlanta Constitution the other day received the following letter:—

"Sur an Frend: Do the Carnage liberary land Books teach Matthewmattics to Outside your Citie? I want Onlie Books on Matthewmattics, as I am all right on spellin an am a purty good Grammatician if I do say it Mieslf. I kin Spel an Grammarize, but Matthewmattics is one too Much for Me."



A child three years of age died of drunkenness the other day in New York City. The parents said they had given the child whisky to strengthen him. In their absence he found a bottle of whisky and drank from it, until he fell over in a drunken stupor, from which the physician could not arouse him. That is only one case in several cases of baby drunkards recently noted. The important fact is that alcoholic stimulants quickly develop the alcoholic habit in children. This fact is just as true when the alcohol is disguised as a medicine, a "sarsaparilla" or other "compound." So many medicines contain alcohol, to the same extent that it is contained in beer or whisky, that parents should be cautious what medicines they give their children.

There is absolutely no alcohol, whisky or intoxicant in any form in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, neither does it contain opium or any other narcotic. It is a blood-making and body-building medicine. It does not make flabby flesh but good, firm flesh and muscle. It is pleasant to the taste.

"My four year old daughter had suffered from indigestion and bowel trouble from birth," writes Mrs. Lizzie Aten, of Baldmount, Lackawanna Co., Pa. "The treatment given her by home doctors afforded but temporary relief. Last February she was taken with severe pain in the bowels, followed by violent vomiting. She experienced difficulty in passing urine, which, when cool, deposited a milky sediment. I became alarmed from her symptoms and wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N. Y., receiving in reply a letter, advising the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, together with a special medicine which they sent. This line of treatment I followed for about two months, at the end of which time my child was enjoying good health, and she has had no severe attack of indigestion since."

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Humor of the Hour.

Visitor to the Prison—I suppose this life of yours in here is a continual torture?

Convict—Oh, no. Not so bad as that. We don't have visitors every day, you know:—Boston Transcript.

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"The last time I saw Gwimple, son of the street car magnate, he told me he was going to begin at the bottom of the business and work his way up. Do you know what he's doing now?"

"He tried to be a conductor on a trolley car, but gave it up at the end of the first day."

"What was the matter?"

"He said he couldn't stand the infernal cigars the fellows smoke on the rear platform.—Chicago Tribune.

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"How old is that mule you're wanting to sell?"

"Well, suh, he ain't so ol', we'en you take him up en down en all roun'. De truth is, I hes done come ter de conclusion dat he ain't ol' at all."

"Why, they tell me he went through the Civil War."

"I knows he did, suh; but he went lak lightnin', en hit didn't take 'im no time ter git ter whar he is now!"—Atlanta Constitution.

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Patience—When he proposed do you suppose the words came from his mouth or from his heart?

Patrice—Both, I guess. He looked as if his heart was in his mouth.—Yonkers Statesman.

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Hewitt—I've lost my best friend.

Jewett—Why don't you advertise for it?

Hewitt—What do you mean?

Jewett—I thought you said you had lost your pocket-book.—Smart Set.

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First Chorus Girl—I just read that the star sprained her ankle.

Second Chorus Girl—That's fame. You and I would have to break our necks to get our names in the papers.—New York Sun.

He knit his brows into a quizzical frown asking quietly:

"Did you ever hear the old lines

"'If a woman will, she will, you may depend on't,
If a woman won't, she won't, so there's an end on't.'"

City Editor—Why do you say, "he ran into the police station, puffing and blowing?" "Puffing" and "blowing" are synonymous.

Reporter—Not at all. There's a vast difference, for instance, between puffing a man up and blowing him up.—Catholic Standard and Times.

For Farmers.

The fact that last year some crop did not bring good prices is often an indication that this year prices may be high, for the reason that such a crop is liable to be discarded this season for something else. A successful fruit grower once stated that whenever he found his neighbors discarding a crop he invariably selected it for himself, as he expected a scarcity of the crop in market by reason of less land being devoted to it.

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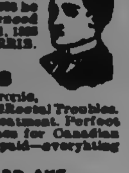

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Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of Aug. [illegible]
JOHN W. FOX, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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Humor of the Hour.

"Night falls, but it doesn't break," observed the Simple Mug.

"What of it?" queried the Wise Guy.

"Oh, nothing," chuckled the Simple Mug, "except that day breaks, but it doesn't fall."—Philadelphia Record.

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May—Yes, I'm going to marry Jack White.

Maud—My! From what you've always said I thought he'd be the last man you'd ever marry.

May—I hope he is.—Philadelphia Press.

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"Don't you think I preached a very poor sermon this morning?" asked the new preacher of the deacon, from whom he expected a compliment.

"Yaas, I do," drawled the honest deacon, "but it runs in my mind that I've heard worse, of I cud only rickollect whar' I was."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

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No doubt the future races
Will navigate the air.
Perhaps their summer places
Will be constructed there.
When Pierpont Morgan buys the earth
They'll have to go elsewhere.
—Chicago News.

Gazzam (after he has succeeded in waking his wife)—Open the door. Mrs. Gazzam (head out of the second-story window)—Are you sober? Gazzam—Yesh. Mrs. Gazzam—Then sing [illegible].—Boston "Life."

"Darling," said Mrs. Kafiippe, "you must quit associating with that Parker girl. Don't ever permit yourself to be seen out anywhere in her company again."

"Why, mamma," the child asked, "what is the matter?"

"A dreadful thing has happened. Her mother called here this afternoon and left her card. It is the style that we abandoned at least six months ago. They must be running dreadfully behind."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Proof Positive.

A convict at a French penal settlement, who was undergoing a life sentence, desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the prisoner.

"Did you not marry in France?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And your wife is dead?"

"She is."

"Have you any document to show that she is dead?"

"No."

"Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead."

There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom.

Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead."

"How will you do so?"

"I was sent here for killing her."

The bride accepted him notwithstanding.—"Scotsman" [illegible]

Anecdotal.

When the English barrister, Richard Eve, desired to "take silk"—or, in other words, to become a Queen's Counsel—he sent the usual note to the senior members on the circuit to see whether anyone objected, according to custom. Mr. Adam Walker, one of the senior members, replied as follows:—"My dear Eve,—You may take silk or a fig leaf. I don't care.—Adam."

Shortly after Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R.A., was knighted, he and Lady Alma-Tadema gave an At Home at St. John's Wood. Everybody present was congratulating them, and one lady was very profuse. "Oh, dear Sir Lawrence," she said, "I am awfully glad to hear of the honor you have received. I suppose now that you are knighted you will give up painting and live like a gentleman."

In an Ohio town last fall, the African Methodist-Episcopal Church of that district held a conference, and for a week the town was filled with colored pulpit orators. A few days after the conference closed its sessions, one of the leading colored women of the town drove out to Pea Ridge to purchase chickens of an old mammy who had supplied the family for years. Aunt Hanna, coming to the gate, said: "I'm sorry, Miss Allie. I ain't got a chicken left. Dey all done enter de ministry.

A story is going the rounds about a prominent Nova Scotia lawyer who is noted for his carelessness in dress, which fact annoys the members of the Bar exceedingly. Entering the courtroom one day minus a cravat, the judge reproved him, saying the law required him to wear one. "Oh, yes, your honor. I know it," he answered; "but it does not say where he shall wear it," and as he spoke he pulled it out of his trousers pocket. The matter then dropped.

General William T. Sherman was fond of relating the following story: "When I was with the army in Georgia, a slave-owner about Christmas time missed a fine fat turkey. He suspected a good-looking mulatto, and ordered the man brought before him. 'You have stolen my turkey and eaten it,' said the irate planter. 'I'se not gwine to say I didn't, when you says I did, massa.' 'I ought to have you flogged. What have you to say why I should not punish you?' 'Well, massa, you hain't lost anything particular. You see, you has a little less turkey and a good deal more nigger.' And the master was compelled to acknowledge the philosophy of the slave, and let him go unwhipped."

As a young man Paul Kruger was regarded as an authority on psalm singing, and the farmers used to come to him to learn the keynote for starting the psalms at the next Sunday's service. Kruger, even in those days, was no believer in the policy of giving anything away—not even a note of music—so he had a uniform charge of a double handful of dried peaches for his instruction. Even the fact that the work was in the service of religion did not deter him from resorting to strategy, for he made a point of giving each applicant a different note. The result when the pious Doppers attempted to raise their voices in sacred harmony next Sunday may be imagined. The result was that each man concluded he had lost the key, and had to return for a further lesson. "I nearly bankrupted them of their dried peaches," said the president.

Ford Madox Brown, the artist, once had to be smuggled into his own exhibition. The occasion was a private view in Bond street of the Manchester fresco, "John Kay." The artist being unwell at the time was accompanied in his carriage to the gallery by his doctor and old friend, William Gill. The time passed pleasantly enough en route in conversation, when suddenly Madox Brown's talk came to an abrupt full stop; he started as though struck by some very disquieting thought, and wildly plunged round in his various pockets, blank dismay depicted on his countenance the while. "Good heavens, Gill!" he exclaimed, "I have forgotten my card of admission! What am I to do?" "Your card of admission!" replied his amazed friend, "surely you can get in without that?" "No, no," answered Madox Brown in despair, "they will never let me in—they don't know me!" Fortunately, however, Mr. Gill was provided with the necessary passport, and he thus played the distinctly original role of getting an artist admission into his own show.

Intellect vs. Morals.

It is the tendency of a sophisticated age like the present to overestimate intellectual as compared with moral and emotional gifts. The material civilization upon which we pride ourselves is almost entirely the achievement of the intellect. Fame and wealth, luxury, cultivation and leisure—all the big prizes of the world, in fact—are obtained by the successful exercise of the intellect. The moral qualities, of themselves, can procure a man nothing but a clear conscience, and the approval, perhaps mixed with contempt, of his neighbors. And yet, when the intellectual qualities are brought to the test of reality; when one's view of them is not clouded by pride, avarice, or passion, how amazingly does their value shrink and shrivel!—Henry Childe Merwin in "Atlantic Monthly."

A Matter of Spelling.

Those who love to study human nature often derive as much pleasure from watching the people who visit picture-galleries as they receive from the pictures themselves. It is not every day, however, which produces so amusing an incident as one which an English paper reports:

Two ladies were looking at a picture by Mr. Faed, in the Royal Academy, entitled, "His Only Pair." The artist has depicted a poor boy sitting up in bed while his hard-working mother mends his only pair of trousers. The boy, although obliged to stay in bed while the repairs are under way, is contentedly eating an orange.

One of the visitors looked at the picture with searching gaze, and then remarked to her companion: "'His Only Pair!' I don't call that a pear at all! It's an orange that he is eating."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

what a world of woe she had passed through.

She was so deeply engrossed in watching them that she never saw a man who was sauntering slowly past, glancing carelessly around until his eyes fell on her face — and then:

Great heaven, how keenly he watched her —his dark, sullen, gloomy eyes fairly scintillating —watched every look, every play of the beautiful features.

"I cannot be mistaken," he muttered, coming closer to get a better view of the half-averted face.

A shadow fell between her and the golden sunlight —some one had stopped beside her —a hand was laid upon her shoulder —a man was bending over her.

"You are Daisy, my wife!" a voice hissed in her ear, and glancing up in terror too great for words, she saw the dark, cruel face of Harold St. John.

She knew him at once.

She sprung to her feet and as a frightened bird stands still and cannot move, so she suddenly stood still dazed and paralyzed before him.

For a moment all was chaos and confusion. The shock was so awful, so terrible that she almost lost her reason. A terrible sound filled her ears, a flash as of red light came before her eyes. The sun seemed suddenly to cease shining, and the world to be plunged in the awful darkness of Hades.

"You are my wife, Daisy," he repeated.

One thought alone rose clearly before her; she must deny it, for Aleck's sake.

For one moment profound silence reigned. She was conscious that his dark, terrible eyes were burning rather than looking down into her own.

His face was awful to see in its awful anger. Hers was pitiful in its pale, pathetic loveliness and unutterable fear.

The terrible force of the shock gave her strength; had the torture, the fear been less, she would have died of it.

She rose to the occasion, her courage rose —for Aleck's sake— Aleck, the love, the light of her life.

She raised her eyes to that dreaded face; she read there no love for her —only sullen revenge; her clear eyes looked straight into his, and seemed to greet the evil spirit there.

"There is evidently a mistake," she said in well-bred, ladylike surprise. "Allow me to pass."

A smile of derision passed over his lips; there was a touch of mockery in it that maddened her.

"Let you pass—you," he cried; "for whom I have been searching the whole world over. I have found you, and you shall never leave me again. I claim you as my wife—the girl who married me in the old stone church on the night of the garden party at Briarvale."

"You are mistaken," she said quietly, in a voice that betrayed neither agitation nor emotion. "Either mad—or—or intoxicated, I imagine."

"Do you dare stand there and deny it?" he asked furiously, staggered at her audacity —he had expected anything but this. "You are my wife. Neither heaven nor earth can prevent me from declaring it and claiming you. You cannot brave it out as you are trying to do."

"Indeed you are mistaken," she replied gently. "I suppose this is a strange case of close resemblance. I have heard of such cases."

He grew livid with rage, and grasped her white arm.

"Come," he cried, "no more of this, it is useless for you to make any further resistance."

"I must go," cried Daisy; "release your hold on my arm—you shall answer to my husband for this insult to me."

He laughed a terrible laugh that froze the blood in her veins.

"Your husband," he repeated; "what then, and who, am I?"

"My curse and my torment!" she muttered to herself, but she made no audible reply.

"I will answer that question if you will not," he went on harshly. "I, and no other man, can claim you as his wife. All the lies, the effrontery, the boldness, the maneuvers of the world cannot alter that fact."

She turned from him with an air of weariness.

"I am quite tired of your raving," she said. "I am convinced that you are a madman."

"You hypocrite!" he cried, fairly foaming at the mouth. "If you will not own me by fair means, you shall by force!"

She tried to shake off the clasp of his hand; this exasperated him.

"You are a strong man; I am weak. I—I would not care if you killed me!" she said. "I could endure it better than this torture."

"You shall not die," he returned grimly. "No doubt you would prefer that to coming with me."

Her heart stood almost still with fear; she was at a loss what to say, yet the instinct of self-preservation was strong within her.

Never, let what might happen, would she admit this man's claim — never, not even if she lay dying!

"I seem to be compelled to listen because I cannot free myself from your strong clasp," she said, "but rest assured, when I see a policeman, pass, you shall be arrested; you shall suffer for this!"

"There is no law which can punish a man for claiming his own wife," he retorted. "I will give out my story to the whole world, and the law shall settle whether you are Alexander Hamilton's wife or mine."

Ah, how she trembled as that beloved name fell from his lips! She could see all the horror of the terrible scandal before her; she could picture Aleck's dismay at the awful charge!

But could Harold St. John prove his claim? She would deny it with her last breath.

There had been no witnesses — no one save the old spinister who married them was present at that fatal ceremony; and then, too, he had claimed Lillian Ruthven as the bride he had wooed and won. How then could he turn about and claim her and expect to be believed?

She told him this with a mocking smile.

"I know a way of proving this — my marriage with you— beyond the shadow of a doubt," he replied grimly. "It is useless to catch at that straw to defy me; you will find it so."

"I persist that you have made a terrible mistake," she declared gaspingly. "I am not your wife!"

To be Continued

Late Sidney Cooper, R.A.

An interesting figure in the art world passed away a few days ago in England, when Sidney Cooper, R. A., died at the age of 99. He worked at his profession until almost the last, and had a picture in the Royal Academy last year, as he had had each year since 1845, when he became A. R. A. His record in this respect is without a precedent, nor is it likely to be equalled for many a generation. Mr. Cooper was born September 28, 1803. A few years ago he was so repeatedly asked the question to what he attributed his long life and splendid vigor that he jotted down the following salient points of his life and habits:

"I was born at Canterbury in 1803 during the great Imperial war, which lasted till I was twelve years of age. All provisions were very dear and my early life was spent on very plain food. So soon as I was able I got to hard work for little pay.

"I took every opportunity to draw and sketch from Nature; but as I could not get instruction this caused me to walk much daily. I have been a great walker. At twenty years of age I was able to learn drawing at county schools, which gave me a great number of miles to walk.

"I was never ill, except with infant maladies. At thirty I commenced to try to paint. After I came to settle in London my living was of a very careful kind. I soon became known and received many commissions for my work, which became very popular.

"Then came a period of bad health from the overstrain of London life, and I feared I should become a poor invalid. So I went back to the country, bought some land and built this house (Vernon Holme, near Canterbury) in 1848. I soon felt the change for the better.

"I bought a farm, which required much looking after, and I commenced to walk again. This I continued to do; and now, in my ninety-sixth year, I can paint four or five hours a day and walk slowly a mile daily in fine weather or take a carriage drive if not fine.

"I rise at 7 o'clock, go into my study, set my palette, take my breakfast at 8, then my Bible, then I paint till 12.30. Then lunch and Bible and paint till 3 o'clock. This is my day's work and then I take my walk, write letters and dine at 6 o'clock.

"I take no wine, but a very little whiskey and cold water. Of course I have the infirmities of old age, but now enjoy the cheerful effects of a temperate life.

"I think moderate smoking conducive to sleep, if in the evening; but to smoke all day, as I know some do, is not wise.

"I must tell you that I attribute my long life to the merciful care of God's Providence, for He was the Father of the fatherless boy and has preserved him through all his trials and difficulties, prosperities, sunshine and shadow."

Mr. Cooper was no doubt the oldest member of his profession in the world at the time of his death, but he was even then junior to a Devonshire preacher, who is in his hundredth year. This is Mr. Robert C. Chapman of Barnstaple, and from the excellent health he enjoys at present there is every prospect of his going well into the second century.

Primarily a barrister, he gave up his profession when still in the twenties, in order to devote himself to religious work. For over seventy years he has worked in Barnstaple, and the older he gets the more popular he becomes with the members of the Plymouth Brethren community, to which he belongs. A man of scholarly attainments, he is master of half a dozen languages and author of many Biblical works. Mr. Chapman is known among the Nonconformist churches the world over. He still preaches, though only occasionally, as he finds it takes rather too much out of him, but whenever he does occupy the pulpit there is always a large congregation.

Advertising Canada.

Certainly, if Canada is not well advertised now in Great Britain, it is no longer the fault of the British press. It is difficult to pick up an English newspaper to-day without finding it containing somewhere or other a reference to Canada's resources or to some phase or other of life in the Dominion. Moreover, there need no longer be any feeling that the attention of the British is directed by their newspapers to Australia or New Zealand rather than to Canada; all that has changed during the last few years. South Africa necessarily occupies a sad prominence, but from a point of view altogether different from that from which Canada is seen. The London press has been paying much attention to the Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. Smart, during his visit to Great Britain, and numerous interviews and articles that must prove of great value to this country have appeared in the columns of the big metropolitan dailies. In the provincial press Canada is almost equally to the front. In the shape of letters from correspondents, who are sometimes residents of Canada, sometimes Englishmen who have visited Canada, or by means of articles based on the excellent literature emanating from the Immigration Department, Canada is being continually kept in the minds of the people of Great Britain.

Temperance Work in London.

In connection with the efforts to increase the growth of temperance in the Province of Ontario it is interesting to notice the expensive temperance work that the London County Council is at present carrying out, but it is not designated as such, nor is the general public aware of the fact. Yet within the last three years the London County Council has devoted more than $1,250,000 to the practical work of temperance. It is one of the consequences of the extensive improvements being made in London at present. When acquiring property for the necessary widening of different streets, many public houses, with licenses and good will, come into the possession of the Council. These properties are very valuable, but the Council, instead of renewing them for premises in the neighborhood, is deliberately giving them up, seeing, at the same time, that no new licenses for these localities are issued. In this way the number of public houses in London has been diminished by 163, which were valued at $4,872,700.

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"At Plevna, Kan.," says The Kansas City Journal, "A 'joint' keeper cornered the Rev. W. H. Houston in the postoffice and informed the reverend gentleman that he must take a licking on account of a temperance sermon which he had preached the day before. 'All right,' responded the parson, cheerfully, and two minutes later the friends of the 'joint' keeper were taking him down to the butcher shop for the application of beefsteak to a pair of beautiful black eyes. Showing again the low down, deceptive wickedness of our theological seminaries in maintaining physical culture departments."

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
Describing the route of the
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS
WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DA
ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902
Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N. Y.
A. H. NOTMAN
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent
1 King St. East, Toronto

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
VICTORIA DAY
MAY 24th 1902
Return tickets will be issued at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouses Point, N. Y., Island Pond, Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.
GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th
Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Scavenger Work,
Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

The hospitality of Scotland is quite as well established as the hospitality of Ireland, but the canniness of the Scot, which has passed into a proverb, is likely to assert itself at any stage. As The Scotsman tells this story, it cannot be suspected of proving false to its own countrymen:—

An Irish friend insisted that a Scotchman should stay at his house instead of a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to all places of amusement, paying all the cab fares and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went together to have a last cigar.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at your hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the amusements and cabs and so on—I tell you I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"

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Dominie—Hello, my good man. I don't see you in church ever, but I'm sure you live in this district. Why don't you come?

Man—I've been to your church four times this month, sir.

Dominie—Is that so? Funny I never see you. Where do you sit?

Man—Don't sit nowhere. I come and fix the water pipes when they get froze.—Buffalo Express.

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Brown—Are you interested in genealogy? Ever looked up your ancestral tree?

Black—Never did. Fact is, I'd be afraid there might be a man hanging from one of its branches.—Boston Transcript.

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The eccentric millionaire decided to build a Venetian palace in the little lake that adorned his country home.

"It will be easy enough to build the palace," said the architect whom he was consulting, "but there may be some trouble about the foundation."

"Well, you start for Venice on the first steamer that sails for Europe. Find out how they lay the foundations for their palaces over there, and add your expenses to the bill."

The architect packed his valise and started.

In about two weeks the millionaire received the following cablegram:

"Venice, May 5.—Have made thorough investigation and find there has not been a foundation laid here for 500 years. Chubb."—Chicago Tribune.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE, in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

At 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the TOWN HALL, in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

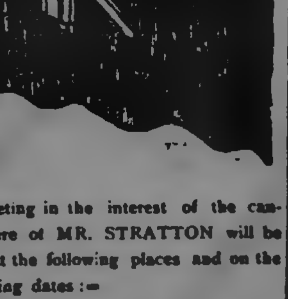
At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer



Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

At Fraserville, Friday evening, May 16th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President. C. M. ROGER, Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for $1.50, from EVANS & SONS, Limited, Montreal and Toronto, Canada, and Victoria, British Columbia, or Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough—
Try a pair of Carey's $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00 Hand-Made Shoes, they always give satisfaction
CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

"WIRE SOLDER"
Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St., Toronto, Ont.

A man who was bicycling in southern France was pushing his machine up a steep hill, when he overtook a peasant with a donkey cart. The patient beast was making but little progress, although it was doing its best.

The benevolent cyclist, putting his left hand against the back of the cart and guiding his machine with the other hand, pushed so hard that the donkey, taking fresh courage, pulled his load successfully up to the top.

When the summit was reached the peasant burst into thanks to his benefactor.

"It was good of you, indeed, monsieur!" he protested. "I should never in the world have got up the hill with only one donkey."—Youth's Companion.

FOOT ELM

POSITIVELY CURES

SWEATY FEET
SORE FEET
ACHING FEET
BLISTERED FEET
HOT FEET
INFLAMED FEET
SWOLLEN FEET

18 Powders 25c

Shun any man who offers you a substitute simply because he can make a few cents more profit out of you by persuading you to take a cheaper article.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 16 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Official experts promise a spell of very fine weather.

—Nominations next Thursday and polling one week later.

—For honest up-to-date Photos go to Whitten, and you will get the best.

—Rev. A. B. Langfeldt conducted the last cottage prayer meeting of the season last night at Auburn.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore.

—Another dog tag case was settled in the Police Court yesterday in the usual way—by a fine for not taking a tag.

—Twice a fool is he who doesn't advertise and then wonders why success eludes him.

—Large quantities of nursery stock is being delivered in this locality, mostly to farmers.

—The time table of the Peterborough Navigation Company's steamers will appear in a few days.

—The Times keeps a circulation manager constantly employed. It is the people's paper, and everybody reads it.

—The entertainment at Lakefield a few evenings ago, under the auspices of the Girl's Guild of St. Luke's Church, netted $34.

—There were 196 votes added to the list under the Manhood Registration Act, in Peterborough. About 100 being registered in Mr. Stratton's interests.

—Sneak thieves are operating in town just now. Last night a resident of Water Street north reported to The Times the loss of a quantity of clothing which had been hung out to get dried.

—The steamer Sunbeam, so long and favorable known to the patrons of Stoney Lake waters, is no more. The new owners have changed the name of the vessel to "Alexandra."

—On Thursday evening an item appeared of an amusing incident which was said to have taken place in St. Luke's church. This was a mistake; it should have been All Saint's Church. A miss is as good as several "Myles."

—There being no military demonstration in Peterborough on Saturday, May 24th, it is the intention of the Rifle Committee of the 57th to have some interesting matches on that date. Special attention will be given to the younger members of the regiment.

—The Alpine Yodlers who appear in the Opera House next Tuesday evening give an excellent and unique entertainment. Some in town have heard them at the World's Fair and the "Pan" and are loud in their praises. The reserved seat plan opens this (Friday) morning at Ormond & Walsh's.

—The steamer City of Peterborough took a private party of 50 or 60 down the river yesterday to Jubilee Point and return. A jolly crowd it was, too, and the trip proved a most enjoyable outing. At the Point Mr. Dan Foley was on hand to welcome them. A sumptuous dinner was served, and the party returned about eight o'clock.

—What the emperor of China needs more than anything else at this time is a good suit of clothes. A cablegram informs the world that at the last reception his majesty was shabbily dressed and looked bored. He should at once communicate with Messrs. Gough Bros. the great clothiers of Canada, and get stylishly and economically togged out.

—Lindsay Watchman-Warder,—In this issue are published the death notices of three people whose combined ages total 277 years or an average age for each of 92 years. These three people all lived in or adjacent to this county and amid the beneficial influences of the salubrious Kawartha climate. They were Mrs. Clifford of Galway, who died at the age of 107 years; Joseph Southam of Verulam aged 88, and Harriet Laplante, Bobcaygeon, aged 82.

—At 8 p.m., while Pa and Ma
Helped entertain, with Sis,
Both John and May in distant seats
Were far apart, like this.
At 9 p.m., as Pa withdrew
And sought his room upstairs,
The lovers found some photographs
And nearer brought their chairs.
At 10 p.m. Mamma decamped—
And then, ye gods! What bliss!
Those lovers sat till nearly one
Absolutelylikethis.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

LAST OF THE SEASON

Band Benefit Concert in aid of 57th Regiment Band Opera House, Friday May, 16th. Admission 25 cents.

Mrs. Frances [illegible]

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Moss.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Mr. Bert McHarry is home from the Toronto College of Pharmacy for the holidays.

—We are pleased to see his Worship Mayor Denne on the street again, after his present indisposition.

—Mr. W. M. German, M.P., Welland, was in town yesterday, and spoke in the interests of Mr. Stratton at Young's Point last night.

—Mr. A. C. Gladman, of the local staff of the Ontario Bank, has been transferred to Toronto branch. His many friends in town will wish him every success. Mr. Graham Ferguson, son of Mr. W. B. Ferguson, will take his place in the local office.

—The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. Phelan will wish them many long and happy years in their new residence to which they have just moved, at the corner of Simcoe and Stewart Streets. Mr. Phelan is having the premises completely overhauled and refitted.

Has Been Released

Mr. E. Wood, who was stricken with small pox in Otonabee, and who was isolated under canvas, has been released. Mr. W. H. Andrews, his nurse, has also got his freedom. Mr. Andrews says it was a severe case, his patient being for a time very ill.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month.

A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magazines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelops 10cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices. Times Bookstore.

THE CASE DISMISSED

A Case in Which Considerable Local Interest Centres

Divisional Court — Before Boyd, C. Meredith, C. J.

Deroche vs. Cox — D. O'Connell, Peterborough, for plaintiffs; moved to set aside verdict and judgment for defendant, in an action for negligence tried before Lount, J., and a jury at Peterborough, and for a new trial. The action was brought by the parents of John Deroche, a boy of eight, to recover damages for his death, which was caused by his being crushed by a large log which was carried on a sleigh belonging to defendant, upon which the boy was allowed by defendant to sit. Jury found that there was no negligence on the part of the defendant and no damage accruing to plaintiffs. Counsel for plaintiffs contended that the verdict was contrary to the evidence, and the judge's charge was perverse. D. W. Dumble, Peterborough, for defendant, contra. Motion dismissed, the case having gone to the jury upon a charge favorable to the plaintiffs, and there being evidence to warrant the verdict. No costs.

Chorea OR St. Vitus' Dance

Has Its Origin In Weak and Debilitated Nerves

Children of Nervous Temperament Are Usually the Sufferers

Paine's Celery Compound

AN INFALLIBLE CURE FOR THE TERRIBLE DISEASE

While Chorea is common with children of nervous temperament, it also affects older people. It has its origin in debilitated nerves.

Parents can easily note the leading symptoms; unusual movements and jerkings of the limbs and twitchings of the muscles of the face. Frequently the limbs are so seriously affected that the gait becomes awkward and unsteady. The hands and arms fail to obey the will, and the victim is unable to raise a glass of water to the mouth. The tongue at times is involved, and speech is stammering.

Dear parents, when any of the symptoms just mentioned are manifest, it is your imperative duty to exercise all necessary care, and have your dear ones use Paine's Celery Compound the great nerve feeder and nerve bracer.

Paine's Celery Compound has already achieved a marvellous record in the cure of St. Vitus' Dance. It has made strong boys and girls out of puny and almost helpless children, and the hearts of thousands of fathers and mothers have been gladdened.

Bear in mind, dear parents, that it is folly on your part to delay the use of Paine's Celery Compound when you note the symptoms of nervous troubles in your children. The great medicine will free them from disease and enable them to grow up strong, happy and contented. Do not make it possible for your children to look back upon their childhood years and find in them a lack of care on your part which allowed bodily disablement and disease to make them weak and wretched.

NOT THE WORST

It is an awful disaster, but not, as has been stated, the most destructive one of the kind on record. There have been far more appalling catastrophes from earthquakes and volcanic eruptions. Two hundred years ago the city of Jeddo, Japan, was swallowed up and 200,000 persons perished. A little later Pekin was destroyed by an earthquake, and over 100,000 lives were lost and half of Cairo was destroyed, with 40,000 human lives. The loss of life in the Lisbon earthquake in 1755, which lasted only eight minutes, was about 50,000. In 1794 occurred the great earthquake in Ecuador, when more than 40,000 people were buried in a second. Several other similar disasters, involving as much loss of life as the destruction of St. Pierre, are recorded.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

LIVING WITHOUT MEAT

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—Some days ago I noticed a request in The Times for information about a vegetable diet. Potatoes gives moisture and starch, beans and nuts produce more muscle than meat, onions and celery contain nerve nutriment in great quantities, lettuce contains opium and induces rest, cucumbers possess considerable arsenic, and act as a good tonic, turnips and radishes are appetizers, sugar is also a great strength producer and sustainer, tomatoes, dandelions and spinach act upon the liver and the blood, so also do beets. Cabbage and apples contain phosphorous, or brain food, corn and cereals generally contain the elements of heat, lime for bone, silica for teeth, nails, etc.; bananas are very nutritious in many ways; also chocolate, rice, coconut and sweet potatoes. All fruits are good to either assist or retard digestion. Molasses and honey are laxative, strengthening and fattening; peanuts give strength and should be eaten with the skins, which is a tonic.

It will be seen that animal flesh is in nowise necessary to sustain human life. Flesh eating is only a lesser degree of cannibalism. We are very largely what we eat. Flesh eating tends to materialism; a vegetable diet, more to psychic or soul development, and leads towards spirituality. I think eggs, butter and milk, while of the animal, may be permitted, as the animal does not die but gives its life element in its production instead of having its soul withdrawn as in the case of a slaughtered animal or fowl. The less cooking, the more raw the food, the more life-giving. Such a course of eating saves health, wealth and happiness.

L. B.

SWINGING IN THE LANE

How oft we talk of childhood joys, of tricks we used to play,
Upon each other while at school, to pass the time away;
And, oh, how often have I longed for those bright days again,
When little Rosa Neil and I went swingin' in the lane.

Chorus:—
And yet I'd give the world to be with Rosa Neil again—
I never, never will forget our swingin' in the lane.

The boys and girls would oftimes go a-fishin' in the brooks,
With spools of thread for fishing lines, and bended pins for hooks;
They often wished me with them, but they always wished in vain,
I'd rather be with Rosa Neil, a swingin' in the lane.

At last a change of sorrow came, a strange young man from town
Was introduced to Rosa Neil by Aunt Jemima Brown;
She stayed away from school next day, the truth to me was plain,
She'd gone off with that city chap a-swingin' in the lane.

And now young men with tender hearts, pray take advice from me,
Don't be so quick to fall in love with every girl you see;
For if you do you're sure to find you've only loved in vain,
She'll go out with some other chap a-swingin' in the lane.

ABOUT FRECKLES

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—I see The Times through its Letter Box Department, answers all questions. Believing that Peterborough's great family journal is able to help me, I venture to ask: "I am somewhat freckled, and have looked in vain for a remedy. Please for to put in a peace about them, the freckles being removed. I have Tried Iron Rust and Cucumber Juice, and Cocanu tOil, and Mashed Onions, and Cold Mush on my face and find it hasn't did me any good, and my Ma says I am more freckility than ever. Please for to say how you take 'em off, and oblige,

SARAH.

Ans.—Now, Sarah, it is just like this: If you have tried all the things you say you have tried, and are more "freckility than ever," it may be that you have what we term Hereditary Freckles. I would like to know something of your symptoms, your general habits, etc., before I would venture a cure for your case. If I get a chance to come out into Indiana this Spring, I will try to drop round and see you and talk the matter over with you. The Times Junior Reporter.

MOTHER SHIPTON'S PROPHECY

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—Please publish "Mother Shipton's prophecy," and the year in which it was made.

M. S. M.

Ans.—Ursula Shipton, so the story goes, was a prophetess in London during the reign of Henry VIII; her prophecies were printed first in 1641, about fifty years after her death. Another edition appeared in 1686. In 1862 Charles Hindley of Brighton, England, got out an edition with more prophecies than had ever been known before. In 1873 he confessed that he had written the new ones himself. Some of the more famous prophecies are these.

"From the cold north
Every evil should come forth,"
"When fate to England shall restore
A king to reign as heretofore
Great death in London shall be though,
And many houses be laid low,"

"A time shall happen a ship shall come sayling up the Thames till it come against London and the master of the ship shall weepe, and the mariners of the shippe shall aske him why he weepe being he hath made so good a voyage? And he shall say, "Ah, what a goodly city this was, none in the world comparable to it, and now there is left scarce any House that can let us have drinke for our money.'"

"When the dragon of Bow Church and the grasshopper of the Royal Exchange shall lie down together, London streets shall run with blood."

These were in the editions of 1641 and 1686. Hindley's edition contained the lines which he himself had invented:

"Carriages without wheels shall go
And accidents fill the world with woe;
Around the world thoughts shall fly
In the twinkling of an eye.
The world to an end shall come
In eighteen hundred and eighty-one."

William Lilly, the astrologer, thought that the prophecies had been fulfilled before 1665. The dragon and the grasshopper were on the weather vanes of Bow Church and the Royal Exchange; in 1820 they were taken down to the same carpenter shop to be repaired, and London streets did not run with blood. Further, the world did not end in 1881.

Ontario Elections.

EAST RIDING

DR. FORD,

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate, for the East Riding, will address a meeting of the electors at the

Town Hall, Ashburnham,

Monday Evening May 19

Mr. J. W. Garvin and other speakers will also address the meeting.

The chair will be taken at eight o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE KING

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES

SEALED TENDERS addressed "Inspector of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," and endorsed "Tenders for Supplies," will be received until Monday, 16th of June, inclusive, from parties desirous of contracting for supplies, for the fiscal year 1902-1903, for the following institutions, namely:—

Kingston Penitentiary.
St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary.
Dorchester Penitentiary.
Manitoba Penitentiary.
British Columbia Penitentiary.
Regina Jail.
Prince Albert Jail.

Separate tenders will be received for each of the following classes of supplies:—

1. Flour (Canadian Strong Baker's.)
2. Beef and Mutton (fresh.)
3. Forage.
4. Coal (anthracite and bituminous.)
5. Cordwood.
6. Groceries.
7. Coal Oil (in barrels.)
8. Dry Goods.
9. Drugs and Medicines.
10. Leather and Findings.
11. Hardware, Tinware, Paints, etc.
12. Lumber.

Details of information as to form of contract together with forms of tender, will be furnished on application to the Wardens of the various institutions.

All supplies are subject to the approval of the Warden or Jailor.

All tenders submitted must specify clearly the institution, or institutions, which it is proposed to supply, and must bear the endorsation of at least two responsible sureties.

Papers inserting this notice without authority from the King's Printer will not be paid therefor.

DOUGLAS STEWART,
GEO. W. DAWSON,
Inspectors of Penitentiaries
Department of Justice.
Ottawa, May 12, 1902.

King Edward VII. Notepaper

is "quite English, you know." It was very popular when sold under the name of "Plashwater," but never so fashionable as now.

IT IS THE GENUINE "PLASHWATER."

Other papers sold in Canada now under that name are spurious imitations. Ask for "King Edward VII." Note Paper, with envelopes to match, and you will have the authentic kind.

THE TIMES BOOKSTORE

Market Block, Peterborough

(25)

BIRDS' INFLUENCE

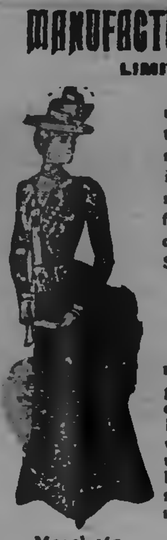
Many a sullen disposition brightened, many a happy one made happier by the song of a pet bird. Many a silent bird is quickened, many a sick one restored by Cottams Seed.

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO. LONDON" is on label. [illegible] Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK [illegible]

Electric Lamps

25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED



$3.10 $3.10

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.

Fashionable tailor-made open coat costumes. Coat tailor stitched and fashionable, well-cut skirt, well made and finished. Made of our noted Cheviot Serge. Price only $3.10

Postage 50c extra.

Colours — Black, navy, fawn, brown, grey purple, green, cardinal, purple, etc. In ordering give waist and bust measure under arms, length of inside seam and length of skirt in front

Model 169

85c | A Special Bargain | 85c

Try one of our noted Cheviot Serge Costume Skirts in navy and black Only a good wearing quality. Unlined price only 85c, postage 35c, Lined price $1.10, postage 40c extra.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts of the world.

Patterns and our illustrated Sketch-book of Costumes sent post free on application to

THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.
Dept. 74, St. Andrew's Factory,
Bradford, England

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

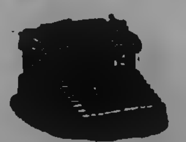
Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

George street, Peterborough.
Telephone 180 [illegible] day or night

Homes for Quick Sale.

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ... $550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work.......... 950
4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376 Near Post Office



TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

Capital (all paid up).......... $12,000,000
Reserved Fund.......... 7,000,000
Undivided Profits.......... 876,531

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

PETERBOROUGH BRANCH.

Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

ONTARIO BANK

PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

THE TORONTO SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY,

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1, 3 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager
Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Keith Borden, M. D., has the best treatment—has cured any kind of Obesity [illegible]

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING —AND— MALTING CO., Ltd.

if you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. overnight.

Try Them.

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH

Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales

FOR EVERYBODY

COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

GET OUR PRICES

DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS

C. WILSON & SON,
31 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
Local Manager

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Canvasser —WANTED—

to sell PRINTERS' INK—a journal for advertisers—published weekly at five dollars a year. It teaches the science and practice of Advertising and is highly esteemed by the most successful advertisers in this country and Great Britain. Liberal commission allowed. Address PRINTERS INK, 10 SpruceSt., New York

Hotels

SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.00 per day. Commercial rooms.

Legal

DOUCETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISters and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mayo & Co., Room 711 and 16 Broadway, New York.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural [illegible] of mucous membranes. [illegible] Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for [illegible]

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 5c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

KAWARTHA LAKES

THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

Sailings of Steamer

BOBCAYGEON STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.

"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"

May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.

Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m

Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.

For further particulars apply to

W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt., G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO

STR. "ARGYLE"

(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.

RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.

STR. "ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning

Finest excursion trip on the continent.

Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)

EVERY SATURDAY

Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
" Trenton - - 1.15 p m
" Brighton - - 2.45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m

*Quebec excursions commence July 6th

For further particulars, folders, etc., write

A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.

NIAGARA ON THE SEA

THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav., Peterborough, Ontario, or, to

THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L.A

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings in 48 hours. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 116 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 17 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE BOER WAR IS SAID TO BE ENDED AND PEACE WILL BE PROCLAIMED

A Despatch States that the Boers have Accepted Peace Terms

Lord Kitchener's Great Block House Supply Invulnerable

Impossible for Boer Forces to Co-operate With Each other

Special to The Times.

London, May 7. — A despatch received from Pretoria states that the meeting of the Boer delegates at Vereeniging has resulted in a triumph of the peace party, and a proclamation will follow announcing the end of the war. There are some minor conditions attached, which the Boers want, but nothing that will cause any serious hitch. The following is a history of the peace movement:

March 23—Boer "Government" arrive at Pretoria on peace mission, subsequently proceeding to Kroonstadt, their object being to confer with De Wet and Steyn.

April 9—Steyn and De Wet having been found, all the Boer leaders confer at Klerksdorp.

April 11—They leave Klerksdorp for Pretoria, where they enter on another discussion.

April 18—Boer leaders leave Pretoria to consult with the leaders in the field, after having had interviews with Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener on the subject of the British conditions.

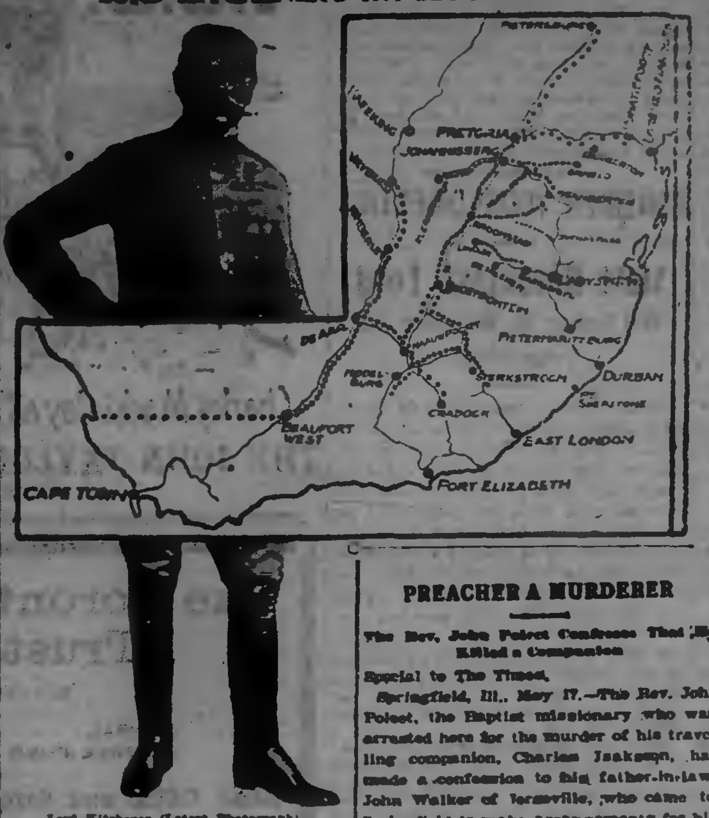
May 1—Announcement that Boer leaders, who are holding meetings among the commandos, are to meet in final conference at Vereeniging on May 15.

May 2—Another announcement to the effect that when a final decision has been come to, the Boer leaders will go the British headquarters at Pretoria, and there settle matters with Lord Kitchener, and presumably, Lord Milner.

May 15—Boer leaders assemble at Vereeniging to reach a final decision.

London, May 17.—Whatever the decision of the Boers may be in regard to continuing the war, there is but one opinion amongst the burghers, and that is that it is impossible for the Boer forces to co-operate with each other on account of the blockhouse obstruction.

LORD KITCHENER'S 4000 BLOCKHOUSES.



Lord Kitchener (Latest Photograph).

This map shows Lord Kitchener's extraordinary blockhouse system in the Cape Colony, the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal. Of the gigantic nature of this enterprise, an idea may be formed by the merest glance at the map, when it is remembered that the distance from Cape Town to Pietersburg is 1217 miles, and from Mafeking across to the Portuguese frontier 400 miles.

It will be seen that the blockhouses, shown on the map by black dots, follow, as a general rule, the lines of the railways, thus guarding the main lines of communication. Sir Howard Vincent, speaking recently at the United Service Institution, says the London Graphic, gave an interesting account of the blockhouse system. There are between 60 and 70 columns of from 1000 to 2000 of all ranks moving over the country, and they employ from 70,000 to 90,000 men. In addition to the men required for the columns, there are the garrisons of the 4000 blockhouses. An officer and six men are the quota at each blockhouse, but the average is 10 men.

The blockhouse walls consist as a rule of sheets of curved corrugated iron, supporting 24 inches of rammed stone ballast, with a cistern and reserve rations for a week inside. Each blockhouse costs from £50 to £200 if of masonry, the average cost being about £70.

The garrisons are supplemented by dogs.

PREACHER A MURDERER

The Rev. John Poleet Confesses That He Killed a Companion

Special to The Times.

Springfield, Ill., May 17.—The Rev. John Poleet, the Baptist missionary who was arrested here for the murder of his travelling companion, Charles Isakson, has made a confession to his father-in-law, John Walker of Jerseyville, who came to Springfield to make arrangements for his defence.

Poleet says he killed Isakson in a moment of frenzy. The impulse to murder and rob his companion came upon him suddenly, he says, and without warning he picked up a car coupler and beat out the man's brains. He says he is ready to die for the crime.

Poleet had charge of a Baptist mission at McCluskey, Ill.

Revolution in Newfoundland

Since the introduction into Newfoundland of the new Inhaler Remedy "Catarrhozone" the treatment of Catarrhal diseases has been entirely revolutionized. The old-time snuff and internal medicine has been cast aside and everyone is inhaling Catarrhozone: it clears the head and throat in two minutes, and is very agreeable and pleasant to use. Catarrhozone is a wonderful cure for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung Troubles and Deafness. It relieves quickly and cures permanently. We advise our readers to try Catarrhozone. Price $1; trial size 25c. Druggists or from Polson & Co, Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

MORGAN CONTINUES SHIPPING OPERATIONS

Now After Lines Between Antwerp, and Central America

DEBATE IN BRITISH HOUSE

Now Stated That Cananian Government Will Take Steps to Oppose Trust

Britain and Canada must Fight the Giant Morgan, Who Threatens to Wipe out British Commerce

Special to The Times.

London, May 17.—A Brussels telegram states that Morgan's delegates are negotiating for the incorporation of all the shipping lines between Antwerp and Central America, and South America in the ocean trust. The statement is reasserted that some arrangement has been arrived at between Mr. Morgan and the Manchester Shipping Canal and yesterday the stock of the Great Central Railway which has its headquarters in Manchester, rose sharply on rumours connecting it with the shipping combine. Mr. Morgan's London Railway schemes are not progressing satisfactorily. One of them had yesterday to be withdrawn, and the others are still awaiting Parliamentary sanction.

GOVERNMENT INTERROGATED.

London, May 17.—In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Balfour Jones, Liberal member for the north west division of Durham, asked whether, in view of the fact that British ships were, by the law of England, for certain purposes held to be British in whatever waters they might be, the Government would consider the expediency of proposing legislative extension of that doctrine so as to prevent the cession to a foreign flag of a British ship that otherwise might be available for naval and military purposes.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Government leader replied, "If the member suggests, as I think he did, that we should by legislative action prevent private owners of British ships from disposing of these vessels when we have no lien on them that would be a new departure in legislation, so important that we could not be expected to deal with it in answer to a question."

REPLY FROM ADMIRALTY.

Replying to a question, Mr. Arnold Foster, Parliamentary secretary of the Admiralty, said all vessels sailing under the British flag were legally British actual ownership when chartering transport department to enquire into the actual ownership when chartering transports, but preference ought to be given to British owned ships. Whenever possible the Admiralty would give greater attention to this in future.

CANADA'S ANSWER TO COMBINE.

Toronto, May 17.—A Globe special from Ottawa says: "The establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship and freight line controlled by trustees of the Canadian Government, and working in union with the Dominion line, is now up. This may be Canada's answer to the formation of the great Morgan octopus, which there is reason to fear, might make the Dominion dependent upon the American channels of transportation. The effect of the Morgan combine, remaining unopposed would be to make Canadians hewers of stone for the United States. The control of communication by sea and land would render the Americans masters of the situation. Our grain would be taken to the seaboard by American barges and railways and transferred from New York to American steamships. The control of immigration in Canada would pass out of our hands and the steamship—the Morgan combine—could restrict the number coming to this country to exactly what proportion they pleased. This dangerous and threatening situation is the question which is bothering the Government. Representatives of the different steamship and railway companies have been sounded as to their views of the situation, and the Government is said to have been convinced that the best way to fight the Morgan combine is through a company able to provide a trans-Atlantic fleet and transcontinental railway.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

It is now reported that negotiations have been opened with the Canadian Pacific Railway looking to the establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship and freight service. The idea is that there should be a weekly passenger service between Canada and Great Britain equal to the best that sails from New York. In order to maintain a good freight service a dozen freight steamers would be required, and the total stock of the undertaking would be $30,000,000.

"The Canadian Pacific Railway is reported to be willing, if the project goes through, to allow the fast steamship line to be controlled by trustees nominated by the Government. National control would be a guarantee that fair rates would be extended to all Canadian companies and that there would be no discrimination for or against any particular railway.

"According to report, the matter is now engaging the consideration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues, and further developments are expected when they proceed to London in June. The impression is that the Imperial Government would be disposed to grant a handsome subsidy to a purely British undertaking."

MEMBERS FORM A POOL.

London, May 17.—The Daily Mail in its issue of this morning, says that ten members of the House of Commons have promised to form a pool of £1,000,000 as the nucleus of a fund to start a line of ocean greyhounds in opposition to the Morgan combine. The promoters of this enterprise hope to secure mail and cruiser subsidies from the Government.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS AND THEIR CAUSES

Steam Generated by Contact of Water With Molten Portions of the Earth

Prof. Adams of McGill University, Montreal, Makes a Statement of the Cause of the Recent Calamity, at St. Pierre

Montreal, May 17.—The awful disaster which occurred on the island of Martinique and which has shocked civilization with its dire consequences, affords ample opportunity for food for thought from a scientific standpoint. Dr. Frank D. Adams, the professor of geology at McGill University, in discussing the event with a reporter said:

"These volcanic eruptions are caused primarily by the consequent action of water when it comes in contact with extreme heat. This in short is the scientific explanation of the matter. It is an accepted theory that the depths of the earth or at least certain portions are in a molten state, seething and boiling, as it were, like a caldron, and when water comes in contact with this mass steam is generated which has an almost unconceivable power and force. This confined energy must, perforce, have an outlet, and will find vent through the weakest spots in the earth's crust. Hence the volcano.

The islands of the sea which border the continents constitute the most prevalent scenes of these writhings of nature's forces, and when viewed from a scientific point of view, this is not surprising. It has been demonstrated beyond a doubt that the main bodies of land are constantly, though very slowly, rising, and that the depths of the oceans are sinking deeper and deeper, decade by decade. This means, as ascertained by deep sea soundings as well as by geological research, that sheer submarine declivities are forming along the borders of the mainlands. This occurs, as a rule, within or along what is commonly known as a belt or strip, and demarks the weakest seams or lines of the earth's crust. Earthquakes and volcanic eruptions are caused by the same natural conditions. When the surface of the ground breaks away and sinks from the surrounding contour, the jar of the stupendous mass causes a shudder in its fall which makes the surrounding land to tremble, not only in the immediate vicinity, but for hundreds and hundreds of miles. The result is termed an earthquake. The fissures or cracks thus formed give passage for either the influx of the sea or for the flow of those subterranean lakes which exist between the substrata of the earth's surface and running downwards they eventually meet the intensely hot and liquid rock, and various mineral substances which constitute the core of our globe. The immense volumes of steam which are consequently given off and whose power mere words are miserably weak and pitifully commonplace to express, must escape, and, rising, they compel an outlet through the nearest portion of the surface, and that which offers the least resistence.

"Sometimes volcanic disturbances occur in short succession in a group or line of islands, showing that the first outbreak was insufficient to adequately relieve the internal pressure, while in other instances after one tremendous spouting no similar disaster has occurred in that vicinity for hundreds of years. It is absolutely beyond the ken of human intelligence to predict the length of time during which the earth's crust will continue to shrink and death and destruction continue to follow in the wake, but centuries will probably pass before it shall cease.

Mt. Royal, Montarville, Beloeil, Rougemont, Mamaska, Shefford, in curved line marking the line near the city of Montreal, are the mute witnesses of a prehistoric belt of volcanic craters, long since extinct, with Mt. Johnson and Mt. Brome to the southward. They show that even here, once upon a time, was one of these weak spots in the surface of the earth which gave vent to unutterable calamity, the evidence of which, through action of time which effaces nature's scars, has been gradually but effectually eliminated.

Berlin, May 17.—Herr Ballin, director of the Hamburg-American line of steamers, denies the allegation that he has purchased shares of the Cunard line, either personally or in conjunction with J. Pierpont Morgan.

IN FAVOR OF A FAST LINE.

Toronto, Ont., May 17.—Secretary Jarvis, of the Board of Trade, has received several additional acceptances from outside boards to the invitation to attend the conference to be held here on June 4 and 5. Kingston, Windsor and Peterborough boards will each send two delegates. Delegates will also be present from the Board of North Sydney, C.B., who will submit resolutions in favor of the establishment of a fast Canadian line of steamers.

CHILD ON RAFT THROUGH RAIN OF FIRE

Wonderful Escape of Little Girl From St. Pierre Steamer

SHE MAY YET DIE IN HOSPITAL

Little Margaret Scott, of New York, Escaped from the Roraima After Mother and Brother were Burned

Special to the Times.

Fort de France, Martinique, May 17.—Margaret Stokes, the nine-year-old daughter of the late Clement Stokes, of New York, who, with her mother, a brother aged four, and a sister aged three, was on the ill-fated British steamer Roraima, is in the hospital here and is not expected to live.

Her nurse, Clara King, says she was in her stateroom when the steward of the Roraima called to her, "Look at Mount Pelee!"

She went on deck and saw a vast black cloud coming down from the volcano. The steward ordered her to return to the saloon, saying, "It is coming."

Miss King then ran to the saloon. She says she experienced a feeling of suffocation, which was followed by intense heat.

The after part of the Roraima broke out in flames. "Ben" Benson, the carpenter of the Roraima, who is now in hospital here severely burned, assisted Miss King and Margaret Stokes to escape.

With the help of Mr. Scott, the first mate of the Roraima, he constructed a raft with the life-preservers. Upon this Miss King and little Margaret were placed.

While the raft was being constructed Margaret's little brother died. Scott took water to the child at great personal danger, but it was unavailing. Shortly after the death of the little boy Mrs. Stokes succumbed.

Margaret and Miss King eventually got away on the raft and were picked up by the steamer Korona. Mate Scott also escaped.

Miss King did not sustain serious injuries. She covered the face of Margaret with her dress, but still the child was probably fatally burned.

PEACE IS ASSURED NO DETAILS AVAILABLE

Correspondent with Good Source of News from South Africa

DECLARES THAT WAR IS OVER

Leyds in Closer Touch with Kruger—British Have Many Successes During the Past Week.

Special to The Times.

London, May 17.—No details are to hand regarding the Boer deliberations at Vereeniging. The Daily Mail understands that sufficient indications have transpired to justify the assertion that peace is absolutely assured. The source from which the Mail obtains this information is the same as that which enabled the paper to announce on April 18, that peace was assured. That was before anything had been said about meetings between Kitchener and the Boer leaders.

The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says the fact that the Boers are meeting at Vereeniging does not necessarily imply peace. In view of the British successes of the past week, it is within the grounds of possibility that energetic continuation of hostilities will be more productive of results than academic discussions among the burghers.

The Brussels correspondent of the Times says Leyds has definitely left Brussels and has settled in Utrecht, in order to be in closer touch with Mr. Kruger.

Permanent Cure for Neuralgia

Experienced sufferers state that no remedy relieves neuralgia so quickly as a hot application of Polson's Nerviline, the strongest liniment made. Nerviline is certainly very penetrating and has a powerful influence over neuralgic pains which it destroys almost at once. Nerviline is highly recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, and Toothache. Better try a 25c. bottle, it's all right.

No Pills like Dr. Hamilton's.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34 and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

OBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUG

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes ... A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 17, 1902.

THE HART'S RIVER FIGHT

That letter written by Private Frank A. Smith, of Toronto, one of Lieut. Carruthers's men, wounded at Hart's River, is admirable in its tone. Its modesty is unaffected. "The place I was in," he says, "happened to be where the heaviest firing was . . . I was about thirty feet away from Lieut. Carruthers, our officer, during the whole affair, and everyone right around us, with the exception of one man besides Carruthers, was wounded, and we did get it for fair right where we were."

General Walter Kitchener saw Smith, asked him a lot of questions, and "gave us a bit of jolly about what a fine fight we made and so on." It is in this light way he tells of a performance of himself and his comrades that Canadians will long be proud of.

But Private Smith's letter throws some light on the dark question as to how the Hart's River affair happened. Piecing together the unsatisfying reports of the battle that came to us, this paper reached the conclusion that the main body of the British had been hurried forward after a small body of Boers, leaving the Canadians in the rear to guard the convoy, whereupon the enemy developed their real attack on our men, so that the main British force had to reverse and form a half-circle with the Canadians, who had been in the rear, now in the advanced centre. If this is what occurred, it means that the British were outplayed in strategy and the situation was only saved by the refusal of the Canadians to be quickly mopped up.

The few lines descriptive of the engagement written by Pte. Smith are corroborative of this theory of the engagement. "We were rear-guard," he says, "and got cut off from the main body, were under fire from three sides, also shell and pom-pom fire, and were away outnumbered, so it was no wonder we got it so heavy."

THE BOY KING OF SPAIN

Alfonso XIII of Spain will be crowned to-day. He is 16 years old. Louis XVI of France came to the throne at 19. Louis IX was five years younger. Louis XIII was proclaimed at the age of 9. England has had ten Kings and Queens ranging in age from two years (Edward IV) to 9 (Henry VI). James I began to rule at 13. The crown fell to Victoria at 18. Alfonso's own grandmother, Isabella II, began to reign at 13.

Alfonso has hitherto been represented by his mother, Maria Christina, as Regent. That he comes to his coronation with fair health, with a clear mind excellently trained for his years and with the usefulness of discipline, even for a King, well impressed upon him, is due to the faithful and constant effort of this Queen mother. The boy and his heritage have been the daily and unselfish thought of Maria Christina in all the years of his growth. The maternal devotion has not been unappreciated in Spain. It may be praised even in democratic America.

The young King will take up his sceptre in an unhappy country. Spain's military prestige is gone, at least for the time. Her dependencies and tributaries have been shorn away in America and the East. Her political and industrial skies are clouded. If she is to have a future there must be awakening, regeneration, the shock of many abrupt changes. Men must see, think and act. The hope of those who arrange to-day's ceremonials is, of course, that men will do those things for the Boy who wears the crown.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A vote for Stratton means a vote for the benefit of Peterborough.

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Close the ranks and work to make Stratton's majority as large as possible.

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So far as charity is concerned, her right hand should know that the left hand is writing all about it to the newspapers. Canada gives $30,000 to the Martinique sufferers and gets a million dollars' worth of advertising.

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After the political candidates have taken the pledges required by the Prohibitionists, Licensed Victuallers, Lord's Day Alliance, W.C.T.U., S.P.C.T.A. and a few other organizations, they will have to refer to a dictionary to find out where they are at.

In Maine a man convicted of murdering his father has applied to the sentiment strong in the Maine heart, for a relief from the penalty. He claims that the strychnine he put in the old man's whisky was not intended to kill but only to cure. He wanted to destroy the old gentleman's love of whisky, and he succeeded. The fact that he destroyed the old man was only an incident. It is only by experiment that one can tell just how much strychnine will cause one to break off the drink habit, without breaking off all other habits. The parricide was only a reformer who was willing to make great sacrifices on the altar of temperance.

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If Mr. Charlton intends to bring in a divorce court bill next session, he should get the draft of it ready early and let the country have a chance to discuss it. This is not a matter which can be arranged in a hurry.

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The Cuban Government must feel a little like a clerk taken on trial. If it does not "do," its benevolent Uncle Samuel will replace it with another "made in Washington."

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The party press keep right on spouting lava.

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The statement, oft repeated, that Hon J. R. Stratton referred to his opponent as "only a shoemaker," is absolutely untrue. Mr. Stratton has more sense; besides, he was a working man himself, and is not ashamed of it either.

THE KIND OF WORK DONE BY

Mrs. S. W. Sullivan, of Orillia, Ont., Had Rheumatism So Bad She Could Not Raise Her Hand to Her Head, and Could Not Walk Owing to Pains and Stiffness of Joints

After the Use of Two Bottles of Paine's Celery Compound Her Aches and Pains are Banished and She Finds Herself as Strong as Ever Before

True merit, prompt and effective results and astonishing cures have given Paine's Celery Compound a position on the highest round of the ladder of fame.

Paine's Celery Compound is to-day the only spring medicine asked for and bought by thoughtful and discerning people. For the treatment of serious diseases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous disorders, and blood troubles, Paine's Celery Compound has no equal.

The credit of Paine's Celery Compound has advanced to such a high eminence that amongst the millions who use it, we find the names of millionaires, bankers, professional men, wealthy merchants and women of note. All have made it their chosen remedy for the cure of chronic diseases and for the banishment of the little ailments that often make life miserable.

Paine's Celery Compound in the opinion of the leading druggists and physicians, has displaced nearly all the common advertised medicines of the day. This great work has been accomplished only by merit and genuine cures. Rheumatism, neuralgia and nervous disorders take flight in springtime when Paine's Celery Compound is used for a time. Why delay the work of health building when such a life-giver is within your reach? Test its efficacy this very day. Mrs. Sullivan writes as follows:

"I was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that I could not raise my hands to my head, and often could not walk owing to pains and stiffness of joints. At night I rarely slept owing to nervousness and feelings of exhaustion. I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound, and soon found myself greatly relieved, and after the use of the first bottle my pains and nervous feelings were banished. In order to make the cure complete, I used the second bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and now I am as strong as ever before. I sleep well, appetite is always good, and my digestive vigor all that I could wish for."

THE CAMPAIGN

The Battle Getting Warmer as the Polling Day Approaches

The campaign is now getting quite warm, the candidates and their friends lending their energies to the work of campaigning. In West Peterborough one hears of a few changes, here and there. A few, who formerly voted for Mr. Stratton, are out for his opponent on the ground that the latter is a prohibitionist and others, who formerly voted Tory, are supporting Mr. Stratton, because they know by doing so they are serving the best interests of the town and county. The latter, we believe far outnumber the former.

In East Peterborough a warm fight is being waged. Mr. Anderson, the Liberal candidate is working day and night, as is also his opponent. It is conceded by both political parties that no one can safely forestall the result. The successful candidate, will, it is said, not have much of a majority at his back. Mr. Anderson is very hopeful, and his supporters declare that he will be elected by a good majority.

Mr. J. H. Brandon, of Fenelon Falls, ex-President of the East Victoria Conservative Association, told The Times the other day that Mr. J. H. Carnegie would again carry that riding.

In West Victoria the chances are about even.

In West Durham the late member, Mr. W. H. Reid, Conservative, is having a hard fight, and it is said, may be defeated. If so this will be a gain for the Government.

In East Durham, Preston, Conservative, will be elected, as this riding is strongly Conservative.

In East Northumberland the result is exceedingly doubtful. Dr. Willoughby, the opposition candidate, is popular, but his opponent, Mr. O. A. Simmons, is wealthy, and will put up a big fight for the seat.

Items of Interest

Wheeling, W. Va., May 14.—Wheeling is bedecked to-day with Masonic emblems and other decorations in honor of the visitors to the annual conclave of the Knights Templar, Grand Commandery of West Virginia. To-day was given over to the reception of the visitors who come from all parts of West Virginia, and from several points in Ohio and Pennsylvania. A big parade will be given to-morrow.

St. Petersburg, May 17. — Large numbers of starving peasants from Central Russia are flocking into Moscow. They are in frightful misery. There is a dearth of work everywhere. Seven additional freight trains each bring into the city an average of 1,500 persons daily.

The proclamation of a state of siege in several districts in the Province of Potlava has not had the expected result, and a new and violent movement may be expected.

The expelled students are fomenting a rising.

Vienna, May 13.—The Morgen Zeitung reports that a number of Russian political prisoners have been tortured at Vilna. Thirty-six of them were stripped and flogged in the presence of the Governor. Several afterward died in a hospital.

Brantford, May 16.—Corp. Alf. Sherritt's last letter home tells of a lively incident on the night march at Klerksdorp. The letter says in part:

"Starting through the gathering darkness at a fast trot, we rode until two in the morning, covering forty-five miles. The ride was very hard and extremely dangerous on account of the gopher holes and ant hills. Many of the men were hurt through their horses falling on them. It was exciting enough for everyone. A horse would fall in front of you one minute and as soon as you were well clear of that one, another would go down. The men would sometimes hang on to the reins when they fell, and have their horses when they managed to scramble to their feet, but many got away. Of course, we were riding through country that swarmed with De la Rey's men, and they managed to capture quite a number of our stragglers.

"We were riding at a gallop when one of my troop, Ross Cockburn, went down. I yelled, 'Hurt Cockburn?' He replied 'No.' So I rode on. He got up, but, as he tells me, had not gone far when his horse stepped into a hole, throwing him again, and laming itself badly. He then began to follow the column on foot, but it was soon out of sight and hearing in the darkness. Seeing a kraal, he started for it, but only to see a line of rifles shoved up and hear the command, "Hands up!" He surrendered, as did a couple of others who were caught in the same way.

"He sprang to one side and darted to the cover of some rocks a few yards away. They all began firing at him he returned it merrily. Finally they hit him through the thumb, but he shot their leader through both knees. That was the finish.

The Boers thought that the firing would bring our troops down on them, so they cleared out. Ingram went the opposite way, and the boys who had been taken were left, minus their hats, haversacks, and some parts of their clothing. This all occurred in the night while our—the main body—was riding on."

CONSIDER YOUR DIGESTION

Malt Breakfast Food

Will Correct All Weakness and Irregularities

Activity, health, happiness and life depend largely on the condition of our digestion. Too many people—young and old—are complaining of their digestion.

How is it with you, dear reader? Is your stomach weak and capricious? Do you suffer from indigestion or dyspepsia? If you do be assured your present daily diet is largely responsible for your ailments and sufferings. From our experience in such matters, we strongly assert that your breakfast is not what it should be for the promotion of your health and happiness. You are using food that is too strong, or too heavy or that contains too much insoluble starch.

Have you tried Malt Breakfast Food? If not, begin with it at once, and make it your regular breakfast dish. Its soothing and comforting qualities will soon correct all stomach irregularities and establish a perfect digestive vigor. You will relish it for it is delicious and appetizing. It is a perfect nourisher and fortifier; it quickly builds up flesh, bone and muscle; it gives clearness and activity to the brain, and furnishes full energy for each day's work. When you use Malt Breakfast Food, indigestion and its evils will never annoy your life.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
Montreal, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar, indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 barrels each. I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 99/100 to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(Signed) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, Ph.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst, MONTREAL.

IS YOUR BLOOD PURE?

If oxygen is lacking in the blood it is surely impure. Powley's Liquified Ozone is truly a blood food

Increases the oxygen carrying properties of the blood, making the blood so rich and strong, that impurities are promptly and scientifically removed,

DOCTORS PRESCRIBE THIS PRODUCT. DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT. We know of no stronger proof to give you, that our preparation makes pure blood and keeps it so, unless we ask you to write to the following Canadian people who have been quickly and permanently relieved of impure blood through our preparation.

Jas Bushby, 447 East King St., Toronto
J. W. Brown, 26 Alexander St., "
H. Lexer, 19 Vincent St, "
Miss Crow, 243 Van Horn St, "
J. J. Dodd, 66 Birch Ave. "
Vincent O'Neil, 108 Mitchell Ave "
Herbert Cookman, Huntsvile, Ont.
Rodger Pilson, Downsville. Ont.
Dr. H. H. Austin. Express Hotel, Toronto

Write our doctors about your case. Give every detail and get advice absolutely free. Your letter is confidential. Address the Consulting Department The Liquid Ozone Co., 229 Kinzie Street, Chicago.

50c. and $1.00 at all Druggists.
THE OZONE CO., OF TORONTO, LIMITED,
Toronto and Chicago.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers. LEITH. Scotland.

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The Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

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RESERVE FUND - - 70,000

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Lot No. [illegible] contains:—1 pair Rich Artistic Drawing-Room Curtains, 4 yds. long, 2 yds. wide. 2 pairs alike, Handsome Dining-Room Curtains, choice old lace design, 3½ yds. long, 60 in. wide, 1 pair neat Floral Pattern Bed-Room Curtains, 3 yds. long, 50 in. wide, 1 pair new fashionable Sash Curtains, 3 table covers, renaissance design, 1 set of Duchess Toilet Covers, one 45 in. long, and five smaller. Sent separately. On receipt of Post Office Order for $5.10, the lot sent per Parcel Post, direct to your address in Canada well packed in oilcloth.

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The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
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VOL. 28 NO. 116 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 17 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE BOER WAR IS SAID TO BE ENDED AND PEACE WILL BE PROCLAIMED

A Despatch States that the Boers have Accepted Peace Terms

Lord Kitchener's Great Block House Supply Invulnerable

Impossible for Boer Forces to Co-operate With Each other

Special to The Times.

London, May, 7. — A despatch received from Pretoria states that the meeting of the Boer delegates at Vereeniging has resulted in a triumph of the peace party, and a proclamation will follow announcing the end of the war. There are some minor conditions attached, which the Boers want, but nothing that will cause any serious hitch. The following is a history of the peace movement:

March 23—Boer "Government" arrive at Pretoria on peace mission, subsequently proceeding to Kroonstadt, their object being to confer with De Wet and Steyn.

April 9—Steyn and De Wet having been found, all the Boer leaders confer at Klerksdorp.

April 11—They leave Klerksdorp for Pretoria, where they enter on another discussion.

April 18—Boer leaders leave Pretoria to consult with the leaders in the field, after having had interviews with Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener on the subject of the British conditions.

May 1—Announcement that Boer leaders, who are holding meetings among the commandos, are to meet in final conference at Vereeniging on May 15.

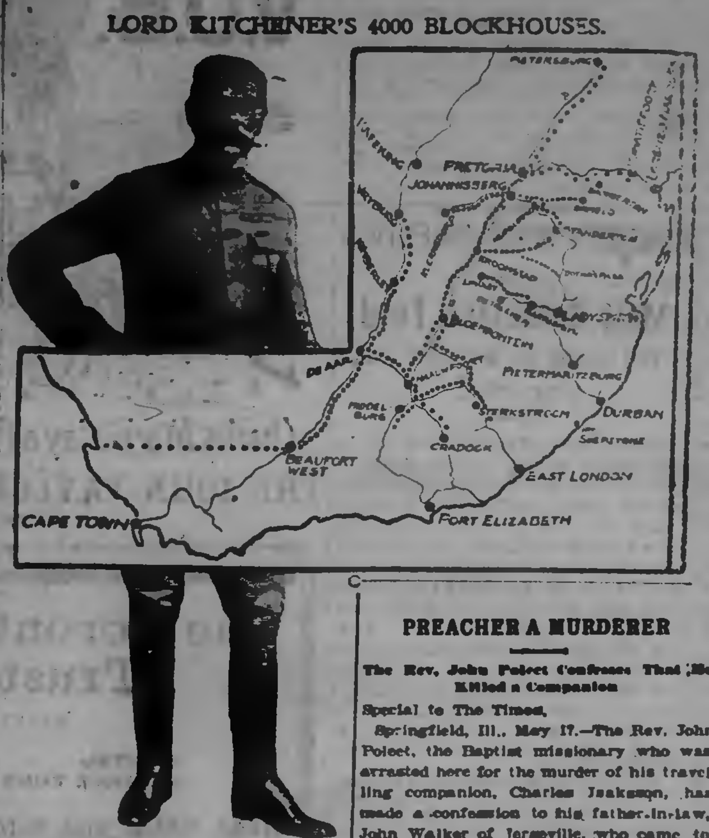
May 2—Another announcement to the effect that when a final decision has been come to, the Boer leaders will go the British headquarters at Pretoria, and there settle matters with Lord Kitchener, and presumably, Lord Milner.

May 15—Boer leaders assemble at Vereeniging to reach a final decision.

London, May 17.—Whatever the decision of the Boers may be in regard to continuing the war, there is but one opinion amongst the burghers, and that is that it is impossible for the Boer forces to co-operate with each other on account of the blockhouse obstruction.

This map shows Lord Kitchener's extraordinary blockhouse system in the Cape Colony, the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal. Of the gigantic nature of this enterprise, an idea may be formed by the merest glance at the map, when it is remembered that the distance from Cape Town to Pietersburg is 1217 miles, and from Mafeking across to the Portuguese frontier 400 miles.

LORD KITCHENER'S 4000 BLOCKHOUSES.



Lord Kitchener (Latest Photograph).

It will be seen that the blockhouses, shown on the map by black dots, follow, as a general rule, the lines of the railways, thus guarding the main lines of communication. Sir Howard Vincent, speaking recently at the United Service Institution, says the London Graphic, gave an interesting account of the blockhouse system. There are between 60 and 70 columns of from 1000 to 2000 of all ranks moving over the country, and they employ from 70,000 to 90,000 men. In addition to the men required for the columns, there are the garrisons of the 4000 blockhouses. An officer and six men are the quota at each blockhouse, but the average is 10 men.

The blockhouse walls consist as a rule of sheets of curved corrugated iron, supporting 24 inches of rammed stone ballast, with a cistern and reserve rations for a week inside. Each blockhouse costs from £50 to £200 if of masonry, the average cost being about £70.

The garrisons are supplemented by dogs.

PREACHER A MURDERER

The Rev. John Poleet Confesses That He Killed a Companion

Special to The Times.

Springfield, Ill., May 17.—The Rev. John Poleet, the Baptist missionary who was arrested here for the murder of his travelling companion, Charles Isakson, has made a confession to his father-in-law, John Walker of Jerseyville, who came to Springfield to make arrangements for his defence.

Poleet says he killed Isakson in a moment of frenzy. The impulse to murder and rob his companion came upon him suddenly, he says, and without warning he picked up a car coupler and beat out the man's brains. He says he is ready to die for the crime.

Poleet had charge of a Baptist mission at McCluskey, Ill.

Revolution in Newfoundland

Since the introduction into Newfoundland of the new inhaler Remedy "Catarrhozone" the treatment of Catarrhal diseases has been entirely revolutionized. The old-time snuff and internal medicine has been cast aside and everyone is inhaling Catarrhozone; it clears the head and throat in two minutes, and is very agreeable and pleasant to use. Catarrhozone is a wonderful cure for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung Troubles and Deafness. It relieves quickly and cures permanently. We advise our readers to try Catarrhozone. Price $1; trial size 25c. Druggists or from Polson & Co, Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

MORGAN CONTINUES SHIPPING OPERATIONS

Now After Lines Between Antwerp, and Central America

DEBATE IN BRITISH HOUSE

Now Stated That Cananian Government Will Take Steps to Oppose Trust

Britain and Canada must Fight the Giant Morgan, Who Threatens to Wipe out British Commerce

Special to The Times.

London, May 17.—A Brussels telegram states that Morgan's delegates are negotiating for the incorporation of all the shipping lines between Antwerp and Central America, and South America in the ocean trust. The statement is reasserted that some arrangement has been arrived at between Mr. Morgan and the Manchester Shipping Canal and yesterday the stock of the Great Central Railway which has its headquarters in Manchester, rose sharply on rumours connecting it with the shipping combine. Mr. Morgan's London Railway schemes are not progressing satisfactorily. One of them had yesterday to be withdrawn, and the others are still awaiting Parliamentary sanction.

GOVERNMENT INTERROGATED.

London, May 17.—In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Balfour Jones, Liberal member for the north west division of Durham, asked whether, in view of the fact that British ships were, by the law of England, for certain purposes held to be British in whatever waters they might be, the Government would consider the expediency of proposing legislative extension of that doctrine so as to prevent the cession to a foreign flag of a British ship that otherwise might be available for naval and military purposes.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Government leader replied, "If the member suggests, as I think he did, that we should by legislative action prevent private owners of British ships from disposing of these vessels when we have no lien on them that would be a new departure in legislation, so important that we could not be expected to deal with it in answer to a question."

REPLY FROM ADMIRALTY.

Replying to a question, Mr. Arnold Foster, Parliamentary secretary of the Admiralty, said all vessels sailing under the British flag were legally British actual ownership when chartering transport department to enquire into the actual ownership when chartering transports, but preference ought to be given to British owned ships. Whenever possible the Admiralty would give greater attention to this in future.

CANADA'S ANSWER TO COMBINE.

Toronto, May 17.—A Globe special from Ottawa says: "The establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship and freight line controlled by trustees of the Canadian Government, and working in union with the Dominion line, is now up. This may be Canada's answer to the formation of the great Morgan octopus which there is reason to fear, might make the Dominion dependent upon the American channels of transportation. The effect of the Morgan combine, remaining unopposed would be to make Canadians hewers of stone for the United States. The control of communication by sea and land would render the Americans masters of the situation. Our grain would be taken to the seaboard by American barges and railways and transferred from New York to American steamships. The control of immigration in Canada would pass out of our hands and the steamship—the Morgan combine—could restrict the number coming to this country to exactly what proportion they pleased. This dangerous and threatening situation is the question which is bothering the Government. Representatives of the different steamship and railway companies have been sounded as to their views of the situation, and the Government is said to have been convinced that the best way to fight the Morgan combine is through a company able to provide a trans-Atlantic fleet and transcontinental railway.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

It is now reported that negotiations have been opened with the Canadian Pacific Railway looking to the establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship and freight service. The idea is that there should be a weekly passenger service between Canada and Great Britain equal to the best that sails from New York. In order to maintain a good freight service a dozen freight steamers would be required, and the total stock of the undertaking would be $20,000,000.

"The Canadian Pacific Railway is reported to be willing, if the project goes through, to allow the fast steamship line to be controlled by trustees nominated by the Government. National control would be a guarantee that fair rates would be extended to all Canadian companies and that there would be no discrimination for or against any particular railway.

"According to report, the matter is now engaging the consideration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues, and further developments are expected when they proceed to London in June. The impression is that the Imperial Government would be disposed to grant a handsome subsidy to a purely British undertaking."

MEMBERS FORM A POOL.

London, May 17.—The Daily Mail in its issue of this morning, says that ten members of the House of Commons have promised to form a pool of £1,000,000 as the neucleus of a fund to start a line of ocean greyhounds in opposition to the Morgan combine. The promoters of this enterprise hope to secure mail and cruiser subsidies from the Government.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS AND THEIR CAUSES

Steam Generated by Contact of Water With Molten Portions of the Earth

Prof. Adams of McGill University, Montreal, Makes a Statement of the Cause of the Recent Calamity, at St. Pierre

Montreal, May 17.—The awful disaster which occurred on the island of Martinique and which has shocked civilization with its dire consequences, affords ample opportunity for food for thought from a scientific standpoint. Dr. Frank D. Adams, the professor of geology at McGill University, in discussing the event with a reporter said:

"These volcanic eruptions are caused primarily by the consequent action of water when it comes in contact with extreme heat. This in short is the scientific explanation of the matter. It is an accepted theory that the depths of the earth or at least certain portions are in a molten state, seething and boiling, as it were, like a caldron, and when water comes in contact with this mass steam is generated which has an almost unconceivable power and force. This confined energy must, perforce, have an outlet, and will find vent through the weakest spots in the earth's crust. Hence the volcano.

The islands of the sea which border the continents constitute the most prevalent scenes of these writhings of nature's forces, and when viewed from a scientific point of view, this is not surprising. It has been demonstrated beyond a doubt that the main bodies of land are constantly, though very slowly, rising, and that the depths of the oceans are sinking deeper and deeper, decade by decade. This means, as ascertained by deep sea soundings as well as by geological research, that sheer submarine declivities are forming along the borders of the mainlands. This occurs, as a rule, within or along what is commonly known as a belt or strip, and demarks the weakest seams or lines of the earth's crust. Earthquakes and volcanic eruptions are caused by the same natural conditions. When the surface of the ground breaks away and sinks from the surrounding contour, the jar of the stupendous mass causes a shudder in its fall which makes the surrounding land to tremble, not only in the immediate vicinity, but for hundreds and hundreds of miles. The result is termed an earthquake. The fissures or cracks thus formed give passage for either the influx of the sea or for the flow of those subterranean lakes which exist between the substratas of the earth's surface and running downwards they eventually meet the intensely hot and liquid rock, and various mineral substances which constitute the core of our globe. The immense volumes of steam which are consequently given off and whose power mere words are miserably weak and pitifully commonplace to express, must escape, and, rising, they compel an outlet through the nearest portion of the surface, and that which offers the least resistence.

"Sometimes volcanic disturbances occur in short succession in a group or line of islands, showing that the first outbreak was insufficient to adequately relieve the internal pressure, while in other instances after one tremendous spouting no similar disaster has occurred in that vicinity for hundreds of years. It is absolutely beyond the ken of human intelligence to predict the length of time during which the earth's crust will continue to shrink and death and destruction continue to follow in the wake, but centuries will probably pass before it shall cease.

Mt. Royal, Montarville, Beloeil, Rougemont, Mainaska, Shefford, in curved line marking the line near the city of Montreal, are the mute witnesses of a prehistoric belt of volcanic craters, long since extinct, with Mt. Johnston and Mt. Brome to the southward. They show that even here, once upon a time, was one of those weak spots in the surface of the earth which gave vent to unutterable calamity, the evidence of which, through action of time which effaces nature's scars, has been gradually but effectually eliminated.

Berlin, May 17.—Herr Ballin, director of the Hamburg-American line of steamers, denies the allegation that he has purchased shares of the Cunard line, either personally or in conjunction with J. Pierpont Morgan.

IN FAVOR OF A FAST LINE.

Toronto, Ont., May 17.—Secretary Jarvis, of the Board of Trade, has received several additional acceptances from outside boards to the invitation to attend the conference to be held here on June 4 and 5. Kingston, Windsor and Peterborough boards will each send two delegates. Delegates will also be present from the Board of North Sydney, C.B., who will submit resolutions in favor of the establishment of a fast Canadian line of steamers.

CHILD ON RAFT THROUGH RAIN OF FIRE

Wonderful Escape of Little Girl From St. Pierre Steamer

SHE MAY YET DIE IN HOSPITAL

Little Margaret Scott, of New York, Escaped from the Roraima After Mother and Brother were Burned

Special to the Times.

Fort de France, Martinique, May 17.—Margaret Stokes, the nine-year-old daughter of the late Clement Stokes, of New York, who, with her mother, a brother aged four, and a sister aged three, was on the ill-fated British steamer Roraima, is in the hospital here and is not expected to live.

Her nurse, Clara King, says she was in her stateroom when the steward of the Roraima called to her, "Look at Mount Pelee!"

She went on deck and saw a vast black cloud coming down from the volcano. The steward ordered her to return to the saloon, saying, "It is coming."

Miss King then ran to the saloon. She says she experienced a feeling of suffocation, which was followed by intense heat.

The after part of the Roraima broke out in flames. "Ben" Benson, the carpenter of the Roraima, who is now in hospital here severely burned, assisted Miss King and Margaret Stokes to escape.

With the help of Mr. Scott, the first mate of the Roraima, he constructed a raft with the life-preservers. Upon this Miss King and little Margaret were placed.

While the raft was being constructed Margaret's little brother died. Scott took water to the child at great personal danger, but it was unavailing. Shortly after the death of the little boy Mrs. Stokes succumbed.

Margaret and Miss King eventually got away on the raft and were picked up by the steamer Korona. Mate Scott also escaped.

Miss King did not sustain serious injuries. She covered the face of Margaret with her dress, but still the child was probably fatally burned.

PEACE IS ASSURED NO DETAILS AVAILABLE

Correspondent with Good Source of News from South Africa

DECLARES THAT WAR IS OVER

Leyds in Closer Touch with Kruger—British Have Many Successes During the Past Week.

Special to The Times.

London, May 17.—No details are to hand regarding the Boer deliberations at Vereeniging. The Daily Mail understands that sufficient indications have transpired to justify the assertion that peace is absolutely assured. The source from which the Mail obtains this information is the same as that which enabled the paper to announce on April 16, that peace was assured. That was before anything had been said about meetings between Kitchener and the Boer leaders.

The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says the fact that the Boers are meeting at Vereeniging does not necessarily imply peace. In view of the British successes of the past week, it is within the grounds of possibility that energetic continuation of hostilities will be more productive of results than academic discussions among the burghers.

The Brussels correspondent of the Times says Leyds has definitely left Brussels and has settled in Utrecht, in order to be in closer touch with Mr. Kruger.

Permanent Cure for Neuralgia

Experienced sufferers state that no remedy relieves neuralgia so quickly as a hot application of Polson's Nerviline, the strongest liniment made. Nerviline is certainly very penetrating and has a powerful influence over neuralgic pains which it destroys almost at once. Nerviline is highly recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, and Toothache. Better try a 25c. bottle, it's all right.

No Pills like Dr. Hamilton's.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34 and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearlyall of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.
TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

OBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUG

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 17, 1902.

THE HART'S RIVER FIGHT

That letter written by Private Frank A. Smith, of Toronto, one of Lieut. Carruthers's men, wounded at Hart's River, is admirable in its tone. Its modesty is unaffected. "The place I was in," he says, "happened to be where the heaviest firing was . . . I was about thirty feet away from Lieut. Carruthers, our officer, during the whole affair, and everyone right around us, with the exception of one man besides Carruthers, was wounded, and we did get it for fair right where we were."

General Walter Kitchener saw Smith, asked him a lot of questions, and "gave us a bit of jolly about what a fine fight we made and so on." It is in this light way he talks of a performance of himself and his comrades that Canadians will long be proud of.

But Private Smith's letter throws some light on the dark question as to how the Hart's River affair happened. Piecing together the unsatisfying reports of the battle that came to us, this paper reached the conclusion that the main body of the British had been lured forward after a small body of Boers, leaving the Canadians in the rear to guard the convoy, whereupon the enemy developed their real attack on our men, so that the main British force had to reverse and form a half-circle with the Canadians, who had been in the rear, now in the advanced centre. If this is what occurred, it means that the British were outplayed in strategy and the situation was only saved by the refusal of the Canadians to be quickly swept up.

The few lines descriptive of the engagement written by Pte. Smith are corroborative of this theory of the engagement. "We were rear-guard," he says, "and got cut off from the main body, were under fire from three sides, also shell and pom-pom fire, and were away outnumbered, so it was no wonder we got it so heavy."

THE BOY KING OF SPAIN

Alfonso XIII of Spain will be crowned to-day. He is 16 years old. Louis XVI of France came to the throne at 19. Louis IX was five years younger. Louis XIII was proclaimed at the age of 9. England has had ten Kings and Queens ranging in age from two years (Edward IV) to 9 (Henry VI). James I began to rule at 32. The crown fell to Victoria at 18. Alfonso's own grandmother, Isabella II, began to reign at 13.

Alfonso has hitherto been represented by his mother, Maria Christina, as Regent. That he comes to his coronation with fair health, with a clear mind excellently trained for his years and with the usefulness of discipline, even for a King, well impressed upon him, is due to the faithful and constant effort of this Queen mother. The boy and his heritage have been the daily and unselfish thought of Maria Christina in all the years of his growth. The maternal devotion has not been unappreciated in Spain. It may be praised even in democratic America.

The young King will take up his sceptre in an unhappy country. Spain's military prestige is gone, at least for the time. Her dependencies and tributaries have been shorn away in America and the East. Her political and industrial skies are clouded. If she is to have a future there must be awakening, regeneration, the shock of many abrupt changes. Men must see, think and act. The hope of those who arrange to-day's ceremonials is, of course, that men will do those things for the Boy who wears the crown.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A vote for Stratton means a vote for the benefit of Peterborough.

• • • •

Close the ranks and work to make Stratton's majority as large as possible.

• • • •

So far as charity is concerned, her right hand should know that the left hand is writing all about it to the newspapers. Canada gives $50,000 to the Martinique sufferers and gets a million dollars' worth of advertising.

• • • •

After the political candidates have taken the pledges required by the Prohibitionists, Licensed Victuallers, Lord's Day Alliance, W.C.T.U., S.P.C.T.A. and a few other organizations, they will have to refer to a dictionary to find out where they are at.

In Maine a man convicted of murdering his father has applied to the sentiment strong in the Maine heart, for a relief from the penalty. He claims that the strychnine he put in the old man's whisky was not intended to kill but only to cure. He wanted to destroy the old gentleman's love of whisky, and he succeeded. The fact that he destroyed the old man was only an incident. It is only by experiment that one can tell just how much strychnine will cause one to break off the drink habit, without breaking off all other habits. The parricide was only a reformer who was willing to make great sacrifices on the altar of temperance.

• • • •

If Mr. Charlton intends to bring in a divorce court bill next session, he should get the draft of it ready early and let the country have a chance to discuss it. This is not a matter which can be arranged in a hurry.

• • • •

The Cuban Government must feel a little like a clerk taken on trial. If it does not "do," its benevolent Uncle Samuel will replace it with another "made in Washington."

• • • •

The party press keep right on spouting lava.

• • • •

The statement, oft repeated, that Hon J. R. Stratton referred to his opponent as "only a shoemaker," is absolutely untrue. Mr. Stratton has more sense; besides, he was a working man himself, and is not ashamed of it either.

THE KIND OF WORK DONE BY

Mrs. S. W. Sullivan, of Orillia, Ont., Had Rheumatism So Bad She Could Not Raise Her Hand to Her Head, and Could Not Walk Owing to Pains and Stiffness of Joints

After the Use of Two Bottles of Paine's Celery Compound Her Agonies and Pains are Banished and She Finds Herself as Strong as Ever Before

True merit, prompt and effective results and astonishing cures have given Paine's Celery Compound a position on the highest round of the ladder of fame.

Paine's Celery Compound is to-day the only spring medicine asked for and bought by thoughtful and discerning people. For the treatment of serious diseases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous disorders, and blood troubles, Paine's Celery Compound has no equal.

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Paine's Celery Compound in the opinion of the leading druggists and physicians, has displaced nearly all the common advertised medicines of the day. This great work has been accomplished only by merit and genuine cures. Rheumatism, neuralgia and nervous disorders take flight in springtime when Paine's Celery Compound is used for a time. Why delay the work of health building when such a life-giver is within your reach? Test its efficacy this very day. Mrs. Sullivan writes as follows:

"I was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that I could not raise my hands to my head, and often could not walk owing to pains and stiffness of joints. At night I rarely slept owing to nervousness and feelings of exhaustion. I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound, and soon found myself greatly relieved, and after the use of the first bottle my pains and nervous feelings were banished. In order to make the cure complete, I used the second bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and now I am as strong as ever before. I sleep well, appetite is always good, and my digestive vigor all that I could wish for."

THE CAMPAIGN

The Battle Getting Warmer as the Polling Day Approaches

The campaign is now getting quite warm, the candidates and their friends lending their energies to the work of campaigning. In West Peterborough one hears of a few changes, here and there. A few, who formerly voted for Mr. Stratton are out for his opponent on the ground that the latter is a prohibitionist and others, who formerly voted Tory, are supporting Mr. Stratton, because they know by doing so they are serving the best interests of the town and county. The latter, we believe far outnumber the former.

In East Peterborough a warm fight is being waged. Mr. Anderson, the Liberal candidate is working day and night, as is also his opponent. It is conceded by both political parties that no one can safely foretell the result. The successful candidate, will, it is said, not have much of a majority at his back. Mr. Anderson is very hopeful, and his supporters declare that he will be elected by a good majority.

Mr. J. H. Brandon, of Fenelon Falls, ex-President of the East Victoria Conservative Association, told The Times the other day that Mr. J. H. Carnegie would again carry that riding.

In West Victoria the chances are about even.

In West Durham the late member, Mr. W. H. Reid, Conservative, is having a hard fight, and, it is said, may be defeated. If so this will be a gain for the Government.

In East Durham, Preston, Conservative, will be elected, as this riding is strongly Conservative.

In East Northumberland the result is exceedingly doubtful. Dr. Willoughby, the opposition candidate, is popular, but his opponent, Mr. O. A. Simmons, is wealthy, and will put up a big fight for the seat.

Items of Interest

Wheeling, W. Va., May 14.—Wheeling is bedecked to-day with Masonic emblems and other decorations in honor of the visitors to the annual conclave of the Knights Templar, Grand Commandery of West Virginia. To-day was given over to the reception of the visitors who come from all parts of West Virginia, and from several points in Ohio and Pennsylvania. A big parade will be given to-morrow.

St. Petersburg, May 17. — Large numbers of starving peasants from Central Russia are flocking into Moscow. They are in frightful misery. There is a dearth of work everywhere. Seven additional freight trains each bring into the city an average of 1,500 persons daily.

The proclamation of a state of siege in several districts in the Province of Poltava has not had the expected result, and a new and violent movement may be expected.

The expelled students are fomenting a rising.

Vienna, May 13.—The Morgen Zeitung reports that a number of Russian political prisoners have been tortured at Vilna. Thirty-six of them were stripped and flogged in the presence of the Governor. Several afterward died in a hospital.

Brantford, May 16.—Corp. Alf. Sherlock's last letter home tells of a lively incident on the night march at Klerksdorp. The letter says in part:

"Starting through the gathering darkness at a fast trot, we rode until two in the morning, covering forty-five miles. The ride was very hard and extremely dangerous on account of the gopher holes and ant hills. Many of the men were hurt through their horses falling on them. It was exciting enough for everyone. A horse would fall in front of you one minute and as soon as you were well clear of that one, another would go down. The men would sometimes hang on to the reins when they fell, and have their horses when they managed to scramble to their feet, but many got away. Of course, we were riding through country that swarmed with De la Rey's men, and they managed to capture quite a number of our stragglers.

"We were riding at a gallop when one of my troop, Ross Cockburn, went down. I yelled, 'Hurt Cockburn?' He replied 'No.' So I rode on. He got up, but, as he tells me, had not gone far when his horse stepped into a hole, throwing him again, and laming itself badly. He then began to follow the column on foot, but it was soon out of sight and hearing in the darkness. Seeing a kraal, he started for it, but only to see a line of rifles showed up and hear the command, "Hands up!" He surrendered, as did a couple of others who were caught in the same way.

"He sprang to one side and darted to the cover of some rocks a few yards away. They all began firing at him, he returned it merrily. Finally they hit him through the thumb, but he shot their leader through both knees. That was the finish.

The Boers thought that the firing would bring our troops down on them, so they cleared out. Ingram went the opposite way, and the boys who had been taken were left, minus their hats, haversacks, and some parts of their clothing. This all occurred in the night while ours—the main body—was riding on."

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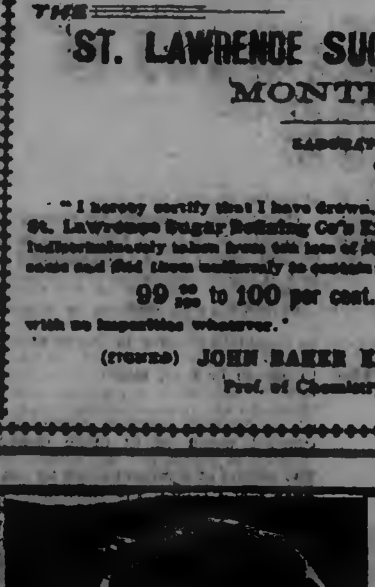

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Try Them.

For the Farmer.

Sheep are the only animals which [illegible] not really exhaust the land on which they feed. They distribute manure evenly on the field and tramp it into the soil, feeding upon plants that other animals will not consume.

It is claimed that if tobacco stems or refuse be placed around the base of a peach tree the borer will not attack the tree. The mode of applying is to put the stems around the tree, on the ground, and fasten them to the trees higher up. It is worthy of a trial.

Another remedy suggested for the curculio is to spray just before the trees blossom with a mixture of a pound of Paris green in sixty gallons of water. Two weeks later use kerosene emulsion, giving a third spraying about June 1st. This method, it is said, will destroy the [illegible], leaf lice and other enemies of the plum.

Heat, moisture and occasionally cooling are the factors at work in the production of chickens. Heat is of course supplied by the hen, who, also, if she be a good sitter, will see to the cooling, though as a rule it is better not to trust entirely to her for this. But moisture [illegible] of supplying is allotted to her. In some districts there is no trouble whatever on this score, as the atmosphere is charged with sufficient for the needs of the eggs. But in others very great care has to be taken as dryness of the atmosphere was [illegible] in successful hatching. Seasons also differ.

How to Spray.

The agricultural station of the University of Illinois has issued bulletin No. [illegible], prepared by Professor Arnold V. [illegible], on "Important Details of Spraying." In the chapter describing the proper method of spraying we read: "Having the mixture properly prepared and thoroughly agitated, commence [illegible]. Unless the spray [illegible] applied, all preliminary [illegible]. To apply properly is more difficult than is usually supposed, especially where materials in suspension are used. It will not do to go out with a determination "to do a thorough job and give them an everlasting soaking" until everything is dripping. If this is done there will be lost material on the trees [illegible]. Nevertheless, it is a fact [illegible] will be made to [illegible] how it takes place. In order [illegible] it will be necessary to [illegible] the globules of water as they [illegible] carrying with them [illegible] particles of Paris green or [illegible], or both, as the case may be. [illegible] which takes place. The only way this can be avoided [illegible] globules of water after they become fixed to the fruit and leaves. Hence the larger the globule, the more settling will take place, and consequently the more [illegible] will be deposited at one place. [illegible] spray [illegible] the globules very small [illegible] the nozzle [illegible] separate [illegible] after they become attached to the [illegible] leaf. Hence the importance of the injunction: 'Use only a fine nozzle [illegible] enough to keep the liquid [illegible] as a fine mist, and spray only until the foliage and fruit are completely bedewed.'"

It requires considerable skill to do [illegible] the surface [illegible]. If it cannot be done with one spraying it would pay better to go over the [illegible], allowing the first application to dry before giving the second, than to try to accomplish it all at one time, and then run the risk of [illegible] the fruit or leaves. [illegible] the fine globules will run together to form one or several large ones, which, instead of remaining [illegible] will run down to the lowest place and drip. Of course, the suspended material settles to the lowest point of the globule, which, in that case, spread upon a considerable surface of the fruit. [illegible] of the upper portions are thus left completely bare. At the lower edge the material will drip off with the water, or often accumulate in sufficient quantity to cause injury.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] tree in his orchard, and he should [illegible] over the orchard frequently and satisfy himself that everything is favorable [illegible] the trees [illegible] be backward in growth and he should endeavor [illegible]

Anecdotal.

After one of his trips to the Emerald Isle Foote was praising the hospitality of the Irish, when a gentleman asked him whether he had been at Cork. "No, sir," answered Foote, "but I have seen many drawings of it."

Disraeli once said of Sir William Harcourt in his affectedly cynical way: "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." To this, when it was repeated to him, Harcourt rejoined: "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Tradition ascribes to the second Pitt the dying words: "O, my country—my country! How I leave my country!" What, in fact, Pitt said was: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork-pies." Which he did—and straightway expired, to the intense grief of the nation. This version is attested by the head-waiter of "Bellamy's" (likewise deceased), who told it to Mr. Disraeli.

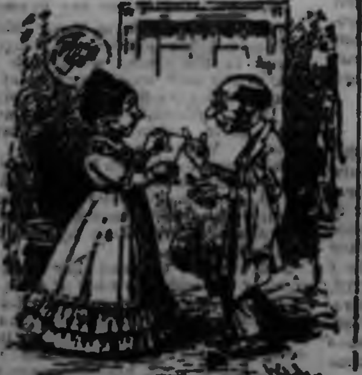
Louis XIV. was told that Lord Stair was one of the best-bred men in Europe. "I shall soon put him to the test," said the king; and asking Lord Stair to take an airing with him, as soon as the door of the coach was opened, he bade him pass and get in. The other bowed and obeyed. The king said: "The world is in the right in the character it gives—another person would have troubled me with ceremony."

When, a few years ago, the King of Portugal was a guest at Lord Salisbury's country seat, the Prince of Wales—now King Edward—asked King Carlos what had impressed him most during his stay in England. "English roast beef is very delightful," was the reply. "Oh," said the Prince, "surely something else has impressed you as well." "Ah, yes," returned Carlos; "of course, there is English boiled beef, which is also delightful."

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade adds this to the collection of jokes on newly made happy fathers: The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula: If a boy, "Gentleman's safety arrived." If a girl, "Lady's safety arrived." The father's state of mind may be imagined when, a few days later, he received a telegram containing the one word: "Tandem."

A certain Scotch caddie named Mathie Gorum was noted for his invariable remark after a poor shot by the person he was serving: "It micht hae been waur," which was meant to be consolatory and encouraging. His master, a clergyman, was wearied with this well-meaning flattery. Accordingly, to make sure that he would squash the remark for once, he told the caddie he had a terrible dream the night before. "Mathie, my man, I dreamt that I was in the place where the wicked are punished. I saw the wretched ones tortured; they were swimming in a lake of boiling pitch, and could not get landed for red-hot pitchforks thrust in their faces by demons." He halted a minute, with his tongue in his cheek, when, with perfect coolness, the caddie answered: "Aye, sir, that was a bad dream, just awfu'; but it micht hae been waur." "Waur, you fool? How could that be?" "It micht hae been true."

It is a current story in Teviotdale that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put in the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On some occasion there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and abode all night. According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extensive hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented each with a Bible and a bottle of ale. But, after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic as he was leaving the apartment. "My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know when we meet together as brethren the youngest man reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one Bible, therefore, is necessary. Take away the other six, and, in their place, bring six more bottles of ale."



"Now, James, please remember: Left hand—[illegible], parsley, three yards of silk to match my skirt, [illegible] for [illegible] dress, and a new rocker for George. Right hand—Mabel's ribbons, Harry's skates, telephone message to Henry, a box of starch, and my new bonnet. Say them over as you go to town."—Harper's Weekly.

Bus Brettp—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—Chicago News.

A visitor to a farm was especially struck by the great ruggedness and [illegible] of one of the stalwart harvest hands, and said to the farmer: "That fellow ought to be chockfull of work." "He is," replied the farmer, "or he ought to be, because I haven't never been able to get none out of him."—[illegible].

"I see that Mrs. Uptondaight is addressing the Mothers' [illegible] Club this afternoon on 'The Care of Children.'" "Speaking of children, who was that youngster that broke into Gregg's candy store last night and robbed the till?" "That—why, that was Mrs. Uptondaight's youngest."—[illegible] News.

Giant Hawaiian Eels.

There are three well known varieties of eel found in Hawaiian waters. The largest is the big gray fellow, which so closely resembles his cousin, the conger. He is voracious and fearless, and the natives tackle him with caution, for when cornered he fights viciously and can inflict a nasty wound with his powerful jaws, which bristle with needlelike teeth.

The other species are fat, flabby looking customers, with fantastic markings of black and brown and many shades of gray. On an eel of this sort the skin appears to hang loose from the body, and when disturbed the head swells like a puff adder's. These eels seldom attain a greater length than three feet and love to locate in the crevices of a stone breakwater, from which they dart out incessantly and make havoc among any school of small fry which may be innocently disporting themselves within striking distance. These hooded eels have been known to haunt a particular spot for over a year. They are good eating, despite their unprepossessing appearance.

Primitive Fire Fighters.

As late as the end of the sixteenth century in London the sole method of extinguishing fires was by means of contrivances known as "hand squirts." These were usually made of brass, with a carrying capacity ranging from two to four quarts of water. The two quart "squirts" were two and a half feet in length, one and a half inches in diameter at their largest part and but half an inch at the nozzle. On each side were handles, and three men were required to manipulate a "squirt."

One man on each side grasped the handle in one hand and the nozzle in the other, while the third man worked the piston or plunger, drawing it out while the nozzle was immersed in a supply of water which filled the cylinder. The bearers then elevated the nozzle when the other pushed in the plunger, the skill of the former being employed in directing the stream of water upon the fire. Such primitive contrivances are said to have been used during the great fire of 1666.

The Fishhawk.

"The fishhawk tells us when the shad begin to run up the river," said a Gloucester fisherman. "We have learned that it isn't much use to cast the nets, no matter how mild the weather may be, until Mr. Fishhawk swoops down on us. When he comes sailing up the bay, we know it's time to get to work. Lots of farmers down Jersey would never think to start planting until the fishhawks come. I don't believe they have ever been later than April 12, though. They work their way up the coast from Florida and the other southern waters early in March, when the fish begin to come north. They follow the big schools of herring, as a rule, because the herring swim close together, and the hawk has easy picking. The shad follow the herring, and when the fishhawk comes we know the shad are not far behind."

How Balzac Wrote.

Of all literary toilers Balzac was certainly the most eccentric in his methods. At first he would write his novel in a few pages, hardly more than the plot. These would be sent to the printer, who would return the few printed columns of matter pasted into the center of several large sheets. On this margin Balzac would work, sketching his characters, composing the dialogue and perhaps altering entirely the original plot of the book. For four or five times this process was repeated until at last the few columns had assumed the proportions of a volume. This extraordinary way of building a book naturally ran away with a considerable share of the profits on the work.

Balked by a Woman.

When William E. Chandler was secretary of the navy, he issued an order that officers should not permit their wives to reside at the foreign stations to which their husbands were attached. The order was promptly rescinded upon the receipt by the secretary of the following from Commodore Fyffe, in command of the Asiatic squadron: "It becomes my painful duty to report that my wife, Eliza Fyffe, has in disobedience to my orders and in the face of regulations of the department taken up her residence on the station and persistently refuses to leave."

Fleas as Draft Horses.

Latreille mentions a flea which dragged a silver cannon of twenty-four times its own weight and showed no fear when the tiny piece was charged with gunpowder and fired off. Rene also says that once he saw three fleas drag an omnibus and a pair dragging a chariot and a single one pulling a brass cannon mounted on wheels.

Applause.

Applause is the tonic of success. When a fellow makes a hit, let him know it in a good, round, royal way. If he has sense, it won't turn his head, and if he does get dizzy for a minute what matters it? Let him enjoy the intoxication while it lasts, for the serious business of life will soon drive him back to work again.

To Make an Impression.

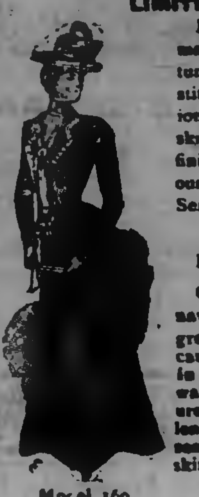
Mr. Pilgone—My dear friend, I am in despair. That girl's heart is as hard as steel. I can make no impression on it!

Friend—You don't go at it in the right way. Try diamonds. They are harder than steel.

The Unnecessary.

The Beggar doesn't have to be weighed in the balance to be found wanting.

Among the few great joys of life is staying in bed fifteen minutes after you know you ought to get up.



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The BELL TELEPHONE CO. of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

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PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

At 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

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Ontario Elections.
EAST RIDING
DR. FORD,
The Liberal-Conservative Candidate, for the East Riding, will address a meeting of the electors at the
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Monday Evening May 19
Mr. J. W. Garvin and other speakers will also address the meeting.
The chair will be taken at eight o'clock.
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HARDENED TO COLD.

Natives of Siberia Don't Mind a Below Zero Temperature.

Frequently, when we could not expose our ears for two minutes without having them frozen, says a traveler in Siberia, the natives would go for an hour at a time with their hoods thrown back from their heads, and when it required constant watchfulness to keep our noses from freezing they did not appear to notice the temperature at all.

One morning in January I stood in perfect amazement at their disregard of the low temperature. They worked for at least half an hour with bare hands packing up the tent and utensils, handling the packages and lashing them together with icy seal thongs without experiencing the least apparent inconvenience, while I partly froze my fingers striking a light for my pipe with a flint and steel, the whole operation taking not more than three minutes.

The night before, happening to go out of the tent after our men had retired, I passed their camp, which was near by. Their fire had burned to a pile of embers, barely affording me light enough to distinguish the sleepers. They were lying coiled up on small deerskins, with their backs to the embers and their fur coats thrown loosely over their naked bodies.

The coat of one of them had slipped almost entirely off his body, leaving his back and shoulders exposed to a temperature of 18 degrees F. below zero, and, though his hair was frosted, he snored as soundly as if in comfortable quarters.

Mr. Gladstone's Catch.

"How many members of this house," asked Mr. Gladstone once in the course of a debate on electoral qualifications, "can divide £1,230 17s. 6d. by £2 13s. 8d.?"

"Six hundred and fifty-eight!" shouted one member.

"The thing cannot be done!" exclaimed another.

A roar of laughter greeted this last remark. But it was true, nevertheless. You cannot multiply or divide money by money. You may repeat a smaller sum of money as many times as it is contained in a larger sum of money, but that is a very different thing. If you repeat 5 shillings as often as there are hairs in a horse's tail, you do not multiply 5 shillings by a horse tail. Perhaps you did not know this before. Never mind; you need not be ashamed of your ignorance, for it was shared, as has been demonstrated, by the entire house of commons (bar one member), including the then chancellor of the exchequer.

How to Form the Reading Habit.

In order to organize odd minutes into fruitful hours one must have a consistent scheme and keep the means of carrying it out within reach. Too many people read the books which come in their way instead of putting themselves in the way of getting the right books. They buy and borrow without thought or plan because they do not understand that reading ought to be a resource as well as a recreation. Decide in advance what books you will read, and do not take up with those which drift in your direction. Do not burden yourself with a scheme so extensive that it discourages you; do not at the start plan courses of reading so vast that you are weighed down with their magnitude. Begin in a quiet and easy way by planning to read consecutively a few books in some field which interests you.—Hamilton W. Mabie in Ladies' Home Journal.

No Names Needed.

A western Kansas story shows how to be personal without mentioning names.

It was in a poker game at Colby. The sheriff of Logan county had been steadily losing to the treasurer of Ellis county. The treasurer of Ellis county had the misfortune to be possessed of but one eye, and he was a little clumsy in handling the cards. After a play in which the treasurer took a big pot from the sheriff the sheriff said, "Gentlemen, I ain't a-namin' no names, but if some of you don't quit raisin' cards from the floor he'll get his other eye knocked out!"

Assyrian Seals.

The ancient Assyrians nearly 6,000 years ago put in moist clay their seals, engraved in intaglio upon precious stones, on chests and doors, in order to prevent their being opened. There were no locks or keys in those days. If they wished to send a private letter, they would often seal it with a hippogriff, which fabulous winged horse was regarded as the emblem of secrecy. Centuries later the Greeks and Romans adopted similar devices for the same purpose.

How It Sounded.

"How is the board down at your place?" asked the ribbon clerk.

"Oh, we have nothing but health food every meal," responded the lace clerk.

"Then I don't think I'll come."

"Why not?"

"I'm not looking for the board of health."

A Matter of Ears.

"You should get your ears lopped, O'Brien," said a "smart" tourist to an Irish peasant whom he was quizzing. "They're too large for a man."

"An', bedad," replied the Hibernian, "I was just thinkin' yours would want to be made larger. Sure, they're too small for an ass."

Helping Him Along.

"Do you think your father would offer me personal violence if I were to ask him for you?"

"Hardly, but there's no telling what he will do if you don't say something pretty soon."

For Stockmen.

Farm Butter Making.

At the recent convention of the Illinois Dairy Association W. R. Hostetter, one of the leading dairymen of Illinois, discussed butter making on the farm, and pointed out that the comparatively low grade of farm butter was due to the lack of conveniences and to the small quantity made. He is convinced, however, that good butter can be made on the farm, and in order to do this the dairy house and the surroundings must have excellent drainage and must be so constructed as to get the maximum amount of sunshine. He advises getting the very best tinware for dairy purposes, as it is so much easier to keep good utensils clean. Never buy cheap cans, pails or strainers.

Get a good separator, and use some kind of power for running it, as it is exceedingly difficult to maintain a uniform speed when turning by hand. He has no set temperature for cooling cream and churning, as so much depends on weather, the dairy house, etc. As a general rule, he likes to ripen his cream at a high temperature and to churn at as low a temperature as possible. He usually churns at 55 degrees in winter and 40 to 45 degrees in summer. The churn must be stopped at just the right time, or when the butter granules are about the size of a grain of wheat. He adds a little salt just before washing. The amount of salt to be used depends upon the taste of the customers. He believes it is advisable to try to get customers to use fresh butter, so that it can be delivered once or twice a week. Formerly he had customers who wanted him to pack butter in the winter for next summer's use. Gradually they have all abandoned the practice. He advises putting up butter in neat packages, as this will do much toward making sales.—Dairy World.

Profit in Pigs.

One cannot hope to make swine a profitable farm product unless he goes permanently into the business. Too many who try to make money from swine find it unprofitable one year, and abandon it, or because after two years of fair success the third season proves unsatisfactory, they conclude that the best days for the business have passed, and they try their hand at something else. My experience has always been that swine breeding requires more persistent and continuous work than most other lines of farming. As a continuous business, carried on, not one or two or three years, but ten, fifteen and twenty years, it has no superior, and the man who pursues it thus will get his sure reward. Each succeeding year we learn more about the work, and find out where we made mistakes, and where we could have made improvements. We become so familiar with the whole subject that we are competent judges as to whether we should raise this or that breed. We also grow accustomed to anticipating the markets, which is a great thing in these days of fluctuations. Then, too, we learn how best to feed the animals—how to get the most from every ton of feed, grass or hay.

If one is going into swine breeding for a continuous industry, he can then well afford to start out with the best bred animals he can afford, and by an intelligent system of selections and breeding, he will in time grade up his flock to a standard of excellence which his neighbor cannot equal except at great cost. When a man starts in each year or two to purchase new breeds and high-bred swine, it is a costly experience, and he hardly reaps much reward from it. There is quite a difference, however, when he deliberately adds each year a little new blood to his stock, increasing the quality as well as the quantity. The outlay is thus small each season for pure-bred animals, and the returns correspondingly good.

Likewise in regard to food, it requires a policy of continuous farming along certain lines which will enable one to look years ahead. The grass, forage and grain crops that can be planned for an intelligent rotation system will all help toward the same general end. The cost of feeding will thus up to a certain point be steadily reduced. One finds good pasture fields established in the course of time, land made rich and fertile for corn and grain through a rotation of crops, and hay and forage crops prepared ahead of time for each winter. In the course of time the work becomes almost automatic, and the swine produce profits on the average from year to year that must prove satisfactory.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

Medium Horses for the Farm.

What would a pair of these 1,800 to 2,200 pound horses do on a plough or harrow in the spring, when their feet sank in the mud almost as deep as the plough? They might not feel the weight of the plough, but they would feel their own weight before night. With a pair of the little Vermont Morgans, the two of them not as heavy as one of those big fellows, we could draw a heavier load through a miry place or a snowdrift than we ever saw a pair of those big ones draw in a bad place.

And when on the road they could trot eight or ten miles an hour or walk four or five miles on a dirt road, not for one hour only, but for five or six hours a day for as many days as there are in the week, and that not in a rubbed-tired sulky, but a good, honestly made farm waggon with from two to four persons in it.

That is the kind of horses that used to be bred in Vermont, and some of them, not quite as compactly built, in Maine, and some of them, a little coarser built, came here from Canada, with legs about as large and hairy as the Clydes. None of them ever got spavins or crooked knees or tender feet, if they had decent usage, for they did not go down the street, as if they had taken a contract to pound down the paving stones.

The breed of these horses cannot be entirely exhausted. There must be some farmers who have good brood mares yet, and there may be a few stallions that have the Morgan blood in them. If such can be bred, we venture a prediction that in five years they will be in demand, and in ten years more popular on our New England farms and hilly roads than the heaviest western-bred horse that may be offered at the sale stables in the city. Do not make the mistake of trying to put too much weight into them by trying to breed from the heavy stallions, nor too long legs on them in the hope to get the two-minute horse; but try to get a good, honest, well-built horse of 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, with the disposition of a lamb, the willingness of the ox and the endurance of the mule.

The Cockade.

THE adoption of the cockade by President Roosevelt for his coachman and footmen has resuscitated the old question: What servants are entitled to wear a cockade? As a matter of fact, there is no right nor title to the cockade, but usage has in England, where the cockade is more common than in any other country, confined it to the servants of the royal household, of the diplomatic corps, of officers of the Army and Navy—including the militia and volunteers—and to servants of justices and deputy lieutenants of counties. According to this unwritten law of custom, neither peers nor other persons of title, except they be royal, can confer the cockade on their servants unless they themselves hold one of the commissions already named. And here comes a strange anomaly: if they occupy a Government position they can wear a cockade, although their servants cannot.

"Cockade," or, rather, the French equivalent of it, made its first appearance in the phrase "bonnet a la coquarde" of Rabelais. About sixty years after Rabelais's death, Randle Cotgrave, author of the first Anglo-French dictionary, defined "coquarde," now "cocarde," as "a Spanish cappe or fashion of bonnet, used by the most substantial men of yore—also any bonnet or cappe worn proudly or peartly on the side." But the most plausible origin given of the cockade of to-day is that it was derived from the tuft of cock's plumes worn by the Croatian soldiers, who in the seventeenth century served under France, and introduced the cravat to the world of fashion. At any rate, in [illegible], men ambitious to become soldiers of France received cockades of paper; hence the expression, "prendre la cocarde," meaning "to enlist." Cockades appear to have fallen into innocuous desuetude, so far as France was concerned, until the Revolution, when the "cocarde tricolor" must have become obligatory, for, just before the fall of Robespierre, arrests were made for not wearing it.

The black cockade, now worn in England, was originally the distinctive badge of the House of Hanover, as the white cockade was that of the House of Stuart. It is said white was adopted by the adherents of the Stuarts because it was the emblem of the kings of France, who supported the Stuarts against the Hanoverians. The cockade worn by servants of the British royal household is a large half-disk which projects above the hat. Servants of naval officers wear a disk not projecting above the hat; those of army officers and other persons considering themselves entitled to wear cockades are fan-shaped, with a button, and they reach above the hat. The cockades of the servants of diplomats are in the colors of the country their masters represent, and many noble houses on the continent of Europe make their servants wear cockades matching their livery in color. When, many years ago, the war as to whose servants were entitled to a cockade was raging in England, the facts discovered were that no orders regulating their use were known to exist, but it was recorded that servants of officers of the London City Light Horse, a volunteer regiment, did not wear them. The conclusion arrived at was that the cockade was originally purely a military distinction; that the reason it was worn by servants of field officers was that, in former days, these servants had served in the army, that it was later adopted by servants who had never been in the army, and afterward by servants of naval officers.

There being no set rule in any country from which we have been in the habit of adopting social customs, it remains for us to follow the law that usage and good form has laid down. They have prescribed that the servants of ambassadors and foreign ministers of the United States abroad shall wear cockades, like the servants of foreign diplomats accredited to this country, the cockades of the coachman and footman giving the equipage a certain right of way. Ambassadors and ministers are entitled to the cockade after they have retired from the diplomatic service. But consuls are not members of the diplomatic service; they are merely commercial agents. Neither our consuls abroad nor consular representatives in this country have the right to the cockade, as consuls. Its adoption by an American citizen who represented a foreign country as consular agent in this city was authorized neither by usage nor good taste. That his family should continue to use it after his death is ridiculous vulgarity. Servants of officers of the United States army and navy, both regular and volunteer, are also entitled to wear the cockade.—Town Topics.

Eggs for The British Museum.

A notice of the collections recently bequeathed by the late Mr. Philip Crowley to the natural history branch of the British Museum appeared a few days ago in the "Times." A very important portion of the bequest is the collection of eggs, from which 12,[illegible] specimens have been added to the [illegible] previously possessed by the museum. Among the gems in the Crowley cabinet are an egg of the great auk and one of the extinct pied Labrador duck. Both these specialties were acquired by Mr. Crowley from Canon Tristram. The great auk's egg is [illegible] of the last "batch" despatched from Iceland to Denmark. The specimens in the museum previous to this addition were both cracked or otherwise poor condition. An [illegible] item in the collection is the [illegible] of clutches of eggs of various [illegible] of birds with a cuckoo's egg [illegible] them. The Crowley collection had about 15 per cent. of the species of birds represented by their eggs [illegible] museum, the increase being [illegible] marked in Australian birds, [illegible] the national collection was [illegible] weak.

The Conscience Fund.

"I found eighteen mutilated [illegible] church yesterday," said the [illegible] the minister the day after [illegible] Sunday. "Oh, well," said the [illegible] "take them to my study; they [illegible] badly intended as contributions [illegible] conscience fund."—Yonkers [illegible] Man."

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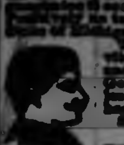

[illegible] A. E. [illegible] Wm. A. Smith, Notary Public, Wayne Co., Mich.

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Miscellaneous

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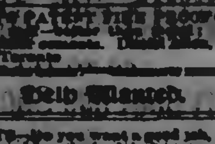

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Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

LACROSSE.

The Schedule for the town League composed of the Y.M.C.A., P.A.S and Athletics has been drawn up.

From Port Hope Guide.

An Oshawa man was recently asked who was playing for Oshawa this season. He replied: "Well, I was up to see them practice the other night, but they are all strangers to me." Oshawa has been out lassoing ever since that 26 to 2 game.

The members of the Y.M.C.A. Lacrosse Club had a good practice yesterday afternoon. Another practice will be held this evening.

The meeting of Section B, District No. 8, C.L.A., Intermediate Series, was held in Toronto, with P. M. Geddes, Oshawa, as convenor, W. C. Brent represented the Young Torontos, Dr. Henry, Oshawa, and Geo. B. Henwood, Port Hope. The following schedule was arranged:—

June 14— Young Torontos at Port Hope
June 28—Young Torontos at Oshawa.
July 1st or 12th—Oshawa at Port Hope.
July 19—Port Hope at Oshawa.
July 26—Oshawa vs Young Torontos.
Aug. 9—Port Hope vs. Young Torontos.

The winners play off with the winners of Section A for the district championship.

BASEBALL.

The second nine of the Separate School would like to play a game with St. John's choir boys.

A meeting of the Coal Heavers was held and it was decided to accept the schedule of the Midland League and make a trial for the cup. The old officers were re-elected. Negotiations are on foot for a match to be held here on the 24th with the Royal Canadians, of Toronto.

GOLF

The interest in golf is not so manifest this year as last, probably on account of the elections. Yesterday however, there was quite a number of enthusiastic golfers out making their rounds, but no matches of importance were played. There should be a large turnout this afternoon.

CRICKET.

Peterborough cricketers will enjoy a game at Port Hope to-day. The team is composed of the members of the old cricket club, which won glory on many a cricket field in years gone by. They consist of Messrs. J. H. Burnham, Sam Ray, W. D. Parker, Dela Pense (Lakefield), W. H. Weighton, A. B. Rogers and others. The "boys" are up against a pretty stiff proposition when they, without an hour's practice, cross bats with the Trinity College lads.

ORILLIA CANOE CLUB.

Orillia May 16—At the annual meeting of the Orillia Canoe Club the following officers were elected: Patrons and Patronesses, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wade, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Jupp, Mr. and Mrs. John Scott; Hon. President, Jas. B. Tudhope; Commodore, H. Pellatt; Vice-Commodore Dr. J. C. Moore; Rear-Commodore, H. Holcroft; Secretary-Treasurer, C. E. Bow; Managing Committee, E. T. Curran, F. Diggle, J. H. Ross, P. Wade, A. Arons, B. B. Kean, B. Palmer, G. Sinclair.

GUN CLUB.

The Peterborough Gun Club had a splendid shoot on Riverside Park on Friday afternoon. There was some pretty fair shooting done, and the members of the club are developing into crack shots. The scores were as follows:

	Shot at.	Kills
W. Bunton	25	10
R. Tivey	25	10
J. Erskine	25	5
W. Gutterson	25	12
J. D. Collins	25	3
R. Kingan	25	8
L. Hall	20	5
D. Jewett	25	8
W. G. Ferguson	25	7
G. Parks	25	6
C. Wood	20	8
R. N. Bell	25	2
J. Brooks	25	4
W. Outterson	30	22
Mr. Jarvis	25	5
Mr. Jackson	25	10
Mr. Currier	10	5
Mr. K. Brown	5	0

Cause of Splitting Headaches

Poisons accumulate in the blood and spread every moment to all parts of the body. The brain becomes congested, nerves irritated, and the result is that awful headache.

Ferrozone is nature's own remedy for headaches; it is a blood strengthener and purifier of uncommon merit, a lasting potent tonic, and the greatest invigorant and health maker known. Headaches never bother people that take Ferrozone after each meal. Buy a box from your druggist for 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Liver Complaint.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"We shall soon settle all that," he answered. "Will you come with me peaceably, or shall I be forced to take you by main force?"

"You would not dare!" she cried, recoiling from him. "Attempt to abduct me, and I will cry out for help. Some one will hear me, and come to my rescue."

CHAPTER XXXIV.

A Strange Fate.

A sneering smile curved the dark mustached lip.

"As you please about that, of course," he said, "it will be claiming my wife under difficulties; but I am equal to the occasion, as you shall see."

Ah, heaven, if she could but temporise with him, she thought wildly.

"I did wrong, perhaps, in persuading you to marry me, you were very young and inexperienced; but in deserting me you have done ten thousand times worse. Tell me, why did you go away without leaving me any trace of you— without leaving me your address, or one word which would tell me of your whereabouts? Why did you do this? Tell me the truth, false words will avail you nothing— I will know!"

She raised her despairing face to him; she might just as well tell the truth now— indeed no falsehood suggested itself to her.

She sank down on the nearest bench, covering her white face with her hands.

"I—I thought you would never find me," she moaned piteously. "I repented of that marriage the moment it was over. I would have given my life to undo it. Quite suddenly my eyes were opened when I found you had married me, believing me to be Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, and the glamor fell from them. I saw what I had done, and I was sorry for it."

"But you loved me, Daisy," he persisted, "in those old days?"

"No," she replied, with the calmness of despair, "not then, nor ever. I have never loved you; now that I know what true love is, I say that I have never loved you; you captivated my childish fancy, I was little more than a child— what did I know of love or lovers? I fled from you to undo what I had done, and to forget you if I could," she faltered, with a passionate burst of tears.

She looked so beautiful in her utter helplessness, that the old fierce love for her sprung up again in his heart.

"You have done wrong in deserting me, Daisy," he said: "but if you will come back to me peaceably, I am willing to forgive you. I will make all allowance for your youth and inexperience; and furthermore, the world need never know of the scandal it has missed so narrowly."

Go with this man who claimed her? leave Aleck, whom she loved with a love more potent than death? No, no, never!

"You forget Aleck," she moaned, "I —I could not be parted from him and live, Harold."

"You parted from me and lived," he answered grimly. "You can do the same thing again, running away from Aleck [illegible] your [illegible]."

"But I love him," she sobbed, "my whole heart and soul is wrapped up with him and oh, Harold, he loves me just as dearly as I love him. Let me kneel down at your feet and plead with you to spare him."

"Let me understand clearly what it is that you wish me to do," he answered sharply. "Speak out plainly, what is it you want?"

"I want you to go away, and to keep my terrible secret from the world's knowledge until I die. This is my prayer, Harold, and, oh, I beseech you to grant it."

A harsh laugh broke from his lips that made her grow faint with despair.

"You want me to go away in silence and leave you to Alexander Hamilton, is that it?"

She bowed her beautiful head in assent.

"The law would step in and interfere if the facts in this case were known, even if I did not. Besides, how long would Alexander Hamilton, that example of moral goodness, live with you if he knew he had no claim on you?"

A terrible, heart- rending cry broke from her white lips; she realized what he said was but too true.

"I should deny it all before Aleck," she moaned in a dying voice. "It could make matters no worse."

His face darkened horribly, the clasp on her white arm tightened.

"Take care how you anger me," he said. "You are going too far, I will put an end to this at once."

They were near the entrance gate, and he raised his hand to hail a cab that was passing, but in that instant a wild cry for help broke from her lips, then she swayed to and fro like a leaf in the wind, and fell senseless at his feet.

That cry for help was heard, it seemed to Harold St. John, at the four corners of the park. In a trice a crowd was gathering.

"What is the matter?" asked one of the bystanders.

Another asked:

"Who is the lady?"

Harold St. John was about to answer, "My wife. She has simply fainted. Stand back and give her air, please," but at that moment he saw a person coming down the paved walk that caused the words to die away unuttered upon his lips.

"A lady who has fainted," he answered hurriedly, and before any one could stop to question him further, he had wheeled about, shot through the entrance gate like a flash, and had disappeared.

"I know where to find her," thought St. John, hurrying down the nearest by- street. "I must wait a little, I see."

At that moment the gentleman who had gone to see about the wheel of the phaeton returned to tell her it was in readiness.

Seeing the crowd about her he pressed forward eagerly, and at that moment Daisy began to show signs of reviving.

"Where am I?" she gasped.

Then with a wild, terrified cry, which those who heard it never forgot, she sprung to her feet and gazed in awful fear around her.

Where was her mortal foe? Had he vanished like a spirit, or had the green earth suddenly opened and swallowed him?

"Are you ill, lady?" asked a very sympathetic voice behind her. "What caused you to swoon?"

Turning her head Daisy beheld a young girl of apparently her own age standing beside her.

"It was only the heat of the sun,"

To Be Continued.

"Pain in the head and back" is a form of suffering with which so many women are familiar. Often this pain is associated with nervousness, sleeplessness and loss of appetite. The cause of such suffering is generally to be traced to derangement of the womanly function, or a diseased condition of the delicate womanly organs.

In such cases the action of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is marvelous in the prompt relief of pain and permanent cure of disease. It regulates the periodic function, dries disagreeable drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It cures when all other means have been tried in vain.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has cured more than half a million women.

"I was a great sufferer for six years and doctored all the time with a number of different physicians, but did not receive any benefit," writes Mrs. George Bogden, of 641 Bonda Street, Saginaw (South), Mich. "One day as I was reading a paper I saw your advertisement, and, although I had given up all hope of ever getting better, thought I would write to you. When I received your letter, telling me what to do, I commenced to take your 'Favorite Prescription' and follow your advice. I have taken ten bottles in all, also five vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' Am now regular after having missed two years and suffered with pain in the head and back. I was so nervous, could not eat or sleep. Now I thank you for my recovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

No Breach of Discipline.

THE colonel was entertaining some of his friends with stories of army life, and the talk turned to the inflexibility of orders. That reminded the colonel of Tim Murphy's case.

Murphy had enlisted in the cavalry service, although he had never been on a horse in his life. He was taken out for drill with other raw recruits under command of a sergeant, and, as luck would have it, secured one of the worst buckers in the whole troop.

"Now, my men," said the sergeant in addressing them, "no one is allowed to dismount without orders from a superior officer. Remember that."

Tim was no sooner in the saddle than he was hurled head over heels through the air, and came down so hard that the breath was almost knocked out of him.

"Murphy," shouted the sergeant, when he discovered the man spread out on the ground, "you dismounted!"

"I did."

"Did you have orders?"

"I did."

"From headquarters, I suppose?" with a sneer.

"No, from hindquarters."

"Take him to the guard-house!" ordered the sergeant.—Detroit "Free Press."

Winter Uplands.

The frost that stings like fire upon my cheek,
The loneliness of this forsaken ground,
The long white drift upon whose powdered peak
I sit in the great silence as one bound;
The rippled sheet of snow where the wind blew
Across the open fields for miles ahead;
The far-off city towered and roofed in blue,
A tender line upon the western red;
The stars that singly, then in flocks appear,
Like jets of silver from a violet dome,
So wonderful, so many, and so near,
And then the golden moon to light me home;
The crunching snowshoes and the stinging air,
And silence, frost, and beauty everywhere.

—Lampman.

Onions and Epidemics.

A READER of "Marmaduke's" letters in London "Truth" has sent him the following:

"Whilst turning over some old books in my library last week I stumbled upon the following paragraph in the 'Rural World' of 1863. As there is an epidemic of smallpox in London it has occurred to me to send this to you, for some of your medical readers may be either able to prove or disprove the statements it contains:

"'Onions and Epidemics.—In the spring of 1849 I was in charge of one hundred men on shipboard, with the cholera among the men. We had onions, which a number of the men ate freely. Those who did so were soon attacked, and nearly all died. As soon as I made this discovery their use was forbidden. After mature deliberation I came to the conclusion that onions should never be eaten during the prevalence of epidemics, for the reason that they absorb the virus, and communicate the disease and that the proper use for them is sliced and placed in the [illegible]-room, and replaced with [illegible] hours. . . . After making [illegible] the foregoing opinion for eighteen years, I have found the following well attested: Onions placed in the room where there is smallpox will blister and decompose with great rapidity; not only so but will prevent the spread of the disease. I think that as a disinfectant they have no equal if properly used. If needed, the foregoing (which I have greatly abbreviated) can be attested on oath.'"

It is a curious echo of a bygone preventive, and it is given here without much hope that the suggestion can be valuable

A PERFECT WOMAN.

She was a phantom of delight
When first she gleamed upon my sight;
A lovely apparition, sent
To be a moment's ornament;
Her eyes as stars of Twilight fair;
Like Twilight's, too, her dusky hair;
But all things else about her drawn
From May-time and the cheerful Dawn;
A dancing shape, an image gay,
To haunt, to startle and waylay.

I saw her upon nearer view,
A Spirit, yet a Woman, too!
Her household motions light and free,
And steps of virgin-liberty;
A countenance in which did meet
Sweet records, promises as sweet;
A creature not to bright or good
For human nature's daily food;
For transient sorrows, simple wiles,
Praise, blame, love, kisses, tears and smiles.

And now I see with eyes serene
The very pulse of the machine;
A being breathing thoughtful breath,
A traveler between life and death:
The reason firm, the temperate will,
Endurance, foresight, strength and skill;
A perfect Woman, nobly planned,
To warn, to comfort, and command;
And yet a Spirit still, and bright
With something of angelic light.

—William Wordsworth.

NOT A SCHOOL PROBLEM.

Lally Bernard Just Suggests Some Things in the Globe.

I doubt if you would find in one of our high schools in a country town in Canada six of the boys who could give you an exact idea of the number of miles and the pace at which a young horse should be driven, says Lally Bernard in The Globe. The knack of harnessing and of adjusting weights is so little understood; indeed, half the suffering of the horses in the country comes from the absolute indifference of the men as to whether the harness fits or not. Our country roads are improving, but, as a rule, farmers are absolutely careless about the condition of the roads over which they drive their too often badly shod horses. Surely the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals have an immense field before them in this country of great distances, unbroken country and bad roads. Not only this, but, in many cases, really valuable animals are lost by the indifference or ignorance of their owners as to the necessity of good winter quarters. All the questions affecting the welfare of domestic animals, who form such an important feature in the economics of the country, should be widely discussed and given their due place in the education of our people. We are very dependent upon the help accorded us in our struggle for existence by these domestic animals, and it is safe to say that the immense development in the poultry business during the last ten years has done more to teach men to care for the wants of the feathered branch of our domestic charges than all the work of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals during the past twenty years. But there still remains so much to be done, and such constant vigilance to be exerted—the constant attendance of delegates from the society at all meetings and conventions of live stock societies, and keeping closely in touch with all movements for the improvement of the veterinary profession, and even a knowledge of the history and growth of the farrier business. For while the human species suffers acutely from the ignorance of the men who model and make our foot gear, imagine to what a degree the poor horses are dependent upon the skill of the man who models and fits their shoes! One knows that the human species find standing much more fatiguing than walking, and I often wonder if the horses at a cab stand do not suffer more from the hours they stand in the scorching sun or pelting rain than from racing over the hard pavements.

The Midlands Exhibition.

The Exhibition, opened for a press view, at Wolverhampton, England, on Saturday, 26th April, is the most ambitious one in the history of the Midlands. Scottish architects have designed the picturesque group of light, graceful buildings in the spacious grounds of West Park. The Industrial Hall, painted in strong shades of red and green, is a structure of marked originality, with high towers, capped by open lanterns, and main entrance decorated with a free stencil treatment in color. It contains, in addition to the Midland and Scottish exhibits, a varied Japanese collection of curios and lacquer, Indian carving and embroidery, and Danish porcelain. Machinery Hall is a simple but artistic structure with a bowstring roof, treated with special reference to electric illumination.

The Canadian pavilion is an artistic building, with a fine dome, and is filled with complete and well-arranged exhibits of the natural products of the Dominion. Commissioner Scott and Secretary Brodie have displayed Canadian energy in setting the pavilion in order. There is only one American exhibit.

Municipal Taxation.

Here are the last Government returns on municipal taxation per head of population in Ontario cities:

Toronto	$13 83
St. Catharines	12 09
Windsor	12 86
Chatham	10 68
London	10 68
Hamilton	10 51
St. Thomas	9 54
Ottawa	9 31
Belleville	9 10
Stratford	9 07
Guelph	8 99
Brantford	8 30

Canada's Mineral Production.

The mineral production of Canada during the year 1901, according to the preliminary statement of the geological survey, was valued at $69,407,0_1, of which $42,834,000 was metallic and $26,292,000 non-metallic. The growth is equivalent to about eight per cent. over that of 1900, rather moderate increase compared with what recent years have shown. Gold, as a result of Yukon discoveries, occupies the first place, with $24,462,222, or more than a third of the whole; coal, with a value of $14,721,122 comes next.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will give suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at .... .60c
Suspenders .... .25c
Overalls, with bib, at ...... .60c
Smocks, at...... .... .60c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first choice.

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Ladies and Gent's Tailor

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EVERY THURSDAY
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" Port Hope at ...... 8 00 a. m.
Arrive Toronto at ...... 12 30 p. m.
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p. m.
Fare concession. [illegible]
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Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.
RUNNING ALL RAPIDS [illegible] ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.
STR. "ALEXANDRIA."
Leaves Belleville every Monday 7 [illegible]
Arrives Montreal Tuesday [illegible]
Arrives Quebec Wednesday [illegible]
Finest excursion trip on the [illegible] Belleville, Trenton, Brighton and Rochester (Charlotte Port of)
EVERY SATURDAY
Leaves Belleville [illegible]
" Trenton [illegible]
" Brighton [illegible]
Arrives Charlotte [illegible]
*Quebec excursions [illegible]
For further particulars, [illegible] write
A. W. HEPBURN, Manager, Picton, Ont.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO
NIAGARA ON THE SEA

THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the [illegible] Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly [illegible], passing through the [illegible] scenery of the Bay of Quinte and [illegible] [illegible] all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers [illegible] Toronto and Montreal daily [illegible] Sunday from June 12th.

HOTEL—Manor Richelieu, Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are [illegible] all modern facilities.

For further particulars [illegible]
W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. [illegible]
THOS. HENRY, Traffic [illegible]
Montreal, Que.

Electric Lamps
25c [illegible]
[illegible]

TO-DAY

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FOOT ELM

The great remedy for all foot troubles. We will pay back your money if the remedy is not satisfactory.

If your Druggist offers you a substitute, try some honorable druggist, there are lots of them and it's not necessary to deal with a man who offers you an inferior article for the sake of making a few extra cents profit.

STOTT & JURY.
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MAY 17 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Victoria museum is now opened for the summer, every day from 2 to 6 p.m.

—Belleville's public library has been closed for lack of funds.

—For lots of up-to-date Photos go to Whitson, and you will get the best.

—J. J. Turner & Sons received an order yesterday from Buffalo, New York for [illegible] bunting flags.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.00. Times Bookstore.

—A child's push cart was left in front of the Y.M.C.A. a few nights ago and is awaiting an owner.

—Campbellford, Skating, Curling and Boating Rink Co., talk of going into liquidation as the liabilities are too heavy for the company to continue.

—The wise business man has no time for lamenting past failures — he throws all his energy into making a success of the present and future—White's Sayings.

—The frost was very severe in the vicinity of Stony Lake on Friday night. Gilchrist's Bay in Stony Lake was completely frozen over.

—Yesterday a burning fence on the lot on which Messrs. J. J. Taylor and Sons are erecting a factory gave the fire brigade a run. There was no damage done.

—The members and friends of St. Luke's church are requested to send out flowers to the church on Saturday to be used for the decoration of the chancel and the altar on Whit Sunday.

—Sealed tenders for the contract of building up New Ontario, and keeping the old premises in good repair for the next four years, will be received up to Thursday, May 29th, at five p.m. Best of testimonials required.

—A young man from the south end purchased a marriage license last week and on the road home he lost it and now he doesn't know where he is at, as the widow in the deal threatens to enter suit for breach of promise.

—The old favorite steamer North King made her first trip of the season last Monday afternoon arriving in Port at 3 p.m. She has undergone a complete overhauling and looks exceedingly clean. The same crew of efficient officers are in charge of her as were last season.

—A large case containing Klondike canoes for the west coast of Africa passed through Peterborough from Lakefield. The canoes were consigned to agents in Boston enroute to Africa by the Strickland Canoe Co, Lakefield, and afford one more instance of the widespread demand for the boats manufactured by this popular firm.

—Lakefield News—Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Fitzgerald kindly entertained the visitors from Ashburnham, and the performers in the entertainment at the town hall on Tuesday evening last at the conclusion of the performance to an informal supper at their residence on Queen Street. About forty guests partook of the hospitality of the genial host and hostess.

—A charge of grossly insulting language occupied the attention of the Police Magistrate yesterday morning. There was a question, in view of the fact that the offence was committed on private property, whether the town by-law was applicable, and judgment was reserved until this morning.

—The employees of the Rathbun Co's Lindsay mill have gone on a strike, and the mill has been shut down. The men we understand, are not dissatisfied with their wages, but object to having a portion of their pay held back till the end of the season. The Company propose to close the mill permanently, and do their cutting at Fenelon Falls, where they have a fine mill. This will prove a serious loss to the town.

—In addition to the $2500 for Peterborough public buildings, the following items in the Dominion Supplementary estimates appear:—Improvements and repairs Port Hope public building $1200, improvements and repairs Cobourg public building $2400, Public building Bowmanville $5000, Newcastle to complete repairs to pier $5000, Bowmanville to complete repairs to breakwater $4000, Cobourg repairs to piers and dredging $10,000, Harwood wharf on Rice Lake $1000.

—The members of All Saints' church are talking of placing an extension on their present place of worship, or erecting a new church altogether, the present edifice being inadequate to accommodate the large congregations that throng the building. The Advisory Board met last night and decided to submit to the congregation plans and estimate of probable cost of suitable building that subscription might be raised to cover the cost.

—The man who wrestles with the cow and learns the calves to suck, who casts the corn before the swine, is now in greatest luck, for butter's on the upper grade, veal's higher than a kite, pork is climbing up the scale, and beef is out of sight. The eggs he gathers every day from his Poland chicken coop, are always worth their weight in gold and we are in the soup. His corn brings a fancy price; it's rising every day, and he rakes all kinds of money for half a ton of hay. The farmer is in the saddle and when he comes to town, the rest of us by right, should go away back and then sit down.

—The Salvation Army is on the eve of its Self-Denial week and considerable activity is seen among the members. It seems that they are confident of obtaining their share towards the sum of $23,000 which is to be raised throughout this territory. We should think that considering the acknowledged good work this organization has done in our midst, they have enlisted sufficient sympathy in our town to guarantee that sum to be donated during S. D. week. Whatever our personal opinion may be as to the Army methods and paraphernalia we are agreed that the Army is in earnest and intensely practical, as well as economical, in spending the funds entrusted to it and we wish it every success.

A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and a gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them. Apply to C. Wilhemy at City Hotel.

The Rummage Sale

The Times has been requested by the Girl's Guild of All Saint's Church to thank those who contributed to the very successful "rummage" sale which was held under their auspices last week. They also thank those who patronized the sale. It is the intention of the Guild to hold another sale next fall, and from the experience gained in conducting the last one, they hope to meet with even greater success. The proceeds of these sales is for the reduction of the debt on the church.

Broke His Arm

The many friends of Mr. Wm. Rutherford, of South Monaghan, will regret to learn that he met with a painful accident on Monday last. He was building a barn, and had ascended to the mow to inspect the work, when he slipped and fell to the floor, a distance of ten or twelve feet, breaking his arm between the elbow and shoulder. Dr. Gray, of town, was at once summoned and set the injured bones. Mr. Rutherford is now doing nicely.

Reilhofer's Tyrolean Yodlers

These excellent entertainers, of whom every one is an artist, come from near Ober-Amergau, Bavaria, and appear in national costumes; They render Tyrolean and American songs, Yodling and Echo-Songs, etc. accompanied by the Zither and other Alpine instruments. Reilhofer is also the Soul of Mimicry. The press speaks in the highest terms of their work in Chicago, Buffalo, Toronto, Kingston, London and other places. Next Tuesday, May 20th, in the opera house. Tickets, 25 cents and 35 cents. Plan now open at Ormond & Walsh's.

Last Night's Band Concert

The last indoor concert of the season was given last night by the band of the 57th Regiment in the Market Hall. There was a good attendance and much enthusiasm. The following programme was rendered:

1 March, "New Colonial,..........Hall
2 Overture, ...Poet and Peasant......
Von Suppe
3 Recitation, selected......Miss Carrie White
4 Song in Character..Mr J Halpiny
5. Euphonium solo, "The Vacant Chair"..................Mr. Edward Cronk
6. Selection, "Reminiscences of Scotland," introducing popular Scotch Airs, and variations for different instruments.
7. Recitation, selected......Miss Carrie White
8 Song in Character...........Mr. Joe Halpany
9 Medley, "Popular Songs of the Day..............................
10. March, selected.........................
God Save the King.

MEAT QUESTION SETTLED.

Right Food to take Its Place

"The shortness of the meat supply and the high price of steak is not an unmitigated evil. On the other hand it is a probable blessing," says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"If meat could be raised to a price that would make it prohibitory, it might still be of good result, because it would teach those who depend almost entirely upon it to widen their dietary and learn to enjoy many good things of which they are not ignorant. To many, especially in the cities, there are but three foods; meat, potatoes and bread. The weary monotony of this program, the unsatisfied but indefinite longings for a widening of it, affect appetite and surely affect spirits and temper.

"The laborer goes to his work filled with meat, potatoes and bread. At noon he finds cold meat and bread in his dinner pail and at night he is confronted by meat and potatoes, sometimes separate, sometimes combined into a greasy stew, sometimes chopped into hash.

"This kind of thing fills him, but in a finer sense it can hardly be said to feed him. Physicians have discovered that a limited and unchanging diet lowers vitality and health."

Such a time as this gives everyone an opportunity to test the value of Grape-Nuts as a food and prove to themselves that it more than takes the place of meat are really furnishes more nourishment for the body, and greater strength and vitality for the brain and nervous system; it is also an economical food that reduces the cost of living to the minimum.

Grape-Nuts are probably entitled to the claim to be the most perfectly adapted food for human needs now extant. The meat eater and the vegetarian are alike charmed with its crisp taste and the delicate flavor of grape sugar and the careful housewife is attracted by the fact that there are fourteen portions in a 15c. package.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.]

—Mr. Dan DeVine has [illegible] under the weather for the past few [illegible].

—The Misses Bailee left yesterday morning for Montreal, whence they sail next week on a visit to the Old Country.

—Mrs. A. E. Ames, of Toronto, is the guest of the Misses Morrow, Weller st. Mr. Ames will also spend Sunday here.

—Mr. A. E. Mosley left yesterday for a visit to his home in England. He sails from Montreal to-morrow.

—The Misses Mellor, who have been staying for a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Gale at their home, in Douro have returned to Peterborough.

—Mrs. Geo. I. Roszel has been called to Smithville by the illness of her father, Mr. John Fisher. He was 80 years of age in February, last.

MEETING IN ASHBURNHAM

Meeting are Billed for Monday and Tuesday Evening

Ashburnham will have its share of political inspiration next week. On Monday night Dr. Ford, the Conservative candidate will address the electors, and will be assisted by Mr. J. W. Garvin. The doctor is a pleasing and fluent speaker and no doubt many from this side will go to hear him.

Tuesday evening Mr. Anderson, the Liberal candidate will speak and will be assisted by Mr R C Clute, KC., Toronto, one of the fluent speakers in Ontario. Mr. Anderson himself has developed into quite a good speaker, so that a treat is in store for seekers after political knowledge.

Reports of the meetings will appear in The Times in due course.

A DEPLORABL DEATH

Miss Annie Hamilton Dies After a Few Hours Illness

The news of the death of Miss Annie Hamilton, youngest daughter of the late Wm. Hamilton, Esq., which occurred yesterday morning, spread with lightning rapidity through the town, and came as a great shock to many. Death at any time is sad, but in this case is inexpressibly so. On Thursday she was in her usual good health, and being down town in the afternoon, chatting with her friends, and seemed in excellent spirits. Shortly after returning home, however, she complained of chills, when the family physician was summoned. He remained at her bedside throughout the night, other medical assistance being called in. About four o'clock she began to sink, and it was seen she would not rally. Her heart was failing and these alarming symptoms continued until about 9.30, when she passed away, surrounded by the members of the family who were at home. Mrs. Hamilton was in Chicago, and will not arrive until today. Deceased was about to leave on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Ludgate, in Pensylvania.

Miss Hamilton was a loveable young lady, and her death will be deeply regretted. The Times joins the whole community in extending to the afflicted relatives heartfelt sympathy.

By Practical Experience the Ladies Know That

DIAMOND DYES

Are the Best For Home Work

It is the easiest matter in the world to dye with the Diamond Dyes as thousands of women know from practical experience. By this work, any intelligent woman can make old clothing look like new, and save a good many dollars in the course of the year. One ten cent package of Diamond Dyes often saves the cost of a new gown, for it makes the old one look like new.

Mrs. Alex. McGillis, Winnipeg, Man., says: Your Diamond Dyes are home treasures. I have used them with great success for many years. The colors are fast and beautiful and washing cannot change them. I would send miles for Diamond Dyes, rather than bother with worthless imitations if sent to me free of cost.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns richly colored on the best Scotch Hessian, can be ordered by mail. Send for free sheet of designs to select from. The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q.

SALVATION ARMY NOTES

The junior corps held their anniversary service last, Thursday, evening. There was a very nice attendance. Sergt. Major R. C. B and reported progress in every department of the work. Amongst other things a fine collection of new books has been added to the library. Then Adjt. Moore read an address to the Sergt.-Major, on behalf of the teachers and scholars of the school, who presented him with a very handsome writing desk, which took him quite by surprise. He endeavored, however, to speak his thanks in a few appropriate sentences, after which prizes were awarded all the members of the junior corps for regularity, good lessons, etc.

We were very sorry to hear of the illness of Adjt. Moore, during the past two weeks. Glad to see you around again, Adjt.

And self-denial is the [illegible] topic of the hour in [illegible]. The local corps is aiming to raise $300.00 through this effort, and as much besides as possible for the maintenance of the local work. It is well understood that while Salvationists will deny themselves and give liberally, at the same time, they will be appealing to their friends and all philanthropic citizens. Seeing the Army is general and undenominational in its character, it is probable they will meet with practical sympathy from all.

MOST LADIES NEED A TONIC EVERY SPRING.

MRS. BARBARA MC.DONALD
JULIA V. TELLER
MRS. MARY HARDY
MRS. CATHERINE R. BERTOS

MRS. BARBARA McDONALD, President of the St. Louis Blue Ribbon Club, writes the following letter concerning Peruna from 2947 Dayton street, St. Louis, Mo.:

"It is with feelings of gratitude for benefits derived from the use of Peruna that I desire to proclaim to human-kind my experience, hoping that it will benefit some unfortunate sufferer like myself.

"Suffering for years with what appeared to be an incurable malady, and after a great expense incurred consulting physicians without any benefit, I was recommended to try Peruna. As a last expedient I purchased a bottle, and before one-half of the contents were used I felt the beneficial results. I am continuing to use same, and might say I am entirely well. My disease seemed to be catarrh of the stomach, and the nauseating sensation, and the heavy, languid, tired-out feelings with which I suffered, especially after eating, have entirely left me, and my digestive organs are in splendid condition, all of which I owe to the use of Peruna."—MRS. BARBARA McDONALD.

Miss Julia V. Teller, of 2518 Prairie street, Milwaukee, Wis., is President of the German Young Woman's Union. Her opinion of Peruna is given in the following words:

"Our German Young Woman's Union has nothing but praise for Peruna. Three of our members have been most wonderfully helped. One of them had almost constant backache for the last year. The other two suffered from catarrh of the head and throat.

"I have used it after a most unpleasant experience with an attack of la grippe, and found that three bottles completely restored me to health."—Julia V. Teller.

Mrs. Mary Hardy, of 568 W. Polk street, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I find it necessary each spring to take some kind of a tonic and have tried a great many but have found none of such value as Peruna.

"After taking a few doses I feel the good effects and seldom need to take more than one bottle as a spring medicine."—Mrs. Mary Hardy.

Mrs. Catherine R. Bertos, 803 N. Elm street, Centralia, Ill., writes:

"I have found Peruna the most satisfying medicine I ever tried in my life. I suffered for years with catarrh of the stomach, which became aggravated every time I caught a slight cold. My food did not digest properly, and life lost its best charm until I tried Peruna. It made a new woman of me. It took eight bottles to effect a complete cure, but I would not be back in the former condition for a thousand dollars. I am most grateful for being cured completely and feel better than I have done for years."—Catherine R. Bertos.

The lassitude incident to spring weather is especially trying to women. Ailments peculiar to the sex of many varieties are especially prone to aggravation. All this class of affections are fitly described by the term "pelvic catarrh."

Any woman wishing to be placed on the list of Dr. Hartman's patients for free home treatment and advice should immediately send name and symptoms, duration of disease and treatment already tried. Directions for the first month's treatment will be promptly mailed free of charge. No free medicine will be supplied by the doctor, but all necessary directions will be furnished.

Read what the above ladies have to say of Peruna as a cure for these cases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Lord Pauncefote Ill

Special to the Times.

Washington, D.C., May 17.—It was learned at the British Embassy this morning that the condition of Lord Pauncefote is such as to cause considerable anxiety. Dr. Osler, of Baltimore, and Dr. Franz Jung, physicians, are in almost constant attendance on the Ambassador. No official bulletins have been issued by the physicians, but it was said at eleven o'clock that while Lord Pauncefote's condition seemed somewhat more favorable, the turn for the better was not pronounced enough to furnish much cause for encouragement.

Change of Dates

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. have changed their regular day of meeting to the last Thursday of the month. The next meeting will be held on the 29th of May.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25cts

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Propesal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings in 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone 180 188 and 215. day or nigh

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L.A

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month. A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magizines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelops 10cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices, Times Bookstore.

COURT OF REVISION

OF THE

ASSESSMENT ROLL

OF

BURLEIGH AND ANSTRUTHER

for the year 1902, will be held in the TOWN HALL, APSLEY, on SATURDAY, MAY 31st, 1902, at 11 a. m.

ALEX. BELL, M. D.,
Township Clerk

Apsley, May 15th, 1602

FOR STYLISH

Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

Homes for Quick Sale;

Frame house, 6 rooms, good garden, easy terms, ...$550
Frame house, stable and large lot.. 750
Brick house, 6 rooms, central to work.......................... 950

4 large modern houses under value. See them. The chance of a lifetime to buy on easy terms, 50 acres good clay loam land with buildings and 50 acres good pasture land with valuable spring, three miles from town. Note the price, $25.00 per acre. Will sell for $40 per acre in 5 years. Apply

T. HURLEY & CO.
Phone 376. Near Post Office

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Borden, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured any kind of Obesity. Safely since [illegible]. Reduced [illegible] [illegible] a specialty. [illegible] [illegible] Edith Borden, [illegible] Peterborough.

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 43 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 119 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO MONDAY MAY 19 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ALFONSO IS CROWNED AMID GREAT SPLENDOUR

Cermony Performed in the Presence of a Vast Multitude of People

OLD MADRID JUST NOW IN A BLAZE OF GLORY

Every Civilized Nation on Earth Represented—A Gorgeous Procession and Dazzling Scenes

Special to The Times.

Madrid, May 17.—His Majesty, Alfonso XIII, King of Spain, solemnly took the oath to the Constitution in the Hall of Assembly of the Chamber of Deputies, to-day, with the utmost ceremony and in accordance with all the religious forms and ancient rites.

Shortly after the break of day the ceremonies began with a salute of twenty-one cannon shots, marking the opening of the day, at the same hour the church bells throughout Madrid began ringing. At 10 o'clock the court dignitaries and distinguished persons who were to take part in the royal cortege began to assemble in the halls of the Royal palace. The ladies wore court dresses and the dignitaries were in full uniform. The Envoys Extraordinary, the Ambassadors, the Ministers Plenipotentiary, and the Charges d'Affaires, with their wives, assembled at the palace at 10 o'clock and were invited by the Master of Ceremonies to repair to the Chamber of Deputies, and take the places reserved for them.

Previous to this an immense body of troops had been gathered around the palace, and from one end of the route to the other, followed by the royal party in passing from the palace to the Chamber of Deputies and from there to the church of San Francisco El Grande, troops formed double lines on both sides, those immediately protecting his Majesty being the royal halberdiers and detachments from the various cavalry regiments.

The firing of cannon announced to the expectant populace that the time had arrived for the departure of the Royal procession for the scene of the day's ceremonies. Leaving behind the magnificent pile of granite and marble with superb view of the Valley of Manzanares, the royal cortege moved slowly southward toward the capital. The entire route, which lay through the Calle de Alcala, the Puerto del Sol and other famous thoroughfares and public squares was ablaze with color. The innate love of the Spaniard for color and display had found vent in a wealth of decorations that was as bewildering as it was gorgeous and attractive. Entire house fronts were hidden beneath masses of red and yellow bunting and from every possible point floated flags and streamers bearing the royal coat of arms. The streets were marked by double rows of Venetian masts from which floated banners of gorgeous hue.

Two facts were worthy of note in regard to the progress of the royal cortege through the crowded streets. In the pageant itself, with the gilded carriages of state and all the gala uniforms, there was nothing to suggest the poverty of the Spanish monarchy, while in the enthusiastic demonstrations of the populace, there was no outward indication of that spirit of discontent and revolution which is supposed to exist among the Spanish people. For the time being everyone seemed absorbed in the enjoyment of the gorgeous spectacle. For the first time in nearly a score of years Spain was to have a king and the contemplation of that fact alone was sufficient cause for satisfaction. So the people gave their hearty cheers to the young monarch, not forgetting the queen mother, now about to relinquish the reins of government in favor of him to whom she has given all her care and affection since his birth under such pathetic circumstances sixteen years ago today.

The grand procession was headed by a detachment of cavalry forming the garrison of Madrid. Following were the court dignitaries, the mayors of the leading cities, members of the various local and provincial governments and representatives of the universities and other institutions of Spain. These were followed by delegations from the Senate and Chamber, the nobility, the church, etc.

The royal insignia, borne by high court dignitaries, included the Collar of the Order of the Golden Fleece, the sword, the standard and the seal of Castile, and the royal mantle of his Majesty. The Spanish crown, a circlet of gold, richly decorated with eight leaves and closed with four with jewels and precious stones, adorned arches, surmounted the carriage in which rode the king and queen mother. The carriage itself was a dream of gorgeous color. The vehicle was a huge and cumbersome affair, according to latter-day notions, and was made for King Philip V. Its interior was richly upholstered in purple and gold, while the outside was decorated with paintings by Rubens and richly inlaid with silver and pearl. It was drawn by eight magnificent horses with footmen and outriders clad in the livery of the period of Charles V. In the front were squads of brilliantly uniformed soldiers, while at the side cantered a galaxy of Spanish generals. Two dozen carriages, scarcely less rich in their fittings and decorations, conveyed the Infantas and the great dignitaries of the royal palace. As the procession swept by, the troops, in parade order, presented arms and rendered all military honors to the royal party.

The king, upon entering the hall, bowed to the knee before the Senators and Deputies and also to the tribune occupied by the foreign representatives. His Majesty having removed the robe which he wore in the carriage now appeared in the brilliant uniform of a Captain-General of the Spanish army. The mother wore a white [illegible] dress, with a long train, which was borne by four court chamberlains. As their Majesties passed up the aisle the members of the nobility and others ranged themselves in two lines leading from the entrance to the throne. The dignitaries carrying the royal mantles stationed themselves on the first step to the throne. A dignitary holding the sword of the monarchy stood on the second step of the throne, while the bearer of the standard occupied the third step. Other auxiliaries to the pageant were grouped about in suitable order. Upon the altar beneath the crucifix were placed the open books of the Evangelists and of the Spanish Constitution.

The ceremony of taking the oath and the anointment occupied scarcely a quarter of an hour and was as follows -

The Cardinal Archbishop of Toledo mounted the steps of the throne, placed himself in front of the king and invited his Majesty to make, before his faithful subjects and in a loud voice, his profession of faith, and presented him with the open book. The anointment and the administration of the oath followed, both ceremonies being conducted with great solemnity and impressiveness.

His Majesty received the benediction from the special envoy of the Pope, who recited the prayer prescribed by the ritual. The young king arose and ordered that the royal mantle with the Collard of the Order of the Golden Fleece be presented to him. They were presented on cushions richly ornamented with gold. One of the assistants of his Majesty adjusted the royal mantle. In a similar manner his Majesty caused to be presented to him the sceptre and sword, and having taken the sceptre in one hand and the sword in the other seated himself on the throne. In a few moments he arose and placed the sword and sceptre on cushions beside him where reposed also the crown of Spain. This terminated the actual ceremonies of the occasion.

Throughout the entire proceedings the queen mother remained by the side of the young king. Conspicuous also among those near at hand, in addition to the numerous church dignitaries, were the Infanta de las Mercedes and the Infanta Marie Theresa sisters of the king, and his aunts, including the Infanta Eulalie, the Duke De Sotomayor, his major-domo, General Weyler, Senor Sagasta, the Duke de Veragua, and General Pacheco Rodrigo, commandant of the royal halberdiers.

The composed demeanor of the young monarch throughout the trying ceremonies was such as to make a favorable impression on the minds of the spectators. Never once throughout the ordeal did he falter, hesitate, or appear confused, but at every step appeared calm, dignified and entirely at his ease.

The foreign representatives, the clergy, the grandees and all the persons present presented their felicitations upon the conclusion of the ceremonies of annointment and the administration of the oath. The procession then moved to the church of San Francisco El Grande in the same order and with the same ceremony that it had left the palace. All along the way there were enthusiastic shouts from the crowd that filled the streets and public squares. Alfonso XIII., now a king in fact as well as in name, graciously acknowledging the salutations.

The ceremonies at the church were simple but impressive. Here the clergy were the chief participants, the chief actors o listeners. Upon entering the sacred edifice his Majesty proceeded down the long aisle lined by the grandees and their ladies and the foreign representatives and ambassadors. Arriving at the altar the young monarch handed the insignia of office to his attendants and knelt in prayer while the Archbishop read the litanies, the day being little more than passive. The service concluded with the Te Deum. Once outside the church and on the return journey to the Royal Palace the king was greeted with fanfares of trumpets, the booming of cannon, the ringing of bells and cheers from tens of thousands of throats.

At the great reception which followed at the palace the utmost state was observed. The highest grandees of Spain, the august foreign princes and the leading members of their suites were in attendance with the officials of state, high officers of the army, eminent clergy and others. Only persons of the highest importance were present, the guests being entertained according to their rank.

This evening, for the first time, the ancient capital is illuminated in conformity with plans drawn up by celebrated artists, whose esthetic ideas were not stunted, nor their elaborate work hampered by prosaic consideration of expense. With result truly unique Madrid has become a beautiful poem in color, an exquisite symphony in fire. The famous Prado the evening resort of the people, the Plaza Mayor, surrounded by its colonnades, the Plaza Oriente in front of the Royal Palace, the Plaza de las Cortes, and other public places are dazzling in their brightness, while the various public buildings are outlined against the sky in lines of fire. These magnificent effects have been produced by electric and gas lamps of all colors, forms and sizes. The city of Madrid, which first took the matter in hand, voted a large sum for the purpose of illumination, but the money proved insufficient for the realization of the elaborate plan, whereupon an additional sum was granted from the royal treasury. This, of course, is exclusive of large sums which have been expended by private individuals, with the result that the city resembles a great fairyland in which the people have given themselves up to the full enjoyment of the festivities in accordance with the true southern spirit.

As a spectacle the events of the day defy description, and as a subject for national rejoicing the shouts of the people still continue, and the ringing of the bells testify of the success of the occasion.

CRAZED BY HER HUSBAND'S SUICIDE

Shot Her 15-Year-Old Son and Then Killed Herself

A MOTHER'S DEADLY FRENZY

Burlington Woman Never Recovered from the Blow and Decided to End It all at Once

Burlington, N. J., May 17.—In a frenzy of despair, brought on by worry over a tragedy that took her husband from her a few months ago, Mrs. Helen Sharp shot her 15-year-old son to death and ended her own life by cutting her throat with a razor at her home, No. 88 High street, this city. The double tragedy occurred some time last night, but was not discovered until this morning when neighbors forced a way into the house to learn what had become of its occupants. The bloody corpses were found in Mrs. Sharp's room, and life had been extinct for many hours.

Until a year or so ago Harry B. Sharp was a successful jeweler in this city, but he began to neglect his business for the companionship of men who were "out for a good time." The business ran down and reverses came. Then he embarked in the livery business. One night last winter the agents of the Law and Order Society, with officers of the law, made a descent upon a number of resorts in this city where it was alleged gambling and other illegal practices were carried on. Among the habitues who were caught in one of these raids was Sharp. It went against him hard, and he felt the disgrace keenly. Before he could be called as a witness in the case he was dead. He was found a corpse in his bed, having shot himself with a gun muffled by the bed clothing.

FAREWELL OVER THE WIRE.

It was soon noticed that Mrs. Sharp suffered untold anguish from the horror of it all. To her friends at times she appeared in a deep gloom and melancholy, but at other times she was in apparently cheerful mood. She called on friends last evening, but returned to her home early. Calling over the telephone to the livery stable, at the rear of her residence, about 10 o'clock last night, she asked for Perry Toner, the manager.

"Is that you, Perry?"

"Yes," replied Toner.

"Good-bye," came the answer over the wire, and Toner was greatly puzzled. He had no idea, however, what that simple message meant, for it now appears that Mrs. Sharp must have enacted the double tragedy immediately afterward.

NEIGHBORS' TERRIBLE DISCOVERY.

As there was no sign of anyone stirring about the house at 9.30 this morning the neighbors felt that something was wrong, and they decided to investigate. There came no answer to repeated rings at the door bell, and it was found impossible to force the doors. Frank Browin made his way to the roof and down through the trap door. He admitted Councilman School to the front door, and the two made a tour of the house.

To some of her friends Mrs. Sharp had said that her husband had disgraced her and blighted the life of their boy, and it was driving her wild.

Coroner Wells took charge of the bodies and the house, about which a great throng of curious people quickly gathered. He will hold an inquest.

BOERS' HYPOTHETICAL PROPOSITIONS SURE TO PREVENT IMMEDIATE PEACE.

But the Inevitable Result will Olny be Delay in This Way

Private Telegrams Received in London Point to a Speedy Solution

Special to the Times.

London, May 18.—While every capital in Europe is eagerly awaiting the result of the Boer Peace Conference at Vereeniging, Transvaal, London watches it with apparent indifference. This feeling not only extends to the public, who to-day are pouring out of the Metropolis, bent on celebrating the Whitsuntide bank holiday, but also to the cabinet ministers. None of these remained in London. Lord Roberts, the Commander-in-Chief, is off to an aristocratic country seat; William St. John Brodrick, the Secretary of State for War, and other officials are spending the week's end out of town, and a holiday atmosphere reigns over all the government offices.

Those who are closest in touch with both sides in South Africa tell the Associated Press the meeting at Vereeniging will result in peace. Officially, there is nothing to show which way the wind blows, but almost all the private telegrams received here point to a speedy solution of the long, outdrawn struggle.

It is pointed out, however, that the Boer delegates at Vereeniging are quite likely to submit hypothetical propositions, which, while not affecting the eventual result, may delay the decision for a week or more. Hence all rumors of an immediate determination one way or the other must be taken with a fairly large grain of salt, especially anything emanating from the Stock Exchange or the European Boer Junta.

Young Student on Trial

Special to The Times.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 19.—The case of Gabriel Bishop, a young student, charged with manslaughter, will be called for trial to-day in the Erie County Supreme Court. The trial promises to be one of the most interesting that has been before the local courts in a long time. The case itself is a peculiar one. Young Bishop is charged with causing the death of a young man named Austin on the night of July 8th, at a camp on Lake [illegible]. It is alleged that Bishop caused a stick of dynamite to be exploded near the camp, with the result that Austin was killed. While the evidence against Bishop was purely circumstantial, the first trial resulted in finding him guilty of manslaughter. The decision was reversed on appeal, and a new trial ordered. Bishop is the son of one of the most prominent and wealthy families in Western New York. He is at present attending the University of Michigan, where he went after being denied admission to Cornell University while the present charges are hanging over him.

TOWN OF GEORGETOWN BEFORE THE VOLCANIC ERUPTION

Gov. Taft Going to Rome

Special to the Times.

New York, May 17.—Governor Taft sails to-day for Rome to negotiate with the representatives of the Vatican for the purchase of the frair lands in the Philippines. Upon the conclusion of his mission in Rome, he will proceed to Manilla by the eastern route.

Celebrates Work of Fifty Years

Special to The Times.

Columbus, O., May 19.—It is estimated that more than 1,500 delegates and other visitors have arrived for the meeting of the Ohio Christian society, which will be in session here during the next three days. To-day was devoted to preliminary meetings and the reception of visitors. The meeting this year possesses more than usual significance, as it marks the golden jubilee or fiftieth anniversary of the society. For the three days' sessions a fine programme has been arranged, and many noted speakers will be heard.

Pilgrims to Historic Spots

Special to The Times.

New York, May 17.—One hundred New York men and women interested in the study of Colonial and Revolutionary history leave to-day on a pilgrimage to the historic plantations and towns of the James river. The pilgrims are scheduled to arrive in Washington to-morrow, and in Hot Springs the day following, from where they will go to Charlottesville, Monticello, Richmond, Williamsburg, Yorktown and Point Comfort, and will go from there down the James river. The pilgrimage will conclude with a visit to Jamestown Island.

Nerve Wracked and Insomnious

Everything goes wrong, head feels heavy and mind is filled with strange forebodings, stomach is out of kilter. You need a good tonic like Ferrozone bring back your appetite and digestion, and cleanse the blood of all impurities. Ferrozone is a wonderful invigorant and strengthener that will banish gloomy depressions and quickly restore you to a healthy, vigorous condition of mind and body. Nothing is so good for the sick, weary and debilitated as Ferrozone. Price 50c. per box at druggists or at Ormond & Walsh.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure Constipation.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a good Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will bhy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regglar way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearlyall of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

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paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where hey will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 19, 1902.

THE UNIQUE FEATURES OF THE MARTINIQUE CATASTROPHE

Although many of the phenomena attending it are identical with those previously observed, the eruption of Mont Pelee in Martinique is a memorable event in the history of volcanoes, not only owing to its destructive effect upon human life, but also by reason of two uncommon, if not unparalleled characteristics, says the New York Sun. We first refer to the fact that the outpour of lava which took place on May 5th did not mark the crisis of the eruption, and, secondly, to the appalling quickness with which the population of St. Pierre was wiped out by the fiery whirlwind which, just before 8 o'clock on the morning of May 8th, enveloped the town and the adjoining harbor.

As regards the number of lives destroyed, the eruption of Mont Pelee, though conspicuous, is not preeminent among the volcanic outbreaks which have occurred in historical times. From this point of view, indeed, it dwarfs the explosion of Mount Vesuvius, which overwhelmed the towns of Herculaneum and Pompeii. It is itself eclipsed, however, considered as a death-dealing agency, by the terrible outburst of Krakatoa, in the Straits of Sunda, in 8813, which wrought unexampled havoc on the neighboring coasts of Java and Sumatra.

Neither is there anything exceptional in the fact that incandescent slags and cinders were shot up to a great height, whence they were driven by air currents to distant islands, and thereon deposited in the form of ashes or dust. The fine ashes of Krakatoa are said to have been carried by the uprush of gas and vapors to the altitude of seventeen miles. In 1835 ashes from Mount Consequina fell in Jamaica, 700 miles of, and in 8145 the dust from Mount Hecla in Iceland was borne to the Orkney and Shetland Isles.

Nor is there anything anomalous in the reported circumstances that, since the eruption, the height of Mont Pelee has been diminished by some hundreds of feet. The cones of Etna and and Vesuvius have often been in this way curtailed. In 1772 the whole peak of Papanbayang in Java was blown off. In 1822 the summit of Vesuvius was reduced by 800 feet. In 1888, Mount Kobandai in Japan was shortened to an extraordinary extent, it being estimated that 1,587,000,000 cubic yards of rock were torn from the top of the mountain and scattered over an area of nearly thirty square miles.

What was abnormal about the Mont Peleo eruption was, we repeat, the fact that the great outpour of lava which took place on May 5th did not mark the crisis of the cataclysm. If they were to judge from precedents, the members of the commission appointed that day in St. Pierre were justified in assuring their fellow townsmen that the worst was over. As a rule, indeed, the volcanoes which emit lava in the greatest volume are comparatively quiet in their action. The molten rock or lava simply rises to the rim of the crater, or of a lateral fissure, and overflows it; when the crater or fissure is depleted of its liquid contents, the eruption ceases. This is the case with the volcanoes of Hawaii. Where, on the other hand, eruptions are periodical and paroxysmal, as in the case of Etna and Vesuvius, the violent ejection of incandescent drops and fragments precedes the outburst of lava from the lip of the crater, or of a rent in the side of the cone. It will probably be found when scientists are able to examine the desolated district district, that [illegible] occurred; one on May 5th, which found vent through a lateral fissure or so-called soufriere (sulphur pit), and the other on the morning of May 8th, when the crater and the whole top of the cone were blown off. In other words, there were two outbursts of lava, distinctly local, and in the order of time.

For the awful suddenness with which in from thirty seconds to three minutes the population of St. Pierre was exterminated by a hurricane of fire there is no recorded parallel. From the relatively few remains of human bodies brought to light in Herculaneum and Pompeii, it is manifest that the great majority of the inhabitants of those places had time for escape from destruction. The direction of streaming lava can be calculated, and from the downfall of ashes a shelter of some sort can commonly be found. The fountain of incandescent cinders which normally precedes an outburst of lava is usually confined to the immediate vicinity of the crater whence it springs. That the inhabitants of St. Pierre, which stands at a considerable distance from the eruptive centre, should have been caught in a cyclone of flame, constitutes a new and unique catastrophe.

JOURNALISTS IN POLITICS

Newspaper men are coming to the front as political candidates in the forthcoming election in the Province of Ontario. There were seven of them in the last Legislature, as follows:

Hon. J. R. Stratton, Peterborough Examiner.

Andrew Pattullo, Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

T. H. Preston, Brantford Expositor.

H. J. Pettypiece, Forest Free Press.

G. P. Graham, Brockville Recorder.

S. Russell, Deseronto.

J. A. Auld, Amherstburg Echo.

These seven are again in the field, with good prospects of re-election, and six others have been nominated:

M. Y. McLean, Seaforth Expositor.

Chas. N. Smith, Sault Ste. Marie Express.

Major Hugh Clark, Kincardine Review.

Joseph Downey, Guelph Herald.

Samuel Charters, Brampton Conservator.

J. Mitchell, Goderich Star.

Others may yet be added. The profession is certainly improving its social and political standing.

• • •

J. Mitchell, Goderich Star.

The annual profits of the Toronto Telegram are said to have reached the $75,000 mark. The editor gets $50 a week. It is better to be proprietor than editor of most daily papers. The rake-off from this great family journal has not yet reached the five figures but there is no telling how soon it will.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on Monday, May 26th, 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London.

Hard coal—2,000 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size, Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,950 tons 1,000 may not be required til January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal—1,350 tons large egg size, 250 tons small egg size, 26 tons chestnut size, 600 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard)

Asylum for Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal—3,575 tons small egg size, 474 tons stove size, 146 tons chestnut size coal for grates, 50 tons; for pump house 200 tons soft slack; 120 tons hard slack screenings. Of the above quantity 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Mimico.

Hard coal—1,600 tons large egg size, 120 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Idiots, Orillia.

Soft coal screenings, or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons, 90 tons hard coal, stove size; 90 tons hard coal, grate size.

Asylum for Insane, Brockville

Hard coal—1,800 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 75 tons small egg. Of the above quantity, 1,050 tons may not be required until January and March 1903.

Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg

Hard coal—450 tons large egg size, 15 tons egg size, 50 tons stove size.

Central Prison, Toronto

Hard coal—100 tons small egg size, Soft coal—2,500 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as required.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville

Hard coal—500 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford

Hard coal—475 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang

Eighty tons egg size, 61 tons stove size, 25 tons nut size, 800 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Mercer Reformatory, Toronto

Soft coal screening or run of mine lump, 650 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenderers are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade.

Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said Inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

CORPORAL P. PRICE TELLS OF THE BATTLE

And Refers to the Gallant Conduct of our Boys Under Fire

THE DEATH OF CAPTAIN MILLIGAN

Hon. Sergt. Murphy was Wounded—A Letter Which Will be Read with Great Interest by Everybody

In a letter to his mother, Mrs. S. R. Price, Corporal P. R. Price tells of the Harts River battle, and the part played therein by Canadians. He states:

I suppose by this time you have heard all about the fight of the 31st March. It was the hottest fight I ever saw and our regiment certainly did themselves credit. We left camp at 3 a. m. on Easter Monday morning and marched straight through till about 12, when we ran into the enemy. They put up a small fight but soon retired. We followed them up about three miles and then went into camp in a hollow close to a creek with a gradual slope of a mile on every side, and were just tying our horses when a shell came whizzing over us. I knew what was up and was, I admit, pretty scared. Then the shells came fast, as they had two pom-poms and two fifteen pounders. Soon the bullets began to come and we all started to get into the best position of defence possible, digging trenches and piling up oat-sacks and everything that would make a barricade. By this time we were completely surrounded and the men and horses were falling fast. The poor horses certainly got it; we lost 250. Our casualties were 63. We buried eight Canadians in one grave, and I believe two more have died since coming into camp; there are 13 wounded and seven missing. Five of the dead are out of our squadron, it got the worst of any, as two troops that were acting rear guard were completely cut off, and were very much cut up. We only lost one out of our troop, Captain Milligan. He was a particularly fine man. Knisley is amongst the seven missing. I hope he is with some other column, but I feel very anxious about him. Sergt. a close shave. The Boer force was Murphy was hit on the head — it was about 3,500 to our 2,500, and as we were completely surrounded, you can imagine how we had to fight. The closest they got to our lines was 500 yards. We killed and wounded 250 of them. We are under General Kitchener, and he was very much pleased with the way we conducted ourselves. It was a pretty hot baptism for our men, as it was the first time we have been under fire.

It was the most terrible sight I ever saw about our camp hospital. All the wounded or dead were carried there as soon as possible after they were hit, some with their limbs off, some dead, some dying. One man was hit in the right eye, and had his arm off above the elbow, and had three bullets in his body. He is alive and seems to be doing well. We are having a great deal harder time than we had before, as nearly all our marches are made at night, and we go so fast it is impossible for our transports to keep up with us, so very often we do not have our blankets. After the fight nearly all our blankets were taken for the dead and wounded, and we have not got others yet. The night after the fight every one expected a night attack, and all hands were in the trenches and keenly alert, when, about 12 o'clock, some one thought they saw the enemy and fired, then everyone fired, then the colonel came out of his tent, and you could hear his voice above everything, "Steady, boys, steady." This thing occurred off and on all night, and you may be sure we were glad when the morning came.

Change of D

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. have changed their regular day of meeting to the last Thursday of the month. The next meeting will be held on the 29th of May.

THE
ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

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MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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Vincent O'Neil, 108 Mitchell Ave "
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Write our doctors about your case. Give every detail and get advice absolutely free. Your letter is confidential. Address the Consulting Department The Liquid Ozone Co., 229 Kinzie Street, Chicago.

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Lot No. 366 CONTAINS:—1 pair Rich Artistic Drawing-Room Curtains, 4 yds. long, 2 yds. wide. 2 pairs alike, Handsome Dining-Room Curtains, choice old lace design, 3½ yds. long, 60 in. wide, 1 pair neat Floral Pattern Bed-Room Curtains, 3 yds. long, 50 in. wide, 1 pair new fashionable Sash Curtains, 1 table centre, renaissance design, 1 Set of Duchess Toilet Covers, one 45 in. long, and five smaller. Ecru if desired. On receipt of Post Office Order for $6.30, the lot sent per Parcel Post, direct to your address in Canada well packed in oilcloth.

Customers throughout the Empire testify to the reliable work, Marvellous Value, and Durability.
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If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. overnight.

Try Them.

Cover Crops and Fertilizers.

Prof. I. P. Roberts of Cornell University says:—Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil; fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productively by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that another cover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 138.96 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.25 lbs.; potash, 109.96 lbs. There is removed by 25 bushels of wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 43 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash, 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

◆◆◆

Dominie—Hello, my good man. I don't see you in church ever, but I'm sure you live in this district. Why don't you come?

Man—I've been to your church four times this month, sir.

Dominie—Is that so? Funny I never see you. Where do you sit?

Man—Don't sit nowhere. I come and fix the water pipes when they get froze.—Buffalo Express.

◆◆◆

Brown—Are you interested in genealogy? Ever looked up your ancestral tree?

Black—Never did. Fact is, I'd be afraid there might be a man hanging from one of its branches.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

The eccentric millionaire decided to build a Venetian palace in the little lake that adorned his country home.

"It will be easy enough to build the palace," said the architect whom he was consulting, "but there may be some trouble about the foundation."

"Well, you start for Venice on the first steamer that sails for Europe. Find out how they lay the foundations for their palaces over there, and add your expenses to the bill."

The architect packed his valise and started.

In about two weeks the millionaire received the following cablegram:

"Venice, May 5.—Have made thorough investigation and find there has not been a foundation laid here for 500 years. Chubb."—Chicago Tribune.

Intellect vs. Morals.

It is the tendency of a sophisticated age like the present to overestimate intellectual as compared with moral and emotional gifts. The material civilization upon which we pride ourselves is almost entirely the achievement of the intellect. Fame and wealth, luxury, cultivation and leisure—all the big prizes of the world, in fact—are obtained by the successful exercise of the intellect. The moral qualities, of themselves, can procure a man nothing but a clear conscience, and the approval, perhaps mixed with contempt, of his neighbors. And yet, when the intellectual qualities are brought to the test of reality; when one's view of them is not clouded by pride, avarice, or passion, how amazingly does their value shrink and shrivel!—Henry Childs Merwin in "Atlantic Monthly."

Judge Roger S. Greene, for many years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, was eminent not only for his legal attainments, but also for the accuracy of his scholarship and scrupulously correct use of language. A mispronunciation was an offense that he could not permit to pass unnoticed.

In arguing a case before him one day an attorney cited Browne on Carriers, pronouncing the name of the author Brown-ey. The Judge interrupted the argument to give him the correct pronunciation, which he accepted for the moment, but soon relapsed into his error, whereupon the Judge again interrupted with:—

"Mr. ——, that author's name is not pronounced Browney, but Brown. As in the case of many similar words, the final 'e' is silent. There is an 'e' at the end of my name, but you would not call me 'Greeney,' would you?"

"That depends," instantly replied the lawyer, "on how your Honor decides this case!"—New York Times.

Honor for a Canadian.

Canadians generally will be interested in learning that Dr. J. Beattie Crozier, author of the famous work, "History of Intellectual Development," has been selected as one of the 300 representatives of the empire in the splendid ten-guinea volume of portraits and biographies which the Grosvenor Press are bringing out. The work consists of representative men of every class outside of the military and civil services, who will have a volume to themselves. Dr. Crozier will be one of the representatives of the department of philosophy. Also, of course, he will stand as one of the representatives of Canada, a distinction he has well earned, and on which I am sure his countrymen will warmly congratulate him.

An Outspoken Journal.

It is refreshing, and even entertaining, to turn occasionally to that ultra-Radical English journal, Reynolds' Newspaper, and see the use which is still made of that right of free speech which is sometimes supposed to have been menaced by the developments of late years. Reynolds' does not take much stock in the colonies of the empire, nor, for that matter, in the mother country either, and in an article dealing with the war the other day made the following amiable reference to the progressive colony of New Zealand, the advanced radicalism of which might have been expected to meet with sympathy in its columns:—"Amid all this scene of woe and desperation, one sinister figure emerges—the ogre of Capitalism. Seddon, the frenzied 'patriot,' with the hostile tariff against British goods, and his bankrupt colony living on borrowed money, rages about the contracts for supplying the army. The foreign Jewish 'patriots'—who used to sing 'God Shave the Queen'—domiciled here, have secured most of these contracts, as they secured the astounding contracts for the supply of horses. And behind this section of old Jewry is that other section of Judaism with which Rhodes the Raider is connected. Fine patriots, indeed, making their millions out of the war, while the Government refuses to pay poor Tommy Atkins his back wages, leaving him to starve in the street, or to die in the workhouse."

Here, too, is Reynolds' pleasantly frank way of dealing with the Anglo-Japanese alliance:—"We are going the way of all nations given up, on the one hand, to the most sensual luxury, on the other to the most immoral and criminal seizure of their neighbors' territory. The latest sign of our feebleness, under a Government composed of rich men and land monopolists, whom the international Jewish capitalists have by the throat, is the treaty with Japan. Only a couple of months ago that vulgar self-advertiser Chamberlain was hurling insults at Germany—a country that had previously rejected his cringing appeal for an alliance—and boasting of our 'splendid isolation.' To-day our Government, composed of fools and knaves, recognizing the gravity of the position of affairs in South Africa, is obliged to beg little Japan, a semi-savage nation, with a veneer of western culture among its more prosperous classes, to enter into an alliance with decaying England. The humiliation of it! The danger of it!"

Presbyterian Lenten Service.

A regular Lenten service in a Presbyterian church is not heard of often, but Dr. Hunter of the King's Weigh House Church, London, has begun this innovation during the present season of Lent. In the course of a conversation with a representative of a London newspaper, Dr. Hunter expressed himself as strongly in favor of the observance of all the seasons of the "Christian year." "It belongs," he said, "to the whole of Christendom and not to any one section only. Nonconformists have lost much through their non-observance of these special seasons. For instance, Lent arose originally out of a deep necessity of the inner life, and, more even than men long ago, we require such a pause amid the rush of business and pleasure. It is well for us to have such a season, it is better still if we seek to profit by it. It is wise and good that so many in our day, and in so many of our churches, are returning to the old paths of meditation and prayer and are seeking to fill the best of the old forms and observances with a truer and better meaning and spirit."

Dr. Hunter has always been an advocate of the observance by Free Churchmen of the feasts and fasts of the church. When he began his ministry in York twenty-eight years ago he introduced the custom of a service on Good Friday, and in his church at Glasgow he had for two years daily prayer. At King's Weigh House Church on the Sunday evenings in Lent, Dr. Hunter is delivering a course of sermons on "Self-discipline," and he has announced a "class for young persons wishing to be prepared for the Communion of the Lord's Supper," which is presumably on the lines of a confirmation class in the Church of England. The service book in use at King's Weigh House is one compiled by Dr. Hunter, and used by him at Glasgow, and, while based mainly on liturgical lines, it provides for the exercise of extempore prayer.

To Make Colts Shy.

Nearly every colt, when first driven away from home, will shy and scare more or less at objects along the roadside. After he has been driven a few times the common practice is to strike him with the whip every time he does this. It is provoking to feed a horse hay three times a day and then see him scare at a little pile of hay in the road. The first thing that comes into the mind is to give him a cut with the whip.

Nothing worse than this could be done. The next time he will not only be afraid of the object, but of the whip also, and by a little training in this way he will soon be confirmed in the habit of shying and scaring at nearly everything he sees. First the tendency, then the habit, is the law of nature, and when the pile of hay or rock, or whatever startles, is connected with the whip, as it soon will be, the habit is fixed for life. You cannot lick horses into good habits; you can establish vices very easily by blows.—Maine Farmer.

The Flaws in the Rose.

When a garden first becomes a joyful possibility, most people turn at once to the thought of roses. Now, roses have no place in landscape gardening. As a rule they do not belong in the front yard. This may sound shocking and heretical, but it is true at least so far as the common double flowered roses are concerned. The place for roses is in the flower garden, and the place for the flower garden is in the rear or off at one side by itself. Roses have too many insect enemies. Their foliage is always being destroyed. For the ordinary person it is not worth while to spray them.

Probably half the plants of all kinds sold in America by nurserymen are roses. Everybody loves roses, but in practice no one takes good care of them except the rose specialist. Personally I prefer peonies to roses for my garden. They have larger flowers which last longer than roses. They make a more compact and shapely bush, have an abundance of rich, dark green foliage, come into bearing earlier, are hardier and longer lived than most roses, and they are remarkably free from insects and disease. All they lack is poetry, perfume, thorns and bugs.

But I shall not quarrel with any one who prefers roses. If you really want roses, you would better have them even if you fail.

Killing a Bull Without a Weapon.

Cayetano, a famous Spanish toreador, once was strolling across a meadow with a couple of friends when his attention was attracted by an old and infuriated bull which was galloping toward them with lowered head and erect tail. Cayetano had no weapon, not even a cane, but he seized a dust-coat which one of his friends was carrying over his arm. As soon as the bull got close to them Cayetano bade his companions make their escape while he engaged the animal's attention. Using the coat as a cape, he drove the bull crazy with fury, stepping aside with the deftest agility at each of the animal's charges. In this manner he caused the bull to turn sharply in the midst of its onward rushes until finally an ominous crack was heard, and the bull fell in a heap, with its backbone broken by the sudden wrench given by the animal's abrupt swerve.

His Own Medicine Chest.

The surgeon of an English ship of war was noted for the monotony of his prescriptions. He apparently considered salt water taken externally or internally as a cure for all the ills that flesh is heir to, for he ordered his patients to take it, no matter what might be the malady presented to his notice.

One day he went sailing with a party of friends, and in the course of a squall the boat was upset, and the surgeon came near being drowned.

"Well," said the captain of the ship when he was told of the narrow escape, "I'm glad you were saved, but it hardly seems possible in any event that you could have really drowned in your own medicine chest, now does it, doctor?"

Juvenile Erudition.

Here are a few extracts from compositions written by boys in a high school of Vienna:

"Many a man lies down in good health and gets up dead."

"In Rome the bones of the martyrs were collected and torn by wild beasts."

"Human beings ceased to walk on all four and walked on the hindmost."

"He sacrificed a rich woman and other priests."

"Hannibal stood with one foot in Spain, while with the other he beckoned to the troops."

"God's punishment followed immediately after ten years."

The Chimney Swift.

Occasionally a bird is strong minded enough to break away from old traditions. Before this country was settled the swift nested in hollow trees, but after trees began to be cut down and chimneys arose above the roofs of houses everywhere the birds were quick to perceive that fires are generally out by the time their nesting season arrives. Therefore why not take advantage of the innovation? So completely did they forsake their old nesting sites to build in chimneys that the name chimney swift is now universally applied to them.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Troublesome Trio.

"The most troublesome member of my flock," said the parson, "is a young woman who wants a husband."

"My most troublesome client," said the lawyer "is a middle aged woman who wants a divorce."

"The most troublesome patient I have," said the physician, "is a spinster of uncertain age who doesn't know what she wants."

The Part He Played.

Mr. Stalate—So your sister keeps you well supplied with pocket money, does she?

Tommy—Yes.

Stalate—I presume you have to render some little equivalent?

Tommy (yawning)—Oh, yes; I have to come in and yawn when visitors are staying too late.

Useless Expense.

Drug Clerk—We don't happen to have the drugs named in this prescription, but we have others just as good.

Customer—I suppose that's all right; but what a fool I was to pay the doctor $3 for that prescription! That's what bothers me.

The Reason Why.

"The baby at your house is awfully small for its age."

"Yes, but my mistress insists on bringing it up on condensed milk."—Meggendorfers Blatter.

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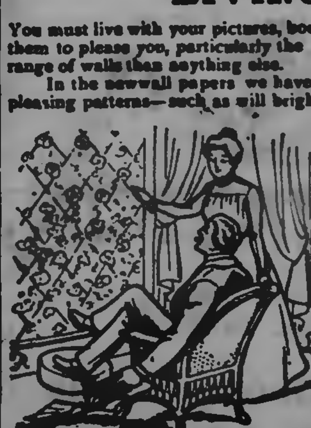

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PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

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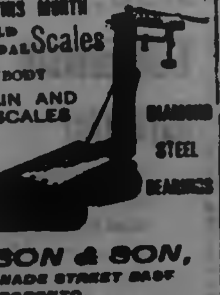
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A Spider's Genius

"I HAVE considerable respect for the female spider, notwithstanding the fact that she does not treat the male very considerately," says a correspondent. "I had an opportunity last summer to watch a large one that had a web in the top of a decaying peach tree with so few leaves that it was in plain sight. I caught sight of her first when watching some birds with my glass. She seemed to be climbing from the top of the tree on nothing to a telephone wire some fifteen feet away and somewhat higher than her web. When she reached the wire she went around it and then back. In studying the situation, I found the web was so located that it required a cable to hold it up, and the spider had in some way got one over the wire so far away. This cable was, of course, a slender silken thread which evidently she had thrown out, and on account of its lightness it had floated to the right place and become attached there by its glutinous properties. It seems remarkable that it should have adhered to the wire firmly enough to allow so large an insect to climb over it, which she did every day as long as I watched her, evidently to mend or strengthen it. The spider must have brains in which the ability to construct its web and adapt it to conditions is highly developed."

In an article in "Chambers' Journal" the following account of how the spider forms its silken threads is given:

"One of the most interesting features in the economy of spiders is their power of emitting slender threads of a silk-like substance called gossamer, with which most of them construct mesh-like nets, and a few long, dangling cables, by which they are buoyed through the air with nearly as much facility as though they had been furnished with wings. The apparatus provided by nature for elaborating and emitting this gossamer is a beautiful piece of mechanism. Within the animal there are several little bags or vesicles of a gummy matter; and these vesicles are connected with a circular orifice situated at the abdomen. Within this orifice are five little teats or spinnerets, through which the gossamer is drawn. It must not be concluded, however, that there is only one film of gossamer produced by each spinneret; the fact is, these teats are studded with thousands of minute tubes too small for the naked eye to perceive, and each of these emits a thread of inconceivable fineness. These minute tubes are known as spinnerules, and the films which proceed from them unite like so many strands of a rope to form the thread of gossamer by which a spider suspends itself. The finest thread which human mechanism can produce is like a ship's cable compared with the delicate films which flow from the spinnerules of the largest spider. The films are all distinctly separate on coming from the spinneret, but unite, not by any twisting process, but merely by their own glutinous or gummy nature. Thus the spinning apparatus of the disdained spider, when viewed by the eye of science, becomes one of the most wonderful pieces of animated mechanism known to man. The animal has great command over this apparatus, and can apply it at will as long as the receptacle within are replenished with the gummy fluid, but as soon as this gum is exhausted all its efforts to spin are fruitless, and it must wait till nature, by her inscrutable chemistry, has secreted it from the food which is devoured."—"Waverley Magazine."

Revolutionary Proposals.

IT must have struck many of the admirers of the melodramatic stage that the various outrages to which the hero is subjected during the course of the four acts, when he is "up against it" good and hard, are as like each other as a row of Japanese dolls. The locomotive, the fire-reel, the buzz-saw, the mine explosion, and the shipwreck, have been worked over and over again. What we need is novelty. And if I might make a suggestion, some new and startling climaxes could be worked up from the modest incidents of our daily life. For there are climaxes in the domestic circle just as distressing as any depicted on the stage. Even when the canvas buzz-saw is advancing on him with all the energy a perspiring stage carpenter can impart to it, the hero does not suffer the agony of apprehension that convulses the soul of the average man when he arrives home at three o'clock in the morning and hears the contemptuous sniff which apprises him that the wife of his bosom is awaiting him at the top of the stairs. Nor does the heroine, when starving to death in the latest black cashmere "Daily Hint from Paris," evince more trepidation than does the average matron, when the leader in her particular brand of "sassiety" drops in and finds her in a cotton wrapper with her store teeth in a tumbler of water and her magnificent chevelure lying on top of the bureau. There are calamities just as soul-harrowing in the domestic circle as in the drama. The trouble is that the playwrights have never taken hold of them in the true spirit of discovery.

We will take as an example one heroic incident that lately happened in this city when a prominent citizen induced a small girl to save her life by jumping from the windowsill of a burning house on to the tails of his ulster, which she accomplished without even breaking his flask. We can easily picture to ourselves how this could be worked up for the stage. The Angel cheeild is backed up on the windowsill with a pound of red fire burning on a tin shovel behind her. The hero comes tearing on from the side scenes. He sees her, and clasps his hand to his forehead. (Heroes always do that. It is a kind of a send-off.) He seizes a handful of clustering locks from his wig and tosses it into the air. It comes down "Tails!" The cheeild must be saved. With a wild wrench he whips off his liver-pad and holds it outstretched in his strong arms. The cheeild jumps and rebounds from it like a half a brick from a book-agent's cheek. Once more she springs; and again he is foiled. With a cry of anguish he hurls the liver-pad at the sneering villain and catches her on his breath. And as she is lowered in safety to the ground we see the quivering body of the villain nailed fast to the blazing ruins by the faithful liver-pad.

There is another point to which I would like to draw attention. And that is the way in which inanimate objects are neglected. We have dogs, geese, chickens and poultry in melodrama. But that is all. I was once acquainted with a gentleman who played a cake of ice in the river scene in "Uncle Tom's Cabin." And the barrel in "Panjandrum" was a most lovable personage off the stage. Many friends of mine have also formed part of the "hoarse gathering murmur" which always arises in the wings when the hero is getting into a remarkably tight place. But these were not strictly inanimate objects. They drew salaries, and wore red neckties on Sundays. What we need is a further extension of the drama from the farmyard to the grocery counter, and the hardware store. And we shall get it. We shall yet see a drama in which the leading comedy part is played by a tin of canned salmon and the heroine is saved from the villain's clutches by a barrel of patent glue. And why should we not? There are many comedians now on the stage who would compare unfavorably from an intellectual standpoint with a tin of canned salmon. And there are heroes beside whose personal charms a barrel of glue would shine as a paragon of pulchritude. A tin of canned salmon would prove far more useful to the heroine when she is lost on the sandy desert, or afloat on the lonely raft in mid-ocean, than a comic Irishman with a Coney Island brogue. If she did not care to tackle it herself she could feed it to the villain and tie him up in so many knots that it would take a traction engine to straighten him out. And the dramatic possibilities of a barrel of glue are simply illimitable. She could use it for sticking to everything from the angel cheeild to the papers proving her to be rightful heiress to the old baronial home. When the villain sprang upon her, hissing out "At last I have you in my pow-er-r-r!" she could paste him to the kitchen stove and go out for a walk. How would the band of Moorish brigands look if she stuck them all to the adjacent rocks by the slack of their loose trousers, while the manly hero went through their pockets? A dab of glue on her windowsill when the murderer was creeping, knife in hand, into her lonely bed-chamber, would compel him to stay there all night or complete his crime in a costume which the management would not stand for even for a moment. And then how useful it would be to help her to adhere to her salary. It is true that they might have to soak the hero in hot water to get him away from her. But then he often richly deserves to be soaked. In every other instance the faithful glue pot could give cards and spades and little casino to the most useful comedian who ever trailed the villain to his lair.

These are only two of the instances in which the use of inanimate objects in the cast would increase the novelty of the drama. But their number could be indefinitely increased. We have long had the wooden actor. Why should we stick at the inanimate tragedian? Herein we have a bright idea for the budding playwrights who have dramatized every book that has a circulation of over ten copies, until the principal value we place on the dictionary is the fact that even the most ambitious of them have never used it as the basis of a romantic play. And we charge nothing for this hint to dramatists. It is an absolutely free graft.—Montreal "Sunday Sun."

An Expensive Luxury.

Mr. O'Toole (entering doctor's office)—Shure, doctor, Oi think Oi have appindicitis. Dr. Smith—Nonsense, man! You haven't money enough for that.—"Judge."

Chimmie—Say, d'yer know dat Billy's one o' de directors o' de Teatrical Sindicate now?

Jack—G'on! Is dat right?

Chimmie—Sure! He directs people to deir seats.—Philadelphia Press.

The Origin of the Loving Cup.

THE loving cup is very common nowadays, and we see it everywhere. But many years ago there were no such things as these queer three handled affairs, and the following story tells how they first happened to be made:

Once upon a time centuries before us, there lived a great and powerful king, who was extremely fond of hunting. He was one day in a forest pursuing a stag, but it was so fleet and clever that it eluded him and his band of followers, and led them entirely out of their way. After wandering about in a hopeless fashion they finally came upon a little hut, and the king himself dismounted and rapped smartly upon the door.

A young girl answered his knock, and soon showed the men the right path. The king was about to go, when he saw a well near the house, and at the sight of the clear water immediately felt thirsty, and, going back, asked the girl for a drink. Without hesitation she went into the house and came out with an earthen jug filled with the well water. But, instead of offering his royal majesty the handle, as most people would do, she held that herself, and handed him the cup the wrong way.

The king said nothing, thanked the girl, and he and his band soon found their way out of the wood.

But when he reached his palace he determined to reward the girl for giving him the water and at the same time to teach her a lesson in politeness.

Sending to his jeweler, he bade him make a silver cup, with two handles, and deliver it to the young girl, without a word as to whence it came.

Perhaps a month after this the king again hunted in that same forest, sought the hut and asked the girl for another drink of water.

This time she entered the house and came out with a beautiful silver cup, full of the sparkling water. "Now," thought the king, "she has certainly learned a lesson." But never was he more mistaken, for the poor, ignorant girl took a handle in each hand, and for the second time offered her liege lord nothing save the side of the cup.

The king rode away deeply perplexed. He resolved to teach the girl the polite way to hand a cup without directly rebuking her, and many were the hours he spent in cudgelling his brains for some way in which to do it. At last a bright idea struck him, and he sent for his jeweler a second time. "Make me," said he to the man, "a silver cup, heavily chased, and with my royal crest, and put three handles on it." The jeweler, much surprised—for remember, no such thing had ever been heard of up to this time—did as he was told, and soon the mug was finished. As before, the king had it privately sent to the girl who lived in the little hut.

One day not long after this for the third time he rode into that forest, and, taking the now well-known path, soon reached the cottage. Dismounting, he knocked at the door and asked humbly for a drink of clear water.

The girl immediately came out with the beautiful three-handled cup, and, taking two of the handles in her hands, she offered him the third.

So the king rode away well pleased with his strategy and, reaching home, ordered three-handled cups to be made in every sort of ware, and they became so popular that we now have them in all our shops and stores.

An Unfortunate Experiment.

SOME years ago there lived in Turin a physician noted far and wide as a specialist of brain diseases. Men and women came to him from the ends of the earth. With the development of fortune, for his fees were in proportion to his prominence, he cultivated a pleasing taste for those precious relics of antiquity in which millionaires alone are privileged to indulge. He had in his library a collection of costly objects of art. The fame of his treasures was loud in the world's ears with the note of his skill. One day a rich American banker came to consult him about his wife, a confirmed kleptomaniac. His life was a burden to him, following her from store to store, continually guarding her reputation against the encroachment of her fingers. Though it had cost him thousands, his wife knew nothing, suspected nothing of her own weakness. Nor should she ever know if he could prevent it.

"If I brought her here to consult you as a physician," said the afflicted husband, "I fear she would suspect something and it would kill her. If you will permit it I'll bring her to call on you as a collector of antiquities. Do not be disconcerted, however, if during the interview you find her pilfering, slipping your relics and coins into her umbrella or pockets. That is the ailment, and, of course, whatever she takes will be returned to you at once. My references are So and So, bankers." This with much dignity and the production of documents.

The physician made the appointment, and next day the couple came. The doctor brought out his treasures, wonderful coins, antique jewelry, on which he descanted with much graceful learning. Every now and then the lady slipped into her pocket or dropped into her parasol a coin, a jewel, a vase, and as she did so her husband winked at the doctor to draw attention to her theft. When the physician finally gave the signal that he had learned all he required, she had accumulated the rarest of his possessions.

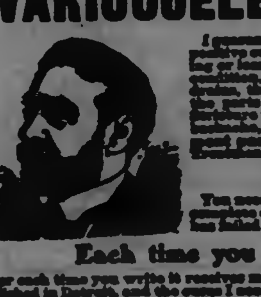
"I'll be back within an hour," said the Chicago banker, "with the things my wife has taken. Poor, poor girl!" he burst out. "Doctor, my fortune, my life are yours if you can but cure her."

Two hours passed, then three, then the interval lengthened to five. The physician, rather alarmed, sent his servant to the American's hotel. No persons of the name were staying there. The police were called in, descriptions given, detectives went forth. They identified the culprits, who had time to make their escape. They were London pickpockets, two thieves whose characters and depredations were notorious all over England.

"Why do you call the fast bicycle rider a scorcher?" "Because he goes at a hot pace, makes pedestrians boiling mad, warms up the police, gets roasted in court, and then thinks the whole thing is a burning shame."—"Tit-Bits."

Guest (impatiently)—Say, waiter, how long have you been employed here? Waiter—'Bout a week, sah. Guest—Oh, is that all! Then I must have given my order to some other waiter.—Chicago "Daily News."

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



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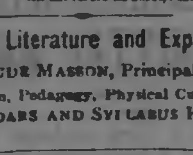

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Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

LACROSSE.

A full practice of the Athletics is called for this evening on the Nicholls oval.

The Y.M.C.A. and Athletics will play a practice game on Wednesday night. A good game is looked for as the two teams are about evenly matched.

The Y.M.C.A. play the T.A.S at Lakefield on the 24th for a cup.

The Tecumsehs defeated the Young Torontos at Rosedale by 10 goals to 1.

The players of the Capital Lacrosse Club evidently consider that it is a matter of little importance whether they get into condition for their opening match or not. In spite of the repeated calls from the Executive, the largest number of seniors out has been four, and in all only six senior men have had a practice.

The touring Torontos, who left Toronto for England on Good Friday, will sail for home on Tuesday, having played their last game with Belfast winning out by a score of 12 goals to 3. The score at half time being 3 to 1 for Belfast. The boys have met with great success having won every game played.

At a meeting of the National Amateur Lacrosse Association held in Montreal, the question of forming an intermediate league, under the direction of the Senior League, was taken up, and after some discussion it was decided to defer action until next season. It was decided to hold a match at the close of the championship series, between an Ontario and Quebec team, for the aid of the Beers memorial.

More Men for London.

Although the Dauntless Lacrosse team of Shelburne will not be found doing business at the old stand this year, most of last year's players will be "in the game." Mooney, last year's goal keeper; Pat Kelly and George Bietz of the defence field, and Will O'Brien of the home field, are billed to help London make an attempt for senior championship honors.

Belleville is getting into line again after being out of lacrosse for a good many years. The old Okas, of Belleville had a great name once all through Ontario, and it is to be hoped that the new team will emulate the many successes of their illustrious predecessors. The team is very anxious for an out of the town game on May 24th, and would like to come out to Peterborough, but as the holiday is to be celebrated here on the 24th, it is hardly probable that arrangements to that end could be made. Mr. H. S. Burrell is the manager of the Bellevilles this year and any communications addressed to him in regard to dates will receive prompt attention.

BASEBALL.

The Victorias defeated the Rosedales by a score of 14 to 9 in the triple league series yesterday morning.

To Form a League.

There will be a meeting of the junior baseball teams of the town at the Central Park on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a league among the boys. Each team should be well represented on that evening.

St. John's choir boys defeated the Y.M.C.A. team on the Central Park diamond on Saturday afternoon by a score of 12 to 9 and an innings to spare.

The teams were as follows:—St. John's Allan Campbell c f, Frank Sawers l f, Charlie Roy r f, Reg Deacon s s, Alf. Hodgson 3 b, George Armstrong 2 b, Earl Weller 1 b, H. Sawers and Vernon Moffet battery.

Y.M.C.A.—Charlie Grey 2 b, M. Robinson s s, S. Laing 3 b, C. Arnott r f, W. Brown c f, B. Craig l f, A. Mann l b, C. Metheral and B. Laing, battery. The game was a splendid exhibition of Baseball.

The score by innings was—
St. John's ... .2 0 2 2 0 2 0 4—12
Y.M.C.A. ....1 0 1 0 0 2 2 1 1— 9

Providence Wins by one run

Scott was pitted against the third twirler Corridon, at Providence on Saturday, [illegible] came out second best. Score:

At Providence— R.H.E.
Toronto ....0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 2—6 7 4
Providence.....0 2 3 0 0 0 1 0 1—7 15 4
Batteries—Scott and Toft; Corridon and McCauley. Umpire—Egan.

At Worcester— R.H.E.
Montreal ......0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2 4 1
Worcester......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [illegible]
Batteries—Milligan and Dickens; Pappalau and Kelley. Umpire—Valley.

At Newark— R.H.E.
Rochester.... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 [illegible]
Newark ... ...0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 4 1
Batteries—Becker and Phelps; Hemming and Dixon. Umpire—Murphy.

At Jersey City— R.H.E.
Buffalo ... ...2 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 1 0—9 [illegible]
Jersey City ..0 7 0 2 0 3 1 1 0—14 [illegible]
Batteries—Hawley, Leroy and Shaw; McCann, Pfanmiller and McManus. Umpire—Rinn.

Manager Barrow's Pitchers.

Manager Barrow has released Pitchers Hollis and Karns, and has signed Pitch-

Continued on page 6

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY
—OR—
The World Lost for Love's Sake
By Laura Jean Libbey
Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

she stammered. "I am better now."

Hearing this the curious crowd moved on. There was no sensation about the affair, then; the pretty young lady had fainted from the heat of the sun. Only the young woman remained who had the sympathetic voice.

"You look very pale; if I can be of any assistance to you I would gladly serve you," she said.

"You are very good," returned Daisy, "I—I should be glad if you would drive home with me, I am a little weak."

So the plainly dressed young lady took her place in the elegant little phaeton beside Daisy, and the pony's head was turned toward the villa.

"You appear to me like one who has had a severe shock," she said quietly, "your hands are still trembling and your face flushes and pales by turns; let me take the reins."

Daisy yielded them up gladly enough.

"Have you ever had a severe, terrible shock that almost took your breath away and made the heart almost break in your bosom?" she asked with almost a moan.

"Yes," returned her companion, "and that is the reason I can tell when another woman is afflicted in the same way. I was picked up for dead in the streets of London; no wound was found upon me, but my heart had been pierced worse than if a dagger had been thrust into it, a man's cruel words had done it, and when I fell fainting, face downward, on the pavement, he turned on his heel and left me lying there without even calling assistance; he wanted me to die, but I lived— lived to hunt him down, and, when I find him, to take a terrible vengeance upon him."

"You have been so kind to me I shall not soon forget you," said Daisy, gratefully, "you must give me your address before we part."

"I have no address, as yet," returned her companion; "I have but just reached the city. I was on my way searching for a boarding place as I crossed the park."

"Will you accept the hospitality of my home until you find a boarding place?" asked Daisy, eagerly, for she had taken a strange fancy to this beautiful young stranger with the sad face and large, dark, dreamy eyes.

In vain the young woman persisted she could not think of trespassing on her hospitality, Daisy would have her remain, little dreaming there was a strange fate in it.

To her sisters, Olive and Hetty, Daisy gave the same explanation she had given the strangers in the park—the sun had caused her to faint, and this young lady had kindly offered to drive home with her.

Mrs. Carriscourt, as she gave her name, was very cordially received by the sisters, and old Farmer Gordon as well.

"Any one who had befriended Daisy had a claim on their hospitality," they declared.

When Daisy found herself alone in her own room, she pondered long and earnestly over the exciting events of the day.

The terrible sword had fallen upon her head, and yet she had not been slain; she had met Harold St. John face to face, and despite his horrible threats, instead of claiming her, when she had swooned, he had beat an ignominious retreat.

Her spirits rose as she thought it over. If he had ever meant to claim her he would have done so than and there.

CHAPTER XXXV.
The Fatal Draught.

The more Daisy thought of the matter, the more firmly she became convinced that Harold St. John was effectually silenced and would trouble her no more.

He had no proof by which he could claim her; no one would believe him in the face of the strange complication of affairs, if she persisted in denying it.

Aleck would stand between her and all scandal, and he would not believe it.

"Why have I lived in such deadly fear so long?" she wondered. "I will from this moment throw off care; I will be my old self again. Yes, the sword fell, and it did not slay me."

A gay, bright, joyous laugh broke from her lips— those lips that were so soon to be uttering pitiful moans.

Olive and Hetty were amazed at the great and sudden change. She was once again the same piquant Daisy as of old— the Daisy they had petted and scolded in the same breath at the old farm.

Squire Gordon was delighted.

"She was only a little despondent," he told Hetty, secretly. "I said everything would come out all right."

"Aleck will scarcely know her, papa, when he returns home," answered Hetty, laughing.

On the third day after that scene in the park, Daisy was out among the roses in the garden, when a letter was handed her.

One glance at the chirography, so bold and dashing, upon the envelope, and, despite all her bravery, her face turned as pale as a snow- drop — she had recognized Harold St. John's writing.

With trembling fingers she tore it open.

"Daisy"— it ran— "You must not think because I left you so unceremoniously three days ago in the park that I have abandoned my intention of claiming you. You might have known me better than that. I will simply explain—well, no, I will not explain until I see you. I will give you one last chance to save a grand expose and spare Alexander Hamilton's name. I will be at the park gate, just back of the villa, at nine Thursday evening. Be prepared to go quietly with me then. If you fail, I will come to the villa and demand from Squire Gordon — Daisy, my wife! I learn that Alexander Hamilton is in Easton. He will be sent for to settle the matter then and there. Au revoir until that time, Daisy, my charming wife!"

No sob, or cry fell from her lips —the breath of the roses seemed to stifle her.

Slowly she turned and entered the house, groping her way to her own room.

"Thursday night— and this is Wednesday," she murmured, hoarsely.

"Marie," she said to her maid, who opened the door for her, "you may leave me. I shall not need your services tonight —I want to be quite alone."

"Oh, my lady, do let me stay with you," the girl pleaded. "You look so white and so strange —even your eyes have a—a —dazed look in them; you are very ill; or are going to be. I am sure there must be something I can do for you."

"There is something you can do for me if you will, Marie," Daisy answered, and her feverishly bright eyes seemed to burn down into the girl's very soul. "You can get me some chloral; but be sure and let no one know."

"But it is so dangerous, my lady; a few drops over the prescribed amount produces death, they say."

"How many drops produce death?" asked Daisy, tremulously.

"I do not exactly know. I can inquire," returned Marie, gazing keenly into the white, desperate face, and noting the eagerness there.

"I will watch her closely," thought Marie. "I do not like the look on her face."

Once before she had been lady's maid in a family where a lovely young girl —a niece —was living, who had hidden herself from the world, refusing to be comforted, because her lover had proven false. She had made the same request of Marie —to fetch her some chloral, and let no one know.

The next morning they found her cold and dead with her little hands folded over her pulseless heart. The doctor said it was a case of heart-disease; but Marie alone knew better. She knew the girl had committed suicide, and that the chloral had been the hapless agent.

"I will watch her," thought Marie, hurrying down to the housekeeper's room where the medicine chest was kept.

She returned in a few moments with a small vial.

"Be careful of it, my lady," she warned.

Ah, how eagerly Daisy clutched it from her hand.

"It will bring me rest and peace," she murmured.

A strange thought came to her. She would not take it now; there was yet a tomorrow for her.

Harold St. John would not come to the villa until nine. Hours before that, when the stars came out and the birds were folding their wings, then —yes, then she would take it.

How beautiful the sun shone on the morrow.

Daisy had not laid her golden head upon her pillow, but sat by the window watching the night wane and the day dawn.

How eagerly she kissed her poor old father and her sisters good morning. How little they knew — they who would have given their life to have saved her —of the terrible doom awaiting her.

The longest day must have an ending.

The sun went down and the night came on all too soon.

At eight Daisy stole away from the little group in the drawing room and went quietly up to her boudoir.

With death- cold hands she fastened the door, then went and knelt down before the easel on which stood a magnificent oil painting of Aleck.

The dark eyes seemed to laugh down into her own, and the mustached lips to smile, and she in so much misery.

She laid her cold cheek against the pulseless canvas with a great tearless sob.

"Good-bye, my love," she moaned. "You will never know how I came and knelt before your [illegible] portrait in my last hour, and cried [illegible] to you. I am going to die, Aleck, before you have heard the story of my folly.

"I gave up the world for love of you, and now my sin is recoiling on my own head. Good-bye, my darling, whom I have loved with a love that was my doom! If the hour ever comes when you forgive me, come and kneel on my tomb, part the long grass, and whisper it to me there. And, oh, my love! I love you so fondly, I shall hear your voice it seems to me, even in my grave!"

She turned from the handsome, debonair, laughing face and bonny dark eyes while she had the strength.

"There is no use in praying," she

HEAD-ACHE

Is only one form of the suffering resulting from a diseased condition of the sensitive womanly organism. The only way to cure the headache is to cure the diseases which cause it.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of curing thousands of women of headache, backache, female weakness and other forms of disease peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures bearing-down pains.

"I think if it were not for your 'Favorite Prescription' I would have been in my grave," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Egypt, Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "I had pain all over me, and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I thought I would write to Dr. Pierce. In a few days I received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no headache, no pain at all. I used always to have headaches previous to the monthly period, and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. This sometimes would occur every two weeks, and I would be very weak afterward. I was in pain all over. My feet would slip from under me when I would try to go across the room, and I could not walk any distance without being in pain. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Doctor Pierce's Pellets, and was completely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

MAN BEFORE BREAKFAST.

More Ill Natured Than Woman, Says an Observant Restaurateur.

"Of course," said an avenue restaurant keeper, "I think my business gives me the best opportunities in the world for judging human nature. My observations have led me to the conclusion that women, as nervous as they are supposed to be, are more good natured than men. The test for this trait comes at breakfast time. Now, I suppose that my customers are about as cheery a lot as frequent any restaurant in the city. A good many of them are newspaper men, who, as a usual thing, take life as it comes without much complaint. If you take them in the evening or late at night, you will find them the most companionable lot imaginable. But let me tell you there is a difference in the morning.

"As friendly as I am with most of the men who come in here, there is not one whom I would care to provoke before he gets his breakfast. Most of the 'kicks' are made concerning the first meal of the day. The waiter is too slow; the steak is too rare; the steak is too well done; the eggs are not fried properly or are boiled too little or too much. But by the time the average man has had a good meal and a cup of hot coffee 'Richard is himself again.'

"Now, with women it is different. I don't know whether it is because they wake up less hungry than men or whether an empty stomach affects their nerves to a less degree, but those who get their breakfast here seldom annoy us with complaints."

Don'ts For Literary Beginners.

Don't tell the editor what your family or friends or literary acquaintances say of your manuscript.

Don't urge the editor to buy your manuscript because you need the money to help you in contributing to the support of your family or in making your way through college.

Don't assume a jaunty, sarcastic or insistent tone with the editor. Don't coyly ask him to "permit this literary dove to nest in your olive tree or else return it to the ark at the above address."

Don't try to temper the severity of his judgment by sending him pressed flowers with your manuscript or to impress him with your literary power and experience by telling him that you "write on the spur of the moment and never correct."

Bear in mind, in short, that the best way to submit a manuscript is simply to submit it and let it speak for itself.—Franklin B. Wiley in Ladies' Home Journal.

Snow In Venice.

"I saw Venice once under unusual circumstances," said a traveler. "At the time of which I speak that sunny, smiling land was wrapped in snow. Our folks were a bit surprised, but the natives were amazed. To the real Venetians snow is a thing they do not know how to deal with. Many persons remain all day in bed indulging in hot drinks and pass their time in doing nothing. The children, to their extreme satisfaction, are not sent to school, as the streets and squares are covered with snow. Those courageous persons who venture abroad only walk at the slowest pace. To cross a bridge is considered hazardous, if not foolhardy. St. Mark's square is entirely deserted. Even the pigeons are invisible."

Mizpah.

How many people know that the monument that Laban and Jacob set up near the borders of Canaan and called "Mizpah," or a lookout, was erected in suspicion rather than love? The literal meaning was this: "The Lord watch between thee and me when we are absent one from the other, and see that you are not up to some new trick as soon as my back is turned."

So when it is inscribed in an engagement ring it might mean, "The Lord watch and see that you do not flirt when we are absent one from the other."

Those who use the text are sometimes wiser than they know.

Strong Even In Death.

A yew tree almost destitute of branches or bark grows abundantly in the Caucasus to a height of from fifty to sixty feet and a diameter of a little over two feet. It grows slowly, but its timber is almost indestructible except by fire. It is considered superior in durability, appearance and toughness to mahogany, which it otherwise somewhat resembles. In some large forests of this tree it is very difficult to distinguish the live trees from the dead ones, the latter being very numerous and said to stand for 100 years after death without exhibiting decay.

Division of Labor.

Helene—How long did you stay in Paris on your trip to France?

Emma—Oh, a week altogether.

Helene—But surely you could not take in everything in such a short time!

Emma—But we did, all the same. You see, there were three of us. Mamma took in the picture galleries, I studied the shops and things, and papa examined the local color in the cafes.

Plump Birdie.

She (after the service)—You dreadful fellow! Why did you smile during the offertory?

He—I couldn't help it. There was Miss Addie Pose singing "Had I the wings of a dove." The mental picture of a 200 pounder trying to fly with a pair of four inch wings was too much for me.

When the first baby howls at night with the colic, the father and mother look reproachfully at each other, as if to say, "You got me into this!"—Atchison Globe.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," Is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Ontario Elections.

EAST RIDING

DR. FORD,

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate, for the East Riding, will address a meeting of the electors at the

Town Hall, Ashburnham,

Monday Evening May 19

Mr. J. W. Garvin and other speakers will also address the meeting.

The chair will be taken at eight o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE KING

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Town Hall, Lakefield, on Monday night, May 19th.

Orange Hall, Buckhorn, Tuesday night, May 20th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. [illegible] is invited to be present.

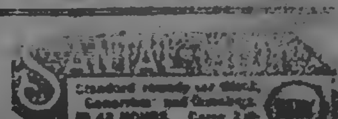
PETER HAMILTON, President. C. [illegible], Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Electric Lamps

25c each

[illegible] Light [illegible]
LIMITED



Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Foot Elm.

This is the original and reliable remedy for feet that are blistered, hot, feverish, sweaty, tired, aching, etc.

It gives immediate relief.
It preserves the leather
It is the cheapest because the best.

All honest druggists sell it. If any man offers you a substitute for the sake of making a little extra profit out of you, write us about it, giving the name. We will send you the name of some honest dealer in your vicinity who will give you what you ask for.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MAY 19 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.)

—Large crowds visited the lift lock yesterday.

—Yesterday was a busy day for the livery men.

—The market on Saturday was fairly well attended.

—The auditors report for the town is being printed and will soon be out.

—Last week seventeen new subscribers were added to The Times lists.

—Mr. W. J. McCallum shipped 200 lbs of frog-legs to New York this morning.

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Mr. Wm. Anderson will hold a big meeting in Ashburnham to-morrow evening.

—Quite a large number of girls are being employed at the Cordage Company's works.

—Vote for Stratton and thus ensure the future progress and prosperity of Peterborough.

—We publish a letter elsewhere dealing with the question of sewerage to the Cereal works.

—The steamers Water Lily, Beaver, Star and Rainbow came in port on Saturday from Rice Lake.

—The regular monthly meeting of St John's Woman's Auxiliary, will be held in the Guild Room this afternoon, at half past three.

—Mr. James Bogue, who was charged at the Police Court with using abusive language, was honorably acquitted by Magistrate Dumble on Saturday last.

—Complaints have been made to The Times that the steam road roller belonging to the corporation is kept under cover when the roads more than require its services.

—In yesterday's issue of the Sunday World amongst a group of portraits of some of the Chiefs of Police of Canada appears the portrait of our "Own Chief [illegible]."

—The line-men of the Bell Telephone who have been engaged since September last putting in new wires and doing necessary repairing left for Orillia last week, to put in new wires.

—Four residents of North Monaghan came up in the Police Court Saturday morning for allowing their cows to run at large within the corporation limits of Peterborough. One of the accused plead not guilty, but was found guilty and fined $2.00 and costs, amounting to $2.6 The other three pleaded guilty and were fined $2.00 and costs, amounting to $2.8 in all. Wm. Truitt was given six months in the Central Prison for vagrancy. He is a young, able bodied man, who has been begging on the streets.

—Here is something that might interest church workers in Peterborough. The Trustee Board of Centenary Methodist church, Hamilton has reduced the debt from $37,000 to $12,000 in the four years of Rev. G. F. Salton's pastorate, and it is now proposed to wipe out the debt altogether. A scheme has been suggested as follows: Insure the lives of two members of the congregation for $5,000 each on the ten-year endowment plan, and raise the premiums by increasing the rent of the rich members' pews. The proposition is being considered by the Trustee Board.

British Flags for Uncle Sam

Messrs. J. J. Turner & Sons, the widely-known tent and awning men received an order on Saturday for forty flags from a Buffalo firm, thirty-eight of them being British ensigns, and two stars and stripes.

The Pulpit and the Hospital

Rev. J. G. Potter announces as his subject for Sunday night, May 25th, "A Public Outrage," in which he will deal with local hospital matters. There will doubtless be a large congregation present to hear what the reverend gentleman has to say, as it is believed that some startling matters will be disclosed.

To County Councillors

The Stratford Beacon is publishing extracts from its fyles of 40 years ago. We take the following extract from last week's issue, feeling sure that the members of our several councils will be properly impressed by the commendable enterprise in road building displayed by the residents of the counties mentioned almost half a century ago: The Council of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce have passed a by-law to expend [illegible] on gravel roads in the County of Bruce. Accordingly the rejoicing throughout that country on receipt of the news was on a great scale. Bon-fires were lit and the whole population was enthusiastic. It is believed that the action of our own County Council in regard to gravel roads was instrumental in bringing about this result amongst our neighbors.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Hon. J. R. Stratton is in town.

—Mr. Percy Strickland, Lakefield, was in town on Saturday.

—Mr. John Craig, the genial proprietor of the Craig House, Lakefield, was in town Saturday.

—Capt. Burnet, of the steamer Rainbow, was in town on Saturday, and gave The Times a call.

—It is said that the strawberry crop will be light this year on account of the heavy frosts.

—Mrs. S. Blade and her daughter and son of Rochester, are visiting her parents, Mrs. George Smith, 171 Macdonnell street.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Crompton, of Brantford, are in town, the guests of Mrs. Crompton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, Aberdeen avenue.

—The many friends of Mr. Macfarlane Wilson, who has been seriously ill for some weeks, will be pleased to learn that he is now able to sit up for a few hours each day.

—Mr. J. J. Brandon and Mr. M. W. Brandon, of Fenelon Falls, are in town on a visit to their sister Mrs. W. H. Robertson.

—Mr. W. J. Keough, of Troy, N.Y., first vice-president of the Iron Moulder's Union of that city, will be at the Queen' Hotel on Tuesday, where he will remain for a few days visiting with his sister, Mrs. M. C. Tooley.

—We were favored with a call on Saturday from Mr. Dela Fosse, of the Lakefield News, and Mr. George B. Hilliard also of the pretty northern village. Both gentlemen were on their way to Port Hope, where they took part in the cricket match, a report of which appears in our sporting columns.

Miss Bolster Resigns

Miss Bolster, the lady superintendent of the Nicholls Hospital, has resigned. Her resignation was sent in some two months ago, and was accepted by the Board of Management at a meeting held on Friday last. It is understood that she will remain until September next. The resignation of Miss Miller, one of the nurses, over whom there was some difficulty several months ago, was also accepted.

Does Your Baby Cry at Night

If so, it is well to know the great value of Polson's Nerviline, a household remedy for stomach pains, cramps, toothache, sick headache, and the manifold ills peculiar to children. A few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water makes a pleasant drink and never fails to quickly relieve. Nerviline is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c a bottle. Get a bottle from your druggist today.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills for Headache.

Laid at Rest

The remains of the late Miss Annie Hamilton were interred yesterday afternoon from the family residence, Reid St in the Little Lake Cemetery. Many and beautiful were the floral offerings, testifying to the very high regard in which she was held by her many friends. The funeral services were conducted by Rev Dr. Torrance, of St. Paul's Church. Universal sympathy exists for the bereaved family.

To Close at Seven p.m.

The following merchants have agreed to close their places of business at 7 o'clock each evening, Saturday excepted, at seven o'clock:—Jas. Edgecumbe, J. T Braund, Geo. Baker, J. J. Lynch, N. T Routly, Kerneghan & Gordon, R. H. Hunter, Jas. Butler, B. Brown & Co., F. J. R Mitchell, P. Connal & Son, W. H. Hamilton, Henry & Co., John Giles, G. O'Brien E. FF. Mason & Co., G. G. Saving, Green Bros. L. Gardiner, F. Collins, Carton & Co., Ellis & White.

Successful Students

The names of the successful pupils of Practical Science, and of the School of Pharmacy, Toronto, from Peterborough have been published. Mr. M. C. Roswell has carried off the degree of B. Sc (with honours) in Civil Engineering, Mr. Norman C. Cameron was most successful carrying off honours, whilst in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Messrs Frank Burnham and Hamilton Munro passed well up in the list. In the Examinations of the School of Pharmacy, Messrs. Lou. Best, Walter Alexander and R. McHarry, were successful candidates.

GAS FACTORIES

In People Who Do Not Know How To Select Food and Drink Properly

On the coffee question a lady says: "I used to be so miserable after breakfast that I did not know how to get through the day. Life was a burden to me. When I tried to sleep I was miserable by having horrible dreams, followed by hours of wakefulness. Gas would rise on my stomach, and I would belch almost continually. Then very few weeks I would have a long siege of sick headaches. I tried a list of medicines and physicians without benefit.

Finally I concluded to give up my coffee and tea altogether, and use Postum Coffee. The first cup was a failure. It was wishy-washy, and I offered to give the remainder o fthe package to anyone who would take it.

I noticed later on in one of the advertisements that Postum should be boiled at least 15 minutes to make it good. I asked the cook how she made it, and she said, "Just the same as I did tea, being careful not to let it steep too long."

I read the directions and concluded Postum had not had a fair trial, so we made a new lot and boiled it 15 or 20 minutes. That time it came to the table a different beverage, and was so delicious that we have been using it ever since.

My sick headaches left entirely, as did my sleepless nights, and I am now a different woman." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

General - Sports.

Continued from page 6.

ers Briggs of Utica and Charley Esper, the old National League twirler. His pitching staff now consists of Thielman, Scott, Yeager, Esper and Briggs. Louie Bruce will join the team at Jersey City, and will then take his turn in the box. The Toronto manager is puzzling his brain as to where he will place Charles Carr, when he joins the Torontos in June. Bill Massey is batting so strongly that he will be a fixture at first base, according to Barrow, and Carr may be placed in the outfield. The latter is an excellent batter, and too valuable a man to think of letting him go. The Toronto manager is well pleased with the showing of his team and says that by the time it reaches its own grounds, the end of the month. It will be in excellent shape to win the big end of its long string of home games.—Newark News.

LAWN TENNIS.

Special to The Times.

Williamstown, Mass., May 19.—The crack tennis players of Wesleyan, Williams and Amherst are here to-day and will begin to play for the tri-collegiate championship. The tournament will be one of the most successful athletic events that has been pulled off among New England colleges for a long time. It is expected to conclude the tournament to-morrow.

CRICKET.

The combined Peterborough and Lakefield contingent of cricketers who journeyed to Port Hope on Saturday, to do battle with the Trinity College School boys, had a most enjoyable outing, and although they met defeat at the hands of the opposing eleven, returned thoroughly pleased at their exception.

The day was beautiful, the crease excellent, and the cordiality with which they were greeted by Dr. Symonds, and his staff, was entirely in keeping with the well-known hospitality of the T.C.S. authentics.

T.C.S.

Plummer, b. Dela Fosse	11
Rhodes, b. Dela Fosse	2
Bevan, Thrown out	0
Paschal, c. Boucher, b. Hamilton	21
Kidd, l. b. w. Dela Fosse	25
Hagarty, b. Burnham	5
McPherson, b. Burnham	0
Chowne, l. b. w. Dela Fosse	2
Hammond, b. Boucher	11
Smith, not out	
Extras	5
	96

Peterborough.

C. Boucher, b. Paschal	2
Hamilton, c. Kidd, b. Rhodes	
Hilliard run out	[illegible]
W. D. Parker, b. Paschal	[illegible]
H. Burnham, b. Rhodes	[illegible]
Plummer run out	0
Dela Fosse c. McPherson b. Paschal	34
J. H. Burnham, b. Paschal	3
A. Boucher not out	14
Geo. Rogers, b. Paschal	2
Cameron b. Paschal	
	70

A Surprising Discovery

You will be surprised in trying Catarrhozone to find how quickly it cures cold in the head. The agreeable, penetrating vapor traverses every air cell and passage of the nose, throat and lung. In one breath it carries instant death to the millions of germs infesting the respiratory organs and breaks up a cold in ten minutes.

A trial will convince you that Catarrhozone is the most potent, satisfactory and pleasant cure for Colds, Catarrh Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma and Lung Trouble. Complete outfit $1: small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co Kingston, Ont.

Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure Biliousness.

DR. FORD TO-NIGHT

The Conservative Candidate will Speak in Ashburnham this Eve

Dr. S. P. Ford, the Conservative candidate in East Peterborough, will address the electors of Ashburnham this evening in the Town Hall. There doubtless will be a large attendance, as this is the Doctor's first meeting in this locality. He will be assisted by Mr. J. W. Garvin.

It is understood that Mr. R. F. McWilliams will represent Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal candidate, and will be accorded the usual forty minutes. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

The Sewer to Cereal Works

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—I see that it is proposed to build a sewer to the Cereal Company's works, and use the C.P.R. siding for that purpose. Now, Mr. Editor, let me just say here that if the town has a few thousand dollars to waste, this would be a good way to squander it. The Town Engineer may not know, but I will now tell him that a sewer under the C.P.R. track would not be a success. Almost any schoolboy knows this. You cannot build sewers in "made" ground, on account of the sinkage, which goes on for years, and then gets worse.

Therefore, there must be some other way found of working the oracle. My idea is that a small filtration plant is the only way to overcome the difficulty. This would cost comparatively little, and the expense should be borne partly by the town and partly by the Cereal Company.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I am, etc.,

RATEPAYER.

CHURCH NOTES

Last night at St. Peter's Cathedral, Pontifical Vespers was celebrated by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, at which Rev. Dr. Teefy, President of St. Michael's College, Toronto, spoke eloquently from the text, "It is expedient to you that I go, for if I go not the Paraclete will not come to you, but if I go, I will send him to you." The church was well crowded and on account of the feast of Pentecost there was special music by the choir.

—There was a celebration of the Holy Communion in All Saint's yesterday morning. The sermons were on "2nd Timothy St. Paul's last Epistle," in the morning, and in the evening on "Holding the Gift of Pentecost." Large congregations were present.

KEEP UP
WITH THE PROCESSION

By using ST. JACOBS OIL for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lameness, Stiffness of the Muscles, Soreness, and all aches and pains.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Has cured hundreds, its effect is instantaneous and marvellous, it penetrates to the very foundation of pain and removes the cause. Price 25c. and 50c.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC!
CONQUERS PAIN!

THE ISSUE IN WEST PETERBOROUGH

As the campaign progresses it becomes more probable that the Liberal government is likely to go back to office with a far larger majority behind them. The solid sense of the community appears to be opposed to trifling with practical business interests as is involved in a change of Government for the mere sake of novelty. Such alterations are always unsettling. They involve more or less confusion and disturbance. If there were any really valid and important reason why a change should be made,—if the party in office had shown themselves unworthy of the trust reposed in them—these considerations would not be entitled to much weight. But in a case like the present, where the province has prospered; where all interests are contented and satisfied; where no grievances of any importance remain to be redressed, the people are not likely to disturb conditions which are reasonably satisfactory and give the reins of power into the hands of untried men, who might do as well, and again might not.

Friends of the Government claim that as the day of election approaches the Liberal cause is gathering strength. They also claim that the full and free discussions of the campaign have shown that Conservative contentions, though possibly warranted by the facts in some cases, are not sufficiently weighty and important to warrant the country in depriving the Liberals of their confidence. Only a rabid and unreasoning partizan could accept the view that while one party possesses all the virtues and perfections, the other is the embodiment of all that is evil and corrupt. It is not necessary to regard matters from this view in order to deprecate an unnecessary change in the personnel of the government.

It is quite likely that should Mr. Whitney be able to command a majority he would make a fairly capable and creditable Premier. He has in his following men who could no doubt fill cabinet positions acceptably. But it would be an experiment that many regard as wholly unnecessary. It is claimed that the Liberal administration has been satisfactory; that the Province has prospered under it; that every industry and every interest has been encouraged; that legislation has been of a beneficial and progressive character. This is not saying that the administration is perfect or that there is not room for improvement in some of its methods. But taking things as we find them, it may be admitted the Province has, under Liberal rule, reached a condition of general advancement and prosperity, clearly traceable in many instances to wise legislation, which renders it one of the most favored communities in America. The fact that some flaws can be found, will not, perhaps, influence the electors to risk a change of men and measures, the result of which might be doubtful.

The practical certainty of the success renders the duty of the electors of West Peterborough all the more plain. If we are to retain our influence, if the interests of this important constituency are to be secured and advanced in the future, the people must retain the services of Hon. J. R. Stratton as a leading member of the government, and a powerful influence in the Liberal party. He is in a position to do much more for the advancement of the county than could be done by any private member. It would be a great mistake to send an Opposition to the Legislature. Even if a much abler man than Mr. Miller, if arrayed upon every question against the government of the day would find himself badly handicapped in attempting to push the legitimate claims of his town or county.

Peterborough as a manufacturing and railway centre is deeply interested in a great many matters coming before the House or the Departments. We need the best representative we can get in point of capacity, experience and influence. We cannot expect to have the same weight, to receive the same consideration at the hands of those in power as we have hitherto done if we reject the services of a Cabinet Minister to put in an opponent of the government.

These are no times to gratify a mere whim or caprice, or to lend ourselves to the furtherance of a private ambition or party zeal at the expense of our practical business interests.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure W E Grove's signature is on each box. 25ct

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 1902

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pont Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leeve Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p.m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt
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A GOOD GUIDE
GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM. ROBINSON,
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TORONTO ONT

Scavenger Work,

Alfred Cooney is prepared to execute all orders for the removal of night soil and other scavenger work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at Overend's Hotel, or at my residence, 316 Bethune Street, will have prompt attention.

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent, for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at............40c
Suspenders....................15c
Overalls, with bib, at..........45c
Smocks, at......................90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

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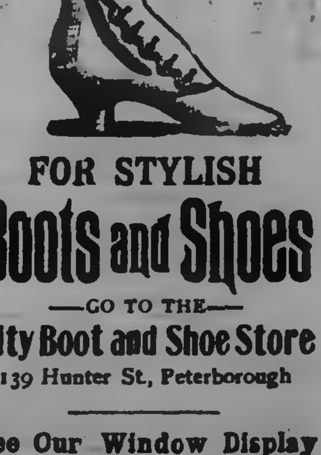
Telephone 129 126 and 2½ day or nigh



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Boots and Shoes
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St, Peterborough

See Our Window Display
NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

Removal Notice

Having leased store No. 136, Hunter st. immediately under our old offices we will occupy the same in future, and cordially invite all our old patrons, and the public generally who want to get, or get rid of anything in Real Estate to favor us with an early call, because as usual, we always have good bargains for all who want to buy and buyers for all who want to sell.

What more can you ask?
Telephone 376.
T. HURLEY & CO.,
Near Post Office.

ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L.A

ARE YOU STOUT.

[illegible]

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 120 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO TUESDAY MAY 20 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

GREAT UNREST IN THE CZAR'S DOMAIN

The Czar's Birthday Celebrated Throughout the Russian Empire Yesterday

OMNIOUS CLOUDS ARE DARKENING THE HORIZON

Nothing Talked About But Revolution and Disorder—The Emperor's Burdens Bearing Heavily on His Shoulders

St. Petersburg, May 19.—The Czar's 34th birthday was celebrated throughout the empire yesterday. Te Deums were sung in all the churches; a brilliant court reception was held at the Zarskoie-Selo palace near St. Petersburg, and every city, town and hamlet was ablaze with white, blue and red by day and with illuminations by night.

Despite these outward manifestations of loyalty, however, there is no disguising the state of unrest among the Czar's subjects, and especially among the working people of Central Russia. The alarming progress of the revolutionary agitation forms the main subject of conversation of all classes, especially manufacturers and commercial men. Every day brings fresh reports to the capital of strikes and disorders. First it is an outbreak of students at Kieff, and the fresh disorders in the Poltava and Karjoff provinces, where, according to official reports, not less than 20,000 peasants are participating in riots, and in the pillage and destruction of estates. It is well known that the Czar abandoned his customary Easter visit to Moscow because of the popular unrest in that city.

With such a condition of affairs there is little cause for wonder in the reported unhappiness of the imperial couple. Naturally of a morose and melancholy disposition Nicholas II has had little to lighten the heavy burden of his position since ascending the throne. That he meant well can not be denied. On his 31st birthday, three years ago, he gave evidence of his liberalism by abolishing the system of deportation of convicts to Siberia. A year later he took the initiative in the movement which led to the universal peace conference at The Hague. Those in a position to know inside facts assert that Nicholas II had endeavored constantly to bring about reforms that would better the condition of the masses and remove the chief causes of the popular unrest. In this direction he has ever had the moral support and encouragement of the Czarina, than whom no woman among all the royalties of Europe is more esteemed or beloved.

But at every step he has had to encounter the fierce opposition and all-powerful influence of the reactionary element which has succeeded in putting insurmountable difficulties in the path of every measure of reform. This phase of the situation was strikingly illustrated a few weeks ago by the resignation of General Vannovsky, the Minister of Education, who was appointed to that post after the murder of M. Bogoliepoff. During his term of office Gen. Vannovsky consistently endeavored to redress the legitimate academic grievances of the students and to wean them from revolutionary agitation. But the opposition of the dominant element in governmental affairs thwarted all his reform plans and there was nothing for him to do but to resign his post.

Meanwhile the condition of affairs throughout Russia is going from bad to worse, and there is no predicting what the end will be. The attitude of the workmen toward their employers is openly threatening, in striking contrast to the subservience of a few years ago. A curious feature of the agitation is its anti-foreign character, especially as the movement is partly of foreign origin. The chief part in the arousing of the workmen to a sense of their miserable condition has been played by hundreds of well-educated men who have given up careers in order to live among the people, to teach them to read and write, and to assimilate the doctrines of revolutionary socialism. A more potent influence, however, is the fact that most of the factory hands come into contact with foreign workmen, and hear about the rights and liberties enjoyed by the workmen abroad.

THE ERUPTION OF PELEE AS SEEN FROM NORTH

Graphic Description of the Catastrophe Given by an Eye Witness

Special to The Times.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, May 20.—Monsieur Albert, proprietor of the Lagarrane estate, which is situated 1700 yards northeast of the crater of Pelee, arrived here to-day on the steamship Canada. In an interview he gave a graphic description of the eruption that overwhelmed St. Pierre and destroyed its inhabitants.

About eight o'clock on the morning on May 8 he was in a field on his estate, when he heard a most extraordinary noise, more extraordinary than those heard for several weeks past. It seemed like a hurricane coming toward him. Just previously the air had been very calm, although the sun was obscured by ashes and smoke. At the same moment that he heard the sound he felt a tremendous vortex of air, which he likened to an express train whirling past a station. Immediately he saw trees in a space of 100 yards long and 15 wide hurled to the ground by the unseen force. Then he saw a huge black cloud high in the air travelling rapidly toward St. Pierre. Lagarrane is twelve miles from the city. As the cloud travelled he heard numerous explosions, as if whole fleets of warships were firing a tremendous bombardment. A spur of the hill prevented him seeing what happened at St. Pierre.

He ran to the house for his family; thence he rushed to the seashore, where he boarded a small steamer, and was landed safely at Fort de France.

A detachment of troops, he reports, on Saturday went to St. Pierre and opened the bank vaults. They found bank notes and books uninjured. The soldiers said about 500 corpses were exposed to view, but they estimated between 30,000 and 40,000 were buried in the ruins. M. Albert believed the cloud to have been a species of fire-damp, fully a half mile wide. The large number of male whites that have been killed is accounted for by the fact that when the volcano showed signs of activity numbers of the residents of St. Pierre sent their wives and families to Fort de France, remaining themselves to attend to their business occupations.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains

Improperly digested food usually forms gases that cause a painful distention of the stomach and pressure against the heart. The result is much pain and distress, but Nerviline will relieve the distention, dispel the gas, and cure the dyspeptic pains very quickly. Polson's Nerviline is really an excellent remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cramps, Summer Complaint and all Stomach and Bowel Troubles. No household is complete without Nerviline. Try a 25c. bottle.

METHUEN'S ESCAPE

Two Bullets Passed Through His Hat Before He Was Struck in the Thigh

Special to the Times.

London, May 20.—The following extract from a letter from Pretoria, is deserving of notice both from the position of the writer and for the light it throws on Lord Methuen's reverse:

"It (the reverse) was indeed an unfortunate affair and unnecessary, for Lord Methuen, with ample warning that he would meet Boers, split his dreadfully scratch pack into two and gather courted disaster. Then, of course, almost all his mounted men consisted of the worst type of irregulars, belonging to no decent self-respecting colonial unit.

"The infantry, however, and Fifth Im- lice, fought splendidly. perial Yeomanry, and some Cape Po-

"Lord Methuen had two bullets through his hat, three or four in his horse, and one in himself, so his escape was a narrow one. He is doing capitally and getting on wonderfully, considering it was a Martini-Henry bullet that broke his thigh. He has had to have pulleys with weights to keep his leg pulled out to prevent its shortening, and Kendal Franks thinks there should not be more than about one inch of shrinkage."

Seized by Turkey

Special to The Times.

London, May 20.—The Cairo correspondent of the Daily Mail says Turkey has sent troops to occupy the Island of Thasos, in European Turkey, which belongs to the Khedive of Egypt.

It was reported, May 6, from Athens, that the inhabitants of Thasos had rebelled against the collection of vexatious taxes. The Governor was said to have ordered the gendarmes to fire on the demonstrators, with the result that a great number of men, women and children were killed.

THE SULTAN'S TROUBLES

Garrison at Monastir Has Mutinied—Bread Riot at Aleppo

Special to The Times

Constantinople, May 20.—The Turkish Garrison at Monastir, Macedonia, has mutinied and the soldiers have started serious rioting. They have seized the telegraph office, whence they issue clamorous demands to the Porte for the arrears in their pay.

Bread riots have broken out at Aleppo, in the northern part of Syria, in consequence of the increase in the price of this food due to the operations of speculators in grain.

German Baptists Meet

Special to The Times.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 20.—It is estimated that the attendance at the annual conference of the German Baptist Brethren in session here has now reached 20,000. The visitors come from all parts of the United States and Canada, and from missions in other lands. To-day the business of the conference will be got well under way. It is evident that the conference is to be of more than usual interest, as a number of important questions are up for definite action. Among these are life insurance and the position of the church in regard to divorce. Heretofore the church has prohibited its members from insuring their lives, but of late years a more liberal sentiment has spread among the younger element and there is now a strong demand for a removal or modification of the prohibition. Another question which is likely to provoke interesting discussion was first raised in the Texas and South Louisiana district. It is an overture urging that the name "Dunker" or "Dunkard" be excluded from publications issued by the Brethren Publishing House.

Vote to Issue U. S. Steel Bonds

Special to The Times.

New York, May 19.—Stockholders of the United States Steel Corporation met today at the offices of the company in Hoboken and ratified a plan of the directors for the issue of $250,000,000 bonds. According to the plans heretofore made public the principal of the new bonds will be payable in sixty years, and redeemable at the pleasure of the corporation at the expiration of ten years, and will bear 5 per cent. interest. The issue is to be offered to preferred stockholders at par, payable $200,000,000 in preferred stock and $50,000,000 in cash.

Big Rally of German Catholics

Oshkosh, Wis., May 19.—It is estimated that not less than 15,000 visitors are attending the biennial state convention of German Catholic Benevolent Societies, in session here. Solemn high mass was celebrated in St. Vincent's church this morning, and in the afternoon the big parade took place.

Gen. Rosecran's Obsequies

Special to The Times.

Washington, D.C., May 17.—The remains of General Rosecrans were reinterred in Arlington Cemetery today with imposing ceremonies. General Rosecrans died in California, and was buried there. Yielding to the request of officers who served with him, including those constituting the Army of the Cumberland, the family consented that the remains should be brought to Washington and interred at Arlington. The President and his Cabinet, a joint committee of Congress, the Loyal Legion and other bodies accompanied the remains to the cemetery. The guard of honor was composed of veterans of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, better known as the Anderson Cavalry, which was on duty during the civil war for some time as headquarters guard of General Rosecrans. The re-interment was accompanied by impressive services, held at the Pavilion at Arlington.

They Take Weeks

Ordinary remedies sometimes take weeks to even relieve cases that Catarrhozone cures at once.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes now and again and it cures a cold.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes four times a day and it cures stubborn coughs.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes every hour and we guarantee it will cure any case of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Lung or Throat Trouble, Deafness. It is very pleasant and convenient to use, quick to relieve, and certain as the hereafter to cure. Large size, complete, price $1.00; small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Headache.

STEYN NEARLY BLIND BOTHA IS POPULAR

Graphic Description of Some of the Boer Delegates

TRANSVALERS WANT PEACE

But the Orange Free Staters and Cape Colonists are for War

Interesting Letter from Pretoria Dealing with the Personnel of the Boer Leaders

Special to The Times.

London, May 20.—The following letter, dated Pretoria, April 13, gives from a very reliable source a graphic picture of the Boer delegates:

"The Boer peace delegates were all here yesterday, and had a meeting with Lord Kitchener, who handles them extraordinarily well. They all like him, and respect—and fear him to a good extent. What the result of their deliberations were you will soon know: they were abortive; anyway, and tomorrow, having got 'independence off their chests' they will start with Lord Rosebery's clean slate, we hope, and propose something better.

"Steyn is almost totally blind, and is a very shining light among his mean-looking, common satellites, such as De Wet, Hertzog and one or two others. De Wet is a very thick-set, bull-necked individual, with almost determined cast of countenance.

"'Of the Transvaalers our old friend Botha, with Delarey, is the best. Reitz is the leading spirit, while Schalkburger, is a stupid, brainless-looking old owl. Reitz was expected to be troublesome, but the astute Lord Kitchener promptly bagged him as interpreter, and kept him so busy at translating the arguments of both parties that he had no leisure to speak a word for his rather dangerous self."

"Delarey is an honest looking old ruffian, but not at all the fine looking chap usually described. Put him in North India and he would look an undeniable Pathan—if a small one in stature. The Transvaalers undoubtedly mean peace—Orange River Colony war. This afternoon Lord Kitchener entertains the two presidents at tea, and will no doubt feel their pulses pretty accurately. Every one hopes much, but expects little, out of all this."

No Respector of Rank

Disease Lays Its Heavy Hand on Kings, Princes, Presidents, the Noble and Wealthy as well as on Those of Low Estate

Paine's Celery Compound

Is The Great Restorer of Health For the Ruler and His Humblest Subject

Sickness, disease and suffering respect neither ruler nor subject. The noted and high-born have their trials and physical sufferings like those in humbler stations. Social standing and wealth cannot bar the progress of disease when the common rules of health are violated.

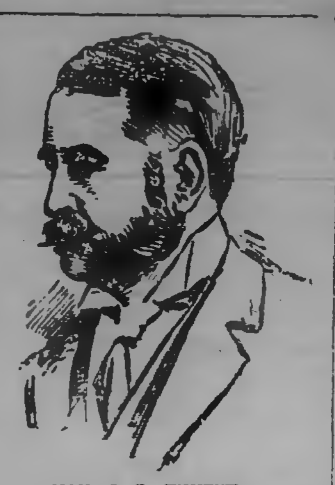
Impure blood and weak nerves are responsible for many of the common diseases of life. The experienced physician will tell you that men and women with pure, clean coursing blood and well braced nerves, can never become victims of rheumatism, neuralgia, liver troubles, debility, headaches or sleeplessness.

It follows, therefore, that sufferers from any of the ailments referred to should at once take proper measures to cleanse the blood and feed the weak nervous system with proper nourishment.

For the happy accomplishment of this important work, Paine's Celery Compound is the only safe agent; the one great specific; the only security against deadly disease and death. During these spring days, Paine's Celery Compound guarantees a perfect regularity of the bowels, healthy appetite, sound sleep, good digestion, pure blood, strong nerves and clear brain, all of which mean full and robust health.

Mr. B. Hutchins, one of the most prominent real estate men in Montreal, says: "About five years ago I wrote you a letter acknowledging the wonderful effect of your Paine's Celery Compound had upon me after I had given it a fair trial; that it cured me entirely of neuralgia in the head from which I had suffered most fearfully for over fifty years, and also so that it cured me of rheumatism in my limbs. In fact it removed every pain in my body and made me feel 25 years younger. I have not had a return of my old complaint, and therefore have to confirm all the statements I have ever made respecting your Compound."

DR. FORD'S MEETING IN ASHBURNHAM LAST NIGHT



HON. J. P. WHITNEY.
Conservative Leader.

The Ashburnham Electors Hear Conservative Candidate

The Town Hall is Crowded to the Doors

Eloquent Address by Dr. Ford and Mr. R. F. McWilliams

The meeting last night in Ashburnham was a decided success, so far as attendance was concerned, the large Town Hall being crowded to the doors. Dr. Ford, the Conservative Candidate, met with a rousing reception, and the meeting appeared to be largely in his favour. The doctor is a fluent speaker, and should he be elected, will make himself felt in the House

Reeve Smith made a very capable chairman and saw that the government's able young advocate, Mr. R. F. McWilliams was accorded fair play.

THE CANDIDATE.

Dr. Ford, an old-time favorite with Conservative electors, was enthusiastically received and in his preliminary remarks paid a passing tribute to chairman, Reeve Smith, whom he was proud to number amongst his many faithful supporters, at the last Provincial election his opponents had predicted that he would be so deeply buried that any further political resurrection on his part would be out of the question, but he was exceedingly happy to falsify that prophecy by his appearance once again before an intelligent electorate of Ashburnham in the cause of Whitney and honest government (applause). One important point urged against him in the rural riding was that he was not a farmer like his opponent, Mr. Anderson, but after all what is there in this argument? Men are not sent to Parliament to teach farming, but to frame laws suitable to each and every interest of the country. Therefore it is of vital importance that a member should have a general knowledge of the many measures likely to be introduced either at the Provincial or the Dominion Legislatures (applause). In this respect the speaker could not for one moment see what advantage Mr. Anderson (a farmer) could possibly have over him (a physician) in representing the riding of Peterborough. While admitting Mr. Anderson's experience in municipal government, the doctor claimed a little credit in this direction also. For thirty years he had been a member of the Norwood Board of Education, acting as chairman of the Board and on the Finance Committee, and no man can act in such capacities without acquiring considerable knowledge of municipal law. He therefore ventured to claim as good a grinding in this respect as his esteemed opponent. Continuing, the speaker could not see that the government had accomplished much for agriculture any way; session after session they had been urged to appoint a Standing committee on agriculture, and it was only the year before last that one was appointed. Then of so little importance was this committee held to be that during last session it met but twice.

Turning to the Prohibition cause Dr. Ford said Mr. Anderson is a temperance man, and so am I. During the 38 years I have been practicing medicine in Norwood I have never kept liquor in my office nor carried it in my satchel; I have prescribed it occasionally when necessary and do not deny its medicinal properties; but I do believe that thousands of drunkards owe their downfall to an indiscriminate prescribing of liquor. I have always been a loyal supporter of the Conservative party, but I owe allegiance to my conscience alone, and I have never once been asked by a Tory to bury my temperance conscience or stultify my principles in this respect. The man who gets into difficulty on this question is he who advocates a Prohibition Bill to satisfy the Temperance party and next introduces a Referendum in support of the Liquor Party (applause). Continuing the speaker challenged any one to show one sentence in which Mr. Whitney opposed Prohibition in its true sense, or one sentence from Mr. Ross showing that he, the Premier, is a true advocate of Prohibition. He characterized the Bill as not being a prohibitory one, inasmuch as it did not affect the manufacture of liquor, but simply its being retailed. It is not as good as the License Act by any means, and it is unfair, unjust and unconstitutional. The Referendum is subversive of the principle of government by majority; it stuffs the ballot box inasmuch as it already counts 212,500 votes against it, and it is opposed to the secrecy of the ballot.

As to enforcing Prohibition, it is not, argued the doctor, public opinion which can do that, but official opinion; and it can never be enforced, he contended, because official opinion is against it. For example, public opinion is not very hard on smuggling, but the law is rigidly enforced because judicial opinion favors the act. The same principle applies to the fishing laws which the public are not at all adverse to transgressing (laughter).

Dr. Ford next urged that there are many reasons for a change of government. Thirty one years is too long for any one government to be in power and he quoted Liberal opinion to show that frequent changes are necessary for a healthy condition of public affairs. Any party in power for 31 years get the idea that they are divinely appointed and in time develop into masters instead of servants of the public. Then the demands being made on the Dominion Government by the Provinces in the way of railway subsidies, etc., are growing to gigantic proportions. Quebec is asking for 30 mil-

Continued on page 2.

NEW ELECTION LAWS

Stringent Laws to Prevent Corruption at Elections

The Times has been asked to publish the election laws, regarding the buying of votes and other corrupt acts. It will be seen that the government has passed legislation that makes offence against its provisions a very serious matter. Here are the principal features of the Act as amended at the last session:

1. The penalty for undue influence has been increased from six months' imprisonment to one years' imprisonment.

2. For personation the penalty has been increased from $200 to $400, and the term of imprisonment from six months to one year.

3. For voting more than once the term of imprisonment has been increased from three months to six months.

4. For falsifying or altering lists of voters or polling books by a returning officer the term of imprisonment has been increased from six to twelve months.

5. For tampering with the ballot boxes by (a) a returning officer, the term of imprisonment was increased from two years to three years, and (b) by any other person, from six months to one year.

6. For unlawfully destroying or injuring documents, or aiding or abetting therein, besides a penalty of $2,000, the term of imprisonment was increased from six months to one year.

OVER THE RIVER

Items of Interest Transpiring in and Around Ashburnham

—Ashburnham is sharing the general prosperity enjoyed by the town.

—Quite a number of new houses are going up in the village.

—Politics seem to be the only matters discussed. Dr. Ford's big meeting last night, and Mr. Anderson's equally large one to-night will stiffen the excitement and interest.

—Our worthy Mayor is a hot supporter of Dr. Ford's. Indeed if he has his way the village will give the doctor at least one hundred and fifty majority.

—Sometime during Sunday night the grocery store of Mr. John Kerr was entered and a quantity of canned goods and groceries stolen therefrom. An entrance was obtained to the premises by breaking the window in the door of the store. Nothing was taken from the till. There is as yet no clue.

—Much interest is being taken in the lift lock, crowds coming over to see it daily.

The rumor that Councillor Sheridan and Mr. Allan McCarty have signed a protocol, with a view to eternal peace, is denied.

—Calcutt's lager is having a tremendous run these days. The Company has a large and growing trade, on account of the pureness of the beverage.

—Mr. Billy Collins, one of our leading and most progressive merchants, reports a material increase in business this year over last year.

CANADA'S POSITION

If Sir Wilfrid Laurier fails to represent the majority in the Dominion in regard to imperial sentiment, he will, at all events, from the spectacular point of view, do credit to the fresh young nation over the sea. He has the classic look; he has that penetrating eloquence which thrills all who hear it; he has grace and wit and intellectual nimbleness; and the French qualities which mark him will be notable in one who represents a country which is British in feeling and thought and aspiration. Perhaps, too, a change will come over the spirit of his dream when he reaches London. He may discover that it is the will of this country that the question of imperialism should be thoroughly discussed, and he may feel drawn to consider the way in which Canada should contribute to the maintenance of the Empire. Certainly this will be the question which will be uppermost in the minds of the statesmen at the meeting which is to take place after the coronation, and Canada, the first of the great Commonwealths under the British flag, cannot afford to be indifferent to a problem with which her own national existence is bound up.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day Fair and warm, showers and thunderstorms during the night.

Very heavy thunderstorms have occurred in many portions of the Northwest, and there were showers and thunderstorms during the night in Southwestern Ontario.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart. 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 19, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Times supports Mr. Stratton because he is the best man for the office.

• • • •

Vote for Stratton and ensure the future progress and prosperity of Peterborough.

• • • •

Dr. Ford's meeting in Ashburnham last night was attended by very many from this side of the water.

• • • •

The amount of attention being paid the politicians every day by this great family journal, helps to increase their ardour.

• • • •

Those who heard Dr. Ford last night were not disappointed in him. He is a fluent speaker, and should he be elected will be a strong man in the House.

• • • •

The municipal telephone is growing. By a vote of 279 to 7 Fort William has adopted it, and Port Arthur has done the same by a vote of 177 to 14.

• • • •

Red-letter days will be plentiful toward the end of this month. Empire day, May 23; Victoria Day, May 24; and Ontario's election day, May 29.

• • • •

When Lord Kitchener rounded up eight hundred Boers he must have torn a few pages off the list of burghers entitled to vote on the question of peace or war.

• • • •

What an army costs may be suggested to Canadians by the item in the Dominion Supplementary Estimates of $815,000 for the Halifax garrison regiment. Some people will say, "See what militarism would cost." Others will say "Guess what we let Britain pay for us."

• • • •

Mr. Garvin evidently squatted himself down on a bent pin the other night, when he referred to so many Tory voters having been brought into the Grit camp at one dollar per head. According to Mr. Garvin, Tory voters are not an expensive luxury.

• • • •

SIR WILFRID MUST CHANGE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says he has not changed his mind in regard to the question of imperial defence, by which we are to understand that the Premier is a provincialist, who is unable to appreciate the meaning of a great British empire, compacted together of all the parts mutually confederated for the maintenance of the greatest nation on earth. In other words, Sir Wilfrid is not able to see beyond the boundary wall of the province of Quebec. He would have no objection to better trade relations with the Mother Country, but he would not have the Dominion bearing any of the cost of the maintenance of the British navy which protects our commerce and guarantees us independence. He would not enter into any arrangement or confederation. He would not subscribe to a pact between Great Britain and the colonies, a pact which would imply responsibility on the part of the Dominion. He will not have the imperialistic idea. Canada is a commercial country which has nothing to do with militarism. The Dominion must not be burdened as other countries are burdened by an army, which takes the bread out of the mouth of industrialism. And so we shall go on, using all the advantages we can secure from England, in a commercial way, accepting the protection which she offers us in her navy, but caring nothing for the imperial idea, refusing to share in it, and meanly accepting a service and a protection which we will not pay. But this is exactly what we cannot do much longer. British statesmen have already suggested that the colonies should make contribution for Imperial defence. And if that contribution be withheld we shall probably have to face a grave situation—a situation in which we would find ourselves perfectly helpless. We do not wish for annexation. Independence is a dream, which may possibly (in the long lapse of time) become a reality. It is clear that we must enter into closer Imperial relations if we are to be guaranteed that independence which has enabled us, without fear, to work out our destiny. The whole country must teach Sir Wilfrid Laurier to change his mind.

DR. FORD'S MEETING

tions, Nova Scotia for between 10 and 11 millions, and Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick are both seeking increasing subsidies. And as Ontario pays 60 per cent of the taxes of the Dominion, it is important that its government should not be in too close sympathy with that at Ottawa. After a brief reference to the election scandals at West Elgin and elsewhere the speaker next went into a strong defence of Mr. Whitney's policy, which he argued he was justified in not introducing the House. An Opposition's function in Parliament is to criticise and closely watch all measures introduced by the government. Mr. Whitney promises law reform whereby the poor man shall be assured of justice at the hands of wealthy corporations. He will introduce an act providing that there shall be only one appeal from the trial judge (applause). Then as to registration, he will either abolish the present unjust Registration Act which applies only to cities and town, or else extend it to the rural districts (renewed applause). Turning to the expenditure of colonization appropriations the doctor declared that 60 per cent of the same went into the pocket of bosses and overseers, and Mr. Whitney proposes that all monies for road purposes shall be expended by the Reeves and Councils of the municipalities. The leader of the Opposition does not object to railway subsidies, but takes exception to such bills being brought into the House in the dying hours of the session, and voted on without proper information being furnished as to the interested company's ability to construct the feasibility of the scheme, freight charges, etc. When I interviewed Mr. Whitney regarding the Norwood Apsley Railway, he would not discuss the matter until I furnished him with detailed information as to the scheme. But when satisfied that the scheme was a laudable one he replied that he was prepared to give it his loyal support. Mr. Whitney proposes that the government shall receive stock in any railway, subsidized equivalent to the subsidy granted, in order to have some control over the freight. He will also reduce the number of government officials and see that the work done by them is commensurate with the pay therefore (applause)

Dr. Ford here went into the ballot system, which he characterized as a lash over the people. Mr. Whitney, he said, promises an absolutely secret ballot, such as that of great Britain and the Dominion whereby a man can vote according to the dictates of his conscience without fear of the results. In the matter of grants toward agriculture, the speaker did not think $40,000 per annum sufficient. The Conservatives proposed to increase this amount so that instead of having but one Agricultural College at Guelph we will have five or six throughout the Province. Dr. Ford had a poor opinion of Ontario's Educational system, by which children had to fritter away many hours studying subjects totally unnecessary unless they enter the high schools and colleges; and he claimed that 95 per cent. never acquire any more than a public school education. As to the pulp concessions in New Ontario, Mr. Whitney claims that they should be put up at auction to the highest bidder, when we should have no more difficulty in disposing of them than experienced in Quebec. It is time enough to give them away when they can't be sold.

Continuing, the doctor supported Mr. Whitney in opposing a curtailing of the power of municipalities to tax corporations in favor of a like taxation on the part of the government, and condemned the latter action in appropriating to themselves so large a share of the license fund which would have otherwise gone toward keeping up the roads. In conclusion, the eloquent doctor said "you are the men to say to this man Ross, go, and he goeth, and to Whitney, come, and he cometh." I ask you on the 29th of May to

Ring out the old
And Ring in the new;
Ring out the false
And Ring in the True.

Dr. Ford resumed his seat amid prolonged applause.

MR. R. F. MC.WILLIAMS

Was the next speaker, and in a very able speech of three quarters of an hours' duration, defended the governments' policy. Taking up the Prohibition measure, he emphatically asserted that the Candidate, (Dr. Ford) and his leader (Mr. Whitney) flatly contradicted each other. The former is a pronounced advocate of prohibition while the latter in no uncertain tones expresses his unqualified opposition to the measure. The government was prepared to go to the fullest extent in the power of the Province in prohibiting the sale of liquor, but the effect of Prohibition cannot be assured unless there is behind the government a sufficient majority to enforce the Act. There must be enough people who will exercise their franchise to back the government up on any such measure. To turn them out if they do not do their part of the agreement.

Turning to the Plebescite in 1894 in which a majority was given for prohibition Sir. Wm. Meredith had in an expression of opinion endorsed the government's action in this respect. He had distinctly announced that in such a measure as this affecting the interests of the community, it was to the duty of the government before it become law to again submit the question to the people so that they should have an opportunity of saying by ballot yea or nay.

Turning to Dr. Ford's position the speaker argued that in political issues Dr. Ford claims to be a supporter of the leader of the opposition, but in moral measures, etc., he declared that he only owed allegiance to his conscience, but his duty to the electors on the public platform was that he should definitely state how that conscience would influence his actions on the floor of the house should he be elected. Should the Dr. be elected it would be a case of a Tory prohibitionist supporting a Tory anti-prohibitionist.

Continuing Mr. McWilliams ridiculed the cry that it was "time for a change." He asked how many Tories voted against Sir Jno. A. McDonald when he had been in power for 13 years. Not one. In 1896 Liberal Conservatives recognized that it was time for a change at Ottawa simply because the Conservative leaders were not worthy of support after Sir Jno. A. McDonald's death. This, he urged, was not the case of the Provincial Government. This cry could not justly be applied to the Provincial Government until the electorate had proved that fraud and corruption existed.

Turning to election frauds recently exposed this able advocate of the government, declared that not one member of the Liberal party had defended what was done in West Elgin. He emphasized the fact that Dr. Ford while condemning the Liberal party for corrupt election practices neglected to tell his audience of like practices indulged in by the Torries.

As to Dr. Ford's defence of his leader Mr. Whitney for not introducing his policy on the floor at the house, Mr. McWilliams claimed that the legislature was the place to advocate a policy and not in the public press pending an election.

A Voice:—"Mr. Ross would have stolen his policy." (laughter). Continuing Mr. McWilliams submitted That the Laurier Government had brought out their policy three years before the electors had a chance of expressing their opinion on it, and Sir. Jno. A. McDonald had produced his two years before the end of the session. As to registration the speaker explained that the present system was simply an experiment. Should it prove effective in cities and towns the same privileges would be allowed rural voters.

The speaker here denied the misappropriation of funds for colonization roads and asserted that foremen on such work received but $1,25 per day, the men under them getting $1,00 per day; in some cases foremen were paid as high as $1,50 per day.

In conclusion, Mr. McWilliams rediculed the charge that the cost of school books was abnormally high in support of which he quoted Dr. Beattie Nesbitt's statement in yesterday's Toronto Globe, that the cost of school books for the city of Toronto, including orignal expenses amounted to but 10 4-5 cents per child each year. As to the claim of the Torries that politics and education should be kept seperate he knew a certain conservative who not many years ago got into serious trouble through mixing up politics and education (laughter).

MR. J. W. GARVIN.

This gentleman spoke for one hour, and in the course of an excellent address in which he handled the issues before the public in a very able manner he condemned the Premier for changing the date of voting on the Referendum from November 14th to December 6th, a time when inclement weather will probably deter many voters from going to the polls. Then the hon. gentleman had been asked to have the poll on this Referendum taken the same day as the municipal elections, and by his refusal will put the Province to an additional expenditure of $90,000. He did not think a representative vote possible on such a question when taken on a separate day, as history showed that not more than 20 per cent. have ever voted on any moral question. As to New Ontario, he claimed that the position around Sault Ste Marie so recently developed was not at any time in dispute between the Dominion and the Ontario Government. The territory over which so much trouble arose, lies where the river runs into James Bay and Hudson Bay, and in the neighborhood of Port Arthur. He maintained that the Conservatives have always supported the government in a maintenance of Ontario's rights. He took exception to the concessions of pulp wood which should have been sold to the highest bidders and not placed in the hands of middlemen. He arraigned the government for its action in granting a million and a half acres of land to the Clergue concern and maintained that the industries at Sault Ste. Marie had begun to develop before that time.

Mr. Garvin argued that the present educational system is being used for political purposes. He was strongly opposed to the manufacture of school books being monopolized by two firms and could not understand why Ontario's readers should cost 30 cents each when a better reader was produced in Ireland for $ 1.2 cents.

In conclusion, the speaker declared that the monies for Colonization roads had been misappropriated, and he censured the government for not rigorously punishing political corruptionists.

The meeting closed with cheers for the candidate the speakers, and "God Save the King."

Removal Notice

Having leased store No. 136, Hunter st. immediately under our old offices we will occupy the same in future, and cordially invite all our old patrons, and the public generally who want to get, or get rid of anything in Real Estate to favor us with an early call, because, as usual, we always have good bargains for all who want to buy and buyers for all who want to sell.

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TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on Monday, May 26th 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London,

Hard coal—2,600 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size, Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,950 tons 1,000 may not be required til January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 260 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, 500 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard) or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as rquired.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville

Hard coal—500 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford

Hard coal—475 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang.

Eighty tons egg size, 51 tons stove size, 28 tons nut size, 300 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Mercer Reformatory, Toronto

Soft coal screening or run of mine lump, 650 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenderers are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade.

Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said Inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

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V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky
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ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
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LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over-night.

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Hiring a Servant in Norway.

THE problem of domestic service, which is always a present and insistent one to the housekeeper in this country, in Norway has been settled to the apparent satisfaction both of mistress and of maid. One country, however, can seldom adopt with success the customs of another. How far the Norwegian servant system would suit our tastes may be judged to some extent by an examination of the plan pursued in Norway.

In places like Bergen, Christiania, and other large cities, the municipal government takes entire charge of the matter. There is a central employment bureau under municipal control, and twice each year—once in summer and once in winter—dissatisfied servants can look out for a new master and mistress, and dissatisfied employers can seek to improve their service. The bureau is opened for one week, and the mistress who wants a maid can go to it, fill in a form stating her requirements and the wages she is willing to pay, and then leave all the rest to the bureau.

Her card is placed on file, and the position she offers is posted in a conspicuous place on a blackboard. Men and women servants in want of work examine these cards, and when they decide upon applying for any position, submit their recommendations to the bureau for examination. If these are satisfactory, the applicant receives a card to the prospective employer, available for one day only.

Should the lady hire the servant, she fills up the card with a list of the duties, wages and terms of service agreed upon, and returns it to the bureau, where it is carefully filed for future reference if necessary.

If the applicant does not suit, the card is returned with "not satisfactory," which indicates that other applicants may be sent.

No matter how great the emergency, the new mistress cannot expect her maid for one week, for the girl must give her present employer that length of time to fill her place.

The law protects alike the employer and the employed. The rights of the maid include a comfortable room and bed, good and wholesome food, and prompt and regular payment of wages. In return, she must perform her duties faithfully, and be strictly honest, obedient and respectful during her term of service.

Should either party fail to comply with these requirements, complaint must be made to a magistrate, who investigates the charges and renders a decision. The offended servant or the offended mistress cannot settle the difficulty by parting company. No matter how tired of the bargain mistress or maid may become, they cannot terminate it until the time agreed upon, except by permission of the magistrate. If a servant leaves without the knowledge of her mistress, she is subject to arrest, fine and imprisonment. On the other hand, the servant's wages are a first lien upon the property of the master or mistress.

The municipalities see that the law is strictly enforced with regard to servants, and themselves abide by it in their character of employers of labor.

The Scotch Result.

WILLIAM INGLIS has a story which illustrates what he calls "the Scotch result." He told it to the Aldine Association the other night, together with several stories of his experiences in France, when he was an art student in Paris. Mr. Inglis was a visitor at a Scotch yacht club on the Clyde during a regatta week, and one night he was called on for a story. Knowing, he says, from books and experience, the density of Scotchmen to American jokes, he told the broadest, most pointed story he could think of. It was the old chestnut of the inebriated Irishman, who met a policeman and asked him the time.

"'Three o'clock,' said the policeman.

"'Oi didn't hear,' said the Irishman.

"'Three o'clock!' the bobby yelled.

"'Shure, Oi didn't hear that, either.'

"The policeman then hit him three whacks on the head with his club. 'Did you hear that?' he asked.

"'Shure,' said Pat, 'Oi heard that, and Oi do be fur thinkin' it's domn glad Oi am that Oi didn't mate ye at twilve.'"

There was not a ripple of appreciation on the rows of Scotch faces before him, said Mr. Inglis. They, one and all, were blank, and slowly each Scotchman drained his whiskey to hide the fact.

"Suddenly," said Mr. Inglis, "I saw an old Scotchman in the far corner break into a smile. Slowly he removed his pipe from his mouth and blew out a cloud of smoke. 'Hoot, mon,' he said, 'but ye canna blame the policemon, for a' that. It do be a wee bit hard to be asked the same question three times.'

"That is what I call the Scotch result," Mr. Inglis concluded.

The rose six months from now will
blow,
The violets will be blue,
And flannelled fools will want to know,
If it's hot enough for you.
—Chicago Record-Herald

Must be Deadly.

Attention has been called, says a recent issue of The Speaker, to the mysterious plan of warfare invented by Admiral Cochrane, tenth Earl of Dundonald (grandfather of the present Lord Dundonald, our new G.O.C.), early in the last century, which, it was claimed, would result in the absolute annihilation of an enemy. Dundonald himself believed that if his plan was once put into effect it would make war impossible for the future, and there seem to have been some grounds for this belief, although the secret has never yet been divulged. George IV., when Regent, appointed a secret committee to consider it. The committee reported that the method would be irresistible and infallible, but shrank from recommending its adoption. Forty years later a commission was again appointed to consider it. They reported against it on the grounds that if any experiments were made the secret would be at the command of every nation, and also that it would not accord with the feelings and principles of civilized warfare. Twice during the Crimean war Dundonald urged his plan upon the Government. The second time he offered to reduce Sebastopol by his invention, but the War Office laid down stipulations which he would not accept, and the secret remains a secret still. The present Earl of Dundonald, besides being a successful cavalry leader and the possessor of one of the reputations made in the present war, is also an inventor. It would be interesting to know whether he is in possession of his grandfather's secret or whether that secret died with its discoverer.

Humor of the Hour.

"Why," asked the racehorse, sneeringly, "do you have that great bunch of useless hair on your fetlocks?"

"One reason," said the imported Clydesdale, "is that I want to look as much unlike a useless sporting animal as I possibly can."—Chicago Tribune.

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Mrs. Growells—"The idea of you calling me a goose! When you were courting me you said I was an angel."

Growells — Well, suppose I did? What's the use of twitting a man about the lies he told three years ago?—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

"'Tain't de fellow wid de longes' line dat catch de mos' fish," said Charcoal Eph, in another of his ruminating moods; "hit's de man wid de longes' 'magination. Ain' dat so, Mistah Jackson?"—Atlanta Constitution.

◆◆◆

Dr. P. M. Rixey recalls that when President McKinley's mother sat down for the first time to a White House dinner, what seemed to impress her most was the prodigal supply of cream, and she commented on its abundance, and then added:—

"Well, William, at last I know what they mean when they speak of the cream of society."

The President laughed. "I admit," said he, "that there seems to be an extravagant array of cream on the table, but you know, mother, we can afford to keep a cow now."—New York Tribune.

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A good story is told in a musical paper of the Principal of a well-known colonial academy of music. He was much pestered with letters from young composers, asking his advice. On one occasion he received a letter from a country organist asking in which of two ways he should write a certain musical passage. The professor, being a blunt man, wrote back on a postcard, "It doesn't matter a ——." His offended correspondent sent the postcard to the Academy Board, who sat in solemn conclave on it, and wrote to the Principal for an explanation. He answered thus: "Dear Sirs,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter. I have considered the matter in all its bearings, and it really doesn't matter a ——. Yours, etc."—London Globe.

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Little Willie—Say, pa, what is the difference between an optimist and a pessimist?

Pa—An optimist, my son, is a man who is happy when he is miserable, and a pessimist is a man who is miserable when he is happy.—Chicago News.

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"I never went back on a friend," said one politician.

"I never found it necessary to do so," said the other. "As soon as I was not in a position to favor him, my friend always went back on me."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

As cause for the habit 'tis surely,
enough—
King Edward himself has taken to
snough.
If applied to your nose
'Twill be felt in your tose;
Provided you snough up enough of the
stough.

◆◆◆

"Yes," said the head of the firm, "Miss Addie is a good bookkeeper, but she makes some queer mistakes."

"What, for instance?" asked the silent partner.

"Well, she enters our messenger boy's wages under the head of 'running expenses.'"—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

Greene—I suppose a man who had no knowledge of French would have a good deal of trouble to make himself understood in Paris?

Gray—On the contrary, most people in Paris understand English much better than they do their own language. I tried them in both; so I ought to know.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

"I am sorry, doctor, you were not able to attend the chruch supper last night; it would have done you good to be there."

"It has already done me good, madam; I have just prescribed for three of the participants."—Richmond Dispatch.

◆◆◆

We long for rest—for rest and play.
Our heart gives forth its weary
throbs
We long to rest, but never may,
Lest others come and get our jobs.

◆◆◆

London Fun—Mistress (arranging for the dinner)—Didn't the grocer send the macaroni?

Cook—Yes, mum, but I sent it back. Every one of them stems was empty.—Yonkers Statesman.

WEEDS AND FLOWERS.

SERMON BY
GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

Stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong.—1 Corinthians, xvi., 13.

I have a neighbor in the country who has a garden which he treats in a very peculiar way. His theory is that all forces of nature are good-natured, and that all products of nature should be encouraged. Whatever is natural, he tells me, is admirable. A weed is just as natural as a rose and has just as clear a right to flourish. It is, therefore, unfair to discriminate against the weed by pulling it up and destroying its life.

Wishing to see how his theory worked in practice, I wandered about his enclosure and found a curious state of affairs. The weeds were in a more flourishing condition than the roses; in fact, they had taken possession of the ground and dominated it to such an extent that the flowers had well-nigh given up the struggle for existence, and were on the verge of despair. I vainly tried to convince my neighbor that if he wanted flowers he must pull up the weeds, for the two do not get on well together. They can't be made to harmonize, because weeds are greedy and refuse to give flowers a chance.

My neighbor has another peculiarity. He carries his theory into the education of his boy. All natural impulses are good impulses, he tells me, and it is not right to give a child a bias toward this or that standard. Let him show himself just as he is, giving perfectly free vent to his good and bad qualities of character, and by and bye he will achieve a well-rounded and well-balanced soul. It is the weed theory transferred to human nature, and so far as my observation of the boy goes it works very badly. I rather fear that later on that father's heart will be filled with regrets.

You cannot build a house without a plan. If you attempt to do so you will have a curious combination, whose inconvenience is only equalled by its ugliness. A house without a plan is not worth having. It is not true that all natural impulses are good, for some impulses, when gratified, produce unmixed evil. Not everything that is is right, for some things are wholly wrong and must be held in check at any cost. If you give the weeds as fair a chance as the flowers the time will come when the flowers will die and nothing but the weeds will be left. It is just as necessary to pull up certain natural qualities as to pull up weeds, and unless you do so you will find yourself without any character at all.

There is a stern and awful truth in the injunction to pluck your eye out if it offends you. It is a bold figure, and startling, but it has a profound meaning. If, for instance, you give free rein to your selfishness it will grow apace to rule and ruin. It will creep over your soul like a smouldering fire on the prairie, and burn the life out of everything as it goes. You must treat it as you would a weed, and without any compunction tear it up and hurl it as far from you as possible. And if you have a quick or an ill temper, it is necessary to subdue it if you would have peace or happiness. Your very nature must be conquered, no matter how hard the fight may be. It must be caught, harnessed, bitted, tamed and taught that you are its master and will be obeyed.

You are simply a bundle of possibilities in the beginning, and if you allow them full swing you will become a mass of contradictions. Your business as an immortal soul is to look at all your tendencies, good and bad, squarely in the face, and then set to work to annihilate some of them, to encourage others, and, with a definite purpose in view, to give yourself the shape of honest and virile manhood. This is not an easy, but it is a glorious, task, and it ends in the victory over self, the sublime mastery which brings self-respect and that dignity which comes with poise and conscience.

The object of religion is to teach you that this is the best and noblest thing to do, and that it is the only thing which it will pay you to do. That struggle is worth your while, for when you find yourself well in hand you will possess that quiet kind of power which blesses you and the whole world alike. This life gives you that sort of discipline, and when the lesson is learned you will be ready for any other life that may come to you. Earth will become a stepping-stone to heaven, for a whole man is fitted for any world in God's universe. Plant your garden with flowers and then see that weeds do not interfere with their growth.

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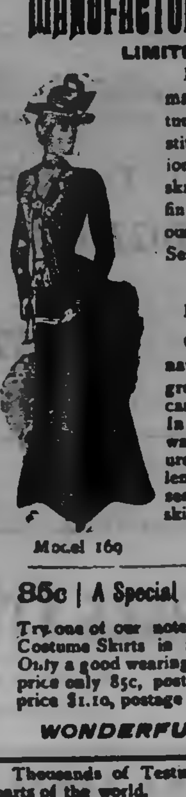

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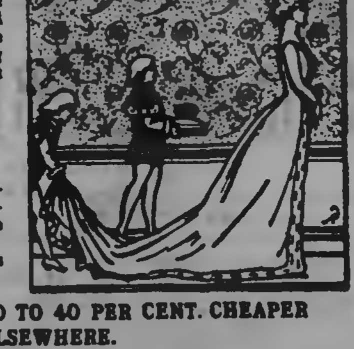

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New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO, of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June. Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRINGER,
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Notepaper

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E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

At 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
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Dr. Chaillu's Animals.

In a long review of Paul Du Chaillu's "The World of the Great Forest," The Spectator, London, declares the book's only fault is the failure to supply all the details the reader wants to know about its furred and feathered heroes and heroines.

"Do the hippopotami of the West Coast river really go across country for a swim in the Atlantic on moonlight nights?" asks The Spectator. "Where is the 'land of plenty' to which the monkeys migrate? What are the fish which regularly travel up the rivers from the sea in the dry season to spawn? Where is the place where the forest eagles cross that great continent to rear their young? These questions are among many suggested by the book.

"The description of the bathing of the 'hippo' 'trippers,' from their cautious entry into the sea to their return at 4 a.m., 'when each family went back to its shoal,' hardly bears quoting, but the idea is novel and amusing. The illustrations of the life of these creatures and of their seaside party by Mr. Gleeson are really admirable.

"The native names of most animals are short. An exception is that of the great forest eagle, the monkey-eater. It is one of the crested hawk-eagles, of which the native name is 'guanionien.' The difficulties of these birds' life when monkeys are scarce; their power of soaring to such vast heights as to be invisible to the monkeys, and of dropping down from the blue, whence their keen eyes see the monkeys on the tree-tops, of their hovering over the tops of certain trees on which fruit grows which the monkeys will probably come to gather—are all fresh and vivid."

A Canadian Herd Record.

The following letter is published by Hoard's Dairyman:—

Enclosed you will find a brief report of our dairy of twelve cows for the year 1901:—

No. lbs. milk for year..........	62,590
No. lbs. cream from same......	8,380
No. lbs. skim milk	54,026
Cream was shipped to Montreal and averaged me about 78 cents a gallon of 10 lbs., or.	$670.80
54,026 lbs. skim milk, 20 cents..	108.07
Total...	$778.87
Average milk per cow..........	5,216 lbs.
Average money per cow	$64.90
Average of milk per hundred lbs.	$1.24¼

You will see that I value the skim milk at 20 cents per hundred. I consider it worth this to me to feed at home. My cows are grade Durhams and Jerseys. We have a silo; have used it seven years, and consider it the cheapest feed we can raise here. Had about four acres last season, and had 65 double loads to put in silo. Thought we had nearly 60 tons. Am feeding it twice a day in winter, and find our cows do just as well. I have water in stable. Cows have only been out once this winter. Stable is well lighted, and has a ventilator in it. Cellar under stable, and in this way think we save the liquid manure.

A.E.E.

Richmond, Que.

"And she isn't married yet? Gracious, she's well preserved! She is the same Birdie Hoppindyke she was fifteen years ago."

"No, she's not the same. She spells it 'Byrdye' now."—Chicago Tribune.

Mainly About People.

Dr. Parr, on meeting Lord Chancellor Erskine, with whom he was friendly, once said: "Erskine, I mean to write your epitaph when you die." "Doctor," answered the great lawyer, "it is almost a temptation to commit suicide."

At a ball in the country a gentleman undertook to introduce a companion to a young but somewhat stout lady, who seemed to be pining for a dance. "No, thanks, old fellow; I don't care to waltz with a cart." A few evenings later the same young lady, who had overheard the conversation, beheld the young man seeking an introduction and asking if he might have the honor, etc. "No, thank you," she replied; "I may be a cart, but I am not a donkey cart."

A rich Irish-American, who frequently visits England and dearly loves a lord, loses no opportunity of talking of his great acquaintances. At a recent dinner party in New York, where there were several Roman Catholics, during a conversation on the subject of fasting, this gentleman said: "It is very strange how little Catholics in the higher ranks mind the fast days. I was dining at the Duke of Norfolk's on a fast day, three weeks ago, and there wasn't a bit of fish at dinner." "I suppose," said another Irishman, "they had eaten it all in the dining-room."

John D. Rockefeller recently told the following story: "I don't question the veracity of that story, but I am going to tell you one that I know to be true. It happened down in Washington. A negro was driving a wagon and in going through a street ran against a funeral. With the superstition of his race he thought it would be bad luck to cross behind the funeral, so he tried to cross ahead of it, but the driver of the hearse whipped up his horse, and the two went neck and neck for a time until finally the darkey sang out: 'Say, dah, pull up youah hoss! Mah hoss is in a hurry an' youah's isn't!'"

Judge Pennypacker of Philadelphia tells a story which shows the readiness of the Pennsylvania Dutchman to obey those in authority: In 1864 Sheridan, under orders, burned every barn from a valley above Staunton to a certain point below Winchester. A band of angry rebels followed this raid, watching for a chance to pick up any stragglers. Among others who fell into their hands was a little Pennsylvania Dutchman, who quietly turned to his captors and enquired: "Vat you fellows going to do mit me?" The reply came short and sharp: "Hang you." "Vell," he said, meekly, "vatever is de rule." His good-natured reply threw the Confederates into a roar of laughter and saved his life.

One day last autumn Bennet Burleigh, the noted English special war correspondent, was encountered a few miles outside Pretoria by that volcanic rhetorician, General Tucker. "What the —— —— are you doing out here with that —— thing?" asked the general, pointing to a kodak which was slung round his shoulders. "Well, sir," promptly replied Mr. Burleigh, "I was intending to take some photographs; but had I known that I was to have the pleasure of meeting you I should have brought out a phonograph." At this audacity, it is said that even General Tucker's stock of sulphurous adjectives ran low.

Gilbert Parker, to illustrate the gullibility of some Englishmen in the colonies, recently told the following story: "Once in Australia on my way through the bush, with my friend Cabbage Tree Bill, we were accompanied by a burly and intelligent young gentleman from Devonshire, and as we came along we saw along the road, if it might be called a road, a young kangaroo. Bill said: 'Now wait a minute; you will see him take the letters.' The kangaroo was sitting up as if waiting for something, and Bill said, 'He has his pouch and everything ready to carry them,' but as we came along Bill snapped his whip and said, 'Nothing to-day,' and the kangaroo trotted off, the young gentleman believing for a great part of the rest of the journey that the object of the kangaroo's presence was as Bill had said."

John Philip Sousa, the bandmaster, usually wears his uniform at all times and seasons, and prefers that his men do the same. The practice has led to some very amusing experiences. For example, one night Mr. Sousa was standing in a railway station, on the platform, waiting for a train. A belated traveler ran up to him and asked, excitedly, "Has the nine-three train pulled out?" "I really don't know," responded Mr. Sousa. "Well, why don't you know?" shouted the traveler. "What are you standing here for like a stick of wood? Aren't you a conductor?" "Yes," said Mr. Sousa, pleasantly, "I am a conductor." "A nice sort of conductor, indeed!" exclaimed the man. "Well, you see," smilingly responded the musician, "I am not the conductor of a train, but of a brass band."

The Retort Cordial.

Counsel for the defendant (sarcastically)—You're a nice fellow, aren't you? Witness for the plaintiff (cordially)—I am, sir, and if I were not on my oath I'd say the same of you.—"Tit-Bits."

Beggars Can't Be Choosers.

Aunt Amandy—Hain't yew ashamed ter bum around here beggin'? Onnis Way—Well, dis ain't a werry 'ristercratic neighborhood, fer a fact, but we mustn't be too pertickler, mum.—Chicago "News."

The Inferior Sex.

First Small Scholar—Please, miss, we've got such a beautiful cat, and she's just had some kittens.

Second ditto—Please, miss, our cat's a beauty, too; but (regretfully) he doesn't lay.—"Punch."

A woman's broken heart mends beautifully if it is attended to at once.—Ex.

"How is this? You have charged me twice the usual price for shaving." "My razor was dull, and it took me twice as long."—New York "Weekly."

Barber—That's strange. You say you have been here before. I don't seem to remember your face. Victim—Probably not. You see, it has all healed up now.—Glasgow "Evening Times."

Music in the Dark.

Musical Germany has recently been discussing in all seriousness the question whether it is true that a pernicious effect is produced upon music-lovers at public concerts by feminine beauty, with its delightful accessories, as seen in a blaze of artificial light reflected by crystal, gold and glittering diamonds? Germany answers yes, and declares that in future lights must be turned down; in fact, some of the bolder spirits have already put them out and left the audience in darkness.

The idea was first suggested to a concert reformer in Darmstadt, who took to reading Goethe, and came upon a chapter in Wilhelm Meister," in which an eccentric lover of music is described: "He could not live without music, more especially singing, and he was wont to listen to it without seeing the singers." This quaint individual used to say that music is really intended for the ear only, whereas in concert rooms it is made to minister mainly to the eye, to accompany movements, not sensations. The gentleman from Darmstadt thereupon concluded that the first step in the way of rational reform would be to lower the lights and shut his eyes to the consequences, and as many people jumped at the idea, it has already been realized, first in Darmstadt, and then in Frankfort-on-the-Main. Experiments are about to be continued elsewhere.

A man goes to a concert to hear music. But when he gets there he sees a great deal more than he hears, and his attention is distracted. The pillars, the statues, the lusters, all turn his thoughts away from the strains meant to soothe or inspirit. That is not as it should be, and yet it is not by any means the worst. He looks around at the ladies, many of whom come to be looked at. He sees the luxuriant tresses of one sylph-like figure before him, and as he cannot catch a glimpse of her charming face, he tries to guess at the features. His neighbor, a rich tradesman, is engaged in estimating the cost of the riviere of diamonds round her shapely neck. A third worshiper of Terpsichore finds himself behind the sweetest thing in hats, and must be content with hearing, since he can't see anything because of the beautiful obstruction. Now, all these things were brought to the concert for the purpose of being seen, whereas people come primarily to hear. Suddenly a burst of applause reminds them of this fact—and of the other, that they have not been listening to the sonata.

Kissing the Baby.

There are many mothers who give themselves infinite trouble about the big and obvious things connected with nursery management—who strive bravely to be up to date in the matter of plumbing, ventilation and infectious diseases—who yet fail woefully when it comes to certain details. One of the most important of these is the disgusting and dangerous habit of allowing every comer to kiss and maul the baby, says the "Youth's Companion."

A baby, no doubt, is a delightful object and almost irresistible, but that is no reason why advantage should be taken of his helpless condition to offer him constant hygienic outrages.

Here is a speech a well-meaning goose of a young mother made to the father of her child on his return from business: "Mrs. Smith called to-day, John. She has a fearful cold and sore throat. She thought the baby was just too sweet for anything, and wouldn't let him out of her arms. He took to her wonderfully, too." Naturally the baby developed a bad case of the snuffles in a day or two, and then it was: "The baby has a dreadful cold. We cannot think where he got it, we are always so careful."

This mother and the hundreds like her should be taught the lesson that promiscuous kissing is a bad and vulgar habit, productive of much danger to adults as well as to children. Adults can protect themselves if they like, but infants cannot, and so it is the duty of the mothers to protect them.

Even if they mercifully escape actual infection in babyhood, there still remains the fact that a silly and unclean habit is formed, resulting in schools full of kissing children, and by and by in ridiculous communities of kissing acquaintances. We may learn a useful lesson from the Japanese in this regard. They are not a kissing race, and the little children do not know what it means, except perhaps from their mothers. It is generally acknowledged that the Japanese babies are the healthiest and happiest of youngsters, and who shall say how much wholesome restraint from the kissing habit may have to do with this fortunate state of affairs?

To make too much of children is to spoil them, but in one respect they should be treated like royalty—if they must be kissed it should be only the back of the hand.

Prognostications.

New York "Life" ventures upon the following prognostications regarding Miss Stone.

She will arrive in America.

She will be met by a large delegation of gentlemen interested in collecting funds to send missionaries out of our own country, where they are needed, into other countries, where they are not needed, and where their principal function is to create complications for the United States Government to fight out.

She will be exploited for a few days by the yellow journals.

She will be gushed over by long-haired men, short-haired women and other gushers.

She will probably lecture, at a high compensation, under the management of Major J. B. Pond.

She will sell literature to the cheap magazines at large prices.

She will make money.

She will be lionized by the W.C.T.U.

She will be utilized by local missionary societies to gather funds to provide soft snaps in uncivilized Japan and other heathen places for Americans who can't make a living at home.

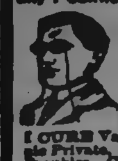
She will be an encouragement to others to go into foreign countries and get into trouble minding other people's business, when they might be quite safe at home tending to their own.

She will be convinced that the American nation is an easy thing.

BLOOD POISON.

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a positive cure for Blood Poison. If you have this awful disease you are in danger until completely cured: the various symptoms you notice should be a warning to take immediate treatment. Don't put it off until too late, as it continually gets worse. If you have sore throat, patches on tongue or mouth, swollen glands, hair falling out, blotches on body, itching skin or other signs of this awful disease, call on me. I give you a written guarantee to cure you without Mercury or Potassium, and You Pay When Cured. I have 12 diplomas and certificates which testify to my standing and abilities.

The original testimonials can be seen at my office; $5000.00 reward for any I cannot show.



CASE NO. 26028. May 21, 1899.
I am happy to say that your medicines helped my trouble more than anything I ever took. REV. W. McGOUVERN.
CASE NO. 21200A. Oct. 15, 1899.
Your treatment has helped me wonderfully. ARTHUR DIEHL.
CASE NO. 24011A. Nov. 12, 1899.
I have confidence in you as a doctor, for you helped me more than anyone else has, and I feel that you cured me. R. F. MARTIN.

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Office—Bank of Commerce Building Peterborough.

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Capital (all paid up.... ....$12,000,000
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Undivided Profits.... 876,532
General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.
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ONTARIO BANK
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General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

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SAVINGS & LOAN
COMPANY.

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.
4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 2, 3 or 5 years.
Money to loan at lowest current rates.
Open every Saturday afternoon.
Office, 437 George street
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Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISTERS and Solicitors, 379 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. H. Bradburn, B.A.

Miscellaneous

FRY, 204 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 204 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 16 Toronto street, Toronto.

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 and 66 Broadway, New York.

CARPENTERS WANTED. Apply at the gate house of the Canadian General Company.

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The Best Equipment and Facilities and Strongest Faculty in Canada.
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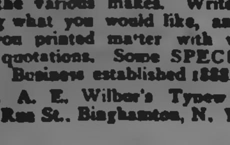

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Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

LACROSSE.

The members of the Y.M.C.A. Lacrosse Club had a good practice yesterday evening.

THE RING.

Special to The Times.

Toronto, May 20 — Next Saturday night, at the Mutual street rink, under the auspices of the Crescent Athletic Club, Tom Couhig, of Dunkirk N.Y., and Martin Duffy, of Chicago, will meet in a twenty-round bout at 140 pounds. This should prove one of the best bouts ever pulled off in Toronto. Both men are young and clever, and at the top of the class. They met at Chicago recently in a six-round contest, when Couhig got the decision, which Duffy hopes to reverse at the weight and at the greater distance. Otto Seiloff beat Duffy once and next time Martin turned the tables on him.

Admirers of Couhig state that he can whip all the Frank Ernes that ever entered the ring, and sporting men look upon Duffy as the logical opponent of Joe Gans, the new lightweight champion. Duffy's record is appended:

Name	No. Rds.	At
Knocked Out		
"Kid" Manoe	1	Chicago
Paul Connors	4	Chicago
Jack McKillop	4	Chicago
"Young" Reilly	2	Milwaukee, Wis
Peter Leach	1	Chicago
Harry Roddy	4	Chicago
"Kid" Brown	4	Chicago
Jack Kelley	2	Chicago
Jack Ryan	5	Springfield, Ill.
Jack Kelley	5	Chicago
Joe McCaffery	3	Chicago
Jack Simms	5	Kansas City, Mo
Danny Duane	9	Toronto
Joe Curtin	1	Chicago
Dave Barry	4	Chicago
Decisions Over		
Jack Kelley (2)	6	Chicago
Fred Reed	6	Chicago
Geo. Washington	6	Chicago
Adam Ryan (2)	6	Chicago
Jack Carrig	6	Chicago
Jack Lewis	6	Chicago
Perry Queenan	8	Appleton, Wis.
Dave Barry	6	Chicago
Otto Seiloff	6	Chicago
Perry Queenan	12	Appleton, Wis.
Tim Kearns	11	Toronto
Art Simms	10	Detroit
Otto Seiloff	8	Oshkosh
Eaton Judge	6	Chicago
Art. Simms	15	Detroit
Matty Matthews	8	Chicago
Drawn With		
Larry Gleason	6	Chicago
Mickey Reilly	6	Milwaukee, Wis
"Young" Kenny	6	Chicago
Lost Decision To		
Otto Seiloff	8	Chicago
Tom Couhig	6	Chicago

The preliminary bouts are of great local interest. Eli Gibson, who gave Lou Scholes such a stiff argument in the city championships, will meet Johnny Jackson, the Canadian heavyweight champion, in the first preliminary. Jimmy Smith and Billy McCarthy are billed as the principals in the second contest, and it should be a great punching contest.

OPTIMISTIC NED HANLAN

New York, May 02 — Coach Ned Hanlan announced yesterday that the crews of the Columbia University 15th. Mr. Hanlan was never more sanguine in his life over the outcome of the big race on the Hudson. He thinks that, barring accident, Columbia will surely win the Varsity race and stands an excellent chance of taking the Freshmen contest. He said yesterday that the Varsity of this year was many seconds faster over a four-mile course than the Varsity of 1901.

Success Assured When the
DIAMOND DYES
Are Used

Success in home dyeing depends altogether upon the quality of the dyes you select for the work of coloring. Diamond Dyes are acknowledged to be the best in the world, so far as brilliancy and strength of color are concerned.

They always do perfect work, and never disappoint the most exacting dyer. Diamond Dyes are sold at 10c. per package, the same price that many people pay for imitation and adulterated dyes. The most progressive druggists and dealers will sell no other dyes but the Diamond, because the inferior dyes cause so much grumbling and loss of materials.

Do not accept imitations or substitutes from any dealer no matter how strongly he may recommend them. The poor dyes are sold simply because they pay large profits. See that the name "Diamond" is on each package you buy.

Send postal card with your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., for Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Designs.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate.
Geo. I Roszel, Chief of Police.
T. A. S. Hay, C.E., Town Engineer.
W. J. Green, Tax Collector.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer.
W. F. Miller, Relief Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Hon. President—Hon. J. R. Stratton.
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1st Vice President—Mrs. Jas. Kendrey
2nd Vice President—Mr. A. C. Dunlop.
Secretary—Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
Treasurer—Mr. Peter Campbell.
Agent and Assistant Secretary—Mr. Geo Cochrane.
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Solicitors—Mr. E. B. Edwards and Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
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Board of Management—Meedames Best Dennistoun, O'Sullivan, McGill, Garvin, E. A. Peck, Warde, Davis, and Birdsall; Misses M. Dickson and Gow; Mr. A. L. Davis, Rev. Dr. Torrance, Rev. E. A Langfeldt, Rev. Father McColl, Rev. J. C Davidson, Rev. J. P. Wilson, Rev. D. O Crossley, Dr. G. Burnham, Mr. J H Burnham, Mr. P. Campbell, and Mr. W B. Bamford.

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
Alphine Yoolers at the Opera House.

ASHBURNHAM
COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. C MOFFAT,
Sec'y. E.R.L.A

ARE YOU STOUT.
Edith Borden, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every form of Obesity. Safely [illegible] Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. Health improved. Reduced [illegible]—For Terms, particulars Address Mrs. Dr. Borden, [illegible]

WINNERS OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

Year	Winner	Owner	Run at
1860	Don Juan	Mr. James White, Milton	Carlton
1861	Wild Irishman	Mr. G. Henderson, Port Hope	Carlton
1862	Palermo	Messrs. Chambers, Hamilton	Carlton
1863	Touchstone	Mr. Jas. White, Milton	Carlton
1864	Brunette	Dr. Morton, Bradford	Guelph
1865	Lady Norfolk	Mr. Shepherd, Simcoe	London
1866	Beacon	Mr. McKellar, Chatham	Hamilton
1867	Wild Rose	Mr. Jas. White, Milton	St. Catharines
1868	Nettie	Mr. Jas. White, Milton	Gates' Track
1869	Bay Jack	Mr. Edward Bilton, London	London
1870	John Bell	Mr. Nelson Gates, Toronto	Whitby
1871	Floss	Mr. Robert Davies, Toronto	Kingston
1872	Fearnaught	Mr. Alex. Simpson, Toronto	Ottawa
1873	Mignonette	Mr. R. R. Pringle, Cobourg	Barrie
1874	Swallow	Mr. R. Thompson, Hamilton	Hamilton
1875	Trumpeter	Mr. C. Horton, St. Thomas	Woodstock
1876	Nora P	Col. Peters, London	Woodbine
1877	Amelia	Mr. John White, Milton	Prescott
1878	King George	Col. Peters, London	London
1879	Moss Rose	Mr. John White, Milton	Picton
1880	Bonnie Bird	Mr. John Forbes, Woodstock	Ottawa
1881	Vice Chancellor	Mr. D. W. Campbell, Milton	Woodbine
1882	Fanny Wiser	"Mr. Abingdon," Toronto	London
1883	Roddy Pringle	Mr. Chas Boyle, Woodstock	Woodbine
1884	Williams	Mr. John Halligan, Toronto	Woodbine
1885	Willie W.	Mr. E Burgess, Woodstock	Woodbine
1886	Wild Rose	Mr. D. W. Campbell, Milton	Woodbine
1887	Bonnie Duke	Mr. Robert Bond, Toronto	Woodbine
1888	Harry Cooper	Mr. J. D. Matheson, Toronto	Woodbine
1889	[illegible]	Duggan & Matheson, Toronto	Woodbine
1890	Kitestring	Mr. T. D. Hodgens, London	Woodbine
1891	Victorious	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1892	O'Donohue	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1893	Martello	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1894	Joe Miller	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1895	Bonniefield	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1896	Millbrook	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1897	Ferdinand	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1898	Bon Ino	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1899	Butter Scotch	Mr. Wm. Hendrie, Hamilton	Woodbine
1900	Dalmoor	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine
1901	John Ruskin	Mr. J. E. Seagram, Waterloo	Woodbine

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

prayer; for it is God's hand that is punishing me now."

And she thought of the lines:

"Lips say, God be pitiful
That never yet said, God be praised."

There was a slight noise in the little parlor attached to her boudoir.

It was Marie approaching; she knew her step; and again she bade her leave her; for she wanted to be alone.

The little marble clock on the mantel struck the half hour.

Daisy uttered a little cry.

How time was fleeting! At that very moment her mortal foe was making his way to the villa gate.

Let him come to the house and claim her when he would; it would avail him little now, for he would find her cold in death.

She took the vial of chloral in her trembling hands, and with a gasping sob, raised it to her pallid lips.

"Poor papa, you will grieve for your little motherless Daisy," she sobbed; "you will think life might have gone different with me if mother had lived.

"And Olive and Hetty will weep for me; and you, Aleck, my heart's love, will you forgive me, or will you curse me, dear?"

Only the wind moaning among the trees outside answered her.

Kneeling again before the portrait, she pressed one hand over her fluttering heart, and with the other raised the vial to her lips, draining with a single draught half its contents.

Then, with a desperate energy, she flung the vial far through the open window, out among the thicket of roses in the garden below.

Then the clock struck nine.

And at that moment Harold St. John reached the park that skirted the villa.

The moon was shining; the earth lay green and still; the birds were in their nests; the flowers were all asleep; the great boughs were still and motionless.

Nearly an hour Harold St. John stood at the villa gate.

There was no sound of footsteps, no shadow of a figure.

"She is not here," he said to himself. "The lateness of the hour shall by no means deter me. I shall go to the villa, make a grand expose, and claim my wife."

CHAPTER XXXVI.

Too Much to Endure.

It had been no easy matter for beautiful, hapless Daisy to face the darkness and bitterness of death, but she was driven at bay like some poor hunted creature; what could she do but end it all, she moaned as she raised the little vial which held death to her lips.

When Harold St. John told his story and Aleck listened to it with horror too great for words, she would not know it, she would be beyond all censure, all bitter reproaches; but Aleck might learn in time to forgive her, because he would know—ah, yes, he would know that she had sinned so grievously all for love of him.

Without a cry she had drained the vial to the dregs, then flung it from her through the open window, groping her way to Aleck's picture, and had knelt down before it to die.

The moonlight drifted in through the filmy curtains, falling upon the gilded easel and the portrait on it, on the bowed golden head, the death-white face, and little, cold, locked hands; surely it was the most pitiful sight on which it gazed that night.

"I shall die as I have lived, loving you, Aleck," she moaned. "Oh, my beloved, as long as you live my spirit will hover near you. When you stand alone in the moonlight on the western terrace where we have so often stood together, as you listen to the faint moaning of the wind among the trees you will think of me. You will know that my soul was not all false, because it held in it so true a love for you, and you will remember that, though I sinned greatly, my repentance was terrible— terrible, Aleck."

The golden head fell suddenly back as that beloved name fluttered over the death- white lips. But in that instant Marie, the maid, rushed into the apartment.

"Oh, my lady, my lady," she cried, "speak to me I pray you— oh, she is dead— she is dead!"

Her cries soon brought Hetty, who was passing the corridor, into the room.

"What is the matter?" she cried. "What is all this fuss about? Why don't you light the gas?"

Then a cry of horror broke from her lips as she saw in the moonlight the golden head which the maid was supporting on her knee.

"Oh, Miss Hetty," sobbed the girl in awful terror, "I am afraid she is dead and by her own hand."

Hetty's small hand clutched her arm.

"Tell me plainly, Marie, and quickly, before I summon help. What makes you think so?" she gasped. "Oh, my God! speak quickly."

And in a few brief words Marie told her of Daisy's request for chloral and how she had brought it to her.

"I—I was almost afraid to bring it to her," confessed the girl, "there was a strange look in her eyes which I did not like, so I— I put but a few drops of chloral in the bottle and filled the rest with water, coloring it with a few drops of wine, and before I could help her, though I watched her through the curtains, Miss Hetty, I saw her raise the vial to her lips and drain it all, crying out 'death was sweeter than life.'"

Hetty had been kneeling down by the prostrate figure and had placed her hands over Daisy's heart; it beat in measured, labored throbs.

"You have saved her life by giving but a few drops, Marie," she sobbed. "this is life, not death— she has fallen into a lethargic sleep under its influence.

"We must get her to bed at once—no one must know. Swear to me that you will keep this night's work a secret deep and silent as the grave, Marie, as you love your poor young mistress— swear it!"

"No one shall ever know it from my lips, Miss Hetty," she answered. "I swear it."

For long hours Hetty sat by her sister's bedside, wondering what terrible secret could be weighing down her heart so heavily that death would be welcome to her— she was to know all too soon.

In the meantime, she took the precaution to send a telegram secretly to Aleck.

To him, and to him alone, she would confess what Daisy had tried to do, and watch the effect upon him. In a moment of excitement he might divulge the nature of her terrible secret if he knew it.

She felt vaguely that it was in some way connected with the bitter quarrel they had had in the past.

And this was the telegram Aleck received, and which brought him home in hot haste.

But to return to Daisy's desperate foe; for more than an hour he had stood motionless in the silent wood, then he had gone direct to the house.

As he stood on the stone porch, the clock in an adjoining belfry tolled in solemn strokes the hour of ten.

He smiled grimly to himself. It was late, but it did not shake his purpose; she should see he was too desperate a man to be trifled with.

The footman looked in amazement at the handsome stranger who had presented himself at the door of the villa at that hour of the night.

Harold St. John called for Alexander Hamilton, and a deep imprecation fell from his lips when he was told he was not there.

"I do not believe that," he said curtly— then suddenly he changed his tactics— remembering the golden key needful.

"Get your master to come to the drawing- room, or— or here on the porch a few moments, and I will give you a five- dollar bill, my good fellow," he said.

"I would be only too pleased to earn the money, sir," replied the man, "but it is as I have told you in all truth— my master is not here— he is in Boston."

"Mr. Gordon is here then — call Squire Gordon down."

"I assure you I might ask, but it would be in vain— he would not see you at this hour — it would be as much as my place is worth to suggest it. If your business is so important, take my advice and come here the first thing in the morning."

Harold St. John was obliged to submit. But very early, while the sun was shining and the birds were shaking the dew from their wings, he presented himself again at the villa.

This time he was informed that Squire Gordon was in the garden. If he wished to see him he should take the paved walk that led around past the fountain toward the rose garden—he was usually to be found there.

Squire Gordon raised his eyes when he saw the stranger approaching, and greeted him with a very hearty good-morning.

Where had he seen just such a face, he wondered vaguely.

Before Harold St. John had time to make known his cruel errand, they both saw Aleck enter the entrance-gate— he had just alighted from the hack that had just brought him up from the depot.

"My business is with Alexander Hamilton as well as yourself," said St. John, calmly; "would you mind calling him here?"

"Certainly not," returned the squire; and in his hearty, cheery voice, he called to Aleck, who, giving his satchel and traveling rug to one of the servants, came over to the rose-arbor at once.

Aleck recognized Harold St. John instantly. What was this man doing here?

"This gentleman seems to have business with us, Aleck," began the squire. "Shall we go to the library, or is it your pleasure to discuss it here, Mr. ——" turning inquiringly, to the stranger.

"My name is St. John," he said, bowing slightly. "Mr. Hamilton knows me well; we have met before."

"Ah!" returned the squire, but he looked slightly bewildered, for there was a plainly perceptible look of anger on Aleck's face.

Know him! How dared such a man as this presume upon his acquaintance so far as to call upon him in the sanctuary of his home! The liberty he had taken amazed Aleck.

"This place will answer better than the library, perhaps," he responded, with a cold bow, adding, "the ladies of the family are there, no doubt."

To be Continued.

HEAD-ACHE

Is only one form of the suffering resulting from a diseased condition of the sensitive womanly organism. The only way to cure the headache is to cure the diseases which cause it.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of curing thousands of women of headache, backache, female weakness and other forms of disease peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures bearing-down pains.

"I think if it were not for your 'Favorite Prescription' I would have been in my grave," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Egypt, Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "I had pain all over me, and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I thought I would write to Dr. Pierce. In a few days I received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no headache, no pain at all. I used always to have headaches previous to the monthly period, and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. This sometimes would occur every two weeks, and I would be very weak afterward. I was in pain all over. My feet would slip from under me when I would try to go across the room, and I could not walk any distance without being in pain. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Doctor Pierce's Pellets, and was completely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Times: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $50 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $50 for any case that these pills do not help.

Ontario Elections.

EAST RIDING

DR. FORD,

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate, for the East Riding, will address a meeting of the electors at the

Town Hall, Ashburnham,

Monday Evening May 19

Mr. J. W. Garvin and other speakers will also address the meeting.

The chair will be taken at eight o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE KING

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Town Hall, Lakefield, on Monday night, May 19th.

Orange Hall, Buckhorn, Tuesday night, May 20th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President. C. E. ROGER Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

Electric Lamps
25c each
Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Foot Elm.

This is the original and reliable remedy for feet that are blistered, hot, feverish, sweaty, tired, aching, etc.

It gives immediate relief.
It preserves the leather
It is the cheapest because the best.

All honest druggists sell it. If any man offers you a substitute for the sake of making a little extra profit out of you, write us about it, giving the name. We will send you the name of some honest dealer in your vicinity who will give you what you ask for.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 19 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

The straw hat is hovering in the vicinity.

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—The committee of the whole Council and the Board of Works Committee met last night.

—Every marketer should tell every farmer they deal with in the market tomorrow that next Saturday's market will be held on Friday.

—The woman who walks straight by the store windows these days is the woman who has already bought her spring outfit.

—The coming summer should be a busy one for our mechanics, laboring men and merchants, as work is reported to be plentiful.

—The Bell Telephone Company has strung a heavy cable from the central office up Water Street as far as London Street.

—The Stratford Water Supply Company have offered to sell out to the city for $300,000. Peterborough paid $220,000 for its water works.

—The Canadian Order of Foresters of the town will attend St. Paul's church on Sunday evening June 1, when Rev. Dr. Torrance will deliver the annual sermon.

—Rev. Mr. Adam, Methodist minister at Hastings, died very suddenly in that town yesterday afternoon. Deceased was a brother-in-law of Mr. George E. Elliott of town.

—Lieut. W. D. Leach, of the 46th Regiment, Millbrook, will represent that corps on the Coronation Contingent as a private. Lieut. Leach served in the ranks of the 2nd C.M.R.

The barbers of the town are undecided whether or not to close on Saturday. From Friday until Monday night, it is thought, leaves too heavy a growth of whiskers on some of their patrons.

A circular has been sent out by the Minister of Education, asking the co-operation of school inspectors in making Empire Day, May 23rd, a success. He suggests addresses by the teachers in the morning and in the afternoon public meetings.

—In the town of Berlin with a population of more than nine thousand people, the lovers of dogs have to pay a tax of $5.00 a year on each of their pets. A host of dogs is a reflection upon the intelligence of a community.

—The Harwood track from Cobourg is to be put in order this season. We would suggest to Peterborough Navigation Company the advisability of trying to induce the Grand Trunk to put on a regular passenger train service in connection with the steamers.

—Our local contemporary of the Grit persuasion states that the beef combine has bitten off more than it can chew. This may be true, but this g. f. j. would just here interject a remark that it has also prevented the public from doing much chewing.

The London Free Press says that the Nexon Manufacturing Company, of Ingersoll, are looking for a place to locate their works in. Peterborough should make a bid for this great industry.

—Mr. J. W. Smith, formerly in the Crown Land's office here, but now Bursar of the Cobourg Asylum for the Insane, is having a residence built adjoining the Asylum, in which he will live. The work is being done by the Ontario Government.

—Potatoes have taken a big slump in price as the result of the dropping off in the demand from the United States. A week or so ago there was a big demand for them at 80 and 90 cents abag, but since that time they have fallen so that the price is now in most places 65 cents a bag.

—In reply to a letter from a member of the Retail Merchant's Association, Hon. Mr. Scott, Secretary of State at Ottawa, writes that it is impossible to change the celebration of Victoria Day from Saturday to Monday without a change in the Act as Saturday is a Dominion statutory holiday.

—The following members and ex-members of the 40th Regiment have been recommended for the colonial force officers' decoration, viz., Lt. Col R. Z. Rogers, Lt. Col. Elliott, Major Bonnycastle, Lt. Col. Vance Gravely, Major Duncan, Major McCaughey, Major R. E. Birdsall, Surgeon Major Willoughby, Capt. Butler.

—The Lakefield News, in speaking of a concert which Mrs. Morrow intends giving in that village, says:—The concert to be given by Mrs. W. J. Morrow, assisted by Miss Florence Miller, soprano, and Mr. Joseph Legg, tenor, with Miss Meharry as accompanist, promises to be of exceptional interest to all lovers of high class music in the village and vicinity. Mrs. Morrow's name is a familiar name to most of our readers. For some time past she has been a resident of Peterborough, where she has rendered herself widely known by her faultless technical skill and the brilliancy of her treatment. Mrs. Morrow, however, is not only a finished pianist, but the possessor of a magnificent soprano voice, which according to the press notices we have been enabled to obtain she knows how to use to the fullest advantage. It is to be hoped that a large audience will greet her on her initial appearance in Lakefield.

—The Times extend its sincere sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. John Theobald, of Albert Street, in the death of their darling little daughter, which sad event took place at St. Joseph's Hospital last week. She was an unusually bright and promising child, and was dearly beloved by all who knew her.

Yesterday all sectionmen employed on the Grand Trunk Railway, who were receiving less than $1.30 per day, will in future be paid this amount, and section foremen will be given $45 a month, an increase over their present pay. Between 600 and 700 men will be benefited by the voluntary action of the company.

—The Grand Trunk will add this year forty-two locomotives to be rolling stock of the system and all the steel for their construction has been purchased in England. The company is also buying its yearly supply of rails in England, while other companies are purchasing in foreign countries.

—Parties who are spraying their fruit trees this spring will do well to be careful of the time at which the work is done. Not only is the practice of spraying while the blossom is full contrary to the law, but it is positively hurtful to the crop. When the bloom has fallen is the proper time to spray the trees, according to the report of the inspectors.

—The following from the Colborne Express fits Peterborough very nicely: The landlords of merchants in Trenton are publicly accused of doing there shopping in other towns. If the rest of the people followed their example, they would have no tenants to furnish money for the purchase of goods elsewhere. Looked at from any standpoint, the landlord should be the last man to give his tenant the go-by."

Scow Launched

The government scow, which was built at the locks, below the Little Lake, was launched yesterday afternoon by Mr. George Hickey, the builder. The vessel is about 17x67, and will be used in connection with the dredge, which is employed in the waters between Hastings and Peterborough.

A Correction

Miss Jennie Miller wishes it stated that she did not resign her position as nurse-in-training in Nicholls Hospital. The report in yesterday's Times to that effect is incorrect. Miss Miller is still anxious to complete her course, of which she has already put in two years and a half.

Mr. Stratton's Meetings

Mr. Stratton addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in Lakefield last night. He was tendered an ovation, and the applause which greeted him from time to time as he proceeded with his speech showed that Lakefield was safe. He will speak at Buckhorn to-night and at Cobourg to-morrow night.

A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them. Apply to C. Wilhemy at City Hotel.

Another Industry

Cobourg Post.—Mr. Sager the gentleman who endeavored to establish a factory in Cobourg to manufacture a cement known as "Quick Sett," has decided to locate in Peterborough, enterprising citizens of that town having taken the matter up. On Friday of last week, while the promoter was endeavoring to induce the members of our town council to show some interest in the undertaking three telegrams were placed in his hands offering inducements to locate in Peterborough. He left for Toronto on the afternoon train and met the Peterborough gentleman, and we understand all arrangements were completed to operate a plant in that town at once. After several months, members of the Cobourg Council informed Mr. Sager that Cobourg could do nothing to help him start the factory here.

THE LAKEFIELD PICNIC

A Great Day's Sport Promised for Next Saturday

A splendid programme of sports has been arranged for the great Lakefield picnic on Saturday next, Victoria Day. Trains will leave the Grand Trunk Station for Lakefield at 8.20 a.m. and 1.30 p.m., returning at 4.10 and at 7.30.

Hundreds of our citizens who have known Rev. Father Phelan all their lives will take advantage of this picnic to visit him in his own parish.

RECEIVED HIS ORDERS

Mr. Campbell, of the Street Railway Gets Authority to Go Ahead

Mr. Campbell, engineer of the Detroit Construction Company, yesterday morning received instruction to proceed with the work on the Peterborough Street Railway without an hour's delay.

This will be good news to our readers, who are becoming impatient to have the electric cars in operation once more.

Mr. Campbell has ordered the material required, and as soon as it arrives will start a number of construction gangs.

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT

Alphine Yodlers at the Opera House.

—New map of the County of Peterborough, mounted on rollers, only $2.50. Times Bookstore

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed Times.]

—Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell returned from New York yesterday.

—Mr. Alex. Brodie spent a few days in town as a guest at the residence of Judge Edmison.

—The Times was favored with a fraternal call from Mr. W. K. C. Parlee Manager of the Herald, Fredericton, N.B.

—The Times congratulates Mr. Thos. J. Kelly, whose name appears at the head of the list of graduates this year from the Saginaw Valley Medical College.

—The Times had a call yesterday from Rev. Father Phelan, the popular priest at Young's Point and Lakefield, who was in town on business.

NO ROOM FOR COMPARISON

There is no better test of the fitness of a candidate for legislative honors, than the ability and energy he has displayed in the management of his personal affairs. The man who has proved a failure in this respect or whose efforts have only been attended with a moderate measure of success, is not as likely to manage satisfactorily the business of the people as he who has exhibited marked capacity and foresight in his private concerns. This is emphatically a business age, and the problems coming up for consideration in our legislature require a much greater knowledge of the business and financial methods for their satisfactory adjustment than was formerly the case. If a representative is to take a leading position, or to carry any weight with the country a thorough acquaintance with the ways of commerce and the conditions of modern business life in the largest sense of the word is strictly necessary. The experience gained by transactions on a large scale, and personal contact with the magnates of finance and captains of industry, is invaluable as a qualification for a legislator.

Tried by these tests Mr. Stratton has far superior claims on the suffrages of the electors of West Peterborough to those of his opponent. He is an eminently successful business man. He has displayed remarkable enterprise and ability in all that he has undertaken and by the success of the various concerns in which he has interested himself, has benefitted not only himself, but the community. He has done much to build up and develop the town and encourage the establishment of industries. The enterprises in which he has taken an active and a leading part have given much employment to labor and set money in circulation. In the administration of his department he has displayed the same qualities of tireless energy, capacity for organization, and systematic attention to detail which characterize his business management. Without ceasing to interest himself in the local enterprises with which he is so closely identified, he has devoted to the public service a large share of the executive ability and business tact which have marked his private career. The result has been witnessed in the increased efficiency and economy noticeable in the management of the public institutions under his control since his acceptance of office and the excellence of the system in which every branch of his important department is administered.

Putting party administration aside, what qualifications has Mr. Miller which can be for a moment compared with those of the Provincial Secretary? He is personally a worthy and respectable citizen of fair average ability. It is not necessary to say or to hint anything to his disparagement to show that in comparison with the record of Mr. Stratton, he has done nothing to entitle him to be preferred to a public man whose career and achievements speak for themselves. Mr. Miller has displayed no such marked business competency or knowledge of affairs as should lead the people to suppose that he will be a success in political life. He has not been concerned in large enterprises or invested in means and efforts in undertakings calculated to advance the interests of the community and contribute to the general welfare. His limited business experience does not afford sufficient ground for the inference that he is fitted for the larger responsibilities or competent to deal with the intricate problems of public life.

As between the personal qualifications of the two candidates there is no room for comparison. But then in addition to the severe disabilities under which Mr. Miller labors in this regard, the political affiliations of the candidate are borne in mind, when it is remembered that in Mr. Stratton we have a cabinet minister, who can bring all his influences to bear in furthering local interests, whereas Mr. Miller, if elected, would be a member of the Opposition without prominence or power to do anything for his constituents. The balance is overwhelmingly in favor of the Provincial Secretary.

The people will not be guilty of the short-sightedness and folly of rejecting a candidate who has the power, the ability and the desire to work for the benefit of the constituency, in favor of one who could do no good if he tried.

GOT BADLY MIXED

How the Head of the Family Lost His Head at Dinner

A citizen who is not in the habit of entertaining the clergy, was told by his better half a few days ago that the minister was to take dinner with the family, and he would require to be on his good behaviour.

"What have you for dinner," enquired the husband.

"Well I know he is fond of fish, so I bought quite a string of Otonabee river fish and several larger ones from the dam."

"I'm not much at doing honors when we have a minister at the table," said the husband, "but I guess we can get through with it all right."

Half an hour later they were seated at the table, and a blessing had been asked by the minister. A little nervously the head of the family began dishing out the vegetables, and turning to his guest said: "Will you have some of the little river fish, or would you prefer some of the dam big fish?"

The warning kick under the table from his wife was not necessary. He knew he had blundered and cold beads of perspiration started out on his forehead.

"I mean," trying to repair the error, "will you have some of the dam river fish or some of the big fish?"

Worse and more of it. His daughter shyly pulled his coat tail to bring him to his senses.

"That is, would you like some of the river fish or some of the other dam fish?"

The deep carnation spreading over the good lady's face didn't mend matters a bit, and, with a gasp, he plunged in once more.

"Ahem! Which of the dam fish do you prefer anyway?"

And, strange to say, he was not even acquainted with No. 5 Dam.

The Penalty of a Fast Life

Is paid for by an irritable condition of body and mind, by exhausted energy, poor digestion, unstrung nerves, and unbroken sleep. If you must and will live the killing pace, better keep in mind the sustaining powers of Ferrozone, a wonderful tonic and reconstructor. Ferrozone is a blood maker, a nerve strengthener, a heart and brain invigorator. It creates appetite, insures perfect digestion and undisturbed sleep, restores the vitality and strength lost by excessive living very quickly. Ferrozone will do you inestimable good, try it. Price 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50 at Druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Headache.

—For honest up-to-date Photos go to Whiten, and you will get the best.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE
IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will bby a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regglar way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, izes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

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Boots and Shoes
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

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JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

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Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leeve Owen Sound 9. a. m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p.m.
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GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
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THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
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Overalls, with bib, at 48c
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Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a barg ain. Call early and get first chance

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Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

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Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.
234 George street, Peterborough
Telephone 189 [illegible] and 215, day or night

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager,
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

Mrs. Frances Russell

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VOL. 28 NO. 119 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MAY 21 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

ANDERSON'S MEETING IN ASHBURNHAM LAST NIGHT

Eloquent Addresses Heard in the Ashburnham Hall

The Liberal Candidate Gets a Good Reception

Speeches by Messrs. Anderson, Clute, K.C., and F. D. Kerr

The meeting held in the Town Hall, Ashburnham last night, in the interests of Mr. Wm. Anderson, the Liberal candidate for East Peterborough, was largely attended.

Unfortunately Mr. Anderson was suffering from a very severe cold and consequently was not in a physical condition to do himself justice. He, however, met with a very enthusiastic reception at the hands of the villagers present, and his utterances in a brief, but appropriate speech, were frequently applauded.

His exceedingly able and eloquent supporters, Messrs. R. C. Clute, K.C., of Toronto, and F. D. Kerr, of West Peterborough, were both received with prolonged applause, and the tenor of their speeches, "vote for Ross and an economical, wise and progressive Policy" evidently fell upon willing ears. Mr. Wm. Scott, of Ashburnham, acted as chairman, but no one was present in support of Dr. Ford. The meeting was certainly Mr. Anderson's from start to finish.

MR. WM. ANDERSON.

MR. Wm. Anderson.

The Liberal Candidate was the first speaker and took the platform at 8.30. He regretted that a severe cold necessitated his being brief in his remarks, but he could not let this opportunity pass of addressing the electorate of the beautiful village of Ashburnham, whom he was exceedingly pleased to meet. It was a pleasure to him to see so many ladies among the large audience, for their presence demonstrated in no uncertain manner that they took a lively welfare not only of Ashburnham and the East riding, but also in that of the Province. On Mr Blizzard's retiring from public life he had at the Liberal convention held at Norwood a year ago, nominated him (the speaker) as the Liberal nominee, and being the unanimous choice of that convention, he had accepted the nomination and was in the field to win (cheers). Continuing, Mr. Anderson stated that he was an unqualified supporter of the Ross Government, which he believed to be working in the best interests of the Province and its people (applause). I am a temperance man, have always been one, and shall ever do whatever I can in the interest of that worthy cause (renewed applause). For 25 years I have represented the township of Otonabee at its municipal board, and under the new County Councils' Act have for the last six years sat in the County Council as a representative of Otonabee, jointly with Ashburnham. I have always endeavored to do that which is right and fair and just, and must have succeeded in my efforts in that direction, as none have found fault with me (applause). Continuing, the speaker claimed that his extensive experience in municipal government must necessarily qualify him for the Ontario Legislature as much of its business is on similar lines to those of the municipalities. Turning his attention to Dr. Ford, his opponent, he considered him a good man, but after all, he said it must be apparent to every intelligent elector that a riding such as East Peterborough, which is composed almost entirely of working men and farmers, should be represented at Toronto by one of themselves (applause) and I am both a farmer and a working man (renewed applause). In conclusion, he urged his audience to go to the polls on the 29th of May and vote for Anderson, Ross and a progressive economical and wise government.

MR. F. D. KERR.

Was the second speaker, and in his introductory remarks expressed his pleasure at the opportunity afforded him, a resident of the West riding, of coming over to the East to say a few words in behalf of his good friend Mr. Anderson, who comes before the electors as a working man and a farmer, asking the suffrage of a great many voters in Ashburnham who are practically city people. But he has a right to ask for your votes because a vast majority of Ontario's people are interested in the agricultural phases of legislation. If the interests of the farmer are looked after, the welfare of towns and cities will be attended to also, because the interests of both are identical. We must have at Toronto men who understand the needs of the people, and such a man we have in Mr. Anderson, who in his 25 year's experience, as a representative of the Township of Otonabee, has demonstrated so thorough a knowledge of the duties required of him that he has never yet suffered defeat, and neither will he do so in the contest in which he is at present engaged (cheers) Continuing, Mr. Kerr did not believe Ashburnham would allow the fact of Mr. Anderson being a farmer to tell against him at the polls because in the House at Toronto there does not exist any rivalry at all between farming and city interests, they both being exactly identical (applause)

Turning to the several campaign cries raised by the Opposition against the government in years gone by, the speaker wanted to know what had become of them. What has become of the Ross Bible Cry, the Separate School question and all the other agitations used for political purposes? They were only raised temporarily, without any foundation whatever, and I am happy to say they have now gone forever (cheers) There may have been some little faults in the Ross government's administration, as there will be in any government; but as to the Ross government's record, is there any Province in the Dominion, whose record you would exchange for that of Ontario's for economy, justice, education, agriculture, development and progress? of "No, No." Cheers.

Referring to the accusations of the government's opponents concerning alleged misappropriation of public monies, unwarrantable concessions," etc., the speaker opined that the Hon. J. R. Stratton was too well-known for the people to be led away with such mudthrowing as that (cheers). And as for Mr. Garvin, it had been pointed out at a recent meeting that it would not be wise to follow his advice, because it is not sound. As a Candidate for West Peterborough at the last election, he had been rejected by a 1000 majority vote, and West Peterborough had never regretted it (laughter).

Continuing, Mr. Kerr ridiculed Mr. Garvin's up-to-date plan for the education of this Province. Mr. Garvin is a man of great ability, but his pet hobby is to devise some fancy scheme for the education of Ontario's children, and that in his Educational Council. There can be better men, there can be better systems; but the trouble is the highest standard of perfection has not yet been reached. I will ask you a fair question, "are the people of Ontario not as well educated as those of any other Province?"

A Voice,—"And better"

Take the children of the United States. They are well educated in matters pertaining to their own country, but are taught little or nothing concerning the outside world. The boys and girls of Ontario, however, stand equal to all and surpassed by none in the matter of education (applause).

Turning again to Mr. Garvin's pet theory, the speaker said he always liked to know at whose head he is to strike when necessary, and we don't want an Educational Council drawn from irresponsible men from all over the Province, and at whom one can't get back at. But as somebody said the other night, "What do we want an Educational Council for, anyway when we can get Mr. Garvin's advice for nothing?" (laughter). Going into the cost of school books, Mr. Kerr contended that Mr. Garvin's comparison of the Irish with Ontario's readers was unfair and no argument. Wages paid for labor in Canada is higher than in Ireland, thank God; it costs more to produce our books, and I for one don't want to reduce the cost of their production. Then those Irish readers were prepared years ago and as everyone knows the first cost of production is greater than that of later years. Then, the commission appointed to enquire into the cost of our school books had endorsed the government's system. This commission was composed of Judge Morgan, of Toronto, as its head; R. Brown, leading bookbinder, of Toronto, and Jas. Bane, leading retailer of books in Toronto. These three honorable men on the sworn testimony laid before them reported that the prices of Canadian school books are far below those of an almost identical character in the States, and credited the Ross government with furnishing school books at a more reasonable price than could have been obtained under any other system, which is also fair to the publishers (applause).

Continuing, Mr. Kerr stated that since taking office as Minister of Education in 1883 the Hon G. W. Ross has reduced the number of text books for Public Schools from 53 to 18; and the number of text books in High Schools from 131 to 21. Is that not progressive and wise legislation? Then Mr. Ross legislated along patriotic lines for on entering the ministry in 1883 he found that only 49 school books were written by Canadian authors as against 125 by foreign authors. He took exception to this policy and to-day out of the total number of text books used in the Public and High Schools every one but two are written by Canadians (cheers). Following out this policy of Patriotism Mr. Ross legislated that Canadian workmen should produce the books written by Canadian authors for Canadian children to study from (applause). On taking office in 1883, he found that 87 of our school books were manufactured by foreigners, but to-day under his government every one of them is made by Canadians (renewed applause) and for quality, literature and finish our books are better than those of the United States, and cheaper too. A child can go through the whole course of its Public School studies at a cost of $6.77 for text books.

In testimony to the economical, wise and progressive policy of the government, Mr. Kerr named Mr. Marter, who he said on the eve of a political campaign, left his party mates and the traditions of a life time, when he found the government was legislating in the best interests of the Province, and voted with Ross and his colleagues on the opening of new Ontario (cheers). The son of John Carnegie of West Peterborough, Mr. Fox and a couple of other conservatives whose names have escaped me, stood up and voted with the government because they put principles above party and country before policy. Mr. Marter also broke away from his party on the Prohibition vote and had Dr. Ford at that time been in the House he would have had to do likewise.

Dr. Ford tells you he is going up to Toronto as an avowed Prohibitionist, which means to vote with Ross and against his leader, Whitney, who says he would not touch Prohibition with a 40 foot pole (laughter). Dr. Ford, like the Irishman, is "A courtin' Sally." If asked if he is a Prohibitionist, the doctor will reply, "No, Sir." Then are you an Anti-Prohibitionist? "No, Sir." Then what are you? "I am a courtin' the electors of East Peterborough and hope to get in." (laughter) We in West Peterborough are going to return Mr. Stratton with a good majority, and we want you in the East to send along Mr. Anderson as a running mate (cheers) Major Miller hasn't a ghost of a chance, and on the Prohibition question is in a political fire and a mighty hot one at that. He has arranged himself in Mr. Whitney's coat which fitted well and draws in one direction; he has donned Mr. Whitney's trousers, which draw in another direction, and should he (Miller) be landed on the floor of the House, he will find himself politically alive, but horribly twisted (laughter)

In conclusion, Mr. Kerr denied Mr. Garvins' statement that Mr. S. Clegg is drawing $300 as a subordinate to Mr. D. H. Moore, the Crown Timber agent, and read the following letter in reference to this matter:

Crown Timber Office."

"T. D. Kerr, Esq.
Peterborough.

"Dear Sir,—In answer to your enquiry, I beg to state that Mr. Clegg's services and pay as my assistant during the winter of 1900-01 both ceased the day he received his appointment to the position of Superintendent of Public Works in the Newcastle District."

Your obedient servant,
D. H. Moore.
Crown Timber Office."

The speaker also gave the Hon. J. R. Stratton's word that Mr. Clegg was only receiving a salary of $800 and not $1600 as reported. Mr. Kerr resumed his seat amid prolonged applause.

R. C. CLUTE, K. C.

In opening Mr. Clute remarked that the greatness of a country depended upon the greatness of the people, and for that reason every opportunity should be given for the development of the industries of the Province, which he said had always been done by the Ross Government.

In illustration of this he took the position of the Government on the question of Capital and Labor. He said that as the production of labor increased and capital and labor have become more and more separated as time passed the tendency has been for the increase in wages to be far less in proportion than the increase in production, and for the remedy of this condition trades unions have been formed and are recognised in the laws of the country under the Ross Government on an equal footing with the representatives of capital—the heads of corporations.

Referring to the Legislation of the Ontario Government in regard to wage distribution, Mr. Clute reviewed the gradual betterment in the condition of workingmen in the province and brought to the attention of the audience, the clauses in Government contracts at the present time, providing for the payment of the current rate of wages to all workmen engaged in the fulfillment of the contract. Other acts protecting the laboring man were the Mechanics' Lien Law and the Factory Act, the latter being a safeguard against the risk of injury to the employees in these establishments. In over three score of cases besides those mentioned, the Government had passed legislation for the protection of the laboring class.

He spoke of the recent arbitration in the case of the Canadian Pacific Railway, an arbitration which had brought to the men an increase of 20 per cent in their wages, and of the recent action of the Government allowing trades unions to become corporate bodies, which gives them greatly increased influence. The principal of agreements between employers and their men for the prevention of strikes was organized by the present administration and compulsory arbitration in labor disputes was enforced [illegible] department of the Government. The benefit of the laws opposing the sweating system has become evident to all.

As to the charges of squandering the assets of the province and falsifying the accounts, Mr. Clute referred to the committee appointed by the Government when Mr. Ross first assumed control of the provincial administration. Dr. Ford had admitted at a previous meeting, the competence of the gentlemen selected to investigate the finances of the province and the report of the committee mentioned and which was quoted by the speaker, showed that the finances of the province had been kept in good order and correct reports given for many years previous.

The present surplus of the province, he stated, was something over two and a half millions of dollars, not including property, or unpaid money in banks or in the hands of the Do- returned to the province in interest minion Government, the latter having the sum of $3,000,000. The Dominion Government had offered to pay over this money if desired, but it would not be a wise step to withdraw the money which is now drawing 5 per cent., when only 3 1-2 per cent. could be obtained by reloaning it. This, he thought, should settle the question of surplus.

In opening the question of the position taken by Mr. Ross and his colleagues in regard to the immense tract of land known as New Ontario, Mr. Clute stated that the Conservatives had from the first opposed the development of that district by this province, it being due to Sir Oliver Mowat that the land had been held at all.

Mr. Ross had made an appropriation of $40,000 for the purpose of investigating the resources of the undeveloped district of the province and it was found that its value in timber and pulpwood stretched far into the millions. Referring to the charges of steals in the matter of land grants and bonuses, he denied that there is a word of truth in any of them. The method of the Government is to give licenses to cut wood on certain areas, for which a certain sum per cord is paid, the land still remaining the property of the Government and the contracts permit the settlement of the land at any time, in which case the timber thereon becomes the property of the settler. Many sections are now taken up under this law. The seven pulp mills which, it is proposed to establish will require an expenditure of $4,000,000 and the employment of two or three thousand men. In increasing the railroad facilities in that district the settlers were enabled to make the land available.

The speaker mentioned several questions in which the Opposition leader differs from Mr. Ross, among which were the taxes on banks, insurance companies and corporations, which Mr. Whitney would abolish, and the succession duties in case of there being no direct descendants on the decease of persons owning considerable estates

The policy of the Ross Government concerning the export of logs to the United States was the next question under consideration.

The aim and desire of the lumber trade has always been to secure free admission for Canadian lumber into the United States market.

The Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 gave free admission to Canadian lumber, and under it there was nothing to prevent the export of Canadian logs. At a later date duties on lumber were imposed by the Americans and corresponding duties on logs by the province. At the present time the prospects are bright for the lumbermen of Ontario.

Speaking of the expenditure in the various departments of the Provincial Government Mr. Clute stated that the cost per head for the inmates of the public institutions of Ontario was less than that of any other province in the Dominion or of any state in the Union.

In concluding his address Mr. Clute hoped that the electors of East Peterborough would support Mr. Anderson and give him a good majority, knowing as they did of his fitness for the position on account of his long experience in the municipal affairs of the village and county, and the interest he had in their welfare.

As a final statement Mr. Clute said that the salary of Mr. Clegg as Superintendent of Public Works in the Newcastle district, was only $800, and not $1600 as stated by some opponents of the Government. He further added that he was not employed by the Provincial Government, but by that of the Dominion.

The chairman, Mr. Scott, then said a few words in favor of Mr. Anderson and the meeting closed with rousing cheers for the king, Mr. Anderson and the Government.

The Choice of Thoughtful Men and Women

Paine's Celery Compound

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DISEASE

It Has a Fame and Reputation That No Other Medicine Can Boast Of

It is not what is said in the newspapers about Paine's Celery Compound, but what it does—it's life-saving work, that explains its world-wide fame and popularity.

It is well that all should know that Paine's Celery Compound is not an ordinary patent medicine ranking with the nervines, sarsaparillas, bitters and pills of the day. Paine's Celery Compound is as far beyond these common remedies as the effulgent light of the mid-day sun is superior to the tallow candle.

Paine's Celery Compound possesses extraordinary virtues and powers for health building and life lengthening.

Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., its discoverer, gave this marvellous medicine to his profession as a positive cure for sleeplessness, nervousness, wasting strength, dyspepsia rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver troubles. Since its introduction, tens of thousands have been raised from sickness and disease to perfect health and vigor. No other medicine in the world was ever so highly honored and recommended; no other has accomplished such a blessed mission amongst the sick. When the honest physician is called upon to subscribe for weak, rundown, overworked, debilitated and ailing men and women; he invariably recommends the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

At this time no household can afford to be without Paine's Celery Compound. It is within reach of all classes. It makes the sick well, and the cures are permanent. Strengthen, purify and regulate the system at once with this greatest and best of all remedies, and you will be in a condition to resist all invasion of disease.

Delaware Prohibitionists Active

Wilmington, Del., May 20 — Delegates from every county in the state were present this morning when the Prohibition State Convention was called to order. The convention will nominate a full state ticket and make plans for a vigorous campaign. Prominent among those in attendance is Oliver W. Stewart of Chicago, chairman of the Prohibition National Committee.

THE CUBAN REPUBLICS FULLY ESTABLISED

The Little Island Takes Its Place Amongst the Nations

PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS.

A Public Holiday—The United States to withdraw from the Island—The Cuban Flag Raised

Newmarket, May 21—William Brock of the last South African contingent has written home, relating an incident which has been duplicated many times during the campaign—a fight between two detachments of British soldiers. This time it was the English regulars and the Canadian volunteers who had a bit of a skirmish, and Brock claims that the colonials, fighting in the open and from a block house, forced the regulars, who were in three block houses, to cease firing on them by sheer daring and the accuracy of their fire. The letter says:

"There is talk of the war soon drawing to a close, but I cannot see it myself, for there are as many Boers in the field now as when we came out here over eleven months ago, despite the fact that thousands have been captured in the meantime. There were two columns around us last week, and they were not gone two hours before several Boers were in the sky line in front of us. They just play a game of hide and go seek, so it seems.

"Another fellow and I, of troop 15, went out just lately where the Boers have a small laager to capture a stray horse, and while coming back No. 13 troop took us for Boers, and three posts opened fire on us. We were in a regular cross fire from 18 m[illegible]. They poured about 300 or 400 rounds into us. We had to let the horse go and with our own horses seek shelter down in the spruit. I just tell you, boys, it is exciting to hear the shriek of the bullets, but we got to camp all right, if we did have a close shave, and in the meantime our blockhouse opened fire on the English posts who were firing on us, and forced them to take shelter. So you see it was the English and Canadians that time. It was great sport while it lasted, but I guess they will be more particular who they fire on after this.

"We have 40 men in the hospital yet. Another died last week, by the name of James Stevenson. He was getting along fine, but one night he and another fellow got something to eat from someone, and it killed them both. A hard boiled egg was taken from Stevenson's stomach."

Speedy Cure for Cramps and Colic

The most reliable cure for cramps, colic, dysentery and summer complaint is ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in a little sweetened water. Nerviline removes the pain and distress at once, insures prompt relief and a speedy cure in every case. Nerviline is an excellent remedy for all pain, whether internal or external, and should be in every household. All druggists sell and recommend Nerviline. Price 25c.

Celebrates Fiftieth Anniversary

Special to The Times.

Washington, D.C., May 20 — The army and navy of the United States and leading railroads and industrial concerns in all parts of this country and Canada are represented among the civil engineers who have gathered here for the annual meeting of the American Society of Civil Engineers. The meeting, which will be in session four days, is of more than ordinary interest to the members, as it marks the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the society. The first session was held this morning at the Willard Hotel and included addresses of welcome and the annual address of the President, J. J. R. Cross.

Items of Interest

Special to The Times.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 20 — The Y.M.C.A. auditorium was filled to overflowing with prominent physicians and surgeons this morning when the forty-fifth annual convention of the Missouri Medical society was called to order. The opening session was given over to addresses of welcome, general business and appointment of committees. The discussion of various important topics along professional lines was commenced this afternoon. These discussions are to continue through Thursday and promise to be of unusual note. This evening a session will be held at Lake Contrary, the principal feature of which will be the annual address of the President, Dr. J. D. Griffith, of Kansas City. Much interest centres in the session to be held to-morrow afternoon, when there will be a symposium on cancer. Drs. Roswell Park of Buffalo and Nicholas Senn of Chicago, two of the foremost cancer specialists in America, will lead the discussions.

Special to The Times.

London, May 21.—The Times announces that the coronation choir will number 400, and will be picked from the best choirs in England. There will be an orchestra of eighty, selected from King Edward's own bandsmen and other notable bodies. All music will be directed by Sir Frederick Bridge, organist of Westminster Abbey, whose new coronation anthem will be sung during the homage.

Fanfares on silver trumpets will be a great feature of the Coronation music, and they will be played by twelve musicians from the Tower of London.

Ben Davis will be one of the solo singers.

CANADIANS WERE TAKEN FOR BOERS

Three Blockhouses Open Fire on Canadians Out on a Raid

THE CANADIAN POST REPLIED

And Protected Them – Exciting Story in a Letter from a Newmarket Trooper.

Special to the Times.

Havana, Cuba, May 20. — The new Cuban Republic was ushered in with fitting ceremonies to-day. It was a fete day throughout the island, a day to which every patriotic man, woman and child has been looking forward since earliest recollection—the day of Cuban freedom. In the capital it was ushered in with booming of cannon, the playing of bands, the discharge of fireworks and other noisy manifestations of the people's delight. It was a holiday everywhere. Business was almost entirely suspended, while the people gave themselves up to the full enjoyment of the occasion. The Cuban flag was everywhere displayed, but scarcely less in evidence was the Stars and Stripes.

At an early hour people began to assemble about the palace where the ceremonies of the day—the transfer of the insular government from the United States to the newly elected officials of the republic—were held. True republican simplicity marked the launching of the latest-born among the family of nations, but the ceremonies nevertheless were extremely impressive. The hall in which the ceremonies were held was crowded with notables. The chief actors were General Wood, the retiring Governor of the island, and his staff, and Senor Tomas Estrador Palma, President of the new republic, and other officials of the new insular government.

General Wood made a brief speech, stating, in substance, that he had received notification of the election of the President and Congress; that this newly elected body had signified its readiness to undertake the grave responsibilities of government, and that the hour for the inception of its duties had arrived. In the name of the United States he charged it with the significance of the terms of the Paris Treaty, and called upon it to subscribe to a faithful compliance with the stipulations of the Platt amendment.

President Palma replied in the name of himself and his companions. He asked General Wood to inform President Roosevelt and the people of the United States of the Cuban's gratitude for the fulfilment of their desires and aspirations to be an independent people.

These brief ceremonies concluded, the Cuban Government was declared to be in force, its flag raised over the palace and the change of authority publicly proclaimed. The church bells through Havana were rung in joyous celebration of the event and a solemn high mass of thanksgiving was celebrated in the cathedral. In the afternoon General Wood, with his staff, went aboard the cruiser Brooklyn, which is to convey him to Washington.

THE TOWN COMNCIL

Met in Regular Session Last Night and Wiped off the Fyle Considerabe Miscellaneous Business

At a special meeting of the Council last evening a large amount of miscellaneous business was cleared off the fyle. Mayor Denne presided the other men, Corkery, Batten, McGregor, Turner, Rush, Rozer and Shortly.

Reports were received as follows:

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Ald. Rogers submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Finance Committee beg leave to report and recommend that the Peterborough Historical Society be given the use of the Town Council Chamber for the annual meeting of the Provincial Historical Society on June 5th, 6th and 7th and that a grant of $50 be made to the Peterborough Society towards the expense of the meeting.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted.

FIRE, WATER & LIGHT.

Ald. Clinkscale submitted the following:

Gentlemen,—Your Fire Water & Light Committee beg leave to report and recommend that when the Water Commissioners are laying new mains, the chairman of the Fire, Water and Light Committee be authorized to co-operate with the Commissioners in placing hydrants upon the new mains.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report was adopted.

BYLAW.

Bylaws were passed authorizing the Hydraulic Company to construct another siding across Hunter st.; conveying a portion of Island No. 1 to the C.P.R.; making grants to the Horticultural society and the 57th Regiment and Salvation Army Bands and authorizing the borrowing of money for local improvements.

Council then adjourned.

Peace Negotiations

London, May 21.—It is thought at Brussels, says the Times' correspondent, that the announcement in Amsterdam of the breakdown of the South African peace negotiations is devoid of serious foundation. The Patriote publishes extracts from a Transvaal correspondent It says peace will be declared May 25, and that the final conditions include limited autonomy under British protectorate, and amnesty for prisoners except Cape rebels.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:
Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine, and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING -AND- MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 21, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

There are sixteen medical men candidates in this election.

* * *

Many Boers in the British concentration camps are studying, medicine, law and civil engineering.

* * *

We are told by the doctors that people ordinarily eat too much meat for their own good. The indications now point to a healthier season than usual.

* * *

Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary is announced to address a meeting in the Opera House, Cobourg, this evening, in the interest of Mr. Clark, the Government candidate.

* * *

The Prince of Wales is exhibiting in London all the addresses presented to him during his colonial tour in order that the people of the metropolis may appreciate all he suffered for the good of the Empire

* * *

The abuse which is being heaped upon Mr. Clegg will not make many votes for Mr. Stratton's opponent. This goes to prove the old axiom:—when argument fails abuse often takes its place.

* * *

A plainspoken ship's officer has given us the most graphic account of the century's disaster on the island of Martinique, simply because he told the tale of the awful occurrence just as it was burned and seared into his mind at the time. But a host of journalists are hurrying to the scene and we will have all sorts of fantastic word pictures and weird imaginings for the next six months, few of which will throw very much additional light on the affair.

THE END OF THE WAR

There is a prospect that peace may realized after all, before the coronation. "Tis a consummation devoutly to be wished." Both parties are willing, apparently, to make concessions. Independence is not to be thought of, and England would be willing to fight for another three years, rather than concede it, and yet there probably will be the promise of autonomy, limited self-government after a certain time, and in other respects the utmost will be done to assuage the feelings of the Boers, who have proved so tough an enemy—an enemy which is still able to fight, who could prolong the war for at least another half year, and whom it is the policy of wisdom to conciliate, so long as such conciliation does not touch any of the objects for which the war was fought. It will be an immense relief to England when the announcement is made that the war is over. The strain has been enormous. The waste of life has been prodigious, nor can there be, by the nature of the case, the bare show of recompense. And after peace—what? Will the Boers accept the inevitable, and make the best of the new situation, so wofully different from that which they promised themselves when Kruger made war with a light heart, or will they nurse resentments which will one day burst out in flame? They are still fighting the hated Sassench in Ireland yet, and that old grudge is seven hundred years old. It is earnestly to be hoped that nothing will be left undone which can in any way lessen the feelings of hatred and distrust with which the remnant of the Boers will commence a new area of their existence.

THE TEMPERANCE TOWN

A little sidelight on the question as to whether prohibition prohibits is to be found in Prince Edward Island. This is a prohibition province, where, after due notice, the legal sale of alcoholic beverages was stopped. A few days ago an inquest was held in Charlottetown on a man who went to sleep and passed away, despite all efforts to waken him. The evidence showed that the deceased had had several drinks of what was described by one witness as "temperance beer"; that he and some companions had several drinks of what was admitted to be whiskey from a bottle which a seafaring man who had called at the house conveniently happened to have left behind him; that he and his companions had other drinks of whiskey in another house, where the strange presence of the liquor remains unexplained. The jury, after hearing all the evidence, came to the conclusion that the deceased "came to his death from the effects of the excessive use of alcoholic liquors, aggravated by exposure and want of nourishment." The moral of which is that it is safe to shun the "temperate beer" establishment of the Prohibition town as one would the free lunch counter "sample room" of the community where prohibition is not practised

THE TIMES LETTER-BO

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

A BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING

Editor Morning Times.

Sir,—I believe that the time is near at hand, if not here, when Peterborough should have a Board of Trade building. Such a move would result in building up a strong Board of Trade. Peterborough is destined to be one of the leading cities of the Dominion and its merchants and business men should have faith in its future, and show it in the way I have suggested.

F.M.

STOP THE PEDLARS

Editor Morning Times,

Sir,—I notice that pedling is quite in vogue here, and all sorts of articles are carried from door to door and offered for sale What is the Merchant's Retail Association doing about it? I understood that this kind of thing was to cease!

Some time ago a party came to town and did considerable business. It was under a head man and each day they took different parts of the town. They'd go to a house and when the housewife would come to the door the young man on the door-step would hand her a bottle of medicine, some new thing "they were introducing, which would cure anything from smallpox to enlargement of the heart." The bottles they were giving away were regular dollar bottles. The lady as a rule would take the bottle and say "thank you," but a moment after the pedlar would pull another smaller bottle out of his sack, with—

"Now that I've given you a dollar bottle of medicine for nothing, you'll surely not refuse to take one of these bottles of liniment for 25 cents."

The lady having taken the other bottle could scarcely refuse to buy the 25 cent liniment.

I think that these pedlars who are swarming about the town should be stopped in justice to the merchants, who pay taxes, and help to keep up the town. Why, they sell everything, even collars and ties, now, and I'll bet half of them haven't licenses. It is a great injustice to the merchants and as a rule those who buy pay double prices.

A MERCHANT.

THE CORONATION OATH

To the Editor of The Times.

Sir,—Will The Times be good enough to publish the full text of the coronation oath, which is shortly to be taken by King Edward. Is there anything offensive to Roman Catholics in the oath?

A READER

Reply.—There is nothing offensive to Roman Catholics in the oath; the offence lay in the Declaration which the sovereign takes on his accession. The oath is as follows, in the form of questions put by the Archbishop of Canterbury, answered by the King, who swears to carry out the promises made in the answers:

Archbishop—Will you solemnly promise and swear to govern the people of this United Kingdom of Great Britain, and Ireland and the dominions thereto belonging according to the statutes in Parliament agreed to, and the respective laws and customs of the same?

King—I solemnly promise to do so.

Archbishop—Will you to your power cause law, and justice, in mercy, to be executed in all your judgments?

King—I will.

Archbishop—Will you to the utmost of your power maintain the laws of God, the true profession of the Gospel and the Protestant reformed religion established by law? And will you maintain and preserve inviolably the settlement of the Church of England and of Ireland, and the doctrine, worship, discipline and government thereof, as by law established within England and Ireland, and the territories thereunto belonging? And will you preserve unto the Bishops and clergy of England and Ireland, and to the churches there committed to their charge, all such rights and privileges, as by law door shall appertain to them or any of them?

King.—All this I promise to do. The things which I have heretofore promised I will perform and keep. So help me God.

The Declaration, however is as follows:

"I (——) do solemnly and sincerely in the presence of God profess and declare that I do believe that in the sacrament of the Lord's supper there is not any transubstantiation of the elements of bread and wine into the body and blood of Christ at or after the consecration thereof by any person whatsoever: and that the invocation or adoration of the Virgin Mary or any other saint and the sacrifice of the mass as they are now used in the church of Rome are superstitious And I do solemnly in the presence of God profess, testify and declare that I do make this declaration and every part thereof in the plain and ordinary sense of the words read unto me, as they are commonly understood by English Protestants without any evasion, equivocation or mental reservation whatsoever, and without any dispensation already granted me me for this purpose by the Pope or any authority or person whatsoever, or without any hope of any such dispensation from any person or authority whatsoever, or without thinking that I am or can be acquitted before God or man or absolved of this declaration or any part thereof, although the Pope or any other person or persons or power whatsoever should dispense with or annul the same or declare that it was null and void from the beginning."

What Makes the Home?

Not the house, however fine it may be; not its furniture, pictures and appointments. The wife and mother makes the home, and to speak of going home means to go back into the shelter of the mother's love and care.

And when womanly ills sap the mother's strength, the home-life suffers. The food is not cooked as she cooks it.

Everywhere the lack of wifely supervision and motherly thoughtfulness is apparent.

What a change, then, when this wife and mother comes back to take her old place in the family. Thousands of women who, because of womanly ills, had been shut out of home life and home happiness, have been enabled to once more take their place in the family after being cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"I commenced taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' about the 10th of last December one year ago," writes Mrs. Eliza Wright, of Mountainview, Howell Co., Missouri. "I have been very slow about writing to you, although I am thankful I am here to-day and have the privilege of saying I thank you a thousand times for your kind advice. I can truthfully say that it was through your kind advice and your medicine and the will of the Lord that I am living to-day; I am in better health than I have been for three years. I have taken one-half dozen bottles of each medicine. I am able to do my washing for four in family, and all my housework, cooking and milking. In fact, I feel like a new woman."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its almost countless consequences. They do not react on the system nor beget the pill habit.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal	4,45 p.m.	11,38 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7,12 a.m.	7.29 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston	5,15 a.m.	12,33 a.m
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11,38 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7,29 p.m.	7,12 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	12,33 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West	11,35 a.m.	4.45 p.m

Grand Trunk

Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto	11,57 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9,00 a.m.	5.30 p.m
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshowa, Toronto and west	5,28 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal	8,15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc	8.10 a.m.	8.20 a.m
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local	9,35 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Lakefield local	4.50 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
Lindsay local	7.30 a.m.	9.15 p.m.

Malt Breakfast Food

The Only Perfect Health Food For Young and Old

Malt Breakfast Food is now recognized by food experts and physicians as the only true health food for young and old. It possesses all the important virtues that are lacking in other prepared breakfast foods. It is partially cooked and predigested, therefore adapted for the weakest stomach. It is the most delicious to the taste of all grain foods. It is the most nourishing, most appetizing and most energizing of all breakfast foods. It is the most economical of foods; one package makes a meal for at least twenty-five people.

Malt Breakfast Food is doing a wonderful work for dyspeptics and those suffering from stomach derangements. The use of Malt Breakfast Food for a month will banish the dyspeptic's woes and sufferings. It is always refreshing to the stomach, and tolerated when all other forms of food are rejected. It is the ideal food at all seasons for growing children and older people. Your grocer can supply your wants.

To Greet French Visitors

Washington, D.C., May 20 — Several vessels of the North Atlantic squadron left to-day to meet the French warship Gaulois, which has on board the distinguished delegations appointed to represent the French Government at the Rochambeau monument dedication. The Gaulois will be escorted from the Capes to Hampton Roads, to be met by the remainder of the North Atlantic squadron, which will convey her to Annapolis. If the French vessel arrives on schedule time the visitors will be formally welcomed at Annapolis to-morrow by the President's commission, and the following day will come to this city.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, after this notice has been posted up for one month in six public places in the Municipality and published weekly for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the Municipality, the Council of the Town of Peterborough propose to pass a by-law authorizing the Peterborough Radial Railway Company to lay out, construct and operate its railway on, upon and along any of the streets of the Town of Peterborough (except Crescent street).

The said Council will at its regular meeting to be held on the 2nd day of June, 1902, hear in person or by counsel anyone whose property may be prejudicially affected by such proposed railway, who desires to be heard, and any person so heard may appeal to the Railway Committee of the Executive Council of Ontario against such By-law.

The proposed agreement for such franchise is on file in the office of the Town Clerk and may be examined by anyone interested.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1902.

S. R. ARMSTRONG.
Town Clerk.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate.
Geo. I Roszel, Chief of Police.
T. A. S. Hay, C.E., Town Engineer.
W. J. Green, Tax Collector.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer.
W. F. Miller, Relief Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Hon. President—Hon. J.R. Stratton.
President—Mrs. J. J. McBain.
1st Vice President—Mrs. Jas. Kendrey
2nd Vice President—Mr. A.C. Dunlop.
Secretary—Mr. R.M. Dennistoun.
Treasurer—Mr. Peter Campbell.
Agent and Assistant Secretary—Mr. Geo Cochrane.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer
Solicitors—Mr. E. B. Edwards and Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
Advisory Board—The President, Secretary and Agent.
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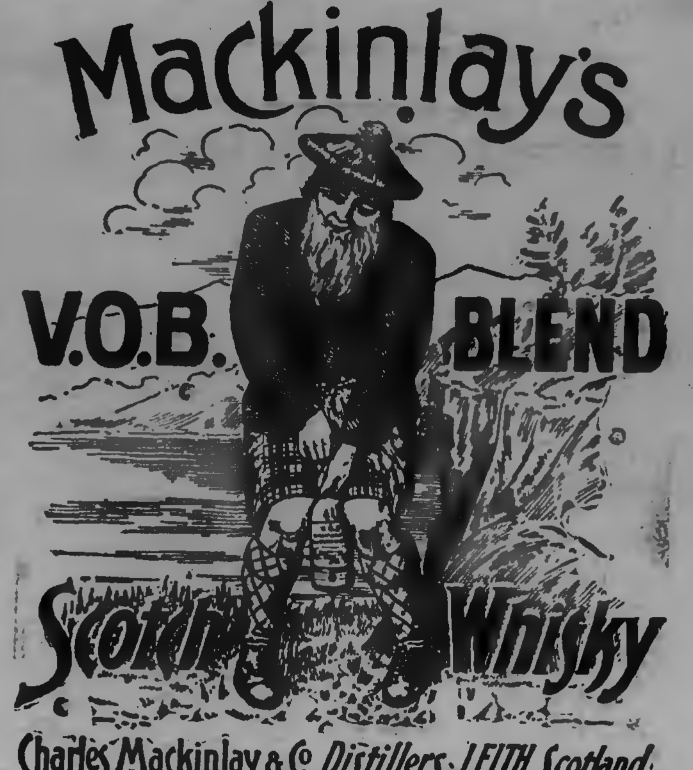

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

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MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
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with no impurities whatever.'

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
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Special to Mail Order Customers in a Fine American Piano.

—Handsome Howard Piano, made in Cincinn8tti, stands 4 feet 8 inches high, in a beautiful walnut case, 7⅓ octave, 4 pedals. A brand new piano for which the manufacturer charges $375. It is our mail order special at $285—$10 cash and $6 a month.

It may be that your preference is for one of the famous Heintzman & Co. pianos—the peerless Canadian piano—endorsed and eulogized by the world's greatest artists—the piano used exclusively by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their Canadian tour. One of these will be sent by our mail order methods. Write for prices. Terms of payment in al cases are made easy—just a little down and a little every month.

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115-117 King Street West, Toronto.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I requirr the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to repreesdt them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of th Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH
Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales
FOR EVERYBODY
COAL: GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES
DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS
GET OUR PRICES
C. WILSON & SON,
51 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
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Leave Your Money in Peterborough—

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
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Kept in stock and made to order Our Books have provincial reputation. They are the best Books on the market.

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"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"
May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
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For further particulars apply to
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COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO
STR. "ARGYLE"
(Commencing Thursday, May 22)
EVERY THURSDAY
Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m
Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

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RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.
STR. "ALEXANDRIA"
Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2.00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning
Finest excursion trip on the continent.
Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)
EVERY SATURDAY
Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
" Trenton - - 1.15 p m
" Brighton - - 2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m
"Quebec excursions commence July 6th
For further particulars, folders, etc., write
A. W. HEPBURN, Manager, Picton, Ont

LAKE ONTARIO and BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., Ltd.
COBOURG. PORT HOPE. ROCHESTER. N. Y.
STEAMER
NORTH KING
Week Day Route Commencing May 12
SOUTH BOUND.
Leaving Cobourg, Ontario.............. 1 p.m.
Leaving Port Hope, Ontario........... 2.50 p.m.
Arrive Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) .... 6.47 p.m.
Arrive Rochester (cor. N. St. Paul & Main Streets........... 8.45 p.m.
NORTH BOUND.
Leaving Rochester (Cor. N. St. Paul & Main streets .... 9.00 a.m.
Leaving Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester........................ 9.45 a.m.
Arrive Cobourg, Ontario............. 2.00 p.m.
Arrive Port Hope Ontario......... 2.50 p.m.
Baggage can be checked to any place in Rochester, and from Rochester to any point to which ticket reads. For further information apply to
H. H. Gildersleeve, General Manager, Kingston
James Evans Agent Port Hope

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.
NIAGARA ON THE SEA

THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to:
W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav., Peterborough, Ontario, or to
THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

Curious Bits of News.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 206,000. The total vote of the Prohibition party in the election of the same year was 209,000.

In the bottom of a strawberry-box opened at Hutchinson, Kan., the other day, the following note was found written on the smooth wood: "I am Cora Marsh, aged sixteen, of Logan, Mo. Never been kissed."

A man in Ray County, Mo., became convinced recently that he had incipient consumption. Every time he drew a full breath he heard a crackling sound. A doctor discovered that the crackling sound was made by a small buckle on his suspender.

A curious old custom was recently revived at Great Oakley, England, where parish lands were let by "pin in candle." The local clergyman presided. A pin is inserted in a burning candle, and so long as it remains in its tallow resting-place bids are taken. The last bidder before the pin drops is declared the tenant for the year.

A Paris schoolmaster has petitioned the French Chamber against kings still reigning on French playing cards. He suggests kings should be replaced by pictures of Thiers, MacMahon, Grevy, and Carnot; and queens by equally prominent women Republicans. The Parliamentary Commission sitting on the petition has replied that the change is impossible, since it would ruin quite a number of playing-card factories.

What is probably the most extraordinary plant ever discovered has now been found by E. A. Saverkrop, of Philadelphia, who, during trips to South America, has for some years been contributing to the collection of his friend, Professor N. E. Brown, of the Herbarium, Kew Gardens, London. The amazing plant which Mr. Saverkrop has now found is an orchid that takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty by letting down a tube into the water, the tube, when not in use, being coiled up on top of the plant.

Baltimore, Md., had a bulldog until recently, that made a practice of milking cows in the fields. Just how the dog formed the habit is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mount Washington across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all, and attacked a dairymaid who went into her barnyard to milk. He was despatched by a policeman with a revolver.

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

A pretty girl boarded a crowded street car in Washington, and a pompous old gentleman arose and gave her a seat.

After some time a number of passengers got out, and the old gentleman sank into the nearest corner with a weary sigh.

"I wouldn't get up again," he murmured, "for an angel," and then, as he caught the eyes of the girl fixed upon him reproachfully, he added quickly, "I mean, madam, for another angel!"—Harper's Magazine.

Have Women Intuition?

In a recent magazine article William S. Walsh discusses the question, "Have Women Intuition?" He does not throw bouquets to feminine vanity, for he writes:

Literature is the final expression of human thought. If women can lay claim to a special faculty of intuition, why do they not manifest it in their writings? Intuition, if it means anything, means the faculty that gets down to the germ of actions and characteristics and focuses external traits into a central verity recognizable to the general public. Now there are more female writers than male. No woman poet has ever written an inevitable line, a line that flashes spontaneously out of the unknown and casts an illuminating light upon the abyss. Woman has added practically nothing to our stock of familiar quotations. Take down your Bartlett or your anthology, and you may be surprised to find that from Mrs. Browning to Mrs. Meynell women have never coined a phrase which has passed into the common currency of speech. Mrs. Browning has indeed written fine lines, but nothing of hers can be said to have become a household word.

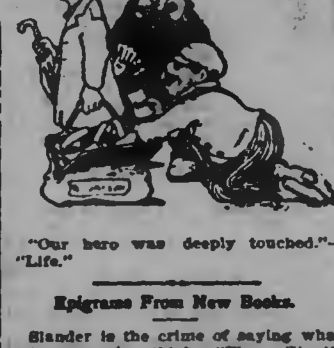
Nor has any woman novelist created any character that is generally recognized as typical. George Eliot has come closest with her Tito Melema and Mrs. Poyser. You would appeal only to the educated few if you described a person as a Tito or a Poyser. But call a man a Don Quixote, a Micawber, a Dogberry, a Falstaff, a Colonel Newcome, a Blifil, a Parson Adams, a Bob Acres; call a woman a Mrs. Malaprop, a Becky Sharp, a Beatrice, a Diana Vernon, a Meg Merrilies, and even the illiterate will mentally classify the individual as you wish him or her to be classified.

"Ah, but," you say, "in real life women are the true intuitions. They size up a man or a woman at a glance. They are never mistaken when they trust to their instincts."

I can only testify to my own experience. I have not found that women's snap judgments of character are imbued with any special verity. They form likes or dislikes quicker than man does, because they are quicker on the trigger of conjecture. They can only be one of two things—right or wrong. If time proves that they are right, as they must be in fifty per cent. of cases, the right guess is remembered and treasured up by the slower-minded man as an extraordinary instance of intuition. The wrong guess is forgotten.

Mary Anderson's Advice to Stage-Struck Girls.

Mrs. Antonio de Navarro, better known as Mary Anderson, has written a striking preface to Clara Morris's "Life on the Stage," which is on the eve of publication in England. In a glowing tribute to the American actress, Mrs. de Navarro declares: "She is the greatest emotional actress I ever saw," and adds the significant warning to stage-struck girls: "I hope she who writes this work will help to stem the tide of girls who so blindly rush into a profession of which they are ignorant, for which they are unfitted, and in which dangers unnumbered lurk on all sides. If, with Clara Morris's power and charm, so much had to be suffered, what is, what must be, the lot of so many mediocrities who pass the same fires with no reward in the end?"



"Our hero was deeply touched."—"Life."

Epigrams From New Books.

Slander is the crime of saying what other people think.—"The Giant's Gate."

The things men inherit are mostly weights; they must grow their own wings.—"In White and Black."

Those who have real merit are the last ones to see it in themselves and the first to see it in others.—"Josh Billings' Allminax."

There's times whin the divvle's a saint to what a man is, an' times whin a saint might wink at the divvle, friendly like, out av remimbrance of the ould days.—"Patricia of the Hills."

Men are singularly unoriginal when they make love or pray. Women and the Deity have been perpetually hearing the same thing from the beginning of speech.—"The Story of Eden."

Every woman who loves a man and is anxious about him is sure that if she can be alone with him for a moment he will tell her the truth about his condition. The experience of thousands of years has not taught women that if there is one person in the world from whom a man will try to conceal his ills and aches, it is the woman he loves.—"Marietta."

Not Worth Saving.

Mike (going down a ladder)—Hould on, Pat! Don't yes come on the ladder till Oi'm down. It's ould and cracked. Pat (getting on)—Arra, be aisy. It would sarve th' boss right to have to buy a new one.—New York "Weekly."

Jaggs—Doctor, my wife has insomnia very bad. She often remains awake until two or three o'clock in the morning. What shall I do for her? Doctor—Go home earlier.—"Tit-Bits."

Deprecatory.

Manager—I can't pay salaries this week. Actor—But I must live! Manager—Oh, now, don't get bull-headed!—"Life."

Miss Pomade—Where is the paint department, please? Floor Walker—Face or house?—Chicago "Daily News."

Cecil Rhodes.

Great a figure as Cecil Rhodes was in the public eye, it may be doubted whether many people have a clear idea as to the steps by which his career was built up. That he went to South Africa for his health and returned to England to take his Oxford degree; that he made a great fortune—though smaller than that of some American multi-millionaires—out of diamonds, in part by means of an amalgamation of interests; that he "acquired" Rhodesia, became Premier of Cape Colony, came to his political downfall through the Jameson Raid, and was shut up in Kimberley; these are the main facts of his career which are well known. But main facts do not invariably supply the key to the motives and purposes of a man's life, and the ideas which filled Cecil Rhodes' mind and governed his actions have had a profound influence upon the development of a country in which we in Canada have within the past three years been forced to take a deep interest.

The question of motive may be glanced at first. The extended biography which The Times published notes the remarkably successful start which Mr. Rhodes made in South Africa, when, strating as a lad of eighteen he in a year or two became a rich man. The Times says:—

"His interest in the country in which he had enjoyed two years of such strangely fortunate experience was by this time keenly stirred, and before returning to Oxford he made a journey into the north, which is of interest as having first suggested to him the great capabilities for British development of the country lying to the north of the Orange and Vaal Rivers. His trip took him as far north as Mafeking; thence to Pretoria, Murchison, Middleburg and back through the Transvaal to Kimberley. It was made in an ox waggon, at a time when the country was little known, and there were no means of communication. It occupied eight months. The rate of progression of an ox waggon is not more than from fifteen to twenty miles a day. The trip represented a walking tour of eight months through the wide-spreading solitudes of rolling veldt which filled those regions of central Africa.

"In 1872 the Boers had only been established some twenty years in the Transvaal. They were a purely pastoral, hunting, and fighting people, with a strong religious strain, deserving of respect for the sturdy independence and devotion to their own ideals which characterized them, but rude in their customs and primitive almost to the point of barbarism in their habits of life and thought. They were very frugal, very poor, without the conception of a possible development for their country than that represented by the increase of flocks and herds upon the land. Living generally in isolation upon the vast extents of grazing ground best suited to the multiplication of this form of wealth, they were wholly lacking in the intellectual stimulus which results from the interchange of opinion in the urban centres of population. Their political organization was of the simplest, amounting to little more than a patriarchal form of despotism, tempered by the individual liberty almost necessarily enjoyed during the greater part of his existence by the hunter and the herdsman on the plains. Each father of a family made for himself the laws of daily life. The rifle and the stock-whip hung side by side above every hearth. The one serious danger by which the State was threatened came from unnumbered hordes of hostile natives, who hung upon the uncertain limits of white occupation, with perpetual menace of massacre and desolation. The only bonds which drew the scattered homesteads into community were bonds of common faith and self-defence. Political unity could hardly be said to exist among a people who were unwilling to submit to taxation for common purposes. There is no reason for surprise if to a young Englishman already conversant with the methods of a developed civilization the Transvaal of that day presented the aspect rather of a rough new settlement in flux than of any fixed political organization having claim to the dignity of a nation.

"Mr. Rhodes' acquaintance with the agricultural possibilities of the South African soil in Natal, and the practical demonstration that he had received of its mineral wealth at Kimberley, combined with his personal experience of the hygienic properties of the climate to render him more appreciative than the ordinary lad of nineteen of the value of the apparently limitless area suitable to white settlement, of which his solitary trip took him over a small portion. Two years spent far from home produced on him an effect not unknown to travellers of a riper age. The latent patriotism which we all believe ourselves to share with our fellow-taxpayers had grown into a conscious sentiment. England had become a thing to love. During that eight months' silent tramp across the veldt the foundation appears to have been laid of the policy to which Mr. Rhodes' career was afterwards devoted. He has described in intimate conversation the persistence with which the thought accompanied him day by day, that the fine country through which he moved should in the future be thronged with a British population, and that no power but Great Britain should be allowed to dominate in South Africa. He saw enough to convince him of the great value of the unclaimed northern territory, and made up his mind that it must be British. Asked once in later life whether he had at that time conceived any definite scheme for bringing the country under British influence, he answered honestly in the negative. 'No,' he said, 'I only just felt each day as I looked down at the earth and up at the sky that it ought to belong to England.'"

Once upon a time Mayor Low was travelling through Germany with a party of friends. Being an excellent German linguist, he was the spokesman for the company. Upon one occasion he and his friends visited a beer garden, and after seating themselves, preparatory to having some refreshments, the pleasant duty of ordering the same fell upon Mr. Low, as usual. For once, however, he hesitated, his memory seeming to desert him. Finally after vain attempts to recall the missing word, he turned to his waiting friends, appealingly, saying:

"You will have to help me out, for I cannot for the life of me remember the German word for beer."—New York Times.

Interesting Items.

Mount Sir Donald, in the Canadian Rockies, which rises to the height of 10,700 feet, has just been conquered for the first time by the foot of woman. Mrs. Berens, the successful climber, is a young Englishwoman hailing from Kent. While at Glacier, on the Canadian Pacific Railway, on her honeymoon trip round the world, she heard that very few men and no woman had ever set foot on the summit of Sir Donald. So she resolved to make the ascent, and was all the more anxious to do so as she heard that a Philadelphia lady had expressed her intention of being the first up. Mrs. Berens successfully accomplished the climb, though she had several very narrow escapes.

The other day, when the jury in a murder trial in the Louisville courts had retired to their room, the foreman said: "Gentlemen, this is a serious case we have to decide. A man's life may be forfeited by our decision. How many Christians are among us?" Nine men raised their hands. "Will one of you pray?" asked the foreman. One of the oldest jurors said he would do his best. All knelt, and a most earnest and impressive prayer was offered. Balloting was then begun. Several jurors were in favor of a life sentence, and others for terms as short as eight years. The jury finally agreed on eighteen years.

John Dillon's outbreak in the House of Commons the other day, when he called Joseph Chamberlain a "damned liar," reminds one of the speech of Mr. Martin, a member for Galway, in 1789, which absolutely defies reproduction. He denounced a fellow-member in language of unprintable disgust, and could not resist the temptation of applying his words also to the member's sister, who sat in the gallery of the House of Commons at the time. "These Ponsonby's," he burst out, "are the curse of my country. They are ——, personally and politically, from that toothless old hag who is now grinning in the gallery, to the white-livered scoundrel who is now shivering on the floor."

A most interesting light is thrown on the approaches toward civilization made by the people who dwelt in caverns in France during the stone age by the discovery of a great number of drawings of animals on the walls of an ancient cave at Combarelles, in South-western France. Many of the drawings, which represent, with surprising skill, reindeer, mammoths and other animals now extinct in Southern and Western Europe, have become covered in the course of time with thick layers of stalagmite. Among the most interesting pictures are some which represent horselike animals belonging to two different species, and some of these animals have halters and other attachments, plainly showing that they had been subjected to the service of man.

It was only a short time ago that the table telephone became an adjunct of Chicago restaurants where business and professional men spend a few necessary moments away from the busy affairs of the day. Now comes another development in the telephone service, which promises to become a universal and indispensable feature of railway trains. The Chicago and North-western Railway recently equipped a new train, known as the "Overland Limited," for service between that city and the Pacific Coast. Amongst its features is a telephone, installed in the observation car, from which connection can be made with any telephone system along the route. A special wire of the local telephone company is dropped over the roof of the car and run through an opening to the instrument in the car, and by means of a "monkey," or wall jacket, connection is made. The passenger desiring to telephone to any part of the city or communicate with a long-distance point is thus enabled to do so, without leaving the cars, while the train stops at a station.

She Got the Potatoes.

The man who forgets the obligations in the way of shopping imposed upon him by the women of his family when he leaves the house is not rare enough to excite curiosity, but the woman with sufficient tact and wit to checkmate this loss of memory is. One such lives in Pennsylvania. The Philadelphia "Record" says that she had labored for several days to impress upon her husband the necessity of sending home a bag of potatoes.

At last, when all her persuasions and injunctions had failed, she surprised him one morning by handing him a sealed letter, and asking him with great seriousness not to open it until he reached his place of business. All the way down town he thought of the strange request, and he no sooner entered his office than he tore open the letter. This is what he read:

"Dear John—For some time past I have thought long and earnestly on what I have to say to you, and I have decided that this is the best method to communicate it. I have hesitated several times about writing to you in this way, but I find that I cannot conceal my thoughts longer. I must and will tell you all."

Here John's hair began to rise, but he heroically turned over the page and read on: "The potatoes have been out for a week. Please send home a bag. I thought by this method you would not be likely to forget."

The potatoes went up to the house that morning.

His Thirteenth Question.

Little Clarence (with a rising inflection)—Pa?

Mr. Callipers (wearily)—Uh?

Little Clarence—Pa, how do angels get their night-gowns on over their wings?—"Judge."

His Non-Progressiveness.

Farmer Dunk—That 'ere hired man of yourn is pretty slow, ain't he, Ezry?

Farmer Hornbeak—Yuss. He's too gol-vummed slow to make a successful pall-bearer.—"Judge."

"Is your husband a good provider?" asked the sympathetic visitor. "Indeed he is, mum. He got me three new places to wash last week."—"Youth's Companion."

Fables For the Fair.

A LITTLE work called "Fables for the Fair," by Josephine Dodge Daskam, is attracting amused notice in London, where it is published. Here is an example of the fables:

"There was once a woman who had the opportunity of marrying either of two brothers she preferred. Since they had both of them good points she decided to consult their sister as to which in her opinion would make the best husband. 'I think,' she said, 'that I shall take John. He is so good.' "'But,' said the sister, 'he gobbles his soup and sugars his lettuce. To say nothing of buttering his bread in slabs. We have never been able to teach him better.' 'But he reads Browning so beautifully,' cried the woman. 'You will hear him eat soup oftener than you will hear him read Browning,' said the sister."

Then, as to the other brother, "I am sure he would give his life for me," cried the woman. "If you will pause and consider," replied the sister, "you will realise that the probabilities of his being called upon to do that are very few indeed. Whereas the fact that he is very careless about brushing his clothes will be daily apparent to you."

The book is full of good things, among them the fable of a singer who sang "Annie Laurie" in a muslin gown to a country audience. "Goodness alive!" said they, "is that all? Our Jenny knows that piece." But the rival wore silver brocade and sang in German and French, whereupon the country paper remarked that "it was a real pleasure to hear old favorites rendered with such spirit." This teaches us that when in Rome we should do as the Romans don't.

Then there is the fable of the woman who could not help herself:

"There was once a woman who had never learned how to swim, although she went in bathing every day in the summer. She had a friend who had acquired the art with some trouble, and was very proud of her proficiency in it. 'It is absurd,' said this friend, 'to live near the water and not swim. It makes you very attractive to good swimmers if you can go out with them and they do not feel that you are a drag on their pleasures. What would you do in case you fell off the pier? Now watch me!' With these words she dived off into the water and swam about by herself. 'It is a good thing to have a woman swim so well,' said one of the men near by. 'Now if any of the children fall into the water she can rescue them.' Just then the woman who could not help herself uttered a scream and fell into the sea. Instantly five men leaped in to rescue her, and spent the rest of the day resuscitating her and enquiring how she was, leaving the swimmer to dive by herself. This teaches that nothing succeeds like distress."

On the 'Gyptian Railway.

FIRST TOURIST—Isn't this lovely? Just think! Pharaoh lived here, and — and Cheops, and — and Moses! It makes your head swim, doesn't it?

Second Tourist—I expect it's the bad air. It hurts my head, too. Is that the Nile over there?

"Mercy! I suppose so. Isn't it dirty? It doesn't seem as if Cleopatra could have rode in her barge to meet Marc Antony down that horrid stream, does it!"

"No, it doesn't. But that was a long time ago, wasn't it?"

"I believe so. I've seen the play, but I don't remember just when it was."

"See that crocodile basking in the sun!"

"Is he basking? Oh, Maud, that reminds me. How are you going to have your new basque trimmed?"

"Mercy, there's the Sphinx!"

"What's the Sphinx?"

"Why, it's a thing that asked you riddles, you know. Dear me, I'm not sure whether that's the Sphinx or one of the Pyramids. Just look at all those children! They must be going in for swimming."

"No, dear, it's the effect of the mild climate."

"Look there! That must be the desert. But I can't see any caravans. Perhaps it isn't a desert. Perhaps it's a mirage."

"What's a mirage, dear?"

"Oh, it's something they see in deserts. Everything is upside down, you know."

"Isn't that awful? Oh, see that handsome native? What a picture! He must be a sheikh at least. What's he doing?"

"He's playing on the concertina and passing his hat."

"What a shame! Isn't it nice to travel on a railroad where they don't have any smoke or cinders?"

"Yes, and do you notice what a balmy odor comes in at the window?"

"Yes. Isn't it fragrant? So spicy. Can't you smell the cloves? Ah-a-a, I like to breathe it in."

"So do I. I'll ask the conductor what it is. There he is. Conductor, please!"

The conductor—Yes, ma'am?

"Conductor, where does that spicy smell come from?"

"From the locomotive, ma'am. We use nothing but mummies for fuel on this line, ma'am."

One of Tom Reed's Retorts.

"No matter what you may say," declared Representative Babcock of Wisconsin to Chairman Payne of the Ways and Means Committee when discussing the Babcock proposition to put all steel products on the free list, "I am right, and I know it, and when a man is right he is in the majority." "Just so," replied Payne, "but you remember that Tom Reed used to say, 'God and one make a majority, but many a martyr has been burned at the stake while the votes were being counted.'"

The Real Reason.

A visitor to Dublin refused the services of a driver because of his ragged clothing. "Ah, sur," replied the Jarvie's friend, "you must excuse him, sur; he can't help it."

"Why can't he help it? Why does his wife not mend his clothes for him?"

"Ah, your honor, he has no wife."

"Then why doesn't he get another coat?" "He can't, sur, I assure you he can't."

"Why can't he?" "Well, sur, it has been tried once or twice, but it can't be done. He is so very ticklesome that divil a tailor in Dublin daar lay a tape on him."

The Scientific Crook.

WE seem threatened with a new variety of crook—the scientific. According to very circumstantial reports from Washington, the experts of the Treasury Department have been experimenting with a new chemical compound said to rob steel of its temper, and hence making safe-cracking easy. This compound, called thermite, is reputed to possess marvelous virtues. When mixed with magnesium powder it will destroy the hardness of a metal, enabling a burglar to cut through the best steel as if it were lead. A five-eighths-of-an-inch tempered steel plate was so pierced. The newspaper accounts do not fail to say quaky things of how cracksmen have already put these discoveries to practical use. Owners of strong-boxes are advised not to sleep too well o' nights. All this is very interesting if it happens to be true. The profession, it may be observed, has never been slow to make improvements. It was a great day for the grafter fraternity when dynamite came to town. They took up with it at once. Popular fancy endows the knock-out fiend with a large knowledge of chemistry. There is hardly any branch of Deviousness that has not participated in the unparalleled advances of the times. And much may be looked for. Sir James Crichton Browne spoke not long ago, in England, on the improvements of the poisoners' art. He pointed out the immense possibilities that lie in cultures of deadly bacteria, to say nothing of some of the recent chemical preparations. The real art, he contended, is not simply in defying detection, but in not arousing suspicion. All the famous poisoners of the Middle Ages were, in his view, a clumsy lot. It was the same old story always—arsenic, arsenic, arsenic. The tales of the magical potions of those days were fables. The Borgias would gurgle with delight before the resources of the present day. The picture drawn by the eminent English physician was not so very reassuring to them as actively cultivate the luxury of enemies, but it is safe to say that whatever be the possibilities, they will never be realized to any great extent. The fact is that any man on vengeance bound who started in to perfect himself in this line would get so interested in his experiments that he would forget all about his plot. That is one of the beauties of modern science.

Some Roycroft Humor.

THERE is a story, writes Elbert Hubbard, that bears upon its features the mellow tinge of time, to the effect that Ralph Waldo Emerson once got up in the middle of the night and, in the course of his gropings, fell over a chair or two and knocked down the family what-not. Mrs. Emerson felt softly for her mate, and finding that he was not there guessed the source of the confusion, and called in alarm, "Waldo, Waldo! are you ill?" And the placid answer was, "No, my dear: only an idea."

So that is the story, but the new version runs this way: Mr. Emerson got up in the middle of the night, and, after falling over the family rocking-chair and knocking a plaster of paris cast off the mantel, was accosted by his good wife thus: "Are you ill, Waldo?" And there was no answer—save the scratching of matches on wall, floor, bureau and chairs. This was in the day when matches came in sticks, and you broke them off.

The lady heard the matches split off, and then she heard the scrape and scratch. "Are you ill, Waldo?" again she called in alarm. "Ill! Ill nothing—why don't you say sick?—there is no one listening. No, I am not ill. I have an idea, and wanted to write it down, but these confounded cheap matches you bought of that Connecticut peddler will not light—plague take everything that comes from Connecticut, say I!" Then there was a final scratch on the wall, and philosophy came to Mr. Compensation's rescue, as he said, "Well, well, it wasn't much of an idea, anyway; besides that, I've really forgotten what it was." And he crawled back into bed. In the morning Mrs. Emerson discovered that every tooth had been broken out of her high-back comb.

Cosmopolitan New York.

The new Cathedral of St. John in New York will, in addition to its main hall, have seven "Chapels of Tongues" where German, Spanish, French, Swedish, Italian, Armenian and Chinese services will be held each Sunday. Nevertheless, by the time the great cathedral is finished it is not unlikely that the crypt and transepts and anterooms will be required for other nationalities. A clergyman called upon Bishop Potter the other day to ask that some provision might be made for religious services for some Mesopotamian immigrants.

"Really," replied the bishop, "cannot a handful of Mesopotamians be provided for in connection with your Armenian congregation?"

The young clergyman of the tenements smiled. "I do not know what you call a handful, sir. There are some eight hundred families of Mesopotamians within ten minutes' walk of where we are sitting this moment; and as for their attendance upon Armenian services, the languages have about as little in common as Greek and Choctaw."

The "Parthians and Medes and Elamites" are, perhaps, yet to come; but the most of the other nationalities mentioned as present in Jerusalem on the first Pentecost after the crucifixion are already represented in New York, and the problem now is the same as it was then.

Couldn't Figure It Up.

"Were there any trillionaires in ancient Rome?" we asked of the astute antiquarian.

"I think not," he replied. "You see, with the Roman system of numerals it would have required a carload of chalk and a blackboard as long as from here to Halifax to enable a man to figure up the interest on a million denarii at eight per cent. for one year, six months and twenty days, and by the time he had summed it up and secured a telescope to see the beginning of his figures the borrower would have died of old age."—"Judge."

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Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

BASEBALL.

Don't forget the great ball match on Saturday between the Royal Canadians of Toronto and the Coal Heavers of town

BOWLING.

A meeting will be held this evening fo the purpose of forming the rinks for th season. Every member should be present.

LACROSSE.

City League Formed.

At a meeting held on Monday night a city league was formed. The delegates to the meeting from the various teams were as follows:

Y.M.C.A. H. Ayers and George Robertson.

Athletics, H. R. H. Kenner, and R. Wasson.

T.A.S. Joe Picard and Geo. Giroux.

The election of officers resulted as follows,—

Hon. President	H. LeBrun
President	J. J. Howden
1st Vice-President	H. R. H. Kenner
2nd Vice-President	Geo. Giroux
Sec.-Treas	Fred Clarke

Executive Committee, Messrs. George Robertson, A. W. McPherson, Joe. Picard and the officers.

A schedule was drawn up, the first game being set for Wednesday evening, May 28th, when the Y.M.C.A. and the Athletics will come together. Games will be played thereafter on every Wednesday night throughout the Lacrosse season. The teams will play for the championship of the league and a trophy, and the ball will be faced on each occasion at 6.45 o'clock sharp.

The colours of the Clubs are—Athletics, blue and white; T.A.S., red and black; Y.M.C.A., black and white.

The following schedule has been adopted,—

May 28th	Y.M.C.A. vs Athletics
June 4th	Y.M.C.A. vs T.A.S
June 11	T.A.S. vs. Athletics
June 29th	Y.M.C.A. vs. Athletics
June 25th	T.A.S. vs. Y.M.C.A
July 9th	Athletics vs. T.A.S.
July 16th	Y.M.C.A. vs. Athletics
July 23rd	T.A.S. vs Y.M.C.A
July 30th	Athletics vs. T.A.S.
Aug. 6th.	Y.M.C.A. vs Athletics
Aug. 13th	Y.M.C.A. vs T.A.S
Aug. 20th	Athletics vs. T.A.S.

The following men are asked to turn out this evening at Nicholls Oval for the Y.M.C.A. Lacrosse team against the Athletics, Goal, Armour; point, Trollope; cover point, Smith; defence, Pennick, Galley and Brown; centre, Taylor; home, Robinson, Foreman and Robertson; outside, Dumble; inside, Best; spare men, Cameron and Dobbin.

The following members of the Athletic Lacrosse Team are asked to turn out for practice this evening, when a practice game will be played with the Y.M.C.A.

Goal	W. Galley
Point	E. Dillon
Cover Point	H. Morgan
1st Defence	T. Glover
2nd Defence	G. Mein
3rd Defence	H. Dunfor
Centre	O. Dusty
1st Home	M. Parnell
2nd Home	F. Whitecroft
3rd Home	C. Graham
Outside Home	E. Wasson
Inside Home	J. McCabe
Spare	Halls and Watson

GOLF

He was plastic and elastic and could
trip the light fantastic in a style
enthusiastic, with abandon that
was rare.
As a dancer, waltz or lancer, he was
quite a [illegible] — with the
creases in his pants, sir, not a
man, sir, could compare:
And at cricket, every wicket—football,
pick it up and kick it—turned a
trick at every lick—it seemed he'd
take all medals off.
When a happy, snappy chappy, with a
[illegible] scrappy, passed the
favorite the frappee at the snappy
game of golf.

THE GUN

Big Shoot at Elwood.

Elwood, Ind., May 20 — The annual state championship live bird shoot

Continued on page 2.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-E'en, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

"Which means I am a man too far beyond the pale of society to be admitted into the presence of the fair ladies of your family, I suppose," rejoined St. John, with a hard, cynical laugh.

Alexander Hamilton flushed with annoyance.

"If you call for facts, sir, I must state you have taken exactly the right view of the case. You say you have business with me; I should be glad if you would proceed as expeditiously as possible —my time is limited this morning."

Again that low, hard laugh broke from Harold St. John's lips. He turned slowly and faced Aleck, eyeing him keenly, saying:

"If I should insist upon saying what I have come here to say before the 'ladies of your family,' as you express it, what would you do?"

"I should decline to hear anything you may have to say in their presence; for to breathe the same air with yourself, I hold, would be a contamination to them," returned Aleck, hotly. "As I said before, my time is limited; say what you have to say quickly.

"This man," he went on, turning to the squire, who stood looking on and listening to this strange dialogue in utter bewilderment, "is the one who had caused Miss Ruthven so much trouble. His character is so notorious you must know him by repute."

The squire recoiled in horror from the bold, handsome stranger, and he mentally wondered what business this man could possibly have with Aleck and himself.

"Not favorably impressed with me, I see," sneered St. John. "I might safely aver I would not find much favor as a son-in-law in your eyes my good squire."

The remark fairly took the squire's breath away. Aleck sprung forward white with rage; this was really too much for a man to endure.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

The Test.

"Hold! Before you strike, you will do well to listen to my errand here today," said Harold St. John, coolly.

"My wife is within those walls, and I have come here to claim her — to summon her to my side by the right I have over her."

Both Aleck and the squire had started back in amazement; a thunderbolt falling from a clear sky could not have astounded them more.

The thought flitted through the minds of both that it was some of the servant-maids connected with the house that this villain had wooed and won. But how, when, or where, neither of them could conceive.

His wife! She should not have been under his roof a day had he known that, Aleck thought.

Aloud he said coldly if his visitor would name his wife as she was known to his household, she should be sent to him at once.

"Would you like to hear how I first met her?" asked St. John, delighting to torture his victim slowly.

"It could not possibly interest me," returned Aleck, drawing haughtily back; "and I believe I have voiced the sentiments of Squire Gordon in the matter."

"But it will interest you both, and vitally," sneered St. John, continuing: "It was when the squire here was comparatively a poor man that I met her, and it was while crossing his farm —close to the brook— that I first saw her."

His words had been like an electric shock to both the squire and Alexander Hamilton. It was the squire's voice that broke the ominous silence. A nameless horror had crept over him that he dare not put into words. What was it that this villain was trying to insinuate?

Now, the squire well knew that none of the old servants that were at the farmhouse were here —none save Margery.

It could not be she.

"She was fair as the morning," continued Harold St. John, "and you cannot wonder —bad man that I was —that I lost my heart to her at first sight. There was all the freshness and innocence of youth about her. I did not trifle with her as I might have done and left her like a broken lily, to pine away and die. She loved me in those days, and —— Well, to make a long story short, I wooed, and wedded her in the old gray church that stands on the brow of the hill, just back of the old farmhouse.

"Every one knows of that marriage," he went on, "for it was destined to have more publicity than I had bargained for; but I must not digress. To shield this young girl's name for a little while, I had the marriage license taken out in another name —this name I also gave to the minister who married us; that name was Lillian Ruthven; but I swear to you it was not Lillian Ruthven, the heiress, whom I wedded; you understand; I simply borrowed that name."

"Well?" said the squire, huskily.

"You should have divined long ere this what I have to tell you, Squire Gordon," said Harold St. John, boldly; "and that is, that the girl I wedded that night was one of your daughters, my dear sir."

"It is a lie—a most infamous, slanderous lie," ejaculated the squire. "How dare you utter it, you dastardly scoundrel? I have a mind to brain you where you stand! If your object is to extort money from me — a scheme of blackmail —you have utterly failed. Not a dollar do you get; on the contrary, I will make a public example of you, punishing you to the fullest extent of the law. My lovely daughters! dare as much as to breathe their name, and I will make you suffer for it."

"I expected to brave a storm of this kind," retorted St. John, leaning coolly against one of the beech trees, "and I am prepared for it. I still insist that I have spoken but the simple truth, if ever I spoke it in my life. I wonder you do not ask me which wife whom I have come here to claim."

"Aleck, do you hear this villain stand there and coolly defy me?" raged the squire; "put him out of the grounds at once —or call some of the servants to do it —or I shall be obliged to do it myself."

"When I go, my wife goes with me," declared Harold St. John, doggedly. "I ask you to send for her, and convince yourself in regard to the matter, before you make the affair a public scandal."

"Which young lady is it that you claim?" asked Aleck Hamilton sternly. "I am the champion of both of my wife's lovely sisters."

Harold St. John laughed aloud, as though there was something vastly amusing for him in what Aleck had said.

"I would see either Olive or Hetty dead at my feet before I would ask either of them to appear before this man to answer to his charge. I should not subject either of them to such a monstrous insult!"

At that moment they both observed Olive Gordon coming down the path.

Despite the old squire's brave assurance he trembled; the very tone of this man's voice carried conviction with it.

Seeing them, Olive hurried toward them, joining them before they had time to wave her back.

She looked in wonder at the rage-distorted face of her father —at Aleck's pale face, then at the dark, sneering face of the handsome stranger with them.

"I am sorry if I have intruded, papa," she said.

Squire Gordon had been in deadly fear.

He told himself it was Olive whom the villain claimed, there would be some flash of recognition on her face when her eyes fell upon St. John.

There was none, and the squire heaved a sigh of unutterable relief.

"Seeing you are here, I will ask you a question, Olive," he said. "Look at this man and tell me if you have ever seen him before"— pointing to St. John.

Olive looked at him intently.

"I have a faint recollection of seeing just such a face somewhere before," she answered, "but I cannot tell where or when, papa."

The squire smiled grimly.

If this man had wooed and wedded her, it was not likely that she would have forgotten easily that handsome, bold, defiant face.

"You may return to the house, my dear," he said.

Olive turned away wonderingly, but uttering no word, although her woman's curiosity was aroused wonderfully.

"Hold!" cried the squire, as she was walking away. "You may send your sister Hetty to me here at once. Not that I credit this man's story in the least," he added, turning to Aleck, "but I want to prove to you beyond a shadow of a doubt what a base lie this is."

"Be careful with your accusations until all your tests have been applied," said St. John. "I would not have brooked this much from a younger man. I am standing all this preliminary business with astonishing patience— the grand finale— expose —is all to come later. Remember the old proverb: 'He laughs best who laughs last.'"

Olive had hurried on to the house and up to her sister's room on her strange errand; but, much to her intense surprise, Hetty was not there— the pretty, low, French bed had not been slept in. Where was Hetty?

Then she remembered she had not seen her after nine o'clock on the pervious evening.

A sudden terror filled her heart, making her so faint and dizzy that she sunk down helpless in the nearest chair.

Had this stranger's presence anything to do with Hetty?

She rung the bell hurriedly, and Marie, Daisy's maid, answered the summons.

"Have you seen anything of Hetty?" she inquired, anxiously. "See, Marie— I may trust you, you are so faithful to our interests — her — her bed has not been slept in— where is Hetty?"

"You need not look so white, Miss Olive," returned the girl. "Miss Hetty is in her sister's room — where she has been all night. Mrs. Hamilton was not feeling so well as she might, so Miss Hetty begged to stay with her. They are both on the little porch now that leads out into the garden."

"Go and tell Hetty that papa wants her, please," said Olive. "He is in his usual place among the flowers."

"I will see what he wanted of her when she comes back," thought Olive. "If I were given to vivid imagination, I might almost fancy that handsome young fellow a burglar, and from the looks of the stern, awful faces of papa and Aleck, that they were trying to prove his identity.

And she laughed heartily at the idea— and it was the last laugh that rippled over Olive Gordon's lips for many a long year after.

The maid had given Hetty the message, and the obedient girl had started off toward the garden at once to obey that parental command.

"No doubt it is to show me that some of his favorite blossoms have budded," he thought, smiling as she walked along.

"Such a beautiful morning," she thought. "Ah, why didn't I think to bring Daisy with me!—she looks so white, so unearthly since that affair of last night. The sunshine and the breath of the dewy roses would do her good. She must come down to the rose- garden where papa is, with me."

(To be Continued.)

Mrs. Smith—I reckon our Jane has got a first-rate husband.

Mrs. Brown—Well, you ought to be thankful.

Mrs. Smith—I hope I am, 'Gusty. Of course, he isn't much to look at, and he ain't over smart; but there's one thing, and that is he's saving. Why, the very first day after the marriage he told Jane she'd better let him take the engagement ring back and get the money returned. He said there was no longer any use for her to wear it now that she was married.—Boston Transcript.

◆◆◆

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me how iron was first discovered?

Johnny—Yes, sir.

"Well! Just tell the class what your information is on that point."

"I heard pa say yesterday that they smelt it."—London Spare Moments.

SPARE ST. JACOBS OIL
SUFFER
RHEUMATIC PAINS

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Town Hall, Lakefield, on Monday night, May 19th.

Orange Hall, Buckhorn, Tuesday night, May 26th.

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President.
C. M. ROGER Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Owen Sound Harbour Works," will be received at this office until Monday, 26th May instant, for Dredging at Owen Sound County of Grey, Ont., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of H. A. Gray, Esq., Engineer in charge of harbour works, Ontario, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, on application to the Postmaster at Owen Sound, Ontario, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, 13th May, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

"Look at that bicycle," said a lady as she identified a machine in a cloakroom, and saw that it had been badly knocked about and was quite useless for riding purposes.

"Yes, ma'am. I've been looking at it," said the official.

"Why, it is all smashed to pieces!"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, what do you propose to do about it?"

"I'll report to the foreman, ma'am, and he'll report to the station master, the station master to the general manager, and he to the board of directors, and in three or four years a solicitor will call upon you to ask you why you didn't travel with your bicycle in a properly made case. That is the way we do."—London Answers.

◆◆◆

"Henry!" said Mrs. Enpeck in a tone of voice that was meant to command attention.

"Yes, my dear," meekly answered Henry.

"I'm actually ashamed of you," said the strenuous half of the aggregation. "Are you aware that you deliberately yawned while Mrs. Neighbors was here this evening?"

"Of course I am, my dear," replied the unhappy man. "You certainly didn't expect me to sit all evening without opening my mouth, did you?"—Chicago News.

◆◆◆

The New York Sun the other day printed a list of "fifty best American poems," whereupon a Princeton professor immediately wrote to the editor complaining of the failure to include any of Dr. Henry Van Dyke's poems. Surely, he wrote, there should have been a place for that exquisite masterpiece of his to which The Sun referred last fall, containing those never-to-be-forgotten lines:

"In spring time, the birds upon the tree
Sing tweedledum, tweedledum, tweedledum dee."

A Temptation Resisted.

IT was on the frontier. A woman stood in the door of the house, looking at a distant tendril of smoke that trailed in the sky, the smoke of the eastbound passenger train. She listened to the harsh creaking of the corn, and her face grew set.

"Rick had no right to bring me to such a place," she thought, forgetting how willingly she had come.

A man drove into the yard, tied his horse to the wheel of the wagon and came toward the house.

"Don't you know me, Kate?" he called loudly, to be heard above the wind.

"Why, George Gilbert, is it you?" she exclaimed. She held out her hand. "How did you ever happen to get here? Come right into the house. Rick's gone to town for coal."

The man followed her into the main room of the house, which served the double purpose of parlor and kitchen. In one corner stood the stove; above it a long shelf covered with neatly scalloped papers, on which stood the lamps and tinware. A safe with perforated tin doors was in another corner. A bit of ingrain carpet, a rocking chair and a round table with a red cover made the parlor.

"You see, I'm traveling for a grocery house," the man said, sitting down, "and I make Houston now, and your folks said I must be sure to come out and see you. How are you doing?"

"Doing!" Kate cried, scornfully looking around the room. "Can't you see Making just enough to keep soul and body together—corn fourteen cents and we're nine miles from market."

"Why don't you come back home?" he asked, leaning forward in his chair and noticing how much Kate had aged since she came west.

"Rick never seems to think of it. Besides, I don't think we've got money enough to take one of us, let alone both. I just long to go. Sometimes it seems like I'd go wild staying here. A man can get along better'n a woman."

"Are you coming?" he asked.

She stood a moment straightening the cover on the table.

"Yes, I'll go," she said decisively. "There are a few things I must take, but I can be ready in half an hour."

"It's four-thirty," George called.

She laid her hat and cloak on the bed.

"I'm glad I baked the bread and dried apple pies this morning," she thought. "Men are so helpless about housework. I must leave some word of where I'm gone. I guess he has tried to be good to me, but he has no right to keep me here."

She found a sheet of the thin blue-lined paper on which she had so often written to her folks. She sat down on the bed with the ink bottle on a chair near by.

"Dear Rick," she wrote, then hastily crossed it out and began "Rick." Then she was motionless for a time, her eyes fixed on the ceiling. At last she wrote "George Gilbert is here and is going to lend me money to go home on. I cannot stand it here any longer. I hope you will forgive me, for I know you have tried to be good to me and ——"

She threw down her pen and ran into the kitchen. George stood in the doorway smoking and looking down the road.

"Ready?" he asked, without turning.

"Oh, I can't go!" she cried huskily. "I can't go! He has done his best. It would be wicked when he has worked so hard. Poor Rick!" She sat down and covered her face with her hands.

"All right," George answered. "I was willing to take you; but, if you think you'd better not, that's all right. I don't want to interfere, as I said before."

She watched him out of sight. Then she went into the house and laid her clothing back in the trunk. Her letter lay on the floor. She picked it up and threw it into the fire as if it had been something unclean. She watched it blaze and turn to a white ghost, which she crumbled with the poker. When the house had taken on its ordinary look, she put the teakettle on the stove and set the table for supper. As she cut one of her pies she smiled. She was to eat them, after all.

The wind had gone with the sun, and it was dusk when she heard the sound of wheels. She took the lantern from the high shelf, lit it and set out for the barn.

"Is that you, Rick?" she called.

Kate held the lantern while her husband unhitched and fed his horses. Then they walked together to the house. Through the open door a block of light fell on the ground, and within the red tablecloth and white dishes shone pleasant and cheerful.

"I've got some good news, sis," Rick said across the table as he helped himself to a third cut of pie. "Old man Shutz wants to buy this farm; says he don't like the way my land gouges out the corner of his section. He will take up the mortgage and give me six hundred dollars clear. It ain't much, but we can go back home and begin over again—begin over again in a country where a man gets a decent living for his sweat and labor."

Kate laid her head on the table and began to cry.

"Why, sis, ain't you tickled?" he asked. "I did it because I thought this was no place for you."

"I am awful pleased," she answered, "but I was so tired I thought mabbe you didn't care."

In the night the wind came up and set the cornstalks creaking and rustling with a thousand whispers, but they said to Kate, "Years fly, years fly—good-by, good-by." Now the whisper of the wind was sweet to her as she lay listening. "Years fly, years fly—good-by, good-by." — "Waverley Magazine."

50 Doses for 25c

IF THEY CURE YOU.

50 Doses for Nothing

IF THEY DO NOT CURE YOU.

These are the terms upon which we will mail you a full size box of either

Dr. Dean's Nerve & Blood Builder

—OR—

Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills.

We know you never tried the equal of these wonderful remedies and that's why we can offer to send back your money if you buy them and are not perfectly satisfied.

Send 25c. in stamps and get a box by return mail.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 21 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Posters for the farmers' pic-nic a Jubilee Point on June 12th are now being printed.

—The Regiment had a march out last night with both bands. Regimental inspection will take place on Friday, Jun 27th.

—"How much for children's pictures?" said a lady to Mr. Whiten yesterday. "Two dollars a dozen," was the reply. "Why—er—yes; but I've only got nine."

—Mrs. (Capt). Lane has arrived in town, and has assumed her duties in connection with the City of Peterborough. Mrs. Lane made a very popular stewardess when formerly identified with the 'City.'

A local politician in one of his speeches recently dubbed Major Miller a "temperperance bootmaker." This great family journal would rise right here to remark that the need of temperance boots is apparent, for, though they're not generally drunk, it's a notorious fact that they're after being tight.

—At considerable length the superintendent of a Sunday School, not far from Peterborough, had set forth the culpability of the sluggard, who, he said, needed only the spur of a worthy motive to become a useful member of society "Now, then, boys," he asked, in a more animated manner, "what is the matter with the sluggard?" "He's all right!" yelled the boys, in chorus.

—The concert to be given in Lakefield, Thursday, May 22nd, should draw a large and cultured audience. Mrs. Morrow's appearing here always draws a crowded house of those musically inclined, as her name alone is all that is required. She will be assisted by a number of her advanced pupils, and as Lakefield residents always look forwards to the "best" they will do well to attend.

—At the regular Literary meeting of the George street Epworth League held on Monday night, the subject being "Women of Methodism," short papers dealing with the life and work of "Susanna Wesley," Barbara Heck," and "Dinah Morris" were read by Misses Ethel Miller, R. M. Finley, and Edith McClennan. The musical portion of the programme consisted of a quartette by the Misses Hill and Messrs Turner and Maguire, a vocal solo by Miss Clara Belleghem, and a male quartette by Messrs. Miller, Maguire, Turner and Doidge. The Executive Committee of the League met last night, when matters of importance were attended to.

Don't Like the Chinese

The Chinamen who reside in town have no bed of roses. They are frequently teased and annoyed by the "foreign devils" in the shape of school boys, who guy and frequently try to insult them. Yesterday afternoon a stone, weighing perhaps a pound, was thrown through the window of the Chinese laundry at the corner of Aylmer and Hunter Streets. The rock was thrown by a man who is old enough to know better. Chief Roszel was sent for and is now trying to locate the culprit.

Death of Mr. Richard Cavanagh

The news of the death of Mr. Richard Cavanagh will come with a great shock to his many friends this morning. The deceased had been ailing for some months, but was not thought to be in any immediate danger. He took suddenly worse on Sunday, and gradually sank until 8.30 o'clock last night when he passed away. "Dick," as he was familiarly known, was the eldest son of Mr. T. Cavanagh, of the Cavanagh Hotel, Simcoe Street, and was about 28 years of age. He was very popular with the patrons of the house, and will be greatly missed by his many friends. The Times extends its sincere sympathy to the widow and other relatives in their great affliction. Particulars of the funeral will be announced in to-morrow's issue.

Chemong Park Booming

Mr. George H. Brown, the popular proprietor of Chemong Park Hotel, was in town yesterday, and gave The Times a call. Mr. Brown says that the outlook for a good season's business was never more promising. He expects to have every room in his house taken by the time the season opens. The cottages in the park are all rented, and new cottages are to be erected. The Park is evidently on the eve of a great boom.

THE CAMPAIGN

The Contest in West Peterborough Progressing Satisfactorily

The election contest, so far as West Peterborough is concerned, is progressing satisfactorily. Hon. Mr. Stratton had a flattering reception at Lakefield on Monday night, and again at Bridgenorth last night. His old friends and supporters are rallying around him in great numbers, and mean to give him as large, if not larger, majority than he had four years ago. Amongst his supporters are many Conservatives, whose desire to see their County progress and stride forward is greater than mere party ties. They know that Mr. Stratton's first duty is to his constituents, whose welfare he always has at heart. From every direction come omens of victory on the 29th for the popular Provincial Secretary.

Mr. Stratton's opponents are whistling hard to keep their courage up. The most they hope to accomplish is to reduce the majority of the Provincial Secretary, in the belief that it will discredit him with his colleagues and with the electors of the Province. Is there anything patriotic in this? Would it not be of far, far greater advantage to the electors of West Peterborough, for whom he has labored so hard and so earnestly, to strengthen his hands to battle for them by increasing his majority? This is the view The Times takes of the matter, and it is the only conclusion any loyal and patriotic citizen of Peterborough, not irrevocably wedded to party, can arrive at.

Nervous, Sleepless and Exhausted

Not sick enough to lay up, but you are out of sorts, blood is weak, nerves unstrung, kidneys deranged, vitality is low. You should take Ferrozone at once; it will enrich, strengthen and purify the blood, invigorate and pacify the nerves, and increase your energy, vitality and power. Ferrozone will renew your appetite and digestion, make you sleep soundly—in —fact will make you well. Try Ferrozone. Price 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50; at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

TO BE INTERRED HERE

The Remains of the Late Rev. Mr. Adam, of Hastings

The remains of the late Rev. Mr. Adam, Methodist minister of Hastings, whose sudden and unexpected death was recorded in these columns yesterday, will be interred in the Little Lake Cemetery this evening. A funeral service will be conducted at the Methodist church, Hastings, at four o'clock in the afternoon, and the remains will be conveyed to Peterborough on the 8 p.m. train.

The deceased was 47 years of age, and was a most successful worker in the Methodist ministry. He has held a number of important charges, being stationed at Bobcaygeon, Millbrook, Hastings and other places. He was an ardent revivalist and an earnest worker. Besides being an eloquent preacher. The late Mr. Adams was very popular amongst his fellow-clergymen. He was also much sought after by the various circuits and his removal from each charge at the termination of his term was a matter always to be regretted.

He married a Miss Elliott, of Smith, a sister of Messrs. Geo. E. and E. M. Elliott, of Peterborough, who together with one son survives him. The late Mr. Adams had many warm friends in Peterborough, all of whom will regret to learn of his unexpected demise.

LACK COW SENSE

People Get Willful

A cow or a horse or even a dog will refuse to eat or drink what the animal knows to be harmful, but mankind will persist in pouring in coffee even after having been fully assured that it is steadily killing him. Once in a while they wake up and do the sensible thing.

A lady says, "Why will people wait as long as I did when it is so easy to save oneself the suffering caused by coffee drinking? After using coffee several years I discovered that I was breaking down nervously. I consulted several doctors, but in spite of everything, steadily grew worse.

One physician advised me to quit coffee and I tried quitting by the use of will power, but every time it was a miserable failure.

My stomach was in dreadful shape and I was unable to sleep at night, nervous prostration set in and I became barely able to drag about.

One day while visiting a minister's wife, a motherly old lady, she proposed to give me a cup of coffee, the kind she had been using three times a day for three years. So she brought out a cup of the most fragrant, delicious beverage. It was coffee and it was not coffee. I tried it and was eager to know how it was made.

She said, "Five years ago I was affected much as you are, but I quit drinking coffee and began using Postum Food Coffee, and that produced the result you see and restored me to health.'

She said a lot more and when I went home I got a box of Postum and began using it. Such a soothing effect took place and I began sleeping nights and felt a relief from my awful nervous tension. Gradually and surely I got well and now feel as strongly and healthy as a woman should at my age, with all my old-time energy restored.

I earnestly entreat all coffee drinkers to change to Postum. What is the use of suffering day and night because of some paltry coffee when one has but to leave it off and use Postum to be well. and I think anyone will agree with me that health is worth everything else; money, property or fame." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing —Ed. Times.]

—Mr. W. Sherin, Lakefield, was in town yesterday.

—Mrs. Dr. Yelland, of Omemee, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. John Crane will not receive again until the third Friday in September.

—Mr. R. C. Clute, K. C. who addressed Mr. Anderson's meeting last night, was the guest of Mr. J. B. McWilliams.

—Billy Ponton, of Napanee bank robbery fame, has been appointed British consul at Bocas del Toro, Mexico. Billy's many Peterborough friends will be pleased to hear of his success.

—Mr. Richard Hall. Mayor Denne and Mr. E H. D. Hall leave to-day for Preston Springs, where they will remain a a couple of weeks. Mr. Richard Hall desires The Times to state that he regrets his absence from town will prevent his attendance at St. Andrew's Church next Sunday evening, to hear Mr. Potter's eloquent sermon on Nicholls Hospital affairs.

—Mr. Wilkinson Hartley, J. P., of Nelson, England, one of the seven Commissioners sent out by the English Cotton Manufacturers Association, to inquire into the American system of cotton making, is spending a few days in town with relatives, and is at present a guest at the residence of Mr. S. Clegg. The Commission has now completed its work, the importance of which may be estimated from the fact that a reporter from the Manchester Guardian accompanies the members on their tour. The party is now in Montreal, and will remain in Canada for the balance of the week.

The Lakefield Picnic

Don't forget the great Lakefield pic-nic on Victoria Day. Cheap fares on the Grand Trunk, and a special to bring you home at night. Everybody should attend this charming outing.

DOURO.

(From our own Correspondent.)

—The farmers are happy now that their spring seeding is done.

—Everybody in Douro appears to read The Times. Indeed it is the peoples' paper, so far as this township is concerned.

—Scarlet fever has broken out in the township. I am told that one case of a poor woman Her house was placarded on Saturday and the Board of Health didn't meet until Tuesday afternoon. They thus gave her lots of time to get better or worse, and neighbors say that people went in and out where the fever was, but that is not true. They also said that a conveyance was engaged to take them to St. Joseph's Hospital, but this was also untrue. We are very sorry that our Reeve is not prompt in a matter of this kind.

—The Council will no doubt do everything possible to facilitate the work of extending the Street Railway to Lakefield.

—It is rumored that Sir Richard McBride, President of the Lime Juice Club, has returned from South Africa, and will open a branch of the Club in September, at an early date.

The Concert Last Night

The concert at the Opera House last night given by the Yodling Company, under the auspices of All Saint's Church was a decided success in every sense of the word, and much credit is due the company for the pleasing manner in which each and every member of the company took his or her respective part. Each one being enthusiastically received by the audience. The different costumes worn by the different members were of a very pretty and costly nature. Following is the programme,—

PART I.

Yodling March...... ....Quartette
Greeting...... ....Zither Duo
My Creole Sue... ... .Quartette
Mountain Flutes (Sheep-boy's Whistle in the Mountains) ....Dou
Sunrise in the Alps...... ....Yodling
Franz Reilhofer in his Mimic Act, impersonating prominent people.

Intermission.

PART II

Medley of Popular American Songs
Alpine Violin Solo (Bow Zither) ... ...Franz
Contra Alto Solo... ... ...Miss Wally Gruber
Xylophone Duo
Hunters' Joy...... ....Yodling Quartette
Evening Bells, Zither Solo ...Miss Kathie Kirchmier.
Echo in the Mountains, Yodling Solo... Therese Reilhofer
Sketch, "Boarders Wanted" ... Franz and Wally

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure W E Grove's signature is on each box. 25ct

General - Sports.

Continued from page 5.

which opened here to-day under the auspices of the Zoo Rod and Gun Club promises to be one of the most successful tournaments ever held in the state. Crack shots are present from all parts of Indiana and from several other states. The Lieber trophy, emblematic of the state championship, is the chief prize.

Chicago, Ill., May 20 — Watson's Park is the Mecca of the shooters today, the occasion being the twenty-eighth annual tournament of the Illinois State Sportsmen's Association.

A four days' programme has been arranged and a successful tournament is assured. A number of extra prizes are hung up this year.

NOTES

—An athletic association has been formed in Oshawa, and a fine piece of land purchased, which is being rapidly put in shape for lacrosse, baseball and football. A large grandstand will be erected.

Freehold, N.J., May 20 — There was a large attendance of well known shots this morning at the opening of the annual tournament of the New Jersey State Sportsmen's Association. Some excellent scores were made in the five target events which comprised the morning's programme. This afternoon the individual state championship, at 50 targets, is being shot off. The tournament continues until Saturday.

Unmistakable signs of Catarrh

If you have a ringing in the ears, dropping in the throat, bad breath, headache, morning weakness, bad taste in the mouth, then it's catarrh. Use Catarrhozone Inhaler four times daily and erradicate this awful disease from your system. Catarrhozone kills the germs, heals the inflamed membranes, clears nose, throat and air passages by one application. Catarrhozone quickly remedies the head noises and deafness, prevents dropping and is warranted to cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung troubles. Two months' treatment costs $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month.

A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magizines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelops 10cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices. Times Bookstore.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will bhy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regglar way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, izes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearlyall of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

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Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St, Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

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JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

VICTORIA DAY

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSTED AT

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902

Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN
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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 19

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y,

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

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Describing the route of the

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Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

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TORONTO ONT

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 45c
Smocks, at..... ....90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

26½ George street, Peterborough
Telephone 180 116 and 115, day or nigh

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
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The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 120 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MAY 22 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

DEATH FOR LOOTERS OF STRICKEN ISLANDS

Robbers of the Dead at St. Pierre and St. Vincent Islands Shot

MANY OTHERS ARE SENTENCED TO PRISON

Women Were Among Them—Measures Taken to Check Crimes—The Work of Succor Progresses

Fort de France, Martinique, May 21 —Acting Governor L'Huerre is taking precautions to prevent wholesale looting at St. Pierre during the relief work. The french troops and the revenue officers have been ordered to watch out for this business. A small boat with officers was sent to St. Pierre. The officers arrested on three days eighty-one looters. Eleven of these were women.

The officers shot many of the looters whom they found robbing the dead. The shooting of these people has been hushed up, as the French law does not justify any such action.

Presiding Judge Desfontaines sentenced seventy men and four women to various terms of imprisonment. The men were sent to prison for five years and the women for three. Attorney General De Trevoux de Breffeillac does not think these sentences are severe enough, and will appeal the cases to the Paris assized. The Martinique laws have jurisdiction over penitentiary offences of which the maximum penalty is five years. Looting is a crime which belongs to the assize Court. Notwithstanding this, it is stated that the acting judge at Morne Rough, the summer resort outside of St. Pierre, sentenced one looter to twenty years imprisonment.

The people attacked and tried to lynch the looters while they were being taken to jail. The gendarmes drew their revolvers and the people fled, cursing the looters as they went. There were no casualties.

The people generally are highly excited over the looting and are anxious that the criminals shall be tried by the higher courts and more severe sentences imposed.

The French cruiser Suchet, with Acting Governor L'Huerre, Senator Knight, Deputy Clement, Col. Dains and Chief Surgeon Lydin Aboard, sailed from here yesterday morning for the cities she had not visited to the north of St. Pierre.

She stopped at St. Pierre and lowered boats, which were quickly recalled, as the volcano was roaring and emitting dense volumes of smoke. The boats returned immediately and the Suchet left. At Grande Riviere the Suchet found that the river had overflowed its banks. Provisions were delivered for the refugees, and twenty-five of them were taken on board the cruiser.

The Suchet steamed slowly along the coast, taking soundings. At some points no bottom could be found and at others reefs of rocks were discovered where none existed before.

At Basse Point many persons swam out to the Suchet and asked to be taken aboard, but the Captain had to refuse them as he had his vessel crowded already. Provisions were distributed at Riviere Blanche, where the former bed of the river was found to be covered with mud twenty feet deep.

The doctors went ashore and examined the situation closely. They ordered that the bodies should be burned and that the people should leave the place. About five persons were brought to Fort de France. A chemist who was aboard the Suchet analyzed the sand or ashes that Mont Pelee emitted and found them to be a composition of sulpher and saltpetre. The party returned to Fort de France last night.

SEARCH FOR PRENTIS'S BODY

St. Lucia, B.W.I., May 21 — Capt. McLean and Commander Gilmour of the Cruiser Cincinnati and Consul Ayme, with a guide, went on Friday to St. Pierre, Martinique, to search for the body of Mr. Prentis, the American Consul, and also for the bodies of the members of his family.

The guide located the American Consulate in a mass of stones. He penetrated the ruins and found much silverware marked "M."

A skeleton was found in the courtyard, but there was no evidence to identify it. Several tons of stones must be removed before any positive identification can be made. The mark "M" on the silverware probably represents the name of Consul Prentis's wife.

The investigation of the ruins and the search for the bodies will be continued.

PAUL MERWART A VICTIM

Paris, May 21 — A despatch from Fort de France to the Republique Française says that Paul Merwart, a painter, was a victim of the eruption.

On the morning of the catastrophe he was sketching the crater of Mont Pelee. He sent a written message to a friend in Paris to this effect: "This bad air is overcoming me." The messenger arrived at Havre to-day.

NO MORE AID NEEDED

Washington, May 21 — Consul Ayme, who is in Martinique, has informed the State Department that in his opinion the public subscriptions of money may as well be stopped, as the provisions already made by this Government for the relief of the islands are sufficient.

The President has requested the Secretaries of War and of the Navy to ask the officers of their respective Departments now on relief duty in the West Indies to report immediately their opinion as to the necessities of the inhabitants of the afflicted islands.

The Navy Department received this morning the following cable despatch from Commander McLean of the Cincinnati, dated May 20, at St. Lucia:

"Excitement Martinique calming down. Many refugees not destitute or starving, but frightened by appalling disaster at St. Pierre, and grave but less serious damages in more northern portion of island, were leaving estates and sections which had not suffered. Many cases of pillaging in those districts. Government taking action to stop it. In some northern districts many cattle may die because of volcanic dust over vegetation. A few good rains would cure much of this condition.

"To-day visited and explored ruins United States and British consulates at St. Pierre. Found some portions charred remains of bodies.

"Potomac returned to Fort de France. Reports disaster St. Vincent very serious. I believe volcanic worse, and in some respects condition of living as bad or worse than Martinique."

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY

It Will Not be Celebrated in Canada This Year

Ottawa, May 21.—There will be no observance of the King's birthday in Canada this year. May 24 is now a permanent Dominion holiday and will be observed as such throughout Canada next Saturday There can be no change from this date to Monday to suit the convenience of merchants and others. Thursday, June 26, will be observed as a public holiday. A Governor-General's proclamation making the holiday legal will be issued in due course.

Sometime prior to November 9, the anniversary of the King's birthday, a proclamation will be issued fixing May 24, as the date on which to observe the anniversary next year and thereafter during the King's lifetime.

Tests Safes With Explosives

Special to The Times.

Huron, S. Dak., May 21 — Not the least interesting feature of the annual convention of the South Dakota Bankers' Association which began here to-day is to be the test of so-called burglar-proof safes. Manufacturers in various parts of the country have sent samples of their best wares for the purpose of the demonstration and their capacity to withstand the attacks of the cracksmen will be tested by dynamite, nitroglycerin and other high explosives. The convention, however, does not depend on this spectacular demonstration for its interest, as an exceedingly attractive programme of papers and addresses will be carried out. Burglar insurance, indemnity bonds and general banking business are some of the subjects to be discussed by men prominent in banking and financial circles.

NINE DROWNED AT KILLARNEY

English Tourists' Boat Overturned During a Squall

Special to The Times.

Cork, May 21.—A party of nine tourist from Graham's Hotel on the shores of the lakes of Killarney, chartered a boat yesterday to row on the lower lake.

The boat has been found with the bodies of two women and a man, entangled in the wreckage. It is surmised that the boat capsized during a squall and that all on board were lost. The party consisted of English tourists connected with the Pickwick Bicycle club.

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists

Special to The Times.

New Castle, Pa., May 21.—The Prohibition state convention assembled in the Central Presbyterian church this afternoon and was called to order by Charles H. Jones, chairman of the state committee. Nominations will be made tomorrow for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs. There are four candidates for the head of the ticket. They are ex-Mayor James Mansel of Williamsport, Lee L. Grumbine of Lebanon, Dr. Silas Swallow of Harrisburg and John E. Gill of Franklin.

Irritating Pimples and Disfiguring Blotches

Mr Benjamin Dillon, of Leeds, Ont., was cured of muscular rheumatism by Polson's Nerviline, and says: "I feel my duty is to proclaim Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for rheumatism; it cured me after 30 years suffering, and nothing I know of can equal its penetrating power. Nerviline simply has no equal in quickly relieving and curing rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica and lumbago. A trial will convince anyone. Price 25c.

200 DEAD IN MINE EXPLOSION

Fraterville, Tenn., Near Coal Creek, Scene of Accident

Knoxville, Tenn., May 21 — In an explosion through firedamp in the Fraterville coal mine near Coal Creek this morning at 5.30 o'clock perhaps 200 men were killed. Out of those in the mine only five were recovered. One of these is still alive but he will die.

Supt. Camp said this afternoon that in his office he had the check tags of 179 contract miners who entered Fraterville mine this morning. He said the day laborers and boys who worked in the mine would probably bring the number up to 200 and perhaps more.

Soon after the explosion the rescue party was organized in the hope of saving lives. The party was unable to go more than 500 yards in the mine on account of slate having fallen in the main path, and also on account of the stifling smoke and gas and the excessive heat. The latter indicates that the mine may be burning. It is three miles from the mouth of the mine to the place where the men were at work, and this distance will have to be traversed to get to them. Upheavels of earth, coal and slate will have to be removed to reach the place.

William Morgan, the only man taken out alive, remains unconscious, and no one has been found to explain exactly how the accident happened. Morgan is an Englishman with one leg, who has been in the mining business a half century, and is a pioneer in the Coal Creek district. Knoxville undertakers sent over 100 coffins to Coal Creek to-night and will ship more in a few days. Most of the miners were married and lived at Coal Creek and Briceville.

The mine had two entrances, a mile apart, at Fraterville and Thistle. They met at a point 6000 feet in and 300 men were generally employed, although the Thistle side had been practically abandoned. The property is owned by the Coal Creek Coal Company, of which Major E. C. Camp of of Knoxville is President. The mine was opened in 1872 and was considered safe. State Labor Commissioner R. A. Shiflett will make an investigation of the cause of the accident as soon as possible.

Rescuers reached the place of the explosion at 10 o'clock to-night and all the miners found were dead. There are fully 150 dead and the list may reach 200.

THE 17 YEAR LOCUST

Bureau of of Entomology Active in Fighting Insects

Special to The Times.

Washington, May 21 — The Bureau of Entomology is enjoying an extensive campaign of observation in various parts of the country on the return of the seventeen year locust. This is the year when groups of this insect in New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin come out of the state of incubation and proceed to enjoy themselves. The orchardists in the Virginias report that the locusts are doing a vast amount of damage to fruit trees. Young orchards have been badly injured by the bites of the insects, and in some places orchard owners are cutting off the stems of young trees and grafting them over. In some places orchards are being sprayed with whitewash, as a preventive, and many are wrapping their trees with newspapers. It has been found that dogs and turkeys prove effective in destroying the bugs. It is reported to the Bureau that where the orchards were sprayed with Bordeaux mixture the female locusts are not depositing their eggs in fruit trees. Here the locusts appear chiefly in the trees around the Smithsonian and Agricultural buildings. The ground is thick with small round holes, where the insects have lain since 1885. L. O. Howard, Chief of the Bureau of Etomology, says that they will do very little injury to shade trees. They prefer to bite young nursery trees and the shoots on small fruit trees. The locust burrows in the ground about two feet, and wherever there are macadam and asphalt roads and solid blocks of houses there is little chance for the insect to increase in numbers. The locust makes no appearance in plowed fields. As it appears at such long intervals, the birds do not seem to know that the locust is good eating, but the lively English sparrow, blackbirds and catbirds have been seen devouring locusts frequently. Two months ago the Bureau sent out 5,000 circular letters to observers in the regions where locusts were expected to reappear, asking for reports. Only a small proportion of answers has been received as the season has been cold and wet in most parts of the country, which would retard their appearance.

French Mission Welcomed

Special to The Times.

Washington, D.C., May 21.—A commission headed by Assistant Secretary of State Hill went to Annapolis today to formally welcome to the United States the distinguished delegation appointed to represent the French Government at the unveiling of the Rochambeau monument. Tomorrow the visitors will come to Washington and in the interval between their arrival here and the ceremonies of Saturday there will be a round of brilliant entertainments in their honor.

Operative Millers Meet

Indianapolis, Ind., May 21.—More than thirty states are represented at the seventh annual convention of the Fraternity of Operative Millers, which began its session here today. The annual reports of President D. M. Friend and Secretary J. F. Mueller show the organization to be in good condition, having accomplished considerable during the last year in the way of promoting the interest of the flour milling industry.

200,000 PEOPLE FOR THE WEST

World Predicts a Big Immigration This Summer

Toronto, Ont. May 22.—The World says Great changes are about to take place in the industrial life of Canada; Some few, see the coming changes; but the great mass of our manufacturers are not taking them into their calculation at all. The reason of the coming changes is that the development of the Canadian Northwest on a gigantic scale is about to set in—in fact, has already set in. It is, as Mr. B. E. Walker says, the Americans who see what is coming. They are going into the Northwest in tens of thousands. Their land agents are everywhere, buying land wholesale for individuals and companies. In St. Paul they are selling twenty thousand acres of Canadian land every day, retail, to investors and home-seekers. Mr. Kensaton, who came from St. Paul to take over the John Abell agricultural works, says that two hundred thousand Americans will go into the Canadian Northwest this year. Individuals are going in by the thousands every day, to take up land, and companies are buying the land up by the hundred thousand acres. One syndicate has just bought a block of over one million acres.

"The Americans are flocking in, not only to take up our land, but are getting control of our factories in the East. As a prominent banker says today, dozens of instances can be given where Americans have either established new industries here to control the trade, or have acquired old going industries, with the idea of greatly increasing the output. Eastern manufacturers will have to wake up. An enormous trade is coming, but there will be a big fight for it. Industries controlled by vast amounts of American capital will spring up, and, as the armies of immigrants going into the country are Americans, the incoming manufacturers will naturally best understand their needs, and will make a big fight against our own manufacturers to hold the business. Toronto Montreal, Hamilton and other Eastern centres are destined to become great manufacturing cities.

AN OLD FRIEND

An Interesting Letter From Old Peterborough Boy

Yesterday this great family journal received a letter from Dr. Delaney (son of the late Mr. John Delaney), an old Peterborough boy. The letter is not for publication, but a few extracts will prove interesting to many of our readers. *Dr. Delaney says:* "I am pleased to get my old friend The Times, which is a literal 'letter from home' every week. I remember *The Times when the office was* upstairs, near where Joe Mills' store was. I think Thompson kept a photographic gallery [illegible] Walsh was one of the staff in those days, whom all the old timers will remember. I must not drift into ancient history, however, as I see you will shortly have your fill, when the Historical society, which I see meets in Peterborough next month, gets in its work, and Ham Burnham enlarges on the feuds of the Iroquois and Hurons. Next Saturday, (May 24th) the New York Society of McGill graduates hold their annual dinner in that city. I am a member, and intend going. Several old McGill men from Montreal are coming over, and all anticipate a good time. You see we are patriotic and loyal to the old flag.

"We are having the most prosperous era throughout New England I have ever experienced. Money is plentiful, pay is high and, save for the high price of beef and the coal strike, all would be serene. I look forward to my trip to Peterborough every year with anticipations of great pleasure, although this season I may not go, having been there so recently. Remember me to all my old friends."

Dr. Delaney is residing in Naugatuck, where he has a large and lucrative practice. His many friends in Peterborough will be glad to know that the world is prospering with him.

A Good Quarter Dollar's Worth

Is contained in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, which cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, toothache, headache, cramps, sick stomach and indigestion. Mothers find Nerviline is a first class liniment for children's sore throat, hoarseness, cold in the chest, and taken in hot water before retiring is a splendid remedy for colds. Don't be without Nerviline; it is the most economical, potent and reliable household liniment made, and costs only 25c.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

BIG BOASTS FOR NEW CANNON

Can Fire Two-Ton Projectile 93 Miles Says Norwegian Inventor

Special to The Times.

Berlin, May 22 — It is announced that the trials of the electro-magnetic cannon invented by Prof. Birkeland have been so successful that a German firm has offered to purchase the system. The proposal will be placed before a company which has been formed at Christiania for the development and improvement of the invention.

In the meantime arrangements are on foot to test the power of the gun to fire a projectile of two tons a distance of twelve and a half miles, which the inventor asserts it can do. The Norwegian Company, however, has not been able to raise the 27,500 necessary to carry on the test.

The Norwegian experts are confident that this cannon will effect a revolution equal to that caused by the invention of gunpowder. According to Prof. Birkeland's calculations, the firing capacity of a cannon increases with the length of the barrel. A gun with a barrel of 32 feet 10 inches could fire a two-ton projectile 93 miles, which would enable the French to bombard London from Calais.

NORTHWEST TERRITORY ELECTIONS YESTERDAY

The Government of Premier Haultain Probably is Sustained.

Special to The Times.

Regina, N.W.T., May 21—A general election for the Northwest Legislative Assembly is progressing to-day. Reports to hand indicate there will be very few changes in the new assembly. The votes of the several thousand new voters along the Crow's Nest Pass Line may affect the result in Premier Haultain's constituency, Macleod, though it is believed he will be re-elected by a safe majority.

Winnipeg, Man., May 22—Latest returns show that the Government has probably been sustained in the elections held in the Northwest yesterday. It will be several days before returns will be in. A forecast of the result, which was carefully prepared, indicates that few changes are likely.

CANADA AND THE MUNROE DOCTRINE

Prominent Philadelphia Paper Answers Goldwin Smith

THINGS ONE CANNOT FORESEE

There is no Probability of Any Hitch in Consequence of the Enforcement of the American Theory

Special to The Times.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The Public Ledger says: Newspapers in Canada and England are discussing the Monroe doctrine in a new light. Professor Goldwin Smith, in a letter to *the London* Daily News questions whether Canada will ever be permitted to "engage in any British war by which she would bring war into this continent," meaning the American continent. *Former Secretary* of State John W. Foster, discussed the same question some time ago. Suppose England should become involved in war with Russia, France, Germany or a coalition of the Powers, Canada, as an ally of England, would be subject to attack and possibly of seizure. Would the United States permit Canada to pass under the dominion of some other Power? *This settlement of the conflict* would undoubtedly be an extension of the European and monarchical system to this hemisphere in defiance of the warning long ago given by President Monroe. The Monroe Doctrine especially disclaimed any intention of interfering with existing conditions, but made it plain that interference by others, such as the transfer of Canada, would be regarded as a menace to the peace and safety of the United States.

The possibility of any such a result as the capture of Canada seems rather remote, but the political speculators points out that if England had become involved in a European war in consequence of the *Boer* war, or the controversy with Russia over China and the occupation of Manchuria, hostilities would have taken place in Canada. What attitude would the United States assume in the case of the defeat of England and the conquest or cession of canada, and how can our course be *forecasted* by an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine? It cannot be foreseen at all. There is no general consen about the extent of the Monroe Doctrine. Secretary Olney, in the Venezuelan incident, declared that the United States was the paramount nation in this hemisphere, and that its fiat was law. He gave the Monroe Doctrine the widest scope ever attributed to it by any American Secretary of State in official correspondence, and others might be more cautious or even bolder. The Monroe Doctrine is a convenient thing to have around. Just such intrepretation may given to it as the necessities of the case require. If the nation happened to be opposed to the transfer of Canada to any other power, ample warrant could be found in the Monroe Doctrine for opposing the change. In any case our action would be determined by the sentiment about the question, and it may be said that, as a practical question, the implanting of any other Power in Canada would be likely to meet with so much opposition that it would not be done speedily. At present however, the subject is not of pressing importance.

Rival to Salt Combine

Los Angeles, Cal., May 21 — The California Salt Company, of which Mr. Thomas E. Metcalf of this city is president, promises to develop into a formidable rival of the salt combine, which until recently was believed invincible and in entire control of the field. The California company, however, has acquired control of the great salt bearing lands of San Diego county and is now expending a large amount of money on its properties. Several large solar evaporation plants have been established and more are being constructed. The present output is estimated to be about 50,000 tons of salt a year, and these figures probably will be doubled at an early date through the extensions and additions now under way.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

MAJOR MILLERS MASS MEETING LAST NIGHT

Messrs. J. W. Garvin, R. M. Dennistoun and the Candidate were the Speakers

A LARGE AUDIENCE PRESENT

The Major Receives an Enthusiastic Reception—Mr. Garvin Holds That He is Right in the Matter of Clegg's Salary

The mass meeting held in the opera house last night in the interests of Major Miller, the Liberal Conservative Candidate was largely attended and although none of the big guns of the Conservative Party were present, the Major received very substantial support by local friends. Considerable enthusiasm was in evidence, and the several speakers held the earnest attention of a large audience throughout the whole proceedings. Mr. T. E. Bradburn officiated as chairman, and announced that on Saturday evening next Mr. F. D. Monk, *leader of the Conservative* Party in Quebec, will deliver an address in the room connected with the conservative committee rooms in the opera house building.

MR. R. M. DENNISTOUN

The first speaker was received with prolonged applause. Referring to the *ministerial talent at the services of the* Provincial Secretary, he trusted that Mr. Miller would not in any way suffer from a lack of similar oratorical talent. Going at length into the long term of office enjoyed by the present government, he said one would hardly find in the history of the world a responsible government enjoying the confidence of a people for 31 years. He explained that the British North American Act especially provided that the term of office for any government without an appeal to the country should not exceed four years; but in the face of this the Ross government had in 1891 extended their term. This Act he claimed to be unconstitutional. The principle of a Referendum has never been used in Australia as claimed by the Liberal Party; the Act in that colony provides that it is simply to be brought into requisition for the purpose of avoiding a deadlock in administering the affairs of the country. If this Prohibition is allowed it will mean setting a precedent for any government to shirk responsibility for any perplexing measure by referring it to the people under the name of a Referendum. Continuing, he denied the absolute truth of the record of the Ross government as published in the Peterborough Examiner of May 20th. He claimed that public opinion in this Province is generally turning over in favor of the Conservative Party as evidenced by the elections of four years ago. He denounced the burning of the West Elgin ballots within a stones throw of the legislative hall itself as an Act never equalled in political history. Admitting that in regard to advanced legislation the Ross government has advanced more than that of any other country he has ever heard of and that there had been a liberal expenditure of public money in the interests of the people if the ministers at Toronto are to be taken as the people. He claimed that there is a public debt in subsidies alone, the surplus of $3,800,000 in hand when the Grits took office had shrunk during the past 31 years to $2,500,000 instead of increasing. He could go further, had he the time to do so, and prove that there is no surplus at all. He claimed that he could point to a misappropriation of public monies to the tune of a million or two and would say that Ross has thrown away millions in pulp concessions alone. Taking exception to the concessions to the Clergue Company, he claimed that 7,400 acres of land had been granted for each mile of railway constructed by the company, who needed the line for their own purposes. The Hon. John Dryden's Act in stocking a ranch in Dakota and shipping therefrom cattle to England will not hold up Ontario, of which Mr. Dryden is minister of Agriculture to the best advantage in the eyes of English men. As to the laws enacted for the benefit of workingmen, Mr. Dennistoun asserted that all the government had done in this direction was to pay a scribe to transform those acts from the British blue books to those of Ontario. In conclusion, he eulogized Mr. Whitney's policy, in which among other things he has promised to wipe out the numbered ballot, and characterized Major Miller as an exceedingly honorable man, and one quite capable of reflecting credit on the West Riding should he be elected. This is a conservative riding and all you conservatives have to do is to say the word and your candidate will be elected.

Continued on page 6.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

THE
PORT HOPE BREWING
—AND—
MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 22, 1902.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

he Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 8c per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Vote for Stratton and prosperity.

• • • •

Up to the hour of going to press Mr. Miller's supporters were still whistling to keep their courage up.

• • • •

One of our local contemporaries says that a man is in duty bound to tell his wife where he spends his evenings when he is away from home. That's all right, to a certain extent, but suppose the man doesn't know?

• • • •

A Chicago paper has well observed that if the character of the war waged by Spain in Cuba was a justification for the interference of the United States, the character of the war waged by the latter in the Philippines would give equal justification for the interference of Spain. Only Spain can't interfere.

• • • •

The two political parties are fiercely disputing over which originated the "saw log policy"; but neither puts in a claim for the honor of inventing log-rolling.

• • •

The entire West Indian archipelago will require dusting off after this series of eruptions is over.

• • • •

Some day the people will take away from the Coal Barons the control of the great natural deposits of fuel — which they never should have been allowed to have — and administer them in the interests of the whole people. Then the hard-working miner will get justice, not before.

• • • •

If there was nothing else to bar woman candidates, there would still remain the fact that a woman can't run.

• • • •

A new mechanical genius has appeared in Chicago, who claims to have envolved a horseless, dustless street sweeper. The machine is to be run by a gasoline motor, and he says that a system of fans, which operate with suction tubes, will take up all the dust.

WHITELAW REID AT THE CORONATION

Judging by his address at a New York dinner the other evening, Mr. Whitelaw Reid goes to represent the American Republic at the Coronation with a proper appreciation of the importance of his mission.

There are not in existence another two first class powers which bear to each other relations even approaching in intimacy those existing between the power Mr. Reid represents and the power to which he is accredited. The best customer of the United States is Britain; the best foreign flag under which she dare trust her investments is the British; the foreign literature she reads, most of it is written by British authors. Then, when the British capitalist goes outside the Empire, his investments are oftener to be found in the United States than elsewhere; and there is no other foreign literature which for a moment rivals the American on British bookshelves.

These and a hundred other similar statements which will suggest themselves to an imaginative reader, are only striking ways of saying that the two powers are of the same race, cherish the same traditions, follow the same ideals and speak the same language.

This is to be seen elsewhere in the world between kindred tribes or small principalities. But the remarkable feature in the case under consideration is that both people are world powers of the first magnitude. As Mr. Reid says, history has never seen before a compact, self-governing, free community, like the American Republic; nor is there any parallel for a world-circling empire of the majesty abroad and the liberty at home possessed by the British. And these two world-beaters are kindred.

We have our family quarrels; we criticise each other with family frankness. But we also have a family similarity in interests abroad and a family understanding of each other's aims. There is no one we quite so like to get ahead of as our "cousin;" and he obviously feels the same way toward us. But Britain never really bristled up until he seemed to threaten the rule of the sea.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid will occupy a position of peculiar prominence at the Coronation.

THE FAVORED COUNTRY

Canadians have much to be thankful for, says the Hamilton Spectator. Here there are no volcanoes to overwhelm the people with storms of hot ashes and lava; no earthquakes to destroy the people by thousands and make heaps of ruins of the buildings; no cyclones to destroy life and property; no hot winds to shrivel up the crops; no blizzards to freeze the unlucky who stray a few yards away from their hearths; no prolonged droughts to kill the cattle by thirst and hunger; no floods to inundate large areas and drown every living thing; no plague of grasshoppers to destroy all vegetation; no violent disturbances of nature of any kind.

Canada has the finest climate in the world, and soil that is unrivalled for the growth of grain, roots and the fruits of the temperate zone.

We have none of the plagues that prevail in the hot countries, none of the political disturbances that keep other parts of the world in a constant condition of blood-letting and unrest, no revolution, no riots.

All is peace and plenty in Canada, and the death rate is the very lowest.

Canada is indeed a favored country Let us be thankful.

PEACE OR WAR

The London Times is authority for the statement that the Boer peace delegates preserve a truculent demeanor and it is supposed that they will vote for a continuation of hostilities. That may be correct or not, but if it is true that the Boers continue defiant it is to be hoped the war will go on to a finish.

Better men than the Boers have been beaten before and have given in gracefully when the inevitable hour arrived when endurance and bravery could hope to accomplish no more, says the Ottawa Citizen. Much blood and treasure have been wasted on this war and we have entertained the opinion all along that the only terms to be offered should be unconditional surrender. That would leave no doubt in the Boer mind for all time to come as to what the result had been. When those terms have been complied with Great Britain could be as magnanimous to the conquered as she pleased without running the slightest risk of her kindness being misunderstood. Any other sort of terms that are offered in advance are sure to be misinterpreted by the "slim" Boer as a bribe offered him to let up.

If the Boers still feel that they have not had enough fighting care should be taken that they do get enough. "Unconditional surrender is something that even the most ignorant Boer can understand in the way of terms. It necessitates no elaborate negotiations or conferences and leaves no room for swaggering truculence in connection with its acceptance. It was good enough for General Robert E. Lee's army, one of the bravest that ever fought, and it is decidedly good enough for the skulking, treacherous guerrillas who still represent the Boer army in the field, who have no respect for the rules of civilized warfare and who never fail to take advantage of a chivalrous foe's adherence to them.

It were better that the war last another year if necessary, than that the Boer and his admiring, but discreet, foreign sympathizers should be left the slightest ground on which to base the idea that the Boer is putting the British empire under any compliment by consenting to peace.

Slow Shipments

The Winnipeg Free Press of May 15th says: "As a quick transporter of grain the C.N.R. has not found much favor with a certain well known firm of exporters. There may be more firms than this who are kicking, but this particular firm believe they have grounds to make a decided kick. They say wheat which was loaded and shipped on March 1st, just about two months and a half ago, intended for Port Arthur, has not yet been delivered at Port Arthur. This wheat left for its destination on that date, was inspected at Winnipeg some time in April and is now somewhere on the road. Other shipments made in April are also sided somewhere. Others, after being a month on the road, got to Port Arthur, but complain of extreme slowness, and in view of the fact that the C.N.R. announce their readiness and capability to take wheat to Port Arthur believe they should certainly be brought to time.

Baggage Agents Meet

Special to the Times.

Chicago, Ill., May 21.—The American Association of General Baggage Agents began its twenty-second annual convention at the Hotel Virginia today and will continue in session probably throughout the remainder of the week as there is an unusually large number of matters to be considered. Among other things the convention will review the uniform baggage rules adopted in 1898, with a view to harmonizing them with the recent changes made by leading roads.

What Makes the Home?

Not the house, however fine it may be; not its furniture, pictures and appointments. The wife and mother makes the home, and to speak of going home means to go back into the shelter of the mother's love and care.

And when womanly ills sap the mother's strength, the home-life suffers. The food is not cooked as she cooks it. Everywhere the lack of wifely supervision and motherly thoughtfulness is apparent.

What a change, then, when this wife and mother comes back to take her old place in the family. Thousands of women who, because of womanly ills, had been shut out of home life and home happiness, have been enabled to once more take their place in the family after being cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"I commenced taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' about the 10th of last December, one year ago," writes Mrs. Eliza Wright, of Mountainview, Howell Co., Missouri. "I have been very slow about writing to you, although I am thankful I am here to-day and have the privilege of saying I thank you a thousand times for your kind advice. I can truthfully say that it was through your kind advice and your medicine and the will of the Lord that I am living to-day; I am in better health than I have been for three years. I have taken one-half dozen bottles of each medicine. I am able to do my washing for four in family, and all my housework, cooking and milking. In fact, I feel like a new woman."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its almost countless consequences. They do not react on the system nor beget the pill habit.

ASHBURNHAM NEWS

Latest Events Transpiring in the Village Over the River

—Commodore Calcutt has been prudent in the selection of crews for his steamers this year. The boats are well officered and manned, and are sure to do a big trade.

—The Times has been a trifle late once or twice lately, and the howl that has gone up has reached almost to the heavens. People must have their morning paper or know the reason why.

—The two political candidates have had their say, and it will be for the electors to do the rest. Dr. Ford seems to have the advantage over his opponent in the village and is sure to obtain a good majority.

—We want a new wharf for Ashburnham. Surely it is time that something was done in this connection, for we are literally without any steamboat landing.

—Mr. Harry Nell, Vice President and manager of the Calcutt Brewing Company, says that business in the brewery never was better. There is no more wholesome or popular drink than Calcutt's lager.

—Mr. David Conroy has had a fine bath put in his new residence, the work being under the able direction of Mr. Fred. Boundy, Mr. Adam Hall's chief plumber.

—"My views on bringing up a family—" began a well known resident of Ashburnham, as he was interrupted by his wife: "I'll bring up the family—you go and bring up the coal.

It was an inspiring sight to observe the impartial way in which Mayor John Smith presided over the big political meeting on Monday night. Mayor Smith is a Tory as everybody knows,—but this fact did not prevent his doing his duty on the occasion referred to, and giving the Grit speaker a fair show. John is the man for Galway every time. He will be a parliamentary candidate himself one of these days.

WILL YOU ALLOW
A Reliative or Friend to Pass Into the Dark Valley Simply Because the Doctor Desires to Cling to Medical Etiquette?

Paine's Celery Compound
Is Daily Saving Precious Lives After Pronounced Failures of Physicians

The months just passed of the present year have brought bereavement and dark clouds of sorrow to many homes in our land. Fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers have been forever removed by the grim reaper death. The large majority of such could have been saved had their friends given them Paine's Celery Compound, instead of the worthless medicines the sick ones were forced to swallow.

In many families a too slavish obedience to medical dictation kept the true life-giver from the sick and dying ones. Past records of marvellous cures and victories wrought by Paine's Celery Compound were ignored by the medical men; in a word, it was unprofessional in their estimation to introduce the life-giving Compound.

Ah! Remorse is now doing its quiet but effective work, and those most closely interested are suffering for their neglect.

Will you, dear reader, allow some dear relative or friend to pass from life without making an effort to save the perishing one by Paine's Celery Compound? The virtues and powers of Dr Phelps' prescription are wondrously far-reaching and mighty. Even though your friends have suffered long and have come to that point where the physician is helpless to save, even then, there is a blessed hope if Paine's Celery Compound is used.

The desperate cases cured in the past and the number of precious lives saved, is the bright, the living proof, that Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal......	4.45 p.m.	11.33 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock.......... ...	7.12 a.m.	7.29 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston.......	5.15 a.m.	12.23 a.m
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago.....	11.38 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7.29 p.m.	7.12 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago...... ...	12.33 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West...	11.35 a.m.	4.45 p.m
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto......	11.37 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9.00 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
Port, Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west......	6.28 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal......	8.15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc......	8.10 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal...... ...	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local...... ...	9.35 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Lakefield local...... ...	4.50 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
Lindsay local......	7.30 a.m.	9.15 p.m.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate.
Geo. I Rossel, Chief of Police.
T. A. S. Hay, C.E., Town Engineer.
W. J. Green, Tax Collector.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer.
W. F. Miller, Relief Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Hon. President—Hon. J. R. Stratton.
President—Mrs. J. J. McBain.
1st Vice President—Mrs. Jas. Kendrey
2nd Vice President—Mr. A. C. Dunlop.
Secretary—Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
Treasurer—Mr. Peter Campbell.
Agent and Assistant Secretary—Mr. Geo Cochrane.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer
Solicitors—Mr. E. B. Edwards and Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
Advisory Board—The President, Secretary and Agent.
Representative on Charity Board—Mr J. J. McBain.
Board of Management—Mesdames Bec' Dennistoun, O'Sullivan, McGill, Garvin, E. A. Peck, Warde, Davis, and Birdsall; Misses M. Dickson and Gow; Mr. A. L. Davis, Rev. Dr. Torrance, Rev. E. A Langfeldt, Rev. Father McColl, Rev. J. C Davidson, Rev. J. P. Wilson, Rev. D. O Crowley, Dr. G. Burnham, Mr. J. H Burnham, Mr. P. Campbell, and Mr. W B. Bamford.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland.
THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE
ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{90}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Ye Old Firm of Heintzman & Co.

PEOPLE FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN BUYING PIANOS BY MAIL.

Our Careful Plans Assure Safety and Satisfaction To Every Purchaser.

Our plan of dealing with customers out-of-town has been thoroughly tested There is just as much safety and satisfaction to the customer buying in this way as though he bought in person. Fifty years before the buying public, we cannot be too exact and particular in our methods—here is safety for the customer:—

Special to Mail Order Customers in a Fine American Piano.

—Handsome Howard Piano, made in Cincinnatti, stands 4 feet 8 inches high, in a beautiful walnut case, 7⅓ octave, 4 pedals. A brand new piano for which the manufacturer charges $375. *It is our mail order special at $285—$10 cash and $6 a month.*

It may be that your preference is for one of the famous Heintzman & Co. pianos—the peerless Canadian piano—endorsed and eulogized by the world's greatest artists—the piano used exclusively by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their Canadian tour. One of these will be sent by our mail order methods. Write for prices. Terms of payment in al cases are made easy—just a little down and a little every month.

—We give free with each piano a handsome stool and scarf, and pay freight to any station in Ontario, with special arrangements to more distant points in Canada.

HEINTZMAN & CO.,
115-117 King Street West, Toronto.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electers of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I requirr the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represedt them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electers of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of th Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH
Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales
FOR EVERYBODY
COAL, GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES
DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS
GET OUR PRICES
C. WILSON & SON,
31 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.

Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

"WIRE SOLDER"
Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St, Toronto, Ont.

RUBBER STAMPS
B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Business Men

If you require well bound, well made Business Books, come and see us

DAY BOOKS,
LEDGERS, JOURNALS,
CASH BOOKS,
ETC.

Kept in stock and made to order Our Books have provincial reputation. They are the best Books on the market.

Times Printing Co.

Wholesale and Retail
Manufacturing Stationers, Peterborough.

KAWARTHA LAKES
THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

BOBCAYGEON STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.
"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"
May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
Lindsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m
Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
For further particulars apply to
W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO
STR. "ARGYLE"
(Commencing Thursday, May 22)
EVERY THURSDAY
Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m
Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.
RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.
STR. "ALEXANDRIA"
Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning
Finest excursion trip on the continent.
Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)
EVERY SATURDAY
Leaves Belleville - - 11.00 a m
" Trenton - - 1.15 p m
" Brighton - - 2.45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m
*Quebec excursions commence July 6th
For further particulars, folders, etc., write
A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont

LAKE ONTARIO and BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., Ltd.
COBOURG, PORT HOPE, ROCHESTER, N. Y.
STEAMER
NORTH KING
Week Day Route Commencing May 12
SOUTH BOUND.
Leaving Cobourg, Ontario...... ......2, 1 p.m.
Leaving Port Hope, Ontario...... ...2.50 p.m.
Arrive Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) ....6.47. p.m.
Arrive Rochester (cor. N. St. Paul & Main Streets...... ....8,45 p.m.
NORTH BOUND.
Leaving Rochester (Cor. N. St. Paul & Main streets .... 9.00 a.m.
Leaving Summerville, N.Y. (Port, of Rochester... ....9.45 a.m.
Arrive Cobourg, Ontario...... ......2.01 p.m.
Arrive Port Hope, Ontario...... ...2.50 p.m.
Baggage can be checked to any place in Rochester, and from Rochester to any point to which ticket reads. For further information apply to
H. H. Gildersleeve, James Evans
General Manager, Agent
Kingston Port Hope

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.
NIAGARA ON THE SEA
THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav.; Peterborough, Ontario, or to THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

Humor of the Hour.

Mabel—Blanche, are you going to accept Mr. Oldboy?

Blanche—Yes, I think so.

Mabel—But he's three times as old as you.

Blanche—But he does harmonize so lovely with my antique furniture.—Judge.

◆

"I noticed you hoeing your garden yesterday. What are you raising?"

"Blisters, mostly." — Philadelphia Press.

◆

Laborer (waving flag)—Yez'll hav ter turn back. This sthreet's closed.

Driver—What's it closed for?

Laborer—Bekase it's jist been opened be the tillyphone company ter put down their wires. That's why it's closed.—Philadelphia Press.

"Willie," said the youngster's mother, "you told me you did not go fishing."

"Well," was the contrite story, "I didn't mean to tell what wasn't true; but I don't call just holding a hook and line in the water without catching anything 'fishing.'"—Washington Star.

◆

Russell Sage, so often represented in the newspapers as a man who wears a cheap suit, eats apples for lunch, and with no time for anything but the making and amassing of money, has another side to his character. He has been known, more than once, to give to charity; he can appreciate a good joke, and has even been known to make one.

A friend called to see him a few days ago, and in the few minutes he remained incidentally asked the financier his opinion of Cecil Rhodes' will.

Mr. Sage replied that he did not consider Rhodes' idea of the unification of the English-speaking peoples a practical one, and that if any alliance came about between the United States and Great Britain it would not be for sentimental reasons, but rather through commercial and financial interests.

"Then, Mr. Sage," said his questioner, "you think if any closer political relations are established between John Bull's monarchy and Columbia these will be the result of great industrial schemes engineered by such men as J. Pierpont Morgan?"

"Yes—what one might call it a Morganatic marriage," chuckled Uncle Russell.—New York Times.

◆

"How's your music school prospering, Boommitt?"

"First rate. I've just introduced a novelty that ought to take."

"What's that?"

"A class in harmony, for married people."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

◆

She—What does a game of ping-pong cost?

He—Well, the last game I know anything about cost me $4 for plate glass, $2 for gas globes, and the friendship of a sweet girl I chanced to hit in the eye.—Yonkers Statesman.

Casey—Fifty dollars Callahan has spint tryin' to git his mother-in-law out av purgatory. Daly—Fifty dollars? Casey—Th' same! He sis he wants to git her out before he goes in if it kin be done!—"Puck."

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

Scientific Predictions in Fiction.

RECENTLY "Saturday Night" cited a number of cases of remarkable literary prevision of scientific truth. The words in which Calderon, the Spanish dramatist of the seventeenth century, seems to describe wireless telegraphy and the remarkable passage in which Strada, the learned Jesuit historian, writing in 1624, also depicted Marconi's invention, were quoted. But some further cases of the same kind are now brought to light.

In the third part of "Gulliver's Travels," Swift describes the two satellites of Mars. As the London "Spectator" points out, "when Swift wrote, astronomy had not advanced greatly beyond Huygens's contentment with the twelve bodies—six planets and six satellites—which made up the 'perfect number' of the solar system. Certainly no one suspected that Mars had moons of its own. Thus Swift made a very wild guess when he announced of the Laputan philosophers: 'They have likewise discovered two lesser stars or satellites, which revolve about Mars, whereof the innermost is distant from the center of the primary planet exactly three of his diameters, and the outermost five; the former revolves in the space of ten hours, and the latter in twenty-one and a half.' Not only were there no grounds for the prediction of two satellites, but such an estimate of their distance from the planet was unprecedented; it was as if our moon should be within twenty thousand miles of the earth, and rise and set twice or thrice in the twenty-four hours. Nothing could be more improbable. Yet in 1877 Professor Asaph Hall, with the great Washington equatorial, actually discovered two tiny satellites of Mars, whose distances from the planet are 1 1-2 and 3 1-2 diameters, whilst their periods are 7 1-2 and 30 hours respectively. The agreement with Swift's guess is in the main so remarkable that it is hardly possible to ascribe it to mere accident; and yet these satellites are the merest points of light, which no telescope in existence before Herschel's day could possibly have shown."

Many other similar anticipations are chronicled in the Philadelphia "Era." We quote as follows:

"The law of gravitation was announced by Newton in the year 1685. Had it not been foreseen by Shakespeare in 1609? At all events, in 'Troilus and Cressida,' he put these lines into the mouth of Cressida:

> But the strong base and building of my
> love
> Is as the very center of the earth,
> Drawing all things to it.—Act iv. sc. 2.

"A contemporary of Shakespeare, Ben Jonson, anticipated the modern air-cushion. In 'The Alchemist,' he makes Sir Epicure Mammon, in enumerating the pleasures to be his when in possession of the philosopher's stone, declare that

> I will have my beds blown, not stuffed;
> Down is too hard.

"In another play the same author credits the Dutch with an invention that foreshadows the Holland submarine boat:

> It is an automa, runs under water,
> With a snug nose, and has a nimble
> tail
> Made like an auger, with which tail
> she wriggles
> Between the coats of a ship, and sinks
> it straight.

"In France, Cyrano de Bergerac showed himself full of scientific prescience. The airship in which the hero of his 'Voyage to the Moon' (1650) made his trip to that sphere was a pretty close foreshadowing of Montgolfier's balloon, as will be seen from our illustration, made for an edition that long antedated the aeronaut.

"In the same book he clearly foreshadowed the phonograph.

'The supernatural being who acted as the hero's guide gave him for his entertainment some of the books made by the inhabitants of the moon. They were enclosed in boxes. This is what he saw and heard:

" 'On opening the box I found inside a concern of metal, something like one of our watches, full of curious little springs and minute machinery. It was really a book, but a wonderful book that has no leaves or letters; a book, for the understanding of which the eyes are of no use—only the ears are necessary. When anyone wishes to read, he winds up the machine with its great number of nerves of all kinds, and turns the pointer to the chapter he wishes to hear, when there comes out, as if from the mouth of a man or of an instrument of music, the distinct and various sounds which serve the Great Lunarians as the expression of language.' . . .

"Among Fenelon's Fables, written in 1690 for the instruction of Louis XIV.'s grandson, is one entitled 'Voyage Supposé,' and among the supposititious marvels of which it is compact we read: 'There was no painter in all the country, but when they wished the portrait of a friend, or a picture representing some lovely landscape or other object, they put water into large basins of gold and silver, and made this water face the object they wished to paint. Very soon the water would congeal and become as the face of a mirror, where the image dwelt ineffaceably. This could be carried wherever one pleased, and gave as faithful a picture as any mirror.' "

"Is not this an anticipation of photography?"

Great men of the imaginative temperament, observes the "Era," build better than they know; and "the world looks back and sees what they were striving for, what they were aiming at, though they themselves knew it not, or only dimly recognised it."

Changed His Mind.

A young officer at San Francisco had been ordered to the Philippines. According to a Western paper, he received the following telegram from the War Department at Washington:

"You can go to New York, and sail on transport that goes by Suez."

The officer replied: "Would prefer to cross Pacific direct."

Then the Department telegraphed him again: "Transport will make good time; has sixty women school teachers on board."

The young lieutenant answered: "Save me a berth on transport."

Rhodes as a Phrase-Maker.

Rhodes rather fancied himself as a phrase-maker, says a correspondent of The New York Sun. A writer who saw a good deal of him, describes him as repeating over and over again some saying of his own with which he seemed to have been pleased as soon as he had uttered it.

Perhaps one of the best-known phrases is the "unctuous rectitude" with which he reproved a certain class of his opponents in this country. No one in future who wishes to discuss the traits of the British character will be able to do without those two words. Some other sayings of Rhodes which have been left on record are as follows:—

My life is a temporary one, but the country will remain after me.

If I forfeit my flag, what have I left? If you take away my flag you take away everything.

Remember that sentiment rules half the world.

"It is no use for us to have big ideas if we have not got the money to carry them out," Rhodes once remarked to Gen. Gordon.

It took me fifteen years to get a mine, but I got it. Though my boat may be slow in the race, I know exactly what I am starting for.

I have found out one thing, and that is, if you have an idea, and it is a good idea, if you will only stick to it you will come out all right.

The only awkward thing is the progress of Time. We do get older, and become a little hurried in our ideas because of that terrible Time.

After the raid: "Kruger and I have met twice. The first trick I won (referring to Bechuanaland), he won the second. There is no doubt who will win the odd!"

When timorous friends were begging him to be discreet, and foes were saying he dare not "face the music," he answered both, once and for all: "I am not going to lie about it!"

When Dr. Jameson was convicted and sentenced for the part he took in the raid, Mr. Rhodes exclaimed: "What a tribute to the moral worth of the nation that has jumped the world!"

I will challenge any man or woman, however broad their ideas may be, who objects to go to church or chapel to say they would not sometimes be better for an hour or an hour and a half in a church.

In the Oriel Hall, Oxford, in 1899, he said: "I have been interested in Aristotle's definition of virtue in the 'Ethics' as the 'highest activity of the soul living for the highest object in a perfect life.' That has always seemed to me the noblest rule for a man to follow, and I have made it my rule from the first."

"Life is too short, after all," he used to say, "to worry about previous lives. From the cradle to the grave—what is it? Three days at the seaside. Just that and nothing more. But although it is only three days, we must be doing something. I cannot spend my time throwing stones into the water. But what is worth while doing?"

A Waggon Journey.

After so much about Rhodes one may have a bit of South African life. It is a description of a waggon journey a score of years ago, and occurs in a new novel, entitled "Reversed on Appeal," by John Ross:—

"Pale pink over the trees, and bars gold glittering through the branches saw the large waggon equipped and drawn with open front, facing the kraal gate, towards which extended a double line of shining brown oxen, each with a white streak down its back like fourteen brethren bearing up the flashing chain, crossed at each pair by a heavy pole with wooden yokes for two. At the head of the uneven line of glancing horns and switching tails stood the powerful bronze figure, thong in hand, of a Zulu in a sleeveless blouse and short blue pants, the leader of the horned cavalcade. A Kaffir boy held a grey horse ready saddled, tossing his head and rattling his bit with impatience, a contrast to the drowsy cattle. . . . There was a din of shrill Kaffir shouts, weeping women, yelping dogs, stamping feet and rattling chains as Mouji flourished his long whip, and the Zulu dragged at the leading strap like a son of Anak, as he guided the string of cattle out of the kraal into the open field.

"Her uncle rode his grey horse within speaking distance behind the waggon, and when they passed the large green orchard, with its brown pears, purple plums, and yellow oranges ripening in the branches, he rode in among the trees and returned with a small basket of peaches, which he handed to Belle at the end of the waggon, as they moved slowly on through prickly cactus hedges, and bushes of red and yellow mimosa blossom. . . .

"She had travelled in the waggon before, with the mid-curtain that was lowered at night, to shut her off into a little nunnery of her own. She knew the bed, so innocently tied on one side, in which she was advised to slumber, and supposed to sleep, during the ceaseless jolts of a moonlight journey. And she remembered how she pitied all men, and women, too, who went down to the sea in ships, if their berths were like her berth, and their tossings like her tossings. She knew the boxes tied with thongs that served for seats and lockers, and that she must fasten up everything, if she did not wish a bruised foot or a wounded head, when the quick mounts and sudden dips came under the irresistible strain of fourteen oxen."

It is estimated that the Kaffirs in the diamond mines at Kimberley, South Africa, steal £250,000 worth of diamonds in a year.

The Lion Bridge, near Sangang, in China, is the longest in the world, being 5½ miles from end to end. The roadway is 70 feet above water.

A large house in a Berlin suburb has been rented by several acquaintances, married and single, who are going to try to run the place on the principles of communal life.

"Take the men of prominence in the United States to-day, and pick out the true gentlemen. I'll wager that nine out of ten of them never had a high school education, let alone a college one." So says Mark Twain.

Gold has been mined in Georgia for nearly three-quarters of a century. Previous to the discovery of gold in California the mines of Georgia furnished the greater part of the gold produced in the United States.

The Poultry Yard.

An English poultry expert says:—Both in the States and in France the system of feeding poultry generally followed is the exact opposite to our own, the fowls getting soft food at night and corn in the morning. The poultry-keeper may well ask which is right, and the answer apparently is that there is very little difference in the result. An experiment recently tried in America, two lots of fowls getting just the same treatment, but one having soft food in the morning and corn at night, and the other the opposite, resulted in the fowls getting soft food in the morning laying slightly better than the others in winter. This is what one might expect. To set against this, however, was the fact that the fowls getting soft food at night voided double the amount of manure. The reason of this, of course, is that soft food is more quickly digested, but in those poultry houses where the droppings from the fowl-houses are systematically collected and utilized, there is a distinct value in feeding soft food at night, in preference to the morning. There is far less trouble to the feeder when corn is given in the morning, and it really seems as though the value of soft food for breakfast has been over-estimated.

Sulphur for Fowls and Swine.

When fowls are attacked with cholera I find that a little sulphur given in the food will check it. One tablespoonful mixed with the morning's food for thirty fowls and given once a month is sufficient when they are in health. When much sulphur is fed, with exposure to a cold and damp atmosphere, it will cause stiffness in the joints. Sulphur put in the dust bath with ashes is a preventive against lice. A little sprinkled in the nests and under setting hens routs these pests.

It is also good to give swine in case of cholera or sickness followed with vomiting caused from overfeeding. It regulates the stomach and liver without further trouble. I have given two teaspoonfuls twice a day in severe cases in sweet milk or sprinkled on some sliced vegetables.—Emma L. Hill, Damascus, N.Y.

To Make Hens Lay.

Many people complain that they cannot get their hens to lay in winter. One very strong complaint comes to us from one of our subscribers. To aid such we give the experience of one who resides in the cold climate of South Dakota.

Many farmers fail to get any eggs during the winter months, and, from the experience of others more successful, it must be concluded that they either do not care about winter eggs, or that they neglect to so manage and feeds the fowls as to induce them to lay. An interesting experiment was made with two lots of pullets, showing influence of feed and care on the production of eggs in winter, by Ross Seelye-Miller, in the cold climate of South Dakota. The trial was reported in a western journal as follows:—

Two pens of pullets were placed in conditions as nearly equal as possible. One pen was designed for breeding, and it was desired that they should not lay until toward spring. The other pen, containing 18 hens, was designed to produce eggs during the winter, and the eggs were not intended at all for hatching.

The experiment began in December. Let it be remembered that the care, temperature and all other things were equal, save the food, and that the pen designed for late laying contained two less fowls.

During December the early layers produced five and a quarter dozen eggs, and the other pen not an egg. In January, the early layers produced ten dozen and three eggs; the late layers seven eggs. In February the early layers produced nine dozen eggs, and the other pen one dozen. In March the early layers produced fifteen dozen eggs, and the late layers three and a half dozen. In April came the change; the early layers laid ten dozen and nine eggs, and the late layers fifteen dozen and four eggs. From this time the breeders were kept laying, and produced in May 28 eggs, the early layers 142 eggs. This shows conclusively that egg-producing may be governed in a great measure. The feeding was very simple, and the early-laying fowls were fed as follows:—In the morning, boiled lean meat, chopped, with scraps from the table, and during the day all the wheat screenings they would eat, with corn twice a week. They were, of course, watered twice daily, and had some milk to drink.

The pen not intended for laying were fed on poor wheat screenings, with corn. These fowls grew and waxed fat, until they seemed too fat, and no doubt were, for laying. As spring came on the food was changed, and as it was the natural time for laying, too, they produced eggs in abundance.

The ordinary poultry raiser feeds too much corn and wheat. Hens are fed liberally twice a day and are fed on a steady diet of one or two things, either corn or wheat, and both fattening. Hence our hens do not pay, and poultry raising is a snare and a delusion to the one who is not wideawake and up to date in caring for the fowls.

Meat is known to be a great egg-producer, and there is now upon the market a feed prepared from refuse which makes an ideal food for fowls. Bones ground and plenty of milk are also very good in egg production.

Cleanliness and warmth are absolutely essential. A hen with a frozen comb might about as well be killed, unless she is a valuable one, whose eggs will make good hatching in the spring.

We feed our cattle for beef, and our hogs for lean or fat; we feed cows for milk or butter. Then why not discriminate in feeding our poultry too?

If thought were used more we should find our purses growing fat. Lean hens and hogs may be desirable, but a fat pocketbook never fails of appreciation, and the need of strenuous labor is decreasing.—The Country Gentleman.

A Fighting Schoolmaster.

The experience of a college graduate, named Levenworth, who taught for a year in a little Western town, is an example of the way in which a teacher sometimes wins the admiration of his pupils quite unexpectedly.

Levenworth was not a teacher by nature or profession; but, as many men have done, he spent a year teaching to get money enough to help himself through the law school. He was a hearty, clear-minded fellow, who kept rather aloof from the townspeople. The local paper spoke of him as having "had a promising career in college."

Part of this promising career had, as it happened, been spent in athletics. He had learned to box and wrestle, and had won his class championship in the art which, from its unfortunate association with the prize-ring, has not so good a reputation among the peaceful as, in its legitimate form, it deserves.

His school was quiet and orderly from the start, but he found it hard work to get on intimate terms with the twenty boys under him. They obeyed at a distance, but did not show much personal friendship for him.

One day at recess, when the schoolyard was a clamor of voices, the young master heard a sudden lull. Looking out the window, he saw the children lined up against the fence watching a teamster, who was stupidly trying to whip his horse up the hill that ran past the school. The wagon was loaded heavily with garden-stuff, and the horse was doing his best to no purpose.

Suddenly one of the boys went into the street, and evidently remonstrated with the driver. For answer he got an ugly slash of the whip, and reeled back, holding his hands over his eyes.

This was too much for Levenworth. He ran downstairs and out across the playground. Coolly pushing a stone under the wheel with his foot, he commanded the teamster, a gaunt, sinewy man, to come off his seat.

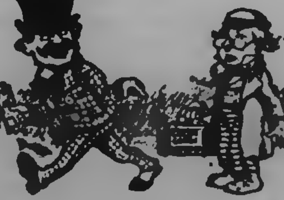
The fellow grew hostile at once, and obeyed. Jumping down, he approached the schoolmaster, ready and eager for a fight, and heated to dangerous anger by his struggle with the horse.

It was a real, old-fashioned fight, with the power of anger and excitement on one side, and skill, backed by those almost infallible allies, right and justice, on the other.

There was enough left of the teamster to drive his horse, while a dozen boys put their shoulders to the wheels and pushed the wagon to the top of the hill.

The pupil whose task it was to ring the bell for the end of recess was a minute late that day. The teacher was late, too. It took him a little time to put his clothes in order and wash his face and hands. Meanwhile the school assembled, not without some noise and excitement, and took their seats. They were subdued and orderly when Levenworth came in and walked to his desk.

Before he had time to be seated, and as if by a preconcerted signal, the pupils began to applaud. Discipline and modesty made the teacher try to stop them. It was useless, so he smiled. Then they cheered. The disorder of the next minute was quite against the rules, but nobody received a black mark on the schoolmaster's deportment book; and after that, to Levenworth's surprise, there was a new and warm friendship in the bearing of the boys toward him.



A Popular Novel—"Tarry Thou Till I Come."—New York "Life."

Not Guilty.

"Who made the world?" snapped out a rather testy inspector years ago to a class of very small boys. No answer. Several times he repeated the question, getting louder and more incensed each time. At last a poor little fellow, kneading his eyes vigorously with his knuckles, blubbered out, "Please, sir, it wasn't me."

Why Linn Quit the Newspaper.

James Weber Linn, whose novel, "The Second Generation," a story of newspaper life and political corruption in Chicago, has brought him into the public eye, is a nephew of Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago.

How this young author came to quit newspaper work is an interesting story. He secured a position on the staff of a Chicago daily immediately on leaving college. All went well until one night, about three months after he took up the life of a reporter, when the city editor assigned him to make a midnight call at a home where the head of the household, a prominent man, had committed suicide. "Get a good talk out of the wife and the girl," were the parting instructions. As Linn approached the house he was overcome by a sense of the intrusiveness of his mission. Suddenly the glamor and charm of newspaper work vanished. In vain he attempted to force himself to go up the steps of the house. The traditional incentive of the newspaper office, the argument that he must not "fall down" on his assignment, failed to stimulate his interest or his courage, and the longer he stood staring at the black streamer of crape that fluttered from the door the greater became his repugnance for his disagreeable task. Finally he turned on his heel, took a car back to the office, and handed in his resignation with the explanation that some other man would have to get that interview. This episode ended his newspaper experience and he soon secured a position as an instructor in rhetoric in the University of Chicago, where he is still engaged.

Mr. Linn's book was written in six weeks, while spending a vacation in Europe. His success affords another example of the fact that much of the literature of the day is being made by the young, for he is only twenty-five years of age.

For the Farmer.

For the destruction of fungus growth use the fungicides, such as Bordeaux mixture. For sucking insects use the kerosene emulsion. For biting insects use Paris green.

The Globe has been favored by Secretary F. D. Coburn with the last quarter's report of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. It contains about 400 pages of interesting information about the production, marketing and milling of wheat in Kansas.

Meat is dear, says The Chicago Live Stock World, not so much because of a shortage in supply as on account of a phenomenal demand. The whole country is prosperous, and is consuming meat in unusual quantities. Chicago has received this year about 4,700 cars of live stock more than in the same period of 1901.

The report of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station for 1901 on food products is just to hand, and contains a good deal of useful as well as much disquieting information. The station ordered visits to forty-three towns and villages and has purchased samples of food products from each. The results showed that the custom of adulterating with chemical preservatives and chemical dyes is more prevalent than is generally imagined. Of 246 samples of milk bought, twenty-one were adulterated with chemical preservatives. Of 116 samples of tomato catsup, sauce, etc., 96 were adulterated with dyes of coal tar origin, and of 66 samples of jams and jellies, 21 were adulterated in a similar manner. Many of these dyes are most injurious to health. The chemicals commonly employed as preservatives were salicylic acid, salicylate of soda, benzoic acid, and benzoate of soda, all of which are hurtful. Several of the firms mentioned as having employed adulterants of the kind do business in Canada. The public will do well to avoid highly colored tomato catsup, and chili sauce, and to buy no jams and jellies that are not manufactured by reputable firms.

Raising Good Cows.

I like to fuss with calves. I like the calves because I like good cows and realize the fact that the foundation of a good cow is a good calf. Sometimes I come across a good cow that can be bought at a reasonable price, but the surest way to get a good cow is to raise her from a calf of known parentage. There are people who yet believe they can feed butter fat into milk. My experience, however, is that when you have a cow that gives blue milk, blue milk she will make, even on the richest kind of food, and when it is given to her in fullest supply. And when you have a cow that gives rich, creamy milk that butter-makers and milk-consumers like, rich milk she will give, even if she has nothing but cornstalks or poor hay to eat. Feed determines the quantity of milk, while the blood of the animal determines the milk's richness. For that reason it does not pay to bother with calves of blue milk stock (unless for selling milk, and hardly then). Nor does it pay to fuss with a calf that for any reason is lacking in individual vigor.

But any vigorous heifer calf of good stock is too good for the butcher when it is so easy to make a good cow out of it in not more than two years' time. The Guernseys and Jerseys have the reputation of giving the richest milk. But there is yet a great difference in this respect in individual cows, or, perhaps, rather, in cow families. Just at present I am raising a calf from a Jersey dam, whose milk contains more butter fat than I have ever seen in milk before. Not having much milk on which to bring this calf up, I have tried milk substitutes, especially clear flaxseed meal and a calf meal. I began giving flaxseed meal on the third day by the teaspoonful, gradually increasing to two handfuls at a feed in the fifth or sixth week. The meal was put into a pail, and boiling water put on it, making a thin soup, which was mixed with what skim milk I could spare for the purpose and fed blood warm. At six weeks of age the calf meal—which seems to consist mostly of flaxseed meal or oil meal—was substituted for the flaxseed meal, two good handfuls at a feed. This calf also receives dry bran and other ground grains, and eats several handfuls out of its pail, some cut clover hay, etc., and has done so well that I believe it possible to bring up good calves practically without milk, except for a short time on the start.—T. Greener, in Farm and Fireside.

Orchard and Garden.

At the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' meeting Prof. L. H. Bailey of Cornell University said that the fifteen years last past were marked by three distinct improvements in the methods of caring for orchards. The first was the introduction of spraying, which had now become so universal a practice that it was not thought necessary to advocate it at the meetings. The second was the tillage of orchards, and that was so well settled now that the farmers do not ask, "Shall we cultivate?" but "What are the best methods for clay or sandy soil?" whichever the orchard was on. Now the prime question seems to be upon the use of a cover crop for the orchard, and he believed that within five years they would be discussing the merits of special cover crops for special soils. Where the soil is not in condition to grow better crops he would use rye as a starter, and gradually work the soil up until it was rich enough to grow crimson clover, which he thought the best cover crop.

But it is quite possible to get the soil too rich with peas and clover if plowed under each spring, and thus it would be well to change occasionally to buckwheat or rye. He would plow them with gang plow, and cover only three or four inches deep. This he would do early in the spring, that they might decay. Would not use commercial fertilizers, or but a little, until the trees came into bearing. After the first four years the orchard should not need plowing, but the disc or cut-away harrows should be sufficient for cultivation. He urged setting two-year-old trees, and said that when two-year-old and six-year-old trees were set at the same time they were of equal size after five years. He is setting in his own orchard the Northern Spy, and top-grafting them with scions from bearing trees that produce fruit of known excellence, as he believes in the individuality of trees.

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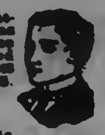

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Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

LACROSSE.

The Lacrosse match last night between the Athletics and Y.M.C.A. resulted in another win for the Athletics by a score of 8 to 3. The play was very loose at times and the players being handicapped by the wet grass which most of had an additional flow of water before the game and consequently the boys were unable to keep their feet. This is the second practice game played by the Y.M.C.A. and Athletics this season.

The Y.M.C.A. are getting into shape for their game with the T.A.S. at Lakefield on the 24th.

Athletics		Y.M.C.A.
Galley	Goal	Armour
Dillon	Point	Trollope
Morgan	Cover	Smith
Glover	1st Defence	Pennick
Mein	2nd Defence	Galley
Dusty	3rd Defence	Brown
Dunford	Centre	Taylor
McCabe	3rd Home	Cameron
Whitcroft	2nd Home	Forman
Parnell	1st Home	Robertson
Wasson	Outside	Dumble
Graham	Inside	Best

Referee, Fred Clark.

THE GUN

Springfield, S. Dak., May 21 — The fine grounds of the Springfield Gun Club were thronged with several hundred prominent marksmen to-day at the opening of the fifteenth annual tournament of the South Dakota State Sportsmen's Association. Eighteen events were contested to-day and some excellent scores were made. The tournament continues through to-morrow and to the winners of the various events several hundred dollars in prizes and trophies will be awarded.

Pleasant Cure For Weak Lungs

The best remedy for sore, weak lungs, is the soothing vapor of Catarrhozone, which traverses every air cell and passage of the breathing organs. It treats remote parts that cough mixtures and sprays can't approach, and kills thousands of germs at every breath. Catarrhozone drives away pain, congestion and inflammation; it makes breathing easy and regular, and exerts a marvellous influence on coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, catarrh, deafness and lung trouble. Catarrhozone cures at once, is delightful to inhale, and simple to use. Price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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Items of Interest

Ottawa, May 20.—Dr. David H. Baird, dentist, who went from Ottawa as a corporal with the 10th field hospital under command of Col. Worthington, has written home to Dr. Gorrell describing his experiences. Dr. Baird was very ill on the way over with appendicitis, but as soon as he struck the South African climate he began to recuperate and to-day he is as good as ever. He says that the Canadian field hospital is far superior to any of the imperial outfits and are somewhat envied by the imperial officers.

While he was at Klerksdorp the hospital had a trying experience in that they were so beset upon by the enemy that they were compelled to dig trenches for the protection of the sick. On that day everybody dug, officers and all, and they worked like trojans. While they were digging these trenches the bullets were singing about their heads with an occasional volley of pom-poms thrown in to make it still more interesting. The Red Cross flag, he says, did not cut any figure. He says it is great sport to see the pom-pom in action, and is very demoralizing on the men who take any if the fire when it starts. Being a dentist Dr. Baird's services as a dentist are in great demand. He has extracted about 250 teeth, and says he could easily make $20 a day if he wished to charge for the work.

Since landing in the country the hospital has trekked all over the place and while working hard had a great deal of experience, besides seeing the country to good advantage. He says in closing that the Canadian field hospital is easily the best on the field and has been constantly engaged since they arrived in the country. He also states that letters from home are very much appreciated by the boys at the front.

A Wonderful Tonic and Strengthener

Said a druggist to-day, "No doubt about it, the tonic that gives best results is the biggest seller, and that is Ferrozone. It enriches and purifies the blood, restores strength and energy to the feeble, and is a scientific reconstructor that was always popular. In chlorosis, anaemia, tiredness, languor, brain fag, indigestion and dyspepsia its action is prompt. Yes, I recommend Ferrozone to my customers because I believe it is the best. Boxes cost 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Maj. Miller's Meeting

MR. GARVIN

was the second speaker, and in an eloquent and lengthy speech censured the educational policy of the government, and denied that the territory in dispute between the Dominion and Ontario governments was not that recently developed around Sault Ste Marie. He claimed that the Provincial secretary's nerves were becoming considerably shattered by Miller, the shoemaker's constant pegging away at him. He also contradicted the statement in the Examiner that Mr. B. Clegg was receiving but $800 a year and asserted that the Hon. Israel Tarte had replied to him that Mr. Clegg is employed both by the Department of Railways and Canals and that of Public Works, from each of which he is in receipt of $800 a year. These amounts, added to $300 credited to Mr. Clegg in the Public Accounts, for forest ranging gives him a salary of $1900 a year. He accepted the statement of the Examiner that Clegg only receives $800 a year, but would like to know who gets the other $1100. He went into the financial condition of the Province and claimed that there is a debt of nearly $60,000,000. There is no stability about the Referendum, he said, and even should it be carried it can be repealed in the first session of the House, as it does not necessitate both parties interested voting on it. He deplored that the country has not in previous years sent to Parliament more men of independent views and with the courage of their convictions such men for instant as Major Miller and Dr. Ford, who would force upon their leaders an honest and upright administration of the Province's affairs. He produced samples of Canadian and Irish school books for comparison, and claimed that we have been and are paying three times as much for our text books for the past sixteen years than is paid for equally as good books in Ireland. He denounced the whole educational system as leaning to the professions to the advantage of the mass of the people. Even in Peterborough should children pass their entrance examination at 10, 11 or 12 years of age, and cannot afford to pay for their text books they are shut out of the High School. This he said, is not just; such children should get a year or two's education in the High School free. Mr. Garvin concluded his remarks with the old cry of "Its time for a change."

THE CANDIDATE.

Major Miller received quite an ovation and made an exceedingly creditable speech. He thought that at the incipiency of the campaign he had been despised as a working man with considerable impudence to come out against a gentleman, and that he could be handled by local stumpers. However, as the campaign developed the gentleman had found it necessary to stay at home himself and to bring in his heavy artillery and flood the country with honorables. And for the first time in the history of this riding the honorables are taken out to country school houses to fight this beggar of a shoemaker. He stated that paid canvassers, also can be seen, like ghouls in the darkness of night shooting out in every direction in the interests of his opponent. He credited Sir John Macdonald with being the first advocate of agricultural schools and ridiculed the proposition of one of the Liberal great guns to establish one in Harvey. He scored the government for its appropriation to the Stony Creek dam, which don't conserve a bucketful of water in the summer time; it is only a spring freshet conserved for the use of a lumbering company. The same applies to the Bottle Creek dam. As to the boasted colonization appropriations, he found in Colonization Board report John Aikens credited with $300 for such purposes. The truth of the matter is, he said, Jim Aikens spent that money on a road leading over private property to Gull Lake. He claimed that there were instances of overseers getting $2 and $2.50 a day for work they never saw. The major next went at length into the government's pulp concessions which he said would have brought into the treasury half a million dollars had they been put up at auction as they should have been. After a lengthy criticism of the educational and ballot systems at present in use, the Major went on to definitely state his own principles. I am, he said out and out conservative and a temperance man. Before I accepted the nomination I demanded the privilege of supporting any temperance measure introduced in the House, whether by Grit or Tory. I oppose the Referendum because I don't believe it is an honest measure, and was never meant to be one. You asked for bread and they gave you a stone. Ross gave the temperance people a Referendum to wrestle with for a time, and told the liquor men to go on selling while he picks the till. As to Mr. Stratton personally he had nothing to say against him, but he characterized Ross and Stratton as a dashed bad pair. In conclusion, he denied the statement that that he had joined a union just before an election. Fifteen years ago he was a member of the Knights of labor, and when he joined the Federal Union there was no thought of his being the Conservative Nominee. He thought the interests of the country stood before party or politics, and that we have arrived at a time when prejudices should be set aside in favor of a government we can be proud of, let it be Grit or Tory. The Major concluded an eloquent and lengthy speech amid prolonged applause.

Three cheers were given for Whitney, Miller and the King.

WEATHER AND FOOD

As the hot weather comes on we lighten our raiment with due care for the comfort of the body. In like manner should young and old arrange a system of diet for the summer months—a diet that will maintain a normal appetite and at the same time nourish the body, nerves and blood.

In hot weather the breakfast should be light, refreshing and nourishing. If you desire a supply of energy, nerve and brain power, use Malt Breakfast Food; make it your regular morning dish. Do not forget the children; let them have their dish of Malt Breakfast Food as well as the older people; they need all the energy, strength and health they can acquire.

As a summer food, Malt Breakfast Food holds first place in the estimation of our medical men. It does not heat the blood; it is easily digested and assimilated; it comforts the stomach; its concentrated nourishment builds up the body and enriches the blood. Besides energizing and invigorating every function of the system, Malt Breakfast Food conduces to sweet and refreshing sleep. It stands unequalled as a health food. At all grocers.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

"Do You Know Him, or Do You Not?"

Acting upon the impulse of the moment, Hetty turned back toward the house.

Daisy started up from her chair with a cry of terror as she unceremoniously opened the door.

Ah, what horrible torture to live in constant fear of a step— of a voice!

Hetty had told her how heaven had intervened to save her from the crime of suicide, and had pleaded with her for hours to tell her why she did it.

"You have some terrible secret that is eating your heart out, Daisy. Oh, let me share it with you, dear!" she sobbed, but Daisy turned away with a horrible shudder.

"You would hate me, Hetty," she wailed bitterly. "No, no, you must never know until— until— I am past all reproving!"

"Is it something you have done, dear, that the world might not quite approve of?" asked Hetty, clasping closely the little death- cold hands and looking down into the frightened pansy- blue eyes raised in such terror to hers.

"I cannot tell you," answered Daisy, despairingly, her voice sinking to a pitiful whisper. "Do not ask me, Hetty.

"You can do me one great favor, Hetty, and let no one know," she nervously added. "Find out if any one came last night, or— or, this morning and inquired for me."

Hetty went quickly and made rigid inquiries among the servants.

The answer was "No," and that was the answer she brought back to Daisy, who was crouching back in her chair, the very picture of abject fear.

She had not thought to inquire if a stranger had called for Aleck or her father.

The answer Hetty brought back seemed to give her new life; the color drifted back to her white cheeks in a crimson wave.

"Ah, if I dared believe it was but an idle threat!" she cried below her breath. "Harold St. John has not come. If that be true he dare not."

"I want you to come out into the garden with me, dear," said Hetty. "Now that I have promised to keep last night's terrible escapade from papa and Olive, you must, in turn, pay some little heed to my entreaties, and I do entreat that you will come out into the garden.

"See how the butterflies are coquetting with the roses over there by the miniature lake, and the sun is drifting down on the lilacs. Come out with me, dear, and enjoy it; papa is waiting for me in the garden; he has sent for me, so I must hurry away. Come, where is your garden-hat?"

"I do not need one," answered Daisy. "Go to papa if he wants you. I will come to you down in the rose-garden a little later on."

Hetty always liked to remember how she suddenly bent down and kissed the lovely young face before she turned away.

"My foe did not come; death did not come to me," Daisy whispered to herself, in an awe- stricken voice; then she looked out of the window down the gravel walk that led to the gate.

Ah! it was a rare blessing to see the world bathed in a flood of golden sunshine again.

How glad she was that she was not lying cold and stiff in death on her white bed that morning.

She could picture how wildly they would have been mourning for her now.

No one but Hetty knew how near she had been to death. But it would be death for her sooner or later; for, though Harold St. John should keep silent, she could not stand such torture as this long; better death than that she should go mad, for it would end that way.

That was Harold St. John's aim and object— to drive her mad; that was the vengeance he meant to take on her.

Drying her eyes, she stepped slowly out on the balcony and down the spiral stairway that led into the garden. Yes, it was a glorious morning, as Hetty had said— she would go out into the sunshine and thank heaven she still lived.

Suddenly she imagined she heard the sound of a shrill, piercing cry.

"It is only my fancy," murmured Daisy nervously, "or perhaps some bird's shrill note— the old woods back of the villa are full of caws — they should be driven away from the trees."

The sound was not repeated, and she walked on through the sunshine toward the garden hedged in by the tall flowering lilacs that lay beyond.

She was quite sure she heard her father's voice in the distance, but she paid no heed.

As she passed the fountain she paused for a moment, looking down in its glassy depths, for its waters lay still now under the soft, bright light of the sun, and she saw her own face mirrored there.

She was not vain, but she could not help but notice the exquisite beauty of that face, framed in its sheen of golden hair. It was beauty such as was given to few women, but it had been a bitter curse to her, for it had lured Harold St. John into fancying her.

She knew her first great grave fault had been in keeping her acquaintance with him and the evident admiration he professed for her, a secret from her honest old father.

How much grief and misery might have been spared her in the after years!

He would have forbidden those clandestine meetings — have forbidden him ever to look upon her face again.

There would have been a few tears perhaps, a little heartache, then it would have been all over; he would have gone away— and, girl- fashion, she would have forgotten him; but now— ah! how much sorrow had accrued from her folly!

She had done all that to spite Hetty and Olive because they would not take her to the garden- party at Briarvale, and now, what would she not give to recall those few fleeting hours!

She would never have trusted a handsome, bold, soft- spoken stranger; but then young girls do not know the rocks that lie in the sea of life— they find out by bitter experience.

Her reverie was interrupted by another pitiful cry.

"That surely is no fancy," muttered Daisy. "That is Hetty's voice. Now why should she cry out so strangely!" Daisy wondered — and

(To be Continued.)

Testing It For Herself.

He watched her arranging the violets in the big Kakiri bowl.

She looked so very pretty, and yet she must be told.

Lighting a cigarette, he braced himself for the telling. As he tossed the match in the direction of the blazing fire, she came toward him, holding in her hand a few of the purple flowers.

"For you," she said, simply, and pressed close to his side as she put them in his buttonhole.

After that she bent and kissed him, slowly and deliberately. He sat transfixed. In all their platonics her lips had never before touched his.

Ere he could recover himself she kissed him again.

Not a word nor a caress accompanied either kiss. They stood out against a background of utter incomprehensibility.

Then she walked over by the fire. He looked anxiously after her.

She faced about, and he saw that her lips were moving slightly, while her eyes had a far-off gaze.

At last she spoke.

"You can marry her!"

There was a pause—she seemed to be indulging in further meditation — and then—

"Yes, you can marry her. I don't care at all. You see, I kissed you on purpose. I did it twice to make sure, and I didn't feel even the faintest quiver either time. I was very careful, and tasted each kiss thoroughly, and I know now that—that you can marry her."

He rose, his form and his rage towering together. What man could be calm on learning that his lips possess no power to thrill?

"Good-bye," he said, putting out his hand.

"Good-bye," she answered, smiling.

He went out, and the door closed behind him.

She stood where he left her, banding her clasped fingers across her eyes. The sunlight streamed in between the window arches and shot a ray of glory over the violets, the woman and the woman's yellow hair. It caused the diamonds on her hand to sparkle brilliantly, and something on her cheek shone too.

"Dear heaven!" she murmured, softly, "what must it be to have him do the kissing!"

Literary Success.

"The main element of literary success is the popular mood," remarks "Life." "Litterateurs and litteratouses have nothing to do with making the popular mood. This is made by the high price of potatoes, or the bad times abroad, or the constructive statesmanship of the Republican party, et cetera. The public take to their bosoms today what they would have coldly neglected yesterday, and vice versa. Even the works of an Irving Bacheller might have fallen still-born from the press in another generation. In a word, literary success is quite like success in the real estate or saloon business; it is lucrative, and that is all. The man or woman who should write to please himself or herself— But that is getting away from our subject."

Maid of All Work.

In Mr. Dooley's new volume, "Mr. Dooley's Opinions," there is an entertaining chapter on "The Poet's Fate." Practically it is an essay about Mr. Kipling, and Mr. Dooley blossoms forth this time as Mr. Kipling's admirer:

"Roodyard Kipling is a diff'rint kind iv a pote. He don't keep pothry f'r style so that he can turn out behind it an' say, 'Boys, what d'ye think iv that f'r high-stheppin' verse?' Comfort an' not display is his motto. Whin he asks what Hogan calls th' Muse f'r to come up an' spind a week with him, he doesn't expict her to set all day in th' hammock on th' front stoop singin' about th' bur-rds. She's got to do th' week's washin', clane th' windows, cook th' meals, chune th' pianny, dust th' furniture, mend th' socks, an' milk th' cow be day, an' be night she's got to set up an' balance th' books iv an empire. Whin this Muse has thrown up her job at Kipling's, she'll be as good a second girl as anny pote wud want to hire. So Roodyard Kipling's pomes is in gr-reat demand. They're warranted not to tear or shrink or r-run in th' wash, an' guaranteed to fit all sizes an' ages."

Mr. D. Speptic—My dear, I wish you would prepare something occasionally to tempt my appetite. His Wife—The idea! Why, you have not any appetite to tempt.—"Waverley Magazine."

An amusing practical joke has been perpetrated in a continental club. A member hurt his finger, and not wishing to consult his own doctor he asked a brother member, who was a physician, to look at it. The physician did so, and, to the patient's surprise, sent in a bill for ten shillings. The victim showed the bill to another member, who was a solicitor, and asked him what he should do. The solicitor promptly advised him to pay the bill, and sent him in another for ten shillings for advice given. The man complained of his treatment to yet another member, who reported him to the committee for failing to meet his obligations. He was ultimately fined a case of champagne.—London Globe

Mrs. Smith—I reckon our Jane has got a first-rate husband.

Mrs. Brown—Well, you ought to be thankful.

Mrs. Smith—I hope I am, 'Gusty. Of course, he isn't much to look at, and he ain't over smart; but there's one thing, and that is he's saving. Why, the very first day after the marriage he told Jane she'd better let him take the engagement ring back and get the money returned. He said there was no longer any use for her to wear it now that she was married.—Boston Transcript.

Quebec Steamboat Co
LIMITED
River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

THE WELL and favorably known S.S. Campana, 1,700 tons, lighted with electricity and with all comforts leaves Montreal on Mondays at 2 p.m. 2d, 16th & 30th June; 14th and 28th July; 11th and 25th August 8th and 22d September for Pictou, N. S. calling at Quebec, Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., Charlottetown, P.E.I.

The finest trip of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN,
Secretary, Quebec.

For tickets and staterooms apply to W. BUNTON, Ticket Agent, Peterborough.

NORTHERN NAVIGATION CO.
(Owners of and operating the Northwest Transportation Co.)

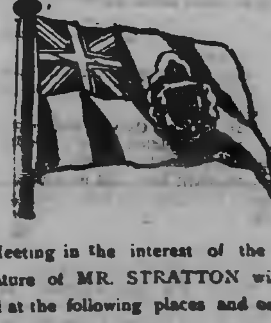
GEORGIAN BAY & SAULT STE. MARIE

SOO DIVISION.
One of the Company's steamers will leave Collingwood, Owen Sound, etc., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

NORTH SHORE DIVISION
S.S. Atlantic will leave Collingwood on Mondays and Thursdays at 10.30 p.m. for Parry Sound, Pointe au Baril, Byng Inlet and French River.

PARRY SOUND DIVISION.
City of Toronto will leave Penetang every Monday and Thursday at 11.30 a.m. and Wednesday and Saturday at 9.00 a.m. and Midland all of the above days at 1.45 p.m. on arrival of train from Toronto until further notice.

For tickets and full information apply to all railway agents.
W. H. SMITH, Agent, Owen Sound.
Northern Navigation Co., Collingwood



Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

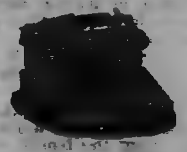
Orange Hall, Buckhorn,
Tuesday night, May 26th

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President.
C. M. ROGER Secretary

GOD SAVE THE KING



TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N.Y.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Owen Sound Harbour Works," will be received at this office until Monday 26th May instant for Dredging at Owen Sound County of Grey, Ont., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of H. A. Gray, Esq., Engineer in charge of harbour works Ontario Confederation Life Building, Toronto, on application to the Postmaster at Owen Sound, On and at the Department of Public Works Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, 15th May, 1903.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

FREE TRIAL

INTRODUCTION OFFER

Cut out this advertisement and send it to us together with 25c. in stamps and we will mail you one large size box of Dr. Dean's Nerve and Blood Builder or Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills.

You can use them and if you write us saying you do not find them better than anything of the kind you have ever used, your money will be returned by first mail.

Dr. Dean's Nerve and Blood Builder cures all diseases arising from nerve troubles or thin, watery blood. Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills cure all forms of kidney troubles.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 22 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times]

—Don't forget that tomorrow is market day.

—The caterpillar pest is quite bad in some sections.

—Don't forget Father Phelan's picnic at Lakefield on Victoria Day.

—A "leetle German band" has been doing the town during the past few days.

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Mr. James Bogue has the contract for the erection of the new Cereal works' building.

—The band will run an excursion to Jubilee Point on Victoria Day per City of Peterborough.

—Mr. Ralph Carton, our popular painter, has completed some work in Hastings for Mr. Hank Johnston.

—Football hair will be popular this season. the price of hair cutting has gone up to 20 cents in many places.

—Capt. Lane is getting the City of Peterborough in first class shape before the opening of the season.

There are quite a number of contractors here figuring on the new dam which the Cereal Company propose to build.

—The town of Collingwood formerly employed two assessors at $200 a year but this year one assessor is doing the work.

—The party who threw a stone through Chinaman Jim Chung's laundry window on Tuesday, and injured that celestial, has not yet been discovered.

—There will be a meeting of St. Luke's Bible Class this evening at 8 o'clock, in Long Bros. new parlors. Business of importance. A full attendance requested.

—The remains of the late Rev. Mr. Adams arrived from Hastings last night at nine o'clock, and were deposited in the vault at the Little Lake Cemetery until to-day, when they will be interred.

—There will be Regimental shooting matches at the ranges on the 24th of May, commencing at 9 o'clock a.m. These matches will be for prizes, the list of which will be published later.

—Lindsay Post—Ever see three fellows standing on a street corner and playing euchre into a hat? The sight was witnessed on Kent at about 10.20 this morning by a privileged few. We're getting to be a fast town—in spots.

—The funeral of the late Richard J Cavanagh, whose untimely death was chronicled in yesterday's issue, will take place from the family residence, at the Cavanagh hotel, to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

—Many Stony Lake cottagers intend going up on Saturday to look over their summer homes before the season sets in.

Alas, the nights are nearly here
When Mr. Skeeter will
Sing songs unasked, and then forthwith
Present an awful bill.

This is nomination day. Voting this day week.

—A distinguished party from the Orient passed through Peterborough on the C.P.R. It comprised, among others, his Highness Prince Yi Chai Kak of Korea, Mr. Ko, Mr. Kim, Mr. Yi and Mr. and Mrs. H. Goffe. They will represent Korea at the coronation of King Edward VII. They travelled from Yokohama, via. Vancouver, and arrived in Toronto on the Pacific Express from North Bay.

Disgraceful Vandalism

Word was received at The Times office yesterday that boys in the vicinity of Riverdale Mission Church, in the extreme south end of the town, had broken the windows of the building with stones and air guns. This is disgraceful, and will require prompt action on the part of the police. No stone should be left unturned to apprehend and punish the culprits.

For the Common Good

Printers' Ink: Every enterprising citizen can benefit his whole town by pushing his own business. The man who has goods to sell will interest those who want his goods. He will also give them reason for spending money in his town. The more he pushes the more they buy. The more careful he is in buying the more anxious people will be to come to him for what they want. Some one will come from quite a distance to deal there. They will tell their friends of what they found and how they were treated. They will help his business. The entire delegation will come next time and buy from others as well as the man who does the pushing. Thus they all get a benefit and all push together.

FELL FROM WINDOW AND BROKE HIS NECK

Mr. A. A. Benson Meets a Terrible Death at the National

ABOUT ONE O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT

Mr. A. A. Benson, traveller for the firm of H. W. Petrie, Toronto, met death last night by falling from a window on the second story of the National Hotel about 4.30 last night. Mr. Bension fell a distance of 18 or 20 feet breaking his neck, the broken bones in the neck severing the internal carotid artery. When found he was lying face downward and apparently had not moved after the body had struck the ground. He lived about half an hour but was unconscious. The accident occident occurred shortly after 1 o'clock; after the bus had returned from the midnight the clerk of the hotel heard a crash and went around to the yard to see what the noise was, when he discovered the body of Mr. Benson in his night robe. Coroner Grey was at once sent for and handed the body over to the undertaker, Mr. Comstock.

It was decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

Mr. Benson came to Peterborough Tuesday night on the midnight. He was a married man about 63 years of age, his wife, Mrs. A. A. Benson, residing at Mitchell.

No responsibility whatever, rests upon Mr. Conroy, the proprietor of the hotel. It is not known how the accident occurred as the man retired in his usual good health.

ANOTHER INDUSTRY

Another Large Milling Company are Thinking of Locating Here

Yesterday a number of American capitalists were in town with a view to establishing a large milling industry in Peterborough. They were driven around the city by Mayor Denne, who pointed out the advantages Peterborough offered as a manufacturing centre. They seemed greatly impressed with what they saw and heard, and will probably locate here.

METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING.

Lay Delegates to the Conference Were Appointed

At Tuesday's meeting of Peterborough District of the Bay of Quinte Conference lay delegates were appointed to the annual conference. Rev. Mr. McCamus, of Lakefield, was appointed to the Stationing committee, Mr. Rich. Clarke, of Millbrook, to the Sunday School committee Mr. Hull, of Lakefield, to the Missionary committee. Rev. Mr. Mounteer was appointed secretary of Tuesday's meeting and Rev. Mr. Delve, statistical secretary.

The fiances of the district were discussed and shown to be in an excellent condition. An effort will be made to contribute the alloted amount towards wiping out the debt of St. James church. Montreal.

Mr. Benj. Shortly is the lay delegate to conference from George-st church Mr. J. Sutherland from Charlotte street church, and Mr. S. Sargent from Mark street church, Ashburnham.

A Great Sufferer Cured

They place many young girls at a great disadvantage in life. The only cure is a blood purifier like Ferrozone. It cleanses the crimson flood of poisons and impurities, renews and strengthens it, and makes lots of red corpuscles, that manifest their presence by a ruddy, healthy glow in the cheeks and lips. Ferrozone quickly masters all skin eruptions, builds up broken-down constitutions, and gives to weak, sickly women an abundance of spirits, vitality, energy and beauty. Try Ferrozone, it's all right. Price 50c. per box or 6 boxes for $2.50, at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

A MAY WEDDING

Nuptials of Miss Grace Kendry and Mr. Wm Bletcher Yesterday Afternoon

The residence of Mr. T. E. Kendry was the scene of a very pretty wedding yesterday afternoon, when his daughter, Miss Grace C., and Mr. Wm. B. Bletcher, of town, were united in the holy bounds of matrimony. The drawing-room was tastefully decorated for the occasion with evergreens and apple blossoms, underneath an arch of which Rev. Mr. Barlow, pastor of Murray Street Baptist Church, performed the ceremony.

The bride who looked charming in white organdie with trimmings of white satin and baby ribbon, and tucked satin bolero, entered the drawing-room on the arm of her father to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, rendered by Miss McCabe.

Miss Lillie Mowry, who was also most becomingly attired in white organdie, performed the duties of bridesmaid. The groom was assisted by Mr. J. G. Gemmell, of town.

A delightful wedding dejeuner served by Long Bros., caterers, was partaken of after the ceremony by the guests, who numbered about 40.

The presents received by Mr. and Mrs. Bletcher were both numerous and costly, testifying to their popularity. They were also the recipients of a very handsome soup tureen and ladle, from the members of Eko camp, of which the groom was a member. The happy couple left on the 4.45 train for Toronto and other western points. They have the sincere and heart felt wishes of a host of friends in town for a full measure of happiness and the smile of fortune throughout life's journey.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times]

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mr. Bernard Tate, of Toronto University, is the guest of his brother, Mr. J. G. Tate.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Belcher, who have been staying at the Snowden House, have taken up their residence at Chemong for the summer.

—Mrs. Herb. Kent, of Vancouver, has kindly consented to take part in the programme and recite at Mrs. Morrow's concert, to be given in Lakefield this evening.

—Miss Belle Duff, of Indian River, who was one of the third year students at Queen's University, was successful in securing first class honors in all her subjects and stood third in the list of successful candidates.

PETERBOROUGH POST OFFICE

Re-Arrangement of the Salaries of the Employees

The Post Office Department at Ottawa, at the thoughtful suggestion of Mr. J. H. McClellan, has rearranged the salaries of the employees of the Peterborough office, as follows:

H. C. Rogers, P. M. ...	$1,750	$2,000
Jno. Corkery, Asst. P.M.	900	800
C. Mitchell, Clerk	490	400
J. Eggleson, Clerk	300	240
Miss Watt	300	300
Miss Hall	300	300

Catarrhozone

An instant relief and perfect cure for colds, coughs, catarrh, deafness, asthma, bronchitis, lung trouble and consumption.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes any time and it kills a cough or cold in the head.

Inhale Catarrhozone five minutes four times daily and it permanently cures chronic catarrh, deafness, asthma and hay fever.

Inhale Catarrhozone ten minutes every hour and it cures pneumonia, consumption, lung trouble and prevents all contagious diseases. Complete

THE BIG FIRE AT LINDSAY

THE BUSINESS SECTION THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION

But was Saved by Heroic Efforts—Peterborough Brigade Telegraphed for—Damage Done

The business portion of Lindsay was in great danger yesterday of destruction. A fire broke out in a stable in rear of premises on Kent-st., owned by Jas. Hamilton and occupied by Anderson's furniture store. The stable was quickly destroyed and the fire communicated to several wooden buildings adjoining, which were also wiped out. In the yard adjoining was the magazine in which the supply of powder and dynamite for Edward's hardware store was kept, and an explosion was expected. By deluging the building with water the contents were so soaked that the explosion was averted.

The outbuildings in the rear of the Daly House were next burned and the hotel caught fire, and a hard fight ensued to save it, which was eventually done. In the meantime the fire had burned its way north across the block and fastened on a terrace owned by Jas Connell, on the south side of Peel-st (the street running parallel with King-st.), there was little prospect of saving the terrace, while heroic efforts were being made to cut the flames off from dwellings adjoining.

The curling rink on the north side of Peel-st, caught fire and for a time made a blaze, but having an iron roof the attack was confined to the front of the building and was beaten off.

The Lundy terrace of stores on William-st. offered a fair mark and the outbuildings were speedily swept away and some considerable damage done to the rear of the terrace, but was finally got under control.

Shortly after three o'clock word was received that the fire had been mastered, but no estimate could be given of the loss.

The interior of the block in which the fire got in its work is a mass of structures and offered a fair mark for the flames.

The Peterborough fire brigade were telegraphed for, and the engine and men were at the station ready to leave, when a message was received saying the fire was under control.

Later,—9.10 p.m.

The whole of one side of the block opposite the Curling Rink was completely destroyed by the flames. There were 14 dwelling houses burned with the outbuildings behind Kent Street.

The Firemen put up a desperate fight to get the fire under control. The men were completely exhausted.

The damage is estimated from 30 to 40 thousand dollars.

The fire is still burning but is under control.

Meat Eaters

gain strength
and Economy

ON

Grape-Nuts

ALL GROCERS

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will bhy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regglar way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, izes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearlyall of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00—noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM. ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

VICTORIA DAY

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902

Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agen
1 King St. East, Toronto

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th, 19

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct. N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

FOR STYLISH

Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month.

A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magazines (April numbers) two for 6 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5cts pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10cts quire 25 envelops 10cts; Dolls, 25. 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices. Times Bookstore.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c. This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once, to The Times, Peterborough.

A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them Apply to C. Wilhemy at City Hotel.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at	40c
Suspenders	15c
Overalls, with bib, at	48c
Smocks, at	90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or to rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

32½ George street, Peterborough
Telephone 130 [illegible] and 215, day or night

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Bordan, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured everyone of Obesity. Safely [illegible] Reduces Stout Abdomen and Large Hips [illegible] Health improved. [illegible] Address Mrs. Dr. Bordan, [illegible]

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 121 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MAY 23 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

WALKED STRAIGHT INTO BOER TRAP

Frank Jahnson of the Vics Writes About the Fight at Harts River

FIRED AT FROM ALL SIDES

Boer Fifteen Pounder Put Out of Business and Fifteen Killed With One British Shot.

Montreal, May 22.—Pte. Frank. G. Johnson, of No. 1 Company of the Victoria Rifles, son of the late Captain, F. G. Johnson, who went to South Africa with the third regiment, C.M.R., has written a letter home to his mother, giving some additional facts and personal experiences while under fire at the fight at Harts River. His letter is dated from Dreiknil Transvaal, April 4. He writes as follows:

"We left camt at three o'clock on the morning of March 31 and marched all day until about two o'clock in the afternoon when we stopped and fed our horses. We were just looking around for our own dinner when we saw some men appear on the sky line. The officers at once got their glasses on them and decided they were Boers. We were ordered to dig trenches, and had no sooner got the order than bang-whiz went the first Boer fifteen-pounder, the shell landing just a few yards past our camp. We were then ordered out with rifles and bandoliers into the firing line all around the camp. Bryson and I were running out together when our fifteen pounder replied to the Boers from behind us. The noise it made, together with the concussion of the air knocked us both down, but we got up again and into our places and commenced to shoot. I cannot begin to describe my feelings when the first shell came into camp. I was not exactly scared, but I was rather nervous. When I got settled in the trench the fight was raging all around and the noise was pretty bad. On my left was an old man, about forty, and he posted me on the different sounds of the bullets whistling over our heads. We had been about an hour in our trench when the Boers got a cross fire on us, when we were ordered to vacate it and go about two hundred yards further on. I jumped up with the rest and we started to run as fast as we could go. The bullets were coming so thick that you would imagine that someone was playing a harp somewhere near us.

FIVE GUNS EACH.

"The Boers had five guns I believe, and we also had five and they were each trying to put each other out of action for about two hours. One of our artillery officers bet £5 with another that he would put the Boer fifteen pounder out of action He succeeded in hitting the gun, breaking it to pieces and at the same time killing about twenty-five Boers, all with the one shot. so the Boer doctor told us after the fight.

"The Boers led us right into a trap by all accounts. They were formed up into the shape of a horseshoe and we followed an empty convoy of their right into it. As soon as they had us right they closed in and there we were completely surrounded. They were shooting from all sides and nobody was safe on that account, because if we were firing from one side, their bullets were coming from all sides and there was just as big a chance of getting hit from behind as there was from the front. I was loading my rifle when a bullet came in and hit about two inches over my head and knocked about a pound of mud into my eyes. We had eight killed, two died from their wounds and there were forty-five others wounded, which will show you that it was pretty hot for a time.

"The Boers lost nearly four times as many men as we did as far as I can make out, but that won't make up for the poor chaps that we buried before we left. The fight took place at Boschbolt and I think there will be a bar for it. We left there about three o'clock the next day and were out all afternoon in the rain and all that night. We got into camp the following day and we are having a rest here waiting for remounts. We lost nearly two hundred horses all together. As soon as we get our nags we have to start again and chase Delarey till we catch him so we can expect a few more fights before we are through.

AN AWFUL DEATH ROLL THE PEOPLE HORROR

Stricken at the Prrospects of Anothsr Eruption

ABOUT SIX THOUSAND ESCAPE

In a Desperate Condition—Twenty Eight Thousand Perished at St. Pierre

Special to The Times.

Kingstown, W.I., May 23—The relief steamers now on the scene cano which occurred on the night of the 18th, was worse than reported. Buildings everywhere are demolished, and people are coming in to the city from all directions. The horror of the situation on St. Vincent is appalling.

The alarming report, that Unham Mountain, near the Marriaqua valley, an old and apparently extinct crater, is showing signs of activity, is confirmed. This volcano is only about six miles from Kingstown and may overwhelm the city at any moment.

Fort De France, Martinique, May 23—The first official estimate of the results of the explosion of Mont Pelle have been announced. This gives 28,-000 as the number of people buried in the ruins of St. Pierre. Six thousand persons were rescued by steamships or fled to places of safety. Three thousand probably were drowned. This is the most complete estimate made so far.

The relief steamers now on the scene are the American ships Cincinnati, Sterling, Potomac and Longfellow; the French cruiser Suchet and the British supply boat Mariana.

Owing to red tape it has been found impossible, up to the present time, to unload the supplies sent by the Chamber of Commerce of New York.

The bodies of Thomas T. Prentis, American consul, and James Japp British consul, have been identified and will be brought here for shipment. Both bodies are bruised by the fall of lava and stones almost beyond recognition.

A party from here has gone to St. Pierre on the British cruiser Indefatigable, carrying with them coffins, for the purpose of recovering the bodies of the family of Thomas J. Prentis, the late United States consul at that place, who was killed in the disaster.

The interment of the remains will take place here and will be conducted with military honors. The Indefatigable brought 120 tons of supplies.

There was another eruption from Mont Pelle yesterday. Ashes fell here. The volcano is still violently smoking, and there are no signs of it ceasing its activity.

The United States cruiser Cincinnati and the United States government tug Potomac will be stationed here indefinitely. The Potomac will shortly go to the island of Guadeloupe to bring to this place the furniture, books, etc., of the office of the United States consul there, Louis F. Ayme.

New York, May 23.—Cornelius Bliss, national treasurer of the West Indies relief, had received up to last evening a total of $94,000.

Gustav H. Schwab presided at a meeting of the executive committee of the associated relief committees of this city yesterday and presented the following cablegram received by the New York chamber of commerce from the chamber of commerce of the Barbadoes:

"Ascertained conditions St. Vincent's Damage, £50,000; 1,600 deaths; 160 wounded in hospitals; 4,000 destitute. Immediate wants supplied, but help required for the next six months."

The following reply was sent,—

"Chamber of Commerce, Barbadoes,—Cable received, Our agent on way to islands, authorized to act.—Gustav H. Schwab, Chairman Executive Committee."

Mr. Schwab reported that the Madiana reached Fort de France Saturday and that A. E. Outerbridge, agent of the Quebec steamship line, had received a cablegram from the captain, which did not indicate that there had been any hitch over the landing of the supplies purchased by the New York chamber of commerce, and that, therefore, he presumed that those supplies were in the hands of those who needed them. The committee decided to go on with its work and to continue to receive subscriptions.

Montreal, May 23.—The family of Engineer Charles Evans, of the SS. Roraima, which was lost in St. Pierre harbour, Martinique, as the result of the recent eruption of Mont Pelle, has received a telegram from the firm of A. A. Outerbridge & Co., New York, announcing that Mr. Evans is among the survivors of the disaster and that he is at present an inmate of the hospital at Fort de France, Martinique. The telegram reads as follows: "Engineer Evans in hospital at Fort de France." From another source the family has learned that Engineer Evans was very badly burned as the result of the shower of red-hot ashes from Mont Pelee, but how he was saved from death is not yet known. A letter, however, is expected to arrive shortly in the city from him, and this will doubtless contain the information that is now lacking.

EARL OF EGMONT ARRESTED

Drunk and Disorderly with Lena Perceva In Piccadilly

London, May 20.—The Earl of Egmont woman was charged also with having attempted to commit suicide in her cell. She pleaded guilty to the drunk and disorderly charge, but denied that she had tried to commit suicide. The woman was discharged. Perceval is the family name to the Hall of Assembly, where the throne who failed to answer and forfeited his bail when the case was called and Lena Perceval, who said she had no occupation, were charged in the Marlborough street Police Court this morning with being drunk and disorderly in Piccadilly last night. The of the earl of Egmont.

The Earl of Egmont is the eighth of that title. He was born in 1856 and in 1881 married Miss Kate Howell, daughter of Warwick Howell, of South Carolina She was a barmaid at a refreshment bar on the London underground railroad.

The Earl has had a varied career. He was formerly a sailor before the mast and rose to the rank of fourth officer. He then joined the Metropolitan Fire Brigade and afterwards became caretaker of the Town Hall at Chelsea. In which capacity he once turned the hose on a stormy political meeting, and on another occasion turned off the lights when a ball was proceeding. Subsequently he worked as a laborer in the Cheshire salt mines.

His family eventually got him out of the country by allowing him £5 a week on condition that he would reside in Cape Town. He succeeded his cousin to the title in 1897.

FRENZIED PEOPLE CLAMOR TO BE TAKEN AWAY

Terror, Not Destitution, Sends Them Flocking Into Fort de France

Special to The Times.

Fort Fe France, Island of Martinique, Wednesday, May 21, 4p.m.—Mont Pelee seems to be resting after yesterday's fearful manifestation of energy. Streams of frightened refugees have been pouring into Fort de France from all the surrounding country. These people are not destitute, but they are terrified. They want only one thing and that is to be taken far away from this island, with which, they say, the gods are angry, and which they will destroy by fire before it sinks under the sea. The consuls here and the officers of the war vessels in the harbor are waylaid by scores of persons crazed with fear and begging to be carried away.

Veiled in Volcanic Clouds.

The weather is now calm and beautiful, but the mountain is veiled in volcanic clouds, which often assume a very threatening aspect, and occasional rumblings are heard. Some heavy and very welcome rain fell this morning.

The United States steamer Dixie, Captain Perry, from New York arrived to-day after, a quick and safe passage. Her passengers include many world-famous scientists, Professor Robert T. Hill, Government geologist; Prof. C. E. Borchgrevink, the Antarctic explorer; Messrs. George Curtis and George Kennan, and many magazine writers and correspondents are also among those who arrived on the steamer.

This morning the commanders of the war vessels now here went to inspect St. Pierre. With the greatest difficulty the party succeeded in making a landing. The effects of the outburst of yesterday were tremendous. The huge basalt towers of the cathedral were pulverized, and the walls were hurled flat to the earth.

Furious Blast of Blasting Gas.

The bombardment of volcanic stones is not sufficient to account for this, and all evidences point to the passage of a furious blast of blasting gas, traveling at enormous speed, and with incalculable force. The deposit of boulders, ashes, and angular stones is enormous. Not a living human being saw what happened at St. Pierre yesterday morning. This second eruption was many times more violent than that which effaced St. Pierre and swept its people from the earth. Nor has all volcanic activity ceased. Vast columns of smoke and gas still pour from the great craters. Now fissures have opened on the mountain sides and are vomiting yellow whirlwinds which rush intermittently, now from one point and now from another. Boiling mud is also thrown out at times in torrents that reach the sea and produce small tidal waves.

Fiery Roaring Destruction.

From a somber, silent city of death and desolation, St. Pierre has become a hideous amphitheater of fiery roaring destruction.

The people are convinced that God is angry with the island, and means to scourge it with fire, and then sink it in the ocean. Utter and unreasoning fear possesses all souls. Even Fort de France is believed to be unsafe. The presence of the relief ships, however, is helpful to the people.

The scientists who have arrived will examine into the question of the danger of the peaks of Carbet, near Fort de France, becoming active volcanoes. The outburst of yesterday probably means a ruined island, as all confidence is lost.

"We want not food, but only to leave," is the single and unanimous cry of all, rich and poor alike.

May Take the People Away

Paris, May 21. —The Minister of the Colonies, M. de Crais has cabled to Governor l'Huerre, at Fort de France, instructing him to make all possible arrangements for the embarkation of the inhabitants of Martinique in the event of circumstances necessitating the evacuation of that island.

CANADA LOOKING FOR PREFERENTIAL TRADE

The Canadian Board of Trade to Make a United Move—to Make Canada the Principal Highway of the Empire

Too much importance cannot be attached to the conference of the Boards of Trade of the cities of the Dominion which will be held in Toronto on the 4th and 5th of next month. It is to be hoped that President Dumble, of the Peterborough Board, will see that a strong representation goes from here. The most prominent business men of noted business centres of the provinces will be in attendance, and their resolutions and recommendations, though of a colonial character, will be on matters of the greatest moment and of far-reaching effect.

The Ottawa representatives will be John Coates, president; Sir Sandford Fleming, Thomas McFarlane, G. F. Henderson, and Cecil Bethune. Sir Sandford Fleming urges the laying of the Pacific cable as soon as possible, and also state-owned cables from Australia to India and South Africa, and from South Africa to England, completing a circle round the globe.

Thomas McFarlane's recommendation is as follows: "That, failing the establishment of preferential trade between all British communities, an effort be made to establish a customs Union with Australia and other colonies and dependencies of the Empire by inducing them to impose a uniform duty, over and above their ordinary tariffs, on importations from countries outside the Union, and devoting the proceeds to subsidizing steamship lines, laying submarine cables and contributing to the naval defence of the Empire."

The Vancouver Board of Trade will present five resolutions and two recommendations. The first resolution expresses its feeling of the need of urgency in arranging inter-Imperial and inter-colonial reciprocity, and referring to its memorial recently presented to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the subject. The memorial desires Sir Wilfrid at the conference of Premiers to urge claims of Canada to preferential treatment of its products in United Kingdom and the colonies, to endeavor to obtain such arrangements by similar concessions on Canada's part, and to arrange the matter by means of a system of customs rebates. Another resolution urges the bringing of pressure to bear on the Imperial and Dominion Governments to establish systems of Imperial transportation and make Canada the principal highway of the Empire.

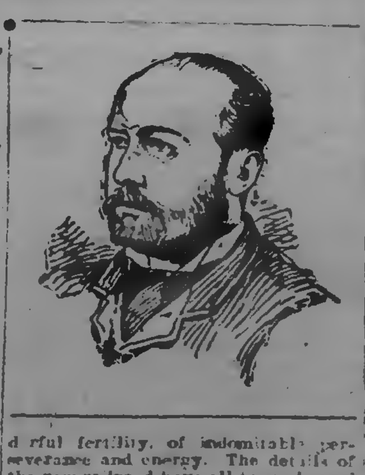
The Vancouver Board further advocates that the integral part of the empire should contribute to its defence, and endorses the establishment of Imperial postal and telegraph services and the decimal system throughout the empire. A discussion of the memorial of the London, Eng., Chamber of Commerce on Canada's need of a bankruptcy law is also recommended.

VAN HORNE'S WORK IN CUBAN RAILWAY

The Late President of The Canadian Pacific Railway

Has Completed a System of Railways in Cuba

Last Spike in the System to be Driven This Week



Special to The Times.

New York, May 23—Among the passengers who arrived by the Ward Line steamer Monteroy from Havana was Sir Wm. Von Horne, who said that he expected that the last spike in the Santa Clara and Santiago railway would be driven next week. He also said: "We shall have no official celebration of our opening, as I don't believe in such things, but I believe the event will be auspicious, and an augury of good for Cuba. We are building a number of branch lines as feeders to our system."

William C. Van Horne, President of the Canadian Pacific, was born in the United States, although now a subject of Great Britain. Very early in life he began railroading, attracting public attention for the first time to any extent, as general manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad System. Later he assumed the position of General Manager of the company of which he is now President. He is a man of wonderful fertility, of indomitable perseverance and energy. The details of the new railroad have all been planned by him.

In addition to being a great railroad man, Mr. Van Horne is one of the most famous geologists in America, having a collection equal to that of any held by a private individual in this country.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times Job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

CANADA'S MANY ADVANTAGES

People are beginning to learn that Canada is the best country under the sun to live in. In this land we have "peace and plenty," with all the advantages that the highest civilization affords. Here are a few of Canada's merits:

It has no volcanos,
No earthquakes,
No poisonous snakes,
No crop failures,
No tornados,
No cyclones,
No dangerous animals.
It has
The best water,
The finest lakes,
The best soil in America,
Plenty of timber,
The best fish, and a climate that
is simply glorious.

OFFICERS ELECTED

By the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor Tuesday Night

The following is a list of Officers and Committees of St. Andrew's Young People's Society of Christian Endeavour for the ensuing term of six months;

Hon. President, ...Rev. J. G. Potter
President...... ....Mr. A. Gillespie
1st Vice President ....Mr. B. Jackson
2nd Vice President, ...Miss L. Anderson
Rec. Secretary...... ....Miss L. Curry
Cor. Secretary ....Miss Wiggins
Missionary Sec ....Miss B. King
Treasurer...... ....Miss. H. Reid
Editor...... ....Miss Bathgate
Organist...... ....Miss A. Porter
Assistant...... ....Miss Flora Campbell

Prayer Meeting Committee, Miss E. Martin, Miss Lancaster, Mr. Miller, Mr. Jackson, Miss A. Porter, Miss H. Anderson, Miss Bathgate, Convener.

Social Committee,—Miss L. Anderson, Miss E. Thexton, Miss V. Matthews Miss L. Allen, Miss H. Reid, Miss L. Curry, Miss F. Anderson, A. Chambers A. Gillespie, Geo. MacDonald, J. Laing, Mr. Gerrard, Convenor.

Lookout Committee, Miss Wiggins, Miss A. Martin, Miss B. King, Miss F. Anderson, J. Laing, Miss A. Porter, Mr. Gerrard, Convenor,

Missionary Committee—Miss Lloyd, Miss Long, Miss Barclay, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Gillespie, Miss B. King, Convenor.

Flower Committee,— Miss J. Jameson, Miss M. Robertson, Miss M. Gillespie, Miss L. Curry, Miss L. Anderson, Miss Maud, Mr. W. Richardson, Mr. J. Gerrard, Mr. Gillespie, Mr. W. H. Miller, Mr. A. Chambers, Mr. S. MacDonald, Miss H. Reid, Convenor.

Music Committee,—Miss B. King, A VanEvery, M. Weddell, A. Porter, F. Campbell, M. Stevens, J. Laing, Mr. Chambers, Convenor.

Temperance Good Literature Committee,—Mr. W. G. Miller, Mr. Stevens, Miss Bathgate, Miss E. Martin, Miss Wiggins, Mr. Gillespie, Convenor.

Calling Committee,—Miss A. Lancaster, Miss J. Smith, Miss H. Reid, Miss B. Martin, Miss L. Curry, Miss Bathgate, Miss Wiggins, Convenor.

Items of Interest

London, May 21—Russia has recently spent about 100,000,000 rubles in the construction of strategic railways, designed to facilitate the transportation of troops in the direction of the German and Austrian borders.

There are three such lines already under construction. The most important of these is the line from Bologoe, half way between St. Petersburg and Moscow, on the St. Petersburg-Moscow road, to the southwest into Poland, following the route Bologoe, Ostashkov, Welki, Luki, Polotsk, Velikia, Lida, Wolkovisk, Seidlee. This line leads directly from the interior to the wedge of Poland projecting into Germany and between Germany and Austria, an area of the greatest importance strategically. The terminus is in the centre of the area, and is protected on the north, against East Prussia, by the fortified Narew line, and against the west and south, Silesia and Galicia, by the fortified towns of Warsaw, Ivargorod and Brest-Litowski. It is evidently of great value as a line of advance in the strategic deployment of the army. The country presents no difficulties to construction, and it is expected that the line will be in operation in 1894. It will also serve as a connecting line for the transportation of troops for the lines crossing it, namely: the Smolensk-Dunaburg line, the Minsk-Wilna line, and the Rovno-Wilna line.

Another new line will be in operation July 1, 1902, the line Kiev-Radomysl-Novgrad Volynsk-Kovel, running north of and generally parallel to the present greatly overloaded line, Kiev-Kasjatin-Rovno-Warsaw. The line is about 260 miles long. It will facilitate, for the transportation of troops from the southwestern part of Russia toward the same strategic point.

Russia will thus have six lines of advance to the frontier available for the transportation of troops, namely:

1.—St. Petersburg-Wilna-Warsaw.
2.—Bologoe—Polotsk—Seidlce.
3.—Moscow—Minsk—Warsaw.
4.—Orel—Briansk—Warsaw
5.—Kiev—Kasjatin — Rovno — Warsaw.
6.—Kiev—Radomysl—Kovel.

Nevertheless, the distances in Russia are so great that in spite of these improvements and the fact that about three-fifths of the entire Russian army is concentrated in Kovno, Poland and Volhynia, on the German and Austrian border, Russia cannot yet hope to effect the strategic deployment of her army so quickly as either of these two countries.

Moreover, the transportation of reserves and supplies from the interior will be greatly delayed on account of the comparatively thin network of railroads in extensive parts of the Empire. To overcome this difficulty in a degree at least efforts are being directed toward building lines through the more thickly populated of these districts and connecting the principal towns on these with the lines running westward.

For this purpose the line Viatka-Vologda-St. Petersburg, running nearly straight east from the latter, about 690 miles long, has also been begun and other lines are planned.

NOMINATIONS YESTERDAY.

THEY PASS OFF QUIETLY IN BOTH PETERBORO' RIDINGS

Hon. J R Stratton and J. W. Miller, West Peterborough. Wm Anderson and Dr Ford, East Peterborough

The official nomination of candidates for West Peterborough in the general Provincial elections for 1902 took place at the Court House yesterday before Returning Officer, J. A. Hall, Sheriff.

The attendance outside of those necessary to give effect to the nomination was limited to half a dozen spectators, it being understood that no addresses would be delivered.

J. R. Stratton, Liberal, was nominated by Mr. Peter Hamilton, seconded by Mr. Quinlan.

J. W. Miller, Conservative, was nominated by Mr. T. F. Bradburn, seconded by Mr. George Ball.

Mr. G. M. Roger was named as Mr. Stratton's agent and Mr. G. W. Hatton as Mr. Miller's.

East Peterborough Nominations.

Norwood, May 22.—The nominations for the East Riding of Peterborough, took place here to-day, the Returning Officer being Mr. B. Morrow, Registrar, Peterborough. The following nominations were made—

Mr. William Anderson, nominated by Mr. Thos. Blezard, seconded by Mr. John Fitzpatrick.

Dr. Ford, nominated by Mr. John Lancaster, seconded by Mr. H. A. Moore.

At the conclusion of the nomination proceedings, a joint political meeting was held, the speakers being Mr. Anderson, Mr. Blezard, and Mr. D. Fraser, for the Liberals, and Dr. Ford and Mr. Garvin, for the Conservatives.

There was a large attendance of electors from all parts of the riding.

Malt Breakfast Food

A Breakfast Dish That Pleased Every Palate.

A food that pleases every palate, soothes the weakest stomach, and thus aids digestion, means much to those who, in the past, have not been able to fully enjoy the first meal of the day—breakfast. A breakfast that is not satisfying or that is not fully enjoyed, cannot fit old or young for the duties of the day.

Malt Breakfast Food not only pleases the palates of young and old by its delicious flavor, but it imparts to the body and brain a vim and vigor that ordinary oatmeal and common foods cannot give. It is the Malt with all its virtues and valuable properties that does the good work. Try this grand health food in your home if you are a stranger to it. It gives a new life and healthy appetite to the dyspeptic victim. Ask your grocer for Malt Breakfast Food.

WEATHER NOTES

Probs. To-day—Moderate to fresh south west to west winds; warm and generally fair, with local thunderstorms.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:
Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine, and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year Strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 23, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

What Ontario now needs is a rest.

• • •

The people's Jimmy is a sure winner.

• • • •

Mr. Stratton's opponents are going to see that politics are kept pure in this riding. Isn't this a joke.

• • • •

There will be a hot time in the old town next Thursday night when Stratton's majority is being figured up.

• • • •

Pardo is the name of the Liberal candidate in East Kent. The name is so close to pedro that bets are about even.

• • • •

If the Tories should win on Thursday in the Province, it will be necessary to take the roof off the opera house to make room for Mr. Garvin's head.

• • • •

Our two local contemporaries are using bad language, and calling each other names. Dear little fellows! Do stop it and try and be good, or this g. f. g. will have to spank you both.

• • • •

The Statistical Year Book of Canada covering the year 1901 is out. This is two months earlier than usual. The chief fault of this admirable complication has been its lateness of issue. Mr. Johnson, the Dominion Statistician, is to be congratulated on having succeeded in so material an improvement, enabled as he says by "the early publication of the blue books of the several departments of the Federal government and the active co-operation of the provincial governments."

• • • •

Leave has been given by the Turkish Government to run a steamer on the Dead Sea. As an English paper puts it, the whirr of the propellor will be heard over the sunken ruins of Sodom and Gomorra. It is some years, however since the railway ran into Jerusalem, and a steamer on the Dead Sea, is a natural sequence. The length of this remarkable body of water is 46 miles, and its breadth from five to nine miles. The most remarkable fact about it is that its surface is no less than 1,300 feet below the level of the Mediterranean Sea. The average height of the cliffs along the shore is 2,000 feet, some forming sheer precipices of naked rock. The whistle of the steamer should raise some weird echoes, but for pleasure we think we should prefer a trip on Lake Memphremagog.

Diarrhoea Weakens the System

and if not checked becomes a chronic condition. No remedy compares with Nerviline, which is prepared specially for stomach and bowel troubles. As a radical cure for cramps, colic, gas in the stomach, summer complaint, Nerviline excels everything in the medical line, is an indispensible household staple, and costs only 25c. Buy a bottle to-day.

Try Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills.

THE CHEESE BOARD'S OPENING MEETING

GOOD ATTENDANCE OF BUYERS AND SELLERS

Highest Prices Offered Was 10 3-4 Cents—The Appointment of an Inspector Discussed—The Necessity of Having a High Standard in Quality for the Export Trade

The first meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Board for the season opened Wednesday morning in the Council Chamber. There was a good attendance of salesmen, and the following buyers were present: Messrs. Kerr, Fitzgerald, Cook, Whitton, Rollins and Wrighton.

The following factories were boarded:

Keene	70
Warminster	45
Shearer	45
Central Smith	56
North Smith	30
Villiers	45
Warsaw	56
Westwood	70
Oak Dale	60
Daisy D.	30
Melrose Abbey	100
Lakefield	50
Pine Grove	40
Otonabee Union	18
Maple Leaf	31
Myrtle	46
Young's Point	25
Lang	50
Indian River	40
East Emily	25
Trewern	65
Bensfort	30
Cavanville	70
Norwood	100
Fleetwood	60
Buckhorn	50

The President, Mr. Drummond, remarked his pleasure at so large an attendance of buyers and sellers. He made reference to the new rules, and hoped they would be abided by. Mr. Drummond referred to the advisability of establishing a central cooling room, but considerable expense would be involved. He thought the factories should, for the present, be kept as cool as possible. The demands of the export trade was making it imperative that the cheese should be cured in a low temperature. He thought the appointment of an instructor to devote his services to some twenty of the factories would be a good step. He expressed sympathy with Mr. Andrews, of Bensfort, one of the best cheesemakers, and a man highly respected, in his long continued illness, and hoped he would soon recover. Mr. Drummond expressed appreciation of the kindness of the Ontario Bank in again presenting sale books to the Board.

Mr. Whitten spoke with reference to the appointment of an instructor. He thought it would be wise if the County of Peterborough would hire an official to look after every detail of cheesemaking, from the time it left the hands of the farmers, until it issued from the factory in the shape of cheese. Instructors were being employed in other places, and Mr. Whitton thought Peterborough should also be in line.

Mr. Riddle read an article from the Montreal Gazette, showing how the employment of an instructor had been arranged for in Eastern townships, by the factories contributing to the cost. He advised that the factories should not mind the expenditure of a few dollars if the cheese were to be benefitted.

Mr. Cook pointed to the fact that Canadian cheese was deteriorating in quality, and the cause was the milk. He favored the appointment of an inspector. The present inspector, however had all he could do.

Mr. Blezard said that everything possible should be done to retain the high standard of the Peterborough cheese board. He cited causes of impurity in the milk as being due to carelessness of patrons, and there should be an inspector. Factories would do well to refuse milk that was not up to condition.

Mr. Rollins also urged the necessity for cleanliness and precaution in preserving the best qualities of milk. He[illegible] vor of the appointment of an inspector.

Mr. Fitzgerald remarked with pleasure upon the large attendance. He made reference to what he considered an injustice that had been done by one buyer in having purchased May cheese off the board, contrary to rule and precedent. He wished an explanation of the matter.

Mr. Blezard held that until the first meeting of the Board, no factory could be considered as being on the Board.

Mr. Drummond again spoke in favor of the appointment of an inspector. He also stated that the Board's cheesemaker had built an icehouse in connection with his curing room, thus making a low temperature available, which was very desirable.

Mr. Galvin said he had no confidence in factories that refused to employ the means they have. He held in paying by the test the first step was taken, but until this was tried it might not be wise to take the second. He did not agree with Mr. Blezard with reference to selling cheese off the Board. He, himself, had sold cheese because others did, but he did not feel justified.

Bidding commenced with Mr. Fitzgerald's offer of 10c. Mr. Whitten went an eighth better; Mr. Kerr went 10 3-16. Mr. Whitten 10 1-4. Mr. Fitzgerald. 10 5-16. Mr. Whitten 10 7-16. Mr. Fitzgerald 10 1-2. Mr. Rollins, 10 9-16, Mr. Fitzgerald 10 5-8. Mr. Whitten, 10 3-4. Mr. Whitten's bid of 10 3-4 held and was accepted by Norwood, Melrose Abbey, Westwood, Villiers, Bensfort, Shearer, Keene, Lang.

Mr. Fitzgerald offered 10 5-8 for further, but Mr. Rollins called 10 11-16 He named and was accepted by Warminster, North Smith, Warsaw, Oakdale, Daisy D., Maple Leaf, Pine Grove, Young's Point and Indian River.

Mr. Fitzgerald at 10 5-8, called Myrtle, Trewern, East Emily, Cavanville, Buckhorn, Fleetwood, Otonabee Union.

Mr. Whitten took Lakefield and Central Smith at 10 11-16.

The Board adjourned for two weeks.

INS AND OUTS

CASHION HAND.

Bert Cash and wife visited her parents here on Wednesday—Humboldt News

• • • •

TRAINS SHOULD BE KEPT TIED.

The plaintiff sues for $75 for the death of a Holstein heifer, which was killed by a train while running at large on the property of the railway company.—Exchange.

• • • •

LINDSAY MUD.

His language was not fit to say;
It turned the air quite blue,
He ran to catch an omnibus
And lost an overshoe.

• • • •

In putting rubber tires on baby carriages much economy was practiced. The baby can take one of the wheels and chew it while teething. This, I take it, is a Long Stride forward.

• • • •

The millennium is said to be coming, and the Trent Valley Canal, will, perhaps be completed. The chances, however, are in favor of the millennium getting here first. In that event I do not suppose they will have much use for the canal.

• • • •

Everything was in readiness. The groom, best man and the minister were gathered in the vestry. The organist began to play and the minister started for the door.

"Wait one moment, doctor," called the nervous groom. "Is it the right or left hand the ring goes on?"

"The left," hurriedly replied the minister.

"And, doctor, is—is it kisstermary to cuss the bride?"

• • • •

I am in receipt of the first suggestion for a name for the new Medicine which is soon to be put on the market. The contributor suggests "Managin." He says this means Man Again. He claims that it is a smooth name; that it means something; that it is euphonious. Remember, the medicine to be named is a man builder, that it will make Richard Himself again and to the one sending the most appropriate name for this medicine the sum of $5 in gold is to be paid. Try your hand. Managin is good—but there may be better It has been said, you know, that the Unthunk thoughts are better than some of the Thunk ones.

THE IDLER.

• • • •

IN A NUTSHELL.

The whole matter is summed up briefly in this paragraph from Printers' Ink: "There is some good in all advertising and all advertising does some good; but the best advertising and the advertising which does the greatest good is daily newspaper advertising." — Everybody reads The Times.

• • • •

IN SOCIETY.

I had a perfectly lovely time at Mrs. Dutch's "at home" the other day. It was a very glad affair, but Mrs. Dutch can afford it as she has all kinds of money. The most remarkable part of the function was the presence of a number of musicians who talked and ate with the guests just as if they were in society, tho. Mrs. Dutch is so musical that she never insists on musicians eating in the kitchen, where they really belong. I suppose she believes in art for art's sake, but it struck me as rather off. Of course it was nice for the musicians. Nothing pleases an artist so much as to be permitted to eat in the parlor. The prospect of a hearty meal seemed to put M. Gotthere in full voice, for he sang divinely. All the other musicians seemed inspired by the same pleasant prospect. O, dear, I haven't told you about the decorations. They were simply the limit, and I filled two notebooks with them. I shall have to leave the details to the next.

SALLIE MAGUNDI.

FRANK SPEAKING

This is The Time For Plain Talk To Our Relatives and Friends Who Suffer

WE SHOULD WARN THEM OF PERILS AND DANGERS

Tell Them of

Paine's Celery Compound

Nature's Specific For the Weak, Brokendown and Diseased

Frank, honest speaking of husband to wife, wife to husband and friend to friend is more urgently called for to-day than ever before.

In the spring season when the husband notes that his wife's vitality is low—when he knows she has headaches, backaches, sideaches, is nervous, sleepless, has loss of appetite and energy, perhaps racked with the pains of rheumatism or neuralgia, it is criminal for him to try to console her with the thought that all will be well when the fine weather comes in. It is the imperative duty of such husbands to suggest—nay to insist that wise and effectual treatment be at once resorted to. Frank and plain speaking at the right moment will often save a precious life.

Wives should act in the same way towards their husbands, when the first symptoms of ill health are apparent. Friend should speak to friend, giving kindly warning and advice, above all, pointing to that marvellous spring health-giver, Paine's Celery Compound.

Many a life has been saved by the kind and unselfish recommendations of those who have been made well and strong by Paine's Celery Compound. The use of the great medicine has been urged upon sick, suffering and diseased friends, and heaven has blessed their work. Honest physicians and conscientious druggists have saved the lives of many by promptly recommending the use of Dr. Phelps' wonderful prescription. While speaking to those in ill health, always give them to understand that Paine's Celery Compound will without fail meet their necessities at this season.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal	4,45 p.m.	11,33 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7,12 a.m.	7.20 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston	5,15 a.m.	12,33 a.m
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11,33 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and Intermediate	7,20 p.m.	7.12 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	12,33 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West	11,35 a.m.	4.45 p.m
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto	11,37 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9.00 a.m.	5.30 p.m
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west	5,28 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal	8,15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc	8,10 a.m.	8.20 a.m
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local	9,35 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Lakefield local	4,50 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
Lindsay local	7,30 a.m.	9.15 p.m.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer,
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate.
Geo. I Roszel, Chief of Police.
T. A. S. Hay, C.E., Town Engineer,
W. J. Green, Tax Collector.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer.
W. F. Miller, Relief Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Hon. President—Hon. J.R. Stratton.
President—Mrs. J. J. McBain.
1st Vice President—Mrs. Jas. Kendrey
2nd Vice President—Mr. A.C. Dunlop.
Secretary—Mr. R.M. Dennistoun.
Treasurer—Mr. Peter Campbell.
Agent and Assistant Secretary—Mr. Geo Cochrane.
Dr. Binfham, Medical Health Officer
Solicitors—Mr. E. B. Edwards and Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.
Advisory Board—The President, Secretary and Agent.
Representative on Charity Board—Mr J. J. McBain.
Board of Management—Mesdames Dee Dennistoun, O'Sullivan, McGill, Garvin, E. A. Peck, Warde, Davis, and Birdsall; Misses M. Dickson and Gow; Mr. A. L. Davis, Rev. Dr. Torrance, Rev. E. A Langfeldt, Rev. Father McColl, Rev. J.C Davidson Rev. J. P. Wilson, Rev. D.O Crossley, Dr. G. Burnham, Mr. J H Burnham, Mr. P. Campbell, and Mr. W B. Bamford.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky

Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers: LEITH, Scotland.

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Ye Old Firm of Heintzman & Co.

PEOPLE FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN BUYING PIANOS BY MAIL.

Our Careful Plans Assure Safety and Satisfaction To Every Purchaser.

Our plan of dealing with customers out-of-town has been thoroughly tested There is just as much safety and satisfaction to the customer buying in this way as though he bought in person. Fifty years before the buying public, we cannot be too exact and particular in our methods—here is safety for the customer:—

Special to Mail Order Customers in a Fine American Piano.

—Handsome Howard Piano, made in Cincinnatti, stands 4 feet 8 inches high, in a beautiful walnut ease, 7⅓ octave, 4 pedals. A brand new piano for which the manufacturer charges $375. It is our mail order special at $285—$10 cash and $6 a month.

It may be that your preference is for one of the famous Heintzman & Co. pianos—the peerless Canadian piano—endorsed and eulogized by the world's greatest artists—the piano used exclusively by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their Canadian tour. One of these will be sent by our mail order methods. Write for prices. Terms of payment in al cases are made easy—just a little down and a little every montn.

—We give free with each piano a handsome stool and scarf, and pay freight to any station in Ontario, with special arrangements to more distant points in Canada.

HEINTZMAN & CO.,
115-117 King Street West, Toronto.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I requirr the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to repreaedt them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

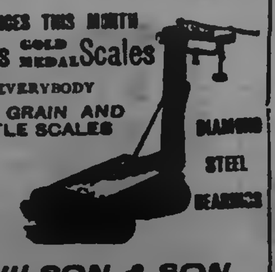
29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according o law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of th Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH
Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales
FOR EVERYBODY
COAL; GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES
GET OUR PRICES
DIAMOND STEEL BEARINGS
O. WILSON & SON,
21 ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO.



Leave Your Money in Peterborough

Try a pair of Carey's
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 or $4.00
Hand-Made Shoes,
they always give satisfaction

CAREY THE SHOE ARCHITECT.
450 George Street

"WIRE SOLDER"
Electrical, Canners, Glaziers.
CANADA METAL CO'Y
William St, Toronto, Ont.

RUBBER STAMPS
B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS, PRICE MARKERS
10 King St. West TORONTO

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER

Business Men

If you require well bound, well made Business Books, come and see us

DAY BOOKS,
LEDGERS, JOURNALS,
CASH BOOKS,
ETC.

Kept in stock and made to order Our Books have provincial reputation. They are the best Books on the market.

Times Printing Co.
Wholesale and Retail
Manufacturing Stationers, Peterborough.

KAWARTHA LAKES
THE—
TRENT VALLEY NAVIGATION CO'Y
LIMITED

Sailings of Steamer
BOBCAYGEON STURGEON POINT, LINDSAY.
"ESTURION" OR "MANITA"
May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a. m. Ar. 5.30 p. m
L'ndsay Ar. 10 30 a. m. Lv. 3 00 p. m
Calling at Sturgeon Point on signal.
For further particulars apply to
W. BUNTON,
Up-town Agt, G.T.R., Peterboro

COBOURG AND PORT HOPE TO TORONTO
STR. "ARGYLE"
(Commencing Thursday, May 22)
EVERY THURSDAY
Leaves Cobourg at 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m
Fare continuous rouno trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

BELLEVILLE TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND ROCHESTER.
RUNNING ALL RAPIDS—1000 ISLANDS BY DAYLIGHT.
STR. "ALEXANDRIA"
Leaves Belleville every Monday 7.00 a m
Arrives Montreal Tuesday 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning
Finest excursion trip on the continent.
Belleville, Trenton, Brighton to Rochester (Charlotte Port of.)
EVERY SATURDAY
Leaves Belleville 11.00 a m
" Trenton 1.15 p m
" Brighton 2 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte 7.30 p m
*Quebec excursions commence July 6th
For further particulars, folders, etc., write
A. W. HEPBURN, Manager,
Picton, Ont

LAKE ONTARIO and BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., Ltd.
COBOURG. PORT HOPE. ROCHESTER. N. Y.
STEAMER
NORTH KING
Week Day Route Commencing May 12
SOUTH BOUND.
Leaving Cobourg, Ontario...... ......2, 1 p.m.
Leaving Port Hope, Ontario...... ...2.50 p.m.
Arrive Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) ....6.47, p.m.
Arrive Rochester (cor. N. St. Paul & Main Streets...... ....8,45 p.m.
NORTH BOUND.
Leaving Rochester (Cor. N. St. Paul & Main streets .... 9.00 a.m.
Leaving Summerville, N.Y. (Port, of Rochester... ....9.45 a.m.
Arrive Cobourg, Ontario...... ......2.01 p m.
Arrive Port Hope Ontario...... ...2.50 p m.
Baggage can be checked to any place in Rochester, and from Rochester to any point to which ticket reads. For further information apply to
H. H. Gildersleeve, General Manager, Kingston
James Evans Agent Port Hope

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.
NIAGARA ON THE SEA
THE UNRIVALLED SCENIC ROUTE OF THE AMERICAN CONTINENT
Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.
The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.
HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.
For further particulars apply to:
W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav.; Peterborough, Ontario, or to
THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

NORTHERN NAVIGATION CO.
(Owners of and operating the Northwest Transportation Co.)
GEORGIAN BAY & SAULT STE. MARIE
SOO DIVISION.
One of the Company's steamers will leave Collingwood, Owen Sound etc., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
NORTH SHORE DIVISION
S.S. Atlantic will leave Collingwood on Mondays and Thursdays at 10.30 p.m. for Parry Sound, Pointe au Baril, Byng Inlet and French River.
PARRY SOUND DIVISION.
City of Toronto will leave Penetang every Monday and Thursday at 11.30 a.m. and Wednesday and Saturday at 9.00 a m. and Midland all of the above days at 1.45 p.m. on arrival of train from Toronto until further notice.
For tickets and full information apply to all railway agents.
W. H. SMITH, Agent, Owen Sound.
Northern Navigation Co., Collingwood

Quebec Steamboat Co
LIMITED
River and Gulf of St. Lawrence
Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.
THE WELL and favorably known S.S. Campana, 1,700 tons, lighted with electricity and with all comforts leaves Montreal on Mondays at 2 p.m. 2d 16th & 30th June; 14th and 28th July; ; 11th and 25th August 8th and 22d September for Pictou, N. S. calling at Quebec Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I, Charlottetown, P.E.I.
The finest trip of the season for health and comfort.
ARTHUR AHERN,
Secretary, Quebec.
For tickets and staterooms apply to W. BUNTON, Ticket Agent, Peterborough.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me how iron was first discovered?

Johnny—Yes, sir.

"Well! Just tell the class what your information is on that point."

"I heard pa say yesterday that they smelt it."—London Spare Moments.

"Out of the Mouths of Babes," Etc.

"How is it, my dear," enquired a school teacher of a little girl, "that you do not understand this simple thing?" "I do not know, indeed," she answered, with a perplexed look; "but I sometimes think I have so many things to learn that I have not time to understand."—The "Schoolmaster."

"Let us make the capital stock one billion dollars," said the first promoter. "All right," said the second, who was preparing the prospectus on the typewriter. "Will it be hard to increase that capital?" asked the first. "No, indeed. All I have to do is to hit this 0 key a few more times."—Baltimore "American."

Farm Notes.

Care should be exercised in the use of poisoned solutions for spraying, as many insects that are friends of the farmer may be destroyed. Bees have been exterminated in some sections by spraying, though something depends upon the kinds of plants sprayed.

We clip from an exchange the following directions for killing lice on cattle—Dust the animals thoroughly with fresh insect powder; rub in well, or else part the hair so the powder will reach the pests. In about a week, dust again to kill any mites that might have hatched. The other is: Make a strong tea of cedar twigs; wash the lousy animal with this tea; this last is effectual in cleansing buildings, coops, roosts, poles, etc., of lice.

No greater mistake is ever made than to suppose that by selecting the largest eggs from the basket for hatching improvement of the poultry is sure to follow. There is no makeshift in this industry. Careful selection of the breeding stock, males and females, alone will insure that grading up so desired by every breeder. There is no room today for slipshod methods in poultry culture, and the breeder who does not select a breeding pen from his best birds and keep them by themselves does not deserve and cannot hope to maintain the quality of his stock.

More pigs are lost in the summer season from improper feeding than from any other cause. They are compelled to consume foods that are not conducive to thrift, and which lead to disease in the herds. Some feeders keep slop in barrels, which ferments until sour, having a very disagreeable odor, the pigs being fed largely upon the slop. This kind of food is more injurious in summer than in winter, as it induces bowel disease. The best slop is milk and bran, freshly made, with grass, vegetables and plenty of pure water, which will induce growth and keep the pigs in good condition.

Use a Good Sire.

If there is one thing more than another which pedigree breeding has taught it is the value of using a good sire. It takes a long time before this lesson can be universally appreciated. There are some breeders whom nothing but adversity will teach; others are willing to profit by the experience of the many, and are ready to adopt the lessons which can be obviously deduced. It is a pity that in these times of enlightenment and advanced ideas the simplest lessons cannot be absorbed by small breeders. It is with the small breeder that the future lies, and the sooner he adapts himself to a more successful policy the better will it be for himself and for the breed which he favors. It is not enough to have a well-bred sire. That certainly is a primary consideration, for, as every breeder knows, there is nothing more perplexing in breeding than the frequency with which atavism occurs. It is satisfactory to note, however, that when characteristics have become more fixed by years of registered breeding, breeders are more and more coming to regard it as essential that the trumpeted merits of good back breeding should be displayed in the animal itself. The old principle that like produces like is truer now than it was fifty years ago, because of the increased prepotency of line bred stock. Nothing condemns the policy of a breeder more effectively than the use of an indifferent horse on good mares, or, for that matter, moderate bull on better cows. As a rule, the farmer is not deficient in useful breeding mares or roomy cows, but it would form painful reading to learn how often he had misused his trust by the use of an indifferent sire. It is a very safe rule to patronize a sire better than the females. There is everything to gain and nothing to lose. The initial cost is a mere bagatelle, compared with the difference in price of the progeny. It is a misfortune that many farmers expect too much of their mares or their cows. This, at all events, seems a reasonable deduction from their policy when they use very indifferent sires. The point we wish to accentuate is that it pays to use a good sire. It is short-sighted policy to expect too much of the dams.—Farmer and Stockbreeder.

Sore Mouths in Horses.

A sore mouth in a horse is frequently the cause of his not feeding properly. In cases where a horse has lost his appetite or does not redily eat his food it is well to examine his mouth, if the fact of his being off his feed cannot be traced to any apparent cause. A sore mouth may be due to several causes. In young horses it is generally due to teething troubles, which make the mouth more or less tender and interfere with the feeding. In such cases the only thing to be done is to provide the food in a state which will permit of its being easily chewed and masticated. The oats should be crushed, bran mashes and roots should be given, and the hay should not be hard, and free from woody stems.

In older horses the permanent molars are sometimes the cause of a horse not being able to chew his food, and of his having a sore mouth. The molars sometimes have sharp edges and points which hurt the inside of the cheeks, and cause considerable pain when the horse is eating. In this case they require filing with a rasp, but this operation can only be performed by a skilful hand. At other times a horse may be prevented from masticating his food properly by one of the molar teeth being longer than the rest, which prevents the molars in the upper jaw from coming into contact with those in the lower jaw. In this case again professional advice is required.

Lampas not infrequently is the cause of a horse having a sore mouth. Lampas consists of an inflamed condition of the roof of the mouth or of the palate, and is caused by various means. In young horses it is due often to the growth of the teeth, while in older ones it is caused through indigestion or by irregularities of the molar teeth. The treatment accordingly varies and depends on the cause of lampas. Ignorant grooms and stablemen sometimes suggest burning as a remedy. This is of course a cruel and perfectly inadmissible remedy, and one which should not be adopted on any account.

Another form of inflammation of the mouth is known under the name of "stomatitis."—Farmer and Stockbreeder.

Made Good Soldiers.

Writing in The Upper Canada Times, A.W.P. gives an entertaining sketch of the mountaineers of Virginia, in the course of which he tells the following story:—During the war with Spain an attempt was made to enroll a mountain regiment in West Virginia. Indeed these lean, fierce, slouching backswoodsmen should make superb irregular fighters. But red tape demanded that they should be drilled, and drilled they were, at Charleston. But the weather was warm and many were met together, and to a mountaineer heat and society suggest corn whiskey. So after a long and heartbreaking day for perspiring officers and files of the guard, the whole regiment "guessed they'd quit," broke ranks and surged into town—a thirsty wave. A sweeping operation a la Kitchener landed three hundred in the guardhouse before sunrise, and the prospects were bright for the capture of all, when, mirabile dictu, the guard-house rose in air, showed for a moment like a giant centipede, then was tilted over by many willing hands, and the parched three hundred again swept down to spread Chaos and Old Night in Charleston.

"Vatever is de Rule."

This tale, according to The Philadelphia Times, was told by Judge Pennypacker, who has an excellent reputation as a maker of fervid anti-British speeches, in beginning a response to a toast at a Pennsylvania German banquet in Philadelphia. The story, he said, showed the readiness of the Pennsylvania Dutchman to obey those in authority. It also casts some light upon the occurrences of the American civil war, and goes to suggest that even "farm-burning" is not absolutely unprecedented:—

In 1864 Sheridan, under orders, burned every barn from a valley above Staunton to a certain point below Winchester. A band of angry rebels followed this raid, watching for a chance to pick up any stragglers. Among others who fell into their hands was a little Pennsylvania Dutchman, who quietly turned to his captors and inquired:

"Vat you fellows going to do mit me?"

The reply came short and sharp:

"Hang you."

"Vell," he said, meekly, "vatever is de rule."

His good-natured reply threw the Confederates into a roar of laughter and saved his life.

Wanted a Meal.

A visiting Englishman, says The New York Sun, who attended a dinner given last week by a suburban hostess whose hospitality is notoriously inadequate made a reply to her that it will be difficult for her to live down. Her dinners have been referred to as "samples," and invitations to them are not accepted with alacrity the second time. Her wealth is large, however, and her social persistence is untiring, so that her friends are obliged to accept some of her invitations. The Englishman was a big fellow, whose family had been kind to the hostess when she was in London. The dinner was of the usual inadequate kind that her friends expected. It served merely as an appetizer to the hearty Englishman, and when the coffee was served, indicating that the dinner was at an end, his expression of dissatisfaction was amusing to the other guests. The hostess did not notice it, however, and she said to him amiably:

"Now, do tell me when we may have the pleasure of having you dine with us again?"

"Immediately, madam, immediately," was his unexpected reply. Fortunately for the hostess another guest remarked that the weather had been very "funny," and this permitted a burst of appreciative laughter that ought to have stamped the weather as a wag.

Where Rhodes Rests.

The Matoppo Hills stretch in a northeasterly direction from Buluwayo for a distance of a hundred miles, their greatest breadth being thirty-five miles. The place of Mr. Rhodes' burial is situated about thirty miles from the town.

Near by is a part of the hills which bears the important title of "The World's View." The prospect from any chosen summit makes a deep impression on the spectator. It is impressive without being picturesque. As far as eye can see there is spread out before him a panorama of treeless mountains of varied shapes, mostly of abrupt outline, suggestive of a turbulent sea stilled by an omnipotent hand. The base of the hills is fringed with trees, and here and there is a clump of thick bush. In places great gorges draw black lines between the mountains, which, moreover, are punctured with giant caves, where the Matabele took refuge during the rebellion, and could have held out for an indefinite period had not the genius and daring of Mr. Rhodes put an end to the outbreak.

The predominant note is massiveness and stability, for the hills are of granite, but the hardness is toned down by the green of the lower foliage and the soft, velvety azure of the sky above. It was the poet in Cecil Rhodes which impelled him to his choice.

In places the traveller comes upon groups of ruins, which in this out-of-the-world region strangely stir the imagination.

It is difficult to realize that these habitations were occupied by gold-seekers so long ago as 1,000 B.C. When one thinks of Rhodesia, it is invariably of the great possibilities which the future holds for the country. But what of Rhodesia's past? Three thousand years ago men as gold-hungry as the "greenest" prospector of to-day scoured the Matoppos and the surrounding country for the precious metal. These crumbling ruins once contained the furnaces for the retorting and smelting of the gold. In many quarters huge excavations are found, where the ancients dug far down into the bowels of the earth in search of the metal. Several of these mines are still the largest on the earth's surface. The galleries are caked with layers of soot from the torches of the workers. One historian estimates that the ancient miners discovered millions of pounds' worth of gold in Rhodesia.

"What are you in prison for, my friend?"

"Stealin' a pin, ma'am."

"What?"

"That's right, ma'am. It had a diamond fastened at one end of it."—Chicago Tribune.

The Poultry Yard.

Qualities of the Andalusian.

The Andalusian is a member of the Mediterranean family; it might be called a Blue Laced Minorca or Leghorn, as one might wish, since it is formed like them. Some follow the more gamey type of the Leghorn or Spanish, while others are built on the exact lines of the Minorca. These fowls undoubtedly came from the union or cross of the solid white and solid black fowl. In early days when we had the old time pure white and pure black Spanish with but small white lobes or face, they came of that type, and now we have them of both the Leghorn and the Minorca type.

The slate-blue colored hen can be seen in almost every flock of barnyard fowls. Some of them are laced like the Andalusian. The same manner of color and lacing is seen in the Jersey Blues. The shade of color and style of marking are not unusual, but the real beauty is best shown as cultivated in the well bred Andalusians of to-day, for the elegance of which, as seen in this country, much credit is due Mr. Newton Cosh, who has done so much for this breed in the way of cultivating size, shape and color to American notions of beauty.

The Andalusians are a fine sized fowl; the females range from 4 1-2 to 6 pounds in weight, the males from 5 1-2 to 7 pounds, with an inclination for those that have the Minorca type to range a little larger in size than the others. They are wonderfully good egg producers; their eggs are large and white in color of shell. We should class the Andalusian among the best of our Leghorns for egg producers, and might be called a general-purpose Leghorn, for they are not only good egg producers, but are equally good table poultry, and will bear confinement in yards and do well.

Learning Wisdom From Mistakes.

The first and greatest mistake I made was to get every new breed that I could hear or read about, when the fact was I only had enough room for a few of one breed. I did not pay enough attention to the health of my chicks, and the result was that cholera got among them, and my young chicks died faster than I could bury them. I got heartsick, and let my stock run down to only a few for family use. I took all the poultry papers I could read, but they did not help me. I let my chickens run where they pleased and forage where they could find food; only, they were not allowed inside of my barn or waggon house under any circumstances.

When Plymouth Rocks came into prominence I sent to Massachusetts and got a pair of high up, pure blood, registered Rocks. These I kept one year and got perfectly sick of them, as the egg production was not what I expected, and the meat was tough and beefy. But I know now where I failed.

Eggs are what the farmers want of poultry. If an amateur wants information along these lines he naturally turns to the poultry paper editor, but how often he gets disappointed! Many an ignorant beginner has sought for light where he was led to expect light, and got it not; dropped the musket and deserted the army, when a few words of counsel and advice would have made him a good fighter.

You must have bones to cut to make the bone cutter of use, and many farmers are not so situated that they can obtain them; to such the commercial crushed bones, or meat, are more advantageous. I pound up with a stone sledge all I can get, and the hens relish it much. As to vegetable cutters, the farmer who keeps only a few hens does not feel like putting out cash for a hand cutter. But do not deprive your hens of chopped vegetables. Take a common hand hoe to the blacksmith, and have him rap it out of the handle and straighten it out perfectly straight and put it back into the handle, and sharpen the edge if it needs it. Take an old butter tub or a wooden pail and put in your vegetables to be chopped. Chop your cutter around the sides of the tub, and you will be surprised how quickly you can reduce any kind of vegetable to a fine feed fit to mix with your hot mash.

Also for chopping clover. Take good, clean clover, all you can grasp tightly in the left hand, sweep away a clean place on the floor, and with a square-bitted hand axe chop off the cuts as short as you want, and as near the hand as you dare and be safe, and in two minutes you can chop a pailful of nice, fine clover. I feed one day chopped vegetables and the next day chopped clover in my hot mash.

Some have trouble with hens eating their eggs in cold weather. Poultry papers tell us if hens are fed a proper ration they will not eat their eggs. Admitting this, how many common farmers can or will go to the trouble to feed their hens a proper ration. And those who will not feed a scientific ration to hens I am advising.

Take a boot or shoe box at least twenty inches deep, make a partition in it large enough for your hen's nests; for big hens twelve inches square, for smaller hens ten inches square, will be big enough. Cut a round hole at the top six or seven inches in diameter, according to the size of your hen; nail the top on tight, stop all cracks where light can come in, put a step on the outside low enough so the hen can stand on it and look in and see the eggs, but not so she can reach them with her bill, and when she hops into the hole the nest will be dark, and if she drops into the nest it is not so large that she can reach the egg. She will fly out and off, and go to work and forget the egg, and you have saved it for your own use. The hen must needs stand on something in order to peck the egg. These boxes I nail up around the henhouse about two feet from the floor. Some farmers let the hens roost on poles at different heights, but nests want to be all on a level. Put a floor of poles or loose boards about three feet above the roost and cover with straw, and you will not have frosted combs if your house is anywhere reasonably warm, even if the air on the floor is below freezing.

If these thoughts are of value, and more are wanted I will be glad to benefit my fellow-farmers. I write of what I know, and have tried.—D. Dole, New Idea Poultry Yard, Ellenburg Centre, N.Y.

His Estimate of Cromwell.

Lieut.-General Sir William Butler recently lectured to the Irish Literary Society on "The Cromwellian war in Ireland." After a sketch of the famous campaign couched in the severest terms, Sir William proceeded to express his view of Cromwell. His appreciation, marked as it is by an enviable power of expression, is as follows :— For some 50 or 60 years, he said, it had been the fashion of the time to speak of Cromwell as one of the greatest of men. For quite 200 years before our time not one historian, not one writer of any eminence, had had anything good to say about him. But we had changed all that. His eulogizers could now be counted by the thousand, his admirers by the million. He had already quoted a letter, written by Cromwell some years before he became famous, in which he said, "Who goeth to war at his own cost?" That was the keynote of Cromwell's character. The two chief objects of his effort were plunder and persecution. He and his were the saints; they were to possess the earth. All the rest were sinners; they were to be despoiled, cast out, persecuted. Who could count the oaths taken by him and broken by him? He swore allegiance to the King, but he cut his head off. He swore to support the Parliament, but he betrayed it and turned it out of doors. He swore to the Scottish covenant, but he destroyed it. He swore to uphold the liberties and rights of his country, but he trampled upon the one and betrayed the other. Standing in his place in the House of Commons with his hand upon his heart, he swore, in the presence of Almighty God, that he knew the army would disband and lay down their arms at the door of the House whenever the Parliament should command them to do so, and within 24 hours he was in the midst of that army inciting them to fresh defiance of that Parliament. Could any instance of hypocrisy match this—that he had prayed on his knees to God for the life of Charles until his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth, by which he saw that God had willed the death of the King? He averred that he was a most upright and conscientious man to his King and he prayed that God would be pleased to look upon him (Cromwell) according to the sincerity of his heart to the King, and at that moment Cromwell had the death of the King planned. He was absolute master of every trick of tongue, gesture, expression by which man could deceive his fellow. He could weep at will, pray, preach, affirm, swear, cajole, belie, act the buffoon with the corporal, play schoolboy tricks while signing the death-warrant of the King, commit the most appalling deeds with the name of God upon his lips and the Bible in his hand. He was the greatest dissembler that history held record of. While raving of liberty he suspended in turn every liberty that Englishmen had ever known—representation in Parliament, trial by jury, taxation with consent, everything that the people had gained and valued. He proposed to sell St. Paul's to the Jews for a synagogue. He sold hundreds of English gentlemen and thousands of Irishmen, women and children to West Indian planters to be slaves. He arrested and locked up in the Tower the three counsel of a London merchant who was prosecuted for having refused to pay taxes which had not been voted by Parliament. When confronted with all this perfidy he fell upon his knees in the House of Commons and took a solemn oath that it was untrue. He was false to his own chosen band of supporters and to the inner circle of his friends; and to each one of those parties whom he deceived in turn he used the same solemn asseverations of rectitude, piling perjury upon perjury such as no age had ever seen before. Did he deceive even himself? That question we could not answer. It was possible that having deceived every one—enemies, friends, comrades—he had come at last to deceive himself. The world held no greater failure in its history than our civil war. The result was that the King lost his head and the Parliament lost every shred of privilege and liberty it had ever possessed. For years Cromwell ruled the land with heavy sword and booted foot. He abolished the House of Lords, and he shut up the Commons. He taxed without representation. He tried without jury. He ruled by martial law. He packed the courts, he arrested counsel, he hanged and beheaded as he pleased. His little finger lay heavier upon the nation, said the people of the time, than the loins of the late King had lain. And then he died, and there came back to a weary and blood-sucked land a King. Cromwell left nothing behind him, no public works, no new system of law, no better policy of land, no clearer conception of justice. "Nothing cried at his funeral," wrote Evelyn, "but the dogs." And that, the dismalest failure of English history, was the man in whose praise to-day histories were imagined and statues inaugurated. Courage, diligence and the most dogged and determined resolution—those things he had to an extraordinary degree. But to what end and at what cost did he use them? It was a cowardly and a base act of the Parliament of 1660 to dig up his remains and hang his mouldering body on the gibbet at Tyburn. It was voted without a dissentient voice in the House of Commons, but history had missed one strange coincidence which resulted from it. They could remember the choice which Cromwell, in the days of his victory, gave the unfortunate Irish :—"Hell or Connaught." He turned to the last page of Cromwell's latest biographer, and this was what he read: "Where Connaught Square now stands, a yard or two beneath the street, trodden under foot and beaten by horses' hoofs, lies the dust of the great Protector." And that was the end.

Grazing does harm to pastures if the cattle are permitted to eat too closely of the grass. Weeds in pastures indicate that damage is being done by cattle, because of the fact that the animals reject the weeds, leaving them to grow and crowd out the grass. When a pasture becomes infested with weed mow them down and keep the stock off until the grass has an opportunity to grow. It may be necessary to re-seed the pasture also, as well as apply fertilizer.

Charcoal is very valuable as an aid to keeping poultry in good order and preventing bowel disorders. It should be fed in powdered form mixed with the food several times a week; it is harmless, whatever amount is given, as it is not really medicinal but acts as an absorbent, taking up the poisonous gases in the system. It is said that chickens will fatten faster if charcoal is given.

HEROES AND HEROINES.

SERMON BY

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

But he that endureth to the end shall be saved.—St. Matthew, x., 22.

Everybody admires heroism. The qualities of character which hurl one to the forefront in a critical moment, careless of danger, reckless of consequences, claim our unstinted applause.

But in the emergency, when the air vibrates with excitement, a man becomes intoxicated with courage, ordinary soldiers do deeds which would grace a god of Olympus, and the coward is so rare an exception that he becomes invisible. Human nature, when impelled by a strong passion or a noble ambition, surprises itself. The poor village lout has a capacity for endurance and brilliant work which needs only time and incentive to become divine. The rattle of musketry is the stimulus to great achievement. The perilous expedition, with sudden death lurking in ambush, will always find volunteers.

Man is a rude, crude, but grand sort of creature, with the making of an archangel in him. There is a mettle in his soul which has not yet been fully called forth. He is a Toledo blade which the hot fire of circumstance will some time temper. He is nobler than he knows or ever can know until he is forced to show himself by opportunity.

So much for physical heroism. It is generally exhibited in the gaze of the world. There is another kind, however, and a higher kind, which never sees the light of day—the quiet heroism of an obscure life. The majority of our heroes and heroines will be unknown to us until we get to heaven. They are not now walking on hilltops, where they can be observed of all men, but are living quietly and sacrificing patiently in their narrow sphere, waiting for the peace and rest which will come "at eventime." I have known many such, and have never looked into their sad faces without thinking that there is a courage to which that of the battlefield is a trivial circumstance, the courage which endures with resignation and meets inevitable suffering and misfortune with a calmness which is God's best gift.

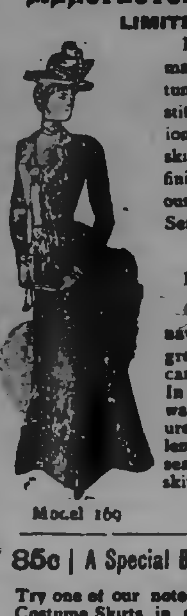
Here, for example, is a woman who on her wedding day saw nothing but blue sky and sunshine. It seemed as though no shadow could throw itself across her path. A light heart and lips of laughter—nothing more. She did not know her own strength, for she had never been tested. But the avalanche swept down the mountain side and crushed and buried all her hopes. The day was turned to night, and even the stars refused to come out. Sickness, death, poverty followed in logical succession. She was face to face with a hard world, her children crying for bread. The friends of other days had their attention called elsewhere, and they saw her not. Alone in the struggle! And yet she bravely set to work, won her way to a livelihood, walked her lonely path in calm confidence that God still lived, brushed away the tears and grappled with fate. The struggle has told on her, for her hair is grey, and there is a look in her face which comes only from sorrow hard to bear.

You do not know her, or perhaps care to know her, but that life is one long list of heroisms, and when we all get yonder and look back on the past we shall see the path she has travelled, the upward climb of her years, and give her the meed of praise which a thoughtless and ignorant world now refuses. There are no nobler qualities of character than her uncomplaining endurance, her persistent patience and her undimmed faith. The future has crowns for such souls, and God and the angels walk with them on their way to the New Jerusalem.

I know a man who has given his life to an aged parent, and another who has been forbidden for years, shut in from the pleasures which we most prize, and still another whose life has been a long sacrifice for his children, and another who—but why continue the list? I do but remind you of a similar instance within your own knowledge.

To meet such a fate as that requires the sublimest courage, not the courage of despair, but the courage of faith. There are flowers even in such byways as these, joys which cheer the heart and spots of happiness like oases in the desert. It is strange, but the presence of God and the conscious companionship of angels can bring bright days and starry nights. It is not our surroundings, after all, that bring peace, for if peace is in the heart it throws its light over all.

The root and foundation of this heroism is religion. There must be faith that above us and around us are helping and cheering influences, that earth and heaven are within telepathic distance of each other, and that what strength we need will be given us for the asking if we are to meet sorrow and misfortune with quiet fortitude. And the more we realize the presence of God, the easier it is to bear burdens. If we could once catch a glimpse of an angel's face—and some tell me they have done this—we should be light-hearted even in the dark. At any rate, we can have faith that loved ones are near, though invisible, and it helps us as nothing else can.



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Removal Notice

Having leased store No. 136, Hunter st. immediately under our old offices we will occupy the same in future, and cordially invite all our old patrons, and the public generally who want to get, or get rid of anything in Real Estate to favor us with an early call, because, as usual, we always have good bargains for all who want to buy and buyers for all who want to sell.

What more can you ask?
Telephone 378.
T. HURLEY & CO.
Near Post Office.

Times Sporting Column

Latest Events in Local and Foreign Sporting Circles

LACROSSE

There was a special practice of Y.M.A. players last night at Nicholls oval.

BASEBALL.

The South Central School juniors defeated the young Independents in a well played game on Wednesday afternoon. Some idea of the skill displayed by the youngsters may be gathered from the fact that the nine innings took but an hour and a half to play. Score, 19—6. The Independents were able to score only in the 3rd and 9th.

CRICKET.

There was a practice of the Cricket Colts last night, and the team for Saturday's match at Campbellford was selected.

Y.W.C.A. TENNIS.

The members of the Y.W.C.A. who desire to play tennis, are requested to meet at association rooms this evening at 7.30 sharp. The Courts will be open in the evening as well as during the day.

—Havelock has been served with a writ for $2,000 damages, from Jos. L. Hubbell, of that place for breaking his arm through the effects of a fall on an icy sidewalk.

THE RING

Denver, Colo., May 23 — Unless the well-laid plans of the Denver Athletic Club's slip a cog "Young Corbett" will appear in the arena of that organization to-night to defend the championship title which he won from Terry McGovern last Thanksgiving day. His opponent is to be "Kid" Broad, who has high hopes of defeating the Denverite and thereby winning the championship honors and the liberal purse hung up by the club. As a result of careful training, both men appear in superb trim and fit to fight the battle of their lives. Though the distance is limited to ten rounds a hard and fast contest is expected.

To-night's encounter will be the third meeting between the pair. In the first bout Broad was returned the victor in four rounds, and in the next Corbett won, the contest going the limit, ten rounds.

THE RACE COURSE

Toronto, Ont., May 22 — When the flag fell at Woodbine this afternoon it ushered in what promises to be the banner meeting in the history of the Ontario Jockey Club. The Queen's plate, the oldest turf event in America this year becomes the King's plate, His Majesty King Edward continuing the gift of fifty guineas which Queen Victoria instituted nearly half a century ago. Though the name is changed and there is another donor of the guineas, the conditions of the race are the same, and it certainly has lost none of its attractiveness as is evidenced by the large crowd of visitors here from far and near.

The meeting begun to-day is to continue nine days, during which time $33,000 is to be distributed in prizes. The new races this year are the Coronation stakes, a sweepstakes for Dominion-bred two year olds with $650 added; the Hurlingham cup for polo ponies, the Athol purse for home-bred hunters and the Prince of Wales steeplechase, a new name for the Red Coat race, in which professionals are allowed to ride.

Woodbine Track, May 22.—An enormous crowd turned out to-day to see the King's Plate run. The lawn is one mass of color with brilliantly-clad women, while the betting ring is a seething mass of humanity. The track is very fast. There were seventeen bookmakers doing business in the betting ring, including two one-dollar books.

The King's Plate

Hendrie's "Lyddite" 1st.
Seagram's "Fly in Amber" 2nd.
Davies, "Opuntia" 3rd.

Merriment was the only horse scratched in the opening race, Light Brigade and Lorina were scratched from the second race, Khaki and Miss Weller in the third, Mayor Gilroy Expelled and Arion in the fourth, Court K. and Cardigan in the King's Plate, Medford in the sixth. Saucy Sally started in the Plate

BOWLING.

At a meeting of the Bowling Club skips Wednesday evening the personel of the twenty-one rinks was arranged as appended:

Rink No 1—F. H. Dobbin, R. J. Munro, Dr. Scott, Dr. Boucher, skip.

Rink No 2—Adam Hall, S. Belcher, W. D. Parker, Dr. Bradd skip.

Rink No 3—F. McPherson, Dr. Wightman, C. Graham, E. Brown, skip.

Rink No 4—E. Runnals, H. E. Bradley, W. J. Green, E. W. Cox, skip.

Rink No 5—F. Stenson, R. H. Bradburn, W. G. Ferguson, A. Elliott, skip.

Rink No 6—Greenshields, Fred Clarke, R. J. Frost, M. Green, skip.

Rink No 7.—R. A. Dutton, A. W. Spence, H. LeBrun, K. Houston, skip.

Rink No 8—F. J. Jameson, O. C. Kirn, M. Tooley, K. G. Leth, R. Kerr, skip.

Rink No 9.—D. O'Connell, C. F. Holmes, W. J. Thompson, Dr. Moher, skip.

Rink No 10—John Cox, Dr. Burnham, Wm. Smith, W. Pringle, skip.

Rink No 11—H. L. Thornton, T. F. Matthews, M. Kennedy, A. Terrill, skip.

Rink No 12—W. H. Robertson, W. McCreary, W. Bunton, R. Waddell, skip.

Rink No 13—W. H. Meldrum, A. T. Kerr, L. Denne, E. Oles, G. H. Giroux, skip.

Rink No 14.—Dr. Caldwell, E. B. Stone, S. D. Hall, A. H. Stratton, F. H. Dixon, skip.

Rink No 15—Geo. Edmison, R. M. Johnston, J. McIntyre, Dr. McClelland, skip.

Rink No 16—H. Ovrend, D. Davidson, W. Rudkins, F. J. Bell, skip.

Rink No 17—W. A. Stratton, Dr. Neill, W. F. Johnston, J. M. Brooks, skip.

Rink No 18—W. Talbot, R. Ross, D. H. Moore, H. Rush, skip.

Rink No 19—O. LePlante, S. A. Oke, C. N. Brown, H. Armstrong, skip.

Rink No 20—H. S. Macdonald, E. Wasson, W. K. Hall, W. Salisbury, skip.

Rink No 21—W. H. Rackham, A. G. Dixon, A. E. Jackson, Lt.-Col. Edwards E. C. Complin, skip.

Lazy Livers and Sluggish Kidneys

When these organs fail to perform their proper functions, the blood becomes poisoned and suffering and disease commence. This can be avoided by keeping your vitality at high-water mark, the blood rich and pure by taking one Ferrozone Tablet after each meal.

Ferrozone has a mild but rapid action on the liver and kidneys, and is certainly the greatest producer of red, vitalizing blood known to science. morning tiredness, langour, dizziness, pain in the back and sick headache disappear at once when Ferrozone is used. Get it to-day. Price 50c. at druggists or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr Hamilton's Pills cure biliousness.

DUE THIS YEAR.

"I suppose you are aware," remarked the entomologist to the Times yesterday "that the seventeen year locust is due in a week or two. Since 1732 he has visited the United States, but has not caused much trouble in Canada. He came last in 1885, and by June 15th should be here again. Locusts at their worst—we don't get them in America at their worst—fly in such myriads that one observer reported of a certain swarm that, when driven out to sea and drowned, the washed up dead bodies formed a bank 50 miles long and three or four feet high. When such swarms settle in a district all vegetation rapidly disappears. The hungry insects then turn to animal matter for their food, and sometimes they even become cannibals, devouring one another in horrible warfare. In 1869 a swarm flew to England all the way from the west coast of Africa. These insects travel swiftly, at a height of from 40 to 600 feet and they are sometimes so numerous as to obscure the sun, and to deafen the human ears with the dry rustling of their wings is a fact confirmed by a multitude of observers."

How the Cocaine Habit Starts

Generally from using catarrh snuffs and ointments containing this deadly drug. It is well to remember that the only direct scientific cure for catarrh is Catarrhozone, which cures by the inhalation of medicated air. Simply breathe Catarrhozone, and it will cure all forms of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, lung troubles and deafness. Every breath from Catarrhozone inhaler soothes, heals and relieves. Permanent cure guaranteed even though other remedies failed. Try Catarrhozone, price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure biliousness.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following proposition to any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

Ex-Ald. Bailey, St. John's, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case, and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills are a positive and certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years, the most stubborn cases will yield. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. The Canada Chemical Company will forfeit $10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me how iron was first discovered?

Johnny—Yes, sir.

"Well! Just tell the class what your information is on that point."

"I heard pa say yesterday that they smelt it."—London Spare Moments.

"Out of the Mouths of Babes," Etc.

"How is it, my dear," enquired a school teacher of a little girl, "that you do not understand this simple thing?" "I do not know, indeed," she answered, with a perplexed look; "but I sometimes think I have so many things to learn that I have not time to understand."—The "Schoolmaster."

"Let us make the capital stock one billion dollars," said the first promoter. "All right," said the second, who was preparing the prospectus on the typewriter. "Will it be hard to increase that capital?" asked the first. "No, indeed. All I have to do is to hit this 0 key a few more times."—Baltimore "American."

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

turning from the fountain, she hurried rapidly down the path from whence the sound appeared.

Hetty had gone out some minutes in advance. She stopped short as she entered the rose-garden, seeing a handsome stranger, and Aleck too, with her father. Ah, no doubt Aleck had sent for her to know in advance why she had telegraphed for him so hastily; but she could not tell him then and there, that was evident.

"Come forward, my daughter," said the squire, in a husky voice, seeing her stop short in confusion as her eyes rested on the group.

Hetty advanced quickly to her father's side, linking her arm fondly within his; but the squire drew hastily back, looking at her with a sternness she had never seen on those rugged features before.

"Hetty," he said, in a voice that awed the girl, "you have your dead mother's face— you have her voice. I have loved you well. You would not, I am sure, willfully mislead me; in other words, perjure those lips with a falsehood?"

"Certainly I would not, papa," replied the girl, looking in mystified wonder at the group before her.

"I want you to look in this man's face and tell me— remember your dead mother up in heaven is listening to the answer you give. Tell me, do you know this man?"

The horrible silence that followed those words was intense.

Hetty looked long and earnestly into the handsome, indolent, mocking face.

"It seems to me I have seen him somewhere before, papa; but when or where I cannot just now recollect. It may come to me if I think very hard for a few minutes."

The squire's face had grown livid. Even Aleck, in his excitement, was pale as death with terrible fear. Was Hetty, whom he had always believed to be the purest lily in the garden of girlhood, this scoundrel's wife?

Were his words true? Ah, heaven, if it were true it would break her sister Daisy's heart.

"Look well into his face, girl!" thundered the squire, in a voice that made poor Hetty tremble; "and answer me, do you know him, or do you not?"

Again Hetty raised her troubled eyes to the handsome, dissipated countenance, again scanning it earnestly.

She felt positive she had seen that face, and under peculiar circumstances too; but where— when?

Not a leaf seemed to stir, the terrible excitement was so great.

The squire's heart beat in strangling throbs, and his breath labored in heavy gasps on his lips. What did Hetty's hesitation mean?

Suddenly the girl recollected perfectly. Like a flash it occurred to her that this was the man who had been brought to Briarvale on the night of the garden party, to confront the heiress, Lillian Ruthven, whom he persisted was his bride. Yes, she had been among the throng who had gathered around poor Lillian— while she so bitterly denied it to the would-be bridegroom's face; and she had seen him led away in irons by the officers.

"It is Harold St. John, papa!" she shrieked, "who— who——"

The sentence never was finished; she fell back in his arms in a dead faint.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

Daisy's Dilemma.

In a moment the greatest confusion prevailed. Aleck had sprung to raise Hetty, and the old squire, who had stood by silent and motionless, like an image carved in marble, turned them to Harold St. John.

"Will you come back in an hour's time?" he asked, huskily. "I— I— am bewildered— dazed. Give me time to think— to act— to look into this matter."

It was certainly the act of a fiend incarnate to turn away with a mocking bow, but this is what St. John did. This strange mistake, which was to result so fatally, gave him huge amusement— he was delighted to prolong the torture.

When he was quite out of sight the squire turned with a bitter cry to Aleck.

"She is the first to bring disgrace upon an honored name," he cried, pointing to the inanimate form. "My God! who would have believed that she whom I trusted, whom I loved so fondly, had so foul a secret as this buried in her heart?"

"Then you believe it?" asked Aleck, slowly.

"Would to heaven I could doubt it," groaned the squire. "I would give my life to believe it false; but the flash of recognition, and the next instant crying out his name and falling at my feet in a dead faint, carried conviction with it. She knew when she saw him standing there that the whole affair would be revealed."

"I can only hope you are mistaken," said Aleck, earnestly. "I will believe that she is Harold St. John's wife only when I hear it from Hetty's own lips. I will not believe that a quiet, modest, retiring girl like Hetty could learn to love a rascal like St. John."

"The wisest are not proof against love, where the heart is taken captive. The man's bold, black eyes, his curly hair and drooping mustache might have taken any romantic young girl's fancy. Hetty is no wiser than the rest."

The squire would have taken Hetty from Aleck's arms and borne her quickly to the house, but Aleck restrained him.

"We must not attract the attention of the servants and create a commotion. I will take her to the fountain yonder and soon revive her."

But at length Aleck grew frightened, the swoon lasted so long.

"Send for Olive or Daisy," he said, "to come here; it requires the hands of a woman to loosen the clothes and attend her."

"Oh, God!" moaned the old squire, "think of the disgrace of it! How can I face either Olive or Daisy, and tell them what, sooner or later, the whole country will be talking about. The terrible disgrace will stun Olive, and poor little Daisy, who loved Hetty so well, it will kill her."

Thus moaning over the terrible affair, the old squire went in search of one of his daughters.

In the path leading to the rose-garden he met Daisy.

"Papa," she cried, flying to his side, her face white as death, "what is it? I—I——"

Her voice died away in an awful gasp; she could not utter the words that sprung from her terrified heart to her lips.

"Sit down here, Daisy, my child," he said, sinking down on the nearest

(To be Continued.)

Anecdotal.

In one of the Philadelphia colleges a professor of chemistry asked a student the other day: "Now, suppose you were called to a patient who had swallowed a heavy dose of oxalic acid, what would you administer?" "I would administer the sacrament," replied the student, who, by the way, is said to be studying for the ministry, and takes chemistry because it is obligatory.

It is reported that Innocent IV. and Thomas Aquinas were standing together as the bags of treasure were being carried in through the gates of the Lateran. "You see," observed the Pope, with a smile, "the day is past when the Church could say, 'Silver and gold have I none.'" "Yes, holy father," was the saint's reply, "and the day is past also when the Church could say to the lame man, 'Rise and walk.'"

W. J. Bryan told a good story at his own expense in New York recently: "I spoke during the campaign in a little Illinois town. In front of me sat a man rigidly attentive. He drank in every word I said; I think he had drunk in something else besides. When I finished he came up and wrung my hand. 'Mr. Bryan,' he said, 'you are wonderful, wonderful. You are the first man I ever saw whose back teeth I could see all the time he was speaking.'"

President Roosevelt is fond of telling any story at his own expense. That which he enjoys most is the following: Former Governor Wise had told the President that it was the general opinion, so far as he had heard, that he would go down to posterity as a Washington. The President replied that he was delighted to hear that. "But," added Wise, in a serious manner, "whether it will be as a George or a Booker T. I don't know." The President is said to have laughed so heartily over this that Wise became alarmed.

Dr. Rixey, who for some years was the private physician in the McKinley household, says that when the late President's mother sat down for the first time to a White House dinner what seemed to impress her most was the prodigal supply of cream. She commented on its abundance, and then added: "Well, William, at last I know what they mean when they speak of the Cream of Society." The President laughed. "I admit," said he, "that there seems to be an extravagant array of cream on the table, but you know, mother, we can afford to keep a cow, now."

An amusing story is being told of Sir Henry Howorth, who, besides being the author of many scientific works, has written an elaborate historical book entitled "History of the Mongols." It seems that the other day Sir Henry found himself at a dinner party next to a lady who determinedly talked dogs to him from the soup to the dessert. Rather bored, Sir Henry at last remarked that though his friends somewhat unkindly declared that he could chatter on any subject, he was obliged to own that he was utterly at sea on the topic of dogs. The lady looked astounded. "Why, are you not Sir Henry Howorth? I understood from our host that you were the author of a learned book on Mongrels, and I was so delighted, as I am so interested in all kinds of dogs."

A story is told of a certain English bishop well known for his verbosity who rose to address the House of Lords on a very important occasion. "I will divide my speech under twelve heads," he said, to the discomfort of his audience. The Marquis of Salisbury begged to be allowed to interpose with a little anecdote. "A friend of mine was returning home late one night," he said, "when opposite St. Paul's he saw an intoxicated man trying to ascertain the time on the big clock there. Just then it began to strike and slowly tolled out twelve. The man listened, looked hard at the clock and said, 'Confound you, why couldn't you have said that all at once?'" The bishop heartily joined in the laughter which followed, and took the hint contained in the story.

Dr. John Kerr, the well-known Scottish school inspector, was once faced in a Banffshire manse by this question put to him by the lady of the house on behalf of her inquisitive son. "Mr. Kerr, is it true that the devil goes about like a roaring lion?" "It must be true," he replied, "for it is in the Bible." A shrill voice came from the corner: "Then wha keeps his fire in when he's gaun aboot?" Dr. Kerr also tells an anecdote of a woman who had just lost her husband, and the minister calling to condole with her found her sitting in front of a large bowl of porridge. "Terrible loss, terrible loss," sighed the minister. "Aye," was the reply, "it's a terrible loss to me. I've just been greetin' a' nicht, and as sune as I finish this wee drap porridge, I'm just gaun to begin again."

An old settler.—From N. Y. "Life."

AMERICA'S
BEST
Editorially Fearless
Consistently Republican

News from all of the world—well written, original stories—Answers to queries—Articles on Health, the Home, New Books and on Work About the Farm and Garden.

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Is a member of the Associated Press, the only Western Newspaper receiving the entire telegraphic news service of the New York Sun and special cable of the New York World—daily reports from over 2,000 special correspondents throughout the country.

YEAR ONE DOLLAR

Subscribe for The WEEKLY TIMES and the WEEKLY INTER OCEAN one year, both papers for $1.25.

FOND OF IT.

"Mail us more Bird Bread—not enough in the seed." Invariably we reply:—Bird Bread in COTTAMS should last out the seed. If eaten too rapidly, feed only occasionally.

BEWARE of injurious imitations. Be sure "BART. COTTAM CO., LONDON" is on label. Contents, put up under 6 patents, sell separately: Bird Bread, 10c.; Perch Holder, 5c.; Seed, 10c. With 1 lb. pkt. COTTAM SEED this 25c. worth is sold for 10c. Three times the value of any other bird food. Sold everywhere. Read COTTAM'S BIRD BOOK (96 pages, illustrated) price 25c. To users of COTTAM SEED a copy with rusty stitching will be sent post paid for 12c.

Meeting in the interest of the candidature of MR. STRATTON will be held at the following places and on the following dates:—

Orange Hall, Buckhorn, Tuesday night, May 26th,

Chair to be taken at 7.30 each evening.

A large attendance of the electors is requested. Mr. Miller is invited to be present.

PETER HAMILTON, President. C. H. ROGER Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING

TYPEWRITERS

I deal extensively in TYPEWRITERS. Now have a large stock of excellent machines of the various makes. Write to me, stating what you would like, and I will mail you printed matter with very favorable quotations. Some SPECIAL Bargains. Business established 1888.

Address A. E. Wilbur's Typewriter Works, 8 Rue St., Binghamton, N.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Owen Sound Harbour Works," will be received at this office until Monday, 26th May instant, for Dredging at Owen Sound County of Grey, Ont., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of H. A. Gray, Esq., Engineer in charge of harbour works, Ontario, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, on application to the Postmaster at Owen Sound, Ontario, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, 12th May, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

FOOT ELM

POSITIVELY CURES

SWEATY FEET
SORE FEET
ACHING FEET
BLISTERED FEET
HOT FEET
INFLAMED FEET
SWOLLEN FEET

18 Powders 25c

Shun any man who offers you a substitute simply because he can make a few cents more profit out of you by persuading you to take a cheaper article.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 23 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

Lindsay's rate will be 26 mills on the dollar.

—Norwood will observe Victoria Day on Monday.

—The barbers have decided to close at 1 o'clock Saturday.

—Work on the street railway will commence next week.

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Remember that to-morrow is a public holiday and all the stores will be closed.

—This is Empire Day, and it will be observed in many of the schools of the country.

—There is some talk of a big real estate deal involving a block of stores on George street.

—The Times is requested to state that the C.P.R. freight sheds will be closed on Victoria Day.

—The Water Commissioners have handed over a check for $1,060 to the tow for last month's business.

—The Times will be issued to-morrow, but will not appear on Monday, so as to give our employees a holiday on Saturday.

—At the Police Court yesterday, Frank Lafontein was fined $1.50 for throwing a stone through the Chinaman's window at the corner of Simcoe and Aylmer streets.

—Great scarcity of brick is being experienced by our contractors. The new brick won't be ready until July 1, and in the meantime building operations are being greatly impeded.

—Little drops of water,
Little grains of sand,
Make the milk and sugar
Sold throughout the land.

Complaints have been made to The Times regarding the unsatisfactory way the street watering is done in some localities. The chief kick comes from Aylmer street. The Town Engineer should wake up.

S. O. E. Moonlight

Owing to the weather being unfavorable on the night of the 22nd, it was postponed till Friday night the 23rd. All holding tickets will be good for the same. R. Waram, Chairman; A. Kingscote, Secretary.

Laid at Rest

The remains of the late Richard J. Cavanagh were interred yesterday morning from the Cavanagh House. The funeral was largely attended, showing the high regard in which the deceased was held by his many friends.

The Late Mrs. Chas. Legros

The sad intelligence was received to-day of the death of Mrs. Chas. Legros, town, which took place in Quebec, where she had gone on a visit. Mr. Legros left his wife in Quebec last week, in good health and spirits, and her totally unexpected death will come with a great shock to her many friends here.

Should be Stopped

The habit of scattering paper on the streets should be discontinued. Yesterday a horse tied in front of Hamilton's grocery on Simcoe street became frightened at a sheet of paper that came sailing along in the wind, and tore himself free from his harness. Had it not been for the assistance of some passers-by, he would have dashed into the store. It is positively dangerous to drive through the streets on a windy day.

The Lindsay Fire

Mr. Peter Hamilton returned yesterday from Lindsay, where he was called in connection with the fire. The conflagration originated from a spark which somehow got into a pile of lumber in the rear of Mr. James Hamilton's residence. It spread with wonderful rapidity, and in a few minutes a large area of stables and sheds were ablaze. The terrace owned by Mrs. Connolly, on Peel street, the Hamilton terrace and residence were all consumed as well as a great quantity of lumber belonging to the Hamilton Carriage Works. The loss will run up into the thousands, but the exact amount has not been estimated.

Mrs. Frances Russell

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Father Phelan, Young's Point, was in town yesterday.

—Miss Maisy Hamilton will spend a week in Hamilton, the guest of friends.

—Hon. J. R. Stratton left yesterday for Bobcaygeon, where he will hold meetings.

—Dr. Poole sr. and Mrs. Poole and family have departed for the Old Country where they will spend the next three months.

—Miss Hattie Holmes, of Buffalo, is in town, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Graham, 95 Aylmer st where she will spend the summer.

—Mr. B. Morrow, returning officer for East Peterborough, was in Norwood yesterday conducting the nominations for that riding.

—Mr. G. H. Carlisle, son of Mr. John Carlisle, is receiving the congratulations of his many friends on his success in winning the second scholarship at the recent examinations at the Trinity Medical College examinations.

—The Times extends its hearty congratulations to Mr. Charlie Stone, on his success in passing his third year examinations in medicine in Trinity Medical College. Mr. H. A. Anderson also passed and obtained second class honors in his final year examinations, and the following have passed the third year examinations,—Messrs. E. C. Beer C. C. Cragg, J. H. Kidd, W. M. Milburn and T. J. C Tinkle.

Lakefield Picnic

Remember the Lakefield picnic on Victoria Day, May 24th. A fine programme of sports has been arranged, and addresses will be delivered by Mr. D. C. Fraser, M.P., of Guysboro, Nova Scotia, Mr. F. D. Monock, M.P., of Jacques Cartier County, Quebec, Hon. J. R. Stratton, Mr. Jas. Kendrey, M.P., Major Miller, Mr. D. O'Connell and others. A lacrosse match for a silver trophy between teams from the T.A.S. and Y.M.C.A clubs of Peterborough will also be an attraction. Trains leave Peterborough at 8.20 a.m. and 1.30 p.m. Returning leave Lakefield at 4.10 and 7.30. This will afford a first class opportunity of spending a very pleasant day and also give an opportunity for those attending of hearing some of the best speakers in the Dominion.

INDIAN RIVER.

—Read The Times and you will be up to the times.

—Miss Delaney, of Dummer, is visiting with Miss E. Doherty for a few days.

Mr. S. Anglesocy and Miss Fitzgerald of Peterboro', were visiting Maggie O'Grady on Sunday last; also Mr. E. Fitzgerald and Miss F. O'Leary were guest at the same place.

Mr. Joseph O'Leary was visiting Miss F. Marquis, at Mr. T. Garvey's, last Sunday.

—Miss Kate Allen, of Douro, was visiting her aunt Mrs. J. Collins, last week.

The Devlin Bros. have just commence to build a dam at the J. R. bridge, between Douro and Otonabee. The walking boss has given it the title "Fisher Dam" and he has the plan and specifications of the same.

Owing to the high winds of late the village blacksmith has deemed it necessary to make a pair of steel shoes for the littlefellow at S—, for fear he may be blown away in some of the severe gales.

A wonderful story,—Mr. P. O'Grady relates that while travelling through the lumber woods recently, he saw a team of horses draw so hard as to sever their limbs from their bodies. Beat this, if you can!

Among the Oddfellows

This year the Grand Warden, who becomes in turn Deputy Master and Grand Master of Ontario, will be elected by the votes of the Past Grands in their respective lodges at the last regular meeting in May. The Hare-Spence system of voting will be used, by which the vote gives a vote to each candidate, numbering them 1,2,3,4, &c., as his choice may direct. It is important that all Past Grands in good standing be present to cast their vote at Otonabee Lodge on Monday, May 26, and at Peterborough Lodge on Thursday May 29.

Decoration Day has been fixed for June 19. No doubt the general public, in and around Peterborough, will join heartily in making the ceremony a success. All owning plots or graves in the Little Lake Cemetery will no doubt decorate them for that day.

PETERBOROUGH POST OFFICE

Re-Arrangement of the Salaries of the Employees

The Post Office Department at Ottawa, at the thoughtful suggestion of Mr. J. H. McClellan, has rearranged the salaries of the employees of the Peterborough office, as follows:

	Present	Former
H. C. Rogers, P. M.	$1,750	$2,000
Jno Corkery, Asst. P.M.	900	800
C. Mitchell, Clerk	490	400
J. Eagleson, Clerk	300	240
Miss Witt	360	300
Miss Hall	360	300

THE BREAKFAST CUP

Can Bring Joy or Trouble

Change in food and drink will sometimes make over even elderly people and restore them to natural health.

A man of 70 writes that at the age of 60 he began to break down and was a partial invalid until '67, when he concluded that coffee was one of the prime causes of his sickness, and began using Postum Food Coffee in its place with Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and some fruit at his meals.

He says, "Now at the age of 70 I am as strong and hearty as I was at 50. I would not go back to my old mode of living for a hundred thousand dollars."

This man was a pioneer in Illinois in 1837, later on was an early settler in N. Dakota. He requests that his name shall not appear in print. Name given by Postum Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

OUR POSITION AT STAKE

The standing of a constituency and the estimation in which it is held by outsiders, is largely decided by character of its representatives in Parliament and the Legislature. The sitting member is taken as reflecting the degrees of intelligence and public spirit prevailing among those who have selected him to do their business. Considering the varied influences that prevail at election time and the many divers considerations that enter into the choice of the electors this method of judgement may not be exactly fair, but it is inevitable. The principals are judged by the character of their agents, just as the business firm is judged by the appearance and demeanor of the travellers it sends out or others appointed to act for it.

When a member of the House makes a foolish speech or gives an ill-considered vote the remark is often passed.—"What sort of people can the electors be to send a man like that to represent them?" If he displays incapacity or want of tact he is sure to be sat down to the discredit of those he represents. On the other hand, if he be a man of marked ability and displaying the qualities which fit a public man for leadership if his usefulness becomes conspicuous the community rises in the general estimation. He reflects credit on the city or riding which he represents. He gives it a status and importance in the political and business world, which is of material advantage in many ways, the value of which it would be folly to ignore.

Many enterprising cities and towns spend large amounts in advertising their advantages. They circulate literature, and contract at a heavy expense for space in magazines to keep the name of their community prominently before investors and business men. This may be good policy or otherwise, but at least it shows how solicitous the enterprising citizens are to obtain publicity and gain a good name abroad. A capable, energetic representative, who is prominent in public life is an advertisement of the most effective sort. Every mention of his name recalls his constituency. Even if it be a comparatively small or obscure riding it is benefitted and brought into some measure of prominence thereby. But in the case of a busy thriving, growing community like, say Peterborough, having large business transactions and in close touch with the larger centres, the advantage is much greater. It gains an additional weight in Provincial affairs, and enhanced credit and reputation such as have a decided commercial value.

These considerations ought not to be lost sight of in the present election. Mr. Stratton, in addition to being an able and faithful representative has risen to the position of cabinet minister. In this capacity he has shown conspicuous talent for administration by the exercise of the same qualities as he has exhibited in the management of his own affairs. As Provincial Secretary he has evinced a high degree of executive ability and a close attention to his duties which has maintained the Department at a standard of marked efficiency. During the sessions of the Legislature and the work of the campaign Mr. Stratton has taken a prominent and active part in explaining and defending the policy of the Government. In fact no member of the government has shown himself more zealous and energetic in the discharge of his varied duties or more actively interested in promoting in every way the welfare of the constituency he represents.

It is an honor and a credit to any community to be represented by a Cabinet Minister. Apart altogether from the direct practical advantages arising from having a man of influence in the inner circle to urge the claims of the constituency in a far more effective manner than any outsider could do, no matter what his ability, the prestige and standing of the riding is greatly increased by representation in the ministry. The shrewd business men of Peterborough and the public spirited citizens of all classes who are proud of the reputation of the town as one of the most go-ahead thriving and progressive places in Canada will certainly not overlook or rate too lightly this consideration.

To elect Mr. Miller would be to forego the advantages which we possess over rival localities and to throw away one of the most important factors of the growth and prosperity of the riding. There is no complaint that our interests have not been properly looked after. Both the town and the country have reaped the benefit of Mr. Stratton's experience, influence and exertions. They would very soon realize the difference should the electors have the folly and want of interest to commit so important a trust to an untried man, who, as an occupant of the Opposition benches, would not have even the influence possessed by an ordinary member in accord with the government.

The interests at stake are too many and too vital to the future position and prosperity of the riding to be trifled with by surrendering for a caprice or the sake of meaningless party name, the tangible advantages accruing from representation in the Cabinet.

Peterborough R dical Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
Peterborough, Ont

A Skin Like Satin. Free from Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using DERMA CREAM Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample to prove merits 10c No postage stamps received. J. B HOSKEN Dept. O., 153 Monroe St., Grand Rapids Mich

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will bby a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regglar way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34 and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearlyall of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"
Issued by the
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
Describing the route of the
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaving Montreal 12 00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

VICTORIA DAY

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902

Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich, and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y, Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N.Y.

A. H. NOTMAN
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agen
1 King St. East, Toronto

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 19

Return tickets will be issued at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit Mich., Port Huron, Mich, Fort Covington, N. Y., Rouses bay Jct. N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouses Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt. all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

FOR STYLISH
Boots and Shoes
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display
NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

Bargain List

The following list of prices will remain open until end of present month. A line of novels at 3 cents each. Ten cent magizines (April numbers) two for 5 cents; Packages containing 25 envelops, either square or oblong, 5c a pkg. 25 sheets good writing paper, either ruled or plain, 5 cts quire; Old England Vellum, Irish linen, or any of the best qualities of note paper with envelops to match, papers 10 cts quire 25 envelops 10cts; Dolls, 25, 20, 15 and 10 cts; Hammocks, lacrosse sticks, bats, balls hard and soft rubber at bargain prices. Times Bookstore.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles
MIDY

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

The Weekly Times and the Weekly Star Until End of Year for 75c

We have much pleasure in being able to announce that we have completed arrangements for supplying the Family Herald and Weekly Star and The Weekly Times, from the present until the end of the year for 75c.

This is a superb offer, and one that should "go." It is a hard combination to beat, for both papers are amongst the best in the land. Send in your order at once to The Times, Peterborough.

A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them. Apply to C. Wilhemy at City Hotel.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.
184 George street, Peterborough
Telephones 180 186 and 215, day or night

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

ARE YOU STOUT.
Edith Bordan, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured every form of Obesity Safely since 1878. Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. Health improved. Reduced myself. For terms, particulars, Address Mrs. Dr. Bordan, 18 Ellison St., Paterson, N. J.

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

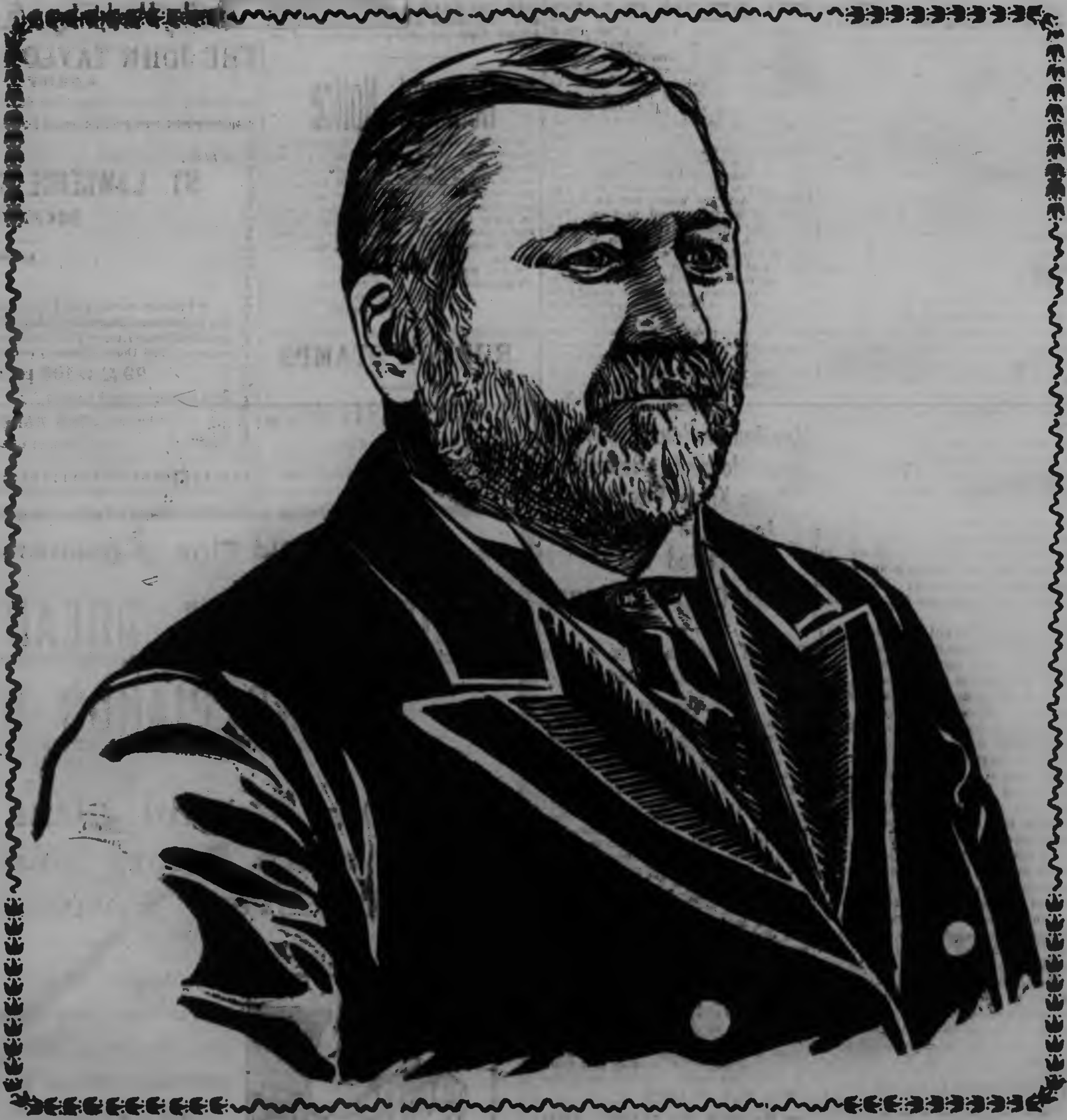
BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 121 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 24 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

WORKING MEN

VOTE FOR

THE WORKING MEN'S FRIEND



J. R. STRATTON

A Member of the Government

AND

The Faithful Representative of West Peterborough for Sixteen Years.

VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging, or wormy condition, equalizes circulation, stops pains in the groins, also all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers; in Stricture it absorbs the stricture tissue, stops smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all prostatic troubles it is the treatment par excellence. So positive am I that my Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each time you call you see me Personally,

Every time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I accomplished after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country.

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, stretching or loss of time; also Blood Poison, Gleet, Private, Nervous, Impotency, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. Call; if you cannot call write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor. All duty and express charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., Cor. Wilcox St., DETROIT, MICH.

The Times is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Visitors visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at $3 per annum, and to outside points at $3 per year (strictly in advance.)

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 23, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Only four more days of uncertainty.

• • •

Vote for Stratton and Peterborough's advancement.

• • • •

Did you ever notice how Mr. Stratton's opponents are blowing these days, to keep themselves warm, we suppose.

• • • •

A town in Cape Colony was attacked by 700 Boers a few days ago, but they were repulsed. If these Boers don't hurry they won't be home in time to vote.

• • • •

If the work they are doing could be estimated by the amount of talking, they do, this campaign would be the greatest ever put up in Peterborough.

• • • •

Martinique is a French island. By the eruption of Mount Pelee, half a million dollars' worth of shipping was destroyed at St. Pierre, thirteen vessels being overwhelmed. More than half the value was British, the rest being Italian, French, American and Norwegian. Every great marine disaster tells of British ubiquity on the sea.

• • • •

Mr. Stratton had an ovation tendered him in the north country. This means a bigger maojrity than ever next Thursday in the North. All of which goes to prove that Stratton is the man for Galway.

• • • •

Some one suggested that the cut which appears in some of our exchanges of Major Miller would have looked much better had the gallant officer had his whiskers trimmed before he sat for that picture. Never mind, he will have his whiskers trimmed next Thursday.

• • • •

A writer in a Boston paper, the Christian Register, says: "The native American is disappearing off the face of the earth. For every 2,000,000 American parents there are now only 1,800,000 children, a loss of 200,000 in a generation, while the foreigners among us produce, as our unemancipated great-grandmother did, 4,500,000 children for every 2,000,000 parents. That is, where we lose 200,000 in a generation, the foreigner gains 2,500,000." The same writer further says that "statistics show that the proportion of children to mothers who are graduates of female colleges is but 1.3; that is, for every 2,000 parents there are but 1,500 children." This low rate, and the low rate existing for native American parents generally, he attributes in part to a too strenuous life, and in part to Preventive measures of a more or less culpable nature. He thinks that American people are not joyous enough, and contrasts them in that respect with the Italians, amongst whom "everything—church services, literature, music, social life, the all-pervading joyousness—tends to enlarge the emotional nature," with the result that the streets are overflowing with children, poor but happy. There is something here for pure-blooded Americans to think about, and perhaps for other people as well.

THE TEST OF DISCUSSION

As the campaign approaches its culmination and the questions before the electors are thoroughly threshed out, from the government point of view, the strength of the position occupied by the ministry and the weakness of the Opposition becomes more and more apparent. The appeals made by the leading men on both sides, and the keenness of the discussion in the press, have done much to place the matter in a clear light before the public and to sweep away many misconceptions and false issues.

The pretensions of the Opposition to superior purity and political morality have been fully exposed. Mr. Whitney's assumed horror at the offences comitted by some over-zealous Liberal partizans, and his attempts to implicate ministers and men of responsible positions in these misdeeds, have been shown to be thoroughly insincere and hypocritical, in view of his own close political affiliations with proved corruptionists and the readiness which he has evinced to condone such offences by members of his own party. It surely does not lie in the mouth of the platform associate of Charles Calder to condemn bribbery and electoral corruption in unmeasured terms, while gladly accepting the assistance of the most hardened political profligates?

The more the administration policy of industrial expansion and provincial development has been assailed and the more closely its details are scrutinized, the greater its merits appear. It does not follow that it is by any means perfect or could not be improved in some respects. As to the precise methods to be followed in such an undertaking, ther will always be room for honest differences of opinion. As has been truly said in relation to political movements, "There are many ways of going forward, but only one way of standing still." There is always plenty of opportunity to criticize and find fault with any great work. If Mr. Ross and his colleagues had been satisfied to plod along in the old ruts there would have been far fewer opportunities to assail them. It is not easy to find many points of attack in a do-nothing policy. But we much mistake the spirit and temper of the Ontario voters if they do not prefer a programme of action and enterprise, even at the risk of making some mistakes, to a policy of supineness and inaction

All the carpings and criticisms of Mr. Whitney and the opposition fall upon deaf ears when addressed to those who are personally experiencing the beneficial results which have been brought about by the measures they condemn. The least intelligent of the electors is able to appreciate the argument of the full dinner pail. It is useless telling men, who are doing more business, making more money or drawing higher and more steady wages than ever before, that the country is suffering from the incapacity and extravagance of the government. The proofs to the contrary come home in almost convincing manner.

The course of political controversy has emphasized the want of any comprehensive symmetrical and well thought-out policy on the part of the Opposition. Not only do their leaders disagree among themselves, but the utterances of Mr. Whitney are of the most self-contradictory character. At Sault Ste. Marie he retracted his former condemnation of the Algoma Central Railway grant, which he characterized in the House as a phenomenal steal. When confronted with his statement that he would repeal the Provincial tax on corporations he shifts his ground and repudiates any intention of interfering with the measure for the introduction of which he has so fiercely assailed the government. His promise to allow the settlers on crown lands to appropriate the pine—which in many cases would be equivalent to a free gift of several thousand dollars worth of public property—is such an unblushing attempt at bribery by wholesale as deserves the strongest condemnation. It is of a piece with his offering the people near the Niagara Falls the use of the water power "free as air." In fact Mr. Whitney's speeches show that he simply says whatever he thinks will be pleasing and effective with the audience he happens to be addressing without a thought of consistency or the responsibility entailed by his utterances. This is a great defect in the character of a political leader and one which would certainly prevent him from successfully managing the affairs of the Province. Such tactics might have been resorted to with impunity in former days when the means of communication between different localities were few but the efficient service of the newspaper press of today soon exposes such double-dealing. In resorting to these artifices Mr. Whitney has shown himself woefully deficient not merely in honesty but in astuteness, and the people are finding him out. They cannot place any confidence in a man who repudiates or mollifies his utterances so frequently, and varies his policy to suit the people of whatever neighborhood he happens to visit.

The electors want at least to know what they are voting for. They want to be able to form some idea either from the actions or the promises of those who appeal to them what to expect at their hands. In supporting Mr. Ross and his colleagues the voters know what they have done in the past. They are experiencing the good results of their administration. They have before them a clear cut difinite policy to guide their action.

To support Mr. Whitney would be to trust to chance. No one can say what he would do on any given question. Probably he does not know himself. His deliverances have been so contradictory. his position has been shifted so often that no one could reasonably be surprised at any course he might take.

The electors will support the men with a record of 30 years good government behind them, rather than shifty, vacillating leader who does not know his own mind, and is not in harmony with his own followers.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

Pulpit Oratory

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—As the columns of The Times are open for the discussion of subjects of importance, I venture to trespass on your space, and would say a word in regard to pulpit oratory. Churches are coming in for a goodly share of notice in the press. We have confident appraisement as to ability, scholarship and spirituality, while from another point of view we have the history of most of the Protestant churches of the town and suburbs. As a matter of fact, while we have a certain kind of preaching power in Peterborough, we lack men of the highest order of eloquence — magnetic men, who thrill the people who listen to an eloquence which never looks upon its foolscap. The Church of England has never given sufficient attention to pulpit eloquence, that church holding that it is the service which is worship, and that mere preaching is an adjunct not of first-class importance. Some modification of this attitude is being sought for, and it is the leading men of the Church of England in England who deplore the lack of pulpit power. What we call the dissenting churches have always given prominence to pulpit oratory. Sometimes it is untutored and turgid; again, it is chaste, classic, full of dignity. Above all, it was in a Punshon, a Spurgeon, a Beecher, to thrill the most careless. I have often urged that theological undergraduates should be taught elocution; should be practised in the art of extempore preaching; should be encouraged to memorize, and should be expected to be able, when they reach the pulpit, to offer, not merely original thought, but grace, a chaste fervor, striking dramatic effects, pathos, humor, and all the features of the orator. For it is the voice and not the dead page that moves. It is the voice that enthralls. And we want, not an essay, academic in form and matter, but something urgent from heart and mind, something which will be remembered, which will influence the life. And therefore we should have the epigram, and the fitting climax, and every grace and power should be employed in the noblest service—that of touching the hearts and imaginations of the people. No doubt praise and prayer are worship, but the power of the churches lies in the living voice, and this voice must not be the voice of dillettantism, but of living power.

ANGLICAN.

May Heaven Help Despondent and Hopeless Sufferers From Kidney Disease to Accept the New Life Offered by Paine's Celery Compound

The Great Medicine Cures Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Nephritis and Albuminuria

Thousands of people suffer through a living death from some form of kidney disease. In the majority of cases, the poor sufferers have been informed by physicians that there is no hope.

If you are a victim of kidney disease, take courage, dear sufferer! There is a mighty saving agent that you have not yet called to your aid; it is Paine's Celery Compound. This grand medical prescription has conquered as desperate cases as yours; it has power to pluck you as a brand from the burning, if you have but the faith to give it a trial.

"You may perchance ask, "What will Paine's Celery Compound do for me, that other medicines have failed to accomplish?"

Paine's Celery Compound will accomplish vastly more for you in your distress than you can imagine. Its first great vital undertaking is the purification of the life stream from waste matter, the result of decomposition of the tissues. It will remove all morbid materials, saving you from uraemic poisoning, which so often proves fatal in kidney disease.

In addition to all this Paine's Celery Compound will establish nerve force and new nerve fibre; it will nourish the weakened system and restore the full vital function of the kidneys.

If you value life, delay not the use of Paine's Celery Compound a single hour. Your present critical condition demands the immediate use of this great life-saver. Mrs. J. Currie, Delaware Ave., Toronto, Ont., says:

"No living mortal can imagine the sufferings I endured for four years owing to kidney troubles, sore back and headaches. I became very downhearted and morose; and though I tried hard to keep up courage, I always felt I would have to give up. I used many kinds of medicines, and was under the treatment of doctors, but obtained no relief of any consequence, and my troubles would come back worse than ever. I thank God for having read of some wonderful cures through Paine's Celery Compound. I at once procured the medicine and used it, and am happy to state I have experienced a great change. No other remedy has ever given me such wonderful results in so short a time. I now feel myself a new woman. I can now sleep well, and am daily gaining in strength."

Items of Interest

London, May 23.—Whatever may be its issue, says the correspondent of the Times at Pretoria, the Boer conference at Cereeniging will be a notable feature in the history of this war. It is a unique experience for every burgher delegate. Some 150 delegates are present, and nearly all of them are prominent Boers. The circumstances of the meeting as well as the journey ought to impress the most unimaginative Boer. The former States Attorney Smuts, and his immediate entourage, alone experienced the novelty of a sea voyage, having been conveyed from Port Nolloth to Cape Town.

For five weeks, says the correspondent, a number of the enemy have been using British lines of communication and accepting British hospitality, but the majority have not manifested any symptoms of being under any obligation. The demeanor of most of the Boers would lead one to suppose their votes will be in favor of continuing hostilities, though the use of the ballot may turn the balance in favor of peace. Whatever may be the decision at the conference, the end of the war is not distant. Probably, in any case there will be surrenders en bloc in many districts, liberating so many troops that the British will be able to pour overwhelming numbers into each district in turn.

Mail advices to the Times from Cape Town, dated April 30, warn the British against a patchwork peace, and summarize the views of loyalists of South Africa, who think peace negotations are a mistake, though full confidence is felt in Lord Milner.

The correspondent says the Boers will probably demand:

First: A fixed date for the establishment of representative government;

Second: Recognition of Dutch as the official language as well as English;

Third: Compensation for war losses;

Fourth: Amnesty for Cape Colony rebels.

The first demand, argues the correspondent, is obviously impossible. The second has already been determined in the negative. As to the third and fourth, the Boers must trust to British generosity. The British need not inexorably inflict the death penalty, but must not shrink from the disfranchisement of rebels.

Removal Notice

Having leased store No. 136, Hunter st. immediately under our old offices we will occupy the same in future, and cordially invite all our old patrons, and the public generally who want to get, or get rid of anything in Real Estate to favor us with an early call, because, as usual, we always have good bargains for all who want to buy and buyers for all who want to sell.

What more can you ask?

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AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST.
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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$99\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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It may be that your preference is for one of the famous Heintzman & Co. pianos—the peerless Canadian piano—endorsed and eulogized by the world's greatest artists—the piano used exclusively by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their Canadian tour. One of these will be sent by our mail order methods. Write for prices. Terms of payment in al cases are made easy—just a little down and a little every month.

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HEINTZMAN & CO.,
115-117 King Street West, Toronto.

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

SPECIAL PRICES THIS MONTH
Wilson's GOLD MEDAL Scales
FOR EVERYBODY
COAL: GRAIN AND CATTLE SCALES

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PRICES
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Leave Your Money in Peterborough——

Try a pair of Carey's
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they always give satisfaction

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ASHBURNHAM COMMITTEE ROOMS

Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

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Edith Bordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured many ... of Obesity Safely since ... Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. ... Dr. Bordon, ... Paterson, ...

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(Commencing Thursday, May 22)

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Arrive Toronto at	12 30 p m
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ARTHUR AHERN,
Secretary, Quebec.

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Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

The Royal Mail Line steamers leave Toronto and Montreal daily except Sunday from June 15th.

HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav., Peterborough, Ontario, or to

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DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

garden bench; "I have heard that today which has nearly unmanned me. Can you bear a great shock?"

"Tell me, papa," she said. "I can face even death!"

In a choking voice the squire told her very minutely all that had happened.

"I was just coming in search of either you or Olive to go and attend her," he concluded. "In an hour's time Harold St. John will return, and then —— Ah, me, I dare not think what will happen then."

"Send Aleck away, papa," Daisy sobbed. "I —I cannot look upon his face now. Then I will go to Hetty; I will see her all alone."

"My poor child, do not take on so," said the squire. "I feel the disgrace as keenly as you do; but Aleck will think no less of you for Hetty's folly. We must thank heaven there was a marriage. Such a scoundrel was capable of anything."

But she only clung to him, trembling like an aspen leaf, and the squire forgot his own anguish in trying to comfort her.

The squire had gone to fulfill her request, and wondering much at Daisy's desire that he should go to the house without seeing her, and leave her alone with Hetty, Aleck turned away.

With bitter sobs, now that she was alone with Hetty, Daisy flung herself down beside her sister's inanimate form.

"I must tell Hetty all," she moaned, "and then I will creep away and die like some poor thing wounded unto death."

All in vain she laved the death-white face, but the white eyelids never quivered.

She placed her hand quickly over her heart, she could hear it beating faintly in measured strokes.

"You must revive, Hetty," she moaned; "I must make my confession to you before Harold St. John returns."

As if in response to that wild, piteous appeal, a low sigh quivered over Hetty Gordon's lips, and the dark eyes opened slowly and gazed up in bewilderment at the white, terrified face bending over her.

She sprang to her feet in astonishment.

"What is the matter, Daisy?" she cried; "why am I here? Oh, I remember now, I came upon papa and Aleck in the garden —a stranger was with them —and papa turned to me and asked me if I had ever seen the stranger before.

"At first I thought not — though there was a dim recollection in my mind of just such a dark, handsome evil face —then like a flash it came to me—I had seen him before.

"Do you remember the villain who has caused Lillian Ruthven all that trouble, Daisy? well, it was he. I recoiled with a low cry as I told papa who he was, and that scene in which I had beheld him rushed before my mind's eye.

"I could see him just as I saw him that first and last time — handcuffed, standing between two officers — boldly asserting he had just wedded and that his bride was there — he wanted to say farewell to her, for it would be long years before their honeymoon would be apt to be realised.

"When I saw him again today standing before me so impudently, I fainted with actual horror and dismay. What was that man doing here, Daisy?" she asked curiously; "have you heard? — papa seemed greatly agitated, I thought."

CHAPTER XL.

"To Live or Die as Heaven saw Fit."

The answer died away unuttered in Daisy's throat.

"Do you know what brought that terrible man here?" Hetty repeated, looking curiously into her sister's face.

"Yes, I know," moaned Daisy, falling on her knees at Hetty's feet; "it was to blast my life; to ruin me, Hetty; for, as you have always suspected, there is a secret in my life which even you have never yet discovered. This man knows it, and he came here to trade on it. It was that which drove me to the verge of madness, so that I tried to kill myself last night, for I knew he was coming here today."

"I do not understand, dear!" Hetty cried; "tell me about it. It cannot be anything so very terrible, I am sure. Make a confidante of me, and we will go together to this man and laugh in his face, telling him we are perfectly indifferent about the matter."

But Daisy drew back.

"When you know all you will hate me, Hetty," she moaned; "you would not let the skirts of your dress even touch me."

"What nonsense!" cried Hetty. "I really think you are hysterical, my dear, from nervousness, and are simply imagining all sorts of impossible things."

"He is coming back within an hour," moaned Daisy. "Then you would know all, anyhow; it would be best to —to —to —tell you myself —if I can."

Then she poured forth into Hetty's astonished ear that Harold St. John had said he came there to claim his wife —for it was not Lillian Ruthven whom he had wedded that fatal night, but one of the Gordon girls —how Olive had been sent for, and the result, and how she —Hetty — had next been called to face the man and, when she had fainted, the squire had believed she was his wife.

A hearty laugh broke from Hetty's lips.

"What a ludicrous mistake!" she cried. "I can understand how papa was misled; let us go at once and undeceive him."

Still Daisy's slender figure shrunk lower and lower, the golden head was bowed until the white face touched the greensward at Hetty's feet.

Hetty stooped to raise her, but Daisy only shrank further away.

"Pity me— promise you will pity and not curse me, Hetty, and I will tell you all!" she moaned. "I will keep nothing from you!"

(To be Continued.)

For Duck-Keepers.

The largest duck farm in America is located at Speonk, Long Island. Last year over 35,000 ducklings were hatched. Nearly every pound of the flesh was marketed in New York City.

Ducklings for Profit.

Ducklings are wonderfully hardy, and the death rate, even when large quantities are reared, is very slight when the duck raiser knows his business. They must, of course, be kept dry and sheltered from rain, and if their sleeping house is draughty they may get a touch of roup. This shows itself by a froth collecting round the eye, and can easily be got rid of with a little care, and taking precaution to prevent their sleeping in a draught. They fatten not only easily but quickly. In one big duck-rearing establishment no ducklings are kept over eight weeks old, but generally they are fattened for a fortnight longer.

During the last week of incubation the eggs need to be damped, as a rule, two or three times; in incubators they require rather more moisture than hens' eggs, and makers give instructions on the subject. When the stock ducks have their liberty and are strong, healthy birds, the eggs hatch well, and the twenty-ninth morning sees all the ducklings out that are coming. Like chickens, they need no food for twenty-four hours, but just sleep. By the expiration of that time they are thoroughly dried, and their abundant fluff no longer sticks to their skins, but stands out, making them look much larger than they did when first hatched. They are now ready for their first meal, which should consist of hard-boiled egg and breadcrumbs, damped with skim milk or water, given moister than to chickens; the food should be dropped on their backs; they huddle together in a heap when first collected for feeding, and, seeing the food, they peck at it readily enough.

A pan of water should be put down by them, and to let them see it, a few grains of coarse oatmeal should be dropped upon it. Then they peck at the oatmeal, find the water, and drink. It is necessary that at each meal they should have all the water they want, and they want a great deal, for they are thirsty creatures. Pure, fresh water, and plenty of it, is very necessary for successful duck-raising. The water should be supplied in shallow pans at first; as they get bigger it can be given in larger pans or troughs, but they should not have access to a pond. When they have never had the opportunity of swimming they do not pine for it, but if once they get the chance of swimming they fret for access to it.

For the first two or three days nothing should be given but the hard-boiled egg and breadcrumbs, or oatmeal may be substituted. The eggs should be passed through a sieve, the unfertile ones removed on the eighth day of incubation should be reserved for this purpose. They should be fed very frequently—every two hours, at least. It is a good plan, as in the case of goslings, to give them a little tender chopped grass mixed in with their food, but they are not large eaters of green foods, as goslings are. After the first three days the egg food can be dropped, though if there are unfertile eggs this feeding can with advantage be continued a little longer. Biscuit meal, scalded, is an excellent food for ducklings, and can be made the chief article of diet from a week to a month old. Boiled rice is also largely used by some breeders; others rely entirely on biscuit meal and ground meals. The rice should be thus prepared: To one quart of rice add six quarts of water, and let it simmer till the water is all absorbed. A little fat or greaves can be added. On rice thus boiled, biscuit meal and various ground meals, the ducklings can be quickly forced to maturity; meat and fat are also given more or less, and it hastens them on. The meals used are ground oats or oatmeal, maize meal and pollard.

After the first week the meals can be reduced to four a day, giving them all they will eat at a time, but permitting no food to lie by them between meals. The four can be reduced to three when they are seven or eight weeks old. Most fatteners have their own system, and differ in details of management, the object, in all cases, being to keep the ducklings in good health and appetite, so that they eat well, for the more they eat the better they grow. There are certain adjuncts that must be supplied if they are to keep in first-rate condition under the somewhat artificial mantion under the somewhat artificial manner of treatment they receive, and these are plenty of grit, a supply of green food, and strict cleanliness. For bedding them, peat moss can be highly recommended, and, failing it, straw, but straw is getting scarcer than it was. The peat moss, too, when it is finished with, will be a valuable manure for either the field or garden. Later in the season they can sleep on the ground without ill-effect, but not before it is dry.

It is very needful to protect the ducklings from rats, as they highly prefer them to chickens. They must be well netted in at night, and a few traps set near, for rats are sure to be attracted to the vicinity when ducklings are bred for market. It is also necessary to shelter them from the sun, as they get sunstroke very easily if exposed to it, but, of course, this means the July and August sun, when it is really hot.

In case of their going off their appetites when fattening a meal should be missed for a day or two, and the food changed. This will bring back their appetites. A little spice may with advantage be given at this time. Those ducklings intended for stock should be picked out at four or five weeks old, and have more liberty and a certain proportion of corn. Ducklings for table are fed entirely on soft food. They can have a swim just before being killed, as this washes their plumage.—Farm and Stockbreeder.

Hostess (to guests, who have to spend a few days)—We're so glad you've been able to come, Miss Gushington; but I do hope we are going to have better weather, or I am afraid you won't enjoy yourselves much.

Miss Gushington—Oh, but, my dear Lady Boreham, we didn't come here to enjoy ourselves. We came to see you.—London Punch.

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Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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FRY, 304 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices Geo. A. FRY 304 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOSITE roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

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AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day: you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 714 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

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MEN and women to do copying at home; $5 to $12 working evenings, no canvassing, enclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., 3 Warren Ave., Chicago.

LADIES copy letters at home. $10 per 1000. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Novelty Co., Dept. 106 Chicago.

Childrens' Aid Society

CHILDRENS' AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature 1896. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office Division Court buildings.

INCORPORATED 1886. TORONTO Hon. G. A. Cox, PRESIDENT.

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A Real Help.

The Woman's Aid Society in New York has done great work in helping the poor. Like all charitable organizations, it has to contend with ingratitude, stupidity, and wilful improvidence. The "Commercial Advertiser" relates one instance that is amusing to read of, but must have been a trifle discouraging to the society.

To a poor woman whose husband was in jail they gave some clothing and ten dollars in money, thinking that she would know best what she wanted, and so spend the money more wisely than they.

A week after the gift had been made a deputation of members called at the squalid home to see the results of their assistance. They found no improvement in the condition of the family.

"Well, Mrs. Nolan," asked one of them, "how are you getting along?"

"Fine," said Mrs. Nolan.

"Did the clothes fit, and did you find a use for the money?"

"Sure, the clothes fitted fine, an' the childer looked so nice I had all their pictures took wid the money ye gave me, an' I'm going to have me own took this week to send to the old folks in Ireland."

Algy — Pooh Gussie's condition is gwowy serious, indeed. He cawn't even waise his head fwom the pillow. Percy —Great heavens! What's the mattah? Algy—The foolish fellah lost his head in a game of ping-pong lawst evening, and played steadily foh neahly fifteen minutes.

He—You have a headache, you say?
She—Yes, I have.
"Do you suffer much from headache?"
"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on Monday, May 26th 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London.

Hard coal—2,000 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size. Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,350 tons 1,000 may not be required til January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, 500 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard).

Asylum for Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal—2,575 tons small egg size, 474 tons stove size, 146 tons chestnut size coal for grates, 50 tons; for pump house 200 tons soft slack; 130 tons hard slack screenings. Of the above quantity 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Mimico.

Hard coal—1,000 tons large egg size, 130 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Idiots, Orillia.

Soft coal screenings, or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons; 90 tons hard coal, stove size; 90 tons hard coal, grate size.

Asylum for Insane, Brockville

Hard coal—1,200 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 75 tons small egg. Of the above quantity, 1,050 tons may not be required until January and March 1903.

Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg

Hard coal—450 tons large egg size, 15 tons egg size, 50 tons stove size.

Central Prison, Toronto

Hard coal—100 tons small egg size, or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as required.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville

Hard coal—800 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford

Hard coal—473 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang.

Eighty tons egg size, 51 tons stove size, 28 tons nut size, 800 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Mercer Reformatory, Toronto

Soft coal screening or run of mine lump, 850 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenderers are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade.

Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said Inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

For Farmers.

In an experiment conducted in Staffordshire, England, to test the relative value of different root crops for sheep feeding, the results were as follows:—(1) Globe mangels; (2) kohl rabi; (3) Long Red mangels; (4) Tankard mangels; (5) Swedes.

Sir Walter Gilbey considers it "an alarming fact" that American and Canadian breeders are now going to France and Germany to buy their breeding stock. We cannot afford to lose patronage for our studs from abroad, and the whole question deserves the consideration of horse-breeding societies.—Farmer and Stockbreeder.

Currant bushes should be sprayed with white hellebore in order to destroy the currant worm. As hellebore is a poison some growers object to it. It is claimed that if wood ashes are dusted over the bushes, first spraying with cold water, the worms will be destroyed. It is at least a harmless remedy and is worthy a test trial by those having currant bushes.

The Department of Agriculture at Washington, D.C., has issued a statement that there is no such thing as manufactured comb honey. Geo. W. York, President of the Chicago Beekeepers' Association, says:—"The truth is that, when you find honey in the comb, you may be absolutely certain that the bees, not man, put it there. It may vary in color; it may vary in quality; all flowers do not yield the same honey; but it was all stored by the bees."

An acre of grass land, according to experiments, gives off not less than 6,400 quarts of water in twenty-four hours, and an acre of sunflowers would give a relatively greater quantity. In fact, swamps have been reclaimed and malarial marshes rendered inocuous by planting sunflowers or eucalyptus trees, which are great pumpers of water, and also exert other influences counteracting baneful conditions of air, earth and water.

Sheep on the Farm.

A correspondent of The Ohio Farmer gives some of the reasons why sheep are a fine thing for the farmer to raise. They pay for their raising in profitable fleeces. They are easily transferred from one inclosure to another and restrained by fences that would not hold cattle or pigs. Their light tread and their dislike to mud warrant their access to fields where the trampling of cattle and tearing of hogs would not be tolerated. They waste less food in proportion to the quantity consumed than any other animal, and will hunt out and utilize much that would otherwise be lost. They work for a living by keeping the farm clean from weeds. No animal returns more fertility to the soil in proportion to the amount exacted for its support. They produce a pound of mutton cheaper than a hog will a pound of pork.—Southwestern Stockman.

Tobacco Stem and Dust.

The waste material from the cigar factories is a good fertilizer, containing both nitrogen and potash, but it has so many other valuable qualities that the farmer and gardener should not fail to obtain some every year. Placed around the squash vines in the hill, it almost surely drives away the fly which is the mother of the borer, and scattered along the onion rows it serves the same purpose for the little black fly that causes the onion maggot. In fact, nearly, if not quite all the insects which damaged our plants and trees by laying an egg of which the larva will be a borer, and thus cannot be reached by poisonous sprays, will be repelled by the use of tobacco stems or dust around the stem of the plant. The claim has been made that the borers that infest our apple and peach orchards can be driven away by winding tobacco leaves around the trunk of the tree, just above where the borers usually enter them. When this is wet the juice that runs down not only makes it unpleasant for the fly to stay there, but if she deposits a few eggs when the tree is dry, the first wet day is likely to send down a decoction strong enough to destroy the vitality of the eggs or kill the young larvae. We do not claim it to be sure, in all of these cases, as something will depend on the weather, but with frequent showers to keep it wet, it will greatly reduce the trouble from these insect pests.—American Cultivator.

The Horse's System.

It may be of use to call attention to the fact that the digestive system of horses differs a great deal from that of our domesticated ruminants—viz., cattle and sheep; whereas the latter are able to consume a large amount of food at one time, the horse—owing to the comparatively small size of its stomach and intestines—is able to consume only a small quantity of food at one meal. In saying comparative size of the horse's stomach and intestines, this refers to the comparison with the stomach of ruminants; as compared with the stomach and intestines of carnivorous animals—such as the dog—the stomach of the horse is large. I have already mentioned the fact that cattle and sheep are able to digest fibre much better and make much better use of it than horses. Besides this difference, there is another important point in which the mode of feeding the former differs from that of the latter. Whereas cattle and sheep are able to live and do comparatively well on poor and bulky foods, such as straw or roots, horses cannot deal satisfactorily with large quantities of these, even when doing no work; they cannot, like cattle, draw the amount of nourishment they require from poor foods by consuming large quantities of them. In their case, the necessary amount of food material must be provided in a more concentrated form. It is in these two points that the chief difference lies in the feeding of horses, as compared with that of cattle and sheep. There is, however, a third point—namely, that in feeding horses we wish to produce work; whereas in feeding cattle, sheep, or pigs we have in view the production of flesh, fat, milk, or wool.

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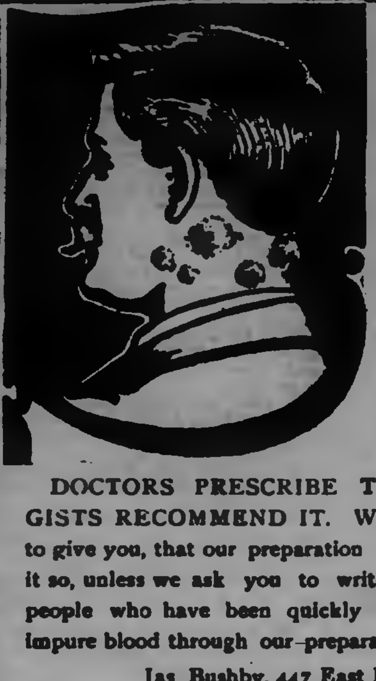

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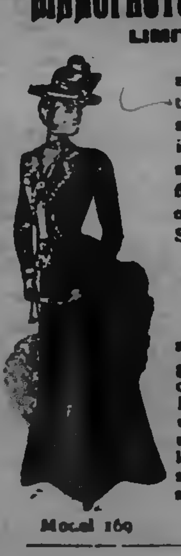

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New Telephone Directory

The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

Orders for new connections and changes of firms names should be sent in at once to insure entry in this book.

C. W. STRANGER,
Local Manager

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RUSSIA TO FASTEN HER GRIP ON CHINA

The Great Anglo-Chinese Compact May Lead to Grave Complications

TO HOLD ON TO MANCHURIA PROVINCE

Britains Policy Gives the Czar a Pretext for Remaining "Serious Diplomac Blunder" Railroad Agreement Operates Against Other Powers

Pekin, May 23.—A second railway agreement which Sir Ernest Satow, the British Minister to China, and Yuan Shai Kai, Director General of the Perkin-Shan Hai Kwan Railway, signed the same day the agreement restoring the Pekin-Shan Hai Kwan line was made, and which the parties thitherto attempted to keep secret has become known among the diplomats here, and is arousing opposition among the powers interested in the railway project.

The preamble of this second agreement declares it to be for the benefit of the revenues and in the interests of the bondholders of the Pekin-Shan Hai Kwan Railroad. The clauses of the agreement explaining antagonism provide that all railroads hereinafter constructed within eighty miles of any point of the existing line shall be constructed by the administration of the northern railroads, and shall not be controlled by any foreign Power. The lines between Feng Te and the Great Wall, Tien Tsin and Pao Ting Fu, Ching Wang Tao and Tung Chao are specifically mentioned. Russia regards the extension of the railroad from Pekin to the Great Wall as within her sphere.

American and French projects for railroads between Tein Tsin and Pao Ting Fu are being pressed, and a German syndicate, which has a concession for a railroad from Shang Tung province to Tien Tsin, desires to extend its line from Tien Tsin to Taku, or to some other port. These and other plans will be checkmated if the second agreement referred to between Sir Ernest Satow and Yuan Shai Kai, is enforced.

Paul Lessar, the Russian Minister here has protested to the Chinese authorities and reproached them for signing a com-pact without consulting Russia. Other foreign Ministers here are communicating with their governments.

The Russians declare they will not evacuate Manchuria or restore that railroad to the Chinese if Great Britain persists in what they term "attempts to control the railroad of Northern China.

Friendly observers regard Great Britain's railroad agreements as a serious diplomatic blunder. Before they were signed, it is said, there was no apparent obstacle that Russia could urge for failing to fulfill the Manchuria convention. Now the Russian diplomats frankly say these railroad agreements furnish obstacles such as were contemplated by the stipulation in the Manchurian convention, that Russia would evacuate if no other Powers interposed obstacles.

The latest reports from official observers in Manchuria are to the effect that Russia is steadily taking steps which signify that she proposes a permanent occupation. Many observers believe that Russia never intended to relinquish Manchuria and that she now welcomes such a pretext not to do so as Great Britain has furnished, Great Britain a co-Director of the rail-

The first railroad agreement giving road, with the German and Japanese sub. Directors, pleased no one, and Germany and Japan were not consulted regarding it. The Russian contention is that Great Britain framed the agreement for restoring the Pekin Shan Hai Kwan Railroad to the Chinese in such terms that they knew the other Powers, whose written consent as stipulated in the agreement, must be obtained thereto before it would become valid, would not consent, thereby expecting to continue its exclusive control and operation of the road.

For Great Britain to abandon its ass ng agreement means loss of prestige; to insist upon it means grave complications in the Manchurian question.

A DUTCH REPUBLIC WILL FOLLOW QUEEN

A Belief that the Present Queen is the Last to Rule

Will Fight Against Germany with All Her Might

Special to The Times.

London, May 23.—There is a growing belief that Queen Wilhelmina's reign will be the end of the Dutch dynasty, and that it is very likely that a revival of the Dutch republic will follow the death of the ng Queen of Holland, should she fail to produce an heir to the throne, there are two German Princes in the line of succession, and the powers of Europe would surely resist any attempt to make Holland the north sea coast province of the ambitious German empire, which is simply attaining a maritime power that is alarming the other Governments of the world. France, Russia, England and Austria would surely resist any attempt of Germany to secure the dominating influence in Holland; and the United States would regard with extreme disfavor the Germanizing of the Dutch posts on the north coast of South America, and the establishment of German naval depots to command the approaches to the Isthmian canal, or to menace our possessions in the West Indies.

It is pointed out by the New York Press that the Dutch themselves would resist the encroachments of the Germans, whom they hate and fear, and whom they would resist as their ancestors resisted Duke Alva: and the Press adds:

At the close of the Franco-Prussian war, when the Berlin newspapers intimated that unless the Netherlands did so and so the Uhlans would be seen riding through the streets of The Hague, a cartoon was issued and circulated all over Holland representing the Uhlans in the Netherlands, but the dikes down and the country flooded with water to a height of four inches above the top of the spiked helmet on the tallest Prussian. And that is still the Dutch spirit. If Wilhelmina dies without issue the direct line of the illustrious house of Orange-Nassau, the history of which is also the history of so much of Holland's greatness "in all things in which a little nation can be great," comes to an end. But there are left to the Dutch the memories and traditions of their glorious republic, which upon the failure of the royal line, it would seem only natural they they should seek to re-establish.

THE QUIRK MURDER CASE

A Startling Denouement is Expected at Any Day Now

Brantford, May 23. — Reports from Brantford say there is nothing new in connection with the Quirk murder case, although the police say that the case has not been dropped and that action will be taken when the proper time comes. They are perfectly satisfied with the progress that has been made.

Though nothing apparently seems to be going on in connection with the case, The Times is informed that the antecedents of a suspect are being carefully looked into, and it is the opinion of those who know the ins and outs of the case that there will be a startling denouncement in the case almost any day now.

UNCLAIMED BANK BALANCES

Amounts at the Credit of People in this District in Chartered Banks

The Government bluebook, giving the dividends unpaid and unclaimed balances in chartered banks, has reached us. We find the following names of people in this district:

Name.	When Deposited	Am.
Bank of Commerce.		
Fairbairn, J. M., Peterboro...	'72	$ 0 39
Fisher & Griffiths, Peterboro...	'70	3 7
Kadd, A. B. Peterborough...	...'72	0 29
Morrison, W. J. Peterboro'	'76	0 15
McKelvey, T., Peterboro......	...'91	0 25
Specl, H. Peterboro...... ...	... [illegible]	0 02
Howden, J. Peterboro......	......'71	0 68
Brown, J. L., Peterboro...... ...	'83	0 09
Collins, H., Peterboro...... ...	...'83	0 07
Potts, Mrs. J. S., Peterboro	...'83	0 16
Vinnett & Lee, Peterboro,...	..'83	0 15
Fraser, A. Peterboro......	......'83	0 56
Dean, M. P. Bridgeworth... ...	'80	7 04
Prince, Mary E. Peterboro......	'82	1 85
Dobbin, John, Peterboro...	'92	1 33
Cullen, T. G., Peterboro	..'93	0 51
Redpath, W., Keene	'93	1 74
Dixon, Mrs. M., Peterboro ...	93	7 10
Dominion Bank.		
Hamilton, A. Peterboro......	......'94	5 18
Conroy, D. Peterboro......	...' 70	41 20
Bank of Toronto.		
Bell, W. Peterboro......	...'96	25 00
Russell, Geo., Peterboro...	......'94	6 1
Jane, Mrs. C. Peterboro......	...' 94	60 0
Clancy, M. O., Norwood......	......'96	100 00
Molsons Bank.		
Johnston, S., Millbrook......	......'91	6 00
A. D. Towin, Peterboro......	... '99	71 25
Bank of Montreal.		
Austin, Edgar, Fenelon Falls...	'77	23 25
Burke, B., Lindsay......	......'94	467 48
Andrews & Co. Peterboro	...'97	12 45
Hall, G. B. Estate, Peterboro..	'90	6 44
McManus, John, Peterboro	......'96	419 76

TWO MORE CANADIANS BACK FROM THE WAR

Regard Peace Conference As a Very "Slim" Boer Trick

THEY SAW VERY SEVERE SERVICE

And Think That South Africa Will Fill Up Rapidly When Peace is Declared

Washington, May 23.—The activity of European exploitation in Africa and the desperation with which the various countries have obtained a foothold there hang on to their possessions, in spite of obstacles, and regardless of the question of profitable occupation, is undoubtedly due in some measure to the fact that exploiting countries are cut off from the acquisition of any additional territory in the Western Hemisphere by Uncle Sam's Monroe Doctrine, and from the hope of ever doing any real estate business of a profitable character in Asia by the jealousies and watchfulness of the great powers. In Africa alone can the land-hunger of the so-called civilized nations stand any chance of appeasement, and there the picking is already very poor for the nations not already on the ground.

A bulletin on Commercial Africa in 1901, issued by the treasury bureau of statistics at Washington, gives some interesting information in respect to foreign occupation of the dark continent. It appears that seven European nations now control African territory, two of them having areas equal, in each case, to about the entire land area of the United States. Beginning at the northeast coast, we find that Egypt and Tripoli are nominally tributary to Turkey, but England's financial guidance is recognized in Egypt, and it may be said, without any great strain upon the truth, that the ancient land of the Pharaohs, together with the Soudan, is practically a British possession. Next, west, Algeria is French. Morocco, on the extreme northwest, is an independent government. Next on the south is Spain's territory, Rio de Oro. Then comes the Senegal territories, belonging to the French, and connecting through the Sahara desert with Algeria, which also belongs to France. Next come a group of small divisions along the Gulf of Guinea, controlled by England: then Liberia, the black republic; Togoland, controlled by the Germans; Dohomy, a French protectorate; the Niger territory, one-third the size of the United States, controlled by England; Kamerum, controlled by Germany; French Congo; then the Congo free state, under the auspices of the king of Belgium; then Portugese Anglo; next German Southwest Africa; and finally, in the march down the Atlantic side, Cape Colony, British. Following up the eastern sides comes the British colony of Natal; west and north, the Orange Free State and Transvaal; next, on the coast, Portugese East Africa; and west of this the great territory known as Rhodesia; then German Africa, which extends almost to the equator; and north of these British East Africa, fronting on the Indian ocean, and merging northwardly with the Soudan. Next north upon the coast, we find Italian territory. A small tract opposite the entrance to the Red Sea is controlled by England; and a few hundred miles west of the entrance to the Red Sea is the independent kingdom of Abyssinia.

Is not the African situation, with such varied occupation, charged with dynamite? What will happen if the exploiting nations ever get to fighting over the division of territory and spoils?

AMERICAN EARTHQUAKES

Seismic Disturbances Which Have Affected the United States

New York, May 24 — Besides the Charleston earthquake of 1886, in which 41 lives were lost and about $5,000,000 worth of property was destroyed. There have been two other notable earthquakes in the United States within historic times—one near the head of the Mississippi delta in 1811-12, and one in the Inyo Valley, Cal., in 1872.

The former, known as the New Madrid earthquake, was remarkable for the length of time which its phenomena covered. There were several shocks at short intervals for several months, and the whole series of shocks lasted about two years.

The country was sparcely settled, and no scientific records of the disturbance were made, but it is related that the aluvial land of the river bottoms was traversed by visible waves, which rocked the trees to and fro and uprooted many. Huge fissures were opened, and lakes were drained by the escape of their waters into them. The largest sunken area is said to have been sixty or eighty miles long and nearly half as broad.

The Inyo Valley earthquake was caused by a renewed movement along the great fault plain at the Eastern base of the Sierra Nevada. The chief shock lasted only a few minutes, but others of less violence continued for two or three months.

A tremendous fissure was opened along the base of the mountain range for about 40 miles. The land west of the fissure rose, and the land east of it fell several feet.

Owens river was temporarily swallowed up. In the village of Inyo all the houses were thrown down and one-tenth of the inhabitants were killed.

Pleasant Cure For Weak Lungs

The best remedy for sore, weak lungs, is the soothing vapor of Catarrhozone, which traverses every air cell and passage of the breathing organs. It treats remote parts that cough mixtures and sprays can't approach, and kills thousands of germs at every breath. Catarrhozone drives away pain, congestion and inflammation; it makes breathing easy and regular, and exerts a marvellous influence on coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, catarrh, deafness and lung trouble. Catarrhozone cures at once, is delightful to inhale, and simple to use. Price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

EMPIRE DAY IN ASHBURNHAM

Suitable Celebration in the Public Schools of the Village of Ashburnham

On Friday afternoon the pupils of Ashburnham Public School assembled in the Principal's Room, when the following Empire Day programme was rendered,—

Chairman's address.
Chorus,—The Maple Leaf.
The Red-Cross Flag.
The Union Jack—Clara Cre[illegible].
Song—The Land of the Maple.
The Greatness of our Heritage— Miss Beattie.
A National Song—Martha Murray.
Siege of Delhi—Elsie Pollock.
Song—Soldiers of the King.
Dominion Day—Flossie Scott.
Address—Rev. E. A. Langfeldt, M.A.
Canada in the Twentieth Century —C. Adams.
Men of the Northern Zone—L. McCubbin.
Alma River—Ethel Pakenham.
Song—When Johnny Canuck Comes Home.
God Save The King.

The setting apart of Empire Day, at the suggestion of the Dominion Educational Association, for instilling patriotism of the intelligent kind in the minds of public school pupils seems to be a step in the right direction. Ashburnham is always in line with a proper observance of it.

THE INSURGENT LEADER KILLED HIS FAMILV

Revolt in Chinese Province Grows Mora Serious

Rebels Number 30,000—Their Chief Showed Loyalty by Murdering His Wives and Children

Special to The Times.

St. Petersburg, May 24.—A telegram from Khabarovsk, East Siberia, dated May 18 says the revolt in the southern part of the Chinese province of Chili has become considerably more serious during the last few days, and the greater part of the population is involved.

The insurgents are now estimated to number 30,000 under the leadership of Tsin Nin Pin, a military mandarin who killed his wives and daughters before raising the flag of revolt, in order, one report says, to show his loyalty to the cause, and another report says to prevent their punishment in the event of his failure. It is reported at Khabarovsk that the Chinese regular troops refused to fire on the insurgents.

PRETTY WEDDING.

Nuptials of Mr. W. J. Milne and Miss Ada Blewett.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Tuesday evening, May 22nd, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Rae, Court House, when Miss Ada Blewett, daughter of Mr. Edward Blewett, of Lindsay, and Mr. W. J. Milne, of Chicago, were united in marriage. The bride is one of Peterborough's popular young ladies, having resided here for a number of years. Miss Hattie Barker, of Welland, gracefully performed the duties of bridesmaid and the groom was ably assisted by Mr. Will Higgins, of town. Rev. J. Bastow, of Murray St. Baptist Church, performed the ceremony, at the conclusion of which a dainty dejeuner was partaken of by the guests.

Many handsome and valuable presents were received, testifying to the popularity of the bride and groom. A handsome set of silver knives and forks, was presented by the members of Eko camp, of which the groom was a member. Mr. and Mrs. Milne will reside in Chicago, for which place they left on the 5 p.m. CPR train, carrying with them the sinceres best wishes of a host of friends.

Incontrovertible Chemical Proof is Very Much Stronger than the Oppinions of Ignorant Merchants and Dealers

If a merchant or a dealer tells you that a dye prepared for coloring all-wool goods will successfully color cotton goods, do not believe him. The person who makes such a statement is a stranger to the chemistry of dyes.

Vegetable fibres such as cottons and linens, require special dyes to procure fast, clear and brilliant colors. The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes prepare sixteen special cotton colors in addition to their large range of wool and silk colors. These special cotton colors are immensely popular with carpet, mat and rug makers. Rags, warps, and cotton and linen goods dyed with the Diamond Dye Fast Cotton colors stand sun and washing; these colors never fade or wash out. When you are about to dye cotton, linen or mixed goods, ask your merchant for Fast Diamond Dye Cotton colors; he should have the full range for your convenience.

Thousands of Diamond Dye Mat and rug patterns are sold every week. If you have rags, old pieces of cloth or yarns, you should make up a handsome floor rug. Send your address to the Wells & Richardson Co. Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and you will receive sheets of new designs to choose from.

SIXTY PER CENT WILL DIE

London Paper Likens Martinique to Desert of Sahara

London, May 23 — The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, describes in a despatch the conditions on that island. He says that 60 per cent. of the persons injured cannot recover. The whole island resembles a Sahara, and the graves of humans and the remains of animals are seen on every side.

Owing to the difficulty of breathing, the correspondent could not get near to Soufriere. Everywhere on the island the rivers have been stopped by the dust or lava, and in one valley the dust lies sixty feet deep. Most of the deaths on St. Vincent were caused by a blast of heated sulphurous air. The authorities have ascertained, continues the correspondent, that the rumor that another crater had been formed by the eruption of last Monday is untrue.

The sun was obscured all day Monday and the temperature rose to 103 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade. A heavy dust fell that day and terrified the crowds of islanders who were praying along the sea shores.

A Wonderful Tonic and Strengthner

Said a druggist to-day, "No doubt about it, the tonic that gives best results is the biggest seller, and that is Ferrozone. It enriches and purifies the blood, restores strength and energy to the feeble, and is a scientific reconstructor that was always popular. In chlorosis, anaemia, tiredness, langour, brain fag, indigestion and dyspepsia its action is prompt, and permanency cures follow. Yes, I recommend Ferrozone to my customers because I believe it is the best." Boxes cost 50c. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

FORT DE FRANCE WAS BOMBARDED BY PELEE

nhabitants Were in a Fearful State of Terror All Day Yesterday

LARGE CARGOES OF SUPPLIES BEING LAVDE

Scientists Have Arrived—Plans For the Evacuation of Martinique—St. Vincent in Great Danger

Special to The Times.

New York, May 23 — The Herald's Fort de France correspondent says:

Another day of terror and panic has been spent by the people of Martinique. For six hours Fort de France was literally bombarded by Mont Pelee. Stones, many incandescent, rained upon the city from the clouds. Houses were destroyed and fires were started in many quarters. With the stones fell hot mud and ashes. The air was so filled with volcanic dust that it was barely possible to breathe. At this time it seemed as if suffocation must be the fate of all who could not be taken on board the ships.

While the loss of life had not been great, the eruption was far worse than that of May 8. For many hours the explosions were so heavy that it seemed as if the island would be shaken from its foundation. Down upon the ruins of St. Pierre fell great boulders, all red hot, that battered what was left of the unfortunate city beyond all resemblance of its former self. Ashes fell in torrents, and it is reported that the site of the city now resembles a great gray plain.

Thousands have left Fort de France. Some have gone into the mountains, to almost certain starvation, preferring that to the fate that would be theirs if the lava of Mont Pelee buried them in the ruins of the city. Others have gone to nearby islands, there to depend upon the charity of strangers. Every ship in the harbor is constantly crowded with those who would flee at the next appearance of great danger. Clustered about the ships are small boats filled with natives, who beg to be taken up. Hundreds, finding it impossible to obtain boats to take them to the ships, have swam out, risking their lives to avoid the danger which fills them with more terrible dread.

NEW FISSURES

Lieut. McCormick, of the tug Potomac, reports new fissures have formed in the sides of Mont Pelee and from them lava flows in brown streams. All along the shore near St. Pierre the water is boiling, and such curtains of steam rise that the view of the land is possible only when the wind blows with sufficient force to lift them for a few seconds.

St. Pierre is described by Lieutenany McCormick as driven into the earth. About half the city has been buried deeply under the ashes, which constantly fall. The heat from the volcano is great, and the Potomack went so close inshore that she returned with her sides blistered.

On the way back from St. Pierre, Lieut. McCormick saw that a number of men and women on shore were signalling wildly for help. All were taken aboard and brought to Fort de France. Those rescued were almost starved.

From all parts of the island not cut off by the flow of lava, refugees are coming into Fort de France. The mountain roads are filled with panic-stricken and starving natives. Arriving here their terrors do not decrease, and they are as anxious to press on to some safer place as they were to get here. All roads are dotted with dead, and many are reported dying, having fallen from weakness on the way. Liberal wages are offered for rescuers to go out and assist those who have fallen by the way, but laborers are too full of fear to be tempted by any offer.

Supplies are here in plenty for the present, but great suffering has been caused by the lack of water. All the natural water supplies have been polluted with lava, which has developed sulphuric acid. Water is being doled out from the ships, and word has been sent to nearby islands for a greater supply.

Extravagant prices are demanded for transportation. Hundreds have gone, thousands are waiting only for an opportunity to get away.

Two men penetrated the island yesterday far enough to get a glimpse of Mont Pelee from the island. They report that the entire northern half of the island is running with fire. The volcano is in constant convulsions. As clouds of smoke and fire lift, the mountain can be seen throwing out great quantities of lava and hot mud, which is so liquid that it flows like water, and is filling valleys with lakes, from which sickening sulphurous vapors rise.

Fort de France, May 23—The United States steamer Dixie, Captain Perry, from New York, arrived to-day, after a quick and safe passage. Her passengers included many world-famous scientists. Prof. Robert T. Hill, Government geologist; Prof. C. E. Borchgrevink, the Antarctic explorer; Messrs. George Curtis and George Kennan and many magazine writers and correspondents are also among those who arrived on the steamer.

The Dixie began landing her enormous cargo of supplies early, and the storehouses on shore soon became congested. This is the greatest difficulty of the administration.

This morning the United States steamer Potomac, with the commanders of the war vessels now here, went to inspect St. Pierre. With the greatest difficulty the party succeeded in making a landing. The effects of the outburst of yesterday were tremendous. The huge basalt towers of the cathedral were pulverized, and the walls were hurled flat to the earth. The bombardment of volcanic stones is not sufficient to account for this, and all evidence points to the passage of a furious blast of blazing gas, travelling at an enormous speed and with incalculable force. The deposit of boulders, ashes and angular stones is enormous. Not a living human being saw what happened at St. Pierre yesterday morning.

This second eruption was many times more violent than that which effaced St. Pierre, and swept its people from the earth. Nor has all volcanic activity ceased. Vast columns of smoke and gas still pour from the great craters. New fissures have opened on the mountain sides and are vomiting yellow whirlwinds, which rush intermittingly now from one point and now from another. Boiling mud is also thrown out at times in torrents that reach the sea and produce small tidal waves.

From a sombre, silent city of death and desolation, St. Pierre has become a hideous ampitheatre of roaring destruction.

The people are convinced that God is angry with the island and means to scourge it with fire and then sink it in the ocean. Utter and unreasoning fear possesses all souls. Even Fort de France is believed to be unsafe. The presence of the relief ships however, is helpful to the people. The Potomac could not approach close to St. Pierre. The Dixie will sail tomorrow for St. Vincent, but the other vessels will remain here.

Scientists who have arrived will examine into the question of danger of the peaks of Carbet, near Fort de France, becoming active volcanos. The outburst of yesterday probably means a ruined island, as all condidence in time to any extent, as general man-lost.

"We want not food, but only to leave," is the single and unanimous cry of all, rich and poor alike.

A WAR OF REVENGE UPON THE TYRANTS

Russian Officials Who Oppres and Torture Political Prisoners are Slated for Death by a Revolutionary Committee

London, May 23.—An article in the Lemberg newspaper is quoted by the Vienna correspondent of the Times. It states that the man who wounded Gen. Wahl, Governor of Vilna, said he desired to take revenge upon the Governor for cruelties prepetrated on political prisoners under his instructions. The newspaper says there is no doubt the Governor has been condemned to death by a central Russian revolutionary committee, and has received threatening letters to that effect.

Similar letters have been received by the new Minister of the Interior, Von Plehwe. It is declared that the impression produced in St. Petersburg is of great er consequence from the fact that the police prove powerless to cope with such outrages, which are increasing in alarming proportions. The execution of Balschaneff, the assassin of Sipiaguine, has given rise to serious apprehension, fears of revenge being expected.

FOOT ELM

POSITIVELY CURES

- SWEATY FEET
- SORE FEET
- ACHING FEET
- BLISTERED FEET
- HOT FEET
- INFLAMED FEET
- SWOLLEN FEET

18 Powders 25c

Shun any man who offers you a substitute simply because he can make a few cents more profit out of you by persuading you to take a cheaper article.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 23 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The hotels will be closed on election day.

—There will be no issue of this paper on Monday.

—Subscribe for The Times—only 25 cents per month.

—The water cart is working overtime during dusty days.

—The local stock exchange on Water street will be open to-day as usual.

Mount Pelee is smoking still. So are some of the politicians—smoking hot.

—The first advertising car of Sells & Forepaugh's big circus will be here to-day.

—Take the little pets to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—All of the meat markets of the town will be open to-night from 7 to 9.

—The loss by the Lindsay fire amounted to about $25,000, with $15,000 insurance.

—An even bet was made yesterday that Stratton's majority would not be less than 1000.

—The Sons of England will attend the evening service to-morrow at All Saint's in a body.

—The Canadian Order of Foresters will attend divine service in St. Paul's church next Sunday evening, June 1st.

De Wet is now a strong advocate of peace. With thirty-six bottles of whiskey sloshing around somewhere, all any man wants is peace and a Turkish bath.

—Hurrah for Anderson! Hurrah for Ferd! This is even up, and you can take your choice.

—There is no truth in the rumor that J. Peripont Morgan has bought the Trent Valley Canal.

—Owing to the pressure on our advertising columns, a considerable quantity of local news is crowded out of this issue.

—Mr. R. H. Leary has added another very fine team of bays to his already complete livery outfit.

—The steamers Beaver and Water Lily were in port yesterday, bringing about 40 passengers.

—Senator Cox is reported to have said that Peterborough would be a city of 25,000 inhabitants within three or four years.

—Remember the Lakefield picnic today. Trains leave Peterborough at 8.30 a.m. and 1.30 p.m. Returning leave Lakefield at 4.10 and 7.30.

—The two attractions to-day: The big Lakefield picnic and the band excursion Jubilee Point. Both should be largely patronized.

On account of Victoria day, and in order to give our staff an opportunity of observing the holiday, there will be no issue of The Times on Monday.

—Mr. Harry Neil says that the present boom gives the young men opportunities to rise in the world—especially when considered in connection with the completion of the lift lock.

—Mr. R. V. Winch is erecting a fine cottage at "Yarrowbrae," Stony lake. McIntyre Bros., the contractors, are doing the work. It will be a decided improvement to that part of the lake.

—Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills taken as spring medicine to build up the system and make good rich blood, has no equal. A trial is all they need. Once tried always used. For sale by Ormond & Walsh. 50c per box.

—The Auburn Power Company's current will be shut off from 6 a.m. this morning until 6 a.m. on Monday, to enable connections to be made with the new generator that is being placed in the power house.

—A general meeting of the Peterborough Historical Society was held in the council chamber last night when arrangements were made for the annual meeting of the Ontario Society to be held here this year.

—Mr. John Thompson, the efficient manager of the Dickson Company's mills at Lakefield, has got a gang of men at work putting the mill into shape for the season's operations. He expects to begin cutting in a few days.

—The steamer City of Peterborough, is now in first class shape. Commodore Calcutt deserves every praise for the splendid means he is affording for an agreeable outing down the river.

—The Auditor's report for the village is now about ready for the printer. Mayor Smith and his colleagues intend that the people shall know how their money is being spent.

—Posters for the farmers' picnic at Jubilee Point on June 13th, have been issued from The Times job rooms. The affair promises to be the biggest thing of the kind that has ever taken place in this locality.

—We exceedingly regret a stupid blunder in yesterday's issue in connection with the interment of Mr. Richard J. Cavanagh. The funeral took place yesterday and not on Wednesday as erroneously stated in these columns, and was largely attended.

—The Deering Harvester Co., of Chicago, who proposed to locate their Canadian works in Peterborough, but who afterwards proposed to go to Hamilton, are not likely to locate there after all. The by-law proposing a money grant to the concern was not carried by the ratepayers. Peterborough may get the works after all.

—Here is what a lady has to say for Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema—"I am glad to say that I find a complete cure of my distressing case of eczema. My hands were so bad the nails would come off. I used one box and my hand is all healed." Price 50 cts a box or 3 boxes for $1.00. For sale by Ormond & Walsh.

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Sloan.

—The undersigned merchants of Ashburnham have signed a petition to close their respective places of business during the months of June, July, August and September, at the hour of seven o'clock each evening, Saturdays, and evenings before holidays, excepted. They are desirous that their customers bear this in mind. (Signed) J. C. Sullivan, W. Collins, R. J. Weir, D. Hennessy, T. B. Maniece John Kerr, John Malane.

—A writ has been issued against the Hon. Geo. A. Cox, E. B. Ryckman, L. M Jones and W. Y. Soper, by a stockholder of the Cycle Motor Company, for the recovery of the amount of his stock. The plaintiff holds 68 shares of the company, and he asks for a discovery of the true price at which the five businesses which were sold to the company were acquired, and generally for an accounting of the dealings of the defendants with the company. He alleges that in connection with the ratification of the agreements with the five companies the defendants bought for themselves and sold to themselves, that there was no independent board to look into the transactions and no general meeting of shareholders called.

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—Toronto Typographical Union has issued a circular on account of the strike that is on the printing department of the T. Eaton Company in that city, which contains the following good advice which can be applied in our own neighborhood, it says: "Let us appeal to our constituents. Instead of buying through the Mail Order system of the Eaton Company patronize the merchants in your own vicinity and keep the cash in your own neighborhood. They can give you as good bargains, and much better for that matter, than you can obtain in this store. And many so-called "bargains" are not bargains at all. The most gullible animal in the world is man, and there is no gullibility equal to that involved in the bargain-hunting humbug. Then quit the exhibition of your gullibility and patronize your "home stores."

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Take the Times

The Times is delivered to subscribers throughout the town every morning in time for breakfast, at 25c. per month. It contains all the latest telegraph news, and is by all odds Peterborough's brightest daily newspaper. Subscribe at once.

◆

HONORING MR. CRANE

The Popular Leader of St. Paul's Choir is Given a Present

Mr. John Crane, the popular organist and choirmaster of St. Paul's church, yesterday received a very pleasing surprise when he had delivered to him a magnificent bust of Beethoven, as a gift from the Jarvis street choir, of Toronto. The present was in recognition of the treatment the choir received in Peterborough a short time ago. Accompanying the gift was the following letter from Mr. Vogt:

Toronto, May 21, 1902.

Dear Mr. Crane,—

Your letter was read to our choir on Friday evening last and its contents were received with much applause. It was felt that the choir should give some expression of your own unselfish efforts in the matter of the excursion and concert, and a committee was appointed to purchase a souvenir of the occasion, and forward it to you personally as the gift of the choir. I was also deputized to write you and express the thanks of the members for having arranged and so carefully carried out a most enjoyable function for us, and at the same time to give expression to the hope that the bust of the greatest of all musicians, which we are sending you, would serve to remind you of the occasion and of the many friends your thoughtful attention to our pleasure has made for you in Toronto.

With kind regards to yourself and Mrs. Crane, and with remembrances to the members of the choir of your church, who co-operated with you in entertaining us, I am, on behalf of the choir of the Jarvis street Baptist church.

Very sincerely yours,

A. S. VOGT.

The bust is of marble and stands about 18 inches high. It is mounted on a handsome alabaster pedestal about six inches in height.

◆

Going to the Coronation

Sergt.-Major Brittain, of the 57th Regiment, Peterborough Rangers has received notice of his appointment as representative of his regiment on the Coronation Contingent. It will be remembered that some time ago the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Lieut.-Colonel E. B. Edwards, after due deliberation with his officers, recommended the names of Sergt Major Brittain and Band-Sergt. Wand. The coronation contingent is billed to leave Canada on May 29th.

MR. CLEGG'S SALARY.

OFFICIAL DENIAL BY HON. MR. TARTE OF THE $1,600 STORY

The Statement in Hansard Made in Error—Mr. Clegg Employed Only by the Public Works Department

A great deal has been made of an erroneous statement reported in Hansard to the effect that Mr. S. Clegg was receiving a double salary, or $1600 per year. The Examiner, knowing the facts, contradicted the statement, made to this effect; but, for the purpose of political capital, they were repeated. Hon. Mr. Tarte, Minister of Public Works, was communicated with in regard to the truth of the reports, and here is his explicit official denial:

Office of the Minister of Public Works of Canada, Ottawa, Ont., May 22nd, 1902.

Hon. J. R. Stratton, Peterborough Ont.

My Dear Sir,—Mr. Clegg's salary is $800 a year. A mistake was made when it was stated in the House that he was paid $1600. He is only employed by the Department of Public Works.

Truly yours,

J. ISRAEL TARTE.

This official contradiction should silence a statement founded on an error and show, to anyone who is contented with the truth, that Mr. Clegg is receiving only the salary always attached to the position he now occupies.

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SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either phone or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Herb Hall is home for a brief holiday.

—Mr. A. J. McClellan is in Buffalo on business.

—Miss Eva Whiten and Mr. Charlie Whiten are visiting friends in Orillia

—The many friends of Mr. Christopher Leary will be pleased to know that he has returned from a six month's visit to Texas, and is in the best of health. He is accompanied by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. D. A. Leary, and family, who will spend until September here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Leary, McDonel street.

—Mr. Joe Irwin, of the Chicago Postal Department, arrived in Peterborough yesterday to spend a couple of weeks holidays with his friends here.

◆

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Simply marvellous are the results from taking his remedy for the liquor, morphine and other drug habits. Is a safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

◆

TWO CHILDREN KILLED.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING AT FENELON FALLS.

A Little Son and Daughter of Mr. Thomas Smith the Victims—Four Members of the Family Called Away in a Month.

During a thunderstorm which passed over Fenelon Falls village about 6.30 Wednesday evening little Jennie and James Smith, aged about fourteen and ten years respectively, children of Mr. Thomas Smith of this place, were killed. The girl was going out to a neighbor's for milk, and as she went out the little brother followed about two yards behind her. Lightning struck and killed both instantly within three yards of the door. Mr. Smith and family have the sympathy of the community, and the more so because of their having buried two other young children on the fourth of this month.

◆

Prof. Harcourt Coming

Prof. R. Harcourt, of the Ontario Agricultural College, has written the secretary, Mr. Wm. Collins, that he will attend the big farmers' picnic at Jubilee Point on June 13th. Prof. Harcourt is one of the best speakers interesting to farmers in Ontario. The other speakers will be Messrs. Duncan, Anderson, Andrew Elliott and probably Prof. James, deputy minister of agriculture.

The Good HOUSEKEEPER uses Grape-Nuts and drops out meat just now

ALL GROCERS

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

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Issued by the
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
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Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS
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CANADIAN PACIFIC

VICTORIA DAY

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSTED AT
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902

Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N.Y.

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MAY 24th 19
Return tickets will be issued at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE
Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit, Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouses Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.
GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th
Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.
Tickets and all information from
W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

Everybody reads The Times.

FOR STYLISH **Boots and Shoes**
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display
NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.
Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY
JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

A Skin Like Satin. Free from Moth-Patches Freckles and Tan and the complexion made clear and beautiful is the unfailing result of using DERMA CREAM Enough to cure the worst blemish, by mail prepaid, for $1. Sample to prove merits 10c No postage stamps received. J. R. HOSKEN Dept. O., 153 Monroe St., Grand Rapids Mich

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Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R. Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
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A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them. Apply to C. Wilhemy at City Hotel.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offe suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

George street, Peterborough
Telephone 120 126 and 236, day or nig

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

C. McGILL, General Manager,

Toronto, April 17th, 1902

SANTAL-MIDY

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The Morning Times

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VOL. 28 NO. 122 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO ~~MONDAY~~ Tuesday MAY 26 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

HIS DENUNCIATION OF PHILIPPINE WAR

Senator Hoar Says the American Flag is Emblem of Sacrilege

A DOCTRINE OF SELFISHNESS

Some Red Hot Shot From Senator Hoar—The Honors of the Campaign

Special to The Times.

Washington, May 27.—"You have wasted six hundred millions of treasure. You have sacrificed nearly ten thousand American lives—the flower of our youth. You have slain uncounted thousands of people you desire to benefit. Your generals are coming home from their harvest bringing their sheaves with them in the shape of thousands of sick, wounded and insane to drag out their miserable lives. You have made the American flag in the eyes of a numerous people an emblem of sacrilege in the Christian churches and of burning human dwellings and the horror of water torture. If believe, may, [illegible] in general [illegible] humane. But in some cases they have carried on your warfare with a mixture of American ingenuity and Castilian cruelty."

With these words, contemptuously suggestion of the speaker's forcefulness, George F. Hoar, senator from Massachusetts, this afternoon proceeded in his promised denunciation of the Philippine war and an arrangement of the administrations policy in the archipelago. For weeks past the venerable Republican, who was in harmony with party colleagues upon all important matters except the Philippine question, has been gathering material for his speech. As the day when he was to talk had been announced he was greeted not only by a large representation on the floor, but also by crowds in the galleries.

CONVERTED INTO ENEMIES.

"Your practical statesmanship," he continued, "has succeeded in converting a people, who, three years ago were ready to kiss the hem of the garment of an American, into sullen enemies, possessed of a hatred which centuries cannot eradicate Practical statesmanship of the Declaration of Independence and the golden rule of Independence nothing but a few kind words. What have your ideals cost you and what have they bought for you?

"For the Philippines you have had to repeal the Declaration of Independence; for Cuba you have had to reaffirm it and give it new lustre. For the Philippines you have had to convert the Monroe doctrine into a doctrine of mere selfishness; for Cuba you have acted on it and vindicated it. In Cuba you have got the eternal gratitude of a free people. In the Philippines you have got hatred and sullen submission of a subjugated people."

He contended that what we were fighting for in the Philippines was sovereignty "the principle of eternal dominion over that people," and not their uplifting. He regarded the proposition to allow Filipinos to share in a suggested scheme of government a tacit admission that a large number of them were fit for self-government. Then he said:

"What you have done so far has been merely to get some few thousand children actually at school in the whole Philippine dominion. To get this result you have certainly slain many times that number of parents."

He complimented the American army for its gallantry, heroism and humanity in general, but stated the chief guilt for atrocities committed was on the heads of those who created conditions.

HOT SHOT FOR FUNSTON.

Discussing the capture of Aguinaldo, the senator contended that General Funston in garbing his men in the uniform of the enemy and utilizing forged letters, disregarded not only our own rules of war as laid down in the famous order No. 100, but also the provisions of the Hague convention and the law of hospitality which governs alike everywhere.

"He went to Aguinaldo under the pretense that he was hungered and Aguinaldo fed him," said the senator. "Was not that an act of perfidy?"

Passing to the investigation of the senate committee as to alleged atrocities by American officers and soldiers, the speaker stated that in his opinion the inquiry was only on its threshold.

Alluding to the evidence already adduced he said:

"We are not talking about or inquiring into acts of vengeance committed in the heat of battle. We are talking about torture cold-blooded, deliberate, calculated torture; torture to extort information. Claverhouse did it to the Scotch covenanter with boot and thumb screw. It never until now has been done by a man who spoke English, except in Ireland. The Spanish inquisition did it by slow force and boiling oil. It is said the water cure was borrowed from Spain. I am quite ready to believe it. You tell us that the Philippine people have practised some cruelties themselves.

"Is their conduct any excuse for ours? Mr. President, if stories which come to me in private from officers of the army and from kindred and friends of the soldiers are to be trusted, Spain would have the right to-morrow to wrest the Philippine islands from our grasp on grounds as good, if not better than those which justified us when we made war upon her."

In his peroration, Mr. Hoar drew a beautiful picture expressing his faith in the ultimate solution of the Philippine problem for the good of all. The irrevocable step had not yet been taken, he declared.

DOURO.

—Farmers are busy putting in root crops.

Mr. M. O'Toole, the well known drover finds fat cattle very scarce.

—Mr. J. Hoolahan, of Peterborough, was the guest of Miss A. O'Connor lately.

—On Thursday last lightning struck the house of Mr. E. Sullivan and started a fire but did little damage.

—Mr. Anderson has opened committee rooms at the residence of M. McCann.

NEW POLITICAL PARTY MAY BE FORMED

Confederation With Canada Now Agitated in Newfoundland

EX-JUDGE MORRISON'S VIEWS

Morine Opposition Party May be Absorbed by New Party Under Morrison

Montreal, May 27.—"The subject of confederation has become such a live one throughout Newfoundland that overtures have already been made towards the formation of a confederation political party."

The speaker was Mr. W. M. Sparks, of St. John's Nfld., who is in the city for a few days.

"Ever since the retirement from the bench of Mr. Justice Morison, junior puisne judge of the Supreme Court and the consequent announcement that he would re-enter politics, there has been a good deal of [illegible]. Of course for some time past the question of confederation has been actively agitated and a short time ago the announcement went around that Mr. Morison was about to form another political party and seek the suffrages of the people. It is generally admitted that it would almost be an impossibility as headed by Premier Bond.

"The Opposition party, however, under Mr. Morine, is almost non-existent [illegible] as a party, and the question that is most discussed is whether it will not be supplanted by the Confederation party, as being organized by Mr. Morison. The first question arises is, where will the candidates come from? While a large number of the Liberal candidates are in favor of annexation, they are sure to stand by Premier Bond, and in a country of the size of Newfoundland it is not easy to get candidates. There is a certain element in the island entirely opposed to annexation that the island is a mine of wealth, and that Canada is particularly anxious to become master of it. They claim that once Confederation was effected, the Dominion Government would try to secure control of the various industries and fill all the different departments of the public service, with its own office-seekers. Politicians seeking the suffrages of the people have been careful not to advocate Confederation too strongly, owing the existence of such an element.

"Time alone will tell what will happen in our island."

HOW THE U. S. REGARDS OUR TRADE

The New York World Out Flat for a Reciprocity Treaty

SOME IMPORTANT TRADE FIGURES

Uncle Sam is Anxious for Our Trade, and Realizes That he Must Reach for it by Means of Reciprocity

New York, May 27.—The World says: In a report recently published by our State Department Consul-General Bittinger calls attention to the remarkable prosperity of Canada, whose industries, agriculture, internal trade and foreign commerce all "reached the highest mark" in 1901. Her imports and exports aggregated $386,000,000—nearly double their combined value ten years ago, and a marvellous sum, remembering that her total population is only a little more than 5,000,000.

Mr. Bittinger says the preferential tariff given by Canada to British goods has greatly increased the trade between her and "the mother country." Nevertheless, trade follows the line of least resistance and obstruction, and the United States' trade with Canada is increasing still faster. While the Canadians bought $43,000,000 worth of British goods and sold Britain $105,000,000 worth last year, they bought [illegible] worth of American goods and sold Americans $72,000,000 worth of theirs.

If Canadians buy more than twice as much from our people as from the "preferred" British exports, in spite, too, of the heavy tariff we levy on their exports to us while at British ports they pay almost no duty at all, how much larger will our trade with them be when, as our Consul-General recommends, "liberal reciprocal relations are entered upon!"

Lightning Remedy for Cramps.

Some people have cramps pretty often, others only now and again. But when you do have them it is a mighty quick relief you want. Polson's Nerviline is as sure as death to relieve cramps in five seconds — it's instantaneous, just a few drops in sweetened water and the pain is gone. Buy a bottle of Nerviline to-day, and keep it handy. Nerviline is a common household necessity and only costs 25 cents.

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills cure constipation.

OH, MY GOD! FOR ANOTHER BREATH

Piteous Letter Left By Victim of Tennessee Mine Disaster

PLUCKY MEN FOUGHT DEATH

Notes Written by Entombed Miners Show That Some Lived For Hours After the Explosion

Special to The Times.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 27 — The latest estimates as to loss of life in the Fraterville coal mine disaster at Coal Creek is 226, including contract miners, day laborers and boy helpers. The last find reported was that of thirteen bodies in an entry, and with these thirteen, all of whom were dead, were found six letters written by five men before life became extinct. One of these letters gave the time of day it was written at 2.30 o'clock Monday afternoon, thus indicating that these and perhaps other entombed men lived many hours after the terrible explosion, which occurred Monday morning at 7.30 o'clock. The letters gave a general suggestion of the suffering that was undergone, indicating that the men were gradually being strangled to death by the foul air that was entering the mine and gaseous air that was filling the mine. One piteously read:

"My God, for another breath."

The letters in the main were directions to families as to what dispositions should be made of the writers' bodies and business affairs and instructions as to raising the families. One unfortunate, who leaves neither father, mother, brother or sisters, addressed his letter "To Everybody," and pleaded that they change their way of living.

State Mine Inspector Shiflett will not make his inspection until the mine is cleared of some of the debris. Mrs. George Atkins, wife of the mine foreman who was killed in the disaster, has completely lost her mind.

The rescuing parties that went in are completely exhausted and new men have been sent into the mines. Physicians positively forbade any of the first rescuers returning.

Money is badly needed, and the outside world is urged to send in contributions to R. M. Lindsay, chairman of the relief committee, Coal Creek.

THE DEATH ROLL AT FERNIE, B.C. NOW NUMBERS OVER 151 PERSONS

Up to Midnight Last Night 151 Bodies Had Been Recovered--Mob of Enraged Miners Escort a Constable to the Outskirts of the Town

Special to The Times.

Fernie, B.C., May 26.—Charmed by a sober but angry mob of 600 miners and citizens, William Stevens, provincial policeman, lost no time in placing himself outside the town limits last evening. It is hardly likely in the light of past events that he will return.

What incensed the miners against Stevens was the report that last night he has stated that he wished two hundred and fifty more miners had been killed in the terrible explosion, it is freely stated, now that the intense excitement has subsided, that had it not been Sunday evening and the saloons all closed Stevens' chances for a whole skin would have been exceedingly small. As it was, it was with difficulty that the cooler heads saved him.

The Death Roll 151.

Fernie is but recovering from the stupor of mind into which it was thrown by the explosion. Men who were in the vicinity of the tunnels when the [illegible] distantly occurred, state that the top of the tipple and the fan-house shot one thousand feet in the air, while around there fell tons of coal dust and small stones. Careful and conservative checking of information from all sources now tends to the placing of the number killed at 151, and at midnight but fifty-one bodies had been recovered. Seventy-two hours after the disaster, the chaotic condition of affairs which obtained at the mine exit immediately after the explosion occurred has given place to order, and it is expected that many bodies will be recovered during the night.

Women there are who cling to the forlorn hope that beloved husbands and sons will yet emerge alive, but the mine management holds out but little hope that any of the 151 have escaped. Crowds of men and women cluster around the offices of the coal company awaiting anxiously the bulletins which may, and which in the majority of cases do, shatter their every hope.

The latest information received up to noon to-day of the coal mine disaster at Fernie by Mr. Robert Jaffray, president of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Mine Company, was to the effect that the work of recovering the bodies was proceeding satisfactorily. At the time of sending the despatch, 51 bodies had been recovered.

"It is our intention to look well after our people up there," said Mr. Jaffray. "Anything like an indiscriminate distribution of funds will do more harm than good, for there are plenty of unscrupulous people in the locality who will be ready to take advantage of families or widows wh might find themselves suddenly in possession of considerable sums of money. Whatever is done by the outside public should be one through a committee of the best men to be found in the district. There is no destitution nor will there be, so far as this company can do anything to avoid it. Our officers are not to stand on legal rights, but to attend to every case in the most liberal spirit."

VALUABLE MINERAL FIND

Gold, Graphite and Cinnabar Deposits in Ontario

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., May 27.—A marvellous mineral discovery is announced by Louis Causley, who has been prospecting on the Michipicoten Range. Causley claims he has discovered three valuable properties, one gold, another graphite and the third cinnabar, a source of mercury, about 100 miles north of the Canadian Soo.

Causley recently made known his find to reputable people here, who made an investigation and returned yesterday. They say it is a good thing and will turn out all right. They brought back with them splendid specimens of the three minerals. A company is being formed to work the property.

General - Sports

The big Lakefield picnic on Saturday conducted by Rev. Father Phelan, was a great success. There was a very large attendance from town, notwithstanding the rain, and those who went were delightfully entertained by the popular priest and his assistants, who spared no pains to make everybody at home. Meals were served in the big exhibition building, the two large tables being superintended, respectively, by the ladies of Lakefield and of Young's Point.

Mr. R. C. Strickland was called to the chair, and addresses were delivered by Messrs. D. A. Frazer, M.P., of Guysboro, N.S., James Kendry, M.P., F. D. Monk and M.P., Montreal, D. O'Connell, J. W. Mu[illegible] Father Phelan. [illegible], Rev. Father McCabe, and Rev.

The lacrosse match between teams from the Total Abstinence Society and the Y.M.C.A. proved most interesting, and was very closely contested. The passing done by the two home divisions was very accurate, but the slippery condition of the grass, consequent upon the rain, spoiled many pretty plays. The final score stood 6—3 in favor of the T.A.S. Mr. W. Rudkins proved to be a most capable referee. The teams were composed as follows:

T. A. S.—Goal, B. Doris; point, J. McDonough; c. point, R. Mahoney; defence field, F. Dorscher, W. Meagher, W. Crowley; centre, F. McGrath; home field, G. Lynch, J. Gordon, J. Anglesye; outside home, Call F. McCoy; inside home, E. Mitchell.

Y.M.C.A.—Goal, Armour; point, Trollope; c. point, Smith; defence, Pennick; Galley, Brown; centre, Taylor; home field, Cameron, Foreman, Robertson; outside home, Dunkle, inside home, Best.

In the sports the T.A.S. almost swept the boards, the result being as follows:

100 yard race—1 F. McGrath; 2, W. Crowley, 3, B. Cameron.

200 yard race—1. F. McGrath; 2, W. Crowley; 3, B. Cameron.

Putting the shot—1, J. McDonough; 2, M. Coughlin; 3, Fred. Smith.

Quoit match—1, G. Giroux. 2, M. Doherty.

Step dancing—John Henry.

Irish jig—John Henry.

The fine music which was furnished for the dancing was supplied by the Young's Point orchestra.

The unfinished list of sports will be run off at the Young's Point picnic in Aug.

A Delicious Breakfast Dish For Summer

Malt Breakfast Food

Popular in City and Country.

As a summer breakfast dish Malt Breakfast Food is unquestionably the leading grain food in city and country. It is free from all the irritating, heating and hard-to-digest qualities peculiar to oatmeal and other grain breakfast foods. A breakfast of Malt Breakfast Food will give more strength, energy and vigor than any other form of food can afford.

A prominent Toronto gentleman writes as follows: "Last summer to avoid the city heat and dust we secured comfortable quarters in the Muskoka district. Our regular morning meal was Malt Breakfast Food, and quite often we used the delicious food for supper. My children were delighted with it, and thoroughly relished it. We use it every morning in our city home, and will have no other while we can get Malt Breakfast Food." Your grocer can supply you.

TOBACCO, LIQUOR AND DRUGS

Dr. McTaggart's Tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few weeks. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart 75 Yonge street, Toronto.

CHANGE OF TONE AS TO BOER WAR

Correspondent of the Times on Feeling in Europe

A STATUTE OF FREDERICK

German Papers Declare That the Emperor Should Not Have Been Encouraged to Give One to the U. S.

Special to The Times.

London, May 26.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times quotes an article from the Neue Freie Presse, which confirms the idea that peace is desired as eagerly on the continent as in Britain. The article also shows a change of tone in this and other Austrian papers regarding the Boer war, and justifies the inference that since the German tariff bill has opened the eyes of the Austrians to the duplicity of their existing allies, they have ceased to take the cue from the pro-Boer Prussian papers.

Berlin, May 26—The Berlin correspondent of The Times says that a number of German papers declare that Dr. Von Holleben should not have encouraged Emperor William to give a statue of Frederick the Great to the United States.

CHINA'S TROUBLES MAGNIFIED

Hong Kong Reformers Hope Thereby to Incite a General Uprising

Hong Kong May 27.—The correspondent of The Sun, who has just returned from Canton, where he made inquiries of the officers as to affairs in Kwangsi, is convinced that the stories of the rebellion in that province have been grossly exaggerated. He also visited Pakoi and Hoihow, on the Tonquin frontier, and found confirmation of the statements of the Canton officers.

A number of reformers in Hong Kong are chiefly responsible for the circulation of the reports. These people hope that the depredations of bands of pirates and discontented soldiers if constantly made public will eventuate in a serious uprising. The British naval officers who are patrolling the delta of the West River are of the same opinion. The largest band of rebels they have heard of did not exceed 1,500 men.

BOUNDARY MONUMENTS

Capt. Richardson Says He Was Unable to Find any in Alaska

Washington, May 27.—A report has been received at the State Department from Capt. Willis Richardson, 8th Infantry, U. S. A. who was sent to Alaska to investigate statements that a Canadian surveying party had destroyed a stone monument marking the territorial boundary between the British possessions and Alaska and also to endeavor to locate any other boundary monuments. It has been a tradition that the Russian Government erected monuments showing the division between Alaska and the British Northwest, but no record regarding these marks has been found at St. Petersburg or Washington. To discover them, if they exist, means that the boundary dispute between the United States and Great Britain would probably be settled without trouble.

Capt. Richardson says in his report that he was unable to find any evidence that the alleged monument had been removed or to substantiate the stories that other monuments exist. The State Department does not acknowledge that there are no boundary monuments and will continue its inquiries on the subject.

EARTHQUAKES IN FLORIDA

Severe Shocks Being Felt in Florida and Georgia

St. Augustine, Fla., May 27.—Almost continuous shocks, presumably of earthquake, were felt here from nine until midnight last night.

Atlanta, Ga., May 27.—The earthquake here was accompanied by a succession of short, but decided reports like distant cannonading, seemingly from far out at sea. The sounds were unlike thunder, having no reverberating roll, and were accompanied by decided tremors, while the sky in the south-west was suffused with a glow.

A Good Quarter Dollar's Worth

Is contained in a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, which cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, toothache, headache, cramps, sick stomach and indigestion. Mothers find Nerviline is a first class liniment for children's sore throat, hoarseness, cold in the chest, and taken in hot water before retiring is a splendid remedy for colds. Don't be without Nerviline; it is the most economical, potent and reliable household liniment made and costs only 25c.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

A MARVELLOUS MEDICINE

"No Cure, No Pay," is the Newest Proposal of the Proprietors of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills

Editor Morning Times

Sir,—We make the following propos[illegible] one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing), or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial, and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed, we will in addition, pay $10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect.

We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO.

HOW THE BOERS FOUGHT CANADIANS

How the Canadians Acquitted Themselves at Hart's River

A BOER DRIVE NOT A SLEIGH DRIVE

Boers Hate and Fear the Canadians—Interesting Accounts of the Celebrated Battle

Montreal May 27 — Trooper John Eakin, writing from Driekuil, under date of April 4, to his brother, Mr. William R. Eakin, of Messrs. McLean, Kennedy & Co., gives an interesting account of the fight at Klein Hart's River.

He says, in part:

We started back to Klerksdorp on Wednesday and remained until Saturday, when we started out on the trek again. We halted at Rhenoster again at 2 p. m. on Saturday. Sunday morning we rose at 1 a.m. and marched at 3 a.m. We halted again at three o'clock on Sunday afternoon until 1 a.m. Monday (Easter), when we turned out at 3 a.m., and started on a reconnaissance in force towards Hart's River. At eleven o'clock on Easter Monday our advance guard sighted the Boers and exchanged shots with them, but when the main body advanced the Boers cleared off. We halted at one o'clock at Boschbult, and formed a laager. We had just got our horse lines down and were putting up a barbed wire entanglement around the camp when a shell from Johnny Boer came screaming through the air and exploded outside our laager.

THOUGHT OF HIS MEN

There was a dozen or so of us standing together, with Major Cameron in our midst, when the first shell came. "Get under cover, boys," shouted the major, and the whole bunch ducked under the transport waggon. We only stopped there a minute, however, when we came out, picked up our rifles and got into the firing line. Half of our force was placed all around the camp, and the other half started making trenches. The Boers kept on pouring shrapnel on us from four guns, but luckily for us they are poor artillerymen, and most of their shells went over our camp, quite a few of them, though, exploding right in the centre of it. My troop got orders to saddle up, and I was saddling my horse when a shell came hissing through the air, and ploughing a big hole in the ground about five yards from me. It failed to explode, which was lucky for me and several others who were near by. I let the horse and saddle go and made for the firing line. The Boers had now our camp completely surrounded and were pouring a heavy fire on us.

MADE IT HOT FOR BOERS.

They galloped to within 800 yards of our lines, no doubt with the intention of rushing us, and capturing the whole outfit, but we let our two 15-pounders, four pom-poms, one Maxim and 1,00 rifles loose on them, and cut them up fearfully. The fight lasted for two hours and a half, when the enemy cleared off, having evidently got enough fight. The fight took place on the level veldt, with not a hill as far as you could see. The Boers had about 2,000 men, while our force numbered 1,800 of all ranks. Our casualties were about 200 killed and wounded, while the Boers had between 200 and 300 killed and goodness knows how many wounded. During the fight the men were alternately in the firing line and digging trenches, and I tell you I worked with the pick as I never worked before, the bullets flying all around. Life was sweet during that time

LIEUT. REFORDS COOLNESS.

After the excitement of the first few minutes all ranks were very cool. About the coolest man in the bunch was Andy Reford, who is a lieutenant of "C" squadron. I saw him carry six wounded men from the firing line to the hospital, and a shell once dug into the ground two feet from him.

This is only an account of the part of the fight that I took part in. "E" squadron, of the C.M.R.'s who were the rear guard, were cut off and cut up badly, having eight men killed and about thirty wounded. A corporal and five men of "E" were cut off from their troop. They made for a kopje and held it for twenty hours against a force of fifty Boers, and did not surrender until two of their number were killed and two wounded.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE ENGAGEMENT.

Toronto, May 27.—Another letter has been received—the second since the battle of Harts River, by Dr. D. W. McPherson, of 201 Carlton Street, from Clayton S. Corson. The letter is dated April 10, from the General Hospital at Johannesburg, and reads as follows:

"Here I am up against it for fair, with two bullet wounds in me. I got hit pretty hard through the right hip and through the right forearm. Both bullets hit the bone. My right hip is so injured that I cannot move my leg at all, and it has also gone half an inch shorter than the other.

"The doctors have had me under the "x" rays twice already to try and find out what is the matter with it. My right forearm is in such a condition that I cannot straighten it out. It is all I can do to write and that is one of the hardest things I ever tried to do. I am pretty well banged up in the King's service.

"By the way things are going on this war won't be over for another three years yet. I suppose the papers had a big account of our fight. You can bet your life it was warm for a few hours. The boys who were at Paardeberg and this fight say that this one was the hottest. It was certainly hot enough for me.

"There were three cross-fires, so you could not get shelter any place, even if there had been any to get. We fell into a nice trap, and had to fight for all we were worth to save our position, and Sir Walter Kitchener said if it had not been for we Canadians, Delarey would have had all the transports besides our guns.

"We made it so hot for the Boers that

Continued on page 5

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine, and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 8c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 26, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The battle of the school books takes place on Thursday. The Ontario Government has a sty on its eye that may keep it at home.

• • • •

A stranger remarked on the street yesterday that Stratton "won't do a thing to Miller."

• • • •

Conservatives needn't start yet awhile to pick out their jobs.

After the election Major Miller will at least have the satisfaction of saying that he did his level best.

• • • •

Mr. Whitney's timber policy is now all bark.

• • • •

Peterborough first, last and all the time is the motto of Mr. Stratton.

• • • •

Some of our Tory friends say that Major Miller is striking out. Grits say he will be knocked out.

• • • •

The Globe comes out with a history of the life of Premier Ross. Does our contemporary *expect his political demise?*

• • • •

Two days more!

• • • •

A vote for Stratton means a vote for Peterborough.

• • • •

A. J. Pierpont Morgan has arisen in Toronto. Aemelius Jarvis, the well-known broker, has completed the organization of the United Canneries Company, with a capital of $4,000,000, including all the salmon canneries of British Columbia, and the Alaska canneries are allowed to come in. The company was incorporated at Trenton, N.J., and Mr. Jarvis—Morgan-like—takes shares valued at half a million dollars for his trouble.

• • • •

The promoters of the Toronto, Cornwall and Ottawa Electric Railway are preparing to make terms with the various municipalities through which the line is to pass. No bonuses will be asked.

• • • •

The fleet commanded by Prince Henry of Germany, which arrived off the Irish coast the other day, is said to be the most powerful aggregation of foreign warships that has ever visited any British or Irish port. The squadron consists of eight line-of-battle ships in two divisions, and three cruisers, and is larger numerically, if not in actual power, than the British Channel Squadron or the French Northern Squadron. A noteworthy quality of the fleet is its homogeneity. The four vessels of the first division, of the so-called Kaiser class, are identical in all respects, size, manoeuvring capacity, radius of action, speed and gun power. All of them are protected by the same weight of the very finest Harveyized nickel-steel armor. The fleet is practically new, the oldest of the first division vessels being only five years old, and the oldest of the others only ten years. Before returning to German waters the fleet will make a complete circuit of the United Kingdom.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION

The Saturday Review seems to read the condition of public feeling in the colonies on the subject of Imperial Federation somewhat differently from certain high authorities in Canada. It says: "As it is now beyond doubt that the young British states of the new world intend to throw in their lot with Great Britain, a closer legislative union must be devised for purposes of commerce and defence." At the same time, with characteristic English conservatism and caution, it warmly approves the following words of Lord Salisbury in his recent speech to the Primrose League: "There is no danger that appears to me more serious for the time that lies before us than an attempt to force the various parts of the Empire into a mutual arrangement and subordination for which they are not ready and which may only produce a reaction in favour of the old state of things." It would almost seem as if the British Premier had got a tip from Sir Wilfrid Laurier. In fact, if we had to risk a conjecture, we should say that he had. Be that as it may, his words should and will carry weight. The last thing that is wanted is anything like hasty or inconsiderate action. We join with the Saturday Review in approving his Lordship's utterance whatever may have inspired it.

MORGAN AFTER THE RAILWAYS.

The report that the Morgan combine will now turn its attention to the English railways is the announcement of the expected. It is not at all likely that such a rumour has any root of reality in a serious statement by the combine. It would not go about the task of buying a controlling interest in the British railways by sending for the newspapers.

Still, having "rounded up" a large share of the regular Atlantic fleet, it is a fair inference that the combine will endeavour to make sure that its vessels will be well fed with freight and passengers at either end. Already Mr. Morgan and his friends probably control a fair share of the American railway system; and, if they can now add the British railways to the combination, they may pretty well laugh at any British-American competition which may threaten.

For it is the railway and not the ship which carries the key to the position. Sea power is dominant in war, but rail power is the winning factor in a commercial struggle. The railways of British and the United States could agree to route their freight by lines opposed to the combine, and thus leave it suspended empty in mid-ocean while its rival's ships would pass and repass loaded to the line. If Britain can keep hold of her railways, she need fear no permanent alienation of her shipping trade.

The hint here for Canada is "writ large." We must keep possession of our railways. If we are assured of their support, and are confident that Morgan cannot buy them away from us, we will have a land basis here for the establishment of a fast Atlantic line, which probably cannot be secured in the United States. Canadian railways can keep the Canadian line supplied with freight, much of which will undoubtedly come to us from American cities and by American railways denied access to their own seaboard by the Morgan combination and its allies. Thus our line will be the one sure-footed antagonist from this continent of the Morgan syndicate; and, having the shortest ocean passage and an unassailable financial independence, it will bid fair to beat Morgan at his own game.

Then the sympathy which a Canadian liner, fighting to maintain an all-British route independent of an American monopoly, would be certain to receive from the British people, would be of the greatest value. Mr. Morgan would have to have his British railways well in hand to keep a large share of the freight from coming to us. And our line of fast steamers, once established in this way, would outlast the combine; and keep for us the cream of the Atlantic trade even after the ports of New York and Boston had secured their freedom again.

But the basis of all this prosperity is Canadian—or, at any rate, British—control of Canadian railways. And if Canada cannot keep control of her national highways at a time of national and Imperial crisis we may as well vote Parliamentary Government a failure!

The Day of Miracles not Past

A Toronto Star reporter investigated the case of Mr. George Warner, and found that after thirteen years of almost total deafness, he had been cured by inhaling Catarrhozone.

This proves that where Catarrhozone treatment is employed, impaired hearing and deafness can be cured. Catarrhozone always brings quick relief, and is warranted to give lasting satisfaction. All sufferers from impaired hearing, deafness, head noises and ringing in the ears are advised to inhale Catarrhozone and derive the great benefit it is capable of affording. Price $1.00, small size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Everybody reads The Times.

LIST OF POLLING PLACES

Electors Will do Well to Clip This Out for Reference

The following is a list of polling places which will be open next Thursday, May 29th, to record the vote to be taken in the Provincial election to take place that day:

POLLING PLACES

Galway No. 1, John Coulter's house, M. Coulter deputy.

Galway No. 2, M. Hartnett's house, W. C. Coban deputy.

Galway No. 3, Swamp Lake, P. Collins deputy.

Cavendish, No. 1, John Cochrane's house, J. Cochrane, deputy.

Cavendish, No. 2, Ford's school house, Austin Ford deputy.

Harvey No. 1, town hall, Lakehurst, James Coons deputy.

Harvey No. 2, Ventress school house, A. Dewdney deputy.

Harvey No. 3, Lark Hall, James Pluard, deputy.

Ennismore No. 1, town hall, Ennismore, J. F. Collins, deputy.

Ennismore No. 2, O'Reilly's school house, S. O'Reilly, deputy.

Smith No. 1, Milburn's school house, R. J. Edmison, deputy.

Smith No. 2, town hall, Bridgnorth, Jas. Tindle deputy.

Smith No. 4, Ray's school house, Jno. Chittick, deputy.

Smith No. 4, Temperance Hall, Selwyn, J. C. Manning, deputy.

Smith No. 5, Heard's hall, Young's Point, P. A. Kearney, deputy.

Lakefield No. 1, town hall, Wesley Sharpe deputy.

Lakefield No. 2, division court office, W. M. Graham deputy.

N. Monaghan, 1, May's school house, N. W. Maybee deputy.

S. Monaghan, 1, Orange Hall, Bailieboro, Jas. C. Campbell deputy.

S. Monaghan, 2, town hall, Centreville, Lewis Byers, deputy.

S Monaghan, No. 3, Bensfort school house, Jas. Wood deputy.

Peterborough, No. 1, J. McCarthy's house, 187 Lake street, Angus Williams, deputy.

No. 2, Booth's house, 30 Stewart st., T. Corkery deputy.

No. 3, Dickie's house, 124 Rubidge street, T. J. Gillespie, deputy.

No. 4, L. Fery's shop, 210 Stewart street, Joseph Lundy, deputy.

No. 5, Miller's shop, Rubidge street, John Kelly deputy.

No 6, Market hall, A. N. Clarke, deputy.

No 7, Patterson's office, J. A. Patterson, deputy.

No. 8, Green's shop, 352 Charlotte street, J. M. Donovan deputy.

No. 9, Yelland's shop, George street, F. J. A. Hall deputy.

No. 10, Motheral's shop, Aylmer st., T. Mahoney deputy.

No. 11, J. McCall's shop, John Kincaid, deputy.

No. 12, Routley's shop, E. B. Wilson deputy

No 13, 177 Edinburgh street, Chas. Cameron deputy.

No. 14, Lee's shop, Smith street, Wm. Lee deputy.

No. 15, Wm. Dutcher's, 395 Water street, T. W. Robinson, deputy.

DO NOT NEGLECT THE LITTLE ILLS OF TO-DAY

The Use of Paine's Celery Compound Will Eradicate From The Blood and System The Seeds of Disease

As grains of sand make our lofty mountains, drops of water the mighty ocean, and as our massive buildings are made of one brick piled upon another; so do the little ills of life contribute to the building up of deadly diseases in the body.

Experienced medical men claim that fully three-fourths of our men and women enter the summer season with little ills and symptoms of disease, which must develop into serious and fatal troubles if not banished at once.

We hear our friends complaining daily of rheumatic tendencies, sharp and darting neuralgic pains, dyspepsia, pains in the side and back, nervousness and sleeplessness; and we see with our own eyes the effects of impure blood in facial blotches, eruptions and sores. The little ills and pains of to-day build up the alarming and fatal diseases that follow days and weeks of neglect.

Wise and intelligent people who have looked into the claims of Paine's Celery Compound and followed its remarkable cures of relatives, friends and neighbors, use it themselves with faith and confidence, to banish their symptoms of coming troubles, to cleanse the blood, to re-establish nerve force, energy and bodily strength, so that they will be in condition to withstand the enervating effects of the coming hot weather.

In every community where Paine's Celery Compound has been used at this season to banish disease, it is regarded as a godsend. Workers in offices, shops, factories and weary and rundown wives and mothers in their homes have thanked heaven for Dr. Phelps' marvellous prescription, because it made them well. Try a bottle or two, ye who are ailing and sick: it will give you what you most stand in need of—health and new life.

Ready for Rochambeau Unveiling

Special to The Times.

Washington, D. C. May 23—Everything is in readiness for the unveiling tomorrow of the Rochambeau monument. The ceremonies will take place at 11 o'clock. Senator Lodge, Massachusetts has been chosen orator of the occasion and General Brugere will make a speech to which Ambassador Cambon will respond. French music will form most of the programme and French and American flags will wave side by side.

Today's luncheon on board the French warship Gaulois proved a notable entertainment. The invited guests included the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt, the Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay, the Admiral of the Navy and Mrs. Dewey, the General of the Army and Mrs. Miles and the Ambassadors and Ministers of the European powers.

BATTLE NEAR IN HAYTI

Northern Army Under Jean Jumeau is Marching on the Capital

Port Au Prince, May 27.—Jean Jumeau, at the head of the northern troops, is approaching the city, and the citizens have been called to arms to resist him.

It is possible that there will be a serious conflict and loss of life.

There is no naval vessel in the port to protect foreign interests.

Wonderful Home Helpers

The Ablest Analytical Chemists Say They are the Best

The ablest and best analytical chemists in the world affirm without hesitation that Diamond Dyes are the purest and best dyestuffs for home dyeing. All the colors are guaranteed fast to light and washing with soap; they color more goods, package for package, than any other dye in the world.

As there are imitations of the popular Diamond Dyes, ladies should be careful of dealers who attempt to recommend the worthless makes. It should be remembered that these imitation dyes are made up of poisonous and dangerous adulterations, and the hands are often injured by them. Diamond Dyes are so easy to use that even a child can work with them successfully. See that your dealer supplies you with the "Diamond"; refuse all others.

If you are interested in home mat and rug making, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q. and you will receive free of cost new designs to select from.

Mackinlay's
V.O.B. BLEND
Scotch Whisky
Charles Mackinlay & Co. Distillers, LEITH, Scotland

THE JOHN TAYLOR IMPORTING CO., Ltd
AGENTS, MONTREAL.

AN ENVIABLE RECORD THE HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANO

Holds First Place in the Piano World.

Here's a piano that's the cynosure of all eyes. Musical critics know it as an instrument that holds a place by itself among Canadian made pianos—and that ranks with foreign pianos of widest reputation. It is the ideal piano.

At all great functions and musical events it is the choice of the greatest artists. It is the piano that was the choice of Royalty—being used exclusively on the royal train by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their journey through Canada.

FRIEDHEIM,
The Great Russian Pianist.
BURMEISTER,
Famed Pupil of Liszt
AUGUST HYLLESTED,
The Great Danish Pianist.
MADAME ALBANI,
The World's Greatest Soprano.
POL PLANCON,
The Great French Basso.
R. WATKIN MILLS,
England's Most Eminent Artist.
MADAME VAN DER VEER GREEN,
The Popular Contralto.
SIGNOR ARTURO NUTINI,
The Celebrated Blind Italian Pianist.
KATHERINE BLOODGOOD,
Soloist to the Plancon Concerts.
HUBERT DE BLANK.
Pianist to Md'e. Trebelli.
MADAME FRIEDA DE TERSMEDAN,
Swedish Countess and Famed Pianist.
WILLIAM LAVIN,
The Great English Tenor.
MDLLE. ANTOINETTE TREBELLI,
The Famed Vocalist.
MADAME SOPHIA SCALCHI,
The World's Greatest Contralto.
HAROLD JARVIS,
The Popular Tenor.
MR. and MRS. DURWARD LELY,
The Famous Scottish Musicians.
BEN DAVIES,
The Popular English Tenor,
PLUNKET GREENE,
The Great English Basso Cantante.
DAVID BISPHAM,
The Great American Basso.
EDWARD FISHER,
Director Toronto Conservatory of Music.
F. H. TORRINGTON,
Director of the Toronto College of Music.

This is truly a wonderful record and one that has reached still greater heights of success, during the present musical season—the New Concert Grand Piano, before which the most celebrated visiting artists have appeared, has been pronounced the most wonderfully constructed piano of the 20th century.

YE OLD FIRM OF
HEINTZMAN & CO.,
115-117 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

A Real Help.

The Woman's Aid Society in New York has done great work in helping the poor. Like all charitable organizations, it has to contend with ingratitude, stupidity, and wilful improvidence. The "Commercial Advertiser" relates one instance that is amusing to read of, but must have been a trifle discouraging to the society.

To a poor woman whose husband was in jail they gave some clothing and ten dollars in money, thinking that she would know best what she wanted, and so spend the money more wisely than they.

A week after the gift had been made a deputation of members called at the squalid home to see the results of their assistance. They found no improvement in the condition of the family.

"Well, Mrs. Nolan," asked one of them, "how are you getting along?"

"Fine," said Mrs. Nolan.

"Did the clothes fit, and did you find a use for the money?"

"Sure, the clothes fitted fine, an' the childer looked so nice I had all their pictures took wid the money ye gave me, an' I'm going to have me own took this week to send to the old folks in Ireland."

Algy — Pooh Gussie's condition is vewy serious, indeed. He cawn't even waise his head fwom the pillow. Percy —Great heavens! What's the matteh? Algy—The foolish fellah lost his head in a game of ping-pong lawst evening, and played steadily foh neahly fifteen minutes.

He—You have a headache, you say? She—Yes, I have.

"Do you suffer much from headache?"

"Yes; always when I have it."—Yonkers Statesman.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on Monday, May 26th 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London.

Hard coal—2,600 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size. Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,000 tons 1,000 may not be required till January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 240 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, 500 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard)

Asylum for Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal—3,573 tons small egg size, 474 tons stove size, 146 tons chestnut size coal for grates, 50 tons; for pump house 200 tons soft slack; 130 tons hard slack screenings. Of the above quantity 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Mimico.

Hard coal—1,600 tons large egg size, 130 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Idiots, Orillia.

Soft coal screenings, or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons, 90 tons hard coal, stove size; 90 tons hard coal, grate size.

Asylum for Insane, Brockville

Hard coal—1,200 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 75 tons small egg. Of the above quantity, 1,000 tons may not be required until January and March 1903.

Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg

Hard coal—450 tons large egg size, 15 tons egg size, 60 tons stove size.

Central Prison, Toronto

Hard coal—100 tons small egg size, or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as required.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Bellevill

Hard coal—800 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford

Hard coal—473 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang.

Eighty tons egg size, 64 tons stove size, 28 tons nut size, 800 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Mercer Reformatory, Toronto

Soft coal screening or run of mine lump, 450 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenderers are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade.

Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said Inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for $500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

No Comparison

A sense of proportion is an excellent thing, and an old soldier who writes to The Globe upon the subject of the recent defeat of Lord Methuen makes a very good point as to some of the comments passed by certain newspapers. He signs himself as "one who saw this brave brigade from start to finish on October 25, 1854." and writes as follows:—

"I read the account of the Boer charge on General Methuen's rear-guard taken from The Standard newspaper, London, and published in The Globe of the 18th. The Standard compares the ride of the Boers with the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava. The editor of The Standard must know well there is no comparison. General Methuen's column or field force of all ranks was only about 700 or so. The Light Brigade, with the brave Cardigan leading, went right through the centre of thirty thousand Russians, with sixty guns, in a commanding position, blazing away on the brigade as they were advancing down to the guns, where they had to put the Russian gunners out of the way. They tried to get away the guns, but found it impossible. Every man had to fight for his life back through cavalry and artillery, as they all closed in on them with the intention to capture or kill what was left on the retreat. The brave Cardigan, who obeyed his chief's order to advance and take the guns, knowing well at the time it was impossible, was about the last to return. From the time the brigade started until what was left returned—about 180 when the roll was called after the return—twenty minutes would cover the time. Bear this in mind: it was every man for himself to fight his way back, as they were all broken up in the rush at the guns by the Russian artillery firing on the whole, Russian and British, at the same time. Every volley carried off as many Russians as British. This statement is correct about the Russians firing on their own men. It was a surprise to see any return from the dreadful artillery fire they got from the Russians."

Brave, dashing and skilful Delarey's charge certainly was; it was exactly such a rush as many times before in the history of war has carried cavalry to victory. To persons accustomed to think of the Boers as unable to attack, accustomed also to think of the day of cavalry as over, it must be a surprise to read of such a charge. But the Boers have been moulded by two years of warfare into excellent soldiers, able to attack as well as to defend, and the loose formations of modern war offer peculiarly good opportunities to good cavalry trained to shoot from the saddle. To compare such a charge to the Balaclava charge, or to Von Bredow's "death-ride" at Vionville, when a few German squadrons shook the whole French line of battle and saved their overmatched infantry, is absurd, as my old soldier correspondent convincingly points out.

In this connection a personal reference to Lord Methuen may be introduced, showing him in a light possibly unfamiliar to the majority of newspaper readers. Lord Methuen, as is indicated in the paragraph which is quoted, is a man of a deeply devotional turn of mind. The quotation is from The Daily Graphic, and is as follows:—

"A largely attended public meeting was held last evening at Corsham (near Bath, in England)—the home of Lord Methuen—for the purpose of passing a resolution to be sent to the wounded General, expressing his fellow-townsmen's high admiration for his distinguished services to the country during the South African campaign, and their sincere sympathy with him in being wounded. The Rev. J. D. Dunlap, vicar of Corsham, presided. The following telegram was sent:—

"'Dunlap, Corsham. To Lord Methuen, Klerksdorp: Enthusiastic public meeting. Resolution sincere sympathy and speedy recovery. Shall sing your hymn Sunday.'

"Mr. Dunlap explained that the hymn referred to was 'Lead, Kindly Light,' Lord Methuen's favorite hymn, which he promised his Lordship should be sung in church the first Sunday in every month. He had received a letter from the General speaking of the comfort it gave him to know that he was remembered on the first Sunday in the month, and also in their prayers. The resolution was carried by acclamation, and it was also agreed to telegraph to Lady Methuen informing her of the terms of their message to her husband."

Some dispute has arisen as to Lord Methuen's nationality. It cannot be appraised with absolute accuracy; the family was originally Scotch, it is said, from Perthshire, and has for many years been settled in England, living in Wiltshire, at Corsham. Lord Methuen's grandfather was elevated to the Peerage in 1838; prior to that he had for many years been M.P. for his county. It may be added that Lord Methuen pronounces his name in three syllables, with the accent on the first.

The Culture of Celery.

"Celery Culture" is the title of another of the popular publications of the United States Department of Agriculture now in press, known as Farmers' Bulletins. "Little more than twenty-five years ago," says the bulletin, "the celery crop, which now forms such an important factor in market-gardening interests, was cultivated by few growers only. Celery was to be found on the menu of a few of the leading hotels, but not in many homes. Its use has spread until at present, with the output reckoned by the carloads, it is classed as a wholesome and palatable addition to the fare of all classes. All of the cultivated varieties now in use," continues Mr. W. R. Beattie, the author of the bulletin, "have been derived from the wild celery, a native of the marshes of southern England. This wild celery was for a long time considered poisonous, which was a natural supposition, as it belongs to the same family as poison hemlock." Mr. Beattie, after reviewing the value of celery from a commercial standpoint, notes the nutrition contained in the plant, which, by the way, is not so very great, but it adds a most palatable addition to the table in the winter season, when a great quantity of meat is eaten and few vegetables. It is generally considered as one of the most wholesome of vegetables.

Curious Bits of News.

All princes are not drones. Duke Karl Theodor of Bavaria recently performed his four-thousandth operation for cataract at his clinic in Munich. His wife acted as his assistant.

The English stockholders in Marconi's wireless telegraph company value the inventor's life so highly at this critical period of his experimentation that they have had him insured for $750,000.

The sale of oleomargarine in the United States is increasing rapidly, and one of the causes of the growing sales is said to be the large amount of free advertising that it has received from the debates in Congress and the State legislatures and the newspapers, in consequence of the efforts made to suppress it.

A much-valued distinction has been conferred upon the proprietors of a large cigar factory at Havana. The firm have received an order from England to furnish the cigars for the royal banquet which is to be held after the coronation of King Edward. The order includes three sizes and amounts to several thousand cigars. A unique feature is that there is no stipulation whatever as to the price, this matter being left entirely to the judgment of the manufacturers.

Court etiquette and religious scruples have had an amusing tussle at The Hague. The trouble arose when the daughters of Dr. Kuyper, the Premier, were invited to the first court ball of the season. Low-necked dresses were commanded, but the Misses Kuyper decided that decollete dresses were inconsistent with their religious principles. They applied for a dispensation, but received a curt reply from the mistress of the ceremonies, who declared that time-honored customs of the Dutch court must be adhered to. Dr. Kuyper made direct representations on the subject to Queen Wilhelmina, with the result that a compromise was arranged. The Misses Kuyper will stay away from the ball, but will take tea with their sovereign in high-necked dresses the same afternoon.

The "Tailor and Cutter," which has been accustomed to describe Joseph Chamberlain as the pink of fashion, has this to say of the Colonial Secretary in a recent issue: "We are sorry to note that Mr. Chamberlain is developing quite a stoop, and fear he is losing some of his old-time smartness. It is true that his monocle is still in its old place, but we miss the familiar orchid, and, as we have examined his garments, we could not but feel that conservatism was sadly apparent, for there was much in them that was not up to date." Mr. Chamberlain's coat lapels, says the "Tailor and Cutter," are plain, heavy, and disfigured by a long, gaping breast-pocket, like some ugly wound, calling for assistance. The washing vest of Mr. Chamberlain, the paper adds, was quite out of harmony with his coat, while his trousers were wide and unshapely.

The Millionaire and the Pie.

One time a millionaire found himself at nightfall in a small town that was ministered to by no railroad. And he had in his pocket a one-hundred-dollar bill and in his stomach a sense of hunger.

And he went to the only store in the town to buy food for himself. Now the keeper of the store was a man of much caution and narrow mind.

"I am as hungry as my stomach knows how to be," said the millionaire affably. "Sell me that veal pie."

As he spoke he laid down the hundred-dollar bill.

The cautious storekeeper picked it up and looked at it with doubt mingled with distrust and accompanied with dubiety. Then he said: "My veal pie is worth ten cents to me, but I never heard of such a bill as that. Give me one with another picture on it, for this one is not worth a veal pie, I am sure."

And the millionaire said:

"My friend, it so happens that this evening finds me with no other picture bills upon my person nor yet any coin. The bill is surely worth a hundred of the ordinary, every-day kind. But that is neither here nor there."

But the storekeeper shook his head sourly.

"Nothing will recompense me for the veal pie but money that I can understand. There may be hundred-dollar bills, but I never saw one before. I know the worth of my veal pie, and if you have ten cents you can eat it, but if you haven't you can't."

"But I have not ten cents," said the millionaire; "so let us put it on another basis. Give me the veal pie out of charity, for my stomach is not used to being put off."

"Now we're on familiar ground," said the storekeeper, as he sliced a piece of cheese and ate it; "I have seen beggars many times, and as I never saw one so well dressed as you are I doubt you. You cannot be a beggar. Your clothes betray you, and even if you were one I would not help you as I do not believe in encouraging mendicancy."

"You are difficult beyond a doubt," said the millionaire, raising his eyebrows and shaking his head. "I have it. Let me work for the veal pie. I am strong. Have you no boxes that need unpacking, no goods that need to be shelved?"

Said the storekeeper, looking at the clock: "I have never insulted the frame that the Lord gave me by calling in others to do that which I can do myself. My boxes are unpacked and my goods are shelved. If you have ten cents you can take the veal pie, but be quick, for it is the hour of closing."

Then the millionaire felt in his vest pockets and found a counterfeit dime which he had received in change the day before. And rendered desperate by his hunger he gave the storekeeper the dime and received in exchange the veal pie. For to the near-sighted storekeeper the coin looked good.

As for the millionaire, he ate the pie like a shipwrecked mariner. And the near-sighted storekeeper dropped the counterfeit into his till with contentment.—Charles Battell Loomis in "Saturday Evening Post."

Scene: A collapsed building. "Keep alive, Mike! We're rescuin' ye!" Voice from the debris—"Is big Clancy up there wid ye?" "Sure he is." "Ast him wud he be so kind as t' step off the roofing. I've enough on top av me widout him."—Brooklyn "Life."

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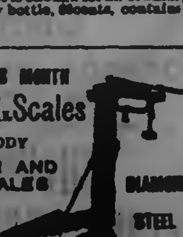

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PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I requirr the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in he VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to epresedt them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that n case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, ir each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which evey person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according o law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

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The 7:45 Express

An Adventure in an English Compartment Car.

By FRANCIS CHURCHILL WILLIAMS.

Two men were sitting in the smoking-room of a London club. One, a tall, athletic looking fellow with black hair and clean-cut features, was slowly blowing rings of smoke in the air as he lay back in the big arm-chair. The other man, slight and clean-shaven, with a singularly mobile face and twinkling gray eyes, was looking over a daily paper. Between them was a small table furnished with a couple of stands of club soda and a decanter of brandy which gave signs of having been well used.

"Gerald," said the small man all at once, dropping the paper into his lap, "what do you think of train robbers?"

The tall man looked up in lazy surprise.

"Toppy Russel," he drawled, "now, what in the name of all that's wonderful ever put such a question as that into your head?"

"The paper," explained the other; "and seriously I ask you, what do you think of train robbers?"

"And just as seriously I reply," returned the tall man, "that I think the fellows who strip you of your watch and valuables, and depart with your Gladstone or portmanteau, are clumsy rogues at the best. And the people they rob—well, they are a shade less admirable; for in every case I have heard of they appear to have acted like cowards or fools, and a rogue's always preferable to either of these, to my mind. And now that you have my candid and, doubtless, authoritative opinion on train robbers, please finish that B. and S. and try one of these cigars; they are worth trying, if I say it myself."

"Only one more question," said Russel, as he took the proffered weed. "You laugh at the way railway travelers act in these little affairs. Now, how would you act? Suppose a fellow were suddenly to put a pistol to your cheek and insinuate a desire for your watch! No one is near. You are alone in the carriage. What would you do?"

"I'd knock the pistol out of his hand, while pretending to comply with his demand, and throw him out the window after it."

Caruthers said this quietly and determinedly, and Russel knew him too well to suspect braggadocio, so he only laughed lightly at his companion's emphatic reply and proceeded to envelop himself in clouds of smoke.

"Well," said the tall man, looking at his watch, and starting up; "I must be going. The express starts at seven-forty-five, and I've to stop at a couple of places before making the station." And he rang for his bag and overcoat.

"Now, Gerald Caruthers," said his companion, as Gerald was being helped into his coat, "remember what you have told me. If I hear of any attempt at train robbery on the seven-forty-five express I shall not write to you, but shall at once have the track examined, and the body of the robber discovered and interred. I suppose you will be willing to do that much for your victim, won't you?"

"Oh, certainly," laughed Caruthers, and the next moment he had wrung Russel's hand and had gone.

At the station he secured a first-class ticket, and then set about to find an empty compartment if possible. As luck would have it, the second coach he looked into was unoccupied, and he quickly stowed his portmanteau away and, settling himself luxuriously in the corner, uttered a silent prayer that no one would come in to interrupt, with the usual traveler's commonplaces and platitudes, the nap he had in prospect. He looked at his watch; only one minute remaining till train time, and already he heard the doors being banged to as the guard went his rounds.

And then—then, just as he was putting his watch back into his pocket with a breath of relief, the door of the compartment suddenly was jerked open and, framed in the narrow opening, appeared the figure of a man of slight stature, with gray hair and bent shoulders. He peered curiously into the coach, and his eyes traveled quickly and with apparent indifference over the big frame of Caruthers. Then he stepped in and, with a slight nod to Caruthers, dropped a small handbag on the cushioned seat, pulled his soft wool hat over his eyes, sunk down in one corner of the compartment and thrust his hands deep into his trouser pockets.

Caruthers witnessed these movements with some satisfaction, and, after a glance or two at his companion, and an instant's look outside at the yellow lights which were flying by as the express gathered speed, he spread out his legs, pulled his coat up about his ears, and proceeded to make himself comfortable for the hundred and twenty-mile ride before him. Five minutes later he was sound asleep and making that fact unmistakable by the most tremendous snores.

But if Caruthers snored loudly, his brain was fully as active as were his lungs, and, for a time, he passed through a series of adventures in dreamland which were anything but unpleasant. Then, suddenly, he was transported from a delightful fantasy into what seemed to him to be an immense haberdasher's shop, where he found himself unceremoniously set down before a little old man, who insisted upon fitting around his neck a most prodigiously high and stiff collar.

Now, if there was anything against which Caruthers was for all time and most vehemently opposed, it was high collars, therefore he struggled hard to push away his tormentor and remove the objectionable neckpiece. But all to no purpose. To his surprise he found his arms weighted down as if with lead. His persecutor coolly continued to fit on the collar, and finally, having done this to his satisfaction, pushed over his head until the top edge of the collar cut into his neck and was choking him.

Caruthers used every endeavor to raise his arms, but in vain. Great drops of sweat seemed to drain down his face as he tugged at his invisible bonds, and all the time he felt the little old man passing his hands, which were plump and smooth, over his body, thrusting them now into his pockets, now inside his vest, and again pulling at his fingers.

All at once, however, even the desire for resistance left the dreamer, his sensations became dull, and he fell again into unbroken sleep.

His next sensation was when his eyes began to feel the light, and he slowly became aware of a dull, dead feeling in his arms, a fulness of the head, and a dry contraction of the throat. After a while he was sensible of the motion of his resting-place, and at last his eyes took in enough of what was about him to show him that this was no haberdasher's shop, but the inside of a railway carriage traveling at high speed, that there was no high collar about his neck, and that no little old man stood opposite him. But it was some time, nevertheless, before his brain became clear enough to appreciate that all he seemed to have gone through with lately was only a dream, and that he now was in the seven-forty-five express from London, and probably—how many hours on his journey?

He slipped his fingers into his waistcoat pocket for his watch. Then, with an exclamation of surprise, he raised himself quickly to his feet and somewhat weakly stood there, feeling for the handsome hunting case which he could find nowhere. It took him but a minute to realize this, and also that the gold cuff-buttons he had worn and his diamond scarf-pin were gone, and that a curious stone-studded ring had disappeared from the little finger of his left hand.

They all had gone; but where? A sudden recollection of the old, bent man who had been his traveling companion made him peer closely into the corner in which that figure had been curled when he last saw him. But the corner was empty now.

As Caruthers' glance moved quickly over the opposite seat, however, one object caught his eye. He picked it up. It was a handkerchief, innocent of any markings, but smelling strongly, as he instantly noticed, of chloroform. The pungent odor told Caruthers all he needed. It was a complete confirmation of the theory which had flashed upon him at the first. He had been robbed, and in all likelihood by the little old man who had been his companion.

Caruthers pressed his face against the window. He was familiar with the country through which the train was passing, and he soon saw where he was. The express was fifty miles out of the metropolis, and by schedule must have made a stop at R——, about ten miles back. It was there, he decided, that the thief had got out. The next stop would be made some twenty-five miles farther on, and he would have to wait until then to communicate the knowledge of his loss. So he arranged himself as comfortably as possible and began to consider how he could most quickly recover the articles which had been taken by the robber he had not thrown out of the window, and whether he could prevent the news of the robbery from spreading so that he should not receive the taunts of Toppy Russel, by telegraph or otherwise, upon this doubly trying experience.

As soon as the guard had opened the door of his carriage at the next station, half an hour later, Caruthers jumped down, and, dashing into the telegraph office, quickly despatched a statement of the facts to the chief of police at R——. His message offered a generous reward for the apprehension of the rascal and the recovery of the stolen articles, with the least possible publicity.

Two hours later, arrived at his destination, he left the train, took a hansom to police headquarters, and notified them that a despatch addressed in his name might be received there from R——. If such a despatch did come it was to be sent to the B—— hotel, he ordered. Then he was driven to the hotel, and, having engaged a room, turned in and quickly fell asleep.

It was seven o'clock in the morning when he was awakened by a knock on the door of his room, and a telegram was handed him. It was from the police at R——, and ran as follows:

"Have got thief, and recovered all articles. Thief disguised. Young man. Think he is old hand at business. Communicate at once."

Caruthers sent the servant double quick for a morning paper, and, having satisfied himself that the news of the robbery and of the capture of the thief had at least not gained circulation outside of R——, he dressed himself leisurely. Then he ate a comfortable breakfast, lit a cigar with the utmost satisfaction, and strolled down to police headquarters.

To his surprise he found another despatch from R—— awaiting him there. He read:

"Come and get me out of this. I was the old man who traveled with you and stole your things. I wanted to see you throw me out of the window. I acknowledge the corn. Come quickly. This confounded place is damp, and they won't believe my story.

"TOPPY."

In amazement, which rapidly gave way to laughter he could not restrain, Caruthers read the message a second time, and then he telegraphed to the chief of police at R——:

"Hold thief. Dangerous man. Pay no attention to his story. Be with you to-morrow. "G. CARUTHERS."

It was a woebegone and irate specimen which Caruthers saw when the "dangerous man" was led forth from a cell at the police station at R—— next day. But Caruthers smothered his laughter at the sight, smoothed Russel's wrath as far as possible by apologies, and, having paid the costs and fines which the police demanded that someone should pay, after his explanations, walked out of the station with his friend.

To this day, however, Toppy Russel has serious doubts as to Caruthers' statement that he "believed Russel's telegram a forgery;" and he awaits a chance to turn the tables on the man he "robbed."

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Palatial iron steamers of the Hamilton Line, leave Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal tri-weekly from June 1st, passing through the beautiful scenery of the Bay of Quinte and running all the rapids.

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HOTELS.—Manoir Richelieu, at Murray Bay, Que., and Tadousac Hotel, at Tadousac, Que., are replete with all modern facilities.

For further particulars apply to: W. BUNTON, Agent R. & O. Nav.; Peterborough, Ontario, or to THOS. HENRY, Traffic Manager, Montreal, Que.

NORTHERN NAVIGATION CO.
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SOO DIVISION.
One of the Company's steamers will leave Collingwood, Owen Sound, etc., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

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S.S. Atlantic will leave Collingwood on Mondays and Thursdays at 10.30 p.m. for Parry Sound, Pointe au Baril, Byng Inlet and French River.

PARRY SOUND DIVISION.
City of Toronto will leave Penetang every Monday and Thursday at 11.30 a.m. and Wednesday and Saturday at 9.00 a.m. and Midland all of the above days at 1.45 p.m. on arrival of train from Toronto until further notice.

For tickets and full information apply to all railway agents.

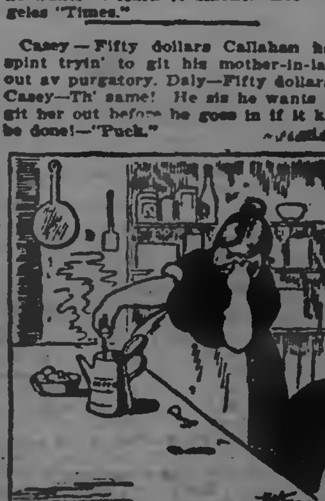
W. H. SMITH, Agent, Owen Sound.
Northern Navigation Co., Collingwood

Which?

"What's worrying you?" they asked of the convalescent invalid. "I am trying," she answered thoughtfully, "to make up my mind whether I am at a sanitarium or a sanatorium."—Chicago "Post."

Wife—You haven't used any of these cigars I bought for you. Husband—No; I am keeping them for Tommy when he wants to learn to smoke.—Los Angeles "Times."

Casey—Fifty dollars Callahan has spint tryin' to git his mother-in-law out av purgatory. Daly—Fifty dollars? Casey—Th' same! He sis he wants to git her out before he goes in if it kin be done!—"Puck."



An old settler.—From N. Y. "[illegible]"

STRICTURE

I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging, or wormy condition, equalizes circulation, stops pains in the groins, stops all drains, thereby giving the organs their proper nutrition, vitalizes the parts and restores lost powers; in Stricture it absorbs the Stricture tissue, stops smarting sensation, nervousness, weakness, backache, etc., while in all prostatic troubles it is the treatment par excellence. So positive am I that my treatment will cure you, you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and complete cure has been established. This should convince you that I have confidence in my Latest Method Treatment, otherwise I could not make you this proposition. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each Time You Call You See Me Personally,

Or each time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I accomplished after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country. CONSULTATION FREE. Call or write for blank for home treatment. Perfect system of home treatment for those who cannot call. BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor, Ont. All duty and express charges prepaid. Nothing sent C. O. D.

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HEAD OFFICE - MONTREAL

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Reserved Fund ... 7,000,000
Undivided Profits ... [illegible]

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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Savings Bank Dept.—Interest allowed at current rates. Domestic and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A general banking business transacted.

W. H. HOGG, Manager.

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PETERBOROUGH, ONT.

General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

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3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, re payable at any time.

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Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

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W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISters and Solicitors, 375 Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun. A. Stevenson.

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Miscellaneous

FRY, 304 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices Geo. A. FRY 304 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPO site roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages! By big wages we mean $50 to $60 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Mason & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

CARPENTERS WANTED. Apply at the gate house of the Canadian General Company.

Childrens' Aid Society

CHILDRENS' AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office Division Court buildings.

Removal Notice

Having leased store No. 136, Hunter st. immediately under our old offices we will occupy the same in future, and cordially invite all our old patrons, and the public generally who want to get, or get rid of anything in Real Estate to favor us with an early call, because, as usual, we always have good bargains for all who want to buy and buyers for all who want to sell.

What more can you ask?

Telephone 375.

T. HURLEY & CO.
Near Post Office.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

10 King St. West TORONTO

HOW BOERS FOUGHT CANUCKS

Continued from page 1.

they were only too glad to draw off. The way and the time they attacked us, they should have had everything, but we Canadians had our good name to keep, so we could not let Mr. Boer have it all his own way. They attacked us at noon just when we were forming camp and everything was in a mess. The first thing we knew was when a big 15-pounder dropped a shell just over the camp, and before we knew it we were surrounded and cut off from our advance party and our advance guard.

"There were 1,300 of us in the transport, and we were attacked by 2,000 Boers, so you see the odds we had against us. I am in "E" Squadron, and we were the rear guard, and got all cut up. The reason we got it so bad was we had just come out of a spruit from watering our horses, and were making for the camp when we were opened fire upon. Of course, we all scattered and got separated by the Mounted Infantry. There were twelve of us and Lt. Carruthers made a stand out on the open ground without a bit of shelter of any kind, so we just dropped on our stomachs and commenced to fire away. I was told off to hold the six horses that we had left, so was more exposed to the fire than any other of our party. While I was holding the horses, two of them got hit, for the Boers were firing at our horses just to get rid of them and then us. Then it was that I got hit in the right forearm, and while I was banging it, the horses got away, so then I just dropped on my stomach and fired away till I got hit in the hip, and then I drew the bolt out of my rifle and threw it away, for the Boers at that moment were rushing us, and were only about twenty yards away when I got hit.

STRIPPED THE WOUNDED.

"They passed over our little party and tried to rush the camp, but failed, and on the way back they took us prisoners, and stripped us wounded of all our clothes. They took my letters, prayer-book, and Testament you gave me, and, worst of all, they took my silver watch that father gave me years ago.

"All the beggars left me was a pair of pants and my shirt, and it was raining to beat the band at the time. Out of all our party there were only two that got off without being wounded. There were two killed, and the rest of us got hit, some severely and others just lightly.

"We were about seven hours under fire. The fight occurred about seventy miles east of Klerksdorp, on the road to Kimberley, at a place called Boschbolt.

"After I was wounded and carried to the waggon, I was attended to and left with only a coat over me. I laid there all night till morning, and then was put in an open waggon and taken to the Canadian Field Hospital, which was nine miles from the field of action. We were fixed up there, and left the following morning for Klerksdorp."

HARD RIDE TO HOSPITAL

"I will never forget the ride in those waggons, without any springs in them. The ride from the waggon to the Canadian hospital was the worst. When we started in the morning, it was raining, and it rained all day, and when we arrived there we were lying in water and nearly frozen. It took us from early morning till 11.30 p.m. to go the nine miles, and it seemed that the waggons went over every stone or ant hill that was on the veldt.

"We were wounded on Easter Monday and it was Friday before we arrived at Klerksdorp, and late on Saturday before we arrived at Johannesburg, where I am now, and resting very nicely. It will be a couple of months before I will get around again, and then, I do not know whether I will be invalided home or not.

"By the way, too much cannot be said of Dr. Roberts, and the rest of the Canadian Field Hospital staff. Every person speaks very high of them. Dr. Roberts did all he could for me, and if it were not for him I do not know how I should have fared."

THE BOERS HATE CANADIANS.

Trooper J. H. Bedbrook, son of Mr. E. J. Bedbrook, Mayor of Montreal West, writes to his father in regard to the fight at Klein Hart's River:

I understand it was reported to Lord Kitchener that we had all been captured, and it was so reported to headquarters, and it will only make Canadians at home feel a little prouder when they know that instead of surrendering, we gave De La Rey a whole lot more than he was ready for. From what I can gather, he thought he was up against some of the Imperial Yeomanry. These regiments are called the Boers' ammunition columns; they have been captured so often. The Boers simply hate the Canadians; they have met so many defeats at their hands, and the same remarks apply to all the colonial forces: the Boers hate them like prison. Going into action makes a fellow feel a little bit nervous at first, but when you get settled down to the business it does not bother one at all. I forgot all about shells and bullets just as soon as I got the range of the Boers, as although it is not altogether a thing to blow about, I don't mind telling you that I have several tacked on to my account, but they should not have got in the way. I hope by the time I write again—which may not be for a week or two, as we expect to move away from here at any time—that we will have had another go at De La Rey and square accounts with him. His casualties in our first engagement with him were about three hundred killed and wounded, and we may possibly do a little better for him in our next. One of De La Rey's officers told our ambulance doc. tor that it was the hottest scrap he had for eighteen months. Lord Kitchener was in our hospital to-day, and he told some of our wounded that he was prouder than ever of the Canadians, and our commanding officer said that he was proud of his command, and that we had upheld the reputation established by former contingents from Canada.

Items of Interest

Washington, May 23.—Another royal guest is to be presented to the New World, this time from Russia. The Grand Duke Boris, son of the Grand Duke Vladimir, brother to Alexander III, and uncle of the present Czar, will come to America as a private citizen on a tour of inspection of the world, and will arrive in Washington late in June. While at the capital the Grand Duke Boris will be the guest of the Russian Ambassador at the embassy. The arrival of the distinguished visitor will detain Count Cassini in this country until the middle of July, though it had been his purpose to leave for Europe in June. The Grand Duke Boris will be accompanied by only a small suite of officers and men. He is 25 years of age, a Colonel of infantry in the Russian Army and of a studious and scientific bent of mind.

Montreal, May 23.—Lieut. McCann and Trooper Pardice, two Canadians from Kingston, who have been members of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, returned from South Africa today. They saw plenty of fighting in the Eastern Transvaal, under command of General Stewart and both were wounded. When they left South Africa, things were still in a very unsettled condition, and there was no prospect of peace then. The Boers, after they are captured, generally admit they are glad to be out of the fighting, but the first chance of escape they get they take advantage of it, and soon get back to the fighting line again. Neither of them take any stock in the peace proposals. The Boers, they say, are probably at their old game again, and merely looking for a breathing spell. The Boers, they say, are a treacherous lot, and not to be depended on. They speak highly of South Africa as a country to settle in, and believe after the war that it will rapidly fill up.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 23—The anthracite coal strike is settling down to a dogged test of strength. On one side over 150,000 miners are idle, and living on accumulated funds of the union and assessments on other workingmen. These last are the great resources in a long strike. Men who are at work pay for the maintenance of those who are at work. This is a reason for distrusting the report that the bituminous miners will be called out. That would make three times as many mouths to fill and cut off the main source of sustenance. Miners of the two classes seldom strike at the same time. interruptions of earnings of invested capital. There is no question of mouths to fill there. The salaries of managers go on and the stockholders can not three meals a day without dividends.

But idle capital is economic waste, which prudent managers do their best to prevent. Supporting the coal companies are making their strike assessments also—with an important difference. The miners assess themselves; the coal companies assess the public.

The price of anthracite coal in New York has been raised $1 per ton. For the last three years the anthracite product has ranged about 50,000,000 tons. The amount marketed has been some millions less; so it is certain that there is a large accumulated stock, on which the companies will make several million dollars as it is sold. The advance will be maintained until all the loss of the strike has been made up and something more. The companies will lose nothing by the strike.

They gained through the stock market by the strike of 1900 far more than they lost by the 10 per cent advance conceded to the politicians. Chalers went down and there was a harvest of consolidations. The Erie bought the Pennsylvania Coal Company and large capitalists bought heavily of Erie, raising its stock 300 per cent a few months later. The Reading bought the Jersey Central and the Pennsylvania increased its Reading holdings. The Reading is the biggest coal road, but its stock has suffered no panic decline. Somebody has been buying heavily and it is reported that the Pennsylvania people intend to complete their amalgamation of interest with the Reading. No wonder the operators were obdurate.

See what a pitifully unequal struggle it is with the unions draining their savings and dividing their wages; with the idle, and the companies putting their share of the cost on the public and using the fall of stock to strengthen themselves by consolidation. What hope of success can the men have? Nothing can equalize the conditions of such a struggle as this, but the powerful enlistment of public opinion on the side of the strikers. There is no such thing in this case and it is not to be expected. The miners are underpaid or suffering. They have had 10 per cent increase and admit that the companies can pay no more at the present price of coal. They urge frankly that the price of coal to the people should be increased in order to pay them higher wages. This, it is said, cannot be done on account of the competition with the bituminous. The companies are doing it temporarily, to meet the expenses of the strike, but the men get no good out of this.

They are likely to get the worst of it all around, and the deplorable thing from their point of view is that they can blame no one but themselves. Most of them are ignorant and unreasoning. Again it must be said that the leaders have assumed a grave responsibility.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Aid For Martinique Sufferers

Special to The Times.

Chicago, Ill, May 23.—The relief fund for the Martinique sufferers will be increased by many hundreds of dollars as a result of the mammoth theatrical benefit held at McVicker's Theatre this afternoon. The affair was one of the largest of its kind ever seen in Chicago. All the prominent players now appearing in the city contributed their services and their efforts were rewarded by the applause of a fashionable audience that packed the house from the parquet to the topmost gallery, and overflowed into the aisles and foyer.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

—hold me close in your arms, Hetty, and promise," she sobbed. "If you turn against me I shall die at your feet. Oh, for the love of heaven, Hetty, promise!"

"I promise, dear," replied Hetty, in growing terror; but her voice was quite steady as she gathered the slim figure into her arms and drew the golden head to her shoulder.

"Now, Daisy," she said, soothingly, "you can tell me all."

"My terrible secret and my bitter woe all dated from the day you and Olive went on that visit to Briarvale, and left me alone with papa and Margy at the farm. Do you remember that time, Hetty?"

"Yes," replied Hetty, "I remember."

"Will you look back and recall how I pleaded to go with you, but you would not take me; and, oh, Hetty, by leaving me you wrecked my life, for on the first day I was left alone, I met the man who was to lead me down to my doom—and that man was Harold St. John."

"Recollect I was only sixteen then, Hetty—an ignorant, dreaming child, who knew as little of the men and women in the great world beyond the farm as the yellow butterflies that coquetted with the nodding roses in our little garden.

"He looked so handsome, he made himself so agreeable that, without scarcely knowing I was making an appointment, I promised that I would see him the next afternoon at the brookside.

"He was there waiting for me, and he greeted me so warmly that I confess my foolish girl heart fluttered. He was a man of the world—he could see that I was unused to attentions and easily flattered.

"We met again and again, and no one ever knew save the bright-eyed birds that looked silently down from their leafy coverts. He made me understand that the brightness of the world had begun for him when he saw my face first.

"Suddenly quite a strange idea took possession of me; what a glorious revenge it would be upon you and Olive to find, when you returned, that the child whom you had left because I was not old enough, and not stylish enough to take to Briarvale, was capable of attracting a handsome lover.

"For two weeks I saw Harold St. John each day, and the whole world changed for me. I began to look forward, when I parted from him, to the time I should see him again.

"I could not see his faults — I thought him charming. I imagined he was the Prince Charming sent to me—just as that other prince had been sent to poor little, hapless Cinderella, who had been left behind by her cruel sisters.

"At length the end came; I told him I could meet him no more.

"'Do you really mean it?' he asked, looking at me, pale with emotion, and coming nearer me.

"'Yes,' I answered. 'They would forbid me to see you, I am sure, if—if they knew—my relatives, I mean.'

"'You would not like that?' he asked, eagerly.

"And I confessed that I would not indeed.

"'If you care for me, we can remedy all that,' he said hurriedly. 'You can be mine, and no one can part us. Do you love me well enough to marry me, my darling?'

"I shrank back in affright, no such thought as marrying any one had come to me. I was so young the very idea bewildered me. He saw it.

"I cannot tell you how he pleaded with me— how he persuaded me, Hetty—telling me that he would take the revolver he carried from his breast pocket and shoot himself if I refused

"I prayed him not to do that.

"'Then marry me, my darling,' he said, 'for I cannot live without you.

"Listen, Hetty— over persuaded, talked into the belief that it was love I felt for him, I yielded.

"'There is no time like the present, my dear,' he said; 'we will be married at once in the little stone church on the brow of the hill yonder. It will be quite a lark. After the ceremony is over I will bring you to your relatives, and we will be forgiven.'

"Against my better judgment, though I was only a child, I yielded, Hetty."

A low cry of horror broke from Hetty's lips.

"Do not interrupt me, Hetty," cried Daisy, sobbing piteously, "let me tell all while I have the strength."

"Ah, heaven pity me! I went with him to the old stone church; and there at the dim altar the words were spoken which bound your unhappy sister to Harold St. John while life lasts, or death sets one or the other free.

"But at the church door he deserted me. Hetty, it appears that he had mistaken me from the first for Lillian Rathven, the heiress. That was how the mistake occurred in making out the marriage license he had brought with him, and that was the name the clergyman called me when he asked me if I would take the man by my side for better or for worse.

"When we had left the church and were out in the starlight, I asked him why I had been called Lillian Rathven. Then the whole terrible truth came out. I fainted away from the shock, and he deserted me then and there— left me lying face downward in the long grass to live or to die, as heaven saw fit."

CHAPTER XLI.

"Father I am the one."

"When I awoke to consciousness, Hetty," continued Daisy, "I found myself at home, with papa bending over me. He had started out to search for me, and had found me lying there.

"I dared not tell him what had happened, and all that night I suffered a terror of torture, expecting Harold St. John to return and claim me.

"You know the rest, Hetty, how you and Olive returned home and the startling story you told of the man who had been arrested at Briarvale, that he was an escaped forger whom they recaptured and had sent him to Sing Sing to pay the penalty of his crime by ten long years' imprisonment.

"How I lived through the months that followed you well remember. I faded away so fast you thought I was [illegible]

Harold St. John. I had learned to despise him at the church door—it was for fear, for shame, and agony at what I had done— it was a rash marriage, and I would have my whole life to repent for it.

"My only solace was— for ten long years he could not claim me— that was a great while out of a lifetime.

"Then Aleck came," pursued Daisy, "and you know full well, Hetty, not knowing my terrible secret how he wooed me, and I— God help me, I learned to love him with all the strength of my heart, then I knew what true love really meant.

"And when he asked me to marry him, Hetty, I almost died with grief and remorse. I knew Aleck must be nothing to me, and I learned to love him— too late.

"Then, in the stillness of my room one night a bitter temptation came to me; I had already taken one step in the wrong path, could another matter much? I had already wrecked my life —why not take a few years' happiness out of it by marrying Aleck, and when the dreaded ten years were

[illegible] (To be Continued.)

Anecdotal.

It is recorded of Mr. W. S. Gilbert that on hearing of the title of Henry Arthur Jones' new play, "The Princess's Nose," he remarked, "I hope it may run long."

United States Senator Hoar received word the other day that a friend, who had been supposed to have appendicitis, was suffering not from that ailment, but from acute indigestion. "That is good news," said the Senator. "I rejoice that the trouble lies in the table of contents rather than in the appendix."

Samuel Rogers, the poet, told of an Englishman and a Frenchman who had to fight a duel. That they might have a better chance of missing one another, they were to fight in a dark room. The Englishman fired up the chimney and brought down the Frenchman! "When I tell this story in Paris," added Rogers, "I put the Englishman up the chimney."

James G. Blaine used to tell this story: Once in Dublin, toward the end of the opera, Satan was conducting Faust through a trap-door which represented the gates of Hades. His Majesty got through all right—he was used to going below—but Faust, who was quite stout, got only about halfway in, and no squeezing would get him any farther. Suddenly an Irishman in the gallery exclaimed, devoutly, "Thank God, hell is full."

When Moses Coit Tyler, the celebrated professor of history at Cornell, was an instructor at the University of Michigan, he had charge of a class in English that assembled at 8 o'clock a.m. One raw February morning at roll-call, he read the name of "Mr. Robbins," a member of the class, without getting an answer. "Mr. Robbins," he repeated in a slightly louder voice. Still no reply. "Ah," said the instructor, with a quiet smile, "come to think of it, it is rather early for robins."

Once during a heated debate between Senator Joseph B. Foraker, of Ohio, and Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas, the question of law in Texas and law in Ohio came up. The passage became warm. Foraker, by way of a parting shot, told Bailey that if he would come to Ohio he would learn a great deal of law that he did not know. "If there is so very much law to be learned in Ohio," remarked Bailey, "I must advise the Senator to spend all his spare time there. He needs it."

A somewhat apocryphal anecdote of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is going the rounds of the United States press. During the last general elections, it is related, a Quebec Liberal, whose acquaintance with Sir Wilfrid was only political, sent this telegram to his leader, who was in Ontario on a speech-making tour: "Report in circulation in this county that your children have not been baptized. Telegraph denial." To which despatch the Premier sent this reply: "Sorry to say report is correct. I have no children."

Dr. MacNamara, in his collection of child stories, tells one concerning that wonderful dream of Jacob's and the angels going up the ladder to Heaven. "Please, sir," asked one of the boys in the class to which the story was being rehearsed, "why did the angels want to go up the ladder when they had wings?" This nonplussed the teacher, who took a strategic movement to the rear by saying, "Ah, yes! Why? Perhaps one of the boys can answer that." And one did. "Please, sir," said he, "because they was a-moulting."

Thomas A. Edison is deaf, but, like many whose hearing is defective, he sometimes understands what is said when it is least expected. There were visitors one day at his laboratory, to whom, as usual, he was polite, although busy, and he patiently answered many questions unnecessarily shouted at him. Finally, one of the visitors, the humorist of the party, said to another: "I bet he'd hear if we ask him to have a drink." "Yes," said Edison, looking directly at the man and smiling, "I would; but no, thank you, not to-day."

The late Lord Dufferin was fond of relating an amusing experience which occurred when he was returning to Ireland from a diplomatic mission to be married, and his engagement to the beautiful Miss Hamilton had just been announced. He landed one evening on the platform of a small country station near Clandeboye, and hired a driver to take him the four or five miles, but he was so muffled up that the driver failed to recognize him. Presently Lord Dufferin asked: "Any news about here?" "No news," grumpily replied the man, "except that the beautiful Miss Hamilton is going to marry that ugly fellow, Dufferin!"

Mrs. Smith—I reckon our Jane has got a first-rate husband.

Mrs. Brown—Well, you ought to be thankful.

Mrs. Smith—I hope I am, 'Gusty. Of course, he isn't much to look at, and he ain't over smart; but there's one thing, and that is he's saving. Why, the very first day after the marriage he told Jane she'd better let him take the engagement ring back and get the money returned. He said there was no longer any use for her to wear it now that she was married.—Boston Transcript.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following by-laws respectively were passed by the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Peterborough on the twentieth day of May, 1902, and that such by-laws respectively were registered in the Registry Office for the County of Peterborough on the twenty-third day of May, 1902, that is to say:

By-law No. 960 to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures to the amount of $11,202.25 secured by local special rates on the properties fronting or abutting on London street from George street to Rubidge street, on Rubidge street from London to Dublin streets, on Charlotte street from Park street to western limit of lot No. 56 Plan 78, on George street from Dublin to Argyle streets, on Argyle street from George street to a point 29 feet westerly of eastern limit of lot 15 plan 45, on Perry street from George to Aylmer streets, and on the south side of Perry street, from Aylmer to Bethune streets, in the Town of Peterborough, for the construction of sewers.

By-law No. 961 to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures to the amount of $1,645.28 to pay for the proportion of the cost of sewers on the parts of the streets in the Town of Peterborough set out in the foregoing paragraph (except Perry street from Aylmer to Bethune streets) payable by the Corporation of the Town of Peterborough.

By-law No. 962 to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures to the amount of $1545.62 secured by local special rates on the properties fronting or abutting on the parts of streets in the Town of Peterborough hereafter mentioned by way of a second assessment and to the amount of $1282.53 for the payment of the proportion of the cost thereof payable by the Corporation of the Town of Peterborough for the construction of granolithic sidewalks on the said parts of streets, namely: Water street from Dublin to Simcoe streets, Murray street from George to Aylmer streets and on the north side from Water to George streets, Brock streets from George to Aylmer streets and on the north side from Water to George streets, Hunter street from Water to Aylmer streets, and from Park street to Belmont Ave., and on south side from Reid to Park streets, on Simcoe street from Water to Bethune streets, and on the north side from Reid to Park streets, Park street on the west side from Hunter street to Charlotte street, Charlotte street from Downie to Rubidge, and on the south side from Aylmer to Bethune streets, and on the north side from Rubidge to Bethune streets, Stewart street on the east side from King to Hunter streets, on George street from Smith to Brock streets, Aylmer street from Charlotte to Simcoe street, on London street from Aylmer to Water streets, and on the north side from Water to Harvey streets, on Dalhousie street from Aylmer street to the Creek, and on the north side from the Creek to George street, on King street on the north side from Reid to Bethune streets, on Downie and Park streets on the east side from Charlotte to King streets, on Rubidge street from King to Charlotte streets, and on the west side from Charlotte to Scott streets and on Reid street on the west side from Simcoe to Hunter streets.

By-law No. 963 to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures to the amount of $150.16 secured by local special rates on the property fronting or abutting on the west side of Reid street between Charlotte and Simcoe streets in the Town of Peterborough for the construction of granolithic sidewalks thereon to the amount of $112.90 for the payment of the proportion of the cost thereof payable by the Corporation of the said Town.

Any motion to quash or set aside the said by-laws or any of them or any part of any of such by-laws must be made within one month from the date of registration and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated at Peterborough this 23rd day of May, 1902.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Sordon, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured many cases of Obesity [illegible] Reducing Stout Abdomen and [illegible] Hips & Corpulency. [illegible]

FOOT ELM

POSITIVELY CURES

- SWEATY FEET
- SORE FEET
- ACHING FEET
- BLISTERED FEET
- HOT FEET
- INFLAMED FEET
- SWOLLEN FEET

18 Powders 25c

Shun any man who offers you a substitute simply because he can make a few cents more profit out of you by persuading you to take a cheaper article.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 26 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The hotels will be closed on Thursday, election day.

—Work on the power house at No. 5 dam is now progressing.

—The election returns will be displayed on the market square on Thursday night.

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Despite the rain a large crowd took advantage of the holiday on Saturday to visit Stony Lake.

—A stone crusher has been put to work at the lower lock, where the new dam is being built.

—The steamer Manita will start her regular trips between Bridgenorth and Bobcaygeon on June 2nd.

—Two women appeared in the police court yesterday morning charged with keeping a house of ill-fame. They were remanded until Friday.

—The band excursion to Jubilee Point on Victoria Day was attended by 550 people. A delightful day was spent, the party arriving home about 9 o'clock.

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 41 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Dean.

—Here is what a lady has to say for Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema—"I am glad to say that I find a complete cure of my distressing case of eczema. My hands were so bad the nails would come off. I used one box and my hand is all healed." Price 50 cts a box or 3 boxes for $1.00. For sale by Ormond & Walsh.

—The first trackless trolley line goes to Franklin, N.H. The cars will run on a fine stretch of macadam. In place of the ordinary overhead conductor, two wires stretched on poles on either side of the road will serve to transmit the electricity. From these wires the current will be conveyed to a car by means of two poles extending out from the car's sides. The poles to be hung in such a way that the car can, if need be, deviate laterally from the regular course a distance of ten feet. In order for two cars to pass each other it will only be necessary for the motorman of one of them to remove his trolley poles from the wires for a moment, or until the other car goes past.

Long Service Medals

Lt.-Col. Edwards has received long service medals for the following members of the 57th: Sergt. W. F. Green, Sergt. F. Sharpe, Ptes. A. Blade, R. Mein, J. Crowe and J. A. Harper.

OBITUARY

The death occurred on Sunday at the residence of Mr. J. C. Sims, 7?? Water street, of Ann Brown, aged 92 years. Death was due to old age. The deceased was a native of County Cavan, Ireland, and came to this country when quite young. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Sims, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The remains will be interred in Little Lake Cemetery.

June Canadian Magazine

The leading article in the June Canadian Magazine is a lengthy, but vivacious sketch of King Edward VII and his Consort. This is illustrated with handsome photographs of their Majesties. One striking page gives four pictures of the King at various ages, showing the peculiar phases through which, in a life time, each human countenance passes.

STONY LAKE ITEMS

Mr. Rupert Donell has had the "Mayflower" put in first class shape again for the season, and made her first run of the season to Stony Lake on the 24th. The launch looks trimmer than ever. Mr. and Mrs. Donell, Miss Donell, Miss Pearl Faint, Miss Alice Donell and Mr. Rupert Donell went up for the holiday.

How to Beautify the Complexion.

To have a soft, smooth skin, free from eruptions and pimples, the blood must be healthy and pure. Ferrozone invigorates enfeebled blood, and cleanses it of all impurities and poisons; it brings color to the lips and cheeks, brilliancy to the eyes, whitens the teeth and sweetens the breath. No tonic compares with Ferrozone in rapid action and permanent results. Try it. Price 50c., at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure headache.

THE ELECTION RETURN

The Times Will Display the Returns on the Market Square

The Times has made a contract with the C.P.R. Telegraph Company for full election returns on Thursday night. A special wire will be placed in the Times office, and the returns will be taken hot from the wire as they come in and displayed on a sheet of white canvas 800 square feet in size, by lime light. The whole market square will be available for the great crowd that is sure to be on hand.

The Times is Peterborough's brightest and best daily newspaper, and its issue of Friday will contain the complete election returns of the Province.

We expect fully ten thousand persons on the market square on Thursday night.

The returns will start to come in about eight o'clock, and will continue until about midnight.

Returned from the Coast

The Monetary Times says: "It is agreeable to learn, as we do from Mr. E. W. Cox, general manager of the Canada Life, who has been as far west as the coast, that everywhere the prospects for business are good. Some portions of British Columbia excepted, things are 'humming' out west, as they are with us more staid folks in the East. Mr. Cox's errand was the inspection of his company's Western agencies, and he is encouraged to believe that they will have a larger amount of new insurance, even, than they had last year.

Over the Dam

On Sunday last a young dry goods clerk and a companion, forgetting the apostolic injunction to remember the Sabbath day, boarded a canoe and proceeded down the lake for a sail. Arriving at the locks one of the young men got out while the other proceeded to give an exhibition of expert canoemanship. During his evolutions the craft swung out into the current and was swept over the dam. The occupant of the boat was fired head first into the wet, damp water, while the canoe went sailing down stream on its own hook. The sailor fortunately was able to swim and managed to make shore when he was assisted up the bank to a place of safety. After catching his wind he started, by back alleys and byways, to the Munro House, where he boards, and put to bed until his nether garments dried. Later on the canoe was returned to the owner, considerably the worse of the wear.

MARK ST. EPWORTH LEAGUE

Rev. Jos. Kilgour Addresses the League Last Evening

A very instructive and pleasant hour was spent last evening by the members of the Epworth League of Mark st. church, when the Rev. Jos. Kilgour gave one of his well known and delightful lectures on the Book of Daniel.

The answers which were given by Mr. Kilgour to the different and varied questions which were propounded to him, showed his thorough acquaintance with the scriptures and his broad knowledge of biblical history. The ground of the prophecy which called forth interrogation was well covered, satisfactory and decisive, answers being given showing the careful study and deep learning of the speaker. Mr. Kilgour tries to give the best thoughts of the best thinkers that he can avail himself of—a fact which should appeal strongly to our young people, who should ever be anxious to improve their knowledge of Christ's kingdom. A plainer book than the Bible on moral matters could not be written and our ministers are laboring to make it more so, and in face of these facts are we profiting and growing in grace as we should be? It is because of your ignorance that we trifle. If we could only see the end how differently we would live? Let us therefore have the strength of God in the struggle of life.

The chair was occupied by Rev. C. L. Thompson, pastor, who assisted materially in the enjoyment of that evening, by the clear and concise manner in which he presented the matters for discussion.

Officers.

Hon Pres.—Rev. C. L. Thompson.
President—M. Hamilton.
1st Vice Pres.—M. Howson.
3rd Vice Pres.—Miss Davey.
4th Vice Pres.—M. Speer.
Secretary—L. Murray.
Treasurer—M. Thompson.
Organist—M. Speer.

Committees.

First named on each committee is convener.

Prayer Meeting—Messrs. Crowe, Matchett, Taylor and Mrs. Gardiner.
Lookout—Misses Thompson, Dawson, and Record and Messrs. Speer, Davy and Crowe.
Missionary—Misses Kate Wand, Ida Stewart and Alice Wand, Mrs. Matchett and Mrs. Taylor.
Visiting and Relief—Mr. Davey.
Temperance—Misses Wind, Noyes and Carton.
Literary—Mr. Matchett and Misses M. Thompson, L. Stewart and F. Whatley.
Musical—Messrs. Speer and Carton, Misses F. Thompson, L. Kindred.
Floral — Misses F. Thompson, Haslem, Glover and Brisbin.
Social—Messrs. Gardiner, Misses I. Kindred and J. Anderson.

ABOUT THE CORONATION

To the Editor of The Times:—

Dear Sir—It was with mingled feelings of surprise and amazement that I read the announcement in Friday's papers that an Englishman had been chosen to represent the 57th Regt. in the Coronation Contingent. Surely this must be a mistake, or is it possible that we have not in the 57th Regt. a native born Canadian who possesses the necessary qualification and physique "without padding." It seems to be the unanimous opinion that a blunder has been made, and it is up to someone to explain, perhaps the officers of the regiment can enlighten us. If an outsider can be hired to "join the Regt. and in a couple of years square himself to get the plum, where is the incentive to the younger members of the Regt. to take an interest in it. Thanking you Mr. Editor,

I am
CANADIAN.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring In and Around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either phoned or in writing.—Ed. Times.]

—Rev. Father Phelan, of Young's Point, was in town yesterday on business.

—Miss Pearl Lundy, of Havergal Ladies' College, spent Saturday and Sunday at her home here.

—Mr. R. N. Bell, of the Ontario Bank, spent the day in Toronto with his parents, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. R. W. Bell.

—Miss Kate Campbell and her cousin Sunday in Tweed, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Garrett.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. Woodruffe, and their little daughter, Miss Marguerite, were in town over Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Nugent.

—Mrs. W. H. Hooper and little daughter Miss Erma, accompanied by Miss Eva Byers, of Pontypool, spent the holidays in town.

—Bishop O'Connor conducted confirmation services in St. Mary's church, Grafton last Sunday. About 60 were received into the church.

Saturday's Mail and Empire: Miss Hamilton, of Peterborough, is in town for the races, and is one of Mr. Seagram's party. They are guests at the Queen's Hotel.

—Mr. N. D. Chambers, accompanied by two friends, Messrs. Whiteside and Macdonald, of the Heintzman Piano Co., Toronto, spent Sunday in town, the guest of his sister, Miss Chambers, Water st.

—Mr. Ed. J. Roy, Napanee, son of our esteemed fellow townsman, Mr. R. M. Roy, is in town on a visit to his parents. Mr. Roy is manager of the Dominion Rock Drill and Foundry Co., Limited, of Napanee.

The Times had a call yesterday from Mr. Wm. C. Benson, of the firm of Wm. C. Benson & Co., real estate and financial agents, London, Ontario. Mr. Benson's firm is one of the reputable and responsible financial institutions of the country and does a large business in first class mining and other securities. Mr. Benson is appointing agents in various centres to handle his stocks, and hopes to secure a responsible representative in Peterborough while here. He will probably leave for the west tomorrow.

Hundreds Won for Christ

Evangelist H. D. Kennedy, of town, who for the past few years has been engaged in evangelistic work throughout Ontario, has, during the last year, had the most successful year of his life. He left Peterborough the first of last July and has been constantly at work, chiefly in the Toronto conference, ever since, and upwards of six hundred have been converted in his meetings. At present he is at Ahmic Harbor where he will close shortly. Mr. Kennedy expects to spend a few days then in town, and will attend the Toronto Conference in June, and go from there to the Algoma district to hold meetings for three months. He has had a call to California for eight weeks work in the fall. At Parry Sound in March over one hundred professed Christ. The following is an extract which appeared in the Parry Sound North Star during Mr. Kennedy's visit there: "Evangelist Kennedy's sermons in the Methodist Church are attracting much attention. Throughout the town great interest prevails. True zeal, honest conviction and living sympathy breathe forth from every sermon, and many are being won for Christ. The preacher's style is earnest, pleasing and effective. In delineation of the great historic characters and events of the Jewish race his gifts are notable. Few preachers or religious teachers uncover so much in these ever interesting stories. Every sermon is instructive and helpful."

SPORTS, CONTINUED.

FIELD DAY OF SPORTS.

The T. A. S. Athletic club will have a field day of sports on the 1st of July. Their picnic held in former years on that date will be done away with and the T.A.S. athletic association will furnish a programme of sports for the occasion. A lacrosse match will be played with an outside team, and a big day's sport is expected.

BASEBALL.

On Saturday a game of ball was played between the Royal Canadians and the Coal Heavers, a local combination. The rain interfered with the play and the match was called off in Peterborough's seventh. Mr. Fred. Whitcroft umpired the game to the satisfaction of all.

The result was as follows:

Royal Canadians ... —0006010—7 4 1
Peterborough ....—000000x—0 2 4

Batteries—Stoney and Greer, Earle and Graham.

THE GUN

There was a splendid turnout at the ranges on May 24th, considering the threatening state of the weather and the fact that many people took the advantage of the holiday to visit out of town places. The following was the score:

Pte. Vinette	12
Sergt. Haight	37
Pte. Harvey	56
Pte. Rombrough	60
Pte. Ballantyne, F. A	58
Pte. Craig, R	45
Pte. Orr	21
Pte. Orr, R	68
Pte. Spence	22
Pte. Scriber	14
Pte. Perks	40
Sergt. Jackson	73
Pte. Hawes, L	77
Pte. Robertson	61
Pte. Harrison	21
Pte. Dummitt, F	45
Lieut. Layfield	76
Lieut. Dradburn	47
Sergt. Shephard	56
Pte. Porter	32
Col.-Sergt. Edwards	62
Corpl. Cole	68
Pte. Anderson	32
Col.-Sergt. Moore	80
Pte. Wilson	61
Capt. Clegg	46
Sergt. Burnham	50
Pte. McQuay	23
Pte. Gowie	33
Pte. Gray	18
Corpl. Manley	80
Lieut. Cameron	78
Pte. Nichols	43
Sergt. W. Armstrong	76
Corpl. Brown	70
Pte. McIntee	26
Capt. Cluxton	21
Pte. Giles	37
Pte. Pollock	32
Pte. Kingdon	88
Sergt.-Major Britain	18
Pte. Fredenburg	2

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1 75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular woy $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2 20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3 65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4 25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12 00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

VICTORIA DAY

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

GOING MAY 23 AND 24, RETURNING UNTIL MAY 26 1902

Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y. and Buffalo, N. Y.

A. H. NOTMAN
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agen
1 King St. East, Toronto

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

MAY 24th 19

Return tickets will be issued at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Between all stations in Canada; all stations in Canada to and from Detroit, Mich., Port Huron, Mich., Fort Covington, N. Y., Bombay Jct., N. Y., Helena, N. Y., Massena Springs, N. Y., Rouse Point, N. Y., Island Pond Vt., all stations in Canada to, but not from Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

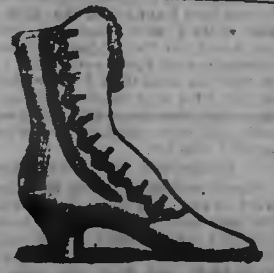
GOOD GOING MAY 23rd OR 24th

Valid returning from Destination on or before May 26th, 1902.

Tickets and all information from

W. BUNTON, Uptown Agent.

Everybody reads The Times.



FOR STYLISH

Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

Peterborough Radical Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R. Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
Peterborough, Ont.

A Genuine Bargain

The undersigned has a fine lady's and gentleman's bicycle, for sale at a bargain. These wheels are bran new—never having been used. Call and see them. Apply to C. Wilkeny at City Hotel.

CZAR FOR GENERAL PEACE

His Speech at a Luncheon to President Loubet Points in That Direction.

St. Petersburg, May 27.—At the luncheon to President Loubet to-day the Czar made a speech in which he said that the feeling between the French and Russian armies constituted a real brotherhood of arms. It was not intended as support aggressive objects, but to strengthen the maintenance of general peace and to safeguard respect for the high principles which assure the welfare, and favor the progress of nations.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 48c
Smocks, at.......................90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

??? George street, Peterborough
Telephone 120 ??? and ???. day or night

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 123 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO WEDNESDAY MAY 28 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE KING LABORS HARD TO BRING ABOUT PEACE

Working Actively in Promoting Negotiations for Ending the Boer War

London, May 28.—There is no longer doubt but that the developments in the South African situation will lead to peace.

One of the strongest influences tending in that direction is the active participation in negotiation by the King.

A member of the Government said to-day: "Everything is practically settled, and the war is practically at an end. It may be, however, that several weeks will elapse before a definite announcement can be made. We want to give the Boer leaders every chance in their conferences with their followers and, that takes time."

The main points of difference referred to in the Cabinet meeting were as to fixing a time for the establishing of Boer autonomy, the immediate restoring of constitutional rights to the Dutch in Cape Colony, the using of the cable to consult the Boer leaders in Holland as the formal embodying of the terms ultimately agreed upon in an instrument signed by both parties.

The British Cabinet had already refused to consent to the first three of these proposals, but from hints let fall from Ministerial quarters it is probable that counter proposals affording a basis for a compromise were forwarded.

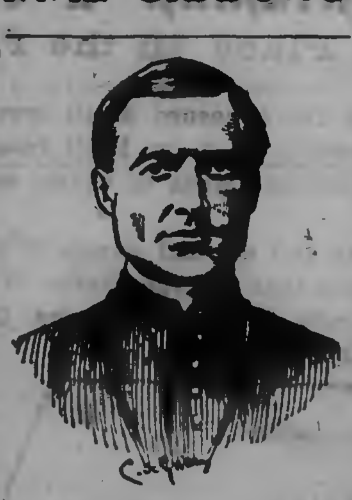
Colonial Secretary Chamberlain remained in London at the King's request to communicate all the news immediately on arrival. The King wants peace at almost any cost, and it is now known that the overtures from Lord Kitchener which induced the Boer leaders to come in were the result of determined pressure by the King on an unwilling Cabinet.

If it is peace it will be the King's peace, and the King has signified his desire to make known personally to the nation the result of the negotiation if favorable. Probably it would be a message to both Houses of Parliament.

POPE TO CARDINAL GIBBONS

Pope Leo's Remarkable Letter on Catholicism in America

The Vaticans Attitude Toward the United States Made Clear



CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Special to The Times.

Rome, May 28.—Leo XIII's letter to Cardinal Gibbons on the Pope's conduct in regard to the United States is the keystone of the Papal American policy. At the time of Prince Henry of Prussia's too pompous and yet fruitless journey, I pointed out clearly the continuity of the Roman policy. Leo XIII. first, alone for a long time, before the flatteries of Germany, the advances of England and the literary and commercial pilgrimages of France to Washington, foresaw the expansion of the starry flag, co-operated with the United States, and placed his forces and his valuable aid in the service of unification. The Pope has not wearied of his watchful and helpful constancy. In vain did rivalry and dissension within the bosom of the Church itself picture the downfall of his plans—Leo XIII. remained unmoved.

To-day's letter continues his mission and brings out prominently the permanent bond. "If at the very beginning of our supreme pontificate," he says, "we were moved with great joy in looking at the situation of your country, now, having held this office for more than twenty-four years, we must admit that at no moment has that early joy been diminished, but that, on the contrary, it has grown more and more from day to day, in proportion as the progress of the Catholic faith among your people became more marked. This must be attributed in the first place to the will of God, but it is also due to your zeal and to your exertions. We must, in fact, congratulate your wisdom in that, knowing well the character of the nation, you have been able to promote prudently all kinds of Catholic institutions in accordance with the minds and the peculiarities of the people."

There is condensed a placid page of history, and at the same time an inestimable tribute. We are far from the days when narrow minds and misled Continentals tried to create a sort of conflict between Rome and America. "Americanism!" they said, "there is the danger. Americanism, that is the new mask of schism and of heresy." Americanism was naturalism, rationalism, the sum total of all bad isms. The second letter explains and throws light on the first to Cardinal Gibbons: "A long experience," the Pope goes on to say, "obliges us to admit that, thanks to your efforts, we have found among your compatriots docile minds and ardent souls, showing that they were ready to meet our desires. So, while almost all other nations which for many successive centuries have professed the Catholic religion have undergone painful evolutions and vicissitudes, the state of your church is, on the contrary, possessing, so to speak, blooming youth, delights our minds and fills them with joy. It is true, the civil government grants us no legal favors, but the heads of the Republic undoubtedly deserve the praise that they refuse us no just liberty."

In this letter we have the confirmation of the spirit that made Leo XIII. dictate his first letter on Americanism. At the beginning, in the middle and at the end of the document the Holy Father had taken perspicacious care in distinguishing between the true American Americanism and the false continental "Americanism" grafted on abstractions and on borrowed ideas that had become caricatures. While passions were inflamed The Sun made the distinction and showed the inevitable differences.

Ever since that episode Leo XIII. has steadily laid weight on the interpretation that was misunderstood at first. To-day's letter is the last link in the golden chain; its originality as a religious act emphasizes its importance, for is not this letter the only one that Leo XIII. has written in reply to the congratulations for his jubilee?

This is an adroit preface for the negotiations which will be undertaken with the Holy See by President Roosevelt's Philippines Commission when it stops over at the Vatican a few days from now. It emphasizes the spirit of the relations, and their glad co-operations. Mr. Taft, Mgr. O'Gorman, Mr. Smith and the Secretary of the Mission will be received at Rome as the envoys of Napoleon and of Bismark were received in former days. At the moment when dynasties and governments are courting the United States, the United States call upon the Vatican. That is only right. The first assistant was the Pope. His is the honor of having betimes crossed the Atlantic.

The Italian Senate has given us a show, the furious fight between Gen. Pelloux, the late Minister, and Signor Giolitti, who is now in power. The leader of the opposition reproached the Cabinet with destroying the monarchy by its alliance with the Republicans and Socialists, just as earlier the radicals accused the conservatives of endangering institutions by their spirit of reaction. The Chamber accorded the Minister a majority of only five votes. That isn't much. But the importance of the incident is in the dilemma in which the House of Savoy is placed. If it relies on the Right it risks being overthrown; if it leans upon the Left it hastens toward suicide. It is a strange fate.

Equal Suffrage in Australia.

Special to The Times.

Sydney, N.S.W., May 28.—The New South Wales parliament met and organized today. Especial interest attaches to the session as the woman's suffrage bill occupies a prominent place in the legislative programme.

For Study of Negro Problems

Special to The Times.

Atlanta, Ga., May 28.—The seventh annual conference for the study of the negro problems convened at the Atlanta University to-day. Booker T. Washington of Tuskegee, William Benson of Kowaliga, and representatives from Fisk, Hampton, Prairie View and other institutions are among the participants.

Seattle Terminal for Asiatic Line

Special to The Times

Seattle, Wash., May 28.—The Great Northern Railway company has decided to make this city the chief eastern terminal of its great line of Atlantic steamships. It is said, unofficially but on reliable authority, that the Hill interests intend building up a large transcontinental, transpacific, coastwise and local trade. Several small steamships already have been purchased to engage in the local and Puget Sound trade. The two great ocean freighters, now under course of construction, in a short time will be ready to place on the run between this city and Asiatic ports.

Gotham Welcomes French Visitors

Special to The Times.

New York, May 28.—The distinguished French visitors who came over to attend the dedication of the Rochambeau monument arrived in New York this afternoon and receive a welcome that could not fail but leave a pleasant memory. The party landed at the Battery and were escorted by Squadron A and other military organizations to the City Hall, where the visitors were welcomed by Mayor Low. They then proceeded to the Waldorf-Astoria, where the Mayor returned the visits, and the delegation, headed by M. Cambon, received the French residents of the city. This evening the visitors are to be the guests of the Society of the Cincinnati at dinner at the Metropolitan club.

French visitors at Niagara.

Special to The Times.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 28.—General Brugere and his fellow members of the French mission to the Rochambeau dedication visited Niagara Falls to-day. The visitors reached Buffalo shortly after 8 o'clock this morning and before leaving for the Falls a visit was paid to the City Hall where the party was received and welcomed by Mayor Knight and a committee of representative citizens. The afternoon was spent in viewing the Falls and at 4 p.m. the party left over the New York Central for West Point.

Turning Down the Doctors.

The marvellous cures of Catarrhozone are being much talked about. Thousands are daily recognizing the exceptional merit of this simple inhaler treatment, and instead of running to the doctor with their winter ills they protect themselves by Catarrhozone; it kills colds in the head in ten minutes, quickly relieves catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, lung troubles, and cures even though all other remedies have failed. Catarrhozone is very pleasant, safe and convenient to use. Its best recommendation is its enormous sale; try it to-day. Price $1.00, small size 25c., at druggists.

GREAT BRITAIN'S REPLY SENT BY THE GOVERNMENT TO PRETORIA

The Budget Debate Adjourned to Avoid Any Discussion Of Peace

Special to The Times.

London, May 27.—The British Cabinet was in session for two hours today, discussing the communications received from Pretoria since the meeting of the Ministers on Friday last. It is understood that the inner committee of the Cabinet will telegraph the result of the deliberations to Pretoria this afternoon. The Boer delegates at the Transvaal capital will then probably return to Vereeniging and report to the burghers, who are still assembled there.

A. J. Balfour, the Government leader made no statement in the House of Commons today in regard to the peace negotiations but he announced a postponement of the discussion of the budget, fixed for this week, remarking that it would be very inconvenient to debate the budget "while there were other things in the balance."

Mr. Balfour subsequently explained that it would be impossible in discussing the budget to prevent references to the peace negotiations.

New York to Greet French Visitors.

New York, May 28.—Everything is in readiness for the welcome in New York to-morrow of the distinguished members of the French mission who came over to attend the unveiling of the Rochambeau monument. The party will land at the Battery at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and will be escorted to the City Hall, where the visitors will be welcomed by Mayor Low. For the remainder of their stay in the metropolis the entertainment programme provides for reception at the Waldorf-Astoria, a banquet at the Metropolitan Club, a visit to Grant's Tomb, followed by a luncheon at Claremont, and a dinner at Sherry's together with several private functions of an elaborate character.

SAW MOUNT PELEE IN BURST OF FLAME

Ship From Volcano Scene Arrives at Philadelphia

CLOSE TO RODDAM WRECK

Captain Whymper, of Steamer Whitgrift, Witnessed Eruption After the Destruction of St. Pierre

One of the Grandest and at the Same Time Most Horrible Sights Ever Witnessed—The Great Tidal Wave

Wilmington, Del., May 27.—The British steamship Whitgrift, commanded by Captain Charles Whymper, arrived here this afternoon fresh from the zone of the volcanic eruptions in the West Indian Islands. On May 16 she touched at St. Lucia, 49 miles from Martinique. The Captain says that when he left St. Lucia the people were in a state of panic, and many of the women and children were being removed to places of supposed safety. Business was considerably interfered with, as the people were in dread of a volcanic eruption on that island.

The Whitgrift's hull is scarred and rusty, and gray volcanic dust is still clinging to her spars and decks.

"Of Martinique itself I only got a distant view," says Captain Whymper. "We gave the island a wide berth, yet we passed within three miles, near enough to see that the work of destruction was complete.

"We had been sailing over smooth seas until we approached within 40 miles of St. Pierre. Then the sea was lashed into fury and our heavily-laden ship was tossed about as a cork. Martinique lay toward the northeast. A dense mass of smoke hid the island. Mont Pelee was sending up dense volumes of smoke, dust, fire and stones. When the wind blew the smoke away we could see no signs of habitation. Everything had been destroyed.

"For nearly one hundred miles dust fell thickly. It took us a day to pass through it.

"I passed under the stern of the Roddam. It was the most abject wreck I ever saw afloat. Her spars, funnels and upper works were gone. What little woodwork remained was charred and blackened. Eighteen of her men were lying dead on the decks."

Captain Whymper says he saw Captain Chas. Freeman, of the boat, lying in the hospital, and fears that he will never be able to be about again.

At the Barbadoes the Captain met Samuel A. McAllister, of this city, the United States Consul, who is helping to relieve the surviving inhabitants of the stricken island.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 27.—Captain Braastad, of the Norwegian steamer, which is here, says:

"We arrived at Fort de France on May 15. When nearing the port we saw a smoke cloud overhanging the island and passed many swollen corpses. At 5 o'clock in the morning of May 20 a tidal wave parted the Helga's hawsers and the steamer went adrift, but was brought to anchor quickly. There was a heavy fall of volcanic matter and the tidal waves recurred rapidly. We sailed for St. Lucia in the afternoon with a number of refugees on board. Passing St. Pierre in the morning of May 22, we found that Mont Pelee was emitting heavy clouds of smoke."

Captain Braastad has in his possession a stone weighing several pounds which fell on the deck of his steamer.

Washington, D. D., May 27.—Consul Ayme cabled the State Department from Martinique to-day saying the Admiral of the French flagship Tage has advised him that sufficient supplies to meet the needs of the people of the island for four months are on hand, and suggesting that no further supplies are needed. The American warships now in the French and British West Indies will doubtless be left there so long as they can be of service, and until danger of further serious disasters on Martinique and St. Vincent are passed.

Superintendent Tittman of the coast and geodetic survey furnishes the following memorandum regarding the disturbance of magnetic needles by the second eruption of Mont Pelee:

On the morning of May 20, from 4.07 to 4.16 Eastern time, or 5.03 to 5.12 St. Pierre local mean time, there occurred a slight disturbance of the magnetic needles at the Coast and Geodetic Survey magnetic observatory at Cheltenham, Md., beginning abruptly and reaching its maximum effect at 5.07. From 11.57 p.m., May 20, to 0.09 a.m., Eastern time, or from 0.53 to 1.05 a.m., May 21, St. Pierre local mean time, a similar but somewhat larger disturbance occurred.

According to the cable despatch from Fort de France, dated Tuesday, May 20, the second eruption of Mont Pelee apparently began about 5.15 a.m., closely coincident with the first magnetic disturbance given above.

Respecting the second magnetic disturbance, about midnight of May 20, it is of interest to note that almost continuous earthquake shocks were felt at St. Augustine, Fla., from 9 to midnight, May 02.

Paris, May 27.—The Russian Minister of Finance, M. Witte, in behalf of the Russian Government, has telegraphed 250,000 francs to the Martinique Relief Fund.

The Emperor of Japan has subscribed 10,000 francs to the Martinique Relief Fund.

Roseau, Island of Dominica, B.W.I., May 27.—During the whole of last night ashes from the volcano on the island of Martinique fell here in greater quantity than ever experienced since the outbreak of Mont Pelee.

A Scientist's Report.

Port de France, May 26.—Professor Robert T. Hill, United States Government geologist and head of the expedition sent by the National Geographical Society, has just come in from a daring and prolonged investigation of the volcanic activity in Martinique. Professor Hill chartered a steamer and carefully examined the coast as far north as Port de Macouba, at the extreme end of the island, making frequent landings. After landing at Le Precheur, five miles north of St. Pierre, he walked through an area of active volcanism to the latter place and made a minute examination of the various phenomena disclosed.

Professor Hill is the first and only man who has set foot in the area of craters, fissures, and fumaroles, and, because of his high position as a scientist, his narrative is valuable. In addition to his work of investigation, the professor rescued in his steamer many poor people who had ventured back after deserting their homes and found themselves in awful danger.

Three Zones.

He reports as follows: The zone of the catastrophe in Martinique forms an elongated oval, containing, on land, about eight square miles of destruction. This oval is partly over the sea. The land part is bounded by lines running from Le Precheur to the peak of Mont Pelee, then curving around to Carbet. There were three well marked zones, first a centre of annihilation, in which all life, vegetable and animal, was utterly destroyed; the greater northern portion of St. Pierre was in this zone. Second, a zone of singeing, blistering flame, which also was fatal to all life, killing all men and animals, burning the leaves on the trees, and scorching, but not utterly destroying, the trees themselves. Third, a large outer, non-destructive zone, of ashes, wherein some vegetation was injured. The focus of annihilation was the new crater midway between the sea and the peak of Mont Pelee where now exists a new area of active volcanism, with hundreds of fumaroles or miniature volcanoes.

Vomiting Black, Hot Mud.

The new crater is now vomiting black, hot mud, which is falling into the sea. Both craters, the old and new, are active. Mushroom-shaped steam explosions constantly ascend from the old crater, while heavy, ash-laden clouds float horizontally from the new crater. The old ejecta, steam, smoke, mud, pumice, and lapilli, but no molten lava.

The salient topography of the region is unaltered. The destruction of St. Pierre was due to the new crater. The explosion had great superficial force, acting in radial directions as is evidenced by the dismounting and carrying for yards the guns in the battery on the hill south of St. Pierre and the colonial statue of the Virgin in the same locality and also by the condition of the ruined houses in St. Pierre.

According to the testimony of some persons there was an accompanying flame. Others think the incandescent cinders and the force of their ejection were sufficient to cause the destruction. This must be investigated. I am now following the nature of this hill.

This is the first, positive scientific statement based on observed facts. Prof. Hill has now started on horseback for the volcano. He will study the whole affected area, and will try to get to both craters. He will surely visit Morne Rouge and the slope of Mont Pelee. The undertaking is very hazardous, as explosions may occur at any moment, as one did May 20. Prof. Hill knows the risk he takes, but says the only way to discover exactly what has happened is to go to the crater itself or as nearly as possible.

New Source of Fright.

Fort de France is nearly deserted. A new source of fright is fear that a tidal wave may come. A wave eight feet high would certainly destroy Fort de France, and probably cause enormous loss of life.

The weather is lowering and rainy. The south winds carry the smoke and ashes from the volcano away from Fort de France.

In order to avoid a possible epidemic among the seven thousand refugees now at Fort de France it has been decided to distribute them among a number of depots.

British Mule Shipments Stopped

New Orleans, La., May 28.—Despite the fact that President Roosevelt found that there was no violation of neutrality in the British mule shipments from Chalmette, La., to South Africa, the shipments are to stop and the employees of the British Government who are here will go to Mexico and Canada.

There is a persistent report to the effect that the British Government received a "private tip" from the Washington Administration to stop the shipments from this country.

The Agonizing Pains of Rheumatism.

A blotched, pimply, disfigured face, feeling of exhaustion, wracked nerves, headache and a dull brain. The proper cure is one Ferrozone tablet after each meal. Ferrozone clears and beautifies the complexion by making rich, pure blood. It restores the enfeebled brain and unstrung nerves to a healthy, vigorous condition. It invigorates all the physical and mental powers, and brings strength and ambition to the depressed. Refuse a substitute for Ferrozone—it's the best tonic, rebuilder and invigorator known. Price 50c., at druggists, or Ormond & Walsh.

THE BRITISH SEE THE EMPEROR'S ARM

To Cause a Break in Anglo-American Friendship

TO STIR UP GREAT HOSTILITY

Using Steamship Deal to Stir Up Hostility—London Press Now Alive to the Situation—Reaction Follows—Revolution in Diplomacy on Commercial Lines

Special to the Times.

London, May 28.—A remarkable insight into the future development of international politics along the lines of commercial rivalry has been given this week. It marks the beginning of the revolution which has so long been prophesied in the diplomatic world, and recognizes a new power for shaping international destinies, of which Mr. Morgan is the pioneer representative.

The Times was the first to call attention to this matter in significant articles dealing with the alleged efforts of Germany to use the steamship deal to stir up hostility between England and the United States. It was urged that the Kaiser would be quick to see in the first outbreak of resentment of British pride an opportunity to turn it to the advantage of the Germans both in England and America. The Spectator to-day puts the case in this trenchant language:

"Germany, by the semi-official means which she knows so well how to employ, has seen an excellent opportunity in the excitement here, to exaggerate the perils to which we are being exposed, and has done her best to egg us on to resist the invasion of Great Britain by America. Her newspapers in public and her rulers in private have first triumphed over our alleged discomfiture and then urged us to arm and withstand the American invader before it is too late.

"This object in doing this has apparently been hidden from the majority of the leaders of public opinion, including a large number of members of the House of Commons, yet the aim of Germany is clear enough. She is terribly alarmed at the notion that America is entering on anything approaching commercial co-operation with Great Britain, for she sees in that prospect the creation of a force which would infallibly destroy her most cherished ambition. Accordingly, she has striven her hardest to make the assertion of America's claim to share in the Atlantic transport business not a source of closer relations between the two branches of our race, as it should be, but of enmity and distrust.

"The German Intelligence Department has grasped what the British public has not—that co-operation in the Atlantic carrying trade, and so in the carrying of our food supplies—would have an important effect on any future war between England and the Powers of the Continent. They see, though we do not, what we stand to gain politically and they to lose.

"Accordingly Germany is most anxious, if she cannot actually stop the shipping combine, to make it a source of ill-feeling between England and America."

This and other manifestations of awakening common sense after the first indignation over the shipping combine, mark a decided reaction of English opinion on Mr. Morgan's coup. The real significance of these discussions, as already indicated, lies in the advent of a great new factor in world politics, which is destined ere long to become the controlling influence.

Another extremely interesting article printed in the Spectator discusses the Kaiser's efforts to ingratiate himself and his countrymen with the American people. The writer argues that Emperor William fails to understand the Americans. He is sincerely anxious to win their respect and regard. He believes probably that the future of the world belongs in equal parts to the United States and the German world-power, and he would like to arrive at an agreement which would, he thinks, be useful and beneficial to both. He has no desire to trick or fake in the United States or to get them to sacrifice any interests essential to their welfare. His attitude, in fact, is that of a business man who says

"There is plenty of room for both of our firms, and when I say I desire to make things easy for you I am not trying to bamboozle you, but mean genuine and honest co-operation."

This is the attitude of the Emperor. In all probability he has not for the moment got any definite business proposal to make to the American people, or rather if he has, he realizes that the time has not yet arrived. But till he makes that proposal he wants them to feel confidence in him and his aims and policy.

The writer proceeds to point out that the Kaiser must not imagine that Americans can be won by flattery. Moreover, nothing will win their confidence and affection unless he is prepared to do honor to certain ideals of which the Americans believe themselves to be special guardians, namely—civil and religious liberty, equality before the law, and the abolition of special and personal privileges. Nobody believes, however, that the Kaiser will give up his autocratic pretensions or cease to require the slavish obedience demanded by the divine right of royalism.

RESTORATION OF TIEN TSIN.

Special to The Times.

London, May 27.—The Pekin correspondent of The Times says that in the conditions drawn up for the restoration of Tien Tsin to the native Government the foreign commanders insist upon refusing to permit Chinese troops to approach within thirty kilometers of the city. This means, says the correspondent, that an area of more than one thousand square miles is to be deprived of the only means the Chinese possess of maintaining order, and will sooner or later again compel foreign intervention.

WEATHER NOTES

Wednesday—Fair with stationary or a little higher temperature.

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.
Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.
Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.
Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine, and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 28, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Stratton is a sure winner.

• • •

One day more and then to the polls!

• • • •

A vote for Stratton is a vote for Peterborough.

• • • •

It is a sad sight to observe our Tory friends have again taken to the Bole.

• • • •

So far the little local Tory organ has not called Mr. Stratton a horse thief. There must be something wrong 'round the corner

• • • •

Mr. orator Garvin is badly rattled the other night Mr. R. F. McWilliams got after him. He can't even play golf now.

• • • •

Come around to the market square tomorrow night and see The Times' election returns by lime light.

• • •

Mr. Stratton has faithfully represented this riding for 16 years, and it would be foolish to think of a change when he is in a position to do so much good.

• • • •

Mr. Stratton is worthy of the support of the electors of West Peterborough because he has always been foremost in promoting their welfare.

• • • •

There is only one kind of Victory that would be fitting for the present occasion in West Peterborough: Give Mr. Stratton an increased majority.

• • • •

We hear a good deal said about voting for Mr. Stratton's opponent. We would like to hear of a single instance in which Mr. Stratton failed to do his duty by his constituents. They have ever been his first thought, and no man could do more than he has done. True as steel to his people they should see that he is rewarded by heaping up his majority.

• • • •

Formal announcement of peace was not among the causes of rejoicing on Victoria Day, but the belief is so widespread that the end of the war is at hand that, unless something unforeseen happens, May 24th, 1902, will be associated in many minds with the happy event. It is quite probable that the Dutch rebels will continue to keep in the woods after the Boers have laid down their arms.

• • • •

Steyn and the Free State leaders are reluctant to accept a peace which extinguishes the last hope of independence for their little commonwealth.

No wonder.

The Free State has allowed Steyn to write it down in history as a most illustrious donkey. Britain had given the Free State absolutely no cause of offence. The assurance of help from the Free State encouraged Kruger to believe that he could safely defy Britain. The war was of the Free State's own making.

INDIAN ULTIMATUM

Chief Gabriel says there Will be War if Disputes are not Settled

Montreal, May 28 — "Indians of Oka will have war if Governor-General of Canada will not listen to King's orders and stop these officers and French people from troubling us." Thus writes Joseph Kennatosse Gabriel, one of the councillors and chiefs on the Indian reservation. The Indians have had some trouble for a number of months past with parties on whose lands they cut wood, as they claimed by right, and warrants were issued as a result for Gabriel and another named Beauvais. They both escaped, and the next heard of Kennatosse was from London, where he tried to interview the King at Buckingham Palace in regard to title to lands in dispute. Some bright flunkey sent him to the American embassy. Gilbert Parker finally took the chief in hand and advised him to return to Canada and see the Canadian Government. Gabriel's ultimatum continues: "In the old agreement and treaties the English said, I have taken you and your wives and children, so that no one shall molest or hurt you, so that while the sun and moon gives light, the mountains remain and the rivers run, all those who remember the old agreement are asked to come and help. The chief has been to England to King Edward VII and has the King's order to take to the Government, but they seem to refuse to listen."

MAJOR MILLER'S DEATH

This spasm is not original; it is copied and altered to suit the occasion by a correspondent of this great family journal:

Not a cry was heard, not a sorrowful word
As his corpse from the committee room they hurried;
For the fight was now over, and everyone said,
That the Major was deeply buried.

Gladly he entered the fight, hoping to win,
For the wily Tories deceived him;
They led him to think he should surely get in
Now the political grave received him.

He had told about school-books municipal law,
About boodling he did some squealing,
But he found to his cost that the cards did not draw,
That the Province wished none of his healing.

A few stood around, said a lovely Amen;
And the Grits were all broadly smiling,
And they looked up their sleeves, did these bad Tory men—
For now they were now through beguiling.

Items of News

FOUR YOUNGSTERS IN GREAT PERIL.

There is much alarm at Port Credit regarding the safety of four lads of that village named George Johnston, aged 17; Harry Stewart, aged 14; his brother, Bert, aged 12 years, and Eddie McBride, aged 14 years. They obtained a boat yesterday evening and went away in it. Which direction they took is not known, but, as there was a strong off-shore wind blowing and as the night was very cold it is feared the boys may have been blown out on the lake and may all have perished.

In great anxiety, James McBride, father of one of the missing lads, drove in from Port Credit this morning and reported the matter to the Parkdale police, after sending a despatch to Hamilton as well, and making enquiries along the road.

When it is remembered that the oldest is only 17, while one is only 12, it is not probable that any of them appreciated the danger of an off-shore wind. The parents are distracted over the affair.

A NEW SYSTEM TO BE ADOPTED.

Montreal, Que., May 27.—As a consequence of an arrest made here on the charge of smuggling by Chief of Detectives Carter, at the instance of Chief Inspector Jones of the Customs Department, it is probable that an entire change will be made in the system of examining baggage coming into Canada from the United States.

Lewis Henry was arrested, charged with smuggling jewellery into Canada to the value of $2,000. Henry is in the wine-making business and imported this jewellery consisting of watches, diamonds, rings, and other articles to New York, paying there, and so he shipped it as ordinary baggage to this city. By some means he got the trunks through without examination, and it was only by an accident that the customs officials got wind of the affair. It is understood the customs department will at once adopt the United States system all along the border, station customs officers in the chief United States centres and hold all baggage at the border which has not been examined and passed.

THE NAVY ALSO WILL CELEBRATE.

Special to The Times.

London, May 27.—The Admiralty is making preparations under the initiative of the Prince of Wales, to enable the British fleet all over the world to join the coronation ceremonies. Warships will be sent to the principal ports of each station.

London, May 27 — The London Statist of a recent date contains the official statement of the British Treasury returns of expenses for the wars in South Africa and China. Up to March of this year the former war has cost $796,870,000, while the estimated expenses for the current year will bring these figures to $1,114,870,000. The cost of the China campaign will add $30,000,000 more to this total. To pay the war bills of the year and also meet a deficit in the ordinary expenditures the ordinary revenue would have had to be increased by $80,000,000. The treasury will receive for the four years of the war up to March 1903 $390,000,000 from taxes, leaving $775,000,000 to be obtained by the convenient method of adding it to the national debt, which will be a charge for years. It is little wonder that the English people are anxious for a successful issue of the present negotiations with the Boers.

New York, May 28.—The rioting around the Kosher meat markets on the east side continued yesterday and last night. The regular police forces were reinforced by 500 reserve men. A policeman participating in an assault on a butchershop belonging to a man named Schlosky was attacked by women pickets and had to summon assistance before he could take Mrs. Pflax to the station house.

The Jewish butchers closed their shops at the beginning of the Sabbath last night. Several restaurants which had been serving meat with meals during the day were attacked by mobs last night and a few stones were thrown. A rumor spread that an attack was to be made on the court prison and a mob of a thousand soon gathered. They were easily dispersed by the police. Few arrests were made.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS

T. H. G. Denne, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate.
Geo. I Rossel, Chief of Police.
T. A. S. Hay, C.E., Town Engineer.
W. J. Green, Tax Collector.
Dr. Bingham, Medical Health Officer.
W. F. Miller, Relief Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire

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E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the fifth day of month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At One o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

As 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902; in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of th Month of May, in the year 1902.

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Michael J. Fleming, a prominent lawyer of Pottsville and formerly principal of the Donaldson High School, related the following anecdote:

"One day at school I gave a very bright boy a sum in algebra, and, although the problem was comparatively easy, he couldn't do it. I remarked:

"'You should be ashamed of yourself. At your age George Washington was a surveyor.'

"The boy looked me straight in the eyes and replied;

"'Yes, sir, and at your age he was President of the United States."

—Philadelphia Times.

◆◆◆

They were young and romantic, and although the minute hand was pointing to 12 o'clock, they stood upon the porch gazing at the stars.

"That's Jupiter, dear, isn't it?" she murmured.

"Yes, pet; and that is Sirius," he replied, pointing to another star.

"Are you serious?" she cooed.

He kissed her. Then, pointing upward, he said:—

"That's Mars, dove."

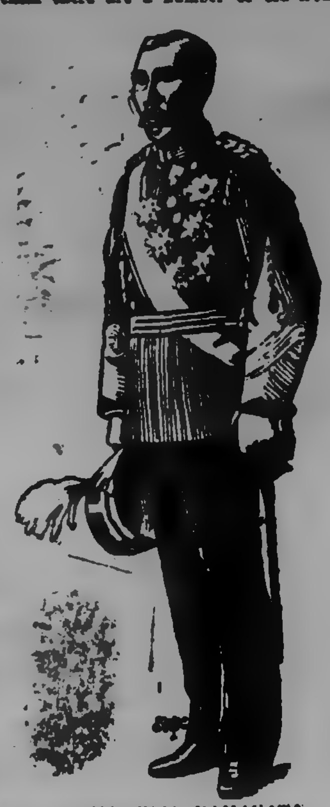
"And that's pa'a," she whispered, as a footstep sounded inside.

And if the young man hadn't "scooted" he would have seen more stars than he ever dreamed of.—London Spare Moments.

Japan's Army and Navy.

The Anglo-Japanese alliance and the guarded comments upon it from the official spokesmen of the Franco-Russian alliance have set people scanning the military forces of our new ally. One of the best authorities upon Japan's naval strength is Mr. H. W. Wilson, author of the Standard work "Ironclads in Action." In the March number of The Navy League Journal he says:—

"The Japanese fleet consists of the following vessels which may be said to have military value, and in addition to them there are a number of old ironclads, sloops and gunboats, which are of little fighting value:—



FIELD-MARSHAL YAMAGATA.

"Six first-class battleships, all built in England, and similar in design to the Majestics and the Royal Sovereigns, each armed with four 12-inch and ten to fourteen 6-inch guns, steaming eighteen knots, and carrying a good supply of coal.

"Six so-called armored cruisers, all new, which are virtually small battleships. They steam 20 to 23 knots, and carry four 8-inch and twelve to fourteen 6-inch guns apiece. Four of the six were built in England.

"Four protected cruisers of twenty-two to twenty-four knots, all heavily armed and exceptionally powerful ships.

"Thirteen older or smaller protected cruisers, six of which fought at the Yalu.

"Sixteen destroyers.

"About fifty effective torpedo boats.

"It will be seen that these ships in the hands of fine seamen, such as the Japanese unquestionably are, make a very formidable squadron, quite capable at the present time of holding its own against the combined fleets of all the continental powers in the far east."

Mr. Wilson goes on to point out that the personnel of the Japanese navy is rather over 9,000, that the navy is well supplied with bases, dockyards and arsenals and that Japan controls a number of all-important strategic points. "Her naval bases," he remarks, "supplement in a singular degree those of England, and link up in one continuous chain Hong Kong with the Gulf of Pe Chili." The Japanese army on a war footing will be able to place about 730,000 men in the field, when the reorganization now in progress is complete. The field army is organized in divisions and is about 250,000 men strong, with 1,098 guns. The officers and men are excellent, and in the opinion of many the Japanese were the best of all the troops who took part in the advance to Pekin.

While upon this subject, another quotation from The Navy League Journal may be adduced. Commenting upon the recent decision to remove the old Agamemnon from the effective list of the Royal Navy, the journal narrates a singular instance of cool judgment, of self-restraint combined with a grasp of the actual situation. "In the Russian scare of 1883," says the journal, "she was sent to the far east to 'shadow' the Vladimir Monomach. On reaching Yokosuka, ignorant whether war had been declared while he was at sea, her then captain, Long, saw that the Vladimir was so anchored that it was necessary for the Agamemnon to pass close to her, and that the Russian had her heavy guns trained on the water-line of the British ship, while her light pieces were directed at the Agamemnon's deck and bridge. Long, wisely, made no counter-demonstration, feeling that if she fired on him he could at once send her to the bottom with his ram. So the Agamemnon passed without incident after a minute or two of extreme tension, in which peace and war hung upon a thread."

A Young Men's Home.

A curious and very practical line of philanthropic work is about to be tried in London, for the benefit of young men who are living in London on small means. The scheme for providing a central residential club, which has been under the consideration of a special committee of the Y.M.C.A. at Exeter Hall for some time, is now practically settled. It is proposed to provide a superior kind of Rowton House, with about 400 separate bedrooms, and let them at the rate of three shillings, or 75 cents, a week. This will give the resident the free run of the institution, including library, recreation room, baths and gymnasium, together with the use of storage accommodation for bicycles. Meals will be supplied in a comfortable and commodious dining-room at a mere fraction above cost price, and even the laundry will be economically run. It is likely that this hotel for studious youth may cost £25,000, and will soon pay for itself.

RIGHT OR WRONG.

SERMON BY

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

It is time to seek the Lord, till He come and rain righteousness upon you.—Hosea, x., 12.

What is true will hold its own against any odds. The bright yellow flame may be hidden in the dense smoke for a while, but if you have patience the smoke will blow away and the bright yellow flame will make the night like day. Astronomers tell us of stars which have grown old and crumbled, gone to pieces and filled the infinite spaces with their disintegrated particles, but no man has ever yet said that a truth has died. There is no death, but only life to truth. It is born, or it is discovered, but once seen it is never extinguished. God's own life is in it, for it is a part of Him, and neither can earthquakes destroy nor avalanches bury it.

This also is true of what is right. It may be smothered by the private or the national conscience, but it has its triumphal procession at last and drags wrong a prisoner at its chariot wheels. It is stronger than any one man, stronger than all the world in combination against it. You may sooner hope to blast Gibraltar and hurl it into the sea than to break what is right from its resting place in the omnipotence of God.

It always conquers, and he alone who is on the side of right is the victor in the end. Stretch the line of life until it fades into the mystery beyond the hazy horizon of this present life, and you may be sure that evil is evanescent and right is eternal. When it shall be our privilege to take some high standpoint in the large future and look back on these fleeting, exciting days of greed and selfish rivalry, we shall see with clear, perhaps with tearful and regretful eyes, that every mean word and thought and deed, however great the promise of advantage, has entailed a direct and palpable loss, and that when we did right, though at a sacrifice, then, and then only, were we paid in the coin of happiness and self-respect. It never pays to do a wilful or a conscious wrong. Were that possible the universe would contradict itself, and God Himself would be a dream or a myth.

There is but one principle that holds fast in whatever waters you cast your anchor, namely, that he can never be driven to shipwreck of soul who knows what he ought to do and dares to do it, though it costs him so much that his heart breaks. A man's character is all he has, it is his one great possession, and if he loses that he loses all, absolutely all. With self-respect the consciousness that your integrity is unsullied, you can face all worlds and look with undimmed vision on the throne of the eternal. Neither wealth nor poverty is known in heaven or regarded, but what you are in the fibre of your being, what you are in the moral timber of which you have made yourself, what you have done that is worth recording in a world filled with pitying angels, these alone have weight and bring credit.

We may not all be rich, 'tis true, and perhaps 'tis pity that 'tis true. You may have discomfort and struggle, possibly more storm than sunshine, a weary road to travel through these narrow years, but be sure of this, as sure as you are of the wisdom of God, that an honest man with a clean soul is worth more than all the wealth that excites our envy or stimulates our jealousy. To stand square with the law of justice and sympathy and fidelity, to be a hero because you are unsoiled by deeds which sting with the painful sting of a wasp, is to lay up a treasure of which death cannot rob you, and which will lift you out of the grave laden with the blessing of God.

Right is the normal heart beat which indicates health and vigor, while wrong is that heart failure which foretells death. You can live without many things, and still be comfortable, but if you try to live without the approval of your conscience despair will creep over you as the shadows of evening creep over the earth at sundown. Religion teaches us to keep our faces toward heaven, as the mariner watches the pole star, and to steer by what we see. To be true, just, kindly, is to bring heaven so near that when you die you will have but a step to go, and that step will take you within reach of a welcome that will make you glad that you have sacrificed all else but kept your faith in the true and the right intact.

When down to luncheon Elsie sits
With Harold, Guy or Percy,
She orders all the choicest bits
Without one sign of mercy.

She fancies grouse, or, haply, quail,
When each is out of season,
Forgetting quite that these entail
Expense beyond all reason.

But when she's been to do the shops,
Her appetite is duller,
For, lunching then alone, she stops
At coffee and a cruller.
—Arthur Crawford, in The Smart Set.

The Wife of Potiphar.

The country of the Nile was beautiful with verdure. The sky was a dream of light and changing glory; the long caravans of the merchants diverged towards the city of the Pharaohs, bearing purple cloth from Tyre, and rare gems and metal work from Damascus, and carved woods and perfumes from the Isles of the Sea.

A train of dusky men and dusty camels loomed up in silhouette over a ridge, and for a few moments formed a huge picture against a fathomless horizon. On one of the camels was a quaint canopied erection with curtains of silk, and within the curtains sat uneasily a girl of some sixteen years. She had all the beauty of the young Semite, large soft dark eyes, an oval face, somewhat over-full lips of deep red, and nostrils sensitive and distended.

From time to time she plucked aside the curtains with a long slim hand and looked anxiously out. "God of Abraham, thy handmaid crieth unto thee!" she said softly in a voice broken with distress and strenuously pitched. "If help come not soon from above, may death release me!"

Two of the Egyptian traders looked up as some murmur of her vibrant tones reached them where they walked.

"The Hebrew maid speaks," said the younger. The elder waved his hand. "I do not listen," he said, briefly.

"But she may be ill," suggested the younger, glancing at the parting of the curtains and the four small brown fingers. "Bring up the other captive who speaks her tongue and let him enquire," said the elder merchant.

The younger man stood still, and one by one the others passed him, camels laden and men walking. Near the end of the line marched a beautiful boy just emerging into manhood. The young trader called to him kindly, and the youth came to his side.

"I fear for the health of the maiden," he said, briefly. "Come thou and question her."

The eyes of the youth flashed a proud glance at the trader, and then he drew away from him, and a certain faraway look, as of one who sees something enthralling in the distance, crept into his lately flashing eyes.

"The Jewish maiden travels to high honor. Wherefore should she sicken before it meets her? It is her mind that travails in fear of the birth of some new horror," he said, briefly. "The lamb cries for its dam, the young nestling for its mother and its nest. What need for questions? When the maid sits among the mighty ones in a strange land she will learn to forget her sorrow."

"You say wisely, boy," said the trader. "We hope to sell her for much gold to a noble captain of Pharaoh's guard. He has lost his wife, and there is no war in progress. In times of peace warriors are prone to look upon such fair women."

The two had hastened and were now abreast of the silk-curtained canopy, which swayed to the rolling gait of the camel.

"Speak to the maid," commanded the trader.

"Daughter of my people, is all well with thee?" called the youth, his young cheek reddening as he obeyed. The curtains parted.

"Art thou, too, a Hebrew?" cried the girl, with amazement and delight in every tone.

"I am, and, like thee, a captive, foully sold into bondage by my brethren," said the youth, with deep, hoarse anger.

"Alas! then can you tell what is to be our fate?" asked the girl with great tears in her eyes.

"Slavery for me, for thee high honor, riches, luxury, and the captain of Pharaoh's Guard to be thy husband," said the youth, slowly and dreamily.

The Hebrew maiden looked at him in staring dismay.

"What have you said to her?" asked the trader, jogging the arm of the youth. Again the proud eyes flashed, and again grew quickly calm and gentle.

"I have told her that she is to be the wife of the captain of Pharaoh's Guard, and she liketh not my saying," he said, meekly.

The trader laughed. "She liketh not!" he said scornfully, quoting the youth. "When she seeth Potiphar she will fall at his feet. That is our finest and wisest warrior. Tell her what I say." The youth obeyed.

"But I am a Hebrew, and may not mate with a heathen and idolatrous man!" gasped the girl wildly.

The youth sighed. "The hand of our God be upon thee," he said, and fell back to his place in the rear.

* * * * * *

The captain of the Guard sat in his chamber and sorted upon a beautiful carved stand a heap of exquisite gems. There were ear-rings, nose-rings, armlets and anklets, long pear-shaped pearls, strings of round pearls, rings set with great royal rubies, and emeralds deeply and gloriously green. He suddenly sat up and smote his palms together, and a Nubian parted a curtain and came in.

"Take these gifts to the Hebrew maiden, and bid her women prepare her for my coming," said the warrior, pushing aside a heap of jingling, flashing ornaments. The Nubian gathered an end of his scarlet sash and carefully placed the selected jewels within the improvised bag. Then, speechless, he backed out between the curtains. The warrior leaned back with a smile.

"Rachel will wear those gauds well," he said, softly stroking his short beard and crossing his legs. "I have given her only the new ornaments and the jewels of my mother. The gems my wife wore would bring her misfortune. I am full of the fancies of women to talk thus! This comes of loitering at home, when one should be abroad conquering provinces and fighting one's way about."

A great yawn heaved the warrior's deep chest. He swept the remaining jewels into a coffer, of which he drew a small golden key from his bosom. Then he clapped his hands twice, and again the curtains parted and forth between them stepped the Hebrew youth. He was dressed in rich and stately garb, and his bearing was distinctly distinguished. He bowed ceremoniously and stood before the warrior. Potiphar laughed easily and good-naturedly.

"Hast no word, Joseph?" he enquired.

"All words are good, noble captain. Thy house is well ordered, thy goods are well cared. The land hath peace."

"That last word is not good for fighting men, Hebrew. I would a war came with the setting sun," said Potiphar, yawning again.

"'Tis thy wedding eve, noble captain," said the Hebrew quickly.

"True, and I must make ready," assented Potiphar. "Send a slave for that casket and put it in thine own store-place. It contains precious jewels."

The Hebrew bowed and turned away. Just as he lifted the curtain to leave the chamber a hurried step was heard. A messenger met him on the threshold and handed him a rolled papyrus. "Pharaoh desires the captain of the Guard," whispered the messenger, as he deferentially presented the roll, and the overseer turned back to his master and repeated the message.

"My chariot!" cried the captain, leaping from his seat. "Hebrew, I have my wish. It is war, and in the south where there be tough fighters. Pharaoh's the king, desires me take men this day and meet them half-way. This stirs my sleeping blood! This suits me better than brides and bridals! But, stay! the Hebrew maiden. Go to her; tell her privately of this, for the king must be the first to tell the people. I do not think many tears will fall because the nuptial rites be delayed. Tell the maiden, who is also thy country-woman, that for this postponement I will, when I return, give her thy freedom. And guard her, Hebrew, till that day, be it far or near!"

The overseer bowed and went upon his errand. On his proud face was a look of awe and triumph.

"Lo! the God of Abraham hath encompassed the maiden!" he said slowly. And the slaves and soldiers eyed him as he strode away, and whispered: "The Hebrew has seen a vision! The light of the unknown is upon his face."

* * * * * *

The war dragged slowly, news came fitfully, and week by week the bride of Potiphar and the overseer of his house were drawn by the triple cord of nationality, religion and youthful ardor nearer and nearer. The Hebrew maiden lived secluded from the city and from the court. She passed many hours in converse day by day with the overseer, and together they kept alive the religion of their fathers in their hearts. The maiden lifted her beautiful head in hope as she listened to the voice of Joseph, encouraging and buoying her frightened soul. The inevitable happened at last, and an unguarded word, a look too much confessed the love that was as natural as it was pure, and the two faced the problem in mingled terror and rapture. Escape from Egypt was impossible; a happy consummation of their love was equally out of the question. The city was even then being decked for the triumphant return of the captain of the Guard.

The day of his entry dawned, and the heart of the overseer was of lead, while the anguished bride-elect of the victorious warrior had now added to the horror of union with an idolatrous man the torture of love for another.

While the house of the captain of the Guard was being wreathed with flowers, and the singing maidens stood waiting at the gates with lotus crowns and stringed instruments garlanded with wreaths of green, the overseer, in his sumptuous festival garments, sought the Hebrew girl. She sat amid her maidens in silent despair. The overseer bowed low before her.

"Dismiss the maidens," he said, in their own speech, and, made cunning by her extremity, she rose hurriedly. "Is it indeed true that the lord of the house is near?" she said in Egyptian, misleading them. "Then to the first of my maidens who sees the shining of his armor will I give this ring of rubies. Run, now, to the upper windows and watch."

The Egyptian girls dropped their work and hurried up the short stair to the flat roof, round which was a high wall, pierced by small openings. The overseer stood moodily looking upon the ground. The Hebrew girl drew near timidly and clasping her hands upon her fluttering bosom, where jewels flashed with her panting breath, looked up into his young and clouded face.

"Is there no escape for me?" she asked in trembling tones. "Must it be either the knife or the marriage-bed of the idolator?" The overseer started violently.

"I have said it, and I am not afraid," said the girl, her great eyes darkening and her nostrils rounding tensely.

The overseer paused a moment. "There is no escape," he said slowly. The girl gave a small, stifled groan. "It will not be so very bad," she said, quivering. "Just a little pain, and safety, and thou, some day, wilt tell my people of me? That I was true." And then, before the overseer could anticipate her movement or guard her from herself, she threw herself into his arms, clinging about him and sobbing "Farewell!"

There was a burst of song from the gates, a cry from the maidens, the overseer wrenched the thin, clinging fingers from his neck and tried to tear them from his rich garment. They had a vice-like, frantic grip.

There was a rush of the maidens, a tramp of a heavy foot beyond the curtain; in vain the overseer whispered, "The captain of the Guard is here."

With one frenzied wrench he slipped from the gorgeous robe and dashed through the inner entrance, just as the maidens scurried laughing down the stone steps to claim their reward, and the parted curtains gave admission to the captain of the Guard.

The girl stood in the center of the chamber, her face white and drawn, in her hands the brilliant robe of the overseer, in her eyes a horror unspeakable. The captain of the Guard advanced with a quick glance about him.

"He was here?" he said. "This is his robe?"

The girl suddenly dropped it with a faint cry. She began to see horror and danger ahead.

"You are not hurt?" said the captain of the Guard, gently, touching her shoulder. She shook her head. Then he turned to the maidens.

"Go to the dance!" he said, sternly, "and send me here four of my soldiers who wait without."

The moment the curtain fell the Hebrew girl awoke from her trance of terror. In few and stumbling Egyptian phrases she tried to tell the truth, asking for swift death, and handing her pitiful little dagger to the captain of the Guard. He pushed it aside.

"Peace, girl!" he cried shortly. "'Tis a pleasant and joyous home-coming!" Then, as the soldiers noisely entered, he said grimly: "Take this robe to him who was overseer. 'Tis well he fled before I entered to slay him; 'tis better that the maiden is brave and strong; but 'tis best of all that the Hebrew be safely put away, so that he affright not lesser woman as he hath stricken with terror the bride of your captain. Therefore, lay him safe in the prison, and your lives be forfeit if aught befall him without my word! Do all quickly and quietly, so that the rejoicings be not interrupted."

The soldiers gathered up the rich robe and retired, and the captain of the Guard turned to the Hebrew maiden. "Come, let us go to the feast," he said simply. But she made no response.

She looked blankly at him one instant with a curious furrow across her brow and an audible sucking in of her breath. Then she swayed and fell. When he lifted her up very gently but without concern, only the little golden hilt of the dagger showed outside the pinched-in drapery just below her left breast. The blade was piercing the point of her startled heart!

* * * * * *

The wailing and chanting of passing mourners pierced the dungeon window-place, where the overseer sat with his head in his hands. "What is the wailing?" he asked his jailer. "They mourn the dead, that was to have been the [illegible] thou hast angered," said the jailer.

"When did death deliver the maiden?" cried the prisoner.

"At the very hour of thy coming here," replied the jailer. Then he stared with amaze, for the prisoner leapt to his feet, his despair vanishing like a cloud.

"Praise and glory and honor and power to Jehovah, the God of my fathers!" he said, reverently, in Hebrew, and with fixed eyes he stood as if he saw a bright vision. The jailer shook his head and went softly to his place. "The Hebrew hath eyes that see the unseen," he muttered. "His God is near him. I who worship Isis, Osiris and the gods of the Egyptians cannot comprehend him."

The years were many and the captain of the Guard and the jailer had gone to their long home before the Hebrew captive was free, but never once did a darkness becloud his face again such as was upon it during the first hours of his captivity, before he knew that the wife of Potiphar had sealed her faith with her heart's blood.

Humor of the Hour.

"You are not sick, Job," said one of the friends. "You only think you are."

"Only think I am, eh?"

"Yes. It is merely a delusion."

"Well, then, all I've got to say is, I'd rather be sick than have this delusion."

And then poor old Job went exploring for a new boil that had just made its debut on the back of his neck.—San Francisco Bulletin.

◆◆◆

A gentleman wishing some bushes removed from his garden told his gardener to pull them up by the roots. Some time after he went into the garden and found the gardener digging trenches round the bushes.

"Why, George," he said, "you need not dig round those small bushes in that way. I am sure you are strong enough to pull them up by the roots."

"Oh, yes, sir," replied the gardener, "I am strong enough, but I must dig a little before I can catch hold of the roots. If you had told me to pull them up by the branches I could have removed them."—London Answers.

◆◆◆

At a luncheon given to William Archer, when that English dramatic critic was in New York, there were some informal speeches, and in the course of one of them somebody told a story at which everyone present, except Mr. Archer, roared. Mr. Archer remained as impassive as a statue and looked as dejected as a mute.

"Well," remarked his neighbor, "I knew most Englishmen couldn't see the point of a joke, but I really thought you would be an exception."

"It's not that," said Mr. Archer, "I'm a modest man, and don't believe in self-applause. I started that joke myself ten years ago.—New York Times.

◆◆◆

"Who is the responsible man in this firm?" asked the brusque visitor.

"I don't know who the responsible party is," answered the sad, cynical office boy. "But I am the one who is always to blame."—Washington Star.

◆◆◆

First Lawyer—The lawyers had a hard struggle over the Moneybags estate.

Second Lawyer—Did they?

First Lawyer—Yes. They had all they could do to keep the heirs from coming to an agreement.—Puck.

◆◆◆

"And yet," observed the information editor, "Stone can't be called a hard name—to remember."

"Still," retorted the exchange editor, "those bandits seemed to think it necessary to keep a lot of rocks to remember her by when they let her go."

"The band," said the other, scowling, "will now play a band ditty."—Chicago Tribune.

◆◆◆

My heart goes out in pity to
The ones who like to go it
About their own achievements—who
Are bores and never know it.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

◆◆◆

Tess—She doesn't seem to like Mr. Creetick.

Jess—No; she heard him speak of her as "an artless creature."

Tess—I should think that rather complimentary.

Jess—Ah! but she poses as a landscape painter.—Philadelphia Press.

◆◆◆

The teacher—When the logs get caught in the fast-moving stream, what would you call that?

The boy—Why, I'd call that a current jam.—Yonkers Statesman.

◆◆◆

Irate Father—I thought you said you were worth ten thousand a year.

Would-be Suitor—Yes, sir; but I only get six hundred.

—New York Sun.

◆◆◆

"Do your children take after you?"

"Sometimes."

"Sometimes! What do you mean by that?"

"Well, when they're naughty my wife says they do, but nothing seems to be said about it at any other time."

—Chicago Post.

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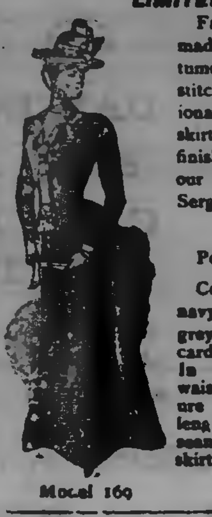

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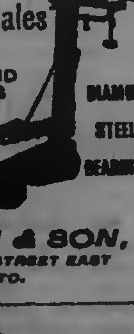

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A Letter from the Front

Montreal, May 21.—The following letter was received from Clerksdorp, dated April 8, by Mrs. Massiah, Montreal, from her son, Trooper H. C. Massiah, of the S.A.C.:

"About two weeks ago we had a big drive, not a sleigh drive but a Boer drive. We left Val Banks Sunday at 7 p.m., rode all night, and next day ran into the Boers about 4 p.m., Monday, capturing their convoy, three 15-pounders and two pom-poms killed 70 and captured 36; but, as our chief object was to drive the Boers into the columns on the Clerksdorp side, we were satisfied, as the other columns got 1,000 of them.

"We camped in Haardebustefontein valley Monday night, April 3, after being in the saddle twenty-four hours. We stayed there all day Tuesday resting our horses and only sending out small patrols. We left Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock, arriving at Vaal Banks about 8 p.m. Our troops captured nine Boers, 14 mules and 11 horses also three Cape carts. We left Thursday and got here Saturday at 10.30 a.m. This is to be our chief camp for a time. We send patrols out every day. We had another flying column out on Tuesday and Wednesday after a Boer laager near Mafeking, but when we got there they had skipped. But we ran into a Boer convoy, capturing it all, including 1,000 head of cattle 3,000 sheep and 30 prisoners. Col. Keke which is in command left us. The Cameron Highlanders joined us two days ago."

MIX-UP WITH THE BOERS.

In another letter dated April 17, Private Massiah, says:

"I have not written since we left Bloemfontein. We had a big scrap about four miles from where the C. M. R's got cut up. Von Dollop's column with a few men and one gun were ahead of us when Kemp and Bothister, thinking they had an easy thing, rushed the advance, consisting of M. I.'s and Y. L.'s. The M. I.'s got mixed up with the Boers while the Y. L.'s skipped for the convoy. The Scottish Horse were driven on the guns. We were supports to the advance, and when the order came we rode up, dismounted and opened fire at 800 yards. The Boers were riding knee to knee, their lines hanging loose, their rifles resting in the hollow of the left arm, firing like blazes. They came on until they were within 75 yards, when our fire became too hot for them, and they turned and fled. The guns, which had opened up by this time, shelling them until they were out of sight. They left 30 dead on the field, including Commandant Botgister, 60 wounded and 30 prisoners. Our loss was 14 killed and 60 wounded. None were hit in the Canadian troops. We chased the Boers for 18 miles, and got their three guns, which they captured from Lord Methuen, also 15 prisoners and one pom-pom. The signal for their attack seemed to be two shots from their 15-pounders. It appears that they only saw one column, while ours, under Col. Grenfell, was behind out of sight. Both columns were under command of Col. Kekewich.

"We left Doornfontein Tuesday morning at half-past four and got in here at 2.30 p.m., a distance of 42 miles. We are going tomorrow morning to Black's Spruit, 14 miles away. The C. M. R.'s are back here again.

"I saw Harry Niven again yesterday. He had tea with George Addy and I. He is in good health and spirits.

"There is a rumour that the Canadian S. A. C.'s are going home in October. There is a peace conference going on at present. I think a few weeks will see the finish."

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By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leahy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

up, I could creep away somewhere and die. I was not strong enough to resist the temptation, Hetty; love urged me on. To lose Aleck was death in life."

"You have heard how Harold St John was pardoned," Daisy went on with bitter sobs; "he hunted me down and found me out, and now, Hetty, within the hour he is coming here to claim and expose me."

"Oh, Hetty, by the love you bore me when we were happy, innocent little children together, I pray you to save me, think of me, act for me tell me what I must do to still keep Aleck's love. I cannot give him up now, Hetty, better death than that."

Daisy had slipped from her arms to the long grass again, and lay sobbing there as though her tortured heart would break.

"An hour," murmured Hetty, "it is not long to think, to decide the fate of a lifetime, but I will think for you dear, I will help you, you know I would give my very life for you, Daisy!"

"I cannot give up my love and live," murmured Daisy, in pitiful gasps; "remember that, Hetty."

"I shall remember," sobbed Hetty, pacing up and down the walk with a face as white as death.

What could she do? How could she aid Daisy? A thousand ideas presented themselves to her mind, but were cast aside as impracticable.

She looked up to the blue, smiling heavens, calling upon the pitying angels to help her devise some plan to aid, poor, beautiful, hapless Daisy.

It was a terrible sin —but even as God was merciful he would show her some leniency —she was so young then; hardly more than a child now —only eighteen —surely heaven would have pity.

"Mother!" cried poor Hetty, raising her arms up to the white clouds "Oh, my sainted mother! If you are looking down upon Daisy's woe, tell me —put it into my heart how I shall save her, for I know not how."

From over the waving bloom she heard the sound of voices. The hour was up; she could hear Aleck's voice and the squire's. Olive was with them, and looking through the green branches of the budding lilacs, she saw Harold St. John join them. The sardonic smile on his face was terrible to see.

They walked in silence to the fountain, where they had left Hetty, and as they appeared in view, Daisy sprang to Hetty's side, clinging desperately to her neck, crying in wild, piteous gasps:

"Save me, Hetty! Oh, for the love of heaven, save me, Hetty!"

"I will!" whispered the noble girl, standing like a champion over her beautiful, cowering, terror-stricken sister.

"Now, my children," said the old squire, huskily, "you are all together. You all know this man's claim —that one of you is his wedded wife."

"Speak!" thundered the squire, facing his three daughter. "If either — which is the one? This man prefers, he says, that his wife should step forward and acknowledge it; if not, he will end the controversy by doing so."

Unclasping slowly the clinging arms, Hetty Gordon stepped forward, pale as death answering in a clear, steady voice that did not falter or tremble:

"Father, I am the one!"

CHAPTER XLII.

Which is his Wife?

A silence as terrible as death fell over the group assembled there as those startling words fell from Hetty Gordon's lips.

"And I declare that you are not!" Harold St. John cried. "I see through it all; it's a game put up between you to throw people off the right track, but that shall not be. Hear me all, I solemnly swear that this girl is not my wife, but her sister Daisy is!"

The announcement fell like a thunderbolt upon the amazed, speechless group; in an instant Alexander Hamilton had sprung forward white as death, but a bitter cry from Daisy arrested the blow that would have fallen from his upraised arm, causing him to turn quickly about.

"Do not strike him, Aleck," she cried, piteously; "the man is mad, quite mad!"

"Not so mad as you would have me appear," cried St. John, angrily; "it is you who are mad in braving this thing out so audaciously.

"It would serve you all right if I should force that girl who is declaring herself to be my wife to come and live with me," he added, with a harsh laugh horrible to hear.

Hetty drew back in the greatest horror. "No, no, no," she cried. "I would face death sooner than that."

"I say that is the position I could take if I chose," retorted St. John, coolly, "but I do not so choose; I want my lawfully wedded wife, and I will have her if I have to go through all the courts to get her, that I swear to you."

It was quite as much as both Hetty and Daisy, with their combined strength, could do to hold Aleck back, his rage was so intense.

"Let go your hold!" he cried, "and go with the squire to the house, all of you; I will settle with this dastardly wretch as he deserves to be settled with," but they clung to him all the more.

"A few words will settle this matter, Alexander Hamilton," said St. John. "We will send for the minister who wedded us that night and abide by his decision. Come now, is that not fair?"

"You might bribe the man to swear falsely for you," cried Hetty, but this solution of the difficulty rather appeased Aleck.

"And I," he said, "will pay him thrice the sum offered by you, St. John, to tell the truth, and nothing but the truth."

"I am willing, certainly," declared St. John.

"It will put this affair at an end," declared Aleck, whispering hoarsely in Daisy's ear. "That man is such a fiend incarnate, he would otherwise foist this matter before the courts, simply for the sake of extorting money from us, as well as making this disgraceful marriage of your poor sister Hetty known. Of course, dear, I know it is the cruelest kind of an outrage to draw you into the affair; still, for Hetty's sake, be wise."

No word, no cry broke from Daisy's lips; she threw up her white hands, and fell at his feet in a dead faint.

Aleck stooped quickly to raise her

(To be Continued.)

Anecdotal.

In one of the Philadelphia colleges a professor of chemistry asked a student the other day: "Now, suppose you were called to a patient who had swallowed a heavy dose of oxalic acid, what would you administer?" "I would administer the sacrament," replied the student, who, by the way, is said to be studying for the ministry, and takes chemistry because it is obligatory.

It is reported that Innocent IV. and Thomas Aquinas were standing together as the bags of treasure were being carried in through the gates of the Lateran. "You see," observed the Pope, with a smile, "the day is past when the Church could say, 'Silver and gold have I none.'" "Yes, holy father," was the saint's reply, "and the day is past also when the Church could say to the lame man, 'Rise and walk.'"

W. J. Bryan told a good story at his own expense in New York recently: "I spoke during the campaign in a little Illinois town. In front of me sat a man rigidly attentive. He drank in every word I said; I think he had drunk in something else besides. When I finished he came up and wrung my hand. 'Mr. Bryan,' he said, 'you are wonderful, wonderful. You are the first man I ever saw whose back teeth I could see all the time he was speaking.'"

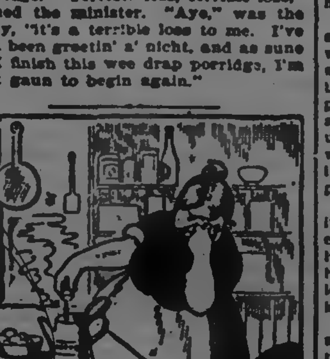
President Roosevelt is fond of telling any story at his own expense. That which he enjoys most is the following: Former Governor Wise had told the President that it was the general opinion, so far as he had heard, that he would go down to posterity as a Washington. The President replied that he was delighted to hear that. "But," added Wise, in a serious manner, "whether it will be as a George or a Booker T. I don't know." The President is said to have laughed so heartily over this that Wise became alarmed.

Dr. Rixey, who for some years was the private physician in the McKinley household, says that when the late President's mother sat down for the first time to a White House dinner what seemed to impress her most was the prodigal supply of cream. She commented on its abundance, and then added: "Well, William, at last I know what they mean when they speak of the Cream of Society." The President laughed. "I admit," said he, "that there seems to be an extravagant array of cream on the table, but you know, mother, we can afford to keep a cow, now."

An amusing story is being told of Sir Henry Howorth, who, besides being the author of many scientific works, has written an elaborate historical book entitled "History of the Mongols." It seems that the other day Sir Henry found himself at a dinner party next to a lady who determinedly talked dogs to him from the soup to the dessert. Rather bored, Sir Henry at last remarked that though his friends somewhat unkindly declared that he could chatter on any subject, he was obliged to own that he was utterly at sea on the topic of dogs. The lady looked astounded. "Why, are you not Sir Henry Howorth? I understood from our host that you were the author of a learned book on Mongrels, and I was so delighted, as I am so interested in all kinds of dogs."

A story is told of a certain English bishop well known for his verbosity who rose to address the House of Lords on a very important occasion. "I will divide my speech under twelve heads," he said, to the discomfort of his audience. The Marquis of Salisbury begged to be allowed to interpose with a little anecdote. "A friend of mine was returning home late one night," he said, "when opposite St. Paul's he saw an intoxicated man trying to ascertain the time on the big clock there. Just then it began to strike and slowly tolled out twelve. The man listened, looked hard at the clock and said, 'Confound you, why couldn't you have said that all at once?'" The bishop heartily joined in the laughter which followed, and took the hint contained in the story.

Dr. John Kerr, the well-known Scottish school inspector, was once faced in a Banffshire manse by this question put to him by the lady of the house on behalf of her inquisitive son. "Mr. Kerr, is it true that the devil goes about like a roaring lion?" "It must be true," he replied, "for it is in the Bible." A shrill voice came from the corner: "Then wha keeps his fire in when he's gaun aboot?" Dr. Kerr also tells an anecdote of a woman who had just lost her husband, and the minister calling to condole with her found her sitting in front of a large bowl of porridge. "Terrible loss, terrible loss," sighed the minister. "Aye," was the reply, "it's a terrible loss to me. I've just been greetin' a' nicht, and as sune as I finish this wee drap porridge, I'm just gaun to begin again."



An old settler.—From N. Y. "Wise."

Anecdotal.

Philip II. sent a young nobleman to Rome to congratulate Sixtus V. on his exaltation. Sixtus was dissatisfied at so young an ambassador being sent, and, with his usual frankness, said, "Does your master want men, that he sends to me a beardless ambassador?" "Had my sovereign thought," replied the haughty Spaniard, "that merit consisted in a beard, he would have sent you a goat."

Charles Kean and James Wallack were once playing in the private theater at Windsor Castle, and the actors were somewhat chilled by the lack of hearty applause to which they were accustomed in public. At the end of one act there was a slight suggestion of hand-clapping and exceedingly gentle foot-tapping. Wallack, pricking up his ears, enquired, "What is that?" "That, my dear Wallack," Kean replied, "is applause." "Bless me!" exclaimed Wallack. "I thought it was somebody shelling peas."

Bishop Potter is accused of having given currency to the following anecdote: A Chicagoan had been taken around Boston all day to observe her bulwarks, but had failed to exhibit any of those symptoms of paralysis which are acceptable to the Bostonian mind. "Now confess," said the Bostonian host, after the burden and heat of the day, "isn't Boston a unique town?" "Unique?" mused the Westerner; "I believe that word is derived from two Latin words, unus, one, and equus, horse. I think Boston is a unique town."

Walter Dean, sr., once hired an artist to paint his portrait, with the stipulation that the picture would not be accepted and paid for unless it looked like himself. When the portrait was completed it was sent to Mr. Dean, who did not recognize himself, and absolutely refused to pay the painter. The painter sued, and Joe Strong, the artist, was called in to give an expert opinion. "You see the portrait of Mr. Dean?" the lawyer asked. "No," said Mr. Strong, "I do not." "There it is," said the lawyer, pointing to the big canvas. "I don't call that a portrait; I call that a map of Mr. Dean," said Mr. Strong.

"Down in South Carolina," says Congressman Talbert, "I once attended a colored church. The preacher, one of those negroes with an oily face and big spectacles, was talking about the prophets. He had taken an hour to discourse upon the major prophets, and then he took up the minor ones. In course of time he reached Hosea. 'My breddren,' he exclaimed, 'we come now to Hosea. Let us consider him. Where shall we put Hosea?' At that moment an old negro, who had been peacefully slumbering in one of the back pews, woke up and looked at the pastor. 'Hosea can take my seat,' he said. 'I'm so —— tired that I am going home.'"

The "Evening Post" of New York narrates that on Washington's birthday a well-known New York caterer became the possessor of a pair of English soles and English pheasants, and invited a couple of friends to dine off them at the dog show. It was a great success, but one of the guests, remembering the day, said it was far from patriotic. "Why," he added, "here it is Washington's birthday and we are dining on English sole, pheasant and currant jelly, eating French bread and drinking French wine. Let's have something American. Why don't you serve some oleomargarine?" "Don't worry," was the reply, "you've got it."

"Good Words" prints a little story of the early schooldays of Lord Salisbury, when he was Lord Robert Cecil, which shows how soon in his life his conspicuous disregard for dress began. When he was about seven years old he came into the nursery one afternoon on his return from school, which was held at the old rectory outside Hatfield, and dumped his books into a corner. "Oh, Betty," he said to his old nurse, "I wish I was a cat!" "La, Lord Robert," Betty replied, "how can you wish yourself a beast?" "Oh," he replied, with a sigh, "when I think of how many times I must dress and undress before I die I wish my clothes grew on my back."

Some years ago a Philadelphia preacher inaugurated in his Sunday-school the practice of having the children quote some Scriptural text as they dropped their pennies into the contribution box. On the first Sunday in question, a little shaver walked up and said: "The Lord loveth a cheerful giver," and in dropped his penny. "Charity shall cover a multitude of sins," and in dropped the next. "It is more blessed to give than to receive," quoted the third, and so on. Just then, up walked a little fellow with the unmistakable remnants of molasses candy on his chubby face, and, as he dropped his cent, he bawled out: "A fool and his money are soon parted."

The Wit's Hour of Trial.

Repartee is like tennis. The ball is driven backward and forward from one player to the other, and the one on whose side it last strikes is the loser. It is a terrible thing for an artist at repartee to find that he has no answer. The mere pretender does not care. He will answer something, to the point or not; but the artist will not debase his art with a bad answer; he merely sorrows for a good one.

There was a little Irishman who kept a liquor shop, and he was noted for always having a reply ready. One day a man came in, laid a dollar bill on the bar and called for whiskey. The proprietor set out the bottle and a glass, and the customer filled the glass right up to the top. "Is it a towel you'd be wantin'?" the proprietor asked, implying thereby that the customer had poured out a bath, rather than a drink.

"Look here," said the customer, pointing to the money, "there's a dollar, you can take the price of this drink out of it, and if there isn't enough, tell me how much more you want and I'll pay it but I don't want any talk from a little Mick of a bartender."

The proprietor picked up the dollar and laid down 85 cents. As the customer disappeared he walked around in front of the bar and said to a friend who sat there: "Casey, I'd have given me liquor shop to have knowed what to answer back to that man."

Miss Antique—They say his dissipations are telling on him. Miss Cutting (his loyal fiancee)—No; it's his friends who are doing all that.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, after this notice has been posted up for one month in six public places in the Municipality and published weekly for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the Municipality, the Council of the Town of Peterborough propose to pass a by-law authorizing the Peterborough Radial Railway Company to lay out, construct and operate its railway on, upon and along any of the streets of the Town of Peterborough (except Crescent street).

The said Council will at its regular meeting to be held on the 2nd day of June, 1902, hear in person or by counsel anyone whose property may be prejudicially affected by such proposed railway, who desires to be heard, and any person so heard may appeal to the Railway Committee of the Executive Council of Ontario against such By-law.

The proposed agreement for said franchise is on file in the office of the Town Clerk and may be examined by anyone interested.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1902.

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

FOR STYLISH
Boots and Shoes
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St., Peterborough
See Our Window Display
NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.
Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY
JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.

COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER
THE MOST NUTRITIOUS
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal......	4.45 p.m.	11.30 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock..........	7.12 a.m.	7.30 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston.........	5.15 a.m.	12.38 a.m.
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago......	11.30 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7.30 p.m.	7.12 a.m.
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago...... ...	12.32 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West...	11.35 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto......	11.37 a.m.	8.30 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9.00 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west......	6.28 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal......	2.15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc......	8.10 a.m.	3.30 p.m.
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal......	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local,......	8.35 a.m.	8.35 a.m.
Lakefield local,......	4.50 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Lindsay local......	7.30 a.m.	9.15 p.m.

BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
[illegible]

TO-DAY

Ask your druggist for

FOOT ELM

The great remedy for all foot troubles. We will pay back your money if the remedy is not satisfactory.

If your Druggist offers you a substitute, try some honorable druggist. there are lots of them and it's not necessary to deal with a man who offers you an inferior article for the sake a of making a few extra cents profit.

STOTT & JURY.
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 28 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is placed or sent in writing to the office, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.)

—The fish dealers have a regular scale of prices, it is said.

—The chief has a pair of lady's kid gloves for which he would like an owner

—Take the little tots to Whiten's and have some lovely photos taken of them.

—Messrs. Forepaugh and Sells Bros.' circus will visit Peterborough in July 8th.

—Every employe is entitled, by provincial law, to two hours in which to vote—from 12 noon, until 2 o'clock.

—A case of a tagless dog was up before the police court yesterday and was enlarged until this morning.

—Election returns will be displayed on the rear of The Times' building on Thursday night by lime light.

Owing to a fortunate opportunity to buy a job lot of lacrosse sticks, we are in a position to sell at less than half regular price. Times Bookstore, Market Block

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Wean.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will be held in the building tomorrow at 3.30 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

—The death is announced of Mrs. (Captain) Bien, formerly of Peterborough, but latterly residing in British Columbia. The deceased was well known in Peterborough, Lakefield and Cobourg.

—The Strickland Canoe Co., of Lakefield, have just shipped a number of canoes to South Africa. This speaks something for the widespread popularity of the Lakefield canoes.

—There will be "standing room only" on the market square tomorrow night, when the election returns come in. The Times will display the returns by lime light.

—Mr. Cooney, the caretaker of Victoria Park, reports to The Times the theft of a quantity of rubber hose from the park on Monday night. It is really too bad that such miscreants are allowed to escape.

—The Kingston Street Railway has purchased from Mr. V. Eastwood, of Peterborough, the rolling stock of the Belleville Street Railway. This includes four cars, two trucks, five motors, wires, trolleys etc. The stock will be taken from Belleville to Kingston next week.

—The excursion of the employees of the Stanley Piano Co., will take place on Saturday, June 14th, to Jubilee Point. A strong committee was appointed to arrange the details, with Mr. Joe Halpany as chairman and Mr. G. L. Hay as secretary. The steamer City of Peterborough has been engaged for the occasion and will leave at 2 p.m. on the above date. The 57th band will be in attendance. Last year the excursion was most successful and the surplus was kindly handed over to one of the town charitable institutions.

Non-Jury Sittings

The non-jury sittings of the High Court of Justice, were to have opened at one o'clock yesterday before His Honour Mr. Justice Robertson, but owing to His Lordship not being able to reach Peterborough yesterday the sittings will not commence until tomorrow. There is only one case, being that of foreclosure. The plaintiffs are the Central Canada Loan and Savings Co., and the defendant a Mr. Porter, of Manvers, Durham County.

DROWNED NEAR BUCKHORN

WILLIAM SMITH, A RIVER DRIVER LOSES HIS LIFE

He was an Employee of the Dickson Co., and was Running the Rapids on a Saw Log When He Was Swept off and Drowned

A fatal drowning accident occurred yesterday on the Mississauga River, about seven miles from Buckhorn, when a man named William Smith, an employee of the Dickson Company lost his life.

It appears that the unfortunate man was running the rapids on a sawlog, when it struck a rock, and he was precipitated into the water and drowned. He made a vain attempt to swim back to the log, but the current was too strong, and he sank when within 25 feet of the shore. His body was recovered twenty minutes later, but life was extinct.

The deceased, who was only 24 years of age, was a son of Mr. John Smith, who resides at the corner of Stewart and Sherbrooke streets, town. He is well known here, and his untimely end will be much regretted. The remains were brought to town yesterday evening for interment.

CENTRAL CHARITY BOARD

Regular Meeting was Held Monday Night—The Accounts

A meeting of the Central Charity Board of the town of Peterborough was held on Monday night. There were present: Messrs R. Innis, chairman; W. Stock, W. Aldridge, H. Rush, F. W. Miller and W. Kemp.

The following statement of aid given since last meeting was presented:

Groceries	$41 00
Wood	2 00
Tickets	1 95
Sundries	3 00
Total	$47 95

Total amount of all given since January 1st, 1902, $649.96.

The following accounts were presented:

A. Allison	36 00
Pete. Connal & Son	6 00
Curran & Gohesn	2 00
W. F. Gardiner	2 00
F. Collins	6 00
W. Bunton	1 95
Mrs. Wainwright	4 00
N. Routley	4 00
R. C. Braund	5 00
James Sutherland	3 00
H. P. Kennedy	3 00
W. Bradshaw	4 00
Kernigan & Gordon	7 00

The Board then adjourned until the evening of Monday, June 30th, 1902.

THE EAST RIDING

Mr. Anderson's Final Meeting at Westwood To-Night

Mr. William Anderson, the government candidate in East Peterborough, is conducting a vigorous campaign. On Monday night Mr. Anderson held a mass meeting in Fife's school house, near Hastings. Last night he held a meeting at Villiers, and tonight the last gun will be fired at Westwood. He has been assisted in his meetings by Messrs Blezard, O'Connell and Roger. Mr. R. F. McWilliams has been doing splendid work for Mr. Anderson by attending Dr. Ford's meetings.

HONEST DOCTOR

Speaks of Coffee Drinking

About coffee drinking, Dr. Howe: says "I have the best of reasons for naming coffee as among the most dangerous of slow poisons. My own personal experience outside of the general experience gained by my practice has taught the truth.

At about 16 I became a member of a young people's society whose pledge barred the use of all intoxicants, tobacco, tea and coffee, until the age of 21. I kept my pledge and early temperate habits were formed. Up to about my 30th year I was an athlete; no one had better health or spirits.

A short time after passing thirty I began the use of coffee at breakfast with an occasional cup at evening parties. The first symptoms of ill health I remember came soon and later, sore mouth and stomach trouble. Finally well marked dyspepsia supervened. My bowels sympathized of course, also my nervous system became impaired. Dizziness attacked me, and tremulant hands rendered writing exceedingly difficult. My diet had to be restricted. Experienced medical advisors forbade all fruits.

Several attacks of gastritis trouble me and bowel complaint became quite frequent. The shadow of melancholia menaced me and caused me to wonder why a man of my lineage, strength and endurance and temperate habits should be thus afflicted.

Eminent specialists named it, 'miasm,' others as noted said, 'microbes.' I now say "coffee arabica.' Why? Because for the first thirty years I did not drink coffee and enjoyed good health, the second thirty years coffee drinking became a habit and illness more than kept peace with the indulgence.

I am now past 60 years of age. About 18 months ago I saw a shrewdly written statement of Postum Cereal Coffee. I gave it careful reading and thought, and as an experiment substituted Postum for Java and Mocha. For the first three days of the change I felt, keenly, the loss of the stimulant, after that the nutrient quality of the drink more than compensated the deprivation, and an astonishing change came in recurring hunger three times daily; I could scarcely wait for meals, a sensation I had not had for more than thirty years.

Now my health is excellent. I eat fruits of all kinds and food as my appetite demands. I am regaining my nervous tone and my strength is increasing daily. Except my change from coffee to Postum I have made no change in my mode of living.

Do you wonder that I name coffee as among the most dangerous of slow poisons?

I believe there are thousands suffering as I suffered with a better excuse for ignorance than I can offer," A. C. Howe, M. D., 601 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE.—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.)

—Mr. J. M. Kilbourn has returned from a most enjoyable trip to the Holy Land.

—Miss Hattie Barker, of Welland, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Kennedy, for the past few days, returned home yesterday.

—Mr. Taylor Crowe, son of Mr. J. J. Crowe, of Dummer, has been chosen as one of the representatives from the 14th Durham Field Battery on the Coronation Contingent.

—Miss Roper, who graduated at the head of her class from the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, is taking a post-graduate course at the Johns Hopkins Training School for Nurses.

Minden Echo: Mrs. S. J. Dickson and family left here this week to take up their residence in Peterborough.

—Mr. Robert Stewart, Brockville, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. R. J. Waller arrived home from Souris, Manitoba, on Sunday night, where he has been engaged as superintending the spring farming operations on his extensive farm in that district.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures a Lady's Neuralgia, Banishes Nervous Debility and Builds Up Her Whole System

The Wondrous Medicine Gives a New and Happy Life After a Long Term of Terrible Sufferings

Neuralgia sufferers are liable to profound derangements of the nervous system, such as paralysis, epilepsy, hypochondriasis, softening of the brain and insanity.

Neuralgia is usually seated in the face or head, attacking some important nerve or nerves; it may exist in any part of the body. The pains are violent, sharp and rending.

The constitutional causes of neuralgia are, general impairment of the health, mental or physical depressing influences, sleeplessness, debility and rheumatic tendencies.

If you suffer from neuralgia, your condition is one of extreme danger. Rest assured there is no royal or select road for any man or woman to the goal of security and health. You need the virtues of Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine which has rescued thousands of neuralgic sufferers from danger and death—which is now prescribed by our best and ablest physicians for dangerous neuralgia.

Mrs. M. Young, Jarvis Street, Toronto, writes as follows: "I was a terrible sufferer from neuralgia and nervous debility, and was extremely weak and rundown. While in this condition I tried almost all kinds of medicines without a shadow of improvement. My sister finally persuaded me to try your Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle helped me wonderfully, and, after having used six bottles my health is restored and I am now a new woman. I am pleased to say that Paine's Celery Compound is all you represent it to be—a banisher of disease and a health restorer. I thank God and Paine's Celery Compound for my renewed health and strength."

More Money for Bank Clerks.

It is understood that the management of the Bank of Montreal have taken into consideration the increased cost of living while making up the schedules of salary increases this year. The average advance in salaries amounts to about 17 per cent., but in addition an extra living allowance has been made for the clerks in the Toronto and Montreal offices now receiving less than $1,500 per year. The rumor is current in financial circles that a similar step in the matter of a living allowance is to be taken by the Canadian Bank of Commerce, the Standard Bank, the Bank of Toronto, and probably one or two other city institutions. The year has been a most successful one for the banks, and there is a good prospect of the allowance being granted.

PETERBORO PRESBYTERY MEET AT SPRINGVILLE

The Presbytery of Peterborough met yesterday afternoon at two o'clock at Springville. There were present: Rev. J. G. Potter, Moderator and Rev. Messrs. J. W. McIntosh, M.A., South Monoghan; W. M. Kannawin, B.D., Omemee; E. F. Torrance, D.D.; J. A. Wilson, B.A., George Yule; Wm. Bennett, Peterborough; W. L. Atkinson, B.A., Warsaw; Wm. Beattie, Cobourg; Wm. Johnston, Millbrook; S. G. Sinclair, Port Hope; D. A. Hamilton, B.A., Havelock; D. A. Thompson, Hastings; Messrs. W. Fowler, Peterborough, and D. McIntosh, Warsaw, elders.

The call of Rev. D. A. Hamilton, of Havelock from Hornings Mills was considered. The Rev. P. W. Anderson, of Shelburne, Ont., represented the Orangeville Presbytery in its desire to have Mr. Hamilton translated. After consideration it was decided to grant the translation. The pulpit of Havelock Presbyterian church will be declared vacant on Sudnay, June 8th. The Rev. A. C. Reeves, B.A., was appointed interim moderator.

The Presbytery then proceeded to ordain and induct the Rev. George Yule into the pastoral charge of Springville and Bethany. Divine worship was conducted by the Rev. Wm. Beattie, of Cobourg, who preached a very able sermon from the first chapter of Isaiah.

Rev. J. W. McIntosh who has been guiding the affairs of the congregation during the vacancy, narrated the steps which had been taken in securing a pastor.

The Moderator then put the customary question to Mr. Yule, and with solemn prayer, and the laying on of the hands of the Presbytery, he was ordained to the work of the ministry, and received the right hand of fellowship of each member of Presbytery. Mr. Yule was then suitably addressed by Rev Wm Johnston, Millbrook and the congregation received words of counsel from Rev. D. A. Thompson, of Hastings. The Rev. Messrs Bennett and Torrance added words full of good cheer to people and pastor.

After luncheon provided by the ladies, the choir of Bethany Presbyterian church rendered suitable selections, and all members of Presbytery gave three minute speeches. Rev. Mr. Johnston, Methodist minister at Bethany, and the Rev. P. W. Anderson, both visitors, also spoke. Mr Yule, the newly ordained pastor, then spoke in very helpful and stirring words and a very successful service was brought to a close.

The Presbytery then proceeded to the examination of Mr. J. A. Wilson, B.A. a graduate of Knox College, Toronto, and assistant at St. Paul's, Peterborough. The customary questions having been answered satisfactorily Mr. Wilson was licensed to preach.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1 75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3 25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2 20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3 25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3 65.

$2 75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4 25 to $4.75.

$3 50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4 40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4 05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single of double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

A GOOD GUIDE — GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

60 DAY EXCURSIONS

—TO THE—

CANADIAN NORTHWEST

AT FOLLOWING RETURN FARES:

Winnipeg, Man; Arcola, Assa; Binscarth, Man; Elgin, Man; Estevan, Assa; Grand View, Man; Miniota, Man; Moosomin, Assa; Swan River, Man; Wakada, Man; Wawanesa, Man — $28

Moose Jaw, Assa; Regina, "; Yorkton " — $30

Pr. Albert, Sask.; McLeod, Alba.; Calgary, " — $35

Red Deer, Alta.; Strathcona, Alta. — $40

Good going June 3rd, June 24th and July 15th. Returning within 60 days from date of issue.

WHERE TO SPEND THE SUMMER

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Kawartha Lakes, Georgian Bay and the Highlands of Ontario.

The Royal Muskoka Hotel opens June 15th, 1902. Tickets, descriptive folders and all information from

W. BUNTON, City Pass. Agent

Peterborough Radical Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
Peterborough, Ont.

COURT OF REVISION.

Assessment roll of the TOWNSHIP OF SMITH, for the year 1902, will be held at the TOWN HALL, BRIDGENORTH, on

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1902

at 10 o'clock a. m.

F. J. BELL, Clerk

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WILL RUN

Home-Seekers' 60 DAY Excursions

TO THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST AT RETURN FARES.

Winnipeg, Waskada, Estevan, Elgin, Arcola, Moosomin, Wawanesa, Binscarth, Minota, Grand View, Swan River — $28

Regina, Moosejaw, Yorkton — $30

Pt. Albert, Macleod, Calgary — $35

Red Deer, Strathcona — $40

Going JUNE 3rd, returning until AUGUST 4th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JUNE 24th, returning until AUGUST 25th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JULY 15th, returning until SEPTEMBER 16th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Tickets are not good on "Imperial Limited" For tickets and pamphlet giving full particulars, apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
1 King St. East, Toronto

Electric Lamps

25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co

LIMITED

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Borden, M. D., Has the best treatment—has cured many [illegible] of Obesity. [illegible] Reducing Stout Abdomen and Large Hips a specialty. Health improved. [illegible] For terms, particulars, Address Mrs. Dr. Borden [illegible]

—Two furnished rooms to let. Apply at 160 George street.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 45c
Smocks, at.........................80c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

226 George street, Peterborough
Telephone 190 136 and 215, day or nig

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.
Toronto, April 17th, 1902

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

Special Edition

The Morning Times

Special Edition

VOL. 28 NO. 124 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO THURSDAY MAY 29 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

KING CONSULTED AT EVERY TURN

His Majesty Decides Many Things in Connection with Coronation

BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENTS

Canadians and Americans Have Not Appeared Yet in Large Numbers

Special to The Times.

London, May 29.—Coronation scaffolding now fills every thoroughfare of the route of the Royal progress in June, and the Abbey is hardly visible from Whitehall, on account of the carpentry barricades. Every day the newspapers print a fresh column of announcements and preparations for the coronation, and complex as is the mass of detail, evidence of the unity of direction and systematic supervision is not lacking.

Gradually the dates for the state events of the coronation revel have been assigned, and the Marchioness of Lansdowne and other great hostesses are now arranging dinners and receptions for the remaining [illegible].

Ascot week will be the most brilliant social outing, and there will be large country house parties for it, with a ball in the Waterloo chamber, Windsor, as the culminating event.

Chippendale chairs for the Peeresses of the Abbey is a detail which reveals the pains taken to minister to the comfort of spectators.

The Duke of Norfolk is doing the bulk of the work of management, but the King is consulted at every turn. He decides everything quickly, and does not change his mind.

Canadian and American visitors have not yet appeared in large numbers, but the hotels are likely to be crowded with them in June.

THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

London, May 29.—The King, appreciating the beneficent work of the friendly societies, has commanded that they shall be represented at the Coronation ceremony in Westminster Abbey; and invitations have been sent to the following members of the Friendly Societies' Conference:

Mr. J. L. Stead, permanent secretary, Ancient Order of Foresters; Mr. A. Chapman, Parliamentary agent, Ancient Order of Foresters; Mr. W. Marlow, permanent secretary, Ancient Order of Shepherds; Mr. J. J. Stockdale, Parliamentary Agent, Manchester Unity of Oddfellows; Mr. W. G. Bunn, Hearts of Oak; Mr. T. Lichfield, N.D.I.C.; Mr. G. White, Grand United Order of Oddfellows; Mr. J. C. Cleveland, National Independent Order of Oddfellows; Mr. J. Boyd, Ancient Order of Free Gardeners; Mr. R. Vallender; Mr. W. Wightman, London County Council; and Mr. R. Campbell, Independent Order of Rechabites.

Equal Suffrage in Austral

Special to The Times.

Sydney, N.S.W., May 28.—The New South Wales parliament met and organized today. Especial interest attaches to the session as the woman's suffrage bill occupies a prominent place in the legislative programme.

For Study of Negro Problems

Atlanta, Ga., May 28.—The seventh annual conference for the study of the negro problems convened at the Atlanta University to-day. Booker T. Washington of Tuskegee, William Benson of Kowaliga, and representatives from Fisk, Hampton, Prairie View and other institutions are among the participants.

Seattle Terminal for Atlantic Line

Special to The Times.

Seattle, Wash., May 28.—The Great Northern Railway company has decided to make this city the chief eastern terminal of its great line of Atlantic steamships. It is said, unofficially but on reliable authority, that the Hill interests intend building up a large transcontinental, transpacific, coastwise and local trade. Several small steamships already have been purchased to engage in th local and Puget Sound trade. The two great ocean freighters, now under course of construction, in a short time will be ready to place on the run between this city and Asiatic ports.

Gotham Welcomes French Visitors

New York, May 28.—The distinguished French visitors who came over to attend the dedication of the Rochambeau monument arrived in New York this afternoon and receive a welcome that could not fail but leave a pleasant memory. The party landed at the Battery and were escorted by Squadron A and other military organizations to the City Hall, where the visitors were welcomed by Mayor Low. They then proceeded to the Waldorf-Astoria, where the Mayor returned the visit, and the delegation, headed by M. Cambon, received the French residents of the city. This evening the visitors are to be the guests of the Society of the Cincinnati at dinner at the Metropolitan club.

Charities and Correction

Detroit, Mich., May 28.—Nearly one thousand men and women working together or by their common interest for the alleviation of the sufferings of the poor, the rescue of children from vicious surroundings, the reformation of criminals and the uplifting of the submerged, are in Detroit to-day to attend the twenty-ninth annual meeting of the National Conference of Charities and Correction. The visitors come from all parts of the United States, from Canada and from Mexico, and include among their number business and professional men, trustees and superintendents of asylums and correctional institutions, city and state officials, matrons of police stations and representative club women. In the number and representative character of the delegates, this conference is the most notable ever held in America, and probably in the world. [illegible]

The conference formally opens this evening with a meeting in the Central Methodist Church, Governor Bliss and Mayor Maybury will deliver addresses of welcome, and the response will be embodied in annual address of the president, Hon. Timothy Nicholson, of Richmond, Ind. A reception at the Hotel Cadillac in honor of the delegation follows the meeting.

The business sessions begin to-morrow and continue until next Wednesday. The programme is notable for the wide range of topics embraced in the papers and discussions and the prominence of the participants. Some of the subjects to be exhaustively discussed are needy families in their homes; destitute and neglected children; insanity; juvenile delinquents; prison reforms; the feeble-minded and epileptic; neighborhood and civic improvements; the treatment of criminals; the housing of the poor, and hospitals, dispensaries and nursing. Papers or addresses will be presented by William Dudley Foulke, United States civil service commissioner; Joseph P. Byers, of the board of state charities of Ohio; Dr. Alfred Myer of New York, S. C. Lowenstein of the Federation of Jewish Charities, Cincinnati; Dr. Martin W. Barr of Pennsylvania, and Dr. Emilio Martinez, president of the Cuban Society for the Study of Tuberculosis. The conference sermon is to be delivered Sunday afternoon by Bishop Spalding of Peoria.

A Destructive Storm

The storm which passed over Peterborough on Monday was very destructive, Mr. Stephen Payne, market gardener, who resides on the outskirts of the town in North Monaghan, had his greenhouse windows broken and crops destroyed to the extent of about $200. Hail as large as marbles fell, and destroyed everything that was young and tender.

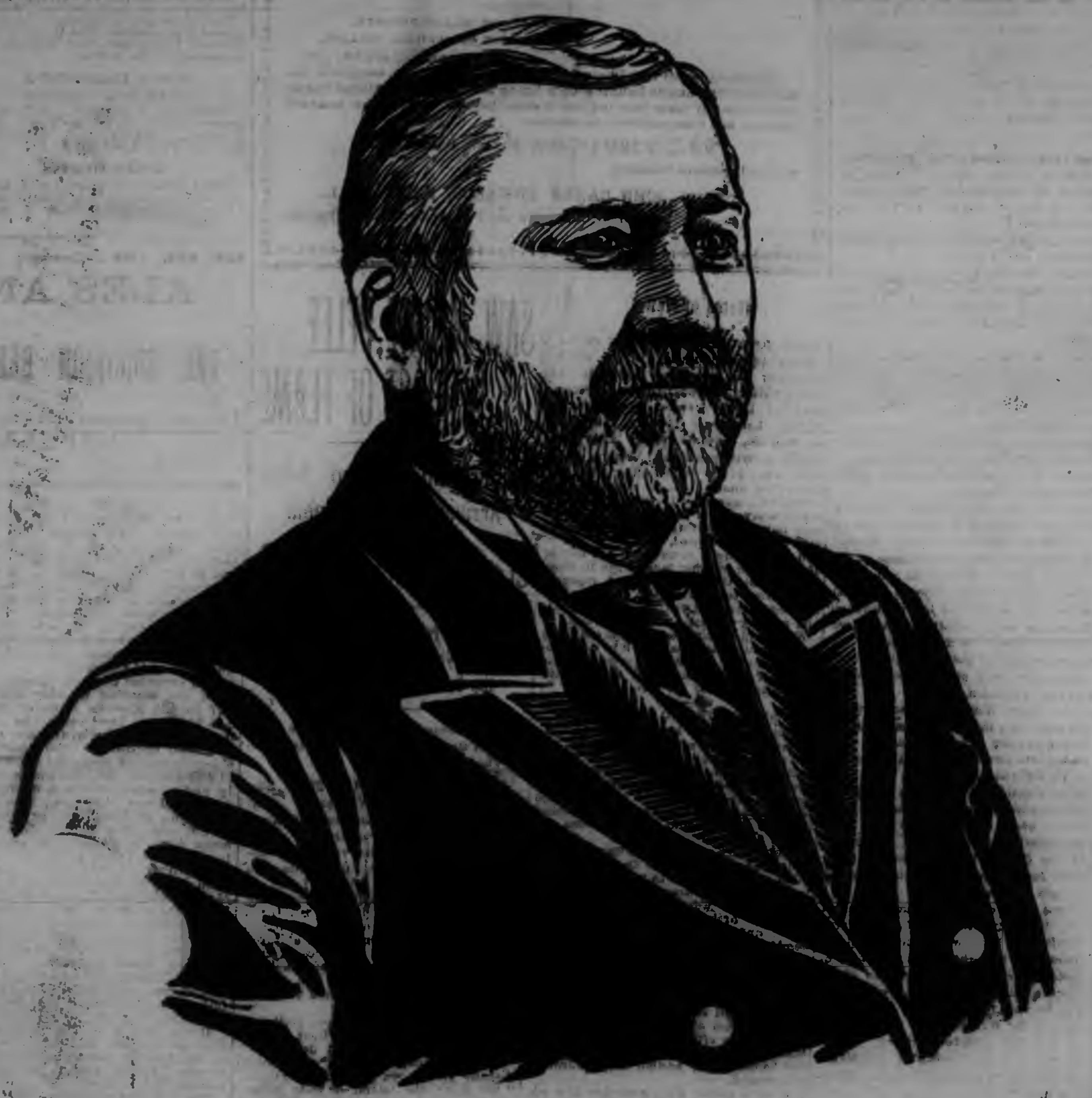
American Competition

Special to The Times.

London, May 29.—The bug-a-boo of American competition will not down. A London paper prints the following statement giving a few facts regarding the strides of American commerce.

[illegible] was 541,831 tons, as compared with 466 [illegible] tons in 1900. The production of the United States figured in these totals for 281,111 tons and 269,111 tons respectively, year as a copper-producing region, but Spain and Portugal ranked second last their output was only 55,000 tons in 1901 and 582,277 tons in 1900.

Experiments which have been made with American gas coal at Copenhagen shows that the American product stands as high as the English coal as regards its gas producing powers, while the quality of the coke obtained is said to be somewhat better than that secured from English gas coal. Increasing quantities of shoes, cotton goods, shirts, hardware, and coal are now being imported into Jamaica from the United States.



HON. J. R. STRATTON

ELECTORS of Peterborough, vote for Mr. Stratton, the representative who has served you so faithfully for so many years.

ELECTORS, vote down the dastardly tactics implied in the unfounded charge that Mr. Stratton is ineligible and disqualified.

ELECTORS, vote for the candidate who has shown that he is abundantly qualified to give you the best possible service.

ELECTORS, the interests of Peterborough's workingmen, merchants, manufacturers and business men demand a representative who will be able, as he has shown in the past, to promote our material, industrial and commercial prosperity, that is,

VOTE FOR STRATTON FOR WEST PETERBOROUGH.

NEAR THE CLOSE

British Statesmen Believe That the War is Almost Ended

London, May 29.—The Mail's Pretoria correspondent states that the Boers have accepted the British terms, and a proclamation has been prepared announcing the fact, and will be posted to-morrow. There will still be some irreconcilables to deal with, which will require the services of a large army.

London, May 28.—The reassembling of Parliament did little toward clearing the situation in South Africa. A [illegible] House listened to non-committal explanations from Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain, and settled down to perfunctory debate on supply, after Mr. Gerald Balfour had glibly rattled off the percentages of the tonnage of the White Star and Dominion lines to the entire British commercial marine. The belief that peace would be definitely arranged in a few days was generally held in the [illegible], and was based upon the opinion that the ministers and the Boer leaders had gone too far to turn back.

There were various versions of a Boer despatch in circulation toward midnight with a feeling of increased confidence that the war was practically at an end. The rumors that either the extra penny on the income tax or the flour and grain registry tax would be dropped were clearly premature. Even if peace be concluded this week, no material reduction in the military forces can be ordered for a long period. The buoyancy of feeling was unmistakable on the ministerial side. Consols again advanced sharply. Heavy buying orders were reported from America and the continent.

The suggestion that the King is so anxious to have peace before the coronation that he is bringing pressure to bear upon the ministers to make large concessions to the Boers is [illegible] in official circles. The King is described as not less patriotic than Queen Victoria was before him, and as equally mindful of the obligations of a constitutional ruler to be guided by the advice of his ministers. The King can hardly be more anxious for peace than the ministers or the country.

A certain [illegible] in yesterday's optimism in regard to early peace in South Africa was perceptible last night. The same organs that declare that the Cabinet's reply of Friday to the Boer proposals was the final stage of England's part in the present negotiations, now explain that the cabinet meeting to-day has to frame fresh replies to fresh Boer demands. A semi-official announcement that the result is not expected before Friday has provoked an outburst of impatience.

INSURANCE PAYMENTS

Amounts Paid to Peterborough County and [illegible] Companies

The following from the Insurance Press of New York is of interest to our readers. It shows the amounts paid by insurance companies for this year.

Havelock	$ 3,000
[illegible]	6,000
Lindsay	16,500
Millbrook	3,000
Norwood	2,000
Peterborough	16,100
Port Hope	4,000

Largest individual payments in Canada, were on the lives of W. E. H. Massey, Toronto, being $110,000, and J. W. McRae, Ottawa, $275,000. The total death claims paid in Canada amounted to $13,321,365, and in the United States, $215,000,000.

IMMIGRANTS POURING IN

The Number Coming in Unprecedented in the History of the Country

Winnipeg, Man., May 28.—The present year promises to break all records in the volume of immigration to the Northwest. For two months the newcomers have been pouring into Winnipeg at the rate of a dozen carloads weekly, and from this they have scattered all over the Northwest. A number of the foreigners came from Finland, the number of Finns far exceeding the Swedes and Norwegians who formerly were in a majority. The bulk of the Finns push on westward to the farming regions of the Northwest. There also has been a large number of Italian immigrants this season. It is a noticeable fact that the immigrants this year are a far better class than those who have arrived in former years.

French visitors at Niagara.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 28.—General Brugere and his fellow members of the French mission to the Rochambeau dedication visited Niagara Falls to-day. The visitors reached Buffalo shortly after 8 o'clock this morning and before leaving for the Falls a visit was paid to the City Hall where the party was received and welcomed by Mayor Knight and a committee of representative citizens. The afternoon was spent in viewing the Falls and at 4 p.m. the party left over the New York Central for West Point.

TRY TO KILL A PRINCE

Governor of Kharkoff Object of Murderous Plot.

St. Petersburg, May 28.—A report has reached here of an attempt to assassinate Prince Obolensky, governor of the government of Kharkoff, who was commended by the czar for suppressing the rioting among the peasants of that district.

Peasants and political prisoners have been whipped at Bialystok and other Polish towns.

Eighty persons who were arrested for taking part in revolutionary disturbances at Saratoff, were confined in a private building there. A number of rioters concentrated in the vicinity of the building contemplated a release.

The rioters were charged several times by the troops before they dispersed and the liberation of the prisoners thus prevented.

Armed with daggers and sticks the townspeople of Ghirzel, in the Caucasus have liberated a score of prisoners who claimed they were innocent.

United Presbyterian Assembly

Pittsburg, Pa., May 28.—The fiftieth annual general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America meets to-night in the Eighth Presbyterian church of Allegheny. A large number of delegates have arrived, and the attendance promises to be unusually large. The reports of the officers and committees will show the condition of the denomination to be better than ever before. The present enrollment amounts to 1,000 ministers and 900 churches, with over 3,000 elders, while the total membership reaches 120,000, and the contributions to the Boards about $850,000. Indications point to the election of the Rev. Dr. John Calvin Boyd as moderator of the assembly for the coming year, to succeed Rev. J. A. Thomson, D. D., of Missouri, the present moderator.

Our Common Cause of Headache

Perhaps the most general cause of headache and pain across the eyes is nasal catarrh. The simplest cure is to inhale the medicated vapor of Catarrhozone which traverses every air cell and air passage of the throat, lungs and nose. It kills myriads of germs at every breath, clears away mucous discharges, preserves and heals the membrane. Catarrhozone is just a splendid remedy for headache and its action is certain and unfailing in diseases of the throat and lungs, deafness, bronchitis, asthma and catarrh. A trial will convince the most sceptical that Catarrhozone is all right. Large size $1; trial size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co. Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

Non-Jury Sittings

The non-jury sittings of the High Court of Justice, were to have opened at one o'clock yesterday before His Lordship Mr. Justice [illegible], but owing to His Lordship not being able to reach Peterborough yesterday the sittings will not commence until tomorrow. There is only one case, being that of foreclosure. The plaintiffs are the Central Canada Loan and Savings Co., and the defendant a Mr. Porter, of Balsover, Durham County.

The Only Thing Really Needed

Is lots of red and vitalizing blood to nourish and invigorate the body. If your blood is thin and watery use "Ferrozone." It supplies the necessary elements, such as phosphorus and iron, and quickly restores lost strength and vigor. Ferrozone is an unequalled restorative for the tired, the sick and the run down; it stimulates the appetite, aids digestion, soothes the nerves and makes the system too healthy for disease to exist. Nothing does so much good in a short time as Ferrozone. Get it to-day from any druggist for 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50. Sold by Ormond & Walsh.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

THE RING

San Francisco, Cal., May 29.—"Kid" Lavigne, the ex-lightweight champion, and Jimmy Britt, the clever California fighter, have completed their work of preparation, and are in readiness for their twenty-round go before the San Francisco Athletic club to-night. Both appear in good condition for the bout. It is probable the winner will be matched to meet "Kid" Parker. [illegible]

LIQUOR, TOBACCO AND MORPHINE HABITS

A. McTAGGART, M.D.C.M.,
75 Yonge Street, Toronto

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice.

Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.

Rev. John Potts, D.D., Victoria College.

Rev. Father Teefy, Principal St. Michael's College, Toronto.

Rt. Rev. A. Sweatman, Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's vegetable remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine, and other drug habits are healthful, safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at [illegible] per year strictly in advance.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 29, 1902.

CAMPAIGN NOTES

This is Chooseday.

• • • •

Stratton is a sure winner.

• • •

Mr. Stratton has the people with him.

• • • •

A vote for Stratton is a vote for Peterborough.

• • • •

It is a sad sight to observe our Tory friends have again taken to the Bole.

• • • •

Peterborough expects every man to do his duty to-morrow.

• • • •

A vote for Stratton tomorrow means a vote for the advancement of Peterborough's interests.

• • • •

Every man owes it to the town to-morrow to vote for Peterborough's progressive minister.

• • • •

A special despatch from Toronto says that the opponents of Mr. Stratton in West Peterborough have not yet ordered their fireworks.

• • • •

With peace in South Africa and Stratton elected in West Peterborough, the British Empire will move forward swimmingly.

• • • •

The latest attempt to influence the electors to refrain from voting for Mr. Stratton was loaded the wrong way, and is likely to prove a veritable boomerang.

• • • •

Electors! be true to your own interests and the interests of Peterborough and vote for Stratton.

• • • •

The honest electors of West Peterborough will resent the unworthy and unwarranted tactics of Mr. Stratton's opponents.

• • • •

Mr. Stratton has faithfully represented this riding for 16 years, and it would b foolish to think of a change when he is in a position to do so much good.

• • • •

Mr. Stratton is worthy of the support of the electors of West Peterborough because he has always been foremost in promoting their welfare.

• • • •

There is only one kind of Victory that would be fitting for the present occasion in West Peterborough: Give Mr. Stratton an increased majority.

• • • •

The local Tory organ says that Mr. Stratton has been disqualified. This is on a par with many others of its statements, and shows that our contemporary is still unmindful of the fate of Ananias.

• • • •

The efforts of Mr. Stratton's opponents to alarm the electors have failed. The hard-headed, thinking people take no stock in the bluff regarding the printing of the ballots.

• • • •

The Belleville Intelligencer heads its political department "A Lying Campaign." That is very appropriate, so far as West Peterborough is concerned. Mr. Stratton's opponents stop at nothing.

• • • •

The practical men of West Peterborough, of all classes, fully realize that they do not want to make experiments which may jeopardize their position. They will vote for Stratton, who has done all that a public man could do to deserve their support, to make known the traffic and industrial facilities of Peterborough to advance its material interests and to maintain its position as the foremost town of the Dominion.

AN IMPERTINENT REQUEST

Evidently Mr. Stratton's opponents are not particularly as to the methods they use to carry on their rather infamous campaign. Made desperate by the certainty of Mr. Stratton's assured victory, they resort to all sorts of questionable manoeuvers to bolster a lost cause.

Perhaps the most glaring piece of audacity ever known in the locality was the notice issued this morning to the electors, signed by Mr. Miller's agent. This precious document states that the electors are "required" to take notice that "any ballot marked by you (the elector) for the said J. R. Stratton x x x will be absolutely void and of no effect, and any vote cast for the said J. R. Stratton will in fact be thrown away"

Could anything go further in the direction of unfairness, untruth and impudence? The electors will NOT lose their votes, for Mr. Stratton has committed no illegal act, and is therefore not disqualified. Such disgraceful tactics will be found to be of little avail in promoting Mr. Miller's interests. Indeed one prominent merchant told The Times this morning that he had intended to vote for Mr. Miller, but changed his mind when he read the latest election roorback of Mr. Stratton's opponents. We appeal to all lovers of British fair-play to show their disapproval of such methods to-morrow by voting for J. R. Stratton, Peterborough's faithful servant for so many years.

THE TIMES SUPPORTS MR. STRATTON

Because it believes that it is in the interests of Peterborough that we should have a cabinet minister as our representative.

Because he has represented Peterborough faithfully for 16 years.

Because Peterborough has reached that critical stage in its history when none but men of experience and influence should be elected to represent in Parliament.

Because he has always taken a deep active interest in everything that went to promote the welfare of the town.

Because he is in a position to do much for Peterborough.

Because he has always had for his motto: Peterborough first, last and always.

Because he is a strong supporter of the Trent Valley Canal.

Because he has been actively identified with the business of Peterborough all his life and has, as a citizen, member of the Legislature, and member of the Cabinet, gained an influence and a prominence in the business world that will enable him to interest in Peterborough financiers and capitalists who have money to invest in manufactures.

Because he has persistently talked Peterborough in every part of the Province and the Dominion.

Because every thinking elector knows in his heart that the business interests, the manufacturing interests, and all the varied interests of the Town and County of Peterborough will be best served by electing Mr. Stratton as its representative in the Legislature.

Because every elector knows that a representative, who is also a Minister of the Crown, is in a position to do more for the Town and County than a private member.

Because every elector who has the interest, the growth, the future and the prosperity of the Town at heart will acknowledge that these will best be promoted by retaining the services of the representative who has served the riding so well in the past.

A vote for Stratton is
A vote for Peterborough,
A vote for Peterborough's progress,
A vote for a permanent policy of progress.

Paine's Celery Compound Will Secure For You The Health That Other Medicines Cannot Give

IT STANDS FIRST AND HIGHEST IN PUBLIC ESTIMATION

The Use of One Bottle Convinces The Sceptic and Unbeliever

The tone, character and quality of the testimonials published in favor of Paine's Celery Compound have firmly established its position in the homes of all intelligent and thoughtful people.

Paine's Celery Compound has always appealed to the sick and suffering with honest statements and solid facts. Some doubters — with honest purpose — have taken the trouble to write to, and in many cases have interviewed the writers of published testimonials. In every case they have been thoroughly satisfied, and convinced that Paine's Celery Compound effected cures that were marvellous, astonishing and happy.

Paine's Celery Compound claims a

Paine's Celery Compound claims a field not successfully filled by any other remedy known to medical science. It is the medicine on which the poor disappointed sufferer can rely after all other medicines fail; when doctors give the patient up as incurable.

To the weak, debilitated, nervous, broken-down and despondent, Paine's Celery Compound gives a new and joyous existence. It strengthens the digestive powers, renews the blood, and acts in the vitalizing, curative, thorough manner that makes it the grandest help to suffering men and women that the world of medicine affords. The best test that can be applied to Paine's Celery Compound is to use it.

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Of Nineteen Aught Two

Will find everything that is Correct and Up-to-date in MEN'S OUTFITTINGS. (Prices second to none)

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H. E. BRADLEY & CO.'S

High-class Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.
MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,
OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,
MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra Standard Granulated Sugar indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 bbls. each, I have analysed same and find them uniformly to contain:

99 $\frac{88}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever.'

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.
Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

Items of News

FOUR YOUNGSTERS IN GREAT PERIL.

There is much alarm at Port Credit regarding the safety of four lads of that village named George Johnston, aged 17; Harry Stewart, aged 14; his brother, Bert, aged 12 years, and Eddie McBride, aged 14 years. They obtained a boat yesterday evening and went away in it. Which direction they took is not known, but, as there was a strong off-shore wind blowing and as the night was very cold it is feared the boys may have been blown out on the lake and may all have perished.

In great anxiety, James McBride, father of one of the missing lads, drove in from Port Credit this morning and reported the matter to the Parkdale police, after sending a despatch to Hamilton as well, and making enquiries along the road.

When it is remembered that the oldest is only 17, while one is only 12, it is not probable that any of them appreciated the danger of an off-shore wind. The parents are distracted over the affair.

A NEW SYSTEM TO BE ADOPTED.

Montreal, Que., May 27.—As a consequence of an arrest made here on the charge of smuggling by Chief of Detectives Carter, at the instance of Chief Inspector Jones of the Customs Department, it is probable that an entire change will be made in the system of examining baggage coming into Canada from the United States.

Lewis Henry was arrested, charged with smuggling jewellery into Canada to the value of $7,000. Henry is in the wine-making business and imported this jewellery consisting of watches, diamonds, rings, and other articles to New York, paying there, and so he shipped it as ordinary baggage to this city. By some means he got the trunks through without examination, and it was only by an accident that the customs officials got wind of the affair. It is understood the customs department will at once adopt the United States system all along the border, station customs officers in the chief United States centres and hold all baggage at the border which has not been examined and passed.

that of a recent date contains the official statement of the British Treasury returns of expenses for the wars in South Africa and China. Up to March of this year the former war has cost $796,870,000, while the estimated expenses for the current year will bring these figures to $ 1,114,870,000. The cost of the China campaign will add $26,000,000 more to this total. To pay the war bills of the year and also meet a deficit in the ordinary expenditures the ordinary revenue would have had to be increased by $80,000,000. The treasury will receive for the four years of the war up to March, 1903, $340,000,000 from taxes, leaving $775,000,000 to be obtained by the convenient method of adding it to the national debt, which will be a charge for years. It is little wonder that the English people are anxious for a successful issue of the present negotiations with the Boers.

New York, May 21.—The rioting around the Kosher meat markets on the east side continued yesterday and last night. The

NOTHING LIKE
Malt Breakfast Food
FOR HEALTH RESULTS

A breakfast grain food that fails to give health and strength to young and old, is dear at any price. While this is true, it is wonderful how habit and custom have so long led and deceived many worthy people.

The ordinary breakfast foods used by many, such as oatmeal, cracked wheat, cornmeal and hominy, no doubt appease the pangs of hunger; their usefulness ends there. These foods instead of benefitting health, retard and impair digestion; they inflame the blood and lower vitality.

Malt Breakfast Food is a scientific health food; it is a concentrated nourishment adapted for the strengthening of young and old. Its delicious nutty flavor, its soothing effect on the stomach of the strong and weak, its energy producing virtues, all combine to make it a food of extraordinary value. Malt Breakfast Food sustains life for the sick when all other forms of nourishment are rejected. It chases away indigestion and stomach troubles, and creates a healthy appetite. Ask your grocer for it.

SAW MOUNT PELEE IN BURST OF FLAME

Ship From Volcano Scene Arrives at Philadelphia

CLOSE TO RODDAM WRECK

Captain Whymper, of Steamer Whitgrift, Witnessed Eruption After the Destruction of St. Pierre

One of the Grandest and at the Same Time Most Horrible Sights Ever Witnessed—The Great Tidal Wave

Wilmington, Del., May 27 — The British steamship Whitgrift, commanded by Captain Charles Whymper, arrived here this afternoon fresh from the zone of the volcanic eruptions in the West Indian Islands. On May 16 she touched at St. Lucia, 40 miles from Martinique. The Captain says that when he left St. Lucia the people were in a state of panic, and many of the women and children were being removed to places of supposed safety. Business was considerably interfered with, as the people were in dread of a volcanic eruption on that island.

The Whitgrift's hull is scarred and rusty, and gray volcanic dust is still clinging to her spars and decks.

"Of Martinique itself I only got a distant view, says Captain Whymper. "We gave the island a wide berth, yet we passed within three miles, near enough to see that the work of destruction was complete.

"We had been sailing over smooth seas until we approached within 40 miles of St. Pierre. Then the sea was lashed into fury and our heavily-laden ship was tossed about as a cork. Martinique lay toward the northeast. A dense mass of smoke hid the island. Mont Pelee was sending up dense volumes of smoke, dust, fire and stones. When the wind blew the smoke away we could see no signs of habitation. Everything had been destroyed.

"For nearly one hundred miles dust fell thickly. It took us a day to pass through it.

"I passed under the stern of the Roddam. It was the most abject wreck I ever saw afloat. Her spars, funnels and upper works were gone. What little woodwork remained was charred and blackened. Eighteen of her men were lying dead on the decks."

Captain Whymper says he saw Captain Chas. Freeman, of the boat, lying in the hospital, and fears that he will never be able to be about again.

At the Barbadoes the Captain met Samuel A. McAllister, of this city, the United States Consul, who is helping to relieve the surviving inhabitants of the stricken island.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 27—Captain Braastad, of the Norwegian steamer, which is here, says:

"We arrived at Fort de France on May 15. When nearing the port we saw a smoke cloud overhanging the island and passed many swollen corpses. At 6 o'clock in the morning of May 20 a tidal wave parted the Helga's hawsers and the steamer went adrift, but was brought to anchor quickly. There was a heavy fall of volcanic matter and the tidal waves recurred rapidly. We sailed for St. Lucia in the afternoon with a number of refugees on board. Passing St. Pierre in the morning of May 22, we found that Mont Pelee was emitting heavy clouds of smoke."

Captain Braastad has in his possession a stone weighing several pounds which fell on the deck of his steamer.

Washington, D. D., May 27—Consul Ayme cabled the State Department from Martinique to-day saying the Admiral of the French flagship Tage has advised him that sufficient supplies to meet the needs of the people of the island for four months are on hand, and suggesting that no further supplies are needed. The American warships now in the French and British West Indies will doubtless be left there so long as they can be of service, and until danger of further serious disasters on Martinique and St. Vincent are passed.

Superintendent Tittman of the coast and geodetic survey furnishes the following memorandum regarding the disturbance of magnetic needles by the second eruption of Mont Pelee:

On the morning of May 20, from 4.07 to 4.16 Eastern time, or 5.03 to 5.12 St. Pierre local mean time, there occurred a slight disturbance of the magnetic needles at the Coast and Geodetic Survey magnetic observatory at Cheltenham, Md., beginning abruptly and reaching its maximum effect at 5.07. From 11.57 p.m., May 20, to 0.09 A.m., Eastern time, or from 0.53 to 1.05 a.m., May 21, St. Pierre local mean time, a similar but somewhat larger disturbance occurred.

According to the cable despatch from Fort de France, dated Tuesday, May 20, the second eruption of Mont Pelee apparently began about 5.15 a.m., closely co-incident with the first magnetic disturbance given above.

Respecting the second magnetic disturbance, about midnight of May 20, it is of interest to note that almost continuous earthquake shocks were felt at St. Augustine, Fla., from 9 to midnight, May 02.

Paris, May 27 — The Russian Minister of Finance, M. Witte, in behalf of the Russian Government, has telegraphed 250,000 francs to the Martinique Relief Fund.

The Emperor of Japan has subscribed 10,000 francs to the Martinique Relief Fund.

Roseau, Island of Dominica, B.W.I., May 27.—During the whole of last night ashes from the volcano on the island of Martinique fell here in greater quantity than ever experienced since the outbreak of Mont Pelee.

A Scientist's Report.

Port de France, May 26. — Professor Robert T. Hill, United States Government geologist and head of the expedition sent by the National Geographical Society, has just come in from a daring and prolonged investigation of the volcanic activity in Martinique. Professor Hill chartered a steamer and carefully examined the coast as far north as Port de Macouba, at the extreme end of the island, making frequent landings. After landing at Le Precheur, five miles north of St. Pierre, he walked through an area of active volcanism to the latter place and made a minute examination of the various phenomena disclosed.

Professor Hill is the first and only man who has set foot in the area of craters, fissures, and fumaroles, and, because of his high position as a scientist, his narrative is valuable. In addition to his work of investigation, the professor rescued in his steamer many poor people who had ventured back after deserting their homes and found themselves in awful danger.

He reports as follows: The zone of the catastrophe in Martinique forms an elongated oval, containing, on land, about eight square miles of destruction. This oval is partly over the sea. The land part is bounded by lines running from Le Precheur to the peak of Mont Pelee, then curving around to Carbet. There were three well marked zones, first a centre of annihilation, in which all life, vegetable and animal, was utterly destroyed; the greater northern portion of St. Pierre was in this zone. Second, a zone of singeing, blistering flame, which also was fatal to all life, killing all men and animals, burning the leaves on the trees, and scorching, but not utterly destroying, the trees themselves. Third, a large outer, non-destructive zone, of ashes, wherein some vegetation was injured. The focus of annihilation was the new crater midway between the sea and the peak of Mont Pelee where now exists a new area of active volcanism, with hundreds of fumaroles or miniature volcanoes.

The new crater is, now vomiting black, hot mud, which is falling into the sea. Both craters, the old and new, are active. Mushroom-shaped steam explosions constantly ascend from the old crater, while heavy, ash-laden, clouds float horizontally from the new crater. The old ejecta, steam, smoke, mud, pumice, and lapilli, but no molten lava.

The salient topography of the region is unaltered. The destruction of St. Pierre was due to the new crater. The explosion had great superficial force, acting in radial directions as is evidenced by the dismounting and carrying for yards the guns in the battery on the hill south of St. Pierre and the colonial statue of the Virgin in the same locality and also by the condition of the ruined houses in St. Pierre.

According to the testimony of some persons there was an accompanying flame. Others think the incandescent cinders and the force of their ejection were sufficient to cause the destruction. This must be investigated. I am now following the nature of this hill.

This is the first, positive scientific statement based on observed facts. Prof. Hill has now started on horseback for the volcano. He will study the whole affected area, and will try to get to both craters. He will surely visit Morne Rouge and the slope of Mont Pelee. The undertaking is very hazardous, as explosions may occur at any moment, as one did May 20. Prof. Hill knows the risk he takes, but says the only way to discover exactly what has happened is to go to the crater itself or as near it as possible.

New Source of Fright.

Fort de France is nearly deserted. A new source of fright is fear that a tidal wave may come. A wave eight feet high would certainly destroy Fort de France, and probably cause enormous loss of life.

The weather is lowering and rainy. The south winds carry the smoke and ashes from the volcano away from Fort de France.

In order to avoid a possible epidemic among the seven thousand refugees now at Fort de France it has been decided to distribute them among a number of depots.

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E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To the electors of the Electoral District of the East Riding of the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the 5th day of month of May 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors, at the TOWN HALL in the VILLAGE OF NORWOOD, on the

22nd DAY OF THE MONTH OF MAY 1902,

At two o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on the

29th Day of the Month of May

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Sub-divisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. Of all which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Seventh day of the month of May, in the year 1902.

BERNARD MORROW,
Returning Officer

E. R.

PROCLAMATION

Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Peterborough, to Wit:

Public Notice is Hereby Given.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of the West Riding to the County of Peterborough, that in obedience to His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Fifth day of the Month of May, 1902, I require the presence of the said Electors at the COURT HOUSE in the TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH, on the

22nd Day of the Month of May, 1902,

At 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province; and that in case a poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

29th day of the Month of May,

In the year 1902, in each of the Townships, Wards or Polling Subdivisions in which a polling place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination. All of which every person is hereby required to take notice, and to govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand, at Peterborough, this Sixth day of the Month of May, in the year 1902.

JAMES A. HALL,
Returning Officer.

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Mr. Anderson's Committee Rooms in Ashburnham will be open on Wednesday night and each evening until after the election. All Mr. Anderson's workers and supporters of the present Government are asked to attend.

DR. J. O MOFFAT,
Secy. [illegible]

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EVERY THURSDAY

Leaves Cobourg at - - 7 00 a m
" Port Hope at - - 8.00 a m
Arrive Toronto at - - 12 30 p m
Returning, leaves Toronto at 5 00 p m

Fare continuous round trip $1.00. Extension return 30 days, 25c extra, from Purser on board.

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Arrives Montreal Tuesday - 2 00 p m
Arrives Quebec Wednesday Morning

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" Brighton - - 3 45 p m
Arrives Charlotte - - 7.30 p m

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[illegible]
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NORTH BOUND.

Leaving Rochester (Cor. N. St. Paul & Main streets ... 9.00 [illegible]
Leaving Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) ... [illegible]
Arrive Cobourg, Ontario ... [illegible]
Arrive Port Hope, Ontario ... 2.30 [illegible]

Baggage can be checked to any place in [illegible], and from Rochester to any point to which ticket reads. For further [illegible] General Manager. [illegible] Agent

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ARTHUR AHERN,
Secretary, Quebec.

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Rates and all information from T. E. Boddy, C.P.R. Agt. W. Bunton, G.T.R Agt.

Now here's a thing that puzzles me;
A grave mistake it seems to be;
Why do we say our years are spent,
When part of every year is Lent!

—Smart Set.

* * *

Mrs. Styles—As that Miss Fussanfeather came down the street just now she spitefully tossed her head to one side.

Mrs. Gyles—Oh, well, she'll hardly miss it.—Yonkers Statesman.

The Story of the Black Dog.

By C. K. BURROW.

The following mysterious story is taken from C. W. Burrow's new book, "Patricia of the Hills." The narrator is an elderly lady, Mrs. Charteris, who relates the incident as an example of Irish folk-tale, but who more than half believes it:

MY grandfather, Patrick Gavan, of Fermoy, was a quiet man to look at—slight, neither tall nor short, with a face that was always pale, dead pale, and eyes that never flinched from man or devil. But, though he looked quiet, he was as wild a roystering fellow as ever stepped on two feet, ready to do the first thing that came into his head, good or bad; it was his misfortune that the bad came the easiest. He had a way with him that made him welcome wherever he went, and many a man, and many a woman, too, rued the day that Patrick Gavan's black eyes first crossed theirs. Well, he married at last, and took his bride to the house on the banks of the Blackwater. She was a lovely, sweet creature, gentle and timid, as you may see from her portrait there; they were as badly matched as tiger and fawn, and she soon began to droop. He was not unkind to her; my grandfather never ill-used a woman; but after a time he took to his old ways, and she just sat down and watched and wondered where it would end. He was a terribly hard drinker, but his head was so strong that he himself seldom got drunk, and one of his delights was to get together a dozen of his wildest neighbors at a great dinner, and see them go under the table one by one. When this kind of thing was going on, his wife would sit in her own room and listen and tremble; once she had tried to get in, but the door was locked, which frightened her more than if she had seen the poor fools soaking their brains within. She crept back to her little oratory and spent the night on her knees, praying for herself, husband and the child that was to call him father.

When the child was born, and for a month after, my grandfather was quiet as a lamb; that was the happiest time of the woman's life, for he would carry the boy up and down, and up and down, never tiring, while she watched him from the bed she was too weak to leave. She thought to herself that her prayers were answered, and that Patrick was a changed man; and he saw what was in her mind and kept a tight hold on himself; but after a time the devil got him by the throat again, and he must needs be at the old tricks.

The fancy that took him was to have one of his dinners, and he arranged it all without letting a word reach his wife; but, in case she should hear, he invited Father Coghlan, the priest who had christened the boy, with the rest. When the night came the poor sick lady was lying up in her room, and he went to her before the guests arrived—I dare say feeling remorseful at heart—and sat down with the boy on his knees.

"Is it cold?" she asked.

"Yes, and with snow on the ground," said he.

"I'm sorry for that."

"Why, mo chreidhe?"

"Nothing," she said, and stretched a thin hand to him across the bed. He took it in his and kissed it. "It's a cold little hand," he said.

"As cold as a snowflake," said she, and smiled softly, and asked for the boy. He laid him on her breast, the child that was to be my father, and she closed her eyes and seemed to sleep. Then he went down to receive the mad guests.

After the eating was over and the wine carried in (those were the claret-drinking days, you must remember), my grandfather locked the door, as usual, and clapped a brace of loaded pistols on the table. "The man who stirs from this room," said he, "before the last bottle's empty, knows what to expect."

Everyone there, except Father Coghlan, was used to this business of the pistols. The priest looked from them to the locked door and back at Gavan with a queer light in his eyes, but he said nothing—only rubbed his chin and drew his under lip back over his teeth.

Well, the drinking began, and went on hour after hour. My grandfather sat pale and upright at the head of his table, while the air grew hotter and the fumes of the liquor reeked stronger and stronger; the table was all splashed and dabbled with wine, men's beards were wet with it; some of them fell forward with spread arms and slept; others slipped to the ground and lay there like logs.

I know this is not a pretty story for a woman to tell, but it's true, and I can see it all. God help the men, I say, who did such things!

There Patrick Gavan sat, and his own glass was never empty; neither was the priest's, but when he raised it it was only to moisten his lips. All the time he watched my grandfather, and saw his face grow harder, and gray with a kind of bitter sadness. At last Gavan saw that he was not drinking, and rose.

"Father Coghlan," he said, "drink."

"A host does not command his guests," said the priest.

"I command mine," cried the other.

"I shall not drink, and I bid you open that door and let me go."

My grandfather caught and balanced one of the pistols in his hand.

"You can't frighten me," said the priest. "I command you, in God's name, to open that door, and let me leave this hell's kitchen!"

"Drink!" said Gavan, cocking a trigger.

At that moment Father Coghlan lifted a warning hand.

"Hush!" he said, "I hear a cry!"

"It's the wind."

"It's no wind, but a child or a woman."

"I hear nothing. Drink!"

As the last word left his lips, there came a hurried scratching at the door. A minute later it sounded under the window. The two men looked at each other, the priest had gone as pale as death, but he stood ready, with the fingers of one hand clasped tightly round a cross which he wore. The scratching went on, and my grandfather moved to the window and opened it, still carrying the pistol in his hand. A black dog leaped into the room, and a breath of cold air followed him. The dog's coat was dry, and his feet were dry, and he made no marks upon the polished floor.

The creature ran around and sniffed at the drunken sleepers, turned aside from the priest, and then paused before Gavan, with his eyes shining like coals, and his tongue lolling out at the side of his mouth. It was no dog of my grandfather's, nor had he ever seen it before.

"Go to hell!" he cried, and fired full at its head. The lock snapped, and there the dog still stood, watching, with his wicked eyes fixed on Gavan, and his red tongue quivering. Just then they both heard a cry, clear and shrill as the call of a peewit; the dog lifted his black head, and in a second had jumped through the open window without a sound.

There was no need for the priest to speak again; in a flash my grandfather had the door open, and they both ran upstairs to the wife's room. She was lying dead, with the child asleep on her breast, and on her hand, as plain as letters in a book, was a red mark in the shape of a dog's tongue.

You might have supposed that this would change my grandfather's life. Well, it did, for some years. He looked after the boy, taught him to ride as soon as he could walk, gave him all the freedom that was good for him, and perhaps more, and saw him grow up into a fine healthy lad who could hold his own in any exercise of skill or endurance, and had a sound brain as well. But I think it must be the hardest thing in the world for a man who has once led the kind of life my grandfather was used to to leave it altogether behind him. When the boy no longer needed his personal protection, and the occupation of teaching him had passed to other hands, he began to cast back to the old ways; and if these had been bad in the young man they were ten times worse in the old. Yet he had a curious delicacy in everything that affected my father, gave him good counsel from the deeps of his own experience, and concealed from him the unsound places in his own life. But the lad heard stories and kept his eyes open, and knew many things which his father would have given his heart's blood to conceal. The boy, however, had a clean, upright soul, and his mother's strain to the good; and so escaped the fire.

One day my grandfather rode back with his horse all a-foam from a place some twenty miles away, where he had been on no good errand. Times and customs had changed for the better, and there were no young men to fill up the place of the dead who had been his fellows in his wicked carousals. But there were still five or six left, and these he had bidden to a dinner; my father, he thought, was away, but during the day he had returned, and, hearing what was afloat, had made up his mind to slip into the butler's little room, which opened out of the dining-room, when the servants were dismissed.

When Patrick Gavan reached home it was already evening; he had ridden hard and far, and was in no condition to enter upon the night's work, but that fact made him the more determined to see it through. He dressed hurriedly, and by the time the guests were to arrive he was ready. But the hour struck and passed, and no guests came; and then, turning to the calendar, he found that he had made a mistake in the date, and that that day's preparations should have been made for the morrow. However, he sat down to table, where all the covers were laid, and had every course served, and the wine brought in; and when the time came, he sent the servants away, locked the door, and laid the pistols beside him.

It was winter again, and the night was still and cold. The house was as quiet as an empty room, so that the sound of the Blackwater running at the foot of the garden could be heard where my grandfather sat. He shivered, and threw more logs on the fire, which already blazed like a furnace; then he began to drink.

The hours slipped by until it was past midnight, at which time Gavan rose and addressed each empty place in turn, as though his friends were there, asking them to drink with him; but there were only six places laid, and he called twelve names, and the last that he called was Father Coghlan's.

"Father Coghlan," he cried, "drink!"

He stood with his glass raised, and his gaze fixed at the level of a man's eyes, his pale face set in a grim smile. He saw the priest before him as plainly as I see you, and he must have heard him speak as well, for after a time he said:

"I hear nothing. Drink!"

And then, on a sudden, there came a scratching at the door. The glass slanted in his hand and some wine splashed upon the table; but he steadied himself with an oath, drank, and sat down; still looking toward the place where the priest had sat. Presently the scratching ceased, but a moment later it sounded from beneath the window. At that Gavan's jaw dropped, and a sweat broke out upon his [illegible] face, but he did not stir. The scratching went on, low at first, and then louder and fiercer, until it seemed like a voice calling to him to open; after a time it drew him to his feet and a few paces toward the window, and as it increased it drew him farther, until at last his hand was on the bar of the shutter; and he threw the shutter back and opened the window, and a black dog leapt into the room. His coat was wet, as though he had swum the river, and his head was wet, but he made no mark upon the floor. His eyes were blazing, and his tongue was lolling out of his mouth; but there was no sound of breathing nor any sign of moisture about the [illegible].

My grandfather walked back to the table, took up a pistol, and sat down. The dog ran around the room, sniffing at every vacant place, and then paused before Gavan. He took a steady sight and pulled the trigger; the lock snapped, and there the dog stood still, with his wicked eyes on my grandfather's face.

And then my father, who was watching all this from the little room, heard a clear, shrill cry, though whether Gavan uttered it he could not tell, and the black dog ran past the chair and around it, the pistol fell, and the creature was across the floor and out of the window quick as the shadow of a flying bird.

The boy broke out of his hiding-place, hot with terror. Patrick Gavan was dead, and on his right hand was a red mark in the shape of a dog's tongue.

The Isle of the Lush Bananas.

A millionaire and a beggar suffered shipwreck and both were cast upon an uninhabited island which abounded in bananas. The millionaire, whose property was all in railroads, did not lose a cent by the shipwreck, but the poor beggar saved only the shirt on his back—which, indeed, was the only shirt he had had for longer than he could remember.

When they found themselves on the shore the millionaire nodded affably to the beggar and said: "I don't remember to have seen you before, but I suppose you must have been on the steamer. Second cabin?"

"No, stowaway. It's cheaper."

"Ah, yes. I hadn't thought of that. Well, this shipwreck is something of a leveler, and we might as well be friendly and see how we can help each other until we are rescued. What can you do?"

"I? Oh, I can beg."

"I'm afraid that in the absence of inhabitants that is a useless accomplishment," replied the millionaire.

"Well, what can you do, yourself?"

"I can buy," said the millionaire.

"Umph!" said the beggar.

"A very just remark," said the millionaire. "I see that we are on the same footing and the outlook is discouraging."

"That is just where I fail to agree with you," said the beggar. "For the first time since I can remember I can live without begging. See, the island is full of bananas."

"But," said the other, "bananas don't agree with me."

"You should have bought a better digestion when your money had purchasing power. Still, if you don't like fruit, there are fish. I see them leaping in the cove there, and we can make fire with your spectacles for a burning-glass."

"But fish almost poison me. I never eat them."

"Well, you are difficult. But there is a small bird."

"I never eat them without the accompaniment of a cold bottle. Still, I suppose I could go a small bird if you caught it and cooked it."

The twain spent months on the island and the beggar grew fat while the millionaire became as thin as an ascetic.

One day, while the millionaire watched the beggar making a meal of weak fish and fried bananas he said: "I would give all my millions (if I could get at them) for your appetite."

"There have been times," said the beggar, "when I would have jumped at your offer, but as we seem out of the track of steamers I won't even consider it. And to tell the truth, I don't believe that all your millions would make these fish any more delicate to my palate nor would seven millions buy so luscious a banana in New York as this that is now slipping over my tongue. But as for you, if you could buy my appetite it would be cheap at any price, for I am happy and fat and you are starving and sad. A word of advice. Next time you begin life see to it that you get an appetite for nourishing things along with your money, for there is more food in the world than there are places where money is valuable."—Charles Battell Loomis in "Saturday Evening Post."

Mark Twain on "Gentlemen."

Commenting on Mrs. Astor's alleged statement, that "without a college education no man can be a gentleman," Mark Twain says that "perhaps Mrs. Astor, when she uses the word 'gentleman,' does not have the same meaning in view that we rude people have." He thinks she probably means "a leader of cotillions; a spick and span dandy, who knows enough to observe the ordinary rules of politeness when he is on parade, and who has a valet at home to tell him what clothes are proper to wear." Twain's idea of a gentleman is "a kindly, courteous, unselfish man, who thinks first not of himself, but of his fellow-man; not one of those 'chappies,' who are in reality the most selfish men on earth," and he adds: "Take the men of prominence in the United States to-day and pick out the true gentlemen. I'll venture that nine out of ten of them never had a high school education, let alone a college education. Why, the first gentleman I ever knew was an old California miner, who could hardly write his own name. He was a '49er, and he and his partner had struck it rich in the early days. The old man had neither chick nor child, and he had worked hard all his life, and when he did get his money he hardly knew what to do with it. He didn't try to jump into society, or to push his way with the 'big fellows' there. He continued to live with the people he had associated with all his life, and many an act of kindness was done, many a wandering son and father saved, many a sorrowing woman's burden lightened and her life brightened by an unknown donor whose identity was only known to a few. It was different with his partner. He had a wife and two daughters with social aspirations, and after a whole lot of pushing and hauling and shoving they landed in society. The expense was too much of a drain on the husband's purse, and he speculated, with the inevitable outcome. He lost his entire fortune and shot himself. Then it was the true gentlemanliness of the old man showed itself. The widow and her daughters had no one to turn to but him, and he did not disappoint them. He saved their home for them when everything else went under the hammer, and he maintained them in it in all the regal style to which they were accustomed, although he still lived in his old lodgings. He lived long enough to see both of the girls well married and the mother comfortably settled for life. Then he died in a charity hospital in San Francisco. He had spent every penny he owned on the family of his partner. That is what I call a gentleman."

The Book of Swells.

First Swell (pretending to mistake for a waiter a rival whom he sees standing in dress clothes at the cloakroom of the theater)—Ah, have you a programme? Second Swell (up to snuff)—Thanks, my man; I got one from the other fellow.—Ex.

"What are you going in for when you leave college, wealth or fame?" "Both. I'm going to become a professional baseball player."

Curious Bits of News.

Wearing sandals is an English fad that has just reached America. They come in several styles, and their use is said to meet with the approval of physicians and chiropodists.

When "Looking Backward" was written it was the prophecy of a dreamer that in a hundred years the citizen would hear sweet music by telephone. Already in London advertisements of fashionable flats offer you the luxury of an electrophone in each suite.

An English paper says that a great many valuable jewels were swept up after King Edward and Queen Alexandra's recent court. An equerry superintended the work and great care was taken with the valuable finds, most of which were promptly enquired for by their owners.

A peculiarly interesting ceremony has been gone through at Westminster Abbey several times. A stalwart grinning bobby sits upon an ordinary cane-seated chair, while a tin crown is put on his head to the accompaniment of thunderous peals from the great organ, and the shrill voices of the boy choir. It is one of the rehearsals preliminary to the coronation.

The English sparrow, which has made so many enemies in the East, has invaded the Rocky Mountain region. For some time past, Mr. T. D. A. Cockerell reports, it has been known in the north-eastern section of New Mexico, at Raton and Las Vegas, and it seems to be gradually spreading westward and southward, having recently been noticed, for the first time, at Albuquerque.

One of the bloodiest bull-fights ever witnessed in Juarez, Mexico, was on March 16, when Fuentes and Mazzantini, Spain's most renowned matadors, fought six bulls to the death. Five horses were horribly gored and killed or mortally wounded during the combat, which lasted three hours, and the ten thousand people who saw the Sunday afternoon battle had their thirst for gore fully satisfied.

The Russian Government has undertaken the completion of a great petroleum pipe line from the oil-wells of Baku on the Caspian Sea to the port of Batum on the Black Sea, a distance of about 550 miles, following the axis of the Caucasus range of mountains. Several years may be required to finish the work, but when the line is in operation it will be capable of transporting 625,000,000 gallons a year, and the intention is to compete in the world's markets with American petroleum.

It is difficult to account for the enormous velocity of some birds' flight when migrating. The northern blue throat goes at the rate of 540 miles an hour, flying 4,800 miles from Egypt to Heligoland in a spring night of barely nine hours. Virginian plover fly from Labrador to North Brazil, 3,600 miles, without stopping, going at the rate of 436 miles in an hour, and probably more. How can this speed be attained? "Nature Notes" thinks it is because the birds resort to great heights, where the resistance of the air is slight.

Among the most interesting experiments in telephoning without wires are those of Monsieur Ducretet, a French scientist. He places an ordinary telephonic transmitter in direct communication with the ground, and at a considerable distance away, on the other side of some buildings with thick walls and cellars, he has a receiver, connected by one wire to the earth, and by another wire to a small metallic sphere let down through an opening to the floor of the catacombs beneath Paris. When words are spoken into the transmitter they are heard in the receiver with much greater clearness than in an ordinary telephone. Monsieur Ducretet is continuing his experiments at increasing distances.

In many farming districts of the West the telephone is taking the place of the newspaper in certain directions. With the spread of the telephone to farms has come about what the company calls a "news service." At a given hour every evening—seven o'clock is the time in most communities—the central operator calls up its long line of subscribers and reads off to them, as to one man, the important happenings of the day. First the official Washington time is given, so that clocks may be regulated, and then come the weather quotations for the next twenty-four hours. Market quotations of farm commodities always follow, so the subscriber in South Dakota knows what his butter sent last week to New York, Chicago or Boston sold for that day. This one feature alone is changing the markets for certain farm products, and swinging them, for instance, from Boston to New York, and vice versa. Important news of national moment is also telephoned briefly without bias, and thus the twenty minutes devoted to this news service is filled out.

Lost the Case.

"Sometimes," said a prominent lawyer, who was giving some reminiscences of his professional career, "a case is won or lost for you right in the court-room without your lifting your finger—or rather, your voice.

"I was once counsel for the plaintiff in a suit for infringement of trade-mark. My client made a brand of chewing-gum put up in a blue wrapper. This wrapper had been widely advertised, and was a good thing to catch the eye in a candy counter. The defendant had got up a pretty close imitation; at a distance it looked the same, although the words were different, and nothing was copied except the general appearance, which is, for advertising purposes, half the value of a distinctive label.

"The opposing counsel made out a pretty good case, showing that in wording, the shape of the letters, and other points, his client's wrapper was different from the plaintiff's.

"'Why,' he said, picking up one wrapper and showing it to the jury, 'would anyone mistake this wrapper for that of the plaintiff? See,' he continued, reaching down for the other, 'they are entirely different.'

"I told him to hold the two just as he had them. He paused at my interruption, wondering what I was up to. His wonder changed to confusion when he found that he had mistaken them himself, and picked up my client's wrapper first. It took two words from one to win the case."

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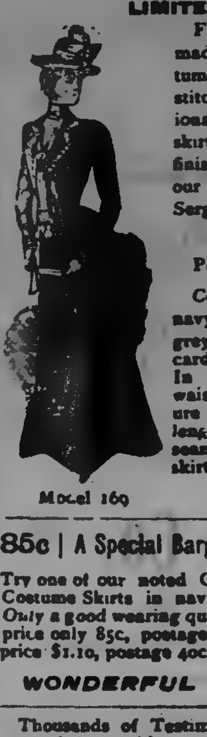

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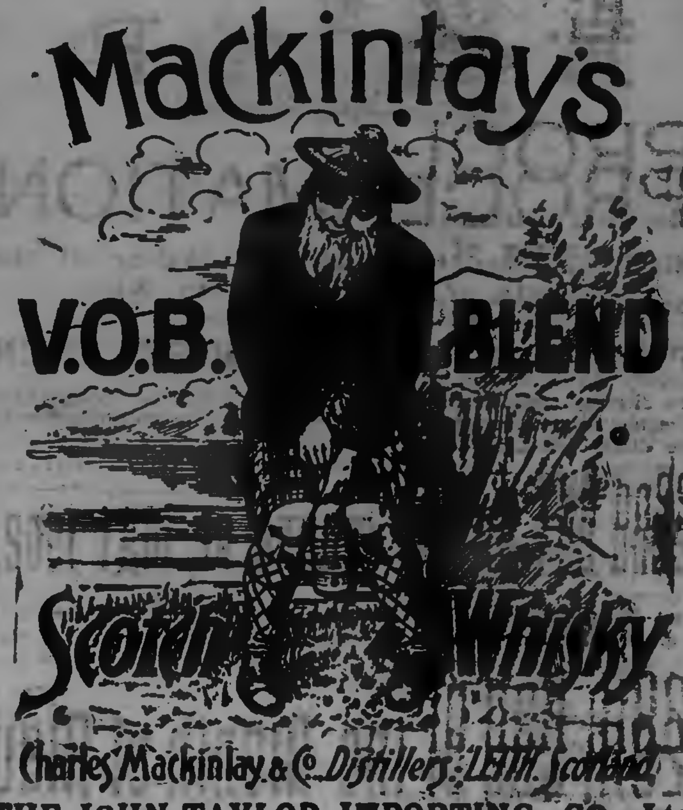

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W. H. HOGG, Manager.

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General banking business transacted. Savings Bank department, highest rate of interest allowed on deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Corner of Water and Simcoe streets. JOHN CRANE, Manager.

THE TORONTO

SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY

3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 1 or 5 years.

Money to loan at lowest current rates.

Open every Saturday afternoon.

Office, 437 George street

W. G. MORROW, Manager

Peterborough, March 14, 1902.

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SNOWDEN HOUSE, Peterborough — First class in every particular; $1.50 per day. Commercial rooms.

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POUSSETTE & McWILLIAMS, BARRISters and Solicitors, 3½ Water Street. Money to lend at lowest current rates. A. P. Poussette, K.C., R. F. McWilliams, LL.B.

DENNISTOUN PECK & STEVENSON Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries. Office 417 Water Street. Money to lend. E. A. Peck R. M. Dennistoun, A. Stevenson.

HATTON & BRADBURN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public. G. W. Hatton C. M. Bradburn, B.A.

Miscellaneous

FRY, 304 Park Place—Falling into Line—Painting, Papering and Graining of all kinds and descriptions at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 304 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 18 Toronto street Toronto

Help Wanted.

AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you can make big wages? By big wages we mean $10 to $20 a day; you can do it with our automatic copying book. Moore & Co., Room 711 44 and 46 Broadway, New York.

CARPENTERS WANTED. Apply at the gate house of the Canadian General Company.

Childrens' Aid Society

CHILDRENS' AID SOCIETY Peterborough —for the care of neglected and ill-treated children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature 1893. Information requested. Informants names kept strictly private. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. George Cochrane, agent and assistant secretary. Office Division Court buildings.

READ THIS.

READ THIS. $700.00 in Bank will yield you $21.00 per year, we can give you better security and a return of over $71.00 per year for same money.

See cards in our office window for other profitable investments.

Choice building Lots, Houses and Lots, Gardens and farms for sale.

T. HURLEY & CO.

Near Post Office

Phone, 376, Ground Floor.

RUBBER STAMPS

B. CAIRNS RUBBER STAMPS

SEALS, PRICE MARKERS

1, King St east TORONTO

A Letter from the Front

Montreal, May 28.—The following letter was received from Clerksdorp, dated April 2, by Mrs. Massiah, Montreal, from her son, Trooper H. C. Massiah, of the S.A.C.:

"About two weeks ago we had a big drive, not a sleigh drive but a Boer drive. We left Vaal Banks Sunday at 7 p.m., rode all night, and next day ran into the Boers about 4 p.m., Monday, capturing their convoy, three 15-pounders and two pom-poms killed 70 and captured 26; but, as our chief object was to drive the Boers into the columns on the Clerksdorp side, we were satisfied, as the other columns got 1,000 of them.

"We camped in Haartebeestefontein valley Monday night, April 3, after being in the saddle twenty-four hours. We stayed there all day Tuesday resting our horses and only sending out small patrols. We left Wednesday morning at 5 o'clock, arriving at Vaal Banks about 3 p.m. Our troops captured nine Boers, 14 mules and 11 horses also three Cape carts. We left Thursday and got here Saturday at 10.30 a.m. This is to be our chief camp for a time. We send patrols out every day. We had another flying column out on Tuesday and Wednesday after a Boer laager near Mafeking, but when we got there they had skipped. But we ran into a Boer convoy, capturing it all, including 1,000 head of cattle 3,000 sheep and 30 prisoners. Col. Keke which is in command of us. The Cameron Highlanders joined us two days ago."

MIX-UP WITH THE BOERS.

In another letter dated April 17, Private Massiah, says:

"I have not written since we left Bloemfontein. We had a big scrap about four miles from where the C.M.R's got cut up. Von Dolley's column with 3,000 men and one gun were ahead of us when Kemp and Bothister, thinking they had an easy thing, rushed the advance, consisting of M.I.'s and Y.L.'s. The M.I.'s got mixed up with the Boers while the Y.L.'s skipped for the convoy. The Scottish Horse were driven on the guns. We were supports to the advance, and when the order came we rode up, dismounted and opened fire at 800 yards. The Boers were riding knee to knee, their lines hanging loose, their rifles resting in the hollow of the left arm, firing like blazes. They came on until they were within 75 yards, when our fire became too hot for them, and they turned and fled. The guns, which had opened up by this time, shelling them until they were out of sight. They left 30 dead on the field, including Commandant Botgister, 60 wounded and 30 prisoners. Our loss was 12 killed and 50 wounded. None were hit in the Canadian troops. We chased the Boers for 18 miles, and got their three guns, which they captured from Lord Methuen, also 15 prisoners and one pom-pom. The signal for their attack seemed to be two shots from their 15-pounders. It appears that they only saw one column, while ours, under Col. Grenfell, was behind out of sight. Both columns were under command of Col. Kekewich.

"We left Doornfontein Tuesday morning at half-past four and got in here at 2.30 p.m., a distance of 42 miles. We are going tomorrow morning to Black's Spruit, 14 miles away. The C.M.R.'s are back here again.

"I saw Harry Niven again yesterday. He had tea with George Addy and I. He is in good health and spirits.

"There is a rumour that the Canadian S. A. C.'s are going home in October. There is a peace conference going on at present. I think a few weeks will see the finish."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. E. Grove's signature is on each box. 25ct

MAJOR MILLER'S DEATH

This poem is not original; it is copied and altered to suit the occasion by a correspondent of this great family journal:

Not a cry was heard, not a sorrowful word
As his corpse from the committee room they hurried;
For the fight was now over, and everyone said,
That the Major was deeply buried.

Gladly he entered the fight, hoping to win,
For the wily Tories deceived him;
They led him to think he should surely get in
Now the political grave received him.

He had told about school-books municipal law,
About boodling he did some squealing,
But he found to his cost that the cards did not draw,
That the Province wished none of his healing.

A few shots around, said a lovely Amen;
And the Grits were all broadly smiling,
And they looked up their sleeves, did these bad Tory men—
For now they were now through beguiling.

THE NAVY ALSO WILL CELEBRATE.

Special to The Times.

London, May 27.—The Admiralty is making preparations under the initiative of the Prince of Wales to enable the British fleet all over the world to join the coronation ceremonies. Warships will be [illegible] at the principal ports of each station.

London, May 27 — The London Sta-

PEACE IN SOUTH AFRICA AT LAST ASSURED, PROCLAMATON NOW ISSUED

A Despatch to the London Papers State That War is Over

Lord Kitchener's Splendid System of Blockhouses Broke the Backs the Burghers

Still the Cape Colony Rebels to Deal With

Special to The Times.

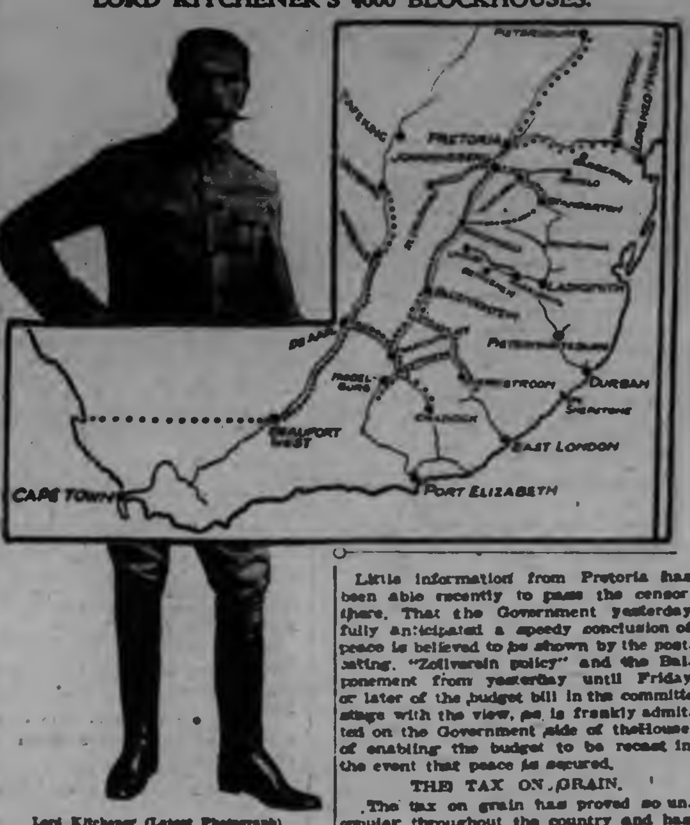
London, May 29.—The Daily Mail this morning says the Cabinet Council to be held to-day will decide upon points of detail, mostly of a financial nature, which have been raised by the Boers in the peace negotiations. Great Britain's decision in the matter will then be communicated to the Vereeniging conference by delegates at Pretoria, says the paper, and, being the best obtainable terms, they will almost certainly be accepted.

The results should be announced officially either Thursday or Friday of this week, probably on Friday, the day upon which King Edward's birth is celebrated. Peace is quite certain, says the Daily Mail and the delegates at Pretoria are only engaged in endeavoring to gild the pill for the Vereeniging conference to swallow.

The Daily Mail says further: "Our despatches from Pretoria assert that numerous communications are passing between Lords Kitchener and Milner in South Africa and London. Lord Kitchener, although he is still full of energy, is much aged in appearance as a result of the severe and continuous strain which he has undergone. The consensus of opinion is that the recent negotiations have proved Lord Kitchener to be a great diplomatist as well as a great soldier. It is difficult to appreciate the magnitude of the difficulties Lord Kitchener has had to contend with. The Boer leaders are all deeply impressed with his personality and trust him implicitly.

"It is understood that Lord Milner (the British High Commissioner in South Africa) has gracefully admitted that the ultimate credit for the accomplishment of the great task is due to Lord Kitchener."

LORD KITCHENER'S 4000 BLOCKHOUSES.



Lord Kitchener (Latest Photograph).

Just before Parliament rose after midnight last night a rumour reached the lobbies that a hitch had occurred in the peace negotiations. Nothing official concerning this rumour could be ascertained but a despatch from Pretoria, in which it was said that the prevalence throughout South Africa of the optimistic feeling in regard to the peace negotiations was hardly based upon the solid facts may be regarded as an indication that such a hitch as occurred.

Little information from Pretoria has been able recently to pass the censor there. That the Government yesterday fully anticipated a speedy conclusion of peace is believed to be shown by the postponing "Zollverein policy" and the postponement from yesterday until Friday or later of the budget bill in the committee stage with the view, as is frankly admitted on the Government side of the House, of enabling the budget to be recast in the event that peace is secured.

THE TAX ON GRAIN.

The tax on grain has proved so unpopular throughout the country and has had such an unexpected effect in reuniting the Liberal party with a most effective election cry that there is little doubt he Government will welcome an excuse to drop it. The belief that the Government intends to drop the tax on grain is so strong that all members of the House of Commons who have leanings toward protection met informally last night and sent an appeal to the Ministers to dispense with this tax.

Another strong reason for the desire to do away with this tax is in the colonies, where it is regarded as an opportunity to demand preferential treatment—a demand which will be strongly pressed at the coming conference of colonial Premiers in London, and which is likely to cause the Government considerable difficulty by emphasizing a sharply defined divergence of opinion in the Cabinet.

There the Chamberlain party is advocating, your party advocated just the reverse. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, is said to be quite willing to surrender the tax on grain.

A PREDICTION.

The Daily News predicts that once peace is secured the present Ministry will go to pieces in twelve months through the irreconcilable dissensions between the Salisbury and Chamberlain sections. In the meantime, Lord Rosebery is drawing the Liberals closer together. He has consented to preside at a Liberal meeting to be held in London to protest against the Government education bill. This bill has also proved to be an unpopular measure, so much so, that many of the Government's supporters are urging the Government to modify it.

COLONIES STAGGERED HUMANITY

Cape Town, May 28.—Prime Minister Seddon, of New Zealand, who is on a visit to South Africa, held a reception yesterday. He made a speech in which he said he felt sure that peace was not far off.

Mr. Seddon added: "When peace comes, let one and all be satisfied that it will will be a peace on an everlasting basis. The response made by the colonies during the war has staggered humanity."

Mr. Seddon went on to say that a stupendous work lay before all of them. It was essential to obtain an increased British population. Many New Zealanders were now settling in the country. Referring to the continental slanders on the British army, Mr. Seddon said that it was now proved that any insult to the flag caused pain throughout all the colonies. He advocated the "open door" for British products of the colonies and trading between the colonies.

The Hague, May 29.—It is stated in Boer circles here that the peace proposals made to the conference at Vereeniging, Transvaal, included the condition that the Boers in the field be allowed to consult with the Boer delegates in Europe before a definite settlement is reached. It is declared also upon the same authority that the British Government refused on May 22 to accede to this request.

Pretoria, May 28.—Forty-six Boers, with their waggons and cattle, surrendered at Balmoral, Transvaal, Sunday.

CANADIANS HAVE ENTERIC FEVER.

Ottawa, May 28.—Lord Minto received a cablegram from the casualty department, yesterday, announcing the continued illness of Canadians suffering from enteric fever:

The cable reads: Cape Town, May 26.—Dangerously ill, enteric fever, May 25, at Kimberley, 2nd C.M.R., Harry Wilson Dyment, C. McVicar, Ed. Keddy; at Pietermaritzburg, E. C. Redswell.

Dyment enlisted at Halifax; McVicar at London; Keddy at Quebec, and Redswell at Medicine Hat.

Don't be Bluffed

By the Latest and Most Discreditable Tactics of a Hopeless Opposition

UNDULY INFLUENCING ELECTORS

Attempt to Unduly Influence Electors to Refrain from Voting—The Cowardly Game of Desperate Men.

The opponents of Hon. Mr. Stratton are playing the dangerous game of maliciously publishing and circulating an utterly unfounded and baseless slander and libel to the effect that he is disqualified as a candidate at the present election, the alleged reason being that the Examiner had a contract with the Returning Officer for the printing of the ballots, and that therefore Mr. Stratton is disqualified.

There is not the slightest atom of truth in the statements made in this connection. The desperate Opposition in this town are playing a dangerous game by attempting to exercise undue and unlawful influence upon the electors to induce them to refrain from voting. This is a much greater and more serious breach of the election law than the alleged offence implied in the charge, which is without the slightest justification, even as a campaign trick.

The honest electors of West Peterborough will resent the unworthy and unwarranted tactics involved in the utterly baseless charge referred to.

Let all Mr. Stratton's supporters poll their votes early on Thursday, and roll up such a majority as will show that the unscrupulous and cowardly tactics of Mr. Stratton's opponents are justly condemned by the honest electors of West Peterborough. No elector who votes for Mr. Stratton need be afraid that his vote will be lost. It will be counted as a factor in the biggest majority that has ever been rolled up in West Peterborough. Let no elector pay any attention to eleventh hour roorbacks invented by a desperate opposition playing a losing game.

FOR STYLISH

Boots and Shoes

—GO TO THE—

City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St, Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,

139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal	4.45 p.m.	11.28 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.13 a.m.	7.20 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston	5.15 a.m.	12.33 a.m.
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.25 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7.20 p.m.	7.13 a.m.
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	12.33 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West	11.35 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto	11.37 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9.00 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west	6.25 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal	8.25 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc	8.10 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local	9.25 a.m.	6.25 a.m.
Lakefield local	4.50 p.m.	1.00 p.m.
Lindsay local	7.20 a.m.	9.25 p.m.

TO-DAY

Ask your druggist for

FOOT ELM

The great remedy for all foot troubles. We will pay back your money if the remedy is not satisfactory.

If your Druggist offers you a substitute, try some honorable druggist, there are lots of them and it's not necessary to deal with a man who offers you an inferior article for the sake of making a few extra cents profit.

STOTT & JURY.
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over sight.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 29 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES.

—The county council will meet next month.

—Summer will probably come all in a bunch.

—Two furnished rooms to let. Apply at 500 George street.

—Vote for Stratton and do not be deceived with roorbacks.

—There will be no issue of The Times to-morrow morning.

—The frost on Tuesday night did considerable damage, especially to fruit.

—Ping pong and all summer games, also hammocks in large varieties at Times Bookstore.

—The C.P.R. Telegraph Co. has issued a very neat and useful election score card from The Times job rooms.

—June clearing sale of sporting and fancy goods at Times Bookstore. Prices away down. Also a lot of bound books reduced to only 15 cents a copy.

—The steamer Rainbow arrived in port yesterday Capt Copperthwaite in command, with a scow of lumber for the Peterborough Canoe Co.

—Subscribe for The Times Peterborough's brightest and best daily newspaper. Delivered throughout the town for 10c. per month.

—A meeting of the Board of Trade will be held on Friday evening.

—Get a copy of the Morning Times on Friday morning. Full report of election.

—Magazines for the year neatly bound, also books repaired at moderate prices. Times Bindery, Market Block.

—Let every man, woman and child be on the market square tomorrow night to see the election returns shown by lime light on rear of Times building.

—The government dredge Trout is now working in the Otonabee river at Yankee Bonnet, widening and deepening the channel. Before leaving Hastings, the river between Rice Lake and the village was buoyed, so that navigators will henceforth have no trouble in keeping the channel.

—The very latest creations in ladies' stationery, sealing sets, playing cards, engraved visiting cards, wedding invitations, society emblems, etc. Headquarters for "the best" in athletic goods, carbon papers, typewriter ribbons, erasers, paper fasteners, ink stands, standard blank, copying and memo. books, inks, mucilage, paste and everything for the office, the library and the school room. Fountain pens, etc. Mail orders from out of town friends will receive prompt attention. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

Do You Belch Gas?

If you have uneasy sensations in the stomach, a bad taste in the mouth, headache—remember that ten drops of Polson's Nerviline in sweetened water is a quick and certain cure. Nerviline aids digestion, dispels the gas, makes you comfortable and free from distress at once. Nerviline is just splendid for cramps, colic, dysentery, stomach and bowel troubles, and costs only 25c. Better try it.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure constipation.

THE TIMES LETTER-BOX

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

FOR WHOM TO VOTE

To the Editor of The Times:

Dear Sir,—As one who has no very strong leanings to either particular party and who is quite prepared to admit that there are matters connected with both that are not altogether satisfactory, I wish to state why I think it is in the interest of the working men of the Town to support Mr. Stratton in this election.

In the first place, he is a life long resident of the Town, and I feel that it is a great honor to the whole community to have one of its citizens a Cabinet Minister. So far as I know Mr. Stratton is the only man who has ever risen to this position of influence in Peterboro' and supposing we were so foolish as to lose his services as our representative, there can be no question that many long years would elapse before Peterborough was again represented by a Cabinet Minister.

Then, in the second place, there is the consideration which will occur to anyone of ordinary sense who is not blinded by political feeling —the consideration I refer to is the great power Mr. Stratton possesses of influencing and fathering the up-building and general progress of the town. Every one knows that for years Mr. Stratton's best efforts have been at the service of every movements for the improvement of the general business conditions of Peterborough. His interests are wrapped up in the development and maintenance of the prosperity of the town, and no one who knows anything of the inside history of the various arrangements that have been made manufacturing and other industries, he will agree that Mr. Stratton's influence has been greatly beneficial to the storekeepers, working men and manufacturers of Peterborough.

It would be foolish to change a man of his influence and ability for a mere nonentity, who will have no power in building up the interests of the Town.

Then last but not least there is the personal consideration. Mr. Stratton is an old Peterborough boy, a life long resident of the Town, proud of its progress and proud of its achievements whether in connection with Industry or Sport every young man will tell you that Mr. Stratton's pocket has always been open to any reasonable demand for the encouragement of the latter.

But this is not all. Probably few people outside the circle of his own family know how constant are the demands upon his pocket for charitable purposes and how frequently his open-hearted generosity has lifted the weight which sudden calamity has brought, or sickness and death entailed upon the suffering. In cases like these no one has ever heard Mr. Stratton ask whether a man or a woman was a Grit or Tory, Catholic or Protestant. Their need was the only passport required to his generous assistance and if the records of such cases are ever to be known, I believe that the people of Peterborough will be astonished at their extent and widespreadness.

For every reason, I say, that a vote for Mr Stratton is a vote for the best interests of the Town, and every man, woman and child in it, and I hope that others beside myself will take this view and mark their ballots for him.

Yours truly.
THOS. V. BROWNE.

Peterborough, May 28.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Events Under This Head Transpiring in and around Peterborough.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to furnish the paper with items of a personal and social nature either by phone or in writing.—Ed. TIMES.)

Mr. Robert Stewart, of Brockville, who has been here for a few days on business, returned home today.

—Mr. J. T. Canniff, of The Times staff, leaves for Napanee tonight to cast his ballot for the government candidate.

—Mr. Wm. Anderson, Liberal candidate for East Peterborough, was in town today, and speaks hopefully of the prospects of his election tomorrow.

—Mr. J. H. Brandon, Fenelon Falls, is in town.

—Mr. Frank Burnett, of Birdsall's Landing, is confined to his house with a severe contusion, received from a circular saw falling on one of his limbs.

The Late Wm. Smith

The funeral of the late Wm. Smith, whose melancholy death by drowning was recorded in our last issue, will take place from the family residence, corner of Stewart and Sherbrooke Streets, to-morrow, Thursday afternoon, at nine o'clock, a.m.

No Paper To-Morrow

There will be no issue of The Times to-morrow, in order to enable a number of our employees, who live at distant points, to vote. Friday's Times, will contain the full returns of the election from all parts of the Province.

Grand Trunk Railway Officials in Town

Messrs. W. R. Tiffin, General Superintendent, R. Brown, Master of Bridges and Buildings, and John A. Chase) General Road Master, arrived yesterday on the special car.

Users of

Grape-Nuts

don't care how high meat goes.

Strength

Economy

ALL GROCERS

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty, Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

but in a flash Harold St. John had sprung between them.

"She is mine!" he cried. "Do not dare to touch her until our relative positions are settled. Let the squire and her sisters attend her. Fortunately the minister who performed the ceremony is in the city; believing she would persist in denying this marriage, I made the appointment with him to meet me here and identify her. Ah, here he is now; we will await his decision."

They all turned toward the entrance gate, and beheld a tall, thin, clerical-appearing gentleman coming up the paved walk.

St. John called to him, and he came hastily forward.

"Has there been an accident?" he queried, looking at St. John, then back to the rest of the group.

"There would have been had it not been for your timely assistance in coming here to decide a very important matter," responded St. John, grimly, and in a few words he explained to the Reverend Mr. Tice the situation — that he claimed one of these ladies as his wife, and that another one persisted in claiming him in order to mix affairs up.

"Look around on these three," he continued, "and kindly settle the matter. Select the one from among them to whom you married me on the night of the 24th of June."

The old minister looked greatly bewildered.

"You will abide by his decision, I presume?" said St. John, turning to Aleck.

"How am I to know that this is not a plot concocted between you?" cried Aleck.

But the Reverend Mr. Tice interrupted him with a grave shake of the head.

"Sir," he said, "I am a minister of the Lord. Should I lend myself to a plot? Besides," he added, eagerly, seeing the squire for the first time, "there is my old friend, Farmer Gordon; he has known me from my boyhood; he will tell you I am a man who would not lend myself to a scheme. I will speak the truth, and nothing but the truth."

Then the squire spoke.

"Not even for all the gold this man could obtain would the Reverend Mr. Tice utter that which is false," he said, hoarsely; "let him look upon Hetty's face—and upon — Daisy's, if he really persists in it, and say which one is—is—this villain's wife."

Slowly, while they were speaking, Daisy had regained consciousness, and now clung to Hetty in despair too horrible for words to describe.

Slowly the minister stepped forward and, adjusting his spectacles, eagerly scanned the three death-white faces.

At length the old minister turned to the father whose white face was buried in his hands, and to him he addressed his reply:

"I have looked upon these three young ladies, and I am firmly convinced that one of them is Harold St. John's wife—lawfully wedded to him at the time and place of which he speaks—but, to make assurance doubly sure, I would test my memory that it may serve me beyond a doubt. Let these two"—pointing to Hetty and Daisy—"stand in turn with this man before the altar in the same old church, as the couple stood whom I married that night, and then I will answer you which of these two is the one."

"Courage, darling," whispered poor Hetty, "the minister cannot decide, and when there is doubt there is hope that he can be convinced that—"

"Hush, hush," interrupted Daisy. "Listen to what Aleck is saying; in our name he agrees to the proposition. Oh, Hetty—Hetty, the sight of that old church again would drive me mad."

"But it must be, darling," responded Hetty; "we must brave it out to the last."

"But I cannot see your life wrecked for me—even to save me," sobbed Daisy, piteously; "oh, how I wish you had not stayed my hand when I wanted to take my life last night."

"Be brave, my darling," whispered Hetty, "you must stand this last and greatest ordeal."

"Are you willing to be drawn into this affair, Daisy, my love?" said Aleck, drawing her aside; "remember it is for Hetty's sake."

"You—you—would not believe it even if he should declare I was the one, Aleck," she wailed below her breath.

"Certainly not—in the face of Hetty's acknowledgment," he responded promptly, continuing: "The villain simply wants to drag you into it to annoy me and create a great scandal; why, the very idea is worthy of the brain of a fiend incarnate."

"Then must I go, Aleck?" she gasped.

"Yes," he answered hurriedly, "since the old minister so earnestly requests it. You know there is a great resemblance between Hetty and yourself, which in truth puzzles him; when he sees the right one standing before the altar with St. John he will recognize her."

CHAPTER XLIII.

Identified.

Daisy raised her terror-stricken eyes to Aleck's face.

"For your sake I will try and bear it," she said; then she buried her face in Hetty's lap, too weak for sobs, too overcome for prayer.

The squire's voice broke in upon her confused thoughts.

"Come, dear," he said, "we will make preparations for this journey at once; we will be in time for the southern express which starts in an hour from now," and they all noticed that the squire spoke no word to Hetty; he even ignored her outstretched little white hand.

"Say one kind word to me, papa!" she cried. "My—my—heart is breaking."

To be Continued.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular way $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two-piece, worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4.00.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

OUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

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TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

60 DAY EXCURSIONS

—TO THE—

CANADIAN NORTHWEST

AT FOLLOWING RETURN FARES:

Winnipeg, Man.; Arcola, Assa.; Bin-scarth, Man.; Elgin, Man.; Estevan, Assa.; Grand View, Man.; Miniota, Man.; Moosomin, Assa.; Swan River, Man.; Wakada, Man.; Wawanesa, Man. } $28

Moose Jaw, Assa.; Regina, "; Yorkton, " } $30

Pr. Albert, Sask.; McLeod, Alta.; Calgary, " } $35

Red Deer, Alta.; Strathcona, Alta. } $40

Good going June 3rd, June 24th and July 15th. Returning within 60 days from date of issue.

WHERE TO SPEND THE SUMMER

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Kawartha Lakes, Georgian Bay and the Highlands of Ontario.

The Royal Muskoka Hotel opens June 25th. Write for descriptive folders and all information.

W. BUNTON, City Pass. Agent

APSLEY.

—Bush fires have been raging to an alarming extent in this locality, but we are glad to say no great damage has been done as rain came in the nick of time.

—The Presbyterians held their annual tea on Victoria day, and it was a decided success. Although the weather was unfavorable, the proceeds amounted to over thirty-four dollars, thanks to all, and more especially Clydesdale, for their liberal support.

—The Apsley boys are studying the 12th commandment; Remember election day and vote for Ross.

One of our young horsemen has invented a device to keep his driver from switching his tail which we understand has proved a decided success, even beyond his expectations, for it has left no tail to switch, as that member had to be amputated to save the poor brute's life. How is that for cruelty to animals!

—We understand some more of our young ladies have transgressed the law by decorating the streets in the evenings. Poor girls! you seem to be a thorn in the flesh, but don't despair —the present Government won't reign forever.

Peterborough Radical Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
Peterborough, Ont.

COURT OF REVISION.

Assessment roll of the TOWNSHIP OF SMITH, for the year 1902, will be held at the TOWN HALL, BRIDGENORTH, on

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1902

at 10 o'clock a. m.

F. J. BELL, Clerk

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WILL RUN

Home-Seekers' Excursions

TO THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST AT RETURN FARES.

Winnipeg, Waskada, Estevan, Elgin, Arcola, Moosomin, Wawanesa, Binscarth, Miniota, Grand View, Swan River } $28

Regina, Moosejaw, Yorkton } $30

Pr. Albert, Macleod, Calgary } $35

Red Deer, Strathcona } $40

Going JUNE 3rd, returning until AUGUST [illegible] ... [illegible] ... pamphlet giving full particulars, apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
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THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 40c
Smocks, at 90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible]

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, April 17th, 1902

SANTAL MIDY

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MIDY

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

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MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 126 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO FRIDAY MAY 30 1902 PRICE TWO CENTS

THE LIBERALS HAVE A VERY CLOSE SHAVE

The Government Claim Fifty One Seats and the Opposition Forty-Seven, With One Place to Hear From---Later Returns May Materially Alter the Situation

MR. STRATTON'S MAJORITY IS OVER A THOUSAND

The Electors of West Peterborough Stick by Their Old and Faithful Representative

His Splendid Victory Will Greatly Strengthen Him Amongst His Colleagues and in the Country—Mr. Anderson Elected

The elections are over and it looks as though the Liberals have been returned to power by a narrow majority. Below will be found complete returns with one exception. In several cases the majorities are so close that a recount may make a change. The Globe claims that Mr. Ross will have a majority of five, while the Mail and Empire concede a majority of three. Manitoulin, which is yet to hear from, will probably go Liberal, which will increase the Government's lead by one.

In West Peterborough Mr. Stratton's majority, when the returns are all in, will probably exceed 1 000, which must be very gratifying to his many friends, Liberal and Conservative alike. This is an effectual reply to the unfair efforts that were made to defeat him, and will, we trust, forever put an end to that style of campaigning.

MR. ROSS SAYS IT IS SEVEN

Mr. Stratton received a telephone despatch late last night from Hon. Mr. Ross, who stated that the Liberals have a majority of seven. With the bye-elections which are to take place, this majority will probably be increased to ten or twelve.

In East Peterborough, Mr. Wm. Anderson has also won a great victory. We were unable to secure returns, but the majority will exceed 300. This riding was regarded by the Liberals as an exceedingly doubtful one for them, and was so marked. That the majority is so large is a surprise to both parties.

The following is the returns as far as heard from, up to the hour of going to press:

WEST PETERBOROUGH

PETERBOROUGH	Miller	Stratton	Maj Miller	Maj. Stratton
Ward No. 1. Div. 1	55	117	..	..
" " " 2	58	98	..	..
" " " 3	83	85	..	..
" " " 4	90	124	..	..
" " " 5	96	124	..	..
Ward No. 2, Div. 1	74	90	..	..
" " " 2	71	148	..	..
" " " 3	69	134	..	..
Ward No. 3, Div. 1	58	97	..	..
" " " 2	85	96	..	..
" " " 3	63	69	..	..
" " " 4	67	84	..	..
Ward No. 4, Div. 1	68	76	..	..
" " " 2	58	93	..	..
" " " 3	52	53	..	..
NORTH MONAGHAN				
No. 1, School House	78	56	..	..
No. 2, Town Hall	32	53	..	..
SOUTH MONAGHAN.				
No. 1, Baillieboro' }	38	..	..	..
No. 2, Centreville }				..
No. 3, Bensford	45	46	..	..
SMITH.				
No. 1, Milburn's S. H.	55	96	..	..
No. 2, Town Hall	39	116	..	..
No. 3, Ray's S. H.		21	..	..
No. 4, Selwyn		12	..	..
No. 5, Young's Point	39	63	..	..
LAKEFIELD				
No. 1, Town Hall	65	82	..	..
No. 2, Clerk's Office	45	61	..	..
ENNISMORE				
No. 1, Town Hall	13	173	..	..
No. 2, O'Rialy's S. H.		54	..	..
HARVEY				
No. 1, Town Hall	..	..	..	
No. 2, School House	..	..	..	
No. 3, Lark Hall	..	..	..	
GALWAY				
No. 1, Coulter's House	..	..	..	
No. 2, Mrs. Hartnett's	..	..	..	
No. 3, Swamp Lake	..	..	..	
CAVENDISH				
No. 1, Cochrane's House	..	..	..	
No. 2, Ford's House	..	..	..	

Majority for Stratton, 805

EAST PETERBOROUGH

It was found impossible to secure full returns from East Peterborough last night, but Mr. Anderson's majority at present exceeds 300, and his election is assured, allowing for all possible contingencies. Complete returns from this riding will be published tomorrow.

WEATHER NOTES

Friday—Fine and warm.

Fine weather now prevails over the greater part of Canada, with decided warm conditions in the Northwest. Fine warmer weather is now indicated for Ontario and Quebec, the rise in temperature to be especially marked after Thursday.

HOW THE PROVINCE VOTED

The figure 1 denotes the candidate elected, according to the latest returns.

Riding.	Independent	Conservative Candidate.	Liberal Candidate.	Candidate Elected.			Maj.
				Ind.	Lib.	Con.	
Algoma		W. R. Smyth	D. M. Brodie	o	1	o	149
Addington		James Reid	G. A. Aylesworth	o	o	1	....
Brant North		John H. Fisher	D. Burt	o	1	o	84
Brant South		Major Fraser	T. H. Preston	o	1	o	300
Brockville		D. O'Brien	G. P. Graham	o	1	o	33[illegible]
Bruce North		D. M. Jermyn	C. M. Bowman	o	1	o	275
Bruce Centre		H. Clark	Dr. J. M. Stewart	o	1	o	243
Bruce South		Dr. Clapp	R. E. Truax	o	1	o	....
Carleton		George N. Kidd	Donald H. Maclean	o	o	1	284
Cardwell		E. A. Little	Lincoln Hutton	o	o	1	384
Dundas		J. P. Whitney	W. G. Smyth	o	o	1	250
Durham East		J. J. Preston	H. H. Walker	o	o	1	407
Durham West		W. H. Reid	William Rickard	o	1	o	80
Dufferin	W. Bailey	Dr. Barr		o	o	1	836
Elgin East		C. A. Brower	Dr. Sinclair	o	o	1	68
Elgin West	H. G. Wilshire	F. G. McDiarmid	A. McCrimmon	o	o	1	....
Essex North		Dr. J. O. Reaume	W. J. McKee	o	o	1	279
Essex South		A. B. Herring	John A. Auld	o	1	o	4000
Ft. William and Rainy River		Dr. Smellie	D. C. Cameron	o	1	o	237
Frontenac		J S. Gallagher	W. J. Shibley	o	o	1	100
Glengarry		W. D. McLeod	D. M. McPherson	o	o	1	....
Grenville		R. L. Joynt	W. J. Bissell	o	o	1	863
Grey North		G. M. Boyd	A. G. McKay	o	1	o	8
Grey South		Dr. Jamieson	George Binnie	o	o	1	....
Grey Centre		I. B. Lucas		o	o	1	....
Haldimand		Samuel Beck	J. W. Holmes	o	1	o	152
Halton		Dr. Nixon	John R. Barber	o	o	1	100
Hamilton East	L. M. Gordon	H. Carscallen	Dr. H. S. Griffin	o	o	1	140
Hamilton W	E. Colquhoun R. Rodehouse	J. S. Hendrie	S. F. Washington	o	o	1	177
Hastings East		A. A. Richardson	S. Russell	o	1	o	100
Hastings West		M. B. Morrison	E. G. Sills	o	o	1	733
Hastings North		J. W. Pierce	B. O. Lott	o	o	1	300
Huron East		Anson Spotton	A. Hyslop	o	1	o	500
Huron West		James Mitchell	M. G. Cameron	o	1	o	40
Huron South		H. Eilber	M. Y. McLean	o	o	1	73
Kingston		J. W. Shaw	E. J. B. Pense	o	1	o	177
Kent East	John Johns	John Davidson	John Lee	o	1	o	250
Kent West		J. S. Fraser	T. L. Pardo	o	1	o	150
Lambton West		W. J. Hanna	F. F. Pardee	o	o	1	100
Lambton East		P. D. McCallum	H. J. Pettypiece	o	1	o	....
Lanark South		Col. Matheson	Jos. Cram	o	o	1	570
Lanark North		A. M. Greig	W. C. Caldwell	o	1	o	130
Leeds		W. Beatty	C. E. Britton	o	o	1	237
Lennox		T. G. Carscallen	M. S. Madole	o	1	o	63
Lincoln	G. B. Wilson	Dr. Jessop	D. J. McKinnon	o	o	1	317
London	F. Daly F. Hazelgrove	Adam Beck	Col. Leyes	o	o	1	14
Manitoulin	McMillan	R. R. Gamey	J. T. Fraser	o	o	o	....
Middlesex East	R. H. Wade	Capt. Robson	Dr. Rutledge	o	1	o	100
Middlesex West		Thomas English	G. W. Ross	o	1	o	331
Middlesex North		D. F. Stewart	W. H. Taylor	o	o	1	....
Muskoka		A. A. Mahaffy	Dr. Bridgland	o	1	o	283
Monck		J. A. Ross	R. Harcourt	o	1	o	....
Nipissing East		George Smith	Dr. James	o	o	1	1008
Nipissing West		F. Cochrane	J. Michaud	o	1	o	....
Northumberland East		Dr. Willoughby	A. O. Simmons	o	o	1	200
Northumberland West		George Spence	Samuel Clark	o	1	o	200
Norfolk South		J. L. Buck	W. A. Charlton	o	1	o	40
Norfolk North		Dr. Snider	E. C. Carpenter	o	o	1	150
Ontario North		W. H. Hoyle	W. J. Kester	o	o	1	200
Ontario South		Charles Calder	Hon. John Dryden	o	1	o	134
Ottawa		D. Murphy	S. Bingham	o	o	1	588
		C. B. Powell	A. Lumsden	o	o	1	575
Oxford North	D. R. Ross	C. Muma	A. Pattullo	o	1	o	350
Oxford South		D. Sutherland	Dr. A. McKay	o	o	1	19
Perth North		J. C. Monteith	John Brown	o	1	o	2
Perth South		Nelson Monteith	V. Stock	o	o	1	38
Parry Sound		Joseph Edgar	Milton Carr	o	1	o	...
Peel		S. Charters	J. Smith	o	1	o	115
Peterboro East		Dr. Ford	W. Anderson	o	1	o	370
Peterboro West		J. W. Miller	J. R. Stratton	o	1	o	....
Pt. Arthur and Lake of W.		Jos. G. King	James Conmee	o	1	o	....
Prescott		S. R. Poulin	F. E. A. Evanturel	o	1	o	....
Prince Edward		L. P. Williams	Dr. Currie	o	1	o	170
Sault Ste. Marie		A. Miscampbell	C. M. Smith	o	o	1	275
Russell		O. J. Roche	O. Guibord	o	1	o	300
Renfrew North		P. White	John W. Munro	o	1	o	350
Renfrew South		Henry Moss	F. F. Latchford	o	1	o	413
Simcoe West		James Duff	W. Williamson	o	o	1	376
Simcoe East		R. H. Jupp	J. B. Tudhope	o	1	o	200
Simcoe Centre		A. Thompson	D. Davidson	o	1	o	42
Stormont		J. McLaughlin	W. J. McCart	o	1	o	270
Toronto North	G. F. Marter Miss Haile J. H. Tripp	Dr. B. Nesbitt		o		1	250
Toronto South	H. S. James C. A. Corner	J. J. Foy	W. B. Rogers	o	o	1	1100
Toronto East	James Simpson	Dr. R. A. Pyne	L. V. McBrady	o	o	1	1050
Toronto West	J. A. Kelly	Thos. Crawford	Thos. Urquhart	o	o	1	1327
Victoria East		J. A. Carnegie	L. F. Heyd	o	o	1	500
Victoria West		S. J. Fox	Newton Smale	o	o	1	110
Waterloo North		Dr. Lackner	L. J. Breithaupt	o	o	1	100
Waterloo South		W. A. Kribs	Dr. Thompson	o	o	1	150
Welland		Hy. Cronmiller	J. F. Gross	o	1	o	137
Wentworth North		A. R. Wardell	R. A. Thompson	o	1	o	30
Wentworth South	John B. Pettit	Erland Lee	John Dickinson	o	1	o	200
Wellington East	W. E. Tookey		J. M. Gibson	o	1	o	37
Wellington West	James Tucker		James McEwing	o	o	1	70
Wellington South	Samuel Carter	J. P. Downey	John Mutrie	o	o	1	507
York East		J. W. Moyes	John Richardson	o	1	o	37
York West		J. W. St. John	W. J. Hill	o	o	1	385
York North		T. H. Lennox	E. J. Davis	o	1	o	144

MOUNT PELEE AGAIN IN FIERCE ERUPTION

Another Violent Outburst Terrifies the Inhabitants

VILLAGES ARE IN DANGER

Terrific Lightning Flashes Accompany the Magnificent Volcanic Disylay

The Refugees Fly as far as Possible From the Scene of the Disaster—Ashes Carried to Dominica

Fort de France, Martinique, May 29.—At 8.40 o'clock last night vivid flashes of lightning illuminated the sky, frightening the people, who thought the lightning portended another disastrous eruption of Mont Pelee. Many of them hastily left the city.

A majority of the people crowded into the streets and gazed with awe and fear at the peculiar flashes, which stretched across the heavens for an exceedingly long distance. The display lasted for nearly two hours. Then it subsided and the people returned to their homes, where they remained disquieted throughout the night.

It rained here all day yesterday, and the lightning last night was due to the natural atmospheric conditions, but of this the people would not or could not convince themselves. As a matter of fact worse displays of lightning have been seen here, but now the slightest disturbance terrifies the people.

Mont Pelee was in eruption about the time the lightning was seen, but it had no connection with the phenomenon referred to. The mountain threw out great quantities of volcanic matter, and the northern towns were covered with ashes.

Six houses were destroyed at Basse Point, but no deaths have been reported. The inhabitants of Marigot, Grand Anse, Macoube, St. Jacque and Ajoupa Bouillon are in a state of terror.

Prof. Robt. T. Hill, the American geologist, is said to have advised the evacuation of these towns, and recommends the town of Trinite as the site for a new city.

Ten thousand persons are deserting the northern part of the island and coming to Fort de France, which is already overcrowded with refugees.

Reports this evening state that Pelee continues to emit ashes and molten matter, which are covering the mountain.

Acting Governor L'Heurre has sailed on the French warship Tage to make a tour of the island.

Prof. Hill has gone on an expedition and will try to reach the peak of Mont Pelee.

Mr. Kennan and M. Jaccaci left for the interior of the island last Thursday. No news has since been received of their whereabouts, and there is considerable anxiety regarding their safety.

Roseau, Dominica, May 29. — There was a shower of volcanic ashes here all last night. The ashes came down in greater quantity than at any time since the eruption of Mont Pelee.

Paris, May 29.—The following telegram has been received from Fort de France:

"An alarming eruption occurred last evening. The flames for an hour were 150 metres high and of the diameter of the crater, 300 metres. Thousands of lightning flashes were seen. The electrical disturbances were very terrifying, though they were localized around the volcano. The factories are threatened and a panic prevails."

A despatch to the Matin from Fort de France, dated Tuesday, says that a new eruption of immense violence has caused a great panic. The crater of Mont Pelee flung a heavy rain of cinders and gravel over the northern districts to Lorrain. There were thick clouds charged with electricity hovering over the mountain. No serious accident has been reported.

A cable received at Brest announces that the cable north of Martinique has been repaired and the usual communication by way of Hayti has been restored. The Governor of Martinique is moving the refugees rapidly, fearing an outbreak of fever.

BOER ACTIVITY IN CAPE COLONY

A Score of Roving Bands which the British Are Not Doing Much Just at Present to Suppress

London, May 30.—The capture of Commandant Malan, announced from Middelburg, Cape Colony, last night, demonstrates the activity of the rebellion in Cape Colony. Commandant Malan took the late Commandant Scheeper's command when the latter was captured by the British, and became chief Boer commandant in Cape Colony after Commandant Kritzinger's capture. Malan (who was mortally wounded when captured, on the Rypon road, May 27, by Major Collett's mounted troops) was among the irreconcilables who refused to send delegates to the peace conference at Vereeniging, Transvaal.

According to the latest uncensored correspondence from Cape Town, the Boers are still in constant occupation of at least 22 different localities in Cape Colony, having more than a score of bands of raiders, mounted and armed, and of sufficient mobility to deny successful pursuit, although the British have often swept and "cleared" every mile of the colony's territory. A correspondent reports that "invasion is more actively aggressive than ever, and rebellion is more rampant."

The campaign against the roving Boer commands in Cape Colony, which has been in active progress for sixteen months, has achieved nothing beyond keeping them moving. "Any occasional success," the correspondent adds, "obtained by the seventeen British columns now operating in Cape Colony is more the result of luck than of their tactics, and these unpalatable facts will continue so long as so few columns co-operate in the hustling. The inadequacy of the supply of troops is at the root of the unsatisfactory operations."

Everybody reads The Times.

ROWED AWAY FROM THE BURNING VOLCANO

Escape of Count Fitz James And Baron Fohtenilliat

INCIDENTS AT ST. PIERRE

Had Gone Out Fishing From St. Pierre on the Fatal Day

Instantaneous Death of the Population—Glass and Silver Fused That in Moment and Wood Not Charred

New York, May 30.—Passengers arriving here from Martinique bring some details of the Mont Pelee eruption which were not included in the cable reports. Among those who came of the Red D Line steamship Caracas which got in yesterday were the Comte Fitz-James, Baron Fontenilliat and T. Max Smith of this city.

The Comte Fitz-James said that he had been stopping at St. Pierre, on his way here from French Guiana and that he was waiting for a ship to bring him on northward. On the day of the eruption, he said, he and the Baron de Fontenilliat went out fishing in a small boat and were about two miles off shore when the eruption came.

From the top of the cone, he said, there was a burst of white smoke similar to that at the explosion of a cannon's charge, and this was immediately follow. by a rapidly outspreading pall of heavy black smoke, overlying a dense yellowish cloud, which settled rapidly over St. Pierre. Almost immediately the air became exceedingly hot and stifling, and soon ashes began to fall. The spreading cloud of black was impenetrable to the eye and presently it brought a considerable degree of darkness. The town was obscured completely, buried in the black mist.

Then the black cloud gradually rose, and as it was dissipated the yellow mist melted to the atmosphere also, and as it vanished there leaped into the air the flames of St. Pierre burning. The fire burned for four or five hours and St. Pierre was no more.

The Count said that it was quite impossible to impart the impression the awful spectacle made upon a witness of it.

"To see ships in the air," said he, "was to be stunned at the forces playing before one's eyes. I happened to be looking directly at the cable ship Grappler when the turmoil reached the water, and I saw her raised clear of the water, I should say fifteen feet, and then come down and sink instantly."

It became so unbearably hot even where the Count and his companion were, that they had to pull away as hard as they could. They landed some distance to the southward, as soon as they believed they had reached a safe place, and made their way afoot to Fort de France.

The next day they went back to the ruined town. The Count brought with him here a claret glass, fused, twisted and flattened, with a suggestion of the iridescence that is found on some buried glasses. He took it from a shop in St. Pierre, where it had been with others on one of a set of wooden shelves. The shelves had fallen in the collapse of the building's walls, and while the wood was not burned in the least, the glassware was all half fused.

Nearby on the floor a little girl had been playing with her dolls, and there was a small toilet set among her toys. Every piece of crockery in the toilet set was fused, as was the claret glass, but the corpse of the child was not burned.

The Count also brought with him three five-franc pieces, much the size of our silver dollars, which had been literally boiling, as the bubbles on them showed; yet they were not melted and the lettering on them was not even effaced.

These things and others similar furnished clear evidence of the tremendous and momentary intensity of the heat. The destruction of St. Pierre's population was instantaneous, according to these indications.

The Count said that St. Pierre would never be rebuilt. It needed only one look to show anybody that never again would a town rise there. It was the very destruction of destruction, he said,—destruction so complete that it seemed original and eternal desolation.

He added that there was no destruction outside of the lines running from the top of Pelee down to Precheur, north of St. Pierre, and to Carbet, south of it. The fall of ashes had not ruined vegetation elsewhere; the ash covering of roofs and ground was no worse than the thick dust which covers everything in Arizona after a dust storm, or in Algiers after the sirocco.

Mr. Smith went to St. Pierre on the Korona, which got here week before last with her stories of the eruption. He says of the appearance of the stream that came down from the volcano.

"I saw what looked like a great glacier flowing slowly but steadily down the side of the mountain into the sea. It was more nearly white than gray, and where it ran into the water the steam ascended in clouds. I don't know whether it was lava or mud. There was no sign of lava that we could see in the ruins of St. Pierre."

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal	4.45 p.m.	11.38 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.12 a.m.	7.20 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal Portland, Boston	6.15 a.m.	12.23 a.m
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.38 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and Intermediate	7.20 p.m.	7.12 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	12.23 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West	11.25 a.m.	4.45 p.m
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto	11.27 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	8.00 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west	5.30 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal	8.15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc	8.10 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal	9.05 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Lakefield local	9.35 a.m.	8.35 a.m.
Lakefield local	4.50 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
Lindsay local	7.30 a.m.	9.35 p.m.

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Canada.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at [illegible] per month, and to outside points at $5 per year strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 30, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

There was no Blizzard in East Peterborough yesterday, although the politicians raised the wind.

• • • •

Major Miller has nothing to be ashamed of. He put up a good fight, but the fates were against him.

• • • •

The Times' forecast of the result throughout the country is always right, if you notice.

• • • •

There is no truth in the rumour that Mr. Stratton has moved to Ennismore.

• • • •

This a great country. Over 200,000 Canadians made their mark yesterday.

• • • •

Miller, Stratton and Victory, but the greatest of these is Stratton.

• • • •

God help the country if the people are as bad as the party press would have us believe.

• • • •

Let's all take a rest.

• • • •

And now for the bye-elections.

• • • •

Who is that man Miller, anyway?

Now, gentlemen, pay your bets like men.

• • • •

The Times has no hesitation in saying the country is safe.

• • • •

Whitney was Waterloo—in fact won two Waterloos the same day.

• • • •

There is more than one prophet without honor in his own country just now.

• • • •

Major Miller is wondering how it all occurred.

• • • •

What office do you want?

• • • •

Some politicians we could name should be compelled to keep peas in their boots for several moons, if they ever intend to atone for their misdeeds during the past few weeks.

• • • •

The Globe says the independent press was with the people in the recent campaign. Right your are, dear boy. This great family journal is with the people every time, for you will find it in every home in Peterborough and Ashburnham.

• • • •

And now Duncan Bole will be relegated to the rear for another four years.

• • • •

Duncan is not the Bole that cheers, as far as Mr. Ross is concerned.

• • • •

The Times' lime light exhibition on the market square last night was a peach. This g.f.j. never does things by half.

• • • •

How about that "bold bluff?"

• • • •

Had the election made you rich?

• • • •

Blessed is the man who expecteth not a government office till he gets it, then he won't be disappointed.

THREW BOY INTO RIVER

A Serious Charge Against Joseph Deschatelets, of Little Ripon

Ottawa, May 29.—Joseph Deschatelets of Little Ripon, near Papineauville, Ottawa county, is in the Hull jail awaiting trial for the alleged murder of Benjamin Riche, a fifteen year old boy. It is alleged that the prisoner threw the boy into the Little Nation River last Friday. According to the story of employees of the Papineau Lumber Company, Deschatelets and the boy were assisting in breaking a jam of logs when the prisoner seized him, and after a struggle forced him into the rapids. The body has not yet been recovered. The motive is said to be jealousy. Sheriff Wright and Detective McCaskill have gone to Ripon to investigate the affair. The prisoner was brought before the magistrate at Hull yesterday, and remanded. The boy was an adopted son of the prisoner. The latter refuses to talk.

Items of News

London May 30.—The Daily News thinks there is no truth in the report that Sir Henry Howard, British Minister at the Hague, will be appointed to succeed Lord Pauncefote as Ambassador at Washington. It bases its belief on the fact that Sir Henry's wife is an American, she being a daughter of the late George W. Riggs of Washington.

Pottsville, Pa., May 29.— The coal companies in this section are gathering special policemen to protect their property, in the event of a conflict on Monday. It is known that a strike of the pumpmen, engineers, and firemen is inevitable.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has notified coal shippers that on and after June 1, $1 a day demurrage will be charged upon cars detained over an avergae of four days. This will seriously affect speculators, who profiting by the anthracite strike and the increased demand for bituminous coal, are buying the latter, and using the cars for storage, pending a market at higher prices.

Pekin, May 29.—The native newspapers published here assert that France has notified China that the insurrection in Kwangsi Province is interfering with her Tonquin trade, and that unless it is suppressed before July, France will take steps to protect her interests.

London, May 30.—In Australia, the adult suffrage bill has passed the Senate without one dissenting vote. This means that at the next national elections all the women in Australia will be able to vote for members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament.

While Belgium has been having riots and bloodshed over the effort to establish the principle of "one man, one vote" and finally failed to secure it, Australia quietly goes ahead and gives a vote in national elections not only to every qualified man, but to every qualified woman as well.

Women have had school and municipal suffrage for many years throughout all the six Australian colonies. In 1893 South Australia gave them Parliamentary suffrage (i.e. the right to vote for members of the local Parliament of that colony), and in 1900 West Australia did the same. Now that women are to have national suffrage throughout Australia, it is expected that they will soon be given the right to vote for the local Parliaments in the four colonies where they are still excluded from this privilege. In these four — Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania and New South Wales—the position of women is now as anomalous as it would be in this country if women could vote for members of Congress, but not for members of the State Legislature.

Rome, May 29.—Leo XIII's letter to Cardinal Gibbons on the Pope's conduct in regard to the United States is the keystone of the Papal American policy. At the time of Prince Henry of Prussia's too pompous and yet fruitless journey, I pointed out clearly the continuity of the Roman policy. Leo XIII, first, alone for a long time, before the flatteries of Germany, the advances of England and the literary and commercial pilgrimages of France to Washington, foresaw the expansion of the starry flag, co-operated with the United States, and placed his forces and his valuable aid in the service of unification. The Pope has not wearied of his watchful and helpful constancy. In vain did rivalry and dissension within the bosom of the Church itself picture the downfall of his plans—Leo XIII, remained unmoved.

To-day's letter continues his mission and brings out prominently the permanent bond. "If at the very beginning of our supreme pontificate," he says, "we were moved with great joy in looking at the situation of your country, now, having held this office for more than twenty-four years, we must admit that at no moment has that early joy been diminished, but that, on the contrary, it has grown more and more from day to day, in proportion as the progress of the Catholic faith among your people became more marked. This must be attributed in the first place to the will of God, but it is also due to your zeal and to your exertions. We must, in fact, congratulate your wisdom in that, knowing well the character of the nation, you have been able to promote prudently all kinds of Catholic institutions in accordance with the minds and the peculiarities of the people."

There is contained a placid page of history, and at the same time an inestimable tribute. We are far from the days when narrow minds and misled Continentals tried to create a sort of conflict between Rome and America. "Americanism!" they said, "there is the danger. Americanism, that is the new mask of schism and of heresy." Americanism was naturalism, rationalism, the sum total of all bad isms. The second letter explains and throws light on the first to Cardinal Gibbons: "A long experience," the Pope goes on to say, "obliges us to admit that, thanks to your efforts, we have found among your compatriots docile minds and ardent souls, showing that they were ready to meet our desires. So, while almost all other nations which for many successive centuries have professed the Catholic religion have undergone painful evolutions and vicissitudes, the state of your church is, on the contrary, possessing, so to speak, blooming youth, delights our minds and fills them with joy. It is true, the civil government grants us no legal favors, but the heads of the Republic undoubtedly deserve the praise that they refuse us no just liberty."

In this letter we have the confirmation of the spirit that made Leo XIII, dictate his first letter on Americanism. At the beginning, in the middle and at the end of the document the Holy Father had taken conspicuous care in distinguishing between the true American Americanism and the false continental "Americanism" grafted on abstractions and on borrowed ideas that had become caricatures. While passions were inflamed The Pope made the distinction and showed the inevitable differences.

Ever since that episode Leo XIII, has steadily laid weight on the interpretation that was misunderstood at first. To-day's letter is the last link in the golden chain; its originality as a religious act emphasizes its importance, for is not this letter the only one that Leo XIII, has written in reply to the congratulations for his jubilee?

This is an adroit preface for the negotiations which will be undertaken with the Holy See by President Roosevelt's Philippines Commission when it stops over at the Vatican a few days from now. It emphasizes the spirit of the relations, and their glad co-operations. Mr. Taft, Mgr. O'Gorman, Mr. Smith and the Secretary of the Mission will be received at Rome as the envoys of Napoleon and of Bismarck were received in former days. At the moment when dynasties and governments are courting the United States, the United States call upon the Vatican. That is only right. The first assistant was the Pope. His is the honor of having before crossed the Atlantic.

The Italian Senate has given us a show, the furious fight between Gen. Pelloux, the late Minister, and Signor Giolitti, who is now in power. The leader of the opposition reproached the Cabinet with destroying the monarchy by its alliance with the Republicans and Socialists, just as earlier the radicals accused the conservatives of endangering institutions by their spirit of reaction. The Chamber accorded the Minister a majority of only five votes. That isn't much. But the importance of the incident is in the dilemma in which the House of Savoy is placed. If it relies on the Right it risks being overthrown; if it leans upon the Left it hastens toward suicide. It is a strange fate.

The Court of Appeal gave judgment today at Osgoode Hall confirming the conviction of Fred Lee Rice, the Aurora bank robber for the murder of County Constable William Boyd in an attempt to escape from custody with his companions, Jones and Rutledge, now dead, while being conveyed in a cab from the City Hall, on the second day of the robbery trial, Tuesday, June 4 of last year, to the jail.

The affair took place at the corner of Gerrard and Sumach streets, and created a great sensation at the time. Jones died of his wounds, and Rutledge committed suicide.

The court was unanimously of the opinion that there has been no mistrial before Chief Justice Falconbridge and a jury and the appeal of the prisoner was accordingly dismissed. Chief Justice Armour and Mr. Justice Osler read written judgments and Mr. Justice Maclennan, Mr. Justice Moss, and Mr. Justice Garrow, made verbal assent to the finding of their colleagues.

The chief's judgment was, in part, as follows:

> I am of the opinion that there was sufficient evidence to warrant the verdict as found by the jury; that the direction of the learned chief justice to the jury on the question of conspiracy or common design was not one of which the prisoner could complain, that the verdict was a proper one, and that there was no mistrial.
>
> The evidence showed that immediately upon the parcel containing the revolvers being thrown into the cab, the prisoner, and Rutledge, at all events, and perhaps Jones, armed themselves with these revolvers and formed the common intention, by the use thereof, of promoting the unlawful purpose of escaping from lawful custody, and of assisting each other therein, and that the shooting by one of them of Boyd was an offence committed by one of them in the prosecution of such common purpose and that the commission thereof was, or ought to have been, known to be a probable consequence of the prosecution of such common purpose. Each of them was, therefore, a party to such offence, and the offence being murder in the actual perpetrator thereof, was murder in the prisoner, even if he were not the actual perpetrator thereof, and he was properly found guilty by the jury of that offence, the evidence, in my opinion, fully warranting the verdict.

Mr. T. C. Robinette, who appeared for the prisoner, stated that he would take the case to the Supreme Court. Deputy Attorney-General Cartwright pointed out that, according to the Criminal Code, there was no appeal when the judges of the Court of Appeal were unanimous.

Rice will be sentenced to death by Chief Justice Falconbridge at the City Hall on Monday at 10.30 o'clock.

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The paper says it believes that the Hon. Francis Leveson Bertie, Permanent Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, will probably be appointed to the vacant post.

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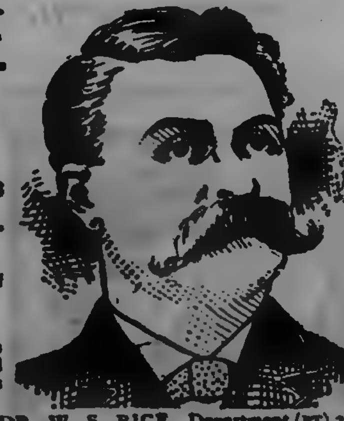

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Catching Fugitive Hats.

On a recent windy Sunday a new and apparently profitable industry was disclosed in up-town New York. It was a day when hats went suddenly off the head and traveled a block or two before they alighted, and then rolled or bounded three or four blocks more, like low-driven golf balls. People at Broadway and Forty-second street, says the "Tribune," had just watched a young fellow disappear down the cross street in pursuit of his Derby, and were turning to go on their ways, when a negro rounded the corner, who looked like a hat-rack. Derbies were tucked under each arm; he held a muddy tall hat in one hand and a white felt crush hat in the other, and on top of his own Derby a black felt hat was jammed securely. He wore a smile from ear to ear.

"What are you doing with all those hats?" someone asked him.

"Well, I's takin' all dat am a-comin' ma way," and he grinned. "I could 'a' got more, but I ain't got no more place to put um."

"Why don't you give them back to the men who lost them?" he was asked.

"Well, you see," said he, "they was most gen'rally so fah away dat I couldn't wait."

Then he went on up Broadway, with all his hats.

"He proves the old saying," was remarked; "never chase your own hat—someone is always ready to do it for you."

Madame—You used to say you would take your life for me, and now you are afraid to discharge the cook. Mister—It isn't death I fear; it's annihilation.

A pretty girl boarded a crowded street car in Washington, and a pompous old gentleman arose and gave her a seat.

After some time a number of passengers got out, and the old gentleman sank into the nearest corner with a weary sigh.

"I wouldn't get up again," he murmured, "for an angel," and then, as he caught the eyes of the girl fixed upon him reproachfully, he added quickly, "I mean, madam, for another angel!"—Harper's Magazine.

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Leaving Rochester (Cor. N. St. Paul & Main streets .... 9.00 a.m.
Leaving Summerville, N.Y. (Port of Rochester... ....9,45 a.m.
Arrive Cobourg, Ontario....... ......2,01 p.m.
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Now here's a thing that puzzles me;
A grave mistake it seems to be;
Why do we say our years are spent,
When part of every year is Lent?
—Smart Set.

◆

Mrs. Styles—As that Miss Fussanfeather came down the street just now she spitefully tossed her head to one side.

Mrs. Gyles—Oh, well, she'll hardly miss it.—Yonkers Statesman.

Cecil Rhodes.

Great a figure as Cecil Rhodes was in the public eye, it may be doubted whether many people have a clear idea as to the steps by which his career was built up. That he went to South Africa for his health and returned to England to take his Oxford degree; that he made a great fortune—though smaller than that of some American multi-millionaires—out of diamonds, in part by means of an amalgamation of interests; that he "acquired" Rhodesia, became Premier of Cape Colony, came to his political downfall through the Jameson Raid, and was shut up in Kimberley; these are the main facts of his career which are well known. But main facts do not invariably supply the key to the motives and purposes of a man's life, and the ideas which filled Cecil Rhodes' mind and governed his actions have had a profound influence upon the development of a country in which we in Canada have within the past three years been forced to take a deep interest.

The question of motive may be glanced at first. The extended biography which The Times published notes the remarkably successful start which Mr. Rhodes made in South Africa, when, strat'ing as a lad of eighteen he in a year or two became a rich man. The Times says:—

"His interest in the country in which he had enjoyed two years of such strangely fortunate experience was by this time keenly stirred, and before returning to Oxford he made a journey into the north, which is of interest as having first suggested to him the great capabilities for British development of the country lying to the north of the Orange and Vaal Rivers. His trip took him as far north as Mafeking; thence to Pretoria, Murchison, Middleburg and back through the Transvaal to Kimberley. It was made in an ox waggon, at a time when the country was little known, and there were no means of communication. It occupied eight months. The rate of progression of an ox waggon is not more than from fifteen to twenty miles a day. The trip represented a walking tour of eight months through the wide-spreading solitudes of rolling veldt which filled those regions of central Africa.

"In 1872 the Boers had only been established some twenty years in the Transvaal. They were a purely pastoral, hunting, and fighting people, with a strong religious strain, deserving of respect for the sturdy independence and devotion to their own ideals which characterized them, but rude in their customs and primitive almost to the point of barbarism in their habits of life and thought. They were very frugal, very poor, without the conception of a possible development for their country than that represented by the increase of flocks and herds upon the land. Living generally in isolation upon the vast extents of grazing ground best suited to the multiplication of this form of wealth, they were wholly lacking in the intellectual stimulus which results from the interchange of opinion in the urban centres of population. Their political organization was of the simplest, amounting to little more than a patriarchal form of despotism, tempered by the individual liberty almost necessarily enjoyed during the greater part of his existence by the hunter and the herdsman on the plains. Each father of a family made for himself the laws of daily life. The rifle and the stock-whip hung side by side above every hearth. The one serious danger by which the State was threatened came from unnumbered hordes of hostile natives, who hung upon the uncertain limits of white occupation, with perpetual menace of massacre and desolation. The only bonds which drew the scattered homesteads into community were bonds of common faith and self-defence. Political unity could hardly be said to exist among a people who were unwilling to submit to taxation for common purposes. There is no reason for surprise if to a young Englishman already conversant with the methods of a developed civilization the Transvaal of that day presented the aspect rather of a rough new settlement in flux than of any fixed political organization having claim to the dignity of a nation.

"Mr. Rhodes' acquaintance with the agricultural possibilities of the South African soil in Natal, and the practical demonstration that he had received of its mineral wealth at Kimberley, combined with his personal experience of the hygienic properties of the climate to render him more appreciative than the ordinary lad of nineteen of the value of the apparently limitless area suitable to white settlement, of which his solitary trip took him over a small portion. Two years spent far from home produced on him an effect not unknown to travellers of a riper age. The latent patriotism which we all believe ourselves to share with our fellow-taxpayers had grown into a conscious sentiment. England had become a thing to love. During that eight months' silent tramp across the veldt the foundation appears to have been laid of the policy to which Mr. Rhodes' career was afterwards devoted. He has described in intimate conversation the persistence with which the thought accompanied him day by day, that the fine country through which he moved should in the future be thronged with a British population, and that no power but Great Britain should be allowed to dominate in South Africa. He saw enough to convince him of the great value of the unclaimed northern territory, and made up his mind that it must be British. Asked once in later life whether he had at that time conceived any definite scheme for bringing the country under British influence, he answered honestly in the negative. 'No,' he said, 'I only just felt each day as I looked down at the earth and up at the sky that it ought to belong to England.'"

Once upon a time Mayor Low was travelling through Germany with a party of friends. Being an excellent German linguist, he was the spokesman for the company. Upon one occasion he and his friends visited a beer garden, and after seating themselves, preparatory to having some refreshments, the pleasant duty of ordering the same fell upon Mr. Low, as usual. For once, however, he hesitated, his memory seeming to desert him. Finally after vain attempts to recall the missing word, he turned to his waiting friends, appealingly, saying:

"You will have to help me out, for I cannot for the life of me remember the German word for beer."—New York Times.

The Scientific Crook.

WE seem threatened with a new variety of crook—the scientific. According to very circumstantial reports from Washington, the experts of the Treasury Department have been experimenting with a new chemical compound said to rob steel of its temper, and hence making safe-cracking easy. This compound, called thermite, is reputed to possess marvelous virtues. When mixed with magnesium powder it will destroy the hardness of a metal, enabling a burglar to cut through the best steel as if it were lead. A five-eighths-of-an-inch tempered steel plate was so pierced. The newspaper accounts do not fail to say quaky things of how cracksmen have already put these discoveries to practical use. Owners of strong-boxes are advised not to sleep too well o' nights. All this is very interesting if it happens to be true. The profession, it may be observed, has never been slow to make improvements. It was a great day for the grafter fraternity when dynamite came to town. They took up with it at once. Popular fancy endows the knock-out fiend with a large knowledge of chemistry. There is hardly any branch of Deviousness that has not participated in the unparalleled advances of the times. And much may be looked for. Sir James Crichton Browne spoke not long ago, in England, on the improvements of the poisoners' art. He pointed out the immense possibilities that lie in cultures of deadly bacteria, to say nothing of some of the recent chemical preparations. The real art, he contended, is not simply in defying detection, but in not arousing suspicion. All the famous poisoners of the Middle Ages were, in his view, a clumsy lot. It was the same old story always—arsenic, arsenic, arsenic. The tales of the magical potions of those days were fables. The Borgias would gurgle with delight before the resources of the present day. The picture drawn by the eminent English physician was not so very reassuring to them as actively cultivate the luxury of enemies, but it is safe to say that whatever be the possibilities, they will never be realized to any great extent. The fact is that any man on vengeance bound who started in to perfect himself in this line would get so interested in his experiments that he would forget all about his plot. That is one of the beauties of modern science.

Some Roycroft Humor.

THERE is a story, writes Elbert Hubbard, that bears upon its features the mellow tinge of time, to the effect that Ralph Waldo Emerson once got up in the middle of the night and, in the course of his gropings, fell over a chair or two and knocked down the family what-not. Mrs. Emerson felt softly for her mate, and finding that he was not there guessed the source of the confusion, and called in alarm, "Waldo, Waldo! are you ill?" And the placid answer was, "No, my dear: only an idea."

So that is the story, but the new version runs this way: Mr. Emerson got up in the middle of the night, and, after falling over the family rocking-chair and knocking a plaster of paris cast off the mantel, was accosted by his good wife thus: "Are you ill, Waldo?" And there was no answer—save the scratching of matches on wall, floor, bureau and chairs. This was in the day when matches came in sticks, and you broke them off.

The lady heard the matches split off, and then she heard the scrape and scratch. "Are you ill, Waldo?" again she called in alarm. "Ill! Ill nothing—why don't you say sick?—there is no one listening. No, I am not ill. I have an idea, and wanted to write it down, but these confounded cheap matches you bought of that Connecticut peddler will not light—plague take everything that comes from Connecticut, say I!" Then there was a final scratch on the wall, and philosophy came to Mr. Compensation's rescue, as he said, "Well, well, it wasn't much of an idea, anyway; besides that, I've really forgotten what it was." And he crawled back into bed. In the morning Mrs. Emerson discovered that every tooth had been broken out of her high-back comb.

Cosmopolitan New York.

The new Cathedral of St. John in New York will, in addition to its main hall, have seven "Chapels of Tongues" where German, Spanish, French, Swedish, Italian, Armenian and Chinese services will be held each Sunday. Nevertheless, by the time the great cathedral is finished it is not unlikely that the crypt and transepts and anterooms will be required for other nationalities. A clergyman called upon Bishop Potter the other day to ask that some provision might be made for religious services for some Mesopotamian immigrants.

"Really," replied the bishop, "cannot a handful of Mesopotamians be provided for in connection with your Armenian congregation?"

The young clergyman of the tenements smiled. "I do not know what you call a handful, sir. There are some eight hundred families of Mesopotamians within ten minutes' walk of where we are sitting this moment; and as for their attendance upon Armenian services, the languages have about as little in common as Greek and Choctaw."

The "Parthians and Medes and Elamites" are, perhaps, yet to come; but the most of the other nationalities mentioned as present in Jerusalem on the first Pentecost after the crucifixion are already represented in New York, and the problem now is the same as it was then.

Couldn't Figure It Up.

"Were there any trillionaires in ancient Rome?" we asked of the astute antiquarian.

"I think not," he replied. "You see, with the Roman system of numerals it would have required a carload of chalk and a blackboard as long as from here to Halifax to enable a man to figure up the interest on a million denarii at eight per cent. for one year, six months and twenty days, and by the time he had summed it up and secured a telescope to see the beginning of his figures the borrower would have died of old age."—"Judge."

In a Chariot of Fire.

"'Morning, 'Lije. Didn't expect to see you here. Thought ye'd be givin' us fellows a pretty wide berth. When 're ye goin' to start out on the missionary business?" It was the bantering voice of Jerry Pull, the presiding genius of the Mansion House bar-room.

"Go on, Jerry, what are you giving us?" said the strapping six-footer, who had just come in from the stable yard with a pair of beautifully matched bull-terriers at his heels.

"Goin' to sell yer sportin' dogs an' give the mon' to the poor?" continued the bar-keep, throwing a wink at a select party of habitues seated near the window.

"Sell Blinker and Beefer?—not while I have the price of a drink in my clothes, Jerry," replied Elijah Todhunter, stooping and patting both his dogs affectionately. "And seeing as this has been a pretty fair season—yes, sir, pretty fair—in the horse business, I don't reckon on reaching my last nickel for a few days yet. But, say, Jerry, what's the meaning of this 'slack' they're all giving me, anyway?"

"Slack?" said Jerry. "Why, old fellow, it's reported you got religion last night. Haven't you been attendin' all these revival meetin's? The boys say you've been there four nights hand-runnin'—they seen you goin' in."

'Lije turned with an exclamation of disgust and denial—just one sharp, summarizing expletive. Then he cracked a fifty-cent piece on the top of the pine bar with enough force to mark the soft wood with an impress of the milled edge.

"Step up, boys," he said, with a wave to the arm-chair philosophers; "the drinks are on me this time."

But Elijah Todhunter, the horse-buyer and all-round sporting man, took a lemon soda while his friends disposed of sterner stuff. Then, without offering a word of explanation of the reports on which the jovial servant of Bacchus had based his jests, Elijah turned the conversation to other matters—the price of horseflesh, the records of Blinker and Beefer as prize-winners at the bench shows, "Bud" Burnside's homing pigeons, Job Enfield's new silo, and a score of other subjects of current comment in the village and township.

Having talked and listened with equal intelligence, till there seemed to be nothing more to talk about, the horse-buyer asked Jerry Pull for the latest Toronto paper, and, pulling a chair up to the fire, sat down and busied himself with his pipe and the last night's news.

Not for a dozen years had slow and sleepy Duncanville been so disturbed as by the union revival services now going on in the dingy old agricultural hall—the largest assembly room in the place. The Rev. Winterburn Packard, professional evangelist, had fairly kicked the town into a consciousness of sin. Duncanville was not in the ordinary sense a bad town—just a common country village, with six stores besides the post-office, a bank, a woollen mill, two taverns, a blacksmith and wagon-shop, an annual fair, a railway, and a market. Its people were much the same as people in most other country-places—somewhat superficial and conventional in their standards of conduct, addicted just a trifle to gossip and uncharitable speaking, possibly too prone to measure merit by success, yet on the whole a kindly disposed, right-intentioned, temperate, clean-living and honest people.

But since the advent of the Rev. Winterburn Packard, Duncanville had seemed, in the eyes of many of its own best citizens, to be a very stronghold of sin and uncleanness. It was as though the town had been rocked from its nethermost foundations by an earthquake shock. No gaping fissures had as yet appeared in the thin earth-rind on which Duncanville, in common with other human habitations, stands suspended o'er bottomless lakes of fire. But the very smell of brimstone was in the air, and it would have occasioned no surprise to the local saints had the solid earth dissolved at any moment and precipitated the whole of sinful creation into the pit of everlasting torment. Revivalist Packard had figuratively taken Duncanville by the scruff of the neck and dangled it over the bad place till its garb of mere respectability was singed on its quivering body and it yelled for mercy. Everybody was taking the shortest cut to the penitent bench with the least delay practicable. Steady church-goers, self-confessed worldlings, even the few open scoffers of the village—both sexes and all ranks and conditions of people—"old men and babes and loving friends and youths and maidens gay"—were being nightly gathered into the fold. Not since the postmaster's son had eloped with old Dr. Rubbleby's young wife and burglars had blown the safe at the railway station, both in the same night, had Duncanville experienced such a spasm of excitement.

Now, to be quite fair, the instrument by whom such miracles were wrought upon a blind and faithless generation was a man of no mean stature, morally or intellectually. But as he stood above the average in character and brain power, so the psychic side of his nature seemed to have been endowed at the expense of the physical. The Rev. Winterburn Packard was not ten years out of the divinity school. But though still in the bloom and promise of the thirties, he looked to have spent ages in fighting the hosts of Satan. He was a rather short, spare man in immaculate black clothes, that always looked as though he had just had them carefully pressed without troubling to remove them from his person; and it seemed as if the oft-repeated ironings had, in the long course of years, flattened his body till, looked at sideways, it resembled the lath and canvas trees that are used on the stage. His complexion was that of an underdone tea-biscuit. His eyes, small and piercing black, were imprisoned behind a pair of large, unrimmed, close-fitting spectacles, as if to prevent their jumping out of his head in moments of rhetorical and emotional abandon. His hair, once dark—lang syne, in the forgotten days of his youth—was now well streaked with gray, and clung in a shaggy mass at the nape of the neck by way of counterbalance to the beetling brow that seemed to threaten to disturb the possessor's vertebral equilibrium. However, one soon forgot the peculiarities of his person in listening to the music of his voice as he pictured the lost estate of man and pointed the way to salvation in language fluent and tumultuous as the rush of waters over the precipice of Niagara.

It was true that Elijah Todhunter, horse-dealer and sporting character, had been a fairly regular attendant at the revival services. But the reason was not so much because he had fallen under the peculiar spell of Brother Packard—a spell not likely to be very potent with a man of Elijah's temperament and training—as because he had fallen under a spell of much subtler and more insidious kind, the spell of a woman's heart.

For three months Elijah had been paying somewhat regular calls at the home of Joshua Kipperton, a prosperous farmer just outside the village; and although the excuse always was that 'Lije had to see Josh about some horses or colts, there was a suspicion abroad that the horse-dealer had more pressing business with Josh's daughter Agnes than with Josh. When Elijah came to the revival meeting with Agnes the very next night after she had gone up to the penitent bench the tongue of every local Grundy was set a-wagging. And when he came a second time and a third and a fourth, Duncanville was ready for an immediate announcement of the wedding-day.

Agnes was a good girl, and sincere in her profession of a change of heart, as in her desire that such a change might come to the big, cheerful, kind but worldly fellow whose attentions she had accepted and to whom she yielded a secret homage of affection.

"I'm sorry, Agnes," he said to her, as they went home from one of the meetings. "I wish I could catch this epidemic of religion just to oblige you. But I can't, and there's an end of it. I don't doubt the meetings are doing good, and of course everybody who says so means to lead a better life. I mean to do so myself. I can see where I've made mistakes. But I haven't been intentionally bad, and I can't get up and say I'm a desperate sinner and feel that I'm lost, and all that. Honest now, I can't. There's no use of making a hypocrite of myself, is there?"

Not very deep nor very clear thinking on the momentous question, and yet difficult to meet and answer. Agnes had too much tact to attempt to argue with 'Lije, but she made him promise to go again with her the following night, and she trusted inwardly that his eyes might yet be opened, as so many others' had been.

Agnes had her own plan for rousing 'Lije from what seemed his spiritual lethargy. A very rash and ill-considered plan it was, but in the state of emotional fervor and religious self-hypnotization to which the good people of Duncanville had wrought themselves, many rash and ill-considered plans were looked upon by their authors as flashes of light from on high and special dispensations of Divine wisdom. Agnes believed that her project had come to her from a source beyond her own intelligence. And she proceeded to carry it out with all the zeal and conviction of a chosen instrument.

She had already spoken to the revivalist about 'Lije, and he of the eloquent tongue and tea-biscuit complexion had had a few earnest but unavailing words with the big, straightforward man in one of the after-meetings. Now, she would ask Mr. Packard to make a different move—a flank attack that should take 'Lije unawares in his entrenchments.

So next morning she called on the revivalist and had a long heart-to-heart talk with him—one of those confidential outpourings in which overwrought women delight to indulge with persons of the pastoral profession, over their own "experiences" or the spiritual progress of loved ones.

It was in the after-meeting that night that the assault so carefully planned was delivered. Excitement had now reached such a pitch that nearly everyone stayed for these after-meetings. Agnes Kipperton was there, and beside her sat Elijah Todhunter.

After five minutes of silent prayer, "Just As I Am" was sung, and then the workers commenced moving round through the assembly, engaging in personal exhortation of those who had not yet professed a conviction of sin. Agnes was one of these workers, and as soon as she had left Elijah's side to take her share of the duty in hand, the Rev. Winterburn Packard walked straight down from the platform and seated himself in her place to "talk 'Lije over."

But the horse-dealer was obdurate, so Brother Packard left him and pursued his tactics elsewhere.

Then, in the prayer that followed this part of the work the revivalist singled out 'Lije for special and pointed reference. He did not mention him to the Almighty by name, but described him in such terms that the veriest dullard knew who was meant, and with a detail that could scarce be considered necessary in communicating with Omniscience. The petition expressed special anxiety for the conversion of this man who might be such a power and who, the petitioner said, he believed was not far from the Kingdom.

'Lije, though schooled by the rough arts of banter and trade to mask his real feelings behind an imperturbable countenance, felt the blood recede from his face—felt icy "creeps" tremble through every vein—felt the hot tide come mounting back in crimson to his brow and tingle in his finger-tips, on recognizing his own picture in the public prayer of the revivalist. It was all so unexpected. In his dull confusion he did not know whether such solicitude, so expressed, was kind, or cruel—brutally cruel—and impertinent. His head had been bowed in reverent attitude. Now, he could not raise it, but it seemed to him as if hundreds of heads had been uplifted and hundreds of eyes turned curiously and expectantly upon his bent, humiliated form.

• • • • • •

It was the next morning that the conversation in the bar-room of the Mansion House took place

'Lije did not go to the revival service that night. Instead he went for a long walk along the third concession, with a pipe between his teeth and Blinker and Beefer at his heels. The Third Concession ran in an opposite direction from the Kipperton farm. It was late when he came back, and, having chained up the terriers turned in.

• • • • • • •

The palpitating clangor of the school-bell beat itself into the dazed consciousness of the slumbering village about two o'clock in the morning. An angry glare danced fitfully in the main street, as red tongues of flame shot through the smoke-vomiting windows in the second story of the bank building. With every puff the sound of breaking glass added a discordant accompaniment to the growing crackle and roar of the flames. All Duncanville was in the street as soon as the bare essentials of dress could be thrown on.

The bank building was three storeys high and of brick—one of the proudest structures in the village. The "junior" roomed in the second storey, and there the fire had originated in the explosion of a lamp left burning for the night. In the third storey lived Judd, the carpenter, his wife, who swept out the bank and "made up" the junior's room, and their three young children.

No one who has not seen a midnight fire in a small community unaccustomed to such casualties and with only the most primitive resources of protection at hand, can form a true conception of the excitement that attends such an experience. Duncanville's bank stood slightly apart from other buildings, but owing to its height and the headway the fire had already gained, much property might be involved. Men dashed madly about collecting buckets and pails of all sorts with which to form a line from the river; others were breaking in a stable door to get out the antiquated hand-engine that had done service at three fires in a dozen years. But above all the babel, and adding a piercing note of tragedy to the calamity, rose the shriek of a mother's voice bewailing the fate of one of her children and beseeching someone to enter the fiery furnace and rescue her darling. With that voice in their ears the motley crowd stood helpless, oppressed with a vast horror. The father and mother and two children were safe; a third, overlooked in the scramble for exit, remained in the doomed building, in the calm slumber of innocence. Father or mother would gladly have gone in to save the missing lamb or perish with it, but strong hands held them back.

"Will no one volunteer?" called the Rev. Winterburn Packard, pacing up and down before the crowd, waving his arms toward the burning building and anon covering his pale face with his hands as if he himself would go, did his strength suffice or could he shut out the impending fate of any who might enter that stronghold of flame. "For the love of God and the price of an immortal soul, will no one volunteer?" So easy is it to call others to great deeds, so hard to step into the breach oneself.

But a cry arose from someone at the back of the crowd—a cry taken up instantly and swelled to a mighty cheer. At one of the third storey windows appeared in the glare of the forked flames and the reek of smoke a man, with a terrified child clinging about his neck.

"A blanket!" he shouted—his voice coming as from a great distance beyond the fire. "Quick, a stout blanket and six strong men. Here, below!"—pointing to a space where there seemed to be a providential opening in the draft of up-curling fire.

Seconds seem like hours, minutes like days, in such a fearsome case. But at last the blanket was brought, and six men, firmly grasping its edges, braced themselves with might and main. Then there was a little struggle piteous to behold at that upper window, the child clinging to its fellow-being in danger, seeming almost to prefer the ordeal of fire to the perils of the hideous plunge. But the little arms were unlocked; the tender, firm and reassuring touch of a master-hand was imparted—perhaps the brave word spoken; and down through the hot, red-litten air shot the small body, straight into the well-held blanket, bouncing up again with the resiliency of a rubber ball, but caught in strong, eager arms—terrified, screaming, but unhurt! And another cheer—a cheer half sigh, half sob—went up from the multitude.

For a time—how long, who of that waiting throng could say?—the man disappeared from the window. Then he came back. All egress except by the dread drop from thirty feet above the flinty street had been cut off. The flames were licking along the upper cornice and framing the windows where he stood with mouldings of fire.

"Can you hold it, boys? It's my only chance!" he shouted, above the roar, to the men with the blanket.

"Courage! We'll stay with you!" came the answer, as they gathered once more where the dry, sickening heat seemed to parch the very blood in their hands and faces. The blanket was stretched. "Ready!" signalled one of the men.

But just then a dull, muffled roar rose from the burning building and spread outward with clouds of countless millions of sparks, that poured from every window and swept upward in a hurricane of living fire. Men cried out in their horror—a wild, formless cry as of some tortured dumb beast—and women turned away with palms pressing hot upon their eyeballs to shut out the sight. The floor of the third storey, freighted with its priceless hero-heart, had fallen in.

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In the morning Blinker and Beefer found themselves without a master.

And next day, which was Sunday, the Rev. Winterburn Packard preached from the words: "Behold there appeared a chariot of fire . . . and Elijah went up by a whirlwind into heaven."

And much people was added unto the Lord.

A Fighting Jury.

Western Judge—Has the jury come to an agreement? Foreman (with a broken nose and black eye)—I don't know, yer honor. Most of them are unable to speak at present.—"Smart Set."

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Here is an advertisement of a London popular clothing house:

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The BELL TELEPHONE CO., of Canada, will issue a new subscribers directory for Eastern Ontario, including the Town of Peterborough early in June.

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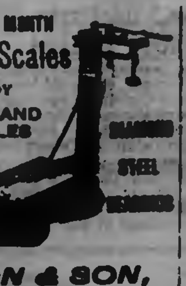

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General - Sports

LACROSSE

In the match to-night of the Y.M.C.A. and Athletics, the following men are asked to represent the Y.M.C.A. team: Goal, Armour; point, Trollope; cover point, Smith; defence, Pennick, Galley and Brown; centre, Whatley; home field, Dumble, Foreman and Robertson; outside Anglesey; inside, Best. The game starts at 6.45 sharp.

T.A.S. ATHLETICS.

The field day of sports, which the Athletic Section of the T.A.S. propose holding on first of July on the Separate School grounds will be arranged solely by the Section. An incorrect reference was made to the project a few evenings ago.

BASEBALL.

The Shamrocks, a junior baseball aggregation of town, that is playing a fine quality of ball, would like to arrange a game with any other junior team in town, the Lilies preferred.

The Shamrocks and All Saints nine battle for supremacy on Central Park tomorrow afternoon.

ANXIOUS TO PLEASE THE SHAH

The Persian Ruler to be Royally Entertained in the German Capital

Berlin, May 29.—Elaborate plans have been made for the reception and entertainment of the Shah of Persia, who is expected to arrive here within a day or two. A special exhibition of arms, automobiles and electrical machinery has been prepared for his edification. He will spend one day visiting the works of an electrical company in Berlin, another in seeing the vast iron and steel works of Herr Krupp at Essen, and a third in witnessing the operation of wireless telegraphy.

There also will be several state functions in his honor. While all these preparations are being made on the most elaborate scale, it is doubtless the secret hope of the state officials and especially those attached to the lord chamberlain's department that the Persian monarch will not see fit to prolong his stay in German capital. Of all royal visitors the Shah is perhaps the most unwelcome, not for reasons of state but because of the fact that he and his numerous suite bring with them all of their oriental customs regarding etiquette and ways of living. Every morsel of food they eat must be prepared by their own officials and served in their own apartments. As their table manners and ideas of cleanliness are not exactly up to the standards of Western civilization in the twentieth century, it is always found necessary after their departure to entirely disinfect and redecorate the luxurious state apartments set aside for their use during the visit. It is for this reason that a feeling of misgiving is always mixed with the pleasure attending the entertaining of the Shah at the various courts of Europe.

Women in the Home

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Incessant work, worry and household cares will, in time, weaken and wreck the nervous system of the strongest woman.

Perhaps the commonest symptom and warning of disease with women is headache with sharp and piercing pains; in some cases the pain may be dull and heavy. Recurring headache frequently arises from loss of sleep, fatigue, disordered digestion, sluggish blood, irritability or despondency. Frequently a sluggish liver and inactive kidneys will produce agonizing headaches.

Paine's Celery Compound should be used without delay to fortify the weakened and inflamed nerves, to create a healthy action of the liver and kidneys, to free the system from morbid waste materials.

The use of Paine's Celery Compound will quickly purify the blood, induce refreshing sleep, good digestion and mental activity. Besides all this, Paine's Celery Compound will restore life and sparkle to the eyes, it will clear the complexion, and give to weak and sick women that full health which makes them happy and lovable.

Queen To Be a Nun

London, May 28 — According to advices from Rome Queen Margherita of Italy has decided definitely to become a nun. Rumors of such a step on the part of the widowed queen have been more or less prevalent since King Humbert's assassination, and it is regarded as probable that the present announcement is correct. Queen Margherita is 51 years of age, and is noted for her learning and her piety.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-'Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leaby, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

sage.

"It would be a mockery, a farce, if I did utter one," he retorted bitterly. "See the trouble you have brought upon me in my old age, and the torture upon your hapless, innocent sister Daisy. Hush! not another word—I will not hear it!"

Hetty fell backward a step or two, her hands clutched tightly together over her heart.

It was a strange journey; not one of the silent party who seated themselves midway in the drawing-room coach ever forgot it.

Like two statues Daisy and Hetty sat staring from the windows, but neither saw the little villages that were scattered among the green sloping hills as the train dashed by. It was evening when they reached the village in which the old stone church was situated.

They could see the lights from the kitchen windows of the old farmhouse that had once been their home, as they wended their way silently up the grass-grown path.

The key was obtained from the parsonage in the rear, and the wax tapers at the altar were soon lighted, just as they had been lighted on that memorable night, throwing long, dark, grotesque shadows on the bare walls and dim aisles that stretched away into utter darkness.

The old minister took his position just as he took it that night, calling Harold St. John to stand before him.

Then to the surprise of all present he motioned to Daisy first instead of to Hetty.

"Take your place beside him," he commanded, and almost fainting with terror, Daisy obeyed.

"You are to answer the questions put to you as the bride of that night answered," she heard him say.

Then in a solemn tone he commenced to read the words of the marriage service.

In a clear, sonorous voice, Harold St. John made his responses; then the old minister turned to the trembling girl at his side, and in a dying voice she answered the question asked of her.

The minister laid down his book and turned toward the breathless group pressing close about them.

"This is the bride whom I married to this man on that fatal night!" he said solemnly. "There is no mistake, I assure you. Every accent of the timid voice, every play of the features fixed itself indelibly on my mind that night. As now, the girl seemed under great mental excitement. In the presence of the Almighty God I solemnly swear that this one—not her sister standing yonder—is the lawfully wedded wife of this man!"

A wild cry broke from Alexander Hamilton's lips.

"I do not, I will not believe it," he cried, springing forward, "unless I hear it from her own lips. Daisy, my love, look up and tell me it is not true, that you are my wife, and not—not his."

"Remember," said the minister, solemnly, "God and the angels are listening to the answer you give this most unfortunate gentleman. Speak the truth."

Daisy raised her blue eyes to Aleck's face. She forgot all the rest crowding around them. She remembered only him.

"Aleck," she moaned, in a dying, gasping voice, "would to heaven I could die as the words leave my lips. It is true, Aleck, my lost love!" she wailed; "but love for you tempted me. I thought you would never know, and I would not give you up."

She saw him start back white with terror, and like a beautiful bird who has received the arrow of death in its bosom, Daisy swayed forward and fell at his feet with a wailing cry, and although he was amazed, stricken dumb with grief and horror at the enormity of the sin she had committed, his heart bled for her.

He stooped to raise her, but Harold St. John hurled him back.

"Do not touch her!" he cried in a voice of thunder. "She is mine!"

"Just this once," implored Aleck. "Let me raise her in my arms and whisper just one word of comfort and forgiveness. We have learned to love each other so well. I know she is yours; the poor girl admits it. I cannot dispute your right. Let me raise her just this once and look into the face that has been heaven on earth to me—the light of my life, then I will go away!"

"Stand back! Lay your hands upon even one hair of her golden head and I will kill you!" cried Harold St. John. "You have stolen Daisy's heart from me, and I could curse you for it—curse your low, smooth, winning voice, your handsome face, and your gentlemanly ways. No doubt you would like me to give her up to you!" he sneered. "Know this, that I do not love her. All my love turned to hate—do you hear me—hate! when I tracked her down and found her with you; but for all that I shall take her away with me. No matter how she may shrink from me, for I am her lord and master!" he cried excitedly, his dark face glowing with rage.

She had struggled to her feet; poor, hapless Daisy, whom heaven was punishing so hardly for her pitiful folly.

"—sin committed while conscience slept."

Her white face was turned toward Aleck, oh! so pathetically lovely in its terrible woe — and in a voice tragic in its despair, cried faintly:

"Must I go with him, Aleck? Leave you and go with him out into the darkness and bitterness of death, for it would be that."

"Certainly," retorted Harold St. John; "what a question— what need to answer it—you are to go with me.

To be Continued.

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CHINESE REVOLT SPREADS

Province of Shantung is Now Affected—Protecting Missionaries

Pekin, May 30.—Forty soldiers have been stationed at Pangchuang, in the province of Shantung, to protect the American Board's mission there which is under the charge of Mr. Arthur Smith.

The Governor of Shantung fears that the revolt in the Province of Chili, which it is believed Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai temporarily suppressed will now spread to Shantung. A number of ex-boxers and gentry are implicated in the present troubles.

CANADA'S CORONATION ARCH

"The Future Granary of The Empire" to Be the Read on It

London, May 30.—The coronation route authorities have granted Canada a fine position at Whitehall, near Westminster Abbey, on which will be erected an arch 56 feet high and 60 feet wide, surmounted by the words, "Canada, the Future Granary of the Empire." These words will be electrically illuminated at night.

SHOE COMBINE FOR CANADA.

Leading Firms Meet in Montreal to Try and Form one

Montreal, May 29.—A private meeting of the leading Canadian boot and shoe manufacturers was held here this afternoon and the objects of the meeting, as stated, were to discuss a proposal to form a combine of all the leading boot and shoe manufacturers of Canada.

Among those who attended the meeting were J. D. King and C. R. Johnston, of Toronto, W. A. Marsh, and John Ritchie, of Quebec, as well as representatives of Montreal firms. The meeting adjourned without reaching any definite decision but another meeting will be held at an early date.

Grand Trunk Appointments

The following changes and appointments on the G.T.R. are announced: W. E. Costello is appointed assistant superintendent on the 15th, 16th, 17th 18th, 19th, and 20th districts, in charge of all matters pertaining to transportation. Mr. Fred. Vice is appointed master of transportation; the position of trainmaster of the 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th districts is abolished; the jurisdiction of Trainmaster P. J. Lynch is extended over the 21st district. These changes are in consequence of the resignation of Messrs H. E. Whittenberger and C. J. Bevington.

WILHELMINA'S RECOVERY.

The Dutch People Felt Sure That Queen Would be Spared

London, May 29.—In spite of the sincere joy over the recovery of Queen Wilhelmina, says the Brussels correspondent of the Times there is no spontaneous movement in Holland for a day of national rejoicing. The correspondent says that the reason for this given by a Hollander is characteristic of the Dutch people and their loyalty. The Hollander said:

"The feeling prevailed from the first that the Queen would recover. It seemed to us that Providence would not so far forsake us as to take away our young sovereign, the heart of our country."

On Gettysburg Battlefield

Gettysburg, Pa., May 30.—President Roosevelt will deliver the memorial address to-day at the annual exercises on Gettysburg battlefield. The ceremonies will be held in the national cemetery, where the graves of fallen heroes will be decorated with flowers and flags by school children and veterans of the civil war. In his address the President will call attention to the lessons of duty and valor to be learned from the battlefield, and will pay a tribute to the courage of the soldiers of the south as well as the north.

—The Times has a letter dealing with the selection of a representative for the coronation by the Commanding Officer of the 57th Regiment. It will appear in a day or two.

Fables For the Fair.

A LITTLE work called "Fables for the Fair," by Josephine Dodge Daskam, is attracting amused notice in London, where it is published. Here is an example of the fables:

"There was once a woman who had the opportunity of marrying either of two brothers she preferred. Since they had both of them good points she decided to consult their sister as to which in her opinion would make the best husband. 'I think,' she said, 'that I shall take John. He is so good.' 'But,' said the sister, 'he gobbles his soup and sugars his lettuce. To say nothing of buttering his bread in slabs. We have never been able to teach him better.' 'But he reads Browning so beautifully,' cried the woman. 'You will hear him eat soup oftener than you will hear him read Browning,' said the sister."

Then, as to the other brother, "I am sure he would give his life for me," cried the woman. "If you will pause and consider," replied the sister, "you will realise that the probabilities of his being called upon to do that are very few indeed. Whereas the fact that he is very careless about brushing his clothes will be daily apparent to you."

The book is full of good things, among them the fable of a singer who sang "Annie Laurie" in a muslin gown to a country audience. "Goodness alive!" said they, "is that all? Our Jenny knows that piece." But the rival wore silver brocade and sang in German and French, whereupon the country paper remarked that "it was a real pleasure to hear old favorites rendered with such spirit." This teaches us that when in Rome we should do as the Romans don't.

Then there is the fable of the woman who could not help herself:

"There was once a woman who had never learned how to swim, although she went in bathing every day in the summer. She had a friend who had acquired the art with some trouble, and was very proud of her proficiency in it. 'It is absurd,' said this friend, 'to live near the water and not swim. It makes you very attractive to good swimmers if you can go out with them and they do not feel that you are a drag on their pleasures. What would you do in case you fell off the pier? Now watch me!' With these words she dived off into the water and swam about by herself. 'It is a good thing to have a woman swim so well,' said one of the men near by. 'Now if any of the children fall into the water she can rescue them.' Just then the woman who could not help herself uttered a scream and fell into the sea. Instantly five men leaped in to rescue her, and spent the rest of the day resuscitating her and enquiring how she was, leaving the swimmer to dive by herself. This teaches that nothing succeeds like distress."

On the 'Gyptian Railway.

FIRST TOURIST—Isn't this lovely? Just think! Pharaoh lived here, and — and Cheops, and — and Moses! It makes your head swim, doesn't it?

Second Tourist—I expect it's the bad air. It hurts my head, too. Is that the Nile over there?

"Mercy! I suppose so. Isn't it dirty? It doesn't seem as if Cleopatra could have rode in her barge to meet Marc Antony down that horrid stream, does it!"

"No, it doesn't. But that was a long time ago, wasn't it?"

"I believe so. I've seen the play, but I don't remember just when it was."

"See that crocodile basking in the sun!"

"Is he basking? Oh, Maud, that reminds me. How are you going to have your new basque trimmed?"

"Mercy, there's the Sphinx!"

"What's the Sphinx?"

"Why, it's a thing that asked you riddles, you know. Dear me, I'm not sure whether that's the Sphinx or one of the Pyramids. Just look at all those children! They must be going in for swimming."

"No, dear, it's the effect of the mild climate."

"Look there! That must be the desert. But I can't see any caravans. Perhaps it isn't a desert. Perhaps it's a mirage."

"What's a mirage, dear?"

"Oh, it's something they see in deserts. Everything is upside down, you know."

"Isn't that awful? Oh, see that handsome native? What a picture! He must be a sheikh at least. What's he doing?"

"He's playing on the concertina and passing his hat."

"What a shame! Isn't it nice to travel on a railroad where they don't have any smoke or cinders?"

"Yes, and do you notice what a balmy odor comes in at the window?"

"Yes. Isn't it fragrant? So spicy. Can't you smell the cloves? Ah-a-a, I like to breathe it in."

"So do I. I'll ask the conductor what it is. There he is. Conductor, please!"

The conductor—Yes, ma'am?

"Conductor, where does that spicy smell come from?"

"From the locomotive, ma'am. We use nothing but mummies for fuel on this line, ma'am."

One of Tom Reed's Retorts.

"No matter what you may say," declared Representative Babcock of Wisconsin to Chairman Payne of the Ways and Means Committee when discussing the Babcock proposition to put all steel products on the free list, "I am right, and I know it, and when a man is right he is in the majority." "Just so," replied Payne, "but you remember that Tom Reed used to say, 'God and one make a majority, but many a martyr has been burned at the stake while the votes were being counted.'"

The Real Reason.

A visitor to Dublin refused the services of a driver because of his ragged clothing. "Ah, sur," replied the Jarvie's friend, "you must excuse him, sur; he can't help it."

"Why can't he help it? Why does his wife not mend his clothes for him?"

"Ah, your honor, he has no wife."

"Then why doesn't he get another coat?" "He can't, sur, I assure you he can't."

"Why can't he?" "Well, sur, it has been tried once or twice, but it can't be [illegible] so very tickle [illegible] Dublin [illegible] a tape or [illegible]."

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES

SEALED TENDERS addressed "Inspector of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," and endorsed "Tenders for Supplies," will be received until Monday, 16th of June, inclusive, from parties desirous of contracting for supplies, for the fiscal year 1902-1903, for the following institutions, namely:—

Kingston Penitentiary.
St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary.
Dorchester Penitentiary.
Manitoba Penitentiary.
British Columbia Penitentiary.
Regina Jail.
Prince Albert Jail.

Separate tenders will be received for each of the following classes of supplies:—

1. Flour (Canadian Strong Baker's.)
2. Beef and Mutton (fresh.)
3. Forage.
4. Coal (anthracite and bituminous.)
5. Cordwood.
6. Groceries.
7. Coal Oil (in barrels.)
8. Dry Goods.
9. Drugs and Medicines.
10. Leather and Findings.
11. Hardware, Tinware, Paints, etc.
12. Lumber.

Details of information as to form of contract together with forms of tender, will be furnished on application to the Wardens of the various institutions.

All supplies are subject to the approval of the Warden or Jailer.

All tenders submitted must specify clearly the institution, or institutions, which it is proposed to supply, and must bear the endorsation of at least two responsible sureties.

Papers inserting this notice without authority from the King's Printer will not be paid therefor.

DOUGLAS STEWART,
GEO. W. DAWSON,
Inspectors of Penitentiaries.
Department of Justice,
Ottawa, May 13, 1902.

FOR STYLISH
Boots and Shoes
—GO TO THE—
City Boot and Shoe Store
139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display
NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes!
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY

JOHN KYLIE,
139 Hunter Street - - - Peterborough
(Late of Ashburnham.)

Calcutts' Line of Steamers

City of Peterborough - Water-Lily

TIME TABLE FOR JUNE, 1902
THE STEAMER
CITY OF PETERBOROUGH
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, to Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl Wild.

TUESDAYS, to Jubilee, and Harwood.

On the above days the steamer will leave the Peterborough Wharf at 9.15 a.m., returning, will arrive at Peterborough at 2.30 p. m.

THURSDAYS, to Hastings, leaving the Peterborough Wharf at 8.15 a. m., calling at Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl Wyld, returning, will arrive at Peterborough at 9 p. m.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP, $1.00.
CHILDREN 50c.

SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, will leave Peterborough at 2.15 p. m. for Jubilee, returning will arrive in Peterborough at 9 p. m.

Fares to Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl Wyld, 50c, good for return same day only. Children One-Half fare. Passengers wishing to remain over Sunday at Jubilee, Harwood or Idyl Wild, can on payment of 25c, return on Monday morning, arriving in Peterborough at 9.00 a.m.

Books of Family tickets, $5.00, for points between Peterborough and Idyl Wyld.

Special arrangements made for Sunday School and other excursion parties on application to

H. CALCUTT,
Peterboro, or phone 98

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Foot Elm.

This is the original and reliable remedy for feet that are blistered, hot, feverish, sweaty, tired, aching, etc.

It gives immediate relief.

It preserves the leather

It is the cheapest because the best.

All honest druggists sell it. If any man offers you a substitute for the sake of making a little extra profit out of you, write us about it, giving the name. We will send you the name of some honest dealer in your vicinity who will give you what you ask for.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

Morning Times
PETERBOROUGH, MAY 30 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the office, of a matter suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. TIMES]

—There was a hot time in the old town last night.

—Two furnished rooms to let. Apply at 508 George street.

—The water in the river is still high on account of the recent rains.

—The Charlotte street choir will practice this evening at 8 o'clock sharp

—The time table of the City of Peterborough and Water Lily appears in another column.

—A bicyclist had to pay $2 yesterday morning to the Magistrate for riding on the sidewalk.

—For neglecting to get a dog tag a citizen had to pay costs yesterday in the police court.

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 47 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Mann.

—St. James' Choir will practice on Saturday evening at the usual hour. The boys will meet at 6.45 for special practice.

—Ping pong and all summer games, also hammocks in large varieties at Times Bookstore.

—St. John's Mission Band will hold a sale of work and an entertainment tonight. A good programme is promised.

—The Times' circulation is constantly on the up-grade. The average number of copies printed during the present month has exceeded 2,500.

—A fine of $5 and costs was imposed on a local hotel keeper yesterday for allowing dice to be thrown in his bar for the drinks.

—The new lock gates at Hastings have been completed and placed in position. This lock now is in first class shape to accommodate the increasing boat and other traffic at this point.

—Real estate is rapidly advancing. A lot was sold the other day, in a good locality for $37.50 per foot. A year ago $25 a foot was more than it would bring.

—June clearing sale of sporting and fancy goods at Times Bookstore. Prices away down. Also a lot of bound books reduced to only 15 cents a copy.

—Now is the time to subscribe for The Times—Peterborough's brightest and best daily newspaper. Will be delivered to subscribers in town and Ashburnham for 25c. per month.

—Commodore Calcutt deserves the greatest praise for the splendid service which he proposes to give on the Otonabee this season. There will be a daily boat, with a weekly run to Hastings.

The Magazine Supplement, recently introduced as a feature of the Sunday Edition, is unique. It has many notable features, including "The Man in the Street," a bright collection of gossip and stories about men of prominence.

—The very latest creations in ladies' stationery, sealing sets, playing cards, engraved visiting cards, wedding invitations, society emblems, etc. Headquarters for "the best" in athletic goods, carbon papers, typewriter ribbons, erasers, paper fasteners, ink stands, standard blank, copying and memo books. Inks, mucilage, paste and everything for the office, the library and the school room. Fountain pens, etc. Mail orders from our out of town friends will receive prompt attention. Times Bookstore, Market Block, Peterborough.

—Mr. Walter Stocker, our efficient bill poster, has been working overtime during the past few weeks, with a large stock of assistants. He has put up more election literature in that time than ever before in the same period. It's an ill wind that blows nobody good.

—Here is what a lady has to say for Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema—"I am glad to say that I find complete cure of my distressing case of eczema. My hands were so bad the nails would come off. I used one box and my hand is all healed." Price 60 cents a box or three boxes for $1.00 For sale by Ormond & Walsh.

—There is a lady residing on Water street who has never for an instant removed her wedding ring since it was put on, 28 years ago, by her husband. She has never even seen the inscription inside the ring, for her husband had only bought the circlet on the wedding morning; she has not yet examined it, and, after it was on, she made up her mind that she would not remove it till she had to. She had no idea then, though, that she would keep it on her finger 28 years. Today she could not be tempted to remove it. This idea, indeed, has become a superstition with her, and she is convinced that something untoward would befall her should she break her resolve.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

—The many friends of Mr. McFarlane Wilson are pleased to see him again on the streets, after his serious illness.

—Dr. Victor McWilliams was in town yesterday for a few hours taking in the election.

—Rev. Mr. Gunior, of Smith, was in town yesterday and gave The Times a call.

AMONG THE ODDFELLOWS

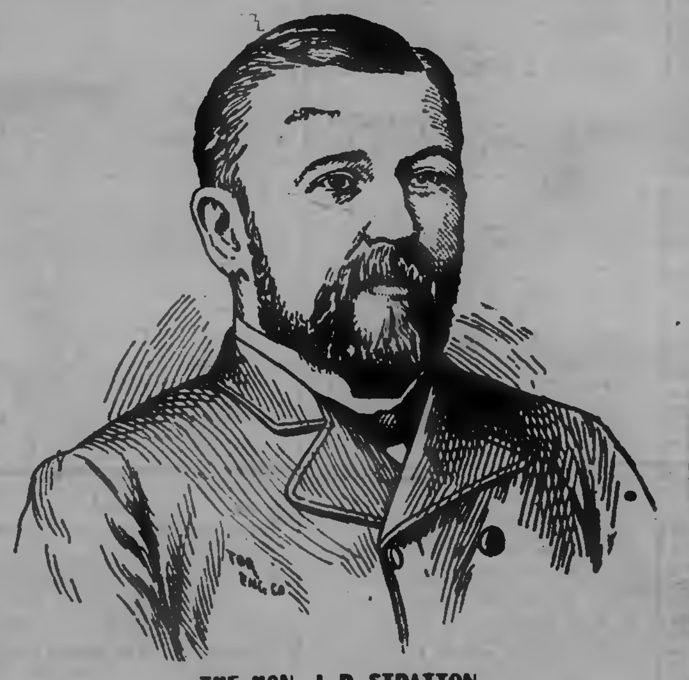
Latest Items of Interest Pertaining to the Local Fraternity

—This week Peterboro Lodge No. 111, I.O.O.F., will meet on Friday evening instead of Thursday which was election day. It is hoped there will be a large attendance of members on Friday evening as the subordinate lodge officers will be elected, and the past Grands will vote for Grand Lodge officers by the Hare-Spence system, which is being tried this year for the first time.

The elections in Otonabee Lodge No. 13 were held last Monday evening the last meeting of this month.

The District Committee will meet in Peterboro on Friday evening, June 6, at 8 o'clock.

Committees have been appointed to arrange for decorations on Thursday June 19. Members as well as the public are asked to keep the date in mind. The committee will meet on Friday at 7.30 in the lodge rooms.



THE HON. J. R. STRATTON

THOUSANDS SEE RETURNS

THE SPLENDID REPORTS FURNISHED BY THE TIMES

The Market Square Crowded with People from Dark Until Midnight

The Times once more scored a decided hit last night when it furnished the people with a limelight exhibition on the market square, giving the election returns of the Province, hot from the wire. A special wire had been placed in The Times office, and the returns, as fast as they came in, were inscribed on glass, the work of half a minute, and the glass handed to Mr. Roy, the operator, who transferred it to a large sheet of canvas, which covered the rear of the Times' building. Thus, about one minute elapsed from the time the despatch was received in the Times office until it was exposed to the view of eight or ten thousand people on the market square. We gave the people a much better and quicker service than that given in the political committee rooms. Mr. R. M. Roy, who looked after the artistic position of the work, spared no pains or expense to make the exhibition a success.

To those who assisted by giving us advertisements, we tender our sincere thanks. The following are the names—Messrs. A. H. Stratton & Co., Geo. Stevens Ormond & Walsh, J. T. Stenson, J. C. Turnbull, R. Brown & Co., W. J. Doughty & Son, Calcutt Brewing Co., T. Hurley & Co., Best Stove Co., Gough Bros., J. J. Turner & Son, R. Hall & Son, Henry & Co., H. P. Hennedy, H. Long, Tate Optical Co., McAllister Milling Co., W. H. Meldrum, Thos. Barrie & Co., R. H. Leary, W. G. Green, R. Hicks & Co., R. A. Dutton, D. J. DeVine, J. Sutcliffe & Sons.

A Singular Incident

The Picton Gazette prints the following regarding Prof. O'Brien, who is well known in Peterborough:

Prof. O'Brien, scientific palmist and phrenologist, who has been at the Collins' house for the past two weeks, leaves for Napanee, to-morrow morning. During his visit here, a great interest has been manifest in these sciences, and the professor's readings and delineations have proven extraordinarily accurate. During his visit at Trenton, a singular instance occurred which goes to prove the ability of the prof. in occult sciences. The wife of the late J. W. Cunningham, whose husband was then lost from the Guelph sanitarium, consulted the prof. and was told that she would never see her husband alive again—that he was drowned and his body would be found in a river. This, only a short time later proved to be too true. Since being here the prof. has made himself acquainted with some of the environments around and about Picton and says that it is the cleanest, brightest and snappiest town in Ontario. He will visit here again for a short time later in the season.

St. John's Church

This evening beginning at seven o'clock the members of the Mission Band, will hold a sale of work and an entertainment for the missionary cause. The children have undertaken to clothe a girl in one of the Indian homes and it is hoped all friends will show their sympathy by attending. Admission ten cents.

Off for the Coronation

The men who will represent "C" Squadron of the 3rd Prince of Wales Canadian Dragoons at the Coronation, will be Sergt.-Major Cleghorn and Sergt. J. J. Duggis, two non-commissioned officers. Sergt.-Major Cleghorn has been a member of the regiment for a number of years, and has taken a course in the Military School. Sergt. Duffus is a young member of the Dragoons, having enlisted at the age of nineteen, five years ago. He is also a graduate of the Royal Military College at Toronto, and holds a first class military certificate. It is expected that the boys will leave on the C.P.R. to-night.

C. O. F. Church Service

The local members of the Canadian Order of Foresters are requested to meet at the Simcoe street Hall on Sunday evening at 6.15, and proceed in a body to St. Paul's Church, where a special sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. Torrance. Visiting brethren are invited to attend.

By Order.
W. J. HOOPER, D.D.H.C.R

DOURO.

—The crops are looking fine after the recent rains.

—The Douro electors braced themselves to give Mr. Anderson a great vote. They held him up on tip-toes.

—It is agreed by the Douro folks in general that The Times is the most popular family paper in Canada. County Constable Crowley says that he can't see how any family can be up to the times without it.

—Captain Grisdale ran a shift to Davids Wharf, Cooktown on McBride river, where John McBride met and escorted him to polling place No. 3.

—Friends would be very glad to hear that Mr. Louis Sullivan, who has been ill for some time, was recently relieved by having up a large tape worm, after taking two doses of Dr. Ford's Conservative Cure.

Death of Mrs. Allan McCarthy

The death of Mrs. McCarthy, wife of Mr. Allan McCarthy, of Ashburnham, will come with a great shock to her many friends in Peterborough and Ashburnham. The deceased lady had been ailing about six weeks. The cause of death was catarrh of the stomach. Mrs. McCarthy was a Miss Evans, and was born in Otonabee 54 years ago. She leaves a husband and two sons to mourn her demise. She was a sincere christian woman, being a member of the Mark Street Methodist Church, and was greatly beloved. The funeral will leave the family residence, Concession Street, Ashburnham, to-morrow, Saturday, at 2.30 p.m., for the Little Lake Cemetery. The Times extends its sincere sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS.

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 10th. Here are some of the sliced prices:

98c Will buy a boys' Two-P Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, pleted, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $2.00.

$1.38 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 29.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2 65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleted, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3 00.

$1.95 Will buy the best All-Wool Boys' Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit in ours tore and worth in the regular wey $2.90. sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and five different patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted, Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 30, two piece, worth $3 25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys Two-piece All-wool Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 29, and worth $4 25.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2 75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Tweed 3 piece Brownie Suit, izes 22 to 28, and worth $3.25

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' Fine All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, silk faced, with D. B. Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 34, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boy's 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, seizes 28 to 34, worth $3 75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in 12 different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6 00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted,—several shades in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 33.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

A GOOD GUIDE — GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

60 DAY EXCURSIONS

—TO THE—

CANADIAN NORTHWEST

AT FOLLOWING RETURN FARES:

Winnipeg, Man; Arcola, Assa; Binscarth, Man; Elgin, Man; Estevan, Assa; Grand View, Man; Miniota, Man; Moosomin, Assa; Swan River, Man; Wakada, Man; Wawanesa, Man — $28

Moose Jaw, Assa; Regina, "; Yorkton " — $30

Pr. Albert, Sask.; McLeod, Alta.; Calgary, " — $35

Red Deer, Alta.; Strathcona, Alta. — $40

Good going June 3rd, June 24th and July 15th. Returning within 60 days from date of issue.

WHERE TO SPEND THE SUMMER

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Kawartha Lakes, Georgian Bay and the Highlands of Ontario.

The Royal Muskoka Hotel opens June 15th, 1902. Tickets, descriptive folders and all information from [illegible]

W. BUNTON, City Pass. Agent

Dwelling for Sale.

No. 712 Water-St., at present under rental. Two storeys, 21x24, addition 2 stories, 15x17, kitchen 11x20 1.2 stables, sheds and outbuildings. Heated by furnace. Electric light, bath, closet, etc. Possession given as arranged. Apply to W. H. HILL, 150 Hunter Street.

ARE YOU STOUT.

Edith Borden, M. D., has the best treatment—has cured many [illegible] of Obesity [illegible] Reducing [illegible] Abdomen [illegible] [illegible] completely [illegible] For Terms [illegible] Mrs. Dr. Borden [illegible]

Peterborough Radical Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R. Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333,
Peterborough, Ont.

COURT OF REVISION.

Assessment roll of the TOWNSHIP OF SMITH, for the year 1902, will be held at the TOWN HALL, BRIDGENORTH, on

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1902

at 10 o'clock a. m.

F. J. BELL, Clerk

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WILL RUN

Home-Seekers' 60 DAY Excursions

TO THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST AT RETURN FARES.

Winnipeg, Waskada, Estevan, Elgin, Arcola, Moosomin, Wawanesa, Binscarth, Miniota, Grand View, Swan River — $28

Regina, Moosejaw, Yorkton — $30

Pt. Albert, Macleod, Calgary — $35

Red Deer, Strathcona — $40

Going JUNE 3rd, returning until AUGUST 4th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JUNE 24th, returning until AUGUST 25th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JULY 15th, returning until SEPTEMBER 15th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Tickets are not good on "Imperial Limited" For tickets and pamphlet giving full particulars, apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
1 King St. East, Toronto

Electric Lamps

25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co

LIMITED

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc. at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at............40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 45c
Smocks, at.........................90c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

306 George street, Peterborough
Telephone 120 125 and 2nd day or nig

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, April 17th, 1902

ONLY
MORNING DAILY
BETWEEN
TORONTO & OTTAWA

The Morning Times

BEST ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN EASTERN ONTARIO

VOL. 28 NO. 127 PETERBOROUGH ONTARIO SATURDAY MAY 31 1902 PRICE TWO CENT

CONSERVATIVES MAY WIN PARTIES NEARLY A TIE

Latest Returns Give the Opposition Three More Seats

Lenox, Algoma and Manitoulin Go Conservative

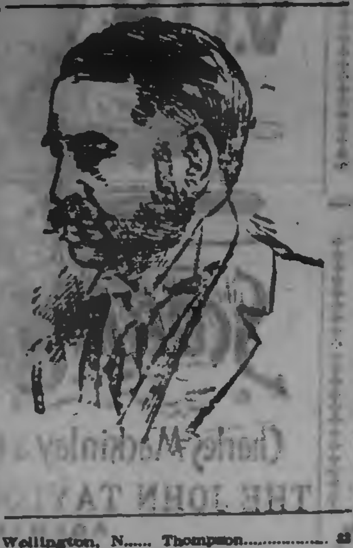
Fuller returns show that the parties are nearly even the standing being 50 Liberals and 48 Conservatives. A despatch received last night gave the above figures as the correct standing of the two parties. The Mail says that the Conservatives claim North Grey, which would, if this is correct, leave the parties a tie. The Times is of the opinion that the Conservatives have a fair chance of securing a majority, for the recounts are almost sure to favor them. A change of two seats would place Mr. Whitney on top, at least for the time being.

The latest returns from Manitoulin show the election of Gamey, the Conservative candidate, by 30 majority. In Algoma, Smyth, Conservative, has 10 majority, with 8 polls to hear from, which are expected to increase his majority. Lennox, also, is conceded to the Conservatives.

The following is the result up to the hour of going to press.

LIBERAL SEATS—50

Brant, N.	Burt	165
Brant, S.	Preston	370
Brockville	Graham	467
Bruce, N.	Bowman	260
Bruce, S.	Truax	42
Durham, W.	Richard	119
Essex, S.	Auld	642
Ft. Wm. L of W.	Cameron	237
Grey, N.	McKay	19
Haldimand	Holmes	193
Halton	Barber	16
Hastings, E.	Russell	100
Huron, E.	Hislop	[illegible]
Huron, W.	Cameron	62
Kent E.	Lee	250
Kent, W.	Pardo	305
Kingston	Pense	167
Lambton, E.	Pettypiece	175
Lanark, N.	Caldwell	[illegible]
Middlesex, E.	Routledge	40
Middlesex, N.	Taylor	[illegible]
Middlesex, W.	Ross	512
Monck	Harcourt	300
Muskoka	Bridgland	[illegible]
Nipissing, E.	[illegible]	300
Nipissing, W.	Michaud	130
Norfolk, S.	Charlton	135
Northumberl'nd W.	Clarke	296
Ontario, S.	Dryden	340
Oxford, N.	Pattullo	900
Parry Sound	Carr	144
Peel	Smith	135
Perth, S.	Stock	67
Peterboro E.	Anderson	370
Peterboro W.	Stratton	1,200
Pt. Arthur and R.R.	Conmee	194
Prescott	Evanturel	1,000
Prince Edward	Currie	100
Renfrew, N.	Munro	[illegible]
Renfrew, S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Russell	Guibord	500
Simcoe, C.	Davidson	50
Simcoe, E.	Tudhope	300
Stormont	McCart	[illegible]
Welland	Gross	148
Wellington, E.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellington, N.	Thompson	22
Wellington, S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
York, E.	Richardson	195
York, N.	Davis	100



LIBERAL GAINS.

Durham, West	Rickard
Grey, North	McKay
Middlesex, East	Routledge
Perth, South	Stock
Prince Edward	Currie
Stormont	McCart
Simcoe, Center	Davidson
Simcoe, East	Tudhope
Wentworth, North	Thompson

CONSERVATIVE SEATS—48.

Addington	Reid	[illegible]
Algoma	Smyth	10
Bruce, C.	Clarke	7
Cardwell	Little	[illegible]
Carleton	Kidd	1,000
Dufferin	Barr	1,200
Dundas	Whitney	250
Durham, E.	Preston	[illegible]
Elgin, E.	Brower	112
Elgin, W.	McDiarmid	[illegible]
Essex, W.	Reaume	279
Frontenac	Gallagher	[illegible]
Glengarry	McLeod	300
Grenville	Joynt	500
Grey, C.	Lucas	Accl
Grey, S.	Jamieson	[illegible]
Hamilton, E.	Carscallen	140
Hamilton, W.	Hendrie	[illegible]
Hastings, N.	Pearce	200
Hastings, W.	Morrison	[illegible]
Huron, S.	Eilber	[illegible]
Lambton, W.	Hanna	Small
Lennox	Carscallen	7
Lanark, S.	Matheson	[illegible]
Leeds	Beattie	289
Lincoln	Jessop	712
London	Beck	[illegible]
Manitoulin	Gamey	[illegible]
Norfolk, N.	Snider	27
N'umberland, E.	Willoughby	[illegible]
Ontario, N.	Hoyle	[illegible]
Ottawa	Powell	[illegible]
Ottawa	Murphy	341
Oxford, S.	Sutherland	[illegible]
Perth, N.	Monteith	[illegible]
Sault S. Marie	Miscampbell	[illegible]
Simcoe, W.	Duff	[illegible]
Toronto, E.	Pyne	583
Toronto, N.	Nesbitt	333
Toronto, S.	Foy	791
Toronto, W.	Crawford	1,528
Victoria, E.	Carnegie	230
Victoria, W.	Fox	110
Waterloo, N.	Lackner	262
Waterloo, S.	Kribs	38
Wellington, S.	Downey	244
Wellington W.	Tucker (Ind)	108
York, W.	St. John	412

CONSERVATIVE GAINS—12

Bruce, Center	Clark
Essex, North	Reaume
Lambton, West	Hanna
London	Beck
Norfolk, North	Snider
Northumberland, East	Willoughby
Ottawa	Powell
Oxford, South	Sutherland
Perth, North	Monteith
Waterloo, North	Lackner
Wellington, South	Downey
York, West	St. John

NOTES OF THE FRAY.

Ashburnham, which never before gave a Liberal majority, gave Mr. Anderson 24. This was a surprise for both parties.

There was considerable betting on Stratton's majority, bets being made that his majority would not exceed 500.

Hon. Mr. Stratton has the largest majority of any of the Cabinet Ministers, and the largest majority of any candidate outside of Toronto.

The local Conservatives are extracting what comfort they can from the hope pressed by the Toronto World that the recounts may result in the overthrow of the Liberals.

The Town Hall, Douro, was a great surprise, resulting in a vote of 100 to 7 in favor of Anderson.

Battle of Sag Harbor

New York, May 30 — New York's observance of Memorial Day was one of the most notable New York has seen for a number of years. Business was everywhere suspended and the holiday was general. The most notable feature of the celebration was the unveiling this afternoon of the soldiers' and sailors' memorial in Riverside Drive. Governor Odell, Mayor Low and other persons of prominence took part in the attendant ceremonies. At the customary exercises at Grant's Tomb the oration was delivered by Judge Thomas G. Jones, of Montgomery, Ala.

Items of News

London, May 30.—Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, who intended to give exhibitions with his airship at the Crystal Palace next week, arrived from Paris to-day and found that a few hours previously his balloon had been cut to pieces, completely destroying one-third of it. The cutting was done with knives, and large rings of the silk coverings were [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] by the fact that two of Santos-Dumont's [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the shed where the airship was kept. Police and detectives were summoned to clear up the affair if possible. It will be [illegible] [illegible] before a new cover can be made.

New York, May 31.—Carnegie Hall will be the scene of great times tonight, when the Salvation Army lads and lassies assemble to celebrate the Twenty-second Anniversary of the organization. The Commander will give an address on the "[illegible] and Prospects of the Salvation Army," and the Consul will speak on "Woman's Place and Work in the Army."

THE BOARD OF TRADE

ADOPT RESOLUTIONS FOR THE COMING CONFERENCE AT TORONTO

It Favors the Encouragement of Trade Relations with the Empire, and Rejects a Resolution on Defence

The Board of Trade met last night when there were present President D. W. Dumble and Messrs. J. H. Burnham, E. B. Edwards, J. A. Colverville, J. Hughes-Charles, C. Fessenden, A. P. Poussette, J. M. Garvin, W. J. Morrow, Robert Fair and J. J. Hartley.

Letters of regret at inability to be present were read from Messrs. E. G. Patterson and Frank Matthews.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were taken as read.

The president explained that the meeting was called to discuss and prepare resolutions on trade relations within the Empire, reduction of postage on newspapers and periodicals, between Canada and Great Britain, the establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship line for Canadian ports, and the defence of the Empire.

Three questions are of great importance, and it is to be deplored that greater interest in them was not manifested in the attendance both of members of the board and citizens in general.

A conference of the Board of Trades of the Dominion is to be held in Toronto on June 4th and 5th when these questions are to be taken up. The proceedings will close with a great banquet tendered visiting delegates by the Toronto Board of Trade.

TRADE RELATIONS.

Trade relations within the Empire was coupled with the names of Messrs. J. H. Burnham, Mr. D. O'Connell and J. Hughes-Charles.

Mr. Burnham in the course of a very able address said that there underlies this subject a desire for the unification of the Empire. Trade relations between the mother country and Canada, are, as a fact, hostile. Sentimental imperialism has resulted in nothing but diverse trade relations and diverse trade policies, and these end eventually to result in a dismemberment of the Empire. All actions on the part of Canada seems to trend to a desire for the unification of the Empire with some definite measure of Preferential Trade.

Mr. Burnham moved, seconded by Mr. Hughes-Charles, that it be resolved that in view of the use and development of the British Empire, it is necessary that every possible measure be taken tending to the development of the trade relations of the various members of the Empire, if harmony between those members and their ultimate permanent unification be deemed desirable, and this Board considers that it is desirable.—Adopted.

Mr. Hughes-Charles said that England has not faith and confidence in her colonies; she is selfish and desires to secure to herself the larger share of Trade. He opined that England is tired of Free Trade and even now has inserted the thin edge of the wedge of a Protective Tariff; she practically adopted it when introducing the embargo on cattle, and the general talk in that country today is in favor of a tariff on foreign imports.

Mr. D. O'Connell did not think the unification of the Empire, with preferential trade relations possible owing to the varied conditions of its many colonies. It is, he argued, necessary for Canadian people to leave sentiment aside, and look well after their own commercial interests. He did not think it profitable for the Dominion to have given a preferential tariff of 33 1-3 per cent to the mother country without receiving some substantial measure in return. He preferred a cultivation of trade relations with the country south of us in preference to the Mother Land.

Mr. J. M. Garvin took exception to Mr. O'Connell's expressions of preference to the United States. He was very much disappointed to read that England when recently adopting that small tariff had not given a preference to the colonies, which preference, he maintained would lead to the helpful development of those colonies. He believed Canada and her sister colonies must have protection in the interest of their manufactures.

Mr. Dumble, in reviewing the discussion thought the preferential tariff given the Mother Country by Canada without demanding any equivalent return a very wise action that would eventually lead to good results.

TRANSPORTATION.

This subject was coupled with the names of Messrs. A. P. Poussette, C. Fessenden, W. H. [illegible] and R. B. Rogers.

Mr. A. P. Poussette moved, seconded by Mr. Fessenden, that it is resolved that trade relations within the Empire can be adequately encouraged only by the utmost facility of transportation, and therefore it is expedient that the governments of Great Britain and the colonies should by [illegible] [illegible] to proper [illegible], [illegible] the [illegible] of independent navigation companies which should be [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] trade.—Adopted.

Mr. Fessenden remarked that one thing Canada wants is the [illegible] of the St. Lawrence river, which [illegible] special [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] transportation across the Atlantic, not only of our own products but those of the United States. This continent [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the establishment of a fast Atlantic Line from a Canadian point to England would assist trade in the Dominion and increase our export trade and add to the volume of traffic in general through Canadian channels.

Mr. Kelderhouse's opinion was that transportation, whether by rail or water, always finds its level under all circumstances. He favored the development of canals and a greater utilization of great waterways in order to facilitate through transportation to the Mother Country. He scored the Dominion Government for not opening up that portion of the Trent Valley Canal already completed. As to Preferential Tariff, he said, you will never see the day when Canada will have a preference in the English markets for our food products. The English people

Continued on page 4

MR. WM. ANDERSON.

EAST PETERBOROUGH

	Anderson	Ford	Anderson's Majority	Ford's Majority
ASHBURNHAM				
Div. No. 1		..	..	15
Div. No. 2		..	24	4
ASPHODEL				
Div. No. 1		..	35	..
Div. No. 2		...	39	..
Div. No. 3		..	..	77
Div. No. 4		..	28	..
BELMONT AND METHUEN.				
Div. No. 1		..	12	..
Div. No. 2		..	..	64
Div. No. 3		..	..	49
Div. No. 4		..	..	43
Div. No. 5		..	..	6
HAVELOCK				
Div. No. 1		..	..	22
BURLEIGH AND ANSTRUTHER				
Div. No. 1		..	8	..
Div. No. 2		..	29	..
CHANDOS				
Div. No. 1		..	31	..
Div. No. 2		..	25	..
Div. No. 3		..	..	3
DOURO				
Div. No. 1		..	25	..
Div. No. 2		..	69	..
Div. No. 3		..	93	..
Div. No. 4		..	3	..
DUMMER				
Div. No. 1		..	..	18
Div. No. 2		..	..	6
Div. No. 3		..	35	..
Div. No. 4		..	25	..
NORWOOD				
Div. No. 1 and 2		..	..	12
OTONABEE				
Div. No. 1		..	..	6
Div. No. 2		..	84	..
Div. No. 3		..	31	..
Div. No. 4		..	62	..
Div. No. 5		..	58	..
Div. No. 6		..	57	..
Totals		..	772	318

The latest returns from the riding, up to noon of Friday, gives Mr. Anderson, Liberal, a substantial majority of 454.

WEST PETERBOROUGH

PETERBOROUGH	Miller	Stratton	Maj. Miller	Maj. Stratton
Ward No. 1 Div. 1	55	117		62
" " " 2	58	98		40
" " " 3	83	85		2
" " " 4	68	126		58
" " " 5	90	124		34
Ward No. 2, Div. 1	74	90		16
" " " 2	71	148		77
" " " 3	69	134		65
Ward No. 3, Div. 1	[illegible]	107		39
" " " 2	85	96		11
" " " 3	63	69		6
" " " 4	67	84		17
Ward No. 4, Div. 1	68	76		8
" " " 2	[illegible]	93		39
" " " 3	[illegible]	33		1
NORTH MONAGHAN				
No. 1, School House	178	[illegible]		[illegible]
No. 2, Town Hall	[illegible]	53		31
SOUTH MONAGHAN				
No. 1, Bailieboro	56	93		37
No. 2, Centreville	[illegible]	[illegible]		21
No. 3, [illegible]	[illegible]	56		1
SMITH				
No. 1, [illegible] S. H.	65	96		[illegible]
No. 2, Town Hall	39	116		77
No. 3, [illegible] S. House	[illegible]	28		21
No. 4, Selwyn	[illegible]	[illegible]		12
No. 5, Young's Point	39	63		24
LAKEFIELD				
No. 1, Town Hall	65	82		17
No. 2, Clark's Office	45	61		16
ENNISMORE				
No. 1, Town Hall	73	203		130
No. 2, O'Keefe's S. H.	12	66		54
HARVEY				
No. 1, Town Hall	[illegible]	99		37
No. 2, School House	[illegible]	[illegible]		93
No. 3, Lark Hall	15	[illegible]		45
GALWAY				
No. 1, Coulter's House	[illegible]	12		13
No. 2, Mrs. [illegible]	19	84		65
No. 3, Swamp Lake	4	37		33
CAVENDISH				
No. 1, Cochrane's House	..	..		..
No. 2, Ford's House	2	16		14

Majority for Stratton, [illegible].

[Note—No. 1 Cavendish has not yet been heard from.]

GREAT BRITAIN'S PRESTIGE AND THE BOER WAR

How a Leading Russian Paper Regards Britain

Her Influence Vastly Increased Since War Began

Special to The Times.

London, May 31.—The Chronicle says: Turning to two other spheres, where it has been diligently asserted that the South African embroglio has diminished British prestige—Persia and Siam—it is interesting and appropriate to quote the opinion of a Russian journal of some position, the Novoe Vremya, which, in alluding to concessions recently obtained by Great Britain in these regions laments as follows: "It seemed that the South African war, which was employing all the land forces of Great Britain, would influence the international situation of that country and fetter its liberty of action. It turns out, however, that this peculiar state of things does not in any way prevent English diplomacy from achieving very substantial triumphs, and that the triumphs of Great Britain has decidedly and greatly increased during the past six months, and in the East prestige is everything."

It is only necessary further to point out the decisive effect, which the treaty with Japan has had upon international relations in the far East, to emphasize the fact of the British cabinet being quite able to preserve the "balance of power" now as she was three years back.

These reminders are necessary, in view of the renewed attempts to discredit the emphatic utterance of Lord Salisbury a few days ago, that if the majorities voted for a termination of the war, the result would not have been achieved by the surrender of a single condition which the British cabinet considers "vital." Of those vital conditions the principal one is that "not one shred of political independence shall be retained by the two Republics—personal liberty is another matter."

New York Keeps Holiday

New York, May 30 — The historical society of Sag harbor, L.I., celebrated the 125th anniversary of the battle of Sag Harbor to-day, when a handsome granite monument in memory of the capture of the British fort by Lieutenant Colonel Meigs and his famous whaleboat expedition, was unveiled with interesting ceremonies. There was a parade of veterans, the fire department and various patriotic organizations, and at the close of the exercises the soldiers graves in Oakland Cemetery were decorated.

A Healthy and Sound Body Will Enable Us to Battle Against the Wrongs and Injuries of Our Enemiee

Paine's Celery Compound

Banishes Disease, Establishes Health and Gives us Physicial Strength to Maintain Our Place in Life's Conflict

Many of us find life hard and full of pain. While we cannot well avoid the sufferings that result from wrongs and injuries, we can keep ourselves from the pains and ravages of bodily ailments and diseases, and maintain that full measure of health that will enable us to meet the wrongs that assail us from day to day.

If you are rundown, fretful, despondent irritable, sleepless be assured you are becoming physically impaired and weakened. If the relaxed and sluggish action of the excretory organs has loaded the blood and body with poison, producing headache, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver troubles, then disease is encircling you in its chains.

Prompt use of Paine's Celery Compound will save the [illegible] parts of the body from yielding to disease. The great medicine [illegible] weak and exhausted nerves from prostration and removes every feeling of exhaustion and despondency. It cures and makes those who are bound by disease and suffering and gives them a new lease of life. Mr. [illegible] Pierce, King St., St. John, N.B., writes thus:

"I suffered terribly from constipation, weakness, [illegible], kidney and liver troubles; I was also subject to those tired, weary feelings and had a slight touch of skin disease. The first piece of Paine's Celery Compound relieved me; and now, after having taken three bottles, I feel much better. I am not constipated, I [illegible] my usual feelings, and I can eat and sleep well. It is a grand remedy, and I hope all who read this may benefit by my recommendation."

Naval Militia Meet

Baltimore, Md., May 31. — Representatives from seventeen states were present to-day when the National Naval Militia Association began its seventh annual meeting aboard the old sloop-of-war Dale in Baltimore harbor. The important work before the meeting, which lasts three days, is the framing of a bill to be introduced in Congress, providing for the establishment of a national naval reserve.

WEATHER NOTES

Saturday—Fair.

SWEEPING, STRIKING AND STARTLING SALE OF

BOY'S SPRING SUITS

PRICE REDUCTIONS OF UNPARALLELED MAGNITUDE IN BOYS' THREE-PIECE AND TWO-PIECE OUTFITS

Close on to 2000 BOYS' SUITS MUST GO, no matter what the cost. THIS GREAT SALE WILL START ON SATURDAY, MAY 31st. Here are some of the sliced prices :

98c Will buy a boys' Two-Piece Blouse Suit, serge, trimmed with either gold or black braid, worth regularly $1.25.

$1.65 Will buy Boys' All-Wool Serge Blouse Suit, white, gold or black trimmings, worth in the regular way from $2.45 to $3.50.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Tweed Suit, plated, lovely Can. Tweed, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $2.00.

$1.88 Will buy a Boys' Two-Piece Serge Suit, trimmed, and pleated, worth $2.00, sizes 22 to 30.

$1.65 Will buy a Boys' Grey or Brown Mixed Two-Piece Tweed Suit, sizes from 22 to 29, and worth regularly $2.50.

$1.75 Will buy a Boy's Two-Piece All-wool Halifax Tweed Suit, sizes 22 to 29, sells in the regular way for $2.65.

$1.80 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Worsted Serge Two-Piece Suit, pleated, sizes from 22 to 28, and worth $3.00.

$1.85 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Halifax Tweed Two-Piece Suit [illegible], and worth in the regular way $2.50, sizes 22 to 28.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool Canadian Tweed, Two-Piece Suit, in brown and grey checks and fine [illegible] patterns, 22 to 28, worth $2.90.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' Double Breasted Wool Serge Suit, sizes 22 to 28, two-piece worth $3.25.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys' Two-piece [illegible] Blue or Black Serge Suit, the best quality made, sizes 22 to 28, and worth $4.50.

$1.95 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Brownie Suit, in blue, grey or brown, sizes 22 to 28, and worth in the regular way $2.75.

$2.25 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool [illegible] 3 piece Brownie Suit, sizes 22 to 26, and worth $3.25.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' All-Wool, Scotch Tweed, 3-piece Brownie Suit, [illegible] Vest and sold regularly for $4.50.

$2.20 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit in Blue Serge, sizes 22 to 26, and worth $3.25.

$2.50 Will buy a Boys' 3 piece Suit, in Canadian Tweed, in either grey or brown, sizes 28 to 34, and worth $3.65.

$2.75 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool, Halifax Tweed Suits, in either light or dark grey, sizes 28 to 34, worth $3.75.

$3.00 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece All-wool Suits, in [illegible] different patterns, sizes from 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $4.25 to $4.75.

$3.50 Will buy a Boys' All-wool 3-piece Suit, in blue or black worsted Serge, and worth $5.00.

$4.40 Will buy a Boys' 3-piece Suit, in Fine Grey or Brown Imported Worsted, sizes 28 to 34, and sold in the regular way for $6.00.

$4.05 Will buy a Boys' 3-Piece Suit in Fine Fancy Imported Worsted, a [illegible] in this line, which would be cheap at $6.00. Sizes 27 to 34.

Nearly all of the above Three-Piece Suits are made either in single or double breasted, with either single or double breasted vest to suit the buyers taste.

GOUGH BROS.

TULLY & MERRELL MANAGERS

This paper is the only Morning Daily published between Toronto and Ottawa and is largely read throughout Eastern Ontario.

Strangers visiting Peterborough are cordially invited to make their headquarters at the Times Office, where they will be provided with writing material.

The Times is a member of the Associated Press and receives telegraphic news each morning up to four o'clock.

The Times will be sent to subscribers in the district at 25c per month, and to outside points at $3 per year strictly in advance

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 31, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES

At election times many men vote according to the inspiration they receive. If we are to believe the defeated candidate, that inspiration can scarcely be said to come from above. It usually comes from the depths of someone's pockets.

• • • •

Politics and the poor are ever with us.

• • • •

The greatest good to the greatest number. Is that the make of the average politician. Not a bit of it, unless it be that the greatest number is number one.

• • •

It is with the bye-elections in view that the shouting is being done. If the people can be made to believe that the government is safe in any event, the government will have the advantage in the bye-elections. If they can be convinced that the government is doomed, the Conservatives will have a good chance of winning a majority of the bye-elections. Thus there is good reason for strenuous efforts being made by every paper to prove that its own side is on top.

• • • •

And now for the referendum.

• • • •

It was a sad blow to the temperance people of East and West Peterborough when the election returns were in to hear that the Tory candidates had taken a drop.

• • • •

The "People's Jimmy" in West Peterborough naturally feels elated over the result in his riding. But how could he help it when the great family journal supported him?

• • • •

This great family journal supported Mr. Stratton. Result: an increased majority for him over what it was four years ago.

• • • •

So Whitney was well whacked after all.

• • • •

The Review said the other day that the Liberal party would be on the rocks of defeat. They will very soon be on the rocks in the treasury.

• • • •

It is expected that the great Conservative party will, not in anger but in sorrow, proceed to turn Mr. Whitney's picture to the wall.

• • • •

"We will whack Whitney" has not been transformed into "Whitney will whack us."

• • • •

The Liberals are no hogs. They have conceded as many seats as they could spare to their opponents.

• • • •

It looks as if our friend Dr. Ford will have to eat Crow in East Peterborough.

• • • •

Dr. Ford, in the East, put up a clean, manly campaign, and he has nothing to be ashamed of.

• • • •

The [illegible] "Song of Victory" is taken for Whitney with a rope around his neck.

• • • •

The Times heartily congratulates Honest William Anderson on the result in East Peterborough. His victory over so worthy an opponent as Dr. Ford is something to feel proud of. Mr. Anderson apparently lives in the hearts of the people of [illegible].

• • • •

There are a few swelled heads in town [illegible] that election [illegible] will [illegible] it.

• • • •

Some defeated candidates attribute their ill-fortune to money. What do we think of [illegible]?

• • • •

An original ode is expected shortly from Mr. Garvin on "Politics, Past and Present." The great [illegible] is better "stuff" [illegible] than during the campaign. [illegible] under [illegible] horrible Grits [illegible] it.

• • • •

[illegible] is a [illegible] martyr, after all.

• • • •

The Tories have the right to their old claim of having won a moral victory.

• • • •

It is a long lane that has no turning. Mr. Whitney says he can see the bend in the road.

• • • •

Adam Beck beat Old Legs in London. No doubt the Grit man wishes that neck was broken.

OFFICE OF

CLAUDE ASHBROOK

Broker and Dealer in

STOCKS and BONDS

May 23rd, 1902

410 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY

The intelligent investor in listed securities having a current market is seeking that which possesses not only intrinsic merit and remunerative income, but future enhancement in market value as well. Conviction on these three important points once firmly established among the investing public concerning a particular security is followed by three results—demand, security of stock and advancing prices.

It is good to know of such opportunities, for it enables the public to invest safely and add to their individual accumulation of this world's goods, thereby increasing in a measure the world's happiness, and the result is satisfactory, not only to the investor, but to his broker as well, particularly if the broker in question happens to be the dispenser of such a bit of happiness.

Detroit United Railway stock is on the eve of an advance in price which will carry quotations from the present level of 74 to par. The advance is inevitable for the simple reason that as a substantial investment of recognized merit the stock is selling at least $25 per share below what it is worth. This statement, made with full confidence, is not an idle boast, but is based on cold existing facts; and if any among my readers are skeptical in any degree let them look into the facts and figures and they will be convinced.

It is although an absurd proposition that the stock of a city traction company having no competition, paying regular dividends of 4 per cent. and earning 6 per cent., should be quoted at any such ridiculously low a figure as the present price.

All that is necessary is for the public to know that a good thing like Detroit United is available, and the disparity between present quotations and real worth will soon be bridged over by the most legitimate means known, and that is by public buying on broad scale. At the present time three separate financial interests are negotiating for the Cleveland holdings around 70. In the meantime it is exceedingly probable that public buying, now well under way, will absorb these holdings at prices ranging from the present level to par, and the syndicates referred to will suddenly wake up to find that they have missed an unusual opportunity by pursuing a penny-wise and poundfoolish policy in regard to price.

HERE ARE THE FACTS

Detroit United Railway is a consolidation of all the electric railways in and about Detroit. There are no competing lines. The total mileage is 380 miles, having a total bonded indebtedness of $15,880,000, which is $41,789.00 per mile, and it may be remarked that this is exceedingly conservative and less per mile than that of any other city road in the United States.

The total authorized and outstanding capital stock $12,500,000, which is $32,895.00 per mile, so that there is 74,684.00 per mile in bonds and stock. Cincinnati Street Railway is bonded and stocked for $89,230 per mile; St. Louis United almost $167,000 per mile; Twin City Rapid Transit, $125,642 per mile. These comparisons prove the absence of the customary watering process, more recently known as "Morganizing."

The following figures, showing the earnings, operating expenses, etc., of the Detroit United Railway for two years are conclusive proofs of its merits:

Year Ending—	1900	1901
Earnings, gross	$2,[illegible],276	$2,942,237
Earnings, net	1,250,773	1,066,478
Per cent. of operation		64.70
Fixed charges	6[illegible],217	676,940
Surplus for stock	612	470,129
Per cent on stock	0.10	3.26
Price of stock		73 1-3
Population served	400,000	

Gross Earnings...4 months July—Oct 1901 $1,120,376

Gross Earnings...January 1—March 31,

1901	1902
$[illegible]	$766,682

I am indebted to Mr. Guy M. Walker, of 20 [illegible] street, New York, for the following facts in regard to Detroit United Railway stock, as compared to Twin City Rapid Transit common stock, now quoted at 125. First dividend of 1 per cent was paid on Twin City stock in August, 1897; in 1898, 2 per cent.; 1901, 3 1-2 per cent.; 1902, February, 2 per cent. It should be borne in mind that Twin City Rapid Transit [illegible] as a 4 per cent. dividend payer; that there is a [illegible] per cent. preferred stock, ahead of it, and yet the common stock is quoted at 125, or [illegible] per share above Detroit, which is [illegible] established as a 4 per cent. dividend payer. [illegible] Twin City stock is selling too high or Detroit too low.

In comparing the [illegible] value of the stocks of the two companies, it should be noted that while the bonded debt of Twin City amounts to [illegible] per mile, that of the Detroit United is only $41,789.00 per mile, while the stock per mile of Twin City is [illegible] to Detroit United [illegible], making the total capitalization of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company [illegible] per mile, as against only $74,[illegible] per mile for Detroit United. The [illegible] served are almost exactly the same.

"The percentages earned by the two properties for their [illegible] stock are almost the same, though the earnings for Detroit United for 1901 show a slightly larger gain over the earnings for 1900 than does the Twin City Rapid Transit Company.

"It should, however, be noted that Twin City is making its present earnings on a cost of operation amounting to only 44.00 per cent. of the gross earnings, which is far below normal, and which certainly can not be maintained in the future, while Detroit United is expending for operation [illegible] 64.70 per cent. of its gross earnings, which is slightly above normal, and which ought to be reduced to approximately 60 per cent. within the next year or two.

"It can, therefore, readily be seen that Detroit United promises considerably greater returns to its stockholders for the immediate future than Twin City, and it is unreasonable to suppose that the stock will continue at its present low quotations of 74, while Twin City is considered to be worth and apparently holds firm at approximately $125.00 per share."

FUTURE INCREASED EARNINGS

On the basis of the actual earnings for the first three months of 1902, Detroit United will show for the present fiscal year, in round figures, $3,500,000 gross, equivalent to $1,175,000 net, being more than double the interest on its bonded debt. After deducting fixed charges, now aggregating $720,313, there will remain at least a net surplus available for dividends of $854,687, or an amount in excess of 7 1-2 per cent. on the entire capital stock issue.

A syndicate of Philadelphia capitalists recently made a proposition to form a leasing company, take over the management of the Detroit United, and guarantee dividends, beginning with 4 per cent. per annum and increasing 1-2 per cent. each year until 6 1-2 per cent. annually should be paid and continued during the life of the lease.

This proposition was rejected.

At this writing I am reliably informed that the Bankers' Committee of Cleveland, holding in trust the Everett-Moore Syndicate holdings of Detroit United, have practically concluded negotiations for the sale of 20,000 shares to an Eastern syndicate. The remaining 10,600 shares are to be withdrawn from the market.

The withdrawal of this stock from the market, which has heretofore been the cause of existing sacrifice quotations on Detroit United, marks the present level as the low record prices from now on. It is a noteworthy fact, of interest to the probable purchaser, that during the past week the market for Detroit United has broadened perceptibly. Buying orders for the stock in blocks are in evidence from Eastern purchasers. Heretofore the market has been confined to Detroit, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and Louisville. Now, what will be the effect on current quotations, with demand for the stock from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Chicago, and St. Louis? I repeat that these actually existing conditions mean a long advance ahead, and those among my readers who want to make not only a good investment, but a long profit as well, had better get in the band wagon not later than Monday noon, for late arrivals will have to go way back and sit down if they expect to get any stock under 75.

One of the chief objections to investors heretofore has been the fact that last year the Detroit United accumulated a floating debt of $300,000, resulting, not from any deficit in operating, but from the purchase of 75 per cent. of the capital stock of the Detroit & Port Huron Shore Line and the Windsor Street Railway, both of which properties, though controlled by the Detroit United, are not included in the consolidation. This floating debt has now been entirely eliminated by the issue of $1,000,000 4 1-2 per cent. bonds, which were sold to E. H. Gay & Co., of Boston, and [illegible] offered by them for public subscription.

This leaves the property in excellent condition financially, with valuable assets in the controlling stocks referred to. Physically the property is conceded to have no superior in any city in the United States or Canada.

Detroit United Railway 4 per cent stock is [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible], [illegible] a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] during the last few weeks an active market in Detroit United may be [illegible] [illegible] accompanied by a higher level of prices.

CLAUDE ASHBROOK.

THE

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.

MONTREAL LIMITED

LABORATORY OF INLAND REVENUE,

OFFICE OF OFFICIAL ANALYST,

MONTREAL, April 8th, 1895.

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99 $\frac{99}{100}$ to 100 per cent. of PURE CANE SUGAR

with no impurities whatever."

(SIGNED) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, PH.D., D.C.L.

Prof. of Chemistry and Pub. Analyst MONTREAL.

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At all great functions and musical events it is the choice of the greatest artists. It is the piano that was the choice of Royalty—being used exclusively on the royal train by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York in their journey through Canada.

FRIEDHEIM,
The Great Russian Pianist.
BURMEISTER,
Famed Pupil of Liszt
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The Great Danish Pianist.
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The World's Greatest Soprano.
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The Great French Basso.
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England's Most Eminent Artist.
MADAME VAN DER VEER GREEN,
The Popular Contralto.
SIGNOR ARTURO NUTINI,
The Celebrated Blind Italian Pianist.
KATHERINE BLOODGOOD,
Soloist to the Plancon Concerts.
HUBERT DE BLANK,
Pianist to Mdlle. Trebelli.
MADAME FRIEDA DE TERSMEDAN,
Swedish Countess and Famed Pianist.
WILLIAM LAVIN,
The Great English Tenor.
MDLLE. ANTOINETTE TREBELLI,
The Famed Vocalist.
MADAME SOPHIA SCALCHI,
The World's Greatest Contralto.
HAROLD JARVIS,
The Popular Tenor.
MR. and MRS. DURWARD LELY,
The Famous Scottish Musicians.
BEN DAVIES,
The Popular English Tenor.
PLUNKET GREENE,
The Great English Basso Cantante.
DAVID BISPHAM,
The Great American Basso.
EDWARD FISHER,
Director Toronto Conservatory of Music.
F. H. TORRINGTON,
Director of the Toronto College of Music.

This is truly a wonderful record and one that has reached still greater heights of success during the present musical season—the New Concert Grand Piano, before which the most celebrated visiting artists have appeared, has been pronounced the most wonderfully constructed piano of the 20th century.

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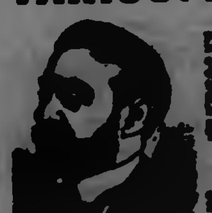
VARICOCELE AND STRICTURE



I guarantee my Latest Method Treatment to be a permanent and positive cure for Varicocele and Stricture, without cutting, stretching or loss of time. In Varicocele it absorbs the bagging, or wormy condition, [illegible] pains in the groins, [illegible] the organs their proper nutrition, [illegible] In Stricture it absorbs the stricture tissue, [illegible] weakness, [illegible] so positive am I that my Latest Method Treatment will cure you that you can

PAY WHEN CURED

You need pay nothing until you are convinced that a thorough and [illegible] It makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call or write me.

Each time you call you see me Personally,

or each time you write it receives my personal attention. The number of years I am established in Detroit, and the cures I [illegible] after given up by other doctors, has placed me as the foremost specialist of the country.

The Latest Method Treatment Guaranteed to Cure

Varicocele and Stricture without cutting, [illegible] or loss of time; also Blood Poison, [illegible] Private, Nervous, [illegible] Kidney, Bladder, Stomach, Female and Rectal Troubles. CONSULTATION FREE. [illegible] BOOK FREE. All medicines for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor. All duty and express charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, [illegible] DETROIT, MICH.

Financial

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Bank of Montreal

(Established 1817.)

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Capital (all paid up)	$12,000,000
Reserved Fund	7,000,000
Undivided Profits	876,582

General Manager, E. S. CLOUSTON.

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3½ Per cent interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal, repayable at any time.

4 Per cent paid on Debentures, issued for 5 or 6 years.

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FRY, 354 Park Place—Fall[illegible] Painting, Papering and [illegible] of all kinds and [illegible] at very moderate prices. Geo. A. FRY 354 Park place.

ALLEN'S PATENT FIRE PROOF COMPOsite roof—better than metal; will not crack as other cements. Daniel Allen, 16 Toronto street [illegible]

LOUIS MAJOR, Painter, Paper Hanger, Glazier, etc., 341 Rubridge St. Peterborough. Twenty-five years experience. All work first class. Drop me a card and let me quote prices for your work.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS & electricians, new 40 page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Sent free. GEO. A. ZELLER, Publisher, St. Louis.

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AGENTS—Do you want a good job, in which by working six or eight hours a day you [illegible] [illegible] & Co. [illegible] Broadway, New York.

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CHILDRENS AID SOCIETY, Peterborough [illegible]

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BRITISH WARSHIPS WANT OVERHAULING

Vickers Projectiles Pierced Twelve Inch Armour

Necessity Shows for Costly Reconstructive and Partial Rearmament of a Large Number of Battleships

London, May 30.—An outcome of the gunnery experiments which were witnessed at the Harrow by the Lords of the Admiralty, when "the Johnson cap," which is used in the American and other navies, but not in the British navy, was fitted to shells, was that the projectile from a six inch Vickers gun perforated a Krupp six inch armor, and with high velocity power it pierced a twelve inch armor.

In an editorial on these experiments, the Times this morning says it believes they show the necessity of very costly reconstruction and partial rearmament of a large number of battleships, which, although not very modern, yet are reckoned among the most effective of Great Britain's fighting ships. This is certainly an urgent necessity, says the paper, and the immediate adoption of the capped shot is indicated. The necessity of quick firing guns in the British navy larger than the six inch gun also is indicated.

"It is obviously of vital importance," says the Times, "that a naval war should never find our fleets as the South African war found our troops. With our guns outranged and outclassed, once more it is being made unpleasantly plain that there is no finality in naval programs. It behooves us not only to be wise, but to be wise in time."

the lightning portended another di-

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Canadian Pacific

East	Arrive	Depart
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa, Montreal	4.45 p.m.	11.38 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.12 a.m.	7.28 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	5.15 a.m.	12.23 a.m.
West		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.28 a.m.	5.15 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7.29 p.m.	7.12 a.m.
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	12.23 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, North West	11.28 a.m.	4.45 p.m.
Grand Trunk		
Lindsay, Midland, North Bay, Toronto	11.27 a.m.	2.30 a.m.
London, Detroit, Chicago	9.50 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
Port Hope, Rochester Cobourg, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Montreal, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Toronto and west	6.27 p.m.	11.40 a.m.
Port Hope, Cobourg Trenton, Napanee, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal	8.15 a.m.	9.10 p.m.
Hastings, Campbellford, Madoc	8.10 a.m.	8.30 a.m.
Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, Montreal	9.05 p.m.	2.00 p.m.
Lakefield local	8.25 a.m.	8.35 a.m.
Lakefield local	4.50 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
Lindsay local	7.30 a.m.	8.15 p.m.

FOR S[illegible]

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City Boot and Shoe Store

139 Hunter St., Peterborough

See Our Window Display

NONE BUT THE BEST GOODS KEPT.

Our new brand "Victoria," is selling like hot cakes.

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139 Hunter Street - - Peterborough

(Late of Ashburnham.

DAISY GORDON'S FOLLY

—OR—

The World Lost for Love's Sake

By Laura Jean Libbey

Author of The Crime of Hallow-Een, The Flirtations of a Beauty Willful Gaynell, Little Leafy, Only a Mechanic's Daughter

your husband, certainly."

Still she looked at Aleck in her piteous despair.

"Are you quite sure it is as he says, Aleck?— must I be torn from your arms — and— and— go with him?"

"I am sure of it, whether he is or not!" said Harold St. John, fiercely. "He will do well not to interfere between us."

In her great, intense excitement, Daisy did not notice how her father had fallen back, like one stricken dead, as the awful truth fell from the minister's lips, and how Hetty and Olive had flown to his side, bending over him, piteously begging him to open his eyes and speak to them —for the old squire had never swooned in all his vigorous life before.

Suddenly the dim church and the dark aisle— the faces of Aleck and Harold St. John seemed to whirl around her. It was heaven's mercy that unconsciousness robbed her of sense and feeling.

"Good- bye," Aleck murmured, letting his eyes linger for one moment on the face lying so still and white against the chancel rail— then while he had strength he tore himself away, and a moment later, despite the entreaties of both Olive and Hetty Gordon to keep Daisy with them for a little while longer— until she recovered from the awful shock this terrible affair had occasioned— Harold St. John raised her quickly in his arms, bearing her swiftly to a coach he had in waiting.

"You have just one hour to catch the express that leaves the cross-station below here," he said; "you will get ten dollars if you make it."

The driver touched his cap.

"Depend upon it, you shall get there in time," and away dashed the mettlesome horses with the speed of the wind.

Suddenly the coach came to a dead stop.

"Well, what is the matter now?" St. John cried out impatiently.

CHAPTER XLIV.

Conclusion.

Before the man could reply a voice like a bugle blast thundered out:

"Halt, in the name of the law!"

A volley of oaths broke from St. John's lips.

"Drive ahead!" he yelled to the coachman on the box; "a hundred dollars if you make that train."

"But I can't, sir," answered the man. "Don't you see a blue- coat holding on the the horses' head, and hear what he says?"

With a terrible imprecation St. John sprang from the vehicle, and with one leap was on the driver's box and had grasped the reins.

With one cut of the whip the horses had dashed forward, dragging the officer after them in their mad race until he was obliged to loosen his hold, but not until every bullet in the revolver he grasped with his disengaged hand was emptied, which only accelerated the speed of the maddened beasts.

The train was reached at last, but not an instant too soon, for St. John with his still unconscious wife, had barely taken their seats ere the train steamed out from the station.

Twenty minutes later a mounted officer dashed up to the railway telegraph office.

"I shall have you yet, my bird," he muttered grimly, throwing himself from the saddle and dashing into the telegraph office.

A moment later the following message was flashed over the wires:

"Arrest and hold at next station until I come on, Harold St. John, who is on train due there at 10.30." Then followed an accurate description of St John, with the added information: "A small, golden- haired lady would be found accompanying him —per force."

"Now then, my bird, I can follow you at my leisure," muttered the officer, calmly awaiting the next train

It is ten days since the event narrated in the beginning of this chapter

And on the morning of this day Daisy had opened her eyes to consciousness [illegible] last she closed them in that dim old church mid such a thrilling scene —opened them to find herself at home —yes —home, on her own white bed, with Hetty and Olive bending over her.

"Have I been asleep, and dreaming horrible dreams?" she murmured faintly.

"You have been very ill, dear — for the past ten days," sobbed Hetty "You were stricken down with brain fever —thank heaven you have passed the crisis in safety."

But at that moment a full consciousness of all that had transpired rushed over Daisy; she gave one piercing shriek:

"Oh, God! —I —I remember— all — they said I must go with — with his —what became of him? —Where is he?"

[illegible] he will never trouble you [illegible] answered Hetty gravely, proceeding to give her a [illegible] account of all that had transpired, as was related by the officer, who had come up to the church door just as St John, with Daisy in his arms, was leaving it: of the desperate chase, and how he had telegraphed ahead to the officers of the station above to arrest St. John on the arrival of the train.

But Providence had taken the matter out of the hands of man. The train never arrived at the station; instead, there was a terrible railroad accident —a broken rail caused the engine and [illegible] to fly the track, and they were precipitated forty feet into a ravine below.

It had been a horrible holocaust When they removed the wreck, Daisy by a miraculous fate, was found but slightly bruised about the head, but babbling in the ravages of brain fever.

Harold St. John was found beside her, dead —crushed and mangled beneath one of the wheels.

"Listen, darling," continued Hetty "the most startling part of the story which I have to tell you, is yet to come. You are not Harold St John's wife, nor have you ever been The villain's [illegible] was but

To be Continued.

THE DOMINION BANK

Proceedings of the Thirty-first Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders

The thirty-first annual general meeting of the Dominion Bank was held at the banking house of the institution, Toronto, on Wednesday, May 28th, 1902.

Among those present were noticed:— Col. Mason, Messrs. William Ince, Wm. Spry, E. B. Osler, M.P., W. D. Matthews, Wm. Ross, M.P., A. W. Austin, Thos. Walmsley, Timothy Eaton, Dr. J. F. Ross W. G. Cassels, David Smith, G. W. Lewis, A. R. Boswell, P. Leadley, Richard Brown, G. N. Reynolds, A. Foulds, V. H. E. Hutchinson, W. R. Brock, M.P., J. J. Foy, K.C., John T. Small, Anson Jones, F. Wright, David Kidd, Wm. Davies, H. L. Stark, H. Gordon MacKenzie, J. Gordon Jones, W. Crocker, A. K. Roy, Geo. W. Scott, George B. Sweetnam, J. F. Kavanagh, H. B. Hodgins, Ira Standish, A. E. Webb, John M. Bond, Chas. Cockshutt, John Stewart, H. M. Pellatt, T. G. Brough, and others.

It was moved by Mr. Wm. Ince, seconded by Mr. W. R. Brock, that Mr. E. B. Osler do take the chair, and that Mr. T. G. Brough do act as Secretary.

Messrs. A. R. Boswell and W. G. Cassels were appointed Scrutineers.

The Secretary read the report to the Directors to the Shareholders, and submitted the Annual Statement of the affairs of the Bank, which is as follows:

To the Shareholders:—

The Directors beg to present the following Statement of the result of the business of the Bank for the year ending 30th April, 1902:—

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th April, 1901		$ 100,432 10
Premium received on new capital stock		59,708 12
Profit for the year ending 30th April, 1902, after deducting charges of management, etc., and making provision for bad and doubtful debts		353,172 54
		$ 513,312 76
Dividend 2 1-2 per cent. paid 1st August, 1901	$ 61,460 10	
Dividend 2 1-2 per cent paid 1st November, 1901	61,900 00	
Dividend 2 1-2 per cent paid 1st February 1902	62,488 00	
Dividend 2 1-2 per cent payable 1st May, 1902	62,500 00	
	$248,288 70	
Transferred to Reserve Fund	59,708 12	
		$ 307,996 82
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward		$ 205,305 94

Reserve Fund

Balance at credit of account, 30th April, 1901	$2,440,291 88
Transferred from Profit and Loss Account	59,708 12
	$2,500,000 00

Branches of the Bank have been opened during the past year in Gravenhurst, Ont., Wingham, Ont., Stanstead, Que., and in Toronto at the corners of Bloor and Bathurst Streets and Queen and Terauley Streets.

Premises have been secured in London, Ont., and a Branch will be shortly opened there.

All Branches of the Bank have been inspected during the past twelve months.

E. B. OSLER,
President.

Toronto, 28th May, 1902.

Mr. E. B. Osler moved, seconded by Mr. W. D. Matthews, and

Resolved,—That the Report be adopted.

It was moved by Mr. John T. Small, seconded by Mr. Thomas Walmsley and

Resolved,—That the thanks of this meeting be given to the President, Vice-President, and Directors for their services during the past year.

It was moved by Mr. Wm. Ross M.P., seconded by Col. Mason, and

Resolved,—That the thanks of this meeting be given to the General Manager, Managers, Inspectors, and other Officers of the Bank, for the efficient performance of their respective duties.

It was moved by Mr. Anson Jones, seconded by Mr. B. Cumberland, and

Resolved,—That the poll be now opened for the election of seven Directors, and that the same be closed at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, or as soon before that hour as five minutes shall elapse without any vote being polled, and that the scrutineers, on the close of the poll, do hand to the chairman a certificate of the result of the poll.

The scrutineers declared the following gentlemen duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:—Messrs. A. W. Austin, W. R. Brock, M.P., T. Eaton, J. J. Foy, K.C., Wm. Ince, Wilmot D. Matthews, and E. B. Osler, M.P.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Mr. E. B. Osler, M.P., was elected President and Mr. W. D. Matthews, Vice-President, for the ensuing term.

GENERAL STATEMENT

LIABILITIES

Notes in circulation		$ 2,222,105 00
Deposits not bearing interest	$ 2,510,764 [illegible]	
Deposits bearing interest	18,351,795 [illegible]	
		20,862,559 [illegible]
Balance due to London Agents		390,383 13
Total liabilities to the public		23,484,[illegible] 61
Capital Stock paid up		2,500,000
Reserve Fund	$ 2,500,000 00	
Balance of profits carried forward	205,305 94	
Dividend No. 76, payable 1st May	62,500 00	
Former dividends unclaimed	141 25	
Reserved for interest and exchange	130,793 70	
Rebate on bills discounted	66,[illegible]	
		2,[illegible] 28
		$28,909,571 29

ASSETS.

Specie	$ 1,023,707 44	
Dominion Government Demand notes	1,462,226 00	
Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation	100,000 00	
Notes of and cheques on other banks	1,021,526 04	
Balances due from other banks in Canada	795,563 39	
Balances due from other banks elsewhere then in Canada and the United Kingdom	666,794 00	
Provincial Government securities	96,634 22	
Canadian Municipal securities, and British or Foreign or Colonial Public securities other than Canadian	712,735 [illegible]	
Railway and other bonds, debentures and stocks	2,610,913 16	
Loans on call secured by stocks and debentures	3,812,[illegible]	
		$12,377,784 [illegible]
Bills discounted and advances current	$17,104,052 00	
Overdue debts (estimated loss provided for)	18,901 46	
Real estate other than Bank premises	44,000 41	
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank	12,377 19	
Bank premises	425,123 40	
Other assets not included under foregoing heads	9,273 70	
		17,621,787 24
		$28,999,571 29

T. G. BROUGH,
General Manager.

Toronto, 30th April, 1902.

Dot it Down.

CANADA METAL CO.,

SOLDER & BABBIT

the best in the world. Manufactured by the

CANADA METAL CO'Y

William St., Toronto, Ont.

Calcutts' Line of Steamers

City of Peterborough - Water-Lily

TIME TABLE FOR JUNE, 1902
THE STEAMER
CITY OF PETERBOROUGH
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, to Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl-Wild.

TUESDAYS, to Jubilee, and Harwood.

On the above days the steamer will leave the Peterborough Wharf at 9.15 a. m., returning will arrive at Peterborough at 8.30 p. m.

THURSDAYS, to Hastings, leaving the Peterborough Wharf at 8.15 a. m., calling at Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl-Wyld, returning, will arrive at Peterborough at 9 p. m.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP, $1.00. CHILDREN 50c.

SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, will leave Peterborough at 2.15 p. m. for Jubilee, returning will arrive in Peterborough at 9 p. m.

Fares to Jubilee, Harwood and Idyl Wyld, 50c, good for return same day only. Children One-Half fare. Passengers wishing to remain over Sunday at Jubilee, Harwood or Idyl Wild, can on payment of 25c, return on Monday morning, arriving in Peterborough at 9.00 a.m.

Books of Family tickets, $5.00, for points between Peterborough and Idyl Wyld.

Special arrangements made for Sunday School and other excursion parties on application to

H. CALCUTT,
Peterboro, or phone 98

THE ONTARIO BANK

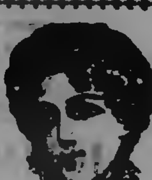
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
[illegible] D. McGILL, General Manager.

BALDNESS

Thin Hair, Discolored Hair, etc.



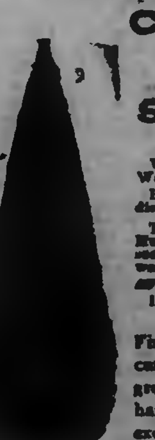
PROF. DORENWEND

COMING!

He will be at the ORIENTAL HOTEL, PETERBOROUGH, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 14th

UNTIL 4 P. M.



With HAIR GOODS, Ladies' and Gent's Wigs, Toupees, Bangs, Wavy and Plain Fronts, Switches of every description, etc.

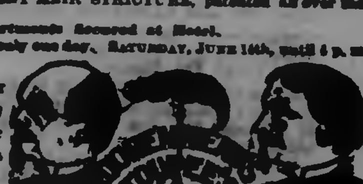
He can improve your personal appearance. Plain figures and disfigured heads caused through the loss of hair made perfect.

Thousands owe their fine looks to the skill of Prof. Dorenwend. Human hair ADORNS and PROTECTS the head. Don't fail to see his new PATENT HAIR STRUCTURE, patented all over the world.

Private Apartments Secured at Hotel.

Remember for only one day, SATURDAY, JUNE 14th, until 4 p. m

First-class hair cut, especially grey and white hair taken in exchange.



IS YOUR BLOOD PURE?

If oxygen is lacking in the blood it is surely impure. Powley's Liquified Ozone is truly a blood food

Increases the oxygen carrying properties of the blood, making the blood so rich and strong, that impurities are promptly and scientifically removed.

DOCTORS PRESCRIBE THIS PRODUCT. DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT. We know of no stronger proof to give you, that our preparation makes pure blood and keeps it so, unless we ask you to write to the following Canadian people who have been quickly and permanently relieved of impure blood through our preparation.

Jas Bushby, 447 East King [illegible], Toronto
J. W. Brown, 26 Alexander St., "
H. Laxer, 19 Vincent St, "
Miss Crow, 243 Van Horn St, "
J. J. Dodd, 66 Birch Ave. "
Vincent O'Neil, 108 Mutual Ave "
Herbert Cookman, Huntsville, Ont.
Rodger P[illegible], Downsville Ont
Dr. H. H. Austin, [illegible], Toronto

Write our doctors about your case. Give every detail and get advice absolutely free. Your letter is confidential. Address the Consulting Department, The Liquid Ozone Co., [illegible] Street, Chicago.

50c. and $1.00 at all Druggists.
THE OZONE CO., OF TORONTO, LIMITED,
Toronto and Chicago.

50 Doses for 25c

IF THEY CURE YOU.

50 Doses for Nothing

IF THEY DO NOT CURE YOU,

These are the terms upon which we will mail you a full size box of either

Dr. Dean's Nerve & Blood Builder

—OR—

Dr. Dean's Kidney Pills.

We know you never tried the equal of these wonderful remedies and that's why we can offer to send back your money if you buy them and are not perfectly satisfied.

Send 25c. in stamps and get a box by return mail.

STOTT & JURY,
Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

PORT HOPE BREWING

—AND—

MALTING CO., Ltd.

If you don't want a headache in the morning, drink only the pure Ales and Stout of the PORT HOPE BREWING CO. over night.

Try Them.

Morning Times

PETERBOROUGH, MAY 31 1902

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There by the Times.

NOTE—The Times requests its readers to contribute items of news to its columns. Anything that is phoned or sent in writing to the editor, of a nature suitable for publication, will be received and published.—Ed. Times.]

—The choir of St. John's church will practise this evening.

—Tuesday, July 8, will be circus day in Peterborough.

—A lady's shoulder cape lies at the police station waiting an owner. The chief has also a pocketbook unclaimed.

—Yesterday the issue of The Times reached the five thousand mark. Everybody reads The Times.

—Two females were charged at the police court yesterday with keeping a house of ill fame. The case was dismissed for want of evidence.

—We call attention of our readers to the new time card of the Trent Valley Navigation Co., which appears in another column.

Professional nurse, many years experience. Charges moderate. Apply at 67 Chamberlain Street, care Mr. George Wenn.

—Peterborough is noted for its hydraulic lift lock, the only one in America, also for its floating bridges, the biggest in the world, and its underground street railway.

—The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, who were thinking of locating in Peterborough, have not yet decided where to build other works. Would it not be wise for our Board of Trade to try and secure the industry for Peterborough?

—The very latest creations in ladies' stationery, sealing sets, [illegible] cards, engraved visiting cards, wedding invitations, society emblems, etc. Headquarters for "the best [illegible] goods, carbon papers, [illegible]

—The gold piece on which the [illegible] held at the Lakefield picnic [illegible] for at Young's Point on Wednesday evening, after devotions and [illegible] won by Miss J. Kenneally, of Keene. Total proceeds of the picnic amount[illegible]

—The following men will represent the Third Dragoons at the Coronation: Sergeant-Major Goldie; Sergeant-Major Powell, B [illegible]; Trumpeter-Sergt. Goldie, Sergt. Heaton, C Company, and Wm. Willoughby, A Company. The men are the pick of the regiment and will do credit thereto and to the contingent as representatives of the Canadian forces. They left on the midnight C.P.R. train for Levis, Quebec, last night. Sergt.-Major Brittain, the 57th's representative, also left last night.

—Hastings Star—Mr. Errett, of Peterborough, weight and measure inspector, was in Hastings last week, on a tour of inspection. On Tuesday morning he inspected the bushel measures of three milk dealers and found them wrong. The measure in each case being a common clothes boiler which holds nearer two bushels than one. This is the second time in less than three weeks that the measures of these persons have been tested and a trip before the magistrate will be in order.

—Commencing Monday next, June 2nd, the Str. Esturion will run double trips between Bobcaygeon, Sturgeon Point and this town. The steamer will leave Bobcaygeon at 6.15 a.m. and 2.10 p.m., Lindsay at 11 a.m. and 5.45 p.m. The Str. Manita on the same day will start on her route between Bobcaygeon and Chemong.

DOMINION BANK MEETING

Gratifying Financial Statement Submitted by Directors

We once again congratulate the General Manager and Directors of the Dominion Bank on the splendid condition of the bank, as shown by the financial statements submitted at the thirty-first annual general meeting of the shareholders on Wednesday last.

The profits of the year were $353,172, which, with the premium received on new stock, allowed dividends aggregating 10 per cent. to be paid during the year; $59,706 to be transferred to the reserve fund, and a balance of $205,265 carried forward to next year. The total of the reserve fund now amounts to $2,500,000. New branches have been opened at Gravenhurst, Wingham, Toronto and Stanstead, Quebec, and one will shortly be opened at London. The directors elected for the ensuing year were:—Messrs. A. W. Austin, W. R. Brock, M.P., T. Eaton, J. J. Foy, K.C., Wm. Ince, Wilmot D. Matthews, and E. B. Osler, M.P., and at a subsequent meeting of the directors, Mr. E. B. Osler, M.P., was elected President, and Mr. W. D. Matthews vice-president. The full report will be found in another column.

Commercial Printing

Everything in the shape of spring announcement cards, folders, and fancy circulars can be obtained at the Times job rooms. Also a complete line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., at the lowest prices. Workmanship unexcelled.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Electors of East Peterborough:

Gentlemen,—I desire to take the earliest opportunity to thank you for the grand majority your support has contributed in giving me in East Peterborough.

I have to thank those who actively assisted me upon the platform, in the committee rooms, or otherwise, and in fine to thank all of the electors who in any way helped my success. I assure you all that I am deeply gratified and it shall be my earnest and honest endeavour to merit to the fullest extent the flattering confidence that has been reposed in me. All the reward I can give is to serve East Peterborough—the villages as well as the rural sections—to the very best of my ability, and advance their interests every way in my power.

Again thanking you all, I remain gentlemen,

Yours Gratefully,
WM. ANDERSON,
Otonabee, May 30th 1902.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Electors of West Peterborough:

Gentlemen,— Permit me to most cordially thank you for the united support given me in the election contest of the 29th of May, which resulted in honouring me with the largest majority ever given a candidate in West Peterborough. When all has done so well I cannot particularize. I might, however, specially thank the working supporters who have in my frequent and necessary absence from the riding so faithfully and effectively promoted the interests of my candidature. I heartily appreciate their efforts. Indeed, every class of the electors, the working man, the business man, the farmer, and all classes, deserve, and have, my hearty thanks for the support they have given me.

You all know me. You all know my record, and I feel that your faith in my efforts to serve the riding, and to advance all its interests will not be strengthened by any promises I may make. I may, however, assure you that in the future, as in the past, I will do everything in my power to practically recognize that the interests of the town and county, and West Peterborough, have the first call upon my best efforts. Thanking you again in the most hearty way possible for your deeply appreciated support and confidence, I remain,

Very gratefully and faithfully yours
J. R. STRATTON,
Peterborough, May 30th, 1902.

WOMEN'S FOREIGN MISSIONS

Annual Meeting of St. Paul's Church W. F. M. S. Next Week

The annual meeting of the W.F.M.S. will be held in St. Paul's Church, on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 3rd and 4th. A very interesting programme will be presented at each of the different sessions.

Miss White, foreign missionary, of Indore, Central India, will be present and give several addresses dealing with matters of importance in connection with work in India. All who are interested in missions should hear Miss White as her addresses are very interesting and helpful.

The ladies of St. Paul's will serve tea in the school room from 6 to 7 p.m., on [illegible] lecture room, a [illegible] been provided for the convenience of the many delegates who are expected to be present.

TALKS OUT

Doctor Talks About Food

It is often the case that doctors themselves drift into bad habits of food and drink although they know better, but doctors are human you know like the rest of us, but when they get into trouble they generally know better how to get out of it, and the "food route" is a common one among them.

Dr. H. Barber of Laurel, Ind. concluded that coffee and badly selected food were the cause of his stomach trouble and his loss of weight from 184 pounds to 160 pounds with nerves impaired and general nervous breakdown.

He did not give coffee up at once but began the use of Grape-Nuts and says, "Within a month I could see a wonderful change had taken place due to the use of the new food. I decided to give up coffee and use Postum in its place. So regularly for a time I have been on a breakfast made up of Grape-Nuts, a little graham bread, and Postum Food Coffee. My weight has increased to 174 pounds, my stomach trouble has entirely gone and my mind is clear and vigorous as ever. Wishing you every success, I beg to assure you of my warm appreciation of Grape-Nuts and Postum."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Letters from the People on Interesting and Timely Topics.

—Mr. Wm. Cumming, Montreal, was in town yesterday on business.

—Mrs Brandon, Fenelon Falls, is on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Robertson.

Ladies Look Younger

Which is the desire of one and all. Take the trouble of visiting Prof. Dorenwend's private show rooms at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, June 14, until 4 p.m., and see the many beautiful inventions in styles of human hair coverings, wigs, bangs, switches, etc., and inspect his new patent structure.

BOARD OF TRADE

Continued from page 1

will never submit to a tax on her food supplies. What Canada must do is to devote all her energies toward building up her industries.

Mr. Dumble submitted that the people should be protected from excessive freight tolls on the part of Railway Companies, and favored the appointment of a Railway commission to regulate freight rates, the excessiveness of which in a great measure is due to an unwarrantable watering of railway stocks.

DEFENCE

The subject of Defence was coupled with the names of Mr. E. B. Edwards and Mr. J. W. Garvin.

Mr. Edwards thought that this question must sooner or later arise. Canada is seeking a place with other nations, and may very well say the time is coming, or has come, when she will take her part in the defence of the Empire, which has hitherto been wholly assumed by the Mother Land.

He argued that any statesman taking part in the great Imperial Conference, should be prepared to say that Canada is willing to assume a fair share in the Empire's defence.

Mr. Edwards moved, seconded by Mr. Garvin, that it is resolved that Canada having attained such a growth and standing and to warrant her in aspiring to hold a position as a nation amongst the nations of the earth, and being determined to maintain the position which she already holds as the premier colony of the British Empire, it is incumbent on the Government and the people to assume a fair share of the burden of defence, which her position calls for, regard being had to her resources as well in money as in men.

Mr. O'Connell took exception to this resolution because it did not implicitly specify that Canada should assume a position of defence only. He claimed that its wording implied an assumption of a share of the whole Empire's defence in general.

Mr. Garvin took the ground that in defending herself, Canada must necessarily be taking a part in the defence of the Empire of which she is so important a member.

Mr. Edwards remarked that the day may come when Canada will assume even a portion of the maintenance of that navy which protects her shores.

Mr. Poussette agreed with Mr. Edwards in this respect and argued that it might be fair for Canada to assist in maintaining that fleet which is today stationed in the North Atlantic waters in her defence.

Mr. Meldrum, for his part, was quite willing to pay his share for the defence of Canada, but he was not prepared to contribute to the defence of any other portion of the Empire.

The resolution was here voted on and resulted in a tie.

In addition to the above resolutions adopted the Board favored a reduction in postal rates on newspapers and magazines and the appointment of a Railway Commission to regulate freight rates in protection of producers.

Messrs. D. W. Dumble and W. H. Meldrum are the delegates who will attend the conference in Toronto.

A Splendid Investment

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column of Mr. Claude Ashbrooke, Cincinatti, O., broker and dealer in stocks and bonds. Here is a safe and profitable investment, and one that is deserving of the attention of Canadian investors.

Gentlemen Who are Bald

Or have thin hair, should call on Prof. Dorenwend, at the Oriental hotel, on Saturday, June 14th, until 4 p.m., and see his wonderful devices in toupees, and wigs worn on over 25,000 heads. Explanation and demonstration free. Private apartments at Hotel. Don't fail to see his new invention, patented all over the world.

General - Sports.

CRICKET.

Peterborough Colts cricket team will play the Grove team, Lakefield, this afternoon. The bus will leave the post office at one o'clock.

BASEBALL.

The Cobourg baseball team will play the local nine this afternoon. The match begins at 3.30 on the Nicholls oval. There should be a large attendance.

The [illegible] Murray St. school, played the junior team of the South Ward school, last evening, defeating them by a score of 18—12.

BOWLING.

Bowling has been quiet this season so far, on account of the election, no doubt. The sport should take a good start next week.

LACROSSE.

The lacrosse match last night between the Y.M.C.A and the Athletics resulted in a draw. The game was fast from start to finish, both teams playing good lacrosse, but roughness at times was noticeable. A large crowd witnessed the game. Mr. Begley acted as referee and H. Ayers field captain for the Y.M.C.A. and J. Picard for the Athletics.

—A stone crusher has been put to work at the lower lock, where the new dam is being built.

The Home of Peruna

The Hartman Sanitarium,
Columbus, Ohio.

As is well known, Dr. Hartman is the president of the Hartman Sanitarium, an institution which has a department devoted exclusively to the treatment of female diseases. He is thus brought to see thousands of such cases every year, the most of whom return to their homes to be treated by correspondence. The principal remedy he relies upon in such cases is Peruna, which every woman should have, who has any affection of this kind.

THE GREATEST OF AMERICA'S SANITARIUMS.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some kind of female disease, and yet unable to find any cure, Dr. Hartman, the renowned gynaecologist, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as may make application to him during the summer months without charge.

The treatment will be conducted by correspondence. The doctor will prescribe all medicines, applications, hygienic and dietary regulations necessary to complete a cure. The medicines prescribed can be obtained at all drug stores. This offer will prevail during the summer months. Any woman can become a regular patient by sending a written statement of her age, condition of life, history and symptoms of her derangements.

All cases of female diseases, including menstrual irregularities, displacements, ulcerations, inflammations, discharges, irritation of the ovaries, tumors and dropsy of the abdomen, should apply at once and become registered as regular patients. All correspondence will be held strictly confidential. No testimonials of cures will be given to the public except by the express wish of the patient.

No one knows better than Dr. Hartman how much the women suffer with diseases peculiar to their sex. No one knows better than he does how many of them suffer with such diseases. Patiently, hopefully, wearily, and often silently, they eke out a miserable existence year after year.

A woman confined to the house several years with a chronic female derangement had finally given up all hope of being cured. She had tried physician after physician, and remedy after remedy, without any permanent improvement. Her treatment had cost her husband, who was a poor man, hundreds of dollars. They had been obliged to deny themselves many comforts of life in order to get money enough to pay the physicians.

DISEASES PECULIAR TO THE FEMALE SEX.

Picking up the paper one day she happened to read an item which contained the news that Dr. Hartman would treat such cases free of charge by letter. She immediately wrote the doctor, describing her case, and giving him all her symptoms. She soon received a letter telling her exactly what to do and what medicines and appliances to get. She began the treatment (the principal remedy being Peruna) at once, and in a few weeks was well and strong again and able to do her own work.

Another woman who used Peruna without becoming one of Dr. Hartman's regular patients had the following experience. Miss Ida Green writes from Baldwinville, Ga.:

ONE OF THE 200,000 WOMEN HELPED LAST YEAR.

"Peruna is wonderful and good, and a certain cure for female weakness. I have been ill and have been taking doctor's medicine for several years, and found that none did me any good.

"Every day it was a worry. I was always sick. I had come to the conclusion to give up, and not use any more medicine. I was sick indeed for the past two years. Just before I began to take Peruna I was very weak, besides I was bilious and constipated.

"I had pains in my back and side and falling of the womb, with bearing down pains.

"One day while reading my newspaper, I came across an ad., read of the book for women entitled, "Health and Beauty," and sent for it. Then I began to use Peruna. After using several bottles I am now thoroughly cured."—MISS IDA GREEN.

Mrs. Theresa Keller, of Fremont, Wash., writes:

"Peruna not only cured me of female trouble but prevents me catching any cold, and as long as I have a bottle in the house my family needs no doctor."—Mrs. Theresa Keller.

Send for free book entitled, "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

THEY ARE PRETTY.

For the month of May we will offer suits and trousers at a discount of

20%

We need cash and will sacrifice our goods for one month. We have the latest patterns in Tweeds and Worsteds to choose from.

Working Shirts at 40c
Suspenders 15c
Overalls, with bib, at 40c
Smocks, at 50c

Ready-to-wear suits and trousers at a bargain. Call early and get first chance

F. M. COBB
Ladies and Gent's Tailor

COURT OF REVISION.

Assessment roll of the TOWNSHIP OF SMITH, for the year 1902, will be held at the TOWN HALL, BRIDGENORTH, on

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1902.

at 10 o'clock a. m.

F. J. BELL, Clerk

Electric Lamps

25c each

Peterboro Light & Power Co
LIMITED

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WILL RUN

Home-Seekers' 60 DAY Excursions

TO THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST AT RETURN FARES.

Winnipeg Waskada Estevan Elgin Arcola Moosomin Wawanesa Binscarth Miniota Grand View Swan River	$28	Regina Moosejaw Yorkton	$30
		Pt. Albert Macleod Calgary	$35
		Red Deer Strathcona	$40

Going JUNE 3rd, returning until AUGUST 4th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JUNE 24th, returning until AUGUST 25th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Going JULY 15th, returning until SEPTEMBER 16th (all rail or S. S. Alberta). Tickets are not good on "Imperial Limited" For tickets and pamphlet giving full particulars, apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
1 King St. East, Toronto

Peterborough Radial Railway

Ties and Poles

Wanted Standard R. R. Ties and 30 ft. Cedar Trolley Poles. Write give description and prices, F. O. B. Cars Peterborough.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Box 333
Peterborough, Ont.

DECORATIONS

Now is the time to place your orders for Flags and Decorations. We keep all kinds and sizes of Flags in stock for sale or rent. Also Floor Linens to rent or laid to order.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

Tent, Awning, Flag and Waterproof Goods Manufacturers.

[illegible] George street, Peterborough
Telephone [illegible]

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

60 DAY EXCURSIONS

—TO THE—

CANADIAN NORTHWEST

AT FOLLOWING RETURN FARES:

Winnipeg, Man Arcola, Assa Binscarth, Man Elgin, Man Estevan, Assa Grand View, Man Miniota, Man Moosomin, Assa Swan River, Man Wakada, Man Wawanesa, Man	$28	Moose Jaw, Assa Regina, " Yorkton "	$30
		Pr. Albert, Sask. McLeod, Alta. Calgary, "	$35
		Red Deer, Alta. Strathcona, Alta.	$40

Good going June 3rd, June 24th and July 15th. Returning within 60 days from date of issue.

WHERE TO SPEND THE SUMMER

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Kawartha Lakes, Georgian Bay and the Highlands of Ontario.

The Royal Muskoka Hotel opens June 15th, 1902 Tickets, descriptive folders and all information from

W. BUNTON, City Pass. Agent

A GOOD GUIDE | GOOD COUNTRY

"FOREST STREAM AND SEASHORE,"

Issued by the

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Describing the route of the

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday, for

QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—the Garden of the Gulf—HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS

WM ROBINSON,
King St. West
TORONTO ONT

Dwelling for Sale.

No. 173 Water-St., at present under rental. Two storeys, 21x24, addition 2 stories, 18x17, kitchen 11x20 1-2 stables, sheds and outbuildings. Heated by furnace. Electric light, bath, closet, etc. Possession given as arranged. Apply to W. H. HILL, 169 Hunter Street,